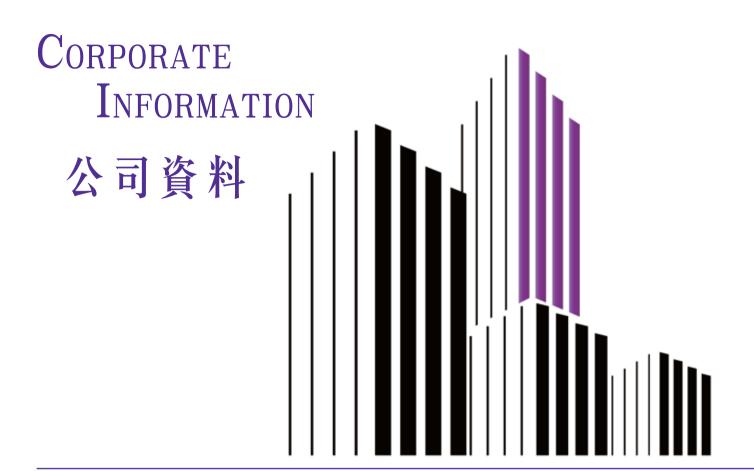


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BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Executive Directors

Mr. NGAI Chun Hung (Chairman)

Mr. YAU Kwok Fai

(Deputy Chairman and Chief Executive Officer)

Independent Non-Executive Directors

Professor KO Jan Ming

The Hon. IP Kwok Him, GBS, JP Mr. FUNG Pui Cheung, Eugene

BOARD COMMITTEES

Audit Committee

Mr. FUNG Pui Cheung, Eugene (Chairman)

Professor KO Jan Ming

The Hon. IP Kwok Him, GBS, JP

Remuneration Committee

Professor KO Jan Ming (Chairman)

The Hon. IP Kwok Him, GBS, JP

Mr. FUNG Pui Cheung, Eugene

Mr. YAU Kwok Fai

董事會

執行董事

魏振雄先生(主席)

游國輝先生

(副主席及行政總裁)

獨立非執行董事

高贊明教授

葉國謙議員(金紫荊星章、太平紳士)

馮培漳先生

董事會之委員會

審核委員會

馮培漳先生(主席)

高贊明教授

葉國謙議員(金紫荊星章、太平紳士)

薪酬委員會

高贊明教授(主席)

葉國謙議員(金紫荊星章、太平紳士)

馮培漳先生

游國輝先生

Corporate Information 公司資料

Nomination Committee

Mr. NGAI Chun Hung (*Chairman*) Professor KO Jan Ming The Hon. IP Kwok Him, GBS, *JP* Mr. FUNG Pui Cheung, Eugene

COMPANY SECRETARY

Ms. TSANG Hau Lam, FCCA, CPA

AUDITORS

Ernst & Young
Certified Public Accountants

REGISTERED OFFICE

Clarendon House, 2 Church Street Hamilton HM 11, Bermuda

HEAD OFFICE AND PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS

No. 155 Waterloo Road, Kowloon Tong Kowloon, Hong Kong

SHARE REGISTRAR AND TRANSFER OFFICE

Principal Share Registrar and Transfer Office in Bermuda

Codan Services Limited Clarendon House, 2 Church Street Hamilton HM 11, Bermuda

Hong Kong Branch Share Registrar and Transfer Office

Tricor Tengis Limited Level 22, Hopewell Centre, 183 Queen's Road East Hong Kong

SHARE INFORMATION

Ordinary share listing

Place of listing Main Board of The Stock Exchange

of Hong Kong Limited

Stock code 00015

Board lot size 2,000 Shares

WEBSITES

www.vantageholdings.com www.capitalfp.com.hk/eng/index.jsp?co=15

提名委員會

魏振雄先生(主席) 高贊明教授 葉國謙議員(金紫荊星章、太平紳士) 馮培漳先生

公司秘書

曾巧臨小姐(資深會計師(FCCA))(會計師(CPA))

核數師

安永會計師事務所 執業會計師

註冊辦事處

百慕達Clarendon House, 2 Church Street Hamilton HM 11

總辦事處兼主要營業地點

香港九龍 九龍塘窩打老道155號

股份過戶登記處 百慕達股份過戶登記總處

Codan Services Limited 百慕達Clarendon House, 2 Church Street Hamilton HM 11

香港股份過戶登記分處

卓佳登捷時有限公司 香港皇后大道東183號 合和中心22樓

股份資料

普通股上市

上市地點 香港聯合交易所有限公司主板

股票代號 00015 每手買賣單位 2,000股

網址

www.vantageholdings.com www.capitalfp.com.hk/eng/index.jsp?co=15

FIVE-YEAR FINANCIAL SUMMARY



FIVE-YEAR FINANCIAL SUMMARY 五年財務概要

RESULTS 業績

Year ended 31 March 截至三月三十一日止年度

		2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000 千港元	2015 二零一五年 HK\$'000 <i>千港元</i> (Restated) (經重列)	2014 二零一四年 HK\$'000 <i>千港元</i> (Restated) (經重列)	2013 二零一三年 HK\$*000 千港元 (Restated) (經重列)	2012 二零一二年 HK\$'000 <i>千港元</i> (Restated) (經重列)
REVENUE Contract revenue Property gross rental income Interest income from loans receivable	收入 合約收入 物業租金收入 應收貸款的利息收入	2,374,377 36,723 5,665	1,933,864 17,880	1,886,510 15,710	2,470,548 21,809	2,246,539 20,859
Contract costs Property expenses	合約成本 物業開支	2,416,765 (2,080,515) (5,024)	1,951,744 (1,814,232) (1,810)	1,902,220 (1,776,586) (639)	2,492,357 (2,344,683) (1,476)	2,267,398 (2,136,553) (1,268)
Gross profit Other income and gains Administrative and other expenses Finance costs Share of profits and losses of joint ventures Income tax	毛利 其他收入及收益 行政及其他開支 財務費用 應佔合營企業之溢利及虧損 税項支出	331,226 383,417 (65,677) (15,468) 182,732 (44,041)	135,702 41,573 (54,108) (14,120) 22,829 (9,902)	124,995 12,808 (49,204) (7,731) 24,891 (11,880)	146,198 183,604 (46,800) (9,449) 30,812 (17,102)	129,577 97,568 (46,436) (7,363) 44,760 (15,613)
PROFIT FOR THE YEAR FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS Other Comprehensive income Profit from a discontinued operation	持續經營業務之年度溢利 其他全面收益 已終止經營業務之收益	772,189 - 358	121,974 - 16,494	93,879 204,197 23,319	287,263 - 31,910	202,493
PROFIT AND TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR	日 年度溢利及全面收益總額	772,547	138,468	321,395	319,173	233,985
Profit and total comprehensive income attributable to: Owners of the parent Non-controlling interests	應佔全面收益總額: 母公司持有者 非控制性權益	772,483 64	134,500 3,968	319,570 1,825	319,173	233,985
		772,547	138,468	321,395	319,173	233,985

STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL POSITION 財務狀況表

As at 31 March 於三月三十一日

		2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000 <i>千港元</i>	2015 二零一五年 HK\$'000 <i>千港元</i>	2014 二零一四年 HK\$'000 <i>千港元</i>	2013 二零一三年 HK\$'000 <i>千港元</i>	2012 二零一二年 HK\$'000 <i>千港元</i>
Investment properties Property, plant and equipment Properties held for development Investments in joint ventures Other non-current assets Properties held for sale Other current assets Liabilities	投物持於 業機 機 養 業 有 管 業 有 管 業 者 所 、 機 發 是 動 等 後 務 。	1,008,500 143,453 324,334 26,950 4,241 510,185 2,249,937 (1,501,984)	920,200 147,825 728,257 141,418 4,260 - 1,752,377 (1,560,639)	874,600 147,807 726,274 166,914 416 - 1,583,550 (1,506,390)	419,600 346,891 250,000 142,023 396 50,171 1,799,166 (1,493,241)	953,520 294,700 250,000 111,211 - 43,165 1,137,338 (1,599,419)
NET ASSETS	資產淨值	2,765,616	2,133,698	1,993,171	1,515,006	1,190,515
Issued capital Reserves	已發行股本 儲備	43,667 2,721,949	43,667 2,033,499	43,667 1,896,940	37,792 1,477,214	37,459 1,153,056
Non-controlling interests	非控制性權益	2,765,616	2,077,166 56,532	1,940,607 52,564	1,515,006 -	1,190,515
TOTAL EQUITY	總權益	2,765,616	2,133,698	1,993,171	1,515,006	1,190,515



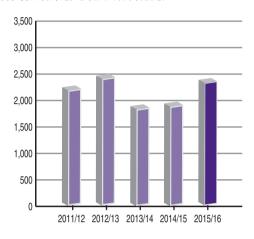
FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- Revenue from continuing operations for the year ended 31 March 2016 increased by 23.8% to approximately HK\$2,417 million from approximately HK\$1,952 million for the year ended 31 March 2015.
- Net profit from continuing operations for the year increased to approximately HK\$772 million, representing an increase of 533.1% as compared with approximately HK\$122 million for the year ended 31 March 2015.
- Basic earnings per share from continuing operations for the year ended 31 March 2016 amounted to HK44.21 cents (2015: HK6.98 cents).

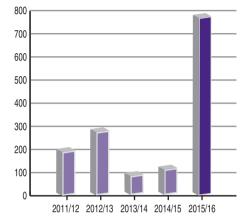
財務摘要

- 截至二零一六年三月三十一日止年度來自 持續經營業務之收入約24.17億港元,較 截至二零一五年三月三十一日止年度之約 19.52億港元增加23.8%。
- 本年度來自持續經營業務之溢利約7.72億 港元,較截至二零一五年三月三十一日止 年度之約1.22億港元增加533.1%。
- 截至二零一六年三月三十一日止年度來自 持續經營業務之每股基本溢利為44.21港仙 (二零一五年:6.98港仙)。

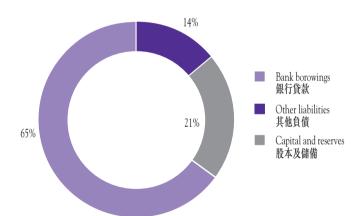
Revenue from Continuing Operations (HK\$ million) 來自持續經營業務之收入(百萬港元)



Profit for the Year from Continuing Operations (HK\$ million) 來自持續經營業務之年度溢利淨額(百萬港元)



Capital and Liabilities 股本及負債 As at 31 March 2016 於二零一六年三月三十一日



Dear Shareholders,

On behalf of the board ("Board") of directors (the "Directors") of Vantage International (Holdings) Limited (the "Company"), I report the annual results of the Group for the year ended 31 March 2016.

PERFORMANCE

In the year ended 31 March 2016, the Group's consolidated revenue from continuing operations amounted to HK\$2,416,765,000, representing an increase of 23.8% from HK\$1,951,744,000 for the year ended 31 March 2015. Profit attributable to owners of the parent of the Company for the year ended 31 March 2016 amounted to HK\$772,483,000, representing an increase of 474.3% from HK\$134,500,000 for the corresponding year ended 31 March 2015. Basic earnings per share from continuing operations for the year were HK44.21 cents (2015: HK6.98 cents). The increase in profit from continuing operations was mainly due to the combined effects of the one-off gain on disposal of Excel Development (as defined below) amounted to HK\$291,457,000 (2015: Nil), the increase in share of profits of joint ventures due to the profits shared for the disposal of interest in Nga Chun (as defined below) by a joint venture for approximately HK\$180 million (2015: Nil), the gain on changes in fair value of the Group's investment properties amounted to HK\$89,006,000 for the year ended 31 March 2016 (2015: HK\$40,986,000), the increase in gross profit contributed from the contract works business and the property investment and development business in current year and the new provision of finance business.

The net assets value attributable to owners of the parent as at 31 March 2016 amounted to HK\$2,765,616,000 (approximately HK\$1.58 per share), representing an increase of 33.1% (2015: HK\$2,077,166,000 (approximately HK\$1.19 per share)).

DIVIDEND

The Board recommends the payment of a final dividend of HK2 cents (2015: HK5 cents) per ordinary share for the year ended 31 March 2016. The proposed payment of the final dividends is subject to approval of the Company's shareholders at the forthcoming 2016 annual general meeting of the Company and has not been recognised as a liability as at 31 March 2016.

致各位股東:

本人謹代表盈信控股有限公司(「本公司」)之董事(「董事」)會(「董事會」),宣佈本集團截至二零一六年三月三十一日止年度的全年業績。

業績表現

於截至二零一六年三月三十一日止年度,本集團 來自持續經營業務之綜合收入為2,416,765,000港 元,較截至二零一五年三月三十一日止年度之 1,951,744,000港元增加23.8%。本集團母公司持 有者應佔溢利由截至二零一五年三月三十一日 止年度之134,500,000港元,上升474.3%至本年度 之772,483,000港元。本年度來自持續經營業務之 每股基本溢利為44.21港仙(二零一五年:6.98港 仙)。來自持續經營業務之溢利上升主要是由於 本集團於截至二零一六年三月三十一日止年度 錄得單次出售怡益控股(如下文所定義)之溢利 291,457,000港元(二零一五年:無)、由於一合營 企業出售於雅駿控股(如下文所定義)的權益而令 本集團可從合營企業分得之溢利約180,000,000港 元(二零一五年:無)、投資物業公允值變動收益 89,006,000港元(二零一五年:40,986,000港元)、 貢獻自合約工程業務及物業投資與發展業務的毛 利皆上升及提供融資的新業務之共同影響所致。

另一方面,於二零一六年三月三十一日的母公司 持有者應佔資產淨值為2,765,616,000港元(約每股1.58港元),較去年上升33.1%(二零一五年: 2,077,166,000港元(約每股1.19港元))。

股息

董事會建議就截至二零一六年三月三十一日止年度派發末期股息每股普通股2港仙(二零一五年:每股5港仙)。擬派發之末期股息須於本公司即將舉行的二零一六年年度股東週年大會上獲得股東批准,方可作實,此末期股息因而並未在二零一六年三月三十一日確認為負債。

BUSINESS REVIEW

During the year under review, the Group was engaged in the contract works business, which mainly comprised building construction and building maintenance works, the property investment and development business and the new provision of finance business in Hong Kong, whereas for the last year, the Group also engaged in the business of the Excel Group (as defined below), which mainly comprised civil engineering works.

Contract works

The Group's contract works business can be further divided into two businesses according to nature of contracts, being building construction and maintenance works and civil engineering works. All civil engineering projects of the Group had been engaged through the Excel Group. Due to the Excel Disposal (as defined below), the Group discontinued its operation in civil engineering works in June 2015.

For the year ended 31 March 2016, revenue from external customers recorded for this segment from continuing operations amounted to HK\$2,374,377,000 (2015: HK\$1,933,864,000), representing an increase of 22.8% from that of last year. Segment's gross profit margin from continuing operations also increased from 6.2% for the year ended 31 March 2015 to 12.4% for the year ended 31 March 2016. The increase in revenue and gross profit margin were mainly attributable to a substantial building construction project which contributed over 40.0% of the segment's revenue in current year. This project had a relative short construction period and a higher gross profit margin when compared to other substantial construction contracts. As this project only commenced in late 2014, it did not have a significant impact on the Group's revenue and gross profit for the year ended 31 March 2015. This project was completed in this year. Meanwhile, current year's revenue from the contract works segment was mainly contributed from matured projects or projects completed in the year that the profitability estimation of these projects are more certain.

Besides our wholly-owned subsidiaries, the Group also engaged in this segment through joint ventures.

業務回顧

於回顧年度內,本集團主要於香港經營合約工程 業務(當中主要包括樓宇建築及保養工程)、物業 投資及發展業務及提供融資業務。而去年,本集 團亦有從事恰益集團(如下文所定義)的業務,當 中主要為土木工程項目。

合約工程

本集團之合約工程分部按工程類型可再細分為兩項業務,即樓宇建築及保養工程以及土木工程。 本集團的所有土木工程項目皆通過怡益集團進行。由於出售怡益事項(如下文所定義),本集團 自二零一五年六月終止經營土木工程業務。

於截至二零一六年三月三十一日止年度, 此分部來自持續經營業務之外部客戶收入為 2,374,377,000港元(二零一五年:1,933,864,000港 元),較去年上升22.8%。來自持續經營業務之分 部毛利率亦由截至二零一五年三月三十一日止 年度的6.2%,上升至截至二零一六年三月三十一 日止年度的12.4%。收入及毛利率之增加主要與 一項佔本年度分部收入超逾40.0%的重大樓宇建 造工程有關。與其他主要建築工程比較,該項目 的建造期較短而毛利率較高。由於這項目於二零 一四年年末才啟動,因而並無對本集團於截至二 零一五年三月三十一日止年度之毛利有重大影 響。該項目已於本年完成。此外,由於對本年度 之合約工程分部收入有較大影響的項目主要為較 成熟的項目,或已於本年度完結之項目,固對於 估算該等項目之利潤有更大把握。

除全資附屬公司外,本集團亦透過合營企業從事 此分部之業務。

Property Investment and Development

Our Group's investment properties were valued at an aggregate value of HK\$1,008,500,000 as of 31 March 2016 (2015: HK\$920,200,000) by an independent professional valuer. Based on the independent valuation performed, gain on changes in fair value of investment properties of HK\$89,006,000 was recorded from continuing operations of the Group for the year ended 31 March 2016 (2015: HK\$40,986,000).

During the year ended 31 March 2016, the Group recorded a gross rental income from external customers of HK\$36,723,000 from its properties (including A Hotel), representing a 105.4% increase from HK\$17,880,000 for the year ended 31 March 2015. The increase in rental income for the year under review was primarily due to the combined effects of (i) leasing of a significant portion of the shop units at No.123 Tung Choi Street since July 2015; (ii) leasing of the A Hotel since late 2015; (iii) the renewal of the tenancy agreement for the investment properties at Fou Wah Centre in Tsuen Wan in late 2014; (iv) increase in income from the temporary operation of A Hotel before leasing it to a third party; and (v) increase in the leasing of properties held for development before the respective property project commenced.

Other than property investment activities, the Group also acts as a property developer and engaged in property development activities during the years.

Provision of finance

During the year under review, a licence has been granted to a subsidiary of the Group under the Money Lenders Ordinance to carry on provision of finance business in Hong Kong. For the year ended 31 March 2016, interest income of HK\$5,665,000 had been earned from loans receivable.

物業投資及發展

於二零一六年三月三十一日,本集團之投資物業經獨立專業估值師評估,總值達1,008,500,000港元(二零一五年:920,200,000港元)。跟據進行之獨立評估,本集團於截至二零一六年三月三十一日止年度自持續經營業務錄得有關投資物業公平價值變動收益89,006,000港元(二零一五年:40,986,000港元)。

於截至二零一六年三月三十一日止年度,本集團來自外部客戶的物業租金收入(包括來自A酒店)為36,723,000港元,較截至二零一五年三月三十一日止年度的17,880,000港元增加105.4%。本年度租金收入之增加,主要因為(i)自二零一五年七月起租出大部份位於通菜街123號的商鋪;(ii)自二零一五年年末租出A酒店;(iii)位於荃灣富華中心的投資物業之租金於二零一四年年末之調整;(iv)於出租A酒店予一第三方之前,暫時營運A酒店之收入上升;及(v)於發展項目開展前出租持有作發展的物業的共同影響所致。

除物業投資外,本集團於年內亦作為發展商從事 物業發展業務。

提供融資

於本回顧年度,本集團的一附屬公司根據放債人 條例獲發牌照,可於香港從事提供融資業務。於 截至二零一六年三月三十一日止年度,本集團自 應收貸款中賺取5,665,000港元利息收入。

DISPOSAL OF EXCEL DEVELOPMENT

As set out in notes 11 and 33(a) to the financial statement, on 5 June 2015, Profit Chain Investments Limited ("Profit Chain", a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company) (as vendor), Youth Force Asia Ltd. (the "Excel Purchaser", an independent third party of the Company) (as purchaser) and the Company had entered into a sale and purchase agreement (the "Excel SPA"), pursuant to which Profit Chain had agreed to sell and the Excel Purchaser had agreed to purchase the 150,000,000 shares of Excel Development (Holdings) Limited ("Excel Development", stock code: 1372, together with its subsidiaries, the "Excel Group") (representing 75% of the entire issued share capital of Excel Development as at the date of the Excel SPA), held by Profit Chain at an aggregate consideration of HK\$485,010,000 (the "Excel Disposal"). There is no condition precedent to the Excel SPA. Completion of the Excel Disposal took place on the same date of the Excel SPA.

Before the completion of the Excel Disposal, the Excel Group was mainly engaged in the civil engineering works in Hong Kong. Upon completion of the Excel Disposal, Excel Development has ceased to be a subsidiary of the Company and the Group ceased to have any interests in the Excel Group. The Group recognised a gain of HK\$291,457,000 (after deducting all the professional fees and other transaction costs) from the Excel Disposal.

The Excel Disposal constitutes a major transaction for the Company. For further details of the Excel Disposal, please refer to the joint announcement published jointly by the Company, Excel Development and the Excel Purchaser on 16 June 2015, and the circular published by the Company on 30 July 2015.

出售怡益控股

如財務報表附註11及33(a)所述,於二零一五年六月五日,Profit Chain Investments Limited (「Profit Chain」,本公司之全資附屬公司)(作為賣方),與Youth Force Asia Ltd.(「怡益買方」,本公司之獨立第三方)(作為買方),以及本公司訂立一份買賣協議(「怡益買賣協議」),據此,Profit Chain同意出售而怡益買方同意購買由Profit Chain持有之150,000,000股怡益控股有限公司(「怡益控股」,股份代號:1372,連同其附屬公司為「怡益集團」)之股份(相當於怡益控股於怡益買賣協議當日之全部已發行股本之75%),代價為485,010,000港元(「出售怡益事項」)。該怡益買賣協議概無附帶任何先決條件。而出售怡益事項已於怡益買賣協議當日完成。

於完成出售怡益事項之前,怡益集團主要於香港從事土木工程業務。於完成出售怡益事項後,怡 益控股已不再為本公司之附屬公司,而本集團亦 不再於怡益集團中擁有任何權益。本集團在扣除 所有專業費用及其他交易成本後,於出售怡益事 項中確認了291,457,000港元收益。

出售恰益事項構成本公司之一項主要交易。有關 出售恰益事項的詳情,請參閱本公司、恰益控股 及恰益買方於二零一五年六月十六日共同刊發之 聯合公告,以及本公司於二零一五年七月三十日 刊發之通函。

DISPOSAL OF NGA CHUN BY A JOINT VENTURE

On 7 December 2015, Team Great Limited ("Team Great", a joint venture of the Company which beneficially owned as to 50% by Mr. FUNG Chi Wing, 40% by the Company and 10% by Mr. FUNG Chuen (brother of Mr. FUNG Chi Wing)) (as vendor), Gold-Finance (Hong Kong) Asset Management Limited (the "Nga Chun Purchaser", an independent third party of the Company) (as purchaser) and Mr. FUNG Chi Wing (as guarantor) had entered into a sale and purchase agreement (the "Nga Chun SPA") pursuant to which Team Great had agreed to sell, and the Nga Chun Purchaser had agreed to purchase, 300,000,000 shares in Nga Chun Holdings Company Limited ("Nga Chun", stock code 1462, had its name changed to Gold-Finance Holdings Limited on 1 April 2016) (representing 75% of the entire issued share capital of Nga Chun as at the date of the Nga Chun SPA) at a consideration of HK\$735,000,000 (the "Nga Chun Disposal"). There is no condition precedent to the Nga Chun SPA. Completion of the Nga Chun Disposal took place on the same date of the Nga Chun SPA.

Before the completion of the Nga Chun Disposal, Nga Chun and its subsidiaries (the "Nga Chun Group") was mainly engaged in building service works in Hong Kong. Upon completion of the Nga Chun Disposal, Nga Chun has ceased to be a subsidiary of Team Great and Team Great and the Group ceased to have any interests in the Nga Chun Group. The respective gain on disposal regarding the Nga Chun Disposal (after deducting all the professional fees and other transaction costs) shared by the Group through Team Great amounted to approximately HK\$180 million.

一合營企業出售雅駿控股

於二零一五年十二月七日,Team Great Limited (「Team Great」,本公司之合營企業,由馮志榮先生、本公司及馮泉先生(馮志榮先生之胞兄)分別實益擁有50%、40%及10%權益)(作為賣家)與金誠(香港)資產管理有限公司(「雅駿買家」,本公司之獨立第三方)(作為買家)及馮志榮先生(作為擔保人)訂立一份買賣協議(「雅駿買賣協議」),據此,Team Great同意出售而雅駿買家同意購入300,000,000股雅駿控股有限公司(「雅駿控股」,股份代號:1462,自二零一六年四月一日起更名為金誠控股有限公司)之股份(相當於雅駿控股於雅駿買賣協議當日之全部已發行股本之75%),代價為735,000,000港元(「出售雅駿事項」)。該雅駿買賣協議概無附帶任何先決條件。而出售雅駿事項已於雅駿買賣協議當日完成。

於完成出售雅駿事項之前,雅駿控股與其附屬公司(「雅駿集團」)主要於香港從事樓宇服務工程。 於完成出售雅駿事項後,雅駿控股已不再為Team Great之附屬公司,而Team Great及本集團亦不再 於雅駿集團中擁有任何權益。在扣除所有專業費 用及其他交易成本後,本集團透過Team Great於 出售雅駿事項中佔有約180,000,000港元收益。

ACQUISITION OF THE KAM YING PROPERTY AND THE TIN MA PROPERTY SUBSEQUENT TO YEAR END

On 11 April 2016, Win Glories Limited and Excelskill Limited (both being indirect wholly-owned subsidiaries of the Company, together, the "Purchasers") were informed in writing that the tender documents they submitted to acquire the properties at Kam Ying Court, Ma On Shan (the "Kam Ying Property") and Tin Ma Court, Wong Tai Sin (the "Tin Ma Property") respectively at the considerations of HK\$471,000,000 and HK\$308,000,000 had been accepted by Link Properties Limited (the "Vendor", an independent third parties of the Company) (the "Acquisition"). Completion of the Acquisition took place on 31 May 2016.

According to the information provided by the Vendor, the Kam Ying Property and the Tin Ma Property recorded an aggregated unaudited rental income of approximately HK\$41,337,000 and an aggregated unaudited net property income of approximately HK\$27,076,000 for the year ended 31 March 2016. Accordingly, the Acquisition further enhanced the Group's property investment portfolio and the Directors expects rental income of the Group will be further increased.

The Acquisition constitutes a major transaction for the Company. For further details of the Acquisition, please refer to the announcement issued by the Company on 13 April 2016 and 31 May 2016 and the circular to be published by the Company.

於報告期後收購錦英物業及天馬物業

於二零一六年四月十一日,紳榮有限公司及策勵有限公司(兩者皆為本公司之間接全資附屬公司,合稱「買方」)獲書面告知,彼等分別為購入位於馬鞍山之錦英苑的物業(「錦英物業」)及位於黃大仙之天馬苑的物業(「天馬物業」)而遞交之該等投標文件已獲領展物業有限公司(「賣方」,本公司之獨立第三方)接納,代價分別為471,000,000港元及308,000,000港元(「收購事項」)。收購事項已於二零一六年五月三十一日完成。

根據賣方提供之資料,於截至二零一六年三月 三十一日止年度,來自錦英物業與天馬物業的未 經審核總租金收入約為41,337,000港元,而未經 審核總物業收入淨額約為及27,076,000港元。因 此,收購事項將進一步增強本集團的投資物業組 合,而董事亦預期本集團於來年的租金收入將進 一步上揚。

收購事項構成本公司之一項主要交易。有關收購 事項的進一步詳情,請參閱本公司於二零一六年 四月十三日及二零一六年五月三十一日刊發之公 告,以及本公司將刊發之通函。

PROSPECTS

In recent years, housing policy remains a prime focus of the Hong Kong Special Administrative Region ("HKSAR") Government. The government has been vigorously speeding up the construction of public housing, development of subsidised sale flats and land supply. From April 2015 and up to the date of this annual report, the Group has secured several substantial building construction and maintenance contracts relating to public housing development by the relevant government authority with an aggregate estimated contract value of approximately HK\$5,597 million. The Directors believes these projects will provide stable income to the Group in the short to medium term.

Other than the contract works business, the Group has substantially invested in the property sector in Hong Kong over the past years. Although the recent property market in Hong Kong seems to show a sign of stagnancy or slight decline in terms of transaction numbers and a polarisation trend in terms of prices, the Directors considered the holding power of property owner is still strong due to their low loan-to-value ratio and low interest rate environment. In the year ended 31 March 2016, the Group's residential development at 92A-E Pok Fu Lam Road has already obtained the occupation permit from the relevant government authority and was ready for sale. The Directors expects the forthcoming sale of the abovementioned project will have a positive effect on the Group's profit and cash flows.

In September 2015, View Finance Limited, an indirect wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company, was granted a money lenders licence to carry on provision of finance business in Hong Kong. Although this new business is still at its early stage of development and is not significant when compared to the Group's other businesses, the provision of finance business has already contributing to the Group's revenue and profitability during the year under review.

前景

近年來,住房政策一直是香港特別行政區政府 (「特區政府」)的首要重點。政府致力加快公共 房屋的建設、資助出售房屋單位的開發及土地供 應。自二零一五年四月至本年度報告日,本集團 已從相關政府機構投得預估總值約55.97億港元 有關公共房屋之建築工程及保養工程合約。董事 相信,這些新項目將在短期至中期內為本集團提 供穩定的收入。

除合約工程業務外,本集團於過去數年亦大力投資於香港的房地產行業。雖然近期香港樓市似乎顯示停滯,在交易數量方面略有下降,而價格則呈兩極化的趨勢,董事認為由於低借貸比率和低利率環境,物業市場上的業主持有物業的能力仍然強勁。於載至二零一六年三月三十一日止年度,本集團位於薄扶林道92A-E的住宅發展項目已獲得相關政府部份發出佔用許可證並正準備出售。董事預計該項目的銷售將對本集團的利潤和現金流產生正面影響。

於二零一五年九月,景達財務有限公司(本公司 之間接全資附屬公司)取得放債人牌照,可於香 港進行提供融資業務。雖然這項新業務仍處於起 步階段,對比其他業務時對本集團的影響並不顯 著,惟提供融資業務亦已在本回顧年度為本集團 的收入及盈利能力帶來貢獻。

The Excel Disposal and the Nga Chun Disposal provided substantial direct and indirect cash inflow for the Group's expansion in the property investment and development segment and provision of finance business. In April 2016, the Group has successfully tendered for the acquisition of the Kam Ying Property and the Tin Ma Property. Upon the completion of the Acquisition, the Group's property investment portfolio is further enhanced and the Directors expects rental income of the Group will be further increased in the coming year.

As each of the contract works business and the remaining businesses of the Group, being the property investment and development business and the provision of finance business, has grown steadily and become substantial over the years, the Company is considering the possibility of a spin-off and separate listing of the contract works business (the "Proposed Spin-off"). On 9 May 2016, the Company submitted a spin-off proposal to The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (The "Stock Exchange") pursuant to Practice Note 15 of the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities (the "Listing Rules") on The Stock Exchange (the "PN15 Submission"). The Board believes that the Proposed Spin-off, if it proceeds, will better position each of the Company and the spun-off entity for growth in their respective lines of business. It will also unlock the value for existing shareholders by identifying and establishing the stand-alone corporate value of the contract works business. However, shareholders and potential investors of the Company should note that the implementation of the Proposed Spin-off, is subject to, among others, the approval of The Stock Exchange and the final decision of the Board.

Accordingly, there is no assurance that the Proposed Spin-off

will take place or as to when it may take place.

出售恰益事項和出售雅駿事項為本集團帶來強勁 的直接及間接現金流入,為物業投資及發展業務 的擴張及為提供融資業務的發展提供支持。而在 二零一六年四月,本集團已成功投標收購錦英物 業和天馬物業。收購事項完成後,本集團的物業 投資組合進一步增強,董事預期本集團之租金收 入將在來年進一步增加。

由於合約工程業務及本集團的其他業務(指物業 投資及發展業務及提供融資業務)皆穩步增長, 並於多年來擴展至一定規模,本公司正考慮將合 約工程業務分拆及於聯交所主板獨立上市之可能 性(「建議分拆」)。就建議分拆而言,本公司已於 二零一六年五月九日根據香港聯合交易所有限公 司(「聯交所」)證券上市規則(「上市規則」)第15 項應用指引向聯交所提呈分拆建議(「第15項應用 指引申請」)。董事會相信,倘進行建議分拆,將 令本公司及分拆之實體處於更有利位置,以發展 其各自之業務。建議分拆亦能有效識別及確立合 約工程業務之獨立企業價值,從而釋放其業務對 股東之價值。然而,本公司股東及潛在投資者務 請注意,建議分拆的實施,須待(其中包括)聯交 所批准及董事會的最終決定。因此,概無保證建 議分拆將會進行或於何時進行。

APPRECIATION

On behalf of the Board, I would like to extend our gratitude and sincere appreciation to all management and staff members of the Group for their hard work and dedication and all shareholders of the Company for their support.

鳴謝

本人謹代表董事會對本集團全體管理人員及職員 之努力不懈與貢獻及對本公司股東之支持,致以 衷心感謝!

VANTAGE INTERNATIONAL (HOLDINGS) LIMITED NGAI Chun Hung

Chairman

Hong Kong, 21 June 2016

盈信控股有限公司 *主席* 魏振雄

香港,二零一六年六月二十一日

Summary of Properties



Summary of Properties 物業概要

PROPERTIES HELD BY THE GROUP AT 31 MARCH 2016

本集團持有之物業 於二零一六年三月三十一日

	Address	Use	Tenure	Percentage held by the Group 本集團持有
	地址	用途	年期	百分比
I.	Properties in Hong Kong 於香港之物業			
1.	G/F to 2/F, Nos. 123 Tung Choi Street, Mongkok, Kowloon, Hong Kong 香港九龍旺角通菜街123號地下至2樓	Shops 商舗	Long term lease 長期租約	100%
2.	3/F to 17/F, Nos. 123 Tung Choi Street, Mongkok, Kowloon, Hong Kong 香港九龍旺角通菜街123號3樓至17樓	Hotel 酒店	Long term lease 長期租約	100%
3.	Shop Nos. 5 and 6 and Storeroom 3, 1st Floor, Fou Wah Centre, No. 210 Castle Peak Road, Tsuen Wan, New Territories, Hong Kong 香港新界荃灣青山道210號富華中心 1樓5及6號舗及3號貯物室	Shops 商舗	Medium term lease 中期租約	100%
4.	No. 155 Waterloo Road, Kowloon Tong, Kowloon, Hong Kong 香港九龍九龍塘窩打老道155號	Office 辦公室	Medium term lease 中期租約	100%
5.	No. 157 Waterloo Road, Kowloon Tong, Kowloon, Hong Kong 香港九龍九龍塘窩打老道157號	Office 辦公室	Medium term lease 中期租約	100%
6.	Flat E, 17th Floor, Tower 2, The Greenwood (Phase 1), Laguna Verde, No. 8 Laguna Verde Avenue, Hung Hom, Kowloon, Hong Kong * 香港九龍紅磡海逸道8號海逸豪園 綠庭軒 (第1期)第2座17樓E室*	Residential 住宅	Medium term lease 中期租約	100%
7.	3987 Tai Po Road Yuen Chau Tsai, Tai Po, New Territories, Hong Kong 香港新界大埔大埔公路元洲仔段3987號	Residential 住宅	Medium term lease 中期租約	100%
*	Being disposed of subsequent to year end.	已於年末後	售出。	

SUMMARY OF PROPERTIES

物業概要

PROPERTIES HELD BY THE GROUP (continued) AT 31 MARCH 2016

本集團持有之物業 (續) 於二零一六年三月三十一日

Percentage held by the Group Address Use Tenure 本集團持有 地址 用途 年期 百分比

II. Properties Held for Sale in Hong Kong 於香港之持有作出售的物業

Nos. 92A-E, Pokfulam Road, Hong Kong Residential Medium term lease 100% (Inland Lot No. 7551) 住宅 中期和約

香港薄扶林道92A至92E號 (內地段第7551號)

Site area: 1,393.53 square meter Salable area: 1,978.77 square meter Occupation permit obtained, Stage of development:

fitting-out works in progress Properties details: five four-storey houses with twelve car parking spaces

Expected sales date: Year 2016 地盤面積: 1,393.53平方米 實用面積: 1,978.77平方米

已取得佔用許可證(入伙紙); 發展階段:

正進行內部裝修工程

物業詳情: 五棟四層高別墅連十二個泊車位

預計銷售日期: 二零一六年

III. Properties Under Development in Hong Kong 於香港之發展中物業

No. 9 Belfran Road, Ho Man Tin, Kowloon, Hong Kong Residential Long term lease 100% 住宅 長期租約

Residential

住宅

Long term lease

長期租約

(Section C of Kowloon Inland Lot No. 3281)

香港九龍何文田巴芬道9號 (九龍內地段第3281號C部分)

Site area: 368.28 square meter Gross floor area: 1,464.99 square meter Stage of development: Completion of superstructure

Year 2016 Expected completion date: 地盤面積: 368.28平方米 總樓面面積: 1,464.99平方米 發展階段: 已完成上蓋工程 預計竣工日期: 二零一六年

28 Lugard Road, The Peak, Hong Kong

香港山頂盧吉道28號

Site area: 1,728.17 square meter Salable area: 864.08 square meter Stage of development: Hoarding and demolishing

work in progress

Expected completion date: Year 2019 地盤面積: 1,728.17平方米 實用面積: 864.08平方米 發展階段: 正準備進行拆卸工程

預計竣工日期: 二零一九年

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100%

Summary of Properties 物業概要

PROPERTIES HELD BY THE GROUP (continued) AT 31 MARCH 2016

本集團持有之物業(續) 於二零一六年三月三十一日

Percentage held
Address
Use Tenure by the Group
本集團持有
地址 用途 年期 百分比

Commercial and

IV. Properties Held for Development in Hong Kong 於香港之持有作發展之物業

1. Front Portions on G/F to 6/F, and 7/F, and Roof of No. 1 Wood Road;

Rear Portions on G/F to 4/F and 7/F and Roof of No. 1 Wood Road;

Front Portions on 1/F to 5/F and 7/F including the Roof of No. 1A, Wood Road; and Rear Portions on 1/F to 6/F and 7/F including the Roof of No. 1A, Wood Road, Hong Kong 香港灣仔活道1號前座地下至6樓及7樓及天台;活道1號後座地下至4樓及7樓及天台;活道1號4前座1樓至5樓及7樓連天台;及

活道1號A後座1樓至6樓及7樓連天台

Site area: 432.00 square meter 地盤面積: 432.00平方米

2. Wing Lung Wai 173A (The Remaining Portion of Lot No.462, The Remaining Portion of Lot No.464 and The Remaining Portion of Lot No.465, all in Demarcation District No.109), Kam Tin, Yuen Long, New Territories, Hong Kong 香港新界元朗錦田永隆圍173A號(丈量約份測量圖第109號,地段第462號餘段、地段第464號餘段及地段第465號餘段)

Site area: 5,528.52 square meter 地盤面積: 5,528.52平方米

3. The Remaining Portion of Lot No.544 and The Remaining Portion of Lot No.545, both in Demarcation District No.109, Kam Tin, Yuen Long, New Territories, Hong Kong 香港新界元朗錦田丈量約份測量圖第109號, 地段第544號餘段及地段第545號餘段

Site area: 528.06 square meter 地盤面積: 528.06平方米 Residential 長期租約 商鋪及住宅

Long term lease

100%

100%

Residential and Medium term lease village type 中期租約

development 住宅及鄉村式發展



Summary of Significant Contracts on Hand **重大手頭合約概要**

At 31 March 2016, the management estimates the gross and outstanding values of the Group's substantial contracts on hand amounted to approximately HK\$6,912 million and HK\$3,960 million, respectively. Details of these substantial contracts are set out below:

Projects

於二零一六年三月三十一日,管理層估計本集團 之重大手頭合約總值及未完成合約價值分別約為 69.12億港元及39.60億港元。此等重大手頭合約 之詳細資料載列如下:

Contract value

項目	合約價值 HK\$ million 百萬港元
Building Construction	
樓宇建築	
Construction of Public Housing Development at Eastern I Site Phase 7 and Demolition of Ex-Tung Wah Lung Ko Yiu Hing Memorial Primary School, Chai Wan	_
東區海底隧道旁地盤第7期公共租住房屋發展計劃建築 柴灣前東華龍岡馮耀卿夫人紀念小學拆卸工程	工程及
Construction of Public Housing Development at Tung Ch東浦第39區公共租住房屋發展計劃建築工程	aung Area 39 2,460
Lower Primary School Development for Hong Kong Intern Association at No. 23 South Bay Close, Repulse Bay 香港國際學校協會之小學低年級部於淺水灣南灣坊23號	736
Interior Fitting-Out Works for Clubhouse, Podium Areas the Proposed Residential Development at K.I.L 11125 点 九龍亞皆老街(九龍內地段第11125號)的住宅發展項目平台及電梯大堂之裝修工程	Argyle Street, Kowloon 64
Carcass Work for the Proposed Residential Development : Argyle Street, Kowloon 九龍亞皆老街(九龍內地段第11125號)的住宅發展項目	828
Design and Construction of Tim Chair Was II and 1 Diagram	1 454
Design and Construction of Tin Shui Wai Hospital, Phase 設計及興建天水園醫院工程(第一期)	e 1 1,454 (Note) (註)
Design and Construction of Redevelopment of Tai Lam C	Centre for Women 823

設計及興建大欖女懲教所工程

Summary of Significant Contracts on Hand 重大手頭合約概要

Projects 項目 Contract value 合約價值

HK\$ million 百萬港元

Building Maintenance

樓宇保養

Installation of Stainless Steel Laundry Racks in Kowloon West and Hong Kong Region (Phase 2)

16

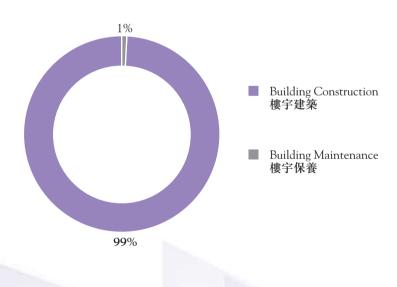
西九龍區及港島區不銹鋼晾衣架安裝工程(第二期)

Redecoration and Laundry Racks Installations at Wan Tsui Estate 於環翠邨的裝修及晾衣架安裝工程 15

Note: Project with a contract sum of HK\$2,968 million being undertaken by Leighton – Able Joint Venture, an unincorporated body in which 49% interest is attributable to the Group.

附註: 由禮頓-安保聯營承建之項目,合約總值29.68 億港元,本集團於禮頓-安保聯營佔49%權益。

Estimated Outstanding Contract Value as at 31 March 2016 – by project category 於二零一六年三月三十一日的未完成合約之估算價值-按項目類型分類



QUALIFICATIONS AND LICENCES 資格及牌照

The following table summarises the details of the major qualifications and licences obtained by members of the Group as at 31 March 2016.

下表概述於二零一六年三月三十一日,本集團成 員公司取得的主要資格及牌照詳情:

Government Agencies 政府機構	Category 類別	Group 組別
Able Engineering Company Limited	安保工程有限公司	
Works Branch, Development Bureau	Buildings 建築	C (confirmed) 丙(確認)
發展局工務科	Repair and Restoration of Historic Buildings – For works related to 'Western Style Buildings' only 維修及修復有歷史性樓宇-只限與「西式樓宇」有關的工程	
	Turn-key Interior Design and Fitting-out Works 全包室內設計及裝修工程	I
Housing Authority 房屋委員會	Building (New Works) 建築(新工程)	NW2 (confirmed) NW2 (確認)
	Building (Maintenance) 建築(保養)	M1 (confirmed) M1 (確認)
	Decoration Contractors 裝修承辦商	
Buildings Department 屋宇署	General Building Contractors 一般建築承建商	
	Site Formation Works 地盤平整工程	
	Foundation Works 地基工程	
Housing Society 房屋協會	Building Works 屋宇建造工程	List 2 名册二
Urban Renewal Authority 市區重建局	Repair/Maintenance Works 維修/保養工程	Upper Tier 上層
Electrical and Mechanical Services Department 機電工程署	Registered Electrical Contractors (Electricity Ordinance) 註冊電業承辦商(電力條例)	
Able Building Construction Limited		
Buildings Department 屋宇署	General Building Contractors 一般建築承建商	
Able Contractors Limited 安保建	築有限公司	
Housing Authority 房屋委員會	Decoration Contractors 裝修承辦商	



管理層討論及分析

The following discussions should be read in conjunction with the Company's audited consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2016.

以下討論應與本公司截至二零一六年三月三十一 日止年度之經審核綜合財務報表一併參閱。

BUSINESS REVIEW

During the year under review, the Group was engaged in the contract works business, which mainly comprised building construction and building maintenance works, the property investment and development business and the new provision of finance business in Hong Kong, whereas for the last year, the Group also engaged in the business of the Excel Group (as defined in this annual report), which mainly comprised civil engineering works.

業務回顧

於回顧年度內,本集團主要於香港經營合約工程 業務(當中主要包括樓宇建築及樓宇保養工程)、 物業投資及發展業務及提供融資業務。而去年, 本集團亦有從事怡益集團(如本年度報告所定義) 的業務,當中主要為土木工程業務。

Contract works

Market review

In recent years, housing policy remains a prime focus of the HKSAR Government. As addressed in the 2016 Policy Address, the government has been vigorously speeding up the construction of public housing, development of subsidised sale flats and land supply. It has committed to a long-term housing supply target of 97,100 units in the next five years, which includes 76,700 public rental housing units and 20,400 subsidised sales flats. Together with the development at Kowloon East, new development areas and extension of new towns, as well as the potential development at Lantau Island and new railway projects, public expenditure on construction is anticipated to further increase. Accordingly, the Directors believe the long-term outlook of the construction industry in Hong Kong looks promising.

The Group's Performance

The Group's contract works business can be further divided into two businesses according to nature of contracts, being building construction and maintenance works and civil engineering works. All civil engineering projects of the Group had been engaged through the Excel Group. Due to the Excel Disposal (as defined in this annual report), the Group discontinued its operation in civil engineering works in June 2015.

For the year ended 31 March 2016, revenue from external customers recorded for this segment from continuing operations amounted to HK\$2,374,377,000 (2015: HK\$1,933,864,000), representing an increase of 22.8% from that of last year. Segment's gross profit margin from continuing operations also increased from 6.2% for the year ended 31 March 2015 to 12.4% for the year ended 31 March 2016. The increase in revenue and gross profit margin were mainly attributable to a substantial building construction project which contributed over 40.0% of the segment's revenue in current year. This project had a relative short construction period and a higher gross profit margin when compared to other construction contracts. As this project only commenced in late 2014, it did not have a significant impact on the Group's revenue and gross profit margin for the year ended 31 March 2015. This project was completed in this year. Meanwhile, current year's revenue from the contract works segment was mainly contributed from matured projects or projects completed in the year that the profitability estimation of these projects are more certain.

合約工程

市場狀況

近年來,房屋政策一直是特區政府的首要重點。 正如二零一六年度的施政報告中所指,政府一直 在大力加快公共房屋的建設、資助出售房屋單位 的開發及土地供應。政府已承諾長遠住房供應的 目標,致力在未來五年內提供97,100個單位,其 中包括76,700個公共租住房屋單位和20,400個 助出售房屋單位。加上起動九龍東、新發展區和 新市鎮擴展的計劃,以及大嶼山的潛在發展及新 鐵路項目的開發,預期用於建設的公共開支將進 一步增加。因此,董事相信香港建造業的長遠前 景明朗。

本集團表現

本集團之合約工程分部按工程類型可再細分為兩項業務,即樓宇建築及保養工程以及土木工程。 本集團的所有土木工程項目皆通過怡益集團進行。由於出售怡益事項(如本年度報告所定義), 本集團自二零一五年六月終止經營土木工程業務。

於截至二零一六年三月三十一日止年度, 此分部來自持續經營業務之外部客戶收入為 2,374,377,000港元(二零一五年:1,933,864,000港 元),較去年上升22.8%。來自持續經營業務之分 部毛利率亦由截至二零一五年三月三十一日止 年度的6.2%,上升至截至二零一六年三月三十一 日止年度的12.4%。收入及毛利率之增加主要與 一項佔本年度分部收入超逾40.0%的重大樓宇建 築工程有關。與其他主要建築工程比較,該項目 的建造期較短而毛利率較高。由於這項目於二零 一四年年末才啟動,因而並無對本集團於截至二 零一五年三月三十一日止年度之收入及毛利率有 重大影響。該項目已於本年完成。此外,由於對 本年度之合約工程分部收入有較大影響的項目主 要為較成熟的項目,或已於本年度完結之項目, 固對於估算該等項目之利潤有更大把握。

Besides our wholly-owned subsidiaries, the Group also engaged in this segment through joint ventures. The relevant financial performance has been recorded in "Share of profits and losses of joint ventures" in the Company's consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income.

除全資附屬公司外,本集團亦透過合營企業從事 此分部之業務,相關財務表現已在本公司之綜合 損益及他全面收益表中的「應佔合營企業之溢利 及虧損」中反映。

Building Construction and Maintenance Works

All new significant building construction and maintenance works contracts awarded to the Group during the year ended 31 March 2016 are from the public sector. These contracts were set out below:

- Construction of Public Housing Development at Eastern Harbour Crossing Site Phase 7 and Demolition of Ex-Tung Wah Lung Kong Mrs. Fung Yiu Hing Memorial Primary School, Chai Wan
- Construction of Public Housing Development at Tung Chung Area 39
- Installation of Stainless Steel Laundry Racks in Kowloon West and Hong Kong Region (Phase 2)
- Redecoration and Laundry Racks Installations at Wan Tsui Estate

We expect the above mentioned jobs will be completed in one to three years.

Subsequent to the year ended 31 March 2016 and up to the date of this annual report, the Group successfully tendered for the following building construction and maintenance works contracts:

- Replacement of Collapsible Gates for Kowloon West and Hong Kong Region
- Construction of Public Housing Development at Lai Chi Kok Road-Tonkin Street Phase 1 & 2

樓宇樓築及保養工程

本集團於截至二零一六年三月三十一日止年度成 功取得的所有重大樓宇建築及保養合約皆為公務 工程。此等合約載列如下:

- 東區海底隧道旁地盤第7期公共租住房屋發展計劃建築工程及柴灣前東華龍岡馮耀卿夫人紀念小學拆卸工程
- 東涌第39區公共租住房屋發展計劃建築工程
- 西九龍區及港島區不銹鋼晾衣架安裝工程 (第二期)
- 於環翠邨的裝修及晾衣架安裝工程

我們預期,上述合約將於一年到三年內完成。

此外,本集團於二零一六年三月三十一日年末後 至本年度報告日止期間亦成功取得以下重大樓宇 建築及保養合約:

- 更換西九龍區及港島區的可折疊閘門工程
- 荔枝角道東京街第一、二期公共租住房屋發展計劃建築工程

On the other hand, the Group completed the following significant contracts regarding building construction and maintenance works during the year ended 31 March 2016:

另一方面,本集團於截至二零一六年三月三十一 日止年度已完成以下重大樓宇建築及保養合約:

- Construction of Multi-Storey Logistics Facility at Tsing Yi Town Lot No.185
- 興建青衣市地段第185號的多層物流設施
- Clubhouse Fitting Out Works for the Proposed Residential Development at TKOTL No. 70, Area 86 Site E (Package Three), Tseung Kwan O
- 將軍澳E地區第86區將軍澳市地段第70號的 建議住宅發展項目(第三階段)之會所裝修 工程
- Term Contract for the Design and Construction of Minor Works to Government and Subvented Properties for which the Architectural Services Department is Responsible (Contract Area: New Territories and Outlying Islands (North))
- 設計及興建建築署負責之樓宇、土地及其他物業之小型工程定期合約(指定地區:新界及離島(北))
- Term Contract for the Design and Construction of Minor Works for Provision of Barrier-Free Access and Facilities to Government Premises Managed by Leisure and Cultural Services Department for which the Architectural Services Department is Responsible (Designated Contract Area: Hong Kong Island, Lantau Island and Outlying Islands (South), Wong Tai Sin, Shatin, Kowloon City, Sai Kung and Outlying Islands (Sai Kung))
- 設計及興建建築署負責並由康樂及文化事務 署管理之政府場地之無障礙通道及設施之小 型工程定期合約(指定地區:香港島、大嶼 山及離島(南)、黃大仙、沙田、九龍城、西 貢及離島(西頁))
- Term Contract for the Design and Construction of Minor Works for Provision of Barrier-Free Access and Facilities to Government Premises Managed by Leisure and Cultural Services Department for which the Architectural Services Department is Responsible (Designated Contract Area: Sham Shui Po, Tsuen Wan, Kwai Tsing, Kwun Tong, Mongkok, Yaumatei, Tsim Sha Tsui, Tai Po, North District, Outlying Islands (North), Tuen Mun and Yuen Long)
- 設計及興建建築署負責並由康樂及文化事務 署管理之政府場地之無障礙通道及設施之 小型工程定期合約(指定地區:深水埗、荃 灣、葵青、觀塘、旺角、油麻地、尖沙咀、 大埔、北區、離島(北)、屯門及元朗)
- Term Contract for the Design and Construction of Minor Works for Provision of Barrier-Free Access and Facilities to Government Premises Managed by Government Departments other than Leisure and Cultural Services Department for which the Architectural Services Department is Responsible (Designated Contract Area: Hong Kong Island, Lantau Island and Outlying Islands (South))
- 設計及興建建築署負責並由政府部門(除康 樂及文化事務署)管理之政府場地之無障礙 通道及設施之小型工程定期合約(指定地 區:香港島、大嶼山及離島(南))

Property Investment and Development

Market review

Due to the on-going implementation of the property cooling measures by the HKSAR Government, the potential increase in interest-rate and the expected increase in housing supply in the future, potential property buyers in Hong Kong generally adopted a wait-and-see approach in the year under review. Accordingly, the recent property market in Hong Kong seems to show a sign of stagnancy in terms of transactions, and a polarisation trend in terms of prices between super-luxury properties at prime location and small-size apartments in suburb areas. Nevertheless, the Directors considered a material price drop in the property market in the short to medium term is unlikely as the holding power of property owner remain strong due to their low loan to value ratio, low unemployment rate and low interest rate environment.

The Group's Performance

Our Group's investment properties were valued at an aggregate value of HK\$1,008,500,000 as of 31 March 2016 (2015: HK\$920,200,000) by an independent professional valuer. Based on the independent valuation performed, gain on changes in fair value of investment properties of HK\$89,006,000 was recorded from continuing operations of the Group for the year ended 31 March 2016 (2015: HK\$40,986,000).

As at 31 March 2016, more than 50% of the value of the Group's investment properties referred to the 18 storey-composite building located at No. 123 Tung Choi Street, Mongkok (the "Tung Choi Street Property"). The Tung Choi Street Property has a total GFA of approximately 24,277 square feet. Ground floor to the second floor of the property is designed to be shop units while the remaining portion of the property is a hotel (A Hotel) with fifty guest rooms. In September 2014, license in respect of the operation of a hotel in the Tung Choi Street Property was granted and the Group had temporarily operated the hotel from since late 2014 to late 2015.

物業投資及發展

市場狀況

在特區政府持續實施措施為房地產市場降溫、加息可能性的增加及預期未來的住房供應將增加的因素下,本回顧年度內香港物業的潛在買家普遍採取觀望態度,因此,在成交量方面,近期香港樓市似乎處於停滯局面,而價格則在位處優越的超級豪宅與位處市郊地區的小型公寓間呈兩極化的趨勢。然而,由於低借貸比率、低失業率和低利率環境下,業主對物業的持有力依然強勁,故董事認為,房地產市場於中短期內錄得大幅下降的可能性不大。

本集團表現

於二零一六年三月三十一日,本集團之投資物業經獨立專業估值師評估,總值達1,008,500,000港元(二零一五年:920,200,000港元)。根據已進行之獨立評估,本集團於截至二零一六年三月三十一日止年度自持續經營業務錄得有關投資物業公平價值變動之收益89,006,000港元(二零一五年:40,986,000港元)。

於二零一六年三月三十一日,位於旺角通菜街第123號的物業(「**通菜街物業**」)的價值佔本集團投資物業的總值超逾一半。通菜街物業為一棟十八層的綜合模式物業,大樓總樓面面積約24,277平方呎。該通菜街物業的地下至二樓為商鋪,而其餘部份則為酒店(A酒店),有五十間客房。於二零一四年九月,位於通菜街物業內的A酒店獲發酒店營運牌照,而本集團於二零一四年底至二零一五年年末期間暫時營運A酒店。

During the year ended 31 March 2016, the Group recorded a gross rental income from external customers of HK\$36,723,000 from its properties (including A Hotel), representing a 105.4% increase from HK\$17,880,000 for the year ended 31 March 2015. The increase in rental income for the year under review was primarily due to the combined effects of (i) leasing of a significant portion of the shop units at the Tung Choi Street Property since July 2015; (ii) leasing of the A Hotel since late 2015; (iii) the renewal of the tenancy agreement for the investment properties at Fou Wah Centre in Tsuen Wan in late 2014; (iv) increase in income from the temporary operation of A Hotel before leasing it to a third party; and (v) increase in the leasing of properties held for development before the respective property development project commenced.

於截至二零一六年三月三十一日止年度,本集團來自外部客戶的物業租金收入(包括來自A酒店)為36,723,000港元,較截至二零一五年三月三十一日止年度的17,880,000港元增加105.4%。本年度租金收入之增加,主要因為(i)自二零一五年七月起租出大部份位於通菜街物業的商鋪;(ii)自二零一五年年末租出A酒店;(iii)位於荃灣富華中心的投資物業之租金於二零一四年年末之調整;(iv)於出租A酒店予一第三方之前,暫時營運A酒店之收入上升;及(v)於物業發展項目開展前出租該等持有作發展的物業的共同影響所致。

Other than property investment activities, the Group also acts as a property development and engaged in property development activities during the years. During the year under review, the Group has completed the residential project at Nos. 92A-E Pokfulam Road, Hong Kong (the "Pokfulam Property"). The Pokfulam Property consists of five four-storey houses of approximately 3,757 to 4,733 square feet each. As of 31 March 2016, the occupation permit for the said houses has been issued and the Group has been planning for the marketing of the Pokfulam Property for sale/for rental.

除物業投資外,本集團於年內亦作為發展商從事物業發展業務。於回顧年度內,本集團已完成位於香港薄扶林道92A-E號之住宅項目(「**薄扶林道項目**」)。薄扶林道項目包括五座樓高四層的別墅,每棟別墅面積約3,757至4,733平方呎。於二零一六年三月三十一日,相關別墅的佔用許可證經已發出,而本集團正籌備推出薄扶林道項目作出售或出租。

As of 31 March 2016, the Group also have two residential property projects under development, i.e. the properties at No. 9 Belfran Road, Kowloon and the properties at No. 28 Lugard Road, The Peak.

此外,於二零一六年三月三十一日,本集團亦有 兩項住宅項目正在發展,包括位於九龍巴芬道9 號及山頂盧吉道28號的住宅項目。

Details of the Group's investment properties, properties held for development, properties under development and properties held for sale as at 31 March 2016 has been disclosed in pages 17 to 20 of this annual report.

本集團於二零一六年三月三十一日所持有之投資物業、持有作發展之物業、發展中物業及持有作出售之物業的詳情已載於本年度報告第17頁至第20頁。

Provision of finance

During the year under review, a licence has been granted to a subsidiary of the Group under the Money Lenders Ordinance to carry on provision of finance business in Hong Kong. For the year ended 31 March 2016, interest income of HK\$5,665,000 had been earned from loans receivable.

Other Income and Gains

Other income and gains from continuing operations significantly increased from HK\$41,573,000 for the year ended 31 March 2015 to HK\$383,417,000 for the year ended 31 March 2016. The increase was mainly attributable to the Excel Disposal (as defined in this annual report) which contributed a gain of HK\$291,457,000 to the Group, and the increase in gain on changes in fair value of investment properties from HK\$40,986,000 for the year ended 31 March 2015 to HK\$89,006,000 in current year.

Administrative Expenses

Administrative expenses in relation to continuing operations increased from HK\$51,708,000 for the year ended 31 March 2015 to HK\$65,677,000 for the year ended 31 March 2016. The higher administrative expenses was mainly attributable to the increase in bonus and salaries paid to directors and employees, the grant of share options to directors and employees and increase in charitable donations made in current year.

Finance Costs

For the year ended 31 March 2016, the Group's finance costs incurred from continuing operations amounted to HK\$15,468,000 (2015: HK\$14,120,000) while its total interest on bank loans before interest capitalisation were HK\$19,196,000 (2015: HK\$17,869,000). The increase in finance costs in current year was mainly resulted from the increase in average bank borrowings in the first three quarters of the year.

Other Expenses

The expenses recognised for the year ended 31 March 2015 represented an impairment regarding an amount due from a joint venture.

提供融資

於本回顧年度,本集團的一附屬公司根據放債人 條例獲發牌照,可於香港從事提供融資業務。於 截至二零一六年三月三十一日止年度,本集團自 應收貸款中賺取5,665,000港元利息收入。

其他收入及收益

有關持續經營業務的其他收入及收益由截至二零一五年三月三十一日止年度的41,573,000港元,大幅增加至截至二零一六年三月三十一日止年度的383,417,000港元。增幅主要歸因於出售恰益事項(如本年度報告所定義)為本集團所貢獻之291,457,000港元收益,以及投資物業公允值變動的收益由截至二零一五年三月三十一日止年度之40,986,000港元,上升至本年度的89,006,000港元所致。

行政開支

有關持續經營業務的行政開支由截至二零一五年 三月三十一日止年度的51,708,000港元上升至截 至二零一六年三月三十一日止年度的65,677,000 港元。本年度行政開支上升主要歸因於授予董事 及僱員之獎勵花紅及薪金的增加、本年度授出購 股權予董事及僱員及慈善捐贈的增加所致。

財務費用

於截至二零一六年三月三十一日止年度,本集團已確認為支出的持續經營業務之財務費用為15,468,000港元(二零一五年:14,120,000港元),而銀行貸款之總利息(於資本化前)為19,196,000港元(二零一五年:17,869,000港元)。財務費用的增加主要歸因於本年度頭三季度的平均借款額較去年度的為高。

其他開支

於截至二零一五年三月三十一日止年度內確認之 開支為應收一合營企業款項之減值。

Share of Profits and Losses of Joint Ventures

For the year ended 31 March 2016, the Group's share of profits and losses from the joint ventures, net of tax, amounted to HK\$182,732,000, increased by 700.4% from HK\$22,829,000 for the year ended 31 March 2015. The significant increase in current year is primarily attributable to the Group's share of the one-off disposal gain of approximately HK\$180 million regarding the Nga Chun Disposal (as defined in this annual report) from Team Great (as defined in this annual report). On the other hand, the Group shared a loss of approximately HK\$102,000 (2015: share of profits of approximately HK\$9,651,000) in this year from the Leighton-Able Joint Venture, in which we have 49% interest and which undertakes the contract for the design and construction of Tin Shui Wai Hospital (the "TSW Project"). Loss was incurred in this joint venture for the year ended 31 March 2016 due to the delay in project completion that the estimated overall profit that can be earned from the TSW Project has been adjusted downward in current year.

Income Tax Expense

Income tax expense from continuing operations increased by 344.8% from HK\$9,902,000 for the year ended 31 March 2015 to HK\$44,041,000 for the year ended 31 March 2016. The increase was mainly attributable to the increase in taxable profit for the year ended 31 March 2016 and the initial recognition of the deferred tax impact on tax losses incurred for certain property development companies of the Group in the year ended 31 March 2015.

Profit Attributable to Owners of the Parent

As a result of the foregoing, profit attributable to owners of the parent increased from HK\$134,500,000 for the year ended 31 March 2015 to HK\$772,483,000 for the year ended 31 March 2016.

應佔合營企業之溢利及虧損

本集團應佔合營企業之除稅後溢利及虧損,由截至二零一五年三月三十一日止年度之22,829,000港元,上升700.4%至截至二零一六年三月三十一日止年度之182,732,000港元。該顯著升幅主要源自本集團應佔Team Great (如本年度報告所定義)有關出售雅駿事項(如本年度報告所定義)之單次溢利約180,000,000港元。除此之外,本集團本年應佔禮頓一安保聯營之虧損約102,000港元(二零一五年:應佔溢利約9,651,000港元)(我們於禮頓一安保聯營佔49%權益,而禮頓一安保聯營承辦設計及興建天水圍醫院(「天水圍項目」)之合約)。該合營企業錄得虧損主要歸因於天水圍項目延期完成,令預期可自該項目所賺取的整體利潤較之前之估計為少。

所得税支出

有關持續經營業務的所得税支出,由截至二零一五年三月三十一日止年度的9,902,000港元,上升344.8%至截至二零一六年三月三十一日止年度的44,041,000港元。上升主要歸因於截至二零一六年三月三十一日止年度應計稅溢利的增加,以及本集團若干物業發展公司於截至二零一五年三月三十一日止年度首次確認稅務虧損的遞延稅項之影響。

母公司持有者應佔溢利

鑑於上述因素,母公司持有者應佔溢利由截至 二零一五年三月三十一日止年度的134,500,000港 元,上升至截至二零一六年三月三十一日止年度 的772,483,000港元。

Management Discussion and Analysis 管理層討論及分析

FINANCIAL REVIEW

Liquidity and Financial Resources

Due to the Group's net cash inflows generated from operating and investing activities during the year ended 31 March 2016, the Group's cash and cash equivalents as at 31 March 2016 amounted to HK\$1,189,639,000, representing an increase by 109.3% from HK\$568,433,000 as at 31 March 2015. Current ratio of the Group stood at 1.92 at 31 March 2016, while that as at 31 March 2015 was 1.14. Current ratio is measured as total current assets divided by total current liabilities.

The Group's banking facilities, comprising primarily bank loans, overdrafts and performance bond, amounted to HK\$2,192,025,000 as of 31 March 2016 (2015: HK\$2,532,460,000), of which HK\$1,018,529,000 (2015: HK\$1,405,743,000) was unutilised.

At 31 March 2015 and 31 March 2016, the Group's bank borrowings were all denominated in Hong Kong dollars and on a floating rate basis.

The Group does not engage in any interest rates and currency speculation activities. The Group's bank accounts are operated with principal bankers in Hong Kong. The interest rates of these bank accounts are determined by reference to the respective bank offer rate. The Group maintains sufficient working capital resources to execute its contract works, property investment and development plans and provision of finance business. The Group generally takes a prudent and cautious approach to cash application and its capital commitments.

Charges on Assets

At 31 March 2016, the following assets of the Group were pledged in favour of certain banks to secure the banking facilities granted by those banks to the Group:

- investment properties with an aggregate carrying amount of HK\$1,001,000,000 (2015: HK\$912,000,000);
- land and buildings with an aggregate carrying amount of HK\$131,596,000 (2015: HK\$135,606,000);
- properties held for development with a carrying amounts of HK\$324,334,000 (2015: HK\$728,257,000);

財務回顧

流動資金及財務資源

由於本集團截至二零一六年三月三十一日止年度於經營業務及投資業務皆錄得淨現金流入,於二零一六年三月三十一日,本集團之現金及現金等值物達1,189,639,000港元,較二零一五年三月三十一日之568,433,000港元上升109.3%。本集團於二零一六年三月三十一日的流動比率為1.92,而於二零一五年三月三十一日則為1.14。流動比率以流動資產總值除以流動負債總值計算。

於二零一六年三月三十一日,本集團的銀行信貸總額度主要包括銀行貸款、透支及履約擔保共約2,192,025,000港元(二零一五年:2,532,460,000港元),其中1,018,529,000港元(二零一五年:1,405,743,000港元)尚未動用。

於二零一五年三月三十一日及二零一六年三月 三十一日,本集團的銀行借款均以港元計價,並 按浮動利率計算利息。

本集團並無從事任何利率及貨幣投機活動。本集 團的銀行賬戶在香港主要銀行開設,這些銀行賬 戶的利率由有關銀行拆放利率而釐定。本集團維 持足夠的營運資金,以執行其承包工程、物業發 展計劃及提供融資業務。對現金應用申請和資本 承擔,本集團一向持審慎和謹慎的態度。

資產抵押

於二零一六年三月三十一日,本集團之下列資產 已抵押予若干銀行,以取得該等銀行授予本集團 的若干銀行信貸:

- 賬面總值1,001,000,000港元之投資物業(二零一五年:912,000,000港元);
- 賬面總值131,596,000港元之土地及樓宇(二零一五年:135,606,000港元);
- 賬面總值324,334,000港元之持有作發展之物業(二零一五年:728,257,000港元);

- properties under development with an aggregate carrying amount of HK\$579,105,000 (2015: HK\$536,282,000);
- properties held for sale with an aggregate carrying amount of HK\$510,185,000 (2015: Nil); and
- the assignment of the Group's financial benefits under certain contract works with total accounts receivable amounting to HK\$74,168,000 (2015: HK\$249,709,000).

Contingent liabilities

Details of the Group's contingent liabilities are set out in note 34 to the financial statements.

Capital commitments

Details of the Group's capital commitments are set out in note 36 to the financial statements.

EMPLOYEES

As of 31 March 2016, the Group employed approximate 279 full-time employees (2015: 695) in Hong Kong. The Group remunerates its employees based on their performance and working experience and with reference to the prevailing market conditions. On top of the regular remuneration, discretionary bonus and share options may be granted to senior management and staff members by reference to the Group's performance, specific project's performance as well as the individual employee's performance. Staff benefits include mandatory provident fund, incentive travel, subsidies for education and training programmes.

At the annual general meeting held on 7 September 2011, the Company adopted a new share option scheme (the "2011 Scheme") in replacement of its share option scheme which was adopted on 5 August 2002. The purposes of the 2011 Scheme are to provide incentives for the Group's employees and executives, to recognise their contributions to the Group's growth and to provide more flexibility for the Group in formulating its remuneration policy. During the year ended 31 March 2016, the Company granted 25,620,000 share options (2015: Nil) under the 2011 Scheme to the Group's employees (including directors). As at 31 March 2016, the Company had 25,620,000 outstanding share options under the 2011 Scheme (2015: Nil).

- 賬面總值579,105,000港元之發展中物業(二零一五年:536,282,000港元);
- 賬面總值510,185,000港元之持有作出售之物業(二零一五年:無);及
- 轉讓本集團於若干合約工程的財務收益, 有關應收賬款總計74,168,000港元(二零一五年:249,709,000港元)。

或然負債

本集團之或然負債之詳情載於財務報表附註34。

資本承諾

本集團之資本承諾之詳情載於財務報表附註36。

員工

於二零一六年三月三十一日,本集團於香港聘用約279名(二零一五年:695名)全職員工。本集團根據員工之表現、工作經驗及參考現行市場狀況以釐定員工薪酬。除一般薪酬外,本集團亦因應其業績、個別項目的業績及員工個人表現,向高級管理層及員工授出酌情花紅及購股權。員工福利包括強制性公積金、獎勵旅遊、教育津貼及培訓計劃。

於二零一一年九月七日舉行之週年股東大會,本公司採納一項新購股權計劃(「二零一一年計劃」)以取代其於二零零二年八月五日所採納之購股權計劃。二零一一年計劃旨在獎勵僱員及行政人員,確認彼等對本集團發展之貢獻,並使本集團於制訂其薪酬政策時具有更大彈性。於截至二零一六年三月三十一日止年度,本公司根據二零一一年計劃授出25,620,000股購股權(二零一五年:無)予公司員工(包括董事)。於二零一六年三月三十一日,本公司有25,620,000股尚未行使之購股權(二零一五年:無)。

BIOGRAPHICAL DETAILS OF DIRECTORS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT 董事及高級管理層履歷

EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

Mr. NGAI Chun Hung ("Mr. NGAI"), aged 53, a controlling shareholder of the Company, has been the Chairman of the Board and the Executive Director since July 2000. Mr. NGAI is also the chairman of the Nomination Committee of the Company. Mr. NGAI has extensive experience in the construction industry and the property industry. He is responsible for the management of the Board and the strategic planning of the Group. Mr. NGAI and Mr. YAU Kwok Fai are brothers-in-law.

Mr. YAU Kwok Fai ("Mr. YAU"), aged 50, has been the Deputy Chairman of the Board, the Executive Director and deputy chairman of the Company since July 2000. Mr. Yau was further appointed as the chief executive officer of the Company in July 2004. Mr. YAU is also a member of the Remuneration Committee of the Company. Mr. YAU is responsible for formulating policy, overall development and the day-to-day management and administration of the Group's operations. Mr. YAU has about 25 years of experience in the construction industry and 12 years of experience in the property industry. Mr. YAU graduated with Bachelor Degree of Engineering in Civil Engineering (First Class Honours) from the Hong Kong Polytechnic in November 1990. He obtained a Diploma of the Imperial College from the Imperial College London in July 1991 and a Master of Science Degree with Distinction in Structural Steel Design from the University of London in August 1991. He is a Chartered Engineer and a corporate member of the Institution of Civil Engineers, the Institution of Structural Engineers of United Kingdom and the Hong Kong Institution of Engineers ("HKIE"), a Registered Professional Engineer (Civil & Structural) and a Registered Structural Engineer. Mr. YAU and Mr. NGAI are brothers-in-law.

執行董事

魏振雄先生(「魏先生」),五十三歲,為本公司控股股東,彼自二零零零年七月起出任本公司董事會主席及執行董事。魏先生亦為本公司提名委員會之主席。魏先生於建築界及物業市場積逾豐富經驗。彼負責董事會之管理及本集團之策略性規劃工作。魏先生乃游國輝先生之大舅。

游國輝先生(「游先生」),五十歲,自二零零零 年七月起出任本公司執行董事及董事會副主席。 自二零零四年七月,游先生被委任為本公司之行 政總裁。游先生亦為本公司薪酬委員會之成員。 游先生負責制訂本集團之政策、整體業務發展、 本集團的日常管理及行政工作。游先生擁有約 二十五年建造業經驗及十二年物業市場經驗。 游先生於一九九零年十一月畢業於香港理工學 院,持有土木工程學一級榮譽學士學位。彼於 一九九一年七月取得倫敦帝國學院文憑,並於 一九九一年八月以優異成績取得倫敦大學結構鋼 材設計理學碩士學位。彼為英國特許工程師,以 及土木工程師學會、英國結構工程師學會及香港 工程師學會(「香港工程師學會」)的正式會員,彼 亦為註冊專業工程師(土木及結構)及註冊結構工 程師。游先生為魏先生之妹夫。

BIOGRAPHICAL DETAILS OF DIRECTORS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT 董事及高級管理層履歷

INDEPENDENT NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS ("INEDs")

Professor KO Jan Ming ("Professor KO"), aged 73, has been an INED of the Company since July 2000. He is currently the Chairman of the Company's Remuneration Committee and a member of the Audit Committee and the Nomination Committee. Professor KO is former Vice President and former Chair Professor of Structural Engineering of The Hong Kong Polytechnic University ("PolyU"), and currently an Emeritus Professor of the PolyU and Senior Advisor of its Research Institute for Sustainable Urban Development. Professor KO holds a Bachelor Degree in Civil Engineering and a Doctorate Degree in Structural Engineering from the University of Hong Kong. He is a Fellow of the HKIE, the Institution of Structural Engineers of United Kingdom, the American Society of Civil Engineers and the Hong Kong Academy of Engineering Sciences ("HKAES").

Professor KO is the Honourable Secretary of HKAES (2010-present). He was the Chairman of the Accreditation Board (2001-2006) of HKIE, and the Chairman of Hong Kong Economic Cooperation (APEC) and Engineering Mobility Forum (EMF) Monitoring Committees (2006-2009). Professor KO was a member of Hong Kong Construction Industry Council (2007-2013), a Member of the Hong Kong Commission on Strategic Development (2009-2012) and the Advisor of the Beijing Hong Kong Academic Exchange Centre.

Professor KO was a Governing Council Member of Construction Industry Institute (Hong Kong)(2002-2008), a Council Member of The Hong Kong Institution of Science (2002-2006), President of The Hong Kong Society of Theoretical and Applied Mechanics (1999-2000), President of The Hong Kong Association for the Advancement of Science and Technology (2000-2001) and a Panel Member of the Appeal Tribunal in Buildings of the HKSAR (1997-2004).

獨立非執行董事(「獨立非執行董事」)

高贊明教授(「高教授」),七十三歲,自二零零零年七月起出任本公司獨立非執行董事。彼現時為本公司薪酬委員會之主席,以及審核委員會及提名委員會的成員。高教授為香港理工大學(「理工大學」)前副校長及前結構工程講座教授、現為理工大學樂休教授和可持續城市發展研究院高級顧問。高教授畢業於香港大學,先後獲頒授土木工程理學士及結構工程哲學博士學位,是香港工程師學會、英國結構工程師學會及美國土木工程師學會資深會員,以及香港工程科學院院士(「香港工程科學院」)。

高教授是香港工程科學院秘書長(二零一零年至今)。他是香港工程師學會學術評審政策委員會前任主席(二零零一年至二零零六年)及香港工程師流動論壇監察委員會及香港亞太工程師監察委員會前任主席(二零零六年至二零零九年)。高教授曾是香港建造業議會成員(二零零七年至二零一三年)、香港策略發展委員會委員(二零零九年至二零一二年),以及京港學術交流中心顧問。

高教授曾是香港建造業研究學會監事會成員(二 零零二年至二零零八年)、香港科學會理事(二 零零二年至二零零六年)、香港力學學會會長 (一九九九年至二零零零年)、香港科技協進會會 長(二零零零年至二零零一年)及建築物上訴審 裁處上訴審裁小組委員(一九九七年至二零零四 年)。

Professor KO was Co-chair of the Scientific Steering Committee, State Key Laboratory on Structural Dynamics in Bridge Engineering, Chongqing Communications Research and Design Institute (2008-2012), and a Member of the Scientific Steering Committee, State Key Laboratory on Disaster Reduction in Civil Engineering, Tongji University (2009-2013).

高教授曾是重慶交科院橋樑工程結構力學國家重 點實驗室科學指導委員會副主席(二零零八年至 二零一二年)及同濟大學土木工程防災國家重點 實驗室科學指導委員會成員(二零零九年至二零 一三年)。

Professor KO was Editor-in-Chief of an International Journal – Advances in Structural Engineering (1997-2003), Editor-inChief (Asia-Pacific) of the International Journal – Smart Structures and Systems, Senior Consultant of the Editorial Board of the Journal Spatial Structures, a member of the Editorial Boards of the Journals Engineering Mechanics, Earthquake and Engineering Vibration and Hazards Prevention and Mitigation Engineering. Professor KO was President of Asian-Pacific Network of Centres for Earthquake Engineering (2005-2007), Vice President (2004-2007) and Council Member (2004-2011) of the International Society for Structural Health Monitoring of Intelligent Infrastructures ("ISHMII"), and a Management Board Member of the Asian-Pacific Network of Centres for Research in Smart Structures Technology.

高教授曾是國際期刊《結構工程進展》的主任編輯(一九九七年至二零零三年)、國際期刊《智能結構與系統》的亞太區主任編輯、《空間結構》期刊編輯委員會高級顧問,以及《工程力學》期刊、《地震工程與工程震動學報》及《防災減災工程學報》編輯委員會委員。高教授亦曾是亞太區地震工程研究中心網絡主席(二零零五年至二零零七年)、國際結構健康監測協會(「國際結構健康監測協會」)副主席(二零零四年至二零零七年)和理事會成員(二零零四年至二零一一年),並曾出任亞太區智能結構科技研究中心網絡督導委員會成員。

Professor KO was presented The President's Award of HKIE in 2006 and was inducted into the Hall of Fame of HKIE in 2010. Professor KO was presented The HKIE Gold Medal in 2011. In the same year, Professor KO was presented The Aftab Mufti Medal by ISHMII in recognition of his lifetime achievement in civil structural health monitoring.

於二零零六年,高教授獲頒香港工程師學會會長 特設成就獎。於二零一零年,彼獲香港工程師學 會工程界翹楚稱號。於二零一一年,高教授再獲 香港工程師學會頒授榮譽大獎。同年,高教授獲 國際結構健康監測協會頒授終生成就獎。

Professor KO has not held any directorship in other listed public companies in the last three years. Professor KO does not have any relationship with any Directors, senior management or substantial or controlling shareholders of the Company.

高教授於過去三年內並無在其他上市公眾公司擔任任何董事職務。高教授與本公司之任何董事、 高級管理人員、主要股東或控股股東概無任何關 係。



The Hon. IP Kwok Him, GBS, JP, ("The Hon. IP"), aged 65, has been an INED of the Company since July 2000. He is currently a member of the Company's Audit Committee, the Remuneration Committee and the Nomination Committee.

The Hon. IP is a member of the Executive Council and a member of the Legislative Council representing the District Council (First) functional constituency. He is presently a Deputy to the 12th National People's Congress of People's Republic of China for HKSAR. The Hon. IP is the Chairman of Committee on Members' Interests and the Panel on Security of the Legislative Council. He is also the member of Panel on Home Affairs, Panel on Manpower, Panel on Housing, Panel on Education, Panel on Constitutional Affairs, Committee on Rules of Procedure, House Committee, Committee on Access to the Legislature's Documents and Records and Finance Committee. The Hon. IP is also Advisor and Convenor, Legislative Council Caucus, to the Democratic Alliance for Betterment and Progress of Hong Kong. The Hon. IP was awarded the Gold Bauthinia Star in 2004.

The Hon. IP is also the non-executive director of the Mandatory Provident Fund Schemes Authority. He is Deputy Chairman of Hon Wah Educational Organisation. The Hon. IP was a member of the Hong Kong Housing Authority and the Court of the Hong Kong University. The Hon. IP was also a member of the Legislative Council between 1995-1997, a member of the Provisional Legislative Council between 1997-1998, a member of the Legislative Council of the Hong Kong SAR Government representing the district council functional constituency between 2000-2004 and between 2008-2012, and was an elected member of the Central and Western District Council between 1992-2003 and between 2007-2015. The Hon. IP has also been appointed as non-executive director of Urban Renewal Authority Board between 2007-2012.

The Hon. IP is the father of a director of an indirect whollyowned subsidiary of the Company. 葉國謙議員(金紫荊星章、太平紳士)(「葉議員」),六十五歲,自二零零零年七月起出任本公司獨立非執行董事。彼現時為本公司之審核委員會、薪酬委員會,以及提名委員會的成員。

葉議員現為行政會議成員及立法會議員(區議會 (第一)功能界別)。現任香港特別行政區第十二 屆全國人民代表大會代表。葉議員為立法會議員 個人利益監察委員會主席及保安事務委員會主席及保安事務委員會主席及保安事務委員會、 房屋事務委員會、教育事務委員會、內務委員會、 賣會、房屋事務委員會、教育事務委員會、政制 事務委員會、議事規則委員會以及財務委員 會的成員。彼亦為民主建港協進聯盟會務顧問。 葉議員於二零零四年獲頒金紫荊星章。

葉議員亦為強制性公積金計劃管理局之非執行董事。彼亦為漢華教育機構副主席。葉議員亦曾為香港房屋委員會委員及香港大學校董會成員。葉議員分別於一九九五至一九九七年擔任香港立法會議員,一大九七至一九九八年擔任臨時立法會議員,二零零季至二零零四年以及二零零八年至二零一二年擔任香港特別行政區立法會議(區議會功能界別)議員,而一九九二至二零零三年以及二零零七年至二零一五年則歷任中西區區議會民選議員。葉議員於二零零七至二零一二年亦曾獲委任為市區重建局之非執行董事。

葉議員為本公司一間接附屬公司的其中一名董事 的父親。

The Hon. IP is also an independent non-executive director of CNC HOLDINGS LIMITED (the issued shares of which are listed on the GEM Board of The Stock Exchange, stock code: 8356). Save as aforesaid, The Hon. IP has not held any directorship in other listed public companies in the last three years and does not have any relationship with any Directors, senior management or substantial or controlling shareholders of the Company.

葉議員為中國新華電視控股有限公司(其已發行股份於聯交所創業版上市,股份代號:8356)之獨立非執行董事。除上文所述者外,葉議員於過去三年內並無在其他上市公眾公司擔任任何董事職務,彼與本公司之任何董事、高級管理人員、主要股東或控股股東概無任何關係。

Mr. FUNG Pui Cheung, Eugene ("Mr. FUNG"), aged 67, has been an INED of the Company since September 2004. He is currently the Chairman of the Company's Audit Committee and a member of the Remuneration Committee and the Nomination Committee. Mr. FUNG is a Certified Public Accountant, a fellow member (Practising) of Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants and a member of The Institute of Chartered Accountants in England & Wales. He holds a Master of Arts Degree from Antioch University of the United States of America. Presently, Mr. FUNG is a special consultant of Lee & Yu Certified Public Accountants as well as practicing as a sole proprietor in the name of P. C. Fung & Company, a certified public accountants firm. Previously, he served in senior and managerial positions in large local and international accounting firms.

馮培達先生(「馮先生」),六十七歲,自二零零四年九月起出任本公司獨立非執行董事。彼現時為本公司審核委員會的主席,以及薪酬委員會及提名委員會的成員。馮先生為香港執業會計師公會及英國特許會計師公會之資深會員及會員。彼持有美國安蒂奧克大學碩士學位。馮先生現為李志輝余仲良會計師事務所之獨資經營者。過去,彼曾於大型本地及國際會計師事務所擔任高級至經理級職位。

In addition, Mr. FUNG is currently an Honorary Adviser of The Hong Kong Chinese Importers' & Exporters' Association, a Standing Committee member of Democratic Alliance for the Betterment and Progress of Hong Kong, a Standing Committee member of the Jiangxi Provincial Overseas Liaison Association and a member of the Inland Revenue Department's Users' Committee. Mr. FUNG was also appointed as a member of the Financial Reporting Review Panel, under the Financial Reporting Council (2007-2013).

此外,馮先生現時為香港中華出入口商會榮譽顧問、民主建港協進聯盟中央委員會常務委員及江西省海外聯誼會常務理事和稅務局服務承諾關注委員會委員。馮先生亦曾獲委任為財務匯報局轄下財務匯報檢討委員團之成員(二零零七年至二零一三年)。

In addition to being a director of the Company, Mr. FUNG is also an independent non-executive director of China Lesso Group Holdings Limited (the issued shares of which are listed on the main board of The Stock Exchange, stock code: 2128). Save as aforesaid, Mr. FUNG has not held any directorship in other listed public companies in the last three years and does not have any relationship with any Directors, senior management or substantial or controlling shareholders of the Company.

除本公司外,馮先生亦為中國聯塑集團控股有限公司(其已發行股份於聯交所主板上市,股份代號:2128)之獨立非執行董事。除上文所述外,馮先生於過去三年內並無在其他上市公眾公司擔任任何董事職務,彼與本公司之任何董事、高級管理人員、主要股東或控股股東概無任何關係。

SENIOR MANAGEMENT

Mr. CHEUNG Ho Yuen, aged 44, joined the Group in September 2003, is a director and project estimation and procurement manager of Able Engineering Company Limited, a major subsidiary of the Company. He is responsible for project estimating, project sub-contracting and procurement functions of the contract works business. Mr. Cheung holds a Bachelor Degree in Quantity Surveying from University of Greenwich of United Kingdom and a Higher Diploma in Building Surveying from City University of Hong Kong. He has over 20 years of experience in the construction industry.

Mr. YAM Kui Hung, aged 57, joined the Group in February 1996, is currently a director of Able Engineering Company Limited, and is responsible for overall management and operations of certain building projects. Mr. Yam graduated with a Higher Certificate in Building Studies from the Hong Kong Polytechnic and a Postgraduate Diploma in Construction Management from the Construction Industry Training Authority. He has over 36 years' experience in the construction field.

高級管理層

張浩源先生,四十四歲,於二零零三年九月加入本集團,現為安保工程有限公司(本公司之主要附屬公司)之董事以及項目估算及採購經理,負責合約工程業務之項目估算、項目分判及採購之工作。張先生持有University of Greenwich of United Kingdom之工料測量學士學位及香港城市大學建築測量學高級文憑。彼於建築業積逾二十年豐富經驗。

任鉅鴻先生,五十七歲,於一九九六年二月加入本集團,現為安保工程有限公司之董事,負責若干樓宇建造項目之整體管理及運作。任先生持有香港理工學院建築系高級證書及建造業訓練局建築管理深造文憑。彼為香港工程師學會之正式會員。彼在建造業積逾三十六年經驗豐富經驗。

Mr. LAU Chi Fai Daniel, aged 47, joined the Group in November 2005, is currently a project manager of Able Engineering Company Limited. He is also a director of Able Engineering Company Limited and Able Building Construction Limited. Mr. Lau is responsible for providing full range of building project management and contract administration works of certain contracts. Mr. Lau holds a Bachelor Degree in Construction Management from the South Bank University of United Kingdom and a Higher Diploma in Building Technology and Management from the Hong Kong Polytechnic. He is a corporate member of the Hong Kong Institute of Construction Managers and has over 23 years' experience in construction field. He has been working in different positions in the construction industry.

劉志輝先生,四十七歲,於二零零五年十一月加入本集團,現為安保工程有限公司之董事及項目經理,以及安保營造有限公司之董事,負責若干樓宇建造項目之管理及行政工作。劉先生持有South Bank University of United Kingdom建築管理學士學位及香港理工學院建築科技及管理學高級文憑。彼為香港營造師學會會員,於建築業積逾二十三年豐富經驗,彼曾在建築業擔當不同崗位。

Mr. NG Kai Chow, aged 47, joined the Group in October 2002, is currently a project manager of Able Engineering Company Limited and is responsible for providing full range of building project management and contract administration works of certain contracts. Mr. Ng holds a Postgraduate Diploma in Construction Law & Arbitration and a Diploma in Construction (CEM) in the College of Estate Management. He is an incorporate member of the Chartered of Building, a member of the Chartered Institute of Arbitrators and Authorized Signatory from Buildings Department. He has over 29 years' experience in construction field and working in different positions in the construction industry.

吳敢洲先生,四十七歲,於二零零二年十月加入 本集團,現為安保工程有限公司之項目經理,負 責若干樓宇建造項目之管理及行政工作。吳先生 持有建築法律及仲裁深造文憑和物業管理學院建 築文憑。彼為英國特許建築學會、英國特許仲裁 學會會員及香港屋宇署之授權簽署人。彼於建築 業積逾二十九年豐富經驗,同時曾經在建築行業 中擔當不同崗位。

Mr. HO Chi Ming Wilson, aged 54, joined the Group in November 2002, is currently a project manager of Able Engineering Company Limited and is responsible for providing full range of building project management and contract administration works of certain contracts. Mr. Ho holds a Bachelor Degree in Construction Management and Economic from the Curtin University of Technology, a National Diploma in Building Studies from the Business & Technician Education Council and a Higher Certificate in Building Studies and Proficiency Certificate in Industrial Safety from the Hong Kong Polytechnic. Mr. Ho is a corporate member of the Chartered Institute of Building and has over 32 years' experience in project management in the construction field and a wide background of working experience in residential, commercial and institutional developments.

何志明先生,五十四歲,於二零零二年十一月加入本集團,現為安保工程有限公司之項目經理, 負責若干樓宇建造項目之管理及行政工作。何先 生持有Curtin University of Technology建築管理 及經濟學士學位、英國工商教育委員會之建築學 國際文憑、香港理工學院建築系高級證書及工業 安全修業證書。彼為英國特許建築學會會員,於 建築業積逾三十二年有關發展私人樓宇、商業大 厦及公營樓宇之豐富經驗。

Mr. LEE Kwok Shing Gavin, aged 43, joined the Group in September 2002, is currently a project manager of Able Engineering Company Limited and is responsible for providing full range of building project management and contract administration works of certain contracts. Mr. Lee holds a Bachelor Degree in Building Management from the Northumbria University of United Kingdom, a Higher Diploma in Building Studies from the City University of Hong Kong and a Diploma in Civil Engineering from Vocational Training Council of Hong Kong. He has over 23 years' experience in construction field and has been working in different positions in the construction industry.

李國誠先生,四十三歲,於二零零二年九月加入本集團,現為安保工程有限公司之項目經理,負責若干樓宇建造項目之管理及行政工作。李先生持有Northumbria University of United Kingdom建築管理學士學位,香港城市大學建造學高級文憑及香港職業訓練局土木工程學文憑。彼於建築業積逾二十三年豐富經驗,同時曾經在建築業擔當不同崗位。

Mr. CHAN Tak Wai Ray, aged 53, joined the Group in September 2007, is a project manager of Able Engineering Company Limited and is responsible for providing full range of building project management and contract administration works of certain contracts. Mr. Chan holds a Bachelor Degree in Construction Management and Economic from the Curtin University of Technology, a High Certificate in Building Studies from the Hong Kong Technical College. Mr. Chan has over 31 years' experience in construction field and working in different positions in the construction industry.

陳德威先生,五十三歲,於二零零七年九月加入本集團,現為安保工程有限公司之項目經理,負責若干樓宇建造項目之管理及行政工作。陳先生持有Curtin University of Technology建築管理及經濟學士學位、香港科技學院建築系高級證書。陳先生於建築業積逾三十一年豐富經驗,亦曾經在建築業擔當不同崗位。

Mr. CHEUNG Pak Lun, aged 37, joined the Group in September 2002, is currently a Project Manager of Able Engineering Company Limited and is responsible for providing full range of building project management and contract administration works of certain contracts. Mr. Cheung holds a Bachelor Degree in Building Engineering and Management from the PolyU. He has over 13 years' experience in the construction field and working experience in private and public residential and institutional developments.

張柏倫先生,三十七歲,於二零零二年九月加入本集團,現為安保工程有限公司之項目經理,負責若干樓宇建造項目之管理及行政工作。張先生持有理工大學建築工程及管理學理學士學位。彼於建築業積逾十三年有關發展私人樓宇、公營樓宇及學校之豐富經驗。

Ms. TSANG Hau Lam, aged 35, joined the Group in August 2012, is the company secretary (the "Company Secretary") of the Company and the financial controller of the Group. Ms. Tsang is a fellow member of the Association of Chartered Certified Accountants of the United Kingdom and a member of the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants. She has over 12 years' accounting, financing and company secretarial experience. She holds a Bachelor Degree in Business Administration (Professional Accountancy) from the Chinese University of Hong Kong.

曾巧臨小姐,三十五歲,於二零一二年八月加入本集團,為本公司的公司秘書(「公司秘書」)及本集團之財務總監。曾小姐為英國特許會計師公會之資深會員及香港會計師公會會員,積逾十二年會計、財務及有關經驗。彼持有香港中文大學工商管理學士(專業會計)學位。

Ms. LAU Tsz Kwan Jone, aged 44, joined the Group in May 2008, is currently the Human Resources Manager and Property Manager of the Group and is responsible for all human resources, property management related matters. Ms. Lau holds a Bachelor Degree in Business Administration from Northumbria University of United Kingdom and a Diploma in Management Studies from Lingnan University. She has over 22 years' of solid human resources management, administration and property management experience.

劉紫君小姐,四十四歲,於二零零八年五月加入本集團,現為本集團之人力資源及物業投資及發展經理,負責集團人力資源、物業管理之相關事宜。劉小姐持有Northumbria University of United Kingdom工商管理學士學位及嶺南大學工商管理文憑,積逾二十二年人力資源管理、行政及物業管理經驗。

Ms. CHONG Shuk Yee, aged 38, joined the Group in March 2015, is currently a Leasing Manager of the Group and is responsible for market analysis, lease negotiation, leasing administrations and tenancy management. Ms. Chong holds a Master of Business Administration from The Open University of Hong Kong and a Bachelor Degree in Humanities from Hong Kong Baptist University and has over 15 years' working experience.

莊淑兒小姐,三十八歲,於二零一五年三月加入本集團,現為本集團之租務經理,負責物業之市場分析、租務協商、租務行政及管理。莊小姐持有香港公開大學工商管理碩士及香港浸會大學人民學文學士學位,積逾十五年工作經驗。

Corporate governance is the system by which the Company is directed and controlled. The board of directors of the Company (the "Board") is fully aware of its importance to the shareholders and has developed a rigorous system of checks and balances which allows management to respond to the strategic directions approved by the Board. The Board believes that a well balanced corporate governance system enables the Company to achieve business excellence and fulfill the Company's mission.

企業管治為本公司之指導及監控系統。本公司之董事會(「董事會」)充分了解企業管治對股東之重要性,因此建立了一套嚴謹之制衡制度,使管理層能配合董事會訂立之策略方針。董事會相信,一套平衡的企業管治系統,可以讓本公司獲得業務優勢,及實現本公司之使命。

This report describes the Company's corporate governance practices and structures that were in place during the financial year ended 31 March 2016, with specific reference to the principles and guidelines of the Corporate Governance Code and Corporate Governance Report (the "CG Code") as set out in Appendix 14 to the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities (the "Listing Rules") on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange"). In developing and reviewing its corporate governance policies and practices, the Company has sought to adopt a balanced approach.

本報告乃按香港聯合交易所有限公司(「**聯交所**」)《證券上市規則》(「上市規則」)附錄十四《企業管治守則及企業管治報告》(「企業管治守則」)所載之原則及指引編制,説明本公司於截至二零一六年三月三十一日止之財政年度內實行之企業管治常規及架構。在擬定及檢討企業管治政策及常規時,本公司已盡量採取平衡之方法。

COMPLIANCE WITH CORPORATE GOVERNANCE CODE

In the opinion of the directors of the Company ("Director(s)"), the Company complied with the code provisions as set out in the CG Code throughout the year ended 31 March 2016.

THE BOARD

The overall management of the Company's business is vested in the Board, which assumes the responsibility for leadership and control of the Company, and the Directors are collectively responsible for promoting the success of the Company by directing and supervising its affairs and overseeing the achievement of strategic plans to enhance shareholders' value. The Board has undertaken the corporate governance function as required under the CG Code. The Board is responsible for all major aspects of the Company's affairs, which includes:

遵守企業管治守則

本公司之董事(「董事」)認為,於截至二零一六年 三月三十一日止年度,本公司已遵守企業管治守 則所載的守則條文。

董事會

本公司業務的整體管理歸屬於董事會,它承擔領 導及控制本公司的責任,董事通過指導和監督公 司事務及監督戰略的實現以提升股東價值,對促 進公司的成功共同負責。董事會按企業管治守則 之要求負責企業管治功能。董事會負責本公司所 有類型的主要決策,當中包括:

- formulating key policy matters, overall strategic plans and directions, and objectives of the Group;
- monitoring the performance of the management of the Group;
- implementing and monitoring an effective framework of internal controls and risk management;
- monitoring material transactions (including, in particular, those which may involve conflicts of interest);
- approving interim reports, annual reports, announcements and considering dividend policy;
- ensuring the Company has good corporate governance and review and monitor its policies and practices on compliance with applicable legal and regulatory requirements; and
- approving and monitoring other significant financial and operational matters.

Responsibilities over day-to-day operations are delegated to the management under the leadership of the Executive Directors.

As at 31 March 2016, the Board is composed of five Directors, including two Executive Directors, namely Mr. NGAI Chun Hung ("Mr. NGAI") and Mr. YAU Kwok Fai ("Mr. YAU"), and three Independent Non-executive Directors ("INED(s)"), namely Professor KO Jan Ming ("Professor KO"), The Hon. IP Kwok Him, GBS, JP ("The Hon. IP") and Mr. FUNG Pui Cheung, Eugene ("Mr. FUNG"). Brief biographical details of the Directors are set out in the section "BIOGRAPHICAL DETAILS OF DIRECTORS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT" on pages 34 to 39 of this annual report. A List of Directors and their Role and Function is also available on the Company's website.

The Board has a balance of skills and experience appropriate for the requirements of the Group's business. All Directors have separate and independent access to the advice and services of the senior management and the Company Secretary, with a view to ensuring that board procedures and all applicable rules and regulations are followed. When needed and upon making request to the Board, the INEDs may obtain independent professional advice at the Company's expense in carrying out their duties.

- 制定本集團的關鍵政策、策略性計劃、方向 及目標;
- 監察本集團管理層的表現;
- 實行及監察有效的內部監控及風險管理框如:
- 監察重大交易(尤其包括可能涉及利益衝突 的交易);
- 審批中期報告、年度報告、公告及商討派息 政策;
- 確保本公司有良好的企業管治,檢討及監察 其就遵守適用法律及監管規定所制定之政策 及常規;及
- 審議及監察其他重大財務及營運事宜。

在執行董事的領導下,管理層負責日常運作。

於二零一六年三月三十一日,董事會由五名董事組成,包括兩名執行董事(即魏振雄先生(「魏先生」)及游國輝先生(「游先生」));以及三名獨立非執行董事(「獨立非執行董事」)(即高贊明教授(「高教授」)、葉國謙議員(金紫荊星章、太平紳士)(「葉議員」)及馮培漳先生(「馮先生」)。董事之簡歷已載列於本年度報告第34頁到第39頁「董事及高級管理層履歷」一節。一份董事名單與其角色和職能亦已載列於本公司網頁。

董事會根據本集團業務而具備適當所需技巧和經驗。為確保董事會程序及所有適用規則及規例均獲得遵守,所有董事皆有自行及獨立接觸高級管理人員及公司秘書以獲得他們的意見和服務的途徑。在履行職責時,獨立非執行董事可按需要向董事會提出要求,以取得獨立專業意見,相關費用由公司承擔。

Corporate Governance Report 企業管治報告

The Company has arranged for insurance cover in respect of legal action against the Directors and its officers. The insurance coverage is reviewed annually to ensure that the Directors and officers are adequately protected against potential liabilities.

本公司已就董事及高級管理層可能會面對的法律 行動作出投保安排。為確保董事及高級管理層受 充份保障,以防承受潛在負債,該保障範圍會接 受年度檢討。

The INEDs

During the year ended 31 March 2016, the Board at all times met the requirements of the Listing Rules relating to the appointment of at least three INEDs with at least one INED possessing appropriate professional qualifications, or accounting or related financial management expertise. The Company has also met the requirement of at least one-third of members of the Board being INEDs.

The three INEDs of the Company are persons of high caliber, with academic and professional qualifications in the fields of engineering, legislation and accounting and finance. With their experience gained from various sectors, they provide strong support towards the effective discharge of the duties and responsibilities of the Board.

The INEDs are appointed for a fixed specific term. Each of Professor KO, The Hon. IP and Mr. FUNG have served as an INED of the Company for more than nine years that their further appointment should be subject to separate resolutions to be approved by shareholders. During his years of appointment, each of Professor KO, The Hon. IP and Mr. FUNG has demonstrated his ability to provide an independent view to the Company's matters. Notwithstanding their years of service as an INED of the Company, the Board is of the view that Professor KO, The Hon. IP and Mr. FUNG are able to continue to fulfill their roles as required and thus recommends them for re-election at the forthcoming annual general meeting ("AGM"). Further, the Company is of the view that each of Professor KO, The Hon. IP and Mr. FUNG meets the independence guidelines set out in Rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules and is independent in accordance with the terms of the guidelines having regard to (i) their annual confirmation on independence as required under the Listing Rules, (ii) the absence of involvement in the daily management of the Company, (iii) the absence of any relationships or circumstances which would interfere with the exercise of their independent judgment, and (iv) the absence of remuneration from the Company other than the directors' fee and the share options granted to them (if any).

獨立非執行董事

於截至二零一六年三月三十一日止年度內,董事 會於所有時間均符合上市規則之規定,委任最少 三名獨立非執行董事,而其中最少一名獨立非執 行董事具備適當專業資格,或會計或有關財務管 理之專業知識。本公司亦已符合最少三份之一董 事會成員須為獨立非執行董事之要求。

本公司的三名獨立非執行董事皆擁有卓越才幹, 在工程,法律和會計及財務領域擁有學術及專業 資歷。他們來自不同界別的經驗,為有效履行董 事會的職責和責任,提供了強力的支持。

獨立非執行董事均有指定任期。高教授、葉議員 及馮先生均已出任本公司獨立非執行董事超過九 年,彼等之再次任命需經股東之獨立決議批准。 於在任期間,高教授、葉議員及馮先生對本公司 事務不時提供獨立意見,儘管高教授、葉議員及 馮先生已擔任本公司獨立非執行董事多年,董事 會認為高教授、葉議員及馮先生有能力繼續履行 所需之職責,因此董事會推薦彼等於即將舉行之 股東週年大會(「股東週年大會」)上膺選連任。此 外,本公司認為高教授、葉議員及馮先生均符合 載於上市規則第3.13條之獨立性指引,並根據該 指引條文考慮彼等(i)根據上市規則要求遞交的年 度獨立性確認書,(ii)並無參與本公司日常管理, (iii)無任何關係或情況影響而對其行使獨立判斷 構成干預,及(iv)除董事袍金及授予他們的購股 權(如有)外,本公司並無支付其他酬金,董事會 認為本公司所有獨立非執行董事均屬獨立人士。

Each of Professor KO, The Hon. IP and Mr. FUNG, all being INED of the Company eligible for re-election at the AGM, has made an annual confirmation of independence pursuant to Rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules.

可於股東週年大會上膺選連任之本公司獨立非執 行董事高教授、葉議員及馮先生均已根據上市規 則第3.13條之規定,分別向本公司提交確認其符 合獨立性之年度確認書。

Meetings

Regular Board meetings are held at least four times a year at approximately quarterly intervals. Tentative dates of regular Board meetings for next year are scheduled approaching the end of each calendar year in order to facilitate the Directors to plan for attendance of the meetings. Meetings will also be convened, as and when required, to deal with ad hoc issues.

Any Director who is not able to present physically may participate at any Board meeting through electronic means of communication, such as conference telephone or other similar communication equipment, in accordance with the Bye-laws of the Company.

Notice convening each regular Board meeting is sent at least 14 days in advance, and reasonable notice is given for other Board meetings. The Company Secretary assists the Chairman of the Board to prepare the meeting notice and agenda. Each Director may include any item in the agenda. The agenda, accompanied by meeting papers with sufficient and reliable information, are sent to each Director not less than 3 days before the date of a Board meeting to enable the Directors to make informed decisions on the matters to be discussed, except where a Board meeting is convened on a very urgent basis to consider any urgent ad hoc matter.

Minutes of Board meetings are recorded in sufficient details regarding the matters considered by the Board at the meeting and decisions reached. Draft minutes of board meetings are circulated to the Directors for comments and the signed minutes are kept by the Company Secretary and open for inspection to any Director on request.

Each Director is expected to give sufficient time and attention to the affairs of the Company. The individual attendance record of each Director at the general meetings of the Board and the Board Committees, and at AGM during the year ended 31 March 2016 are set out below:

會議

董事會每年最少舉行四次定期會議,約每季一次。翌年董事會定期會議之日期將於每年近年底 時擬定,以便董事就出席會議作出安排。董事會 於有需要時會另行召開會議,以處理突發事項。

根據本公司之公司細則,任何無法親身出席之董 事均可透過電子通訊設備,例如會議電話或其他 類似通訊設備,參與任何董事會會議。

召開每次董事會定期會議之通告會於最少十四天 前發出,而就其他董事會會議之通告則會於合理 時間內發出。公司秘書協助董事會主席擬定會議 通告及議程。每位董事均可於議程內加入任何議 題。除非董事會會議於緊急情況下召開以考慮任 何緊急突發事項,議程連同載有充足且可靠資料 之會議文件將不少於董事會會議舉行日期前三天 發送給每位董事,使董事能就須討論之事項作出 知情決定。

董事會之會議記錄詳細記錄會議上所考慮之事項 及達成之決議。董事會會議之會議記錄的初稿均 會傳閱讓董事評註,而已簽署之會議記錄均由公 司秘書保存,並開放予任何董事查閱。

預期各董事需給予足夠的時間和精力處理公司事務。每一董事於截至二零一六年三月三十一日止 年度於董事會及董事會之委員會的一般會議及股 東週年大會的出席率載列如下:

Directors 畫事 No. of Meetings Attended/No. of Meetings held

出席會議次數/開會次數

— <i>r</i>								
			Remuneration	Audit	Nomination	Chairman		
		Board	Committee	Committee	Committee	and INEDs	AGM	
						主席及獨立	股東週年	
		董事會	薪酬委員會	審核委員會	提名委員會	非執行董事	大會	
Executive Directors	執行董事							
Mr. NGAI	魏先生	7/7	N/A不適用	N/A不適用	2/2	1/1	1/1	
Mr. YAU	游先生	7/7	3/3	N/A不適用	N/A不適用	N/A不適用	1/1	
INEDs	獨立非執行董事							
Professor KO	高教授	7/7	3/3	3/3	2/2	1/1	1/1	
The Hon. IP	葉議員	7/7	3/3	3/3	2/2	1/1	1/1	
Mr. FUNG	馮先生	7/7	3/3	3/3	2/2	1/1	1/1	

Appointment, Re-election and Removal of Directors

The Board is responsible for reviewing the Board composition, developing and formulating the relevant procedures for nomination and appointment of Directors, monitoring the appointment and succession of Directors and assessing the independence of INEDs. The appointment of INEDs adheres to the guidelines for assessing independence as set out in Rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules. The Board, through the Nomination Committee set up in December 2011, reviews from time to time its own structure, size and composition to ensure that it has a balance of appropriate expertise, skills and experience for the needs of the businesses of the Group.

The Company recognises and embraces the benefits of having a diverse Board to enhance the quality of its performance. In 2013, the Board adopted a board diversity policy upon the recommendation of the Nomination Committee to set out the approach to achieve diversity of the Board members. A summary of the Company's *Board Diversity Policy* is set out in the sub-section "Nomination Committee" under the section "BOARD COMMITTEES" in this report.

委任、重選及罷免董事

董事會負責檢討董事會的組成、發展及制定提名 及委任董事的相關程序、監督董事之委任及繼任 和評估獨立非執行董事的獨立性。獨立非執行董 事之委任乃遵守上市規則第3.13條所列有關評估 獨立性的指引。通過於二零一一年十二月成立的 提名委員會,董事會將不時檢討其自身的組成、 規模及結構,以確保董事會具有適當及平衡的專 業知識、技能和經驗以符合本集團業務的需求。

本公司明白並深信董事會成員多元化對提升其表 現素質大有裨益。於二零一三年,董事會在提名 委員會的建議下採納董事會成員多元化政策,文 件載列達致董事會成員多元化而採取的方針。本 公司之「董事會成員多元化政策」的概要載於本報 告內「董事會轄下之委員會」一章項下「提名委員 會」一節中。

The term of office of each of the Directors (including the INEDs) has been fixed for a specific term for not more than three years. They are subject to retirement by rotation and re-election at the Company's AGM in accordance with the Company's Bye-laws.

董事(包括獨立非執行董事)之任期訂明為不多於 三年。董事須根據本公司之公司細則於本公司股 東週年大會上輪值告退及可膺選連任。

Pursuant to the Company's Bye-laws, at each AGM one-third of the Directors for the time being shall retire from office by rotation. A retiring Director shall be eligible for reelection. In addition, Director(s) appointed during the year as an addition to the Board or to fill a casual vacancy on the Board hold office only until the next coming general meeting of the Company and shall then be eligible for re-election at that meeting. The election of each candidate is done through a separate resolution.

根據本公司之公司細則,在每屆股東週年大會上,當時三分之一之董事須輪值退任。退任的董事有資格膺選連任。此外,於年度內為增加現有董事的名額或填補董事會內某臨時空缺而獲委任的董事,只任職至其獲委任後首次舉行的股東大會,並於該大會上有資格重選。每名候選人的選舉按獨立的決議案逐一表決。

At the forthcoming AGM to be held on 17 August 2016, Mr. YAU, Professor KO, The Hon. IP and Mr. FUNG will retire and, being eligible, offer themselves for re-election. Details with respect to the candidates standing for election as Directors are set out in the AGM circular to shareholders.

將於二零一六年八月十七日舉行的股東週年大會 上,游先生、高教授、葉議員及馮先生將退任董 事,並合資格膺選連任。候選董事的資料載於寄 予股東的股東週年大會通函內。

CHAIRMAN AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER

The roles of Chairman and Chief Executive Officer ("CEO") of the Company are separately performed by Mr. NGAI and Mr. YAU, respectively. This segregation ensures a clear division of the Chairman's responsibilities for the management of the Board and the CEO's responsibilities for the day-to-day management of the Company's business. Mr. NGAI and Mr. YAU are brothers-in-law.

主席及行政總裁

本公司主席及行政總裁(「行政總裁」)的角色分別 由魏先生及游先生擔任。主席及行政總裁分開委 任之安排確保主席負責管理董事會而行政總裁負 責本公司業務的日常管理的清晰區分。游先生為 魏先生的妹夫。

The Chairman is responsible for providing leadership for the Board, and ensuring that all Directors are properly briefed on issues arising at board meetings and that Directors receive adequate, complete and reliable information in a timely manner. The Chairman has an additional or casting vote in the event of an equality of votes on any matter to be decided by the Board.

主席負責領導董事會,並確保董事會會議上所有 董事均適當知悉當前的事項,且董事均及時收到 充分、完備而可靠的資訊。由董事會決定的任何 事項,如票數均等,主席有權投額外一票或決定 票。

The CEO is appointed by the Board and is responsible for providing leadership for the management, implementing and reporting to the Board on the Group's strategy, overseeing the day-to-day operations of the Group and providing all such information to the Board as is necessary to enable the Board to monitor the performance of the management.

行政總裁由董事會委任,負責領導管理層、實行 本集團策略及就此向董事會匯報、監督本集團的 日常運作,並於有需要時向董事會提供一切有關 資料,讓董事會能監督管理層的表現。

According to the code provision A.2.7 of the CG Code, the Chairman met with the INEDs of the Company for once without the presence of the management and the other Executive Directors during the year ended 31 March 2016.

根據企業管治守則的守則條文第A.2.7條,在本公 司的管理層及其他執行董事不在場的情況下,主 席與本公司的獨立非執行董事於截至二零一六年 三月三十一日年度內進行了一次會面。

BOARD COMMITTEES

The Board has set up three Board Committees, namely, the Audit Committee, the Remuneration Committee and the Nomination Committee, to oversee particular aspects of the Company's affairs.

董事會轄下之委員會

董事會已成立三個董事會之委員會,即審核委員 會、薪酬委員會及提名委員會,以監督本公司特 定方面的事務。

Audit Committee

The Company's Audit Committee was established on 8 September 2000 with written terms of reference. During the year under review, the Audit Committee's terms of reference has been revised and adopted on 30 March 2016 and the document is available on the websites of the Company and The Stock Exchange.

審核委員會

本公司之審核委員會於二零零零年九月八日成 立,並定立書面職權範圍。於回顧年度內,審核 委員會的職權範圍於二零一六年三月三十日經 修訂後採納,文件可於本公司及聯交所網站上查 閱。

As at 31 March 2016, the Audit Committee comprised of the three INEDs, namely Professor KO, The Hon. IP and Mr. FUNG. Mr. FUNG is currently the chairman of the Audit Committee. Mr. FUNG is a practising certified public accountant and possesses the appropriate accounting qualifications and experiences in financial matters.

於二零一六年三月三十一日,審核委員會由三名 獨立非執行董事組成,即高教授、葉議員及馮先 生。馮先生現為審核委員會主席。馮先生為執業 會計師,並具有合適的會計資格及財務事宜的經 驗。

The Audit Committee holds regular meetings at least twice a year and they also meets with the Company's external auditors at least twice a year to discuss the audit plan and to review the Company's annual report and accounts. During the year ended 31 March 2016, the Audit Committee held three meetings. The primarily roles and functions of the Audit Committee are, among others:

審核委員會與本公司外聘核數師每年舉行最少兩次會議,以相討有關審計計劃及審閱本公司的年度報告及賬目。於截至二零一六年三月三十一日止年度內,審核委員會舉行了三次會議,其主要工作和職能包括:

- review the unaudited interim report and interim results announcement of the Company and the Group;
- review the audited accounts and final results announcement of the Company and the Group;
- review the accounting policies and practices adopted by the Company and the Group;
- review and recommend the appointment, re-appointment and removal of external auditors;
- oversee the engagement, services provided and remuneration of the external auditors and its independence and serve as a useful channel of communication between the Board and the external auditors; and
- review and monitor the effectiveness of the financial reporting function, internal control system and the risk management system of the Group.

During the reporting period, the Audit Committee reviewed with the management the Group's unaudited interim results and the audited annual results for the financial year ended 31 March 2016, and discussed internal controls and risk management, and financial reporting matters. The Audit Committee also reviewed the Company's interim report and annual report, and confirmed that this annual report complies with the applicable standard, the Listing Rules, and other applicable legal requirements and that adequate disclosures have been made. There is no disagreement between the Board and the Audit Committee's view on re-appointment of external auditors, and they both have agreed to recommend the re-appointment of Ernst & Young as the Company's external auditors for the ensuing year at the 2016 AGM of the Company.

Remuneration Committee

The Company's Remuneration Committee was established on 16 December 2005 with written terms of reference and consists of a majority of INEDs. The purpose of the Remuneration Committee is to set policy on Executive Directors' remuneration and for fixing remuneration packages for all Directors. The Remuneration Committee's terms of reference has been revised and adopted on 27 March 2014 and the document is available on the websites of the Company and The Stock Exchange.

- 審閱本公司及本集團之未經審核中期報告及 中期業績公告;
- 審閱本公司及本集團之經審核財務賬目及全 年業績公告;
- 審閱本公司及本集團應用之會計政策和慣例;
- 審閱及推薦核數師的委任、重聘及罷免;
- 評核外聘核數師之工作、酬金及其獨立性, 並擔任董事會與外部核數師之間有效的溝通 渠道;及
- 評核本集團之財務報告系統、內部控制及危機管理系統之有效性。

薪酬委員會

本公司之薪酬委員會於二零零五年十二月十六日 成立,具有書面職權範圍,其大部份成員為獨立 非執行董事。成立薪酬委員會的目的乃制定執行 董事的薪酬政策,及釐定全體董事的薪酬待遇。 薪酬委員會的職權範圍於二零一四年三月二十七 日經修訂後採納,文件可於本公司及聯交所網站 上查閱。

As at 31 March 2016, the Remuneration Committee is made up of the three INEDs, namely Professor KO, The Hon. IP and Mr. FUNG, and one Executive Director, namely Mr. YAU. Professor KO is the chairman of the Remuneration Committee.

於二零一六年三月三十一日,薪酬委員會由三名 獨立非執行董事,即高教授、葉議員及馮先生, 以及一名執行董事(即游先生)組成。高教授為薪 酬委員會主席。

The Remuneration Committee meets at least once a year to review the remuneration of each Director and make recommendations to the Board. During the year ended 31 March 2016, the Remuneration Committee held three meetings. The major roles and functions of the Remuneration Committee include:

薪酬委員會每年舉行最少一次會議,以審閱每位 董事的酬金,並向董事會提出建議。於截至二零 一六年三月三十一日止年度內,薪酬委員會舉行 了三次會議,其主要工作和職能如下:

- make recommendations to the Board on the policy and structure for remuneration of the Directors and senior management; and
- review and make recommendations to the Board on the remuneration package, including discretionary performance-based bonus, of individual Director and senior management.
- 就董事及高級管理人員的薪酬政策及結構向 董事會提供建議;及
- 就個別董事及高級管理人員的薪金(包括與 表現相關之酌情花紅)向董事會提供建議。

Executive Directors and certain senior management of the Company are entitled to discretionary performance-related bonus payments which are determined with reference to the Group's operating results and their respective individual performance. No Director involved in the determination about his own remuneration. Particulars of the remuneration payable to each Director for the year ended 31 March 2016 are set out in note 8 to the financial statements of this annual report.

本公司執行董事及若干高層管理人員有權享有與 表現相關之酌情花紅,而花紅乃參考本集團經營 業績、董事及高層管理人員之個別表現後釐定。 概無董事就彼之酬金作出決定。有關截至二零 一六年三月三十一日止年度應支付各董事之薪酬 詳情,已載於本年度報告之財務報表附註8。

Pursuant to code provision B.1.5 of the CG Code, the remuneration of the senior management (excluding the Directors) by band for the year ended 31 March 2016 is set out below:

根據企業管治守則第B.1.5條,以下列出高級管理層(不包括董事)於截至二零一六年三月三十一日止年度的薪酬組別:

Within the band of

組別介乎於

Number of individuals 人數

Nil to HK\$1,000,000 HK\$1,000,001 to HK\$1,500,000 HK\$1,500,001 to HK\$2,000,000 HK\$2,000,001 to HK\$2,500,000 零港元至1,000,000港元 1,000,001港元至1,500,000港元 1,500,001港元至2,000,000港元 2,000,001港元至2,500,000港元

5 3 1

Nomination Committee

The Company's Nomination Committee was established on 7 September 2011 with written terms of reference and consists of a majority of INEDs. The Nomination Committee's terms of reference has been revised and adopted on 27 March 2014 and the document is available on the websites of the Company and The Stock Exchange.

As at 31 March 2016, the Nomination Committee is made up of the three INEDs, namely Professor KO, The Hon. IP and Mr. FUNG, and one Executive Director, namely Mr. NGAI. Mr. NGAI is the chairman of the Nomination Committee.

The Nomination Committee meets at least once a year. During the year ended 31 March 2016, the Nomination Committee held two meetings. The major roles and functions of the Nomination Committee include, among others:

- review the structure, size and composition (including the skills, knowledge and experience) of the Board and make recommendations to the Board on the appointment or re-appointment of Directors and succession planning for Directors;
- identify and make recommendations to the Board on suitable individuals nominated for appointment as Director(s);
- assess the independence of INEDs;
- review contribution required of Directors;
- review and monitor the training and continuous professional development of Directors; and
- review the Board Diversity Policy and monitor its implementation.

Board Diversity Policy

The "Board Diversity Policy" sets out the approach to achieve diversity of the Board. It is believed that a truly diverse board will include and make good use of differences in the skills, background, experience, knowledge, expertise and other qualities of members of the board. These differences will be taken into account in determining the optimum composition of the Board. All appointments of directors will be based on merit and the Nomination Committee will review the Board composition by considering the benefits of all aspects of diversity.

The "Board Diversity Policy" shall be reviewed by the Nomination Committee, as appropriate and at least annually, to ensure its effectiveness. Considered the current business needs of the Group, the Nomination Committee considers that the existing members of the Board have a diverse range of experience and professional expertise.

提名委員會

本公司於二零一一年九月七日成立提名委員會, 具有書面職權範圍,其大部份成員為獨立非執行 董事。提名委員會的職權範圍於二零一四年三月 二十七日經修訂後採納,文件可於本公司及聯交 所網站上查閱。

於二零一六年三月三十一日,提名委員會由三名獨立非執行董事(即高教授、葉議員及馮先生),以及一名執行董事(即魏先生)組成。魏先生為提名委員會主席。

提名委員會每年舉行最少一次會議。於截至二零 一六年三月三十一日止年度內,提名委員會舉行 了兩次會議,其主要工作和職能如下:

- 檢討董事會的架構、規模及組成(包括技能、知識及經驗方面),就董事的委任、重 選及董事之繼任計劃,向董事會提出建議;
- 物色具備合適資格的人士擔任董事會成員, 並就此向董事會作出建議;
- 評核獨立非執行董事之獨立性;
- 評核董事之貢獻;
- 評核及監察董事之培訓及專業發展;及
- 檢討董事會成員多元化政策及監察其執行。

董事會成員多元化政策

「董事會成員多元化政策」載列實現董事會成員多元化之方式。本公司認為,一個真正成員多元化之董事會將融入及善用董事會成員之不同技能、背景、經驗、知識、專長及其他質素。該等差異將在釐定董事會之最佳組合時納入考量。所有董事的任命均以用人唯才為原則,而提名委員會將透過考慮多元化之所有益處檢討董事會之組成。

「董事會成員多元化政策」須由提名委員會(於適當時而最少每年)進行檢討,以確保其有效性。 就本集團現時的業務需要而言,提名委員會認為 董事會現時的成員擁有不同領域的經驗及專長。

DIRECTORS' TRAINING AND PROFESSIONAL DEVELOPMENT

Every Director keeps abreast of responsibilities as a Director of the Company and of the conduct, business activities and development of the Company. The Company provides all members of the Board with monthly updates on the Group's development.

According to the code provision A.6.5 of the CG Code, all Directors should participate in continuous professional development to develop and refresh their knowledge and skills to ensure that their contribution to the Board remains informed and relevant. The Company continues its effort in providing updates on the changes in the relevant regulatory requirements applicable to the Group from time to time and recommending relevant seminars/conferences/forums and internal briefing sessions to the Directors as and when appropriate.

The Directors acknowledge the need for continuous professional development and they confirmed that they have complied with the code provision A.6.5 of the CG Code during the year. All Directors are required to provide the Company with the records of the training they received annually. According to the records maintain by the Company, all Directors pursued continuous professional development during the year and relevant details are set out below:

董事培訓及專業發展

每位董事均了解作為本公司董事的責任,掌握本 公司的經營、業務活動及動向的資料。本公司每 月向董事會所有成員匯報本集團的最新發展。

根據企業管治守則下守則條文第A.6.5條規定,所有董事須參與持續專業發展,以拓展及更新其知識和技能,從而確保其對董事會有相應的貢獻。本公司持續向董事不時提供適用於本集團的相關監管規定變更的資訊,並適時向彼等推薦相關研討會/會議/論壇及內部簡介會。

董事知悉持續專業發展的需要,而彼等已確認其 於年內已遵守企業管治守則守則條文第A.6.5條。 所有董事每年均須向本公司提供其培訓紀錄予本 公司保存。根據本公司之紀錄,所有董事於本年 度內皆有參與持續專業發展,相關資料如下:

Directors 重事	Types of Training 培訓類別
Mr. NGAI 魏先生	A & B A 與 B
Mr. YAU 游先生	A&B A與B
Professor KO 高教授	A&B A與B
The Hon. IP 葉議員	В В
Mr. FUNG 馮先生	A&B A與B

Remarks

 $A-Attending\ seminars/conferences/forums/internal\ briefing\ sessions$

B - Reading journals/updates/articles/materials

註解:

A - 出席研討會/會議/論壇/內部簡介會

B - 研讀期刊/更新/文章/材料

SECURITIES TRANSACTIONS OF DIRECTORS AND EMPLOYEES

The Company has adopted the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Issuers as set out in Appendix 10 of the Listing Rules (the "Model Code") as the code of conduct regarding the Directors' securities transactions. Following specific enquiry made by the Company, all Directors have confirmed that they had complied with the required standard set out in the Model Code throughout the year ended 31 March 2016. Full details of the Directors' interests in the shares of the Company are set out on pages 68 to 70 in the "REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS" of this annual report.

The Company has also established written code on no less exacting terms than the Model Code for dealings in the securities of the Company and its associated corporations by relevant employees who are likely to be in possession of unpublished inside information in relation to the Company or any of its associated corporations.

During the year under review, the Company has sent notifications to the Directors and relevant employees reminding them of the "black-out period" as specified in the Model Code during which they are not allowed to deal in the securities of the Company and its associated corporations at the relevant times. All Directors and employees are also bound by corporate policies of the Company to refrain from dealing in the Company's and its associated corporations' securities if they are in possession of any inside information of the Group or any of its associated corporations.

AUDITORS' REMUNERATION

The Board monitors the non-audit services performed from its external auditors to the Group to ensure that the independence and objectivity of the external auditors would not be impaired by its provision of any non-audit services to the Group. In respect of the year ended 31 March 2016, the remuneration paid and payable to the Company's external auditors, Ernst & Young, is set out below:

董事及僱員進行證券交易

本公司已採納上市規則附錄10所載之「上市公司董事進行證券交易的標準守則」(「標準守則」), 作為董事進行證券交易的標準守則」(「標準守則」), 作為董事進行證券交易的操守準則。經本公司作 出特定查詢後,所有董事均確認彼等於截至二零 一六年三月三十一日止年度內一直遵守標準守則 所載的規定。有關董事於本公司股份中權益的全 部詳情,載於本年度報告之「董事會報告」內的第 68至70頁。

本公司亦已就可能擁有關於本公司或其聯繫企業 的未公佈之內幕消息的有關僱員在進行本公司或 其任何聯繫企業之證券交易事宜設立書面守則, 而該守則並不比標準守則寬鬆。

本公司已向董事和有關僱員發出通知,提醒他們 有關標準守則內列明的「禁止買賣期」內不得買賣 本公司及其聯繫企業的證券。此外,全體董事及 所有僱員均受本公司的公司政策約束,當他們得 悉本集團或其任何聯繫企業的任何內幕消息,則 不得買賣本公司及其任何聯繫企業的證券。

核數師酬金

董事會監察著外聘核數師為本集團進行的非審核 服務,以確保外聘核數師的獨立性及客觀性不會 因其向本集團提供任何非審核服務而受損。於截 至二零一六年三月三十一日止年度,本公司之外 聘核數師安永會計師事務所的酬金如下:

HK\$'000 *千港元*

Audit services審核服務2,250Non-audit services:非審核服務:Taxation services税務服務351Other services其他服務195

COMPANY SECRETARY

The Company Secretary is to support the Board by ensuring good information flow with the Board as well as the board policy and procedures being followed. The Company Secretary is also responsible for advising the Board on governance matters and facilitates the professional development of Directors. Ms. TSANG Hau Lam ("Ms. TSANG"), the Company Secretary, is a full time employee of the Group and her biography is set out on page 42 of this annual report. Ms. TSANG has confirmed that she has complied with all the qualifications and training requirements under the Listing Rules. Ms. TSANG is also the financial controller of the Group.

COMMUNICATIONS WITH SHAREHOLDERS

The Company endeavours to maintain a high level of transparency in communication with shareholders and investors in general. The various channels via which the Company communicates with its shareholders include interim and annual reports, information on The Stock Exchange's and the Company's websites, and general meetings.

Shareholders are encouraged to attend the Company's general meetings where the Chairman, the Executive Directors of the Board and the chairman of the Board Committees are available to answer questions. Separate resolutions are proposed at the general meetings on each substantially separate issue, including the election of individual Directors.

公司秘書

公司秘書須協助董事會,確保與董事會有良好資訊流通及董事會政策和程序均得到遵守。公司秘書亦負責向董事會就管治事務提出建議,並推動董事之專業發展。本公司之公司秘書曾巧臨小姐(「曾小姐」)為本集團之全職員工,彼之履歷載於本年度報告第42頁。曾小姐確認其符合上市規則項下的所有資格及培訓要求。曾小姐同時為本公司之財務總監。

與股東的溝通

在與股東及一般投資者的溝通而言,本公司盡力維持高透明度。本公司與其股東溝通的渠道包括中期及年度報告、載於聯交所及本公司網站的資料,以及股東大會。

本公司鼓勵股東出席本公司股東大會,董事會主席、執行董事及董事會之委員會的主席將在會上回答提問。於股東大會上,將會就每項實際獨立的事宜(包括選舉個別董事)提出獨立決議案。

SHAREHOLDERS' RIGHTS

Right to convene special general meeting

In accordance with Article 58 of the Bye-laws of the Company, any shareholder holding not less than one tenth of the paid-up capital of the Company carrying the right of voting at general meeting shall have the right, by written requisition served to the Board or the Company Secretary, to require a special general meeting to be convened by the Board for transaction of any business specified in such requisition; and such meeting shall be held within two (2) months after the deposit of such requisition. If within twenty one (21) days of such deposit the Board fails to proceed to convene such meeting, the requisitionists themselves may do so in accordance with the provisions of Section 74(3) of the Companies Act 1981 of Bermuda, as amended from time to time.

Right to put forward proposals at general meetings

Pursuant to Sections 79(1) and 79(2) of the Bermuda Companies Act 1981 as amended from time to time, on the requisition in writing of (i) either any number of shareholders representing not less than one-twentieth of the total voting rights of all the shareholders having at the date of the requisition a right to vote at the meeting to which the requisition relates, or (ii) not less than 100 shareholders, the Company shall be under a duty to, at the expense of the requisitionists unless the Company otherwise resolves:

- (a) give to shareholders entitled to receive notice of the next AGM notice of any resolution which may properly be moved and is intended to be moved at that meeting; and
- (b) circulate to shareholders entitled to have notice of any general meeting sent to them any statement of not more than 1,000 words with respect to the matter referred to in any proposed resolution or the business to be dealt with at that meeting.

Right to put enquiries to the Board

Shareholders have the right to put enquiries to the Board at general meetings.

股東權利

召開股東特別大會之權利

根據本公司之公司細則第五十八章,倘本公司股東於向董事會或公司秘書遞交書面呈請當日持有可於本公司股東大會投票之本公司已繳足股本不少於十分一,則可要求就書面呈請中所列之任何事項召開股東特別大會,而大會應於兩個月內召開。倘於遞交該呈請日期起計二十一日內,董事會未有召開有關大會,則遞交呈請之人士可根據百慕達一九八一年公司法第74(3)條,自發召開有關大會。

於股東大會上提出議案之權利

根據經不時修定之百慕達一九八一年公司法例第79(1)條及第79(2)條,在(i)於遞交書面呈請日期持有不少於全體股東總投票權(賦有於呈請相關股東大會上之投票權)二十分一之股東(不論人數);或(ii)不少於100名股東以書面方式提出書面呈請,本公司應有責任(除非本公司另行議決,有關費用將由遞交呈請人士承擔):

- (a) 向有權接收下一屆股東週年大會通告之股東 發出通知,以告知於該大會上可能正式動議 及擬動議之任何決議案;及
- (b) 向有權獲發送任何股東大會通告之股東傳閱 不超過一千字之陳述書,以告知於該大會上 提呈之決議案所述事宜或將處理之事項。

向董事會提問之權利

股東有權於股東大會上向董事會提問。

INTERNAL CONTROL AND RISK MANAGEMENT

The Board recognises its overall responsibility for maintaining a sound and effective system of internal control and risk management to safeguard the shareholders' investment and the Company's assets, and for reviewing its effectiveness. The Board has entrusted the Audit Committee with the responsibility to review the internal control and risk management systems of the Group, which include financial, operational and compliance controls and risk management functions.

During the year under review, the Board has conducted review on the effectiveness of the internal control and risk management systems of the Group through discussion with the Audit Committee on audit findings and control issues. These procedures provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance against material errors, losses and fraud, and manage rather than eliminate risks of failure in the Group's operational systems and in the achievement of the Group's business objectives.

The Board has also considered the adequacy of resources, qualifications and experience of staff of the Group's accounting and financial reporting function, and their professional developments.

RESPONSIBILITY STATEMENT IN RESPECT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The Directors acknowledge and understand their responsibility for preparing the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2016, which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company and the Group on a going concern basis.

To the best of the Directors' knowledge, there is no uncertainty relating to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt upon the Company's ability to continue as a going concern.

The external auditors of the Company acknowledge their reporting responsibilities in their auditors' report on the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2016 as set out in the Independent Auditors' Report on pages 80 to 81.

內部監控及風險管理

董事會認同其有責任確保整體內部監控系及風險 管理統穩健妥善而且有效,以保障股東的投資及 本公司的資產,並檢討其是否有效。董事會已授 權審核委員會負責檢討本集團內部監控及風險管 理系統,包括財務,營運及合規控制及風險管理 職能。

於回顧年度,董事會透過與審核委員會討論審核結論及監控事宜,從而對本集團內部監控及風險管理系統之成效作出檢討。訂立上述程序旨在可合理但非絕對確保本集團不會出現重大失誤、虧損及欺詐,並可管理但非消除本集團營運制度失誤及業務未能達標之風險。

董事會亦已考慮本集團會計及財務匯報職能之員 工人數、專業資格及經驗,以及彼等之專業發展 是否足夠。

有關財務報表的責任聲明

本公司董事知悉及明白彼等有責任以持續營運之 基準編製真實且公平地反映本公司及本集團截至 二零一六年三月三十一日止年度的財務狀況之財 務報表。

就董事所深知,概無任何不明朗因素或情況可能 會嚴重影響本公司持續營運之能力。

本公司之外聘核數師在本年度報告第80頁至第81 頁的獨立核數師報告中,載列其於截至二零一六 年三月三十一日止年度的財務報表的申報責任。

Corporate Governance Report 企業管治報告

CONSTITUTIONAL DOCUMENTS

During the year ended 31 March 2016, there is no change in the Company's constitutional documents.

On behalf of the Board of

憲章文件

於截至二零一六年三月三十一日止年度,本公司 之憲章文件並無更改。

代表董事會

VANTAGE INTERNATIONAL
(HOLDINGS) LIMITED

NGAI Chun Hung

Chairman

盈信控股有限公司 *主席* 魏振雄

Hong Kong, 21 June 2016

香港,二零一六年六月二十一日

The board (the "Board") of directors (the "Directors") of the Company are pleased to present their report together with the audited consolidated financial statement of the Group for the year ended 31 March 2016.

本公司之董事(「董事」)會(「董事會」) 欣然提呈 其報告連同截至二零一六年三月三十一日止年度 本集團的經審核綜合財務報表。

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES

The principal activities of the Company are investment holding and the provision of corporate management services. Details of the principal activities of the Group's principal subsidiaries and joint ventures are set out in notes 1 and 17 respectively to the financial statements. On 5 June 2015, the Group disposed its entire interest in Excel Development (Holdings) Limited and its subsidiaries which mainly engaged in the civil engineering works as well as building construction and maintenance works in Hong Kong. On 15 September 2015, licence has been granted to a subsidiary of the Group under the Money Lenders Ordinance to carry on provision of finance business in Hong Kong. Other than this development, there were no significant changes in the nature of the Group's principal activities during the year.

BUSINESS REVIEW

A review of the business of the Group during the year, an analysis of the Group's financial performance during the year using financial key performance indicators, a discussion on the Group's future business development and a description of the principal risks and uncertainties facing by the Group are provided in this report, and the "CHAIRMAN'S STATEMENT" and the "MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS" sections of this annual report on pages 6 to 16 and pages 24 to 33. Also, the Group's financial risk management objectives and policies are set out in note 39 to the financial statements. All the above sections form part of this report of the Directors.

The Group is committed to be an environmental-responsible corporation with the aim to conserve natural resources and natural environment. The Group has operated an environmental management system which complies with international standards and will continuously encourage our business partners, suppliers and sub-contractors to follow the same standards. During the year ended 31 March 2016, there were no material breach of or non-compliance with applicable laws and regulations by the Group that have significant impact on the business and operations of the Group.

主要業務

本公司之主要業務為投資控股及提供企業管理服務。本集團之主要附屬公司及合營企業之主要業務詳情分別載於財務報表附註1及17。於二零一五年六月五日,本集團售出其於恰益控股有限公司及其附屬公司(彼等主要於香港從事土木工程及樓宇建築及保養業務)之所有權益。於二零一五年九月十五日,本集團的一附屬公司根據放債人條例獲發牌照,可於香港提供融資業務。此外,本集團之主要業務的性質在本年度並無重大變動。

業務回顧

有關本集團本年度的業務回顧、本集團年內以財務關鍵指標作出分析的財務表現、本集團未來之業務發展及有關本集團主要風險及不明朗因素的描述,已載於本報告,以及本年度報告第6頁至第16頁的「主席報告」及第24頁至第33頁的「管理層討論及分析」中。此外,本集團的財務風險管理目標和政策已載於財務報表附註39內。上述章節均構成本董事會報告的一部分。

本集團致力成為一間環保企業,以保護天然資源及自然環境為目標。本集團已採用一符合國際標準的環境管理系統,並不斷鼓勵我們的合作夥伴、供應商與分判商採用相準則。於截至二零一六年三月三十一日止年度,本集團沒有重大違反或不遵守對本集團之業務有顯著影響的適用法律與法規。

RESULTS AND DIVIDENDS

The Group's profit for the year ended 31 March 2016 and the Group's financial position at that date are set out in the consolidated financial statements on pages 82 to 200 of this annual report.

No interim dividend has been paid or declared by the Company during the year (2015: Nil). At the Company's annual general meeting ("AGM") held on 27 August 2015, shareholders approved the final dividend of HK5 cents per ordinary share for the year ended 31 March 2015 which amounted to a total of approximately HK\$87,333,000. The dividend was paid on 21 September 2015.

The Board recommends the payment of a final dividend of HK2 cents (2015: HK5 cents) per ordinary share for the year ended 31 March 2016 to the shareholders whose names appear on the register of members of the Company on 26 August 2016, Friday. The proposed payment of the final dividends is subject to approval of the Company's shareholders at the forthcoming 2016 AGM of the Company and has not been recognised as a liability as at 31 March 2016. Based on the 1,746,664,400 ordinary shares of the Company in issues as of the date of this announcement, the total dividend amounted to approximately HK\$34,933,000.

AGM AND CLOSURE OF REGISTER OF MEMBERS

The 2016 AGM of the Company will be held in Hong Kong on 17 August 2016, Wednesday. Notice of the AGM will be issued and disseminated to the Shareholders in due course.

To ascertain the entitlement to attend and vote at the AGM to be held on 17 August 2016, Wednesday, the register of members of the Company will be closed from 15 August 2016, Monday to 17 August 2016, Wednesday (both days inclusive) during which period no transfer of shares will be registered. In order to qualify for attending and voting at the annual general meeting, all share transfer documents accompanied by the relevant share certificates must be lodged with the Company's branch share registrar in Hong Kong, Tricor Tengis Limited at Level 22, Hopewell Centre, 183 Queen's Road East, Hong Kong, for registration not later than 4:30 pm on 12 August 2016, Friday.

業績及股息

本集團於截至二零一六年三月三十一日止年度之 溢利及本集團於當日之財務狀況載於本年度報告 第82頁至第200頁之綜合財務報表。

本公司於本年度並無宣派或支付中期股息(二零一五年:無)。於二零一五年八月二十七日舉行之本公司股東週年大會(「**股東週年大會**」)上,股東批准為二零一五年三月三十一日止年度派發每股普通股5港仙末期股息,共約87,333,000港元。該股息已於二零一五年九月二十一日支付。

董事會建議就截至二零一六年三月三十一日止年度向於二零一六年八月二十六日(星期五)名列本公司股東名冊上的股東派發末期股息,每股普通股2港仙(二零一五年:每股5港仙)。擬派發之末期股息須於本公司將舉行的二零一六年年度股東週年大會上獲得股東批准,方可作實,此末期股息因而並未在二零一六年三月三十一日確認為負債。按本年度報告日本公司已發行股份1,746,664,400股普通股股份計算,股息總額約為34,933,000港元。

股東週年大會及暫停辦理股份過戶登記 手續

本公司二零一六年年度之股東週年大會將於二零一六年八月十七日(星期三)在香港舉行。本公司 將於適當時候向股東寄發及發送股東週年大會通 告。

為確定出席將於二零一六年八月十七日(星期三)舉行之股東週年大會並於會上投票之權利,本公司將由二零一六年八月十五日(星期一)至二零一六年八月十七日(星期三)(包括首尾兩日)暫停辦理股份過戶登記手續。為符合資格出席股東週年大會並於會上投票,所有股份過戶文件連同有關股票必須在二零一六年八月十二日(星期五)下午四時三十分前遞交至本公司之香港股份過戶登記分處,卓佳登捷時有限公司,地址為香港皇后大道東183號合和中心22樓,以辦理登記手續。

DIVIDEND AND CLOSURE OF REGISTER OF MEMBERS

Assuming that the final dividend is approved by the shareholders of the Company at the forthcoming AGM, for the purposes of ascertaining the entitlement to the final dividend, the register of members of the Company will be closed from 25 August 2016, Thursday to 26 August 2016, Friday (both days inclusive) during which period no transfer of shares will be registered. In order to qualify for the final dividend, all share transfer documents accompanied by the relevant share certificates must be lodged with the Company's branch share registrar in Hong Kong, Tricor Tengis Limited at Level 22, Hopewell Centre, 183 Queen's Road East, Hong Kong for registration not later than 4:30 pm on 24 August 2016, Wednesday. It is expected that the final dividend will be payable to those entitled shareholders on or before 13 September 2016, Tuesday.

RISK MANAGEMENT

Under the Group's internal control and risk management framework, the Board has entrusted the Audit Committee with the responsibility to review the internal control and risk management systems of the Group. Other than the financial risk management policies of the Group set out in note 39 to the financial statements, the Group is also exposed to key risk factors including construction risk and compliance risk.

Construction risk

In respect of the contract works business, the Group is exposed to construction risk in relation to price fluctuation, duration of works, quality of work, environmental protection and safety involved in the construction business. The Group mitigates these risks through risk transfer, improve communication between project teams with project estimation and procurement department and implementation of management system which meets international standards.

股息及及暫停辦理股份過戶登記手續

假設末期股息在將舉行的股東週年大會上獲得本公司的股東批准,為釐定有權獲得末期股息的股東,本公司將由二零一六年八月二十五日(星期四)至二零一六年八月二十六日(星期五)(包括首尾兩日)暫停辦理股份過戶登記手續。為保取得末期股息的資格,所有股份過戶文件連同有關股票必須在二零一六年八月二十四日(星期三)下午四時三十分以前遞交至本公司之香港股份過戶登記分處,卓佳登捷時有限公司,地址為香港皇后大道東183號合和中心22樓,以辦理登記手續。預計末期股息將於二零一六年九月十三日(星期二)或以前支付予有權取得股息的股東。

風險管理

根據本集團的內部監控和風險管理框架,董事會已委託審核委員會負責審查本集團的內部控制和風險管理制度。除載於財務報表附註39的本集團的財務風險管理政策,本集團亦面臨其他關鍵風險因素,包括施工風險及合規風險。

施工風險

就合約工程業務方面,本集團面臨有關價格波動、工程時間、施工質量、環保及安全等與建築業務相關的施工風險。本集團通過風險轉移、加強施工隊伍與項目評估及採購部門之間的溝通,以及實施符合國際標準的管理系統等措施來減輕這些風險。

Compliance risk

The Group is exposed to compliance risk in relation to various rules and regulations, including but not limited to rules and regulations in relation to construction labour, occupational health and safety, environmental protection, money lending, contractor registration and listing in Hong Kong. Noncompliance may causes serious legal sanctions, material financial loss, or loss to reputation and loss of business to the Group. The Group paid high attention to the enactment and amendment of laws and regulations which may cause legal risks to the Group's business and will arrange appropriate training and experience sharing activities for relevant employees.

SUMMARY FINANCIAL INFORMATION

A summary of the published results and the statements of financial position of the Group for the last five financial years, as extracted from the audited financial statements and restated/reclassified as appropriate, is set out on page 5 of this annual report. This summary does not form part of the audited financial statements.

PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

Details of movements in the Group's property, plant and equipment during the year are set out in note 14 to the financial statements. Further details of the Group's land and building are set out on page 18 of this annual report.

INVESTMENT PROPERTIES

All of the Group's investment properties were revalued by an independent professional valuer as at 31 March 2016 using the fair value model. Details of movements in the Group's investment properties during the year are set out in note 16 to the financial statements. Further details of the Group's investment properties are set out on page 18 of the annual report.

合規風險

本集團面臨各種法例與法規的合規風險:包括但不限於有關建築勞工、職業健康與安全、環境保護、提供融資、承建商註冊及香港上市的法例與法規。不合規的行為可能引致嚴重的法律制裁、重大財務損失、有損本集團之聲譽或損失業務等結果。本集團非常關注可能為本集團帶來法律風險的法律與法規的制定和修改,並會為有需要之僱員安排合適的培訓及經驗分享。

財務資料概要

本集團截至過往五個財政年度之已刊發業績以及 財務狀況表之概要(摘錄自經審核財務報表並已 經重列或重分類) 載於本年度報告第5頁。此概要 並不構成經審核財務報表之一部份。

物業、機器及設備

本集團之物業、機器及設備於本年度之變動詳情 載於財務報表附註14。本集團之土地及樓宇之進 一步詳情載於本年度報告第18頁。

投資物業

所有本集團之投資物業已由一名獨立專業估值師採用公允值模式重估其於二零一六年三月三十一日之價值。本集團之投資物業於本年度之變動詳情載於財務報表附註16。本集團之投資物業之進一步詳情載於本年度報告第18頁。

PROPERTIES HELD FOR DEVELOPMENT, PROPERTIES UNDER DEVELOPMENT AND PROPERTIES HELD FOR SALE

Details and movements in the Group's properties held for development, properties under development and properties held for sale during the year are set out in notes 15, 19 and 20 to the financial statements respectively. Further details of the Group's properties held for development, properties under development and properties held for sale as at 31 March 2016 are set out on pages 19 to 20 of this annual report.

BANK BORROWINGS

Particulars of bank borrowings of the Group as at 31 March 2016 are set out in note 27 to the financial statements.

SHARE CAPITAL AND SHARE OPTIONS

There was no movement in the Company's authorized share capital and issued share capital during the year. Details of movement in the Company's share options are set out in note 30 to the financial statements.

PRE-EMPTIVE RIGHTS

There are no provisions for pre-emptive rights under the Company's Bye-laws or the laws of Bermuda which would oblige the Company to offer new shares on a pro rata basis to existing shareholders.

PURCHASE, REDEMPTION OR SALE OF THE COMPANY'S LISTED SECURITIES

Neither the Company, nor any of its subsidiaries purchased, redeemed or sold any of the Company's listed securities during the year ended 31 March 2016.

RESERVES

Details of movements in the reserves of the Company and the Group during the year are set out in note 31 to the financial statements and in the consolidated statement of changes in equity, respectively.

持有作發展的物業、發展中物業及持有 作出售的物業

本集團之持有作發展的物業、發展中物業及持有作出售的物業於本年之變動詳情分別載於財務報表附註15、19及20。本集團於二零一六年三月三十一日之持有作發展的物業、發展中物業及持有作出售的物業之進一步詳情載於本年度報告第19頁至第20頁。

銀行貸款

本集團於二零一六年三月三十一日之銀行貸款之 詳情,載於財務報表附註27。

股本及購股權

於本年度內,本公司之法定股本及以發行股本無 任何變動。本公司已發行購股權的變動及詳情, 載於財務報表附註30。

優先購買權

本公司之公司細則或百慕達之法例並無優先購買權之規定,故此本公司無須按比例向現有股東發售新股。

買賣或贖回本公司之上市證券

本公司或其任何附屬公司概無於截至二零一六年 三月三十一日止年度內買賣或贖回本公司任何上 市證券。

儲備

於本年度內,本公司及本集團之儲備變動詳情分 別載於財務報表附註31及綜合權益變動表。

DISTRIBUTABLE RESERVES

At 31 March 2016, the Company's reserves available for distribution, calculated in accordance with the Companies Act 1981 of Bermuda (as amended), amounted to HK\$446,806,000 (2015: HK\$236,183,000). In addition, the Company's share premium account, in the amount of HK\$332,983,000 at 31 March 2016 (2015: HK\$332,983,000), may be distributed in the form of fully paid bonus shares.

DONATIONS

During the year, the Group made donations for charitable and other purposes of approximately HK\$3,264,000 (2015: HK\$440,000).

MAJOR CUSTOMERS AND SUPPLIERS

During the year, contract works revenue earned from the Group's five largest customers from continuing operations accounted for approximately 96% (2015: 97%) of the total contract works revenue for the year and contract works revenue earned from the largest customer included therein accounted for approximately 43% (2015: 49%).

Subcontracting charges paid to the Group's five largest suppliers from continuing operations accounted for approximately 30% (2015: 22%) of the total subcontracting charges and material costs incurred for the year. Subcontracting charges paid to the largest supplier included therein accounted for approximately 9% (2015: 6%).

None of the Directors or any of their associates or any shareholders (which, to the best knowledge of the Directors, own more than 5% of the Company's issued share capital) had any interest in the Group's five largest customers or the five largest suppliers.

The Group recognises the importance of maintaining good relationships with customers, suppliers and sub-contractors to achieve its long-term business growth and development. Accordingly, the Group has kept good communications and shared business updates with business partners when appropriate.

可供分派儲備

於二零一六年三月三十一日,根據百慕達一九八一年公司法(經修訂)之規定所計算,本公司之可供分派儲備為446,806,000港元(二零一五年:236,183,000港元)。此外,於二零一六年三月三十一日,本公司可以繳足紅股之方式分派之股份溢價賬為332,983,000港元(二零一五年:332,983,000港元)。

捐款

於本年度內,本集團作出之慈善及其他捐款約3,264,000港元(二零一五年:440,000港元)。

主要客戶及供應商

於本年度內,自本集團之持續經營業務之五大客 戶賺取之合約工程收入佔本年度合約工程收入總 額約96%(二零一五年:97%),其中來自最大客 戶之合約工程收入約佔43%(二零一五年:49%)。

本集團支付持續經營業務之五位最大供應商之支 出佔本年度發生之分判支出及材料成本總額約 30%(二零一五年:22%)。其中支付最大供應商 之分判支出約佔9%(二零一五年:6%)。

並無董事或彼等各自之任何聯繫人士或任何股 東(就董事所知其擁有5%以上之本公司已發行股 本)於本集團五大客戶或五大供應商中擁有任何 權益。

本集團認同保持與客戶、供應商和分判商的良好關係,以實現其長遠的業務增長和發展的重要性。因此,本集團一直與業務夥伴保持良好的溝通,並於適當時與他們分享最新業務資訊。

DIRECTORS

The Directors during the year and up to the date of this report were:

Executive directors:

Mr. NGAI Chun Hung ("Mr. NGAI") (Chairman) Mr. YAU Kwok Fai ("Mr. YAU") (Deputy Chairman and Chief Executive Officer)

Independent non-executive directors ("INED(s)):

Professor KO Jan Ming ("Professor KO")
The Hon. IP Kwok Him, GBS, JP ("The Hon. IP")
Mr. FUNG Pui Cheung Eugene ("Mr. FUNG")

At the forthcoming AGM, Mr. YAU, Professor KO, The Hon. IP and Mr. FUNG shall retire from office in accordance with clause 87 of the Bye-laws and/or the Code Provision A.4.3 of the CG Code (as defined in this annual report) set out in Appendix 14 of the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities (the "Listing Rules") on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange"). All the retiring Directors, being eligible, will offer themselves for re-election to serve for another term at the AGM.

During the year under review, the appointment of each of Professor KO, The Hon. IP and Mr. FUNG, as extended based on the respective agreement between them and the Company, was for a term of one year expiring on 31 August 2016.

CONFIRMATION OF INDEPENDENCE OF INEDs

The Company has received from each of Professor KO, The Hon. IP and Mr. FUNG an annual confirmation of his independence pursuant to Rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules, and the Company considers all of the INEDs to be independent.

DIRECTORS' AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT'S BIOGRAPHIES

Biographical details of the Directors and the senior management of the Group are set out on pages 34 to 42 of this annual report.

董事

於本年度及直至此報告日期之期間內,本公司之 董事如下:

執行董事:

魏振雄先生(「**魏先生**」)(主席) 游國輝先生(「**游先生**」) (副主席兼行政總裁)

獨立非執行董事(「獨立非執行董事」):

高贊明教授(「高教授」)

葉國謙議員(金紫荊星章、太平紳士)(「**葉議員**」) 馮培漳先生(「**馮先生**」)

於即將舉行之股東週年大會上,游先生、高教授、葉議員及馮先生將根據公司細則第87條及/或香港聯合交易所有限公司(「**聯交所**」)《證券上市規則》(「上市規則」)附錄十四所載之《企業管治守則》(如本年度報告所定義)的守則條文第A.4.3條退任董事。所有退任董事均符合資格並願意於股東週年大會上膺選連任。

於本回顧年度,高教授、葉議員及馮先生各自之 委任任期,按彼等各自與本公司訂立之協議,獲 延長一年至二零一六年八月三十一日。

獨立非執行董事之年度獨立確認書

根據上市規則第3.13條,本公司已接獲高教授、 葉議員及馮先生各自之年度獨立性確認書,並認 為彼等均為獨立人士。

董事及高級管理人員之履歷

董事及本集團高級管理人員之履歷載於本年度報 告第34至42頁。

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DIRECTORS' SERVICE CONTRACTS

Mr. NGAI and Mr. YAU have respectively renewed their service contracts with the Company on 30 March 2016 for a fixed term of three years commencing from 1 April 2016, subject to termination by either party by giving a six-month written notice.

None of the Directors has a service contract with the Company or any of its subsidiaries which is of a duration exceeding three years or which is not terminable by the employer within one year without payment of compensation (other than statutory compensation).

DIRECTORS' REMUNERATION

The Directors' remuneration are set out in note 8 to the financial statements

DIRECTORS' INTERESTS IN TRANSACTIONS, ARRANGEMENTS OR CONTRACTS

Other than the contracts as further detailed in section headed "RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS" below, no Director nor a connected entity of a Director had a material interest, either directly or indirectly, in any transactions, arrangements or contracts of significance to the Group's business to which the holding company of the Company, or any of the Company's subsidiaries or fellow subsidiaries was a party, at any time during the year.

MANAGEMENT CONTRACTS

Save for contract of service with the Directors, no contract by which a person undertakes the management and administration of the whole or any substantial part of the Company's business was entered into or subsisted during the year.

董事之服務合約

於二零一六年三月三十日,魏先生及游先生分別 與本公司更新了彼等之服務合約。合約由二零 一六年四月一日起生效,為期三年,或由其中一 方給予六個月書面通知予以終止為止。

各董事並無與本公司或其任何附屬公司訂立任何 年期超逾三年或規定僱主不可在一年內終止其服 務(除非作出法定賠償以外之賠償)的服務合約。

董事酬金

董事酬金載於財務報表附註8。

董事之交易、安排及合約權益

除於下文「關連方交易」一段所披露之合約外,董事及其聯繫人士並無於本年度之任何時候在本公司之控股公司或本公司之任何附屬公司或同系附屬公司作為一方之交易、安排及及合約中擁有直接或間接之重大權益。

管理合同

除與董事簽定之服務合同外,於年內並無簽定亦 不存在由一人仕承擔本公司業務的全部或任何重 大部分的管理及行政合同。

PERMITTED INDEMNITY PROVISIONS

Pursuant to the Bye-laws of the Company and subject to the relevant provision therein, every Director and officers shall be indemnified and secured harmless out of the assets and profits of the Company from and against all actions, costs, charges, losses, damages and expenses which he/she may incur in or sustain by the execution of his/her duty or otherwise in relation thereto. The Company has maintained appropriate insurance cover for the Directors and officers in connection with the discharge of their responsibilities throughout the year.

DIRECTORS' INTERESTS IN COMPETING BUSINESS

Mr. NGAI is a Director and/or (substantial) shareholder of Winflower Investment Limited, Win Source Investment Limited, Key Fame Limited and Key Fund Limited, which are companies incorporated in Hong Kong and engaging in property investment or property development business. At 31 March 2016, Mr. NGAI's son, Mr. NGAI Wing Yin, aged over 18, is a director of Lanon Development Limited ("Lanon Development"), Lanon Construction Limited ("Lanon Construction") and Lanon Building Limited ("Lanon Building"), all incorporated in Hong Kong and engaging in construction, maintenance and engineering contract works.

Meanwhile, Ms. WONG Chui Yee, Mr. NGAI Wing Ying's wife and Mr. NGAI's daughter-in-law, aged over 18, is also a director of Lanon Development. As at 31 March 2016, Mr. NGAI Wing Yin holds 100% beneficial interest in Lanon Development, Lanon Construction and Lanon Building.

On the other hand, the Group has entered into a tenancy agreement with Lanon Development, which constitutes continuing connected transactions of the Company.

允許賠償條款

根據本公司之公司細則,並受有關條款所限,每名董事及高級管理人員就履行彼等之職務或與此有關之情況而招致或蒙受的所有法律行動、費用、收費、損失、損害及開支,均可從本公司的資產及利潤獲得彌償及可獲確保免就此受到任何損害。本公司於年內一直持有適當的保險保障範圍,以保障董事及高級管理人員在履行其職責時之責任。

董事於競爭性業務中的權益

魏先生為旋花投資有限公司、源捷投資有限公司、敦翹有限公司及智穎有限公司之董事及/或(主要)股東,該等公司均於香港註冊成立,並從事物業投資或物業發展業務。於二零一六年三月三十一日,魏先生之兒子魏穎然先生(已超過十八歲)為亮雅發展有限公司(「亮雅發展」)、亮雅建築有限公司(「亮雅建築」)及亮雅建設有限公司(「亮雅建設」)之董事,該等公司於香港註冊成立,主要從事建築、維修及土木工程之合約工作。

同時,黃翠怡小姐(為魏穎然先生之太太及魏先生之媳婦,已超過十八歲)亦為亮雅發展之董事。於二零一六年三月三十一日,魏穎然先生持有亮雅發展、亮雅建築及亮雅建設之100%實益權益。

另一方面,本集團與亮雅發展簽訂一份租賃協 議,該租賃協議構成本公司之持續關連交易。

The power to make material business decisions for the Group is vested in the Board. Whenever the Board considers that there may be a conflict of interest between the Group and any Director, such Director (including Mr. NGAI who is the executive director, Chairman of the Board and a substantial shareholder of the Company) will be required to abstain from voting. Therefore, the Board is capable of carrying on the Group's business independently of, and at arm's length, from the business of Mr. NGAI.

本集團作出重大業務決策的權力歸於董事會。每 當董事會認為本集團與任何董事之間可能存在 利益衝突時,有關董事(包括作為本公司執行董 事、董事會主席兼主要股東之魏先生)須放棄表 決。因此,董事會在經營本集團之業務時,能與 魏先生的業務保持獨立性和正常業務距離。

Save as disclosed above, none of the Directors or their respective close associates is interested in any businesses which are considered to compete or are likely to compete, either directly or indirectly, with the businesses of the Group.

除上文所披露者外,董事及彼等各自緊密聯繫人 士並無於視為直接或間接與本集團業務構成競爭 或可能構成競爭的業務中擁有任何權益。

DIRECTORS' AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE'S INTERESTS IN SECURITIES

As at 31 March 2016, details of the interests and short positions of each of the Directors and chief executive of the Company in the shares, underlying shares and debentures of the Company or any of its associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the Securities and Futures Ordinance (the "SFO") as required to be notified to the Company and The Stock Exchange pursuant to Divisions 7 and 8 of Part XV of the SFO (including interests & short positions which they were taken or deemed to have under provisions of the SFO); or required to be recorded in the register kept by the Company under Section 352 of the SFO; or otherwise required to be notified to the Company and The Stock Exchange pursuant to the "Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Issuers" (the "Model Code") as set out in Appendix 10 of the Listing Rules were as follows:

董事及最高行政人員之證券權益

於二零一六年三月三十一日,本公司董事及最高 行政人員於本公司或其任何聯繫企業(定義見《證 券及期貨條例》(「證券及期貨條例」)第XV部)之 股份、相關股份或債券中擁有根據證券及期貨條 例第XV部第7及第8分部須知會本公司及聯交所 之任何權益或淡倉(包括根據證券及期貨條例有 關條文被當作或被視為擁有之權益及淡倉);或 須根據證券及期貨條例第352條規定記錄於本公 司須予存置之登記冊內之任何權益或淡倉;或根 據上市規則附錄十所載之《上市發行人董事進行 證券交易的標準守則》(「標準守則」)而須知會本 公司及聯交所之任何權益或淡倉如下:

Interests in Ordinary Shares of the Company (Long Position):

於本公司普通股中之權益(好倉):

	Canacity and	Number of	% of issued share capital of
		hares interested	the Company 佔本公司已發行
 	身份及權益性質	股份權益	股本百份比
	•	838,760,400	48.02%
		235,000,000	13.45%
		6,250,800	0.36%
		1,080,011,200	61.83%
		30,888,000	1.77%
	Personal	8,448,000	0.48%
		39,336,000	2.25%
		840,000	0.05%
		204,800	0.01%
		364,800	0.02%
死 ((((otes 計註 (a) (b)	身份及權益性質 (a) As founder and beneficiary of a trust 作為一信託成立人及受益人 (b) Interest in a controlled corporation 透過一受控制法團持有 Personal 個人	Capacity and ordinary shares interested 於普通股之股份權益 (a) As founder and beneficiary of a trust 作為一信託成立人及受益人 (b) Interest in a controlled corporation 透過一受控制法團持有 Personal 6,250,800 (c) Interest in a controlled corporation 透過一受控制法團持有 Personal 8,448,000 (d) 39,336,000 Personal 840,000 (d) 204,800 (d) Personal 364,800

Notes:

- (a) These shares are legally and beneficially owned by Winhale Ltd., which is a company incorporated in the British Virgin Islands with limited liability and is ultimately beneficially wholly-owned by the Xyston Trust. The Xyston Trust is a discretionary family trust set up by Mr. NGAI for the benefits of himself and his family.
- (b) These shares are legally and beneficially owned by Fame Yield International Limited ("Fame Yield"), the entire issued share capital of which is legally and beneficially owned by Mr. NGAI.
- (c) These shares are legally and beneficially owned by Business Success Limited, the entire issued share capital of which is legally and beneficially owned by Mr. YAU.

附註:

- (a) 此等股份由Winhale Ltd.法定及實益擁有,該公司 乃於英屬維爾京群島註冊成立之有限公司,並由 Xyston Trust最終實益全資擁有。Xyston Trust為 一個由魏先生為其本身及其家族成立的家族全權 信託基金。
- (b) 此等股份由名成國際有限公司(「名成國際」)法定 及實益擁有,該公司之全部已發行股本乃由魏先 生法定及實益擁有。
- (c) 此等股份由Business Success Limited法定及實益擁有,該公司之全部已發行股本乃由游先生法定及實益擁有。

Interests in Share Options of the Company (Long Position): 於本公司的購股權權益(好倉):

Number of share options directly beneficially owned

Name of director	董事名稱	所持有之購股權數目
Mr. NGAI	魏先生	4,500,000
Mr. YAU	游先生	4,500,000
Professor KO	高教授	2,500,000
The Hon. IP	葉議員	2,500,000
Mr. FUNG	馮先生	2,500,000

16,500,000

Save as disclosed above, as at 31 March 2016, the Company and its associated corporations had no outstanding share options granted to the Directors to subscribe for the securities of the Company and its associated corporations.

除上文披露旨外,於二零一六年三月三十一日, 本公司及其聯繫法團並無任何已授予董事,據此 可認購本公司及其聯繫法團之證券之尚未行使的 購股權。

In addition to the above, certain Directors have non-beneficial personal equity interests in certain subsidiaries held for the benefit of the Group solely for the purpose of complying with the previous minimum company membership requirement of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance. Certain Directors also have beneficial interests in non-voting deferred shares practically carrying no rights to dividends or to receive notice of or to attend or vote at any general meeting or to participate in any distribution or winding up in a subsidiary.

除上文所述者外,若干董事代表本集團持有若干 附屬公司之非實益個人股份權益,此舉純粹為遵 守過往香港公司條例中有關公司股東最低數目之 規定。若干董事亦擁有一間附屬公司之無投票權 遞延股份之實益權益,該等股份實際上無權享有 股息或收取任何股東大會通告或出席股東大會或 於股東大會上投票或在該附屬公司清盤時參與任 何分派等權利。

Save as disclosed above, as at 31 March 2016, none of the Directors or chief executive of the Company had any interests or short positions in the shares, underlying shares or debentures of the Company or any of its associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the SFO) which was required to be notified to the Company and The Stock Exchange pursuant to Divisions 7 and 8 of Part XV of the SFO, or as recorded in the register kept by the Company under Section 352 of the SFO, or otherwise to be notified to the Company and The Stock Exchange pursuant to the Model Code.

除上文披露者外,於二零一六年三月三十一日,本公司董事及最高行政人員概無於本公司或其任何聯繫企業(定義見證券及期貨條例第XV部)之股份、相關股份及債券中擁有根據證券及期貨條例第XV部第7及第8分部須知會本公司及聯交所之任何權益或淡倉;或須根據證券及期貨條例第352條規定記錄於本公司須予存置之登記冊內之任何權益或淡倉;或根據標準守則須知會本公司及聯交所之任何權益或淡倉。

DIRECTORS' RIGHT TO ACQUIRE SECURITIES OR DEBENTURES

Save as disclosed under the heading "DIRECTORS' AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE'S INTERESTS IN SECURITIES" above, at no time during the year ended 31 March 2016 was the Company, its holding company or any of its subsidiaries a party to any arrangement to enable the Company's directors, their respective spouse, or children to acquire benefits by means of acquisition of shares in or debentures of the Company or any other body corporate.

SHARE OPTION SCHEMES

At the annual general meeting of the Company held on 7 September 2011, the shareholders of the Company approved the adoption of a new share option scheme ("2011 Option Scheme") and the termination of the share option scheme adopted by the Company on 5 August 2002. Unless otherwise terminated or amended, the 2011 Option Scheme will remain in force for ten years from the date of adoption.

From the adoption date of the 2011 Option Scheme to 31 March 2016, the Company granted 25,620,000 share options under the 2011 Option Scheme to the Group's employees (including directors). As at 31 March 2016, the Company had 25,620,000 outstanding share options under the 2011 Option Scheme (2015: Nil). Particulars of the 2011 Option Scheme of the Company are disclosed in note 30 to the financial statements.

董事購入證券或債券之權益

除上文「董事及主要行政人員之證券權益」一節中 所披露者外,本公司、其控股公司或其任何附屬 公司在截至二零一六年三月三十一日止年度內, 概無授予本公司之任何董事、彼等各自之配偶或 子女任何權利,致使其可藉著購入本公司或任何 其他法人團體之股份或債務證券而獲取利益。

購股權計劃

於二零一一年九月七日舉行之本公司股東週年大會上,本公司股東批准採納新購股權計劃(「二零一一年購股權計劃」)及終止本公司於二零零二年八月五日採納之購股權計劃。除另行終止或經修訂外,二零零一年購股權計劃將自通過之日起十年內有效。

從二零一一年購股權計劃被採納採以來至二零一六年三月三十一日,本公司根據二零一一年購股權計劃授出共25,620,000股購股權予本集團之僱員(包括董事)。於二零一六年三月三十一日,本公司有25,620,000股根據二零一一年購股權計劃授出而尚未行使之購股權。本公司購股權計劃之詳情於財務報表附註30中披露。

The following table disclosed movements in the Company's 本年度本公司的購股權變動如下: share options outstanding during the year:

		Numl	per of share optio 購股權數目	ons				
Name or Category of Grantee 授予人類別		At 1 April 2015 於二零一五 年四月一日 '000 千般	Grant during the year 於本年內 授出 '000 千般	At 31 March 2016 於二零一六年 三月三十一日 '000 千般	Vesting period 授予期	Exercise period of share options 購股權之	Exercise price of share options 購股權之 行使慣 HK\$ per share 每股港元 (note) (附註)	Closing price of shares immediately before the date of grant 於授予日前 股份之收市價 HK\$ per share 每股港元
	itive and a substantial sha 及一主要股東及其聯繫丿		associates					
Mr. NGAI	魏先生	-	4,500	4,500	10/09/2015 to 09/03/2016	10/03/2016 to 09/09/2020	0.526	0.510
Mr. YAU	游先生	-	4,500	4,500	10/09/2015 to 09/03/2016	10/03/2016 to 09/09/2020	0.526	0.510
Professor KO	高教授	-	2,500	2,500	10/09/2015 to 09/03/2016	10/03/2016 to 09/09/2020	0.526	0.510
The Hon. IP	葉議員	-	2,500	2,500	10/09/2015 to 09/03/2016	10/03/2016 to 09/09/2020	0.526	0.510
Mr. FUNG	馮先生	_	2,500	2,500	10/09/2015 to 09/03/2016	10/03/2016 to 09/09/2020	0.526	0.510
	D. D. M. H.	-	16,500	16,500				
Other employees In aggregate	其他僱員 總額	_	9,120	9,120	10/09/2015 to 09/03/2016	10/03/2016 to 09/09/2020	0.526	0.510
			25,620	25,620				

Note: The exercise price of the share options is subject to adjustment in the cases of rights or bonus issues, or other similar changes in the Company's share capital.

附註: 購股權之行使價需根據配股、發行紅股或本公 司股本之其他變動而調整。

The values of the share options granted to each of the Directors during the year, calculated based on an independent valuation as at the date of grant of the share options are as follows:

根據獨立估值報告,估計年內授予各董事之購股權於授出日的價值為:

Grantee 授予人		Number of share options granted during the year 於年內 授出之購股權	Theoretical value of share options 購股權的 理論價值 HK\$'000
Mr. NGAI	魏先生	4,500,000	580
Mr. YAU	游先生	4,500,000	580
Professor KO	高教授	2,500,000	322
The Hon. IP	葉議員	2,500,000	322
Mr. FUNG	馮先生	2,500,000	322
		16,500,000	2,126

The theoretical value of the share options are calculated using the binomial option pricing model. The binomial option pricing model is a generally accepted method of valuing share options. 購股權的理論價值以二項式期權定價模型計算得 出。該二項式期權定價模型是購股權估值的一個 普遍接受的方法。

The values of share options calculated using the binomial model are subject to certain fundamental limitations, due to the subjective nature of and uncertainty relating to a number of assumptions of the expected future performance input to the model, and certain inherent limitations of the model itself. The value of a share option varies with different variables of certain subjective assumptions. Any change to the variables used may materially affect the estimation of the fair value of a share option. The significant assumptions used in the calculation of the values of the share options were set out in note 30 to the financial statements. The measurement date used in the valuation calculation was the date on which the share options were granted. The fair value of the unexercised share options measured in accordance with the Group's accounting policy (note 2.4 to the financial statements) amounted to HK\$3,300,000.

使用二項式模型計算購股權的價值會受到一定的基本限制,由於涉及對一些輸入到模型中有關未來表現的假設的主觀性質及不確定性,以及模型本身的某些固有的局限性,購股權的價值會隨某些主觀假定的不同而改變。所使用的假定的任何改變可能會對購股權的公允價值的估計有重大影響。在購股權價值的計算中使用的顯著假設載於財務報表附註30。在估值計算中使用的測量日期為授出購股權的日期。按照本集團的會計政策(財務報表附註2.4)計量的未行使購股權的公允價值為3,300,000港元。

As at 31 March 2016, the Company had 25,620,000 share options outstanding under the 2011 Option Scheme, which represented approximately 1.47% of the Company's shares in issue as at that date (2015: Nil). The exercise in full of the outstanding share options would, under the present capital structure of the Company, result in the issue of 25,620,000 additional ordinary shares of the Company and additional share capital of HK\$641,000 and share premium of HK\$12,836,000 (before issue expenses).

Save as disclosed above, at no time during the year were rights to acquire benefits by means of the acquisition of shares in or debentures of the Company granted to any of the Directors or their respective spouses or minor children, or were any such rights exercised by them; or was the Company, its holding company, or any of its subsidiaries or fellow subsidiaries a party to any arrangement to enable the Directors to acquire such rights in any other body corporate.

Save as the share option schemes adopted by the Company as mentioned above, no equity-linked agreements were entered into by the Company during the year or subsisted at the end of the year.

SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDERS' INTERESTS IN SECURITIES

As at 31 March 2016, according to the register kept by the Company pursuant to Section 336 of SFO, the following persons and companies (other than the Directors or chief executive of the Company) had an interest or short position in the shares and the underlying shares of the Company which fell to be disclosed to the Company under the provisions of the Divisions 2 and 3 of Part XV of the SFO:

於二零一六年三月三十一日,本公司有25,620,000股根據二零一年購股權計劃授出而尚未行使之購股權,佔本公司當日已發行股本之1.47%(二零一五年:無)。按本公司現時之股權架構,倘全部購股權已經行使,本公司將發行25,620,000股新普通股,而已發行股本及股份溢價賬(於扣除費用前)分別會上升641,000港元及12,836,000港元。

除上文披露者外,在一年中的任何時候,董事或 其各自的配偶或未成年子女都沒有被授予任何權 利或可通過行使任何該等權利可收購本公司之股 份或本公司的債權的方式獲取收益;本公司、其 控股公司或任何其附屬或同系附屬公司亦無參與 任何安排,使董事在任何其他法人團體取得該等 權利。

除上述本公司所採納之購股權計劃,本公司並無 於年內進行或在年末存有任何股票掛鉤協定。

主要股東之權益

於二零一六年三月三十一日,根據證券及期貨條例第336條規定記錄於本公司須予存置之登記冊,以下人士及公司(本公司董事或最高行政人員除外)於本公司股份或相關股份中擁有根據證券及期貨條例第XV部第2及第3分部之條文須向本公司披露之權益或淡倉:

Long Positions in the shares of the Company:

於本公司的股份權益(好倉):

Name of shareholders	Notes	Capacity and nature of interests	Number of ordinary shares held 所持有之	% of issued share capital of the Company 佔本公司
股東名稱	附註	身份及權益性質	普通股股份	已發行股本百份比
Winhale Ltd.	(a)	Beneficially owned 實益擁有人	838,760,400	48.02%
Braveway Limited	(b)	As a trustee 作為信託人	838,760,400	48.02%
HSBC International Trustee Limited	(b)	As a trustee 作為信託人	838,760,400	48.02%
Fame Yield 名成國際	(c)	Beneficial owner 實益擁有人	235,000,000	13.45%
Dragon Gate Development Limited	(d)	Beneficial owner 實益擁有人	166,742,000	9.55%
CHIU Koon Ming Andy 趙冠銘	(d)	Interest in a controlled corporation 一受控制法團權益	166,742,000	9.55%

Notes:

- (a) The above interest in the name of Winhale Ltd. was also disclosed as interests of Mr. NGAI under the heading "DIRECTORS' AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE'S INTERESTS IN SECURITIES". In addition, these shares are ultimately beneficially owned by the Xyston Trust.
- (b) Braveway Limited and HSBC International Trustee Limited are deemed to be interested in the shares of the Company held by Winhale Ltd. by virtue of the fact that Winhale Ltd. is wholly-owned by the trusts of which Braveway Limited and HSBC International Trustee Limited are the trustees.
- (c) 100% interest in Fame Yield is controlled by Mr. NGAI.
- (d) 100% interest in Dragon Gate Development Limited is controlled by Mr. CHIU Koon Ming Andy.

附註:

- (a) 上述以Winhale Ltd.名義持有之權益亦於上文「董事及主要行政人員之證券權益」一節中披露為魏 先生之權益。此外,此等股份由Xyston Trust最終 實益擁有。
- (b) Braveway Limited及HSBC International Trustee Limited被視為擁有由Winhale Ltd.持有之本公司 股份之權益。Winhale Ltd.乃由Braveway Limited 及HSBC International Trustee Limited作為信託人 之信託全資擁有。
- (c) 名成國際之所有權益乃由魏先生控制。
- (d) Dragon Gate Development Limited之所有權益乃 由趙冠鉻先生控制。

Save as disclosed above, as at 31 March 2016, no other person (other than the Directors and chief executive of the Company) had an interest or short position in the shares of the Company and the underlying shares which fell to be disclosed to the Company under the provisions of the Divisions 2 and 3 of Part XV of the SFO, or who, as at 31 March 2016, was directly or indirectly, interested in 10% or more of the nominal value of any class of share capital carrying rights to vote in all circumstances at general meetings of any other member of the Group.

除上文所述者外,於二零一六年三月三十一日, 概無其他人士(本公司董事及最高行政人員除外) 於本公司股份或相關股份中擁有根據證券及期貨 條例第XV部第2及第3分部之條文須向本公司披 露之權益或淡倉,亦無任何人士於二零一六年三 月三十一日直接或間接擁有在任何情況下可於本 集團屬下任何其他成員公司的股東大會上投票的 任何類別股本面值10%或以上的權益。

RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The Group entered into certain transactions with parties regarded as "Related Parties" under applicable accounting principles. These mainly relate to contracts entered into by the Group in the ordinary course of business, which contracts were negotiated on normal commercial terms and on an arm's length basis. Further details are set out in note 37 to the financial statement. One of these transactions also constitutes "continuing connected transactions" under the Listing Rules. Details of the transaction are set out as follows:

Continuing Connected Transactions – Leases granted by the Group

The following lease arrangement was entered into by Frason Holdings Limited, an indirect wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company, as landlord, with Lanon Development, as tenant and an associate of Mr. NGAI:

關連方交易

本集團與根據適用會計原則被視為「關連方」之人 士訂立若干交易。此等交易主要涉及本集團於日 常業務過程中按一般商業條款經公平原則磋商而 訂立之合約。其有關詳情載於財務報表附註37。 當中一項交易亦構成上市規則下的「持續關連交 易」。有關該持續關連交易之詳情載列如下:

持續關連交易-本集團授出之租賃

輝信集團有限公司(本公司之間接全資附屬公司) (作為業主)與亮雅發展(魏先生之聯繫人)(作為 租客)達成下列租賃安排:

					2016
Connected	Date of				total
person	agreement	Terms	Premises	Monthly rental	consideration
					二零一六年
關連人士	協議日期	年期	物業	每月租金	總代價
				HK\$	HK\$
				港元	港元
Lanon Development	29 May 2013	Three years	No. 157 Waterloo	174,000	2,088,000
		commencing	Road, Kowloon		
		from 1 June 2013			
亮雅發展	二零一三年	自二零一三年	九龍九龍塘		
9.87	五月二十九日	六月一日起三年	窩打老道157號		

The continuing connected transactions were entered in the ordinary and usual course of business of the respective subsidiary after due negotiations on an arm's length basis with reference to the prevailing market conditions and ratable value of the property. Announcements were published regarding the transaction in accordance with the Listing Rules. Further details of Lanon Development are set out in the section "DIRECTORS' INTERESTS IN COMPETING BUSINESS" above.

以上持續關連交易已參考當時市場情況及應課差 餉的租值後於有關公司在日常業務過程中以公平 原則磋商後而訂立。載有有關交易之公告已根據 上市規則刊發。有關亮雅發展之進一步詳情載於 上文「董事於競爭性業務中的權益」一節。

The INEDs of the Company have reviewed the continuing connected transactions set out above and have confirmed that these continuing connected transactions were entered into (i) in the ordinary and usual course of business of the Group; (ii) on normal commercial terms; and (iii) in accordance with the relevant agreement governing them on terms that are fair and reasonable and in the interests of the shareholders of the Company as a whole.

本公司之獨立非執行董事已審閱上述之持續關連交易,並確認該等持續關連交易:(i)屬本集團的日常業務;(ii)是按照一般商務條款進行;及(iii)根據有關交易的協議條款進行,而交易條款公平合理,並且符合本公司股東的整體利益。

The Company has engaged Ernst & Young, the Company's external auditors, to report on the Group's continuing connected transactions in accordance with Hong Kong Standard on Assurance Engagements 3000 Assurance Engagements Other Than Audits or Reviews of Historical Financial Information and with reference to Practice Note 740 Auditor's Letter on Continuing Connected Transactions under the Hong Kong Listing Rules issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants. In accordance with Rule 14A.56 of the Listing Rules, Ernst & Young have provided the Board with the letter in respect of their findings and confirming the Company's continuing connected transactions disclosed above: (i) have received the approval of the Board; (ii) have been entered into in accordance with the relevant agreement governing the transactions; and (iii) have not exceeded the cap disclosed in the Company's previous announcement. A copy of the letter has been provided to The Stock Exchange in accordance with Rule 14A.57 of the Listing Rules.

本公司已委聘本公司之外聘核數師安永會計師事務所,根據香港會計師公會頒佈之香港鑒證業務準則第3000號「非審核或審閱過往財務資料之鑒證工作」,並參照實務説明第740號「關於香港上市規則所述持續關連交易的核數師函件」,就本集團上述持續關連交易作出報告。根據上市規則第14A.56條,安永會計師事務所已就其審核結果致函董事會,確認本集團上述披露之持續關連交易:(i)已獲得本公司之董事會批准;(ii)乃根據有關交易的協議條款進行;及(iii)並無超逾本公司先前公告披露的上限。根據上市規則第14A.57條,該函件之副本已送交聯交所。

The Company has complied with the disclosure requirements in accordance with Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules and save as disclosed above, there were no other transactions which need to be disclosed as connected transaction or continuing connected transaction in accordance with the requirements of the Listing Rules.

本公司已遵守上市規則第十四A章之披露規定, 且除上文披露者外,概無其他交易須根據上市規 則規定披露為關連交易或持續關連交易。

Subsequent to the year ended 31 March 2016, Frason Holdings Limited renewed the aforementioned lease arrangement with Lanon Development and the arrangement constitutes a de minimis continuing connected transactions of the Company which fall under the fully exempted de minimis provisions pursuant to Rule 14A.76(1)(c) of the current Listing Rules.

於二零一六年三月三十一日期後,輝信集團有限公司與亮雅發展更新上述租賃安排,而該安排符合現行上市規則第14A.76(1)(c)條之全面豁免條文之最低豁免水平的交易範圍。

SUFFICIENCY OF PUBLIC FLOAT

Based on information that is publicly available to the Company and within the knowledge of the Directors, at least 25% of the Company's total number of issued shares was held by the public as at the date of this report.

EVENTS AFTER THE REPORTING PERIOD

Details of significant events of the Group after the reporting period are set out in note 40 to the financial statements.

FUTURE DEVELOPMENT OF THE GROUP'S BUSINESS

Please refer to the section headed "CHAIRMAN'S STATEMENT — Prospects" of this annual report for an indication of the likely future development in the Group's business.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

The Company is committed to maintaining a high standard of corporate governance through its continuous effort in improving its corporate governance practices. Information on the corporate governance practices adopted by the Company is set out in the section "CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT" contained in this annual report.

足夠的公眾持股量

根據本公司可得的公眾資訊,並在董事所知範圍內,於本報告日期,本公司已發行總股數最少有25%由公眾人士持有。

報告期後事項

本集團於報告期後發生之重大事項的詳情載於財 務報表附註40。

本集團業務的未來發展

有關本集團業務未來發展之展望,請參閱本年度 報告中「主席報告-前景」一節。

企業管治

本公司致力於通過不斷努力改進其公司管治實務,以保持公司管治的高標準。有關本公司之企業管治常規之詳情已載於本年度報告「企業管治報告」一節。

AUDIT COMMITTEE'S REVIEW

The Audit Committee has reviewed the Group's consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2016, including the accounting principles and practices adopted by the Group and recommended to the Board for approval.

AUDITORS

The financial statements have been audited by Ernst & Young, who retire and, being eligible, offer themselves for reappointment at the forthcoming AGM.

> On behalf of the Board of VANTAGE INTERNATIONAL (HOLDINGS) LIMITED NGAI Chun Hung

> > Chairman

審核委員會之審閱

審核委員會已審閱本集團截至二零一六年三月 三十一日止年度的全年業績(包括本集團採用之 會計原則及慣例)並建議董事會批准。

核數師

財務報表已經由安永會計師事務所審核,其任滿 退任,符合資格,並願意在應屆股東週年大會上 獲續聘。

> 代表董事會 盈信控股有限公司 主席 魏振雄

香港,二零一六年六月二十一日 Hong Kong, 21 June 2016

Independent Auditors' Report 獨立核數師報告



To the shareholders of Vantage International (Holdings) Limited (Incorporated in Bermuda with limited liability)

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of Vantage International (Holdings) Limited (the "Company") and its subsidiaries set out on pages 82 to 200, which comprise the consolidated statement of financial position as at 31 March 2016, and the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, the consolidated statement of changes in equity and the consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITY FOR THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation of consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants and the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

AUDITORS' RESPONSIBILITY

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these consolidated financial statements based on our audit. Our report is made solely to you, as a body, in accordance with section 90 of the Bermuda Companies Act 1981, and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility towards or accept liability to any other person for the contents of this report.

We conducted our audit in accordance with Hong Kong Standards on Auditing issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants. Those standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements are free from material misstatement.

致盈信控股有限公司 全體股東

(於百慕達註冊成立之有限公司)

本核數師(以下簡稱「我們」)已審核載於第82頁至200頁之盈信控股有限公司(「貴公司」)及其附屬公司的綜合財務報表,此綜合財務報表包括於二零一六年三月三十一日的綜合財務狀況表與截至該日止年度的綜合損益及其他全面收益表、綜合權益變動表、綜合現金流量表,以及主要會計政策概要和其他解釋資料。

董事就綜合財務報表須承擔的責任

貴公司董事須負責根據香港會計師公會頒佈的香港財務報告準則和《香港公司條例》的披露規定編製真實而公平的綜合財務報表,及落實其認為編製綜合財務報表所必要的內部控制,以確保綜合財務報表不存在由於欺詐或錯誤而導致的重大錯誤陳述。

核數師的責任

我們的責任是根據我們的審核對該等綜合財務報 表作出意見。我們的報告依據百慕達一九八一年 《公司法》第九十條僅為全體股東編製,而並不可 作其他目的。我們概不就本報告的內容對其他任 何人士負責或承擔責任。

我們已根據香港會計師公會頒佈的香港審核準則 的規定執行審核。這些準則要求我們遵守職業道 德規範,並規劃及執行審核,從而獲得合理確定 此等綜合財務報表是否不存有任何重大錯誤陳 述。

Independent Auditors' Report 獨立核數師報告

AUDITORS' RESPONSIBILITY (continued)

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the consolidated financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditors consider internal control relevant to the entity's preparation of consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by the directors, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the consolidated financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

OPINION

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Company and its subsidiaries as at 31 March 2016, and of their financial performance and cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards and have been properly prepared in compliance with the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

Ernst & Young

Certified Public Accountants 22/F, CITIC Tower 1 Tim Mei Avenue Central, Hong Kong

21 June 2016

核數師的責任(續)

審核涉及執行程序以獲取有關綜合財務報表所載金額和披露資料的審核證據。所選定的程序取決於核數師的判斷,包括評估由於欺詐或錯誤而消致綜合財務報表存有重大錯誤陳述的風險。在評估該等風險時,核數師考慮與該公司編製綜合財務報表以作出真實而公平的反映相關的內部控制,以設計適當的審核程序,但並非對公司的內部控制的有效性發表意見。審核亦包括評價董事所採用的會計政策的合適性及作出的會計估計的合理性,以及評價綜合財務報表的整體列報方式。

我們相信,我們所獲得的審核證據充足且適當地 為我們的審核意見提供基礎。

意見

我們認為,該等綜合財務報表已根據香港財務報 告準則真實而公平地反映 貴公司及其附屬公司 於二零一六年三月三十一日的財務狀況及其截 至該日止年度的財務表現和現金流量,並已按照 《香港公司條例》的披露規定妥為編製。

安永會計師事務所 執業會計師 香港 中環添美道1號 中信大廈22樓

二零一六年六月二十一日

Consolidated Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income 綜合損益及其他全面收益表

Year ended 31 March 2016 截至二零一六年三月三十一日止年度

Tour critic				
		Notes 附註	2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000 千港元	2015 二零一五年 HK\$'000 千港元 (Restated) (經重列)
CONTINUING OPERATIONS	持續經營業務			
REVENUE	收入	5	2,416,765	1,951,744
Contract costs	合約成本		(2,080,515)	(1,814,232)
Property expenses	物業開支		(5,024)	(1,810)
Gross profit	毛利		331,226	135,702
Other income and gains	其他收入及收益	5	383,417	41,573
Administrative expenses	行政開支		(65,677)	(51,708)
Finance costs	財務費用	7	(15,468)	(14,120)
Other expenses	其他開支		_	(2,400)
Share of profits and losses of	應佔合營企業溢利			
joint ventures	及虧損		182,732	22,829
PROFIT BEFORE TAX FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS	持續經營業務之 除稅前溢利	6	816,230	131,876
Income tax expense	所得税支出	10	(44,041)	(9,902)
PROFIT AND TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS	持續經營業務之 年度溢利及 全面收益總額		772,189	121,974
DISCONTINUED OPERATION	已終止經營業務			
Profit for the year from	已終止經營業務之			
a discontinued operation	年度溢利	11	358	16,494
PROFIT AND TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR	年度溢利及全面 收益總額		772,547	138,468
TOR THE TERM			114,571	150,700

Consolidated Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income 綜合損益及其他全面收益表

Year ended 31 March 2016 截至二零一六年三月三十一日止年度

	.,,,			
			2016	2015
			二零一六年	二零一五年
		Notes	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		附註	千港元	千港元
				(Restated)
				(經重列)
Profit and total comprehensive	應佔溢利及全面			
income attributable to:	收益總額:			
Owners of the parent	母公司持有者		772,483	134,500
Non-controlling interests	非控制性權益		64	3,968
	21 47 h4 tr læmr		01	
			772,547	138,468
EARNINGS PER SHARE	母公司普通權益持有者			
ATTRIBUTABLE TO	應佔每股溢利			
ORDINARY EQUITY	(港仙)			
HOLDERS OF THE PARENT	(13 14)	13		
(HK cents)		15		
Basic	基本			
– For profit for the year	-基於本年溢利		44.23	7.70
– For profit from the	-基於持續經營業務之溢利			
	至於內旗從呂未物之恤內		44.21	6.98
continuing operations			44.21	0.90
Diluted	攤薄			
– For profit for the year	-基於本年溢利		44.21	7.70
F	-基於持續經營業務之溢利			
– For profit from the	- 茶水 村旗 經 宮 耒 份 人 倫 州		44.10	(00
continuing operations			44.19	6.98

Consolidated Statement of Financial Position 綜合財務狀況表

31 March 2016 二零一六年三月三十一日

	31 March 2016 二零一六年三	月三十一日		
			2016	2015
			二零一六年	二零一五年
		Notes	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		附註	千港元	千港元
NON CURRENT ACCETS	北法翁次文			
NON-CURRENT ASSETS	非流動資產 物業、機器及設備	1.4	142 452	147.025
Property, plant and equipment	持有作發展之物業	14	143,453	147,825
Properties held for development	投資物業	15	324,334	728,257
Investment properties	於合營企業的投資	16	1,008,500 26,950	920,200
Investments in joint ventures Deferred tax assets	遞延税項資產	17	1 1	141,418
Deferred tax assets	<u> </u>	28	4,241	4,260
Total non-current assets	非流動資產總值		1,507,478	1,941,960
CURRENT ASSETS	流動資產			
Gross amount due from	應收客戶之合約			
customers for contract works	工程款總額	18	163,502	103,286
Properties under development	發展中物業	19	579,105	536,282
Properties held for sale	持有作出售之物業	20	510,185	_
Accounts receivable	應收賬款	21	254,541	493,770
Loans and interest receivables	應收貸款及利息	22	48,818	_
Prepayments, deposits and	預付款項、按金及			
other receivables	其他應收款	23	13,267	43,660
Amount due from a joint venture	應收一合營企業款項		76	6
Tax recoverable	可收回税項		989	6,940
Cash and cash equivalents	現金及現金等值物	24	1,189,639	568,433
Total current assets	流動資產總值		2,760,122	1,752,377
CURRENT LIABILITIES	流動負債			
Accounts and bills payable	應付賬款及票據	25	445,283	473,385
Accruals of costs for contract works	恶 内	23	74,585	153,359
Tax payable	應付税項		28,729	4,079
Other payables and accruals	其他應付款及預提費用	26	32,072	20,586
Amounts due to joint ventures	應付合營企業款項	17(b)	34,200	26,270
Interest-bearing bank loans	計息銀行貸款	27	825,197	855,107
Total current liabilities	流動負債總值		1,440,066	1,532,786
NET CURRENT ASSETS	流動資產淨值		1,320,056	219,591
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT	資產總值減流動負債		2 025 524	2 171 551
LIABILITIES			2,827,534	2,161,551

Consolidated Statement of Financial Position 綜合財務狀況表

Total equity	總權益		2,765,616	2,133,698
Non-controlling interests	非控制性權益		-	56,532
			2,765,616	2,077,166
Reserves	儲備	31	2,721,949	2,033,499
Issued capital	已發行股本	29	43,667	43,667
Equity attributable to owners of the parent	母公司持有者應佔權益			
EQUITY	權益			
Net assets	資產淨值		2,765,616	2,133,698
Total non-current liabilities	非流動負債總值		61,918	27,853
Deferred tax liabilities	遞延税項負債	28	6,418	4,524
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES Interest-bearing bank loans	非流動負債 計息銀行貸款	27	55,500	23,329
		附註	千港元	千港元
		Notes	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
			二零一六年	二零一五年
			2016	2015

NGAI Chun Hung
Director

魏振雄 *董事* YAU Kwok Fai
Director
游國輝
董事

Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity 綜合權益變動表

Year ended 31 March 2016 截至二零一六年三月三十一日止年度

Attributable to owners of the parent 母公司持有者應佔

							7 P1 7 11 11 11 10						
		Notes 附註	Issued Capital 已發行 股本 HK\$'000 千港元	Share premium account 股份 溢價賬 HK\$*000	Capital reserve 資本 儲備 HK\$'000 <i>千港元</i> (note 31(b)) (附註31(b))	Contributed surplus 缴入 盈餘 HK\$'000 千港元 (note 31(a)) (附註31(a))	Other reserve 其他 儲備 HK\$*000 千港元 (note 31(d)) (附註31(d))	Share option reserve 購收權 儲備 HK\$'000 千港元 (note 31(c)) (附註31(c))	Property revaluation reserve 物業重估 儲備 HK\$\'000 千港元	Retained profits 保留 溢利 HK\$'000 千港元	Total 合計 HK\$*000 <i>千港元</i>	Non-controlling interests 非控制性 權益 HK\$*000 千港元	Total Equity 權益 總計 HK\$*000 千港元
At 1 April 2014	於二零一四年四月一日		43,667	332,983	746	11,421	-	-	204,197	1,347,593	1,940,607	52,564	1,993,171
Profit for the year	本年度溢利		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	134,500	134,500	3,968	138,468
Share of other reserve of a joint venture	分佔合營企業其他儲備		-	-	-	-	19,526	-	-	-	19,526	-	19,526
2014 final dividend	二零一四年末期股息		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(17,467)	(17,467)	-	(17,467)
At 31 March 2015	於二零一五年三月三十一日		43,667	332,983*	746*	11,421*	19,526*	_*	204,197*	1,464,626*	2,077,166	56,532	2,133,698
At 1 April 2015	於二零一五年四月一日		43,667	332,983	746	11,421	19,526	-	204,197	1,464,626	2,077,166	56,532	2,133,698
Profit for the year	本年度溢利		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	772,483	772,483	64	772,547
Disposal of subsidiaries	出售附屬公司	33	-	-	(746)	-	-	-	-	746	-	(56,596)	(56,596)
Disposal of subsidiaries of a joint venture	出售合營企業的附屬公司	17(d)	-	-	-	-	(19,526)	-	-	19,526	-	-	-
2015 final dividend	二零一五年末期股息	12	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(87,333)	(87,333)	-	(87,333)
Equity-settled share option arrangements	以權益結算的購股權安排	30	-	-	-	-	-	3,300	-	-	3,300	-	3,300
At 31 March 2016	於二零一六年三月三十一日		43,667	332,983*	_*	11,421*	_*	3,300*	204,197*	2,170,048*	2,765,616	-	2,765,616

^{*} These reserve accounts comprise the consolidated reserves of HK\$2,721,949,000 (2015: HK\$2,033,499,000) in the consolidated statement of financial position.

^{*} 此等儲備賬目包括於綜合財務狀況表中之綜合儲備2,721,949,000港元(二零一五年:2,033,499,000港元)。

Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows 綜合現金流量表

Year ended 31 March 2016 截至二零一六年三月三十一日止年度

		Notes 附註	2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000 千港元	2015 二零一五年 HK\$'000 <i>千港元</i> (Restated) (經重列)
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING	經營業務之現金流量			
ACTIVITIES Profit before tax: From continuing operations From the discontinued operation Adjustments for: Finance costs	除税前溢利: 來自持續經營業務 來自已終止經營業務 就下列項目作出調整: 財務費用 應佔合營企業溢利及虧損	11	816,230 425 15,469	131,876 19,672 14,159
Share of profits and losses of joint ventures	應怕百萬年未個利及虧損		(182,732)	(22,829)
Interest income Depreciation Impairment of an amount due from	利息收入 折舊 應收一合營企業	14	(2,247) 8,193	(520) 7,752
a joint venture Gain on disposal of subsidiaries Gain on disposal of items of property,	款項之減值 出售附屬公司的收益 出售物業、機器及設備	6 33	- (291,542)	2,400
plant and equipment	項目之收益 投資物業公平價值		(202)	(93)
Gain on changes in fair value of investment properties Equity-settled share option expense	投資初乘公干價值 變動收益 以權益結算的購股權費用	16 30	(89,006) 3,300	(41,186)
			277,888	111,231
Decrease/(increase) in gross amount due from customers for contract works Increase in properties under development Increase in properties held	應收客戶之合約工程款 總額減少/(增加) 發展中物業增加 持有作發展之物業增加		(78,535) (142,372)	234,771 (72,742)
for development Decrease/(increase) in accounts	應收賬款減少/(增加)		(2,985)	(1,983)
receivable Increase in loans and interest receivables Decrease in prepayments, deposits and			68,417 (48,818)	(177,204) -
other receivables	應收款減少		15,711	21,085
Decrease in accounts and bills payable Increase/(decrease) in accruals of costs for contract works	應付賬款及票據減少 預提合約工程成本 增加/(減少)		(30,357)	(101,941) 90,490
Increase/(decrease) in other payables and accruals	其他應付款及預提費用 增加/(減少)		14,292	(1,217)
Increase in amounts due to	應付合營企業款項增加			
joint ventures Increase in an amount due from	應收合營企業款項增加		7,930	14,320
a joint venture			(70)	(2,406)
Cash generated from operations	來自營運之現金		63,869	114,404
Interest received Interest paid	已收利息 已付利息		2,247 (19,197)	520 (17,908)
Hong Kong profits tax paid	已付香港利得税		(16,013)	(23,264)
Net cash flows from operating activities	經營業務產生之現金流量淨額	Ą	30,906	73,752

Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows 綜合現金流量表

Year ended 31 March 2016 截至二零一六年三月三十一日止年度

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		Notes 附註	2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000 千港元	2015 二零一五年 HK\$'000 <i>千港元</i>
Net cash flows from operating activities	經營業務產生之現金流量淨額		30,906	73,752
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES	投資業務之現金流量			
Additions of items of property,	增加物業、機器及 設備項目	1.4	(5.017)	(7.770)
plant and equipment	被佣項日 增加投資物業	14 16	(5,917)	(7,770)
Additions of investment properties Proceeds from disposal of items of	增加投資初来 出售物業、機器及設備項目	10	(94)	(4,414)
property, plant and equipment	之所得款項		202	93
Disposal of subsidiaries	出售附屬公司	33	382,649	_
Dividends from a joint venture	源自合營企業的股息	33	297,200	14,400
	.,,,,,,,			
Net cash flows from investing activities	投資業務產生之現金流量淨額		674,040	2,309
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES	融資業務之現金流量			
Dividend paid	已付股息		(87,333)	(17,467)
New bank loans	新增銀行貸款		505,262	547,133
Repayment of bank loans	償還銀行貸款		(501,669)	(440,771)
Net cash flows from/(used in) financing activities	融資業務產生/(使用)之 現金流量淨額		(83,740)	88,895
				<u> </u>
NET INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	現金及現金等值物增加淨額		621.206	164,956
Cash and cash equivalents	年初之現金及現金等值物		621,206	104,930
at beginning of year	十份之死並及死並守直物		568,433	403,477
			3 2 2 7 , 2 2	
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	年末之現金及現金等值物			
AT END OF YEAR			1,189,639	568,433
ANALYSIS OF BALANCES OF CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	現金及現金等值物結餘之分析			
Cash and bank balances Non-pledged time deposits with	現金及銀行結餘 購買時原有到期日少於	24	658,566	558,285
original maturity of less than	三個月之無抵押	2.4	E21 0E2	10.140
three months when acquired	定期存款	24	531,073	10,148
Cash and cash equivalents as stated in the consolidated statement	綜合現金流量表內所述的 現金及現金等值物			
of cash flows			1,189,639	568,433
				ŕ

31 March 2016 二零一六年三月三十一日

1. CORPORATE AND GROUP INFORMATION

Vantage International (Holdings) Limited (the "Company") is a limited liability company incorporated in Bermuda. The registered office of the Company is located at Clarendon House, 2 Church Street, Hamilton HM 11, Bermuda. The principal place of business of the Company is located at No. 155 Waterloo Road, Kowloon Tong, Kowloon, Hong Kong.

During the year, the Company and its subsidiaries (collectively, referred to as the "Group") were engaged in the following principal activities:

- a wide range of construction, maintenance and other contract works in public and private sectors in Hong Kong
- a wide range of civil engineering works in Hong Kong (classified as a discontinued operation during the year (note 11))
- property investment and development
- provision of finance (new business commenced during the year)

Other than the discontinuance of civil engineering works and business and commencement of the provision of finance business, there were no significant changes in the nature of the Group's principal activities during the year.

In the opinion of the directors, the parent and the ultimate holding company of the Company is Winhale Ltd. ("Winhale"), which is incorporated in the British Virgin Islands (the "BVI").

1. 公司及集團資料

盈信控股有限公司(「本公司」)為一家於百慕達註冊成立之有限公司。本公司之註冊辦事處位於百慕達Clarendon House, 2 Church Street, Hamilton HM 11。本公司之主要營業地點位於香港九龍九龍塘窩打老道155號。

於本年度內,本公司及其附屬公司(統稱為 「本集團」)從事下列主要業務:

- 於香港承辦各類公營及私營機構之建 造、保養及其他合約工程
- 於香港承辦各類土木工程(於本年度內分類為已終止經營業務(附註11))
- 物業投資及發展
- 提供融資(於本年度內展開的新業務)

於本年度內,除終止經營土木工程及展開提 供融資的業務外,本集團的主要業務活動性 質並無任何重大變動。

董事認為,本公司之母公司及最終控股公司 為於英屬維爾京群島(「英屬維爾京群島」)註 冊成立之Winhale Ltd.(「Winhale」)。

1. CORPORATE AND GROUP INFORMATION 1. 公司及集團資料(續)

(continued)

Information about subsidiaries

有關附屬公司的資料

Particulars of the Company's principal subsidiaries are as

本公司主要附屬公司資料如下:

follows:

Name 名稱	Place of incorporation and operations 註冊成立 及經營地點	Nominal value of issued and paid-up capital 已發行及 繳足股本面值	of e attribu the Co 本公	entage quity itable to ompany 司應佔 百份比	Principal activities 主要業務
			直接	間接	
Profit Chain Investments Limited	British Virgin Islands 英屬維爾京群島	US\$70,000 Ordinary 70,000美元 普通股	100	-	Investment holding 投資控股
Able Engineering Company Limited 安保工程有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	HK\$7,589,000 Ordinary HK\$11,600,000 Non-voting deferred (<i>Note</i>) 7,589,000港元普通股 11,600,000港元 無投票權遞延股 (<i>附註</i>)	-	100	Building construction and maintenance 樓宇建造及維修
Able Contracting Limited 安保建業有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	HK\$1 Ordinary 1港元普通股	-	100	Building maintenance 樓字維修

31 March 2016 二零一六年三月三十一日

1. CORPORATE AND GROUP INFORMATION 1. 公司及集團資料(續)

(continued)

Information about subsidiaries (continued)

有關附屬公司的資料(續)

Particulars of the Company's principal subsidiaries are as

本公司主要附屬公司資料如下:(續)

follows: (continued)

Name 名稱	Place of incorporation and operations 註冊成立 及經營地點	Nominal value of issued and paid-up capital 已發行及 繳足股本面值	Percentage of equity attributable to the Company 本公司應估 股權百份比 Direct Indirect 直接 間接		Principal activities 主要業務
Able Contractors Limited 安保建築有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	HK\$10,000 Ordinary 10,000港元普通股	-	100	Building construction 樓宇建造
Able Building Construction Limited 安保營造有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	HK\$1 Ordinary 1港元普通股	-	100	Building construction 樓宇建造
Able Maintenance Company Limited 安保維修有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	HK\$10,000 Ordinary 10,000港元普通股	-	100	Building construction and maintenance 樓宇建造及維修
Covalla Limited 鋭雅有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	HK\$10,000 Ordinary 10,000港元普通股	-	100	Property development 物業發展
Good Trader Limited 業佳有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	HK\$1 Ordinary 1港元普通股	À	100	Property investment and development 物業投資及發展

31 March 2016 二零一六年三月三十一日

1. CORPORATE AND GROUP INFORMATION 1. 公司及集團資料(續)

(continued)

Information about subsidiaries (continued)

有關附屬公司的資料(續)

Particulars of the Company's principal subsidiaries are as

本公司主要附屬公司資料如下:(續)

follows: (continued)

Name 名稱	Place of incorporation and operations 註冊成立 及經營地點	Nominal value of issued and paid-up capital 已發行及 繳足股本面值	Percentage of equity attributable to the Company 本公司應佔 股權百份比 Direct Indirect 直接 間接		Principal activities 主要業務
Comfort Home Properties Limited 安豪置業有限公司	s Hong Kong 香港	HK\$1 Ordinary 1港元普通股	-	100	Property investment 物業投資
Win Glories Limited ("Win Glories") 紳榮有限公司(「紳榮」)	Hong Kong 香港	HK\$9,600 Ordinary 9,600港元普通股	-	100	Property investment 物業投資
Hobol Limited 巧邦有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	HK\$1 Ordinary 1港元普通股	-	100	Property investment 物業投資
Win Extra Limited 卓協有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	HK\$1 Ordinary 1港元普通股	-	100	Property development 物業發展
Frason Holdings Limited 輝信集團有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	HK\$10,000 Ordinary 10,000港元普通股	-	100	Property investment 物業投資
Wood One Keeprich Limited	BVI/ Hong Kong 英屬維爾京群島/ 香港	US\$1 Ordinary 1美元普通股	-	100	Property development 物業發展
Uni-Dragon Holdings Limited 亨龍集團有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	HK\$1 Ordinary 1港元普通股	-	100	Property development 物業發展

1. CORPORATE AND GROUP INFORMATION 1. 公司及集團資料(續)

(continued)

Information about subsidiaries (continued)

有關附屬公司的資料(續)

Particulars of the Company's principal subsidiaries are as

本公司主要附屬公司資料如下:(續)

follows: (continued)

		Nominal	Perce	entage	
	Place of	value of	attributable to the Company 本公司應估		
i	ncorporation	issued and			Principal
Name ar	nd operations	paid-up capital 已發行及			activities
	註冊成立				主要業務
名稱	及經營地點	繳足股本面值			
			Direct	Indirect	
			直接	間接	
			11.12	1712	
Metro Advance Limited	Hong Kong	HK\$1	_	100	Property
誠尊有限公司	香港	Ordinary			development
100 V 10 TK A 13	н 16	1港元普通股			物業發展
		11世九日旭从			初未安成
Noble Connection Limited	Hong Kong	HK\$1	_	100	Property
尚御有限公司	香港	Ordinary			development
		1港元普通股			物業發展
		118/0 11/0/04			142144776
Sureguard Limited	Hong Kong	HK\$1	_	100	Treasury
巧毅有限公司	香港	Ordinary			management
		1港元普通股			and provision
					of finance
				庫利	务管理及提供融資
				7.0	· H = 2010 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
A Hotel Management Limited	Hong Kong	HK\$1	_	100	Hotel
	香港	Ordinary			management
		1港元普通股			酒店管理
View Finance Limited	Hong Kong	HK\$1	_	100	Provision
景達財務有限公司	香港	Ordinary			of finance
		1港元普通股			提供融資
					V - V 1 1101 53
Excelskill Limited ("Excelskill")	Hong Kong	HK\$1		100	Property
策勵有限公司(「策勵」)	香港	Ordinary			investment
STEWN 14 155 FM - 4 / [SIZ/LM] /	д 16	1港元普通股			物業投資
		11676日旭从			70.木以貝

Note: The non-voting deferred shares carry no rights to dividends or to receive notice of or to attend or vote at any general meeting of the company or to participate in any distribution on winding-up.

附註:無投票權遞延股份無權收取股息,亦無權 獲發各有關公司之任何股東大會通告或出 席大會或在會上投票,或於公司清盤時獲 得任何分派。

31 March 2016 二零一六年三月三十一月

1. CORPORATE AND GROUP INFORMATION (continued)

Information about subsidiaries (continued)

During the year, the Group disposed of its 75% equity interest in Excel Development (Holdings) Limited ("Excel Development"). Further details of this disposal are included in notes 11 and 33(a) to the financial statement.

The above table lists the subsidiaries of the Company which, in the opinion of the directors, principally affected the results for the year or formed a substantial portion of the net assets of the Group. To give details of other subsidiaries would, in the opinion of the directors, result in particulars of excessive length.

2.1 BASIS OF PREPARATION

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards ("HKFRSs") (which include all Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards, Hong Kong Accounting Standards ("HKASs") and Interpretations) issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants (the "HKICPA"), accounting principles generally accepted in Hong Kong and the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance. They have been prepared under the historical cost convention, except for investment properties, which have been measured at fair value.

These financial statements are presented in Hong Kong dollars ("HK\$"), which is the Company's functional and presentation currency, and all values are rounded to the nearest thousand except when otherwise indicated.

1. 公司及集團資料(續)

有關附屬公司的資料(續)

於本年度內,本集團出售其於怡益控股有限公司(「怡益控股」)的75%股本權益。有關出售事項的進一步詳情載於財務報表附註11及33(a)內。

上表列出董事認為對本年度業績有重大影響 或組成本集團資產淨值主要部份之本公司附 屬公司。董事認為,列出其他附屬公司之資 料將導致資料過份冗長。

2.1 編製基準

本財務報表乃遵照香港會計師公會(「香港會計師公會」)頒佈之香港財務報告準則(「香港財務報告準則」)(包括所有香港財務報告準則、香港會計準則(「香港會計準則」)及詮釋)、香港普遍採納之會計原則及香港《公司條例》之披露規定而編製。本財務報表乃遵照歷史成本法而編製,惟投資物業按公平價值計量除外。

本財務報表以港元(「港元」)列報,其為本公司的功能及列報貨幣,除另有說明者外,所有價值均準確至千位。

2.1 BASIS OF PREPARATION (continued)

Basis of consolidation

The consolidated financial statements include the financial statements of the Company and its subsidiaries for the year ended 31 March 2016. A subsidiary is an entity (including a structured entity), directly or indirectly, controlled by the Company. Control is achieved when the Group is exposed, or has rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the investee and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the investee (i.e., existing rights that give the Group the current ability to direct the relevant activities of the investee).

When the Company has, directly or indirectly, less than a majority of the voting or similar rights of an investee, the Group considers all relevant facts and circumstances in assessing whether it has power over an investee, including:

- (a) the contractual arrangement with the other vote holders of the investee;
- (b) rights arising from other contractual arrangements; and
- (c) the Group's voting rights and potential voting rights.

The financial statements of the subsidiaries are prepared for the same reporting period as the Company, using consistent accounting policies. The results of subsidiaries are consolidated from the date on which the Group obtains control, and continue to be consolidated until the date that such control ceases.

2.1 編製基準(續)

綜合基準

綜合財務報表包括本公司及其附屬公司截至 二零一六年三月三十一日止年度的財務報 表。附屬公司指本公司直接或間接控制的實 體(包括結構化實體)。當本集團通過參與被 投資方的相關活動而承擔可變回報的風險或 有權享有可變回報,並且有能力運用對被投 資方的權力(即是使本集團目前有能力主導 被投資方的相關活動的現時權利)影響該等 回報時,即取得控制權。

當本公司直接或間接擁有少於被投資方大多 數的表決或類似權利,在評估其是否擁有對 被投資方的權力時,本集團會考慮所有相關 事實和情況,包括:

- (a) 與被投資方其他表決權持有者的合同安 排;
- (b) 其他合同安排產生的權利;及
- (c) 本集團的表決權及潛在表決權。

附屬公司的財務報表採用與本公司一致的會 計政策及報告期間編制。附屬公司的業績自 本集團取得控制權之日期起綜合,並繼續綜 合附屬公司直至控制權終止。

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2.1 BASIS OF PREPARATION (continued)

Basis of consolidation (continued)

Profit or loss and each component of other comprehensive income are attributed to the owners of the parent of the Group and to the non-controlling interests, even if this results in the non-controlling interests having a deficit balance. All intra-group assets and liabilities, equity, income, expenses and cash flows relating to transactions between members of the Group are eliminated in full on consolidation.

The Group reassesses whether or not it controls an investee if facts and circumstances indicate that there are changes to one or more of the three elements of control described above. A change in the ownership interest of a subsidiary, without a loss of control, is accounted for as an equity transaction.

If the Group loses control over a subsidiary, it derecognises (i) the assets (including goodwill) and liabilities of the subsidiary, (ii) the carrying amount of any non-controlling interests and (iii) the cumulative translation differences recorded in equity; and recognises (i) the fair value of the consideration received, (ii) the fair value of any investment retained and (iii) any resulting surplus or deficit in profit or loss. The Group's share of components previously recognised in other comprehensive income is reclassified to profit or loss or retained profits, as appropriate, on the same basis as would be required if the Group had directly disposed of the related assets or liabilities.

2.1 編製基準(續)

綜合基準(續)

損益及其他全面收益的各組成部分會歸屬於 本集團母公司持有者及非控制性權益,即使 此舉引致非控制性權益結餘為負數。本集團 內部各公司之間交易有關的所有資產及負 債、權益、收入、開支及現金流量於綜合賬 目時全數抵銷。

如果事實及情況顯示上文所述控制的三項元 素中一項或多項有變,則本集團會重新評估 其是否仍然控制被投資方。附屬公司中不導 致喪失控制權的所有者權益變動作為權益交 易核算。

如果本集團失去了對附屬公司的控制權,將 終止確認:(i)附屬公司資產(包括商譽)和負 債;(ii)非控制性權益的賬面金額;及(iii)計 入權益的累計折算差異;並確認:(i)收到代 價的公平價值;(ii)剩餘投資的公平價值; 以及(iii)在損益中確認由此產生的損益。本 集團之前確認的其他全面收益構成部分應適 當地重分類計入損益或保留溢利,基準與倘 若本集團直接出售有關資產或負債所需者相 同。

2.2 CHANGES IN ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND DISCLOSURES

The Group has adopted the following revised standards for the first time for the current year's financial statements.

Amendments to HKAS 19 Defined Benefit Plans: Employee Contributions

Annual Improvements to HKFRSs 2010-2012 Cycle

Annual Improvements to HKFRSs 2011-2013 Cycle

The nature and the impact of each amendment is described below:

(a) Amendments to HKAS 19 apply to contributions from employees or third parties to defined benefit plans. The amendments simplify the accounting for contributions that are independent of the number of years of employee service, for example, employee contributions that are calculated according to a fixed percentage of salary. If the amount of the contributions is independent of the number of years of service, an entity is permitted to recognise such contributions as a reduction of service cost in the period in which the related service is rendered. The amendments have had no impact on the Group as the Group does not have defined benefit plans.

2.2 會計政策及披露之變動

本集團編製本年度財務報表時首次採用以下 經修訂準則。

香港會計準則第19號(修訂)「界定福利計劃:僱員供款」

香港財務報告準則年度改進(二零一零年至 二零一二年週期)

香港財務報告準則年度改進(二零一一年至 二零一三年週期)

各修訂的性質及影響描述如下:

(a) 香港會計準則第19號(修訂)適用於僱員或第三者對界定利益計劃的供款。修訂簡化了與僱員服務年數無關的供款(例如按薪金的固定百分比計算的僱員供款)的會計處理。如果供款金額與服務年數無關,則實體可以在提供相關服務期間將有關供款確認為服務成本的減少。由於本集團並無任何界定利益計劃,因此,修訂對本集團並無任何影響。

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2.2 CHANGES IN ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND DISCLOSURES (continued)

- (b) The Annual Improvements to HKFRSs 2010-2012 Cycle issued in January 2014 sets out amendments to a number of HKFRSs. Details of the amendments that are effective for the current year are as follows:
 - HKFRS 8 Operating Segments: Clarifies that an entity must disclose the judgements made by management in applying the aggregation criteria in HKFRS 8, including a brief description of operating segments that have been aggregated and the economic characteristics used to assess whether the segments are similar. The amendments also clarify that a reconciliation of segment assets to total assets is only required to be disclosed if the reconciliation is reported to the chief operating decision maker. The amendments have had no impact on the Group.
 - HKAS 16 Property, Plant and Equipment and HKAS 38 Intangible Assets: Clarifies the treatment of the gross carrying amount and accumulated depreciation or amortisation of revalued items of property, plant and equipment and intangible assets. The amendments have had no impact on the Group as the Group does not apply the revaluation model for the measurement of these assets.
 - HKAS 24 Related Party Disclosures: Clarifies that a management entity (i.e., an entity that provides key management personnel services) is a related party subject to related party disclosure requirements. In addition, an entity that uses a management entity is required to disclose the expenses incurred for management services. The amendment has had no impact on the Group as the Group does not receive any management services from other entities.

2.2 會計政策及披露之變動(續)

- (b) 於二零一四年一月發出之「香港財務報告準則年度改進(二零一零年至二零一二年週期)」載列若干香港財務報告準則之修訂。於本年度生效的修訂詳情如下:
 - 香港財務報告準則第8號「經營分部」:其澄清,實體必須披露管理層於應用香港財務報告準則第8號內的合併準則時所作出的判斷,包括簡略描述經合併的經營分部以及用來評估分部是否類似的經濟特徵。修訂亦澄清,分部資產與資產總值的對賬只有在有關對賬內主要經營決策者報告時方須披露。修訂對本集團並無構成任何影響。
 - 香港會計準則第16號「物業、機器 及設備」及香港會計準則第38號 「無形資產」:其澄清經重估的物 業、機器及設備以及無形資產項目 的賬面總額及累計折舊或攤銷的 處理方法。由於本集團並無應用重 估模式計量該等資產,因此,修訂 對本集團並無構成任何影響。
 - 香港會計準則第24號「關聯方披露」:其澄清,管理實體(即提供關鍵管理人員服務的實體)是關聯方,須符合關聯方披露要求。此外,使用管理實體的實體須披露就管理服務發生的開支。由於本集團並無接受其他實體提供的任何管理服務,因此,修訂對本集團並無構成任何影響。

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2.2 CHANGES IN ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND DISCLOSURES (continued)

- (c) The Annual Improvements to HKFRSs 2011-2013 Cycle issued in January 2014 sets out amendments to a number of HKFRSs. Details of the amendments that are effective for the current year are as follows:
 - HKFRS 3 Business Combinations: Clarifies that joint arrangements but not joint ventures are outside the scope of HKFRS 3 and the scope exception applies only to the accounting in the financial statements of the joint arrangement itself. The amendment is applied prospectively. The amendment has had no impact on the Group as the Company is not a joint arrangement and the Group did not form any joint arrangement during the year.
 - HKFRS 13 Fair Value Measurement: Clarifies that the portfolio exception in HKFRS 13 can be applied not only to financial assets and financial liabilities, but also to other contracts within the scope of HKFRS 9 or HKAS 39 as applicable. The amendment is applied prospectively from the beginning of the annual period in which HKFRS 13 was initially applied. The amendment has had no impact on the Group as the Group does not apply the portfolio exception in HKFRS 13.
 - HKAS 40 *Investment Property:* Clarifies that HKFRS 3, instead of the description of ancillary services in HKAS 40 which differentiates between investment property and owner-occupied property, is used to determine if the transaction is a purchase of an asset or a business combination. The amendment is applied prospectively for acquisitions of investment properties. The amendment has had no impact on the Group as there was no acquisition of investment properties during the year and so this amendment is not applicable.

2.2 會計政策及披露之變動(續)

- (c) 於二零一四年一月發出之「香港財務報告準則年度改進(二零一一年至二零一三年週期)」載列若干香港財務報告準則之修訂。於本年度生效的修訂詳情如下:
 - 香港財務報告準則第3號「企業合併」:其澄清,合營安排不屬於(而合營企業則屬於)香港財務報告準則第3號的範圍內,而範圍豁免僅適用於合營安排自身的財務報表中的會計處理。修訂按未來適用法應用。由於本公司並非合營安排,而本集團於本年度內並無形成任何合營安排,因此,修訂對本集團並無構成任何影響。
 - 香港財務報告準則第13號「公平價值計量」:其澄清,香港財務報告準則第13號的組合豁免不僅可則第13號的組合豁免不僅可應用於香港財務報告準則第9號或香港會計準則第39號(視何者適用的其他合約。報告等對務報告準則第13號的年度期間的期初起採用未來適用法。由於本集團並無應用香港財務報告準則第13號的組合豁免,因此,修訂對本集團並無構成任何影響。
 - 香港會計準則第40號「投資物業」: 其澄清,須使用香港財務報告準則 第3號(而非香港會計準則第40號 對輔助服務的描述,其區分投資物 業與自用物業)以確定交易屬購買 資產或業務合併。該項修訂採用未 來適用法應用於取得的投資物業。 由於本集團於本年度內並無取得投 資物業,該修訂並不適用,因此, 修訂對本集團並無構成任何影響。

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2.2 CHANGES IN ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND DISCLOSURES (continued)

In addition, the Company has adopted the amendments to the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities (the "Listing Rules") on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange") relating to the disclosure of financial information with reference to the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance (Cap. 622) during the current financial year. The main impact to the financial statements is on the presentation and disclosure of certain information in the financial statements.

2.3 ISSUED BUT NOT YET EFFECTIVE HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING **STANDARDS**

The Group has not applied the following new and revised HKFRSs, that have been issued but are not yet effective, in these financial statements.

HKFRS 9 Financial Instruments²

Amendments to HKFRS 10 Sale or Contribution of Assets between and HKAS 28 (2011) an Investor and its Associate

or Ioint Venture5

Amendments to HKFRS 10. Investment Entities: Applying the HKFRS 12 and Consolidation Exception1

HKAS 28 (2011)

Amendments to HKFRS 11 Accounting for Acquisitions of Interests

in Joint Operations1

HKFRS 14 Regulatory Deferral Accounts⁴ HKFRS 15 Revenue from Contracts with

Customers²

Leases³

HKFRS 16

Amendments to HKAS 1

Disclosure Initiative1

2.2 會計政策及披露之變動(續)

此外,於本財政年度,參考香港《公司條例》 (第622章),本公司已經採納香港聯合交易 所有限公司(「聯交所」)證券上市規則(「上 市規則」)有關財務資料披露的修訂。對財務 報表的主要影響為財務報表內若干資料的列 報和披露。

2.3 已發佈但尚未生效的香港財務報告 準則

本集團並無於該等財務報表內採用下列已發 布但尚未生效的新制訂和經修訂的香港財務 報告準則。

香港財務報告準則第9號 金融工具2

香港財務報告準則第10號及 投資者與其聯營企業或 合營企業之間的資產 香港會計準則第28號

(二零一一年)(修訂)

出售或注資5 香港財務報告準則第10號、 投資實體:應用綜合

香港財務報告準則

第12號及香港會計準則

第28號(二零一一年)

(修訂)

香港財務報告準則第11號

(修訂)

香港財務報告準則第14號

香港財務報告準則第15號

核算收購共同經營中 權益的會計處理1

監管遞延賬戶4

與客戶之間的合約產生

豁免

的收入2

租賃3 香港財務報告準則第16號

香港會計準則第1號(修訂)

披露主動性1

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2.3 ISSUED BUT NOT YET EFFECTIVE HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS (continued)

Amendments to HKAS 16 Clarification of Acceptable Methods of and HKAS 38 Depreciation and Amortisation¹
Amendments to HKAS 16 Agriculture: Bearer Plants¹

and HKAS 41

Amendments to HKAS 27 Equity Method in Separate Financial

(2011) Statements¹

Annual Improvements Amendments to a number of HKFRSs1

2012-2014 Cycle

¹ Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2016

- Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2018
- Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2019
- Effective for an entity that first adopts HKFRSs for its annual financial statements beginning on or after 1 January 2016 and therefore is not applicable to the Group
- No mandatory effective date is determined but is available for early adoption

Further information about those HKFRSs that are expected to be applicable to the Group is as follows:

In September 2014, the HKICPA issued the final version of HKFRS 9, bringing together all phases of the financial instruments project to replace HKAS 39 and all previous versions of HKFRS 9. The standard introduces new requirements for classification and measurement, impairment and hedge accounting. The Group expects to adopt HKFRS 9 from 1 April 2018. The Group is currently assessing the impact of the standard.

2.3 已發佈但尚未生效的香港財務報告 準則(續)

香港會計準則第16號及香港 對可接受的折舊和攤銷 會計準則第38號(修訂) 方法的澄清¹ 香港會計準則第16號及香港 農業:生產性植物¹ 會計準則第41號(修訂) 香港會計準則第27號 單獨財務報表中的權 (二零一一年)(修訂) 年度改進(二零一二年至 對若干香港財務報告準

二零一四年週期) 則的修訂¹ 適用於二零一六年一月一日或以後開始的年

- 度期間 ² 適用於二零一八年一月一日或以後開始的年
- ² 適用於二零一八年一月一日或以後開始的年 度期間
- 適用於二零一九年一月一日或以後開始的年度期間
- 4 適用於在二零一六年一月一日或以後開始的 年度財務報表首次採用香港財務報告準則的 實體,因此不適用於本集團
- 5 尚未訂定強制生效日期,但可供提前採用

預期適用於本集團的香港財務報告準則的進 一步資料如下:

於二零一四年九月,香港會計師公會發出香港財務報告準則第9號的最終版本,將金融工具項目的各個階段作出總結以取代香港會計準則第39號及香港財務報告準則第9號所有先前的版本。準則就分類和計量、減值及對沖會計引進新要求。本集團預期將會於二零一八年四月一日採用香港財務報告準則第9號。本集團目前正在評估準則的影響。

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2.3 ISSUED BUT NOT YET EFFECTIVE HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS (continued)

The amendments to HKFRS 10 and HKAS 28 (2011) address an inconsistency between the requirements in HKFRS 10 and in HKAS 28 (2011) in dealing with the sale or contribution of assets between an investor and its associate or joint venture. The amendments require a full recognition of a gain or loss when the sale or contribution of assets between an investor and its associate or joint venture constitutes a business. For a transaction involving assets that do not constitute a business, a gain or loss resulting from the transaction is recognised in the investor's profit or loss only to the extent of the unrelated investor's interest in that associate or joint venture. The amendments are to be applied prospectively. The Group is currently assessing the impact of the standard.

The amendments to HKFRS 11 require that an acquirer of an interest in a joint operation in which the activity of the joint operation constitutes a business must apply the relevant principles for business combinations in HKFRS 3. The amendments also clarify that a previously held interest in a joint operation is not remeasured on the acquisition of an additional interest in the same joint operation while joint control is retained. In addition, a scope exclusion has been added to HKFRS 11 to specify that the amendments do not apply when the parties sharing joint control, including the reporting entity, are under common control of the same ultimate controlling party. The amendments apply to both the acquisition of the initial interest in a joint operation and the acquisition of any additional interests in the same joint operation. The amendments are not expected to have any impact on the financial position or performance of the Group upon adoption on 1 April 2016.

2.3 已發佈但尚未生效的香港財務報告 準則(續)

香港財務報告準則第10號及香港會計準則第28號(二零一一年)(修訂)處理香港財務報告準則第10號及香港會計準則第28號(二零一一年)內處理投資者與其聯營企業或合營企業之間的資產出售或投入的要求的不一致之處。修訂要求,投資者與其聯營企業或合營企業之間的資產出售或投入若構成業務等企業之間的資產出售或投入若構成業務的資產的交易,有關交易所產生的收益或虧損在投資者的損益中確認,金額僅限於無關聯投資者於該聯營企業或合營企業的權益。有關修訂將採用未來適用法應用。本集團目前正在評估準則的影響。

香港財務報告準則第11號(修訂)要求,如果 收購方收購共同經營業務的權益,而共同經營業務的權益,而共須應 用香港財務報告準則第3號內有關企業合 的有關原則。修訂亦澄清,在收購同一共同同 經營業務中的額外權益時,如果保留共同同 經營業務中的額外權益時,如果保留共同的 ,有時期之前在共同經營業務中所持有的 ,香港財務報告 則第11號已經加入範圍,指明當分享共同 制權各方(包括報告實體)受到同一最終 制度的共同控制,則修訂並不適用。修訂 制方的共同控制,則修訂並不適用。修訂 的共同經營業務的任何額外權益。 預 時一共同經營業務的任何額外權益。 預 時一共同經營業務的任何額外權益。 對本集團的財務狀況或表現構成任何影響。

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2.3 ISSUED BUT NOT YET EFFECTIVE HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS (continued)

HKFRS 15 establishes a new five-step model to account for revenue arising from contracts with customers. Under HKFRS 15, revenue is recognised at an amount that reflects the consideration to which an entity expects to be entitled in exchange for transferring goods or services to a customer. The principles in HKFRS 15 provide a more structured approach for measuring and recognising revenue. The standard also introduces extensive qualitative and quantitative disclosure requirements, including disaggregation of total revenue, information about performance obligations, changes in contract asset and liability account balances between periods and key judgements and estimates. The standard will supersede all current revenue recognition requirements under HKFRSs. In September 2015, the HKICPA issued an amendment to HKFRS 15 regarding a one-year deferral of the mandatory effective date of HKFRS 15 to 1 January 2018. The Group expects to adopt HKFRS 15 on 1 April 2018 and is currently assessing the impact of HKFRS 15 upon adoption.

HKFRS 16 sets out the principles for the recognition, measurement, presentation and disclosure of leases. The standard introduces a single lessee accounting model and requires a lessee to recognise assets and liabilities for all leases with a term of more than 12 months, unless the underlying asset is of low value. A lessee is required to recognise a right-of-use asset representing its right to use the underlying leased asset and a lease liability representing its obligation to make lease payments. HKFRS 16 substantially carries forward the lessor accounting requirements in HKAS 17. Accordingly, a lessor continues to classify its leases as operating leases or finance leases, and to account for those two types of leases differently. The Group is yet to assess the full impact of the standard on its financial position and results of operations. The standard is mandatorily effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2019.

2.3 已發佈但尚未生效的香港財務報告 準則(續)

香港財務報告準則第15號訂立就與客戶之間 的合約產生的收入核算的新的五步法模型。 根據香港財務報告準則第15號,收入應按反 映實體預期有權就轉移商品或服務予客戶換 取的代價的金額確認。香港財務報告準則第 15號內的原則為計量及確認收入提供更具架 構的方法。準則亦引進廣泛的描述性及定量 披露要求,包括總收入的分拆、有關履行義 務的資料、合約資產和負債賬戶結餘於各期 間的變動,以及重大判斷和估計。有關準則 將會取代目前所有香港財務報告準則的收入 確認要求。於二零一五年九月,香港會計師 公會發出香港財務報告準則第15號(修訂), 內容有關將香港財務報告準則第15號的強制 生效日期延遲一年至二零一八年一月一日。 本集團預期將會於二零一八年四月一日採用 香港財務報告準則第15號,目前正在評估香 港財務報告準則第15號採用時的影響。

香港財務報告準則第16號載列租賃的確認、 計量、列報及披露原則。該準則引入單一一 租人會計處理模型,並要求承租人就為期超 過12個月的所有租賃確認資產和負債,承租超 獨企為低價值資產,則作別論。承租關資產為低價值資產,則作別論。承租關 質資產的權利)和租賃負債(其相當於其使用 賃資產的權利)和租賃負債(其相當於 準則第17號基本上保留了香港會計準則第17號中針 對出租人的會計處理要求。因此,出租賃,並 日以不同方式核算該兩類租賃。本集團仍 時評估該準則對其財務狀況及經營業績的全 面影響。該準則強制適用於二零一九年一月 可以後開始的年度期間。

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2.3 ISSUED BUT NOT YET EFFECTIVE HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS (continued)

Amendments to HKAS 1 include narrow-focus improvements in respect of the presentation and disclosure in financial statements. The amendments clarify:

- (i) the materiality requirements in HKAS 1;
- (ii) that specific line items in the profit or loss and the statement of financial position may be disaggregated;
- (iii) that entities have flexibility as to the order in which they present the notes to financial statements; and
- (iv) that the share of other comprehensive income of associates and joint ventures accounted for using the equity method must be presented in aggregate as a single line item, and classified between those items that will or will not be subsequently reclassified to profit or loss.

Furthermore, the amendments clarify the requirements that apply when additional subtotals are presented in the statement of financial position and the profit or loss. The Group expects to adopt the amendments from 1 April 2016. The amendments are not expected to have any significant impact on the Group's financial statements.

Amendments to HKAS 16 and HKAS 38 clarify the principle in HKAS 16 and HKAS 38 that revenue reflects a pattern of economic benefits that are generated from operating business (of which the asset is part) rather than the economic benefits that are consumed through the use of the asset. As a result, a revenue-based method cannot be used to depreciate property, plant and equipment and may only be used in very limited circumstances to amortise intangible assets. The amendments are to be applied prospectively. The amendments are not expected to have any impact on the financial position or performance of the Group upon adoption on 1 April 2016 as the Group has not used a revenue-based method for the calculation of depreciation of its non-current assets.

2.3 已發佈但尚未生效的香港財務報告 準則(續)

香港會計準則第1號(修訂)載有在財務報表 列報及披露焦點集中的改善。修訂澄清:

- (i) 香港會計準則第1號的重大性要求;
- (ii) 損益及財務狀況表內的指定單項可以分 開;
- (iii) 實體在其列報財務報表附註的次序方面 有靈活性;及
- (iv) 應佔以權益法核算的聯營公司及合營企 業的其他全面收益須以單項合計列報, 並分類為以後將重分類至損益及以後不 能重分類至損益的項目。

此外,修訂澄清在財務狀況表及損益內列報 額外小計時適用的要求。本集團預期由二零 一六年四月一日起採用該等修訂。預期修訂 對本集團的財務報表無重大影響。

香港會計準則第16號及香港會計準則第38號 (修訂)澄清香港會計準則第16號及香港會計 準則第38號內有關收入反映經營(資產屬其 中一部分的)業務所產生的經濟利益的模式的 原則。因此,以收入為基礎的方法不可用於 計算物業、機器及設備的折舊,而僅可 常有限的情況下用於計算無形資產的攤銷。 修訂將按未來適用法應用。由於本集團並無 使用以收入為基礎的方法計算其非流動資 使用以收入為基礎的方法計算其非流動資 的折舊,因此,預期於二零一六年四月一日 採用時,修訂將不會對本集團的財務狀況或 表現構成任何影響。

2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Investments in joint ventures

A joint venture is a type of joint arrangement whereby the parties that have joint control of the arrangement have rights to the net assets of the joint venture. Joint control is the contractually agreed sharing of control of an arrangement, which exists only when decisions about the relevant activities require the unanimous consent of the parties sharing control.

The Group's investments in joint ventures are stated in the consolidated statement of financial position at the Group's share of net assets under the equity method of accounting, less any impairment losses.

Adjustments are made to bring into line any dissimilar accounting policies that may exist.

The Group's share of the post-acquisition results and other comprehensive income of joint ventures are included in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income. In addition, when there has been a change recognised directly in the equity of the joint ventures, the Group recognises its share of any changes, when applicable, in the consolidated statement of changes in equity. Unrealised gains and losses resulting from transactions between the Group and its joint ventures are eliminated to the extent of the Group's investments in the joint ventures, except where unrealised losses provide evidence of an impairment of the assets transferred. Goodwill arising from the acquisition of joint ventures is included as part of the Group's investments in joint ventures.

2.4 主要會計政策概要

於合營企業的投資

合營企業是一種合營安排,據此,對安排享 有共同控制的各方對合營企業的淨資產享有 權利。共同控制指在合約上同意分享安排的 控制權,這只有在關於相關活動的決定需要 分享控制權各方一致同意時存在。

本集團於合營企業的投資在綜合財務狀況表 中,以根據會計的權益法核算的本集團所佔 淨資產份額減去減值虧損後的餘額列賬。

可能存在的不同的會計政策已經調整一致。

本集團應佔合營企業收購後業績和其他全面收益計入綜合損益及其他全面收益表中。此外,當直接在合營企業的權益中確認變動時,本集團會在綜合權益變動表內確認其應佔的任何變動(如適用)。本集團與其合營企業進行交易而出現的未實現損益會互相抵銷,金額以本集團於合營企業的投資為限,但如果未實現虧損證明所轉讓資產發生減值則除外。收購合營企業產生的商譽包括在本集團於合營企業的投資內。

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2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Investments in joint ventures (continued)

If an investment in a joint venture becomes an investment in an associate, the retained interest is not remeasured. Instead, the investment continues to be accounted for under the equity method. In all other cases, upon loss of the joint control over the joint venture, the Group measures and recognises any retained investment at its fair value. Any difference between the carrying amount of the joint venture upon loss of joint control and the fair value of the retained investment and proceeds from disposal is recognised in profit or loss.

Business combinations and goodwill

Business combinations are accounted for using the acquisition method. The consideration transferred is measured at the acquisition date fair value which is the sum of the acquisition date fair values of assets transferred by the Group, liabilities assumed by the Group to the former owners of the acquiree and the equity interests issued by the Group in exchange for control of the acquiree. For each business combination, the Group elects whether to measure the non-controlling interests in the acquiree that are present ownership interests and entitle their holders to a proportionate share of net assets in the event of liquidation at fair value or at the proportionate share of the acquiree's identifiable net assets. All other components of non-controlling interests are measured at fair value. Acquisition-related costs are expensed as incurred.

When the Group acquires a business, it assesses the financial assets and liabilities assumed for appropriate classification and designation in accordance with the contractual terms, economic circumstances and pertinent conditions as at the acquisition date. This includes the separation of embedded derivatives in host contracts of the acquiree.

2.4 主要會計政策概要(續)

於合營企業的投資(續)

如果於合營企業的投資變為於聯營公司的投資,則不會重新計量保留權益。取而代之,該項投資會繼續根據權益法核算。在所有其他情況下,本集團不再對合營企業有共同控制權時,本集團會按其公平價值計量及確認任何保留投資。合營企業於喪失共同控制權時的賬面金額與所保留投資的公平價值及出售所得款項兩者之間的任何差額會在損益中確認。

企業合併與商譽

當本集團收購一個企業,會在收購日根據合同條款、經濟狀況以及相關狀況來評估對金融資產和承擔的負債進行合適分類或指定,包括將被收購企業嵌入衍生工具從主合同中進行分離。

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2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Business combinations and goodwill (continued)

If the business combination is achieved in stages, the previously held equity interest is remeasured at its acquisition date fair value and any resulting gain or loss is recognised in profit or loss.

Any contingent consideration to be transferred by the acquirer is recognised at fair value at the acquisition date. Contingent consideration classified as an asset or liability is measured at fair value with changes in fair value recognised in profit or loss. Contingent consideration that is classified as equity is not remeasured and subsequent settlement is accounted for within equity.

Goodwill is initially measured at cost, being the excess of the aggregate of the consideration transferred, the amount recognised for non-controlling interests and any fair value of the Group's previously held equity interests in the acquiree over the identifiable net assets acquired and liabilities assumed. If the sum of this consideration and other items is lower than the fair value of the net assets acquired, the difference is, after reassessment, recognised in profit or loss as a gain on bargain purchase.

After initial recognition, goodwill is measured at cost less any accumulated impairment losses. Goodwill is tested for impairment annually or more frequently if events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying value may be impaired. The Group performs its annual impairment test of goodwill as at 31 March. For the purpose of impairment testing, goodwill acquired in a business combination is, from the acquisition date, allocated to each of the Group's cash-generating units, or groups of cash-generating units, that are expected to benefit from the synergies of the combination, irrespective of whether other assets or liabilities of the Group are assigned to those units or groups of units.

2.4 主要會計政策概要(續)

企業合併與商譽(續)

如企業合併分階段進行,之前持有的股權按 其於收購日期的公平價值重新計量,產生的 任何損益在損益中確認。

將由收購方轉讓的任何或有代價都應按照購 買日的公平價值進行確認。分類為資產或負 債的或有代價按公平價值計量,其公平價值 變動在損益中確認。分類為權益的或有代價 不重新計量,其之後的結算在權益中入賬。

商譽初始按成本計量,即是所轉移的代價、確認的非控制性權益金額以及本集團原先持有的被收購方的股本權益的公平價值總和超過所收購可辨認淨資產和所承擔負債的部分。如果該代價和其他項目的總金額低於所收購淨資產的公平價值,其差額在再次評估後在損益確認為廉價購買收益。

初始確認之後,商譽以成本減去累計減值虧 損來計量。商譽的賬面價值需每年進行評估 是否發生減值,如果事件或情況的改變表明 賬面價值可能出現減值,則需要進行更頻繁 的複查。本集團在每年三月三十一日進行年 度商譽減值測試。為了進行減值測試,企業 合併取得的商譽自收購日起,分配給本集團 的每一個預期能從企業合併協同獲益的現金 產出單元或現金產出單元組,無論本集團的 其他資產或負債是否被分配給上述單元或單 元組。

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2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Business combinations and goodwill (continued)

Impairment is determined by assessing the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit (group of cash-generating units) to which the goodwill relates. Where the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit (group of cash-generating units) is less than the carrying amount, an impairment loss is recognised. An impairment loss recognised for goodwill is not reversed in a subsequent period.

Where goodwill has been allocated to a cash-generating unit (or group of cash-generating units) and part of the operation within that unit is disposed of, the goodwill associated with the operation disposed of is included in the carrying amount of the operation when determining the gain or loss on the disposal. Goodwill disposed in these circumstances is measured based on the relative value of the operation disposed of and the portion of the cash-generating unit retained.

Fair value measurement

The Group measures its investment properties at fair value at the end of each reporting period. Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The fair value measurement is based on the presumption that the transaction to sell the asset or transfer the liability takes place either in the principal market for the asset or liability, or in the absence of a principal market, in the most advantageous market for the asset or liability. The principal or the most advantageous market must be accessible by the Group. The fair value of an asset or a liability is measured using the assumptions that market participants would use when pricing the asset or liability, assuming that market participants act in their economic best interest.

2.4 主要會計政策概要(續)

企業合併與商譽(續)

減值虧損以評估與商譽相關的現金產出單元 (現金產出單元組)的可收回金額來確定。如 果現金產出單元(現金產出單元組)的可收回 金額少於其賬面價值,則確認減值虧損。已 確認的商譽減值虧損在後續期間不可轉回。

如果商譽分配至現金產出單元(現金產出單元組),且該單元業務的一部分被處置,在確定處置損益時,與被處置業務相關的商譽將包括在該業務的賬面金額。在這種情況下處置的商譽以被處置的業務和被保留的現金產出單元的相對值為基礎計量。

公平價值計量

本集團在每個報告期末按公平價值計量其投資物業。公平價值是指市場參與者在計量目的有序交易中,出售一項資產所能收到價格。公平價值是指市場資產所能收到價值的需支付的價格。公平價值的主要市場價值的主要市場進行,或在有自由,或負債的主要市場進行的假定。主要市場的應當是本集團能夠進入的市場會與者在對產或負債定價時(假設市場參與者以的方式行事)所採用的假設計量。

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2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Fair value measurement (continued)

A fair value measurement of a non-financial asset takes into account a market participant's ability to generate economic benefits by using the asset in its highest and best use or by selling it to another market participant that would use the asset in its highest and best use.

The Group uses valuation techniques that are appropriate in the circumstances and for which sufficient data are available to measure fair value, maximising the use of relevant observable inputs and minimising the use of unobservable inputs.

All assets and liabilities for which fair value is measured or disclosed in the financial statements are categorised within the fair value hierarchy, described as follows, based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole:

- Level 1 based on quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities
- Level 2 based on valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is observable, either directly or indirectly
- Level 3 based on valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is unobservable

For assets and liabilities that are recognised in the financial statements on a recurring basis, the Group determines whether transfers have occurred between levels in the hierarchy by reassessing categorisation (based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole) at the end of each reporting period.

2.4 主要會計政策概要(續)

公平價值計量(續)

非金融資產的公平價值計量會考慮市場參與 者透過以最大限度使用該資產達致最佳用 途,或透過將該資產出售給能夠以最大限度 使用該資產達致最佳用途的其他市場參與者 產生經濟利益的能力。

本集團採用在當前情況下適用並且有足夠可 利用數據支持的估值技術去計量公平價值, 儘量使用相關可觀察輸入值及儘量減少使用 不可觀察輸入值。

在財務報表內計量或披露公平價值的所有資產及負債,均根據對公平價值計量整體而言 具有重要意義的最低層次輸入值在下述公平 價值層次內進行分類:

- 第一層次- 基於相同資產或負債在活躍 市場上(未經調整)的報價
- 第二層次一 基於對公平價值計量而言具 有重要意義的最低層次輸入 值乃直接或間接可觀察的估 值技術
- 第三層次- 基於對公平價值計量而言具 有重要意義的最低層次輸入 值乃不可觀察的估值技術

就持續於財務報表確認的資產及負債而言, 本集團於每個報告期末透過(按對公平價值 計量整體而言具有重要意義的最低層次輸入 值)重新評估分類,以決定層次制度中各個 層次間是否有轉移。

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2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Impairment of non-financial assets

Where an indication of impairment exists, or when annual impairment testing for an asset is required (other than properties held for development, properties under development, properties held for sale, construction contract assets, deferred tax assets, financial assets, investment properties and goodwill), the asset's recoverable amount is estimated. An asset's recoverable amount is the higher of the asset's or cash-generating unit's value in use and its fair value less costs of disposal, and is determined for an individual asset, unless the asset does not generate cash inflows that are largely independent of those from other assets or groups of assets, in which case the recoverable amount is determined for the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs.

An impairment loss is recognised only if the carrying amount of an asset exceeds its recoverable amount. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset. An impairment loss is charged to profit or loss in the period in which it arises, unless the asset is carried at a revalued amount, in which case the impairment loss is accounted for in accordance with the relevant accounting policy for that revalued asset.

An assessment is made at the end of each reporting period as to whether there is an indication that previously recognised impairment losses may no longer exist or may have decreased. If such an indication exists, the recoverable amount is estimated. A previously recognised impairment loss of an asset other than goodwill is reversed only if there has been a change in the estimates used to determine the recoverable amount of that asset, but not to an amount higher than the carrying amount that would have been determined (net of any depreciation/amortisation) had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset in prior years. A reversal of such an impairment loss is credited to profit or loss in the period in which it arises.

2.4 主要會計政策概要(續)

非金融資產減值

如果存在減值跡象,或當資產須進行週年 減值測試時(持有作發展之物業、發展中物 業、持有作出售之物業、建造合約資產、 延稅項資產、金融資產、投資物業及商譽除 外),會估計資產的可收回金額。資產的可 收回金額以資產或現金產生單位的使用價值 與其公平價值減出售成本兩者中的較高者計 算,並以個別資產釐定,除非資產並不 於其他資產或資產組合產生現金流入,在此 情況下,可收回金額乃以資產所屬現金產生 單位釐定。

只有當資產賬面值超過其可收回金額時,方 會確認減值虧損。估計使用價值時,會採用 反映對貨幣時間價值和該資產特有風險的 當時市場評價的稅前折現率對該估計未來現 金流量進行折現為現值。減值虧損會在其出 現期間在損益中扣除,除非資產按重估值列 值,在該情況下,減值虧損會根據重估資產 的有關會計政策入賬。

於各報告期末均會評估是否有跡象顯示於過往確認的減值虧損可能不再存在或可能已減少。如出現有關跡象,則會估計可收回金額。只有在確定資產的可收回金額中所使配的估計發生改變時,才能轉回以前已確認的資產減值虧損(不包括商譽),然而,由於資產減值虧損的轉回而增加的資產賬面值,不應高於資產以前年度沒有確認減值虧損時的賬面值(扣除任何折舊/攤銷)。有關減值虧損的轉回在其出現期間貸記於損益中。

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2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Related parties

A party is considered to be related to the Group if:

- (a) the party is a person or a close member of that person's family and that person:
 - (i) has control or joint control over the Group;
 - (ii) has significant influence over the Group; or
 - (iii) is a member of the key management personnel of the Group or of a parent of the Group;

or

- (b) the party is an entity where any of the following conditions applies:
 - (i) the entity and the Group are members of the same group;
 - (ii) one entity is an associate or joint venture of the other entity (or of a parent, subsidiary or fellow subsidiary of the other entity);
 - (iii) the entity and the Group are joint ventures of the same third party;
 - (iv) one entity is a joint venture of a third entity and the other entity is an associate of the third entity;
 - (v) the entity is a post-employment benefit plan for the benefit of employees of either the Group or an entity related to the Group;
 - (vi) the entity is controlled or jointly controlled by a person identified in (a);

2.4 主要會計政策概要(續)

關聯方

在下列情況下,則一方被視為與本集團有 關:

- (a) 個人或與該個人關係密切的家庭成員與 本集團相關聯,如果該個人:
 - (i) 對本集團實施控制或共同控制;
 - (ii) 對本集團實施重大影響;或
 - (iii) 是本集團或其母公司的關鍵管理 人員的成員;

或

- (b) 如果適用以下任何情形,則某實體與本 集團相關聯:
 - (i) 該實體和本集團是同一集團的成 員;
 - (ii) 某一實體是另一實體(或是該另一 實體的母公司、附屬公司或同系附 屬公司)的聯營企業或合營企業;
 - (iii) 該實體和本集團都是相同第三方 的合營企業;
 - (iv) 某一實體是第三方的合營企業並且 另一實體是該第三方的聯營企業;
 - (v) 該實體是為本集團或與本集團關 聯的實體的僱員福利而設的離職 後福利計劃;
 - (vi) 該實體受(a)項所述個人的控制或 共同控制;

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2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Related parties (continued)

- (b) (continued)
 - (vii) a person identified in (a)(i) has significant influence over the entity or is a member of the key management personnel of the entity (or of a parent of the entity); and
 - (viii) the entity, or any member of a group of which it is a part, provides key management personnel services to the Group or to the parent of the Group.

Property, plant and equipment and depreciation

Property, plant and equipment, are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and any impairment losses. The cost of an item of property, plant and equipment comprises its purchase price and any directly attributable costs of bringing the asset to its working condition and location for its intended use.

Expenditure incurred after items of property, plant and equipment have been put into operation, such as repairs and maintenance, is normally charged to profit or loss in the period in which it is incurred. In situations where the recognition criteria are satisfied, the expenditure for a major inspection is capitalised in the carrying amount of the asset as a replacement. Where significant parts of property, plant and equipment are required to be replaced at intervals, the Group recognises such parts as individual assets with specific useful lives and depreciates them accordingly.

Changes in the values of revalued property, plant and equipment are dealt with as movements in the property revaluation reserve. If the total of this reserve is insufficient to cover a deficit, on an individual asset basis, the excess of the deficit is charged to profit or loss. Any subsequent revaluation surplus is credited to profit or loss to the extent of the deficit previously charged.

2.4 主要會計政策概要(續)

關聯方(續)

- (b) (續)
 - (vii) (a)(i)項所述的個人對該實體實施 重大影響或是該實體(或其母公 司)的關鍵管理人員的成員;及
 - (viii) 向本集團或本集團的母公司提供 關鍵管理人員服務的實體或其所 屬集團的任何成員公司。

物業、機器及設備及折舊

物業、機器及設備乃按原值減累計折舊及任 何減值虧損列賬。物業、機器及設備項目之 原值包括其購買價及任何將資產達致其現有 運作狀況及地點作擬定用途之直接成本。

在物業、機器及設備項目投入運作後產生之支出,如維修與保養等,一般於支出期間的 損益中扣除。如果符合確認準則,則主要檢 查的支出會作為替換資本化於資產賬面值。 如果物業、機器及設備的主要部分須定期替 換,則本集團確認有關部分為獨立資產,其 具有特定的使用年限及據此折舊。

重估物業、機器及設備的價值變動作為資產 重估儲備變動處理。就單個資產而言,如果 該儲備合計不足抵消赤字,則赤字超出的部 分扣自損益。任何後續重估盈餘以之前扣除 的赤字為限計入損益。

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2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Property, plant and equipment and depreciation (continued)

Depreciation is calculated on the straight-line basis to write off the cost of each item of property, plant and equipment to its residual value over its estimated useful life. The principal annual rates used for this purpose are as follows:

Leasehold land under Over the lease terms finance leases Buildings Over the shorter of the remaining term of the land lease and 40 years Over the shorter of the Leasehold improvements lease term and 20% 20% to 24% Machinery and equipment 20% to 33% Furniture, fixtures and office equipment Motor vehicles 24% to 30%

Where parts of an item of property, plant and equipment have different useful lives, the cost of that item is allocated on a reasonable basis among the parts and each part is depreciated separately. Residual values, useful lives and the depreciation method are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at least at each financial year end.

An item of property, plant and equipment including any significant part initially recognised is derecognised upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected from its use or disposal. Any gain or loss on disposal or retirement recognised in profit or loss in the year the asset is derecognised is the difference between the net sales proceeds and the carrying amount of the relevant asset.

2.4 主要會計政策概要(續)

物業、機器及設備及折舊(續)

折舊乃以直線法按其估計可使用年期撤銷各 項物業、機器及設備項目的成本至其殘值。 就此而言所採用之主要年率如下:

分類為融資租賃的 按租賃期 租賃土地 樓字 按尚餘租賃土地租約 年期或40年 (以較短者為準) 租賃物業裝修 按租賃期或20% (以較短者為準) 機器及設備 20%至24% 20%至33% 辦公室設備

當一項物業、機器及設備的各部份具有不同

車輛

留一項物業、機器及設備的各部份具有不同 的可使用年期,該項目的成本依照合理的基 準分配予各部份,而每部份會分開折舊。殘 值、可使用年期及折舊方法會最少於各財政 年度結算日檢討及調整(如合適)。

24%至30%

一項物業、機器及設備(包括初始確認的任何重大部分)在出售時或預期不會從其使用或出售獲得未來經濟利益時終止確認。任何出售或報廢損益會於資產終止確認年度按相當於有關資產的出售所得款項淨額與賬面值的差額在損益中確認。

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2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Investment properties

Investment properties are interests in land and buildings (including the leasehold interest under an operating lease for a property which would otherwise meet the definition of an investment property) held to earn rental income and/or for capital appreciation, rather than for use in the production or supply of goods or services or for administrative purposes; or for sale in the ordinary course of business. Such properties are measured initially at cost, including transaction costs. Subsequent to initial recognition, investment properties are stated at fair value, which reflects market conditions at the end of the reporting period.

Gains or losses arising from changes in the fair values of investment properties are included in profit or loss in the year in which they arise.

Any gains or losses on the retirement or disposal of an investment property are recognised in profit or loss in the year of the retirement or disposal.

Properties held for development

Properties held for development are stated at cost less impairment losses. These properties are reclassified as properties under development or investment properties, as appropriate, when development commences.

Properties held for development are classified as noncurrent assets as the construction period of the relevant property development project is expected to complete beyond the normal operating cycle.

2.4 主要會計政策概要(續)

投資物業

投資物業為於持有作賺取租金收入及/或資本增值,而非作生產或供應貨品或服務或作行政用途,亦非作通常業務運作過程中出售的土地及樓字權益(包括物業經營租賃的租賃權益,而有關物業如非根據經營租賃租出,則符合投資物業的定義)。該等物業初始按成本(包括交易費用)計量。於初始確認後,投資物業按反映報告期末市場狀況的公平價值列值。

投資物業公平價值變動所產生的損益包括在 出現年度的損益中。

報廢或出售投資物業的任何損益於報廢或出 售年度的損益中確認。

持有作發展之物業

持有作發展之物業以成本減去減值虧損列 值。該等物業於發展開始時恰當地重新分類 為發展中物業或投資物業。

由於有關物業發展項目的建築期預期超過正 常經營周期方完成,因此,持有作發展之物 業分類為非流動資產。

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2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Properties under development

Properties under development for re-sale are included under current assets and are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost comprises acquisition costs, construction costs, interest and other direct attributable costs.

Properties under development are classified as current assets as the construction period of the relevant property development project is expected to complete within the normal operating cycle. On completion, the properties are transferred to properties held for sale.

Net realisable value is determined by reference to the estimated selling price less estimated total cost of the development and the estimated costs necessary to make the sale of the properties.

Properties held for sale

Properties held for sale are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Net realisable value represents the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business less the estimated costs necessary to make the sale of the properties.

Leases

Leases that transfer substantially all the rewards and risks of ownership of assets to the Group, other than legal title, are accounted for as finance leases. At the inception of a finance lease, the cost of the leased asset is capitalised at the present value of the minimum lease payments and recorded together with the obligation, excluding the interest element, to reflect the purchase and financing. Assets held under capitalised finance leases, including prepaid land lease payments under finance leases, are included in property, plant and equipment, and depreciated over the shorter of the lease terms and the estimated useful lives of the assets. The finance costs of such leases are charged to profit or loss so as to provide a constant periodic rate of charge over the lease terms.

2.4 主要會計政策概要(續)

發展中物業

擬轉售的發展中物業將會計入流動資產項下,並按成本與可變現淨值(兩者以較低者為準)列賬。成本包括收購成本、建築成本、利息及其他的直接成本。

由於有關物業發展項目的建築期預期於正常 經營周期內完成,因此,發展中物業分類為 流動資產。完成時,有關物業會轉撥至持有 作出售之物業。

可變現淨值乃參考估計售價減估計發展成本 總額及估計用以銷售物業的必要成本後釐 定。

持有作出售之物業

持有作出售之物業按成本與可變現淨值兩者 中的較低者列值。可變現淨值相當於在通常 業務運作過程中的估計售價減估計用以銷售 物業的必要成本。

租賃

凡將資產所有權之絕大部份回報及風險(法定所有權除外)轉移至本集團之租約,均視作融資租賃。融資租賃開始時,租賃資本化,成本即按最低應付租金之現值資本化,以反轉置及融資。根據已資本化之融資租賃的預付土地租賃付款額)會列入物業、機器及設備,並按該等資產之租賃期和估計可用年期兩者中較短者內進行折舊。該等租約之融資成本自損益中扣除,以得出一個於租約期間內之固定週期支銷率。

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2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Leases (continued)

Leases where substantially all the rewards and risks of ownership of assets remain with the lessor are accounted for as operating leases. Where the Group is the lessor, assets leased by the Group under operating leases are included in non-current assets, and rentals receivable under the operating leases are credited to profit or loss on the straight-line basis over the lease terms. Where the Group is the lessee, rentals payable under the operating leases net of any incentives received from the lessor are charged to profit or loss on the straight-line basis over the lease terms.

Investments and other financial assets

Initial recognition and measurement

Financial assets within the scope of HKAS 39 are classified as loans and receivables. The Group determines the classification of its financial assets at initial recognition. When financial assets are recognised initially, they are measured at fair value plus transaction costs that are attributable to the acquisition of the financial assets, except in the case of financial assets recorded at fair value through profit or loss.

All regular way purchases and sales of financial assets are recognised on the trade date, that is, the date that the Group commits to purchase or sell the asset. Regular way purchases or sales are purchases or sales of financial assets that require delivery of assets within the period generally established by regulation or convention in the marketplace.

The Group's financial assets include cash and bank balances, accounts and other receivables and deposits, dividends receivable from a joint venture and loans and interest receivables.

2.4 主要會計政策概要(續)

和賃(續)

凡資產所有權之絕大部份回報及風險仍由出租人承擔之租約,均視為經營租賃。倘本集團為出租人,本集團根據經營租賃出租之資產列入非流動資產內,而經營租賃之應收租金,乃按租賃期以直線法列入損益內;倘本集團為承租人,經營租賃之應付租金扣除出租人提供的任何優惠在租賃期內乃按直線法計入損益內。

投資及其他金融資產

初始確認和計量

在香港會計準則第39號範疇內的金融資產 分類為貸款和應收款。本集團在初始確認時 決定其金融資產的分類。初始確認金融資產 時,按公平價值計量,如果其不是按公平價 值計量且其變動計入損益的金融資產,則還 應加上歸屬於取得該金融資產的交易費用。

凡以常規方式購買及出售金融資產,均按交易日(即本集團承諾購買資產的日期)方法 進行確認。以常規方式買賣指要求在相關市 場中的規則或慣例通常約定的期間內交付該 項資產的金融資產買賣。

本集團的金融資產包括現金及銀行結餘、應 收賬款、按金及其他應收款、應收合營企業 股息以及應收貸款及利息。

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2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Investments and other financial assets (continued)

Subsequent measurement

Loans and interest receivables are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market. After initial measurement, such assets are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method less any allowance for impairment. Amortised cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and includes fees or costs that are an integral part of the effective interest rate. The effective interest rate amortisation is included in other income and gains in profit or loss. The loss arising from impairment is recognised in profit or loss in finance costs for loans and in other expenses for receivables.

Derecognition of financial assets

A financial asset (or, where applicable, a part of a financial asset or part of a group of similar financial assets) is primarily derecognised (i.e., removed from the Group's consolidated statement of financial position) when:

- the rights to receive cash flows from the asset have expired; or
- the Group has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from the asset or has assumed an obligation to pay the received cash flows in full without material delay to a third party under a "pass-through" arrangement; and either (a) the Group has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, or (b) the Group has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, but has transferred control of the asset.

2.4 主要會計政策概要(續)

投資及其他金融資產(續)

後續計量

應收貸款及利息為付款額固定或可以釐定, 而在活躍市場上沒有市場報價的非衍生金 融資產。初始計量後,該等資產按實際利 法以攤餘成本減任何減值準備列值。計算 餘成本時,應考慮購買產生的任何折價或溢 價,且包括作為實際利率不可或缺的費用和 交易費用。實際利率攤銷包括在損益中的其 他收入及收益。如果是貸款,減值產生的虧 損在損益的財務費用確認,如果是應收款 項,則在其他開支確認。

終止確認金融資產

主要在下列情況下,應終止確認金融資產 (或,如適用,金融資產的一部分,或一組 相類似金融資產的一部分)(即從本集團的綜 合財務狀況表移除):

- 從資產收取現金流量的權利已到期;或
- 本集團已轉讓其從資產收取現金流量的權利,或根據「轉移」安排,承擔向第三者在無嚴重延緩的情況下全數支付獲取的現金流量的義務;並:(a)本集團已轉讓資產絕大部份風險和報酬,或(b)本集團並無轉讓或保留資產絕大部份風險和報酬,但已轉讓資產控制權。

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2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT

ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Derecognition of financial assets (continued)

When the Group has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from an asset or has entered into a pass-through arrangement, it evaluates if and to what extent it has retained the risk and rewards of ownership of the asset. When it has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset nor transferred control of the asset, the Group continues to recognise the transferred asset to the extent of the Group's continuing involvement. In that case, the Group also recognises an associated liability. The transferred asset and the associated liability are measured on a basis that reflects the rights and obligations that the Group has retained.

Continuing involvement that takes the form of a guarantee over the transferred asset is measured at the lower of the original carrying amount of the asset and the maximum amount of consideration that the Group could be required to repay.

Impairment of financial assets

The Group assesses at the end of each reporting period whether there is objective evidence that a financial asset or a group of financial assets is impaired. An impairment exists if one or more events that occurred after the initial recognition of the asset have an impact on the estimated future cash flows of the financial asset or the group of financial assets that can be reliably estimated. Evidence of impairment may include indications that a debtor or a group of debtors is experiencing significant financial difficulty, default or delinquency in interest or principal payments, the probability that they will enter bankruptcy or other financial reorganisation and observable data indicating that there is a measurable decrease in the estimated future cash flows, such as changes in arrears or economic conditions that correlate with defaults.

2.4 主要會計政策概要(續)

終止確認金融資產(續)

凡本集團轉讓其從資產收取現金流量的權利 或已經訂立轉移安排,其評估其是否保留與 擁有該資產相關的風險和回報以及有關程 度。如果其並無轉讓或保留資產絕大部份風 險和報酬,且並無轉讓資產控制權,本集團 會視乎持續參與的程度繼續確認已轉讓資 產。在該情況下,本集團亦確認相關負債。 轉讓的資產及相關負債按反映本集團保留的 權利和義務的基準計量。

如果持續參與形式為對被轉讓資產提供擔保,則持續參與程度的計量是下述兩者中的 較低者:資產的原賬面金額和本集團可以被 要求償還的代價的最大金額。

金融資產減值

本集團在每個報告期末均會進行評價,以判 斷是否存在任何客觀證據表明某項金融資產 或某組金融資產發生減值。如果資產初始產 認後發生的一個或多個事項對金融資產確 融資產組的預計未來現金流量的影響能可 地估計,則存在減值。減值證據可包括債 人或一組債務人發生重大財務困難,拖欠利 息或本金的支付,他們很可能破產或進行其 他財務重組,以及有可觀察數據表示預計未 來現金流量出現可量度的減少,例如與拖欠 相聯繫的欠款或經濟狀況的改變。

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2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Impairment of financial assets (continued)

Financial assets carried at amortised cost

For financial assets carried at amortised cost, the Group first assesses whether impairment exists individually for financial assets that are individually significant, or collectively for financial assets that are not individually significant. If the Group determines that no objective evidence of impairment exists for an individually assessed financial asset, whether significant or not, it includes the asset in a group of financial assets with similar credit risk characteristics and collectively assesses them for impairment. Assets that are individually assessed for impairment and for which an impairment loss is, or continues to be, recognised are not included in a collective assessment of impairment.

The amount of any impairment loss identified is measured as the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows (excluding future credit losses that have not yet been incurred). The present value of the estimated future cash flows is discounted at the financial asset's original effective interest rate (i.e., the effective interest rate computed at initial recognition).

The carrying amount of the asset is reduced through the use of an allowance account and the loss is recognised in profit or loss. Interest income continues to be accrued on the reduced carrying amount using the rate of interest used to discount the future cash flows for the purpose of measuring the impairment loss. Loans and receivables together with any associated allowance are written off when there is no realistic prospect of future recovery and all collateral has been realised or has been transferred to the Group.

If, in a subsequent period, the amount of the estimated impairment loss increases or decreases because of an event occurring after the impairment was recognised, the previously recognised impairment loss is increased or reduced by adjusting the allowance account. If a write-off is later recovered, the recovery is credited to other expenses in profit or loss.

2.4 主要會計政策概要(續)

金融資產減值(續)

以攤餘成本列值的金融資產

有關以攤餘成本列值的金融資產,本集團首 先要評估是否有重大的個別金融資產單獨發 生減值或個別不重大的金融資產整體發生 減值。如果本集團確定沒有客觀證據表明評 估的個別金融資產,無論重大與否,發生減 值,則該資產計入具有相似信用風險特徵的 金融資產組,並對整個小組進行減值評估。 已進行減值評估並確認或繼續確認減值損失 的個別資產,不計入整體減值評估中。

所辨認的任何減值虧損的金額按資產的賬面 值及對預期未來現金流量進行折現後的現值 (不包括未發生的未來信貸虧損)兩者之間的 差額計量。對預期未來現金流量進行折現後 的現值以金融資產最初的實際利率(即初始 確認時計算的實際利率)計算。

資產賬面值透過使用準備賬抵減資產賬面值。減值虧損在損益中確認。利息收入繼續按減少後的賬面值累計,利率為量度減值虧損時用以將未來現金流量折現的利率。當並無實際希望可於未來收回,而所有抵押品已經變賣或轉讓給本集團時,貸款及應收款項及任何相關準備會一併撤銷。

在後續期間,如果估計減值虧損金額增加 或減少,且其與確認減值之後發生的事件 有關,則先前確認的減值虧損會透過調整 備抵賬戶而增加或減少。如果撤銷金額其後 收回,則收回金額會貸記於損益的其他開支 中。

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2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Financial liabilities

Initial recognition and measurement

Financial liabilities are classified as loans and borrowings. The Group determines the classification of its financial liabilities at initial recognition.

All financial liabilities are recognised initially at fair value and, in the case of loans and borrowings, net of directly attributable transaction costs.

The Group's financial liabilities include accounts and bills payables, other payables, accruals of costs for contract works, amounts due to joint ventures and interest-bearing bank loans.

Subsequent measurement

After initial recognition, interest-bearing loans and borrowings are subsequently measured at amortised cost, using the effective interest rate method unless the effect of discounting would be immaterial, in which case they are stated at cost. Gains and losses are recognised in profit or loss when the liabilities are derecognised as well as through the effective interest rate amortisation process.

Amortised cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and fees or costs that are an integral part of the effective interest rate. The effective interest rate amortisation is included in finance costs in profit or loss.

2.4 主要會計政策概要(續)

金融負債

初始確認和計量

金融負債分類為貸款和借款。本集團在初始 確認時決定其金融負債的分類。

初始確認所有金融負債時,按公平價值確認,如屬貸款和借款,則減去直接歸屬的交易費用。

本集團的金融負債包括應付賬款及票據、其 他應付款、預提合約工程成本、應付合營企 業款項,以及計息銀行貸款。

後續計量

初始確認後,計息銀行貸款後續採用實際利率法按攤餘成本計量,除非折現的影響不重大,這種情況下,它們按成本計量。在負債終止確認時及在實際利率法攤銷過程中,產生的收益和損失在損益中確認。

攤餘成本計算時會考慮任何收購折讓或溢價 以及構成實際利率整體部分的費用或成本。 實際利率法攤銷包括在損益內的財務費用。

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2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Financial liabilities (continued)

Financial guarantee contracts

Financial guarantee contracts issued by the Group are those contracts that require a payment to be made to reimburse the holder for a loss it incurs because the specified debtor fails to make a payment when due in accordance with the terms of a debt instrument. A financial guarantee contract is recognised initially as a liability at its fair value, adjusted for transaction costs that are directly attributable to the issuance of the guarantee. Subsequent to initial recognition, the Group measures the financial guarantee contract at the higher of: (i) the amount of the best estimate of the expenditure required to settle the present obligation at the end of the reporting period; and (ii) the amount initially recognised less, when appropriate, cumulative amortisation.

Derecognition of financial liabilities

A financial liability is derecognised when the obligation under the liability is discharged or cancelled, or expires.

When an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as a derecognition of the original liability and a recognition of a new liability, and the difference between the respective carrying amounts is recognised in profit or loss.

Offsetting of financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the statement of financial position if there is a currently enforceable legal right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, or to realise the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously.

2.4 主要會計政策概要(續)

金融負債(續)

財務擔保合約

本集團作出之財務擔保合約即要求發行人作出特定付款以償付持有人因特定債務人未能根據債務工具之條款償還到期款項而招致損失之合約。財務擔保合約初步按其公平價值確認為一項負債,並就作出該擔保直接產生之交易成本作出調整。於初始確認後,本集團按(i)報告期末之現有責任所須開支之最佳估計金額;及(ii)初始確認之金額減(如適用)累計攤銷(以較高者為準)計量財務擔保合約。

終止確認金融負債

當負債義務解除、取消或到期時,金融負債 將終止確認。

當現有金融負債被由同一貸款人的另一項條款實質上不同的負債代替,或現有負債的條款經大幅修訂,有關交換或修改會作為終止確認原有負債及確認新負債處理,各自的賬面值差額在損益中確認。

金融工具的互相抵消

如果以現時可行法定權利將確認的金額互相 抵消,並且打算以淨額為基礎結算,或同時 實現該資產和清償該負債,則金融資產和金 融負債會互相抵消,報告淨額在財務狀況表 中。

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2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Cash and cash equivalents

For the purpose of the consolidated statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and demand deposits, and short term highly liquid investments that are readily convertible into known amounts of cash, are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value, and have a short maturity of generally within three months when acquired, less bank overdrafts which are repayable on demand and form an integral part of the Group's cash management.

For the purpose of the consolidated statements of financial position, cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and at banks, including term deposits, and assets similar in nature to cash, which are not restricted as to use.

Income tax

Income tax comprises current and deferred tax. Income tax relating to items recognised outside profit or loss is recognised outside profit or loss, either in other comprehensive income or directly in equity.

Current tax assets and liabilities for the current and prior periods are measured at the amount expected to be recovered from or paid to the taxation authorities, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period, taking into consideration interpretations and practices prevailing in the countries in which the Group operates.

Deferred tax is provided, using the liability method, on all temporary differences at the end of the reporting period between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts for financial reporting purposes.

2.4 主要會計政策概要(續)

現金及現金等值物

就綜合現金流量表而言,現金及現金等值物 指手頭現金及活期存款及短期高度流通而可 以隨時兑換成已知數額之現金,而該筆現金 須承受價值改變之風險較低,並為較短期之 投資項目(一般為於購入後三個月內到期), 減去須即期償還之銀行透支,而成為本集團 現金管理之主要部份。

就綜合財務狀況表而言,現金及現金等值物 包括手頭現金及銀行現金,包括用途不受限 制的定期存款及與現金性質類似的資產。

所得税

所得税包括當期税項及遞延税項。有關在損益以外確認的項目的所得税,在損益以外(在其他全面收益或直接在權益中)確認。

當期和以前期間形成的當期稅項資產及負債,以在報告期末已執行的或實質上已執行的稅率(及稅法)為基礎,根據本集團經營所在國家的現行詮釋和相關常規,按預期從稅務機關返還或支付稅務機關的金額計量。

在報告期末時資產及負債之計税基礎與其在 財務報表之賬面值之間的所有暫時性差異, 須按負債法計提遞延税項。

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2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Income tax (continued)

Deferred tax liabilities are recognised for all taxable temporary differences, except:

- when the deferred tax liability arises from the initial recognition of goodwill or an asset or liability in a transaction that is not a business combination and, at the time of the transaction, affects neither the accounting profit nor taxable profit or loss; and
- in respect of taxable temporary differences associated with investments in subsidiaries and joint ventures, when the timing of the reversal of the temporary differences can be controlled and it is probable that the temporary differences will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

Deferred tax assets are recognised for all deductible temporary differences, the carryforward of unused tax credits and any unused tax losses. Deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which the deductible temporary differences, the carryforward of unused tax credits and unused tax losses can be utilised, except:

- when the deferred tax asset relating to the deductible temporary differences arises from the initial recognition of an asset or liability in a transaction that is not a business combination and, at the time of the transaction, affects neither the accounting profit nor taxable profit or loss; and
- in respect of deductible temporary differences associated with investments in subsidiaries and joint ventures, deferred tax assets are only recognised to the extent that it is probable that the temporary differences will reverse in the foreseeable future and taxable profit will be available against which the temporary differences can be utilised.

2.4 主要會計政策概要(續)

所得税(續)

所有應課税暫時性差異均會確認為遞延税項 負債,惟:

- 倘若遞延税項負債是由於商譽或資產或 負債在一宗非屬業務合併的交易中初步 確認所產生,與及在交易時,對會計利 潤或應課稅利潤或虧損均無影響,則屬 例外;及
- 對於涉及附屬公司及合營企業的投資的應課稅暫時性差異而言,倘若撥回暫時性差異的時間可以控制,以及暫時性差異不甚可能在可見將來撥回,則屬例外。

所有可於稅務上扣減之暫時性差異、承前未 用稅項抵扣及任何未用稅務虧損均會確認為 遞延稅項資產。確認遞延稅項資產以日後有 可能出現應課稅利潤用以抵扣該等可扣減暫 時性差異、承前未用稅項抵扣及未用稅務虧 損的金額為限,惟:

- 倘若有關可扣減暫時性差異的遞延稅項 資產是由於在一宗非屬業務合併的交易 中初步確認資產或負債所產生,而且在 交易時,對會計利潤或應課稅利潤或虧 損均無影響,則屬例外;及
- 對於涉及附屬公司及合營企業的投資的可扣減暫時性差異而言,只有在暫時性差異有可能在可見將來撥回,而且日後有可能出現應課稅利潤,可用以抵扣該等暫時性差異時,方會確認遞延稅項資產。

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2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Income tax (continued)

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at the end of each reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available to allow all or part of the deferred tax asset to be utilised. Unrecognised deferred tax assets are reassessed at the end of each reporting period and are recognised to the extent that it has become probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available to allow all or part of the deferred tax asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply to the period when the asset is realised or the liability is settled, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

Deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities are offset if a legally enforceable right exists to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities and the deferred taxes relate to the same taxable entity and the same taxation authority.

Government grants

Government grants are recognised at their fair value where there is reasonable assurance that the grant will be received and all attaching conditions will be complied with. When the grant relates to an expense item, it is recognised as income on a systematic basis over the periods that the costs, which it is intended to compensate, are expensed.

2.4 主要會計政策概要(續)

所得税(續)

遞延稅項資產之賬面值於各個報告期末均會 進行檢討,而倘預期將不會出現充裕之應課 稅溢利以動用遞延稅項資產之全部或部份 時,則會調低其賬面值。尚未確認之遞延稅 項資產會在每個報告期末重新評估,並在預 期出現充裕之應課稅溢利以收回遞延稅項資 產之全部或部份時確認。

遞延稅項資產與負債乃根據當時已實施之稅率(及稅法)或於報告期末主要實施之稅率 為基礎,按預期在變現資產或償還負債之期 間適用之稅率計算。

如存在法律上可執行的權利將當期稅項資產 與當期稅項負債互相抵銷,而遞延稅項乃關 於同一應課稅實體及同一稅務機關,則遞延 稅項資產與遞延稅項負債會互相抵銷。

政府補助

倘有合理保證可取得政府補助,並可符合所 有附帶條件,則會按有關補助金額之公平價 值確認政府補助。倘有關補助乃與開支項目 有關,則補助金額將配合計劃補助之成本支 銷的期間,有系統地確認為收入。

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2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Revenue recognition

Revenue is recognised when it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Group and when the revenue can be measured reliably, on the following bases:

- (a) from construction, renovation and other contracts, on the percentage of completion basis, as further explained in the accounting policy for "Construction, renovation and other contracts" below;
- (b) from work orders of contracts for alterations, additions, repairs and maintenance, based on the value of individual work orders certified by relevant employers;
- (c) rental income, on a time proportion basis over the lease terms;
- (d) interest income, on an accrual basis using the effective interest method by applying the rate that exactly discounts the estimated future cash receipts over the expected life of the financial instrument or a shorter period, when appropriate, to the net carrying amount of the financial asset; and
- (e) dividend income, when the shareholders' right to receive payment has been established.

Construction, renovation and other contracts

Contract revenue comprises the agreed contract amount and appropriate amounts from variation orders, claims and incentive payments. Contract costs incurred comprise direct materials, the costs of subcontracting, direct labour and an appropriate proportion of variable and fixed construction overheads.

Revenue from fixed price contracts is recognised using the percentage of completion method, measured by reference to the percentage of certified value of work performed to date to the total contract sum of the relevant contract.

2.4 主要會計政策概要(續)

收入確認

收入乃於本集團大有可能獲得經濟利益及有 關收入能夠可靠計算時按下列基準確認:

- (a) 建造、翻新及其他工程合約,按完工百份比基準入賬。有關詳情載於下文「建造、翻新及其他工程合約」之會計政策;
- (b) 改建、加建、維修及保養之工程訂單合 約,按經有關僱主確認個別工程訂單價 值入賬;
- (c) 租金收入,按租賃期以時間比例計算;
- (d) 利息收入,按預提基準以實際利率法計算,利率為在金融工具的預期壽命或更短期間(如適用)將估計未來現金收入準確折現至金融資產賬面淨值;及
- (e) 股息收入,在股東收取股息之權利確定 時確認入賬。

建造、翻新及其他工程合約

合約收入包括已協定之合約金額及改建或附加工程、索償額及獎勵金之適量款額。合約成本則包括直接材料、分判成本、直接工資及適當比例之可變及固定建造間接成本。

固定價格合約之收入乃按完工百份比方法計 算入賬,並會在計算時參考至今已施工之經 核定價值佔有關合約之總金額百份比。

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2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Construction, renovation and other contracts (continued)

Provision is made for foreseeable losses as soon as they are anticipated by management.

Where contract costs incurred to date plus recognised profits less recognised losses exceed progress billings, the surplus is treated as an amount due from customers for contract works. Where progress billings exceed contract costs incurred to date plus recognised profits less recognised losses, the surplus is treated as accruals of costs for contract works.

Share-based payments

The Company operates share option schemes for the purpose of providing incentives and rewards to eligible participants who contribute to the success of the Group's operations. Employees (including directors) of the Group receive remuneration in the form of share-based payments, whereby employees render services as consideration for equity instruments ("equity-settled transactions").

The cost of equity-settled transactions with employees for grants after 7 November 2002 is measured by reference to the fair value at the date at which they are granted. The fair value is determined by an external valuer using a binomial model, further details of which are given in note 30 to the financial statements.

The cost of equity-settled transactions is recognised in employee benefit expense, together with a corresponding increase in equity, over the period in which the performance and/or service conditions are fulfilled. The cumulative expense recognised for equity-settled transactions at the end of each reporting period until the vesting date reflects the extent to which the vesting period has expired and the Group's best estimate of the number of equity instruments that will ultimately vest. The charge or credit to profit or loss for a period represents the movement in the cumulative expense recognised as at the beginning and end of that period.

2.4 主要會計政策概要(續)

建造、翻新及其他工程合約(續)

倘管理層預計到於可見未來出現虧損,即會 提取準備。

迄今所產生之合約成本另加已確認溢利減去 已確認虧損若超逾進度賬單款項,則有關結 餘被視為應收客戶之合約工程款項。倘進度 賬單款項超逾迄今所產生之合約成本另加已 確認溢利減去已確認虧損,則有關結餘被視 為預提合約工程成本。

以股份為基礎的付款

本公司設有購股權計劃,其目的在於向為本集團的成功營運作出貢獻的合資格參與人給予激勵及回報。本集團僱員(包括董事)按以股份為基礎的付款方式收取報酬,僱員則提供服務作為收取權益性工具的代價(「以權益結算的交易」)。

於二零零二年十一月七日後授予而與僱員進行以權益結算的交易的成本,參照於授出日的公平價值計量。公平價值由外部評估師採用二項式期權定價模式確定,詳情請見本財務報表附註30。

在滿足表現及/或服務條件的期間,應確認 以權益結算的交易費用為僱員福利開支並同 時相應增加權益。在歸屬日前,於每個報告 期末確認的以權益結算的交易的累計開支, 反映歸屬期已到期部份及本集團對最終將會 歸屬的權益性工具數目的最佳估計。在某一 期間內在損益中扣除或計入的金額,為於該 期間期初及期終確認的累計開支之變動。

2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Share-based payments (continued)

Service and non-market performance conditions are not taken into account when determining the grant date fair value of awards, but the likelihood of the conditions being met is assessed as part of the Group's best estimate of the number of equity instruments that will ultimately vest. Market performance conditions are reflected within the grant date fair value. Any other conditions attached to an award, but without an associated service requirement, are considered to be non-vesting conditions. Non-vesting conditions are reflected in the fair value of an award and lead to an immediate expensing of an award unless there are also service and/or performance conditions.

For awards that do not ultimately vest because non-market performance and/or service conditions have not been met, no expense is recognised. Where awards include a market or non-vesting condition, the transactions are treated as vesting irrespective of whether the market or non-vesting condition is satisfied, provided that all other performance and/or service conditions are satisfied.

Where the terms of an equity-settled award are modified, as a minimum an expense is recognised as if the terms had not been modified, if the original terms of the award are met. In addition, an expense is recognised for any modification that increases the total fair value of the share-based payments, or is otherwise beneficial to the employee as measured at the date of modification.

Where an equity-settled award is cancelled, it is treated as if it had vested on the date of cancellation, and any expense not yet recognised for the award is recognised immediately. This includes any award where non-vesting conditions within the control of either the Group or the employee are not met. However, if a new award is substituted for the cancelled award, and is designated as a replacement award on the date that it is granted, the cancelled and new awards are treated as if they were a modification of the original award, as described in the previous paragraph.

2.4 主要會計政策概要(續)

以股份為基礎的付款(續)

在確定獎勵授予日的公平價值時,並不計及 服務條件及非市場表現條件,但會作為本集 團對最終將會歸屬的權益性工具的數目的 最佳估計的一部分評估符合有關條件的可 能性。市場表現條件在授予日公平價值中反 映。獎勵所附帶的任何其他條件(但不帶有 相聯服務要求)視為非歸屬條件。非歸屬條 件在獎勵的公平價值中反映,除非同時存在 服務及/或表現條件,否則獎勵會即時確認 為費用。

對於因未有符合非市場表現及/或服務條件 而最終未能歸屬的獎勵,不確認費用。如果 獎勵包括市場條件或非歸屬條件,則無論是 否滿足市場條件或非歸屬條件,只要其他所 有表現及/或服務條件得以滿足,有關交易 均視作已歸屬。

如以權益結算的獎勵的條款有所修改,所確 認開支最少須達到假設條款並無任何修改下 的金額,如果獎勵的原條款獲履行。此外, 如任何修改導致以股份為基礎的付款的總 公平價值有所增加,或為僱員帶來其他利益 (於修改日計量),則應就該等修改確認開 支。

如以權益結算的獎勵被註銷,應被視為猶如 已於註銷日歸屬,任何尚未確認的獎勵開支 應即時確認。這包括在本集團或僱員控制範 圍以內的不歸屬條件未能獲履行的任何獎 勵。然而,如以新獎勵代替所註銷的獎勵, 並於授出日指定為代替獎勵,則所註銷的獎 勵與新獎勵會如前段所述被視為原先獎勵的 修訂。

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2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Share-based payments (continued)

The dilutive effect of outstanding options is reflected as additional share dilution in the computation of earnings per share.

Other employee benefits

Paid leave carried forward

The Group provides paid annual leave to its employees under their employment contracts on a calendar year basis. Under certain circumstances, such leave which remains untaken as at the end of the reporting period is permitted to be carried forward and utilised by the respective employees in the following year. An accrual is made at the end of the reporting period for the expected future cost of such paid leave earned during the year by the employees and carried forward.

Pension schemes

The Group operates a defined contribution Mandatory Provident Fund retirement benefit scheme (the "MPF Scheme") under the Mandatory Provident Fund Schemes Ordinance for those employees who are eligible to participate in the MPF Scheme. Contributions are made based on a percentage of the employees' basic salaries and are charged to profit or loss as they become payable in accordance with the rules of the MPF Scheme. The assets of the MPF Scheme are held separately from those of the Group in an independently administered fund. The Group's employer contributions vest fully with the employees when contributed into the MPF Scheme.

The Group also operates a Mandatory Provident Fund Exempted Occupational Retirement Schemes Ordinance ("ORSO") retirement benefit scheme for those employees who are eligible to participate in the ORSO scheme. This scheme operates in a way similar to the MPF Scheme, except that when an employee leaves the scheme prior to his/her interest in the Group's employee contributions vesting fully, the ongoing contributions payable by the Group are reduced by the relevant amount of forfeited employer's contributions.

2.4 主要會計政策概要(續)

以股份為基礎的付款(續)

發行在外的購股權的攤薄效應通過每股溢利 計算中的額外股份的攤薄反映出來。

其他僱員福利

結轉有薪假期

本集團根據聘用合約按公曆年的基準向其僱 員提供有薪年假。在若干情況下,於報告期 末,該等尚未使用的假期可結轉,而有關僱 員可在下一年度使用。於報告期末,本集團 就該等在年度內產生及結轉的有薪假期涉及 的預期未來費用撥作預提費用。

退休福利計劃

本集團已按照強制性公積金計劃條例為所有 合資格參與強積金計劃之僱員設有定額供 款強制性公積金退休福利計劃(「強積金計 劃」)。供款乃按照僱員底薪百份比計算,當 需要按照強積金計劃條款規定供款時,即在 損益中扣除有關供款。強積金計劃資產乃由 獨立管理基金持有並與本集團資產分開管 理。當向強積金計劃供款時,本集團之僱主 強制供款將全數歸於僱員所得。

本集團亦為合資格參與強制性公積金豁免職業退休計劃條例(「職業退休計劃條例」)計劃之僱員設有職業退休計劃條例計劃。該計劃以類似強積金計劃之方式經營,惟當僱員於符合資格全數享有本集團僱員供款前離職,則本集團須持續支付之供款可扣除被沒收僱主供款之有關款額。

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2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of qualifying assets, i.e., assets that necessarily take a substantial period of time to get ready for their intended use or sale, are capitalised as part of the cost of those assets. The capitalisation of such borrowing costs ceases when the assets are substantially ready for their intended use or sale. Investment income earned on the temporary investment of specific borrowings pending their expenditure on qualifying assets is deducted from the borrowing costs capitalised. All other borrowing costs are expensed in the period in which they are incurred. Borrowing costs consist of interest and other costs that an entity incurs in connection with the borrowing of funds.

Dividends

Interim dividends are simultaneously proposed and declared, because the Company's memorandum and articles of association grant the directors the authority to declare interim dividends. Consequently, interim dividends are recognised immediately as a liability when they are proposed and declared.

Final dividends are recognised as a liability when they are approved by the shareholders in a general meeting.

Foreign currencies

These financial statements are presented in Hong Kong dollars, which is the Company's functional currency. Each entity in the Group determines its own functional currency and items included in the financial statements of each entity are measured using that functional currency. Foreign currency transactions recorded by the entities in the Group are initially recorded using their respective functional currency rates prevailing at the dates of the transactions. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the functional currency rates of exchange ruling at the end of the reporting period. Differences arising on settlement or translation of monetary items are recognised in profit or loss.

2.4 主要會計政策概要(續)

借貸成本

直接與收購、建築或製造合資格資產(即資產必須經過一段相當時間以準備作擬定用途或銷售)有關的借貸成本,將資本化為該等資產成本的一部份。倘資產已大致可作擬定用途或銷售,則停止資本化該借貸成本。待用於合資格資產的借貸於暫時性投資時所產生之投資收入,則於已資本化的借貸成本中扣除。所有其他借貸成本在發生當期確認為費用。借貸成本包括實體就借用資金而發生的利息及其他成本。

股息

因為本公司的組織章程大綱和細則賦予董事 宣告發放中期股息的權力,故可以同時建議 並宣告發放中期股息。因此,中期股息在建 議和宣告發放後即刻確認為負債。

末期股息在股東大會上被股東批准後,確認 為負債。

外幣

財務報表以本公司的功能貨幣港元列報。本 集團各實體決定其本身的功能貨幣,各實體 的財務報表的項目乃使用該功能貨幣計量。 本集團實體記錄的外幣交易初始按交易日它 們各自的功能貨幣之匯率記賬。以外幣為單 位的貨幣性資產與負債會按報告期末的功能 貨幣之匯率換算。結算或折算貨幣項目所產 生的差額在損益中確認。

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2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Foreign currencies (continued)

Non-monetary items that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rates at the dates of the initial transactions. Non-monetary items measured at fair value in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rates at the date when the fair value was measured. The gain or loss arising on translation of a non-monetary item measured at fair value is treated in line with the recognition of the gain or loss on change in fair value of the item (i.e. translation difference on the item whose fair value gain or loss is recognised in other comprehensive income or profit or loss, respectively).

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS AND ESTIMATES

The preparation of the Group's financial statements requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of revenues, expenses, assets and liabilities, and their accompanying disclosures. Uncertainty about these assumptions and estimates could result in outcomes that could require a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of the assets or liabilities affected in the future.

Judgements

In the process of applying the Group's accounting policies, management has made the following judgements, apart from those involving estimations, which have the most significant effect on the amounts recognised in the financial statements:

Operating lease commitments - Group as lessor

The Group has entered into commercial property leases on its investment property portfolio. The Group has determined, based on an evaluation of the terms and conditions of the arrangements, that it retains all the significant risks and rewards of ownership of these properties which are leased out on operating leases.

2.4 主要會計政策概要(續)

外幣(續)

以外幣歷史成本計量的非貨幣項目,接初始 交易日的匯率換算。按外幣公平價值計量的 非貨幣項目,按照計量公平價值之日的匯率 換算。折算以公平價值計量的非貨幣項目所 產生的損益的處理方法與有關項目公平價值 變動的損益一致(即公平價值損益分別在其 他全面收益或損益中確認的折算差額亦分別 在其他全面收益或損益中確認)。

3. 主要會計判斷及估計

編製本集團的財務報表要求管理層作出會影響收入、開支、資產和負債的報告金額及其 隨附披露的判斷、估計和假設。有關該等假 設和估計的不確定性可能導致可能須於未來 對受影響資產或負債的賬面值作出重大調整 的結果。

判斷

於應用本集團之會計政策的過程中,管理層 作出以下對於財務報表中所確認的金額構成 最重大影響之判斷(除涉及估計者外):

經營租賃承諾-本集團作為出租人

本集團就旗下的投資物業組合簽定了商業租 賃合同。本集團認為,根據對有關安排的條 款及條件的評估,本集團保留了透過經營租 賃出租的這些物業的所有權的所有重大風險 和回報。

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3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS AND ESTIMATES (continued)

Judgements (continued)

Classification between investment properties and owner-occupied properties

The Group determines whether a property qualifies as an investment property, and has developed criteria in making that judgement. Investment property is a property held to earn rentals or for capital appreciation or both. Therefore, the Group considers whether a property generates cash flows largely independently of the other assets held by the Group. Some properties comprise a portion that is held to earn rentals or for capital appreciation and another portion that is held for use in the production or supply of goods or services or for administrative purposes. If these portions could be sold separately or leased out separately under a finance lease, the Group accounts for these portions separately. If the portions could not be sold separately, the property is an investment property only if an insignificant portion is held for use in the production or supply of goods or services or for administrative purposes. Judgement is made on an individual property basis to determine whether ancillary services are so significant that a property does not qualify as an investment property.

Valuation of properties under development and properties held for sale

Properties under development and properties held for sale are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. The cost of each unit in each phase of development is determined using the weighted average method. The estimated net realisable value is the estimated selling price less selling expenses and the estimated cost of completion (if any), which are estimated based on the best available information.

If there is an increase in costs to completion or a decrease in net sales value, the net realisable value will decrease and this may result in a provision for properties under development and properties held for sale. Such provision requires the use of judgement and estimates. Where the expectation is different from the original estimate, the carrying value and provision for properties in the periods in which such estimate is changed will be adjusted accordingly.

3. 主要會計判斷及估計(續)

判斷(續)

投資物業和自用物業的劃分

本集團決定物業是否符合投資物業的條件, 並制定出此類判斷的標準。投資物業指為賺 取租金或資本升值或同時為這兩個目的而持 有的物業。憑此,本集團考慮一項物業產生 的現金流是否大部分獨立於本集團持有的其 他資產。有些物業的一部分是為賺取租金或 資本升值而持有,而另一部分是為用於生產 或提供商品或服務或行政用途而持有。如果 這些部分可以分開出售(或按融資租賃分開 出租),則本集團對這些部分分開進行會計 處理。如果這些部分不能分開出售,則只有 在為用於生產或提供商品或服務或行政用途 而持有的部分不重大的情況下,該物業才是 投資物業。判斷是對各單項物業作出,以確 定配套服務是否如此重要而使物業不符合投 資物業。

發展中物業及持有作出售之物業的估價

發展中物業及持有作出售之物業按成本與可 變現淨值兩者中的較低者列賬。每期發展中 每個單位的成本使用加權平均數法釐定。估 計可變現淨值為估計售價減銷售費用及估計 完工成本(如有),其則根據最佳可得資料估 計。

如果完工成本增加或銷售淨值減少,則可變 現淨值將會減少,而這可能導致就發展中物 業及持有作出售之物業計提準備。有關準備 需要使用判斷和估計。倘若預期與原來估計 有別,則在有關估計改變的期間,物業的賬 面值及準備會相應調整。

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3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS AND ESTIMATES (continued) Estimation uncertainty

The key assumptions concerning the future and other key sources of estimation uncertainty at the end of the reporting period, that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year, are described below.

Construction, renovation and other contracts

As further explained in note 2.4 to the financial statements, revenue and profit recognition on contract works is dependent on the estimation of the total outcome of the construction contract, as well as the work performed to date. Based on the Group's past experience and the nature of the contract activities undertaken by the Group, the Group makes estimates of the point at which it considers the work is sufficiently advanced such that the costs to complete and the revenue can be reliably estimated. As a result, until this point is reached, the amount due from customers for contract works as disclosed in note 18 to the financial statements will not include profit which the Group may eventually realise from the work performed to date. In addition, actual outcomes in terms of total contract costs and/or revenue may be higher or lower than those estimated at the end of the reporting period, which would affect the revenue and profit recognised in future years.

Significant assumptions are required to estimate the total contract costs and the recoverable variation works that will affect whether any provision is required for foreseeable losses. The estimates are made based on past experience and knowledge of the project management.

3. 主要會計判斷及估計(續)

估計數字的不確定性

下面描述可能引致資產負債之賬面值於下個 財政年度須予以重大調整的重大風險,且有 關未來的主要假設,以及於報告期末存在之 估計不確定性的其他主要來源。

建造、翻新及其他工程合約

如財務報表附註2.4所進一步解釋,合約工程的收入及溢利確認須視乎所估計的建造合約之總結果,以及迄今已進行之工程量。根據本集團以往的經驗及本集團所進行合約活動的性質,本集團估計工程進度至那一程度,乃足以讓本集團可靠地估計完成成本及收入。因此,在到達該程度前,財務報表附註18所披露應收客戶之合約工程款並不包括本集團最終可能從迄今已進行工程實現的流本集團最終可能從迄今已進行工程實現的為此外,總合約成本及/或收入的實際結果可能高於或低於報告期末的估計,而影響到未來年度確認的收入及溢利。

估計總合約成本以及會影響到是否須就可預 見損失計提任何準備的可收回改建工程,需 要重大假設。估計乃根據項目管理的以往經 驗及知識而作出。

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3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS AND ESTIMATES (continued)

Estimation uncertainty (continued)

Impairment of loans receivable

A considerable amount of judgement is required in assessing the ultimate realisation of these receivables, including the aging of its loans receivable, the creditworthiness and the past collection history of each customer. If the financial conditions of the customers of the Group were to deteriorate, resulting in an impairment of their ability to make payments, additional allowances may be required.

Impairment of non-financial assets

The Group assesses whether there are any indicators of impairment for all non-financial assets at the end of each reporting period. Non-financial assets are tested for impairment when there are indicators that the carrying amounts may not be recoverable. An impairment exists when the carrying value of an asset or a cash-generating unit exceeds its recoverable amount, which is the higher of its fair value less costs of disposal and its value in use. The calculation of the fair value less costs of disposal is based on available data from binding sales transactions in an arm's length transaction of similar assets or observable market prices less incremental costs for disposing of the asset. When value in use calculations are undertaken, management must estimate the expected future cash flows from the asset or cash-generating unit and choose a suitable discount rate in order to calculate the present value of those cash flows.

3. 主要會計判斷及估計(續)

估計數字的不確定性(續)

應收貸款減值

在評估該等應收款項最終會否變現時,須作出大量判斷,包括其應收貸款的賬齡、各客戶的信用可靠性及過往收款紀錄。倘若本集團客戶的財務狀況轉壞,導致其還款能力減弱,則可能需要計提額外準備。

非金融資產減值

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3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS AND ESTIMATES (continued)

Estimation uncertainty (continued)

Estimation of fair value of investment properties

As disclosed in note 16 to the financial statements, investment properties are revalued at the end of the reporting period on market value, existing use basis by independent professionally qualified valuers. Such valuations were based on certain assumptions and estimates, which are subject to uncertainty and might materially differ from the actual outcomes. In making the judgement for valuation of investment properties under market value, existing use basis, information from current prices in an active market for similar properties is considered and assumptions that are mainly based on market conditions existing at the end of the reporting period are used.

4. SEGMENT INFORMATION

For management purposes, the Group is organised into business units based on their products and services and has three reportable operating segments as follows:

- (a) the contract works segment engages in contract works as a main contractor or subcontractor, primarily in respect of building construction, renovation and repairs and maintenance;
- (b) the property investment and development segment engages in investment in retail, commercial and residential premises for their rental income potential and the development of properties; and
- (c) the provision of finance segment engages in money lending business in Hong Kong.

3. 主要會計判斷及估計(續)

估計數字的不確定性(續)

投資物業公平價值的估計

如財務報表附註16所披露,投資物業於報告期末由獨立專業合格估值師按市場價值及現有用途基準重估。有關估值乃根據若干未確定之假設及估計而進行,該等假設及估計可能與實際結果有很大出入。以現有用途基準根據市值就投資物業進行估價時會作出判斷,而有關判斷已考慮到活躍市場內類似物業的通行價格的信息,及主要以報告期末存在的市場狀況為基礎的假設。

4. 分部資料

出於管理目的,本集團根據產品和服務的性質來劃分業務單元,本集團有以下三個可匯報經營分部:

- (a) 合約工程分部乃擔任總承建商或分判 商,主要承接樓宇建築、翻新、維修及 保養合約;
- (b) 物業投資及發展分部乃投資於具有租金 收入潛力的零售、商用或住宅物業,以 及從事物業發展;及
- (c) 提供融資分部,其在香港從事放債業務。

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4. SEGMENT INFORMATION (continued)

Management monitors the results of the Group's operating segments separately for the purpose of making decisions about resources allocation and performance assessment. Segment performance is evaluated based on reportable segment profit, which is a measure of adjusted profit before tax from continuing operations. The adjusted profit before tax is measured consistently with the Group's profit before tax except that interest income, finance costs, share of profits and losses of joint ventures as well as head office and corporate expenses are excluded from such measurement.

Intersegment sales and transfers are transacted with reference to the selling prices used for sales made to third parties at the then prevailing market prices.

During the year, the Group disposed of its 75% equity interest in Excel Development. Further details are set out in notes 11 and 33(a) to the financial statements. Excel Development and its subsidiaries (collectively, the "Excel Group") were principally engaged in civil engineering works and were historically part of the Group's contract works segment. As the business of the Excel Group constituted a separate major line of business and the disposal was completed during the year, the business of the Excel Group was classified as a discontinued operation. Accordingly, for segment reporting purpose, the results of the Excel Group for the year ended 31 March 2016 are separately presented as "Contract works – Excel Group" and comparative information for the year ended 31 March 2015 has been restated.

4. 分部資料(續)

管理層監察本集團各經營分部之業績以決定如何分配資源及評核表現。分部之表現按可匯報分部之溢利(即經調整持續經營業務產生的除稅前溢利)評核。經調整除稅前溢利之計算與本集團之除稅前溢利一致,惟計算經調整除稅前溢利時不包括利息收入、財務費用、應佔合營企業溢利及虧損,亦不包括總辦事處及企業費用。

分部間的銷售和轉讓,參照向第三方銷售所 採用的售價,按照當時現行的市場價格進行 交易。

於本年度內,本集團出售其於怡益控股的 75%股本權益。有關進一步詳情,載於財務 報表附註11及33(a)內。怡益控股及其附屬公司(統稱為「怡益集團」)的主要業務為土木 工程,前為本集團合約工程分部的一部分。 由於怡益集團的業務構成一項分開的主要 業務,而出售事項已經於本年度內完成,營 此,怡益集團的業務已分類為已終止經營 務。因此,就分部報告而言,怡益集團於 至二零一六年三月三十一日止年度的と較資料 已經五年三月三十一日止年度的比較資料 已經重列。

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4. SEGMENT INFORMATION (continued) 4. 分部資料 (續)

											continued				
		Continuing operations 特賴經營業務					peration 止經營業務								
		Pr	ovision			Prope	rty investment	Tota	l continuing	Con	tract works				
			finance		ntract works		development		perations		xcel Group	El	iminations		olidated
		提	供融資	1	合約工程	物業	投資及發展	持續	經營業務合計	合約工	程-怡益集團		抵銷		宗合
		2016	2015	2016	2015	2016	2015	2016	2015	2016	2015	2016	2015	2016	2015
		二零一六年	二零一五年	二零一六年	二零一五年	二零一六年	二零一五年	二零一六年	二零一五年	二零一六年	二零一五年	二零一六年	二零一五年	二零一六年	二零一五年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元 (D 1)
					(Restated) (經重列)		(Restated) (經重列)				(Restated) (經重列)		(Restated) (經重列)		(Restated) (經重列)
Segment revenue:	分部收入:														
Sales to external customers Interest income from	銷售予外來客戶 來自應收貸款的	-	-	2,374,377	1,933,864	36,723	17,880	2,411,100	1,951,744	84,382	702,856	-	-	2,495,482	2,654,600
loans receivable	利息收入	5,665	-	-	-	-	-	5,665	-	-	-	-	-	5,665	-
Intersegment sales	分部間銷售	-	-	128,543	183,489	4,823	5,640	133,366	189,129	-	-	(133,366)	(189,129)	-	
Total	總額	5,665	-	2,502,920	2,117,353	41,546	23,520	2,550,131	2,140,873	84,382	702,856	(133,366)	(189,129)	2,501,147	2,654,600
Segment results	分部業績	5,665	-	298,742	119,631	125,528	62,896	429,935	182,527	2,664	40,803	(9,703)	(5,639)	422,896	217,691
Interest and unallocated income and gains Unallocated expenses Finance costs	利息及未分配之 收入及收益 未分配之開支 財務費用土													296,167 (69,671) (15,469)	3,550 (75,963) (14,159)
Other expenses Share of profits and losses of joint ventures	其他開支 應佔合營企業 溢利及虧損	_	_	182,732	22.829		_	182,732	22.829	_	_	_	_	182,732	(2,400) 22.829
or joint remarks	1477 W 25			102,102	22,027			102,102	22,027					102,102	22,027
Profit before tax Income tax expense	除税前溢利 所得税支出													816,655 (44,108)	151,548 (13,080)
Profit for the year	年度溢利													772,547	138,468
Other segment information:	其他分部資料:														
Depreciation	折舊 未分配資產之折舊	-	-	583	784	563	-	1,146	784	-	-	-	-	1,146	784
Depreciation on unallocated assets	本 不 用 則 性 之 引 首							6,949	6,764	98	204			7,047	6,968
Capital expenditure	資本性開支		_	5,890	2,069	122	7,821	6,012	9,890	70	2,294			6,012	12,184
Investments in joint ventures	於合營企業的投資	_	_	26,950	141,418	122	- 1,021	26,950	141,418	_	2,271	_	_	26,950	141,418
Gain on disposal of subsidiaries	出售附屬公司的收益	_	_	291,457		_	_	291,457	- 11,710	85	_	_	_	291,542	- 11,110
Gain on changes in fair value	投資物業公平價值									~				=,= ,=	
of investment properties	變動收益	-	-	-	-	89,006	40,986	89,006	40,986	-	200	-	-	89,006	41,186
Impairment of an amount	應收一合營企業														
due from a joint venture	款項之減值	-	-	-	2,400	-	-	-	2,400	-	-	-	-	-	2,400

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4. SEGMENT INFORMATION (continued)

Geographical information

The Group's revenue from continuing operations from external customers is all derived from customers in Hong Kong and the Group's non-current assets from continuing operations are all located in Hong Kong.

Information about major customers

Revenue from continuing operations from each major customer which accounted for 10% or more of the Group's revenue for the year, is set out below:

4. 分部資料(續)

地區資料

本集團持續經營業務來自外來客戶的收入全 部均得自其香港客戶,而本集團持續經營業 務的非流動資產全部均位於香港。

主要客戶資料

估本集團持續經營業務本年度收入10%或以 上的各主要客戶的收入載列如下:

		2016	2015
		二零一六年	二零一五年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
			(Restated)
			(經重列)
Customer A	客戶甲	1,018,197	357,600
Customer B	客戶乙	566,596	940,500
Customer C	客戶丙	464,215	307,784

All the above revenue was derived from sales of the contract works segment and government bureaus and departments of the Government of the Hong Kong Special Administrative Region (the "HKSAR Government") are considered as a single customer.

所有上述收入均得自合約工程分部的銷售, 而香港特別行政區政府(「香港特區政府」)各 政府政策局及部門視為單一客戶。

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4. SEGMENT INFORMATION (continued)
Information about products and services

4. 分部資料(續)產品及服務資料

-		2016	2015
		二零一六年	二零一五年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
			(Restated)
			(經重列)
Revenue of continuing operations from external customers:	持續經營業務來自外來客戶 之收入:		
Contract works for building construction	樓宇建造合約工程	1,863,243	1,072,870
Contract works for renovation,	翻新、維修及保養		
repairs and maintenance	合約工程	511,134	860,994
Gross rental income	租金收入總額	36,723	17,880
Interest income from loans receivable	來自應收貸款的利息收入	5,665	_
		2,416,765	1,951,744

5. REVENUE, OTHER INCOME AND GAINS

Revenue, represents the appropriate proportion of contract revenue from construction, maintenance and other contracts; the gross rental income received and receivable from the Group's properties; and interest income received and receivable from loans receivable during the year.

An analysis of the Group's revenue, other income and gains from continuing operations is as follows:

5. 收入、其他收入及收益

收入乃指年度內建造、保養及其他工程合約 中佔適當比例之合約收入;本集團之物業的 已收及應收租金收入總額;及來自應收貸款 的已收及應收利息收入。

本集團來自持續經營業務之收入、其他收入 及收益之分析如下:

			2016	2015
			二零一六年	二零一五年
		Notes	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		附註	千港元	千港元
				(Restated)
				(經重列)
Revenue	收入			
Contract revenue	合約收入		2,374,377	1,933,864
Gross rental income	租金收入總額		36,723	17,880
Interest income from loans	來自應收貸款的			
receivable	利息收入		5,665	-
			2,416,765	1,951,744
Other income and gains	其他收入及收益			
Interest income	利息收入		2,224	435
Gain on changes in fair value	投資物業公平價值變動		·	
of investment properties	收益	16	89,006	40,986
Gain on disposal of items of property,	出售物業、機器及		·	
plant and equipment	設備項目的收益		202	21
Gain on disposal of Excel	出售怡益控股的			
Development	收益	33(a)	291,457	
Sundry income	雜項收入		528	131
			383,417	41,573

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6. PROFIT BEFORE TAX

The Group's profit before tax from continuing operations is arrived at after charging/(crediting):

6. 除税前溢利

本集團來自持續經營業務之除税前溢利已扣除/(計入)下列各項:

		Note 附註	2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000 千港元	2015 二零一五年 HK\$'000 千港元 (Restated) (經重列)
Depreciation	折舊	14	8,095	7,548
Auditors' remuneration	核數師酬金		2,250	2,100
Direct operating expenses	為賺取租金的投資物業			
(including repairs and	的直接經營費用			
maintenance) arising on	(包括維修和保養)			
rental-earning investment			4.552	1 252
properties Impairment of an amount	應收一合營企業款項		4,572	1,252
due from a joint venture**	之減值**		_	2,400
Employee benefits expense	を		_	2,400
(exclusive of directors'	董事酬金-附註8):			
remuneration – note 8):	1 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7			
Wages and salaries	工資及薪金		113,019	105,400
Equity-settled share	以權益結算的購股權			
option expense	費用		1,174	_
Pension scheme contributions	退休金計劃供款			
(defined contribution	(界定供款計劃)			
schemes)			3,449	3,537
			117,642	108,937
Minimum lease payments	支付最低之經營			
under operating leases	租賃租金		14,488	13,046
. 0				, , ,
Government subsidies*	政府資助*		(156)	(116)

^{*} Subsidies have been received from the Hong Kong Vocational Training Council and the Construction Industry Council, institutions established by the HKSAR Government, for providing on-the-job training for graduate engineers and trainees, respectively. There were no unfulfilled conditions or contingencies relating to these subsidies.

^{**} The item is included in "Other expenses" on the face of the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income.

^{*} 分別就向已畢業之工程師及學徒提供在職培 訓而取得香港職業訓練局及建造業議會(香 港特區政府設立之機構)之資助。並無有關 該等資助之未履行條件或或然事件。

^{**} 該項目包含在綜合損益及其他全面收益表內 之「其他開支」。

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7. FINANCE COSTS

An analysis of the Group's finance costs from continuing operations is as follows:

7. 財務費用

本集團來自持續經營業務之財務費用分析如 下:

		2016	2015
		二零一六年	二零一五年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
			(Restated)
			(經重列)
Interest on bank loans	銀行貸款之利息	19,196	17,869
Less: Interest capitalised	減:已資本化的利息	(3,728)	(3,749)
		15,468	14,120

8. DIRECTORS' REMUNERATION

Directors' remuneration for the year, disclosed pursuant to the Listing Rules, section 383(1)(a), (b), (c) and (f) of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance and Part 2 of the Companies (Disclosure of Information about Benefits of Directors) Regulation, is as follows:

8. 董事酬金

根據上市規則、香港《公司條例》第383(1) (a)、(b)、(c)及(f)條以及《公司(披露董事利 益資料)規例》第2部披露的本年度董事薪酬 如下:

		2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000	2015 二零一五年 HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Fees	袍金	594	738
Other emoluments:	其他薪酬:		
Salaries, allowances and benefits	薪金、津貼及實物利益*		
in kind*		11,128	10,623
Discretionary performance-related	與表現相關之酌情花紅		
bonuses		20,000	15,000
Equity-settled share option expense	以權益結算的購股權費用	2,126	_
Pension scheme contributions	退休金計劃供款		
(defined contribution schemes)	(界定供款計劃)	36	35
		33,290	25,658
		33,884	26,396

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8. DIRECTORS' REMUNERATION (continued)

During the year, certain directors were granted share options, in respect of their services to the Group, under the share option scheme of the Company, further details of which are set out in note 30 to the financial statements. The fair value of such options, which has been recognised in the statement of profit or loss over the vesting period, was determined as at the date of grant and the amount included in the financial statements for the current year is included in the above directors' remuneration disclosures.

(a) Independent non-executive directors

The fees paid to independent non-executive directors during the year were as follows:

2016

8. 董事酬金(續)

本年內,鑒於對本集團的服務,部分董事按 照本公司的購股權計劃獲授購股權,進一步 詳情請見本財務報表附註30。購股權的公平 價值在歸屬期間確認在損益表中,這些購股 權的公平價值於授予日確定,而在本年度財 務報表中確認的金額包括在上述董事薪酬的 信息披露。

(a) 獨立非執行董事

於年度內支付予獨立非執行董事的袍金 如下:

二零一六年

			Equity-settled share option	
		Fees	expense 以權益結算的	Total
		袍金 HK\$'000	購股權費用 HK\$'000	合計 HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元
Professor Ko Jan Ming The Hon. Ip Kwok Him, GBS, JP	高贊明教授 葉國謙議員(金紫荊星章、	198	322	520
•	太平紳士)	198	322	520
Mr. Fung Pui Cheung, Eugene	馮培漳先生	198	322	520
		594	966	1,560

8. DIRECTORS' REMUNERATION (continued)

8. 董事酬金(續)

- (a) Independent non-executive directors (continued) 2015
- (a) 獨立非執行董事(續) 二零一五年

			Equity-settled	
			share option	
		Fees	expense	Total
			以權益結算的	
		袍金	購股權費用	合計
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元
Professor Ko Jan Ming	高贊明教授	198	_	198
The Hon. Ip Kwok Him, GBS, JP	葉國謙議員(金紫荊星章、			
	太平紳士)	198	_	198
Mr. Fung Pui Cheung, Eugene	馮培漳先生	198	_	198
		594	_	594

There were no other emoluments payable to the independent non-executive directors during the year (2015: Nil).

於本年度內,並無應付獨立非執行董事 之其他酬金(二零一五年:無)。

(b) Executive directors

2016

(b) 執行董事

二零一六年

			Salaries,	Discretionary			
			allowances	performance-	Pension	Equity-settled	
			and benefits	related	scheme	share option	Total
		Fees	in kind	bonuses	contributions	expense	remuneration
						以權益	
			薪金、津貼	與表現相關	退休金	結算的	
		袍金	及實物利益	之酌情花紅	計劃供款	購股權費用	總酬金
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
Executive directors:	執行董事:						
Mr. Ngai Chun Hung	魏振雄先生						
("Mr. Ngai")	(「魏先生」)	-	7,662*	12,000	18	580	20,260
Mr. Yau Kwok Fai	游國輝先生	-	3,466	8,000	18	580	12,064
		-	11,128	20,000**	36	1,160	32,324

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- 8. DIRECTORS' REMUNERATION (continued)
- 8. 董事酬金(續)

(b) Executive directors (continued) 2015

(b) **執行董事**(續) 二零一五年

			Salaries,	Discretionary			
			allowances	performance-	Pension	Equity-settled	
			and benefits	related	scheme	share option	Total
		Fees	in kind	bonuses	contributions	expense	remuneration
						以權益	
			薪金、津貼	與表現相關	退休金	結算的	
		袍金	及實物利益	之酌情花紅	計劃供款	購股權費用	總酬金
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
Executive directors:	執行董事:						
Mr. Ngai Chun Hung	魏振雄先生	_	7,337*	11,000	18	_	18,355
Mr. Yau Kwok Fai	游國輝先生	144	3,286	4,000	17	-	7,447
		144	10,623	15,000**	35	-	25,802

- * The remuneration disclosed above includes the estimated monetary value of residential accommodation provided to a director of the Company. The estimated monetary value of such residential accommodation provided to the director, not charged to profit or loss for the year, was approximately HK\$1,812,000 (2015: HK\$1,812,000).
- ** The discretionary performance-related bonuses paid to the executive directors of the Company during the year were determined based on the Group's operating performance for the preceding financial year.

There was no arrangement under which a director waived or agreed to waive any remuneration during the year (2015: Nil).

- * 上文所披露的酬金包括提供予本公司 董事的居所的估計金錢價值。有關提 供予董事的居所的估計金錢價值(並 無扣自本年度損益)約為1,812,000港元 (二零一五年:1,812,000港元)。
- ** 於本年度內支付予本公司執行董事的 與表現相關之酌情花紅,按照本集團 上一個財政年度的營運表現確定。

本公司並無於本年度內作出任何安排,致使 董事可據此放棄或同意放棄任何酬金(二零 一五年:無)。

9. FIVE HIGHEST PAID EMPLOYEES

The five highest paid employees during the year included two (2015: two) directors, details of whose remuneration are set out in note 8 above. Details of the remuneration of the remaining three (2015: three) non-director, highest paid employees for the year are as follows:

9. 五名最高薪酬僱員

於本年度內五名最高薪酬僱員包括兩名(二零一五年:兩名)董事,彼等之酬金詳情已載列於上文附註8。年內其餘三名(二零一五年:三名)最高薪酬而非董事之僱員之酬金詳情如下:

		2016	2015
		二零一六年	二零一五年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Salaries, allowances and benefits in kind	薪金、津貼及實物利益	3,677	4,530
Discretionary performance-related bonuses	與表現相關之酌情花紅	1,895	4,380
Equity-settled share option expense	以權益結算的購股權費用	100	_
Pension scheme contributions	退休金計劃供款	54	138
		5,726	9,048

The number of non-director, highest paid employees whose remuneration fell within the following bands is as follows:

酬金屬下列等級的非董事最高薪僱員的人數 如下:

No. of individuals

僱員人數

		2016	2015
		二零一六年	二零一五年
HK\$1,500,001 to HK\$2,000,000	1,500,001港元至2,000,000港元	2	1
HK\$2,000,001 to HK\$2,500,000	2,000,001港元至2,500,000港元	1	1
HK\$4,500,001 to HK\$5,000,000	4,500,001港元至5,000,000港元	_	1
		3	3

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9. FIVE HIGHEST PAID EMPLOYEES (continued)

During the year, share options were granted to a non-director, highest paid employee in respect of his services to the Group, further details of which are included in the disclosures in note 30 to the financial statements. The fair value of such options, which has been recognised in the statement of profit or loss over the vesting period, was determined as at the date of grant and the amount included in the financial statements for the current year is included in the above non-director, highest paid employees' remuneration disclosures.

10. INCOME TAX

Hong Kong profits tax has been provided at the rate of 16.5% (2015: 16.5%) on the estimated assessable profits arising in Hong Kong during the year.

9. 五名最高薪酬僱員(續)

鑒於一名非董事最高薪僱員對本集團的服務,本年內授予其購股權,進一步詳情請見本財務報表附註30的披露。購股權的公平價值在歸屬期間確認在損益表中,這些購股權的公平價值於授予日確定,而在本年度財務報表中確認的金額包括在上述非董事最高薪僱員薪酬的信息披露。

10. 所得税

香港利得税乃根據本年度內在香港產生之估計應課税溢利按税率16.5%(二零一五年:16.5%)作出撥備。

		2016	2015
		二零一六年	二零一五年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
			(Restated)
			(經重列)
Current – Hong Kong:	當期-香港:		
Charge for the year	本年度費用	42,120	13,275
Deferred (note 28)	遞延(附註28)	1,921	(3,373)
Total tax charge for the year	本年度税項支出總額	44,041	9,902

10. INCOME TAX (continued)

A reconciliation of the tax expense applicable to profit before tax from continuing operations at the statutory rate to the tax expense at the effective tax rate is as follows:

10. 所得税(續)

適用於利用法定税率計算來自持續經營業務 的除税前溢利之税項支出與利用實際税率計 算來自持續經營業務之税項支出的對照表如 下:

Tax charge at the Group's effective rate	本集團按實際税率計算之税項支出	44,041	9,902
Others	其他	(140)	(94)
Tax losses not recognised	未確認之税務虧損	2,060	1,195
Tax losses utilised from previous periods	利用以前期間的税務虧損	(1,452)	_
Expenses not deductible for tax	不可扣税之開支	1,340	2,242
Income not subject to tax	毋須課税收入	(62,294)	(8,308)
joint ventures	溢利及虧損	(30,151)	(3,767)
tax of previous periods Profits and losses attributable to	歸屬於合營企業的	_	(3,126)
Adjustment in respect of deferred	對以前期間遞延税項的調整		(2.126)
tax rate of 16.5%	計算之税項	134,678	21,760
Tax at the Hong Kong statutory	按香港法定税率16.5%		
Profit before tax from continuing operations	來自持續經營業務的除稅前溢利	816,230	131,876
			(經重列)
			(Restated)
		千港元	千港元
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		二零一六年	二零一五年
		2016	2015

The share of tax attributable to joint ventures amounting to HK\$948,000 (2015: HK\$5,199,000) is included in "Share of profits and losses of joint ventures" on the face of the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income.

歸屬於合營企業的稅項為948,000港元(二零 一五年:5,199,000港元),已計入綜合損益 及其他全面收益表上的「應佔合營企業溢利 及虧損」。

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11. DISCONTINUED OPERATION

On 5 June 2015, the Group entered into a sale and purchase agreement (the "Excel SPA") with Youth Force Asia Ltd., an independent third party, to dispose of its entire 75% equity interest in Excel Development, the issued shares of which are listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange, for a total consideration of HK\$485,010,000 (the "Excel Disposal"). The Excel Disposal was completed on the same date of the Excel SPA.

The results of the Excel Group attributable to the Group for the period/year are presented below:

11. 已終止經營業務

於二零一五年六月五日,本集團與Youth Force Asia Ltd. (一獨立第三方) 訂立買賣協議 (「恰益買賣協議」),出售本集團於恰益控股(其股份於聯交所主版上市) 之75%股權之全部權益,總代價為485,010,000港元(「出售恰益事項」)。該出售恰益事項已於怡益買賣協議同日完成。

本集團於相關期間/年度源自怡益集團之業 務之業績呈報如下:

		Period from	
		1 April	Year ended
		to 5 June	31 March
		2015	2015
		二零一五年	截至二零一五年
		四月一日至	三月三十一
		六月五日期間	日止年度
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Revenue	收入	84,382	702,856
Contract costs	合約成本	(81,718)	(662,053)
		2,664	40,803
Other income and gains	其他收入及收益	1,756	3,163
Administrative expenses	行政開支	(3,994)	(24,255)
Finance costs	財務費用	(1)	(39)
Profit before tax from the	來自已終止經營業務之		
discontinued operation	除税前溢利	425	19,672
Income tax expense	所得税支出	(67)	(3,178)
Profit for the period/year from	來自已終止經營業務之		
the discontinued operation	期間/年度溢利	358	16,494
Profit and total comprehensive income attributable to:	應佔溢利及全面收益總額:		
Owners of the parent	母公司持有者	294	12,526
Non-controlling interests	非控制性權益	64	3,968
		358	16,494
The state of the s			

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11. DISCONTINUED OPERATION (continued)

11. 已終止經營業務(續)

The net cash flows incurred are as follows:

產生的淨現金流呈報如下:

		Period from]
		1 April	Year ended
		to 5 June	31 March
		2015	2015
		二零一五年	截至二零一五年
		四月一日至	三月三十一
		六月五日期間	日止年度
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Operating activities	經營業務	(66,335)	(21,835)
Investing activities	投資業務	_	(1,026)
Financing activities	融資業務	1,332	_
Net cash outflows	淨現金流出	(65,003)	(22,861)
Earnings per share (HK cents):	每股溢利(港仙):		
Basic and diluted, from	基本及攤薄,來自己		
the discontinued operation	終止經營業務	0.02	0.72

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11. DISCONTINUED OPERATION (continued)

The calculation of basic and diluted earnings per share from the discontinued operation are based on:

11. 已終止經營業務(續)

來自已終止經營業務之每股基本及攤薄溢利 的計算是基於:

		Period from]
		1 April	Year ended
		to 5 June	31 March
		2015	2015
		二零一五年	截至二零一五年
		四月一日至	三月三十一
		六月五日期間	日止年度
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Earnings	溢利		
Profit attributable to ordinary	歸屬於普通權益持有者之		
equity holders of the parent	來自已終止		
from the discontinued operation	經營業務之溢利	294	12,526

Number of shares

股份數目

		2016 二零一六年	2015 二零一五年
Shares Weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue during the period/year used in the basic and diluted earnings per share calculation (note 13)	股份 用於計算每股基本及攤薄溢利 之期間/年度 已發行普通股之加權平均數 (附註13)	1,746,664,400	1,746,664,400

12. DIVIDENDS

12. 股息

		2016	2015
		二零一六年	二零一五年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Proposed final – HK2 cents	擬派末期股息-每股普通股		
(2015: HK5 cents) per ordinary share	2港仙(二零一五年:5港仙)	34,933	87,333

The final dividend proposed subsequent to the reporting period is subject to approval of the Company's shareholders at the forthcoming annual general meeting.

於報告期後擬派末期股息尚待本公司股東於 應屆股東週年大會的批准。

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13. EARNINGS PER SHARE ATTRIBUTABLE TO ORDINARY EQUITY HOLDERS OF THE PARENT

The calculation of the basic earnings per share amounts is based on the profit for the year attributable to ordinary equity holders of the parents and the weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue during the year.

The calculation of the diluted earnings per share amount for the year ended 31 March 2016 was based on the profit for the year attributable to ordinary equity holders of the parents and the weighted average number of ordinary shares used in the calculation is the number of ordinary shares in issue during the year, as used in the basic earnings per share calculation, and the weighted average number of ordinary shares assumed to have been issued at no consideration on the deemed exercise or conversion of all the dilutive potential ordinary shares into ordinary shares.

No adjustment has been made to the basic earnings per share amount presented for the year ended 31 March 2015 in respect of a dilution as the Group had no potentially dilutive ordinary shares in issue during the year ended 31 March 2015.

13. 母公司普通權益持有者應佔每股 溢利

每股基本溢利全額乃根據本年度母公司普通 權益持有者應佔溢利計算,並按年度內已發 行普通股之加權平均數計算。

計算截至二零一六年三月三十一日止年度的 每股攤薄溢利金額時,以本年度母公司普通 權益持有者應佔溢利為基礎,計算中所用的 普通股的加權平均數是本年度已發行的普通 股,即用於計算每股基本溢利的數量,加上 所有攤薄性潛在普通股在推定行使或轉換為 普通股時以零代價發行的普通股的加權平均 數。

於截至二零一五年三月三十一日止年度內, 由於本集團並無已發行具潛在攤薄影響的普 通股,因此,並無就攤薄對就截至二零一五 年三月三十一日止年度列報的每股基本溢利 金額作出有關調整。

13. EARNINGS PER SHARE ATTRIBUTABLE TO ORDINARY EQUITY HOLDERS OF THE PARENT (continued)

13. 母公司普通權益持有者應佔每股 溢利(續)

The calculations of basic and diluted earnings per share are based on:

按以下計算每股基本及攤薄溢利:

		2016	2015
		二零一六年	二零一五年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
			(Restated)
			(經重列)
Earnings	溢利		
Profit attributable to ordinary equity	每股基本溢利		
holders of the parent, used in basic	計算中所用的母公司		
earnings per share calculation:	普通權益持有者應佔溢利:		
For continuing operations	來自於持續經營業務	772,189	121,974
For the discontinued operation	來自於已終止經營業務	294	12,526
		772,483	134,500

Number of shares 股份數目

		2016 二零一六年	2015 二零一五年
Shares Weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue during the year used in the basic earnings per share calculation Effect of dilution – weighted average number of ordinary shares: Share options	股份 每股基本溢利計算中所用的 本年已發行普通股的 加權平均數 攤薄效應一普通股的 加權平均數: 購股權	1,746,664,400 619,021	1,746,664,400
Weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue during the year used in diluted earnings per share calculation	每股攤薄溢利計算中所用的 本年已發行普通股的 加權平均數	1,747,283,421	1,746,664,400

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14. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT 14. 物業、機器及設備

11012111			- 11		nn > + 19 + 114		
					Furniture,		
				Machinery	fixtures		
		Land and	Leasehold	and	and office	Motor	
		buildings	improvements	equipment	equipment	vehicles	Total
					傢俬、		
			租賃	機器	固定裝置及		
		土地及樓宇	物業裝修	及設備	辦公室設備	車輛	總計
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
2016	二零一六年						
At 1 April 2015:	於二零一五年四月一日:						
Cost	成本	159,433	13,326	7,604	13,306	11,624	205,293
Accumulated depreciation	累計折舊	(23,827)	(6,725)	(5,105)	(11,932)	(9,879)	(57,468)
Net carrying amount	賬面淨值	135,606	6,601	2,499	1,374	1,745	147,825
Net carrying amount	於二零一五年四月一日						
at 1 April 2015	之賬面淨值	135,606	6,601	2,499	1,374	1,745	147,825
Additions	添置	_	14	219	327	5,357	5,917
Disposal of subsidiaries (note 33(a))	出售附屬公司(附註33(a))	-	_	(2,058)	(25)	(13)	(2,096
Depreciation provided during the year	年度內折舊						
- continuing operations (note 6)	-持續經營業務(附註6)	(4,010)	(1,962)	(266)	(429)	(1,428)	(8,095)
- discontinued operation	- 已終止經營業務	-	-	(93)	(1)	(4)	(98)
Net carrying amount	於二零一六年三月三十一日						
at 31 March 2016	之賬面淨值	131,596	4,653	301	1,246	5,657	143,453
At 31 March 2016:	於二零一六年三月三十一日:						
Cost	成本	159,433	13,340	4,492	12,938	13,172	203,375
Accumulated depreciation	累計折舊	(27,837)		(4,191)	(11,692)	(7,515)	(59,922)
Net carrying amount	賬面淨值	131,596	4,653	301	1,246	5,657	143,453

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14. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

14. 物業、機器及設備(續)

(continued)

					Furniture,		
				Machinery	fixtures		
		Land and	Leasehold	and	and office	Motor	
		buildings	improvements	equipment	equipment 傢俬、	vehicles	Total
			租賃	機器	固定裝置及		
		土地及樓宇	物業裝修	及設備	辦公室設備	車輛	總計
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
2015	二零一五年						
At 1 April 2014:	於二零一四年四月一日:						
Cost	成本	159,433	10,655	5,189	12,680	11,878	199,835
Accumulated depreciation	累計折舊及減值						
and impairment		(19,817)	(5,028)	(4,784)	(11,429)	(10,970)	(52,028)
Net carrying amount	賬面淨值	139,616	5,627	405	1,251	908	147,807
Net carrying amount	於二零一四年四月一日						
at 1 April 2014	之賬面淨值	139,616	5,627	405	1,251	908	147,807
Additions	添置	_	2,671	2,415	626	2,058	7,770
Depreciation provided during the yea	r 年度內折舊						
- continuing operations (note 6)	-持續經營業務(附註6)	(4,010)	(1,697)	(183)	(467)	(1,191)	(7,548)
- discontinued operation	-已終止經營業務	-	_	(138)	(36)	(30)	(204)
Net carrying amount	於二零一五年三月三十一日						
at 31 March 2015	之賬面淨值	135,606	6,601	2,499	1,374	1,745	147,825
At 31 March 2015:	於二零一五年三月三十一日:						
Cost	成本	159,433	13,326	7,604	13,306	11,624	205,293
Accumulated depreciation	累計折舊	(23,827)		(5,105)	(11,932)	(9,879)	(57,468)
Net carrying amount	賬面淨值	135,606	6,601	2,499	1,374	1,745	147,825

At 31 March 2016, the Group's land and buildings with an aggregate net carrying amount of HK\$131,596,000 (2015: HK\$135,606,000) were pledged to secure general banking facilities granted to the Group (note 27).

於二零一六年三月三十一日,本集團賬面 淨值合共為131,596,000港元(二零一五年: 135,606,000港元)的土地及樓宇已被抵押, 作為授予本集團一般銀行融資的擔保(附註 27)。

31 March 2016 二零一六年三月三十一目

15. PROPERTIES HELD FOR DEVELOPMENT

At 31 March 2016, the Group's properties held for development of HK\$324,334,000 (2015: HK\$728,257,000) were pledged to secure certain bank loans and general banking facilities granted to the Group (note 27).

15. 持有作發展之物業

於二零一六年三月三十一日,本集團金額為324,334,000港元(二零一五年:728,257,000港元)的持有作發展之物業已經質押,以取得本集團獲授若干銀行貸款及一般銀行融資(附註27)。

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16. INVESTMENT PROPERTIES

16. 投資物業

	HK\$ 000
	千港元
於二零一四年四月一日的賬面值	874,600
增加	4,414
公平價值調整產生的淨收益	
-持續經營業務(附註5)	40,986
-已終止經營業務	200
於二零一五年三月三十一日及	
二零一五年四月一日的賬面值	920,200
增加	94
公平價值調整產生的淨收益(附註5)	89,006
出售附屬公司(附註33(a))	(800)
於二零一六年三月三十一日的賬面值	1,008,500
	增加 公平價值調整產生的淨收益 -持續經營業務(附註5) -已終止經營業務 於二零一五年三月三十一日及 二零一五年四月一日的賬面值 增加 公平價值調整產生的淨收益(附註5) 出售附屬公司(附註33(a))

The Group's investment properties were revalued on 31 March 2016 by DTZ Cushman & Wakefield Limited ("DTZ"), independent professionally qualified valuers, at HK\$1,008,500,000 (2015: HK\$920,200,000) on market value, existing use basis.

Certain of the Group's investment properties are leased to third parties under operating leases, further details of which are included in note 35(a) to the financial statements.

於二零一六年三月三十一日,本集團的投資物業乃經獨立專業合資格估值師戴德梁行有限公司(「戴德梁行」)按市值及現有用途基準重新估價為1,008,500,000港元(二零一五年:920,200,000港元)。

本集團若干投資物業按照經營租約租予第 三者,有關之進一步詳情載於財務報表附註 35(a)。

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16. INVESTMENT PROPERTIES (continued)

At 31 March 2016, the Group's investment properties with an aggregate carrying amount of HK\$1,001,000,000 (2015: HK\$912,000,000) were pledged to secure general banking facilities granted to the Group (note 27).

Fair value hierarchy

The following table illustrates the fair value measurement of the Group's investment properties using:

16. 投資物業(續)

於二零一六年三月三十一日,本集團賬面 值總額1,001,000,000港元(二零一五年: 912,000,000港元)的投資物業已被抵押,作 為授予本集團一般銀行融資的擔保(附註 27)。

公平價值層次

下表顯示本集團投資物業採用的公平價值計 量:

Fair value measurement as at 31 March 2016 using

於二零一	·六年三月	三十一日	公平價值計	量採用
------	-------	------	-------	-----

Significant observable	Significant	
inputs	inputs	
(Level 2)	(Level 3)	Total
重大可觀察	重大不可	
輸入值	觀察輸入值	
(第二層次)	(第三層次)	合計
HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
千港元	千港元	千港元

Recurring fair value measurement for: 持續性公平價值計量:

Office property	辦公室物業	_	149,000	149,000
Retail properties	零售物業	_	617,000	617,000
Hotel properties	酒店物業	-	235,000	235,000
Residential property	住宅物業	_	7,500	7,500

1,008,500 1,008,500

16. INVESTMENT PROPERTIES (continued)

Fair value hierarchy (continued)

16. 投資物業(續)

公平價值層次(續)

Fair value measurement as at 31 March 2015 using 松二昊—五年二日二十一日公平價值計量採用

"價值計重採用	二月二十一日公刊	於一苓一五年
	Significant	Significant
	unobservable	observable
	inputs	inputs
Total	(Level 3)	(Level 2)
	重大不可	重大可觀察
	觀察輸入值	輸入值
合計	(第三層次)	(第二層次)
HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
千港元	千港元	千港元
135,000	135,000	_
542,000	542,000	

Recurring fair value measurement for: 持續性公平價值計量:

	MAN AL . N. PE MIR			
Office property	辦公室物業	_	135,000	135,000
Retail properties	零售物業	_	542,000	542,000
Hotel properties	酒店物業	_	235,000	235,000
Residential property	住宅物業	_	7,400	7,400
Car parking spaces	停車位	800	_	800
		800	919,400	920,200

During the year, there were no transfers of fair value measurements between Level 1 and Level 2 and no transfers into or out of Level 3.

於本年度內,概無在第一層次及第二層次之 間轉換及轉入或轉出第三層次的公平價值計 量。

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16. INVESTMENT PROPERTIES (continued)

16. 投資物業(續)

Fair value hierarchy (continued)

公平價值層次(續)

Below is a summary of the valuation techniques used and the key inputs to the valuation of investment properties classified as Level 3: 以下為就分類為第三層次的投資物業估值所 採用的估值技術及主要輸入值的概要:

		Significant unobservable		
	Valuation techniques 估值技術	inputs 重大不可觀察輸入值		eighted average) 加權平均數)
			2016	2015
			二零一六年	二零一五年
Office property 辦公室物業	Income capitalisation method 收入資本化法	Estimated rental value per square feet and per month (HK\$) 估計每月每平方呎租金 價值(港元)	36	34
		Capitalisation rate 資本化比率	2.13%	2.25%
Retail properties 零售物業	Income capitalisation method 收入資本化法	Estimated rental value per square feet and per month (HK\$) 估計每月每平方呎租金 價值(港元)	96 - 280	260
		Capitalisation rate 資本化比率	3.75% - 4.25%	4.00%
	Direct comparison method 直接比較法	Price per square feet (HK\$) 每平方呎價格(港元)	-	14,700 to 66,700
Hotel properties 酒店物業	Income capitalisation method 收入資本化法	Estimated rental value per square feet and per month (HK\$) 估計每月每平方呎租金 價值(港元)	43	-
		Capitalisation rate 資本化比率	4%	-
	Direct comparison method 直接比較法	Price per room (HK\$) 每房間價格(港元)	-	4,700,000
Residential property 住宅物業	Income capitalisation method 收入資本化法	Estimated rental value per square feet and per month (HK\$) 估計每月每平方呎租金 價值(港元)	25	24
		Capitalisation rate 資本化比率	2.75%	2.75%

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16. INVESTMENT PROPERTIES (continued)

Fair value hierarchy (continued)

As at 31 March 2016, the construction of all investment properties was completed and their valuations were based on either the income capitalisation method by capitalisation of net income derived from the existing tenancies with allowance for the reversionary income potential of the properties or the direct comparison method by reference to comparable market transactions.

A significant increase/(decrease) in estimated rental value per square feet in isolation would result in a significantly higher/(lower) fair value of the investment properties. A significant increase/(decrease) in the capitalisation rate in isolation would result in a significantly lower/(higher) fair value of the investment properties. A significant increase/(decrease) in price per square feet or per room in isolation would result in a significantly higher/(lower) fair value of the investment properties.

Generally, a change in the assumption made for the estimated rental value per square feet and the price per square feet or per room are accompanied by a directionally similar change in the fair value of investment properties and an opposite change in the capitalisation rate.

Further particulars of the Group's investment properties are included in the "SUMMARY OF PROPERTIES" section of the annual report.

16. 投資物業(續)

公平價值層次(續)

於二零一六年三月三十一日,所有投資物業的建造工程均已完成,其估值乃根據收入資本化法(將得自現有租賃的收入淨額資本化,並考慮到物業的復歸收入潛力)或直接比較法(參考類似的市場交易)而釐定。

估計每平方呎租金價值單獨大幅上升/(下降)會導致投資物業公平價值大幅上升/(下降)。資本化比率單獨大幅上升/(下降)會 導致投資物業公平價值大幅下降/(上升)。 每平方呎或每房間價格單獨大幅上升/(下降)會導致投資物業公平價值大幅上升/(下降)。

一般而言,就估計每平方呎租金價值及每平 方呎或每房間價格作出的假設變動,會伴隨 投資物業公平價值相同方向的改變及資本化 比率相反方向的改變。

有關本集團投資物業的進一步詳情,載於年報「物業概要」部分中。

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17. INVESTMENTS IN JOINT VENTURES

17. 於合營企業的投資

11 (, 21,1201120	211 71 11 11 11		
			2016	2015
			二零一六年	二零一五年
			HK\$'000	HK\$'000
			千港元	千港元
Share of net assets	應佔淨資產份額		26,950	114,797
Goodwill on acquisition (note)	收購產生的商譽(<i>附註</i>	·)	-	26,621
			26,950	141,418

Note: Nga Chun Holdings Company Limited ("Nga Chun"), a subsidiary of Team Great was disposed of by Team Great on 7 December 2015. Upon the disposal of Nga Chun, the goodwill in relation to the cash generating unit of Nga Chun was released and included in the calculation of gain on disposal. Further details are set out in note 17(d) to the financial statements.

Particulars of the Group's joint ventures are as follows:

附註:於二零一五年十二月七日,Team Great出售Team Great的附屬公司雅駿控股有限公司(「雅駿」)。於出售雅駿後,有關雅駿現金產出單元的商譽已經撥出,並包括在出售收益的計算當中。有關進一步詳情,載於財務報表附註17(d)內。

本集團合營企業之資料如下:

Percentage of 所佔百份比

Name	Business structure 業務架構	Place of incorporation 註冊 成立地點	Ownership interest 擁有權益	Voting power 投票權	Profit sharing 溢利分配	Principal activities 主要業務
H .111	WWW.		1\tr 14 lbs mr	IX AN IE	(mr.4.4.74.Hp	
Leighton-Able Joint Venture ("Leighton JV") 禮頓-安保聯營 (「禮頓聯營」)	Body unincorporate 並非法團的團體	Hong Kong 香港	49	50	49	Building construction 樓宇建造
Team Great Limited ("Team Great")	Limited company 有限公司	BVI 英屬維爾京 群島	40	50	40	Investment holding 投資控股
Nga Chun * 雅駿 *	Limited company 有限公司	Cayman Islands 開曼群島	30	30	30	Investment holding 投資控股

The above investments in joint ventures are indirectly held by the Company.

* Nga Chun was disposed of by Team Great on 7 December 2015. Further details are set out in note 17(d) to the financial statements.

上述所有於合營企業的投資均間接由本公司持有。

^{*} 於二零一五年十二月七日,Team Great出售 雅駿。有關進一步詳情,載於財務報表附註 17(d)內。

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17. INVESTMENTS IN JOINT VENTURES

17. 於合營企業的投資(續)

(continued)

Notes:

附註:

- (a) The following tables illustrate the summarised consolidated financial information in respect of Team Great and Leighton JV, which are considered as material joint ventures of the Group, and reconciled to their carrying amounts in the consolidated financial statements:
- (a) 下表顯示Team Great及禮頓聯營的綜合財務 概要資料(彼等被視為本集團的重大合營企 業),以及與綜合財務報表內其賬面金額的 對賬:
- (i) Summarised consolidated financial information of Team Great
- (i) Team Great的綜合財務概要資料

		2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000 千港元	2015 二零一五年 HK\$'000 千港元
Cash and cash equivalents	現金及現金等值物 其他流動資產	-	156,755
Other current assets	共 他侃則貝性	644	140,472
Current assets	流動資產	644	297,227
Non-current assets, excluding goodwill	非流動資產,不包括商譽	-	120,940
Financial liabilities, excluding trade and other payables Other current liabilities	金融負債,不包括應付 貿易賬款及其他應付款 其他流動負債	(87)	(36,067) (90,540)
Current liabilities	流動負債	(87)	(126,607)
Non-current financial liabilities, excluding trade and other payables	非流動金融負債,不包括應付 貿易賬款及其他應付款	_	(9,955)
Non-current liabilities	非流動負債	-	(9,955)
Net assets	資產淨值	557	281,605
Equity attributable to Team Great Non-controlling interests	歸屬於Team Great的權益 非控制性權益	557 -	219,920 61,685
Reconciliation to the Group's interest in Team Great:	本集團於Team Great的權益 的對賬:		
Proportion of the Group's ownership Group's share of net assets of	本集團擁有權之比例 本集團應佔Team Great	40%	40%
Team Great	之資產淨值	223	87,968
Goodwill on acquisition	收購產生的商譽	-	26,621
Carrying amount of the investment	投資於Team Great之		
in Team Great	賬面值	223	114,589

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17. INVESTMENTS IN JOINT VENTURES

17. 於合營企業的投資(續)

(continued)

Notes: (continued)

附註:(續)

(a) (continued)

- (a) (續)
- (i) Summarised consolidated financial information of Team Great (continued)
- (i) Team Great的綜合財務概要資料(續)

		2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000 千港元	2015 二零一五年 HK\$'000 <i>千港元</i>
Revenue	收入	340,781	684,578
Interest income	利息收入	969	569
Depreciation	折舊	(2,306)	(3,133)
Interest expenses	利息開支	(531)	(1,134)
Tax	税項	(2,369)	(10,539)
Profit and total comprehensive income	本年度溢利及全面收益總額		
for the year		526,056	38,734
Profit attributable to non-controlling	非控制性權益應佔溢利		
interests		(2,418)	(5,790)
Dividend received	已收股息	297,200	14,400

(ii) Summarised consolidated financial information of Leighton $\ensuremath{\mathsf{JV}}$

(ii) 禮頓聯營的綜合財務概要資料

		2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000 千港元	2015 二零一五年 HK\$'000 <i>千港元</i>
Cash and cash equivalents Other current assets	現金及現金等值物 其他流動資產	32,488 255,396	221,960 87,965
Current assets	流動資產	287,884	309,925
Other current liabilities	其他流動負債	(233,338)	(255,172)
Current liabilities	流動負債	(233,338)	(255,172)
Net assets	資產淨值	54,546	54,753
Reconciliation to the Group's interest in Leighton JV: Proportion of the Group's	與本集團於禮頓聯營的 權益的對賬: 本集團擁有權之比例		
ownership Carrying amount of the	投資於禮頓聯營之賬面值	49%	49%
investment in Leighton JV	WAND OWN TO WILL	26,727	26,829

17. INVESTMENTS IN JOINT VENTURES

17. 於合營企業的投資(續)

(continued)

Notes: (continued)

附註:(續)

(a) (continued)

(a) (續)

(ii) Summarised consolidated financial information of Leighton IV (continued)

(ii) 禮頓聯營的綜合財務概要資料(續)

		2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000 千港元	2015 二零一五年 HK\$'000 <i>千港元</i>
Revenue	收入	1,113,555	514,131
Tax	税項	-	(3,892)
Profit/(loss) and total comprehensive income for the year Dividend received	本年度溢利/(虧損)及 全面收益總額 已收股息	(208)	19,696 53,451

- (b) The amounts due to joint ventures included in the Group's current liabilities are unsecured, interest-free and have no fixed terms of repayment.
- (c) Listing of Nga Chun Group on the Stock Exchange

On 16 October 2014, the shares of Nga Chun, a wholly-owned subsidiary of Team Great, were listed on the Stock Exchange (the "Listing"). The Listing involved the offering of 100 million shares, which represented 25% of issued share capital, of HK\$0.01 each by Nga Chun at an offer price of HK\$1.10 per share to the public and raised total net cash proceeds of HK\$92.6 million ("Net Proceeds") by Nga Chun. Immediately following the completion of the Listing, Team Great's equity interest in Nga Chun was diluted from 100% to 75% and thus the Listing is considered as a deemed partial disposal of Nga Chun by Team Great.

(d) Disposal of Nga Chun Group

On 7 December 2015, Team Great entered into a sale and purchase agreement (the "Nga Chun Agreement") with an independent third party (the "Nga Chun Purchaser") and pursuant to which Team Great disposed of the entire equity interest in Nga Chun (represented 75% of equity interest in Nga Chun) to the Nga Chun Purchaser for a cash consideration of HK\$735 million (the "Nga Chun Disposal"). The transaction is completed on 7 December 2015 and a gain on the Nga Chun Disposal of HK\$550 million was recognised by Team Great.

- (b) 包括在本集團的流動負債的應付合營企業款 項乃無抵押、免息及無固定還款期。
- (c) 雅駿集團於聯交所上市

於二零一四年十月十六日,雅駿(為Team Great之全資附屬公司)的股份在聯交所上市(「上市」)。上市涉及雅駿向公眾以每股1.10港元的要約價發售一億股每股面值0.01港元的股份(相當於雅駿已發行股本之25%),雅駿籌集到的現金所得款項淨額合共約92,600,000港元(「所得款項淨額」)。於緊隨上市完成後,Team Great於雅駿的股本權益自100%被攤薄至75%,因此上市被視為Team Great出售雅駿之部份權益。

(d) 出售雅駿集團

於二零一五年十二月七日,Team Great與獨立第三者(「雅駿買方」) 訂立買賣協議(「雅駿協議」),據此,Team Great將其於雅駿的全部股本權益(相當於雅駿的75%股本權益) 出售予雅駿買方,有關現金代價為735,000,000港元(「出售雅駿事項」)。有關交易已經於二零一五年十二月七日完成,而Team Great就出售雅駿事項確認收益550,000,000港元。

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18. CONSTRUCTION, RENOVATION AND OTHER CONTRACTS

18. 建築、翻新及其他工程合約

OTHER CONTRACTO			
		2016	2015
		二零一六年	二零一五年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Gross amount due from customers	應收客戶之合約工程款總額		
for contract works		163,502	103,286
Contract costs incurred plus recognised	合約成本加現時已確認之溢利		
profits less recognised losses to date	減現時已確認之虧損	7,821,954	7,739,018
Less: Progress billings	減:進度賬單款項	(7,658,452)	(7,635,732)
		163,502	103,286

19. PROPERTIES UNDER DEVELOPMENT

19. 發展中物業

		2016	2015
		二零一六年	二零一五年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
	NA An Am II HIT A Alex		
Carrying amount at beginning of year	於年初的賬面金額	536,282	459,791
Additions	添置	146,100	76,491
Transfer to properties held for sale	轉入持有作出售之物業		
(note 20)	(附註20)	(510,185)	_
Transfer from properties held	轉自持有作發展之物業		
for development		406,908	_
Carrying amount at end of year	於年末的賬面金額	579,105	536,282

All the Group's properties under development are expected to be completed within normal operating cycle and recovered after more than twelve months from the end of the reporting period.

As at 31 March 2016, the Group's properties under development with an aggregate carrying amount of HK\$579,105,000 (2015: HK\$536,282,000) were pledged to secure general banking facilities granted to the Group (note 27).

預期所有本集團的發展中物業將會於正常經 營周期內完成,並於報告期末後超過十二個 月套現。

於二零一六年三月三十一日,本集團賬面金額合共579,105,000港元(二零一五年:536,282,000港元)的發展中物業用作本集團獲授一般銀行融資的抵押(附註27)。

20. PROPERTIES HELD FOR SALE

20. 持有作出售之物業

		2016	2015
		二零一六年	二零一五年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Carrying amount at beginning of year Transfer from properties under	於年初的賬面金額 轉自發展中物業(附註19)	510,185	-
development (note 19)		510,185	_
Carrying amount at end of year	於年末的賬面金額	510,185	_

As at 31 March 2016, the Group's properties held for sale with an aggregate carrying amount of HK\$510,185,000 (2015: Nil) were pledged to banks to secure banking facilities granted to the Group (note 27).

於二零一六年三月三十一日,本集團賬面金額合共510,185,000港元(二零一五年:無)的持有作出售之物業已經質押,以取得授予本集團的一般銀行融資(附註27)。

21. ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE

Accounts receivable consist of receivables for contract work and rentals under operating leases. The payment terms of receivables for contract works are stipulated in the relevant contracts. Rentals are normally receivable in advance.

At 31 March 2016, retentions receivable included in accounts receivable amounted to HK\$135,107,000 (2015: HK\$247,691,000), which are repayable within terms ranging from two to three years.

The Group assigned its financial benefits under certain contract works to secure certain general banking facilities granted to the Group (note 27) and as at 31 March 2016, the aggregate amount of accounts receivable related to such contract works pledged to secure the relevant banking facilities amounted to HK\$74,168,000 (2015: HK\$249,709,000).

21. 應收賬款

應收賬款包括合約工程及經營租賃租金之應 收款項。合約工程應收款項之支付條款於有 關合約中訂明。租金一般須於期初收取。

於二零一六年三月三十一日,應收賬款中包括應收保留款項135,107,000港元(二零一五年:247,691,000港元),償還年期條款為二至三年不等。

本集團將其於若干合約工程的財務利益轉讓,以取得若干授予本集團的一般銀行融資(附註27);於二零一六年三月三十一日,有關該等合約工程而予以質押以取得有關銀行融資的應收賬款總額為74,168,000港元(二零一五年:249,709,000港元)。

21. ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE (continued)

The aged analysis of the accounts receivable that are not individually nor collectively considered to be impaired is as follows:

21. 應收賬款(續)

並無個別或集體認定為減值的應收賬款賬齡 分析如下:

		2016	2015
		二零一六年	二零一五年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Past due but not impaired:	逾期但並無減值:		
One to three months past due	逾期1至3個月	15,299	8,330
Four to six months past due	逾期4至6個月	_	4,267
Seven to twelve months past due	逾期7至12個月	_	_
Over one year past due	逾期超過1年	4,058	8,262
		19,357	20,859
Neither past due nor impaired	既無逾期亦無減值	235,184	472,911
		254,541	493,770

Accounts receivable that were past due but not impaired relate to a number of independent customers that have a good track record with the Group. Based on past experience, the directors of the Company are of the opinion that no allowance for impairment is necessary in respect of these balances as there has not been a significant change in credit quality and the balances are still considered fully recoverable. Except for the amount of HK\$780,000 which is fully covered by bank guarantee from corresponding tenant, the Group did not hold any collateral or other credit enhancements over these balances.

Accounts receivable that are neither past due nor impaired relate to a number of independent customers for whom there was no recent history of default.

逾期但並無減值的應收賬款乃有關若干獨立客戶,彼等與本集團交易的記錄良好。根據以往經驗,本公司董事認為,該等結餘無須計提減值準備,因有關信用質素並無重大改變,且仍然認為可全數收回有關結餘。除780,000港元之賬款全數受相應租戶的銀行擔保所保障,本集團並無就該等結餘持有任何抵押品或其他信用增級。

既無逾期亦無減值的應收賬款與為數眾多的 獨立客戶相關,彼等並無近期欠繳紀錄。

22. LOANS AND INTEREST RECEIVABLES

22. 應收貸款及利息

Boili (o ili (b il (ib)	REST RESERVITEDES	221 //61 // 54 471 //41 / 14161		
			2016	2015
		二零一	六年	二零一五年
		HK\$	000	HK\$'000
		F	港元	千港元
Secured	有抵押	13	,739	_
Unsecured	無抵押	35	,079	-
		48	3,818	_

The Group's loans receivable bear interest rates ranging from 10% to 41% per annum and are repayable within one year. As these loans receivable relate to a number of different borrowers, the directors are of the opinion that there is no concentration of credit risk over these loans receivable. The carrying amounts of these loans receivable approximate to their fair values.

An aged analysis of the loans and interest receivables that are not individually nor collectively considered to be impaired as at the end of the reporting period, based on the payment due date is as follows:

本集團之應收貸款承有每年10%至41%之利率,並於一年內償還。由於這些應收貸款涉及到許多不同的借款人,董事應為這些應收貸款的信用風險並不集中。這些應收貸款之賬面金額與其公允價值相若。

於報告期末,根據到付日期劃分之並無個別 或集體認定為須減值的應收資款及利息之賬 齡分析如下:

		2016	2015
		二零一六年	二零一五年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Neither past due nor impaired	既無逾期亦無減值	48,818	_

Receivables that were neither past due nor impaired relates to borrowers for whom there was no recent history of default.

既無逾期亦無減值的應收款之相關客戶並無 近期欠繳記錄。

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23. PREPAYMENTS, DEPOSITS AND OTHER RECEIVABLES

23. 預付款項、按金及其他應收款

			_
		2016	2015
		二零一六年	二零一五年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		手港元	<i>手港元</i>
Prepayments	預付款項	9,178	26,346
Deposits and other receivables	按金及其他應收款	4,089	17,314
		13,267	43,660

None of the above assets is either past due or impaired. The financial assets included in the above balances relate to receivables for which there was no recent history of default.

上述資產既無逾期亦無減值。上述結餘所包括的金融資產乃有關並無近期欠繳記錄的應收款項。

24. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

24. 現金及現金等值物

		2016	2015
		二零一六年	二零一五年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Cash and cash equivalents:	現金及現金等值物:		
Cash and bank balances	現金及銀行結餘	658,566	558,285
Non-pledged time deposits	無抵押定期存款	531,073	10,148
		1,189,639	568,433

Cash at banks earns interest at floating rates based on daily bank deposit rates. Short term time deposits are made for varying periods of between one day and three months depending on the immediate cash requirements of the Group, and earn interest at the respective short term time deposit rates. The bank balances and non-pledged time deposits are deposited with banks with high credit ratings and no recent history of default.

銀行現金按根據每日銀行存款利率釐定的 浮動利率賺取利息。短期定期存款的期間不 定,由一天至三個月不等,視乎本集團的即 時現金需要,並按各短期定期存款利率賺取 利息。銀行結餘及無抵押定期存款乃存放在 並無近期失責記錄的、信用評級高的銀行。

25. ACCOUNTS AND BILLS PAYABLE

An ageing analysis of the accounts and bills payable as at the end of the reporting period, based on the invoice date, is as follows:

25. 應付賬款及票據

根據發票日期,於報告期末,應付賬款及票據的賬齡分析如下:

		2016	2015
		二零一六年	二零一五年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Current to three months	即期至3個月	282,400	327,082
Four to six months	4至6個月	12,448	22,625
Over six months	超過6個月	150,435	123,678
		445,283	473,385

At 31 March 2016, retentions payable included in accounts and bills payable amounted to HK\$160,021,000 (2015: HK\$133,280,000), which are normally settled within terms ranging from two to three years.

At 31 March 2015, included in accounts and bills payable was an amount of HK\$11,103,000 due to a joint venture which is non-interest-bearing and is normally settled within one year.

Accounts and bills payable are non-interest-bearing. The payment terms are stipulated in the relevant contracts.

於二零一六年三月三十一日,應付賬款及票據中包括應付保留款額160,021,000港元(二零一五年:133,280,000港元),一般償還期為二至三年。

於二零一五年三月三十一日,應付賬款及票據中包括了應付合營企業款額11,103,000港元,該等款項為免計利息,一般償還期為一年內。

應付賬款及票據為免計利息。付款條款於有關合約中訂明。

26. OTHER PAYABLES AND ACCRUALS

26. 其他應付款及預提費用

		2016	2015
		二零一六年	二零一五年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Other payables	其他應付款	29,058	17,396
Accruals	預提費用	3,014	3,190
		32,072	20,586

Other payables are non-interest-bearing and are expected to be settled within one year.

其他應付款不計息,並預期在一年內清償。

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27. INTEREST-BEARING BANK LOANS

27. 計息銀行貸款

		2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000 千港元	2015 二零一五年 HK\$'000 <i>千港元</i>
Current	流動		
Bank loans – secured and at	銀行貸款-有抵押及		
floating interest rates	按浮動利率計算利息	204,611	374,955
Long term bank loans repayable on demand – secured and at	應要求償還的長期銀行貸款 -有抵押及按浮動利率		
floating interest rates (note)	計算利息(附註)	620,586	480,152
		825,197	855,107
Non-current	非流動		
Bank loans – secured and at	銀行貸款-有抵押及按		
floating interest rates	浮動利率計算利息	55,500	23,329
		880,697	878,436
Analysed into:	分析為:		
Bank loans repayable:	銀行貸款,償還期如下:		
Within one year or on demand (note)	一年內或按要求而償還(附註)	825,197	855,107
In the second year	第二年內	55,500	5,600
In the third to fifth years, inclusive	第三至五年內(包括首尾兩年)	-	16,802
Beyond five years	五年以上	-	927
		880,697	878,436

Note: As further explained in note 39 to the financial statements, the Group's term loans with an aggregate amount of HK\$620,586,000 (2015: HK\$480,152,000) containing an on-demand clause have been classified as current liabilities. For the purpose of the above analysis, the loans are included within current interest-bearing bank loans and analysed into bank loans repayable within one year or on demand.

附註: 誠如財務報表附註39內所進一步解釋,本 集團總額為620,586,000港元(二零一五年: 480,152,000港元)的定期貸款(載有按要求 隨時付還條款)已經分類為流動負債。就 上述分析而言,貸款包括在流動計息銀行 貸款內,並分析為一年內或按要求償還的 銀行貸款。

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27. INTEREST-BEARING BANK LOANS

27. 計息銀行貸款(續)

(continued)

Note: (continued)

附註:(續)

Based on the maturity terms of the loans, the amounts repayable in respect of the loans are:

根據貸款的到期條款,就貸款應償還的金額為:

		2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000 千港元	2015 二零一五年 HK\$'000 <i>千港元</i>
Within one year or on demand In the second year In the third to fifth years, inclusive Beyond five years	一年內或按要求而償還 第二年內 第三至五年內(包括首尾兩年) 五年以上	204,611 439,991 132,452 103,643	374,955 103,118 292,314 108,049
		880,697	878,436

The interest rates of the Group's bank loans are primarily repriced every month based on prime rate or HIBOR changes.

The Group's secured bank loans are secured by:

- (i) legal charges over the Group's investment properties, which had an aggregate carrying amount at the end of the reporting period of HK\$1,001,000,000 (2015: HK\$912,000,000);
- (ii) legal charges over the Group's land and buildings, which had an aggregate carrying amount at the end of the reporting period of HK\$131,596,000 (2015: HK\$135,606,000);

本集團銀行貸款的利率主要根據最優惠利率 或香港銀行同業拆息變動而每個月重新定 價。

本集團有抵押銀行貸款以下列項目作抵押:

- (i) 於報告期末總賬面值為1,001,000,000港元(二零一五年:912,000,000港元)之本 集團投資物業的法定押記;
- (ii) 本集團土地及樓宇的法定押記,於報告期末,其總賬面值為131,596,000港元 (二零一五年:135,606,000港元);

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27. INTEREST-BEARING BANK LOANS

(continued)

- (iii) legal charges over the Group's properties held for development, which had an aggregate carrying amount at the end of the reporting period of HK\$324,334,000 (2015: HK\$728,257,000);
- (iv) legal charges over the Group's properties under development, which had an aggregate carrying amount at the end of the reporting period of HK\$579,105,000 (2015: HK\$536,282,000);
- (v) legal charges over the Group's properties held for sale, which had a carrying amount at the end of the reporting period of HK\$510,185,000 (2015: Nil); and
- (vi) the assignment of the Group's financial benefits under certain contract works with an aggregate accounts receivable amounted to HK\$74,168,000 (2015: HK\$249,709,000) as at 31 March 2016.

The Group's bank loans are denominated in Hong Kong dollars.

27. 計息銀行貸款(續)

- (iii) 本集團持有作發展之物業的法定押記,其於報告期末的賬面金額合計為324,334,000港元(二零一五年:728,257,000港元);
- (iv) 本集團發展中物業的法定押記,其於報告期末的賬面金額合計為579,105,000港元(二零一五年:536,282,000港元);
- (v) 本集團持有作出售之物業的法定押記, 其於報告期末的賬面金額為510,185,000 港元(二零一五年:無);及
- (vi) 轉讓有關本集團若干建築工程合約之 財務利益,於二零一六年三月三十一 日,有關應收賬款合計為74,168,000港 元(二零一五年:249,709,000港元)。

本集團的銀行貸款以港元為單位。

28. DEFERRED TAX

28. 遞延税項

The components of net deferred tax (assets)/liabilities with the net balance recognised in the consolidated statement of financial position and the movements during the year are as follows:

於本年度內在綜合財務狀況表中確認的遞延 税項(資產)/負債淨額組成部份及淨結餘 以及有關變動如下:

		Depreciation	Losses available		
		allowance in	for offsetting	Deductible	
		excess of related	against future	temporary	
		depreciation	taxable profits	differences	Total
		超過	可抵銷未來		
		相關折舊的	應課稅溢利	可抵扣暫時	
		折舊免税額	之虧損	性差異	總額
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
At 1 April 2014	於二零一四年四月一日	3,716	(82)	-	3,634
Deferred tax charged/(credit) to profit or loss during the year	於年度內扣自/(計入) 損益的遞延税項				
- continuing operations (note 10)	-持續經營業務(附註10)	539	(3,912)	_	(3,373)
- discontinued operation	-已終止經營業務	3	-	-	3
At 31 March 2015 and 1 April 2015	於二零一五年三月三十一日				
	及二零一五年四月一日	4,258	(3,994)	-	264
Disposal of subsidiaries (note 33)	出售附屬公司(附註33)	(8)	-	-	(8)
Deferred tax charged/(credited) to profit or loss during the year	於年度內扣自/(計入) 損益的遞延税項				
- continuing operations (note 10)	-持續經營業務(附註10)	2,789	(323)	(545)	1,921
At 31 March 2016	於二零一六年三月三十一日	7,039	(4,317)	(545)	2,177

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28. DEFERRED TAX (continued)

For presentation purposes, certain deferred tax assets and liabilities have been offset in the consolidated statement of financial position. The following is an analysis of the deferred tax balances of the Group for financial reporting purposes:

28. 遞延税項(續)

為列報用途,若干遞延税項資產與負債在綜合財務狀況表內已經互相抵銷。以下為本集團遞延税項結餘為財務報告用途作出的分析:

		2016	2015
		二零一六年	二零一五年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Net deferred tax assets recognised in the consolidated statement	在綜合財務狀況表內 確認的遞延税項資產淨額		
of financial position		4,241	4,260
Net deferred tax liabilities recognised in the consolidated statement	在綜合財務狀況表內確認 的遞延税項負債淨額		
of financial position		(6,418)	(4,524)
		(2,177)	(264)

The Group has tax losses arising in Hong Kong of HK\$90,047,000 (2015: HK\$84,404,000). Subject to the final assessment of the Hong Kong Inland Revenue Department, these tax losses are available indefinitely for offsetting against future taxable profits of the companies in which the losses arose. Deferred tax assets have been recognised in respect of HK\$26,164,000 (2015: HK\$24,206,000) of such losses. Deferred tax assets have not been recognised in respect of the remaining amount of HK\$63,883,000 (2015: HK\$60,198,000) as it is not considered probable that there would be sufficient future taxable profits to utilise such amount.

At 31 March 2016 and 2015, there was no significant unrecognised deferred tax liability for taxes that would be payable on the unremitted earnings of certain of the Group's subsidiaries or joint ventures as the Group has no liability to additional tax should such amounts be remitted.

There are no income tax consequences attaching to the payment of dividends by the Company to its shareholders.

本集團在香港產生之稅務虧損為90,047,000港元(二零一五年:84,404,000港元)。待香港稅務局最後評稅後,此等稅務虧損可供無限期抵銷產生虧損之公司之未來應課稅溢利。本公司已就該等虧損26,164,000港元(二零一五年:24,206,000港元)確認遞延稅項資產。由於認為不太可能於未來有足夠應課稅利潤以抵銷餘額,故並無就餘款63,883,000港元(二零一五年:60,198,000港元)確認遞延稅項資產。

於二零一六年及二零一五年三月三十一日, 本集團若干附屬公司或合營企業之未滙繳利 潤未有為本集團帶來重大未確認遞延稅項負 債,因滙繳該等利潤不會致使本集團產生額 外的稅項負債。

本公司向其股東支付股息不會產生所得税後果。

29. SHARE CAPITAL Shares

29. 股本 股份

		2016 二零一六年	2015 二零一五年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Authorised: 4,000,000,000 ordinary shares of HK\$0.025 each	法定股本: 4,000,000,000股每股面值 0.025港元之普通股	100,000	100,000
Issued and fully paid: 1,746,664,400 ordinary shares of HK\$0.025 each	已發行及繳足股本: 1,746,664,400股每股面值 0.025港元之普通股	43,667	43,667

Share options

Details of the Company's share option schemes are included in note 30 to the financial statements.

30. SHARE OPTION SCHEME

Pursuant to an ordinary resolution passed on 7 September 2011, the shareholders of the Company approved the termination of the existing share option scheme (the "2002 Scheme") and the adoption of a new share option scheme (the "2011 Scheme") (collectively, known as the "Schemes"). As a result, the Company can no longer grant any further options under the 2002 Scheme. However, all options granted prior to the termination of the 2002 Scheme will remain in full force and effect. Unless otherwise terminated or amended, the 2011 Scheme will remain in force for ten years from the date of adoption.

The purpose of the 2011 Scheme is to provide incentives and rewards to eligible participants who contribute to the success of the Group's operations. Eligible participants of the 2011 Scheme include full-time employees, including any executive and non-executive directors of the Group. The 2011 Scheme became effective on 7 September 2011 and, unless otherwise cancelled or amended, will remain in force for 10 years from that date.

購股權

本公司購股權計劃的詳情見本財務報表附註 30。

30. 購股權計劃

根據於二零一一年九月七日通過之普通決議案,本公司股東批准終止現有購股權計劃(「二零零二年計劃」)及採納新購股權計劃(「二零一一年計劃」)(統稱為「計劃」)。因此,本公司不可再根據二零零二年計劃授予任何進一步購股權。然而,於終止二零零二年計劃前所授予的所有購股權仍然具有十足效力及作用。二零一一年計劃自採納日期起十年內有效,除非另外終止或修改。

二零一一年計劃之目的,旨在對本集團業務 運作之成功作出貢獻之合資格參與者給予加 許和獎勵。二零一一年計劃之合資格參與者 包括本集團之全職僱員,包括任何執行及非 執行董事。二零一一年計劃於二零一一年九 月七日生效,除另有決定註銷或修訂外,該 計劃將自該日起生效,有效期為十年。

31 March 2016 二零一六年三月三十一月

30. SHARE OPTION SCHEME (continued)

The maximum number of unexercised share options currently permitted to be granted under the 2011 Scheme is an amount equivalent, upon their exercise, to 10% of the total number of shares of the Company in issue as at the date when the 2011 Scheme was approved by the shareholders of the Company in a general meeting. The maximum number of shares issuable under share options to each eligible participant in the 2011 Scheme within any 12-month period is limited to 1% of the shares of the Company in issue at any time. Any further grant of share options in excess of this limit is subject to shareholders' approval in a general meeting.

Share options granted to directors, chief executive or substantial shareholder of the Company, or to any of their associates, are subject to approval in advance by the independent non-executive directors. In addition, any share options granted to a substantial shareholder or an independent non-executive director of the Company, or to any of their associates, in excess of 0.1% of the shares of the Company in issue at any time or with an aggregate value (based on the price of the Company's shares at the date of grant) in excess of HK\$5 million, within any 12-month period, are subject to shareholders' approval in advance in a general meeting.

The offer of a grant of share options may be accepted within 14 days from the date of offer, upon payment of a nominal consideration of HK\$1 in total by the grantee. The exercise period of the share options granted is determinable by the directors and ends on a date which is not later than 10 years from the date of offer of the share options.

The exercise price of the share options is determinable by the directors, but should not be less than the highest of (i) the closing price of the shares of the Company as stated in the Stock Exchange daily quotation sheet on the date of grant of the share options; (ii) the average closing price of the shares of the Company as stated in the Stock Exchange for the five trading days immediately preceding the date of the offer; and (iii) the nominal value of the shares of the Company.

30. 購股權計劃(續)

根據二零一一年計劃目前允許授出之未行權 購股權涉及之最高股份數目,為一筆相等於 在股東大會上獲本公司股東批准二零一一 年計劃之日本公司已發行股份總數10%之款 額。在任何十二個月期間內根據購股權,可 向二零一一年計劃之每位合資格參與者授出 可予發行股份之最高股份數目,以本公司於 不時之已發行股份1%為限。任何再進一步 授出超逾此限制之購股權須獲股東於股東大 會上批准。

授予本公司董事、最高行政人員或主要股東或彼等各自之任何聯繫人士之購股權,須事先獲獨立非執行董事批准。此外,在任何十二個月期間內,授予本公司主要股東或獨立非執行董事或彼等各自之任何聯繫人士之任何購股權,超逾本公司不時之已發行股份0.1%或總值超逾5,000,000港元(根據本公司於授出日期之股價計算)者,須事先獲股東於股東大會上批准。

授出之購股權可於授出日期起計十四日內 獲接納,惟承授人須支付總計1港元之名義 代價。授出之購股權之行使期間須由董事釐 定,而該期間之終止日期,不得遲於購股權 授出日期後起計十年。

購股權之行使價由董事釐定,惟不得低於下列三者之最高者:(i)本公司股份於購股權授出日期於聯交所每日報價表所列之收市價;(ii)本公司股份緊接授出日期前五個交易日於聯交所所報之平均收市價;及(iii)本公司股份面值。

30. SHARE OPTION SCHEME (continued)

Share options do not confer rights on the holders to dividends or to vote at shareholders' meetings.

The following share options were outstanding under the 2011 Scheme during the year:

30. 購股權計劃(續)

購股權並無賦予持有者享有股息或於股東大 會上投票之權利。

按照二零一一年計劃,本年度發行在外的購 股權如下:

> 2016 一象一六年

	一令 一ハキ		
	Exercise	Number	
	price	of options	
	行使價	購股權的數目	
	HK\$	'000	
	per share		
	每股港元	千份	
於年初	_	_	
年度內授予	0.526	25,620	
於年末	0.526	25,620	

The exercise prices and exercise periods of the share options outstanding as at the end of the reporting period are as follows:

於報告期末,尚未行使購股權的行使價及行 使期如下:

2016

二零一六年

At beginning of year

At end of year

Granted during the year

Number of options	Exercise price*	Exercise period
購股權數目	行使價*	行使期
'000	HK\$	
	per share	
千份	每股港元	
25,620	0.526	10 March 2016 to
		9 September 2020
		二零一六年三月十日至
		二零二零年九月九日

The exercise price of the share options is subject to adjustment in the case of rights or bonus issues, or other similar changes in the Company's share capital.

如果有供股或紅股發行,或者本公司股本發 生其他類似變動,購股權的行使價格需要進

30. SHARE OPTION SCHEME (continued)

The fair value of the share options granted during the year was HK\$3,300,000 (ranged from HK\$0.1228 to HK\$0.1321 each) (2015: Nil), of which the Group recognised a share option expense of HK\$3,300,000 (2015: Nil) during the year ended 31 March 2016.

The fair value of equity-settled share options granted during the year was estimated as at the date of grant using a binomial pricing model, taking into account the terms and conditions upon which the options were granted and the following table lists the major inputs used:

30. 購股權計劃(續)

本年度所授予的購股權的公平價值為3,300,000港元(每股介乎0.1228港元至0.1321港元)(二零一五年:無),其中本集團在截至二零一六年三月三十一日止年度確認的購股權費用為3,300,000港元(二零一五年:無)。

本年度授予的以權益結算的購股權的公平價 值採用二項式期權定價模型於授予日,結合 授予這些購股權的條款和條件,作出估計。 下表列示了所用的主要輸入變量:

二零一六年

2016

6.00

50.53

0.97

Dividend yield (%)

Expected volatility (%)

Risk-free interest rate (%)

Exit rates of the grantees of the options granted under the 2011 Scheme (%)

股息率(%) 預期波動率(%) 無風險利率(%) 根據新計劃授予購股權的 承授人的離職率(%)

12.50-22.00

31 March 2016 二零一六年三月三十一目

30. SHARE OPTION SCHEME (continued)

The expected volatility reflects the assumption that the historical volatility, which is based on the Company's historical share price, is indicative of future trends, which may also not necessarily be the actual outcome. The exit rates of the grantees of the options granted under the 2011 Scheme were determined based on the historical data.

No other feature of the options granted was incorporated into the measurement of fair value.

At the end of the reporting period, the Company had 25,620,000 share options outstanding under the 2011 Scheme. The exercise in full of the outstanding share options would, under the present capital structure of the Company, result in the issue of 25,620,000 additional ordinary shares of the Company and additional share capital of HK\$640,000 and share premium of HK\$12,836,000 (before issue expenses).

At the date of approval of these financial statements, the Company had 25,620,000 share options outstanding under the 2011 Scheme, which represented approximately 1.47% of the Company's shares in issue as at that date.

30. 購股權計劃(續)

預期波動率是基於歷史波動率(其以本公司的歷史股份價格為基礎)能反映出未來趨勢的假設,但並不一定是實際結果。根據二零一一年計劃授予購股權的承授人的離職率乃根據歷史數據釐定。

計量公平價值時,未考慮所授予購股權的其 他特徵。

於報告期末,二零一一年計劃下本公司發行在外的購股權為25,620,000份。基於公司當前資本結構,如果發行在外的購股權完全行權,本公司將發行25,620,000股額外普通股,增加股本為640,000港元和股本溢價為12,836,000港元(未扣除發行費用)。

於批准這些財務報表之日,二零一一年計劃下本公司發行在外的購股權達25,620,000份,約為本公司當日所發行股份的1.47%。

31 March 2016 二零一六年三月三十一日

31. RESERVES

The amounts of the Group's reserves and the movements therein for the current and prior years are presented in the consolidated statement of changes in equity.

(a) Contributed surplus

The Group's contributed surplus represents the excess of the nominal value of the shares and the share premium account of the subsidiaries acquired pursuant to the Group reorganisation prior to the listing of the Company's shares, over the nominal value of the Company's shares issued in exchange therefor.

(b) Capital reserve

Capital reserve represents the difference between the amounts of net consideration and the carrying values of non-controlling interests acquired or disposed of.

(c) Share option reserve

Share option reserve represents the fair value of share options vested which are yet to be exercised, as further explained in the accounting policy of share-based payments in note 2.4 to the financial statements. The amount will either be transferred to the share premium account when the related share options are exercised, or transferred to retained profits should the related share options lapse or be forfeited.

(d) Other reserve

Other reserve represents the share of a joint venture's capital reserve, which represents the difference between the amounts of net consideration and the carrying values of non-controlling interests acquired or disposed of by the joint venture.

31. 儲備

本集團於本年度及以前年度之儲備款額及儲 備變動已呈列於綜合權益變動表。

(a) 繳入盈餘

本集團之繳入盈餘乃指在本公司股份上 市前根據本集團重組收購之附屬公司之 股份面值及股份溢價賬超過為交換該等 附屬公司之股份而發行之本公司股份面 值的部分。

(b) 資本儲備

資本儲備指所收購或出售非控制性權益 的淨代價金額與賬面值之間的差額。

(c) 購股權儲備

購股權儲備由已歸屬、尚未行權的購股權之公平價值構成,詳見本財務報表附註2.4對以股份為基礎的支付會計政策的解釋。相關購股權行使後,該儲備中相應金額轉入股份溢價賬,或者相關購股權失效或被沒收後,轉入保留溢利。

(d) 其他儲備

其他儲備為應佔合營企業的資本儲備, 其則為合營企業收購或出售非控制性權 益的代價淨額與賬面值兩者之間的差 額。

32. PARTLY-OWNED SUBSIDIARIES WITH MATERIAL NON-CONTROLLING INTERESTS

32. 有重大非控制性權益的部分擁有附 屬公司

Details of the Group's subsidiary that has material non-controlling interests are set out below:

有重大非控制性權益的本集團附屬公司的詳 情載列如下:

			1
		2016	2015
		二零一六年	二零一五年
Percentage of equity interest held	非控制性權益持有的股本		
by non-controlling interests:	權益百分比:		
Excel Development	怡益控股	_	25%
		2016	2015
		二零一六年	二零一五年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Profit for the year allocated to	分配至非控制性權益的		
non-controlling interests:	本年度溢利:		
Excel Development	怡益控股	64	3,968
Accumulated balances of non-controlling	於報告日期非控制性權益的		
interests at the reporting dates:	累計結餘:		
Excel Development	怡益控股	_	56,532

Note: Excel Development was disposed of during the year ended 31 March 2016 and therefore, details of the summarised financial information set out below only include the results up to the date of disposal.

附註: 怡益控股已經於截至二零一六年三月 三十一日止年度內出售,因此,以下所載 的財務概要資料詳情只包括截至出售日期 止的業績。

31 March 2016 二零一六年三月三十一日

32. PARTLY-OWNED SUBSIDIARIES WITH MATERIAL NON-CONTROLLING

INTERESTS (continued)

The following tables illustrate the summarised consolidated financial information of Excel Development. The amounts disclosed are before any inter-company eliminations:

32. 有重大非控制性權益的部分擁有附 屬公司(續)

下表顯示怡益控股的綜合財務概要資料。所 披露者為未計任何公司間對銷前的金額:

Excel Development

怡益控股

Excel Development		皿 江 	
		Period from	Year ended
		1 April to 5 June	31 March
		2015	2015
		二零一五年	截至
		四月一日至	二零一五年
		六月五日	三月三十一日
		期間	止年度
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Revenue	收入	84,382	702,856
Other income	其他收入	1,756	3,163
Total expenses	開支總額	(85,883)	(690,145)
Profit and total comprehensive income	本期間/年度溢利及		
for the period/year	全面收益總額	255	15,874
Current assets	流動資產	N/A 不適用	373,046
Non-current assets	非流動資產	N/A 不適用	2,994
Current liabilities	流動負債	N/A 不適用	(149,905)
Non-current liabilities	非流動負債	N/A 不適用	(8)
	71 01024 27 12	1411 / 2/11	
Net cash flows used in operating activities	經營活動使用的現金流量淨額	(66,335)	(21,835)
Net cash flows used in investing activities	投資活動使用的現金流量淨額	_	(1,026)
Net cash flows from financing activities	融資活動產生的現金流量淨額	1,332	_
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents	現金及現金等值物減少淨額	(65,003)	(22,861)
Thet decrease in easif and easif equivalents	ルエスルエ 4 日 70 以 フ 17 限	(05,005)	(22,001)

31 March 2016 二零一六年三月三十一日

33. DISPOSAL OF SUBSIDIARIES

Year ended 31 March 2016

(a) During the year, the Group disposed of its entire 75% equity interest in Excel Development. Further details of the Excel Disposal are set out in note 11 to the financial statements.

33. 出售附屬公司

截至二零一六年三月三十一日止年度

(a) 於本年度內,本集團出售其於怡益控股 之全部75%股本權益。有關出售怡益事 項之進一步詳情,載於財務報表附註11 內。

		Notes 附註	HK\$'000 <i>千港元</i>
Net assets disposed of:	出售的淨資產:		
Property, plant and equipment	物業、機器及設備	14	2,096
Investment properties	投資物業	16	800
Gross amount due from customers	應收客戶之合約		
for contract works	工程款總額		18,319
Tax recoverable	可收回税項		4,438
Cash and cash equivalents	現金及現金等值物		78,690
Accounts receivable	應收賬款		170,812
Prepayments, deposits and other receivables	預付款項、按金及其他應收款		14,662
Accounts and bills payable	應付賬款及票據		(10,870)
Accruals of costs for contract works	預提合約工程成本		(48,417)
Other payables and accruals	其他應付款及預提費用		(2,806)
Interest-bearing bank loans	計息銀行貸款		(1,332)
Deferred tax liabilities	遞延税項負債	28	(10)
			226,382
Non-controlling interests	非控制性權益		(56,596)
			169,786
Transaction costs	交易費用		23,767
Gain on disposal of Excel Development	出售怡益事項的收益	5	291,457
			485,010
Satisfied by:	支付方式:		
Cash	現金		485,010

31 March 2016 二零一六年三月三十一目

33. DISPOSAL OF SUBSIDIARIES (continued)

Year ended 31 March 2016 (continued)

(a) (continued)

An analysis of the net inflow of cash and cash equivalents in respect of the disposal of Excel Development is as follows:

33. 出售附屬公司(續)

截至二零一六年三月三十一日止年度(續)

(a) (續)

對於出售怡益事項的現金及現金等值物 的淨流入分析如下:

> 2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000 千港元

Cash consideration	現金代價	485,010
Cash and bank balances disposed of	出售的現金及銀行結餘	(78,690)
Transaction costs paid	支付的交易費用	(23,767)

Net inflow of cash and cash equivalents in respect of the disposal of Excel Development 有關出售怡益事項的現金及 現金等值物的淨流入

382,553

- (b) On 3 June 2015, the Excel Group entered into an agreement with Mr. Chan Hon Wing, an independent third party, to dispose of the Excel Group's entire 100% equity interest in Top Integration Limited, together with its wholly-owned subsidiary, Gadelly Construction Company Limited (collectively, the "Gadelly Group"), for an aggregate cash consideration of HK\$8,920,000 (the "Gadelly Disposal"). The Gadelly Group is mainly engaged in civil engineering works and construction and maintenance. The disposal of the Gadelly Group was completed on 3 June 2015.
- (b) 於二零一五年六月三日,恰益集團與陳 漢榮先生(一獨立第三方)訂立協議, 出售恰益集團於Top Integration Limited 及其全資附屬公司加德利建築有限公司(統稱為「加德利集團」)之全部100% 股本權益,總代價為現金8,920,000港元 (「出售加德利事項」)。加德利集團的主 要業務為土木工程及建造及維修。加德 利集團出售事項已於二零一五年六月三 日完成。

33. DISPOSAL OF SUBSIDIARIES (continued)

33. 出售附屬公司(續)

Year ended 31 March 2016 (continued)

截至二零一六年三月三十一日止年度(續)

(b) (continued)

(b) (續)

千港元
8 824

HK\$'000

Net assets disposed of:	出售的淨資產:		
Cash and cash equivalents	現金及現金等值物		8,824
Prepayments, deposits and other receivables	預付款項、按金及其他應收款		20
Deferred tax assets	遞延税項資產	28	2
Tax payable	應付税項		(11)

8,835

Gain on the Gadelly Disposal	出售加德利事項的收益	85
------------------------------	------------	----

8,920

2016

Satisfied by:	支付方式:	
Cash	現金	8,920

An analysis of the net inflow of cash and cash equivalents in respect of the Gadelly Disposal is as follows:

對於出售加德利事項的現金及現金等值物的 淨流入分析如下:

		二零一六年 HK\$'000 千港元
Cash consideration	現金代價	8,920
Cash and bank balances disposed of	出售的現金及銀行結餘	(8,824)
Net inflow of cash and cash equivalents	有關出售加德利事項的現金及	
in respect of the Gadelly Disposal	現金等值物的淨流入	96

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34. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

(a) At 31 March 2016, the guarantees given by the Group to certain banks in respect of performance bonds in favour of certain contract customers amounted to HK\$292,799,000 (2015: HK\$248,281,000).

(b) In the ordinary course of the Group's construction business, the Group has been subject to a number of claims due to personal injuries suffered by employees of the Group or the Group's subcontractors in accidents arising out of and in the course of their employment. The directors are of the opinion that such claims are well covered by insurance and would not result in any material adverse impact on the financial position or results and operations of the Group.

35. OPERATING LEASE ARRANGEMENTS

(a) As lessor

The Group leases its investment properties (note 16) under operating lease arrangements, with leases negotiated for terms ranging from one to six years. The terms of the leases generally also require the tenants to pay rental deposits or arrange guarantee from bank.

At the end of the reporting period, the Group had total future minimum lease receivables under non-cancellable operating leases with its tenants falling due as follows:

34. 或然負債

- (a) 於二零一六年三月三十一日,本集團就 給予合約客戶之履約保證而給予若干 銀行的擔保為數292,799,000港元(二零 一五年:248,281,000港元)。
- (b) 在本集團之日常建造業務過程中,若干本集團或本集團分判商之僱員因受僱期間遭遇意外以致受傷而向本集團索償。董事認為有關索償屬於保險之受保範圍,故有關索償不會對本集團之財政狀況或業績及經營業務構成任何重大負面影響。

35. 經營和賃安排

(a) 作為出租人

本集團根據經營租賃安排出租其投資物業(附註16),商定之租賃期為一年至 六年。租賃條款一般規定租戶須支付租 賃按金或安排銀行擔保。

於報告期末,本集團根據與其承租人簽 訂的不可撤銷經營租賃而擁有之日後應 收最低租賃付款總額如下:

		2016	2015
		二零一六年	二零一五年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Within one year	一年內	38,418	27,415
In the second to fifth years, inclusive	第二至第五年(包括首尾兩年)	67,519	38,392
After five years	五年後	8,073	-
Mal Service		114,010	65,807

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35. OPERATING LEASE ARRANGEMENTS

(continued)

(b) As lessee

The Group leases certain of its office properties under operating lease arrangements. Leases for properties are negotiated for terms ranging from one to three years.

At the end of the reporting period, the Group had total future minimum lease payments under non-cancellable operating leases falling due as follows:

35. 經營租賃安排(續)

(b) 作為承租人

本集團根據經營租賃安排承租若干辦公 室物業。租賃物業所商定之租賃期介乎 一至三年。

於報告期末,本集團根據不可撤銷經營 租賃而擁有之日後應付最低租賃付款總 額如下:

		2016	2015
		二零一六年	二零一五年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Within one year	一年內	3,221	3,353
In the second to fifth years, inclusive	第二至第五年(包括首尾兩年)	3,618	2,632
		6,839	5,985

36. CAPITAL COMMITMENTS

In addition to the operating lease commitments detailed in note 35(b) above, the Group had the following capital commitments at the end of the reporting period:

36. 資本承諾

除上文附註35(b)詳述的經營租賃承諾外, 於報告期末,本集團作出以下資本承諾:

		2016	2015
		二零一六年	二零一五年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Expenditure for development or	就以下物業已簽約		
redevelopment projects, contracted,	但未撥備之發展或		
but not provided for, in respect of:	重建項目之開支:		
Properties held for development	持有作發展之物業	9,714	6,892
Properties under development	發展中物業	8,671	18,931
		18,385	25,823

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37. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

(a) In addition to the transactions and balances detailed (a

elsewhere in the financial statements, the Group had the following transactions with related parties during the year:

37. 關連方交易 (a) 除於本財務報表其他部份所詳述之該等 交易及結餘外,本集團於本年度內曾與

關連方進行下列交易:

		Notes 附註	2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000 千港元	2015 二零一五年 HK\$'000 <i>千港元</i>
Rental income from Lanon Development Limited ("Lanon Development")	從亮雅發展有限公司 (「亮雅發展」) 收取之 租金收入	(i)	2,088	2,088
Subcontracting fee expenses paid and payable to Able E & M Engineering Company Limited ("Able E & M") and Fungs E & M Engineering Company Limited ("Fung E & M"), both were joint ventures	(「安寶機電」)及馮氏機電			
of the Group which had been disposed of during the year		(ii)	88,089	132,155

- (i) Mr. Ngai Wing Yin, the son of Mr. Ngai, who is the chairman of the board of directors of the Company and a controlling shareholder of the Company, has a controlling interest in Lanon Development. The rental income was determined with reference to the rate of other similar premises and comparable transactions.
- (ii) Amount represented subcontracting fee expenses paid and payable to Fung E & M and Able E & M from 1 April 2015 to their respective dates of disposal during the year ended 31 March 2016. The amount was determined in accordance with the subcontracting agreements entered into between the Group and the joint ventures.
- (i) 本公司董事會主席及本公司控股股東 魏先生的兒子魏穎然先生於亮雅發展 中擁有控制性權益。租金收入乃經參 考其他類似物業及類似交易的租金而 釐定。
- (ii) 有關金額為二零一五年四月一日至截至二零一六年三月三十一日止年度內出售相關公司的日期期間內,已付及應付予馮氏機電及安寶機電的分判費開支。有關金額乃根據本集團與合營企業訂立的分判協議而釐定。

37. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

37. 關連方交易(續)

(continued)

(b) Compensation of key management personnel of the Group

(b) 本集團主要管理人員的補償

		2016	2015
		二零一六年	二零一五年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Short term employee benefits	短期僱員福利	37,890	36,390
Post-employment benefits	離職後福利	164	225
Equity-settled share option expense	以權益結算的購股權費用	1,306	_
Total compensation paid to	支付予主要管理人員		
key management personnel	的總補償	39,360	36,615

Included in total compensation paid to key management personnel above was employee benefits of HK\$615,000 (2015: HK\$7,435,000) which was paid and included in the profit for the year from a discontinued operation.

Further details of directors' emoluments are included in note 8 to the financial statements.

The related party transaction in respect of item (a)(i) above also constitutes a continuing connected transaction as defined in Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules.

上述支付予主要管理人員的總補償包含 615,000港元(二零一五年:7,435,000港 元)已支付,並已計入來自已終止經營 業務之年度溢利的僱員福利。

有關董事酬金的進一步詳情,載於財務 報表附註8。

有關上述(a)(i)項目的關聯方交易亦構成上 市規則第十四A章定義的持續關連交易。

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38. FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENT

Management has assessed that the fair values of cash and cash equivalents, accounts receivable, dividends receivable from a joint venture, loans and interest receivables, other receivables and deposits, accounts and bills payable, other payables and accruals, amounts due to joint ventures and current portion of interest-bearing bank loans approximate to their carrying amounts largely due to the short term maturities of these instruments.

The fair values of the financial assets and liabilities are included at the amount at which the instrument could be exchanged in a current transaction between willing parties, other than in a forced or liquidation sale.

The following methods and assumptions were used to estimate the fair values:

The fair values of the non-current portion of interest-bearing bank loans have been calculated by discounting the expected future cash flows using rates currently available for instruments with similar terms, credit risk and remaining maturities. The Group's own non-performance risk for interest-bearing bank loans as at 31 March 2016 was assessed to be insignificant.

39. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES

The Group's principal financial instruments include interest-bearing bank loans, accounts and other receivables, loans and interest receivables, accounts and other payables and bank balances. Details of these financial instruments are disclosed in the respective notes to the financial statements.

The Group's ordinary activities expose it to various financial risks, including interest rate risk, credit risk and liquidity risk. The risks associated with financial instruments and the policies on how to mitigate these risks are described below. Management monitors closely the Group's exposures to financial risks to ensure appropriate measures are implemented in a timely and effective manner.

38. 公平價值計量

管理層已經評估,由於有關工具的短期到期 性質,現金及現金等值物、應收賬款、應收 合營企業股息、應收貸款及利息、按金及其 他應收款、應付賬款及票據、其他應付款及 預提費用、應付合營企業款項以及計息銀行 貸款的流動部分的公平價值大致上與其賬面 金額相若。

金融資產及負債的公平價值以該工具自願交 易方(強迫或清盤出售除外)當前交易下的 可交易金額入賬。

下列方法及假設乃用以估計公平價值:

計息銀行貸款的非流動部分的公平價值乃使 用當前適用於具備類似條款、信貸風險及餘 下到期日工具的利率,折現預期未來現金流 量計算。於二零一六年三月三十一日,本集 團本身有關計息銀行貸款的不履行風險被評 估為不重大。

39. 財務風險管理目標及政策

本集團的主要金融工具包括計息銀行貸款、 應收賬款、其他應收款、應收貸款及利息、 應付賬款、其他應付款,以及銀行結餘。有 關該等金融工具的詳情,在財務報表內各有 關附註內披露。

本集團的通常活動使其須面對多種財務風險,包括利率風險、信用風險及流動性風險。有關金融工具的風險以及如何減低該等風險的政策,在下文描述。管理層嚴密監察本集團所面對的財務風險,以確保適時及有效地採取適當措施。

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39. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (continued)

Interest rate risk

The Group's exposure to the risk of changes in market interest rates relates primarily to the Group's debt obligations with floating interest rates.

At 31 March 2016, it is estimated that an increase/decrease of 25 basis points in interest rates, with all other variables held constant, would decrease/increase the Group's profit after tax and retained profits by HK\$1,838,000 (2015: HK\$1,834,000), arising as a result of higher/lower interest expense on the Group's floating-rate borrowings. There would be no impact on other components of the Group's equity.

The sensitivity analysis above has been determined assuming that the change in interest rates had occurred at the end of the reporting period. For the purposes of the analysis, it is assumed that the amount of variable-rate borrowings outstanding at the end of the reporting period was outstanding throughout the whole year. The 25 basis point increase or decrease represents management assessment of a reasonably possible change in interest rates over the period until the reporting date of the next financial year. The analysis was performed on the same basis for the year ended 31 March 2015.

Credit risk

The Group's credit risk is primarily attributable to bank balances and time deposits, loans and interest receivables, accounts and other receivables. The Group's maximum credit risk exposure at 31 March 2016 in the event of other parties failing to perform their obligations is represented by the carrying amount of the financial assets as stated in the consolidated statement of financial position.

39. 財務風險管理目標及政策(續)

利率風險

本集團所面對有關市場利率變動的風險主要有關本集團附有浮動利率的債務責任。

於二零一六年三月三十一日,估計倘若利率增加/減少25個基點,所有其他變項保持不變,則由於本集團浮動利率借款的利息開支增加/減少,本集團的除稅後溢利及保留溢利減少/增加1,838,000港元(二零一五年:1,834,000港元)。本集團權益的其他組成部分不會受到影響。

上述敏感度分析乃假設利率變動於報告期 末發生。為進行分析,假設於報告期末尚未 償還的浮動利率借款金額在全年內均尚未償 還。增減25個基點為管理層對利率於直至下 一個財政年度報告日期之期間內的合理可能 變動的評估。截至二零一五年三月三十一日 止年度亦以相同基準進行分析。

信貸風險

本集團的信貸風險主要來自銀行結餘及定期 存款、應收貸款及利息、應收賬款及其他應 收款。倘若其他方不能履行其義務,本集團 於二零一六年三月三十一日面對的最高信貸 風險相當於金融資產在綜合財務狀況表中所 列的賬面值。

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39. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (continued)

Credit risk (continued)

Management monitors the creditworthiness and payment patterns of each debtor closely and on an ongoing basis. The Group's accounts receivable from contract works represent interim payments or retentions certified by the customers under terms as stipulated in the contracts and the Group does not hold any collateral over these receivables. As the Group's customers in respect of contract works primarily consist of government departments and developers or owners with strong financial backgrounds, management considers that the risk of irrecoverable receivables from contract works is not significant. In respect of rentals receivable, to limit the credit risk exposure, deposits are required from each tenant upon inception of the leases and monthly rentals are received in advance. Payments from each tenant are monitored and collectability is reviewed closely.

In respect of loans and interest receivables, individual credit evaluations are performed on all borrowers requiring credit over a certain amount. These evaluations focus on the borrowers' past history of making payments when due and current ability to pay, and take into account information specific to the borrowers. Certain of these loans and interest receivable are secured by the properties owned by respective borrowers.

At 31 March 2016, the Group had certain concentrations of credit risk as 35% (2015: 23%) and 93% (2015: 60%) of the total accounts receivable were due from the Group's largest external customer and the Group's five largest external customers, respectively, within the contract works segment.

Further quantitative data in respect of the Group's exposure to credit risk arising from accounts, loans and other receivables are disclosed in notes 21, 22 and 23, respectively, to the financial statements.

39. 財務風險管理目標及政策(續)

信貸風險(續)

管理層緊密並持續監察各債務人的信貸可靠性及還款模式。本集團應收之合約工程賬款為根據合約內訂定條款支付的中期付款或客戶核實的保留款。就這些應收款,本集團的合約工程被應收款,本集團的合約工程財務背里層認為,不能收回應大財務背回應大財務背回應於,各租戶均須於租金,實與公司,以與國際不大。有關應收租金,以與明會監察各租戶的付款情況,亦會密切檢對是否可以收回。

有關應收貸款及利息,會對所有要求超過某 信貸額的借款人進行個別信用評估。有關評 估專注於借款人以前在到期時付款的記錄以 及其目前的付款能力,並且考慮到借款人特 定的資料。部分應收貸款及利息以各有關借 款人所擁有的物業作為抵押。

於二零一六年三月三十一日,由於在合約工程分部中,總應收賬款中的35%(二零一五年:23%)及93%(二零一五年:60%)分別應收本集團的最大外來客戶及本集團的五大外來客戶,因此本集團有若干信貸集中風險。

有關本集團因應收賬款、應收貸款及其他應收款而面對的信貸風險的進一步量化數據, 分別在財務報表附註21、22及23內披露。

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39. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (continued)

Liquidity risk

The Group's policy is to monitor regularly the current and expected liquidity requirements to ensure that it maintains sufficient reserves of cash and adequate committed lines of funding from major financial institutions to meet its liquidity requirements in the short and long term. In addition, banking facilities have been put in place for contingency purposes.

The following table details the remaining contractual maturities at the end of the reporting period of the Group's financial liabilities, which are based on contractual undiscounted cash flows (including interest payments computed using contractual rates, or if floating, based on rates current at the end of the reporting period) and the earliest date that the Group could be required to repay:

39. 財務風險管理目標及政策(續)

流動資金風險

本集團的政策為定期監察現時及預期流動資 金需要,以確保其維持足夠現金儲備及來自 主要財務機構並已承諾的足夠資金融資,以 滿足其短期及長期流動資金需要。此外,本 集團亦已安排銀行融資額,以備不時之需。

下表詳列本集團的金融負債於報告期末的剩餘合約期。下表乃根據合約未折現現金流量(包括以合約利率或如屬浮動利率,根據於報告期末的通行利率計算的利息付款)而開列,該等金融負債乃根據本集團可能須付款的最早日期分類:

		In the				
		third to	In the	Within one		
	Over	fifth years,	second	year or on		
Total	five years	inclusive	year	demand		
		第三至				
		五年內				
		(包括首尾		一年內		
總額	五年後	兩年)	第二年內	或按要求		
HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000		
千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元		
					於二零一六年三月三十一日	At 31 March 2016
896,416	_	- 6	56,479	839,937	計息銀行貸款(附註)	Interest-bearing bank loans (note)
445,283	_	-	90,202	355,081	應付賬款及票據(附註25)	Accounts and bills payable (note 25)
74,585	-	_	- 100	74,585	預提合約工程成本	Accruals of costs for contract works
29,058		-	-	29,058	其他應付款(附註26)	Other payables (note 26)
					應付一合營企業款項	Due to a joint venture (note 17(b))
34,200		-11	1.5	34,200	(附註17(b))	
1,479,542	7		146,681	1,332,861		

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39. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (continued)

39. 財務風險管理目標及政策(續)

Liquidity risk (continued)

流動資金風險(續)

		1,478,625	67,280	19,835	997	1,566,737
	(附註17(b))	26,270	_	_	_	26,270
Due to a joint venture (note 17(b))	應付一合營企業款項					
Other payables (note 26)	其他應付款(附註26)	17,396	-	_	_	17,396
Accruals of costs for contract works	預提合約工程成本	153,359	-	_	_	153,359
Accounts and bills payable (note 25)	應付賬款及票據(附註25)	409,809	61,333	2,243	_	473,385
Interest-bearing bank loans (note)	計息銀行貸款(附註)	871,791	5,947	17,592	997	896,327
At 31 March 2015	於二零一五年三月三十一日					
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		或按要求	第二年內	兩年)	五年後	總額
		一年內		(包括首尾		
				五年內		
		domand	, car	第三至	iive jears	10001
		demand	vear	inclusive	five years	Total
		year or on	second	fifth years,	Over	
		Within one	In the	third to		
				In the		

Note: Included in interest-bearing bank loans are certain term loans in an aggregate amount of HK\$812,648,000 (2015: HK\$512,430,000). The loan agreements of these term loans contain a repayment on-demand clause giving the bank the unconditional right to call in the loan at any time and therefore, for the purpose of the above maturity profile, the total amount is classified as "on demand".

附註:計息銀行貸款包括若干定期貸款為數合共 812,648,000港元(二零一五年:512,430,000 港元)。該等定期貸款的貸款協議載有按要 求隨時付還條款,給予銀行無條件權利, 可隨時召回貸款,因此,就上述到期日狀 況而言,總額分類為「按要求」。

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39. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (continued)

Liquidity risk (continued)

Note: (continued)

Notwithstanding the above clause, the directors do not believe that the related loans will be called in their entirety within 12 months, and they consider that the loans will be repaid in accordance with the maturity dates as set out in the loan agreements. This evaluation was made considering: the financial position of the Group at the date of approval of the financial statements; the Group's compliance with the loan covenants; the lack of events of default, and the fact that the Group has made all previously scheduled repayments on time. In accordance with the terms of the loans, the contractual undiscounted payments are as follows:

39. 財務風險管理目標及政策(續)

流動資金風險(續)

附註:(續)

儘管有上述條款,董事相信,有關貸款將不會於12個月內全部召回,彼等認為,有關貸款將會根據貸款協議內所載的到期日償還。評估乃考慮到:本集團於財務報表批准日期的財務狀況、本集團有否遵守貸款契諾、並無失責事項,以及本集團準時償還所有先前到期款項。根據貸款的條款,合約未折現付款如下:

2016

		二零一六年 HK\$'000 <i>千港元</i>
Within one year or on demand In the second year In the third to fifth years, inclusive Over five years	一年內或按要求 第二年內 第三至五年內(包括首尾兩年) 五年後	219,351 448,279 138,339 115,649
		921,618

Capital management

The primary objective of the Group's capital management policy is to ensure that the Group will be able to continue as a going concern while maximising the return to stakeholders through the optimisation of the debt and equity balance.

The directors of the Company review the capital structure on a periodical basis. As part of this review, the directors of the Company consider the cost of capital and the risks associated with each class of capital and will balance the Group's overall capital structure through new share issues as well as raising new debts, repayment of existing debts.

資金管理

本集團資金管理政策的主要目標,是以透過 在債項與股本權益之間作出最佳平衡,確保 本集團能持續經營,同時儘量增加股東的回 報。

本公司的董事定期檢討資本架構。本公司董 事會以資金的成本及各類資金的相關風險作 為其檢討的一部分,並將透過發行新股份以 及籌集新債項或償還現有債項來平衡本集團 整體資本架構。

39. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (continued)

The Group monitors capital using a net gearing ratio derived from the consolidated statement of financial position. The following table analyses the Group's capital structure as at 31 March 2016:

39. 財務風險管理目標及政策(續)

本集團根據來自綜合財務狀況表數據計算的 淨槓桿比率來監察資金。下表為本集團於二 零一六年三月三十一日的資本架構之分析:

		2216	1 2015
		2016	2015
		二零一六年	二零一五年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Total interest-bearing bank loans	總計息銀行貸款		
(note 27)	(附註27)	880,697	878,436
Less: Cash and cash equivalents (note 24)	減:現金及現金等值物(附註24)	(1,189,639)	(568,433)
Net borrowings/(Net cash and	淨借款/(現金及銀行結餘淨額)		
bank balances)		(308,942)	310,003
Equity attributable to owners of the parent	母公司持有者應佔權益	2,765,616	2,077,166
Net gearing ratio	淨槓桿比率	N/A不適用	14.9%

40. EVENTS AFTER THE REPORTING PERIOD

- (a) On 11 April 2016, Win Glories and Excelskill, both indirect wholly-owned subsidiaries of the Group, successfully won the tenders from Link Properties Limited (a wholly-owned special purpose vehicle of Link Real Estate Investment Trust (stock code: 823)) for the acquisition of investment properties located at Kam Ying Court, Ma On Shan and Tin Ma Court, Wong Tai Sin at the considerations of HK\$471 million and HK\$308 million, respectively (the "Acquisition"). Upon the settlement of the consideration on 31 May 2016, the Acquisition is completed. Further details of the Acquisition are set out in Company's announcements dated on 13 April 2016 and 31 May 2016.
- (b) On 9 May 2016, the Company announced that the Directors was considering the possibility of a spin-off of and separate listing of the Group's contract works business (the "Proposed Spin-off") and the Company had submitted a spin-off proposal to the Stock Exchange pursuant to Practice Note 15 of the Listing Rules (the "PN15 Submission"). As at the date of approval of these financial statements, the PN15 Submission is still under consideration by the Stock Exchange.

40. 報告期後事項

- (a) 於二零一六年四月十一日,紳榮及策勵 (兩者均為本集團之間接全資附屬公司) 透過投標從領展物業有限公司(為領展 房地產投資信託基金(股份代號:823) 之全資擁有特別目的投資工具)分別購 入位於馬鞍山錦英苑及黃大仙天馬苑 的投資物業,有關代價分別為4.71億港 元及3.08億港元(「該收購事項」)。於二 零一六年五月三十一日付該收購事項的 相關代價後,該收購事項已完成。有關 該收購事項的進一步詳情載於本公司日 期分別為二零一六年四月十三日及二零 一六年五月三十一日的公告內。
- (b) 於二零一六年五月九日,本公司公告董事正考慮將本集團之合約工程業務分拆 (「建議分拆上市」)及於聯交所主板獨立 上市之可能性而本公司已根據上市規則 第15項應用指引向聯交所提呈分拆建議 (「第15項應用指引申請」)。於批准這些 財務報表之日,聯交所仍在考慮第15項 應用指引申請。

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41. STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION OF 41. 本公司的財務狀況表 THE COMPANY

Information about the statement of financial position of the Company at the end of the reporting period is as follows:

有關本公司於報告期末的財務狀況表的資料 如下:

		2016	2015
		二零一六年	二零一五年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
NON-CURRENT ASSET	非流動資產		
Investments in subsidiaries	於附屬公司的投資	812,862	611,933
	从的周公司的汉 县	612,602	011,933
CURRENT ASSETS	流動資產		
Prepayment, deposits and	預付款項、按金及其他應收款		
other receivables		65	_
Cash and cash equivalents	現金及現金等值物	14,856	1,150
Total current assets	流動資產總值	14,921	1,150
CURRENT LIABILITIES	流動負債		
Other payables	其他應付款	342	250
Tax payable	應付税項	685	
Tax payable	14.00-34	003	
Total current liabilities	流動負債總值	1,027	250
NET CURRENT ASSETS	流動資產淨值	13,894	900
Net assets	資產淨值	826,756	612,833
EQUITY	權益		
Issued capital	 已發行股本	43,667	43,667
Reserves	儲備	783,089	569,166
Total equity	總權益	826,756	612,833

Ngai Chun Hung Director 魏振雄

魏 振 雄

Yau Kwok Fai
Director
游國輝
董事

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41. STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION OF 41. 本公司的財務狀況表(續) THE COMPANY (continued)

Note:

附註:

A summary of the Company's reserves is as follows:

本公司儲備概要如下:

		Share premium account 股份溢價賬 HK\$'000 千港元	Contributed surplus 缴入盈餘 HK\$'000 千港元	Share option reserve 購股權儲備 HK\$'000 千港元	Retained profits 保留溢利 HK\$*000 千港元	Total 總額 HK\$'000 千港元
At 1 April 2014 Total comprehensive income	於二零一四年四月一日 本年度全面收益總額	332,983	63,948		189,403	586,334
for the year	77 1 发工 間 化加油 限	_	_	_	299	299
2014 final dividend	二零一四年末期股息	_	_	_	(17,467)	(17,467)
At 31 March 2015 and 1 April 2015 Total comprehensive income	於二零一五年三月三十一日 及二零一五年四月一日 本年度全面收益總額	332,983	63,948	-	172,235	569,166
for the year		_	_	_	297,956	297,956
2015 final dividend Equity-settled share option	二零一五年末期股息 以權益結算的購股權費用	-	_		(87,333)	(87,333)
arrangements		_	_	3,300	_	3,300
At 31 March 2016	於二零一六年三月三十一日	332,983	63,948	3,300	382,858	783,089

The contributed surplus of the Company represents the excess of the nominal value of the shares of the subsidiaries acquired pursuant to the Group reorganisation prior to the listing of the Company's shares, over the nominal value of the Company's shares issued in exchange therefor. Under the Bermuda Companies Act 1981, the Company may make distributions to its members out of the contributed surplus in certain circumstances.

公司之繳入盈餘乃指於本公司股份上市前根據本集團重組收購之附屬公司股份之面值超過為交換該等附屬公司之股份而發行之本公司股份面值之部分。根據百慕達一九八一年公司法,本公司可於若干情況下自繳入盈餘中向其股東作出分派。

The share option reserve comprises the fair value of share options vested which are yet to be exercised, as further explained in the accounting policy for share-based payments in note 2.4 to the financial statements. The amount will either be transferred to the share premium account when the related options are exercised, or be transferred to retained profits should the related options lapse or be forfeited.

購股權儲備由已歸屬、尚未行權的購股權之 公平價值構成,詳見本財務報表附註2.4對 以股份為基礎的支付會計政策的解釋。相關 購股權行使後,該儲備中相應金額轉入股份 溢價賬,或者相關購股權失效或被沒收後, 轉入保留溢利。

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42. COMPARATIVE AMOUNTS

As further explained in note 2.2 to the financial statements, due to the implementation of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance (Cap. 622) during the current year, the presentation and disclosures of certain items and balances in the financial statements have been revised to comply with the new requirements. Accordingly, certain comparative amounts have been restated to conform with the current year's presentation and disclosures. In addition, the comparative statement of profit or loss and segment information have been re-presented as if the operation discontinued during the current year had been discontinued at the beginning of the comparative period (note 11).

43. APPROVAL OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the board of directors on 21 June 2016.

42. 比較數字

如本財務報表附註2.2的詳述,由於在本年度 實施香港法例第622章《公司條例》,因此, 財務報表內若干項目及結餘的列報和披露已 經修訂,已符合新規定。因此,為了與本年 度的列報和披露保持一致,對部分比較數字 作重列。此外,比較損益表及分部資料已經 重新列報,猶如於本年度內終止經營的業務 於比較期期初已經終止經營(附註11)。

43. 財務報表之批准

本財務報表已於二零一六年六月二十一日經 由董事會批准並授權發佈。

