

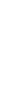
ELL ENVIRONMENTAL HOLDINGS LIMITED

强泰環保控股有限公司*

(Incorporated in the Cayman Islands with limited liability) (於開曼群島註冊成立的有限公司)

Stock Code 股份代號: 1395

2016 ANNUAL REPORT 年報







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Corporate Information

公司資料





DIRECTORS

EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

CHAU On Ta Yuen (Chairman)
CHAN Kwan (Chief Executive Officer)
Radius SUHENDRA (appointed on 21 October 2016)

NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

CHAN Pak Lam Brian CHAU Chi Yan Benny

INDEPENDENT NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

NG Chung Yan Linda NG Man Kung SZE Yeuk Lung Benedict

BOARD COMMITTEES

AUDIT COMMITTEE

NG Chung Yan Linda (Chairlady) CHAU Chi Yan Benny NG Man Kung SZE Yeuk Lung Benedict

NOMINATION COMMITTEE

CHAU On Ta Yuen (Chairman) CHAN Kwan NG Chung Yan Linda NG Man Kung SZE Yeuk Lung Benedict

REMUNERATION COMMITTEE

NG Man Kung (Chairman) CHAN Pak Lam Brian NG Chung Yan Linda SZE Yeuk Lung Benedict

REGISTERED OFFICE

P.O. Box 309, Ugland House Grand Cayman, KY1-1104 Cayman Islands

董事

執行董事

周安達源(主席) 陳昆(行政總裁) 蘇堅人(於二零一六年十月二十一日 獲委任)

非執行董事

陳栢林 周致人

獨立非執行董事

伍頌恩 吳文拱 施若龍

董事委員會

審核委員會

伍頌恩(主席) 周致人 吳文拱 施若龍

提名委員會

周安達源(主席) 陳昆 伍頌恩 吳文拱 施若龍

薪酬委員會

吳文拱(主席) 陳栢林 伍頌恩 施若龍

註冊辦事處

P.O. Box 309, Ugland House Grand Cayman, KY1-1104 Cayman Islands







Corporate Information 公司資料

HEADQUARTERS IN THE PEOPLE'S REPUBLIC OF CHINA 於中華人民共和國(「中國」)的總部 (THE "PRC" OR "CHINA")

Rugao Hengfa Municipal and Industrial Wastewater Treatment Facility North of Huimin Road Rugao Economic and Technological Development Zone Jiangsu Province The PRC

PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS IN HONG KONG

Units 1-3, 11th Floor, Westlands Centre 20 Westlands Road Hong Kong

AUTHORISED REPRESENTATIVES

CHAN Kwan KWOK Siu Man FCS

COMPANY SECRETARY

KWOK Siu Man FCS

CAYMAN ISLANDS PRINCIPAL SHARE REGISTRAR

Maples Fund Services (Cayman) Limited P.O. Box 1093, Boundary Hall Cricket Square Grand Cayman, KY1-1102 Cayman Islands

HONG KONG BRANCH SHARE REGISTRAR

Boardroom Share Registrars (HK) Limited 31st Floor 148 Electric Road North Point Hong Kong

如皋恒發市政及工業污水處理設施 中國 江蘇省 如皋經濟技術開發區 惠民路北側

香港主要營業地點

香港 華蘭路20號 華蘭中心11樓1-3室

授權代表

陳昆 郭兆文 FCS

公司秘書

郭兆文FCS

開曼群島主要股份過戶登記處

Maples Fund Services (Cayman) Limited P.O. Box 1093, Boundary Hall Cricket Square Grand Cayman, KY1-1102 Cayman Islands

香港證券登記分處

寶德隆證券登記有限公司 香港 北角 電氣道 148號 31樓

Corporate Information

公司資料





PRINCIPAL BANKERS

Chiyu Banking Corporation Limited
The Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation Limited
Bank of China (Hong Kong) Limited

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS

Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu Certified Public Accountants

LEGAL ADVISORS

AS TO HONG KONG LAW:

H.M. Chan & Co in association with Taylor Wessing

AS TO PRC LAW:

King & Wood Mallesons

AS TO CAYMAN ISLANDS LAW:

Maples and Calder

WEBSITE

www.ellhk.com

STOCK CODE

1395

主要來往銀行

集友銀行有限公司 香港上海滙豐銀行有限公司 中國銀行(香港)有限公司

獨立核數師

德勤 ◆ 關黃陳方會計師行 執業會計師

法律顧問

有關香港法律:

陳浩銘律師事務所 與泰樂信聯營

有關中國法律:

金杜律師事務所

有關開曼群島法律:

邁普達律師事務所

公司網站

www.ellhk.com

股份代號

1395





Chairman's Statement 主席報告

Dear Shareholders,

On behalf of the board of directors (the "**Directors**" and the "**Board**", respectively) of ELL Environmental Holdings Limited ("**ELL Environmental**" or the "**Company**", together with its subsidiaries, the "**Group**"), I am pleased to present the annual report for the year ended 31 December 2016 (the "**Year**").

ELL Environmental started as an environmental solution provider in China, providing wastewater treatment services in Jiangsu Province. Over the past decade, ELL Environmental has laid down a solid business foundation in China. So far, the Group's business has been a great success and the Company has earned an excellent reputation from the services it provided. Nevertheless, the market has become more and more challenging due to the increased competition and thus the diminishing opportunities in securing new wastewater treatment projects with satisfactory expected return. As such, the Group has been actively looking for potential investments outside its current sector to regain the momentum for growth. After long studying and strategic planning, the Group has identified its new direction of future development. In the fourth guarter of 2016, the Group acquired Weal Union Limited ("Weal Union") and its subsidiary in the Republic of Indonesia ("Indonesia") which is engaged in biomass power generation business in Jambi, Indonesia. The Board expects that the demand for power supply in Indonesia will undergo an upward trend, and the biomass power generation market has a huge potential given its environmental-friendly nature for which the local government has been strongly encouraging and supporting. The acquisition commensurates with the Group's strategy in expansion and diversification into other environmental protection business, and is conducive to the Group's longterm development and shareholders' interest. At present, the Group is investing in improvement works in the power generation facilities to facilitate its efficiency enhancement. Furthermore, the Group is also looking into other environmental protection projects in Indonesia including but not limited to biofuel pellets production. The management is enthusiastic about the new element of growth of ELL Environmental, and is confident of delivering a satisfactory return from the new investments in the future.

致各位股東:

本人謹代表強泰環保控股有限公司(「強泰環保」或「本公司」,連同其附屬公司,統稱「本集團」)董事(「董事」)會(「董事會」)欣然呈報截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度(「本年度」)的年報。

強泰環保作為中國環保解決方案提供商 起家,在江蘇省提供污水處理服務。過 去十年來,強泰環保在中國打下了堅實 的業務基礎。至今為止,本集團業務取 得了巨大成功,且本公司憑著優秀的服 務贏得了良好的聲譽。可是由於競爭加 劇,尋找預期回報合適的新污水處理項 目愈加困難,市場上充滿挑戰。因此, 本集團一直在積極尋找其現有行業以外 的潛在投資機會,以獲得增長動力。經 過長期的研究及戰略規劃後,本集團終 於物色到新的未來發展方向。於二零 一六年第四季度,本集團收購旭衡有 限公司(「旭衡」)及其印度尼西亞共和 國(「印尼」)附屬公司,該公司在印尼 占碑省從事生物質發電業務。董事會預 計,印尼的供電需求將上漲,且鑑於生 物質發電的環保性質,再加上受到當地 政府強烈鼓勵及支持,其潛在市場相當 龐大。此項收購符合本集團向其他環保 業務擴張及多元佈局的戰略,且有利於 本集團的長期發展及股東利益。本集團 現正投資發電設施改建工程,以提高效 率。此外,本集團亦在印尼尋找其他環 保項目,包括但不限於生物燃料顆粒。 管理層對強泰環保這一新增長元素抱有 希望, 並且有信心此項新投資未來將帶 來令人滿意的回報。

Chairman's Statement







During 2016, the Group entered into an agreement to dispose of 100% interest in Rugao Honghao Metal Water Treatment Company Limited* (如皋宏皓金屬表面水處理有限公司) ("Rugao Honghao"), an indirect whollyowned subsidiary of the Company before completion of the disposal and which operates the wastewater treatment facility (the "Rugao Honghao Facility"), to 南通嘉禾科技投資開發有限公司 (Nantong Jiahe Technology Investment Development Co., Ltd*) ("Nantong Jiahe"). The decision was made after the Board's consideration of the diminishing profitability of the Rugao Honghao Facility due to an increase in operating costs in recent years. The management believes that a higher return can be achieved by allocating the funding to new investments and the Group's overall growth in return can be further strengthened.

For the Year, ELL Environmental recorded a revenue of approximately HK\$100.3 million with a year-on-year decrease of 31%. The gross profit was HK\$34.3 million, down by 32% year-on-year. The decrease in revenue and gross profit was primarily due, among other things, to the decrease in construction revenue and recognitions of construction margin arising from the upgrade works of our wastewater treatment facilities. The net profit was HK\$11.5 million, down by 71% year-on-year.

Looking forward, the Group will continue its successful business philosophy in being proactive in looking for new growth, while staying cautious in risk assessments for its expansion.

I hereby would like to express my gratitude to my fellow Directors, shareholders and staff. The management and staff of ELL Environmental will strive to deliver better performance and generate attractive returns to our investors and shareholders.

於本年度,強泰環保錄得營業收入約 100.3百萬港元,按年減少31%。毛利 為34.3百萬港元,按年下跌32%。營業 收入及毛利減少乃主要由於(其中包括) 建設營業收入的減少及確認因我們污水 處理設施的升級工程而產生的建設利潤 減少。純利為11.5百萬港元,按年減少 71%。

展望未來,本集團將堅持其成功的經營理念,繼續前瞻性地尋找新增長機會,同時對其擴張計劃進行審慎的風險評估。

本人謹此向董事、股東及員工致以衷心 感謝。強泰環保的管理層及員工將致力 提高表現,為投資者及股東創造吸引回 報。

Chau On Ta Yuen

Chairman

Hong Kong, 24 March 2017

主席 周安**達源**

香港,二零一七年三月二十四日

^{*} the English translation of Chinese name is for information purpose only and should not be regarded as the official English translation of such Chinese name.







Management Discussion and Analysis 管理層討論與分析

BUSINESS REVIEW

In 2016, the global economy suffered from political uncertainties resulting from elections in multiple countries. Despite the weak recovery of the global economy, China attained an economic growth rate of 6.7% in 2016, contributing 33.2% of the global economic growth. It remains a powerhouse of the global economic growth.

As environmental protection is a global concern, China is in urgent need of environmental protection services and the State Council emphasised the need to promote the environmental protection industry in its 13th Five-Year Plan. In April 2015, the State Council released the Action Plan for Prevention and Treatment of Water Pollution. In October of the same year, it issued a document concerning the reform of wastewater treatment tariff systems. In this context, we expect the wastewater treatment industry in China to see a continuous and rapid development. The Company is committed to actively exploring and capturing market opportunities available, and steadily operating its wastewater treatment business.

Rugao Hengfa Water Treatment Company Limited ("Rugao Hengfa") has completed its upgrade works and commenced trial commissioning, while awaiting examination and approval by the local government. Haian Hengfa Wastewater Treatment Company Limited ("Haian Hengfa"), on the other hand, is undergoing various examinations and approval processes by the local government. With the completion of the upgrade of the wastewater treatment plants of Rugao Hengfa and Haian Hengfa, respectively, we are in a favourable position to negotiate with the relevant governmental departments to adjust upward the wastewater treatment tariffs and in turn, expect the increased wastewater treatment tariffs to contribute positively to the Company's revenue and gross profit in the near future.

On 21 September 2016, the Group entered into an agreement to sell all of the equity interest of Rugao Honghao to Nantong Jiahe to provide an additional source of capital to fund the Group's operations and future business development opportunities. As at 31 December 2016, Rugao Honghao remained as a subsidiary of the Company and we continue to operate three wastewater treatment facilities in Jiangsu Province, including the facilities of Haian Hengfa and Rugao Hengfa. During the Year, these two facilities treated a total of 20 million tonnes of wastewater.

業務回顧

二零一六年,多國選舉帶來政治不確定性,全球經濟因而出現不穩定因素。在全球經濟復甦乏力的背景下,二零一六年中國經濟增速為6.7%,對全球經濟增長的貢獻率高達33.2%,仍然扮演著全球經濟發展引擎的重要角色。

隨著環保議題受到全球關注,中國對環境污染治理服務需求殷切,國務院在「十三五」規劃強調大力推進環保產業。國務院於二零一五年四月推出《水污染防治行動計劃》:同年十月,國務院發佈有關水價改革的文件,污水處理行業持續快速發展。強泰環保積極把握目前的市場機遇,穩定經營集團的污水處理業務。

如皋恆發水處理有限公司(「如皋恆發」)已經完成升級工程,現已進入面調試階段並正待當地政府審核。另一方面恆發污水處理有限公司(「海安恆發」)則正與當地政府進行各項審核及自動,隨著如皋恆發及海安恆發育,處理廠升級工程完成,本門就上調內有地位可與相關的水價將在近期內有助增加本公司收入及提升毛利。

二零一六年九月二十一日,強泰環保向南通嘉禾出售如皋宏皓100%股權,為集團之營運資金及未來業務發展機遇提供額外資金來源。於二零一六年十二月三十一日,如皋宏皓仍為本公司之附屬公司,強泰環保會繼續營運位於江蘇省的三座污水處理設施,包括海安恆發及如皋恆發設施。這兩座污水處理設施於本年度合共處理二千萬噸污水。

Management Discussion and Analysis







The Company has been actively supporting national policies and coping with market changes in a flexible way. In response to the "Belt and Road" Initiative launched by the Central Government, the Group has been paying close attention to development opportunities in the PRC and abroad. The acquisition of Weal Union has marked the milestone as the Company's first step to invest in the Indonesian environmental protection business. At present, the Group is actively improving its power generation facilities in order to speed up the development of its biomass generation business.

強泰環保一直積極配合國家政策,靈活面對市場變化。為響應中央政府推行「一帶一路」政策,集團密切留意中國及海外的發展機遇。收購旭衡是本公司投資印尼環保業務的第一步。集團目前正積極改善發電廠設施,以加快發展生物質發電業務。

OUTLOOK

Facing the changing market, the Company will continue to implement its prudent and stable operation strategies, based on the solid foundation laid down over the past years. The Group will actively cooperate with local governments in reviewing and discussing the details of upward adjustments of water tariffs.

Moreover, the Board expects that Indonesia's demand for power supply will increase significantly in the near future. As the largest economy in Southeast Asia, Indonesia falls short of power supply. To this end, the Indonesian government has launched the Indonesia Terang / Bright Indonesia Programme, of which the primary objective is to increase national generating capacity of 35,000MW for 10,300 villages by 2019, while improving the national power coverage rate to 97.35%. As part of the Indonesian government's effort to develop renewable energies, 25% of the 35,000MW power increased under this plan will come from renewable energies. The total investment of this plan is about US\$3 billion (equivalent to IDR40 trillion) with only 14% financed by the government and public expenditure, which creates huge investment space for private capital.

未來展望

面對變化萬千的市場環境,強泰環保憑藉過去努力不懈所打下的堅實根基,將 貫徹集團謹慎穩健的經營方針。集團將 積極配合當地政府進行各項有關水價上 調的審核及商討細節。

此外,董事會預期印尼電力供應需求將大幅增加。目前,作為東南亞最大經濟體的印尼國內電力嚴重不足,故印尼政府推行印尼電力普及化方案 (Indonesia Terang/Bright Indonesia Program),初步目標在二零一九年前全國增加35,000兆瓦的發電量,供應10,300個村莊之電力,並將印尼全國電力普及率提升到可再生能源發展的方針,該計劃增加的35,000兆瓦中有25%將來自再生能源於40兆印尼盾),預計只有14%由政府和25承擔,為私型企業資本帶來龐大的投資空間。







Management Discussion and Analysis 管理層討論與分析

Indonesia is abundant in biomass resources. It is estimated that the potential total capacity of biomass power generation in Indonesia amounts to 50,000MW. All government policies to promote the development of renewable energies and Indonesia's increasing demand for power supply suggest that Indonesia will make increasingly more efforts to generate power with biomass resources. In this regard, we believe that there is significant potential in Indonesia's biomass power generation market and, therefore, commit to investing in this market in an attempt to improve the Group's biomass power generation facilities and their capacities. The biomass power generation business is not only an expected growth area for the Group, but also a starting point for the Group to launch environmental protection business in Indonesia and/or other regions in Southeast Asia. In the future, we shall actively explore business opportunities in the relevant industries (including production of biomass fuel), with an aim to continue diversifying our environmental protection business portfolios.

FINANCIAL REVIEW

REVENUE

Our total revenue decreased by 31.0% to HK\$100.3 million for the Year from HK\$145.5 million for the previous year. The decrease in revenue was primarily attributable to (i) a decrease in construction revenue by 54.6% to HK\$36.2 million for the Year from HK\$79.8 million for the previous year due to the completion of the upgrade works of the wastewater treatment facility of Rugao Hengfa (the "Rugao Hengfa Facility") during the Year; and (ii) the pending water tariff adjustments for the wastewater treatment facilities to cover the increase in costs of raw materials and overheads for the Year, for which negotiation with the local governments is in progress.

COST OF SALES

Our total cost of sales decreased by 30.5% to HK\$66.0 million for the Year from HK\$95.0 million for the previous year, primarily due to a decrease in total construction costs to HK\$25.5 million for the Year from HK\$60.6 million for the previous year as a result of the completion of the upgrade works of the Rugao Hengfa Facility during the Year as aforementioned. Such decrease in cost of sales was partly offset by (i) the inclusion of the operating costs of the power plants in a subsidiary incorporated in Indonesia amounting to HK\$5.5 million which we only acquired in September 2016; and (ii) the increases in cost of raw materials and overhead costs for the operation of the wastewater treatment facilities as a result of the increased consumptions of raw materials per unit of wastewater treated and the inflation in market prices of such costs.

財務回顧

營業收入

我們的營業收入總額由去年的145.5百萬港元減少31.0%至本年度的100.3百萬港元。營業收入減少乃主要由於(i)本年度如皋恆發的污水處理設施(「如皋恒發設施」)的升級工程完成,導致建設營業收入由去年的79.8百萬港元減少54.6%至本年度的36.2百萬港元;及(ii)正在與地方政府協商的污水處理設施水費調整將彌補本年度原材料成本及雜費的漲幅。

銷售成本

Management Discussion and Analysis

管理層討論與分析





GROSS PROFIT AND GROSS PROFIT MARGIN

Our gross profit decreased by 32.0% to HK\$34.3 million for the Year from HK\$50.4 million for the previous year, primarily due to (i) a decrease in the recognition of construction margin arising from the upgrade works of the Rugao Hengfa Facility to HK\$10.7 million for the Year from HK\$19.1 million for the previous year due to its completion during the Year as abovementioned; and (ii) the decrease in the gross profit of Rugao Honghao to HK\$0.8 million for the Year from HK\$4.2 million for the previous year due to the increases in cost of raw materials and overhead costs per unit of wastewater treated as abovementioned.

Our gross profit margin maintained at 34.2% for the Year as compared with 34.7% for the previous year, as the effect of the decrease in the construction margin and the increases in the cost of raw materials and overhead costs in relation to the operation of the wastewater treatment facilities offset with each other.

OTHER INCOME AND GAINS

Our other income and gains increased by 113.6% to approximately HK\$11.3 million for the Year from HK\$5.3 million for the previous year, which was primarily attributable to (i) an increase in interest income from available-for-sale investments, and (ii) the increase in refund of value-added tax.

ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES

As a percentage of our revenue, our administrative expenses represented 25.1% and 12.6% for the year ended 31 December 2016 and 2015, respectively. Our administrative expenses increased by 37.8% to HK\$25.2 million for the Year from HK\$18.3 million for the previous year. The increase was primarily attributable to (i) the professional fees of HK\$3.0 million incurred in relation to the acquisition of all the issued shares of Weal Union in connection with the palm kernel oil mill and the ancillary biomass power plants operation business in Indonesia during the Year; and (ii) the increases in staff costs and other office and administrative expenses.

毛利及毛利率

我們的毛利由去年的50.4百萬港元減少32.0%至本年度的34.3百萬港元,主要由於(i)如上文所述如皋恆發設施的升級工程於本年度完成致使確認建設利潤由去年的19.1百萬港元減少至本年度的10.7百萬港元:及(ii)上述每單位處理污水的原材料成本及雜項成本增加,導致如皋宏皓的毛利由去年的4.2百萬港元減少至本年度的0.8百萬港元。

我們的毛利率較去年的34.7%於本年度維持在34.2%,主要由於建設利潤減少及與營運污水處理設施有關的原材料成本及雜項成本上漲互相抵銷。

其他收入及收益

本年度內,我們的其他收入及收益從去年的5.3百萬港元增加113.6%至約11.3百萬港元,此乃主要由於(i)來自可供出售投資的利息收入增加及(ii)增值稅退稅增加。

行政開支

截至二零一六年及二零一五年十二月三十一日止年度,我們的行政開支佔營業收入的百分比分別為25.1%及12.6%。我們的行政開支由去年的18.3百萬港元增加37.8%至本年度的25.2百萬港元。該增加主要由於(i)就印尼的仁油榨油廠及配套生物質發電廠業務而言,本年度收購旭衡的全部已發行股份產生專業費用3.0百萬港元;及(ii)員工成本及其他辦公及行政開支增加。







Management Discussion and Analysis 管理層討論與分析

FINANCE COSTS

Our finance costs increased by 57.9% to HK\$2.0 million for the Year from HK\$1.2 million for the previous year, primarily due to an increase in interest expenses on the bank loan which the Company drew down in September 2015.

PROFIT BEFORE TAX

Our profit before tax decreased by 48.9% to HK\$18.5 million for the Year from HK\$36.2 million for the previous year, primarily due to the factors mentioned above.

INCOME TAX

We recorded an income tax expense of HK\$7.0 million for the Year as compared with an income tax credit of HK\$3.9 million for the previous year, primarily due to the absence in the current year of the one-off tax refund of HK\$10.0 million from the Taxation Bureau of Rugao City, Jiangsu Province, the PRC available in the previous year.

PROFIT ATTRIBUTABLE TO OWNERS OF THE COMPANY

Our profit attributable to owners of the Company decreased by 73.8% to HK\$10.3 million for the Year from HK\$39.5 million for the previous year, primarily due to the factors mentioned above.

BANK BORROWINGS

As at 31 December 2016, the Group had a three-year bank loan with a carrying amount of HK\$2.2 million (2015: HK\$5.4 million), which was denominated in Renminbi with a fixed interest rate at 6.77% per annum. This bank loan was secured by the land use right and properties used in the operation of the Group's wastewater treatment business.

As at 31 December 2016, the Group had a one-year bank loan with a carrying amount of HK\$30.3 million, which was denominated in Hong Kong dollars (2015: HK\$29.8 million, which was denominated in Renminbi) with a variable interest rate at Hong Kong Interbank Offered Rate plus 3% per annum (2015: fixed interest rate at 4.5% per annum). The loan is unsecured and repayable on demand.

融資成本

我們的融資成本由去年的1.2百萬港元增加57.9%至本年度的2.0百萬港元,主要由於本公司於二零一五年九月所提取銀行貸款的利息開支增加所致。

除稅前溢利

我們的除税前溢利由去年的36.2百萬港元減少48.9%至本年度的18.5百萬港元,主要由於上文所述原因所致。

所得稅

我們於本年度錄得所得稅開支7.0百萬港元,而去年則錄得所得稅抵免3.9百萬港元,主要由於本年度沒有去年中國江蘇省如皋市稅務局的一次性退稅10.0百萬港元所致。

本公司擁有人應佔溢利

本公司擁有人應佔溢利從去年的39.5百萬港元減少73.8%至本年度的10.3百萬港元,主要是由於上述因素。

銀行借款

於二零一六年十二月三十一日,本集團有一筆賬面值為2.2百萬港元的三年期銀行貸款(二零一五年:5.4百萬港元),該貸款以人民幣計值,按6.77%的固定年利率計息。該筆銀行貸款以用於本集團污水處理業務營運的土地使用權及物業作抵押。

於二零一六年十二月三十一日,本集團有一筆賬面值為30.3百萬港元的一年期銀行貸款,該貸款以港元計值(二零一五年:29.8百萬港元,以人民幣計值),按香港銀行同業拆息加年息3%之浮動利率計息(二零一五年:固定年利率4.5%)。該貸款乃無抵押及須按要求償還。

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LIQUIDITY AND FINANCIAL RESOURCES

Our principal liquidity and capital requirements primarily relate to investments in our projects, construction of our wastewater treatment facilities and purchase of equipment, as well as costs and expenses. As at 31 December 2016, the net assets of the Group amounted to HK\$569.6 million (2015: HK\$515.1 million), increased by 10.6% as compared with 2015.

The Group's gearing ratio is calculated by dividing total debt by total equity and total debt is the bank borrowings. The gearing ratio was kept stable, being approximately 0.1 both as at 31 December 2015 and 31 December 2016.

TREASURY POLICIES

The Group has adopted a prudent financial management approach towards its treasury policies and thus maintained a healthy liquidity position throughout the Year. The Board closely monitors the Group's liquidity position to ensure that the liquidity structure of the Group's assets, liabilities and other commitments can meet its funding requirements from time to time. Surplus cash will be invested appropriately so that the Group's cash need in support of the Group's strategy direction from time to time can be met.

CAPITAL EXPENDITURES

Our major capital expenditures consist primarily of expenditures to upgrade and improve the Group's wastewater treatment facilities. During the Year, our capital expenditures incurred for the upgrade works of the Rugao Hengfa Facility amounted to approximately HK\$25.5 million (2015: HK\$60.6 million). These capital expenditures were funded by funds generated from our operating activities, the proceeds from the share offer completed on 26 September 2014 and the Top-up Placing (as defined below).

流動資金及財務資源

我們主要的流動資金及資本需求主要與 我們的項目投資、污水處理設施建設及 設備購買以及成本及開支有關。於二零 一六年十二月三十一日,本集團的資產 淨值為569.6百萬港元(二零一五年: 515.1百萬港元),較二零一五年增加 10.6%。

本集團的資產負債比率按債務總額除以權益總額計算,而債務總額為銀行借款。資產負債比率維持穩定,於二零一五年十二月三十一日及二零一六年十二月三十一日均約為0.1。

庫務政策

本集團已對其庫務政策採取審慎的財務 管理方針,故於本年度內維持健康的流 動資金狀況。董事會緊密監察本集團的 流動資金狀況以確保本集團的資產、負 債及其他承擔的流動資金結構可應付其 不時的資金需求。為支持本集團不時之 策略方向,過剩的現金將用作投資以滿 足本集團的現金需要。

資本開支

我們的重大資本開支主要包括本集團污水處理設施升級及改造工程的開支。本年度,我們因如皋恆發設施的升級工程產生的資本開支達到約25.5百萬港元(二零一五年:60.6百萬港元)。該等資本開支由我們的經營活動所得資金及於二零一四年九月二十六日完成的股份發售及先舊後新配售(定義如下)所得款項撥付。





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FOREIGN EXCHANGE RISKS

Individual companies in Mainland China and Indonesia within the Group have limited foreign currency risk as most of the transactions are denominated and settled in Renminbi and Indonesian Rupiah, respectively. However, our consolidated financial statements are presented in Hong Kong dollars. Any appreciation or depreciation of Hong Kong dollar against Renminbi and Indonesian Rupiah will affect our financial position and will be reflected in the exchange fluctuation reserve. The Group does not have a foreign currency hedging policy. The management monitors the Group's foreign exchange fluctuation exposure closely. In light of the continued depreciation of Renminbi against Hong Kong dollar recently, the Group has managed to minimize the exposures in Renminbi by converting a majority of the cash and bank balances into United States dollars or Hong Kong dollars. The management considers the volatility of the exchange rate of Hong Kong dollar against Indonesian Rupiah and the Group's currency exposures of Indonesian Rupiah to be acceptable.

SIGNIFICANT INVESTMENTS, MATERIAL ACQUISITIONS AND DISPOSALS OF SUBSIDIARIES, ASSOCIATES AND JOINT VENTURES

On 21 September 2016, the Group entered into an agreement with Nantong Jiahe to dispose of all the Group's equity interest in Rugao Honghao (the "**Proposed Disposal**"), as detailed under the section headed "Events After the Reporting Date" on page 18 of this annual report. As at 31 December 2016 and the date of this report, the Proposed Disposal has not been completed and Rugao Honghao remained as a subsidiary of the Company.

On 16 June 2016, the Group entered into a share purchase agreement (the "SPA") with Fusion Joy Holdings Inc. ("Fusion Joy") and Carlton Asia Limited ("Carlton Asia") to acquire all the issued shares of Weal Union (the "Acquisition"), as detailed under the section headed "Issue of Equity Securities" on page 80 of this annual report. The Acquisition was completed on 21 October 2016 and Weal Union became an indirect wholly owned subsidiary of the Company.

外匯風險

重大投資、收購及出售附屬公司、 聯營公司及合營企業

於二零一六年九月二十一日,本集團與南通嘉禾就出售本集團於如皋宏皓的全部股權(「**建議出售事項**」)訂立一份協議(詳見本年報第18頁「報告日後事項」一節)。於二零一六年十二月三十一日及本報告日期,建議出售事項尚未完成,如皋宏皓仍然是本公司附屬公司。

於二零一六年六月十六日,本集團與Fusion Joy Holdings Inc.(「Fusion Joy」)及Carlton Asia Limited(「Carlton Asia」)就收購旭衡的全部已發行股份(「收購事項」)訂立一份股份購買協議(「股份購買協議」)(詳見本年報第80頁「發行股本證券」一節)。收購事項於二零一六年十月二十一日完成及旭衡成為本公司間接全資附屬公司。

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Apart from the Acquisition and the Proposed Disposal above, there were no other significant investments, material acquisitions or disposals of subsidiaries, associated companies or joint ventures throughout the Year.

除上述收購事項及建議出售事項外,於 本年度概無其他重大投資、收購或出售 附屬公司、聯營公司或合營企業。

CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

As at 31 December 2016, the Group had no contingent liabilities (2015: nil).

EMPLOYEE AND REMUNERATION POLICIES

As at 31 December 2016, the Group had 223 (2015: 78) employees (including the Directors). Employee costs (including Directors' emoluments) amounted to HK\$12.8 million for the Year (2015: HK\$9.8 million). Our remuneration policy for the Directors and our senior management members is based on their experience, level of responsibility, length of service and general market conditions. Any discretionary bonus and other merit payments are linked to the financial results of the Group and the individual performance of the Directors and senior management members. The Group encourages self-development of its employees and provides on-the-job training where appropriate.

The Company has adopted a share option scheme on 5 September 2014 for the purpose of providing incentives and rewards to eligible directors and employees of the Group.

或然負債

於二零一六年十二月三十一日,本集團 並無或然負債(二零一五年:無)。

僱員及薪酬政策

於二零一六年十二月三十一日,本集團 共有223名(二零一五年:78名)僱員(包括董事)。本年度的僱員成本(包括董事)。本年度的僱員成本(包括董事) 酬金)為12.8百萬港元(二零一五年:9.8 百萬港元)。我們的董事及高級管理層成 員的薪酬政策乃根據彼等的經驗、所定 員的新聞政策乃根據彼等的經驗 責任、服務年期及一般南金均與兩成負。 任何酌情花紅及其他獎勵金均與兩成 的財務業績及董事與高級管理層成 的財務業績及董事與高級管理層成 個人表現掛鈎。本集團鼓勵僱員自我發 展,並在適當時提供在職培訓。

本公司於二零一四年九月五日採納一項 購股權計劃,旨在激勵及獎勵本集團的 合資格董事及僱員。





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USE OF PROCEEDS FROM INITIAL PUBLIC OFFERING AND TOP-UP PLACING

The net proceeds from the initial public offering of the Company's shares (the "Shares") on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange") on 26 September 2014 (the "IPO") (after deducting underwriting fees and related expenses) amounted to approximately HK\$77.6 million. As at 31 December 2016, the net proceeds from the IPO had been fully utilised.

In addition, the Company completed a top-up placing of 160,000,000 Shares, raising total net proceeds of HK\$151.1 million in April 2015 (the "**Top-up Placing**"). The net proceeds from the Top-up Placing had been fully utilised as at 31 December 2016.

The table below sets out a summary of the use of proceeds from the IPO and the Top-up Placing:

首次公開發售及先舊後新配售所得 款項用途

本公司股份(「**股份**」)於二零一四年九月二十六日在香港聯合交易所有限公司(「**聯交所**」)首次公開發售(「**首次公開發售**」)的所得款項淨額(經扣除包銷費用及相關開支後)約為77.6百萬港元。於二零一六年十二月三十一日,首次公開發售所得款項淨額已獲悉數運用。

此外,本公司於二零一五年四月完成先舊後新配售(「先舊後新配售」)160,000,000 股股份,籌得所得款項淨額合共151.1百萬港元。於二零一六年十二月三十一日, 先舊後新配售所得款項淨額已獲悉數運用。

下表概述首次公開發售及先舊後新配售 所得款項的用途:

Fund raising activities 集資活動	Net proceeds 所得款項淨額	Intended use of proceeds (approximately) 所得款項擬定用途(概約)	Actual use of proceeds as at 31 December 2016 於二零一六年十二月三十一日 所得款項實際用途
The IPO 首次公開發售	HK\$7.5 million 7.5 百萬港元	Capital expenditure for the upgrading works of the Haian Hengfa Facility 海安恒發設施升級工程的資本開支	Fully utilised for capital expenditure for the upgrading works of the Haiar Hengfa Facility 悉數用作海安恆發設施升級工程的資本開支
	HK\$55.2 million 55.2 百萬港元	Capital expenditure for the upgrading works of the Rugao Hengfa Facility 如皋恆發設施升級工程的資本開支	Fully utilised for capital expenditure for the upgrading works of the Rugao Hengfa Facility 悉數用作如皋恆發設施升級工程的資本開支
	HK\$12.3 million 12.3 百萬港元	Potential investment into new wastewater treatment or other environmental protection projects in and outside the PRC ⁽¹⁾ 中國境內及境外新污水處理或其他環保項目的潛在投資 ⁽¹⁾	Fully utilised for the payment of part of the cash consideration to Fusion Joy in relation to the Acquisition (the "Consideration") ⁽¹⁾ 悉數用作就收購事項而支付予Fusion Joy的部份現金代價(「代價」) ⁽¹⁾









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Fund raising activities 集資活動	Net proceeds 所得款項淨額	Intended use of proceeds (approximately) 所得款項擬定用途(概約)	Actual use of proceeds as at 31 December 2016 於二零一六年十二月三十一日所得款項實際用途
	HK\$2.6 million 2.6百萬港元	Capital and general corporate purposes, including administration expenses 資本及一般企業用途,包括行政開支	Fully utilised for working capital related purposes 悉數用作有關營運資金用途
The Top-up Placing 先舊後新配售	HK\$122.7 million 122.7 百萬港元	Potential acquisition of the Wuping Second Waste Water Treatment Facility ⁽²⁾ and other potential investments ⁽¹⁾ 潛在收購武平第二污水處理廠 ⁽²⁾ 及其他潛在投資 ⁽¹⁾	Approximately HK\$75.0 million was used for the payment of the remaining cash Consideration (1). 約75.0 百萬港元用作支付剩餘現金代價(1)。 Approximately HK\$44.6 million was used for capital injection into the target company under the Acquisition for settlement of bank loan. 約44.6 百萬港元用作向收購事項下目標公司注資,以結算銀行貸款。 Approximately HK\$3.1 million was used for capital injection into the target company under the Acquisition for its capital expenditure 約3.1 百萬港元用作向收購事項下目標公司注資,作為其資本開支。





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Fund raising activities 集資活動	Net proceeds 所得款項淨額	Intended use of proceeds (approximately) 所得款項擬定用途(概約)	Actual use of proceeds as at 31 December 2016 於二零一六年十二月三十一日 所得款項實際用途
	HK\$28.4 million 28.4 百萬港元	Further capital expenditure required for the upgrading works of the Rugao Hengfa Facility 如皋恆發設施升級工程所需的進一步的資本開支	Fully utilisied for further capital expenditure required for the upgrading works of the Rugao Hengfa Facility 悉數用於如皋恆發設施升級工程所需的進一步資本開支
(1) As set out in the Comp	pany's annual report fo	or 2015, management of the (1)	誠如本公司二零一五年年報所載,本集

- (1) As set out in the Company's annual report for 2015, management of the Group sees huge prospects in other markets, including Indonesia, and seeks to diversify in the environmental protection businesses that are in line with the corporate value and direction of our Company. The completion of the Acquisition enables the Group to diversify its business portfolio to cover palm kernel oil production and bioenergy supply businesses in Indonesia, that are in line with the Indonesian government's national policy to reduce carbon emission and speed up the use of renewable energy. Management is, therefore, of the view that the Acquisition is in line with our corporate value, our planned use of proceeds from the IPO to pursue expansion in environmental protection related business and our planned use of proceeds from the Top-up Placing for potential investments.
- (2) The Company's plan in connection with the proposed acquisition of Wuping Second Waste Water Treatment Facility as set out in the Company's announcement dated 22 April 2015 has been stalled as the Company has not been able to reach a consensus with the relevant vendors on the commercial terms of such acquisition, especially in light of the continuing devaluation of Renminbi against United States dollars.
- 團管理層預期其他市場(包括印尼)前 景廣闊,並致力於多元化符合本公司企 業價值及方針的環保業務。完成收購事 項可使本集團在印尼開展棕櫚仁油生產 及生物質能供應業務,進一步增強本集 團業務組合的多元性,且新增業務符 印尼政府減少二氧化碳排放及加快開發 利用可再生能源的國家政策。因此,管 理層認為收購事項符合本公司的企業價值,以及首次公開發售所得款項用作費 大有關環保業務的擬定用途及先舊後新 配售所得款項用作潛在投資的擬定用途。
- (2) 本公司日期為二零一五年四月二十二日 的公告所載建議收購武平縣第二污水處 理廠的計劃被擱置,此乃由於特別是鑑 於人民幣兑美元持續貶值,本公司尚未 就收購的商業條款與相關賣方達成一致。



管理層討論與分析





EVENTS AFTER THE REPORTING DATE

On 21 September 2016 (and supplemented by a supplemental agreement dated 28 February 2017), Greatcorp International Limited ("Greatcorp"), an indirect wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company, as vendor, and Nantong Jiahe, an independent third party of the Company, as purchaser, entered into an equity transfer agreement in relation to the disposal of Rugao Honghao, an indirect wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company. As at the date of this report, the Proposed Disposal has not been completed and Rugao Honghao remains a subsidiary of the Company. To the best of the Directors' knowledge, the conditions precedent to the completion have been fulfilled and the parties are ready to proceed to completion and the settlement of the consideration for the Proposed Disposal. The Company is working with the purchaser with its best endeavours to complete the Proposed Disposal as soon as practicable. For further details, please refer to the Company's announcements dated 21 September 2016 and 28 February 2017, and Notes 29 and 43 to the Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements in this report.

Save as disclosed above, the Group had no material event subsequent to the end of the Year and up to the date of this report.

FINAL DIVIDEND

No final dividend for the Year has been recommended by the Board (2015: HK1 cent per Share).

報告日後事項

於二零一六年九月二十一日(及經日期 為二零一七年二月二十八日的補充協議 補充),本公司間接全資附屬公司宏皓 國際有限公司(「宏皓」)(作為賣方)與本 公司獨立第三方南通嘉禾(作為買方)就 本公司間接全資附屬公司如皋宏皓的出 售事項訂立一份股權轉讓協議。於本報 告日期,建議出售事項尚未完成,如皋 宏皓仍然是本公司附屬公司。據董事所 深知,完成的先決條件已實現,雙方已 準備繼續完成建議出售事項及結算其代 價。本公司盡最大努力與買方合作盡快 完成建議出售事項。進一步詳情,請參 閱本公司日期為二零一六年九月二十一 日及二零一七年二月二十八日的公告, 以及本報告綜合財務報表附註所載附註 29及43。

除上文所披露者外,於本年度結束後及直至本報告日期,本集團概無重大事項。

末期股息

董事會不建議就本年度派發末期股息(二零一五年:每股股份1港仙)。

the English translation of Chinese name is for information purpose only and should not be regarded as the official English translation of such Chinese name.



Environmental, Social and Governance Report 環境、社會及管治報告

This environmental, social and governance report ("ESG Report") is for the purpose of outlining our approaches and strategies in pursuit of sustainable development during the Year. Unless otherwise stated, the ESG Report covers the sustainability initiatives and performances of our Hong Kong office and our core businesses in wastewater treatment services provided by our three wastewater treatment facilities in operation in Jiangsu Province, namely the Haian Hengfa Facility, the Rugao Hengfa Facility and the Rugao Honghao Facility. The kernel oil production and biomass power generation business in Jambi Province, Indonesia, acquired by the Group during the Year is excluded in the scope of Report. The ESG Report is prepared in accordance with the Environmental, Social and Governance Reporting Guide set out in Appendix 27 to the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on the Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Listing Rules").

OUR APPROACH TO SUSTAINABILITY DEVELOPMENT

As a green environmental protection enterprise, we are committed to creating sustained value for stakeholders by incorporating environmental, social and governance considerations into our operation. We seek for opportunities to upgrade our facilities in order to meet the PRC government's new environmental policies and this will further enhance our competitiveness in the regions where we operate. We strictly abide by industry standards and relevant applicable laws, including but not limited to the Environmental Protection Law of People's Republic of China, The Environmental Impact Assessment Law of the People's Republic of China and Law of the People's Republic of China on Prevention and Control of Water Pollution. We strive to be a role model in pursuit of sustainability development in the area of green business world.

STAKEHOLDER ENGAGEMENT

We believe that understanding the views and opinions of our stakeholders is of paramount importance to the long-term success and growth of an environmental protection enterprise. Sustainable development embraces not only our own ESG performance but also our relationship with stakeholders. As such, we are devoted to maintaining close and harmonious relationships with our stakeholders. Continuous engagement with our stakeholders, both formally and informally, enables us to recognize our own strengths and weaknesses to better sharpen our business strategies to respond to their needs and expectations, anticipate risks and strengthen key relationships. We have identified our key stakeholder groups as those who are affected by, or have the ability to

我們的可持續發展方法

利益相關者參與









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influence our business, including employees, governments, suppliers, shareholders, local community and non-governmental organizations. The information collected throughout the stakeholder engagement process serves as an underlying basis for the structure of this report. We will seek ways to step up our effort on stakeholder engagement and review the effectiveness constantly.

OUR PEOPLE

The Group regards our human capital as one of the most important assets. People orientation has been deep-seated in our corporate culture. We aspire to be a preferred employer by offering fulfilling career paths, satisfying development opportunities and competitive remuneration packages to our people. In addition, we strive to provide them with a fair, diversified, pleasant and non-discriminating working environment, complemented with a suite of training programs to enable our people to grow with us. As at 31 December 2016, we had a total of 216 employees.

主要利益相關者團體為受到我們業務的 影響或擁有影響我們業務能力的團體, 包括僱員、政府、供應商、股東、地方 社區及非政府組織。透過利益相關者參 與流程所收集的信息是本報告結構的相 關基準。我們將尋求深化利益相關者參 與的方法及持續檢討其效力。

我們的僱員

本集團將我們的人力資本視為最重要的 資產之一。以人為本已植根於我們的企 業文化中。我們透過向我們的僱員提供 能夠實現個人抱負的職業發展道路、今 人滿意的發展機會及具有競爭力的薪酬 組合,立志成為首選雇主。此外,我們 竭力向僱員提供公平、多元化、舒適且 無歧視的工作環境,輔以一套培訓計 劃,讓我們的僱員與我們一同成長。於 二零一六年十二月三十一日,我們擁有 合共216名僱員。





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TALENT ACQUISITION AND RETENTION

As an equal opportunity employer with an aim to create a workforce characterized by diversity, regardless of the age, gender, religion, marital status and other facts of job applicants, we only take competences, experience and qualifications into consideration during the decision making process of recruitment. We strictly prohibit labour from working before signing labour contract.

We strictly abide by the Labour Law of the People's Republic of China. the Labour Contract Law of the People's Republic of China and other applicable local laws for protection of the rights, interests, benefits and welfare of our employees. Our employee handbook sets out the standard working hours, paid leaves and dismissal policy to safeguard the rights of our people. We adhere to social security scheme to provide pensions, unemployment, medical, work-related injury and maternity insurance along with housing provident fund (五險一金) to our employees in China whereas the Group operates a defined contribution Mandatory Provident Fund retirement benefit scheme (the "MPF Scheme") in Hong Kong under the Mandatory Provident Fund Schemes Ordinance for those employees who are eligible to participate in the MPF Scheme. In addition, the Group offers competitive remuneration and compensation package consisting of basic salary and additional allowances to our employees. Basic salary is determined in accordance with the qualifications, experience, work performance, level of responsibility and length of service of our individual employees whereas additional allowances include overtime work allowance, communication allowance, medical allowance, meal allowance and discretionary bonus as compensation and benefits. A comprehensive performance appraisal system which regularly assesses and reviews the performance of all employees has been established. We will take into account the performance appraisal for employee promotion and salary adjustment.

Starting from 2016, to enhance the sense of belonging among our workforce, we have implemented a "rehiring of retiree" scheme in our waste treatment plants such that re-employed staff can continue sharing their valuable expertise and experience while enjoying rehired salary and the pension. During the reporting period, the employee turnover rate of all of our three wastewater treatment facilities is 6%.

人才招聘及挽留

作為一個一視同仁的雇主,我們的宗旨 是創造多元化的員工隊伍,而不論求職 者的年齡、性別、宗教、婚姻狀況及其 他因素,我們在招聘流程作出決定時, 只會考慮能力、經驗及資格。我們嚴格 禁止勞工在簽署勞動合約之前工作。

我們嚴格遵守《中華人民共和國勞動 法》、《中華人民共和國勞動合同法》及 其他保障我們僱員權利、權益、待遇及 福利的適用地方法律。我們的僱員手冊 規定了標準工時、帶薪假期及遣散政策 以保障僱員的權利。我們遵守社保計 劃,向我們中國的僱員提供五險一金, 而本集團在香港根據強制性公積金計劃 條例,為合資格參與強制性公積金退休 福利計劃(「強積金計劃」) 之僱員,設立 一項定額供款之強積金計劃。此外,本 集團向我們的僱員提供具有競爭力的薪 酬及待遇組合,包括基本工資及額外津 貼。基本工資乃根據我們個別僱員的資 格、經驗、工作表現、責任輕重及服務 年資釐定,而額外津貼包括加班津貼、 通訊津貼、醫療津貼、膳食津貼及酌情 花紅作為補償及福利。已訂立定期評估 及審核所有僱員表現的綜合表現評估體 制。我們在僱員晉升及工資調整時考慮 表現評估。

自二零一六年開始,為了提升我們員工隊伍的歸屬感,我們在污水處理廠實施「回聘退休人員」計劃,因此再就業的職員可繼續分享他們寶貴的專業知識及經驗,同時享受回聘工資及退休金。於報告期間,我們三座污水處理設施僱員流動率為6%。









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HEALTH AND SAFETY

We always put health and safety of our employees as one of our top priorities. We are fully committed to offering a safe and healthy working environment to our employees by minimizing the health and safety risks posed to them. With our guiding principle of "safety first, prevention emphasized", we have established a safety management system of three levels. Under this system, the management of the safety division will be responsible for setting the guidance for the health and safety matters while safety officers of individual departments and teams will act as supervisors and executors respectively, in a bid to root out latent dangers and minimize potential risks immediately. Our occupational health and safety policy has highlighted our care and intention to protect every employee. In case of a safety incident, our employees are required to follow our policy with respect to reporting and investigation of the incident.

We strive to enhance safety awareness in our workplace. The objective of zero-injury rate is always pinpointed in our wastewater treatment facilities. We carry out weekly safety meeting and provide adequate protective equipment to our employees, for example protective gloves and masks. to prevent them from occupational hazards. Also, a comprehensive body check is offered to all employees on an annual basis. We strictly adhere to applicable national laws and regulations, including but not limited to Fire Protection Law and Regulations on the Safety Administration of Dangerous Chemicals.

To augment the ability of emergency preparedness and response of our employees, all of our operating plants are required to carry out emergency drills and safety exercises periodically according to applicable national laws and regulations as well as emergency preparedness plans which cover a wide range of situations including fire and chemical leakage. This way, not only the alertness of our staff can be enhanced, the coordination among different teams in various situations can also be improved. The management will assess the effectiveness of those emergency drills and exercises afterward. We are pleased to announce that there was no workrelated fatality during the reporting year.

健康與安全

我們始終將我們僱員的健康及安全放在 首位。我們透過將僱員面臨的健康及安 全風險降至最低, 竭盡所能為我們的僱 員提供安全及健康的工作環境。結合我 們「安全第一,預防為主」的指導原則, 我們已制定三級安全管理體制。根據此 制度,安全部門的管理層將會負責為健 康及安全事宜制定指引,而個別部門及 團隊的安全專員將會分別擔任監督人及 執行人,力求根除潛在危險且及時將潛 在風險降至最低。我們的職業健康及安 全政策突出我們保護每一位僱員的關懷 及意願。如果發生安全事故,我們的僱 員須遵守我們有關報告及調查事故的政 策。

我們努力提升我們員工隊伍的安全意 識。我們的污水處理設施始終以零工傷 率為目標。我們每週開展安全會議並向 我們的僱員提供充分的保護設備,例如 防護手套及面具,防止他們受到職業危 害。同時,每年向所有僱員提供全面身 體檢查。我們嚴格遵守適用國家法律及 法規,包括但不限於《消防法》及《危險化 學品安全管理條例》。

為了增強我們僱員的應急準備與響應能 力,我們的所有營運工廠須根據適用國 家法律及法規定期開展涵蓋各種情況(包 括火災及化學品洩漏)的應急演練、安全 演習及應急準備規劃。這種方法不僅可 提高我們職員的警覺性,亦可以改善不 同團隊在各種情況下的協作能力。管理 層隨後將評估這些應急演練及演習的效 果。我們欣然宣佈在報告年度內並無與 工作有關的死亡事故。







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TRAINING AND DEVELOPMENT

Our sustainable growth and development is underpinned by the skills, knowledge and capabilities of our employees. They transform our visions into actions. To ensure our people are well equipped to perform their duties, apart from on-the-job training, we organize both internal and external training programs that can be categorized mainly into knowledge based and skill based courses. Below are some of the training courses offered during the reporting period:

- wastewater quality testing
- sludge analysis
- standards of treated wastewater sludge
- wastewater treatment facilities operation
- quality control on laboratory test
- standardized management of laboratory
- health and safety

In addition, with the aim to foster a stronger sense of belonging and lay a cornerstone for future enterprise development, mentorship program is launched in some divisions that require a higher level of technical skills, allowing junior employees to gain hands-on and practical experience from senior industry experts.

LABOUR PRACTICE

In line with applicable labour laws, our labour standard policy stated our standpoint that we adopt a zero tolerance approach to unethical labour practice including but not limited to child labour and forced labour. During the reporting period, we did not identify any issue related to child labour or forced labour within the Group.

培訓及發展

我們的可持續增長及發展有賴於我們僱員的技能、知識及能力。他們是我們的願景的踐行者。除了在職培訓外,為了確保我們的員工有能力履行職責,我們組織主要可分為知識課程及技能課程的內部及外部培訓項目。以下是我們在報告期間提供的部份培訓課程:

- 污水質量檢驗
- 污泥分析
- 經處理的污水污泥標準
- 污水處理設施營運
- 實驗室測試的質量控制
- 實驗室的標準管理
- 健康與安全

此外,為了加強歸屬感及為未來企業發展打下基石,在部份部門開展需要更高技術技能水平的導師計劃,讓新進僱員從資深行業專家獲得實踐及實際經驗。

勞工慣例

依照合適的勞動法,我們的勞動標準政策表明我們對不道德勞工慣例零容忍的立場,包括但不限於童工及強迫勞工。於報告期間,我們在本集團內並無發現任何與童工或強迫勞工有關的問題。

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ETHICAL CULTURE

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Business ethics and corporate integrity are the cornerstone of the success of the Group. We are committed to upholding the highest ethical standards in all areas of our operation. We believe that integrity and honesty are the prerequisites to gain respect and trust from various stakeholders. Our Anti-Corruption Policy states our zero-tolerance approach with regard to bribery, extortion, fraud and money laundering. Our employee Code of Conduct clearly outlines our expectations on employees' behavior and every employee is required to understand, accept and follow it accordingly. All levels of our staff, including directors, must strictly adhere to applicable local laws and regulations concerning bribery, extortion, fraud and money laundering.

We have established a Whistle-Blowing Policy to encourage employees and related third parties to raise concerns, in confidence, about misconducts, malpractices or irregularities. Trainings would also be organized to enhance and strengthen the employees' understanding of the materiality of moral standards and integrity. During the reporting period, we did not identify any issue related to bribery, extortion, fraud and money laundering.

OUR SUPPLY CHAIN

During the reporting period, we worked with a total of 128 suppliers. Our suppliers mainly include contractors for our construction works, suppliers for chemicals for our wastewater treatment operations (including sludge treatment), machine parts for our repairs and maintenance of our equipment, service providers for repair and maintenance works and contractors for sludge and sediments disposal. We generally source our chemicals, machine parts and repair and maintenance services from local suppliers.

We are committed to establishing cooperative, sustainable and mutually beneficial relationships with our suppliers. We believe that the ways how we work with our suppliers have an impact on the quality of our products and services. The Group is dedicated to operating in stringent compliance with all applicable local laws and regulations with integrity. Simultaneously, we expect our suppliers to conduct business in a manner that demonstrates best practices in relation to environmental and social matters. Our supplier code of conduct has clearly set out our expectations on suppliers for environmental, social and ethical standards including but not limited to treating their employees fairly, having zero tolerance to child labour and forced labour, maintaining a safe and healthy workplace, upholding strong business ethics to root out corruption and frauds. Regular assessment on the environmental and social performance of suppliers is conducted. Any violation of the law or serious misconducts can result in termination of cooperation until appropriate remedial measures are well adopted.

道德文化

商業道德及企業誠信是本集團成功的基 石。我們致力於在我們業務的方方面面 維持最高的道德標準。我們認為誠實守 信是獲得利益相關者尊重及信任的先決 條件。我們反腐敗政策表明我們對於賄 **賂、勒索、詐騙及洗黑錢零容忍。我們** 員工行為守則清楚列出我們對僱員行為 的期望,而每位僱員須相應了解、接納 及遵守該守則。我們所有級別的職員(包 括董事)須嚴格遵守有關賄賂、勒索、詐 騙及洗黑錢的適用地方法律及法規。

我們已制定舉報政策以鼓勵僱員及有關 第三方私下舉報行為不當、失職或不法 行為。亦須組織培訓提升及加強僱員對 道德標準及誠信重要性的認識。於報告 期間,我們並無發現有關賄賂、勒索、 詐騙及洗黑錢的任何問題。

我們的供應鏈

於報告期間,我們與合共128名供應商 合作。我們的供應商主要包括我們的建 築工程承包商、我們污水處理業務(包括 污泥處理)的化學物質供應商、設備維修 及保養機器零件供應商、維修及保養工 程服務供應商及污泥及沉澱物處理承包 商。我們一般自當地供應商採購化學物 質、機器零件並獲提供維修及保養服務。

我們致力於與我們的供應商建立合作、 可持續且互惠互利的關係。我們認為我 們與供應商合作的方式對我們的產品及 服務的質量有影響。本集團致力於嚴格 遵守所有適用地方法律及法規並誠信經 營。同時,我們希望我們的供應商以對 環境及社會事宜最佳的做法開展業務。 我們的供應商行為守則已明確訂明我們 就環境、社會及道德標準對供應商的期 待,包括但不限於公平對待其僱員,對 童工及強迫勞工採取零容忍態度,維持 安全及健康工作場所,維護高尚商業道 德標準以根除貪污及詐騙。我們對供應 商的環境及社會表現開展定期評估。違 反法律或嚴重的行為不當可能導致我們 終止合作,直到適當採取合適的補救措 施為止。



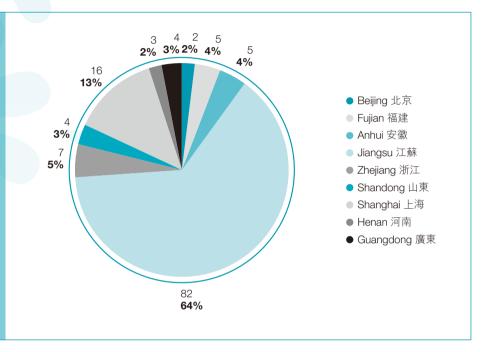


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We have established and adopted a transparent and fair procedure for supplier selection and management, including "Supplier Management Procedures", "Tender Management Policy". We have developed an assessment system to assess potential suppliers. Only registered suppliers are eligible to work with our Group.

我們已就供應商篩選及管理制定及採用透明且公平的程序,包括「供應商管理程序」、「招標管理政策」。我們已制定評估制度評估潛在的供應商。僅註冊供應商合資格與本集團合作。





OUR GREEN BUSINESS

All of our water treatment sites have carried out environmental impact assessment in accordance with related regulations and obtained the operation approval from government. We are committed to be a positive force to our earth by treating effluent with rigorous process to clean up the harmful substances. During the reporting period, our wastewater treatment operation, handling municipal, industrial and heavy metal sewage, has altogether treated a total of 20.8 million tons of wastewater.

我們的綠色業務

我們所有的污水處理站已根據有關的法 規開展環境影響評估,並獲得政府的 營運批准。我們致力成為保護地球的一 份子,以嚴格流程處理污水清除有害物 質。於報告期間,我們的污水處理業務 處理市民、工業及重金屬污水,污水處 理量合共達20.8百萬噸。







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TREATED WASTEWATER

To better safeguard the environment as well as the health and safety of citizens, the quality of effluent after treatment is as of our main concern. We have established a comprehensive "Service Commitment Policy" to systemize the process and procedure of quality inspection. We strictly follow the standards set out by relevant regulatory bodies. Haian Hengfa Facility and Rugao Honghao Facility conform with the Discharge Standard of Pollutants for Municipal Wastewater Treatment Plants 《城鎮污水處理廠 污染物排放標準》) (GB18918-2002) Class 1-A discharge standard and that of Rugao Hengfa has followed the Class 1-B standard of GB18918-2002. Treated sewage meeting Class 1-A discharge standard of GB18918-2002 would be discharged into the key water basins determined by the state and the provincial government or any closed and semi-closed water bodies such as lake and reservoirs. The discharged pollutant limits of Rugao Honghao Facility, which treats heavy metal wastewater, further complies with standards stipulated by the Emission Standard of Pollutants for Electroplating (《電鍍污染物排放標準》) (GB21900-2008).

SLUDGE TREATMENT

Sludge is the main waste generated from sewage treatment and water purification process. To properly handle sludge, we have installed sludge drying machine at our facilities. We have followed the Standard for Pollution Control on Hazardous Waste Storage (《危險廢物貯存污染控制 標準》) (GB18597-2001) to store sludge temporarily. In an attempt to avoid secondary pollution from the improper disposal of sludge, we employ third-party contractors with relevant licenses granted by the government to collect treated sludge after moisture removal for further treatment and disposal in a safe manner. Part of the sludge will be used in making bricks.

AIR EMISSIONS

We have developed a comprehensive and sophisticated monitoring system to manage different kinds of emission. Our Emission Policy has outlined the measures we have implemented to reduce different kinds of emission. For odor generated from wastewater treatment process, we have built covers on those structures that will generate odor in a bid to prevent it from spreading out. The emission of waste gas including odor is abided by the Class 2 standard set out in table 4 of the Discharge Standard of Pollutants for Municipal Wastewater Treatment Plants (GB18918-2002).

經處理的污水

為了更好保護環境及保障公民的健康與 安全, 處理後的污水質量是我們關注的 主要問題。我們已制定全面的「服務承 諾政策」將質量檢驗的流程及程序系統 化。我們嚴格遵守相關監管機構訂明的 標準。海安恆發設施及如皋宏皓設施遵 守《城鎮污水處理廠污染物排放標準》 (GB18918-2002)的一級標準的A排放標 準,如皋恒發設施遵守GB18918-2002的 一級標準的B排放標準。符合GB18918-2002的一級標準的A排放標準的經處理 污水將會流入國家和省政府確定的重點 流域及湖泊、水庫等封閉式、半封閉水 域。處理重金屬污水的如皋宏皓設施排 放的污染物限量進一步遵守《電鍍污染物 排放標準》(GB21900-2008)規定的標準。

污泥處理

污泥是污水處理及水淨化過程產生的主 要污染物。為了適當處理污泥,我們 在我們的設施中安裝污泥烘乾機器。我 們已遵守《危險廢物貯存污染控制標準》 (GB18597-2001) 暫時儲存污泥。為了避 免不當排放污泥產生二次污染,我們聘 用獲政府授予相關許可證的第三方承包 商收集脱水後經處理的污泥,以安全的 方式進一步處理及排放。部份污泥將用 作製磚。

氣體排放

我們已制定全面且先進的監測系統管理 不同類型的排放。我們的排放政策已 概列我們為減少不同類型排放實施的措 施。對於污水處理過程產生的臭味,我 們已在將產生臭味的結構上建造遮蓋 物,以防止臭味散發。包括臭味在內的 廢氣排放遵守《城鎮污水處理廠污染物排 放標準》(GB18918-2002)表4所載二級標 準。







OUR GREEN OPERATION

As an environmental protection enterprise, we recognize the importance to combat global climatic change in a timely manner. We shoulder the responsibility to take initiatives to reduce the ecological impact by proper management on the use of recourse in accordance with our use of resources policy.

GREENHOUSE GASES ("GHGs")

Energy consumption in our daily operation accounts for a major part of our GHG emissions. To address the issue, we consistently seek ways to improve energy efficiency and lower electricity usage in our facilities. Apart from ameliorating our facilities, we also promote a green culture in our operation such as reducing the times of business travel and encouraging double-sided printing.

ENERGY MANAGEMENT

We actively explore opportunity to carry out energy-efficiency upgrade for our equipment. This year, we successfully automatized the controlling system of oxidation ditch in Rugao Hengfa facility which allows the surface aerator to switch automatically according to the dissolved oxygen data. This not only can prevent manual error, but also can reduce the consumption of electricity. On the other hand, energy saving measures have been integrated into our daily operation for example, LED lighting is installed in our office areas and machine with energy efficiency label is purchased.

WATER MANAGEMENT

Being a pioneer in environmental protection industry, it is our mission to treasure every drop of water. In line with our water saving policy, measures for preservation of water resources have been integrated into our daily operation, for example, recycled water is being used for planting and washing machine.

WASTE MANAGEMENT

We encourage the 3Rs of cutting down the amount of household solid waste in our operation: Reuse, Reduce & Recycle. Mechanism of source separation of waste is implemented for easier waste recycling. Non-recyclable items will be sent to Sanitation department for further treatment.

我們的綠色營運

作為一家環保企業,我們認識到及時應 對全球氣候變化的重要性。我們肩負著 採取措施減少生態影響的責任,為此, 我們根據資源使用政策妥善管理資源使 用。

溫室氣體

我們日常營運的能源消耗佔我們溫室氣體排放的主要部份。為了解決這一問題,我們不斷尋求方式改善設施的能源效率及降低我們設施的用電量。除了改造我們的設施外,我們亦在我們的營運中推廣綠色文化,例如減少商務旅行的次數及鼓勵雙面打印。

能源管理

我們主動探索為我們的設備開展節能升級的機會。今年,我們成功在如皋恆設施將氧化溝的控制系統自動化,讓表面曝氣機根據溶解氧數據自動轉換。這不僅能夠防止人工錯誤,亦能夠減少用電量。另一方面,節能措施已融入我們的日常營運當中,例如在我們的辦公區域安裝LED燈及購買具備節能標籤的機器。

水務管理

作為環保行業的先驅,我們的使命是珍惜每一滴水。根據我們的節水政策,保 護水資源的措施已融入到我們的日常營 運當中,例如,再循環水用於灌溉及洗 衣機。

廢棄物管理

我們鼓勵「再利用、減少用及循環用」的 3R原則,減少營運過程中產生的生活 垃圾。我們實施垃圾分類,以便垃圾回 收。不可回收垃圾將送至環衛局進行進 一步處理。









Environmental, Social and Governance Report 環境、社會及管治報告

PAPER REDUCTION

Paper-saving measures are implemented in our daily operation, for example, placing paper recycling bins at offices and encouraging use of electronic document. As our core business is wastewater treatment service, our operation does not involve any packaging materials.

OUR COMMUNITY INVOLVEMENT

As a pioneer in the environmental protection industry, we strive to develop harmonious relationship with local communities where we operate. Our Community Contribution Policy is in place to highlight the approaches we take in this area.

During the reporting period, we have set up the Rugao Hengfa philanthropic education fund which is used to subsidize university students with financial difficulties. To be a socially responsible business enterprise, we will always seek opportunities to give back to our society. In particular, we hope to make use of our expertise to raise the awareness of community on environmental protection in the near future.

減少用紙

我們的日常營運實施節約用紙措施,例 如,在辦公室放置紙張回收箱及鼓勵使 用電子文件。由於我們的核心業務是污 水處理服務,我們的營運並無涉及任何 包裝材料。

我們的社區參與

作為環保行業的先驅,我們努力與我們 營運所在的當地社區發展和諧的關係。 我們已制定社區貢獻政策顯示我們在該 地區採用的方法。

於報告期間,我們已成立如皋恆發慈善 教育基金,該基金用於資助有經濟困難 的大學生。為了成為一家具有社會責任 感的企業,我們將會一直尋找機會回饋 社會。具體而言,我們希望不久的將來 藉由我們的專業技術提高社區對環境保 護的意識。





Mr. Chau On Ta Yuen

Mr. Chau On Ta Yuen, aged 69, was appointed as a Director of the Company on 18 March 2014 and was re-designated as the chairman and an executive Director of the Company on 5 September 2014. He has been the chairman of the nomination committee of the Board since 5 September 2014. Mr. Chau also holds directorships in certain subsidiaries of the Company and is mainly responsible for business development and strategic formulation of the Group. He joined the Group in December 2002 as a director of Everbest Water Treatment Development Company Limited ("Everbest"), an indirect wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company. Mr. Chau is a director of and owns 90% of the issued shares in Wealthy Sea Holdings Limited ("Wealthy Sea"), a substantial shareholder of the Company.

Mr. Chau obtained a bachelor's degree in Chinese language and literature from Xiamen University (廈門大學) in the PRC in August 1968. He is currently a member of the 12th National Committee of the Chinese People's Political Consultative Conference (中國人民政治協商會議), a deputy officer of the Social and Legal Affairs Committee of the Chinese People's Political Consultative Conference (全國政協社會和法制委員會) and the vice chairman and the secretary-general of the 10th board of directors of the Hong Kong Federation of Fujian Associations (香港福建社團聯會). Mr. Chau was awarded the Bronze Bauhinia Star and the Silver Bauhinia Star by the Hong Kong government in 2010 and 2016, respectively.

周安達源先生

周先生於一九六八年八月獲中國廈門大學頒發漢語言文學學士學位。彼現時為中國人民政治協商會議第十二屆全國委員會委員、全國政協社會和法制委員會對主任及香港福建社團聯會第十屆董會副主席兼秘書長。周先生於二零一零年及二零一六年分別獲香港政府授予銅紫荊星章和銀紫荊星章。







Mr. Chau has held directorship in various companies listed on the Stock Exchange. Mr. Chau was the chairman and an executive director of China Ocean Industry Group Limited (stock code: 651) from September 2007 and has ceased to be the chairman and has been re-designated as a nonexecutive director and appointed as the honorary chairman since June 2015. Mr. Chau has also been appointed as an independent non-executive director of Redco Properties Group Limited (stock code: 1622), Come Sure Group (Holdings) Limited (stock code: 794) and Good Resources Holdings Limited (stock code: 109) since January 2014, February 2009 and July 2007, respectively. Mr. Chau had also been an executive director of Rosan Resources Holdings Limited (stock code: 578) from March 2000 to November 2006, an independent non-executive director of Hao Wen Holdings Limited (stock code: 8019) from June 2003 to August 2009, GR Properties Limited (stock code: 108) from December 2008 to September 2010 and Leyou Technologies Holdings Limited (stock code: 1089) from December 2010 to May 2016. Mr. Chau is the father of Mr. Chau Chi Yan Benny, a non-executive Director of the Company.

周先生於多間聯交所上市公司擔任董事 職務。周先生自二零零七年九月起擔任 中海重工集團有限公司(股份代號:651) 主席兼執行董事,自二零一五年六月 起,不再任職主席,並被調任為非執行 董事及獲委任為名譽主席。周先生分別 自二零一四年一月、二零零九年二月及 二零零十年十月起亦獲委任為力高地產 集團有限公司(股份代號:1622)、錦勝 集團(控股)有限公司(股份代號:794)及 天成國際集團控股有限公司(股份代號: 109) 獨立非執行董事。周先生亦於二零 零零年三月至二零零六年十一月擔任融 信資源控股有限公司(股份代號:578) 執行董事、於二零零三年六月至二零零 九年八月擔任皓文控股有限公司(股份代 號:8019)、於二零零八年十二月至二零 一零年九月擔任國鋭地產有限公司(股份 代號:108)及於二零一零年十二月至二 零一六年五月擔任樂遊科技控股有限公 司(股份代號:1089)獨立非執行董事。 周先生為本公司非執行董事周致人先生 的父親。

Mr. Chan Kwan

Mr. Chan Kwan, aged 34, was appointed as a Director of the Company on 25 February 2014 and was re-designated as an executive Director and the chief executive officer of the Company on 5 September 2014. He has been a member of the nomination committee of the Board since 5 September 2014. Mr. Chan also holds directorships in certain subsidiaries of the Company and is mainly responsible for all major affairs of the Group, including project construction and operation, business development, marketing and strategic formulation. Mr. Chan joined the Group in March 2007 as a director of Everbest. Prior to joining the Group, Mr. Chan was a database administrator at Panda Restaurant Group, Inc. in Los Angeles, the United States, from February 2005 to December 2006.

陳昆先生

陳昆先生,34歲,於二零一四年二月 二十五日獲委任為本公司董事,並於二 零一四年九月五日調任為本公司執行董 事兼行政總裁。彼自二零一四年九月五 日起一直為董事會的提名委員會成員。 陳先生亦持有本公司若干附屬公司的董 事職務,並主要負責本集團一切重大事 務,包括項目建設及營運、業務發展、 市場推廣及策略制訂。陳先生於二零零 七年三月加入本集團,擔任恆發的董 事。於加入本集團前,陳先生於二零零 五年二月至二零零六年十二月為美國洛 杉 磯 Panda Restaurant Group, Inc. 的 數 據庫管理員。





Mr. Chan obtained a bachelor's degree in science from the Iowa State University of Science and Technology in the United States in December 2004. He is a member of the 11th Fujian Province Committee of the Chinese People's Political Consultative Conference (中國人民政治協商 會議福建省委員會), a standing committee member of the 10th board of directors of the Hong Kong Federation of Fujian Associations (香港福建 社團聯會), the chief supervisor of the 10th Hong Kong Minxi Association Ltd. (香港閩西聯會), the vice-president of the 11th Supervision Committee of Lung Yen Residents Association of Hong Kong Limited (香港龍岩同鄉 會), and the president of the Hong Kong Federation of Overseas Chinese Youth Committee (香港華僑華人總會). Mr. Chan is the elder brother of Mr. Chan Pak Lam Brian, a non-executive director of the Company.

陳先生於二零零四年十二月獲美國愛 荷華州立大學(Iowa State University of Science and Technology) 頒發理學學 士學位。彼為中國人民政治協商會議第 十一屆福建省委員會委員、香港福建社 團聯會第十屆董事會常務會董、香港閩 西聯會第十屆監事長、香港龍岩同鄉會 第十一屆監督委員會副會長及香港華僑 華人總會青年委員會主席。陳先生為本 公司非執行董事陳栢林先生的胞兄。

Mr. Chan is the sole director of and holds a 20% interest in Everbest Environmental Investment Limited ("Everbest Environmental"), a controlling shareholder of the Company. Mr. Chan also owns 25% of the issued shares in Kingdrive Limited ("Kingdrive"). Kingdrive owned all the issued shares in Carlton Asia, which owns approximately 1.41% of the issued Shares.

陳先生為本公司控股股東Everbest Environmental Investment Limited (「Everbest Environmental」) 的唯一董 事,並持有其20%的權益。陳先生亦擁 有 Kingdrive Limited (「Kingdrive」) 25% 的已發行股份。Kingdrive擁有Carlton Asia全部已發行股份,而Carlton Asia擁 有約1.41%的已發行股份。

Mr. Radius Suhendra

Mr. Radius Suhendra, aged 43, was appointed as a Director of the Company on 21 October 2016. Mr. Suhendra is mainly responsible for all major affairs of an Indonesia-incorporated subsidiary of the Company, which was acquired by the Group in late 2016. He has been overseeing the construction and operation of the palm kernel oil mill and the ancillary biomass power plants in that subsidiary.

蘇堅人先生

蘇堅人先生,43歲,於二零一六年十月 二十一日獲委任為本公司董事。蘇先生 主要負責本集團於二零一六年年底收購 的本公司於印尼註冊成立附屬公司的所 有重大事項。彼一直在監督該附屬公司 的仁油榨油廠及自備生物質電廠的建造 及營運。

He obtained a bachelor's degree in business administration from Ohio State University, the United States in 1996. He has 15 years of experience in managing businesses in heavy industries in Asia, including 7 years in managing ferrous trading business of a ferrous alloy trading firm between 1998 and 2005 in Singapore, From 2006 to 2010, Mr. Suhendra was the president director of PT. Indoferro which operates blast furnace producing nickel pig iron in Indonesia.

蘇先生於一九九六年取得美國俄亥俄州 立大學工商管理學士學位。彼在亞洲重 工業業務管理方面擁有15年的經驗,包 括於一九九八年至二零零五年7年在新加 坡一間鐵合金交易公司負責管理黑色金 屬交易業務。自二零零六年至二零一零 年期間,蘇先生為PT. Indoferro的總裁董 事, PT. Indoferro 的業務為在印尼使用高 爐生產含鎳生鐵。







Mr. Chan Pak Lam Brian

Mr. Chan Pak Lam Brian, aged 28, was appointed as a Director of the Company on 18 March 2014 and was re-designated as a non-executive Director of the Company on 5 September 2014. He has been a member of the remuneration committee of the Board since 5 September 2014. Mr. Chan obtained a bachelor's degree in communication from Purdue University in the United States in May 2011. Since March 2013, Mr. Chan has been working as marketing and sales director at PT. Indoferro. He has been involved in the business of the Group since September 2012 when he was appointed as a director of Exuberant Legacy Holdings Ltd. ("Exuberant"), a company incorporated in Hong Kong, which was intended by the then shareholders of Everbest Environmental to be used as the holding company for the purpose of the listing of the Group. While serving as a director of Exuberant, Mr. Chan was involved in exploring business opportunities in the environmental-related industry within the larger Asia region and was also responsible for the setting up and maintenance of the Company's information technology system. Mr. Chan continued to be involved in the Group's business after he was appointed as a Director on 18 March 2014. Mr. Chan is the younger brother of Mr. Chan Kwan, an executive Director and the chief executive officer of the Company.

Mr. Chau Chi Yan Benny

Mr. Chau Chi Yan Benny, aged 35, was appointed as a Director of the Company on 18 March 2014 and was re-designated as a non-executive Director of the Company on 5 September 2014. He has been a member of the audit committee of the Board since 5 September 2014 and also holds directorships in certain subsidiaries of the Company.

Prior to joining the Group, Mr. Chau worked as an international trade department manager of China Ocean Shipbuilding Industry Group Limited from February 2011 to August 2013 and a business adviser at Vodafone Ltd. in the United Kingdom (the "UK") from November 2005 to September 2008.

Mr. Chau is currently a consultant of Convoy Financial Services Limited. He obtained a bachelor's degree in arts from Manchester Metropolitan University in the United Kingdom in September 2005. He is also registered as a technical representative of the Professional Insurance Brokers Association. Mr. Chau is (i) the son of Mr. Chau On Ta Yuen, an executive Director of the Company and the chairman of the Board and (ii) a director of Wealthy Sea, a substantial shareholder of the Company.

陳栢林先生

陳栢林先生,28歲,於二零一四年三月 十八日獲委任為本公司董事,並於二零 一四年九月五日調任為本公司非執行董 事。彼自二零一四年九月五日起一百為 董事會的薪酬委員會成員。陳先生於二 零一一年五月獲美國普渡大學頒發傳播 學學士學位。自二零一三年三月起,陳 先生一直在PT. Indoferro 擔任市場推廣及 銷售總監。彼自二零一二年九月起已參 與本集團業務,當時彼獲委任為一間香 港註冊成立公司強泰控股有限公司(「強 泰」)的董事,而Everbest Environmental 當時的股東擬就本集團上市將強泰作為 控股公司。在擔任強泰董事時,陳先生 參與在亞洲更多地區探索環保相關行業 的業務機會,亦負責本公司資訊科技系 統的設立及保養。陳先生於二零一四年 三月十八日獲委任為董事後繼續參與本 集團業務。陳先生為本公司執行董事兼 行政總裁陳昆先生的胞弟。

周致人先生

周致人先生,35歲,於二零一四年三月 十八日獲委任為本公司董事,並於二零 一四年九月五日調任為本公司非執行董 事。彼自二零一四年九月五日起一直為 董事會的審核委員會成員,亦持有本公 司若干附屬公司的董事職務。

於加入本集團前,周先生於二零一一年 二月至二零一三年八月擔任中海船舶重 工集團有限公司國際貿易部經理,及於 二零零五年十一月至二零零八年九月擔 任英國(「英國」)Vodafone Ltd.業務顧問。

周先生現時為康宏理財服務有限公司的 顧問。彼於二零零五年九月獲英國曼徹 斯特城市大學頒發文學學士學位。彼亦 為專業保險經紀協會的註冊業務代表。 周先生為(i)本公司執行董事兼董事會主席 周安達源先生之子及(ii)本公司主要股東 潤海的董事。





Ms. Ng Chung Yan Linda

Ms. Ng Chung Yan Linda, aged 41, was appointed as an independent non-executive Director of the Company on 5 September 2014. She has been the chairman of the audit committee of the Board and a member of each of the remuneration committee and the nomination committee of the Board since 5 September 2014.

Ms. Ng has been a director of Linda C.Y. Ng (CPA) Limited, previously known as Tseung & Ng (CPA) Limited since April 2012, prior to which she was the sole proprietor of Linda C.Y. Ng & Co., an accounting firm, from January 2008 to April 2013. Ms. Ng has also been a director of Futurelink Limited since February 2004. She has been a part-time lecturer in the School of Continuing and Professional Education of City University of Hong Kong since October 2015 and a part-time lecturer at HKCA Learning Media Limited since August 2010, and was a part-time lecturer at Accountancy Training Company (International) Limited from September 2007 to April 2010. She is the author of "Financial Reporting in Hong Kong: SME Edition 2015/16" published in December 2015 and "Practical Guide to Financial Reporting Standards in Hong Kong" published by CCH Hong Kong Limited since September 2013. She was a director of Learning Is Fun Association Limited from June 2007 to June 2012. Ms. Ng was a staff accountant at Ernst & Young from September 2000 to September 2001, and was promoted to senior accountant in October 2001 until she left that firm in October 2002.

Ms. Ng obtained a master's degree in professional accounting from the Hong Kong Polytechnic University in October 2009 and a bachelor's degree in business administration from Hong Kong University of Science and Technology in November 1997. She has been a certified professional forensic accountant of The Institute of Certified Forensic Accountants since September 2011, a certified tax adviser and an associate of the Taxation Institute of Hong Kong since September 2010, a fellow of the Association of Chartered Certified Accountants in the UK since October 2005 and a practicing member of Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants since January 2005.

伍頌恩女士

伍頌恩女士,41歲,於二零一四年九月五日獲委任為本公司獨立非執行董事。彼自二零一四年九月五日起一直為董事會的審核委員會主席以及董事會的薪酬委員會及提名委員會各自之成員。

伍女士自二零一二年四月起擔任伍頌恩 會計師事務所有限公司(前稱蔣伍會計 師事務所有限公司)董事,此前彼於二 零零八年一月至二零一三年四月為會計 師行伍頌恩會計師事務所的獨資經營 者。伍女士亦自二零零四年二月起擔 任Futurelink Limited的董事。彼自二零 一五年十月起為香港城市大學專業進修 學院的兼職講師、自二零一零年八月起 為HKCA Learning Media Limited的兼職 講師、自二零零七年九月至二零一零年 四月為Accountancy Training Company (International) Limited的兼職講師。彼 為於二零一五年十二月出版的《Financial Reporting in Hong Kong: SME Edition 2015/16》的作者及為自二零一三年九 月起CCH Hong Kong Limited出版的 《Practical Guide to Financial Reporting Standards in Hong Kong》的作者。彼自 二零零七年六月至二零一二年六月擔任 Learning Is Fun Association Limited的董 事。伍女士於二零零零年九月至二零零 一年九月為安永會計師事務所的會計職 員,其後於二零零一年十月獲晉升為高 級會計師,直至二零零二年十月離職。

伍女士於二零零九年十月獲香港理工大學頒發專業會計學碩士學位,及於一九九七年十一月獲香港科技大學頒發工商管理學士學位。彼自二零一一年九月起為註冊法證會計師協會(The Institute of Certified Forensic Accountants)執業專業法證會計師、自二零一零年九月為香港稅務學會的執業稅務顧問及資訊會員、自二零零五年十月起為英國特許公會計師公會資深會員及自二零零五年一月起為香港會計師公會執業會員。









Mr. Ng Man Kung

Mr. Ng Man Kung, aged 65, was appointed as an independent nonexecutive Director of the Company on 5 September 2014. He has been the chairman of the remuneration committee of the Board and a member of each of the audit committee and the nomination committee of the Board since 5 September 2014.

Mr. Ng was a business consultant of China Orient Asset Management (International) Holding Limited, a company principally engaged in investment, from January 2014 to April 2015. He worked at Chiyu Banking Corporation Ltd. from July 1969 to December 2012 and was a chief executive from April 1992 to July 2012. Mr. Ng was an honorary president of the 37th Chinese Bankers Club, Hong Kong, a member of the Council of Hong Kong Polytechnic University from April 1999 to March 2003 and a member of the 10th Fujian Province Committee of the Chinese People's Political Consultative Conference (中國人民政治協商會議福建省 委員會). Mr. Ng completed an extension course in banking at the Hong Kong Polytechnic University in September 1982. Mr. Ng has also been an independent non-executive director of each of Fujian Holdings Limited (stock code: 181) since June 2014, Global Tech (Holdings) Limited (stock code: 143) since March 2016 and China HKBridge Holdings Limited (stock code: 2323) since March 2016.

Mr. Sze Yeuk Lung Benedict

Mr. Sze Yeuk Lung Benedict, aged 46, was appointed as an independent non-executive Director of the Company on 5 September 2014. He has been a member of each of the audit committee, the remuneration committee and the nomination committee of the Board since 5 September 2014.

Mr. Sze is currently the principal of Dacheng Law Offices. He obtained a degree of juris doctor from the Southwestern University in the United States in December 1999. Mr. Sze also obtained a master's degree in business administration and a bachelor's degree in science from the Loyola Marymount University in the United States in December 1993 and May 1992, respectively.

吳文拱先生

吳文拱先生,65歲,於二零一四年九月 五日獲委任為本公司獨立非執行董事。 彼自二零一四年九月五日起一直為董事 會的薪酬委員會主席以及董事會的審核 委員會及提名委員會各自之成員。

吴先生自二零一四年一月至二零一五年 四月擔任中國東方資產管理(國際)控 股有限公司的業務顧問,該公司主要從 事投資業務。彼於一九六九年七月至二 零一二年十二月於集友銀行有限公司任 職,於一九九二年四月至二零一二年七 月擔任總經理。吳先生為第37屆香港 銀行華員會名譽會長、於一九九九年四 月至二零零三年三月為香港理工大學校 董會成員及為中國人民政治協商會議 第十屆福建省委員會委員。吳先生於 一九八二年九月修畢香港理工大學銀行 業校外課程。吳先生亦分別自二零一四 年六月起擔任閩港控股有限公司(股份代 號:181)、自二零一六年三月起擔任耀 科國際(控股)有限公司(股份代號:143) 及自二零一六年三月起擔任中國港橋控 股有限公司(股份代號:2323)的獨立非 執行董事。

施若龍先生

施若龍先生,46歲,於二零一四年九月 五日獲委任為本公司獨立非執行董事。 彼自二零一四年九月五日起一直為董事 會的審核委員會、薪酬委員會及提名委 員會各自之成員。

施先生現時為大成律師事務所的負責 人。彼於一九九九年十二月獲美國西南 大學頒發法學博士學位。施先生亦分別 於一九九三年十二月及一九九二年五月 獲美國洛約拉馬利蒙特大學頒發工商管 理碩士學位及理學學士學位。





Mr. Sze is qualified as a lawyer in the United States, Hong Kong as well as the PRC. In June 2000, he was admitted to the practice of law in the State of California and in the United States District Court of the Central District of California, and is currently a member of the State Bar of California. In September 2001, he was admitted to practise in the United States Court of Appeals for the Ninth Circuit. In March 2004, he was admitted as a Solicitor to the High Court of Hong Kong. In February 2008, he passed the National Judicial Examination of the PRC and was granted qualification as a legal professional by the Ministry of Justice in the PRC. In April 2014, he was admitted to the Bar of the Supreme Court of the United States.

福尼亞州及美國加利福尼亞中區聯邦地區 法 院 (United States District Court of the Central District of California) 的律師職業資格,現時為加利福尼亞州律師協會(State Barof California)會員。於二零學一年九月,彼取得在美國聯邦第四四年,彼取得香港高等法院大律國國家經過一次,被取得香港高等法院大律國國家經過一次,被獲得國司法部授予法律專業國司法部授予法律專業國司法院納入為大律師。

施先生為合資格美國、香港以及中國律

師。於二零零零年六月,彼取得在加利

Mr. Sze is a member of the All-China Federation of Returned Overseas Chinese (中華全國歸國華僑聯合會) (the "ACFROC"), a member of the legal advisory committee of the ACFROC (中國僑聯法律顧問委員會), an overseas legal adviser of the legal advisory committee of the ACFROC in Jiangsu Province (江蘇省僑聯法律顧問委員會), an overseas legal adviser of the ACFROC in Zhejiang Province (浙江省僑聯), a member of the 11th Fujian Committee of the Chinese People's Political Consultative Conference (中國人民政治協商會議福建省委員會), a legal adviser of the Sy Clan Association of HK Limited (香港施氏宗親會) as well as a voluntary legal adviser of each of the Hong Kong CPPCC of Fukien Province Members Association (福建省港區政協委員聯誼會), the Hong Kong Federation of Fujian Associations (香港福建社團聯會) and the 16th board of The Federation of Jin Jiang Hong Kong Associations (香港晉江社團總會).

施先生為中華全國歸國華僑聯合會(「僑幣」)會員、中國僑聯法律顧問委員會會員、江蘇省僑聯法律顧問委員會海外、律顧問、浙江省僑聯海外法律顧問、浙江省僑聯海外法律顧問、浙江省僑聯海外法律顧問建行區內方面, 員會委員、香港施氏宗親會法律顧問。 以及福建省港區政協委員聯誼會級 福建社團聯會及香港晉江社團總等 十六屆理事會各自的義務法律顧問。









Directors' and Senior Management's Biographical Details 董事及高級管理層之個人履歷

SENIOR MANAGEMENT

Mr. Fan Chi Chiu

Mr. Fan Chi Chiu, aged 31, joined our Group in April 2015 and was appointed as the chief financial officer of the Company on 1 June 2015. He is mainly responsible for financial management and reporting, investor relations, fund raising and capital management of our Group. He assists the chief executive officer in our strategic planning and business development, as well as the Group's compliance with applicable laws and regulations in Hong Kong and the PRC.

Prior to joining the Group, Mr. Fan was a finance director of Vantasia Holdings (H.K.) Limited from April 2014 to March 2015. He was an analyst in Barclays Investment Bank from July 2011 to March 2014 and a senior associate of Pricewaterhouse Coopers from October 2007 to June 2011.

Mr. Fan obtained a bachelor's degree in professional accountancy from the Chinese University of Hong Kong in July 2007. Mr. Fan is a member of the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants.

Mr. Wang Zili

Mr. Wang Zili, aged 54, was appointed as the deputy general manager of the wastewater treatment facility operated by Haian Hengfa, a subsidiary of the Company (the "Haian Hengfa Facility") on 18 March 2014. Mr. Wang joined the Group in February 2005 and is mainly responsible for overseeing operational matters related to the Haian Hengfa Facility. Prior to joining the Group, Mr. Wang was vice chairman and general manager of Beijing Solar Power Nutritious Engineering Development Co., Ltd. (北京 瑞權營養工程發展有限公司), a deputy general manager of National Youth Services Centre (中國青少年社會服務中心) and a researcher of Zhuzhou Electric Locomotive Research Institute (鐵道部株洲電力機車研究院), and worked at Shenzhen Recruitment Services Company (深圳市人才服務 公司). Mr. Wang obtained a bachelor's degree in engineering from Dalian Railway Institute (大連鐵道學院) (now known as Dalian Jiaotong University (大連交通大學)) in the PRC in July 1983.

高級管理層

范智超先生

范智超先生,31歲,於二零一五年四月 加入本集團,於二零一五年六月一日獲 委任為本公司財務總監。彼主要負責本 集團的財務管理和申報、投資者關係、 集資和資金管理。彼協助行政總裁實施 策略規劃及業務發展以及監督本集團遵 守香港及中國適用法律法規的情況。

於加入本集團前,范先生於二零一四年 四月至二零一五年三月為萬安控股(香 港)有限公司財務主管。彼於二零一一 年七月至二零一四年三月為巴克萊投資 銀行研究員及於二零零七年十月至二零 --年六月為羅兵咸永道會計師事務所 高級審計員。

范先生於二零零七年七月獲得香港中文 大學頒發專業會計學學士學位。范先生 為香港會計師公會會員。

汪自力先生

汪自力先生,54歲,於二零一四年三 月十八日獲委任為本公司附屬公司海安 恒發所營運污水處理設施(「海安恒發設 施」)副總經理。汪先生於二零零五年二 月加入本集團,主要負責監督海安恆發 設施相關營運事宜。於加入本集團前, 汪先生曾擔任北京瑞權營養工程發展有 限公司副主席及總經理、中國青少年社 會服務中心副總經理、鐵道部株洲電力 機車研究院研究員以及曾於深圳市人才 服務公司任職。汪先生於一九八三年七 月獲中國大連鐵道學院(現稱大連交通大 學)頒發工程學士學位。





Directors' and Senior Management's Biographical Details 董事及高級管理層之個人履歷

Mr. Zhou Yinbing

Mr. Zhou Yinbing, aged 39, was appointed as the deputy general manager of the wastewater treatment facility operated by Rugao Hengfa, a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company (the "Rugao Hengfa Facility") on 18 March 2014 and is mainly responsible for overseeing operational matters related to the Rugao Hengfa Facility and the wastewater treatment facility operated by Rugao Honghao Metal Water Treatment Company Limited, another wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company. Mr. Zhou joined the Group in February 2004. Prior to joining the Group, Mr. Zhou worked at Nantong Feilong Towngas Fittings Factory (南通飛龍煤氣設備製造廠) from September 1997 to February 2004, providing technological support in the production department.

Mr. Zhou studied economics and management at the Party School of the Jiangsu Provincial Committee of the Communist Party of China (中共江蘇省委黨校) in July 2010, and obtained an associate degree in business administration from the Open University of China (中央廣播電視大學) in July 2006 as well as a diploma in applied electrical and mechanical technology from Jiangsu Province Nantong School of Agriculture (江蘇省南通農業學校) in June 1997. Mr. Zhou was qualified as a wastewater treatment technological management administrator by the Jiangsu Province Housing and Urban-Rural Development (江蘇省住房和城鄉建設廳) in December 2011, an engineer by Jiangsu Province Environmental Protection Department (江蘇省環境保護廳) in January 2008, a work safety administrator by Rugao Administration of Work Safety (如皋市安全生產監督管理局) in June 2006.

周銀兵先生

周銀兵先生,39歲,於二零一四年三月十八日獲委任為本公司全資附「如皋恆醫運污水處理設施(「如皋恆醫說施」)副總經理,主要負責監屬所營運污水處理實所監屬與在公司大處理有限公司,因於二零零四年二月在南通飛門提供支術支持。 造廠任職,為生產部門提供技術支持。

周先生於二零一零年七月在中共江蘇省 委黨校研修經濟管理、於二零零 商程 大學頒集電視大學頒集電視大學頒集工戶,與 大學位以及於一九九七年,可以 大學 中央廣播電視大學 的 大學 的 大學 的 不可 , 一年十二月 獲 中 , 於 一年十二月 據 理 管理 管理 資 於 二 宗 平 定 為 工程 師 不 定 為 工程 師 是 於 管 理 管 環 境 保 護 廳 平 定 为 工程 節 不 定 为 不 的 不 的 不 的 不 的 不 的 一年 , 於 督 理 管 理 管 理 管 理 管 理 是 下 安全 管 理 員。



Directors' and Senior Management's Biographical Details 董事及高級管理層之個人履歷





COMPANY SECRETARY

Mr. Kwok Siu Man

Mr. Kwok Siu Man, aged 58, has been appointed as the company secretary of the Company since 18 March 2014. Mr. Kwok is an executive director and the head, corporate secretarial of Boardroom Corporate Services (HK) Limited and a director of Boardroom Share Registrars (HK) Limited, our Hong Kong branch share registrar. He is presently a fellow member of each of the Institute of Chartered Secretaries and Administrators and the Institute of Financial Accountants in England, The Hong Kong Institute of Chartered Secretaries ("HKICS"), The Association of Hong Kong Accountants, The Hong Kong Institute of Directors and the Institute of Public Accountants in Australia. He also possesses professional qualifications in arbitration, tax, securities and investment, financial planning and human resource management. He was the chief examiner of the "Corporate Secretaryship/Hong Kong Company Secretarial Practice" module of the international qualifying examinations of the HKICS and its longest-serving council member/director. In addition, Mr. Kwok completed the Common Professional Examination in England and Wales, obtained a post-graduate diploma in laws and earned a bachelor's degree of arts and a professional diploma in company secretaryship and administration.

Mr. Kwok has an aggregate of over 25 years of extensive in-house corporate secretarial, legal and management experience gained at company secretary and other senior positions from overseas and Hong Kong (including Hang Seng Index Constituent stock and Hang Seng Mid-Cap 50) listed companies. He was the managing director of a topnotch financial printer in Hong Kong with international affiliation and an independent non-executive director of a company listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange. He was named in the "International WHO'S WHO of Professionals" In 1999 and has been an adjudicator of the Best Annual Reports Awards organised by the Hong Kong Management Association and a member of the Board of Review appointed by the government of Hong Kong under the Inland Revenue Ordinance. He is currently the company secretary and a joint company secretary of a number of companies listed on the Stock Exchange and the vice-chairman of a charity fund in Hong Kong.

公司秘書

郭兆文先生

郭兆文先生,58歲,自二零一四年三月 十八日以來出任本公司的公司秘書。郭 先生為寶德隆企業服務(香港)有限公司 的執行董事兼企業秘書部主管及我們香 港證券登記分處寶德隆證券登記有限公 司的董事。彼現為英國特許秘書及行政 人員公會、英國註冊財務會計師公會、 香港特許秘書公會(「港秘書會」)、香港 專業會計師協會、香港董事學會以及澳 洲公共會計師協會的資深會員。彼亦具 備仲裁、税務、證券及投資、財務策劃 及人力資源管理方面等專業資格。彼曾 為港秘書會國際會員資格考試「企業秘書 學/香港公司秘書實務」的主考官及為該 會服務年資最長的理事會成員/董事。 此外,郭先生已完成英格蘭及威爾士的 普通法專業考試,取得法學深造文憑, 且擁有文學學士學位及公司秘書及行政 學專業文憑。

郭先生於多家海外及香港(包括恒生指 數成份股及恒生50中型市值股)上市公 司擔任公司秘書及其他高級職位期間, 在機構內部的企業秘書、法律及管理方 面合共積累逾25年的豐富經驗。彼曾 為一間擁有國際聯繫並具領先地位的香 港財經印刷公司的董事總經理及一間於 聯交所主板上市的公司的獨立非執行董 事。彼於一九九九年名列國際專業人士 名 人 錄(International WHO'S WHO of Professionals),並曾擔任香港管理專業 協會舉辦的「最佳年報獎」的評判以及獲 香港政府按税務條例委任為税務上訴委 員會成員。彼目前為多間聯交所上市公 司的公司秘書及聯席公司秘書,及一間 香港慈善基金的副主席。







The Company is committed to fulfilling its responsibilities to the Company's shareholders (the "**Shareholders**") and protecting and enhancing Shareholder value through good corporate governance.

The Directors recognize the importance of incorporating elements of good corporate governance in the management structures and internal control procedures of the Group so as to achieve effective accountability.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE PRACTICES

The Company has applied the principles and complied with all applicable code provisions as set out in the Corporate Governance Code (the "CG Code") set out in Appendix 14 to the Listing Rules throughout the Year, except as disclosed in this report.

SECURITIES TRANSACTIONS BY DIRECTORS

The Company has adopted the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Issuers (the "**Model Code**") as contained in Appendix 10 to the Listing Rules as its own code of conduct governing the securities transactions by the Directors. Following a specific enquiry made by the Company on the Directors, all of them confirmed that they had complied with the required standard set out in the Model Code during the Year or from the date of appointment as a Director until the end of the Year (as the case might be).

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

RESPONSIBILITIES

The Board is primarily responsible for overseeing and supervising the management of the business affairs and the overall performance of the Group. The Board sets the Group's values and standards and ensures that the requisite financial and human resources support are in place for the Group to achieve its objectives. The functions performed by the Board include but not limited to formulating the Group's business plans and strategies, reviewing the Company's financial results and performance and approving its interim and annual results upon the review and recommendation of the audit committee of the Board (the "Audit Committee"); approving the appointment or re-appointment of the Board members upon the recommendation of the nomination committee of the Board (the "Nomination Committee"); approving the remuneration package of the Directors and senior management of the Company (the "Senior Management") upon the recommendation of the remuneration committee of the Board (the "Remuneration Committee"), deciding all

本公司致力履行其對本公司股東(「**股東**」)之職責,並透過良好企業管治維護及提高股東價值。

董事深信要達至有效的問責制度,在本 集團之管理架構及內部監控程序中引進 良好企業管治的元素非常重要。

企業管治慣例

除本報告所披露者外,本公司於本年度 內應用原則及遵守上市規則附錄十四所 載企業管治守則(「**企業管治守則**」)的所 有適用守則條文。

董事進行證券交易

本公司已採納上市規則附錄十所載之上 市發行人董事進行證券交易之標準守則 (「標準守則」),作為董事進行證券交易 之操守準則。經本公司向全體董事作出 具體查詢後,彼等確認其於本年度或自 獲委任為董事日期起至本年度結束(視情 況而定)一直遵守標準守則所規定之準 則。

董事會

職書

企業管治報告





significant financial (including major capital expenditure) and operational issues, developing, monitoring and reviewing the Group's corporate governance, and all other functions reserved to the Board under the Company's articles of association (the "Articles of Association"). The Board may from time to time delegate certain functions to the Senior Management if and when considered appropriate. The Senior Management is mainly responsible for the execution of the business plans, strategies and policies adopted by the Board and assigned to it from time to time.

的資本支出)及營運事項,發展、監察及審查本集團的企業管治,及所有其他根據本公司之組織章程細則(「組織章程細則」)須由董事會負責的職能。董事會可於其認為適當之時,不時授予本集團高級管理層若干職能。高級管理層主要負責執行董事會採納及不時獲指派的業務計劃、策略及政策。

COMPOSITION

The Company is committed to the view that the Board should include a balanced composition of executive and independent non-executive Directors so that there is a strong independent element on the Board, which can effectively exercise independent judgement.

Currently, the Board comprises the following eight Directors:

Executive Directors (the "EDs")

Mr. Chau On Ta Yuen (Chairman)

Mr. Chan Kwan (Chief Executive Officer)

Mr. Radius Suhendra

Non-executive Directors (the "NEDs")

Mr. Chan Pak Lam Brian

Mr. Chau Chi Yan Benny

Independent Non-executive Directors (the "INEDs")

Ms. Ng Chung Yan Linda

Mr. Ng Man Kung

Mr. Sze Yeuk Lung Benedict

The biographical details of each of the Directors are set out in the section headed "Directors' and Senior Management's Biographical Details" of this annual report.

Mr. Chau On Ta Yuen, the Chairman of the Board, is the father of Mr. Chau Chi Yan Benny, a NED. He is also a substantial shareholder of the Company. Mr. Chan Kwan, the Chief Executive Officer of the Company, is the elder brother of Mr. Chan Pak Lam Brian, a NED. Mr. Chan Kwan owns 20% of the issued shares of a controlling shareholder of the Company. Save as aforesaid, there was no financial, business, family or other material relationship among the Directors.

組成

本公司一向認為董事會中執行董事及獨立非執行董事之組合應保持均衡,使董事會在很大程度上保持獨立,從而能夠有效作出獨立判斷。

目前,董事會由以下八位董事組成:

執行董事(「執行董事」)

周安達源先生(主席) 陳昆先生(行政總裁) 蘇堅人先生

非執行董事(「非執行董事」)

陳栢林先生 周致人先生

獨立非執行董事(「獨立非執行董事」)

伍頌恩女士 吳文拱先生 施若龍先生

各董事的履歷資料列載於本年度報告「董 事及高級管理層之個人履歷」內。

董事會主席周安達源先生為非執行董事 周致人先生之父親。彼亦為本公司之 主要股東。本公司行政總裁陳昆先生為 非執行董事陳栢林先生之兄長。陳昆 先生持有本公司控股股東已發行股本 的20%。除上述者外,董事之間並無財 務、業務、家族或其他重大關係。







The three EDs are responsible for the leadership and control of the Company and overseeing the Group's businesses development, strategic formulation and are collectively responsible for promoting the success of the Company by directing and supervising its affairs.

The INEDs participate in the Board meetings to bring in an independent judgment to bear on the issues of strategy, policy, performance, accountability, resources, key appointments and standards of conducts and scrutinize the Company's performance in achieving agreed corporate goals and objectives. They are also responsible for ensuring a high standard of financial and other mandatory reporting of the Board as well as providing a balance in the Board in order to effectively exercise an independent judgment on the corporate actions of the Company so as to protect Shareholders' interest and the overall interest of the Group.

Throughout the Year, the Company had three INEDs, which complied with the requirement of the Listing Rules that the number of INEDs must represent at least one-third of the Board members and that at least one of the INEDs has appropriate professional qualifications or accounting or related financial management expertise.

Each of the INEDs has made an annual confirmation of independence in writing pursuant to Rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules and the Board is satisfied that all the INEDs have been independent and met the independent guidelines set out in Rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules during the Year and up to the date of this annual report.

Proper insurance coverage in respect of legal actions against the Directors' liability has been arranged by the Company.

DIRECTORS' INDUCTION AND CONTINUING PROFESSIONAL DEVELOPMENT

Any Director shall receive formal, comprehensive and tailored-made induction on the first occasion of his/her appointment to ensure a proper understanding of the Company's operations and business and full awareness of the Director's responsibilities under the statues and common law, the Listing Rules, legal and other regulatory requirements and the Company's business and governance policies.

三位執行董事負責領導、管控本公司與 監控本集團業務發展、策略制定,並透 過指導及監督本公司事項,共同負責促 進本公司邁向成功。

獨立非執行董事參與董事會會議,為有 關策略、政策、表現、問責制之 重要委任及行為準則提供獨立之業則 仔細審察本公司於實現協定企業事 宗旨之表現。彼等亦負責定確 供高標準之財務及其他規定匯報,並 董事會內提供平衡作用,務求有 以保障 對本公司企業行動的獨立判 股東權益及本集團整體權益。

於本年度,本公司擁有三名獨立非執行董事,此乃符合上市規則規定,即獨立 非執行董事的人數須佔董事會成員人數 的至少三分之一,以及至少有一名獨立 非執行董事具備適當專業資格或會計或 相關財務管理專業知識。

各獨立非執行董事已根據上市規則第3.13條以書面形式作出年度獨立性確認,而董事會信納,於本年度及直至本年報日期,全體獨立非執行董事均具獨立性並符合上市規則第3.13條載的獨立性指引。

本公司已就針對董事責任之法律訴訟安 排適當的保險。

董事就任須知及持續專業發展

任何董事於首次接受委任時均應接受正式、全面及專門為其而設之就任須知,以確保適當地了解本公司的營運及業務,並完全清楚董事在成文法則及普通法、上市規則、法律及其他監管規定以及本公司業務及管治政策下的責任。

企業管治報告





The Company from time to time provides briefings to all Directors to develop and refresh the Directors' duties and responsibilities. All Directors are also encouraged to attend relevant training courses at the Company's expense and they have been requested to provide the Company with their training records. According to the training records maintained by the Company, each of Mr. Chau On Ta Yuen, Mr. Chan Kwan, Mr. Radius Suhendra, Mr. Chan Pak Lam Brian, Mr. Chau Chi Yan Benny, Ms. Ng Chung Yan Linda, Mr. Ng Man Kung and Mr. Sze Yeuk Lung Benedict has attended seminars/conference/forums and/or read newspapers, journals and updates relating to the economy, general business, corporate governance and directors' duties and responsibilities.

MEETINGS OF BOARD AND BOARD COMMITTEES AND DIRECTORS' ATTENDANCE RECORDS

The Board is scheduled to meet four times a year at approximately quarterly intervals with notice given to all Directors at least 14 days in advance. For additional Board meetings which require discussion and resolution of significant issues arising from the operations of the Company, notice is given in a reasonable time in advance. Before each Board meeting, a draft agenda is sent to all Directors at least three days or such other period as agreed in advance in order to allow the Directors to include any other matters in the agenda that is required for discussion and resolution in the meeting. To enable the Directors to be properly briefed on issues arising at the Board meetings and to make informed decisions, Board papers together with all appropriate and relevant information in relation to the matters of the meeting are sent to all Directors three days or such other period as agreed before each Board meeting. All Directors should have access to the advice and services of the company secretary of the Company (the "Company Secretary") with a view to ensuring that the Board procedures and all applicable rules and regulations are followed. The Company Secretary is responsible for keeping all Board meetings minutes. Draft minutes are normally circulated to the Directors for comments within a reasonable time after each meeting and the final version is open for the Directors' inspection. According to the Listing Rules, any Directors and their close associates (as defined in the Listing Rules) with a material interest in the transactions to be discussed at the Board meetings will abstain from voting on resolutions approving such transactions and are not to be counted in the quorum of the meetings.

董事會會議、董事會轄下委員會及 董事出席記錄

董事會計劃每年舉行四次會議,大約每 季舉行一次, 並最少提前十四天向全體 董事發出通知。對於需要討論及決議因 本公司經營而產生的重大事項之額外董 事會會議,將提前一段合理時間發出通 知。於每次董事會會議前,最少提前三 天或經協定的其他期間向全體董事發出 議程稿本,以便董事可於議程內加入需 要在會上商討及議決的任何其他事宜。 在每次董事會會議前,為使董事能夠適 當知悉董事會會議產生之議題簡要及作 出知情決定,將提前三天或經協定的其 他期間向全體董事發出有關董事會文件 及所有關於會議事項之適用及相關資 料。全體董事應有權獲得本公司之公司 秘書(「公司秘書」)之意見和服務,以確 保董事會程序及所有適用規則和法規得 到遵守。公司秘書負責保管所有董事會 會議記錄。於每次會議後,通常於合理 期間內提供會議記錄稿本予董事傳閱, 以便董事給予意見,而最終確認版本公 開供董事查閱。根據上市規則,任何於 董事會會議行將討論事項中擁有重大權 益之董事及其緊密聯繫人(定義見上市規 則)將須就批准該等交易的決議案放棄其 表決權,及不計入會議法定人數。







During the Year, one annual general meeting (the "AGM"), one extraordinary general meeting (the "EGM") and five Board meetings were held. The table below sets out the attendance by the Directors of these meetings:

於本年度,已舉行一次股東週年大會 (「**股東週年大會**」)、一次股東特別大會 (「**股東特別大會**」)及五次董事會會議。 下表載列董事出席該等會議之情況:

> Meetings attended/ Eligible to attend

		出席會議次數/ 有資格出席會議次數				
Name 姓名		Board Meetings 董事會會議	General Meetings 股東大會			
EDs Chau On Ta Yuen	執行董事 周安達源	3/5	2/2			
Chan Kwan Radius Suhendra	向女達 <i>III</i> 陳昆 蘇堅人	4/5	2/2			
(appointed on 21 October 2016)	(於二零一六年十月二十一日獲委任)	2/2	0/0			
NEDs Chan Pak Lam Brian	非執行董事 陳栢林	2/5	0/2			
Chau Chi Yan Benny	周致人	4/5	2/2			
INEDs Ng Chung Yan Linda Ng Man Kung	獨立非執行董事 伍頌恩 吳文拱	5/5 5/5	2/2 1/2			
Sze Yeuk Lung Benedict	施若龍	5/5	2/2			

Apart from the Board meetings, the Chairman of the Board held meetings with all the NEDs (including the INEDs) without the presence of the other EDs during the Year.

Code provision A.6.7 of the CG Code provides that independent non-executive directors and other non-executive directors should attend general meetings and develop a balanced understanding of the views of shareholders. A NED and an INED were not able to attend the AGM held on 20 May 2016 (the "2016 AGM") and the NED was not able to attend the EGM held on 8 September 2016 (the "2016 EGM") due to their respective business engagements. Other Board members who attended the 2016 AGM and the 2016 EGM were already of sufficient calibre and number for answering questions raised by the Shareholders at the 2016 AGM and the 2016 EGM. However, to mitigate the above, the date of the forthcoming AGM (the "2017 AGM") has been discussed earlier to avoid timetable clashes.

除董事會會議外,董事會主席亦於本年 度與全體非執行董事(包括獨立非執行董 事)舉行沒有其他執行董事參加的會議。

企業管治守則之守則條文第A.6.7條規 定,獨立非執行董事及其他非執行董事 應出席股東大會,並對股東的意見有公 正的了解。因有各自的公務安排,一名 非執行董事及一名獨立非執行董事未能 出席於二零一六年五月二十日舉行的股 東週年大會(「二零一六年股東週年大 會」),及該非執行董事未能出席於二零 一六年九月八日舉行的股東特別大會 (「二零一六年股東特別大會」)。出席二 零一六年股東週年大會及二零一六年股 東特別大會的其他董事會成員已具備相 當才幹且人數亦足夠以回應股東於二零 一六年股東週年大會及二零一六年股東 特別大會上提出的問題。不過,為了避 免上述情況,應届股東週年大會(「二零 一七年股東週年大會」) 的日期已經商討 及早召開,以避免時間衝突。







BOARD DIVERSITY POLICY

The Board adopted a Board diversity policy on 5 September 2014 and discussed all measurable objectives set for implementing the policy.

The Company recognises and embraces the benefits of a diversity of Board members. It endeavours to ensure that the Board has a balance of skills, experience and diversity of perspectives appropriate to the requirements of the Company's business. All Board appointments will continue to be made on a merit basis with due regard for the benefits of diversity of the Board members. Selection of candidates will be based on a range of diversity perspectives, including but not limited to gender, age, race, cultural and educational background, ethnicity, professional experience, skills, knowledge and length of service. The ultimate decision will be made upon the merits and contribution that the selected candidates will bring to the Board.

CHAIRMAN AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE

The roles of the Chairman and the Chief Executive Officer are separated and assumed by different individuals to ensure a balance of power and authority so that power is not vested in any member of the Board. Mr. Chau On Ta Yuen, the Chairman, is responsible for business development and strategic formulation of the Group while Mr. Chan Kwan, the Chief Executive Officer, is responsible for all major affairs of the Group, including project construction and operation, business development, marketing and strategic formulation.

BOARD COMMITTEES

The Board has established three Board committees, namely the Audit Committee, the Remuneration Committee and the Nomination Committee, to oversee particular aspects of the Company's affairs. The Board committees are provided with sufficient resources to discharge their duties.

The written terms of reference for each of the Board committees named above are in line with the Listing Rules and are posted on the respective websites of the Stock Exchange and the Company.

董事會多元化政策

董事會於二零一四年九月五日採納董事 會多元化政策,並討論就實施政策而設 定的所有可衡量目標。

本公司明白並深信董事會成員多元化之利益,並致力確保董事會具備適用於公司業務要求的技巧、經驗及思維多足化之平衡配套。董事會所有委任將繼以沿才委任為基準,兼顧董事會多元化之利益,並將根據一系列多種、文化及教育背景、族育、等經驗、本文化及教育背景、族育、等經驗、本等。 能、知識及服務年期)挑選候選人將會對董事作出的功績及貢獻作出最終決定。

主席及行政總裁

主席及行政總裁負責不同任務及由不同 人士擔當,以確保權力及授權之平衡, 令權力不屬於董事會任何成員。主席周 安達源先生負責本集團業務發展及策略 制定,而行政總裁陳昆先生則負責本集 團所有主要事務,包括項目建設及運 營、業務開發、市場營銷及策略制定。

董事會轄下委員會

董事會已設立三個董事會轄下委員會, 即審核委員會、薪酬委員會及提名委員 會,以專門監控本公司不同方面之指定 事項。董事會轄下委員會均獲提供履行 其各自職責之充分資源。

上述各董事會轄下委員會之書面職權範 圍均符合上市規則,並分別刊登於聯交 所及本公司網站上。







AUDIT COMMITTEE

The Audit Committee was established with written terms of reference in compliance with the CG Code. It consists of three INEDs, namely Ms. Ng Chung Yan Linda, serving as the chairlady, Mr. Ng Man Kung and Mr. Sze Yeuk Lung Benedict and a NED, namely Mr. Chau Chi Yan Benny. The terms of reference were revised and adopted on 11 December 2015 to include the responsibility arising from the Stock Exchange's proposal on risk management and internal control under the CG Code applicable to listed issuers with accounting periods on or after 1 January 2016.

The principal responsibilities of the Audit Committee include:

- making recommendations to the Board on the appointment, reappointment and removal of the external auditor, approving the remuneration and terms of engagement of the external auditor, and considering any questions of resignation or dismissal of that auditor:
- reviewing and monitoring the external auditor's independence and objectivity and the effectiveness of the audit process in accordance with applicable standards;
- developing and implementing a policy on the engagement of an external auditor to supply non-audit services and reporting the same to the Board, and identifying and making recommendations on any matters in respect of which it considers that action or improvement is needed;
- discussing with the external auditor before the audit commences, the nature and scope of the audit and reporting obligations, and ensuring proper co-ordination where more than one audit firm is involved;
- discussing problems and reservations arising from the interim and final audits, and any matters the external auditor may wish to discuss (in the absence of the Senior Management where necessary);
- monitoring the integrity of the Company's financial statements, annual report and accounts, half-year report and, if prepared for publication, quarterly reports, and reviewing significant financial reporting judgements contained in them;

審核委員會

董事會設立具備書面職權範圍及符合企業管治守則之審核委員會。審核委員會,即在三名獨立非執行董事,即在第一名非執行董事,即周致人先生及而名非執行董事,即周致人先生。職圍經修訂並於二零一五年,以加入之後會計期下之一,發行人的企業管治守則項下之一,於一方發行人的企業管治守則項下之一。管理及內部控制的建議而產生之責任。

審核委員會主要責任包括:

- 就外部核數師的委聘、續聘及解聘向董事會提供建議、批准外部核數師薪酬及聘用條款,及考慮任何有關該核數師辭職或解聘的問題;
- 根據適用準則審查及監察外部核 數師之獨立性、客觀性及核數程 序之有效性;
- 制定及執行聘任外部核數師之政策,以提供非核數服務並向董事會匯報有關情況,以及就其認為需要行動或改善的任何事項確定及作出建議;
- 於核數工作開始前先與外聘核數師討論核數性質及範疇以及申報責任,及若涉及多於一間核數公司,確保各公司之間相互妥為協調;
- 討論中期及年度核數過程中產生的問題及保留意見,以及外聘核數師可能希望討論的任何事宜(有需要時,應在高級管理層不在場情況下進行有關討論):
- 監察本公司財務報表、年度報告及賬目、半年度報告及(如為刊登而擬備)季度報告之完整性,並審查其中所載重大財務匯報判斷;





- reviewing the Company's financial controls, risk management and internal control systems;
- discussing the risk management and internal control systems with the Senior Management to ensure that the Senior Management has performed its duties in establishing and maintaining effective systems, including matters on adequacy of resources, staff qualifications and experience, training programmes and budget of the Company's accounting and financial reporting function;
- considering major investigations findings on risk management and internal control matters as delegated by the Board or on its own initiative and the Senior Management's response to these findings;
- where an internal audit function exists, ensuring co-ordination between the internal and external auditors, ensuring that the internal audit function is adequately resourced and has appropriate standing within the Company, and reviewing and monitoring its effectiveness;
- reviewing the Group's financial and accounting policies and practices:
- reviewing the external auditor's management letter, any material queries raised by such auditor to the Senior Management about the accounting records, financial accounts or systems of control and the Senior Management's response;
- ensuring that the Board will provide a timely response to the issues raised in the external auditor's management letter;
- reporting to the Board on the matters set out in the Audit Committee's terms of reference;
- reviewing arrangements employees of the Company can use, in confidence, to raise concerns about possible improprieties in financial reporting, internal control or other matters and ensuring that proper arrangements are in place for fair and independent investigation of these matters and for appropriate follow-up action;
- acting as the key representative body for overseeing the Company's relations with the external auditor;

- 審查本公司財務管控、風險管理 及內部管控系統;
- 與高級管理層討論風險管理及內 部管控系統,確保高級管理層已 履行職責建立及維持有效的系 統,包括本公司在會計及財務匯 報職能方面的資源、員工資歷及 經驗是否足夠、以及培訓課程及 有關預算又是否充足的事宜;
- 根據董事會委託或其本身主動提 議,考慮對風險管理及內部管控 事項重大調查結果及高級管理層 對有關調查結果之回應;
- 倘若有內部核數功能,確保內部 與外部核數師之間的協調,確保 內部核數部門獲得足夠的資源及 於本公司內具有適當的地位,並 審查及監察其有效性;
- 審查本集團財務及會計之政策及 常規;
- 審查外部核數師管理層函件、該 核數師向高級管理層提出任何有 關會計記錄、財務賬目或管控制 度之重大查詢及高級管理層之回 應;
- 確保董事會將會就外部核數師管理 層函件所提出事項及時給予回應;
- 就審核委員會職權範圍所載事官 向董事會匯報;
- 審查本公司僱員可保密使用的安 排,以提出有關在財務匯報、內 部管控或其他事項等方面的潛在 不正當行為之關切,並確保有適 當安排,以公平獨立地調查上述 事項及採取適當跟進行動;
- 作為負責監察本公司與外部核數 師之間的關係的主要代表機構;





- establishing a whistle-blowing policy and system for employees
 of the Company and those who deal with the Company (e.g.
 customers and suppliers) to raise concerns, in confidence, with the
 Audit Committee about possible improprieties in any matter related
 to the Company;
- developing and reviewing the Company's policies and practices on corporate governance and making recommendations to the Board;
- reviewing and monitoring the training and continuous professional development of the Directors and the Senior Management;
- reviewing and monitoring the Company's policies and practices on compliance with legal and regulatory requirements;
- developing, reviewing and monitoring the code of conduct and compliance manual (if any) applicable to employees and the Directors;
- reviewing the Company's compliance with the CG Code and the disclosure in the Corporate Governance Report in the Company's annual report;
- reviewing on-going connected transactions of the Company and ensuring compliance with the terms of approval by the Shareholders;
- reviewing the findings of internal investigations and the Senior Management's responses in relation to any suspected fraud or irregularities or failures of internal controls or infringement of laws, rules and regulations; and
- considering any other topics as determined by the Board.

During the Year, four Audit Committee meetings were held whereat the Audit Committee (i) reviewed the audited consolidated financial results of the Company for the year ended 31 December 2015; (ii) reviewed the unaudited consolidated financial results of the Company for the six months ended 30 June 2016; (iii) considered the change of independent auditor and (iv) reviewed the internal control and risk management system of the Group. The attendance of individual members was set out in the following table.

- 為僱員及與公司有往來者(如客戶及供應商)制定舉報政策及系統, 以保密地就涉及本公司的任何事項中的潛在不正當行為向審核委員會提出關切:
- 制定及檢討本公司的企業管治政 策及常規,並向董事會提出建議;
- 檢討及監察董事及高級管理層的 培訓及持續專業發展;
- 檢討及監察本公司在遵守法律及 監管規定方面的政策及常規;
- 制定、檢討及監察適用於僱員及 董事的行為守則及合規手冊(如 有);
- 檢討本公司對企業管治守則的遵 守情況及在本公司年報企業管治 報告內的披露事項;
- 檢討本公司的持續關聯交易,確 保其符合股東批准的條款;
- 檢討內部調查的調查結果以及高級管理層對任何欺詐及違規嫌疑、違反內部控制或違法違規嫌疑的應對措施;及
- 考慮董事會釐定的任何其他議題。

於本年度內,舉行四次審核委員會會議,審核委員會於會議上分別(i)審閱本公司截至二零一五年十二月三十一日止年度的經審核綜合財務業績:(ii)審閱本公司截至二零一六年六月三十日止六個月的未經審核綜合財務業績:(iii)考慮更換獨立核數師及(iv)檢討本集團的內部管控及風險管理系統。下表載列個別成員的出席情況。

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Meetings attended/ Eligible to attend 出席會議次數/ 有資格出席會議次數

Name 姓名

Ms. Ng Chung Yan Linda 伍頌恩女士 4/4
Mr. Ng Man Kung 吳文拱先生 4/4
Mr. Sze Yeuk Lung Benedict 施若龍先生 4/4
Mr. Chau Chi Yan Benny 周致人先生 3/4

REMUNERATION COMMITTEE

The Remuneration Committee was established with written terms of reference in compliance with the CG Code. The Remuneration Committee consists of three INEDs, namely Mr. Ng Man Kung, serving as the chairman, Ms. Ng Chung Yan Linda and Mr. Sze Yeuk Lung Benedict, and a NED, namely Mr. Chan Pak Lam Brian. The principal responsibilities of the Remuneration Committee include:

- making recommendations to the Board on the Company's policy and structure for the remuneration of all Directors and the Senior Management and on the establishment of a formal and transparent procedure for developing a remuneration policy;
- reviewing and approving the Senior Management's remuneration proposals by reference to the Board's corporate goals and objectives;
- making recommendations to the Board on the remuneration packages of individual EDs and the Senior Management and such packages include benefits in kind, pension rights and compensation payments, including any compensation payable for loss or termination of their office or appointment;
- making recommendations to the Board on the remuneration of the NEDs;
- considering salaries paid by comparable companies, time commitment, responsibilities and employment conditions elsewhere in the Group;
- reviewing and approving compensation payable to the EDs and the Senior Management for any loss or termination of office or appointment to ensure that it is consistent with contractual terms and is otherwise fair and not excessive;

薪酬委員會

董事會已設立具備書面職權範圍及符合 企業管治守則的薪酬委員會。薪酬委員 會成員包括三名獨立非執行董事,即吳 文拱先生(擔任主席)、伍頌恩女士及施 若龍先生及一名非執行董事,即陳栢林 先生。薪酬委員會主要責任包括:

- 就本公司關於全體董事與高級管理層薪酬的政策及結構及設立正式及透明的薪酬政策制定程序向董事會提供推薦意見;
- 參考董事會的企業目標及宗旨審查及批准高級管理層的薪酬建議;
- 就個別執行董事及高級管理層的 薪酬組合向董事會提供推薦意見,而有關薪酬組合包括實物福利、退休金權利及補償付款(包括 喪失或終止其任職或委任的任何 應付補償);
- 就非執行董事的薪酬向董事會提供推薦意見;
- 考慮可供比較公司所支付薪金、 時間的投放、責任及本集團其他 成員的僱用條件;
- 檢討及批准向執行董事及高級管理層就喪失或終止其職務或委任有關的賠償,以確保有關賠償按有關合約條款釐定,若未能按有關合約條款釐定,賠償亦須公平合理,不會對公司造成過重負擔;







- reviewing and approving compensation arrangements relating to the dismissal or removal of Directors for misconduct to ensure that they are consistent with contractual terms and are otherwise reasonable and appropriate;
- ensuring that no Director or any of his/her associates (as defined in the Listing Rules) is involved in deciding his/her own remuneration;
 and
- reviewing the Group's policy on expense reimbursements for the Directors and the Senior Management.

During the Year, one Remuneration Committee meeting was held whereat the Remuneration Committee reviewed and recommended to the Board for consideration the adjustment on the Director's fee of all the Directors with effect from 1 January 2016 and the bonus payment to the EDs. The attendance of individual members was set out in the following table.

- 檢討及批准關於罷免或解聘行為 不當董事的補償安排,以確保有 關安排按合約條款釐定,若未能 按有關合約條款釐定,有關賠償 亦須合理適當;
- 確保概無董事或其任何聯繫人(定 義見上市規則)參與釐定其本身薪酬;及
- 審閱本集團的董事及高級管理層 費用報銷政策。

於本年度內,舉行一次薪酬委員會會議,薪酬委員會於會議上審閱及向董事會推薦考慮自二零一六年一月一日起調整全體董事的董事袍金及向執行董事支付花紅。下表載列個別成員的出席情況。

Meetings attended/ Eligible to attend 出席會議次數/ 有資格出席會議次數

Name 姓名

Mr. Ng Man Kung吳文拱先生1/1Ms. Ng Chung Yan Linda伍頌恩女士1/1Mr. Sze Yeuk Lung Benedict施若龍先生1/1Mr. Chan Pak Lam Brian陳栢林先生0/1

NOMINATION COMMITTEE

The Nomination Committee was established with written terms of reference in compliance with the CG Code. It consists of three INEDs, namely Ms. Ng Chung Yan Linda, Mr. Ng Man Kung and Mr. Sze Yeuk Lung Benedict, and two EDs, namely Mr. Chau On Ta Yuen and Mr. Chan Kwan with Mr. Chau On Ta Yuen serving as the chairman. The principal responsibilities of the Nomination Committee include:

 reviewing the structure, size and composition (including the skills, knowledge and experience and diversity of perspectives) of the Board at least annually and making recommendations on any proposed changes to the Board to complement the Company's corporate strategy;

提名委員會

董事會已設立具備書面職權範圍及符合企業管治守則的提名委員會。提名委員會包括三名獨立非執行董事,即伍頌恩女士、吳文拱先生及施若龍先生及兩名執行董事,即周安達源先生及陳昆先生。周安達源先生擔任提名委員會主席。提名委員會主要責任包括:

至少每年檢討董事會結構、規模 及組成(包括技巧、知識及經驗及 觀點多元化),並就任何建議變動 向董事會提供推薦意見,以補充 本公司的企業策略:







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- identifying individuals suitably qualified to become Board members and selecting or making recommendations to the Board on the selection of individuals nominated for directorships, with due regard for the benefits of diversity on the Board;
- assessing the independence of the INEDs;
- reviewing the Board diversity policy of the Company, as appropriate; and reviewing the measurable objectives that the Board has set for implementing such policy, and the progress on achieving the obiectives: and
- making recommendations to the Board on the appointment or reappointment of Directors and succession planning for the Directors, in particular, the Chairman and the chief executives.

During the Year, one Nomination Committee meeting was held whereat the Nomination Committee (i) assessed the independence of the INEDs; (ii) recommended to the Board for consideration the re-appointment of all the retiring Directors as Directors at the 2016 AGM; (iii) reviewed the structure, size and composition of the Board; and (iv) reviewed the Board diversity policy. The attendance of individual members was set out in the following table.

- 物色具備合適資格可擔任董事的 人士, 並就挑選提名有關人士出 任董事向董事會提供推薦意見, 並適當考慮董事會多元化的益處;
- 評估獨立非執行董事的獨立性;
- 檢討本公司董事會多元化政策(如 適用);及審查董事會為推行該政 策所設定可衡量宗旨及實現該等 宗旨的進度;及
- 就董事委任或重新委任以及(尤其 是主席及行政總裁)的繼任計劃: 向董事會提供推薦意見。

於本年度內,舉行一次提名委員會會 議,提名委員會於會議上(i)評估獨立非執 行董事的獨立性;(ii)推薦董事會考慮於二 零一六年股東週年大會上重新委聘所有 退任董事為董事;(iii)檢討董事會結構、 規模及組成;及(iv)檢討董事會的多元化 政策。下表載列個別成員的出席情況。

Meetings attended/ Eligible to attend Name 出席會議次數/ 姓名 有資格出席會議次數

Mr. Chau On Ta Yuen	周安達源先生	1/1
Mr. Chan Kwan	陳昆先生	1/1
Mr. Ng Man Kung	吳文拱先生	1/1
Ms. Ng Chung Yan Linda	伍頌恩女士	1/1
Mr. Sze Yeuk Lung Benedict	施若龍先生	1/1

BOARD'S CORPORATE GOVERNANCE FUNCTIONS

The Company has adopted the code provisions stated in the CG Code and the Board is responsible for performing the corporate governance functions of the Company. The Board has, amongst other matters, reviewed this corporate governance report in discharge of its corporate governance functions, ensuring compliance with the Listing Rules.

董事會的企業管治職能

本公司已採納企業管治守則之守則條文 及董事會負責執行本公司的企業管治職 能。董事會已審閱(其中包括)本企業管 治報告,履行其企業管治職能,以確保 遵守上市規則。







APPOINTMENT AND RE-ELECTION OF DIRECTORS

Each of the EDs has entered into a service contract with the Company, pursuant to which they have agreed to act as EDs for an initial term of three years with effect from 5 September 2014 (in the case of Messrs. Chau On Ta Yuen and Chan Kwan) or 21 October 2016 (in the case of Mr. Radius Suhendra).

Each of the NEDs (including INEDs) has been appointed for an initial term of three years commencing on 5 September 2014 pursuant to the respective appointment letters entered into with the Company.

None of the Directors has or is proposed to have a service contract with the Company or any of its subsidiaries other than contracts expiring or determinable by the employer within one year without the payment of compensation (other than statutory compensation).

All the Directors, including the INEDs, are subject to retirement by rotation and eligible for re-election in accordance with the Articles of Association. At each AGM, one-third of the Directors for the time being (or if their number is not three or a multiple of three, then the number nearest to but not less than one-third) will retire from office by rotation provided that every Director will be subject to retirement by rotation at least once every three years. A retiring Director shall retain office until the close of the meeting at which he/she retires and shall be eligible for re-election thereat.

According to the Articles of Association,

- (a) the Board shall have power from time to time and at any time to appoint any person as a Director either to fill a casual vacancy or as an addition to the Board. Any Director so appointed shall hold office only until the next following AGM and shall then be eligible for re-election at that meeting; and
- (b) the Company may by ordinary resolution in general meetings elect any person to be a Director either to fill a casual vacancy or as an addition to the existing Directors. Any Director so appointed shall hold office only until the next following AGM and shall then be eligible for re-election.

However, the Company will comply with code provision A.4.2 of the CG Code that any Director who fills a casual vacancy shall hold office until the following general meeting of the Company.

委任及重選董事

各執行董事已與本公司訂立服務合約, 據此彼等同意擔任執行董事,初始任期 為三年,自二零一四年九月五日(就周安 達源先生及陳昆先生而言)或二零一六年 十月二十一日(就蘇堅人先生而言)起生 效。

各非執行董事(包括獨立非執行董事)根據其各自與本公司訂立的委任書已獲委任,初始任期為三年,自二零一四年九月五日開始。

概無董事已或擬與本公司或其任何附屬 公司訂立服務合約,惟不包括將於一年 內屆滿或僱主可確定無須作出補償(法定 補償除外)的合約。

全體董事(包括獨立非執行董事)須依據組織章程細則輪席退任及符合重選資格。於每次股東週年大會上,當時三分之一董事(如數目少於三或非三的倍數,則最接近之數,但不得低於三分之一)將輪席退任,惟各董事須最少每三年退任一次。退任董事須留任直至彼將退任之大會結束為止,屆時將符合資格膺選連任。

根據組織章程細則,

- (a) 董事會可不時及隨時委任任何人 士為董事,以填補董事會臨時空 缺或出任董事會新增成員。就此 獲委任的任何董事僅任職至下屆 股東周年大會舉行為止,惟屆時 將符合資格膺選連任:及
- (b) 本公司可通過普通決議案於股東 大會選出任何人士出任董事,以 填補董事會臨時空缺或出任董事 會新增成員。就此獲委任的任何 董事僅任職至本公司下一屆股東 週年大會舉行為止,惟屆時將符 合資格膺選連任。

然而,本公司將遵守企業管治守則之守 則條文第A.4.2條,填補臨時空缺的任何 董事須任職至本公司下一屆股東大會舉 行為止。







REMUNERATION OF DIRECTORS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT

Particulars of the Directors' remuneration for the Year are set out in note 10 to the Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements in this report.

Pursuant to code provision B.1.5 of the CG Code, the remuneration of the members of the Senior Management (other than the Directors) whose particulars are contained in the section headed "Directors' and Senior Management's Biographical Details" in this annual report for the Year by band is set out below:

董事及高級管理層薪酬

本年度內董事的薪酬詳情列載於本報告 綜合財務報表附註的附註10內。

根據企業管治守則之守則條文第B.1.5 條,董事以外的高級管理層(其資料按組 別載列於本年報「董事及高級管理層之個 人履歷」內)之薪酬列載如下:

Remuneration band	(in	HK\$)
薪酬組別(港元)		

Nil to 1,000,000 1,000,001 to 1,500,000 零至1,000,000 1,000,001至1,500,000 of individuals 人數

Number

3

獨立核數師酬金

於二零一六年十一月二十九日,安永會計師事務所辭任本集團獨立核數師,內容計師行為 本公司聘用德勤 • 關黃陳方會計師行為 新核數師,自二零一六年十一月二十九 日生效。德勤 • 關黃陳方會計師行就於 本年度提供的核數服務收取的費用約於 本年度提供的非核數服務收取的費用就於 本年度提供的非核數服務收取的費用 為270,000港元。所提供的非核數服 就截至二零一六年六月三十日止六個 的中期財務報告履行協議程序有關。

董事會及審核委員會於續聘獨立核數師方面並無意見分歧,且其均同意建議於二零一七年股東週年大會上續聘德勤 • 關黃陳方會計師行為本公司來年的獨立核數師。

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REMUNERATION

On 29 November 2016, Ernst & Young resigned as the Group's independent auditors, and Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu has been appointed as the new auditor of the Company with effect from 29 November 2016. The fees charged by Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu in respect of the auditing services for the Year amounted to approximately HK\$1,200,000. The fees charged by Ernst & Young in respect of the non-auditing services for the Year amounted to approximately HK\$270,000. The non-auditing services rendered related to the performance of agreed-upon procedures on interim financial report for the six months ended 30 June 2016.

There is no disagreement between the Board and the Audit Committee on the re-appointment of the independent auditors, and they both have agreed to recommend the re-appointment of Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu as the Company's independent auditors for the ensuing year at the 2017 AGM.

DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITY FOR THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The Directors acknowledge their responsibility for the preparation of the consolidated financial statements for the Year, which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Group and the Group's results and cash flows for the Year and are properly prepared on a going concern basis in accordance with the applicable statutory requirements as well as accounting and financial reporting standards. The Directors were not aware of any material uncertainties which may affect the Group's business or cast significant doubt upon the Group's ability to continue as a going concern.

董事對財務報表的責任

董事確認彼等有責任根據適用的法定規定及會計及財務報告準則編製本年度綜合財務報表,以真實公平地反映本集團於本年度的事務狀況及本集團的業績及現金流量,並按持續經營基準妥為編製。董事並無發現有任何重大不確定因素可能影響本集團業務或對本集團持續經營能力的產生重大懷疑。







In addition, Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu has stated in the independent auditors' report its reporting responsibility on the Company's consolidated financial statements for the Year.

此外,德勤 • 關黃陳方會計師行已於獨立核數師報告述明其對本公司於本年度內綜合財務報表的申報責任。

RISK MANAGEMENT AND INTERNAL CONTROL

RISK MANAGEMENT STRUCTURE

The Board is responsible for maintaining sound and effective risk management and internal control systems, in order to protect the interest of the Company and its Shareholders. The risk management and internal control systems are designed to manage rather than eliminate the risk of failure to achieve business objectives, and can only provide reasonable and not absolute assurance against material misstatement or loss.

Our Group has established an Enterprise Risk Management (the "**ERM**") framework in order to implement effective risk management efforts. Our ERM framework comprises two key elements: risk management structure and risk management process. It defines a simple and clear risk management structure as well as the responsibilities as below.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

The Board has a duty to ensure the effectiveness of the risk management and internal control systems of the Group (the "**ERM system**"). The Board oversees the ERM system, assesses and evaluates the Group's business strategies and risk tolerance. The Board reviews, with the assistance from the Audit Committee, at least annually the effectiveness of the ERM system and monitors the ERM system in an on-going manner.

AUDIT COMMITTEE

The Audit Committee has the primary responsibility for risk management and internal control after the Board. It assists the Board in overseeing the Group's ERM system by providing support and advice, including on-going monitoring of the execution of risk management processes, reviewing the Group's risk register as well as reviewing and approving the internal control review plan and results.

風險管理及內部管控

風險管理架構

董事會負責維持完善及有效之風險管理 及內部管控系統,從而保障本公司及其 股東之利益。風險管理及內部管控系統 旨在管理而非消除未能達成業務目標之 風險,而且只能就不會有重大的失實陳 述或缺失作出合理而非絕對的保證。

本集團已確立企業風險管理(「企業風險管理」)框架,以進行有效之風險管理。 我們的企業風險管理框架主要包含兩部份:風險管理架構及風險管理流程。其 界定了下文簡單明確的風險管理架構以 及職責。

董事會

董事會有責任確保本集團風險管理及內部管控系統(「企業風險管理系統」)之有效性。董事會監督企業風險管理系統,評估及評定本集團業務策略及風險承受能力。董事會在審核委員會之協助下,至少每年檢討企業風險管理系統之有效性及持續監察企業風險管理系統。

審核委員會

除董事會外,審核委員會對風險管理及內部管控負有主要責任。審核委員會透過提供支持及意見,協助董事會監督本集團之企業風險管理系統,包括持續監察風險管理流程之執行、檢討本集團之風險登記冊以及審閱及批准內部管控檢討計劃及結果。

企業管治報告



MANAGEMENT

The management of the Group (the "Management") is responsible for identifying and monitoring the risks relevant to the Group during daily operations, including strategic, operational, financial, reporting and compliance risks. The Management reports to the Board and the Audit Committee on the risks identified and their changes. The Management is also responsible for developing appropriate internal control measures to mitigate the risks, and identify and resolve material internal control defects.

INDEPENDENT INTERNAL CONTROL CONSULTANT

To ensure the independence of the risk management and internal control review, the Group has outsourced the internal audit function to an independent internal control consultant (the "IC consultant"), and the scope of work includes reviewing the effectiveness of the ERM system. The scope of the risk management and internal control review is risk-based and is reviewed by the Audit Committee. The IC consultant is able to communicate with the Audit Committee directly regarding the results of its review.

RISK MANAGEMENT PROCESS

Our ERM framework defines the procedures for identifying, assessing, responding and monitoring risks and their changes. Through regular discussions with each operating function, the Group strengthens the understanding of risk management such that all employees can understand and report various risks they have identified in a timely manner. It enhances the Group's ability to identify and manage risks.

管理層

本集團管理層(「管理層」)負責識別及監察日常運營期間與本集團相關之風險,包括策略、運營、財務、報告及合規風險。管理層向董事會及審核委員會報告已識別風險及其變化。管理層亦負責制定適當的內部管控措施以降低風險,及識別及解決重大內部管控缺陷。

獨立內部管控顧問

為確保風險管理及內部管控檢討之獨立 性,本集團已外聘一位獨立內部管控顧 問(「內控顧問」)負責內部審核職能,其 工作範圍包括檢討企業風險管理系統之 有效性。風險管理及內部管控檢討之範 圍乃基於風險而定,並由審核委員會檢 討。內控顧問可就其檢討結果直接與審 核委員會交流。

風險管理流程

我們的企業風險管理架構規定了識別、 評估、響應及監察風險及其變化的程 序。透過定期與各運營部門討論,本集 團加強對風險管理的了解,以便全體僱 員能夠及時了解並報告彼等已識別之管理 種風險。該流程提升本集團識別及管理 風險之能力。



To identify and prioritize material risks throughout the Group, the Management communicates with each operating function, collects significant risk factors that affect the Group from bottom to top, including strategic, operational, financial, reporting and compliance risks. After identifying all relevant risks, the Management assesses the potential impact and possibilities of the risks and prioritizes the risks. Appropriate internal control measures are then developed to mitigate the risks identified and the changes of risks are monitored in an on-going manner.

為識別本集團內部重大風險並分清主次,管理層與各運營部門進行溝通,收集自下而上影響本集團各個方面的重大風險因素,包括策略、運營、財務、報告及合規風險。在識別所有相關風險後,管理層對風險的潛在影響及可能性進行評估並分清主次風險。管理層隨後制定適當的內部管控措施以降低已識別風險及持續監察風險變化。







MAIN FEATURES OF OUR RISK MANAGEMENT AND INTERNAL CONTROL SYSTEMS

MAINTAIN AN EFFECTIVE INTERNAL CONTROL SYSTEM (OPERATIONAL LEVEL)

- Establish clear internal control policies and procedures, and clearly define the responsibilities, authorities and accountabilities of each key positions;
- Establish code of conduct and explain the Group's requirements on integrity and ethical value to all staff;
- Establish a whistle-blowing mechanism and encourage employees to report incidents of misconduct or fraud;
- Establish appropriate level of information technology to assess rights and avoid the leakage of price-sensitive information; and
- Establish inside information disclosure policy, including reporting channel and responsible person of disclosure, unify response to external enquiries and obtain advice from professional financial adviser or the Stock Exchange if necessary.

During 2016, the Board had reviewed the effectiveness of risk management and internal control policies and procedures, including those related to financial reporting and Listing Rules compliance. The Board has considered the adequacy of resources, staff qualifications and experience, training programmes and budget of the accounting, internal audit and financial reporting functions during the review of the effectiveness of the ERM system.

ON-GOING RISK MONITORING (RISK MANAGEMENT LEVEL)

Based on the ERM framework and risk management policies established by the Board, the Management communicates with each operating function, collects significant risk factors that affect the Group from bottom to top. The Group has established a risk register to record the risks identified, and the Management assesses the potential impact and possibilities of the risks and develops appropriate internal control measures to mitigate the risks identified.

During 2016, the Management conducted an evaluation of the Group's risk management structure and procedures and submitted a risk assessment report to the Board and the Audit Committee, including a 3-year internal control review plan, to enable the Board and the Audit Committee to effectively monitor the major risks of the Group and understand how the Management responds to and mitigates the risks.

我們的風險管理及內部管控系統之主要 特點

維持有效之內部管控系統(運營層面)

- 制定明確的內部管控政策及程序,及清楚界定各關鍵職位之責任、權限及職責;
- 確立行為守則,並向全體員工闡 釋本集團有關誠信及道德價值的 要求;
- 確立舉報機制,鼓勵僱員報告不 當行為或欺詐事件;
- 確立適度的資訊科技水平,以評估 權限及避免洩漏股價敏感信息;及
- 確立內幕消息披露政策,包括報告渠道及披露之負責人、統一答复外部查詢及在必要時徵詢專業財務顧問或聯交所意見。

於二零一六年,董事會已檢討風險管理及 內部管控政策及程序之有效性,包括與 財務報告及上市規則合規相關之政策及程 序。董事會於檢討企業風險管理系統之有 效性期間,考慮多種因素,包括資源充足 性、僱員資歷及經驗、培訓計劃及會計預 算、內部審核及財務報告職能。

持續風險監控(風險管理層面)

基於董事會制定之企業風險管理架構及 風險管理政策,管理層與各運營部門進 行溝通,收集自下而上影響本集團的重 大風險因素。本集團已設立風險登記冊 以記錄已識別風險,而管理層評估風險 之潛在影響及可能性,制定適當的內部 管控措施以降低已識別風險。

於二零一六年,管理層對本集團之風險 管理架構及程序進行評估,並向董事會 及審核委員會提交風險評估報告,包括3 年內部管控檢討計劃,以令董事會及審 核委員會能夠有效監察本集團之主要風 險及了解管理層應對及降低風險之措施。

企業管治報告





INDEPENDENT REVIEW

The Group has appointed the IC consultant to conduct an internal control review for the year 2016, and the scope of review has covered the period from 1 January 2016 to 30 November 2016. The Management has established remedial and improvement plans for the internal control weaknesses identified. An internal control review report has been provided to the Audit Committee.

No material internal control deficiency has been identified during 2016 and the Board considers that ERM system is adequate and effective.

MAJOR RISKS OF THE GROUP

Our risk management process has identified the following as major risks of the Group and their changes.

獨立檢討

本集團已委任內控顧問進行二零一六年內部管控檢討 ,及檢討範圍涵蓋自二零一六年一月一日至二零一六年十一月三十日期間。管理層已就已識別之內部管控薄弱環節制定補救及改進計劃。內部管控檢討報告已提供予審核委員會。

於二零一六年,本集團並無識別重大內 部管控缺陷,及董事會認為企業風險管 理系統屬完善及有效。

本集團之主要風險

我們的風險管理流程已識別本集團之以 下主要風險及其變化。

Risk 風險	Description 描述	_	Risk Mitigations 虱險緩解措施	Changes 變化
Demand of new energy 新能源需求	The Group has recently been engaged in biomass power generation business in Indonesia. Electricity is sold to Perusahaan Listrik Negara ("PLN"), a state-owned electricity corporation in	_	Invest in technology researches and studies to improve the efficiency of electricity generation to reduce cost	N/A (New business segment) 不適用(新業務分部)
	Indonesia. If PLN reduces its demand for renewable energy or refuses to renew the power supply contract with the Company when it is expired, the	_	Maintain good communication channels with PLN to avoid customer dissatisfaction	нг /
	Company could suffer a significant loss because PLN is a de facto monopoly over the supply of power in Indonesia.	_	Develop other businesses for better utilization of the production capacities of the power plants	
	本集團近期於印尼從事生物質發電業務。電力出售予印尼一家國有電力企業 Perusahaan Listrik Negara	_	投資技術研發以提高發電之效 率,降低成本	
	(「PLN」)。倘若PLN降低其可再生能源需求或在與本公司的供電合約屆滿後拒絕重續,本公司可能遭受重大損	_	與PLN維持良好的溝通渠道, 以避免引起客戶不滿	
	失,因為PLN實際上壟斷了印尼的電力供應。	_	發展其他業務從而更好利用發 電廠的產能	





企業管治報告

Risk 風險	Description 描述	Key Risk Mitigations 主要風險緩解措施	Changes 變化
Credit 信貸	Customers or counterparties of the Company are local government authorities. Payment from them could be longer than the credit period granted to them due to the complexity of their internal	 Frequently communicate with customers to follow up the outstanding balance Maintain sufficient cash flow to avoid liquidity problem 	Unchanged 無變化
	administrative procedures. The Group might suffer from a financial loss or liquidity difficulty in the case of delay in payment. 本公司客戶或對手方為當地政府部門。由於其內部行政程序之複雜性,彼等之付款可能遲於授予彼等之信貸	 Regularly perform impairment review to assess the recovery of account receivables and provide sufficient impairment to avoid over-statement of balance 	
	期。本集團或會因付款延誤遭受財務虧損或流動資金困難。	一經常與客戶溝通,以跟進未償還餘額	
		維持充足的現金流量以避免流動資金問題	
		定期進行減值檢討以評估應收 賬款之可收回性並作出足夠的 減值撥備以呈列過高結餘	



企業管治報告



Risk 風險	Description 描述	-	Risk Mitigations 凤險緩解措施	Changes 變化	
Pricing and cost recovery 定價及成本補償	The Company operates the wastewater treatment facilities at a pre-determined tariff rate specified at the time the Build, Operate and Transfer (BOT) agreement is entered into. The circumstances of tariff adjustment are also specified that the Company has only limited ability to change / re-negotiate the tariffs. The increase in operating costs due to an increase in utilization of the wastewater treatment facilities might not be fully compensated that the Company could suffer from loss or	- -	On-going cost control to avoid unnecessary spending Negotiate with supplier to minimize the increase in costs Diversify the services offered to compensate the potential decrease in profit margin 持續進行成本控制以避免不必要的開支 與供應商協商盡量減小成本增	Decrease	
	decrease in profitability. 本公司按訂立建設、經營及轉讓 (BOT)協議時預先決定的費率運營 污水處理設施。水費調整之情況亦表 明本公司變更/重新協定水費的能力 有限。因增加使用污水處理設施導致 之運營成本增加可能無法完全得到補 價,因此本公司或會遭受虧損或盈利 減少。	_	加額 擴充所提供服務類別以補償利 潤率之潛在減少		
DISCLOSURE OF INSIDE INFORMATION			內幕消息之披露		

The Group acknowledges its responsibilities under the Securities and Futures Ordinance, Chapter 571 of the laws of Hong Kong and the Listing Rules and the overriding principle that inside information should be announced immediately when it is the subject of a decision. The procedures and internal controls for the handling and dissemination of inside information are as follows:

- the Group conducts its affairs with close regard to the disclosure requirement under the Listing Rules as well as the "Guidelines on Disclosure of Inside Information" published by the Securities and Futures Commission of Hong Kong in June 2012;
- the Group has implemented and disclosed its policy on fair disclosure by pursuing broad, non-exclusive distribution of information to the public through channels such as financial reporting, public announcements and its website;

本集團確認其根據香港法例第571章證 券及期貨條例及上市規則所應履行之責 任,最高原則是凡涉及內幕消息,必須 在有所決定後即時公佈。處理及發佈內 幕消息之程序及內部管控措施如下:

- 本集團處理事務時會充分考慮上 市規則及香港證券及期貨事務監 察委員會於二零一二年六月頒佈 的「內幕消息披露指引」項下之披 露規定;
- 本集團透過財務報告、公告及其 網站等途徑,向公眾廣泛及非獨 家地披露資料,以實施及披露其 公平披露政策;





- the Group has strictly prohibited unauthorised use of confidential or inside information: and
- the Group has established and implemented procedures for responding to external enquiries about the Group's affairs, so that only the EDs, the Company Secretary and the Chief Financial Officer are authorised to communicate with parties outside the Group.
- 本集團已經嚴格禁止未經授權使 用機密或內幕消息;及
- 本集團已就外界對本集團事務的查詢訂立及執行回應程序,以致唯有執行董事、公司秘書及財務總監方獲授權與本集團外部通訊。

COMPANY SECRETARY

Mr. Kwok Siu Man ("**Mr. Kwok**") was nominated by Boardroom Corporate Services (HK) Limited ("**Boardroom**") to act as the Company Secretary and Boardroom has been providing certain corporate secretarial services to the Company pursuant to an engagement letter entered into between the Company and Boardroom. The primary person at the Company with whom Mr. Kwok has been contacting in respect of company secretarial matters is Mr. Fan Chi Chiu, the Chief Financial Officer.

As Mr. Kwok was first appointed as the company secretary of a Hong Kong Hang Seng Index constituent stock company in 1991 and has been acting in such capacity for a number of other reputable companies listed on the Stock Exchange at substantial times since then, he was not required to have at least 15 hours of relevant continuous professional development training for five consecutive years from 2012 (including the Year) under the Listing Rules. However, despite the above exemption, Mr. Kwok had delivered talks at and attended relevant seminars for over 15 hours during the Year.

公司秘書

郭兆文先生(「**郭先生**」)由寶德隆企業服務(香港)有限公司(「**寶德隆**」)提名擔任公司秘書。寶德隆已根據本公司與寶德隆簽訂的聘任函件向本公司提供若干企業秘書服務。郭先生就公司秘書事宜與本公司中就公司秘書事宜與郭先生聯絡的主要人士為財務總監范智超先生。

由於郭先生原初於一九九一年獲一家香港恒生指數成份股股份公司委任作為公司秘書,並曾於若干在聯交所上市的其他良好聲譽公司長期擔任該職位,因此,彼自二零一二年起連續五年(包括本年度)無須根據上市規則接受至少15個小時相關連續專業發展培訓。然而,儘管享有上述豁免,但郭先生於本年度內開研討會並於會上講話超過15個小時。

SHAREHOLDERS' RIGHTS

PROCEDURES FOR PUTTING FORWARD PROPOSALS AT SHAREHOLDERS' MEETINGS

There are no provisions allowing the Shareholders to make proposals or move resolutions at the general meeting under the memorandum of association of the Company and the Articles of Association (the "M&A"). Shareholders who wish to make proposals or move a resolution may, however, convene an EGM to do so in accordance with the "Procedures for Shareholders to convene an EGM" set out below.

股東權利

在股東大會上提呈建議的程序

根據本公司的組織章程大綱及組織章程細則(「**大綱及細則**」),概無守則條文允許股東於股東週年大會上提呈建議或作出動議。然而,有意股東可按照下文所載「股東召開股東特別大會的程序」召開股東特別大會提呈建議或作出動議。

企業管治報告



股東召開股東特別大會的程序

組織章程細則第12.3條規定:

股車大會確按左放於木公司在

股東大會應按存放於本公司在香港的主 要辦事處名冊上其中兩位或以上的股東 的書面要求召開股東大會,指明本次會 議的對象,並由請求人簽署,條件是該 等請求人於存放請求書之日須持有本公 司不少於十分之一的繳足股本,賦予他 們於本公司股東大會的投票權。

本公司亦可按其中一位股東的書面要求 召開股東大會,該股東應為認可結算所 (或其代名人),其請求書存放於本公司 在香港的主要辦事處內,指明本次會議 的對象,並由請求人簽署,條件是該請 求人於存放請求書之日須持有本公司不 少於十分之一的繳足股本,賦予他於本 公司股東大會的投票權。

如果董事會並未於存放請求書之日起21 日內正式召開一個將於額外的21天內舉 行的會議,請求人本身或他們當中任何 超過一半總投票權的人士,可以同樣的 方式(盡可能接近董事會可召開會議的方 式)召開股東大會,條件是如此召開的任 何會議不得在存放請求書之日起三個月 期滿後舉行,以及所有因董事會不履行 而對請求人造成的合理費用應當由本公 司向請求人作出賠償。

股東向董事會發出查詢的程序

股東可於任何時間向本公司董事或管理層提出問題、要求公眾可用資料及提供意見及建議。該等問題、要求及意見可透過郵件寄至香港鰂魚涌華蘭路20號華蘭中心11樓1-3室或透過電郵發送至ell@anli.com.hk。

PROCEDURES FOR SHAREHOLDERS TO CONVENE AN EGM

Article 12.3 of the Articles of Association stipulates that:

General meetings shall be convened on the written requisition of any two or more members of the Company deposited at the principal office of the Company in Hong Kong specifying the objects of the meeting and signed by the requisitionists, provided that such requisitionists hold as at the date of deposit of the requisition not less than one-tenth of the paid up capital of the Company, which carries the right of voting at general meetings of the Company.

General meetings may also be convened on the written requisition of any one member of the Company, which is a recognised clearing house (or its nominee(s)) deposited at the principal office of the Company in Hong Kong specifying the objects of the meeting and signed by the requisitionist, provided that such requisitionist holds as at the date of deposit of the requisition not less than one-tenth of the paid up capital of the Company, which carries the right of voting at general meetings of the Company.

If the Board does not within 21 days from the date of deposit of the requisition proceed duly to convene the meeting to be held within a further 21 days, the requisitionist(s) themselves or any of them representing more than one-half of the total voting rights of all of them, may convene the general meeting in the same manner, as nearly as possible, as that in which meetings may be convened by the Board provided that any meeting so convened shall not be held after the expiration of three months from the date of deposit of the requisition, and all reasonable expenses incurred by the requisitionist(s) as a result of the failure of the Board shall be reimbursed to them by the Company.

PROCEDURES FOR SHAREHOLDERS TO SEND ENQUIRES TO THE BOARD

Shareholders may, at any time, direct questions, request for publicly available information and provide comments and suggestions to the Directors or management of the Company. Such questions, requests and comments can be addressed to the Company by mail to Units 1-3, 11th Floor, Westlands Centre, 20 Westlands Road, Hong Kong or by email to ell@anli.com.hk.







Shareholders should direct their questions about their shareholdings or change of correspondence address or dividend instructions by mail to the Company's Hong Kong branch share registrar, Boardroom Share Registrars (HK) Limited at 31st Floor, 148 Electric Road, North Point, Hong Kong, which has been appointed by the Company to deal with Shareholders for share registration and related matters.

股東可將有關彼等持股或通訊地址變動的問題或股息指示透過郵件寄送至本公司的香港股份過戶登記分處寶德隆證券登記有限公司,地址為香港北角電氣道148號31樓,寶德隆證券登記有限公司已獲本公司委任處理股東的股份登記及相關事宜。

COMMUNICATION WITH SHAREHOLDERS

The Company has adopted a Shareholders' communication policy with the objective of enhancing investor relations and investors' understanding of the Company's business performance and strategies.

Information about the Company will be communicated to the Shareholders and the investment community mainly through the Company's financial reports (interim and annual reports), the AGMs and other general meetings that may be convened, as well as by making available all the disclosures submitted to the Stock Exchange and its corporate communications on the respective websites of the Stock Exchange and the Company.

CONSTITUTIONAL DOCUMENTS

There were no changes in the constitutional documents of the Company during the Year.

Pursuant to Rule 13.90 of the Listing Rules, the Company has posted its M&A on the respective websites of the Stock Exchange and the Company.

股東通訊

本公司採用股東通訊政策,旨在加強投資者關係和投資者對本公司之經營業績和策略之理解。

本公司向股東及投資人士傳達本公司資料的主要渠道為:本公司的財務報告(中期及年度報告)、股東週年大會及其他可能召開的股東大會,並將所有呈交予聯交所的披露資料及公司通訊登載在聯交所及本公司網站。

憲章文件

於本年度內,本公司的憲章文件並無改動。

根據上市規則第13.90條,本公司已分別 於聯交所及本公司網站刊登其大綱及細 則。

Directors' Report 董事會報告



The Directors of the Company present their report and the audited consolidated financial statements of the Company and its subsidiaries for the Year.

本公司董事提呈本公司及其附屬公司於 本年度之董事會報告及經審核綜合財務 報表。

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES

The principal activity of the Company is investment holding. The activities of its principal subsidiaries are the provision of wastewater treatment services in Jiangsu Province, the PRC and the generation of electricity by biomass power plants in Jambi, Indonesia. The principal activities and other particulars of its principal subsidiaries are set out in note 41 to the Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements in this annual report.

RESULTS

The results of the Group for the Year and the state of affairs of the Group as at 31 December 2016 are set out on pages 94 to 199 of this annual report.

DIVIDENDS

No interim dividend was paid or declared for the six months ended 30 June 2016 (2015: HK2 cents per Share).

During its meeting held on 24 March 2017, the Board has resolved not to declare the payment of any final dividend for the Year (2015: HK1 cent per Share).

BUSINESS REVIEW

A review of the business of the Group during the Year and the potential future development of the Group's business is set out in the Chairman's Statement on pages 5 to 6 of this annual report.

Save as disclosed in the section headed "Events after the Reporting Date" on page 18 of this annual report, there is no important event affecting the Group that has occurred since the end of the Year and up to the date of this report.

The performance analysis using financial key performance indicators is set out in the Management Discussion and Analysis on pages 7 to 18 of this annual report.

主要業務

本公司之主要業務為投資控股。其主要 附屬公司之業務為於中國江蘇省提供污 水處理服務,及於印尼占碑省的生物質 發電廠發電。其主要附屬公司之主要業 務及其他資料列載於本年報綜合財務報 表附註的附註41。

業績

本集團於本年度之業績及於二零一六年 十二月三十一日之財務狀況列載於本年 報第94頁至第199頁。

股息

並無就截至二零一六年六月三十日止六個月派發或宣派中期股息(二零一五年:每股股份2港仙)。

於二零一七年三月二十四日舉行的會議上,董事會議決不就本年度宣派任何末期股息(二零一五年:每股股份1港仙)。

業務回顧

本集團本年度之業務回顧與本集團的潜在未來業務發展之論述均載於本年報主 席報告第5頁至第6頁。

除本年報第18頁「報告日後事項」一節所 披露者外,自本年度結束後及直至本報 告日期,概無發生任何影響本集團之重 大事件。

採用財務關鍵表現指標的表現分析載於本年報管理層討論與分析第7頁至第18 頁。







PRINCIPAL RISKS OF THE GROUP

A discussion on the principal risks and uncertainties faced by the Group, together with the Group's internal control, is set out on pages 53 to 58 of this annual report. The financial risks are covered in note 34 to the Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements in this annual report. A more comprehensive analysis of the Group's risk factors (excluding the operation of the palm kernel oil mill and the ancillary biomass power plants by a subsidiary of the Company in Indonesia which the Group acquired in late 2016) is set out on pages 29 to 46 of the prospectus of the Company dated 12 September 2014 (the "**Prospectus**"). The risk factors relating to the operation of the palm kernel oil mill and the ancillary biomass power plants in Indonesia are set out on pages 35 to 37 of the Company's circular dated 24 August 2016 (the "**Circular**").

COMPLIANCE WITH THE RELEVANT LAWS AND REGULATIONS THAT HAVE A SIGNIFICANT IMPACT ON THE GROUP

The Group operates its business mainly in Hong Kong, the PRC and Indonesia.

During the Year, save for certain non-compliance with the Indonesian laws by PT Rimba Palma Sejahtera Lestari, a non-wholly owned subsidiary of the Company, as disclosed in the Circular, and as far as the Company is aware, there was no breach of or non-compliance with applicable laws and regulations of Indonesia that have a significant impact on the Group's ongoing corporate maintenance and business activities in Indonesia. As disclosed in the Company's announcement of 23 September 2016, all such non-compliance matters as stated in the Circular, including obtaining and maintaining relevant licences and permits, and submitting reports to applicable Indonesian authorities as required by such licences and permits have been fully rectified.

Further, during the Year, as far as the Company is aware, there was no breach of or non-compliance with applicable laws and regulations of Hong Kong and the PRC by our Group that has a significant impact on the business and operations of our Group.

ENVIRONMENTAL, SOCIAL AND GOVERNANCE

The details on environmental, social and governance are set out in the Environmental, Social and Governance Report on pages 19 to 28 of this annual report.

本集團主要風險

遵守對本集團有重大影響的相關法律及 法規

本集團主要在香港、中國及印尼經營業 務。

於本年度內,本公司非全資附屬公司PT Rimba Palma Sejahtera Lestari存在若若違反印尼法律的情況,詳情披露內底法律的情況,詳情披露反不遵守對本集團在印尼維持公司持續不遵守對本集團在印尼維持公司持續用於主人影響的印尼適用之公告所披露,通過相關之一,及按相關牌照及許可,及按相關牌照及許可,及按相關牌照及許可,及按相關牌照及許可的透馬印尼主管機關提交報告)已被悉數糾正。

除此之外,於本年度,就本公司所知, 本集團概無違反或不遵守對本集團業務 及營運有重大影響的香港及中國適用法 律及法規。

環境、社會及管治

環境、社會及管治詳情列載於本年報第 19頁至第28頁環境、社會及管治報告。

Directors' Report 董事會報告



FINANCIAL SUMMARY

A summary of the results for the Year and the assets and liabilities of the Group as at 31 December 2016 and for the past four financial years are set out on page 200 of this annual report. This summary does not form part of the audited financial statements.

ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING

The Company will hold the 2017 AGM on Friday, 19 May 2017, the notice of which will be published and dispatched to the Shareholders in due course.

CLOSURE OF REGISTER OF MEMBERS

For determining the Shareholders' entitlement to attend and vote at the 2017 AGM, the register of members will be closed from Tuesday, 16 May 2017 to Friday, 19 May 2017 (both dates inclusive), during which period no transfer of Shares will be effected. In order to qualify for attending and voting at the 2017 AGM, all transfer documents, accompanied by the relevant share certificates, must be lodged with the Company's Hong Kong branch share registrar, Boardroom Share Registrars (HK) Limited at 31/F., 148 Electric Road, North Point, Hong Kong for registration not later than 4:30 p.m. on Monday, 15 May 2017.

PRE-EMPTIVE RIGHTS

There is no provision for pre-emptive rights under the Articles of Association, or the laws of the Cayman Islands, which would oblige the Company to offer new Shares on a pro-rata basis to existing Shareholders.

MAJOR CUSTOMERS AND SUPPLIERS

During the Year, the Group's revenue was attributable to (i) two customers who are local government authorities in the PRC for the wastewater treatment business, and (ii) one customer who is a state-owned company in Indonesia for the sale of electricity generated by ancillary power plant of the palm kernel oil mill. They jointly accounted for 100% of the Group's revenue, where the two local government authorities in the PRC accounted for 85.8% and 11.2% of the Group's revenue, respectively, and the state-owned company in Indonesia accounted for 3.0% of the Group's revenue. The purchases attributable to the largest supplier and the five largest suppliers of the Group accounted for 43.5% and 63.5%, respectively of the Group's total purchases.

財務摘要

本集團的本年度業績及於二零一六年十二月三十一日及過去四個財政年度之資產及負債摘要列載於本年報第200頁。本摘要並不構成經審核財務報表之一部份。

股東週年大會

本公司將於二零一七年五月十九日(星期五)舉行二零一七年股東週年大會,股東 週年大會通告將於稍後時間刊登及寄發 予股東。

暫停辦理股份過戶登記手續

為釐定股東出席二零一七年股東週年大會並於會上投票的權利,本公司將二零一七年五月十六日(星期五)(包括第二零一七年五月十九日(星期五)(包括第四日)暫停股份登記,期間將不會對理理的過戶登記手續。為符合會上投票週年大會並於會上投票,一七年股東週年大會並於三十五日(星期一)下午一登記,地址為百十五日(星期一)的過戶登記有限公司,地址為148號31樓,以辦理登記手續,以辦理登記

優先購買權

根據組織章程細則或開曼群島法例,並 無優先購買權之規定,致使本公司須按 比例向現有股東發售新股。

主要客戶及供應商

於本年度,本集團的營業收入來自(i)向兩名客戶提供污水處理服務,該兩名客戶提供污水處理服務,該兩名客戶為中國地方政府機關;及(ii)向一名客戶銷售仁油榨油廠的自備發電廠生產的電力,該客戶為印尼的國有公司中之。其代本集團營業收入的100%,其中中國政府機關分別佔本集團營業收入的3.0%。本集團營業收入的3.0%。本集團營業收入的3.0%。本集團額採購額占其在其數經採購額之百分比分別為43.5%及63.5%。







An Indonesia-incorporated subsidiary of the Company has been procuring direct labour, repair and maintenance services, plant and machinery acquisition services, administrative services, consultancy services and certain spare parts and equipment from PT Global Inovasi Prima, an associate of Fusion Joy, whose beneficial owners are close associates (as defined in the Listing Rules) of one of the Directors.

Save as disclosed above, none of the Directors or any of their close associates or any Shareholders (who, to the best knowledge of the Directors, own more than 5% of the Company's issued share capital) had any beneficial interest in the Group's five largest customers and suppliers.

本公司的印尼附屬公司一直自PT Global Inovasi Prima (Fusion Joy的一間聯營公司)獲取直接勞動、維修及維護服務、廠房及機器收購服務、行政服務、諮詢服務及若干零部件及設備,Fusion Joy的實益擁有人是一名董事的緊密聯繫人(定義見上市規則)。

除上文披露者外,概無董事或其任何緊密聯繫人或任何股東(據董事所知,擁有本公司已發行股本之5%以上)擁有本集團五名最大客戶及供應商之任何實益權益。

SHARE CAPITAL

Details of movements in the share capital of the Company during the Year, together with the reasons therefor, are set out in note 30 to the Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements in this annual report.

DISTRIBUTABLE RESERVES OF THE COMPANY

At 31 December 2016, the Company's reserves available for distribution, calculated in accordance with the provisions of the Companies Law of the Cayman Islands, amounted to HK\$409.9 million (2015: HK\$342.2 million). This amount includes the Company's share premium account of HK\$409.0 million at 31 December 2016 (2015: HK\$329.5 million), which may be distributed provided that immediately following the date on which the dividend is proposed to be distributed, the Company will be in a position to pay off its debts as and when they fall due in the ordinary course of business.

DIRECTORS

The following are the Directors during the Year and up to the date of this report:

Executive Directors

CHAU On Ta Yuen (Chairman) N CHAN Kwan (Chief Executive Officer) N Radius SUHENDRA

Non-executive Directors

CHAN Pak Lam Brian ^R CHAU Chi Yan Benny ^A

股本

本公司於本年度之股本變動詳情及有關原因列載於本年報綜合財務報表附註的附註30內。

本公司之可分派儲備

於二零一六年十二月三十一日,本公司 根據開曼群島公司法條文計算的可供分 派儲備為409.9百萬港元(二零一五年: 342.2百萬港元)。此金額包括本公司於 二零一六年十二月三十一日可分派的股 份溢價賬409.0百萬港元(二零一五年: 329.5百萬港元),惟緊隨建議分派股息 之日期後,本公司須有能力支付其於一 般業務過程中到期應付之債務。

董事

於本年度及直至本報告日期之董事如下:

執行董事

周安達源(主席)^N 陳昆(行政總裁)^N 蘇堅人

非執行董事

陳栢林R 周致人A







Directors' Report 董事會報告

Independent Non-executive Directors

NG Chung Yan Linda A/R/N NG Man Kung A/R/N SZE Yeuk Lung Benedict A/R/N

A = member of the Audit Committee of the Board R = member of the Remuneration Committee of the Board N = member of the Nomination Committee of the Board

In accordance with Article 16.18 of the Articles of Association, Mr. Chan Kwan, Mr. Chau Chi Yan Benny and Mr. Ng Man Kung shall retire by rotation at the 2017 AGM and all of them, being eligible, have offered themselves for re-election.

In accordance with Article 16.2 of the Articles of Association, Mr. Radius Suhendra who was appointed by the Board as an additional executive Director after the 2016 AGM shall retire at the 2017 AGM and being eligible, has offered himself for re-election.

CONFIRMATION OF INDEPENDENCE OF INEDS

The Company has received from each of the INEDs, namely Ms. Ng Chung Yan Linda, Mr. Ng Man Kung and Mr. Sze Yeuk Lung Benedict, an annual written confirmation of his/her independence pursuant to Rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules. As at the date of this report, the Company considers all of them to be independent.

DIRECTORS' BIOGRAPHIES

The biographical details of the Directors are set out on pages 29 to 38 of this annual report.

DIRECTORS' SERVICE CONTRACTS

Each of the executive Directors has entered into a service contract with the Company, pursuant to which each of them has agreed to act as an executive Director for an initial fixed term of three years with effect from 5 September 2014 (in the case of Mr. Chau On Ta Yuen and Mr. Chan Kwan) or 21 October 2016 (in the case of Mr. Radius Suhendra). The appointment of an executive Director may be terminated by giving three months' written notice by the Company to the executive Director or vice versa.

獨立非執行董事

伍頌恩 A/R/N 吳文拱A/R/N 施若龍A/R/N

A = 董事會審核委員會成員 R = 董事會薪酬委員會成員 N = 董事會提名委員會成員

根據組織章程細則第16.18條,陳昆先 生、周致人先生及吳文拱先生將於二零 一七年股東週年大會上輪席退任,且彼 等均符合資格並已願意膺選連任。

根據組織章程細則第16.2條,蘇堅人先 生(彼於二零一六年股東週年大會後獲董 事會委仟為額外執行董事)將於二零一七 年股東週年大會上退任,且彼符合資格 並已願意膺選連任。

確認獨立非執行董事之獨立性

本公司已收到各獨立非執行董事,即伍 頌恩女士、吳文拱先生及施若龍先生依 據上市規則第3.13條對其獨立性之年度 確認書。本公司於本報告日期認為彼等 均具獨立性。

董事之個人履歷

董事之個人履歷詳情載於本年報第29至 38頁。

董事服務合約

執行董事已各自與本公司訂立服務合 約,及依據有關服務合約,彼等各自同 意擔任執行董事,初始固定任期為三 年,自二零一四年九月五日(就周安達源 先生及陳昆先生而言)或二零一六年十月 二十一日(就蘇堅人先生而言)開始。執 行董事之委任可由本公司向執行董事發 出三個月書面通知(反之亦然)予以終止。







Directors' Report 董事會報告

Pursuant to the appointment letter entered into between each of the NEDs or INEDs with the Company, each of them has been appointed for a term of three years commencing on 5 September 2014. The appointment of a NED or an INED may be terminated by giving three months' written notice by the Company to the NED or INED concerned or vice versa.

None of the Directors being proposed for re-election at the forthcoming 2017 AGM has a service contract or an appointment letter with the Company that is not determinable by the Company within one year without payment of compensation, other than statutory compensation.

DIRECTORS' INTERESTS IN TRANSACTIONS, ARRANGEMENTS OR CONTRACTS OF SIGNIFICANCE

Save as disclosed in note 38 to the Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements in this annual report, no Director had a material interest, either directly or indirectly, in any transactions, arrangements or contracts of significance to the business of the Group to which the Company or any of its subsidiaries was a party during the Year.

CHARITABLE DONATION

During the Year, the Group did not make any charitable donations (2015: HK\$0.1 million).

SHARE OPTION SCHEME

On 5 September 2014, the Company adopted a share option scheme (the "**Share Option Scheme**") to enable the Company to grant options to the eligible participants as incentives or rewards for their contribution or potential contribution to the Group.

The Share Option Scheme took effect on 26 September 2014. As at 31 December 2016, options representing 500,000 Shares had been granted and none of which had been exercised, cancelled or lapsed since then. Accordingly, as at 31 December 2016, options representing 500,000 Shares, equivalent to approximately 0.045% of the issued Shares, were outstanding under the Share Option Scheme.

根據各非執行董事或獨立非執行董事與本公司訂立的委任函件,彼等各自已獲委任,任期三年,自二零一四年九月五日開始。非執行董事或獨立非執行董事之委任可由本公司向有關非執行董事或獨立非執行董事發出三個月書面通知(反之亦然)予以終止。

擬於應屆二零一七年股東週年大會上鷹 選連任之董事概無與本公司訂立本公司 不能決定於一年內無需做出賠償(法定補 償除外)之服務合約或委任函件。

董事於重大交易、安排或合約的權 益

除本年報綜合財務報表附註的附註38所披露者外,於本年度內,概無董事與本公司或其任何附屬公司訂立對本集團業務屬重大的任何交易、安排或合約中直接或間接擁有重大權益。

慈善捐款

於本年度內,本集團並無作出任何慈善捐款(二零一五年:0.1百萬港元)。

購股權計劃

於二零一四年九月五日,本公司採納一項購股權計劃(「購股權計劃」),令本公司能夠向合資格參與者授予購股權作為彼等對本集團作出貢獻或潛在貢獻的激勵或獎勵。

購股權計劃於二零一四年九月二十六日生效。於二零一六年十二月三十一日,代表500,000股股份的購股權已獲授出,之後概無購股權獲行使、註銷或失效。因此,於二零一六年十二月三十一日,根據購股權計劃下尚未行使的購股權可發行的股份為500,000股股份,約相當於已發行股份的0.045%。











The maximum number of Shares in respect of the options granted by the Company under the Share Option Scheme and any other share option schemes must not in aggregate exceed 80,000,000 Shares (representing 10% of the Shares in issue immediately upon completion of the Share Offer (as defined in the Prospectus) and approximately 7.20% of the Shares in issue as at the date of this report). Excluding the abovementioned options representing 500,000 Shares granted during the Year, the total number of Shares available for issue under the Share Option Scheme was 79,500,000 Shares, which represented approximately 7.16% of the issued Shares as at the date of this report.

Details of the options granted and outstanding under the Share Option Scheme are set out as follows:

本公司根據購股權計劃及任何其他購股 權計劃授出的購股權所涉及的最大股份 數目合共不得超過80,000,000股股份(分 別相當於緊接股份發售(定義見招股章 程)完成後已發行股份的10%及於本報告 日期已發行股份的約7.20%)。除本年度 授予的上述代表500.000股股份的購股權 外,根據購股權計劃可予發行的股份總 數為79,500,000股股份,佔於本報告日 期已發行股份的約7.16%。

購股權計劃項下已授出及未行使購股權 之詳情載列如下:

Number of Shares represented by options **牌叭撒化小丰奶叭瓜敷口**

				期	放惟川代衣的放衍數日			
			Outstanding as at			Lapsed/	Outstanding as	
	Position		31 December			cancelled	at 31 December	Exercise
	held in		2015			during the	2016	price per
Name of	the Group	Date of	於二零一五年	Granted during	Exercised during	Year	於二零一六年	Share
option holder	於本集團	Grant	十二月三十一日	the Year	the Year	本年度內已	十二月三十一日	每股股份
購股權持有人名稱	擔任的職位	授予日期	尚未行使	本年度內已授出	本年度內已行使	失效/註銷	尚未行使	行使價
								HK\$
								港元

Mr. Fan Chi Chiu Chief financial officer 14 April 2016 500,000 500,000 0.52 財務總監 二零一六年 ("Mr. Fan") 四月十四日 范智超先生

(「范先生」)

The options granted to Mr. Fan shall vest over a period of three years commencing from the date of grant. The closing price of the Shares immediately before the date of grant was HK\$0.50 per Share, as stated in the daily quotation sheet issued by the Stock Exchange.

The principal terms of the Share Option Scheme are set out as follows:

1. **PURPOSE**

The purpose of the Share Option Scheme is to enable the Company to grant options to Eligible Participants (as defined in paragraph 2 below) as incentives or rewards for their contribution or potential contribution to the Group.

授予范先生的購股權將於授出日期起三 年期間內歸屬。緊接授出日期之前的股 份收市價為每股0.50港元(聯交所每日報 價表所示)。

購股權計劃之主要條款載列如下:

1. 目的

購股權計劃的目的為令本公司向 合資格參與者(定義見下文第2段) 授出購股權作為彼等對本集團作 出貢獻或潛在貢獻的激勵或獎勵。





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2. ELIGIBLE PARTICIPANTS

The Board may, at its discretion, offer to grant an option to subscribe for such number of new Shares as the Board may determine to any full-time or part-time employees, potential employees, executives or officers (including executive, non-executive and independent non-executive directors) of the Company or any of its subsidiaries, and any suppliers, customers, agents and advisers who, in the sole opinion of the Board, will contribute or have contributed to the Company and/or any of its subsidiaries (the "Eligible Participants").

3. MAXIMUM NUMBER OF SHARES AVAILABLE FOR ISSUE

The maximum number of Shares in respect of the options granted by the Company under the Share Option Scheme and any other share option schemes must not in aggregate exceed 80,000,000 Shares (representing 10% of the Shares in issue immediately upon completion of the Share Offer (as defined in the Prospectus) and approximately 7.20% of the Shares in issue as at the date of this report).

4. MAXIMUM ENTITLEMENT OF EACH PARTICIPANT UNDER THE SHARE OPTION SCHEME

The maximum number of Shares comprising in the options that may be granted under the Share Option Scheme to any Eligible Participant (except for the INEDs and substantial shareholders (as defined in the Listing Rules) of the Company who are subject to stricter restrictions), shall not, when aggregated with

- (a) any Shares issued upon exercise of options or options under other schemes which have been granted to that Eligible Participant;
- (b) any Shares which would be issued upon the exercise of outstanding options or options under other schemes granted to that Eligible Participant; and
- (c) any cancelled Shares which were the subject of options or options under other schemes which had been granted to and accepted by that Eligible Participant,

2. 合資格參與者

董事會可酌情向本公司或其任何附屬公司的任何全職或,其任何所屬公司的任何全職人員及職員(包括執行、非執行及獨認或有人及董事會對國公司,以對本公司以及對國公司,代理人及顧問(「認知國公司,代理人及顧問以認知,與者」)授出購股權以關以權以,於定的有關數目新股份。

3. 可發行的股份數目上限

本公司根據購股權計劃及任何其他購股權計劃授出的購股權所涉及的股份數目合共不得超過80,000,000股股份(分別相當於緊接股份發售(定義見招股章程)完成後已發行股份的10%及於本報告日期已發行股份的約7.20%)。

4. 各參與者於購股權計劃下的最高 權益

於直至要約日期止任何12個月期間,根據購股權計劃可能授予任何合資格參與者(不包括受限於更嚴格限制條文的獨立非執行董事及本公司主要股東(定義見上市規則))的購股權所涉及的最多股份數目計及以下各項

- (a) 因行使購股權或根據其他 計劃已經授予該合資格參 與者的購股權已發行的任 何股份:
- (b) 因行使未行使的購股權或 根據其他計劃已經授予該 合資格參與者的購股權將 發行的任何股份:及
- (c) 註銷購股權或根據其他計劃已授予合資格參與者並獲合資格參與者接納的購股權所涉及的任何股份,

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in any 12-month period up to the offer date, exceed one per cent. of the number of Shares in issue on the offer date. Any further grant of options in excess of this one per cent. limit shall be subject to:

- (i) the issue of a circular by the Company to the Shareholders which shall comply with the Listing Rules; and
- (ii) the approval of the Shareholders in a general meeting at which that Eligible Participant and his/her associates (as defined in the Listing Rules) shall abstain from voting.

5. THE PERIOD WITHIN WHICH THE SECURITIES MUST BE EXERCISED UNDER AN OPTION

Unless otherwise provided in the respective grantee's offer document, each of the grantees to whom an option has been granted under the Share Option Scheme shall be entitled to exercise his/her option in the following manner:

- (a) up to 33% of the Shares that are subject to the option so granted to him/her (rounded down to the nearest whole number) at any time during the period commencing from the first anniversary of the date (the "Commencement Date") on which such option is granted and ending on the expiry of the period (the "Option Period") to be notified by the Board to each grantee within which the option may be exercisable provided that such period of time shall not exceed a period of ten years commencing on the Commencement Date;
- (b) up to 66% of the Shares that are subject to the option so granted to him/her (rounded down to the nearest whole number) at any time during the period commencing on the second anniversary of the Commencement Date and ending on the expiry of the Option Period; and
- (c) up to 100% of the Shares that are subject to the option so granted to him/her (rounded down to the nearest whole number) at any time during the period commencing on the third anniversary of the Commencement Date and ending on the expiry of the Option Period.

不得超過於要約日期已發行股份數目的1%。任何進一步授出超過該1%限制的購股權應受以下各項規限:

- (i) 本公司遵守上市規則向股 東發佈通函;及
- (ii) 股東於股東大會批准,而 合資格參與者及其聯繫人 (定義見上市規則)應放棄 投票。

5. 證券必須在期限內根據購股權行 使

除非各承授人的要約文件另行規定,否則根據購股權計劃獲授予 購股權的各承授人應有權以下列 方式行使其購股權:

- (a) 於授出購股權當日(「**開始** 日期」)的第一週年起行 事會告知各承授(**購股權**期 限」)屆滿為止的期間(「**購股權** 期限自開始日期起 期限自開始日期起間不, 過十年)內任何時間不, 過十年)內任何時間 人獲授予的購股權所 股份的最多33%(四捨五入 至最接近的整數);
- (b) 於開始日期的第二週年起 至購股權期限屆滿為止的 期間內任何時間,承授人 獲授予的購股權所涉及股 份的最多66%(四捨五入至 最接近的整數);及
- (c) 於開始日期的第三週年起 至購股權期限屆滿為止的 期間內任何時間,承授人 獲授予的購股權所涉及股 份的最多100%(四捨五入 至最接近的整數)。







THE MINIMUM PERIOD, IF ANY, FOR WHICH AN OPTION 6. MUST BE HELD BEFORE IT CAN BE EXERCISED

There is no minimum period for which an option granted must be held before it can be exercised unless otherwise imposed by the Directors.

PERIOD FOR AND CONSIDERATION PAYABLE ON 7. **ACCEPTANCE OF AN OPTION**

An offer for the grant of option must be accepted within the time period specified in the relevant offer document. A sum of HK\$1.00 is payable as consideration upon acceptance of the offer.

THE BASIS OF DETERMINING THE EXERCISE PRICE 8.

The exercise price in relation to each option offered to an Eligible Participant shall be determined by the Board (or its committee) in its sole discretion, save that such price shall not be less than the highest of:

- the official closing price of the Shares as stated in the daily (a) quotation sheets of the Stock Exchange on the date of grant, which must be a day on which the Stock Exchange is open for business of dealing in securities (the "Business Day");
- (b) the average of the official closing prices of the Shares as stated in the daily quotation sheets of the Stock Exchange for the five Business Days immediately preceding the date of grant; and
- (C) the nominal value of a Share.

THE REMAINING LIFE OF THE SHARE OPTION SCHEME 9.

The Share Option Scheme will remain in force for a period of 10 years commencing on 26 September 2014.

EQUITY-LINKED AGREEMENTS

Save for the share option granted during the Year with details set out under the section headed "Share Option Scheme" in this report, the Company has not entered into any equity-linked agreements in respect of the Shares during the Year.

購股權在其可行使之前必須持有 6. 的最短期限(如有)

除非董事另行施加規定,概無就 所授出購股權設有在其可行使之 前必須持有的最短期限。

7. 接納購股權的期限及應付代價

授出購股權的要約必須在有關要 約文件指定的期限內接納。接納 要約後,應付1.00港元作為代價。

釐定行使價的基準 8.

提供予合資格參與者的各份購股 權的相關行使價應當由董事會(或 其委員會)全權釐定,惟有關價格 將不得低於以下各項最高者:

- 授出日期(須為聯交所開市 (a) 進行證券交易業務的日子 (「營業日」)) 聯交所每天報 價表所列的股份正式收市 價;
- (b) 緊接授出日期前五個營業 日聯交所每天報價表所列 的股份正式平均收市價; 及
- 股份的面值。 (C)

購股權計劃的剩餘期限 9.

購股權計劃將自二零一四年九月 二十六日起計10年期間維持有效。

股票掛鉤協議

除本報告「購股權計劃」一節所詳述之本 年度授出的購股權外,本公司於本年度 概無就股份訂立任何股票掛鉤協議。

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ARRANGEMENTS FOR DIRECTORS TO ACQUIRE SHARES

At no time during the Year was the Company or any of its subsidiaries a party to any arrangement to enable a Director to acquire benefits by means of the acquisition of the Shares or any shares in other body corporate.

MANAGEMENT CONTRACT

No contracts concerning the management and administration of the whole or any substantial part of the business of the Company or its subsidiaries were entered into or existed during the Year.

REMUNERATION OF DIRECTORS AND FIVE INDIVIDUALS WITH HIGHEST EMOLUMENTS

Details of the emoluments of the Directors and the five individuals with the highest emoluments for the Year are set out in notes 10 and 11 to Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements in this annual report, respectively.

INTERESTS AND SHORT POSITIONS OF THE DIRECTORS AND CHIEF EXECUTIVES OF THE COMPANY IN THE SHARES, UNDERLYING SHARES AND DEBENTURES OF THE COMPANY AND ITS ASSOCIATED CORPORATIONS

As at 31 December 2016, the interests or short positions of the Directors or chief executives of the Company in the shares, underlying shares and debentures of the Company or any of its associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the Securities and Futures Ordinance, Chapter 571 of the laws of Hong Kong (the "SFO")) which were required: (i) to be notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to Divisions 7 and 8 of Part XV of the SFO (including interests or short positions which they were taken or deemed to have under such provisions of the SFO); (ii) pursuant to section 352 of the SFO, to be entered in the register referred to therein; or (iii) to be notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to the Model Code as set out in Appendix 10 to the Listing Rules, were as follows:

董事購入股份的安排

本公司或其任何附屬公司於本年度任何 時間概無訂立任何安排,致使董事可藉 購入股份或其他法人團體的任何股份而 獲益。

管理合約

於本年度內,就本公司或其附屬公司整 體或任何重要環節業務方面並無訂立或 存在管理及行政合約。

董事薪酬及五名最高薪酬人士

於本年度內,董事薪酬及五名最高薪酬 人士的詳情分別載於本年報綜合財務報 表附註的附註10及11。

本公司董事及最高行政人員於本公司及其相聯法團的股份、相關股份 及債權證中的權益及淡倉

於二零一六年十二月三十一日,本公司董事或最高行政人員於本公司或其任何相聯法團(定義見香港法例第571章證券及期貨條例(「證券及期貨條例」)第XV部)的股份、相關股份及債權證中擁有:(i)根據證券及期貨條例第XV部第7及8分部須知會本公司及聯交所的權益或淡倉(包括彼等根據證券及期貨條例的該等條列的該等條別,指登記冊的權益或淡倉;或(iii)根據上市規則附錄十所載的標準守則須知會本公司及聯交所的權益或淡倉如下:





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Approximate

Interest in the Company's ordinary Shares of HK\$0.0001 each

於本公司每股面值0.0001港元的普通股份之權益

	ne of Directors/Chief Executive /最高行政人員姓名	Capacity/Nature of Interest 身份/權益性質		Number of Shares Held 听持股份數目	percentage of Shareholding Interest in the Company 於本公司股權 概約百分比
	Chau On Ta Yuen (" Mr. Chau ") 達源先生(「 周先生 」)	Interest in a controlled corporation 受控法團權益	2	25,000,000(1)	20.25%
	Chan Kwan (" Mr. Chan ") 先生(「 陳先生 」)	Interest in controlled corporations 受控法團權益	3	90,700,000(2)	35.17%
Note	S:		附註	:	
(1)		0 Shares is owned as to 90% and 10% by the Chairman of the Board, and Ms. Wong ctively.	(1)	董事兼董事會主	0,000股股份,並由執行 席周先生及王美玲女士 分別擁有90%及10%。
(2)	Everbest Environmental which held 375,000,000 Shares was owned as to 50 30% and 20% by Ms. Wong Shu Ying ("Ms. Wong"), Ms. Judy Chan and Chan, an executive Director and the Chief Executive Officer of the Compa respectively. Mr. Chan is the sole director of Everbest Environmental. Ms. Wo is the mother of all of Ms. Judy Chan, Mr. Chan and Mr. Chan Pak Lam Bri. Mr. Chan also owns 25% of the issued shares in Kingdrive, which in turn ow 100% of the issued shares in Carlton Asia, which held 15,700,000 Shar Carlton Asia is accustomed to act in accordance with the directions of Chan.			股股份並由王穗 芳女士及本公司 先生分別擁有 先生為Everbest 事。王女士為陳 林先生的母親。 25%的已發行於 Carlton Asia 100 Asia於15,700,00	mental持有375,000,000 英女士(「王女士」)、陳 執行董事兼行政總裁陳 50%、30%及20%。陳 Environmental的唯一董 芳女士、陳先生及陳栢 陳先生亦持有Kingdrive 股份,而該公司擁有 %已發行股份,Carlton 10股股份中擁有權益。 安照陳先生的指示行事。

(3) All the above Shares were held in long position.

Save as disclosed above, as at 31 December 2016, none of the Directors or chief executives of the Company had any interest or short positions in any shares, underlying shares, or debentures of the Company or any of its associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the SFO), which were required to be notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange or to be entered in the register referred to the SFO.

除上文所披露者外,於二零一六年十二 月三十一日,概無本公司董事或最高行 政人員於本公司或其任何相聯法團(定義 見證券及期貨條例第XV部)的任何股份、 相關股份或債權證中擁有須知會本公司 及聯交所或須登記於證券及期貨條例所 指登記冊的權益或淡倉。

上述所有股份均以好倉持有。

(3)







SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDERS' AND OTHER PERSONS' INTERESTS AND SHORT POSITIONS IN SHARES AND UNDERLYING SHARES OF THE COMPANY

As at 31 December 2016, to the best of the Directors' knowledge, the following persons or entities (other than the Directors and chief executives of the Company) had or were deemed or taken to have an interest and/ or a short position in the Shares or the underlying Shares, which would fall to be disclosed under the provisions of Divisions 2 and 3 of Part XV of the SFO or which was recorded in the register required to be kept by the Company pursuant to section 336 of the SFO.

主要股東及其他人士於本公司股份及相關股份中的權益及淡倉

於二零一六年十二月三十一日,就董事所知,下列人士或實體(本公司董事及最高行政人員除外)擁有或被視作或當作於股份或相關股份中擁有須根據證券及期貨條例第XV部第2及第3分部的條文作出披露或記錄於根據證券及期貨條例第336條須存置的登記冊內的權益及/或淡倉。

Approximate

			Percentage of Shareholding Interest
Name of Shareholders 股東姓名/名稱	Capacity/Nature of Interest 身份/權益性質	Number of Shares Held 所持股份數目	in the Company 佔本公司股權 概約百分比
Everbest Environmental	Beneficial interest 實益權益	375,000,000(1)	33.75%
Ms. Wong 王女士	Interest in controlled corporations 受控法團權益	380,790,000(1) & (2)	34.27%
Mr. Chan Chun Keung 陳進強先生	Interest in a controlled corporation and interest held by spouse 受控法團權益及配偶所持權益	380,790,000(1) & (2)	34.27%
Wealthy Sea 潤海	Beneficial interest 實益權益	225,000,000 ⁽³⁾	20.25%
Ms. Wong Mei Ling 王美玲女士	Interest held by spouse 配偶所持權益	225,000,000 ⁽³⁾	20.25%
Morgan Top Trading Company Ltd. ("Morgan Top")	Beneficial interest 實益權益	143,300,000	12.90%





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Notes:

- (1) Each of Everbest Environmental and Hightop Investment Limited ("**Hightop**") is owned as to 50% by Ms. Wong and, therefore, Ms. Wong is deemed to be interested in the 375,000,000 Shares and 5,790,000 Shares held by Everbest Environmental and Hightop respectively pursuant to the SFO.
- (2) Hightop is also owned as to 50% by Mr. Chan Chun Keung, the husband of Ms. Wong. Therefore, Mr. Chan Chun Keung is deemed to be interested in the 5,790,000 Shares held by Hightop and 375,000,000 Shares deemed to be held by Ms. Wong pursuant to the SFO.
- (3) Wealthy Sea is owned as to 90% and 10% by Mr. Chau, an executive Director and the Chairman of the Board, and Ms. Wong Mei Ling, the wife of Mr. Chau, respectively. Ms. Wong Mei Ling is, therefore, deemed to be interested in the 225,000,000 Shares held by Wealthy Sea controlled by Mr. Chau pursuant to the SFO.
- (4) All the above Shares were held in long positions.

Save as disclosed above, as at 31 December 2016, the Directors were not aware of any persons or entities (other than a Director or the chief executive of the Company) who/which had, or were deemed or taken to have interests or short positions in the Shares or the underlying Shares, which would fall to be disclosed to the Company under the provisions of Divisions 2 and 3 of Part XV of the SFO or were required to be entered in the register kept by the Company under the SFO.

附註:

- (1) Everbest Environmental 及高峻投資有限公司(「高峻」)各由王女士擁有50%,因此,根據證券及期貨條例,王女士被視為分別於Everbest Environmental 及高峻所持有的375,000,000股及5,790,000股股份中擁有權益。
- (2) 高峻亦由陳進強先生擁有50%(王女士的丈夫)。因此,根據證券及期貨條例,陳進強先生被視為於高峻所持有的5,790,000股股份及視為王女士所持有的375,000,000股股份中擁有權益。
- (3) 潤海由執行董事兼董事會主席周先生及 王美玲女士(周先生的妻子)分別擁有 90%及10%。因此,根據證券及期貨條 例,王美玲女士被視為於周先生控制的 潤海所持有的225,000,000股股份中擁 有權益。
- (4) 上述所有股份均以好倉持有。

除上文所披露者外,於二零一六年十二 月三十一日,董事並不知悉有任何人士 或實體(董事或本公司最高行政人員除 外)於股份或相關股份中擁有或被視為或 當作擁有根據證券及期貨條例第XV部第 2及第3分部之條文須向本公司披露的權 益或淡倉,或須登記於本公司根據證券 及期貨條例存置的登記冊的權益或淡倉。

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RETIREMENT BENEFIT SCHEMES/PENSION SCHEME

The Group operates a defined contribution Mandatory Provident Fund retirement benefit scheme (the "MPF Scheme") in Hong Kong under the Mandatory Provident Fund Schemes Ordinance for employees who are eligible to participate in the MPF Scheme. Contributions are made based on a percentage of the employees' basic salaries and are charged to profit or loss as they become payable in accordance with the rules of the MPF Scheme. The assets of the MPF Scheme are held separately from those of the Group in an independently administered fund. The Group's employer contributions vest fully with the employees when contributed into the MPF Scheme.

The employees of the Group's operations in the PRC are required to participate in the central pension schemes operated by the local municipal governments, the assets of which are held separately from those of the Group. Contributions are made by the Group based on a percentage of the participating employees' salaries and are charged to profit or loss as they become payable in accordance with the rules of the central pension schemes. The employer contributions vest fully once made.

SUFFICIENCY OF PUBLIC FLOAT

Based on the information available to the Company and within the knowledge of the Directors, the Company maintained adequate public float (i.e. at least 25% of the issued Shares being held by the public) during the Year and up to the date of this report.

RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Details of the related party transactions undertaken in the ordinary course of business by the Group during the Year are set out in note 38 to the Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements in this annual report.

退休福利計劃/退休金計劃

本集團遵照強制性公積金計劃條例為合資格參與強制性公積金計劃(「強積金計劃」)的僱員在香港設立一項定額供款強積金計劃。供款按僱員基本薪酬的某一百分比計算,並於根據強積金計劃與定需要支付時自損益扣除。強積金計劃資產與本集團資產分開以獨立管理基金持有。本集團按強積金計劃作出的僱主供款全數歸屬於僱員。

本集團於中國業務的僱員須參加由當地 市政府營辦的中央退休金計劃,該等計 劃的資產與本集團資產分開持有。供款 乃由本集團根據中央退休金計劃的規則 按參與僱員薪金的某一百分比計算,並 於應付時從損益扣除。僱主的供款於其 作出供款時即全面歸屬。

足夠公眾持股量

根據本公司所取得的資料及據董事所知,本公司於本年度及直至本報告日期維持足夠公眾持股量(即至少25%的已發行股份由公眾持有)。

關聯方交易

本集團於本年度在日常業務過中進行的 關聯方交易詳情載於本年報綜合財務報 表附註的附註38。





During the Year, the Group entered into connected transactions and continuing connected transactions (as defined under Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules). The related party transactions under Notes 38(a) and (c) to the Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements in this annual report fall under the definition of continuing connected transactions and are fully-exempted continuing connected transactions under Rule 14A.73 of the Listing Rules. The related party transactions under Notes 38(b) and (d) to the Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements in this annual report fall under the definition of connected transactions and are non-exempt connected transactions, details of which are set out as follows:

- (i) on 16 June 2016, the Group entered into a share purchase agreement in respect of the Acquisition, as detailed under the section headed "Issue of Equity Securities" and Note 38(b) to the Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements in this annual report; and
- (ii) on 1 December 2016, the Company disposed of 220,000 shares in BRIDGEWAY MONEY SQ P2P FUND SP (the "Bridgeway Fund **Units**"), which were estimated to have an aggregate fair value of HK\$22.0 million, to Mr. Chan Chun Keung (the "Bridgeway Fund Units Disposal"). The Bridgeway Fund Units Disposal was made as a repayment of the shareholder loans of approximately US\$2.8 million (equivalent to approximately HK\$22.0 million) extended to the Company by Mr. Chan Chun Keung on 29 September 2016. Immediately after the completion of the Bridgeway Fund Units Disposal, the Company was no longer interested in any Bridgeway Fund Units. Mr. Chan Chun Keung is the father of Mr. Chan Kwan (an executive Director and the chief executive officer of the Company) and Mr. Chan Pak Lam Brian (a NED). Accordingly, Mr. Chan Chun Keung is a connected person (as defined in the Listing Rules) of the Company. As the applicable percentage ratios of the Bridgeway Fund Units Disposal calculated pursuant to Rule 14.07 of the Listing Rules were more than 1% but did not exceed 5%, the Bridgeway Fund Units Disposal constituted a connected transaction for the Company that is subject to the reporting and announcement requirement, but is exempt from the independent Shareholders' approval requirement, under Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules. For further details, please refer to the Company's announcement dated 20 December 2016 and Note 38(d) to the Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements in this annual report.

關連交易

於本年度內,本集團訂立關連交易及持續關連交易(定義見上市規則第14A章)。本年報綜合財務報表附註的附註38(a)及(c)下之關聯方交易符合持續關連交易的定義,並是根據上市規則第14A.73條規定獲全面豁免的持續關連交易。本年報綜合財務報表附註的附註38(b)及(d)下之關聯方交易符合關連交易的定義,並是非豁免關連交易,詳情載列如下:

- (i) 於二零一六年六月十六日,本集 團就收購事項訂立一份股份購買 協議,詳見本年報「發行股本證 券」一節及綜合財務報表附註的附 註38(b));及
- 於二零一六年十二月一日, (ii) 本公司向陳進強先生出售於 BRIDGEWAY MONEY SQ P2P FUND SP(「盛滙基金單位」)的 220,000股股份(「盛滙基金單位 出售事項 1),估計公允值總額為 22.0百萬港元。盛滙基金單位出 售事項用於償還陳進強先生於二 零一六年九月二十九日授予本公 司的股東貸款約2.8百萬美元(相 當於約22.0百萬港元)。緊隨完成 盛滙基金單位出售事項後,本公 司不再於任何盛滙基金單位中擁 有權益。陳進強先生是陳昆先生 (本公司執行董事兼行政總裁)及 陳栢林先生(非執行董事)之父。 因此,陳進強先生是本公司關連 人士(定義見上市規則)。由於根 據上市規則第14.07條計算的盛滙 基金單位出售事項的適用百分比 率超過1%但不超過5%,故盛滙 基金單位出售事項構成本公司的 一項關連交易,須遵守申報及公 告規定,但獲豁免遵守上市規則 第14A章項下的獨立股東批准規 定。更多詳情,請參閱本公司日 期為二零一六年十二月二十日的 公告及本年報綜合財務報表附註 的附註38(d)。

Directors' Report 董事會報告





Save for a delay in publishing the announcement in relation to the Bridgeway Fund Units Disposal, which was published on 20 December 2016, the Company has complied with the disclosure requirements in accordance with Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules in respect of the above non-exempt connected transactions.

除有關盛滙基金單位出售事項的公告公佈延遲(於二零一六年十二月二十日公佈)外,本公司已遵守上市規則第14A章就上述非豁免關連交易的披露規定。

DEED OF NON-COMPETITION

Each of Ms. Chan, Mr. Chan (an executive Director and the Chief Executive Officer), Ms. Wong, Everbest Environmental (a company owned by Ms. Wong, Ms. Chan and Mr. Chan as to 50%, 30% and 20%, respectively), Mr. Chau (an executive Director and the Chairman) and Wealthy Sea (a company owned 90% and 10% by Mr. Chau and his wife, respectively) (collectively, the "Controlling Shareholders") has executed a deed of non- competition (the "Deed of Non-Competition") in favour of the Group on 5 September 2014, pursuant to which each of the Controlling Shareholders has unconditionally and irrevocably agreed, undertaken to and covenanted with the Company (for itself and for the benefits of other members of the Group) that it/he/she would not, and would procure its/his/her close associates (other than members of the Group) not to, directly or indirectly, either on its/his/her own account or in conjunction with or on behalf of any person, firm or company, among other things. carry on, participate or be interested or engaged in or acquire or hold (in each case whether as a shareholder, director, partner, agent, employee or otherwise, and whether for profit, reward or otherwise) any activity or business which competes or is likely to compete, directly or indirectly, with the business of operating wastewater treatment facilities in the PRC by the Group as described in the Prospectus and any other business from time to time conducted, carried on or contemplated to be carried on by any member of the Group or in which any member of the Group is engaged or has invested or which any member of the Group has otherwise publicly announced its intention to enter into, engage in or invest in (whether as principal or agent and whether undertaken directly or through any body corporate, partnership, joint venture, or other contractual or other arrangement).

The Company has received from each of the Controlling Shareholders an annual written declaration as to the compliance with the terms of the Deed of Non-Competition during the Year. The INEDs have reviewed the compliance by each of the Controlling Shareholders with the Deed of Non-Competition and confirmed that the Controlling Shareholders had not been in breach of the Deed of Non-Competition during the Year.

不競爭契據

陳女士、陳先生(執行董事兼行政總 裁)、王女士、Everbest Environmental (一家由王女士、陳女士及陳先生分別擁 有50%、30%及20%的公司)、周先生 (執行董事兼主席)及潤海(一家由周先生 及其妻子分別擁有90%及10%的公司) (統稱「控股股東」)各自與本集團於二零 一四年九月五日就本集團的利益訂立不 競爭契據(「不競爭契據」),據此,控股 股東各自無條件及不可撤回地同意、向 本公司(為其本身及本集團其他成員公司 的利益)承諾及契諾,其不會及會促使其 緊密聯繫人(本集團成員公司除外)不會 直接或間接地以自己的名義或聯同或代 表任何人士、商號或公司(其中包括)進 行、參與、從事、收購或持有任何直接 或間接與招股章程所述本集團在中國經 營的污水處理設施業務,以及本集團任何 成員公司不時經營、進行或擬進行或本 集團任何成員公司從事或投資或本集團 任何成員公司已公開宣佈其有意訂立、 從事或投資(不論是否以主事人或代理人 身份及不論是否直接或透過任何法人團 體、合夥、合營公司或其他合約或其他 安排進行)的任何其他業務競爭或可能競 爭的任何活動或業務或於當中擁有權益 (在各個情況下不論是否以股東、董事、 合夥人、代理人、僱員或其他身份及不 論以牟利、獎勵或其他方式)。

於本年度內,本公司已接獲各控股股東 就遵行不競爭契據條款的年度書面聲明 函。獨立非執董事已審閱各控股股東遵 行不競爭契據之情況,并確認控股股東 於本年度並無違反不競爭契據。







Save as disclosed above, during the Year and up to the date of this report, none of the Directors is considered to have interests in a business which competes or is likely to compete, either directly or indirectly, with the business of the Group and has any other conflicts of interest, as required to be disclosed under the Listing Rules.

SHAREHOLDERS' INTERESTS IN CONTRACTS OF SIGNIFICANCE

Save as disclosed above and in note 38 to the Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements in this annual report, no Shareholder had a material interest, either directly or indirectly, in any contract of significance (whether for the provision of services to the Company or not) to the business of the Group to which the Company or any of its subsidiaries was a party during the Year.

PERMITTED INDEMNITIES

Pursuant to the Articles of Association, every Director shall be entitled to be indemnified out of the assets of the Company against all losses or liabilities incurred or sustained by him as a Director in defending any proceedings, whether civil or criminal, in which judgment is given in his favour, or in which he is acquitted. In addition, proper insurance coverage in respect of legal actions against the Directors' liability has been arranged.

TAX RELIEF

The Company is not aware of any relief on taxation available to the Shareholders by reason of their holdings of the Shares. If the Shareholders are unsure about the taxation implications of purchasing, holding, disposing of, dealing in, or exercising of any rights in relation to the Shares, they are advised to consult their professional advisers.

EMPLOYEES AND EMOLUMENT POLICY

As at 31 December 2016, the Group had 223 (2015: 78) employees (including the Directors). Employee costs, including Directors' emoluments, amounted to approximately HK\$12.8 million for the Year (2015: approximately HK\$9.8 million). The remuneration policy for the Directors and senior management members is based on their experience, level of responsibility, length of service and general market conditions. Any discretionary bonus and other merit payments are linked to the financial results of the Group and the individual performance of the Directors and senior management members.

董事於競爭業務的權益

除上文所披露者外,於本年度及直至本報告日期,概無董事被認為於與本集團業務直接或間接競爭或可能產生競爭的業務中擁有權益及擁有根據上市規則須予披露的任何其他利益衝突。

股東於重大合約之權益

除上文及本年報綜合財務報表附註的附註38所披露者外,概無股東於本年度內在本公司或其任何附屬公司屬訂約方且與本集團業務有重大關係的任何合約(不論是否向本公司提供服務)中直接或間接擁有任何重大權益。

獲准許彌償

根據組織章程細則,每名董事以董事身份對其獲判勝訴或無罪的任何訴訟(不論民事或刑事)進行抗辯,所引致或蒙受之一切損失或責任應從本公司資產當中獲得彌償。此外,本公司已就董事可能面對之法律訴訟作適當投保安排。

稅項寬減

本公司並不知悉股東因持有股份而可獲 得任何税項寬減。倘股東不確定購買、 持有、出售、處置或買賣股份或行使股 份相關權利方面的税務影響,彼等應諮 詢專業顧問。

僱員及薪酬政策

於二零一六年十二月三十一日,本集團 共有223名(二零一五年:78名)僱員(包括董事)。本年度的僱員成本(包括董事) 酬金)約為12.8百萬港元(二零一五年:約9.8百萬港元)。董事及高級管理層成 員的薪酬政策乃根據彼等的經驗、所負責任、服務年期及一般市場情況產集則 任何酌情花紅及其他獎勵金均與本人 的財務業績及董事與高級管理層成員的個人表現掛鈎。

Directors' Report 董事會報告





The Company has adopted the Share Option Scheme on 5 September 2014 for the purpose of providing incentives and rewards to eligible participants including the directors and employees of the Group.

本公司於二零一四年九月五日採納購股權計劃,旨在激勵及獎勵本集團的合資格參與者,包括董事及僱員。

ISSUE OF EQUITY SECURITIES

On 16 June 2016, (i) Eternity Time Group Limited (a direct wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company) as purchaser, (ii) the Company as issuer, (iii) Fusion Joy (a then independent third party of the Company before completion of the Acquisition) and (iv) Carlton Asia together as vendors entered into a share purchase agreement in respect of the Acquisition. The consideration of approximately US\$21.516 million (equivalent to approximately HK\$166.7 million) was satisfied (i) as to US\$11.258 million by cash; and (ii) as to the remaining amounts by the issue of 159,000,000 consideration Shares by the Company to Fusion Joy and Carlton Asia at the issue price of HK\$0.5 per consideration Share under a specific mandate granted by the Shareholders.

The Acquisition was approved by independent Shareholders on 8 September 2016, and completion took place on 21 October 2016, whereby 15,700,000 and 143,300,000 consideration Shares were allotted and issued to Carlton Asia and Morgan Top (a nominee of Fusion Joy), respectively.

As Carlton Asia is indirectly legally and beneficially owned as to 100% in aggregate by Mr. Chan Kwan (an executive Director and the chief executive officer of the Company) and Mr. Chan Pak Lam Brian (a NED) and their respective associates (as defined in the Listing Rules), Carlton Asia is a connected person (as defined in the Listing Rules) of the Company. It follows that the Acquisition and the issue of consideration Shares to Carlton Asia constituted connected transactions of the Company. As the applicable percentage ratios under Rule 14.07 of the Listing Rules in respect of the Acquisition exceeded 25% but were less than 100%, the Acquisition constituted a major transaction and a non-exempt connected transaction of the Company under Chapters 14 and 14A of the Listing Rules.

發行股本證券

於二零一六年六月十六日,(i) Eternity Time Group Limited (本公司直接全資附屬公司)作為買方,(ii)本公司作為發行人,(iii) Fusion Joy(完成收購事項前本公司當時的一名獨立第三方)及(iv) Carlton Asia共同作為賣方就收購事項訂立一份股份購買協議。約21.516百萬美元(相當於約166.7百萬港元)的代價以下列方式滿足:(i) 11.258百萬美元以現金;及(ii)剩餘款項以本公司根據股東授予的特殊授權按每股代價股份0.5港元的發行價向Fusion Joy及Carlton Asia發行159,000,000股代價股份。

收購事項於二零一六年九月八日經獨立股東批准,並於二零一六年十月二十一日完成,據此分別向Carlton Asia及Morgan Top (Fusion Joy的代名人)配發及發行15,700,000股及143,300,000股代價股份。

由於Carlton Asia合計由本公司執行董事兼行政總裁陳昆先生及非執行董事陳栢林先生及其各自聯繫人(定義見上市規則)間接合法實益全資擁有,因此Carlton Asia為本公司關連人士(定義見上市規則)。由此得出,收購事項及向Carlton Asia發行代價股份構成本公司關連交易。由於根據上市規則第14.07條計算的收購事項的適用百分比率超過25%但不超過100%,故收購事項構成本公司的重大交易及上市規則第14及14A章項下的非豁免關連交易。







Directors' Report 董事會報告

The Acquisition provides the Group with an opportunity to invest and develop new business segments in palm kernel oil production and excess biomass power supply in Indonesia. The Directors are of the view that the Acquisition is in line with our corporate value, direction, and hence our strategy to expand and diversify into other green businesses.

For further details, please refer to the Circular and the Company's announcements dated 16 June, 8 September, 23 September and 21 October 2016.

PURCHASE, SALE AND REDEMPTION OF LISTED SECURITIES

Neither the Company nor any of its subsidiaries has purchased, sold or redeemed any of the Company's Shares listed in the Main Board of the Stock Exchange during the Year.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

Details of the principal corporate governance policies and practices adopted by the Company are set out on pages 39 to 61 of this annual report.

REVIEW BY AUDIT COMMITTEE

The Company has established an Audit Committee in compliance with Rule 3.21 of the Listing Rules and paragraph C.3 of the Corporate Governance Code contained in the Listing Rules for the purpose of reviewing and providing supervision over the Group's financial reporting process, risk management and internal controls. The Audit Committee comprises four members, namely Ms. Ng Chung Yan Linda (who is also the chairlady of the Audit Committee), Mr. Ng Man Kung and Mr. Sze Yeuk Lung Benedict, all being the INEDs and Mr. Chau Chi Yan Benny, a NED. The Audit Committee has reviewed with the Company's management the accounting principles and practices adopted by the Group and the annual consolidated results of the Group for the Year.

收購事項為本集團提供機會在印尼投資 及開發仁油生產及額外生物質電力供應 的新業務分部。董事認為,收購事項符 合我們的企業價值、發展方向及我們的 擴張策略,並開拓了其他綠色業務。

進一步詳情,請參閱通函及本公司日期 為二零一六年六月十六日、九月八日、 九月二十三日及十月二十一日的公告。

購買、出售及贖回上市証券

本公司及任何附屬公司於本年度內概無 購買、出售或贖回本公司於聯交所主板 上市的任何股份。

企業管治

本公司採納之主要企業管治政策及慣例 之詳情載於本年報第39至61頁。

由審核委員會審閱

本公司已遵照上市規則第3.21條及企業管治守則第C.3段成立審核委員會,旨在審閱及監督本集團的財務申報程序序括。 險管理及內部控制。審核委員會包括支持。 知獨立非執行董事伍頌恩文共免任政施若龍先生及非執行董事因文共先生及施若龍先生及非執行董事理層以大生。審核委員會已與本公司管理以及本集團所採納的會計原則及慣例以本集團於本年度的年度綜合業績。

Directors' Report 董事會報告



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR

Ernst & Young resigned as the independent auditor of the Group with effect from 29 November 2016. Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu was appointed as the independent auditor of the Company with effect from the same date to fill the casual vacancy following the resignation of Ernst & Young.

The consolidated financial statements have been audited by Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu, who will retire and, being eligible, offer themselves for re-appointment at the forthcoming 2017 AGM. Having been approved by the Board upon the Audit Committee's recommendation, a resolution to re-appoint Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu and to authorise the Directors to fix their remuneration will be proposed at the forthcoming 2017 AGM.

On behalf of the Board

Chau On Ta Yuen

Chairman

Hong Kong, 24 March 2017

獨立核數師

安永會計師事務所辭任本集團獨立核數師,自二零一六年十一月二十九日起生效。德勤•關黃陳方會計師行於同日獲委任為本公司獨立核數師以填補安永會計師事務所辭任後的臨時職位空缺。

綜合財務報表經已由德勤·關黃陳方會計師行審核,德勤·關黃陳方會計師行審核,德勤·關黃陳方會計師行將退任及符合資格並願意於即將舉行之二零一七年股東週年大會接受意見批准,續聘請德勤·關黃陳方會計師行營權董事訂定彼等薪酬之決議案將於即將舉行之二零一七年股東週年大會提呈。

代表董事會

主席 周安達源

香港,二零一七年三月二十四日





德勤

TO THE SHAREHOLDERS OF ELL ENVIRONMENTAL HOLDINGS LIMITED

(incorporated in the Cayman Islands with limited liability)

OPINION

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of ELL Environmental Holdings Limited (the "Company") and its subsidiaries (collectively referred to as "the Group") set out on pages 94 to 199, which comprise the consolidated statement of financial position as at 31 December 2016, the consolidated statement of profit or loss and the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, consolidated statement of changes in equity and consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements give a true and fair view of the consolidated financial position of the Group as at 31 December 2016, and of its consolidated financial performance and its consolidated cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards ("HKFRSs") issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants ("HKICPA") and have been properly prepared in compliance with the disclosure requirements of Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

BASIS FOR OPINION

We conducted our audit in accordance with Hong Kong Standards on Auditing ("HKSAs") issued by the HKICPA. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with the HKICPA's Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants ("the Code"), and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

致強泰環保控股有限公司股東

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意見

本核數師(以下簡稱「我們」)已審計列載於第94至199頁的強泰環保控股有限公司(以下簡稱「貴公司」)及其附屬公司(以下統稱「貴集團」)的綜合財務報表,此財務報表包括於二零一六年十二月三十一日的綜合財務狀況表與截至該日止年度的綜合損益表、綜合損益及其他全面流表,以及綜合財務報表附註,包括主要會計政策概要。

我們認為,該等綜合財務報表已根據香港會計師公會(「香港會計師公會」)頒佈的香港財務報告準則(「香港財務報告準則」)真實而中肯地反映了 貴集團於二零一六年十二月三十一日的綜合財務狀況及截至該日止年度的綜合財務表現及綜合現金流量,並已遵照香港公司條例的披露規定妥為擬備。

意見的基礎

我們已根據香港會計師公會頒佈的香港審計準則(「香港審計準則」)進行審計。我們在該等準則下承擔的責任已在本告「核數師就審計綜合財務報表承擔香港(」部份中作出進一步闡述。根據香港會計師公會頒佈的專業會計師道德守則(以下簡稱「守則」),我們獨立於 貴集。我已履行守則中的其他道德責任。我們所獲得的審計憑證能充足適當地為我們的審計意見提供基礎。

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TO THE SHAREHOLDERS OF ELL ENVIRONMENTAL HOLDINGS LIMITED

(incorporated in the Cayman Islands with limited liability)

KEY AUDIT MATTERS

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the consolidated financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

致強泰環保控股有限公司股東

(於開曼群島註冊成立的有限公司)

關鍵審計事項

關鍵審計事項是根據我們的專業判斷,認為對本期綜合財務報表的審計最為重要的事項。這些事項是在我們審計整體綜合財務報表及出具意見時進行處理的。我們不會對這些事項提供單獨的意見。

Key audit matter 關鍵審計事項

How our audit addressed the key audit matter 我們的審計如何對關鍵審計事項進行處理

Revenue and profit from construction services and imputed interest income on receivables under service concession arrangements

來自建造服務的營業收入及溢利以及服務特許權安排下應收款項的推算利息收入

We identified recognition of revenue and profit from construction services and imputed interest income on receivables under service concession arrangements as a key audit matter due to the significant estimation made by the Group's management.

Our procedures in relation to recognition of revenue and profit from construction services and imputed interest income on receivables under service concession arrangements included:

 Examining the related BOT agreements entered into between the governments and the Group to assess the appropriateness of the related accounting treatment adopted by the Group;

由於 貴集團所作重大估計,我們將確認來自建造服務 的營業收入及溢利以及服務特許權安排下應收款項的推 算利息收入認定為關鍵審計事項。 我們就確認來自建造服務的營業收入及溢利以及服務特 許權安排下應收款項的推算利息收入採取的程序包括:

審查政府與 貴集團訂立的相關BOT協議,以評估 貴集團所採納相關會計處理的適當性;







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KEY AUDIT MATTERS (Cont'd)

Key audit matter 關鍵審計事項

關鍵審計事項(續)

How our audit addressed the key audit matter 我們的審計如何對關鍵審計事項進行處理

Revenue and profit from construction services and imputed interest income on receivables under service concession arrangements

來自建造服務的營業收入及溢利以及服務特許權安排下應收款項的推算利息收入

As disclosed in note 4 to the consolidated financial statements, revenue from construction of wastewater treatment facilities under the terms of build-operate-transfer (the "BOT") arrangement are estimated on a cost-plus basis in which the construction margin is estimated with reference to a prevailing market rate of gross margins of market comparables at the time of construction. Revenue from construction services is recognised using the percentage-of-completion method measured by reference to the proportion of costs incurred to date to the estimated total cost of the construction contract.

如綜合財務報表附註4所披露,根據建設 — 經營 — 移 • 交(「BOT」)安排條款來自建造污水處理設施的營業收入以成本加成法估計,而建設毛利率乃參考於建造時可資比較市場的現行市場毛利率估計。來自建造服務的營業

收入採用完工百分比方法確認入賬,及參考截至當日已

產生成本佔建锆合約估計總成本的比例計量。

- Understanding the Group's estimation of the construction margin, the available industry and market data of market comparables at the time of construction and the involvement of an independent valuer appointed by the Group for the revenue from construction services:
- Assessing the reasonableness of the percentageof-completion measured by reference to the proportion of costs incurred to date to the estimated total cost of the construction contract;
- Verifying the construction costs incurred during the year by examining the contracts, invoices, completion reports and other supporting documents on a sample basis;
- Evaluating the estimated total cost of construction contract by reference to the signed contracts and approved budgets;
- 對於來自建造服務的營業收入,了解 貴集團對 建造利潤率的估計、建造時可得可資比較市場的 行業與市場數據及 貴集團委聘的獨立估值師的 參與;
- 評估參考截至當日已產生成本佔建造合約估計總 成本的比例計量的完工百分比的合理性;
- 透過抽樣審查合約、發票、完工報告及其他證明 文件,核查年內產生的建造成本;
- 參考已簽訂合約及已批准預算評估建造合約估計 總成本;

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KEY AUDIT MATTERS (Cont'd)

Key audit matter 關鍵審計事項

關鍵審計事項(績)

How our audit addressed the key audit matter 我們的審計如何對關鍵審計事項進行處理

Revenue and profit from construction services and imputed interest income on receivables under service concession arrangements

來自建造服務的營業收入及溢利以及服務特許權安排下應收款項的推算利息收入

Imputed interest income is recognised from time to time on receivables under service concession arrangements on an accrual basis using the effective interest method by discounting the estimated future cash receipts over the service concession period at the estimated effective interest rate computed at initial recognition.

The Group engages an independent qualified valuer to access the prevailing market rate of gross margin of market comparables and the effective interest rate for service concession arrangements as mentioned above.

As disclosed in notes 5 and 16 to the consolidated financial statements, the Group recognised revenue and profit from construction services of HK\$36,206,000 and HK\$10,675,000 respectively, and imputed interest income on receivables under service concession arrangements of HK\$19,465,000, during the year ended 31 December 2016.

服務特許權安排下的應收款項不時會使用實際利率法按 累計基準確認推算利息收入,並按照初始確認時計算的 估計實際利率將服務特許期的估計未來現金收入貼現。

貴集團聘請一名獨立合資格估值師評估上述可資比較市 場的現行市場毛利率及服務特許權安排的實際利率。

如綜合財務報表附註5及16所披露,截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度,貴集團確認來自建造服務的營業收入及溢利分別為36,206,000港元及10,675,000港元,服務特許權安排下應收款項的推算利息收入為19,465,000港元。

- Evaluating the reasonableness of estimated effective interest rate for the imputed interest income on receivables under service concession arrangements by benchmarking against market data; and
- Working with our internal valuation experts to evaluate the appropriateness of all the construction margins and effective interest rates estimated by the management of the Group.

- 以市場數據為基準評估服務特許權安排下應收款 項的推算利息收入的估計實際利率的合理性;及
- 與我們的內部估值專家合作評估 貴集團管理層 估計的所有建造利潤率及實際利率的適當性。







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KEY AUDIT MATTERS (Cont'd)

Key audit matter 關鍵審計事項

關鍵審計事項(續)

How our audit addressed the key audit matter 我們的審計如何對關鍵審計事項進行處理

Accounting for acquisition of 100% equity interest in Weal Union Limited and its subsidiary ("the Acquisition")

收購旭衡有限公司及其附屬公司100%股權(「收購事項」)之會計處理

We identified the accounting for the Acquisition as a key audit matter due to the judgement exercised by the management of the Group in accordance with HKFRS 3 "Business Combinations".

Our procedures in relation to assessing the appropriateness of the accounting for the Acquisition included:

- Obtaining an understanding of how the management accounted for the Acquisition under HKFRS 3;
- Discussing with the management the key estimates adopted by the management in assessing the acquisition-date fair values of the identifiable assets acquired and the liabilities assumed, including the market value or depreciated replacement cost of the property, plant and equipment;

由於 貴集團管理層根據香港財務報告準則第3號「業務合併」所作判斷,我們將收購事項的會計處理認定為關鍵審計事項。

我們就評估收購事項會計處理的適當性採取的程序包括:

- 了解管理層如何根據香港財務報告準則第3號將 收購事項入賬;
- 與管理層討論管理層為評估所收購可識別資產及 所承擔負債於收購日期的公允值採用的主要估 計,包括物業、廠房及設備的市場價值或折舊重 置成本:

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KEY AUDIT MATTERS (Cont'd)

關鍵審計事項(績)

Key audit matter 關鍵審計事項

How our audit addressed the key audit matter 我們的審計如何對關鍵審計事項進行處理

Accounting for acquisition of 100% equity interest in Weal Union Limited and its subsidiary ("the Acquisition")

收購旭衡有限公司及其附屬公司100%股權(「收購事項」)之會計處理

As disclosed in note 39 to the consolidated financial statements, the total consideration, in relation to the Acquisition which engage in provision of electricity services during the year ended 31 December 2016, was HK\$167,312,000. In application of HKFRS 3, the management applied significant judgements in assessing the acquisition-date fair values of the identifiable assets acquired and the liabilities assumed including the estimates adopted in calculating the fair value of property, plant and equipment by reference to the market value or depreciated replacement cost of the property, plant and equipment. The fair value of property, plant and equipment of HK\$145,753,000 acquired in business combination are based on valuation performed by an independent qualified professional valuer (the "Valuer").

- Evaluating the Valuer's competence, capabilities and objectivity; and
- Working with our internal valuation experts to evaluate the valuation techniques and reasonableness of the significant inputs, on a sample basis, used by the management and the Valuer in relation to calculate the acquisition-date fair values of property, plant and equipment acquired in business combination to assess the reasonableness of the judgements and estimations.

如綜合財務報表附註39所披露,於截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度,收購事項總代價為167,312,000港元,有關公司從事供電服務。採用香港財務報告準則第3號後,管理層於評估所收購可識別資產及所承擔負債於收購日期的公允值時採用重大判斷,包括參考物業、廠房及設備的市場價值或折舊重置成本計算物業、廠房及設備公允值採用的估計。於業務合併中收購的物業、廠房及設備的145,753,000港元的公允值基於一名獨立合資格專業估值師(「估值師」)進行的估值。

- 評估估值師的資質、能力及客觀性;及
- 與我們的內部估值專家合作抽樣評估管理層及估值師為計算業務合併中所收購物業、廠房及設備於收購日期的公允值而採用的估值技術與重大輸入數據的合理性,以評估判斷及估計的合理性。







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OTHER MATTER

The consolidated financial statements of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2015 were audited by another auditor who expressed an unmodified opinion on those statements on 18 March 2016.

OTHER INFORMATION

The directors of the Company are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the annual report, but does not include the consolidated financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the consolidated financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the consolidated financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the consolidated financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

RESPONSIBILITIES OF DIRECTORS AND THOSE CHARGED WITH GOVERNANCE FOR THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation of the consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with HKFRSs issued by the HKICPA and the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

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其他事項

貴集團截至二零一五年十二月三十一日 止年度的綜合財務報表由另外的核數師 審核,該核數師於二零一六年三月十八 日對該等報表發表無保留意見。

其他信息

貴公司董事需對其他信息負責。其他信息包括刊載於年報內的信息,但不包括 綜合財務報表及我們的核數師報告。

我們對綜合財務報表的意見並不涵蓋其 他信息,我們亦不對該等信息發表任何 形式的鑑證結論。

結合我們對綜合財務報表的審計,我們的責任是閱讀其他信息,在此過程中,考慮其他信息是否與綜合財務報表或我們在審計過程中所了解的情況存在重大抵觸或者似乎存在重大錯誤陳述的情況。基於我們已執行的工作,如果我們認為其他信息存在重大錯誤陳述,我們需要報告該事實。在這方面,我們沒有任何報告。

董事及治理層就綜合財務報表須承 擔的責任

貴公司董事須負責根據香港會計師公會 頒佈的香港財務報告準則及香港公司條 例的披露規定擬備真實而中肯的綜合財 務報表,並對其認為為使綜合財務報表 的擬備不存在由於欺詐或錯誤而導致的 重大錯誤陳述所需的內部控制負責。

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RESPONSIBILITIES OF DIRECTORS AND THOSE CHARGED WITH GOVERNANCE FOR THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Cont'd)

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Group's financial reporting process.

AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE AUDIT OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion solely to you, as a body, in accordance with our agreed terms of engagement, and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility towards or accept liability to any other person for the contents of this report. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with HKSAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

致強泰環保控股有限公司股東

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董事及治理層就綜合財務報表須承 擔的責任(*續*)

在擬備綜合財務報表時,董事負責評估 貴集團持續經營的能力,並在適用情況下披露與持續經營有關的事項,以及使用持續經營為會計基礎,除非董事有意將 貴集團清盤或停止經營,或別無其他實際的替代方案。

治理層須負責監督 貴集團的財務報告 過程。

核數師就審計綜合財務報表承擔的 責任





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AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE AUDIT OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Cont'd)

As part of an audit in accordance with HKSAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the
 consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error,
 design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks,
 and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to
 provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material
 misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting
 from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional
 omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the directors.

致強泰環保控股有限公司股東

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核數師就審計綜合財務報表承擔的 責任*(績)*

在根據香港審計準則進行審計的過程 中,我們運用了專業判斷,保持了專業 懷疑態度。我們亦:

- 了解與審計相關的內部控制,以 設計適當的審計程序,但目的並 非對 貴集團內部控制的有效性 發表意見。
- 評價董事所採用會計政策的恰當 性及作出會計估計和相關披露的 合理性。

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AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE AUDIT OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Cont'd)

- Conclude on the appropriateness of the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Group to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

致強泰環保控股有限公司股東

(於開曼群島註冊成立的有限公司)

核數師就審計綜合財務報表承擔的 責任*(績)*

- 對董事採用持續經。
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- 評價綜合財務報表的整體呈列方式、結構和內容,包括披露,以及綜合財務報表是否中肯反映交易和事項。
- 就 貴集團內實體或業務活動的 財務信息獲取充足、適當的審計 憑證,以對綜合財務報表發表意 見。我們負責集團審計的方向、 監督和執行。我們為審計意見承 擔全部責任。

除其他事項外,我們與治理層溝通了計劃的審計範圍、時間安排、重大審計發現等,包括我們在審計中識別出內部控制的任何重大缺陷。

我們還向治理層提交聲明,説明我們已符合有關獨立性的相關道德要求,並與他們溝通有可能合理地被認為會影響我們獨立性的所有關係和其他事項,以及在適用情況下,相關的防範措施。







Independent Auditors' Report 獨立核數師報告

TO THE SHAREHOLDERS OF ELL ENVIRONMENTAL HOLDINGS LIMITED

(incorporated in the Cayman Islands with limited liability)

AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE AUDIT OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Cont'd)

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

The engagement partner on the audit resulting in the independent auditor's report is Wu Ka Ming.

Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu

Certified Public Accountants Hong Kong

24 March 2017

致強泰環保控股有限公司股東

(於開曼群島註冊成立的有限公司)

核數師就審計綜合財務報表承擔的 責任(*續*)

從與治理層溝通的事項中,我們確定哪些事項對本期綜合財務報表的審計最為重要,因而構成關鍵審計事項。我們報告中描述這些事項,除非法律或法規不允許公開披露這些事項期在我極端罕見的情況下,如果合理預期在我們報告中溝通某事項造成的負面後果超過產生的公眾利益,我們決定不應在報告中溝通該事項。

出具本獨立核數師報告的審計項目合夥 人是胡家明。

德勤 • 關黃陳方會計師行

執業會計師 香港

二零一七年三月二十四日







Consolidated Statement of Profit or Loss 綜合損益表

For the year ended 31 December 2016 截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度

		Notes	2016	2015
		附註	二零一六年	二零一五年
		111 11	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
			千港元	千港元
			1 7670	17676
Revenue	營業收入	5	100,317	145,462
Cost of sales	銷售成本	O	(66,011)	(95,035)
COSt Of Sales			(00,011)	(90,000)
Gross profit	毛利		34,306	50,427
Other income and gains	其他收入及收益	7	11,357	5,318
Administrative expenses	行政開支	,	· ·	
•		0	(25,172)	(18,269)
Finance costs	融資成本	8	(1,969)	(1,247)
D (1) (70 IV 24 0V III	0	40 500	00.000
Profit before tax	除税前溢利	9	18,522	36,229
Income tax (expense) credit	所得税(開支)抵免	12	(7,029)	3,920
	t- 7 W Til			
Profit for the year	年內溢利		11,493	40,149
Due fit females a competible de la terr	以工友主座化左击兴利,			
Profit for the year attributable to:	以下各方應佔年內溢利:		10.010	00 500
Owners of the Company	本公司擁有人		10,343	39,506
Non-controlling interests	非控股權益 		1,150	643
			11,493	40,149
			2# //	5# //1.
	年 即 五红		HK cents港仙	HK cents港仙
Earnings per share	每股盈利	14		
— Basic	<u> </u>		1.05	4.37
50.	1 447			114 不淬中
— Diluted	— <u></u>		1.05	N/A 不適用



For the year ended 31 December 2016 截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度

		2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000 千港元	2015 二零一五年 HK\$'000 千港元
Profit for the year	年內溢利	11,493	40,149
Other comprehensive (expense) income	其他全面(開支)收入		
Item that may be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss:	隨後可能重新分類至損益的項目:		
Exchange difference arising on translation of foreign operations	換算海外業務產生之匯兑差額 e 可供出售投資之公允值變動	(28,366)	(16,224)
Fair value change on available-for-sale investments Investment revaluation reserve released upon disposal of	出售可供出售投資後解除的投資重估儲備	2,125	(555)
available-for-sale investments	的汉其至旧帕佣	(819)	(246)
Total comprehensive (expense) income for the year	年內全面(開支)收入總額	(15,567)	23,124
Total comprehensive (expense) income attributable to:	以下各方應佔全面(開支)收入總額:		
Owners of the Company Non-controlling interests	本公司擁有人 非控股權益	(15,624) 57	23,765 (641)
		(15,567)	23,124







Consolidated Statement of Financial Position 綜合財務狀況表

At 31 December 2016 於二零一六年十二月三十一日

		Notes	2016	2015
		附註	二零一六年	二零一五年
			HK\$'000	HK\$'000
			千港元	千港元
NON-CURRENT ASSETS	非流動資產			
Property, plant and equipment	物業、廠房及設備	15	143,130	2,310
Receivables under service	服務特許權安排下的應收款項			
concession arrangements		16	288,638	349,807
Goodwill	商譽	17	85,699	_
Available-for-sale investments	可供出售投資	18	23,383	127,921
			540,850	480,038
CURRENT ASSETS	流動資產			
Inventories	存貨		882	246
Receivables under service	服務特許權安排下的應收款項			
concession arrangements		16	30,814	40,410
Trade receivables	貿易應收款項	19	2,840	_
Prepayments and other receivables	預付款項及其他應收款項	20	1,569	1,289
Income tax recoverable	可收回所得税		405	693
Bank balances and cash	銀行結餘及現金	21	25,104	87,763
			61,614	130,401
Assets classified as held for sale	分類為持作出售資產	29	78,676	_
			140,290	130,401
CURRENT LIABILITIES	流動負債			
Trade payables	貿易應付款項	22	19,955	12,186
Other payables and accruals	其他應付款項及應計費用	23	4,783	3,543
Amounts due to related parties	應付關聯方款項	24	6,542	_
Derivative financial instrument	衍生金融工具	25	_	794
Bank borrowings — due within one year		26	32,426	32,864
Income tax payables	應付所得税		122	627
			62.000	EO 014
Liabilities associated with assets	與分類為持作出售資產有關		63,828	50,014
classified as held for sale	的負債	29	9,848	
Classified as Field for Sale	H) 只 良	20	9,040	_
			73,676	50,014
NET CURRENT ASSETS	流動資產淨值		66,614	80,387
TOTAL ASSETS LESS	總資產減流動負債			
CURRENT LIABILITIES			607,464	560,425





Consolidated Statement of Financial Position 綜合財務狀況表

At 31 December 2016 於二零一六年十二月三十一目

		Notes	2016	2015
		附註	二零一六年	二零一五年
		LITHT	HK\$'000	— ₹ ± 1 HK\$'000
			千港元	千港元
CAPITAL AND RESERVES	資本及儲備			
Share capital	股本	30	111	95
Reserves	儲備	31	541,841	487,447
Theselves	開門	01	341,041	407,447
Equity attributable to owners	本公司擁有人應佔權益			
	中 厶 印雅 刊 八 悠 旧 惟 血		E44 0E0	407 F 40
of the Company			541,952	487,542
Non-controlling interests	非控股權益		27,650	27,593
	Idle N. C. de Arr			
TOTAL EQUITY	權益總額		569,602	515,135
	11 >> <1 5 5+			
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES	非流動負債			
Bank borrowings — due after one year	銀行借款 — 一年後到期	26	_	2,336
Deferred tax liabilities	遞延税項負債	27	31,251	36,514
Provision for major overhauls	重大檢修撥備	28	6,611	6,440
			37,862	45,290
				500 405
			607,464	560,425

The consolidated financial statements on pages 94 to 199 were approved and authorised for issue by the Board of Directors on 24 March 2017 and are signed on its behalf by:

第94至199頁的綜合財務報表經董事會 於二零一七年三月二十四日批准及授權 刊發,並由下列人士代為簽署:

Chau On Ta Yuen 周安達源 Chairman 主席 Chan Kwan 陳昆 Executive Director 執行董事







Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity 綜合權益變動表

For the year ended 31 December 2016 截至二零一六年十二月三十一目止年度

Attributable to shareholders of the Company 本公司股車確佔

		本公司股東應佔											
		Issued capital 已發行股本 HK\$*000 千港元	Share premium 股份溢價 HK\$'000 千港元	Share option reserve 購股權儲備 HK\$*000 千港元	Other reserve 其他儲備 HK\$*000 千港元 (Note 31a) (附註31a)	Exchange reserve 匯兑儲備 HK\$*000 千港元	General reserve 一般儲備 HK\$'000 千港元 (Note 31b) (附註31b)	Investment revaluation reserve 投資重估儲備 HK\$*000 千港元	Treasury reserve 庫存儲備 HK\$'000 千港元 (Note 31c) (附註31c)	Retained earnings 保留盈利 HK\$'000 千港元	Total 總計 HK\$'000 千港元	Non- controlling interests 非控股權益 HK\$'000 千港元	Total 總計 HK\$'000 千港元
At 1 January 2015	於二零一五年一月一日	80	183,340	-	(31,476)	25,678	13,830	-	_	145,143	336,595	28,234	364,829
Exchange differences arising on translation of foreign operations Fair value change on available-for-sale	換算海外業務產生之 匯兑差額 可供出售投資之 公允值變動	-	-	-	-	(14,940)	-	-	-	_	(14,940)	(1,284)	(16,224)
investments Investment revaluation reserve released upon disposal of available-for-sale	出售可供出售投資後解除的投資重估儲備	-	-	-	-	-	-	(555)	-	-	(555)	-	(555)
investments Profit for the year	年內溢利	_	-	-	-	-	-	(246)	-	- 39,506	(246) 39,506	- 643	(246) 40,149
Total comprehensive income for the year	年內全面收入總額	-	-	-	-	(14,940)	-	(801)	-	39,506	23,765	(641)	23,124
Issue of shares pursuant to the top-up placing and top-up subscription Placing expenses	配售開支 股份回購	16 _ _	156,784 (5,657) —	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - (4,921)	- - -	156,800 (5,657) (4,921)		156,800 (5,657) (4,921)
Cancellation of share repurchased Transfer to general reserve Interim dividend — 2015	註銷購回股份 B 轉撥至一般儲備 中期股息 — 二零一五年	(1) - -	(4,920) — —	- - -	- - -	- - -	- 4,485 -	- - -	4,921 - -	- (4,485) (19,040)	- (19,040)	- - -	_ _ (19,040)
		15	146,207	-	-	-	4,485	-	-	(23,525)	127,182	-	127,182
At 31 December 2015	於二零一五年 十二月三十一日	95	329,547	_	(31,476)	10,738	18,315	(801)	_	161,124	487,542	27,593	515,135



十二月三十一日

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(31,476)

(16,535)

20,597

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Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity 綜合權益變動表

For the year ended 31 December 2016 截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度

Attributable to shareholders of the Company

			本公司股東應佔										
		Issued capital 已發行股本 HK\$*000 千港元	Share premium 股份溢價 HK\$*000 千港元	Share option reserve 購股權儲備 HK\$*000 千港元	Other reserve 其他儲備 HK\$'000 千港元 (Note 31a) (附註 31a)	Exchange reserve 匯兑儲備 HK\$'000 千港元	General reserve 一般儲備 HK\$'000 千港元 (Note 31b) (附註 31b)	Investment revaluation reserve 投資重估儲備 HK\$'000 千港元	Treasury reserve 庫存儲備 HK\$'000 千港元 (Note 31c) (附註31c)	Retained earnings 保留盈利 HK\$'000 千港元	Total 總計 HK\$'000 千港元	Non- controlling interests 非控股權益 HK\$'000 千港元	Total 總計 HK\$'000 千港元
arising on translation of foreign operations Fair value change on 可	與算海外業務產生之 匯兑差額 I供出售投資之 公允值變動	-	-	-	-	(27.273)	-	-	-	-	(27,273)	(1,093)	(28,366)
investments Investment revaluation #	出售可供出售投資後解除的投資重估儲備	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,125	-	-	2,125	-	2,125
investments	F內溢利	- -	- -	- -	- -	-	-	(819) —	- -	_ 10,343	(819) 10,343	- 1,150	(819) 11,493
Total comprehensive 年 income for the year	F內全面收入總額	-	-	-	-	(27,273)	-	1,306	-	10,343	(15,624)	57	(15,567)
to the acquisition of subsidiaries Recognition of 確	民據收購附屬公司 的股份發行 確認以權益結算 基於股份的付款	16	79,484	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	79,500	-	79,500
share-based payments Transfer to general reserve		- - -	- - -	54 - -	- - -	- - -	2,282 –	- - -	- - -	- (2,282) (9,520)	54 - (9,520)	- - -	54 - (9,520)
		16	79,484	54	-	_	2,282	-	_	(11,802)	70,034	-	70,034
At 31 December 2016 於	《二零一六年 												

159,665

541,952

27,650

569,602







Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows

綜合現金流量表

For the year ended 31 December 2016 截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度

		_		
		Notes 附註	2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000 千港元	2015 二零一五年 HK\$'000 千港元
Operating activities Profit before tax	經營活動 除稅前溢利		18,522	36,229
Adjustments for: Bank interest income	對以下各項作出調整: 銀行利息收入		(78)	(370)
Interest income from available-for-sale investments			(4,725)	(2,068)
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment	物業、廠房及設備折舊		2,513	472
Provision for major overhauls Share-based payments	重大檢修撥備 基於股份的付款		1,616 54	1,122 —
Finance costs Gains on disposal of available-for-sale	融資成本 出售可供出售投資的收益		1,969	1,247
investments Fair value (gain) loss of a derivative financial instrument	衍生金融工具的公允值 (收益)虧損		(819)	(246)
 a transaction not designated as a hedge 	一 並非指作對沖的交易		(1,231)	794
Decrease in inventories	存貨減少 服務特許權安排下的應		17,821 90	37,180 50
Increase in receivables under service concession arrangements Decrease in trade receivables Increase in prepayments and	收款項增加 貿易應收款項減少 預付款項及其他應收款項增加		(26,901) 2,600	(72,591) —
other receivables Increase in trade payables	貿易應付款項增加		(2,740) 2,884	(688) 7,600
Decrease in other payables and accruals			(15)	(2,809)
Cash used in operations Income tax refunded Income tax paid	經營使用的現金 退回所得税 已付所得税		(6,261) 764 (3,033)	(31,258) 9,998 (5,796)
Net cash used in operating activities	經營活動使用的現金淨額		(8,530)	(27,056)
Investing activities Purchases of property plant and equipment	投資活動 購買物業、廠房及設備		(3,523)	(117)
Acquisition of subsidiaries Advance to Weal Union Group	收購附屬公司 支付予旭衡集團的墊款	39	(85,082)	_
as defined in note 39 Purchases of available-for-sale investments	(定義見附註39) 購買可供出售投資	39	(58,196) (31,419)	— (140,570)
Proceeds on disposal of available-for-sale investments	出售可供出售投資的所得款項		116,978	11,627
Realised gain on a derivative financial instrument Bank interest received	衍生金融工具的已實現收益 已收銀行利息		437 78	_ 370
Interest received from available-for-sale investments	已收可供出售投資的利息		4,614	1,510
Net cash used in investing activities	投資活動使用的現金淨額		(56,113)	(127,180)



Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows 綜合現金流量表

For the year ended 31 December 2016 截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度

		2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000 千港元	2015 二零一五年 HK\$'000 千港元
Financing activities	融資活動		
New bank borrowings raised	新造銀行借款	_	30,250
Repayments of bank borrowings	償還銀行借款	(2,781)	(12,262)
Advance from a related party	一名關聯方墊款	38,595	_
Repayment to a related party	向一名關聯方還款	(16,595)	_
Interest paid	已付利息	(1,270)	(920)
Gross proceeds from a top-up placing	先舊後新配售及先舊後		
and top-up subscription	新認購所得款項總額	_	156,800
Payment of expenses directly	先舊後新配售及先舊後		
attributable to a top-up placing	新認購直接應佔開支付款		
and top-up subscription		_	(5,657)
Share repurchase	股份回購	_	(4,921)
Dividends paid	已付股息	(9,520)	(19,040)
Net cash from financing activities Net decrease in bank balances and cash	融資活動產生的現金淨額 銀行結餘及現金減少淨額	8,429 (56,214)	144,250 (9,986)
Bank balances and cash at beginning of the year	年初銀行結餘及現金	87,763	99,064
Effect of foreign exchange rate changes, net	外匯匯率變動的影響,淨額	(2,464)	(1,315)
onangos, not		(2,404)	(1,010)
Bank balances and cash at end of the year	年末銀行結餘及現金	29,085	87,763
	lle.		
Represented by:	指:	05.404	07.700
Bank balances and cash	銀行結餘及現金	25,104	87,763
Bank balances and cash classified as held for sale	分類為持作出售的銀行結餘 及現金	3,981	
as held tot sale	<u> </u>	3,301	_







Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2016 截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度

1. **GENERAL**

The Company was incorporated in the Cayman Island as an exempted company with limited liability and its shares are listed on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange"). The addresses of the registered office of the Company is P.O. Box 39, Ugland House, Grand Cayman, KY1-1104, Cayman Islands and the principal place of business of the Company is Units 1-3, 11th Floor, Westlands Centre, 20 Westlands Road, Hong Kong.

The consolidated financial statements are presented in Hong Kong dollars ("HK\$"), which is also the functional currency of the Company.

The Company acts as an investment holding company. The principal activities of its principal subsidiaries are set out in note 41.

2. APPLICATION OF NEW AND AMENDMENTS TO HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRSs")

In the current year, the Group has applied, for the first time, the following amendments to HKFRSs issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants ("HKICPA"):

香港會計準則第1號之修訂 Amendments to HKAS 16 and HKAS 38 香港會計準則第16號及 香港會計準則第38號之修訂 Amendments to HKAS 16 and HKAS 41 香港會計準則第16號及 香港會計準則第41號之修訂

Amendments to HKAS 1

Amendments to HKFRS 10, HKFRS 12 and HKAS 28

香港財務報告準則第10號、 香港財務報告準則第12號及 香港會計準則第28號之修訂

Amendments to HKFRS 11 香港財務報告準則第11號之修訂

Amendments to HKFRSs 香港財務報告準則之修訂

一般事項 1.

本公司為一間在開曼群島註冊成 立的獲豁免有限責任公司,其股 份於香港聯合交易所有限公司 (「聯交所」)上市。本公司的註冊 辦事處地址為P.O. Box 39, Ugland House, Grand Cayman, KY1-1104, Cayman Islands, 本公司的 主要營業地點位於香港華蘭路20 號華蘭中心11樓1-3室。

綜合財務報表以港元(「港元」)列 值,港元亦為本公司功能貨幣。

本公司為投資控股公司。其主要 附屬公司的主要活動載於附註41。

採用新訂及經修訂香港財務 2. 報告準則(「香港財務報告準 則」)

於本年度內,本集團已首次採用 以下由香港會計師公會(「香港會 計師公會1)頒佈之香港財務報告 準則之修訂:

Disclosure Initiative 披露措施

Clarification of Acceptable Methods of Depreciation and Amortisation 釐清可接受之折舊及攤銷方法

Agriculture: Bearer Plants 農業:生產性植物

Investment Entities: Applying the Consolidation Exception

投資實體:應用綜合豁免

Accounting for Acquisitions of Interests in Joint Operations 收購共同營運權益之會計處理

Annual Improvements to HKFRSs 2012 - 2014 Cycle 香港財務報告準則二零一二年至二零一四年週期之年度改進





Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2016 截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度

2. APPLICATION OF NEW AND AMENDMENTS TO HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRSs") (Cont'd)

The application of the above amendments to HKFRSs in the current year has had no material effect on the Group's financial performance and positions for the current and prior years and/or on the disclosures set out in these consolidated financial statements.

The Group has not early applied the following new and amendments to HKFRSs that have been issued but are not yet effective:

HKFRS 9 香港財務報告準則第9號 HKFRS 15

香港財務報告準則第15號 HKFRS 16 香港財務報告準則第16號 Amendments to HKAS 7 香港會計準則第7號之修訂 Amendments to HKAS 12 香港會計準則第12號之修訂 Amendments to HKFRS 2

香港財務報告準則第2號之修訂 Amendments to HKFRS 4

香港財務報告準則第4號之修訂

Amendments to HKFRS 10 and HKAS 28

香港財務報告準則第10號及 香港會計準則第28號之修訂 Amendments to HKFRSs 香港財務報告準則之修訂

採用新訂及經修訂香港財務 報告準則(「香港財務報告準 則」)(續)

於本年度內採用以上香港財務報 告準則之修訂並沒有對本集團本 年度及過往年度財務表現及狀況 及/或該等綜合財務報表內之披 露構成重大影響。

本集團並未提早應用下列已頒佈 但尚未生效之新訂及經修訂香港 財務報告準則:

Financial Instruments² 金融工具²

Revenue from Contracts with Customers and the Related Amendments²

客戶合約收入及相關修訂2

Leases3

租賃3

Disclosure Initiative¹

披露計劃1

Recognition of Deferred Tax Assets for Unrealised Losses¹ 就未實現虧損確認遞延税項資產¹

Classification and Measurement of Share-based Payment Transactions²

以股份付款交易的分類及計量2

Applying HKFRS 9 "Financial Instruments" with HKFRS 4 "Insurance Contracts" ²

對香港財務報告準則第4號「保險合約」

應用香港財務報告準則第9號「金融工具」² Sale or Contribution of Assets between an Investor

and its Associate or Joint Venture⁴

投資者及其聯營公司或合營企業出售或注入資產4

Annual Improvements to HKFRSs 2014 - 2016 Cycle⁵ 香港財務報告準則二零一四年至二零一六年週期之年度改進⁵

- Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2017.
- ² Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2018.
- Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2019.
- Effective for annual periods beginning on or after a date to be determined.
- Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2017 or 1 January 2018, as appropriate.

- 於二零一七年一月一日或之後開 始的年度期間生效。
- ² 於二零一八年一月一日或之後開 始的年度期間生效。
- 3 於二零一九年一月一日或之後開始的年度期間生效。
- 4 於將釐定日期或之後開始的年度 期間生效。
- 5 於二零一七年一月一日或二零 一八年一月一日(如適用)或之後 開始的年度期間生效。









Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2016 截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度

APPLICATION OF NEW AND AMENDMENTS TO 2. HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRSs") (Cont'd)

HKFRS 9 "FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS"

HKFRS 9 introduces new requirements for the classification and measurement of financial assets, financial liabilities, general hedge accounting and impairment requirements for financial assets.

Key requirements of HKFRS 9 are:

all recognised financial assets that are within the scope of HKFRS 9 are required to be subsequently measured at amortised cost or fair value. Specifically, debt investments that are held within a business model whose objective is to collect the contractual cash flows, and that have contractual cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal outstanding are generally measured at amortised cost at the end of subsequent accounting periods. Debt instruments that are held within a business model whose objective is achieved both by collecting contractual cash flows and selling financial assets, and that have contractual terms that give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding, are generally measured at fair value through other comprehensive income. All other debt investments and equity investments are measured at their fair value at the end of subsequent accounting periods. In addition, under HKFRS 9, entities may make an irrevocable election to present subsequent changes in the fair value of an equity investment (that is not held for trading) in other comprehensive income, with only dividend income generally recognised in profit or loss.

採用新訂及經修訂香港財務 2. 報告準則(「香港財務報告準 則」)(續)

香港財務報告準則第9號「金融 工具Ⅰ

香港財務報告準則第9號引入有關 金融資產、金融負債及一般對沖 會計處理分類及計量之新規定以 及金融資產之減值規定。

香港財務報告準則第9號之主要規 定:

屬香港財務報告準則第9號 範圍內所有已確認金融資 產其後須按攤銷成本或公 允值計量。特別是,目的 為收取合約現金流量之業 務模式內持有以及合約現 金流量純粹為支付本金及 未償還本金利息之債務投 資,一般按其後會計期間 結算日之攤銷成本計量。 目的為同時收取合約現金 流量及出售金融資產之業 務模式內持有以及合約條 款令於特定日期產生之現 金流量純粹為支付本金及 未償還本金利息之債務工 具,一般按公允值計入其 他全面收入計量。所有其 他債務投資及股權投資按 其後會計期間結算日之公 允值計量。此外,根據香 港財務報告準則第9號,實 體有權不可撤回地選擇在 其他全面收入呈列並非持 作買賣股權投資之其後公 允值變動,並一般僅在損 益確認股息收入。





Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2016 截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度

2. APPLICATION OF NEW AND AMENDMENTS TO HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRSs") (Cont'd)

HKFRS 9 "FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS" (Cont'd)

• in relation to the impairment of financial assets, HKFRS 9 requires an expected credit loss model, as opposed to an incurred credit loss model under HKAS 39. The expected credit loss model requires an entity to account for expected credit losses and changes in those expected credit losses at each reporting date to reflect changes in credit risk since initial recognition. In other words, it is no longer necessary for a credit event to have occurred before credit losses are recognised.

Application of HKFRS 9 in the future may have an impact on the classification and measurement of the Group's financial assets and financial liabilities. The Group's available-for-sale investments, currently stated at fair value, will either be measured at fair value through profit or loss or be designated as fair value through other comprehensive income (subject to fulfilment of the designation criteria). In addition, the expected credit loss model may result in early provision of credit losses which are not yet incurred in relation to the Group's financial assets measured at amortised cost. However, it is not practicable to provide a reasonable estimate of the effect of HKFRS 9 until the Group performs a detailed review.

2. 採用新訂及經修訂香港財務 報告準則(「香港財務報告準 則」)(績)

香港財務報告準則第9號「金融 工具」(續)









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APPLICATION OF NEW AND AMENDMENTS TO 2. HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRSs") (Cont'd)

HKFRS 15 "REVENUE FROM CONTRACTS WITH CUSTOMERS"

HKFRS 15 was issued which establishes a single comprehensive model for entities to use in accounting for revenue arising from contracts with customers. HKFRS 15 will supersede the current revenue recognition guidance including HKAS 18 "Revenue", HKAS 11 "Construction Contracts" and the related interpretations when it becomes effective.

The core principle of HKFRS 15 is that an entity should recognise revenue to depict the transfer of promised goods or services to customers in an amount that reflects the consideration to which the entity expects to be entitled in exchange for goods or services. Specifically, the standard introduces a 5-step approach to revenue recognition:

- Step 1: Identify the contract(s) with customer;
- Step 2: Identify the performance obligations in the contract;
- Step 3: Determine the transaction price:
- Step 4: Allocate the transaction price to the performance obligations in the contract; and
- Step 5: Recognise revenue when (or as) the entity satisfies a performance obligation.

採用新訂及經修訂香港財務 2. 報告準則(「香港財務報告準 則」)(續)

香港財務報告準則第15號「客戶 合約收入」

頒佈香港財務報告準則第15號旨 在制定單一全面模式供實體用作 將自客戶合約所產生營業收入入 賬。一經生效,香港財務報告準 則第15號將取代現時之營業收入 確認指引,包括香港會計準則第 18號「營業收入」、香港會計準則 第11號「建锆合約 | 及相關詮釋。

香港財務報告準則第15號之核心 原則為實體確認營業收入以顯示 向客戶轉讓所承諾貨物或服務, 而款額反映實體預期就交換貨物 或服務有權獲得之代價。具體而 言,該準則引入確認營業收入之 五個步驟:

- 第一步: 識別與客戶訂立 之合約;
- 第二步:識別合約中之履 約責任;
- 第三步: 釐定交易價;
- 第四步:按合約中之履約 責任分配交易價;及
- 第五步:於實體完成履約 責任時(或就此)確認營業 收入。





Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2016 截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度

2. APPLICATION OF NEW AND AMENDMENTS TO HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRSs") (Cont'd)

HKFRS 15 "REVENUE FROM CONTRACTS WITH CUSTOMERS" (Cont'd)

Under HKFRS 15, an entity recognises revenue when (or as) a performance obligation is satisfied, i.e. when "control" of the goods or services underlying the particular performance obligation is transferred to the customer. Far more prescriptive guidance has been added in HKFRS 15 to deal with specific scenarios. Furthermore, extensive disclosures are required by HKFRS 15.

In 2016, the HKICPA issued Clarifications to HKFRS 15 in relation to the identification of performance obligations, principal versus agent considerations, as well as licensing application guidance.

The directors of the Company anticipate that the application of HKFRS 15 in the future may result in more disclosures, however, the directors of the Company do not anticipate that the application of HKFRS 15 will have a material impact on the timing and amounts of revenue recognised in the respective reporting periods.

HKFRS 16 "LEASES"

HKFRS 16 introduces a comprehensive model for the identification of lease arrangements and accounting treatments for both lessors and lessees. HKFRS 16 will supersede HKAS 17 "Leases" and the related interpretations when it becomes effective.

HKFRS 16 distinguishes lease and service contracts on the basis of whether an identified asset is controlled by a customer. Distinctions of operating leases and finance leases are removed for lessee accounting, and is replaced by a model where a right-of-use asset and a corresponding liability have to be recognised for all leases, except for short-term leases and leases of low value assets.

採用新訂及經修訂香港財務 報告準則(「香港財務報告準 則」)(績)

香港財務報告準則第15號「客戶 合約收入」(續)

根據香港財務報告準則第15號, 實體於完成履約責任時(即與特定 履約責任相關貨物或服務之「控制 權」轉移至客戶時)(或就此)確認 營業收入。香港財務報告準則第 15號已就處理特定情況加入更明 確指引。此外,香港財務報告準 則第15號要求更詳盡披露。

於二零一六年,香港會計師公會 頒佈香港財務報告準則第15號之 澄清,涉及識別履約責任、主事 人相對代理人的考慮及授權申請 指引。

本公司董事預期,於將來應用香港財務報告準則第15號可能導致須作出更多的披露。然而,本公司董事預期香港財務報告準則第15號的應用不會對於各報告期間所確認營業收入之時間及金額造成重大影響。

香港財務報告準則第16號「租賃」

香港財務報告準則第16號為識別出租人及承租人之租賃安排及會計處理引入綜合模式。一經生效,香港財務報告準則第16號將取代香港會計準則第17號「租賃」及相關詮釋。

香港財務報告準則第16號以客戶 能否控制所識別資產區分租賃及 服務合約。除短期租賃及租賃及 資產租賃外,經營租賃及融理賃 賃之差異自承租人領就所有租赁 除,並以承租人須就所有租賃 予確認使用權資產及相應負債之 模式取代。









For the year ended 31 December 2016 截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度

APPLICATION OF NEW AND AMENDMENTS TO 2. HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRSs") (Cont'd)

HKFRS 16 "LEASES" (Cont'd)

The right-of-use asset is initially measured at cost and subsequently measured at cost (subject to certain exceptions) less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses, adjusted for any remeasurement of the lease liability. The lease liability is initially measured at the present value of the lease payments that are not paid at that date. Subsequently, the lease liability is adjusted for interest and lease payments, as well as the impact of lease modifications, amongst others. For the classification of cash flows, the Group currently presents upfront prepaid lease payments as investing cash flows in relation to leasehold lands for owned use while other operating lease payments are presented as operating cash flows. Under the HKFRS 16, lease payments in relation to lease liability will be allocated into a principal and an interest portion which will be presented as financing and operating cash flows respectively.

Under HKAS 17, the Group has already recognised prepaid lease payments for leasehold lands where the Group is a lessee. The application of HKFRS 16 may result in potential changes in classification of these assets depending on whether the Group presents right-of-use assets separately or within the same line item at which the corresponding underlying assets would be presented if they were owned.

In contrast to lessee accounting, HKFRS 16 substantially carries forward the lessor accounting requirements in HKAS 17, and continues to require a lessor to classify a lease either as an operating lease or a finance lease.

Furthermore, extensive disclosures are required by HKFRS 16.

採用新訂及經修訂香港財務 2. 報告準則(「香港財務報告準 則」)(續)

香港財務報告準則第16號[租賃] (績)

使用權資產初步按成本計量,其 後按成本(除若干例外情況外) 減累計折舊及減值虧損計量, 並 就任何租賃負債重新計量作出調 整。租賃負債初步按當日尚未支 付租金付款之現值計量。其後, 租賃負債就利息及租金付款以及 (其中包括)租賃修訂之影響作出 調整。就現金流量分類而言,本 集團目前將有關自用租賃土地的 前期預付租賃付款呈列為投資現 金流量,而其他經營租賃付款則 呈列為經營現金流量。根據香港 財務報告準則第16號,有關租賃 負債的租賃付款將分配為本金及 利息部份,其將分別以融資及經 營現金流量呈列。

根據香港會計準則第17號,本集 團已確認租賃土地(本集團為承租 人)的預付租賃付款。應用香港財 務報告準則第16號可能導致該等 資產在分類上的潛在變動,取決 於本集團個別或一併呈列使用權 資產,即在擁有對應相關資產情 況下所獲呈列者。

與承租人會計處理相比,香港財 務報告準則第16號大致轉承香港 會計準則第17號之出租人會計處 理規定,並繼續要求出租人將租 賃分類為經營租賃或融資租賃。

此外,香港財務報告準則第16號 要求更詳盡披露。





For the year ended 31 December 2016 截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度

2. APPLICATION OF NEW AND AMENDMENTS TO HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRSs") (Cont'd)

HKFRS 16 "LEASES" (Cont'd)

As at 31 December 2016, the Group as lessee does not have non-cancellable operating lease commitments. The directors of the Company anticipate that the application of HKFRS 16 in the future may not affect the amounts reported and related disclosures.

Except as described above, the directors of the Company anticipate that the application of the other new and amendments to HKFRSs will have no material effect on the consolidated financial statements.

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with HKFRSs issued by the HKICPA. In addition, the consolidated financial statements include applicable disclosures required by the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on the Stock Exchange and by the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis, except for certain financial instruments, which are measured at fair values at the end of each reporting period, as explained in the accounting policies set out below.

Historical cost is generally based on the fair value of the consideration given in exchange for goods and services.

採用新訂及經修訂香港財務報告準 報告準則(「香港財務報告準 則」)(績)

香港財務報告準則第16號「租賃」

於二零一六年十二月三十一日,本集團概無擁有作為承租人之不可撤銷經營租賃承擔。本公司董事預期,日後應用香港財務報告準則第16號可能不會影響所報告金額及相關披露。

除上文所述者外,本公司董事預期,應用其他新訂及經修訂香港 財務報告準則不會對綜合財務報 表造成重大影響。

3. 重大會計政策

綜合財務報表乃按照香港會計師 公會頒佈之香港財務報告準則編 製。此外,綜合財務報表載有聯 交所證券上市規則及香港公司條 例規定之適用披露事項。

綜合財務報表按歷史成本基準編製,惟下文的會計政策説明者(於各報告期末按公允值計量的若干金融工具)除外。

歷史成本一般按交換貨物及服務 之代價之公允值計量。









For the year ended 31 December 2016 截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont'd)

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date, regardless of whether that price is directly observable or estimated using another valuation technique. In estimating the fair value of an asset or a liability, the Group takes into account the characteristics of the asset or liability if market participants would take those characteristics into account when pricing the asset or liability at the measurement date. Fair value for measurement and/or disclosure purposes in these consolidated financial statements is determined on such a basis. except for share-based payment transactions that are within the scope of HKFRS 2 "Share-based Payment", leasing transactions that are within the scope of HKAS 17 "Leases", and measurements that have some similarities to fair value but are not fair value, such as net realisable value in HKAS 2 "Inventories" or value in use in HKAS 36 "Impairment of Assets".

In addition, for financial reporting purposes, fair value measurements are categorised into Level 1, 2 or 3 based on the degree to which the inputs to the fair value measurements are observable and the significance of the inputs to the fair value measurement in its entirety, which are described as follows:

- Level 1 inputs are quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the entity can access at the measurement date:
- Level 2 inputs are inputs, other than quoted prices included within Level 1, that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly; and
- Level 3 inputs are unobservable inputs for the asset or liability.

The principal accounting policies are set out below.

重大會計政策(續) 3.

公允值為市場參與者於計量日期 在有序交易中出售資產所收取的 價格或轉讓負債所支付的價格, 不論該價格是否直接觀察可得或 使用另一種估值技術估計。估計 資產或負債公允值時,本集團考 慮了市場參與者於計量日期為該 資產或負債定價時會考慮的資產 或負債的特徵。在該等綜合財務 報表中計量及/或披露的公允值 均在此基礎上予以釐定,惟香港 財務報告準則第2號「以股份為基 礎付款」範圍內之以股份為基礎付 款交易、香港會計準則第17號「租 賃」範圍內之租賃交易以及與公允 值部份類似但並非公允值的計量 (例如,香港會計準則第2號「存 貨」中的可變現淨值或香港會計準 則第36號「資產減值」中的使用價 值)除外。

此外,就財務報告而言,公允值 計量根據公允值計量之輸入數據 可觀察程度及輸入數據對公允值 計量之整體重要性分類為第一 級、第二級或第三級,載述如 下:

- 第一級輸入數據為實體於 計量日期可以取得的相同 資產或負債於活躍市場的 報價(未經調整);
- 第二級輸入數據為就資產 或負債直接或間接地可觀 察之輸入數據(第一級內包 括的報價除外);及
- 第三級輸入數據為資產或 負債的不可觀察輸入數據。

主要會計政策載列如下。





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3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont'd) BASIS OF CONSOLIDATION

The consolidated financial statements incorporate the financial statements of the Company and entities controlled by the Company and its subsidiaries. Control is achieved when the Company:

- has power over the investee;
- is exposed, or has rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the investee; and
- has the ability to use its power to affect its returns.

The Group reassesses whether or not it controls an investee if facts and circumstances indicate that there are changes to one or more of the three elements of control listed above.

Consolidation of a subsidiary begins when the Group obtains control over the subsidiary and ceases when the Group loses control of the subsidiary. Specifically, income and expenses of a subsidiary acquired or disposed of during the year are included in the consolidated statement of profit or loss from the date the Group gains control until the date when the Group ceases to control the subsidiary.

Profit or loss and each item of other comprehensive income are attributed to the owners of the Company and to the non-controlling interests. Total comprehensive income of subsidiaries is attributed to the owners of the Company and to the non-controlling interests even if this results in the non-controlling interests having a deficit balance.

When necessary, adjustments are made to the financial statements of subsidiaries to bring their accounting policies into line with the Group's accounting policies.

All intragroup assets and liabilities, equity, income, expenses and cash flows relating to transactions between members of the Group are eliminated in full on consolidation.

3. 重大會計政策(續)

綜合基準

綜合財務報表包括本公司及受本公司及其附屬公司控制的實體的 財務報表。倘屬以下情況,則本公司獲得控制權:

- 可對被投資方行使權力;
- 透過參與被投資方業務而享有或有權取得被投資方的可變回報;及
- 有能力行使其權力以影響 其回報。

倘事實及情況顯示上述三項控制 因素中的一項或多項出現變化, 本集團會重新評估其是否控制被 投資方。

本集團於獲得附屬公司的控制權 時將該附屬公司綜合入賬, 生去附屬公司的控制權時停止 合入賬。具體而言,年內收購 出售附屬公司的收入及開支 集團獲得對附屬公司之控制 目起計入綜合損益表至本 再控制附屬公司當日為止。

損益及其他全面收入的各個條款 歸屬於本公司的擁有人及非控股 權益。附屬公司全面收入總額歸 屬於本公司的擁有人及非控股權 益,即使此舉會導致非控股權益 有虧絀結餘。

必要時,調整附屬公司財務報表,使其會計政策與本集團之會 計政策一致。

所有有關本集團各成員公司間的 交易的集團內公司間資產及負 債、權益、收入、開支及現金流 量會於綜合計算時全數抵銷。









For the year ended 31 December 2016 截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度

3. **SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont'd) BUSINESS COMBINATIONS**

Acquisitions of businesses are accounted for using the acquisition method. The consideration transferred in a business combination is measured at fair value, which is calculated as the sum of the acquisition-date fair values of the assets transferred by the Group, liabilities incurred by the Group to the former owners of the acquiree and the equity interests issued by the Group in exchange for control of the acquiree. Acquisition-related costs are generally recognised in profit or loss as incurred.

At the acquisition date, the identifiable assets acquired and the liabilities assumed are recognised at their fair value at the acquisition date, except that:

- deferred tax assets or liabilities, and assets or liabilities related to employee benefit arrangements are recognised and measured in accordance with HKAS 12 "Income Taxes" and HKAS 19 "Employee Benefits" respectively;
- liabilities or equity instruments related to share-based payment arrangements of the acquiree or share-based payment arrangements of the Group entered into to replace share-based payment arrangements of the acquiree are measured in accordance with HKFRS 2 "Share-based Payment" at the acquisition date; and
- assets (or disposal groups) that are classified as held for sale in accordance with HKFRS 5 "Non-current Assets Held for Sale and Discontinued Operations" are measured in accordance with that standard.

重大會計政策(續) 3.

業務合併

收購業務採用收購法入賬。業務 合併所轉讓的代價按公允值計 量,而計算方法為本集團所轉讓 的資產、本集團向被收購方原擁 有人產生的負債及本集團於交換 被收購方的控制權發行的權益於 收購日之公允值總額。有關收購 的成本一般於產生時在損益中確 認。

於收購日期,所收購可識別資產 及所承擔負債按其於收購日期公 允值確認,惟下列項目除外:

- 遞延税項資產或負債及與 僱員福利安排有關的資產 或負債分別根據香港會計 準則第12號「所得税 | 及香 港會計準則第19號「僱員 福利」確認及計量;
- 與被收購方以股份為基礎 付款安排或本集團訂立以 股份為基礎付款安排取代 被收購方以股份為基礎付 款安排有關的負債或股權 工具,於收購日期根據香 港財務報告準則第2號「以 股份為基礎付款」計量;及
- 根據香港財務報告準則第5 號「持作出售的非流動資產 及已終止經營業務」分類為 持作出售的資產(或出售組 合)根據該項準則計量。





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3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont'd) BUSINESS COMBINATIONS (Cont'd)

Goodwill is measured as the excess of the sum of the consideration transferred, the amount of any non-controlling interests in the acquiree, and the fair value of the acquirer's previously held equity interest in the acquiree (if any) over the net amounts of the identifiable assets acquired and the liabilities assumed as at acquisition date. If, after re-assessment, the net of the acquisition-date amounts of the identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed exceeds the sum of the consideration transferred, the amount of any non-controlling interests in the acquiree and the fair value of the acquirer's previously held interest in the acquiree (if any), the excess is recognised immediately in profit or loss as a bargain purchase gain.

Non-controlling interests that are present ownership interests and entitle their holders to a proportionate share of the relevant subsidiary's net assets in the event of liquidation may be initially measured either at fair value or at the non-controlling interests' proportionate share of the recognised amounts of the acquiree's identifiable net assets. The choice of measurement basis is made on a transaction-by-transaction basis.

GOODWILL

Goodwill arising on an acquisition of a business is carried at cost as established at the date of acquisition of the business less accumulated impairment losses, if any.

For the purposes of impairment testing, goodwill is allocated to each of the Group's cash-generating units (or groups of cash-generating units) that is expected to benefit from the synergies of the combination, which represent the lowest level at which the goodwill is monitored for internal management purposes and not larger than an operating segment.

3. 重大會計政策(續)

業務合併(績)

屬現時所有權權益且於清盤時讓持有人有權按比例分佔相關附屬公司資產淨值的非控股權益應可初步按公允值或非控股權益應破收購方可識別資產淨值的已確認金額比例計量。計量基準視乎每項交易而作出選擇。

商譽

收購業務產生的商譽以於收購業 務日期既定之成本減累計減值虧 損(如有)入賬。

為進行減值測試,商譽乃分配至 預期將從合併所帶來的協同效益 中受惠的各個本集團的現金產生 單位(或現金產生單位組合),而 該單位(或單位組合)指就內部管 理目的監控商譽的最低水平且不 超過經營分類。









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3. **SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont'd)** GOODWILL (Cont'd)

A cash-generating unit (or groups of cash-generating units) to which goodwill has been allocated is tested for impairment annually, or more frequently whenever there is indication that the unit may be impaired. For goodwill arising on an acquisition in a reporting period, the cash-generating unit (or groups of cash-generating units) to which goodwill has been allocated is tested for impairment before the end of that reporting period. If the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit is less than the carrying amount of the unit, the impairment loss is allocated first to reduce the carrying amount of any goodwill allocated to the unit and then to the other assets of the unit pro rata on the basis of the carrying amount of each asset in the unit (or groups of cash-generating units).

On disposal of the relevant cash-generating unit, the attributable amount of goodwill is included in the determination of the amount of profit or loss on disposal.

NON-CURRENT ASSETS HELD FOR SALE

Non-current assets and disposal groups are classified as held for sale if their carrying amount will be recovered principally through a sale transaction rather than through continuing use. This condition is regarded as met only when the asset (or disposal group) is available for immediate sale in its present condition subject only to terms that are usual and customary for sales of such asset (or disposal group) and its sale is highly probable. Management must be committed to the sale, which should be expected to qualify for recognition as a completed sale within one year from the date of classification.

When the Group is committed to a sale plan involving loss of control of a subsidiary, all of the assets and liabilities of that subsidiary are classified as held for sale when the criteria described above are met, regardless of whether the Group will retain a noncontrolling interest in its former subsidiary after the sale.

重大會計政策(續) 3.

商譽(續)

獲得商譽分配的現金產生單位(或 現金產生單位組合)每年進行減值 測試及每當有跡象顯示該單位可 能出現減值時更為頻繁地進行減 值測試。就於某一報告期間收購 產生的商譽而言,獲得商譽分配 的現金產生單位(或現金產生單位 組合)於該報告期末前進行減值測 試。倘現金產生單位的可收回金 額低於該單位的賬面值,則首先 分配減值虧損以減低分配至該單 位的任何商譽的賬面值,然後按 該單位(或現金產生單位組合)內 各項資產的賬面值所佔比例分配 至該單位的其他資產。

於出售相關現金產生單位時,商 譽應佔金額於釐定出售時的損益 金額時計入在內。

持作出售的非流動資產

倘非流動資產及出售集團之賬面 金額將主要透過出售交易(而非透 過持續使用)收回,則非流動資 產及出售集團分類為持作出售。 此條件僅於資產(或出售集團)可 以其現況供即時出售,出售條款 僅屬出售該資產(或出售集團)之 一般慣常條款,且極有可能出售 時,方告達成。管理層必須承諾 進行出售,即應預期於分類日期 起計一年內合資格確認為一項已 完成出售。

當本集團承諾進行涉及喪失一間 附屬公司控制權之出售計劃,倘 符合上述條件,該附屬公司之所 有資產及負債均分類為持作出 售,不論本集團會否於出售後保 留其前附屬公司之非控股權益。





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3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont'd) NON-CURRENT ASSETS HELD FOR SALE (Cont'd)

When the Group is committed to a sale plan involving disposal of an investment, or a portion of an investment, in an associate or joint venture, the investment or the portion of the investment that will be disposed of is classified as held for sale when the criteria described above are met, and the Group discontinues the use of the equity method in relation to the portion that is classified as held for sale from the time when the investment (or a portion of the investment) is classified as held for sale.

Non-current assets (and disposal groups) classified as held for sale are measured at the lower of their previous carrying amount and fair value less costs to sell.

REVENUE RECOGNITION

Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable. Revenue is reduced for estimated customer returns, rebates and other similar allowances.

Revenue is recognised when the amount of revenue can be reliably measured; when it is probable that future economic benefits will flow to the Group and when specific criteria have been met for each of the Group's activities, as described below.

The Group's policy for the recognition of revenue from construction services is described in the accounting policy for construction contracts below.

Service income, including that from operating service provided under service concession arrangements, is recognised when services are provided.

Dividend income from investments is recognised when the shareholders' rights to receive payment have been established.

Interest income is accrued on a time basis, by reference to the principal outstanding and at the effective interest rate applicable, which is the rate that exactly discounts the estimated future cash receipts through the expected life of the financial asset to that asset's net carrying amount on initial recognition.

3. 重大會計政策(續)

持作出售的非流動資產(續)

當本集團承諾進行涉及出售於聯營公司或合資企業之投資或出售計劃,倘符合上述條件,將予出售之該項投資或並條投資分類為持作出售,而本集持份的投資(或其部份)分類為持作出售之時起,不再就該分類為持作出售之部份使用權益法。

分類為持作出售之非流動資產(及 出售集團)按其以往賬面金額與公 允值減出售成本之較低者計量。

營業收入確認

營業收入乃按已收或應收代價的 公允值計量。營業收入已就估計 客戶退貨、回扣及其他類似折扣 作出扣減。

營業收入於收益的金額能可靠計量:未來經濟效益將可能流入本集團及本集團的各個業務活動的特定條件達到(如下文所述)時確認。

本集團就確認來自建造服務的營 業收入的政策於下文建造合約的 會計政策內闡釋。

服務收入(包括來自根據服務特許 權安排所提供的經營服務)於提供 服務時確認。

來自投資之股息收入於股東有權 收取款項時確認。

利息收入乃參考未償還本金額與 實際適用利率後按時間基準累 計。實際適用利率指透過金融資 產之預計年期將估計日後所收取 現金準確貼現至該項資產於初步 確認時之賬面淨值之利率。









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3. **SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont'd)** CONSTRUCTION CONTRACTS

Where the outcome of a construction contract including construction or upgrade services of the infrastructure under a service concession arrangement can be estimated reliably, revenue and costs are recognised in profit or loss by reference to the stage of completion of the contract activity at the end of the reporting period as measured by the proportion that the value of work performed to date to the estimated total contract value. Variations in contract work, claims and incentive payments are included to the extent that the amount can be measured reliably and its receipts is considered probable.

Where the outcome of a construction contract cannot be estimated reliably, contract revenue is recognised to the extent of contract costs incurred that it is probable will be recoverable. Contract costs are recognised as expenses in the period in which they are incurred.

When it is probable that total contract costs will exceed total contract revenue, the expected loss is recognised as an expense immediately.

When a contract covers a number of assets, the construction of each asset is treated as a separate contract when separate proposals have been submitted for each asset, each asset has been separately negotiated and the costs and revenues of each asset can be separately identified. A group of contracts, performed concurrently or in a continuous sequence, is treated as a single construction contract when the contracts were negotiated as a single package and they are so closely inter-related that they constitute a single project with an overall profit margin.

重大會計政策(續) 3.

建造合約

在建造合約(包括根據服務特許權 安排提供之基礎設施建造或升級 服務)之結果能夠可靠地預測時, 營業收入及成本乃參考報告期末 合約活動於完成階段按當日已進 行工程價值及估計合約總價值之 比例計量,並於損益中確認。合 約工程變更、索償以及獎勵性付 款僅於金額能可靠地計量及認為 很大可能收回之情況下才包括在 入。

在建造合約之結果無法可靠地預 測時,則只有在發生的合約成本 將來很可能收回的情況下才能確 認合約收入。合約成本於其產生 之期間確認為開支。

在總合約成本有可能超逾總合約 收入時,預期之虧損即時確認為 開支。

在一項合約包括多項資產之情況 下,如已就每項資產各自提交方 案、就每項資產單獨談判及可單 獨識別每項資產的成本和收入, 則每項資產之建造合約被視作獨 立之合約。在有多項合約同時進 行或依次持續進行的情況下,倘 有關合約以整體方式洽商及互有 密切關係以致構成一項可按整體 方式計算利潤率的單一項目,則 此等合約被視作一項單一建造合





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3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont'd) CONSTRUCTION CONTRACTS (Cont'd)

Where contract costs incurred to date plus recognised profits less recognised losses exceed progress billings, the surplus is shown as amounts due from customers for contract work. For contracts where progress billings exceed contract costs incurred to date plus recognised profits less recognised losses, the surplus is shown as amounts due to customers for contract work. Amounts received before the related work is performed are included in the consolidated statement of financial position, as a liability, as advances received. Amounts billed for work performed but not yet paid by the customer are included in the consolidated statement of financial position under trade and other receivables.

PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

Property, plant and equipment held for use in the production or supply of goods or services, or for administrative purposes are stated in the consolidated statement of financial position at cost less subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses, if any.

Properties in the course of under construction for production, supply or administrative purposes are carried at cost, less any recognised impairment loss. Costs include professional fees and, for qualifying assets, borrowing costs capitalised in accordance with the Group's accounting policy. Plant under construction are classified to the appropriate categories of property, plant and equipment when completed and ready for intended use. Depreciation of these assets, on the same basis as other property assets, commences when the assets are ready for their intended use.

Depreciation is recognised so as to write off the cost of items of property, plant and equipment other than plant under construction less their residual values over their estimated useful lives, using the straight line method. The estimated useful lives, residual values and depreciation method are reviewed at the end of each reporting period, with the effect of any changes in estimate accounted for on a prospective basis.

3. 重大會計政策(續)

建造合約(績)

物業、廠房及設備

持作用於生產或提供貨物或服務、或作行政用途之物業、廠房及設備乃按成本減後續累積折舊及後續累積減值虧損(如有)列賬於綜合財務狀況表。

確認折舊乃以直線法在物業、廠 房及設備項目(在建廠房除外)的 估計可使用年期內撇銷其成本減 其殘值。估計使用年期、殘值及 折舊方法於各報告期末審閱,任 何估計變動之影響將會在日後入 賬。









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3. **SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont'd)** PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (Cont'd)

An item of property, plant and equipment is derecognised upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected to arise from the continued use of the asset. Any gain or loss arising on the disposal or retirement of an item of property, plant and equipment is determined as the difference between the sales proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and is recognised in profit or loss.

SERVICE CONCESSION ARRANGEMENTS

Consideration received or receivable by the Group for the provision of construction service in a service concession arrangement is recognised at its fair value as a financial asset.

When the Group has an unconditional contractual right to receive cash or another financial asset from or at the direction of the grantor for the construction services and the grantor has little, if any, discretion to avoid payment, usually because the agreement is enforceable by law, it recognises a financial asset under loans and receivables at fair value upon initial recognition. Subsequent to initial recognition, the financial asset is carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less any identified impairment losses.

CONTRACTUAL OBLIGATIONS TO RESTORE THE INFRASTRUCTURE TO A SPECIFIED LEVEL OF **SERVICEABILITY**

The Group has contractual obligations under the service concession arrangements to maintain the infrastructure to a specified level of serviceability, or to restore the infrastructure to a specified condition before it is handed over to the grantor at the end of the service arrangement. These contractual obligations to maintain and restore the infrastructure are measured at the best estimate of the expenditure that would be required to settle the present obligation at the end of the reporting period.

INVENTORIES

Inventories, representing raw materials, are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost of inventories are determined on a first-in, first-out method. Net realisable value represents the estimated selling price less all estimated cost of completion and costs necessary to make the sale.

重大會計政策(續) 3.

物業、廠房及設備(續)

物業、廠房及設備項目會在出售 或預期繼續使用資產不會帶來未 來經濟利益時終止確認。出售或 停用物業、廠房及設備項目所產 生之任何盈虧(根據該資產出售所 得款項與賬面淨值之差額計算)於 損益中確認。

服務特許權安排

本集團就服務特許權安排提供建 造服務之已收或應收代價按公允 值確認為金融資產。

倘本集團有無條件合約權利就建 造服務向授予人或按其指示收取 現金或其他金融資產,且授予人 擁有有限酌情權(如有)挑避付 款,通常因為協議可依法強制執 行,則金融資產於初步確認時按 公允值確認為貸款及應收款項。 於初步確認後,金融資產乃採用 實際利息法按攤銷成本列賬,並 扣減任何已識別減值虧損。

修復基礎設施至特定可提供服務 水平的合約責任

本集團的合約責任為根據服務特 許權安排保養基礎設施,確保符 合特定的可提供服務水平,或於 服務安排結束時,在移交該等設 施予授予人之前,將基礎設施修 復至指定狀態。維護及修復基礎 設施的合約責任按於報告期末履 行當前責任所須支出的最佳估計 計量。

存貨

存貨,即原材料,是以成本及可 變現淨值兩者之間較低者入賬。 存貨成本乃按先入先出法釐定。 可變現淨值指估計售價減所有估 計完工成本及銷售所需成本。





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3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont'd)

IMPAIRMENT ON TANGIBLE ASSETS OTHER THAN GOODWILL (SEE THE ACCOUNTING POLICY IN RESPECT OF GOODWILL ABOVE)

At the end of the reporting period, the Group reviews the carrying amounts of its tangible with finite useful lives to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have suffered an impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss (if any). When it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, the Group estimates the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs. When a reasonable and consistent basis of allocation can be identified, corporate assets are also allocated to individual cash-generating units, or otherwise they are allocated to the smallest group of cash-generating units for which a reasonable and consistent allocation basis can be identified.

Recoverable amount is the higher of fair value less costs of disposal and value in use. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset for which the estimates of future cash flows have not been adjusted.

If the recoverable amount of an asset (or a cash-generating unit) is estimated to be less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of the asset (or a cash-generating unit) is reduced to its recoverable amount. In allocating the impairment loss, the impairment loss is allocated first to reduce the carrying amount of any goodwill (if applicable) and then to the other assets on a prorata basis based on the carrying amount of each asset in the unit. The carrying amount of an asset is not reduced below the highest of its fair value less costs of disposal (if measurable), its value in use (if determinable) and zero. The amount of the impairment loss that would otherwise have been allocated to the asset is allocated pro rata to the other assets of the unit. An impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

3. 重大會計政策(續)

除商譽(請參閱上文有關商譽的 會計政策)外的有形資產的減值

可收回金額為公允值減出售成本及使用價值之較高者。於評估使用價值時,估計日後現金流量別採用税前貼現率貼現至其現值及數別,該貼現率反映貨幣時間價值之流行市場評估及尚未就日後現金流量之估計作出調整之資產之特有風險。









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3. **SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont'd)**

IMPAIRMENT ON TANGIBLE ASSETS OTHER THAN **GOODWILL (SEE THE ACCOUNTING POLICY IN RESPECT** OF GOODWILL ABOVE) (Cont'd)

Where an impairment loss subsequently reverses, the carrying amount of the asset (or cash-generating unit) is increased to the revised estimate of its recoverable amount, but so that the increased carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset (or a cash-generating unit) in prior years. A reversal of an impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

LEASING

Leases are classified as finance leases whenever the terms of the lease transfer substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership to the lessee. All other leases are classified as operating leases.

Operating lease payments are recognised as an expense on a straight line basis over the term of the relevant lease. In the event that lease incentives are received to enter into operating leases, such incentives are recognised as a liability. The aggregate benefit of incentives is recognised as a reduction of rental expense on a straight line basis.

Land rights held under capitalised finance lease are included in property, plant and equipment, and not depreciated.

LEASEHOLD LAND AND BUILDING

When a lease includes both land and building elements, the Group assesses the classification of each element as a finance or an operating lease separately based on the assessment as to whether substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership of each element have been transferred to the Group, unless it is clear that both elements are operating leases in which case the entire lease is classified as an operating lease.

Specifically, the minimum lease payments (including any lump-sum upfront payments) are allocated between the land and the building elements in proportion to the relative fair values of the leasehold interests in the land element and building element of the lease at the inception of the lease.

重大會計政策(續) 3.

除商譽(請參閱上文有關商譽的 會計政策)外的有形資產的減值

倘減值虧損其後撥回,該項資產 (或現金產生單位)之賬面值將 增加至其經修訂之估計可收回金 額,惟增加後之賬面值不得超過 倘若該資產(或現金產生單位)於 過往年度並無確認減值虧損所釐 定之賬面值。減值虧損之撥回即 時於捐益確認。

租賃

租賃條款將所有權的絕大部份風 險及回報轉移至承租人時,有關 租賃即歸類為融資租賃。所有其 他租賃均歸類為經營租賃。

經營和賃付款以直線法於有關和 期內確認為開支。倘訂立經營租 賃可獲得租賃優惠,該等優惠作 為負債確認。總優惠利益以直線 法扣減租金開支確認。

以資本化融資租賃持有的土地權 計入物業、廠房及設備,而且不 會折舊。

租賃土地及樓宇

當租賃包括土地及樓宇兩部份, 本集團根據評估各部份擁有權所 附帶的絕大部份風險及回報是否 已轉讓予本集團而將其劃分為融 資或經營租賃,除非肯定兩個部 份均屬經營租賃,於此情況下, 整個租賃分類為經營租賃。

具體而言,最低租賃付款(包括任 何一次性預付款項)於租賃初期按 租賃土地成分及樓宇成分中租賃 權益的相對公允值比例於土地及 樓宇部份之間分配。





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3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont'd) LEASEHOLD LAND AND BUILDING (Cont'd)

To the extent the allocation of the lease payments can be made reliably, interest in leasehold land that is accounted for as an operating lease is presented as "prepaid lease payments" in the consolidated statement of financial position and is amortised over the lease term on a straight-line basis. When the lease payments cannot be allocated reliably between the land and building elements, the entire lease is generally classified as a finance lease.

FOREIGN CURRENCIES

In preparing the financial statements of each individual group entity, transactions in currencies other than the functional currency of that entity (foreign currencies) are recorded in the respective functional currency (i.e. the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates) at the rates of exchanges prevailing on the dates of the transactions. At the end of the reporting period, monetary items denominated in foreign currencies are re-translated at the rates prevailing at that date. Non-monetary items that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are not re-translated.

Exchange differences arising on the settlement of monetary items, and on the re-translation of monetary items, are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they arise.

For the purposes of presenting the consolidated financial statements, the assets and liabilities of the Group's operations are translated into the presentation currency of the Group (i.e. Hong Kong dollars) using exchange rates prevailing at the end of each reporting period. Income and expenses items are translated at the average exchange rates for the period. Exchange differences arising, if any, are recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity under the heading of translation reserve (attributed to non-controlling interests as appropriate).

RETIREMENT BENEFIT COSTS

Payments to defined contribution retirement benefit schemes including state-managed retirement benefit schemes and the Mandatory Provident Fund Scheme ("MPF Scheme") are recognised as expenses when employees have rendered service entitling them to the contributions.

3. 重大會計政策(續)

租賃土地及樓宇(續)

倘租賃付款能夠可靠分配,則以 經營租賃入賬的租賃土地權益於 綜合財務狀況表中呈列為「預付租 賃付款」,並於租期內按直線法攤 銷。倘租賃付款無法於土地及樓 宇成分間可靠分配,則整份租賃 一般會歸類為融資租賃。

外幣

結算及重新換算貨幣項目產生的 匯兑差額於產生期間於損益內確 認。

為呈列綜合財務報表,本集團營運的資產及負債均以各報告則為產及負債均以各報告則等為本集團的區率換算為本集團的是項所收入與開門。與其一個人與與於其一個與人。與其一個與人。與其一個與人。與其一個與人。與其一個與人。與其一個與人。與其一個與人。與其一個與人。與其一個與人。

退休福利成本

向定額供款退休福利計劃(包括國家管理退休福利計劃及強制性公積金計劃(「強積金計劃」)的付款於僱員提供服務令彼等有權收取該等供款時確認為開支。









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3. **SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont'd)** SHARE-BASED PAYMENT TRANSACTIONS

EQUITY-SETTLED SHARE-BASED PAYMENT TRANSACTIONS

Equity-settled share-based payments to employees and others providing similar services are measured at the fair value of the equity instruments at the grant date.

The fair value determined at the grant date of the equity-settled share-based payments is expensed on a straight-line basis over the vesting period, based on the Group's estimate of equity instruments that will eventually vest, with a corresponding increase in equity (share options reserve). At the end of each reporting period, the Group revises its estimate of the number of equity instruments expected to vest. The impact of the revision of the original estimates, if any, is recognised in profit or loss such that the cumulative expense reflects the revised estimate, with a corresponding adjustment to the share options reserve.

When share options are exercised, the amount previously recognised in share options reserve will be transferred to share premium. When the share options are forfeited after the vesting date or are still not exercised at the expiry date, the amount previously recognised in share options reserve will be transferred to retained earnings.

BORROWING COSTS

Borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of qualifying assets, which are assets that necessarily take a substantial period of time to get ready for their intended use or sale, are added to the cost of those assets until such time as the assets are substantially ready for their intended use or sale.

All other borrowing costs are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they are incurred.

重大會計政策(續) 3. 基於股份的付款交易

以權益結算基於股份的付款交易

向僱員及提供類似服務之其他人 士作出以權益結算基於股份的付 款乃按授出日期權益工具的公允 值計量。

於以權益結算基於股份的付款的 授出日期釐定的公允值,基於本 集團預計將最終歸屬之權益工具 按直線法於歸屬期內支銷,而權 益(購股權儲備)亦相應增加。於 各報告期末,本集團修訂其對預 期歸屬的權益工具數目之估計。 修訂原有估計之影響(如有)於損 益內確認,以使累計開支能反映 經修訂估計,而購股權儲備亦作 出相應調整。

於行使購股權之時,先前於購股 權儲備確認之金額將轉撥至股份 溢價。當購股權於歸屬日後失效 或於屆滿日期仍未獲行使,先前 於購股權儲備確認之款項將轉撥 至保留溢利。

借款成本

收購、建造或生產合資格資產(即 須較長時間方可作擬定用途或出 售的資產)直接應佔之借款成本, 加入該等資產的成本,直至資產 大致可作擬定用涂或出售時為止。

所有其他借款成本於其產生期內 於損益確認。





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3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont'd)

GOVERNMENT GRANTS

Government grants are not recognised until there is reasonable assurance that the Group will comply with the conditions attaching to them and that the grants will be received.

Government grants that are receivable as compensation for expenses or losses already incurred or for the purpose of giving immediate financial support to the Group with no future related costs are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they become receivable.

TAXATION

Income tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from profit before tax as reported in the consolidated statement of profit or loss because of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and items that are never taxable or deductible. The Group's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

Deferred tax is recognised on differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the consolidated financial statements and the corresponding tax base used in the computation of taxable profit. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all taxable temporary differences. Deferred tax assets are generally recognised for all deductible temporary differences to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which deductible temporary differences can be utilised. Such assets and liabilities are not recognised if the temporary difference arises from goodwill or from the initial recognition (other than in a business combination) of other assets and liabilities in a transaction that affects neither the taxable profit nor the accounting profit. In addition, deferred tax liabilities are non-recognised if the temporary difference arises from the initial recognition of goodwill.

3. 重大會計政策(續)

政府補助

在合理肯定本集團符合政府補助 的附帶條件及將會收到補助的情 況下,政府補助方會予以確認。

作為抵銷已產生的支出或虧損或 旨在給予本集團即時財務支持(而 無未來有關成本)的應收政府補 助,於其成為應收款項的期間於 損益確認。

稅項

所得税開支指現時應付税項及遞 延税項的總和。

現時應付税項乃按年內應課税溢利計算。應課稅溢利與綜合損益表中所報除稅前溢利不同,乃的其他年度應課稅或可扣稅可扣稅可,的的項目所致。本集團乃方。 期末已實行或實際已實行之稅率計算即期稅項負債。

遞延税項乃就綜合財務報表中資 產及負債之賬面值與用於計算應 課税溢利相應税基之差額確認。 遞延税項負債一般會就所有應課 税暫時性差額予以確認,而遞延 税項資產一般於可能有應課稅溢 利用以抵銷可扣減暫時性差額時 就所有應課税暫時性差額予以確 認。若暫時性差額乃因商譽或首 次確認一項既不影響應課税溢利 亦不影響會計溢利之交易(業務合 併除外)中之其他資產及負債而 產生,則不予確認有關資產及負 債。此外,若暫時差額是源自商 譽之初步確認,則不確認遞延税 項負債。









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3. **SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont'd) TAXATION (Cont'd)**

Deferred tax liabilities are recognised for taxable temporary differences associated with investments in subsidiaries, except where the Group is able to control the reversal of the temporary difference and it is probable that the temporary difference will not reverse in the foreseeable future. Deferred tax assets arising from deductible temporary differences associated with such investments and interests are only recognised to the extent that it is probable that there will be sufficient taxable profits against which to utilise the benefits of the temporary differences and they are expected to reverse in the foreseeable future.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at the end of the reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period in which the liability is settled or the asset is realised, based on tax rate (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

The measurement of deferred tax liabilities and assets reflects the tax consequences that would follow from the manner in which the Company expects, at the end of the reporting period, to recover or settle the carrying amount of its assets and liabilities.

Current and deferred tax are recognised in profit or loss, except when they relate to items that are recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, in which case, the current and deferred tax are also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively. Where current tax or deferred tax arises from the initial accounting for a business combination, the tax effect is included in the accounting for the business combination.

重大會計政策(續) 3.

稅項(續)

遞延税項負債乃就於附屬公司投 資相關之應課税暫時性差額予以 確認,惟若本集團可控制暫時性 差額之撥回及暫時性差額很可能 於可見未來很可能不會撥回之情 况除外。與該等投資相關的可扣 税暫時性差額所產生的遞延税項 資產,僅於很可能有足夠應課税 溢利可以抵銷暫時性差額的利益 且預計於可見將來可以撥回時確

遞延税項資產的賬面值在報告期 末進行檢討,並於不再可能有足 夠應課税溢利可用以備抵將收回 的全部或部份資產時作出相應扣 減。

遞延税項資產及負債乃根據於報 告期末已實行或實際已實行的稅 率(及税法),按清償該負債或變 現該資產期間預期適用的稅率計

遞延税項負債及資產的計量反映 本集團在報告期末預期收回或清 償其資產及負債賬面值所用方式 可能導致的税務後果。

即期及遞延税項於損益內確認, 惟倘即期及遞延税項有關之項目 於其他全面收入或直接於權益確 認之情況下,則即期及遞延税項 亦分別於其他全面收入或直接於 權益內確認。倘對業務合併進行 初步會計處理而產生即期或遞延 税項,則税務影響計入業務合併 的會計處理。





For the year ended 31 December 2016 截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont'd) PROVISIONS

Provisions are recognised when the Group has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of a post event, it is probable that the Group will be required to settle that obligation, and a reliable estimate can be made of the account of the obligation.

The amount recognised as a provision, including those arising from the contractual obligation specified in the service concession arrangement to maintain or restore the infrastructure before it is handed over to the grantor, is the best estimate of the consideration required to settle the present obligation at the end of the reporting period, taking into account the risks and uncertainties surrounding the obligation. When a provision is measured using the cash flows estimated to settle the present obligation, its carrying amount is the present value of those cash flows (where the effect of the time value of money is material).

FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised on the consolidated statement of financial position when a group entity becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instruments.

Financial assets and financial liabilities are initially measured at fair value. Transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of financial assets and financial liabilities (other than financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss) are added to or deducted from the fair value of the financial assets or financial liabilities, as appropriate, on initial recognition. Transaction costs directly attributable to the acquisition of financial assets or financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss are recognised immediately in profit or loss.

3. 重大會計政策(續)

撥備

倘本集團須就過往事件承擔現時 (法定或推定)責任,及本集團有 可能須履行該項責任,並可對責 任的金額作出可靠估計時,則會 確認撥備。

已確認為撥備的金額(包括服務特許權安排於移交授予人之前為對報告期末履行所產生者)為對報告期末履行所產生者)為對報告期末履行,明責任所需代價的風險責任情不明實行,明開行現金流量計現金流量的現值(倘衛現金流量的現值(倘衛時間值之影響重大)。

金融工具

金融資產及金融負債於集團實體 成為工具合約條文的訂約方時於 綜合財務狀況表內確認。









For the year ended 31 December 2016 截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度

3. **SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont'd)** FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Cont'd)

FINANCIAL ASSETS

The Group's financial assets are classified into loans and receivables and available-for-sale financial assets. The classification depends on the nature and purpose of the financial assets and is determined at the time of initial recognition. All regular way purchases or sales of financial assets are recognised and derecognised on a trade date basis. Regular way purchases or sales are purchases or sales of financial assets that require delivery of assets within the time frame established by regulation or convention in the marketplace.

Loans and receivables

Loans and receivables are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market. Subsequent to initial recognition, loans and receivables (including receivables under service concession agreements, trade receivables, other receivables and bank balances and cash) are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less any identified impairment (see accounting policy on impairment loss on financial assets below).

Interest income is recognised by applying the effective interest rate, except for short-term receivables where the recognition of interest would be immaterial.

重大會計政策(續) 3. 金融工具(績)

金融資產

本集團之金融資產分類為貸款及 應收款項及可供出售金融資產。 此分類乃視乎金融資產之性質及 目的而定,並於初步確認時釐 定。所有日常購買或出售金融資 產乃按交易日基準確認及終止確 認。日常買賣乃指須按市場規定 或惯例所釐定的時限內交付資產 的金融資產買賣。

貸款及應收款項

貸款及應收款項為有固定或可確 定付款額,但在活躍市場中並無 報價的非衍生金融資產。於初步 確認後,貸款及應收款項(包括服 務特許權協議下的應收款項、貿 易應收款項、其他應收款項及銀 行結餘以及現金) 均以實際利率法 按攤銷成本減任何已確認減值計 量(見下文金融資產減值虧損的會 計政策)。

利息收入採用實際利率確認,惟 所確認利息可能極少的短期應收 款項除外。





For the year ended 31 December 2016 截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont'd) FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Cont'd)

FINANCIAL ASSETS (Cont'd)

Available-for-sale financial assets

Available-for-sale financial assets are non-derivatives that are either designated or not classified as financial assets at fair value through profit or loss, loans and receivables or held-to-maturity investments.

Equity and debt securities held by the Group that are classified as available-for-sale financial assets and are traded in an active market are measured at fair value at the end of each reporting period. Changes in the carrying amount of available-for-sale monetary financial assets relating to interest income calculated using the effective interest method, and changes in foreign exchange rates, if applicable are recognised in profit or loss. Dividends on availablefor-sale equity instruments are recognised in profit or loss when the Group's right to receive the dividends is established. Other changes in the carrying amount of available-for-sale financial assets are recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated under the heading of investments revaluation reserve. When the investment is disposed of or is determined to be impaired, the cumulative gain or loss previously accumulated in the investments revaluation reserve is reclassified to profit or loss (see the accounting policy in respect of impairment loss on financial assets below).

Effective interest method

The effective interest method is a method of calculating the amortised cost of a financial asset and of allocating interest income over the relevant period. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts (including all fees and points paid or received that form an integral part of the effective interest rate, transaction costs and other premiums or discounts) through the expected life of the financial asset, or, where appropriate, a shorter period to the net carrying amount on initial recognition.

Interest income is recognised on an effective interest basis for debt instruments.

3. 重大會計政策(續)

金融工具(績)

金融資產(續)

可供出售金融資產

可供出售金融資產為指定為或並 非分類為透過損益按公允值列賬 的金融資產、貸款及應收款項或 持有至到期日投資的非衍生工具。

本集團所持有被分類為可供出售 金融資產及於活躍市場上交易之 權益及債務證券於各報告期末按 公允值計量。與採用實際利率法 計算之利息收入有關的可供出售 貨幣金融資產的賬面值變動及外 匯匯率變動(如適用)於損益確 認。當本集團收取股息之權利確 立,可供出售權益工具之股息均 於損益中確認。可供出售金融資 產賬面值的其他變動乃於其他全 面收入中確認,並於投資重估儲 備項下累計。當投資被出售或被 釐定出現減值時, 先前於投資重 估儲備中累計之累計收益或虧損 乃重新分類至損益(見下文有關金 融資產減值虧損之會計政策)。

實際利率法

實際利率法乃計算金融資產攤銷 成本及分攤相關期間利息收入自動 方法。實際利率乃透過金融與自動 的預期年期或(如適用)較短短期有財務估計未來現金收入(包括所收整體實際利率的已付或已地溢明及代價、交易成本及其他溢調時的賬面淨值的方法。

按實際利率法確認債務工具利息 收入。









For the year ended 31 December 2016 截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度

3. **SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont'd)** FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Cont'd)

FINANCIAL ASSETS (Cont'd)

Impairment of financial assets

Financial assets, are assessed for indicators of impairment at the end of the reporting period. Financial assets are considered to be impaired where there is objective evidence that, as a result of one or more events that occurred after the initial recognition of the financial asset, the estimated future cash flows of the financial assets have been affected.

For an available-for-sale equity investment, a significant or prolonged decline in the fair value of that investment below its cost is considered to be objective evidence of impairment.

For all other financial assets, objective evidence of impairment could include:

- significant financial difficulty of the issuer or counterparty; or
- breach of contract, such as default or delinquency in interest or principal payments; or
- it becoming probable that the borrower will enter bankruptcy or financial re-organisation.

For financial assets carried at amortised cost, the amount of the impairment loss recognised is the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of the estimated future cash flows discounted at the financial asset's original effective interest rate.

The carrying amount of the financial asset is reduced by the impairment loss directly for all financial assets with the exception of trade and other receivables, where the carrying amount is reduced through the use of an allowance account. Changes in the carrying amount of the allowance account are recognised in profit or loss. When a trade or other receivable is considered uncollectible, it is written off against the allowance account. Subsequent recoveries of amounts previously written off are credited to profit or loss.

重大會計政策(績) 3. 金融工具(績)

金融資產(續)

金融資產減值

金融資產均於報告期末評估是否 存在減值跡象。倘有客觀證據顯 示初步確認金融資產後出現的一 項或多項事件影響金融資產之估 計未來現金流量,則金融資產視 作出現減值。

就可供出售股權投資而言, 倘股 權投資的公允值大幅或長期跌至 低於其成本值,則該下跌視為減 值之客觀證據。

所有其他金融資產的減值客觀證 據可包括:

- 發行人或對手方出現嚴重 財政困難;或
- 違反合約,如逾期支付或 拖欠利息或本金;或
- 借貸人有可能破產或進行 財務重組。

就按攤銷成本列賬的金融資產而 言,減值虧損金額以資產賬面值 與按該金融資產原實際利率貼現 之估計未來現金流量現值間的差 額確認。

所有金融資產的減值虧損會直接 於金融資產賬面值中調減,惟貿 易及其他應收款項則除外,其賬 面值會通過使用備抵賬調減。備 抵賬的賬面值變動會於損益內確 認。當貿易或其他應收款項被視 為不可收回時,於備抵賬內撇 銷。其後收回的過往撇銷款項將 計入損益。





For the year ended 31 December 2016 截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont'd) FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Cont'd)

FINANCIAL ASSETS (Cont'd)

Impairment of financial assets (Cont'd)

When an available-for-sale financial asset is considered to be impaired, cumulative gains or losses previously recognised in other comprehensive income are reclassified to profit or loss in the period.

For financial assets measured at amortised cost, if, in a subsequent period, the amount of impairment loss decreases and the decrease can be related objectively to an event occurring after the impairment loss was recognised, the previously recognised impairment loss is reversed through profit or loss to the extent that the carrying amount of the asset at the date the impairment is reversed does not exceed what the amortised cost would have been had the impairment not been recognised.

In respect of available-for-sale equity investment, impairment losses previously recognised in profit or loss are not reversed through profit or loss.

FINANCIAL LIABILITIES AND EQUITY INSTRUMENTS

Debt and equity instruments issued by a group entity are classified as either financial liabilities or as equity instruments in accordance with the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into and the definitions of a financial liability and an equity instrument.

Financial liabilities

Financial liabilities (including trade payables, other payables and accruals, amounts due to related parties and bank borrowings) are subsequently measured at amortised cost, using the effective interest method.

Equity instruments

An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the group entity after deducting all of its liabilities. Equity instruments issued by the Company are recorded at the proceeds received, net of direct issue costs.

3. 重大會計政策(續)

金融工具(績)

金融資產(續)

金融資產減值(續)

當可供出售金融資產被視為出現 減值時,先前於其他全面收入內 確認的累計收益或虧損於期間內 重新分類至損益。

就按攤銷成本計量的金融資產而言,倘於其後期間,減值虧損多明度有關減少可客觀聯,強何虧數數值虧損後發生的強調。在認減值虧損後發生可透過,性減值虧回當日資產的機關,性減值,不得超過未確認減值時應有的攤銷成本。

就可供出售股權投資而言,先前 於損益確認的減值虧損不會透過 損益撥回。

金融負債及權益工具

集團實體所發行的債務及權益工 具乃根據所訂立的合約安排的內 容以及金融負債及權益工具的定 義分類為金融負債或權益工具。

金融負債

金融負債(包括貿易應付款項、其 他應付款項及應計費用、應付關 連方款項及銀行借款)於其後採用 實際利率法按攤銷成本計量。

權益工具

權益工具為證明集團實體的資產於扣除其所有負債後的剩餘權益的任何合約。本公司所發行的權益工具乃按已收所得款項扣除直接發行成本入賬。









For the year ended 31 December 2016 截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度

3. **SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont'd)** FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Cont'd)

FINANCIAL LIABILITIES AND EQUITY INSTRUMENTS (Cont'd)

Effective interest method

The effective interest method is a method of calculating the amortised cost of a financial liability and of allocating interest expense over the relevant period. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash payments (including all fees and points paid or received that form an integral part of the effective interest rate, transaction costs and other premiums or discounts) through the expected life of the financial liability, or, where appropriate, a shorter period, to the net carrying amount on initial recognition.

Interest expense is recognised on an effective interest basis.

DERECOGNITION

The Group derecognises a financial asset only when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the asset expire, or when it transfers the financial asset and substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the asset to another entity.

On derecognition of a financial asset, the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the sum of the consideration received and receivable and the cumulative gain or loss that had been recognised in other comprehensive income is recognised in profit or loss.

Financial liabilities are derecognised when the obligation specified in the relevant contract is discharged, cancelled or expired. The difference between the carrying amount of the financial liability derecognised and the consideration paid and payable is recognised in profit or loss.

重大會計政策(續) 3. 金融工具(績)

金融負債及權益工具(續)

實際利率法

實際利率法乃計算金融負債攤銷 成本及分攤相關期間利息開支的 方法。實際利率乃透過金融負債 預期年期或(如適用)較短期間將 估計未來現金付款(包括所有構成 整體實際利率的已付或已收費用 及代價、交易成本及其他溢價或 折讓)準確貼現至於初步確認時的 賬面淨值的利率。

利息開支以實際利率法確認。

終止確認

本集團僅當自資產收取現金流的 合約權利已屆滿,或本集團已將 該項金融資產及其絕大部份風險 及回報轉讓予另一實體時終止確 認金融資產。

於終止確認金融資產時,資產的 賬面值與已收及應收代價總額間 的差額以及已於其他全面收入確 認的累計收益或虧損於損益確認。

金融負債於有關合約所訂明責任 解除、取消或屆滿時終止確認。 終止確認的金融負債的賬面值與 已付及應付代價間的差額於損益 確認。





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4. KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION UNCERTAINTY

In the application of the Group's accounting policies, which are described in note 3, the directors of the Company are required to make estimates and assumptions about the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered to be relevant. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised if the revision affects only that period, or in the period of the revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods.

The following are the key assumptions concerning the future, and other key sources of estimation uncertainty at the end of the reporting period, that may have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year.

SERVICE CONCESSION ARRANGEMENTS

The Group entered into the build-operate-transfer (the "BOT") arrangements in wastewater treatment. The Group concluded that the BOT arrangements are service concession arrangements under HK(IFRIC)-Int 12 Service Concession Arrangements, because the local government controls and regulates the services that the Group must provide with the infrastructure at a pre-determined service charge. In addition, upon expiry of concession right agreement, the infrastructure has to be transferred to the local government at nil consideration.

Revenue from the construction of wastewater treatment facilities under the terms of a BOT arrangement is estimated on a costplus basis in which the construction margin is estimated with reference to a prevailing market rate of gross margins of market comparables at the time of construction, and is recognised using the percentage of-completion method, measured by reference to the proportion of costs incurred to date to the estimated total cost of the construction contract. Revenue from the construction of wastewater treatment facilities of HK\$36,206,000 is recognised during the year ended 31 December 2016 (2015: HK\$79,752,000).

4. 估計不明朗因素的主要來源

於應用本集團會計政策(載於附註 3)時,本公司董事須就未能直接 從其他來源取得的資產及負債的 賬面值作出估計及假設。該等估 計及相關假設乃根據過往經驗及 其他被視為相關的因素作出。實 際結果與該等估計或有所不同。

該等估計及相關假設會作持續檢討。倘對會計估計的修訂僅影響估計修訂的期間,則於該期間確認有關修訂,或倘修訂影響當前及未來期間確認有關修訂。

以下乃有關日後的主要假設及於報告期末的估計不明朗因素的其他主要來源,而該等假設及估計不明朗或會導致須對下一個財政年度資產及負債的賬面值作出重大調整的重大風險。

服務特許權安排



For the year ended 31 December 2016 截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度





4. KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION UNCERTAINTY (Cont'd)

SERVICE CONCESSION ARRANGEMENTS (Cont'd)

Imputed interest income is recognised from time to time on receivables under service concession arrangements on an accrual basis using the effective interest method by discounting the estimated future cash receipts over the service concession period at the estimated effective interest rate computed at initial recognition. Imputed interest income on receivables under service concession arrangements of HK\$19,465,000 is recognised during the year ended 31 December 2016 (2015: HK\$16,758,000).

The Group engages an independent qualified professional valuer to assess the prevailing market rate of gross margins of market comparables for construction margin and the effective interest rate for service concession arrangements as mentioned above.

The relevant effective interest rate is determined with reference to the yield of corporate bonds of comparable infrastructure companies in the People's Republic of China (the "PRC").

PROVISION FOR MAJOR OVERHAULS OF WASTEWATER TREATMENT FACILITIES TO A SPECIFIED LEVEL OF SERVICEABILITY

The Group has contractual obligations (a) to maintain the wastewater treatment facilities it operates to a specified level of serviceability and (b) to restore the facilities to a specified condition before they are handed over to the grantor at the end of the service concession arrangement. These contractual obligations to maintain or restore infrastructure, except for any upgrade element, are recognised and measured in accordance with HKAS 37 Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets, i.e., at the best estimate of the expenditure that would be required to settle the present obligation at the end of each reporting period. The estimation of the expenditure requires the Group to estimate the expected future cash outlays on major overhauls of the wastewater treatment facilities over the service concession periods and also to choose a suitable discount rate in order to calculate the present value of those cash flows. The carrying amount of the provision for major overhauls carried as a liability in the consolidated statement of financial position as at 31 December 2016 was HK\$6,611,000 (2015: HK\$6,440,000), further details of which are set out in note 28 to the consolidated financial statements.

4. 估計不明朗因素的主要來源 (續)

服務特許權安排(績)

服務特許權安排下的應收款項不時會使用實際利率法按累計基準確認推算利息收入計實際利率協知 確認時計算的估計未來現金收別 務特許期的估計未來現金收入 是十一日止年度,確認服務特 主十一日止年度,確認服務特 權安排下應收款項的推算利息 大為19,465,000港元(二零一五年:16,758,000港元)。

本集團聘請一名獨立合資格專業 估值師評估上述建造利潤率的可 資比較市場的現行市場毛利率及 服務特許權安排的實際利率。

相關實際利率經參考可資比較的中華人民共和國(「中國」)基建公司的公司債券收益率釐定。

使污水處理設施達致特定可提供 服務水平的重大檢修撥備

本集團的合約責任為(a)保養其經 營的污水處理設施,確保符合特定 的可提供服務水平及(b)於服務特 許權安排結束時,在移交該等設施 予授予人之前,將其修復至指定狀 態。該等保養或修復基礎設施的合 約責任(升級部份除外)乃根據香 港會計準則第37號撥備、或然負 債及或然資產予以確認與計量,即 按各報告期末履行當前責任所需支 出的最佳估計值進行確認與計量。 估計開支時本集團須估計服務特許 期內污水處理廠重大檢修的預計未 來現金開支,並選擇適當貼現率以 計算該等現金流量的現值。於二零 一六年十二月三十一日的綜合財務 狀況表內列作負債的重大檢修撥備 的賬面值為6.611,000港元(二零 一五年:6,440,000港元),有關 進一步詳情載於綜合財務報表附註 28 °





For the year ended 31 December 2016 截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度

4. KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION UNCERTAINTY (Cont'd)

IMPAIRMENT OF RECEIVABLES UNDER SERVICES CONCESSION ARRANGEMENTS

The policy for provision for impairment of receivables under service concession arrangements is based on the evaluation of collectability and ageing analysis of accounts and on management's estimation. A considerable amount of estimation is required in assessing the ultimate realisation of these receivables, including the current creditworthiness and the past collection history of each trade and other receivable. If the financial conditions of trade and other receivables were to deteriorate, resulting in an impairment of their ability to make payments, additional allowances may be required. The aggregate carrying amount of receivables under service concession arrangements carried as assets in the consolidated statement of financial position as at 31 December 2016 was HK\$319,452,000 (2015: HK\$390,217,000). Further details are set out in note 16 to the consolidated financial statements.

CURRENT TAX AND DEFERRED TAX

The Group is subject to income taxes in Hong Kong, PRC and Indonesia. The Group carefully evaluates tax implications of its transactions in accordance with prevailing tax regulations and makes tax provision accordingly. However, judgement is required in determining the Group's provision for income taxes as there are many transactions and calculations of which the ultimate tax determination is uncertain during the ordinary course of business. Where the final tax outcome of these matters is different from the amounts that were initially recorded, the differences will impact on the income tax and deferred tax provision in the periods in which the determination is made. The carrying amount of deferred tax liabilities are set out in the consolidated statement of financial position and note 27 to the consolidated financial statements.

Deferred tax liabilities have been recognised for withholding taxes that would be payable on certain portion of the unremitted earnings that are subject to withholding taxes of the Group's subsidiaries established in PRC since it is probable that these subsidiaries will distribute such earnings in the foreseeable future. Where the final distribution portion of earnings is larger than the amount that initially recorded, the differences will impact on the income tax in the periods in which the distribution is made. Further details of the temporary difference associated with investment in subsidiaries are set out in note 27 to the consolidated financial statements.

4. 估計不明朗因素的主要來源 (續)

服務特許權安排下的應收款項減 值

服務特許權安排下的應收款項減 值撥備政策乃根據可收回性評估 及賬目賬齡分析以及管理層的估 計作出。於評估該等應收款項的 最終變現數額時須作出大量估 計,包括各貿易及其他應收款項 現時的信譽及過往收回歷史。倘 貿易及其他應收款項的財務狀況 惡化,導致其付款能力降低,則 可能須作額外撥備。於二零一六 年十二月三十一日的綜合財務狀 况表內列作資產的服務特許權安 排下的應收款項的賬面值總額為 319,452,000港元(二零一五年: 390.217.000港元)。有關進一步 詳情載於綜合財務報表附註16。

即期稅項及遞延稅項









For the year ended 31 December 2016 截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度

4. KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION UNCERTAINTY (Cont'd)

IMPAIRMENT OF AVAILABLE-FOR-SALE FINANCIAL ASSETS

The Group classifies certain assets as available for sale and recognises movements of their fair values in equity. When the fair value declines, management makes assumptions about the decline in value to determine whether there is an impairment that should be recognised in profit or loss. During the year, no impairment losses have been recognised for available-for-sale assets (2015: nil). The carrying amount of available-for-sale assets as at 31 December 2016 was HK\$23,383,000 (2015: HK\$127,921,000).

4. 估計不明朗因素的主要來源 (續)

可供出售金融資產減值

5. REVENUE

5. 營業收入

		2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000 千港元	2015 二零一五年 HK\$'000 千港元
Construction services	建造服務	36,206	79,752
Wastewater treatment facility	污水處理設施營運服務	00,200	10,102
operation services		40,618	48,952
Imputed interest income on receivables	服務特許權安排下應收款項		
under service concession arrangemen	s 的推算利息收入	19,465	16,758
Sales of electricity	售電	4,028	
		100,317	145,462

6. SEGMENTAL INFORMATION

The Group are engaged in the construction and operation of wastewater treatment facilities and generation of electricity. Information reported to the Group's chief operating decision maker (i.e. the executive directors) for the purposes of resource allocation and assessment of performance is focused on geographical location of its manpower and customers including Hong Kong, PRC and Indonesia.

6. 分部資料

本集團從事建設及營運污水處理 設施以及發電。呈報予本集團主 要營運決策人(即執行董事),以 作為資源分配及表現評估之用的 資料集中在其人力資源及客戶的 地理位置,包括香港、中國及印 尼。





For the year ended 31 December 2016 截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度

6. SEGMENTAL INFORMATION (Cont'd)

SEGMENT REVENUES AND RESULTS

There are no inter-segment sales for both years.

customers.

All of the segment revenue reported above is from external

The following is an analysis of Group's revenue and results by reportable and operating segments:

Year ended 31 December 2016

6. 分部資料(續)

PRC

分部收入及業績

本集團按可呈報及經營分部劃分 之收入及業績分析如下:

截至二零一六年十二月三十一日 止年度

Total

Indonesia

		香港 HK\$'000 千港元	中國 HK\$'000 千港元	印尼 HK\$'000 千港元	總計 HK\$'000 千港元
Results Segment revenue	業績 分部收入	_	96,289	4,028	100,317
Segment (loss) profit	分部(虧損)溢利	(12,586)	33,697	(2,555)	18,556
Unallocated expenses Administrative expenses	未分配開支 行政開支				(34)
Profit before tax	除税前溢利				18,522
Year ended 31 December	2015		截至二. 止年度	零一五年十 <i>二</i>	二月三十一日
		Hong Kong 香港 HK\$'000 千港元	PRC 中國 HK\$'000 千港元	Indonesia 印尼 HK\$'000 千港元	Total 總計 HK\$'000 千港元
Results Segment revenue	業績 分部收入	_	145,462	-	145,462
Segment (loss) profit	分部(虧損)溢利	(11,501)	47,744	_	36,243
Unallocated expenses Administrative expenses	未分配開支 行政開支				(14)
Profit before tax	除税前溢利				36,229

Hong Kong

兩個年度均無分部間銷售。

上述呈報的所有分部收入均來自

外部客戶。



For the year ended 31 December 2016 截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度





6. SEGMENTAL INFORMATION (Cont'd)

SEGMENT ASSETS AND LIABILITIES

The following is an analysis of Group's assets and liabilities by reportable and operating segments:

At 31 December 2016

6. 分部資料(績) 分部資產及負債

本集團按可呈報及經營分部劃分 之資產及負債分析如下:

於二零一六年十二月三十一日

		Hong Kong 香港 HK\$'000 千港元	PRC 中國 HK\$'000 千港元	Indonesia 印尼 HK\$'000 千港元	Total 總計 HK\$'000 千港元
Assets Segment and total consolidated assets	<i>資產</i> 分部綜合資產及 綜合資產總值	30,949	416,498	233,693	681,140
Liabilities Segment and total consolidated liabilities	<i>負債</i> 分部綜合負債及 綜合負債總值	38,630	65,705	7,203	111,538

For the year ended 31 December 2016

截至二零一六年十二月三十一日 止年度

		Hong Kong 香港 HK\$'000 千港元	PRC 中國 HK\$'000 千港元	Indonesia 印尼 HK\$'000 千港元	Total 總計 HK\$'000 千港元
Amounts included in the measure of segment profit or loss or segment assets:	計入分部溢利或虧損 或分部資產之金額:				
Additions to non-current assets	添置非流動資產(附註)				
(note)	物業、廠房及設備折舊	_	234	149,042	149,276
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment	彻未、顺方仪议佣们皆	_	411	2,102	2,513
Interest income on bank deposits	銀行存款及其他				
and other financial asset	金融資產的利息收入	26	49	3	78

Note: Non-current assets included all non-current assets except goodwill.

附註: 非流動資產包括除商譽外的所有 非流動資產。



6.



Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2016 截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度

SEGMENTAL INFORMATION (Cont'd)		6	. 分部資	料(績)	
SEGMENT ASSETS AND LIABILITIES (Cont'd)			分部資	產及負債 <i>(續)</i>	
At 31 December 2015		於二零一五年十二月三十一日		三十一日	
		Hong Kong 香港 HK\$'000 千港元	PRC 中國 HK\$'000 千港元	Indonesia 印尼 HK\$'000 千港元	Total 總計 HK\$'000 千港元
Assets Segment and total consolidated assets	<i>資產</i> 分部綜合資產及 綜合資產總值	190,052	420,387	_	610,439
Liabilities	<i>負債</i> 分部綜合負債及				
Segment and total consolidated liabilities	綜合負債總值	32,595	62,709	_	95,304
	綜合負債總值	32,595		零一五年十二	
liabilities	綜合負債總值	32,595 Hong Kong 香港 HK\$'000 千港元	截至二	ー 零一五年十二 Indonesia 印尼 HK\$'000 千港元	
liabilities	綜合負債總值	Hong Kong 香港 HK\$'000	截至二: 止年度 PRC 中國 HK\$'000	Indonesia 印尼 HK\$'000	月三十一日 Total 總計 HK\$'000
For the year ended 31 Decem Amounts included in the measure of segment profit or loss or	綜合負債總值 nber 2015 計入分部溢利或虧損	Hong Kong 香港 HK\$'000	截至二: 止年度 PRC 中國 HK\$'000	Indonesia 印尼 HK\$'000	月三十一日 Total 總計 HK\$'000
Amounts included in the measure of segment profit or loss or segment assets: Additions to non-current assets	綜合負債總值 hber 2015 計入分部溢利或虧損 或分部資產之金額: 添置非流動資產	Hong Kong 香港 HK\$'000	截至二 止年度 PRC 中國 HK\$'000 千港元	Indonesia 印尼 HK\$'000	月三十一日 Total 總計 HK\$'000 千港元









For the year ended 31 December 2016 截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度

SEGMENTAL INFORMATION (Cont'd) 6. **SEGMENT ASSETS AND LIABILITIES (Cont'd)**

The Group's non-current assets by geographical location of the assets are detailed below:

分部資料(績) 6.

分部資產及負債(續)

本集團按資產之地區劃分之非流 動資產詳列如下:

Non-current assets 非流動資產

		2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000 千港元	2015 二零一五年 HK\$'000 千港元
PRC Indonesia	中國印尼	290,208 227,259	352,117 —
		517,467	352,117

Note: Non-current assets excluded available-for-sale investments.

附註: 非流動資產不包括可供出售投

資。

Revenue from customers of the corresponding years contributing over 10% of the Group's revenue are as follows:

產生自相應年度佔本集團收入 10%以上的客户的收入如下:

		2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000 千港元	2015 二零一五年 HK\$'000 千港元
Customer A from PRC segment	中國分部客戶A	84,333	133,167
Customer B ¹ from PRC segment	中國分部客戶B ¹	12,614	N/A不適用

The corresponding revenue of this customer is not disclosed as it individual did not contribute over 10% of the Group's total gross revenue in 2015.

此客戶於二零一五年的收入未披 露,原因是其個人佔本集團相 應年度營業收入總額的比例不到 10%。





For the year ended 31 December 2016 截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度

7. OTHER INCOME AND OTHER GAINS

7. 其他收入及其他收益

		2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000 千港元	2015 二零一五年 HK\$'000 千港元
Bank interest income	銀行利息收入	78	370
Interest income from available-for-sale investments	可供出售投資的利息收入	4,725	2,068
Gain on disposal of available-for-sale	出售可供出售投資的收益	1,720	2,000
investments		819	246
Foreign exchange gain, net	外匯收益淨額	177	_
Government grants (note)	政府補助(附註)	18	1,703
Refund of value-added tax	增值税退税	3,562	483
Fair value gain of a derivative	衍生金融工具之公允值收益		
financial instrument (note 25)	(附註25)	1,231	_
Others	其他	747	448
		11,357	5,318

Note: Government grants have been received from local governments in Jiangsu Province for the purpose of carrying out environmental protection works. There were no unfulfilled conditions or contingencies relating to these grants as at 31 December 2016 and 2015.

附註: 就實施環保工程得到江蘇省地方 政府的政府補助。於二零一六年 及二零一五年十二月三十一日概 無有關該等補助的未完成條件或 或然事件。

8. FINANCE COSTS

8. 融資成本

	2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000 千港元	2015 二零一五年 HK\$'000 千港元
Interest on bank borrowings 銀行借款的利息 Increase in discounted amounts of provision for major overhauls arising from the passage of time (note 28) 銀行借款的利息 由於時間流逝而產生的 重大檢修撥備的 貼現金額增加(附註28)	1,560 409	920 327
	1,969	1,247







For the year ended 31 December 2016 截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度

9. **PROFIT BEFORE TAX**

除稅前溢利 9.

		2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000 千港元	2015 二零一五年 HK\$'000 千港元
Profit before tax has been arrived at after charging (crediting):	除税前溢利已扣除(計入):		
Employee benefit expense (including directors' remuneration (Note 10)): Salaries and other benefits	僱員福利開支(包括董事酬金) (附註10): 薪金及其他福利	11,152	9,168
Pension scheme contributions (note (a)) Share-based payments	退休金計劃供款(附註(a)) 基於股份的付款	1,559 54	661 —
		12,765	9,829
Cost of construction services Cost of wastewater treatment facilities	建造服務成本 提供污水處理設施	25,531	60,647
operation services rendered Cost of power plant operation Cost of inventories recognised	營運服務的成本 發電廠營運成本 確認為開支的存貨成本	35,006 5,474	34,388 —
as expenses Depreciation of property, plant and equipment	物業、廠房及設備折舊	13,833 2,513	10,778 472
Minimum lease payments under operating leases Auditors' remuneration	經營租賃下的最低租賃付款 核數師薪酬	_ 1,200	276 1,600
Fair value (gain) loss of a derivative financial instrument (note (b)) Foreign exchange (gain) loss, net Provision for major overhauls	衍生金融工具的公允值 (收益)虧損(附註(b)) 匯兑(收益)虧損,淨額 重大檢修撥備	(1,231) (177) 1,616	794 1,077 1,122

Notes:

- At 31 December 2016, the Group had no forfeited contributions (a) available to reduce its contributions to the pension scheme in future years (2015: nil).
- (b) The fair value loss of a derivative financial instrument for the year ended 31 December 2015 was included in "Administrative expenses" in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income.

附註:

- (a) 於二零一六年十二月三十一日, 本集團概無被沒收供款可減少未 來年度的退休金計劃供款(二零 一五年:無)。
- 截至二零一五年十二月三十一日 (b) 止年度,衍生金融工具的公允值 虧損列於綜合損益及其他全面收 入表的「行政開支」下。





For the year ended 31 December 2016 截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度

10. DIRECTORS' AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE'S REMUNERATION

10. 董事及最高行政人員薪酬

		2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000 千港元	2015 二零一五年 HK\$'000 千港元
Director's fee Other emoluments: Salaries and other benefits Pension scheme contributions	董事袍金 其他酬金: 薪金及其他福利 退休金計劃供款	1,985 782 14	1,960 154 —
		796	154
		2,781	2,114

(a) INDEPENDENT NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

The fees paid to independent non-executive directors during the year were as follows:

(a) 獨立非執行董事

年內支付獨立非執行董事 之費用如下:

		2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000 千港元	2015 二零一五年 HK\$'000 千港元
Ms. Ng Chung Yan Linda Mr. Ng Man Kung Mr. Sze Yeuk Lung Benedict	伍頌恩女士 吳文拱先生 施若龍先生	120 120 100	120 120 100
		340	340

The independent non-executive directors' remuneration shown above were for their services as directors of the Company.

There were no other emoluments payable to the independent non-executive directors during the year (2015: nil).

上述獨立非執行董事之酬 金乃就彼等作為本公司董 事所提供服務之薪酬。

年內並無支付獨立非執行董事其他酬金(二零一五年:無)。









For the year ended 31 December 2016 截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度

10. **DIRECTORS' AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE'S REMUNERATION** (Cont'd)

DIRECTORS

綜合財務報表附註

(b)

EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS AND NON-EXECUTIVE

董事及最高行政人員薪酬 10. (績)

執行董事及非執行董事 (b)

			Salaries	Pension		
		and other		scheme		
			benefits	contributions	Total	
		Fees薪金及袍金其他福利		退休金	emoluments	
				計劃供款	酬金總額	
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	
Year ended 31 December 2016	截至二零一六年 十二月三十一日 止年度					
Executive Directors	執行董事					
Mr. Chau On Ta Yuen	用安達源先生	1,320	72	_	1,392	
Mr. Chan Kwan	陳昆先生	1,020	12	_	1,002	
(Chief Executive Officer)	(行政總裁)	100	710	14	824	
Mr. Suhendra Radius (note)	蘇堅人先生(附註)	25	-	_	25	
		1,445	782	14	2,241	
N 5 " 5" .	ᅪᅪᄼᅗᆂ					
Non-Executive Directors	非執行董事	400			400	
Mr. Chan Pak Lam Brian	陳栢林先生	100	-	_	100	
Mr. Chau Chi Yan Benny	周致人先生	100	_		100	
		200	-	-	200	
		1,645	782	14	2,441	

Note: Mr. Suhendra Radius was appointed as an executive director during the year ended 31 December 2016.

附註: 蘇堅人先生於截至二零 一六年十二月三十一日 止年度獲委任為執行董 事。





For the year ended 31 December 2016 截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度

Salaries

10. DIRECTORS' AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE'S REMUNERATION (Cont'd)

(b) EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS AND NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS (Cont'd)

10. 董事及最高行政人員薪酬 (續)

(b) 執行董事及非執行董事 (續)

Pension

	and other	scheme	
	benefits	contributions	Total
Fees	薪金及	退休金	emoluments
袍金	其他福利	計劃供款	酬金總額
HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元

Executive Directors Mr. Chau On Ta Yuen	執行董事 周安達源先生	1,320	74	_	1,394
Mr. Chan Kwan (Chief Executive Officer)	陳昆先生 (行政總裁)	100	80	_	180
		1,420	154	-	1,574
Non-Executive Directors	非執行董事				
Mr. Chan Pak Lam Brian	陳栢林先生	100	_	_	100
Mr. Chau Chi Yan Benny	周致人先生	100	_	_	100
		200	_	_	200

The executive directors' remuneration shown above were for their services in connection with the management of the affairs of the Company and the Group.

The non-executive directors' remuneration shown above were for their services as directors of the Company or its subsidiaries.

There was no arrangement under which a director or the chief executive waived or agreed to waive any remuneration during the year.

上述執行董事酬金乃就彼等提供 與管理本公司及本集團事務有關 之服務之薪酬。

上述非執行董事酬金乃就彼等作 為本公司或其附屬公司之董事所 提供服務之薪酬。

年內並無董事或最高行政人員放 棄或同意放棄任何薪酬之安排。









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FIVE HIGHEST PAID EMPLOYEES 11.

The five highest paid employees during the year included one (2015: one) director, details of whose remuneration are set out in note 10 above. Details of the remuneration for the year of the remaining four (2015: four) non-director, highest paid employees are as follows:

五名最高薪酬僱員 11.

年內五名最高薪酬僱員包括一名 (二零一五年:一名)董事,其薪 酬之詳情載列於上文附註10。年 內餘下四名(二零一五年:四名) 非董事之最高薪酬僱員之薪酬詳 情載列如下:

		2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000 千港元	2015 二零一五年 HK\$'000 千港元
Employees' salaries and other benefits Discretionary bonus Pension scheme contributions	僱員薪金及其他福利 酌情花紅 退休金計劃供款	2,992 172 61	1,863 209 96
		3,225	2,168

The number of non-director, highest paid employees whose remuneration fell within the following bands is as follows:

薪酬屬於以下範圍非董事的最高 薪酬僱員的數目如下:

Number of employees 僱員數目

		2016 二零一六年	2015 二零一五年
Nil to HK\$1,000,000 HK\$1,000,001 to HK\$1,500,000	零至1,000,000港元 1,000,001港元至1,500,000港元	3 1	4 —
		4	4





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12. INCOME TAX

Pursuant to the rules and regulations of the Cayman Islands and the British Virgin Islands ("BVI"), the Group is not subject to any income tax in the Cayman Islands and the BVI.

No provision for Hong Kong profits tax had been made as the Group did not generate any assessable profits arising in Hong Kong during the year (2015: nil).

Withholding tax is calculated at 5% of the dividend income received from a subsidiary in PRC. Tax refunds of HK\$764,000 for prior years' withholding tax were received during the year.

The provision for PRC income tax is based on the respective corporate income tax rates applicable to the subsidiaries located in PRC as determined in accordance with the relevant income tax rules and regulations of PRC.

No provision for Indonesian income tax had been made as the Group did not generate any assessable profits arising in Indonesia during the year (2015: nil)

Haian Hengfa Wastewater Treatment Company Limited ("Haian Hengfa") and Rugao Hengfa Water Treatment Company Limited ("Rugao Hengfa") obtained preferential income tax treatment whereby their income taxes are charged at the taxable profit based on 90% of the revenue generated for the year.

12. 所得稅

根據開曼群島及英屬處女群島 (「英屬處女群島」)規則及法規, 本集團毋須於開曼群島及英屬處 女群島繳納任何所得稅。

由於本集團於本年度並無於香港 產生任何可評税溢利(二零一五 年:無),故概無計提香港利得税 撥備。

自一間中國附屬公司收到的股息收益按5%計算預扣税。本年度收到過往年度預扣税的退税764,000港元。

中國所得税撥備是根據位於中國的附屬公司所適用並按中國相關所得稅規則及規例所釐定的各企業所得稅率而作出。

由於本集團於本年度並無於印尼 產生任何可評税溢利(二零一五 年:無),故概無計提印尼所得税 撥備。

海安恆發污水處理有限公司(「海安恆發」)及如皋恆發水處理有限公司(「如皋恆發」)獲得所得稅優惠待遇,據此,其所得稅按應課稅溢利(基於本年度產生的營業收入的90%)繳納。









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12. INCOME TAX (Cont'd)

Rugao Honghao Metal Surface Water Treatment Company Limited ("Rugao Honghao") obtained confirmation from the relevant tax authority during the year ended 31 December 2015 for full exemption on corporate income tax for 2012 (the first profit generating year of Rugao Honghao), 2013 and 2014 and a threeyear 50% reduction in corporate income tax rate from 2015 to 2017. Tax refunds of HK\$9,998,000 relating to the tax years of 2012, 2013 and 2014, in aggregate, were received during the year ended 31 December 2015.

所得稅(續) 12.

如皋宏皓金屬表面水處理有限公 司(「如皋宏皓」)獲得相關税務部 門確認,如皋宏皓截至二零一五 年十二月三十一日止年度獲完全 豁免繳納二零一二年(即如皋宏 皓產生溢利首年)、二零一三年及 二零一四年的企業所得税,以及 為期三年獲減免二零一五年至二 零一七年50%的企業所得税。截 至二零一五年十二月三十一日止 年度收到有關二零一二年、二零 一三年及二零一四年税務年度的 退税共計9,998,000港元。

		2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000 千港元	2015 二零一五年 HK\$'000 千港元
Current — PRC Charge for the year	即期 — 中國 年內支出	2,842	5,100
Overprovision in prior years	過往年度超額撥備		(212)
Tax refunds	退税	(764)	(9,998)
Deferred tax (note 27)	遞延税項(附註27)	4,951	1,190
Total tax charge (credit) for the year	年內税項支出(抵免)總額	7,029	(3,920)





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12. INCOME TAX (Cont'd)

A reconciliation of the tax expense applicable to profit before tax at the statutory rates for jurisdictions in which the Company's subsidiaries are domiciled to the tax expense (credit) at the Group's effective tax rate is as follows:

12. 所得稅(續)

按本公司附屬公司註冊成立所在司法權區的法定税率計算的除税前溢利適用的税項開支與按本集團實際税率計算的税項開支(抵免)的對賬如下:

		2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000 千港元	2015 二零一五年 HK\$'000 千港元
Profit before tax	除税前溢利	18,522	36,229
Tax at the statutory tax rates at 25% Overprovision in prior years Tax refunds Effect of withholding tax on the distributable profits of	按法定税率 25% 計算的税項 過往年度超額撥備 退稅 預扣税對本集團中國附屬公司 可供分配溢利的影響	4,630 — (764)	9,548 (212) (9,998)
the distributable profits of the Group's subsidiaries in PRC Tax effect of income not taxable for tax purpose	毋須課税收入之税務影響	590 (614)	(4,590) (1,437)
Tax effect of expenses not deductible for tax purpose Income tax at concessionary rate Tax effect of tax losses not recognised Tax effect of deductible temporary	不可扣税開支之税務影響 按優惠税率計算的所得税 未確認税項虧損之税項影響 未確認可扣除暫時性差額	1,328 (1,696) 481	2,769 — —
differences not recognised	之税務影響	3,074	_
Tax charge (credit) for the year	年內税項支出(抵免)	7,029	(3,920)









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13. 股息 13. **DIVIDEND**

		2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000 千港元	2015 二零一五年 HK\$'000 千港元
Dividends for ordinary shareholders of the Company recognised as distribution during the year:	年內確認向本公司普通股東 派發的股息:		
2016 Interim — nil (2015: 2015 Interim dividend — HK2 cents) per ordinary share (note a)	二零一六年中期 — 每股 普通股零 (二零一五年:二零一五年 中期股息 — 2港仙)(附註a)	_	19,040
(Note a) 2015 Final — HK1 cent (2015: 2014 Final dividend — nil) per ordinary share (note b)	二零一五年末期 — 每股 普通股1港仙 (二零一五年:二零一四年 末期股息 — 零)(附註b)	9,520	19,040
		9,520	19,040

Note:

- (a) During the year ended 31 December 2015, the Company declared an interim dividend in respect of the six months ended 30 June 2015 of HK2 cents per ordinary share of the Company in an aggregate amount of HK\$19,040,000. Such dividend was paid on 31 October 2015.
- (b) During the year ended 31 December 2016, the Company declared a final dividend in respect of the year ended 31 December 2015 of HK1 cent per ordinary share of the Company in an aggregate amount of HK\$9,520,000. Such dividend was paid on 13 June 2016.
- The Board of Directors does not recommend the payment of any final (C) dividend for the year (2015: HK1 cent per share).

附註:

- 截至二零一五年十二月三十一日 (a) 止年度,本公司就截至二零一五 年六月三十日止六個月宣派中期 股息每股本公司普通股2港仙, 合計19,040,000港元。有關股 息已於二零一五年十月三十一日 支付。
- 截至二零一六年十二月三十一日 (b) 止年度,本公司就截至二零一五 年十二月三十一日止年度宣派 末期股息每股本公司普通股1港 仙,合計9,520,000港元。有關 股息已於二零一六年六月十三日 支付。
- 董事會不建議就本年度派發任何 (c) 末期股息(二零一五年:每股1 港仙)。





For the year ended 31 December 2016 截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度

14. EARNINGS PER SHARE

The calculation of the basic and diluted earnings per share attributable to the shareholders of the Company is based on the following data:

14. 每股盈利

本公司股東應佔每股基本及攤薄 盈利的計算基於下列數據:

	2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000 千港元	2015 二零一五年 HK\$'000 千港元
Earnings for the purposes of basic and diluted earnings per share, being profit for the year attributable to shareholders of the Company 就每股基本及攤薄盈利而言 之盈利,即本公司擁有人 應佔年內溢利	10,343	39,506

Number of shares 股份數目

	12 2A H	
	2016 二零一六年 '000 千股	2015 二零一五年 "000 千股
Weighted average number of 就每股盈利而言之 就每股盈利而言之 可dinary shares for the purpose 普通股加權平均數 of earnings per share	982,493	903,061

The computation of the diluted earnings per share for the year ended 31 December 2016 does not assume the exercise of the Company's options because the exercise price of those options was higher than the average market price for shares for the year ended 31 December 2016.

No diluted earnings per share has been presented for the year ended 31 December 2015 as there was no outstanding potential ordinary share during that year and at the end of the reporting period.

因本公司購股權之行使價高於截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度本公司股份之平均市價,故計算截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度每股攤薄盈利時並未假設行使本公司購股權。

由於該年度及於報告期末,並無已發行的潛在普通股,故截至二零一五年十二月三十一日止年度並無呈列每股攤薄盈利。









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15. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

15. 物業、廠房及設備

		Land and buildings 土地及樓宇 HK\$'000 千港元	Equipment and machines 設備及機器 HK\$'000 千港元	Office equipment 辦公室設備 HK\$'000 千港元	Motor vehicles 汽車 HK\$'000 千港元	Construction in progress 在建工程 HK\$'000 千港元	Total 總計 HK\$'000 千港元
COST	成本						
At 1 January 2015	於二零一五年一月一日	_	2,464	881	1,033	_	4,378
Additions	添置	_	3	114	-	_	117
Exchange realignment	匯兑重列	_	(110)	(44)	(46)	-	(200)
At 31 December 2015	於二零一五年						
ALOT DOCCHDOL 2010	十二月三十一日	_	2,357	951	987	_	4,295
Additions through acquisition	透過收購附屬公司		2,001	001	001		1,200
of subsidiaries (note 39)	的添置(附註39)	10,554	70,203	24	240	64,732	145,753
Additions	添置	334	1,743	45	116	1,285	3,523
Transfer	轉讓	671	63,544	_	_	(64,215)	_
Transfer to assets classified as	轉撥至分類為持作出售					, , ,	
held for sale (note 29)	之資產(附注29)	_	(433)	(129)	_	_	(562)
Exchange realignment	匯兑重列	(401)	(3,651)	(67)	(88)	(1,515)	(5,722)
At 31 December 2016	於二零一六年						
	十二月三十一日	11,158	133,763	824	1,255	287	147,287
DEPRECIATION	折舊						
At 1 January 2015	於二零一五年一月一日	_	475	398	727	_	1,600
Provided for the year	年內撥備	_	237	179	56	_	472
Exchange realignment	匯兑重列	_	(29)	(23)	(35)	_	(87)
At 31 December 2015	於二零一五年						
7 10 1 2000111101 2010	十二月三十一日	_	683	554	748	_	1,985
Provided for the year	年內撥備	90	2,275	67	81	_	2,513
Transfer to assets classified as	轉撥至分類為持作出售		,				,
held for sale (note 29)	之資產(附注29)	_	(97)	(47)	_	_	(144)
Exchange realignment	匯兑重列	(1)	(96)	(43)	(57)	_	(197)
At 31 December 2016	於二零一六年						
	十二月三十一日	89	2,765	531	772	_	4,157
CARRYING VALUES	賬面值						
At 31 December 2016	於二零一六年						
	十二月三十一日	11,069	130,998	293	483	287	143,130
At 31 December 2015	於二零一五年						
	十二月三十一日		1,674	397	239	_	2,310





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15. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (Cont'd)

The above property, plant and equipment other than construction in progress are depreciated on a straight-line basis at the following rates per annum:

Land and buildings0-9%Equipment and machines10-20%Office equipment18-20%Motor vehicles12.5-20%

16. RECEIVABLES UNDER SERVICE CONCESSION ARRANGEMENTS

The Group entered into a number of service concession arrangements with certain governmental authorities in PRC on a BOT basis in respect of its wastewater treatment services. Pursuant to the service concession arrangements, the Group has to design, construct, operate and manage wastewater treatment facilities in PRC over the service concession periods. The governmental authorities guarantee that the Group will receive minimum annual payments in connection with the arrangements or receive a top up fee depending on the volume of water that the wastewater treatment facilities treated. The Group is generally entitled to use the wastewater treatment facilities and the related facilities (the "Facilities"). However, the Group has the obligation to maintain the Facilities in good condition and the Facilities will be transferred to the relevant governmental authorities at a specified level of serviceability upon expiry of the concession periods. The service concession arrangements do not contain renewal options. The BOT agreements do not grant any termination rights to any of the contracting parties.

15. 物業、廠房及設備(續)

上述物業、廠房及設備(在建工程 除外)按下列年率以直線法計提折 舊:

土地及樓宇0% — 9%設備及機器10 — 20%辦公室設備18 — 20%汽車12.5 — 20%

16. 服務特許權安排下的應收款項

本集團已與若干中國政府機關就 污水處理服務按BOT基準訂立多 項服務特許權安排。根據服務特 許權安排,本集團須於服務特許 期內設計、建造、經營及管理中 國污水處理設施。政府機關保證 本集團將就有關安排收取最低年 度付款或依據污水處理設施處理 的污水量收取補足費用。本集團 通常有權使用污水處理設施及相 關設施(「該等設施」),然而,本 集團有責任維持該等設施處於良 好狀況且該等設施將於特許期屆 滿後按一定可提供服務水平移交 有關政府機關。服務特許權安排 不包含續期選擇權。BOT安排概 無授予任何訂約方任何終止權。







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16. RECEIVABLES UNDER SERVICE CONCESSION ARRANGEMENTS (Cont'd)

As at 31 December 2016, the Group had 5 (2015: 5) service concession arrangements on wastewater treatment with two governmental authorities in PRC and a summary of the major terms of the principal service concession arrangements are set out as follows:

16. 服務特許權安排下的應收款 項(續)

於二零一六年十二月三十一日, 本集團與兩個中國政府機關訂立5 項(二零一五年:5項)服務特許權 安排,主要服務特許權安排的主 要條款概要載列如下:

Name of company as operator* 作為運營商 的公司名稱	Name of wastewater treatment facility 污水處理 設施名稱	Location 位置	Nature of grantor 授予人名稱	Type of service concession equipment 服務特許權 設備類型	Designed processing capacity 設計處理能力	Service concession period 服務特許期
Haian Henfa 海安恒發	Haian Hengfa Municipal Wastewater Treatment Facility (Phase I) 海安恆發市政 污水處理設施 (一期)	Haian Country, Nantong City 南通市海安縣	Haian Country Construction Bureau 江蘇省海安縣建設局	BOT on wastewater treatment 有關污水處理 的BOT	20,000	28 years from 2002 to 2030 and extended to 2036 in 2013 28年,從二零零二年 起計至二零三零年止, 並於二零一三年延長至 二零三六年
Haian Henfa 海安恒發	Haian Hengfa Municipal Wastewater Treatment Facility (Phase II) 海安恒發市政 污水處理設施 (二期)	Haian Country, Nantong City 南通市海安縣	Haian Country Construction Bureau 江蘇省海安縣建設局	BOT on wastewater treatment 有關污水處理 的BOT	20,000	22.5 years from 2013 to 2036 22.5年,從二零一三年 起計至二零三六年止
Rugao Henfa 如皋恆發	Rugao Hengfa Municipal and Industrial Wastewater Treatment Facility (Phase I) 如皋恆發市政 及工業污水處理設施	Rugao Country, Nantong City 南通市如皋縣	Rugao Economic and Technological Development Zone Administrative Committee 如皋經濟技術 開發區管委會	BOT on wastewater treatment 有關污水處理 的BOT	20,000	25 years from 2007 to 2032 and extended to 2035 in 2009 25年,從二零零七年 起計至二零三二年止, 並於二零零九年延長至 二零三五年

(一期)





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16. RECEIVABLES UNDER SERVICE CONCESSION ARRANGEMENTS (Cont'd)

16. 服務特許權安排下的應收款 項(續)

Wastewater Treatment Facility (Phase II) 如皋恒發市政 及工業污水處理設施 (二期) Rugao Honghao (Note) 如皋宏皓(附註) 如皋宏皓重金屬 对專宏皓重金屬 污水處理設施 (不知) Wastewater 中國市如皋縣 Development Treatment Facility 如皋宏皓重金屬 污水處理設施 初皋宏皓重金屬 污水處理設施 如皋宏皓重金屬 污水處理設施	Name of company as operator* 作為運營商 的公司名稱	Name of wastewater treatment facility 污水處理 設施名稱	Location 位置	Nature of grantor 授予人名稱	Type of service concession equipment 服務特許權 設備類型	Designed processing capacity 設計處理能力	Service concession period 服務特許期
(Note)Heavy MetalNantong Cityand Technologicalwastewater如皋宏皓(附註)Wastewater南通市如皋縣Developmenttreatment28年Treatment FacilityZone Administrative有關污水處理起語如皋宏皓重金屬Committee的BOT污水處理設施如皋經濟技術		Municipal and Industrial Wastewater Treatment Facility (Phase II) 如皋恆發市政及工業污水處理設施	Nantong City	and Technological Development Zone Administrative Committee 如皋經濟技術	wastewater treatment 有關污水處理	20,000	25 years from 2015 to 2035 25年,從二零一五年 起計至二零三五年止
加及严ロ关目	(Note)	Heavy Metal Wastewater Treatment Facility 如皋宏皓重金屬	Nantong City	and Technological Development Zone Administrative Committee	wastewater treatment 有關污水處理	3,500	28 years from 2011 to 2039 28年,從二零一一年 起計至二零三九年止

^{*} The official name of the grantor is in Chinese. The English translation is for identification purposes only.

Note: The assets and liabilities of Rugao Honghao are classified as held for sale. The details are set out in note 29.

附註: 如皋宏皓的資產及負債分類為可 供出售。詳情載於附註29。









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16. RECEIVABLES UNDER SERVICE CONCESSION **ARRANGEMENTS** (Cont'd)

Pursuant to the service concession agreements, the Group is granted the rights to use the property, plant and equipment of the wastewater treatment facilities and certain related land during the service concession periods. The Group is required to surrender these items of property, plant and equipment to the grantors at a specified level of serviceability at the end of the respective service concession periods. As at 31 December 2015 and 2016, the title certificates with respect to certain land use rights of certain wastewater treatment facilities to which the Group's service concession arrangements relate have not been registered under the names of the relevant group companies. The directors of the Company are of the opinion that the Group is entitled to the lawful and valid occupation or use of the buildings and land to which the above-mentioned land use rights during the respective concession periods for nil consideration for providing wastewater treatment services under the relevant BOT agreements

For the year ended 31 December 2016, revenue and profit were recognised for exchanging construction services for a financial asset amounting to HK\$36,206,000 (2015: HK\$79,752,000) and HK\$10,675,000 (2015: HK\$19,105,000), respectively. Considerations for revenue related to the construction and operation services under BOT arrangements were recognised as "receivables under service concession arrangements" in the consolidated statement of financial position.

16. 服務特許權安排下的應收款 項(續)

根據服務特許權安排,本集團獲 授權於服務特許期內使用污水處 理設施的物業、廠房及設備以及 若干相關土地。本集團須於各服 務特許期結束時按一定可提供服 務水平將該等物業、廠房及設備 項目移交授予人。於二零一五年 及二零一六年十二月三十一日, 有關本集團服務特許權安排的若 干污水處理設施的若干土地使用 權的業權證書並未登記於有關本 集團公司的名下。本公司的董事 認為,根據相關BOT安排,本集 團有權於相關特許期內就提供污 水處理服務以零代價合法有效佔 用或使用該等與上述土地使用權 有關的樓宇及土地。

截至二零一六年十二月三十一日 止年度,分別確認有36,206,000 港元(二零一五年: 79,752,000港 元)及10,675,000港元(二零一五 年:19,105,000港元)的營業收入 及溢利就以建造服務交換金融資 產。與BOT安排項下建造及經營 服務有關的營業收入代價於綜合 財務狀況表確認為「服務特許權安 排下的應收款項」。





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16. RECEIVABLES UNDER SERVICE CONCESSION ARRANGEMENTS (Cont'd)

Certain of the Group's land use rights and properties in the wastewater treatment business was pledged to secure a bank borrowing granted to the Group. The related receivables under service concession arrangement amounted to HK\$92,733,000 as at 31 December 2016 (2015: HK\$102,981,000).

16. 服務特許權安排下的應收款 項(續)

已抵押本集團污水處理業務營運的若干土地使用權及物業作為授予本集團一項銀行借款的擔保。於二零一六年十二月三十一日,有關服務特許權安排下的應收款項為92,733,000港元(二零一五年:102,981,000港元)。

		2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000 千港元	2015 二零一五年 HK\$'000 千港元
Receivables under service concession arrangements Portion classified as current assets	服務特許權安排下的應收款項分類為流動資產的部份	319,452 (30,814)	390,217 (40,410)
Portion classified as non-current assets	分類為非流動資產的部份	288,638	349,807

The following is an aged analysis of receivables under service concession arrangements, based on invoice date, at the end of the reporting period:

於報告期末,根據發票日期對服 務特許權安排下應收款項的賬齡 分析如下:

		2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000 千港元	2015 二零一五年 HK\$'000 千港元
Billed: Within 3 months 4 to 6 months	已開具發票: 3個月內 4至6個月	8,276 13,925	16,426 14,694
Not yet billed	尚未開具發票	22,201 297,251 319,452	31,120 359,097 390,217

There is no allowance for doubtful debts for both years.

兩個年度並無呆壞賬撥備。









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RECEIVABLES UNDER SERVICE CONCESSION 16. **ARRANGEMENTS (Cont'd)**

Receivables under service concession arrangements are usually due for settlement within 10 days after each month end. Included in the Group's receivables under service concession arrangements are debtors with aggregate carrying amount of HK\$22,201,000 (2015: HK\$31,120,000) which have been past due at the end of the reporting period for which the Group has not provided for impairment loss. The Group has assessed the creditworthiness, past payment history and subsequent settlement, and considered that the amounts are still recoverable. The Group does not hold any collateral over these balances.

Aging of receivables under service concession arrangements which are past due but not impaired is as follows:

16. 服務特許權安排下的應收款 項(續)

服務特許權安排下的應收款項通 常於每月月底後10日內到期結 算。本集團服務特許權安排下 的應收款項包括賬面值總額為 22,201,000港元(二零一五年: 31,120,000港元)之債務,該債務 已於報告期末逾期,惟本集團並 無就此作出減值虧損撥備。本集 團已對其信譽、過往還款記錄及 其後之結賬作出評估, 及考慮該 數額仍可收回。本集團並無就該 等結餘持有任何抵押品。

逾期但無減值之服務特許權安排 下的應收款項之賬齡分析如下:

		2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000 千港元	2015 二零一五年 HK\$'000 千港元
Within 1 month 1 — 3 months 4 — 6 months	1個月內 1至3個月 4至6個月	4,825 3,451 13,925	6,826 9,600 14,694
Total	總計	22,201	31,120

17. **GOODWILL** 17. 商譽

At 31 December 2016	於二零一六年十二月三十一日	85,699
Arising on acquisition of subsidiaries (note 39)	收購附屬公司產生(附註39)	85,699
At 1 January 2015 and 31 December 2015	於二零一五年一月一日及 二零一五年十二月三十一日	_
COST	成本	
		HK\$'000 千港元





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17. GOODWILL (Cont'd)

The amount represents goodwill arising on the acquisition of the Weal Union Group during the year. The recoverable amount of this cash generating unit has been determined based on a value in use calculation. The Group engaged an independent professional valuer to perform such valuation which requires the use of key assumptions, including the discount rate, terminal growth rate, budgeted sales and gross margin, taking into account the relevant industry growth forecasts, financial budgets approved by the directors from the management's experience from provision of electricity services and management's expectations for the market development. That calculation uses cash flow projections based on financial budgets approved by management covering a 5-year period, and discount rate of 18.2%. The cash flows beyond the 5-year period are extrapolated growth rate at 5%. Management believes that any reasonably possible change in any of these assumptions would not cause the aggregate carrying amount to exceed the aggregate recoverable amount of this cash generating unit.

17. 商譽(續)

金額表示年內收購旭衡集團產生 的商譽。此現金產生單位之可收 回金額乃根據使用價值計算釐 定。本集團聘請獨立專業估值師 進行該估值。這需要使用主要假 設,包括貼現率、永久增長率、 預算銷售及毛利率,考慮從管理 層對供電服務的經驗及管理層對 市場發展的預期得出的相關行業 增長預測、董事批准的財務預 算。該項計算乃根據管理層所批 准之五年財務預算使用現金流量 預測以及貼現率18.2%計算。超 過5年期間之現金流量乃用5%的 增長率推算。管理層相信任何該 等假設的合理可能變動將不會導 致此現金產生單位之賬面總值高 於其可收回總額。

可供出售投資

18.

18. AVAILABLE-FOR-SALE INVESTMENTS

	2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000 千港元	2015 二零一五年 HK\$'000 千港元
Listed equity investments, at fair value Listed debt securities, at fair value Unlisted debt securities, at fair value 上市債務證券,按公允值 非上市債務證券,按公允值	– 23,383 –	30,080 36,759 61,082
	23,383	127,921

During the year, the gross income (loss) in respect of the Group's available-for-sale investments recognised in other comprehensive income amounted to approximately HK\$2,125,000 (2015: other comprehensive expense amounted to approximately HK\$555,000), of which a gain of approximately HK\$819,000 (2015: HK\$246,000) was reclassified from other comprehensive income to profit or loss for the year.

年內,就本集團於其他全面收入內確認的可供出售投資總收入(虧損)約為2,125,000港元(二零一五年:其他全面開支約為555,000港元),其中年內收益約819,000港元(二零一五年:246,000港元)乃自其他全面收入重新分類至損益。







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19. TRADE RECEIVABLES

19. 貿易應收款項

Trade receivables	貿易應收款項	2,840	_
		2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000 千港元	2015 二零一五年 HK\$'000 千港元

Trade debtors mainly arise from sales of electricity. The Company's credit terms are negotiated at terms determined and agreed with its trade customers. The credit periods are ranging from 30 to 60 days.

The following is an aged analysis of trade receivables, presented based on the invoice date at the end of the reporting period:

貿易應收款項主要因售電產生。 本公司之信貸期乃按與其貿易客 戶磋商及協定的條款而訂立。信 貸期為介乎30至60日。

貿易應收款項於報告期末按發票 日期列示之賬齡分析如下:

		2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000 千港元	2015 二零一五年 HK\$'000 千港元
0 — 30 days 31 — 60 days	0至30日 31至60日	344 2,496	_ _
		2,840	_

The Company maintains a defined credit policy to assess the credit quality of the trade customers. The collection is closely monitored to minimise any credit risk associated with these trade receivables. There is no allowance for doubtful debts for both years. None of the above trade receivables is either past due or impaired. The Group has assessed the creditworthiness, past payment history and subsequent settlement, and considered that the amounts are still recoverable. The Group does not hold any collateral over these balances.



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20. PREPAYMENTS AND OTHER RECEIVABLES

20. 預付款項及其他應收款項

	2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000 千港元	2015 二零一五年 HK\$'000 千港元
Other receivables 其他應收款項 Other debtors, deposits and 其他應收賬項、按金及預付款項	276	104
prepayments	1,293	1,185
	1,569	1,289

21. BANK BALANCES AND CASH

21. 銀行結餘及現金

		2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000 千港元	2015 二零一五年 HK\$'000 千港元
Bank balances and cash Time deposits	銀行結餘及現金 定期存款	20,658 4,446	63,078 24,685
		25,104	87,763
Bank balances and cash denominate	ed in: 以下列貨幣計值的銀行結餘 及現金:		
Renminbi ("RMB") HK\$ United States dollars ("US\$") Indonesia shield ("IDR")	人民幣(「人民幣」) 港元 美元(「美元」) 印尼盾(「印尼盾」)	15,480 4,345 3,321 1,958	26,419 59,153 2,191 —
		25,104	87,763

Cash at banks earns interest at floating rates based on daily bank deposit rates ranging from 0.01% to 0.3% (2015: 0.01% to 0.3%). Short term time deposits are made for varying periods of between one day and three months depending on the immediate cash requirements of the Group, and earn interest at the respective short term time deposit rates at 1.1% (2015: ranging from 0.02% to 1.1%). The bank balances and time deposits are deposited with creditworthy banks with no recent history of default.

銀行現金根據每天銀行存款利率 按浮動利率賺取利息,利率介 乎0.01%至0.3%(二零一五年: 0.01%至0.3%)。短期定期存款的 存款期各異,介乎一天至三個月 不等,視乎本集團即時現金需定 而定,而利息則按各個短期定 存款利率賺取,利率為1.1%(二 零一五年:0.02%至1.1%)。銀行 結餘及定期存款乃存入近期並無 拖欠記錄的信譽良好銀行。









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TRADE PAYABLES 22.

The following is an aged analysis of trade payables presented based on invoice date at the end of the reporting period:

22. 貿易應付款項

於報告期末,根據發票日期對貿 易應付款項的賬齡分析如下:

		2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000 千港元	2015 二零一五年 HK\$'000 千港元
Trade creditors analysed by age: 0 to 60 days 61 to 90 days Over 90 days	以賬期分析之應付貿 賬款: 0至60日 61至90日 90日以上	7,040 1,207 11,708	9,490 482 2,214
		19,955	12,186

Included in the Group's trade payables are construction retention payables of HK\$4,490,000 (2015: nil).

本集團貿易應付款項包括工程應 付保留金4,490,000港元(二零 一五年:無)。

其他應付款項及應計費用

23. OTHER PAYABLES AND ACCRUALS

2016 2015 二零一六年 二零一五年 HK\$'000 HK\$'000 千港元 千港元 其他應付款項 Other payables 1,183 145 Accruals 應計費用 3,600 3,398

AMOUNTS DUE TO RELATED PARTIES 24.

As at 31 December 2016, the balance represents amount due to a close family member of a director, amounting to HK\$6,474,000 (2015: nil) and amount due to a company which is controlled by a close family member of a director, amounting to HK\$68,000 (2015: nil).

The amounts are unsecured, interest-free and repayable on demand.

應付關聯方款項 24.

4,783

23.

於二零一六年十二月三十一日, 結餘指應付一名董事的一名近親 的款項6,474,000港元(二零一五 年:無)以及應付一間由一名董 事的一名近親控制的公司款項 68,000港元(二零一五年:無)。

3,543

該等款項為無抵押,不計息和按 要求償還。



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25. DERIVATIVE FINANCIAL INSTRUMENT

25. 衍生金融工具

	2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000 千港元	2015 二零一五年 HK\$'000 千港元
Cross currency swap 交叉貨幣互換	_	794

During the year ended 31 December 2015, the Group has entered into a one-year cross currency swap contract to manage its exchange rate exposure related to a RMB denominated interest-bearing bank borrowing. The cross currency swap contract is not designated for hedge purposes and is measured at fair value through profit or loss. Changes in the fair value of the non-hedging currency derivative amounting to HK\$1,231,000 (note 7) were credited to profit or loss during the year (2015: HK\$794,000 were charged to profit or loss as included in "Administrative expenses"). During the year ended 31 December 2016, the cross currency swap contract expired.

26. BANK BORROWINGS

26. 銀行借款

		2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000 千港元	2015 二零一五年 HK\$'000 千港元
On demand or within one year In the second year In the third to fifth year inclusive	按要求或一年內 第二年 第三年至第五年(包括首尾兩年)	32,426 — —	32,864 2,336 —
Less: Amount due within one year shown under current liabilities	減:一年內到期並列作流動 負債之款項	32,426 (32,426)	35,200 (32,864)
Amount due after one year	一年後到期款項	_	2,336
Current-secured Current-unsecured	即期 — 有抵押 即期 — 無抵押	2,176 30,250	3,034 29,830
Non-current-secured	非即期 — 有抵押	32,426 —	32,864 2,336
		32,426	35,200









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BANK BORROWINGS (Cont'd) 26.

The bank borrowings comprise of:

銀行借款(績) 26.

銀行借款包括:

		Effective interest	_	j amount 面值
		rate 實際利率	2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000 千港元	2015 二零一五年 HK\$'000 千港元
Fixed rate borrowings: Secured RMB bank borrowing*	固定利率借款: 有抵押人民幣			
Secured HIVID bank borrowing	銀行借款*	6.77%	2,176	3,034
Unsecured RMB bank borrowing**	無抵押人民幣 銀行借款**	4.50%	_	29,830
Floating-rate borrowing: Unsecured HKD bank borrowing	浮動利率借款: 無抵押港元			
	銀行借款	3.30%	30,250	_
Total bank borrowings	銀行借款總額		32,426	32,864

- The bank borrowing was secured by certain of the Group's land use rights and properties in the wastewater treatment business. The related receivables under service concession arrangement amounted to HK\$92,733,000 as at 31 December 2016 (2015: HK\$102,981,000).
- A cross currency interest rate swap agreement was entered into by the Group to swap fixed interest rate on the borrowing from 4.5% to 2.6% and to swap the borrowing amount denominated in RMB to denominated in HK\$. Please see note 25 for details.
- 銀行借款以用於本集團污水處理 業務營運的若干土地使用權及物 業作抵押。於二零一六年十二月 三十一日,服務特許權安排下的 相關應收款項為92,733,000港 元(二零一五年:102,981,000 港元)。
- 本集團簽訂一份交叉貨幣利率互 換協議,將借款的固定利率從 4.5%掉换為2.6%,以及將以人 民幣計值的借款金額掉換為以港 元計值。詳情請見附註25。





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27. DEFERRED TAX LIABILITIES

The components of deferred tax assets and liabilities with the net balance recognised in the consolidated statement of financial position and the movements during the year are as follows:

27. 遞延稅項負債

Temporary difference

遞延税項資產及負債的組成部份 (結餘淨額於綜合財務狀況表確 認)及年內的變動如下:

			related		
			to service		
			concession		
		Provision	arrangements		
		for major	與服務特許	Withholding	
		overhauls	權安排有關的	taxes	Total
		重大檢修撥備	暫時性差額	預扣税	總計
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	- 千港元	千港元
At 1 January 2015	於二零一五年一月一日	1,319	(27,551)	(10,785)	(37,017)
Credited (charged) to profit or loss	計入(扣自)年內損益				
during the year		362	(7,692)	6,140	(1,190)
Exchange realignment	匯兑重列	(71)	1,485	279	1,693
At 31 December 2015	於二零一五年十二月三十一日	1,610	(33,758)	(4,366)	(36,514)
ALST December 2013		1,010	(33,730)	(4,300)	(30,314)
Credited (charged) to profit or loss	計入(扣自)年內損益				
during the year		506	(5,108)	(349)	(4,951)
Transfer to liabilities associated with	轉撥至與分類為持作出售		,	,	, ,
assets classified as held for sale	資產相關的負債	(314)	6,429	1,220	7,335
Exchange realignment	匯兑重列	(149)		326	2,879
At 31 December 2016	於二零一六年十二月三十一日	1,653	(29,735)	(3,169)	(31,251)

At 31 December 2016, the Group had unused tax losses of HK\$1,924,000 (2015: nil) available for offset against future taxable profits. No deferred tax asset has been recognised on the tax losses, as in the opinion of the directors of the Company, the future profit streams of these subsidiaries are uncertain. The tax losses could be carried forward for a maximum of five years.

於二零一六年十二月三十一日,本集團有未動用税項虧損 1,924,000港元(二零一五年:無)可用作抵銷未來應課税溢利。 可用作抵銷未來應課稅溢利屬公司董事認為,該等附屬公司董事認為不確定,故 可的未來溢利來源不確定,故 就稅項虧損確認遞延稅項資產。 稅務虧損最多可結轉五年。









綜合財務報表附註

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Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

27. **DEFERRED TAX LIABILITIES (Cont'd)**

At 31 December 2016, the Group has deductible temporary differences of HK\$12,296,000 in respect of fair value adjustment on a business combination (2015: nil). No deferred tax asset has been recognised in relation to such deductible temporary differences as it is not probable that taxable profit will be available against which the deductible temporary differences can be utilised.

For presentation purposes, certain deferred tax assets and liabilities have been offset in the consolidated statements of financial position and reported as follows:

27. 遞延稅項負債(續)

於二零一六年十二月三十一 日,本集團就業務合併的公允 值調整之可扣税暫時性差額為 12,296,000港元(二零一五年: 無)。由於產生應課稅溢利而可用 以抵銷可扣税暫時性差額之可能 性不大,故並無就該等可扣税暫 時差額確認遞延税項資產。

為呈列目的,若干遞延税項資產 及負債已於綜合財務狀況表抵銷 並報告如下:

		2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000 千港元	2015 二零一五年 HK\$'000 千港元
Net deferred tax liabilities	遞延税項負債淨額	31,251	36,514

Pursuant to the PRC Corporate Income Tax Law, a 10% withholding tax is levied on dividends declared to foreign investors from the foreign investment enterprises established in PRC. The requirement is effective from 1 January 2008 and applies to earnings after 31 December 2007. A lower withholding tax rate of 5% may be applied if there is a tax treaty between PRC and the jurisdiction of the foreign investors. The Group is therefore liable for withholding taxes on dividends distributed by those subsidiaries established in PRC in respect of earnings generated from 1 January 2008.

Deferred taxation has not been provided for in the consolidated financial statements in respect of temporary differences attributable to accumulated profits of the PRC subsidiaries amounting to approximately HK\$111,812,000 (31 December 2015: HK\$101,157,000) as the Group is able to control the timing of the reversal of the temporary differences and it is probable that the temporary differences will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

根據中國企業所得稅法,在中國 成立的外資企業向外國投資者宣 派的股息須繳納10%的預扣稅。 該規定自二零零八年一月一日起 生效,適用於二零零七年十二月 三十一日之後獲得的盈利。倘中 國與該等外國投資者所在司法權 區有簽訂税務條約,則可按較低 税率5%繳納預扣税。因此,本集 團須就該等於中國成立的附屬公 司自二零零八年一月一日起所得 盈利而分派的股息繳納預扣税。

綜合財務報表並未就歸屬於中國 附屬公司累計溢利的暫時性差額 約111,812,000港元(二零一五年 十二月三十一日:101,157,000港 元)作出遞延税項撥備,原因是本 集團能夠控制撥回暫時性差額的 時間,且暫時性差額可能不會在 可預見未來撥回。





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28. PROVISION FOR MAJOR OVERHAULS

Pursuant to the service concession agreements entered into by the Group, the Group has contractual obligations to maintain the Facilities it operates to a specified level of serviceability and/or to restore the Facilities to a specified condition before they are handed over to the grantors at the end of the service concession periods. These contractual obligations to maintain or restore the Facilities, except for any upgrade element, are recognised and measured in accordance with HKAS 37 "Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets", i.e., at the best estimate of the expenditure that would be required to settle the present obligation at the end of the reporting period. The future expenditure on these maintenance and restoration costs is collectively referred to as "major overhauls". The estimation basis is reviewed on an ongoing basis, and revised where appropriate.

The movements in the provision for major overhauls of the Facilities during the year are as follows:

28. 重大檢修撥備

根據本集團所訂立的服務特許權 協議,本集團須承擔合約責任, 以保養其經營的該等設施,確保 其符合一定可提供服務水平及/ 或於服務特許期結束時,在將該 等設施轉讓予授予人前,將其修 復至指定狀況。保養或修復該等 設施的合約責任(除升級部份外) 按香港會計準則第37號「撥備、 或然負債及或然資產」予以確認 及計量,換言之,按報告期末履 行現有責任所需開支的最佳估計 金額列賬。有關該等保養及修復 費用的未來開支統稱為「重大檢 修」。估計基準持續獲檢討並於適 當時修訂。

年內,該等設施的重大檢修撥備 變動如下:

		2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000 千港元	2015 二零一五年 HK\$'000 千港元
At 1 January Addition Increase in discounted amounts arising	於一月一日 添置 由於時間流逝而產生	6,440 1,616	5,275 1,122
from the passage of time (note 8) Transfer to liabilities associated with	的貼現金額增加(附註8) 轉撥至與分類為持作出售	409	327
assets classified as held for sale Exchange realignment	資產相關的負債 匯兑重列	(1,258) (596)	— (284)
As 31 December	於十二月三十一日	6,611	6,440









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ASSETS CLASSIFIED AS HELD FOR SALE/ 29. LIABILITIES ASSOCIATED WITH ASSETS **CLASSIFIED AS HELD FOR SALE**

The Group entered into an agreement with an independent third party (the "Purchaser") on 21 September 2016 and a supplemental agreement subsequently on 28 February 2017 (as disclosed in note 17) (the "Agreements") for the disposal of the entire equity interest in Rugao Honghao (the "Disposal") which was included in the segment of "PRC". The consideration of the Disposal is RMB55,000,000 (approximately HK\$61,133,000). The Agreements also stipulated that the Purchaser will be responsible for all operating costs and capital expenditure on an as-incurred basis (the "Additional Payment Arrangements") with effect from 15 November 2016 (as revised under the supplement agreements) and until the date of completion of the Disposal.

A dividend is expected to be distributed by Rugao Honghao to Greatcorp International Limited ("Greatcorp"), an indirect whollyowned subsidiary of the Company, prior to the completion of the Disposal (the "Expected Dividend"). The Disposal is expected to be completed within twelve months from the end of the current reporting period. Upon completion of the Disposal, it is estimated that the proceeds of the Disposal would approximate the carrying amount of the net assets after the distribution of the Expected Dividend. No impairment loss has been recognised on the assets which were classified as assets held for sale during the year.

29. 分類為持作出售資產/與分 類為持作出售資產有關的負

本集團於二零一六年九月二十一 日與一名獨立第三方(「買方」) 訂立一份協議,及之後於二零 一十年二月二十八日訂立一份補 充協議(如附註17披露)(「該等 協議1),出售如皋宏皓的全部股 權(「出售事項」)(計入「中國」分 部)。出售事項的代價為人民幣 55,000,000元(約61,133,000港 元)。該等協議亦規定,買方將承 擔自二零一六年十一月十五日(經 補充協議修訂)至完成出售事項日 期產生的全部營運成本及資本開 支(「額外付款安排」)。

在完成出售事項之前,預期如皋 宏皓將向本公司間接全資附屬公 司宏皓國際有限公司(「宏皓」)派 發股息(「預期股息」)。出售事項 預期將自本報告期結束起十二個 月內完成。於完成出售事項後, 估計出售事項所得款項將約為派 發預期股息後的資產淨值賬面 值。本年度並未就分類為持作出 售資產的資產確認減值虧損。





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29. ASSETS CLASSIFIED AS HELD FOR SALE/ LIABILITIES ASSOCIATED WITH ASSETS CLASSIFIED AS HELD FOR SALE (Cont'd)

The major classes of assets and liabilities of Rugao Honghao classified as held for sale are as follows:

29. 分類為持作出售資產/與分 類為持作出售資產有關的負 債(續)

如皋宏皓分類為持作出售資產及 負債的主要類別如下:

		HK\$'000 千港元
Property, plant and equipment	物業、廠房及設備	418
Receivables under service concession agreements	服務特許權安排下的應收款項	70,947
Inventories	存貨	62
Prepayments and other receivables	預付款項及其他應收款項	3,268
Bank balances and cash	銀行結餘及現金	3,981
Total assets classified as held for sale	分類為可供出售資產總額	78,676
Trade payable	貿易應付款項	1,255
Provision for major overhauls	重大檢修撥備	1,258
Deferred tax liabilities	遞延税項負債	7,335
Total liabilities associated with assets	與分類為持作出售資產有關	
classified as held for sale	的負債總額	9,848

30. SHARE CAPITAL

30. 股本

		2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000 千港元	2015 二零一五年 HK\$'000 千港元
Authorised: 3,800,000,000 ordinary shares of HK\$0.0001 each	法定: 3,800,000,000股每股 面值0.0001港元的普通股	380	380
Issued and fully paid: 1,111,000,000 (2015: 952,000,000) ordinary shares of HK\$0.0001 each	已發行及繳足: 1,111,000,000股 (二零一五年: 952,000,000股)每股 面值0.0001港元的普通股	111	95









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SHARE CAPITAL (Cont'd) 30.

A summary of movements in the Company's issued capital is as follows:

30. 股本(續)

本公司已發行股本的變動概述如 下:

			Number	
		Notes	of shares	Amount
		附註	股份數目	金額
				HK\$'000 千港元
At 1 January 2015 Issue of shares pursuant to the top-up	於二零一五年一月一 根據先舊後新配售及 先舊後新認購	B	800,000,000	80
placing and top-up subscription	元音後利認期 的股份發行	(i)	160,000,000	16
Cancellation of share repurchased	注銷回購的股份	31(c)	(8,000,000)	(1)
At 31 December 2015 and	於二零一五年			
1 January 2016	十二月三十一日			
,	及二零一六年一月	一日	952,000,000	95
Issue of shares pursuant to the	根據收購附屬公司			
acquisition of subsidiaries	的股份發行	(ii)	159,000,000	16
At 31 December 2016	於二零一六年			
	十二月三十一日		1,111,000,000	111





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30. SHARE CAPITAL (Cont'd)

Notes:

- (i) On 5 May 2015, 160,000,000 new ordinary shares of HK\$0.0001 each were issued at a price of HK\$0.98 per ordinary Share pursuant to the top-up placing and top-up subscription agreements entered into by the Company under the general mandate granted by the shareholders of the Company (the "Top Up Placing") for a total cash consideration, before expenses, of HK\$156,800,000. Further details are set out in the announcements of the Company dated 22 April 2015 and 5 May 2015.
 - ii) On 21 October 2016, 159,000,000 new ordinary shares of HK\$0.0001 each were duly alloted and issued at a price of HK\$0.5 per ordinary share to Morgan Top Trading Company Limited, a nominee of Fusion Joy Holdings Inc., and Carlton Asia Limited for the acquisition of subsidiaries (note 39) pursuant to the share purchase agreement dated 16 June 2016. Further details are set out in the announcements of the Company dated 16 June 2016 and 21 October 2016.

31. RESERVES

The amounts of the Group's reserves and the movements therein for the current and prior years are presented in the consolidated statements of changes in equity.

(a) OTHER RESERVE

On 25 February 2014, Everbest Water Treatment Investment (Haian) Limited and Wealthy Sea Holdings Limited transferred all the shares they held in Everbest Water Treatment Development Company Limited to a directly wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company in consideration of the Company allotting and issuing 374,999,375 and 224,999,625 ordinary shares to them, respectively (the "Share Swap").

30. 股本(續)

附註:

- (i) 於二零一五年五月五日,根據本公司股東授予的一般授權項下本公司所訂立的先舊後新配售及先舊後新認購協議,160,000,000股每股面值0.0001港元的新普通股已按每股普通股0.98港元的價格發行(「先舊後新配售」),總現金代價(未計入有關開支)為156,800,000港元。進一步詳情載於本公司日期為二零一五年四月二十二日及二零一五年五月五日的公告。
- (ii) 於二零一六年十月二十一日,根據二零一六年六月十六日的股份購買協議條款,159,000,000股每股面值0.0001港元的新普通股已按每股普通股0.5港元的價格妥善配發及發行予MorganTop Trading Company Limited (Fusion Joy Holdings Inc. 的代名人)及Carlton Asia Limited以收購附屬公司(附註39)。進一步詳情載於本公司日期為二零一六年六月十六日及二零一六年十月二十一日的公告。

31. 儲備

於本年度及過往年度,本集團儲 備數額及其變動呈列於綜合權益 變動表。

(a) 其他儲備

於二零一四年二月二十五日,恆發水務投資(海安)有限公司及潤海集團有限公司分別轉移彼等司司分別轉移股份予本公司,作發展有限公公司向彼等分別屬等分別配數行。 在公司向彼等分別的股份不可,配數分別。 224,999,625股普通股的代價(「股份互換」)。









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31. **RESERVES** (Cont'd)

OTHER RESERVE (Cont'd) (a)

The other reserve comprises the shareholders' loans amounting to HK\$82,304,000 capitalised on 25 February 2014 and the reserve arising from the Share Swap.

(b) **GENERAL RESERVE**

The transfers from retained profits to the general reserve were made in accordance with the relevant PRC rules and regulations and the articles of association of the Company's subsidiaries established in PRC.

TREASURY RESERVE (c)

During the year ended 31 December 2015, the Company repurchased and cancelled 8,000,000 of its own ordinary shares on the Stock Exchange for an aggregate consideration of HK\$4,921,000. Upon the cancellation of the share repurchased, the issued share capital of the Company was reduced by the par value of HK\$1,000 and the premium paid on the repurchase of these cancelled shares of HK\$4,920,000, including transaction costs, was deducted from share premium of the Company.

儲備(績) 31.

其他儲備(續) (a)

其他儲備包括於二零一四 年二月二十五日撥充資本 的82,304,000港元股東貸 款及股份互換產生的儲備。

(b) 一般儲備

根據有關中國規則及法規 以及本公司於中國成立的 附屬公司的組織章程細則 將保留溢利轉化為一般儲 備。

庫存股份 (c)

於截至二零一五年十二月 三十一日止年度,本公司 以總代價4,921,000港元 回購並註銷其聯交所的 8,000,000股自有普通股。 於註銷回購的股份後,本 公司的已發行股本面值減 少1,000港元,就回購該 等註銷股份所支付的溢價 4,920,000港元(包括交易 成本)已自本公司的股份溢 價扣除。





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32. PARTIAL-OWNED SUBSIDIARY WITH MATERIAL NON-CONTROLLING INTEREST

Details of the Group's subsidiary that has a material non-controlling interest are set out below:

32. 擁有重大非控股權益的非全 資附屬公司

擁有重大非控股權益的本集團附 屬公司的詳情載列於下:

Name of company 公司名稱	Form of entity 實體形式	Place of incorporation/ operation 註冊成立 /營運地點	equity held l controlli 非控 益所	ntage of interest by non- ng interest 股權益 持股權 分比	alloc non-cc by th 本集團 非控	or the year ated to ontrolling e Group 國分配予 股權益 內溢利	balanc controlli 非控服	mulated e of non- ng interest g權益的 计結餘
A 7) L16	東版ル グ	/ 古足犯關	2016 二零一六年 %	2015 二零一五年 %	2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000 千港元	2015 二零一五年 HK\$'000 千港元	2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000 千港元	2015 二零一五年 HK\$'000 千港元
Haian Hengfa 海安恒發	Incorporated 註冊成立	Hong Kong 香港	30	30	938	643	26,655	27,593

Summarised financial information in respect of the Company's subsidiary that has material non-controlling interests is set out below. The summarised financial information below presented amounts before intra-group eliminations.

本公司擁有重大非控股權益的附屬公司的財務資料概要載於下文。以下財務資料概要呈列集團內公司間對銷前的數額。

HAIAN HENGFA 海安恆發

		2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000 千港元	2015 二零一五年 HK\$'000 千港元
Current assets	流動資產	15,237	13,774
Non-current assets	非流動資產	92,491	100,034
Current liabilities	流動負債	(5,876)	(6,931)
Non-current liabilities	非流動負債	(13,002)	(14,901)
Equity attributable to owners of the Company	本公司擁有人應佔權益	(70,767)	(72,955)
Non-controlling interests of Haian Hengfa	海安恆發的非控股權益	(18,083)	(19,021)







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32. PARTIAL-OWNED SUBSIDIARY WITH MATERIAL NON-CONTROLLING INTEREST (Cont'd)

HAIAN HENGFA (Cont'd)

32. 擁有重大非控股權益的非全 資附屬公司(續)

海安恆發(續)

		2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000 千港元	2015 二零一五年 HK\$'000 千港元
Revenue	營業收入	12,469	12,295
Profit attributable to owners of	本公司擁有人應佔溢利	2.122	4.504
the Company Profit attributable to non-controlling	海安恆發非控股權益應佔溢利	2,188	1,501
interests of Haian Hengfa		938	643
Profit for the year	年內溢利	3,126	2,144
Other comprehensive income attributable to owners of the Company Other comprehensive income attributable to non-controlling	本公司擁有人應佔 其他全面收入 海安恆發非控股權益應佔 其他全面收入	(4,593)	(2,997)
interests of Haian Hengfa	, (IO ± II, IV ((1,968)	(1,285)
Other comprehensive income for the year	年內其他全面收入	(6,561)	(4,282)
Total comprehensive income attributable to owners of the Company	本公司擁有人應佔 全面收入總額	(2,405)	(1,496)
Total comprehensive income attributable to non-controlling interests of Haian Hengfa	海安恒發非控股權益應佔 全面收入總額	(1,030)	(642)
Total comprehensive income for the year	年內全面收入總額	(3,435)	(2,138)
Net cash flows from operating activities	經營活動產生的現金流量淨額	12,536	5,319
Net cash flows from (used) in investing activities	投資活動產生(使用) 的現金流量淨額	25	(59)
Net cash flows used in financing activities	融資活動使用的現金流量淨額	(3,060)	(3,609)
Net increase in bank balances and cash	銀行結餘及現金增加淨額	9,501	1,651





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33. CAPITAL RISK MANAGEMENT

The Group manages its capital to ensure that entities in the Group will be able to continue as a going concern while maximising the return to stakeholders through the optimisation of the debts and equity balance.

The capital structure of the Group consists of debts, which includes the bank borrowings disclosed in notes 26 and equity attributable to equity holders of the Company, comprising issued capital and reserves.

The directors of the Company review the capital structure on an annual basis. As part of this review, the directors consider the cost of capital and the risks associated with each class of capital. Based on recommendations of the directors, the Group will balance its overall capital structure through the payment of dividends, new share issues and share buy-backs as well as the issue of new debt or the redemption of existing debt.

The Group's overall strategy remains unchanged from prior year.

33. 資本風險管理

本集團管理其資本以確保本集團 旗下實體將能夠繼續按持續經營 基準經營,同時透過優化債務及 股權之平衡讓股東的回報最大化。

本集團的資本架構包括債務,包括附註26披露的銀行借款及本公司權益持有人應佔權益(包括已發行股本及儲備)。

本公司董事每年檢討資本架構。 作為檢討的一部份,董事考慮資 本成本及與各類資本有關的風 險。根據董事的推薦建議,本與 團將藉由派付股息、發行新股份 及回購股份,以及發行新債務 贖回現有債務平衡其整體資本架 構。

本集團的整體策略與去年保持不 變。

34. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

(a) CATEGORIES OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

FINANCIAL ASSETS

34. 金融工具

(a) 金融工具類別

金融資產

2016

		二零一六年 HK\$'000 千港元	二零一五年 HK\$'000 千港元
Loans and receivables Available-for-sale investments	貸款及應收款項 可供出售投資	347,672 23,383	478,084 127,921
		371,055	606,005
FINANCIAL LIABILITIES		金融負債	
		2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000 千港元	2015 二零一五年 HK\$'000 千港元
Derivative financial instruments Amortised cost	衍生金融工具 攤銷成本	_ 60,106	794 50,929
		60,106	51,723

2015









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34. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Cont'd)

FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND (b) **POLICIES**

The Group's major financial instruments include receivables under service concession arrangements, trade receivables, other receivables, bank balances and cash, trade payables, other payables and accruals, amounts due to related parties and bank borrowings. The risks associated with these financial instruments include market risk (currency risk, interest rate risk and other price risk), credit risk and liquidity risk. The policies on how to mitigate these risks are set out below. The management manages and monitors these exposures to ensure appropriate measures are implemented on a timely and effective manner.

MARKET RISK

(i) Interest rate risk

The Group is exposed to fair value rate risk in relation of fixed-rate borrowings (see note 26 for details of these borrowings). The management monitors interest rate exposure and will consider hedging significant interest rate exposure should the need arise.

34. 金融工具(績)

金融風險管理目標及政策 (b)

本集團主要金融工具包括 服務特許權安排下的應收 款項、貿易應收款項、其 他應收款項、銀行結餘及 現金、貿易應付款項、其 他應付款項及應計費用、 應付關聯方款項及銀行借 款。與該等金融工具相關 的風險包括市場風險(貨幣 風險、利率風險及其他價 格風險)、信貸風險及流動 資金風險。下文載列有關 減低此等風險的政策。管 理層管理及監察此等風險 以確保能及時且有效實施 適當措施。

市場風險

利率風險

本集團面臨有關定 息借貸的公允值利 率風險(請參閱附註 26了解該等借貸的 詳情)。管理層監督 利率風險,並將在 需要時考慮對沖重 大利率風險。





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34. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Cont'd)

(b) FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (Cont'd)

MARKET RISK (Cont'd)

(i) Interest rate risk (Cont'd)

The Group is also exposed to cash flow interest rate risk in relation to the variable rate bank borrowing (see note 26 for details of these borrowings). The Group's cash flow interest rate risk is mainly concentrated on HIBOR arising from the Group's Hong Kong dollar denominated borrowings. It is the Group's policy to keep its borrowing at floating rate of interests so as to minimise the fair value interest rate risk.

The Group's exposures to interest rates on financial liabilities are detailed in the liquidity risk management section of this note. The Group's cash flow interest rate risk is mainly concentrated on the fluctuation of interest rate arising from the bank borrowings.

Sensitivity analysis

The sensitivity analyses below have been determined based on the exposure to interest rates for bank borrowings at the end of the reporting period.

34. 金融工具(續)

(b) 金融風險管理目標及政策 (續)

市場風險(續)

(i) 利率風險(續)

敏感度分析

以下敏感度分析已 按於報告期末銀行 借款所面臨的利率 風險釐定。









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34. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Cont'd)

FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND (b) **POLICIES** (Cont'd)

MARKET RISK (Cont'd)

Interest rate risk (Cont'd)

Sensitivity analysis (Cont'd)

For variable rate borrowings, the analysis is prepared assuming the amount of liability outstanding at the end of the reporting period was outstanding for the whole year. A 50 basis point increase or decrease is used when reporting interest rate risk internally to key management personnel and represents management's assessment of the reasonably possible change in interest rates.

If interest rates had been 50 basis points higher/ lower and all other variables were held constant, the Group's post-tax profit for the year ended 31 December 2016 would decrease/increase by approximately HK\$126,000 (2015: nil). This is mainly attributable to the Group's exposure to interest rates on its variable rate bank borrowings.

34. 金融工具(績)

金融風險管理目標及政策 (b) (績)

市場風險(續)

利率風險(續)

敏感度分析(續)

就浮動利率借款而 言,該分析乃假設 於報告期末未清償 的負債於全年一直 未清償而編製。向 內部主要管理人員 匯報利率風險時採 用利率增加或減少 50個基點,代表管 理層對利率合理可 能變動作出的評估。

倘利率上升/下降 50個基點,而所 有其他變數維持不 變,則本集團截至 二零一六年十二月 三十一日止年度的 除税後溢利將減少 / 增加約126.000 港元(二零一五年: 無)。此乃主要歸因 於本集團就其浮息 銀行借款面臨利率 風險。





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34. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Cont'd)

(b) FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (Cont'd)

MARKET RISK (Cont'd)

(ii) Other price risk

The Group is exposed to equity and debt security price risk through its investments in available-forsale investments. The management manages this exposure by maintaining a portfolio of investments with different risk profiles. The Group's other price risk is mainly concentrated on equity and debt instruments operating in infrastructure industry sector quoted in the Stock Exchange.

Other price sensitivity analysis

The sensitivity analyses below have been determined based on the exposure to equity and debt price risks at the reporting date.

If the prices of the respective equity and debt instruments had been 5% higher/lower, investment revaluation reserve would increase/decrease by approximately HK\$1,164,000 (2015: increase/decrease by approximately HK\$6,355,000) for the Group as a a result of the change in fair value of available-for-sale investments.

34. 金融工具(續)

(b) 金融風險管理目標及政策 (續)

市場風險(續)

(ii) 其他價格風險

其他價格敏感度分析

以下敏感度分析乃 根據於報告日期面 對權益性證券及債 券價格風險而釐定。









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34. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Cont'd)

FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND (b) **POLICIES** (Cont'd)

FOREIGN CURRENCY RISK

Foreign currency risk is the risk that the value of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in foreign exchange rates. Individual companies in PRC and Indonesia within the Group have limited foreign currency risk as most of the transactions are denominated in the same currency as the functional currency of the operations in which they relate. However, as the principal subsidiaries mainly carried out transactions in RMB and IDR, therefore any appreciation or depreciation of HK\$ against RMB and IDR will affect the Group's consolidated financial position and be reflected in the exchange reserve.

As at 31 December 2016, individual companies in Hong Kong within the Group have foreign currency exposure because available-for-sale investments of approximately HK\$23,383,000 (2015: HK\$127,921,000) were denominated in US\$ and a bank borrowing of nil (2015: approximately HK\$29,830,000) was denominated in RMB. The Group considers that the currency exposures in related to the US\$ are insignificant as HK\$ is pegged to the US\$. In order to manage the foreign currency exposure of the RMB denominated bank borrowing in Hong Kong, the Group has entered into a cross currency swap contract to minimise its impact in profit or loss for the year ended 31 December 2015. Therefore, these two balances are excluded from the sensitivity analysis.

34. 金融工具(績)

金融風險管理目標及政策 (b) (績)

外匯風險

外匯風險為匯率變動導致 金融工具價值波動的風 險。由於本集團旗下位於 中國和印尼的各公司大部 份交易採用的貨幣與其業 務有關功能貨幣相同,因 此本集團旗下位於中國和 印尼的各公司僅承受有限 的外匯風險。但是,由於 主要附屬公司主要以人民 幣及印尼盾開展交易,因 此,港元兑人民幣及印尼 盾的任何升值或貶值將對 本集團的綜合財務狀況產 生影響,並於匯兑儲備中 反映。

於二零一六年十二月 三十一日,由於可供出售 投資約23,383,000港元(二 零 一 五 年:127,921,000 港元)以美元計值及一筆 銀行借款為零(二零一五 年: 約29,830,000港元) 以人民幣計值,故本集團 旗下的香港各公司須承擔 外匯風險。由於港元與美 元掛鈎,本集團認為與美 元相關的貨幣風險甚微。 為管理香港以人民幣計值 的銀行借款的外匯風險, 本集團已訂立一項交叉貨 幣互換合約,以降低對其 於截至二零一五年十二月 三十一日止年度損益的影 響。因此,該兩項結餘不 包含於敏感度分析。





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34. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Cont'd)

(b) FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (Cont'd)

CREDIT RISK

As at 31 December 2016, the Group's maximum exposure to credit risk which will cause a financial loss to the Group due to failure to discharge an obligation by the counterparties arises from the carrying amount of the respective recognised financial assets as stated in the consolidated statement of financial position. The Group's credit risk is primarily attributable to its receivables under service concession arrangements. The Group is exposed to concentration of credit risk as the major customers of the Group are the grantors in PRC. The directors of the Company consider that these grantors are local government authorities in PRC which are financially sound and accordingly no provision is required.

In order to minimise the credit risk, the management of the Group has delegated a team responsible for determination of credit limits, credit approvals and other monitoring procedures to ensure that follow-up action is taken to recover overdue debts. In addition, the Group reviews the recoverable amount of each individual trade debt at end of the reporting period to ensure that adequate impairment losses are made for irrecoverable amounts. In this regard, the directors consider that the Group's credit risk is significantly reduced.

The credit risk for bank deposits is limited because the directors of the Company consider that the counterparties are financially sound.

34. 金融工具(續)

(b) 金融風險管理目標及政策 (續)

信貸風險

於二零一六年十二月 三十一日,本集團所面臨 將會因交易對手未能履行 責任而造成本集團財務損 失的最高信貸風險乃產生 自綜合財務狀況表所列的 相關已確認金融資產的賬 面值。本集團的信貸風險 主要源自其服務特許權安 排下的應收款項。由於本 集團的主要客戶為於中國 的授予人,本集團面臨集 中信貸風險。本公司董事 認為該等授予人為財務狀 況穩健的中國地方政府機 構,因此無須作出撥備。

本公司董事認為對手方財 務狀況穩健,因此銀行存 款的信用風險有限。









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34. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Cont'd)

FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND (b) **POLICIES** (Cont'd)

LIQUIDITY RISK

The Group's liquidity position and its compliance with lending covenants is monitored closely by the management of the Company, to ensure that the Group maintains sufficient reserve of cash and adequate committed line of funding from major financial institutions to meet its liquidity requirement in the short and long term. The Group finances its working capital requirements through a combination of funds generated from operations and bank and other borrowings.

Liquidity and interest risk tables

The following table details the Group's remaining contractual maturity for its non-derivative financial liabilities. The table has been drawn up based on the undiscounted cash flows of financial liabilities based on the earliest date on which the Group can be required to pay. The maturity dates for other non-derivative financial liabilities are based on the agreed repayment dates. The tables include both interest and principal cash flows. To the extent that interest flows are floating rate, the undiscounted amount is derived from interest rate curves at the end of the reporting period.

34. 金融工具(績)

金融風險管理目標及政策 (b) (續)

流動資金風險

本公司管理層會密切監察 本集團的資金流動狀況及 其是否遵守貸款契諾,以 確保本集團維持足夠的現 金儲備以及主要金融機構 承諾提供足夠的資金,以 滿足其短期及長期流動資 金需要。本集團透過從經 營業務所產生的資金以及 銀行及其他借款滿足其營 運資金需要。

流動資金及利率風險表

下表詳列本集團非衍生金 融負債的剩餘合約期。下 表乃根據金融負債的未折 現現金流量而開列,該等 金融負債乃根據本集團可 能須付款的最早日期分 類。其他非衍生金融負債 之到期日乃按協定還款日 期而釐定。該等列表包括 利息及本金流量。利息流 量只限於浮動息率,而未 折現之金額乃來自報告期 末後之利率曲線。





34. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Cont'd)

(b) FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (Cont'd)

LIQUIDITY RISK (Cont'd)

Liquidity and interest risk tables (Cont'd)

34. 金融工具(續)

(b) 金融風險管理目標及政策 (續)

流動資金風險(續)

流動資金及利率風險表(續)

		Weighted average effective interest rate 加權平均 實際利率 %	Repayable on demand or 3 months or less 須按要求 或3個月 或以內償還 HK\$'000	3 - 6 months 3至6 個月 HK\$'000 千港元	6 - 12 months 6至12 個月 HK\$'000 千港元	1 - 3 years 1至3 年 HK\$'000 千港元	Over 3 years 超過 3年 HK\$'000 千港元	Total undiscounted cash flows 未折現 現金流量 總額 HK\$'000 千港元	Carrying amount at 31.12.2016 於二零一六年 十二月 三十一日 的賬面值 HK\$'000
2016	二零一六年								
Trade payables	貿易應付款項	-	19,955	-	-	-	-	19,955	19,955
Other payables	其他應付款項	-	1,183	-	-	-	-	1,183	1,183
Bank borrowings	銀行借款	3.54	31,023	773	702	-	-	32,498	32,426
Amounts due to related parties	應付關聯方款項	-	6,542	-				6,542	6,542
			58,703	773	702	-	-	60,178	60,106
									(;arrvin
			Repayable						Carryin amour
		Weighted	Repayable on demand or					Total	Carryin amour
		Weighted average						Total undiscounted	amou
		Weighted average effective	on demand or	3-6	6-12	1-3	Over		amour 31.12.201
		average	on demand or 3 months	3 - 6 months	6 - 12 months	1 - 3 years	Over 3 years	undiscounted	amoul 31.12.201 於二零一五年
		average effective	on demand or 3 months or less					undiscounted cash flows	amour 31.12.201 於二零一五 ⁴ 十二)
		average effective interest rate	on demand or 3 months or less 須按要求	months	months	years	3 years	undiscounted cash flows 未折現	amour
		average effective interest rate 加權平均	on demand or 3 months or less 須按要求 或3個月	months 3至6	months 6至12	years 1至3	3 years 超過	undiscounted cash flows 未折現 現金流量	amour 31.12.201 於二零一五年 十二/ 三十一[
		average effective interest rate 加權平均 實際利率	on demand or 3 months or less 須按要求 或3個月 或以內償還	months 3至6 個月	months 6至12 個月	years 1至3 年	3 years 超過 3年	undiscounted cash flows 未折現 現金流量 總額	amour 31.12.201 於二零一五年 十二八 三十一[的賬面[
2015	二零一五年	average effective interest rate 加權平均 實際利率 %	on demand or 3 months or less 須按要求 或3個月 或以內償還 HK\$*000	months 3至6 個月 HK\$'000	months 6至12 個月 HK\$'000	years 1至3 年 HK\$'000	3 years 超過 3年 HK\$'000	undiscounted cash flows 未折現 現金流量 總額 HK\$*000	amour 31.12.201 於二零一五 ⁴ 十二, 三十一 的賬面(
	二零 一五年 應付貿易款項	average effective interest rate 加權平均 實際利率 %	on demand or 3 months or less 須按要求 或3個月 或以內償還 HK\$*000 千港元	months 3至6 個月 HK\$'000	months 6至12 個月 HK\$'000	years 1至3 年 HK\$'000	3 years 超過 3年 HK\$'000	undiscounted cash flows 未折現 現金流量 總額 HK\$*000 千港元	amour 31.12.201 於二零一五 ⁴ 十二, 三十一1 的賬面 HK\$100
2015 Trade payables Other payables		average effective interest rate 加權平均 實際利率 %	on demand or 3 months or less 須按要求 或3個月 或以內償還 HK\$*000	months 3至6 個月 HK\$'000	months 6至12 個月 HK\$'000	years 1至3 年 HK\$'000	3 years 超過 3年 HK\$'000	undiscounted cash flows 未折現 現金流量 總額 HK\$*000	amour 31.12.201 於二零一五年 十二人 三十一月 的賬面任 HK\$*00
Trade payables Other payables	應付貿易款項	average effective interest rate 加權平均 實際利率 %	on demand or 3 months or less 須按要求 或3個月 或以內償還 HK\$*000 千港元	months 3至6 個月 HK\$'000	months 6至12 個月 HK\$'000	years 1至3 年 HK\$'000	3 years 超過 3年 HK\$*000 千港元	undiscounted cash flows 未折現 現金流量 總額 HK\$'000 千港元	31.12.201 於二零一五 十二, 三十一 的賬面 HK\$00 千港.
Trade payables	應付貿易款項 其他應付款項	average effective interest rate 加權平均 實際利率 % %	on demand or 3 months or less 須按要求 或3個月 或以內償還 HK\$'000 千港元	months 3至6 個月 HK\$'000 千港元	months 6至12 個月 HK\$'000 千港元 — —	years 1至3 年 HK\$'000	3 years 超過 3年 HK\$'000 千港元	undiscounted cash flows 未折現 現金流量 總額 HK\$'000 千港元	amour 31.12.201 於二零一五二 十二, 三十一 的賬面 HK\$100 千港,









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34. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Cont'd)

FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND (b) **POLICIES** (Cont'd)

LIQUIDITY RISK (Cont'd)

Liquidity and interest risk tables (Cont'd)

The amounts included above for variable interest rate instruments for non-derivative financial liabilities is subject to change if changes in variable interest rates differ from those estimates of interest rates determined at the end of the reporting period.

(c) **FAIR VALUE**

The fair values of available-for-sale investments are based on quoted market prices.

The Group enters into a derivative financial instrument with a financial institution with an investment grade credit rating. The derivative financial instrument, which is a cross currency swap, is measured using valuation techniques similar to swap models, using present value calculations. The models incorporate various market observable inputs including the foreign exchange spot and forward rates and interest rate curves. The carrying amount of the cross currency swap is the same as its fair value.

34. 金融工具(續)

金融風險管理目標及政策 (b) (績)

流動資金風險(續)

流動資金及利率風險表(續)

倘浮動利率變動與於報告 期末釐定的利率估計有 別,則上述所包含非衍生 金融負債的浮動利率工具 金額亦會有變。

(c) 公允值

可供出售投資之公允值乃 按市場報價計算。

本集團與一間具投資級別 信貸評級的金融機構訂立 衍生金融工具。衍生金融 工具(即交叉貨幣互換) 採用現值計算法按類似互 換模型的估值技巧計量。 該模型納入多項可觀察市 場輸入數據,包括外匯現 貨、遠期匯價及利率曲 線。交叉貨幣互換的賬面 值與其公允值相同。





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34. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Cont'd)

(c) FAIR VALUE (Cont'd)

The following tables illustrate the fair value measurement hierarchy of the Group's financial instruments:

ASSETS MEASURED AT FAIR VALUE

34. 金融工具(續)

(c) 公允值(續)

下表列示本集團金融工具的公允值計量層級:

按公允值計量的資產

Fair value measurement using

按以下方式計量的公允值

	prices	Significant	Significant	
	in active	observable	unobservable	
	markets	inputs	inputs	
	(Level 1)	(Level 2)	(Level 3)	
	於活躍	主要	主要	
	市場的	可觀察	不可觀察	
	報價	輸入數據	輸入數據	Total
	(第一級)	(第二級)	(第三級)	總計
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
於二零一六年				
上市債務證券	23,383	_	_	23,383
於二零一五年				
可供出售投資				
上市股權投資	30,080	_	_	30,080
		_	_	36,759
非上市債務證券	61,082	_	_	61,082
	127 921	_	_	127,921
	於二零一五年 十二月三十一日 可供出售投資 上市股權投資 上市債務證券	in active markets (Level 1)	in active markets inputs (Level 1) (Level 2)	in active markets inputs inputs (Level 1) (Level 2) (Level 3)

Quoted

The fair value of the Level 1 financial assets with standard terms and conditions and traded on active liquid markets are determined with reference to quoted market bid prices in an active market.

有標準條款及條件而且在 活躍及流動性高的市場上 買賣的第一級金融資產的 公允值,乃參考活躍市場 所報的市場買入價而釐定。









34. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Cont'd)

(c) FAIR VALUE (Cont'd)

LIABILITIES MEASURED AT FAIR VALUE

34. 金融工具(續)

(c) 公允值(續)

按公允值計量的負債

Fair value measurement using 按以下方式計量的公允值

Quoted			
prices	Significant	Significant	
in active	observable	unobservable	
markets	inputs	inputs	
(Level 1)	(Level 2)	(Level 3)	
於活躍	主要	主要	
市場的	可觀察	不可觀察	
報價	輸入數據	輸入數據	Total
(第一級)	(第二級)	(第三級)	總計
HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元

As at 31 December 2016	於二零一六年 十二月三十一日				
Derivative financial instrument	衍生金融工具	_	_	_	_
As at 31 December 2015	於二零一五年				
As at 31 December 2015	十二月三十一日				
Derivative financial instrument	衍生金融工具	_	794	_	794

During the year, there were no transfers of fair value measurements between Level 1 and Level 2 and no transfers into or out of Level 3 for both financial assets and financial liabilities (2015: nil).

年內,金融資產及金融負債第一級與第二級公允值計量之間並無轉移,亦無轉入或轉出第三級(二零一五年:無)。

35. SHARE OPTION SCHEME

The Company's share option scheme ("Share Option Scheme"), was adopted pursuant to a resolution passed on 5 September 2014 for the primary purpose of providing incentives to directors and eligible employees for their contribution or potential contribution to our Group. Under the Scheme, the Board of Directors of the Company may grant options to eligible employees, including directors of the Company and its subsidiaries, to subscribe for shares in the Company.

35. 購股權計劃





For the year ended 31 December 2016 截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度

35. SHARE OPTION SCHEME (Cont'd)

At 31 December 2016, the number of shares in respect of which options had been granted and remained outstanding under the Scheme was 500,000 (31 December 2015: nil), representing 0.045% (31 December 2015: nil) of the shares of the Company in issue at that date. The total number of shares in respect of which options may be granted under the Scheme is not permitted to exceed 10% of the shares of the Company in issue at any point in time, without prior approval from the Company's shareholders. The number of shares issued and to be issued in respect of which options granted and may be granted to any individual in any one year is not permitted to exceed 1% of the shares of the Company in issue at any point in time, without prior approval from the Company's shareholders.

The limit on the total number of Company's shares which may be issued upon exercise of all outstanding options granted and vet to be exercised under the Share Option Scheme and any other share option schemes of our Company at any time shall not exceed 30% of the Shares in issue from time to time (the "Maximum Limit"). The maximum number of Shares in respect of which options under the Share Option Scheme and any other share option schemes of our Company may be granted is 10% of the Shares in issue immediately upon completion of the share offer, being 80,000,000 Shares (the "Scheme Limit"), excluding for this purpose the number of shares which would be issued on the exercise in full of the options granted under the Share Option Scheme or any other schemes of our Company but not cancelled, lapsed or exercised; the number of Shares which have been allotted and issued pursuant to the exercise of any options granted under the Share Option Scheme or any other schemes of our Company; and the number of cancelled Shares.

No options shall be granted under any schemes of our Company (including the Share Option Scheme) if this will result in the Maximum Limit being exceeded.

35. 購股權計劃(續)

於二零一六年十二月三十一日, 根據該計劃已授出但尚未行使的 購股權涉及的股份數目為500,000 股(二零一五年十二月三十一日: 無),相當於本公司於該日期已 發行股份之0.045%(二零一五年 十二月三十一日:無)。在未經 本公司股東事先批准之情況下, 根據該計劃授出之購股權所涉之 股份總數目,於任何時候不得超 過本公司已發行股份之**10%**。在 未經本公司股東事先批准之情況 下,於任何一年向任何個人已授 予及可能授予之購股權所涉及之 已發行及將予發行之股份數目不 得超過本公司於任何時間已發行 股份之1%。

根據購股權計劃及本公司任何其 他購股權計劃已授出而尚未行使 之所有未行使購股權獲行使時可 予發行之本公司股份總數目的上 限,於任何時候不得超過不時已 發行股份之30%(「最高限額」)。 根據購股權計劃及本公司任何其 他購股權計劃可能授出的購股 權所涉及的股份最高數目為緊接 股份發售完成後已發行股份的 10%,即80,000,000股股份(「計 劃限額」),就此而言,不包括根 據購股權計劃或本公司任何其他 計劃授出的購股權(以並無註銷、 失效或獲行使者為限)獲悉數行使 時可能發行的股份數目;因行使 根據購股權計劃或本公司任何其 他計劃授出的任何購股權而已配 發及發行的股份數目; 及已註銷 股份之數目。

倘根據本公司的任何計劃(包括購股權計劃)授出的購股權導致超出最高限額,則不得授出該等購股權。









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35. **SHARE OPTION SCHEME (Cont'd)**

Any grant of options to a director, chief executive or substantial shareholder of our Company or any of their respective associates is required to be approved by our independent non-executive Directors (excluding any independent non-executive Director who is the grantee of the options). If the Board determines to offer to grant options to a substantial shareholder or an independent nonexecutive Director or any of their respective associates which will result in the number of shares issued and to be issued in excess of 0.1% of the issued shares or with an aggregate value (based on the closing price of the shares at the date of grant) in excess of HK\$5,000,000 within any 12-month period is subject to approval by shareholders of the Company in general meeting.

The subscription price for the Company's shares on the exercise of options under Share Option Scheme shall be at least the highest of: (a) the closing price of the shares as stated in Stock Exchange's daily quotations sheet on the date of grant, which must be a business day: (b) the average closing price of the shares as stated in the Stock Exchange's daily quotations sheet for the 5 business days immediately preceding the date of grant; and (c) the nominal value of the share.

During the year ended 31 December 2016, movements of the Company's share options held by senior management were as follows:

35. 購股權計劃(續)

向本公司董事、最高行政人員或 主要股東或彼等各自的任何聯繫 人授出任何購股權, 須經本公司 獨立非執行董事(不包括本身為購 股權承授人的任何獨立非執行董 事) 批准。倘董事會決議向主要股 東或獨立非執行董事或任何彼等 各自的聯繫人授出購股權,而導 致任何十二個月期間內已發行及 將予發行股份超過已發行股份的 0.1%或超過5.000.000港元價值 總額(根據於授出日期股份收市價 計算),則須經本公司股東於股東 大會上的批准。

本公司行使購股權計劃授出的購 股權之股份認購價不得低於下列 三者中之最高者:(a)股份於授出 日期(必須為營業日)在聯交所每 日報價表所報收市價股份;(b)於 緊接授出日期前五個營業日在聯 交所每日報價表所報平均收市價; 及(c)股份面值。

於截至二零一六年十二月三十一 日止年度期間,由高級管理層持 有本公司購股權之變動如下:

Number of share options

		購股權數目			
		Outstanding at the beginning of the year 於年初 尚未行使	Granted during the year 於本年度 已授出	Outstanding at the end of the year 於年底 尚未行使	Exercisable share options at the end of the year 於年底 可行使之 購股權
For the year ended 31 December 2016	於截至二零一六年 十二月三十一日止年度				
Year of grant of options 2016	授出購股權年度 二零一六年	_	500,000	500,000	_
Weighted average exercise price (HK\$)	加權平均行使價(港元)	_	0.52	0.52	





For the year ended 31 December 2016 截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度

35. SHARE OPTION SCHEME (Cont'd)

During the year ended 31 December 2016, the estimated fair value of the options granted on 14 April 2016 is HK\$0.25 (2015: nil).

The exercise price of the options of HK\$0.52 was equal to the market price of the shares on the date of grant. Options granted must be taken up within 30 days of the date of grant — 14 April 2016, upon payment of HK\$1.00 per option. Each of the grantees to whom an option has been granted under the Scheme shall be entitled to exercise their options up to 33%, 66% and 100% of the shares that are subject to the option so granted to them at any time during the period commencing from the first, second and third anniversaries of the date. The options will vest over a period of three years from the date of grant and the chief financial officer will still be employed on the date of vesting and exercise. The validity period of the options is ten years from the date of grant and the options shall lapse at the expiry of the validity period. The fair value at grant date is estimated using a binomial pricing model, taking into account the terms and conditions upon which the options were granted. The contractual life of each option granted is ten years. There is no cash settlement of the options.

The fair value was calculated using the Binomial model. The inputs into the model were as follows:

Weighted average share price	0.52
Exercise price	0.52
Expected dividend yield (%)	1.35
Expected volatility (%)	47.69
Risk-free interest rate (%)	1.33
Expected life of share options (years)	10

Expected volatility was determined by using the historical volatility of the comparable companies' share prices over the previous 7-10 years. The expected life used in the model has been adjusted, based on management's best estimate, for the effects of non-transferability, exercise restrictions and behavioural considerations.

35. 購股權計劃(續)

於截至二零一六年十二月三十一 日止年度,於二零一六年四月 十四日授出的購股權之估計公允 值為0.25港元(二零一五年:無)。

購股權行使價為0.52港元與授 出日期的股份市場價相等。已授 出購股權須於授出日期後30日 內承購(即二零一六年四月十四 日),承授人須支付每股購股權 1.00港元。根據購股權計劃,於 授出購股權當日的第一周年、第 二周年、第三周年起期間內任何 時間,獲授予購股權的各承授人 應有權行使其獲授予的購股權所 涉及股份分別不超過33%、66% 及100%。購股權將於授出日期起 三年期間歸屬,而財務總監將於 歸屬及行使日期當日繼續受僱。 購股權之有效期為授出日期起計 十年,而購股權將於有效期屆滿 時失效。於授出日期之公允值乃 按二項式定價模式估算,其中計 及授出購股權所依據之條款及條 件。已授出之每份購股權之合約 年期為十年。購股權概無現金支 付。

公允值乃按二項式定價模式計 算。上述模式之輸入數據如下:

加權平均股價	0.52
行使價	0.52
預期股息率(%)	1.35
預期波幅(%)	47.69
無風險利率(%)	1.33
購股權的預期年期(年)	10

預期波幅利用可供比較公司過去 七至十年股價之歷史波幅釐定。 模型所用預期年期已根據管理層 之最佳估計就不可轉讓、行使限 制及行為考慮因素之影響作出調 整。











35. SHARE OPTION SCHEME (Cont'd)

During the year ended 31 December 2016, the Group has recognised approximately HK\$54,000 of share-based payment expense in profit or loss (2015: nil).

36. OPERATING LEASE COMMITMENTS

THE GROUP AS LESSEE

As at the end of the reporting period, the Group had a total future minimum lease payment under a non-cancellable operating lease falling due as follows:

35. 購股權計劃(績)

於截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度,本集團已確認損益內以股份為基礎付款開支約54,000港元(二零一五年:無)。

36. 經營租賃承諾

本集團作為承租人

於報告期末,本集團根據不可撤 銷經營租賃,於下列期間到期的 未來最低租賃款項總額如下:

		2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000 千港元	2015 二零一五年 HK\$'000 千港元
Within one year	一年內	_	184

Operating lease payments represent rental payable by the Group for certain of its office premises. The lease for these office premises is negotiated for a term of two years. 經營租賃付款指本集團就其若干 辦公室物業應付之租金。租賃該 等辦公室物業議定期限為兩年。

37. RETIREMENT BENEFITS SCHEMES

The Group operates a defined contribution MPF Scheme in Hong Kong under the Mandatory Provident Fund Schemes Ordinance for employees who are eligible to participate in the MPF Scheme. Contributions are made based on a percentage of the employees' basic salaries and are charged to profit or loss as they become payable in accordance with the rules of the MPF Scheme. The assets of the MPF Scheme are held separately from those of the Group in an independently administered fund. The Group's employer contributions vest fully with the employees when contributed into the MPF Scheme.

The employees of the Group's operations in PRC are required to participate in central pension schemes operated by the local municipal governments, the assets of which are held separately from those of the Group. Contributions are made by the Group based on a percentage of the participating employees' salaries and are charged to profit or loss as they become payable in accordance with the rules of the central pension schemes. The employer contributions vest fully once made.

37. 退休福利計劃

本集團於中國業務的僱員須參加 由當地市政府營辦的中央退休 計劃,該等計劃的資產與本集 資產分開持有。供款乃由却則 根據中央退休金計劃的規則作出 與僱員薪金的某一百分比。僱主 並於應付時從損益扣除。僱主 供款於其作出供款時即全數歸屬。





For the year ended 31 December 2016 截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度

38. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

(a) The Group has sub-leased the commercial premises located at Units 1-3, 11th Floor, Westlands Centre, 20 Westlands Road, Hong Kong (the "Office Premises") for use as offices from Dragonfield Management Limited ("Dragonfield"), a company controlled by close family members of a director of the Company. On 5 September 2014, the Group entered into a commercial premises sublease agreement with Dragonfield for the continuing use and occupation of the Office Premises after the listing, retrospectively, effective from 27 August 2014 to 26 August 2016 at a rent of HK\$276,000 per annum (the "Sublease agreement").

On 11 December 2015, the Group entered into an administrative services sharing agreement with Dragonfield in connection with the sharing of administrative services, retrospectively, effective from 1 July 2015 to 30 June 2018 which supersedes the Sublease agreement. The Group was charged for the shared administrative services, which includes the rent to Dragonfield for the area of the Office Premises used by the Group, on a cost basis.

The total amounts of rental and shared administrative service expenses charged to profit or loss during the year ended 31 December 2016 was HK\$3,676,000 (2015: HK\$1,938,000)

There is no amount due to Dragonfield at the end of the reporting period.

38. 關聯方交易

本集團向龍田管理有限公 (a) 司(「龍田」)(由本公司一名 董事近親控制的公司)分 租位於香港華蘭路20號華 蘭中心11樓1-3室的商用 物業(「辦公室物業」)用作 辦公室。於二零一四年九 月五日,本集團與龍田訂 立商用物業分租協議,以 持續使用及佔用辦公室物 業,並追溯生效,自二零 一四年八月二十七日起至 二零一六年八月二十六日 止,年租金為276,000港元 (「分租協議」)。

> 截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度計入損益的租賃及共享行政服務開支總額為3,676,000港元(二零一五年:1,938,000港元)。

於報告期末並無應付龍田 之款項。









For the year ended 31 December 2016 截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度

38. **RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS (Cont'd)**

- During the year ended 31 December 2016, the Group (b) acquired 20% attributable interest in Weal Union Limited ("Weal Union") and its subsidiary, PT Rimba Palma Sejahtera Lestari ("RPSL") from Carlton Asia Limited ("Carlton Asia"), a company controlled by close family members of a director of the Company (note 39).
- (c) During the year ended 31 December 2016, HK\$677,000 (2015: nil) service fee was paid to a related company, which is controlled by close family members of a director of the Company, to operate, monitor and maintain the two power plants of the Group.
- During the year ended 31 December 2016, the Group (d) disposed of an available-for-sale investment with fair value of approximately HK\$22,000,000 to a close family member of a director of the Company as repayment of the shareholder's loans which were made to the Group during the year ended 31 December 2016.

38. 關聯方交易(續)

- 於截至二零一六年十二月 (b) 三十一日止年度,本集 團自 Carlton Asia Limited (「Carlton Asia」)(一間本 公司一名董事近親控制之 公司) 收購於旭衡有限公 司(「旭衡」)及其附屬公司 PT Rimba Palma Sejahtera Lestari(「RPSL」)的20%應 佔權益(附註39)。
- 於截至二零一六年十二月 (C) 三十一日止年度,已支付 677,000港元(二零一五年: 無)服務費用予本公司一 名董事近親控制之關聯公 司,以營運、監督及維護 本集團兩座電廠。
- 於截至二零一六年十二 (d) 月三十一日止年度,本 集團出售一項公允值約 22,000,000港元之可供出 售投資予本公司一名董事 之近親,作為償還於截至 二零一六年十二月三十一 日止年度期間對本集團作 出的股東貸款。





For the year ended 31 December 2016 截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度

38. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS (Cont'd)

(e) Compensation of key management personnel

The remuneration of directors and other members of key management during the year was as follows:

38. 關聯方交易(續)

(e) 主要管理層人員的薪酬

於年內董事及主要管理層 其他人員的薪酬如下:

	2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000 千港元	2015 二零一五年 HK\$'000 千港元
Short-term employee benefits 短期僱員福利 Post-employment benefits 離職後福利	4,209 150	2,826 89
	4,359	2,915

The remuneration of directors and key executives is determined by the remuneration committee having regard to the performance of individuals and market trends. Further details of compensation of directors' emoluments are included in note 8 to the financial statements.

董事及主要行政人員之薪酬由薪酬委員會經考慮個人表現及市場趨勢後釐定。董事酬金的進一步詳情載於財務報表附註8。

39. ACQUISITIONS OF SUBSIDIARIES

On 21 October 2016 ("the Acquisition Date"), the Group acquired 80% attributable interest in Weal Union from an independent third party, Fusion Joy Holdings Inc. ("Fusion Joy") at a cash consideration of USD7,967,800 (approximately HK\$62,149,000) and issuance of 143,300,000 ordinary shares of the Company, based on the quoted price of the shares on the Acquisition Date, amounting to HK\$71,650,000; and the remaining 20% attributable interest in Weal Union from Carlton Asia at a cash consideration of USD3,290,200 (approximately HK\$25,663,000) and issuance of 15,700,000 ordinary shares of the Company, based on the quoted price of the shares on the Acquisition Date, amounting to HK\$7,850,000. Immediately after the acquisition, Weal Union becomes the wholly owned subsidiary of the Group. The acquisitions are accounted for using the purchase method.

Weal Union is a limited liability company incorporated in Hong Kong while RPSL is a company incorporated under the laws of Indonesia and is 95% held by Weal Union ("Weal Union Group").

39. 收購附屬公司

於二零一六年十月二十一日 (「收購日期」),本集團向一名 獨立第三方Fusion Joy Holdings Inc.(「Fusion Joy」) 收購於旭衡 的80%應佔權益,現金代價為 7,967,800美元(約62,149,000 港元), 並以收購日期的股份報 價發行71,650,000港元之本 公 司 143,300,000股普通股;並自 Carlton Asia 收購於旭衡剩餘的20% 應佔權益,現金代價為3,290,200 美元(約25,663,000港元)並以收 購日期的股份報價發行7,850,000 港元之本公司15,700,000股普通 股。緊接該收購事項, 旭衡成為本 集團全資附屬公司。該收購事項 使用收購會計法入賬。

旭衡為一間於香港註冊成立的有限公司,而RPSL為一間根據印尼法律註冊成立的公司且由旭衡持有其95%之權益(「旭衡集團」)。









39. ACQUISITIONS OF SUBSIDIARIES (Cont'd)

Weal Union is an investment holding company while RPSL operates a palm kernel oil mill to render palm kernel oil for sale and an ancillary power plant to supply of excess electricity to Perusahaan Listrik Negara, an Indonesia's stated owned power company.

Fair value of assets acquired and liabilities assumed at the Acquisition Date:

39. 收購附屬公司(續)

旭衡為一間投資控股公司,而 RPSL經營一間仁油榨油廠以供出 售仁油及自備電廠以向Perusahaan Listrik Negara(一間印尼國有電力 公司)供應過剩電能。

於收購日期所收購資產及所承擔 負債的公允值:

		HK\$'000 千港元
Property, plant and equipment (note)	物業、廠房及設備(附註)	145,753
Trade receivables	貿易應收款項	5,440
Inventories	存貨	801
Prepayments	預付款項	876
Bank balances and cash	銀行結餘及現金	2,730
Amount due to immediate holding company	應付直接控股公司款項	(58,196)
Amounts due to related parties	應付關聯方款項	(6,542)
Trade payables	貿易應付款項	(6,207)
Accruals and other payables	應計費用及其他應付款項	(1,887)
Tax payables	應付税項	(84)
Total identifiable net assets acquired	已收購可識別資產淨值總額	82,684

Note: The fair value of property, plant and equipment acquired in business combination is based on valuations performed by an independent qualified professional valuer with reference to market value or depreciated replacement cost of the property, plant and equipment.

The trade receivables acquired with fair value of HK\$5,440,000 had gross contractual amounts of HK\$5,440,000 at the date of acquisition. The best estimate at acquisition date of the contractual cash flows not expected to be collected amounted to nil.

Goodwill arising from the acquisitions:

附註: 業務合併中所收購物業、廠房及 設備的公允值基於一名獨立合資 格專業估值師參考物業、廠房及 設備的市場價值或折舊重置成本 進行的估值。

於 收 購 日 期 已 收 購 公 允 值 為 5,440,000港元之貿易應收款項擁 有總合約金額 5,440,000港元。於 收購日期合約現金流量之最佳估計預期不可收回金額為零。

收購產生之商譽:

Goodwill	商譽	85,699
Total consideration Add: Non-controlling interests (i.e. 5% of RPSL) Less: Fair value of the net assets acquired	代價總額 加:非控股權益(即RPSL之5%權益) 減:已收購資產淨值之公允值	167,312 1,071 (82,684)
Cash consideration paid Fair value of consideration shares issued	已付現金代價 已發行代價股份公允值	87,812 79,500
		HK\$'000 千港元





For the year ended 31 December 2016 截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度

39. ACQUISITIONS OF SUBSIDIARIES (Cont'd)

As part of the consideration for the acquisition of Weal Union Group, 159,000,000 ordinary share of the Company with par value of HK\$0.0001 each were issued. The fair value of the ordinary shares of the Company, determined using the published price available at the date of the acquisition, amounted to HK\$79.500.000.

Net cash outflow on acquisitions:

39. 收購附屬公司(續)

作為收購旭衡集團之部份代價,本公司已發行每股面值為0.0001港元之159,000,000股普通股。本公司普通股公允值使用於收購日期可供使用之已公佈價格釐定,金額為79,500,000港元。

收購產生之現金流出淨額:

Total 總計 HK\$'000 千港元

Cash consideration paid Less: bank balances and cash acquired 已付現金代價 減:已收購銀行結餘及現金 (87,812) 2,730

(85,082)

The non-controlling interests recognised at the acquisition date was measured by the present ownership instruments' proportionate share in the recognised amounts of the acquiree's identifiable net assets.

Goodwill arose in the acquisition included amounts in relation to the benefit of expected revenue growth and future market development of RPSL. These benefits are not recognised separately from goodwill because they do not meet the recognition criteria for identifiable intangible assets.

None of the goodwill arising on this acquisition is expected to be deductible for tax purposes.

Included in the loss for the year is HK\$2,555,000 attributable to the business generated by Weal Union Group. Revenue for the year includes HK\$4,028,000 generated from Weal Union Group.

Had the acquisition been completed on 1 January 2016, total group revenue for the year would have been HK\$124,718,000, and profit for the year would have been HK\$15,481,000. The pro forma information is for illustrative purposes only and is not necessarily an indication of revenue and results of operations of the Group that actually would have been achieved had the acquisition been completed on 1 January 2016, nor is it intended to be a projection of future results.

於收購日期確認之非控股權益按 現時之擁有權工具按比例分佔被 收購方可識別資產淨值已確認金 額計量。

收購事項產生之商譽包括有關 RPSL預期收入增長及未來市場發 展所帶來的利益。由於並不符合 可識別無形資產的確認標準,故 該等利益並無與商譽分開確認。

預計該等收購所產生之商譽概不可扣稅。

年內虧損2,555,000港元計入旭衡 集團產生可分派業務。年內收益包 括旭衡集團產生的4,028,000港元。

假設收購事項已於二零一六年一月一日完成,集團年內總營業內 利為124,718,000港元,年內 利為15,481,000港元。備考資料 僅供説明之用,不一定成為日 收購已於二零一六年一月一日完 成之情況下本集團實際所得收入 及經營業績之指標,亦不擬以此 作為日後業績之預測。









Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

40. STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION OF THE **COMPANY**

STATEMENT OF THE FINANCIAL POSITION OF THE COMPANY

本公司的財務狀況表 40.

本公司財務狀況表

		2016	2015
		二零一六年	二零一五年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
		17870	17676
Non-current assets	非流動資產		
Investments in subsidiaries	於附屬公司的投資	281,094	113,781
Available-for-sale investments	可供出售投資	23,383	127,921
Available-10r-sale investments	可供山台仅具	23,363	127,921
		004 477	0.44 700
		304,477	241,702
0	法私次 玄		
Current assets	流動資產		170
Prepayment	預付款項	_	173
Other receivables	其他應收款項	166	_
Amounts due from subsidiaries	應收附屬公司款項	115,639	68,309
Bank balances and cash	銀行結餘及現金	3,836	34,030
		119,641	102,512
Current liabilities	流動負債		
Accruals	應計費用	1,485	1,885
	應付一間附屬公司款項		1,000
Amount due to a subsidiary	應刊一间附屬公司就垻	12,600	_
		14,085	1,885
		,	1,000
Net current assets	流動資產淨值	105,556	100,627
Total assets less current liabilities	總資產減流動負債	410,033	342,329
Equity	權益		
Issued capital	已發行股本	111	95
Reserves	儲備	409,922	342,234
1 16961 469	田井田	409,322	042,204
Total equity	總權益	410,033	342,329
- Iotal Equity	nvcv·] E IIII	+10,000	042,028



For the year ended 31 December 2016 截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度

40. STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION OF THE COMPANY (Cont'd)

40. 本公司的財務狀況表(續)

MOVEMENT IN SHARE CAPITAL AND RESERVES OF THE COMPANY

本公司股本及儲備變動

		Issued capital 已發行 股本 HK\$'000 千港元	Share premium 股份溢價 HK\$'000 千港元	Share option reserve 購股權 儲備 HK\$'000 千港元	Investment revaluation reserve 投資重估 儲備 HK\$*000 千港元	Treasury reserve 庫存儲備 HK\$'000 千港元	Retained profit 保留溢利 HK\$'000 千港元	Total 總 額 HK\$'000 千港元
At 1 January 2015 Profit for the year	於二零一五年一月一日 年內溢利	80	183,340	_	_	_	28,346 4,182	211,766 4,182
Fair value change on available-for-sale investment Reclassification adjustment for gain on disposal of available-for-sale investments included	可供出售投資 的公允值變動 計入損益的可供 出售投資出售 收益的重新	_	_	-	(555)	_	4,102	(555)
in profit or loss	分類調整	_	_	_	(246)	_	_	(246)
Total comprehensive income for the year	年內全面 收入總額	_	_	_	(801)	-	4,182	3,381
Issue of shares pursuant to the a top-up placing and top-up subscription Placing expense Share repurchase Cancellation of share	根據先舊後新配售 及先舊後新 認購的股份發行 配售開支 股份回購 註銷購回股份	16 _ _	156,784 (5,657) —	- - -	- - -	_ _ (4,921)	- - -	156,800 (5,657) (4,921)
repurchased Interim dividend — 2015	中期股息一二零一五年	(1) —	(4,920) —	- -	- -	4,921 —	— (19,040)	— (19,040)
		15	146,207	_	_	_	(19,040)	127,182
At 31 December 2015	於二零一五年 十二月三十一日	95	329,547	_	(801)	_	13,488	342,329
Loss for the year	年內虧損	_	_	_	_	_	(3,636)	(3,636)
Fair value change on available-for-sale investment Reclassification adjustment for gain on disposal of available-	可供出售投資 的公允值變動 計入損益的可供 出售投資出售	-	-	-	2,125	_	-	2,125
for-sale investments included in profit or loss	收益的重新 分類調整	_	_	_	(819)	_	_	(819)
Total comprehensive income for the year	年內全面 收入總額	_	_	_	1,306	_	(3,636)	(2,330)
Issue of shares	發行股份	16	79,484	_	_	_	_	79,500
Share-based payments Final dividend — 2015	基於股份的付款 末期股息 — 二零一五年	_ 	_ _	54 —	_ _	_	(9,520)	54 (9,520)
		16	79,484	54	_	_	(9,520)	70,034
At 31 December 2016	於二零一六年 十二月三十一日	111	409,031	54	505	_	332	410,033









For the year ended 31 December 2016 截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度

41. **PRINCIPAL SUBSIDIARIES**

Particulars of the Company's principal subsidiaries as at 31 December 2016 and 2015 are as follows:

41. 主要附屬公司

於二零一六年及二零一五年十二 月三十一日,本公司主要附屬公 司的詳情如下:

Proportion of

Name of subsidiaries 附屬公司名稱	Place of incorporation/ registration 成立/ 註冊地點	Place of operation 營運 地點	Issued and fully paid/registered ordinary share capital 已發行及繳足/已註冊普通股股本	Proportion of nominal value of issued ordinary share capital held by the Group 本集團持有 已發行普通股 股本面值比例		Principal activities 主要活動
				2016 二零一六年 %	2015 二零一五年 %	
Haian Hengfa ("海安恆發污水處理 有限公司")(note a) 海安恆發 (「海安恆發污水處理 有限公司」)(附註a)	PRC 中國	PRC 中國	RMB30,000,000 人民幣30,000,000元	70	70	Wastewater treatment 污水處理
Rugao Hengfa ("如皋恆發水處理 有限公司")(notes b & c) 如皋恆發 (「如皋恆發水處理 有限公司」)(附註 b 及 c)	PRC 中國	PRC 中國	US\$9,880,000 9,880,000美元	100	100	Wastewater treatment 污水處理
Rugao Honghao ("如皋宏皓金屬表面水處理 有限公司") (notes b & c) 如皋宏皓 (「如皋宏皓金屬表面水處理 有限公司」)(附註 b 及 c)	PRC 中國	PRC 中國	US\$4,500,000 4,500,000美元	100	100	Wastewater treatment 污水處理
上海泰環環保科技有公司 (notes b & c) 上海泰環環保科技有公司 (附註b及c)	PRC 中國	PRC 中國	HK\$400,000 400,000港元	100	100	Dormant 暫無業務





41. PRINCIPAL SUBSIDIARIES (Cont'd)

41. 主要附屬公司(續)

Name of subsidiaries 附屬公司名稱	Place of incorporation/registration 成立/註冊地點	Place of operation 營運 地點	Issued and fully paid/registered ordinary share capital 已發行及繳足/已註冊普通股股本	Proportion of nominal value of issued ordinary share capital held by the Group 本集團持有 已發行普通股 股本面值比例		Principal activities 主要活動
				2016 二零一六年 %	2015 二零一五年 %	
ELL Environmental Limited	BVI 英屬處女群島	BVI 英屬處女群島	US\$100 100美元	100	100	Investment holding 投資控股
Everbest Water Treatment Development 恒發水務發展	Hong Kong 香港	Hong Kong 香港	HK\$82,304,273 82,304,273港元	100	100	Investment holding 投資控股
Grand Target Holdings Limited	BVI 英屬處女群島	BVI 英屬處女群島	US\$100 100美元	100	100	Investment holding 投資控股
Greatcorp International Limited 宏皓國際有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	Hong Kong 香港	HK\$100 100港元	100	100	Investment holding 投資控股
Eternity Time Group Limited	BVI 英屬處女群島	BVI 英屬處女群島	US\$100 100美元	100	_	Investment holding 投資控股









For the year ended 31 December 2016 截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度

PRINCIPAL SUBSIDIARIES (Cont'd) 41.

主要附屬公司(績) 41.

Proportion of

Name of subsidiaries 附屬公司名稱	Place of incorporation/ registration 成立/ 註冊地點	Place of operation 營運 地點	Issued and fully paid/registered ordinary share capital 已發行及繳足/已註冊普通股股本	issued share held by 本集 已發行	Il value of ordinary capital the Group 團持有 亍普通股 面值比例	Principal activities 主要活動
				2016 二零一六年 %	2015 二零一五年 %	
Weal Union Ltd 旭衡有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	Hong Kong 香港	HK\$250 250港元	100	_	Investment holding 投資控股
PT. Rimba Plama Sejahtera	Indonesia 印尼	Indonesia 印尼	IDR 230,900 million 230,900 百萬印尼盾	95	-	Manufacturing and sale of palm kernel oil and electricity 生產及出售 仁油及電

Notes:

- (a) This entity is registered as a Sino-foreign equity joint venture under the laws of PRC.
- (b) These entities are registered as wholly-owned foreign enterprises under the laws of PRC.
- (c) The English names of these entities represent management's best effort at translating their Chinese names as these entities did not register any official English names.

附註:

- (a) 該實體根據中國法律註冊為中外 合資經營企業。
- 該等實體根據中國法律註冊為外 (b) 商獨資企業。
- 鑑於該等實體並未註冊任何官方 (c) 英文名稱,該等實體的英文名稱 乃由管理層盡力從彼等中文名稱 翻譯得出。





For the year ended 31 December 2016 截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度

41. PRINCIPAL SUBSIDIARIES (Cont'd)

Except for ELL Environmental Limited and Eternity Time Group Limited, all subsidiaries are indirectly held by the Company.

The above table lists the subsidiaries of the Company which, in the opinion of the Directors, principally affect the results of the year or constitute a substantial portion of the net assets of the Group. To give details of other subsidiaries would, in the opinion of the Directors, result in particulars of excessive length.

42. NON-CASH TRANSACTION

During the year ended 31 December 2016, the Group disposed of an available-for-sale investment with fair value of approximately HK\$22,000,000 to a close family member of a director of the Company as repayment of the shareholder's loans which were made to the Group during the year ended 31 December 2016.

43. SUBSEQUENT EVENT

On 28 February 2017, for the Disposal as set out in note 29, Greatcorp signed a supplemental agreement with the Purchaser under which, the fee arrangements under Additional Payment Arrangements as mentioned in note 29 were terminated with retrospective effect from 15 November 2016. The supplemental agreement provides that the Purchaser shall retrospectively be responsible for all operating costs and capital expenditure on an as-incurred basis with effect from 15 November 2016 and until the date of the completion of Disposal.

41. 主要附屬公司(續)

除 ELL Environmental Limited 及 Eternity Time Group Limited 外, 所有附屬公司由本公司間接持有。

上表列示董事認為主要影響年度 業績或構成本集團資產淨值之主 要部份之本公司附屬公司。董事 認為,提供其他附屬公司之詳情 會令篇幅過於冗長。

42. 非現金交易

於截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度,本集團出售一項公允值約為22,000,000港元的可供出售投資予本公司一名董事的一名近親,以償還截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度向本集團作出的股東貸款。

43. 期後事項





Five Year Financial Summary 五年財務概要

RESULTS 業績

Year ended 31 December 截至十二月三十一日止年度

		2012 二零一二年	2013 二零一三年	2014 二零一四年	2015 二零一五年	2016 二零一六年
		- * + HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元
Revenue	營業收入	46,900	65,090	85,183	145,462	100,317
Profit before tax	除税前溢利 所得税抵免	34,007	47,974	22,136	36,229	18,522
credit (expenses)	(開支)	(6,973)	(14,080)	(10,861)	3,920	(7,029)
Profit for the year	年內溢利	27,034	33,894	11,275	40,149	11,493

ASSETS, LIABILITIES AND NON-CONTROLLING INTEREST

資產、負債及非控股權益

At 31 December

於十二月三十一日

		2012 二零一二年 HK\$'000 千港元	2013 二零一三年 HK\$'000 千港元	2014 二零一四年 HK\$'000 千港元	2015 二零一五年 HK\$'000 千港元	2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000 千港元
Total assets Total liabilities Non-controlling interest	總資產 總負債 非控股權益	433,969 (260,897) (24,521)	425,682 (210,430) (26,906)	437,796 (72,967) (28,234)	610,439 (95,304) (27,593)	681,140 (111,538) (27,650)
		148,551	188,346	336,595	487,542	541,952

