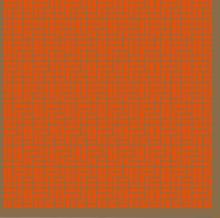
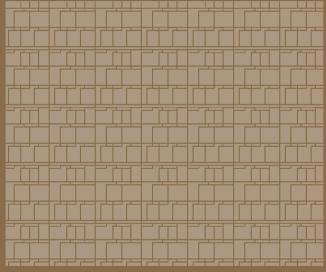
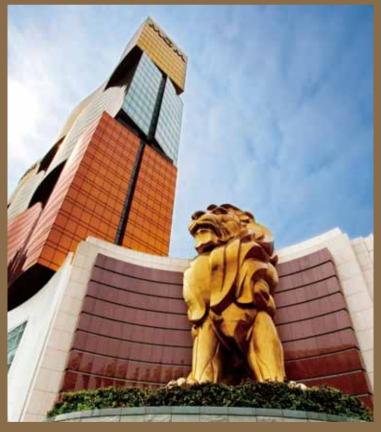
Annual Report of 2016















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CORPORATE INFORMATION

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

James Joseph Murren (Chairperson)
Pansy Catilina Chiu King Ho (Co-Chairperson)
Chen Yau Wong
William Joseph Hornbuckle
Grant R. Bowie (Chief Executive Officer)

NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

William M. Scott IV Daniel J. D'Arrigo Kenneth A. Rosevear

INDEPENDENT NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

Zhe Sun Sze Wan Patricia Lam Peter Man Kong Wong Russell Francis Banham

AUDIT COMMITTEE

Russell Francis Banham *(Chairperson)* Daniel J. D'Arrigo Zhe Sun Peter Man Kong Wong

REMUNERATION COMMITTEE

Zhe Sun (Chairperson)
Pansy Catilina Chiu King Ho
William Joseph Hornbuckle
Sze Wan Patricia Lam
Peter Man Kong Wong
Russell Francis Banham

NOMINATION AND CORPORATE GOVERNANCE COMMITTEE

Sze Wan Patricia Lam (Chairperson)
William M. Scott IV
Chen Yau Wong
Zhe Sun
Peter Man Kong Wong
Russell Francis Banham

COMPANY SECRETARY

Antonio Jose Menano

AUTHORIZED REPRESENTATIVES

Antonio Jose Menano William M. Scott IV

AUDITOR

Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu Certified Public Accountants

LEGAL ADVISORS

As to Hong Kong law: Herbert Smith Freehills 23rd Floor, Gloucester Tower, 15 Queen's Road Central Hong Kong

As to Macau law: DSL Lawyers Avenida da Praia Grande no. 409 China Law Building 16th Floor Macau

REGISTERED OFFICE IN CAYMAN ISLANDS

190 Elgin Avenue George Town Grand Cayman KY1-9005 Cayman Islands

PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS AND HEAD OFFICE IN MACAU

Avenida Dr. Sun Yat Sen, Edificio MGM MACAU NAPE. Macau

PLACE OF BUSINESS IN HONG KONG REGISTERED UNDER PART 16 OF THE COMPANIES ORDINANCE

1402 China Merchants Tower 200 Connaught Road Central, Hong Kong

HONG KONG LISTED SHARE REGISTRAR

Computershare Hong Kong Investor Services Limited Shops 1712-1716, 17th Floor Hopewell Centre 183 Queen's Road East Wanchai, Hong Kong

CAYMAN ISLANDS UNLISTED SHARE REGISTRAR AND TRANSFER OFFICE

Intertrust Corporate Services (Cayman) Limited 190 Elgin Avenue George Town, Grand Cayman KY1-9005 Cayman Islands

COMPANY WEBSITE

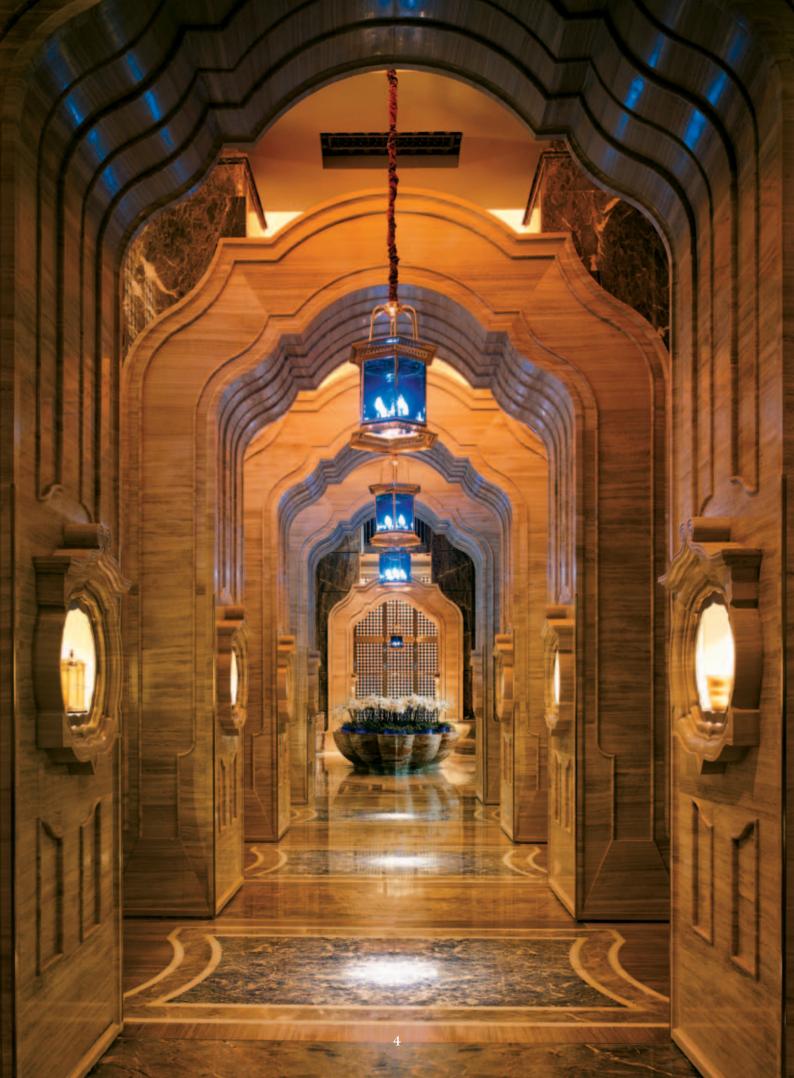
www.mgmchinaholdings.com

STOCK CODE

2282

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

	For the year ended		
	December 31,		
	2016	2015	
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	
Casino revenue	14,606,066	16,841,551	
Other revenue	301,402	328,902	
Total revenue	14,907,468	17,170,453	
Adjusted EBITDA (unaudited)	4,491,838	4,668,960	
Profit for the year attributable to owners of the Company	3,036,508	3,112,515	
Earnings per Share — Basic and Diluted	HK\$0.80	HK\$0.82	



CHAIRPERSON'S STATEMENT

2017 will be a transformational year for MGM, our team of employees will double as will our scale and operation in Macau. With almost twice the square footage of what we have at MGM MACAU, MGM COTAI's scale will allow us to develop what we are known for around the world with diversified entertainment offerings.

CHAIRPERSON'S STATEMENT



JAMES JOSEPH MURREN Chairperson

Dear Shareholders,

2016 has been a year of stabilization and development both for the Macau marketplace and for our Company. Macau gross gaming revenue finished with a slight decline of 3.3% from last year and reached HK\$216.7 billion. Importantly, the market showed improvement as the year went on with gross gaming revenue in the second half up 6% year-over-year. Mass gaming revenue was also a bright spot with estimated growth of 7% in 2016. The solid recovery in mass market allows us better footing as



we prepare for the opening of MGM COTAI in 2017. MGM Resorts International has shown its conviction in the long term opportunity of MGM China by investing in an incremental 4.95% of the Company, taking its ownership to approximately 56%. We continue to believe in the future of the Macau marketplace and are confident in ongoing success of MGM China as we expand into Cotai in 2017.

At MGM MACAU we continue to manage costs and run our operations in a disciplined manner, whilst we are ramping up in preparation for the launch of MGM COTAI. This discipline has allowed us to expand margins in a challenging and evolving marketplace. In 2016 MGM China adjusted EBITDA margin improved by 290 basis points year-over-year to 30.1%.

We are adapting our business to current conditions. Strategically we are focused on driving revenue across the business with a focus on main floor customers, which is where we see the most opportunity. We are in the process of redesigning and refurnishing our main floor layout in MGM MACAU to improve traffic flow and operating efficiencies. We are diversifying our business by adding retail outlets and will open new and improved food and beverage outlets in 2017. Beyond this, we are committed to continuing to bring exciting and memorable events to our property in support of the Macau Government's vision for diversification and developing the city as a world-class tourism destination.

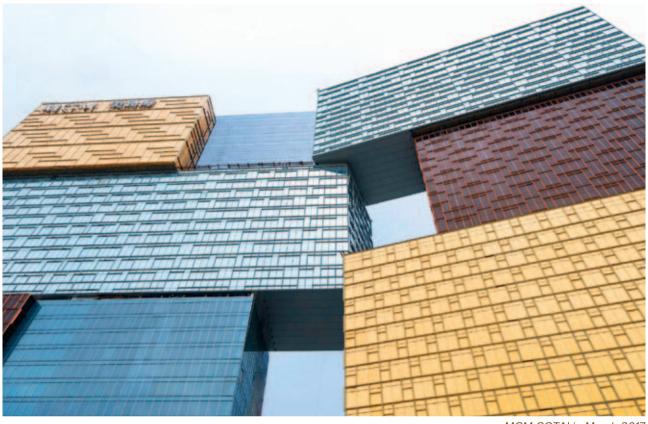
CHAIRPERSON'S STATEMENT



MGM China continues to be recognized for its support of the local community, our team members and the environment. We have one of the best Human Resources teams in the region and this year we were recognized with five awards from the Macau-based Human Resources Magazine. The Company delivered nearly 270,000 hours of training in 2016, representing 45 hours for each team member, preparing for promotion and training of our staff leading up to the opening of MGM COTAI. We grew our business with local small and medium sized enterprises by MOP155 million.

Our commitment to environmental sustainability was marked by the achievement of inclusion in the Hang Seng Sustainability Index for MGM China Holdings Limited. Also MGM COTAI was awarded with the China Green Building (Macau) Design Label for making our property the largest ever to achieve this status.

2017 will be a transformational year for MGM, our team of employees will double as will our scale and operation in Macau. With almost twice the square footage of what we have at MGM MACAU, MGM COTAI's scale will allow us to develop what



MGM COTAI in March 2017

we are known for around the world with diversified entertainment offerings. Our theater will be a transformable space, the first of its kind in Asia and the only one of its kind in the world at this size, offering a wide range of entertainment to draw visitors from around the world. Our Spectacle, situated at the heart of the resort, will be enriched with incredible experiential technology elements to wow our guests.

When completed, our new resort will provide a truly unique MGM experience with approximately 1,400

hotel rooms, up to 500 gaming tables and 1,500 slot machines. I am certain the opening of MGM COTAI will bring never been seen before experiences to the visitors of Macau.

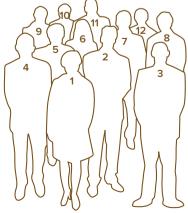
We look forward to an extraordinary year for our Company in 2017.

James J. Murren

Chairperson

DIRECTORS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT





- 1. Pansy Ho
- 2. Jim Murren
- 3. Grant R. Bowie
- 4. Russell Banham
- 5. CY Wong
- 6. Patti Lam

- 7. Bill Hornbuckle
- 8. Zhe Sun
- 9. Ken Rosevear
- 10. Peter Wong
- 11. William Scott
- 12. Dan D'Arrigo

MEMBERS OF OUR BOARD Executive Directors

James Joseph Murren, aged 55, is the Chairperson and an Executive Director of MGM China Holdings Limited. Mr. Murren is the Chairman and Chief Executive Officer of MGM Resorts International. He has served as a director of MGM Grand Paradise since January 19, 2010. Since April 22, 2016, Mr. Murren also serves as Chairman of the Board of MGM Growth Properties, a real estate investment fund listed in the New York Stock Exchange that is engaged in the acquisition, ownership and leasing of large-scale destination entertainment and leisure resorts, whose diverse amenities include casino gaming, hotel, convention, dining, entertainment and retail offerings. In 1998, Mr. Murren joined MGM Grand Inc. (a predecessor of MGM Resorts International) as Chief Financial Officer and a member of the board. He completed significant acquisitions over the next seven years, overseeing the transformation of MGM Resorts International into one of the world's leading gaming companies. In 1999, the board promoted Mr. Murren to President and then to Chief Operating Officer in 2007. As Chief Financial Officer, Mr. Murren directed the implementation of an extensive reorganization of MGM Grand Inc. and started the development of CityCenter. Before he joined MGM Grand Inc., Mr. Murren served as a Managing Director of U.S. Equity Research at Deutsche Bank AG. Mr. Murren graduated with a Bachelor's degree in art history and urban studies from Trinity College, Hartford in 1983. Prior to joining the board of MGM Grand Paradise, Mr. Murren was involved in the design, development, financing, management and operations of MGM Grand Paradise.

Pansy Catilina Chiu King Ho, JP, aged 54, is the Co-Chairperson, an Executive Director and a member of the Remuneration Committee of MGM China Holdings Limited. Ms. Ho is the Managing Director of Shun Tak Holdings Limited, a leading business conglomerate listed on the Hong Kong Stock Exchange, a position she has held since 1999. She has served as a director of MGM Grand Paradise since June 1, 2005. Ms. Ho is also a director of a number of privately held companies, including Grand Paradise Macau Limited, Grand Paradise Grupo S.A., New Corporate Enterprises Limited, Bright Elite Holdings Limited and Grand Paradise Group (HK) Limited. In addition, Ms. Ho is the Vice Chairman of the board of directors of Macau International Airport Company Limited and an independent non-executive director of Sing Tao News Corporation Limited which is listed on the Hong Kong Stock Exchange. She is also a Standing Committee Member of the Beijing Municipal Committee of the Chinese People's Political Consultative Conference, a Standing Committee Member of the All-China Federation of Industry and Commerce, a Vice President of the China Chamber of Tourism. In Macau, Ms. Ho is a member of the Government of Macau SAR Tourism Development Committee, Committee Member of the Committee for Cultural Industries and Committee for Women and Children Affairs, the Chairperson of Global Tourism Economy Research Centre, the Vice Chairperson and Secretary-General of Global Tourism Economy Forum, a Vice President of the Macau Chamber of Commerce and a Vice Chairperson of Macau Convention & Exhibition Association. Internationally, she is also an Executive Committee Member of the World Travel & Tourism Council and a member of Sotheby's International Advisory Board. Ms. Ho was appointed as Honorary Professor of School of Political Communication, Central China Normal University in November 2013, she was appointed as Honorary Fellowship from the Hong Kong Academy for Performing Arts and University of Hong Kong in June 2014 and September 2015 respectively, and appointed as Justices of Peace in July 2015. Ms. Ho graduated with a Bachelor's degree in marketing and international business management from the University of Santa Clara in the United States.

DIRECTORS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT

Chen Yau Wong, aged 63, is an Executive Director and a member of the Nomination and Corporate Governance Committee of MGM China Holdings Limited. Mr. Wong is a director of MGM Grand Paradise, a position he has held since September 2007. Mr. Wong was a director of Grand Paradise Group (HK) Limited from December 2014 and retired in June 2016 and Grand Paradise Grupo S.A. from January 2005 and retired in June 2016. Prior to that, Mr. Wong was appointed by Shun Tak Holdings Limited as a financial advisor and operations controller between 2000 and 2007. Mr. Wong qualified as a chartered accountant in England and Wales in 1980 and graduated with a Bachelor's degree in mechanical engineering science from the University of Salford in the United Kingdom.

William Joseph Hornbuckle, aged 59, is an Executive Director and a member of the Remuneration Committee of MGM China Holdings Limited. He also serves as a director of MGM Grand Paradise with operations and resorts in Macau since November 16, 2009. A 38-year veteran of the gaming industry, Mr. Hornbuckle currently serves as President of MGM Resorts International. In this capacity, one of his main roles is to serve as the Company's Chief Construction Design and Development Officer. He is also in charge of the global expansion efforts of the Company through its gaming development and MGM Hospitality divisions. These responsibilities focus on the positioning of MGM Resorts International portfolio of properties and the company's overall growth strategy. Mr. Hornbuckle also plays an integral part by spearheading MGM Resorts International Government Affairs team — developing the Company's strategic relationships with governmental agencies in existing jurisdictions and emerging markets. In addition, Mr. Hornbuckle oversees the Company's Entertainment team in creating a synergistic approach for the Company's entertainment programing. He also serves as a key operational liaison to the Chief Executive Officer and Chief Operating Officer on all matters of operational significance. Mr. Hornbuckle was previously Chief Marketing Officer of MGM Resorts International from 2009 until 2012. From 2005 until August 2009, Mr. Hornbuckle served as President and Chief Operating Officer of Mandalay Bay Resort & Casino in Las Vegas. He previously served as President and Chief Operating Officer of MGM Resorts International-Europe, where he worked on the development of the company's gaming operations in the United Kingdom. He also served as President and Chief Operating Officer of MGM Grand Las Vegas from 1998 to 2001. Prior to MGM Grand Las Vegas, Mr. Hornbuckle served as President and Chief Operating Officer for Caesars Palace, Las Vegas. He spent the majority of his earlier career with Mirage Resorts Inc. in various senior management positions, including President and Chief Operating Officer of the Golden Nugget Laughlin, Executive Vice President and Chief Operating Officer of Treasure Island and Vice President of Hotel Operations for The Mirage, opening the hotel in 1989. Mr. Hornbuckle is a graduate of the University of Nevada, Las Vegas and has a Bachelor of Science Degree in Hotel Administration. He serves on the Board of Advisors of the Andre Agassi Foundation, the Board of Trustees for Three Square Food Bank and is a Founder of the Bank of George. Previously, Mr. Hornbuckle served on the boards for the United Way of Southern Nevada and the University of Nevada, Las Vegas Foundation. From 1999 to 2003, he also served as a Board Member of the Las Vegas Convention and Visitors Authority. Since April 22, 2016, Mr. Hornbuckle also serves as Director of MGM Growth Properties.

Grant R. Bowie, aged 59, is the Chief Executive Officer and an Executive Director of MGM China Holdings Limited. He has been the President of MGM Grand Paradise since August 1, 2008. With over two decades of experience working in the hospitality industry, Mr. Bowie joined our Company after approximately four years as the President and General Manager of Wynn Resorts (Macau) S.A. Prior to that, he contributed to the growth and development of Park Place Entertainment Corporation's Jupiter operations in Australia from 1987 to 2003. In his sixteen years with Park Place Entertainment, he held senior positions in casino, general finance and hotel operations before being appointed General Manager of both Park Place Entertainment's properties in Australia. Mr. Bowie is also an Adjunct Professor in Tourism and Leisure Management at the University of Queensland. Mr. Bowie holds a Bachelor's degree in commerce from the University of Otago in New Zealand.

Non-executive Directors

William M. Scott IV, aged 56, is a Non-executive Director and a member of the Nomination and Corporate Governance Committee of MGM China Holdings Limited since March 16, 2011. Mr. Scott also served as President of MGM Asia Pacific and its corporate predecessors since June 2014 and is the executive director and General Manager of Diaoyutai MGM Hospitality, Ltd., the joint venture between MGM Resorts International and Diaoyutai State Guesthouse (the hospitality arm of the PRC government) for the development of hospitality resources in Greater China. Previously, Mr. Scott served as an Executive Vice President-Corporate Strategy and Special Counsel of MGM Resorts International and various executive positions with that company from August 2009 to June 2014. From 1986 to 2009, Mr. Scott practiced law with firm Sheppard, Mullin, Richter & Hampton, LLP, specializing in financing transactions, being a partner of the firm commencing January 1993. Mr. Scott holds a Bachelor's degree in history from the Dartmouth College in 1982 and a Juris Doctor degree from Union University in 1985. He also obtained a Master of Laws in Banking and Financial Services Law from Boston University in 1986.

Daniel J. D'Arrigo, aged 48, is a Non-executive Director and a member of the Audit Committee of MGM China Holdings Limited since April 1, 2014. Mr. D'Arrigo is the Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer of MGM Resorts International. He has held the position of Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer since August 2007 and the position of Treasurer of MGM Resorts International since 2009 to 2016. Mr. D'Arrigo previously served as Senior Vice President-Finance of MGM Resorts International from February 2005 to August 2007 and as Vice President-Finance of MGM Resorts International from December 2000 to February 2005. Mr. D'Arrigo holds a Bachelor's degree in Business Administration from West Virginia University in 1991.

DIRECTORS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT

Kenneth A. Rosevear, aged 67, is a Non-executive Director and was a member of the Audit Committee of MGM China Holdings Limited until April 1, 2014. Mr. Rosevear is the President of MGM Resorts Development, LLC (a subsidiary of MGM Resorts International), a position he has held since 1995. He has served as director of MGM Grand Paradise since December 4, 2008. Prior to joining MGM Resorts International, Mr. Rosevear was the President of Development of Caesars World for two years. Mr. Rosevear was Chief Executive of Sun International Group, which operated casino resorts in southern Africa, from 1985 to 1993 and its Deputy Managing Director from 1983 to 1985. He held the position of Financial Director of Southern Sun Group from 1982 to 1983. Mr. Rosevear began his career at Price Waterhouse in 1967 and rose to partnership in 1979, a position he held until 1982. During his career, Mr. Rosevear has overseen the design, construction and development of a number of gaming resorts internationally, including MGM MACAU. Mr. Rosevear obtained a Certificate in the Theory of Accountancy from the University of the Witwatersrand, Johannesburg and was qualified as a chartered accountant by the Chartered Accountants of South Africa in 1973.

Independent Non-executive Directors

Zhe Sun, aged 51, is an Independent Non-executive Director, the Chairperson of the Remuneration Committee, a member of the Audit Committee and a member of the Nomination and Corporate Governance Committee of MGM China Holdings Limited since September 27, 2010. He is a professor at the Institute for International Studies and director of the Center for U.S.-China Relations at Tsinghua University. Prior to that, he was a professor and deputy director of the Center for American Studies at Fudan University between 2000 and 2007. Professor Sun has also taught at the East Asian Institute, Columbia University and Ramapo College, New Jersey. Professor Sun is the author and editor of eighteen books on comparative politics and U.S.-China relations. He has a Bachelor's and a Master's degree in law from Fudan University in 1987 and 1989, respectively, and obtained a Doctor's degree in political science from Columbia University in 2000. He also obtained a Master of Art degree from Indiana State University in 1992.

Sze Wan Patricia Lam, aged 50, is an Independent Non-executive Director, the Chairperson of the Nomination and Corporate Governance Committee and a member of the Remuneration Committee of MGM China Holdings Limited since March 16, 2011. She is the Chairman of Sotheby's Asia and a member of the Board of Governors of the Hang Seng Management College in Hong Kong. Based between London and Hong Kong, Ms. Lam held the post of Head of Sotheby's Private Client Services Department in London before her appointment as Chairman of Sotheby's Asia in 2004. She was also appointed as Chairman of Sotheby's Diamonds, a retail joint venture established in December 2005 between Sotheby's and the Steinmetz Diamond Group. She received her Bachelor's degree in Monetary Economics from the London School of Economics in 1990 and a post graduate diploma in Asian Arts — Chinese, Japanese and Korean Arts at the School of Oriental and African Studies, London University in 1991.

Peter Man Kong Wong, aged 68, is an Independent Non-executive Director, a member of the Audit Committee, a member of the Remuneration Committee and a member of the Nomination and Corporate Governance Committee of MGM China Holdings Limited since November 30, 2012. Mr. Wong has over forty years of industrial, commercial and public service experience. He is serving as a deputy to the 12th National People's Congress of the People's Republic of China. Mr. Wong is currently the Chairman of M.K. Corporation Limited, Culture Resources Development Co., Ltd. and North West Development Limited. Mr. Wong holds a Bachelor of Science Degree from the University of California, Berkeley. He was nominated a Justice of the Peace in 1987 and was awarded Bronze Bauhinia Star in 2003 for his valuable contributions to promote public services in Hong Kong. Mr. Wong has an extensive record in public services. From 1979 to 1992, he served as a director of Kowloon-Canton Railway Corporation and a member in Hong Kong Government's Transport Advisory Board, Industry Development Board and Trade Advisory Board. He was also a member of the Hong Kong Special Administrative Region Preparatory Committee during 1996 and 1997 and a member of the Election Committee of the Second Chief Executive of the Hong Kong Special Administrative Region in 2002. Mr. Wong currently holds directorships in a number of public companies listed on the Hong Kong Stock Exchange. He is an independent non-executive director of Glorious Sun Enterprises Limited, China Travel International Investment Hong Kong Limited, Chinney Investments, Limited, Sun Hung Kai & Co., Limited, Sino Hotels (Holdings) Limited, Far East Consortium International Limited and New Times Energy Corporation Limited. He is a non-executive director of Hong Kong Ferry (Holdings) Company Limited.

DIRECTORS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT

Russell Francis Banham, aged 63, is an Independent Non-executive Director, the Chairperson of the Audit Committee, a member of the Nomination and Corporate Governance Committee and a member of the Remuneration Committee of MGM China Holdings Limited since November 20, 2014. Mr. Banham retired from Deloitte CIS, Moscow Office in 2014, where he had been a partner since 2011. Before that, he worked from 2007 to 2011 at Deloitte CIS in Almaty, Kazakhstan, and from 2002 to 2007 he worked for Ernst and Young in Brisbane, Australia. Mr. Banham started his professional career as an auditor in 1974 working for Andersen and stayed at the Sydney Office, Australia, until 1984, from 1984 to 1985 he worked at the Andersen Los Angeles office, United States of America, and from 1985 to 2002 he worked at the Andersen Brisbane office, Australia. In his professional career in Australia, he was the lead audit partner for several clients in the gaming and hospitality industries and acquired relevant experience in these sectors. In 2016, Mr. Banham completed the Company Directors' Course of the Australian Institute of Company Directors and is a Graduate of the Australian Institute of Company Directors. He has a Bachelor of Commerce in Accounting degree, from the University of New South Wales, Sydney and is a Fellow of the Institute of Chartered Accountants in Australia.

SENIOR MANAGEMENT

John L. Shigley, aged 60, is our Chief Operating Officer of Gaming. Mr. Shigley has been with the Company since January 2014. Mr. Shigley oversees our casino operations, casino marketing, VIP marketing and VIP operations for both MGM MACAU and MGM COTAI. Effective in August 2016, Mr. Shigley also oversees hotel, food and beverage operations for MGM MACAU. Having been with MGM Resorts International since 2002, Mr. Shigley brings with him a wealth of experience and accomplishments. Just prior to joining us here in Macau, he served as President and Chief Operating Officer of MGM Grand Ho Tram Beach in Vietnam. His previous experience with MGM Resorts International includes serving as Executive Vice President — Operations and Executive Vice President/Chief Financial Officer for MGM Grand Las Vegas, and Executive Vice President of New York-New York Hotel and Casino. Before joining MGM Resorts International, Mr. Shigley served as President of both Caesars Palace in Las Vegas and Primm Valley Resorts. He also held executive positions at Caesars World and Caesars Tahoe. Mr. Shigley graduated with a Bachelor of Science in Accountancy from Northern Illinois University and is also a licensed certified public accountant in the state of Nevada, USA.

Zhi Qi (Hubert) Wang, aged 49, is our Senior Vice President — Finance & Chief Financial Officer. Mr. Wang has been with the Company since July 2011. As the most senior finance executive at MGM China, Mr. Wang plays a key role in both daily operations and corporate strategies and affairs. Mr. Wang is a seasoned executive with a wealth of knowledge in the operation of integrated resorts and corporate finance. He had worked for a number of large integrated resort companies in the United States and Canada, including Caesars Entertainment Inc. and Las Vegas Sands Corporation before he joined MGM China. He held senior positions in either property operations or corporate finance in these companies. Mr. Wang has been instrumental in leading yield management and continuous improvement business initiatives. He has also successfully led the execution of key technology and business process innovations for our business. Mr. Wang holds a graduate degree in Master of Business Administration.

Antonio Jose Menano, aged 54, is our Company Secretary and Senior Vice President, Legal & General Counsel. Mr. Menano originally joined MGM Grand Paradise as Company Secretary and Director, Legal & Administrative Affairs on September 1, 2005. Before joining us, he was the director of Air Law, Air Transport & International Relations for the Civil Aviation Authority of Macau for more than ten years. In this capacity, he was responsible for negotiation of air service agreements, drafting of Macau Special Administrative Region civil aviation laws and regulations and providing legal support to the Civil Aviation Authority. Simultaneously, Mr. Menano worked as a Government Delegate in Air Macau Company Limited and previously worked in Instituto de Accao Social de Macau. He graduated with a law degree from the University of Coimbra.

Yuen Ying (Wendy) Yu, aged 49, is our Senior Vice President, Human Resources with responsibilities for all HR functions at both MGM MACAU and MGM COTAI. Ms. Yu has been with the Company since July 2009 after having spent two decades being actively involved in the transformation of Macau's hospitality and human resources industries. Ms. Yu started her hospitality career with the Hyatt Regency Macau and then was hired as Human Resources Manager of Holiday Inn Macau from its pre-opening stage. Subsequently she moved and worked for an assignment in Shanghai with the New World Group. Upon returned to Macau, she left the corporate world for a one-year stint as a lecturer for the Institute of Tourism Education in Macau. She then joined the Westin Resort Macau where she held the position of Director of Human Resources and was in charge of the organizational realignment when the Westin brand was integrated into the Starwood Family. From 2003 to 2008, Ms. Yu was the Vice President of Human Resources for Wynn Resorts (Macau) S.A. as part of the opening team. Prior to joining our Company, Ms. Yu returned to Starwood Hotels and Resorts to set up their opening teams for their Sheraton and St. Regis projects in Cotai. Ms. Yu graduated with a Bachelor's degree in business administration in Personnel Management from the University of East Asia Macau (now University of Macau).

DIRECTORS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT

Mel Hansen, aged 50, is our Senior Vice President of Design, Development and Construction. Mr. Hansen has been with the Company since September 2011. Mr. Hansen oversees the planning and development of our expansion projects with focus on our Cotai project. Mr. Hansen is a seasoned professional with over a decade of senior management experience in casino and resort development. Since joining MGM Grand Las Vegas in 1996, Mr. Hansen was responsible for various opening and expansion projects in Las Vegas, New York and South Africa. From 2004 to 2006, he was posted to Macau as Vice President for MGM Mirage to oversee the development of MGM MACAU. Following that, Mr. Hansen moved to South Africa where he owned and managed several companies including a brewery and an engineering consultancy firm.

Rahul Kaushik, aged 44, is our Senior Vice President of Mlife Experience & Customer Relationship Marketing. Mr. Kaushik has been with our Company since December 2014. He oversees Mlife, our new Customer Relations & Loyalty Program, and is working to further define and deliver the Company's strategies to attract more customers and enhance the quality of relationship with our existing customers. Prior to joining our Company, Mr. Kaushik served as the Vice President of CRM & Loyalty at Sands China where he led the loyalty and customer engagement programs for their four properties in Macau. Prior to that he was the Executive Director at Wynn Las Vegas where he was responsible for revitalizing Hotel Sales & Marketing, as well as Planning & Development for the Encore Resort. Mr. Kaushik graduated with a Bachelor's degree in Engineering from Delhi College of Engineering, India, and an MBA from Southern Methodist University, Dallas, USA.

Sylvain Guimond, aged 55, is our Vice President of Entertainment. Mr. Guimond has been with the Company since May 2015. He is responsible for MGM MACAU and MGM COTAI's entertainment content and the overall operation of our theater at MGM COTAI. Mr. Guimond joined Cirque du Soleil in 1990 when the small Quebec company counted 140 employees and served as the Touring Shows Development Director to explore and open new markets worldwide before moving to Macau early 2011. He then joined Dragone Macau Limited to serve as General Manager. He spent 4 years at the helm of "The House of Dancing Water" and was able to efficiently manage the daily operation of this large scale water base extravaganza before joining us. Mr. Guimond came to our Company rich of over 25 years of experience in live entertainment management.

Kin Hung (Moky) Lam, aged 49, is our Vice President of Food & Beverage. Mr. Lam has been with the Company since September 2016. He is responsible for all food and beverage operations for MGM COTAI. He learned his trade at The Peninsula Hong Kong, where he began as a waiter and worked his way up to the position of Director of Food & Beverage. At his Peninsula service period, he had also gained overseas exposure and worked as Executive Assistant Manager — Food & Beverage for their property in Bangkok and Shanghai. Mr. Lam is a seasoned professional with nearly 30 years of experience in Food & Beverage. Prior to joining us, he worked for the Wanda Hotels group where he served as General Manager for the company's Nanjing property. Before that, he was the Chief Food & Beverage Director in Wanda's corporate office in Beijing, where he oversaw the operations of all restaurants in numerous locations across China. From 2010 to 2013, Mr. Lam worked as the Director of Chinese Food & Beverage Operations for Intercontinental Hotels Group in the corporate office, responsible for a portfolio of 190 restaurants. Additionally, he supported their expansion from 190 properties to 300 properties in Greater China during his service period.

Sarah A. Rogers, aged 37, is our Senior Vice President of Strategy & Corporate Responsibility. Ms. Rogers has been with the Company since August 2015. She is responsible for leading the strategy and communication of our Company and our corporate responsibility initiatives. Prior to joining the Company, Ms. Rogers served as Vice President of Investor Relations for MGM Resorts International since 2009. In her previous role, Sarah successfully communicated MGM Resorts International's financial messaging through important projects such as US\$25 billion in capital raises, the opening of City Center and the initial public offering of MGM China. Before her career with MGM Resort International, Ms. Rogers was with the Deutsche Bank Securities, Inc, in New York from 2002 to 2009, where she held various positions in institutional equities and fixed income. Ms. Rogers is a graduate of the American University of Paris, with a Bachelor of Arts in International Business Administration.

DIRECTORS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT

Scott L. Wessel, age 45, is our Senior Vice President, Digital and Technology Solutions. Mr. Wessel has been in this position since 2013. He currently oversees all aspects of the Technology/Digital environment and provides executive oversight/direction for all technological, infrastructure, application, and digital solutions as well as the information security program at both MGM MACAU and MGM COTAI. Previously, Mr. Wessel spent over 20 years at MGM Resorts International, which included a 4-year assignment in Macau. During his time with MGM in Las Vegas, Nevada, USA, he held various management positions in Information Technology such as Director, Application Support, Director, Program Management, & Executive Director, Information Technology Strategy. During this time, he was responsible for overseeing the governance of a US\$20 million project portfolio as well as the direct management and oversight of a US\$125 million capital budget for a multi-faceted hotel/casino/retail/residential project in Las Vegas. From 2006-2008, during the planning and opening stages of MGM MACAU, Mr. Wessel was in the role of Director, Information Technology directing all facets of the technology implementation. He rejoined MGM MACAU as our Vice President of Information Technology in 2011 and in 2013, he became the Senior Vice President, Digital & Technology Solutions for MGM China. Mr. Wessel has a Bachelor Degree in Hotel Administration from the University of Nevada, Las Vegas and a Masters in Information Technology from American Intercontinental University.

Michael G. Holubowskyj, aged 52, is our Senior Vice President of Security & Safety. Mr. Holubowskyj has been with the Company since November 2008. He is responsible for overseeing all security and safety operations and risk management processes in MGM MACAU and MGM COTAI. Mr. Holubowskyj has 29 years of experience in the security and policing field. Before joining our Company, Mr. Holubowskyj was the Head of Security Services for the Hong Kong Jockey Club from 2007 to 2008. Prior to that he was the Director of Security for Wynn Resorts (Macau) S.A. from 2006 and 2007, where he helped establish the security department in preparation for the opening of the resort. From 2004 to 2006, Mr. Holubowskyj worked as the Director of Security, Safety, Fire and Health Services for Hong Kong Disneyland. Before joining the private sector security industry, Mr. Holubowskyj spent 17 years in law enforcement with the Hong Kong Police Force, where he attained the rank of Superintendent of Police. He graduated from the University of London with a Bachelor of Science (Honors) in Mathematics and Statistics. He also obtained a Master's degree in business administration from Heriot Watt University in the United Kingdom.

James A. Lisle, aged 56, is our Vice President Global Security. Mr. Lisle has been with the Company since September 2013 and prior to that was retained by the Company as a full time consultant from October 2008. Mr. Lisle oversees pre-employment and vendor screening as well as internal investigations. Prior to joining the Company Mr. Lisle served as Executive Director of Security and Investigations at Wynn Resorts (Macau) S.A. From 1983-2004 Mr. Lisle served in the Hong Kong Police Force. Mr. Lisle holds a Master's in Public Policy & Administration from Charles Sturt University, Australia and a Master's in Public Order from Leicester University in the United Kingdom.

Peter R. Wilson, aged 57, is our Vice President of Surveillance. Mr. Wilson joined the Company in February 2009. He is responsible for overseeing the surveillance operations in MGM MACAU and MGM COTAI. Mr. Wilson has accumulated 28 years of casino surveillance experience, which included 21 years in senior surveillance management. He spent 18 years with Conrad Jupiter's in Queensland Australia followed by 11 years in Macau, being on the preopening team for Wynn Resorts (Macau) S.A. in 2005 and later joining our Company in 2009. Mr. Wilson has been involved in two casino/resort openings in Macau, as well as numerous expansion projects.

So Han (Eugene) Chan, aged 52, is our Vice President of Internal Audit. Ms. Chan has been with the Company since August 2011. She is responsible for leading the internal audit department. Prior to joining our Company, Ms. Chan served as the Director of Risk Management and Control for China Foods Limited, a company listed on the Hong Kong Stock Exchange. Ms. Chan started her professional career at PricewaterhouseCoopers and subsequently moved on to Philips Electronics Limited where she undertook an Asia Pacific regional internal audit role as well as a financial controllership role. She is a seasoned professional with extensive management experience in internal audit, risk management, internal control, finance and accounting, and corporate governance. Ms. Chan holds a degree in Master of Business Administration from the California State University, Hayward. She graduated from the Hong Kong Baptist University with an honors diploma in Accounting. Ms. Chan is a member of each of the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants and the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants.



MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Our competitive strengths lie in our high quality product and service offerings; our ability to segment and conduct targeted marketing to various customer groups through our Mlife customer relationship program; our strong analytical capability and effective execution of our strategies by our operations team. We continue to execute our strategies on improving customer experience, employee engagement and operational efficiency.

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Overview

MGM China, one of the leading developer, owner and operator of integrated resorts. MGM MACAU, a luxury integrated resort inspired by the arts with every element of the resort infused with creativity and style. MGM COTAI, designed as the "jewelry box" of Cotai, is the first international Mansion at MGM for the ultimate luxury experience. It will drive greater product diversification and bring more advanced and innovative forms of entertainment to Macau as it grows as a global tourist destination.

BUSINESS OVERVIEW

MGM MACAU opened in December 2007 and has a casino floor area of approximately 30,069 square meters, with 1,060 slot machines, 427 gaming tables and multiple VIP and private gaming areas. The hotel comprises a 35-storey tower with 582 deluxe rooms, 468 standard quest rooms, 99 luxury suites and 15 private luxury villas. In addition, the resort offers luxurious amenities, including 8 diverse restaurants and bars, retail outlets, world-class pool and spa facilities, and approximately 1,600 square meters of convertible convention space. The resort's focal point is the signature Grande Praça and features Portuguese-inspired architecture, dramatic landscapes and a glass ceiling rising 25 meters above the floor of the resort. Our property is directly connected to the One Central complex, which features many of the world's leading luxury retailers and includes Mandarin Oriental Hotel and serviced apartments.

Propelled by the solid economic development in China, the Macau gaming market enjoyed strong growth from 2010 until mid-2014. Starting in the second half of 2014, significant changes, as discussed below, occurred in the Macau gaming market especially related to policy initiatives introduced by the governments of Macau and China. The combined effect of these polices has led to a significant decline in gross gaming revenue in the Macau market. These changes, together with increased competition, have created a challenging business environment. Total gross gaming revenue in the Macau market has recently stabilized with growth occurring in each month since August 2016.

The Group continues to respond to the current market conditions by focusing on profitability, actively managing the gaming floor and room yields and lowering the operating cost base. We are selectively allocating capital expenditure to enhance and refine MGM MACAU and progress the development of our new MGM COTAI property. Our revenue, adjusted EBITDA and profit attributable to owners of the Company decreased by 13.2%, 3.8% and 2.4% to HK\$14,907.5 million, HK\$4,491.8 million and HK\$3,036.5 million, respectively for the year ended December 31, 2016 over the prior year.



COTAI DEVELOPMENT

Project progress through the second half of 2016 continued at a good pace on MGM COTAI. The majority of all building enclosure works for the tower and the podium have completed including exterior signage on the towers and the erection of the MGM Lion at the north end of the property. Principal efforts across both the podium and the hotel towers continue to be the testing and commissioning of the building systems in parallel with fit-out activities related to finish material and architectural interiors installations.

As we announced in January 2017 that we are strategically pushing back the opening of MGM COTAl to the second half of this year, we are currently working with both our contractor and the Macau Government to finalize the appropriate timeline and the necessary process to open later this year. We are taking the time necessary to construct a building that is intricate and complex in its design to leave good first impressions to our customers.

The expected total development cost is approximately HK\$26 billion, excluding land costs and capitalized interest.

MACAU'S GAMING AND TOURISM MARKETS

2016 continued to be challenging for the Macau gaming market as a result of China and Macau Government policies that began to take effect from mid-2014 including:

- The introduction of smoking restrictions implemented in October 2014;
- Certain political initiatives introduced by the
 China Government, including an anti-corruption
 campaign and currency transfer restrictions.
 This particularly affected the number of high end or premium players visiting the Group's VIP,
 main floor and slot machine gaming operations;

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS



- Tightened regulations on financial accounting, anti-money laundering reporting and accounting records keeping for gaming promoters (started in the fourth quarter of 2015) and a ban on mobile telephone usage at VIP gaming tables from May 2016. These changes particularly impacted the Group's VIP gaming performance; and
- The slowing of economic growth in China further impacted the Group's gaming operations.

Total gross gaming revenue in the Macau market decreased by 34.3% to HK\$224.1 billion in 2015 over the prior year and further declined in 2016 by 3.3% to HK\$216.7 billion compared to the prior year. Encouragingly, total gross gaming revenue has recently stabilized with growth occurring in each

month since August 2016 due in part to the new properties opened in Macau in the second half of 2016.

The Statistics and Census Service of the Macau Government reported that visitor arrivals reached 31.0 million in 2016 which remained constant compared to the prior year. Customers travelling to Macau are typically from nearby regions in Asia including mainland China, Hong Kong, Taiwan, South Korea and Japan. Approximately 66.1% of visitors to Macau in 2016 were from mainland China which remained stable in 2016 compared to the prior year and reached 20.5 million in 2016.

Despite the present market conditions in Macau, we are optimistic about the long-term growth of the Macau gaming market due to:



- The financial investments made by gaming concessionaires, including MGM China, in the opening of new properties providing superior and diverse gaming and non-gaming products to further position Macau as a world class tourism center;
- Infrastructure improvements, such as the completion of a new Taipa ferry terminal; the expansion of the Macau Airport; the ongoing construction of the Hong Kong Zhuhai Macau bridge; the Zhuhai and Macau border gate 24-hour single check point; the expansion of the Hengqin border gate capacity; the Macau Light Rapid Transit System, that are all expected to facilitate more convenient travel to and from Macau;

- Increased high speed train service to the Zhuhai boarder gate from key cities in China; and
- The continuous growth of Chinese outbound tourism, in particular the growing middle class people.

COMPETITION

Currently, there are six gaming concessionaires operating in Macau, each of which has completed or has expansion plans underway. As at December 31, 2016, there were 38 casinos in Macau. Four development projects in the Cotai area were completed in 2015 and 2016 with five more to be completed within the next three years including our MGM COTAI property which is scheduled to open in the second half of 2017. There is an ongoing market

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

share migration from the Macau Peninsula to Cotai. Our overall gaming market share declined to 8.2% as at December 31, 2016 (December 31, 2015: 9.4%) due primarily to the new property openings that occurred in 2016. Competitive pressures in the Macau market will continue to increase in the future especially as more capacity is brought on line.

Our competition is not geographically limited to the Macau market. We compete with similar businesses in other parts of world including, but not limited to, integrated resorts in Cambodia, Vietnam, South Korea, Singapore, the Philippines, Australia and Las Vegas.

OUR COMPETITIVE STRENGTHS AND OPERATING STRATEGIES

Our competitive strengths lie in our high quality product and service offerings; our ability to segment and conduct targeted marketing to various customer groups through our Mlife customer relationship program; our strong analytical capability and effective execution of our strategies by our operations team.

We continue to execute our strategies on improving customer experience, employee engagement and operational efficiency. Given present market conditions in Macau, we have focused on the main floor gaming operations which currently presents the best opportunity for revenue and profitability growth. We are refurbishing key gaming areas in MGM MACAU to improve traffic flow and to capture more

high-end mass business. We continue to improve operating efficiencies to further enhance our first-class property which embodies luxury, intimacy and inspiration while introducing new innovative gaming products to enhance our customer experience.

We are working on technologies to enhance our analytical capability for operations and marketing to enable us to deliver focused personalized marketing programs. We manage our gaming mix by continuously evaluating table yield, focusing on measuring the number of table open hours in relation to business volume. We are always evaluating the table limits and constantly reviewing the possible reallocation of tables to maximize our table utilization and profitability.

Beyond gaming, we continue to improve our customer experiences by adding and enhancing our non-gaming offerings. We are adding retail offerings and refurbishing our restaurants to maintain our competitiveness in the Macau market. We continue to organize and sponsor exhibits and events in our Grande Praça and Art Space. With almost twice the square footage of MGM MACAU, the scale of our new MGM COTAI property will allow us to capitalize on our international expertise in providing exciting, diversified entertainment offerings. Our MGM COTAI theater will be a transformable space, the first of its kind in Asia and the only one in the world at this scale, offering a wide range of entertainment options to draw visitors from around the world. Our Spectacle, situated at the heart of MGM COTAI, will

be enriched with incredible experiential technology elements to entertain our guests. We will continue to deliver exciting and memorable events to our properties in support of the Macau Government's vision for diversification.

We continue to provide professional and service training to our employees with the goal of building a culture of executional excellence.

OPERATIONAL EFFICIENCY

Given present market conditions in Macau, we have adopted various strategies to protect our earnings by focusing on customer experience, employee engagement and operating efficiency.

We continue to use key performance indicators ("KPIs") in all of our operating units. Decisions on hiring, scheduling and staffing are made in accordance with the KPIs which are linked to our business volume and target productivity goals.

In December 2015, we opened our shared service operation in Zhuhai, China. The shared service center currently consists of Finance, Human Resources, Digital & Technology Solutions and Hospitality Marketing departments. This operation allows us to mitigate the risk of a labor shortage in Macau by tapping into the mainland China talent pool.

We monitor and manage costs and run our operations in a disciplined manner. We continue to manage our savings on various operating expenses on top of an already efficient operating baseline. Our adjusted EBITDA margin increased from 27.2% in 2015 to 30.1% in 2016.

SEGMENT INFORMATION

The Group currently operates in one operating segment which is the ownership and management of its casino, hotel, food and beverage, and retail operations in Macau. A single management team reports to the Group's Chief Executive Officer (being the chief operating decision-maker) who allocates resources and assesses performance based on the consolidated revenue, net results, assets and liabilities prepared under IFRSs for the entire business. Accordingly, the Group does not present separate segment information.

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

DISCUSSION OF RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

Financial results for the year ended December 31, 2016 compared to financial results for the year ended December 31, 2015

OPERATING REVENUE

The following table sets forth the operating revenue for the years ended December 31, 2016 and 2015.

	For the year	For the year ended December 31	
	Decembe		
	2016	2015	
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	
Casino revenue	14,606,066	16,841,551	
VIP gaming operations	5,593,080	7,575,873	
Main floor gaming operations	7,758,617	7,644,619	
Slot machine gaming operations	1,254,369	1,621,059	
Other revenue	301,402	328,902	
Hotel rooms	79,031	71,242	
Food and beverage	167,103	207,437	
Retail and others	55,268	50,223	
Operating revenue	14,907,468	17,170,453	

Total operating revenue of HK\$14,907.5 million for the year ended December 31, 2016 was 13.2% lower than the prior year. The decrease in operating revenue was directly attributable to the changing business conditions in the Macau gaming market that were previously described which impacted the Group from the second half of 2014.

SUMMARY STATISTICS

The following table presents the key measurements we use to evaluate operating revenues.

	For the yea	For the year ended	
	December 31		
(in thousands, except for number of gaming tables and	2016	2015	
slot machines, percentage, and REVPAR)	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	
	(unaudited)	(unaudited)	
Number of VIP gaming tables	162	176	
VIP table games turnover	268,684,749	354,321,172	
VIP gross table games win (1)	8,631,084	11,737,127	
VIP table games win percentage	3.2%	3.3%	
Average daily gross win per VIP gaming table	145.6	182.2	
Number of main floor gaming tables	254	245	
Main floor gross table games win (1)	7,688,849	7,557,392	
Average daily gross win per main floor gaming table	82.8	84.5	
Number of slot machines	1,060	1,174	
Slot machine handle	28,814,923	35,259,469	
Slot machine gross win (1)	1,257,300	1,611,711	
Slot hold percentage	4.4%	4.6%	
Average daily win per slot	3.2	3.8	
Room occupancy rate	95.4%	97.7%	
REVPAR (2)	2,161	2,330	

Notes:

(1) Casino revenue is different to the total of "VIP gross table games win", "main floor gross table games win" and "slot machine gross win" because casino revenue is reported net of commissions and incentives. The following table sets forth a reconciliation of the gaming wins to casino revenue.

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

	For the year ended		
	December 31		
	2016	2015	
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	
VIP gross table games win	8,631,084	11,737,127	
Main floor gross table games win	7,688,849	7,557,392	
Slot machine gross win	1,257,300	1,611,711	
Gross casino revenue	17,577,233	20,906,230	
Commissions and incentives	(2,971,167)	(4,064,679)	
Casino revenue	14,606,066	16,841,551	

(2) Revenue per available room, expressed in HK\$, arrived after inclusion of services provided for hotel rooms to certain customers and guests without charge.

CASINO REVENUE

Casino revenue decreased by 13.3% to HK\$14,606.1 million for the year ended December 31, 2016. The components of our gaming operations were:

VIP Gaming Operations

Gaming Promoters

A significant amount of our VIP casino play is referred to us by gaming promoters, with whom we have established good business relationships and who have historically played an important role in the Macau gaming market. Gaming promoters introduce high-end VIP players to us and normally assist those customers with their travel and entertainment arrangements. In addition, gaming promoters may extend credit to their players.

From time to time and on a case-by-case basis, we grant credit, which is non-interest bearing, to certain

gaming promoters at the beginning of each month to facilitate their working capital requirements. The credit is typically secured by the commissions earned along with business or personal cheques, promissory notes and financial guarantors.

In exchange for their services, we compensate the gaming promoters by paying them a commission based on a percentage of the gross table games win or a percentage of the table games turnover they generate. The commission is settled on a monthly basis normally no later than the second business day of the succeeding month and prior to the re-issuance of credit.

They also earn a complimentary allowance based on a percentage of the table games turnover they generate, which can be applied to hotel rooms, food, beverage and other discretionary customer-related expenses.

Given present market conditions in Macau as previously discussed, gaming promoters have encountered difficulties in attracting patrons to visit Macau. This has resulted in decreased liquidity, limiting their ability to extend credit to their patrons which has resulted in decreased gaming volume at our property. Credit already granted by gaming promoters to their patrons has become more difficult for them to collect.

The quality of gaming promoters with whom we engage in business is important to our reputation and ability to operate in compliance with our Subconcession Contract and Macau gaming laws. We continue to review our business relationship with each of our gaming promoters having particular regard to their financial performance and management capability.

In-house VIP players

In addition to VIP players introduced to us by gaming promoters, we also have in-house VIP players sourced directly through the Company's own marketing channels. These in-house VIP players typically receive a commission and an allowance for hotel rooms, food and beverage based on a percentage of their rolling chip turnover.

We selectively grant credit to certain in-house VIP players whose level of play and financial resources meet our approval criteria. This credit is typically unsecured although we may be provided front money as a deposit, or security by personal cheques as collateral.

We conduct a number of credit checking procedures including the receipt of various signed documents from each credit recipient. If permitted by applicable laws, these documents may aid in legally enforcing collections in countries where the gaming promoters and VIP players reside.

In order to minimize the credit risk with gaming promoters and in-house VIP players, the management of the Group has delegated a team responsible for determination of credit limits, credit approvals and other monitoring procedures to ensure that follow-up action is taken to recover all receivables. The Group has been successful in collecting some receivables previously considered to be irrecoverable. In addition, the Group reviews the recoverable amount of each individual debt regularly to ensure that adequate impairment losses are made for irrecoverable amounts.

Revenue from VIP gaming operations decreased year-over-year by 26.2% to HK\$5,593.1 million in 2016. The decrease in revenue was due to a decrease in VIP table games turnover by 24.2% to HK\$268,684.7 million in 2016 and a slight decrease in VIP table games win percentage from 3.3% to 3.2% in 2016 over the prior year. Given present market conditions in Macau as previously discussed, VIP gaming turnover was adversely impacted particularly by political and macroeconomic factors in China, which is a major source of our VIP gaming customers. In response to the decrease in business volume, we continued in 2016 to work with our gaming promoters to optimize casino space and enhance table yield.

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS



As a result, MGM MACAU reduced the number of VIP gaming tables to 162 in 2016 compared with 176 in 2015. These tables were reallocated to the main floor gaming areas.

Approximately 80% of the commissions paid to gaming promoters are netted against reported casino revenue, which corresponds to the approximate amount of the commission returned to the VIP players by the gaming promoters, and approximately 20% of the commissions are included in operating expenses, which corresponds to the approximate amount ultimately retained by gaming promoters for their compensation. The total amount of commissions netted against casino revenue was HK\$3,041.8 million and HK\$4,165.8 million in 2016 and 2015 respectively.

Main Floor Gaming Operations

Main floor gaming operations in the Macau market are also referred to as the "mass marketing gaming operation". Unlike VIP players, main floor players do not receive commissions from the Group and, accordingly, the profit margin from the main floor business is higher than the VIP operation. The main floor business is the most profitable part of our operations as well as for the Macau gaming market as a whole. We believe this operation represents the most potential for sustainable growth in the future.

For the year ended December 31, 2016, revenue from main floor gaming operations increased year-over-year by 1.5% to HK\$7,758.6 million. Despite the changing business conditions in the Macau gaming market, the effect on our revenues was mitigated by



our continuous efforts to invest capital to improve the gaming experience of our high value main floor players by renovating the dedicated exclusive gaming space for their use. We also reallocated tables from VIP gaming to our main floor gaming areas to maximize our yield. We leveraged our Golden Lion Club as a vehicle to attract and retain those high value main floor players through exclusive customer service and promotions. We also benefited from the recovery of the Macau gaming market especially in mass gaming operations that began to occur in August 2016. In 2016, MGM MACAU had 254 main floor gaming tables in operation compared with 245 main floor gaming tables in 2015.

Going forward, we will continue to evaluate our main floor gaming areas to maximize table utilization, to

expand or refurbish our gaming areas, to innovate our gaming products and to invest in technologies and analytical capability to enhance table productivity and customer retention.

Slot Machine Gaming Operations

Revenue from slot machine gaming operations decreased year-over-year by 22.6% to HK\$1,254.4 million in 2016. The decrease in revenue was due to a decrease in slot handle by 18.3% to HK\$28,814.9 million in 2016 primarily due to the changing business conditions in the Macau gaming market and a decrease in the number of slot machines in operation from 1,174 in 2015 to 1,060 in 2016. It was also adversely impacted by our decline in slot hold percentage from 4.6% in 2015 to 4.4% in 2016.

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

We continuously monitor the mix of our casino games in order to maximize our casino profitability. We continue to develop Mlife in order to increase brand awareness and customer loyalty. In conjunction with the Mlife rollout, we are developing technologies to enhance our analytical capability to enable us to deliver personalized marketing programs.

OTHER REVENUE

Other revenue including hotel rooms, food and beverage and retail decreased year-over-year by 8.4% to HK\$301.4 million in 2016 primarily due to more non-gaming offerings which have been brought on line with the new property openings in the Macau market. The non-gaming facilities and services are critical for MGM MACAU to establish our brand and maintain our popularity in Macau and the region in order to encourage visitation and extend the length of customers' stay within MGM MACAU.

Non-gaming Attractions and Branding Activities

We recognize the importance of brand awareness in growing our business. We have enhanced our marketing activities to take advantage of our internationally recognized brand. Brand-building initiatives are driven through promotions, events, strategic alliances and public relation activities.

The following are some of the exhibits and events we conducted in 2016:

- Art Exhibition in L2 Showcase featuring themed artworks by artists from Macau;
- MGM Water Aurora featuring an eight-metertall water-sky aquarium with fish darting among multi-hued corals located in our Grande Praça;
- Butterfly Garden featuring 160 glass butterflies hover above an indoor garden and surround the breathtaking cylindrical MGM Aquarium in our Grande Praça; and
- "Edgar Degas: Figures in Motion" presenting the impressionist's collection of 74 Sculptures never been shown before in Asia.

These exhibits and events attracted visitors to our property and have created a sense of anticipation among our customers, local communities and tourists about the activities at MGM MACAU. In addition, we continue to improve our customer experiences by enhancing our hotel, food, beverage and retail offerings by expanding and refurbishing the nongaming areas in MGM MACAU.

OPERATING COSTS AND EXPENSES

The major operating costs and expenses for the years ended December 31, 2016 and 2015 were:

		For the year ended December 31	
	2016 HK\$'000	2015 HK\$'000	
Special gaming tax and special levy to the Macau Government	6,998,604	8,305,782	
Inventories consumed	273,074	324,017	
Staff costs	1,949,165	1,965,597	
Other expenses and losses	1,815,796	2,488,879	
Depreciation and amortization	771,712	805,653	
Finance costs	53,255	145,519	
Income tax expense	15,101	16,612	

Special gaming tax and special levy to the Macau Government

Special gaming tax and special levy to the Macau Government decreased year-over-year by 15.7% to HK\$6,998.6 million in 2016. This decrease resulted directly from the decrease in gross casino revenue during the current year.

Inventories consumed

Inventories consumed decreased year-over-year by 15.7% to HK\$273.1 million in 2016. This decrease was primarily due to decrease in consumptions of supplies, including gaming supplies such as cards and other supplies in response to the decrease in our business activities during the current year.

Staff costs

Staff costs remained relatively flat at HK\$1,949.2 million and HK\$1,965.6 million in 2016 and 2015 respectively, which was primarily due to the salary increment for staff promotions in 2016 and our continuous improvement on efficient operation during the current year.

Other expenses and losses

Other expenses and losses decreased year-over-year by 27.0% to HK\$1,815.8 million in 2016, which mainly result from:

Junket commissions. Commissions to gaming promoters decreased by 29.2% from HK\$939.2 million in 2015 to HK\$664.9 million in 2016. The decrease resulted directly from the lower VIP gross table games win during the current year.

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Advertising and promotion expense. Advertising and promotion expense decreased by 20.1% from HK\$521.3 million in 2015 to HK\$416.6 million in 2016. The decrease resulted from less marketing activities being organized during the current year in response to the decrease in our business activities.

License fee and marketing fees. License fee and marketing fees due to related companies decreased by 13.3% from HK\$317.1 million in 2015 to HK\$274.9 million in 2016. The decrease resulted directly from the decrease in revenue during the current year.

(Reversal of allowance)/allowance for doubtful debts, net. Allowance for doubtful debts, net, was a gain of HK\$47.4 million in 2016 compared to an expense of HK\$186.3 million in 2015. There were no changes in the allowance for doubtful debts policy. The current year gain primarily resulted from recovery of doubtful debts provided for in previous years, while the prior year expense was primarily due to the changing business conditions in the Macau gaming market that were previously described which started to impact the Group from the second half of 2014 that caused more casino debtors to default in repayment of their debts and/or their creditworthiness deteriorated.

Depreciation and amortization

Depreciation and amortization decreased yearover-year by 4.2% to HK\$771.7 million in 2016. This decrease was primarily due to the impact of full depreciation of certain assets and offset by new furniture and equipment placed into service during the current year.

Finance costs

Finance costs decreased by 63.4% from HK\$145.5 million in 2015 to HK\$53.3 million in 2016 as HK\$491.7 million of total borrowing costs was capitalized to construction in progress in 2016 (2015: HK\$310.9 million). Total borrowing costs increased by HK\$88.5 million during the current year mainly due to HK\$114.4 million increase in interest incurred for additional bank borrowings because of funding requirements for MGM COTAI development as well as increase in interest margin. The prior year balance also included a HK\$14.9 million loss incurred in modification or early retirement of our debt from the Second Amended Credit Facilities in June 2015.

Income tax expense

Income tax expense in 2016 and 2015 primarily related to dividend withholding tax for the respective periods. Details of income tax expense are set out in note 11 to the consolidated financial statements.

PROFIT ATTRIBUTABLE TO OWNERS OF THE COMPANY

Profit attributable to owners of the Company decreased slightly by 2.4% from HK\$3,112.5 million in 2015 to HK\$3,036.5 million in 2016.

ADJUSTED EBITDA

The following table sets forth a quantitative reconciliation of Adjusted EBITDA to its most directly comparable IFRS measurement, profit attributable to owners of the Company, for the years ended December 31, 2016 and 2015.

	For the year ended	
	December 31	
	2016 2	
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Profit attributable to owners of the Company	3,036,508	3,112,515
Add/(less):		
Depreciation and amortization	771,712	805,653
Interest income	(6,454)	(12,076)
Finance costs	53,255	145,519
Net foreign currency difference	707	17,955
Income tax expense	15,101	16,612
Share-based payments	72,980	85,541
Corporate expenses	384,167	411,628
Pre-opening costs	165,530	53,546
(Gain)/loss on disposal/write-off of property and equipment,		
construction in progress and other assets	(1,668)	32,067
Adjusted EBITDA ⁽¹⁾ (unaudited)	4,491,838	4,668,960

Note:

(1) Adjusted EBITDA is profit before finance costs, income tax expense, depreciation and amortization, interest income, net foreign currency difference, share-based payments, pre-opening costs, corporate expenses which mainly include administrative expenses of the corporate office and license fee paid to a related company, and property charges and other non-recurring expenses. Adjusted EBITDA is used by management as the primary measure of the Group's operating performance and to compare our operating performance with that of our competitors. Adjusted EBITDA should not be considered in isolation, construed as an alternative to profit or operating profit as reported under IFRS or other combined operations or cash flow data, or interpreted as an alternative to cash flow as a measure of liquidity. Adjusted EBITDA presented in this report may not be comparable to other similarly titled measures of other companies operating in the gaming or other business sectors.

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES

CAPITAL RESOURCES

We funded our working capital, operating expenses and capital expenditures from equity, bank borrowings and cash generated from our operations. As at December 31, 2016, our bank and cash balances were HK\$3,547.1 million. This

balance is available for operations, new development activities including MGM COTAI and enhancement to MGM MACAU. As at December 31, 2016, the HK\$12.09 billion term loan facility was fully drawn, while HK\$8.41 billion of the revolving credit facility remained undrawn and available for utilization up to March 2019 for corporate purposes of the Group and future development activities including MGM COTAI.

GEARING RATIO

The Group's gearing ratio is calculated as net debt divided by equity plus net debt. Net debt comprises bank borrowings, net of debt finance costs, less bank balances and cash. Equity comprised all capital and reserves of the Group. The following table presents the calculation of the Group's gearing ratio as at December 31, 2016 and 2015.

	As at	
	December 31	December 31
	2016	2015
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Bank borrowings, net of debt finance costs	14,708,630	11,731,951
Less: bank balances and cash	(3,547,130)	(5,421,058)
Net debt	11,161,500	6,310,893
Total equity	7,216,696	4,915,051
Total capital	18,378,196	11,225,944
Gearing ratio	60.7%	56.2%

GROUP CASH FLOWS

The following table presents a summary of the Group's cash flows for the years ended December 31, 2016 and 2015.

		For the year ended	
	2016	December 31 2016 2015	
	НК\$'000	HK\$'000	
Net cash generated from operating activities	2,762,361	3,209,865	
Net cash used in investing activities	(6,273,339)	(4,581,216)	
Net cash generated from financing activities	1,638,903	2,560,222	
Net (decrease)/increase in cash and cash equivalents	(1,872,075)	1,188,871	
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year	5,421,058	4,232,187	
Effect of foreign exchange rate changes, net	(1,853)	_	
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year	3,547,130	5,421,058	

Net cash generated from operating activities

Our net cash generated from operating activities was primarily affected by operating income generated by MGM Grand Paradise and changes in working capital. Net cash from operating activities was HK\$2,762.4 million in 2016 compared to HK\$3,209.9 million in 2015. The decrease mainly resulted from the decrease in profit attributable to owners of the Company as a result of lower gaming revenue during the current year.

Net cash used in investing activities

Net cash used in investing activities was HK\$6,273.3 million in 2016 compared to HK\$4,581.2 million in 2015. The major components of the cash flow used in investing activities related to payments for the design and construction of MGM COTAI and renovation work carried out at MGM MACAU as well as purchase of property and equipment in total amounting to HK\$5,929.9 million and HK\$4,259.7 million in 2016 and 2015 respectively. Other amounts paid are related to land use right premium and developers' fees due to a related company in both years.

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Net cash generated from financing activities

Net cash generated from financing activities was HK\$1,638.9 million in 2016 compared to HK\$2,560.2 million in 2015. The decrease mainly resulted from HK\$2,900.0 million of revolving credit facility drawn during the current period while HK\$7,800.0 million of term loan facility was drawn in the prior year, partially offset by dividend payments of HK\$805.6 million and HK\$4,624.6 million in the respective years.

CAPITAL COMMITMENTS

As at December 31, 2016, the Group had the following capital commitments under construction contracts and other capital related agreements that are not recorded in the consolidated financial statements:

	As at	
	December 31	December 31
	2016	2015
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Contracted but not accounted for	4,224,259	6,164,810

INDEBTEDNESS

As at December 31, 2016 and 2015, the Group had drawn down its Third Supplemental Agreement and Second Amended Credit Facilities in amounts of HK\$14.99 billion and HK\$12.09 billion respectively. The Group had HK\$8.41 billion and HK\$11.31 billion available to draw as at December 31, 2016 and 2015 respectively.

CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

As at December 31, 2016 and 2015, the Group had given bank guarantees totaling HK\$302.9 million and HK\$300.1 million in relation to our Subconcession, land concession and other operating purposes respectively.

TERM LOAN FACILITY AND REVOLVING CREDIT FACILITY

Overview

On October 22, 2012, the Company and MGM Grand Paradise as co-borrowers entered into an amended and restated credit agreement (the "Amended Credit Facilities") with certain lenders. The Amended Credit Facilities included a HK\$4.29 billion term loan facility and a HK\$11.31 billion revolving credit facility.

On June 9, 2015, the Company and MGM Grand Paradise as co-borrowers entered into a second amended and restated credit agreement (the "Second Amended Credit Facilities") with certain lenders. The Second Amended Credit Facilities were effective on June 12, 2015, which extended the maturity of the Amended Credit Facilities to April 29, 2019 and expanded the term loan facility set out in the Amended Credit Facilities to HK\$12.09 billion. The aggregate amount of the Second Amended Credit facilities is HK\$23.40 billion, consisting of a HK\$12.09 billion term loan facility and a HK\$11.31 billion revolving credit facility. Borrowings under the Second Amended Credit Facilities may be used for proper corporate purposes of the Group and future development opportunities including MGM COTAI.

As at December 31, 2015, the Group incurred and paid miscellaneous charges and bank fees of approximately HK\$363.8 million in relation to the Second Amended Credit Facilities.

On February 2, 2016, an amendment to the Second Amended Credit Facilities was executed (the "Third Supplemental Agreement") to provide the Group with the necessary covenant flexibility while MGM COTAI is in the construction phase as discussed below. The Group incurred and paid miscellaneous charges and bank fees of approximately HK\$85.7 million in relation to the Third Supplemental Agreement during the current year.

An amendment to the Third Supplemental Agreement was executed (the "Fourth Supplemental Agreement") on February 15, 2017 to continue to provide the Group with further covenant flexibility while MGM COTAI is in the construction phase, but with a view to deleveraging following MGM COTAI opening as discussed below.

Principal and Interest

As at December 31, 2016, HK\$12.09 billion of the term loan facility was fully drawn while HK\$8.41 billion of revolving credit facility is undrawn and available for utilization up to March 2019. The term loan facility is repayable on a quarterly basis commencing in October 2017 and is to be fully repaid in April 2019. Each drawdown under the revolving credit facility is repaid in full on the last date of the respective term but no later than April 2019.

The Second Amended Credit Facilities bear interest at HIBOR plus a fixed margin of 1.75% per annum for the first six months and thereafter a variable margin ranging from 1.375% to 2.5% per annum based on the Group's leverage ratio. As at December 31, 2016, the Group paid interest at HIBOR plus 2.00% per annum (2015: HIBOR plus 1.75% per annum).

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

General Covenants

The Second Amended Credit Facilities contain general covenants restricting the ability of the obligor group (the Company and certain of its subsidiaries, namely the Restricted Group) to, among other things, enter into, dispose of or amend to certain commitments and/or investments. With the approval of the lenders there are certain permitted exceptions to these restrictions.

Financial Covenants

Under the Second Amended Credit Facilities, the Restricted Group was required to maintain a leverage ratio at the end of each quarter while the loans are outstanding. The leverage ratio was to be kept within 4.5 to 1.0 for each quarter and reduced to no greater than 4.0 to 1.0 for each quarter after the first anniversary of opening of MGM COTAI. In addition, the Group was required to maintain an interest coverage ratio of no less than 2.5 to 1.0 at each quarter end.

The leverage ratio under the Third Supplemental Agreement is required to be maintained within 4.5 to 1.0 for quarters ended March 31, 2016 and June 30, 2016. This ratio will be increased to no greater than 6.0 to 1.0 for each quarter ended September 30, 2016 through June 30, 2017 and reduced to no greater than 5.5 to 1.0 and 5.0 to 1.0 for quarters ended September 30, 2017 and December 31, 2017, respectively. The leverage ratio will be reduced to no greater than 4.5 to 1.0 for each quarter thereafter through maturity.

The leverage ratio under the Fourth Supplemental Agreement is required to be maintained within 4.5 to 1.0 for quarters ended March 31, 2016 and June 30, 2016. This ratio will be increased to no greater than 6.0 to 1.0 for each quarter ended September 30, 2016 through December 31, 2017 and reduced to no greater than 5.5 to 1.0 and 5.0 to 1.0 for quarters ended March 31, 2018 and June 30, 2018, respectively. The leverage ratio will be reduced to no greater than 4.5 to 1.0 for each quarter thereafter through maturity.

In addition, the Group is required to maintain an interest coverage ratio of no less than 2.5 to 1.0 at each quarter end.

Compliance with Covenants

The Group has complied with the general and financial covenants contained in the Third Supplemental Agreement and the Second Amended Credit Facilities as set forth above for the years ended December 31, 2016 and 2015.

Mandatory Prepayments

The Second Amended Credit Facilities contain mandatory prepayment provisions which include, among other things, prepayment of all outstanding loans, together with accrued interest and all other amounts due thereunder, upon a change of control or sale of the MGM Grand Paradise business or COTAI project.

Dividend Restrictions

Under the Second Amended Credit Facilities, the Group was not allowed to declare, make or pay any dividends while any default is outstanding or would result from such dividend payment or if the pro forma leverage ratio exceeded 4.0 multiples as result of such dividend payment. To the extent its leverage ratio fell below 4.0 multiples but still exceeded 3.5, the Group might only pay dividends up to US\$300 million, including if any dividends paid during preceding 12-month period.

Under the Third Supplemental Agreement, if the leverage ratio exceeds 4.00 multiples, the Group may only pay dividends up to US\$150 million, including any dividends paid during preceding 12-month period. To the extent the leverage ratio falls below 4.0 multiples but still exceeds 3.5, the Group may only pay dividends up to US\$300 million, including if any dividends paid during preceding 12-month period. As at December 31, 2016, our leverage ratio was approximately 3.65.

Events of Default

The Second Amended Credit Facilities contain certain events of default, and certain insolvency-related proceedings relating to the Group. Pursuant to the Second Amended Credit Facilities, a divestment of holdings in the Company by MGM Resorts International below 50% control or any holdings in MGM Grand Paradise by the Company would constitute a change of control and trigger mandatory prepayment of the outstanding loan balances.

Security and Guarantees

Collateral for the term loan and revolving credit facility consists of most of the assets, including but not limited to property and equipment, land use right and bank balances and cash of the Group and the shares of MGM Grand Paradise and some of its subsidiaries. Certain of the Company's direct and indirect subsidiaries (where applicable) have executed guarantees as security.

MARKET RISK

The Group's activities expose it primarily to the market risk of changes in foreign currency exchange rates and interest rates.

FOREIGN EXCHANGE RISK

The Group's principal operations are primarily conducted and recorded in HK\$. The financial statements of foreign operations are translated into HK\$ which is the Company's functional and presentation currency. The cash received from gaming activities is primarily in HK\$. The Group reports gross gaming win to the Macau Government in MOP and gaming taxes are paid in HK\$. Our operating expenses and capital expenditures are primarily denominated in MOP and HK\$. MOP is pegged to the HK\$ at a constant rate and accordingly we do not expect fluctuations in the values of these currencies to have a material impact on our operations. The Group holds bank balances and deposits denominated in foreign currencies, and consequently exposure to exchange rate fluctuations

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

arise. The majority of our foreign currency exposure comprises assets denominated in US\$, Canadian Dollars, Taiwan Dollars and Singapore Dollars. The exchange rate of the HK\$ is pegged to the US\$ and has remained relatively stable. The Group manages its foreign exchange risk by closely monitoring the movement of the foreign exchange rates.

INTEREST RATE RISK

The Group is primarily exposed to cash flow interest rate risk associated with our credit facilities which bear variable-rate. Interest rate risk is managed by maintaining a level of cash and cash equivalents which management considers adequate to finance our operations and mitigate the effects of fluctuations in cash flows. We do not hedge our interest rate risk.

OFF BALANCE SHEET ARRANGEMENTS

The Group has not entered into any transactions with special purpose entities nor do we engage in any transactions involving derivatives that would be considered speculative positions. The Group does not have any retained or contingent interest in assets transferred to an unconsolidated entity.

OTHER LIQUIDITY MATTERS

In the ordinary course of business, in response to market demands and client preferences and in order to increase revenue, we have made and will continue to make enhancements and refinements to MGM MACAU. We have incurred and will continue to incur capital expenditures related to these enhancements and refinements. In addition, we are focusing on the development of MGM COTAI and will continue to incur capital expenditure for constructing this property.

Taking into consideration our financial resources, including the Group's cash and cash equivalents, bank borrowings and internally generated funds, we believe that we have sufficient available funds to meet our financial obligations for the following 12 months.

EMPLOYEES AND REMUNERATION POLICY

As at December 31, 2016, MGM Grand Paradise employed 5,960 full-time and part-time employees in Macau, Hong Kong and Zhuhai which includes MGM MACAU, shared service operation and MGM COTAI pre-opening team members.

The Group's remuneration philosophy is a marketbased job compensation grading approach, which we believe is the best strategy to fulfill the Company's fundamental goal of attracting and retaining a diverse and highly skilled workforce. To accomplish this, the Company intends its remuneration system to be:

 Competitive — in the local labor market, considering both MGM China's market niche and the larger industries in which we compete for talent.

- Comprehensive to be viewed through the lens of total rewards, including base pay, health benefits, incentive pay, bonus, equity and retirement plans, etc.
- Objective to be consistent with local market rates.
- Developmental to encourage career and professional development within the workforce.

A group-wide performance based incentive program has been implemented since 2011 for all managerial level employees. The objective of developing

such an incentive bonus program is to focus all members of the team in creating and sustaining the enterprise value of the Group. The program consists of several components designed to encourage targeted individuals and groups based on clear and measurable objectives designed to support the Group's strategy.

In addition to the above performance incentives, it is customary in Macau to provide additional months of salary to line staff during the Chinese New Year period as a gratuity for their hard work during the year. Such additional bonus is subject to the Board's discretion.











An Experience of a Lifetime with MGM

This section of our Annual Report provides a summary of our Company's approach, progress and performance in implementing our sustainability program.

Reporting Framework & Scope

The content of this sustainability summary is prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Hong Kong Stock Exchange Environmental, Social and Governance ("ESG") Reporting Guide ("ESG Guide"), as well as with additional guidance from international reporting frameworks such as the Global Reporting Initiative's Sustainability Reporting Guidelines.

As this report is in summary form, for full disclosure against the ESG Guide, as well as for more detailed sustainability reporting, please visit the sustainability section of our corporate website at www.mgmchinaholdings.com.

We have adopted an operational control approach in reporting our environmental parameters. Environmental data for MGM MACAU is reported.

OUR APPROACH TO SUSTAINABILITY

At MGM China, sustainability is about doing well by doing good. To ensure the long-term success of our business, it is fundamental we look after those who mean the most to us, including: our employees, customers, the communities in which we operate, our shareholders, business partners and suppliers. It is also equally important to take care of the earth and its precious natural resources, which we depend on for life itself.

This ethos is the foundation of our sustainability vision, "Create a Better Tomorrow Today", signifying that the decisions we make today, will affect the society and the environment of tomorrow. Our vision serves as a call to action to operate a sustainable and responsible Company where our business activities positively impact the people and environment of Macau.

MGM SUSTAINABILITY POLICY

In 2016, we established our Sustainability Policy outlining commitments to three overarching pillars: Responsible Business, Social Responsibility and Environmental Sustainability, with the following objectives:

- Commitment to Responsible Business: We are committed to have governance systems in place to
 best manage sustainability risks and opportunities. We will include important stakeholder groups in the
 development of sustainability programs through regular reporting and engagement initiatives.
- Commitment to Social Responsibility: We are committed to provide employees with a great place to
 work and develop. We will give back to the community and invest in its long-term development and
 prosperity.
- 3. **Commitment to Environmental Responsibility:** We will continuously work to minimize the environmental impacts of our business operations.

FOCUSING ON WHAT MATTERS

Based on these pillars, the following have been identified as the most material areas to our business through internal and external analysis and consultation. This sustainability summary is structured according to these material areas.

	Material areas		
Commitment to Responsible Business	Sustainability governance		
	 Stakeholder engagement 		
	 Product responsibility 		
	Business conduct		
Commitment to Social Responsibility	Employees:		
	 Recruitment and development 		
	 Diversity and equal opportunity 		
	 Health, safety and well-being 		
	Community:		
	 Community engagement 		
	 Responsible gaming 		
	Anti-human trafficking		
	Supporting local businesses		
Commitment to Environmental Responsibility	Emissions		
	Natural resource use		
	 Waste management 		
	Green building		
	Biodiversity		
	Green procurement		
	 Employee engagement 		
	 Community outreach 		

COMMITMENT TO RESPONSIBLE BUSINESS

SUSTAINABILITY GOVERNANCE

Formed in 2012, the MGM Sustainability Committee ("Committee") is responsible for establishing policies, programs and procedures that help move us towards fulfilling our sustainability vision and goals. The Committee includes senior representatives from across our departments, ensuring that a committee member champions each of our important impact areas. We also have a team of dedicated sustainability professionals that are responsible for the daily implementation of our sustainability objectives and targets.

Department-specific teams support our Committee and help to bring an integrated approach to our efforts and communicate top down. Our Resource Efficiency Team champions the technical aspects of the resource efficiency of our operations, meeting monthly to discuss environmental management opportunities and implementation. Our Green Team includes employees from across our operations with the aim of finding ways to engage and inspire fellow team to help us achieve our environmental objectives.

Coordinated by our Human Resources Department ("HR"), our Golden Lion Volunteer Team consists of over 500 employees who donate their time, effort and skills to help us to make a positive difference to our community.

Ultimately our Board has overall responsibility for our sustainability strategy and reporting. In line with the Corporate Governance Code, the Board is responsible for evaluating and determining the Company's sustainability-related risks, and ensuring that appropriate and effective sustainability risk management and internal control systems are in place. Senior management additionally provide confirmation to the board on the effectiveness of these systems. Where relevant, executive compensation is tied to achievements in sustainability objectives.

Our sustainability strategy, management and monitoring of its material areas, as well as legal and other requirements, are at least updated annually. In 2016, the Group was in compliance with all applicable laws and regulations.

Certification systems such as ISO 50001 in Energy Management, as well as Earth Check's Company Standard and benchmarking system, further help to verify and inform our strategy.

In 2016, as a result of leading practice in sustainability management, MGM China has been selected by the Hang Seng Indexes Company to be featured on the Hang Seng Corporate Sustainability Benchmark Index, which identifies the top sustainability leaders in Hong Kong and Mainland China that are listed on the Hong Kong Stock Exchange.

STAKEHOLDER ENGAGEMENT

Engaging our key stakeholders in long-term dialogue provides important input that informs our decision-making to continuously help us strengthen our company policies and programs. Throughout the course of any given year we communicate with our stakeholders through various channels as indicated in the table below.

Stakeholder	Communications goal	Communication method	Frequency	Incorporation into corporate activities
Employees	Engage employees in 2-way communication to create a motivated, active and well- informed team	 Internal announcements and bulletins via intranet, email announcements, posters, digital signage and notice boards Employee opinion box and online system Employee hotline Team meetings Staff performance reviews 	Ongoing Ongoing Ongoing Annual, with mid-term review	Improving workplace culture and evaluating/planning labor-management and personnel policies
Customers	Understand our customers' needs and respond to their feedback with product/service improvement	M Life (customer relationship management) Onsite customer care & interaction Customer call center Social media	Ongoing Ongoing Ongoing Ongoing	Improving customer satisfaction activities and disseminating information in response to consumer demand
Communities	Support community development and contribute to the wellbeing and economic progress of the communities in which we operate	 Monthly Sustainability Newsletter Meetings with community associations/NGOs MGM community program through engagement and charitable contributions MGM Golden Lion Volunteer Team 	Monthly Ongoing Ongoing Ongoing	Understanding the needs of the community and modifying our programs and policies to best meet those needs
Shareholders	Provide timely and appropriate disclosure of operating results and financial conditions to shareholders and build constructive dialogue for value enhancement	 Annual General Meeting Annual Report One-to-one meetings with investors Financial results announcement Corporate website 	Annual Annual Ongoing Quarterly Ongoing	Improving management quality through constructive dialogue

Apart from these key stakeholder groups we also seek and welcome feedback from broader society including government, NGOs, academics and other local associations with a view to continuously build relationships with the local community and strengthen risk management approaches.

PRODUCT RESPONSIBILITY

Our company Privacy Policy is available on our website: www.mgm.mo/privacy_policy. Our Privacy Policy and Information Security Policy and Standards outline our responsibility to protect information resources and customer data and must strictly be adhered to by all employees, contractors, consultants, temporary employees, and other workers.

We are governed by clear policies and practices to ensure no unfair or misleading marketing information is delivered to consumers. Feedback is actively sought from our customers, with any material feedback provided being seriously considered by senior management and used to update our policies and practices.

To date no customer data privacy breaches or unfair marketing cases have been reported.

BUSINESS CONDUCT

Our Code of Conduct is applicable to all staff and provides guidelines on how employees should conduct themselves at work. The Code of Conduct covers matters such as anti-corruption, use of confidential information, conflicts of interest and insider trading.

Anti-Corruption Guidelines supplement our Code of Conduct and provide guidance to ensure compliance with all applicable anti-corruption laws. Available to all staff, the guidelines provide a clear definition of what anticorruption is, what the risks associated are and what each one of us can do to maintain practices that counter corruption and extortion.

An Integrity Hotline is maintained by an independent third party service provider and operates on a 24/7 basis to report concerns of unethical behavior related to us.

Training on ethical business conduct is provided to all employees upon induction and comprehensive training is provided to all assistant-managers and above, as well as to selected suppliers.

Our suppliers are required to adhere to our Vendor Code of Conduct, as well as our Sustainability Policy. Site visit inspections are carried out to ensure compliance with contractual obligations and company sustainability expectations such as health and safety, environmental compliance and ethical business conduct.

There have been no legal cases regarding corrupt practices brought against us or our employees during 2016.

COMMITMENT TO SOCIAL RESPONSIBILITY

EMPLOYEES

Recruitment and Development

We are dedicated to attracting and retaining the best talent. In 2016, we held 87 recruitment fairs in Macau and Mainland China in an effort to continue to employ a high quality workforce in the region.

MGM China, and our team of 5,960 employees, is a global integrated resort operator with local representation. Therefore, the recruitment, training, and promotion of local Macau residents is a core business priority.

Approximately 75% of our staff members and over 85% of our management are Macau locals.

We provide our team members with the tools and experiences to reach their full potential including: high quality career experience, learning and development opportunities as well as industry and community activities to showcase their professionalism. No matter the position, all employees are provided with training, beginning first with mandatory orientation training. In 2016, we provided our team with more than 268,933 training hours, with an average of 45 hours per employee.

MGM Academy, our learning platform, includes core training programs developed specifically to meet the needs of all team members across different job functions and levels of responsibility. Examples of such training programs include: Leadership Development, Work & Personal Effectiveness, Language and Information Technology. The training curriculum is reviewed annually, with new programs added where required. In 2016, we launched the MGM eAcademy, investing heavily in online IT platform that enables state-of-art training that facilitates self-directed, flexi-time online learning with easy access.

Developing Local Leadership Capability: We have developed two programs that specifically aim to identify high-potential Macau locals, both current employees and recent Macau graduates, to help them develop, excel and rise through the ranks.

The **PRIDE Program** focuses on identifying high-performing local team members of various levels to partake in an intensive 9-15 month program, depending on the tracks they are in. In 2016, we expanded our intensive PRIDE training program to include four specific tracks — Supervisory, Specialist, Managerial

and Leadership tracks — with 137 local team members take part in PRIDE program. During the PRIDE Program each participant receives a minimum of two days development training per month, including classroom training on supervisory or leadership development, cross-departmental exposure, project work, visits to other industry and study trips overseas. Throughout the PRIDE Program, thoughtful guidance is provided by their direct manager and assigned mentor.



The *MAP Program* offers young local graduates in Macau the opportunity to have an in-depth look at our global organization by spending one year at MGM Resorts International properties in Las Vegas. This includes rotating between various departments and



attending classroom discussions before returning to Macau for another 9 months of training within a chosen area of specialization.

MGM High School Diploma Program: We are committed to promoting life-long learning and the notion that it is never too late to go back to school. In 2016, we partnered up with Macau Education and Youth Affairs Bureau and Escola Secundária Luso-Chinesa de Luís Gonzaga Gomes to provide a tailor-made high school diploma program for 41 team members. The complimentary program is fully accredited by Macau Education and Youth Affairs Bureau. We support participants by offering work workplace flexibility to accommodate class participation, as well as facilitating classes to be taught onsite at MGM MACAU.



Building Skillsets and Supporting Career Growth: To encourage our staff to become specialists in their fields of work, we sponsor and facilitate opportunities for skills development to help pave the way for future career advancement. Examples of this in 2016 include:

- Excellence in Gaming: We are pleased to have collaborated with the Gaming Teaching and Research Centre ("GTRC") of Macao Polytechnic Institute ("MPI") to develop a Diploma in Gaming Management. The program is designed to provide gaming staff with high-level management courses with the aim to develop quality managerial talent in the industry. In October, 68 employees were successfully registered in this diploma program. Further, over 300 gaming employees also took part in the "Gaming Industry Occupational Quality Training Forum" in December, jointly organized by the Labour Affairs Bureau and Macau Labour Union, to further develop core competencies in gaming operations.
- Facilities Management Skills Certification Program: During 2016, we supported 68 team members
 from the Facilities Management Department to achieve certification from the Electrical Skills Certification
 Program provided by Macau Labour Affairs Bureau.

Macau Occupational Skills Recognition

Program: We support our employees'
aspirations to showcase their talents at the
Macao Occupational Skills Recognition System
("MORS") certification programs organized by
the Institute for Tourism Studies. Not only do
we sponsor fees for enrolment, we also actively
support employees to participate in the annual
MORS Gold Pin Competition. In 2016, two team
members were awarded the Gold Pin Award,
with a total of 10 our finalists in the competition.



• Education Support Program: In addition to the variety of training and development programs provided by us, we also support full-time employees who wish to further their formal education or gain professional qualifications. Employees are given educational subsidies of up to a maximum of 80% of the total fee for the tuition or professional qualification. Further, our Learning Zone provides all employees with access to an in-house library including a collection of over 1,500 books on subjects to help up skilling for career advancement and self-improvement.

Employee Recognition: We aim to cultivate a motivational work environment where team members are recognized and rewarded for their accomplishments. The Golden Lion Award and the Leo Award are recognition programs that celebrate employees who exemplify our Core Values and demonstrate outstanding behavior. In 2016, 160 employees from different departments were awarded the Golden Lion Award and 2,600 employees were awarded the Leo Award.

Diversity and Equal Opportunity

Human Rights

As per our Human Rights Policy, we respect the human rights of our employees and follow the ILO's Declaration on Fundamental Principles and Rights at Work, including non-discrimination, prohibition of child and forced labor, and civil and political rights. Our ethos is to treat all employees with equity and fairness, and provide a proper process and forum where grievances can be heard, discussed and resolved. Our labor policies and practices, which are often above minimum compliance, are laid out in our Employee Handbook and available to all employees in new hire orientation including important information such as compensation and benefits, working hours, and leave entitlement. Rigorous background checks, and relationships with established and trusted contracting agencies, support our stance to protect human rights and avoid any child or forced labor.

Diversity and Equal Opportunity

We support diversity in its workforce. Currently we have employees of more than 27 different nationalities representing our team, with a gender ratio of 52% male/48% female. As per our recruitment policy, we are an equal opportunities employer committed to hiring the best available talent regardless of age, sex, race, sexual orientation or disability.

We hold job fairs in conjunction with various targeted associations, such as the Women's General Association of Macao, to ensure we are reaching all sections of society. We have an active policy of hiring persons with special needs or disabilities and work closely with the Labor Affairs Bureau and a number of associations and schools for referrals of disabled community members.

Health, Safety and Well-being

Occupational Health and Safety

The health and safety of our employees, guests and anyone else that comes onsite at MGM MACAU and MGM COTAI, is an utmost priority. Our Occupational Health and Safety approach is guided by our Occupational Health and Safety Policy and Manual, which is aligned to the OHSAS 18001 Occupational Health and Safety Standard, and our performance is managed and monitored on a semi-annual basis by our Risk and Safety Team and the Board-level Risk and Safety Committee. Mandatory health and safety training is provided to all employees and contractors on induction. Depending on the work function of the employee, additional mandatory health and safety training sessions are also provided. In 2016, to increase staff awareness on workplace safety, we launched a series of internal work safety videos promoting occupational health and safety. There have been no work-related fatalities at our Company.

Employee Wellbeing

We invest in creating a workplace where wellbeing is promoted, by offering healthy food options, holding specialist-run health talks, providing comfortable work spaces and relaxing places to take breaks, as well as organizing team sports through our Golden Lion Sports Teams.

Through our Employee Assistance Program, professional counseling services are made available to help our employees and their families to resolve issues such as life stress or family matters. This is offered in conjunction with the Sheng Kung Hui Macau Social Service Coordination Office and includes a variety of engagement means such as "Let's Meet", through face-to-face consultation with professional counselor; "Let's Chat", via a 24-hour support hotline; and "Let's WeChat" through the popular mobile phone messaging app.

2016 Recognition — Employees

We received five prestigious awards at the HR Innovation Awards 2016 from Human Resources Magazine. As a result of our commitment to employee development and well-being, we received Gold Medals for Excellence in Employee Development, Employee Work-Life Balance, and Organization Development, as well as receiving Bronze Medals in Excellence in Retention Strategy and Workplace Wellbeing.



COMMUNITY

"Creating a Better Macau" is an ethos that we live and work by, and supporting and investing in its development is a cornerstone of our business.

Supported by our Philanthropy and Community Engagement Policy and Procedure, our community engagement programs and charitable contributions focus on the following areas of contribution: Youth, Senior Citizens, Disabled and Arts and Culture in Macau. By donating our time, talents, skills and resources to those in need, we are proud to contribute to making Macau a better place.

Community Engagement

Volunteerism

In 2016, we held 95 different community activities donating over 6,400 hours to bettering our community, a new record for our Company. Through our Golden Lion Volunteer Team, we organized a range of events throughout the year such as spring cleaning for the senior citizens of Macau, organizing food drives, and tree planting.

Caring for Macau Senior Citizens

At MGM China, caring for senior citizens is one of the central tenets of our community program.

Supporting the Health of Senior Citizens: In July 2016, for the 7th year running, we teamed up with the Chinese Medicine Association of Macau to hold a special Health Day for over 200 local senior citizens from four Caritas Macau Associations. We invited 20 medical practitioners to provide one-on-one health consultations, after which each person received a package of prescribed herbal soup. We also provided a group health talk discussing the merits of effective acupuncture massage.



Brightening up Life with a New Look: For the second year running, selected Golden Lion Volunteer Team members received professional hairdressing training to provide complimentary haircuts for senior citizens. In 2016, 21 team members, including management staff, took on the 2-month course led by professional hairdressers, providing 550 haircuts for Macau senior citizens.



Home Spring Cleaning: In spirit of the Chinese tradition to spring clean the home before Chinese New Year as a symbol of a new start, we have teamed up with Centro de Dia "Brilho da Vida" to help in the festive activity for the last four years. In 2016, 150 of our Golden Lion Volunteer Team members led by our management team, rolled up their sleeves to help 200 households at the Fai Chi Kei housing unit to get their homes ready for the coming New Year.



Caring for the Youth

We hope to inspire the next generation to follow their dreams and reach their true potential.

Learning New Skills: In 2016, for the 5th year running, we organized the MGM Golden Lion Summer Camp. As part of the program we took 90 local high school students from Macau to Yuen Long in Hong Kong to enjoy the Po Leung Kuk Tai Tong Holiday Camp. The camp aims to help develop self-confidence, as well as skills in communications, creative thinking and problem



solving through a range of outdoor activities. The program began with a breakfast at MGM to meet our CEO as well as other senior leaders in our company, before being whisked off to enjoy the action-packed 3-day holiday camp set amongst nature in Yuen Long.

Experiencing a Working Environment: We recognize the importance of giving students the opportunity to experience a professional working environment to help them to identify their future career paths. Every year, we invite a group of local high school students, aged 13-17 years, to experience working side by side with our team members in one of our signature initiatives, "A Day at MGM". In August 2016, we welcomed 75 students from several local schools, among those including family members of our employees, members



from Sheng Kung Hui Macau Social Service Coordination Office and students from the Macao General Union of Neighborhood Association, as well as winners from the "Macau Outstanding Teenagers Award" to our property to see what goes on behind the scenes at MGM MACAU, under the guidance of a mentor.

Recognizing Outstanding Teens: For the 4th time, in 2016 we partnered with Macau Youth Affairs Bureau to sponsor the Macau Outstanding Teenagers Award which seeks to recognize exceptional teens within our community that possess impressive talent, drive, energy and enthusiasm for community and personal development. The campaign is organized every two years by the Young Men's Christian Association of Macau ("YMCA").



Sparking Interest Chinese Traditions: In 2016, we partnered with Hong Wai Sports and Recreations Association of Macau to hold the Junior Lion Dance Training Program for 75 young children between 5-10 years old. This unique 6-week training program aimed to cultivate interest in Chinese traditional dance and culture amongst the youth in Macau.



Caring for the Disabled

Creating a more welcoming world for people with disabilities is a mission close to our hearts at MGM China.

Spotlighting Social Inclusion: In 2016, we sponsored and hosted the Conference on Inclusion of Intellectually Challenged in Asia's Modern Society, organized by the Charity Association of Macau Business Readers. Among many distinguished guests and speakers, the conference welcomed the key note speaker Mr. Wilfried Lemke, the United Nations Special Advisor on Sport for Development and Peace, who highlighted the importance of sport as a transformative tool that bridges divides and builds teamwork and acceptance. The conference was held in parallel with the Special Olympics Golf Masters, which welcomed athletes to Macau from around the world.



Promoting Social Inclusion through Art: Through the medium of Art, we also aim to build a more inclusive society by highlighting the artistic talent of people with disabilities within our community, in the hope of raising awareness and breaking down barriers. We joined forces with Special Olympics Macau to highlight the artistic creativity of the Special Olympics Athletes in the world-renowned Macau Grand Prix through the "Penz13 BMW Motorrad Art Program". Over 30 athletes were invited help us create colorful works of art which were imprinted on the motorbikes of two sponsored Penz13 BMW racing motorcycles.

Community Corporate Gift: We partnered with Fuhong Society, a non-profit organization which provides people with disabilities in Macau with employment and training opportunities, to create our new corporate gift designed by Mr. Leong leng Wai, an autistic artist who works at Macau Fuhong Society.

Charitable Giving

Throughout 2016, we financially supported 67 community organizations including 18 charitable organizations, 7 schools



and universities, 42 associations and chambers of commerce. A total value of approximately MOP15.4 million was contributed to community organizations through cash and in-kind donations.

MGM UnionPay Affinity Credit Card

In collaboration with Banco Nacional Ultramarino ("BNU"), we launched the "BNU MGM UnionPay Triple Currency Credit Card" for our staff. This affinity credit card is the first of its kind within the Macau industry that donates a percentage of all eligible card spending annually to local charity organizations.

Contributing to Arts and Culture in Macau

Art, entertainment and creativity are at the heart of our business. Since 2008, MGM MACAU has hosted 21 world-class international and local exhibitions and welcomed more than 200,000 visitors to foster and encourage art and its appreciation.

Art is for All

The "Fun for Everyone Campaign" kept us all entertained with MGM MACAU's Art Space hosting an exquisite sculpture display, "Edgar Degas: Figures in Motion". From April-November, the complementary exhibit received more than 23,500 guests and 150 tours.



During the campaign, our Grande Praça also hosted a majestic Butterfly Garden, a kaleidoscope of colorful giant butterflies hovering above our colossal aquarium.

Community Tours

On an on-going basis, we hold complementary art tours for the local community. In 2016, we organized over 150 community art tours for organizations and societies in Macau and beyond.

Docent Program

In 2016, we trained and recruited 60 local university students interested in the field of the arts, to lead art tours and provide information to members of the community.



RESPONSIBLE GAMING

Responsible gaming is a topic which employees from every department must learn on the first day of their job and are reminded of regularly through classroom instruction or internal communications. Trained staff and representatives are on duty 24/7 who can offer assistance to players regarding problem gambling issues. Responsible gaming is promoted to our guests through information kiosks and other communications throughout the casino. The first line of contact in handling a responsible gaming case onsite is the Responsible Gaming Operations Team, who are specifically trained to identify issues, file self-exclusion forms and liaise with counseling agencies. In line with Macau legislation, we also have a Responsible Gaming Committee, comprised of senior management.

Under the Employee Assistance Program ("EAP"), "Enrich Your Life", the Human Resources department works closely with the Responsible Gaming Committee to hold annual events and activities to promote responsible gaming practices to our employees. We also have a long-standing collaboration with Sheng Kung Hui Macau Social Service Coordination Office to provide a professional counseling service for our employees and their families. Some of the highlight initiatives from 2016 include:

- RG Gambling Knowledge Competition: Six of our team members participated in the second "Responsible Gambling Gambling Knowledge Competition", organized by the Macau Government in collaboration with all gaming operators, to promote the importance of gaming responsibly to the local community.
- Collaborating for Best Practice: Throughout 2016, we collaborated with several organizations dedicated to furthering education in the field of responsible gaming. For example, we welcomed Tung Wah Group of Hospitals ("TWGHs"), a well-established charitable organization from Hong Kong, to MGM MACAU for an experience sharing visit. We also hosted Hospitality and Tourism Management students from the University of San Diego State to learn about, and discuss, responsible gaming practices in Macau.





In April, we sponsored the second "Board Inauguration Ceremony & Keynote Speech" from the Macau Gaming Management Association, also inviting Mr. Alan Feldman, Chairman of the National Center for Responsible Gaming and Executive Vice President of MGM Resorts International Global Affairs, to give the keynote speech at the event.

Responsible Gaming Campaign: To support the 8th
Annual Macau Responsible Gaming Campaign organized
by Macau Social Welfare Bureau, Gaming Inspection and
Coordination Bureau, and The Institute for the Study of
Commercial Gaming of University of Macau, we held a
3-week campaign in November centered on the subject
of "Gambling with Borrowed Money is Harmful".



EAP Short Film Series Premiere: During the Responsible
 Gaming Roadshow, we also premiered our first EAP short film,
 which was written and produced by us and featured our own
 employees, to promote our onsite EAP services.



ANTI-HUMAN TRAFFICKING

We have published a position statement against human trafficking available in the sustainability section of our corporate website: www.mgmchinaholdings.com. All employees are made aware of our position statement in new hire orientation and suppliers must also acknowledge our policy in new vendor registration.

We participate in and organize multi-stakeholder collaborations on human trafficking to join forces across the public and private sector. In 2016 key initiatives included:

Hospitality Seminar on Anti-Human Trafficking: Facilitated by the Mekong Club, a non-profit organization that aims to harness the skills of the private sector to combat human trafficking, this roundtable seminar welcomed professionals from local hotels, operators and other community partners to discuss direct actions the hospitality sector can take through its operational and supply chain activities.



- **Documentary Screening:** In collaboration with the Good Shepherd Center, another non-profit dedicated to human rights protection, we sponsored and hosted a public screening of "Not My Life", a documentary exposing viewers to a world where millions of children worldwide are being exploited and forced to live in modern day slavery.
- Management training: We arranged comprehensive training for all senior management, provided directly by the government-led Human Trafficking Deterrent Measures Concern Committee, to understand the important initiatives underway in the Macau community to drive prevention and awareness.

SUPPORTING LOCAL BUSINESSES

Since 2007, we have worked consistently with local businesses to build long-term partnerships, while providing support and advice where needed to help smaller businesses thrive and grow. Testament to our approach, over 80% of our procurement is with local Macau businesses. However, we recognize there is further potential for us to grow our business and relationships with local small and medium-sized businesses ("SMEs").

MGM's SME Engagement Program: In an effort to formalize and expand our commitments to the Macau SME community, we have rolled out a dedicated SME Engagement Program focusing specifically on the following local SME categories: Micro-size Enterprise, Made in Macau and Young Entrepreneurs.

The core elements of the Program to date include:

- Quarterly SME Business Matching Sessions: In 2016, we held four quarterly SME Business Matching Sessions in partnership with the Macao Chamber of Commerce ("MCC"), the Macau Economic Services, the Macao Trade and Investment Promotion Institute ("IPIM"), and the Macau Productivity and Technology Transfer Center ("CPTTM"). Our SME Business Matching Sessions have resulted in new business with 158 new vendors, including 2,213 new deals worth a total of MOP155 million, from November 2015 December 2016.
- MGM SME Advisory Committee: We have created the MGM SME Advisory Committee comprising our key decision makers and prominent local business representatives from across the business, non-profit and academic worlds. This committee convenes quarterly, meeting to provide advice, guidance and recommendations on how to best engage the SME population and increase our level of business.
- Supplier Education Seminar: We hosted the "MGM SME Food Safety Seminar" in June in collaboration with the MCC, supported by the Macao Economic Services, Macau Civic and Municipal Affairs Bureau ("IACM"), CPTTM and IPIM. This seminar provided local SME suppliers in the food and beverage industry with important information regarding the Macau Food Safety Law, as well as on other international standards required from global companies in the procurement process.
- Bringing Local SMEs to the Global Marketplace: We also took our commitment to SMEs to new level, by
 developing its existing Macau SME relationships with its parent company, MGM Resorts International, with
 the first global deal signed in December 2016.

2016 Recognition — Community

- We were awarded with the "Enterprise Community Care Award" by the Youth Committee of Macao
 Chamber of Commerce in recognition of our commitment involvement;
- For the 6th consecutive year, we were named "Outstanding Corporate for Volunteerism" by the
 Association for Social Service Volunteers of Macau. In addition to this team accolade, four team members
 from our Golden Lion Volunteer Team also received individual recognitions for their volunteering efforts
 including an award for "Unwavering Commitment to Volunteerism" and another three "Star Volunteer
 Awards"; and
- At the 8th International Volunteer Recognition Ceremony, organized by the Youth Volunteers Association
 of Macau, 10 team members were awarded the "Outstanding Rainbow Life Volunteer" Award and two
 were further recognized as 5th and 8th place in the "Top Ten Rainbow Life Volunteer of the Year" Award.

COMMITMENT TO ENVIRONMENTAL RESPONSIBILITY

Our Approach to Environmental Management

As a developer, owner and operator of premiere integrated resorts, we are aware of our impacts on the environment through our consumption of natural resources and generation of emissions and waste. Our dedication integrates environmental considerations into all operational practices from our supply chain, to our facilities management and guest rooms. We believe an environmentally-responsible business is a better business that brings benefits not only our Company but also the local community through our employees who are supported to adopt environmentally-responsible behavior at work and at home.

Our environmental management approach is defined by an ethos of continual improvement and we strive to find innovative ways to minimize our impacts on the environment. The Company's Environmental Management System is aligned to well-recognized best practice frameworks, including ISO 14001 in Environmental Management, ISO 50001 in Energy Management, as well the EarthCheck Company Standard.

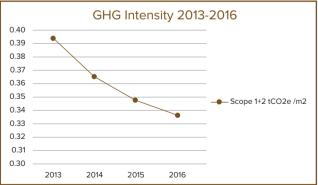
Emissions

In planning for the future, we recognize the potential threat of climate change to our business and the impact on the communities in which we operate. We are committed to reducing our emissions through our resource efficiency initiatives and fostering climate change awareness and action among our people. Further, we disclose our carbon footprint through the Carbon Disclosure Project ("CDP") as part of our parent company, MGM Resorts International's, report. Through this reporting tool, we have considered the risks and opportunities presented by climate change, as well as future global trends that may affect our business.

With energy accounting for approximately 98% of our emissions, our carbon reduction strategy focuses on the rigorous reduction of our emissions from energy sources (see the below "Energy Performance" section for more detail on our efforts to reduce energy consumption, which will also reduce our emissions from energy sources). In 2016, total greenhouse gas emissions (Scope 1¹ and Scope 2²) were 71,172³ tons of CO2e, a 3% decrease year-over-year, and 15% decrease from 2013. This decrease is principally attributable to significant reductions in electricity consumption.

Emissions through our leased shuttle bus service is also an area of focus with ongoing initiatives to reduce the quantity of shuttle buses on Macau roads with the joint aim to reduce traffic and emissions. To support the Macau Government's transport integration arrangement, we collaborated with Wynn Macau to launch a daily joint shuttle bus service connecting passengers between the Border Gate, Wynn Macau and MGM MACAU, the first collaboration of its kind in Macau.





SUSTAINABILITY

Natural Resource Use

At MGM China, we are aware that our planet's supply of natural resources is limited. With this in mind we are actively engaged and committed to resource conservation and efficiency.

Our Building Management System ensures energy and water consumption is closely monitored and energy and water-intensive equipment is effectively calibrated and maintained. We have also implemented a data management system which allows us to access real-time energy and metered water data in a central, web-based system. Through this system, analytical tools allow us to perform complex analyses to help us better understand our impacts and areas for improvement, as well as to enable us to produce automated reports for distribution.

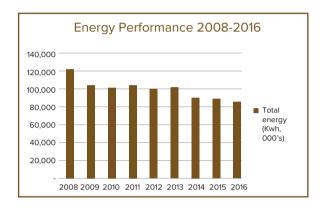
Energy Performance: Our energy consumption in 2016 was 86,642,440 Kwh, which included purchased electricity, liquefied petroleum gas ("LPG") and gasoline⁴.

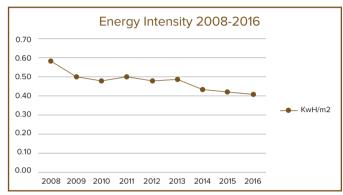
Energy type	Amount consumed in 2016 (Kwh in 000s)	Energy unit consumed per m2 (intensity)	Emissions (tons of CO2e)
Purchased electricity	70,162	0.33	65,883
LPG (for stoves, boilers & water heating)	15,873	0.08	3,806
Gasoline (for shuttle buses & limousines)	607	0.003	190

Year-over-year, we have reduced our energy consumption by 3%, and 30% since our 2008 baseline. We have achieved this despite a growing business and a progressively warming climate, thanks to energy saving initiatives such as technical upgrades to our equipment, operational control strategies and enhanced information management. Significant energy and emissions reductions have been realized from the following projects:

- Heat pump installation;
- Chiller plant optimisation;
- Air handling units optimisation;
- On-going LED (light-emitting diode) lamp replacement; by end of 2016 100% of general guest room lighting, and 95% of our back-of-house areas, have been fitted with LED lighting;
- · Monitoring-based commissioning to identify operational opportunities for energy reduction; and
- On-going procurement of energy-efficient equipment.

In 2016, to further validate and formalize our energy management program MGM MACAU is certified against ISO 50001 in energy management.

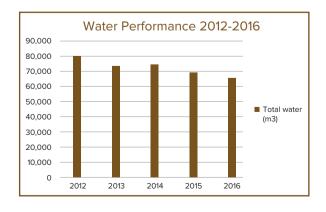


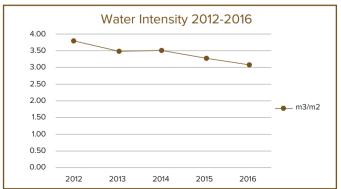


Water Performance: Water scarcity is a pressing and urgent issue for many countries around the world and it is therefore everyone's responsibility to ensure this vital resource is conserved. The majority of Macau's water is sourced from the Xijiang River, the mainstream of the Pearl River, with low risk of lack of potable water supply, however there are concerns of raised salinity levels during certain periods of the year⁵.

In 2016, we continued to reduce our water usage through our ongoing program of upgrading our fixtures and fittings (e.g. shower heads and faucets) with low-flow alternatives, as well as adjusting our flow rates where possible. Throughout the year, we also continued to increase the scope of our water recycling program which serves to recycle the condensate from our air handling units, as well as the cooling tower bleed-off, to be reused for flushing.

In 2016, we consumed 649,674 m³ of water, a decrease of 6% year-over-year, and 19% decrease from our 2012 baseline.

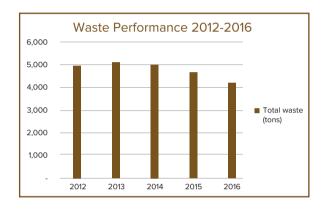


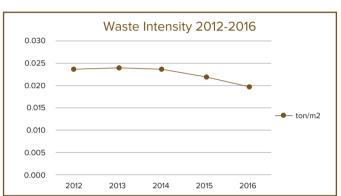


SUSTAINABILITY

Waste Management

We recognise the importance of responsible waste management, and endeavor to reduce waste (hazardous and non-hazardous) sent to the landfill and incineration by managing our resources wisely. In 2016, the Group generated 4,223 tons of waste, a decrease of 9% year-over-year, and 15% reduction from our 2012 baseline



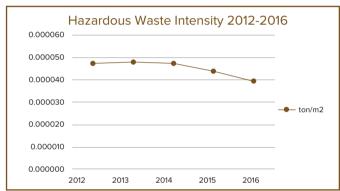


Our waste management approach in 2016 focused on three important areas:

- Reducing: For example setting all of our printers' default setting to double-sided printing and removing
 the availability of disposable water bottles in back-of-house meeting rooms;
- Reusing: For example using reusable items such as containers, cutlery, stirrers and cups and giving our
 guests the option of not having their towels and linen refreshed if they do not see the need; and
- Recycling: Deploying recycling facilities for the collection of plastic, paper, cardboard, cooking oil, soap, metals and glass.

Typical non-hazardous waste includes organic waste, plastics, metals, paper & cardboard, fabrics and textiles. Common hazardous wastes include diesel, compressed gases, oil-based paint, cooking oil, solvent adhesives, dry clean oil, acidic/alkaline and chlorine solutions (for pool water treatment), and batteries. Our hazardous waste management procedure ensures that such wastes are used up or returned to suppliers for safe disposal. Items such as cooking oil, toner cartridges and rechargeable batteries are recycled. In 2016, 0.002% of waste, or 8.45 tons, was hazardous waste, a decrease of 9% year-over-year.





Green Building

We incorporate green building techniques into our design, development and construction processes using industry-leading green building frameworks. To ensure MGM COTAI is not only a best in class integrated resort, but also environmentally responsible, we have integrated green building techniques throughout the design and construction processes. Some of the key highlights of our green building program at MGM COTAI include: high-tech energy efficient air-conditioning, 100% LED lighting, low-flow water fixtures and fittings, use of recyclable and local construction materials, and systems for advanced indoor air quality. A focus on natural greenery pervades throughout the property; the Spectacle will boast a towering 500 square meter green wall and 600 square meters of additional horizontal greenery which will connect visitors to nature whilst boosting air quality and occupant well-being.

SUSTAINABILITY

Biodiversity

For any new construction, we are committed to protecting ecosystem biodiversity. When selecting the site for MGM COTAI, an external Environmental Impact Assessment was commissioned to ensure there was no loss to ecosystem biodiversity of the site chosen. The report concluded with this positive result that both the site and surrounding 500 meter radius contained no heritage aspects, natural water resources, wetland, farmland, forest or other protected areas. Outside of our direct operational impact, we also seek to encourage our employees, suppliers and partners to also adopt responsible practices to support biodiversity through our engagement programs and policies.

Green Procurement

Wherever possible, we seek to favor procuring goods and services that cause minimal adverse environmental impacts, and make this clear to our suppliers. For example, we favor those that are more energy and water efficient, or products that include less toxins to reduce adverse health effects, or those that use less packaging. Suppliers are monitored to ensure our standards are being met, with adhoc audits being carried out. In 2016, we spent over HK\$69 million procuring products that are environmentally-preferable, such as office paper certified by the Forest Stewardship Council, sustainable seafood and biodegradable laundry products, for example.

Employee Engagement

We proactively engage our employees in our efforts to manage our environmental impacts. In 2016, our environmental employee engagement program focused on periodical themed events, and ongoing education and communication. 2016 event highlights included:

- Energy Conservation Week, in support of the Office for the Development of the Energy Sector's efforts, with key initiatives including tips to promote energy saving at work and at home, casual wear day, and energy saving games;
- The Let's Waste Less Campaign, in support of the 9th Macao International Environmental Co-operation Forum and Exhibition ("MIECF"), with a range of activities centered on waste reduction and recycling, such as the Recycling Bag Design Competition;
- Tree Planting and Beach Cleaning exercises, that connected employees to nature whilst cleaning up our surrounding environment; and
- A movie screening of Before the Flood, from Academy Award-winning actor, Leonardo DiCaprio, which helped open eyes to the realities of climate change.

During new hire orientation, all employees are made aware of our sustainability commitments and program.

This is supplemented by department-specific Green Training for detailed advice on actions that can be taken to reduce impacts.

In addition to a monthly Sustainability Newsletter that is distributed to all employees celebrating monthly successes, we post stories and videos from our environmental program through our internal communication channels to update employees on our progress. We also welcome 2-way feedback, encouraging ideas from employees on how we can do things better.

Community Outreach

We are passionate about sharing what we have learnt from many years of dedication to sustainability with the community. Through seminars, forums, and MGM Property Green Tours, we hope to inspire the community to also take sustainable steps in their own lives and professions, and together create a greener Macau. Highlight initiatives from 2016 include:

- Educational Sustainability Seminars for local students at the Macau Polytechnic Institute, as well as University of Macau, on why it is important to protect the environment;
- Sponsorship of the Macao Dialogue on Contemporary Lighting Technologies, which welcomed Nobel Laureate, Professor Shuji Nakamura, who is one of the founding fathers of LED lighting technology, to discuss technologies in the field of lighting for energy savings;
- Sponsorship of the Inauguration of the Macau ASHRAE Chapter, of which also included a technical forum on energy efficiency for the professional and academic community. (ASHRAE being the "American Society of Heating, Refrigerating and Air Conditioning Engineers");
- Donation of ASHRAE educational materials in green building design to the engineering department of University of Macau;
- Participation in Earth Hour 2016, joining together with MGM Resorts International in the global effort to raise awareness of climate change and environmental protection; and
- Participating in expert speaker panels at sustainability industry forums for knowledge sharing in Macau,
 Beijing and Hong Kong.

SUSTAINABILITY

2016 Recognition — Environmental Sustainability

- MGM COTAI has been awarded the "China (Macau) Green Building Design Label" for leadership in
 environmentally-sustainable design. MGM COTAI is the first private sector property in Macau to have
 received the Label;
- MGM MACAU was recognized by ASHRAE for achievements in energy efficiency by being awarded the
 "Regional Technology Award for the Asia Pacific Region" for the second year running, and also received
 the "Honorable Award" for innovation in energy conservation projects; and
- MGM MACAU was selected as finalist in the Bank of China Environmental Leadership Award as well as the Hong Kong Green Building Council's "Green Building Award 2016".

Notes:

- Scope 1 emissions include emissions from stationary combustion sources, such as boilers, emergency generators and fuel stoves, mobile combustion sources, such as company-owned and operated fleet vehicles, including cars, limousines, shuttle buses, etc.; and fugitive emissions which are the hydrofluorocarbons ("HFC") used in refrigeration and AC equipment.
- ² Scope 2 emissions comprise emissions from the generation of purchased electricity.
- ³ GHG emissions calculation has been updated to reflect the correct emissions factor for 2015, which was previously unavailable in first quarter of 2016.
- Diesel is used to power our genset periodically, however no diesel purchased/used in 2016.
- ⁵ "Report on the State of the Environment of Macao", 2015, DSPA

The Company is committed to the establishment of good corporate governance practices and procedures to attain high ethical standards as well as to ensure accountability, transparency and equity in all areas of its operations and in all interactions with its stakeholders. It is believed that effective corporate governance is fundamental to enhancing Shareholders' value and safeguarding the interests of employees, business partners, and the communities in which the Company operates.

During the year ended December 31, 2016, the Company has complied with all provisions of the Corporate Governance Code contained in Appendix 14 to the Listing Rules save as disclosed below.

Despite his utmost intention to be present at the annual general meeting of the Company held on May 25, 2016, Mr. Peter Man Kong Wong, an Independent Non-Executive Director, was engaged in other important commitments and was not able to attend the meeting. Nonetheless, the Chairpersons and all other members of the Audit Committee, the Remuneration Committee and Nomination and Corporate Governance Committee were present thereat and were available to answer questions to ensure effective communication with the shareholders. Mr. Peter Man Kong Wong undertakes that he will try his best to attend the future annual general meetings of the Company whenever possible.

To ensure compliance with the Corporate Governance Code, the Company has arranged and will continue to arrange to furnish all Directors with appropriate information on all general meetings and take reasonable measures to schedule the general meetings such that all Directors can attend.

The Company adopted a revised terms of reference of the Audit Committee by a resolution of the Board passed on November 5, 2015 in anticipation of the changes to the Corporate Governance Code which apply with respect to accounting periods beginning on or after January 1, 2016, primarily related to requirements on risk management. It has also adopted certain recommended best practices stated therein.

The key corporate governance principles and practices of the Company are as follows:

ROLE OF THE BOARD

The Board is collectively responsible for promoting the success of the Group and its businesses by directing and supervising the Group's affairs. It focuses on the overall leadership and control of the Group. The principal functions of the Board are to determine strategic directions and performance objectives of the Group, set management targets and monitor management performance, approve financial budgets, funding and investment proposals as well as to perform the corporate governance duties.

BOARD COMPOSITION

Under article 102(1) of the Articles of Association, the minimum number of Directors shall not be less than eleven and the maximum number shall not be more than fifteen.

The Board is currently comprised of twelve Directors, of whom five are executive Directors, three are non-executive Directors and four are independent non-executive Directors. Details of the membership of the Board (including the independent non-executive Directors) have been posted on the Company's website and such information will be updated following any changes. There is no relationship (including financial, business, family or other material relationship) among members of the Board. Biographical details of the Directors are set out on pages 10 to 16 of this annual report and on the Company's website.

The number of independent non-executive Directors complies with the requirements of the Listing Rules which states that every board of directors of a listed issuer must include at least three independent non-executive directors (Rule 3.10(1) of the Listing Rules) and an issuer must appoint independent non-executive directors representing at least one-third of the board (Rule 3.10A of the Listing Rules).

The Company has received from each of its independent non-executive Directors an annual confirmation of his/her independence pursuant to Rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules and considers that all the four independent non-executive Directors as at the date of this annual report, namely, Professor Zhe Sun, Ms. Sze Wan Patricia Lam, Mr. Peter Man Kong Wong and Mr. Russell Francis Banham are independent in accordance with the terms of the independence guidelines set out in Rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules. They are expressly identified as such in all corporate communications that disclose the names of the Directors of the Company.

BOARD DIVERSITY

The Board has a balance of skills, experience and diversity of perspectives appropriate for the requirements of the Group's gaming and hospitality businesses. The representation on the Board by the non-executive and independent non-executive Directors ensures that objective and independent judgment is exercised by the Board and enables their views to carry weight.

The Board's composition ensures experience in commercial, professional, financial, legal and gaming industry matters, there is proper balance while having sufficient diversity in various aspects, including but not limited to gender, age, cultural and education background, race, family status and skills in order to discharge its functions effectively and to enhance the quality of its deliberations and decisions. No single individual or group of individuals is able to dominate the decision-making process.

The Company's Corporate Governance Policy relating to Board diversity sets out the Company's approach to achieve diversity on the Board. The composition of the Board and its Board Committees is regularly reviewed by the full Board to ensure that the balance is maintained and that the Board can retain its effectiveness at all times. Directors' appointments are evaluated against the existing balance of Board skills to ensure balance and mix of diversity.

CHAIRPERSONS AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER

The Chairperson, Mr. James Joseph Murren, jointly with the Co-Chairperson, Ms. Pansy Catilina Chiu King Ho lead the Board. The role of the Chief Executive Officer is held separately by Mr. Grant R. Bowie. While the Chairperson and Co-Chairperson oversee the Board's overall direction and functions, the Chief Executive Officer, supported by his management team, is responsible for the day-to-day management of the business of the Group.

The Chairperson met with the non-executive Directors (including the independent non-executive Directors) during the year ended December 31, 2016 without the presence of the executive Directors.

NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

Non-executive Directors (including independent non-executive Directors) are appointed for an initial term of three years and are subject to retirement by rotation and re-election by Shareholders at the annual general meeting in accordance with article 105 of the Articles of Association.

APPOINTMENT AND RE-ELECTION OF DIRECTORS

Every Director is subject to retirement by rotation at least once every three years in accordance with article 105 of the Articles of Association. Any new Director appointed to fill a casual vacancy or as an addition to the existing Board shall hold office only until the next following annual general meeting and shall then be eligible for re-election, in accordance with article 102 of the Articles of Association.

DIRECTORS' TRAINING AND DEVELOPMENT

Directors are regularly updated on the Group's businesses, the regulatory and industry-specific environments in which the Group operates as well as changes on their legal duties and obligations as Directors, where appropriate. These updates are in the form of written memoranda or reports to the Board, presentations and briefings by senior executives or external advisers, or site visits. During the year, seminars on topics including anti-corruption regulations applicable to the Group and the latest amendments to the Listing Rules were provided to the Directors. Publications, periodicals, presentations, summaries of the latest developments in the relevant laws, regulations, governance standards and practices are uploaded on the Company's board portal for online access and reference for each of the Directors. The Directors are regularly informed by the Company Secretary of the availability of appropriate courses, conferences and seminars conducted by external professional bodies and they are encouraged to attend.

The training provided to the Directors for the year ended December 31, 2016 is summarized below:

		Connected and		
	Corporate	Notifiable	Legal and	
Directors	Governance	Transactions	Regulatory	Business
Executive Directors				
Mr. James Joseph Murren	√	√	√	√
Ms. Pansy Catilina Chiu King Ho	√	√	√	√
Mr. Chen Yau Wong	√	√	√	√
Mr. William Joseph Hornbuckle	√	√	√	√
Mr. Grant R. Bowie	√	√	√	√
Non-executive Directors				
Mr. William M. Scott IV	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	√
Mr. Daniel J. D'Arrigo	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	
Mr. Kenneth A. Rosevear	√	√	√	√
Independent Non-executive Direct	ors			
Professor Zhe Sun	V	√	√	√
Ms. Sze Wan Patricia Lam	√	√	√	√
Mr. Peter Man Kong Wong	V	√	√	√
Mr. Russell Francis Banham	√	√	√	√

BOARD MEETINGS

The Board held six meetings during the year ended December 31, 2016. Board decisions are made by voting at the Board meetings and supplemented by circulation of written resolutions between Board meetings.

The attendance of each Director at the Board, Board Committees and general meetings during the year ended December 31, 2016 is summarized in the following table:

	Number of meetings attended/held* Nomination and Corporate					
		Audit	Remuneration	Governance		Continuous
	Board	Committee	Committee	Committee	General	Professional
Name of Directors	Meeting	Meeting	Meeting	Meeting	Meeting	Development*
EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS						
Mr. James Joseph Murren	3/6	N/A	N/A	N/A	1/1	√
Ms. Pansy Catilina Chiu King Ho	4/6	N/A	4/4	N/A	1/1	√
Mr. Chen Yau Wong	6/6	N/A	N/A	1/1	1/1	√
Mr. William Joseph Hornbuckle	4/6	N/A	4/4	N/A	1/1	√
Mr. Grant R. Bowie	6/6	N/A	N/A	N/A	1/1	√
NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS						
Mr. William M. Scott IV	6/6	N/A	N/A	1/1	1/1	√
Mr. Daniel J. D'Arrigo	5/6	6/6	N/A	N/A	1/1	√
Mr. Kenneth A. Rosevear	6/6	N/A	N/A	N/A	1/1	√
INDEPENDENT NON-EXECUTIVE						
DIRECTORS						
Professor Zhe Sun	5/6	5/6	4/4	1/1	1/1	√
Ms. Sze Wan Patricia Lam	6/6	N/A	4/4	1/1	1/1	√
Mr. Peter Man Kong Wong	4/6	3/6	2/4	1/1	0/1	√
Mr. Russell Francis Banham	6/6	6/6	4/4	1/1	1/1	√

the number of meetings held during the year ended December 31, 2016 where each Director was a member of the Board and/or the relevant Board Committees

^{*} keeping abreast of matters relevant to their role as Directors by means of written memoranda or reports to the Board, presentations and briefings by senior executives or external advisers concerning relevant laws, regulations, governance standards and practices about the industry

DELEGATION BY THE BOARD

The Board has delegated day-to-day operations of the Group to the executive Directors and senior management under the leadership of the Chief Executive Officer but has reserved certain matters for its own approval. These matters include, but are not limited to, strategic policies, funding and capital investment decisions. The Board has also delegated certain functions and matters to the Board Committees pursuant to their respective terms of reference.

BOARD COMMITTEES

The Board has established the following committees with specific and clear written terms of reference:

AUDIT COMMITTEE

The Audit Committee is comprised of four members: Mr. Russell Francis Banham (Chairperson), Professor Zhe Sun and Mr. Peter Man Kong Wong, all of whom are independent non-executive Directors, and Mr. Daniel J. D'Arrigo, a non-executive Director. The Audit Committee held six meetings during the year ended December 31, 2016.

The major duties of the Audit Committee under its terms of reference adopted by a resolution of the Board passed on February 16, 2012 and amended by a resolution of the Board passed on November 5, 2015, which are available on the websites of the Hong Kong Stock Exchange and the Company, include overseeing the relationship between the Company and its external auditors, monitoring the integrity of the financial statements, annual and interim reports and reviewing significant financial reporting judgements contained therein, monitoring compliance with statutory and the Listing Rules requirements in relation to financial reporting and reviewing the Group's financial controls, internal controls and risk management systems. The Management Risk Committee, appointed by and subject to the oversight of the Audit Committee assists the Audit Committee, the Board and senior management as appropriate, to oversee the overall risk management framework of the Group and to identify and effectively manage risks considered by the Management Risk Committee to be significant to the Group, including strategic, financial, business, operational, credit, market, liquidity, security, property, IT, legal, regulatory, reputational and other risks on an ongoing basis.

Matters reviewed, discussed, considered and recommended to the Board for approval during the year ended December 31, 2016 by the Audit Committee included the following:

- the announcements relating to the Group's final results for the year ended December 31, 2015 and interim results for the six months ended June 30, 2016;
- 2015 annual and 2016 interim reports;
- significant accounting and audit matters arising in respect of the audit of the financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2015, the review of the financial statements for the six months ended June 30, 2016, the management letter prepared by the independent auditor and management's responses;
- declaration of the 2015 final dividend;
- declaration of the 2016 interim dividend:
- adequacy of resources, staff qualifications and experience, training programs and budget for the Group's accounting and financial reporting functions;
- review of the financial forecast and financial covenants;
- approval of internal audit plan;
- review of the 3-year internal audit strategic plan;
- periodic reports from the Internal Audit Department and progress in resolving any matters identified therein and the progress of the 2016 internal audit plan;
- compliance with the Deed of Non-Compete Undertakings by MGM Resorts International and Pansy Ho;
- re-appointment of independent auditor;
- external audit plan and audit timetable for the financial year ended December 31, 2016 presented by the independent auditor;
- review of the new disclosure requirements for the 2016 annual report;
- review of the sample draft 2016 external audit long form report and key audit matters;
- approval of audit and non-audit fees;
- compliance with obligations in relation to the continuing connected transactions under the Listing Rules
 on a quarterly basis;
- renewal of the existing continuing connected transactions agreements for 2017-2019;
- matters arising from the Compliance Committee of MGM Grand Paradise on a quarterly basis;
- matters reported on the Company's integrity hotline and whistle-blowing initiatives;
- matters reported on the anti-corruption program;
- assessment of internal controls over financial reporting of the Company relevant to compliance by MGM
 Resorts International with SOX:
- review of the work of the Management Risk Committee;

- review the implementation process of the HR, payroll and financials IT system;
- review of the Company's insurance coverage;
- review of internal controls and risk management systems; and
- matters separately raised by the independent auditor and head of internal audit in sessions without the presence of management.

REMUNERATION COMMITTEE

The Remuneration Committee is comprised of six members: Professor Zhe Sun (Chairperson), Ms. Sze Wan Patricia Lam, Mr. Peter Man Kong Wong and Mr. Russell Francis Banham, all of whom are independent non-executive Directors, Ms. Pansy Catilina Chiu King Ho and Mr. William Joseph Hornbuckle, both of whom are executive Directors. The Remuneration Committee held four meetings during the year ended December 31, 2016 supplemented by circulation of written resolutions of all committee members where appropriate.

The principal functions of the Remuneration Committee under its terms of reference adopted by a resolution of the Board passed on February 16, 2012, which are available on the websites of the Hong Kong Stock Exchange and the Company, include determining (with delegated responsibilities) the remuneration packages of executive Directors and recommending to the Board the remuneration packages for the non-executive Directors and members of the senior management of the Group, approving the terms of the executive Directors' service contracts and compensation-related issues.

Matters reviewed, discussed, considered and recommended to the Board for approval during the year ended December 31, 2016 by the Remuneration Committee included the following:

- granting of share options to certain existing and new senior executives;
- revision of share options scheme;
- mid-management retention strategy;
- revised senior-management incentive structure;
- bonus payout for senior management and general staff;
- · discussion on cost of living adjustment market comparison; and
- · medical insurance renewal

Details of the remuneration of the Directors for the year ended December 31, 2016 are set out in note 13 to the consolidated financial statements.

The remuneration of the members of senior management by band for the year ended December 31, 2016 is set out below:

	No. of
	members of
	senior management
HK\$600,001 to HK\$650,000	1
HK\$2,000,001 to HK\$2,500,000	1_
HK\$2,500,001 to HK\$3,000,000	1
HK\$3,500,001 to HK\$4,000,000	1
HK\$4,500,001 to HK\$5,000,000	1
HK\$5,000,001 to HK\$5,500,000	1
HK\$6,000,001 to HK\$6,500,000	2
HK\$6,500,001 to HK\$7,000,000	1
HK\$7,000,001 to HK\$7,500,000	1
HK\$7,500,001 to HK\$8,000,000	1
HK\$8,500,001 to HK\$9,000,000	1
HK\$9,500,001 to HK\$10,000,000	1
HK\$11,500,001 to HK\$12,000,000	1
	14

NOMINATION AND CORPORATE GOVERNANCE COMMITTEE

The Nomination and Corporate Governance Committee is comprised of six members: Ms. Sze Wan Patricia Lam (Chairperson), Professor Zhe Sun, Mr. Peter Man Kong Wong and Mr. Russell Francis Banham, all of whom are independent non-executive Directors, Mr. William M. Scott IV, a non-executive Director and Mr. Chen Yau Wong, an executive Director. The Nomination and Corporate Governance Committee held one meeting during the year ended December 31, 2016.

The duties of the Nomination and Corporate Governance Committee under its terms of reference adopted by a resolution of the Board passed on February 16, 2012, which are available on the websites of the Hong Kong Stock Exchange and the Company, include making recommendations to the Board on nominations and appointments of Directors, reviewing the size, diversity and composition of the Board, assessing the independence of independent non-executive Directors and performing corporate governance functions as set out in code provision D.3.1 of the Corporate Governance Code contained in Appendix 14 to the Listing Rules.

The Company has in place a formal and transparent procedure for the selection and appointment of new Directors to the Board. In the circumstances where the Nomination and Corporate Governance Committee or the Board believe there is a need to appoint another Director, whether due to retirement of a Director or the growth or complexity of the Company's business, certain procedures have to be followed by the Nomination and Corporate Governance Committee, including:

- determining the skills and experience required from the candidate considering those of the existing Directors and any other likely changes made to the Board;
- agreeing the process and timetable for seeking such a person;
- preparing a short list of candidates

The Nomination and Corporate Governance Committee shall evaluate each candidate based on whether they will be able to make meaningful contributions to the Board's oversight of the business and affairs of the Company and pursuant to the following criteria:

- · competencies and qualifications;
- status under applicable independence requirements;
- · personal and professional ethics and integrity;
- business and professional experience in fields relevant to the Company's business (including whether that experience complements the expertise and experience of the other Directors);
- · other directorships held in other listed companies (Hong Kong or overseas) (previously and currently);
- ability to devote sufficient time to perform their duties as a Director;
- contribution to the overall balance of the composition of the Board;
- commitment to represent the interests of all shareholders of the Company

The Board will appoint the new Director during the year and that person will hold office only until the next following annual general meeting of the Company and shall then stand for re-election by shareholders at the next annual general meeting.

Matters reviewed, discussed, considered and recommended to the Board for approval during the year ended December 31, 2016 by the Nomination and Corporate Governance Committee included the following:

- review of the Corporate Governance Report in the draft 2016 annual report;
- review the structure, size and composition of the Board, in particular relating to Board diversity, and
 monitoring the implementation of the board diversity policy. Based on its review, the Nomination and
 Corporate Governance Committee considers that the current Board is well-balanced and of a diverse mix
 appropriate for the business development of the Company;
- · independence of independent non-executive Directors; and
- retirement of Directors by rotation at the 2016 annual general meeting and re-election of retiring Directors.

DISCLOSURE COMMITTEE

The Disclosure Committee which was established by written resolution of the Board on August 8, 2011 comprises all the executive Directors.

The Disclosure Committee is delegated by the Board to assess the likely impact of any unexpected and significant event that may impact the Company's share price and/or share trading volume and to decide whether the relevant information is considered inside information and needs to be disclosed as soon as reasonably practicable pursuant to Rules 13.09 and 13.10 of the Listing Rules and the Inside Information Provisions under Part XIVA of the SFO. The Disclosure Committee may also be responsible for approving certain announcements and/or circulars to be issued by the Company under powers delegated by the Board from time to time. The form and contents of the announcements and/or circulars submitted to the approval of the Disclosure Committee are communicated and circulated to all Directors and the feedback and comments received are properly addressed prior to publication.

DIRECTORS' AND OFFICERS' INSURANCE

The Group has arranged appropriate insurance cover in respect of potential legal actions against its Directors and officers.

CODE FOR SECURITIES TRANSACTIONS BY DIRECTORS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT

The Company has adopted its own code of conduct regarding securities transactions by Directors and senior management of the Group (the "Code"), the terms of which are no less exacting than the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Issuers' contained in Appendix 10 to the Listing Rules.

The Company has made specific inquiries and has received written confirmations from all Directors that they have complied with the required standard as set out in the Code during the period covered by this annual report.

FINANCIAL REPORTING

DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITY

The Board acknowledges its responsibility for preparing financial statements which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs and financial performance of the Company and of the Group. In presenting the interim and annual financial statements of the Company and the Group, the Directors have considered whether suitable accounting policies were applied consistently, that judgments and estimates are prudent and reasonable and have been prepared on a going concern basis.

The management team recognizes the importance of providing the Board with sufficient explanations as well as appropriate and relevant information on an accurate and timely basis. Management presents to the Board annual and interim business reviews and financial reports comparing the Group's actual performance with the budget and highlights major relevant matters to enable the Board to make an informed assessment on the Group's performance, position and prospects.

AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITY AND AUDITOR'S REMUNERATION

A statement by the external auditor of the Company, Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu, about their reporting responsibilities for the financial statements is included in the Independent Auditor's Report on pages 149 to 155 of this annual report.

During the year ended December 31, 2016, the remuneration paid and payable to the Company's external auditor, is set out below:

Type of Services	HK\$'000
Audit services	9,994
Non-audit services	
Taxation and advisory services	303

COMMUNICATION WITH SHAREHOLDERS

The Board recognizes the importance of maintaining clear, timely and effective communications with the Company's shareholders and potential investors. The Group is committed to ensuring the Shareholders and potential investors receive timely information through the publication of annual and interim reports, announcements, circulars and press releases. All Shareholders' communications are available on the Company's website. The Company regards the annual general meeting as an opportunity for the Board to communicate directly with the Shareholders. Questions from the Shareholders at the annual general meeting are encouraged and welcomed. The Company has adopted a Shareholders' Communication Policy to ensure effective communication with the Shareholders, which has been reviewed on a regular basis to ensure its effectiveness. A copy of the policy is available on the websites of the Hong Kong Stock Exchange and the Company.

INVESTOR RELATIONS

The Board recognizes that effective communications with the Shareholders is the key to establish Shareholders' confidence and to attract new investors. The Company maintains regular dialogues with institutional investors, financial analysts and financial media from time to time to keep them informed of the Group's latest strategy, operations, management and plans.

The Articles of Association were amended at the annual general meeting held on May 17, 2012 and the extraordinary general meeting held on November 30, 2012. Details of the amendments to the Articles of Association were set out in the circulars to the Shareholders dated April 16, 2012 and November 6, 2012.

RISK MANAGEMENT AND INTERNAL CONTROLS

The risk management and internal control systems are designed to provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance against misstatement or loss, and to manage rather than eliminate risks of failure in operational systems and achievement of the Group's objectives.

RISK MANAGEMENT

STATEMENT

Risk management lies at the heart of the Company's business. We are exposed to a range of different risk types, namely: strategic, operational, financial, compliance, cross-border, reputational and cyber threats.

In fact, we believe that the biggest risk any organization faces is not having an effective, robust and adjustable risk management system in place.

Therefore, we are strongly committed to continually improve a group-wide and effective risk management system which is embedded throughout the Company and its subsidiaries in order to guarantee we are able to generate growth in a consistent and sustainable way.

The Board is responsible for risk tolerance setting and the Board and the Audit Committee are responsible for monitoring and reviewing the effectiveness of the risk management system.

MANAGEMENT RISK COMMITTEE

A decision was made in 2015 by the Board to establish the Management Risk Committee which, amongst others, has the responsibility to create and implement the risk management system of the Group.

The Management Risk Committee is appointed by and is subject to the oversight of the Audit Committee.

The Management Risk Committee's mission is to develop and oversee the overall risk management system of the Group by, on an ongoing and enterprise-wide basis, identifying and measuring the risks which could have a material impact on our business including the development, monitoring and reporting of risk mitigation and management strategies in order to avoid or reduce these risks to a level as low as reasonably practicable and, thus, protect our assets and enhance shareholder value.

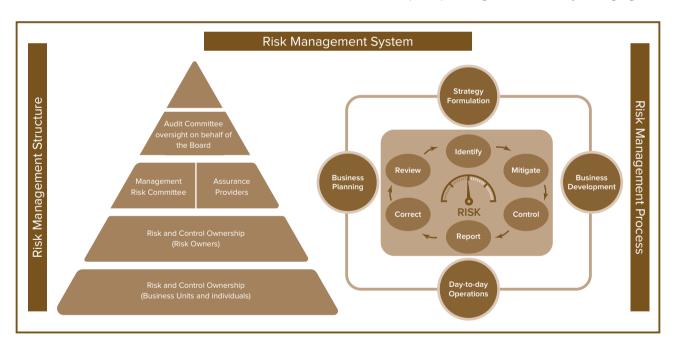
By doing this, the Management Risk Committee gives management a clear view of the significant risks facing the Company, which is used to support the decision making process including strategy formulation, business development and planning, internal control and day-to-day operations.

RISK MANAGEMENT SYSTEM

Our risk management system analyzes risk based on an Impact/Likelihood matrix which assigns to the risk one of the following ratings: Low, Medium Low, Medium, Medium High and High.

In addition to rating the risks, our risk management system identifies the parties who will be primarily and secondarily responsible for such risks as well as the relevant assurance provider and any plans to mitigate such risks.

The list of risks, their risk rating and the mitigation plans in place will be re-analyzed regularly, at least on an annual basis, by the Audit Committee on behalf of the Board, to ensure that our risk management system is effective, as the business and external environment which the Group is operating in is constantly changing.



Periodic reports on the work developed by the Management Risk Committee are presented to the Audit Committee and by the Audit Committee to the Board.

INITIATIVES IN 2016

The major Risk Management initiatives in 2016 were the following:

- Creation and validation of a List of Risks
- Allocation of the risks to the Primary and Secondary Risk Owners
- Definition of the Assurance Providers for each risk
- Analysis of the risks based on an Impact/Likelihood matrix
- Creation and/or validation of Mitigation Plans for all of the risks

INTERNAL CONTROLS

The Board has overall responsibility for maintaining sound and effective internal control systems to safeguard the Shareholders' investment and the Group's assets. The Group conducts regular reviews of the internal control systems. The management team is primarily responsible for the design, implementation, and maintenance of the internal controls. The Board is responsible for overseeing the performance of the management team and the Board and the Audit Committee are responsible for monitoring and reviewing the effectiveness of the internal controls that have been put in place.

The Group's internal control systems encompass policies and procedures aiming to:

- respond appropriately to significant business, operational, financial, compliance and other risks in a
 timely manner with a view to achieving the Group's business objectives. This includes safeguarding
 assets from inappropriate use or from loss and fraud and ensuring that potential liabilities are identified
 and managed;
- ensure maintenance of proper accounting records for the provision of reliable financial information for internal or external reporting; and
- ensure compliance with the relevant legislation, rules and regulations and also with our internal policies with respect to the conduct of our business

The Internal Audit Department ("IA") is responsible for conducting independent reviews of the adequacy and effectiveness of the internal controls and reporting the review results to the Board through the Audit Committee on a quarterly basis. IA plans its internal audit projects annually based on applicable regulatory requirements and risk assessments. In accordance with the annual audit plan approved by the Audit Committee, IA conducts statutory required gaming compliance audits, as well as risk-based audits on the business operations. IA communicates with the management the audit findings and recommendations for remedial actions, and performs follow up to confirm that the implementation of remedial actions by the management team occurred. Status of follow up and the management team's remedial actions are reported to the Audit Committee. To preserve IA's independence, the director of IA reports directly to the Audit Committee on audit matters and to the Chief Executive Officer on administrative matters. During 2016, no material internal control weakness that might have an adverse impact on the financial position or operations of the Group was identified.

In respect of the year ended December 31, 2016, the Board reviewed the scope and quality of management's ongoing monitoring of risks and of the internal control systems, the work of the internal audit function and risk management, and through the review and findings of the Audit Committee, considered that (i) the Group's risk management and internal control systems were effective and adequate and that the Group had complied satisfactorily with the provisions on risk management and internal controls as set forth in the Corporate Governance Code; and (ii) the resources, staff qualifications and experience, training programs and budget of the Group's accounting and financial reporting functions were adequate.

The risk management and internal controls systems are designed to provide reasonable but not absolute assurance against misstatement or loss and to manage rather than to eliminate risks of failure in operational systems and achievement of the Group's objectives. Please refer to the scope of work of our Disclosure Committee in relation to the handling of inside information.

SHAREHOLDERS' RIGHTS

PROCEDURES FOR SHAREHOLDERS TO CONVENE AN EXTRAORDINARY GENERAL MEETING

The Board shall, on the written requisition of any one or more Shareholders holding at the date of deposit of the requisition not less than one-third of the paid-up capital of the Company, or any one Shareholder being a recognized clearing house (or its nominee(s)) holding at the date of deposit of the requisition not less than one-tenth of the paid-up capital of the Company which carries the right of voting at general meetings of the Company, proceed duly to convene an extraordinary general meeting of the Company. The requisition must specify the objects of the meeting and must be signed by the requisitionist(s) and deposited at the principal place of business of the Company in Hong Kong at 1402 China Merchants Tower, 200 Connaught Road, Central, Hong Kong. Once the Company verifies that the request is proper and in order, the Company Secretary will as soon as practicable inform the Board of such request. If the Board does not within twenty-one days from the date of deposit of the requisition proceed duly to convene the meeting to be held with a further twenty-one days, the requisitionist(s) themselves or any of them representing more than one-half of the total voting rights of all of them, may themselves convene the extraordinary general meeting in the same manner, as nearly as possible, as that in which meetings may be convened by the Board provided that any meeting so convened shall not be held after the expiration of three months from the date of deposit of the requisition.

PROCEDURES FOR SENDING ENQUIRIES TO THE BOARD

Enquiries can be made by the public in writing with their contact information and deposited at the Company's principal place of business and head office in Macau at Avenida Dr. Sun Yat Sen, Edificio MGM MACAU, NAPE, Macau or the Company's principal place of business in Hong Kong at 1402 China Merchants Tower, 200 Connaught Road, Central, Hong Kong. The Company has a dedicated investor relations team which supports the Board in dealing with enquiries raised by the Shareholders and potential investors. The Company's corporate website also includes the contact details of the Company for the Shareholders and potential investors to post their queries.

PROCEDURES FOR PUTTING FORWARD PROPOSALS AT SHAREHOLDERS' MEETINGS

To put forward a proposal at a general meeting, the Shareholder(s) should submit a written notice of the proposal specifying the intention to move it as an ordinary or a special resolution, the particulars of the resolution together with the detailed contact information to the Company Secretary at the Company's principal place of business in Hong Kong as detailed above not less than six weeks (42 days) before the meeting at which it is moved. Once the Company verifies that the request is proper and in order, the Company Secretary will request the Board to include the said resolution in the agenda for the general meeting.

To put forward a proposal to elect a person (other than a retiring Director and other than the Shareholder himself/herself) as a Director (the "Candidate") at a general meeting of the Company, the Shareholder shall deposit a written notice of such proposal (signed by the Shareholder who is duly qualified to attend and vote at the general meeting) providing the biographical details of the Candidate as set out in Rule 13.51(2)(a) to (x) of the Listing Rules at the Company's principal place of business and head office in Macau as detailed above or the Company's registered office at 190 Elgin Avenue, George Town, Grand Cayman KY1-9005, Cayman Islands for the attention of the Company Secretary, and a written consent signed by the Candidate indicating his/her willingness to be elected. Unless otherwise determined by the Directors and notified by the Company to the Shareholders, the period for lodgement of such a written notice will commence on the day after the dispatch of the notice of the relevant general meeting and end no later than seven days prior to the date of such general meetings.

CODE OF BUSINESS CONDUCT AND ETHICS AND CONFLICT OF INTEREST POLICY

The Board and senior staff are committed to conducting the Group's business with integrity and the highest standard of business ethics, and in compliance with all the applicable laws and regulatory requirements. The Company has adopted an internal Code of Business Conduct and Ethics and Conflict of Interest Policy which sets out the Company's ethical value and business principles and applies to employees, Directors, contractors or other agents of the Company or its subsidiaries and affiliates. Periodically, the Company may adopt additional guidelines to assist in complying with this policy.

WHISTLE-BLOWING POLICY

The Group has in place an integrity hotline, available by telephone or internet, where employees, customers, contractors and vendors can raise in confidence (where they can choose to be anonymous or otherwise), their concerns on the possible improprieties or relating to any alleged breach of the Code of Business Conduct and Ethics and Conflict of Interest Policy, without fear of reprisals. Under the policy, there are arrangements in place for independent investigations of such matters of concern and for appropriate follow up actions to be taken.

REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS

The Directors present their annual report together with the audited consolidated financial statements of the Group for the year ended December 31, 2016.

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES AND BUSINESS REVIEW

The principal activity of the Company is investment holding. The principal activities of the subsidiaries are the development and operation of casino games of chance and other casino games and the related hotel and resort facilities, and the development of integrated resorts in Macau. The Group owns and operates MGM MACAU which opened in December 2007 and is developing MGM COTAI which is expected to open in the second half of 2017. A list of the Company's subsidiaries, together with their places of incorporation, principal activities and other particulars, is set out in note 34 to the consolidated financial statements.

Further discussion and analysis of these activities as required by Schedule 5 to the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance, including a description of the principal risks and uncertainties facing the Group and an indication of likely future development in the Group's business, can be found in the Management Discussion and Analysis and Chairperson's Statement set out on pages 22 to 47 and pages 4 to 9 of this annual report respectively. An account of the Company's relations with its key stakeholders are included in the Management Discussion and Analysis and Sustainability sections set out on pages 22 to 47 and pages 48 to 78 respectively, and as described on pages 103 to 106 of this annual report. Discussions on the Group's environmental policies and performance are included in the Sustainability section set out on pages 48 to 78. This discussion forms part of this directors' report.

COMPLIANCE WITH THE APPLICABLE LAWS AND REGULATIONS WHICH HAVE A SIGNIFICANT IMPACT ON THE GROUP

The Group and its activities are subject to extensive regulation in several jurisdictions and are required to obtain and maintain licenses in order to operate certain aspects of the business.

As a public company listed on the Hong Kong Stock Exchange, the Company is subject to the regulations imposed by the Securities and Futures Ordinance, the Listing Rules, and the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS

Gaming is a highly regulated industry in Macau. The continuation of operations is contingent upon maintaining all necessary regulatory licenses, permits, approvals, registrations, findings of suitability, orders and authorizations pursuant to the Macau law. The laws, regulations and ordinances requiring these licenses, permits and approvals generally related to responsibility, financial stability and character of the owners, their shareholders, directors and key employees of the gaming operations, as well as gaming promoters involved in gaming operations.

In addition, the activities of the Group in Macau are subject to administrative review and approval by various agencies of the Macau Government, including the Gaming Inspection and Coordination Bureau, the Health Department, the Labor Bureau, the Public Works Bureau, the Fire Department, the Economic Services Bureau (including the tax Department), the Institute for Civic and Municipal Affairs, the Macau Monetary Authority, the Financial Intelligence Bureau and the Macau Government Tourism Office.

In addition, as a subsidiary of MGM Resorts International, the Company is subject to regulations imposed by the Foreign Corrupt Practices Act (the "FCPA"). MGM Resorts International, the controlling Shareholder of the Company, is subject to the laws, rules and regulations of the State of Nevada, U.S.A., and the laws of other jurisdictions in which MGM Resorts International operates pertaining to gaming activities.

The Group is subject to various reporting and anti-money laundering regulations as it deals with significant amounts of cash in its operations. The Group highly values the importance of complying with applicable legal and regulatory requirements and seeks to ensure compliance with these requirements through various measures such as internal controls and approval procedures, trainings and oversight of business units with designated resources at different levels of the Group.

FINANCIAL RESULTS AND APPROPRIATIONS

The results of the Group for the year ended December 31, 2016 are set out in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income on page 156 of this annual report. The financial highlights for the Group for the most recent five years are set out on page 241 of this annual report.

DIVIDENDS

On May 25, 2016, the Shareholders approved a final dividend of HK\$0.093 per Share, amounting to approximately HK\$353.4 million in aggregate for the year ended December 31, 2015, which was paid to Shareholders on June 17, 2016.

On August 4, 2016, the Board declared an interim dividend of HK\$0.119 per Share, amounting to approximately HK\$452.2 million in aggregate for the six months ended June 30, 2016, which was paid to the Shareholders on August 30, 2016.

In accordance with the dividend policy announced by the Company on February 28, 2013 the semi-annual dividends, may not, in aggregate, exceed more than 35% of the anticipated consolidated annual profits in any one year. The Company may also declare special distributions from time to time in addition to the semi-annual dividends. The Board recommends a final dividend of HK\$0.160 per Share (the "Final Dividend"), amounting to approximately HK\$608.0 million in aggregate for the year ended December 31, 2016, representing approximately 20.0% of the Group's profit attributable to owners of the Company for the year ended December 31, 2016. The Final Dividend, subject to approval by the Shareholders in the forthcoming annual general meeting, together with the interim dividend of HK\$0.119 per Share, amounting to approximately HK\$452.2 million, approved on August 4, 2016 and paid to Shareholders on August 30, 2016, represents approximately 34.9% of the Group's profit attributable to owners of the Company for the year ended December 31, 2016.

The Board has recommended the payment of the Final Dividend after reviewing the Group's financial position as at February 16, 2017, its capital requirements going forward and other factors that the Board considered relevant, and determined that the Group has sufficient resources after the payment of the Final Dividend (which is subject to Shareholders' approval) to finance its operations and expansion of its business, including the development of an additional casino and hotel complex in Cotai. The Final Dividend should not be taken as an indication of the level of profit or dividend going forward.

SHARE CAPITAL AND WARRANTS

Details of movements in the share capital of the Company during the year are set out in note 24 to the consolidated financial statements.

REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS

Except as disclosed in note 25 to the consolidated financial statements and the subsection headed "Share Option Scheme" in this report of the Directors, there have been no convertible securities, warrants or similar rights issued or granted by the Company, or any of its subsidiaries during the year ended December 31, 2016.

PRE-EMPTIVE RIGHTS

There are no provisions for pre-emptive rights under the laws of the Cayman Islands or under the Articles of Association which would oblige the Company to offer new Shares on a pro-rata basis to the existing Shareholders.

PURCHASE, SALE OR REDEMPTION OF COMPANY'S LISTED SECURITIES

During the year ended December 31, 2016, the Company repurchased a total of 465,600 Shares at an aggregate purchase price of HK\$7,010.5 thousands on the Hong Kong Stock Exchange. Particulars of the repurchases are as follows:

Month of repurchase	Total number of Shares repurchased	Highest price paid per Share HK\$	Lowest price paid per Share HK\$	Aggregate consideration paid HK\$'000
December 2016	465,600	15.04	14.92	7,011

New Shares were issued pursuant to the exercise of share options by qualifying grantees under the share option scheme adopted by the Company. The Company repurchased the aggregate number of Shares equivalent to the aggregate number of all such new Shares being issued during the year ended December 31, 2016 in accordance with Rule 10.06 of the Listing Rules, and all the repurchased Shares were subsequently cancelled. The total issued share capital of the Company remains the same. The Board considered that such repurchases were made for the benefit of the Company and its Shareholders as a whole with a view of maintaining the same total issued share capital.

Except as disclosed above, there was no purchase, sale or redemption by the Company, or any of its subsidiaries, of any listed securities of the Company during the year.

DISTRIBUTABLE RESERVES OF THE COMPANY

As at December 31, 2016, the Company's reserves available for distribution to Shareholders were as follows:

	2016 HK\$'000	2015 HK\$'000
Share premium	10,435,363	10,433,107
Retained earnings	3,423,086	1,294,709
	13,858,449	11,727,816

Under the Companies Law of the Cayman Islands, the share premium account is distributable to the Shareholders of the Company subject to the provisions of its memorandum and Articles of Association and provided that immediately following the date on which any dividend is proposed to be distributed, the Company will be able to pay its debts as they fall due in the ordinary course of business.

CHARITABLE CONTRIBUTIONS

During the year ended December 31, 2016, the Group made charitable contributions totaling HK\$10.4 million.

EMPLOYEES

The Group recognizes the accomplishment of the employees by providing comprehensive benefit packages, career development opportunities and training in a healthy and safe workplace. The Group is committed to maintaining a work environment free from all forms of harassment and discrimination based upon race, color, religion, gender, national origin, ancestry, age, sexual orientation, mental or physical disability, or any other basis protected by law. This applies to all aspects of employment including, but not limited to, recruitment, hiring, training, promotion, compensation and benefits.

REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS

CUSTOMERS

The Group business is built on a customer-oriented culture. To maintain our market competiveness within the industry, the Group has continued to execute our strategies on improving customer experience by providing high quality gaming and non-gaming offerings. We have also invested in the diversification of Macau by bringing world class art to both entertain our local community and drive international visitation. Our new MGM COTAI property will allow us to capitalize on our international expertise in providing exciting, diversified entertainment offerings that visitors to Macau have not previously experienced. It will represent what we are known for and Make Great Moments for our customers. Customers travelling to Macau are typically from nearby regions in Asia including mainland China, Hong Kong, Taiwan, South Korea and Japan.

Our results of operations are substantially dependent on casino revenue from high value individuals in the VIP gaming, main floor gaming and slot machines gaming operations. This causes increased volatility and the risk of loss of a substantial amount of revenue if we should lose the business of these individuals. To address this risk, risk owners have been designated by the Management Risk Committee and mitigation plans have been put in place, including adjusting the Company's business mix between operations according to the economic context, and monitoring and assuring a volume of business from these individuals which is sufficient to ensure that the volatility is in an acceptable range in the long term by means of a marketing plan and budget to support the acquisition and retention of these high value individuals.

Further information about our relationship with our customers are included in the Management Discussion and Analysis and Sustainability sections.

For the year ended December 31, 2016, the aggregate amount of operating revenues attributable to the Group's five largest customers represented less than 30% of the Group's total operating revenues.

None of our Directors, their associates or any Shareholders, who to the knowledge of the Directors, own more than 5% of the Company's issued share capital, had any interest in any of our top five customers in 2016.

SUPPLIERS

The Group is committed to upholding the highest ethical and professional standards when dealing with suppliers and contractors. The departments work closely to make sure the procurement process is conducted in an open and fair manner. The Group's requirements and standards are also well-communicated to suppliers, which are required to adhere to our Code of Conduct as well as our Sustainability Policy.

The Vendor Code of Conduct as well as the Sustainable Procurement Policy adopted by the Company provides guidance in the procurement of goods and services that contribute to achieving the sustainability goals of our Company. The policy applies to all employees authorized to initiate, contribute to, and/or participate in, the purchasing process. By incorporating sustainable considerations in procurement decisions, the Company is able to reduce its burden on the local and global environment, remove unnecessary hazards from operations, help to protect public health, contribute to reducing costs and liabilities, and potentially improve the environmental quality of the areas in which we operate.

The Company has also in place a Purchasing Standard Operating Procedure, applicable to all parties involved in the purchasing process, which details the procedures to be followed to obtain quality goods and services at the best available prices from reputable vendors, and to ensure that robust internal controls are maintained and adhered to.

Risks related to reliance on major suppliers are considered by the Management Risk Committee and mitigation plans are set up.

Further information about our relationship with our suppliers, including engagement of local SME, are included in the Sustainability section.

For the year ended December 31, 2016, the aggregate amount of purchases (not including the purchases of items that are of a capital nature) attributable to the Group's five largest suppliers represented 37.1% of the Group's total purchases. Our five largest suppliers were MGM Branding, AIA International Limited, Companhia de Electricidade de Macau — CEM, Jardine Lloyd Thompson Limited and Angel Playing Cards Macau Ltd and which accounted for approximately 16.7%, 7.5%, 5.4%, 3.9% and 3.6% of our total purchases, respectively.

REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS

With the exception of MGM Resorts International and Pansy Ho, which have an interest in MGM Branding, none of our Directors, their associates or any of our Shareholders, who to the knowledge of the Directors, own more than 5% of the Company's issued share capital, had any interest in any of our top five suppliers in 2016.

DIRECTORS

The Directors of the Company during the year and up to the date of this report were:

EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS:

James Joseph Murren (Chairperson)
Pansy Catilina Chiu King Ho (Co-Chairperson)
Chen Yau Wong
William Joseph Hornbuckle
Grant R. Bowie (Chief Executive Officer)

NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS:

William M. Scott IV
Daniel J. D'Arrigo
Kenneth A. Rosevear

INDEPENDENT NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS:

Zhe Sun Sze Wan Patricia Lam Peter Man Kong Wong Russell Francis Banham In accordance with article 105 of the amended articles of association of the Company adopted at the extraordinary general meeting held on November 30, 2012, at least one-third of the Directors for the time being (or, if their number is not a multiple of three, the number nearest to but not less than one-third) shall retire from office by rotation. Every Director shall be subject to retirement at least once every three years. The Directors to retire by rotation shall include any Director who wishes to retire and not to offer himself for re-election. Any other Directors to retire shall be determined on the basis that (a) at least one executive Director shall retire each year, (b) at least one non-executive Director (who is not an independent non-executive Director) shall retire each year, and (c) at least one independent non-executive Director shall retire each year, provided that no Director shall be required by the Board to retire by rotation if the last re-election or appointment of that Director is more recent than the last re-election or appointment of any other Director who is not being required to retire by rotation. Any Director appointed pursuant to article 102(2) or 102(3) shall not be taken into account in determining which particular Directors or the number of Directors who are to retire by rotation. Details of the Directors who shall retire from office of the Company and, being eligible, offer themselves for re-election at the forthcoming annual general meeting will be set out in the circular and notice of the annual general meeting to be sent to the Shareholders.

The Company has received annual confirmations of independence from each of the independent nonexecutive Directors pursuant to Rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules and considers each of them to be independent.

DIRECTORS' AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT'S BIOGRAPHIES

Biographical details of the directors of the Company and the senior management of the Group are set out on pages 10 to 21 of this annual report.

UPDATE ON DIRECTORS' INFORMATION

Changes in the information of the Directors since disclosure made in the Company's 2016 interim report that are required to be disclosed pursuant to Rule 13.51B(1) of the Listing Rules, are set out below:

- Mr. James Joseph Murren also serves as Chairman of the Board of MGM Growth Properties, a real estate investment fund listed in the New York Stock Exchange, since April 22, 2016.
- 2. Mr. William Joseph Hornbuckle also serves as Director of MGM Growth Properties, a real estate investment fund listed in the New York Stock Exchange, since April 22, 2016.

DIRECTORS' SERVICE CONTRACTS

None of the Directors proposed for re-election at the forthcoming annual general meeting has a service contract with the Group which is not determinable by the Group within one year without payment of compensation, other than statutory compensation.

DIRECTORS' REMUNERATION

Details of the remuneration of the Directors are set out in note 13 to the consolidated financial statements. There has been no arrangement under which any Director has waived or agreed to waive any emoluments. The Directors' emoluments are determined by the Board with reference to their duties and responsibilities. In addition, the emoluments of the Chief Executive Officer are also based on performance and on the results of the Group.

DIRECTORS' INTEREST IN CONTRACTS

Except as disclosed in note 33 to the consolidated financial statements on pages 232 to 235 of this annual report, there is no contract of significance in relation to the Group's business at the end of the year or at any time during the year ended December 31, 2016 in which the Group was a party and in which a Director was materially interested.

PERMITTED INDEMNITY

Pursuant to the Company's article 178 of the amended articles of association, every Director shall be indemnified and held harmless out of the assets of the Company, to the fullest extent permitted by applicable law, against all liability and loss suffered and expenses (including attorneys' fees) reasonably incurred.

DEED OF NON-COMPETE UNDERTAKINGS WITH PANSY HO AND MGM RESORTS INTERNATIONAL

The Company entered into a Deed of Non-compete Undertakings with Pansy Ho and MGM Resorts International on May 17, 2011 so as to maintain a clear delineation of the respective businesses of each party as set out in pages 134 to 137 of the Company's IPO Prospectus. The Company has received annual written declarations of their compliance with the undertakings under the Deed of Non-compete Undertakings during the year ended December 31, 2016 from Pansy Ho and MGM Resorts International. Based on the confirmations received from Pansy Ho and MGM Resorts International and after review, our independent non-executive Directors considered that Pansy Ho and MGM Resorts International have complied with the terms set out in the Deed of Non-compete Undertakings during the year ended December 31, 2016.

Except as disclosed above, none of our Directors had any interest in any business which competes with our Group's business during the year ended December 31, 2016.

MANAGEMENT CONTRACTS

No contracts concerning the management and administration of the whole or any substantial part of the business of the Company were entered into or existed for the year ended December 31, 2016.

DIRECTORS' AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE'S INTERESTS AND SHORT POSITIONS IN THE SHARES, UNDERLYING SHARES AND DEBENTURES OF THE COMPANY AND ITS ASSOCIATED CORPORATIONS

As at December 31, 2016, the interests and short positions of the Directors and chief executive of the Company in the Shares, underlying Shares and debentures of the Company or any of its associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the SFO), which were required to be notified to the Company and the Hong Kong Stock Exchange pursuant to Divisions 7 and 8 of Part XV of the SFO (including interests and short positions which the Directors and the chief executive had taken or deemed to have under such provisions of the SFO), or which were required, pursuant to section 352 of the SFO, to be recorded in the register maintained by the Company referred to therein, or were required to be notified to the Company and the Hong Kong Stock Exchange pursuant to the Model Code or as the Company was aware, were as follows:

(A) LONG POSITION IN THE SHARES AND UNDERLYING SHARES OF THE COMPANY

(B) LONG POSITION IN THE SHARES OF ASSOCIATED CORPORATIONS — MGM GRAND PARADISE

Name of Director	Personal Interests	Family Interests	Corporate Interests	Number of Shares held	Percentage of issued share capital
Pansy Ho	20,000 (4)	_	_	20,000	10.00%

(C) LONG POSITION IN THE COMMON STOCKS AND UNDERLYING SHARES OF ASSOCIATED CORPORATIONS — MGM RESORTS INTERNATIONAL⁽⁵⁾

				Number of	
				Common Stocks	Percentage of
	Personal	Family	Corporate	and Underlying	issued common
Name of Director	Interests	Interests	Interests	Shares held	stocks
James Joseph Murren	262,500 ⁽⁶⁾	_	_	262,500	0.0457%
	207,116 (7)	_	_	207,116	0.0361%
	1,455,282 (8)	_	_	1,455,282	0.2535%
	909,484 (9)	_	_	909,484	0.1584%
	_	175,329 (10)	_	175,329	0.0305%
Pansy Ho	_	_	16,149,210 (1	16,149,210	2.8128%
	_	_	11,060,492 (1	11,060,492	1.9265%
William Joseph Hornbuckle	49,252 (13)	_	_	49,252	0.0086%
	523,018 (14)	_	_	523,018	0.0911%
	135,141 (15)	_	_	135,141	0.0235%
William M. Scott IV	67,518 ⁽¹⁶⁾	_	_	67,518	0.0118%
	18,768 ⁽¹⁷⁾	_	_	18,768	0.0033%
	13,492 (18)	_	_	13,492	0.0024%
	66,965 ⁽¹⁹⁾	_	_	66,965	0.0117%
	49,338 (20)	_	_	49,338	0.0086%
Daniel J. D'Arrigo	300,000 (21)	_	_	300,000	0.0523%
	30,627 (22)	_	_	30,627	0.0053%
	342,814 ⁽²³⁾	_	_	342,814	0.0597%
	121,222 (24)	_	_	121,222	0.0211%
Kenneth A. Rosevear	49,642 (25)	_	_	49,642	0.0086%
	23,393 (26)	_	_	23,393	0.0041%
	12,373 (27)			12,373	0.0022%
	58,630 ⁽²⁸⁾	_		58,630	0.0102%
	10,049 (29)	_	_	10,049	0.0018%

(D) LONG POSITIONS IN THE COMMON STOCKS AND UNDERLYING SHARES OF ASSOCIATED CORPORATIONS — MGM GROWTH PROPERTIES⁽³⁰⁾

			(Number of Common Stocks	Percentage of
	Personal	Family	Corporate	and Underlying	issued common
Name of Director	Interests	Interests	Interests	Shares held	stocks
James Joseph Murren	35,714 ⁽³¹⁾	_	_	35,714	0.0621%
	910 (32)	_	_	910	0.0016%
	_	250,000	_	250,000	0.4348%
Pansy Ho	_	_	1,000,000 (34	1,000,000	1.7391%
William Joseph Hornbuckle	7,143 (35)	_	_	7,143	0.0124%
	182 (36)	_	_	182	0.0003%
	30,763 ⁽³⁷⁾	_	_	30,763	0.0535%
Daniel J. D'Arrigo	21,429 (38)	_	_	21,429	0.0373%
	546 ⁽³⁹⁾	_	_	546	0.0009%
	5,000 (40)	_	_	5,000	0.0087%
Kenneth A. Rosevear	100,000 (41)	_	_	100,000	0.1739%

Notes:

- (1) These represent the Shares beneficially held by Pansy Ho in her personal capacity.
- (2) Pansy Ho was deemed to be interested in 474,561,200 Shares held by Grand Paradise Macau Limited, a company which she controls.
- (3) This represents 15,095,200 share options of the Company granted to Grant R. Bowie pursuant to the share option scheme of the Company, details of which are set out in note 25 to the consolidated financial statements.
- (4) These represent 50% of total issued class B shares of MGM Grand Paradise which carry 10% of the total voting power at any meetings of shareholders of MGM Grand Paradise. On each occasion upon which dividends are paid by MGM Grand Paradise, each holder of class B shares will be entitled to receive dividends of up to MOP1 only.

- (5) MGM Resorts International adopted an omnibus incentive plan in 2005 which, as amended, allows it to grant stock options, stock appreciation rights ("SARs"), restricted stock, restricted stock units ("RSUs"), performance stock units ("PSUs") and other stock-based awards to eligible directors, officers and employees of MGM Resorts International and its subsidiaries. Stock options and SARs granted under all plans generally have terms of either seven or ten years, and in most cases vest in either four or five equal annual installments. RSUs and PSUs granted vest ratably over four and three years respectively. MGM Resorts International's practice is to issue new shares upon exercise or vesting of awards.
- (6) This represents 262,500 vested SARs in the common stock of MGM Resorts International granted to James Joseph Murren.
- (7) This represents 207,116 unvested RSUs in the common stock of MGM Resorts International held by James Joseph Murren.
- (8) This represents 909,551 unvested PSUs in the common stock of MGM Resorts International granted to James Joseph Murren. Each PSU can be converted into a maximum of 1.6 common stock of MGM Resorts International.
- (9) These represent the common stock of MGM Resorts International held by James Joseph Murren.
- (10) These represent the common stock of MGM Resorts International held by Spousal Limited Access Trusts.
- (11) These represent the common stock of MGM Resorts International held by Emerging Corporate Limited, a company which Pansy Ho has control.
- (12) These represent the common stock of MGM Resorts International held by Expert Angels Limited, a company which Pansy Ho has control.
- (13) This represents 49,252 unvested RSUs in the common stock of MGM Resorts International held by William Joseph Hornbuckle.
- (14) This represents 326,886 unvested PSUs in the common stock of MGM Resorts International granted to William Joseph Hornbuckle. Each PSU can be converted into a maximum of 1.6 common stock of MGM Resorts International.
- (15) These represent the common stock of MGM Resorts International held by William Joseph Hornbuckle.
- (16) This represents 67,518 vested SARs in the common stock of MGM Resorts International granted to William M. Scott IV.

- (17) This represents 18,768 unvested SARs in the common stock of MGM Resorts International granted to William M. Scott IV.
- (18) This represents 13,492 unvested RSUs in the common stock of MGM Resorts International held by William M. Scott IV.
- (19) This represents 41,853 unvested PSUs in the common stock of MGM Resorts International granted to William M. Scott IV. Each PSU can be converted into a maximum of 1.6 common stock of MGM Resorts International.
- (20) These represent the common stock of MGM Resorts International held by William M. Scott IV.
- (21) This represents 300,000 vested SARs in the common stock of MGM Resorts International granted to Daniel J. D'Arrigo.
- (22) This represents 30,627 unvested RSUs in the common stock of MGM Resorts International held by Daniel J. D'Arrigo.
- (23) This represents 214,259 unvested PSUs in the common stock of MGM Resorts International granted to Daniel J. D'Arrigo. Each PSU can be converted into a maximum of 1.6 common stock of MGM Resorts International.
- (24) These represent the common stock of MGM Resorts International held by Daniel J. D'Arrigo.
- (25) This represents 49,642 vested SARs in the common stock of MGM Resorts International granted to Kenneth A. Rosevear.
- (26) This represents 23,393 unvested SARs in the common stock of MGM Resorts International granted to Kenneth A. Rosevear.
- (27) This represents 12,373 unvested RSUs in the common stock of MGM Resorts International held by Kenneth A. Rosevear.
- (28) This represents 36,644 unvested PSUs in the common stock of MGM Resorts International granted to Kenneth A. Rosevear. Each PSU can be converted into a maximum of 1.6 common stock of MGM Resorts International.
- (29) These represent the common stock of MGM Resorts International held by Kenneth A. Rosevear.

- (30) MGM Growth Properties adopted an omnibus incentive plan in 2016 which allows it to grant share options, share appreciation rights, restricted shares, RSUs, performance shares, PSUs and other share-based awards to eligible directors, officers and employees of MGM Growth Properties and its affiliates. RSUs granted to non-employee directors and employees of affiliates (including MGM Resorts International) vest over one year, and RSUs and PSUs granted to officers and employees of MGM Growth Properties vest ratably over four and three years respectively. MGM Growth Properties's practice is to issue new shares upon vesting of awards.
- (31) This represents 35,714 unvested RSUs in the common stock of MGM Growth Properties held by James Joseph Murren.
- (32) This represents 910 dividend equivalent rights for the outstanding RSUs equity awards of MGM Growth Properties held by James Joseph Murren.
- (33) These represent the common stock of MGM Growth Properties held by Spousal Limited Access Trusts.
- (34) These represent the common stock of MGM Growth Properties held by August City Limited, a company which Pansy Ho has control.
- (35) This represents 7,143 unvested RSUs in the common stock of MGM Growth Properties held by William Joseph Hornbuckle.
- (36) This represents 182 dividend equivalent rights for the outstanding RSUs equity awards of MGM Growth Properties held by William Joseph Hornbuckle.
- (37) These represent the common stock of MGM Growth Properties held by William Joseph Hornbuckle.
- (38) This represents 21,429 unvested RSUs in the common stock of MGM Growth Properties held by Daniel J. D'Arrigo.
- (39) This represents 546 dividend equivalent rights for the outstanding RSUs equity awards of MGM Growth Properties held by Daniel J. D'Arrigo.
- (40) These represent the common stock of MGM Growth Properties held by Daniel J. D'Arrigo.
- (41) These represent the common stock of MGM Growth Properties held by Kenneth A. Rosevear.

Except as disclosed above, as at December 31, 2016, none of the Directors or the chief executive of the Company was interested, or was deemed to be interested in the long and short positions in the Shares, underlying Shares and/or debentures of the Company or any of its associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the SFO) which were required to be (i) notified to the Company and the Hong Kong Stock Exchange pursuant to Divisions 7 and 8 of Part XV of the SFO or (ii) recorded in the register maintained by the Company as required pursuant to Section 352 of the SFO as aforesaid or (iii) notified to the Company and the Hong Kong Stock Exchange pursuant to the Model Code.

SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDERS' INTERESTS AND SHORT POSITIONS IN THE SHARES AND UNDERLYING SHARES OF THE COMPANY

The Company was informed that on August 16, 2016, our controlling shareholder, MGM Resorts International, entered into a securities purchase agreement with MRIH (its indirect wholly-owned subsidiary), Grand Paradise Macau Limited (a company controlled by Pansy Ho, the Co-Chairperson, executive Director and a substantial Shareholder (as defined under the Listing Rules) of the Company), and Expert Angels Ltd (a wholly-owned subsidiary of Grand Paradise Macau Limited). Pursuant to the terms of the securities purchase agreement, Grand Paradise Macau Limited will transfer to MRIH 188,100,000 ordinary common shares (the "MGM China Shares"), or 4.95% of the outstanding ordinary common shares of the Company (the "Transfer") as at the time of the relevant announcement. In consideration for the MGM China Shares, MGM Resorts International will issue to MRIH 7,060,492 shares of its common stock, par value US\$0.01, for delivery to Expert Angels Ltd and pay to Grand Paradise Macau Limited or its nominee an initial cash payment of US\$100,000,000. In addition, MGM Resorts International had agreed to cause MRIH to pay Grand Paradise Macau Limited or its nominee a deferred cash payment of US\$50,000,000, which will be paid to Grand Paradise Macau Limited or its nominee over time in amounts equal to the ordinary dividends received on the MGM China Shares, with a final payment on the fifth anniversary of the closing date of the transaction if any portion of the US\$50,000,000 remains unpaid at that time, subject to certain conditions. For further details, please refer to the announcement of the Company dated August 16, 2016. The Company was informed that the Transfer was completed on September 1, 2016. Immediately upon completion of the Transfer, MGM Resorts International beneficially owns approximately 56% of the ordinary common shares of the Company.

As at December 31, 2016, so far as is known to any Director or the chief executive of the Company, the persons who had interests or short positions in the Shares or underlying Shares of the Company as recorded in the register required to be kept by the Company pursuant to section 336 of the SFO or as otherwise notified to the Company were as follows:

(A) LONG POSITION IN THE SHARES OF THE COMPANY

	Capacity/nature	Number of	Percentage of
Name	of interest	Shares held	shareholding
MGM Resorts International (1)	Interest in a controlled	2,126,100,001	56.00%
	corporation		
MGM International, LLC ⁽¹⁾	Interest in a controlled	2,126,100,001	56.00%
	corporation		
MRIH (1)	Direct interest	2,126,100,001	56.00%
Pansy Ho (2)	Direct interest	380,000,000	10.00%
	Interest in a controlled	474,561,200	12.49%
	corporation		
Grand Paradise Macau Limited (2)	Direct interest	474,561,200	12.49%

Notes:

- (1) MRIH is a wholly-owned subsidiary of MGM International, LLC, which in turn is wholly-owned by MGM Resorts International. Therefore, MGM International, LLC and MGM Resorts International are deemed or taken to be interested in 2,126,100,001 Shares which are directly held by MRIH.
- (2) Grand Paradise Macau Limited is a company controlled by Pansy Ho and therefore Pansy Ho is deemed or taken to be interested in 474,561,200 Shares which are directly held by Grand Paradise Macau Limited.

Except as disclosed above, the Company had not been notified of any other corporation or person, who, as at December 31, 2016, had interests or short positions in the Shares or underlying Shares of the Company which would be required to be disclosed to the Company under the provisions of Divisions 2 and 3 of Part XV of the SFO and which were recorded in the register required to be kept by the Company under section 336 of the SFO.

SHARE OPTION SCHEME

The Company operates a share option scheme which was adopted by the Company on May 11, 2011 and amended by the Board on July 28, 2016 to approve certain administrative matters ("Share Option Scheme"). The purpose of the Share Option Scheme is to provide incentives and/or rewards to eligible persons for their contributions to, and continuing efforts to promote the interests of, the Group. Under the Share Option Scheme, options to subscribe for ordinary shares in the Company are granted to any director or employee of the Group and any other person (including a consultant or adviser) who in the sole discretion of the Board has contributed or will contribute to the Group (Eligible Persons).

The Share Option Scheme shall be valid and effective for a period of ten years commencing on the adoption date, after which period no further options shall be granted. For options remaining outstanding on the expiration of the ten-year period, the provisions of the Share Option Scheme shall remain in full force and effect.

The maximum number of Shares which may be issued upon the exercise of all outstanding options granted and yet to be exercised under the Share Option Scheme, must not, in aggregate, exceed 30% (or such other percentage as may be allowed under the Listing Rules) of the total number of Shares of the Company in issue from time to time.

As at December 31, 2016, the number of Shares in respect of which options had been granted and remained outstanding under the Scheme was 73,575,900, representing approximately 1.9% of the Shares of the Company in issue at that date.

The total number of Shares available for issue under the Share Option Scheme of the Company as at the date of this annual report is 308,672,700, which is approximately 8.1% of the issued share capital as at the date of this annual report.

The total number of Shares which may be issued upon exercise of all options to be granted under the Share Option Scheme must not in aggregate exceed 10% of the total number of Shares of the Company in issue at the date of approval of the Share Option Scheme, being 380,000,000 Shares. Options lapsed in accordance with the terms of the Share Option Scheme will not be counted for the purpose of calculating the 10% limit.

The maximum number of Shares issued and to be issued upon the exercise of all options granted and to be granted (including exercised, cancelled and outstanding options) pursuant to the Share Option Scheme to each Eligible Person within any twelve month period is limited to 1% of the total number of Shares of the Company in issue at any time. Any further grant of share options in excess of this limit is subject to Shareholders' approval in a general meeting.

The vesting periods for all of the options granted were 25% per year on each of the subsequent four anniversary dates of the date of grant.

The period during which an option may be exercised, to be determined and notified by the Board to a grantee, shall not in any event be more than ten years commencing on the date on which the offer in relation to such option is deemed to have been accepted by the grantee, subject to the payment of the option price, in the amount of HK\$1.00 payable for each acceptance of grant of an option, and expiring on the last day of such ten year period subject to the provisions for early termination contained in the scheme.

The Board may in its absolute discretion specify such conditions as it thinks fit when making an offer to an Eligible Person (including, without limitation, as to any performance criteria which must be satisfied by the Eligible Person and/or the Company and/or its Subsidiaries, and any minimum period for which an option must be held, before an option may be exercised, if any), provided that such conditions shall not be inconsistent with any other terms and conditions of the Share Option Scheme.

The exercise price shall be a price determined by the Board and notified to an Eligible Person and shall be at least the higher of: (i) the closing price of the Shares as stated in the Hong Kong Stock Exchange's daily quotation sheets on the offer date, which must be a business day; (ii) the average of the closing price of the Shares as stated in the Hong Kong Stock Exchange's daily quotation sheets for the five business days immediately preceding the offer date; and (iii) the nominal value of a Share.

A summary of the movements of the outstanding options under the scheme during the year ended December 31, 2016 is as follows:

					Number of share options			
Directors, eligible employees and consultants	Date of grant	Exercisable period	Exercise price per Share HK\$	Outstanding at January 1, 2016	Granted during the year	Exercised during the year	Forfeited during the year	Outstanding at December 31, 2016
Grant R. Bowie	June 3, 2011	June 2, 2012 - May 10, 2021	15.62	3,500,000	_	_	_	3,500,000
Employees	June 3, 2011	June 2, 2012 - May 10, 2021	15.62	7,070,000	-	(97,600)	(1,140,400)	5,832,000
Employees	August 22, 2011	August 21, 2012 - May 10, 2021	15.12	705,000	_	(80,000)	_	625,000
Employees	September 1, 2011	August 31, 2012 - May 10, 2021	14.78	770,000	_	_	_	770,000
Employees	November 15, 2011	November 14, 2012 - May 10, 2021	10.80	60,000	_	_	_	60,000
Consultants	February 23, 2012	February 22, 2013 - May 10, 2021	13.82	875,000	_	_	_	875,000
Employees	February 26, 2013	February 25, 2014 - February 26, 2023	18.74 3	100,000	_	_	_	100,000
Employees	May 15, 2013	May 14, 2014 - May 15, 2023	20.35	50,000	_	_	_	50,000
Employees	November 15, 2013	November 14, 2014 - November 15, 202		750,000	_	_	_	750,000
Employees	February 24, 2014	February 23, 2015 - February 24, 2024	32.25	700,000	_	_	_	700,000
Grant R. Bowie	June 3, 2014	June 2, 2015 - June 2, 2024	26.85	3,200,000	_	_	_	3,200,000
Employees	June 3, 2014	June 2, 2015 - June 2, 2024	26.85	13,195,000	_	_	(1,095,000)	12,100,000
Consultants	June 3, 2014	June 2, 2015 - June 2, 2024	26.85	400,000	_	_	_	400,000
Employees	August 15, 2014	August 15, 2015 - August 14, 2024	26.35	560,000	_	_	(300,000)	260,000
Employees	November 17, 2014	November 17, 2015 - November 16, 202		1,150,000	_	_	(300,000)	850,000
Employees	February 25, 2015	February 25, 2016 - February 24, 2025	19.24	610,000	_	_	(150,000)	460,000
Employees	May 15, 2015	May 15, 2016 - May 14, 2025	15.10	1,320,000	_	_	(300,000)	1,020,000
Grant R. Bowie	June 3, 2015	June 3, 2016 - June 2, 2025	14.09	2,753,600	_	_	_	2,753,600
Employees	June 3, 2015	June 3, 2016 - June 2, 2025	14.09	9,353,600	_	(223,000)	(1,008,500)	8,122,100
Consultants	June 3, 2015	June 3, 2016 - June 2, 2025	14.09	478,800	_	_	_	478,800
Employees	August 17, 2015	August 17, 2016 - August 16, 2025	16.47	360,000	_	_	_	360,000
Employees	November 16, 2015	November 16, 2016 - November 15, 202		1,250,000	_	(65,000)	(50,000)	1,135,000
Employees	February 23, 2016	February 23, 2017 - February 22, 2026	9.13	_	230,000 (1)	_	_	230,000
Employees	May 16, 2016	May 16, 2017 - May 15, 2026	10.48	_	260,000 (2)	_	_	260,000
Grant R. Bowie	June 3, 2016	June 3, 2017 - June 2, 2026	10.90	_	3,535,200 (3)	_	_	3,535,200
Employees	June 3, 2016	June 3, 2017 - June 2, 2026	10.90	_	13,663,600 ⁽³⁾	_	(778,400)	12,885,200
Consultants	June 3, 2016	June 3, 2017 - June 2, 2026	10.90	_	550,000 (3)	_	_	550,000
Grant R. Bowie	August 23, 2016	August 23, 2017 - August 22, 2026	11.74	_	2,106,400 (4)	_	_	2,106,400
Employees	August 23, 2016	August 23, 2017 - August 22, 2026	11.74	_	9,087,200 (4)	_	(203,200)	8,884,000
Consultants	August 23, 2016	August 23, 2017 - August 22, 2026	11.74	_	263,600 (4)	_	_	263,600
Faralassa	November 15, 2016	November 15, 2017 -	14.65		460,000 (5)	_		460,000
Employees		November 14, 202	16					

Notes:

- (1) The closing price of the Shares immediately before the date of this grant was HK\$8.85 and the estimated weighted average fair value of share options granted on that date was HK\$2.85 per Share.
- (2) The closing price of the Shares immediately before the date of this grant was HK\$10.20 and the estimated weighted average fair value of share options granted on that date was HK\$3.18 per Share.
- (3) The closing price of the Shares immediately before the date of this grant was HK\$10.96 and the estimated weighted average fair value of share options granted on that date was HK\$3.31 per Share.
- (4) The closing price of the Shares immediately before the date of this grant was HK\$11.72 and the estimated weighted average fair value of share options granted on that date was HK\$3.60 per Share.
- (5) The closing price of the Shares immediately before the date of this grant was HK\$14.72 and the estimated weighted average fair value of share options granted on that date was HK\$4.46 per Share.

CONNECTED TRANSACTIONS

During the year ended December 31, 2016, the Group engaged in existing transactions and had renewed certain existing transactions with MGM Resorts International, Pansy Ho and their respective affiliates described below which constitute continuing connected transactions under the Listing Rules.

CONTINUING CONNECTED TRANSACTIONS

Continuing Connected Transactions exempt from circular and independent Shareholders' approval requirements under Rule 14A.76(2) of the Listing Rules and/or fully exempted under Rule 14A.76(1) of the Listing Rules

1. First and Second Renewed MGM Marketing Agreements

As disclosed in the IPO Prospectus, MGM Resorts International, MGM Resorts International Marketing, Ltd., MGM Grand International Pte, Ltd., MGM Grand Paradise and the Company entered into the MGM Marketing Agreement on May 17, 2011. As the annual caps under the MGM Marketing Agreement expired on December 31, 2013, the parties entered into the First Renewed MGM Marketing Agreement on December 24, 2013 to terminate the existing agreement and renew the same. The MGM Marketing Agreement was terminated and was without further force or effect as of January 1, 2014, and the First Renewed MGM Marketing Agreement superseded the MGM Marketing Agreement in its entirety.

The First Renewed MGM Marketing Agreement is for a term of three years and came into effect on January 1, 2014. Subject to the compliance with the Listing Rules or, alternatively, any waivers obtained from strict compliance with such requirements, upon expiration of the First Renewed MGM Marketing Agreement, the Agreement may be renewed for a three-year term (or such other period permitted under the Listing Rules) upon mutual agreement between the parties in writing.

Pursuant to the First Renewed MGM Marketing Agreement, MGM Resorts International and its designated affiliates are entitled to receive marketing fees in consideration of referrals of gaming customers made to resort, hotel and casino properties owned or operated by the Macau Group (as defined in the First Renewed MGM Marketing Agreement).

The Company has agreed to cause each Macau Group member to pay marketing fees to MGM Resorts International and its designated affiliates in consideration of the referrals of gaming customers made to resort, hotel and casino properties owned or operated by the members of the Macau Group. The marketing fees payable are equal to 3% of the theoretical win (refer to note on page 129) associated with gaming play by customers referred (excluding any play with gaming promoters). The marketing fees payable under the First Renewed MGM Marketing Agreement were determined based on, amongst others, the assessment of the incremental costs that the Group would have to incur to attract gaming customers and the historical fee arrangements under the MGM Marketing Agreement.

The First Renewed MGM Marketing Agreement entitles MGM Resorts International to have a marketing presence at MGM MACAU and the Company's future gaming developments during the term of the First Renewed MGM Marketing Agreement. The purpose of the First Renewed MGM Marketing Agreement is to continue to utilize the established international marketing network of MGM Resorts International to direct additional gaming customers to the Company's present and any future properties. The terms of the First Renewed MGM Marketing Agreement were arrived at after arm's length negotiations between the relevant parties.

MGM Resorts International is a connected person of the Company as it is our controlling Shareholder⁽¹⁾, as defined under the Listing Rules. MGM Resorts International Marketing, Ltd. and MGM Grand International Pte, Ltd. are both wholly-owned subsidiaries of MGM Resorts International and are therefore also connected persons of the Company. As MGM Resorts International, MGM Resorts International Marketing, Ltd. and MGM Grand International Pte, Ltd., (the "MGM Group") are connected persons of the Company, the First Renewed MGM Marketing Agreement constitutes a continuing connected transaction of the Company pursuant to Rule 14A.31 of the Listing Rules.

The marketing fees payable under the First Renewed MGM Marketing Agreement to the MGM Group by our Group for such referrals for each of the years ended December 31, 2014, 2015 and 2016 are subject to an annual cap of HK\$39,000,000. The annual caps were determined by reference to factors including, (i) the amount to be paid to properly compensate for the services of the marketing executives; (ii) sufficient additional fee capacity to address the expected growth of the Group's business through referrals during the three-year term and in general the trend of the gaming market's gaming revenue growth in Macau; (iii) the fact that the marketing fee rates payable in respect of the fees are similar to those payable to independent agents in connection with referrals of gaming business; (iv) the historical marketing fees paid by the Group to the MGM Group for the two years ended December 31, 2011 and 2012 and the nine months ended September 30, 2013 under the MGM Marketing Agreement; and (v) the arrangements under the First Renewed Macau Marketing Agreement and the First Renewed BEH Marketing Agreement.

For the year ended December 31, 2016, the aggregate total consideration paid to the MGM Group by our Group was HK\$14.1 million which fell within the annual cap of HK\$39,000,000 for the calendar year of 2016 as disclosed in the annual cap of Continuing Connected Transactions published at the Hong Kong Stock Exchange, dated December 24, 2013.

As the annual caps under the First Renewed MGM Marketing Agreement expired on December 31, 2016, the parties entered into the Second Renewed MGM Marketing Agreement on December 12, 2016 to replace and renew the First Renewed MGM Marketing Agreement with effect from January 1, 2017. The First Renewed MGM Marketing Agreement expired on December 31, 2016 and was of no force or effect as of January 1, 2017.

The Second Renewed MGM Marketing Agreement is for a term of three years and came into effect on January 1, 2017. Subject to the compliance with the Listing Rules or, alternatively, any waivers obtained from strict compliance with such requirements, upon expiration of the Second Renewed MGM Marketing Agreement, the Agreement may be renewed for a three-year term (or such other period permitted under the Listing Rules) upon mutual agreement between the parties in writing.

Pursuant to the Second Renewed MGM Marketing Agreement, MGM Resorts International and its designated affiliates are entitled to receive marketing fees in consideration of referrals of gaming customers made to resort, hotel and casino properties owned or operated by the Macau Group.

The Company has agreed to cause each Macau Group member to pay marketing fees to MGM Resorts International and its designated affiliates in consideration of the referrals of gaming customers made to resort, hotel and casino properties owned or operated by the members of the Macau Group. The marketing fees payable are equal to 3% of the theoretical win (refer to note on page 129) associated with gaming play by customers referred (excluding any play with gaming promoters). The marketing fees payable under the Second Renewed MGM Marketing Agreement have been determined based on, amongst others, the assessment of the incremental costs that the Group would have to incur to attract gaming customers and the historical fee arrangements under the First Renewed MGM Marketing Agreement.

The Second Renewed MGM Marketing Agreement entitles MGM Resorts International to continue to have a marketing presence at MGM MACAU and the Company's future gaming developments during the term of the Second Renewed MGM Marketing Agreement. The purpose of the Second Renewed MGM Marketing Agreement is to continue to utilize the established international marketing network of MGM Resorts International to direct additional gaming customers to the Company's present and future properties. The terms of the Second Renewed MGM Marketing Agreement were arrived at after arm's length negotiations between the relevant parties.

As members of the MGM Group are connected persons of the Company as defined under the Listing Rules, the Second Renewed MGM Marketing Agreement constitutes a continuing connected transaction of the Company pursuant to Rule 14A.31 of the Listing Rules.

The marketing fees payable under the Second Renewed MGM Marketing Agreement to the MGM Group by our Group for such referrals for each of the years ending December 31, 2017, 2018 and 2019 are subject to an annual cap of HK\$55,000,000, HK\$60,000,000 and HK\$65,000,000, respectively.

The annual caps under the Second Renewed MGM Marketing Agreement were determined by reference to, amongst others, (i) the amount to be paid to properly compensate for the services of the marketing executives; (ii) sufficient additional fee capacity to address the expected growth of the Group's business through referrals in the next three years and in general the trend of the gaming market's gaming revenue growth in Macau and, in particular, at the time of the relevant announcement, the expected commencement of operation of MGM COTAI in 2017; (iii) the development of the Cotai area in Macau and the conclusion of the infrastructure developments facilitating more convenient travel to Macau, leading to an anticipated increase in marketing expenses to attract more potential gaming customers; (iv) the fact that the marketing fee rates payable in respect of the fees are similar to those payable to independent agents in connection with referrals of gaming business; (v) the historical marketing fees paid by the Group to the MGM Group for the two years ended December 31, 2014 and 2015 and the nine months ended September 30, 2016 (unaudited) under the First Renewed MGM Marketing Agreement; and (vi) the arrangements under the Second Renewed Macau Marketing Agreement and the Second Renewed BEH Marketing Agreement.

2. First and Second Renewed Macau Marketing Agreements

As disclosed in the IPO Prospectus, MGM Resorts International, MGM Grand Paradise and the Company entered into the Macau Marketing Agreement on May 17, 2011. As the annual caps under the Macau Marketing Agreement expired on December 31, 2013, the parties entered into the First Renewed Macau Marketing Agreement on December 24, 2013 to terminate the existing agreement and renew the same. The Macau Marketing Agreement was terminated and was without further force or effect as of January 1, 2014, and the First Renewed Macau Marketing Agreement superseded the Macau Marketing Agreement in its entirety.

The First Renewed Macau Marketing Agreement is for a term of three years and came into effect on January 1, 2014. Subject to the compliance with the Listing Rules or, alternatively, any waivers obtained from strict compliance with such requirements, upon expiration of the First Renewed Macau Marketing Agreement, the Agreement may be renewed for a three-year term (or such other period permitted under the Listing Rules) upon mutual agreement between the parties in writing.

Pursuant to the First Renewed Macau Marketing Agreement, MGM Resorts International has agreed to pay marketing fees to MGM Grand Paradise (or to an affiliate of MGM Grand Paradise designated by it in writing) in consideration of referrals made of gaming customers to resort, hotel and casino properties owned or operated by the MGM Resorts International and its designated affiliates in the United States or elsewhere.

The marketing fees payable are calculated on the basis of 3% of the theoretical win (refer to note on page 129) associated with customers gaming play by customers referred (excluding any play with gaming promoters). The marketing fees payable under the First Renewed Macau Marketing Agreement were determined based on factors including the assessment of the incremental costs that the MGM Group would have to incur to attract these gaming customers and the historical fee arrangement under the Macau Marketing Agreement.

The major purpose of the First Renewed Macau Marketing Agreement is to continue to provide an additional revenue stream to the Company for gaming customers referred to MGM Resorts International and to facilitate cooperative marketing efforts between the Company's in-house marketing staff and the international marketing staff of MGM Resorts International. The terms of the First Renewed Macau Marketing Agreement were arrived at after arm's length negotiations between the relevant parties.

MGM Resorts International is a connected person of the Company as it is our controlling Shareholder⁽¹⁾, as defined under the Listing Rules. As MGM Resorts International is a connected person of the Company, the First Renewed Macau Marketing Agreement constitutes a continuing connected transaction of the Company pursuant to Rule 14A.31 of the Listing Rules.

The marketing fees payable under the First Renewed Macau Marketing Agreement to our Group by MGM Resorts International and its subsidiaries for such referrals for each of the years ended December 31, 2014, 2015 and 2016 are subject to an annual cap of HK\$39,000,000. The annual caps under the First Renewed Macau Marketing Agreement were determined by reference to factors including, (i) the amount to be paid to properly compensate for the services of the marketing executives; (ii) sufficient additional fee capacity to address the expected growth of the business through referrals during the three-year term and in general the trend of the gaming market's gaming revenue growth in the United States; (iii) the fact that the marketing fee rates payable in respect of the fees are similar to those payable to independent agents in connection with referrals of gaming business; (iv) the historical marketing fees paid by the MGM Group to the Group in the two years ended December 31, 2011 and 2012 and the nine months ended September 30, 2013 under the Macau Marketing Agreement; and (v) the arrangements under the First Renewed MGM Marketing Agreement to give the Company the potential to receive the same benefit as those under the First Renewed MGM Marketing Agreement and the First Renewed BEH Marketing Agreement.

For the year ended December 31, 2016, the aggregate total consideration paid to our Group by the MGM Group was HK\$1.2 million which fell within the annual cap of HK\$39,000,000 for the calendar year of 2016 as disclosed in the annual cap of Continuing Connected Transactions published at the Hong Kong Stock Exchange, dated December 24, 2013.

As the annual caps under the First Renewed Macau Marketing Agreement expired on December 31, 2016, the parties entered into the Second Renewed Macau Marketing Agreement on December 12, 2016 to replace and renew the First Renewed Macau Marketing Agreement with effect from January 1, 2017. The First Renewed Macau Marketing Agreement expired on December 31, 2016 and was of no force or effect as of January 1, 2017.

The Second Renewed MGM Marketing Agreement is for a term of three years and came into effect on January 1, 2017. As MGM Resorts International is a connected person of the Company, the Second Renewed Macau Marketing Agreement constitutes a continuing connected transaction of the Company pursuant to Rule 14A.31 of the Listing Rules.

However, as all the applicable percentage ratios (other than the profits ratio) under Rule 14.07 of the Listing Rules in respect of the annual caps under the Second Renewed Macau Marketing Agreement are, on an annual basis, less than 0.1%, such continuing connected transaction is fully exempted from the reporting, announcement, annual review and independent shareholders' approval requirements under Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules.

The key terms of the Second Renewed Macau Marketing Agreement are similar to that of the First Renewed Macau Marketing Agreement, except that the annual cap for each of the years ending December 31, 2017, 2018 and 2019 has been reduced from HK\$39,000,000 to HK\$5,000,000. The reason for the decrease in the annual caps is due to the historical figures of the amounts paid under the First Renewed Macau Marketing Agreement.

3. First and Second Renewed BEH Marketing Agreements

As disclosed in the IPO Prospectus, BEH, MGM Grand Paradise and the Company entered into the BEH Marketing Agreement on May 17, 2011. As the annual caps under the BEH Marketing Agreement expired on December 31, 2013, the parties entered into the First Renewed BEH Marketing Agreement on December 24, 2013 to terminate the existing agreement and renew the same. The BEH Marketing Agreement was terminated and was without further force or effect as of January 1, 2014, and the First Renewed BEH Marketing Agreement superseded the BEH Marketing Agreement in its entirety.

The First Renewed BEH Marketing Agreement is for a term of three years and came into effect on January 1, 2014. Subject to the compliance with the Listing Rules, or alternatively, any waivers obtained from strict compliance with such requirements, upon expiration of the First Renewed BEH Marketing Agreement, the Agreement may be renewed for a three-year term (or such other period permitted under the Listing Rules) upon mutual agreement between the parties in writing.

Pursuant to the First Renewed BEH Marketing Agreement, BEH is entitled to receive certain marketing fees in consideration of referrals of gaming customers made to the resort, hotel and casino properties owned and operated by the Macau Group.

The Company has agreed to cause each Macau Group member to pay marketing fees to BEH (or to a wholly-owned affiliate of BEH designated by it in writing) in consideration of referrals made of gaming customers to resort, hotel and casino properties owned and operated by the Macau Group member. The marketing fees payable are calculated on the basis of 3% of the theoretical win (refer to note on page 129) associated with customers referred (excluding any play with gaming promoters). The marketing fees payable under the First Renewed BEH Marketing Agreement were determined based on factors including the assessment of the incremental costs that the Group would have to incur to attract these gaming customers and the historical fee arrangement under the BEH Marketing Agreement.

The major purpose of the First Renewed BEH Marketing Agreement is to stimulate referrals from BEH to the Company's resort, hotel and casino facilities and to thereby extend the Company's client base in Macau. The Company may benefit from Pansy Ho's marketing team because they are able to directly leverage Pansy Ho's expertise and extensive contacts in the casino gaming business in Macau, which is expected to attract further customers and revenue to the Company. The terms of the First Renewed BEH Marketing Agreement were arrived at after arm's length negotiations between the relevant parties.

Pansy Ho is our substantial Shareholder⁽²⁾ and also, as at the date of this annual report, the Co-Chairperson and an executive Director of the Company. As such, Pansy Ho is a connected person of the Company, as defined under the Listing Rules. BEH is wholly-owned by Pansy Ho and as such it is also a connected person of the Company, as defined under the Listing Rules. As BEH is a connected person, the First Renewed BEH Marketing Agreement constitutes a continuing connected transaction of the Company pursuant to Rule 14A.31 of the Listing Rules.

The marketing fees payable under the First Renewed BEH Marketing Agreement to Pansy Ho and her associates by our Group for such referrals for each of the years ended December 31, 2014, 2015 and 2016 are subject to an annual cap of HK\$39,000,000. The annual caps under the First Renewed BEH Marketing Agreement were determined by reference to factors including, (i) the amount to be paid to properly compensate for the services of the marketing executives; (ii) sufficient additional fee capacity to address the expected growth of the Group's business through referrals during the three-year term and in general the trend of the gaming market's gaming revenue growth in Macau; (iii) the fact that the marketing fee rates payable in respect of the fees are similar to those payable to independent agents in connection with referrals of gaming business; and (iv) the arrangements under the First Renewed MGM Marketing Agreement and the First Renewed Macau Marketing Agreement.

No consideration had been paid by the Company under the Renewed BEH Marketing Agreement for the year ended December 31, 2016 since there was no referral of gaming customers to our Company's resort, hotel and casino properties owned and operated by our Group from BEH during the year.

As the annual caps under the First Renewed BEH Marketing Agreement expired on December 31, 2016, the parties entered into the Second Renewed BEH Marketing Agreement on December 12, 2016 to replace and renew the First Renewed BEH Marketing Agreement with effect from January 1, 2017. The First Renewed BEH Marketing Agreement expired on December 31, 2016 and was of no force or effect as of January 1, 2017.

The Second Renewed BEH Marketing Agreement is for a term of three years and came into effect on January 1, 2017. As BEH is a connected person, the Second Renewed BEH Marketing Agreement constitutes a continuing connected transaction of the Company pursuant to Rule 14A.31 of the Listing Rules.

However, as all the applicable percentage ratios (other than the profits ratio) under Rule 14.07 of the Listing Rules in respect of the annual caps under the Second Renewed BEH Marketing Agreement are, on an annual basis, less than 0.1%, such continuing connected transaction is fully exempted from the reporting, announcement, annual review and independent shareholders' approval requirements under Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules.

The key terms of the Second Renewed BEH Marketing Agreement are similar to that of the First Renewed BEH Marketing Agreement, except that the annual cap for each of the years ending December 31, 2017, 2018 and 2019 has been reduced from HK\$39,000,000 to HK\$5,000,000. The reason for the decrease in the annual caps is due to the historical figures of the amounts paid under the First Renewed BEH Marketing Agreement.

Note:

For the purposes of the First and Second Renewed MGM Marketing Agreements, First and Second Renewed Macau Marketing Agreements and the First and Second Renewed BEH Marketing Agreements, "theoretical win" means, in respect of any customer (i) in the case of cash chip play, the total amount wagered multiplied by the game house advantage, and (ii) in the case of rolling chip, the turnover amount multiplied by the theoretical rolling chip win percentage of 2.7%, in each case ignoring the actual win or loss experienced as a result of that customer's play and provided in each case that "theoretical win" shall not exceed, as to any customer, 12.5% of the available credit line for that customer on the related visit.

4. First and Second Renewed Development Agreements

As disclosed in the IPO Prospectus, MGM Branding, MGM Grand Paradise, MGM Resorts International, MRIH, NCE and the Company entered into the Development Agreement on May 17, 2011. As the annual caps under the Development Agreement expired on December 31, 2013, the parties entered into the First Renewed Development Agreement on December 24, 2013 to terminate the existing agreement and renew the same. The Development Agreement was terminated and was without further force or effect as of January 1, 2014, and the First Renewed Development Agreement superseded the Development Agreement in its entirety.

The First Renewed Development Agreement is for a term of three years and came into effect on January 1, 2014. Subject to the compliance with the Listing Rules, or alternatively, any waivers obtained from strict compliance with such requirements, upon expiration of the First Renewed Development Agreement, the Agreement may be renewed for a three-year term (or such other period permitted under the Listing Rules) upon mutual agreement between the parties in writing.

Pursuant to the First Renewed Development Agreement, the Company has agreed to appoint MGM Branding to provide certain development services to the Group in connection with future expansion of the existing project and development of future resort gaming projects.

MGM Branding has agreed to provide certain development services to the Group in connection with future expansion of the existing project and development of future resort gaming projects. MGM Branding may provide the development services directly or through any of its affiliates. Each of MGM Resorts International and NCE has severally agreed that it shall use reasonable efforts to cooperate with, facilitate and support the provision of development services by MGM Branding to the Group in accordance with the First Renewed Development Agreement.

The Group has agreed to pay development fees to MGM Branding in consideration for the development services provided. The development fee payable is equal to 2.625% of the project costs for each project commenced in China, Macau, Hong Kong and Taiwan during the term of the First Renewed Development Agreement (whether or not completed during the term). The development fees payable under the First Renewed Development Agreement were determined based on factors including the possibility of an increase in the requirement for development services for the project that concerns MGM COTAI and other potential projects that the Company may undertake, the expected increase in the aggregate costs and expenses for the development services the Group has to pay for anticipated routine and potential enhancements to MGM MACAU and the assumption that there will be no significant increase in the aggregate costs and expenses.

The Group is entitled to terminate the appointment of MGM Branding as provider of development services if it fails to comply with its obligations to provide the services. MGM Branding is entitled to terminate the provision of development services if the Group fails to comply with its obligations under the First Renewed Development Agreement, including the payment of the development fee.

The major purpose of the First Renewed Development Agreement is that, through the development services provided, the Company may have access to the expertise of MGM Resorts International and Grand Paradise Macau Limited (a company wholly-owned by Pansy Ho) in the design, construction, management and operation of high quality casino projects. The terms of the First Renewed Development Agreement were arrived at after arm's length negotiations between the relevant parties.

MGM Resorts International is a connected person of the Company as it is our controlling Shareholder⁽¹⁾, as defined under the Listing Rules. MRIH is a wholly-owned subsidiary of MGM Resorts International. Pansy Ho is our substantial Shareholder⁽²⁾ and also, as at the date of this annual report, the Co-Chairperson and an executive Director of the Company. As such, Pansy Ho is a connected person of the Company, as defined under the Listing Rules. NCE is wholly-owned by Pansy Ho. MGM Branding is held 50% by MRIH and 50% by NCE. Therefore, according to the Listing Rules, MGM Resorts International, MRIH, Pansy Ho, NCE and MGM Branding are all connected persons of the Company. As such, the First Renewed Development Agreement constitutes a continuing connected transaction of the Company pursuant to Rule 14A.31 of the Listing Rules.

The development fees payable under the First Renewed Development Agreement by the Group, in respect of each project, are limited to an annual cap of US\$26,620,000 for the year ended December 31, 2014, this amount increasing by 10% per annum for each succeeding financial year during the term, i.e. US\$29,282,000 and US\$32,210,200 for the years ended December 31, 2015 and 2016, respectively. The annual caps under the First Renewed Development Agreement were determined based on factors including, (i) the Group's expected future developments; and (ii) the historical development fees paid by the Group to MGM Branding for the year ended December 31, 2012 and the nine months ended September 30, 2013 under the Development Agreement.

For the year ended December 31, 2016, the aggregate total consideration paid for services under the First Renewed Development Agreement by the Group to the MGM Branding was HK\$104.3 million (equivalent to approximately US\$13.5 million) which fell within the annual cap of US\$32,210,200 for the calendar year of 2016 as disclosed in the announcement on the Renewal of Continuing Connected Transactions published at the Hong Kong Stock Exchange, dated December 24, 2013.

As the annual caps under the First Renewed Development Agreement expired on December 31, 2016, the parties entered into the Second Renewed Development Agreement on December 12, 2016 to replace and renew the First Renewed Development Agreement with effect from January 1, 2017. The First Renewed Development Agreement expired on December 31, 2016 and was of no force or effect as of January 1, 2017.

The Second Renewed Development Agreement is for a term of three years and came into effect on January 1, 2017. Subject to the compliance with the Listing Rules or, alternatively, any waivers obtained from strict compliance with such requirements, upon expiration of the Second Renewed Development Agreement, the Agreement may be renewed for a three-year term (or such other period permitted under the Listing Rules) upon mutual agreement between the parties in writing.

Pursuant to the Second Renewed Development Agreement, the Company has agreed to appoint MGM Branding to provide certain development services to the Group in connection with future expansion of the existing project and development of future resort gaming projects.

MGM Branding has agreed to provide certain development services to the Group in connection with future expansion of the existing project and development of future resort gaming projects. MGM Branding may provide the development services directly or through any of its affiliates. Each of MGM Resorts International and NCE has severally agreed that it shall use reasonable efforts to cooperate with, facilitate and support the provision of development services by MGM Branding to the Group in accordance with the Second Renewed Development Agreement.

The Group has agreed to pay development fees to MGM Branding in consideration for the development services provided. The development fee payable is equal to 2.625% of the project costs for each project commenced in China, Macau, Hong Kong and Taiwan during the term of the Second Renewed Development Agreement (whether or not completed during the term). The development fees payable under the Second Renewed Development Agreement were determined based on factors including the possibility of an increase in the requirement for development services for the project that concerns MGM COTAI and other potential projects that the Company may undertake and the assumption that there will be no significant increase in the aggregate costs and expenses.

The Group is entitled to terminate the appointment of MGM Branding as provider of development services if it fails to comply with its obligations to provide the services. MGM Branding is entitled to terminate the provision of development services if the Group fails to comply with its obligations under the Second Renewed Development Agreement, including the payment of the development fee.

The major purpose of the Second Renewed Development Agreement is that, through the development services provided, the Company may have access to the expertise of MGM Resorts International and NCE (a company wholly-owned by Pansy Ho) in the design, construction, management and operation of high quality casino projects. The terms of the Second Renewed Development Agreement were arrived at after arm's length negotiations between the relevant parties.

As MGM Resorts International, MRIH, Pansy Ho, NCE and MGM Branding are all connected persons of the Company, the Second Renewed Development Agreement constitutes a continuing connected transaction of the Company pursuant to Rule 14A.31 of the Listing Rules.

The development fees payable under the Second Renewed Development Agreement by the Group, in respect of each project, shall be limited to an annual cap of US\$32,210,000 for each of the years ending December 31, 2017, 2018 and 2019 provided, that the aggregate amount of the development fees related to the project that concerns MGM COTAI shall not exceed an aggregate cap, payable over the duration of that project, of US\$70,000,000 (including, for the avoidance of doubt, all development fees paid previously pursuant to the Development Agreement and the First Renewed Development Agreement).

The annual caps under the Second Renewed Development Agreement were determined based on factors including, (i) the Group's expected future developments; and (ii) the historical development fees paid by the Group to MGM Branding for the two years ended December 31, 2014 and 2015 and the nine months ended September 30, 2016 (unaudited) under the First Renewed Development Agreement.

5. First and Second Renewed Master Service Agreements and Related Arrangements

As disclosed in the IPO Prospectus and the announcement of the Company dated June 3, 2011, Shun Tak and MGM Grand Paradise entered into the Master Service Agreement on October 8, 2011. As the Master Service Agreement and the annual caps expired on December 31, 2013, the parties entered into the First Renewed Master Service Agreement on December 24, 2013 to renew the existing agreement. The First Renewed Master Service Agreement governs the terms for the provision of products and services, including but not limited to, ferry tickets, travel products and rental of hotel rooms between the Group and Shun Tak Group (and including, for the purpose of this section, Shun Tak Coach).

The First Renewed Master Service Agreement is for a term of three years and came into effect on January 1, 2014. Subject to the compliance with the Listing Rules, or alternatively, any waivers obtained from strict compliance with such requirements, upon expiration of the First Renewed Master Service Agreement, the Agreement may be renewed for a three-year term (or such other period permitted under the Listing Rules) upon mutual agreement between the parties in writing.

The First Renewed Master Service Agreement provides a framework for the provision of products and services between the Group and the Shun Tak Group. The First Renewed Master Service Agreement and the existing transactions enable the Group to foster its hospitality-related business in Macau and to enhance its overall revenue. The terms of the First Renewed Master Service Agreement and the existing transactions were arrived at after arm's length negotiations between the relevant parties.

The services and products provided or to be provided by the Shun Tak Group include sale of ferry tickets at discounted bulk purchase rate, sale of travel products including accommodation and transportation, provision of laundry services, transportation services provided by Shun Tak Coach, advertising services and property cleaning services to the Group. The services and products provided or to be provided by the Group include provision of rental of hotel rooms at wholesale room rates to the Shun Tak Group.

Terms of each specific service are or will be further detailed separately in an agreement or a service contract which may be constituted by the acceptance of a price quotation, sales order or other written documents and have been or will be negotiated on arm's length negotiations between the parties and by reference to prevailing market price. Existing agreements entered into under the Master Service Agreement remained in full force and effect subject to the terms of the First Renewed Master Service Agreement. Further details of the terms of the existing transactions under the First Renewed Master Service Agreement were set out in the announcement of the Company dated December 24, 2013. Agreements or service contracts entered into under the First Renewed Master Service Agreement are in writing for a fixed term of not more than three years.

Pansy Ho, one of our substantial Shareholders⁽²⁾, Co-chairperson and an executive Director of the Company, is the managing director and a substantial shareholder of Shun Tak. By virtue of a number of direct and indirect interests in Shun Tak, the Hong Kong Stock Exchange has determined that Shun Tak is an associate of Pansy Ho and therefore Shun Tak is deemed to be a connected person of the Company under the Listing Rules. Accordingly, the First Renewed Master Service Agreement constitutes a continuing connected transaction of the Company pursuant to Rule 14A.31 of the Listing Rules.

The Group and the Shun Tak Group have entered into agreements or service contracts with details of the service scope and fees determined/to be determined at arm's length negotiations between the relevant member(s) of the Group and the relevant member(s) of the Shun Tak Group by reference to prevailing market prices and on normal commercial terms.

The annual caps on net amounts payable under the First Renewed Master Service Agreement by our Group to the Shun Tak Group and the amounts payable by the Shun Tak Group to our Group in respect of the transactions contemplated under the First Renewed Master Service Agreement for the financial years ended December 31, 2014, 2015 and 2016, were set out in the announcement of the Company dated December 24, 2013:

Period (for the year ended)	Annual cap on payments to Shun Tak Group (HK\$)	Annual cap on payments from Shun Tak Group (HK\$)
December 31, 2014	155,000,000	3,500,000
December 31, 2015	155,000,000	4,000,000
December 31, 2016	264,000,000	4,500,000

On June 30, 2014, the payments made since January 1, 2014 from the Group to the Shun Tak Group pursuant to the First Renewed Master Service Agreement amounted to HK\$100,648,000 and, in view of the expected increase in the business volume and the expected increase in the room rate and amount of room purchases by the Company, the aggregate amounts payable by the Company to Shun Tak Group under the First Renewed Master Service Agreement for the remaining part of the financial year ended December 31, 2014 and for each of the financial years ended December 31, 2015 and 2016 were expected to be higher than the levels envisaged at the time of entering into the First Renewed Master Service Agreement and, as such, the amounts of the original annual caps were considered to be insufficient.

The revised annual caps on net amounts payable by our Group to the Shun Tak Group in respect of the transactions contemplated under the First Renewed Master Service Agreement for the financial years ended December 31, 2014, 2015 and 2016, were set out in the Company's announcement dated July 31, 2014:

	Annual cap	Annual cap
	on payments to	on payments from
Period (for the year ended)	Shun Tak Group	Shun Tak Group
	(HK\$)	(HK\$)
December 31, 2014	270,000,000	3,500,000
December 31, 2015	310,000,000	4,000,000
December 31, 2016	460,000,000	4,500,000

The revised annual caps on amounts payable by the Company to the Shun Tak Group under the First Renewed Master Service Agreement were determined by reference to (i) historical amounts paid for services contemplated by the Master Service Agreement for the three years ended 31 December 2011, 2012 and 2013; (ii) the trend of the business volume with Shun Tak for 2014; (iii) the estimated quantity of ferry tickets sales and the volume of services in respect of travel agency services including accommodation and transportation, transportation services, laundry services, advertising services and property cleaning services which may be required by the Group during each of the three years ended December 31, 2014, 2015 and 2016; and (iv) the anticipated increase in demand for services from the Shun Tak Group due to the Group's expected increase in business volume and revenue over the next few years and in particular, as at the time of the revision of the annual caps, the expected commencement of operation of the MGM COTAI in early 2016. MGM COTAI is now expected to commence operation in the second half of 2017.

The annual caps in respect of the payment from the Shun Tak Group to the Group for the continuing connected transactions under the First Renewed Master Service Agreement set out in the announcement of the Company dated December 24, 2013 remained unchanged.

For the year ended December 31, 2016, the aggregate total consideration payable by the Group to the Shun Tak Group after the rebates for discounts on bulk purchases of ferry tickets was HK\$61.7 million which fell within the revised annual cap of HK\$460,000,000 for the calendar year 2016 as disclosed in the announcement of our Company dated July 31, 2014 and the aggregate total consideration received by the Group from the Shun Tak Group was HK\$199.7 thousand which fell within the annual cap of HK\$4,500,000 for the calendar year 2016, as disclosed in the announcement of our Company dated December 24, 2013.

Our Company's continuing connected transactions with Shun Tak fall under Rule 14A.76(2) of the Listing Rules which are exempt from circular and independent Shareholders' approval requirements. Our Company has complied/will comply with the reporting and announcement requirements set out in Rules 14A.49, 14A.35 and 14A.68, the annual review requirements set out in Rules 14A.55 to 14A.59, 14A.71 and 14A.72 and the requirements set out in Rules 14A.34, 14A.50 to 14A.54 and 14A.68(4) of the Listing Rules.

As the annual caps under the First Renewed Master Service Agreement expired on December 31, 2016, the parties entered into the Second Renewed Master Service Agreement on December 12, 2016 to replace and renew the First Renewed Master Service Agreement with effect from January 1, 2017. The First Renewed Master Service Agreement expired on December 31, 2016 and was of no force or effect as of January 1, 2017.

The Second Renewed Master Service Agreement is for a term of three years and came into effect on January 1, 2017. Subject to the compliance with the Listing Rules, or alternatively, any waivers obtained from strict compliance with such requirements, upon expiration of the Second Renewed Master Service Agreement, the Agreement may be renewed for a three-year term (or such other period permitted under the Listing Rules) upon mutual agreement between the parties in writing.

The Second Renewed Master Service Agreement shall continue to provide a framework for the provision of products and services between the Group and the Shun Tak Group. The Second Renewed Master Service Agreement and the existing transactions shall continue to enable the Group to foster its hospitality-related business in Macau and to enhance its overall revenue. The terms of the Second Renewed Master Service Agreement and the existing transactions were arrived at after arm's length negotiations between the relevant parties.

The services and products provided or to be provided by the Shun Tak Group include sale of ferry tickets at discounted bulk purchase rate, sale of travel products including accommodation and transportation, provision of laundry services, transportation services provided by Shun Tak Coach, advertising services and property cleaning services to the Group. The services and products provided or to be provided by the Group include provision of rental of hotel rooms at wholesale room rates to the Shun Tak Group.

Terms of each specific service are or will be further detailed separately in an agreement or a service contract which may be constituted by the acceptance of a price quotation, sales order or other written documents and have been or will be negotiated on arm's length negotiations between the parties and by reference to prevailing market price. Existing agreements entered into under the Master Service Agreement and the First Renewed Master Service Agreement shall, unless stated otherwise, remain in full force and effect and subject to the terms of the Second Renewed Master Service Agreement. Further details of the terms of the existing transactions under the Second Renewed Master Service Agreement were set out in the announcement of the Company dated December 12, 2016. Agreements or service contracts entered into under the Second Renewed Master Service Agreement are in writing for a fixed term of not more than three years.

As Shun Tak is deemed to be a connected person of the Company under the Listing Rules, the Second Renewed Master Service Agreement constitutes a continuing connected transaction of the Company pursuant to Rule 14A.31 of the Listing Rules.

The Group and the Shun Tak Group have entered into agreements or service contracts with details of the service scope and fees determined/to be determined at arm's length negotiations between the relevant member(s) of the Group and the relevant member(s) of the Shun Tak Group by reference to prevailing market prices and on normal commercial terms.

The annual caps on net amounts payable under the Second Renewed Master Service Agreement by our Group to the Shun Tak Group and the amounts payable by the Shun Tak Group to our Group in respect of the transactions contemplated under the Second Renewed Master Service Agreement for the financial years ending December 31, 2017, 2018 and 2019 are as follows:

	Annual cap	Annual cap on payments from
Period (for the year ended)	Shun Tak Group	Shun Tak Group
	(HK\$)	(HK\$)
December 31, 2017	350,000,000	3,500,000
December 31, 2018	400,000,000	4,000,000
December 31, 2019	450,000,000	4,500,000

The annual caps on amounts payable by the Group to the Shun Tak Group under the Second Renewed Master Service Agreement were determined by reference to (i) historical amounts paid for services contemplated by the First Renewed Master Service Agreement for the two years ended 31 December 2014 and 2015 and the nine months ended 30 September 2016 (unaudited); (ii) the estimated quantity of ferry tickets sales and the volume of services in respect of the travel agency services, transportation services, laundry services, advertising services, property cleaning services, meet and greet services and provision of rental of hotel rooms at agreed rates which may be required by the Group during each of the three years ending 31 December 2017, 2018 and 2019; and (iii) the anticipated increase in demand for services from the Shun Tak Group due to the Group's expected increase in business volume and revenue over the next few years and in particular, at the time of the relevant announcement, the expected commencement of operation of MGM COTAI in the second half of 2017.

The annual caps on amounts payable by the Shun Tak Group to the Group under the Second Renewed Master Service Agreement were determined by reference to (i) historical amounts of revenues received for services contemplated by the First Renewed Master Service Agreement for the two years ended 31 December 2014 and 2015 and the nine months ended 30 September 2016 (unaudited); (ii) the anticipated demand for the relevant products and services; (iii) the expected commencement of operation of MGM COTAI in 2017 at the time of the relevant announcement and increase of the Group's capacity to provide services to the Shun Tak Group; and (iv) the anticipated room rates for hotel rooms during each of the three years ending 31 December 2017, 2018 and 2019.

6. Cooperation and Support Master Agreement

As disclosed in the announcement of the Company dated February 18, 2013, MGM Resorts International, MGM Hospitality, LLC and the Company entered into the Cooperation and Support Master Agreement on February 18, 2013 which sets out the principal framework upon which any member of our Group and/or MGM Group as a supporting party may provide certain goods or services to the extent reasonably required to support the pre-opening, opening, design, development, construction, licensing, hiring of staff and application for work permits or on-going operations of a resort owned or managed by our Group and/or MGM Group as a recipient, as applicable, at the request of the recipient from time to time.

The Cooperation and Support Master Agreement is for a term of three years (unless terminated earlier, upon 60 days' written notice to the other party) and is effective from February 18, 2013. Subject to the compliance with the Listing Rules, or alternatively, any waivers obtained from strict compliance with such requirements, upon expiration of the Cooperation and Support Master Agreement, the agreement shall be automatically renewed for a further three years (or such other periods as may be permitted under the Listing Rules).

Provision of goods and services shall be agreed by mutual agreement between a supporting party and a recipient, in writing, by way of a statement of work, on a case-by-case basis. Where the resort is a Managed Resort (as defined in the aforesaid announcement), the recipient is deemed to have requested the provision of such goods and services on behalf of the owner of the Managed Resort pursuant to the related management agreement between the recipient and the owner of the Managed Resort, and by requesting goods or services, shall be deemed to represent and warrant that the provision of such goods and services is consistent with the applicable management agreement.

The service fees charged under each statement of work shall be determined after arm's length negotiation between relevant parties and calculated on the following basis: (i) the price of relevant goods and services in the market which shall be the price at which comparable types of goods or services are provided by independent third parties under comparable conditions and normal commercial terms in their ordinary course of business to independent customers; (ii) where there is no market price for particular goods or services, the fees charged by the supporting party shall be based on fees applied to independent third parties or to other subsidiaries or affiliates of the MGM Group for the provision of comparable types of goods and services; and (iii) where there is neither a market price nor a price charged by the supporting party available for comparable reference, the fees shall be calculated at an agreed price based on actual or expected costs plus a reasonable profit margin of up to 5%.

Our Group has developed significant experience and know-how, and is equipped with experienced management personnel, in relation to the sale and marketing and the operations of casino games of chance and resort hotels. The provision of goods and services as contemplated under the Cooperation and Support Master Agreement by our Group to MGM Group enables our Group to fully utilize the existing resources and generate additional sources of revenue. Alternatively, pursuant to the Cooperation and Support Master Agreement, our Group is able to obtain the aforesaid support and assistance provided by the MGM Group as and when required. This will help to strengthen the capabilities and to put our Group in a better position to attract and retain more customers and to seek further business development opportunities which will in turn contribute to the revenue of our Group. It is also in the mutual interest of MGM Resorts International, MGM Hospitality, LLC and our Group that all resorts operating under any of the brands owned or licensed by the MGM Group provide a consistently high quality customer experience and similar levels of operating standards and that each new resort operating under such brands opens successfully and efficiently.

MGM Resorts International is a connected person of the Company as it is our controlling Shareholder⁽¹⁾, as defined under the Listing Rules. MGM Hospitality, LLC is a wholly-owned subsidiary of MGM Resorts International. According to the Listing Rules, MGM Resorts International, MGM Hospitality, LLC are connected persons of the Company. As such, the Cooperation and Support Master Agreement constitutes a continuing connected transaction of the Company pursuant to Rule 14A.31 of the Listing Rules.

Set out below are the annual caps on net amounts payable by our Group to MGM Group and the amounts payable by MGM Group to our Group in respect of the transactions contemplated under the Cooperation and Support Master Agreement in respect of the three years ending February 17, 2016 respectively:

Period (for the year ended)	Annual cap on receivables from MGM Group (HK\$)	Annual cap on payments to MGM Group (HK\$)
December 31, 2014	39,000,000	78,000,000
December 31, 2015	39,000,000	78,000,000
From January 1, 2016 to February 17, 2016	7,800,000	7,800,000

The annual caps were determined taking into consideration: (i) the information provided by MGM Group regarding the nature and scope of services that may be required to be provided by our Group to MGM Group for the projects in progress; (ii) the expected level of support from MGM Group that may be required by our Group in the next three years; and (iii) the additional allowances for the new projects of both MGM Group and our Group not identified at present.

No consideration had been paid by our Group to MGM Group and no consideration had been paid by MGM Group to our Group under the Cooperation and Support Master Agreement for the year ended December 31, 2016 since there were no goods or services provided from the parties during the year.

In compliance with the Listing Rules, the term of the Cooperation and Support Master Agreement was not renewed beyond the expiry date of February 17, 2016.

As one or more of the applicable percentage ratios (other than the profits ratio) under Rule 14.07 of the Listing Rules in respect of the annual caps for the transactions contemplated under each of the First Renewed MGM Marketing Agreement, First Renewed Macau Marketing Agreement, First Renewed BEH Marketing Agreement, First Renewed Development Agreement (for each project), First Renewed Master Service Agreement and Cooperation and Support Master Agreement are, on an annual basis, more than 0.1% but less than 5%, such continuing connected transactions are only subject to the reporting, announcement and annual review requirements but are exempt from the independent shareholders' approval requirements under Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules. Appropriate disclosures are required to be made in the annual report and the accounts of the Company in accordance with the Listing Rules.

As one or more of the applicable percentage ratios (other than the profits ratio) under Rule 14.07 of the Listing Rules in respect of the annual caps for the transactions contemplated under each of the Second Renewed MGM Marketing Agreement, the Second Renewed Development Agreement (for each project) and the Second Renewed Master Services Agreement are, on an annual basis, more than 0.1% but less than 5%, such continuing connected transactions are only subject to the reporting, announcement and annual review requirements but are exempt from independent shareholders' approval requirements under Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules. Appropriate disclosures are required to be made in the annual report and the accounts of the Company in accordance with the Listing Rules.

As all the applicable percentage ratios (other than the profits ratio) under Rule 14.07 of the Listing Rules in respect of the annual caps for the transactions contemplated under each of the Second Renewed Macau Marketing Agreement and the Second Renewed BEH Marketing Agreement are, on an annual basis, less than 0.1%, such continuing connected transactions are fully exempt from reporting, announcement, annual review and independent shareholders' approval requirements under Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules.

Continuing Connected Transactions subject to the reporting, announcement, annual review and independent Shareholders' approval requirements

7. Branding Agreement

Pursuant to the Branding Agreement entered into on May 17, 2011 entered into among our Company, MGM Grand Paradise, MGM Branding, MGM Resorts International, MRIH, and NCE, and related upstream trademark license agreements, our Company has been granted the use of certain trademarks owned by MGM Resorts International and its subsidiaries for a term co-extensive with that of the Subconcession, ending on March 31, 2020 (the date upon which the Subconcession in Macau is currently scheduled to expire).

Under the Branding Agreement, our Company and the Group have been granted a revocable, non-assignable and non-transferable sublicense to use the marks "MGM", "MGM Grand", "MGM Grand Macau" and the MGM lion and other MGM-related service marks, trademarks, registrations and domain names owned by MGM Resorts International and its subsidiaries (the "Subject Marks") in connection with the marketing and operation of our casino resort businesses within the Restricted Zone (as defined in the Branding Agreement), excluding certain reserved zones within the PRC in which MGM Resorts International will not license the parties to conduct casino gaming business within the Restricted Zone and will only create reserved zones if it permits the Company to either use MGM Resort International's alternative proprietary branding or permits the Company to develop and use our own intellectual property.

MGM Resorts International is a connected person of the Company as it is our controlling Shareholder⁽¹⁾, as defined under the Listing Rules. MRIH is a wholly-owned subsidiary of MGM Resorts International. Pansy Ho is our substantial Shareholder⁽²⁾ and also, as at the date of this annual report, the Co-Chairperson and an executive Director of the Company. NCE is wholly-owned by Pansy Ho. MGM Branding is held 50% by MRIH and 50% by NCE. Therefore, according to the Listing Rules, MGM Resorts International, MRIH, Pansy Ho, NCE and MGM Branding are all connected persons of the Company. As such, the Branding Agreement constitutes a continuing connected transaction of the Company pursuant to Rule 14A.31 of the Listing Rules.

REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS

The license fee for MGM MACAU is calculated on a basis equal to 1.75% of our consolidated gross monthly revenues (determined in accordance with IFRS) and was subject to an annual cap of US\$30 million for the calendar year 2012. This annual cap increases by 20% for each subsequent calendar year during the term of the Branding Agreement.

License fees of MGM MACAU	
Period (for the year ended)	Annual cap (US\$)
December 31, 2014	43,200,000
December 31, 2015	51,840,000
December 31, 2016	62,208,000
December 31, 2017	74,649,600
December 31, 2018	89,579,520
December 31, 2019	107,495,424
December 31, 2020	128,994,509

In the event that we open additional properties during the term of the Branding Agreement, the amount of the annual cap will also increase by US\$20 million during the calendar year in which the relevant property is opened for business (the "Additional Property Cap Increase"). The Additional Property Cap Increase will also apply to subsequent calendar years, and shall also increase at the rate of 20% per year.

License fees of any additional property	
Period	Annual cap (US\$)
1	20,000,000
2	24,000,000
3	28,800,000
4	34,560,000

Note: The above assumes, for illustrative purposes, that the additional property opens in 2017 and has the right to use the Subject Marks for approximately four years under the initial term.

The Branding Agreement shall remain in effect for a term of approximately nine years commencing on June 3, 2011 and ending on March 31, 2020, which is co-extensive with the term of the Subconcession, unless terminated earlier as set out in the agreement. Further details of the Branding Agreement were included in our IPO Prospectus.

Pursuant to the Branding Agreement, the license fees for MGM MACAU paid by the Group for the year ended December 31, 2016 amounted to HK\$260.8 million (equivalent to approximately US\$33.6 million) which was within the annual cap of US\$62,208,000 for the calendar year of 2016 as disclosed in our IPO Prospectus.

A waiver from the announcement and independent shareholders' approval requirements, as required under the Listing Rules, for the initial term of the Branding Agreement which will expire on March 31, 2020, has been granted by the Hong Kong Stock Exchange.

Notes:

- 1. Upon completion of the Transfer on September 1, 2016, MGM Resorts International holds and continues to hold, as at the date of this annual report, through its wholly-owned subsidiaries, approximately 56% of the issued share capital of the Company (please see above for details). Immediately prior to the Transfer, MGM Resorts International held, through its wholly-owned subsidiaries, approximately 51% of the issued share capital of the Company.
- 2. Upon completion of the Transfer on September 1, 2016, Pansy Ho holds and continues to hold, as at the date of this annual report, directly and indirectly, approximately 22.49% of the issued share capital of the Company (please see above for details). Immediately prior to the Transfer, Pansy Ho holds, directly and indirectly, approximately 27.44% of the issued share capital of the Company.

REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS

Under Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules, the transactions contemplated under the Branding Agreement constitute non-exempt continuing connected transactions of the Group and require disclosure in the annual report of the Company.

Except as disclosed above, related party transactions that did not constitute connected transactions or continuing connected transactions of the Group made during the year are disclosed in note 33 to the consolidated financial statements.

Pursuant to Rule 14A.56 of the Listing Rules, our Board engaged Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu, the Company's auditor, to report on the Group's continuing connected transactions in accordance with Hong Kong Standard on Assurance Engagements 3000 (Revised) "Assurance Engagements Other Than Audits or Reviews of Historical Financial Information" and with reference to Practice Note 740 "Auditor's Letter on Continuing Connected Transactions under the Hong Kong Listing Rules" issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants.

The auditor has issued an unqualified letter containing their factual findings and conclusions in respect of the continuing connected transactions disclosed above by the Group in accordance with Rule 14A.56 of the Listing Rules, and reported to the Board and confirmed that for the year ended December 31, 2016:

- (i) nothing has come to their attention that causes them to believe that the disclosed continuing connected transactions have not been approved by the Company's Board of Directors;
- (ii) for transactions involving the provision of goods or services by the Group, nothing has come to their attention that causes them to believe that the transactions were not, in all material respects, in accordance with the pricing policies of the Company;
- (iii) nothing has come to their attention that causes them to believe that the transactions were not entered into, in all material respects, in accordance with the relevant agreements governing such transactions; and
- (iv) with respect to the aggregate amount of each of the continuing connected transactions set out on pages 120 to 146 of this annual report, nothing has come to their attention that causes them to believe that the disclosed continuing connected transactions have exceeded the annual cap as set out by the Company.

A copy of the auditor's letter has been provided by the Company to the Hong Kong Stock Exchange. In addition, all of the non-exempt continuing connected transactions of the Company disclosed herein constitute related party transactions set out in note 33 to the consolidated financial statements.

The independent non-executive Directors of the Company have reviewed these transactions, considered the internal control procedures that are in place to monitor these transactions and the report of the auditor and confirmed that the continuing connected transactions for the year ended December 31, 2016 have been entered into:

- (a) in the ordinary and usual course of business of the Company;
- (b) either on normal commercial terms or on terms no less favorable to the Company than the terms available to and from (as appropriate) independent third parties; and
- (c) in accordance with the relevant agreements on terms that are fair and reasonable and in the interests of the Company and the Shareholders as a whole.

The Directors confirm that the Company has complied with the disclosure requirements in accordance with Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules.

SUFFICIENCY OF PUBLIC FLOAT

The Hong Kong Stock Exchange granted to the Company a waiver from strict compliance with Rule 8.08(1) of the Listing Rules (the "Public Float Waiver"). Pursuant to the Public Float Waiver, the Company's prescribed minimum percentage of Shares which must be in public hands must not be less than 21.6% of the total issued share capital of the Company. Based on the information that is publicly available to the Company and within the knowledge of the Directors, as at the date of this annual report, the Company maintained the prescribed public float under the Listing Rules and as required by the Public Float Waiver.

REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS

AUDITOR

Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu will retire and a resolution for their reappointment as auditor of the Company will be proposed at the forthcoming annual general meeting of the Company.

On behalf of the Board

James Joseph Murren

Chairperson and Executive Director

Pansy Catilina Chiu King Ho

Co-chairperson and Executive Director

Hong Kong, February 16, 2017

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Deloitte.

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TO THE MEMBERS OF

MGM CHINA HOLDINGS LIMITED

美高梅中國控股有限公司

(incorporated in the Cayman Islands with limited liability)

OPINION

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of MGM China Holdings Limited (the "Company") and its subsidiaries (collectively referred to as the "Group") set out on pages 156 to 240, which comprise the consolidated statement of financial position as at December 31, 2016, and the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, the consolidated statement of changes in equity and consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements give a true and fair view of the consolidated financial position of the Group as at December 31, 2016, and of its consolidated financial performance and its consolidated cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRSs") and have been properly prepared in compliance with the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

BASIS FOR OPINION

We conducted our audit in accordance with Hong Kong Standards on Auditing ("HKSAs") issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants ("HKICPA"). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements* section of our report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with the HKICPA's Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants ("the Code"), and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

KEY AUDIT MATTERS

Key audit matter

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the consolidated financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

Impairment assessment of non-financial assets

We have identified the impairment assessment of non-financial assets as a key audit matter due to the inherent subjectivity within the estimation of the present value of the future cash flows, a key component of determining the assets' recoverable amounts.

As stated in note 4 to the consolidated financial statements, the Group has considered the future economic conditions, increased competition in Macau, expected regulatory environment (including the Macau Government's decision on matters such as gaming table allocations and Subconcession renewals) and the growth rates of the Macau gaming market as part of the annual impairment assessment and the resulting evaluation of the recoverable amount of the non-financial assets.

The recoverable amount of the non-financial assets has been determined based on value-in-use calculations. These calculations require the use of estimates of future cash flows based on projected income and expenses of the business and working capital needs.

How our audit addressed the key audit matter

Our procedures in relation to the impairment assessment of non-financial assets included:

- Obtaining an understanding of the process and testing the internal controls over the annual impairment assessment including the Group's assessment of indicators of impairment, preparation of the cash flow forecasts, setting of reasonable and supportable assumptions and inputs to the models used to estimate the recoverable amount:
- Testing the reasonableness of the inputs and assumptions used to determine the cash flow forecast against historical performance, economic and industry indicators, publically available information and the Group's strategic plans;
- Involving our valuation specialists to assess the appropriateness of the discount rate and methodologies used;
- Reperforming the underlying calculations used in the Group's assessment and performing sensitivity testing of the inputs used.

Key audit matter

How our audit addressed the key audit matter

Impairment assessment of non-financial assets (Continued)

Management is also required to choose suitable discount rates in order to calculate the present values of those cash flows. The compound annual growth rate used was 8.3% and the discount rate used ranged from 11.0% to 13.5% in the calculation of the recoverable amount.

Changes in the key assumptions on which the recoverable amount of the assets are based could significantly affect the Group's assessment resulting in an impairment loss being recognized.

Capitalization of costs into construction in progress

We have identified the appropriateness of the capitalization of costs into construction in progress, particularly those pertaining to the integrated casino, hotel and entertainment complex under construction on a plot of land in the Cotai area of Macau ("MGM COTAI") as the amounts are substantial, as a key audit matter.

As disclosed in note 16 to the consolidated financial statements, the Group has capitalized costs to construction in progress of HK\$7,963.5 million during the year most of which pertains to ongoing construction of the MGM COTAI property.

The Group has a credit facility and, as disclosed in note 10 to the consolidated financial statements, finance costs of HK\$491.7 million have been capitalized as expenditure on the qualifying asset, the MGM COTAI property.

Our procedures in relation to the capitalization of costs into construction in progress included:

- Obtaining an understanding of the process and testing the internal controls over additions to construction in progress pertaining to the MGM COTAI property;
- Assessing compliance with the requirements of International Accounting Standard ("IAS") 16 Property, Plant and Equipment and IAS 23 Borrowing Costs; and
- Assessing the nature and amount of the costs incurred on the MGM COTAI construction project with the assistance of our construction specialist and agreeing costs capitalized to supporting documentation.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

OTHER INFORMATION

The directors of the Company are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the annual report, but does not include the consolidated financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the consolidated financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the consolidated financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the consolidated financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

RESPONSIBILITIES OF DIRECTORS AND THOSE CHARGED WITH GOVERNANCE FOR THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation of the consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with IFRSs and the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Group's financial reporting process.

AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE AUDIT OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion solely to you, as a body, in accordance with our agreed terms of engagement, and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility towards or accept liability to any other person for the contents of this report. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with HKSAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with HKSAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether
 due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit
 evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting
 a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may
 involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures
 that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the
 effectiveness of the Group's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the directors.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

- Conclude on the appropriateness of the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Group to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

The engagement partner on the audit resulting in this independent auditor's report is Stephen David Smart.

Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu

Certified Public Accountants Hong Kong

February 16, 2017

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

For the year ended December 31, 2016

		2016	2015
	NOTES	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
OPERATING REVENUE			
Casino revenue	5	14,606,066	16,841,551
Other revenue	6	301,402	328,902
		14,907,468	17,170,453
OPERATING COSTS AND EXPENSES			
Special gaming tax and special levy			
to the Macau Government	8	(6,998,604)	(8,305,782)
Inventories consumed		(273,074)	(324,017)
Staff costs		(1,949,165)	(1,965,597)
Other expenses and losses	9	(1,815,796)	(2,488,879)
Depreciation and amortization		(771,712)	(805,653)
		(11,808,351)	(13,889,928)
Operating profit		3,099,117	3,280,525
Interest income		6,454	12,076
Finance costs	10	(53,255)	(145,519)
Net foreign currency loss		(707)	(17,955)
Profit before tax		3,051,609	3,129,127
Income tax expense	11	(15,101)	(16,612)
Profit for the year attributable to owners of the Company	12	3,036,508	3,112,515
Other comprehensive expense:			
Item that may be subsequently reclassified to profit or loss	s:		
Exchange differences on translation of foreign operation	ns	(1,853)	_
Total comprehensive income for the year attributable			
to owners of the Company		3,034,655	3,112,515
Earnings per Share — Basic and Diluted	15	HK\$0.80	HK\$0.82

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

At December 31, 2016

		2016	2015
	NOTES	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
ASSETS			
Non-current assets			
Property and equipment	16	3,294,672	3,701,078
Construction in progress	16	17,915,292	10,126,453
Sub-concession premium	17	411,953	539,201
Land use right premium	18	1,260,353	1,329,759
Other assets		46,173	32,070
Prepayments and deposits	19	109,753	285,047
Total non-current assets		23,038,196	16,013,608
Current assets			
Inventories		92,160	108,007
Trade receivables	20	224,738	242,539
Prepayments, deposits and other receivables	19	107,921	42,342
Land use right premium	18	69,406	69,596
Amounts due from related companies	33(a)(i)	659	57,626
Bank balances and cash	21	3,547,130	5,421,058
		3,2 11,130	3, 12,,330
Total current assets		4,042,014	5,941,168
TOTAL 400770			04.05.4.355
TOTAL ASSETS		27,080,210	21,954,776

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

At December 31, 2016

	NOTES	2016 HK\$'000	2015 HK\$'000
EQUITY			
Capital and reserves			
Share capital	24(a)	3,800,000	3,800,000
Share premium and reserves	24(b)	3,416,696	1,115,051
TOTAL EQUITY		7,216,696	4,915,051
LIABILITIES			
Non-current liabilities			
Bank borrowings	22	14,104,130	11,731,951
Payables and accrued charges	23	8,028	2,513
Land use right payable	18	_	111,121
Construction retention payable		259,163	343,704
Total non-current liabilities		14,371,321	12,189,289
Current liabilities			
Bank borrowings	22	604,500	_
Payables and accrued charges	23	4,469,245	4,586,279
Land use right payable	18	111,121	214,178
Construction retention payable		266,058	9,962
Amounts due to related companies	33(a)(ii)	26,318	25,066
Income tax payable		14,951	14,951
Total current liabilities		5,492,193	4,850,436
TOTAL LIABILITIES		19,863,514	17,039,725
TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES		27,080,210	21,954,776

The consolidated financial statements on pages 156 to 240 were approved and authorized for issue by the Board of Directors on February 16, 2017 and are signed on its behalf by:

James Joseph Murren

Pansy Catilina Chiu King Ho

Chairperson and Executive Director

Co-chairperson and Executive Director

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

For the year ended December 31, 2016

										Share	
				Capital				Currency		premium	Shareholders'
		Share	Share	redemption	Share option	Equity	Other	translation	Retained	and reserves	funds
		capital	premium	reserve	reserve	reserve	reserves	reserves	earnings	total	total
	Notes	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
						Note 24(b)(ii)	Note 24(b)(iii)				
At January 1, 2015		3,800,000	10,432,828	3,692	184,761	293,725	(13,133,305)	_	4,759,822	2,541,523	6,341,523
Profit for the year and total											
comprehensive income		_	_	_	-	_	_	_	3,112,515	3,112,515	3,112,515
Exercise of share options	24(a)&25	20	496	_	(204)	-	_	-	-	292	312
Share repurchase and cancellation											
— repurchases of Shares	24(a)&24(b)(i)	(20)	(217)	_	-	_	_	-	_	(217)	(237)
— transfer	24(b)(i)	_	_	20	-	-	_	-	(20)	-	_
Forfeiture of share options	25	_	_	_	(16,240)	-	_	-	16,240	-	_
Recognition of share-based											
payments	25	-	_	_	85,541	-	-	-	-	85,541	85,541
Dividends paid	14	_	_	-	-	-	-	_	(4,624,603)	(4,624,603)	(4,624,603)
At December 31, 2015 and											
January 1, 2016		3,800,000	10,433,107	3,712	253,858	293,725	(13,133,305)	-	3,263,954	1,115,051	4,915,051
Profit for the year		_	_	-	-	-	_	-	3,036,508	3,036,508	3,036,508
Exchange differences on											
translation of foreign operations		-	-	-	-	-	-	(1,853)	-	(1,853)	(1,853)
Total comprehensive income		_	_	-	_	-	-	(1,853)	3,036,508	3,034,655	3,034,655
Exercise of share options	24(a)&25	466	8,801	-	(2,646)	-	-	-	-	6,155	6,621
Share repurchase and cancellation											
— repurchases of Shares	24(a)&24(b)(i)	(466)	(6,545)	-	-	-	-	_	-	(6,545)	(7,011)
— transfer	24(b)(i)	_	_	466	_	_	_	_	(466)	_	_
Forfeiture of share options	25	-	-	-	(17,639)	-	_	-	17,639	-	_
Recognition of share-based											
payments	25	_	_	_	72,980	_	_	_	_	72,980	72,980
Dividends paid	14	-	-	-	_	-	_	_	(805,600)	(805,600)	(805,600)
At December 31, 2016		3,800,000	10,435,363	4,178	306,553	293,725	(13,133,305)	(1,853)	5,512,035	3,416,696	7,216,696

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

For the year ended December 31, 2016

	2016 HK\$'000	2015 HK\$'000
	HK\$ 000	HK\$ 000
OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Profit before tax	3,051,609	3,129,127
Adjustments for:	2,22,22	-, -,
Depreciation and amortization	771,712	805,653
Interest expense	46,482	123,771
(Gain)/loss on disposal or write-off of property and equipment		·
and construction in progress and other assets	(1,668)	32,067
Loss on modification or early retirement of debt	_	14,918
Interest income	(6,454)	(12,076)
(Reversal of allowance)/allowance for doubtful debts, net	(47,408)	186,267
Share-based payments	72,980	85,541
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Operating cash flows before movements in working capital	3,887,253	4,365,268
Decrease in inventories	15,847	2,400
Decrease/(increase) in trade receivables	65,209	(1,233)
Decrease in prepayments, deposits and other receivables	44,501	21,853
Decrease/(increase) in amounts due from related companies	56,967	(56,539)
Decrease in payables and accrued charges	(1,300,533)	(1,123,449)
Increase in amounts due to related companies	1,252	7,652
·	,	•
Cash generated from operations	2,770,496	3,215,952
Income tax paid	(15,101)	(17,744)
Interest received	6,966	11,657
NET CASH GENERATED FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	2,762,361	3,209,865
INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Payments for construction in progress	(5,837,436)	(4,105,268)
Purchase of property and equipment	(92,455)	(154,410)
Proceeds from disposal of property and equipment and other assets	4,236	4,248
Payments of developers' fee capitalized to construction in progress	(90,682)	(81,402)
Payments for land use right premium	(227,798)	(227,798)
Purchase of other assets	(29,204)	(16,586)
NET CASH USED IN INVESTING ACTIVITIES	(6,273,339)	(4,581,216)

	2016 HK\$'000	2015
	НКФООО	HK\$'000
FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Proceeds from bank borrowings	2,900,000	7,800,000
Payment of debt finance costs	(85,703)	(361,371)
Interest paid	(369,514)	(253,879)
Dividends paid	(805,600)	(4,624,603)
Proceeds from exercise of share options	6,731	312
Payments on repurchase of Shares	(7,011)	(237)
NET CASH GENERATED FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES	1,638,903	2,560,222
NET (DECREASE)/INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	(1,872,075)	1,188,871
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE BEGINNING OF THE YEAR	5,421,058	4,232,187
Effect of foreign exchange rate changes, net	(1,853)	_
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE END OF THE YEAR,		
represented by bank balances and cash	3,547,130	5,421,058

For the year ended December 31, 2016

1. GENERAL

MGM China Holdings Limited (the "Company") was incorporated in the Cayman Islands as an exempted company with limited liability on July 2, 2010. The principal activities of the Company and its subsidiaries (collectively referred to as the "Group") are the operation of casino games of chance and other casino games and the related hotel and resort facilities, and the development of integrated resorts in Macau. The Group owns and operates MGM MACAU which opened in December 2007 and is developing MGM COTAI which is expected to open in the second half of 2017. The Company's Shares were listed on the Hong Kong Stock Exchange on June 3, 2011. The Company's immediate holding company is MGM Resorts International Holdings, Ltd., a company incorporated in the Isle of Man. The Company's ultimate holding company is MGM Resorts International, a company incorporated in Delaware, the United States of America, which is listed on the New York Stock Exchange. The address of the registered office of the Company is 190 Elgin Avenue, George Town, Grand Cayman KY1-9005, Cayman Islands and its principal place of business is Avenida Dr. Sun Yat Sen, Edifício MGM MACAU, NAPE, Macau.

The consolidated financial statements are presented in HK\$, which is also the functional currency of the Company and its subsidiaries.

2. APPLICATION OF REVISED INTERNATIONAL FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("IFRSs")

In the current year, the Group has applied, for the first time, the following amendments to IFRSs relevant to the Group:

Amendments to IFRS 10, IFRS 12 Investment Entities: Applying the Consolidation Exception

and IAS 28

Amendments to IFRS 11 Accounting for Acquisitions of Interests in Joint Operations

Amendments to IAS 16 and IAS 38 Clarification of Acceptable Methods of Depreciation and

Amortization

Amendments to IAS 1 Disclosure Initiative

Amendments to IFRSs Annual Improvements to IFRSs 2012-2014 Cycle

The application of the above amendments to IFRSs in the current year has had no material effect on the amounts reported in these consolidated financial statements and/or disclosures set out in these consolidated financial statements.

2. APPLICATION OF REVISED INTERNATIONAL FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("IFRSs") (Continued)

IFRSs IN ISSUE NOT YET ADOPTED

Up to the date of this report, certain new standards and amendments have been issued but are not yet effective and have not been early adopted by the Group in the preparation of these consolidated financial statements:

IFRS 9 Financial Instruments²

IFRS 15 Revenue from Contracts with Customers²

IFRS 16 Leases³

IFRIC 22 Foreign Currency Transactions and Advance Consideration²
Amendments to IFRS 2 Classification and Measurement of Share-based Payment

Transactions²

Amendments to IFRS 4 Applying IFRS 9 Financial Instruments with IFRS 4 Insurance

Contracts²

Amendments to IFRS 15 Clarifications to IFRS 15 Revenue from Contracts with

Customers²

Amendments to IFRS 10 and IAS 28 Sale or Contribution of Assets between an Investor and its

Associate or Joint Venture⁴

Amendments to IAS 7 Disclosure Initiative¹

Amendments to IAS 12 Recognition of Deferred Tax Assets for Unrealised Losses¹

Amendments to IAS 40 Transfers of Investment Property²

Amendments to IFRSs Annual Improvements to IFRS Standards 2014-2016 Cycle⁵

- Effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2017
- ² Effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2018
- Effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2019
- Effective for annual periods beginning on or after a date to be determined
- ⁵ Effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2017 or January 1, 2018, as appropriate

The Group has commenced the assessment of the impact of the new or amendments to IFRSs to the Group, but is not yet in a position to state whether their adoption would have a significant impact on the results of operations and financial position of the Group.

For the year ended December 31, 2016

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of the consolidated financial statements are set out as below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

BASIS OF PREPARATION

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with IFRSs on the historical cost basis except for certain financial assets and financial liabilities that are measured at fair value. Historical cost is generally based on fair value of the consideration given in exchange for goods and services. In addition, the consolidated financial statements include applicable disclosures required by the Listing Rules and the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance ("CO").

The Group continually reviews the content and presentation of the consolidated and Company's financial statements to ensure compliance with relevant accounting standards and regulations, and also considers their relevance and usefulness to users. During the current year, the Group changed the presentation of its consolidated and Company's statement of financial position as at December 31, 2016 in order to improve the presentation of the financial position of the Group and the Company and to bring the presentation more in line with that adopted by the Company's ultimate holding company. Accordingly, comparative information has been restructured in conformity with the current year's presentation.

BASIS OF CONSOLIDATION

The consolidated financial statements incorporate the financial statements of the Company and entities controlled by the Company and its subsidiaries. Control is achieved when the Company:

- has power over the investee;
- · is exposed, or has rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the investee; and
- has the ability to use its power to affect its returns.

The Group reassesses whether or not it controls an investee if facts and circumstances indicate that there are changes to one or more of the three elements of control listed above.

BASIS OF CONSOLIDATION (Continued)

Consolidation of a subsidiary begins when the Group obtains control over the subsidiary and ceases when the Group loses control of the subsidiary. Specifically, income and expenses of a subsidiary acquired or disposed of during the year are included in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income from the date the Group gains control until the date when the Group ceases to control the subsidiary.

When necessary, adjustments are made to the financial statements of subsidiaries to bring their accounting policies in line with the Group's accounting policies.

All intra-group assets, liabilities, equity, income, expenses and cash flows relating to transactions between members of the Group are eliminated in full on consolidation.

REVENUE RECOGNITION

Casino revenue is the aggregate net difference between gaming wins and losses, with liabilities recognized for funds deposited by customers before gaming play occurs and for chips in the customers' possession. Casino revenue is recognized net of certain sales incentives such as commissions to casino customers and consideration allocated to award points earned in customer relationship programs.

Other revenue comprises hotel, food and beverage, retail and other operating revenue and is recognized when services are rendered and goods are sold and it is probable that the economic benefits associated with the transaction will flow to the Group. Advanced deposits on rooms are recorded as accrued liabilities before services are provided to customers.

Interest income is accrued on a time basis, by reference to the principal outstanding and at the effective interest rate applicable, which is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts through the expected life of the financial asset to that asset's net carrying amount on initial recognition.

For the year ended December 31, 2016

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

PLAYERS' CLUB CUSTOMER RELATIONSHIP PROGRAMS

The Group has established promotional clubs to encourage repeat business from frequent and active slot machine customers and table games patrons. Members earn points primarily based on gaming activity and such points can be redeemed for free play and other free goods and services. The award points are recognized as a separately identifiable component of the initial sale transaction, by allocating the fair value of the consideration received between the award points and the other components of the sale such that the consideration allocated to the award points is measured by reference to the fair value of the awards for which they could be redeemed. The Group recognizes the consideration allocated to award points as revenue when award points are redeemed and it fulfils its obligations to supply awards. The amount of revenue recognized is based on the number of award points that have been redeemed in exchange for awards, relative to the total number expected to be redeemed.

INVENTORIES

Inventories consist of food and beverage, retail merchandise and operating supplies and are stated at the lower of cost and net realizable value. Cost is calculated using the weighted average cost method.

PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT

Property and equipment are stated at historical cost less subsequent accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses, if any.

Depreciation is recognized so as to write off the cost of items of property and equipment less their estimated residual values over their estimated useful lives, using the straight-line method. The estimated useful lives, residual values and depreciation method are reviewed at the end of each reporting period, with the effect of any changes in estimate accounted for on a prospective basis.

Construction in progress includes property and equipment in the course of construction for production, supply or administrative purposes and is carried at cost, less recognized impairment loss, if any. Assets in construction in progress are classified to the appropriate categories of property and equipment when completed and ready for their intended use. Depreciation of these assets, on the same basis as other property assets, commences when the assets are ready for their intended use.

PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT (Continued)

Property and equipment are depreciated on a straight-line basis as follows:

Buildings — gaming 12.5 years or over the remaining term of the

Sub-concession Contract

Buildings — non-gaming 25 years or over the lease term of the land on which the

buildings are located, whichever is shorter

Leasehold improvements 3 to 10 years

Furniture, fixtures and equipment 3 to 7 years

Gaming machines and equipment 3 to 5 years

Computer equipment and software 3 years

Vehicles 5 years

An item of property and equipment is derecognized upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected to arise from the continued use of the asset. Any gain or loss arising on the disposal or retirement of an item of property and equipment determined as the difference between the sales proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset is recognized in profit or loss in the period in which the item is derecognized.

IMPAIRMENT OF TANGIBLE AND INTANGIBLE ASSETS (OTHER THAN FINANCIAL ASSETS)

At the end of each reporting period, the Group reviews the carrying amounts of its tangible and intangible assets to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have suffered an impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss (if any).

When it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, the Group estimates the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit ("CGU") to which the asset belongs. Where a reasonable and consistent basis of allocation can be identified, corporate assets are also allocated to individual cash-generating units, or otherwise they are allocated to the smallest group of cash-generating units for which a reasonable and consistent allocation basis can be identified.

For the year ended December 31, 2016

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

IMPAIRMENT OF TANGIBLE AND INTANGIBLE ASSETS (OTHER THAN FINANCIAL ASSETS)

(Continued)

Recoverable amount is the higher of fair value less costs of disposal and value in use. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset for which the estimates of future cash flows have not been adjusted.

If the recoverable amount of an asset (or cash-generating unit) is estimated to be less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of the asset (or cash-generating unit) is reduced to its recoverable amount. An impairment loss is recognized immediately in profit or loss.

Where an impairment loss subsequently reverses, the carrying amount of the asset (or cash-generating unit) is increased to the revised estimate of its recoverable amount, but so that the increased carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount which would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognized for the asset (or cash-generating unit) in prior years. A reversal of an impairment loss is recognized immediately in profit or loss.

LEASEHOLD LAND AND BUILDING

When a lease includes both land and building elements, the Group assesses the classification of each element as a finance or an operating lease separately based on the assessment as to whether substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership of each element have been transferred to the Group, unless it is clear that both elements are operating leases in which case the entire lease is classified as an operating lease.

To the extent the allocation of the lease payments can be made reliably, interest in leasehold land that is accounted for as an operating lease is presented as "land use right premium" in the consolidated statement of financial position and is amortized over the lease term on a straight-line basis. When the lease payments cannot be allocated reliably between the land and building elements, the entire lease is generally classified as a finance lease and accounted for as property and equipment.

TAXATION

Income tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from profit before tax as reported in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income because it excludes items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other periods and items that are never taxable or deductible. The Group's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

Deferred tax is recognized on temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the consolidated financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognized for all taxable temporary differences. Deferred tax assets are generally recognized for all deductible temporary differences to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which those deductible temporary differences can be utilized. Such deferred tax assets and liabilities are not recognized if the temporary difference arises from the initial recognition (other than in a business combination) of other assets and liabilities in a transaction that affects neither the taxable profit nor the accounting profit.

Deferred tax liabilities are recognized for taxable temporary differences associated with investments in subsidiaries, except where the Group is able to control the reversal of the temporary difference and it is probable that the temporary difference will not reverse in the foreseeable future. Deferred tax assets arising from deductible temporary differences associated with such investments are only recognized to the extent that it is probable that there will be sufficient taxable profits against which to utilize the benefits of the temporary differences and they are expected to reverse in the foreseeable future.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at the end of each reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered.

For the year ended December 31, 2016

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

TAXATION (Continued)

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period in which the liability is settled or the asset realized, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period. The measurement of deferred tax liabilities and assets reflects the tax consequences that would follow from the manner in which the Group expects, at the end of the reporting period, to recover or settle the carrying amount of its assets and liabilities.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities and when they relate to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority and the Group intends to settle its current tax assets and liabilities on a net basis or to realize the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously.

Current and deferred tax are recognized in profit or loss, except when they relate to items that are recognized in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, in which case the tax is also recognized in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, respectively.

OTHER ASSETS

Operating equipment

Operating equipment such as chips, silverware, chinaware, linen and uniforms which are carried at cost less accumulated amortization and impairment loss are amortized using the straight-line method over their estimated useful lives of two years.

Show production costs

Show production costs, includes costs of creation, design and initial production of the show, which are carried at cost less accumulated amortization and impairment loss are amortized over the shorter of the contractual run of the show (including any guaranteed renewals), or the estimated useful life of the show.

An item of other assets is derecognized upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected to arise from the continued use of the asset. Any gain or loss arising on the disposal or retirement of an item of other assets, determined as the difference between the sales proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset, is recognized in profit or loss in the period in which the item is derecognized.

CASH EQUIVALENTS

Cash equivalents represent short-term highly liquid investments which are readily convertible into known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value, which are held for the purpose of meeting short-term cash commitments rather than for investment or other purposes.

FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognized in the consolidated statements of financial position when a group entity becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Financial assets and financial liabilities are initially measured at fair value. Transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of financial assets and financial liabilities are added to or deducted from the fair value of the financial assets or financial liabilities, as appropriate, on initial recognition.

Financial assets

The Group's financial assets are loans and receivables.

Effective interest method

The effective interest method is a method of calculating the amortized cost of a financial asset and of allocating interest income over the relevant period. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts (including all fees and points paid or received that form an integral part of the effective interest rate, transaction costs and other premiums or discounts) through the expected life of the financial asset, or, where appropriate, a shorter period to the net carrying amount on initial recognition.

Income is recognized on an effective interest basis for loans and receivables.

For the year ended December 31, 2016

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

Loans and receivables

Loans and receivables are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market. Subsequent to initial recognition, loans and receivables (including trade and other receivables, deposits, amounts due from related companies and bank balances and cash) are measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method, less any impairment (see the accounting policy in respect of impairment of financial assets below).

Impairment of financial assets

Loans and receivables are assessed for indicators of impairment at the end of each reporting period.

Loans and receivables are considered to be impaired where there is objective evidence that, as a result of one or more events that occurred after the initial recognition of the financial asset, the estimated future cash flows of the investment have been affected.

Objective evidence of impairment could include:

- · significant financial difficulty of the issuer or counterparty; or
- breach of contract, such as a default or delinquency in interest or principal payments; or
- it becoming probable that the borrower will enter bankruptcy or financial re-organization.

Loans and receivables that are assessed not to be impaired individually are, in addition, assessed for impairment on a collective basis. Objective evidence of impairment for a portfolio of receivables could include the Group's past experience of collecting payments and an increase in the number of delayed payments in the portfolio past the average credit period of 30 days.

An impairment loss is recognized in profit or loss when there is objective evidence that the asset is impaired, and is measured as the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of the estimated future cash flows discounted at the original effective interest rate.

FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

Impairment of financial assets (Continued)

The carrying amount of the financial asset is reduced by the impairment loss directly for all loans and receivables with the exception of trade receivables, where the carrying amount is reduced through the use of the allowance account. Changes in the carrying amount of the allowance account are recognized in profit or loss. When a trade receivable is considered uncollectible, it is written off against the allowance account. Subsequent recoveries of amounts previously written off are credited against the allowance account.

If, in a subsequent period, the amount of the impairment loss decreases and the decrease can be related objectively to an event occurring after the impairment was recognized, the previously recognized impairment loss is reversed through profit or loss to the extent that the carrying amount of the asset at the date the impairment is reversed does not exceed what the amortized cost would have been had the impairment not been recognized.

Financial liabilities and equity

Debt and equity instruments issued by a group entity are classified as either financial liabilities or as equity in accordance with the substance of the contractual arrangements and the definitions of a financial liability and an equity instrument.

Equity instruments

An equity instrument is a contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the Group after deducting all of its liabilities. Equity instruments issued by the Company are recorded at the proceeds received, net of direct issue costs.

For the year ended December 31, 2016

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

Effective interest method

The effective interest method is a method of calculating the amortized cost of a financial liability and of allocating interest expense over the relevant period. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash payments (including all fees and points paid or received that form an integral part of effective interest rate, transaction costs and other premiums or discounts) through the expected life of the financial liability, or, where appropriate, a shorter period to the net carrying amount of initial recognition. Interest expense is recognized on an effective interest basis.

Financial liabilities

Financial liabilities (including trade payables, bank borrowings, deposits and advances, land use right payable, construction retention payable, construction payables, other payables, outstanding chips liabilities, other casino liabilities and amounts due to related companies) are subsequently measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method.

Borrowings are recognized initially at fair value, net of transaction costs incurred. Borrowings are subsequently measured at amortized cost; any difference between the proceeds (net of transaction costs) and the redemption value is recognized in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income over the period of the borrowings using the effective interest method.

Offsetting of financial instruments

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount reported in the consolidated statement of financial position when there is a legally enforceable right to offset the recognized amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

Financial guarantee contracts

A financial guarantee contract is a contract that requires the issuer to make specified payments to reimburse the holder for a loss it incurs because a specified debtor fails to make payment when due in accordance with the original or modified terms of a debt instrument. A financial guarantee contract issued by the Group not designated at fair value through profit or loss is recognized initially at its fair value less transaction costs that are directly attributable to the issue of the financial guarantee contract. Subsequent to initial recognition, the Group measures the financial guarantee contract at the higher of: (i) the amount of obligation under the contract as determined in accordance with IAS 37 *Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets*; and (ii) the amount initially recognized less, when appropriate, cumulative amortization recognized in accordance with the revenue recognition policy.

Derecognition

The Group derecognizes a financial asset only when the contractual rights to receive cash flows from the asset expire.

On derecognition of a financial asset, the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the sum of the consideration received and receivable is recognized in profit or loss.

The Group derecognizes financial liabilities when, and only when, the Group's obligations specified in the relevant contract are discharged, cancelled or expired. The difference between the carrying amount of the financial liability derecognized and the consideration paid and payable is recognized in profit or loss.

SUB-CONCESSION PREMIUM

Premium payments made for the grant of the Sub-concession Contract (see note 17) are capitalized, carried at cost less accumulated amortization and accumulated impairment losses, if any, and amortized using the straight-line method over its estimated useful life which is from the date of commencement of gaming operations to the expiry of the Sub-concession Contract.

For the year ended December 31, 2016

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

BORROWING COSTS

Borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of qualifying assets, which are assets that necessarily take a substantial period of time to get ready for their intended use or sale, are added to the cost of those assets, until such time as the assets are substantially ready for their intended use or sale. Investment income earned on the temporary investment of specific borrowings pending their expenditure on qualifying assets is deducted from the borrowing costs eligible for capitalization.

All other borrowing costs are recognized in profit or loss in the period in which they are incurred.

FOREIGN CURRENCIES

In preparing the financial statements of each individual group entity, transactions in currencies other than the functional currency of that entity (foreign currencies) are recorded in the respective functional currency (i.e. the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates) at the rates of exchange prevailing on the dates of the transactions. At the end of the reporting period, monetary items denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rates prevailing at that date. Non-monetary items that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are not retranslated.

Exchange differences arising on the settlement of monetary items and on the retranslation of monetary items are recognized in profit or loss in the period in which they arise.

For the purposes of presenting the consolidated financial statements, the assets and liabilities of the Group's foreign operations are translated into the presentation currency of the Group using exchange rate prevailing at the end of each reporting period. Income and expenses items are translated at the average exchange rates for the period. Exchange differences arising, if any, are recognized in other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity under the heading of currency translation reserves.

RETIREMENT BENEFIT COSTS

Contributions to defined contribution retirement benefit plans are recognized as an expense when employees have rendered service entitling them to the contributions. Forfeitures of unvested contributions are used to reduce the Group's liability for its contributions payable under the plans.

LEASING

Leases are classified as finance lease whenever the terms of the lease transfer substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership to the lessee. All other leases are classified as operating leases.

Group as a lessee

Operating lease payments are recognized as an expense on a straight-line basis over the term of the relevant lease. Benefits received and receivable as an incentive to enter into an operating lease are recognized as a reduction of rental expense over the lease term on a straight-line basis.

Group as a grantor for right of use

When assets are granted out under an agreement for the right of use, the asset is included in the consolidated statement of financial position based on the nature of the asset. Income from right of use (net of any incentives given to retailers) is recognized on a straight-line basis over the terms of the relevant right of use. Contingent fees based upon the net sales of the retailers arising under right of use are recognized as revenue in the period in which they are earned.

EQUITY-SETTLED SHARE-BASED PAYMENT TRANSACTIONS

Share options granted to Directors and employees of the Group

The fair value of services received determined by reference to the fair value of share options granted at the grant date is expensed on a straight-line basis over the vesting period, with a corresponding increase in equity (share option reserve).

At the end of the reporting period, the Group revises its estimate of the number of share options that are expected to ultimately vest. The impact of the revision of the original estimates during the vesting period, if any, is recognized in profit or loss such that the cumulative expense reflects the revised estimation, with a corresponding adjustment to share option reserve.

At the time when the share options are exercised, the amount previously recognized in share option reserve will be transferred to share capital and share premium. When the share options are forfeited after the vesting date or are still not exercised at the expiry date, the amount previously recognized in share option reserve will be transferred to retained earnings.

For the year ended December 31, 2016

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

EQUITY-SETTLED SHARE-BASED PAYMENT TRANSACTIONS (Continued)

Share options granted to consultants of the Group

Share options issued to consultants in exchange for services are measured at the fair values of services received, unless that fair value cannot be reliably measured, in which case the services received are measured by reference to the fair value of the share option granted at the grant date.

4. KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION UNCERTAINTY

The key assumptions concerning the future, and other key sources of estimation uncertainty at the end of the reporting period that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year are discussed below:

DEPRECIATION OF PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT

The Group depreciates property and equipment over their estimated useful lives, using the straight-line method, commencing from the date the property and equipment are ready for the intended use. The useful lives that the Group estimated for property and equipment reflects the Group management's estimate of the period that the Group intends to derive future economic benefits from the use of the assets. Should there be any changes in such estimates, the depreciation of property and equipment may vary with changes affecting profit or loss in the period of the change.

ALLOWANCE FOR DOUBTFUL DEBTS

The Group issues markers and credit to approved gaming promoters, casino customers and hotel customers following background checks and investigations of their creditworthiness. An estimated allowance for doubtful accounts is maintained to reduce the Group's receivables to their recoverable amount. The allowance is estimated based on a specific review of customer accounts and an evaluation of the amounts expected to be recovered with reference to past collection experience, current economic and business conditions and other relevant information. When the actual future cash flows are less than expected, an impairment loss may arise and affect profit or loss in the period of change.

4. KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION UNCERTAINTY (Continued)

ALLOWANCE FOR DOUBTFUL DEBTS (Continued)

The Group has a concentration of credit risk with a small number of gaming promoters, all of which are domiciled in Macau. Any adverse changes in the business environment and financial performance of those gaming promoters may impact the recoverability of the trade receivables. Should there be any change in circumstances pertaining to these gaming promoters, it would have a material effect to the carrying amount of trade receivables.

DEVELOPMENT PROJECT

The Group's primary project under development is MGM COTAI. Under the land concession for MGM COTAI, the Group is required to complete the development by January 2018. Should the Group determine that it is unable to complete MGM COTAI by this deadline, the Group would then apply for an extension from the Macau Government. If the Group is unable to meet the current deadline and the deadline for development is not extended, the Group could lose its land concession for MGM COTAI, which would prohibit the Group from operating any facilities developed under the land concession. As a result, the Group could record an impairment loss for all or some portion of the carrying amount at that date. The carrying amount is HK\$18,963.2 million in capitalized construction costs, including land, as at December 31, 2016 for MGM COTAI.

IMPAIRMENT OF NON-FINANCIAL ASSETS

The Group follows the requirements of *IAS 36 Impairment of Assets* to consider whether there are impairment indicators and if so, to determine whether the non-financial assets are impaired which requires significant judgment. In making this judgment, the Group evaluates whether the recoverable amounts of the assets are less than their carrying amounts.

For the year ended December 31, 2016

4. KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION UNCERTAINTY (Continued)

IMPAIRMENT OF NON-FINANCIAL ASSETS (Continued)

The recoverable amount of the non-financial assets has been determined based on value-in-use calculations. These calculations require the use of estimates of future cash flows based on projected income and expenses of the business and working capital needs that take into consideration the future economic conditions, increased competition in Macau, expected regulatory environment (including the Macau Government's decision on matters such as gaming table allocations and Subconcession renewals) and the growth rates of the Macau gaming market. Management is also required to choose suitable discount rates in order to calculate the present values of those cash flows. The compound annual growth rate was 8.3% and the discount rate used ranged from 11.0% to 13.5% in the calculation of the recoverable amount. Changes in the key assumptions on which the recoverable amount of the assets are based could significantly affect the Group's assessment resulting in an impairment loss being recognized.

5. CASINO REVENUE

Casino revenue represents the aggregate net difference between gaming wins and losses, net of commissions and incentives.

	2016	2015
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
VIP gross table games win	8,631,084	11,737,127
Main floor gross table games win	7,688,849	7,557,392
Slot machine gross win	1,257,300	1,611,711
Gross casino revenue	17,577,233	20,906,230
Commissions and incentives	(2,971,167)	(4,064,679)
	14,606,066	16,841,551

6. OTHER REVENUE

Other revenue comprises:

	2016 HK\$'000	2015 HK\$'000
Hotel rooms	79,031	71,242
Food and beverage	167,103	207,437
Retail and others	55,268	50,223
	301,402	328,902

From time to time, the Group provides hotel rooms, food and beverage, retail and other services to certain guests and customers without charge (the "Promotional Allowances") and no revenue is received for such promotional activities. The retail value of the Promotional Allowances incurred during the year is as follows:

	2016	2015
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Hotel rooms	386,838	430,378
Food and beverage	242,498	296,309
Retail and others	7,396	9,583
	636,732	736,270

For the year ended December 31, 2016

7. SEGMENT INFORMATION

The Group currently operates in one operating segment which is the ownership and management of its casino, hotel, food and beverage and retail operations in Macau. A single management team reports to the Group's Chief Executive Officer (being the chief operating decision-maker) who allocates resources and assesses performance based on the consolidated revenue, net results, assets and liabilities for the entire business. Accordingly, the Group does not present separate segment information.

During the current and prior years, all revenue is derived from customers patronizing the Group's Macau property. None of the customers of the Group individually contributed more than 10% of the total revenue during the current and prior years.

8. SPECIAL GAMING TAX AND SPECIAL LEVY TO THE MACAU GOVERNMENT

According to the Sub-concession Contract as described in note 17, MGM Grand Paradise, a wholly-owned subsidiary, is required to pay to the Macau Government a special gaming tax, gaming premium and special levy annually. The special gaming tax is assessed at the rate of 35% of the gross gaming revenue (being the aggregate net difference between gaming wins and losses before deducting sales incentives) of MGM Grand Paradise. Gaming premium is composed of (i) a fixed portion of MOP30 million (equivalent to approximately HK\$29 million) and (ii) a variable portion that is calculated based on the number of gaming tables and gaming machines, including slot machines, operated by MGM Grand Paradise during the year. The special levy includes (i) an amount corresponding to 1.6% of the gross gaming revenue that will be paid to a public foundation whose purposes are the promotion, study and development of cultural, social, economic, educative, scientific, academic and philanthropic activities in Macau and (ii) an amount corresponding to 2.4% of the gross gaming revenue for the purposes of urban development, tourism promotion and social security of Macau.

9. OTHER EXPENSES AND LOSSES

	2016	2015
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Junket commission	664,899	939,161
Advertising and promotion	416,624	521,296
License fees	260,822	300,483
Repairs and maintenance	99,942	82,432
Utilities and fuel	98,188	107,807
Other support services	95,338	107,020
(Reversal of allowance)/allowance for doubtful debts, net	(47,408)	186,267
(Gain)/loss on disposal or write-off of property and equipment,		
construction in progress and other assets	(1,668)	32,067
Other	229,059	212,346
	1,815,796	2,488,879

10. FINANCE COSTS

	2016 HK\$'000	2015 HK\$'000
	нкэ 000	ПКФ 000
Interest on:		
Bank borrowings	367,558	253,176
Land use right payable	8,266	18,845
Amortization of debt finance costs	162,383	162,675
Loss on modification or early retirement of debt	_	14,918
Bank fees and charges	6,773	6,830
Total borrowing costs	544,980	456,444
Less: capitalized interest allocated to construction in progress		
(see note 16)	(491,725)	(310,925)
	53,255	145,519

For the year ended December 31, 2016

11. INCOME TAX EXPENSE

	2016	2015
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Current income tax expense:		
Macau dividend withholding tax	14,951	14,951
Hong Kong Profits Tax	170	1,673
	15,121	16,624
Over provision in prior year:		
Hong Kong Profits Tax	(20)	(12)
		40.040
	15,101	16,612

Macau Complementary Tax is calculated at progressive rates up to a maximum of 12% of the estimated assessable profit for the current and prior years. Pursuant to the approval notice 186/2008 issued by the Macau Government dated June 19, 2008, MGM Grand Paradise, the Group's principal operating subsidiary, was exempted from Macau Complementary Tax for income generated from gaming operations for 5 years from 2007 to 2011. This exemption was renewed for another 5 years from 2012 to 2016 pursuant to the approval notice 267/2011 issued by the Macau Government dated September 22, 2011. Pursuant to the approval notice 322/2016 issued by the Macau Government dated September 7, 2016, this exemption was renewed for the period from January 1, 2017 to March 31, 2020. Accordingly, no liability for Macau Complementary Tax has been recognized by the Group for the years ended December 31, 2016 and 2015.

MGM Grand Paradise's exemption from Macau Complementary Tax does not apply to dividends to be distributed by MGM Grand Paradise. On December 18, 2012, the Macau Government informed MGM Grand Paradise of the terms of an extended tax concession arrangement pursuant to which MGM Grand Paradise is required to pay a dividend withholding tax of MOP15,400,000 (equivalent to approximately HK\$14,951,000) for each of the years ended December 31, 2012 through 2016 in lieu of Macau Complementary Tax otherwise payable by the shareholders of MGM Grand Paradise on dividend distributions received by them from gaming profit.

11. INCOME TAX EXPENSE (Continued)

Hong Kong Profits Tax is calculated at 16.5% of the estimated assessable profit for the current and prior years.

The income tax charge for the year can be reconciled to the profit before tax in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income as follows:

	2016	2015
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Profit before tax	3,051,609	3,129,127
Tax calculated at domestic rates applicable to profits in the		
respective jurisdictions	(365,652)	(375,495)
Effect of tax exemption granted to MGM Grand Paradise	542,968	565,768
Effect of tax losses not recognized	(197,912)	(195,473)
Effect of expenses not deductible for tax purposes	(8,320)	(11,597)
Effect of income not taxable for tax purposes	_	20
Effect of temporary differences not recognized	28,746	14,557
Lump sum dividend tax	(14,951)	(14,951)
Overprovision in prior year	20	12
Other	_	547
	(15,101)	(16,612)

For the year ended December 31, 2016

11. INCOME TAX EXPENSE (Continued)

As at December 31, 2016, the Group has total unused tax losses (subject to agreement by the relevant tax authorities of Macau and Hong Kong) amounting to approximately HK\$4,668.8 million, of which approximately HK\$1,633.6 million, HK\$1,557.3 million and HK\$1,403.9 million arose from tax losses in Macau in the years of assessment ended December 31, 2016, 2015 and 2014 respectively (2015: total unused tax losses amounting to approximately HK\$4,486.9 million, of which approximately HK\$1,609.5 million, HK\$1,403.9 million and HK\$1,411.4 million arose from tax losses in Macau in the years of assessment ended December 31, 2015, 2014 and 2013 respectively). The Macau tax losses of approximately HK\$4,594.8 million in aggregate will expire in the years ended December 31, 2019, 2018 and 2017 (2015: approximately HK\$4,424.8 million Macau tax losses in aggregate will expire or had expired in the years ended December 31, 2018, 2017 and 2016). As at December 31, 2016, the Group has other unused tax losses of approximately HK\$74.0 million in Hong Kong (2015: approximately HK\$62.1 million), which may be carried forward indefinitely.

As at December 31, 2016, the Group has a deductible temporary difference of approximately HK\$618.5 million (2015: approximately HK\$857.9 million). No deferred tax assets have been recognized as it may not be probable that taxable profits will be available against which unutilized tax losses and deductible temporary differences can be utilized.

12. PROFIT FOR THE YEAR

	2016	2015
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Profit for the year has been arrived at after charging/(crediting):		
Directors' and chief executive's emoluments	37,425	40,885
Retirement benefits scheme contributions for other staff	56,103	53,233
Share-based payments for other staff	56,303	69,061
Salaries and other benefits for other staff	1,799,334	1,802,418
	1,949,165	1,965,597
Amortization in respect of:		
— sub-concession premium	127,248	126,899
— land use right premium	19,299	19,246
— other assets	15,524	21,999
Depreciation of property and equipment	609,641	637,509
	771,712	805,653
(Gain)/loss on disposal or write-off of property and equipment,		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
construction in progress and other assets	(1,668)	32,067
Operating lease rentals in respect of:		
— equipment	15,436	14,614
— warehouse	8,019	7,436
— leasehold land	4,936	4,936
— office premises	12,987	9,350
Auditor's remuneration	9,994	9,794

For the year ended December 31, 2016

13. DIRECTORS', CHIEF EXECUTIVE'S AND EMPLOYEES' EMOLUMENTS

The emoluments paid or payable to the Directors and the chief executive during the year were as follows:

	Fees HK\$'000	Salary and other benefits HK\$'000	Contributions to retirement benefits scheme HK\$'000	ar Share-based payments HK\$'000	Discretionary ad performance related incentive payments ⁽¹⁾ HK\$'000	Total HK\$'000
Very anded Describer 24, 2046						
Year ended December 31, 2016						
Executive Directors:						
James Joseph Murren	_	_	-	_	-	_
Pansy Ho	_	_	_	_	_	_
Chen Yau Wong	_	_	_	_	_	_
William Joseph Hornbuckle	_	_	_	_	_	_
Executive Director and Chief Executive:						
Grant R. Bowie	_	13,852	1,212	14,032	5,859	34,955

The executive director's emoluments and retirement benefits shown above were for his/her services in connection with the management of the affairs of the Group.

Non-executive Directors:						
William M. Scott IV	_	_	-	_	_	_
Daniel J. D'Arrigo	_	_	_	_		_
Kenneth A. Rosevear	_		_	_	_	
Independent Non-executive Directors:						
Zhe Sun	606	_	_	_	_	606
Sze Wan Patricia Lam	606	_	_	_	_	606
Peter Man Kong Wong	559	_	_	_	_	559
Russell Francis Banham	699	-	_	_	-	699
Total emoluments	2,470	13,852	1,212	14,032	5,859	37,425

13. DIRECTORS', CHIEF EXECUTIVE'S AND EMPLOYEES' EMOLUMENTS (Continued)

		Salary and other	Contributions to retirement	ar Share-based	Discretionary and performance related incentive	
	Fees	benefits	benefits scheme	payments	payments ⁽¹⁾	Total
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Year ended December 31, 2015						
Executive Directors:						
James Joseph Murren	_	_	_	_	_	_
Pansy Ho	_	_	_	_	_	_
Chen Yau Wong	_	_	_	_	_	_
William Joseph Hornbuckle	_	_	_	_	_	_
Executive Director and Chief Executive:						
Grant R. Bowie	_	12,238	1,172	13,659	11,350	38,419

The executive director's emoluments and retirement benefits shown above were for his/her services in connection with the management of the affairs of the Group.

Non-executive Directors:						
William M. Scott IV	_	_	_	_	_	_
Daniel J. D'Arrigo	_	_	_	_	_	_
Kenneth A. Rosevear	_	_	_	_	_	_
Independent Non-executive Directors	5.					
Zhe Sun	605	_	_	_	_	605
Sze Wan Patricia Lam	605	_	_	_	_	605
Peter Man Kong Wong	558	_	_	_	_	558
Russell Francis Banham	698	_	_	_	_	698
Total emoluments	2,466	12,238	1,172	13,659	11,350	40,885

For the year ended December 31, 2016

13. DIRECTORS', CHIEF EXECUTIVE'S AND EMPLOYEES' EMOLUMENTS (Continued)

None of the Directors and the chief executive have waived any emoluments during the years ended December 31, 2016 and 2015.

No emoluments were paid to any Directors and the chief executive as an inducement to join or upon joining the Group or as compensation for loss of office during the years ended December 31, 2016 and 2015.

Of the five individuals with the highest emoluments in the Group, one (2015: one) was a Director and the chief executive of the Company whose emoluments are included in the disclosures set out above. The emoluments of the remaining four (2015: four) individuals were as follows:

	2016 HK\$'000	2015 HK\$'000
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Salaries and other benefits	20,967	19,422
Contributions to retirement benefits scheme	493	459
Share-based payments	13,931	15,297
Discretionary and performance related incentive payments (1)	6,672	10,267
	42,063	45,445

13. DIRECTORS', CHIEF EXECUTIVE'S AND EMPLOYEES' EMOLUMENTS (Continued)

Their emoluments were within the following bands:

	2016	2015
	No. of	No. of
	employees	employees
		_
HK\$9,500,001 to HK\$10,000,000	2	
HK\$10,000,001 to HK\$10,500,000	_	2
HK\$11,000,001 to HK\$11,500,000	1	_
HK\$11,500,001 to HK\$12,000,000	1	_
HK\$12,000,001 to HK\$12,500,000	_	2

No emoluments were paid to any of the individuals with the highest emoluments (including Director and chief executive, and employees) as an inducement to join or upon joining the Group or as compensation for loss of office during the years ended December 31, 2016 and 2015.

Note:

(1) The discretionary and performance related incentive payments for the years ended December 31, 2016 and 2015 are determined based on the Group's performance and the individual's contribution to the Group for the years ended December 31, 2015 and 2014 respectively.

14. DIVIDENDS

On February 17, 2015, a special dividend of HK\$0.816 per Share, amounting to approximately HK\$3,100.8 million in aggregate was declared by the Directors of the Company. This dividend was paid to Shareholders on March 19, 2015.

On May 14, 2015, a final dividend of HK\$0.245 per Share, amounting to approximately HK\$931.0 million in aggregate for the year ended December 31, 2014 was approved by the Shareholders of the Company. This dividend was paid to Shareholders on June 8, 2015.

For the year ended December 31, 2016

14. DIVIDENDS (Continued)

On August 4, 2015, an interim dividend of HK\$0.156 per Share, amounting to approximately HK\$592.8 million in aggregate for the six months ended June 30, 2015 was declared by the Directors of the Company. The dividend was paid to Shareholders on August 31, 2015.

On May 25, 2016, a final dividend of HK\$0.093 per Share, amounting to approximately HK\$353.4 million in aggregate for the year ended December 31, 2015 was approved by the Shareholders of the Company. This dividend was paid to Shareholders on June 17, 2016.

On August 4, 2016, an interim dividend of HK\$0.119 per Share, amounting to approximately HK\$452.2 million in aggregate for the six months ended June 30, 2016 was declared by the Directors of the Company. The dividend was paid to Shareholders on August 30, 2016.

On February 16, 2017, a final dividend of HK\$0.160 per Share, amounting to approximately HK\$608.0 million in aggregate for the year ended December 31, 2016 has been recommended by the Directors of the Company and is subject to approval by the Shareholders of the Company in the forthcoming annual general meeting.

15. EARNINGS PER SHARE

The calculation of the basic earnings per Share for the years ended December 31, 2016 and 2015 is based on the consolidated profit attributable to owners of the Company and the weighted average number of Shares in issue during the year.

The calculation of diluted earnings per Share for the years ended December 31, 2016 and 2015 is based on the consolidated profit attributable to owners of the Company and on the weighted average number of Shares, including the weighted average number of Shares in issue during the year plus the potential Shares arising from exercise of share options (see note 25).

15. EARNINGS PER SHARE (Continued)

The calculation of basic and diluted earnings per Share is based on the following:

	2016	2015
Profit		
Profit for the year attributable to owners of the Company for		
the purposes of basic and diluted earnings per Share (HK\$'000)	3,036,508	3,112,515
Weighted average number of Shares		
Weighted average number of Shares for the purpose		
of basic earnings per Share ('000)	3,800,038	3,800,003
Number of dilutive potential Shares arising from exercise		
of share options ('000)	27	12
Weighted average number of Shares for the purpose		
of diluted earnings per Share ('000)	3,800,065	3,800,015
Earnings per Share — Basic and Diluted	HK\$0.80	HK\$0.82

For the year ended December 31, 2016

16. PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT AND CONSTRUCTION IN PROGRESS

	Buildings HK\$'000	Leasehold improvements HK\$'000	Furniture, fixtures and equipment HK\$'000	Gaming machines and equipment HK\$'000	Computer equipment and software HK\$'000	Art works and paintings HK\$'000	Vehicles HK\$'000	Property and equipment total HK\$'000	Construction in progress HK\$'000	Grand total HK\$'000
	— TINQ 000	<u> </u>		<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	— 1 IIX	<u> </u>	I IIVĄ 000	<u> </u>
COST										
At January 1, 2015	5,048,410	1,722,473	526,537	354,246	236,762	65,630	10,794	7,964,852	5,487,615	13,452,467
Additions	18	110,305	19,533	36,997	9,641	_	636	177,130	4,810,706	4,987,836
Transfers	_	116,244	7,544	14,867	28,339	_	-	166,994	(166,994)	_
Reclassification	(733)	782	15,952	(18)	30	(16,013)	-	-	-	_
Adjustments to project costs	(1,480)	(15,268)	_	-	(108)	_	_	(16,856)	(1,768)	(18,624)
Disposal/write-off	(52,937)	(11,234)	(11,052)	(24,107)	(5,803)	(2,047)	(20)	(107,200)	(3,106)	(110,306)
At December 31, 2015										
and January 1, 2016	4.993.278	1,923,302	558,514	381,985	268.861	47,570	11.410	8,184,920	10.126.453	18,311,373
Additions	4,333,270	45.234	8,384	24,925	6.854	47,570	11,410	85,397	7,963,499	8,048,896
Transfers		154,413	2,343		7,566			164,322	(164,322)	- 0,040,030
Reclassification		(8,758)	844		7,914			104,322	(104,522)	
Adjustments to project costs	(5,361)	(36,247)	(909)	(328)	(122)			(42,967)		(42,967)
Disposal/write-off	(14)	(196)	(6,394)	(75,608)	(1,315)	_		(83,527)	(10,338)	(93,865)
At December 31, 2016	4,987,903	2,077,748	562,782	330,974	289,758	47,570	11,410	8,308,145	17,915,292	26,223,437
DEPRECIATION										
At January 1, 2015	(1,841,667)	(1,231,563)	(415,704)	(254,291)	(172,144)	_	(3,113)	(3,918,482)	_	(3,918,482)
Eliminated on										
disposal/write-off	28,017	4,745	10,068	23,590	5,710	_	19	72,149	_	72,149
Charge for the year	(301,161)	(192,517)	(57,518)	(43,858)	(40,323)	_	(2,132)	(637,509)	_	(637,509)
At December 31, 2015										
and January 1, 2016	(2,114,811)	(1,419,335)	(463,154)	(274,559)	(206,757)	_	(5,226)	(4,483,842)	-	(4,483,842)
Eliminated on	·		<u> </u>	·	· · ·			·		
disposal/write-off	5	196	5,817	72,741	1,251	_	_	80,010	_	80,010
Charge for the year	(277,919)	(206,838)	(38,643)	(41,464)	(42,681)	_	(2,096)	(609,641)	_	(609,641)
At December 31, 2016	(2,392,725)	(1,625,977)	(495,980)	(243,282)	(248,187)	_	(7,322)	(5,013,473)	_	(5,013,473)
CARRYING AMOUNT										
At December 31, 2016	2,595,178	451,771	66,802	87,692	41,571	47,570	4,088	3,294,672	17,915,292	21,209,964
At December 31, 2015	2,878,467	503,967	95,360	107,426	62,104	47,570	6,184	3,701,078	10,126,453	13,827,531

During the year ended December 31, 2016, borrowing costs (including interest on land use right payable, (see note 10)) and developers' fees (see note 33) of HK\$491.7 million (2015: HK\$310.9 million) and HK\$104.3 million (2015: HK\$58.1 million) respectively have been capitalized in the Group's construction in progress. Borrowing costs were capitalized by applying a capitalization rate of 4.07% (2015: 4.53%) per annum to expenditure on qualifying assets during the year ended December 31, 2016.

17. SUB-CONCESSION PREMIUM

	HK\$'000
COST	
At January 1, 2015, December 31, 2015, January 1, 2016 and December 31, 2016	1,560,000
AMORTIZATION	
At January 1, 2015	(893,900)
Charge for the year	(126,899)
At December 31, 2015 and January 1, 2016	(1,020,799)
Charge for the year	(127,248)
At December 31, 2016	(1,148,047)
CARRYING AMOUNT	
At December 31, 2016	411,953
At December 31, 2015	539,201

Pursuant to the agreement dated June 19, 2004 between MGM Grand Paradise and SJM, a company in which a close family member of a Director of the Company has controlling beneficial interests, a subconcession premium of US\$200 million (equivalent to approximately HK\$1.56 billion) was paid by MGM Grand Paradise to SJM for the right to operate casino games of chance and other casino games in Macau for a period of 15 years commencing on April 20, 2005.

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18. LAND USE RIGHT PREMIUM AND LAND USE RIGHT PAYABLE

HK\$'000
1,736,293
(267,532)
(19,246)
(50,160)
(336,938)
(19,299)
(50,297)
(406,534)
1,329,759
1,399,355

Included in the consolidated statement of financial position as:

	2016 HK\$'000	2015 HK\$'000
Current land use right premium Non-current land use right premium	69,406 1,260,353	69,596 1,329,759
	1,329,759	1,399,355

18. LAND USE RIGHT PREMIUM AND LAND USE RIGHT PAYABLE (Continued)

The Group entered into land concession contracts with the Macau Government to build on the sites on which MGM MACAU and MGM COTAI are located. The Group does not own these land sites, however, the land concessions, which have an initial term of 25 years with a right to renew in accordance with Macau law, grant the Group exclusive use of the land. As specified in the land concessions, the Group is required to pay land use right premium as well as annual rent for the term of the land concessions, which may be revised every five years by the Macau Government.

The land use right premium represents amounts paid and payable on the leasehold interests in land for MGM MACAU and MGM COTAI. The amounts are stated at cost less accumulated amortization and impairment, and are amortized using the straight-line method over the lease terms of 25 years from the date when the land use rights were granted on April 6, 2006 (for MGM MACAU) and January 9, 2013 (for MGM COTAI). The land premium payable for MGM MACAU has been fully settled.

The land premium of the Cotai Land was MOP1,291.2 million (approximately HK\$1,253.6 million) which comprised an initial payment of MOP450.0 million (approximately HK\$436.9 million) made in October 2012 and a payable of MOP841.2 million (approximately HK\$816.7 million) to the Macau Government. The land premium is interest bearing at 5% per annum and payable in eight equal instalments of MOP117.3 million (approximately HK\$113.9 million) due every six months. The first of the eight instalments was paid in July 2013.

The balance of the unpaid land use right premium is included in the consolidated statement of financial position as:

	2016	2015
	НК\$'000	HK\$'000
Current land use right payable	111,121	214,178
Non-current land use right payable	_	111,121
	111,121	325,299

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19. PREPAYMENTS, DEPOSITS AND OTHER RECEIVABLES

	2016	2015
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Prepaid goods and services	46,146	30,439
Deposits	40,863	20,868
Advances to construction contractor and sub-contractors	102,548	266,263
Other receivables	28,117	9,819
	217,674	327,389
Current	107,921	42,342
Non-current	109,753	285,047
	217,674	327,389

20. TRADE RECEIVABLES

	2016	2015
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Trade receivables	288,354	311,805
Less: Allowance for doubtful debts	(63,616)	(69,266)
	224,738	242,539

Trade receivables mainly consist of casino receivables. The Group grants unsecured credit lines, drawn by way of non-negotiable chips, to gaming promoters based on pre-approved credit limits. The Group also issues markers and credit to approved casino customers ("VIP gaming customers") following background checks and investigations of creditworthiness. The Group allows a credit period up to 30 days on issuance of markers to gaming promoters and 14 days to VIP gaming customers. Trade receivables are unsecured and non-interest bearing. The carrying amount of the trade receivables approximates their fair value.

20. TRADE RECEIVABLES (Continued)

The following is an analysis of trade receivables, net of allowance for doubtful debts, by age presented based on marker issuance date or invoice date:

	2016	2015
	НК\$'000	HK\$'000
Within 30 days	149,314	182,626
31 — 60 days	62,168	22,614
61 — 90 days	11,711	32,098
91 — 120 days	1,545	5,201
	224,738	242,539

The Group assesses the recoverability of trade receivables on an individual basis. Allowance for doubtful debts are recognized against trade receivables based on estimated recoverable amounts taking into account past default experience of the individual counterparty and an ongoing assessment of the counterparty's current financial position. The Group usually recognizes a full allowance against receivables due from casino customers that are long overdue without subsequent settlement because historical experience has been that receivables with prolonged outstanding balances are generally irrecoverable. Trade receivables from hotel customers are not significant at the end of the reporting period.

In determining the recoverability of trade receivables, the Group considers any change in credit quality of the relevant counterparties from the date credit was initially granted up to the end of the reporting period.

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20. TRADE RECEIVABLES (Continued)

Certain trade receivables are past due at the end of the reporting period which the Group considers to be not impaired as they have either been subsequently settled or there has not been a significant change in credit quality and the amounts are still considered recoverable. The average age of these receivables is 55 days as at December 31, 2016 (2015: 66 days). The aging of trade receivables which are past due but not impaired is as follows:

	2016	2015
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
31 — 60 days	62,168	22,614
61 — 90 days	11,711	32,098
91 — 120 days	1,545	5,201
	75,424	59,913

Movement in the allowance for doubtful debts during the year, which is substantially all related to casino customers, is as follows:

	2016 HK\$'000	2015 HK\$'000
	TIRQ COO	τικφ σσσ
At January 1	69,266	104,770
Impairment losses recognized on trade receivables	69,678	243,200
Impairment losses reversed upon recovery	(117,086)	(56,933)
Amount written back/(off), net	41,758	(221,771)
At December 31	63,616	69,266

As at December 31, 2016, casino receivables of HK\$38.7 million (2015: HK\$47.0 million), have been fully provided for. The impairment losses recognized for the years ended December 31, 2016 and 2015 are attributable to casino debtors who defaulted on the repayment of their debts and/or their creditworthiness has deteriorated.

21. BANK BALANCES AND CASH

Bank balances carry interest at prevailing market rates which ranged from 0.0001% to 1.4% (2015: 0.0006% to 5.9%) per annum.

22. BANK BORROWINGS

	2016	2015
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
The secured credit facilities are repayable:		
Within one year	604,500	
Between one to two years	6,045,000	604,500
Between two to five years	8,340,500	11,485,500
	14,990,000	12,090,000
Less: Debt finance costs	(281,370)	(358,049)
	14,708,630	11,731,951
Current	604,500	_
Non-current	14,104,130	11,731,951
	14,708,630	11,731,951

On October 22, 2012, the Company and MGM Grand Paradise as co-borrowers entered into an amended and restated credit agreement (the "Amended Credit Facilities") with certain lenders. The Amended Credit Facilities included a HK\$4.29 billion term loan facility and a HK\$11.31 billion revolving credit facility. These facilities bore interest at HIBOR plus a margin ranging from 1.75% to 2.5% per annum based on the Group's leverage ratio and were to be fully repaid in October 2017.

For the year ended December 31, 2016

22. BANK BORROWINGS (Continued)

In June 2015, the Company and MGM Grand Paradise as co-borrowers entered into a second amended and restated credit agreement (the "Second Amended Credit Facilities") which extended the maturity of the Amended Credit Facilities with most of the lenders to April 29, 2019 and expanded the term loan facility set out in the Amended Credit Facilities to HK\$12.09 billion. The aggregate amount of the Second Amended Credit facilities is HK\$23.40 billion, consisting of a HK\$12.09 billion term loan facility and a HK\$11.31 billion revolving credit facility. The Group recognized a HK\$14.92 million loss on modification or early retirement of debt during the year ended December 31, 2015.

As at December 31, 2016, the term loan facility has been fully drawn while HK\$8.41 billion of the revolving credit facility is undrawn and available for utilization up to March 2019. The term loan facility is repayable on a quarterly basis commencing in October 2017 and is to be fully repaid in April 2019. Each drawdown under the revolving credit facility is repaid in full on the last date of the respective term but no later than April 2019.

The Second Amended Credit Facilities bear interest at HIBOR plus a fixed margin of 1.75% per annum for the first six months and thereafter a variable margin ranging from 1.375% to 2.5% per annum based on the Group's leverage ratio. As at December 31, 2016, the Group paid interest at HIBOR plus 2.00% per annum (2015: HIBOR plus 1.75% per annum). The weighted average interest rate on the Group's borrowings for the year ended December 31, 2016 was 4.07% per annum (2015: 4.53% per annum).

The Second Amended Credit Facilities contain general covenants restricting the ability of the obligor group (the Company and certain of its subsidiaries, namely the Restricted Group) to, among other things, enter into, dispose of or amend to certain commitments and/or investments. With the approval of the lenders there are certain permitted exceptions to these restrictions.

22. BANK BORROWINGS (Continued)

Under the Second Amended Credit Facilities, the Company and certain of its subsidiaries are required to comply with certain financial covenants whilst the loans are outstanding being:

- a leverage ratio no greater than 4.5 to 1.0 for each quarter which is reduced to no greater than 4.0 to 1.0 for each quarter after the first anniversary of opening of MGM COTAI.
- maintain an interest coverage ratio of no less than 2.5 to 1.0 at each quarter end.
- the Group cannot declare, make or pay any dividends while any default is outstanding or which would result from such dividend payment or if the pro forma leverage ratio exceeded 4.0 multiples as result of such dividend payment. To the extent its leverage ratio falls below 4.0 multiples but still exceeds 3.5, the Group may pay dividends up to US\$300 million (equivalent to approximately HK\$2,325.0 million), including any dividends paid during the preceding 12-month period.

In February 2016, an amendment to the Second Amended Credit Facilities was executed (the "Third Supplemental Agreement") to provide the Group with financial covenant flexibility while MGM COTAI is in the construction phase. The leverage ratio under the Third Supplemental Agreement is required to be maintained within 4.5 to 1.0 for the quarters ended March 31, 2016 and June 30, 2016. This ratio increased to no greater than 6.0 to 1.0 for each quarter ended September 30, 2016 through June 30, 2017 and reduced to no greater than 5.5 to 1.0 and 5.0 to 1.0 for the quarters ended September 30, 2017 and December 31, 2017, respectively. The leverage ratio reduced to no greater than 4.5 to 1.0 for each quarter thereafter through maturity of the credit facilities. In addition, if the leverage ratio exceeds 4.0 multiples, the Group may only pay dividends up to US\$150 million (equivalent to approximately HK\$1,162.5 million), including any dividends paid during the preceding 12-month period. To the extent the leverage ratio falls below 4.0 multiples but still exceeds 3.5, the Group may only pay dividends up to US\$300 million (equivalent to approximately HK\$2,325.0 million), including any dividends paid during the preceding 12-month period.

An amendment to the Third Supplemental Agreement was executed (the "Fourth Supplemental Agreement") in February 2017 to continue to provide the Group with further covenant flexibility while MGM COTAI is in the construction phase, but with a view to deleveraging following MGM COTAI opening.

For the year ended December 31, 2016

22. BANK BORROWINGS (Continued)

The leverage ratio under the Fourth Supplemental Agreement is required to be maintained within 4.5 to 1.0 for quarters ended March 31, 2016 and June 30, 2016. This ratio will be increased to no greater than 6.0 to 1.0 for each quarter ended September 30, 2016 through December 31, 2017 and reduced to no greater than 5.5 to 1.0 and 5.0 to 1.0 for quarters ended March 31, 2018 and June 30, 2018, respectively. The leverage ratio will be reduced to no greater than 4.5 to 1.0 for each quarter thereafter through maturity.

For the years ended December 31, 2016 and 2015, the Group has complied with the financial covenants contained in the Third Supplemental Agreement and Second Amended Credit Facilities.

The Second Amended Credit Facilities contain mandatory prepayment provisions which include, among other things, prepayment of all outstanding loans, together with accrued interest and all other amounts due thereunder, upon a change of control or sale of the MGM Grand Paradise business or COTAI project.

In addition, the Second Amended Credit Facilities contain certain events of default, and certain insolvency-related proceedings relating to the Group. Pursuant to the Second Amended Credit Facilities, a divestment of holdings in the Company by MGM Resorts International below 50% control or any holdings in MGM Grand Paradise by the Company would constitute a change of control and trigger mandatory prepayment of the outstanding loan balances.

The credit facilities are secured by a charge over the shares of MGM Grand Paradise and some of its subsidiaries as well as most of the assets, including but not limited to property and equipment, land use right premium and bank balances and cash of the Group.

23. PAYABLES AND ACCRUED CHARGES

	2016	2015
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Outstanding chips liabilities	1,050,642	1,629,372
Construction payables and accruals	885,880	1,063,375
Deposits and advances	805,363	302,489
Special gaming tax and special levy payables	600,629	557,559
Other casino liabilities	411,308	390,464
Accrued staff costs	395,247	338,140
Other payables and accrued charges	296,152	247,035
Trade payables	32,052	60,358
	4,477,273	4,588,792
Current	4,469,245	4,586,279
Non-current	8,028	2,513
	4,477,273	4,588,792

The following is an analysis of trade payables by age based on the invoice date:

	2016 HK\$'000	2015 HK\$'000
Within 30 days	25,892	39,800
31 — 60 days	5,861	15,943
61 — 90 days	8	2,673
91 — 120 days	141	1,456
Over 120 days	150	486
	32,052	60,358

The average credit period on purchases of goods and services is one month.

For the year ended December 31, 2016

24. SHARE CAPITAL, SHARE PREMIUM AND RESERVES

(A) SHARE CAPITAL

	Notes	Number of Shares	Share Capital HK\$
Ordinary Shares of HK\$1 each			
Authorized			
At January 1, 2015, December 31, 2015,			
January 1, 2016 and December 31, 2016		10,000,000,000	10,000,000,000
Issued and fully paid			
At January 1, 2015		3,800,000,001	3,800,000,001
Share options exercised	25	20,000	20,000
Share repurchase and cancellation	(i)	(20,000)	(20,000)
At December 31, 2015 and January 1, 2016		3,800,000,001	3,800,000,001
Share options exercised	25	465,600	465,600
Share repurchase and cancellation	(i)	(465,600)	(465,600)
At December 31, 2016		3,800,000,001	3,800,000,001

⁽i) During the year ended December 31, 2016, 465,600 Shares (2015: 20,000) of a nominal value of HK\$1.00 each were repurchased at a total consideration of HK\$7.0 million (2015: HK\$0.2 million) (see note 24(b)(i) for details).

24. SHARE CAPITAL, SHARE PREMIUM AND RESERVES (Continued)

(B) SHARE PREMIUM AND RESERVES

The amount of the Group's reserves and the movements therein for the current and prior years are set out in the consolidated statement of changes in equity.

(i) 465,600 Shares (2015: 20,000) were repurchased through the Stock Exchange and cancelled during the year ended December 31, 2016. The premium of HK\$6.5 million (2015: HK\$0.2 million) paid on the repurchase of the 465,600 Shares (2015: 20,000) was charged to the "share premium" account. An amount equivalent to the par value of the Shares cancelled of HK\$465.6 thousand (2015: HK\$20.0 thousand) was transferred to the "capital redemption reserve" as set out in the consolidated statement of changes in equity.

Details of the repurchases during the years ended December 31, 2016 and 2015 are summarized as follows:

December 31, 2016

Month of	Total number of	Highest price	Lowest price	Aggregate
repurchase	Shares repurchased	paid per Share	paid per Share	consideration paid
		нк\$	HK\$	HK\$'000
December 2016	465,600	15.04	14.92	7,011

December 31, 2015

Month of	Total number of	Highest price	Lowest price	Aggregate
repurchase	Shares repurchased	paid per Share	paid per Share	consideration paid
		HK\$	HK\$	HK\$'000
September 2015	20,000	11.80	11.80	237

For the year ended December 31, 2016

24. SHARE CAPITAL, SHARE PREMIUM AND RESERVES (Continued)

(B) SHARE PREMIUM AND RESERVES (Continued)

(ii) Equity reserve

Pursuant to the terms of the Instrument of the Unsecured Notes and the Subscription and Shareholders Agreement of MGM Grand Paradise, loans from shareholders in the form of unsecured interest-free loan notes (the "Loan Notes") with a principal amounting to US\$135 million (equivalent to approximately HK\$1 billion) were obtained in 2006.

In accordance with IAS 39, the interest-free shareholders' Loan Notes classified as financial liabilities are initially measured at fair value and are subsequently measured at amortized cost at the end of each reporting period until full repayment. Management of MGM Grand Paradise has, pursuant to the terms of the relevant agreements and based on certain assumptions estimated the fair value of the Loan Notes using the effective interest method (that is, discounting the future cash flows at the market rate of interest over the estimated repayment dates). As a result, at the initial recognition of these Loan Notes, a fair value adjustment of approximately HK\$630 million was made to reduce the principal amount of the interest-free shareholders' Loan Notes with a corresponding reserve of the same amount recognized in equity as a deemed contribution from shareholders. The equity reserve of approximately HK\$630 million recognized initially was reduced to approximately HK\$294 million due to the early repayment of the loans in 2010.

24. SHARE CAPITAL, SHARE PREMIUM AND RESERVES (Continued)

(B) SHARE PREMIUM AND RESERVES (Continued)

(iii) Other reserves

Other reserves of HK\$13,133.3 million as at December 31, 2016 (2015: HK\$13,133.3 million) comprises of the following:

- (a) Pursuant to Article 432 of the Macau Commercial Code, the Company's subsidiary incorporated in Macau is required to transfer a minimum of 10% of the annual net profit to a legal reserve until that reserve equals 25% of its capital. The Company's subsidiary met this statutory requirement and continues to maintain the required reserve amount of MOP50 million (equivalent to approximately HK\$48.5 million) in "other reserves". This reserve is not distributable to the Shareholders.
- (b) In preparation for the listing of the Company's shares in 2011, a Group Reorganization occurred resulting in the following transactions being recognized in "other reserves":
 - the share premium of MGM Grand Paradise amounting to HK\$778.5 million was transferred to the Company;
 - the net amount of the Purchase Note and the Acquisition Note together with debit reserve for issuance of share capital arising on the Group Reorganization of HK\$14,092 million; and
 - certain global offering expenses were covered by the contribution from shareholders including Pansy Ho, Grand Paradise Macau Limited and MGM Resorts International Holdings, Ltd amounting to HK\$132.0 million.

For the year ended December 31, 2016

25. SHARE-BASED PAYMENTS

The Company's share option scheme (the "Scheme") was adopted pursuant to a resolution passed on May 11, 2011 (amended on July 28, 2016) for the purpose of providing incentives and/or rewards to Eligible Persons (as defined in the Scheme, which includes any Director or employee of the Group and any other person including a consultant or adviser) for their contribution to and continuing efforts to promote the interests of the Group. Under the Scheme, the Board of Directors of the Company may grant options to subscribe for Shares in the Company for a period of ten years from the adoption date.

The maximum number of Shares which may be issued upon the exercise of all outstanding options granted and yet to be exercised under the Scheme, must not, in aggregate, exceed 30% (or such other percentage as may be allowed under the Listing Rules) of the total number of Shares of the Company in issue from time to time.

As at December 31, 2016, the number of Shares in respect of which options had been granted and remained outstanding under the Scheme was 73,575,900 (2015: 49,211,000), representing approximately 1.9% (2015: 1.3%) of the Shares of the Company in issue at that date.

The total number of Shares which may be issued upon exercise of all options to be granted under the Scheme must not in aggregate exceed 10% of the total number of Shares in issue as at the date of the approval of the Scheme. Options lapsed in accordance with the terms of the Scheme will not be counted for the purpose of calculating the 10% limit. The maximum number of Shares issued and to be issued upon exercise of the options granted and to be granted to any Eligible Persons under the Scheme (including exercised, cancelled and outstanding options) in any twelve month period is limited to 1% of the total number of Shares in issue at any time. Any further grant of share options in excess of this limit is subject to Shareholders' approval in a general meeting.

25. SHARE-BASED PAYMENTS (Continued)

Options granted must be taken up within ten days of the date of grant. The period during which an option may be exercised, to be determined and notified by the Board to a grantee, shall not in any event be more than ten years commencing on the date on which the offer in relation to such option is deemed to have been accepted by the grantee, subject to the payment of the option price, in the amount of HK\$1.00 payable for each acceptance of grant of an option, and expiring on the last day of such ten year period subject to the provisions for early termination contained in the scheme. 25% of the options granted will vest on each of the first, second, third and fourth anniversary from the date of grant of the share option. The exercise price shall be a price determined by the Board and notified to an Eligible Person and shall be at least the higher of: (i) the closing price of the Shares as stated in the Stock Exchange's daily quotation sheets on the offer date, which must be a business day; (ii) the average of the closing price of the Shares as stated in the Stock Exchange's daily quotation sheets for the five business days immediately preceding the offer date; and (iii) the nominal value of a Share.

For the year ended December 31, 2016

25. SHARE-BASED PAYMENTS (Continued)

A summary of the movements of the outstanding options under the Scheme is as follows:

December 31, 2016

					Numb	er of share option	ons	
Type of participant		Exercisable period	Exercise price per Share HK\$	Outstanding at January 1, 2016	Granted during the year	Exercised during the year	Forfeited during the year	Outstanding at December 31, 2016
Directors	June 3, 2011	June 2, 2012 - May 10, 2021	15.62	3,500,000	-	-	-	3,500,000
Employees	June 3, 2011	June 2, 2012 - May 10, 2021	15.62	7,070,000	-	(97,600)	(1,140,400)	5,832,000
Employees	August 22, 2011	August 21, 2012 - May 10, 2021	15.12	705,000	-	(80,000)	-	625,000
Employees	September 1, 2011	August 31, 2012 - May 10, 2021	14.78	770,000	-	-	-	770,000
Employees	November 15, 2011	November 14, 2012 - May 10, 2021	10.80	60,000	-	_	-	60,000
Consultants	February 23, 2012	February 22, 2013 - May 10, 2021	13.82	875,000	-	-	-	875,000
Employees	February 26, 2013	February 25, 2014 - February 26, 2023	18.74	100,000	-	-	-	100,000
Employees	May 15, 2013	May 14, 2014 - May 15, 2023	20.35	50,000	-	-	-	50,000
Employees	November 15, 2013	November 14, 2014 - November 15, 2023	27.25	750,000	-	_	-	750,000
Employees	February 24, 2014	February 23, 2015 - February 24, 2024	32.25	700,000	_	_	-	700,000
Directors	June 3, 2014	June 2, 2015 - June 2, 2024	26.85	3,200,000	_	-	-	3,200,000
Employees	June 3, 2014	June 2, 2015 - June 2, 2024	26.85	13,195,000	_	_	(1,095,000)	12,100,000
Consultants	June 3, 2014	June 2, 2015 - June 2, 2024	26.85	400,000	_	_	-	400,000
Employees	August 15, 2014	August 15, 2015 - August 14, 2024	26.35	560,000	-	-	(300,000)	260,000
Employees	November 17, 2014	November 17, 2015 - November 16, 2024	24.12	1,150,000	_	-	(300,000)	850,000
Employees	February 25, 2015	February 25, 2016 - February 24, 2025	19.24	610,000	-	-	(150,000)	460,000
Employees	May 15, 2015	May 15, 2016 - May 14, 2025	15.10	1,320,000	-	_	(300,000)	1,020,000

25. SHARE-BASED PAYMENTS (Continued)

December 31, 2016 (Continued)

			Exercise	Outstanding	Number of share options				Outstanding
Type of participant	Date of grant	Exercisable period	price per Share HK\$	Outstanding at January 1, 2016	Granted during the year	Exercised during the year	Forfeited during the year	Outstanding at December 31, 2016	
Directors	June 3, 2015	June 3, 2016 - June 2, 2025	14.09	2,753,600	_	_	-	2,753,600	
Employees	June 3, 2015	June 3, 2016 - June 2, 2025	14.09	9,353,600	-	(223,000)	(1,008,500)	8,122,100	
Consultants	June 3, 2015	June 3, 2016 - June 2, 2025	14.09	478,800	-	-	-	478,800	
Employees	August 17, 2015	August 17, 2016 - August 16, 2025	16.47	360,000	-	-	-	360,000	
Employees	November 16, 2015	November 16, 2016 - November 15, 2025	11.45	1,250,000	-	(65,000)	(50,000)	1,135,000	
Employees	February 23, 2016	February 23, 2017 - February 22, 2026	9.13	-	230,000	-	-	230,000	
Employees	May 16, 2016	May 16, 2017 - May 15, 2026	10.48	-	260,000	-	-	260,000	
Directors	June 3, 2016	June 3, 2017 - June 2, 2026	10.90	-	3,535,200	-	-	3,535,200	
Employees	June 3, 2016	June 3, 2017 - June 2, 2026	10.90	-	13,663,600	-	(778,400)	12,885,200	
Consultants	June 3, 2016	June 3, 2017 - June 2, 2026	10.90	-	550,000	-	-	550,000	
Directors	August 23, 2016	August 23, 2017 - August 22, 2026	11.74	_	2,106,400	-	-	2,106,400	
Employees	August 23, 2016	August 23, 2017 - August 22, 2026	11.74	-	9,087,200	-	(203,200)	8,884,000	
Consultants	August 23, 2016	August 23, 2017 - August 22, 2026	11.74	-	263,600	-	-	263,600	
Employees	November 15, 2016	November 15, 2017 - November 14, 2026	14.65	-	460,000	-	-	460,000	
				49,211,000	30,156,000	(465,600)	(5,325,500)	73,575,900	
Weighted average	e exercise price per Share			HK\$19.68	HK\$11.26	HK\$14.22	HK\$17.92	HK\$16.39	
Exercisable at end	d of the reporting period							24,500,900	

For the year ended December 31, 2016

25. SHARE-BASED PAYMENTS (Continued)

December 31, 2015

				0.1.1	Numb	er of share optio	ns	0 1 1 1
Type of participant	Date of grant	Exercisable period	Exercise price per Share HK\$	Outstanding at January 1, 2015	Granted during the year	Exercised during the year	Forfeited during the year	Outstanding at December 31, 2015
Directors	June 3, 2011	June 2, 2012 - May 10, 2021	15.62	3,500,000	_	_	-	3,500,000
Employees	June 3, 2011	June 2, 2012 - May 10, 2021	15.62	8,652,800	_	(20,000)	(1,562,800)	7,070,000
Employees	August 22, 2011	August 21, 2012 - May 10, 2021	15.12	705,000	_	_	_	705,000
Employees	September 1, 2011	August 31, 2012 - May 10, 2021	14.78	770,000	_	_	-	770,000
Employees	November 15, 2011	November 14, 2012 - May 10, 2021	10.80	60,000	_	_	-	60,000
Consultants	February 23, 2012	February 22, 2013 - May 10, 2021	13.82	875,000	_	_	_	875,000
Employees	February 26, 2013	February 25, 2014 - February 26, 2023	18.74	100,000	_	_	-	100,000
Employees	May 15, 2013	May 14, 2014 - May 15, 2023	20.35	50,000	_	_	_	50,000
Employees	November 15, 2013	November 14, 2014 - November 15, 2023	27.25	750,000	_	_	_	750,000
Employees	February 24, 2014	February 23, 2015 - February 24, 2024	32.25	700,000	_	_	_	700,000
Directors	June 3, 2014	June 2, 2015 - June 2, 2024	26.85	3,200,000	_	_	_	3,200,000
Employees	June 3, 2014	June 2, 2015 - June 2, 2024	26.85	13,455,000	_	_	(260,000)	13,195,000
Consultants	June 3, 2014	June 2, 2015 - June 2, 2024	26.85	400,000	_	_		400,000
Employees	August 15, 2014	August 15, 2015 - August 14, 2024	26.35	690,000	_	_	(130,000)	560,000
Employees	November 17, 2014	November 17, 2015 - November 16, 2024	24.12	1,150,000	_	_	_	1,150,000
Employees	February 25, 2015	February 25, 2016 - February 24, 2025	19.24	_	710,000	_	(100,000)	610,000
Employees	May 15, 2015	May 15, 2016 - May 14, 2025	15.10	_	1,320,000	_	_	1,320,000
Directors	June 3, 2015	June 3, 2016 - June 2, 2025	14.09	_	2,753,600	_	_	2,753,600

25. SHARE-BASED PAYMENTS (Continued)

December 31, 2015 (Continued)

				Number of share options				
Type of participant	Date of grant	Exercisable period	Exercise price per Share HK\$	Outstanding at January 1, 2015	Granted during the year	Exercised during the year	Forfeited during the year	Outstanding at December 31, 2015
Employees	June 3, 2015	June 3, 2016 - June 2, 2025	14.09	_	9,674,000	-	(320,400)	9,353,600
Consultants	June 3, 2015	June 3, 2016 - June 2, 2025	14.09	-	478,800	_	-	478,800
Employees	August 17, 2015	August 17, 2016 - August 16, 2025	16.47	-	360,000	_	-	360,000
Employees	November 16, 2015	November 16, 2016 - November 15, 2025	11.45	-	1,250,000	_	-	1,250,000
				35,057,800	16,546,400	(20,000)	(2,373,200)	49,211,000
Weighted average	e exercise price per Share			HK\$22.09	HK\$14.24	HK\$15.62	HK\$17.38	HK\$19.68
Exercisable at end	d of the reporting period							18,012,500

During the year ended December 31, 2016, options were granted on February 23, 2016, May 16, 2016, June 3, 2016, August 23, 2016 and November 15, 2016 and their estimated weighted average fair values were HK\$2.85, HK\$3.18, HK\$3.31, HK\$3.60 and HK\$4.46 per Share, respectively. During the year ended December 31, 2015, options were granted on February 25, 2015, May 15, 2015, June 3, 2015, August 17, 2015 and November 16, 2015 and their estimated weighted average fair values were HK\$6.58, HK\$5.55, HK\$4.10, HK\$4.45 and HK\$3.23 per Share, respectively. The Black-Scholes option pricing model has been used to estimate the fair value of the options. The variables and assumptions used in computing the fair value of the share options are based on the management's best estimate, changes in which could materially affect the fair value estimate.

For the year ended December 31, 2016

25. SHARE-BASED PAYMENTS (Continued)

The significant inputs into the model for the options granted during the year are as follows:

Options granted on February 23, 2016 and May 16, 2016

Risk-free interest rate 1.04% to 1.43% per annum

Expected dividend yield 2.52% per annum

Expected life 4.44 to 7.00 years

Expected volatility 43.57% per annum

Options granted on or after June 3, 2016

Risk-free interest rate 0.793% to 0.985% per annum

Expected dividend yield 3.11% per annum

Expected life 4.43 to 7.00 years

Expected volatility 44.82% per annum

Expected volatility used in the valuation of options granted during the year was determined by using the historical volatility of the Company's Share price. The expected life used in the model has been adjusted, based on management's best estimate, for the effects of the vesting period, exercise period and employee's behavioral considerations.

The Group recognized a total expense of HK\$73.0 million (2015: HK\$85.5 million) for the year ended December 31, 2016 in relation to share options granted by the Company.

26. RETIREMENT BENEFIT PLAN

DEFINED CONTRIBUTION PLAN

The Group operates a retirement benefit plan for all qualifying employees. The assets of the plan are held separately from those of the Group in funds under the control of trustees. The Group contributes 5% of relevant payroll costs to the plan, which contribution is matched by employees.

Where there are employees who leave the plan prior to vesting fully of the contributions, the aggregate amount of contributions payable by the Group are reduced by the amount of forfeited contributions in the relevant year. The amount of forfeited contributions utilized in this manner during the year was HK\$4.7 million (2015: HK\$4.5 million).

The total expenses recognized in the profit or loss of HK\$57.3 million (2015: HK\$54.4 million) represents contributions paid or payable to the plan by the Group at rates specified in the rules of the plan during year ended December 31, 2016. As at December 31, 2016, contributions of approximately HK\$10.3 million (2015: HK\$10.0 million) due had not been paid over to the plan. The amounts were paid subsequent to the end of the reporting period.

27. CAPITAL RISK MANAGEMENT

The Group manages its capital to ensure that entities in the Group will be able to continue as going concerns while maximizing the return to stakeholders through the optimization of the debt and equity balance. The Group's overall strategy remained unchanged throughout the year. The capital structure of the Group consists of net debt (borrowings offset by bank balances and cash) and equity of the Group (comprising issued capital and reserves).

The Group's management reviews the capital structure of the Group on a regular basis. As part of this review, the management considers the cost of capital and the risks associated with each component of the capital structure.

The gearing ratio is a key indication of the Group's capital structure. The gearing ratio is calculated as net debt divided by equity plus net debt. Net debt comprised long-term bank borrowings as described in note 22 (offset by cash and bank balances), and equity comprised all capital and reserves of the Group. As at December 31, 2016, the gearing ratio of the Group is 60.7% (2015: 56.2%).

For the year ended December 31, 2016

28. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Details of the significant accounting policies and methods adopted (including the criteria for recognition, the bases of measurement and the bases for recognition of income and expenses), for each class of financial asset, financial liability and equity instrument are disclosed in note 3.

Categories of financial instruments

	2016 HK\$'000	2015 HK\$'000
Financial assets		
Loans and receivables:		
Bank balances and cash	3,547,130	5,421,058
Trade receivables	224,738	242,539
Deposits	40,863	20,868
Other receivables	28,117	9,819
Amounts due from related companies	659	57,626
	3,841,507	5,751,910

28. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

Categories of financial instruments (Continued)

	2016	2015
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Financial liabilities		
Amortized cost:		
Bank borrowings	14,708,630	11,731,951
Outstanding chips liabilities	1,050,642	1,629,372
Other casino liabilities	246,859	257,230
Land use right payable	111,121	325,299
Deposits and advances	805,363	302,489
Construction payables	13,698	295,720
Trade payables	32,052	60,358
Other payables	45,916	16,079
Construction retention payable	525,221	353,666
Amounts due to related companies	26,318	25,066
	17,565,820	14,997,230

Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities Subject to Offsetting Enforceable Master Netting Arrangements and Similar Agreements

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amounts reported in the consolidated statement of financial position where the Group has a legally enforceable right to offset the recognized amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

The Group currently has a legally enforceable right to set off the trade receivables from gaming promoters and VIP gaming customers against the deposits, commissions and incentives liabilities that are to be settled simultaneously. In addition, the Group intends to settle these balances on a net basis.

For the year ended December 31, 2016

28. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities Subject to Offsetting Enforceable Master Netting Arrangements and Similar Agreements (Continued)

The following table presents the recognized financial assets and financial liabilities that are offset in the consolidated statement of financial position, or subject to enforceable master netting arrangement or other similar agreements as at December 31, 2016 and 2015:

		Gross		Related amoun		
	Gross	amounts of	Net	the consolidat	the consolidated statement	
	amounts of	recognized	amounts of	of financia	al position	
	recognized	financial	financial		Cash	
	financial	liabilities	assets	Financial	collateral	Net
	assets	set off	presented	instruments	received	amount
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
As at December 31, 2016						
Casino receivables (a)	214,723	(32,676)	182,047	_	_	182,047
	214,723	(32,676)	182,047	_	_	182,047

	Gross amounts of recognized financial liabilities HK\$'000	Gross amounts of recognized financial assets set off HK\$'000	Net amounts of financial liabilities presented HK\$'000	the consolida	ets not set off in ted statement al position Cash collateral pledged HK\$'000	Net amount HK\$'000
As at December 31, 2016						
Commission and incentives	250,463	(3,605)	246,858	_	_	246,858
Deposits received from gaming patrons and gaming promoters (c)		(29,071)	791,501			791,501
	1,071,035	(32,676)	1,038,359	_	_	1,038,359

28. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities Subject to Offsetting Enforceable Master Netting Arrangements and Similar Agreements (Continued)

		Gross	Related amounts not set off in			
	Gross	amounts of	Net	the consolidat	ed statement	
	amounts of	recognized	amounts of	of financia	l position	
	recognized	financial	financial		Cash	
	financial	liabilities	assets	Financial	collateral	Net
	assets	set off	presented	instruments	received	amount
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
As at December 31, 2015						
Casino receivables (a)	196,877	(19,689)	177,188			177,188
	106 977	(10,690)	177100			177100
	196,877	(19,689)	177,188			177,188
		Gross		Related amount	ts not set off in	
	Gross	amounts of	Net	the consolidat		
	amounts of	recognized	amounts of	of financia	l position	
	recognized	financial	financial		Cash	
	financial	assets	liabilities	Financial	collateral	Net
	liabilities	set off	presented	instruments	pledged	amount
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
As at December 31, 2015						
Commission and incentives						
liabilities (b)	262,724	(5,494)	257,230	_	_	257,230
Deposits received from gaming						
patrons and gaming promoters (c)	306,802	(14,195)	292,607		_	292,607
patrons and gaming promoters (c)	306,802 569,526	(14,195)	292,607 549,837			292,607 549,837

For the year ended December 31, 2016

28. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities Subject to Offsetting Enforceable Master Netting Arrangements and Similar Agreements (Continued)

- (a) Amount is the gross casino receivables after netting with allowance for doubtful debts and included in trade receivables of HK\$224.7 million (2015: HK\$242.5 million) in the consolidated statement of financial position as at December 31, 2016.
- (b) Amount is the gross commission and incentives liabilities and included as other casino liabilities in payables and accrued charges of HK\$4,469.2 million (2015: HK\$4,586.3 million) in the consolidated statement of financial position as at December 31, 2016.
- (c) Amount is the gross deposits received from gaming patrons and gaming promoters and included as deposits and advances in payables and accrued charges of HK\$4,469.2 million (2015: HK\$4,586.3 million) in the consolidated statement of financial position as at December 31, 2016.

FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES

The Group's treasury function provides services to the business units, co-ordinates access to domestic and international financial markets, monitors and manages the financial risks relating to the operations of the Group. These risks associated with financial instruments include market risk (foreign currency risk and interest rate risk), credit risk and liquidity risk.

The Group's management manages and monitors risks and policies implemented to mitigate risk exposures on a timely and effective manner.

There has been no change to the Group's exposure in respect of financial instruments or the manner in which it manages and measures the risks during the years ended December 31, 2016 and 2015.

MARKET RISK

The Group's activities expose it primarily to the financial risk of changes in foreign currency exchange rates and interest rates.

28. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

MARKET RISK (Continued)

Foreign currency risk management

The Group holds bank balances and deposits denominated in foreign currencies, consequently, exposure to exchange rate fluctuations arise. The Group does not use any derivative contracts to hedge against its exposure to currency risk. The majority of its foreign currency exposure comprises assets denominated in US\$, Canadian Dollars ("CAD\$"), Taiwan Dollars ("TW\$") and Singapore Dollars ("SG\$"). The exchange rate of the HK\$ is pegged to the US\$ and has remained relatively stable. The majority of the receipts of the Group are denominated in HK\$. The Macau Pataca ("MOP") is pegged to the HK\$ at a constant rate of approximately HK\$1:MOP1.03. The Group manages its foreign currency risk by closely monitoring the movement of the foreign currency rates. The carrying amounts of the majority of the Group's foreign currency denominated monetary assets (including bank balances and cash) and monetary liabilities (including payables) at the end of the reporting period are as follows:

Assets

	2016 HK\$'000	2015 HK\$'000
US\$	94,778	25,901
CAD\$	59,644	_
TW\$	10,387	67,649
SG\$	194,503	181,259
MOP	_	2,930

Liabilities

	2016	2015
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
MOP	684,166	1,038,615

For the year ended December 31, 2016

28. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

MARKET RISK (Continued)

Foreign currency sensitivity analysis

The Group is mainly exposed to the effect of fluctuations in the currency rates relative to US\$, CAD\$, TW\$ and SG\$. The following table details the Group's sensitivity to a 1% increase and decrease in the HK\$ against the US\$, CAD\$, TW\$ and SG\$. 1% is the sensitivity rate used internally for assessment possible change in foreign exchange rates. The sensitivity analysis includes only outstanding foreign currency denominated monetary items and adjusts their translation at the end of the reporting period for a 1% change in foreign currency rates. A positive number below indicates an increase in profit where the HK\$ weakens 1% against the US\$, CAD\$, TW\$ and SG\$. For a 1% strengthening of the HK\$ against the US\$, CAD\$, TW\$ and SG\$, there would be an equal and opposite impact on the result, and the balance would be negative.

	2016 HK\$'000	2015 HK\$'000
Sensitivity rate	1%	1%
Profit for the year		
Impact of US\$	948	259
Impact of CAD\$	596	_
Impact of TW\$	104	676
Impact of SG\$	1,945	1,813

INTEREST RATE RISK

The Group's exposure to fair value interest rate risk to fixed-rate borrowings is minimal because the Group has been keeping borrowings at variable rates, except for the land use right payable, which bears interest at 5% per annum.

28. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

INTEREST RATE RISK (Continued)

The Group is exposed to cash flow interest rate risk in relation to variable-rate bank balances and bank borrowings (see note 22 for details of the bank borrowings). The Group's cash flow interest rate risk on bank balances is considered insignificant due to current low interest rates for bank deposits. The Group's exposure to interest rates on financial liabilities is detailed in the liquidity risk management section of this note. The Group's cash flow interest rate risk is mainly concentrated on the fluctuation of HIBOR arising from the Group's Hong Kong dollar denominated borrowings.

Interest rate sensitivity analysis

The sensitivity analyses below have been determined based on the exposure to interest rates for the floating rate bank borrowings only. The analysis is prepared assuming the financial instruments outstanding at the end of the reporting period were outstanding for the whole year. A 50 basis point (2015: 50 basis point) increase or decrease during the year is used internally for assessment of possible change in interest rates. If interest rates had been 50 basis points (2015: 50 basis points) higher/lower and all other variables were held constant, the Group's profit for the year ended December 31, 2016 would be decreased/increased by HK\$5.8 million (2015: HK\$13.7 million). This is mainly attributable to the Group's exposure to interest rates on its variable-rate bank borrowings. This analysis includes the effect of interest capitalized.

CREDIT RISK

As at December 31, 2016 and 2015, the Group's maximum exposure to credit risk which will cause a financial loss to the Group due to failure to discharge an obligation by the counterparties and guarantees provided by the Group is arising from:

- the carrying amount of the respective recognized financial assets as stated in the consolidated statement of financial position; and
- the amount of contingent liabilities in relation to a guarantee issued by the Group as disclosed in note 29.

For the year ended December 31, 2016

28. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

CREDIT RISK (Continued)

As described in note 4, the Group has a concentration of credit risk with a small number of gaming promoters. In order to minimize the credit risk, the management of the Group has delegated a team responsible for determination of credit limits, credit approvals and other monitoring procedures to ensure that follow-up action is taken to recover overdue debts. In addition, the Group reviews the recoverable amount of each individual debt at the end of the reporting period to ensure that adequate impairment losses are made for irrecoverable amounts. In this regard, the Group believes that no significant credit risk is inherent in the Group's trade receivables which is not provided for.

The credit risk on the Group's bank and cash balances is limited because the counterparties are banks with high credit standing in Hong Kong and Macau.

LIQUIDITY RISK

In the management of the liquidity risk, the Group monitors and maintains a level of cash and cash equivalents and bank borrowings deemed adequate by the management to finance the Group's operations and capital expenditure and mitigate the effects of fluctuations in cash flows. The management monitors the utilization of borrowings and ensures compliance with loan covenants.

The Group relies on existing credit facilities, cash and cash equivalents and cash flows from operations as sources of liquidity. As at December 31, 2016, the Group has unutilized credit facilities of approximately HK\$1,310.0 million (2015: approximately HK\$11,310.0 million) (See note 22).

28. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

LIQUIDITY RISK (Continued)

The following table details the Group's remaining contractual maturity for their financial liabilities based on the agreed repayment terms. The table has been drawn up based on the undiscounted cash flows of financial liabilities based on the earliest date on which the Group can be required to pay. The table includes both interest and principal cash flows. To the extent that interest flows are floating rate, the undiscounted amount is derived from an interest rate curve at the end of the reporting period.

	Weighted	Repayable						
	average	on demand or		3 months		Over	Total	
	effective	less than	1-3	to	1-5	5	undiscounted	Carrying
	interest rate	1 month	months	1 year	years	years	cash flows	amount
	%	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
As at December 31, 2016								
Trade payables	_	32,052	_	_	_	_	32,052	32,052
Construction payables	_	13,698	-	_	-	-	13,698	13,698
Other payables	_	45,916	_	_	_	_	45,916	45,916
Other casino liabilities	_	246,859	_	_	_	_	246,859	246,859
Outstanding chips liabilities	_	1,050,642	-	_	_	_	1,050,642	1,050,642
Bank borrowings	3.92	_	53,451	1,072,207	14,996,052	_	16,121,710	14,708,630
Deposits and advances	_	794,694	_	2,231	7,430	1,008	805,363	805,363
Land use right payable	5	113,899	-	_	_	_	113,899	111,121
Construction retention								
payable	_	491	13,094	252,473	259,163	_	525,221	525,221
Amounts due to related								
companies	_	26,318	_	_	_	_	26,318	26,318
Guarantee contracts								
(note 29)		302,912	_	_	_	_	302,912	_
			·					
		2,627,481	66,545	1,326,911	15,262,645	1,008	19,284,590	17,565,820

For the year ended December 31, 2016

28. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

LIQUIDITY RISK (Continued)

	Weighted	Repayable						
	average	on demand or		3 months		Over	Total	
	effective	less than	1-3	to	1-5	5	undiscounted	Carrying
	interest rate	1 month	months	1 year	years	years	cash flows	amount
	%	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
As at December 31, 2015								
Trade payables	_	60,358	_	_	_	_	60,358	60,358
Construction payables	_	295,720	_	_	_	_	295,720	295,720
Other payables	_	16,079	_	_	_	_	16,079	16,079
Other casino liabilities	_	257,230	_	_	_	_	257,230	257,230
Outstanding chips liabilities	_	1,629,372	_	_	_	_	1,629,372	1,629,372
Bank borrowings	4.17	_	42,051	350,263	13,144,445	_	13,536,759	11,731,951
Deposits and advances	_	297,043	_	3,065	2,381	_	302,489	302,489
Land use right payable	5	113,899	_	113,899	113,899	_	341,697	325,299
Construction retention								
payable	_	1,750	160	8,052	343,704	_	353,666	353,666
Amounts due to related								
companies	_	25,066	_	_	_	_	25,066	25,066
Guarantee contracts								
(note 29)		300,082	_	_	_	_	300,082	_
		2,996,599	42,211	475,279	13,604,429	_	17,118,518	14,997,230

The amounts included above for variable interest rate instruments for financial liabilities are subject to change if changes in variable interest rates differ to those estimates of interest rates determined at the end of the reporting period.

28. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

FAIR VALUE

The fair value of financial assets and financial liabilities are determined in accordance with generally accepted pricing models based on discounted cash flow analysis.

The Directors of the Group consider that the carrying amounts of financial assets and financial liabilities recorded at amortized cost in the consolidated financial statements approximate their fair values.

29. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

As at December 31, 2016, the Group has given bank guarantees totalling HK\$302.9 million (2015: HK\$300.1 million) to certain parties, of which HK\$295.6 million (2015: HK\$294.6 million) was issued in favor of the Macau Government as required in the Sub-concession Contract and land-concession contract in respect of MGM COTAI, HK\$3.8 million (2015: HK\$2.0 million) was issued in favor of certain vendors and HK\$3.5 million (2015: HK\$3.5 million) was issued in favor of a service provider, which is a related company as one of the Directors of the Company has non-controlling beneficial interests.

30. OPERATING LEASE COMMITMENTS

THE GROUP AS THE LESSEE

At the end of the reporting period, the Group had outstanding commitments for future minimum lease payments under non-cancellable operating leases in respect of the leasehold lands where MGM MACAU and MGM COTAI are located (in addition to the land use right premium), rented office premises, warehouse, equipment, light boxes and advertising booths which fall due as follows:

	2016	2015
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Within one year	42,852	29,547
More than one year and not longer than five years	78,044	46,221
More than five years	111,881	119,302
	232,777	195,070

For the year ended December 31, 2016

30. OPERATING LEASE COMMITMENTS (Continued)

THE GROUP AS THE GRANTOR OF THE RIGHT OF USE

The Group grants certain of its space at MGM MACAU to retailers under agreements for the right of use of that space. The terms of the right of use generally contain provisions for a minimum base fee plus additional fees based upon the net sales of the retailers. The Group recorded these additional fees of approximately HK\$3.1 million as other revenue for the year ended December 31, 2016 (2015: HK\$1.9 million).

At the end of the reporting period, the Group had total future minimum fees receivable, being the minimum base fee commitments, under non-cancellable agreements which fall due as follows:

	2016	2015
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Within one year	25,893	21,994
More than one year and not longer than five years	74,667	21,660
More than five years	4,777	3,741
	105,337	47,395

31. CAPITAL COMMITMENTS

The Group had the following capital commitments under construction contracts and other capital related agreements that are not recorded in the consolidated financial statements:

	2016	2015
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Contracted but not accounted for	4,224,259	6,164,810

32. OTHER COMMITMENTS

SUB-CONCESSION

Pursuant to the Subconcession Contract signed with the Macau Government for a period of 15 years ending on March 31, 2020 (which is subject to renewal by the Macau Government), MGM Grand Paradise has committed to the following:

- i) To pay the Macau Government a fixed annual premium of MOP30.0 million (equivalent to approximately HK\$29.1 million)
- ii) To pay the Macau Government a variable premium depending on the number and type of gaming tables and gaming machines that the Group operates. The variable premium is calculated as follows:
 - MOP300,000 (equivalent to approximately HK\$291,262) per annum per VIP gaming table;
 - MOP150,000 (equivalent to approximately HK\$145,631) per annum per main floor gaming table;
 and
 - MOP1,000 (equivalent to approximately HK\$971) per annum per electrical or mechanical gaming machine including slot machines.
- iii) To pay the Macau Government a sum of 1.6% of the gross gaming revenue on a monthly basis, that will be made available to a public foundation for the promotion, development or study of culture, society, economy, education, science, charity events in Macau.
- iv) To pay the Macau Government a sum of 2.4% of the gross gaming revenue on a monthly basis to be used for urban development, tourist promotion and social security in Macau.
- v) To pay special gaming tax to the Macau Government of an amount equal to 35% of the gross gaming revenues on a monthly basis.

Based on the number and types of gaming tables employed and gaming machines in operation as at December 31, 2016, the Group is obligated under its Subconcession Contract to make minimum future payments of approximately MOP411.9 million (equivalent to approximately HK\$399.9 million). These amounts are expected to increase when the Group opens MGM COTAI, subject to the Macau Government approval.

For the year ended December 31, 2016

32. OTHER COMMITMENTS (Continued)

SUB-CONCESSION (Continued)

Certain property and equipment used in casino operations is required to be returned to the Macau Government without compensation upon the expiry of the Subconcession Contract.

33. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Apart from the transactions as described in note 29, details of transactions between the Group and other related parties are disclosed below.

- (a)(i) Amounts due from related companies represent balances with companies owned by immediate holding company and companies in which one of the directors has non-controlling beneficial interests. The amounts are unsecured, non-interest bearing and repayable on demand.
- (a)(ii) Amounts due to related companies represent balances with companies in which one of the Directors of the Company has non-controlling beneficial interests amounting to HK\$0.7 million (2015: HK\$1.1 million), and the ultimate holding company of the Company amounting to HK\$25.6 million (2015: HK\$24.0 million). The amounts are unsecured, non-interest bearing and repayable on demand.

Aging of amounts due to related companies in respect of trade balance:

	2016 HK\$'000	2015 HK\$'000
Within 30 days	25,562	24,023
31 — 60 days	756	1,043
	26,318	25,066

33. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS (Continued)

(b) The Group had the following significant transactions with related companies during the year:

Related parties	Type of transaction	2016 HK\$'000	2015 HK\$'000
Companies in which one of the Directors	Rental of premises * Travelling and accommodation,	3,706	3,635
of the Company has non-controlling beneficial interests	net of discounts	57,489	83,398
Ultimate holding	Marketing referral fees	14,062	16,651
company	Marketing referral income	(1,185)	(541)
Company	Developers' fees capitalized	104,288	58,059
jointly-owned by Shareholders	License fee	260,822	300,483

^{*} At the end of the reporting period, the Group had outstanding commitments for future minimum lease payments under non-cancellable operating leases in respect of office premises rented from related parties of HK\$5.3 million (2015: HK\$1.8 million) which fall due within the following two years. (2015: one year).

For the year ended December 31, 2016

33. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS (Continued)

(b) (Continued)

The Group has been granted the use of certain trademarks owned by MGM Resorts International and its subsidiaries at no charge. Pursuant to the Branding Agreement entered into between the Company, MGM Grand Paradise, MGM Branding, MGM Resorts International, MGM Resorts International Holdings, Ltd. and NCE on May 17, 2011, the Group has been granted the use of certain trademarks owned by MGM Resorts International and its subsidiaries for a fee. Such Branding Agreement is effective from June 3, 2011 and will expire on March 31, 2020. Pursuant to the terms of the Branding Agreement, the Group is required to pay an annual license fee calculated on a basis equal to 1.75% of its consolidated monthly revenue (as determined in accordance with IFRS) which is subject to an annual cap. For the year ended December 31, 2016, the annual cap was US\$62.208 million (equivalent to approximately HK\$483.3 million) and for the year ended December 31, 2015, the annual cap was US\$51.84 million (equivalent to approximately HK\$401.5 million). The annual cap will increase by 20% per annum for each financial year during the term of the Branding Agreement. During the year ended December 31, 2016, a total license fee of HK\$260.8 million (2015: HK\$300.5 million) was recognized in profit or loss.

In addition, from time to time, the Group and certain entities in which one of the Directors of the Company has non-controlling beneficial interests, ultimate holding company of the Company, and certain fellow subsidiaries of the Company collect and/or make payment on behalf of each other at no service charge.

33. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS (Continued)

(c) Compensation to key management personnel

The remuneration of key management is as follows:

	2016 HK\$'000	2015 HK\$'000
Short term benefits	101,945	98,982
Post-employment benefits	3,338	2,486
Share-based payments	49,573	50,299
	154,856	151,767

The remuneration of Directors and key executives is determined by the Board of Directors having regard to the performance of individuals and market trends.

For the year ended December 31, 2016

34. SUBSIDIARIES

Details of the Company's subsidiaries are as follows:

	Place and date of incorporation/	Attributable equity interest Issued share/ of the Group			
Name of sub-differen	establishment/	quota capital/		December 31,	Principal
Name of subsidiary	business	registered capital	2016	2015	activities
Alpha Landmark	British Virgin Islands	US\$1	100%	100%	Inactive
Enterprises Limited	February 8, 2005				
Alpha Vision	British Virgin Islands	US\$1	100%	100%	Inactive
Investments Limited	February 8, 2005				
Apexworth	British Virgin Islands	US\$1	100%	100%	Inactive
Developments Limited	February 8, 2005	·			
Breve, S.A.	Macau August 13, 2004	MOP1,000,000	100%	100%	Inactive
Golden Rice Bowl Limited	Macau April 24, 2007	MOP25,000	100%	100%	Inactive
MGM Grand Paradise	Macau	MOP200,000,000	100%	100%	Operation of
Limited (i)	June 17, 2004				casino games of chance and other casino games
					casino ganies
MGM Grand Paradise	Hong Kong	HK\$2	100%	100%	Management
(HK) Limited	October 15, 2004				and administrative
					services for a
					group company

34. SUBSIDIARIES (Continued)

	Place and date of incorporation/ establishment/	Issued share/ quota capital/	Attribo equity i of the December 31,	nterest Group	Principal
Name of subsidiary	business	registered capital	2016	2015	activities
MGM — Security Services, Ltd.	Macau January 19, 2015	MOP1,000,000	100%	100%	Security services for a group company
Mingyi Investments Limited	British Virgin Islands/ Macau June 1, 2011	US\$1	100%	100%	Administrative services for a group company
Prime Hotel Management Limited	Macau August 13, 2004	MOP1,000,000	100%	100%	Hotel management services
Terra C Sub, S.A.	Macau August 13, 2004	MOP1,000,000	100%	100%	Inactive
Yin Gao Limited	British Virgin Islands/ Macau June 10, 2011	US\$1	100%	100%	Administrative services for a group company
珠海市横琴新區倍福信息 服務外包有限公司 (ii)	People's Republic of China November 11, 2014	HK\$3,200,000	100%	100%	Outsourcing services including information technology, accounting human resources, hotel reservation and convention consultation

For the year ended December 31, 2016

34. SUBSIDIARIES (Continued)

	Place and date of incorporation/ establishment/	Issued share/ quota capital/			Principal
Name of subsidiary	business	registered capital	2016	2015	activities
珠海貝芙信息服務外包 有限公司 (ii)	People's Republic of China November 5, 2014	HK\$40,700,000	100%	100%	Outsourcing services including information technology, accounting, human resources, hotel reservation and convention consultation

Note:

- (i) MGM Grand Paradise is directly owned by the Company. As part of the Group Reorganization, the shares of MGM Grand Paradise were divided into two classes of shares, Class A shares and Class B shares, with each share carrying one vote. The Company holds 100% of the Class A shares, which represent 80% of the voting power of the share capital of MGM Grand Paradise. Pansy Ho and MGM Resorts International Holdings, Ltd. each owns one half of the Class B shares (or 10% of the voting power of the share capital of MGM Grand Paradise each) in order to satisfy the requirements of the Sub-concession Contract and local Macau regulations that at least 10% of MGM Grand Paradise's issued share capital be held by a local managing director of MGM Grand Paradise. On each occasion upon which dividends are paid by MGM Grand Paradise to the holders of Class A shares, each holder of Class B shares will be entitled to receive a portion of such dividends up to an amount of MOP1 only. The Class B shares entitle the holder to voting rights but only de minimis economic rights and therefore the Company has a 100% economic interest in MGM Grand Paradise through its ownership of all of the Class A shares.
- (ii) These entities are wholly foreign owned enterprises established in the People's Republic of China.

None of the subsidiaries had issued any debt securities at the end of the reporting period.

35. STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION OF THE COMPANY

Information about the statement of financial position of the Company at the end of the reporting period is as follows:

AT DECEMBER 31, 2016

	2016 HK\$'000	2015	
	нкэ ооо	HK\$'000	
ASSETS			
Non-current assets			
Investment in subsidiaries	14,666,623	14,593,643	
Current assets			
Prepayments	273	362	
Dividends receivable	3,651,296	1,513,206	
Bank balances and cash	26,454	26,746	
Total current assets	3,678,023	1,540,314	
TOTAL ASSETS	18,344,646	16,133,957	
EQUITY			
Capital and reserves			
Share capital (note 24(a))	3,800,000	3,800,000	
Share premium and reserves (note)	14,301,180	12,117,386	
TOTAL EQUITY	18,101,180	15,917,386	
LIABILITIES			
Current liabilities			
Accrued charges	4,498	2,811	
Amounts due to subsidiaries	238,968	213,760	
TOTAL LIABILITIES	243,466	216,571	
TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES	18,344,646	16,133,957	

For the year ended December 31, 2016

35. STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION OF THE COMPANY (Continued)

Note:

Movement in share premium and reserves of the Company is as follows:

	Note	Share premium HK\$'000	Capital redemption reserve HK\$'000	Share option reserve HK\$'000	Other reserves HK\$'000	Retained earnings HK\$'000	Share premium and reserves total HK\$'000
At January 1, 2015		10,432,828	3,692	184,761	132,000	860,289	11,613,570
Profit for the year and total							
comprehensive income		_	_	_	_	5,042,803	5,042,803
Exercise of share options	24(a)&25	496	_	(204)	_	_	292
Share repurchase and cancellation							
— repurchases of Shares	24(a)&24(b)(i)	(217)	_	_	_	_	(217)
— transfer	24(b)(i)	_	20	_	_	(20)	_
Forfeiture of share options	25	_	_	(16,240)	_	16,240	_
Recognition of share-based							
payments	25	_	_	85,541	_	_	85,541
Dividends paid	14	_	_	_	_	(4,624,603)	(4,624,603)
At December 31, 2015 and January 1, 2016		10,433,107	3,712	253,858	132,000	1,294,709	12,117,386
Profit for the year and total			,	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	•		
comprehensive income		_	_	_	_	2,916,804	2,916,804
Exercise of share options	24(a)&25	8,801	_	(2,646)	_	_	6,155
Share repurchase and cancellation							
— repurchases of Shares	24(a)&24(b)(i)	(6,545)	_	_	_	_	(6,545)
— transfer	24(b)(i)	_	466	_	_	(466)	_
Forfeiture of share options	25	_	_	(17,639)	_	17,639	_
Recognition of share-based							
payments	25	_	_	72,980	_	_	72,980
Dividends paid	14	_	_	_	_	(805,600)	(805,600)
At December 31, 2016		10,435,363	4,178	306,553	132,000	3,423,086	14,301,180

FINANCIAL SUMMARY

	For the year ended December 31						
	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012		
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000		
Results							
Operating revenue	14,907,468	17,170,453	25,454,296	25,727,513	21,773,592		
Profit before tax	3,051,609	3,129,127	5,722,742	5,348,479	4,120,869		
Profit for the year							
attributable to owners							
of the Company	3,036,508	3,112,515	5,706,943	5,333,528	4,530,829		

		As at December 31					
	2016	2016 2015 2014 2013					
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000		
Assets and liabilities							
Total assets	27,080,210	21,954,776	16,827,845	18,087,488	14,780,577		
Total liabilities	19,863,514	17,039,725	10,486,322	11,584,030	8,869,256		
Net assets	7,216,696	4,915,051	6,341,523	6,503,458	5,911,321		

The consolidated results, assets and liabilities of the Group for the last five financial years are those set out in the audited consolidated financial statements.

DEFINITIONS AND GLOSSARY USED IN THIS ANNUAL REPORT

"Acquisition Note"	the non-interest bearing note issued by the Company to Grand Paradise Macau Limited as part of the Group Reorganization
"affiliate"	in relation to any specified person, any other person, directly or indirectly, controlling or controlled by or under direct or indirect common control with such specified person
"Articles of Association"	the amended and restated articles of association of the Company, as amended, modified or otherwise supplemented from time to time
"BEH"	Bright Elite Holdings Limited, a company incorporated under the laws of the British Virgin Islands, and which is wholly-owned by Pansy Ho
"BEH Marketing Agreement"	the marketing agreement dated May 17, 2011 entered into among BEH, MGM Grand Paradise and our Company
"Board of Directors" or "Board"	the board of Directors of our Company
"Branding Agreement"	the Branding Agreement dated May 17, 2011 entered into among our Company, MGM Grand Paradise, MGM Branding, MGM Resorts International, MRIH and NCE
"casino"	a gaming facility that provides casino games consisting of table games, slot machines and other electronic games and other games of chance
"casino revenue"	revenue from casino gaming activities (gross table games win and slot machines gross win), calculated net of commissions and incentives and in accordance with IFRS
"China", "mainland China" or "PRC"	the People's Republic of China excluding, for the purpose of this annual report for geographical and statistical references only and except where the context otherwise requires, Hong Kong, Macau and Taiwan
"chips"	tokens, usually in the form of plastic discs issued by a casino to patrons in exchange for cash or credit, which may be used (in lieu of cash) to place bets on gaming tables
"Company" or "MGM China"	MGM China Holdings Limited, a company incorporated in the Cayman Islands on July 2, 2010 as an exempted company with limited liability

an area of reclaimed land located between the islands of Taipa and Coloane in Macau a plot of land with an area of 71,833 square meters located in
Cotal leased from the Macau Government for an initial term of 25 years since January 9, 2013
the non-competition deed, dated May 17, 2011, entered into among MGM Resorts International, Pansy Ho and our Company
the development agreement dated May 17, 2011 entered into among our Company, MGM Grand Paradise, MGM Branding, MGM Resorts International, MRIH and NCE
the director(s) of our Company
the sum of markers exchanged for chips at the gaming table and the amount of cash deposited in a gaming table's drop box
earnings before interest, tax, depreciation and amortization
the first renewed BEH Marketing Agreement dated December 24, 2013 entered into among BEH, MGM Grand Paradise and our Company
the first renewed Development Agreement dated December 24, 2013 entered into among our Company, MGM Grand Paradise, MGM Branding, MGM Resorts International, MRIH and NCE
the first renewed Macau Marketing Agreement dated December 24, 2013 entered into among MGM Resorts International, MGM Grand Paradise and our Company
the first renewed Master Service Agreement dated December 24, 2013 entered into between Shun Tak and MGM Grand Paradise
the first renewed MGM Marketing Agreement dated December 24, 2013 entered into among MGM Resorts International, MGM Resorts International Marketing, Ltd., MGM Grand International Pte, Ltd., MGM Grand Paradise and our Company
a gaming facility that provides casino games consisting of table games, electronic games, slot machines and other casino games but has not been designated as a casino by the Macau Government

"gaming promoters"	individuals or corporations licensed by and registered with the Macau Government to promote games of fortune and chance or other casino games to patrons, through the arrangement of certain services, including the extension of credit, transportation, accommodation, dining and entertainment, whose activity is regulated by the Gaming Promoters Regulation
"Grand Paradise Macau Limited"	Grand Paradise Macau Limited, a company incorporated in the Isle of Man and wholly-owned by Pansy Ho
"gross gaming revenue" or "gross gaming win"	the total win generated by all casino gaming activities combined, calculated before deduction of commissions and incentives
"gross table games win"	the amount of drop (in our main floor casino operation) or turnover (in our VIP casino operation) that is retained as winnings. We record this amount and slot machine gross win as casino revenue after deduction of a portion of commissions and incentives
"Group", "we", "us" or "our"	our Company and its subsidiaries, or any of them, and the businesses carried on by such subsidiaries, except where the context makes it clear that the reference is only to the Company itself and not to the Group
"Group Reorganization"	the Company and MGM Grand Paradise entered into a contribution and share issuance agreement with Pansy Ho, Grand Paradise Macau Limited and MGM Resorts International Holdings, Ltd. on April 13, 2011 as part of a group reorganization to rationalize the structure of the Company, MGM Grand Paradise and its subsidiaries in preparation for the listing of the Company's Shares
"HIBOR"	Hong Kong InterBank Offer Rate
"high value main floor players"	consists of predominantly walk-in, day-trip visitors to Macau from China. Our premium mass market clients generally do not take advantage of our luxury amenities to the same degree as VIP clients, but they are offered a variety of premium mass market amenities and customer relationship programs, such as reserved space on the regular gaming floor and various other services, that are unavailable to the general mass market
"HK\$"	Hong Kong dollars, the lawful currency of Hong Kong
"Hong Kong"	the Hong Kong Special Administrative Region of The People's Republic of China

"Hong Kong Stock Exchange"	The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited
"IFRS"	International Financial Reporting Standards
"In-house VIP Program"	an internal marketing program wherein we directly market our casino resorts to gaming clients, including to high-end or premium players. These players are invited to qualify for a variety of gaming rebate programs whereby they earn cash commissions and room, food and beverage and other complimentary allowances based on their turnover level. We often extend credit to these players based upon knowledge of the players, their financial background and payment history
"Independent Third Party(ies)"	parties which are not connected persons of our Company within the meaning of the Listing Rules
"IPO Prospectus"	the IPO Prospectus of the Company published on May 23, 2011 in connection with the Listing
"Las Vegas"	the Las Vegas gaming market as defined by the Nevada Gaming Control Board
"Listing"	the initial listing of the Shares on the Main Board of the Hong Kong Stock Exchange on June 3, 2011
"Listing Rules"	the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited, as amended, supplemented or otherwise modified from time to time
"Macau"	the Macau Special Administrative Region of The People's Republic of China
"Macau Government"	the local government of Macau
"Macau Marketing Agreement"	the marketing agreement dated May 17, 2011 entered into among MGM Resorts International, MGM Grand Paradise and our Company
"Master Service Agreement"	the master service agreement dated October 8, 2010 entered into between Shun Tak Group and MGM Grand Paradise
"main floor"	consists of the full range of our gaming products offered to our mass market players
"main floor players"	non-rolling chip players or cash chip players

"marker"	evidence of indebtedness by a player to the casino or gaming operator
"MGM Branding"	MGM Branding and Development Holdings, Ltd., a company incorporated in the BVI and jointly wholly-owned, directly or indirectly, by MGM Resorts International and Pansy Ho in equal portions
"MGM COTAI"	our another integrated casino, hotel and entertainment complex on the Cotai Land
"MGM Grand Paradise"	MGM Grand Paradise Limited, a private company limited by shares ("sociedade anónima") incorporated on June 17, 2004 under the laws of Macau, one of three Subconcessionaires and one of our subsidiaries
"MGM Growth Properties"	MGM Growth Properties LLC, a Delaware corporation listed on the New York Stock Exchange under the ticker symbol MGP, a real estate investment trust (REIT) and an associated corporation of the Company (within the meaning of Part XV of the Securities and Futures Ordinance)
"MGM MACAU" or "our property"	the resort and casino property in Macau owned by MGM Grand Paradise
"MGM Marketing Agreement"	the marketing agreement dated May 17, 2011 entered into among MGM Resorts International, MGM Resorts International Marketing, Ltd., MGM Grand International Pte, Ltd., MGM Grand Paradise and our Company
"MGM Resorts International"	MGM Resorts International, a company incorporated in Delaware and listed on the New York Stock Exchange under the ticker symbol MGM, and our controlling Shareholder
"MRIH"	MGM Resorts International Holdings, Ltd, a company incorporated in the Isle of Man and an indirect wholly owned subsidiary of MGM Resorts International
"Model Code"	the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Issuers set out in Appendix 10 to the Listing Rules
"NCE"	New Corporate Enterprises Limited, a company incorporated in the British Virgin Islands and a wholly-owned by Ms. Pansy Ho

"occupancy rate"	the number of total hotel room nights occupied as a percentage of the number of total hotel room nights available
"Pansy Ho"	Pansy Catilina Chiu King Ho, a substantial Shareholder, the Co- chairperson and an executive Director of our Company
"Pataca" or "MOP"	Macau Pataca, the lawful currency of Macau
"Purchase Note"	a note that represents an amount due from MRIH to the Company that will be paid in cash upon consummation of the Listing
"rolling chip"	a physically identifiable chip that is used to track VIP wagering volume for purposes of calculating commissions and other allowances payable to gaming promoters and individual VIP players
"Second Renewed BEH Marketing Agreement"	the second renewed BEH Marketing Agreement dated December 12, 2016 entered into among BEH, MGM Grand Paradise and our Company
"Second Renewed Development Agreement"	the second renewed Development Agreement dated December 12, 2016 entered into among our Company, MGM Grand Paradise, MGM Branding, MGM Resorts International, MRIH and NCE
"Second Renewed Macau Marketing Agreement"	the second renewed Macau Marketing Agreement dated December 12, 2016 entered into among MGM Resorts International, MGM Grand Paradise and our Company
"Second Renewed Master Service Agreement"	the second renewed Master Service Agreement dated December 12, 2016 entered into between Shun Tak and MGM Grand Paradise
"Second Renewed MGM Marketing Agreement"	the second renewed MGM Marketing Agreement dated December 12, 2016 entered into among MGM Resorts International, MGM Resorts International Marketing, Ltd., MGM Grand International Pte, Ltd., MGM Grand Paradise and our Company
"SFO"	the Securities and Futures Ordinance (Chapter 571 of the Laws of Hong Kong), as amended, supplemented or otherwise modified from time to time
"Share(s)"	ordinary share(s) with a nominal value of HK\$1 each in the share capital of our Company
"Shareholder(s)"	holder(s) of Share(s) of the Company from time to time
"Shun Tak"	Shun Tak Holdings Limited, a company incorporated in Hong Kong and listed on the Hong Kong Stock Exchange (stock code: 0242)

"Shun Tak Coach"	Shun Tak & CITS Coach Macao Ltd
"Shun Tak Group"	Shun Tak and its subsidiaries/associated companies
"SJM"	Sociedade de Jogos de Macau, S.A., one of three Concessionaires
"slot handle"	the total value of slot machine credits wagered resulting from coins and bank notes in the drop box, plus the value of any electronic money transfers made to the slot machine through the use of a cashless wagering system
"slot machines"	gaming machines operated by a single player and electronic multiple-player gaming machines
"slot machine gross win"	the amount of slot handle that is retained as winnings. We record this amount and gross table games win as casino revenue after deduction of a portion of commissions and incentives
"Subconcession" or "Subconcession Contract"	the tripartite Subconcession Contract for the Exploitation of Games of Fortune and Chance or Other Games in Casino in the Special Administrative Region of Macau entered into among SJM, MGM Grand Paradise and the Macau Government on April 19, 2005
"Subconcessionaire(s)"	the holder(s) of a subconcession for the operation of casino games in Macau.
"table games"	typical casino games, including card games such as baccarat, blackjack and sic bo as well as craps and roulette
"turnover"	the sum of all rolling chip wagers which represents wagers won by our relevant subsidiary (non-negotiable chip purchase plus non-negotiable chip exchange minus non-negotiable chip return)
"United States"	the United States of America, its territories and possessions and all areas subject to its jurisdiction
"US\$"	United States dollars, the lawful currency of United States
"VIP clients" or "VIP players"	patrons or players who participate in our In-house VIP Program or in the VIP program of any of our gaming promoters
"visitation"	with respect to visitation of our property, the number of times our property is entered during a fixed time period. Estimates of the number of visits to our property are based on information collected from digital cameras placed above every entrance to our property capable of counting visitors (including repeat visitors) to our property on a given day
"%"	per cent



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