

吉林奇峰化纖股份有限公司 Jilin Qifeng Chemical Fiber Co., Ltd.

(A joint stock company incorporated in the People's Republic of China with limited liability)
(Stock Code: 549)

ANNUAL REPORT 2015



C O N T E N T S

2	Corporate Information
3	Financial and Business Summary
5	Chairman's Statement
7	Management Discussion and Analysis
14	Biography of Directors, Supervisors and Senior Management
18	Directors' Report
30	Report of the Supervisory Committee
32	Corporate Governance Report
41	Independent Auditor's Report
43	Consolidated Statement of Financial Position
45	Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income
46	Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity
47	Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows
48	Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

CORPORATE INFORMATION

DIRECTORS

Executive Directors

Mr. Song Dewu (*Chairman*)
Mr. Yang Xuefeng
Mr. Pan Xianfeng

Non-executive Directors

Mr. Jiang Junzhou
Mr. Ma Jun
Ms. Pang Suet Mui
Mr. Wu Song

Independent non-executive Directors

Mr. Li Yanxi
Mr. Lv Xiaobo
Mr. Jin Jie
Ms. Zhu Ping

SUPERVISORS

Ms. Sun Yujing
Mr. Xu Jiawei
Mr. Zhang Haiou
Ms. Bai Hua
Mr. Liu Ming
Mr. Cheng Jianhang

AUDIT COMMITTEE

Mr. Li Yanxi (*Chairman*)
Ms. Pang Suet Mui
Mr. Lv Xiaobo

BOARD REMUNERATION COMMITTEE

Mr. Lv Xiaobo (*Chairman*)
Mr. Ma Jun
Ms. Zhu Ping

NOMINATION COMMITTEE

Mr. Lv Xiaobo (*Chairman*)
Mr. Jiang Junzhou
Ms. Zhu Ping

CONNECTED TRANSACTIONS COMMITTEE

Mr. Jin Jie (*Chairman*)
Mr. Li Yanxi
Mr. Lv Xiaobo

BOARD SECRETARY

Mr. Liang Guohui

COMPANY SECRETARY

Mr. Chan Cheung *HKICPA, FCCA*

QUALIFIED ACCOUNTANT

Mr. Chan Cheung *HKICPA, FCCA*

AUTHORISED REPRESENTATIVES

Mr. Pan Xianfeng
Mr. Chan Cheung *HKICPA, FCCA*

PRC REGISTERED OFFICE

Block 4, Zone D,
Hengshan West Road,
Jilin New and High Technology Development Zone,
Jilin City, Jilin Province,
The PRC

PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS IN HONG KONG

Unit 1715, 17/F.,
Concordia Plaza,
No.1 Science Museum Road,
Tsimshatsui, Kowloon

AUDITORS

Moore Stephens CPA Limited

LEGAL ADVISOR AS TO HONG KONG LAW

Orrick, Herrington & Sutcliffe

PRINCIPAL BANKERS

China Construction Bank
Jilin City Commercial Bank
Agricultural Bank of China
Bank of Communications
Bank of China Limited

H SHARE REGISTRAR AND TRANSFER OFFICE

Computershare Hong Kong Investor Services Limited
46th Floor,
Hopewell Centre, 183 Queen's Road East,
Hong Kong

FINANCIAL AND BUSINESS SUMMARY

FINANCIAL SUMMARY

	Year ended 31 December				
	2015 RMB million	2014 RMB million (Restated)	2013 RMB million (Restated) (Unaudited)	2012 RMB million (Restated) (Unaudited)	2011 RMB million (Restated) (Unaudited)
Revenue	<u>1,787.1</u>	<u>1,895.9</u>	<u>1,448.9</u>	<u>1,389.6</u>	<u>2,082.0</u>
Gross profit	331.7	149.2	106.7	19.5	215.0
Operating expenses	(142.7)	(121.9)	(122.6)	(102.3)	(112.7)
Other gains, net ^{Note 2}	85.0	121.0	121.8	58.3	39.2
Operating profit/(loss)	274.0	148.3	105.9	(24.5)	141.5
Finance costs, net	(113.5)	(134.0)	(124.9)	(119.9)	(102.9)
Share of result of a joint venture	21.7	(32.4)	(14.9)	(40.2)	36.1
Profit/(loss) before income tax	182.2	(18.1)	(33.9)	(184.6)	74.7
Income tax (expense)/credit	(5.4)	(3.3)	(5.3)	3.9	(8.2)
Profit/(loss) from continuing operations	176.8	(21.4)	(39.2)	(180.7)	66.5
Loss from discontinued operations	(44.6)	(50.8)	(53.3)	(5.9)	(1.3)
Profit/(loss) attributable to owners of the Company	<u>132.2</u>	<u>(72.2)</u>	<u>(92.5)</u>	<u>(186.6)</u>	<u>65.2</u>
Earnings/(loss) per share (RMB per share)	0.15	(0.08)	(0.11)	(0.22)	0.08
Dividend per share (RMB per share)	—	—	—	—	—
Gross profit margin	18.6%	7.9%	7.4%	1.4%	10.3%
Net profit/(loss) margin	7.4%	(3.8%)	(6.4%)	(13.4%)	3.1%

FINANCIAL AND BUSINESS SUMMARY

	As at 31 December				
	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011
	RMB million	RMB million	RMB million	RMB million	RMB million
Non-current assets	1,328.7	1,705.0	1,908.2	2,053.8	1,885.0
Current assets	1,144.3	1,214.0	1,139.4	996.6	1,058.3
Total assets	2,473.0	2,919.0	3,047.6	3,050.4	2,943.3
Non-current liabilities	156.0	369.7	437.0	389.7	447.1
Current liabilities	1,523.0	1,887.5	1,876.6	1,834.2	1,483.2
Total liabilities	1,679.0	2,257.2	2,313.6	2,223.9	1,930.3
Total equity	794.0	661.8	734.0	826.5	1,013.0
Current ratio	0.75	0.64	0.61	0.54	0.71
Gearing ratio ^{Note 1}	67.9%	77.3%	75.9%	72.9%	65.6%

Notes:

1. The gearing ratios set out on this page are calculated as total liabilities divided by total assets.
2. The amounts as set out above represent the aggregated total of other income and gains and other expenses and losses as presented in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income of the Group.

Dear shareholders,

On behalf of the Board (the "Board") of Directors (the "Directors") of Jilin Qifeng Chemical Fiber Co., Ltd. (the "Company"), I herewith present the financial report and audited consolidated financial statements of the Company and its subsidiary (collectively, the "Group") for the financial year ended 31 December 2015 (the "Year").

ANNUAL RESULTS

During the Year, the Group's revenue amounted to approximately RMB1.8 billion, representing a decrease of approximately 6% as compared to RMB1.9 billion in the previous year. Profit attributable to the owners of the Company for the Year amounted to approximately RMB132.2 million, increased from a loss of approximately RMB72.2 million for the year ended 31 December 2014.

BUSINESS REVIEW

The Group is principally engaged in the production and sale of acrylic fiber products. During the year under review, the demand of acrylic fiber products from domestic acrylic fiber manufacturers increased mainly because of the decline in average unit selling prices of acrylic fiber products in the PRC. Meanwhile, supply of acrylonitrile (the major raw material of the acrylic fiber) in China continued to increase as a result of the expansion of acrylonitrile production facilities of acrylonitrile manufacturers, which alleviated the pressure of supply of the raw material, acrylonitrile. During the year, due to the faster industrial business turnover cycle, profitability of the Group improved.

On 30 June 2015, taking in account the fact that Jilin Tangu Carbon Fiber Co., Ltd ("Tangu") has been loss making from its business operation since 2010 and is not expected to contribute significant income for the Company in the foreseeable future, the Company disposed of Tangu to streamline the business and commit the available resources of the Group to its existing and prospective business.

OUTLOOK

Looking forward, the Group will continue to expand its market share by enhancing marketing and sales of acrylic fiber products, strive to achieve further growth by solidifying its leading position in the PRC's acrylic fiber industry as well as expand its overseas markets. Meanwhile, the Group is also committed to conducting ongoing product development to meet market demand; stabilising product quality to maintain brand image; and improving profitability through technological innovation and minimising production waste and consumables. The Group is also seeking new investment opportunities to diversify the operation and maximise the profit to the Company's shareholders.

CHAIRMAN'S STATEMENT

APPRECIATION

Lastly, I would like to take this opportunity to thank the shareholders of the Company ("Shareholders") and business partners of the Group for their support and encouragement over the past year. I would also like to express my gratitude to the Directors and the entire staff of the Group for their hard work and contribution.

Song Dewu

Chairman

Jilin City, Jilin Province, The PRC

30 March 2016

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

MAJOR OPERATIONAL DATA

1. Revenue

	Year ended 31 December			
	2015		2014	
Continuing operations	RMB million	%	RMB million (Restated)	%
Acrylic top	731.9	41.0	751.1	39.6
Acrylic tow	371.2	20.8	407.8	21.5
Acrylic staple fiber	661.6	37.0	716.9	37.8
Others*	22.4	1.2	20.1	1.1
Total	1,787.1	100.0	1,895.9	100.0

	2015		2014	
	RMB million	%	RMB million (Restated)	%
Discontinued operations				
Carbon fiber precursor (Note)	46.6	100.0	45.6	100.0

2. Sales volume

	Year ended 31 December			
	2015		2014	
Continuing operations	Tons	%	Tons (Restated)	%
Acrylic top	52,908	38.4	45,802	38.2
Acrylic tow	29,788	21.6	26,458	22.1
Acrylic staple fiber	53,494	38.8	46,359	38.7
Others*	1,682	1.2	1,189	1.0
Total	137,872	100.0	119,808	100.0

	2015		2014	
	Tons	%	Tons (Restated)	%
Discontinued operations				
Carbon fiber precursor	1,043	100.0	1,111	100.0

* Refer to sales of differentiated acrylic fiber products, acrylic fiber scrap and miscellaneous items.

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Note:

On 26 June 2015, the Group entered into an equity transfer agreement with Jilin City Guosheng Asset Management Co., Ltd. (the "Purchaser"), pursuant to which, the Group agreed to dispose its 100% entire interest in Jilin Tangu Carbon Fiber Co., Ltd. ("Tangu") at a contract amount of RMB158,840,000. On 30 June 2015, the equity transfer agreement became effective under the approval of the disposal by the State-owned Assets Supervision & Administration Commission of the People's Government of Jilin City. Tangu was engaged in the development, production, and sales of carbon fiber products in the PRC.

3. Average selling price and gross profit margin

	Year ended 31 December			
	2015		2014	
	Average selling price	Gross profit margin	Average selling price	Gross profit margin
	RMB/ton	%	RMB/ton	%
Continuing operations				
Acrylic top	13,834	20.58	16,398	6.93
Acrylic tow	12,462	15.71	15,413	8.79
Acrylic staple fiber	12,367	18.01	15,465	6.56
Average gross profit margin		<u>18.56</u>		<u>7.87</u>
Discontinued operations				
Carbon fiber precursor	<u>44,703</u>	<u>15.40</u>	<u>41,079</u>	<u>(25.59)</u>

REVIEW AND OUTLOOK

Market Review

In 2015, the global economy was still full of uncertainties. The US economy was expanding at moderate pace, while the European economy was recovering slowly. China's economic growth was slowing down and the factory activity was contracting. The PRC government has continued its economic reforms to ensure persistent and long term economic growth. The slowdown of China's economic growth adversely affected the development of textile industry, resulted in a decline in the Group's acrylic fiber products. Meanwhile, overall supply of acrylonitrile in China continued to increase as a result of the expansion of acrylonitrile production capacity in China, which alleviated the supplier pressure of the raw material, acrylonitrile. During the year, due to faster industrial business turnover cycle, coupled with the Group's sustainable efforts in quality improvement of its products and further expansion into differentiated acrylic fiber market, the Group recorded an improvement in its sales, production volume and market share.

Sales Review

The Group's continuing operations recorded a sales revenue of approximately RMB1.8 billion for the Year, representing a decrease of approximately 6% as compared to approximately RMB1.9 billion for the previous year. The sales volume of the Group's acrylic fiber during the year was 137,872 tons, increased by approximately 15% from 119,808 tons for the previous year. The average unit selling price of acrylic fiber products for the Year was RMB12,962 per ton, decreased by approximately 18% as compared to that of the previous year. The price differential between the average selling prices of the Group's acrylic fiber products and its major raw material, acrylonitrile, was RMB4,927 per ton for the Year, representing an increase of approximately 30% from RMB3,796 per ton in the previous year. The total volume of the acrylic fiber products produced by the Group (together with its joint venture) in the Year was 248,680 tons, accounting for about 34% of the total production volume of the domestic acrylic fiber market in PRC. Sales of the Group's carbon fiber products (discontinued operations) were 1,043 tons for the Year (2014: 1,111 tons), represented a decrease of approximately 6% as compared to the previous year.

Production Management

The Group's total production output from continuing operations was approximately 134,152 tons for the Year, representing an increase of 10% as compared to that for the previous year. Production output of carbon fiber products from discontinued operations in 2015 was about 1,254 tons (2014: 1,271 tons). During the Year, the Group enlarged its supplier base and strengthened raw material market analysis to enhance its purchasing function and inventory management. The Group also continued to implement stringent cost control measures and adhere to order-based production in order to further enhance operating efficiency. The Group has also conducted continual technical reform, quality improvement and waste reduction projects, which set up a solid foundation to stabilise production process, improve production quality and reduce production cost.

Employees

As at 31 December 2015, the Group's continuing operations had 1,733 employees, representing a decrease of 108 employees as compared to 1,841 employees as at 31 December 2014. The Group's staff remuneration packages were determined with reference to the prevailing market practices (including a performance-based incentive bonus). The Group also provided continuous training to employees at all levels. During the Year, the Group provided its employees with numerous training opportunities corresponding to the various functions of their positions including product quality control, production safety and environmental protection. The Group also conducted performance evaluations of all employees. The Group was in compliance with all relevant PRC laws and regulations regarding occupational health and safety in all material aspects.

Environmental Policies and Performance

The Group set up and implemented internal environmental policies such as "Sewage Disposal Management Policy" (「污水處理管理政策」), "Emissions Management Policy" (「排放管理政策」), "Environmental Protection Management Standard" (「環保管理標準」) which are not less stringent than the relevant prevailing laws and regulations in the PRC. In the view of the Management, the Group was in compliance with relevant provisions "Thermal Power Plant Air Pollutant Emission Standards" (「火電廠大氣污染物排放標準」), "Industrial Environmental Noise Emission Standard" (「工業企業廠界環境噪聲排放標準」) and "Integrated Sewage Disposal Standard" (「污水綜合排放標準」) in the PRC.

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

OUTLOOK

Looking forward, with the development of the PRC economy and textile industry as well as the adjustments to macroeconomic policies of the PRC, the Group expects the following opportunities and prospects for its business:

1. **Development of differentiated acrylic fiber:** The Group will commit to further developing differentiated acrylic fiber to enhance its competitiveness in the PRC's acrylic fiber products market. The management believes that differentiated fiber products will become one of the major driving forces in the future development of acrylic fibers in the PRC. The Group is positioned to seize new business opportunities to further enhance the Group's profitability.
2. **Favourable raw material supply condition:** Due to the production expansion plan of certain PRC acrylonitrile manufacturers, the total supply of the Group's major raw material, acrylonitrile, in China is expected to further increase in the foreseeable future. Coupled with the significant decline in the international crude oil price, the Group expects the shortage in supply of acrylonitrile will be further alleviated.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

Operating results

The revenue of the Group amounted to approximately RMB1.8 billion for the Year, representing a decrease of approximately 6% from approximately RMB1.9 billion for the year ended 31 December 2014. The decrease in overall revenue was mainly due to the decrease in average unit price of the Group's acrylic fiber products despite of the increase in sales volume by 15% during the year. During the Year, the Group's total sales volume of the Group's continuing operations was 137,872 tons and total production volume was 134,152 tons, representing a sales-to-production ratio of approximately 103% (2014: (restated) 97%). Profit attributable to the owners of the Company for the Year was approximately RMB132.2 million, increased significantly from a loss of approximately RMB72.2 million for year 2014. The substantial increase in profit of the Group for the Year was mainly attributable to the increase in sales volume and gross profit margin of the products of the Group.

Operating expenses (distribution costs and administrative expenses)

Distribution costs of the Group's continuing operations increased from approximately RMB46.4 million for the year ended 31 December 2014 to approximately RMB62.0 million for the Year. The increase in distribution costs was primarily resulted from the increase in transportation costs due to increase in sales volume during the Year. Administrative expenses increased slightly from approximately RMB75.5 million for the year ended 31 December 2014 to approximately RMB80.8 million for the Year.

Net other gains (the net aggregate amount of other income and gains and other expenses and losses)

Net other gains for the Year was approximately RMB85.0 million, as compared to that of approximately RMB121.0 million for the year ended 31 December 2014. The decrease in net other gains in the Year was primarily due to the decrease in net other income from the provision of utilities.

Net finance costs

Net finance costs decreased from approximately RMB134.0 million for the year ended 31 December 2014 to approximately RMB113.5 million for the Year. The decrease in net finance costs was primarily resulted from the decrease in borrowing costs of the Group.

Share of result of a joint venture

The Group's share of 50% of the profit of its joint venture, Jilin Jimont Acrylic Fiber Co., Ltd. ("Jimont"), under the equity method of accounting amounted to approximately RMB21.7 million for the Year (2014: loss of RMB32.4 million). The increase in the profit of Jimont was primarily resulted from the market conditions as described in this annual report, which also had a similar impact on the financial performance of Jimont during the Year.

Financial resources, liquidity and liability position

As of 31 December 2015, the Group's total assets and total liabilities were approximately RMB2.47 billion and RMB1.68 billion, respectively (2014: RMB2.92 billion and RMB2.26 billion respectively). As of 31 December 2015, the Group's net current liabilities amounted to approximately RMB378.7 million (2014: RMB673.6 million) and its current ratio, calculated by dividing its current assets by its current liabilities as of 31 December 2015, was approximately 0.75 (2014: 0.64). The Group had cash in hand and at bank and restricted bank deposits of approximately RMB67.6 million and RMB62.2 million, respectively, as of 31 December 2015 (2014: RMB57.8 million and RMB143.7 million respectively). As of 31 December 2015, the total bank borrowings of the Group amounted to approximately RMB1.28 billion (2014: RMB1.74 billion), out of which approximately RMB1.06 billion (2014: RMB1.31 billion) was short-term bank borrowings, approximately RMB102.5 million (2014: RMB120.6 million) was current portion of long-term borrowings and approximately RMB115.2 million (2014: RMB307.7 million) was the non-current portion of long term bank borrowings. Approximately 61% (2014: 78%) of the Group's bank borrowings bear floating interest rates. The bank borrowings were mainly used for the expansion of production facilities and the construction of the thermal power plant as well as the development of the carbon fiber precursor project in the previous years. The net decrease in bank borrowings was approximately RMB460.9 million during the Year. All of the Group's bank borrowings are denominated in Renminbi. Therefore, the management believes that the Group is exposed to minimal foreign exchange risks and has not made any foreign currency hedging arrangement. As of 31 December 2015, the Group's gearing ratio, calculated by dividing total liabilities by total assets, was approximately 67.9% (2014: 77.3%).

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

CAPITAL STRUCTURE

Placing of new H Shares and conversion of non-H foreign Shares to H Shares

On 14 January 2016, a specific mandate was granted by the shareholders in shareholders' meetings of the Company to issue not more than 600,000,000 new H Shares (the "Placing Shares") pursuant to a proposed offer by way of private placing of the Placing Shares by or on behalf of the placing agent to the placee(s), on a best endeavour basis, on the terms and subject to the conditions set out in the placing agreement entered into between the Company and the placing agent on 29 September 2015 (the "Placing"). The 600,000,000 Placing Shares represent approximately 69.26% of the existing issued share capital of the Company as at the date of this annual report. On 14 January 2016, a specific resolution was also passed by the shareholders in shareholders' meetings of the Company to approve the conversion of 169,358,404 Non-H Foreign Shares to H Shares (the "Conversion"). After completion of the Conversion, the 169,358,404 Non-H Foreign Shares (representing approximately 19.55% of the existing issued share capital as at the date of this annual report) will be cancelled and the 169,358,404 H Shares newly issued pursuant to the Conversion will rank, when issued and fully paid, pari passu in all respects with the H Shares in issue as at the date of allotment and issue of such H Shares.

The Company is in the course of seeking approval from China Securities Regulatory Commission for the issuance and placement of the Placing Shares and the Conversion. For details of the Placing and Conversion, please refer to the announcements of the Company dated 29 September 2015 and 14 January 2016 and the circular of the Company dated 27 November 2015.

INVESTMENT REVIEW

Joint venture

Our joint venture, Jimont, was established on 21 December 2005 with a total registered share capital of RMB450 million. The Group holds 50.00% equity interest in the joint venture, whereas Montefibre S.p.A ("Montefibre") and SIMEST S.p.A hold 39.38% and 10.62% respectively. The total fixed asset investment in phase one of the acrylic fiber project with annual production capacity of 100,000 tons was approximately RMB1.02 billion, which was mainly financed by bank borrowings and capital contribution from the joint venture partners. All joint venture partners had paid up their capital contributions according to their respective share of equity interest in the joint venture prior to 2007. The joint venture is principally engaged in the production and sales of acrylic fiber products. As disclosed in the announcement of the Company dated 18 December 2013, the Company has been notified by Montefibre of its intention to enter into voluntary winding up, and that as part of its proposed voluntary winding up, Montefibre will make its investment in Jimont available for sale. On 27 February 2015, pursuant to the JV Contract, Montefibre served a formal notice of the proposed sale of the Sale Equity (for itself and on behalf of SIMEST) to the Company of its intention to transfer 50% of the equity interest in Jimont to a third party purchaser (the "Purchaser"), which is a company established in the PRC, for a consideration of more than RMB100,000,000. Montefibre has, through this formal notice, also sought the Company's decision as to whether it would exercise its Right of First Refusal to acquire the 50% equity interest in Jimont at a price equal to or higher than RMB100,000,000. The Board resolved not to exercise the Right of First Refusal and notified Montefibre of its decision in writing on 13 March 2015.

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

The Company was advised by Montefibre that they have reached an agreement with an independent third party, which is a company incorporated in the PRC for the transfer of 50% equity interest (Montefibre and SIMEST S.p.A hold 39.38% and 10.62% respectively) in Jimont. The agreement is subject to approval from the relevant PRC government authorities. Montefibre is in the course of seeking approval from the relevant PRC authorities to complete the transfer.

In 2015, the sales volume and production volume of the joint venture reached 117,005 tons and 114,528 tons (2014: 105,261 tons and 105,260 tons), respectively, representing a sales-to-production ratio of approximately 102% (2014: 100%). The utilisation rate of the joint venture production plant was 104% (2014: 100%). The profit of the joint venture was approximately RMB43.4 million in the year ended 31 December 2015 (2014: loss of RMB64.8 million). The increase in the profitability of the joint venture was mainly due to impact of the market conditions described in the section headed "Market Review".

Disposal of a subsidiary (Discontinued operations)

On 26 June 2015, the Group entered into an equity transfer agreement with Jilin City Guosheng Asset Management Co., Ltd. (the "Purchaser"), pursuant to which, the Group agreed to dispose its 100% entire interest in Jilin Tangu Carbon Fiber Co., Ltd. ("Tangu") at a contract amount of RMB158,840,000. On 30 June 2015, the equity transfer agreement became effective under the approval of the disposal by the State-owned Assets Supervision & Administration Commission of the People's Government of Jilin City. Tangu was engaged in the development, production, and sales of carbon fiber products in the PRC. The Group recorded a loss on disposal of approximately RMB37.0 million.

Bank deposits

As of 31 December 2015, the Group did not hold deposits under trusts in any financial institutions in the PRC. All of the Group's cash was held in commercial banks in the PRC in accordance with applicable laws and regulations. Except for restricted bank deposits of approximately RMB62.2 million (2014: RMB143.7 million), the Group had no bank deposits which cannot be withdrawn upon maturity.

Pledged assets

As of 31 December 2015, certain properties, plants and equipment with a net book value of approximately RMB327.4 million (as of 31 December 2014: properties, plant and equipment, trade and other receivables with a net book value of approximately RMB416.1 million and RMB172.3 million, respectively) were pledged as securities for bank borrowings of approximately RMB287.7 million (as of 31 December 2014: RMB313.0 million). In addition, bank deposits of approximately RMB43.9 million and RMB18.2 million (2014: RMB89.0 million and RMB7.6 million respectively) were pledged for the issue of certain trade and bills payables and letters of credit, respectively, for the Group's purchases of raw materials, plant and machinery from certain overseas suppliers.

Contingent liabilities

The Group had no material contingent liabilities as of 31 December 2015.

Dividend

The Board does not recommend the declaration of a dividend for the year ended 31 December 2015 (2014: Nil).

BIOGRAPHY OF DIRECTORS, SUPERVISORS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT

DIRECTORS

Executive Directors

Mr. Song Dewu, aged 44, is an executive Director and Chairman of the Board. Currently, he is also the chairman of the board of directors and the general manager of Jilin Chemical Fiber Group Co., Ltd. (“JCF Groupco”) as well as the chairman of the board of directors of Jilin Chemical Fiber Co., Ltd. (“JCFCL”) and Jimont. He has held various senior management positions in JCF Groupco and its subsidiaries since he joined JCF Groupco in July 1995. Mr. Song has over 20 years of experience in the chemical fiber industry. He graduated from Jilin Institute of Chemical Technology in the PRC with a bachelor’s degree in chemical engineering. He also obtained a master’s degree in industrial engineering from Jilin University in the PRC and is a qualified senior engineer in the PRC.

Mr. Yang Xuefeng, aged 51, is an executive Director and the General Manager of the Company. Prior to joining the Group, he had been the general manager of Jimont. Mr. Yang has 27 years experience in the chemical fiber industry. He graduated from Tianjin Institute of Textile Science and Technology in the PRC with a major in chemical fiber, he also obtained a master’s degree in engineering from Jilin University and is a senior engineer in the PRC.

Mr. Pan Xianfeng, aged 46, is an executive Director and the director of the finance department of the Company. Mr. Pan joined the workforce in November 1987, and has held positions as the deputy director of the finance department of Jilin Chemical Fiber Co., Ltd., deputy director of the finance department of the Company, and the director of the finance department of Jilin Jimont Acrylic Fiber Co., Ltd.. Mr. Pan graduated from Jilin Agricultural College in accounting and statistics. He also obtained a postgraduate education in business administration from Jilin University in 2001 and is a qualified accountant in the PRC.

Non-executive Directors

Mr. Ma Jun, aged 50, is a non-executive Director of the Company. He is currently a deputy general manager of JCF Groupco. He had held positions as the head of electric meter factory, head of polymerisation factory, the assistant to the general manager, deputy manager and general manager of the Group since he joined the Group in March 1997. Mr. Ma graduated from Jilin Vocational Teachers College in the PRC with a bachelor’s degree in relation to electronics technology. He also obtained a master’s degree from Jilin University. He has over 25 years of experience in the chemical fiber industry and is a qualified senior engineer in the PRC.

Mr. Jiang Junzhou, aged 57, is a non-executive Director and the vice general manager of JCF Groupco. He first became a Director of the Company on 28 June 2007. Mr. Jiang joined JCF Groupco in 1978 and has over 35 years of experience in education, imports and exports as well as management.

Ms. Pang Suet Mui, aged 46, is a non-executive Director. She is currently the deputy general manager of strategic investment department at Bank of China Group Investment Limited (“BOCGI”). She joined BOCGI in 1997 and has extensive experiences in banking, administration and management. Ms. Pang graduated from Peking University School of Pharmaceutical Sciences (formerly known as Beijing Medical University School of Pharmaceutical Sciences) with a bachelor’s degree. She has also obtained a master’s degree in finance from City University of Hong Kong. Ms. Pang holds the Chartered Financial Analyst designation.

BIOGRAPHY OF DIRECTORS, SUPERVISORS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT

Mr. Wu Song, aged 44, is currently the deputy general manager of Shenzhen Taiping Investment Co., Ltd. and the director and general manager of Taiping Investment Holdings Co., Ltd.. Prior to joining Shenzhen Taiping Investment Co., Ltd.* in May 2014, Mr. Wu had worked at various departments in the central government of the PRC since July 2000. Mr. Wu graduated from Peking University with a bachelor's degree in history in 1994, and also obtained a master's degree and doctor's degree in law from Peking University in 1997 and 2000, respectively.

Independent non-executive Directors

Mr. Lv Xiaobo, aged 50, is a Certified Public Accountant and Certified Public Valuer in the PRC. He joined the workforce in March 1989, and has held positions as the section member of Jilin Municipal Finance Bureau, the project manager of Jilin Municipal Accounting Firm, the project manager of Jilin Hualun Accounting Firm, and the assistant chief account of Jilin Huatai Accounting Firm Limited. Mr. Lv graduated from Jilin Municipal Party School majoring in business administration. He has over 21 years of experience in the accounting industry.

Mr. Li Yanxi, aged 45, is an independent non-executive Director. Mr. Li currently serves as the professor at Dalian University of Technology. Mr. Li has over 23 years of experience in finance and accounting and is a Certified Public Accountant and a Certified Public Valuer in the PRC. Mr. Li graduated from Dalian University of Technology in the PRC with a major in technology information. He also received a doctoral degree in management science and engineering from Dalian University of Technology.

Mr. Jin Jie, aged 52, an independent non-executive Director. Mr. Jin currently serves as the deputy chief engineer at China Northeast Petroleum Refinery Engineering Company Jilin Petrochemical Engineering Co., Ltd. Mr. Jin has over 31 years of experience in the chemical industry. He graduated from the Jilin Institute of Chemical Technology with a bachelor degree in chemical engineering and is a senior engineer in the PRC.

Ms. Zhu Ping, aged 40, has been an independent non-executive Director since 9 July 2012. She currently serves as the finance manager of Shanghai Shenghang Kangcheng International Logistics Co., Ltd. She has 13 years experience in finance and accounting. She graduated from East China Institute of Political Science and Law (now known as East China University of Political Science and Law) with a bachelor's degree in law.

BIOGRAPHY OF DIRECTORS, SUPERVISORS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT

SUPERVISORS

Ms. Sun Yujing, aged 50, is a supervisor of the Company (“Supervisor”). She is currently the vice chief accountant and director of finance department of JCF Groupco. Since she joined JCF Groupco in 1990, she had served as an auditor and the deputy head of the audit department, and head of the audit and supervisory department. Ms. Sun has 22 years of experience in audit and supervisory services. She graduated from Changchun Taxation Institute with a major in accounting and is a qualified accountant in the PRC.

Mr. Xu Jiawei, aged 39, a Supervisor, joined Jilin Chemical Fiber Group Co., Ltd. in 1996 and he currently serves as vice manager of the purchasing centre at Jilin Chemical Fiber Group Co., Ltd. Mr Xu has over 19 years of experience in the chemical industry. His previous work experiences include being a technician of Jilin Chemical Fiber Group Industrial Development Co., Ltd*, deputy director of the general office of the Company, director of the security department of of the Company and head of the general and audit department of Jilin Chemical Fiber Group Co., Ltd. In 2004, Mr Xu studied at a professional program at the Party School of the Central Committee of CPC majoring in economics and management. Mr Xu. is a senior political personnel in the PRC.

Mr. Liu Ming, aged 44, is a Supervisor. Mr. Liu is a certified public accountant in the PRC and is a founder and project manager of Jilin Hualun Accounting Firm. Mr. Liu received a bachelor’s degree from Changchun Institute of Taxation (now known as Jilin University of Finance and Economics).

Mr. Cheng Jianhang, aged 45, is a Supervisor. Mr. Cheng is qualified lawyer in the PRC and he is currently practicing law at Jilin Jiuxin Law Firm. Mr. Cheng received a bachelor’s degree in law from Jilin University and a master’s degree in commercial law from China University of Political Science and Law.

Mr. Zhang Haiou, aged 44, is a Supervisor. He is currently the director of the manufacturing department of the Company. Mr. Zhang worked as a technician in the spinning workshop of Jilin Chemical Fibre Joint Stock Company in July 1995. He worked as a technician in the spinning workshop in the Company in September 1998 and was promoted to the technician in charge in May 1999. From May 2005 to December 2005, Mr. Zhang worked as a deputy head of the manufacturing department in the Company. From December 2005 to December 2010, he has been the head and party branch secretary of the spinning workshop of the Company. Mr. Zhang received the certificate of a senior engineer in textile engineering in January 2006 from the Personnel Department of Jilin Province. He graduated from Jilin Institute of Chemical Technology with a bachelor’s degree in chemical engineering in July 1995.

Ms. Bai Hua, aged 47, is a Supervisor. She is currently the general manager of the quality control department and the general secretary of the Communist Party Branch of the Company. Ms. Bai joined Jilin Chemical Fiber Factory, the predecessor of Jilin Chemical Fiber Co., Ltd., as a technician in July 1991. She then joined the Company in March 1997 and served as a deputy manager of the quality control department of the Company before she was promoted to her current position. Ms. Bai received a bachelor’s degree in chemical fiber engineering from Dalian Polytechnic University, formerly known as Dalian Institute of Light Industry, in 1991 and a master’s degree in industrial engineering from Jilin University in 2006.

BIOGRAPHY OF DIRECTORS, SUPERVISORS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT

OTHER SENIOR OFFICERS

Mr. Liang Guohui, aged 40, is the secretary to the Board and the director of the integrated management department of the Company. Prior to joining the Group in November 2013, he served as a director of the purchasing centre of JCF Groupco. He graduated from Changchun Tax Institute with a bachelor degree in accountancy in 1999, he also obtained his master's degree in management and business administrative from Hainan University in 2007 and he is a senior economist.

Mr. Chan Cheung, aged 42, is the company secretary and qualified accountant of the Company. Prior to joining the Group, he served as the financial controller of a company listed on Nasdaq in the United States. He has over 17 years of experience in the field of financial management and auditing. Mr. Chan is also a member of the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants and a fellow member of the Association of Certified Chartered Accountants. Mr. Chan graduated from the Hong Kong Polytechnic University with an honorary bachelor's degree in accounting.

DIRECTORS' REPORT

The Board herewith presents their report together with the audited consolidated financial statements of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2015.

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES

The Company is principally engaged in the manufacturing and sales of acrylic fiber products. The activity of the joint venture of the Company is set out in note 10 to the consolidated financial statements.

BUSINESS REVIEW

The business review of the Group as at 31 December 2015 is set out under the section headed "Management Discussion and Analysis" of this annual report on pages 7 to 13.

SEGMENTAL INFORMATION

The Group's segmental information is set out in note 6 to the consolidated financial statements.

RESULTS AND APPROPRIATIONS

The results of the Group for the year are set out in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income on page 45.

The Directors do not recommend the declaration of a dividend for the year ended 31 December 2015.

FINANCIAL SUMMARY

A summary of the results, assets and liabilities of the Group for the past five financial years is set out on pages 3 to 4 of this annual report.

PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

Details of the movements in property, plant and equipment of the Group is set out in note 8 to the consolidated financial statements.

SHARE CAPITAL

Details of the share capital of the Company are set out in note 15(a) to the consolidated financial statements.

RESERVES

Movements in reserves of the Group during the year ended 31 December 2015 is set out in note 16 to the consolidated financial statements. As at 31 December 2015, the Group has no distributable reserve.

PRE-EMPTIVE RIGHTS

There is no provision for pre-emptive rights under the Company's articles of association ("Articles") or the laws of the PRC, being the jurisdiction in which the Company is incorporated, which would oblige the Company to offer new shares on a pro-rata basis to existing Shareholders.

PURCHASE, SALE OR REDEMPTION OF THE COMPANY'S LISTED SECURITIES

During the year ended 31 December 2015, other than the Placing for which the Company entered into a placing agreement on 29 September 2015, neither the Company nor any of its subsidiary, joint venture and fellow subsidiaries purchased, sold or redeemed any of the Company's listed securities.

DIRECTORS

The Directors of the Company in 2015 and up to the date of this report are:

Executive Directors

Mr. Song Dewu

Mr. Yang Xuefeng

Mr. Pan Xianfeng (appointed with effect from 29 January 2015)

Non-executive Directors

Mr. Jiang Junzhou

Mr. Ma Jun

Ms. Pang Suet Mui

Mr. Wu Song (appointed with effect from 25 June 2015)

Mr. Sun Haichao (resigned with effect from 25 June 2015)

Independent non-executive Directors

Ms. Zhu Ping

Mr. Li Yanxi

Mr. Jin Jie

Mr. Lv Xiaobo (appointed with effect from 29 January 2015)

CONFIRMATION OF INDEPENDENCE

The Company has received from each of the independent non-executive Directors an annual written confirmation of independence pursuant to Rule 3.13 of the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Ltd. (the "Listing Rules") and considers all the independent non-executive Directors are independent from the Group.

DIRECTORS' REPORT

DIRECTORS' AND SUPERVISORS' SERVICE CONTRACTS

Each of the Directors and the Supervisors has entered into a service contract with the Company effective from 30 June 2014 (except for Mr. Pan Xianfeng and Mr. Lv Xiaobo whose service contracts are effective from 29 January 2015, and Mr. Wu Song whose service contract is effective from 25 June 2015) and expiring on the conclusion of the annual general meeting of the Company for the year 2016. All Directors and Supervisors will retire and offer themselves for re-election at the annual general meeting of the Company for the year 2016.

None of the existing Directors and Supervisors and persons who are proposed for election at the forthcoming annual general meeting has a service contract with the Company which is not determinable within one year without payment of compensation, other than the statutory compensation.

DIRECTORS' AND SUPERVISORS' COMPENSATION

The Group's remuneration policy aims to provide a fair market remuneration in a form and value to attract, retain and motivate high quality candidates. The policy is determined based on the Directors' and the Supervisors' experience and their contribution to the Group.

DIRECTORS' AND SUPERVISORS' INTERESTS IN CONTRACTS OF SIGNIFICANCE

No contract of significance in relation to the Group's business to which the Company, its subsidiary or joint venture, any of its fellow subsidiaries or its parent company was a party and in which a Director and/or a Supervisor of the Company had a material interest, whether directly or indirectly, subsisted at the end of the year or at any time during the year.

BIOGRAPHICAL DETAILS OF DIRECTORS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT

Brief biographical details of Directors and senior management are set out on pages 14 to 17 under the Biography of Directors, Supervisors and Senior Management section in this annual report.

INTERESTS OF DIRECTORS, SUPERVISORS AND CHIEF EXECUTIVES

As at 31 December 2015, none of the Directors, Supervisors and chief executives of the Company has any interests and short positions in the shares, the underlying shares and debentures of the Company or any of its associated corporation (within the meaning of the Securities and Futures Ordinance (the "SFO")) which are required to be notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to Divisions 7 and 8 of Part XV of the SFO (including interests or short positions which they were taken or deemed to have under such provisions of the SFO) and required to be entered in the register maintained by the Company pursuant to section 352 of Part XV of the SFO or which were notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Companies (the "Model Code") (for this purpose, the relevant provisions of the SFO will be interpreted as if they applied to the Supervisors).

EVENTS AFTER THE REPORTING PERIOD

Details of the Group's significant events after the reporting period are set out in Note 38 to the consolidated financial statements.

SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDERS

As at 31 December 2015, there was a total issued share capital of 866,250,000 shares of the Company (the “Shares”) which include:

	Number of Shares	Approximate percentage of share capital of the Company
Domestic Shares	437,016,596	50.45%
Non-H Foreign Shares	169,358,404	19.55%
H-Shares	259,875,000	30.00%
Total	866,250,000	100.00%

As at 31 December 2015, the following persons (not being Director, Supervisor or chief executive of the Company), so far as are known to the Directors, have an interest or short position in the Shares and underlying Shares which would fall to be disclosed to the Company under the provisions of Divisions 2 and 3 of Part XV of the SFO:

Name of Shareholders	Number of shares directly and indirectly held	Class of shares	Approximate percentage in relevant class of shares (%)			Approximate percentage in total issued share capital (%)		
			Direct interests	Indirect interests	Aggregate interests	Direct interests	Indirect interests	Aggregate interests
吉林化纖集團有限責任公司 (Jilin Chemical Fiber Group Co., Ltd.)	433,229,558	Domestic Shares	99.13	—	99.13	50.01	—	50.01
吉林市城市建設控股集團有限公司 (Jilin City Construction Holdings Group Co., Ltd.)	433,229,558 ⁽¹⁾	Domestic Shares	—	99.13	99.13	—	50.01	50.01
Ronsace Company Limited	94,841,726	Non-H Foreign Shares	56.00	—	56.00	10.95	—	10.95
Bank of China Group Investment Limited	94,841,726 ⁽²⁾	Non-H Foreign Shares	—	56.00	56.00	—	10.95	10.95
Bank of China Limited	94,841,726 ⁽²⁾	Non-H Foreign Shares	—	56.00	56.00	—	10.95	10.95
Sanlink Investments Limited	44,029,105	Non-H Foreign Shares	26.00	—	26.00	5.08	—	5.08

DIRECTORS' REPORT

Name of Shareholders	Number of shares directly and indirectly held	Class of shares	Approximate percentage in relevant class of shares (%)			Approximate percentage in total issued share capital (%)		
			Direct interests	Indirect interests	Aggregate interests	Direct interests	Indirect interests	Aggregate interests
China Insurance Group Investment Limited	44,029,105 ^(a)	Non-H Foreign Shares	—	26.00	26.00	—	5.08	5.08
China Life Insurance (Overseas) Company Limited	44,029,105 ^(a)	Non-H Foreign Shares	—	26.00	26.00	—	5.08	5.08
Halesfield Investment Limited	30,487,573	Non-H Foreign Shares	18.00	—	18.00	3.52	—	3.52
Huang Jia Sen	30,487,573 ^(a)	Non-H Foreign Shares	—	18.00	18.00	—	3.52	3.52
Huang Jia Zi	30,487,573 ^(a)	Non-H Foreign Shares	—	18.00	18.00	—	3.52	3.52
Huang Jia Yuan	30,487,573 ^(a)	Non-H Foreign Shares	—	18.00	18.00	—	3.52	3.52
全國社會保障基金理事會 (The National Social Security Fund of the PRC)	23,625,000	H Shares	9.09	—	9.09	2.73	—	2.73

Notes:

- 433,229,558 Shares are deemed corporate interests indirectly held through JCF Groupco under the SFO. Jilin City Construction Holdings Group Co., Ltd. is a state-owned enterprise in the PRC.
- 94,841,726 Shares are deemed corporate interests indirectly held through Ronsace Company Limited under the SFO.
- 44,029,105 Shares are deemed corporate interests indirectly held through Sanlink Investments Limited under the SFO.
- 30,487,573 Shares are deemed corporate interests indirectly held through Halesfield Investment Limited under the SFO.

COMPETING BUSINESS

Save that Mr. Song Dewu, Mr. Ma Jun and Mr. Yang Xuefeng are also directors of the joint venture, Jilin Jimont Acrylic Fiber Co., Ltd., none of the Directors is interested in any business apart from the Group's business, which competes or is likely to compete, either directly or indirectly, with the Group's business.

MANAGEMENT CONTRACTS

No contract concerning the management and administration of the whole or any substantial part of the business of the Group were entered into or existed during the year.

MAJOR CUSTOMERS AND SUPPLIERS

The Group maintains a good relationship with its customers. The Group conducted seminars and exhibitions regularly to enhance communications and understand the needs and requirements of its customers. The Group also set up production services teams comprised of production experts to give production advices and solutions to customers.

The Group also maintains a close relationship with its major suppliers. The Group performs annual appraisal of its suppliers and also conducts regular visits to the suppliers.

In 2015, sales to the Group's five largest customers accounted for approximately 46% of the total sales for the year, in which sales to the largest customer represented approximately 17% of the total sales for the year.

Purchases from the Group's five largest suppliers amounted to approximately 78% of the total purchases for the year while total purchases from the largest supplier represented approximately 49% of the total purchases for the year.

None of the Directors, their associates or any Shareholder (which to the knowledge of the Directors own more than 5% of the Company's share capital) had an interest in the major suppliers or customers noted above.

CONTINUING CONNECTED TRANSACTIONS

Sales of finished goods to Tuopu Textile by the Company

The Company sold goods to Tuopu Textile Industrial Development Co., Ltd ("Tuopu Textile") at the price determined with reference to the market price and no less than the price of the acrylic fiber products sold by the joint venture to independent third parties pursuant to a sales agreement entered into with Tuopu Textile on 8 August 2007. Subject to the compliance with Listing Rules' requirements regarding connected transactions, the agreement was further renewed for a term of three years commencing on 1 January 2013 and ending on 31 December 2015.

JCF Groupco is a substantial shareholder of the Company holding approximately 50.01% of its share capital and a connected person of the Company. Tuopu Textile, being a wholly-owned subsidiary of JCF Groupco, is thus an associate of JCF Groupco and also a connected person of the Company.

For the year ended 31 December 2015, sales to Tuopu Textile by the joint venture amounted to RMB3.0 million, which is within the approved cap of RMB4.0 million as disclosed in the Company's announcement dated 7 January 2013.

DIRECTORS' REPORT

Provision of utilities and water treatment services to Tuopu Textile by the Company

The Company provided utilities and water treatment services to Tuopu Textile pursuant to a utilities and water treatment services agreement entered into with Tuopu Textile on 27 September 2013, for an initial term commencing from 1 January 2014 and ending on 31 December 2016 and, subject to the compliance with Listing Rules' requirements regarding connected transactions, is automatically renewable for a term of three years thereafter. The transaction was negotiated on arm's length basis and the prices were determined in line with normal commercial terms.

JCF Groupco is a substantial shareholder of the Company holding approximately 50.01% of its share capital and a connected person of the Company. Tuopu Textile, being a wholly-owned subsidiary of JCF Groupco, is thus an associate of JCF Groupco and also a connected person of the Company.

For the year ended 31 December 2015, utilities and water treatment services provided to Tuopu Textile by the Company amounted to approximately RMB3.7 million, which was within the approved cap of RMB9.0 million as disclosed in the Company's announcement dated 27 September 2013.

Purchases repair and maintenance services from Jianan by Joint Venture

The joint venture purchased repair and maintenance services from Jilin Chemical Fiber Construction and Installation Engineering Co., Ltd. ("Jianan") pursuant to a repair and maintenance contract entered into with Jianan on 27 September 2013, for an initial term commencing from 1 January 2014 and ending on 31 December 2016 and, subject to the compliance with Listing Rules' requirements regarding connected transactions, is automatically renewable for a term of three years thereafter. The transaction was negotiated on arm's length basis and the prices were determined in line with normal commercial terms.

Jimont is a Sino-foreign equity joint-venture company jointly controlled by the Company, Montefibre S.p.A. and SIMEST S.p.A.. The Company holds 50% equity interest in the joint venture, it therefore does not constitute a subsidiary of the Company for legal or accounting purposes. However, for the purpose of the listing of the H shares of the Company on the Stock Exchange and good corporate governance, the Company and the Directors have undertaken to the Stock Exchange to have the joint venture generally regulated in a manner consistent with the regulation of subsidiaries of a listed group for the purposes of application of the Listing Rules. For the purposes of the Listing Rules provisions regarding connected transactions, the joint venture is regarded as a non-wholly owned subsidiary of the Company.

JCF Groupco is a substantial shareholder of the Company holding approximately 50.01% of its share capital and is a connected person of the Company. Jianan, being an associate of JCF Groupco, is therefore also a connected person of the Company.

For the year ended 31 December 2015, purchase from Jianan by the joint venture amounted to approximately RMB1.4 million, which was within the approved cap of RMB2.8 million as disclosed in the Company's announcement dated 27 September 2013.

Purchase of sodium bisulfate and other chemical products from Huidong by the Company

The Company purchased sodium bisulfite and other chemical products from Jilin Huidong Chemical Industry Co., Ltd. (“Huidong”) pursuant to a huidong purchase agreement entered into with Huidong on 31 December 2013, for an initial term commencing from 1 January 2014 and ending on 31 December 2016 and, subject to the compliance with Listing Rules’ requirements regarding connected transactions, is automatically renewable for a term of three years thereafter. The transaction was negotiated on arm’s length basis and the prices were determined in line with normal commercial terms.

Huidong is a company established in the PRC principally engaged in the production of sodium bisulfite. It is owned as to 52.2% by JCF Groupco and 47.8% by independent third parties. Huidong is an associate of JCF Groupco and is therefore, a connected person of the Company.

For the year ended 31 December 2015, the Company’s purchases of sodium bisulfate and other chemical products from Huidong amounted to approximately RMB7.4 million, which was within the approved cap of RMB7.5 million as disclosed in the Company’s announcement dated 16 January 2014.

Purchases of repair and maintenance services from Jianan by the Company

The Company purchased repair and maintenance services from Jianan pursuant to a repair and maintenance contract entered into with Jianan on 27 September 2013, for an initial term commencing from 1 January 2014 and ending on 31 December 2016 and, subject to the compliance with Listing Rules’ requirements regarding connected transactions, is automatically renewable for a term of three years thereafter. The transaction was negotiated on arm’s length basis and the prices were determined in line with normal commercial terms.

Jianan is a wholly owned subsidiary of JCF Groupco and is therefore, a connected person of the Company.

For the year ended 31 December 2015, repair and maintenance services that the Company purchased from Jianan amounted to approximately RMB6.9 million, which was within the approved cap of RMB8.0 million as disclosed in the Company’s announcement dated 27 September 2013.

Purchases of auxiliary materials from JCFCL by the Company

The Company purchased auxiliary materials from JCFCL pursuant to the Auxiliary Materials Purchase Agreement entered into with JCFCL on 31 December 2013, for an initial term commencing from 1 January 2014 and ending on 31 December 2016 and, subject to the compliance with Listing Rules’ requirements regarding connected transactions, is automatically renewable for a term of three years thereafter. The transaction was negotiated on arm’s length basis and the prices were determined in line with normal commercial terms.

JCFCL is a connected person of the Company as JCFCL is approximately 11.22% owned by JCF Groupco which is a substantial shareholder and one of the promoters of the Company. JCFCL is an associate of JCF Groupco and is therefore a connected person of the Company.

For the year ended 31 December 2015, auxiliary materials that the Company purchased from JCFCL amounted to approximately RMB1.5 million, which was within the approved cap of RMB4.0 million as disclosed in the Company’s announcement dated 16 January 2014.

DIRECTORS' REPORT

Agreement relating to lease of the JCFCL Leased Assets to the Company by JCFCL

Pursuant to the Lease Agreement entered into between the Company and JCFCL on 27 September 2013, JCFCL leased the JCFCL Leased Assets to the Company for an initial term commencing from 1 January 2014 and ending on 31 December 2016 which, subject to compliance with Listing Rules' requirements regarding connected transactions, is automatically renewable for a term of three years thereafter. The transaction was negotiated on arm's length basis and the prices were determined in line with normal commercial terms.

JCFCL is a connected person of the Company as JCFCL is approximately 11.22% owned by JCF Groupco which is a substantial shareholder and one of the promoters of the Company. JCFCL is an associate of JCF Groupco and is therefore a connected person of the Company.

For the year ended 31 December 2015, the Company's lease expense paid to JCFCL for the JCFCL Leased Assets amounted to approximately RMB11.9 million, which was within the approved cap of RMB12.0 million as disclosed in the Company's announcement dated 27 September 2013.

Provision of Utilities and Water Treatment Services to JCFCL by the Company

The Company provided Utilities and Water Treatment Services to JCFCL pursuant to the Utilities and Water Treatment Services Agreement entered into between the Company and JCFCL on 27 September 2013, for an initial term commencing from 1 January 2014 and ending on 31 December 2016 and, subject to the compliance with Listing Rules' requirements regarding connected transactions, is automatically renewable for a term of three years thereafter. The transaction was negotiated on arm's length basis and the prices were determined in line with normal commercial terms.

JCFCL is a connected person of the Company as JCFCL is approximately 11.22% owned by JCF Groupco which is a substantial shareholder and one of the promoters of the Company. JCFCL is an associate of JCF Groupco and is therefore a connected person of the Company.

For the year ended 31 December 2015, provision of Utilities and Water Treatment Services to JCFCL by the Company amounted to approximately RMB176.7 million, which was within the approved cap of RMB355.0 million as disclosed in the Company's announcement dated 27 September 2013.

Provision of Utilities and Water Treatment Services to Aika by the Company

The Company provided Utilities and Water Treatment Services to Jilin Aika Viscose Fiber Co., Ltd. ("Aika") pursuant to Utilities and Water Treatment Services Agreement entered into between the Company and Aika on 27 September 2013, for an initial term commencing from 1 January 2014 and ending on 31 December 2016 and, subject to the compliance with Listing Rules' requirements regarding connected transactions, is automatically renewable for a term of three years thereafter. The transaction was negotiated on arm's length basis and the prices were determined in line with normal commercial terms.

Aika is owned as to 70% by JCFCL. As JCFCL is a connected person of the Company, Aika, being a subsidiary of JCFCL, is also a connected person of the Company.

For the year ended 31 December 2015, the Company's provision of Utilities and Water Treatment Services to Aika amounted to approximately RMB25.8 million, which was within the approved cap of RMB43.0 million as disclosed in the Company's announcement dated 27 September 2013.

Sales of finished goods to Furunde Textile by the Company

The Company sold goods to Jilin Chemical Fiber Furunde Textile Co. Ltd. ("Furunde Textile") (Formerly known as Jilin Kailin Trading Co. Ltd.) at the price determined by the Company with reference to the market price less agreed discount and no less than the price of the acrylic fiber products sold by the Company to independent third parties pursuant to a sales agreement entered into with Furunde Textile on 27 September 2013. Subject to the requirements of Listing Rules in relation to connected transactions, the agreement is automatically renewable for a term of three years thereafter.

JCF Groupco is a substantial shareholder of the Company holding approximately 50.01% of its share capital and a connected person of the Company. Furunde Textile, being a wholly-owned subsidiary of JCF Groupco, is thus an associate of JCF Groupco and also a connected person of the Company.

For the year ended 31 December 2015, sales to Furunde Textile by the Company amounted to approximately RMB8.5 million, which is within the approved cap of RMB10.0 million as disclosed in the Company's announcement dated 27 September 2013.

Sales of finished goods to Furunde Textile by the Joint Venture

The Joint Venture sold goods to Jilin Chemical Fiber Furunde Textile Co. Ltd. ("Furunde Textile") (Formerly known as Jilin Kailin Trading Co. Ltd.) at the price determined by the Joint Venture with reference to the market price less agreed discount and no less than the price of the acrylic fiber products sold by the Joint Venture to independent third parties pursuant to a sales agreement entered into with Furunde Textile on 27 September 2013. Subject to the requirements of Listing Rules in relation to connected transactions, the agreement is automatically renewable for a term of three years thereafter.

JCF Groupco is a substantial shareholder of the Company holding approximately 50.01% of its share capital and a connected person of the Company. Furunde Textile, being a wholly-owned subsidiary of JCF Groupco, is thus an associate of JCF Groupco and also a connected person of the Company.

For the year ended 31 December 2015, sales to Furunde Textile by the Joint Venture amounted to approximately RMB7.2 million, which is within the approved cap of RMB10.0 million as disclosed in the Company's announcement dated 27 September 2013.

Purchases of auxiliary materials from JCFCL by the Joint Venture

The Joint Venture purchased auxiliary materials from JCFCL pursuant to the Auxiliary Materials Purchase Agreement entered into with JCFCL on 31 December 2013, for an initial term commencing from 1 January 2014 and ending on 31 December 2016 and, subject to the compliance with Listing Rules' requirements regarding connected transactions, is automatically renewable for a term of three years thereafter. The transaction was negotiated on arm's length basis and the prices were determined in line with normal commercial terms.

JCFCL is a connected person of the Company as JCFCL is approximately 11.22% owned by JCF Groupco which is a substantial shareholder of the Company. JCFCL is an associate of JCF Groupco and is therefore a connected person of the Company.

For the year ended 31 December 2015, auxiliary materials that the joint venture purchased from JCFCL amounted to approximately RMB0.3 million, which was within the approved cap of RMB1.0 million as disclosed in the Company's announcement dated 16 January 2014.

DIRECTORS' REPORT

Sales of finished goods to JCF Group Import Export by the Company

The Company sold goods to Jilin Chemical Fiber Group Import Export Co., Ltd. ("JCF Group Import Export") at the price determined by the Company with reference to the market price less agreed discount and no less than the price of the acrylic fiber products sold by the Company to independent third parties pursuant to a sales agreement entered into with JCF Group Import Export on 1 September 2014. Subject to the requirements of Listing Rules in relation to connected transactions, the agreement is automatically renewable for a term of three years thereafter.

JCF Groupco is a substantial shareholder of the Company holding approximately 50.01% of its share capital and a connected person of the Company. JCF Group Import Export, being a wholly-owned subsidiary of JCF Groupco, is thus an associate of JCF Groupco and also a connected person of the Company.

For the year ended 31 December 2015, sales to JCF Group Import Export by the Company amounted to approximately RMB45.7 million, which is within the approved cap of RMB171.0 million as disclosed in the Company's announcement dated 7 July 2014.

Sales of finished goods to JCF Group Import Export by the Joint Venture

The joint venture sold goods to JCF Group Import Export at the price determined by the joint venture with reference to the market price less agreed discount and no less than the price of the acrylic fiber products sold by the Company to independent third parties pursuant to a sales agreement entered into with JCF Group Import Export on 1 September 2014. Subject to the requirements of Listing Rules in relation to connected transactions, the agreement is automatically renewable for a term of three years thereafter.

JCF Groupco is a substantial shareholder of the Company holding approximately 50.01% of its share capital and a connected person of the Company. JCF Group Import Export, being a wholly-owned subsidiary of JCF Groupco, is thus an associate of JCF Groupco and also a connected person of the Company.

For the year ended 31 December 2015, sales to JCF Group Import Export by the joint venture amounted to approximately RMB107 million, which is within the approved cap of RMB256 million as disclosed in the Company's announcement dated 7 July 2014.

The Group has entered into the abovementioned continuing connected transactions as set out from pages 23 to 28 (the "Continuing Connected Transactions") with connected persons and have complied with the disclosure requirements in accordance with Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules in respect of the Continuing Connected Transactions. The Directors, including the independent non-executive directors, of the Company confirmed that the aforesaid Continuing Connected Transactions were entered into:

- (i) in the ordinary and usual course of business of the Company, the subsidiary and the joint venture (as applicable);
- (ii) either on normal commercial terms or, on terms no less favourable to the Company, the subsidiary and the joint venture (as applicable) than available to or from independent third parties; and
- (iii) in accordance with the relevant agreements governing such transactions on terms that are fair and reasonable and in the interests of Shareholders as a whole.

The Company's auditor was engaged to report on the abovementioned Continuing Connected Transactions of the Company and the joint venture in accordance with Hong Kong Standard on Assurance Engagements 3000 "Assurance Engagements Other Than Audits or Reviews of Historical Financial Information" and with reference to Practice Note 740 "Auditor's Letter on Continuing Connected Transactions under the Hong Kong Listing Rules" issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants. The Company's auditor has issued his letter containing his findings and unqualified conclusions in respect of the abovementioned Continuing Connected Transactions as set out from pages 23 to 28 of this annual report. A copy of the auditor's letter has been provided by the Company to The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited.

COMPLIANCE WITH THE CODE ON CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

Details of the compliance by the Company with the Code on Corporate Governance Practices as set out in Appendix 14 of the Listing Rules are shown on pages 32 to 40 under the Corporate Governance Report section in this annual report.

SUFFICIENCY OF PUBLIC FLOAT

Based on the information that is publicly available to the Company and within the knowledge of the Directors, the Company has maintained sufficient public float of at least 25% of the Company's issued shares as required under the Listing Rules during the Year and as at the latest practicable date prior to the issue of this annual report.

AUDITOR

The consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2015 were audited by Moore Stephens CPA Limited whose term of office will expire upon the annual general meeting. A resolution for the re-appointment of Moore Stephens CPA Limited as the auditor of the Company for the subsequent year will be proposed at the forthcoming annual general meeting. The consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2014 was audited by Moore Stephens CPA Limited and for the year ended 31 December 2013 was audited by BDO Limited.

On behalf of the Board

Song Dewu
Chairman

Jilin City, Jilin Province, The PRC
30 March 2016

REPORT OF THE SUPERVISORY COMMITTEE

The supervisory committee of the Company (the “Supervisory Committee”) herewith present the report of the Supervisory Committee for the year ended 31 December 2015.

In 2015, the Supervisory Committee mainly carried out the following work:

INSPECTION OVER IMPLEMENTATION OF RESOLUTIONS OF THE GENERAL MEETINGS

The Supervisory Committee exercised supervision and inspection of the implementation of the resolutions in general meetings by the Board and the senior management through observation and attendance at the board meetings and general meetings. The Supervisory Committee is of the opinion that the Directors and senior management of the Company have diligently performed their duties in compliance with resolutions of the general meetings. No violation of any laws or regulations or Articles or any act which jeopardises the interests of the Company and Shareholders has been found in the performance of the Company’s Directors and senior management.

INSPECTION OVER LEGAL COMPLIANCE OF THE GROUP’S OPERATIONS

The Supervisory Committee exercised supervision on a regular basis over the legal compliance and rationality of the Group’s operation and management in its ordinary work. It has also exercised supervision over work performance of the Board and senior management. The Supervisory Committee is of the opinion that, the Group’s operation is sound and rational, and is in compliance with all applicable laws, regulations and rules and the Articles. The members of the Board and senior management of the Group have conscientiously and diligently performed their duties, and none of their act would prejudice the interests of the Group and Shareholders.

INSPECTION OVER THE GROUP’S DAILY OPERATING ACTIVITIES

The Supervisory Committee exercised supervision over the Group’s operating activities. The Supervisory Committee is of the opinion that the Group has a sound internal control system and has made great progress in the formulation and implementation of its internal work procedures, thus effectively controlled its exposure to various operating risks. The Group’s operation is in compliance with the PRC laws and regulations and the Articles.

REPORT OF THE SUPERVISORY COMMITTEE

INSPECTION OVER THE GROUP'S FINANCIAL CONDITION

The Supervisory Committee has seriously verified the Group's 2015 consolidated financial statements, supervised and inspected the Group's implementation of relevant financial policies and legislations as well as details on the Group's assets, financial income and expenditure and connected transactions. It is of the opinion that the financial report for 2015 fairly reflected its financial position and operating results, all of the continuing connected transactions were entered into on a fair basis and the pricing of the transactions is determined on arm's length basis and did not impair the interests of the Group and Shareholders.

Looking forward, the Supervisory Committee will continue to carry out its duties in strict compliance with the Articles and the relevant laws and regulations and protect the interests of Shareholders.

Sun Yujing

Chairman of the Supervisory Committee

Jilin City, Jilin Province, the PRC

30 March 2016

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

The Group confirms that maintaining good corporate governance standards throughout the Group serves as an effective risk management measure for the Group. The Board is committed to lead the Group to grow in an efficient manner followed by corporate missions in terms of business strategies and improved operational planning and procedures which are enforced under high corporate governance standards.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE PRACTICES

The Company has adopted the Code on Corporate Governance Practices (the “Code”) issued by The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the “Stock Exchange”) and has complied with the relevant code provisions and most of the recommended best practices during the year.

MODEL CODE FOR SECURITIES TRANSACTIONS BY DIRECTORS

The Group has adopted the Model Code contained in Appendix 10 of the Listing Rules as the code of conduct for securities transactions by the Company’s Directors. The Directors have confirmed, following specific enquiry by the Group that they have complied with the required standards set out in the Model Code for the year ended 31 December 2015.

CORPORATE MANAGEMENT

Board of Directors

The Board reviews and approves corporate matters such as business strategies and investments, mergers and acquisitions, as well as the general administrative and management of the Group. The Board is directly accountable to Shareholders and is responsible for preparing the consolidated financial statements.

The Board currently consists of 3 executive Directors, 4 non-executive Directors and 4 independent non-executive Directors. There is no related connection in respect of finance, business or family or other major relationships between the members of the Board. Please refer to the “Directors’ Report” for the composition of the Board and “Biography of Directors, Supervisors and Senior Management” section in this report for the biographical details of the Directors and senior management.

The Directors acknowledge that it is their responsibility to prepare the Group’s consolidated financial statements and warrant the consolidated financial statements are prepared in accordance with the requirements of laws and regulations and applicable accounting standards. The Directors also warrant the timely publication of the Group’s consolidated financial statements.

The posts of chairman and the chief executive officer are held separately by Mr. Song Dewu and Mr. Yang Xuefeng, respectively and their roles and responsibilities are separate. The chairman is responsible for formulating the Group’s policies in conjunction with the Board and for ensuring that he and his delegates shall, in the capacity of chairman, perform his responsibilities. The chief executive officer is responsible for managing the Group’s strategic initiatives and major business activities.

The Board has a balance of skills and experience and the Board membership is covered by professionally qualified and widely experienced personnel so as to bring in valuable contribution and different professional advices and consultancy for the development of the Group.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

All Directors were provided with various briefing sessions as well as comprehensive materials on the responsibilities and duties of being a director of the Company, in particular highlighting the respective applicable rules and regulations, including the Listing Rules, which a director should aware and be informed of his appointment.

Pursuant to the Articles, the Directors including the non-executive Directors shall be elected at a shareholders' general meeting of the Company and serve for a term of three years. Upon the expiry of their term of office, the Directors may be re-elected for another term.

The details of the attendance of directors at Board meetings and general meetings during the year 2015 are set out below:

Directors	Attendance	
	Board meetings	General meetings
<i>Executive Directors</i>		
Mr. Song Dewu	8/8	2/2
Mr. Yang Xuefeng	8/8	2/2
Mr. Pan Xianfeng	8/8	2/2
<i>Non-executive Directors</i>		
Mr. Ma Jun (One board meetings attended by proxy)	8/8	2/2
Ms. Pang Suet Mui (Three board meetings attended by proxy)	8/8	2/2
Mr. Jiang Junzhou (Three board meetings attended by proxy)	8/8	2/2
Mr. Wu Song (Three board meetings attended by proxy)	6/6	0/2
<i>Independent non-executive Directors</i>		
Mr. Li Yanxi (Two board meetings attended by proxy)	8/8	2/2
Mr. Jin Jie	8/8	2/2
Mr. Lv Xiaobo	8/8	2/2
Ms. Zhu Ping (Two board meetings attended by proxy)	8/8	2/2

Board Diversity Policy

Pursuant to the Code, the Board adopted a board diversity policy (the "Board Diversity Policy") on 27 August 2013. The Company recognises and embraces the benefits of diversity of Board members. While all Board appointments will continue to be made on a merit basis, the Company will ensure that the Board has a balance of skills, experience and diversity of perspectives appropriate to the needs of the Company's business. In accordance with the Board Diversity Policy, selection of candidates of Board member will be based on a range of diversity perspectives, including but not limited to gender, age, cultural and educational background, experience (professional or otherwise), skills and knowledge.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

Continuous Professional Development

According to the Code A.6.5, all directors should participate in continuous professional development to develop and refresh their knowledge and skills to ensure that their contribution to the board remains informed and relevant. The Company should be responsible for arranging and funding suitable training, placing an appropriate emphasis on the roles, functions and duties of the directors.

All Directors have participated in appropriate continuous professional development and refresh their knowledge and skills during the year. According to the records maintained by the Company, the current Directors received the following training with an emphasis on the roles, functions and duties of a director of a listed company in compliance with the new requirement of the Code on continuous professional development for the Year:

Name of Director	Read articles and journals on the economy, general business and regulatory matters
<i>Executive Directors</i>	
Mr. Song Dewu	√
Mr. Yang Xuefeng	√
Mr. Pang Xianfeng	√
<i>Non-executive Director</i>	
Ms. Pang Suet Mui	√
Mr. Wu Song	√
Mr. Jiang Junzhou	√
Mr. Ma Jun	√
<i>Independent non-executive Directors</i>	
Mr. Li Yanxi	√
Mr. Jin Jie	√
Mr. Lv Xiaobo	√
Ms. Zhu Ping	√

Board Committees

There are four committees established under the Board, namely the Audit Committee, the Board Remuneration Committee, the Nomination Committee and the Connected Transactions Committee.

(a) Audit Committee

The Audit Committee comprises of two independent non-executive Directors, namely Mr. Li Yanxi, Mr. Lv Xiaobo and one non-executive Director Ms. Pang Suet Mui. The chairman of the Audit Committee is Mr. Li Yan Xi who possesses recognised professional qualification in finance and accounting. The terms of reference of the Audit Committee are in compliance with the Code. The Board has adopted the latest terms of reference for the Audit Committee on 24 December 2015. The terms of reference of the Audit Committee which explain their respective roles and the authority delegated to them by the Board are available on the websites of the Company and the Stock Exchange.

The functions of the Audit Committee includes but not limited to the following:

- Considering and reviewing the appointment, resignation and removal of external auditors and their fees;
- Reviewing the interim and annual results of the Group;
- Discussing with the external auditors for problems or issues of significance identified during the course of audit; and
- Overseeing the financial reporting system and the internal control procedures of the Company.

The work of the Audit Committee in 2015 includes but not limit to following:

- Reviewing the interim results and annual results of the Group;
- Discussing with the management of the Group over the completeness, fairness and appropriateness of the accounting standards and policies adopted by the Group in the preparation of the interim and annual financial statements;
- Reviewing and discussing with the external auditors over the consolidated financial statements of the Group; and
- Recommending to the Board, for the approval by Shareholders, of the re-appointment of the auditors.

The Company held 2 meetings of Audit Committee in 2015 and the details of the attendance are set out below:

Directors	Attendance
Mr. Li Yanxi (<i>Chairman</i>)	2/2
Ms. Pang Suet Mui (Two meetings attended by a representative)	2/2
Mr. Lv Xiaobo	2/2

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

(b) Board Remuneration Committee

The Board Remuneration Committee consists of two independent non-executive Directors, namely Lv Xiaobo and Zhu Ping and one non-executive Director, Mr. Ma Jun. The terms of reference of the Board Remuneration Committee are in compliance with the Code. The chairman of the Board Remuneration Committee is Mr. Lv Xiaobo. The committee meets at least once a year. The Board has adopted the latest terms of reference for Board Remuneration Committee on 27 March 2012. The terms of reference of the Board Remuneration Committee which explain their respective roles and the authority delegated to them by the Board are available on the websites of the Company and the Stock Exchange.

The principal responsibilities of the Board Remuneration Committee are to make recommendations or proposals to the Board for examination on the overall remuneration policy and structure of the Directors and officers of the Company, to determine the remuneration packages of specific executive Directors and officers, to approve the terms of the service contracts requiring approval of Shareholders and to assess the performance of the Directors and officers.

The Board Remuneration Committee met once in 2015 on 26 March 2015. The details of the attendance are set out below:

Directors	Attendance
Mr. Lv Xiaobo (<i>Chairman</i>)	1/1
Ms. Zhu Ping	1/1
Mr. Ma Jun (Attended by a representative)	1/1

(c) Nomination Committee

The Nomination Committee consists of two independent non-executive Directors, namely Mr. Lv Xiaobo and Ms. Zhu Ping and one non-executive Director Mr. Jiang Junzhou. The chairman of the Nomination Committee is Mr. Lv Xiaobo. The terms of reference of the Nomination Committee are in compliance with the Code. The Committee meets at least once a year. The Board has adopted the latest terms of reference for Nomination Committee on 27 March 2012. The terms of reference of the Nomination Committee which explain their respective roles and the authority delegated to them by the Board are available on the websites of the Company and the Stock Exchange.

The Nomination Committee reviews the structure, size and composition of the Board on a regular basis and recommends to the Board regarding any proposed changes, including the appointment and succession of Directors and other related matters. It ensures that all nominations of director are fair and transparent and that the Board benefits from the right balance of skills, experience and knowledge to govern the Group effectively. It also assesses the independence of the independent non-executive Directors.

The Nomination Committee is responsible for identifying suitable candidates for the members of the Board when there is a vacancy or an additional Director is considered necessary. Normally, the Nomination Committee recommends the suitable candidates to members of the the Board. The members of the Board will then review the qualifications of the relevant candidates for determining the suitability to the Group on the basis of his or her qualifications, experiences and background. Suitable candidates will be recommended by the Board to Shareholders for approval at the general meeting.

The Nomination Committee met once in 2015. The details of the attendance are set out below:

Directors	Attendance
Mr. Lv Xiaobo (<i>Chairman</i>)	1/1
Ms. Zhu Ping	1/1
Mr. Jiang Junzhou (Attended by a representative)	1/1

(d) *Connected Transactions Committee*

The Connected Transactions Committee consists of three independent non-executive Directors, namely Mr. Jin Jie, Mr. Li Yanxi and Mr. Lv Xiaobo. The chairman of the Connected Transactions Committee is Mr. Jin Jie. The committee meets at least once a year.

The primary duties of the Connected Transactions Committee are to review the Group's proposed connected transactions (including connected transactions exempted under the Listing Rules) to be entered into with any connected person of the Group. It also reviews the approval procedures of relevant board meetings.

The Connected Transactions Committee met once in 2015. The details of the attendance are set out below:

Directors	Attendance
Mr. Jin Jie (<i>Chairman</i>)	1/1
Mr. Li Yanxi (Attended by a representative)	1/1
Mr. Lv Xiaobo	1/1

Supervisory Committee

The Company's Supervisory Committee consists of six Supervisors, two of which are elected by Shareholders as their representatives, two is elected by our employees and the other two are independent Supervisors. Supervisors serve for a term of three years, after which they are subject to re-election.

The Supervisory Committee is responsible for exercising supervision over the Board and the Group's senior management.

The Supervisor Committee meets at least twice a year. The details of the attendance are set out below:

Supervisors	Attendance
Ms. Sun Yujing	2/2
Mr. Xu Jiawei	2/2
Mr. Liu Ming	2/2
Mr. Cheng Jianhang	2/2
Mr. Zhang Haiou	2/2
Ms. Bai Hua	2/2

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

INTERNAL CONTROL

Framework

The Board has overall responsibility in monitoring the process of corporate reporting and control system throughout the Group. The corporate reporting function is delegated to the finance and accounting department to conduct proper and regular reviews on the deployment of resources and financial reporting systems. The corporate governance practices and compliance with the Listing Rules, SFO and other applicable regulations are delegated to the joint company secretaries of the Company. The senior management of the Group reviews and discusses the reporting and control systems with the executive Directors regularly and with the Audit Committee, Board Remuneration Committee, Nomination Committee and Connected Transaction Committee annually.

Assessment on the effectiveness of internal control system

The system of internal controls is designed to provide reasonable assurance against human errors, material misstatement, losses, damages or fraud. It is also designed for the identification and management of risks that are significant to the fulfillment of the Group's business objectives.

Activities, procedures and controls are well documented and the existence and effectiveness of the existing control procedures are tested by reference to the ranking of each individual risk area. The criteria for assessing the effectiveness of internal controls are based on the assessment of whether the documented control processes have operated throughout the year being reviewed with respect to the procedures and internal control for the handling and dissemination of price-sensitive informations, the Company is aware of its disclosure obligation under the Listing Rules, the overriding principle, of which is that information which is expected to be price-sensitive should be announced immediately when it is the subject of a decision, and to identify whether there are any control weaknesses.

The internal audit department carries out various audits on control procedures in respect of those significant risk areas of the Group with findings reported to the Audit Committee. The Audit Committee reviews the findings and reports to the Board annually.

COMPANY SECRETARY

The Company Secretary's biography are set out on page 17 of this report. The Company Secretary has taken no less than 15 hours of relevant professional training during the Year. All Directors have access to the advice and services of the Company Secretary to ensure that Board procedures as well as all applicable rules and regulations are followed.

AUDITOR'S REMUNERATION

Remuneration paid to the Group's external auditors for audit services provided for the year ended 31 December 2015 was RMB1.2 million.

Shareholders' Rights

How Shareholders can convene an extraordinary general meeting and put forward proposals at Shareholders' meetings

The procedures for Shareholders to convene an extraordinary general meeting and put forward proposals at Shareholders' meetings are set out in the Articles.

One or more Shareholders in aggregate holding not less than 10% of the issued share capital of the Company carrying the right of voting at general meeting of the Company, may by written request to require an extraordinary general meeting to be called by the Board for the transaction of business specified in such request and such meeting shall be held within two months after the Board receives such request.

If the Board fails to issue the notice for the extraordinary general meeting within 30 days after receipt of the above written request or is unable to or fails to perform the duty of calling a general meeting, the Supervisory Committee shall convene and hold the meeting promptly.

If the Supervisory Committee fails to convene and hold the meeting, one or more Shareholders in aggregate holding more than 10% of the issued share capital of the Company in 90 successive days may proceed to convene such meeting himself/herself (themselves) four months after the Board receives such written request. All reasonable expenses arising out of the calling and holding of the general meeting by such Shareholders shall be borne by the Company.

Shareholders holding no less than 3% of the total voting shares of the Company shall be entitled to submit written provisional proposals to the Board 10 days before the annual general meeting. The Board shall inform other Shareholders of the proposals within two days after the receipt of such proposals and include the relevant matters in the agenda of the general meeting.

Procedures by which enquiries may be put to the Board

Shareholders may send their enquiries and concerns to the Board by addressing them to the company secretary of the Company by mail at No. 516-1, Jiuzhan Street, Jilin City, Jilin Province, the PRC or by email at jccmail@gmail.com. The company secretary will forward communications relating to matters within the Board's direct responsibilities to the Board and communications relating to ordinary business matters, such as suggestions, inquiries and customer complaints, to the chief executive of the Company.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

INVESTOR RELATIONS

The Board and the senior management have confirmed that it is their responsibility to represent all Shareholders' interests and to maximise the values of Shareholders and have made to the Group the following commitments:

1. Strive to maintain the long-term sustainable and healthy growth of Shareholders' values and investment returns;
2. Be responsible for the planning, construction and operation of the Group's core business;
3. Be responsible for the Company's investment and business risks management; and
4. Make disclosure which gives a true, fair and full view of the Group's financial condition and operating performance.

The Group considers that the Shareholders' rights should be respected and guaranteed. The Group is committed to maintain good communication with Shareholders regarding its performance through means such as interim report, annual report and Shareholders' general meeting to enable the Shareholders to justify their investment and exercise their rights. The Group encourages Shareholders, participation through Shareholders' general meetings and other means.

In order to promote the communication with Shareholders, the Group has maintained a website as a channel to provide the latest information and to strengthen communication with Shareholders and the public. The Group's corporate correspondence and information will also be published on the website in a timely way.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

TO THE SHAREHOLDERS OF JILIN QIFENG CHEMICAL FIBER CO., LTD.

(a joint stock company incorporated in the People's Republic of China with limited liability)

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of Jilin Qifeng Chemical Fiber Co., Ltd. (the "Company") and its subsidiary (together the "Group") set out on pages 43 to 120, which comprise the consolidated statements of financial position as at 31 December 2015, and the consolidated statement of comprehensive income, the consolidated statement of changes in equity and the consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation of consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants and the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITY

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these consolidated financial statements based on our audit. This report is made solely to you, as a body, in accordance with our agreed terms of engagement, and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility towards or accept liability to any other person for the contents of this report.

We conducted our audit in accordance with Hong Kong Standards on Auditing issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants. Those standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the consolidated financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation of consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by the directors, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the consolidated financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

OPINION

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Group as at 31 December 2015, and of the Group's financial performance and cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards and have been properly prepared in accordance with the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

EMPHASIS OF MATTER

Without qualifying our opinion, we draw attention to note 2.1 to the consolidated financial statements, as at 31 December 2015, the Group's current liabilities exceeded its current assets by RMB378,651,000. This condition indicates the existence of a material uncertainty which may cast significant doubt about the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. As explained in note 2.1 to the consolidated financial statements, these consolidated financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis, the validity of which is dependent on the Group's ability to renew its bank borrowings upon maturity, to improve its business operation to generate adequate cash flows, and to source financing from its ultimate parent company to meet the Group's financial obligations as and when they fall due in the foreseeable future.

Moore Stephens CPA Limited
Certified Public Accountants

Chan King Keung
Practising Certificate Number: P06057

Hong Kong, 30 March 2016

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2015

	Notes	2015 RMB' 000	2014 RMB' 000
ASSETS			
Non-current assets			
Land use rights	7	70,585	80,735
Property, plant and equipment	8	911,730	1,426,090
Intangible assets	9	3,667	—
Interest in a joint venture	10	149,259	127,304
Deferred income tax assets	20	48,914	68,129
Prepayments and other receivables	11	144,500	2,785
		<u>1,328,655</u>	<u>1,705,043</u>
Current assets			
Inventories	12	208,683	345,256
Trade and other receivables	13	802,515	663,323
Land use rights	7	3,321	3,898
Restricted bank deposits	14	62,151	143,657
Cash and cash equivalents	14	67,620	57,814
		<u>1,144,290</u>	<u>1,213,948</u>
Total assets		<u><u>2,472,945</u></u>	<u><u>2,918,991</u></u>
EQUITY			
Capital and reserves attributable to owners of the Company			
Share capital	15(a)	866,250	866,250
Share premium	15(b)	142,477	142,477
Other reserves	16	31,919	31,919
Accumulated losses	16	(246,668)	(378,848)
Total equity		<u>793,978</u>	<u>661,798</u>

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2015

	Notes	2015 RMB' 000	2014 RMB' 000
LIABILITIES			
Non-current liabilities			
Long-term bank borrowings	17	115,154	307,697
Deferred income	18	40,872	61,963
		<u>156,026</u>	<u>369,660</u>
Current liabilities			
Trade and other payables	19	354,661	445,617
Deferred income	18	7,027	7,274
Short-term bank borrowings	17	1,058,710	1,309,099
Current portion of long-term bank borrowings	17	102,543	120,551
Derivative financial instrument	21	—	4,992
		<u>1,522,941</u>	<u>1,887,533</u>
Total liabilities		<u>1,678,967</u>	<u>2,257,193</u>
Total equity and liabilities		<u>2,472,945</u>	<u>2,918,991</u>
Net current liabilities		<u>(378,651)</u>	<u>(673,585)</u>
Total assets less current liabilities		<u>950,004</u>	<u>1,031,458</u>

The notes on pages 48 to 120 are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

The consolidated financial statements on pages 43 to 120 were approved by the Board of Directors on 30 March 2016 and were signed on its behalf.

Song Dewu
Chairman

Pan Xianfeng
Director

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2015

	Notes	2015 RMB' 000	2014 RMB' 000 (Restated)
Turnover	6	1,787,074	1,895,910
Cost of sales		<u>(1,455,327)</u>	<u>(1,746,747)</u>
Gross profit		331,747	149,163
Other income and gains	22	464,634	486,899
Distribution costs		(62,001)	(46,385)
Administrative expenses		(80,751)	(75,511)
Other expenses and losses	23	<u>(379,597)</u>	<u>(365,866)</u>
Operating profit		274,032	148,300
Finance income	26	5,510	1,735
Finance costs	26	<u>(119,000)</u>	<u>(135,730)</u>
		160,542	14,305
Share of result of a joint venture	10	<u>21,682</u>	<u>(32,387)</u>
Profit/(loss) before income tax	24	182,224	(18,082)
Income tax expense	27	<u>(5,429)</u>	<u>(3,347)</u>
Profit/(loss) after income tax from continuing operations		176,795	(21,429)
Loss for the year from discontinued operations	30	<u>(44,615)</u>	<u>(50,741)</u>
Profit/(loss) and total comprehensive income for the year attributable to owners of the Company		<u>132,180</u>	<u>(72,170)</u>
Earnings/(loss) per share attributable to owners of the Company (expressed in RMB cents per share)	28		
From continuing and discontinued operations			
– basic and diluted		15.2	(8.3)
From continuing operations			
– basic and diluted		<u>20.4</u>	<u>(2.5)</u>

The notes on pages 48 to 120 are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2015

	Attributable to owners of the Company				Total RMB' 000
	Share capital RMB' 000 (Note 15(a))	Share premium RMB' 000 (Note 15(b))	Other reserves RMB' 000 (Note 16)	Accumulated losses RMB' 000	
At 1 January 2014	866,250	142,477	31,919	(306,678)	733,968
Loss and total comprehensive income for the year	—	—	—	(72,170)	(72,170)
At 31 December 2014 and 1 January 2015	866,250	142,477	31,919	(378,848)	661,798
Profit and total comprehensive income for the year	—	—	—	132,180	132,180
At 31 December 2015	<u>866,250</u>	<u>142,477</u>	<u>31,919</u>	<u>(246,668)</u>	<u>793,978</u>

The notes on pages 48 to 120 are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2015

	Notes	2015 RMB' 000	2014 RMB' 000
Cash flows from operating activities			
Cash generated from operations	32	476,114	183,284
Income tax paid		—	1,893
Net cash generated from operating activities		476,114	185,177
Cash flows from investing activities			
Purchases of property, plant and equipment		(30,902)	(23,561)
Purchases of intangible assets		(4,000)	—
Government grants received		—	1,600
Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment		11,312	154
Proceeds from disposal of land use rights		4,210	—
Net cash outflow from disposal of a subsidiary	31	(13,853)	—
Interest received		6,218	2,532
Payments of loss arising on derivative financial instrument		(5,213)	(5,655)
Decrease/(increase) in restricted bank deposits		29,305	(69,644)
Net cash used in investing activities		(2,923)	(94,574)
Cash flows from financing activities			
Proceeds from borrowings		1,042,856	2,763,000
Repayments of borrowings		(1,382,796)	(2,819,166)
Interests and guarantee fees paid		(123,445)	(147,436)
Proceeds from bill payables		—	80,000
Net cash used in financing activities		(463,385)	(123,602)
Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		9,806	(32,999)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year		57,814	90,813
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	14	67,620	57,814

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2015

1. GENERAL INFORMATION

Jilin Qifeng Chemical Fiber Co., Ltd. (the “Company”) and its subsidiary (collectively the “Group”) is principally engaged in the production and sales of different types of acrylic fiber products (namely acrylic top, acrylic tow and acrylic staple fiber) and the development, production and sales of carbon fiber products.

The Company is a limited liability company incorporated in the People’s Republic of China (the “PRC”) and is listed on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the “Stock Exchange”). The address of its registered office is Block 4, Zone D, Hengshan West Road, Jilin New and High Technology Development Zone, Jilin City, Jilin Province, the PRC.

In the opinion of the Company’s directors, the ultimate parent company of the Company is Jilin Chemical Fiber Group Co., Ltd. (“JCF Groupco”), a limited liability company incorporated in the PRC and a state-owned enterprise controlled by the PRC government.

These consolidated financial statements are presented in Renminbi (“RMB”) and all values are rounded to the nearest thousand, unless otherwise stated. These consolidated financial statements have been approved for issue by the Board of Directors (the “Board”) of the Company on 30 March 2016.

2. BASIS OF PREPARATION

2.1 Basis of preparation and going concern assumption

As at 31 December 2015, the Group’s current liabilities exceeded its current assets by RMB378,651,000 (2014: RMB673,585,000) and the bank borrowings as included in the Group’s current liabilities amounted to RMB1,161,253,000 (2014: RMB1,429,650,000) respectively. These conditions indicate the existence of a material uncertainty that may cast significant doubt on the Group’s ability to continue as a going concern and therefore, the Group may not be able to realise its assets and discharge its liabilities in the normal course of business.

The Company’s directors are of the opinion that the Group will be able to finance its future financing requirements and working capital based on the following considerations:

- (a) The Group has maintained its good business relationship with its principal bankers and the principal bankers have indicated their willingness to renew their borrowings to the Group upon maturities of borrowings. The Company’s directors, having evaluating all the relevant facts available to them, believe that formal and binding facility letters will be entered into with the respective principal bankers upon the original maturity dates of the related borrowings;
- (b) The Group’s profitability and cash flows are expected to be improved in view of the improving business environment of the business operations; and
- (c) The ultimate parent company, JCF Groupco, a state-owned enterprise, has confirmed and has ability to provide continuing financial support to the Group so as to enable it to meet its liabilities as and when they fall due and to carry on its business for the foreseeable future.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2015

2. BASIS OF PREPARATION – *continued*

2.1 Basis of preparation and going concern assumption – *continued*

In view of the above, the Company's directors are of the view that there will be sufficient financial resources available to the Group to enable it to meet its liabilities as and when they fall due and to continue as a going concern. Accordingly, the Company's directors have prepared the consolidated financial statements on a going concern basis.

Should the Group be unable to continue as a going concern, adjustments would have to be made to restate the values of assets to their estimated recoverable amounts, to provide for any further liabilities which might arise and to re-classify non-current assets and liabilities as current assets and liabilities, respectively. The effects of these adjustments have not been reflected in these consolidated financial statements.

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards ("HKFRSs") which collective term includes all applicable individual Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards, Hong Kong Accounting Standards ("HKASs") and Interpretations issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants ("HKICPA") and accounting principles generally accepted in Hong Kong. These financial statements also comply with the applicable disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance and the applicable disclosure provisions of the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on the Stock Exchange ("Listing Rules").

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, except for derivative financial instrument being categorised as financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss (Note 21).

The preparation of consolidated financial statements in conformity with HKFRS requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise its judgement in the process of applying the Group's accounting policies. The areas involving a higher degree of judgement or complexity, or areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to the consolidated financial statements are disclosed in note 5.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2015

2. BASIS OF PREPARATION – *continued*

2.2 Adoption of new/revised HKFRSs – effective on 1 January 2015

The Group has adopted the following new and revised HKFRSs and one new interpretation issued by the HKICPA, which are mandatory for the first time for the financial year beginning 1 January 2015:

Amendments to HKAS 19 (2011)	Defined Benefit Plans: Employee Contributions
Amendments to HKFRSs	Annual Improvements to HKFRSs 2010-2012 Cycle
Amendments to HKFRSs	Annual Improvements to HKFRSs 2011-2013 Cycle

The Group has not applied any new standard or interpretation that is not yet effective for the current accounting period. The adoption of the abovementioned amendments did not result in any substantial changes to the Group's significant accounting policies and presentation of the consolidated financial statements.

In addition, the Group has adopted the amendments to the Listing Rule issued by the Stock Exchange relating to the disclosure of financial information with reference to the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance (Cap. 622) during the current financial year. The main impact to the consolidated financial statements is on preparation and disclosure of certain information in the consolidated financial statements.

2.3 New/revised HKFRSs that have been issued but are not yet effective

The Group has not early applied the following new and revised HKFRSs that have been issued but are not yet effective.

HKFRS 9	Financial Instruments ¹
HKFRS 14	Regulatory Deferral Accounts ²
HKFRS 15	Revenue from Contracts with Customers ¹
Amendments to HKAS 1	Disclosure Initiative ³
Amendments to HKAS 16 and HKAS 38	Clarification of Acceptable Methods of Depreciation and Amortisation ³
Amendments to HKAS 16 and HKAS 41	Agriculture: Bearer Plants ³
Amendments to HKAS 27 (2011)	Equity Method in Separate Financial Statements ³
Amendments to HKFRS 10 and HKAS 28	Sale or Contribution of Assets between an Investor and its Associate or Joint Venture ⁴
Amendments to HKFRS 10, HKFRS 12 and HKAS 28 (2011)	Investment Entities: Applying the Consolidation Exception ³
Amendments to HKFRS 11	Accounting for Acquisitions of Interests in Joint Operations ³
Amendments to HKFRSs	Annual Improvements to HKFRSs 2012–2014 Cycle ³

¹ Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2018

² Effective for first annual HKFRS financial statements beginning on or after 1 January 2016 and therefore is not applicable to the Group

³ Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2016

⁴ On 6 January 2016, the HKICPA issued "Effective Date of Amendments to HKFRS 10 and HKAS 28", following the International Accounting Standards Board's equivalent amendments. This update defers/removes the effective date of the amendments in "Sale or Contribution of Assets between an Investor and its Associate or Joint Venture" that the HKICPA issued on 7 October 2014. Early application of these amendments continues to be permitted.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2015

2. BASIS OF PREPARATION – *continued*

2.3 New/revised HKFRSs that have been issued but are not yet effective – *continued*

Further information about those HKFRSs that are expected to be applicable to the Group is as follows:

In September 2014, the HKICPA issued the final version of HKFRS 9, bringing together the classification and measurement, impairment and hedge accounting phases of the financial instruments project to replace HKAS 39 and all previous versions of HKFRS 9. The standard introduces new requirements for classification and measurement, impairment and hedge accounting. The Group expects to adopt HKFRS 9 from 1 January 2018. The Group expects that the adoption of HKFRS 9 will have an impact on the classification and measurement of the Group's financial assets. Further information about the impact will be available nearer the implementation date of the standard.

The amendments to HKFRS 10 and HKAS 28 (2011) address an inconsistency between the requirements in HKFRS 10 and in HKAS 28 (2011) in dealing with the sale or contribution of assets between an investor and its associate or joint venture. The amendments require a full recognition of a gain or loss when the sale or contribution of assets between an investor and its associate or joint venture constitutes a business. For a transaction involving assets that do not constitute a business, a gain or loss resulting from the transaction is recognised in the investor's profit or loss only to the extent of the unrelated investor's interest in that associate or joint venture. The amendments are to be applied prospectively. The Group expects to adopt the amendments from 1 January 2016.

HKFRS 15 establishes a new five-step model that will apply to revenue arising from contracts with customers. Under HKFRS 15, revenue is recognised at an amount that reflects the consideration to which an entity expects to be entitled in exchange for transferring goods or services to a customer. The principles in HKFRS 15 provide a more structured approach for measuring and recognising revenue. The standard also introduces extensive qualitative and quantitative disclosure requirements, including disaggregation of total revenue, information about performance obligations; changes in contract asset and liability account balances between periods and key judgements and estimates. The standard will supersede all current revenue recognition requirements under HKFRSs. The Group expects to adopt HKFRS 15 on 1 January 2018. The Group is currently assessing the impact of HKFRS 15 upon adoption.

Amendments to HKAS 16 and HKAS 38 clarify the principle in HKAS 16 and HKAS 38 that revenue reflects a pattern of economic benefits that are generated from operating business (of which the asset is part) rather than the economic benefits that are consumed through the use of the asset. As a result, a revenue-based method cannot be used to depreciate property, plant and equipment and may only be used in very limited circumstances to amortise intangible assets. The amendments are effective prospectively for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2016, with early adoption permitted. The amendments are not expected to have any impact on the financial position or performance of the Group upon adoption on 1 January 2016 as the Group has not used a revenue-based method for the calculation of depreciation of its non-current assets.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2015

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The significant accounting policies applied in the preparation of these consolidated financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

3.1 Group accounting

The Group is currently comprises of the Company and its subsidiary. The Group also has an investment in a joint venture.

Subsidiary is fully consolidated from the date on which control is transferred to the Group and is de-consolidated from the date that control cease. When the Group loses control of a subsidiary, it is accounted for as a disposal of the entire interest in that subsidiary, with a resulting gain or loss being recognised in profit or loss. Any interest retained in that former subsidiary at the date when control is lost is recognised at fair value and this amount is regarded as the fair value on initial recognition of a financial asset (see note 3.8) or, when appropriate, the cost on initial recognition of an investment in an associate or joint venture (see note 3.1(b)). Inter-company transactions, balances and unrealised gains/losses on transactions between group companies are eliminated.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2015

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – *continued*

3.1 Group accounting – *continued*

Investment in the joint venture is accounted for using the equity method of accounting and is initially recognised at cost. The consolidated statement of comprehensive income includes the Group's share of the results of the joint venture for the year and the consolidated statement of financial position includes the Group's share of net assets of the joint venture. Unrealised gains on transactions between the Group and its joint venture are eliminated to the extent of the Group's interest in the joint venture. Unrealised losses are also eliminated unless the transaction provides evidence of an impairment of the assets transferred.

(a) *Subsidiary*

A subsidiary is an investee over which the Company is able to exercise control. The Company controls an investee if all three of the following elements are present: power over the investee, exposure, or rights, to variable returns from the investee, and the ability to use its power to affect those variable returns. Control is reassessed whenever facts and circumstances indicate that there may be a change in any of these elements of control.

In the Company's statement of financial position, investment in subsidiary is stated at cost less impairment loss, if any. The result of subsidiary is accounted for by the Company on the basis of dividend received and receivable.

(b) *Joint arrangements*

A joint venture is a type of joint arrangement whereby the parties that have joint control of the arrangement have rights to the net assets of the joint venture. Joint control is the contractually agreed sharing of control of an arrangement, which exists only when decisions about the relevant activities require the unanimous consent of the parties sharing control.

In assessing the classification of interests in joint arrangement, the Group considers:

- The structure of the joint arrangement;
- The legal form of joint arrangements structured through a separate vehicle;
- The contractual terms of the joint arrangement agreement; and
- Any other facts and circumstances (including any other contractual arrangements).

In the Company's statement of financial position, the investment in the joint venture is stated at cost less provision for impairment losses (if any). The result of the joint venture is accounted by the Company on the basis of dividend received and receivable.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2015

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – *continued*

3.2 Segment reporting

Operating segments are reported in a manner consistent with the internal reporting provided to the chief operating decision-makers. The chief operating decision-makers have been identified as the three executive directors of the Company who are responsible for allocating resources, assessing performance of operating segments and making strategic decisions.

3.3 Foreign currency translation

(a) *Functional and presentation currency*

Items included in the financial statements of each of the Group's entities are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates (the "functional currency"). The consolidated financial statements are presented in RMB which is the Company's functional and the Group's presentation currency. RMB is also the functional currency of the subsidiary and the joint venture of the Company.

(b) *Transactions and balances*

Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using the exchange rates prevailing at the dates of the transactions. Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions and from the translation at year-end exchange rates of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are recognised in profit or loss.

Foreign exchange gains and losses that relate to borrowings and cash and cash equivalents are presented in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income within 'finance income and costs'. All other foreign exchange gains and losses are presented in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income within 'other income and gains' and 'other expenses and losses'.

3.4 Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment are stated at historical cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses (if any). Historical cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to the acquisition of the items. Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognised as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Group and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. The carrying amount of the replaced part is derecognised. All other repairs and maintenance are charged to profit or loss during the financial period in which they are incurred.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2015

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – *continued*

3.4 Property, plant and equipment – *continued*

Depreciation on property, plant and equipment is calculated using the straight-line method to allocate their costs to their residual values over their estimated useful lives, as follows:

Buildings	10 - 22 years
Machinery and equipment	12 - 16 years
Electronic and office equipment	5 years
Motor vehicles	5 years

Construction in progress represents buildings, plant and machinery under construction and pending installation and is stated at cost. No depreciation is provided for construction in progress during the construction and installation stage. When the related construction and installation works completed and the relevant assets are brought into their intended use, construction in progress will then be transferred to the relevant categories of property, plant and equipment and depreciated in accordance with the policy as stated above.

The assets' residual values and useful lives are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at the end of each reporting period. An asset's carrying amount is written down immediately to its recoverable amount if the asset's carrying amount is greater than its estimated recoverable amount (Note 3.7).

Gains and losses on disposals are determined by comparing the proceeds with the carrying amount and are recognised in profit or loss and presented in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income within 'other income and gains' and 'other expenses and losses'.

3.5 Land use rights

All the land in the PRC is state-owned and no individual land ownership right exists. The Group leased several pieces of land and the related prepaid operating lease payments are recognised as land use rights. Land use rights are stated at the prepaid operating lease payments less accumulated amortisation and impairment losses (if any). Amortisation is calculated using the straight-line method to allocate the prepaid operating lease payments for land over the remaining lease terms.

3.6 Intangible assets – Accounting software

Accounting software is stated at historical cost and amortised using the straight-line method over its estimated useful life of 10 years. Carrying value of accounting software is stated at cost less accumulated amortisation and impairment losses (if any).

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2015

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – *continued*

3.7 Impairment of non-financial assets

Assets that have an indefinite useful life are not subject to depreciation or amortisation and are tested annually for impairment. Assets that are subject to depreciation or amortisation are reviewed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable. An impairment loss is recognised for the amount by which the asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less costs to sell and value in use. For the purposes of assessing impairment, assets are grouped at the lowest levels for which there are separately identifiable cash flows (cash-generating units). Non-financial assets that suffered from impairment are reviewed for possible reversal of the impairment at each reporting date.

3.8 Financial assets

The Group classifies its financial assets in the following categories: financial assets 'at fair value through profit or loss', 'held-to-maturity' investments, 'available-for-sale' financial assets and 'loans and receivables'. The classification depends on the purpose for which the financial assets were acquired. Management determines the classification of its financial assets at initial recognition.

Regular way purchases and sales of financial assets are recognised on the trade-date – the date on which the Group commits to purchase or sell the asset. Investments are initially recognised at fair value plus transaction costs for all financial assets not carried at fair value through profit or loss. Financial assets carried at fair value through profit or loss are initially recognised at fair value, and transaction costs are expensed in the profit or loss. Financial assets are derecognised when the rights to receive cash flows from the investments have expired or have been transferred and the Group has transferred substantially all risks and rewards of ownership.

Loans and receivables are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market. They are included in current assets, except for maturities greater than 12 months after the end of the reporting period which will then be classified as non-current assets. The Group's loans and receivables comprise 'trade and other receivables', 'restricted bank deposits' and 'cash and cash equivalents'. Loans and receivables are initially recognised at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

3.9 Derivative financial instruments

Derivatives are initially recognised at fair value on the date a derivative contract is entered into and are subsequently re-measured at their fair value. The method of recognising the resulting gain or loss depends on whether the derivative is designed as a hedging instrument, and if so, the nature of the item being hedged. As mentioned note 3.8 above, the Group has entered into an interest rate swap contract which has been classified as financial liability at fair value through profit or loss and the management considers that this derivative financial instrument do not qualify for hedge accounting. Changes in the fair value of this derivative financial instrument is recognised immediately in profit or loss and presented in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income within 'other income and gains' and 'other expenses and losses'.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2015

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – *continued*

3.10 Fair value measurement

The Group measures its derivative financial instruments at fair value at the end of each reporting period. Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The fair value measurement is based on the presumption that the transaction to sell the asset or transfer the liability takes place either in the principal market for the asset or liability, or in the absence of a principal market, in the most advantageous market for the asset or liability. The principal or the most advantageous market must be accessible by the Group. The fair value of an asset or a liability is measured using the assumptions that market participants would use when pricing the asset or liability, assuming that market participants act in their economic best interest.

A fair value measurement of a non-financial asset takes into account a market participant's ability to generate economic benefits by using the asset in its highest and best use or by selling it to another market participant that would use the asset in its highest and best use.

The Group uses valuation techniques that are appropriate in the circumstances and for which sufficient data are available to measure fair value, maximising the use of relevant observable inputs and minimising the use of unobservable inputs.

All assets and liabilities for which fair value is measured or disclosed in the financial statements are categorised within the fair value hierarchy, described as follows, based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole:

Level 1 – based on quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities

Level 2 – based on valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is observable, either directly or indirectly

Level 3 – based on valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is unobservable

For assets and liabilities that are recognised in the financial statements on a recurring basis, the Group determines whether transfers have occurred between levels in the hierarchy by reassessing categorisation (based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole) at the end of each reporting period.

3.11 Offsetting financial instruments

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount reported in the statement of financial position when there is a legally enforceable right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2015

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – *continued*

3.12 Impairment of financial assets carried at amortised costs

The Group assesses at the end of each reporting period whether there is objective evidence that a financial asset or group of financial assets is impaired. A financial asset or a group of financial assets is impaired and impairment losses are incurred only if there is objective evidence of impairment as a result of one or more events that occurred after the initial recognition of the asset (a 'loss event') and that loss event (or events) has an impact on the estimated future cash flows of the financial asset or group of financial assets that can be reliably estimated.

Evidence of impairment may include indications that the debtors or a group of debtors is experiencing significant financial difficulty, default or delinquency in interest or principal payments, the probability that they will enter bankruptcy or other financial reorganisation, and where observable data indicate that there is a measurable decrease in the estimated future cash flows, such as changes in arrears or economic conditions that correlate with defaults.

For loans and receivables category, the amount of the loss is measured as the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows (excluding future credit losses that have not been incurred) discounted at the financial asset's original effective interest rate. The carrying amount of the asset is reduced and the amount of the loss is recognised in profit or loss. The Group first assesses whether objective evidence of impairment exists.

If, in a subsequent period, the amount of the impairment loss decreases and the decrease can be related objectively to an event occurring after the impairment was recognised (such as an improvement in the debtor's credit rating), the reversal of the previously recognised impairment loss is recognised in profit or loss.

3.13 Financial liabilities

The Group classifies its financial liabilities, depending on the purpose for which the liabilities were incurred. Financial liabilities include trade and other payable and borrowings; they are initially measured at fair value, net of directly attributable costs incurred. Subsequent to initial recognition, financial liabilities are measured at amortised cost, using the effective interest method. The related interest expense is recognised in profit or loss.

Gains or losses are recognised in profit or loss when the liabilities are derecognised as well as through the amortisation process.

3.14 Derecognition of financial assets and liabilities

The Group derecognises a financial asset when the contractual rights to the future cash flows in relation to the financial asset expire or when the financial asset has been transferred and the transfer meets the criteria for derecognition in accordance with HKAS 39.

Financial liabilities are derecognised when the obligation specified in the relevant contract is discharged, cancelled or expires.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2015

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – *continued*

3.15 Inventories

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost is determined using the weighted average method. The cost of finished goods and work in progress comprises raw materials, direct labour, other direct costs and related production overheads but excludes borrowing costs. Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less applicable variable selling expenses.

3.16 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents includes cash in hand, deposits held at call with banks, other short-term highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less, and bank overdrafts (if any).

3.17 Leases

Leases in which a significant portion of the risks and rewards of ownership of the leased assets are retained by the lessor are classified as operating leases.

(a) *Leases – where the Group as the lessee*

Payments made under operating leases (net of any incentives received from the lessor) are charged to profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the period of the lease.

(b) *Leases – where the Group as the lessor*

When the Group leases out assets under operating leases, the assets are included in the statement of financial position according to their nature and where applicable, are depreciated in accordance with the Group's depreciation policies, as set out in note 3.4 above. Rental income arising from assets leased out under operating leases is recognised in accordance with the Group's revenue recognition policy as set out in note 3.25 below.

3.18 Share capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Incremental costs directly attributable to the issue of new shares are shown in equity as a deduction, net of tax, from the proceeds.

3.19 Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the Group has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of past events; it is probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation; and the amount has been reliably estimated. Provisions are not recognised for future operating losses. Where there are a number of similar obligations, the likelihood that an outflow will be required in settlement is determined by considering the class of obligations as a whole. A provision is recognised even if the likelihood of an outflow with respect to any one item included in the same class of obligations may be small.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2015

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – *continued*

3.20 Trade payables

Trade payables are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Trade payable are classified as current liabilities if payment is due within one year or less (or in the normal operating cycle of the business if longer). If not, they are presented as non-current liabilities.

Trade payables are recognised initially at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

3.21 Borrowings

Borrowings are recognised initially at fair value, net of transaction costs incurred. Borrowings are subsequently stated at amortised cost; any difference between the proceeds (net of transaction costs) and the redemption value is recognised in profit or loss over the period of the borrowings using the effective interest method.

Fees paid on the establishment of loan facilities are recognised as transaction costs of the loan to the extent that it is probable that some or all of the facility will be drawn down. In this case, the fee is deferred until the draw-down occurs.

Borrowings are classified as current liabilities unless the Group has an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least 12 months after the end of the reporting period.

3.22 Borrowing costs

General and specific borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of qualifying assets, which are assets that necessarily take a substantial period of time to get ready for their intended use or sale, are added to the cost of those assets, until such time as the assets are substantially ready for their intended use or sale.

Investment income earned on the temporary investment of specific borrowings pending their expenditure on qualifying assets is deducted from the borrowing costs eligible for capitalisation.

All other borrowing costs are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they are incurred.

3.23 Current and deferred income tax

Income tax expense for the period comprises current and deferred tax. Income tax is recognised in profit or loss, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity. In this case the income tax is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, respectively.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2015

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – *continued*

3.23 Current and deferred income tax – *continued*

Current income tax is calculated on the basis of the tax laws enacted or substantively enacted at the end of the reporting period in the countries where the Group operate and generate taxable income. Management periodically evaluates positions taken in tax returns with respect to situations in which applicable tax regulation is subject to interpretation. It establishes provisions where appropriate on the basis of amounts expected to be paid to the tax authorities.

Deferred income tax is recognised, using the liability method, on temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the financial statements. However, deferred tax liabilities are not recognised if they arise from the initial recognition of goodwill, the deferred income tax is not accounted for if it arises from initial recognition of an asset or liability in a transaction other than a business combination that at the time of the transaction affects neither accounting nor taxable profit or loss. Deferred income tax is determined using tax rates (and laws) that have been enacted or substantially enacted at the end of the reporting period and are expected to apply when the related deferred income tax asset is realised or the deferred income tax liability is settled.

Deferred income tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the temporary differences can be utilised.

Deferred income tax is provided on temporary differences arising on investments in the subsidiary and the joint venture, except where the timing of the reversal of the temporary difference is controlled by the Group and it is probable that the temporary difference will not reverse in the foreseeable future. Deferred income tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to offset current income tax assets against current income tax liabilities and when the deferred income tax assets and liabilities relate to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority on either the taxable entity or different taxable entities where there is an intention to settle the balances on a net basis.

3.24 Employee benefits

(a) *Retirement benefits costs*

The Group contributes on a monthly basis to various defined contribution retirement benefit plans organised by relevant municipal and provincial governments in the PRC. The municipal and provincial governments undertake to assume the retirement benefit obligations payable to all existing and future retired employees under these plans and the Group has no further obligation for post-retirement benefits beyond the contributions made. Contributions to these plans are expensed as incurred.

(b) *Bonus plans*

The Group recognises a liability and an expense for bonuses, based on a formula that takes into consideration the profit attributable to the Company's shareholders after certain adjustments. The Group recognises a provision where contractually obliged or where there is a past practice that has created a constructive obligation.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2015

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – *continued*

3.25 Recognition of revenue and income

Revenue is measured at the fair values of the considerations received or receivable for the sales of goods and services in the ordinary course of the Group's activities. Revenue is shown net of value-added tax, returns, rebates and discounts and after eliminating sales within the Group.

The Group recognises revenue and income when the amount of revenue and income can be reliably measured, when it is probable that future economic benefits will flow to the entity and when specific criteria have been met for the Group's activities as described below. The amounts of revenue and income are not considered to be reliably measureable until all contingences associated with the sales and income has been resolved.

(a) *Sales of goods*

Sales of goods are recognised when the Group has delivered products to the customers; the customers have accepted the products and the related risks and rewards of ownership; and collectability of the related receivables is reasonably assured. Revenue excludes value added tax or other sales taxes and is after deduction of any trade discounts, if any.

(b) *Operating lease rental income*

Rental income from operating lease is recognised on a straight-line basis over the terms of leases.

(c) *Income from provision of utilities*

Income from provision of utilities is recognised when the related utilities are provided to the customers or users.

(d) *Interest income*

Interest income is recognised on a time-proportion basis using the effective interest method.

3.26 Government grants

Grants from government are recognised at their fair value when there is a reasonable assurance that the grants will be received and the Group complies with the attached conditions.

Government grants relating to costs are deferred and recognised in profit or loss over the period necessary to match with the costs that the grants are intended to compensate.

Government grants relating to the purchase of property, plant and equipment are included in liabilities as deferred income and are credited to profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful lives of the related assets.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2015

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – *continued*

3.27 Contingent liabilities

A contingent liability is a possible obligation that arises from past events and whose existence will only be confirmed by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events not wholly within the control of the Group. It can also be a present obligation arising from past events that is not recognised because it is not probable that outflow of economic resources will be required or the amount of obligation cannot be measured reliably.

Contingent liabilities are not recognised but are disclosed in the notes to the consolidated financial statements. When a change in the probability of an outflow occurs so that outflow is probable, it will then be recognised as a provision.

4. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

4.1 Financial risk factors

The Group's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks: market risk (including foreign exchange risk and interest rate risk), credit risk and liquidity risk. Management manages and monitors these exposures to ensure appropriate measures are implemented on a timely and effective manner. The Group's overall risk management programme focuses on the unpredictability of financial markets and seeks to minimise potential adverse effects on the Group's financial performance.

(a) *Market risk*

Foreign exchange risk

The Group mainly operates in the PRC with most of the transactions settle in RMB, only with approximately 14.4% (2014: 11.6%) of the Group's revenue was denominated in United State dollars ("US dollar").

The conversion of RMB into foreign currencies is subject to the rules and regulation of the foreign exchange control promulgated by the PRC government.

Management considers that the foreign exchange risk associated with the Group's financial assets and liabilities will not be significant. Management considers that the possible depreciation of RMB in future periods may have a favourable implication on the Group's sales and costs of production but the potential impacts cannot be quantified.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2015

4. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT – *continued*

4.1 Financial risk factors – *continued*

(a) *Market risk – continued*

Interest rate risk

As the Group has no significant interest bearing assets (other than cash and cash equivalents and restricted bank deposits), the Group's income and operating cash flows are substantially independent of changes in market interest rates. The Group's interest rate risk primarily arises from bank borrowings.

Borrowings obtained at variable rates expose the Group to cash flow interest rate risk. Borrowings obtained at fixed rates expose the Group to fair value interest rate risk. In general, the Group raises long-term borrowings at floating rates as well as fixed rates, based upon the capital market conditions and the Group's internal requirements. As at 31 December 2015, the Group's fixed rates borrowings and floating rates borrowings amounted to RMB492,710,000 (2014: RMB384,849,000) and RMB783,697,000 (2014: RMB1,352,498,000) respectively.

With all other variables held constant, the Group's finance costs on the floating rates borrowings will increase/decrease by approximately RMB3,918,000 (2014: RMB3,088,000) if the interest rate is 50 basis points higher/lower.

(b) *Credit risk*

The Group's credit risks are primarily attributable to trade and other receivables (including bills receivables) and deposits with banks and financial institutions. The Group's maximum exposure to credit risk is the unimpaired carrying amounts of respective financial assets as mentioned above. Management has credit policy in place and the exposures to these credit risks are monitored on an ongoing basis.

In respect of trade receivables, the Group limits its exposure to credit risk by performing credit reviews and monitoring the financial strength of its major customers. Customers are assessed and rated based on their credit quality, taking into account its financial position, past repayment history and other factors. Individual credit limits are set by the management and utilisation of these credit limits is regularly monitored.

Generally, trade receivables are due within 30 days from the date of billing.

Except for the financial guarantee given by the Group as set out in Note 34(e), the Group does not provide any other guarantees which would expose the Group to credit risk.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2015

4. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT – *continued*

4.1 Financial risk factors – *continued*

(b) Credit risk – *continued*

As at 31 December 2015, the Group has certain concentration of credit risk because approximately 73% (2014: 71%) of the total trade receivables (gross amount before any impairment provision) was due from five of the Group's debtors (the "Top Five Debtors"). The aging analysis of the balances due from the Top Five Debtors are as below:

	2015 RMB' 000	2014 RMB' 000
Receivables from the Top Five Debtors:		
Within 30 days	27,647	34,211
31 - 90 days	39,038	30,375
91 - 365 days	4,006	4,784
Over 365 days	4,363	9,899
	<u>75,054</u>	<u>79,269</u>

As at 31 December 2015, no provision for receivable has been made against the Top Five Debtors and the management does not expect any significant losses from the non-performance by the abovementioned counterparties.

For deposits with banks and financial institutions, the Group has limited its credit exposure by restricting their selection of banks and financial institutions on those reputable commercial banks or state-owned banks.

Transfer of financial assets

Transferred financial assets that are not derecognised in their entirety

- (i) At 31 December 2014, the Group discounted certain commercial and bankers' acceptance in the Mainland China (the "Endorsed Bills") with a carrying amount of RMB172,256,000 to certain banks in Mainland China (the "Discounting"). In the opinion of the directors of the Company, the Group retained the substantial risks and rewards, which included default risks relating to such Endorsed Bills, and accordingly, it continued to recognise the full carrying amounts of the Endorsed Bills and the associated borrowings. Subsequent to the Discounting, the Group did not retain any rights on the use of the Endorsed Bills, including the sale, transfer or pledge of the Endorsed Bills to any other third parties. The aggregate carrying amount of the borrowings secured by the Endorsed Bills during the year to which the bank had recourse was RMB160,149,000 as at 31 December 2014. As 31 December 2015, the Group did not have Discounting of these Endorsed Bills.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2015

4. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT – *continued*

4.1 Financial risk factors – *continued*

(b) Credit risk – *continued*

Transfer of financial assets – *continued*

Transferred financial assets that are not derecognised in their entirety – continued

- (ii) As part of its normal business, the Group entered into a letter of credit factoring arrangement (the “Arrangement”) and transferred certain trade receivables to a bank. Under the Arrangement, the Group may be required to reimburse the bank for loss of interest and principal if any trade debtors have late or default payment upon maturity. Subsequent to the transfer, the Group did not retain any rights on the use of the letter of credit, including the sale, transfer or pledge of the trade receivables to any other third parties. The original carrying value of the letter of credit transferred under the Arrangement that have not been settled as at 31 December 2015 amounted to RMB45,900,000 (2014: RMB75,741,000). The carrying amount of the assets that the Group continued to recognise as at 31 December 2015 amounted to RMB45,900,000 (2014: RMB75,741,000) and that of the associated borrowings as at 31 December 2015 amounted to RMB44,840,000 (2014: RMB54,700,000).

Transferred financial assets that are derecognised in their entirety

At 31 December 2015, the Group discounted certain bankers’ acceptances to banks in the Mainland China (the “Derecognised Bills”) with a carrying amount of RMB120,040,000 (2014: RMB52,871,000). The Derecognised Bills had a maturity of one to six months at the end of the reporting period. In accordance with the Law of Negotiable Instruments in the PRC, the holders of the Derecognised Bills have a right of recourse against the Group if the PRC banks default (the “Continuing Involvement”). In the opinion of the directors, the Group has transferred substantially all risks and rewards relating to the Derecognised Bills. Accordingly, the Group has derecognised the full carrying amounts of the Derecognised Bills and the associated borrowings. The maximum exposure to loss from the Group’s Continuing Involvement in the Derecognised Bills and the undiscounted cash flows to repurchase these Derecognised Bills equal to their carrying amounts. In the opinion of the directors of the Company, the fair values of the Group’s Continuing Involvement in the Derecognised Bills are not significant.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2015

4. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT – *continued*

4.1 Financial risk factors – *continued*

(b) Credit risk – *continued*

Transfer of financial assets – *continued*

Transferred financial assets that are derecognised in their entirety – continued

At 31 December 2015, the Group, endorsed certain bankers' acceptance in the Mainland China (the "Endorsed Derecognised Bills") to certain of its suppliers in order to settle the trade payables due to such suppliers with a carrying amount in aggregate of RMB248,731,000 (2014: RMB172,256,000). The Endorsed Derecognised Bills had a maturity of one to six months at the end of the reporting period. In accordance with the Law of Negotiable Instruments in the PRC, the holders of the Endorsed Derecognised Bills have a right of recourse against the Group if the PRC banks default (the "Continuing Endorsement Involvement"). In the opinion of the directors of the Company, the Group has transferred substantially all risks and rewards relating to the Endorsed Derecognised Bills. Accordingly, it has derecognised the full carrying amounts of the Endorsed Derecognised Bills and the associated trade payables. The maximum exposure to loss from the Group's Continuing Endorsement Involvement in Endorsed Derecognised Bills and the undiscounted cash flows to repurchase these Endorsed Derecognised Bills equal to their carrying amounts. In the opinion of the directors of the Company, the fair values of the Group's Continuing Involvement in the Endorsed Derecognised Bills are not significant.

During the year ended 31 December 2015, the Group did not recognise any gain or loss on the date of transfer of the Derecognised Bills. No gains or losses were recognised from the Continuing Involvement, both during the year or cumulatively. The endorsement was made evenly throughout the year.

At the end of the reporting period, the Group did not provide any financial guarantees to any parties which would expose the Group to credit risk.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2015

4. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT – *continued*

4.1 Financial risk factors – *continued*

(c) *Liquidity risk*

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Group is unable to meet its liabilities and obligations when they fall due. Prudent liquidity risk management implies maintaining sufficient cash and the ability to close out market positions.

Management monitors regularly rolling cash flow forecasts of the Group's liquidity requirements to ensure it has sufficient cash to meet operational needs while maintaining sufficient headroom on its undrawn committed borrowing facilities or funding from the ultimate parent company at all times. Such forecasting takes into consideration the Group's debt financing plans and compliance with internal ratio targets.

Management also monitors regularly the surplus cash held by the operating entities over and above balance required for working capital management and the Group will invest surplus cash in interest bearing current accounts or deposits, choosing instruments with appropriate maturities or sufficient liquidity, to provide sufficient head-room as determined by the abovementioned forecasts. At 31 December 2015, the Group has interest bearing bank balances of RMB67,598,000 (2014: RMB57,806,000) that are expected to be readily for use in managing liquidity risk.

The table below analyses the Group's non-derivative financial liabilities (with contractual obligations) and net-settled derivative financial liability into relevant maturity groupings based on the remaining period at the end of the reporting period to the contractual maturity date. Derivative financial liability is included in the analysis as its contractual maturity is essential for an understanding of the timing of the expected cash flows. The amounts disclosed in the table are the contractual undiscounted cash flows (including the estimated interest expenses on the related borrowings up to their maturities).

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2015

4. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT – *continued*

4.1 Financial risk factors – *continued*

(c) *Liquidity risk – continued*

	On demand or less than 1 year RMB' 000	Between 1 and 2 years RMB' 000	Between 2 and 5 years RMB' 000	Over 5 years RMB' 000	Total RMB' 000
At 31 December 2015					
Long-term bank borrowings	114,786	61,144	74,562	14,892	265,384
Short-term bank borrowings	1,115,073	—	—	—	1,115,073
Financial liabilities as included in trade and other payables	276,301	—	—	—	276,301
	<u>1,506,160</u>	<u>61,144</u>	<u>74,562</u>	<u>14,892</u>	<u>1,656,758</u>
	On demand or less than 1 year RMB' 000	Between 1 and 2 years RMB' 000	Between 2 and 5 years RMB' 000	Over 5 years RMB' 000	Total RMB' 000
At 31 December 2014					
Long-term bank borrowings	114,863	116,351	153,207	51,948	436,369
Short-term bank borrowings	1,354,864	—	—	—	1,354,864
Financial liabilities as included in trade and other payables	369,349	—	—	—	369,349
Net settled derivative financial instrument	4,992	—	—	—	4,992
	<u>1,844,068</u>	<u>116,351</u>	<u>153,207</u>	<u>51,948</u>	<u>2,165,574</u>

Although the Group has a considerable amount of financial liabilities to be settled or refinanced within the next twelve months from the end of the reporting period, the Company's directors are of the view that the Group can manage the associated liquidity risks in view of the situations as described in note 2.1 to the consolidated financial statements.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2015

4. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT – *continued*

4.2 Capital risk management

The Group's objectives when managing capital are to safeguard the Group's ability to continue as a going concern in order to provide returns for shareholders and benefits for other stakeholders and to maintain an optimal capital structure to reduce the cost of capital.

In order to maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Group may adjust the amount of dividends to equity holders, issue new shares or sell assets to reduce debt.

The Group monitors capital on the basis of the debt-to-total capital ratio. This ratio is calculated as net debt divided by total capital. Net debt is calculated as total borrowings less cash and cash equivalents. Total capital is calculated as the total equity as shown in the consolidated statement of financial position, plus net debt.

The Group aims to maintain a manageable debt-to-total capital ratio of not exceeding 70% (2014: 72%). The debt-to-total capital ratios at 31 December 2015 and 2014 were as follows:

	2015 RMB' 000	2014 RMB' 000
Total borrowings (Note 17)	1,276,407	1,737,347
Less: Cash and cash equivalents (Note 14)	(67,620)	(57,814)
Net debt	1,208,787	1,679,533
Total equity	793,978	661,798
Total capital	2,002,765	2,341,331
Debt-to-total capital ratio	60%	72%

The decrease in the debt-to-total capital ratio in current year is primarily resulted from profit for the year, which leads to increase in the Group's total equity.

4.3 Fair value estimation

Except for the interest rate swap contract as mentioned in note 21, the Group does not have any financial assets/liabilities which are required to be measured in the statement of financial position at fair value as of the reporting date. This interest rate swap contract was categorised to the level 2 of the fair value measurement hierarchy as set out in the HKFRS 13 "Fair Value Measurement" because its fair value can be determined by the use of valuation techniques which maximise the use of non-entity specific market data which is observable. The fair value of the interest rate swap contract is calculated at the present value of the estimated future cash flows based on observable interest rate.

At 31 December 2014, the financial liabilities that were classified as Level 2 investments under HKFRS 13 amounted to RMB4,992,000. The impact of the fair value change of such investments on the Group's profit or loss is disclosed in notes 22 and 23. During the year ended 31 December 2014, there were no transfers of fair value measurements between Level 1 and Level 2 and no transfers into or out of Level 3 for both financial assets and financial liabilities. The carrying value less impairment provision of receivable and payable balances were assumed to approximate their fair values.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2015

5. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND JUDGEMENTS

Estimates and judgements are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

Critical accounting estimates and assumptions

The Group makes estimates and assumptions concerning the future. The resulting accounting estimates will, by definition, seldom equal the related actual results. The estimates and assumptions that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year are addressed below.

(a) *Going concern consideration*

The assessment of going concern assumption involves making a judgement by the Company's directors, at a particular point of time, about the future outcome of events or conditions which are inherently uncertain. The Company's directors consider that the Group has the capability to continue as a going concern and the conditions which indicates the existence of a material uncertainty on the going concern assumption are set out in note 2.1.

(b) *Impairment of non-current key operating assets*

Land use rights and property, plant and equipment are the key operating assets for the Group's business operations (collectively the "Key Operating Assets"). Management tests whether the Key Operating Assets have suffered any impairment in accordance with the accounting policy as stated in note 3.7. The management has assessed the recoverable amounts of the Key Operating Assets based on value-in-use calculations which require the use of estimates on the projections of cash inflows from the continual use of the Key Operating Assets and discount rate.

If the projected gross margin had been 5% lower than the management's estimates or the discount rate as applied in the impairment assessment was higher than management's existing estimates by 0.5 percentage point, the recoverable amounts of the Key Operating Assets will be reduced by approximately RMB72,706,000 (2014: RMB94,166,000) and RMB64,379,000 (2014: RMB81,954,000) respectively. Even the recoverable amounts of the Key Operating Assets are reduced by the abovementioned respective amounts, the adjusted recoverable amounts of those Key Operating Assets are still higher than their carrying amounts as of the end of reporting period.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2015

5. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND JUDGEMENTS – *continued*

Critical accounting estimates and assumptions – *continued*

(c) *Depreciation*

Property, plant and equipment are depreciated on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful lives of the assets, after taking into account their estimated residual values. The Group reviews the estimated useful lives of the assets regularly. The useful lives are based on the Group's historical experience with similar assets and taking into account anticipated technological changes. The depreciation expenses for future periods would be adjusted if there are significant changes from previous estimates.

(d) *Recoverability of deferred income tax assets*

Deferred income tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profit will be available against the recognised temporary differences (including tax losses). The assessment on the probability of whether the recognised deferred income tax assets can be fully recovered involves the use of judgement and estimates. As at 31 December 2015, the Group has recognised deferred income tax assets of RMB48,914,000 (2014: deferred income tax assets of RMB68,129,000) (Note 20). The Company's directors consider that the Group is capable to generate sufficient taxable profit from its future business operations for utilising the recognised temporary differences.

(e) *Impairment of receivables*

The Group makes provision for impairment of receivables based on an assessment of the recoverability of trade and other receivables. The identification of doubtful debts requires the use of judgement and estimates.

As at 31 December 2015, the Group has trade receivables which are past due but not impaired of RMB59,294,000 (2014: RMB39,815,000) (Note 13(b)) and trade receivables of RMB5,589,000 (2014: RMB5,984,000) which are being considered as doubtful debts and provided for (Note 13(c)).

As at 31 December 2015, the Group has overdue balance of RMB40,763,000 (2014: RMB66,377,000) due from a related company as set out in note 13(d). The related company will settle the overdue balance in accordance with the settlement plan as committed by the related company. Based on the progress of the subsequent settlement, the management does not expect a significant loss from the overdue balance.

Management considers that the provision for impairment of trade and other receivables of RMB22,296,000 as at 31 December 2015 (2014: RMB7,870,000) adequately cover any significant losses arising from any non-performance by the independent and related counter parties.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2015

6. SEGMENT INFORMATION

The chief operating decision-makers have been identified as the three executive directors of the Company (collectively the “Decision-Makers”). The Decision-Makers review the Group’s internal reporting in order to assess performance and allocate resources. Management has determined the operating segments based on these reports.

The Group is principally engaged in the development, production and sales of chemical fiber products, namely acrylic fiber and carbon fiber products. The operating segment for carbon fiber products was disposed of on 30 June 2015 and become discontinued operations (Note 30).

All of the Group’s continuing operations and its assets are located in the PRC except that, a portion of the Group’s revenue from continuing operations of RMB266,784,000 (2014: RMB221,904,000) was in connection with sales to overseas customers. Therefore, the Decision-Makers consider the Group’s business from a product perspective, rather than from a geographic perspective. The Decision-Makers assess the performance of the operating segment of acrylic fiber products on a regular basis.

The Decision-Makers primarily assess the performance of the operating segments based on a measure of adjusted segment results which are profit before interests, tax, depreciation and amortisation. This measurement basis excludes the effects of non-recurring expenditure from the operating segments (such as legal expenses and impairments when the impairment is the result of an isolated, non-recurring event). Interest income and expenditure are not included in the result for each operating segment that is reviewed by the Decision-Makers.

Turnover from continuing and discontinued operations for the year ended 31 December 2015 consists of sales from the acrylic fiber products segment and carbon fiber products segment of RMB1,787,074,000 (2014: RMB1,895,910,000) and RMB46,628,000 (2014: RMB45,639,000) respectively.

The Group does not have any inter-segment sales during the years ended 31 December 2015 and 2014.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2015

6. SEGMENT INFORMATION – *continued*

The segment information provided to the Decision-Makers for the years ended 31 December 2015 and 2014 is as follow:

Segment revenue and results

	Continuing operations Acrylic fiber products RMB' 000	Discontinued operations Carbon fiber products RMB' 000	Total RMB' 000
Year ended 31 December 2015			
Total revenue from external customers	1,787,074	46,628	1,833,702
Adjusted segment results (Note)	397,523	6,737	404,260
(Provision for)/reversal of impairment on inventories	(1,407)	3,842	2,435
Share of result of a joint venture	21,682	—	21,682
Depreciation and amortisation	(121,863)	(13,990)	(135,853)
Income tax expenses	(5,429)	(475)	(5,904)
Loss on disposal of a subsidiary	—	(36,992)	(36,992)
	<u>290,506</u>	<u>(40,878)</u>	<u>249,628</u>
<u>Other information:</u>			
Additions to property, plant and equipment	30,902	—	30,902
Year ended 31 December 2014			
Total revenue from external customers	1,895,910	45,639	1,941,549
Adjusted segment results (Note)	309,696	5,155	314,851
Provision for impairment on inventories	(2,473)	(10,487)	(12,960)
Share of result of a joint venture	(32,387)	—	(32,387)
Depreciation and amortisation	(166,167)	(26,686)	(192,853)
Income tax expenses	(3,347)	(950)	(4,297)
	<u>105,322</u>	<u>(32,968)</u>	<u>72,354</u>
<u>Other information:</u>			
Additions to property, plant and equipment	21,603	1,958	23,561

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2015

6. SEGMENT INFORMATION – *continued*

Segment revenue and results – *continued*

The revenue from external parties reported to the Decision-Makers is measured in a manner consistent with that in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income.

A reconciliation of adjusted segment results to profit/(loss) before income tax is provided as follows:

	2015 RMB' 000	2014 RMB' 000
Adjusted segment results for reportable segments	404,260	314,851
Reversal of/(provision for) impairment on inventories	2,435	(12,960)
Depreciation and amortisation	(135,853)	(192,853)
Net (loss)/gain arising on derivative financial instrument	(221)	380
Finance costs - net	(117,227)	(144,904)
Share of result of a joint venture	21,682	(32,387)
Loss on disposal of a subsidiary	(36,992)	—
	(266,176)	(382,724)
Profit/(loss) before income tax	138,084	(67,873)
	2015 RMB' 000	2014 RMB' 000
Represented by:		
Continuing operations	182,224	(18,082)
Discontinued operations	(44,140)	(49,791)
At 31 December	138,084	(67,873)

Note:

As disclosed in note 34(a)(i), the Group has managed and operated certain Utility Facilities and Leased Assets primarily to produce electricity and steam for its own production of acrylic fiber and carbon fiber products at the most cost efficient manner and any surplus of utilities as generated from these Utility Facilities and Leased Assets will be provided to fellow subsidiaries, joint venture, Jilin Chemical Fibre Co., Ltd. ("JCFCL"), other related parties and third parties at rates to be determined amongst the parties concerned. The adjusted segment results as disclosed above for the acrylic fiber products segment included an amount of RMB138,605,000 (2014: RMB159,871,000), representing the related income net of direct outgoings (other than depreciation charge), which is attributable to the provisions of surplus utilities to fellow subsidiaries, joint venture, JCFCL, other related parties and third parties.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2015

6. SEGMENT INFORMATION – *continued*

Segment assets and liabilities

	Continuing operations Acrylic fiber products RMB' 000	Discontinued operations Carbon fiber products RMB' 000	Total RMB' 000
As at 31 December 2014			
Total segment assets	<u>2,218,620</u>	<u>632,242</u>	<u>2,850,862</u>
Total segment assets include:			
Interest in a joint venture	<u>127,304</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>127,304</u>
Total segment liabilities	<u>425,350</u>	<u>89,504</u>	<u>514,854</u>

The amounts provided to the Decision-Makers with respect to total assets/liabilities are measured in a manner consistent with that of the consolidated financial statements. These assets/liabilities are allocated based on the operations of the respective segments.

At 31 December 2014, reportable segment assets are reconciled to total assets per consolidated statement of financial position as follows:

	As at 31 December 2014 RMB' 000
Segment assets for reportable segments	2,850,862
Unallocated:	
Deferred income tax assets	<u>68,129</u>
Total assets per consolidated statement of financial position	<u>2,918,991</u>

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2015

6. SEGMENT INFORMATION – *continued*

Segment assets and liabilities – *continued*

At 31 December 2014, reportable segment liabilities are reconciled to total liabilities per consolidated statement of financial position as follows:

	As at 31 December 2014 RMB' 000
Segment liabilities for reportable segments	514,854
Unallocated:	
Borrowings	1,737,347
Derivative financial instrument	4,992
	1,742,339
Total liabilities per consolidated statement of financial position	2,257,193

Upon disposal of carbon fiber products business, the Group principally operates in one segment, namely acrylic fiber products. Therefore, no segment assets and liabilities is presented as at 31 December 2015.

Information about major customers

Revenues of approximately RMB533,226,000 (2014: RMB572,130,000) are derived from two (2014: two) customers which individually contributed more than 10% to the Group's revenue. These revenues are all attributable to the acrylic fiber products segment. Details of the revenues from these two customers are as follows:

	2015		2014	
	Revenue RMB' 000	Proportion to the total revenues	Revenue RMB' 000	Proportion to the total revenues
Customer A	310,372	17%	319,590	17%
Customer B	222,854	12%	252,540	13%
Total	533,226	29%	572,130	30%

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2015

7. LAND USE RIGHTS

The Group's interests in land use rights represent prepaid operating lease payments for lands in the PRC.

Movements in the land use rights are analysed as below:

	2015 RMB' 000	2014 RMB' 000
At 1 January	84,633	88,531
Disposal	(513)	—
Amortisation	(3,881)	(3,898)
Disposal of a subsidiary (Note 31)	(6,333)	—
At 31 December	<u>73,906</u>	<u>84,633</u>
Represented by:		
Current portion	3,321	3,898
Non-current portion	<u>70,585</u>	<u>80,735</u>
At 31 December	<u>73,906</u>	<u>84,633</u>

As at 31 December 2014, the Group's discontinued operations was in the process of obtaining the land use right certificates for the land in the PRC with carrying amount of RMB6,349,000 from the relevant government authorities.

For the year 31 December 2015, amortisation expenses of RMB3,881,000 (2014: RMB3,898,000) have been charged in administrative expenses.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2015

8. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

	Buildings RMB' 000	Machinery and equipment RMB' 000	Electronic and office equipment RMB' 000	Motor vehicles RMB' 000	Construction in progress RMB' 000	Total RMB' 000
At 1 January 2014						
Cost	704,198	2,232,604	3,176	14,933	111,936	3,066,847
Accumulated depreciation	(246,893)	(1,214,456)	(2,765)	(11,238)	—	(1,475,352)
Net book amount	<u>457,305</u>	<u>1,018,148</u>	<u>411</u>	<u>3,695</u>	<u>111,936</u>	<u>1,591,495</u>
Year ended 31 December 2014						
Opening net book amount	457,305	1,018,148	411	3,695	111,936	1,591,495
Additions	—	4,642	—	—	18,919	23,561
Disposals	—	—	—	(11)	—	(11)
Depreciation	(32,995)	(154,912)	(302)	(746)	—	(188,955)
Closing net book amount	<u>424,310</u>	<u>867,878</u>	<u>109</u>	<u>2,938</u>	<u>130,855</u>	<u>1,426,090</u>
At 31 December 2014						
Cost	704,198	2,237,246	3,176	14,709	130,855	3,090,184
Accumulated depreciation	(279,888)	(1,369,368)	(3,067)	(11,771)	—	(1,664,094)
Net book amount	<u>424,310</u>	<u>867,878</u>	<u>109</u>	<u>2,938</u>	<u>130,855</u>	<u>1,426,090</u>
Year ended 31 December 2015						
Opening net book amount	424,310	867,878	109	2,938	130,855	1,426,090
Additions	5,358	4,469	1,123	4,395	15,557	30,902
Transfer	72,377	54,344	—	—	(126,721)	—
Disposals	—	(1,462)	(22)	—	(5,947)	(7,431)
Depreciation	(39,977)	(90,079)	(215)	(1,368)	—	(131,639)
Disposal of a subsidiary (note 31)	(71,487)	(333,234)	(104)	(206)	(1,161)	(406,192)
Closing net book amount	<u>390,581</u>	<u>501,916</u>	<u>891</u>	<u>5,759</u>	<u>12,583</u>	<u>911,730</u>
At 31 December 2015						
Cost	680,667	1,880,749	3,633	18,756	12,583	2,596,388
Accumulated depreciation	(290,086)	(1,378,833)	(2,742)	(12,997)	—	(1,684,658)
Net book amount	<u>390,581</u>	<u>501,916</u>	<u>891</u>	<u>5,759</u>	<u>12,583</u>	<u>911,730</u>

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2015

8. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT – *continued*

Notes:

- (a) As at 31 December 2015, property, plant and equipment of the Group with carrying amounts of RMB327,431,000 (2014: RMB416,150,000) have been pledged as securities for certain bank borrowings of the Group (Note 17(b)).
- (b) As at 31 December 2015, the Group is in the process of obtaining the certificates of ownership in respect of certain buildings of the Group with carrying amounts of RMB18,432,000 (2014: RMB100,444,000) from the relevant government authorities.
- (c) Depreciation expenses of RMB50,601,000 (2014: RMB98,336,000), RMB12,794,000 (2014: RMB30,017,000) and RMB68,244,000 (2014: RMB60,602,000) have been charged in cost of sales, administrative expenses and other expenses included in direct outgoings in respect of provision of utilities respectively.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2015

9. INTANGIBLE ASSETS

	Accounting software RMB' 000
Year ended 31 December 2015	
Opening net book amount	—
Additions	4,000
Amortisation charge	(333)
Closing net book amount	3,667
At 31 December 2015	
Cost	4,000
Accumulated amortisation	(333)
Net book amount	3,667

For the year 31 December 2015, amortisation expenses of RMB333,000 (2014: Nil) have been charged in administrative expenses.

10. INTEREST IN A JOINT VENTURE

	2015 RMB' 000	2014 RMB' 000
At 1 January	127,304	159,418
Share of results	21,682	(32,387)
Others (Note 22)	273	273
At 31 December	149,259	127,304

Notes:

- (a) The Group has a 50% equity interest in a joint venture, Jilin Jimont Acrylic Fiber Co., Ltd. ("Jimont"), which was established in the PRC on 21 December 2005 and its principal activity is the production and sales of acrylic fiber products. As at 31 December 2015 and 2014, Jimont has a registered and paid-in capital of RMB450,000,000 and is jointly owned by the Company, Montefiber S.p.A and SIMEST S.p.A as to 50.00%, 39.38% and 10.62% respectively.

The Company was advised by Montefiber that they have reached an agreement with an independent third party, which is a company incorporated in the PRC for the transfer of 50% equity interest (Montefiber and SIMEST S.p.A. hold 39.38% and 10.62% respectively) in Jimont, the agreement is subject to approval from the relevant PRC government authorities. Montefiber is in the course of seeking approval from the relevant PRC authorities to complete the transfer.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2015

11. PREPAYMENTS AND OTHER RECEIVABLES – NON CURRENT

	2015 RMB' 000	2014 RMB' 000
Prepayments	—	2,785
Trade receivables (Notes 13(a) and 34(b))	3,369	—
Other receivables (Note 34(b))	10,978	—
Consideration receivable (Note 31)	130,153	—
	144,500	2,785
	144,500	2,785

The prepayments classified as non-current assets are all associated with the Group's purchases of property, plant and equipment.

12. INVENTORIES

	2015 RMB' 000	2014 RMB' 000
Raw materials	135,322	123,349
Work in progress	14,327	13,142
Finished goods	59,034	208,765
	208,683	345,256
	208,683	345,256

As at 31 December 2015, a batch of raw materials with costs of RMB8,468,000 (2014: RMB9,085,000) were considered as long aged with net realisable value lower than the carrying value. Provision for impairment on the abovementioned raw materials of RMB8,468,000 (2014: RMB4,587,000) were made as at 31 December 2015.

13. TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES

	2015 RMB' 000	2014 RMB' 000
Trade receivables (Note a)	102,626	112,255
Less: provision for impairment	(5,589)	(5,984)
Trade receivables – net	97,037	106,271
Bills receivables (Note 4.1(b) (i))	85,541	190,123
Amounts due from related companies (Notes d and 34(b))	525,168	266,190
Other receivables	58,468	76,911
Less: provision for impairment	(13,406)	(1,886)
Other receivables – net	45,062	75,025
Prepayments	53,008	25,714
Less: provision for impairment	(3,301)	—
Prepayments – net	49,707	25,714
	802,515	663,323
	802,515	663,323

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2015

13. TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES – *continued*

Notes:

- (a) The Group's sales are normally conducted on cash on delivery terms or a credit term of 30 days. Aging analysis of trade receivables based on invoice date are as follows:

	2015 RMB' 000	2014 RMB' 000
0 – 30 days	41,112	66,456
31 – 90 days	44,207	22,183
91 – 365 days	8,681	7,733
Over 365 days	6,406	9,899
	<u>100,406</u>	<u>106,271</u>

Represented by:
Current portion
Non-current portion

	2015 RMB' 000	2014 RMB' 000
Current portion	97,037	106,271
Non-current portion	3,369	—
	<u>100,406</u>	<u>106,271</u>

- (b) Trade receivables with aging less than 30 days are not considered as past due. As at 31 December 2015, the following trade receivables were past due but not individually or collectively be impaired. These balances relate to a number of independent customers for whom there is no recent history of default. The aging analysis of these trade receivables is as follows:

	2015 RMB' 000	2014 RMB' 000
31 – 90 days past due	44,207	22,183
91 – 365 days past due	8,681	7,733
Over 365 days past due	6,406	9,899
	<u>59,294</u>	<u>39,815</u>

Included in the trade receivables that were past due but not impaired as set out above, was an amount of RMB8,369,000 (2014: RMB6,119,000) due from Tuopu Textile Industrial Development Co., Ltd. ("Tuopu Textile"), a group entity under JCF Groupco. Included in other receivables was an amount due from Tuopu Textile of RMB10,978,000 (2014: RMB10,571,000) in relation to provision of utility. Therefore, the total trade and other receivables due from Toupu Textile amounted to RMB19,347,000 as at 31 December 2015 (2014: RMB16,690,000). The trade and other receivable due from Tuopu Textile was interest bearing at 4.4% and had a three year repayment term. JCF Groupco confirmed to provide continuing financial support to Tuopu Textile to the extent necessary to enable them to meet their obligation as and when they fall due. The directors of the Company does not expect any significant loss from the non-performance by Tuopu Textile and hence no provision for impairment has been made as at 31 December 2015 (2014: Nil).

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2015

13. TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES – *continued*

Notes: – *continued*

(c) As at 31 December 2015, trade receivables of RMB5,589,000 (2014: RMB5,984,000) were considered as doubtful debts and were fully provided for. The amount of the provision was RMB5,589,000 (2014: RMB5,984,000) as at 31 December 2015. The individually impaired receivables mainly relate to customers which are in unexpected difficult economic situations.

(d) The aging analysis of the amounts due from the related parties is as follows:

	2015 RMB' 000	2014 RMB' 000
0 – 30 days	64,140	143,071
31 – 90 days	51,309	43,932
91 – 365 days	273,305	46,902
Over 365 days	136,414	32,285
	525,168	266,190

The amounts due from related companies primarily comprise of receivables in respect of the provision of utilities and advance to Jilin Tangu Carbon Fiber Co., Ltd. (“Tangu”), a subsidiary of the Company up to 30 June 2015 and a subsidiary of a state-owned enterprise controlled by the PRC government. Included in these amounts, an amount of RMB40,763,000 (2014: RMB66,377,000) has already been past due. According to settlement plans entered into between the Group and these related companies, the amount will be fully repaid by 31 December 2016. The management does not expect any significant loss from the non-performance by these related companies and hence no provision for impairment has been made as at 31 December 2015 (2014: Nil).

At 31 December 2014, included in the amounts due from the related companies was an amount of RMB47,000,000 representing a letter of credit received from JCFCL which was discounted to a financial institution with recourse. JCFCL was the primary obligors for payment on due date of such commercial acceptances. In the event of default, the Group was obliged to pay the financial institution the amount in default. Late interest would be charged by the financial institution until the amount was settled. The Group was therefore exposed to the credit risk and late payment risk in respect of the letter of credit. The proceeds of the discounting transactions were included in borrowings as asset-backed financing (Note 17) until the discounted bills were matured or settled.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2015

13. TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES – *continued*

Notes: – *continued*

- (e) The below table reconciles the impairment loss of trade and other receivables for the year:

	2015 RMB' 000	2014 RMB' 000
At 1 January	7,870	12,537
Reversal of impairment loss	—	(3,586)
Impairment loss recognised (Note 23)	15,143	963
Bad debt written off	—	(2,044)
Disposal of a subsidiary	(717)	—
At 31 December	<u>22,296</u>	<u>7,870</u>

The Group recognised impairment loss on trade and other receivables on individual assessment based on the accounting policy stated in Note 3.12.

- (f) The other classes include bills receivables and amounts due from related companies within trade and other receivables do not contain impaired assets.
- (g) The carrying amounts of trade and other receivables are all denominated in RMB except that, trade receivables of RMB35,172,000 (2014: RMB37,048,000) are denominated in US dollars.
- (h) The carrying amounts of trade and other receivables approximate their fair values.
- (i) Other receivables included the current portion of consideration receivables of RMB31,087,000 arising from the disposal of a subsidiary on 30 June 2015 (Note 31).

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2015

14. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS/RESTRICTED BANK DEPOSITS

Cash and cash equivalents/restricted bank deposits which are mainly denominated in RMB are analysed as follows:

	2015 RMB' 000	2014 RMB' 000
Cash at bank and on hand	129,771	201,471
Less: restricted bank deposits (Note a)	<u>(62,151)</u>	<u>(143,657)</u>
Cash and cash equivalents	<u><u>67,620</u></u>	<u><u>57,814</u></u>

Notes:

- (a) The Group has pledged certain bank deposits with carrying amounts of RMB43,940,000. (2014: RMB89,035,000) to financial institutions for the issuance of certain bank bills payable of RMB70,600,000 (2014: RMB140,000,000) (Note 19).

Furthermore, bank deposits of RMB18,211,000 (2014: RMB677,000) as at 31 December 2015 have been pledged for the issues of certain letters of credit for the Group's purchases of raw materials.

At 31 December 2014, the Group had fixed bank deposit with carrying amount of RMB10,000,000.

The Group drawn down a specific bank borrowing of RMB75,000,000 in July 2010 which could only be used for funding of the Group's further investment to its joint venture. The proceeds from the bank borrowings had to be deposited in a designated bank account and restricted for the specific usage as mentioned above. During the year ended 31 December 2011, with the consent from the borrowing bank, the Group utilised a portion of the restricted deposits of RMB31,067,000 for financing the working capital of the Group. As at 31 December 2014, the restricted bank deposit in connection with the abovementioned specific borrowing amounted to RMB43,933,000. As at 31 December 2015, the balance was used.

- (b) At the end of the reporting period, the cash and bank balances of the Group denominated in Renminbi ("RMB") amounted to RMB129,749,000 (2014: RMB201,463,000). RMB is not freely convertible into other currencies. However, under Mainland China's Foreign Exchange Control Regulations and Administration of Settlement, Sale and Payment of Foreign Exchange Regulations, the Group is permitted to exchange RMB for other currencies through banks authorised to conduct foreign exchange business.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2015

15. SHARE CAPITAL

(a) Share capital

	Number of shares (in thousand)	Nominal values RMB' 000
Registered, issued and fully paid		
– Domestic shares	437,017	437,017
– Non-H foreign shares	169,358	169,358
– H shares	259,875	259,875
	<u>866,250</u>	<u>866,250</u>

Notes:

- (i) There was no movement in share capital during the years ended 31 December 2015 and 2014.
- (ii) The Company was converted into a joint stock company on 23 May 2005, with registered, issued and fully paid capital of RMB630,000,000 divided into 630,000,000 shares at par value of RMB1 each (out of which: 460,642,000 shares were domestic shares and 169,358,000 shares are foreign shares).

On 21 June 2006, the Company successfully offered 236,250,000 H shares and listed on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited. On the same date, the Company had transferred 23,625,000 domestic shares to National Council for Social Security Fund (the "NCSSF") and NCSSF entrusted the Company to convert these shares into the Company's H shares.

(b) Share premium

Share premium represents the amount of funds contributed by the shareholders in excess of the par value of the Company's H shares as issued during the Company's initial public offering in June 2006.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2015

16. RESERVES

	Reserve fund	Enterprise expansion fund	Statutory reserve fund	Accumulated losses	Total
	RMB' 000	RMB' 000	RMB' 000	RMB' 000	RMB' 000
	(Note a)	(Note a)	(Note b)		
At 1 January 2014	—	—	31,919	(306,678)	(274,759)
Loss for the year	—	—	—	(72,170)	(72,170)
At 31 December 2014	—*	—*	31,919*	(378,848)	(346,929)
Profit for the year	—	—	—	132,180	132,180
At 31 December 2015	—*	—*	31,919*	(246,668)	(214,749)

* These reserve accounts comprise the combined other reserves of RMB31,919,000 (2014: RMB31,919,000) in the consolidated statement of financial position.

(a) Reserve fund and enterprise expansion fund

In accordance with the relevant laws and regulations in the PRC and the requirements of the Articles of Associations of the Company and its subsidiary, appropriations from net profit should be made to the reserve fund and the enterprise expansion fund, after offsetting accumulated losses from prior years, and before profit distributions to the investors. The percentages to be appropriated to the reserve fund and the enterprise expansion fund are determined by the board of directors. Upon approval, the reserve fund can be used to offset accumulated losses or be converted into capital and the enterprise expansion fund can be converted into capital.

(b) Statutory reserve fund

In accordance with the relevant laws and regulations in the PRC and the Articles of Associations of the Company, it is required to appropriate 10% of the annual statutory net profit, after offsetting any prior years' losses to the statutory reserve fund before distributing the net profit. When the respective balance of the statutory reserve fund reaches 50% of the share capital of the Company and its subsidiary, any further appropriation is at the discretion of shareholders of the Company and its subsidiary. The statutory reserve fund can be used to offset prior years' losses, if any, and may be converted into share capital by issuing new shares to shareholders in proportion to their existing shareholding or by increasing the par value of the shares currently held by them, provided that the respective remaining balance of the statutory reserve fund after such issue is not less than 25% of registered capital of the Company and its subsidiary.

(c) The board of directors of the Company and the subsidiary have confirmed not to make any appropriations to the reserve fund and enterprise expansion fund for the years ended 31 December 2015 and 2014.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2015

17. BORROWINGS

	2015			2014		
	Effective	Maturity	RMB' 000	Effective	Maturity	RMB' 000
	interest rate			interest rate		
	%			%		
Current						
Bank borrowings	5.52	2016	1,058,710	6.54	2015	1,148,950
Discounted bills with recourse	—	—	—	6.04	2015	160,149
Current portions of long term bank borrowings - secured	6.29	2016	<u>102,543</u>	6.32	2015	<u>120,551</u>
			<u>1,161,253</u>			<u>1,429,650</u>
Non-current						
Bank borrowings - secured	5.22	2017 - 2022	<u>115,154</u>	6.47	2016 - 2022	<u>307,697</u>
			<u>115,154</u>			<u>307,697</u>
Total net borrowings			<u>1,276,407</u>			<u>1,737,347</u>
Representing:						
– guaranteed borrowings (Note a)			<u>953,870</u>			<u>1,394,998</u>
– secured borrowings (Note b)			<u>322,537</u>			<u>342,349</u>
Net fixed rate borrowings as a percentage of total net borrowings			<u>38.6%</u>			<u>22.2%</u>

Notes:

- (a) Bank borrowings of RMB953,870,000 (2014: RMB1,394,998,000) are guaranteed by JCF Groupco the ultimate parent company of the Company.
- (b) Bank borrowings of RMB44,840,000 (2014: RMB54,700,000) and RMB277,697,000 (2014: RMB:127,500,000) are secured by letter of credit held by the Company and certain property, plant and equipment of the Company with carrying amounts of RMB327,431,000 (2014: RMB21,447,000) (Note 8).

As at 31 December 2014, bank borrowings of RMB160,149,000 were secured by certain bank bills receivable, commercial bills receivable, trade and other receivable of the Company with carrying amounts of RMB172,256,000 (Note 13).

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2015

17. BORROWINGS – *continued*

Notes:

(c) Borrowings at the end of reporting period were repayable as follows:

	2015	2014
	RMB' 000	RMB' 000
On demand	—	308,000
Within 1 year	1,161,253	1,121,650
Between 1 and 2 years	55,654	132,543
Between 2 and 5 years	51,000	132,654
Over 5 years	8,500	42,500
	1,276,407	1,737,347

During the year ended 31 December 2014, the Group did not meet certain financial covenants specified by banks (including operating cash flow ratio, current ratio and net profit ratio). The lenders did not take any action and has subsequently renewed the matured bank loans. Accordingly, the full amounts of the bank loans with an aggregate carrying amount of RMB308,000,000 as at 31 December 2014, which are repayable within one year, were presented as “on demand” time band in the above analysis.

- (d) The carrying amounts of bank borrowings are all denominated in RMB.
- (e) As at 31 December 2015, the Group has fixed interest rates bank borrowings of RMB492,710,000 (2014: RMB384,849,000) which are all short-term bank borrowings. The carrying amounts of these fixed interest rates bank borrowings approximate their fair values as the impact of discounting is not significant. All other bank borrowings carried floating interest rates and the carrying amounts of these floating rates borrowings approximate their fair values.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2015

18. DEFERRED INCOME

	Government grant for construction of new facilities RMB' 000 (Note a)	Purchases of domestically manufactured equipment RMB' 000 (Note b)	Total RMB' 000
At 1 January 2014	64,803	10,108	74,911
Additions (Note c)	1,600	—	1,600
Amortisation (Note 22)	(5,890)	(1,384)	(7,274)
At 31 December 2014	60,513	8,724	69,237
Amortisation (Note 22)	(6,204)	(1,384)	(7,588)
Disposal of a subsidiary (Note 31)	(13,750)	—	(13,750)
At 31 December 2015	<u>40,559</u>	<u>7,340</u>	<u>47,899</u>
		2015 RMB' 000	2014 RMB' 000
Represented by			
Current portion		7,027	7,274
Non-current portion		40,872	61,963
		<u>47,899</u>	<u>69,237</u>

Notes:

- (a) The Group received government grants for the compensation of capital expenditure incurred for the constructions/ installations of property, plant and equipment. The amounts are deferred and amortised over the estimated useful lives of the related assets of 16 to 22 years.
- (b) The Group claimed corporate income tax credits on 40% of the costs of certain qualified equipment manufactured in the PRC, which was approved by the local tax bureau in the Jilin City, the PRC. The amounts are deferred and amortised over the estimated useful lives of the related assets of 16 years.
- (c) During the year ended 31 December 2014, the Group received government grants of RMB1,600,000 for the improvement of certain sewage water facilities of the Group.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2015

19. TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES

	2015	2014
	RMB' 000	RMB' 000
Trade payables (Note a)	150,055	170,540
Bank bills payables (Note b)	70,600	140,000
Amounts due to related companies (Notes c and 34(b))	10,002	6,992
Other payables and accruals	124,004	128,085
	354,661	445,617
	354,661	445,617

Notes:

(a) The aging analysis of trade payables is as follows:

	2015	2014
	RMB' 000	RMB' 000
0 – 30 days	57,085	71,628
31 – 90 days	61,779	41,261
91 – 365 days	24,990	46,533
Over 365 days	6,201	11,118
	150,055	170,540
	150,055	170,540

(b) Bills payables are secured by certain restricted bank deposits of the Group with carrying amount of RMB43,940,000. (2014: RMB89,035,000) (Note 14).

(c) The amounts due to the related companies are unsecured, interest free and have no fixed term of repayment.

(d) The carrying amounts of trade and other payables approximate their fair values.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2015

20. DEFERRED INCOME TAX ASSETS

Movements in the deferred income tax assets are analysed as follows:

	Pre- operating expense RMB' 000	Fair value loss on derivative financial instrument RMB' 000	Accelerated accounting depreciation RMB' 000	Provisions for impairment of receivables RMB' 000	Inventories write-down RMB' 000	Tax losses RMB' 000	Deferred income RMB' 000	Others RMB' 000	Total RMB' 000
At 1 January 2014	5,959	2,757	5,198	3,545	1,147	38,490	3,065	12,265	72,426
(Charged)/credited to the consolidated statement of comprehensive income	(852)	(1,509)	(386)	(1,757)	618	—	41	(452)	(4,297)
At 31 December 2014	5,107	1,248	4,812	1,788	1,765	38,490	3,106	11,813	68,129
(Charged) /credited to the consolidated statement of comprehensive income	(838)	(1,248)	(1,852)	3,786	352	(5,275)	(136)	(693)	(5,904)
Disposal of a subsidiary (Note 31)	—	—	(2,960)	—	—	—	—	(10,351)	(13,311)
At 31 December 2015	<u>4,269</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>5,574</u>	<u>2,117</u>	<u>33,215</u>	<u>2,970</u>	<u>769</u>	<u>48,914</u>

The PRC tax losses can only be carried forward for a maximum period of five years. Included in the tax losses above is unutilised tax losses recognised at 31 December 2015 with the amount of RMB132,858,000 (31 December 2014: RMB153,960,000) which will expire in 2020.

At 31 December 2015, the Group did not further recognise deferred tax assets of RMB24,324,000 (31 December 2014: RMB6,456,000) in respect of tax loss amounting to RMB97,287,000 (2014: RMB25,824,000) as it is not highly probable that future taxable profits against which the losses can be utilised will be sufficiently available in the relevant tax jurisdiction. The tax losses will be expired in 2018 (2014: 2017).

21. DERIVATIVE FINANCIAL INSTRUMENT

As at 31 December 2014, the derivative financial liability of RMB4,992,000 represented an outstanding interest rate swap contract with an outstanding notional amount of RMB78,000,000, with original notional principal amount of RMB130,000,000. The interest rate swap contract was matured in November 2015 and the fair value loss as at the mature date was recognised in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2015

22. OTHER INCOME AND GAINS

	Notes	2015 RMB' 000	2014 RMB' 000 (Restated)
Continuing operations:			
Other income			
Rental income		376	612
Income from provision of utilities	34(a)	420,603	461,725
Amortisation of deferred income	18	6,963	6,024
Sales of raw materials		15,503	10,725
Subsidy income (Note i)		6,165	1,063
Inspection fee income (Note ii)		1,975	2,017
Others		300	740
		451,885	482,906
Other gains			
Gain attributable to equity interests of a joint venture	10	273	273
Gain on disposal of land use right		3,697	—
Gain on disposal of property, plant and equipment, net		3,881	—
Foreign exchange gain, net		4,898	—
Reversal of impairment loss on trade and other receivables, net	13(e)	—	3,340
Net gain arising on derivative financial instrument	32	—	380
		12,749	3,993
		464,634	486,899
Discontinued operations:			
Other income			
Amortisation of deferred income	18	625	1,250
Sales of raw materials		—	234
Subsidy income		—	1,175
Others		15	—
	30	640	2,659

Notes:

- (i) Subsidy income mainly represents the rewards received from local government in relation to the contribution of improving water quality by processing sewage for the past few years. There are no unfulfilled conditions or contingencies relating to these grants.
- (ii) Inspection fee income mainly represents the quality inspection service provided to the joint venture.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2015

23. OTHER EXPENSES AND LOSSES

	Notes	2015 RMB' 000	2014 RMB' 000 (Restated)
Continuing operations:			
Other expenses			
Direct outgoings in respect of provision of utilities		(337,863)	(354,897)
Cost of raw materials		(26,370)	(10,908)
Others		—	(61)
		<u>(364,233)</u>	<u>(365,866)</u>
Other losses			
Impairment loss on trade and other receivables, net	13(e)	(15,143)	—
Net loss arising on derivative financial instrument	32	(221)	—
		<u>(15,364)</u>	<u>—</u>
		<u>(379,597)</u>	<u>(365,866)</u>
Discontinued operations:			
Other expenses			
Others		—	(22)
		<u>—</u>	<u>(22)</u>
Other losses			
Impairment loss on trade and other receivables, net	13(e)	—	(717)
		<u>—</u>	<u>(717)</u>
	30	<u>—</u>	<u>(739)</u>

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2015

24. PROFIT/(LOSS) BEFORE INCOME TAX

Profit/(loss) before income tax is stated after charging/(crediting):

	Notes	2015 RMB' 000	2014 RMB' 000 (Restated)
Continuing operations:			
Inventories recognised as an expense			
– for production of fiber products		1,453,920	1,744,274
– provision for impairment on inventories		1,407	2,473
Depreciation	8	117,664	162,301
Amortisation of			
– land use rights	7	3,866	3,866
– intangible assets (included in administrative expenses)	9	333	—
Employee benefit expenses	25	124,325	116,188
Minimum lease payment		13,178	14,664
Auditors' remuneration			
– audit services		1,235	1,180
		<u>1,235</u>	<u>1,180</u>
Discontinued operations:			
Inventories recognised as an expense			
– for production of fiber products		43,290	46,832
– (reversal of)/provision for impairment on inventories		(3,842)	10,487
Depreciation	8	13,975	26,654
Amortisation of			
– land use rights	7	15	32
Employee benefit expenses	25	4,987	11,285
Auditors' remuneration			
– audit services		—	135
		<u>—</u>	<u>135</u>

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2015

25. EMPLOYEE BENEFIT EXPENSES (INCLUDING DIRECTORS' EMOLUMENTS)

	2015 RMB' 000	2014 RMB' 000 (Restated)
Wages and salaries	73,539	74,446
Pension costs – defined contribution plans	10,088	8,533
Other social security costs	45,685	44,494
	<u>129,312</u>	<u>127,473</u>

Directors' remuneration

Directors' remuneration is disclosed as follows:

Year ended 31 December 2015

Name of director and supervisor	Fees RMB' 000	Salary RMB' 000	Employer's contribution to pension scheme RMB' 000	Total RMB' 000
Executive director				
Mr. SONG Dewu (Chairman)	—	330	6	336
Mr. YANG Xuefeng	—	196	6	202
Mr. PAN Xianfeng (Note a)	—	56	5	61
	<u>—</u>	<u>582</u>	<u>17</u>	<u>599</u>
Non-executive director				
Mr. MA Jun	—	231	6	237
Mr. JIANG Junzhou	—	231	6	237
Ms. PANG Suet Mui	20	—	—	20
Mr. WU Song (Note b)	20	—	—	20
Mr. Sun Haichao (Note d)	10	—	—	10
	<u>50</u>	<u>462</u>	<u>12</u>	<u>524</u>

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2015

25. EMPLOYEE BENEFIT EXPENSES (INCLUDING DIRECTORS' EMOLUMENTS) – *continued*

Directors' remuneration – *continued*

Year ended 31 December 2015 – *continued*

Name of director and supervisor	Fees RMB' 000	Salary RMB' 000	Employer's contribution to pension scheme RMB' 000	Total RMB' 000
Independent non-executive director				
Mr. LI Yanxi (Note f)	25	—	—	25
Mr. JIN Jie (Note f)	50	—	—	50
Mr. LV Xiaobo (Note c)	50	—	—	50
Ms. ZHU Ping	50	—	—	50
	<u>175</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>175</u>
	<u>225</u>	<u>1,044</u>	<u>29</u>	<u>1,298</u>
Supervisor				
Ms. SUN Yujing	—	180	5	185
Mr. ZHANG Haiou	—	57	4	61
Mr. CHENG Jianhang	—	—	—	—
Mr. LIU Ming	20	—	—	20
Ms. BAI Hua	—	56	5	61
Mr. Xu Jiawei	—	108	4	112
	<u>20</u>	<u>401</u>	<u>18</u>	<u>439</u>

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2015

25. EMPLOYEE BENEFIT EXPENSES (INCLUDING DIRECTORS' EMOLUMENTS) – *continued*

Directors' remuneration – *continued*

Year ended 31 December 2014

Name of director and supervisor	Fees RMB' 000	Salary RMB' 000	Employer's contribution to pension scheme RMB' 000	Total RMB' 000
Executive director				
Mr. SONG Dewu (Chairman)	—	61	12	73
Mr. YANG Xuefeng	196	67	13	276
Mr. WANG Changsheng (Note e)	127	61	12	200
	<u>323</u>	<u>189</u>	<u>37</u>	<u>549</u>
Non-executive director				
Mr. MA Jun	—	58	12	70
Mr. JIANG Junzhou	—	60	12	72
Ms. PANG Suet Mui	20	—	—	20
Mr. SUN Hai Chao (Note d)	20	—	—	20
	<u>40</u>	<u>118</u>	<u>24</u>	<u>182</u>
Independent non-executive director				
Mr. YE Yongmao (Note e)	50	—	—	50
Mr. MAO Fengge (Note f)	25	—	—	25
Mr. LEE Ka Chung (Note f)	119	—	—	119
Ms. ZHU Ping	46	—	—	46
Mr. LI Yanxi (Note f)	25	—	—	25
Mr. JIN Jie (Note f)	25	—	—	25
	<u>290</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>290</u>
	<u>653</u>	<u>307</u>	<u>61</u>	<u>1,021</u>

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2015

25. EMPLOYEE BENEFIT EXPENSES (INCLUDING DIRECTORS' EMOLUMENTS) – *continued*

Directors' remuneration – *continued*

Year ended 31 December 2014 – *continued*

Name of director and supervisor	Fees RMB' 000	Salary RMB' 000	Employer's contribution to pension scheme RMB' 000	Total RMB' 000
Supervisor				
Ms. SUN Yujing	—	47	9	56
Mr. ZHANG Haiou	—	52	10	62
Mr. ZHANG Jiaku	—	29	6	35
Mr. CHENG Jianhang	—	—	—	—
Mr. LIU Ming	20	—	—	20
Ms. BAI Hua	—	52	10	62
Mr. Xu Jiawei	—	42	8	50
	<u>20</u>	<u>222</u>	<u>43</u>	<u>285</u>

Notes:

- (a) Mr. Pan Xiangfeng has been elected as an executive director and the director of the finance department of the Company on 29 January 2015.
- (b) Mr. Wu Song has been elected as a non-executive director on 29 April 2015.
- (c) Mr. Lv Xiaobo has been elected as an independent non-executive director on 29 January 2015.
- (d) The non-executive director of the Company, Mr. Sun Haichao, resigned on 26 June 2015.
- (e) The executive director and chief financial officer of the Company, Mr. Wang Changsheng, and an independent non-executive director, Mr. Ye Yongmao, resigned on 2 December 2014.
- (f) The independent non-executive directors of the Company, Mr. Mao Fengge and Mr. Lee Ka Chung, resigned on 30 June 2014 and Mr. Li Yanxi and Mr. Jin Jie have been elected as independent non-executive directors of the Company on the same day.

In addition to the directors' emoluments as disclosed above, certain directors of the Company received emoluments from JCF Groupco, the ultimate parent company, and its fellow subsidiaries during the year ended 31 December 2015 amounting to RMB1,333,000 (2014: RMB297,000), part of which is in respect of their services rendered to the Company and its subsidiary. No apportionment has been made as the directors consider that it is impracticable to apportion this amount between their services rendered to the Company and its subsidiary and their services rendered to the ultimate parent company and those fellow subsidiaries.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2015

25. EMPLOYEE BENEFIT EXPENSES (INCLUDING DIRECTORS' EMOLUMENTS) – *continued*

Five highest paid individuals

The five individuals whose emoluments were the highest in the Company and its subsidiary for the year ended 31 December 2015 included four (2014: four) directors whose emoluments are reflected in the analysis presented above. The aggregate amounts of emoluments paid and payable to the remaining one (2014: one) individual whose emoluments was the highest in the Group during the year are as follows:

	2015 RMB' 000	2014 RMB' 000
Basic salaries and allowances	<u>1,185</u>	<u>1,185</u>

The emoluments of that highest paid individual fell within the following bands:

	Number of individual	
	2015	2014
RMB893,361 to RMB1,340,039 (2014: RMB792,896 to RMB1,189,343) (equivalent to HK\$1,000,001 to HK\$1,500,000)	<u>1</u>	<u>1</u>

During the years ended 31 December 2015 and 2014, no emoluments have been paid by the Group to the directors or the five highest paid individuals as an inducement to join or upon joining the Group or as compensation for loss of office and there is no director waived or agreed to waive any of their emoluments.

Member of senior management

The emoluments paid or payable to members of senior management were within the following bands:

	2015 No. of individuals	2014 No. of individuals
Nil to RMB893,361 (2014: Nil to RMB792,896) (equivalent to Nil to HK\$1,000,000)	20	21
RMB893,361 to RMB1,340,039 (2014: RMB792,896 to RMB1,189,343) (equivalent to HK\$1,000,001 to HK\$1,500,000)	<u>1</u>	<u>1</u>

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2015

26. FINANCE INCOME AND COSTS

	Notes	2015 RMB' 000	2014 RMB' 000 (Restated)
Continuing operations:			
Bank interest income		(2,038)	(1,735)
Interest income on consideration receivable	31	<u>(3,472)</u>	<u>—</u>
Finance income		<u>(5,510)</u>	<u>(1,735)</u>
Interest expenses on bank borrowings		104,125	135,730
Bank borrowings guarantee fees to JCF Groupco	34	<u>14,875</u>	<u>—</u>
Finance costs		<u>119,000</u>	<u>135,730</u>
Finance costs – net		<u>113,490</u>	<u>133,995</u>
Discontinued operations:			
Interest income	30	<u>(708)</u>	<u>(797)</u>
Interest expenses on bank borrowings		4,445	10,506
Bank borrowings guarantee fees to JCF Groupco	34	<u>—</u>	<u>1,200</u>
Finance costs	30	<u>4,445</u>	<u>11,706</u>
Finance costs – net		<u>3,737</u>	<u>10,909</u>

Note:

With effect from 1 January 2011, JCF Groupco has charged guarantee fees on those guaranteed bank borrowings (Note 17(a)) which are calculated at predetermined rates on the daily outstanding principal amounts of the guaranteed bank borrowings. No guarantee fee was charged by JCF Groupco to the Company for the year ended 31 December 2014.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2015

27. INCOME TAX EXPENSE

The amount of income tax expenses to the consolidated statement of comprehensive income represents:

	Note	2015 RMB' 000	2014 RMB' 000 (Restated)
Continuing operations			
Current income tax – PRC corporate income tax		—	—
Deferred income tax			
– charge for the year		5,429	3,347
Income tax expenses		5,429	3,347
Discontinued operations			
Current income tax – PRC corporate income tax		—	—
Deferred income tax			
– charge for the year		475	950
Income tax expenses	30	475	950
Total		5,904	4,297

Notes:

- (a) By reference to the Corporate Income Tax Law of the PRC as approved by the National People's Congress on 16 March 2007, the corporate income tax rate applicable to the Company and its subsidiary for the current and the prior year is 25%.
- (b) No provision for Hong Kong profits tax has been made as the Group did not carry out any business or generate any assessable profits in Hong Kong for the year ended 31 December 2015 (2014: Nil).

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2015

27. INCOME TAX EXPENSE – *continued*

Tax on the Group's profit before income tax differs from the theoretical amount that would arise using the tax rate applicable to the results of the Group as follows:

	2015 RMB' 000	2014 RMB' 000 (Restated)
Profit/(loss) before income tax		
– continuing operations	182,224	(18,082)
– discontinued operations	(7,148)	(49,791)
	175,076	(67,873)
Tax calculated at corporate income tax rate of 25% (2014: 25%)	43,769	(16,969)
Tax effects of:		
– income not subject to tax	(1,966)	(1,506)
– expenses not deductible for tax purposes	4,021	76
– tax effect of tax losses and other deductible temporary difference not recognised	22,308	14,599
– utilisation of tax losses previously not recognised	(56,808)	—
– tax effect of share of result of a joint venture	(5,420)	8,097
	5,904	4,297
Income tax expenses	5,904	4,297

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2015

28. EARNINGS/(LOSS) PER SHARE

The calculation of the basic and diluted earnings/(loss) per share attributable to the owners of the Company is based on the following data:

Profit/(loss) attributable to owners of the Company

	2015 RMB' 000	2014 RMB' 000 (Restated)
For continuing and discontinued operations:		
Profit/(loss) for the purposes of basic and diluted earnings/(loss) per share	<u>132,180</u>	<u>(72,170)</u>
For continuing operations:		
Profit/(loss) for the purposes of basic and diluted earnings/(loss) per share	<u>176,795</u>	<u>(21,429)</u>
For discontinued operations:		
Loss for the purposes of basic and diluted loss per share	<u>(44,615)</u>	<u>(50,741)</u>
Number of shares:	(in thousand)	(in thousand)
Weighted average number of ordinary shares for the purposes of basic and diluted earnings/(loss) per share	<u>866,250</u>	<u>866,250</u>

Basic earnings/(loss) per share are calculated by dividing the profit/(loss) attributable to the owners of the Company for the year by the weighted average number of the Company's shares in issue during the year of 866,250,000 (2014: 866,250,000) shares.

The Company has no potential dilutive shares in issue during the year ended 31 December 2015 and 2014 and therefore the diluted earnings/(loss) per share is equal to the basic earnings/(loss) per share.

29. DIVIDEND

The Company's directors do not recommend the payment of any dividend for the year ended 31 December 2015 (2014: nil).

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2015

30. DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS

On 26 June 2015, the Group entered into an equity transfer agreement with Jilin City Guosheng Asset Management Co., Ltd. (“Guosheng”), pursuant to which, the Group agreed to dispose its 100% entire interest in Tangu for a consideration of RMB157,768,000 (the “Consideration”). On 30 June 2015, the equity transfer agreement became effective under the approval by the State-owned Assets Supervision & Administration Commission of the People’s Government of Jilin City. The results of the disposed subsidiary for the years ended 31 December 2015 and 2014 were as follows:

	Notes	2015 RMB' 000	2014 RMB' 000
Turnover		46,628	45,639
Cost of sales		<u>(39,448)</u>	<u>(57,319)</u>
Gross profit/(loss)		7,180	(11,680)
Distribution costs		(830)	(1,013)
Administrative expenses		(10,401)	(28,109)
Other income and gains	22	640	2,659
Other expenses and losses	23	<u>—</u>	<u>(739)</u>
Operating loss		<u>(3,411)</u>	<u>(38,882)</u>
Finance income	26	708	797
Finance costs	26	<u>(4,445)</u>	<u>(11,706)</u>
Loss before income tax	24	<u>(7,148)</u>	<u>(49,791)</u>
Income tax expenses	27	<u>(475)</u>	<u>(950)</u>
Loss after income tax		<u>(7,623)</u>	<u>(50,741)</u>
Loss on disposal of a subsidiary	31	<u>(36,992)</u>	<u>—</u>
Loss for the year from discontinued operations		<u><u>(44,615)</u></u>	<u><u>(50,741)</u></u>

The net cash flows of the discontinued operations for the years ended 31 December 2015 and 2014 were as follows:

	2015 RMB' 000	2014 RMB' 000
Net cash (used in)/generated from operating activities	(3,593)	24,081
Net cash generated from investing activities	36,155	32,853
Net cash used in financing activities	<u>(23,918)</u>	<u>(57,592)</u>
Net cash inflows/(outflows) from the discontinued operations	<u><u>8,644</u></u>	<u><u>(658)</u></u>
From discontinued operations		
– basic and diluted (expressed in RMB cents per share)	<u><u>(5.2)</u></u>	<u><u>(5.8)</u></u>

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2015

31. DISPOSAL OF A SUBSIDIARY

	Notes	As at 30 June 2015 RMB'000
Assets disposed of:		
Land use rights	7	6,333
Property, plant and equipment	8	406,192
Deferred income tax assets	20	13,311
Inventories		96,490
Trade and other receivables		65,825
Restricted bank deposits		52,201
Cash and cash equivalents		13,853
Total assets		654,205
Liabilities disposed of:		
Long term bank borrowings		105,000
Deferred income	18	13,750
Short term bank borrowings		16,000
Trade and other payables		324,695
Total liabilities		459,445
Net assets		194,760
Loss on disposal of a subsidiary	30, 32	(36,992)
		157,768
Satisfied by:		
Consideration receivable (Note)		157,768

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2015

31. DISPOSAL OF A SUBSIDIARY – *continued*

An analysis of the net outflow of cash and cash equivalents in respect of the disposal of a subsidiary is as follows:

	As at 30 June 2015 RMB' 000
Cash and cash equivalents	(13,853)

Note:

During the year ended 31 December 2015, significant non-cash transaction include the consideration of RMB157,768,000 from the disposal of a subsidiary. Consideration receivable is unsecured, interest bearing at rate of 4.35% per annum and will be repaid in three installments in the following three years. As at 31 December 2015, the carrying amount of consideration receivable is as follows:

	2015 RMB' 000
Consideration receivable:	
– Within 1 year (Note 13(i))	31,087
– Within 2 to 5 years (Note 11)	130,153
	161,240

The movement in the consideration receivable during the year is as follows:

	2015 RMB' 000
Arising on disposal of a subsidiary	157,768
Charged to consolidated statement of comprehensive income:	
– interest income on consideration receivable (Note 26)	3,472
At 31 December	161,240

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2015

32. NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

Cash generated from operations

	Notes	2015 RMB' 000	2014 RMB' 000 (Restated)
Profit/(loss) before income tax			
– Continuing operations		182,224	(18,082)
– Discontinued operations (including loss on disposal of a subsidiary)		(44,140)	(49,791)
		<u>138,084</u>	<u>(67,873)</u>
Adjustments for:			
– Provision for/(reversal of) impairment on trade and other receivables	23	15,143	(2,623)
– Depreciation	8, 24	131,639	188,955
– Amortisation of			
– land use rights	7, 24	3,881	3,898
– intangible assets	9, 24	333	—
– Amortisation of deferred income	18, 22	(7,588)	(7,274)
– (Reversal of)/provision for impairment of inventories	24	(2,435)	12,960
– Net loss/(gain) arising on derivative financial instrument	22, 23	221	(380)
– Gain on disposal of property, plant and equipment	22	(3,881)	(143)
– Gain on disposal of land use rights	22	(3,697)	—
– Loss on disposal of a subsidiary	31	36,992	—
– Interest income	26	(6,218)	(2,532)
– Interest and guarantee fee expenses	26	123,445	147,436
– Share of result of a joint venture	10	(21,682)	32,387
– Gain attributable to equity interests of a joint venture	10, 22	(273)	(273)
Operating profit before working capital changes		<u>403,964</u>	<u>304,538</u>
Changes in working capital:			
– decrease in inventories		42,518	46,588
– increase in trade and other receivables		(204,107)	(87,609)
– increase/(decrease) in trade and other payables		233,739	(80,233)
Cash generated from operations		<u>476,114</u>	<u>183,284</u>

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2015

33. COMMITMENTS

(a) Capital Commitment

Capital expenditure contracted for at the end of the reporting period but not yet incurred is as follows:

	2015 RMB' 000	2014 RMB' 000
Property, plant and equipment	<u>17,955</u>	<u>1,553</u>

(b) Operating lease commitments

The Group as the lessee

The Group is the lessee in respect of properties and items of plant and machinery held under operating leases. The leases typically run for an initial period of 3 to 4 years.

The future aggregate minimum lease payments under non-cancellable operating leases, mainly in relation to the rental expense of leased assets to JCFCL and the rental expense to group entities under JCF Groupco, are as follows:

	2015 RMB' 000	2014 RMB' 000
Not later than 1 year		
– Leased assets to independent entities	23	—
– Leased assets to JCFCL (Note 34(a) (i))	10,277	10,277
– Leased assets to group entities under JCF Groupco	<u>2,192</u>	<u>2,192</u>
	<u>12,492</u>	<u>12,469</u>
Later than 1 year and not later than 5 years		
– Leased assets to independent entities	68	—
– Leased assets to JCFCL (Note 34(a) (i))	—	10,277
– Leased assets to group entities under JCF Groupco	<u>—</u>	<u>2,192</u>
	<u>68</u>	<u>12,469</u>
	<u>12,560</u>	<u>24,938</u>

The Group as the lessor

The Group leases out land use rights under operating lease. The lease typically runs for an initial period of 17 years. None of the leases include contingent rentals.

The future minimum lease payments receivable under non-cancellable operating leases are as follows:

	2015 RMB' 000	2014 RMB' 000
Land use rights and machinery		
Not later than 1 year	28	119
Later than 1 year and not later than 5 years	112	167
Later than 5 years	<u>29</u>	<u>66</u>
	<u>169</u>	<u>352</u>

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2015

34. SIGNIFICANT RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The Group is controlled by JCF Groupco, the ultimate parent company, which owns 50.01% of the Company's shares. The remaining 49.99% of the shares are held by public shareholders and several strategic investors. JCF Groupco itself is a state-owned enterprise controlled by the PRC government. In accordance with HKAS 24 (Revised) "Related Party Disclosures" ("HKAS 24 (Revised)"), government related entities (e.g. state-owned enterprises) and their subsidiaries directly or indirectly controlled, jointly controlled or significantly influenced by the PRC government are also defined as related parties of the Group. A portion of the Group's business activities is conducted with other government related entities in the PRC (primarily with respect to sales of finished products, purchases of raw materials/utilities and transactions with state-owned banks). The Group believes that these transactions are carried out on terms that are similarly and consistently applied to all other customers or suppliers.

For the purpose of related party transaction disclosures, the Group has identified, to the extent practicable, its customers and suppliers as to whether they are government related entities. The Company's directors believe that it is meaningful to disclose any significant related party transactions with these government related entities for the interests of the financial statements users, although these transactions are exempted from the disclosure requirements as set out in the HKAS 24 (Revised). The Company's directors believe that the information in respect of related party transactions has been adequately disclosed in these consolidated financial statements.

In addition to those disclosed elsewhere in the consolidated financial statements, the following is a summary of significant related party transactions entered into in the ordinary course of business between the Group and its related parties during the year.

During the year, for the purpose of this report, the directors are of the view that the following group entities under JCF Groupco and Tangu are related parties of the group:

Name of related parties	Relationships
Tuopu Textile	A subsidiary of JCF Groupco
Jilin Chemical Fiber Construction and Installation Engineering Co., Ltd.	A subsidiary of JCF Groupco
Jilin Huidong Chemical Industry Co., Ltd.	A subsidiary of JCF Groupco
Jilin Aika Viscose Fiber Co., Ltd.	A subsidiary of JCF Groupco
JCFCL	A subsidiary of JCF Groupco
Jilin Chemical Fiber Furunde Textile Co. Ltd	A subsidiary of JCF Groupco
Jilin Chemical Fiber Group Import Export Co., Ltd.	A subsidiary of JCF Groupco
Tangu	A subsidiary of the Company up to 30 June 2015 and a subsidiary of a state-owned enterprise controlled by the PRC government

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2015

34. SIGNIFICANT RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS – *continued*

(a) Related party transactions

	2015 RMB' 000	2014 RMB' 000
Sales of goods to:		
– a shareholder of the Company	310,372	318,996
– group entities under JCF Groupco*	57,196	2,974
Provision of utilities to:		
– a joint venture	160,006	169,510
– group entities under JCF Groupco*	206,681	213,244
– Tangu	5,297	—
Provision of quality inspection services		
– a joint venture	1,863	2,017
– Tangu	44	—
Sales of raw materials to a joint venture	9,477	10,389
Sales of materials to Tangu	102	—
Sales of property, plant and equipment to:		
– a joint venture	5,947	—
– group entities under JCF Groupco*	5	—
Rental expense to JCFCL in respect of the remaining leased asset* (Note (i))	(11,868)	(10,924)
Rental expense to group entities under JCF Groupco*	(1,186)	(2,192)
Bank borrowings guarantee fees to the JCF Groupco (Note (ii))	(14,875)	(1,200)
Repair and maintenance service fee to group entities under JCF Groupco*	(8,015)	(5,653)
Purchases of property, plant and equipment from a group entity under JCF Groupco	—	(218)
Purchases of raw materials from:		
– a joint venture	(198)	(249)
– group entities under JCF Groupco*	(9,392)	(9,399)
Construction costs to group entities under JCF Groupco*	—	(190)

* These transactions constitute continuing connected transactions as defined under Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules.

Notes:

- (i) On 26 August 2008, the Group has entered into a lease agreement with JCFCL, pursuant to which, the Group leases certain utility production facilities (the “Leased Assets”) from JCFCL for the period from 4 November 2008 to 31 December 2010. In 2013, the lease agreement has been renewed for another three years until 31 December 2016 (Note 33(b)). Along with certain utility production facilities (including a thermal power plant (the “Utility Facilities”)) as owned by the Group, the Company’s directors believe that the Group can produce electricity and steam for its own production in a more cost efficient manner and any surplus of utilities generated from the Utility Facilities and the Leased Assets will be provided to the Group’s fellow subsidiaries, joint venture, other related companies and third parties at the rates to be determined amongst the parties concerned.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2015

34. SIGNIFICANT RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS – *continued*

(a) Related party transactions – *continued*

Notes: – *continued*

- (ii) JCF Groupco waived the bank borrowing guarantee fees of the Company for the year ended 31 December 2014. Guarantee fees amounting to RMB1,200,000 was paid by Tangu for the year ended 31 December 2014.
- (iii) JCF Groupco allowed the Group to the use of the trademark of “白山” (Baishan) at nil consideration during the years ended 31 December 2015 and 2014.
- (iv) The Group permitted JCF Groupco to use the Group’s premises free of rent to operate its staff canteen. The Group is not required to bear the operating costs of the canteen.

(b) Balances with related parties

	2015 RMB' 000	2014 RMB' 000 (Restated)
Trade receivables from		
– group entities under JCF Groupco	6,463	—
– Tuopu Textile		
– Non current	3,369	—
– Current	5,000	6,119
	<u>14,832</u>	<u>6,119</u>
Advance from customer		
– a shareholder of the Company	4,967	6,854
Amount due from – Non current		
– Tuopu Textile	10,978	—
Amounts due from – current		
– group entities under JCF Groupco	62,182	64,442
– a joint venture	29,708	19,010
– JCFCL	174,633	172,559
– Tangu	258,645	—
– Tuopu Textile	—	10,179
	<u>525,168</u>	<u>266,190</u>
	<u>536,146</u>	<u>266,190</u>

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2015

34. SIGNIFICANT RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS – *continued*

(b) Balances with related parties – *continued*

	2015 RMB' 000	2014 RMB' 000 (Restated)
Trade payables to		
– group entities under JCF Groupco	—	612
Amounts due to		
– JCF Groupco	7,096	3,075
– group entities under JCF Groupco	2,906	3,418
– JCFCL	—	499
	10,002	6,992
Advance to supplier		
– group entities under JCF Groupco	372	—

Note:

The trade and other receivables due from Toupu Textile was interest bearing at 4.4% and had a three year repayment term. JCF Groupco confirmed to provide continuing financial support to Toupu Textile to the extent necessary to enable them to meet their obligation as and when they fall due. The directors of the Company does not expect any significant loss from the non-performance by Toupu Textile and hence no provision for impairment has been made as at 31 December 2015 (2014: Nil).

The amounts due from the joint venture and other related companies except for Toupu Textile were unsecured, non-interest bearing and had no fixed terms of repayment.

At 31 December 2014, included in the amounts due from the related companies was an amount of RMB47,000,000 representing a letter of credit from JCFCL which was discounted to a financial institution with recourse. JCFCL was the primary obligors for payment on due date of such commercial acceptances. In the event of default, the Group was obliged to pay the financial institution the amount in default. Late interest would be charged by the financial institution until the amount was settled. The Group was therefore exposed to the credit risk and late payment risk in respect of the letter of credit. The proceeds of the discounting transactions were included in borrowings as asset-backed financing (Note 17) until the discounted bills were matured or settled.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2015

34. SIGNIFICANT RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS – *continued*

(c) Transactions/balances with other state-owned entities in the PRC

The Group operates in an economic environment currently predominated by enterprises directly or indirectly owned, jointly controlled or significantly influenced by the PRC government (collectively the “state-owned entities”). Excepted as stated above the Company’s directors consider that state-owned entities are independent third parties so far as the Group’s business transactions with them are concerned.

During the year, the Group had transactions with other state-owned entities including, but not limited to, the sales of finished goods, purchases of raw materials/utilities and transactions with state-owned banks.

The sales of finished goods to these state-owned entities are individually not significant. The individually significant purchases transactions with these state-controlled entities primarily includes the purchases of raw materials/utilities from these state-owned entities of RMB776,437,000 (2014: RMB1,217,377,000).

In addition, approximately 100% and 94% (2014: 100% and 96% respectively) of the Group’s bank balances (including restricted bank deposits) and borrowings are deposited/arranged with state-owned banks as at 31 December 2015.

(d) Key management compensation

Key management includes the executive and non-executive directors, supervisors and secretaries to the board of directors of the Company. The compensation paid or payable to these key management is shown as below:

	2015 RMB’000	2014 RMB’000
Wages, salaries and other short-term employee benefits	2,924	2,443
Pension and social security costs	51	117
	<u>2,975</u>	<u>2,560</u>

(e) Financial Guarantee Liabilities

As at 31 December 2015, the Group has outstanding guarantee off RMB16,000,000 provided to Tangu for its bank borrowings which would be expired on 20 May 2016.

The directors of the Company consider that the fair value of this outstanding financial guarantee is insignificant at initial recognition and the possibility of default is remote. Accordingly, no value has been recognised at the inspection of the guarantee contracts and on the consolidated statement of financial position as at 31 December 2015.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2015

35. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS BY CATEGORY

As of the respective reporting dates, the financial instruments of the Group are categorised as follows:

	Asset/(liabilities) as per consolidated statement of financial position			
	Loans and receivables RMB' 000	Total RMB' 000	Financial liabilities at amortised costs RMB' 000	Total RMB' 000
At 31 December 2015				
Trade and other receivables (excluding prepayments)	897,308	897,308	—	—
Cash and cash equivalents	67,620	67,620	—	—
Restricted bank deposits	62,151	62,151	—	—
Borrowings	—	—	(1,276,407)	(1,276,407)
Trade and other payables (excluding other taxes, advance from customers and provision for staff welfare)	—	—	(276,301)	(276,301)
Total	1,027,079	1,027,079	(1,552,708)	(1,552,708)

	Asset/(liabilities) as per consolidated statement of financial position				
	Loans and receivables RMB' 000	Total RMB' 000	Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss RMB' 000	Financial liabilities at amortised costs RMB' 000	Total RMB' 000
At 31 December 2014					
Trade and other receivables (excluding prepayments)	637,609	637,609	—	—	—
Cash and cash equivalents	57,814	57,814	—	—	—
Restricted bank deposits	143,657	143,657	—	—	—
Borrowings	—	—	—	(1,737,347)	(1,737,347)
Derivative financial instrument	—	—	(4,992)	—	(4,992)
Trade and other payables (excluding other taxes, advance from customers and provision for staff welfare)	—	—	—	(369,349)	(369,349)
Total	839,080	839,080	(4,992)	(2,106,696)	(2,111,688)

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2015

36. COMPANY-LEVEL STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

	2015 RMB' 000	2014 RMB' 000
ASSETS		
Non-current assets		
Land use rights	70,585	74,421
Property, plant and equipment	911,730	1,011,618
Intangible assets	3,667	—
Investment in a subsidiary	—	385,000
Investment in a joint venture	225,000	225,000
Deferred income tax assets	48,232	51,674
Prepayments and other receivables	144,500	2,785
	<u>1,403,714</u>	<u>1,750,498</u>
Current assets		
Inventories	208,683	254,213
Trade and other receivables	802,515	816,391
Land use rights	3,321	3,865
Restricted bank deposits	62,151	93,657
Cash and cash equivalents	67,620	52,605
	<u>1,144,290</u>	<u>1,220,731</u>
Total assets	<u><u>2,548,004</u></u>	<u><u>2,971,229</u></u>
EQUITY		
Capital and reserves attributable to owners of the Company		
Share capital	866,250	866,250
Share premium	142,477	142,477
Other reserves	31,919	31,919
Accumulated losses	(171,609)	(101,606)
Total equity	<u>869,037</u>	<u>939,040</u>

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2015

36. COMPANY-LEVEL STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION – *continued*

	2015 RMB' 000	2014 RMB' 000
LIABILITIES		
Non-current liabilities		
Long-term bank borrowings	115,154	217,697
Deferred income	40,872	48,838
	156,026	266,535
Current liabilities		
Trade and other payables	354,661	370,488
Deferred income	7,027	6,024
Short-term bank borrowings	1,058,710	1,289,099
Current portion of long-term bank borrowings	102,543	95,051
Derivative financial instrument	—	4,992
	1,522,941	1,765,654
Total liabilities	1,678,967	2,032,189
Total equity and liabilities	2,548,004	2,971,229
Net current liabilities	(378,651)	(544,923)
Total assets less current liabilities	1,025,063	1,205,575

Approved and authorised for issue by the board of directors on 30 March 2016.

Song Dewu
Chairman

Pan Xianfeng
Director

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2015

36. COMPANY-LEVEL STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION – *continued*

Details of the change in the Company individual components of equity between the beginning and the end of the year are set out below:

	Reserve fund	Enterprise expansion fund	Statutory reserve fund	Accumulated losses	Total
	RMB' 000	RMB' 000	RMB' 000	RMB' 000	RMB' 000
	(Note 16(a))	(Note 16(a))	(Note 16(b))		
At 1 January 2014	—	—	31,919	(126,296)	(94,377)
Profit for the year	—	—	—	24,690	24,690
At 31 December 2014	—	—	31,919	(101,606)	(69,687)
Loss for the year	—	—	—	(70,003)	(70,003)
At 31 December 2015	—	—	31,919	(171,609)	(139,690)

37. COMPARATIVE FIGURE

Comparative figures

Certain 2014 corresponding comparative figures have been reclassified to conform to current year's presentation.

Results from the disposed subsidiary were reclassified to the balance of loss from discontinued operations.

38. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

On 14 January 2016, a specific mandate was granted by the shareholders in shareholders' meetings of the Company to issue not more than 600,000,000 new H Shares (the "Placing Shares") pursuant to a proposed offer by way of private placing of the Placing Shares by or on behalf of the placing agent to the placee(s), on a best endeavour basis, on the terms and subject to the conditions set out in the placing agreement entered into between the Company and the placing agent on 29 September 2015 (the "Placing"). The 600,000,000 Placing Shares represent approximately 69.26% of the existing issued share capital of the Company as at the date of this annual report. On 14 January 2016, a specific resolution was also passed by the shareholders in shareholders' meetings of the Company to approve the conversion of 169,358,404 non-foreign Shares to H Shares (the "Conversion"). After completion of the Conversion, the 169,358,404 Non-H Foreign Shares (representing approximately 19.55% of the existing issued share capital as at the date of this annual report) will be cancelled and the 169,358,404 H Shares newly issued pursuant to the Conversion will rank, when issued and fully paid, *pari passu* in all respects with the H Shares in issue as at the date of allotment and issue of such H Shares.