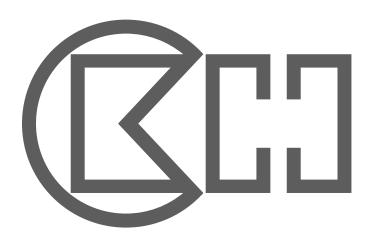


(Incorporated in the Cayman Islands with limited liability) (Stock code: 0001) $\,$



2015 Interim Report

Corporate Information

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

Chairman

LI Ka-shing, GBM, KBE, LLD (Hon), DSSc (Hon)
Commandeur de la Légion d'Honneur
Grand Officer of the Order Vasco Nunez de Balboa
Commandeur de l'Ordre de Léopold

Group Co-Managing Director and Deputy Chairman

LI Tzar Kuoi, Victor, BSc, MSc, LLD (Hon)

Group Co-Managing Director

FOK Kin Ning, Canning, BA, DFM, CA (Aus)

CHOW WOO Mo Fong, Susan, BSC *Group Deputy Managing Director*

Frank John SIXT, MA, LLL

Group Finance Director and Deputy Managing Director

IP Tak Chuen, Edmond, BA, MSc

Deputy Managing Director

KAM Hing Lam, BSc, MBA

Deputy Managing Director

LAI Kai Ming, Dominic, BSc, MBA

Deputy Managing Director

NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

CHOW Kun Chee, Roland, LLM

LEE Yeh Kwong, Charles, GBM, GBS, OBE, JP

LEUNG Siu Hon, BA (Law) (Hons), Hon LL.D.

George Colin MAGNUS, OBE, BBS, MA

INDEPENDENT NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

KWOK Tun-li, Stanley, BSc (Arch), AA Dipl, LLD (Hon), ARIBA, MRAIC

CHENG Hoi Chuen, Vincent, GBS, OBE, JP

The Hon Sir Michael David KADOORIE, GBS, LLD (Hon), DSc (Hon)

Commandeur de la Légion d'Honneur Commandeur de l'Ordre de Leopold II Commandeur de l'Ordre des Arts et des Lettres

LEE Wai Mun, Rose, JP, BBA

William Elkin MOCATTA. FCA

Alternate to Michael David Kadoorie

William SHURNIAK, SOM, LLD (Hon)

WONG Chung Hin, CBE, JP

WONG Yick-ming, Rosanna, PhD, DBE, JP

AUDIT COMMITTEE

WONG Chung Hin (Chairman)

KWOK Tun-li, Stanley

CHENG Hoi Chuen, Vincent

William SHURNIAK

REMUNERATION COMMITTEE

WONG Yick-ming, Rosanna (Chairman)

LI Ka-shing

CHENG Hoi Chuen, Vincent

WONG Chung Hin

COMPANY SECRETARY

Edith SHIH, BSE, MA, MA, EdM, Solicitor, FCIS, FCS(PE)

AUDITOR

PricewaterhouseCoopers

BANKERS

The Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation Limited

Bank of China (Hong Kong) Limited

Standard Chartered Bank (Hong Kong) Limited

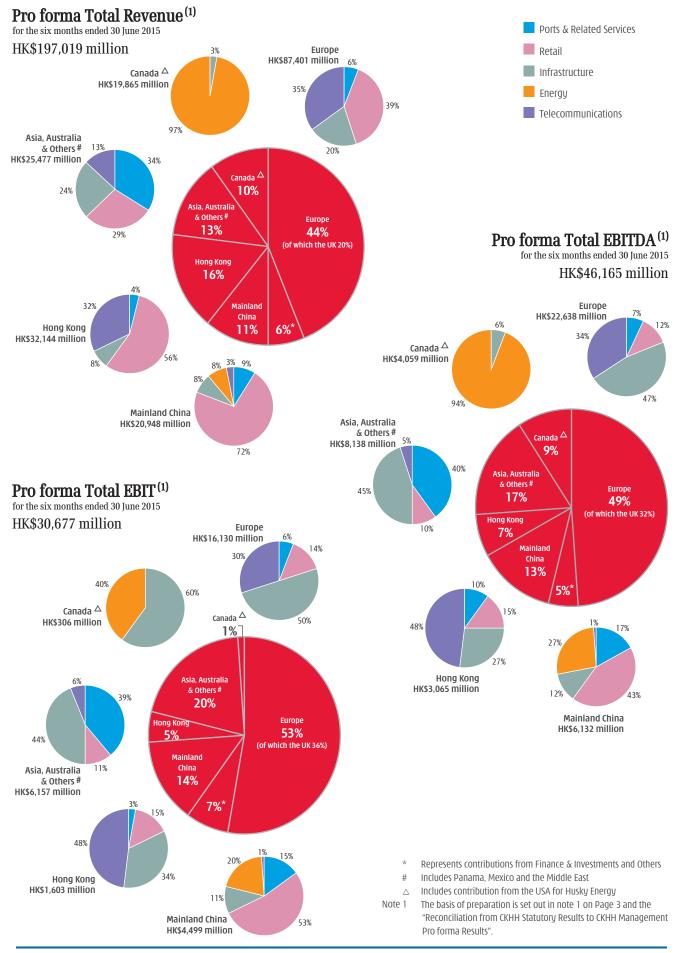
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Analyses of Core Business Segments by Geographical Location - Pro forma basis

(before profits on disposal of investments & others)



Financial Performance Summary

		Unaudited CKHH Management Pro forma Results (1) for the six months ended 30 June 2015 HK\$ millions	Unaudited HWL Results ⁽²⁾ for the six months ended 30 June 2014 HK\$ millions	Change %
Total Revenue (3)				
Ports and related	services (3)	17,190	17,270	-
Retail Infrastructure		74,926 22,232	77,398 22,264	-3%
Husky Energy		17,829	28,660	-38%
3 Group Europe Hutchison Teleco	mmunications Hong Kong Holdings	30,573 11,020	31,063 6,227	-2% 77%
Hutchison Asia Te	elecommunications	3,179	3,506	-9%
Finance & Investi Total Comparabl	ments and Others	9,805 186.754	10,283 196,671	-5% -5%
Additional Contribu		10,265	170,071	NA
Total Revenue		197,019	196,671	=
EBITDA (3)				
Ports and related	services (3)	6,048	5,607	8%
Retail Infrastructure		6,683 12,366	6,611 11,819	1% 5%
Husky Energy		4,644	8,145	-43%
3 Group Europe	mmunications Hong Kong Holdings	7,778 1,506	6,504 1,230	20% 22%
Hutchison Asia Te	elecommunications	411	502	-18%
	ments and Others	1,688	2,169	-22%
Total Comparabl Additional Contribu		41,124 5,041	42,587	-3% NA
	ore profits on disposal of investments & others	46,165	42,587	8%
EBIT (3)	ore promise on disposal or intestinents a contra		12/307	0,0
Ports and related	services (3)	4,081	3,531	16%
Retail		5,453	5,336	2%
Infrastructure Husky Energy		9,470 865	8,945 4,329	6% -80%
3 Group Europe		4,924	2,282	116%
	mmunications Hong Kong Holdings elecommunications	797 411	538 (76)	48% 641%
	nents and Others	1,576	1,930	-18%
	e EBIT before profits on disposal of investments & others	27,577	26,815	3%
Additional Contribu		3,100		NA
	profits on disposal of investments & others	30,677	26,815	14%
·	and other finance costs (3)	(6,295)	(7,142)	12%
Profit Before Tax Tax ⁽³⁾		24,382	19,673	24%
Current tax		(2,840)	(3,793)	25%
Deferred tax		(1,487) (4,327)	(1,474) (5,267)	-1% 18%
Profit after tax		20,055	14,406	39%
Non-controlling int	erests and perpetual capital securities holders' interests	(5,117)	(4,186)	-22%
	le to ordinary shareholders before profits on disposal of others ("Recurring NPAT")	14,938	10,220	46%
- Comparable re		13,560	10,220	33%
- Additional Con	tributions	1,378	-	NA
	of investments & others, after tax ⁽⁶⁾	(482)	14,921	-103%
Profit attributabl - Comparable re	le to ordinary shareholders ("NPAT")	14,456 13,078	25,141 25,141	-43% -48%
- Additional Con		1,378	=	NA
Reconciliation to	reported HWL results for the six months ended 30 June 2014			
Revenue	Total Comparable results		196,671	
	Discontinued businesses results (5)		7,814	
	Total HWL results for the six months ended 30 June 2014 as reported		204,485	
BITDA	Total Comparable results Discontinued businesses results (5)		42,587 4,225	
	Total HWL results for the six months ended 30 June 2014 as reported		46,812	
BIT	Total Comparable results		26,815	
	Discontinued businesses results (5)		4,055	
	Total HWL results for the six months ended 30 June 2014 as reported		30,870	
Recurring NPAT	Total Comparable results		10,220	
	Discontinued businesses results (5) Total Utility results for the city months and of 20 lune 2014 as reported.		3,302	
	Total HWL results for the six months ended 30 June 2014 as reported		13,522	
	Total Comparable results		25,141	
NPAT	Discontinued businesses results (5)		3,302	

Note 1: Unaudited CKHH management pro forma results for the six months ended 30 June 2015 presented above assume that the Reorganisation was effective as at 1 January 2015. This presentation is consistent with the way the Group manages its businesses and enables the Group's underlying performance to be evaluated on a comparable basis, and has been prepared in accordance with the accounting policies of the Group as set out in note 3 of the statutory interim financial statements. See Reconciliation from CKHH Statutory Results to CKHH Management Pro forma Results for the six months ended 30 June 2015 for details.

Note 2: Unaudited HWL results for the six months ended 30 June 2014 as reported in the Financial Performance Summary presented in HWL's 2014 Interim Report, excluding discontinued property and hotels businesses.

Note 4: To enable a better comparison of underlying performance, comparable revenue, EBITDA and EBIT exclude discontinued businesses and Additional Contributions. Additional Contributions include six months of the results as shown in table below, assuming the Reorganisation was effective as at 1 January 2015 (see (1) above). See note 1 to the statutory interim financial statements for the details of the Reorganisation.

	Revenue	EBITDA	EBIT	Recurring NPAT
Ports and related services	118	56	30	18
Infrastructure	5,458	3,679	2,517	1,347
Energy	3,272	852	159	111
Telecommunications	38	9	(12)	(11)
Finance & Investments and Others	1,379	445	406	(87)
Total Additional Contributions	10,265	5,041	3,100	1,378

Note 5: Discontinued businesses are businesses carried on by HWL in the first half of 2014 that are not carried on by CKHH following the Reorganisation, including property and related businesses of HWL

Note 3: Total revenue, earning before interest expenses and other finance costs, tax, depreciation and amortisation ("EBITDA") and earning before interest expenses and other finance costs and tax ("EBIT"), interest expenses and other finance costs and tax include the Group's proportionate share of associated companies and joint ventures' respective items. Total revenue, EBITDA and EBIT were adjusted to exclude non-controlling interests' share of results of HPH Trust.

Note 6: Profits on disposal of investments & others, after tax for the six months ended 30 June 2015 comprise the Group's Hutchison Telecommunications (Australia) ("HTAL")'s 50% share of Vodafone Hutchison Australia ("VHA")'s operating losses of HK\$482 million. The comparative HWL first half of 2014 of HK\$14,921 million comprises HWL's share of the gain arising from separate listing of the Hong Kong electricity business of HK\$16,066 million, parity offset by HTAL's losses for the first half of 2014 of HK\$493 million and certain provisions made for other businesses.

Consolidated Operating Results

Highlights of the Unaudited Results for the six months ended 30 June 2015

CKHH six months statutory results (1)	For the six months		
•	ended 30 June 2015 HK\$ millions		
Total Revenue	117,250		
Profit attributable to ordinary shareholders from continuing business	21,477		
Profit attributable to ordinary shareholders from discontinued business	80,381		
Profit attributable to ordinary shareholders	101,858		
Earnings per share – statutory ⁽²⁾	HK\$39.87		
CKHH six months management pro forma results ⁽³⁾ (compared to HWL results for businesses continued by CKHH)	CKHH Results for the six months ended 30 June 2015 HK\$ millions	HWL Results for the six months ended 30 June 2014 HK\$ millions	Change
Total Revenue (4)	197,019	196,671	
Total EBITDA (4)	46,165	42,587	+8%
Total EBIT (4)	30,677	26,815	+14%
Profit attributable to ordinary shareholders before profits on disposal of investments & others (5) Profits on disposal of investments & others	14,938 (482)	10,220 14,921	+46% -103%
		<u> </u>	
Total profit attributable to ordinary shareholders ⁽⁶⁾ Recurring earnings per share – pro forma ⁽⁷⁾	14,456 HK\$3.87	25,141	-43%
	For the six months ended 30 June 2015		
Interim dividend per share	HK\$0.70		

- Note 1: Statutory results of CK Hutchison Holdings Limited ("CKHH" or the "Group") for the six months ended 30 June 2015 include the one-time effects of the Reorganisation that occurred on 3 June 2015. Total revenue and results include share of associated companies and joint ventures' respective items. See page 51 for details of the unaudited statutory interim financial statements for the six months ended 30 June 2015 with comparative information and notes 9 and 11 for details of the discontinued operations.
- Note 2: Earnings per share for the statutory results is calculated based on the profit attributable to ordinary shareholders of HK\$101,858 million and on the CKHH weighted average number of shares outstanding during the six months ended 30 June 2015 of 2,554,940,009.
- Note 3: CKHH management pro forma results for the six months ended 30 June 2015 presented assume that the Reorganisation was effective as at 1 January 2015. This presentation is consistent with the way the Group manages its businesses and enables the Group's underlying performance to be evaluated on a comparable basis, and has been prepared in accordance with the accounting policies of the Group as set out in note 3 of the statutory interim financial statements. See Reconciliation from CKHH Statutory Results to CKHH Management Pro forma Results for the six months ended 30 June 2015 for details. 2014 comparatives represent Hutchison Whampoa Limited ("HWL") results for the six months ended 30 June 2014 as reported in the Financial Performance Summary presented in HWL's 2014 Interim Report, excluding discontinued property and hotels businesses.
- Note 4: Total revenue, earnings before interest expenses and other finance costs, tax, depreciation and amortisation ("EBITDA") and earnings before interest expenses and other finance costs and tax ("EBIT") include the Group's proportionate share of associated companies and joint ventures' respective items.
- Note 5: Contribution in first half 2014 from property and hotels businesses carried on by HWL and that have been discontinued following the Reorganisation was HK\$3,302 million. Contribution in first half 2015 from new or additional interests in businesses acquired as a result of the Reorganisation was HK\$1,378 million.

Note 6: Total profit attributable to ordinary shareholders for the six months ended

30 June 2014 reconciles to HWL's 2014 Interim Report as follows:

- businesses continued by CKHH

- discontinued property and hotels businesses

- as reported in HWL 2014 Interim Report

28,443

Note 7: On a six months pro forma basis, recurring earnings per share is calculated based on profit attributable to ordinary shareholders before exceptional items, excluding discontinued property and hotels businesses and on CKHH's issued shares outstanding as at 30 June 2015 of 3,859,678,500.

Chairman's Statement

Summary of CK Hutchison Holdings Limited ("CKHH" or the "Group") Statutory Results¹

- The statutory results reported for the six months ended 30 June 2015
 cannot be compared to any prior period as they reflect the one-time
 accounting effects of the several transactions that implemented the
 reorganisation of Cheung Kong (Holdings) Limited and Hutchison
 Whampoa Limited ("HWL") that merged their assets and businesses
 into CKHH and simultaneously reallocated them between the Group
 and Cheung Kong Property Holdings Limited on 3 June 2015 (the
 "Reorganisation").
- Profit attributable to ordinary shareholders from continuing businesses of HK\$21,477 million under statutory basis represents the following:
 - Full six months' contribution from the Group's continuing businesses, including results of the six co-owned infrastructure businesses based on the shareholding interest prior to the Reorganisation, aircraft leasing business and the Group's other nonproperty assets and liabilities;
 - 49.97% share of consolidated results of HWL's businesses continued by the Group for the five months prior to the Reorganisation and one month of full consolidated results of HWL's businesses continued by the Group; and
 - Net re-measurement gain of HK\$14,260 million from remeasuring the Group's previously held equity interests in HWL and certain interests in co-owned assets which continue to be retained within the Group.
- Profit attributable to ordinary shareholders from discontinued businesses of HK\$80,381 million under statutory basis represents the following:
 - Five months results of the Group's discontinued property and hotels businesses conducted prior to the Reorganisation;
 - 49.97% share of HWL's discontinued property and hotels businesses results for the five months prior to the Reorganisation; and
 - Profits on disposal of investments and others totalling HK\$72,859 million which comprises the gain on distribution in specie arising from the spin-off of Cheung Kong Property Holdings Limited and the net gain arising from re-measurement of the Group's previously held interest in property joint ventures with HWL upon Reorganisation.

Summary of CKHH Six Months Management Pro Forma Results

- In order to allow a comparison of the operating performance of the Group for the six months ended 30 June 2015, management pro forma financial results have been prepared as if the Reorganisation was effective on 1 January 2015 (the "Pro Forma Results").
- The Pro Forma Results for the half include contributions from comparable interests in businesses carried on by HWL in 2014 ("Comparable Contributions") and contributions from additional interests in such businesses and interests in new businesses acquired as a result of the Reorganisation ("Additional Contributions").
- Comparable Contributions for the period ended 30 June 2014 are as reported in the Financial Performance Summary presented in HWL's 2014 Interim Report.
- The Pro Forma Results are analysed as follows:

Six ı	nonths ended 30 June 2015 HK\$ millions	Six months ended 30 June 2014 HK\$ millions	Change
Total Revenue			
Comparable revenue	186,754	196,671	-5%
Additional Contributions	10,265		NA
	197,019	196,671	_
EBITDA			
Comparable EBITDA	41,124	42,587	-3%
Additional Contributions	5,041	_	NA
	46,165	42,587	+8%
EBIT			
Comparable EBIT	27,577	26,815	+3%
Additional Contributions	3,100		NA
	30,677	26,815	+14%
Profit attributable to ordinary shareholders before profits on disposal of investments & others			
Comparable profits	13,560	10,220	+33%
Additional Contributions	1,378		NA
	14,938	10,220	+46%

- Declines in Comparable Contributions mainly reflect the reduced contribution of Husky Energy and adverse foreign currency translation effects, mainly European currencies, and have been more than offset by the Additional Contributions, lower depreciation and amortisation and lower effective interest rates.
- Pro forma recurring earnings per share was HK\$3.87.

Note 1: Statutory results for the six months ended 30 June 2015 include the one-time effects of the Reorganisation that occurred on 3 June 2015. Total revenue and results include share of associated companies and joint ventures' respective items. See page 51 for details of the unaudited statutory interim financial statements for the six months ended 30 June 2015 with comparative information and notes 9 and 11 for details of the discontinued operations.

CKHH Six Months Management Pro Forma Results

As a result of the Reorganisation, the Group now holds assets under five core businesses: Ports, Retail, Infrastructure, Energy and Telecommunications in over 50 countries.

Recurring profit attributable to ordinary shareholders for the first half 2015 excluding property and hotels businesses carried on by HWL in the first half of 2014 and, before profits on disposal of investments and others, was HK\$14,938 million, a 46% increase compared to HK\$10,220 million for the first half 2014 results of the HWL's businesses. This increase is comprised of a 33% increase in Comparable Contributions from HK\$10,220 million in 2014 to HK\$13,560 in 2015 plus Additional Contributions of HK\$1,378 million in 2015. It also reflects lower depreciation and amortisation as a result of a lower telecommunication asset base and also lower effective interest rates. Except for Husky Energy, which has been adversely affected by weak oil prices since the last quarter in 2014, performances of all core businesses remain robust and delivered solid underlying earnings growth in local currencies. However, due to the depreciation of several major currencies against Hong Kong dollars, the Group's reported results in Hong Kong dollars were also adversely impacted by currency translation.

Pro forma recurring earnings per share was HK\$3.87 in the first half of 2015.

Profits on disposal of investments and others, after tax in the first half of 2015 was a charge of HK\$482 million representing the Group's Hutchison Telecommunications (Australia) ("HTAL")'s 50% share of Vodafone Hutchison Australia ("VHA")'s operating losses. This is compared to the HK\$14,921 million reported by HWL in the first half of 2014, which comprised of HWL's share of the gain arising from separate listing of the Hong Kong electricity business of HK\$16,066 million, partly offset by HTAL's losses for the first half of 2014 of HK\$493 million and certain provisions made for other businesses.

The reduction in total profit attributable to ordinary shareholders for the first half 2015 to HK\$14,456 million from HK\$25,141 million for the first half 2014 is principally due to the gain realised by HWL in 2014 on the separate listing of the Hong Kong electricity business.

Interim Dividend

The Board declares the payment of an interim dividend of HK\$0.70 per share, payable on 6 October 2015 to those persons registered as shareholders of the Company on 23 September 2015, being the record date for determining shareholders' entitlement to the interim dividend.

Ports and Related Services

The ports and related services division's throughput grew 5% to 41.5 million twenty-foot equivalent units ("TEU") in the first six months of 2015. Total revenue, before Additional Contributions, of HK\$17,190 million was marginally lower than the HK\$17,270 million reported for the same period last year principally due to the adverse foreign currency translation to Hong Kong dollars offsetting the throughput-driven growth in all segments. Revenue growth in local currencies was a 7% increase compared to same period last year. EBITDA and EBIT increased 8% and 16% to HK\$6,048 million and HK\$4,081 million respectively, reflecting better throughput mix with higher margin and lower power and fuel costs in the period, as well as the continued focus on better cost control through improvements in productivity and efficiency.

The division had 282 operating berths as at 30 June 2015. With global trade conditions remaining uncertain, this division will continue to focus on cost efficiency and margin growth and is expected to maintain a steady performance in the second half of the year.

Additional Contributions

Post-Reorganisation, the Group's interest in HPH Trust as compared to HWL's interest increased slightly from 27.62% to 30.07%, resulting in Additional Contributions increasing total revenue to HK\$17,308 million, in line with total revenue reported by HWL in the first half of 2014, EBITDA to HK\$6,104 million and EBIT to HK\$4,111 million, respectively 9% and 16% higher than HWL's reported first half 2014 results.

Retail

The retail division's organic growth continued unabated in the first half of 2015, with 345 net additional stores being added to the portfolio. Total store numbers across 24 markets were 11,780 stores as at 30 June 2015. Sales and profitability in local currencies remained strong, although first half 2015 results were adversely affected by foreign currency translation to Hong Kong dollars. Total reported revenue of HK\$74,926 million was 3% lower than the first half of 2014. In local currencies, revenue increased by 6%, driven by 3.2% comparable store sales growth and a 9% increase in store numbers compared to the same period last year. EBITDA of HK\$6,683 million and EBIT of HK\$5,453 million, were 1% and 2% higher than the first half of 2014 respectively in reported currency and 11% and 12% higher in local currencies respectively, reflecting continued growth momentum and improving margins in the health and beauty segment.

Health and beauty operations in Europe overall delivered strong earnings, with EBITDA and EBIT growth of 16% and 19% respectively in local currencies, reflecting a 6% increase in the portfolio of stores compared to 30 June 2014, comparable store sales growth of 4.5%, and generally improving margins.

In Asia, EBITDA and EBIT in reported currency for the health and beauty operations grew 15% and 16% respectively. The region reported 1.2% comparable store sales growth in the period. Watsons China continues to be the primary growth contributor, with total revenue in reported currency growing by 13%, reflecting a 24% increase stores numbers compared to 30 June 2014. EBITDA and EBIT growth for Watsons China both remained robust at 21% in the first half of 2015 as the business continued to focus on extending its geographical penetration across the country and promoting higher margin products.

Overall the retail division expects to continue to grow organically through net opening of over 550 stores in the second half of 2015, with key markets in the Mainland and certain Asian and Eastern European countries continuing to lead the expansion.

Infrastructure

The Infrastructure division comprises a 75.67% interest in Cheung Kong Infrastructure Holdings Limited ("CKI"), a company listed on the Stock Exchange of Hong Kong ("SEHK"). Additional interests in six co-owned infrastructure investments as well as the new aircraft leasing business are also reported under this division.

CKI

CKI announced profit attributable to shareholders of HK\$5,253 million for first half of the year compared to the HK\$24,119 million for the comparable period in 2014. The first half 2015 results include a HK\$297 million loss on disposal by CKI and Power Assets of a combined 19.9% interest in HK Electric Investments and HK Electric Investments Limited to a strategic investor in June 2015, while the first half of 2014 included CKI's share of gain arising from the spin-off of the Hong Kong electricity business by Power Assets in January 2014 amounting to HK\$19,557 million. Excluding these one-off items, CKI's profit attributable to shareholders increased by 22% due to the overall growth of the underlying operations as well as the accretive contributions from Park'N Fly, Australian Gas Networks and UK Rails, the co-owned infrastructure assets with the Group that were acquired in the second half of 2014 and the first half of this year. The improved results were partly offset by the weakness of the British Pound and Australian dollar that resulted in lower reported results on translation to Hong Kong dollars.

In April 2015, UK Rails, a 50/50 joint venture between the Group and CKI, acquired the entire share capital of Eversholt Rail Group, a major rolling stock operating company in the UK. The enterprise value of the transaction was approximately £2,500 million (approximately HK\$29,300 million).

Additional Contributions

On a six months pro forma basis, the additional interests in the six co-owned infrastructure assets with CKI contributed additional revenue, EBITDA and EBIT of HK\$4,856 million, HK\$3,131 million and HK\$2,224 million respectively to the infrastructure division in the first half of 2015.

The Group's new aircraft leasing business contributed additional revenue, EBITDA and EBIT of HK\$602 million, HK\$548 million and HK\$293 million respectively. At the end of 30 June 2015, the aircraft leasing business, including its 50% joint venture, has a total fleet of 54 aircraft which were fully leased, and generated steady earnings and cashflow for the Group. In June 2015, the Group has entered into new agreements, through its 50% joint venture, to purchase and lease out an additional six aircraft, resulting in a total portfolio of 64 aircraft expected at the end of 2015.

Including the Additional Contributions, total revenue of this division was HK\$27,690 million, 24% higher than the first half of 2014 reported by HWL, and EBITDA of HK\$16,045 million and EBIT of HK\$11,987 million were 36% and 34% higher than HWL's first half 2014 results for the division respectively. With its expanded infrastructure asset base post-Reorganisation, this division is expected to contribute steady recurring earnings to the Group for the remainder of the year.

Husky Energy

Husky Energy, our associated company listed in Canada, announced profit attributable to shareholders of C\$311 million for the first six months of the year, a 76% decline when compared to the same period last year due to sustained lower crude oil prices. Average production in the first six months of 2015 was 346,400 barrels of oil equivalent per day ("BOEs per day"), a 5% increase from 329,800 BOEs per day in the first six months of 2014, mainly due to increased volumes from the Liwan Gas Project of which the Liwan 3-1 and Liuhua 34-2 gas fields commenced production in March 2014 and December 2014 respectively.

At the Liwan Gas Project, the combined gross production and sales from the Liwan 3-1 and Liuhua 34-2 gas fields continued to increase during the first half of 2015. Phase 1A of the Sunrise Energy oil sands development ("Sunrise project") in Western Canada achieved first oil in March 2015. Production from the Sunrise project is expected to ramp up to 60,000 barrels per day (30,000 barrels per day net to Husky Energy's 50% working interest) around the end of 2016. Phase 1B of the Sunrise project expected to commence production in the second half of this year.

Additional Contributions

Post-Reorganisation, the Group's interest in Husky Energy as compared to HWL's interest has increased from 33.96% to 40.19%. Including the Additional Contributions, the Group's share of revenue, EBITDA and EBIT amounted to HK\$21,101 million, HK\$5,496 million and HK\$1,024 million respectively, a 26%, 33% and 76% decrease respectively from the first half 2014 results as reported by HWL.

Given the sustained low oil price environment, Husky Energy will remain committed to prudent capital, cost and balance sheet management.

Note 2: In January 2015, CKI completed a share placement and share subscription transaction, which resulted in the Group's interest in CKI reducing from 78.16% to 75.67%.

3 Group Europe

The Group's registered 3G customer base in Europe totalled over 30.1 million customers as at 30 June 2015, of which approximately 25.5 million were active, a 2% increase during the period. 3 Group Europe continues to grow with revenue and EBITDA respectively increased by 16% and 40% in local currencies. Overall, **3** Group Europe operations reported improved underlying EBITDA performances, particularly in **3** Ireland from the accretive earnings contribution after the acquisition of O₂ Ireland in July 2014 and in **3** UK from the continued improvements in net customer service margin. On a six months pro forma basis, EBIT in local currencies improved 153% reflecting both strong EBITDA growth and lower depreciation and amortisation resulting from the rebasing of telecommunication assets under the Reorganisation. The weakness of the European currencies have led to a 2% lower revenue in reported currency over the same period last year to HK\$30,573 million, while EBITDA and EBIT in reported currency grew by 20% and 116% to HK\$7,778 million and HK\$4,924 million respectively.

In March 2015, HWL entered into an agreement with Telefónica SA to acquire O_2 UK for £9.25 billion cash and deferred upside interest sharing payments of up to £1 billion upon achievement by the combined business of **3** UK and O_2 UK of agreed financial targets. The completion of this transaction is subject to regulatory approval. Upon completion of the acquisition, **3** UK will become the largest mobile operator in the UK. In May 2015, HWL announced that it has entered into agreements with five institutional investors who will acquire approximately 32.98% interest in the combined business of **3** UK and O_2 UK for a total of £3.1 billion. These investments are conditional on and will occur concurrently with completion of the acquisition of O_2 UK.

On 6 August 2015, the Group announced agreement with VimpelCom Ltd to form an equal joint venture merging **3** Italy and VimpelCom's subsidiary Wind Telecomunicazioni S.p.A. ("Wind") in Italy. Completion of the transaction is subject to regulatory approval. On a combined basis, **3** Italy and Wind will become the largest mobile operator in Italy.

Hutchison Telecommunications Hong Kong

Hutchison Telecommunications Hong Kong Holdings ("HTHKH"), our Hong Kong listed telecommunications subsidiary operating in Hong Kong and Macau, announced profit attributable to shareholders of HK\$508 million and earnings per share of 10.54 HK cents, an increase of 57% compared to same period last year, reflecting improvements in the mobile operations. As of 30 June 2015, HTHKH had approximately 2.9 million active mobile customers in Hong Kong and Macau.

Additional Contributions

Post-Reorganisation, the Group's interest in HTHKH as compared to HWL's interest increased slightly from 65.01% to 66.09%.

Hutchison Asia Telecommunications

As of 30 June 2015, Hutchison Asia Telecommunications ("HAT") had an active customer base of approximately 62.6 million, a 15% increase from end of 2014. Despite an increase in customer base, total revenue decreased 9% to HK\$3,179 million and EBITDA decreased 18% to HK\$411 million compared to the same period last year. The results were also adversely impacted by foreign currency translation mainly due to the decline of the Indonesian Rupiah. In local currencies, EBITDA decrease was 10%. Operationally, the business has continued to show improvement this year, particularly in the second quarter. The EBITDA decline compared to last year is due to cost recognition and credit policies adopted by the former management of the Indonesian operation, which increased reported EBITDA for the first half of 2014 and were provided for in the second half of 2014. The Indonesian operation continues to strengthen operational controls and improve trade practices following comprehensive senior management changes in the second half of 2014. Although more stringent credit controls and reduced promotional activities with dealers has slowed sales growth, profitability and quality of earnings are improving. On a six months pro forma basis, EBIT of HK\$411 million in the first half of 2015 improved compared to an LBIT of HK\$76 million in the same period last year, mainly due to the division's reduced depreciable asset base under the Reorganisation.

With the majority of the improvements in financial and operational practices currently in place, together with a strong network coverage and capacity, the Indonesian business has shown positive signs of recovery in sales and profitability and expected to further improve its performance in the remainder of the year.

Finance & Investments and Others

The contribution from this division mainly represents returns earned on the Group's holdings of cash and liquid investments, Hutchison Whampoa (China) Limited, listed associate TOM group, Hutchison Water, the Marionnaud business and listed associate CK Life Sciences Group. The decrease in EBIT contribution in the first six months of 2015 was mainly due to one-off gains on disposal of certain listed equity investments and other non-strategic investments in 2014.

At 30 June 2015, the Group's consolidated cash and liquid investments totalled HK\$173,855 million and consolidated debt amounted to HK\$336,314 million, resulting in consolidated net debt of HK\$162,459 million and net debt to a net total capital ratio of 22.4%.

The Group will continue to closely monitor its liquidity and debt profile with the objective of maintaining its current assigned credit ratings for the foreseeable future.

Outlook

External conditions in the first half remained challenging with weak global growth, sustained low commodity prices, uncertainty as to monetary policy directions and increased currency volatility. Although the Group was affected to a certain degree by market conditions, in particular the weakness in oil prices and European currencies, the Group was able to report higher recurring earnings compared to HWL's first half results last year and the core businesses overall performed well. The enhanced asset base of the Group and synergy effects post-Reorganisation, together with the permanent exercise of financial discipline expected from all businesses, placed the Group on a solid footing to continue to maintain sustainable recurring earnings growth and a strong financial and liquidity profile. Barring unforeseen material adverse external developments, the Group expects to continue to meet these objectives in the second half of 2015 and is confident in its future prospects.

I would like to thank the Board of Directors and all our dedicated employees around the world for their continued loyalty, diligence, professionalism and contributions to the Group.

Li Ka-shing

Chairman

Hong Kong, 25 August 2015

Operations Highlights

Ports and Related Services (1)

	30 June 2015 HK\$ millions	30 June 2014 HK\$ millions	Change	Change in local currency
Comparable Revenue	17,190	17,270	-	+7%
Comparable EBITDA	6,048	5,607	+8%	+14%
Comparable EBIT	4,081	3,531	+16%	+22%
Throughput	41.5 million TEU	39.6 million TEU	+5%	NA

Note 1: Revenue, EBITDA and EBIT have been adjusted to exclude non-controlling interests' share of results of HPH Trust.

Management Pro Forma basis:

	30 June 2015 Pro forma ⁽²⁾ HK\$ millions	30 June 2014 Actual HK\$ millions	Change	
Total Revenue	17,308	17,270	-	
Total EBITDA	6,104	5,607	+9%	
Total EBIT	4,111	3,531	+16%	

Note 2: To reflect the underlying performance of the Ports and Related Services division for the six months ended 30 June 2015, the Comparable Revenue, EBITDA and EBIT exclude the contribution from the additional interest in HPH Trust that arose from the Reorganisation. Pro forma Total Revenue, EBITDA and EBIT for the six months ended 30 June 2015 include six months' pro forma contribution from the additional interest in HPH Trust. Revenue, EBITDA and EBIT for the six months ended 30 June 2014 are as presented in HWL's 2014 Interim Report.

Comparable EBITDA increased by 8% compared to the same period last year, primarily driven by throughput growth in all segments, better throughput mix with higher margins and better cost controls, partly offset by adverse foreign currency translation into Hong Kong dollars, the business interruptions suffered in Argentina and Ningbo where the operations have been interrupted by equipment damage during the first half of this year, and the gain on disposal by HPH Trust of a 60% equity interest in Asia Container Terminals in the first six months of 2014.

Retail (3)

	30 June 2015 HK\$ millions	30 June 2014 HK\$ millions	Change	Change in local currency
Total Revenue	74,926	77,398	-3%	+6%
EBITDA	6,683	6,611	+1%	+11%
EBIT	5,453	5,336	+2%	+12%
Total Store Numbers	11,780	10,812	+9%	N/A

Note 3: The Reorganisation has no impact to the Retail division's results for the six months ended 30 June 2015. Revenue, EBITDA and EBIT for the six months ended 30 June 2014 are as presented in HWL's 2014 Interim Report. The reported results for both periods are presented on a comparable basis.

Total Revenue	30 June 2015 HK\$ millions	30 June 2014 HK\$ millions	Change	Change in local currency
Health & Beauty China	11,126	9,840	+13%	+14%
Health & Beauty Asia	10,509	10,344	+2%	+4%
Health & Beauty China & Asia Subtotal	21,635	20,184	+7%	+9%
Health & Beauty Western Europe	28,024	31,063	-10%	+7%
Health & Beauty Eastern Europe	6,438	7,121	-10%	+16%
Health & Beauty Subtotal	56,097	58,368	-4%	+9%
Other Retail (4)	18,829	19,030	-1%	-1%
Total Retail - Asia	74,926 <i>40,464</i>	77,398 <i>39,214</i>	-3% +3%	+6% +4%
- Europe	34,462	38,184	-10%	+9%
- Europe Comparable Stores Sales Growth (%) (5)	34,462	·	-10% 30 June 2015	30 June 2014
·	34,462	·		
Comparable Stores Sales Growth (%) (5)	34,462	·	30 June 2015	30 June 2014
Comparable Stores Sales Growth (%) ⁽⁵⁾ Health & Beauty China	34,462	·	30 June 2015 +0.1%	30 June 2014 +4.3%
Comparable Stores Sales Growth (%) ⁽⁵⁾ Health & Beauty China Health & Beauty Asia	34,462	·	30 June 2015 +0.1% +2.2%	30 June 2014 +4.3% +3.9%
Comparable Stores Sales Growth (%) ⁽⁵⁾ Health & Beauty China Health & Beauty Asia Health & Beauty China & Asia Subtotal	34,462	·	30 June 2015 +0.1% +2.2% +1.2%	30 June 2014 +4.3% +3.9% +4.1%
Comparable Stores Sales Growth (%) ⁽⁵⁾ Health & Beauty China Health & Beauty Asia Health & Beauty China & Asia Subtotal Health & Beauty Western Europe	34,462	·	30 June 2015 +0.1% +2.2% +1.2% +4.1%	30 June 2014 +4.3% +3.9% +4.1% +3.0%
Comparable Stores Sales Growth (%) ⁽⁵⁾ Health & Beauty China Health & Beauty Asia Health & Beauty China & Asia Subtotal Health & Beauty Western Europe Health & Beauty Eastern Europe	34,462	·	30 June 2015 +0.1% +2.2% +1.2% +4.1% +6.3%	30 June 2014 +4.3% +3.9% +4.1% +3.0% +2.8%

Note 4: Other Retail includes PARKnSHOP, Fortress, Watsons Wine, and manufacturing operations for water and beverage businesses.

Note 5: Comparable store sales growth represents the percentage change in revenue contributed by stores which, as at the first day of the relevant financial year (a) have been operating for over 12 months and (b) have not undergone major resizing within the previous 12 months.

Store Numbers		30 June 2015	30 June 2014	Change
Health & Beauty China		2,239	1,799	+24%
Health & Beauty Asia		1,991	1,838	+8%
Health & Beauty China & Asia Subtotal		4,230	3,637	+16%
Health & Beauty Western Europe		4,945	4,758	+4%
Health & Beauty Eastern Europe		2,102	1,874	+12%
Health & Beauty Subtotal		11,277	10,269	+10%
Other Retail (4)		503	543	-7%
Total Retail - Asia - Europe		11,780 <i>4,733</i> <i>7,047</i>	10,812 <i>4,180</i> <i>6,632</i>	+9% +13% +6%
EBITDA	30 June 2015 HK\$ millions	30 June 2014 HK\$ millions	Change	Change in local currency
Health & Beauty China	2,382	1,974	+21%	+21%
Health & Beauty Asia	901	870	+4%	+7%
Health & Beauty China & Asia Subtotal	3,283	2,844	+15%	+17%
Health & Beauty Western Europe	1,949	2,045	-5%	+14%
Health & Beauty Eastern Europe	842	908	-7%	+19%
Health & Beauty Subtotal	6,074	5,797	+5%	+16%
Other Retail (4)	609	814	-25%	-25%
Total Retail	6,683	6,611	+1%	+11%
- Asia - Europe	3,892 2,791	3,659 2,952	+6% -5%	+8% +16%
EBITDA Margin %			30 June 2015	30 June 2014
Health & Beauty China			21%	20%
Health & Beauty Asia			9%	8%
Health & Beauty China & Asia Subtotal			15%	14%
Health & Beauty Western Europe			7%	7%
Health & Beauty Eastern Europe			13%	13%
Health & Beauty Subtotal			11%	10%
Other Retail (4)			3%	4%
Total Retail - Asia - Europe			9% 10% 8%	9% <i>9</i> % <i>8</i> %

EBITDA of HK\$6,683 million was 1% higher than first half of 2014 (11% higher in local currencies) mainly driven by a 3.2% comparable store sales growth and a 9% increase in number of stores to 11,780 stores as at 30 June 2015, reflecting continued growth momentum and improving margins in the Health and Beauty segment, partly offset by adverse foreign currency translation impact of the European and certain Asian operations.

The Health & Beauty segment overall opened around 500 new stores during first half of 2015, primarily in the Mainland and certain Asian and Eastern European countries. New store payback of less than 10 months in first half of 2015 is an encouraging indicator for the continued organic growth of this division.

Infrastructure

	30 June 2015 HK\$ millions	30 June 2014 HK\$ millions	Change	
Comparable Revenue	22,232	22,264	_	
Comparable EBITDA	12,366	11,819	+5%	
Comparable EBIT	9,470	8,945	+6%	

Management Pro Forma basis:

	30 June 2015 Pro forma ⁽⁶⁾ HK\$ millions	30 June 2014 Actual HK\$ millions	Change	
Total Revenue	27,690	22,264	+24%	
Total EBITDA	16,045	11,819	+36%	
Total EBIT	11,987	8,945	+34%	

Note 6: To reflect the underlying performance of the Infrastructure division for the six months ended 30 June 2015, the Comparable Revenue, EBITDA and EBIT exclude the contributions from additional interest in six co-owned JVs (namely Northumbrian Water Group, Park'N Fly, Australian Gas Networks, Dutch Enviro Energy (formerly AVR-Afvalverwerking B.V), Wales & West Utilities and UK Rails) with CKI and from the Aircraft Leasing operations that arose from the Reorganisation. Pro forma Total Revenue, EBITDA and EBIT for the six months ended 30 June 2015 include six months' pro forma contributions from the co-owned JVs and the Aircraft Leasing operations. Total Revenue, EBITDA and EBIT for the six months ended 30 June 2014 are as presented in HWL's 2014 Interim Report.

Comparable EBITDA for the first half of 2015 was HK\$12,366 million, a 5% increase due to the overall growth of the underlying operations of Cheung Kong Infrastructure, as well as the accretive contributions from Park'N Fly, Australian Gas Networks and UK Rails that were acquired during the last 12 months, partly offset by the weakness of the British Pound and Australian dollar that resulted in lower reported results on translation to Hong Kong dollars.

Husky Energy, associated company listed on Toronto Stock Exchange

	30 June 2015 HK\$ millions	30 June 2014 HK\$ millions	Change	Change in local currency
Comparable Revenue	17,829	28,660	-38%	-30%
Comparable EBITDA	4,644	8,145	-43%	-36%
Comparable EBIT	865	4,329	-80%	-77%

Management Pro Forma basis:

	30 June 2015 Pro forma ⁽⁷⁾ HK\$ millions	30 June 2014 Actual HK\$ millions	Change	
Total Revenue	21,101	28,660	-26%	
Total EBITDA	5,496	8,145	-33%	
Total EBIT	1,024	4,329	-76%	

Note 7: To reflect the underlying performance of the Energy division in first half of 2015, Comparable Revenue, EBITDA and EBIT exclude contribution from the additional interest in Husky Energy arising from the Reorganisation. First half of 2015 pro forma total Revenue, EBITDA and EBIT include the six months pro forma contribution from the additional interest in Husky Energy. First half of 2014 Revenue, EBITDA and EBIT are as presented in HWL's 2014 Interim Report.

In local currency, EBITDA decreased 36% to C\$2,171 million as the average realised crude oil and North American natural gas prices were negatively impacted by the significant decrease in market benchmarks. EBIT decreased 79% to C\$402 million mainly due to the same factors impacting EBITDA as well as higher depreciation from increased production in the first half of 2015.

The Group's share of Comparable EBITDA and EBIT, after translation into Hong Kong dollars and consolidation adjustments, decreased 43% and 80% respectively due to adverse foreign exchange movement.

3 Group Europe

Management Pro Forma basis:

	30 June 2015 Pro forma HK\$ millions	30 June 2014 Actual HK\$ millions	Change	Change in local currency
Total Revenue	30,573	31,063	-2%	+16%
- Net customer service revenue	23,251	23,950	-3%	+15%
- Handset revenue	6,397	6,490	-1%	
- Other revenue	925	623	+48%	
Net customer service margin (8)	19,249	18,844	+2%	+21%
Net customer service margin %	83%	79%		
Other margin	455	368	+24%	
Total CACs	(9,665)	(10,036)	+4%	
Less: Handset revenue	6,397	6,490	-1%	
Total CACs (net of handset revenue)	(3,268)	(3,546)	+8%	
Operating expenses	(8,658)	(9,162)	+6%	
Opex as a % of Net customer service marga	in 45 %	49%		
EBITDA	7,778	6,504	+20%	+40%
EBITDA margin % ⁽⁹⁾	32%	26%		
Depreciation & Amortisation	(2,854)	(4,222)	+32%	
EBIT (10)	4,924	2,282	+116%	+153%
Capex (excluding licence)	(5,056)	(4,876)	-4%	
EBITDA less Capex	2,722	1,628	+67%	
Licence (11)	(12)	(4)	-200%	

Note 8: Net customer service margin represents net customer service revenue deducting direct variable costs (including interconnection charges and roaming costs).

3 Group Europe Overall

30 Ju	ine 2015	30 June 2014
Contract customers as a percentage of the total registered customer base	58%	59%
Contract customers' contribution to the net customer service revenue base (%)	84%	89%
Average monthly churn rate of the total contract registered customer base (%)	1.7%	1.6%
Active contract customers as a percentage of the total contract registered customer base	98%	98%
Active customers as a percentage of the total registered customer base	85%	84%
6 months data usage per active customer (Gigabyte)	17.7	12.2

Note 9: EBITDA margin % represents EBITDA as a % of total revenue excluding handset revenue.

Note 10: Total EBIT for the six months ended 30 June 2015 included the pro forma six months adjustment for the depreciation and amortisation impact arising from the fair value adjustment on acquisition, assuming the Reorganisation occurred on 1 January 2015. All results for the six months ended 30 June 2014 are as presented in HWL's 2014 Interim Report.

Note 11: Licence costs in both years represent incidental costs in relation to licences acquired in prior years.

Key Business Indicators

Registered Customer Base

-	Registered Customers at 30 June 2015 ('000)			Registered Customer Growth (%) from 31 December 2014 to 30 June 2015		
	Prepaid	Postpaid	Total	Prepaid	Postpaid	Total
United Kingdom	4,349	6,143	10,492	+3%	+1%	+2%
Italy	4,971	5,225	10,196		+3%	+2%
Sweden	245	1,705	1,950	+9%	+2%	+3%
Denmark	386	762	1,148	+3%	+1%	+2%
Austria	1,226	2,479	3,705	+11%	-1%	+3%
Ireland	1,464	1,147	2,611	+2%	-1%	+1%
3 Group Europe Total	12,641	17,461	30,102	+3%	+1%	+2%

Active (12) Customer Base

	Active Customers at 30 June 2015 ('000)				Customer Growth (%) ember 2014 to 30 June	
	Prepaid	Postpaid	Total	Prepaid	Postpaid	Total
United Kingdom	2,781	6,024	8,805	+12%	+2%	+5%
Italy	3,791	5,089	8,880	-1%	+3%	+1%
Sweden	150	1,705	1,855	+12%	+2%	+3%
Denmark	353	762	1,115	+4%	+1%	+2%
Austria	432	2,462	2,894	-1%	-1%	-1%
Ireland	880	1,113	1,993	-4%	-2%	-3%
3 Group Europe Total	8,387	17,155	25,542	+3%	+1%	+2%

Note 12: An active customer is one that generated revenue from an outgoing call, incoming call or data / content service in the preceding three months.

12-month Trailing Average Revenue per Active User ("ARPU") (13) to 30 June 2015

				% Variance
			Blended	compared to
	Prepaid	Postpaid	Total	31 December 2014
United Kingdom	£5.08	£26.74	£20.38	-2%
Italy	€8.21	€17.88	€13.65	+1%
Sweden	SEK122.72	SEK299.88	SEK286.35	_
Denmark	DKK108.85	DKK167.05	DKK149.12	-3%
Austria	€9.10	€22.07	€20.24	+3%
Ireland	€16.58	€31.77	€25.00	-3%
3 Group Europe Average	€9.07	€27.17	€21.31	+2%

Note 13: ARPU equals total monthly revenue, including incoming mobile termination revenue and contributions for a handset / device in postpaid contract bundled plans, divided by the average number of active customers during the period.

Key Business Indicators (continued)

12-month Trailing Net Average Revenue per Active User ("Net ARPU") (14) to 30 June 2015

				% Variance
			Blended	compared to
	Prepaid	Postpaid	Total	31 December 2014
United Kingdom	£5.08	£18.90	£14.84	-2%
Italy	€8.21	€17.88	€13.65	+1%
Sweden	SEK122.72	SEK214.50	SEK207.50	-1%
Denmark	DKK108.85	DKK152.75	DKK139.23	-3%
Austria	€9.10	€18.50	€17.18	+5%
Ireland	€16.58	€28.80	€23.35	-2%
3 Group Europe Average	€9.07	€21.81	€17.69	+3%

12-month Trailing Net Average Margin per Active User ("Net AMPU") (15) to 30 June 2015

			Blended	% Variance compared to
	Prepaid	Postpaid	Total	31 December 2014
United Kingdom	£4.40	£15.92	£12.53	+4%
Italy	€6.56	€13.59	€10.52	+1%
Sweden	SEK104.16	SEK183.83	SEK177.75	-1%
Denmark	DKK94.67	DKK134.18	DKK122.01	-3%
Austria	€7.73	€15.28	€14.22	+5%
Ireland	€12.63	€24.38	€19.14	-2%
3 Group Europe Average	€7.39	€17.98	€14.55	+5%

Note 14: Net ARPU equals total monthly revenue, including incoming mobile termination revenue but excluding contributions for a handset / device in postpaid contract bundled plans, divided by the average number of active customers during the period.

Note 15: Net AMPU equals total monthly revenue, including incoming mobile termination revenue but excluding contributions for a handset / device in postpaid contract bundled plans, less direct variable costs (including interconnection charges and roaming costs) (i.e. net customer service margin), divided by the average number of active customers during the period.

United Kingdom

	30 June 2015 Pro forma GBP millions	30 June 2014 Actual GBP millions	Change
Total Revenue	1,071	974	+10%
- Net customer service revenue	755	723	+4%
- Handset revenue	294	241	+22%
- Other revenue	22	10	+120%
Net customer service margin	646	556	+16%
Net customer service margin %	86%	77%	
Other margin	8	4	+100%
Total CACs	(402)	(358)	-12%
Less: Handset revenue	294	241	+22%
Total CACs (net of handset revenue)	(108)	(117)	+8%
Operating expenses	(235)	(211)	-11%
Opex as a % of Net customer service margin	36%	38%	
EBITDA	311	232	+34%
EBITDA margin %	40%	32%	
Depreciation & Amortisation	(111)	(109)	-2%
EBIT	200	123	+63%
Capex (excluding licence)	(141)	(116)	-22%
EBITDA less Capex	170	116	+47%
Licence	(1)	(0.3)	-233%

3	30 June 2015	30 June 2014
Total registered customer base (millions)	10.5	9.7
Total active customer base (millions)	8.8	8.0
Contract customers as a percentage of the total registered customer base	59%	61%
Contract customers' contribution to the net customer service revenue base (%)	90%	90%
Average monthly churn rate of the total contract registered customer base (%)	1.5%	1.6%
Active contract customers as a percentage of the total contract registered customer b	ase 98 %	98%
Active customers as a percentage of the total registered customer base	84%	82%

Italy

	30 June 2015 Pro forma EUR millions	30 June 2014 Actual EUR millions	Change
Total Revenue - Net customer service revenue - Handset revenue	881 710 153	815 662 139	+8% +7% +10%
- Other revenue	18	14	+29%
Net customer service margin Net customer service margin %	548 <i>77%</i>	502 <i>76%</i>	+9%
Other margin Total CACs Less: Handset revenue	17 (288) 153	13 (259) 139	+31% -11% +10%
Total CACs (net of handset revenue) Operating expenses Opex as a % of Net customer service margin	(135) (332) <i>61%</i>	(120) (323) <i>64%</i>	-13% -3%
EBITDA EBITDA margin %	98 13%	72 11%	+36%
Depreciation & Amortisation	(59)	(143)	+59%
EBIT / (LBIT)	39	(71)	+155%
Capex (excluding licence)	(219)	(151)	-45%
EBITDA less Capex	(121)	(79)	-53%
		30 June 2015	30 June 2014
Total registered customer base (millions)		10.2	9.8
Total active customer base (millions)		8.9	8.4
Contract customers as a percentage of the total registered	customer base	51%	48%
Contract customers' contribution to the net customer service revenue base (%)			75%
Average monthly churn rate of the total contract registered customer base (%)			2.2%
Active contract customers as a percentage of the total con	tract registered customer	base 97%	97%
Active customers as a percentage of the total registered c	ustomer base	87%	86%

Sweden

	30 June 2015 Pro forma SEK millions	30 June 2014 Actual SEK millions	Change
Total Revenue	3,377	3,054	+11%
- Net customer service revenue	2,295	2,123	+8%
- Handset revenue	961	827	+16%
- Other revenue	121	104	+16%
Net customer service margin	1,968	1,811	+9%
Net customer service margin %	86%	85%	
Other margin	41	26	+58%
Total CACs	(1,316)	(1,127)	-17%
Less: Handset revenue	961	827	+16%
Total CACs (net of handset revenue)	(355)	(300)	-18%
Operating expenses	(674)	(666)	-1%
Opex as a % of Net customer service margin	34%	37%	
EBITDA	980	871	+13%
EBITDA margin %	41%	39%	
Depreciation & Amortisation	(261)	(380)	+31%
EBIT	719	491	+46%
Capex (excluding licence)	(400)	(392)	-2%
EBITDA less Capex	580	479	+21%
		30 June 2015	30 June 2014
Total registered customer base (millions)		2.0	1.8
Total active customer base (millions)		1.9	1.7
Contract customers as a percentage of the total register	red customer base	87%	89%
Contract customers' contribution to the net customer se	ervice revenue base (%)	95%	96%
Average monthly churn rate of the total contract register	ered customer base (%)	1.5%	1.4%
Active contract customers as a percentage of the total of	contract registered customer	base 100 %	100%

Active customers as a percentage of the total registered customer base

95%

95%

Denmark

	30 June 2015 Pro forma DKK millions	30 June 2014 Actual DKK millions	Change
Total Revenue	1,011	1,008	-
- Net customer service revenue	885	887	_
Handset revenueOther revenue	89 37	92 29	-3% +28%
- Other revenue	51		+20%
Net customer service margin	783	772	+1%
Net customer service margin %	88%	87%	
Other margin	17	13	+31%
Total CACs	(218)	(216)	-1%
Less: Handset revenue	89	92	-3%
Total CACs (net of handset revenue)	(129)	(124)	-4%
Operating expenses	(333)	(315)	-6%
Opex as a % of Net customer service margin	43%	41%	
EBITDA	338	346	-2%
EBITDA margin %	37%	38%	
Depreciation & Amortisation	(129)	(146)	+12%
EBIT	209	200	+5%
Capex (excluding licence)	(50)	(69)	+27%
EBITDA less Capex	288	277	+4%
		30 June 2015	30 June 2014
Total registered customer base (millions)		1.1	1.1
Total active customer base (millions)		1.1	1.0
Contract customers as a percentage of the total registered of	ustomer base	66%	69%
Contract customers' contribution to the net customer service	e revenue base (%)	76%	77%
Average monthly churn rate of the total contract registered	customer base (%)	3.0%	2.7%
Active contract customers as a percentage of the total contr	act registered customer	base 100%	100%
Active customers as a percentage of the total registered cus	tomer base	97%	97%

Austria

	30 June 2015 Pro forma EUR millions	30 June 2014 Actual EUR millions	Change
Total Revenue	355	342	+4%
- Net customer service revenue	303	271	+12%
- Handset revenue	39	58	-33%
- Other revenue	13	13	
Net customer service margin	251	222	+13%
Net customer service margin %	83%	82%	
Other margin	8	10	-20%
Total CACs	(53)	(70)	+24%
Less: Handset revenue	39	58	-33%
Total CACs (net of handset revenue)	(14)	(12)	-17%
Operating expenses	(98)	(104)	+6%
Opex as a % of Net customer service margin	39%	47%	
EBITDA	147	116	+27%
EBITDA margin %	47%	41%	
Depreciation & Amortisation	(40)	(37)	-8%
EBIT	107	79	+35%
Capex (excluding licence)	(42)	(53)	+21%
EBITDA less Capex	105	63	+67%
		30 June 2015	30 June 2014
Total registered customer base (millions)		3.7	3.5
Total active customer base (millions)		2.9	2.9
Contract customers as a percentage of the total registered custo	mer base	67%	72%
Contract customers' contribution to the net customer service rev	enue base (%)	92%	93%
Average monthly churn rate of the total contract registered cust	omer base (%)	0.5%	0.6%
Active contract customers as a percentage of the total contract r	egistered custome	base 99 %	99%
Active customers as a percentage of the total registered custom	er base	78%	82%

Ireland

	30 June 2015 Pro forma EUR millions	30 June 2014 Actual EUR millions	Change
Total Revenue	335	97	+245%
- Net customer service revenue	277	80	+246%
- Handset revenue	31	13	+138%
- Other revenue	27	4	+575%
Net customer service margin	226	63	+259%
Net customer service margin %	82%	79%	
Other margin	11	2	+450%
Total CACs	(58)	(22)	-164%
Less: Handset revenue	31	13	+138%
Total CACs (net of handset revenue)	(27)	(9)	-200%
Operating expenses	(133)	(59)	-125%
Opex as a % of Net customer service margin	59%	94%	
EBITDA / (LBITDA)	77	(3)	+2667%
EBITDA margin %	25%	-4%	1200770
Depreciation & Amortisation	(34)	(22)	-55%
EBIT / (LBIT)	43	(25)	+272%
Capex (excluding licence)	(73)	(60)	-22%
EBITDA less Capex	4	(63)	+106%
		30 June 2015	30 June 2014
Total registered customer base		2,611,000	1,027,000
Total active customer base		1,993,000	566,000
Contract customers as a percentage of the total registered customers	omer base	44%	33%
Contract customers' contribution to the net customer service re	venue base (%)	68%	72%
Average monthly churn rate of the total contract registered cus	stomer base (%)	1.4%	1.3%
Active contract customers as a percentage of the total contract	registered custome	r base 97%	91%
Active customers as a percentage of the total registered custom	ner base	76%	55%

Hutchison Telecommunications Hong Kong Holdings ⁽¹⁶⁾, subsidiary listed on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited

	30 June 2015 HK\$ millions	30 June 2014 HK\$ millions	Change
Comparable Revenue	11,020	6,227	+77%
Comparable EBITDA	1,506	1,230	+22%
Comparable EBIT	797	538	+48%

Note 16: After the Group's consolidation and reclassification adjustments.

Management Pro Forma basis:

	30 June 2015 Pro forma ⁽¹⁷⁾ HK\$ millions	30 June 2014 Actual HK\$ millions	Change
Total Revenue	11,058	6,227	+78%
Total EBITDA	1,515	1,230	+23%
Total EBIT	785	538	+46%

Note 17: To reflect the underlying performance of HTHKH in first half of 2015, Comparable Revenue, EBITDA and EBIT exclude the contribution from additional interest in HTHKH and its JV that arose from the Reorganisation. First half of 2015 pro forma total Revenue, EBITDA and EBIT include the six months pro forma contribution from the additional interest in HTHKH and its JV. First half of 2014 Revenue, EBITDA and EBIT are as presented in HWL's 2014 Interim Report.

Hutchison Asia Telecommunications

Management Pro forma basis:

	30 June 2015 Pro forma ⁽¹⁸⁾ HK\$ millions	30 June 2014 Actual HK\$ millions	Change
Total Revenue	3,179	3,506	-9%
Total EBITDA	411	502	-18%
Total EBIT / (LBIT)	411	(76)	+641%

Note 18: First half of 2015 pro forma total EBIT included the six months pro forma adjustment of depreciation and amortisation impact arising from the fair value adjustment on acquisition, assuming the Reorganisation was effective on 1 January 2015. First half of 2014 Revenue, EBITDA and LBIT are as presented in HWL's 2014 Interim Report.

HTAL (50% share of joint venture Vodafone Hutchison Australia), subsidiary listed on Australian Securities Exchange

	30 June 2015 AUD millions	30 June 2014 AUD millions	Change
Announced Total Revenue	887	863	+3%
Announced Loss Attributable to Shareholders	(90)	(79)	-14%

HTAL owns 50% of VHA and announced a A\$90 million loss attributable to shareholders in first half of 2015, an increase of 14% as compared to the comparable period last year, mainly due to higher handset costs, higher variable content costs and higher finance costs due to the stronger US dollar, partly offset by lower operating expenses.

Despite a higher reported loss by HTAL in the period, its 50% joint venture, VHA, has seen benefits from the strategic initiatives implemented in the past year flow into improved revenue and customer numbers in first half of 2015, which placed the operation on the right path to profitability.

VHA's operating losses continue to be included as a P&L charge under "Others" of the Group's profits on disposal of investments and others line as VHA continues with its shareholder sponsored restructuring under the leadership of Vodafone under the applicable terms of our shareholders' agreement since the second half of 2012.

Finance & Investments and Others

	30 June 2015 HK\$ millions	30 June 2014 HK\$ millions	Change
Comparable Revenue	9,805	10,283	-5%
Comparable EBITDA	1,688	2,169	-22%
Comparable EBIT	1,576	1,930	-18%

Management Pro Forma basis:

	30 June 2015 Pro forma ⁽¹⁹⁾ HK\$ millions	30 June 2014 Actual HK\$ millions	Change
Total Revenue	11,184	10,283	+9%
Total EBITDA	2,133	2,169	-2%
Total EBIT	1,982	1,930	+3%

Note 19: Pro forma Total Revenue, EBITDA and EBIT for the six months ended 30 June 2015 included the pro forma six months contribution from the additional interest in Tom Group, new interest in CK Life Science and other investment contributions arising from the Reorganisation. For a like-for-like comparison, the Comparable Revenue, EBITDA and EBIT for the six month ended 30 June 2015 excluded this additional contribution to reflect the underlying performance of Finance & Investments and Others. First half of 2014 Revenue, EBITDA and EBIT are as presented in HWL's 2014 Interim Report.

Interest Expense, Finance Costs and Tax

The Group's consolidated pro forma interest expenses and other finance costs for the six-month ended 30 June 2015, including its share of associated companies' and joint ventures' interest expenses, amortisation of finance costs and after deducting interest capitalised on assets under development, amounted to HK\$6,295 million, a decrease of 12% when compared to HWL's results in the comparable period last year mainly due to the lower effective interest rates on the Group's listed bonds as a result of the Reorganisation. The Group's pro forma weighted average cost of debt for the period ended 30 June 2015 was 2.1%.

The Group recorded pro forma current and deferred tax charges totalling HK\$4,327 million for the period ended 30 June 2015, an 18% decrease from HWL's comparable period last year mainly due to lower share of tax charges from the energy business which reported lower profits in the first half of 2015.

Group Capital Resources and Other Information

Group Capital Resources and Liquidity

Treasury Management

The Group's treasury function sets financial risk management policies in accordance with policies and procedures that are approved by the Executive Directors, and which are also subject to periodic review by the Group's internal audit function. The Group's treasury policies are designed to mitigate the impact of fluctuations in interest rates and exchange rates on the Group's overall financial position and to minimise the Group's financial risks. The Group's treasury function operates as a centralised service for managing financial risks, including interest rate and foreign exchange risks, and for providing cost-efficient funding to the Group and its companies. It manages the majority of the Group's funding needs, interest rate, foreign currency and credit risk exposures. It is the Group's policy not to have credit rating triggers that would accelerate the maturity dates of the Group's borrowings. The Group uses interest rate and foreign currency swaps and forward contracts as appropriate for risk management purposes only, for hedging transactions and for managing the Group's assets and liabilities' exposure to interest rate and foreign exchange rate fluctuations. It is the Group's policy not to enter into derivative transactions for speculative purposes. It is also the Group's policy not to invest liquidity in financial products, including hedge funds or similar vehicles, with significant underlying leverage or derivative exposure.

Cash Management and Funding

The Group operates a central cash management system for all of its unlisted subsidiaries. Except for listed and certain overseas entities conducting businesses in non-HK or non-US dollar currencies, the Group generally obtains long-term financing at the Group level to on-lend or contribute as equity to its subsidiaries and associates to meet their funding requirements and provide more cost-efficient financing. These borrowings include a range of capital market issues and bank borrowings, for which the proportions will change depending upon financial market conditions and projected interest rates. The Group regularly and closely monitors its overall debt position and reviews its funding costs and maturity profile to facilitate refinancing.

Interest Rate Exposure

The Group manages its interest rate exposure with a focus on reducing the Group's overall cost of debt and exposure to changes in interest rates. When considered appropriate, the Group uses derivatives such as interest rate swaps and forward rate agreements to manage its interest rate exposure. The Group's main interest rate exposure relates to US dollar, British Pound, Euro and HK dollar borrowings.

At 30 June 2015, approximately 31% of the Group's total principal amount of bank and other debts were at floating rates and the remaining 69% were at fixed rates. The Group has entered into various interest rate agreements with major financial institution counterparties to swap approximately HK\$65,308 million principal amount of fixed interest rate borrowings to effectively become floating interest rate borrowings. In addition, HK\$6,413 million principal amount of floating interest rate borrowings were swapped to fixed interest rate borrowings. After taking into consideration these interest rate swaps, approximately 50% of the Group's total principal amount of bank and other debts were at floating rates and the remaining 50% were at fixed rates at 30 June 2015. All of the aforementioned interest rate derivatives are designated as hedges and these hedges are considered highly effective.

Foreign Currency Exposure

For overseas subsidiaries, associates and other investments, which consist of non-HK dollar or non-US dollar assets, the Group generally endeavours to establish a natural hedge for debt financing with an appropriate level of borrowings in those same currencies. For overseas businesses that are in the development phase, or where borrowings in local currency are not or are no longer attractive, the Group may not borrow in the local currency or may repay existing borrowings and monitor the development of the businesses' cashflow and the relevant debt markets with a view to refinance these businesses with local currency borrowings in the future when conditions are more appropriate. Exposure to movements in exchange rates for individual transactions (such as major procurement contracts) directly related to the underlying businesses is minimised by using forward foreign exchange contracts and currency swaps where active markets for the relevant currencies exist. The Group generally does not enter into foreign currency hedges in respect of its long-term equity investments in overseas subsidiaries and associates, except in relation to certain infrastructure investments.

At 30 June 2015, the Group had currency swap arrangements with banks to swap US dollar principal amount of borrowings equivalent to HK\$16,968 million to Hong Kong dollar principal amount of borrowings to match the currency exposures of the underlying businesses. The Group's total principal amount of bank and other debts, after the above swaps, are denominated as follows: 23% in Euro, 32% in US dollars, 16% in HK dollars, 23% in British Pounds and 6% in other currencies.

Credit Exposure

The Group's holdings of cash, managed funds and other liquid investments, and interest rate and foreign currency swaps and forward currency contracts with financial institutions expose the Group to credit risk of counterparties. The Group controls its credit risk to non-performance by its counterparties through monitoring their equity share price movements and credit ratings as well as setting approved counterparty credit limits that are regularly reviewed.

The Group is also exposed to counterparties credit risk from its operating activities, as well as in its aircraft leasing businesses. Such risks are continuously monitored by the local operational management.

Credit Profile

The Group aims to maintain a capital structure that is appropriate for long-term investment grade ratings of A3 on the Moody's Investor Service scale, A- on the Standard & Poor's Rating Services scale and A- on the Fitch Ratings scale. Actual credit ratings may depart from these levels from time to time due to economic circumstances.

After the completion of the reorganisation on the 3 June 2015, the Group was assigned long-term credit ratings of A3 from Moody's on 3 June 2015, A- from Standard & Poor's on 6 July 2015 and A- from Fitch on 13 July 2015. All three agencies have also assigned stable outlooks on the Group's ratings. On these same dates, Hutchison Whampoa Limited ("HWL")'s long-term credit ratings were withdrawn by the three agencies.

Market Price Risk

The Group's main market price risk exposures relate to listed/traded debt and equity securities described in "Liquid Assets" below and the interest rate swaps as described in "Interest Rate Exposure" above. The Group's holding of listed/traded debt and equity securities represented approximately 7% of the cash, liquid funds and other listed investments ("liquid assets"). The Group controls this risk through active monitoring of price movements and changes in market conditions that may have an impact on the value of these financial assets and instruments.

Reorganisation

The reorganisation of Cheung Kong (Holdings) Limited and HWL, which merged their assets and businesses into CK Hutchison Holdings Limited and simultaneously reallocated them between the Group and Cheung Kong Property Holdings Limited (the "Reorganisation") was completed on 3 June 2015.

As part of the Reorganisation, HWL became a wholly owned subsidiary of the Group upon the completion. In accordance with HKFRS 3 "Business Combinations", the identifiable assets and liabilities of HWL have been re-measured and accounted for at fair value and consolidated into the financial results of the Group.

Furthermore, upon completion of the Reorganisation, certain entities, including Northumbrian Water, Park'N Fly and UK Rails (the "New Consolidated Businesses"), previously co-owned by Cheung Kong (Holdings) Limited and HWL and which the Group now controls, have been accounted for at fair value and consolidated into the financial results of the Group.

Interests in Dutch Enviro Energy (formerly known as AVR), Australian Gas Networks and Wales & West Utilities, acquired as part of the Reorganisation continue to be accounted for using the equity method of accounting as interests in joint venture under HKFRS 11 "Joint Arrangements" and are not consolidated into the financial results of the Group.

Significant Acquisitions and Disposals for Continuing Operations

As part of the Reorganisation, the Group has issued approximately 1,544 million of new shares to acquire, through an all share exchange, the remaining 50.03% of the issued and outstanding equity of HWL, as well as, an additional 6.23% of Husky Energy's shares. The total HWL's cash acquired amounted to HK\$106,313 million.

As part of the Reorganisation, the Group's enlarged property businesses held by Cheung Kong Property Holdings Limited was separately listed following a distribution in specie of Cheung Kong Property Holdings Limited shares. This increased the Group's liquidity by an aggregate amount of HK\$40,649 million comprising cash of HK\$55,000 million from Cheung Kong Property Holdings Limited for settlement of certain intercompany loans, net of bank balances and cash retained by Cheung Kong Property Holdings Limited of HK\$14,351 million of which the interest has been distributed.

In April, prior to the Reorganisation, Cheung Kong (Holdings) Limited advanced £559 million (approximately HK\$6,407 million) to UK Rails, a 50/50 joint venture with Cheung Kong Infrastructure Holdings Limited. UK Rails subsequently acquired a 100% interest in Eversholt Rail Group.

Capital and Net Debt

The Group's total ordinary shareholders' funds and perpetual capital securities amounted to HK\$440,389 million at 30 June 2015.

The cash and cash equivalents of the Group, including the cash and cash equivalents consolidated from HWL and the New Consolidated Businesses and the increased liquidity resulting from the separate listing of Cheung Kong Property Holdings Limited, amounted to HK\$173,855 million as at 30 June 2015. Correspondingly, the Group's consolidated carrying amount of bank and other debts, including the carrying amount of bank and other debts consolidated from HWL and the New Consolidated Businesses amounted to HK\$336,314 million at 30 June 2015.

At 30 June 2015, the consolidated net debt of the Group, excluding interest bearing loans from non-controlling shareholders which are viewed as quasi-equity, was HK\$162,459 million. The Group's net debt to net total capital ratio at 30 June 2015 was 22.4%. The Group's consolidated cash and liquid investments as at 30 June 2015 were sufficient to repay all outstanding consolidated Group debt maturing before 2019.

Changes in Debt Financing

The significant financing activities for the Group including those for HWL in the first half of 2015 were as follows:

- In March, obtained a five-year floating rate term loan facility of HK\$500 million;
- In March, obtained a five-year floating rate revolving loan facility of HK\$500 million;
- In March, obtained a five-year floating rate loan facility of £245 million (approximately HK\$2,801 million) and repaid on maturity a floating rate loan facility of the same amount;
- In March, obtained a one-year floating rate loan facility of £6,000 million (approximately HK\$73,020 million);
- In March, repaid a floating rate loan facility of HK\$400 million on maturity;
- In March, prepaid a floating rate loan facility of HK\$1,000 million maturing in August 2015;
- In March, prepaid a floating rate loan facility of HK\$1,800 million maturing in October 2015;
- In March, prepaid a floating rate loan facility of HK\$400 million maturing in August 2017;
- In April, prepaid a floating rate term loan facility of HK\$500 million maturing in August 2015;
- In April, prepaid a floating rate revolving loan facility of HK\$500 million maturing in August 2015;
- In April, obtained a five-year floating rate loan facility of £250 million (approximately HK\$2,907 million);
- In April, repaid HK\$500 million principal amount of fixed rate notes on maturity;
- In June, repaid US\$500 million (approximately HK\$3,900 million) principal amount of floating rate notes on maturity;

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- In June, repaid €603 million (approximately HK\$5,233 million) principal amount of fixed notes on maturity;
- In June, repaid a floating rate loan facility of THB4,455 million (approximately HK\$1,022 million) on maturity;
- In June, obtained a five-year floating rate loan facility of THB4,500 million (approximately HK\$1,032 million); and
- In June, obtained a three-year floating rate loan facility of US\$165 million (approximately HK\$1,287 million).

Furthermore, the significant financing activities undertaken by the Group following the period ended 30 June 2015 were as follows:

- In July, repaid a floating rate loan facility of HK\$500 million on maturity;
- In July, repaid a floating rate loan facility of HK\$640 million on maturity;
- In July, repaid a floating rate loan facility of US\$82 million (approximately HK\$640 million) on maturity;
- In July, repaid a floating rate loan facility of HK\$1,250 million on maturity;
- In July, prepaid a floating rate loan facility of US\$200 million (approximately HK\$1,560 million) maturing in August 2015;
- In July, prepaid a floating rate loan facility of HK\$1,000 million maturing in September 2015;
- In July, prepaid a floating rate loan facility of HK\$250 million maturing in December 2015;
- In July, prepaid a floating rate loan facility of HK\$650 million maturing in February 2017;
- In July, prepaid a floating rate loan facility of HK\$4,000 million maturing in July 2017;
- In July, prepaid a floating rate loan facility of HK\$700 million maturing in October 2017; and
- In August, repaid a floating rate loan facility of HK\$700 million on maturity.

Liquid Assets

The Group continues to maintain a robust financial position. Liquid assets amounted to HK\$173,855 million at 30 June 2015. Liquid assets were denominated as to 36% in HK dollars. 38% in US dollars. 7% in Renminbi, 6% in Euro, 6% in British Pounds and 7% in other currencies.

Cash and cash equivalents represented 93% of the liquid assets, US Treasury notes and listed/traded debt securities 4% and listed equity securities 3%.

The US Treasury notes and listed/traded debt securities, including those held under managed funds, consisted of US Treasury notes of 55%, government and government guaranteed notes of 22%, notes issued by the Group's associated company, Husky Energy of 4%, notes issued by financial institutions of 3%, and others of 16%. Of these US Treasury notes and listed/traded debt securities, 78% are rated at Aaa/AAA or Aa1/AA+ with an average maturity of 2.3 years on the overall portfolio. The Group has no exposure in mortgage-backed securities, collateralised debt obligations or similar asset classes.

Debt Maturity and Currency Profile

The Group's total bank and other debts at 30 June 2015 amounted to HK\$336,314 million which comprises principal amount of bank and other debts of HK\$321,354 million, and unamortised fair value adjustments to loans and swaps of HK\$14,960 million. The Group's total principal amount of bank and other debts at 30 June 2015 consist of 70% notes and bonds and 30% bank and other loans. Interest bearing loans from non-controlling shareholders, which are viewed as quasi-equity, totalled HK\$5,440 million at 30 June 2015.

The maturity profile of the Group's total principal amount of bank and other debts at 30 June 2015 is set out below:

	HK\$	US\$	Euro	GBP	Others	Total
In remainder of 2015	8%	1%	2%	1%	_	12%
In 2016	2%	1%	7%	_	_	10%
In 2017	3%	11%	7%	3%	2%	26%
In 2018	1%	_	1%	1%	1%	4%
In 2019	1%	6%	_	1%	2%	10%
In 2020 - 2024	1%	9%	6%	6%	1%	23%
In 2025 - 2034	_	4%	_	6%	_	10%
Beyond 2034	_	-	_	5%	-	5%
Total	16%	32%	23%	23%	6%	100%

The non-HK dollar and non-US dollar denominated loans are either directly related to the Group's businesses in the countries of the currencies concerned, or the loans are balanced by assets in the same currencies. None of the Group's consolidated borrowings have credit rating triggers that would accelerate the maturity dates of any outstanding consolidated Group debt.

Secured Financing

At 30 June 2015, assets of the Group totalling HK\$25,863 million were pledged as security for bank and other debts.

Borrowing Facilities Available

Committed borrowing facilities available to Group companies but not drawn at 30 June 2015 amounted to the equivalent of HK\$85,804 million, including £6,000 million facility available on completion of the acquisition of O_2 UK for a term of one year from drawdown.

Contingent Liabilities

At 30 June 2015, the Group provided guarantees in respect of bank and other borrowing facilities to its associated companies and joint ventures totalling HK\$3,400 million, of which HK\$2,795 million has been drawn down as at 30 June 2015, and also provided performance and other guarantees of HK\$4,064 million.

Employee Relations

At 30 June 2015, the Company and its subsidiaries employed 173,305 people (30 June 2014 – 8,200 people). The increased number of employees is the result of the reorganisation of Cheung Kong (Holdings) Limited and Hutchison Whampoa Limited on 3 June 2015. The employee costs for the six-month period, excluding Directors' emoluments, totalled HK\$3,533 million (2014 – HK\$1,097million). The increased employee costs reflects the increased number of employees attributed to the Company for the last month of the reporting period. Including the Group's associated companies, at 30 June 2015, the Group employed 269,444 people of whom 23,699 were employed in Hong Kong. All of the Group's subsidiaries are equal opportunity employers, with the selection and promotion of individuals based on suitability for the position offered. The salary and benefit levels of the Group's employees are kept at a competitive level and employees are rewarded on a performance related basis within the general framework of the Group's salary and bonus system, which is reviewed annually.

The Company does not have a share option scheme for the purchase of ordinary shares in the Company. Certain subsidiaries and associates of the Group offer various equity-linked compensation elements appropriate to their sectors and markets. A wide range of benefits including medical coverage, provident funds and retirement plans and long service awards is also provided to employees. In addition, training and development programmes are provided on an on-going basis throughout the Group. Many social, sporting and recreational activities are arranged for employees on a Group-wide basis. Group employees also participated in community-oriented events.

Purchase, Sale or Redemption of Listed Shares of the Company

During the six months ended 30 June 2015, neither the Company nor any of its subsidiaries has purchased or sold any of the Company's listed shares. In addition, the Company has not redeemed any of its listed shares during the period.

Review of Interim Financial Statements

The unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements of the Company and its subsidiary companies for the six months ended 30 June 2015 have been reviewed by the Company's auditor, PricewaterhouseCoopers, in accordance with Hong Kong Standard on Review Engagements 2410, "Review of Interim Financial Information Performed by the Independent Auditor of the Entity" issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants. The auditor's independent review report is set out on page 50. The unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements of the Company and its subsidiary companies for the six months ended 30 June 2015 have also been reviewed by the Audit Committee of the Company.

Assurance Report on Pro Forma Results

The unaudited management pro forma financial results of the Company and its subsidiary companies for the six months ended 30 June 2015 set out in the section headed Financial Performance Summary in this 2015 Interim Report, prepared for illustrative purposes as if the reorganisation was effective on 1 January 2015, have been reported on by PricewaterhouseCoopers in accordance with Hong Kong Standard on Assurance Engagement 3000 "Assurance Engagements Other than Audits or Reviews of Historical Financial Information" issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants. PricewaterhouseCoopers' independent assurance report is set out on page 134. The unaudited management pro forma financial results of the Company and its subsidiary companies for the six months ended 30 June 2015 have been reviewed by the Audit Committee of the Company.

A waiver from compliance with the requirements under rule 4.29 of the Listing Rules in relation to the unaudited pro forma financial results included in this 2015 Interim Report has been granted by the Stock Exchange, as it would be unduly onerous upon the Company if that rule is required to be fully complied with in the present situation.

Record Date for Interim Dividend

The record date for the purpose of determining shareholders' entitlement to the interim dividend is Wednesday, 23 September 2015.

In order to qualify for the interim dividend payable on Tuesday, 6 October 2015, all transfers, accompanied by the relevant share certificates, must be lodged with the Company's Hong Kong Share Registrar (Computershare Hong Kong Investor Services Limited at Rooms 1712-1716, 17th Floor, Hopewell Centre, 183 Queen's Road East, Wanchai, Hong Kong) for registration no later than 4:30 pm on Wednesday, 23 September 2015.

Corporate Strategy

The primary objective of the Company is to enhance long-term total return for our shareholders. To achieve this objective, the Group's strategy is to place equal emphasis on achieving sustainable recurring earnings growth and maintaining the Group's strong financial profile. The Chairman's Statement and the Operations Highlights contain discussions and analyses of the Group's performance and the basis on which the Group generates or preserves value over the longer term and the basis on which the Group will execute its strategy for delivering the Group's objective.

Management Pro Forma Results

The unaudited management pro forma financial results of the Company and its subsidiary companies for the six months ended 30 June 2015 included in this 2015 Interim Report assume the Reorganisation was effective on 1 January 2015 and also include a number of assumptions and estimates and have been prepared for additional information and illustrative purposes only. Due to their hypothetical nature, they may not reflect the actual financial results of the Group had the Reorganisation become effective on 1 January 2015. The pro forma financial results are no guarantee of the future results of the Group.

The unaudited management pro forma financial results should be read in conjunction with other financial information included elsewhere in this 2015 Interim Report.

Past Performance and Forward Looking Statements

The performance and the results of the operations of the Group contained within this 2015 Interim Report are historical in nature, and past performance is no guarantee of the future results of the Group. Any forward-looking statements and opinions contained within this 2015 Interim Report are based on current plans, estimates and projections, and therefore involve risks and uncertainties. Actual results may differ materially from expectations discussed in such forward-looking statements and opinions. The Group, the Directors, employees and agents of the Group assume (a) no obligation to correct or update the forward-looking statements or opinions contained in this 2015 Interim Report; and (b) no liability in the event that any of the forward-looking statements or opinions do not materialise or turn out to be incorrect.

Disclosure of Interests

Directors' Interests and Short Positions in Shares, Underlying Shares and Debentures

As at 30 June 2015, the interests and short positions of the Directors and chief executive of the Company in the shares, underlying shares and debentures of the Company or any of its associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the Securities and Futures Ordinance (the "SFO")) which were notified to the Company and The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "SEHK") pursuant to Divisions 7 and 8 of Part XV of the SFO (including interests and short positions which the Directors and the chief executive of the Company were deemed or taken to have under such provisions of the SFO), or which were recorded in the register required to be kept by the Company pursuant to Section 352 of the SFO, or as otherwise notified to the Company and the SEHK pursuant to the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors adopted by the Company (the "CKHH Securities Code") were as follows:

(I) Interests and short positions in the shares, underlying shares and debentures of the Company Long positions in the shares of the Company

Name of		Nature of	Number of		Approximate % of
Director	Capacity	Interests	Shares Held	Total	Shareholding
Li Ka-shing	Founder of discretionary trusts	Other interest	1,028,753,254 ⁽¹⁾)		
	Interest of controlled corporations	Corporate interest	132,150,256 ⁽²⁾⁽³⁾))	1,160,903,510	30.0777%
Li Tzar Kuoi, Victor	Beneficiary of trusts	Other interest	1,028,753,254 (1))		
	Beneficial owner	Personal interest	220,000)		
	Interest of controlled corporations	Corporate interest	2,572,350 ⁽²⁾⁽⁴⁾))		
	Interest of spouse	Family interest	200,000)		
	Interest of child	Family interest	205,200 ⁽⁵⁾)	1,031,950,804	26.7367%
Fok Kin Ning, Canning	Interest of a controlled corporation	Corporate interest	4,111,438 (6)	4,111,438	0.1065%
Chow Woo Mo Fong, Susan	Beneficial owner	Personal interest	129,960	129,960	0.0033%
Frank John Sixt	Beneficial owner	Personal interest	136,800	136,800	0.0035%
Kam Hing Lam	Beneficial owner	Personal interest	51,040))		
	Interest of child	Family interest	57,360	108,400	0.0028%

Name of		Nature of	Number of		Approximate % of
Director	Capacity	Interests	Shares Held	Total	Shareholding
Lai Kai Ming, Dominic	Beneficial owner	Personal interest	34,200	34,200	0.0008%
Chow Kun Chee, Roland	Beneficial owner	Personal interest	99,752	99,752	0.0025%
Lee Yeh Kwong, Charles	Beneficial owner	Personal interest	762,124)		
	Interest of spouse	Family interest	37,620)		
	Interest of a controlled corporation	Corporate interest	6,840 ⁽⁷⁾)	806,584	0.0208%
Leung Siu Hon	Beneficial owner	Personal interest	663,968))		
	Interest of spouse	Family interest	84,062	748,030	0.0193%
George Colin Magnus	Founder and/or beneficiary of a discretionary trust	Other interest	833,868 ⁽⁸⁾)		
	Beneficial owner	Personal interest	83,360))		
	Interest of spouse	Family interest	16,771)	933,999	0.0241%
Michael David Kadoorie	Founder, a beneficiary and/or a discretionary object of discretionary trust(s)	Other interest	11,752,120 ⁽⁹⁾	11,752,120	0.3044%
William Shurniak	Beneficial owner	Personal interest	262,860	262,860	0.0068%

Notes:

- (1) The 1,028,753,254 shares of the Company comprise:
 - (a) 936,462,744 shares held by Li Ka-Shing Unity Trustee Company Limited ("TUT1") as trustee of The Li Ka-Shing Unity Trust ("UT1") and its related companies in which TUT1 as trustee of UT1 is entitled to exercise or control the exercise of one-third or more of the voting power at their general meetings ("TUT1 related companies"). Mr Li Ka-shing is the settlor of each of The Li Ka-Shing Unity Discretionary Trust ("DT1") and another discretionary trust ("DT2"). Each of Li Ka-Shing Unity Trustee Corporation Limited ("TDT1", which is the trustee of DT1) and Li Ka-Shing Unity Trustcorp Limited ("TDT2", which is the trustee of DT2) holds units in UT1 but is not entitled to any interest or share in any particular property comprising the trust assets of the said unit trust. The discretionary beneficiaries of each of DT1 and DT2 are, inter alia, Mr Li Tzar Kuoi, Victor, his wife and children, and Mr Li Tzar Kai, Richard.

The entire issued share capital of TUT1, TDT1 and TDT2 are owned by Li Ka-Shing Unity Holdings Limited ("Unity Holdco"). Mr Li Ka-shing and Mr Li Tzar Kuoi, Victor are respectively interested in one-third and two-thirds of the entire issued share capital of Unity Holdco. TUT1 is only interested in the shares of the Company by reason only of its obligation and power to hold interests in those shares in its ordinary course of business as trustee and, when performing its functions as trustee, exercises its power to hold interests in the shares of the Company independently without any reference to Unity Holdco or any of Mr Li Ka-shing and Mr Li Tzar Kuoi, Victor as a holder of the shares of Unity Holdco as aforesaid.

As Mr Li Ka-shing may be regarded as a founder of each of DT1 and DT2 for the purpose of the SFO and Mr Li Tzar Kuoi, Victor is a discretionary beneficiary of each of DT1 and DT2, and by virtue of the above, both Mr Li Ka-shing and Mr Li Tzar Kuoi, Victor are taken to have a duty of disclosure in relation to the shares of the Company held by TUT1 as trustee of UT1 and TUT1 related companies under the SFO as Directors of the Company.

(b) 7,863,264 shares held by Li Ka-Shing Castle Trustee Company Limited ("TUT3") as trustee of The Li Ka-Shing Castle Trust ("UT3"). Mr Li Ka-shing is the settlor of each of two discretionary trusts ("DT3" and "DT4"). Each of Li Ka-Shing Castle Trustee Corporation Limited ("TDT3", which is the trustee of DT3) and Li Ka-Shing Castle Trustcorp Limited ("TDT4", which is the trustee of DT4) holds units in UT3 but is not entitled to any interest or share in any particular property comprising the trust assets of the said unit trust. The discretionary beneficiaries of each of DT3 and DT4 are, inter alia, Mr Li Tzar Kuoi, Victor, his wife and children, and Mr Li Tzar Kai, Richard.

The entire issued share capital of TUT3, TDT3 and TDT4 are owned by Li Ka-Shing Castle Holdings Limited ("Castle Holdco"). Mr Li Ka-Shing and Mr Li Tzar Kuoi, Victor are respectively interested in one-third and two-thirds of the entire issued share capital of Castle Holdco. TUT3 is only interested in the shares of the Company by reason only of its obligation and power to hold interests in those shares in its ordinary course of business as trustee and, when performing its functions as trustee, exercises its power to hold interests in the shares of the Company independently without any reference to Castle Holdco or any of Mr Li Ka-shing and Mr Li Tzar Kuoi, Victor as a holder of the shares of Castle Holdco as aforesaid.

As Mr Li Ka-shing may be regarded as a founder of each of DT3 and DT4 for the purpose of the SFO and Mr Li Tzar Kuoi, Victor is a discretionary beneficiary of each of DT3 and DT4, and by virtue of the above, both Mr Li Ka-shing and Mr Li Tzar Kuoi, Victor are taken to have a duty of disclosure in relation to the said shares of the Company held by TUT3 as trustee of UT3 under the SFO as Directors of the Company.

- (c) 84,427,246 shares held by a company controlled by TDT3 as trustee of DT3.
- (2) Among those shares, 300,000 shares are held by Li Ka Shing Foundation Limited ("LKSF"). By virtue of the terms of the constituent documents of LKSF, Mr Li Ka-shing and Mr Li Tzar Kuoi, Victor may be regarded as having the ability to exercise or control the exercise of one-third or more of the voting power at general meetings of LKSF.
- (3) Among those shares, 131,850,256 shares are held by certain companies of which Mr Li Ka-shing is entitled to exercise or control the exercise of one-third or more of the voting power at their general meetings.
- (4) Among those shares, 2,272,350 shares are held by certain companies of which Mr Li Tzar Kuoi, Victor is entitled to exercise or control the exercise of one-third or more of the voting power at their general meetings.
- (5) Such shares are held by a company in which a child of Mr Li Tzar Kuoi, Victor is entitled to exercise or control the exercise of one-third or more of voting power at its general meetings.

- (6) Such shares are held by a company which is equally controlled by Mr Fok Kin Ning, Canning and his spouse.
- (7) Such shares are held by a company of which Mr Lee Yeh Kwong, Charles is interested in the entire issued share capital.
- (8) 184,000 shares are held by a company controlled by a trust under which Mr George Colin Magnus is a discretionary beneficiary and 649,868 shares are indirectly held by a discretionary trust of which Mr George Colin Magnus is the settlor and/or a discretionary beneficiary.
- (9) Such shares are ultimately held by discretionary trust(s) of which The Hon Sir Michael David Kadoorie is either the founder, a beneficiary and/or a discretionary object.

(II) Interests and short positions in the shares, underlying shares and debentures of the associated corporations of the Company

Long positions in the shares, underlying shares and debentures of the associated corporations of the Company

As at 30 June 2015, Mr Li Ka-shing and Mr Li Tzar Kuoi, Victor, as Directors of the Company, were deemed to be interested in the following by virtue of, inter alia, their interests as described in Note (1) above:

- (i) 5,428,000 ordinary shares, representing approximately 0.21% of the then issued voting shares, in Cheung Kong Infrastructure Holdings Limited ("CKI") held by TUT1 as trustee of UT1;
- (ii) 153,280 ordinary shares, representing approximately 0.003% of the then issued voting shares, in Hutchison Telecommunications Hong Kong Holdings Limited ("HTHKH") held by TUT3 as trustee of UT3;
- (iii) 288,512,005 common shares, representing approximately 29.32% of the then issued voting shares, in Husky Energy Inc. ("Husky Energy") held by a company controlled by TDT3 as trustee of DT3;
- (iv) 15,000,000 ordinary shares, representing approximately 15% of the then issued voting shares, in Beautiland Company Limited held by a wholly owned subsidiary of TUT1 as trustee of UT1; and
- (v) 75 ordinary shares, representing approximately 1.53% of the then issued voting shares, in Kobert Limited held by a wholly owned subsidiary of TUT1 as trustee of UT1.

Mr Li Ka-shing and Mr Li Tzar Kuoi, Victor were deemed to be interested in (i) 7,870,000 share stapled units, representing approximately 0.08% of the then issued voting share stapled units, in HK Electric Investments ("HKEI") and HK Electric Investments Limited ("HKEIL") of which 5,170,000 share stapled units are held by LKSF and 2,700,000 share stapled units are held by a wholly owned subsidiary of Li Ka Shing (Overseas) Foundation ("LKSOF"); and (ii) 2,835,759,715 ordinary shares, representing approximately 29.50% of the then issued voting shares, in CK Life Sciences Int'l., (Holdings) Inc. ("CKLS") held by wholly owned subsidiaries of LKSF. By virtue of the terms of the constituent documents of LKSF and LKSOF, Mr Li Ka-shing and Mr Li Tzar Kuoi, Victor may be regarded as having the ability to exercise or control the exercise of one-third or more of the voting power at general meetings of LKSF and LKSOF.

In addition, Mr Li Ka-shing had, as at 30 June 2015, corporate interests in (i) a nominal amount of US\$9,100,000 in the 6.625% Guaranteed Perpetual Capital Securities issued by PHBS Limited; and (ii) 403,979,499 ordinary shares, representing approximately 8.38% of the then issued voting shares, in HTHKH, which are held by companies of which Mr Li Ka-shing is entitled to exercise or control the exercise of one-third or more of the voting power at their general meetings.

Mr Li Tzar Kuoi, Victor had, as at 30 June 2015, the following interests:

- (i) personal interests in 2,250,000 ordinary shares, representing approximately 0.02% of the then issued voting shares, in CKLS held in his capacity as a beneficial owner;
- (ii) family interests in (a) 151,000 ordinary shares, representing approximately 0.007% of the then issued voting shares, in Power Assets Holdings Limited ("Power Assets") held by his spouse; and (b) 192,000 ordinary shares, representing approximately 0.003% of the then issued voting shares, in HTHKH held by a company in which his child is entitled to exercise or control the exercise of one-third or more of voting power at its general meetings; and
- (iii) corporate interests in (a) a nominal amount of US\$45,792,000 in the 7.625% Notes due 2019 issued by Hutchison Whampoa International (09) Limited; (b) 2,519,250 ordinary shares, representing approximately 0.05% of the then issued voting shares, in HTHKH; (c) a nominal amount of US\$35,395,000 in the Subordinated Guaranteed Perpetual Capital Securities issued by Hutchison Whampoa International (10) Limited ("HWI(10)"); and (d) a nominal amount of US\$16,800,000 in the Subordinated Guaranteed Perpetual Capital Securities issued by Hutchison Whampoa International (12) Limited, which are held by companies of which Mr Li Tzar Kuoi, Victor is entitled to exercise or control the exercise of one-third or more of the voting power at their general meetings.

Mr Fok Kin Ning, Canning had, as at 30 June 2015, the following interests:

- (i) corporate interests in (a) a nominal amount of US\$4,000,000 in the 5.75% Notes due 2019 issued by Hutchison Whampoa International (09/19) Limited; (b) a nominal amount of US\$2,000,000 in the 7.25% Notes due 2019 issued by Husky Energy; and (c) a nominal amount of US\$5,000,000 in the Subordinated Guaranteed Perpetual Capital Securities issued by HWI(10);
- (ii) 5,100,000 ordinary shares, representing approximately 0.03% of the then issued voting shares, in Hutchison Telecommunications (Australia) Limited ("HTAL") comprising personal and corporate interests in 4,100,000 ordinary shares and 1,000,000 ordinary shares respectively;
- (iii) corporate interests in 1,202,380 ordinary shares, representing approximately 0.02% of the then issued voting shares, in HTHKH;
- (iv) corporate interests in 250,000 common shares, representing approximately 0.02% of the then issued voting shares, in Husky Energy;
- (v) corporate interests in 2,000,000 share stapled units, representing approximately 0.02% of the then issued voting share stapled units, in HKEI and HKEIL; and
- (vi) corporate interests in 1,500,000 ordinary shares, representing approximately 0.01% of the then issued voting shares, in CKLS.

Mr Fok Kin Ning, Canning holds the above personal interests in his capacity as a beneficial owner and holds the above corporate interests through a company which is equally controlled by Mr Fok and his spouse.

Mrs Chow Woo Mo Fong, Susan in her capacity as a beneficial owner had, as at 30 June 2015, personal interests in 250,000 ordinary shares, representing approximately 0.005% of the then issued voting shares, in HTHKH.

Mr Frank John Sixt in his capacity as a beneficial owner had, as at 30 June 2015, personal interests in (i) 1,000,000 ordinary shares, representing approximately 0.007% of the then issued voting shares, in HTAL; (ii) 17,000 American depositary shares (each representing 15 ordinary shares), representing approximately 0.005% of the then issued voting shares, in HTHKH; (iii) 39,345 common shares, representing approximately 0.003% of the then issued voting shares, in Husky Energy; (iv) a nominal amount of US\$1,000,000 in the Subordinated Guaranteed Perpetual Capital Securities issued by HWI(10); and (v) 900,000 ordinary shares, representing approximately 0.009% of the then issued voting shares, in CKLS.

Mr Ip Tak Chuen, Edmond in his capacity as a beneficial owner had, as at 30 June 2015, personal interests in (i) 1,300,000 share stapled units, representing approximately 0.01% of the then issued voting share stapled units, in HKEI and HKEIL; (ii) 249,281 common shares, representing approximately 0.02% of the then issued voting shares, in Husky Energy; and (iii) 2,250,000 ordinary shares, representing approximately 0.02% of the then issued voting shares, in CKLS.

Mr Kam Hing Lam had, as at 30 June 2015, the following interests:

- (i) personal interests in 100,000 ordinary shares, representing approximately 0.003% of the then issued voting shares, in CKI held in his capacity as a beneficial owner; and
- (ii) family interests in (a) 100,000 ordinary shares, representing approximately 0.004% of the then issued voting shares, in Power Assets; (b) 1,025,000 share stapled units, representing approximately 0.01% of the then issued voting share stapled units, in HKEI and HKEIL; and (c) 6,225,000 ordinary shares, representing approximately 0.06% of the then issued voting shares, in CKLS, which are held by his child.

Mr Chow Kun Chee, Roland in his capacity as a beneficial owner had, as at 30 June 2015, personal interests in (i) 10,000 ordinary shares, representing approximately 0.0003% of the then issued voting shares, in CKI; (ii) 903,936 ordinary shares, representing approximately 0.009% of the then issued voting shares, in CKLS; (iii) 134,918 ordinary shares, representing approximately 0.006% of the then issued voting shares, in Power Assets; (iv) 582,000 ordinary shares, representing approximately 0.01% of the then issued voting shares, in TOM Group Limited ("TOM"); and (v) 33,730 share stapled units, representing approximately 0.0003% of the then issued voting share stapled units, in HKEI and HKEIL.

Mr Lee Yeh Kwong, Charles had, as at 30 June 2015, the following interests:

- (i) 247,000 ordinary shares, representing approximately 0.01% of the then issued voting shares, in Power Assets comprising corporate interests in 100,000 ordinary shares held through a company of which Mr Lee is interested in the entire issued share capital and family interests in 147,000 ordinary shares held by his spouse;
- (ii) family interests in 1,500 common shares, representing approximately 0.0001% of the then issued voting shares, in Husky Energy held by his spouse; and
- (iii) corporate interests in 25,000 share stapled units, representing approximately 0.0002% of the then issued voting share stapled units, in HKEI and HKEIL held through a company of which Mr Lee is interested in the entire issued share capital.

Mr Leung Siu Hon had, as at 30 June 2015, the following interests:

- (i) 2,106,000 share stapled units, representing approximately 0.02% of the then issued voting share stapled units, in HKEI and HKEIL comprising personal interests in 1,200,000 share stapled units held in his capacity as a beneficial owner and family interests in 906,000 share stapled units held by his spouse;
- (ii) personal interests in 100,000 ordinary shares, representing approximately 0.002% of the then issued voting shares, in TOM held in his capacity as a beneficial owner; and
- (iii) 1,693,100 ordinary shares, representing approximately 0.01% of the then issued voting shares, in CKLS comprising (a) personal interests in 1,688,130 ordinary shares held in his capacity as a beneficial owner; (b) family interests in 2,000 ordinary shares held by his spouse; and (c) corporate interests in 2,970 ordinary shares held by a company which is wholly owned by Mr Leung and his wife.

Mr George Colin Magnus had, as at 30 June 2015, the following interests:

- (i) 13,333 ordinary shares, representing approximately 0.0002% of the then issued voting shares, in HTHKH comprising personal interests in 13,201 ordinary shares held in his capacity as a beneficial owner and family interests in 132 ordinary shares held by his spouse;
- (ii) personal interests in 34,239 common shares and 25,159 unlisted and physically settled Deferred Share Units (each representing 1 common share), in aggregate representing approximately 0.006% of the then issued voting shares, in Husky Energy held in his capacity as a beneficial owner: and
- (iii) 765,000 ordinary shares, representing approximately 0.007% of the then issued voting shares, in CKLS comprising (a) personal interests in 753,360 ordinary shares held in his capacity as a beneficial owner; (b) family interests in 600 ordinary shares held by his spouse; and (c) other interests in 11,040 ordinary shares held by a company controlled by a trust of which Mr George Colin Magnus is a discretionary beneficiary.

Mr Kwok Tun-li, Stanley had, as at 30 June 2015, the following interests:

- (i) personal interests in 20,173 common shares, representing approximately 0.002% of the then issued voting shares, in Husky Energy held in his capacity as a beneficial owner; and
- (ii) family interests in 200,000 ordinary shares, representing approximately 0.002% of the then issued voting shares, in CKLS held by his spouse.

Ms Lee Wai Mun, Rose had, as at 30 June 2015, the following interests:

- (i) personal interests in 2,200 ordinary shares, representing approximately 0.0001% of the then issued voting shares, in Power Assets held in her capacity as a beneficial owner; and
- (ii) 42,634 common shares, representing approximately 0.004% of the then issued voting shares, in Husky Energy comprising corporate interests in 10,000 common shares held through a company of which Ms Lee is interested in the entire issued share capital and other interests in 32,634 common shares held jointly with another person.

Mr William Shurniak in his capacity as a beneficial owner had, as at 30 June 2015, personal interests in (i) 26,624 common shares, representing approximately 0.002% of the then issued voting shares, in Husky Energy; and (ii) 225,000 ordinary shares, representing approximately 0.002% of the then issued voting shares, in CKLS.

Save as disclosed above, as at 30 June 2015, none of the Directors or chief executive of the Company and their respective associates had any interest or short position in the shares, underlying shares and debentures of the Company or any of its associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the SFO) as recorded in the register required to be kept by the Company pursuant to Section 352 of the SFO, or as otherwise notified to the Company and the SEHK pursuant to the CKHH Securities Code.

Certain Directors held qualifying shares in certain subsidiaries of the Company on trust for other subsidiaries.

Interests and Short Positions of Shareholders Discloseable under the SFO

So far as is known to the Directors and chief executive of the Company, as at 30 June 2015, other than the interests of the Directors and chief executive of the Company as disclosed above, the following persons had interests or short positions in the shares or underlying shares of the Company which would fall to be disclosed to the Company under the provisions of Divisions 2 and 3 of Part XV of the SFO, or which were recorded in the register required to be kept by the Company under Section 336 of the SFO, or as otherwise notified to the Company and the SEHK:

(I) Interests and short positions of substantial shareholders in the shares and underlying shares of the Company

Long positions in the shares of the Company

Name	Capacity	Number of Shares Held	Approximate % of Shareholding
Li Ka-Shing Unity Trustee Corporation Limited ("TDT1") as trustee of The Li Ka-Shing Unity Discretionary Trust	Trustee and beneficiary of a trust	936,462,744 (1)	24.26%
Li Ka-Shing Unity Trustcorp Limited ("TDT2") as trustee of another discretionary trust	Trustee and beneficiary of a trust	936,462,744(1)	24.26%
Li Ka-Shing Unity Trustee Company Limited ("TUT1") as trustee of The Li Ka-Shing Unity Trust	Trustee	936,462,744 (1)	24.26%

(II) Interests and short positions of other persons in the shares and underlying shares of the Company

(a) Long positions in the shares and underlying shares of the Company

Name	Capacity	Number of Shares/ Underlying Shares Held	Total	Approximate % of Shareholding
JPMorgan Chase & Co.	Beneficial owner	34,172,029)		
)		
	Investment manager	53,295,660)		
)		
	Trustee	31,869)		
)		
	Custodian corporation/	209,183,243)		
	approved lending agen	t)	296,682,801 ⁽²⁾	7.68%

(b) Short positions in the shares and underlying shares of the Company

Name	Capacity	Number of Shares/ Underlying Shares Held	Total	Approximate % of Shareholding
JPMorgan Chase & Co.	Beneficial owner	10,592,422	10,592,422 (3)	0.27%

(c) Lending pool in the shares and underlying shares of the Company

Name	Capacity	Number of Shares/ Underlying Shares Held	Total	Approximate % of Shareholding
JPMorgan Chase & Co.	Custodian corporation/ approved lending agent	209,183,243	209,183,243	5.41%

Notes:

- (1) The three references to 936,462,744 shares of the Company relate to the same block of shares of the Company. Of these 936,462,744 shares of the Company, 913,378,704 shares of the Company are held by TUT1 as trustee of UT1 and 23,084,040 shares of the Company are held by companies controlled by TUT1 as trustee of UT1. Each of TDT1, TDT2 and TUT1 is taken to have a duty of disclosure in relation to the said shares of the Company as described in Note (1)(a) under the section titled "Directors' Interests and Short Positions in Shares, Underlying Shares and Debentures" under the SFO.
- (2) Such long position includes derivative interests in 13,448,565 underlying shares of the Company of which 9,221,114 underlying shares are derived from listed and physically settled derivatives, 111,131 underlying shares are derived from listed and cash settled derivatives, 443,721 underlying shares are derived from unlisted and physically settled derivatives and 3,672,599 underlying shares are derived from unlisted and cash settled derivatives.
- (3) Such short position includes derivative interests in 9,144,023 underlying shares of the Company of which 1,912,189 underlying shares are derived from listed and physically settled derivatives, 3,287,966 underlying shares are derived from listed and cash settled derivatives, 71,269 underlying shares are derived from unlisted and physically settled derivatives and 3,872,599 underlying shares are derived from unlisted and cash settled derivatives.

Save as disclosed above, as at 30 June 2015, no other person (other than Directors and chief executive of the Company) had any interest or short position in the shares or underlying shares of the Company as recorded in the register required to be kept by the Company under Section 336 of the SFO, or as otherwise notified to the Company and the SEHK.

Share Option Schemes

The Company has no share option scheme but certain of the Company's subsidiary companies have adopted share option schemes.

Employees' share option scheme interests in the Company's subsidiary companies for the six months ended 30 June 2015 are set out below:

(I) Hutchison 3G UK Holdings Limited ("3 UK")

On 20 May 2004, **3** UK adopted a share option scheme (the "**3** UK Plan") for the grant of options to acquire ordinary shares in the share capital of **3** UK (the "**3** UK Shares"). The **3** UK Plan is valid and effective during the period commencing on 20 May 2004 and ending on 20 May 2014, being the tenth anniversary of the date on which the **3** UK Plan was adopted. Following the expiry of the **3** UK Plan, no further share options can be granted under the **3** UK Plan but the provisions of the **3** UK Plan will remain in full force and effect to the extent necessary to give effect to the exercise of any share options granted prior to the end of the validity period or otherwise to the extent as may be required in accordance with the provision of the **3** UK Plan.

Particulars of share options outstanding under the **3** UK Plan at the beginning and at the end of the financial period for the six months ended 30 June 2015 and share options granted, exercised, cancelled or lapsed under the **3** UK Plan during such period were as follows:

Category of participant	Effective date of grant or date of grant of share options (1)	Number of share options held as at 1 January 2015	Granted during the six months ended 30 June 2015	Exercised during the six months ended 30 June 2015	Lapsed/ cancelled during the six months ended 30 June 2015	Number of share options held as at 30 June 2015	Exercise period of share options	Exercise price of share options		ce of Share on exercise date of share options
Employees in aggregate	27.1.2005	90,000	-	-	(90,000)	-	From Listing ⁽²⁾ to 26.1.2015	1.35	1.00	N/A
	11.7.2005	130,000	-	-	-	130,000	From Listing to 10.7.2015	1.35	1.00	N/A
	7.9.2007	222,750	-	-	(30,000)	192,750	From Listing to 6.9.2017	1.35	1.00	N/A
Total:		442,750	-	-	(120,000)	322,750				

Notes:

- (1) The share options granted to certain founders of **3** UK shall vest as to 50% on the date of (and immediately following) a Listing, as to a further 25% on the date one calendar year after a Listing and as to the final 25% on the date two calendar years after a Listing. The share options granted to non-founders of **3** UK shall vest as to one-third on the date of (and immediately following) a Listing, as to a further one-third on the date one calendar year after a Listing and as to the final one-third on the date two calendar years after a Listing.
- (2) Listing refers to an application to be made to the Financial Services Authority for admission to the official list of the ordinary share capital of **3** UK or to have the **3** UK Shares admitted to trading on AIM, a market regulated by the London Stock Exchange, or in the United Kingdom or elsewhere.
- (3) Nominal value of **3** UK Shares on date of grant set out for reference only.

As at 30 June 2015, 3 UK had 322,750 share options outstanding under the 3 UK Plan.

(II) Hutchison China MediTech Limited ("Chi-Med")

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On 18 May 2006, Chi-Med adopted a share option scheme (the "Chi-Med Plan") for the grant of options to acquire ordinary shares in the share capital of Chi-Med (the "Chi-Med Shares"). The Chi-Med Plan is valid and effective during the period commencing on 18 May 2006 and ending on 17 May 2016, being the date falling 10 years from the date on which the Chi-Med Plan was adopted.

Particulars of share options outstanding under the Chi-Med Plan at the beginning and at the end of the financial period for the six months ended 30 June 2015 and share options granted, exercised, cancelled or lapsed under the Chi-Med Plan during such period were as follows:

Name or category of participant	Effective date of grant or date of grant of share options	Number of share options held as at 1 January 2015	Granted during the six months ended 30 June 2015	Exercised during the six months ended 30 June 2015	Lapsed/ cancelled during the six months ended 30 June 2015	Number of share options held as at 30 June 2015	Exercise period of share options	Exercise price of share options		ice of led Share on exercise date of share options
Directors										
Cheng Chig Fung, Johnny	25.8.2008 (1)	64,038	-	(64,038)	-	-	25.8.2008 to 24.8.2018	1.26	1.26 (4)	13.25 (5)
Other employees in aggregate	11.9.2006 (2)	26,808	-	-	-	26,808	11.9.2006 to 18.5.2016	1.715	1.715 (4)	N/A
	18.5.2007 (3)	40,857	-	(3,000)	-	37,857	18.5.2007 to 17.5.2017	1.535	1.535 (4)	17.90 (5)
	1.12.2010 (1)	100,000	-	(100,000)	-	-	1.12.2010 to 30.11.2020	4.967	4.85 (4)	17.90 (5)
	24.6.2011 (1)	150,000	-	(56,250)	-	93,750	24.6.2011 to 23.6.2021	4.405	4.4 (4)	16.00 (5)
	20.12.2013 (1)	302,700	-	-	-	302,700	20.12.2013 to 19.12.2023	6.1	6.1 (4)	N/A
Total:		684,403	-	(223,288)	-	461,115	_			

Notes:

- (1) The share options granted are exercisable subject to, amongst other relevant vesting criteria, the vesting schedule of 25% on each of the first, second, third and fourth anniversaries of the date of grant of share options.
- (2) The share options granted are exercisable subject to, amongst other relevant vesting criteria, the vesting schedule of one-third on each of 19 May 2007, 19 May 2008 and 19 May 2009.
- (3) The share options granted are exercisable subject to, amongst other relevant vesting criteria, the vesting schedule of one-third on each of the first, second and third anniversaries of the date of grant of share options.
- (4) The stated price was the closing price of the Chi-Med Shares quoted on AIM on the trading day immediately prior to the date of grant of share options.
- (5) The stated price was the weighted average closing price of the Chi-Med Shares quoted on AIM on the trading day immediately prior to the date on which the share options were exercised.

As at 30 June 2015, Chi-Med had 461,115 share options outstanding under the Chi-Med Plan.

No share option was granted under the Chi-Med Plan during the six months ended 30 June 2015.

(III) Hutchison Telecommunications (Australia) Limited ("HTAL")

On 1 June 2007, HTAL adopted a share option plan (the "HTAL Plan") for the grant of options to acquire ordinary shares in the share capital of HTAL. The HTAL Plan is valid and effective during the period commencing on 1 June 2007 and ending on 31 May 2017, being the date falling 10 years from the date on which the HTAL Plan was adopted.

There were no share options outstanding under the HTAL Plan during the financial period for the six months ended 30 June 2015 nor any share option was granted, exercised, cancelled or lapsed under the HTAL Plan during such period.

(IV) Hutchison Telecommunications Hong Kong Holdings Limited ("HTHKH")

On 6 April 2009, HTHKH conditionally adopted a share option scheme (the "HTHKH Plan") for the grant of options to acquire ordinary shares in the share capital of HTHKH (the "HTHKH Shares"). The HTHKH Plan is valid and effective during the period commencing on 21 May 2009 and ending on 20 May 2019, being the date falling 10 years from the date on which the HTHKH Plan became unconditional.

Particulars of share options outstanding under the HTHKH Plan at the beginning and at the end of the financial period for the six months ended 30 June 2015 and share options granted, exercised, cancelled or lapsed under the HTHKH Plan during such period were as follows:

Category of participant	Date of grant of share options ⁽¹⁾	Number of share options held as at 1 January 2015	Granted during the six months ended 30 June 2015	Exercised during the six months ended 30 June 2015	Lapsed/ cancelled during the six months ended 30 June 2015	Number of share options held as at 30 June 2015	Exercise period of share options	Exercise price of share options ⁽²⁾ HK\$		ice of KH Share on exercise date of share options HKS
Employees in aggregate	1.6.2009	200,000	-	-	-	200,000	1.6.2009 to 31.5.2019	1.00	0.96	N/A
Total:		200,000	-	-	-	200,000				

Notes:

- (1) The share options were vested according to a schedule, namely, as to as close to one-third of the HTHKH Shares which are subject to the share options as possible on each of 1 June 2009, 23 November 2009 and 23 November 2010, and provided that for the vesting to occur the grantee has to remain an Eligible Participant (as defined in the HTHKH Plan) on such vesting date.
- (2) The exercise price of the share options is subject to adjustment in accordance with the provisions of the HTHKH Plan.
- (3) The stated price was the closing price of the HTHKH Shares on the SEHK on the trading day immediately prior to the date of grant of share options.

As at 30 June 2015, HTHKH had 200,000 share options outstanding under the HTHKH Plan.

No share option was granted under the HTHKH Plan during the six months ended 30 June 2015.

Corporate Governance

The Company strives to attain and maintain high standards of corporate governance best suited to the needs and interests of the Company and its subsidiaries (the "Group") as it believes that effective corporate governance practices are fundamental to safeguarding interests of shareholders and other stakeholders and enhancing shareholder value. Accordingly, the Company has adopted and applied corporate governance principles that emphasise a quality board of Directors (the "Board"), effective internal controls, stringent disclosure practices, transparency and accountability. It is, in addition, committed to continuously improving these practices and inculcating an ethical corporate culture.

Compliance with the Corporate Governance Code

The Company has complied throughout the period from 18 March 2015 (date of listing) to 30 June 2015 with all code provisions of the Corporate Governance Code contained in Appendix 14 of the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Listing Rules"), other than those in respect of the nomination committee. The Company has considered the merits of establishing a nomination committee but is of the view that it is in the best interests of the Company that the Board collectively reviews, deliberates on and approves the structure, size and composition of the Board as well as the appointment of any new Director, as and when appropriate. The Board is tasked with ensuring that it has a balanced composition of skills and experience appropriate for the requirements of the businesses of the Group and that appropriate individuals with the relevant expertise and leadership qualities are appointed to the Board to complement the capabilities of the existing Directors. In addition, the Board as a whole is also responsible for reviewing the succession plan for Directors, including the Chairman of the Board and the Group Co-Managing Directors.

Compliance with the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of the Company

The Board has adopted the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Issuers (the "CKHH Securities Code") set out in Appendix 10 of the Listing Rules as the code of conduct regulating Directors' dealings in securities of the Company. In response to specific enquiries made, all Directors have confirmed that they have complied with the CKHH Securities Code in their securities transactions throughout the accounting period covered by this interim report.

Changes in Information of Directors

Pursuant to Rule 13.51B of the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "SEHK"), the changes in information of Directors of the Company subsequent to the date of the 2014 Annual Report of the Company or the date of his/her appointment as Director of the Company (whichever is later) are set out below:

Name of Director	Details of Changes
Li Ka-shing	 Re-designated: from Chairman and Executive Director to Director of Cheung Kong (Holdings) Limited (1) ("Cheung Kong") on 3 June 2015 from Chairman and Executive Director to Director of Hutchison Whampoa Limited (2) ("HWL") on 8 June 2015
	Ceased to be a member of Remuneration Committee of Cheung Kong $^{(1)}$ and HWL $^{(2)}$ on 3 June 2015 and 8 June 2015 respectively
Li Tzar Kuoi, Victor	Re-designated:
	 from Executive Director, Managing Director and Deputy Chairman to Executive Director, Group Co-Managing Director and Deputy Chairman of the Company on 3 June 2015
	- from Executive Director, Managing Director and Deputy Chairman to Director of Cheung Kong ⁽¹⁾ on 3 June 2015
	- from Executive Director and Deputy Chairman to Director of HWL (2) on 8 June 2015
	Ceased to act as Chairman of the Executive Committee of the Company on 3 June 2015
	Appointed as Chairman of the Executive Committee of Cheung Kong Property Holdings Limited ⁽³⁾ ("Cheung Kong Property") on 3 June 2015
Fok Kin Ning, Canning	Re-designated:
	- from Non-executive Director to Executive Director and Group Co-Managing Director of the Company on 3 June 2015
	- from Non-executive Director to Director of Cheung Kong ⁽¹⁾ on 3 June 2015
	- from Executive Director and Group Managing Director to Director of HWL ⁽²⁾ on 8 June 2015
Chow Woo Mo Fong, Susan	Re-designated from Executive Director and Deputy Group Managing Director to Director of HWL $^{(2)}$ on 8 June 2015
Frank John Sixt	Re-designated:
	 from Non-executive Director to Executive Director, Group Finance Director and Deputy Managing Director of the Company on 3 June 2015
	- from Non-executive Director to Director of Cheung Kong (1) on 3 June 2015
	- from Executive Director and Group Finance Director to Director of HWL ⁽²⁾ on 8 June 2015
	Appointed as Alternate Director to Mr Li Tzar Kuoi, Victor, Non-executive Director of HK Electric Investments Manager Limited as the trustee-manager of HK Electric Investments (4) ("HKEI"), and HK Electric Investments Limited (4) ("HKEIL") on 9 June 2015

Name of Director	Details of Changes
Ip Tak Chuen, Edmond	Ceased to be a member of the Executive Committee of the Company on 3 June 2015
	Re-designated from Executive Director and Deputy Managing Director to Director of Cheung Kong ⁽¹⁾ on 3 June 2015
	Resigned as:
	- Non-executive Director of ARA Asset Management (Fortune) Limited as the manager of Fortune Real Estate Investments Trust (5) on 1 June 2015
	- Non-executive Director of AVIC International Holding (HK) Limited ⁽³⁾ on 23 June 2015
	Appointed as a member of the Executive Committee of Cheung Kong Property ⁽³⁾ on 3 June 2015
Kam Hing Lam	Ceased to be a member of the Executive Committee of the Company on 3 June 2015
	Re-designated: - from Executive Director and Deputy Managing Director to Director of Cheung Kong ⁽¹⁾ on 3 June 2015 - from Executive Director to Director of HWL ⁽²⁾ on 8 June 2015
	Appointed as a member of the Executive Committee of Cheung Kong Property ⁽³⁾ on 3 June 2015
Lai Kai Ming, Dominic	Re-designated from Executive Director to Director of HWL ⁽²⁾ on 8 June 2015
Chow Kun Chee, Roland	Resigned as Non-executive Director of Cheung Kong (1) on 3 June 2015
Lee Yeh Kwong, Charles	Resigned as:
	- Non-executive Director of Cheung Kong (1) on 3 June 2015
	- Non-executive Director of HWL ⁽²⁾ on 8 June 2015
Leung Siu Hon	Resigned as Non-executive Director of Cheung Kong ⁽¹⁾ on 3 June 2015
George Colin Magnus	Resigned as:
	- Non-executive Director of Cheung Kong ⁽¹⁾ on 3 June 2015
	- Non-executive Director of HWL ⁽²⁾ on 8 June 2015
Kwok Tun-li, Stanley	Ceased to be a member of Remuneration Committee of the Company on 3 June 2015
	Resigned as Independent Non-executive Director and ceased to be a member of Audit Committee and Remuneration Committee of Cheung Kong ⁽¹⁾ on 3 June 2015
Cheng Hoi Chuen, Vincent	Resigned as Independent Non-executive Director and ceased to be a member of Audit Committee and Remuneration Committee of HWL ⁽²⁾ on 8 June 2015

Name of Director	Details of Changes
Michael David Kadoorie	Resigned as Independent Non-executive Director of HWL ⁽²⁾ on 24 July 2015
Lee Wai Mun, Rose	Appointed as a member of Remuneration Committee of Swire Pacific Limited (3) on 21 May 2015
	Resigned as Independent Non-executive Director of HWL ⁽²⁾ on 8 June 2015
William Shurniak	Resigned as Independent Non-executive Director and ceased to be a member of Audit Committee of HWL $^{(2)}$ on 8 June 2015
Wong Chung Hin	Resigned as Independent Non-executive Director and ceased to be Chairman of Audit Committee and Remuneration Committee of HWL $^{(2)}$ on 8 June 2015
Wong Yick-ming, Rosanna	Resigned as Independent Non-executive Director and ceased to be Chairman of Remuneration Committee of Cheung Kong ⁽¹⁾ on 3 June 2015
	Ceased to be Alternate Director to Mr Simon Murray, then Independent Non-executive Director of the Company and Cheung Kong $^{(1)}$, on 3 June 2015
William Elkin Mocatta	Ceased to be Alternate Director to The Hon Sir Michael David Kadoorie, then Independent Non-executive Director of HWL ⁽²⁾ , on 24 July 2015

Notes:

- (1) Its listing status on the SEHK was replaced by the Company on 18 March 2015.
- (2) The listing of its shares on the SEHK was withdrawn on 3 June 2015.
- (3) A company whose shares are listed on the Main Board of the SEHK.
- (4) The share stapled units jointly issued by HKEI and HKEIL are listed on the Main Board of the SEHK.
- (5) An investment trust whose units are listed on the Main Board of the SEHK and Singapore Exchange Securities Trading Limited.

Report on Review of Interim Financial Report

TO THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS OF CK HUTCHISON HOLDINGS LIMITED

(incorporated in the Cayman Islands with limited liability)

Introduction

We have reviewed the interim financial report set out on pages 51 to 133, which comprises the condensed consolidated statement of financial position of CK Hutchison Holdings Limited (the "Company") and its subsidiaries (together, the "Group") as at 30 June 2015 and the related condensed consolidated income statement, the condensed consolidated statement of comprehensive income, the condensed consolidated statement of changes in equity and the condensed consolidated statement of cash flows for the six-month period then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory notes. The Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited require the preparation of a report on interim financial report to be in compliance with the relevant provisions thereof and Hong Kong Accounting Standard 34 "Interim Financial Reporting" issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants. The directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation and presentation of this interim financial report in accordance with Hong Kong Accounting Standard 34 "Interim Financial Reporting". Our responsibility is to express a conclusion on this interim financial report based on our review and to report our conclusion solely to you, as a body, in accordance with our agreed terms of engagement and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility towards or accept liability to any other person for the contents of this report.

Scope of Review

We conducted our review in accordance with Hong Kong Standard on Review Engagements 2410, "Review of Interim Financial Information Performed by the Independent Auditor of the Entity" issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants. A review of interim financial report consists of making inquiries, primarily of persons responsible for financial and accounting matters, and applying analytical and other review procedures. A review is substantially less in scope than an audit conducted in accordance with Hong Kong Standards on Auditing and consequently does not enable us to obtain assurance that we would become aware of all significant matters that might be identified in an audit. Accordingly, we do not express an audit opinion.

Conclusion

Based on our review, nothing has come to our attention that causes us to believe that the interim financial report is not prepared, in all material respects, in accordance with Hong Kong Accounting Standard 34 "Interim Financial Reporting".

PricewaterhouseCoopers

Certified Public Accountants

Hong Kong, 25 August 2015

Interim Financial Statements

Condensed Consolidated Income Statement

for the six months ended 30 June 2015

			Unau	dited
				As reclassified
Unaudited 2015			2015	Note 2 2014
US\$ millions		Note	HK\$ millions	HK\$ millions
	Continuing operations	_		
3,339	Revenue	5	26,046	698
(1,419)	Cost of inventories sold		(11,067)	(520)
(422)	Staff costs		(3,291)	(530)
(231)	Telecommunications customer acquisition costs	_	(1,804)	- (7)
(197)	Depreciation and amortisation	5	(1,540)	(7)
(481)	Other operating income (expenses)		(3,755)	545
1,815	Profits on disposal of investments and others	6	14,158	_
549	Share of profits less losses of: Associated companies before profits on disposal of investments and oth	orc	4 202	5,159
183	Joint ventures	ICIS	4,283 1,431	761
(25)	Associated companies' profits on disposal of investments and others	6	(196)	7,455
(25)	Associated companies, bronts on disposal of investments and others	О	(196)	7,455
3,111			24,265	14,081
(99)	Interest expenses and other finance costs	7	(771)	(332)
3,012	Profit before tax		23,494	13,749
(43)	Current tax	8	(340)	(66)
(72)	Deferred tax	8	(558)	(4)
2,897	Profit after tax from continuing operations		22,596	13,679
	Discontinued operations			
10,322	Profit after tax from discontinued operations	9	80,514	7,912
13,219	Profit after tax		103,110	21,591
	Profit attributable to non-controlling interests and holders of			
(1.42)	perpetual capital securities arises from:		(1.110)	(221)
(143)	Continuing operations	0	(1,119)	(231)
(17)	Discontinued operations	9	(133)	(15)
(160)			(1,252)	(246)
	Profit attributable to ordinary shareholders arises from:			
2,754	Continuing operations	5	21,477	13,448
10,305	Discontinued operations	9	80,381	7,897
13,059			101,858	21,345
	Earnings per share for profit attributable to ordinary shareholders arises from:			
US\$ 1.08	Continuing operations	10	HK\$ 8.41	HK\$ 5.81
US\$ 4.03	Discontinued operations	10	HK\$ 31.46	HK\$ 3.41
US\$ 5.11			HK\$ 39.87	HK\$ 9.22

Details of distribution paid to the holders of perpetual capital securities, interim dividend payable and Distribution In Specie to the ordinary shareholders during the current period, and the one-off non-cash gain arising from the Distribution In Specie are set out in note 11(a), (b) and (c), respectively.

Condensed Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income

for the six months ended 30 June 2015

Unaudited		Unau	dited
2015		2015	2014
S\$ millions		HK\$ millions	HK\$ millions
13,219	Profit after tax	103,110	21,591
	Other comprehensive income (losses)		
	Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss:		
11	Remeasurement of defined benefit obligations recognised directly in reserves	85	_
43	Share of other comprehensive income (losses) of associated companies	339	(88)
27	Share of other comprehensive income (losses) of joint ventures	211	(9
_	Tax relating to items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss	(2)	_
81		633	(97
	Items that have been reclassified or may be subsequently reclassified to profit or loss:		
	Available-for-sale investments		
65	Valuation gains (losses) recognised directly in reserves	504	(109
(147)	Valuation gains previously in reserves recognised in income statement	(1,145)	(176
70	Gains on cash flow hedges arising from forward foreign currency contracts and interest rate swap contracts recognised directly in reserves	539	_
(11)	Losses on net investment hedges arising from forward foreign currency contracts recognised directly in reserves	(82)	(430
(95)	Gains (losses) on translating overseas subsidiaries' net assets recognised directly in reserves	(738)	125
1 701	Losses previously in exchange and other reserves related to subsidiaries, associated companies and joint ventures disposed during the period	12.072	
1,791 (947)	recognised in income statement Share of other comprehensive income (losses) of associated companies	13,973 (7,386)	1,651
	Share of other comprehensive income (losses) of joint ventures	(7,586) (502)	(985)
(64)	Tax relating to items that have been reclassified or may be subsequently	(302)	(70)
-	reclassified to profit or loss	(1)	_
662		5,162	76
743	Other comprehensive income (losses) after tax	5,795	(21
13,962	Total comprehensive income	108,905	21,570
	Total comprehensive income attributable to non-controlling interests and holders of perpetual capital securities arises from:		
(68)	Continuing operations	(531)	(229
(17)	Discontinued operations	(130)	(14
(85)		(661)	(243
	Total comprehensive income attributable to ordinary shareholders arises from:		
4,431	Continuing operations	34,562	15,320
9,446	Discontinued operations	73,682	6,007
13,877		108,244	21,327

Condensed Consolidated Statement of Financial Position

at 30 June 2015

Unaudited 30 June 2015 JS\$ millions		Note	Unaudited 30 June 2015 HK\$ millions	As reclassified Note 2 31 December 2014 HK\$ millions
	ASSETS			
22.022	Non-current assets	12	170.075	17.454
22,932	Fixed assets	12	178,875	17,454
39	Investment properties	13 14	305	33,285
1,030	Leasehold land		8,036	_
4,062	Telecommunications licences	15	31,681	_
33,479	Goodwill Brand names and other rights	16 17	261,135	_
13,221	Brand names and other rights	17	103,121	217.041
18,778	Associated companies		146,468	216,841
10,045	Interests in joint ventures	19	78,350	68,754
2,906	Deferred tax assets	20	22,668	1 272
597	Other non-current assets	21	4,656	1,272
1,512	Liquid funds and other listed investments	22	11,793	10,210
108,601			847,088	347,816
	Current assets			
20,777	Cash and cash equivalents	23	162,062	33,179
_	Liquid funds and other listed investments	22		918
6,495	Trade and other receivables	24	50,657	2,829
2,529	Inventories	25	19,729	73,199
29,801			232,448	110,125
	Current liabilities			
12,321	Trade and other payables	26	96,106	11,642
5,612	Bank and other debts	28	43,774	18,352
284	Current tax liabilities		2,214	1,356
18,217			142,094	31,350
11,584	Net current assets		90,354	78,775
120,185	Total assets less current liabilities		937,442	426,591
	Non-current liabilities			
37,505	Bank and other debts	28	292,540	19,522
697	Interest bearing loans from non-controlling shareholders	29	5,440	_
3,989	Deferred tax liabilities	20	31,113	1,022
542	Pension obligations	30	4,227	_
6,029	Other non-current liabilities	31	47,024	_
48,762			380,344	20,544
71,423	Net assets		557,098	406,047
	CAPITAL AND RESERVES			
495	Share capital	32 (a)	3,860	10,489
31,370	Share premium	32 (a)	244,691	_
6,194	Perpetual capital securities	32 (b)	48,311	9,045
18,401	Reserves		143,527	383,656
56,460	Total ordinary shareholders' funds and perpetual capital se	curities	440,389	403,190
14,963	Non-controlling interests		116,709	2,857
71,423	Total equity		557,098	406,047

Condensed Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity for the six months ended 30 June 2015

				Attributable to				
	Share capital and share premium ^(b)	Ordinary s Other reserves (c)	hareholders Retained profit	Sub-total	Holders of perpetual capital securities	Total ordinary shareholders' funds and perpetual capital securities	Non- controlling interests	Unaudited Total equity
	HK\$ millions	HK\$ millions	HK\$ millions	HK\$ millions	HK\$ millions	HK\$ millions	HK\$ millions	HK\$ millions
At 1 January 2015	10,489	11,791	371,865	394,145	9,045	403,190	2,857	406,047
Profit for the period	-	-	101,858	101,858	371	102,229	881	103,110
Other comprehensive income (losses)								
Available-for-sale investments								
Valuation gains recognised directly in reserves	-	524	-	524	-	524	(20)	504
Valuation gains previously in reserves recognised in income statement	_	(1,163)	_	(1,163)	-	(1,163)	18	(1,145)
Remeasurement of defined benefit obligations recognised directly in reserves	_	_	68	68	-	68	17	85
Gains on cash flow hedges arising from forward foreign currency contracts and interest rate swap contracts recognised in reserves	-	526	_	526	_	526	13	539
Losses on net investment hedges arising from forward foreign currency contracts recognised directly in reserves	_	(82)	-	(82)	-	(82)	_	(82)
Losses on translating overseas subsidiaries' net assets recognised directly in reserves	_	(186)	-	(186)	-	(186)	(552)	(738)
Losses previously in exchange and other reserves related to subsidiaries, associated companies and joint ventures disposed during the period recognised in income statement	_	13,973	_	13,973	_	13,973	_	13,973
Share of other comprehensive income (losses) of associated companies	_	(6,907)	(123)	(7,030)	_	(7,030)	(17)	(7,047)
Share of other comprehensive income (losses) of joint ventures	_	(451)	210	(241)	_	(241)	(50)	(291)
Tax relating to components of other comprehensive income (losses)	_	(1)	(2)	(3)	_	(3)	_	(3)
Other comprehensive income (losses)	_	6,233	153	6,386	-	6,386	(591)	5,795
Total comprehensive income	_	6,233	102,011	108,244	371	108,615	290	108,905
Cancellation of Cheung Kong shares (d)	(10,489)	(341,336)	_	(351,825)	_	(351,825)	_	(351,825)
Issue of new CK Hutchison shares pursuant to the								
Reorganisation Proposal ⁽¹⁾	351,825	_	_	351,825	_	351,825	_	351,825
Merger Proposal (e)	260,237	_	_	260,237	_	260,237	_	260,237
Dividends paid relating to 2014	_	_	(6,985)	(6,985)	_	(6,985)	_	(6,985)
Dividends paid to non-controlling interests	_	_	_	_	_	_	(182)	(182)
Distribution paid on perpetual capital securities	_	_	_	_	(221)	(221)	_	(221)
Distribution In Specie (see notes 32(a) and 34(e))	(363,511)	_	_	(363,511)	_	(363,511)	(2,707)	(366,218)
Relating to deemed disposal of associated companies	_	(19,823)	19,823	_	_	_	_	-
Relating to acquisition of subsidiary companies	_	_	_	_	39,116	39,116	116,584	155,700
Relating to purchase of non-controlling interests	_	(69)	_	(69)	_	(69)	(135)	(204)
Relating to partial disposal of subsidiary companies	-	17	-	17	-	17	2	19
	238,062	(361,211)	12,838	(110,311)	38,895	(71,416)	113,562	42,146
At 30 June 2015	248,551	(343,187)	486,714	392,078	48,311	440,389	116,709	557,098

		Attributable to						
	- Charles - Char				Holders of			
	Share capital and share premium ^(b)	Other reserves (c)	Retained profit	Sub-total	perpetual capital securities	perpetual capital securities	Non- controlling interests	Unaudited Total equity
	HK\$ millions	HK\$ millions	HK\$ millions	HK\$ millions	HK\$ millions	HK\$ millions	HK\$ millions	HK\$ millions
At 1 January 2014 ^(a)	10,489	7,476	342,716	360,681	9,048	369,729	3,092	372,821
Profit for the period	-	-	21,345	21,345	229	21,574	17	21,591
Other comprehensive income (losses)								
Available-for-sale investments								
Valuation losses recognised directly in reserves	-	(108)	-	(108)	-	(108)	(1)	(109)
Valuation gains previously in reserves recognised in income statement	-	(176)	-	(176)	-	(176)	-	(176)
Losses on net investment hedges arising from forward foreign currency contracts recognised directly in reserves	_	(430)	_	(430)	_	(430)	_	(430)
Gains on translating overseas subsidiaries' net assets recognised directly in reserves	-	127	_	127	_	127	(2)	125
Share of other comprehensive income (losses) of associated companies	-	1,654	(91)	1,563	-	1,563	-	1,563
Share of other comprehensive income (losses) of joint ventures	-	(985)	(9)	(994)	-	(994)	-	(994)
Other comprehensive income (losses)		82	(100)	(18)	-	(18)	(3)	(21)
Total comprehensive income		82	21,245	21,327	229	21,556	14	21,570
Dividends paid relating to 2013		_	(6,717)	(6,717)	_	(6,717)	_	(6,717)
Special dividends paid	_	_	(16,213)	(16,213)	_	(16,213)	_	(16,213)
Dividends paid to non-controlling interests	_	-	_	-	-	-	(28)	(28)
Distribution paid on perpetual capital securities	_	-	_	-	(229)	(229)	-	(229)
Share of dilution surplus of an associated company ^(f)	_	19,497	-	19,497	_	19,497	-	19,497
Change in non-controlling interests	-	-	-	-	-	-	132	132
	_	19,497	(22,930)	(3,433)	(229)	(3,662)	104	(3,558)
At 30 June 2014	10,489	27,055	341,031	378,575	9,048	387,623	3,210	390,833

- (a) Share capital of Cheung Kong (Holdings) Limited ("Cheung Kong") as at 1 January 2014 includes the balance on the share premium account created under the sections 48B and 49H of the predecessor Hong Kong Companies Ordinance (Cap. 32) of HK\$9,331 million, which under the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance (Cap. 622) effective on 3 March 2014 have been included in share capital.
- (b) As at 30 June 2015, share capital and premium comprise share capital of HK\$3,860 million and share premium of HK\$244,691 million (1 January 2015 and 30 June 2014 share capital of HK\$10,489 million).
- (c) See note 33 for further details on other reserves.
- (d) Under the Reorganisation Proposal, the share capital and the other reserves accounts were reduced by HK\$10,489 million and HK\$341,336 million, respectively, totaling HK\$351,825 million, representing the fair value of Cheung Kong shares cancelled, and at the same time the share capital and the share premium account were increased by HK\$2,316 million and HK\$349,509 million, respectively, totaling HK\$351,825 million, representing the fair value of new CK Hutchison Holdings Limited ("CK Hutchison") shares issued.
- (e) Under the Merger Proposal, the share capital and the share premium account were increased by HK\$1,544 million and HK\$258,693 million, respectively, totaling HK\$260,237 million, representing the fair value of new CK Hutchison shares issued.
- (f) Share of dilution surplus of an associated company represents the Group's share of increase in reserves of former associated company, Hutchison relating to the dilution of interest in its subsidiary companies in Retail division.

Condensed Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows

for the six months ended 30 June 2015

			Unau	idited
				As reclassified
Unaudited				Note 2
2015		Nata	2015	2014
US\$ millions		Note	HK\$ millions	HK\$ millions
	Operating activities			
	Cash generated from operating activities before interest expenses and			
2,017	other finance costs, tax paid and changes in working capital	34 (a)	15,736	26,057
(113)	Interest expenses and other finance costs paid		(878)	(190)
(58)	Tax paid		(457)	(174)
1,846	Funds from operations		14,401	25,693
417	Changes in working capital	34 (b)	3,251	(4,387)
2,263	Net cash from operating activities		17,652	21,306
	Investing activities			
(985)	Purchase of fixed assets and investment properties		(7,680)	(154)
(2)	Additions to telecommunications licences		(12)	_
(6)	Additions to brand names and other rights		(45)	_
14,077	Purchase of subsidiary companies	34 (c)	109,803	_
(1)	Additions to other unlisted investments		(9)	-
119	Repayments from associated companies and joint ventures Purchase of and advances to (including deposits from) associated		931	366
(1,812)	companies and joint ventures		(14.139)	(1,073)
6	Proceeds on disposal of fixed assets		46	(1,075)
(2)	Proceeds on disposal of times assets Proceeds on disposal of subsidiary companies	34 (d)	(16)	_
308	Proceeds on disposal of joint ventures	31(0)	2,401	_
31	Proceeds on disposal of other unlisted investments		240	_
	Cash flows from (used in) investing activities before additions to / disposal	of		
11,733	liquid funds and other listed investments		91,520	(861)
299	Disposal of liquid funds and other listed investments		2,335	576
(12)	Additions to liquid funds and other listed investments		(97)	_
12,020	Cash flows from (used in) investing activities		93,758	(285)
14,283	Net cash inflow before financing activities		111,410	21,021
	Financing activities			
986	New borrowings		7,696	_
(2,370)	Repayment of borrowings		(18,488)	(2,451)
	Issue of shares by subsidiary companies to non-controlling shareholders			
(62)	and net loans from (to) non-controlling shareholders		(490)	132
2	Proceeds on partial disposal of subsidiary company		19	_
5,211	Distribution In Specie	34 (e)	40,649	_
(123)	Dividends paid to non-controlling interests		(965)	(28)
(28)	Distribution paid on perpetual capital securities		(221)	(229)
(896)	Dividends paid to ordinary shareholders		(6,985)	(22,930)
2,720	Cash flows from (used in) financing activities		21,215	(25,506)
17,003	Increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		132,625	(4,485)
3,774	Cash and cash equivalents at 1 January		29,437	31,277
20,777	Cash and cash equivalents at 30 June		162,062	26,792

Unaudited

es from: es from:		13,577 4,075 17,652 98,840 (5,082) 93,758 21,415 (200)	14,362 6,944 21,306 (151) (134) (285) (25,613) 107
		4,075 17,652 98,840 (5,082) 93,758 21,415 (200)	(151) (134) (285) (25,613) 107
		4,075 17,652 98,840 (5,082) 93,758 21,415 (200)	(151) (134) (285) (25,613) 107
		4,075 17,652 98,840 (5,082) 93,758 21,415 (200)	(151) (134) (285) (25,613) 107
		98,840 (5,082) 93,758 21,415 (200)	21,306 (151) (134) (285) (25,613) 107
		98,840 (5,082) 93,758 21,415 (200)	(151) (134) (285) (25,613) 107
		93,758 21,415 (200)	(25,613) 107
es from:		93,758 21,415 (200)	(25,613) 107
es from:		93,758 21,415 (200)	(285) (25,613) 107
es from:		21,415 (200)	(25,613)
es from:		(200)	107
		(200)	107
		21,215	(25 504)
			(000, (2)
om:			
		133,832	(11,402)
		(1,207)	6,917
valents		132,625	(4,485)
		30 June	30 June
		2015	2014
		HK\$ millions	HK\$ millions
ner listed investments			
	23	162,062	26,792
	22	11,793	10,774
ted investments		173,855	37,566
	28	336,314	39,601
ng shareholders	29	5,440	-
		167,899	2,035
		(5,440)	
ng shareholders			
	ng shareholders	ng shareholders 29	28 336,314 ng shareholders 29 5,440 ———————————————————————————————————

Notes to the Interim Financial Statements

1 Reorganisation and combination of the businesses of the Cheung Kong Group and the Hutchison Group

The Reorganisaton Proposal, the Merger Proposal and the Spin-off Proposal announced jointly by the respective boards of directors of Cheung Kong (Holdings) Limited ("Cheung Kong"), the former holding company of the Group, and Hutchison Whampoa Limited ("Hutchison"), a former associated company of the Group, were successfully completed during the period under review.

with the completion of the Reorganisaton Proposal, Cheung Kong and all its subsidiaries became direct and indirect subsidiaries of CK Hutchison Holdings Limited ("CK Hutchison" or the "Company") respectively, CK Hutchison became the new holding company of the Group, and the shares of CK Hutchison were listed on the Main Board of The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange") while the listing status of Cheung Kong on the Stock Exchange had been withdrawn. The Reorganisaton Proposal was not a business combination, but an internal capital reorganisation. Upon completion of the Reorganisation Proposal, CK Hutchison controls and operates the same assets and businesses as Cheung Kong. The Reorganisation Proposal did not involve any change in the beneficial ownership of the Group nor any change to the nature and scale of existing operations, save for changing the place of incorporation of the holding company of the Group from Hong Kong to the Cayman Islands. Accordingly, the consolidated financial statements of CK Hutchison is a continuation of Cheung Kong's existing and on-going activities with assets and liabilities at existing book values, and include Cheung Kong's full results for the period, including comparatives. Further details of the Reorganisaton Proposal were set out in a circular issued by Cheung Kong dated 6 February 2015.

The Merger Proposal comprised the Hutchison Proposal and the Husky Share Exchange, under which the Group acquired the remaining 50.03% (which the Group did not previously own) of the issued and outstanding ordinary shares of Hutchison and an approximately 6.23% (in addition to the approximately 33.96% held by Hutchison) of the common shares of Husky Energy Inc. ("Husky"). With the completion of the Merger Proposal, Hutchison and all its subsidiaries became direct and indirect subsidiaries of CK Hutchison respectively, and the Group owned an approximately 40.19% of the common shares of Husky. As the completion of the Hutchison Proposal was subject to, amongst others, the completion of the Husky Share Exchange having occurred, they are accounted for together in the consolidated financial statements of CK Hutchison using the acquisition method of accounting. Further details of the Hutchison Proposal and the Husky Share Exchange were set out in a circular issued by CK Hutchison dated 31 March 2015 and a scheme document issued jointly by CK Hutchison, CK Global Investments Limited ("CK Global") and Hutchison dated 31 March 2015.

The Group's entire interest in the Cheung Kong Property Holdings Limited ("Cheung Kong Property") was distributed to shareholders pursuant to the Distribution In Specie under the Spin-off Proposal. The results of the Property and hotels operations are therefore presented as discontinued operations separately from continuing operations in the consolidated income statement and consolidated statement of comprehensive income of CK Hutchison. The Distribution In Specie is accounted for as a distribution of non-cash assets (shares in Cheung Kong Property) to shareholders, where the difference between the distribution liability measured at fair value and the book value of the disposal group (after netting HK\$55,000 million received) is recognised in profit or loss in the consolidated financial statements of CK Hutchison upon settlement of the distribution liability. Further details of the Distribution In Specie were set out in a circular issued by CK Hutchison dated 31 March 2015 and a scheme document issued jointly by CK Hutchison, CK Global and Hutchison dated 31 March 2015.

2 Basis of preparation

These unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements of the Company (the "Interim Financial Statements") are prepared in accordance with Hong Kong Accounting Standard ("HKAS") 34 "Interim Financial Reporting", issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants ("HKICPA"). The Interim Financial Statements should be read in conjunction with the audited consolidated financial statements of Cheung Kong for the year ended 31 December 2014 (the "2014 Annual Financial Statements"), which have been prepared in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards ("HKFRS").

The Interim Financial Statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention except for certain properties and financial instruments which are stated at fair values, as explained in the significant accounting policies set out in note 3.

The accounting policies applied and methods of computation used in the preparation of the Interim Financial Statements are consistent with those used in the 2014 Annual Financial Statements, except for the adoption of the new and revised standards, amendments and interpretations issued by the HKICPA that are relevant to the Group's operations and mandatory for annual accounting periods beginning 1 January 2015. The effect of the adoption of these new and revised standards, amendments and interpretations was not material to the Group's results of operations or financial position.

The Merger Proposal and the Spin-off Proposal have introduced significant changes to the nature of the Group's operations. As a result, the Group has updated its presentation of the financial statements to provide more relevant information. Accordingly, certain comparative amounts have been reclassified to conform to the current period presentation. The reclassifications, based on the new presentation format, where material, are explained in notes (a) to (c) below, where the line items under the previously published presentation format are shown in italic:

2 Basis of preparation (continued)

(a) Reclassification - consolidated income statement for the six months ended 30 June 2014

	Amounts before		Pa da sa	ist and an	Amounts after
	reclassification HK\$ millions	нк	кестаss s millions	ification HK\$ millions	reclassification HK\$ millions
	TIK\$ IIIIIIOII3	111/4	, 11111110113	(iv)	1113 1111110113
Continuing operations				()	
Revenue	11,766	(i)	698	(11,766)	698
Investment and other income	984	(i)	(698)	(286)	_
Cost of inventories sold	(5,732)			5,732	_
Staff costs	(755)			225	(530)
Depreciation and amortisation	(154)			147	(7)
Other operating income (expenses)	(211)			756	545
Share of profits less losses of:					
Associated companies before profits on disposal of					
investments and others	14,276	(ii)	(7,455)	(1,662)	5,159
Joint ventures	1,899			(1,138)	761
Associated companies' profits on disposal of					
investments and others	_	(ii)	7,455	_	7,455
Increase in fair value of investment properties	560			(560)	_
	22,633			(8,552)	14,081
Interest expenses and other finance costs	(190)			(142)	(332)
merest expenses and other minutes costs					
Profit before tax	22,443			(8,694)	13,749
Current tax	(825)	(iii)		759	(66)
Deferred tax	(27)	(iii)		23	(4)
Profit after tax from continuing operations	21,591			(7,912)	13,679
Discontinued operations					
Profit after tax from discontinued operations	_			7,912	7,912
Profit after tax	21,591				21,591
Profit attributable to non-controlling interests and holders of perpetual capital securities arises from:					
Continuing operations	(246)			15	(231)
Discontinued operations	_			(15)	(15)
	(246)				(246)
Profit attributable to ordinary shareholders arises from:					
Continuing operations	21,345			(7,897)	13,448
Discontinued operations	_			7,897	7,897
	21,345				21,345

⁽i) Investment and other income of HK\$698 million previously reported as a separate item is reclassified and grouped under Revenue.

⁽ii) Share of associated company's profits on disposal of investments and others of HK\$7,455 million, previously grouped under "Share of profits less losses of associated companies", is presented as a separate item in the consolidated income statement.

⁽iii) Current tax of HK\$825 million and Deferred tax of HK\$27 million, previously grouped under "Taxation", are presented as separate items in the consolidated income statement

⁽iv) For separate presentation of discontinued operations.

2 Basis of preparation (continued)

(b) Reclassification - consolidated statement of financial position as at 31 December 2014

	Amounts before reclassification HK\$ millions		Reclassification HK\$ millions	Amounts after reclassification HK\$ millions
ets				
	17,454			17,454
ties	33,285			33,285
nies	216,841			216,841
entures	68,754			68,754
assets	_	(V)	1,272	1,272
ceivables	301	(V)	(301)	_
l instruments	476	(V)	(476)	_
ther listed investments	10,705	(V)	(495)	10,210
	347,816		-	347,816
			-	
ivalents	33,179			33,179
other listed investments	918			918
eceivables	2,510	(vi)	319	2,829
l instruments	319	(vi)	(319)	_
	73,199			73,199
	110,125		-	110,125
S			-	
ayables	11,451	(vii)	191	11,642
l instruments	191	(vii)	(191)	_
bts	18,352			18,352
es	1,356			1,356
	31,350		-	31,350
ts	78,775		-	78,775
current liabilities	426,591		-	426,591
ilities			-	
bts	19,522			19,522
ties	1,022			1,022
	20,544		-	20,544
	406,047		-	406,047
SERVES			•	
	10,489			10,489
ecurities	9,045			9,045
	383,656			383,656
hareholders' funds and perpetual capital securities	403,190		-	403,190
terests	2,857			2,857
	406,047		-	406,047
	403,190 2,857			

⁽v) Long term loan receivables of HK\$301 million, Derivative financial assets of HK\$476 million and Liquid funds and other listed investments of HK\$495 million are reclassified and grouped under Other non-current assets.

⁽vi) Derivative financial assets of HK\$319 million is reclassified and grouped under Trade and other receivables.

⁽vii) Derivative financial liabilities of HK\$191 million is reclassified and grouped under Trade and other payables.

2 Basis of preparation (continued)

(c) Reclassification - consolidated statement of cash flows for the six months ended 30 June 2014

	Amounts before reclassification HK\$ millions		Reclassification HK\$ millions	Amounts after reclassification HK\$ millions
	(viii)			
Operating activities	,			
Cash generated from operating activities before interest expenses and other finance costs, tax paid and changes in working capital	26,057			26,057
Interest expenses and other finance costs paid	_	(ix)	(190)	(190)
Tax paid	(174)			(174)
Dividends and distributions paid	(23,187)	(X)	23,187	_
Funds from operations	2,696		-	25,693
Changes in working capital	(4,223)	(ix)	(164)	(4,387)
Net cash from (used in) operating activities	(1,527)		-	21,306
Investing activities			-	
Purchase of fixed assets and investment properties	(154)			(154)
Repayments from associated companies and joint ventures	366			366
Purchase of and advances to (including deposits from) associated companies and joint ventures	(1,073)			(1,073)
Cash flows used in investing activities before additions to / disposal of liquid funds and other listed investments	(861)		-	(861)
Disposal of liquid funds and other listed investments	576			576
Cash flows used in investing activities	(285)		-	(285)
Net cash inflow (outflow) before financing activities	(1,812)		-	21,021
Financing activities			•	
Repayment of borrowings	(2,451)			(2,451)
Issue of shares by subsidiary companies to non-controlling shareholders and net loans from (to) non-controlling shareholders	132			132
Dividends paid to non-controlling interests	_	(X)	(28)	(28)
Distributions paid on perpetual capital securities	_	(X)	(229)	(229)
Dividends paid to ordinary shareholders	_	(X)	(22,930)	(22,930)
Interest and other finance costs paid	(354)	(ix)	354	_
Cash flows used in financing activities	(2,673)		-	(25,506)
Decrease in cash and cash equivalents	(4,485)		-	(4,485)
Cash and cash equivalents at 1 January	31,277			31,277
Cash and cash equivalents at 30 June	26,792		-	26,792

⁽viii) Additional line items for cash flows arising from operating, investing and financing activities are presented under the new format adopted for the current period.

Interest expenses and other finance costs paid of HK\$190 million and changes in interest payable of HK\$164 million, previously reported as financing activities, are reclassified as operating activities.

⁽x) Dividend paid of HK\$23,187 million, previously reported as operating activities, is reclassified as financing activities.

3 Significant accounting policies

(a) Basis of consolidation

The consolidated financial statements of the Group include the financial statements of the Company and its direct and indirect subsidiary companies and also incorporate the Group's interest in associated companies and joint ventures on the basis set out in notes 3(c) and 3(d) below. Results of subsidiary and associated companies and joint ventures acquired or disposed of during the period are included as from their effective dates of acquisition to 30 June 2015 or up to the dates of disposal as the case may be. The acquisition of subsidiaries is accounted for using the acquisition method.

(b) Subsidiary companies

A subsidiary is an entity over which the Company has control. The Company controls an entity when the Company is exposed, or has rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the entity and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the entity. In the consolidated financial statements, subsidiary companies are accounted for as described in note 3(a) above.

(c) Associated companies

An associate is an entity, other than a subsidiary or a joint venture, in which the Group has a long-term equity interest and over which the Group is in a position to exercise significant influence over its management, including participation in the financial and operating policy decisions.

The results and net assets of associates are incorporated in these financial statements using the equity method of accounting, except when the investment is classified as held for sale, in which case it is accounted for under HKFRS 5, Non-current assets held for sale and discontinued operations. The total carrying amount of such investments is reduced to recognise any identified impairment loss in the value of individual investments.

(d) Joint arrangements

A joint arrangement is an arrangement of which two or more parties have joint control and over which none of the participating parties has unilateral control.

Investments in joint arrangements are classified either as joint operations or joint ventures, depending on the contractual rights and obligations each investor has. Joint operations arise where the investors have rights to the assets and obligations for the liabilities of an arrangement. A joint operator accounts for its share of the assets, liabilities, revenue and expenses. Joint ventures arise where the investors have rights to the net assets of the arrangement. Joint ventures are accounted for under the equity method.

The results and net assets of joint ventures are incorporated in these financial statements using the equity method of accounting, except when the investment is classified as held for sale, in which case it is accounted for under HKFRS 5, Non-current assets held for sale and discontinued operations. The total carrying amount of such investments is reduced to recognise any identified impairment loss in the value of individual investments.

(e) Fixed assets

Fixed assets are stated at cost less depreciation and any impairment loss. Buildings are depreciated on the basis of an expected life of 50 years, or the remainder thereof, or over the remaining period of the lease of the underlying leasehold land, whichever is less. The period of the lease includes the period for which a right to renewal is attached. Aircraft are depreciated on a straight-line basis, after taking into account a residual value of 10% of their costs, over an expected useful life of 25 years from their respective dates of first use.

Depreciation of other fixed assets is provided on the straight-line basis to write off their costs over their estimated useful lives. The principal annual rates used for this purposes are as follows:

Motor vehicles20-25%Plant, machinery and equipment $3 \frac{1}{3} - 20\%$ Container terminal equipment3-20%Telecommunications equipment2.5-20%Rolling stock and other railway assets2.9-5%Water and sewerage infrastructure assets0.5-25%

Leasehold improvements Over the unexpired period of the lease or 15%, whichever is greater

The gain or loss on disposal or retirement of a fixed asset is the difference between the net sales proceeds and the carrying amount of the relevant asset, and is recognised in the income statement.

(f) Investment properties

Investment properties are interests in land and buildings that are held to earn rentals or for capital appreciation or both. Such properties are carried in the statement of financial position at their fair value. Changes in fair values of investment properties are recorded in the income statement.

(g) Leasehold land

The acquisition costs and upfront payments made for leasehold land are presented on the face of the statement of financial position as leasehold land and expensed in the income statement on a straight-line basis over the period of the lease.

(h) Telecommunications licences, other licences, brand names, trademarks and other rights

Separately acquired telecommunications licences, other licences, brand names, trademarks and other rights are carried at historical cost. Telecommunications licences, other licences, brand names, trademarks and other rights acquired in a business combination are recognised at fair value at the acquisition date. Telecommunications licences, other licences, brand names, trademarks and other rights with a finite useful life are carried at cost less accumulated amortisation. Amortisation is calculated using the straight-line method to allocate the cost of these assets over their estimated useful lives:

Telecommunications licences and other licences 9 to 20 years
Brand names, trademarks and other rights 3 to 40 years

Telecommunications licences, other licences, brand names, trademarks and other rights that are considered to have an indefinite life to the Group are not amortised and are tested for impairment annually and when there is indication that they may be impaired.

(i) Telecommunications customer acquisition costs

Telecommunications customer acquisition costs ("CACs") comprise the net costs to acquire and retain mobile telecommunications customers, which are primarily 3G and LTE customers. All telecommunications CACs are expensed and recognised in the income statement in the period in which they are incurred.

(i) Goodwill

Goodwill is initially measured at cost, being excess of the aggregate of the consideration transferred, the amount recognised for non-controlling interests and any fair value of the Group's previously held equity interests in the acquiree over the fair value of the net identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed. Goodwill on acquisition of a foreign operation is treated as an asset of the foreign operation.

Goodwill is subject to impairment test annually and when there are indications that the carrying value may not be recoverable.

If the cost of acquisition is less than the fair value of the Group's share of the net identifiable assets of the acquired company, the difference is recognised directly in the income statement.

The profit or loss on disposal is calculated by reference to the net assets at the date of disposal including the attributable amount of goodwill but does not include any attributable goodwill previously eliminated against reserves.

(k) Contractual customer relationships

Contractual customer relationships acquired in a business combination are recognised at fair value at the acquisition date. The contractual customer relations have a finite useful life and are carried at cost less accumulated amortisation. Amortisation is calculated using the straight-line method from five to fifteen years over the expected life of the customer relationship.

(l) Deferred tax

Deferred tax is recognised, using the liabilities method, on temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the financial statements. Deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the deductible temporary differences and the carry forward of unused tax losses and tax credits can be utilised.

(m) Liquid funds and other listed investments and other unlisted investments

"Liquid funds and other listed investments" are investments in listed / traded debt securities, listed equity securities, long-term deposits and cash and cash equivalents. "Other unlisted investments", disclosed under other non-current assets, are investments in unlisted debt securities, unlisted equity securities and other receivables. These investments are recognised and de-recognised on the date the Group commits to purchase or sell the investments or when they expire. These investments are classified and accounted for as follows:

Loans and receivables

"Loans and receivables" are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market. At the end of the reporting period subsequent to initial recognition, loans and receivables are carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method less impairment. Interest calculated using the effective interest method is recognised in the income statement.

Held-to-maturity investments

"Held-to-maturity investments" are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments and fixed maturities that the Group has the positive intention and ability to hold to maturity. At the end of the reporting period subsequent to initial recognition, held-to-maturity investments are carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method less impairment. Interest calculated using the effective interest method is recognised in the income statement.

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

"Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss" are financial assets where changes in fair value are recognised in the income statement in the period in which they arise. At the end of the reporting period subsequent to initial recognition, these financial assets are carried at fair value. In addition, any dividends or interests earned on these financial assets are recognised in the income statement.

Available-for-sale investments

"Available-for-sale investments" are non-derivative financial assets that are not classified as loans and receivables, held-to-maturity investments or financial assets at fair value through profit or loss. At the end of the reporting period subsequent to initial recognition, these financial assets are carried at fair value and changes in fair value are recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated under the heading of revaluation reserve except for impairment losses which are charged to the income statement. Where these investments are interest bearing, interest calculated using the effective interest method is recognised in the income statement. Dividends from available-for-sale investments are recognised when the right to receive payment is established. When available-for-sale investments are sold, the cumulative fair value gains or losses previously recognised in revaluation reserve is removed from revaluation reserve and recognised in the income statement.

(n) Derivative financial instruments and hedging activities

Derivative financial instruments are utilised by the Group in the management of its foreign currency and interest rate exposures. The Group's policy is not to utilise derivative financial instruments for trading or speculative purposes. Derivative financial instruments are initially measured at fair value on the contract date, and are remeasured to fair value at subsequent reporting dates. Changes in fair value are recognised based on whether certain qualifying criteria under HKAS 39 are satisfied in order to apply hedge accounting, and if so, the nature of the items being hedged.

Derivatives designated as hedging instruments to hedge the fair value of recognised assets or liabilities may qualify as fair value hedges. The Group mainly enters into interest rate swap contracts to swap certain fixed interest rate borrowings into floating interest rate borrowings. Changes in the fair value of these derivative contracts, together with the changes in the fair value of the hedged assets or liabilities attributable to the hedged risk are recognised in the income statement as interest expenses and other finance costs. At the same time the carrying amount of the hedged asset or liability in the statement of financial position is adjusted for the changes in fair value.

Derivatives designated as hedging instruments to hedge against the cash flows attributable to recognised assets or liabilities or forecast payments may qualify as cash flow hedges. The Group mainly enters into interest rate swap contracts to swap certain floating interest rate borrowings to fixed interest rate borrowings and foreign currency contracts to hedge the currency risk associated with certain forecast foreign currency payments and obligations. Changes in the fair value relating to the effective portion of these derivative contracts are recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated under the heading of hedging reserve. The gain or loss relating to the ineffective portion is recognised in the income statement as interest expenses and other finance costs. Amounts accumulated are removed from hedging reserve and recognised in the income statement in the periods when the hedged derivative contract matures, except, when the forecast transaction results in the recognition of a non-financial asset or a non-financial liability, the amounts accumulated are transferred from hedging reserve and, then they are included in the initial cost of the asset or liability.

(n) Derivative financial instruments and hedging activities (continued)

Derivatives designated as hedging instruments to hedge the net investment in a foreign operation are accounted for in a way similar to cash flow hedges. Any gain or loss on the hedging instrument relating to the effective portion is recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated under the heading of exchange reserve. The gain or loss relating to the ineffective portion is recognised in the income statement as interest expenses and other finance costs. Amounts accumulated are removed from exchange reserve and recognised in the income statement in the periods when the foreign operation is disposed of.

Derivatives that do not qualify for hedge accounting under HKAS 39 will be accounted for with the changes in fair value being recognised in the income statement.

(o) Trade and other receivables

Trade and other receivables are initially recognised at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less provision for impairment. Appropriate allowance for estimated irrecoverable amounts are recognised in the income statement when there is objective evidence that the asset is impaired.

(p) Inventories

Inventories consist mainly of retail goods and, in relation to prior period, stock of properties. The carrying value of retail stock is mainly determined using the weighted average cost method. Inventories are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost includes all direct expenditure and other appropriate attributable costs incurred in bringing inventories to their present location and condition.

Stock of properties are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Net realisable value is determined with reference to sales proceeds received after the reporting date less selling expenses, or by management estimates based on prevailing market conditions. Costs of properties include acquisition costs, development expenditure, interest and other direct costs attributable to the properties.

(q) Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and demand deposits, and other short-term highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to a known amount of cash and are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

(r) Borrowings and borrowing costs

The Group's borrowings and debt instruments are initially measured at fair value, net of transaction costs, and are subsequently carried at amortised cost. Any difference between the proceeds (net of transaction costs) and the settlement or redemption amount of borrowings and debt instruments is recognised over the period of the borrowings using effective interest method.

Borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of qualifying assets, which are assets that necessarily take a substantial period of time to get ready for their intended use or sale, are added to the cost of those assets, until such time as the assets are substantially ready for their intended use or sale. All other borrowing costs are recognised in the income statement in the period in which they are incurred.

(s) Trade and other payables

Trade and other payables are initially recognised at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

(t) Customer loyalty credits

Customer loyalty credits are accounted for as a separate component of the sales transaction in which they are granted.

(u) Share capital

Share capital issued by the holding company of the Group are recorded in equity at the proceeds received, net of direct issue costs.

(v) Provisions

Provisions are recognised when it is probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required to settle a present obligation as a result of past events and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

(w) Leased assets

Assets acquired pursuant to finance leases and hire purchase contracts that transfer to the Group substantially all the rewards and risks of ownership are accounted for as if purchased.

Finance leases are capitalised at the inception of the leases at the lower of the fair value of the leased assets or the present value of the minimum lease payments. Lease payments are treated as consisting of capital and interest elements. The capital element of the leasing commitment is included as a liability and the interest element is charged to the income statement. All other leases are accounted for as operating leases and the rental payments are charged to the income statement on accrual basis.

(x) Asset impairment

Assets that have an indefinite useful life are tested for impairment annually and when there is indication that they may be impaired. Assets that are subject to depreciation and amortisation are reviewed for impairment to determine whether there is any indication that the carrying value of these assets may not be recoverable and have suffered an impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss, if any. The recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less costs to dispose and value in use. Such impairment loss is recognised in the income statement except where the asset is carried at valuation and the impairment loss does not exceed the revaluation surplus for that asset, in which case it is treated as a revaluation decrease.

(y) Pension plans

Pension plans are classified into defined benefit and defined contribution plans. The pension plans are generally funded by the relevant Group companies taking into account the recommendations of independent qualified actuaries and by payments from employees for contributory plans.

The Group's contributions to the defined contribution plans are charged to the income statement in the period / year incurred.

Pension costs for defined benefit plans are assessed using the projected unit credit method. Under this method, the cost of providing pensions is charged to the income statement so as to spread the regular cost over the future service lives of employees in accordance with the advice of the actuaries who carry out a full valuation of the plans. The pension obligation is measured at the present value of the estimated future cash outflows using interest rates determined by reference to market yields at the end of the reporting period based on government agency or high quality corporate bonds with currency and term similar to the estimated term of benefit obligations.

Remeasurements arising from defined benefit plans are recognised in other comprehensive income in the period / year in which they occur and reflected immediately in retained profit. Remeasurements comprise actuarial gains and losses, the return on plan assets (excluding amounts included in net interest on the net defined benefit liability (asset)) and any change in the effect of the asset ceiling (excluding amounts included in net interest on the net defined benefit liability (asset)).

Pension costs are charged to the income statement within staff costs.

(z) Share-based payments

The Company has no share option scheme but certain of the Company's subsidiary companies and associated companies have issued equity-settled and cash-settled share-based payments to certain employees. Equity-settled share-based payments are measured at fair value (excluding the effect of non-market-based vesting conditions) at the date of grant. The fair value determined at the grant date of the equity-settled share-based payments is expensed on a straight-line basis over the vesting period, based on the respective group companies' estimate of their shares that will eventually vest and adjusted for the effect of non-market-based vesting conditions.

For cash-settled share-based payments, a liability equal to the portion of the goods or services received is recognised at the current fair value determined at the end of the reporting period.

(aa) Foreign exchange

Transactions in foreign currencies are converted at the rates of exchange ruling at the transaction dates. Monetary assets and liabilities are translated at the rates of exchange ruling at the end of the reporting period.

The financial statements of foreign operations (i.e. subsidiary companies, associated companies, joint ventures or branches whose activities are based or conducted in a country or currency other than those of the Company) are translated into Hong Kong dollars using the period / year end rates of exchange for the statement of financial position items and the average rates of exchange for the period / year for the income statement items. Exchange differences are recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated under the heading of exchange reserve. Exchange differences arising from foreign currency borrowings and other currency instruments designated as hedges of such overseas investments, are recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated under the heading of exchange reserve.

Exchange differences arising from translation of inter-company loan balances between Group entities are recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated under the heading of exchange reserve when such loans form part of the Group's net investment in a foreign entity. On the disposal of a foreign operation (i.e. a disposal of the Group's entire interest in a foreign operation, or a disposal involving loss of control over a subsidiary that includes a foreign operation, a disposal involving loss of joint control over a joint venture that includes a foreign operation, or a disposal involving loss of significant influence over an associate that includes a foreign operation), all of the exchange gains or losses accumulated in exchange reserve in respect of that operation attributable to the owners of the Company are transferred out of the exchange reserve and are recognised in the income statement.

In addition, in relation to a partial disposal of a subsidiary that does not result in the Group losing control over the subsidiary that includes a foreign operation, the proportionate share of accumulated exchange differences are re-attributed to non-controlling interests and are not recognised in the income statement. For all other partial disposals (i.e. partial disposals of associates or joint ventures that do not result in the Group losing significant influence or joint control), the proportionate share of the accumulated exchange differences is transferred out of the exchange reserve and are recognised in the income statement.

All other exchange differences are recognised in the income statement.

(ab) Business combinations

The Group applies the provisions of Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standard 3, Business Combinations ("HKFRS 3"), to transactions and other events that meet the definition of a business combination within the scope of HKFRS 3. Where the acquisition method of accounting is used to account for business combinations, the consideration transferred is the sum of the acquisition date fair values of the assets transferred, equity instruments issued or liabilities incurred by the Group to former owners of the acquiree and the amount of any non-controlling interest in the acquiree. For each business combination, the non-controlling interest in the acquiree is measured at either fair value or at the proportionate share of the acquiree's identifiable net assets. Acquisition-related costs are generally recognised in profit or loss as incurred. Where the business combination is achieved in stages, the Group remeasures its previously held equity interest in the acquiree at the acquisition date fair value and the difference between the fair value and the previous carrying amount is recognised in profit or loss.

The difference between the fair value of the consideration transferred, the amount of any non-controlling interest in the acquiree and the fair value of any pre-existing investment in the acquiree over the acquisition date fair value of assets acquired and the liabilities assumed is recognised as goodwill. If the consideration transferred and the fair value of pre-existing investment in the acquiree is less than the fair value of the identifiable net assets acquired, being a bargain purchase to the Group, the difference is recognised as a gain directly in profit or loss by the Group on the acquisition date, but only after a reassessment of the identification and measurement of the net assets acquired, the non-controlling interest in the acquiree, if any, the consideration transferred and the Group's previously held equity interest in the acquirer.

Business combinations are initially accounted for on a provisional basis. The Group retrospectively adjusts the provisional amounts recognised and also recognises additional assets or liabilities during the measurement period, based on new information obtained about the facts and circumstances that existed as of the acquisition date. The measurement period is the period from the date the Group obtains complete information about the facts and circumstances that existed as of the acquisition date, and ends on 12 months from the date of the acquisition.

(ac) Discontinued operations

A discontinued operation is a component of the Group's business, the operations and cash flows of which can be clearly distinguished from the rest of the Group and which represents a separate major line of business or geographical area of operations, or is part of a single co-ordinated plan to dispose of a separate major line of business or geographical area of operations, or is a subsidiary acquired exclusively with a view to resale or dispose.

When an operation is classified as discontinued, a single amount is presented in the income statement, which comprises the post-tax profit or loss of the discontinued operation and the post-tax gain or loss recognised on the measurement to fair value less costs to sell, or on the disposal, of the assets or disposal group constituting the discontinued operations.

(ad) Revenue recognition

Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received and receivable and represents amounts receivable for goods and services provided in the normal course of business, net of discounts and sales related taxes. Revenue is recognised to the extent that it is probable that economic benefits will flow to the Group and the revenue and costs, if applicable, can be measured reliably.

Ports and related services

Revenue from the provision of ports and related services is recognised when the service is rendered.

Property and hotels

When properties under development are sold, income is recognised when the property development is completed with the relevant occupation permit issued by the authorities and the significant risks and rewards of the properties are passed to the purchasers. Payments received from purchasers prior to this stage are accounted for as customers' deposits received.

Property rental income is recognised on a straight-line basis over the period of the lease. Income from property and project management is recognised when services are rendered. Revenue from hotel and serviced suite operation is recognised upon provision of services.

Retail

Revenue from the sale of retail goods is recognised at point of sales less an estimate for sales return based on past experience where goods are sold with a right to return. Retail sales are usually in cash or by credit card. The recorded revenue is the gross amount of sales, including credit card fees payable for the transaction.

Infrastructure

Income from long-term contracts is recognised according to the stage of completion.

Aircraft leasing income are recognised on a straight-line basis over the period of the lease.

Energy

Revenue associated with the sale of crude oil, natural gas, natural gas liquids, synthetic crude oil, purchased commodities and refined petroleum products is recognised when the title passes to the customer.

Revenue associated with the sale of transportation, processing and natural gas storage services is recognised when the service is provided.

(ad) Revenue recognition (continued)

Mobile and fixed-line telecommunications services

Revenue from the provision of mobile telecommunications services with respect to voice, video, internet access, messaging and media services, including data services and information provision, is recognised when the service is rendered and, depending on the nature of the services, is recognised either at gross amount billed to the customer or the amount receivable as commission for facilitating the services.

Revenue from the sale of prepaid mobile calling cards is recognised upon customer's usage of the card or upon the expiry of the service period.

For bundled transactions under contract comprising of provision of mobile telecommunications services and sale of a device (e.g. handsets), the amount of revenue recognised upon the sale of the device is accrued as determined by considering the estimated fair values of each of the services element and device element of the contract.

Other service income is recognised when the service is rendered.

Customer service revenue is mobile telecommunications service revenue, and where a customer is invoiced for a bundled transaction under contract, the invoiced amount less amounts related to accrued device revenue and also less other service income.

Total revenue arising from mobile and fixed-line telecommunications services comprises of service revenue, other service income and sale of device revenue.

Finance and investments

Dividend income from investments in securities is recognised when the Group's right to receive payment is established.

Interest income is recognised on a time proportion basis using the effective interest method.

4 Critical accounting estimates and judgements

Note 3 includes a summary of the significant accounting policies used in the preparation of the financial statements. The preparation of financial statements often requires the use of judgements to select specific accounting methods and policies from several acceptable alternatives. Furthermore, significant estimates and assumptions concerning the future may be required in selecting and applying those methods and policies in the financial statements. The Group bases its estimates and judgements on historical experience and various other assumptions that it believes are reasonable under the circumstances. Actual results may differ from these estimates and judgements under different assumptions or conditions.

The following is a review of the more significant assumptions and estimates, as well as the accounting policies and methods used in the preparation of the financial statements.

(a) Basis of consolidation

The determination of the Group's level of control over another entity will require exercise of judgement under certain circumstances. The Company controls an entity when it is exposed, or has rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the investee and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the investee. As such, the classification of the entity as a subsidiary, a joint venture, an associate or a cost investment might require the application of judgement through the analysis of various indicators, such as the percentage of ownership interest held in the entity, the representation on the entity's board of directors and various other factors including, if relevant, the existence of agreement with other shareholders, applicable statutes and regulations and their requirements. The Group also considers, in particular, whether it obtains benefits, including non-financial benefits, from its power to control the entity.

(b) Long-lived assets

Assets that have an indefinite useful life are tested for impairment annually and when there is indication that they may be impaired. Assets that are subject to depreciation and amortisation are reviewed for impairment to determine whether there is any indication that the carrying value of these assets may not be recoverable and have suffered an impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss, if any. The recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less costs to dispose and value in use. Such impairment loss is recognised in the income statement except where the asset is carried at valuation and the impairment loss does not exceed the revaluation surplus for that asset, in which case it is treated as a revaluation decrease and is recognised in other comprehensive income.

Judgement is required in the area of asset impairment, particularly in assessing: (1) whether an event has occurred that may indicate that the related asset values may not be recoverable; (2) whether the carrying value of an asset can be supported by the recoverable amount, being the higher of fair value less costs to dispose or net present value of future cash flows which are estimated based upon the continued use of the asset in the business; and (3) the appropriate key assumptions to be applied in preparing cash flow projections including whether these cash flow projections are discounted using an appropriate rate. Changing the assumptions used to determine the level, if any, of impairment, including the discount rates or the growth rate assumptions in the cash flow projections, could materially affect the net present value used in the impairment test and as a result affect the Group's financial condition and results of operations. If there is a significant adverse change in the projected performance and resulting future cash flow projections, it may be necessary to take an impairment charge to the income statement.

(c) Depreciation and amortisation

(i) Fixed assets

Depreciation of operating assets constitutes a substantial operating cost for the Group. The cost of fixed assets is charged as depreciation expense over the estimated useful lives of the respective assets using the straight-line method. The Group periodically reviews changes in technology and industry conditions, asset retirement activity and residual values to determine adjustments to estimated remaining useful lives and depreciation rates.

Actual economic lives may differ from estimated useful lives. Periodic reviews could result in a change in depreciable lives and therefore depreciation expense in future periods.

4 Critical accounting estimates and judgements (continued)

(c) Depreciation and amortisation (continued)

(ii) Telecommunications licences, other licences, brand names, trademarks and other rights

Telecommunications licences, other licences, brand names, trademarks and other rights with a finite useful life are carried at cost less accumulated amortisation and are reviewed for impairment annually. Telecommunications licences, other licences, brand names, trademarks and other rights that are considered to have an indefinite life to the Group are not amortised and are tested for impairment annually and when there is indication that they may be impaired.

On the basis of confirmation from the Ministry of the Italian Government that the Group's 3G licence term in Italy can be continuously extended for a period equivalent to the previous term, effectively making it a perpetual licence, and the enactment by the UK Houses of Parliament of a statutory instrument, which inter alia changes the life of the Group's 3G licence to indefinite, the Group's 3G licences in Italy and in the UK are considered to have an indefinite useful life.

Brand names relate to Retail and Telecommunications are considered to have an indefinite life as there is no foreseeable limit to the period over which they are expected to generate net cash inflows.

Judgement is required to determine the useful lives of the Group's telecommunications licences, other licences, brand names, trademarks and other rights. The actual economic lives of these assets may differ from the current contracted or expected usage periods, which could impact the amount of amortisation expense charged to the income statement. In addition, governments from time to time revise the terms of licences to change, amongst other terms, the contracted or expected licence period, which could also impact the amount of amortisation expense charged to the income statement.

(iii) Telecommunications customer acquisition costs

Telecommunications customer acquisition costs ("CACs") comprise the net costs to acquire and retain mobile telecommunications customers, which are primarily 3G and LTE customers. Telecommunications CACs are expensed and recognised in the income statement in the period in which they are incurred.

Judgement is required to determine the most appropriate accounting policy for telecommunications CACs. Any change in the accounting policy to capitalise these costs will impact the charge to the income statement as these costs will be capitalised and amortised over the contract periods.

(d) Goodwill

Goodwill is initially measured at cost, being excess of the aggregate of the consideration transferred, the amount recognised for non-controlling interests and any fair value of the Group's previously held equity interests in the acquiree over the fair value of the net identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed. Goodwill is recorded as a separate asset or, as applicable, included within investments in associated companies and joint ventures. Goodwill is also subject to the impairment test annually and when there are indications that the carrying value may not be recoverable.

(e) Tax

The Group is subject to income taxes in numerous jurisdictions. Significant judgement is required in determining the worldwide provision for income taxes. There are many transactions and calculations for which the ultimate tax determination is uncertain during the ordinary course of business. The Group recognises liabilities for anticipated tax audit issues based on estimates of whether additional taxes will be due. Where the final tax outcome of these matters is different from the amounts that were previously recorded, such differences will impact the income tax and deferred tax provisions in the period in which such determination is made.

Deferred tax is recognised, using the liability method, on temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying values in the financial statements. Deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which the deductible temporary differences and the carry forward of unused tax losses and tax credits can be utilised, based on all available evidence. Recognition primarily involves judgement regarding the future financial performance of the particular legal entity or tax group. A variety of other factors are also evaluated in considering whether there is convincing evidence that it is probable that some portion or all of the deferred tax assets will ultimately be realised, such as the existence of taxable temporary differences, group relief, tax planning strategies and the periods in which estimated tax losses can be utilised.

The ultimate realisation of deferred tax assets recognised for certain of the Group's businesses depends principally on these businesses maintaining profitability and generating sufficient taxable profits to utilise the underlying unused tax losses. It may be necessary for some or all of the deferred tax assets recognised to be reduced and charged to the income statement if there is a significant adverse change in the projected performance and resulting projected taxable profits of these businesses. Judgement is required to determine key assumptions adopted in the taxable profit and loss projections and changes to key assumptions used can significantly affect these taxable profit and loss projections.

4 Critical accounting estimates and judgements (continued)

(f) Business combinations and goodwill

As disclosed in note 3(ab), the Group applies the provisions of HKFRS 3 to transactions and other events that meet the definition of a business combination within the scope of HKFRS 3. When the Group completes a business combination, the identifiable assets acquired and the liabilities assumed, including intangible assets, contingent liabilities and commitments, are recognised at their fair value. Judgement is required to determine the fair values of the assets acquired, the liabilities assumed, and the purchase consideration, and on the allocation of the purchase consideration to the identifiable assets and liabilities. If the purchase consideration exceeds the fair value of the net assets acquired then the incremental amount paid is recognised as goodwill. If the purchase price consideration is lower than the fair value of the net assets acquired then the difference is recorded as a gain in the income statement. Allocation of the purchase consideration between finite lived assets and indefinite lived assets such as goodwill affects the subsequent results of the Group as finite lived intangible assets are amortised, whereas indefinite lived intangible assets, including goodwill, are not amortised.

(g) Provisions for commitments, onerous contracts and other guarantees

The Group has entered into a number of procurement and supply contracts related to specific assets in the ordinary course of its business and provided guarantees in respect of bank and other borrowing facilities to associated companies and joint ventures. Where the unavoidable costs of meeting the obligations under these procurement and supply contracts exceed the associated, expected future net benefits, an onerous contract provision is recognised, or where the borrowing associated companies and joint ventures are assessed to be unable to repay the indebtedness that the Group has guaranteed, a provision is recognised. The calculation of these provisions will involve the use of estimates. These onerous provisions are calculated by taking the unavoidable costs that will be incurred under the contract and deducting any estimate revenues or predicted income to be derived from the assets, or by taking the unavoidable costs that will be incurred under the guarantee and deducting any estimated realisable value from the investment in such associated companies and joint ventures.

(h) Pension costs

The Group operates several defined benefit plans. Pension costs for defined benefit plans are assessed using the projected unit credit method in accordance with HKAS 19, Employee Benefits. Under this method, the cost of providing pensions is charged to the income statement so as to spread the regular cost over the future service lives of employees in accordance with the advice of the actuaries who carry out a full valuation of the plans. The pension obligation is measured at the present value of the estimated future cash outflows using interest rates determined by reference to market yields at the end of the reporting period based on government agency or high quality corporate bonds with currency and term similar to the estimated term of benefit obligations. Remeasurements arising from defined benefit plans are recognised in other comprehensive income in the year in which they occur and reflected immediately in retained profit. Remeasurements comprise actuarial gains and losses, the return on plan assets (excluding amounts included in net interest on the net defined benefit liability (asset)) and any change in the effect of the asset ceiling (excluding amounts included in net interest on the net defined benefit liability (asset)).

Management appointed actuaries to carry out a full valuation of these pension plans to determine the pension obligations that are required to be disclosed and accounted for in the financial statements in accordance with the HKFRS requirements.

The actuaries use assumptions and estimates in determining the fair value of the defined benefit plans and evaluate and update these assumptions on an annual basis. Judgement is required to determine the principal actuarial assumptions to determine the present value of defined benefit obligations and service costs. Changes to the principal actuarial assumptions can significantly affect the present value of plan obligations and service costs in future periods.

(i) Sale and leaseback transactions

The Group classifies leases into finance leases or operating leases in accordance with the accounting policies stated in note 3(w). Determining whether a lease transaction is a finance lease or an operating lease is a complex issue and requires substantial judgement as to whether the lease agreement transfers substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership to or from the Group. Careful and considered judgement is required on various complex aspects that include, but are not limited to, the fair value of the leased asset, the economic life of the leased asset, whether renewal options are included in the lease term and determining an appropriate discount rate to calculate the present value of the minimum lease payments.

classification as a finance lease or operating lease determines whether the leased asset is capitalised and recognised on the statement of financial position as set out in note 3(w). In sale and leaseback transactions, the classification of the leaseback arrangements as described above determines how the gain or loss on the sale transaction is recognised. It is either deferred and amortised (finance lease) or recognised in the income statement immediately (operating lease).

(j) Allocation of revenue for bundled telecommunications transactions with customers

The Group has bundled transactions under contract with customers including sales of both services and hardware (for example handsets). The amount of revenue recognised upon the sale of hardware is determined by considering the estimated fair values of each of the service element and hardware element of the contract. Significant judgement is required in assessing fair values of both of these elements by considering inter alia, standalone selling price and other observable market data. Changes in the estimated fair values may cause the revenue recognised for sales of services and hardware to change individually but not the total bundled revenue from a specific customer throughout its contract term. The Group periodically re-assesses the fair value of the elements as a result of changes in market conditions.

5 Operating segment information

The Merger Proposal and the Spin-off Proposal have introduced significant changes to the composition of the Group's operating segments. As a result, the Group has updated its presentation of operating segment information. As the Group's former Property and hotels operating segment consisted entirely of discontinued operations, information about property sales, property rental, hotel and serviced suite operation, and property and project management are not presented in the following operating segment information. Set out below is information about the new composition of the Group's operating segment for the current and comparative periods:

Ports and related services:

This division had 282 operational berths as at 30 June 2015.

Retail:

The Retail division had 11,780 stores across 24 markets as at 30 June 2015.

Infrastructure:

The Infrastructure division comprises a 75.67% interest in Cheung Kong Infrastructure Holdings Limited ("CKI"), a company listed on the Stock Exchange; additional interests in certain co-owned infrastructure investments as well as aircraft leasing business is reported under this division.

Husky Energy:

This comprises of the Group's 40.19% interest in Husky, an integrated energy company listed on the Toronto Stock Exchange in Canada.

Telecommunications:

The Group's telecommunications division consists of **3** Group Europe with businesses in 6 countries in Europe, a 66.09% interest in Hutchison Telecommunications Hong Kong Holdings, which is listed on the Stock Exchange, Hutchison Asia Telecommunications and an 87.87% interest in the Australian Securities Exchange listed Hutchison Telecommunications (Australia) ("HTAL"), which has a 50% interest in a joint venture company, Vodafone Hutchison Australia Pty Limited ("VHA").

HTAL's share of VHA's results are presented as separate items within the income statement line item titled profits on disposal of investments and others (see notes 6(a) and 6(b)).

Finance & Investments and Others is presented to reconcile to the totals included in the Group's income statement and statement of financial position, which covers the activities of other Group areas which are not presented separately and includes Hutchison Water, Hutchison Whampoa (China), Hutchison E-Commerce and corporate head office operations, the Marionnaud business, listed subsidiary Hutchison China MediTech, listed associates TOM Group and CK Life Sciences Int'l., (Holdings) Inc. ("CK Life Sciences"), and returns earned on the Group's holdings of cash and liquid investments.

Save as disclosed in the notes below, the column headed as Company and Subsidiaries refers to the holding company of the Group and subsidiary companies' respective items and the column headed as Associates and JV refers to the Group's share of associated companies (including Hutchison's respective items before the completion of the Hutchison Proposal) and joint ventures' respective items, and segments are reported in a manner consistent with internal reporting currently provided to the board of directors of the Company who is responsible for allocating resources and assessing performance of the operating segments.

Revenue from external customers is after elimination of inter-segment revenue. The amounts eliminated for the month of June 2015 mainly attributable to Retail of HK\$4 million (30 June 2014 - nil), Hutchison Telecommunications Hong Kong Holdings of HK\$17 million (30 June 2014 - nil) and Hutchison Asia Telecommunications of HK\$1 million (30 June 2014 - nil).

(a) The following is an analysis of the Group's revenue by operating segments:

	Revenue								
	Six	months ended	30 June 2015		9	Six months ende	ed 30 June 2014		
	Company and Subsidiaries				Company and Subsidiaries		Total		
	HK\$ millions	HK\$ millions	HK\$ millions	%	HK\$ millions	HK\$ millions	HK\$ millions	%	
Ports and related services #	2,308	7,965	10,273	9%	_	8,847	8,847	9%	
Retail	12,016	32,721	44,737	38%	_	38,672	38,672	37%	
Infrastructure	2,429	15,686	18,115	15%	400	14,547	14,947	14%	
Husky Energy	_	10,692	10,692	9%	_	14,320	14,320	14%	
3 Group Europe	5,296	12,630	17,926	15%	_	15,521	15,521	15%	
Hutchison Telecommunications Hong Kong Holdings Hutchison Asia	1,893	4,563	6,456	6%	-	3,111	3,111	3%	
Telecommunications	539	1,232	1,771	2%	_	1,752	1,752	2%	
Finance & Investments and Others	1,565	5,715	7,280	6%	298	6,415	6,713	6%	
	26,046	91,204	117,250	100%	698	103,185	103,883	100%	
Non-controlling interests' share of HPH Trust's revenue	-	89	89		_	-	_		
	26,046	91,293	117,339	_	698	103,185	103,883		

[#] includes the Group's attributable share of HPH Trust's revenue based on the effective shareholdings in HPH Trust during 2015. Revenue reduced by HK\$89 million for the month of June 2015, being adjustments to exclude non-controlling interests' share of revenue of HPH Trust.

(b) The Group uses two measures of segment results, EBITDA (see note 5(m)) and EBIT (see note 5(n)). The following is an analysis of the Group's results by operating segments by EBITDA:

		EBITDA (m)											
	Six	months ended	30 June 2015		(Six months ende	ed 30 June 2014						
	Company and Subsidiaries	Associates and JV	Total		Company and Subsidiaries	Associates and JV	Total						
	HK\$ millions	HK\$ millions	HK\$ millions	%	HK\$ millions	HK\$ millions	HK\$ millions	%					
Ports and related services #	752	2,864	3,616	13%	_	2,875	2,875	12%					
Retail	1,280	2,823	4,103	15%	_	3,303	3,303	14%					
Infrastructure	2,047	8,389	10,436	37%	400	7,593	7,993	33%					
Husky Energy	_	3,020	3,020	11%	_	4,070	4,070	17%					
3 Group Europe	1,556	3,078	4,634	16%	_	3,250	3,250	13%					
Hutchison Telecommunications Hong Kong Holdings	232	640	872	3%	_	615	615	2%					
Hutchison Asia Telecommunications	104	-	104	_	_	251	251	1%					
Finance & Investments	101		101			231	231	170					
and Others	158	1,160	1,318	5%	313	1,725	2,038	8%					
EBITDA before profits on disposal of investments and others	6,129	21,974	28,103	100%	713	23,682	24,395	100%					
Profits on disposal of investments and others (see note 6)	_	_	_		_	10,269	10,269						
Non-controlling interests' share of HPH Trust's EBITDA	-	61	61		-	-	_						
EBITDA (see note 34(a))	6,129	22,035	28,164		713	33,951	34,664						
Depreciation and amortisation Profits on disposal of	(1,540)	(8,624)	(10,164)		(7)	(8,586)	(8,593)						
investments and others (see note 6)	14,260	(325)	13,935		_	(605)	(605)						
Interest expenses and other finance costs	(771)	(3,721)	(4,492)		(332)	(4,115)	(4,447)						
Current tax	(340)	(1,355)	(1,695)		(66)	(2,158)	(2,224)						
Deferred tax	(558)	(667)	(1,225)		(4)	(790)	(794)						
Non-controlling interests	(1,119)	(1,927)	(3,046)		(231)	(4,322)	(4,553)						
	16,061	5,416	21,477		73	13,375	13,448						

[#] includes the Group's attributable share of HPH Trust's EBITDA based on the effective shareholdings in HPH Trust during 2015. EBITDA reduced by HK\$61 million for the month of June 2015, being adjustments to exclude non-controlling interests' share of EBITDA of HPH Trust.

(c) The following is an analysis of the Group's results by operating segments by EBIT:

				EBIT	(n)			
	Six	months ended	30 June 2015		(Six months ende	ed 30 June 2014	
	Company and Subsidiaries HK\$ millions	Associates and JV HK\$ millions	Total HK\$ millions	%	Company and Subsidiaries HK\$ millions	Associates and JV HK\$ millions	Total HK\$ millions	%
Ports and related services #	522	1,874	2,396	13%	_	1,783	1,783	11%
Retail	1,098	2,273	3,371	19%	_	2,666	2,666	17%
Infrastructure	1,558	6,122	7,680	43%	400	5,554	5,954	38%
Husky Energy	_	591	591	3%	_	2,163	2,163	13%
3 Group Europe								
EBITDA before the following non-cash items:	1,556	3,078	4.634		_	3,250	3,250	
Depreciation	(419)	•	(1,855)			(1,857)	(1,857)	
•	(419)	(1,430)	(1,055)		_	(1,037)	(1,057)	
Amortisation of licence fees and other rights	(91)	(240)	(331)		_	(253)	(253)	
EBIT – 3 Group Europe	1,046	1,402	2,448	14%	_	1,140	1,140	7%
Hutchison Telecommunications								
Hong Kong Holdings	115	340	455	3%	_	269	269	2%
Hutchison Asia Telecommunications	104	(248)	(144)	-1%	-	(38)	(38)	_
Finance & Investments and Others	146	1,016	1,162	6%	306	1,559	1,865	12%
EBIT before profits on disposal of investments and others	4,589	13,370	17,959	100%	706	15,096	15,802	100%
Profits on disposal of investments and others (see note 6)	14,260	(325)	13,935		_	9,664	9,664	
Non-controlling interests' share of HPH Trust's EBIT	_	41	41		_	_	_	
Interest expenses and other finance costs	(771)	(3,721)	(4,492)		(332)	(4,115)	(4,447)	
Current tax	(340)	(1,355)	(1,695)		(66)	(2,158)	(2,224)	
Deferred tax	(558)	(667)	(1,225)		(4)	(790)	(794)	
Non-controlling interests	(1,119)	(1,927)	(3,046)		(231)	(4,322)	(4,553)	
	16,061	5,416	21,477		73	13,375	13,448	

[#] includes the Group's attributable share of HPH Trust's EBIT based on the effective shareholdings in HPH Trust during 2015. EBIT reduced by HK\$41 million for the month of June 2015, being adjustments to exclude non-controlling interests' share of EBIT of HPH Trust.

(d) The following is an analysis of the Group's depreciation and amortisation by operating segments:

Depreciation and amortisation

			Depreciation at	וע מוווטו נוסמנוטוו					
	Six mo	nths ended 30 Ju	ne 2015	Six months ended 30 June 2014					
	Company and Subsidiaries	Associates and JV	Total	Company and Subsidiaries	Associates and JV	Total			
	HK\$ millions	HK\$ millions	HK\$ millions	HK\$ millions	HK\$ millions	HK\$ millions			
Ports and related services #	230	990	1,220	_	1,092	1,092			
Retail	182	550	732	_	637	637			
Infrastructure	489	2,267	2,756	_	2,039	2,039			
Husky Energy	_	2,429	2,429	_	1,907	1,907			
3 Group Europe	510	1,676	2,186	_	2,110	2,110			
Hutchison Telecommunications Hong Kong Holdings	117	300	417	_	346	346			
Hutchison Asia Telecommunications	_	248	248	_	289	289			
Finance & Investments and Others	12	144	156	7	166	173			
	1,540	8,604	10,144	7	8,586	8,593			
Non-controlling interests' share of HPH Trust's depreciation and amortisation	-	20	20	-	-	_			
	1,540	8,624	10,164	7	8,586	8,593			

[#] includes the Group's attributable share of HPH Trust's depreciation and amortisation based on the effective shareholdings in HPH Trust during 2015. Depreciation and amortisation reduced by HK\$20 million for the month of June 2015, being adjustments to exclude non-controlling interests' share of depreciation and amortisation of HPH Trust.

(e) The following is an analysis of the Group's capital expenditure by operating segments:

		Capital expenditure											
		Six months ende	d 30 June 2015	Six months ended 30 June 2014									
	Fixed assets, investment properties and leasehold land	Telecom- munications licences	Brand names and other rights	Total	Fixed assets, investment properties and leasehold land	Telecom- munications licences	Brand names and other rights	Total					
	HK\$ millions	HK\$ millions	HK\$ millions	HK\$ millions	HK\$ millions	HK\$ millions	HK\$ millions	HK\$ millions					
Ports and related services	326	-	_	326	-	_	_	_					
Retail	173	-	-	173	_	_	_	_					
Infrastructure	5,618	-	2	5,620	_	_	_	_					
Husky Energy	-	-	_	-	_	_	_	_					
3 Group Europe	1,266	12	1	1,279	_	_	_	_					
Hutchison Telecommunications Hong Kong Holdings	59	-	_	59	-	-	-	-					
Hutchison Asia Telecommunications	66	-	_	66	_	_	_	_					
Finance & Investments and Others	36	-	42	78	3	_	-	3					
	7,544	12	45	7,601	3	_	_	3					
Reconciliation item @	136	_	_	136	151	_	_	151					

45

7,737

154

154

7,680

12

[@] the reconciliation item represents the capital expenditure of Property and hotels.

(f) The following is an analysis of the Group's total assets by operating segments:

lassets

				IUldid	Initial 422612						
		30 June	2015			31 Decem	ecember 2014				
	Company Subsidia	-	Investments in associated	-	Company a Subsidiari		Investments in associated				
	Segment assets ^(o) HK\$ millions	Deferred tax assets HK\$ millions	companies and interests in joint ventures HK\$ millions	Total assets HK\$ millions	Segment assets ^(o) HK\$ millions	Deferred tax assets HK\$ millions	companies and interests in joint ventures HK\$ millions	Total assets HK\$ millions			
Ports and related services	70,900	278	28,647	99,825	_	_	_	_			
Retail	205,893	963	4,594	211,450	-	_	-	_			
Infrastructure	193,133	288	114,615	308,036	7,772	_	19,806	27,578			
Husky Energy	-	-	60,682	60,682	_	_	_	-			
3 Group Europe	123,809	20,928	3	144,740	_	_	-	-			
Hutchison Telecommunications Hong Kong Holdings	25,699	184	527	26,410	-	-	_	-			
Hutchison Asia Telecommunications	2,026	-	-	2,026	_	-	-	_			
Finance & Investments and Others	210,586	27	8,182	218,795	28,465	-	219,892	248,357			
	832,046	22,668	217,250	1,071,964	36,237	-	239,698	275,935			
Reconciliation item @	4	-	7,568	7,572	136,109	-	45,897	182,006			
	832,050	22,668	224,818	1,079,536	172,346	-	285,595	457,941			

[@] the reconciliation item comprises total assets of HTAL and Property and hotels.

(g) The following is an analysis of the Group's total liabilities by operating segments:

				Total liabi	lities				
		30 June 2	2015		31 December 2014				
	Segment liabilities [©]	Current & non-current borrowings (c and other non-current liabilities	Current & deferred tax liabilities	Total liabilities	Segment liabilities ^(p)	Current & non-current borrowings ^(a) and other non-current liabilities	Current & deferred tax liabilities	Total liabilities	
	HK\$ millions	HK\$ millions	HK\$ millions	HK\$ millions	HK\$ millions	HK\$ millions	HK\$ millions	HK\$ millions	
Ports and related services	17,099	15,835	4,694	37,628	_	_	_	_	
Retail	24,257	13,077	15,743	53,077	_	_	_	_	
Infrastructure	15,143	83,165	9,140	107,448	585	-	(4)	581	
Husky Energy	_	-	-	_	_	-	-	_	
3 Group Europe	27,611	61,767	176	89,554	-	_	_	-	
Hutchison Telecommunications Hong Kong Holdings	3,885	4,747	481	9,113	_	_	_	_	
Hutchison Asia Telecommunications	4,085	17,069	_	21,154	_	_	_	_	
Finance & Investments and Others	8,251	193,118	3,093	204,462	564	37,274	37	37,875	
	100,331	388,778	33,327	522,436	1,149	37,274	33	38,456	
Reconciliation item®	2	-	-	2	10,493	600	2,345	13,438	
	100,333	388,778	33,327	522,438	11,642	37,874	2,378	51,894	

[@] the reconciliation item comprises total liabilities of HTAL and Property and hotels.

Additional information in respect of geographical locations

(h) Additional disclosures of the Group's revenue by geographical location are shown below:

	Revenue									
		Six months ended 30 June 2015				Six months ended 30 June 2014				
	Company and	Associates			Company and	Associates				
	Subsidiaries	and JV	Total		Subsidiaries	and JV	Total			
	HK\$ millions	HK\$ millions	HK\$ millions	%	HK\$ millions	HK\$ millions	HK\$ millions	%		
Hong Kong	5,231	13,652	18,883	16%	_	13,714	13,714	13%		
Mainland China	2,984	9,465	12,449	11%	_	9,086	9,086	9%		
Europe	12,514	40,772	53,286	45%	400	47,590	47,990	46%		
Canada ^(r)	66	10,066	10,132	9%	_	14,273	14,273	14%		
Asia, Australia and others	3,686	11,534	15,220	13%	_	12,107	12,107	12%		
Finance & Investments and Others	1,565	5,715	7,280	6%	298	6,415	6,713	6%		
	26,046	91,204	117,250 ⁽¹⁾	100%	698	103,185	103,883(1)	100%		

⁽¹⁾ see note 5(a) for reconciliation to total revenue included in the Group's income statement.

(i) Additional disclosures of the Group's EBITDA by geographical location are shown below:

		EBITDA (m)									
	Six m	onths ended	30 June 2015	Six months ended 30 June 2014							
	Company and Subsidiaries HK\$ millions	Associates and JV HK\$ millions	Total HK\$ millions	%	Company and Subsidiaries HK\$ millions	Associates and JV HK\$ millions	Total HK\$ millions	%			
Hong Kong	501	1,230	1,731	6%	_	1,284	1,284	5%			
Mainland China	762	2,898	3,660	13%	_	2,211	2,211	9%			
Europe	3,593	10,567	14,160	50%	400	11,133	11,533	48%			
Canada ^(r)	48	2,285	2,333	8%	_	3,937	3,937	16%			
Asia, Australia and others	1,067	3,834	4,901	18%	_	3,392	3,392	14%			
Finance & Investments and Others	158	1,160	1,318	5%	313	1,725	2,038	8%			
EBITDA before profits on disposal of investments and others	6,129	21,974	28,103 ⁽²⁾	100%	713	23,682	24,395 ⁽²⁾	100%			

- (2) see note 5(b) for reconciliation to total EBITDA included in the Group's income statement.
- (j) Additional disclosures of the Group's EBIT by geographical location are shown below:

		EBIT ⁽ⁿ⁾									
t	Six m	onths ended	30 June 2015	Six months ended 30 June 2014							
	Company and Subsidiaries HK\$ millions	Associates and JV HK\$ millions	Total HK\$ millions	%	Company and Subsidiaries HK\$ millions	Associates and JV HK\$ millions	Total HK\$ millions	%			
Hong Kong	342	534	876	5%	_	550	550	3%			
Mainland China	627	2,045	2,672	15%	_	1,674	1,674	11%			
Europe	2,630	6,954	9,584	54%	400	6,991	7,391	47%			
Canada ^(r)	29	231	260	1%	_	2,095	2,095	13%			
Asia, Australia and others	815	2,590	3,405	19%	_	2,227	2,227	14%			
Finance & Investments and Others	146	1,016	1,162	6%	306	1,559	1,865	12%			
EBIT before profits on disposal of investments and others	4,589	13,370	17,959 ⁽³⁾	100%	706	15,096	15,802 ⁽³⁾	100%			

⁽³⁾ see note 5(c) for reconciliation to total EBIT included in the Group's income statement.

(k) Additional disclosures of the Group's capital expenditure by geographical location are shown below:

	expenditure	

	capital experience							
	Six months ended 30 June 2015				Six months ende	ed 30 June 2014		
Fixed assets, investment properties and leasehold land	Telecom- munications licences	Brand names and other rights	Total	Fixed assets, investment properties and leasehold land	Telecom- munications licences	Brand names and other rights	Total	
HK\$ MIIIIONS	HK\$ MIIIIONS	HK\$ MIIIIONS	HK\$ MIIIIONS	HK\$ IIIIIIIOIIS	HK\$ IIIIII0IIS	HK\$ IIIIIIOIIS	HK\$ millions	
119	_	2	121	118	_	-	118	
58	-	-	58	33	-	-	33	
3,129	12	1	3,142	_	-	_	-	
_	-	_	-	_	_	_	-	
4,338	-	-	4,338	_	-	-	_	
36	-	42	78	3	_	_	3	
7,680 #	12	45	7,737	154 #	-	-	154	
	Fixed assets, investment properties and leasehold land HK\$ millions 119 58 3,129 - 4,338 36	Fixed assets, investment properties and leasehold land HK\$ millions 119 58 3,129 12 - 4,338 - 4,338 - 36 -	Fixed assets, investment properties and leasehold land HK\$ millions	Six months ended 30 June 2015	Six months ended 30 June 2015 Fixed assets, investment properties and leasehold land HK\$ millions HK\$ mil	Six months ended 30 June 2015 Fixed assets, investment properties and leasehold land HK\$ millions Fixed assets, investment properties and leasehold land licences HK\$ millions HK\$ millions	Six months ended 30 June 2015 Fixed assets, investment properties and leasehold land HK\$ millions Telecommunications licences HK\$ millions HK\$ millions	

- # included in the balance are amount relating to Property and hotels HK\$136 million (30 June 2014 HK\$151 million).
- (I) Additional disclosures of the Group's total assets by geographical location are shown below:

Total assets

		30 June 2015				31 Decem	iber 2014	
	Company Subsidia		Investments in associated companies		Compan <u>y</u> Subsidia		Investments in associated companies	
	Segment assets ^(o) HK\$ millions	Deferred tax assets HK\$ millions	and interests in joint ventures HK\$ millions	Total assets HK\$ millions	Segment assets ^(o) HK \$ millions	Deferred tax assets HK\$ millions	and interests in joint ventures HK\$ millions	Total assets HK\$ millions
Hong Kong	70,970	224	37,336	108,530	126,860	_	5,430	132,290
Mainland China	63,743	638	34,083	98,464	7,658	_	38,299	45,957
Europe	400,766	21,527	53,545	475,838	1,930	-	16,854	18,784
Canada ^(f)	4,729	1	53,306	58,036	254	-	10	264
Asia, Australia and others	81,256	251	38,366	119,873	7,179	_	5,110	12,289
Finance & Investments and Others	210,586	27	8,182	218,795	28,465	-	219,892	248,357
	832,050	22,668	224,818	1,079,536	172,346 *	_	285,595*	457,941

^{*} as at 31 December 2014, included in the Segment assets and Investments in associated companies and interests in joint ventures are amounts relating to Property and hotels of HK\$136,109 million and HK\$45,897 million respectively.

- (m) EBITDA (LBITDA) represents the EBITDA (LBITDA) of the Company and subsidiary companies as well as the Group's share of the EBITDA (LBITDA) of associated companies and joint ventures except for HPH Trust which are included based on the Group's effective share of EBITDA for this operation. EBITDA (LBITDA) is defined as earnings (losses) before interest expenses and other finance costs, tax, depreciation and amortisation, and includes profits on disposal of investments and other earnings of a cash nature but excludes change in fair value of investment properties. Information concerning EBITDA (LBITDA) has been included in the Group's financial information and consolidated financial statements and is used by many industries and investors as one measure of gross cash flow generation. The Group considers EBITDA (LBITDA) to be an important performance measure which is used in the Group's internal financial and management reporting to monitor business performance. EBITDA (LBITDA) is therefore presented as a measure of segment results in accordance with HKFRS 8. EBITDA (LBITDA) is not a measure of cash liquidity or financial performance under generally accepted accounting principles in Hong Kong and the EBITDA (LBITDA) measures used by the Group may not be comparable to other similarly titled measures of other companies. EBITDA (LBITDA) should not necessarily be construed as an alternative to cash flows or results from operations as determined in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles in Hong Kong.
- (n) EBIT (LBIT) represents the EBIT (LBIT) of the Company and subsidiary companies as well as the Group's share of the EBIT (LBIT) of associated companies and joint ventures except for HPH Trust which are included based on the Group's effective share of EBIT for this operation. EBIT (LBIT) is defined as earnings (losses) before interest expenses and other finance costs and tax. Information concerning EBIT (LBIT) has been included in the Group's financial information and consolidated financial statements and is used by many industries and investors as one measure of results from operations. The Group considers EBIT (LBIT) to be an important performance measure which is used in the Group's internal financial and management reporting to monitor business performance. EBIT (LBIT) is therefore presented as a measure of segment results in accordance with HKFRS 8. EBIT (LBIT) is not a measure of financial performance under generally accepted accounting principles in Hong Kong and the EBIT (LBIT) measures used by the Group may not be comparable to other similarly titled measures of other companies. EBIT (LBIT) should not necessarily be construed as an alternative to results from operations as determined in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles in Hong Kong.
- (o) Segment assets comprise fixed assets, investment properties, leasehold land, telecommunications licences, goodwill, brand names and other rights, other non-current assets, liquid funds and other listed investments, cash and cash equivalents and other current assets. As additional information, non-current assets (excluding financial instruments, deferred tax assets, post-employment benefits assets and assets from insurance contracts) for Hong Kong, Mainland China, Europe, Canada, and Asia, Australia and others amounted to HK\$96,843 million (31 December 2014 HK\$267,380 million), HK\$105,841 million (31 December 2014 HK\$18,750 million), HK\$54,833 million (31 December 2014 HK\$10 million) and HK\$138,724 million (31 December 2014 HK\$7,380 million) respectively.
- (p) Segment liabilities comprise trade and other payables and pension obligations.
- (q) Current and non-current borrowings comprise bank and other debts and interest bearing loans from non-controlling shareholders.
- (r) Include contribution from the United States of America for Husky Energy.

6 Profits on disposal of investments and others

		Attributable to			
	Ordinary shareholders ^(e) HK\$ millions	Holders of perpetual capital securities HK\$ millions	Non-controlling interests HK\$ millions	Total HK\$ millions	
Six months ended 30 June 2015					
Profits on disposal of investments					
Net gain on remeasurement of the Group's previously held equity interest in Hutchison and certain interests in co-owned assets	14,260	_	_	14,260	
Others					
HTAL – share of operating losses of joint venture VHA $^{\mbox{\tiny (a)}}$	(90)	-	(12)	(102)	
	14,170	-	(12)	14,158	
Share of former associated company, Hutchison's profits on disposal of investments and others ^(b)	(196)	-	-	(196)	
Six months ended 30 June 2014					
Share of former associated company, Hutchison's profit on disposal of investments and others					
Share of an associated company's gain on disposal (c)	8,026	_	_	8,026	
Impairment of goodwill and store closure provision ^(d)	(325)	_	_	(325)	
HTAL – share of operating losses of joint venture VHA $^{(\!0\!)}$	(246)	_	_	(246)	
	7,455	-	-	7,455	

- (a) It represents the Group's indirect subsidiary, HTAL's share of operating losses of a joint venture VHA.
- (b) It represents the Group's share of former associated company, Hutchison's share of operating losses of HK\$223 million (30 June 2014 HK\$280 million) net of non-controlling interests of HK\$27 million (30 June 2014 HK\$34 million) of a joint venture VHA.
- (c) It represents the Group's share of former associated company, Hutchison's gain arising from its listed associated company, Power Assets Holdings Limited's separate listing of its Hong Kong electricity businesses on the Stock Exchange of HK\$10,269 million net of non-controlling interests in the associates of HK\$2,243 million.
- (d) It represents the Group's share of former associated company, Hutchison's recognition of provision on impairment of goodwill and store closures of the Marionnaud businesses to exit Poland and down-size operations in Portugal and Spain.
- (e) Ordinary shareholders refer to the ordinary shareholders of the holding company of the Group, i.e. CK Hutchison for the current period and Cheung Kong for the comparative period.

7 Interest expenses and other finance costs

	Six months ended 30 June		
	2015		
	HK\$ millions	HK\$ millions	
Interest on borrowings	1,151	326	
Notional non-cash interest adjustments	(231)	_	
Other finance costs	(133)	6	
	787	332	
Less: interest capitalised	(16)		
	771	332	

Notional non-cash interest adjustments represent notional adjustments to the carrying amount of certain obligations recognised in the statement of financial position to the present value of the estimated future cash flows expected to be required for their settlement in the future.

8 Tax

	Six mo	nths ended 30 June
	2015	2014
	HK\$ millions	HK\$ millions
Current tax		
Hong Kong	10	58
Outside Hong Kong	330	8
	340	66
Deferred tax		
Hong Kong	17	_
Outside Hong Kong	541	4
	558	4
	898	70

Hong Kong profits tax has been provided for at the rate of 16.5% (30 June 2014 – 16.5%) on the estimated assessable profits less estimated available tax losses. Tax outside Hong Kong has been provided for at the applicable rate on the estimated assessable profits less estimated available tax losses.

9 Discontinued operations

As disclosed in note 1, the results of the Property and hotels operations are presented as discontinued operations separately from continuing operations in the consolidated income statement and consolidated statement of comprehensive income. An analysis of the results of discontinued operations, and the results recognised on the remeasurement of assets of disposal group, is set out below:

	Six months e	nded 30 June
	2015	2014
	HK\$ millions	HK\$ millions
Revenue	9,334	12,052
Increase in fair value of investment properties	526	560
Expenses	(4,468)	(6,718)
Share of profits less losses of associated company	3,166	1,662
Share of profits less losses of joint ventures	(158)	1,138
Pre-tax profit before remeasurement of assets	8,400	8,694
Tax	(745)	(782)
After tax profit before remeasurement of assets	7,655	7,912
Pre-tax gain recognised on remeasurement of assets of the disposal group	72,859	_
Tax		_
After tax gain recognised on remeasurement of assets of the disposal group ^(a)	72,859	-
Profit after tax from discontinued operations	80,514	7,912
Profit from discontinued operations attributable to:		
Non-controlling interests and holders of perpetual capital securities	(133)	(15)
Ordinary shareholders	80,381	7,897

(a) Analysis of gain on remeasurement of assets

		Arising from			
	Remeasurement of assets (b)	Distribution In Specie ^(c)	Total		
	HK\$ millions	HK\$ millions	HK\$ millions		
One-off non-cash gains before reclassification adjustments (see note 34(e))	18,351	48,004	66,355		
Reclassification adjustments	3,578	2,926	6,504		
One-off non-cash gains after reclassification adjustments	21,929	50,930	72,859		

⁽b) Upon completion of the Hutchison Proposal, entities co-owned by CK Hutchison and Hutchison over which CK Hutchison has control became indirectly owned subsidiaries of the Group. These entities formed part of the Cheung Kong Property Group which was distributed to shareholders pursuant to the Distribution In Specie. One-off non-cash gain on remeasurement of these assets represents the difference between their fair value and the book value, including gains previously in exchange and other reserves related to these entities reclassified to profit or loss in the current period.

(c) See note 11(c).

10 Earnings per share for profit attributable to ordinary shareholders

	Six months en	ded 30 June
	2015	2014
Earnings per share for profit attributable to ordinary shareholders arises from:		
Continuing operations	HK\$ 8.41	HK\$ 5.81
Discontinued operations	HK\$ 31.46	HK\$ 3.41
	HK\$ 39.87	HK\$ 9.22

The calculation of earnings per share is based on profit attributable to ordinary shareholders and on weighted average number of shares outstanding during the six months ended 30 June 2015 and 2014 as follows:

	Six months ended 30 June		
	2015	2014	
	HK\$ millions	HK\$ millions	
Profit attributable to ordinary shareholders arises from:			
Continuing operations	21,477	13,448	
Discontinued operations	80,381	7,897	
	101,858	21,345	
Weighted average number of shares in issue during the six months ended 30 June 2015 and 2014	2,554,940,009	2,316,164,338	

The Company has no share option scheme. Certain of the Company's subsidiary and associated companies have employee share options outstanding as at 30 June 2015. The employee share options of these subsidiary and associated companies outstanding as at 30 June 2015 did not have a dilutive effect on earnings per share.

11 Distributions and dividends

(a) Distribution paid on perpetual capital securities

	Six months e	nded 30 June
	2015	2014
	HK\$ millions	HK\$ millions
Distribution paid on perpetual capital securities	221	229
(b) Dividends		
		nded 30 June
	2015	2014
	HK\$ millions	HK\$ millions
First interim dividend, declared of HK\$0.70 per share (30 June 2014 - HK\$0.638 per share)	2,702	1,478
Special dividend, paid of nil (30 June 2014 – HK\$7.00 per share)		16,213
	2,702	17,691

The calculation of the first interim dividend is based on 3,859,678,500 shares in issue as at 30 June 2015 (30 June 2014 - 2,316,164,338 shares). The calculation of the special dividend in prior period is based on 2,316,164,338 shares in issue as at 30 June 2014.

In addition, second interim dividend in lieu of final dividend in respect of the year 2014 of HK\$3.016 per share totalling HK\$6,985 million (30 June 2014 - final dividend in respect of the year 2013 of HK\$2.90 per share totalling HK\$6,717 million) was approved and paid during the current period.

(c) Other distributions

	Six mo	nths ended 30 June
	2015	2014
	HK\$ millions	HK\$ millions
Distribution In Specie	363,511	_

The Group's entire interest in Cheung Kong Property was distributed to shareholders pursuant to the Distribution In Specie under the Spin-Off Proposal and Cheung Kong Property became a separate listed company on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange. The Distribution In Specie is accounted for as a distribution of non-cash assets to shareholders, where the difference between the distribution liability measured at fair value and the book value of the disposal group (after netting off HK\$55,000 million received) is recognised in the consolidated financial statements of CK Hutchison upon settlement of the distribution liability. This resulted in an one-off non-cash gain of approximately HK\$50,930 million recognised and reported as part of the results from discontinued operations (see note 9(a)).

12 Fixed assets

	Hotels and serviced suites HK\$ millions	Land and buildings HK\$ millions	Telecom- munications network assets HK\$ millions	Aircraft HK\$ millions	Other assets HK\$ millions	Total HK\$ millions
Cost						
At 1 January 2014	12,849	_	_	_	1,367	14,216
Additions	180	_	_	7,599	105	7,884
Disposals	_	_	_	_	(99)	(99)
Exchange translation differences	(2)	_	_	_	(1)	(3)
At 31 December 2014 and 1 January 2015	13,027	_	_	7,599	1,372	21,998
Additions	49	128	99	5,313	2,091	7,680
Relating to subsidiaries acquired (see note 34(c))	_	29,288	25,909	_	109,905	165,102
Disposals	_	(1)	(1)	_	(233)	(235)
Distribution In Specie (see note 34(e))	(12,985)	_	_	_	(1,073)	(14,058)
Transfer to other assets	_	_	_	_	(66)	(66)
Transfer between categories	_	12	342	_	(354)	_
Exchange translation differences	(91)	(60)	146	71	29	95
At 30 June 2015	_	29,367	26,495	12,983	111,671	180,516
Accumulated depreciation and impairmen	t					
At 1 January 2014	3,001	_	_	_	1,238	4,239
Charge for the year	242	_	_	93	58	393
Disposals	_	_	_	_	(86)	(86)
Exchange translation differences	(1)	_	_	_	(1)	(2)
At 31 December 2014 and 1 January 2015	3,242	_	_	93	1,209	4,544
Charge for the period	102	96	329	203	765	1,495
Disposals	_	_	_	_	(190)	(190)
Distribution In Specie (see note 34(e))	(3,341)	_	_	_	(864)	(4,205)
Exchange translation differences	(3)	-	-	2	(2)	(3)
At 30 June 2015	_	96	329	298	918	1,641
Net book value						
At 30 June 2015		29,271	26,166	12,685	110,753	178,875
At 31 December 2014	9,785	_	_	7,506	163	17,454
At 1 January 2014	9,848	-	_	_	129	9,977

At 30 June 2015, cost and net book value of fixed assets include HK\$30,951 million (31 December 2014 - nil) and HK\$30,532 million (31 December 2014 - nil) respectively, relating to **3** Group Europe.

12 Fixed assets (continued)

The analysis of the Group's aggregate future minimum lease payments receivable under non-cancellable operating leases of fixed assets is as follows:

	30 June 2015	31 December 2014
	HK\$ millions	HK\$ millions
Within 1 year	5,684	753
After 1 year, but within 5 years	15,222	2,751
After 5 years	5,960	1,241
13 Investment properties		
10 involument proportion	30 June	31 December
	2015	2014
	HK\$ millions	HK\$ millions
Valuation		
At 1 January	33,285	28,777
Additions / cost adjustments	_	(34)
Relating to subsidiaries acquired (see note 34(c))	305	_
Distribution In Specie (see note 34(e))	(33,811)	_
Increase in fair value of investment properties (see note 9)	526	4,542
Al 20 hays 2015 (21 December 2014	305	33,285
At 30 June 2015 / 31 December 2014		33,203
		31 December 2014 HK\$ millions
The analysis of the Group's aggregate future minimum lease payments receivable under non-can	ocellable operating leases is as follows: 30 June 2015	31 December 2014 HK\$ millions
	ocellable operating leases is as follows: 30 June 2015	31 December 2014
The analysis of the Group's aggregate future minimum lease payments receivable under non-can within 1 year	ocellable operating leases is as follows: 30 June 2015	31 December 2014 HK\$ millions
The analysis of the Group's aggregate future minimum lease payments receivable under non-can within 1 year After 1 year, but within 5 years	acellable operating leases is as follows: 30 June 2015 HK\$ millions — —	31 December 2014 HK\$ millions 1,210 1,022
The analysis of the Group's aggregate future minimum lease payments receivable under non-can within 1 year After 1 year, but within 5 years	ocellable operating leases is as follows: 30 June 2015	31 December 2014 HK\$ millions 1,210 1,022
The analysis of the Group's aggregate future minimum lease payments receivable under non-can within 1 year After 1 year, but within 5 years	acellable operating leases is as follows: 30 June 2015 HK\$ millions	31 December 2014 HK\$ millions 1,210 1,022
The analysis of the Group's aggregate future minimum lease payments receivable under non-can within 1 year After 1 year, but within 5 years	acellable operating leases is as follows: 30 June 2015 HK\$ millions 30 June 2015	31 December 2014 HK\$ millions 1,210 1,022 31 December 2014
The analysis of the Group's aggregate future minimum lease payments receivable under non-can within 1 year After 1 year, but within 5 years 14 Leasehold land Net book value	acellable operating leases is as follows: 30 June 2015 HK\$ millions 30 June 2015	31 December 2014 HK\$ millions 1,210 1,022 31 December 2014
The analysis of the Group's aggregate future minimum lease payments receivable under non-can within 1 year After 1 year, but within 5 years 14 Leasehold land	acellable operating leases is as follows: 30 June 2015 HK\$ millions 30 June 2015	31 December 2014 HK\$ millions 1,210 1,022 31 December 2014
The analysis of the Group's aggregate future minimum lease payments receivable under non-can Within 1 year After 1 year, but within 5 years 14 Leasehold land Net book value At 1 January	acellable operating leases is as follows: 30 June 2015 HK\$ millions 30 June 2015 HK\$ millions	31 December 2014 HK\$ millions 1,210 1,022 31 December 2014
The analysis of the Group's aggregate future minimum lease payments receivable under non-can within 1 year After 1 year, but within 5 years 14 Leasehold land Net book value At 1 January Relating to subsidiaries acquired (see note 34(c))	30 June 2015 HK\$ millions 30 June 2015 HK\$ millions	31 December 2014 HK\$ millions 1,210 1,022 31 December 2014

15 Telecommunications licences

	30 June 2015 HK\$ millions	31 December 2014 HK\$ millions
Net book value		
At 1 January	-	_
Additions	12	_
Relating to subsidiaries acquired (see note 34(c))	31,571	_
Amortisation for the period / year	(52)	_
Exchange translation differences	150	_
At 30 June 2015 / 31 December 2014	31,681	_
Cost	31,733	_
Accumulated amortisation and impairment	(52)	=
	31,681	-

At 30 June 2015, the carrying amount of the Group's telecommunications licences with indefinite useful life in Italy and the UK is €1,058 million (31 December 2014 - nil) and £1,148 million (31 December 2014 - nil), respectively.

16 Goodwill

	30 June 2015 HK\$ millions	31 December 2014 HK\$ millions
Cost		
At 1 January	_	_
Relating to subsidiaries acquired (see note 34(c))	261,139	_
Exchange translation differences	(4)	
At 30 June 2015 / 31 December 2014	261,135	_

17 Brand names and other rights

	Brand names HK\$ millions	Other rights HK\$ millions	Total HK\$ millions
Net book value			
At 1 January 2014, 31 December 2014 and 1 January 2015	_	_	_
Additions	_	45	45
Relating to subsidiaries acquired (see note 34(c))	87,222	15,978	103,200
Amortisation for the period	(1)	(81)	(82)
Exchange translation differences	(13)	(29)	(42)
At 30 June 2015	87,208	15,913	103,121
Cost	87,209	15,994	103,203
Accumulated amortisation	(1)	(81)	(82)
	87,208	15,913	103,121

The carrying amount of brand names and other rights primarily arises from the acquisition of Hutchison and its subsidiaries under the Merger Proposal. Brand names mainly relate to Retail of approximately HK\$72 billion and Telecommunications of approximately HK\$14 billion.

Other rights, which include rights of use of telecommunications network infrastructure sites of HK\$1,022 million (31 December 2014 - nil), operating and service content rights of HK\$11,204 million (31 December 2014 - nil), resource consents and customer lists of HK\$3,687 million (31 December 2014 - nil) are amortised over their finite useful lives.

18 Associated companies

	30 June 2015	31 December 2014
	HK\$ millions	HK\$ millions
Unlisted shares	5,396	6
Listed shares, Hong Kong	61,176	28,132
Listed shares, outside Hong Kong	77,405	_
Share of undistributed post acquisition reserves	(3,071)	187,889
	140,906	216,027
Amounts due from associated companies	5,562	814
	146,468	216,841

The market value of the above listed investments at 30 June 2015 was HK\$143,693 million (31 December 2014 – HK\$193,562 million), inclusive of HK\$59,053 million and HK\$58,570 million for material associated companies, namely Husky and Power Assets Holdings Limited ("Power Assets") respectively (31 December 2014 – inclusive of HK\$190,121 million and HK\$3,441 million for material associated companies, namely Hutchison and CK Life Sciences respectively).

There are no material contingent liabilities relating to the Group's interests in the associated companies, save as for those disclosed in note 35.

18 Associated companies (continued)

Set out below are additional information in respect of the reconciliation of the published information of Husky and Power Assets to the Group's carrying amounts as at 30 June 2015:

	30 June 2015	
	Husky	Power Assets
	HK\$ millions	HK\$ millions
Gross amount of the following items of the associated companies*:		
Current assets	22,613	68,239
Non-current assets	217,900	65,227
Current liabilities	22,613	2,864
Non-current liabilities	87,500	10,219
Net assets (net of preferred shares, perpetual capital securities and non-controlling interests)	125,337	120,383
Reconciliation to the carrying amount of the Group's interests in associated companies:		
Group's interest	40.2%	38.9%
Group's share of net assets	50,379	46,793
Amounts due from associated companies	742	_
Adjustment to cost of investment	9,561	10,021
Carrying amount	60,682	56,814

^{*} after translation into Hong Kong dollars and consolidation adjustments

Set out below are additional information in respect of the reconciliation of the published information of Hutchison and CK Life Sciences to the Group's carrying amounts as at 31 December 2014:

	31 December 2014	
	Hutchison	CK Life Sciences HK\$ millions
	HK\$ millions	
Gross amount of the following items of the associated companies:		
Current assets	211,178	3,000
Non-current assets	672,257	7,297
Current liabilities	132,425	1,142
Non-current liabilities	231,948	4,280
Net assets (net of preferred shares, perpetual capital securities and non-controlling interests)	426,580	4,663
Reconciliation to the carrying amount of the Group's interests in associated companies:		
Group's interest	49.9%	45.3%
Group's share of net assets	213,119	2,113
Adjustment to cost of investment	799	(5)
Carrying amount	213,918	2,108

19 Interests in joint ventures

	30 June 2015 HK\$ millions	31 December 2014 HK\$ millions
Joint ventures		
Unlisted shares	60,419	25,712
Share of undistributed post acquisition reserves	307	25,213
	60,726	50,925
Amounts due from joint ventures	17,624	17,829
	78,350	68,754

There are no material contingent liabilities relating to the Group's interests in the joint ventures, save as for those disclosed in note 35.

20 Deferred tax

	30 June 2015 HK\$ millions	31 December 2014 HK\$ millions
Deferred tax assets	22,668	_
Deferred tax liabilities	31,113	1,022
Net deferred tax assets (liabilities)	(8,445)	(1,022)
Movements in net deferred tax assets (liabilities) are summarised as follows:		
	30 June	31 December
	2015 HK\$ millions	2014 HK\$ millions
At 1 January	(1,022)	(986)
Relating to subsidiaries acquired (see note 34(c))	(7,908)	_
Distribution In Specie (see note 34(e))	1,013	_
Net charge to other comprehensive income	(3)	_
Net credit (charge) to the income statement		
Unused tax losses	(463)	_
Accelerated depreciation allowances	(119)	(90)
Fair value adjustments arising from acquisitions	4	_
Withholding tax on undistributed earnings	(20)	(7)
Other temporary differences	29	61
Exchange translation differences	44	_
At 30 June 2015 / 31 December 2014	(8,445)	(1,022)

20 Deferred tax (continued)

Analysis of net deferred tax assets (liabilities):

	30 June 2015 HK\$ millions	31 December 2014 HK\$ millions
Unused tax losses	19,858	_
Accelerated depreciation allowances	(7,748)	(900)
Fair value adjustments arising from acquisitions	(14,514)	_
Revaluation of investment properties and other investments	105	_
Withholding tax on undistributed earnings	(460)	(42)
Other temporary differences	(5,686)	(80)
	(8,445)	(1,022)

The Group is subject to income taxes in numerous jurisdictions and significant judgement is required in determining the worldwide provision for income taxes. To the extent that dividends distributed from investments in subsidiaries, branches and associates, and interests in joint ventures are expected to result in additional taxes, appropriate amounts have been provided for. No deferred tax has been provided for the temporary differences arising from undistributed profits of these companies to the extent that the undistributed profits are considered permanently employed in their businesses and it is probable that such temporary differences will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

The deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to set off and when the deferred income taxes relate to the same fiscal authority. The amounts shown in the consolidated statement of financial position are determined after appropriate offset.

At 30 June 2015, the Group has recognised accumulated deferred tax assets amounting to HK\$22,668 million (31 December 2014 - nil) of which HK\$20,928 million (31 December 2014 - nil) relates to **3** Group Europe.

Note 4(e) contains information about the estimates, assumptions and judgements relating to the recognition of deferred tax assets for unused tax losses carried forward.

The Group has not recognised deferred tax assets of HK\$23,998 million at 30 June 2015 (31 December 2014 - HK\$462 million) in respect of unutilised tax losses, tax credits and deductible temporary differences totalling HK\$100,681 million (31 December 2014 - HK\$2,727 million). These unutilised tax losses, tax credits and deductible temporary differences can be carried forward against future taxable income. Of this amount, HK\$71,097 million (31 December 2014 - HK\$2,727 million) can be carried forward indefinitely and the balances expire in the following years:

	30 June 2015	31 December 2014
	HK\$ millions	HK\$ millions
In 2015	3,929	_
In 2016	5,255	_
In 2017	2,642	_
In 2018	6,461	_
After 2018	11,297	_
	29,584	

21 Other non-current assets

	30 June 2015	31 December 2014
	HK\$ millions	HK\$ millions
Other unlisted investments		
Loans and receivables		
Unlisted debt securities	651	_
Loan and other receivables	-	301
	651	301
Available-for-sale investments		
Unlisted equity securities	1,908	177
Unlisted debt securities	_	318
Fair value hedges		
Interest rate swaps	1,101	_
Cash flow hedges		
Interest rate swaps	80	_
Net investment hedges	763	476
Other derivative financial instruments	153	_
	4,656	1,272

The carrying value of the unlisted debt securities approximates the fair value as these investments bear floating interest rates and are repriced within one to six-month periods at the prevailing market interest rates. The weighted average effective interest rate of unlisted debt securities as at 30 June 2015 is 3.7% (31 December 2014 - 3.3%).

Unlisted equity securities where there is a history of dividends are carried at fair value based on the discounted present value of expected future dividends. The value of the remaining unlisted equity securities are not significant to the Group.

22 Liquid funds and other listed investments

	30 June 2015	31 December 2014
	HK\$ millions	HK\$ millions
Available-for-sale investments		
Managed funds, outside Hong Kong	4,613	_
Listed / traded debt securities, outside Hong Kong	1,627	23
Listed equity securities, Hong Kong	2,848	6,594
Listed equity securities, outside Hong Kong	2,519	3,593
	11,607	10,210
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	186	_
Held-for-trading investments		
Listed debt securities, outside Hong Kong	-	620
Listed equity securities, Hong Kong	-	116
Listed equity securities, outside Hong Kong		182
		918
	11,793	11,128

22 Liquid funds and other listed investments (continued)

Liquid funds and other listed investments are analysed as:

	30 June 2015 HK\$ millions	31 December 2014 HK\$ millions
Current portion	_	918
Non-current portion	11,793	10,210
	11,793	11,128
Components of Managed funds, outside Hong Kong are as follows:		
	30 June 2015	31 December 2014
	HK\$ millions	HK\$ millions
Listed debt securities	4,602	-
Cash and cash equivalents	11	_
	4,613	

Included in listed / traded debt securities outside Hong Kong as at 30 June 2015 (31 December 2014 - nil) are notes issued by listed associated company, Husky at a principal amount of US\$25 million mature in 2019.

The fair value of the available-for-sale investments, financial assets designated as "at fair value through profit or loss" and held-for-trading investments are based on quoted market prices. The market value of the liquid funds and other listed investments at 30 June 2015 was HK\$11,793 million (31 December 2014 - HK\$11,128 million).

Liquid funds and other listed investments are denominated in the following currencies:

	30 Ju	30 June 2015		ber 2014
	Available- for-sale investments Percentage	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss Percentage	Available- for-sale investments Percentage	Held-for- trading Percentage
HK dollars	24%	-	82%	13%
US dollars Other currencies	47% 29%	72% 28%	11% 7%	20% 67%
	100%	100%	100%	100%

$22 \quad Liquid \ funds \ and \ other \ listed \ investments \ {\it (continued)}$

Listed / traded debt securities presented above are analysed as follows:

Listed / traded debt securities presented above are analysed as follows:	30 June 2015	31 December 2014
	Percentage	Percentage
Credit ratings		
Aaa / AAA	19%	_
Aa1/AA+	59%	_
Aa3/AA-	2%	_
A2 / A	1%	96%
Other investment grades	4%	4%
Unrated	15%	_
	100%	100%
Sectorial		
US Treasury notes	55%	_
Government and government guaranteed notes	22%	_
Husky notes	4%	_
Financial institutions notes	3%	96%
Others	16%	4%
	100%	100%
Weighted average maturity	2.3 years	0.9 years
Weighted average effective yield	1.96%	3.20%
23 Cash and cash equivalents		
1	20 lune	31 December
	30 June 2015	31 December 2014
	HK\$ millions	HK\$ millions
Cash at bank and in hand	33,561	4,064
Short term bank deposits	128,501	29,115
	162,062	33,179

The carrying amount of cash and cash equivalents approximates their fair value.

24 Trade and other receivables

	30 June 2015 HK\$ millions	31 December 2014 HK\$ millions
Trade receivables	16,531	1,781
Less: provision for estimated impairment losses for bad debts	(42)	_
Trade receivables - net	16,489	1,781
Loan receivables	-	13
Other receivables and prepayments	33,950	716
Fair value hedges		
Interest rate swaps	5	_
Cross currency interest rate swaps	93	_
Net investment hedges	120	_
Other derivative financial instruments	-	319
	50,657	2,829

Trade and other receivables are stated at the expected recoverable amount, net of any estimated impairment losses for bad debts where it is deemed that a receivable may not be fully recoverable. The carrying amount of these assets approximates their fair value.

Trade receivables exposures are managed locally in the operating units where they arise and credit limits are set as deemed appropriate for the customer. The Group has established credit policies for customers in each of its core businesses. The average credit period granted for trade receivables ranges from 30 to 45 days. As stated above trade receivables which are past due at the end of the reporting period are stated at the expected recoverable amount, net of provision for estimated impairment losses for bad debts. Given the profile of our customers and the Group's different types of businesses, the Group generally does not hold collateral over these balances.

(a) At end of period / year, the ageing analysis of the trade receivables presented based on the invoice date, is as follows:

	30 June 2015	31 December 2014
	HK\$ millions	HK\$ millions
Less than 31 days	10,596	1,718
Within 31 to 60 days	1,505	28
Within 61 to 90 days	601	16
Over 90 days	3,829	19
	16,531	1,781

24 Trade and other receivables (continued)

(b) As at 30 June 2015, out of the trade receivable of HK\$16,531 million (31 December 2014 - HK\$1,781 million), HK\$9,959 million (31 December 2014 - nil) are impaired and it is assessed that portion of these receivables is expected to be recoverable. The amount of the provision for estimated impairment losses for bad debts is HK\$42 million (31 December 2014 - nil). The ageing analysis of these trade receivables is as follows:

	30 June 2015 HK\$ millions	31 December 2014 HK\$ millions
Not past due	5,592	_
Past due less than 31 days	757	_
Past due within 31 to 60 days	495	_
Past due within 61 to 90 days	242	_
Past due over 90 days	2,873	-
	9,959	_
Movements on the provision for estimated impairment losses for bad debts are as follows:		
	30 June	31 December
	2015	2014
	HK\$ millions	HK\$ millions
At 1 January	_	_
Additions	174	_
Utilisations	(87)	_
Write back	(20)	_
Exchange translation differences	(25)	_
At 30 June 2015 / 31 December 2014	42	-
The ageing analysis of trade receivables not impaired is as follows:		
	30 June	31 December
	2015	2014
	HK\$ millions	HK\$ millions
Not past due	4,261	1,667
Past due less than 31 days	1,070	56
Past due within 31 to 60 days	291	25
Past due within 61 to 90 days	136	15
Past due over 90 days	814	18
	6,572	1,781

25 Inventories

	30 June 2015 HK\$ millions	31 December 2014 HK\$ millions
Retail stock	19,729	_
Properties for / under development	_	47,232
Joint development projects	-	21,903
Properties for sale	-	4,064
	19,729	73,199

At 31 December 2014, properties for / under development and joint development projects amounting to HK\$43,175 million were not scheduled for completion within twelve months.

26 Trade and other payables

	30 June 2015	31 December 2014
	HK\$ millions	HK\$ millions
Trade payables	21,059	1,663
Other payables and accruals	72,770	3,797
Customers' deposits received	-	5,991
Provisions (see note 27)	784	-
Interest free loans from non-controlling shareholders	970	_
Cash flow hedges	,,,,	
Forward foreign exchange contracts	5	_
Net investment hedges	518	_
Other derivative financial instruments	=	191
	96,106	11,642
At end of period / year, the ageing analysis of the trade payables is as follows:		
	30 June 2015	31 December 2014
	HK\$ millions	HK\$ millions
Less than 31 days	13,448	1,605
Within 31 to 60 days	3,268	13
Within 61 to 90 days	1,753	12
Over 90 days	2,590	33
	21,059	1,663

27 Provisions

	Provision for commitments, onerous contracts and other guarantees HK\$ millions	Restructuring and closure provision HK\$ millions	Assets retirement obligation HK\$ millions	Others HK\$ millions	Total HK\$ millions
At 1 January 2014, 31 December 2014 and 1 January 2015	_	_	_	_	_
Additions	-	_	_	21	21
Relating to subsidiaries acquired (see note 34(c))	35,007	457	882	304	36,650
Interest accretion	-	_	2	_	2
Utilisations	(125)	15	(10)	(3)	(123)
Write back	-	_	_	(8)	(8)
Exchange translation differences	73	(3)	2	_	72
At 30 June 2015	34,955	469	876	314	36,614
Provisions are analysed as:					
			30 June 201	_	31 December 2014
			HK\$ million	_	HK\$ millions
Current portion (see note 26)			784	4	_
Non-current portion (see note 31)			35,830		_

The provision for restructuring and closure obligations represents costs to execute restructuring plans and store closures. The provision for assets retirement obligations represents the present value of the estimated future costs of dismantling and removing fixed assets when they are no longer used and restoring the sites on which they are located. The provision for commitments, onerous contracts and other guarantees represents the unavoidable costs of meeting these commitments and obligations after deducting the associated, expected future benefits and / or estimated recoverable value.

36,614

28 Bank and other debts

The carrying amount of bank and other debts comprises of items measured at amortised cost and an element of fair value which is due to movements in interest rates. The following is an analysis of the carrying amount of the bank and other debts:

		30 June 2015			31 December 2014	
	Current portion	Non-current portion	Total	Current portion	Non-current portion	Total
	HK\$ millions	HK\$ millions	HK\$ millions	HK\$ millions	HK\$ millions	HK\$ millions
Bank loans	20,887	71,585	92,472	12,409	12,891	25,300
Other loans	263	2,872	3,135	250	350	600
Notes and bonds	22,494	203,253	225,747	5,693	6,281	11,974
Total principal amount of bank and other debts	43,644	277,710	321,354	18,352	19,522	37,874
Unamortised adjustments to carrying amount arising from acquisition accounting	163	14,865	15,028	_	_	_
Unamortised loan facilities fees and premiums or discounts related to debts	_	(63)	(63)	_	_	_
Unrealised loss (gain) on bank and other debts pursuant to interest rate swap contracts	(33)	28	(5)	_	_	_
	43,774	292,540	336,314	18,352	19,522	37,874

28 Bank and other debts (continued)

Analysis of principal amount of bank and other debts:

		30 June 2015				31 December 2014	<u> </u>
Bank loans 20,887 71,585 92,472 12,409 12,891 2.00 12,891 2.00 12,891 2.00 12,891 2.00 12,891 2.00 12,891 2.00 12,891 2.00 12,891 2.00 12,891 2.00 12,891 2.00 12,891 2.00 12,891 2.00 12,891 2.00 12,891 2.00							
Bank loans		-	•	Total	•	portion	Total
Other loans 263 2,872 3,135 250 350 Notes and bonds - - - - 500 - HKS 500 million notes, 5,4% due 2016 150 - 150 - 150 HKS 330 million notes, 2,45% due 2016 - 377 377 - 377 HKS 500 million notes, 4,88% due 2018 - 500 500 - 500 HKS 500 million notes, 4,88% due 2018 - 500 500 - 500 HKS 500 million notes, 4,88% due 2010 - 500 500 - 500 HKS 500 million notes, 3,45% due 2020 - 500 500 - 500 HKS 400 million notes, 3,45% due 2021 - 400 400 - 400 HKS 260 million notes, 3,45% due 2027 - 260 260 - - US\$2,189 million notes, 1,402% due 2017 - 7 7,707 - 3,877 - U\$\$2,500 million notes, 5,462% due 2017 - 2,340 - <th></th> <th>HK\$ millions</th> <th>HK\$ millions</th> <th>HK\$ millions</th> <th>HK\$ millions</th> <th>HK\$ millions</th> <th>HK\$ millions</th>		HK\$ millions	HK\$ millions				
Other loans 263 2,872 3,135 250 350 Notes and bonds - - - - 500 - HK\$500 million notes, 5,1% due 2016 150 - 150 - 150 HK\$330 million notes, 2,45% due 2016 - 377 377 - 377 HK\$500 million notes, 4,88% due 2018 - 500 500 - 500 HK\$500 million notes, 4,88% due 2018 - 500 500 - 500 HK\$500 million notes, 4,88% due 2010 - 500 500 - 500 HK\$500 million notes, 3,45% due 2020 - 500 500 - 500 HK\$400 million notes, 3,45% due 2021 - 400 400 - 400 HK\$260 million notes, 4,4625% due 2021 - 260 260 - - U\$\$2,189 million notes, 4,625% due 2021 - - 3,877 - U\$\$2,000 million notes, 4,625% due 2021 - 2,340 2,340 -	Bank loans	20.887	71.585	92.472	12.409	12.891	25,300
Notes and bonds HKS500 million notes, 4.4% due 2015 - - 500 - HKS150 million notes, 5.1% due 2016 150 - 150 - 150 HKS330 million notes, 2.56% due 2016 - 330 330 - 330 HKS377 million notes, 2.56% due 2016 - 377 377 - 377 HKS500 million notes, 4.88% due 2018 - 500 500 - 500 HKS500 million notes, 4.35% due 2020 - 500 500 - 500 HKS300 million notes, 4.35% due 2020 - 500 500 - 500 HK3400 million notes, 3.5% due 2021 - 400 400 - 400 HK3200 million notes, 3.45% due 2021 - 400 400 - 400 HK3260 million notes, 4.628% due 2021 - 400 400 - 400 HK3260 million notes, 5.35% due 2021 - 300 300 - 300 US\$2189 million notes, 5.4625% due 2021 - 17,077 -							600
HK\$500 million notes, 4.4% due 2015			_,0	5,155	233	330	000
HK\$150 million notes, 5.1% due 2016		_	_	_	500	_	500
HK\$330 million notes, 2.45% due 2016		150	_	150	_	150	150
HK\$377 million notes, 2.56% due 2016	·	_	330		_		330
HK\$500 million notes, 4.88% due 2018	•	_			_		377
HK\$500 million notes, 4.3% due 2020		_			_		500
HK\$500 million notes, 4.35% due 2020		_			_		500
HK\$300 million notes, 3.9% due 2020		_			_		500
HK\$400 million notes, 3.45% due 2021		_			_		300
HK\$300 million notes, 3.35% due 2021		_			_		400
HK\$260 million notes, 4% due 2027		_			_		300
US\$500 million notes, LIBOR* + 1.5% due 2015		_			_	_	_
US\$2,189 million notes, 4.625% due 2015 17,077 - 17,077 - - US\$300 million notes, LIBOR* + 0.7% due 2017 - 2,340 2,340 - - US\$500 million notes - Series B, 7.45% due 2017 - 3,900 3,900 - - US\$1,000 million notes, 2% due 2017 - 7,800 7,800 - - US\$1,000 million notes, 3.5% due 2017 - 15,600 - - US\$1,000 million notes, 5.75% due 2019 - 7,800 7,800 - - US\$1,500 million notes, 7.625% due 2019 - 11,700 11,700 - - US\$1,500 million notes, 3.625% due 2022 - 11,700 11,700 - - U\$\$1,500 million notes, 3.625% due 2022 - 3,900 3,900 - - U\$\$1,500 million notes, 3.625% due 2022 - 11,700 11,700 - - U\$\$1,500 million notes, 3.625% due 2024 - 11,700 11,700 - - U\$\$1,500 million notes - Series C, 7.5% due 2027 - 2,565 - - U\$\$25 million notes, 5.25%		_	_	_	3.877	_	3,877
US\$300 million notes, LIBOR* + 0.7% due 2017		17.077	_	17.077	_	_	_
US\$500 million notes - Series B, 7.45% due 2017 - 3,900 3,900 - - US\$1,000 million notes, 2% due 2017 - 7,800 7,800 - - US\$1,000 million notes, 3.5% due 2017 - 15,600 15,600 - - US\$1,000 million notes, 1.625% due 2019 - 7,800 7,800 - - US\$1,500 million notes, 5.75% due 2019 - 11,700 11,700 - - US\$1,500 million notes, 7.625% due 2019 - 11,700 11,700 - - US\$1,500 million notes, 3.25% due 2022 - 11,700 11,700 - - US\$1,500 million notes, 3.625% due 2022 - 3,900 3,900 - - US\$1,500 million notes, 3.625% due 2024 - 11,700 11,700 - - US\$329 million notes, 5.7.5% due 2027 - 2,565 2,565 - - US\$1,144 million notes, 2.698% due 2037 - 196 196 - - US\$1,144 million notes, 2.25% due 2015 1,298 - 1,298 - - SGD180 m		_	2.340		_	_	_
US\$1,000 million notes, 2% due 2017		7 –			_	_	_
US\$1,000 million notes, 3.5% due 2017 — 7,800 7,800 — — US\$2,000 million notes, 1.625% due 2017 — 15,600 15,600 — — US\$1,000 million notes, 5.75% due 2019 — 7,800 7,800 — — US\$1,500 million notes, 7.625% due 2019 — 11,700 11,700 — — US\$1,500 million notes, 4.625% due 2022 — 11,700 11,700 — — US\$51,500 million notes, 3.25% due 2022 — 3,900 3,900 — — US\$1,500 million notes, 3.625% due 2024 — 11,700 11,700 — — US\$329 million notes - Series C, 7.5% due 2027 — 2,565 2,565 — — US\$25 million notes - Series D, 6.988% due 2037 — 196 196 — — US\$1,144 million notes, 7.45% due 2033 — 8,926 8,926 — — SGD225 million notes, 2.25% due 2015 1,298 — 1,298 1,316 — SGD180 million notes, 2.585% due 2016 — 1,039 1,039 — 1,053 SGD320 million notes, 3.408% due 2018 — 1,846 1,846 — 1,871 EUR669 million notes, 4.625% due 2016 — 5,808 5,808 — —		_			_	_	_
US\$2,000 million notes, 1.625% due 2017 — 15,600 — — US\$1,000 million notes, 5.75% due 2019 — 7,800 7,800 — — US\$1,500 million notes, 7.625% due 2019 — 11,700 11,700 — — US\$1,500 million notes, 4.625% due 2022 — 11,700 11,700 — — US\$500 million notes, 3.25% due 2022 — 3,900 3,900 — — US\$1,500 million notes, 3.625% due 2024 — 11,700 11,700 — — US\$329 million notes - Series C, 7.5% due 2027 — 2,565 2,565 — — US\$25 million notes - Series D, 6.988% due 2037 — 196 196 — — US\$1,144 million notes, 7.45% due 2033 — 8,926 — — SGD225 million notes, 2.25% due 2015 1,298 — 1,298 1,316 — SGD180 million notes, 2.585% due 2016 — 1,039 1,039 — 1,053 SGD320 million notes, 4.625% due 2016 — 1,846 1,846 — 1,871 EUR669 million notes, 4.625% due 20		_			_	_	_
US\$1,000 million notes, 5.75% due 2019		_			_	_	_
US\$1,500 million notes, 7.625% due 2019 — 11,700 11,700 — — US\$1,500 million notes, 4.625% due 2022 — 11,700 11,700 — — — US\$500 million notes, 3.25% due 2022 — 3,900 3,900 — — US\$1,500 million notes, 3.625% due 2024 — 11,700 11,700 — — US\$3.29 million notes - Series C, 7.5% due 2027 — 2,565 2,565 — — US\$25 million notes - Series D, 6.988% due 2037 — 196 196 — — US\$1,144 million notes, 7.45% due 2033 — 8,926 8,926 — — — SGD225 million notes, 2.25% due 2015 1,298 — 1,298 1,316 — SGD 180 million notes, 2.585% due 2016 — 1,039 1,039 — 1,053 SGD320 million notes, 3.408% due 2018 — 1,846 1,846 — 1,871 EUR669 million notes, 4.625% due 2016 — 5,808 5,808 — —		_			_	_	_
US\$1,500 million notes, 4.625% due 2022 — 11,700 11,700 — — US\$500 million notes, 3.25% due 2022 — 3,900 3,900 — — US\$1,500 million notes, 3.625% due 2024 — 11,700 11,700 — — US\$329 million notes - Series C, 7.5% due 2027 — 2,565 — — US\$25 million notes - Series D, 6.988% due 2037 — 196 196 — — US\$1,144 million notes, 7.45% due 2033 — 8,926 — — — SGD225 million notes, 2.25% due 2015 1,298 — 1,298 1,316 — SGD180 million notes, 2.585% due 2016 — 1,039 1,039 — 1,053 SGD320 million notes, 3.408% due 2018 — 1,846 1,846 — 1,871 EUR669 million notes, 4.625% due 2016 — 5,808 5,808 — —		_			_	_	_
US\$500 million notes, 3.25% due 2022 — 3,900 3,900 — — US\$1,500 million notes, 3.625% due 2024 — 11,700 11,700 — — US\$329 million notes - Series C, 7.5% due 2027 — 2,565 2,565 — — US\$25 million notes - Series D, 6.988% due 2037 — 196 196 — — US\$1,144 million notes, 7.45% due 2033 — 8,926 — — SGD225 million notes, 2.25% due 2015 1,298 — 1,298 1,316 — SGD180 million notes, 2.585% due 2016 — 1,039 1,039 — 1,053 SGD320 million notes, 3.408% due 2018 — 1,846 1,846 — 1,871 EUR669 million notes, 4.625% due 2016 — 5,808 5,808 — —		_			_	_	_
US\$1,500 million notes, 3.625% due 2024 — 11,700 — — US\$329 million notes - Series C, 7.5% due 2027 — 2,565 — — US\$25 million notes - Series D, 6.988% due 2037 — 196 196 — — US\$1,144 million notes, 7.45% due 2033 — 8,926 — — SGD225 million notes, 2.25% due 2015 1,298 — 1,298 1,316 — SGD180 million notes, 2.585% due 2016 — 1,039 1,039 — 1,053 SGD320 million notes, 3.408% due 2018 — 1,846 1,846 — 1,871 EUR669 million notes, 4.625% due 2016 — 5,808 5,808 — —		_			_	_	_
US\$329 million notes - Series C, 7.5% due 2027 - 2,565 - - US\$25 million notes - Series D, 6.988% due 2037 - 196 196 - - US\$1,144 million notes, 7.45% due 2033 - 8,926 8,926 - - SGD225 million notes, 2.25% due 2015 1,298 - 1,298 1,316 - SGD 180 million notes, 2.585% due 2016 - 1,039 1,039 - 1,053 SGD320 million notes, 3.408% due 2018 - 1,846 1,846 - 1,871 EUR669 million notes, 4.625% due 2016 - 5,808 5,808 - -		_			_	_	_
US\$25 million notes - Series D, 6.988% due 2037 - 196 196 - - US\$1,144 million notes, 7.45% due 2033 - 8,926 8,926 - - SGD225 million notes, 2.25% due 2015 1,298 - 1,298 1,316 - SGD180 million notes, 2.585% due 2016 - 1,039 1,039 - 1,053 SGD320 million notes, 3.408% due 2018 - 1,846 1,846 - 1,871 EUR669 million notes, 4.625% due 2016 - 5,808 - - -		_			_	_	_
US\$1,144 million notes, 7.45% due 2033 - 8,926 - - SGD225 million notes, 2.25% due 2015 1,298 - 1,298 1,316 - SGD180 million notes, 2.585% due 2016 - 1,039 1,039 - 1,053 SGD320 million notes, 3.408% due 2018 - 1,846 1,846 - 1,871 EUR669 million notes, 4.625% due 2016 - 5,808 - - -		7 –			_	_	_
SGD225 million notes, 2.25% due 2015 1,298 — 1,298 1,316 — SGD180 million notes, 2.585% due 2016 — 1,039 1,039 — 1,053 SGD320 million notes, 3.408% due 2018 — 1,846 — 1,846 — 1,871 EUR669 million notes, 4.625% due 2016 — 5,808 5,808 — —		_			_	_	_
SGD180 million notes, 2.585% due 2016 – 1,039 1,039 – 1,053 SGD320 million notes, 3.408% due 2018 – 1,846 1,846 – 1,871 EUR669 million notes, 4.625% due 2016 – 5,808 5,808 – –		1,298	_		1,316	_	1,316
SGD320 million notes, 3.408% due 2018 – 1,846 – 1,871 EUR669 million notes, 4.625% due 2016 – 5,808 – –		_	1.039		_	1.053	1,053
EUR669 million notes, 4.625% due 2016 – 5,808 5,808 – –	SGD320 million notes, 3.408% due 2018	_			_		1,871
		_			_	_	_
		_			_	_	_
EUR1,250 million notes, 2.5% due 2017 – 10,850 – – –		_			_	_	_
EUR1,500 million notes, 1.325% due 2021 – 13,020 – – –		_			_	_	_
EUR750 million notes, 3.625% due 2022 – 6,510 – –	·	_			_	_	_
GBP325 million bonds, 6.75% due 2015 3,955 – 3,955 – –		3.955	_		_	_	_
GBP113 million bonds, 5.625% due 2017 – 1,376 – –	GBP113 million bonds, 5.625% due 2017	· _	1,376		_	_	_
GBP300 million bonds, 6% due 2017 – 3,651 – –		_			_	_	_
GBP300 million bonds, 5.831% due 2020 – 3,651 – –		_			_	_	_
GBP100 million bonds, 5.82% due 2021 – 1,217 1,217 – –		_			_	_	_
GBP350 million bonds, 6.875% due 2023 – 4,260 – –		_			_	_	_
GBP400 million bonds, 6.359% due 2025 – 4,868 4,868 – –		_			_	_	_
GBP303 million bonds, 5.625% due 2026 – 3,687 – –		_			_	_	_

28 Bank and other debts (continued)

Analysis of principal amount of bank and other debts (continued):

	30 June 2015 31 December 2014					
_	Current portion	Non-current portion	Total	Current portion	Non-current portion	Total
	HK\$ millions	HK\$ millions	HK\$ millions	HK\$ millions	HK\$ millions	HK\$ millions
Notes and bonds (continued)						
GBP350 million bonds, 5.625% due 2033	_	4,259	4,259	_	_	_
GBP248 million bonds, 5.87526% due 2034	6	3,011	3,017	_	_	_
GBP400 million bonds, 6.697% due 2035	_	4,868	4,868	_	_	_
GBP50 million bonds, 5.01% due 2036	_	608	608	_	_	_
GBP100 million bonds, LIBOR* + 2.33% due 2036	_	1,217	1,217	_	_	_
GBP204 million bonds, RPI# + 2.033% due 2036	_	2,482	2,482	_	_	_
GBP60 million bonds, 6.627% due 2037	8	722	730	_	_	_
GBP80 million bonds, RPI# + 1.6274% due 2041	_	977	977	_	_	_
GBP360 million bonds, 5.125% due 2042	_	4,381	4,381	_	_	_
GBP133 million bonds, RPI# + 1.7118% due 2049	_	1,617	1,617	_	_	_
GBP133 million bonds, RPI# + 1.7484% due 2053	_	1,617	1,617	_	_	_
JPY3,000 million notes, 1.75% due 2019	_	188	188	_	_	_
JPY15,000 million notes, 2.6% due 2027	-	939	939	-	-	_
_	22,494	203,253	225,747	5,693	6,281	11,974
_	43,644	277,710	321,354	18,352	19,522	37,874

^{*} LIBOR represents the London Interbank Offered Rates

Bank and other debts at principal amount are scheduled for repayment by calendar year as follows:

		30 June 2015				
	Bank loans	Other loans	Notes and bonds	Total		
	HK\$ millions	HK\$ millions	HK\$ millions	HK\$ millions		
2015, remainder of year	16,090	192	22,337	38,619		
2016	10,026	216	22,912	33,154		
2017	28,732	836	53,336	82,904		
2018	10,259	238	2,368	12,865		
2019	12,526	255	19,717	32,498		
2020 to 2024	13,299	754	58,219	72,272		
2025 to 2034	1,540	252	30,067	31,859		
2035 and thereafter	-	392	16,791	17,183		
	92,472	3,135	225,747	321,354		
Less: current portion	(20,887)	(263)	(22,494)	(43,644)		
	71,585	2,872	203,253	277,710		

[#] RPI represents UK Retail Price Index

28 Bank and other debts (continued)

Bank and other debts at principal amount are scheduled for repayment by calendar year as follows (continued):

	31 December 2014				
	Bank loans	Other loans	Notes and bonds	Total	
	HK\$ millions	HK\$ millions	HK\$ millions	HK\$ millions	
2015	12,409	250	5,693	18,352	
2016	4,300	50	1,910	6,260	
2017	5,750	_	_	5,750	
2018	2,841	300	2,371	5,512	
2019	_	_	_	_	
2020 to 2024	_	_	2,000	2,000	
	25,300	600	11,974	37,874	
Less: current portion	(12,409)	(250)	(5,693)	(18,352)	
	12,891	350	6,281	19,522	

The bank and other debts of the Group as at 30 June 2015 are secured to the extent of HK\$24,343 million (31 December 2014 - nil).

Borrowings with principal amount of HK\$100,511 million (31 December 2014 - HK\$29,777 million) bear interest at floating interest rates and borrowings with principal amount of HK\$220,843 million (31 December 2014 - HK\$8,097 million) bear interest at fixed interest rates.

Borrowings at principal amount are denominated in the following currencies (inclusive of the effect of hedging transactions):

	30 June 2015	31 December 2014
	Percentage	Percentage
US dollars	32%	14%
Euro	23%	5%
HK dollars	16%	62%
British Pounds	23%	8%
Other currencies	6%	11%
	100%	100%

Derivative financial instruments are principally utilised by the Group in the management of its foreign currency and interest rate exposures. The Group has entered into interest rate swap agreements with banks and other financial institutions mainly to swap fixed interest rate borrowings to floating interest rate borrowings to manage the fixed and floating interest rate mix of the Group's total debt portfolio. At 30 June 2015, the notional amount of the outstanding interest rate swap agreements with financial institutions amounted to HK\$65,308 million (31 December 2014 - HK\$2,450 million).

In addition, interest rate swap agreements with notional amount of HK\$6,413 million (31 December 2014 – nil) was entered to swap floating interest rate borrowings to fixed interest rate borrowings to mainly mitigate interest rate exposures to certain infrastructure project related borrowings.

As at 30 June 2015, the Group had currency swap arrangements with banks to swap US dollar principal amount of borrowings equivalent to HK\$16,968 million (31 December 2014 – nil) to Hong Kong dollar principal amount of borrowings to match currency exposures of the underlying businesses.

28 Bank and other debts (continued)

(a) The analysis of derivative financial instruments utilised by the Group in the management of its interest rate and foreign currency exposures are as follows:

		30 June 2015			31 December 2014	
	Current portion	Non-current portion	Total	Current portion	Non-current portion	Total
	HK\$ millions	HK\$ millions	HK\$ millions	HK\$ millions	HK\$ millions	HK\$ millions
Fair value hedges						
Derivative financial assets						
Interest rate swaps (see notes 21 and 24)	5	1,101	1,106	_	-	_
Cross currency interest rate swaps (see note 24)	93	_	93	_	-	-
	98	1,101	1,199	_	-	-
Cash flow hedges						
Derivative financial assets						
Interest rate swaps (see note 21)	_	80	80	-	_	_
		80	80	_	-	_
Derivative financial liabilities						
Interest rate swaps (see note 31)	-	(170)	(170)	-	_	-
Forward foreign exchange contracts (see note 26)	(5)	_	(5)	_	_	_
Other contracts (see note 31)	-	(443)	(443)	_	_	-
	(5)	(613)	(618)	_	_	-
	(5)	(533)	(538)	-	-	-
Net investment hedges						
Derivative financial assets (see notes 21 and 24)	120	763	883	_	476	476
Derivative financial liabilities (see notes 26 and 31)	(518)	(377)	(895)	-	-	_
	(398)	386	(12)	_	476	476

29 Interest bearing loans from non-controlling shareholders

	30 June 2015 HK\$ millions	31 December 2014 HK\$ millions
Interest bearing loans from non-controlling shareholders	5,440	_

At 30 June 2015, these loans bear interest at rates ranging from 1.73% to 11% per annum (31 December 2014 - nil). The carrying amount of the borrowings approximates their fair value.

30 Pension plans

	30 June 2015	31 December 2014
	HK\$ millions	HK\$ millions
Defined benefit assets	_	_
Defined benefit liabilities	4,227	_
Net defined benefit liabilities	4,227	-

The Group operates a number of defined benefit and defined contribution plans, the assets of which are held independently of the Group's assets in trustee administered funds.

(a) Defined benefit plans

The Group's major defined benefit plans are in Hong Kong, the United Kingdom and the Netherlands. The plans are either contributory final salary pension plans or non-contributory guaranteed return defined contribution plans. No other post-retirement benefits are provided.

The Group's major plans were valued by Towers Watson, qualified actuaries as at 31 May 2015 using the projected unit credit method to account for the Group's pension accounting costs.

The principal actuarial assumptions used for the purpose of the actuarial valuation were as follows:

	30 June 2015	31 December 2014
Discount rates	0.51%-3.85%	Not applicable
Future salary increases	0.5%-4.1%	Not applicable
Interest credited on two principal plans in Hong Kong	5.0%-6.0%	Not applicable
The amount recognised in the consolidated statement of financial position is determined as follows:		
	30 June 2015	31 December 2014
	HK\$ millions	HK\$ millions
Present value of defined benefit obligations	30,780	-
Fair value of plan assets	26,556	-
	4,224	_
Restrictions on assets recognised	3	-
Net defined benefit liabilities	4,227	-

30 Pension plans (continued)

(a) Defined benefit plans (continued)

Movements in net defined benefit liabilities and its components are as follows:

	Present value of defined benefit obligations HK\$ millions	Fair value of plan assets HK\$ millions	Asset ceiling HK\$ millions	Net defined benefit liabilities HK\$ millions
At 1 January 2015	_	_	_	_
Relating to subsidiaries acquired (see note 34(c))	30,974	(26,605)	3	4,372
Net charge (credit) to the income statement				
Current service cost	64	1	-	65
Interest cost (income)	34	(24)	-	10
	98	(23)	_	75
Net charge (credit) to other comprehensive income Remeasurements loss (gain):				
Actuarial gain arising from change in financial assumptions	(298)	_	_	(298)
Actuarial gain arising from experience adjustment	(4)	-	_	(4)
Return on plan assets excluding interest income	_	224	_	224
Exchange translation differences	70	(73)	_	(3)
	(232)	151	-	(81)
Contributions paid by the employer	_	(140)	_	(140)
Contributions paid by the employee	8	(8)	_	_
Benefits paid	(67)	67	_	_
Transfer from (to) other liabilities	(1)	2	-	1
At 30 June 2015	30,780	(26,556)	3	4,227

There is no immediate requirement for the Group to fund the deficit between the fair value of defined benefit plan assets and the present value of the defined benefit plan obligations disclosed as at 30 June 2015. Contributions to fund the obligations are based upon the recommendations of independent qualified actuaries for each of the Group's pension plans to fully fund the relevant schemes on an ongoing basis. The realisation of the deficit is contingent upon the realisation of the actuarial assumptions made which is dependent upon a number of factors including the market performance of plan assets. Funding requirements of the Group's major defined benefit plans are detailed below.

The Group operates two principal plans in Hong Kong. One plan, which has been closed to new entrants since 1994, provides benefits based on the greater of the aggregate of the employee and employer vested contributions plus a minimum interest thereon of 6% per annum, and a benefit derived by a formula based on the final salary and years of service. A formal independent actuarial valuation, undertaken for funding purposes under the provision of Hong Kong's Occupational Retirement Schemes Ordinance ("ORSO"), at 31 July 2013 reported a funding level of 119% of the accrued actuarial liabilities on an ongoing basis. The valuation used the attained age valuation method and the main assumptions in the valuation are an investment return of 6% per annum and salary increases of 4% per annum. The valuation was performed by Tian Keat Aun, a Fellow of The Institute of Actuaries, of Towers Watson Hong Kong Limited. The second plan provides benefits equal to the employer vested contributions plus a minimum interest thereon of 5% per annum.

30 Pension plans (continued)

(a) Defined benefit plans (continued)

The Group operates three contributory defined benefit plans in the United Kingdom for its ports division, of which the Port of Felixstowe Pension Plan is the principal plan. The plans are all final salary in nature and were closed to new entrants in June 2003. On the assumptions adopted at the last formal actuarial valuation using the projected unit method at 31 December 2012, the ratio of assets to liabilities for the Felixstowe Scheme was 78%. Contributions to fund the deficit were increased and the shortfall was expected to be eliminated by June 2023. The main assumptions in the valuation are an investment return of (i) 5.90% per annum (pre-retirement), (ii) 5.30% per annum and 3.25% per annum (post-retirement for non-pensioners and pensioners respectively), pensionable salary increases of 2.75% per annum and pension increases for pensioners of 2.65% per annum (for service before 6 April 1997), 2.3% per annum (for service between 6 April 1997 and 5 April 2005) and 1.70% per annum (for service after 5 April 2005). The valuation was performed by Lloyd Cleaver, a Fellow of the Institute of Actuaries, of Towers Watson Limited.

The Group's defined benefit pension plans for its ports and retail operations in the Netherlands are guaranteed contracts undertaken by insurance companies to provide defined benefit pensions in return for actuarially agreed contributions. The risk of providing past pension benefits is underwritten by the insurance companies. The Group does not carry funding risk relating to past service. The funding rate to provide current year benefits varies in accordance with annual actuarial calculations.

The Group operates a defined benefit pension plan for part of its retail operation in the United Kingdom. It is not open to new entrants. The latest formal valuation for funding purposes was carried out at 31 March 2012. This allowed for the cessation of accrual of future defined benefits for all active members on 28 February 2010, from which date final salary linkage was also severed. On the assumptions adopted at the valuation using the projected unit method, the ratio of actual asset value to the target asset value being funded for past service benefits was 75%. The sponsoring employer will make further additional contributions of £3.7 million per annum up to 30 September 2016 towards the shortfall being corrected by 30 September 2016, assuming the market conditions as at 31 March 2012 remain unchanged. The main assumptions in the valuation are an investment return of 4.1% to 5.7% per annum and pensionable salary increases of 2.0% to 3.2% per annum. The valuation was performed by David Lindsay, a Fellow of the Institute and Faculty of Actuaries, of Aon Hewitt Limited.

31 Other non-current liabilities

	30 June 2015	31 December 2014
	HK\$ millions	HK\$ millions
Cash flow hedges		
Interest rate swaps	170	_
Other contracts	443	_
Net investment hedges	377	_
Other derivative financial instruments	1,244	_
Obligations for telecommunications licences and other rights	4,343	_
Other non-current liabilities	4,617	_
Provisions (see note 27)	35,830	-
	47,024	_

32 Share capital, share premium, perpetual capital securities and capital management

(a) Share capital and share premium

	Number of shares	Share capital HK\$ millions	Share premium HK\$ millions	Total HK\$ millions
At 1 January 2014 – Cheung Kong	2,316,164,338	1,158	9,331	10,489
Transition to no-par value regime ⁽¹⁾	_	9,331	(9,331)	_
At 31 December 2014 – Cheung Kong	2,316,164,338	10,489	-	10,489
At 1 January 2015 – Cheung Kong	2,316,164,338	10,489	-	10,489
Cancellation of the shares of Cheung Kong pursuant to				
the Reorganisaton Proposal	(2,316,164,338)	(10,489)	-	(10,489)
Issue of new CK Hutchison shares: (ii)				
On incorporation	1	_	-	_
Pursuant to the Reorganisaton Proposal	2,316,164,337	2,316	349,509	351,825
Pursuant to the Merger Proposal	1,543,514,162	1,544	258,693	260,237
Distribution In Specie	_	_	(363,511)	(363,511)
At 30 June 2015 - CK Hutchison	3,859,678,500	3,860	244,691	248,551

⁽i) In accordance with the transitional provisions set out in section 37 of Schedule 11 to the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance (Cap. 622), on 3 March 2014, the amounts standing to the credit of the share premium account created under the sections 48B and 49H of the predecessor Hong Kong Companies Ordinance (Cap. 32) have become part of the Cheung Kong's share capital.

⁽ii) CK Hutchison was incorporated in the Cayman Islands on 11 December 2014 with an authorised share capital of HK\$380,000 divided into 380,000 shares of HK\$1 par value each. The authorised share capital of CK Hutchison was subsequently increased to HK\$8,000,000,000 by the creation of 7,999,620,000 shares of HK\$1 par value each on 2 March 2015. On the date of incorporation, 1 share was issued and alloted. During the period, 2,316,164,337 and 1,543,514,162 shares were issued and allotted pursuant to the Reorganisation Proposal and the Merger Proposal, respectively.

32 Share capital, share premium, perpetual capital securities and capital management (continued)

(b) Perpetual capital securities

	30 June 2015	31 December 2014
	HK\$ millions	HK\$ millions
SGD730 million issued in 2011 ^{(i) (iii)}	4,645	4,647
HK\$1,000 million issued in 2012 (i) (iii)	1,025	1,025
US\$425.3 million issued in 2013 (i) (iii)	3,373	3,373
US\$1,705 million issued in 2010 (ii) (iii)	13,438	_
US\$1,000 million issued in 2012 (ii) (iii)	7,870	_
EUR1,750 million issued in 2013 ^{(ii) (iii)}	17,960	_
	48,311	9,045

- (i) In September 2011, July 2012 and January 2013, wholly owned subsidiary companies of the Group issued perpetual capital securities with nominal amount of SGD730 million (approximately HK\$4,578 million), HK\$1,000 million and US\$500 million (approximately HK\$3,875 million) respectively for cash.
- (ii) With completion of the Hutchison Proposal, the Group consolidates perpetual capital securities that were issued by wholly owned subsidiary companies of Hutchison in October 2010, May 2012 and May 2013 with nominal amount of US\$2,000 million (approximately HK\$15,600 million), US\$1,000 million (approximately HK\$17,879 million) respectively for cash.
- (iii) These securities are perpetual, subordinated and the coupon payment is optional in nature. Therefore, perpetual capital securities are classified as equity instruments and recorded in equity in the consolidated statement of financial position.

(c) Capital management

The Group's primary objectives when managing capital are to safeguard the Group's ability to continue to provide returns for shareholders and to support the Group's stability and growth. The Group regularly reviews and manages its capital structure to ensure optimal capital structure to maintain a balance between higher shareholders' returns that might be possible with higher levels of borrowings and the advantages and security afforded by a sound capital position, and makes adjustments to the capital structure in light of changes in economic conditions.

At 30 June 2015, total equity amounted to HK\$557,098 million (31 December 2014 - HK\$406,047 million), and consolidated net debt of the Group, excluding loans from non-controlling shareholders which are viewed as quasi equity, was HK\$162,459 million (31 December 2014 - HK\$4,695 million). The Group's net debt to net total capital ratio increased to 22.4% from 1.1% at the end of last year.

As additional information, the following table shows the net debt to net total capital ratios calculated on the basis of including loans from non-controlling shareholders and also with the Group's investments in its listed subsidiaries and associated companies marked to market value at the end of the reporting period.

Net debt / Net total capital ratios⁽ⁱ⁾ at 30 June 2015:

	2015
A1 – excluding interest-bearing loans from non-controlling shareholders from debt	22.4%
A2 – as in A1 above and investments in listed subsidiaries and associated companies marked to market value	22.3%
B1 – including interest-bearing loans from non-controlling shareholders as debt	23.1%
B2 – as in B1 above and investments in listed subsidiaries and associated companies marked to market value	23.0%

(i) Net debt is defined on the Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows. Net total capital is defined as total bank and other debts plus total equity and loans from non-controlling shareholders net of total cash, liquid funds and other listed investments.

33 Other reserves

March Marc		Attributable to ordinary shareholders		
At January 2015 Other comprehensive income (losses) Available-for-saile investments Valuation gains recognised directly in reserves Valuation gains recognised directly in reserves recognised in income statement Valuation gains recognised directly in reserves recognised in income statement Valuation gains previously in reserves recognised in income statement Valuation gains previously in reserves recognised on the reserves Valuation gains previously in reserves recognised on the reserves Valuation gains previously in reserves Valuation of in reserves Valuation of in reserves Valuation of the reserves valuation of the valuation of valuation of the valuation of valuation of valuation of valuation val		reserve		
Available-for-sale investments Available-for-sale investments Available-for-sale investments Available-for-sale investments Available-for-sale investment Available-for-sale investment Available-for-sale investment Available-for-sale investment Available-for-sale investment Available-for-sale investment for length currency contracts and interest rate swap contracts Available-for-sale in reserves Available-for-sale investment Available-for-sal		TING IIIIII CII3	TIK\$ IIIIII0113	1117 1111110113
Available-for-sale investments 1.6.24 1.6.24 1.6.24 1.6.24 1.6.24 1.6.24 1.6.24 1.6.24 1.6.25 1.6	At 1 January 2015	(10,334)	22,125	11,791
Valuation gains recognised directly in reserves - 524 524 524 524 524 524 524 524 524 524 525	Other comprehensive income (losses)			
Valuation gains previously in reserves recognised in income statement - (1,163) (1,163)	Available-for-sale investments			
Gains on cash flow hedges arising from forward foreign currency contracts and interest rate swap contracts recognised in reserves - 526	Valuation gains recognised directly in reserves	_	524	524
foreign currency contracts and interest rate swap contracts recognised in reserves recognised in reserves recognised currency contracts recognised directly in reserves Losses on net investment hedges arising from forward foreign currency contracts recognised directly in reserves Losses of translating overseas subsidiaries rate assets recognised directly in reserves subsidiaries, associated companies and joint ventures subsidiaries, associated companies (7,401) 494 (6,507) Share of other comprehensive income (losses) of joint ventures (7,891) 494 (6,507) Tax relating to components of other comprehensive income (losses) Cancellation of Cheung Kong shares (1) (1) (1) Other comprehensive income (losses) Cancellation of Cheung Kong shares (1) (1,658) 6,233 Cancellation of Cheung kong shares (1)	Valuation gains previously in reserves recognised in income statement	_	(1,163)	(1,163)
Process Proc	Gains on cash flow hedges arising from forward			
Content	foreign currency contracts and interest rate swap contracts			
Currency contracts recognised directly in reserves (82)	recognised in reserves	_	526	526
Losses on translating overseas subsidiaries' net assets recognised directly in reserves (186) — (186) Losses (gains) previously in exchange and other reserves related to subsidiaries, associated companies and joint ventures disposed during the period recognised in income statement (7,401) 494 (6,907) 194	Losses on net investment hedges arising from forward foreign			
Losses (gains) previously in exchange and other reserves related to subsidiaries, associated companies and joint ventures disposed during the period recognised in income statement (2,368) 13,973 (4,011) 494 (6,007) (5,007) (5,007) (6,007) (5,007) (7,007)	currency contracts recognised directly in reserves	(82)	_	(82)
subsidiaries, associated companies and joint ventures disposed during the period recognised in income statement 16,341 (2,368) 13,973 (5,000) 494 (6,907) 5hare of other comprehensive income (losses) of associated companies (7,401) 494 (6,907) 5hare of other comprehensive income (losses) of joint ventures (781) 330 (451) 7ax relating to components of other comprehensive income (losses) 7,891 (1,658) 6,233	Losses on translating overseas subsidiaries' net assets recognised directly in reserves	(186)	_	(186)
disposed during the period recognised in income statement 16,341 (2,368) 13,973 13,973 13,973 14,944 (6,907) 14,944 (6,907) 14,944 (6,907) 14,944 (6,907) 14,945 (6,907) 14,945 13,00 (451) 13,00 (4	Losses (gains) previously in exchange and other reserves related to			
Share of other comprehensive income (losses) of associated companies (7,401) 494 (6,907) Share of other comprehensive income (losses) of joint ventures (781) 330 (451) Tax relating to components of other comprehensive income (losses) - (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1)	subsidiaries, associated companies and joint ventures			
Share of other comprehensive income (losses) of joint ventures Tax relating to components of other comprehensive income (losses) Other comprehensive income (losses) 7,891 (1,658) 6,233 Cancellation of Cheung Kong shares (h) (1,9823) (19,823) Relating to deemed disposal of associated companies — (19,823) (19,823) Relating to purchase of non-controlling interests — (69) (69) Relating to partial disposal of subsidiary companies — (17) (17) At 30 June 2015 (2,443) (340,744) (343,187) At 1 January 2014 — (2,443) (340,744) (343,187) At 1 January 2014 — (2,443) (340,744) (343,187) At 2 January 2014 — (108) (108) Valuation gains previously in reserves — (108) (108) Valuation gains previously in reserves recognised in income statement — (176) (176) Losses on net investment hedges arising from forward foreign currency contracts recognised directly in reserves — (430) — (430) Gains on translating overseas subsidiaries' net assets recognised directly in reserves — (127) — (127) Share of other comprehensive income (losses) of associated companies — (128) (358) (358) Other comprehensive income (losses) of joint ventures — (900) (85) (985) Other comprehensive income (losses)	disposed during the period recognised in income statement	16,341	(2,368)	13,973
Tax relating to components of other comprehensive income (losses) Other comprehensive income (losses) Cancellation of Cheung Kong shares (10) Cancellating to decemed disposal of associated companies Cancellating to decemed disposal of associated companies Cancellating to partial disposal of subsidiary companies At 1 January 2014 3,234 4,242 7,476 Other comprehensive income (losses) Cancellating to defend of subsidiary companies Cancellating to defend and subsidiary companies Cancellating to defended disposal disposal disposal and subsidiary companies Cancellating to defended disposal dispo	Share of other comprehensive income (losses) of associated companies	(7,401)	494	(6,907)
Other comprehensive income (losses) Cancellation of Cheung Kong shares (b) Relating to deemed disposal of associated companies Relating to purchase of non-controlling interests Relating to purchase of non-controlling interests Relating to partial disposal of subsidiary companies Relating to deemed disposal of associated companies Relating to deemed disposal of associated companies Relating to deemed disposal of associated companies Relating to deemed disposal (19,823) Relating to demed disposal (19,823	Share of other comprehensive income (losses) of joint ventures	(781)	330	(451)
Cancellation of Cheung Kong shares (**)	Tax relating to components of other comprehensive income (losses)	-	(1)	(1)
Relating to deemed disposal of associated companies Relating to purchase of non-controlling interests Relating to purchase of non-controlling interests Relating to partial disposal of subsidiary companies At 30 June 2015 At 30 June 2015 At 1 January 2014 At 2 J7,476 Other comprehensive income (losses) Available-for-sale investments Valuation losses recognised directly in reserves Available for-sale investments Valuation gains previously in reserves recognised in income statement Losses on net investment hedges arising from forward foreign currency contracts recognised directly in reserves (430) Gains on translating overseas subsidiaries' net assets recognised directly in reserves 127 Share of other comprehensive income (losses) of joint ventures (900) (85) (985) Other comprehensive income (losses) At 40 (358) 82 Share of dilution surplus of an associated company (a) At 18,893 19,497	Other comprehensive income (losses)	7,891	(1,658)	6,233
Relating to purchase of non-controlling interests Relating to partial disposal of subsidiary companies At 30 June 2015 At 1 January 2014 At 1 January 2014 Other comprehensive income (losses) Available-for-sale investments Valuation losses recognised directly in reserves Valuation gains previously in reserves recognised in income statement Losses on net investment hedges arising from forward foreign currency contracts recognised directly in reserves Gains on translating overseas subsidiaries' net assets recognised directly in reserves Share of other comprehensive income (losses) of joint ventures Other comprehensive income (losses) At 1 January 2014 4,242 7,476 (108) (108) (108) (108) (176	Cancellation of Cheung Kong shares (b)	_	(341,336)	(341,336)
Relating to partial disposal of subsidiary companies — 17 17 17 At 30 June 2015 (2,443) (340,744) (343,187) At 1 January 2014 3,234 4,242 7,476 Other comprehensive income (losses) Available-for-sale investments Valuation losses recognised directly in reserves Valuation losses recognised directly in reserves — (108) (108) Valuation gains previously in reserves recognised in income statement — (176) (176) Losses on net investment hedges arising from forward foreign currency contracts recognised directly in reserves — (430) — (430) Gains on translating overseas subsidiaries' net assets recognised directly in reserves — 127 — 127 Share of other comprehensive income (losses) of associated companies — 1,643 — 11 — 1,654 Share of other comprehensive income (losses) of joint ventures — (900) — (85) — (985) Other comprehensive income (losses) — (440) — (358) — (440) —	Relating to deemed disposal of associated companies	_	(19,823)	(19,823)
At 1 January 2014 Other comprehensive income (losses) Available-for-sale investments Valuation losses recognised directly in reserves Valuation gains previously in reserves recognised in income statement Losses on net investment hedges arising from forward foreign currency contracts recognised directly in reserves Gains on translating overseas subsidiaries' net assets recognised directly in reserves Share of other comprehensive income (losses) of associated companies Other comprehensive income (losses) At 1 January 2014 3,234 4,242 7,476 108 (108) (108) (108) (176	Relating to purchase of non-controlling interests	_	(69)	(69)
At 1 January 2014 Other comprehensive income (losses) Available-for-sale investments Valuation losses recognised directly in reserves Valuation gains previously in reserves recognised in income statement Losses on net investment hedges arising from forward foreign currency contracts recognised directly in reserves (430) Gains on translating overseas subsidiaries' net assets recognised directly in reserves 127 Share of other comprehensive income (losses) of associated companies 5 hare of other comprehensive income (losses) of joint ventures Other comprehensive income (losses) 440 (358) 82 Share of dilution surplus of an associated company (a) 604 18,893 19,497	Relating to partial disposal of subsidiary companies	-	17	17
Other comprehensive income (losses) Available-for-sale investments Valuation losses recognised directly in reserves Valuation gains previously in reserves recognised in income statement Losses on net investment hedges arising from forward foreign currency contracts recognised directly in reserves Gains on translating overseas subsidiaries' net assets recognised directly in reserves 127 — 127 Share of other comprehensive income (losses) of associated companies 1,643 11 1,654 Share of other comprehensive income (losses) of joint ventures (900) (85) (985) Other comprehensive income (losses) 604 18,893 19,497	At 30 June 2015	(2,443)	(340,744)	(343,187)
Other comprehensive income (losses) Available-for-sale investments Valuation losses recognised directly in reserves Valuation gains previously in reserves recognised in income statement Losses on net investment hedges arising from forward foreign currency contracts recognised directly in reserves Gains on translating overseas subsidiaries' net assets recognised directly in reserves 127 — 127 Share of other comprehensive income (losses) of associated companies 1,643 11 1,654 Share of other comprehensive income (losses) of joint ventures (900) (85) (985) Other comprehensive income (losses) 604 18,893 19,497				
Available-for-sale investments Valuation losses recognised directly in reserves Valuation gains previously in reserves recognised in income statement Losses on net investment hedges arising from forward foreign currency contracts recognised directly in reserves Gains on translating overseas subsidiaries' net assets recognised directly in reserves 127 Share of other comprehensive income (losses) of associated companies 1,643 11 1,654 Share of other comprehensive income (losses) of joint ventures (900) (85) (358) 82 Share of dilution surplus of an associated company (6) 604 18,893 19,497	At 1 January 2014	3,234	4,242	7,476
Valuation losses recognised directly in reserves Valuation gains previously in reserves recognised in income statement Losses on net investment hedges arising from forward foreign currency contracts recognised directly in reserves Gains on translating overseas subsidiaries' net assets recognised directly in reserves 127 Share of other comprehensive income (losses) of associated companies 1,643 11 1,654 Share of other comprehensive income (losses) of joint ventures (900) (85) (985) Other comprehensive income (losses) Add Add Add Add Add Add Add Add Add A	Other comprehensive income (losses)			
Valuation gains previously in reserves recognised in income statement Losses on net investment hedges arising from forward foreign currency contracts recognised directly in reserves Gains on translating overseas subsidiaries' net assets recognised directly in reserves 127 — 127 Share of other comprehensive income (losses) of associated companies Share of other comprehensive income (losses) of joint ventures Other comprehensive income (losses) 440 (358) 82 Share of dilution surplus of an associated company (6) 604 18,893 19,497	Available-for-sale investments			
Losses on net investment hedges arising from forward foreign currency contracts recognised directly in reserves (430) — (430) Gains on translating overseas subsidiaries' net assets recognised directly in reserves 127 — 127 Share of other comprehensive income (losses) of associated companies 1,643 11 1,654 Share of other comprehensive income (losses) of joint ventures (900) (85) (985) Other comprehensive income (losses) 440 (358) 82 Share of dilution surplus of an associated company (6) 604 18,893 19,497	Valuation losses recognised directly in reserves	_	(108)	(108)
currency contracts recognised directly in reserves (430) — (430) Gains on translating overseas subsidiaries' net assets recognised directly in reserves 127 — 127 Share of other comprehensive income (losses) of associated companies 1,643 11 1,654 Share of other comprehensive income (losses) of joint ventures (900) (85) (985) Other comprehensive income (losses) 440 (358) 82 Share of dilution surplus of an associated company (6) 604 18,893 19,497		_	(176)	(176)
Gains on translating overseas subsidiaries' net assets recognised directly in reserves Share of other comprehensive income (losses) of associated companies 1,643 11 1,654 Share of other comprehensive income (losses) of joint ventures (900) (85) (985) Other comprehensive income (losses) 440 (358) 82 Share of dilution surplus of an associated company (c) 604 18,893 19,497		(430)	_	(430)
Share of other comprehensive income (losses) of associated companies Share of other comprehensive income (losses) of joint ventures Other comprehensive income (losses) 440 (358) 82 Share of dilution surplus of an associated company (a) 604 18,893 19,497		, ,	_	, ,
Share of other comprehensive income (losses) of joint ventures (900) (85) (985) Other comprehensive income (losses) 440 (358) 82 Share of dilution surplus of an associated company (1) 604 18,893 19,497			11	
Share of dilution surplus of an associated company (c) 604 18,893 19,497		•		·
	Other comprehensive income (losses)	440	(358)	82
At 30 June 2014 4.278 22.777 27.055	Share of dilution surplus of an associated company (c)	604	18,893	19,497
	At 30 June 2014	4,278	22.777	27,055

- (a) Other reserves comprise revaluation reserve, hedging reserve and other capital reserves. As at 30 June 2015, revaluation reserve surplus amounted to HK\$175 million (1 January 2015 HK\$2,918 million and 30 June 2014 HK\$3,112 million), hedging reserve surplus amounted to HK\$412 million (1 January 2015 deficit of HK\$35 million and 30 June 2014 surplus of HK\$424 million) and other capital reserves deficit amounted to HK\$341,331 million (1 January 2015 surplus of HK\$19,242 million and 30 June 2014 surplus of HK\$19,241 million). Revaluation surplus (deficit) arising from revaluation to market value of listed debt securities and listed equity securities which are available for sale are included in the revaluation reserve. Fair value changes arising from the effective portion of hedging instruments designated as cash flow hedges are included in the hedging reserve.
- (b) See note (d) on the condensed consolidated statement of changes in equity.
- (c) See note (f) on the condensed consolidated statement of changes in equity.

(a) Reconciliation of profit after tax to cash generated from operating activities before interest expenses and other finance costs, tax paid and changes in working capital

	Six months ended 30 June		
	2015	2014	
	HK\$ millions	HK\$ millions	
Profit after tax	103,110	21,591	
Less: share of profits less losses of			
Associated companies before profits on disposal of investments and others	(7,449)	(6,821)	
Joint ventures	(1,273)	(1,899)	
Associated companies' profits on disposal of investments and others	196	(7,455)	
	94,584	5,416	
Adjustments for:			
Current tax charge	1,074	825	
Deferred tax charge	569	27	
Interest expenses and other finance costs	647	190	
Change in fair value of investment properties	(526)	(560)	
Depreciation and amortisation	1,662	154	
Profits on disposal of investments and others (see note 6 and 9)	(87,017)	_	
EBITDA of Company and subsidiaries®	10,993	6,052	
Profit on disposal of other unlisted investments	(71)	_	
Profit on disposal of fixed assets	(1)	_	
Dividends received from associated companies and joint ventures	6,674	19,489	
Profit on disposal of joint ventures	(1,397)	_	
Other non-cash items	(462)	516	
	15,736	26,057	

(a) Reconciliation of profit after tax to cash generated from operating activities before interest expenses and other finance costs, tax paid and changes in working capital (continued)

		Six months er	nded 30 June
		2015	2014
		HK\$ millions	HK\$ millions
(i)	Reconciliation of EBITDA from continuing operations:		
	EBITDA of Company and subsidiaries from continuing and discontinued operations	10,993	6,052
	Less: EBITDA of Company and subsidiaries from discontinued operations	(4,864)	(5,339)
	EBITDA of Company and subsidiaries from continuing operations	6,129	713
	Share of EBITDA of associated companies and joint ventures		
	Share of profits less losses:		
	Associated companies before profits on disposal of investments and others	4,283	5,159
	Joint ventures	1,431	761
	Associated companies' profits on disposal of investments and others	(196)	7,455
	Adjustment for:		
	Depreciation and amortisation	8,624	8,586
	Interest expenses and other finance costs	3,721	4,115
	Current tax charge	1,355	2,158
	Deferred tax charge	667	790
	Non-controlling interests	1,927	4,322
	Others (see note 6)	223	605
		22,035	33,951
	EBITDA (see notes 5(b) and 5(m))	28,164	34,664

(b) Changes in working capital

	Six months e	Six months ended 30 June		
	2015	2014		
	HK\$ millions	HK\$ millions		
Increase in inventories	2,966	1,742		
Decrease (increase) in debtors and prepayments	4,167	(6,123)		
Decrease in creditors	(3,685)	(6)		
Other non-cash items	(197)	_		
	3,251	(4,387)		

(c) Purchase of subsidiary companies

with the completion of the Merger Proposal, the Group completed its acquisition of the remaining 50.03% (which the Group did not previously own) of the issued and outstanding ordinary share capital of Hutchison and an additional 6.23% of the common shares of Husky.

The following table summarises the consideration paid and the amounts of the assets acquired and liabilities assumed recognised for acquisitions completed during the periods.

			Six months ende	ed 30 June
			2015	2014
	Merger Proposal	Others	Total	Total
	HK\$ millions	HK\$ millions	HK\$ millions	HK\$ millions
Fair value				
Fixed assets	93,476	71,626	165,102	_
Investment properties	305	_	305	_
Leasehold land	8,086	_	8,086	_
Telecommunications licences	31,571	-	31,571	_
Brand names and other rights	94,604	8,596	103,200	_
Associated companies	144,037	-	144,037	_
Interests in joint ventures	86,816	67	86,883	_
Deferred tax assets	22,901	-	22,901	_
Other non-current assets	3,485	-	3,485	_
Cash and cash equivalents	106,313	3,490	109,803	_
Liquid funds and other listed investments	11,970	-	11,970	_
Assets held for distribution	191,122	-	191,122	_
Trade and other receivables	48,838	3,061	51,899	_
Inventories	20,953	55	21,008	_
Creditors and current tax liabilities	(91,679)	(9,830)	(101,509)	_
Bank and other debts	(252,516)	(57,713)	(310,229)	_
Interest bearing loans from non-controlling shareholders	(3,150)	(2,538)	(5,688)	_
Deferred tax liabilities	(22,652)	(8,157)	(30,809)	_
Pension obligations	(3,229)	(1,143)	(4,372)	_
Other non-current liabilities	(45,510)	(543)	(46,053)	_
Liabilities held for distribution	(14,286)	-	(14,286)	_
Net identifiable assets acquired	431,455	6,971	438,426	
Non-controlling interests	(112,972)	(3,612)	(116,584)	_
Perpetual capital securities	(39,116)	_	(39,116)	_
	279,367	3,359	282,726	_
Goodwill	226,529	34,610	261,139	_
Total consideration	505,896	37,969	543,865	_

(c) Purchase of subsidiary companies (continued)

			Six months ende	ed 30 June
			2015	2014
	Merger Proposal	Others	Total	Total
	HK\$ millions	HK\$ millions	HK\$ millions	HK\$ millions
Purchase consideration transferred:				
Shares issued, at fair value	260,236	_	260,236	_
Fair value of investment held by the Company prior to acquisition	245,660	18,979	264,639	_
Cost of investment held by Hutchison prior to acquisition	-	18,990	18,990	-
	505,896	37,969	543,865	_
Net cash inflow arising from acquisition:				
Cash payment	_	_	_	_
Cash and cash equivalents acquired	(106,313)	(3,490)	(109,803)	-
Total net cash inflow	(106,313)	(3,490)	(109,803)	_

Pursuant to the Merger Proposal, Hutchison and all its subsidiaries became direct and indirect subsidiaries of CK Hutchison respectively. Further details of the acquisition of the remaining 50.03% (which the Group did not previously own) of the issued and outstanding ordinary shares of Hutchison and an additional 6.23% of the common shares of Husky, and the nature and financial effects of this acquisition were set out in a circular issued by CK Hutchison dated 31 March 2015, and a scheme document jointly issued by CK Hutchison, CK Global and Hutchison dated 31 March 2015, and in respect of the completion of this acquisition were set out in an announcement jointly issued by CK Hutchison, Cheung Kong Property, CK Global and Hutchison dated 3 June 2015, and an announcement jointly issued by CK Hutchison, CK Global and Hutchison dated 19 May 2015.

The fair values are provisional due to the complexity of the process. The finalisation of the fair value of the acquired assets and liabilities will be completed in the first half of 2016. The assets acquired and liabilities assumed are recognised at the acquisition date fair value and are recorded at the consolidation level.

Acquisition related costs of approximately HK\$640 million had been charged to income statement during the period and included in the line item titled profits on disposal of investments and others (HK\$500 million) and profit after tax from discontinued operations (HK\$140 million).

These operations contributed HK\$24,877 million of revenue and HK\$3,587 million to profit before tax. Also see note 6.

If the combinations had been effective 1 January 2015, the operations would have contributed additional revenue of HK\$110,557 million and an increase in profit before tax from continuing operations for the Group of HK\$12,715 million.

(d) Disposal of subsidiary companies

	Six months ended 30 June		
	2015	2014	
	HK\$ millions	HK\$ millions	
Aggregate net assets disposed at date of disposal (excluding cash and cash equivalents):			
Trade and other receivables	21	_	
Inventories	5	_	
Creditors and current tax liabilities	(33)	_	
Other non-current liabilities	(3)	_	
Reserves	(6)	_	
	(16)	_	
Satisfied by:			
Cash and cash equivalents received as consideration	_	_	
Less: Cash and cash equivalents sold	(16)	-	
Total net cash consideration	(16)	_	

The effect on the Group's results from the subsidiaries disposed is not material for the six months ended 30 June 2015.

(e) Distribution In Specie to shareholders

Pursuant to the Spin-off Proposal, the Group distributed the Group's entire interests in Cheung Kong Property to the shareholders. Details are set out below.

Six months ended 30 June 2015

	HK\$ millions
Breakdown of net assets disposed of:	
Assets acquired net of liabilities assumed arising from acquisition of Hutchison (note 34(c))	176,836
Fixed assets	9,853
Investment properties	33,811
Associated companies	3
Interests in joint ventures	51,074
Liquid funds and other listed investments	7,823
Current assets (including bank balances and cash of HK\$14,351 million)	88,523
Current liabilities	(12,047)
Deferred tax liabilities	(1,013)
Non-controlling interests	(2,707)
Book value of net assets distributed	352,156
Deduct cash received	(55,000)
	297,156
One-off non-cash gain recognised on remeasurement of assets (see note 9(a))	18,351
One-off non-cash gain recognised on Distribution In Specie (see note 9(a) and 11(c))	48,004
Distribution In Specie	363,511
Analysis of net cash inflow arising on Distribution In Specie:	
Intercompany loans repaid	55,000
Bank balances and cash disposed	(14,351)
	40,649

35 Contingent liabilities

At 30 June 2015, CK Hutchison Holdings Limited, and its subsidiaries provide guarantees in respect of bank and other borrowing facilities to its associated companies and joint ventures of HK\$3,400 million (31 December 2014 - HK\$3,423 million).

The amount utilised by its associated companies and joint ventures are as follows:

	30 June 2015 HK\$ millions	31 December 2014 HK\$ millions
To associated companies Other businesses	2,295	-
To joint ventures Property businesses Other businesses	_ 500	1,243 1,335
	500	2,578

At 30 June 2015, the Group had provided performance and other guarantees of HK\$4,064 million (31 December 2014 - HK\$1,024 million).

36 Commitments

In March 2015, Hutchison entered into an agreement with Telefónica SA to acquire O_2 UK for £9.25 billion cash and deferred upside interest sharing payments of up to £1 billion upon achievement by the combined business of 3 UK and O_2 UK of agreed financial targets. The completion of this transaction is subject to regulatory approval.

Other than the aforementioned commitments, the Group's outstanding commitments, where material, not provided for in the financial statements at 30 June 2015 are as follows:

Capital commitments

- (a) Contracted for:
 - (i) Ports and related services HK\$476 million (31 December 2014 nil)
 - (ii) **3** Group Europe HK\$2,919 million (31 December 2014 nil)
 - (iii) Telecommunications, Hong Kong and Asia HK\$645 million (31 December 2014 nil)
 - (iv) Investment in joint ventures HK\$829 million (31 December 2014 HK\$853 million)
 - (v) Investment in associated companies HK\$697 million (31 December 2014 HK\$693 million)
 - (vi) Other fixed assets HK\$826 million (31 December 2014 HK\$7,185 million)
 - (vii) Others nil (31 December 2014 HK\$63 million)
- (b) Authorised but not contracted for:

The Group, as part of its annual budget process, budgets for future capital expenditures and these amounts are shown below. These budgeted amounts are subject to a rigorous authorisation process before the expenditure is committed.

- (i) Ports and related services HK\$3,174 million (31 December 2014 nil)
- (ii) **3** Group Europe HK\$4,880 million (31 December 2014 nil)
- (iii) Telecommunications, Hong Kong and Asia HK\$1,279 million (31 December 2014 nil)
- (iv) Investment in joint ventures outside Hong Kong HK\$374 million (31 December 2014 HK\$380 million)
- (v) Loan advances to joint ventures nil (31 December 2014 HK\$3,970 million)
- (vi) Other fixed assets HK\$4,961 million (31 December 2014 HK\$254 million)

36 Commitments (continued)

Operating lease commitments – future aggregate minimum lease payments for land and buildings leases

- (a) In the first year HK\$11,769 million (31 December 2014 HK\$180 million)
- (b) In the second to fifth years inclusive HK\$20,486 million (31 December 2014 HK\$248 million)
- (c) After the fifth year HK\$34,747 million (31 December 2014 HK\$6 million)

Operating lease commitments - future aggregate minimum lease payments for other assets

- (a) In the first year HK\$1,639 million (31 December 2014 HK\$7 million)
- (b) In the second to fifth years inclusive HK\$4,367 million (31 December 2014 nil)
- (c) After the fifth year HK\$736 million (31 December 2014 nil)

37 Related parties transactions

Transactions between the Company and its subsidiaries have been eliminated on consolidation. Transactions between the Group and other related parties during the period are not significant to the Group. The outstanding balances with associated companies and joint ventures as disclosed in notes 18 and 19 are unsecured. Balances totalling HK\$20,234 million (31 December 2014 - HK\$9,349 million) are interest bearing. In addition, during the period, the acquisition of Hutchison resulted in the consolidation of a traded debt securities outside Hong Kong with a principal amount of US\$25 million notes issued by listed associated company, Husky which will mature in 2019.

No transactions have been entered with the directors of the Company (being the key management personnel) during the period other than the emoluments paid to them (being the key management personnel compensation).

38 Legal proceedings

As at 30 June 2015, the Group is not engaged in any material litigation or arbitration proceedings, and no material litigation or claim is known by the Group to be pending or threatened against it.

39 Subsequent events

On 6 August 2015, the Group announced agreement with VimpelCom Ltd. to form an equal joint venture merging **3** Italy and VimpelCom's subsidiary Wind Telecomunicazioni S.p.A. ("Wind") in Italy. Completion of the transaction is subject to regulatory approval. On a combined basis, **3** Italy and Wind will become the largest mobile operator in Italy.

40 US dollar equivalents

Amounts in these financial statements are stated in Hong Kong dollars (HK\$), the functional currency of the Company. The translation into US dollars of these financial statements as of, and for the six months ended, 30 June 2015, is for convenience only and has been made at the rate of HK\$7.80 to US\$1. This translation should not be construed as a representation that the Hong Kong dollar amounts actually represented have been, or could be, converted into US dollars at this or any other rate.

41 Financial risk management

The Group's major financial assets and financial liabilities include cash and cash equivalents, liquid funds and other listed investments and borrowings. Details of these financial assets and financial liabilities are disclosed in the respective notes. The Group's treasury function sets financial risk management policies in accordance with policies and procedures that are approved by the Executive Directors, and which are also subject to periodic review by the Group's internal audit function. The Group's treasury policies are designed to mitigate the impact of fluctuations in interest rates and exchange rates on the Group's overall financial position and to minimise the Group's financial risks. The Group's treasury function operates as a centralised service for managing financial risks, including interest rate and foreign exchange risks, and for providing cost-efficient funding to the Group and its companies. It manages the majority of the Group's funding needs, interest rate, foreign currency and credit risk exposures. It is the Group's policy not to have credit rating triggers that would accelerate the maturity dates of the Group's borrowings. The Group uses interest rate and foreign currency swaps and forward contracts as appropriate for risk management purposes only, for hedging transactions and for managing the Group's assets and liabilities' exposure to interest rate and foreign exchange rate fluctuations. It is the Group's policy not to enter into derivative transactions for speculative purposes. It is also the Group's policy not to invest liquidity in financial products, including hedge funds or similar vehicles, with significant underlying leverage or derivative exposure.

(a) Cash management and funding

The Group operates a central cash management system for all of its unlisted subsidiaries. Except for listed and certain overseas entities conducting businesses in non-HK or non-US dollar currencies, the Group generally obtains long-term financing at the Group level to on-lend or contribute as equity to its subsidiaries and associated companies to meet their funding requirements and provide more cost-efficient financing. These borrowings include a range of capital market issues and bank borrowings for which the proportions will change depending upon financial market conditions and projected interest rates. The Group regularly and closely monitors its overall debt position and reviews its funding costs and maturity profile to facilitate refinancing.

The Group continues to maintain a robust financial position. Cash, liquid funds and other listed investments ("liquid assets") amounted to HK\$173,855 million at 30 June 2015 (31 December 2014 - HK\$44,307 million). Liquid assets were denominated as to 36% in HK dollars, 38% in US dollars, 7% in Renminbi, 6% in Euro, 6% in British Pounds and 7% in other currencies (31 December 2014 - 54% were denominated in HK dollars, 16% in US dollars, 26% in Renminbi and 4% in other currencies).

Cash and cash equivalents represented 93% (31 December 2014 - 75%) of the liquid assets, US Treasury notes and listed / traded debt securities 4% (31 December 2014 - 1%) and listed equity securities 3% (31 December 2014 - 24%).

The US Treasury notes and listed / traded debt securities, including those held under managed funds, consisted of US Treasury notes of 55% (31 December 2014 – nil), government and government guaranteed notes of 22% (31 December 2014 – nil), notes issued by the Group's associated company, Husky Energy of 4% (31 December 2014 – nil), notes issued by financial institutions of 3% (31 December 2014 – 96%), and others of 16% (31 December 2014 – 4%). Of these US Treasury notes and listed / traded debt securities, 78% (31 December 2014 – nil) are rated at Aaa / AAA or Aa1 / AA+ with an average maturity of 2.3 years (31 December 2014 – 0.9 years) on the overall portfolio. The Group has no exposure in mortgage-backed securities, collateralised debt obligations or similar asset classes.

(b) Interest rate exposure

The Group manages its interest rate exposure with a focus on reducing the Group's overall cost of debt and exposure to changes in interest rates. When considered appropriate, the Group uses derivatives such as interest rate swaps and forward rate agreements to manage its interest rate exposure. The Group's main interest rate exposure relates to US dollar, British Pound, Euro and HK dollar borrowings.

At 30 June 2015, approximately 31% (31 December 2014 – approximately 79%) of the Group's total principal amount of bank and other debts were at floating rates and the remaining 69% (31 December 2014 – approximately 21%) were at fixed rates. The Group has entered into various interest rate agreements with major financial institution counterparties to swap approximately HK\$65,308 million (31 December 2014 – approximately HK\$2,450 million) principal amount of fixed interest rate borrowings to effectively become floating interest rate borrowings. In addition, HK\$6,413 million (31 December 2014 – nil) principal amount of floating interest rate borrowings were swapped to fixed interest rate borrowings. After taking into consideration these interest rate swaps, approximately 50% (31 December 2014 – approximately 85%) of the Group's total principal amount of bank and other debts were at floating rates and the remaining 50% (31 December 2014 – approximately 15%) were at fixed rates at 30 June 2015. All of the aforementioned interest rate derivatives are designated as hedges and these hedges are considered highly effective.

(c) Foreign currency exposure

For overseas subsidiaries, associated companies and other investments, which consist of non-HK dollar or non-US dollar assets, the Group generally endeavours to establish a natural hedge for debt financing with an appropriate level of borrowings in those same currencies. For overseas businesses that are in the development phase, or where borrowings in local currency are not or are no longer attractive, the Group may not borrow in the local currency or may repay existing borrowings and monitor the development of the businesses' cashflow and the relevant debt markets with a view to refinance these businesses with local currency borrowings in the future when conditions are more appropriate. Exposure to movements in exchange rates for individual transactions (such as major procurement contracts) directly related to the underlying businesses is minimised by using forward foreign exchange contracts and currency swaps where active markets for the relevant currencies exist. The Group generally does not enter into foreign currency hedges in respect of its long-term equity investments in overseas subsidiaries and associates, except in relation to certain infrastructure investments.

At 30 June 2015, the Group had currency swap arrangements with banks to swap US dollar principal amount of borrowings equivalent to HK\$16,968 million (31 December 2014 – nil) to Hong Kong dollar principal amount of borrowings to match the currency exposures of the underlying businesses. The Group's total principal amount of bank and other debts, after the above swaps, are denominated as follows: 32% in US dollars, 23% in Euro, 16% in HK dollars, 23% in British Pounds and 6% in other currencies (31 December 2014 – 14% in US dollars, 5% in Euro, 62% in HK dollars, 8% in British Pounds and 11% in other currencies).

(d) Credit exposure

The Group's holdings of cash, managed funds and other liquid investments, and interest rate and foreign currency swaps and forward currency contracts with financial institutions expose the Group to credit risk of counterparties. The Group controls its credit risk to non-performance by its counterparties through monitoring their equity share price movements and credit ratings as well as setting approved counterparty credit limits that are regularly reviewed.

The Group is also exposed to counterparties credit risk from its operating activities, as well as in its aircraft leasing businesses. Such risks are continuously monitored by the local operational management.

(e) Market price risk

The Group's main market price risk exposures relate to listed / traded debt and equity securities described in "liquid assets" above and the interest rate swaps as described in "interest rate exposure" above. The Group's holding of listed / traded debt and equity securities represented approximately 7% (31 December 2014 – approximately 24%) of the liquid assets. The Group controls this risk through active monitoring of price movements and changes in market conditions that may have an impact on the value of these financial assets and instruments.

(f) Market risks sensitivity analyses

For the presentation of financial assets and financial liabilities market risks (including interest rate risk, currency risk and other price risk) information, HKFRS 7 "Financial Instruments: Disclosures" requires disclosure of a sensitivity analysis for each type of financial market risk that shows the effects of a hypothetical change in the relevant market risk variable to which the Group is exposed at the end of the reporting period on profit for the period / year and on total equity.

The effect that is disclosed in the following sections assumes that (a) a hypothetical change of the relevant risk variable had occurred at the end of the reporting period and had been applied to the relevant risk variable in existence on that date; and (b) the sensitivity analysis for each type of financial market risk does not reflect inter-dependencies between risk variables, e.g. the interest rate sensitivity analysis does not take into account of the impact of changes in interest rates would have on the relative strengthening and weakening of the currency with other currencies.

The preparation and presentation of the sensitivity analysis on financial market risk is solely for compliance with HKFRS 7 disclosure requirements in respect of financial assets and financial liabilities. The sensitivity analysis measures changes in the fair value and / or cash flows of the Group's financial assets and financial liabilities from hypothetical instantaneous changes in one risk variable (e.g. functional currency rate or interest rate), the amount so generated from the sensitivity analysis are "what-if" forward-looking estimates. The sensitivity analyses are for illustration purposes only and it should be noted that in practice market rates rarely change in isolation. Actual results in the future may differ materially from the sensitivity analyses due to developments in the global markets which may cause fluctuations in market rates (e.g. exchange or interest rate) to vary and therefore it is important to note that the hypothetical amounts so generated do not represent a projection of likely future events and profits or losses.

- (f) Market risks sensitivity analyses (continued)
- (i) Interest rate sensitivity analysis

Interest rate risk as defined by HKFRS 7 arises on interest-bearing financial assets and financial liabilities.

The interest rate sensitivity analysis is based on the following assumptions:

In the cases of non-derivative financial assets and financial liabilities with fixed interest rates, changes in market interest rates only affect profit for the period / year or total equity if these financial assets and financial liabilities are measured at fair value. Accordingly, all non-derivative financial assets and financial liabilities with fixed interest rates that are carried at amortised cost are excluded from the interest rate sensitivity analysis as they are not subject to interest rate risk as defined in HKFRS 7.

In the cases of derivative financial assets and financial liabilities designated as hedging instruments for hedging interest rate risks, changes in market interest rates affect their fair value. All interest rate hedges are expected to be highly effective. Changes in the fair value of fair value interest rate hedges and changes in the fair value of the hedged items that are attributable to interest rate movements effectively balance out with each other in income statement in the same period. Accordingly, these hedging instruments and hedged items are excluded from the interest rate sensitivity analysis as they are not exposed to interest rate risk as defined in HKFRS 7. Changes in the fair value of cash flow interest rate hedges resulting from market interest rate movements affect total equity and are therefore taken into consideration in the sensitivity analysis.

In the cases of derivative financial assets and financial liabilities that are not part of an interest rate risk hedging relationship, changes in their fair value (arising from gain or loss from re-measurement of these interest rate derivatives to fair value) resulting from market interest rate movements affect profit for the period / year and total equity, and are therefore taken into consideration in the sensitivity analysis.

Major financial assets and financial liabilities for the purpose of the interest rate sensitivity analysis include:

- cash and cash equivalents (see note 23)
- some of the listed debt securities and managed funds (see note 22) carried at fair value that bear interest at fixed rate
- some of the listed debt securities and managed funds (see note 22) that bear interest at floating rate
- some of the bank and other debts (see note 28) that bear interest at floating rate
- interest bearing loans from non-controlling shareholders (see note 29)

Under these assumptions, the impact of a hypothetical 100 basis points (31 December 2014 - 100 basis points) increase in market interest rate at 30 June 2015, with all other variables held constant:

- profit for the six months ended 30 June 2015 would decrease by HK\$105 million (year ended 31 December 2014 HK\$152 million) due to increase in interest expense:
- total equity as at 30 June 2015 would decrease by HK\$105 million (31 December 2014 HK\$152 million) due to increase in interest expense; and
- total equity as at 30 June 2015 would have no material impact due to change in fair value of interest rate swaps (31 December 2014 nil).

- (f) Market risks sensitivity analyses (continued)
- (ii) Foreign currency exchange rate sensitivity analysis

Currency risk as defined by HKFRS 7 arises on financial assets and financial liabilities being denominated in a currency that is not the functional currency and being of a monetary nature. Therefore, non-monetary financial assets and financial liabilities, monetary financial assets and financial liabilities denominated in the entity's functional currency and differences resulting from the translation of financial statements of overseas subsidiaries into the Group's presentation currency are therefore not taken into consideration for the purpose of the sensitivity analysis for currency risk.

The foreign currency exchange rate sensitivity analysis is based on the following assumptions:

Major non-derivative monetary financial assets and financial liabilities are either directly denominated in the functional currency or are transferred to the functional currency through the use of foreign currency swaps and forward currency contracts. Exchange fluctuations of these monetary financial assets and financial liabilities therefore have no material effects on profit for the period / year and total equity.

In the cases of derivative financial assets and financial liabilities designated as hedging instruments for hedging currency risks, changes in foreign exchange rates affect their fair value. All currency hedges are expected to be highly effective. Changes in the fair value of foreign currency fair value hedges and changes in the fair value of the hedged items effectively balance out with each other in income statement in the same period. As a consequence, these hedging instruments and hedged items are excluded from the foreign currency exchange rate sensitivity analysis as they are not exposed to currency risk as defined in HKFRS 7. Changes in the fair value of cash flow currency hedges resulting from market exchange rate movements affect total equity and are therefore taken into consideration in the sensitivity analysis.

Major financial assets and financial liabilities for the purpose of the foreign currency exchange rate sensitivity analysis include:

- some of the cash and cash equivalents (see note 23)
- some of the liquid funds and other listed investments (see note 22)
- some of the bank and other debts (see note 28)

Under these assumptions, the impact of a hypothetical 10% (31 December 2014 – 5%) weakening of HK dollar against all exchange rates at 30 June 2015, with all other variables held constant, on the Group's profit for the period / year and total equity is set out in the table below.

	Six months ended 30 June 2015		Year ended 31 December 2014	
	Hypothetical		Hypothetical	
	increase	Hypothetical	increase	Hypothetical
	(decrease) in	increase	(decrease) in	increase
	profit	(decrease) in	profit	(decrease) in
	after tax	total equity	after tax	total equity
	HK\$ millions	HK\$ millions	HK\$ millions	HK\$ millions
Euro	(131)	308	_	_
British Pounds	(290)	(2,940)	_	(148)
Australian dollars	83	(594)	_	_
Renminbi	61	91	447	447
US dollars	2,671	2,671	_	_
Japanese Yen	(189)	(189)	_	

(f) Market risks sensitivity analyses (continued)

(iii) Other price sensitivity analysis

Other price risk as defined by HKFRS 7 arises from changes in market prices (other than those arising from interest rate risk and currency risk as detailed in "interest rate exposure" and "foreign currency exposure" paragraphs above) on financial assets and financial liabilities.

The other price sensitivity analysis is based on the assumption that changes in market prices (other than those arising from interest rate risk and currency risk) of financial assets and financial liabilities only affect profit for the period / year or total equity if these financial assets and financial liabilities are measured at the fair value. Accordingly, all non-derivative financial assets and financial liabilities carried at amortised cost are excluded from the other price sensitivity analysis as they are not subject to other price risk as defined in HKFRS 7.

Major financial assets and financial liabilities for the purpose of the other price sensitivity analysis include:

- available-for-sale investments (see note 22)
- financial assets at fair value through profit or loss (see note 22)

Under these assumptions, the impact of a hypothetical 10% (31 December 2014 – 5%) increase in the market price of the Group's available-for-sale investments and financial assets at fair value through profit or loss at 30 June 2015, with all other variables held constant:

- profit for the six months ended 30 June 2015 would increase by HK\$19 million (year ended 31 December 2014 HK\$63 million) due to increase in gains on financial assets at fair value through profit or loss;
- total equity as at 30 June 2015 would increase by HK\$19 million (31 December 2014 HK\$63 million) due to increase in gains on financial assets at fair value through profit or loss; and
- total equity as at 30 June 2015 would increase by HK\$1,161 million (31 December 2014 HK\$527 million) due to increase in gains on available-for-sale investments which are recognised in other comprehensive income.

(g) Contractual maturities of financial liabilities

The following tables detail the remaining contractual maturities at the end of the reporting period of the Group's non-derivative financial liabilities and derivative financial liabilities, which are based on contractual undiscounted principal cash flows and the earliest date the Group can be required to pay:

Non-derivative financial liabilities:

	Contractual maturities					
	2015, remainder of	2016-	After	Total undiscounted	Difference from carrying	Carrying
	the year	2019	2020	cash flows	amounts	amounts
	HK\$ millions	HK\$ millions	HK\$ millions	HK\$ millions	HK\$ millions	HK\$ millions
At 30 June 2015						
Trade payables	21,059	_	_	21,059	_	21,059
Other payables and accruals	72,770	_	_	72,770	_	72,770
Interest free loans from non-controlling shareholders	970	_	_	970	_	970
Bank loans	16,090	61,543	14,839	92,472	(262)	92,210
Other loans	192	1,545	1,398	3,135	15	3,150
Notes and bonds	22,337	98,333	105,077	225,747	15,207	240,954
Interest bearing loans from non-controlling shareholders	_	2,896	2,544	5,440	-	5,440
Obligations for telecommunications licences and other rights	656	2,241	2,425	5,322	(979)	4,343
	134,074	166,558	126,283	426,915	13,981	440,896

(g) Contractual maturities of financial liabilities (continued)

The table above excludes interest accruing and payable on certain of these liabilities which are estimated to be HK\$5,627 million in "2015, remainder of the year" maturity band, HK\$35,190 million in "2016-2019" maturity band, and HK\$45,795 million in "after 2020" maturity band. These estimates are calculated assuming effect of hedging transactions and interest rates with respect to variable rate financial liabilities remain constant and there is no change in aggregate principal amount of financial liabilities other than repayment at scheduled maturity as reflected in the table.

Derivative financial liabilities:

	Contractual maturities			
	2015, remainder of the year	2016- 2019	After 2020	Total undiscounted cash flows
	HK\$ millions	HK\$ millions	HK\$ millions	HK\$ millions
At 30 June 2015				
Cash flow hedges:				
Interest rate swaps				
Net outflow	(29)	(151)	(38)	(218)
Forward foreign exchange contracts				
Inflow	185	12	_	197
Outflow	(191)	(13)	_	(204)
Other contracts				
Net outflow	-	(380)	(92)	(472)
Net investment hedges				
Inflow	17,661	_	7,323	24,984
Outflow	(18,092)	-	(7,618)	(25,710)
Other derivative financial instruments				
Net outflow	(46)	(648)	(642)	(1,336)

Non-derivative financial liabilities:

		Contractual				
	Within 1 year HK\$ millions	After 1 year, but within 5 years HK\$ millions	After 5 years HK\$ millions	Total undiscounted cash flows HK\$ millions	Difference from carrying amounts HK\$ millions	Carrying amounts HK\$ millions
At 31 December 2014						
Trade payables	1,663	_	_	1,663	_	1,663
Other payables and accruals	3,797	_	_	3,797	_	3,797
Bank loans	12,409	12,891	_	25,300	_	25,300
Other loans	250	350	_	600	_	600
Notes and bonds	5,693	4,281	2,000	11,974	_	11,974
	23,812	17,522	2,000	43,334	_	43,334

The table above excludes interest accruing and payable on certain of these liabilities which are estimated to be HK\$575 million in "within 1 year" maturity band, HK\$867 million in "after 1 year, but within 5 years" maturity band, and HK\$49 million in "after 5 years" maturity band. These estimates are calculated assuming effect of hedging transactions and interest rates with respect to variable rate financial liabilities remain constant and there is no change in aggregate principal amount of financial liabilities other than repayment at scheduled maturity as reflected in the table.

(h) Carrying amounts and fair values of financial assets and financial liabilities

The fair value of financial assets and financial liabilities, together with the carrying amounts in the consolidated statement of financial position, are as follows:

	30 June 2015		31 Decem	ber 2014				
-	Carrying amounts	Fair values	Carrying amounts	Fair values				
	HK\$ millions	HK\$ millions	HK\$ millions			HK\$ millions	HK\$ millions	HK\$ millions
Financial assets								
Loans and receivables *								
Trade receivables (see note 24)	16,489	16,489	1,781	1,781				
Loan receivables (see note 24)	-	-	13	13				
Other receivables and prepayments (see note 24)	33,950	33,950	716	716				
Unlisted debt securities (see note 21)	651	651	-	- 201				
Loan and other receivables (see note 21) -			301	301				
-	51,090	51,090	2,811	2,811				
Available-for-sale investments #	1 000	1.000	177	177				
Unlisted equity securities (see note 21) Unlisted debt securities (see note 21)	1,908	1,908	177 318	177 318				
Managed funds, outside Hong Kong (see note 22)	4,613	4,613	210	210				
Listed / traded debt securities, outside Hong Kong (see note 22)	1,627	1,627	23	23				
Listed equity securities, Hong Kong (see note 22)	2,848	2,848	6,594	6,594				
Listed equity securities, outside Hong Kong (see note 22)	2,519	2,519	3,593	3,593				
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss # (see note 22)	186	186	-	5,575				
Held-for-trading investments # (see note 22)	_	_	918	918				
_	13,701	13,701	11,623	11,623				
Fair value hedges #								
Interest rate swaps (see notes 21 and 24)	1,106	1,106	_	_				
Cross currency interest rate swaps (see note 24) Cash flow hedges #	93	93	_	_				
Interest rate swaps (see note 21)	80	80	_	_				
Net investment hedges # (see notes 21 and 24)	883	883	476	476				
Other derivative financial instruments # (see notes 21 and 24)	153	153	319	319				
_	2,315	2,315	795	795				
-	67,106	67,106	15,229	15,229				
Financial liabilities								
Financial liabilities * Trade payables (see note 26)	21,059	21,059	1,663	1,663				
Other payables and accruals (see note 26)	72,770	72,770	3,797	3,797				
Bank and other debts (see note 28)	336,314	344,182	37,874	38,066				
Interest free loans from non-controlling shareholders (see note 26)	970	970	-	_				
Interest bearing loans from non-controlling shareholders (see note 29)	5,440	5,440	_	_				
Obligations for telecommunications licences and other rights (see note 31)	4,343	4,343	_	_				
-	440,896	448,764	43,334	43,526				
- Coch flow bodges #	440,070	770,707	+66'6+	45,520				
Cash flow hedges # Interest rate swaps (see note 31)	170	170	_	_				
Forward foreign exchange contracts (see note 26)	5	5	_	_				
Other contracts (see note 31)	443	443	_	_				
Net investment hedges # (see notes 26 and 31)	895	895	_	_				
Other derivative financial instruments # (see notes 26 and 31)	1,244	1,244	191	191				
	2,757	2,757	191	191				
_	443,653	451,521	43,525	43,717				
-								

^{*} carried at amortised costs (see note 41(i)(ii) below)

[#] carried at fair value (see note 41(i)(i) below)

(i) Fair value measurements

(i) Financial assets and financial liabilities measured at fair value

Fair value hierarchy

The table below analyses recurring fair value measurements for financial assets and financial liabilities. These fair value measurements are categorised into different levels in the fair value hierarchy based on the inputs to valuation techniques used. The different levels are defined as follows:

Level 1: Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities;

Level 2: Inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the assets or liabilities, either directly (i.e. as prices) or indirectly (i.e. derived from prices); and

Level 3: Inputs for the assets or liabilities that are not based on observable market data (i.e. unobservable inputs).

	Level 1 HK\$ millions	Level 2 HK\$ millions	Level 3 HK\$ millions	Total HK\$ millions
At 30 June 2015				
Available-for-sale investments				
Unlisted equity securities (see note 21)	_	2	1,906	1,908
Managed funds, outside Hong Kong (see note 22)	4,613	_	_	4,613
Listed / traded debt securities, outside Hong Kong (see note 22)	710	917	_	1,627
Listed equity securities, Hong Kong (see note 22)	2,848	_	_	2,848
Listed equity securities, outside Hong Kong (see note 22)	2,519	_	_	2,519
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss (see note 22)	-	186	-	186
	10,690	1,105	1,906	13,701
Fair value hedges				
Interest rate swaps (see notes 21 and 24)	_	1,106	_	1,106
Cross currency interest rate swaps (see note 24)	_	93	_	93
Cash flow hedges				
Interest rate swaps (see note 21)	-	80	_	80
Net investment hedges (see notes 21 and 24)	-	883	_	883
Other derivative financial instruments (see note 21)	-	153	-	153
	_	2,315	-	2,315
Cash flow hedges				
Interest rate swaps (see note 31)	_	(170)	_	(170)
Forward foreign exchange contracts (see note 26)	_	(5)	_	(5)
Other contracts (see note 31)	_	(443)	_	(443)
Net investment hedges (see notes 26 and 31)	_	(895)	_	(895)
Other derivative financial instruments (see note 31)	-	(1,244)	-	(1,244)
	_	(2,757)	_	(2,757)

- (i) Fair value measurements (continued)
- (i) Financial assets and financial liabilities measured at fair value (continued)

Fair value hierarchy (continued)

	Level 1 HK\$ millions	Level 2 HK\$ millions	Level 3 HK\$ millions	Total HK\$ millions
At 31 December 2014				
Available-for-sale investments				
Unlisted equity securities (see note 21)	_	13	164	177
Unlisted debt securities (see note 21)	_	318	_	318
Listed debt securities, outside Hong Kong (see note 22)	23	_	_	23
Listed equity securities, Hong Kong (see note 22)	6,594	_	_	6,594
Listed equity securities, outside Hong Kong (see note 22)	3,593	_	_	3,593
Held-for-trading investments (see note 22)	918	_	_	918
	11,128	331	164	11,623
Net investment hedges (see note 21)	_	476	_	476
Other derivative financial instruments (see note 24)	_	319	-	319
	_	795	_	795
Other derivative financial instruments (see note 26)		(191)	_	(191)
	_	(191)	-	(191)

The fair value of financial assets and financial liabilities that are not traded in active market is determined by using valuation techniques. Specific valuation techniques used to value financial assets and financial liabilities include discounted cash flow analysis, are used to determine fair value for the financial assets and financial liabilities.

During the six months ended 30 June 2015 and 2014, there were no transfers between the Level 1 and Level 2 fair value measurements, and no transfers into or out of Level 3 from or to Level 1 or Level 2 fair value measurements.

- (i) Fair value measurements (continued)
- (i) Financial assets and financial liabilities measured at fair value (continued)

Level 3 fair values

The movements of the balance of financial assets and financial liabilities measured at fair value based on Level 3 are as follows:

	Six months ended 30 June		
	2015	2014	
	HK\$ millions	HK\$ millions	
At 1 January	164	181	
Total gains (losses) recognised in			
Income statement	(1)	_	
Other comprehensive income	(27)	6	
Additions	5	_	
Relating to subsidiaries acquired	1,771	_	
Disposals	(7)	_	
Exchange translation differences	1	_	
At 30 June	1,906	187	
Total losses recognised in income statement relating to those financial assets and financial			
liabilities held at the end of the reporting period	(1)	_	

The fair value of financial assets and financial liabilities that are grouped under Level 3 is determined by using valuation techniques including discounted cash flow analysis. In determining fair value, specific valuation techniques are used with reference to inputs such as dividend stream and other specific input relevant to those particular financial assets and financial liabilities.

Changing unobservable inputs used in Level 3 valuation to reasonable alternative assumptions would not have significant impact on the Group's profit or loss.

- (i) Fair value measurements (continued)
- (ii) Financial assets and financial liabilities that are not measured at fair value but fair value disclosures are required

Except for bank and other debts as detailed in the table (i) above, the carrying amounts of the financial assets and financial liabilities recognised in the consolidated financial statements approximate their fair values.

Fair value hierarchy

The table below analyses the fair value measurements disclosures for bank and other debts. These fair value measurements are categorised into different levels in the fair value hierarchy based on the inputs to valuation techniques used.

	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
	HK\$ millions	HK\$ millions	HK\$ millions	HK\$ millions
At 30 June 2015 Bank and other debts	240,953	103,229	-	344,182
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
	HK\$ millions	HK\$ millions	HK\$ millions	HK\$ millions
At 31 December 2014 Bank and other debts		38,066	-	38,066

The fair value of the bank and other debts included in level 2 category above are estimated using discounted cash flow calculations based upon the Group's current incremental borrowing rates for similar types of borrowings with maturities consistent with those remaining for the debt being valued.

(j) Financial assets and financial liabilities subject to offsetting, enforceable master netting arrangements or similar agreements

The following tables set out the carrying amounts of recognised financial assets and recognised financial liabilities that:

- (1) are offset in the Group's consolidated statement of financial position; or
- (2) are subject to an enforceable master netting arrangements or similar agreements that covers similar financial instruments, irrespective of whether they are offset in the Group's consolidated statement of financial position.

				Related a		
		Gross	Net amounts	offset in the		
	Gross	amounts	presented	consolidat	ed statement	
	amounts of	offset in the	in the	of financ	of financial position	
	recognised	recognised consolidated consolidated		Cash		
	financial	statement	statement	Financial	collateral	
	assets	of financial	of financial	assets	pledged	Net
	(liabilities)	position	position	(liabilities)	(received)	amounts
	HK\$ millions	HK\$ millions	HK\$ millions	HK\$ millions	HK\$ millions	HK\$ millions
At 30 June 2015						
Financial assets						
Trade receivables	43	(40)	3	_	_	3
			,			,
Other receivables and prepayments	156	(156)	_	_	_	
	199	(196)	3	-	-	3
Financial liabilities						
Trade payables	(519)	196	(323)	-	-	(323)
	(519)	196	(323)	-	-	(323)

Independent Assurance Report on the Unaudited Pro Forma Financial Information

TO THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS OF CK HUTCHISON HOLDINGS LIMITED

(incorporated in the Cayman Islands with limited liability)

We have completed our assurance engagement to report on the compilation of Unaudited CKHH Management Pro Forma Results of CK Hutchison Holdings Limited (the "Company") and its subsidiaries (collectively the "Group") set out on pages 2, 3 and 136 in the Company's 2015 Interim Report (the "Unaudited Pro Forma Financial Information"). The applicable criteria on the basis of which the directors have compiled the Unaudited Pro Forma Financial Information are described on pages 2, 3 and 136 of the Company's 2015 Interim Report.

The Unaudited Pro Forma Financial Information has been compiled by the directors to provide additional information to illustrate how certain financial information of the Group for the six months ended 30 June 2015 might have been affected as if the Reorganisation was effective on 1 January 2015 and the financial information had been compiled on the basis set out on pages 2, 3 and 136 of the Company's 2015 Interim Report. As part of this process, the unadjusted financial information about the Group's financial performance for the six months ended 30 June 2015 has been extracted by the directors from the Company's 2015 Interim Financial Statements, on which a review report has been issued. Unless otherwise defined, terms used herein shall have the same meanings as those defined in the Company's 2015 Interim Report.

Directors' Responsibility for the Unaudited Pro Forma Financial Information

The directors are responsible for compiling the Unaudited Pro Forma Financial Information in accordance with the basis set out on pages 2, 3 and 136 of the Company's 2015 Interim Report and ensuring the basis is consistent with the accounting policies of the Group as set out in note 3 of the Company's 2015 Interim Financial Statements.

Auditor's Responsibilities

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Unaudited Pro Forma Financial Information and to report our opinion to you, as a body, in accordance with our agreed terms of engagement and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility towards or accept liability to any other person for the contents of this report. We do not accept any responsibility for any reports previously given by us on any financial information used in the compilation of the Unaudited Pro Forma Financial Information beyond that owed to those to whom those reports were addressed by us at the dates of their issue.

We conducted our engagement in accordance with "Hong Kong Standard on Assurance Engagement 3000 "Assurance Engagements Other than Audits or Reviews of Historical Financial Information" ("HKSAE 3000"), issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants. This standard requires that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform procedures to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the directors have compiled the Unaudited Pro Forma Financial Information in accordance with the basis set out on pages 2, 3 and 136 of the Company's 2015 Interim Report and whether the basis is consistent with the accounting policies of the Group as set out in note 3 of the Company's 2015 Interim Financial Statements.

For purposes of this engagement, we are not responsible for updating or reissuing any reports or opinions on any historical financial information used in compiling the Unaudited Pro Forma Financial Information, nor have we, in the course of this engagement, performed an audit or review of the financial information used in compiling the Unaudited Pro Forma Financial Information.

The purpose of the Unaudited Pro Forma Financial Information is solely to provide additional information to illustrate how certain financial information of the Group for the six months ended 30 June 2015 might have been affected as if the Reorganisation was effective on 1 January 2015 and the financial information had been compiled on the basis set out on pages 2, 3 and 136 of the Company's 2015 Interim Report. Accordingly, we do not provide any assurance that the actual outcome of the financial information would have been as presented.

CK Hutchison Holdings Limited 2015 Interim Report

A reasonable assurance engagement to report on whether the Unaudited Pro Forma Financial Information has been properly compiled on the basis of the applicable criteria and whether the basis is consistent with the accounting policies of the Group consists primarily of procedures such as a) obtaining an understanding of the principal accounting policies of the Group and the basis of preparation of the Unaudited Pro Forma Financial Information through inquires primarily of persons responsible for financial and accounting matters, b) obtaining an understanding of the internal controls relevant to the application of accounting policies and basis of preparation and compilation of the Unaudited Pro Forma Financial Information, c) checking solely the arithmetical calculations relating to the financial numbers presented in the Unaudited Pro Forma Financial Information, and such other procedures that we considered necessary in the circumstances in accordance with HKSAE 3000.

The procedures selected depend on our judgement, having regard to our understanding of the nature of the Group and its accounting policies, and the basis on which the Unaudited Pro Forma Financial Information has been compiled, and other relevant engagement circumstances.

We believe that the evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the Unaudited Pro Forma Financial Information has been properly compiled by the directors of the Company on the basis stated on pages 2, 3 and 136 of the Company's 2015 Interim Report and such basis is consistent with the accounting policies of the Group as set out in note 3 of the Company's 2015 Interim Financial Statements.

PricewaterhouseCoopers

Certified Public Accountants

Hong Kong, 25 August 2015

Reconciliation from CKHH Statutory Results to CKHH Management Pro Forma Results

For the six months ended 30 June 2015

roi tile six filolitiis elided 30 Julie 2013	Adjustments to CVIII Management Pro forms (2)								
	СКНН	Aujusu	Adjustments to CKHH Management Pro forma ⁽²⁾			_ CKHH Operating		CKHH Financial	
	Operating		Accounting			segment		Performance	
	segment		for co-owned	Additional	Fair value	information -		Summary –	
	information -	50.03% share	entities and investments (4)	6.23% share	adjustment on	management pro forma basis ⁽	Presentation		
	statutory basis (1)	of HWL (3)		of Husky				pro forma basis (2	
	HK\$ millions	HK\$ millions	HK\$ millions	HK\$ millions	HK\$ millions	HK\$ millions	HK\$ millions	HK\$ millions	
Total Revenue									
Ports and related services	10,273	6,938	97	-	-	17,308	(118)		
Retail Infrastructure	44,737 18,115	30,189 9,107	- 468	_	_	74,926 27,690	(E 4E9)	74,926 22,232	
Husky Energy	10,692	7,616	400	2,793	_	21,101	(5,458) (3,272)		
3 Group Europe	17,926	12,647	_	2,775	_	30,573	(5,272)	30,573	
Hutchison Telecommunications Hong Kong Holdings	6,456	4,570	32	_	_	11,058	(38)		
Hutchison Asia Telecommunications	1,771	1,408	_	_	_	3,179	`-	3,179	
Finance & Investments and Others	7,280	3,951	(47)	-	_	11,184	(1,379)	9,805	
Total Comparable Revenue	117,250	76,426	550	2,793	-	197,019	(10,265)		
Additional Contributions Total Revenue	117,250	76 426	550	2,793		197,019	10,265	10,265 197,019	
•	117,230	76,426	220	2,195		197,019		197,019	
EBITDA Ports and related services	3,616	2,410	45	_	33	6,104	(56)	6,048	
Retail	4,103	2,580	-	_	-	6,683	(00)	6,683	
Infrastructure	10,436	5,058	542	_	9	16,045	(3,679)		
Husky Energy	3,020	1,812	_	664	_	5,496	(852)		
3 Group Europe	4,634	3,082	_	-	62	7,778	_	7,778	
Hutchison Telecommunications Hong Kong Holdings	872	636	7	-	_	1,515	(9)		
Hutchison Asia Telecommunications	104	(1)	-	_	308	411		411	
Finance & Investments and Others	1,318	873	(58)			2,133	(445)		
Total Comparable EBITDA Additional Contributions	28,103	16,450 —	536 _	664	412	46,165 —	(5,041) 5,041	41,124 5,041	
Total EBITDA before profits on disposal of investments & others	28,103	16,450	536	664	412	46,165	_	46,165	
EBIT									
Ports and related services	2,396	1,611	23	_	81	4,111	(30)	4,081	
Retail	3,371	2,082	_	_	_	5,453	(30)	5,453	
Infrastructure	7,680	3,852	382	_	73	11,987	(2,517)		
Husky Energy	591	138	_	88	207	1,024	(159)		
3 Group Europe	2,448	1,403	-	-	1,073	4,924	_	4,924	
Hutchison Telecommunications Hong Kong Holdings	455	340	(10)	_	_	785	12	797	
Hutchison Asia Telecommunications	(144)	(248)	- (45)	_	803	411	- (40.0)	411	
Finance & Investments and Others	1,162	785	(45)		80	1,982	(406)	1,576	
Total Comparable EBIT before profits on disposal of							4		
investments & others	17,959	9,963	350	88	2,317	30,677	(3,100)		
Additional Contributions							3,100	3,100	
Total EBIT before profits on disposal of investments & others	17,959	9,963	350	88	2,317	30,677	-	30,677	
Interest Expenses and finance costs	(4,492)	(2,746)	(217)	(40)	1,200	(6,295)	_	(6,295)	
Profit Before Tax	13,467	7,217	133	48	3,517	24,382	-	24,382	
Tax Current tax	(1,(05)	(1.155)	7.5	((1)	_	(2.840)	_	(2.940)	
Deferred tax	(1,695) (1,225)	(1,155) 52	75 (46)	(65) 119	(387)	(2,840) (1,487)	_	(2,840) (1,487)	
Deferred tax	(2,920)		29	54			_		
Due Stanfautor		(1,103)			(387)	(4,327)		(4,327)	
Profit after tax Non-controlling interests and perpetual capital securities	10,547	6,114	162	102	3,130	20,055	-	20,055	
holders' interests	(3,005)	(1,855)	(143)	-	(48)	(5,051)	(66)	(5,117)	
Profit attributable to ordinary shareholders before									
Profits on disposal of investments & others	7,542	4,259	19	102	3,082	15,004	(66)		
- Comparable results	7,542	4,259	19	102	3,082	15,004	(1,444)		
- Additional Contributions	=	-	_	_	=	=	1,378	1,378	
Profits on disposal of investments & others, after tax	13,935	(14,483)				(548)	66	(482)	
Profit attributable to ordinary shareholders	21,477	(10,224)	19	102	3,082	14,456	_	14,456	
Comparable resultsAdditional Contributions	21,477	(10,224)	19 _	102	3,082	14,456	(1,378) 1,378	13,078 1,378	
Profit attributable to ordinary shareholders							.,570	1,5.0	
- Discontinued Operations	80,381								
·	101,858								
	.01,050								

Note 1: CKHH's statutory results for the six months ended 30 June 2015 reflects the Reorganisation that occurred on 3 June 2015. See note 5 of the statutory interim financial statements for the operating segmental information disclosure on a statutory basis.

Note 2: The CKHH management pro forma results assume that the Reorganisation was effective as at 1 January 2015 and the pro forma adjustments made to the statutory basis represent the additional five months effect on the Group's results. The cost of Reorganisation of HK\$640 million was not included in the above pro forma results. This presentation is consistent with the way the Group manages the businesses and enables the Group's underlying performance to be evaluated on a comparable basis and has been prepared in accordance with the accounting policies of the Group as set out in note 3 of the statutory interim financial statements.

Note 3: The 50.03% share of HWL adjustments represent the Group's additional share of 50.03% of HWL (Total 100% share of the results of HWL's business continued by CKHH from January 2015 to May 2015 is included in the pro forma results) assuming the Reorganisation was effective from 1 January 2015. The net gain arising on the Group's re-measurement of 49.97% of HWL upon Reorganisation, as reported under the statutory basis, was not included under the Pro forma results.

Note 4: The Accounting for co-owned entities and investments adjustments mainly represent the consolidation of three co-owned infrastructure assets: Northumbrian Water, Park'N Fly as subsidiary companies effective from 1 January 2015; and UK Rails as subsidiary company effective upon acquisition in April 2015.

Note 5: The Fair value adjustment on acquisition represents the additional five-month impact on the Group's results as a result of the fair value adjustments on the carrying values of the identifiable assets and liabilities of HWL that mainly resulted in lower depreciation and amortisation of telecommunication and other assets, lower effective interest rates as well as other consolidation adjustments.

Information for Shareholders

The Company's ordinary shares are listed on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited LISTING

The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited: 1 STOCK CODES

> Bloomberg: 1 HK Reuters: 1.HK

Approximately HK\$304,830 million (approximately 69% of the issued share capital of the PUBLIC FLOAT CAPITALISATION

Company) as at 30 June 2015

Record Date for 2015 Interim Dividend: FINANCIAL CALENDAR

23 September 2015

Payment of 2015 Interim Dividend:

6 October 2015

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Corporate press releases, financial reports and other investor information on the Group are **INVESTOR INFORMATION**

available on the website of the Company

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www.ckh.com.hk **WEBSITE ADDRESS**