



Tomson Group

Rivera (Holdings) Limited
川河集團有限公司

Stock Code 股份代號: 281

ANNUAL REPORT

2016 年報



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Corporate Information

公司資料

DIRECTORS

Non-Executive Chairman

Ge Peijian

Executive Directors

Hsu Feng
Albert Tong
Wang Fahua
Fan Suxia

Non-Executive Director

Sung Tze-Chun

Independent Non-Executive Directors

Liang Jung-chi
Zhang Hong Bin
Sit Hing Kwok

COMPANY SECRETARY

Lee Yuen Han

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Telephone: 2845-6618
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AUDITOR

Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu

董事

非執行主席

葛培健

執行董事

徐 楓
湯子同
王法華
范素霞

非執行董事

宋四君

獨立非執行董事

梁榮基
章宏斌
薛興國

公司秘書

李婉嫻

註冊辦事處

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股份過戶登記處

卓佳秘書商務有限公司
香港
皇后大道東183號
合和中心22樓

電話： 2980-1333

PRINCIPAL BANKERS

Fubon Bank (Hong Kong) Limited
Industrial and Commercial Bank of China (Asia) Limited
Bank of China (Hong Kong) Limited
Shanghai Pudong Development Bank Co., Ltd.
Bank of Ningbo Co., Ltd.
Ping An Bank Co., Ltd.
China CITIC Bank International Limited

主要往來銀行

富邦銀行(香港)有限公司
中國工商銀行(亞洲)有限公司
中國銀行(香港)有限公司
上海浦東發展銀行股份有限公司
寧波銀行股份有限公司
平安銀行股份有限公司
中信銀行(國際)有限公司

SOLICITORS

Vincent T.K. Cheung, Yap & Co.
David Lo & Partners

律師

張葉司徒陳律師事務所
羅國貴律師事務所

SHARE LISTING

The Company's shares are listed on the Main Board of
The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited

Stock Code: 281

股份上市

本公司之股份於
香港聯合交易所有限公司主板上市

股份代號： 281

INVESTOR RELATIONS

Please email to ir@rivera.com.hk or
write to the Company's registered office

Website: <http://www.rivera.com.hk>

投資者關係

請電郵至 ir@rivera.com.hk 或
致函本公司之註冊辦事處

網站： <http://www.rivera.com.hk>

Management Discussion and Analysis

管理層討論及分析

GENERAL OVERVIEW

The Board of Directors of the Company (the “Board”) is pleased to announce the consolidated annual results of the Company and its subsidiaries (collectively the “Group”) for the year ended 31st December, 2016 and report a consolidated profit after taxation attributable to shareholders of the Company of HK\$305,586,000 (2015: HK\$174,126,000) and a basic earnings per share of 11.71 HK cents (2015: 6.68 HK cents).

The consolidated profit of the Group for the year under review was mainly derived from a share of the results of an associate of the Group. The associate is engaged in property development and investment in Shanghai and the Group shared from such associate a profit of HK\$187,883,000 (2015: HK\$141,306,000).

Furthermore, there was progress in the operating results of the Group itself for the year under review which was mainly attributable to the securities trading and investment in Hong Kong. The Group recorded a net gain in its trading securities investments of HK\$101,220,000 (2015: HK\$13,278,000) and received a dividend income of HK\$38,220,000 (2015: HK\$19,118,000) from its long-term securities investment.

In addition, an increase in the gross profit generated from the property development and investment of the Group in Shanghai to HK\$2,635,000 was recorded for the year under review (2015: HK\$1,374,000).

Apart from the results of the Group’s principal activities, the Group received an interest income of HK\$12,696,000 (2015: HK\$18,834,000) during the year 2016 while an exchange loss of HK\$10,571,000 (2015: HK\$14,305,000) arose mainly from the cash balance in Hong Kong due to the impact of depreciation of Renminbi. The management has adjusted the weighting of the cash balance in Renminbi in Hong Kong in the second-half of 2016 and it is expected that the exchange loss for the year 2017 will substantially decrease.

As a result, there was an increase of approximately 75.50% in the consolidated profit after tax attributable to the shareholders of the Company for the year ended 31st December, 2016 as compared with that for the corresponding period in 2015.

As at 31st December, 2016, the equity attributable to the shareholders of the Company was HK\$2,566,614,000 (2015: HK\$2,232,101,000) in total and approximately HK\$0.98 (2015: HK\$0.86) per share.

概覽

本公司董事局（「董事局」）欣然宣佈本公司及其附屬公司（統稱「本集團」）截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度之全年綜合業績並呈報本公司股東應佔除稅後綜合溢利為305,586,000港元（二零一五年：174,126,000港元）及每股基本盈利為11.71港仙（二零一五年：6.68港仙）。

本集團於回顧年度之綜合溢利主要來自本集團應佔一家聯營公司之業績。該聯營公司於上海市從事物業發展及投資業務，而本集團應佔該聯營公司之溢利為187,883,000港元（二零一五年：141,306,000港元）。

此外，於回顧年度內，本集團本身之經營業績有所增長，主要歸因於香港之證券買賣及投資業務所致。本集團於其待售證券投資錄得收益淨額為101,220,000港元（二零一五年：13,278,000港元）及收取來自其長期證券投資之股息收入為38,220,000港元（二零一五年：19,118,000港元）。

另外，於回顧年度內，本集團於上海市之物業發展及投資業務產生之毛利錄得增加至2,635,000港元（二零一五年：1,374,000港元）。

除本集團主要業務之業績外，本集團於二零一六年度收取利息收入12,696,000港元（二零一五年：18,834,000港元），另錄得匯兌虧損10,571,000港元（二零一五年：14,305,000港元），此主要來自人民幣貶值對於香港之現金結餘之影響。管理層已於二零一六年下半年對在香港之人民幣現金結餘比重作出調整，並預期於二零一七年度之匯兌虧損將大幅減少。

因此，截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度，本公司股東應佔除稅後綜合溢利與二零一五年同期比較增長約75.50%。

於二零一六年十二月三十一日，本公司股東應佔權益總額為2,566,614,000港元（二零一五年：2,232,101,000港元），而每股約為0.98港元（二零一五年：0.86港元）。

DIVIDEND

The Board recommends payment of a final dividend of HK\$0.05 per share for the year ended 31st December, 2016 (2015: HK\$0.02 per share). The final dividend would be payable to the shareholders whose names appear on the register of members of the Company on Tuesday, 6th June, 2017 at 4:30 p.m. subject to the shareholders' approval at the forthcoming annual general meeting of the Company. Dividend warrants are expected to be dispatched on Thursday, 15th June, 2017.

OPERATIONS REVIEW

Property development and investment as well as securities trading and investment were the principal activities of the Group for the year ended 31st December, 2016.

Securities trading and investment in Hong Kong contributed approximately 99.42% of the gross proceeds from operations of the Group and generated a segment profit of HK\$139,028,000 (2015: HK\$30,712,000) for the year 2016. The segment profit was principally attributable to sale of trading securities investments while dividend receipts were the secondary source.

Property development and investment in Shanghai undertaken by the Group's subsidiaries accounted for the remaining approximately 0.58% of the Group's gross proceeds from operations. There was an increase in the segment revenue for the year under review and a segment profit of HK\$1,131,000 (2015: loss of HK\$2,071,000) was recorded.

Shanghai Zhangjiang Micro-electronics Port Co. Ltd., an associate of the Group engaged in property development and investment in Shanghai, was the principal source of profit of the Group for the year ended 31st December, 2016 and contributed a significant profit of HK\$187,883,000 (2015: HK\$141,306,000) to the Group.

股息

董事局建議派付截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度之末期股息每股0.05港元(二零一五年:每股0.02港元)。末期股息將向於二零一七年六月六日(星期二)下午四時三十分名列本公司股東名冊之股東派付,有關建議尚待股東於本公司應屆股東週年大會上批准,方可作實。股息單預期於二零一七年六月十五日(星期四)寄發予股東。

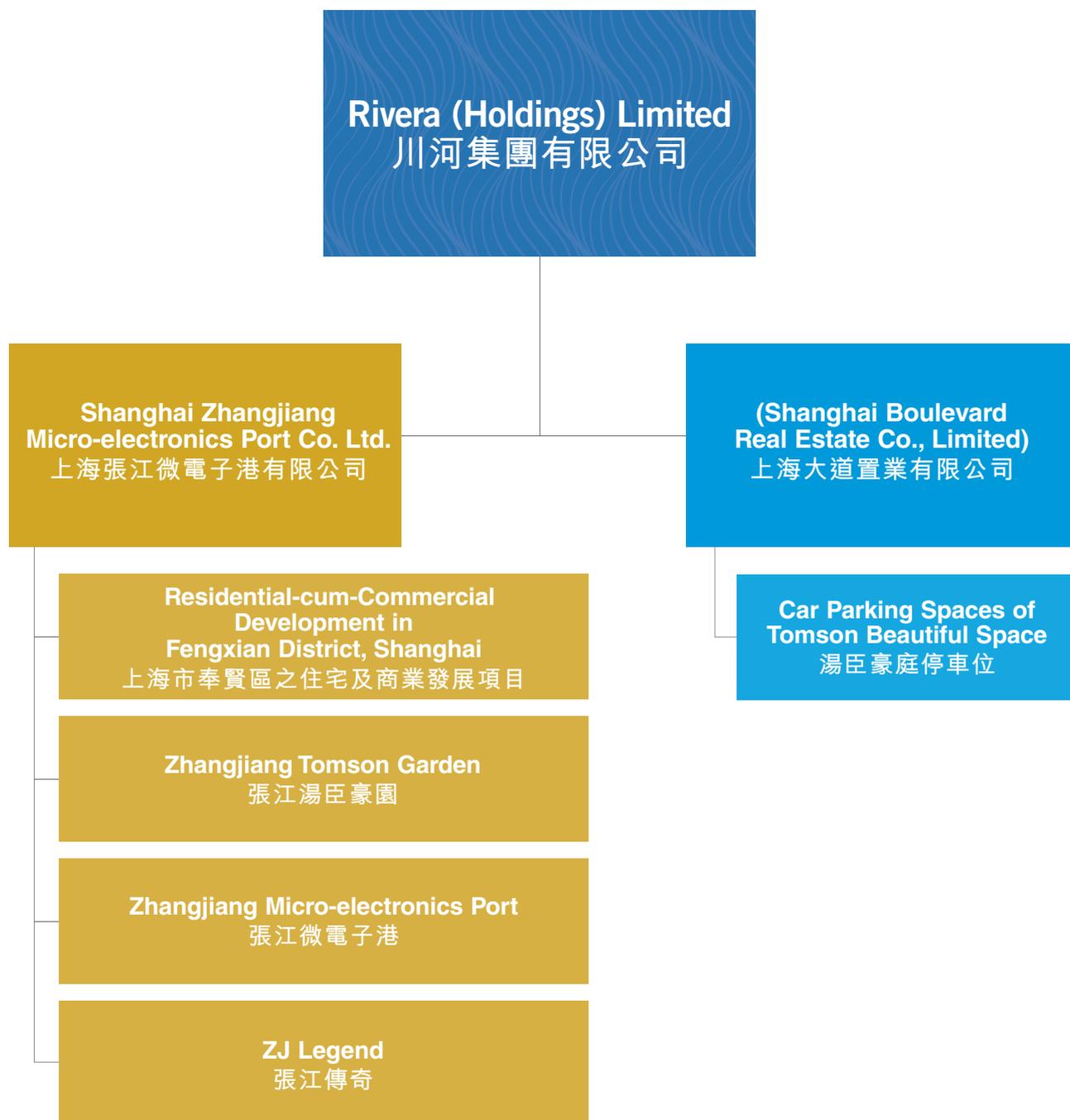
業務回顧

本集團於截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度之主要業務為物業發展及投資,以及證券買賣及投資。

於二零一六年度,於香港之證券買賣及投資業務為本集團之經營收益總額貢獻約99.42%,並產生分類溢利139,028,000港元(二零一五年:30,712,000港元)。分類溢利主要來自出售待售證券投資,而股息收入為第二大來源。

本集團之附屬公司於上海市從事之物業發展及投資業務佔本集團之經營收益總額之餘下約0.58%。於回顧年度之分類收入有所增加,且錄得分類溢利1,131,000港元(二零一五年:虧損2,071,000港元)。

上海張江微電子港有限公司(本集團於上海市從事物業發展及投資業務之聯營公司)為本集團截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度之溢利之主要來源,並為本集團貢獻187,883,000港元之重大溢利(二零一五年:141,306,000港元)。



Property Development and Investment

Apart from the property development and investment business in Shanghai, the Group holds an investment property and a few properties for sale in Macau. No revenue was generated from the property portfolio in Macau during the year under review.

物業發展及投資

除於上海市之物業發展及投資業務外，本集團於澳門持有一項投資物業及少量可供出售物業。於回顧年度內，於澳門之物業組合並無產生收入。

上海大道置業有限公司
(Shanghai Boulevard Real Estate Co., Limited)

Shanghai Boulevard Real Estate Co., Limited (“Boulevard Real Estate”), a 93.53%-owned subsidiary of the Company, holds three hundred-plus car parking spaces in its sole residential development, namely Tomson Beautiful Space, in Zhangjiang Hi-Tech Park, Pudong New Area, Shanghai (“Zhangjiang Park”). For the year ended 31st December, 2016, operating revenue of Boulevard Real Estate was derived solely from sale and leasing of the said car parking spaces, which accounted for approximately 0.58% of the Group’s gross proceeds from operations of the Group. There was an increase in the sale proceeds and gross profit of the car parking spaces. However, as there was a reduction in cash balance of Boulevard Real Estate after distribution to its shareholders in the second-half of 2015, the interest income during the year under review decreased as compared with that for the corresponding period in 2015. As a result, Boulevard Real Estate reported a profit before taxation of HK\$5.33 million for the year ended 31st December, 2016 (2015: HK\$9.75 million) after taking into account its interest income.

Shanghai Zhangjiang Micro-electronics Port Co. Ltd.

Shanghai Zhangjiang Micro-electronics Port Co. Ltd. (“SZMP”), in which the Group holds a 37% interest in its registered capital, is principally engaged in residential, office and commercial property development and investment in Shanghai. The residential development project in Fengxian District, Shanghai was completed in the second-half of the year 2016 and the sale proceeds of such project could be recognized in the annual results for 2016 upon delivery of the units sold to the buyers. In addition, SZMP derived its revenue from property development and investment business in Zhangjiang Park. As a result, for the year ended 31st December, 2016, SZMP reported an increase in profit to HK\$507,793,000 and the Group shared a profit of HK\$187,883,000 (2015: HK\$141,306,000).

Development in Fengxian District, Shanghai

SZMP has completed development of a residential-cum-commercial project on a plot of land in Fengxian District of Shanghai in the second-half of the year 2016. The project comprises 20 blocks of apartment buildings of eleven to twenty-one storeys, a block of commercial-cum-office building of ten storeys, underground car parks and ancillary buildings.

上海大道置業有限公司

上海大道置業有限公司（「大道置業」）為本公司擁有93.53%權益之附屬公司，在其位於上海市浦東新區張江高科技園區（「張江園區」）之唯一住宅發展項目（即湯臣豪庭）中擁有三百多個停車位。截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度，大道置業之經營收入僅源自出售及出租上述停車位，佔本集團之經營收益總額約0.58%。停車位之銷售收入及毛利均有所增長。惟由於大道置業在二零一五年下半年向其股東分派溢利後現金結餘減少，其於回顧年度內之利息收入與二零一五年同期相比有所減少。因此，經計及其利息收入後，大道置業於截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度錄得除稅前溢利約5,330,000港元（二零一五年：9,750,000港元）。

上海張江微電子港有限公司

本集團於上海張江微電子港有限公司（「微電子港公司」）之註冊資本中持有37%權益。微電子港公司主要於上海市從事住宅、辦公樓及商業物業發展及投資。位於上海市奉賢區之住宅發展項目已於二零一六年下半年整體落成，於向買家交付已售單位後，相關銷售所得款項可於二零一六年度之全年業績中確認。此外，微電子港公司自張江園區之物業發展及投資業務產生收入。因此，截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度，微電子港公司錄得溢利增加至507,793,000港元，而本集團應佔溢利為187,883,000港元（二零一五年：141,306,000港元）。

上海市奉賢區之發展項目

微電子港公司已於二零一六年下半年於上海市奉賢區之一幅土地上完成開發一個住宅及商業發展項目。該項目包括20幢十一層至二十一層高之公寓樓房、一幢十層高之商用辦公大樓、地下停車場及配套用房。

Management Discussion and Analysis 管理層討論及分析

The residential project is named Tomson Ginkgo Garden and there are 1,244 residential units with total adjusted saleable gross floor area of approximately 144,100 square meters. All these residential units were contracted for sale. SZMP commenced delivery of the residential units sold to the buyers from December 2016 onwards and part of the sale proceeds were therefore recognized in the results for the year 2016. This project was the principal source of revenue of SZMP for the year under review and accounted for approximately 87.52% of the turnover of SZMP.

The commercial-cum-office building with total gross floor area of approximately 11,000 square meters is retained for leasing.

該住宅項目名為湯臣臻園，共有1,244個住宅單位，經調整後之可銷售總樓面面積約為144,100平方米。該等住宅單位已悉數簽約出售。微電子港公司已自二零一六年十二月起開始向買家交付已售出之住宅單位，因此部分銷售所得款項已於二零一六年度之業績中確認。該項目為微電子港公司於回顧年度之主要收入來源，佔微電子港公司營業額約87.52%。

總樓面面積約11,000平方米之商用辦公大樓保留作租賃用途。



Tomson Ginkgo Garden
湯臣臻園



Commercial-cum-office Building
商用辦公大樓





Zhangjiang Tomson Garden
張江湯臣豪園

Zhangjiang Tomson Garden

SZMP has completed a residential development project in Zhangjiang Park, namely Zhangjiang Tomson Garden, in four phases. All residential units earmarked for sale have been sold out.

SZMP retains residential gross floor area of approximately 65,400 square meters for leasing and holds one thousand-plus car parking spaces for sale. All residential rentable rooms were leased out as at 31st December, 2016 and there were sales of five hundred-plus car parking spaces during the year under review. This project accounted for approximately 5.88% of the turnover of SZMP for the year 2016.

張江湯臣豪園

微電子港公司已分四期完成在張江園區內之住宅發展項目，名為張江湯臣豪園。所有被劃作銷售用途之住宅單位均已售出。

微電子港公司保留約65,400平方米之住宅樓面面積作租賃用途，並持有一千多個停車位作銷售用途。於二零一六年十二月三十一日，已租出所有可供租賃之住宅房間，且微電子港公司於回顧年度已出售五百多個停車位。該項目佔微電子港公司於二零一六年度之營業額約5.88%。

Management Discussion and Analysis 管理層討論及分析

Zhangjiang Micro-electronics Port

SZMP retains 7 blocks of office buildings in Zhangjiang Micro-electronics Port situated in Zhangjiang Park for leasing purpose. As at 31st December, 2016, the total rentable gross floor area for commercial and office purposes of approximately 90,200 square meters were fully let out, contributing approximately 5.48% of the turnover of SZMP for the year under review.

張江微電子港

微電子港公司保留於張江園區內之張江微電子港中七幢辦公大樓作租賃用途。於二零一六年十二月三十一日，作商業及辦公室用途之可供租賃總樓面面積約90,200平方米已全部租出，對微電子港公司於回顧年度之營業額貢獻約5.48%。



Zhangjiang Micro-electronics Port
張江微電子港



ZJ Legend
張江傳奇



ZJ Legend

ZJ Legend (formerly known as Shanghai Chuan Qi), a commercial centre in Zhangjiang Park, provides total gross floor area of approximately 26,300 square meters for leasing purpose and an occupancy rate of approximately 97% was recorded as at 31st December, 2016. The income generated from the commercial centre accounted for approximately 1.12% of the turnover of SZMP for the year under review. Food and beverage outlets are the major tenants of the commercial centre, occupying approximately 53% of the leased area while entertainment businesses rank as the secondary tenants, taking up approximately 26% of the leased area.

In addition, SZMP possesses a land bank with a site area of around 15,000 square meters in Zhangjiang Park for development of Phase 2 of the commercial centre.

張江傳奇

於張江園區之商業廣場—張江傳奇（前稱上海傳奇）提供總樓面面積約26,300平方米作租賃用途，於二零一六年十二月三十一日之租用率約為97%。該商業廣場產生之收入佔微電子港公司於回顧年度之營業額約1.12%。該商場之租戶以從事餐飲業為主，佔已租賃面積約53%，而娛樂業務乃第二大主要租戶，佔已租賃之面積約26%。

此外，微電子港公司於張江園區內擁有一幅地塊面積約15,000平方米之土地儲備，以作為商業廣場第二期發展之用。

Management Discussion and Analysis 管理層討論及分析

Securities Trading and Investment

The Group has invested in various listed securities in Hong Kong for trading and long-term investment purposes. Securities trading and investment was the principal source of both gross proceeds from operations and operating profit of the Group for the year under review.

Held-for-trading Investments

All trading securities investments of the Group were listed in Hong Kong. During the year 2016, revenue derived from the securities investments held for trading accounted for approximately 93.39% of the Group's gross proceeds from operations. The revenue was attributable to gross proceeds from disposal of HK\$573,615,000 and dividend receipts of HK\$18,016,000. Hence, a total realized gain of HK\$101,446,000 was generated. After taking account of an unrealized loss on changes in fair value of the trading securities investments of HK\$226,000 according to applicable accounting standards, a net gain in trading securities investments of HK\$101,220,000 was recorded for the year under review (2015: HK\$13,278,000). As at 31st December, 2016, the Group had securities investments held for trading of an aggregate fair value of HK\$27,369,000, representing approximately 1.00% of the Group's total assets.

Performance of the trading securities investment of the Group during the year under review by industry classification is set out below:

證券買賣及投資

本集團投資多項香港上市證券作買賣及長期投資。證券買賣及投資業務乃本集團於回顧年度之經營收益總額及經營溢利兩者之主要來源。

待售投資

本集團之所有待售證券投資均於香港上市。於二零一六年度，來自待售證券投資之收入佔本集團之經營收益總額約93.39%。收入來自出售所得收益總額573,615,000港元及股息收入18,016,000港元。因此，產生已變現收益總額101,446,000港元。經計及根據適用會計準則計量之待售證券投資之公平值變動而產生之未變現虧損226,000港元後，於回顧年度錄得待售證券投資收益淨額101,220,000港元（二零一五年：13,278,000港元）。於二零一六年十二月三十一日，本集團之待售證券投資公平值總額為27,369,000港元，佔本集團總資產約1.00%。

於回顧年度內，本集團之待售證券投資按行業分類之表現分析載列如下：

Industry Classification	行業分類	As at 31st December, 2016 於二零一六年十二月三十一日		For the year ended 31st December, 2016 截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度		
		Fair value 公平值 HK\$'000 千港元	Percentage of total assets of the Group 佔本集團 總資產百分比	Realized gain 已變現收益 HK\$'000 千港元	Unrealized gain 未變現收益 HK\$'000 千港元	Net gain 收益淨額 HK\$'000 千港元
Real estate investment trust	房地產投資信託基金	15,732	0.572%	4,901	(678)	4,223
Properties and construction	地產建築業	8,751	0.318%	52,779	387	53,166
Financials – Banks	金融業 – 銀行	2,219	0.081%	15,981	50	16,031
Conglomerates	綜合企業	667	0.024%	4,119	15	4,134
Information technology	資訊科技業	N/A 不適用	N/A 不適用	23,666	-	23,666
		27,369	0.995%	101,446	(226)	101,220

Available-for-sale Investments

As at 31st December, 2016, the Group held a 11.66% interest in the total issued shares of Tomson Group Limited ("TGL"), as a long-term investment and the fair value of such investment amounted to HK\$516,000,000, representing approximately 18.76% of the Group's total assets. TGL is a listed company in Hong Kong and is principally engaged in property development and investment as well as hospitality and leisure business in the Mainland. The Group received an interim dividend from TGL for 2015 of HK\$38,220,000 (2015: HK\$19,118,000), which accounted for approximately 6.03% of the Group's gross proceeds from operations for the year under review. In addition, an unrealized gain on change in fair value of the securities investment in TGL of HK\$147,022,000 was credited to the investment revaluation reserve of the Group as at 31st December, 2016 in accordance with the applicable accounting standards. It is expected that the securities investment in TGL will provide a steady dividend income and potential capital appreciation in the future.

In addition, Boulevard Real Estate has formed a wholly-owned subsidiary in Shanghai with a registered capital of RMB50 million to engage in investment management. As at the end of the year under review, the subsidiary invested a total of HK\$40,689,000, representing approximately 1.48% of the Group's total assets, in various unlisted partnerships and companies as long-term investments and it holds less than 10% interest in each entity. The investments were made in 2016 and no profit has been generated during the year under review.

FINANCIAL REVIEW

Liquidity, Financing and Profitability

There was no change in the Group's capital structure during the year ended 31st December, 2016 and the Group's operations and investments for the year under review were mainly funded by its cash on hand and revenue from operations and investing activities.

As at 31st December, 2016, the cash and cash equivalents of the Group amounted to HK\$1,152,132,000. During the year under review, the Group generated a net cash inflow of HK\$476,946,000 and HK\$42,051,000 from its operating activities and investing activities respectively. After taking into account dividend payment of HK\$52,171,000 by the Company, the net cash inflow of the Group for the year ended 31st December, 2016 amounted to HK\$466,826,000 (2015: HK\$27,764,000). The increase in cash balance in 2016 was mainly attributable to sale proceeds of trading securities investments and receipt of a dividend from SZMP, an associate of the Group.

可供出售投資

於二零一六年十二月三十一日，本集團持有湯臣集團有限公司（「湯臣集團」）之全部已發行股份中11.66%權益，以作為一項長期投資及該投資之公平值為516,000,000港元，佔本集團總資產約18.76%。湯臣集團為一家香港上市公司及主要於內地從事物業發展及投資以及款客及消閒業務。本集團收取了湯臣集團之二零一五年度中期股息38,220,000港元（二零一五年：19,118,000港元），佔本集團於回顧年度之經營收益總額約6.03%。此外，於二零一六年十二月三十一日，於湯臣集團之證券投資之公平值變動所產生之未變現收益147,022,000港元根據適用會計準則計入本集團之投資重估儲備內。預期於湯臣集團之證券投資將於未來提供穩定股息收入及潛在資本增值。

此外，大道置業已於上海市成立一家全資附屬公司（註冊資本為人民幣50,000,000元）以從事投資管理業務。於回顧年度末，該附屬公司於多家非上市合夥企業及公司投資合共40,689,000港元（佔本集團總資產約1.48%）作為長期投資，其於各實體持有少於10%權益。該等投資均於二零一六年作出，於回顧年度內並未產生溢利。

財務回顧

流動資金、融資及盈利能力

本集團於截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度之資本架構並無變動，而本集團於回顧年度之營運業務及投資所需資金主要來自手頭現金以及營運及投資業務之收入。

於二零一六年十二月三十一日，本集團之現金及現金等值項目為1,152,132,000港元。於回顧年度內，本集團自其營運及投資業務分別產生現金流入淨額476,946,000港元及42,051,000港元。經計及本公司派付股息52,171,000港元後，本集團截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度之現金流入淨額為466,826,000港元（二零一五年：27,764,000港元）。二零一六年內之現金結餘增加乃主要來自出售待售證券投資之所得款項以及收取本集團之聯營公司—微電子港公司之股息所致。

Management Discussion and Analysis 管理層討論及分析

The Group had no borrowing as at the end of the reporting period (2015: Nil). Of the liabilities of the Group, approximately 69.50% were payable within one year from the end of the reporting period while the balance was deferred tax liabilities related to undistributed earnings of SZMP, the Group's associate.

In addition, the Group had no capital commitment in respect of expenditure on property development which had been contracted for but not provided in the financial statements for 2016 (2015: Nil).

As at 31st December, 2016, the Group recorded a current ratio of 10.13 times (2015: 9.05 times) and a gearing ratio (being total liabilities to equity attributable to owners of the Company) of 6.76% (2015: 7.92%). The improvement in current ratio was mainly attributable to the receipt of a dividend from SZMP, the Group's associate, while the drop in gearing ratio was mainly attributable to an increase in equity attributable to owners of the Company and a drop in tax payable.

For the year under review, the Group reported a return on equity (net profit to the average equity, both attributable to owners of the Company) of 12.74% (2015: 7.89%). The rise in the return on equity was mainly attributable to a realized gain in the Group's securities investments held for trading and an increase in the Group's share of profit of an associate.

Charge on Assets

No asset of the Group was subject to any charge as at 31st December, 2016 (2015: Nil).

Foreign Exchange Exposure

The majority of the Group's assets and liabilities are denominated in Renminbi, and the liabilities are well covered by the assets. The depreciation in value of Renminbi may have an adverse effect on the Group's results and net asset value. Nevertheless, all of the other assets and liabilities of the Group are denominated in either Hong Kong Dollar or Macau Pataca. Hence, the Group anticipates that the exchange risk exposure is manageable.

Contingent Liabilities

The Group had no contingent liabilities as at 31st December, 2016 (2015: Nil).

本集團於報告期末並無借貸（二零一五年：無）。在本集團之負債中，約69.50%須於報告期末起計一年內支付，而結餘為有關本集團之聯營公司－微電子港公司之未分派盈利之遞延稅項負債。

此外，本集團並無任何有關物業發展開支之已訂約但未於二零一六年度財務報表中撥備之資本承擔（二零一五年：無）。

於二零一六年十二月三十一日，本集團錄得流動比率10.13倍（二零一五年：9.05倍）及資本負債比率（即負債總額對本公司權益持有人應佔權益之比率）6.76%（二零一五年：7.92%）。流動比率上升乃主要由於收取來自本集團之聯營公司－微電子港公司之股息所致，而資本負債比率下降乃主要由於本公司權益持有人應佔權益增加及應付稅項減少所致。

於回顧年度內，本集團錄得股本回報率（即本公司權益持有人應佔溢利淨額對應佔權益之平均數之比率）12.74%（二零一五年：7.89%）。股本回報率上升主要歸因於本集團之待售證券投資之變現收益及本集團應佔聯營公司之溢利增加所致。

資產抵押

於二零一六年十二月三十一日，本集團並無任何資產已予以抵押（二零一五年：無）。

外匯風險

本集團大部份資產及負債乃以人民幣列值，而資產可充分償付負債。人民幣貶值可能對本集團之業績及資產淨值造成負面影響。然而，本集團所有其他資產及負債均以港元或澳門幣列值。因此，本集團預期匯兌風險可予控制。

或然負債

於二零一六年十二月三十一日，本集團並無任何或然負債（二零一五年：無）。

PRINCIPAL RISKS AND UNCERTAINTIES

The Group's financial situation, operation results and business prospects may be directly or indirectly affected by a number of risks and uncertainties including business risks, operational risks, financial risk and changes of local laws and regulations in the jurisdictions in which it operates. Information on the estimation uncertainty, capital risk management and financial risk management is respectively set out in Notes 4, 5 and 6(b) to the consolidated financial statements of the Group for the year under review on pages 84 to 90. Currency risk to the cash balance denominated in Renminbi and equity price risk exposed to the listed equity investments are considered to be the principal factors affecting the Group's operation results and financial situation. The Company reduced the weighting of the cash balance in Renminbi in Hong Kong in 2016 so as to mitigate the potential currency risk and the management will continue to monitor and manage the Group's securities trading and investment portfolio with caution.

PROSPECTS

The Group will keep property development and investment as well as securities trading and investment as its principal operating activities.

Residential properties for the middle-class and commercial-cum-office properties in the Mainland are the target business segments of the Group. It is anticipated that the property development and investment business of SZMP, the Group's associate, will remain the major profit contributor of the Group in 2017. Tomson Ginkgo Garden, the residential project in Fengxian District of Shanghai, will be the principal source of revenue for SZMP since sale proceeds will be recognized upon delivery of the units sold to the buyers.

It is expected that the global and Hong Kong financial markets will remain relatively volatile in 2017. The management will closely monitor market conditions and will remain cautious in managing the Group's securities trading and investment portfolio so as to maximize its return to the shareholders. The Group will seek out appropriate opportunities to expand its investment in the property sector and will also aim at investment in high-yield listed securities for stable recurrent income and long-term capital appreciation.

主要風險及不明朗因素

本集團之財務狀況、經營業績及業務前景或會直接或間接地受眾多風險及不明朗因素影響，包括業務風險、營運風險、財務風險及營運業務當地的法例及規例變動。有關估計之不確定因素、資本風險管理及財務風險管理分別載於第84至第90頁之本集團於回顧年度之綜合財務報表附註4、5及6(b)。以人民幣列值之現金結餘之貨幣風險及上市股本投資之股本價格風險被視為影響本集團營運業績及財務狀況之主要因素。本公司於二零一六年降低於香港之人民幣現金結餘比重以減輕潛在貨幣風險，且管理層將繼續謹慎監察及管理本集團之證券交易及投資組合。

前景

本集團將繼續以物業發展及投資業務以及證券買賣及投資業務作為其主要營運業務。

在內地提供予中產階層之住宅物業以及商業及辦公樓物業為本集團之目標業務分類。本集團預期其聯營公司—微電子港公司之物業發展及投資業務將繼續為本集團於二零一七年之主要溢利來源。由於上海市奉賢區之住宅項目—湯臣臻園向買家交付已售單位後，其出售所得款項將獲確認，故預期該項目將成為微電子港公司之主要收入來源。

預期環球及香港金融市場在二零一七年仍相對波動。管理層將密切關注市場狀況，並於管理本集團之證券買賣及投資組合時繼續審慎行事，以為股東帶來最大回報。本集團將物色適當機遇以擴大其在房地產行業之投資，並將旨在投資於高收益之上市證券以取得穩定經常性收入及長期資本升值。

Management Discussion and Analysis 管理層討論及分析

The Macau government announced in December 2013 revised planning directives under the “Urban redevelopment programme of the Northern District of Taipa Area” which covers the area in which the investment property of the Group is located. The Group will continue to explore and evaluate various feasibility plans for its investment property to realize its development potential at an opportune time.

HUMAN RESOURCES

The Group engaged less than 10 full-time employees in its various offices in Hong Kong, Macau and Shanghai as at 31st December, 2016. The total emoluments of the Group for the year under review amounted to HK\$2,947,000 including retirement benefits scheme contributions and directors' emoluments. In addition, the Group shared administrative resources with a core connected person in Hong Kong on a cost basis and details are shown in Note 24(b) to the consolidated financial statements of the Group for the year under review on page 112.

The Group has always emphasized the importance of a highly-efficient staff management and incentive structure. Emoluments paid to salaried staff and directors of the Group are determined by reference to market terms, individual responsibilities and performance. Furthermore, the Company has adopted a share option scheme pursuant to which directors and employees of the Group are eligible for options that may be granted to subscribe for shares of the Company as a long-term incentive.

Taking this opportunity, the Board would like to express its gratitude to all the staff members of the Group for their devotion and hard work over the years.

On behalf of the Board
Ge Peijian
Non-Executive Chairman

Hong Kong, 17th March, 2017

澳門政府於二零一三年十二月公佈《氹仔北區都市化整治計劃修訂》之規劃大綱，其中涵蓋本集團旗下位處該地段之投資物業。本集團將就其投資物業繼續探索及評估不同的可行性計劃，以在適當時機實現其發展潛力。

人力資源

於二零一六年十二月三十一日，本集團在香港、澳門及上海市之多個辦事處僱用少於十名全職僱員。於回顧年度內，本集團之薪酬總額（包括退休福利計劃之供款及董事薪酬）為2,947,000港元。此外，本集團按成本基準與一位核心關連人士在香港共用行政資源，詳情載於第112頁之本集團於回顧年度之綜合財務報表附註24(b)。

本集團一直強調高效率僱員管理及激勵架構之重要性。本集團之受薪僱員及董事之薪酬乃參考市場條款、個別人士所承擔之責任及表現而釐定。此外，本公司已採納一項購股權計劃，據此，本集團之董事及僱員均符合資格可獲授予購股權，以認購本公司之股份，作為一項長期激勵措施。

董事局藉此機會向本集團各員工多年來作出之奉獻及努力不懈表示衷心謝意。

代表董事局
非執行主席
葛培健

香港，二零一七年三月十七日

The Board of Directors of the Company (the “Board”) is committed to maintaining good corporate governance standards and procedures which emphasize management of high quality, transparency and accountability to all shareholders.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE PRACTICES

The Company has applied the principles set out in the Corporate Governance Code (the “CG Code”) contained in Appendix 14 to the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the “Listing Rules”) and complied with the code provisions contained therein during the year 2016 and up to the date of publication of the annual report for 2016, except that:

- (a) in contrast to Code Provision A.4.1 of the CG Code, the non-executive Directors (whether independent or not) of the Company are not appointed for a specific term. However, they are subject to retirement and re-election at least once every three years at annual general meetings of the Company pursuant to the Articles of Association of the Company;
- (b) in accordance with the Articles of Association of the Company, any Director of the Company appointed by the Board to fill a casual vacancy shall hold office until the next following annual general meeting of the Company instead of being subject to election at the first general meeting of the Company after his/her appointment as stipulated in Code Provision A.4.2 of the CG Code. Such arrangement not only complies with Appendix 3 to the Listing Rules but also streamlines the mechanism of re-election of Directors so that both new Directors appointed by the Board (either for filling a casual vacancy or as an additional member) and existing Directors retiring by rotation shall be subject to re-election at the annual general meeting for the relevant year. Furthermore, general meetings other than annual general meetings will be reserved for considering and approving notifiable/connected transactions or other corporate actions under the Listing Rules only, which should enhance efficiency in procedures for corporate matters;
- (c) the Company has not established a nomination committee comprising a majority of independent non-executive Directors pursuant to Code Provision A.5.1 of the CG Code. This is because when identifying individuals of appropriate calibre and qualification to be Board members and when assessing the independence of independent non-executive Directors, it is necessary to have a thorough understanding of the structure,

本公司董事局（「董事局」）致力堅持以強調優質管理、透明度及對所有股東問責的良好企業管治水平和程序。

企業管治常規

本公司在二零一六年度內及直至刊發二零一六年度年報之日期止已採納載列於香港聯合交易所有限公司《證券上市規則》（「《上市規則》」）附錄十四之《企業管治守則》內之原則並遵守有關守則條文，惟下文所述者除外：

- (a) 有別於《企業管治守則》之守則條文第A.4.1條之要求，本公司之非執行董事（不論獨立與否）均無指定任期，然而，彼等須根據本公司之《公司組織章程細則》之規定，於本公司股東週年大會上至少每三年退任一次，且須獲重選始可連任；
- (b) 根據本公司之《公司組織章程細則》，任何就填補董事局臨時空缺而獲董事局委任之本公司董事，其任期直至本公司下一屆股東週年大會為止，而並非根據《企業管治守則》之守則條文第A.4.2條所要求，須在彼獲委任後之本公司首次股東大會上退任。此安排除了確保遵守《上市規則》附錄三外，獲董事局委任之新董事（為填補臨時空缺或是新增成員）與輪值告退之現任董事將同於有關年度之股東週年大會上進行重選，遂令重選董事之運作更為順暢一致。此外，股東週年大會以外之其他股東大會只會專注按《上市規則》考慮及審批須予公佈／關連交易或其他公司行動，從而提升處理企業事項的程序時的效率；
- (c) 本公司並沒有根據《企業管治守則》之守則條文第A.5.1條之規定成立主要由獨立非執行董事組成之提名委員會，因本公司認為物色具備合適才幹及資格可擔任董事的人士及評核獨立非執行董事的獨立性時，需清楚明瞭本公司之架構、業務策略及日常運作，故執行董事的參與至為重要。因此，仍由董事局整體負責每年檢討

business strategy and daily operation of the Company. The participation of executive Directors during the process is therefore indispensable. Accordingly, the Board as a whole remains responsible for reviewing its own structure, size and composition annually, and also for considering the appointment and re-appointment of Directors as well as assessing the independence of independent non-executive Directors; and

- (d) though the Company Secretary is not an employee of the Company as stipulated in Code Provision F.1.1 of the CG Code, the incumbent has day-to-day involvement and knowledge of the Company's affairs. Company secretarial services are provided to the Company by sharing of administrative services with its core connected person on a cost basis.

THE BOARD

The Board is composed of nine members, including a non-executive Chairman, Mr Ge Peijian; four executive Directors, Madam Hsu Feng, Mr Albert Tong, Mr Wang Fahua and Madam Fan Suxia; one non-executive Director, Mr Sung Tze-Chun; and three independent non-executive Directors, Mr Liang Jung-chi, Mr Zhang Hong Bin and Mr Sit Hing Kwok. All the Directors have signed letters of appointment with the Company which set out the key terms and conditions of their appointment. Biographical details of the Directors and relevant relationships among them together with their respective roles in the Board and its committees are set out in the Profile of the Directors and Officers on pages 30 to 34.

The Company recognizes that a diverse board is crucial to the Board's performance and development of the Company. The Board has adopted a board diversity policy which sets out the approach to achieve diversity on the Board. It believes that diversity should be viewed from its widest perspective. Accordingly, selection of candidates to the Board is based on a range of measurable objectives, including but not limited to gender, age, cultural and educational background, professional experience and qualifications, skills, knowledge and length of service, having due regard to the Company's own business model and specific needs from time to time. During the year under review, the Board has conducted an annual review of its structure and composition at a regular meeting. With the Board members coming from a variety of business and professional background and two out of the nine Board members being female, the Company considers that the Board possesses a diverse mix of skills, experience and expertise and diversity of perspectives appropriate to the requirements of the Company's business and development. Over a half of the Board members are non-executive and it is considered that there is a balanced structure and composition of the Board.

董事局的架構、人數及組成，並審議董事委任及重新委任事宜，且評核獨立非執行董事的獨立性；及

- (d) 雖然本公司之公司秘書並非按《企業管治守則》之守則條文第F.1.1條之規定為本公司之僱員，但任職者參與及熟悉本公司的日常事務。公司秘書服務乃由本公司之核心關連人士按成本基準透過共用行政服務之方式向本公司提供。

董事局

董事局由九位成員組成，包括一位非執行主席葛培健先生；四位執行董事徐楓女士、湯子同先生、王法華先生及范素霞女士；一位非執行董事宋四君先生及三位獨立非執行董事梁榮基先生、章宏斌先生及薛興國先生。所有董事已和本公司簽訂載有有關委任的主要條款及條件的董事委任書。有關董事的個人資料詳情和相互之間的關係，以及彼等在董事局及其轄下之委員會中的相關職責列載於第30至第34頁董事及高級行政人員簡介中。

本公司認為，一個多元化的董事局對董事局的表現及本公司的發展非常重要。董事局已採納一項董事局成員多元化的政策，當中載有達致董事局成員多元化的方針，彼相信應從最廣泛之觀點考量多元化。因此，在甄選董事局成員之候選人時，會以多項可計量目標為基準，包括但不限於性別、年齡、文化及教育背景、專業經驗及資歷、技能、知識及工作年資，並應考慮本公司本身的業務模式及不時的具體需要。於回顧年度內，董事局於一次定期會議上對其架構及組成進行了年度檢討。鑒於董事局成員來自不同業務及專業背景，且九位董事局成員中，兩位為女性，本公司認為董事局組合了不同之技能、經驗及專長，且擁有多元化觀點，以配合本公司業務所需及發展。董事局超過半數成員為非執行董事，故本公司認為董事局之架構及組成比例均衡。

The independent non-executive Directors of the Company represent one-third of the Board and one of them has the appropriate professional accounting qualifications as required by the Listing Rules. The Company has received an annual written confirmation for the year 2016 from each of the independent non-executive Directors of his independence pursuant to Rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules and considers all of the independent non-executive Directors to be independent.

The Board meets regularly throughout the year and as and when required. All Directors are consulted as to whether to include any matters in the agenda. Sufficient notices are given to all Directors at least 14 days before the regular Board meetings and agenda together with accompanying board papers are given to all Directors in a timely manner before the day of meeting. Drafts and final versions of minutes are circulated to the Directors for comment and record respectively. During the year 2016, four regular meetings were held by the Board. Besides, the non-executive Chairman of the Board had an annual meeting in 2016 for exchange of opinions with all the non-executive Directors (including all the independent ones) of the Company without the executive Directors present.

The Board will always act in the best interests of the Company and its subsidiaries (collectively the “Group”) and the shareholders. It is accountable to the shareholders for the long-term performance of the Group, while taking into consideration the interests of other stakeholders.

The Board, led by the Chairman, has reserved for its decision or consideration matters covering formulation of corporate strategy, approval of annual and interim results, changes of members of the Board and its committees, major acquisitions, disposals and capital transactions, and other significant operational and financial matters. The non-executive Directors have contributed valuable independent views and proposals for the Board’s deliberation and decisions. The Board has established an executive committee, an audit committee and a remuneration committee (collectively the “Committees”) with clear written terms of reference to oversee particular aspects of the Company’s affairs and to assist in sharing the Board’s responsibilities. The Committees have to report regularly to the Board on their decisions and recommendations.

本公司獨立非執行董事佔董事局三分之一的席位，而其中一位具有《上市規則》規定的適當會計專業資格。本公司已收到每一位獨立非執行董事根據《上市規則》第3.13條之規定就有關彼等之獨立性發出的二零一六年度書面確認，並認為全體獨立非執行董事均屬獨立人士。

董事局在每一年度內定期及當有需要時舉行會議。所有董事均被諮詢在議程中加入任何議題。本公司在董事局定期會議舉行日期前最少十四天向所有董事發出充足通知，並在會議舉行前適時向所有董事送上相關的議程及董事會文件。該等會議之會議記錄草稿及最後定稿均分別送呈各董事以徵求意見及作為記錄。在二零一六年度內，董事局共舉行了四次定期會議。此外，非執行董事局主席與本公司全體非執行董事（包括所有獨立董事）在二零一六年進行了一次沒有執行董事在場的年度會議，以交流意見。

董事局時刻以本公司及其附屬公司（統稱「本集團」）和股東的最佳利益行事，其就本集團的長期表現對股東問責，亦會考慮其他持份者之利益。

由主席領導的董事局已保留權力，以決定及審議有關制定企業策略、年度和中期業績審批、董事局及其委員會的成員變動、主要收購、出售和資本交易，以及其他重大營運和財務事項。非執行董事於董事局審議及作出決定時提供了寶貴的獨立意見及建議。董事局已成立了一個執行委員會、一個審核委員會及一個薪酬委員會（統稱「委員會」），委員會根據由書面訂明的清晰職權範圍以管理本公司特定範疇之事務，以及協助分擔董事局之職責。委員會須定期向董事局匯報其決策及建議。

Corporate Governance Report 企業管治報告

The day-to-day management, administration and operation of the Group are delegated to the management, who provides support to the Board in the setting of overall strategic direction, long-term objectives and business plans of the Group. Both the Board and the management have clearly defined authorities and responsibilities under various risk management, internal control and check-and-balance mechanisms. The management is responsible for implementing the strategies and plans adopted by the Board and the Committees and assumes full accountability to the Board for the operation of the Group.

All members of the Board have been provided with monthly management updates to keep them up-to-date with material developments of the Group's operations, performance, financial position and prospects. The Board has agreed on a procedure to enable the Directors to seek independent professional advice in appropriate circumstances, at the Company's expense, to assist them to perform their duties.

The Company has arranged appropriate liability insurance to indemnify its Directors for their liabilities arising out of the discharge of their duties. The insurance coverage is reviewed on an annual basis.

The Directors of the Company had disclosed to the Company the offices held in other public companies or organisations and the time involved and the Company had received confirmations from each Director that he/she had devoted sufficient time to perform his/her responsibilities as a Director of the Company and had given sufficient attention to the affairs of the Company.

Corporate Governance Functions

The Company strives to attain and maintain high standards of corporate governance best suited to the needs and interests of the Group. Good corporate governance is crucial to an orderly and effective operational system, which will enhance operational efficiencies, thereby bolstering shareholders' value. The Board is responsible for the corporate governance functions. During the year ended 31st December, 2016, the Board has discharged the following corporate governance duties:

- (a) review the Company's policies and practices on corporate governance;
- (b) arrange seminars and briefings to Directors, review and monitor the training and continuous professional development of the Directors, details of which are set out in the paragraph headed "Directors' Induction and Continuous Professional Development" in this report;

管理層獲委託管理本集團之日常運作、行政及營運，並在釐訂本集團之整體策略方向、長遠目標及業務計劃各方面向董事局提供協助。通過不同的風險管理、內部監控及制衡機制，董事局及管理層均有清楚界定的權力及責任。管理層須負責落實董事局及委員會所採納的策略和計劃，並就本集團之營運向董事局負責。

管理層向董事局全體成員提供每月之更新資料，以使其不時知悉有關本集團的營運、表現、財務狀況及前景之最新重大發展。董事局已協定有關董事可在適當情況下尋求獨立專業意見的程序，以協助彼等履行其職責，有關費用由本公司支付。

本公司已就彌償其董事因履行其職責所產生的責任安排適當的責任保險。保險之保障範圍每年予以檢討。

本公司董事已向本公司披露其於其他公眾公司或組織所擔任的職位及所涉及的時間，本公司亦已收到各董事已投入了足夠時間履行本公司董事的職責和充分關注本公司之事務之確認。

企業管治職能

本公司致力達致及維持高水平兼最切合本集團之需要及利益之企業管治。良好企業管治對一個有規律及有效的營運系統極為重要，使其可提升營運效率，因而增加股東價值。董事局負責企業管治職能。於截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度內，董事局已履行以下企業管治職責：

- (a) 檢討本公司的企業管治政策及常規；
- (b) 為董事安排培訓課程及簡報，檢討及監察董事的培訓及持續專業發展，詳情載於本報告內標題為「董事之入職指引及持續專業發展」一節；

- (c) review and monitor the Company's policies and practices on compliance with legal and regulatory requirements, including reviewing the provisions of the codes on risk management and internal control of the Group;
 - (d) review and monitor code of practice for securities transactions by the Directors and relevant employees (the "Code of Practice for Securities Transactions") and guidelines on arrangements for raising concerns about improprieties; and
 - (e) review the Company's compliance with the code provisions of the CG Code and relevant disclosure in interim and annual reports.
- (c) 檢討及監察本公司在遵守法律及監管規定方面的政策及常規，包括檢討本集團之《風險管理及內部監控守則》之條文；
 - (d) 檢討及監察董事及指定僱員進行證券交易的守則（「《證券交易守則》」）及就不正當行為提出關注的安排指引；及
 - (e) 檢討本公司遵守《企業管治守則》的守則條文的情況及在中期報告及年報內作出的相關披露。

Executive Committee

The Company has not appointed a chief executive but the Board has established an executive committee (the "Executive Committee") with written terms of reference since August 2005 and the Chairman of the Board does not act as a member. There is a segregation of duties between the Chairman of the Board for leadership and management of the Board and the Executive Committee may convene meetings as it considers necessary for dealing with the day-to-day management of the Company's business.

The Executive Committee is composed of four executive Directors of the Company, namely Madam Hsu Feng, Mr Albert Tong, Mr Wang Fahua and Madam Fan Suxia. Madam Hsu Feng is the chairman of the Executive Committee.

Remuneration Committee

A remuneration committee (the "Remuneration Committee") was established by the Board in March 2012 with specific written terms of reference. The terms of reference of the Remuneration Committee are available on the Company's website. Mr Liang Jung-chi, Mr Zhang Hong Bin and Mr Sit Hing Kwok, being all the independent non-executive Directors of the Company, and Mr Sung Tze-Chun, a non-executive Director of the Company, are members of the Remuneration Committee. Mr Sit Hing Kwok is the chairman of the Remuneration Committee. The principal duties of the Remuneration Committee are to make recommendations to the Board on the Company's policy and structure for all Directors' and senior management's remuneration, to determine the remuneration packages of individual executive Directors and senior management of the Company and to make recommendations to the Board on the remuneration of non-executive Directors of the Company. The remuneration of any member of the Remuneration Committee shall be determined by the Board.

執行委員會

本公司並無委任行政總裁，惟董事局已自二零零五年八月起成立一個具有以書面訂明之職權範圍之執行委員會（「執行委員會」），而董事局主席並不擔任執行委員會之成員。董事局主席和執行委員會之職責已清楚區分，董事局主席乃負責領導及管理董事局，而執行委員會可在認為需要時召開會議，管理本公司之日常業務運作。

執行委員會由本公司執行董事徐楓女士、湯子同先生、王法華先生及范素霞女士四位組成。徐楓女士為執行委員會的主席。

薪酬委員會

董事局於二零一二年三月成立了一個具有由書面訂明之職權範圍之薪酬委員會（「薪酬委員會」）。薪酬委員會之職權範圍書已載列於本公司之網站上。本公司全體獨立非執行董事，即梁榮基先生、章宏斌先生及薛興國先生，以及非執行董事宋四君先生為薪酬委員會之成員。薛興國先生為薪酬委員會之主席。薪酬委員會之主要職責為就董事及高級管理人員的全體薪酬政策及架構，向董事局提出建議，並釐訂本公司個別執行董事及高級管理人員的薪酬待遇，以及就本公司非執行董事的薪酬，向董事局提出建議。薪酬委員會任何成員的薪酬由董事局釐訂。

A Remuneration Committee's meeting was held during 2016 for an annual review of the remuneration policy and packages for all the Directors and senior management of the Company. Details of the emoluments paid to the Directors and senior management of the Company for the year ended 31st December, 2016 are set out in Note 12(a) to the consolidated financial statements on pages 99 and 100.

Audit Committee

An audit committee (the "Audit Committee") was established in April 1999 by the Board with specific written terms of reference. The Audit Committee is composed of all the independent non-executive Directors of the Company, namely Mr Liang Jung-chi, Mr Zhang Hong Bin and Mr Sit Hing Kwok. Mr Zhang Hong Bin who possesses appropriate professional accounting qualifications as required by the Listing Rules is the chairman of the Audit Committee.

Under its terms of reference, the Audit Committee is required to review the Company's financial information, to monitor integrity of the financial statements of the Company, to review the Company's financial controls, the risk management and internal control systems and to oversee the relationship with the Company's auditor (the "Auditor"). The terms of reference of the Audit Committee are available on the Company's website.

During the year 2016, in accordance with its terms of reference and under the authorization of the Board, the Audit Committee held three meetings for reviewing the interim and annual financial statements as well as the financial reporting matters of the Group, evaluating the risk management and internal control systems of the Group and the significant risks faced by the Group, reviewing and monitoring the effectiveness and resource adequacy of internal audit function of the Company, considering the engagement and scope of services of the Auditor and reviewing arrangements for raising concerns about improprieties.

The Audit Committee concluded that in 2016 the risk management and internal control systems of the Group was effective and the internal audit function of the Company was implemented effectively. The Audit Committee was satisfied with related resources of the internal audit function and the resources, staff qualifications and experience, and training programmes and related budget of the Company's accounting and financial reporting function as well as the implementation, application and effectiveness of the policy on arrangements for raising concerns about improprieties.

在二零一六年度內，薪酬委員會舉行了一次會議，以年度檢討本公司董事及高級管理人員的全體薪酬政策及待遇。於截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度支付予本公司董事及高級管理人員之酬金詳情已載於第99及第100頁綜合財務報表附註12(a)。

審核委員會

董事局於一九九九年四月成立了一個具有由書面訂明之特定職權範圍之審核委員會（「審核委員會」）。審核委員會由本公司全體獨立非執行董事（即梁榮基先生、章宏斌先生及薛興國先生）組成。擁有按《上市規則》所規定之適當會計專業資格的章宏斌先生為審核委員會主席。

根據審核委員會的職權範圍書，審核委員會須審閱本公司的財務資料，監察本公司財務報表的完整性，檢討本公司的財務監控、風險管理及內部監控系統，以及監督與本公司核數師（「核數師」）的關係。審核委員會之職權範圍書已載列於本公司網站上。

在二零一六年度內，根據其職權範圍書及按董事局之授權，審核委員會舉行了三次會議，以審閱本集團的中期和年度財務報表及財務申報事宜、檢討本集團的風險管理及內部監控系統及本集團所面對的重大風險、檢討及監察本公司之內部審核功能之有效性及資源充足性、考慮核數師之委聘事宜及由核數師提供的服務範疇，以及檢討就不正當行為提出關注的安排。

審核委員會認為在二零一六年本集團的風險管理及內部監控系統有效運作，及本公司之內部審核功能已有效執行。審核委員會滿意本公司在內部審核功能之相關資源，在會計及財務匯報職能方面的資源、員工資歷及經驗，以及彼等的培訓課程及有關預算，且對就不正當行為提出關注的安排指引的執行、應用及有效性感到滿意。

In March 2017, the Audit Committee held a meeting to review the consolidated financial statements of the Group for 2016 and to consider the re-appointment of the Auditor. The Audit Committee recommended the Board to approve the Group's consolidated financial statements for 2016 and propose the re-appointment of the Auditor at annual general meeting of the Company for 2017.

在二零一七年三月，審核委員會舉行了一次會議，以審閱本集團之二零一六年度綜合財務報表及考慮核數師之重選事宜。審核委員會建議董事局審批本集團之二零一六年度綜合財務報表及提議於本公司之二零一七年度股東週年大會上重選核數師。

Attendance Records at Meetings

The attendance of individual Directors at general meeting, regular meetings of the Board and meetings of the Remuneration Committee and Audit Committee held during the year ended 31st December, 2016 is set out below:

會議的出席記錄

個別董事於截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度內舉行之股東大會、董事局定期會議、以及薪酬委員會和審核委員會會議之出席率列載如下：

Name of Directors 董事姓名	Number of meetings attended/held 已出席／舉行的會議數目				
	General Meeting 股東大會	Board 董事局	Remuneration Committee 薪酬委員會	Audit Committee 審核委員會	
Non-Executive Chairman Mr Ge Peijian (Chairman of the Board)	非執行主席 葛培健先生 (董事局主席)	1/1	4/4	N/A 不適用	N/A 不適用
Executive Directors Madam Hsu Feng Mr Albert Tong Mr Wang Fahua Madam Fan Suxia	執行董事 徐楓女士 湯子同先生 王法華先生 范素霞女士	1/1 1/1 1/1 1/1	4/4 4/4 4/4 4/4	N/A 不適用 N/A 不適用 N/A 不適用 N/A 不適用	N/A 不適用 N/A 不適用 N/A 不適用 N/A 不適用
Non-Executive Director Mr Sung Tze-Chun	非執行董事 宋四君先生	1/1	4/4	1/1	N/A 不適用
Independent Non-Executive Directors Mr Liang Jung-chi Mr Zhang Hong Bin (Chairman of Audit Committee) Mr Sit Hing Kwok (Chairman of Remuneration Committee)	獨立非執行董事 梁榮基先生 章宏斌先生 (審核委員會主席) 薛興國先生 (薪酬委員會主席)	1/1 1/1 1/1	4/4 4/4 4/4	1/1 1/1 1/1	3/3 3/3 3/3

Appointment and Re-election of Directors

In accordance with the Articles of Association of the Company, new Directors could be elected by the Company or appointed by the Board. Any Director so appointed by the Board shall hold office only until the next following annual general meeting of the Company and the retiring Director shall be eligible for re-election.

董事之委任和重選

根據本公司之《公司組織章程細則》之規定，新董事可由本公司推選或由董事局委任。任何由董事局委任之董事，其任期將僅至本公司下一屆股東週年大會止。退任董事可競選連任。

Corporate Governance Report 企業管治報告

The Company did not establish a nomination committee pursuant to the code provisions of the CG Code and the Board is responsible for reviewing its own structure, size and composition (including the skills, knowledge and experience of its members), and identifying, selecting and considering any appointment or re-appointment of its own members. The Board is also responsible for assessing the independence of the independent non-executive Directors.

No new Board member was appointed during the year under review. Mr Wang Fahua, Mr Sung Tze-Chun and Mr Zhang Hong Bin retired by rotation and were re-elected at the Company's annual general meeting for 2016.

An annual review of the Board structure and composition was made by the Board during the year under review and the Board resolved to keep the structure and composition of the Board unchanged.

In addition, Mr Albert Tong, Mr Sit Hing Kwok and Madam Fan Suxia will retire by rotation at the Company's annual general meeting for 2017 and will be subject to re-election at that general meeting.

DIRECTORS' INDUCTION AND CONTINUOUS PROFESSIONAL DEVELOPMENT

On appointment to the Board, each of the new Directors of the Company is given a comprehensive orientation package, including the latest information of the Group, induction into their responsibilities and duties, terms of reference of the relevant Committees and other related regulatory requirements.

Throughout the course of their directorship, to keep them abreast of latest developments in the legislative or regulatory environment, the Directors are regularly provided with updates and briefings on the Listing Rules and other applicable legal and regulatory requirements. Circulars or guidance notes issued by various regulatory authorities or organizations, where appropriate, are given to the Directors for reading and reference.

In order to assist the Directors to participate in continuous professional development, the Company encourages the Directors to enroll in a wide range of professional development seminars and conferences. During the year ended 31st December, 2016, the Company organized four in-house seminars on the areas of public communication skills and techniques, global economic conditions, financing strategies and corporate governance so as to help the Directors refresh their knowledge and skills.

本公司並無按照《企業管治守則》的守則條文設立提名委員會。董事局負責檢討其成員之架構、人數和組成（包括其成員之技能、知識和經驗方面），以及物色、選擇及考慮其任何成員的委任或重新委任事宜。董事局亦負責評估獨立非執行董事的獨立性。

於回顧年度內並沒有委任新董事局成員。王法華先生、宋四君先生及章宏斌先生已於本公司之二零一六年度之股東週年大會上輪值退任，並獲重選為董事。

董事局於回顧年度內對董事局架構及組成進行年度檢討，董事局議決董事局架構及組成維持不變。

此外，湯子同先生、薛興國先生及范素霞女士將於本公司之二零一七年度股東週年大會上輪值退任，並將於該股東大會上競選連任。

董事之入職指引及持續專業發展

本公司每名新委任的董事，在其獲委任加入董事局時，獲送呈一套全面的簡介文件，包括本集團的最新資料、其責任和職權的介紹、相關委員會的職權範圍書，以及其他相關的規管要求的資料。

在擔任董事期間，為使各董事掌握於法律或規管環境的最新發展，董事獲定期提供《上市規則》及其他適用之法律及規管要求之更新資料及簡介。由不同監管機構或組織發出之通函或指引（如適用）會提供予董事細閱及參考。

為了協助董事參與持續專業發展，本公司鼓勵董事報名參加不同類型的專業發展培訓講座及研討會。於截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度內，本公司曾為董事舉辦四次內部培訓，內容有關公共傳播技能及技巧、全球經濟現況、財務策略及企業管治，以協助各董事更新其知識及技能。

A summary of the continuous professional development in which the Directors participated during the year ended 31st December, 2016 is as follows:

於截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度，董事所參與的持續專業發展摘要如下：

Name of Directors	董事姓名	Continuous Professional Development 持續專業發展	
		Type 種類	Subject 主題
Non-Executive Chairman	非執行主席		
Mr Ge Peijian	葛培健先生	1, 2	A, B
Executive Directors	執行董事		
Madam Hsu Feng	徐楓女士	1, 2	A, B
Mr Albert Tong	湯子同先生	1, 2	A, B
Mr Wang Fahua	王法華先生	1, 2	A, B
Madam Fan Suxia	范素霞女士	1, 2	A, B
Non-Executive Director	非執行董事		
Mr Sung Tze-Chun	宋四君先生	1, 2	A, B
Independent Non-Executive Directors	獨立非執行董事		
Mr Liang Jung-chi	梁榮基先生	1, 2	A, B
Mr Zhang Hong Bin	章宏斌先生	1, 2	A, B
Mr Sit Hing Kwok	薛興國先生	1, 2	A, B

Types:

- 1: Attending in-house briefings/training, seminars, conference or forums
- 2: Reading relevant information and updates

Subjects:

- A: Subjects relevant to the businesses of the Group
- B: Legal, regulatory, finance and general management updates

種類:

- 1: 出席內部簡報會／培訓、講座、研討會或論壇
- 2: 閱讀有關資料及更新資料

主題:

- A: 與本集團業務有關的主題
- B: 法律、規管、財務及一般管理之更新資料

SECURITIES TRANSACTIONS BY DIRECTORS

The Company has adopted its own Code of Practice for Securities Transactions on terms no less exacting than the required standard of the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Issuers as set out in Appendix 10 to the Listing Rules (the "Model Code").

Having made specific enquiry of all Directors of the Company, each of the Directors has confirmed compliance with the required standard set out in the Model Code and the Code of Practice for Securities Transactions throughout the year.

董事進行證券交易

本公司已採納《證券交易守則》，而該交易守則之條文並不遜於《上市規則》附錄十所載之《上市發行人董事進行證券交易的標準守則》（「《標準守則》」）之規定標準。

本公司已向所有董事作出特定查詢，各董事均已確認於年度內彼等一直遵守載於《標準守則》及《證券交易守則》內規定之標準。

ACCOUNTABILITY AND AUDIT

Risk Management and Internal Control

The Board acknowledges its responsibility for ensuring that proper risk management and internal control systems are maintained within the Group and for overseeing the effectiveness of these systems in order to safeguard the shareholders' investments and the Group's assets against misappropriation and to manage the operational risks. The Company has adopted its own codes on internal control for itself and its subsidiaries in respect of all material controls, including financial, operational and compliance controls and risk management functions since 2005 and the codes were revised and renamed as codes on risk management and internal control in 2015. The codes on risk management and internal control are reviewed regularly and modified pursuant to operational requirements of the Group.

The risk management and internal control systems are intended to manage, not eliminate, significant risks of failure to achieve the Group's business objectives, so they can only provide reasonable and not absolute assurance against material misstatement or loss. The operating units of the Group, as the risk owners, go through the following processes on an ongoing basis and report results to the management:

- (i) identify their own significant risks in the Group's operation environment and evaluate the impacts of those risks on the Group's business and financial position;
- (ii) develop necessary measures to manage those risks; and
- (iii) monitor and review the effectiveness of such measures.

The Group regulates the handling and dissemination of inside information as set out in the codes on risk management and internal control to ensure inside information remains confidential until the disclosure of such information and the dissemination of such information is efficiently and consistently made.

An external service provider has been engaged for providing internal audit services to the Group during the year under review.

問責和審核

風險管理及內部監控

董事局承認其有責任確保本集團維持適當之風險管理及內部監控系統並監察該等系統之有效性，藉以保障股東之投資及本集團之資產不會被不當挪用和管理經營風險。本公司自二零零五年起為本公司及其附屬公司就財務、營運、合規監控和風險管理功能各方面採納了其本身的《內部監控守則》，該等守則於二零一五年作出修訂並更名為《風險管理及內部監控守則》。本公司對《風險管理及內部監控守則》定期作出檢討及按本集團的業務運作需要進行修訂。

風險管理及內部監控系統旨在管理而非消除未能達成本集團業務目標的重大風險，故只能就不會有重大的失實陳述或損失作出合理而非絕對的保證。本集團各營運單位（作為風險負責人）持續進行以下程序及向管理層匯報結果：

- (i) 自行識別本集團營運環境對彼等之重大風險及評估該等風險對本集團業務和財務狀況之影響；
- (ii) 制定必要措施以管理該等風險；及
- (iii) 監控及檢討有關措施的有效性。

本集團對《風險管理及內部監控守則》所載的內幕消息的處理和發佈進行規範，以確保內幕消息在披露前一直保密，並確保有效及一致地發佈有關消息。

一間外聘服務機構已獲委聘，在回顧年度內為本集團提供內部審核服務。

The Board has authorized the Audit Committee to review the effectiveness of the risk management and internal control systems of the Group at least once a year and the Audit Committee held a meeting in 2016 for that purpose. The Board, through the review of the Audit Committee, considers that the Group's risk management and internal control systems are effective and adequate and the Group has complied with the provisions on risk management and internal control as set out in the CG Code and the Group's codes on risk management and internal control during the year ended 31st December, 2016.

The Board also considers that, after a review made by the Audit Committee, the internal audit function was effective in 2016 and that the resources, staff qualifications and experience, training programmes and related budget of the Company's accounting, internal audit and financial reporting functions are adequate.

Directors' and Auditor's Responsibilities for the Financial Statements

The Directors of the Company acknowledge that they are responsible for the preparation and the true and fair presentation of the consolidated financial statements of the Group for each financial period. In preparing the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31st December, 2016, the Directors have selected suitable accounting policies and applied them consistently; have made judgments and estimates that were prudent and reasonable; and have prepared the consolidated financial statements on a going concern basis.

The responsibilities of the Auditor to the shareholders are to form an independent opinion, based on the audit, on those consolidated financial statements and their opinion on the consolidated financial statements of the Group for the year ended 31st December, 2016 is set out in the Independent Auditor's Report on pages 52 to 57.

Auditor's Remuneration

The fees in respect of audit and non-audit services provided to the Group by the Auditor for the year ended 31st December, 2016 amounted to approximately HK\$1,092,000 and HK\$67,000 respectively. The non-audit services provided during the year were taxation services.

董事局授權審核委員會至少每年一次檢討本集團之風險管理及內部監控系統的有效性，而審核委員會就此於二零一六年舉行了一次會議。經審核委員會檢討後，董事局認為本集團的風險管理及內部監控系統於截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度內有效及足夠，並遵守載列於《企業管治守則》內有關風險管理及內部監控之條文，以及本集團之《風險管理及內部監控制守則》。

透過審核委員會之檢討，董事局亦認為本集團的內部審核功能在二零一六年有效運作，及本公司在會計、內部審核及財務匯報職能方面的資源、員工資歷及經驗，員工所接受的培訓課程及有關預算已足夠。

董事和核數師對財務報表的責任

本公司董事承認彼等有責任編製及公平與真實地呈報本集團每個財務期間的綜合財務報表。在編製本集團截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度的綜合財務報表時，董事已貫徹選擇及採用合適的會計政策；已作出審慎和合理的判斷和估計；並已按照持續經營的基準編製綜合財務報表。

核數師對股東的責任是根據審核工作的結果，對該等綜合財務報表發表獨立的意見，而彼等對本集團截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度綜合財務報表的意見載於第52至第57頁的獨立核數師報告書中。

核數師的酬金

於截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度，就核數師向本集團提供的審核和非審核服務需支付之費用分別約為1,092,000港元和67,000港元。年度內提供的非審核服務乃稅務服務。

COMPANY SECRETARY

The Company Secretary of the Company is an employee of a core connected person of the Company and has day-to-day involvement and knowledge of the Company's affairs. Company secretarial services are provided to the Company by sharing of administrative services with its core connected person on a cost basis. The Company Secretary supports the Board by ensuring board procedures are followed and board proceedings are efficiently and effectively conducted. She is also responsible for ensuring that the Board is fully apprised of all applicable law, rules, regulations and corporate governance developments. During the year under review, the Company Secretary has taken relevant professional training as required under the Listing Rules.

COMMUNICATION WITH SHAREHOLDERS

The Board maintains a continuing dialogue with the Company's shareholders through various channels including the Company's annual general meetings. In 2016, all the Board members including, inter-alia, the Chairman of the Board and chairmen of the Audit Committee and the Remuneration Committee, attended the annual general meeting of the Company to answer questions from the shareholders. Representatives of the Auditor also attended that meeting to answer questions about the consolidated financial statements of the Group for the year ended 31st December, 2015.

In order to further enhance communication with the shareholders of the Company and enable the Company's shareholders to have timely and updated information of the Group, the Company has set up its own website at <http://www.rivera.com.hk> where the corporate information, interim and annual reports, announcements, circulars, business development and other information of the Company are posted.

公司秘書

本公司之公司秘書為本公司一位核心關連人士之僱員，彼參與及熟悉本公司的日常事務。公司秘書服務乃由本公司之核心關連人士按成本基準透過共用行政服務之方式向本公司提供。公司秘書協助董事局確保董事局程序予以遵守及董事局會議有效率及有效地進行。彼亦負責確保董事局充份了解所有適用法律、規則及規例，以及企業管治之發展。於回顧年度內，公司秘書已經參加了《上市規則》所要求之相關專業培訓。

與股東之溝通

董事局透過不同途徑（包括本公司之股東週年大會）與本公司股東維持經常溝通。在二零一六年，本公司所有董事局成員（其中包括董事局主席、審核委員會及薪酬委員會之主席）出席了本公司之股東週年大會，並回答有關股東之提問。核數師之代表亦出席了該大會，以回答有關本集團截至二零一五年十二月三十一日止年度之綜合財務報表之問題。

為了進一步加強與本公司股東之溝通及讓本公司股東能適時獲得本集團之最新資料，本公司已設立網站，網址為 <http://www.rivera.com.hk>，並於其上登載本公司之企業資料、中期及年度報告、公告、通函、業務發展以及其他資料。

SHAREHOLDERS' RIGHTS

Calling a General Meeting

Shareholders of the Company holding at least 5% of the total voting rights of all the shareholders having a right to vote at general meetings of the Company may request the Board to call a general meeting. The request (a) must contain the name(s) of the requisitionist(s), their contact details and number of shares of the Company held by them, (b) must state the general nature of the business to be dealt with at the general meeting, (c) must be signed by the requisitionist(s), (d) must be deposited at the registered office of the Company at Rooms 1501-2 and 1507-12, 15th Floor, Wing On Centre, 111 Connaught Road Central, Hong Kong (the "Registered Office") for the attention of the Company Secretary of the Company, and (e) if a special resolution is to be proposed at the general meeting, must include the text of the resolution and specify the intention to propose the resolution as a special resolution.

The Directors must proceed to call a general meeting within 21 days after the date of receipt of a valid request (which has been duly verified by the share registrar of the Company). If the Board does not duly call a general meeting that must be held within 28 days after the date of the notice convening the meeting, the requisitionist(s) or any of them representing more than one-half of their total voting rights may themselves call a general meeting which shall be held within 3 months from the date of deposit of the request.

Putting Forward Proposals at General Meetings

- (a) Shareholders representing at least 2.5% of the total voting rights of all the shareholders of the Company having a relevant right to vote, or at least 50 shareholders of the Company having the relevant voting rights may:
- (i) propose a resolution at an annual general meeting at least 6 weeks before such meeting or no later than the time at which the notice of the meeting is given; or
 - (ii) request the Company to circulate, to the shareholders of the Company entitled to receive notice of a general meeting, a statement of not exceeding 1,000 words for either a matter mentioned in a proposed resolution (if they are entitled to vote on that resolution) or other business to be dealt with at that meeting at least 7 days before the meeting.

股東權利

召開股東大會

持有可於本公司股東大會上投票之所有股東之投票權中至少5%之股東，可要求董事局召開股東大會。該要求(a)必須載有請求者之姓名、聯絡資料及持有本公司之股份數目，(b)必須列明有待在有關股東大會上處理的事務的一般性質，(c)必須由請求者簽署，(d)必須投送至本公司位於香港干諾道中111號永安中心15樓1501-2及1507-12室的註冊辦事處（「註冊辦事處」），並註明收件人為本公司之公司秘書，及(e)若於該股東大會上提呈特別決議案，須包含該決議案的文本，並指明擬採用特別決議案的形式提出該決議案的意向。

董事必須在收到有效的請求書（請求書已經本公司之股份過戶登記處核實）日期後二十一天內召開股東大會。如董事局沒有召開股東大會（該股東大會須在召開該大會之通告日期後二十八天內舉行），則該等請求者或持有佔全體請求者一半以上總表決權的請求者，可自行召開股東大會，該大會須在投放請求書日期起計三個月內舉行。

於股東大會上提呈議案

- (a) 在持有相關投票權之本公司所有股東中，代表至少2.5%投票權之股東，或至少五十名擁有相關投票權之本公司股東：
- (i) 可於股東週年大會舉行前至少六個星期或不遲於該大會的通告發出之時提交擬於該大會上動議之決議案；或
 - (ii) 可於股東大會舉行前至少七天要求本公司向有權收取該股東大會通告之本公司股東傳閱一份不超過一千字之陳述書，陳述提出的決議案所述的事宜（如彼等可就該決議案投票），或其他有待在該大會上處理的事務。

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The duly signed request shall be deposited at the Registered Office for the attention of the Company Secretary of the Company within the above prescribed timeline.

- (b) The procedures for nomination of Directors by the shareholders of the Company are available on the Company's website at <http://www.rivera.com.hk>.

Putting Forward Enquiries to the Board

Shareholders can direct their enquiries about their shareholdings to the share registrar of the Company, Tricor Secretaries Limited, at Level 22, Hopewell Centre, 183 Queen's Road East, Hong Kong.

To the extent such information is publicly available, shareholders may at any time put forward enquiries to the Board through the Company Secretary in writing by mail to the Registered Office or by e-mail to ir@rivera.com.hk.

SIGNIFICANT CHANGES IN CONSTITUTIONAL DOCUMENTS

There was no change in the constitutional documents of the Company during the year ended 31st December, 2016 and up to the date of publication of the annual report of the Company for 2016.

已妥為簽署的請求書須於上述規定之時間內投送至註冊辦事處，並註明收件人為本公司之公司秘書。

- (b) 本公司股東提名董事的程序已載列於本公司的網站上，網址為 <http://www.rivera.com.hk>。

向董事局提出查詢

股東可向本公司之股份過戶登記處卓佳秘書商務有限公司（地址為香港皇后大道東183號合和中心22樓）提出有關其股份之查詢。

若所查詢之資料為公眾所知，股東可隨時將其向董事局提出之查詢透過公司秘書及以書面形式郵遞至註冊辦事處或電郵至 ir@rivera.com.hk。

組織章程文件之重大變動

於截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度及直至刊發本公司之二零一六年度年報之日期，本公司之組織章程文件並沒有變動。

Profile of the Directors and Officers

董事及高級行政人員簡介

NON-EXECUTIVE CHAIRMAN

Mr Ge Peijian, aged 59, has been appointed an executive Director of the Company and a member of the Executive Committee of the Board of Directors of the Company (the "Board") since July 2014. He has been elected as Chairman of the Board since March 2015. He has subsequently been re-designated from executive Director to non-executive Director of the Company and has ceased to act as a member of the Executive Committee of the Board since May 2015. He has also been delegated to act as a director of subsidiaries of the Company in Shanghai from September 2014.

Mr Ge holds a Master of Business Administration degree and qualified as a Senior Economist in the Mainland. During the period from July 1993 to September 1996, he took up the post of deputy director of the office of Finance and Taxation Bureau of Pudong New Area in Shanghai and he acted as the director of the property right administration of State-owned Assets Administration Office of Pudong New Area in Shanghai during the period from September 1996 to May 2001. During the period from August 2001 to April 2014, he took up the post of the president of Shanghai Pudong Road & Bridge Construction Co., Ltd. ("Pudong Road Bridge"), a company listed on the Shanghai Stock Exchange, and during the period from August 2003 to April 2014, he also acted as the secretary of the party committee of Pudong Road Bridge. In addition, during the period from April 2009 to April 2014, Mr Ge acted as the vice secretary of the party committee, the secretary of the commission for discipline inspection and the vice president of Shanghai Pudong Development (Group) Co., Ltd. (上海浦東發展(集團)有限公司). He also acted as a member of the Commission for Discipline Inspection of Pudong New Area in Shanghai during the period from December 2011 to April 2014. Mr Ge acted as the vice secretary of the party committee of Shanghai Zhangjiang (Group) Co., Ltd., one of the substantial shareholders of the Company, during the period from April 2014 to October 2015. He also acted as a director of Cachet Pharmaceutical Co., Ltd., a company listed on the Small and Medium Enterprise Board of Shenzhen Stock Exchange, during the period from September 2014 to April 2016.

Mr Ge is the vice president and the general manager of Shanghai Zhangjiang Hi-Tech Park Development Co., Ltd. ("Zhangjiang Hi-Tech"), a company listed on the Shanghai Stock Exchange, and the president of Best Central Developments Limited ("Best Central"), a wholly-owned subsidiary of Zhangjiang Hi-Tech, while Mr Wang Fahua, an executive Director of the Company, is the general manager of Investment Department of Zhangjiang Hi-Tech and a director of Best Central. Both of Mr Ge and Mr Wang are also minority shareholders of Zhangjiang Hi-Tech. Both Zhangjiang Hi-Tech and Best Central are substantial shareholders of the Company.

非執行主席

葛培健先生，59歲，自二零一四年七月起獲委任為本公司之執行董事及本公司董事局（「董事局」）轄下之執行委員會（「執行委員會」）之成員。彼自二零一五年三月起獲推選為董事局主席。彼其後自二零一五年五月起由本公司之執行董事調任為非執行董事，且不再擔任執行委員會之成員。彼亦自二零一四年九月起獲委派擔任本公司於上海市之附屬公司之董事。

葛先生擁有工商管理碩士學位及內地之高級經濟師之資格。彼自一九九三年七月至一九九六年九月期間曾任上海市浦東新區財政稅務局辦公室副主任，及由一九九六年九月至二零零一年五月期間，曾出任上海市浦東新區國有資產管理辦公室產權管理處處長。彼自二零零一年八月至二零一四年四月期間曾出任上海浦東路橋建設股份有限公司（「路橋建設」）（一家於上海證券交易所上市之公司）之董事長及於二零零三年八月至二零一四年四月期間兼任路橋建設之黨委書記。此外，在二零零九年四月至二零一四年四月期間，葛先生曾出任上海浦東發展（集團）有限公司之黨委副書記、紀委書記及副總裁。彼在二零一一年十二月至二零一四年四月期間亦擔任上海市浦東新區紀律檢查委員會委員。葛先生在二零一四年四月至二零一五年十月期間曾為上海張江（集團）有限公司（本公司之其中一位主要股東）之黨委副書記。在二零一四年九月至二零一六年四月期間，彼亦曾為嘉事堂藥業股份有限公司（一家於深圳證券交易所中小企業板上市之公司）之董事。

葛先生為上海張江高科技園區開發股份有限公司（「張江股份」，一家於上海證券交易所上市之公司）之副董事長及總經理及 Best Central Developments Limited（「Best Central」，張江股份之全資附屬公司）之董事長，而本公司之執行董事王法華先生為張江股份產業投資事業部總經理及 Best Central 之董事。葛先生及王先生兩位亦為張江股份小股東。張江股份及 Best Central 均為本公司之主要股東。

Profile of the Directors and Officers 董事及高級行政人員簡介

EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

Madam Hsu Feng, aged 66, has been appointed a Director of the Company since January 1990 and the chairman of the Executive Committee of the Board since August 2005. She is now an executive Director of the Company and has been appointed a director of a number of subsidiaries of the Company since December 2003. She has over 10 years' experience in film production, and in property development and investment as well as retail industry in Taiwan. She has been engaged in the property development, hospitality and leisure business in the Mainland for over 20 years. She is also the Honorary Consul of the Principality of Monaco in Shanghai.

Madam Hsu is the mother of Mr Albert Tong, an executive Director and a substantial shareholder of the Company, and Mr Tong Chi Kar Charles, a substantial shareholder of the Company, and all of them act as executive directors of Tomson Group Limited ("TGL"), a listed company in Hong Kong and a shareholder of the Company having a notifiable interest under Part XV of the Securities and Futures Ordinance (the "SFO"). Madam Hsu is also the chairman, managing director and substantial shareholder of TGL.

Besides, pursuant to the SFO, Madam Hsu together with her persons acting in concert, Mr Albert Tong and Mr Tong Chi Kar Charles, have an interest in 779,274,488 issued shares of the Company.

Mr Albert Tong, aged 34, has been appointed an executive Director of the Company and a director of a number of its subsidiaries since March 2001. He has also been appointed a member of the Executive Committee of the Board since August 2005. He has actively participated in business development, corporate management, property trading and securities investment for years.

He is a son of Madam Hsu Feng, an executive Director and a substantial shareholder of the Company, and a younger brother of Mr Tong Chi Kar Charles, a substantial shareholder of the Company, and all of them act as executive directors of TGL. He is also the vice-chairman and substantial shareholder of TGL.

Besides, pursuant to the SFO, Mr Albert Tong is taken to have, together with his persons acting in concert, Madam Hsu Feng and Mr Tong Chi Kar Charles, an interest in 779,274,488 issued shares of the Company.

執行董事

徐楓女士，66歲，自一九九零年一月起獲委任為本公司之董事及自二零零五年八月起獲委任為執行委員會之主席。彼現任本公司之執行董事及自二零零三年十二月起獲委任為本公司若干附屬公司之董事。彼於電影製作，及在臺灣的物業發展與投資，以及零售業方面具有逾十年經驗。彼專注於從事內地的房地產發展以及款客及消閒業務工作逾二十年。彼亦為摩納哥公國駐上海市之名譽領事。

徐女士為本公司執行董事兼主要股東湯子同先生及本公司主要股東湯子嘉先生之母親，而三位均出任湯臣集團有限公司（「湯臣集團」）之執行董事，該公司為一家香港上市公司及為本公司之股東（根據《證券及期貨條例》第XV部持有須具報權益）。徐女士亦為湯臣集團之主席兼董事總經理及主要股東。

此外，根據《證券及期貨條例》，徐女士與其一一致行動的人士（湯子同先生及湯子嘉先生）共同擁有本公司已發行股份779,274,488股之權益。

湯子同先生，34歲，自二零零一年三月起獲委任為本公司之執行董事及其若干附屬公司之董事。自二零零五年八月起，彼亦獲委任為執行委員會之成員。彼多年來積極參與業務開發、企業管理、物業銷售及證券投資工作。

彼為本公司執行董事兼主要股東徐楓女士之子及本公司主要股東湯子嘉先生之胞弟，而三位均出任湯臣集團之執行董事。彼亦為湯臣集團之副主席及主要股東。

此外，根據《證券及期貨條例》，湯子同先生被視為與其一一致行動的人士（徐楓女士及湯子嘉先生）共同擁有本公司已發行股份779,274,488股之權益。

Profile of the Directors and Officers 董事及高級行政人員簡介

Mr Wang Fahua, aged 54, has been appointed an executive Director of the Company and a member of the Executive Committee of the Board since May 2015.

He holds a Master of Polymer Chemistry degree. During the period from October 1994 to September 2004, he took up the post of assistant to general manager of 上海市張江高新技術產業園進出口公司 (Shanghai Zhangjiang Hi-Tech Real Estate Park Import and Export Company). He joined Zhangjiang Hi-Tech in October 2004 and took up principal posts in Strategic Planning Department and Investment & Security Management Department of Zhangjiang Hi-Tech during the years. He has served in Investment Department of Zhangjiang Hi-Tech since March 2015 and was promoted to general manager of the department in February 2016.

In addition to being a staff of Zhangjiang Hi-Tech, Mr Wang is a minority shareholder of Zhangjiang Hi-Tech and a director of Best Central, while Mr Ge Peijian, the non-executive Chairman of the Board, is the vice president, general manager and minority shareholder of Zhangjiang Hi-Tech, and also the president of Best Central.

Madam Fan Suxia, aged 45, has been appointed an executive Director of the Company and a member of the Executive Committee of the Board since November 2014.

She holds a bachelor's degree in financial accounting, a Master of Management degree in accounting and a Master of Business Administration degree. She also qualified as a Chief Accountant and Senior Accountant in the Mainland. She joined Pudong Road Bridge in May 2005 and was principally responsible for financial duties. She was promoted to manager of Financial Department of Pudong Road Bridge in March 2012 and resigned from her post in September 2014. She has years of experience in financial management.

NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR

Mr Sung Tze-Chun, aged 66, has been appointed a non-executive Director of the Company since January 2006 and a member of the Remuneration Committee of the Board since March 2012. He was an executive Director of the Company until December 2003.

王法華先生，54歲，自二零一五年五月起獲委任為本公司之執行董事及執行委員會之成員。

彼擁有高分子化學碩士學位。彼自一九九四年十月至二零零四年九月期間曾任上海市張江高新技術產業園進出口公司總經理助理。彼於二零零四年十月加入張江股份，歷任張江股份之戰略計劃部及投資與證券事務部要職。彼自二零一五年三月起於張江股份之產業投資事業部任職，並於二零一六年二月起升任該部門之總經理。

王先生除身為張江股份之僱員外，亦為張江股份之小股東及 Best Central 之董事，而非執行董事局主席葛培健先生為張江股份之副董事長、總經理及小股東，以及 Best Central 之董事長。

范素霞女士，45歲，自二零一四年十一月起獲委任為本公司之執行董事及執行委員會之成員。

彼擁有財務會計系的學士學位、會計學系的管理學碩士學位及工商管理碩士學位。彼亦持有內地的總會計師及高級會計師之資格。彼於二零零五年五月加入路橋建設，主力負責財務工作，並在二零一二年三月升任路橋建設之財務部經理及於二零一四年九月離任。彼具有多年之財務管理經驗。

非執行董事

宋四君先生，66歲，自二零零六年一月起獲委任為本公司之非執行董事，並自二零一二年三月起獲委任為董事局轄下之薪酬委員會之成員。彼曾為本公司之執行董事直至二零零三年十二月。

Profile of the Directors and Officers 董事及高級行政人員簡介

He holds a Doctor of Business Administration degree and is a fellow member of The Hong Kong Institute of Directors. Mr Sung has about 20 years' experience in retail, property development and marketing in Taiwan and has about 25 years' experience in financial analysis and management. He has taken part in business development, corporate management and property development in the Mainland and Hong Kong and has provided consultancy services on business and investment management in Taiwan. He also acted as the general consultant of the group operation committee of Yungtay Engineering Co., Ltd. (a company listed on the Taiwan Stock Exchange) until February 2013 and a director of its subsidiary, 永大電梯(中國)有限公司 (formerly known as 上海永大電梯設備有限公司), until July 2013. Mr Sung is a consultant of TGL.

彼擁有工商管理博士學位，並為香港董事學會之資深會員。宋先生在臺灣的零售、物業發展及市場推廣方面具有約二十年之經驗，並在財務分析及管理方面具有約二十五年之經驗。彼曾於內地及香港從事業務開發、企業管理及物業發展之工作及曾於臺灣提供商務及投資管理諮詢服務。彼亦曾擔任永大機電工業股份有限公司(一家於臺灣證券交易所上市之公司)之集團營運會總顧問，直至二零一三年二月及擔任其附屬公司—永大電梯(中國)有限公司(前稱為上海永大電梯設備有限公司)之董事，直至二零一三年七月。宋先生為湯臣集團之顧問。

INDEPENDENT NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

Mr Liang Jung-chi, aged 69, has been appointed an independent non-executive Director of the Company since February 1994, a member of the Audit Committee of the Board since April 1999 and a member of the Remuneration Committee of the Board since March 2012. He is a physician in Taiwan.

The annual director's fee of Mr Liang has been increased from HK\$87,600 to HK\$93,600 with effect from 1st January, 2017, which was approved by the Board, under the authorization of the shareholders at the 2016 annual general meeting of the Company and on recommendation of the Remuneration Committee of the Board, with reference to his responsibilities and prevailing market conditions.

Mr Zhang Hong Bin, aged 43, has been appointed an independent non-executive Director of the Company and the chairman of the Audit Committee of the Board since April 2005, and a member of the Remuneration Committee of the Board since March 2012.

Mr Zhang holds a bachelor's degree in economics. He is a fellow member of the Association of Chartered Certified Accountants, a member of The Chinese Institute of Certified Public Accountants and is also a qualified lawyer in the Mainland. He is a financial controller of a company engaged in property leasing and management in the Mainland and has years of experience in financial management.

獨立非執行董事

梁榮基先生，69歲，自一九九四年二月起獲委任為本公司之獨立非執行董事，及自一九九九年四月起出任董事局轄下之審核委員會成員，並自二零一二年三月起獲委任為董事局轄下之薪酬委員會成員。彼為臺灣之執業醫生。

由二零一七年一月一日起，梁先生享有之董事袍金由每年87,600港元增至93,600港元。此乃由董事局根據股東於本公司之二零一六年度股東週年大會上之授權及參照董事局轄下之薪酬委員會之建議，並參考彼之職責及現時市況而釐定。

章宏斌先生，43歲，自二零零五年四月起獲委任為本公司之獨立非執行董事及董事局轄下之審核委員會主席，並自二零一二年三月起獲委任為董事局轄下之薪酬委員會成員。

章先生擁有經濟學學士學歷。彼為英國特許公認會計師公會之資深會員及中國註冊會計師協會之會員，且具備內地律師資格。彼為一家在內地從事物業租賃及管理之企業之財務總監及具有多年之財務管理經驗。

Profile of the Directors and Officers 董事及高級行政人員簡介

The annual director's fee of Mr Zhang has been increased from HK\$112,800 to HK\$117,600 with effect from 1st January, 2017, which was approved by the Board, under the authorization of the shareholders at the 2016 annual general meeting of the Company and on recommendation of the Remuneration Committee of the Board, with reference to his responsibilities and prevailing market conditions.

Mr Sit Hing Kwok, aged 67, has been appointed an independent non-executive Director of the Company and a member of the Audit Committee of the Board since July 2007. He has also been appointed as the chairman of the Remuneration Committee of the Board since March 2012.

Mr Sit has been engaged in supervisory positions in journalism for over 20 years. From 1992 up to September 2009, he was a director of United Daily News Limited in Hong Kong. He was also a director of the Hong Kong news bureau of the United Daily News Group until September 2009. He is now a freelance writer and has been a lecturer of the Department of Journalism & Communication of Hong Kong Shue Yan University since November 2009.

The annual director's fee of Mr Sit has been increased from HK\$106,800 to HK\$111,600 with effect from 1st January, 2017, which was approved by the Board, under the authorization of the shareholders at the 2016 annual general meeting of the Company and on recommendation of the Remuneration Committee of the Board, with reference to his responsibilities and prevailing market conditions.

OFFICERS

Ms Lee Yuen Han, aged 50, has been appointed the Company Secretary of the Company since March 1998. She attained a bachelor's degree in economics and a master's degree in business studies, and is an associate of The Institute of Chartered Secretaries and Administrators and The Hong Kong Institute of Chartered Secretaries.

Mr Kwok Sau King, aged 58, has been appointed the Financial Controller of the Company since September 1999. He is a fellow member of the Association of Chartered Certified Accountants and a member of the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants.

由二零一七年一月一日起，章先生享有之董事袍金由每年112,800港元增至117,600港元。此乃由董事局根據股東於本公司之二零一六年度股東週年大會上之授權及參照董事局轄下之薪酬委員會之建議，並參考彼之職責及現時市況而釐定。

薛興國先生，67歲，自二零零七年七月起獲委任為本公司之獨立非執行董事及董事局轄下之審核委員會成員。彼並自二零一二年三月起獲委任為董事局轄下之薪酬委員會主席。

薛先生曾從事新聞主管工作逾二十年。彼自一九九二年至二零零九年九月期間曾出任香港的聯合報有限公司之董事。彼亦曾為聯合報系集團香港新聞中心主任，直至二零零九年九月。彼現以自由撰稿人之身份繼續從事寫作及自二零零九年十一月起兼任香港樹仁大學之新聞與傳播學系之講師。

由二零一七年一月一日起，薛先生享有之董事袍金由每年106,800港元增至111,600港元。此乃由董事局根據股東於本公司之二零一六年度股東週年大會上之授權及參照董事局轄下之薪酬委員會之建議，並參考彼之職責及現時市況而釐定。

高級行政人員

李婉嫻女士，50歲，自一九九八年三月起獲委任為本公司之公司秘書。彼獲取經濟學學士和商貿管理碩士學歷，並為英國特許秘書及行政人員公會及香港特許秘書公會之會士。

郭守敬先生，58歲，自一九九九年九月起獲委任為本公司之財務總監。彼為英國特許公認會計師公會資深會員及香港會計師公會會員。

Report of the Directors

董事局報告書

The Board of Directors of the Company (the “Board”) is pleased to present its Report together with the audited consolidated financial statements of the Company and its subsidiaries (collectively the “Group”) for the year ended 31st December, 2016 and the independent Auditor’s report thereon.

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES

The principal activities of the Group during the year were property development and investment as well as securities trading and investment.

During the year under review, the Company acted as an investment holding company while the principal activities and other particulars of the Company’s subsidiaries are listed under Note 16 to the consolidated financial statements on pages 103 to 105.

BUSINESS REVIEW

A review of the performance and position of the Group’s business for the year ended 31st December, 2016, an indication of the future development of the Group’s business as well as an analysis of the Group’s principal risk and uncertainties are set out in the Management Discussion and Analysis on pages 3 to 15. This discussion forms part of this Report.

A discussion on the Group’s environmental policies and performance as well as its compliance with laws and regulations, and an account of the Group’s relationships with its employees, customers and suppliers are set out below in this Report.

Details of the Group’s results for the year ended 31st December, 2016 and the Group’s financial position as at the end thereof are set out on pages 58 to 118. An analysis by operating segments and geographical location is set out in Note 8 to the consolidated financial statements on pages 92 to 96.

As at the date of this Report, the Board is not aware of any important events affecting the Group that have occurred since the end of the year under review.

本公司董事局（「董事局」）欣然提呈本報告書，以及本公司及其附屬公司（統稱「本集團」）截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度之經審核綜合財務報表及獨立核數師報告書。

主要業務

本集團在年度內之主要業務為物業發展及投資和證券買賣及投資。

本公司在回顧年度內為一家投資控股公司，而本公司之附屬公司之主要業務及其他資料載於第103至第105頁綜合財務報表附註16。

業務審視

對本集團於截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度業務之表現及狀況之審視及其未來發展之揭示，以及對本集團之主要風險及不明朗因素之分析載於第3至第15頁之管理層討論及分析內。此討論構成本報告書之一部份。

有關探討本集團之環境政策及表現和遵守法律及規例的情況，以及本集團與其僱員、客戶及供應商之關係之說明列載於本報告書內以後部份。

本集團截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度之業績及於年結日之財務狀況詳情載於第58至第118頁。按營運分類及地區之分析載於第92至第96頁綜合財務報表附註8。

於本報告書日期，董事局並不知悉在回顧年度終結後發生並對本集團有影響之任何重大事件。

DIVIDEND

No interim dividend was paid during the year (2015: Nil).

The Board recommends payment of a final dividend of HK\$0.05 per share for the year ended 31st December, 2016 (2015: HK\$0.02 per share) to shareholders whose names appear on the register of members of the Company on Tuesday, 6th June, 2017 at 4:30 p.m. subject to the shareholders' approval at the forthcoming annual general meeting of the Company.

CLOSURE OF REGISTER OF MEMBERS

The annual general meeting of the Company is scheduled to be held on Thursday, 1st June, 2017 (the "2017 AGM"). For determining the shareholders' entitlement to attend and vote at the 2017 AGM, the register of members of the Company will be closed from Friday, 26th May, 2017 to Thursday, 1st June, 2017, both days inclusive, during which period no transfer of shares of the Company will be effected.

In order to be eligible to attend and vote at the 2017 AGM, all transfer documents accompanied by the relevant share certificates must be lodged with the Company's share registrar, Tricor Secretaries Limited, not later than 4:30 p.m. on Thursday, 25th May, 2017 for registration.

The record date and time for entitlement to the proposed final dividend for 2016 is Tuesday, 6th June, 2017 at 4:30 p.m.. In order to qualify for the proposed final dividend, all transfer documents accompanied by the relevant share certificates must be lodged with the Company's share registrar, Tricor Secretaries Limited, not later than 4:30 p.m. on Tuesday, 6th June, 2017 for registration.

MAJOR CUSTOMERS AND SUPPLIERS

Of the gross proceeds from operations and purchases of the Group for the year under review, less than 30% was attributable to the Group's five largest customers and suppliers respectively.

DONATIONS

No donations for charitable and other causes were made by the Group during the year ended 31st December, 2016.

股息

年度內並無派付中期股息（二零一五年：無）。

董事局建議向於二零一七年六月六日（星期二）下午四時三十分名列本公司股東名冊之股東派付截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度之末期股息每股0.05港元（二零一五年：每股0.02港元），惟有關建議尚待股東於本公司應屆股東週年大會上批准。

暫停辦理股份過戶登記手續

本公司謹訂於二零一七年六月一日（星期四）舉行股東週年大會（「二零一七年度股東週年大會」）。為確定可出席二零一七年度股東週年大會並於會上投票的股東的資格，本公司將於二零一七年五月二十六日（星期五）至二零一七年六月一日（星期四）（包括首尾兩天）期間暫停辦理股份過戶登記手續。

為確保有權出席二零一七年度股東週年大會並在會上投票，所有股份過戶文件連同有關股票必須不遲於二零一七年五月二十五日（星期四）下午四時三十分送抵本公司之股份過戶登記處卓佳秘書商務有限公司辦理登記手續。

可享有建議之二零一六年度末期股息權益之記錄日期及時間為二零一七年六月六日（星期二）下午四時三十分。為確保享有建議之末期股息，所有股份過戶文件連同有關股票必須不遲於二零一七年六月六日（星期二）下午四時三十分送抵本公司之股份過戶登記處卓佳秘書商務有限公司辦理登記手續。

主要客戶及供應商

在本集團於回顧年度內之經營收益總額及購貨額中，前五大客戶及供應商分別所佔之比率不足30%。

捐款

於截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度內，本集團並無為慈善及其他用途作出捐款。

FIXED ASSETS

During the year ended 31st December, 2016, the Group neither added nor disposed of nor wrote off any assets (2015: added assets of HK\$755,000 while disposed of and wrote off assets with an aggregate net book value of HK\$27,000).

Movements in fixed assets of the Group during the year are shown in Note 15 to the consolidated financial statements on pages 102 and 103.

A schedule of the principal properties held by the Group, for sale or investment purposes, is set out on page 119.

BORROWINGS AND DEBENTURES

There were no bank loans and other borrowings of the Group as at 31st December, 2016.

No debentures of any class were issued by the Company or any of its subsidiaries, or were in issue, at any time during the year.

None of interest expenses of the Group were capitalized during the year.

SHARE CAPITAL

As at 31st December, 2016, 2,608,546,511 ordinary shares with no par value of the Company were in issue and were fully paid, and the total amount of share capital of the Company was approximately HK\$442,244,000. The Company did not issue any new shares or buy back any issued shares during the year under review.

Details of the share capital of the Company are shown in Note 23 to the consolidated financial statements on page 111.

PURCHASE, SALE OR REDEMPTION OF LISTED SECURITIES

During the year ended 31st December, 2016, there was no purchase, sale or redemption made by the Company, or any of its subsidiaries, of the Company's listed securities.

固定資產

於截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度內，本集團並無添置、亦無出售或撇銷任何資產（二零一五年：添置資產755,000港元而出售及撇銷總賬面淨值27,000港元之資產）。

年度內本集團之固定資產之變動情況載於第102及第103頁綜合財務報表附註15。

一份載有本集團持有之主要物業（作出售或投資用途）之附表載於第119頁。

借貸及債權證

本集團在二零一六年十二月三十一日並沒有銀行貸款及其他借貸。

本公司或其任何附屬公司於年度內任何時間概無發行或已發行任何類別之債權證。

年度內本集團並沒有利息支出被資本化。

股本

於二零一六年十二月三十一日，本公司共有2,608,546,511股無面值之普通股股份已獲發行及已繳足股款，而本公司之股本總額約為442,244,000港元。本公司於回顧年度內並未發行任何新股份或回購任何已發行股份。

本公司之股本詳情載於第111頁綜合財務報表附註23。

購買、出售或贖回上市證券

於截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度內，本公司或其任何附屬公司概無購買、出售或贖回本公司之上市證券。

EQUITY-LINKED AGREEMENTS

Other than the share option scheme of the Company adopted in 2012 as disclosed in this Report, no equity-linked agreements were entered into by the Company during the year under review or subsisted at the end of the year.

RESERVES

The distributable reserves of the Company as at 31st December, 2016 amounted to HK\$188,114,000 (2015: HK\$71,074,000).

Movements in reserves of the Group and of the Company during the year are shown in the Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity and Note 29 to the consolidated financial statements on pages 62 and 118 respectively.

FINANCIAL SUMMARY

A summary of the results and financial position of the Group for the preceding five financial years is set out on page 123.

DIRECTORS

The Directors of the Company as at the date of this Report and those who were in office during the year under review and up to the date of this Report are:

Non-Executive Chairman

Mr Ge Peijian

Executive Directors

Madam Hsu Feng
Mr Albert Tong
Mr Wang Fahua
Madam Fan Suxia

Non-Executive Director

Mr Sung Tze-Chun

Independent Non-Executive Directors

Mr Liang Jung-chi
Mr Zhang Hong Bin
Mr Sit Hing Kwok

股票掛鈎協議

除在本報告書披露之在二零一二年採納之本公司購股權計劃外，本公司於回顧年度內並無訂立任何股票掛鈎協議，於年度終結時亦無這類協議存在。

儲備

本公司於二零一六年十二月三十一日之可分派儲備達188,114,000港元（二零一五年：71,074,000港元）。

本集團及本公司年度內之儲備變動情況分別載於第62頁之綜合權益變動表及第118頁綜合財務報表附註29。

財務概要

本集團過往五個財政年度之業績及財務狀況概要載於第123頁。

董事

於本報告書刊發之日以及於回顧年度內至本報告書刊發之日止期間在任之本公司董事局成員如下：

非執行主席

葛培健先生

執行董事

徐楓女士
湯子同先生
王法華先生
范素霞女士

非執行董事

宋四君先生

獨立非執行董事

梁榮基先生
章宏斌先生
薛興國先生

Report of the Directors 董事局報告書

A profile of the Directors of the Company is shown on pages 30 to 34.

Information relating to emoluments paid to the Company's Directors during the year is set out in Note 12(a) to the consolidated financial statements on pages 99 and 100.

The emoluments of the executive Directors of the Company were determined by the remuneration committee of the Board (the "Committee") and the fees of the non-executive Directors of the Company (whether independent or not) were fixed by the Board under the authorization of the shareholders of the Company and on the recommendation of the Committee.

All Directors of the Company are subject to retirement by rotation at annual general meetings of the Company in accordance with the Company's Articles of Association. Articles 77 to 79 provide that at every annual general meeting, one-third of the Directors for the time being or, if their number is not three or a multiple of three, then the nearest number to but not more than one-third shall retire from office by rotation provided that every Director shall be subject to retirement by rotation at least once every three years. The Directors to retire in every year shall be those who have been longest in office since their last election and shall be eligible for re-election. In this connection, Mr Albert Tong, Mr Sit Hing Kwok and Madam Fan Suxia will retire by rotation at the 2017 AGM and, being eligible, offer themselves for re-election.

The re-election of the retiring Directors of the Company is subject to separate resolutions to be approved by shareholders at the 2017 AGM and details of those Directors will be disclosed in a circular of the Company to be despatched to the shareholders together with the notice of the annual general meeting.

本公司董事之簡介載於第30至第34頁。

有關於年度內支付予本公司董事之酬金之資料載於第99及第100頁綜合財務報表附註12(a)。

本公司執行董事之薪酬由董事局轄下之薪酬委員會（「該委員會」）釐定，而本公司之非執行董事（不論獨立與否）之董事袍金則由董事局根據本公司股東之授權及參照該委員會之建議而釐定。

根據本公司之《公司組織章程細則》之規定，本公司所有董事均須於本公司之股東週年大會上輪值告退。按第77至第79條細則之規定，於每屆股東週年大會上，本公司當時為數三分之一（或如董事數目並非三或三之倍數，則最接近但不多於三分之一之數目）之董事須輪值退任，惟每位董事須至少每三年輪值退任一次。每年退任之董事須為自其上次獲選擔任董事以來任期最長者；退任董事均可競選連任。因此，湯子同先生、薛興國先生及范素霞女士將於二零一七年度股東週年大會上依章輪值退任，惟合資格並願意在膺選後連任。

重選本公司退任董事連任一事須待股東以獨立決議案形式於二零一七年度股東週年大會上審議通過，有關該等董事之資料將於與股東週年大會通告一併寄發予股東之本公司通函內披露。

DIRECTORS' SERVICE CONTRACT

None of the Directors of the Company proposed for re-election at the 2017 AGM have an unexpired service contract with the Company or any of its subsidiaries which is not determinable by the employing company within one year without payment of compensation (other than statutory compensation).

DIRECTORS OF SUBSIDIARIES

The persons who have served on the boards of the subsidiaries of the Company during the year ended 31st December, 2016 and up to the date of this Report included Mr Chen Ganjin, Mr Ge Peijian, Madam Hsu Feng, Mr Albert Tong, Mr Tong Chi Kar Charles, Mr Chen Xiaoshi, Ms Lu Ying, Mr Gu Xueli, Mr Yeung Kam Hoi, Ms Lee Yuen Han and Mr Lau Che Kong, Spencer.

PERMITTED INDEMNITY PROVISION

Pursuant to the Articles of Association of the Company and subject to the provisions of the Companies Ordinance (Chapter 622), every Director of the Company shall be indemnified by insurance out of the funds of the Company against any liabilities which he/she may incur in or about the execution of the duties of his/her office or otherwise in relation thereto, provided that such article shall only have effect in so far as its provisions are not avoided by the Companies Ordinance. The Company has arranged appropriate directors' and officers' liability insurance coverage for the directors and officers of the Group during the year under review.

董事之服務合約

獲提名在二零一七年度股東週年大會上重選連任之本公司董事與本公司或其任何附屬公司並無尚未屆滿之服務合約，而聘用之公司於一年內不作出賠償（法定賠償除外）則不得終止者。

附屬公司之董事

於截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度至本報告書刊發之日止期間擔任本公司附屬公司董事的人士包括陳幹錦先生、葛培健先生、徐楓女士、湯子同先生、湯子嘉先生、陳小石先生、盧纓女士、顧學勵先生、楊錦海先生、李婉嫻女士及劉子光先生。

獲准許的彌償條文

根據本公司之《公司組織章程細則》及《公司條例》（第622章）之條文規限，對於本公司各董事在執行或擔任職務時或與此有關所招致之任何法律責任，可從本公司撥款投購保險中獲得彌償，惟有關條文僅在未因《公司條例》而致無效的情況下方為有效。於回顧年度內，本公司已安排適當的董事及高級職員責任保險，涵蓋範圍包括本集團董事及高級職員。

DIRECTORS' INTERESTS AND SHORT POSITIONS IN SECURITIES

As at 31st December, 2016, the interests and short positions of the Directors of the Company in shares, debentures and underlying shares of the Company or any of its associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the Securities and Futures Ordinance (Chapter 571) (the "SFO")), which were required, pursuant to Section 352 of the SFO, to be entered in the register referred to therein (including interests and short positions which they were taken to have under Section 344 of the SFO) or which were required to be notified to the Company and The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange") pursuant to the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on the Stock Exchange (the "Listing Rules"), were as follows:

(1) The Company:

Ordinary Shares

Name of Directors	董事姓名	Number of shares of the Company			
		Personal Interests	Family Interests	Corporate Interests	Other Interests
		個人權益	家屬權益	公司權益	其他權益
Mr Ge Peijian	葛培健先生	Nil 無	Nil 無	Nil 無 (A)	Nil 無
Madam Hsu Feng (B)	徐 楓女士 (B)	317,178,162 (C)	Nil 無	255,676,326 (D), (E)	206,420,000 (F)
Mr Albert Tong (B)	湯子同先生 (B)	Nil 無	Nil 無	Nil 無	779,274,488 (F)
Mr Wang Fahua	王法華先生	Nil 無	Nil 無	Nil 無 (A)	Nil 無

(2) The Company's associated corporation:

Shanghai Zhangjiang Micro-electronics Port Co. Ltd. ("SZMP")

Registered capital

Name of Directors	董事姓名	Amount of registered capital of SZMP			
		Personal Interests	Family Interests	Corporate Interests	Other Interests
		個人權益	家屬權益	公司權益	其他權益
Mr Ge Peijian	葛培健先生	Nil 無	Nil 無	Nil 無 (G)	Nil 無
Madam Hsu Feng (B)	徐 楓女士 (B)	Nil 無	Nil 無	RMB50,000,000 (D), (H) 人民幣50,000,000元	Nil 無
Mr Albert Tong (B)	湯子同先生 (B)	Nil 無	Nil 無	Nil 無 (H)	Nil 無

董事之證券權益及淡倉

於二零一六年十二月三十一日，本公司各董事於本公司或其任何相聯法團（按《證券及期貨條例》（第571章）第XV部之定義詮釋）之股份、債權證及相關股份中擁有須遵照《證券及期貨條例》第352條之規定記載入該條例所述的登記冊內（包括根據《證券及期貨條例》第344條被視為擁有的權益及淡倉），或須遵照香港聯合交易所有限公司（「聯交所」）《證券上市規則》（「《上市規則》」）之規定知會本公司及聯交所之權益及淡倉如下：

(1) 本公司：

普通股

Number of shares of the Company 本公司之股份數目

(2) 本公司之相聯法團：

上海張江微電子港有限公司 （「微電子港公司」）

註冊資本

Notes:

- (A) As at 31st December, 2016, a total of 779,955,407 issued shares (being 29.9% of the total number of issued shares) of the Company were beneficially held by Best Central Developments Limited (“Best Central”). Best Central was a wholly-owned subsidiary of Shanghai Zhangjiang Hi-Tech Park Development Co., Ltd. (“Zhangjiang Hi-Tech”).

Mr Ge Peijian and Mr Wang Fahua were the president and a director of Best Central respectively. In addition, Mr Ge was the vice president and the general manager of Zhangjiang Hi-Tech.

- (B) Mr Albert Tong is a son of Madam Hsu Feng.

As at 31st December, 2016, they were considered to be persons acting in concert and held an aggregate of 779,274,488 issued shares of the Company, representing 29.87% of the total number of issued shares of the Company, pursuant to the SFO.

- (C) Madam Hsu Feng held in her capacity as a beneficial owner an interest in 317,178,162 issued shares of the Company.

- (D) As at 31st December, 2016, Madam Hsu Feng was entitled to control the exercise of more than one-third of voting power at general meetings of Tomson Group Limited (“TGL”).

- (E) A total of 255,676,326 issued shares of the Company were beneficially held by Cosmos Success Development Limited (“Cosmos Success”), a wholly-owned subsidiary of TGL, hence, Madam Hsu Feng was deemed to have an interest in these shares through a corporation controlled by her.

- (F) Madam Hsu Feng has entered into agreements with her sons, Mr Tong Chi Kar Charles and Mr Albert Tong, to sell to each of them 103,210,000 issued shares of the Company, in an aggregate of 206,420,000 issued shares, which have been pledged by Mr Tong Chi Kar Charles and Mr Albert Tong in favour of Madam Hsu Feng as a security for their performance of the duties under the aforesaid agreements. Pursuant to the SFO, Madam Hsu Feng was taken to have a security interest in these 206,420,000 issued shares of the Company.

附註：

- (A) 於二零一六年十二月三十一日，Best Central Developments Limited（「Best Central」）實益擁有本公司已發行股份共779,955,407股（即已發行股份總數之29.9%）。Best Central 為上海張江高科技園區開發股份有限公司（「張江股份」）之全資附屬公司。

葛培健先生及王法華先生分別為 Best Central 之董事長及董事。此外，葛先生為張江股份之副董事長及總經理。

- (B) 湯子同先生為徐楓女士之兒子。

於二零一六年十二月三十一日，彼等根據《證券及期貨條例》被視為一致行動人士及持有合共779,274,488股本公司已發行股份，佔本公司已發行股份總數之29.87%權益。

- (C) 徐楓女士以其實益擁有人之身份持有317,178,162股本公司已發行股份權益。

- (D) 於二零一六年十二月三十一日，徐楓女士在湯臣集團有限公司（「湯臣集團」）股東大會上，可控制行使三分之一以上的投票權。

- (E) 湯臣集團之全資附屬公司—國勝發展有限公司（「國勝」）實益持有合共255,676,326股本公司已發行股份，因此，徐楓女士被視為透過一家由彼控制之公司於該等股份擁有權益。

- (F) 徐楓女士與其兒子湯子嘉先生及湯子同先生簽訂了協議，以分別向兩位出售103,210,000股本公司已發行股份（合共206,420,000股已發行股份），而湯子嘉先生及湯子同先生已抵押了該等股份予徐楓女士作為履行彼等在上述協議項下之責任及義務之擔保。根據《證券及期貨條例》，徐楓女士被視為於該等206,420,000股本公司已發行股份擁有保證權益。

Report of the Directors 董事局報告書

As at 31st December, 2016, on account of the aforesaid agreements and pursuant to the SFO, Madam Hsu Feng held and was deemed to hold an interest in a total of 779,274,488 issued shares of the Company and Mr Albert Tong was therefore taken to have an interest in these 779,274,488 issued shares of the Company by virtue of being a person acting in concert with Madam Hsu Feng.

(G) As at 31st December, 2016, Zhangjiang Hi-Tech held an interest of RMB183.55 million (being 49.5%) in the registered capital of SZMP. Mr Ge Peijian was the vice president and the general manager of Zhangjiang Hi-Tech.

(H) TGL held an interest of RMB50 million (being 13.5%) in the registered capital of SZMP through its wholly-owned subsidiary. Madam Hsu Feng was therefore deemed to have an interest in the registered capital of SZMP through a corporation controlled by her.

Mr Albert Tong was a director and a substantial shareholder of TGL.

Save as disclosed above, none of the Directors of the Company and their associates had any interests or short positions in the shares, debentures and underlying shares of the Company or any of its associated corporations as at 31st December, 2016, which were required, pursuant to Section 352 of the SFO, to be entered in the register referred to therein (including interests or short positions which they were taken to have under Section 344 of the SFO) or which were required to be notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to the Listing Rules.

SHARE OPTION SCHEME

The Company adopted a share option scheme (the “2012 Scheme”) on 1st June, 2012. Under the 2012 Scheme, there were no options granted, exercised, cancelled or lapsed during the year ended 31st December, 2016, nor was there any option outstanding at the beginning or at the end of the year.

The major terms of the 2012 Scheme are as follows:

於二零一六年十二月三十一日，基於上述協議及根據《證券及期貨條例》，徐楓女士擁有及被視為擁有合共779,274,488股本公司已發行股份之權益，而湯子同先生由於被界定與徐楓女士為一致行動人士，故被視為擁有該等779,274,488股本公司已發行股份之權益。

(G) 於二零一六年十二月三十一日，張江股份於微電子港公司之註冊資本中持有人民幣183,550,000元（即49.5%）之權益。葛培健先生為張江股份之副董事長及總經理。

(H) 湯臣集團透過其全資附屬公司於微電子港公司之註冊資本中持有人民幣50,000,000元（即13.5%）之權益。徐楓女士因此被視為透過一家由彼控制之公司於微電子港公司之註冊資本中擁有權益。

湯子同先生為湯臣集團之董事及主要股東。

除上文所披露者外，於二零一六年十二月三十一日，本公司各董事及彼等的聯繫人概無於本公司或其任何相聯法團之股份、債權證及相關股份中擁有須遵照《證券及期貨條例》第352條之規定記載入該條例所述的登記冊內（包括根據《證券及期貨條例》第344條彼等被視為擁有的權益或淡倉），或須遵照《上市規則》之規定知會本公司及聯交所的任何權益或淡倉。

購股權計劃

本公司於二零一二年六月一日採納一項購股權計劃（「二零一二年計劃」）。於截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度內，在二零一二年計劃下，並無購股權被授出、獲行使、註銷或失效。在年度開始或終結時，在該計劃下亦無尚未行使之任何購股權。

二零一二年計劃之主要條文如下：

Purpose

The purpose of the 2012 Scheme is to provide incentives or rewards to selected persons for their contribution to any member of the Group or any entity in which any member of the Group holds any equity interest ("Invested Entity").

Participants

The participants of the 2012 Scheme include, inter alia:

- (i) any employee or proposed employee (whether full time or part time) of any member of the Group or any Invested Entity, including any executive director of any of these entities; or
- (ii) any non-executive director (including independent non-executive director) of any member of the Group or any Invested Entity; or
- (iii) any customer of or supplier of goods or services to any member of the Group or any Invested Entity; or
- (iv) any adviser or consultant of any member of the Group or any Invested Entity; or
- (v) any person or entity that provides research, development or other technological support to any member of the Group or any Invested Entity; or
- (vi) any shareholder of any member of the Group or any Invested Entity or any holder of any securities issued by any member of the Group or any Invested Entity.

Maximum number of shares available for issue

The maximum number of shares of the Company in respect of which options may be granted under the 2012 Scheme must not exceed 260,854,651 shares, being 10% of the total number of shares of the Company in issue as at the date of this Report, unless shareholders' approval of the Company has been obtained.

目的

二零一二年計劃的目的為激勵或獎賞經甄選之人士對本集團任何成員公司或本集團任何成員公司持有任何股權之任何機構（「所投資機構」）作出貢獻。

參與者

二零一二年計劃之參與者其中包括：

- (i) 本集團任何成員公司或任何所投資機構之任何僱員或準僱員（不論全職或兼職），包括任何此等機構之任何執行董事；或
- (ii) 本集團任何成員公司或任何所投資機構之任何非執行董事（包括獨立非執行董事）；或
- (iii) 本集團任何成員公司或任何所投資機構之任何客戶或向該等公司或機構提供貨物或服務之供應商；或
- (iv) 本集團任何成員公司或任何所投資機構之任何諮詢人或顧問；或
- (v) 向本集團任何成員公司或任何所投資機構提供研究、開發或其他技術支援之任何人士或機構；或
- (vi) 本集團任何成員公司或任何所投資機構之任何股東，或本集團任何成員公司或任何所投資機構所發行任何證券之任何持有人。

可發行股份之最高限額

除非獲本公司股東之批准外，根據二零一二年計劃可授出之購股權而發行之本公司股份總數之最高限額不得超過260,854,651股，即本報告書刊發之日本公司之已發行股份總數之10%。

Maximum entitlement of each participant

The total number of shares of the Company issued and to be issued upon exercise of the options granted and to be granted to each participant (including exercised and outstanding options) in any 12-month period up to the date of grant of option shall not exceed 1% of the shares of the Company in issue at the date of grant (the "Individual Limit"). If any further grant of options to a participant would result in the shares issued and to be issued upon exercise of all options granted and to be granted to such person (including exercised, cancelled and outstanding options) in the 12-month period up to and including the date of such further grant to be in excess of the Individual Limit, such further grant must be subject to shareholders' approval in general meeting of the Company with such participant and his or her associates abstaining from voting.

Exercise period of options

An option may be exercised at any time during a period as the Board may determine which shall not be more than 10 years commencing from the date of grant of the option.

Minimum holding period of an option before exercise

Save as determined by the Board and stated in the offer of the relevant options, there is no minimum period for which an option must be held before it can be exercised.

Acceptance of an option

The acceptance of an offer of granting an option must be made within 28 days from the date on which such offer is made with a non-refundable payment of HK\$1 from the grantee to the Company by way of a consideration for the grant thereof.

Basis of determining the subscription price

The subscription price of a share of the Company in respect of any option that may be granted under the 2012 Scheme shall be such price as the Board in its absolute discretion shall determine, save that such price will not be less than the higher of:

- (i) the closing price of the shares of the Company as stated in the daily quotations sheet of the Stock Exchange on the date of offer of the option, which must be a business day; and

每名參與者可獲授權之上限

每名參與者在截至授出購股權當日止任何十二個月期間內，獲授及將獲授之購股權（包括已行使及尚未行使者）予以行使時而獲發行及將獲發行之本公司股份總數，不得超過授出購股權當日之本公司已發行股份數目之1%（「個別上限」）。倘向一名參與者再行授予購股權會導致在截至及包括再授出購股權當日止十二個月內其獲授及將獲授予該參與者的全部購股權（包括已行使、已註銷及尚未行使者）予以行使時而獲發行及將獲發行之股份超逾個別上限，該再行授出購股權一事則須經股東在本公司股東大會上審批，而有關參與者及其聯繫人士均須在會上放棄投票權。

購股權之行使期間

購股權可於董事局釐定之期間內隨時行使，惟該期間不得自授出購股權日期起計超過十年。

購股權行使前的最短持有期限

除董事局另有決定及於提議授出有關購股權時所規定者外，並無設有購股權行使之前必須持有的最短期限。

購股權之接納

承授人須於提議授出購股權之日起計二十八日內，提出接納購股權，並向本公司支付1港元，作為獲授購股權之代價，此款項將不可退回。

認購價之釐定基準

根據二零一二年計劃可予授出之任何購股權項下之本公司每股股份之認購價將由董事局全權釐定，惟該認購價不得低於以下兩者之較高者：

- (i) 提議授出購股權當日（必須為營業日）在聯交所每日報價表所列本公司股份之收市價；及

- (ii) the average of the closing prices of the shares of the Company as stated in the Stock Exchange's daily quotations sheets for the 5 business days immediately preceding the date of offer of the option.

Remaining life

Subject to earlier termination by the Company in general meeting or by the Board, the 2012 Scheme shall be valid and effective till 31st May, 2022. After the expiry of such valid period, no further options will be offered or granted but in all other respects the provisions of the 2012 Scheme shall remain in full force and effect.

DIRECTORS' INTERESTS IN ARRANGEMENTS TO ACQUIRE SHARES OR DEBENTURES

Apart from the 2012 Scheme, at no time during the year nor at the end of the year ended 31st December, 2016, was the Company or any of its subsidiaries a party to any arrangements to enable the Directors of the Company to acquire benefits by means of the acquisition of shares in, or debentures of, the Company or any other body corporate.

DIRECTORS' INTERESTS IN COMPETING BUSINESS

The following Directors of the Company are considered to have interests in business which may compete or is likely to compete, either directly or indirectly, with the business of the Group, other than that business where the Directors have been appointed/were appointed as directors to represent the interests of the Company and/or the Group, pursuant to the Listing Rules:

- (i) Mr Ge Peijian is the vice president and the general manager of Zhangjiang Hi-Tech. Zhangjiang Hi-Tech, its subsidiaries and associates have participated in property development and investment in the Mainland, including, inter alia, in Zhangjiang Hi-Tech Park of Pudong New Area ("Zhangjiang Park") in Shanghai; and

- (ii) 在緊接提議授出購股權日期前五個營業日在聯交所每日報價表所列本公司股份之收市價之平均數。

尚餘之有效期

倘本公司並無在股東大會上提早終止或董事局並無提早終止計劃，二零一二年計劃將有效至二零二二年五月三十一日止。於有效期限屆滿後將不會再行提議授予或授出購股權，惟二零一二年計劃之條款在其他各方面將仍全面有效。

董事於購買股份或債券之安排之利益

除二零一二年計劃外，於截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度內任何時間或年度終結日，本公司或其任何附屬公司概無參與任何安排，致使本公司董事可透過購入本公司或任何其他法人團體之股份或債權證而獲益。

董事在競爭業務之權益

根據《上市規則》，以下本公司董事除因已獲委任或曾獲委任為董事以代表本公司及／或本集團權益之業務外，被視為在與本集團之業務直接或間接地或許構成或可能構成競爭之業務中擁有權益：

- (i) 葛培健先生為張江股份之副董事長及總經理。張江股份、其附屬公司及聯營公司在內地（其中包括在上海市浦東新區之張江高科技園區（「張江園區」））從事房地產發展及投資；及

Report of the Directors 董事局報告書

- (ii) Madam Hsu Feng and Mr Albert Tong are chairman and vice-chairman of board of directors of TGL respectively. They are also substantial shareholders of TGL. TGL has through its subsidiaries taken part in property development and investment in Shanghai, mainly in Pudong New Area, as well as in Tianjin and Macau.

Property development and investment is one of the principal activities of the Group. The Group participates in property development and management in the Zhangjiang Park and Fengxian District of Shanghai through its subsidiaries and an associated company. Accordingly, the business of Zhangjiang Hi-Tech and TGL (collectively the “Potential Competitors”) in the property sector in Shanghai (the “Excluded Business”) may potentially compete with the Group’s business. Zhangjiang Hi-Tech is a listed company in Shanghai and TGL is a listed company in Hong Kong. The Group’s business and the Excluded Business are managed by independent management and administration respectively. Besides, the Board is independent of the boards of directors of the Potential Competitors and the independent non-executive Directors of the Company would assist in monitoring the operation of the Group, the Group is therefore capable of carrying on its business independently of, and at an arm’s length from, the Excluded Business.

DIRECTORS’ INTERESTS IN TRANSACTIONS, ARRANGEMENTS AND CONTRACTS

No transactions, arrangements or contracts of significance to the business of the Group to which the Company or any of its subsidiaries was a party and in which a Director of the Company or an entity connected with him (within the meaning of Section 486 of the Companies Ordinance) had a material interest, whether directly or indirectly, were entered into during the year ended 31st December, 2016 or subsisted at the end of the year or at any time during the year.

MANAGEMENT CONTRACTS

Save for the arrangement for sharing of administrative expenses with TGL as disclosed in Note 24(b) to the consolidated financial statements on page 112, no contracts for the management and administration of the whole or any substantial part of any business of the Group were entered into or subsisted during the year ended 31st December, 2016.

- (ii) 徐楓女士及湯子同先生分別為湯臣集團之董事局主席及副主席，且彼等為湯臣集團之主要股東。湯臣集團透過其附屬公司在上海市（主要在浦東新區）以及在天津市及澳門從事房地產發展及投資。

本集團其中一項主要業務為從事物業發展及投資。本集團透過其附屬公司及一家聯營公司在上海市張江園區及奉賢區從事物業發展及管理。因此，張江股份及湯臣集團（統稱「潛在競爭者」）於上海市之房地產業務（「除外業務」）或許與本集團之業務構成潛在的競爭。張江股份為一家上海市之上市公司及湯臣集團為一家香港上市公司。本集團之業務及除外業務分別由獨立管理層及行政架構所管理。此外，本公司董事局獨立於潛在競爭者之董事局，而本公司之獨立非執行董事將協助監察本集團之營運，因此，本集團能獨立於除外業務，並基於各自利益經營其本身業務。

董事於交易、安排或合約之利益

於截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度內，本公司或其任何附屬公司概無訂立就本集團業務而言屬重大的交易、安排或合約，而本公司董事或任何與其有關連之實體（按《公司條例》第486條所載的定義詮釋）於當中直接或間接地擁有具相當份量的利害關係，且在年度終結日或年度內任何時間並無存在該等交易、安排或合約。

管理合約

除於第112頁綜合財務報表附註24(b)披露之與湯臣集團之分擔行政費用安排外，於截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度內，本集團概無訂立或存在任何涉及管理和處理本集團全部或任何重大部份業務之合約。

PENSION SCHEMES

The Company participates in a pension scheme, which was registered under the Mandatory Provident Fund Schemes Ordinance (Chapter 485) (the “MPF Ordinance”), for all its employees in Hong Kong. The scheme is a defined contribution scheme effective from November 2002 and is funded by contributions from employer and employees pursuant to the provisions of the MPF Ordinance. Should the employer make any voluntary contributions for the employees under the scheme, forfeited contributions in this nature can be applied to reduce the amount of future voluntary contributions payable by the employer.

In addition, the employees of the Group in the Mainland are members of respective state-managed defined contribution retirement benefits schemes operated by the local government. The employer and the employees are obliged to make contributions at a certain percentage of the payroll under rules of the schemes.

During the year under review, the total amount contributed by the Group to the above schemes and charged to the Consolidated Statement of Profit or Loss amounted to HK\$36,000 (2015: HK\$44,000) and no contributions were forfeited.

RELATIONSHIPS WITH EMPLOYEES, CUSTOMERS AND SUPPLIERS

The Group understands that employees are valuable assets to the Group’s business. The Group provides competitive remuneration package and makes regular review to attract and motivate the employees.

The Group also understands that relationship is the fundamentals of business. Therefore, the Group maintains close relationship with its suppliers and customers. To maintain the Group’s competitiveness, the Group aims at delivering constantly quality products and services to its customers. During the year ended 31st December, 2016, there was no material and significant dispute between the Group and its suppliers and/or customers.

退休金計劃

本公司為其所有於香港之僱員參與了一項於《強制性公積金計劃條例》(第485章)(「《強積金條例》」)下註冊之退休金計劃。該退休金計劃為界定供款計劃，並由二零零二年十一月起生效。該計劃乃根據《強積金條例》之條款由僱主及僱員作出供款。如僱主在該計劃下為僱員作出任何自願性之供款，則此性質之已被沒收之供款可用作扣減僱主將來應付而未付之自願性供款款額。

此外，本集團在內地之僱員均為個別地方政府營辦之國家管理界定供款退休福利計劃之成員，僱主及僱員均須根據該等計劃之規則按薪酬之若干百分比作出供款。

於回顧年度內，本集團對上述計劃作出之供款及記入綜合損益表之款項總額達36,000港元(二零一五年：44,000港元)，且並無已被沒收之供款。

與僱員、客戶及供應商之關係

本集團深明僱員對本集團之業務為寶貴資產。本集團提供具競爭力之薪酬方案並作出定期檢討，以吸引及激勵僱員。

本集團亦深明關係乃業務之根本。因此，本集團與其供應商及客戶保持密切關係。為維持本集團之競爭力，本集團致力向其客戶提供一貫之優質產品及服務。於截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度內，本集團與其供應商及／或客戶之間概無重要及重大之糾紛。

SHAREHOLDERS' INTERESTS AND SHORT POSITIONS

As at 31st December, 2016, the following shareholders (other than the Directors of the Company) were interested, directly or indirectly, in 5% or more of the number of issued shares and underlying shares of the Company and those interests were required to be recorded in the register required to be kept under Section 336 of the SFO:

(1) Substantial shareholders:

Name of shareholders	股東名稱	Number of shares held (proportion to the number of issued shares) 所持有股份數目 (佔已發行股份數目之百分比)	
Shanghai Zhangjiang (Group) Co., Ltd. ("Zhangjiang Group") (a)	上海張江(集團)有限公司 (「張江集團」) (a)	779,955,407	(29.90%)
Shanghai Zhangjiang Hi-Tech Park Development Co., Ltd. ("Zhangjiang Hi-Tech") (a)	上海張江高科技園區開發股份有限公司 (「張江股份」) (a)	779,955,407	(29.90%)
Mr Tong Chi Kar Charles (b)	湯子嘉先生 (b)	779,274,488	(29.87%)

(2) Other persons:

Name of shareholder	股東名稱	Number of shares held (proportion to the number of issued shares) 所持有股份數目 (佔已發行股份數目之百分比)	
Tomson Group Limited ("TGL") (c)	湯臣集團有限公司(「湯臣集團」) (c)	255,676,326	(9.80%)

Notes:

(a) The references to 779,955,407 issued shares were related to the same block of shares of the Company which was beneficially held by Best Central. Best Central was a wholly-owned subsidiary of Shanghai (Z.J.) Hi-Tech Park Limited ("Shanghai (Z.J.)") which was in turn wholly owned by Zhangjiang Hi-Tech in which Zhangjiang Group held more than 50% interest. Therefore, Best Central, Shanghai (Z.J.), Zhangjiang Hi-Tech and Zhangjiang Group were interested or were taken to be interested in these shares pursuant to the SFO.

股東之權益及淡倉

於二零一六年十二月三十一日，下列股東（本公司董事除外）直接或間接地擁有本公司之已發行股份及相關股份數目達5%或以上的權益，而該等權益須遵照《證券及期貨條例》第336條之規定載錄於須予備存之登記冊內：

(1) 主要股東：

		Number of shares held (proportion to the number of issued shares) 所持有股份數目 (佔已發行股份數目之百分比)	
	Shanghai Zhangjiang (Group) Co., Ltd. ("Zhangjiang Group") (a)	779,955,407	(29.90%)
	Shanghai Zhangjiang Hi-Tech Park Development Co., Ltd. ("Zhangjiang Hi-Tech") (a)	779,955,407	(29.90%)
	Mr Tong Chi Kar Charles (b)	779,274,488	(29.87%)

(2) 其他人士：

		Number of shares held (proportion to the number of issued shares) 所持有股份數目 (佔已發行股份數目之百分比)	
	Tomson Group Limited ("TGL") (c)	255,676,326	(9.80%)

附註：

(a) 上述所提及之779,955,407股已發行股份乃指本公司之同一批股份，該等股份由 Best Central 實益擁有。Best Central 為 Shanghai (Z.J.) Hi-Tech Park Limited (「Shanghai (Z.J.)」) 之全資附屬公司，而後者由張江股份全資擁有，張江集團則持有張江股份中逾50%權益。因此，Best Central、Shanghai (Z.J.)、張江股份及張江集團根據《證券及期貨條例》擁有或被視為擁有該等股份的權益。

- (b) By virtue of being a person acting in concert with Madam Hsu Feng, Mr Tong Chi Kar Charles was taken to have an interest in 779,274,488 issued shares of the Company which referred to the same block of shares of the Company in which Madam Hsu Feng and Mr Albert Tong were interested or taken to be interested, as disclosed in the above paragraph headed “Directors’ Interests and Short Positions in Securities” in this Report.
- (c) The 255,676,326 issued shares of the Company were beneficially held by Cosmos Success. Cosmos Success was a wholly-owned subsidiary of Hoffman Enterprises Corp. (“Hoffman”) which was in turn wholly owned by Tomson Corporation in which TGL held the entire interest. Therefore, Cosmos Success, Hoffman, Tomson Corporation and TGL were interested or were taken to be interested in these shares pursuant to the SFO.

The aforesaid shares constituted a part of the total interests of Madam Hsu Feng, Mr Albert Tong and Mr Tong Chi Kar Charles in the shares of the Company as disclosed in the above paragraph headed “Directors’ Interests and Short Positions in Securities” in this Report and in this paragraph respectively.

Save for the above interests, the Directors of the Company are not aware of any person (other than the Directors of the Company) who had, directly or indirectly, interests or short positions in the number of issued shares and the underlying shares of the Company and those interests or short positions were required to be recorded in the register kept under Section 336 of the SFO as at 31st December, 2016.

SUFFICIENCY OF PUBLIC FLOAT

Based on information that is publicly available to the Company and within the knowledge of the Directors as at the date of this Report, the Company maintains a sufficient public float as prescribed by the Listing Rules.

ENVIRONMENTAL POLICIES AND PERFORMANCE

During the year ended 31st December, 2016, the Group has mainly engaged in the sale and leasing of car parking spaces in Shanghai and securities trading in Hong Kong, so the principal activities of the Group did not give rise to any material adverse influences to the environment.

- (b) 湯子嘉先生由於被界定與徐楓女士為一致行動人士，故被視為擁有779,274,488股本公司已發行股份之權益。該等股份乃指本報告書內前述標題為「董事之證券權益及淡倉」一節所披露之徐楓女士及湯子同先生擁有或被視為擁有之本公司之同一批股份權益。
- (c) 該等255,676,326股本公司已發行股份為國勝實益持有。國勝為 Hoffman Enterprises Corp. (「Hoffman」) 之全資附屬公司，後者由 Tomson Corporation 全資擁有，而湯臣集團則持有 Tomson Corporation 之全部權益。因此，國勝、Hoffman、Tomson Corporation 及湯臣集團根據《證券及期貨條例》擁有或被視為擁有該等股份之權益。

上述股份分別構成載於本報告書內前述標題為「董事之證券權益及淡倉」一節及本節內披露之徐楓女士、湯子同先生及湯子嘉先生在本公司股份中持有之權益總數之一部份。

除上述權益外，據本公司董事所知，概無任何本公司董事以外的人士於二零一六年十二月三十一日直接或間接地擁有本公司之已發行股份及相關股份數目中之權益或淡倉，而該等權益或淡倉須遵照《證券及期貨條例》第336條之規定載錄於須予備存之登記冊內。

足夠公眾持股量

本公司根據於本報告書刊發之日之公開資料及就各董事所知，本公司維持《上市規則》規定下之足夠公眾持股量。

環境政策及表現

本集團在截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度內主要於上海市出售及出租停車位及於香港進行證券買賣，故本集團之主要業務並無對環境帶來任何重大不利影響。

Report of the Directors 董事局報告書

The Group is committed to acting in an environmentally responsible manner. The conscientious use of resources and adoption of green office practices in the Group's offices, such as double-sided printing and copying, promoting re-cycling principle and reducing energy consumption by switching off idle lightings and electrical appliances, underlie its commitment to safeguarding the environment.

COMPLIANCE WITH LAWS AND REGULATIONS

The Group commits to comply with the relevant laws and regulations including, inter alia, the Companies Ordinance, the Listing Rules, and other applicable local laws and regulations in various jurisdictions in which it operates. During the year ended 31st December, 2016, the Group was not aware of any non-compliance with any relevant laws and regulations that had a significant impact on it.

AUDITOR

The consolidated financial statements of the Group for the year ended 31st December, 2016 have been audited by the Auditor of the Company, Messrs Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu and there was no change in the Auditor of the Company in the previous three financial years.

They will retire at the conclusion of the 2017 AGM and, being eligible, offer themselves for re-appointment.

On behalf of the Board
Albert Tong
Executive Director

Hong Kong, 17th March, 2017

本集團致力以對環境負責任之態度行事。本集團辦事處審慎運用資源，並採用綠色辦公室措施，例如雙面打印及影印、提倡循環再做之原則及透過關掉閒置的電燈及電器減少耗能，以達致其保護環境的承諾。

遵守法律及規例

本集團致力遵守相關法律及規例，其中包括《公司條例》、《上市規則》及本集團經營所在之不同司法管轄區適用之其他當地法律及規例。於截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度內，本集團並無知悉其未有遵守任何對本集團有重大影響的相關法律及規例。

核數師

本集團截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度的綜合財務報表由本公司核數師 — 德勤•關黃陳方會計師行審核。本公司於過往三個財政年度沒有更換核數師。

該會計師行將於二零一七年度股東週年大會散會時退任，惟合資格並願意在膺選後連任。

代表董事局
執行董事
湯子同

香港，二零一七年三月十七日



**TO THE MEMBERS OF
RIVERA (HOLDINGS) LIMITED**
(incorporated in Hong Kong with limited liability)

致川河集團有限公司成員
(於香港註冊成立的有限公司)

OPINION

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of Rivera (Holdings) Limited (the “Company”) and its subsidiaries (collectively referred to as “the Group”) set out on pages 58 to 118, which comprise the consolidated statement of financial position as at 31st December, 2016, and the consolidated statement of profit or loss, consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, consolidated statement of changes in equity and consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements give a true and fair view of the consolidated financial position of the Group as at 31st December, 2016, and of its consolidated financial performance and its consolidated cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards (“HKFRSs”) issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants (“HKICPA”) and have been properly prepared in compliance with the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

BASIS FOR OPINION

We conducted our audit in accordance with Hong Kong Standards on Auditing (“HKSA”) issued by the HKICPA. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor’s Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with the HKICPA’s Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (“the Code”), and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

意見

本核數師(「我們」)已審計列載於第58至第118頁的川河集團有限公司(「貴公司」)及其附屬公司(以下統稱「貴集團」)的綜合財務報表，此財務報表包括於二零一六年十二月三十一日的綜合財務狀況表與截至該日止年度的綜合損益表、綜合損益及其他全面收益表、綜合權益變動表和綜合現金流量表，以及綜合財務報表附註，包括主要會計政策概要。

我們認為，該等綜合財務報表已根據香港會計師公會頒佈的《香港財務報告準則》真實而中肯地反映了貴集團於二零一六年十二月三十一日的綜合財務狀況及截至該日止年度的綜合財務表現及綜合現金流量，並已遵照香港《公司條例》妥為擬備。

意見的基礎

我們已根據香港會計師公會頒佈的《香港審計準則》進行審計。我們在該等準則下承擔的責任已在本報告「核數師就審計綜合財務報表承擔的責任」部分中作進一步闡述。根據香港會計師公會頒佈的《專業會計師道德守則》(「守則」)，我們獨立於貴集團，並已履行守則中的其他專業道德責任。我們相信，我們所獲得的審計憑證能充足及適當地為我們的審計意見提供基礎。

KEY AUDIT MATTERS

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the consolidated financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

Key audit matter

Interest in an associate

We identified the interest in an associate as a key audit matter due to the significance of the Group's interest in the associate to the consolidated financial statements as a whole.

As disclosed in Note 18 to the consolidated financial statements, the Company held 37% interest in the associate, Shanghai Zhangjiang Micro-electronics Port Co. Ltd., and which is the Group's strategic investment in Shanghai. The Group's share of results from the associate for the year ended 31st December, 2016 is HK\$187,883,000 which is approximately 61% of the Group's profit for the year and the Group's share of the associate's net assets is HK\$921,610,000 as at 31st December, 2016 which is approximately 34% of the Group's total assets.

As further disclosed in Note 18 to the consolidated financial statements, the principal activities of the associate are property development and management. The Group's share of results of an associate is highly dependent on the associate's revenue recognised for the year ended 31st December, 2016. We also focused on the properties held for sale and land appreciation tax payable which represented approximately 29% of the total assets of the associate and approximately 21% of the total liabilities of the associate, respectively as at 31st December, 2016.

關鍵審計事項

關鍵審計事項是根據我們的專業判斷，認為對本期綜合財務報表的審計最為重要的事項。這些事項是在我們審計整體綜合財務報表及出具意見時進行處理的。我們不會對這些事項提供單獨的意見。

關鍵審計事項

於聯營公司之權益

我們識別於聯營公司之權益作為關鍵審計事項，乃由於於聯營公司之權益成為了貴集團的綜合財務報表中的重要資產。

誠如綜合財務報表附註18所載，貴公司持有聯營公司—上海張江微電子港有限公司37%權益，是貴集團於上海的策略投資。截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度，貴集團應佔聯營公司之業績為187,883,000港元，即約佔貴集團的年度溢利61%，而於二零一六年十二月三十一日，貴集團應佔聯營公司資產淨值為921,610,000港元，約佔貴集團的總資產34%。

誠如綜合財務報表附註18所載，聯營公司之主要業務為物業發展及管理。貴集團應佔聯營公司之業績是高度依賴聯營公司截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度的收入之確認。我們的審計還專注於待售物業和應付土地增值稅，於二零一六年十二月三十一日，待售物業和應付土地增值稅分別佔聯營公司的總資產和總負債約29%和21%。

How our audit addressed the key audit matters

Our procedures in relation to the interest in an associate included:

- Involving a component audit team to perform audit of the financial information of the associate;
- Discussing with the management of the Group and working with the component audit team to understand the associate's business performance and significant events for the year to identify and assess risks that are significant to the audit of the Group's consolidated financial statements;
- Evaluating the sufficiency and appropriateness of the component audit team's work by reviewing their underlying audit documentation;
- Discussing with the component audit team to further understand results of their work in particular those on the associate's revenue, properties held for sale and land appreciation tax payable; and
- Evaluating the accuracy of financial data of the associate used by the management of the Group by comparing them with financial information audited by the component audit team.

OTHER INFORMATION

The Directors of the Company are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the annual report, but does not include the consolidated financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the consolidated financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the consolidated financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the consolidated financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

我們的審計如何對關鍵審計事項進行處理

對於該聯營公司之權益的相關程序包括以下要素或多項要素相結合：

- 組成部分審計師對聯營公司的財務信息進行實地審計；
- 通過與 貴集團的管理層討論及與組成部分審計師的合作，瞭解聯營公司於本年度的財務表現和重大事件，從而識別和評估 貴集團的綜合財務報表中的審計重大風險；
- 覆核組成部分審計師的工作底稿，評估他們的審計工作的充分性和適當性；
- 與組成部分審計師進行討論，以進一步瞭解他們的工作的成果，特別是於聯營公司之收入之確認，待售物業和應付土地增值稅；和
- 將 貴集團管理層採用的聯營公司之財務信息與經組成部分審計師審計之財務信息進行比較，以評估管理層採用的聯營公司之財務信息的準確性。

其他信息

貴公司董事需對其他信息負責。其他信息包括刊載於年報內的信息，但不包括綜合財務報表及我們的核數師報告。

我們對綜合財務報表的意見並不涵蓋其他信息，我們亦不對該等其他信息發表任何形式的鑒證結論。

結合我們對綜合財務報表的審計，我們的責任是閱讀其他信息，在此過程中，考慮其他信息是否與綜合財務報表或我們在審計過程中所瞭解的情況存在重大抵觸或者似乎存在重大錯誤陳述的情況。基於我們已執行的工作，如果我們認為其他信息存在重大錯誤陳述，我們需要報告該事實。在這方面，我們沒有任何報告。

Independent Auditor's Report 獨立核數師報告書

RESPONSIBILITIES OF DIRECTORS AND THOSE CHARGED WITH GOVERNANCE FOR THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The Directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation of the consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with HKFRSs issued by the HKICPA and the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance, and for such internal control as the Directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, the Directors are responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Directors either intend to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Group's financial reporting process.

AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE AUDIT OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion solely to you, as a body, in accordance with section 405 of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance, and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility towards or accept liability to any other person for the contents of this report. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with HKSAAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

董事及管理層就綜合財務報表須 承擔的責任

貴公司董事須負責根據香港會計師公會頒佈的《香港財務報告準則》及香港《公司條例》擬備真實而中肯的綜合財務報表，並對其認為為使綜合財務報表的擬備不存在由於欺詐或錯誤而導致的重大錯誤陳述所需的內部監控負責。

在擬備綜合財務報表時，董事負責評估貴集團持續經營的能力，並在適用情況下披露與持續經營有關的事項，以及使用持續經營為會計基礎，除非董事有意將貴集團清盤或停止經營，或別無其他實際的替代方案。

管理層須負責監督貴集團的財務報告過程。

核數師就審計綜合財務報表承擔 的責任

我們的目標，是對綜合財務報表整體是否不存在由於欺詐或錯誤而導致的重大錯誤陳述取得合理保證，並按照香港《公司條例》第405條的規定僅向全體成員出具包括我們意見的核數師報告。除此以外，我們的報告不可用作其他用途。本行並不就本行報告之內容對任何其他人士承擔任何責任或接受任何義務。合理保證是高水準的保證，但不能保證按照《香港審計準則》進行的審計，在某一重大錯誤陳述存在時總能發現。錯誤陳述可以由欺詐或錯誤引起，如果合理預期它們單獨或匯總起來可能影響綜合財務報表使用者依賴財務報表所作出的經濟決定，則有關的錯誤陳述可被視作重大。

As part of an audit in accordance with HKSAAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the Directors.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the Directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

在根據《香港審計準則》進行審計的過程中，我們運用了專業判斷，保持了專業懷疑態度。我們亦：

- 識別和評估由於欺詐或錯誤而導致綜合財務報表存在重大錯誤陳述的風險，設計及執行審計程式以應對這些風險，以及獲取充足和適當的審計憑證，作為我們意見的基礎。由於欺詐可能涉及串謀、偽造、蓄意遺漏、虛假陳述，或凌駕於內部監控之上，因此未能發現因欺詐而導致的重大錯誤陳述的風險高於未能發現因錯誤而導致的重大錯誤陳述的風險。
- 瞭解與審計相關的內部監控，以設計適當的審計程序，但目的並非對 貴集團內部監控的有效性發表意見。
- 評價董事所採用會計政策的恰當性及作出會計估計和相關披露的合理性。
- 對董事採用持續經營會計基礎的恰當性作出結論。根據所獲取的審計憑證，確定是否存在與事項或情況有關的重大不確定性，從而可能導致對 貴集團的持續經營能力產生重大疑慮。如果我們認為存在重大不確定性，則有必要在核數師報告中提請使用者注意綜合財務報表中的相關披露。假若有關的披露不足，則我們應當發表非無保留意見。我們的結論是基於核數師報告日止所取得的審計憑證。然而，未來事項或情況可能導致 貴集團不能持續經營。
- 評價綜合財務報表的整體列報方式、結構和內容，包括披露，以及綜合財務報表是否中肯反映交易和事項。

Independent Auditor's Report 獨立核數師報告書

- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Group to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

The engagement partner on the audit resulting in the independent auditor's report is Sze On Tat.

Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu
Certified Public Accountants
Hong Kong

17th March, 2017

- 就 貴集團內實體或業務活動的財務信息獲取充足、適當的審計憑證，以對綜合財務報表發表意見。我們負責 貴集團審計的方向、監督和執行。我們為審計意見承擔全部責任。

除其他事項外，我們與管理層溝通了計畫的審計範圍、時間安排、重大審計發現等，包括我們在審計中識別出內部監控的任何重大缺陷。

我們還向管理層提交聲明，說明我們已符合有關獨立性的相關專業道德要求，並與他們溝通有可能合理地被認為會影響我們獨立性的所有關係和其他事項，以及在適用的情況下，相關的防範措施。

從與管理層溝通的事項中，我們確定哪些事項對本期綜合財務報表的審計最為重要，因而構成關鍵審計事項。我們在核數師報告中描述這些事項，除非法律法規不允許公開披露這些事項，或在極端罕見的情況下，如果合理預期在我們報告中溝通某事項造成的負面後果超過產生的公眾利益，我們決定不應在報告中溝通該事項。

出具本獨立核數師報告書的審計項目合夥人是施安達。

德勤•關黃陳方會計師行
執業會計師
香港

二零一七年三月十七日

Consolidated Statement of Profit or Loss

綜合損益表

For the year ended 31st December, 2016 截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度

		Notes 附註	2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000 千港元	2015 二零一五年 HK\$'000 千港元
Gross proceeds from operations	經營收益總額	7&8	633,532	401,178
Revenue	收入	7&8	3,681	1,955
Cost of sales	銷售成本		(1,046)	(581)
Gross profit	毛利		2,635	1,374
Dividends from available-for-sale investments	可供出售投資之股息收入		38,220	19,118
Other income	其他收入	9	12,802	20,909
Selling expenses	銷售費用		(64)	(104)
Administrative expenses	行政費用		(12,102)	(12,449)
Exchange loss	匯兌虧損		(10,571)	(14,305)
Net gain in held-for-trading investments	待售投資收益淨額		101,220	13,278
			132,140	27,821
Share of results of an associate	應佔聯營公司業績		187,883	141,306
Profit before taxation	除稅前溢利		320,023	169,127
Taxation	稅項	10	(14,173)	5,463
Profit for the year	年度溢利	11	305,850	174,590
Profit for the year attributable to:	年度溢利分配如下:			
Owners of the Company	本公司權益持有人		305,586	174,126
Non-controlling interests	非控股股東權益		264	464
			305,850	174,590
Earnings per share (HK cents)	每股盈利(港仙)			
– Basic	– 基本	14	11.71	6.68

Consolidated Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income

綜合損益及其他全面收益表

For the year ended 31st December, 2016 截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度

		2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000 千港元	2015 二零一五年 HK\$'000 千港元
Profit for the year	年度溢利	305,850	174,590
Other comprehensive income (expense): <i>Items that may be subsequently reclassified to profit or loss</i>	其他全面收入(開支): <i>可重新分類至損益表的項目</i>		
Gain (loss) on change in fair value of available-for-sale investments	可供出售投資公平值變動時產生之收益(虧損)	147,022	(21,512)
Exchange differences arising from translation of:	換算下列各項時產生之匯兌差額:		
– other foreign operations	– 其他海外業務	(10,930)	(12,137)
– an associate	– 一家聯營公司	(55,701)	(40,257)
Other comprehensive income (expense) for the year	年度其他全面收入(開支)	80,391	(73,906)
Total comprehensive income for the year	年度全面收益總額	386,241	100,684
Total comprehensive income (expense) attributable to:	全面收益(開支)總額分配如下:		
Owners of the Company	本公司權益持有人	386,684	101,005
Non-controlling interests	非控股股東權益	(443)	(321)
		386,241	100,684

Consolidated Statement of Financial Position

綜合財務狀況表

At 31st December, 2016 於二零一六年十二月三十一日

		Notes 附註	2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000 千港元	2015 二零一五年 HK\$'000 千港元
Non-current Assets	非流動資產			
Property, plant and equipment	物業、廠房及設備	15	6,337	7,385
Investment property	投資物業	17	28,563	28,563
Interest in an associate	於聯營公司之權益	18	921,610	859,425
Deferred tax assets	遞延稅項資產	25	15,324	16,245
Available-for-sale investments	可供出售投資	19	556,689	334,880
			1,528,523	1,246,498
Current Assets	流動資產			
Properties held for sale	待售物業		18,089	20,325
Held-for-trading investments	待售投資	20	27,369	433,437
Other receivables and prepayments	其他應收賬款及預付款項		24,358	21,842
Cash and bank balances	現金及銀行結餘	21	1,152,132	697,398
			1,221,948	1,173,002
Current Liabilities	流動負債			
Trade and other payables and accruals	應付貿易賬款、其他應付 賬款及預提款項	22	19,606	20,611
Tax payable	應付稅項		101,063	109,051
			120,669	129,662
Net Current Assets	流動資產淨值		1,101,279	1,043,340
Total Assets less Current Liabilities	總資產減流動負債		2,629,802	2,289,838
Capital and Reserves	資本及儲備			
Share capital	股本	23	442,244	442,244
Reserves	儲備		2,124,370	1,789,857
Equity attributable to owners of the Company	本公司權益持有人應佔權益		2,566,614	2,232,101
Non-controlling interests	非控股股東權益		10,238	10,681
Total Equity	總權益		2,576,852	2,242,782
Non-current Liability	非流動負債			
Deferred tax liabilities	遞延稅項負債	25	52,950	47,056
			2,629,802	2,289,838

The consolidated financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the Board of Directors on 17th March, 2017 and are signed on its behalf by:

Ge Peijian
葛培健
Chairman
主席

Albert Tong
湯子同
Director
董事

綜合財務報表於二零一七年三月十七日獲董事局批准並授權刊發，並由下列董事代表簽署：

Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity

綜合權益變動表

For the year ended 31st December, 2016 截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度

	Attributable to owners of the Company 本公司權益持有人應佔							
	Share capital 股本	Foreign currency translation reserve 外幣兌換儲備	Investment revaluation reserve 投資重估儲備	Other non-distributable reserve 其他不可分派儲備	Retained profits 保留溢利	Total capital and reserves 資本及儲備總額	Non-controlling interests 非控股股東權益	Total equity 總權益
	HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元
Balance at 1st January, 2015	442,244	166,923	44,046	40,266	1,489,788	2,183,267	21,183	2,204,450
Loss on change in fair value of available-for-sale investments	-	-	(21,512)	-	-	(21,512)	-	(21,512)
Exchange differences arising from translation of: - other foreign operations - an associate	-	(11,352) (40,257)	-	-	-	(11,352) (40,257)	(785)	(12,137) (40,257)
Other comprehensive expense for the year Profit for the year	-	(51,609)	(21,512)	-	174,126	(73,121) 174,126	(785) 464	(73,906) 174,590
Total comprehensive (expense) income for the year	-	(51,609)	(21,512)	-	174,126	101,005	(321)	100,684
Transfer from retained profits of a subsidiary to other non-distributable reserve	-	-	-	663	(663)	-	-	-
Dividend paid (Note 13)	-	-	-	-	(52,171)	(52,171)	-	(52,171)
Dividend paid to non-controlling interests of a subsidiary	-	-	-	-	-	-	(10,181)	(10,181)
Balance at 31st December, 2015	442,244	115,314	22,534	40,929	1,611,080	2,232,101	10,681	2,242,782

於二零一五年一月一日結餘

可供出售投資公平值變動時產生之虧損

換算下列項目時產生之匯兌差額：
- 其他海外業務
- 一家聯營公司

年度其他全面開支
年度溢利

年度全面(開支)收益總額

附屬公司將其保留溢利轉至其他不可分派儲備
派付股息(附註13)
已付一家附屬公司之非控股股東權益之股息

於二零一五年十二月三十一日結餘

Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity 綜合權益變動表

For the year ended 31st December, 2016 截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度

	Attributable to owners of the Company 本公司權益持有人應佔							Total equity 總權益
	Share capital 股本	Foreign currency translation reserve 外幣兌換儲備	Investment revaluation reserve 投資重估儲備	Other non-distributable reserve 其他不可分派儲備	Retained profits 保留溢利	Total capital and reserves 資本及儲備總額	Non-controlling interests 非控股股東權益	
	HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元	(Note b) (附註b) HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元
Balance at 31st December, 2015	442,244	115,314	22,534	40,929	1,611,080	2,232,101	10,681	2,242,782
Gain on change in fair value of available-for-sale investments	-	-	147,022	-	-	147,022	-	147,022
Exchange differences arising from translation of:								
- other foreign operations	-	(10,223)	-	-	-	(10,223)	(707)	(10,930)
- an associate	-	(55,701)	-	-	-	(55,701)	-	(55,701)
Other comprehensive (expense) income for the year	-	(65,924)	147,022	-	-	81,098	(707)	80,391
Profit for the year	-	-	-	-	305,586	305,586	264	305,850
Total comprehensive (expense) income for the year	-	(65,924)	147,022	-	305,586	386,684	(443)	386,241
Transfer from retained profits of a subsidiary to other non-distributable reserve	-	-	-	353	(353)	-	-	-
Dividend paid (Note 13)	-	-	-	-	(52,171)	(52,171)	-	(52,171)
Balance at 31st December, 2016	442,244	49,390	169,556	41,282	1,864,142	2,566,614	10,238	2,576,852

Note a: Other non-distributable reserve represents enterprise expansion fund and statutory reserve of a subsidiary in the Mainland of the People's Republic of China (the "Mainland China").

附註a: 其他不可分派儲備乃指一家附屬公司於中華人民共和國內地(「中國內地」)之企業發展基金及法定儲備。

Note b: At 31st December, 2016, included in retained profits with aggregate amount of HK\$148,370,000 (2015: HK\$134,758,000) is the appropriation to enterprise expansion fund and statutory reserve by an associate established in the Mainland China attributable to the Group.

附註b: 於二零一六年十二月三十一日,計入保留溢利合共148,370,000港元(二零一五年: 134,758,000港元)乃為本集團應佔於中國內地成立之一家聯營公司之企業發展基金及法定儲備之分配。

Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows

綜合現金流量表

For the year ended 31st December, 2016 截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度

		2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000 千港元	2015 二零一五年 HK\$'000 千港元
OPERATING ACTIVITIES	經營活動		
Profit before taxation	除稅前溢利	320,023	169,127
Adjustments for:	經以下調整：		
Interest income	利息收入	(12,696)	(18,834)
Dividends from available-for-sale investments	可供出售投資之股息收入	(38,220)	(19,118)
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment	物業、廠房及設備折舊	1,047	1,047
Loss on change in fair value of held-for-trading investments	待售投資公平值變動時產生之虧損	226	47,499
Gain on disposal/written off property, plant and equipment	出售／撇銷物業、廠房及設備之收益	-	(4)
Share of results of an associate	應佔聯營公司業績	(187,883)	(141,306)
Operating cash flows before movements in working capital	營運資金變動前之經營現金流量	82,497	38,411
Decrease in properties held for sale	待售物業減少	2,236	1,207
Decrease (increase) in held-for-trading investments	待售投資減少(增加)	405,842	(295,060)
Increase in other receivables and prepayments	其他應收賬款及預付款項增加	(1,979)	(9,861)
(Decrease) increase in trade and other payables and accruals	應付貿易賬款、其他應付賬款及預提款項(減少)增加	(5,783)	402
Cash from (used in) operations	來自(用於)經營活動之現金	482,813	(264,901)
Income taxes paid	已付所得稅	(5,867)	(3,131)
NET CASH FROM (USED IN) OPERATING ACTIVITIES	來自(用於)經營活動之現金淨額	476,946	(268,032)
INVESTING ACTIVITIES	投資活動		
Dividends received from an associate (net of withholding tax)	已收聯營公司之股息收入(已扣除扣繳稅)	66,497	338,507
Increase in available-for-sale investments	可供出售投資增加	(40,689)	-
Interest received	已收利息	12,122	18,729
Dividends received from available-for-sale investments	已收可供出售投資之股息收入	4,121	1,636
Proceed from disposal of property, plant and equipment	出售物業、廠房及設備之所得款項	-	31
Purchase of property, plant and equipment	購置物業、廠房及設備	-	(755)
NET CASH FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES	來自投資活動之現金淨額	42,051	358,148

Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows 綜合現金流量表

For the year ended 31st December, 2016 截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度

		2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000 千港元	2015 二零一五年 HK\$'000 千港元
FINANCING ACTIVITIES	融資活動		
Dividends paid	已付股息	(52,171)	(52,171)
Dividend paid to non-controlling interests of a subsidiary	已付一家附屬公司之非控股股東權益之股息	-	(10,181)
CASH USED IN FINANCING ACTIVITIES	用於融資活動之現金	(52,171)	(62,352)
NET INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	現金及現金等值項目增加淨額	466,826	27,764
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT 1ST JANUARY	一月一日之現金及現金等值項目	697,398	688,203
Effect of foreign exchange rate changes	外幣兌換率轉變之影響	(12,092)	(18,569)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT 31ST DECEMBER, represented by cash and bank balances	十二月三十一日之現金及現金等值項目，即現金及銀行結餘	1,152,132	697,398

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31st December, 2016 截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度

1. GENERAL

The Company is a public limited company incorporated in Hong Kong and its shares are listed on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange"). The address of its registered office and principal place of business is Rooms 1501-2 and 1507-12, 15th Floor, Wing On Centre, 111 Connaught Road Central, Hong Kong.

The principal activities of the Company and its subsidiaries (collectively the "Group") are property development and investment, and securities trading and investment.

2. APPLICATION OF NEW AND AMENDMENTS TO HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRSs")

In the current year, the Group has applied the following amendments to HKFRSs issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants (the "HKICPA"):

Amendments to HKAS 1	Disclosure Initiative
Amendments to HKAS 16 and HKAS 38	Clarification of Acceptable Methods of Depreciation and Amortisation
Amendments to HKAS 16 and HKAS 41	Agriculture: Bearer Plants
Amendments to HKAS 27	Equity Method in Separate Financial Statements
Amendments to HKFRSs	Annual Improvements to HKFRSs 2012-2014 Cycle
Amendments to HKFRS 11	Accounting for Acquisitions of Interests in Joint Operations
Amendments to HKFRS 10, HKFRS 12 and HKAS 28	Investment Entities: Applying the Consolidation Exception

The application of the above amendments to HKFRSs had no material effect on the consolidated financial statements of the Group for the current or prior accounting periods.

The Group has not early applied the following new and amendments to HKFRSs that have been issued but are not yet effective:

1. 一般資料

本公司為一家於香港註冊成立之公眾有限公司，其股份於香港聯合交易所有限公司（「聯交所」）上市。本公司之註冊辦事處及主要營業地點之地址為香港干諾道中111號永安中心15樓1501-2及1507-12室。

本公司及其附屬公司（統稱「本集團」）之主要業務為物業發展及投資和證券買賣及投資。

2. 應用新訂及經修訂《香港財務報告準則》

於本年度，本集團已採納以下由香港會計師公會頒佈之《香港財務報告準則》修訂本：

《香港會計準則》第1號（修訂本）	披露主動性
《香港會計準則》第16號及第38號（修訂本）	澄清可接受的折舊及攤銷方法
《香港會計準則》第16號及第41號（修訂本）	農業：生產性植物
《香港會計準則》第27號（修訂本）	獨立財務報表的權益會計法
《香港財務報告準則》（修訂本）	二零一二年至二零一四年週期《香港財務報告準則》的年度改進
《香港財務報告準則》第11號（修訂本）	收購合資經營權益的會計處理
《香港財務報告準則》第10號、第12號及《香港會計準則》第28號（修訂本）	投資實體：應用綜合報表的例外情況

應用以上《香港財務報告準則》修訂本對本集團於本會計期間或過往會計期間之綜合財務報表之數值及其披露並無重大影響。

本集團尚未提早應用以下已頒佈但尚未生效之新訂及經修訂《香港財務報告準則》：

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綜合財務報表附註

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2. APPLICATION OF NEW AND AMENDMENTS TO HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS

(Continued)

HKFRS 9	Financial Instruments ¹
HKFRS 15	Revenue from Contracts with Customers and the related Amendments ¹
HKFRS 16	Leases ²
Amendments to HKFRS 2	Classifications and Measurement of Share-based Payment Transactions ¹
Amendments to HKFRS 4	Applying HKFRS 9 “Financial Instruments” with HKFRS 4 “Insurance Contracts” ¹
Amendments to HKFRS 10 and HKAS 28	Sale or Contribution of Assets between an Investor and its Associate or Joint Venture ³
Amendments to HKAS 7	Disclosure Initiative ⁴
Amendments to HKAS 12	Recognition of Deferred Tax Assets for Unrealised Losses ⁴

- 1 Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1st January, 2018.
- 2 Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1st January, 2019.
- 3 Effective for annual periods beginning on or after a date to be determined.
- 4 Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1st January, 2017.

HKFRS 9 introduced new requirements for the classification and measurement of financial assets, financial liabilities, general hedge accounting and impairment requirements for financial assets.

All recognised financial assets that are within the scope of HKFRS 9 are subsequently measured at either amortised cost or fair value. Specifically, debt investments that are held within a business model whose objective is to collect the contractual cash flows, and that have contractual cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal outstanding are generally measured at amortised cost at the end of subsequent accounting periods. Debt instruments that are held within a business model whose

2. 應用新訂及經修訂《香港財務報告準則》(續)

《香港財務報告準則》第9號	金融工具 ¹
《香港財務報告準則》第15號	來自客戶合約收益和相關修訂 ¹
《香港財務報告準則》第16號	租賃 ²
《香港財務報告準則》第2號 (修訂本)	股權支付交易的分類及計量 ¹
《香港財務報告準則》第4號 (修訂本)	將《香港財務報告準則》第9號「金融工具」與《香港財務報告準則》第4號「保險合約」一併應用 ¹
《香港財務報告準則》第10號及《香港會計準則》第28號 (修訂本)	投資者與其聯營公司或合資企業間資產出售或投入 ³
《香港會計準則》第7號 (修訂本)	披露主動性 ⁴
《香港會計準則》第12號 (修訂本)	就未變現虧損確認遞延稅項資產 ⁴

- 1 於二零一八年一月一日或其後開始之年度期間生效。
- 2 於二零一九年一月一日或其後開始之年度期間生效。
- 3 於將釐定之日期或其後開始之年度期間生效。
- 4 於二零一七年一月一日或其後開始之年度期間生效。

《香港財務報告準則》第9號引入了有關財務資產、財務負債、一般對沖會計法及財務資產減值的分類及計量之新規定。

《香港財務報告準則》第9號範疇內之所有已確認之財務資產，其後均按攤銷成本或公平值計量。具體而言，根據商業模式以收取合約現金流量為目的而持有的債務投資，及僅為支付本金及未償還本金之利息而產生合約現金流量之債務投資，一般於其後的會計期末按攤銷成本計量。以商業模式持有之債務工具，其目的為同時收回收合約現金流量及出售財務資產，以及具備合約條款令於特定日期產生之現金

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2. APPLICATION OF NEW AND AMENDMENTS TO HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS

(Continued)

objective is achieved both by collecting contractual cash flows and selling financial assets, and that have contractual terms that give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding, are generally measured at fair value through other comprehensive income. All other debt investments and equity investments are measured at their fair values at the end of subsequent accounting periods. In addition, under HKFRS 9, the Group may make an irrevocable election to present subsequent changes in the fair value of an equity investment (that is not held-for-trading) in other comprehensive income, with only dividend income generally recognised in the consolidated statement of profit or loss.

The Directors of the Company anticipate that the application of HKFRS 9 in the future may affect the classification and measurement of the Group's available-for-sale investments. However, it is not practicable to provide a reasonable estimate of that effect until a detailed review has been completed. Regarding the Group's other financial assets and financial liabilities, it is unlikely to have a significant impact on the consolidated financial statements.

HKFRS 15 was issued to establish a single comprehensive model for entities to use in accounting for revenue arising from contracts with customers. HKFRS 15 will supersede the current revenue recognition guidance including HKAS 18 "Revenue", HKAS 11 "Construction Contracts" and the related interpretations when it becomes effective.

The core principle of HKFRS 15 is that an entity should recognise revenue to depict the transfer of promised goods or services to customers in an amount that reflects the consideration to which the entity expects to be entitled in exchange for those goods or services. Specifically, the standard introduces a 5-step approach to revenue recognition:

- Step 1: Identify the contract(s) with a customer
- Step 2: Identify the performance obligations in the contract
- Step 3: Determine the transaction price

2. 應用新訂及經修訂《香港財務報告準則》(續)

流量僅為支付本金及未償還本金之利息的債務工具，一般透過按公平值計入其他全面收益之方式計量。所有其他債務投資及股本投資均於其後的會計期末按其公平值計量。此外，根據《香港財務報告準則》第9號，本集團可在不可撤回之情況下選擇在其他全面收益中呈列權益投資的其後公平值變動（待售投資除外），並一般只在綜合損益表中確認股息收入。

本公司董事預期於未來應用《香港財務報告準則》第9號可能對本集團之可供出售投資的分類及計量造成影響。然而，本集團未能提供此等影響的合理估計，直到完成詳細評估後。對於本集團其他財務資產及財務負債，應用該準則對綜合財務報表產生重大影響之機會甚低。

《香港財務報告準則》第15號已頒佈並制定一項單一全面模式供實體用作將自客戶合約所產生之收益入賬。於《香港財務報告準則》第15號生效後，其將取代現時載於《香港會計準則》第18號「收入」、《香港會計準則》第11號「建築合約」及相關詮釋之收入確認指引。

《香港財務報告準則》第15號之核心原則為描述實體確認向客戶轉讓承諾貨品或服務之收入款項，應為能反映該實體預期就交換貨品及服務所有權獲得之代價。具體而言，該準則引入五個確認收入之步驟：

- 第一步：識別與客戶訂立之合約
- 第二步：識別合約中之履約責任
- 第三步：釐定交易價

2. APPLICATION OF NEW AND AMENDMENTS TO HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS

(Continued)

- Step 4: Allocate the transaction price to the performance obligations in the contract
- Step 5: Recognise revenue when (or as) the entity satisfies a performance obligation

Under HKFRS 15, an entity recognises revenue when (or as) a performance obligation is satisfied, i.e. when 'control' of the goods or services underlying the particular performance obligation is transferred to the customer. Far more prescriptive guidance has been added in HKFRS 15 to deal with specific scenarios. Furthermore, extensive disclosures are required under HKFRS 15.

In 2016, the HKICPA issued clarifications to HKFRS 15 in relation to the identification of performance obligations, principal versus agent considerations, as well as licensing application guidance.

The Directors of the Company anticipate that the application of HKFRS 15 in the future may have impact on the amounts reported as the timing of revenue recognition may be affected and more disclosures relating to revenue are required. However, it is not practicable to provide a reasonable estimate of the effect of HKFRS 15 until a detailed review has been completed.

The Directors of the Company anticipate that the application of other new and amendments to HKFRSs will have no material impact on the results and the financial position of the Group.

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with HKFRSs issued by the HKICPA and comply with the requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance (Cap. 622) which concern the preparation of consolidated financial statements. In addition, the consolidated financial statements include applicable disclosures required by the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on the Stock Exchange (the "Listing Rules").

2. 應用新訂及經修訂《香港財務報告準則》(續)

- 第四步：將交易價分配至合約中之履約責任
- 第五步：於實體完成履約責任時確認收入

根據《香港財務報告準則》第15號，實體於完成履約責任時確認收入，即於特定履約責任相關之商品或服務之「控制權」轉讓予客戶時。《香港財務報告準則》第15號已就特別情況之處理方法加入更明確指引。此外，《香港財務報告準則》第15號規定作出更詳盡之披露。

於二零一六年，香港會計師公會頒佈對《香港財務報告準則》第15號之澄清，內容有關識別履約責任、主事人與代理人的考慮及許可證應用指引。

本公司董事預期，於日後應用《香港財務報告準則》第15號可能會因確認收入之時間可能受影響而對呈報金額造成影響及須作出更多有關收入之披露事項。然而，本集團未能對《香港財務報告準則》第15號之影響作出合理估計，直到完成詳細評估後。

本公司董事預期應用其他新訂及經修訂《香港財務報告準則》對本集團之業績及財務狀況並無重大影響。

3. 主要會計政策

本綜合財務報表乃按照香港會計師公會頒佈之《香港財務報告準則》編製以及遵照香港《公司條例》(第622章)有關編製綜合財務報表的適用規定。此外，綜合財務報表亦載有聯交所《證券上市規則》(「《上市規則》」)所規定之適用披露事項。

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3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis, except for certain financial instruments, which are measured at fair value, as explained in the accounting policies set out below.

Historical cost is generally based on the fair value of the consideration given in exchange for goods and services.

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date, regardless of whether that price is directly observable or estimated using another valuation technique. In estimating the fair value of an asset or a liability, the Group takes into account the characteristics of the asset or liability if market participants would take those characteristics into account when pricing the asset or liability at the measurement date. Fair value for measurement and/or disclosure purposes in these consolidated financial statements is determined on such a basis, except for share-based payment transactions that are within the scope of HKFRS 2 "Share-based Payment", leasing transactions that are within the scope of HKAS 17 "Leases", and measurements that have some similarities to fair value but are not fair value, such as net realisable value in HKAS 2 "Inventories" or value in use in HKAS 36 "Impairment of Assets".

A fair value measurement of a non-financial asset takes into account a market participant's ability to generate economic benefits by using the asset in its highest and best use or by selling it to another market participant that would use the asset in its highest and best use.

In addition, for financial reporting purposes, fair value measurements are categorised into Level 1, 2 or 3 based on the degree to which the inputs to the fair value measurements are observable and the significance of the inputs to the fair value measurement in its entirety, which are described as follows:

- Level 1 inputs are quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the entity can access at the measurement date;
- Level 2 inputs are inputs, other than quoted prices included within Level 1, that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly; and
- Level 3 inputs are unobservable inputs for the asset or liability.

3. 主要會計政策 (續)

如下列會計政策所闡釋，本綜合財務報表乃按歷史成本基準編製，惟若干金融工具按公平值計算除外。

歷史成本一般根據貨物及服務交換所得代價之公平值而釐定。

公平值為於計量日期市場參與者按有序交易出售一項資產而將收取或轉移一項負債而將支付之價格，而不論該價格是否可直接觀察或須運用另一種估值技術作出估計。倘市場參與者於計量日期對資產或負債定價時會考慮資產或負債之特點，則本集團於估計資產或負債之公平值時將考慮該等特點。此等綜合財務報表中作計量及／或披露用途之公平值乃按此基準釐定，惟屬於《香港財務報告準則》第2號「股權支付」範圍之股權支付之交易、屬於《香港會計準則》第17號「租賃」範圍之租賃交易，以及與公平值有部份類似地方但並非公平值之計量（如《香港會計準則》第2號「存貨」之可變現淨值或《香港會計準則》第36號「資產減值」之使用價值）則除外。

非財務資產的公平值計量計及市場參與者通過使用該資產之最高及最佳用途或將該資產出售予將使用其最高及最佳用途的另一名市場參與者而產生經濟效益的能力。

此外，就財務報告而言，按公平值計量之輸入數據之可觀察程度及公平值計量之輸入數據對其整體之重要性而定，公平值計量可分類為第一級、第二級或第三級，詳情如下：

- 第一級輸入數據乃實體於計量日期可以取得之相同資產或負債於活躍市場中所報未經調整價格；
- 第二級輸入數據乃除第一級計入之報價外，就資產或負債可直接或間接觀察之輸入數據；及
- 第三級輸入數據乃資產或負債之非可觀察輸入數據。

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES*(Continued)***Basis of consolidation**

The consolidated financial statements incorporate the financial statements of the Company and entities controlled by the Company (its subsidiaries). Control is achieved when the Company:

- has power over the investee;
- is exposed, or has rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the investee; and
- has the ability to use its power to affect its returns.

The Group reassesses whether or not it controls an investee if facts and circumstances indicate that there are changes to one or more of the three elements of control listed above.

Consolidation of a subsidiary begins when the Group obtains control over the subsidiary and ceases when the Group loses control of the subsidiary. The results of subsidiaries acquired or disposed of during the year are included in the consolidated statement of profit or loss from the date of the Group gains control until the date when the Group ceases to control the subsidiary.

Where necessary, adjustments are made to the financial statements of subsidiaries to bring their accounting policies into line with those used by other members of the Group.

All significant inter-group transactions, balances, income and expenses are eliminated on consolidation.

Non-controlling interests in the net assets of consolidated subsidiaries are presented separately from the Group's equity therein.

Profit or loss and each item of other comprehensive income are attributed to the owners of the Company and to the non-controlling interests even if this results in the non-controlling interests having a deficit balance.

3. 主要會計政策 (續)**綜合基準**

綜合財務報表包括本公司及本公司所控制實體(其附屬公司)之財務報表。本公司在下列情況下擁有控制權：

- 擁有對被投資方之權力；
- 因參與被投資方之營運而對其可變回報之風險或權利；及
- 擁有對被投資方使用其權力影響其回報之能力。

倘有事實及情況顯示上述三項控制因素中有一項或以上出現變動，則本集團會重新評估其是否對被投資方擁有控制權。

當本集團取得對附屬公司之控制權時開始對其綜合入賬，並當本集團喪失對附屬公司之控制權時對其終止綜合入賬。於年內收購或出售附屬公司之業績自本集團取得附屬公司控制權之日期起直至本集團不再控制附屬公司之日止於綜合損益表內列賬。

倘有需要，本集團會對附屬公司之財務報表作出調整，使其會計政策與本集團其他成員公司所採用的保持一致。

本集團內公司之間所有重大交易、結餘、收入及開支均於綜合計算時撇銷。

綜合附屬公司資產淨值中之非控股股東權益與本集團所佔之權益分開呈列。

即使會導致非控股股東權益產生虧損結餘，仍須將損益及各其他全面收益項目歸屬於本公司權益持有人及非控股股東權益。

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3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

Investments in subsidiaries

Investments in subsidiaries are included in the Company's statement of financial position at cost less any identified impairment loss.

Interest in an associate

An associate is an entity over which the Group has significant influence and that is neither a subsidiary nor an interest in a joint venture. Significant influence is the power to participate in the financial and operating policy decisions of the investee but is not control or joint control over those policies.

The results and assets and liabilities of associates are incorporated in these consolidated financial statements using the equity method of accounting. Under the equity method, investments in associates are initially recognised in the consolidated statement of financial position at cost and adjusted thereafter to recognise the Group's share of the profit or loss and other comprehensive income of the associates. When the Group's share of losses of an associate equals or exceeds its interest in that associate, the Group discontinues recognising its share of further losses. Additional losses are recognised only to the extent that the Group has incurred legal or constructive obligations or made payments on behalf of that associate.

The associate's financial statements used for the application of equity method of accounting are prepared using uniform accounting policies with the Group for transactions and events in similar circumstances. Where necessary, adjustments are made to the financial statements of the associate to bring its accounting policies into line with those used in the Group's consolidated financial statements.

3. 主要會計政策 (續)

於附屬公司之投資

於附屬公司之投資按成本減任何已識別減值虧損列入本公司財務狀況表。

於聯營公司之權益

聯營公司指本集團對其行使重大影響的實體，且並非為附屬公司或於合資企業的權益。重大影響是在於受投資方的財務及經營政策決定上有參與權，但沒有控制或共同控制其政策。

聯營公司之業績及資產與負債以權益會計法計入此等綜合財務報表內。根據權益法，於聯營公司的投資先按成本於綜合財務狀況表列賬，隨後進行調整，以確認本集團應佔聯營公司損益及其他全面收益。當本集團所佔聯營公司虧損等於或超出於該聯營公司之權益時，本集團將終止確認其所佔之進一步虧損。惟倘本集團須向聯營公司承擔法律或推定性義務，或須代其支付款項，則須就額外虧損確認。

應用權益會計法編製聯營公司之財務報表時，本集團在處理類似情況下交易及事件採用統一會計政策。如有需要，會對聯營公司之財務報表作出調整，使有關會計政策與本集團綜合財務報表中所使用的一致。

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

Interest in an associate (Continued)

The requirements of HKAS 39 “Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement” are applied to determine whether it is necessary to recognise any impairment loss with respect to the Group’s investment in an associate. When necessary, the entire carrying amount of the investment (including goodwill) is tested for impairment in accordance with HKAS 36 as a single asset by comparing its recoverable amount (higher of value in use and fair value less costs to sell) with its carrying amount. Any impairment loss recognised forms part of the carrying amount of the investment. Any reversal of that impairment loss is recognised in accordance with HKAS 36 to the extent that the recoverable amount of the investment subsequently increases.

When a group entity transacts with its associate, profits or losses resulting from the transactions with the associate are recognised in the Group’s consolidated financial statements only to the extent of interests in the associate that are not related to the Group.

Financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised when a group entity becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. Financial assets and financial liabilities are initially measured at fair value. Transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of financial assets and financial liabilities (other than financial assets or financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss) are added to or deducted from the fair value of the financial assets or financial liabilities, as appropriate, on initial recognition. Transaction costs directly attributable to the acquisition of financial assets or financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss are recognised immediately in the consolidated statement of profit or loss.

3. 主要會計政策 (續)

於聯營公司之權益 (續)

《香港會計準則》第39號「金融工具：確認及計量」之規定予以應用，以釐定是否需要就本集團於聯營公司之投資確認任何減值虧損。於需要時，該項投資之全部賬面值（包括商譽）會根據《香港會計準則》第36號以單一資產之方式進行減值測試，方法是比較其可收回金額（即使用價值與公平值減出售成本之較高者）與賬面值。任何已確認之減值虧損構成該項投資之賬面值之一部份，有關減值虧損之任何撥回乃於該項投資之可收回金額其後增加之情況根據《香港會計準則》第36號確認。

當集團實體與其聯營公司進行交易時，於本集團之綜合財務報表內確認該等交易之溢利或虧損，惟僅限於本集團於該聯營公司無關之權益。

金融工具

財務資產及財務負債乃當集團實體成為金融工具合約條文之訂約方時確認。財務資產及財務負債初步按公平值計算。因收購或發行財務資產及財務負債（不包括按公平值計入損益之財務資產或財務負債）而直接產生之交易成本，於初次確認時按適用情況加入或扣減自該項財務資產或財務負債之公平值。因收購按公平值計入損益之財務資產或財務負債而直接產生之交易成本即時於綜合損益表中確認。

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3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

Financial instruments (Continued)

Financial assets

The Group's financial assets are classified into one of the three categories, including financial assets at fair value through profit or loss, loans and receivables and available-for-sale financial assets. The classification depends on the nature and purpose of the financial assets and is determined at the time of initial recognition. All regular way purchases or sales of financial assets are recognised and derecognised on a trade date basis. Regular way purchases or sales are purchases or sales of financial assets that require delivery of assets within the time frame established by regulation or convention in the marketplace.

Effective interest method

The effective interest method is a method of calculating the amortised cost of a financial asset and of allocating interest income over the relevant period. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts (including all fees paid or received that form an integral part of the effective interest rate, transaction costs and other premiums or discounts) through the expected life of the financial asset, or, where appropriate, a shorter period to the net carrying amount on initial recognition.

Interest income is recognised on an effective interest basis for debt instruments.

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

The Group's financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are financial assets held for trading. Financial assets are classified as held-for-trading investments if they have been acquired principally for the purpose of selling in the near future.

3. 主要會計政策 (續)

金融工具 (續)

財務資產

本集團之財務資產可分為三種類別，包括「按公平值計入損益之財務資產」、「貸款及應收賬款」及「可供出售財務資產」。分類乃由財務資產之性質及目的所釐定並於初始確認時予以分類。所有財務資產之日常買賣乃按交易日基準確認及取消確認。日常財務資產買賣指須根據市場規例或慣例確立之時間內交付財務資產。

實際利率法

實際利率法乃計算財務資產之攤銷成本及按相關期間攤分利息收入之方法。實際利率指按財務資產預計可使用年期內或較短期間（如適用）將估計日後現金收入（包括所有構成整體實際利率而支付或收取之費用、交易成本及其他溢價或折價）折現至初步確認時之賬面淨值之利率。

債務工具之利息收入乃按實際利率基準確認。

按公平值計入損益之財務資產

本集團之「按公平值計入損益之財務資產」為待售財務資產。主要購作短期出售之財務資產界定為待售投資。

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES*(Continued)***Financial instruments** *(Continued)***Financial assets** *(Continued)***Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss***(Continued)*

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are measured at fair value, with changes in fair value arising from remeasurement recognised directly in the consolidated statement of profit or loss in the period in which they arise. The net gain or loss recognised in the consolidated statement of profit or loss includes any dividend or interest earned on the financial assets and is included in the “net gain (loss) in held-for-trading investments” line item in the consolidated statement of profit or loss. Fair value is determined in the manner described in Note 6.

Loans and receivables

Loans and receivables are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market. Subsequent to initial recognition, loans and receivables (including other receivables and cash and bank balances) are carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less any identified impairment losses.

Available-for-sale financial assets

Available-for-sale financial assets are non-derivatives that are either designated or not classified as financial assets at fair value through profit or loss, held-to-maturity investments or loans and receivables. Available-for-sale financial assets are measured at fair value at the end of the reporting period. Changes in fair value are recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in the investment revaluation reserve, until the financial asset is disposed of or is determined to be impaired, at which time, the cumulative gain or loss previously accumulated in the investment revaluation reserve is reclassified to the consolidated statement of profit or loss.

Available-for-sale equity investments that do not have a quoted market price in an active market and whose fair value cannot be reliably measured are measured at cost less any identified impairment losses at the end of the reporting period.

3. 主要會計政策 (續)**金融工具 (續)****財務資產 (續)****按公平值計入損益之財務資產 (續)**

「按公平值計入損益之財務資產」以公平值計量，重新計量產生之公平值變動於產生期內直接於綜合損益表中確認。於綜合損益表確認之損益淨額包括該財務資產所賺取之任何股息或利息並計入綜合損益表中「待售投資收益（虧損）淨額」項目。公平值乃按附註6所述方式釐定。

貸款及應收賬款

「貸款及應收賬款」為附帶固定或可釐定付款之非衍生性質財務資產，且並無在活躍市場計算報價。於初次確認後，「貸款及應收賬款」（包括其他應收賬款及現金及銀行結餘）採用實際利率法以其攤銷成本計算，減任何已識別減值虧損列賬。

可供出售財務資產

「可供出售財務資產」為非衍生項目，其須指定或未歸類為「按公平值計入損益之財務資產」、「持至到期投資」或「貸款及應收賬款」。於報告期末時，可供出售財務資產按公平值計算。公平值之變動於其他全面收益表確認及累計入投資重估儲備，直至該財務資產被出售或被釐定有所減值，屆時過往於投資重估儲備中累積之累計收益或虧損重新分類到綜合損益表中。

並無於活躍市場報價且其公平值無法可靠地計量的可供出售之股本投資於報告期末按成本減任何已識別減值虧損計量。

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3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

Financial instruments (Continued)

Financial assets (Continued)

Impairment of financial assets

Financial assets, other than those at fair value through profit or loss, are assessed for indicators of impairment at the end of each reporting period. Financial assets are considered to be impaired when there is objective evidence that, as a result of one or more events that occurred after the initial recognition of the financial asset, the estimated future cash flows of the financial assets have been affected.

A significant or prolonged decline in the fair value of an available-for-sale equity investment below its cost is considered to be objective evidence of impairment.

Impairment losses on available-for-sale equity investments will not be reversed through consolidated statement of profit or loss in subsequent periods. Any increase in fair value subsequent to impairment loss is recognised directly in other comprehensive income and accumulated in the investment revaluation reserve.

For loans and receivables, objective evidence of impairment could include:

- significant financial difficulty of the issuer or counterparty; or
- default or delinquency in interest or principal payments; or
- it becoming probable that the borrower will enter bankruptcy or financial re-organisation.

For loans and receivables, the amount of the impairment loss recognised is the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of the estimated future cash flows discounted at the financial asset's original effective interest rate.

For financial assets carried at cost, an impairment loss is recognised in the consolidated statement of profit or loss when there is objective evidence that the asset is impaired. The amount of the impairment loss is measured as the difference between the carrying amount of the asset and the present value of the estimated future cash flows discounted at the current market rate of return for a similar financial asset. Such impairment losses will not reverse in subsequent periods.

3. 主要會計政策 (續)

金融工具 (續)

財務資產 (續)

財務資產減值

財務資產(不包括該等按公平值計入損益之財務資產)於各報告期末時對減值跡象進行評估。倘財務資產於初次確認後發生之一個或多個事件導致有客觀證據顯示該財務資產之估計未來現金流量乃受到影響,則該財務資產被認為將予以減值。

可供出售之股本投資之公平值若出現大幅或持續下降至低於成本,乃被視為客觀之減值證據。

可供出售之股本投資之減值虧損將不會於以後期間撥回綜合損益表中。減值虧損後出現之任何公平值增加乃直接於其他全面收入中確認及於投資重估儲備累計。

就貸款及應收賬款而言,減值之客觀證據包括:

- 發行人或交易對手之重大財務困難;或
- 逾期繳付或拖欠利息或本金;或
- 借款人可能破產或進行財務重組。

就貸款及應收賬款而言,已確認之減值虧損之金額為資產之賬面值與估計未來現金流之現值(以財務資產之原有實際利率折算)間之差異。

對於按成本計量的財務資產而言,減值虧損乃於有客觀證據證明資產出現減值時於綜合損益表中確認。減值虧損金額須按資產賬面值與預計日後現金流量現值(按同類財務資產目前的市場回報率折現)兩者之差額計量。該等減值虧損其後將不會撥回。

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

Financial instruments (Continued)

Financial assets (Continued)

Impairment of financial assets (Continued)

For loans and receivables, if, in a subsequent period, the amount of impairment loss decreases and the decrease can be related objectively to an event occurring after the impairment loss was recognised, the previously recognised impairment loss is reversed through consolidated statement of profit or loss to the extent that the carrying amount of the asset at the date the impairment is reversed does not exceed what the amortised cost would have been had the impairment not been recognised.

Financial liabilities and equity instruments

Financial liabilities and equity instruments issued by a group entity are classified as either financial liabilities or as equity in accordance with the substance of the contractual arrangements and the definitions of a financial liability and an equity instrument.

An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the Group after deducting all of its liabilities.

Effective interest method

The effective interest method is a method of calculating the amortised cost of a financial liability and of allocating interest expense over the relevant period. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash payments (including all fees paid or received that form an integral part of the effective interest rate, transaction costs and other premiums or discounts) through the expected life of the financial liability, or, where appropriate, a shorter period, to the net carrying amount on initial recognition.

Interest expense is recognised on an effective interest basis.

3. 主要會計政策 (續)

金融工具 (續)

財務資產 (續)

財務資產減值 (續)

就貸款及應收賬款而言，倘於其後期間，減值虧損之金額有所減少並可客觀地認定該減少與已確認減值虧損後所發生之事件有關時，則過往已確認之減值虧損會於綜合損益表撥回，惟以該資產於撥回減值之日之賬面值不得超出未確認減值時之已攤銷成本為限。

財務負債及股本工具

由集團實體發行之財務負債及股本工具乃根據合約安排之性質與財務負債及股本工具之定義分類為財務負債或權益。

股本工具是任何可證明本集團資產中擁有剩餘權益（經扣除其所有負債後）之合約。

實際利率法

實際利率法乃計算財務負債之攤銷成本及按相關期間攤分利息開支之方法。實際利率指按財務負債預計可使用年期內或較短期間（如適用）將估計日後現金付款（包括所有構成整體實際利率一部份而支付或收取之費用、交易成本及其他溢價或折讓）貼現至初步確認時賬面淨值之利率。

利息開支乃按實際利率基準確認。

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3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

Financial instruments (Continued)

Financial liabilities and equity instruments

(Continued)

Financial liabilities

Financial liabilities including trade and other payables are subsequently measured at amortised cost, using the effective interest method.

Equity instruments

Equity instruments issued by the Company are recorded at the proceeds received, net of direct issue costs.

Derecognition

Financial assets are derecognised only when the contractual rights to receive cash flows from the assets expire or, the financial assets are transferred and the Group has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the financial assets. On derecognition of a financial asset, the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the sum of the consideration received and receivable and any cumulative gain or loss that had been recognised in other comprehensive income is recognised in the consolidated statement of profit or loss.

The Group derecognises financial liabilities when and only when, the Group's obligations discharged, cancelled or expire. The difference between the carrying amount of the financial liability derecognised and the consideration paid and payable is recognised in the consolidated statement of profit or loss.

Investment properties

Investment properties are properties held for capital appreciation.

On initial recognition, investment properties are measured at cost, including any directly attributable expenditure. Subsequent to initial recognition, investment properties are stated at cost less subsequent accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses. Depreciation is charged so as to write off the cost of investment properties using the straight-line method. No depreciation is provided in respect of freehold land.

3. 主要會計政策 (續)

金融工具 (續)

財務負債及股本工具 (續)

財務負債

財務負債(包括應付貿易賬款及其他應付賬款)其後採用實際利率法以攤銷成本計量。

股本工具

由本公司發行之股本工具按收取之所得款項扣除直接發行成本入賬。

取消確認

僅當從資產收取現金流量之合約權利已屆滿,或財務資產被轉讓而本集團已轉讓該項財務資產擁有權之絕大部分風險及回報時,有關財務資產會被取消確認。於取消確認財務資產時,該項資產賬面值與已收及應收代價及於其他全面收益內確認之任何累計損益之總和之差額,會在綜合損益表中確認。

僅當本集團的責任獲解除、取消或屆滿時,本集團方會取消確認財務負債。取消確認之財務負債的賬面值與已付及應付代價之差額會在綜合損益表中確認。

投資物業

投資物業指持作資本增值之物業。

於初次確認時,投資物業按成本(包括任何直接應佔開支)計算。於初次確認後,投資物業乃按成本減隨後的累計折舊及任何累計減值虧損列賬。折舊是用直線法計提撥備以撇銷投資物業之成本。而以永久業權持有之土地並不作折舊撥備。

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES*(Continued)***Investment properties** *(Continued)*

An investment property is derecognised upon disposal or when the investment property is permanently withdrawn from use or no future economic benefits are expected from its disposals. Any gain or loss arising on derecognition of the asset (calculated as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset) is included in the consolidated statement of profit or loss in the period in which the item is derecognised.

Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment other than freehold land are stated in the consolidated statement of financial position at cost less subsequent accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses, if any.

Buildings on freehold land are depreciated over 40 years by equal annual installments.

Depreciation is recognised so as to write off the cost of items of property, plant and equipment over their estimated useful lives and after taking into account their estimated residual value, using the straight-line method, at the following rates per annum:

Leasehold land and buildings	8%
Furniture and equipment	10% to 20%
Motor vehicle	20%

An item of property, plant and equipment is derecognised upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected to arise from the continued use of the asset. Any gain or loss arising on derecognition of the asset is determined as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the item and is included in the consolidated statement of profit or loss in the period in which the item is derecognised.

3. 主要會計政策 (續)**投資物業 (續)**

投資物業於出售後或投資物業永久不再使用或預期不能從出售中獲取經濟利益時取消確認。取消確認資產後產生之任何損益（根據資產出售所得款項淨額與賬面值之差額計算）會在該項目取消確認之期間內計入綜合損益表中。

物業、廠房及設備

物業、廠房及設備（不包括以永久業權持有之土地）乃以成本減隨後累計折舊及累計減值虧損（如有）於綜合財務狀況表中列賬。

以永久業權持有之土地之樓宇的折舊乃以四十年每年分期平均計算。

物業、廠房及設備之折舊乃按其預計可使用年期及考慮其預計之殘值，用下列的年率以直線法撇銷其成本金額確認。年率如下：

租賃土地及樓宇	8%
傢俬及設備	10%至20%
汽車	20%

物業、廠房及設備項目於出售時或預期持續使用該資產將不再產生未來經濟利益時取消確認。取消確認資產所產生之任何損益乃按出售所得款項淨額與該項目之賬面值的差額而釐定並計入取消確認該項目之期間之綜合損益表內。

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3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

Leasehold land and building

When a lease includes both land and building elements, the Group assesses the classification of each element as a finance or an operating lease separately based on the assessment as to whether substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership of each element have been transferred to the Group, unless it is clear that both elements are operating leases in which case the entire lease is classified as an operating lease. Specifically, the minimum lease payments (including any lump-sum upfront payments) are allocated between the land and the building elements in proportion to the relative fair values of the leasehold interests in the land element and building element of the lease at the inception of the lease.

When the minimum lease payments cannot be allocated reliably between the land and building elements, the entire lease is generally classified as a finance lease and accounted for as property, plant and equipment.

Impairment losses

At the end of the reporting period, the Group reviews the carrying amounts of its assets to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have suffered an impairment loss. If the recoverable amount of an asset is estimated to be less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of the asset is reduced to its recoverable amount. An impairment loss is recognised immediately in the consolidated statement of profit or loss.

Where an impairment loss subsequently reverses, the carrying amount of the asset is increased to the revised estimate of its recoverable amount, but so that the increased carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset in prior years. A reversal of an impairment loss is recognised as income immediately.

Properties held for sale

Properties held for sale are stated at the lower of cost or estimated net realisable value.

3. 主要會計政策 (續)

租賃土地及樓宇

當租約包括土地及樓宇部分，本集團根據對附於各部分所有權的絕大部分風險及回報是否已轉移予本集團作出評估，分別將各部分的分類評定為融資或經營租約，若該兩部分均明顯為經營租約，在此情況下，整份租約歸類為經營租約。具體而言，最低租金（包括任何一筆過預付款項）於租約訂立時按租約土地部分及樓宇部分中的租賃權益相對公平值比例於土地與樓宇部分間分配。

倘最低租金不能在土地及樓宇兩者之間可靠地分配時，則一般將整份租賃悉數歸類為融資租約，並列賬為物業、廠房及設備。

減值虧損

於報告期末，本集團審核其資產之賬面值以確定該等資產是否出現減值虧損跡象。若估計某項資產之可收回金額低於其賬面值時，則該項資產之賬面值將調低至其可收回金額。減值虧損將即時於綜合損益表中確認。

若隨後撥回減值虧損，則該項資產之賬面值將增至調整後之估計可收回金額，惟此增加之賬面值不得超過該項資產於以往年度確認減值虧損前已釐定之賬面值。減值虧損撥回將即時確認為收入。

待售物業

待售物業按成本或估計可變現淨值兩者中之較低者列賬。

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

Revenue recognition

Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable and represents amounts receivable for goods sold in the normal course of business, net of discounts.

Revenue from sale of properties in the ordinary course of business is recognised when the respective properties have been completed and delivered to the buyers. Payments received from purchasers prior to this stage are recorded as receipts in advance under current liabilities in the consolidated statement of financial position.

Dividend income from investments is recognised when the Group's rights to receive payment have been established.

Revenue from sales of held-for-trading investments is recognised on a trade date basis.

Interest income is accrued on a time basis, by reference to the principal outstanding and at the effective interest rate applicable, which is the rate that exactly discounts the estimated future cash receipts through the expected life of the financial asset to that asset's net carrying amount on initial recognition.

The Group's accounting policy for recognition of revenue from operating leases is described in the accounting policy for leasing below.

Leasing

Leases are classified as finance leases whenever the terms of the lease transfer substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership to the lessee. All other leases are classified as operating leases.

The Group as lessor

Rental income from operating leases is recognised in consolidated statement of profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the terms of the relevant lease.

3. 主要會計政策 (續)

收入之確認

收入是按已收或應收的代價之公平值計算，即於日常業務過程中所出售的貨品扣除折扣後之應收款項。

於日常業務過程中銷售物業之收入在相關物業已完成並交付買方時確認。此階段前所收買家款項於綜合財務狀況表中流動負債項下列為預收款項。

來自投資之股息收入在本集團確認收取該款項之權利時入賬。

出售待售投資之收入按交易日期基準確認入賬。

利息收入乃參照尚未償還本金額及適用實際利率按時間基準累計，實際利率即為將估計未來現金收入通過財務資產預期年期準確地貼現為該資產於初始確認時之賬面淨值之利率。

本集團就確認經營租賃收入之會計政策載於下文租賃之會計政策。

租賃

當租約之條款已將所有權之絕大部份風險及回報轉讓予承租人時，租賃分類為融資租賃。所有其他租賃均分類為經營租賃。

本集團作為出租人

經營租賃之租金收入乃按直線法於有關租賃之期限內於綜合損益表中確認。

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3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

Foreign currencies

In preparing the financial statements of each individual group entity, transactions in currencies other than the functional currency of that entity (foreign currencies) are recorded in the respective functional currency at the rates of exchanges prevailing on the dates of the transactions. At the end of the reporting period, monetary items denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rates prevailing at that date. Non-monetary items carried at fair value that are denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rates prevailing on the date when the fair value was determined. Non-monetary items that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are not retranslated.

Exchange differences on monetary items are recognised in consolidated statement of profit or loss in the period in which they arise except for exchange differences on monetary items receivable from or payable to a foreign operation for which settlement is neither planned nor likely to occur (therefore forming part of the net investment in the foreign operation), which are recognised initially in other comprehensive income and reclassified from equity to profit or loss on repayment of the monetary items.

For the purposes of presenting the consolidated financial statements, the assets and liabilities of the Group's foreign operations are translated into the presentation currency of the Group (i.e. Hong Kong dollars ("HKD")) at the rates of exchange prevailing at the end of the reporting period, and their income and expenses are translated at the average exchange rates for the year, unless exchange rates fluctuate significantly during the period, in which case, the exchange rates prevailing at the dates of transactions are used. Exchange differences arising, if any, are recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in the foreign currency translation reserve.

3. 主要會計政策 (續)

外幣

於編製各集團實體之財務報表時，以該實體之功能貨幣以外之貨幣（外幣）進行之交易乃按交易日期之適用匯率換算為相應功能貨幣記賬。於報告期末，以外幣列值之貨幣項目按該日之適用匯率換算。按公平值入賬及以外幣結算之非貨幣項目按公平值釐定當日之適用匯率換算。以外幣列值的歷史成本計算之非貨幣項目毋須重新換算。

貨幣項目之匯兌差額乃於其產生期間於綜合損益表中確認，惟應收或應付海外業務而結算並無計劃亦不可能發生（因此構成海外業務投資淨額之一部份）之貨幣項目之匯兌差額除外，該等匯兌差額初步於其他全面收益中確認，並於償還貨幣項目時自權益重新分類至損益表。

就綜合財務報表呈列而言，本集團之海外業務資產及負債乃按於報告期末日之適用匯率換算為本集團之呈列貨幣（即港元），而其收入及開支則按該年度之平均匯率換算，除非於該期間之匯率大幅波動則除外，於此情況下，則按各項交易之日所使用之適用匯率換算。產生之匯兌差額（如有）乃於其他全面收益中確認及於外幣兌換儲備中累計。

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3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

Taxation

Taxation represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from profit before taxation as reported in the consolidated statement of profit or loss because it excludes items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years, and it further excludes items that are never taxable or deductible. The Group's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

Deferred tax is recognised on temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the consolidated financial statements and the corresponding tax base used in the computation of taxable profit. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all taxable temporary differences, and deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which deductible temporary differences can be utilised. Such assets and liabilities are not recognised if the temporary difference arises from the initial recognition of the assets and liabilities in a transaction that affects neither the taxable profit nor the accounting profit.

Deferred tax liabilities are recognised for taxable temporary differences associated with investments in subsidiaries and interest in an associate, except where the Group is able to control the reversal of the temporary difference and it is probable that the temporary difference will not reverse in the foreseeable future. Deferred tax assets arising from deductible temporary differences associated with such investments and interest are only recognised to the extent that it is probable that there will be sufficient taxable profits against which to utilise the benefits of the temporary differences and they are expected to reverse in the foreseeable future.

3. 主要會計政策 (續)

稅項

稅項指即期應付稅項與遞延稅項之總金額。

即期應付稅項乃按年度之應課稅溢利計算。由於應課稅溢利不包括於其他年度應課稅收入或可扣稅之開支項目，亦不包括無需課稅或不可作稅項扣減之項目，故應課稅溢利與於綜合損益表所報之除稅前溢利有所不同。本集團之即期稅務負債採用於報告期末已頒佈或實際頒佈之稅率計算。

遞延稅項按綜合財務報表內資產及負債賬面值與計算應課稅溢利所採用相應稅基之暫時差額確認。遞延稅項負債一般就所有應課稅暫時差異予以確認，而遞延稅項資產則於可扣減暫時差異有可能用於抵銷應課稅溢利時予以確認。倘暫時差異因初次確認一項不影響應課稅溢利或會計溢利之交易中之資產及負債而產生，該等資產及負債不會予以確認。

遞延稅項負債乃按於附屬公司之投資及一家聯營公司之權益所產生之應課稅暫時差異而予以確認，惟若本集團可控制該暫時差異之撥回及該暫時差異不會於可見將來撥回之情況除外。與該等投資及權益相關之可扣稅暫時差額所產生之遞延稅項資產僅於可能有足夠應課稅溢利可以使用暫時差額之得益且預計於可見將來可以撥回時確認。

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3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

Taxation (Continued)

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at the end of the reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered.

The measurement of deferred tax assets and liabilities reflects the tax consequences that would follow from the manner in which the Group expects, at the end of the reporting period, to recover or settle the carrying amount of its assets and liabilities.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period when the liability is settled or the asset is realised, based on tax rate (and tax laws) that has been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

Current tax and deferred tax are recognised in the consolidated statement of profit or loss, except when they relate to items charged or credited directly to other comprehensive income, in which case, the current tax and deferred tax are also recognised in other comprehensive income.

Retirement benefits schemes

Contributions payable by the Group to its defined contribution retirement benefits schemes are charged as an expense to the consolidated statement of profit or loss when employees have rendered service entitling them to the contributions.

3. 主要會計政策 (續)

稅項 (續)

遞延稅項資產之賬面值乃於報告期末進行檢討，並予以相應扣減，直至並無足夠應課稅溢利可供全部或部分遞延稅項資產可應用為止。

遞延稅項資產及負債的計量反映本集團預期於報告期末收回或結算其資產及負債的賬面值將帶來的稅務後果。

遞延稅項資產及負債乃根據於報告期末已生效或實質上生效之稅率（及稅法），按預期於負債獲清償或資產獲變現期間以適用之稅率計算。

即期及遞延稅項乃於綜合損益表中確認，惟該稅項倘與直接從其他全面收益中扣除或計入之項目有關，在該情況下，則即期及遞延稅項亦於其他全面收益中確認。

退休福利計劃

本集團對界定供款退休福利計劃之應付供款於僱員提供有權收取供款之服務時計入綜合損益表列為開支。

4. KEY SOURCE OF ESTIMATION UNCERTAINTY

In the application of the Group's accounting policies, which are described in Note 3, the Directors of the Company are required to make judgments, estimates and assumptions about the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered to be relevant. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised if the revision affects only that period, or in the period of the revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods.

The key source of estimation uncertainty that can significantly affect the amounts recognised in the financial information in the next financial year is disclosed as follows:

Valuation of properties held for sale

Properties held for sale are measured at the lower of cost or net realisable value. Net realisable value is determined by reference to Directors' estimates based on the prevailing market condition. The Group has properties held for sale in Shanghai and Macau, which exposes the Group to certain price risk. If the net realisable value is less than the cost, further impairment on the properties held for sale has to be made. Management is optimistic about the prospect of the Group's investment in the property sector and it has been cautious in formulating and reviewing regularly the Group's business plan.

4. 估計不確定因素之主要來源

於應用本集團之會計政策（如附註3所述）時，本公司董事須於無法從其他來源取得資產及負債之賬面值時作出判斷、估計及假設。有關之估計及假設乃基於過往經驗及考慮相關之其他因素而作出。實際結果可能有別於此等估計。

有關之估計及假設會持續作出檢討。倘有關會計估計僅於檢討期間有影響，則於該期間確認有關更正；倘有關會計估計影響當期及其後期間，則於當期及其後期間均予以確認。

可能對下個財政年度之財務報表所確認之數額有重大影響之估計不確定因素之主要來源披露如下：

待售物業估值

待售物業以成本或可變現淨值兩者之較低者計量。可變現淨值乃參照董事們根據現行市況所作之估計而釐定。本集團在上海及澳門擁有待售物業，故本集團需面對若干價格風險。倘可變現淨值低於成本，則須就待售物業作出進一步減值。管理層對本集團在房地產項目的投資前景持有樂觀態度，並一直審慎制訂及定期檢討本集團之業務計劃。

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4. KEY SOURCE OF ESTIMATION UNCERTAINTY (Continued)

Land appreciation tax

The Group is subject to land appreciation tax in the Mainland China. However, the implementation and settlement of the tax vary amongst different jurisdictions in various cities in the Mainland China and the Group has not finalised its land appreciation tax calculation and payments with any local tax authorities in the Mainland China. Accordingly, significant judgment is required in determining the amount of the land appreciation tax and its related income tax provisions. The Group recognised the land appreciation tax based on management's best estimates. The final tax outcome could be different from the amounts that were initially recorded, and these differences will have impact on the income tax provisions in the periods in which such tax is finalised with local tax authorities.

Fair value measurements and valuation processes

Some of the Group's assets and liabilities are measured at fair value for financial reporting purposes.

In estimating the fair value of an asset or a liability, the Group uses market-observable data to the extent it is available. Where Level 1 inputs are not available, the Group engages third party qualified valuers to perform the valuation. The Group works closely with the qualified external valuers to establish the appropriate valuation techniques and inputs to the model.

The Group uses valuation technique that include inputs that are not based on observable market data to estimate the fair value of investment properties. If there are changes in facts and circumstances which result in revision of unobservable market data, such changes will impact the fair value. Notes 6(c) and 17 provide detailed information about the valuation techniques, inputs and key assumptions used in the determination of the fair value of various assets and liabilities.

4. 估計不確定因素之主要來源 (續)

土地增值稅

本集團須在中國內地繳納土地增值稅。然而，中國內地各城市不同稅務管轄權區的稅務實施及結算方式各有不同，而本集團尚未確定土地增值稅計算方式及向任何中國內地地方稅務機關繳納之稅項。因此，在釐定土地增值稅金額及其相關所得稅撥備時須作出重大判斷。本集團根據管理層的最佳估計確認土地增值稅。最終稅項結果可能有別於初步列賬的金額，而該等差異將對與地方稅務機關確定該稅項的期間的所得稅撥備造成影響。

公平值計量及估值過程

就財務報告而言，本集團部份資產及負債乃按公平值計量。

於估計資產或負債之公平值時，本集團盡可能使用可觀察市場數據。倘並無第一級輸入數據可供使用，則本集團委聘合資格第三方估值師進行估值。本集團與合資格外聘估值師緊密合作以為模式設立合適估值技術及輸入數據。

於估計投資物業之公平值時，本集團使用包括非可觀察市場數據之輸入數據之估值技術。倘有事實及情況變動而引致非可觀察市場數據產生變更，該變動將影響其公平值。附註6(c)及17提供有關用於釐定不同資產及負債公平值之估值技術、輸入數據及主要假設之詳細資料。

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5. CAPITAL RISK MANAGEMENT

The Group manages its capital to ensure that entities in the Group will be able to continue as a going concern while maximising the return to shareholders through the optimisation of the debt and equity balances. The Group's overall strategy remains unchanged from the prior year.

The capital structure of the Group consists of equity attributable to owners of the Company, comprising issued share capital, reserves and retained profits.

The Directors of the Company review the capital structure periodically by considering the cost of capital and the risks associated with each class of capital. When necessary, the Group will balance its overall capital structure through the payment of dividends, new share issues and share buy-backs as well as the issue of new debt.

5. 資本風險管理

本集團之資本管理旨在確保本集團內之所有實體公司均可持續經營，同時透過優化債務及權益結餘為股東謀求最大回報。本集團之整體策略與過往年度維持不變。

本集團之資本架構包括本公司權益持有人應佔權益，即包括已發行股本、儲備及保留溢利。

本公司董事定期檢討資本架構，當中包括考慮資本成本及各資本類別所附帶之風險。本集團將於有需要時，透過派付股息、發行新股、購回股份以及發行新債以平衡其整體資本架構。

6. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

(a) Categories of financial instruments

		2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000 千港元	2015 二零一五年 HK\$'000 千港元
Financial assets	財務資產		
Held-for-trading investments	待售投資	27,369	433,437
Loans and receivables (including cash and cash equivalents)	貸款及應收賬款(包括現金及現金等值項目)	1,175,448	718,833
Available-for-sale investments	可供出售投資	556,689	334,880
Financial liabilities	財務負債		
Amortised cost	攤銷成本	10,353	10,376

6. 金融工具

(a) 金融工具類別

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6. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

(b) Financial risks management objectives and policies

The Group's major financial instruments include available-for-sale investments, held-for-trading investments, other receivables, cash and bank balances and trade and other payables. Details of these financial instruments are disclosed in respective notes. The risks associated with these financial instruments include market risk (currency risk, interest rate risk and equity price risk), credit risk and liquidity risk. The policies on how to mitigate these risks are set out below. Management manages and monitors these exposures to ensure appropriate measures are implemented in a timely and effective manner.

Market Risks

The Group's activities expose it primarily to the financial risks of changes in foreign currency exchange rates, interest rates and equity prices. Market risk exposures are further measured by sensitivity analysis. There has been no significant change to the Group's exposure to market risks or the manner in which it manages and measures the risk. Details of each type of market risks are described as follows:

(i) Currency risk

Certain cash and bank balances of the Group are denominated in Renminbi ("RMB") which is a foreign currency other than functional currency (i.e. HKD) of the relevant Group entities (see Note 21). The Group currently does not have a foreign currency hedging policy. However, management monitors foreign exchange exposure and will consider hedging significant foreign currency exposure should the need arises.

6. 金融工具 (續)

(b) 財務風險管理目標及政策

本集團之主要金融工具包括可供出售投資、待售投資、其他應收賬款、現金及銀行結餘，以及應付貿易賬款及其他應付賬款。該等金融工具之詳情已於相關附註內披露。該等金融工具相關之風險包括市場風險（貨幣風險、利率風險及股本價格風險）、信貸風險及流動資金風險。下文載列有關如何減低該等風險之政策。管理層管理及監控該等風險，以確保能及時和有效地採取合適之措施。

市場風險

本集團業務主要面對外幣匯率、利率及股本價格變動之金融風險。市場風險進一步以敏感度分析解構。本集團所面對之市場風險或其管理及計算風險之方式並無重大更改。各類市場風險詳述如下：

(i) 貨幣風險

本集團若干現金及銀行結餘乃以人民幣計值，而人民幣乃有關集團實體（見附註21）之功能貨幣（即港元）以外之外幣。本集團目前並無外幣對沖政策。然而，管理層一直監控外匯風險，並將考慮於需要時對沖重大外幣風險。

6. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)**(b) Financial risks management objectives and policies** (Continued)**Market Risks** (Continued)**(i) Currency risk** (Continued)**Sensitivity analysis**

The sensitivity analyses below have been determined based on the exposure to currency risk at the end of the reporting period.

The following details the Group's sensitivity to a 5% (2015: 5%) appreciation/depreciation in HKD against RMB.

- post-tax profit for the year ended 31st December, 2016 would decrease/increase by approximately HK\$307,000 (2015: HK\$16,121,000)

(ii) Interest rate risk

The Group has minimal interest rate risk as most of the interest bearing financial assets are bank deposits. As the Group does not expect material fluctuation in interest rate movement, the exposure to interest rate risk is insignificant.

(iii) Equity price risk

The Group is exposed to equity price risk through its investments in listed equity securities. Management manages this exposure by maintaining a portfolio of investments with different risks and closely monitor the price changes.

Sensitivity analysis

The sensitivity analyses below have been determined based on the exposure to equity price risk at the end of the reporting period.

6. 金融工具 (續)**(b) 財務風險管理目標及政策** (續)**市場風險** (續)**(i) 貨幣風險** (續)**敏感度分析**

下列之敏感度分析乃根據報告期末之貨幣風險為基準而釐定。

以下詳述本集團敏感度為港元兌人民幣升值／貶值5% (二零一五年：5%)。

- 截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度稅後溢利將減少／增加約307,000港元 (二零一五年：16,121,000港元)

(ii) 利率風險

由於計息財務資產大部分均為銀行存款，故本集團之利率風險並不重大。由於本集團並不預期利率變動會出現重大波動，故利率風險並不重大。

(iii) 股本價格風險

本集團因其於上市股本證券之投資而須承受股本價格風險。管理層透過維持一個涉及不同風險之投資組合及密切留意其價格變動來控制有關風險。

敏感度分析

下列之敏感度分析乃根據報告期末之股本價格風險為基準而釐定。

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綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31st December, 2016 截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度

6. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

(b) Financial risks management objectives and policies (Continued)

Market Risks (Continued)

(iii) Equity price risk (Continued)

Sensitivity analysis (Continued)

If the prices of the respective equity instruments had been 10% (2015: 10%) higher/lower:

- post-tax profit for the year ended 31st December, 2016 would increase/decrease by approximately HK\$2,285,000 (2015: approximately HK\$36,192,000) for the Group as a result of the changes in fair value of held-for-trading investments; and
- other comprehensive income would increase/decrease by approximately HK\$51,600,000 (2015: approximately HK\$33,488,000) for the Group as a result of the changes in fair value of listed available-for-sale investments.

Credit Risks

As at 31st December, 2016, the Group's maximum exposure to credit risk, which will cause a financial loss to the Group, arises from the carrying amount of respective recognised financial assets as stated in the consolidated statement of financial position due to failure to perform an obligation by the counterparties.

In order to minimise the credit risk, the Group will ensure that follow-up action is taken to recover any overdue debts. The Group reviews the recoverable amount of each individual receivable at the end of the reporting period to ensure that adequate impairment losses are recognised for irrecoverable amounts. In this regard, the Directors of the Company consider that the Group's credit risk is significantly reduced.

Besides concentration of credit risk on liquid funds which are deposited with several banks and security brokers with high credit ratings, the Group does not have any other significant concentration of credit risk.

6. 金融工具 (續)

(b) 財務風險管理目標及政策 (續)

市場風險 (續)

(iii) 股本價格風險 (續)

敏感度分析 (續)

倘相關股本工具之價格上升／下跌10% (二零一五年：10%)：

- 截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度本集團之稅後溢利將由於待售投資之公平值變動而增加／減少約2,285,000港元 (二零一五年：約36,192,000港元)；及
- 本集團之其他全面收益將由於可供出售上市投資之公平值變動而增加／減少約51,600,000港元 (二零一五年：約33,488,000港元)。

信貸風險

於二零一六年十二月三十一日，會導致本集團蒙受財務虧損的最大信貸風險是由於綜合財務狀況表所列各項已確認財務資產的賬面值因交易對手無法履行責任所致。

為了減低信貸風險，本集團將確保已採取適當的跟進行動收回任何逾期未付之債務。本集團於報告期末檢討各項個別應收賬款之可收回金額，以確保就不可收回金額作出足夠減值虧損撥備。就此而言，本公司董事認為本集團之信貸風險已大幅減少。

除存放於若干高信貸評級之銀行及證券經紀之流動資金須面對的信貸風險外，本集團並無其他重大集中之信貸風險。

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For the year ended 31st December, 2016 截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度

6. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

(b) Financial risks management objectives and policies (Continued)

Liquidity Risks

The Group expects to have sufficient funds to meet its financial obligations when they fall due.

In the management of the liquidity risk, the Group monitors and maintains a level of cash and cash equivalents deemed adequate by management to finance the Group's operations and mitigate the effects of fluctuations in cash flows. The Group will consider raising bank borrowings when it is necessary.

Liquidity table

The following table details the Group's remaining contractual maturity for its financial liabilities. The table has been drawn up based on the undiscounted cash flows of financial liabilities based on the earliest date on which the Group can be required to pay.

6. 金融工具 (續)

(b) 財務風險管理目標及政策 (續)

流動資金風險

本集團預期持有充裕資金足以於到期時償付有關財務債項。

在管理流動資金風險方面，本集團監察及維持管理層認為充足之現金及現金等值項目的水平以應付本集團營運所需及減低現金流量波動的影響。本集團將於有需要時考慮向銀行借貸。

流動資金表

下表詳列本集團的財務負債之餘下合約到期情況。此表乃根據本集團於可能被要求償還財務負債的最早日期之未貼現現金流量而制訂。

		Less than 3 months 少於三個月 HK\$'000 千港元	Total 總計 HK\$'000 千港元
As at 31st December, 2016	於二零一六年十二月三十一日		
Trade and other payables	應付貿易賬款及其他應付賬款	10,353	10,353
As at 31st December, 2015	於二零一五年十二月三十一日		
Trade and other payables	應付貿易賬款及其他應付賬款	10,376	10,376

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For the year ended 31st December, 2016 截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度

6. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

6. 金融工具 (續)

(c) Fair value measurements of financial instruments

(c) 金融工具之公平值計量

Some of the Group's financial instruments are measured at fair value at the end of each reporting period. The following table gives information about how the fair values of these financial instruments are determined (in particular, the valuation techniques and inputs used).

本集團部分金融工具於各報告期末按公平值計量。下表提供有關如何釐定該等金融工具之公平值(特別是所使用的估值技術及輸入數據)的資料。

Financial assets 財務資產	Listed equity securities in Hong Kong with fair value as at 31st December 於十二月三十一日 香港上市股本證券之 公平值		Fair value hierarchy 公平值級別	Valuation techniques and key inputs 估值技術及 主要輸入數據
	2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000 千港元	2015 二零一五年 HK\$'000 千港元		
Held-for-trading investments 待售投資	27,369	433,437	Level 1 第一級	Quoted prices in an active market 於活躍市場之報價
Available-for-sale investments 可供出售投資	516,000	334,880	Level 1 第一級	Quoted prices in an active market 於活躍市場之報價
	543,369	768,317		

At the end of the reporting period, the Group has no financial instruments measured at fair value classified as Level 2 or 3 of the fair value hierarchy.

於報告期末，本集團並無已分類為公平值級別之第二或第三級之公平值計量之金融工具。

There were no transfers between Level 1 and 2 in both years.

於兩個年度，第一級與第二級之間並無轉移。

Except the financial assets that are measured at fair value on a recurring basis, the Directors of the Company consider that the carrying amounts of financial assets and financial liabilities recognised in the consolidated financial statements approximate their fair values.

除按經常性基準以公平值計量之財務資產外，本公司董事認為，於綜合財務報表內確認之財務資產及財務負債之賬面值與其公平值相若。

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綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31st December, 2016 截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度

7. GROSS PROCEEDS FROM OPERATIONS AND REVENUE

7. 經營收益總額及收入

		2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000 千港元	2015 二零一五年 HK\$'000 千港元
Sales of properties	出售物業	3,207	904
Leasing of properties	出租物業	474	1,051
REVENUE	收入	3,681	1,955
Sale proceeds from disposal of held-for-trading investments	出售待售投資之銷售收益	573,615	372,545
Dividend income from available-for-sale investments	可供出售投資之股息收入	38,220	19,118
Dividend income from held-for-trading investments	待售投資之股息收入	18,016	7,560
GROSS PROCEEDS FROM OPERATIONS	經營收益總額	633,532	401,178

8. SEGMENT INFORMATION

The Group's operating and reportable segments, based on information reported to the chief operating decision makers, the Executive Directors of the Company, for the purposes of resources allocation and performance assessment are as follows:

Property Development and Investment	– sales and leasing of properties
Securities Trading and Investment	– dealings in held-for-trading investments and available-for-sale investments

8. 分類資料

本集團根據主要營運決策者，即本公司之執行董事，所審閱之有關集團資源分配及表現評估之資料而作出之營運及報告分類如下：

物業發展及投資	– 出售及出租物業
證券買賣及投資	– 買賣待售投資及可供出售投資

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31st December, 2016 截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度

8. SEGMENT INFORMATION (Continued)

8. 分類資料 (續)

		Property Development and Investment 物業發展 及投資 HK\$'000 千港元	Securities Trading and Investment 證券買賣 及投資 HK\$'000 千港元	Total 總計 HK\$'000 千港元
2016	二零一六年			
Gross proceeds from operations – segment revenue	經營收益總額 – 分類收入	3,681	629,851	633,532
Results	業績			
Segment profit	分類溢利	1,131	139,028	140,159
Other income	其他收入			12,802
Unallocated expenses	不予分類開支			(20,821)
Share of results of an associate	應佔聯營公司業績			187,883
Profit before taxation	除稅前溢利			320,023
2015	二零一五年			
Gross proceeds from operations – segment revenue	經營收益總額 – 分類收入	1,955	399,223	401,178
Results	業績			
Segment (loss) profit	分類(虧損)溢利	(2,071)	30,712	28,641
Other income	其他收入			20,909
Unallocated expenses	不予分類開支			(21,729)
Share of results of an associate	應佔聯營公司業績			141,306
Profit before taxation	除稅前溢利			169,127

Except for the presentation of segment revenue which is different from the reported revenue in the consolidated statement of profit or loss, the accounting policies of the reportable segments are the same as the Group's accounting policies described in Note 3. For details of reconciliation of segment revenue to the Group's revenue of HK\$3,681,000 (2015: HK\$1,955,000), please refer to Note 7. Segment profit (loss) represents the results of each segment without allocation of central administration costs including depreciation of leasehold land and building for corporate function, directors' salaries, share of results of an associate and other income. This is the measure reported to the Executive Directors for the purposes of resources allocation and performance assessment.

除分類收入與綜合損益表中的報告收入之呈列方式不同外，報告分類之會計政策與附註3所述之本集團之會計政策相同。分類收入與本集團收入3,681,000港元(二零一五年：1,955,000港元)之對賬詳情載於附註7。分類溢利(虧損)指各分類業績，並沒有計入中央行政成本(包括用作企業功能之租賃土地及樓宇之折舊)、董事薪酬、應佔聯營公司業績及其他收入。此乃向執行董事報告資源分配及業績評估之計量。

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8. SEGMENT INFORMATION (Continued)

Assets and Liabilities

The following is an analysis of the Group's assets and liabilities by reportable segments:

8. 分類資料 (續)

資產及負債

以下為本集團按報告分類劃分之資產及負債之分析：

		Property Development and Investment 物業發展 及投資 HK\$'000 千港元	Securities Trading and Investment 證券買賣 及投資 HK\$'000 千港元	Total 總計 HK\$'000 千港元
2016	二零一六年			
Assets	資產			
Segment assets	分類資產	53,169	588,769	641,938
Interest in an associate	於一家聯營公司之權益			921,610
Unallocated assets	不予分類資產			<u>1,186,923</u>
Consolidated total assets	綜合總資產			<u>2,750,471</u>
Liabilities	負債			
Segment liabilities	分類負債	18,369	-	18,369
Unallocated liabilities	不予分類負債			<u>155,250</u>
Consolidated total liabilities	綜合總負債			<u>173,619</u>
2015	二零一五年			
Assets	資產			
Segment assets	分類資產	56,037	782,735	838,772
Interest in an associate	於一家聯營公司之權益			859,425
Unallocated assets	不予分類資產			<u>721,303</u>
Consolidated total assets	綜合總資產			<u>2,419,500</u>
Liabilities	負債			
Segment liabilities	分類負債	18,962	522	19,484
Unallocated liabilities	不予分類負債			<u>157,234</u>
Consolidated total liabilities	綜合總負債			<u>176,718</u>

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For the year ended 31st December, 2016 截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度

8. SEGMENT INFORMATION (Continued)

Assets and Liabilities (Continued)

For the purposes of monitoring segment performances and allocating resources between segments:

- all assets are allocated to reportable segments other than leasehold land and buildings for corporate function, interest in an associate, deferred tax assets, cash and bank balances and other receivables and prepayments for corporate function; and
- all liabilities are allocated to reportable segments other than tax payable, deferred tax liabilities and other payables and accruals for corporate function.

Other Information

Amounts included in the measure of segment profit (loss) or segment assets:

2016

Depreciation of property, plant and equipment

2015

Depreciation of property, plant and equipment

Gain on disposal/written off property, plant and equipment

計入計算分類溢利(虧損)或分類資產的款項:

二零一六年

物業、廠房及設備折舊

二零一五年

物業、廠房及設備折舊

出售/撇銷物業、廠房及設備之收益

8. 分類資料 (續)

資產及負債 (續)

為了監控分類間之分類表現及分配資源:

- 除作企業功能之租賃土地及樓宇、於一家聯營公司之權益、遞延稅項資產、現金及銀行結餘及作企業功能之其他應收賬款及預付款項外, 所有資產均分配至各報告分類; 及
- 除應付稅項、遞延稅項負債及作企業功能之其他應付賬款及預提款項外, 所有負債均分配至各報告分類。

其他資料

Property Development and Investment 物業發展 及投資 HK\$'000 千港元	Securities Trading and Investment 證券買賣 及投資 HK\$'000 千港元	Total 總計 HK\$'000 千港元
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16	-	16
16	-	16
4	-	4

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綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31st December, 2016 截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度

8. SEGMENT INFORMATION (Continued)

Revenue From Major Products and Services

The following is an analysis of the Group's revenue from its major products and services:

		2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000 千港元	2015 二零一五年 HK\$'000 千港元
Sales of properties	出售物業	3,207	904
Leasing of properties	出租物業	474	1,051
		3,681	1,955

8. 分類資料 (續)

主要產品及服務收入

以下為本集團主要產品及服務收入之分析：

Geographical Information

The Group's operations are located in Hong Kong, Macau and the Mainland China.

The Group's revenue from external customers is based on the location of properties sold and leased out and information about its non-current assets (excluding deferred tax assets and available-for-sale investments) by geographical location of the assets and operation of the associate are detailed below:

地區分類資料

本集團之業務位於香港、澳門及中國內地。

本集團以物業出售及出租之所在地區之對外銷售收入詳列如下。有關按資產所在地(包括聯營公司營運之地區)劃分之非流動資產(不包括遞延稅項資產及可供出售投資)資料亦詳列如下：

		Revenue from external customers		Non-current assets	
		對外銷售收入		非流動資產	
		2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000 千港元	2015 二零一五年 HK\$'000 千港元	2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000 千港元	2015 二零一五年 HK\$'000 千港元
Hong Kong	香港	-	-	453	604
Macau	澳門	-	-	34,442	35,338
The Mainland China	中國內地	3,681	1,955	921,615	859,431
		3,681	1,955	956,510	895,373

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For the year ended 31st December, 2016 截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度

8. SEGMENT INFORMATION (Continued)

Information about Major Customers

For the year ended 31st December, 2016 and 2015, no revenue from transactions with a single external customer amounted to 10% or more of the Group's revenue.

9. OTHER INCOME

Other income included interest income of HK\$12,696,000 (2015: HK\$18,834,000).

10. TAXATION

		2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000 千港元	2015 二零一五年 HK\$'000 千港元
Current tax:	本期稅項：		
Hong Kong Profits Tax	香港利得稅	2,790	2,080
Mainland China Enterprise Income Tax	中國內地企業所得稅	1,202	2,436
Mainland China Land Appreciation Tax ("LAT")	中國內地土地增值稅	650	178
Mainland China Withholding Tax	中國內地股息扣繳稅	3,500	8,509
Macau Complementary Tax	澳門所得補充稅	—	376
(Overprovision) underprovision in prior years:	過往年度(超額)不足撥備：		
Hong Kong Profits Tax	香港利得稅	(2)	(5)
Mainland China Withholding Tax	中國內地股息扣繳稅	—	(9,049)
Macau Complementary Tax	澳門所得補充稅	—	6
		8,140	4,531
Deferred tax charge (credit) (Note 25)	遞延稅項開支(抵免) (附註25)	6,033	(9,994)
Total tax charge (credit) for the year	本年度稅項開支(抵免)總額	14,173	(5,463)

The Hong Kong Profits Tax is calculated at 16.5% (2015: 16.5%) of the assessable profit for the year ended 31st December, 2016.

Macau Complementary Tax is levied at 12% (2015: 12%) on the taxable income.

8. 分類資料 (續)

主要客戶資料

截至二零一六年及二零一五年十二月三十一日止年度，概無來自單一外部客戶交易之收入佔本集團收入之10%或以上。

9. 其他收入

其他收入包括利息收入12,696,000港元(二零一五年：18,834,000港元)。

10. 稅項

截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度香港利得稅所使用之稅率為年度應課稅溢利的16.5%(二零一五年：16.5%)。

澳門所得補充稅乃按應課稅收入的12%徵收(二零一五年：12%)。

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For the year ended 31st December, 2016 截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度

10. TAXATION (Continued)

The income tax rate of the Mainland China subsidiaries for the year ended 31st December, 2016 is 25% (2015: 25%).

The taxation for the year can be reconciled to the profit before taxation (excluding share of results of an associate) per the consolidated statement of profit or loss as follows:

10. 稅項 (續)

於中國內地之附屬公司截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度之所得稅率為25% (二零一五年: 25%)。

本年度之稅項開支與綜合損益表之除稅前溢利(不包括應佔聯營公司業績)之對賬如下:

		2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000 千港元	2015 二零一五年 HK\$'000 千港元
Profit before taxation (excluding share of results of an associate)	除稅前溢利(不包括應佔聯營公司業績)	132,140	27,821
Mainland China Enterprise Income Tax at the tax rate of 25% (2015: 25%)	中國內地企業所得稅按稅率25%(二零一五年: 25%)計算之稅項	33,035	6,955
Tax effect of income not taxable for tax purpose	毋須繳稅收入之稅務影響	(16,353)	(8,415)
Tax effect of expenses not deductible for tax purpose	不可扣稅支出之稅務影響	2,804	3,771
Tax effect of tax losses not recognised	未確認稅項虧損之稅務影響	64	4,455
Utilisation of tax losses previously not recognised	動用先前未確認之稅項虧損	(13,981)	(290)
Overprovision in prior years	過往年度超額撥備	(2)	(9,048)
Effect of different tax rates of subsidiaries operating in other jurisdictions	於其他司法權區經營之附屬公司不同稅率之影響	(1,438)	(1,625)
Mainland China LAT	中國內地土地增值稅	650	178
Deferred tax on undistributed earnings of a Mainland China associate	中國內地聯營公司之未分派盈利產生之遞延稅項	9,394	(1,444)
Tax charge (credit) for the year	本年度稅項支出(抵免)	14,173	(5,463)

Details of the deferred taxation are set out in Note 25.

遞延稅項詳情載於附註25。

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綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31st December, 2016 截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度

11. PROFIT FOR THE YEAR

11. 年度溢利

		2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000 千港元	2015 二零一五年 HK\$'000 千港元
Profit for the year has been arrived at after charging (crediting):	年度溢利已扣除(計入):		
Staff costs	員工成本	2,911	2,941
Retirement benefits scheme contributions	退休福利計劃之供款	36	44
Total staff costs (including Directors' emoluments)	員工成本總計 (包括董事酬金)	2,947	2,985
Auditor's remuneration	核數師酬金	1,092	1,047
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment	物業、廠房及設備折舊	1,047	1,047
Gain on disposal/written off property, plant and equipment	出售/撇銷物業、廠房及設備之收益	-	(4)

12. DIRECTORS' AND EMPLOYEES' EMOLUMENTS

12. 董事及僱員酬金

(a) Directors' emoluments

The emoluments paid or payable to each Director for the year ended 31st December, 2016 and 2015 are set out below:

(a) 董事酬金

截至二零一六年及二零一五年十二月三十一日止年度已付或應付予各董事之酬金如下:

Name of Director	Fees	Salaries, allowances and other benefits	Retirement benefits scheme contributions	Total emoluments
董事姓名	袍金	薪酬、津貼及其他福利	退休福利計劃之供款	酬金總額
	HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元
2016	二零一六年			
Non-executive Chairman	非執行主席			
Ge Peijian	葛培健	-	-	-
Executive Directors	執行董事			
Hsu Feng	徐楓	-	-	-
Albert Tong	湯子同	-	18	939
Wang Fahua	王法華	-	-	-
Fan Suxia	范素霞	-	18	935
Non-executive Director	非執行董事			
Sung Tze-Chun	宋四君	-	-	-
Independent Non-executive Directors	獨立非執行董事			
Liang Jung-chi	梁榮基	87	-	87
Zhang Hong Bin	章宏斌	113	-	113
Sit Hing Kwok	薛興國	107	-	107
		307	1,838	36
				2,181

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For the year ended 31st December, 2016 截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度

12. DIRECTORS' AND EMPLOYEES' EMOLUMENTS (Continued)

12. 董事及僱員酬金 (續)

(a) Directors' emoluments (Continued)

(a) 董事酬金 (續)

Name of Director 董事姓名	Fees 袍金 HK\$'000 千港元	Salaries, allowances and other benefits 薪酬、津貼及 其他福利 HK\$'000 千港元	Retirement benefits scheme contributions 退休福利 計劃之供款 HK\$'000 千港元	Total emoluments 酬金總額 HK\$'000 千港元
2015	二零一五年			
Non-executive Chairman Ge Peijian	非執行主席 葛培健	—	—	—
Executive Directors Hsu Feng Albert Tong Wang Fahua Fan Suxia	執行董事 徐楓 湯子同 王法華 范素霞	— — — —	— 921 — 926	— 18 — 20 939 946
Resigned Director Chen Ganjin	辭任董事 陳幹錦	—	—	—
Non-executive Director Sung Tze-Chun	非執行董事 宋四君	—	—	—
Independent Non-executive Directors Liang Jung-chi Zhang Hong Bin Sit Hing Kwok	獨立非執行董事 梁榮基 章宏斌 薛興國	82 108 102	— — —	82 108 102
		292	1,847	38 2,177

No Director waived any emoluments for either year.

於兩個年度內概無董事放棄任何酬金。

The Executive Directors' emoluments shown above were for their services in connection with the management of the affairs of the Group. The Independent Non-executive Directors' emoluments shown above were for their services as Directors of the Company.

上述執行董事之酬金是就彼等有關管理本集團事務所提供的服務而支付。上述獨立非執行董事之酬金是就彼等作為本公司董事提供的服務而支付。

Other than the Directors listed above, there was no senior management entitled to any emoluments for either year.

於兩個年度內，除上述董事外，並無高級管理人員收取任何酬金。

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For the year ended 31st December, 2016 截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度

12. DIRECTORS' AND EMPLOYEES' EMOLUMENTS (Continued)

(b) Five highest paid individuals

During the year, the five highest paid individuals of the Group included three (2015: three) Directors whose emoluments are reflected in the analysis presented above. For the remaining two (2015: two) highest paid individuals, their individual emoluments do not exceed HK\$1,000,000 each and are as follows:

		2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000 千港元	2015 二零一五年 HK\$'000 千港元
Salaries, allowances and other benefits	薪酬、津貼及其他福利	766	736
Retirement benefits scheme contributions	退休福利計劃之供款	—	—
		766	736

13. DIVIDEND

The Directors recommend payment of a final dividend of HK\$0.05 (2015: HK\$0.02) per share amounting to approximately HK\$130,428,000 for the year ended 31st December, 2016, subject to approval by the shareholders at the forthcoming annual general meeting.

In June 2016, a dividend of HK\$0.02 per share amounting to approximately HK\$52,171,000 in aggregate was paid to shareholders as the final dividend for the year ended 31st December, 2015.

In June 2015, a dividend of HK\$0.02 per share amounting to approximately HK\$52,171,000 in aggregate was paid to shareholders as the final dividend for the year ended 31st December, 2014.

12. 董事及僱員酬金 (續)

(b) 五名最高薪酬人士

於本年度，本集團五位最高薪酬人士包括三名（二零一五年：三名）董事，彼等之酬金已於上文分析中反映。餘下兩名（二零一五年：兩名）最高薪酬人士各自之薪酬不超過1,000,000港元，其酬金詳情如下：

	2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000 千港元	2015 二零一五年 HK\$'000 千港元
Salaries, allowances and other benefits	766	736
Retirement benefits scheme contributions	—	—
	766	736

13. 股息

董事建議派付截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度之末期股息每股0.05港元（二零一五年：0.02港元），合共約130,428,000港元。惟須待股東於應屆股東週年大會上批准，方可作實。

於二零一六年六月已派發截至二零一五年十二月三十一日止年度之末期股息每股0.02港元合共約52,171,000港元予股東。

於二零一五年六月已派發截至二零一四年十二月三十一日止年度之末期股息每股0.02港元合共約52,171,000港元予股東。

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For the year ended 31st December, 2016 截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度

14. EARNINGS PER SHARE

The calculation of the basic earnings per share is based on the Group's profit attributable to owners of the Company for the year ended 31st December, 2016 of HK\$305,586,000 (2015: HK\$174,126,000) and on the number of 2,608,546,511 (2015: 2,608,546,511) shares in issue during the year.

No diluted earnings per share is presented as there was no dilutive ordinary share outstanding during both years.

14. 每股盈利

每股基本盈利乃根據本集團截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度本公司權益持有人應佔溢利305,586,000港元(二零一五年: 174,126,000港元)及年內之已發行股數2,608,546,511股(二零一五年: 2,608,546,511股)計算。

由於該兩個年度內並無已發行可攤薄普通股，故並無呈列每股攤薄後盈利。

15. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

15. 物業、廠房及設備

		Land and buildings 土地及樓宇 HK\$'000 千港元	Furniture and equipment 傢俬及設備 HK\$'000 千港元	Motor vehicle 汽車 HK\$'000 千港元	Total 總額 HK\$'000 千港元
COST	成本				
At 1st January, 2015	於二零一五年一月一日	9,598	1,117	244	10,959
Addition	添置	-	-	755	755
Disposal	出售	-	(18)	-	(18)
Written-off	撇銷	-	(17)	(244)	(261)
Exchange realignment	匯兌調整	-	(3)	-	(3)
At 31st December, 2015	於二零一五年十二月三十一日	9,598	1,079	755	11,432
Exchange realignment	匯兌調整	-	(4)	-	(4)
At 31st December, 2016	於二零一六年十二月三十一日	9,598	1,075	755	11,428
DEPRECIATION	折舊				
At 1st January, 2015	於二零一五年一月一日	2,492	545	219	3,256
Provided for the year	年內撥備	707	189	151	1,047
Elimination on written-off/disposal	於撇銷/出售時對銷	-	(33)	(219)	(252)
Exchange realignment	匯兌調整	-	(4)	-	(4)
At 31st December, 2015	於二零一五年十二月三十一日	3,199	697	151	4,047
Provided for the year	年內撥備	707	189	151	1,047
Exchange realignment	匯兌調整	-	(3)	-	(3)
At 31st December, 2016	於二零一六年十二月三十一日	3,906	883	302	5,091
CARRYING VALUES	賬面值				
At 31st December, 2016	於二零一六年十二月三十一日	5,692	192	453	6,337
At 31st December, 2015	於二零一五年十二月三十一日	6,399	382	604	7,385

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For the year ended 31st December, 2016 截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度

15. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

(Continued)

For the land and buildings, within which carrying value of HK\$154,000 (2015: HK\$169,000) are freehold land and buildings and HK\$5,538,000 (2015: HK\$6,230,000) are leasehold land and buildings under short-term lease. All land and buildings are located outside Hong Kong.

15. 物業、廠房及設備 (續)

就土地及樓宇而言，賬面值當中154,000港元（二零一五年：169,000港元）為持有永久業權之土地及樓宇，而5,538,000港元（二零一五年：6,230,000港元）為短期租約形式之租賃土地及樓宇。所有土地及樓宇均位於香港境外。

16. GENERAL INFORMATION OF SUBSIDIARIES

Details of subsidiaries at 31st December, 2016 are as follows:

16. 附屬公司之一般資料

於二零一六年十二月三十一日各附屬公司之詳情如下：

Name of subsidiary 附屬公司名稱	Place of incorporation and operation 註冊成立及經營地點	Paid up issued ordinary share capital/ registered capital 繳足已發行普通股股本/ 註冊資本	Proportion of issued capital/registered capital and voting power held by the Company 本公司持有已發行股本/ 註冊資本及投票權比率		Principal activities 主要業務
			Directly 直接 %	Indirectly 間接 %	
Advance Investments Limited 飛躍投資有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	HK\$2 2港元	-	100	Investment holding 投資控股
Celion Corp.	British Virgin Islands 英屬維爾京群島	US\$1 1美元	100	-	Investment holding 投資控股
Chiefast Development Limited 傲捷發展有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	HK\$2 2港元	-	100	Investment holding 投資控股
Crown Map International Limited	Hong Kong 香港	HK\$1 1港元	100	-	Investment holding 投資控股
Forty Enterprises Company Limited 富義企業有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	HK\$20,000 20,000港元	100	-	Investment holding 投資控股
Giant Hero Limited	Hong Kong 香港	HK\$10,000 10,000港元	100	-	Investment holding 投資控股
Jia Feng (Macau) Companhia Limitada 家豐(澳門)有限公司	Macau 澳門	MOP25,000 25,000澳門幣	-	100	Property holding 物業持有
Joker Investments Company Limited 百搭投資有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	HK\$20,000 20,000港元	100	-	Investment holding 投資控股
Kingpart Investments Limited 勁立投資有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	HK\$10,000 10,000港元	100	-	Provision of nominee services 提供代理人服務
Paringa Holdings Corp.	British Virgin Islands 英屬維爾京群島	US\$1 1美元	100	-	Investment holding 投資控股

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For the year ended 31st December, 2016 截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度

16. GENERAL INFORMATION OF SUBSIDIARIES (Continued)

16. 附屬公司之一般資料 (續)

Name of subsidiary 附屬公司名稱	Place of incorporation and operation 註冊成立及經營地點	Paid up issued ordinary share capital/registered capital 繳足已發行普通股股本/註冊資本	Proportion of issued capital/registered capital and voting power held by the Company 本公司持有已發行股本/註冊資本及投票權比率		Principal activities 主要業務
			Directly 直接 %	Indirectly 間接 %	
Parklane Industries Limited 百龍實業有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	HK\$10,000 10,000港元	100	–	Investment holding 投資控股
Plus Billion Limited 沛兆有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	HK\$1 1港元	–	100	In member's voluntary liquidation 股東自動清盤中
Rivera Holdings (Macau) – Sociedade de Investimentos E Fomento Predial, Limitada 川河集團(澳門)有限公司	Macau 澳門	MOP100,000 100,000澳門幣	–	60	Property development and investment 物業發展及投資
Rivera Management (H.K.) Limited 川河管理(香港)有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	HK\$10,000 10,000港元	100	–	Provision of secretarial and administrative services 提供秘書及行政服務
Rivera (Nominees) Limited 川河(代理人)有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	HK\$10,000 10,000港元	100	–	Provision of nominee services 提供代理人服務
Royton Inc. 英屬維爾京群島	British Virgin Islands 英屬維爾京群島	US\$1 1美元	100	–	Investment holding 投資控股
Shine Trip Limited 瑞展有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	HK\$4,000,000 4,000,000港元	–	100	Investment holding and securities trading 投資控股及證券買賣
SOFIL – Sociedade de Fomento Industrial de Macau, Limitada 澳門工業發展有限公司	Macau 澳門	MOP2,500,000 2,500,000澳門幣	60	40	Property holding and investment 物業持有及投資
Superwell Development Limited 高賢發展有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	HK\$10,000 10,000港元	100	–	Investment holding 投資控股
上海大道置業有限公司 (Shanghai Boulevard Real Estate Co., Limited) (Note a)	Mainland China 中國內地	US\$16,290,000 16,290,000美元	–	93.53	Property development and management, and investment holding 物業發展及管理 and 投資控股
上海燦時投資管理有限公司 (Note b) (附註b)	Mainland China 中國內地	RMB50,000,000 50,000,000人民幣	–	93.53	Investment management 投資管理

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For the year ended 31st December, 2016 截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度

16. GENERAL INFORMATION OF SUBSIDIARIES (Continued)

Note a: The subsidiary is a sino-foreign equity joint venture with limited liability established in the Mainland China.

Note b: The subsidiary is a limited company established in the Mainland China and solely funded by a foreign invested enterprise.

None of the subsidiaries had any debt securities outstanding at the end of the reporting period, or at any time during the year.

17. INVESTMENT PROPERTY

The cost and carrying value of the Group's investment property at 31st December, 2016 and 2015 were HK\$28,563,000. The investment property is a piece of freehold land located in Macau.

The development controls of the investment property are subject to change with reference to revised planning directives under "Urban redevelopment programme of the Northern District of Taipa Area" drawn up by the Land, Public Works and Transport Bureau of Macau in November 2013. Should the said plan be implemented, there will be an increase in plot ratio of the investment property and the fair value of the Group's investment property at 31st December, 2016 was estimated as HK\$627,000,000 (2015: HK\$627,000,000).

The investment property is categorised as Level 3 under the fair value measurement hierarchy. There was no transfer into and out of Level 3 during the year. The fair value has been arrived at using direct comparison approach carried out by an independent valuer not connected with the Group. The valuation was determined by reference to comparable sales transactions with due allowance for estimated construction costs that will be expended to carry out the development and the estimated developer's profit margin. There has been no change of the valuation technique used in the prior year.

The highest and best use for the investment property is development of residential property and the Group will explore feasible plans to fully realise the development potential of the investment property.

16. 附屬公司之一般資料 (續)

附註a: 此附屬公司為一家在中國內地成立的中外合資有限公司。

附註b: 此附屬公司為一家在中國內地成立的外商投資企業法人獨資有限公司。

各附屬公司於報告期末或年內任何時間概無任何未償還之債務證券。

17. 投資物業

本集團之投資物業於二零一六年及二零一五年十二月三十一日之成本及賬面值為28,563,000港元。該投資物業為一幅位於澳門以永久業權持有之土地。

該投資物業之發展管制須參照澳門土地工務運輸局於二零一三年十一月制定之《氹仔北區都市化整治計劃修訂》項下之經修訂規劃指示予以變動。倘上述計劃予以實行，該投資物業將增加地積比率，而於二零一六年十二月三十一日，本集團投資物業之公平值估計為627,000,000港元（二零一五年：627,000,000港元）。

投資物業按公平值計量等級分類為第三級。年內並無物業轉入第三級或自第三級轉出。公平值乃按與本集團並無關連之獨立估值師採用之直接比較法釐定。有關估值乃參考可作比較之銷售交易，經計入用於發展之估計建築成本作適當撥備後，以及估計發展商之邊際利潤後而釐定。使用之估值技術與過往年度並無變動。

投資物業之最高及最佳用途為發展住宅物業，本集團將探討可行之計劃以完全實現該投資物業之發展潛力。

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18. INTEREST IN AN ASSOCIATE

18. 於聯營公司之權益

		2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000 千港元	2015 二零一五年 HK\$'000 千港元
Cost of investment in an associate	於聯營公司之投資成本	214,224	214,224
Share of post-acquisition profits, net of dividends received	應佔收購後溢利 (扣除已收股息)	713,765	595,879
Exchange difference arising from translation of an associate	換算聯營公司時產生之 匯兌差額	(6,379)	49,322
		921,610	859,425

Details of the associate of the Group at 31st December, 2016 and 2015 are as follows:

本集團於二零一六年及二零一五年十二月三十一日之聯營公司之詳情如下：

Name of associate	Form of business structure	Place of registration and operation	Paid up registered capital	Percentage of interest in registered capital and voting power indirectly held by the Company 本公司間接持有註冊資本權益及投票權比率	Principal activities
聯營公司名稱	業務結構形式	註冊登記及經營地點	繳足註冊資本		主要業務
Shanghai Zhangjiang Micro-electronics Port Co. Ltd.	Sino-foreign equity joint venture	Mainland China	RMB370,830,000	37%	Property development and management
上海張江微電子港有限公司	中外合資企業	中國內地	人民幣 370,830,000元	37%	物業發展及管理

The principal activities of the associate are property development and management and it is the Group's strategic investment in Shanghai, especially in Zhangjiang Hi-Tech Park of Pudong New Area. The associate enables the Group to enhance exposure to the property market.

聯營公司之主要業務為物業發展及管理，並為本集團於上海市（特別於浦東新區張江高科技園區）之策略投資。聯營公司可提高本集團於物業市場的覆蓋率。

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18. INTEREST IN AN ASSOCIATE (Continued)

The summarised financial information in respect of the Group's associate is set out below:

The associate is accounted for using the equity method in these consolidated financial statements.

18. 於聯營公司之權益 (續)

本集團之聯營公司之財務資料概述如下：

本綜合財務報表將聯營公司以權益法入賬。

		2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000 千港元	2015 二零一五年 HK\$'000 千港元
Current assets	流動資產		
Properties held for sale	待售物業	1,466,488	169,461
Properties under development	發展中物業	18,915	2,617,519
Cash and bank balances	現金及銀行結餘	2,535,502	1,045,529
Other current assets	其他流動資產	129,197	39,986
Total current assets	總流動資產	4,150,102	3,872,495
Non-current assets	非流動資產	963,525	933,910
Current liabilities	流動負債		
LAT payable	應付土地增值稅	547,511	601,071
Other current liabilities	其他流動負債	2,075,278	1,201,016
Total current liabilities	總流動負債	2,622,789	1,802,087
Non-current liabilities	非流動負債	-	681,547
Net assets	資產淨值	2,490,838	2,322,771
Group's share of net assets of the associate	本集團應佔聯營公司資產淨值	921,610	859,425
Revenue	收入	2,411,746	330,213
Profit for the year	年度溢利	507,793	381,909
Other comprehensive expense for the year	年度其他全面開支	(150,543)	(108,803)
Total comprehensive income for the year	年度全面收益總額	357,250	273,106
Dividend received from the associate during the year	年內已收聯營公司之股息	69,997	170,188
Group's share of results of the associate for the year	年度本集團應佔聯營公司之業績	187,883	141,306

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18. INTEREST IN AN ASSOCIATE (Continued)

Reconciliation of the above summarised financial information to the carrying amount of the interest in the associate recognised in the consolidated financial statements:

		2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000 千港元	2015 二零一五年 HK\$'000 千港元
Net assets of the associate	聯營公司資產淨值	2,490,838	2,322,771
Proportion of the Group's ownership interest in the associate	本集團於聯營公司之擁有權權益比例	37%	37%
Carrying amount of the Group's interest in the associate	本集團於聯營公司之權益賬面值	921,610	859,425

18. 於聯營公司之權益 (續)

上述財務資料概要與於綜合財務報表內確認之於聯營公司之權益賬面值之對賬：

19. AVAILABLE-FOR-SALE INVESTMENTS

Available-for-sale investments as at 31st December, 2016 and 2015 comprise:

		2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000 千港元	2015 二零一五年 HK\$'000 千港元
Listed investment: – equity securities listed in Hong Kong	上市投資： – 香港上市之股本證券	516,000	334,880
Unlisted equity investments	非上市股本投資	40,689	–
		556,689	334,880

19. 可供出售投資

於二零一六年及二零一五年十二月三十一日之可供出售投資包括：

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19. AVAILABLE-FOR-SALE INVESTMENTS

(Continued)

The listed equity investment represents 11.66% (2015: 11.46%) of the ordinary shares of Tomson Group Limited ("TGL") which is a company incorporated in the Cayman Islands and listed on the Stock Exchange. Fair value of listed equity investment has been determined by reference to quoted market prices.

The unlisted equity investments represent investments in private entities. They are measured at cost less impairment at the end of the reporting period because the range of reasonable fair value estimates is so significant that the Directors of the Company are of the opinion that their values cannot be measured reliably.

20. HELD-FOR-TRADING INVESTMENTS

Held-for-trading investments represent equity securities listed in Hong Kong.

An analysis of held-for-trading investments at 31st December, 2016 and 2015 by industry classification is set out below:

19. 可供出售投資 (續)

上市股本投資指湯臣集團有限公司(「湯臣集團」，一家在開曼群島註冊成立並在聯交所上市之公司)普通股之11.66%(二零一五年:11.46%)。上市股本投資之公平值是參考市場報價而釐定。

非上市股本投資指私營企業的投資。由於非上市股本投資的合理公平值估算範圍過大，本公司董事認為其公平值不能可靠計量，故在報告期末按成本扣除減值後計量。

20. 待售投資

待售投資為在香港上市之股本證券。

於二零一六年及二零一五年十二月三十一日，待售投資按行業分類之分析如下：

		2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000 千港元	2015 二零一五年 HK\$'000 千港元
Real estate investment trust	房地產投資信託基金	15,732	42,288
Properties and construction	地產建築業	8,751	287,200
Financials	金融業	2,219	14,802
Conglomerates	綜合企業	667	40,032
Information technology	資訊科技業	—	49,115
		27,369	433,437

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21. CASH AND BANK BALANCES

Included in cash and bank balances are the following amounts denominated in a currency other than the functional currency of the entities (i.e. HKD) to which they relate:

		2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000 千港元	2015 二零一五年 HK\$'000 千港元
RMB	人民幣	7,349	386,126

21. 現金及銀行結餘

在現金及銀行結餘內包括下列以一種貨幣列值的金額，該貨幣並非該等實體公司相關之功能貨幣（即港元）：

22. TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES AND ACCRUALS

Included in trade and other payables and accruals are trade payables amounting to HK\$22,000 (2015: HK\$24,000) and their aged analysis as at the end of the reporting period is as follows:

		2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000 千港元	2015 二零一五年 HK\$'000 千港元
0 – 3 months	零至三個月	22	–
Over 1 year	一年以上	–	24
		22	24

22. 應付貿易賬款、其他應付賬款及預提款項

在應付貿易賬款、其他應付賬款及預提款項內包括應付貿易賬款22,000港元（二零一五年：24,000港元），而其於報告期末之賬齡分析如下：

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23. SHARE CAPITAL

23. 股本

	Number of shares 股份數目	Carrying value 賬面值 HK\$'000 千港元
At 1st January, 2015, 31st December, 2015 and 31st December, 2016 – Ordinary shares with no par value	於二零一五年一月一日、 二零一五年十二月三十一日及 二零一六年十二月三十一日 – 無面值普通股	
	2,608,546,511	442,244

24. RELATED AND CONNECTED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

24. 關連方及關連人士交易

During the year, the Group and the Company entered into the following significant transactions with related and connected parties:

本集團及本公司在本年度與關連方及關連人士有以下重要的交易：

(a) Compensation of key management personnel

(a) 主要管理人員酬金

The remuneration of Directors during the year was as follows:

本年度董事酬金如下：

	2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000 千港元	2015 二零一五年 HK\$'000 千港元
Short-term benefits 短期福利	2,145	2,139
Post-employment benefits 退休福利	36	38
	2,181	2,177

Emoluments payable to the Directors of the Company are determined by the Board or its committee with reference to market terms, individual responsibilities and performance.

支付予本公司董事的酬金乃由董事局或其轄下之委員會參考市場薪酬水平、個別人士之職責及表現而釐定。

24. RELATED AND CONNECTED PARTY TRANSACTIONS *(Continued)*

(b) Sharing of administrative expense

A substantial shareholder of the Company together with her close family members control TGL and that substantial shareholder has significant influence over the Company. Accordingly, TGL is considered as a related party of the Company. The Company has entered into an arrangement with TGL, pursuant to which the Group was allowed to use the office premises and administrative resources of TGL in Hong Kong. In return, the Company is required to share an attributable portion of the administrative cost of TGL on a cost basis.

During the year ended 31st December, 2016, the administrative cost of TGL shared by the Company amounted to approximately HK\$4,866,000 (2015: HK\$4,866,000). As at 31st December, 2016, no outstanding balance (2015: Nil) was owed to TGL.

Under the Listing Rules, TGL is an associate of a substantial shareholder of the Company. The above transaction constitutes a continuing connected transaction but is exempted from disclosure and independent shareholders' approval requirements under the Listing Rules.

(c) Trade and other payables and accruals

As at 31st December, 2016, included in the consolidated financial statements under trade and other payables and accruals, was an amount of approximately HK\$10,274,000 (2015: HK\$10,274,000) due to a non-controlling shareholder with significant influence over a subsidiary of the Company. The amount is unsecured, interest-free and has no fixed repayment terms.

24. 關連方及關連人士交易 (續)

(b) 分擔行政費用

湯臣集團由本公司一位主要股東及其近親控制，而該名主要股東對本公司有重大影響力。故此，湯臣集團被視為本公司之關連方。本公司與湯臣集團訂立一項安排，據此，本集團獲准使用湯臣集團在香港之辦公室物業及行政資源，而相應地，本公司須就此按成本基準分擔湯臣集團行政費用之一部份。

於截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度，本公司分佔湯臣集團之行政費用約為4,866,000港元（二零一五年：4,866,000港元）。於二零一六年十二月三十一日，本公司並無欠付湯臣集團任何款項（二零一五年：無）。

根據《上市規則》，湯臣集團為本公司之一位主要股東之聯繫人士。以上交易構成持續關連交易，惟獲豁免遵守《上市規則》之披露及獨立股東批准之規定。

(c) 應付貿易賬款、其他應付賬款及預提款項

於二零一六年十二月三十一日，在綜合財務報表之應付貿易賬款、其他應付賬款及預提款項中，有一筆約10,274,000港元（二零一五年：10,274,000港元）應付予對本公司一家附屬公司可行使重大影響之非控股股東的款項。該筆款項為無抵押、免息及無固定還款期。

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25. DEFERRED TAX (ASSETS) LIABILITIES

The followings are the deferred tax (assets) liabilities recognised by the Group and movement thereon during the current and prior reporting periods:

25. 遞延稅項(資產)負債

以下為於本報告期間及過往報告期間本集團已確認之遞延稅項(資產)負債及其變動:

		Tax effect on LAT 土地增值稅之 稅務影響 HK\$'000 千港元	Undistributed earnings of Mainland China's associate 中國內地 聯營公司之 未分派盈利 HK\$'000 千港元	Total 總計 HK\$'000 千港元
At 1st January, 2015	於二零一五年一月一日	(16,973)	57,009	40,036
Credited to consolidated statement of profit or loss	於綜合損益表計入	(41)	(1,444)	(1,485)
Credited to consolidated statement of profit or loss upon the Mainland China withholding tax paid	支付中國內地股息扣繳稅時 計入綜合損益表	-	(8,509)	(8,509)
Exchange realignment	匯兌調整	769	-	769
At 31st December, 2015	於二零一五年十二月三十一日	(16,245)	47,056	30,811
Charged to consolidated statement of profit or loss	於綜合損益表計入	139	9,394	9,533
Credited to consolidated statement of profit or loss upon the Mainland China withholding tax paid	支付中國內地股息扣繳稅時 計入綜合損益表	-	(3,500)	(3,500)
Exchange realignment	匯兌調整	782	-	782
At 31st December, 2016	於二零一六年十二月三十一日	(15,324)	52,950	37,626

The following is an analysis of the deferred tax balances for financial reporting purposes:

就財務報告用途而作之遞延稅項結餘分析如下:

		2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000 千港元	2015 二零一五年 HK\$'000 千港元
Deferred tax assets	遞延稅項資產	(15,324)	(16,245)
Deferred tax liabilities	遞延稅項負債	52,950	47,056
		37,626	30,811

25. DEFERRED TAX (ASSETS) LIABILITIES*(Continued)*

At the end of the reporting period, the Group had unused tax losses of approximately HK\$24,543,000 (2015: HK\$80,212,000) available for offset against future profits. No deferred tax asset has been recognised in respect of these tax losses due to the unpredictability of future profit streams. Included in unrecognised tax losses are losses of approximately HK\$1,504,000 that will expire on or before 31st December, 2019 (2015: HK\$1,248,000 that will expire on or before 31st December, 2018). Other losses may be carried forward indefinitely.

26. SHARE OPTION SCHEME

A share option scheme was adopted by the Company pursuant to a resolution passed on 1st June, 2012 (the "2012 Scheme"). The 2012 Scheme was set up for the primary purpose to provide incentives or rewards to selected persons for their contribution to the Group or any entity in which the Group holds any equity interest ("Invested Entity"). Subject to earlier termination by the Company in general meeting or by the Board, the 2012 Scheme shall be valid and effective till 31st May, 2022. After the expiry of such valid period, no further options will be offered or granted but in all other respects the provisions of the 2012 Scheme shall remain in full force and effect.

Under the 2012 Scheme, the Board may grant options to (i) any employee or proposed employee (whether full time or part time) of any member of the Group or any Invested Entity, including any executive director of any member of the Group or any Invested Entity; or (ii) any non-executive director (including independent non-executive director) of any member of the Group or any Invested Entity; or (iii) any customer of or supplier of goods or services to any member of the Group or any Invested Entity; or (iv) any adviser or consultant of any member of the Group or any Invested Entity; or (v) any person or entity that provides research, development or other technological support to any member of the Group or any Invested Entity; or (vi) any shareholder of any member of the Group or any Invested Entity or any holder of any securities issued by any member of the Group or any Invested Entity.

25. 遞延稅項(資產)負債 (續)

於報告期末，本集團可用作抵銷未來溢利之未用稅項虧損約為24,543,000港元（二零一五年：80,212,000港元）。由於未來之溢利難以預測，概無就稅項虧損確認為遞延稅項資產。未確認稅項虧損包括將於二零一九年十二月三十一日或之前到期之虧損約1,504,000港元（二零一五年：1,248,000港元將於二零一八年十二月三十一日或之前到期）。其他虧損可予無限結轉。

26. 購股權計劃

本公司根據二零一二年六月一日通過的決議案採納一項購股權計劃（「二零一二年計劃」）。設立二零一二年計劃的主要目的是為就經甄選之人士對本集團或本集團持有任何股權之任何機構（「所投資機構」）之貢獻作出激勵或獎賞。倘本公司並無在股東大會提早終止或董事局並無提早終止該計劃，二零一二年計劃將有效至二零二二年五月三十一日止。於有效期屆滿後將不會再行提議授予或授出購股權，惟二零一二年計劃的條款在其他各方面將繼續全面有效。

根據二零一二年計劃，董事局可向以下人士授出購股權：(i) 本集團任何成員公司或任何所投資機構之任何僱員或準僱員（不論全職或兼職），包括本集團任何成員公司或任何所投資機構之任何執行董事；或(ii) 本集團任何成員公司或任何所投資機構之任何非執行董事（包括獨立非執行董事）；或(iii) 本集團任何成員公司或任何所投資機構之任何客戶或向本集團任何成員公司或任何所投資機構提供貨物或服務之供應商；或(iv) 本集團任何成員公司或任何所投資機構之任何諮詢人或顧問；或(v) 向本集團任何成員公司或所投資機構提供研究、開發或其他技術支援之任何人士或機構；或(vi) 本集團任何成員公司或任何所投資機構之任何股東，或本集團任何成員公司或任何所投資機構所發行任何證券之任何持有人。

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26. SHARE OPTION SCHEME (Continued)

The maximum number of shares of the Company in respect of which options may be granted under the 2012 Scheme is not permitted to exceed 260,854,651 shares, being 10% of the total number of shares of the Company in issue as at 31st December, 2016, unless shareholders' approval of the Company has been obtained. The total number of shares of the Company issued and to be issued upon exercise of the options granted and to be granted to each participant (including exercised and outstanding options) in any 12-month period up to the date of grant shall not exceed 1% of the shares of the Company in issue at the date of grant (the "Individual Limit"). Any further grant of options in excess of the Individual Limit must be subject to shareholders' approval in general meeting of the Company with such participant and his or her associates abstaining from voting.

The acceptance of an offer of granting an option must be made within 28 days from the date on which such offer is made with a non-refundable payment of HK\$1 from the grantee to the Company by way of a consideration for the grant thereof. An option may be exercised at any time during a period as the Board may determine which shall not be more than 10 years commencing from the date of grant of the option. Save as determined by the Board and stated in the offer of the relevant options, there is no minimum period for which an option must be held before it can be exercised. The subscription price of a share of the Company in respect of any option that may be granted under the 2012 Scheme shall be such price as the Board in its absolute discretion shall determine, save that such price will not be less than the higher of (i) closing price of the shares as stated in the daily quotations sheet of the Stock Exchange on the date of offer of granting the option, which must be a business day and (ii) the average closing price of the shares as stated in the Stock Exchange's daily quotations sheets for the 5 business days immediately preceding the date of offer of granting the option.

No options were granted, exercised, cancelled or lapsed under the 2012 Scheme during the year ended 31st December, 2016 and 2015. No options were outstanding under the 2012 Scheme at 1st January, 2016 and 31st December, 2016.

26. 購股權計劃 (續)

除非獲本公司股東之批准，根據二零一二年計劃可授出之購股權而發行之本公司股份最高限額總數不可超過260,854,651股，即於二零一六年十二月三十一日本公司之已發行股份總數之10%。每名參與者在截至授出購股權當日止任何十二個月內，獲授及將獲授之購股權（包括已行使及尚未行使者）予以行使而發行及將發行之本公司股份總數，不得超過授出購股權當日之本公司已發行股份數目之1%（「個別上限」）。倘向參與者再行授出超逾個別上限之購股權，則須經股東在本公司股東大會上批准，而有關參與者及其聯繫人士均須在會上放棄投票權。

承授人須於提議授出購股權之日起計二十八日內提出接納購股權，並向本公司支付1港元，作為獲授予購股權之代價，此款項將不可退回。購股權可在董事局釐定的期間內隨時行使，惟該期間不得自授出購股權日期起計超過十年。除董事局另有決定及根據有關購股權提議授出時所規定者外，並無設有購股權行使之前必須持有的最短限期。根據二零一二年計劃可予授出的任何購股權而言，本公司每股份份的認購價將由董事局全權釐定，惟該認購價不得低於(i)提議授出購股權當日（必須為營業日）在聯交所每日報價表所列本公司股份之收市價及(ii)在緊接提議授出購股權日期前五個營業日在聯交所每日報價表所列本公司股份收市價之平均數，兩者之較高者。

根據二零一二年計劃，於截至二零一六年及二零一五年十二月三十一日止年度內，並無購股權授出、獲行使、註銷或失效。根據二零一二年計劃，於二零一六年一月一日及二零一六年十二月三十一日，並沒有尚未行使之購股權。

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31st December, 2016 截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度

27. RETIREMENT BENEFITS SCHEMES

The Group participates in a Mandatory Provident Fund Scheme ("MPF Scheme") established under the Hong Kong Mandatory Provident Fund Schemes Ordinance in November 2002. The assets of the MPF Scheme are held separately from those of the Group, in funds under the control of an independent trustee. Under the rule of the MPF Scheme, the employer and the employees are obliged to make contributions at the specified rate under the MPF Scheme.

The contributions arising from the MPF Scheme charged to the consolidated statement of profit or loss represent contributions paid and payable to the MPF Scheme by the Group at rates specified in the rules of the MPF Scheme.

The employees in the Mainland China are members of respective state-managed defined contribution retirement benefits schemes operated by the local government. The employer and the employees are obliged to make contributions at a certain percentage of the payroll under rules of the schemes. The only obligation of the Group with respect to the retirement benefits schemes is to make the specified contributions.

28. MAJOR NON-CASH TRANSACTION

For the year ended 31st December, 2016, the Group elected to receive scrip dividends of approximately HK\$34,099,000 (2015: HK\$17,482,000) in lieu of cash dividends from the Group's available-for-sale investments in TGL.

27. 退休福利計劃

本集團於二零零二年十一月根據香港《強制性公積金計劃條例》參與一項強制性公積金計劃（「強積金計劃」）。強積金計劃之資產與本集團之資產分開持有，並由一獨立信託人以基金形式管理。根據強積金計劃之規則，僱主及僱員均有責任按強積金計劃訂明的比率作出供款。

於綜合損益表扣除之就強積金計劃之供款乃指本集團按強積金計劃規則訂明之比率已付及應付予強積金計劃之供款。

本集團之中國內地僱員均為個別地方政府營辦之國家管理界定供款退休福利計劃之成員。根據計劃規則，僱主及僱員均有責任按薪金之若干百分比作出供款。本集團對於該等退休福利計劃之唯一責任為作出訂明供款。

28. 主要非現金交易

截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度，本集團選擇收取以股代息約34,099,000港元（二零一五年：17,482,000港元）以代替本集團之可供出售投資－湯臣集團之現金股息。

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31st December, 2016 截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度

29. COMPANY'S STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AND RESERVES

Company's Statement of Financial Position

At 31st December, 2016

29. 本公司財務狀況表及儲備

本公司財務狀況表

於二零一六年十二月三十一日

		2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000 千港元	2015 二零一五年 HK\$'000 千港元
	Note 附註		
Non-current Assets	非流動資產		
Property, plant and equipment	物業、廠房及設備	–	–
Investments in subsidiaries	於附屬公司之投資	1,780	1,780
		1,780	1,780
Current Assets	流動資產		
Held-for-trading investments	待售投資	17,160	262,166
Other receivables and prepayments	其他應收賬款及預付款項	1,507	10,852
Amounts due from subsidiaries	應收附屬公司款項	200,154	288,095
Cash and bank balances	現金及銀行結餘	576,510	160,785
		795,331	721,898
Current Liabilities	流動負債		
Accruals	預提款項	1,004	1,398
Amounts due to subsidiaries	應付附屬公司款項	165,749	208,962
		166,753	210,360
Net Current Assets	流動資產淨值	628,578	511,538
Total Assets less Current Liabilities	總資產減流動負債	630,358	513,318
Capital and Reserves	資本與儲備		
Share capital	股本	442,244	442,244
Reserves	儲備	188,114	71,074
		630,358	513,318
Total Equity	總權益	630,358	513,318

The Company's statement of financial position was approved and authorised for issue by the Board of Directors on 17th March, 2017 and are signed on its behalf by:

Ge Peijian
葛培健
Chairman
主席

Albert Tong
湯子同
Director
董事

本公司之財務狀況表已於二零一七年三月十七日獲董事局批准並授權刊發，並由下列董事代表簽署：

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31st December, 2016 截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度

29. COMPANY'S STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AND RESERVES (Continued)

Movement in the Company's Reserves

29. 本公司財務狀況表及儲備 (續)

本公司之儲備變動

		Retained profits 保留溢利 HK\$'000 千港元
THE COMPANY	本公司	
Balance at 1st January, 2015	於二零一五年一月一日結餘	140,396
Dividend paid	派付股息	(52,171)
Loss for the year	年度虧損	(17,151)
		<hr/>
Balance at 31st December, 2015	於二零一五年十二月三十一日結餘	71,074
		<hr/>
Dividend paid	派付股息	(52,171)
Profit for the year	年度溢利	169,211
		<hr/>
Balance at 31st December, 2016	於二零一六年十二月三十一日結餘	188,114

At the end of the reporting period, the Company had distributable reserves of approximately HK\$188,114,000 (2015: HK\$71,074,000).

於報告期末，本公司擁有可供分派儲備約188,114,000港元（二零一五年：71,074,000港元）。

Schedule of Principal Properties

主要物業表

At 31st December, 2016 於二零一六年十二月三十一日

PROPERTIES HELD BY THE GROUP

本集團持有之物業

Investment property

投資物業

Description	Lot number	Gross site area (Sq.m.) 地盤總面積 (平方米)	Approximate gross floor area (Sq.m.) 概約總樓面面積 (平方米)	Use	Lease term	Group's interest	Stage of completion	Estimated date of completion
詳情	地段編號			用途	租約年期	本集團之權益	完成階段	估計完成日期
Nossa Senhora Do Carmo, S.J., Taipa, Macau 澳門海島市氹仔	8869 and 10032 8869及10032	5,255	20,500	Residential 住宅	Freehold 永久業權	60%	Vacant land 空置地塊	Pending for review 有待審視

Properties held for sale

待售物業

Description	Lot number	Approximate gross floor area (Sq.m.) 概約總樓面面積 (平方米)	Use	Lease term	Group's interest
詳情	地段編號		用途	租約年期	本集團之權益
Carparks, Phase II, Tomson Beautiful Space, No. 56-156, Lane 50, Guang Lan Road/Long Dong Avenue, Zhangjiang Hi-Tech Park, Pudong New Area, Shanghai, People's Republic of China 中華人民共和國上海浦東新區張江高科技園區 龍東大道/廣蘭路50弄56至156號 湯臣豪庭二期車位	Lot 1 and Lot 3, 17 Jiefang, Zhangjiang Hi-Tech Park, Pudong New Area	9,215	Carpark 車位	Long term 長期	93.53%
Shop A on G/F and Basement of Block 1, Shop A on G/F and Basement and Shop F and G on G/F of Block 2 and Carparks on Basement, Edificio Tao Un, Caminho da Povoacao de Cheok Ka, Taipa, Macau 澳門海島市氹仔卓家村地段桃園 第一座地下A舖位及地庫、 第二座地下A舖位及地庫、 地下F及G舖位及 地庫內之車位	10258 10258	1,875* 1,875*	Commercial 商業	Freehold 永久業權	60%

* Excluding carparks.
不包括車位。

Schedule of Principal Properties

主要物業表

At 31st December, 2016 於二零一六年十二月三十一日

PROPERTIES HELD BY AN ASSOCIATE

聯營公司持有之物業

Properties under development

發展中物業

Description	Lot number	Gross site area (Sq.m.) 地盤總面積 (平方米)	Approximate gross floor area (Sq.m.) 概約總樓面面積 (平方米)	Lease term 租約年期	Group's interest 本集團之權益	Use 用途	Stage of completion 完成階段	Estimated date of completion 估計完成日期
Phase II ZJ Legend, No. 225, Chen Hui Road, Zhangjiang Hi-Tech Park, Pudong New Area, Shanghai, People's Republic of China 中華人民共和國上海浦東新區 張江高科技園區 晨暉路225號 張江傳奇二期	Lot 1, 27 Jiefang, Zhangjiang Hi-Tech Park, Pudong New Area 浦東新區 張江高科技園區 27街坊1丘	15,335	27,603	Medium to long term 中期至長期	37%	Commercial 商業	Under planning 規劃中	<i>Note</i> 附註

Note: The development plans are still under review, the completion time for this property project cannot be estimated at this stage.

附註: 發展計劃仍在檢討中，現時無法預計此物業項目完成之時間。

Properties held for sale

待售物業

Description	Lot number	Approximate gross floor area (Sq.m.) 概約總樓面面積 (平方米)	Lease term 租約年期	Group's interest 本集團之權益	Use 用途
Carparks, Zhangjiang Tomson Garden, Lane 825-828, Chen Hui Road, Zhangjiang Hi-Tech Park, Pudong New Area, Shanghai, People's Republic of China 中華人民共和國上海浦東新區張江高科技園區 晨暉路825-828弄張江湯臣豪園車位	Lot 1, 27 Jiefang, Zhangjiang Hi-Tech Park, Pudong New Area 浦東新區 張江高科技園區 27街坊1丘	49,409	Long term 長期	37%	Carpark 車位
Tomson Ginkgo Garden Lane 566, Ze Feng Road, Nanqiao, Fengxian District, Shanghai, People's Republic of China 中華人民共和國上海奉賢區南橋鎮 澤豐路566弄湯臣臻園	Lot P1-P3, 0002, 0013, 2002 Jiefang, Nanqiao, Fengxian District 奉賢區南橋鎮 0002、0013、2002街坊 P1-P3丘	64,225 for residential; 59,223 for carports 64,225(住宅用); 59,223(車位用)	Long term 長期	37%	Residential 住宅

Schedule of Principal Properties

主要物業表

At 31st December, 2016 於二零一六年十二月三十一日

PROPERTIES HELD BY AN ASSOCIATE

(Continued)

聯營公司持有之物業 (續)

Investment properties

投資物業

Description	Lot number	Approximate gross floor area (Sq.m.)	Lease term	Group's interest	Use
詳情	地段編號	概約總樓面面積 (平方米)	租約年期	本集團之 權益	用途
Phase I, Zhangjiang Micro-electronics Port, No. 690 Bibo Road, Zhangjiang Hi-Tech Park, Pudong New Area, Shanghai, People's Republic of China	Lot 1/2, 26 Jiefang, Zhangjiang Hi-Tech Park, Pudong New Area	14,517	Medium term	37%	Commercial
中華人民共和國上海浦東新區張江高科技園區 碧波路690號張江微電子港一期	浦東新區 張江高科技園區 26街坊1/2丘	14,517	中期	37%	商業
Phase II, Zhangjiang Micro-electronics Port, No. 690 Bibo Road, Zhangjiang Hi-Tech Park, Pudong New Area, Shanghai, People's Republic of China	Lot 1/2, 26 Jiefang, Zhangjiang Hi-Tech Park, Pudong New Area	82,457	Medium term	37%	Commercial
中華人民共和國上海浦東新區張江高科技園區 碧波路690號張江微電子港二期	浦東新區 張江高科技園區 26街坊1/2丘	82,457	中期	37%	商業
Phase I, ZJ Legend, No. 635 Bibo Road, Zhangjiang Hi-Tech Park, Pudong New Area, Shanghai, People's Republic of China	Lot 1/6, 26 Jiefang, Zhangjiang Hi-Tech Park, Pudong New Area	26,492	Medium term	37%	Commercial
中華人民共和國上海浦東新區 張江高科技園區 碧波路635號張江傳奇一期	浦東新區 張江高科技園區 26街坊1/6丘	26,492	中期	37%	商業
Phase III B, Zhangjiang Tomson Garden, No. 68, 69, 72, Lane 828, Chen Hui Road, Zhangjiang Hi-Tech Park, Pudong New Area, Shanghai, People's Republic of China	Lot 1, 27 Jiefang, Zhangjiang Hi-Tech Park, Pudong New Area	29,372	Long term	37%	Residential
中華人民共和國上海浦東新區張江高科技園區 農暉路828弄68、69、72號 張江湯臣豪園三期B標	浦東新區 張江高科技園區 27街坊1丘	29,372	長期	37%	住宅

Schedule of Principal Properties 主要物業表

At 31st December, 2016 於二零一六年十二月三十一日

PROPERTIES HELD BY AN ASSOCIATE

(Continued)

聯營公司持有之物業 (續)

Investment properties (Continued)

投資物業 (續)

Description	Lot number	Approximate gross floor area (Sq.m.) 概約總樓面面積 (平方米)	Lease term	Group's interest 本集團之 權益	Use
詳情	地段編號		租約年期		用途
Phase IV Commercial, Zhangjiang Tomson Garden, No. 188, Lane 238, Huo Xiang Road, Zhangjiang Hi-Tech Park, Pudong New Area, Shanghai, People's Republic of China	Lot 1, 27 Jiefang, Zhangjiang Hi-Tech Park, Pudong New Area	6,366	Medium term	37%	Commercial
中華人民共和國上海浦東新區張江高科技園區 霍香路238弄188號 張江湯臣豪園四期商業	浦東新區 張江高科技園區 27街坊1丘	6,366	中期	37%	商業
Phase IV, Zhangjiang Tomson Garden, No. 188, Lane 238, Huo Xiang Road, Zhangjiang Hi-Tech Park, Pudong New Area, Shanghai, People's Republic of China	Lot 1, 27 Jiefang, Zhangjiang Hi-Tech Park, Pudong New Area	36,049	Long term	37%	Residential
中華人民共和國上海浦東新區張江高科技園區 霍香路238弄188號 張江湯臣豪園四期	浦東新區 張江高科技園區 27街坊1丘	36,049	長期	37%	住宅
Commercial-cum-office, Lane 566, Ze Feng Road, Nanqiao, Fengxian District Shanghai, People's Republic of China	Lot P1-P3, 0002, 0013, 2002 Jiefang, Nanqiao, Fengxian District	10,801	Long term	37%	Commercial
中華人民共和國上海奉賢區南橋鎮 澤豐路566弄商用辦公大樓	奉賢區南橋鎮 0002、0013、2002街坊 P1-P3丘	10,801	長期	37%	商業

Five-Year Financial Summary

五年財務概要

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS

綜合損益表

		Year Ended 31st December 截至十二月三十一日止年度				
		2012	2013	2014	2015	2016
		二零一二年	二零一三年	二零一四年	二零一五年	二零一六年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
Gross proceeds from operations	經營收益總額	245,377	146,127	352,815	401,178	633,532
Profit before taxation	除稅前溢利	323,296	310,433	212,363	169,127	320,023
Taxation	稅項	(43,858)	(30,523)	(19,167)	5,463	(14,173)
Profit for the year	年度溢利	279,438	279,910	193,196	174,590	305,850
Attributable to:	分配如下:					
Owners of the Company	本公司權益持有人	279,171	279,608	192,578	174,126	305,586
Non-controlling interests	非控股股東權益	267	302	618	464	264
		279,438	279,910	193,196	174,590	305,850

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

綜合財務狀況表

		At 31st December 於十二月三十一日				
		2012	2013	2014	2015	2016
		二零一二年	二零一三年	二零一四年	二零一五年	二零一六年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
Property, plant and equipment	物業、廠房及設備	9,128	9,023	7,703	7,385	6,337
Investment property	投資物業	28,563	28,563	28,563	28,563	28,563
Interest in an associate	於聯營公司之權益	896,832	994,724	928,564	859,425	921,610
Deferred tax assets	遞延稅項資產	16,884	17,385	16,973	16,245	15,324
Available-for-sale investments	可供出售投資	378,884	413,644	338,910	334,880	556,689
Net current assets	流動資產淨值	598,645	767,760	940,746	1,043,340	1,101,279
Total assets less current liabilities	總資產減流動負債	1,928,936	2,231,099	2,261,459	2,289,838	2,629,802
Equity attributable to owners of the Company	本公司權益持有人應佔權益	1,855,876	2,148,791	2,183,267	2,232,101	2,566,614
Non-controlling interests	非控股股東權益	20,174	21,071	21,183	10,681	10,238
Non-current liability	非流動負債	1,876,050	2,169,862	2,204,450	2,242,782	2,576,852
		52,886	61,237	57,009	47,056	52,950
		1,928,936	2,231,099	2,261,459	2,289,838	2,629,802



Tomson Group

Rivera (Holdings) Limited
川河集團有限公司