LEE HING DEVELOPMENT LIMITED

(Incorporated in Hong Kong with limited liability) Stock Code: 68

Interim Report 2016

The Board of Directors of Lee Hing Development Limited (the "Company") announced the unaudited interim results of the Company and its subsidiaries (the "Group") for the six months ended 30 June 2016 as follows:

Condensed Consolidated Statement of Profit or Loss

for the six months ended 30 June 2016

Note	2016 HK\$'000	2015 HK\$'000 (Unaudited)
	(Offaudited)	(Ollauditeu)
3	40,989	8,711
	(235,496)	_
	(11,662)	(8,590)
5	(206, 169)	121
6	(8,606)	(10,946)
	(214,775)	(10,825)
	(38)	(24)
	(214,813)	(10,849)
7	(12)	
	(214,825)	(10,849)
9		
	(145.86)	(7.29)
	3 5 6	Note HK\$'000 (Unaudited) 3 40,989 (235,496) (11,662) 5 (206,169) (8,606) (214,775) (38) (214,813) 7 (12) (214,825)

Details of interim dividend are disclosed in note 10.

Condensed Consolidated Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income

for the six months ended 30 June 2016

	Note	2016 HK\$'000	2015 HK\$'000
		(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)
Loss attributable to owners of the Company		(214,825)	(10,849)
Other comprehensive loss	8		
Items that may be reclassified			
subsequently to profit or loss: Available-for-sale investments:			
net movements in investment		(425 507)	((22.027)
revaluation reserve Exchange differences on translation		(435,507)	(633,937)
of financial statements of foreign			
subsidiaries and associates		3,540	9,249
		(431,967)	(624,688)
Total comprehensive loss			
attributable to owners			
of the Company		(646,792)	(635,537)

Condensed Consolidated Statement of Financial Position as at $30\ \mathrm{June}\ 2016$

	Note	30.6.2016 HK\$'000 (Unaudited)	31.12.2015 HK\$'000 (Audited)
Non-current assets Property, plant and equipment Associates Available-for-sale investments Other non-current assets	11	80,893 27,179 1,887,809 5,456	78,706 26,646 2,519,805 8,232
		2,001,337	2,633,389
Current assets Other assets Accounts receivable, deposits and		295	295
prepayments Time deposits and bank balances	12	1,672 27,611	2,145 5,558
		29,578	7,998
Current liabilities Bank borrowings	13	185,174	190,330
Accounts payable, deposits and accruals	14	2,226	2,810
Current tax liabilities Other payable		348	348
		187,756	193,488
Net current liabilities		(158,178)	(185,490)
Total assets less current liabilities		1,843,159	2,447,899
Non-current liabilities Bank borrowings	13	232,651	182,663
Net assets		1,610,508	2,265,236
Equity Share capital Reserves	15	717,808 892,700	717,808 1,547,428
Total equity		1,610,508	2,265,236

Condensed Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity

for the six months ended 30 June 2016

	Share capital HK\$'000	Investment revaluation reserve HK\$'000	Translation reserve HK\$'000	Retained profits HK\$'000	Total equity HK\$'000
At 1.1.2016	717,808	624,564	6,770	916,094	2,265,236
Loss for the period Other comprehensive (loss)/ income for the period		(435,507)	3,540	(214,825)	(214,825) (431,967)
Total comprehensive (loss)/ income for the period		(435,507)	3,540	(214,825)	(646,792)
Over-provision for dividend written back 2015 final dividend Repurchase of shares	- - -	- - -	- - -	(7,368) (572)	(7,368) (572)
				(7,936)	(7,936)
At 30.6.2016	717,808	189,057	10,310	693,333	1,610,508
At 1.1.2015	717,808	1,398,865	(313)	964,600	3,080,960
Loss for the period Other comprehensive (loss)/income for the period		(633,937)	9,249	(10,849)	(10,849) (624,688)
Total comprehensive (loss)/income for the period		(633,937)	9,249	(10,849)	(635,537)
Over-provision for dividend written back 2014 final dividend Repurchase of shares	- - -	- - -		118 (7,539) (22,661)	118 (7,539) (22,661)
				(30,082)	(30,082)
At 30.6.2015	717,808	764,928	8,936	923,669	2,415,341

Condensed Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows

for the six months ended 30 June 2016

	2016 HK\$'000 (Unaudited)	2015 HK\$'000 (Unaudited)
Cash flows from operating activities Cash used in operations Other cash flows arising from operating	(130)	(2,992)
activities	(5,850)	(10,737)
Net cash used in operating activities	(5,980)	(13,729)
Cash flows from investing activities Purchase of available-for-sale investments Other cash flows arising from investing	(104,637)	(168,249)
activities	82,265	31,936
Net cash used in investing activities	(22,372)	(136,313)
Cash flows from financing activities Increase in bank loans	30,580	175,706
Other cash flows arising from financing activities	(7,935)	(30,200)
Net cash generated from financing activities	22,645	145,506
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning	(5,707)	(4,536)
of the period Effect of foreign exchanges rate changes	(687)	14,288 (957)
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the period	(6,394)	8,795
Analysis of the balances of cash and cash equivalents		
Time deposits and bank balances Bank deposits pledged to banks Bank overdrafts	27,611 (26,758) (7,247)	8,867 (72)
	(6,394)	8,795

Notes

1. Basis of preparation and accounting policies

The condensed consolidated financial statements have been prepared in compliance with Appendix 16 to the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Listing Rules") and Hong Kong Accounting Standard 34 "Interim Financial Reporting" issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants ("HKICPA").

The accounting policies adopted are consistent with those followed in the preparation of the Group's annual financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2015 except for note 2 below.

The financial information relating to the financial year ended 31 December 2015 that is included in this interim report as comparative information does not constitute the Company's statutory annual financial statements for that financial year but is derived from those financial statements. Further information relating to these statutory financial statements disclosed in accordance with section 436 of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance is as follows:

The Company has delivered the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2015 to the Registrar of Companies in accordance with section 662(3) of, and Part 3 of Schedule 6 to, the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

The Company's auditor has reported on those financial statements. The auditor's report was unqualified; did not include a reference to any matters to which the auditor drew attention by way of emphasis without qualifying its report; and did not contain a statement under section 406(2), 407(2) or (3) of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

2. Adoption of new and revised Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards

The HKICPA has issued the following new and revised Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards ("HKFRSs", which also include Hong Kong Accounting Standards ("HKASs") and Interpretations) which are effective for accounting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2016:

Disclosure Initiative
Clarification of Acceptable Methods of
Depreciation and Amortisation
Agriculture: Bearer Plants
Equity Method in Separate Financial
Statements
Annual Improvements to HKFRSs 2012 -
2014 Cycle
Investment Entities: Applying the
Consolidation Exception
Accounting for Acquisitions of Interests in
Joint Operations
Regulatory Deferral Accounts

The adoption of the above new and revised HKFRSs has no material impact on these financial statements.

The Group has not early applied the following new or revised HKFRSs that have been issued but are not yet effective:

Effective for accounting periods beginning on or after

HKAS 7 (Amendments)	Disclosure Initiative	1 January 2017
HKAS 12 (Amendments)	Recognition of Deferred Tax Assets for Unrealised Losses	1 January 2017
HKFRS 9	Financial Instruments	1 January 2018
HKFRS 10 and HKAS 28	Sale or Contribution of Assets	To be determined
(Amendments)	between an Investor and its Associate or Joint Venture	
HKFRS 15	Revenue from Contracts with	1 January 2018
	Customers	

Effective for accounting periods beginning on or after

HKFRS 15 (Amendments) Clarification to HKFRS 15, 1 January 2018
Revenue from Contracts
with Customers

HKFRS 16 Leases 1 January 2019

HKFRS 9 issued in 2009 introduced new requirements for the classification and measurement of financial assets. HKFRS 9 was subsequently amended in 2010 to include the requirements for the classification and measurement of financial liabilities and for derecognition and further amended in 2013 to include the new requirements for general hedge accounting. Another revised version of HKFRS 9 was issued in 2014 mainly to include (a) impairment requirements for financial assets and (b) limited amendments to the classification and measurement requirements by introducing a "fair value through other comprehensive income" ("FVTOCI") measurement category for certain simple debt instruments.

Key requirements of HKFRS 9 are described below:

All recognised financial assets that are within the scope of HKAS 39 "Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement" are required to be subsequently measured at amortised cost or fair value. Specifically, debt investments that are held within a business model whose objective is to collect the contractual cash flows, and that have contractual cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal outstanding are generally measured at amortised cost at the end of the subsequent accounting periods. Debt instruments that are held within a business model whose objective is achieved both by collecting contractual cash flows and selling financial assets, and that have contractual terms of financial assets give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding, are measured at FVTOCI. All other debt investments and equity investments are measured at their fair values at the end of subsequent accounting periods. In addition, under HKFRS 9, entities may make an irrevocable election to present subsequent changes in the fair value of an equity investment (that is not held for trading) in other comprehensive income, with only dividend income generally recognised in profit or loss.

With regard to the measurement of financial liabilities designated as at fair value through profit or loss ("FVTPL"), HKFRS 9 requires that the amount of change in the fair value of the financial liability that is attributable to changes in the credit risk of that liability is presented in other comprehensive income, unless the recognition of the effects of changes in the liability's credit risk in other comprehensive income would create or enlarge an accounting mismatch in profit or loss. Changes in fair value attributable to a financial liability's credit risk are not subsequently reclassified to profit or loss. Under HKAS 39, the entire amount of the change in the fair value of the financial liability designated as at FVTPL is presented in profit or loss.

In relation to the impairment of financial assets, HKFRS 9 requires an expected credit loss model, as opposed to an incurred credit loss model under HKAS 39. The expected credit loss model requires an entity to account for expected credit losses and changes in those expected credit losses at each reporting date to reflect changes in credit risk since initial recognition. In other words, it is no longer necessary for a credit event to have occurred before credit losses are recognised.

The new general hedge accounting requirements retain the three types of hedge accounting. However, greater flexibility has been introduced to the types of transactions eligible for hedge accounting, specifically broadening the types of instruments that qualify for hedging instruments and the types of risk components of non-financial items that are eligible for hedge accounting. In addition, the effectiveness test has been overhauled and replaced with the principle of an "economic relationship". Retrospective assessment of hedge effectiveness is also no longer required. Enhanced disclosure requirements about an entity's risk management activities have also been introduced.

The Directors of the Company anticipate that the adoption of HKFRS 9 in the future may have significant impact on amounts reported in respect of the Group's financial assets and financial liabilities. However, it is not practicable to provide a reasonable estimate of the effect of HKFRS 9 until the Group undertakes a detailed review.

The Group has already commenced an assessment of the impact of other new and revised HKFRSs, certain of which may be relevant to the Group's operations and may give rise to changes in accounting policies, changes in disclosures and remeasurement of certain items in the financial statements. The Group is not yet in a position to ascertain their impact on its results of operations and financial position.

3. Revenue and income

Analysis of the Group's revenue and income is as follows:

	2016	2015
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Net gain on disposals of		
available-for-sale listed investments	28,858	5,205
Net gain on disposals of		
held for trading listed investments	_	209
Net gain on financial assets at		
fair value through profit or loss	_	847
Net gain on derivative		
financial instruments	_	1,496
Dividends from listed investments	2,738	_
Interest income on financial assets		
not at fair value through profit or loss	22	220
Net exchange gain	9,227	731
Net gain on disposals of property,		
plant and equipment	122	_
Sundry income	22	3
	40,989	8,711
		=====

4. Segment reporting

The Group determines its operating segments based on the internal reports reviewed by the Group's chief operating decision maker that are used to allocate resources to the segment and assess its performance. The chief operating decision maker of the Group has been identified as the Managing Director.

The Group has one reportable segment: share investment and dealing. The management considers that it is impracticable to allocate the revenue, segment results and assets to geographical location.

5. Operating (loss)/profit before finance costs

	2016 HK\$'000	2015 HK\$'000
	11114 000	11114 000
Operating (loss)/profit before finance		
costs is stated after charging/		
(crediting):		
Amortisation of leasehold land	228	228
Depreciation	360	319
Directors' emoluments (Note)	2,435	2,307
Impairment loss on amount due		
from an investee company	3,000	_
Net exchange gain	(9,227)	(731)
Net gain on derivative financial		
instruments	_	(1,496)
Net gain on disposals of held for		
trading listed investments	_	(209)
Net gain on financial assets at		
fair value through profit or loss	_	(847)
Net gain on disposals of		
available-for-sale listed investments	(28,858)	(5,205)

Note:

The Group provided rent-free quarters to a Director. The estimated rental value of HK\$451,000 (2015:HK\$425,000) is not included in Directors' emoluments.

6. Finance costs

	2016	2015
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Interest expenses on financial liabilities		
not at fair value through profit or loss:		
interest on bank loans	6,363	7,370
interest on bank loan subject to a		
repayment on demand clause	1,660	887
interest on bank overdrafts	134	
	8,157	8,257
Bank loan arrangement fees	449	2,689
Bank toan arrangement tees	449	
	8,606	10,946
Income tax		
	2016	2015
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Current tax		
Company and subsidiaries		
Overseas taxation	12	

Overseas taxation is calculated at the rates prevailing in the relevant jurisdiction.

7.

8. Other comprehensive loss

	2016 HK\$'000	2015 HK\$'000
Changes in fair value of		
available-for-sale investments		
recognised during the period	(642, 145)	(628,732)
Reclassification adjustments for		
amounts transferred to profit or loss:		
Net gain on disposals	(28,858)	(5,205)
Impairment loss	235,496	
Net movements in investment revaluation		
reserve during the period recognised in		
other comprehensive loss	(435,507)	(633,937)
Exchange differences on translation		
of financial statements of foreign		
subsidiaries and associates	3,540	9,249
Other comprehensive loss for the period,		
net of tax	(431,967)	(624,688)

9. Loss per share

The calculation of basic loss per share is based on loss attributable to owners of the Company of HK\$214,825,000 (2015: HK\$10,849,000) and the weighted average of 147,278,175 shares (2015: 148,879,241 shares) in issue during the period.

Diluted loss per share is same as basic loss per share because there were no potential dilutive shares outstanding during the period.

10. Interim dividend

	2016	2015
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Interim dividend declared – 5 HK cents		
per share (2015: 5 HK cents per share)	7,363	7,405

11. Available-for-sale investments

During the period, the Group acquired available-for-sale investments of approximately HK\$105 million (six months ended 30 June 2015: approximately HK\$169 million).

During the period, the Group disposed of available-for-sale investments at consideration of approximately HK\$106 million (six months ended 30 June 2015: approximately HK\$10 million) and resulted in a net gain of approximately HK\$29 million (six months ended 30 June 2015: approximately HK\$5 million).

During the period, decrease in fair value of available-for-sale investments amounted to approximately HK\$642 million (six months ended 30 June 2015: approximately HK\$629 million) in which impairment loss of approximately HK\$235 million (six months ended 30 June 2015: Nil) was recognised in profit or loss.

12. Accounts receivable, deposits and prepayments

The Group maintains a defined credit policy on its trade receivable.

	30.6.2016	31.12.2015
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Trade receivable	_	_
Loan and receivable	1,500	1,500
Other receivable and deposits	117	445
Prepayments	55	200
	1,672	2,145

13. Bank borrowings

	30.6.2016	31.12.2015
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Secured bank overdrafts	7,247	1,445
Secured bank loans	305,983	244,015
Secured bank loans subject to		
a repayment on demand clause	104,595	127,533
	417,825	372,993
Less: current portion	(185,174)	(190,330)
Non-current portion	232,651	182,663
Repayments of bank overdrafts and lo		

	30.6.2016 HK\$'000	31.12.2015 HK\$'000
Within one year	168,951	101,740
After one year but within two years	102,867	132,851
After two years but within five years	132,856	124,874
After five years	13,151	13,528
	417,825	372,993

14. Accounts payable, deposits and accruals

	30.6.2016 HK\$'000	31.12.2015 HK\$'000
Accounts payable, deposits and accruals	2,226	2,810

No ageing analysis has been prepared as there was no trade payable at 30 June 2016 (31 December 2015: Nil).

15. Share capital

	30.6.2	2016	31.12.	2015
	Number of		Number of	
	shares		shares	
	(000)	HK\$'000	(000)	HK\$'000
Issued and fully paid				
Balance at beginning of period/year	147,352	717,808	150,773	717,808
Repurchase of shares	(86)		(3,421)	
Balance at end of period/year	147,266	717,808	147,352	717,808

16. Pledge of assets

The Group's leasehold land and buildings, certain available-for-sale investments and bank deposits with a total net book value of approximately HK\$1,961,000,000 (31.12.2015: approximately HK\$2,570,000,000) were pledged to banks to secure banking facilities granted to the Group.

17. Related party transactions

Detail of material transactions are as follows:

- (a) Advances of HK\$4,182,000 (31.12.2015: HK\$4,139,000) were provided by the Group to associates.
- (b) Directors' emoluments are disclosed in note 5.

18. Fair value measurement of financial instruments

Financial instruments measured at fair value

- (a) The following table sets out the carrying value of financial instruments measured at fair value at 30 June 2016 and 31 December 2015 using the three-level hierarchy as defined in HKFRS 13.
 - Level 1: quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the entity can access at the measurement date;
 - Level 2: inputs other than quoted prices included within Level

 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly; and
 - Level 3: inputs that are unobservable inputs for the asset or liability.

	Level 1 HK\$'000	Level 2 HK\$'000	Level 3 HK\$'000	Total HK\$'000
30 June 2016				
Recurring fair value measurement				
Assets Available-for-sale				
investments	1,877,479			1,877,479
	1,877,479			1,877,479
31 December 2015				
Recurring fair value measurement				
Assets				
Available-for-sale investments	2,509,475			2,509,475
	2,509,475			2,509,475

(b) During the period, there were no transfers between Level 1 and Level 2, or transfers into or out of Level 3 (year ended 31 December 2015: Nil). The Group's policy is to recognise transfers between levels of fair value hierarchy as at the end of the reporting period in which they occur.

19. Comparative amounts

Certain comparative amounts have been reclassified to conform with current period's presentation.

Interim Dividend

The Directors have resolved to declare an interim dividend of 5 HK cents per share for the year ending 31 December 2016 (2015: 5 HK cents per share) payable to shareholders of the Company ("Shareholders") registered on 15 September 2016. Dividend warrants will be posted to Shareholders by 7 October 2016.

Closure of Register of Members

The Register of Members will be closed from 12 September to 15 September 2016, both days inclusive, during which period no transfer of shares will be registered. To ensure their entitlement to the interim dividend, Shareholders are reminded to lodge their transfers not later than 4:30 p.m. on Friday, 9 September 2016 with the Share Registrar of the Company, Tricor Standard Limited of Level 22, Hopewell Centre, 183 Queen's Road East, Hong Kong.

Management Discussion and Analysis

Results for the period

The Group recorded HK\$41 million revenue and income for the six months ended 30 June 2016, an 370% increase as compared with the last corresponding period. The substantial increase was largely attributable to the increase in net gain on disposals of available-for-sale investments.

Loss attributable to owners of the Company was HK\$215 million, an increase of HK\$204 million as compared with the last corresponding period. The substantial increase was mainly due to impairment loss on available-for-sale investments of HK\$235 million.

Business review

The Group is principally engaged in share investment and dealing.

During the period under review, the Group's revenue and income were mainly attributable to the net gain on disposals of available-for-sale investments, Goldis Berhad of HK\$24 million and PureCircle Limited of HK\$5 million. In the first half of 2016, the Group acquired shares in PureCircle Limited at cost of HK\$105 million. The Group believes that these investments will generate considerable income in the future.

Financial resources and liquidity

The Group's borrowings were secured bank loans. With respect to interest rate structure of the borrowings, interest rate was 1% to 3.5% per annum above the bank's cost of fund, 1.25% to 2.7% per annum above HIBOR, 1% per annum below prime rate or 3% per annum above LIBOR.

The gearing ratio of the Group was 26%. The computation is based on total borrowings of the Group divided by total equity as at 30 June 2016.

Charges on Group's assets

The Group's leasehold land and buildings, certain available-for-sale investments and bank deposits with a total net book value of approximately HK\$1,961 million were pledged to banks to secure banking facilities granted to the Group.

Contingent liabilities

As at 30 June 2016, the Group had no contingent liabilities but the Company had contingent liabilities in respect of guarantees for banking facilities granted to its subsidiaries in the sum of HK\$419 million.

Significant investments

The Group had interests in listed shares of Goldis Berhad, a company listed in Malaysia, and PureCircle Limited, a company listed in London. The market values of these investments as at 30 June 2016 were HK\$333 million and HK\$1,391 million respectively.

PureCircle Limited is the world's leading producer and marketer of high purity stevia ingredients for the global food and beverage industry and its shares are listed on the Main Market of the London Stock Exchange. For information on PureCircle Limited and its business outlook and future prospects, please refer to information published by PureCircle Limited on its website at www.purecircle.com.

Goldis Berhad principally engages in property investment and management (both retail and commercial properties), property development and construction as well as hotel operations. The shares of Goldis Berhad are listed on the Main Market of Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad. For information on Goldis Berhad and its business outlook and future prospects, please refer to information published by Goldis Berhad on its website at www.goldis.com.

During the period, decrease in fair value of investment in PureCircle Limited amounted to HK\$707 million.

Material acquisitions and disposals

During the period, the Group acquired listed shares in PureCircle Limited, a company listed in London, at cost of HK\$105 million.

During the period, the Group disposed of listed shares in Goldis Berhad and PureCircle Limited at consideration of HK\$106 million and resulted in a net gain of HK\$29 million.

Foreign currency exposure

The Group had major investments, accounts receivable, bank balances, accounts payable and bank loans denominated in Malaysian Ringgit, British Pound, Euro, Japanese Yen and Thai Baht, hence the Group had direct exposure to foreign exchange fluctuation. During the period under review, the Group did not use any foreign currency derivative product to hedge its exposure to currency risk. However, the management managed and monitored the exposure to ensure appropriate measures were implemented on a timely and effective manner.

Employees

As at 30 June 2016, the Group's number of staff was 8. The Group's remuneration policies, including both salaries and bonuses, are in line with local practice.

Directors' Interests and Short Positions in Shares, Underlying Shares and Debentures

As at 30 June 2016, the Directors' interests in the shares and underlying shares of the Company and its associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the Securities and Futures Ordinance (the "SFO")) as recorded in the register required to be kept under Section 352 of the SFO, or as otherwise notified to the Company and The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited pursuant to the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Issuers were as follows:

	Number of ordinary shares				
	Personal	Family	Corporate		Percentage
Directors	interests	interests	interests	Total	holding
Mr. Tan Boon Seng	1,469,000	2,991,000 (iii)(iv)	52,340,000 (i)(ii)(v)	56,800,000	38.57
Mr. Chan Kai Kwok	=	=	=	=	-
Mr. Ho Hau Chong, Norman	=	=	=	=	-
Mr. Fung Ka Pun	-	-	-	-	-
Mr. Lim Lay Leng	-	-	-		-

Notes:

- (i) Wah Seong Enterprises Sdn. Bhd. held 2,100,000 shares. Mr. Tan Boon Seng has beneficial interests in this company.
- (ii) HK1 Limited held 14,386,000 shares. Mr. Tan Boon Seng has beneficial interest in this company.
- (iii) TYMS Limited held 2,981,000 shares. This company is beneficially owned by Mr. Tan Boon Seng's children and Mr. Tan Boon Seng acts as trustee for his children.
- (iv) The wife of Mr. Tan Boon Seng held 10,000 shares.
- (v) Zali Capital Limited held 35,854,000 shares. Mr. Tan Boon Seng has beneficial interest in this company.

One nominee share in Lee Hing Investment Company, Limited which is a subsidiary of the Company was held by Mr. Tan Boon Seng in trust for the Company.

Save as mentioned above, no Directors held an interest in the share capital of the Company's subsidiaries.

As at 30 June 2016, no right was granted to or exercised by any Director of the Company or his spouse or children under 18 years of age to subscribe for equity or debt securities of the Company or any of its associated corporations.

Substantial Shareholders

The register of substantial shareholders maintained under Section 336 of the SFO shows that as at 30 June 2016 the Company had been notified of the following interest in the Company's shares:

	Number of	Percentage	
	ordinary shares	holding	
Tan Boon Seng	56,800,000 (Note)	38.57	
Petaling Garden (S) Pte. Limited	29,006,000	19.70	

Note:

The 56,800,000 shares were held as to 1,469,000 shares by Mr. Tan Boon Seng, as to 10,000 shares by the wife of Mr. Tan Boon Seng, as to 2,100,000 shares by Wah Seong Enterprises Sdn. Bhd., as to 14,386,000 shares by HK1 Limited, as to 2,981,000 shares by TYMS Limited and as to 35,854,000 shares by Zali Capital Limited. Wah Seong Enterprises Sdn. Bhd., HK1 Limited and Zali Capital Limited are beneficially owned by Mr. Tan Boon Seng. TYMS Limited is beneficially owned by the children of Mr. Tan Boon Seng and Mr. Tan Boon Seng acts as trustee for his children.

Purchase, Sale and Redemption of Listed Securities

During the period, the Company repurchased a total of 86,000 of its own shares on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited. The particulars of repurchases are as follows:

		Price per	
		share paid	Aggregate
	Number	Highest/	price
Month of repurchases	of shares	Lowest	paid
		HK\$	HK\$'000
2016			
January	60,000	6.80/6.60	402
February	26,000	6.50	169
	86,000		571

The above repurchase of shares was governed by section 257 of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance. The total amount paid on the repurchase of shares of HK\$571,000 was paid wholly out of retained profits. The repurchase of shares was made for the purpose of enhancing the net asset value per share of the Company and was pursuant to general mandates granted to the Board at the 2015 annual general meeting of the Company to repurchase shares in the share capital of the Company.

Save as disclosed above, there was no purchase, sale or redemption of the Company's listed securities by the Company or its subsidiaries during the period.

Review of Interim Report

The unaudited interim report of the Group for the six months ended 30 June 2016 has been reviewed by the Audit Committee of the Company.

Corporate Governance Code and Corporate Governance Report

The Company has complied with the code provisions under the Corporate Governance Code as set out in Appendix 14 to the Listing Rules throughout the six months ended 30 June 2016, except for the following deviations from code provisions A.2.1, A.4.1, A.6.7 and C.2.5:

Code provision A.2.1

Under code provision A.2.1, the roles of the Chairman and Chief Executive Officer (CEO) are required to be separated and not to be performed by the same individual. During the reporting period, Mr. Tan Boon Seng acted as an Executive Director, Chairman and Managing Director (equivalent to CEO in this case). This constitutes a deviation from code provision A.2.1. The reason for such deviation is set out below:

The arrangement under which the roles of an Executive Director, Chairman and Managing Director are performed by the same individual is the extension of the Company's existing corporate governance model. It has been considered beneficial at the present stage as it helps to maintain the continuity of the Company's policies and the stability of the Company's operations, as well as to enhance the management of the Company.

Code provision A.4.1

Under code provision A.4.1, Non-executive Directors should be appointed for a specific term and be subject to re-election. None of the existing Non-executive Directors of the Company is appointed for a specific term. This constitutes a deviation from code provision A.4.1. The reason for such deviation is set out below:

According to the Articles of Association of the Company, one-third of the Directors (Executive and Non-executive) will retire from the office by rotation at each annual general meeting and their appointments will be reviewed when they are due for re-election. In the opinion of the Directors, this meets the same objectives and is no less exacting than those in the code.

Code provision A.6.7

Under code provision A.6.7, Independent Non-executive Directors and other Non-executive Directors should attend general meetings and develop a balanced understanding of the views of shareholders. Two members of the Independent Non-executive Directors of the Company were unable to attend the annual general meeting of the Company held on 15 April 2016.

Code provision C.2.5

Under code provision C.2.5, the Group should have an internal audit function. During the period, the Group conducted a review on the need for setting up an internal audit department. Given the Group's simple operating structure and the potential cost burden, it was decided that the Group would not set up an internal audit department for the time being and the Audit Committee under the Board of Directors would be responsible for internal control and risk management of the Group and for reviewing their effectiveness.

Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors

The Company has adopted the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Issuers (the "Model Code") set out in Appendix 10 to the Listing Rules. Upon enquiry by the Company, all Directors of the Company have confirmed that they have complied with the required standard set out in the Model Code throughout the six months ended 30 June 2016.

By Order of the Board

Lee Hing Development Limited

Chan Kai Kwok

Company Secretary

Hong Kong, 16 August 2016

As at the date hereof, the Board of Directors of the Company comprises two Executive Directors, namely Mr. Tan Boon Seng and Mr. Chan Kai Kwok, and three Independent Non-executive Directors, namely Mr. Ho Hau Chong, Norman, Mr. Fung Ka Pun and Mr. Lim Lay Leng.