

REXLot Holdings Limited 御泰中彩控股有限公司

(Incorporated in Bermuda with limited liability) (於百慕達註冊成立之有限公司) (Stock Code 股份代號: 555)



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Corporate Information 公司資料

DIRECTORS

Executive Directors Chan How Chung, Victor Boo Chun Lon

Independent Non-executive Directors Yuen Wai Ho Chow Siu Ngor Lee Ka Lun

AUDIT COMMITTEE

Yuen Wai Ho *(Chairman)* Chow Siu Ngor Lee Ka Lun

REMUNERATION COMMITTEE Chow Siu Ngor *(Chairman)* Yuen Wai Ho Lee Ka Lun

NOMINATION COMMITTEE Lee Ka Lun *(Chairman)* Yuen Wai Ho Chow Siu Ngor Chan How Chung, Victor

SECRETARIES Company Secretary Ng Yuen Yee

Assistant Secretaries Estera Services (Bermuda) Limited

RESIDENT REPRESENTATIVE Estera Services (Bermuda) Limited

AUDITOR Ting Ho Kwan & Chan CPA Limited

LEGAL ADVISER Baker & McKenzie

PRINCIPAL BANKER Chong Hing Bank Limited

REGISTERED OFFICE Canon's Court 22 Victoria Street Hamilton HM 12 Bermuda **董事** 執行董事 陳孝聰

巫峻龍 **獨立非執行董事** 阮煒豪

鄒小岳 李家麟

審核委員會 阮煒豪*(主席)* 鄒小岳 李家麟

薪酬委員會 鄒小岳*(主席)* 阮煒豪 李家麟

提名委員會 李家麟(*主席)* 阮煒豪 鄒小岳 陳孝聰

秘書

公司秘書 吳婉儀

助理秘書 Estera Services (Bermuda) Limited

居駐代表 Estera Services (Bermuda) Limited

核數師 丁何關陳會計師事務所有限公司

法律顧問 貝克●麥堅時律師事務所

主要往來銀行 創興銀行有限公司

註冊辦事處 Canon's Court 22 Victoria Street Hamilton HM 12 Bermuda

Corporate Information (continued) 公司資料(續)

HEAD OFFICE AND PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS

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BERMUDA PRINCIPAL SHARE REGISTRAR AND TRANSFER OFFICE

Estera Management (Bermuda) Limited Canon's Court 22 Victoria Street Hamilton HM 12 Bermuda

HONG KONG BRANCH SHARE REGISTRAR AND TRANSFER OFFICE

Tricor Standard Limited Level 22, Hopewell Centre 183 Queen's Road East Hong Kong

總辦事處及主要營業地點

香港銅鑼灣 告士打道255-257號 信和廣場26樓2601室 電話:(852)25320088 傳真:(852)25325229 網站: http://www.aplushk.com/clients/00555rexlot/index.html http://www.rexlot.com.hk

百慕達股份過戶登記總處

Estera Management (Bermuda) Limited Canon's Court 22 Victoria Street Hamilton HM 12 Bermuda

股份過戶登記處香港分處

卓佳標準有限公司 香港 皇后大道東183號 合和中心22樓

Directors['] Report 董事會報告

The board of directors (the "Board") of REXLot Holdings Limited (the "Company") submit herewith their report together with the audited financial statements of the Company and its subsidiaries (together the "Group") for the year ended 31 December 2016.

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES

The principal activity of the Company is investment holding. Its subsidiaries and joint ventures are principally engaged in lottery system and games development business and distribution and marketing of lottery products in China.

JOINT VENTURES AND SUBSIDIARIES

Particulars of the Company's joint ventures and principal subsidiaries are set out in notes 19 and 46 to the consolidated financial statements respectively.

RESULTS

The results of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2016 and the state of the Group's affairs as at that date are set out in the financial statements on pages 71 to 203.

PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

During the year ended 31 December 2016, the Group (including the Disposal Group as defined in note 14 to the consolidated financial statements) were additions of HK\$25,683,000 (2015: HK\$59,294,000) to property, plant and equipment for the Group's operations. Details of movements in property, plant and equipment during the year are set out in note 15 to the consolidated financial statements.

DISTRIBUTABLE RESERVES

Distributable reserves of the Company at 31 December 2016, calculated under Part 6 of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance (Cap. 622), amounted to HK\$355,955,000 (2015: HK\$759,451,000).

御泰中彩控股有限公司(「本公司」)董事會(「董事 會」)謹將本公司及其附屬公司(統稱「本集團」)截至 二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度之報告及經審核財 務報表呈覽。

主要業務

本公司之主要業務為投資控股。其附屬公司及合營企 業主要於中國從事彩票系統與遊戲開發業務及彩票產 品配送與市場推廣業務。

合營企業及附屬公司

本公司之合營企業及主要附屬公司詳情分別載於綜合 財務報表附註19及46。

業績

本集團截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度之業績 及本集團於該日之財政狀況載於第71頁至第203頁之 財務報表。

物業、廠房及設備

於截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度,本集團 (包括綜合財務報表附註14所界定之出售集團)為業務 所需添置25,683,000港元(二零一五年:59,294,000 港元)之物業、廠房及設備。年內,物業、廠房及設備 之變動詳情載於綜合財務報表附註15。

可供分派儲備

本公司於二零一六年十二月三十一日按照香港公司條例(第622章)第6部計算之可供分派儲備為 355,955,000港元(二零一五年:759,451,000港元)。

PRE-EMPTIVE RIGHTS

There are no provisions for pre-emptive rights under the bye-laws of the Company (the "Bye-laws") or the laws in Bermuda, which would oblige the Company to offer new shares on a pro-rata basis to existing shareholders of the Company (the "Shareholders").

FIVE YEAR FINANCIAL SUMMARY

A summary of the consolidated results and of the assets and liabilities of the Group for the last five financial years is set out on page 204.

RETIREMENT BENEFITS SCHEME

Particulars of the retirement benefits scheme of the Group are set out in note 37 to the consolidated financial statements.

SHARE OPTIONS

On 28 June 2012, the Company adopted a share option scheme (the "2012 Scheme") which, unless otherwise terminated, will remain valid and effective for a period of 10 years from 28 June 2012.

The purpose of the 2012 Scheme is to enable the Company to grant options to eligible participants as incentives and/or rewards for their contribution to, and continuing efforts to promote the interests of, the Group.

According to the 2012 Scheme, the Board may grant options to the eligible participants as defined in the 2012 Scheme to subscribe for such number of shares as the Board may determine. Options granted should be accepted within 30 days from the date of the letter of grant. Upon acceptance of the options, the grantee shall pay HK\$1.00 to the Company by way of consideration for the grant. Subject to the terms of the 2012 Scheme and all applicable laws, the Board has the power to determine the period within which payments or calls must or may be made.

The exercise price of options shall be determined by the Board, which shall be at least the highest of (i) the closing price of the shares as stated in the daily quotations sheet of The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange") on the date of the grant, which must be a business day; (ii) the average closing price of the shares as stated in the daily quotations sheets of the Stock Exchange for the five business days immediately preceding the date of the grant; and (iii) the nominal value of a share.

優先認購權

本公司之公司細則(「公司細則」)或百慕達法例並無 有關本公司須按比例向現有本公司股東(「股東」)發 售新股之優先認購權條文。

五年財務摘要

本集團於過去五個財政年度之綜合業績及資產與負債 概要載於第204頁。

退休福利計劃

本集團退休福利計劃之詳情載於綜合財務報表附註 37。

購股權

於二零一二年六月二十八日,本公司採納一項購股權 計劃(「二零一二年計劃」),除非另行終止,否則自二 零一二年六月二十八日起計十年內持續有效及生效。

二零一二年計劃旨在使本公司可向合資格參與人士授 出購股權,作為彼等對本集團所作出之貢獻及為提升 本集團利益所作出之不懈努力之獎勵及/或回報。

根據二零一二年計劃,董事會可向二零一二年計劃所 界定之合資格參與人士授出購股權,以認購董事會所 釐定數目之股份。授出之購股權須自授出函件日期起 計30日內接納。接納購股權時,承授人須向本公司支 付1.00港元作為獲授購股權之代價。受二零一二年計 劃之條款及所有適用法律所規限,董事會有權釐定必 須或可能作出付款或通知付款之期限。

購股權之行使價由董事會釐定,須至少為下列之最高 者:(i)於授出日期(必須為營業日)香港聯合交易所有 限公司(「聯交所」)每日報價表所報股份之收市價; (ii)於緊接授出日期前五個營業日聯交所每日報價表 所報股份之平均收市價;及(iii)股份之面值。

The maximum number of shares which may be issued upon the exercise of all options to be granted under the 2012 Scheme and any other share option scheme(s) of the Company must not exceed 10% of the issued share capital of the Company on the date of approval and adoption of the 2012 Scheme provided that the Company may at any time seek approval from its shareholders to refresh the limit to 10% of the shares in issue as at the date of approval by the Shareholders in general meeting where such limit is refreshed. Options previously granted under any share option schemes of the Company (including those outstanding, cancelled, lapsed in accordance with such schemes or exercised options) will not be counted for the purpose of calculating the limit as refreshed.

The total number of shares issued and which may fall to be issued upon exercise of the options granted under the 2012 Scheme and any other share option scheme(s) of the Company (including exercised, cancelled and outstanding options) to each eligible participant in any 12-month period up to and including the date of grant shall not exceed 1% of the shares in issue as at the date of grant unless such grant has been duly approved by ordinary resolution of the shareholders of the Company in general meeting at which the relevant eligible participant and his associates abstained from voting. Options granted to substantial shareholders or independent non-executive directors or any of their respective associates in any 12-month period in excess of 0.1% of the Company's issued share capital on the date of grant or with a value in excess of HK\$5,000,000 must be approved in advance by the Company's shareholders.

The period during which an option may be exercised will be determined by the Board at its absolute discretion, save that no options can be exercised more than 10 years after it has been granted. There is no general requirement that an option must be held for any minimum period before it can be exercised. The 2012 Scheme will expire on 28 June 2022.

During the year ended 31 December 2016, 355,000,000 share options were granted under the 2012 Scheme. The closing price of the ordinary shares of HK0.01 each in the Company (the "Share(s)") on 28 September 2016, being the trading date immediately before the date of offer to grant of such options was HK0.1020.

因行使根據二零一二年計劃及本公司任何其他購股權 計劃授出之所有購股權而可發行之股份上限,不得超 過批准及採納二零一二年計劃當日本公司已發行股 本之10%,惟本公司可隨時徵求股東批准將上限重新 釐定為股東於更新該上限之股東大會上批准重新釐 定上限當日之已發行股份之10%。計算重新釐定之上 限時,先前根據本公司任何購股權計劃授出之購股權 (包括根據該等計劃尚未行使、已註銷、已失效或已行 使之購股權)將不會計算在內。

於截至及包括授出購股權日期前任何12個月內,因行 使根據二零一二年計劃及本公司任何其他購股權計 劃授出之購股權(包括已行使、已註銷及尚未行使之 購股權)而已發行及可能須發行予每名合資格參與人 士之股份總數,不得超過授出購股權當日之已發行股 份之1%,除非有關授出已於股東大會上獲本公司股 東以普通決議案正式批准(相關合資格參與人士及其 聯繫人須於會上放棄投票),則作別論。倘於任何12 個月期間向主要股東或獨立非執行董事或彼等各自之 任何聯繫人授出超逾本公司於授出日期已發行股本之 0.1%或價值超出5,000,000港元之購股權,則須先經 本公司股東批准。

購股權行使期將由董事會全權酌情釐定,惟授出購股 權日期起計10年後不可行使購股權。本公司並無限制 行使前必須持有購股權之最短期限之一般規定。二零 一二年計劃將於二零二二年六月二十八日屆滿。

於截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度, 355,000,000份購股權已根據二零一二年計劃授出。 於二零一六年九月二十八日(即緊接授出購股權要約 日期前之交易日),本公司每股面值0.01港元之普通 股(「股份」)之收市價為0.1020港元。

The fair value of options granted during the year was determined by using the Black-Scholes Option Pricing Model. The value of options was based on generally accepted valuation procedures and practices that rely extensively on the use of various subjective assumptions and the consideration of many uncertainties. The key assumptions used in the valuation of the options granted were as follows: 年內已授出購股權之公允值乃使用布力克-舒爾茨期 權定價模型釐定。購股權之價值乃根據公認估值程序 及常規釐定,當中依賴使用大量不同主觀假設,並考 慮許多不確定因素。用於為已授出購股權估值之主要 假設如下:

		Share options granted during the year 年內已授出購股權
		20 5
Date of grant	授出日期	29 September 2016 二零一六年九月二十九日
Expected volatility of share price	股價預期波幅	89.81%
Risk free rate of interest	無風險利率	0.36%
Expected option life (in year)	預期購股權期限(按年計)	0.65
Expected dividend yield	預期股息率	0%
Fair value	公允值	HK\$10,366,617港元

The expected volatility is based on the historical volatility of the Company's share price over the previous year.

During the year, options in relation to 122,000,000 Shares has lapsed. As at the date of this report, the total number of Shares available for issue upon exercise of the options outstanding under 2012 scheme was 310,000,000 Shares (representing 3.09% of the Shares in issue as at the date of this report).

At the special general meeting of the Company held on 31 October 2016, an ordinary resolution was passed refreshing the scheme mandate limit so that the Company would be allowed to grant options under the 2012 Scheme for subscription of up to a total of 1,001,849,533 Shares, representing 10% of the issued share capital of the Company as at 31 October 2016.

The overall limit on the number of shares which may be issued upon exercise of all outstanding options granted and yet to be exercised under the 2012 Scheme and any other share option schemes for the time being of the Company shall not, in aggregate, exceed such number of shares as equals 30% of the shares in issue from time to time. 預期波幅乃根據本公司股價於過去一年之歷史波幅釐 定。

年內,與122,000,000股股份相關之購股權經已失效。 於本報告日期,根據二零一二年計劃尚未行使之購 股權獲行使後可供發行之股份總數為310,000,000股 (相當於本報告日期已發行股份之3.09%)。

在本公司於二零一六年十月三十一日舉行之股東特 別大會上,本公司通過普通決議案更新計劃授權限 額,獲准根據二零一二年計劃授出購股權以認購最多 合共1,001,849,533股股份(相當於二零一六年十月 三十一日本公司已發行股本之10%)。

根據二零一二年計劃及本公司當時任何其他購股權計 劃授出且尚未行使之所有購股權獲行使後可供發行之 整體股份數目上限,合共不得超過相當於不時已發行 股份之30%之數額。

The following table discloses details of the movements in the share options granted under the 2012 Scheme during the year ended 31 December 2016.

下表披露於截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度根 據二零一二年計劃授出之購股權變動詳情。

	Number of share options 購股權數目								
Category of participant	At 1 January 2016	Granted during the year	Exercised during the year	Lapsed during the year	At 31 December 2016	Date of grant	Exercise price per share	Exercisable period	Weighted average closing share price immediately before exercise date 緊接行使
參與人士類別	於二零一六年 一月一日	年內授出	年內行使	年內失效	於二零一六年 十二月 三十一日	授出日期	每股 行使價 <i>HK\$</i> 港元	行使期	日期前股份 加權平均 收市價 <i>HK\$</i> 港元
Directors/substantial sha 董事/主要股東	reholder								
ビージャンス Chan How Chung, Victor 陳孝聰	-	5,000,000	-	-	5,000,000	29/09/2016	0.1082	29/09/2016 – 28/09/2018	N/A 不適用
Boo Chun Lon 巫峻龍	-	5,000,000	-	-	5,000,000	29/09/2016	0.1082	29/09/2016 – 28/09/2018	N/A 不適用
Yuen Wai Ho 阮煒豪	-	5,000,000	-	-	5,000,000	29/09/2016	0.1082	29/09/2016 – 28/09/2018	N/A 不適用
Chow Siu Ngor 鄒小岳	-	5,000,000	-	-	5,000,000	29/09/2016	0.1082	29/09/2016 – 28/09/2018	N/A 不適用
Lee Ka Lun 李家麟	-	5,000,000	-	-	5,000,000	29/09/2016	0.1082	29/09/2016 – 28/09/2018	N/A 不適用
Employees 僱員	2,000,000	-	-	(2,000,000)	-	07/01/2014	1.0900	13/01/2014 – 06/01/2016	N/A 不適用
	120,000,000	-	-	(120,000,000)	-	27/06/2014	0.9100	15/07/2014 – 26/06/2016	N/A 不適用
		330,000,000	(45,000,000)	_	285,000,000	29/09/2016	0.1082	29/09/2016 – 28/09/2018	0.1311
Total 總計	122,000,000	355,000,000	(45,000,000)	(122,000,000)	310,000,000				

DIRECTORS

The directors of the Company (the "Director(s)") during the financial year and up to the date of this report were:

Executive Directors Chan How Chung, Victor Boo Chun Lon

Independent Non-executive Directors Yuen Wai Ho Chow Siu Ngor Lee Ka Lun

In accordance with bye-law 99 of the Bye-laws, Mr. Boo Chun Lon and Mr. Chow Siu Ngor shall respectively retire and are eligible for re-election at the forthcoming annual general meeting. Mr. Boo and Mr. Chow offer themselves for re-election at the forthcoming annual general meeting.

CHANGES IN THE INFORMATION OF DIRECTORS

Pursuant to Rule 13.51B(1) of The Rules Governing the Listing of Securities of the Stock Exchange (the "Listing Rules"), the changes in information of Directors of the Company required to be disclosed are set out below:

- Mr. Lee Ka Lun, an independent non-executive Director, was appointed as an independent non-executive director of Ever Harvest Group Holdings Limited, a company listed on the main board of the Stock Exchange, with effect from 6 July 2016.
- Mr. Chan How Chung, Victor, an executive Director, was entitled to an emolument of HK\$504,700 per month plus allowance and discretionary bonus with effect from 1 March 2016.

Details of the updated biographical details of Directors and senior management are set out on pages 38 to 39 of this report.

DIRECTORS' SERVICE CONTRACTS

No Director proposed for re-election and re-appointment at the forthcoming annual general meeting has an unexpired service contract, which is not determinable by the Company or any of its subsidiaries within one year without payment of compensation, other than normal statutory compensation.

董事

於本財政年度及截至本報告日期,本公司之董事(「董 事」)如下:

執行董事 陳孝聰

巫峻龍

獨立非執行董事

阮煒豪 鄒小岳 李家麟

根據公司細則第99條, 巫峻龍先生及鄒小岳先生將分 別於應屆股東週年大會上依章退任, 惟符合資格膺選 連任。巫先生及鄒先生願意於應屆股東週年大會上膺 選連任。

董事資料變動

根據聯交所證券上市規則(「上市規則」)第13.51B(1) 條,本公司須披露之董事資料變動載列如下:

- 獨立非執行董事李家麟先生獲委任為永豐集團 控股有限公司(聯交所主板上市公司)之獨立非 執行董事,自二零一六年七月六日起生效。
- 執行董事陳孝聰先生享有酬金每月504,700港元 另加津貼及酌情花紅,自二零一六年三月一日起 生效。

有關經更新之董事及高級管理人員履歷詳情載於本報 告第38至第39頁。

董事之服務合約

擬於應屆股東週年大會上重選及續聘之董事概無與本 公司或其任何附屬公司訂立如不作出賠償(一般法定 賠償除外)則不能於一年內終止之未屆滿服務合約。

DIRECTORS' MATERIAL INTERESTS IN TRANSACTIONS, ARRANGEMENTS OR CONTRACTS

- (i) On 4 January 2016, the Group entered into a sale and purchase agreement (as supplemented and amended) (the "Sale and Purchase Agreement") with Sunjet Investments Limited (the "Purchaser"), in relation to, among other things, the sale and purchase of the entire issued share capital of Multi Glory Limited. Mr. Chan How Chung, Victor ("Mr. Chan"), a Director and a substantial shareholder of the Company, is also a director of the Purchaser and is its substantial shareholder. In consideration of the Purchaser entering into the Sale and Purchase Agreement, on 2 August 2016, the Company executed a deed of guarantee pursuant to which the Company agreed to guarantee in favour of the Purchaser the due performance and observance by the seller of all its obligations under or pursuant to the Sale and Purchase Agreement.
- (ii) As disclosed in the announcements of the Company dated 7 October 2015, 3 May 2016 and 2 August 2016, Kingly Profits Corporation ("Kingly") (being a holder of the 4.50% convertible bonds due 2019 (the "2019 Bonds"), which is indirectly whollyowned by Mr. Chan), has provided three undertakings to the Company during the year (the "Undertaking(s)"), among other things, to provide valid block voting instructions in favour of the respective extraordinary resolution in relation to the 2019 Bonds and not to exercise the put option in relation to a "Relevant Event" as stated in the announcements in respect of the 2019 Bonds it holds.

Pursuant to the Undertaking dated 7 October 2015, Kingly further undertook to, from time to time, if it shall receive any early redemption payment (in respect of the 2019 Bonds it holds) from the Company, provide a further unsecured shareholder's loan to the Company in the amount equal to such early redemption principal payment so received by it.

董事所佔交易、安排或合約重大權益

- (i) 於二零一六年一月四日,本集團與Sunjet Investments Limited(「買方」)就(其中包括) 買賣Multi Glory Limited全部已發行股本訂立買 賣協議(「買賣協議」,經補充及修訂)。董事兼 本公司主要股東陳孝聰先生(「陳先生」)亦為買 方之董事及其主要股東。作為買方訂立買賣協議 之代價,於二零一六年八月二日,本公司簽立擔 保契據,據此,本公司同意按照擔保契據之條款 以買方為受益人擔保賣方妥為履行及遵守其於 買賣協議項下及根據買賣協議之全部責任。
- (ii) 誠如本公司日期為二零一五年十月七日、二零 一六年五月三日及二零一六年八月二日之公布 所披露,Kingly Profits Corporation(「Kingly」) (為於二零一九年到期之4.50厘可換股債券(「二 零一九年債券」)之持有人,由陳先生間接全資 擁有)年內已向本公司發出三份承諾函(「承諾 函」),其中包括發出有效凍結投票指示,投票贊 成有關二零一九年債券之特別決議案,以及不就 其所持二零一九年債券行使有關該等公布所載 「相關事件」之認沽期權。

根據日期為二零一五年十月七日之承諾函, Kingly進一步承諾,倘其(就其所持二零一九年 債券)從本公司獲得任何提早贖回付款,則不時 額外向本公司提供相等於其所收取該筆提早贖 回本金付款之無抵押股東貸款。

Pursuant to the aforesaid Undertakings, Kingly also agreed to provide the following unsecured shareholder's loans to the Company, each for an initial term of one year, as summarised below: 根據上述承諾函,Kingly同意向本公司提供以下無擔 保股東貸款,分別初步為期一年,概列如下:

Date of Undertaking			Amount of Interest-free loan	Amount of loan at coupon rate of 2019 Bonds 按二零一九年
承諾函日期			免息貸款金額 <i>(HK\$)</i> <i>(港元)</i>	債券之票面利率 計息之貸款金額 <i>(HK\$)</i> <i>(港元)</i>
7 October 2015	二零一五年十月七日		100,000,000* 3,000,000#	15,000,000#
3 May 2016	二零一六年五月三日		1,425,000#	19,353,116.52#
2 August 2016	二零一六年八月二日		1,992,351.62#	45,000,000#
* For partial redemption of the convertible	bonds	*	用作部分贖回可換股債券	

- # For general working capital
- (iii) On 2 August 2016, Mega Market Assets Limited ("Mega Market") has agreed to grant an interest-free unsecured loan and due for repayment on the completion date of the Disposal to the Company in an amount up to HK\$360,000,000 (the "Mega Market Loan") to finance the Company's partial redemption of the convertible bonds. Mr. Chan is also a director and a substantial shareholder of Mega Market.
- (iv) During the year, Mr. Chan provided interest-free unsecured and repayment on demand loans in the amount of approximately HK\$87,132,000 to the Company.
- (v) During the year, Kingly provided an interest-free unsecured and repayment on demand shareholder's loan in the amount of approximately HK\$280,000,000 for the Company's general working capital.

Particulars of Directors' interest in other transactions are also set out in the section headed "Connected Transactions and Related Party Transactions" in this Directors' Report.

Save as disclosed above, no other significant transactions, arrangements or contracts in relation to the Group's business to which the Company's subsidiaries or any of its holding companies and fellow subsidiaries was a party, and in which a director of the Company had a material interest, whether directly or indirectly, subsisted at the end of the year or at any time during the year.

- 用作一般營運資金
- (iii) 於二零一六年八月二日,Mega Market Assets Limited(「Mega Market」)已同意向本公司授 出金額最多360,000,000港元之免息無抵押及 於出售事項完成日期到期償還之貸款(「Mega Market貸款」),以為本公司贖回部分可換股債 券撥資。陳先生亦為Mega Market之董事兼其主 要股東。
- (iv) 年內,陳先生向本公司提供免息無抵押及須按要 求償還之貸款約87,132,000港元。
- (v) 年內,Kingly提供免息無抵押及須按要求償還之 股東貸款約280,000,000港元,以供本公司用作 一般營運資金。

董事所佔其他交易權益詳情亦載於本董事會報告 「關 連交易及關聯方交易」一節。

除上文所披露者外,本公司附屬公司或其任何控股公 司及同系附屬公司在年終時或本年度內任何時間,概 無就本集團業務訂立任何本公司董事直接或間接於其 中擁有重大權益之其他重要交易、安排或合約。

INTERESTS OF DIRECTORS AND CHIEF EXECUTIVES

As at 31 December 2016, the interests or short positions of the Directors and chief executives and their associates in the shares, underlying shares or debentures of the Company and its associated corporations, as recorded in the register maintained by the Company pursuant to Section 352 of the Securities and Futures Ordinance (the "SFO") or as otherwise notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Issuers (the "Model Code"), were as follows:

Long position in the Shares and underlying Shares in the Company

董事及最高行政人員之權益

於二零一六年十二月三十一日,董事及最高行政人員 以及彼等之聯繫人於本公司或其任何相聯法團之股 份、相關股份或債券中擁有記錄在本公司根據證券及 期貨條例(「證券及期貨條例」)第352條須存置之名 冊上之權益或淡倉,或根據上市發行人董事進行證券 交易的標準守則(「標準守則」)已知會本公司及聯交 所之權益或淡倉如下:

於本公司股份及相關股份之好倉

Name of Director	Nature of interest	Number of Shares held	Number of underlying Shares held	Total	Approximate percentage of issued share capital of the Company 佔已發行股本
董事姓名	權益性質	所持股份數目	所持相關股份數目	總計	概約百分比
Chan How Chung, Victor 陳孝聰	Interest of controlled corporation/beneficial owner 受控制公司權益/ 實益擁有人	1,494,941,855 <i>(Note 1)</i> <i>(附註1)</i>	166,056,118 (Notes 2 and 3) (附註2及3)	1,660,997,973	16.56%
Boo Chun Lon 巫峻龍	Beneficial owner 實益擁有人	-	5,000,000 <i>(Note 4)</i> <i>(附註4)</i>	5,000,000	0.05%
Yuen Wai Ho 阮煒豪	Beneficial owner 實益擁有人	-	5,000,000 <i>(Note 4)</i> <i>(附註4)</i>	5,000,000	0.05%
Chow Siu Ngor 鄒小岳	Beneficial owner 實益擁有人	-	5,000,000 <i>(Note 4)</i> (附註4)	5,000,000	0.05%
Lee Ka Lun 李家麟	Beneficial owner 實益擁有人	-	5,000,000 <i>(Note 4)</i> <i>(附註4)</i>	5,000,000	0.05%

Notes:

- Among these Shares, 1,187,640,997 Shares are held by Keen Start Limited and 307,300,858 Shares are held by Kingly Profits Corporation. Both Keen Start Limited and Kingly Profits Corporation are indirectly wholly-owned by Mr. Chan.
- (2) Kingly Profits Corporation is deemed to be interested in 161,056,118 underlying Shares to be derived from the 4.50% convertible bonds due 2019 in the aggregate outstanding principal amount of HK\$220,646,883 issued by the Company on 8 July 2014 at the applicable conversion price of HK\$1.37 per Share.
- (3) Mr. Chan is beneficially interested in 5,000,000 underlying Shares to be derived from the share options granted by the Company under the 2012 Scheme.
- (4) The underlying Shares to be derived from the share options granted by the Company under the 2012 Scheme.

Save as disclosed above, at no time during the year under review, the Directors or chief executives had any interests or short positions in the shares, underlying shares or debentures of the Company or any of its other associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the SFO and the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance (Cap. 622)) as recorded in the register required to be kept under Section 352 of the SFO or as otherwise notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to the Model Code.

EQUITY-LINKED AGREEMENTS

Other than the 2012 Scheme as disclosed in the "Share Options" and the convertible bonds as disclosed in the "Convertible Bonds" set out in this Directors' Report, no equity-linked agreements that will or may result in the Company issuing shares or that require the Company to enter into any agreements that will or may result in the Company issuing shares were entered into by the Company during the year or subsisted at the end of the year ended 31 December 2016.

附註:

- (1) 於該等股份中,1,187,640,997股股份由Keen Start Limited持有及307,300,858股股份由Kingly Profits Corporation持有。Keen Start Limited及Kingly Profits Corporation均由陳先生間接全資擁有。
- (2) Kingly Profits Corporation被視為於161,056,118股相關 股份中擁有權益,該等相關股份產生自本公司於二零一四 年七月八日發行之尚未償還本金總額220,646,883港元於 二零一九年到期之4.50厘可換股債券(按每股股份1.37 港元之適用轉換價計算)。
- (3) 陳先生於5,000,000股相關股份中擁有權益·該等相關股份產生自本公司根據二零一二年計劃授出之購股權。
- (4) 相關股份產生自本公司根據二零一二年計劃授出之購股 權。

除上文所披露者外,於回顧年內任何時間,董事或最 高行政人員概無於本公司或其任何相聯法團(定義見 證券及期貨條例第XV部及香港公司條例(第622章)) 之股份、相關股份或債券中擁有記錄在根據證券及期 貨條例第352條須存置之名冊上之任何權益或淡倉, 或根據標準守則已知會本公司及聯交所之任何權益或 淡倉。

股票掛鈎協議

除本董事會報告「購股權」一節所披露之二零一二年 計劃及「可換股債券」一節所披露之可換股債券外, 本公司於年內概無訂立或於截至二零一六年十二月 三十一日止年度終結時概無存續任何股票掛鈎協議將 會或可能導致本公司發行股份,或規定本公司訂立任 何協議將會或可能導致本公司發行股份。

ARRANGEMENT TO ACQUIRE SHARES OR DEBENTURES

Save as disclosed in this Directors' Report, at no time during the year under review was the Company, its fellow subsidiaries or any of its subsidiaries a party to any arrangements to enable the Directors to acquire benefits by means of the acquisition of shares in, or debentures of, the Company or any other body corporate.

DIRECTORS' INTEREST IN COMPETING BUSINESS

As at 31 December 2016, pursuant to Rule 8.10(2) of the Listing Rules, details of the interests held by the Directors in businesses that are considered to compete or is likely to compete, either directly or indirectly, with the businesses of the Group, are disclosed as follows:

Name of company Com 公司名稱 競爭

RPI Finance Limited ("RPI") 御泰財務有限公司(「御泰財務」)

Mr. Chan How Chung, Victor is a director and deemed to be the substantial shareholder of RPI. The terms and conditions of the financing loans of RPI are market driven and agreed at arm's length between the borrowers and the financier. When making decisions on the above competing business, the relevant director, in the performance of his duty as a director of the Company, has acted and will continue to act in the best commercial interest of the Group.

PERMITTED INDEMNITY PROVISION

The Bye-laws provides that every Director or other officers shall be indemnified and secured harmless out of the assets of the Company from and against all actions, costs, charges, losses, damages and expenses which they shall or may incur or sustain in or about the execution of their duties in their respective offices or otherwise in relation thereto.

A permitted indemnity provision that meets the requirements specified in section 469(2) of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance (Cap. 622) for the benefits of the Directors is currently in force and was in force throughout the year.

BIOGRAPHICAL DETAILS OF DIRECTORS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT

Brief biographical details of Directors and senior management are set out on pages 38 to 39 of this report.

購買股份或債券之安排

除本董事會報告所披露者外,本公司、其同系附屬公 司或其任何附屬公司於回顧年內任何時間概無參與任 何安排,致使各董事可藉購入本公司或任何其他公司 之股份或債券而獲益。

董事於競爭性業務中之權益

於二零一六年十二月三十一日,根據上市規則第 8.10(2)條,董事所持有而被視為與或可能與本集團業 務有直接或間接競爭之業務權益詳情披露如下:

Competing business 競爭性業務

Money lending 貸款

> 陳孝聰先生為御泰財務之董事,亦被視為該公司之主 要股東。御泰財務之財務貸款之條款及條件由市場導 向,並由借貸雙方經公平協商協定。於制訂上述競爭 性業務之決策時,有關董事(於履行彼作為本公司董 事之職務時)經已並將會繼續採取符合本集團最佳商 業利益之行動。

獲准許的彌償條文

公司細則訂明,每名董事或其他高級職員均有權就彼 等因執行彼等各自之職務之職責或就此而將會或可能 承擔或蒙受之所有訴訟、成本、費用、虧損、損害及開 支獲得以本公司之資產作出之彌償保證及免受損害。

目前及於年內任何時間,本公司均為董事之利益訂有 符合香港《公司條例》(第622章)第469(2)條列明之 規定之獲准許的彌償條文。

董事及高級管理人員履歷

董事及高級管理人員履歷概要載於本報告第38至第 39頁。

INTERESTS OF SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDERS

As at 31 December 2016, the interests or short positions of the following parties (other than a Director or chief executive of the Company) in the shares and underlying shares of the Company as recorded in the register required to be kept by the Company pursuant to Section 336 of the SFO were as follows:

Long position in the Shares and underlying Shares in the Company

主要股東權益

於二零一六年十二月三十一日,按本公司根據證券及 期貨條例第336條須存置之登記冊所載,下列各方(除 本公司董事或最高行政人員外)於本公司股份及相關 股份中擁有之權益或淡倉如下:

於本公司股份及相關股份之好倉

Name of Shareholder	Nature of interest	Number of	Number of underlying	Tetel	Approximate Percentage of
Name of Shareholder	Nature of Interest	Shares held	Shares held	Total	issued share capital 佔已發行股本
股東名稱/姓名	權益性質	所持股份數目	所持相關股份數目	總計	概約百分比
Smart Ease Corporation	Interest of controlled corporation 受控制公司權益	1,494,941,855	161,056,118	1,655,997,973 (Notes A and B) (附註A及B)	16.51%
Keen Start Limited	Beneficial owner 實益擁有人	1,187,640,997	-	1,187,640,997 <i>(Note A)</i> (附註A)	11.84%
Kingly Profits Corporation	Beneficial owner 實益擁有人	307,300,858	161,056,118	468,356,976 <i>(Note B)</i> (附註B)	4.67%
PYN Elite Fund (non-UCITS)	Custodian corporation/ approved lending agent 託管公司/認可借貸代理	686,732,497	-	686,732,497	6.85%

Notes:

- A. These Shares are held by Keen Start Limited as beneficial owner. Keen Start Limited is wholly-owned by Smart Ease Corporation, which in turn, is wholly-owned by Mr. Chan How Chung, Victor. The interest disclosed herein was included in the interest of Mr. Chan as disclosed in the section headed "Interests of Directors and Chief Executives" in this Directors' Report.
- B. These Shares and underlying Shares are held by Kingly Profits Corporation as beneficial owner. Kingly Profits Corporation is wholly-owned by Smart Ease Corporation, which in turn, is wholly-owned by Mr. Chan. The interest disclosed herein was included in the interest of Mr. Chan as disclosed in the section headed "Interests of Directors and Chief Executives" in this Directors' Report.

Save as disclosed above, the register required to be kept under Section 336 of the SFO shows that as at 31 December 2016, the Company had not been notified of any other person who had an interest or short position in the shares and underlying shares of the Company.

附註:

- A. 該等股份由Keen Start Limited作為實益擁有人持有。 Keen Start Limited由Smart Ease Corporation全資擁 有,而Smart Ease Corporation由陳孝聰先生全資擁有。 誠如本董事會報告「董事及最高行政人員之權益」一節 所披露,於此披露之權益計入陳先生之權益內。
- B. 該等股份及相關股份由Kingly Profits Corporation作為實 益擁有人持有。Kingly Profits Corporation由Smart Ease Corporation全資擁有,而Smart Ease Corporation由陳 先生全資擁有。誠如本董事會報告「董事及最高行政人 員之權益」一節所披露,於此披露之權益計入陳先生之 權益內。

除上文所披露者外,根據證券及期貨條例第336條須存 置之登記冊所顯示,於二零一六年十二月三十一日, 本公司並無獲知會任何其他人士於本公司股份及相關 股份中擁有權益或淡倉。

MANAGEMENT CONTRACTS

No contracts concerning the management and administration of the whole or any substantial part of the business of the Company were entered into or existed during the year.

MAJOR CUSTOMERS AND SUPPLIERS

For the year ended 31 December 2016, the Group made approximately 27% of its entire sales to five largest customers and sales to the largest customer included therein amounted to approximately 6%. Purchases from the Group's five largest suppliers accounted for approximately 38% of the total purchases for the year and purchases from the largest supplier included therein amounted to approximately 13%.

None of the Directors, or any of their respective associates or any other Shareholders, which, to the best knowledge of the Directors, owns more than 5% of the Company's issued share capital, had any beneficial interest in the Group's five largest customers and five largest suppliers during the year.

CONNECTED TRANSACTIONS AND RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The Sale and Purchase Agreement and the transactions contemplated thereunder, as detailed in this report, constituted a non-exempt connected transaction under Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules. Details of the transactions are set out in the circulars of the Company dated 29 February 2016 and 30 September 2016.

The subscription of the 2019 Bonds by Kingly, as detailed in note 35 to the consolidated financial statements, and the transactions contemplated thereunder constitute a non-exempt connected transaction under Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules.

All the shareholder's loans made by Mr. Chan and Kingly to the Company, the Mega Market Loan as disclosed in section headed "Directors' Material Interests in Transactions, Arrangements or Contracts" in the Directors' Report and the personal guarantee given by Mr. Chan as disclosed in note 44 to the consolidated financial statements were fully exempted connected transactions under Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules.

管理合約

年內並無訂立或存在有關本公司全部或任何重大部分 業務管理及行政之合約。

主要客戶及供應商

截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度,本集團對五 大客戶之銷售額佔其總銷售額約27%,其中對最大客 戶之銷售額約佔6%。年內,本集團向五大供應商之採 購額佔其總採購額約38%,其中向最大供應商之採購 額約佔13%。

年內,董事或彼等各自之任何聯繫人或任何其他股東 (就董事所深知擁有本公司已發行股本5%以上者)概 無於本集團之五大客戶及五大供應商中擁有任何實益 權益。

關連交易及關聯方交易

根據上市規則第14A章,買賣協議及據此擬進行之交易(詳情見本報告)構成一項不獲豁免關連交易。該等 交易之詳情載於本公司日期為二零一六年二月二十九 日及二零一六年九月三十日之通函。

根據上市規則第14A章,Kingly認購二零一九年債券 (詳情見綜合財務報表附註35)及據此擬進行之交易 構成一項不獲豁免關連交易。

根據上市規則第14A章,陳先生及Kingly向本公司作 出之所有股東貸款以及Mega Market貸款(於董事會 報告內「董事所佔交易、安排或合約重大權益」一節 披露)以及陳先生提供之個人擔保(於綜合財務報表 附註44披露)為全面豁免關連交易。

As disclosed in the announcements of the Company dated 29 March 2016, 3 May 2016 and 2 August 2016, during the year, the Company paid the consent fees in an aggregate amount of approximately HK\$4,359,000 to Kingly in relation to the 2019 Bonds. The payments of the consent fee to Kingly was regarded as a connected transaction under the Listing Rules, which were not subject to the independent Shareholders' approval requirement under Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules.

Particulars of transactions and balances with related parties of the Group during the year ended 31 December 2016 are set out in note 44 to the consolidated financial statements.

The Company confirms that it has complied with the applicable requirements under Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules.

Save as disclosed above, the other transactions with related parties did not fall under the definition of "connected transaction" or "continuing connected transaction" in Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules.

BANK BORROWINGS

Details of bank borrowings of the Group and the Disposal Group as at 31 December 2016 are set out in notes 34 and 14 to the consolidated financial statements.

PUBLIC FLOAT

Based on the information that is publicly available to the Company and within the knowledge of the Directors, at least 25% of the Company's total issued share capital was held by the public as at the date of this report.

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

The Board hereby presents the annual results of the Group for the financial year ended 31 December 2016.

Business Review and Prospects

During the year under review, the Group was principally engaged in lottery system and games development business and distribution and marketing of lottery products in China.

The Chinese lottery market comprises two lotteries, namely, the China Welfare Lottery and the China Sports Lottery. The Group provides services to both lotteries.

Lottery Business

The Group's lottery business can be broadly divided into System and Games Development Business ("SGDB") and Distribution and Marketing Business ("DMB"). Revenue of the lottery business accounted for 100% of the Group's total revenue. 誠如本公司日期為二零一六年三月二十九日、二零 一六年五月三日及二零一六年八月二日之公布所披 露,本公司於年內就二零一九年債券向Kingly支付同 意費合共約4,359,000港元。根據上市規則,向Kingly 支付同意費被視為一項關連交易,惟毋須遵守上市規 則第14A章之獨立股東批准規定。

本集團於截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度之關 聯方交易及結餘詳情載於綜合財務報表附註44。

本公司確認其已遵守上市規則第14A章之適用規定。

除上文所披露者外,其他關聯方交易並不符合上市 規則第14A章內「關連交易」或「持續關連交易」之定 義。

銀行借貸

本集團及出售集團於二零一六年十二月三十一日之銀 行借貸詳情載於綜合財務報表附註34及14。

公眾持股量

根據本公司可獲之公開資料及就各董事所知,於本報 告日期,本公司已發行股本總額中最少25%由公眾持 有。

管理層討論及分析

董事會謹此呈列本集團截至二零一六年十二月三十一 日止財政年度之年度業績。

業務回顧及展望

於回顧年內,本集團主要於中國從事彩票系統與遊戲 開發業務及彩票產品的配送與市場業務。

中國彩票市場有兩類彩票,即中國福利彩票及中國體 育彩票。本集團同時為兩類彩票提供服務。

彩票業務

本集團的彩票業務大致分為系統及遊戲開發業務 (「系統及遊戲開發業務」)及配送與市場業務(「配送 及市場業務」)。彩票業務的收入佔本集團總收入的 100%。

For the year ended 31 December 2016, revenue of the Group amounted to approximately HK\$1,252,144,000, representing a decrease of 19.4% over the same period last year (2015: approximately HK\$1,554,394,000). The Group recorded a loss before taxation of approximately HK\$416,091,000 (profit before taxation in 2015: approximately HK\$205,358,000).

The decline in revenue mainly reflected the slowdown of the industry development which created immense pressure on the Group's lottery business. Due to the challenging operating environment for the lottery industry in China, particularly in the scratch card and paperless electronic lottery distribution markets, impairment loss on goodwill, intangible assets and other provisions were made in relation to the Group's interest in joint ventures and the Group's operating units. Keen market competition substantially increased the cost of sales/services and selling and distribution expenses including salary, marketing cost and other operating costs in China. The slowdown of economy growth in China and the tightening of capital controls have posed another set of challenges to the Group's operations. In response to these macro-environmental factors, the Group strictly adhered to a prudent approach to financial management during the year under review.

Lottery sales of the Chinese lottery market will take time to fully recover from the unfavorable impact of internet distribution channel suspension since early 2015, though a slow recovery has been seen during the year given the gradual change in purchasing habit among lottery players returning to traditional physical distribution channel. In the meantime, positive momentum brought by the shift in their preference to sports betting lottery and high-frequency games was partially offset by the moderate contraction among traditional instant lottery and pool-based drawing games. The Chinese lottery market is anticipated to experience a slow growth in sales until an official resumption of the internet lottery distribution channel. The resumption is expected to generate a positive impact on the market. Nevertheless, the Group continued to show strong resilience and delivered solid performance on the back of the broad base of its business portfolio in the entire value chain of the lottery industry. 截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度,本集團的收入約為1,252,144,000港元,較去年同期減少19.4% (二零一五年:約1,554,394,000港元)。本集團錄得 除税前虧損約416,091,000港元(二零一五年除税前 溢利:約205,358,000港元)。

收入減少主要反映行業發展放緩,對本集團的彩票業 務構成沉重壓力。由於中國彩票行業營商環境充滿挑 戰,尤其即開票及無紙化電子彩票配送市場,本集團 已就其於合營企業之權益及營運單位計提商譽及無形 資產減值虧損及其他撥備。國內激烈的市場競爭大幅 推高銷售/提供服務成本與銷售及分銷費用(包括薪 金、營銷費用及其他經營成本)。中國經濟增長放緩及 收緊資金管制亦為本集團的營運帶來另一重挑戰。為 應對此等宏觀環境因素,本集團於回顧年內恪守審慎 的財務管理方針。

儘管彩票玩家的購票習慣已於年內逐步重返傳統實 體配送渠道,惟中國彩票市場的彩票銷售要從自二零 一五年初以來互聯網配送渠道暫停運作所帶來的不利 影響中全面復甦,仍需一段時間。與此同時,彩票玩 家日漸偏好參與體育投注彩票及高頻遊戲的利好勢 頭,部分被傳統即開彩票及彩池抽獎遊戲的溫和收窄 所抵銷。於正式恢復互聯網彩票配送渠道前,中國彩 票市場的銷售將以慢速增長。預期恢復會對市場產生 正面影響。儘管如此,本集團憑藉在彩票行業整條價 值鏈建立的寬廣業務組合基礎,繼續展現強韌本色, 錄得穩健表現。

In order to align the Group's lottery business to the latest development in the lottery market, the Group embarked on a transformation to restructure its Welfare Computer Ticket Games ("CTG") business. In January 2016, the Company announced a plan to realise one of its long-term investments in the traditional Welfare CTG market which covered business operations of the manufacturing and provision of Welfare CTG machines and supporting systems for the traditional lottery market. During the year, the Group made concerted efforts to expedite the restructuring and closing the transaction. General expenses of the Group was increased due to various corporate expenses in relation to the delay in the closing of the transaction. Despite that, this strategic move unlocked substantial value of the assets and allowed the Group to focus on its operating priorities in order to drive future growth and deliver long-term value for our shareholders. After the restructuring, the Group will remain solidly positioned in the Welfare CTG market by supporting the development of non-traditional CTG and peripheral lottery system.

As disclosed in the announcement of the Company dated 14 February 2017, the Disposal (as defined in the section headed "Material Acquisitions and Disposals of Subsidiaries" in this Directors' Report) was completed. As a result of the completion of the Disposal, members of the Disposal Group have ceased to be subsidiaries of the Company and the net proceeds of the Disposal would be applied by the Company for redemption of the convertible bonds of the Company.

Reference is made to the announcement of the Company dated 29 March 2017, the Company has launched a proposal, after partial repayment of the outstanding bonds, to seek the bondholders' consent for, among other things, further extension of the relevant event redemption date of the put bonds and the maturity date of the bonds due 2016 and to waive the events of default for the respective bonds.

Although 2016 has turned out to be a challenging year for the Group in view of the difficult operating environment, it is expected that after the repayment of the remaining outstanding bonds, the Group will once again resume a sound financial position underpinned by improved overall cashflow, gearing and liquidity position which allow us to pursue our strategy and refocus the Group on growing our business. 為使本集團的彩票業務緊貼彩票市場的最新發展, 本集團已開始轉型,重組其福彩電腦票業務。於二零 一六年一月,本公司宣布計劃變現其中一項於傳統福 彩電腦票市場的長期投資,涵蓋為傳統彩票市場製造 及提供福彩電腦票機及支援系統的業務活動。於年 內,本集團不遺餘力地促成重組及完成交易。由於交 易延遲完成,涉及的不同企業費用令本集團的一般費 用增加。儘管如此,此策略舉措釋放大額資產值,讓 本集團得以專注於其重點業務,帶動未來增長,為股 東創造長遠價值。於重組後,在非傳統電腦票及週邊 彩票系統發展支持下,本集團於福彩電腦票市場的穩 固地位將維持不變。

誠如本公司日期為二零一七年二月十四日的公布所披 露,本董事會報告「附屬公司之重大收購及出售」一節 所界定之出售事項已完成。由於出售事項已完成,出 售集團之成員公司因而不再為本公司之附屬公司,而 出售事項之所得款項淨額將由本公司用於贖回本公司 的可換股債券。

謹此提述本公司日期為二零一七年三月二十九日之公 布,本公司於作出未償還債券之部分還款後提出建議 尋求債券持有人之同意,以(其中包括)進一步延長認 沽債券之相關事件贖回日及於二零一六年到期的債券 之到期日,並豁免各該等債券之違約事件。

儘管二零一六年營商環境困難,使本集團面對重重挑 戰,預期償還剩餘的未償還債券後,本集團的整體現 金流量、資本負債及流動資金水平將全面改善,回復 良好的財政狀況,得以落實各項策略,集中精力發展 業務。

Chinese Lottery Market

Chinese lottery market registered total lottery sales of RMB394.6 billion in 2016, increased by 7% compared with 2015.

Total sales of Welfare Lottery was RMB206.5 billion, increased by 2% compared with 2015. Welfare CTG accounted for about 71% of total Welfare Lottery sales; Welfare Scratch Cards was about 7% and Video Lottery Terminals ("VLT") took about 22%.

Welfare CTG sales in 2016 was RMB146.8 billion, increased by 3%. Welfare Scratch Cards sales was RMB14.9 billion, down 8%. VLT sales increased 5% to RMB44.5 billion. Sales of Keno was RMB266 million, decreased 39%.

Total sales of Sports Lottery was RMB188.1 billion. Sports CTG accounted for about 93% of total Sports Lottery sales and Sports Scratch Cards was about 7%.

Sales of Sports CTG, including Single Match Games ("SMG"), increased by 15% to RMB174.6 billion. Sports Scratch Cards sales was RMB13.6 billion, down by 3%. Total sales of Sports VLT was about RMB7.9 million.

System and Games Development Business

The Group's SGDB is an active participant in the provision of lottery system and specialised equipments for both CTG and scratch card products in China. During the year under review, the Group's SGDB delivered satisfactory performance which reflected the steady execution of its strategy in a time of evolving market dynamics.

Welfare CTG Business

In 2016, performance of the Welfare CTG market was still impacted by the suspension of internet distribution where such impact slowly reduced as the year progressed. The full year sales of Welfare CTG in China turned around with a low single digit increase.

In the traditional segment of Welfare CTG market, growth of national draw based games was flat during the year. In parallel, regional and high frequency games showed a faster pace of development in the second half of the year and successfully outperformed the segment growth for the full year. As lottery players gradually shifted their purchasing habit, physical retail network played an important role in retaining and attracting new players during the year.

中國彩票市場

中國彩票市場於二零一六年錄得彩票總銷售額人民幣 3,946億元,較二零一五年上升7%。

福利彩票的總銷售額為人民幣2,065億元,較二零 一五年上升2%。福彩電腦票約佔福利彩票總銷售 額的71%;福彩即開票約佔7%;而中福在線則約佔 22%。

於二零一六年,福彩電腦票的銷售額為人民幣1,468 億元,上升3%。福彩即開票的銷售額為人民幣149 億元,下跌8%。中福在線的銷售額上升5%至人民 幣445億元。基諾的銷售額為人民幣2.66億元,下跌 39%。

體育彩票的總銷售額為人民幣1,881億元。體彩電腦 票約佔體育彩票總銷售額的93%,而體彩即開票約佔 7%。

體彩電腦票(包括單場競猜遊戲(「競彩」))的銷售額 上升15%至人民幣1,746億元。體彩即開票的銷售額 為人民幣136億元,下跌3%。體育視頻彩票終端的總 銷售額約為人民幣790萬元。

系統及遊戲開發業務

本集團的系統及遊戲開發業務積極為中國電腦票及即 開票產品提供彩票系統及專用設備。於回顧年內,本 集團的系統及遊戲開發業務表現理想,反映其策略於 不斷演進的市場穩步執行。

福彩電腦票業務

於二零一六年,福彩電腦票市場的表現仍受到互聯網 配送暫停的影響,惟影響力已於年內逐步減退。中國 福彩電腦票的全年銷售額錄得單位數字低增長反彈。

於福彩電腦票市場的傳統分部,全國性抽獎遊戲於年內的增長持平。同時,地區性及高頻遊戲於本年度下半年發展加快,全年順利超越分部增長。由於彩票玩家逐步改變其購票習慣,實體零售網絡於年內在維繫及吸納新玩家方面起着舉足輕重的作用。

During the year under review, the Group continued to forge ahead with the profound transformation to focus on the non-traditional market segment for the Group's Welfare CTG segment. The Group will remain solidly positioned in the upstream lottery market after completion of the restructuring and repositioning over lottery games development and peripheral lottery system innovation. This business segment is expected to achieve a satisfactory level of profitability as markets improve.

Welfare Scratch Cards Business

The Group's Welfare Scratch Cards Business involved in both validation and printing of Welfare Scratch Cards in China.

During the year under review, the Group's Welfare Scratch Cards Business suffered from the reduction of total sales volume in the market. Competition from other instant type of lottery products was obviously a significant factor behind the drop in scratch cards sales. Although the magnitude of sales decline was reduced by the efforts made by lottery authorities, underperformance of the scratch card market continued to dampen the performance of the Group's Welfare Scratch Cards business.

The Group has jointly controlled interests in the validation system and specialised equipment provider which provides validation services for the Welfare Scratch Cards market. In light of the continuing slowdown in scratch card market, a provision was recognised for the impairment loss on goodwill and intangible assets included in the interests in joint ventures in relation to the aforesaid operations.

The Group also participated in Welfare Scratch Cards printing business through a cooperative venture with Shijiazhuang Offset Printing House, one of the three entities authorised to print for the Welfare Scratch Cards programs. The Group's printing operations rolled out various new scratch cards designs during the year to meet the demand from lottery authorities. Leveraging on its design and printing capability, the Group is ideally positioned to play an important role when this market regains its momentum. 於回顧年內,本集團繼續進行轉型工作,將本集團的 福彩電腦票分部重點投放於非傳統市場分部。於重組 及重新定位完成後,本集團於上游彩票市場上仍將維 持開發彩票遊戲及創新週邊彩票系統的穩固地位。此 業務分部預期可於市況改善時錄得可觀的盈利能力。

福彩即開票業務

本集團的福彩即開票業務於中國參與福彩即開票的認 證及印刷業務。

於回顧年內,本集團的福彩即開票業務受市場總銷售 量減少影響。來自其他即開型彩票產品的競爭乃即開 票銷售下跌的主因。儘管彩票機關已致力減少銷售下 跌的程度,即開票市場表現不濟依然影響本集團福彩 即開票業務的表現。

本集團在為福彩即開票市場提供認證服務的認證系統 及專用設備供應商擁有共同控制權益。鑑於即開票市 場持續放緩,本集團已就上述業務確認計入於合營企 業之權益內的商譽及無形資產的減值虧損撥備。

此外,本集團亦透過與石家莊市膠印廠(作為三家獲 認可印刷福彩即開票廠家之一)的合作協議參與福彩 即開票印刷業務。本集團的印刷業務於年內推出多種 新即開票,以滿足彩票機關的需求。本集團兼備設計 及印刷能力,隨時可於市場重回升軌之時擔當重要角 色。

Sports CTG Business

The Group's Sports CTG business was engaged in the manufacturing and sales of CTG terminals to provincial Sports Lottery Centres across China serving the needs of traditional CTG segment and supporting the development of SMG.

Replacement demand for new Sports CTG/SMG terminals were driven by the needs to modernise sales equipment in the physical lottery distribution network. During the year under review, the Group actively participated in the procurement bidding and delivered its Sports CTG terminals in different provinces.

Distribution and Marketing Business

The Group's DMB is a major participant in lottery distribution in China. It has successfully established a comprehensive distribution platform which consists of a widely diversified and recognised physical retail network and a portfolio of innovative and advanced electronic lottery platforms.

The Group's downstream lottery operations pledge to provide reliable, efficient and innovative lottery services to address the needs of end consumers in lottery market and assist lottery authorities to promote and develop the Chinese Lottery market in sustainable manner. Over the years, the Group has fostered long-term relationships with lottery authorities and acted as innovator for technologies which help to improve the way lottery products are marketed, distributed and experienced.

The Group's DMB was working against some major headwinds in 2016. Performance of the scratch card distribution business was hampered by the shrinking sales volume in the market. Meanwhile, the operating environment for paperless electronic lottery business, including mobile lottery business, remained difficult given considerable uncertainty persisted in relation to relevant regulatory development during the year. During the year under review, the Group recognised an impairment loss on goodwill and other provisions in relation to the operating units in the paperless electronic lottery business. Nevertheless, the Group's DMB maintains a solid foundation in the paperless electronic lottery platforms and ready to expand when market evolves.

體彩電腦票業務

本集團的體彩電腦票業務參與製造及銷售電腦彩票機 予國內各省的體育彩票中心,以滿足傳統電腦票業務 所需及支持競彩業務發展。

實體彩票配送網絡需要使用更先進的銷售設備,帶動 置換新體育電腦彩票機/競彩終端的需求。於回顧年 內,本集團積極參與採購競標,向多個不同省份交付 其體育電腦彩票機終端。

配送及市場業務

本集團的配送及市場業務為中國彩票配送的主要參與 者,成功建立了全面的配送平台,當中包括一個多元 化並經認可的實體零售網絡,以及創新而先進的電子 彩票平台組合。

本集團下游彩票業務致力提供可靠、高效及創新的彩 票服務,以滿足彩票市場最終客戶的需要,並協助彩 票機關以可持續方式促進和發展中國彩票市場。多年 來,本集團已與彩票機關建立長期關係,並創新各種 科技,協助改善彩票產品的市場推廣、配送方式及體 驗。

本集團配送及市場業務於二零一六年面對重重波折。 即開票配送業務的表現因市場銷量萎縮而受挫。與此 同時,由於年內相關監管發展仍存在重大不確定性, 無紙化電子彩票業務(包括手機彩票業務)的營商環 境未許樂觀。於回顧年內,本集團已就無紙化電子彩 票業務的營運單位確認商譽減值虧損及其他撥備。儘 管如此,本集團配送及市場業務在無紙化電子彩票平 台的基礎依然穩固,隨時可於市場回穩時大展拳腳。

Scratch Cards Distribution Business

The Group's scratch cards distribution business focuses on the distribution and sales of scratch cards through a physical lottery distribution network. This network comprised of a widely diversified and recognised sales distribution channels located in selected prime locations. The Group's DMB is one of the largest distributors for scratch cards in terms of sales value and number of point-of-sales established.

Despite the efforts made by lottery authorities to stimulate sales, downward pressure of scratch card sales exacerbated during the second half of the year. Overall performance of scratch cards sales in the market continued to be impacted by the fierce competition from other lottery products, particularly from other instant type of lottery products. Meanwhile, competition in the scratch card distribution market intensified with entry of new market participants and created pressure for business performance. The Group continued its efforts to restructure its sales network to stay competitive in the current tough market situation.

Single Match Games Business

Total sales of SMG in China exceeded market expectation against the back drop of internet distribution channel suspension by achieving a strong growth to reach RMB67.2 billion in 2016.

This encouraging result reflected the strength of major sports event in expanding the player base for this lottery product. Also, it demonstrated the underlying significance of the physical retail network since internet distribution had been suspended in early 2015. During the year under review, the Group operated its SMG business through physical distribution network and was able to benefit from the market growth.

即開票配送業務

本集團的即開票配送業務透過實體彩票配送網絡,專 注從事即開票配送與銷售。此網絡包含位於特選優越 地區已有多元化及廣泛認可銷售的配送渠道。以銷售 價值及已建銷售點數目計算,本集團的配送及市場業 務為最大的即開票配送商之一。

儘管彩票機構致力刺激銷售,即開票銷售於下半年的 跌勢加劇。來自其他彩票產品的激烈競爭持續拖累即 開票銷售的總體市場表現,尤其是來自其他即開型的 彩票產品的競爭。新市場參與者湧現激化即開票配送 市場的競爭,對業務表現造成壓力。本集團繼續致力 重組其銷售網絡,務求在目前嚴峻的市況下保持競爭 力。

單場競猜遊戲業務

即使互聯網配送渠道暫停,中國競彩的總銷售額仍超 出市場預期,於二零一六年錄得強勁增長,達人民幣 672億元。

令人鼓舞的成績反映體育盛事能拓闊此彩票產品的玩 家基礎,亦展現實體零售網絡自二零一五年初暫停互 聯網配送以來的重要性。於回顧年內,本集團透過實 體配送網絡經營其競彩業務,受惠於市場增長。

SMG, which was launched in 2009 in China, has successfully evolved to be the single largest lottery product in the Chinese market and displayed its huge potential. It is also believed that internet distribution platform will play an important role in releasing the enormous potential of SMG. The Group remains positive on the longterm prospect of internet lottery distribution channel and maintains its investment in this area through its interest in the Okooo platform. Okooo has been transforming itself into an interactive portal for SMG consumers to publish, share and explore relevant content online. Okooo aims to retain its user base by providing innovative services with quality information and content for SMG consumers. The ongoing regulatory development will eventually open up long-term growth opportunities for SMG market.

Mobile Lottery Business and Mobile Electronic Lottery Platform

The Group conducts its mobile lottery business through its self developed Mobile Electronic Lottery Platform ("Mobile ELP"), which offers a multi-functional back-end system with convenience interface to facilitate lottery distribution over mobile devices. Mobile ELP improves the convenience of lottery purchase by connecting players directly to the centralised system of provincial lottery centre, enabling a safe and reliable lottery purchase experience. The adoption of Mobile ELP provides provincial lottery centres with technological breakthrough to better connect with players located in their respective provinces and attract purchases from the locals. The Group has established a solid foundation which allows us to seize market opportunities driven by the reopening of mobile lottery distribution method after regulatory approvals. During the year under review, the operating environment for mobile lottery business was very challenging. The development of mobile technology for lottery distribution slowed down in response to the ambiguous regulation associated with mobile lottery platform.

Sports Video Lottery

Sports VLT was first introduced in Hainan Province to support the local tourism development. The Group was honored to be chosen as one of the first companies to play an active role in supporting the launch of this new lottery product for Sports Lottery. The Sports VLT in Hainan Province, featuring four distinctive lottery games, is still at its infancy and growing in a faster pace during the year. Total sales of Sports VLT in the market grew by 38% year-on-year. The Group's franchised outlet, located at the unique prime location to serve both domestic and in-bound tourists, was able to benefit from the favorable development of this relative new lottery product. The Group will continue to deliver players with fantastic lottery experience through its franchised lottery outlet. The Group is confident on the long-term growth of this lottery product and its potential contribution to the lottery market.

競彩自二零零九年在國內推出以來,已成功演進成為 中國市場的單一最大彩票產品,突顯其龐大潛力。此 外,市場相信互聯網配送平台將於釋放競彩巨大潛力 發揮重要作用。本集團仍然看好互聯網彩票配送渠道 的長遠前景,並透過於Okooo平台的權益保留於此業 務範疇的投資。Okooo已轉型為供競彩客戶登載、分 享及探索相關網上內容的互動門戶網站。Okooo致力 為競彩客戶提供創新服務、優質資訊及內容,務求保 持其用戶基礎。監管規定的持續發展最終將會開放競 彩市場的長遠增長機遇。

手機彩票業務及手機電子彩票平台

本集團透過其自行開發的手機電子彩票平台經營其手 機彩票業務。手機電子彩票平台提供多功能後端系統 及便捷的界面,有助於透過流動裝置配送彩票。手機 電子彩票平台令玩家可直接連結各省彩票中心的中央 系統,打造更為方便及安全可靠的購彩體驗。手機電 子彩票平台的應用為各省彩票中心提供了技術性突 破,更有效地連接其各自省份的玩家,並吸引當地人 士購買。本集團已建立穩固基礎,可於監管審批後重 啟手機彩票配送渠道時抓住市場機遇。於回顧年內, 手機彩票業務的營商環境極具挑戰。手機彩票平台的 相關規例詮釋未明,拖慢彩票配送的手機技術發展。

體育視頻彩票

體育視頻彩票終端首次於海南省推出,以支持當地旅 遊業發展。本集團很榮幸獲選為積極支持體育彩票推 出此新彩票產品的首批公司之一。海南省體育視頻彩 票終端備有四個獨特彩票遊戲,仍然處於其發展的初 期階段,年內以較快步伐增長。體育視頻彩票的市場 總銷售額按年增長38%。本集團特許經營專門店位 處的黃金地段,匯集國內外旅客,有力把握此相對較 新的彩票產品利好發展所帶來的裨益。本集團將繼續 透過特許經營彩票專門店,為玩家提供新奇的彩票體 驗。本集團相信,此彩票產品將能達致長期增長,並 具潛力為彩票市場作出貢獻。

Outlook

The performance of Chinese lottery market in 2016 showed a glimmer of recovery from the latest regulatory and industry development in 2015. As one of the major players in the market, the Group possesses strong fundamentals to deliver appropriate financial performance in the challenging operating environment today. With its comprehensive lottery solutions and products, the Group is going to capitalise on the opportunities across the market to emerge from this downturn in a much stronger competitive position.

More than a decade ago, the Group entered the Chinese lottery market through the acquisition of a lottery system supplier in the upstream lottery market which later became the foundation of the Group's lottery business. Over the years, the Group worked hard to grow the business and expand its operations to the downstream market of lottery distribution. The Group's growth strategy centers on developing its business for sustainable growth prospect with reasonable shareholders' return over the long term. The disposal and value realisation of our long-term investment in traditional Welfare CTG market was a clear testimony to the agile execution of this strategy.

Looking ahead, uncertainties of regulatory development in the Chinese lottery market will likely hamper the short-term development of the industry. Whilst it is uncertain when the legal framework regulating the paperless electronic distribution channels will be formalised, it is believed that paperless electronic lottery distribution will eventually become an important driver for growth in the Chinese lottery market and it will bring ample opportunities for the industry players. The Group's DMB has already taken significant steps to prepare for that. However, the prolonged suspension of the internet distribution channel is introducing increased uncertainty and operating pressure to lottery market and industry participants. Although the impact of the suspension is fading, it has restrained the growth momentum in the Chinese lottery market and caused profound impact to the operating environment and strategic planning of the Group.

展望

中國彩票市場於二零一六年的表現,呈現從二零一五 年的最新監管及行業發展中復甦的曙光。本集團乃市 場上的主要參與者之一,根基穩固,有力應對當前營 商環境挑戰,交出理想財務表現。本集團具備全面的 彩票解決方案及產品,勢將把握市場帶來的機遇,走 出低谷並發揮更強競爭優勢。

回顧十多年前,本集團藉收購上游彩票市場的彩票系 統供應商擠身中國彩票市場,此後該公司已成為本集 團彩票業務的磐石。多年來,本集團努力發展業務,營 運拓展至下游彩票配送市場。本集團的發展策略宗旨 乃開發具可持續增長前景的業務,締造長遠的合理股 東回報。本集團出售其於傳統福彩電腦票市場的長期 投資,將價值變現,實乃靈活執行此一策略的明證。

展望未來,中國彩票市場的監管發展未定,將有可能 窒礙行業的短期發展。儘管規管無紙化電子配送渠道 的法律框架的正式落實時間未明,相信無紙化電子彩 票配送最終會成為中國彩票市場的主要增長動力,為 行業參與者帶來無限商機。本集團的配送及市場業務 已作出重要舉措,為此作好準備。然而,長時間暫停互 聯網配送渠道正為彩票市場及行業參與者帶來更多不 確定性及經營壓力。儘管有關暫停的影響逐漸消退, 中國彩票市場的增長勢頭已受限制,對本集團的營商 環境及策略規劃造成深遠影響。

Once the financial challenge posed by the redemption obligation under the convertible bonds has been successfully addressed, the Group is poised to focus on growing its business. China has had a strong start in 2016 for the 13th Five-Year Plan Period and the Chinese government is promoting domestic investments to achieve the ambitious objectives laid out in its development blueprint. The past success of the Group tied to its strategy to set the foundation for long-term growth by taking a prudent approach towards investment opportunities. As the key aspects of the 13th Five-Year Plan open up immense opportunities, the Group intends to introduce and establish strategic partnership to enhance the Group's human and finance capability and identify potential projects which offers immense growth potentials and can provide a solid foundation for substainable future growth. Diversification will put us on the front foot to move our business forward when the Group's core business is facing an increasing uncertainty amid the latest market development. Going forward, the Group will continue to forge ahead with transformation to pursue profitable growth and make contributions for sustainable development of the industry which supports the good causes that benefit the general public in China.

Financial Review

Result

For the year ended 31 December 2016, the Group recorded a revenue of HK\$1,252,144,000 (2015: HK\$1,554,394,000), representing a decrease of 19.4% over that of the last year. The decrease was mainly attributable to the Group's lottery business in China.

Loss attributable to equity shareholders for the year was HK\$393,007,000 (profit attributable to equity shareholders for 2015: HK\$150,879,000). The loss per share was 3.93 HK cents (earnings per share for 2015: 1.51 HK cents). Diluted loss per share for the year ended 31 December 2016 is the same as the basic loss per share as both the share options and the convertible bonds outstanding during the year had an anti-dilutive effect on the basic loss per share.

The Board does not recommend the payment of dividend in respect of the year ended 31 December 2016 (2015: HK\$Nil).

待可換股債券的贖回責任圓滿解決,財務狀況改善, 本集團已準備重點發展業務。中國的十三五規劃於二 零一六年取得良好開局,中國政府現正推動本土投 資,以實現其宏大的發展藍圖。本集團的成功往績, 全賴通過審慎的投資為長遠增長奠下基礎。十三五規 劃綱要釋放龐大商機,本集團計劃引進及建立策略夥 伴關係,提升本集團的人力及財力,並物色具有龐大 增長潛力,能為日後的可持續增長提供穩固基礎的潛 在項目。最新的市場發展令本集團的核心業務面對的 不明朗因素日增,業務多元化能讓本集團進駐有利位 置,推動業務向前發展。展望未來,本集團日後將繼 續轉型,爭取可觀增長,並為行業的可持續發展作出 貢獻,為中國普羅大眾的福利提供支援。

財務回顧 *業績*

截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度,本集 團錄得收入1,252,144,000港元(二零一五年: 1,554,394,000港元),較去年下跌19.4%。跌幅主要 來自本集團中國彩票業務。

年內權益股東應佔虧損為393,007,000港元(二零 一五年權益股東應佔溢利:150,879,000港元)。每股 虧損為3.93港仙(二零一五年每股盈利:1.51港仙)。 由於年內尚未行使之購股權及未獲轉換之可換股債券 對每股基本虧損具有反攤薄影響,故截至二零一六年 十二月三十一日止年度之每股攤薄虧損與每股基本虧 損相同。

董事會不建議派付截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止 年度之股息(二零一五年:零港元)。

Liquidity, Financial Resources and Funding

At 31 December 2016, the Group's total equity amounted to HK\$5,511,177,000 as compared to HK\$6,085,403,000 at the end of the previous year.

At 31 December 2016, the Group (including the Disposal Group) had cash and bank balances of approximately HK\$2,237,048,000 (2015: approximately HK\$1,242,791,000). This balance includes HK\$Nil (2015: approximately HK\$330,000) of clients' funds that were kept in designated segregated bank accounts.

In 2011 and 2012, the Company issued 6.00% convertible bonds originally due 2016 and extended to 2017 (the "2016 Bonds") in principal amount of HK\$964,700,000 and HK\$429,000,000 respectively. Each 2016 Bond is convertible into fully paid ordinary shares of HK\$0.01 each of the Company (the "Shares") at the applicable conversion price of HK\$0.5600 per Share. The 2016 Bonds bear interest at the rate of 6.00% per annum payable semi-annually in arrears. During the year ended 31 December 2016, there was no conversion of the 2016 Bonds into Shares by the bondholders of the Company (the "Bondholders"). On 22 June 2016, the Company made a partial payment of approximately 6.79% of the principal in respect of all the 2016 Bonds for the amount of HK\$22,430,266.08. On 30 September 2016, the Company made further partial payment of the 2016 Bonds for the amount of HK\$52,155,000. As at 31 December 2016, the principal amount of the 2016 Bonds outstanding was HK\$255,729,733.92 (2015: HK\$330,315,000).

In 2014, the Company issued 4.50% convertible bonds due 2019 (the "2019 Bonds") in principal amount of HK\$1,900,000,000. Each 2019 Bond is convertible into fully paid Shares at the applicable conversion price of HK\$1.3700 per Share. The 2019 Bonds bear interest at the rate of 4.50% per annum payable semi-annually in arrears. During the year ended 31 December 2016, there was no conversion of the 2019 Bonds into Shares by the Bondholders. On 22 June 2016, the Company made a partial payment of approximately 6.79% of the principal in respect of all the 2019 Bonds for the amount of HK\$122,569,741. On 30 September 2016, the Company made further partial payment of the 2019 Bonds for the amount of HK\$285,000,000. As at 31 December 2016, the principal amount of the 2019 Bonds outstanding was HK\$1,397,430,259 (2015: HK\$1,805,000,000).

流動資金、財務資源及融資

於二零一六年十二月三十一日,本集團之權益總額為 5,511,177,000港元,去年年終則為6,085,403,000港 元。

於二零一六年十二月三十一日,本集團(包括出售集 團)持有現金及銀行結餘約2,237,048,000港元(二零 一五年:約1,242,791,000港元)。結餘包括存放於指 定銀行獨立賬戶之客戶資金零港元(二零一五年:約 330,000港元)。

於二零一一年及二零一二年,本公司發行原於二零 一六年到期並延遲至二零一七年到期、本金額分別為 964,700,000港元及429,000,000港元之6.00厘可換 股債券(「二零一六年債券」)。每份二零一六年債券 可按每股股份0.5600港元之適用轉換價轉換為本公司 每股面值0.01港元之繳足普通股(「股份」)。二零一六 年債券按年利率6.00厘計息,利息須每半年期末支 付。於截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度,並無 本公司債券之持有人(「債券持有人」)將二零一六年 債券轉換為股份。於二零一六年六月二十二日,本公 司就全部二零一六年債券支付約6.79%之部分本金額 22,430,266.08港元。於二零一六年九月三十日,本公 司進一步就二零一六年債券支付部分金額52,155,000 港元。於二零一六年十二月三十一日,未償還之二零 一六年債券之本金額為255,729,733.92港元(二零) 一五年:330.315.000港元)。

於二零一四年,本公司發行於二零一九年到期、本金 額為1,900,000,000港元之4.50厘可換股債券(「二 零一九年債券」)。每份二零一九年債券可按每股股 份1.3700港元之適用轉換價轉換為繳足股份。二零 一九年債券按年利率4.50厘計息,利息須每半年期末 支付。於截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度,債 券持有人並無將二零一九年債券轉換為股份。於二零 一六年六月二十二日,本公司就全部二零一九年債券 支付約6.79%之部分本金額122,569,741港元。於二 零一六年九月三十日,本公司進一步就二零一九年 債券支付部分金額285,000,000港元。於二零一六年 十二月三十一日,未償還之二零一九年債券之本金額 為1,397,430,259港元(二零一五年:1,805,000,000 港元)。

The gearing ratio as at 31 December 2016 was 32.36% (2015: 35.70%). The gearing ratio was derived by dividing the total borrowings including the convertible bonds, obligations under finance leases and bank borrowings includes those classified as part of liabilities associated with assets classified as held for sale of approximately HK\$1,783,405,000 (2015: approximately HK\$2,172,736,000) by the amount of total equity. The liquidity ratio of the Group, represented by a ratio between current assets over current liabilities, was 260% (2015: 347%), reflecting adequacy of financial resources. The decrease of liquidity ratio mainly due to the increase in amount due to related parties for the year ended 31 December 2016.

The Group had outstanding bank borrowings at 31 December 2016 of HK\$142,357,000 (2015: HK\$71,429,000). The bank borrowings of HK\$137,456,000 (2015: HK\$71,429,000) was loaned to the Disposal Group in 2016. The bank borrowings were denominated in Renminbi and interest bearing at prevailing commercial lending rates. The Group's land and building and trade receivables were pledged to secure the bank borrowings. All these borrowings were expected to be repaid by internal funds generated by the Group, including the Disposal Group.

Taking into account the financial resources available to the Group including internally generated funds and available banking facilities, the Group has sufficient working capital to meet its present operational requirements.

Impairment Loss on Goodwill and Intangible Assets

For the year ended 31 December 2016, the Group made a provision of HK\$226,319,000 (2015: HK\$99,321,000) and HK\$58,823,000 (2015: HK\$Nil) for impairment losses on goodwill and intangible assets respectively. The impairment loss on goodwill HK\$103,923,000 (2015: HK\$99,321,000) was made to the Group's cash-generating unit and the remaining impairment losses on goodwill and intangible assets of HK\$122,396,000 and HK\$58,823,000 respectively were included in the interest in joint ventures.

於二零一六年十二月三十一日之負債比率為32.36% (二零一五年:35.70%)。負債比率為將借貸總額(包 括可換股債券、融資租賃債務及銀行借貸(包括歸入 與分類為持作出售之資產有關之負債一部分者),約為 1,783,405,000港元(二零一五年:約2,172,736,000 港元))除以權益總額。本集團以流動資產除以流動 負債計算之流動資金比率為260%(二零一五年: 347%),反映財務資源充裕。流動資金比率下跌主要 是由於截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度應付關 聯方款項增加所致。

本集團於二零一六年十二月三十一日之未償還銀行 借貸為142,357,000港元(二零一五年:71,429,000 港元)。於二零一六年,137,456,000港元(二零一五 年:71,429,000港元)之銀行借貸乃授予出售集團。 銀行借貸以人民幣為單位,並以現行商業貸款利率計 息。出售集團之土地及樓宇以及應收貿易賬款已作抵 押,作為銀行借貸之擔保。本集團預期上述所有借貸 將以本集團(包括出售集團)產生之內部資金償還。

連同本集團可動用之財務資源,包括內部資金及可動 用銀行信貸,本集團具備充足營運資金應付現時之營 運需要。

商譽及無形資產之減值虧損

截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度,本集團就 商譽及無形資產減值虧損分別作出226,319,000港 元(二零一五年:99,321,000港元)及58,823,000 港元(二零一五年:零港元)撥備。商譽減值虧損 103,923,000港元(二零一五年:99,321,000港元)乃 就本集團之現金產生單位作出,而餘下商譽及無形資 產減值虧損分別122,396,000港元及58,823,000港元 已計入於合營企業之權益。

The impairment loss on goodwill HK\$103,923,000 was recognised for the Group's cash-generating unit which is principally engaged in lottery distribution and marketing business was fully impaired due to challenging operating environment for the lottery industry in China which aggravated its business performance. Accordingly, full impairment loss on goodwill of HK\$103,923,000 was recognised.

Full impairment losses of goodwill and intangible assets with carrying value amounting to HK\$122,396,000 and HK\$58,823,000 respectively included in the interests in joint ventures were recognised in profit or loss for the year due to the continuing slowing down of the scratch card market in China. The carrying amounts of the interests in joint ventures exceeded their recoverable amounts of approximately HK\$170,000,000. Pre-tax discount rate of 18.3% and terminal value growth rate of 3% had been used in the calculation of the value in use of the interests in joint ventures.

Pledge of Assets

As at 31 December 2016, trade receivables of approximately HK\$15,052,000 (2015: HK\$Nil) were pledged to a bank to secure general banking facilities granted to the Group.

As at 31 December 2016, the Disposal Group's land and building with total market value of approximately HK\$118,667,000 (2015: approximately HK\$122,500,000) was pledged to banks to secure the bank borrowings granted to the Disposal Group.

Share Capital

45,000,000 new Shares were issued and allotted by the Company during the year upon exercise of share options granted by the Company.

As at 31 December 2016, the total number of issued Shares was 10,028,495,338.

Save as disclosed above, there was no change in the Company's capital structure during the year ended 31 December 2016.

本集團就主要從事提供彩票配送及營銷業務之現金 產生單位確認103,923,000港元之商譽減值虧損。由 於中國彩票業經營環境充滿挑戰,打擊業務表現, 故該現金產生單位已全數減值。因此,本集團已確認 103,923,000港元之全數商譽減值虧損。

鑑於中國即開票市場持續放緩,於合營企業之權益 內賬面值分別為122,396,000港元及58,823,000港 元之全數商譽及無形資產減值虧損已於年度損益確 認。於合營企業之權益之賬面值超出可收回金額約 170,000,000港元。計算於合營企業之權益之使用價 值時已使用18.3%之税前貼現率及3%之持續增長 率。

資產抵押

於二零一六年十二月三十一日,約15,052,000港元 (二零一五年:零港元)之應收貿易賬款已抵押予一間 銀行,作為本集團獲授之一般銀行融資之擔保。

於二零一六年十二月三十一日,出售集團總市值約 118,667,000港元(二零一五年:約122,500,000港 元)土地及樓宇已抵押予銀行,作為出售集團獲授銀 行借貸之擔保。

股本

本公司於年內因行使本公司授出之購股權而發行及配發45,000,000股新股份。

於二零一六年十二月三十一日,已發行股份總數為 10,028,495,338股。

除上文所披露者外,本公司之股本架構於截至二零 一六年十二月三十一日止年度並無變動。

Convertible Bonds

The 2016 Bonds

The Company issued the 2016 Bonds in 2011 and 2012 respectively in an aggregate principal amount of HK\$1,393,700,000 which was convertible into fully paid Shares at an initial conversion price of HK\$0.6175 per Share. The 2016 Bonds are listed on the Singapore Exchange Securities Trading Limited.

On 14 September 2016, the maturity date of the 2016 Bonds has been extended from 28 September 2016 to 28 February 2017. On 22 June 2016 and 30 September 2016, the Company made partial payments of the 2016 Bonds in the amount of HK\$22,430,266.08 and HK\$52,155,000 respectively. As at 31 December 2016, the principal amount of the 2016 Bonds outstanding was HK\$255,729,733.92 (2015: HK\$330,315,000). Each 2016 Bond is convertible into fully paid Shares at the applicable conversion price of HK\$0.5600 per Share. During the year ended 31 December 2016, there was no conversion of the 2016 Bonds.

Further updates of the 2016 Bonds are set out in the section headed "Latest Proposals in relation to the Bonds" below.

The 2019 Bonds

The Company issued the 2019 Bonds in 2014 in the principal amount of HK\$1,900,000,000. Each 2019 Bond was convertible into fully paid Shares at an initial conversion price of HK\$1.4070 per Share. The 2019 Bonds are listed on the Singapore Exchange Securities Trading Limited.

On 22 June 2016 and 30 September 2016, the Company made partial payments of the 2019 Bonds in the amount of HK\$122,569,741 and HK\$285,000,000 respectively. As at 31 December 2016, the principal amount of the 2019 Bonds outstanding was HK\$1,397,430,259 (2015: HK\$1,805,000,000). Each 2019 Bond is convertible into fully paid Shares at the applicable conversion price of HK\$1.3700 per Share. During the year ended 31 December 2016, there was no conversion of the 2019 Bonds.

Further updates of the 2019 Bonds are set out in the section headed "Latest Proposals in relation to the Bonds" below.

可換股債券

二零一六年債券

本公司分別於二零一一年及二零一二年發行本金總額 為1,393,700,000港元之二零一六年債券,曾經可按 每股股份0.6175港元之初步轉換價轉換為繳足股份。 二零一六年債券於新加坡證券交易所上市。

於二零一六年九月十四日, 二零一六年債券之到期日 由二零一六年九月二十八日押後至二零一七年二月 二十八日。本公司已於二零一六年六月二十二日及二 零一六年九月三十日作出部分付款, 以償付分別為數 22,430,266.08港元及52,155,000港元之二零一六年 債券。於二零一六年十二月三十一日, 尚未償還之二 零一六年債券之本金額為255,729,733.92港元(二零 一五年:330,315,000港元)。每份二零一六年債券可 按每股股份0.5600港元之適用轉換價轉換為繳足股 份。於截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度, 並無 二零一六年債券獲轉換。

有關二零一六年債券之進一步最新資料載於下文「有 關該等債券之最新建議」一節。

二零一九年債券

本公司於二零一四年發行本金額為1,900,000,000港 元之二零一九年債券。每份二零一九年債券曾經可按 每股股份1.4070港元之初步轉換價轉換為繳足股份。 二零一九年債券於新加坡證券交易所上市。

本公司已於二零一六年六月二十二日及二零一六 年九月三十日作出部分付款,以償付分別為數 122,569,741港元及285,000,000港元之二零一九年 債券。於二零一六年十二月三十一日,尚未償還之二 零一九年債券之本金額為1,397,430,259港元(二零 一五年:1,805,000,000港元)。每份二零一九年債券 可按每股股份1.3700港元之適用轉換價轉換為繳足股 份。於截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度,並無 二零一九年債券獲轉換。

有關二零一九年債券之進一步最新資料載於下文「有 關該等債券之最新建議」一節。

Relevant Event and Consent Solicitation Proposals in relation to the Bonds

As stated in the announcement of the Company dated 20 August 2015, pursuant to the terms and conditions of each of the 2016 Bonds and the 2019 Bonds (collectively, the "Bonds"), a "Relevant Event" occurs when, among other things, the Shares are suspended for trading for a period equal to or exceeding 30 consecutive trading days on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange"). Notice has been given by the Company to the holders of the Bonds that a "Relevant Event" occurred. Each holder of the Bonds had the right at such holder's option, to require the Company to redeem all or some only of such holder's Bonds on 2 November 2015 (the "Relevant Event Redemption Date") at their principal amount (the "Put Bonds") together with interest accrued to such redemption date, in each case in accordance with the respective terms and conditions of the 2016 Bonds and the 2019 Bonds. Upon redemption of any of the Bonds, such redeemed Bonds will be cancelled.

Given the occurrence of the "Relevant Event", the Company had formulated various consent solicitation proposals (the "Proposals") to the Bondholders to, among other things, (i) delay the maturity date of the 2016 Bonds; and (ii) delay the original Relevant Event Redemption Date and extend the relevant put period end date. Subsequent to the passing of the extraordinary resolutions by the Bondholders, (i) the maturity date in relation to the 2016 Bonds was delayed to 28 February 2017; and (ii) the Relevant Event Redemption Date in relation to each series of the Bonds was delayed to a date (as notified by the Company to the Bondholders and the trustee of the Bonds no less than two Hong Kong business days prior to the date on which payment is to be made) from but excluding 28 January 2017 to an including 28 February 2017 in relation to the Relevant Delisting Event (as defined in the Company's announcement dated 2 August 2016), and the relevant put period end date was extended to 28 January 2017.

Detailed information regarding the Proposals and the relevant meetings/resolutions (as the case may be) of the Bondholders are set out in the announcements of the Company dated 22 September 2015, 7 October 2015, 29 October 2015, 29 March 2016, 8 April 2016, 3 May 2016, 3 June 2016, 2 August 2016 and 9 September 2016, respectively.

Further updates in relation to the Bonds are set out in the section headed "Latest Proposals in relation to the Bonds".

該等債券之相關事件及同意徵求建議

誠如本公司日期為二零一五年八月二十日之公布所 述,根據二零一六年債券及二零一九年債券(統稱「該 等債券」)各自之條款及條件,在出現(其中包括)股 份於香港聯合交易所有限公司(「聯交所」)暫停買賣 為期相等於或超過30個連續交易日之情況時,即發生 「相關事件」。本公司已向該等債券之持有人發出已發 生「相關事件」之通知。根據二零一六年債券及二零 一九年債券各自之條款及條件,每名該等債券之持有 人有權按其選擇,要求本公司於二零一五年十一月二 日(「相關事件贖回日」)按本金額(連同累計至相關 贖回日之利息)贖回該持有人全部或僅部分該等債券 (「認沽債券」)。於贖回任何該等債券時,被贖回之該 等債券將被註銷。

鑑於發生「相關事件」,本公司制訂多項同意徵求建議 (「建議」)向債券持有人提出,以(其中包括)(i)押後 二零一六年債券之到期日;及(ii)押後原相關事件贖回 日,而相關認沽期結束日亦相應押後。於債券持有人 通過特別決議案後,(i)有關二零一六年債券之到期日 已押後至二零一七年二月二十八日;及(ii)該等債券各 系列債券之相關事件贖回日已就相關除牌事件(定義 見本公司日期為二零一六年八月二日之公布)押後至 於二零一七年一月二十八日(但不包括當日)至二零 一七年二月二十八日(包括當日)期間之日期(須由 本公司於付款作出之日前不少於兩個香港營業日知會 債券持有人及該等債券之受託人),而相關認沽期結 束日亦相應押後至二零一七年一月二十八日。

有關建議及相關債券持有人會議/決議案(視情況而 定)之詳細資料,載於本公司日期分別為二零一五年 九月二十二日、二零一五年十月七日、二零一五年十 月二十九日、二零一六年三月二十九日、二零一六年 四月八日、二零一六年五月三日、二零一六年六月三 日、二零一六年八月二日及二零一六年九月九日之公 布。

有關該等債券之進一步最新資料,載於「有關該等債 券之最新建議」一節。

Exposure to Fluctuation in Exchange Rate Risk and Interest Rate Risk

The Group's assets, liabilities and transactions are mainly denominated either in Hong Kong dollar or Renminbi. Since August 2015, the exchange rate of RMB fluctuated significantly, the Directors are aware that the fluctuation in exchange rate between Hong Kong dollar and Renminbi may give rise to potential foreign currency risk. The Group currently does not have a foreign currency hedging policy and will continue to monitor and evaluate the Group's foreign currency exposure and take actions as appropriate.

In terms of the interest rate risk exposures, the Group does not have any significant interest rate risk as both the borrowings of the Group and the interest rates currently remain at low levels.

Capital Commitments

For the year ended 31 December 2016, the Company had capital commitments contracted for but not provided for in the consolidated financial statements of HK\$Nil (2015: approximately HK\$383,000) for purchase of property, plant and equipment and approximately HK\$84,000,000 (2015: approximately HK\$84,000,000) for increase in registered capital of a subsidiary respectively.

Contingent Liabilities

As at 31 December 2016 and 2015, certain subsidiaries of the Group have issued corporate guarantees in respect of the finance lease obligation under a sales and leaseback arrangement granted to a subsidiary of the Group which will expire when the lease is terminated.

As at 31 December 2016, one of the subsidiaries of the Group has issued a corporate guarantee to a bank for the bank loans granted to a subsidiary of the Group (2015: HK\$Nil).

The Group has not recognised any deferred income and the related expenses in respect of such guarantees, as in the opinion of the Directors, their fair values cannot be reliably measured using observable market data and their transaction price was nil.

As at 31 December 2016 and 2015, the Directors do not consider it probable that a claim will be made against these subsidiaries under any of the guarantees.

匯率及利率波動風險

本集團之資產、負債及交易主要以港元或人民幣計 算。自二零一五年八月起,人民幣匯率大幅波動。董 事注意到港元兑人民幣之匯率出現波動而可能引致潛 在外匯風險。本集團現時並無制訂外匯對沖政策,惟 將繼續密切監察及評估本集團之外匯風險,並採取適 當行動。

於利率風險方面,由於本集團借貸及現時利率維持於 低水平,故本集團並無任何重大利率風險。

資本承擔

截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度,本公司就 購買物業、廠房及設備以及一間附屬公司之註冊資 本增加於綜合財務報表內有已訂約但未撥備之資本 承擔分別零港元(二零一五年:約383,000港元)及 約84,000,000港元(二零一五年:約84,000,000港 元)。

或然負債

於二零一六年及二零一五年十二月三十一日,本集團 若干附屬公司已就本集團一間附屬公司獲授之售後租 回安排下之融資租賃債務發出公司擔保。有關擔保將 於租賃終止時到期。

於二零一六年十二月三十一日,本集團其中一間附屬 公司已就本集團一間附屬公司獲授之銀行貸款向一間 銀行發出公司擔保(二零一五年:零港元)。

由於董事認為,有關擔保之公允值無法使用可觀察市 場數據可靠計量,且交易價為零,故本集團並無就有 關擔保確認任何遞延收入及相關開支。

於二零一六年及二零一五年十二月三十一日,董事認 為根據任何該等擔保向該等附屬公司提出申索之機會 不大。

Material Acquisitions and Disposals of Subsidiaries

On 4 January 2016, REXCAPITAL Financial Group Limited (the "Seller"), a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company, entered into a sale and purchase agreement (as supplemented and amended on 23 February 2016 and 2 August 2016) (the "Sale and Purchase Agreement") with Sunjet Investments Limited (the "Purchaser"), in relation to (i) the sale and purchase of the entire issued share capital of Multi Glory Limited, a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company; and (ii) the assignment of the entire amount owing from Multi Glory Limited to the Group, at the cash consideration of HK\$2,150,000,000 (the "Disposal"). It was intended that the net proceeds from the Disposal would firstly be applied by the Company for redemption of the outstanding Put Bonds.

The Disposal constituted a major and connected transaction of the Company under the Listing Rules. The Sale and Purchase Agreement and the transactions contemplated thereunder has been approved by the independent shareholders of the Company.

In consideration of the Purchaser entering into the Sale and Purchase Agreement, on 2 August 2016, the Company executed a deed of guarantee pursuant to which the Company agreed to guarantee in favour of the Purchaser the due performance and observance by the Seller of all its obligations under or pursuant to the Sale and Purchase Agreement in accordance with the terms of the said deed of guarantee.

In addition, on 2 August 2016, Mega Market Assets Limited has agreed to grant an interest-free unsecured loan to the Company in an amount up to HK\$360,000,000 to finance the Company's partial redemption of the Put Bonds.

The Disposal has completed subsequent to the reporting period. Details of the Disposal are set out in the Company's circulars dated 29 February 2016 and 30 September 2016 and the announcements of the Company dated 18 March 2016, 29 March 2016, 29 April 2016, 19 May 2016, 27 July 2016, 31 October 2016, 9 January 2017, 27 January 2017 and 14 February 2017 respectively.

Save as disclosed above, the Group had no material acquisition and disposal of subsidiaries during the year ended 31 December 2016.

附屬公司之重大收購及出售

於二零一六年一月四日,REXCAPITAL Financial Group Limited (「賣方」)(本公司一間全資附屬公 司)與Sunjet Investments Limited (「買方」)訂立買 賣協議(經於二零一六年二月二十三日及二零一六年 八月二日補充及修訂)(「買賣協議」),內容有關(i)買 賣Multi Glory Limited (本公司一間全資附屬公司)之 全部已發行股本;及(ii)轉讓Multi Glory Limited結欠 本集團之全部款項,現金代價為2,150,000,000港元 (「出售事項」)。本公司擬將出售事項所得款項淨額 首先用於贖回未償還認沽債券。

根據上市規則,出售事項構成本公司一項主要及關連 交易。本公司獨立股東已批准買賣協議及據此擬進行 之交易。

經考慮買方已訂立買賣協議,於二零一六年八月二 日,本公司簽立擔保契據,據此,本公司同意按照上 述擔保契據之條款以買方為受益人擔保賣方妥為履行 及遵守其於買賣協議項下或根據買賣協議承擔之全部 責任。

此外,於二零一六年八月二日,Mega Market Assets Limited同意向本公司授出免息無抵押貸款最多 360,000,000港元,為本公司贖回部分認沽債券提供 資金。

出售事項已於報告期後完成。出售事項之詳情載於本 公司日期為二零一六年二月二十九日及二零一六年九 月三十日之通函以及本公司日期分別為二零一六年三 月十八日、二零一六年三月二十九日、二零一六年四 月二十九日、二零一六年五月十九日、二零一六年七 月二十七日、二零一六年十月三十一日、二零一七年 一月九日、二零一七年一月二十七日及二零一七年二 月十四日之公布。

除上文所披露者外,於截至二零一六年十二月三十一 日止年度,本集團並無附屬公司之重大收購及出售。

Human Resources

As at 31 December 2016, the Group had 1,125 employees.

The Group remunerated its employee mainly based on the individual's performance and experience. Apart from the basic remuneration, discretionary bonus and share options may be granted to eligible employees by reference to the Group's performance as well as individual performance.

Final Dividends

The Board does not recommend the payment of final dividend for the year ended 31 December 2016 (2015: HK\$Nil).

Events After the Reporting Period

Latest Proposals in relation to the Bonds

As disclosed in the Company's announcements dated 14 February 2017, 1 March 2017, 9 March 2017, 14 March 2017, 24 March 2017 and 29 March 2017, the redemption date for the Put Bonds was 27 February 2017 and the maturity date of the 2016 Bonds was 28 February 2017. The aggregate principal amount of Put Bonds was HK\$1,427,364,682.70 and the aggregate principal amount due on the maturity date of the 2016 Bonds was HK\$3,677,448.00. Accordingly, the aggregate outstanding principal amount of the Bonds immediately due and payable as of 28 February 2017 was HK\$1,431,042,130.70.

As additional time was required to complete the relevant procedures to effect such payments, the redemption of the Put Bonds and the 2016 Bonds have not taken place in accordance with the terms and conditions of the Bonds. On 29 March 2017, the Company has made a partial payment to satisfy part of the principal amount of the outstanding Bonds and the accrued but unpaid interest thereon. The Company also launched a proposal to seek the Bondholders' consent for, among other things, further extension of the Relevant Event Redemption Date of the Put Bonds and the maturity date of the 2016 Bonds, and to waive the events of default for the respective Bonds (the "Bondholders' Consent").

Detailed information regarding the Bondholders' Consent is set out in the announcement of the Company dated 29 March 2017.

人力資源

於二零一六年十二月三十一日,本集團共有1,125名 僱員。

本集團主要按個別員工之表現及經驗酬報其僱員。除 基本薪酬外,本集團亦會按本集團業績表現及個別員 工表現向合資格僱員發放酌情花紅及授出購股權。

末期股息

董事會不建議派付截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止 年度之末期股息(二零一五年:零港元)。

報告期後事項 *有關該等債券之最新建議*

誠如本公司日期為二零一七年二月十四日、二零一七 年三月一日、二零一七年三月九日、二零一七年三月 十四日、二零一七年三月二十四日及二零一七年三月 二十九日之公布所披露,認沽債券之贖回日為二零 一七年二月二十七日,而二零一六年債券之到期日為 二零一七年二月二十八日。認沽債券之本金總額為 1,427,364,682.70港元,而二零一六年債券於到期日 應付之本金總額為3,677,448.00港元。因此,該等債 券於二零一七年二月二十八日即時到期應付之未償還 本金總額為1,431,042,130.70港元。

由於需要額外時間完成辦理該等付款之相關程序,認 沽債券及二零一六年債券尚未根據該等債券之條款及 條件落實贖回。本公司已於二零一七年三月二十九日 作出部分付款,以償付該等債券尚未償還之部分本金 額及其應計未付利息。此外,本公司提出建議以尋求 債券持有人之同意,以(其中包括)進一步延遲認沽債 券之相關事件贖回日及二零一六年債券之到期日,並 豁免各該等債券之違約事件(「債券持有人同意」)。

有關債券持有人同意之詳細資料,載於本公司日期為 二零一七年三月二十九日之公布。

Major Risks and Uncertainties of the Group

The followings were the major risk and uncertainties of the Group during the year under review.

Macroeconomic Environment

The gross turnover of lotteries in PRC is closely related to consumers' lottery purchase behavior. Any change in consumers' lottery purchase behavior resulting from changes in global and domestic economic conditions could materially and adversely affect the Group's business, results of operations and financial condition.

Regulatory risk

The Group's lottery business is subject to regulations and measures promulgated by the relevant authorities in the PRC. Any change in these regulations and measures in PRC could materially and adversely affect the Group's business, results of operations and financial condition.

Uncertainty in the implementation of internet and telephone lottery sales services

The rules and regulations on internet and telephone lottery sales services in PRC are subject to interpretation by the relevant authorities and may involve uncertainties in their implementation. Any unfavorable new regulatory requirements or amendments could have a material adverse effect on the business, financial condition, results of operations and prospects of the Group.

Renewal of cooperation agreements

The Group operates part of its lottery business pursuant to fixedterm cooperation agreements with provincial lottery centres and strategic partners. There is no assurance that these cooperation agreements will be extended or renewed on favourable terms or at all. The occurrence of any of the above situations may materially and adversely affect the Group's business, results of operations and financial condition.

Weather

Extreme weather conditions in regions where the Group's lottery distribution network, suppliers, customers and lottery consumers are located could adversely affect the business and results of operations of the Group.

本集團之重大風險及不明朗因素

以下為本集團於回顧年內之重大風險及不明朗因素。

宏觀經濟環境

中國彩票營業總額與彩民購彩行為密切相關。彩民購 彩行為如因全球及國內經濟狀況變化而有變,可能會 對本集團之業務、經營業績及財務狀況造成重大不利 影響。

監管風險

本集團之彩票業務須遵守中國有關當局頒佈的規例及 措施。中國有關規例及措施如有任何變動,可能會對 本集團之業務、經營業績及財務狀況造成重大不利影 響。

落實互聯網及電話彩票銷售服務之不明朗因素

中國有關互聯網及電話彩票銷售服務之規則及規例由 有關當局詮釋,於落實時可能涉及不明朗因素。如有 不利的新監管規定或修訂,可能會對本集團之業務、 財務狀況、經營業績及前景造成重大不利影響。

續新合作協議

本集團根據與各省彩票中心及策略性夥伴訂立之定期 合作協議經營其部分彩票業務。概無保證該等合作協 議將可以按有利條款延長或續新,甚至無法延長或續 新。發生上述任何狀況或會對本集團之業務、經營業 績及財務狀況造成重大不利影響。

天氣

本集團彩票配送網絡、供應商、客戶及彩民所在各個 地區如出現極端天氣情況,可能會對本集團業務及經 營業績造成不利影響。

Directors' Report (continued) 董事會報告(續)

Corporate Environmental and Social Responsibility

The Group is committed to the long-term sustainability of its various businesses and the local communities where we operate. Further information on the environmental policies and performance of the Company is set out in the Environmental, Social and Governance Report on pages 54 to 58.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

The Company is committed to maintain high standard of corporate governance practices. Further information on the corporate governance practices adopted by the Company is set out in the Corporate Governance Report on pages 42 to 53.

AUDIT COMMITTEE

The audit committee has reviewed with the management the accounting principles and practices adopted by the Group and discussed internal controls and financial reporting matters including the review of the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2016.

AUDITOR

By a resolution passed at the annual general meeting of the Company held on 11 June 2015, Ting Ho Kwan & Chan CPA Limited ("THKC CPA Ltd.") has been appointed as the auditor of the Company to fill the vacancy arising from the retirement of Messrs. Ting Ho Kwan & Chan as a result of their internal corporate structure reorganisation.

Details of the change of auditor are, among other things, set out in the Company's circular dated 30 April 2015 and the Company's announcements dated 31 March 2015 and 11 June 2015 respectively.

THKC CPA Ltd. will retire and being eligible, offer themselves for re-appointment at the forthcoming annual general meeting of the Company. A resolution for re-appointment of THKC CPA Ltd. as auditor of the Company is to be proposed at the forthcoming annual general meeting.

企業環境及社會責任

本集團堅持追求各項業務及經營所在社區之長期可持 續發展。有關本公司之環境政策及表現之進一步資料 載於第54至第58頁之環境、社會及管治報告內。

企業管治

本公司致力維持高水平之企業管治常規。有關本公司 採納之企業管治常規之進一步資料載於第42至第53 頁之企業管治報告內。

審核委員會

審核委員會已會同管理層審閱本集團採納之會計原則 及慣例,並討論內部監控及財務申報事宜,包括審閱 截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度之綜合財務報 表。

核數師

根據本公司於二零一五年六月十一日舉行之股東週年 大會上通過之決議案,丁何關陳會計師事務所有限公 司已獲委任為本公司之核數師,以填補丁何關陳會計 師行因內部企業架構重組而退任所產生之空缺。

更換核數師之詳情(其中包括)載於本公司日期為二 零一五年四月三十日之通函以及本公司日期分別為二 零一五年三月三十一日及二零一五年六月十一日之公 布。

丁何關陳會計師事務所有限公司將於應屆股東週年大 會上退任及符合資格且願意獲續聘。應屆股東週年大 會上將提呈決議案,續聘丁何關陳會計師事務所有限 公司為本公司核數師。

Directors' Report (continued) 董事會報告(續)

PURCHASE, SALE OR REDEMPTION OF THE COMPANY'S LISTED SECURITIES

During the year ended 31 December 2016, neither the Company nor any of its subsidiaries purchased, sold or redeemed any of the Company's listed securities.

MODEL CODE FOR SECURITIES TRANSACTIONS BY DIRECTORS

During the year ended 31 December 2016, the Company has adopted the Model Code as set out in Appendix 10 of the Listing Rules as the code for dealing in securities of the Company by the Directors. Having made specific enquiry, all the Directors confirmed that they have complied with the required standard set out in the Model Code throughout the year.

APPRECIATION

The Board expresses its sincere thanks to all the shareholders, bondholders, business partners and professional advisors for their support throughout the year, and to our management and staff for their ongoing dedication to the Group.

For and on behalf of the Board

Chan How Chung, Victor Executive Director

Hong Kong, 31 March 2017

購買,出售或贖回本公司之上市證券

於截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度,本公司或 其任何附屬公司概無購買、出售或贖回本公司任何上 市證券。

董事進行證券交易之標準守則

於截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度,本公司已 採納上市規則附錄十所載之標準守則,作為董事進行 本公司證券交易之準則。經作出明確查詢後,全體董 事均已確認彼等已於年內一直遵守標準守則所規定之 標準。

致謝

董事會衷心感謝全體股東、債券持有人、業務夥伴及 專業顧問於本年度一直之支持,亦對管理層及員工不 斷為本集團盡心工作深表謝意。

代表董事會

執行董事 **陳孝聰**

香港,二零一七年三月三十一日

* The English translation of Chinese names or words are for information purpose only, and should not be regarded as the official English translation of such Chinese names or words. 中文名稱或詞彙之英文翻譯僅供參考,不應視為該等中 文名稱或詞彙之正式英文譯名。

Biographical Details of Directors and Senior Management 董事及高級管理人員履歷

EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

CHAN How Chung, Victor, aged 55, was appointed as an executive Director on 4 July 2002. Mr. Chan is responsible for the strategic development and overall operations of the Group. He holds a LLB degree and is a professionally qualified accountant. Mr. Chan has over 27 years of experience in corporate restructurings and reorganizations, mergers and acquisitions, primary and secondary capital raisings, wealth management and corporate finance.

BOO Chun Lon, aged 52, was appointed as an executive Director on 14 September 2004 and is responsible for the development of the Group. He holds a bachelor's degree of arts from the University of Winnipeg in Canada. Prior to joining the Company, he has been the marketing manager of Great Tone Limited, an international manufacturing company.

INDEPENDENT NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

YUEN Wai Ho, aged 57, was appointed as an independent nonexecutive Director on 8 April 2004. Mr. Yuen obtained a master of business administration from the University of Bath in England in 1988. Mr. Yuen is a fellow member of both the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants and the Association of Chartered Certified Accountants, an associate member of the Chartered Institute of Management Accountants and the Institute of Chartered Secretaries & Administrators. Mr. Yuen has more than 27 years of experience in auditing and commercial fields, 10 of which were working in multinational companies. He is currently a partner of a firm of certified public accountants.

CHOW Siu Ngor, aged 61, was appointed as an independent nonexecutive Director on 14 October 2004. Mr. Chow is a practicing solicitor in Hong Kong. Mr. Chow graduated from the Chinese University of Hong Kong in 1981 with an honors degree in Social Science. He then obtained an honors degree in Laws from the University of Birmingham in England in 1987. Mr. Chow was admitted as a solicitor of the Supreme Court of Hong Kong in 1990 and has been in private practice since then. Currently, Mr. Chow is a Partner of King & Wood Mallesons, Solicitors. He also serves as an independent non-executive director of CCT Land Holdings Limited and CCT Fortis Holdings Limited, both of which are listed companies in Hong Kong. Mr. Chow was a non-executive director of China Baoli Technologies Holdings Limited (formerly known as REX Global Entertainment Holdings Limited), which is a listed company in Hong Kong, from April 2006 to September 2015.

執行董事

陳孝聰,55歲,於二零零二年七月四日獲委任為執行 董事,負責本集團策略發展及整體營運。陳先生為專 業會計師,彼同時亦持有英國法律學士學位。陳先生 擁有逾27年企業重組、合併收購、主要及次要集資、 財富管理及企業融資方面之經驗。

巫峻龍,52歳,於二零零四年九月十四日獲委任為 執行董事,負責本集團之發展。巫先生持有加拿大 University of Winnipeg之文學士學位。巫先生於加入 本公司前,曾為一家國際生產商鉅同有限公司之市場 經理。

獨立非執行董事

阮煒豪,57歲,於二零零四年四月八日獲委任為獨 立非執行董事。阮先生於一九八八年畢業於英國 University of Bath,持有工商管理學碩士學位。阮先 生為香港會計師公會及英國特許公認會計師公會之資 深會員,並為英國特許管理會計師公會及英國特許秘 書及行政人員公會之會員。阮先生於賬目審核及商業 方面擁有逾27年經驗,其中10年為任職於跨國企業。 彼現時為一家執業會計師行之合夥人。

鄒小岳,61歲,於二零零四年十月十四日獲委任為 獨立非執行董事。鄒先生為香港執業律師。鄒先生於 一九八一年在香港中文大學畢業,獲得社會科學榮譽 學位。彼其後於一九八七年取得英國伯明翰大學法律 榮譽學位。鄒先生於一九九零年獲錄取為香港高等法 院律師,自此起已私人執業。目前,鄒先生為金杜律師 事務所之合夥人。彼亦為中建置地集團有限公司及中 建富通集團有限公司之獨立非執行董事,兩間公司均 為香港上市公司。於二零零六年四月至二零一五年九 月期間,鄒先生曾為中國寶力科技控股有限公司(前 稱御濠娛樂控股有限公司)之非執行董事,該公司為 香港上市公司。

Biographical Details of Directors and Senior Management (continued) 董事及高級管理人員履歷(續)

LEE Ka Lun, aged 62, was appointed as an independent nonexecutive Director on 17 April 2007. Mr. Lee is a fellow member of the Association of Chartered Certified Accountants in the United Kingdom. Mr. Lee has over 20 years experience in banking and auditing. He had been the Deputy Chief Executive of Lloyds TSB Bank plc, Hong Kong Branch and Regional Director – Finance and Operation of Lloyds TSB's operations in Asia for over 15 years and has extensive experience on corporate banking, private banking, treasury, operations, IT developments and general management. Mr. Lee also serves as an independent non-executive director of Chow Sang Sang Holdings International Limited, Yuexiu Property Company Limited, Chong Hing Bank Limited, Medicskin Holdings Limited and Ever Harvest Group Holdings Limited, all of which are listed companies in Hong Kong.

SENIOR MANAGEMENT

WOO Ming Wah, aged 46, is the Chief Financial Officer of the Group. Mr. Woo is an associate member of the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants and a member of the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. Mr. Woo has over 20 years of experience in the field of auditing and financial management.

NG Yuen Yee, aged 47, is the Company Secretary of the Company. Ms. Ng is an associate member of The Hong Kong Institute of Chartered Secretaries. She has over 24 years of experience in the field of company secretaryship.

YAU Sheung Nei, aged 44, is the Director – Corporate Development and Investor Relations of the Group. Ms. Yau has over 21 years of experience in the field of investor relations and equity research. Prior to joining the Group, she had worked for a number of Hong Kong listed red chip companies and a global asset management company. 李家麟,62歲,於二零零七年四月十七日獲委任為獨 立非執行董事。李先生為英國特許公認會計師公會資 深會員。李先生在銀行及審計界擁有超過20年經驗。 彼曾出任萊斯銀行香港分行副行政總裁及亞洲區域 財務及營運董事超過15年,具豐富企業銀行、私人銀 行、財務、營運、資訊科技發展及管理經驗。李先生 亦為周生生集團國際有限公司、越秀地產股份有限公 司、創興銀行有限公司、密迪斯肌控股有限公司及永 豐集團控股有限公司之獨立非執行董事,該等公司均 為香港上市公司。

高級管理人員

胡明華,46歲,為本集團之首席財務總監。胡先生為 香港會計師公會及美國執業會計師協會之會員。胡先 生於賬目審核及財務管理方面擁有逾20年經驗。

吴婉儀,47歲,為本公司之公司秘書。吳女士為香港 特許秘書公會會員。彼於公司秘書方面擁有逾24年經 驗。

尤霜妮,44歲,為本集團之企業發展及投資者關係部 董事。尤女士於投資者關係和證券研究方面擁有逾21 年經驗。於加入本集團前,彼曾受聘於多間於香港上 市之紅籌企業及一家全球資產管理公司。

Management for Lottery Business 彩票業務管理人員

ZHANG Beiguang, aged 47, is the Executive Vice President (Lottery Operation and Overseas Markets) of the Group. Mr. Zhang graduated from the Peking University with a bachelor's degree in arts. He has over 15 years experience in strategic development and management.

WANG Xiangbo, aged 54, is the general manager of 北京弋德利邦 科技有限公司 (Beijing Guard Libang Technology Co Ltd*) ("Guard Libang"). He joined Guard Libang in 2004. Mr. Wang graduated from the Hunan University with a master's degree in Business Administration. Prior to joining Guard Libang, he was appointed as vice president of China Southern Airlines Power Machinery Company in 1993 and was responsible for sales. He specialised in large scale operation management and international venture, especially in nationwide marketing management. He was the general manager of Tianjin Nankai Co Ltd, a listed company in China between 2000 to 2003.

JIANG Libin, aged 44, is the general manager of 廣州市樂得瑞科 技有限公司 (Guangzhou Latech Technology Co Ltd*) ("Guangzhou Latech"). Mr. Jiang joined Guangzhou Latech in 2000 and has extensive experience in mechanical and electronic engineering research and related business operations. He graduated from the faculty of power control in Beihang University.

QIAO Jin, aged 48, is the general manager of 深圳市金帆軟件技 術有限公司 (Shenzhen Kingsail Software Tech Co Ltd*). Mr. Qiao graduated from Chongqing University and holds a M.Sc. degree from the Department of Applied Mathematics and a Ph.D degree from the College of Optoelectronic Engineering. He has over 10 years of experience in the field of information technology and engineering, specialising in comprehensive information system application.

TSANG Lung Fai, aged 53, the Chief Executive Officer of 北京信安中 彩科技有限公司 (Beijing Xinan Sino-lottery Technology Co Ltd*) and is responsible for the overall management of the printing of lottery tickets. Mr. Tsang holds a master's degree in Business Administration from Massey University in New Zealand. He has worked in C & C Security Printing Company Limited for around 20 years and was experienced in security printing. He was formerly the general manager of Hong Kong and Dongguan plants of RR Donnelley, an international printing firm. **張北光**,47歲,為本集團之彩票業務及海外市場執行 副總裁。張先生畢業於北京大學,獲文學士學位。彼 擁有逾15年之策略發展及管理經驗。

王湘波,54歲,為北京戈德利邦科技有限公司(「戈德 利邦」)之總經理。彼於二零零四年加入戈德利邦。王 先生畢業於湖南大學,擁有工商管理碩士學位。於加 入戈德利邦前,彼曾於一九九三年獲委任為中國南方 航空動力機械公司之副總裁,負責公司之行銷工作。 彼專門於大型企業之經營管理與國際合作,特別是全 國市場之行銷管理工作。於二零零零年至二零零三年 間,彼曾出任天津南開戈德股份有限公司(一家於中 國上市之公司)之總經理。

姜立斌,44歳,為廣州市樂得瑞科技有限公司(「廣州 樂得瑞」)的總經理。姜先生於二零零零年起加入廣 州樂得瑞,擁有廣泛的機械、電子工程研究及相關的 業務運作經驗。彼畢業於北京航空航天大學動力控制 系。

喬進,48歲,為深圳市金帆軟件技術有限公司的總經 理。喬先生畢業於重慶大學,持有應用數學系碩士學 位及光電工程學院博士學位。彼具有逾10年有關資訊 科技及工程之經驗,專於綜合資訊系統應用。

曾龍輝,53歲,為北京信安中彩科技有限公司的行政 總裁,負責集團之彩票印刷業務的全面管理。曾先生 持有紐西蘭梅西大學的工商管理碩士學位。彼曾於中 華商務安全印務有限公司工作接近20年,擁有豐富的 安全印刷經驗。彼亦曾於一家國際印務公司當納利的 香港及東莞工廠擔任總經理。

Management for Lottery Business (continued) 彩票業務管理人員(續)

ZHONG Wu, aged 53, is the Chief Operating Officer of 北京信安中彩 科技有限公司 (Beijing Xinan Sino-lottery Technology Co Ltd*) and is responsible for the overall operation of the printing of lottery tickets. Mr. Zhong graduated from Beihang University – School of Economics and Management, with a master's degree in business administration. He has over 10 years of experience in product development and logistic management and business planning.

TUNG Wai Ching, aged 52, is the general manager of 北京樂和 贏營銷顧問有限公司 (Beijing Lohowin Marketing Co Ltd*) and is responsible for the overall management of the sales of lottery tickets. Mr. Tung holds a master's degree in Business Administration from The Hong Kong Polytechnic University. He has over 10 years of experience in sales & marketing and management and has thorough understanding to the Chinese market. **鍾武**,53歳,為北京信安中彩科技有限公司的營運總 裁,負責集團之彩票印刷業務的整體營運事宜。鍾先 生畢業於北京航空航天大學經濟管理學院,持有工商 管理碩士學位。彼擁有十多年產品開發、物流管理及 經營計劃制定的經驗。

董偉程,52歲,為北京樂和贏營銷顧問有限公司的總 經理,負責集團之彩票銷售業務的全面管理。董先生 持有香港理工大學的工商管理碩士學位。彼擁有十多 年市場銷售及管理經驗,並對中國市場有深入的認 識。

- * The English translation of Chinese names or words are for information purpose only, and should not be regarded as the official English translation of such Chinese names or words.
- 中文名稱或詞彙之英文翻譯僅供參考,不應視為該等中 文名稱或詞彙之正式英文譯名。

Corporate Governance Report 企業管治報告

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE PRACTICES

The Company is committed to maintain a high standard of corporate governance practices as set out in the Corporate Governance Code (the "CG Code") in Appendix 14 of the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities of The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Listing Rules").

The corporate governance principles of the Company emphasise a quality board of directors, sound internal control, principles and transparency and accountability to all shareholders of the Company. The Company has complied with the code provisions (the "Code Provision(s)") under the CG Code throughout the accounting period covered by this report except in certain circumstances which are provided and discussed in the latter part of this report.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

The directors of the Company (the "Director(s)") are collectively responsible for the oversight of the management of business and affairs of the Group of the best interest of the shareholders of the Company.

The board of Directors (the "Board") currently comprises a total of five Directors, with two executive Directors namely Mr. Chan How Chung, Victor and Mr. Boo Chun Lon and three independent non-executive Directors namely Mr. Yuen Wai Ho, Mr. Chow Siu Ngor and Mr. Lee Ka Lun. A list containing the names of the Directors and their roles and functions is published on the websites of the Company and The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange").

The biographical details of the Directors are set out on pages 38 to 39. To the best knowledge of the Company, there is no financial, business, family or other material or relevant relationships between members of the Board.

Throughout the year under review, the Board at all times met the requirements under Rules 3.10(1), 3.10(2) and 3.10A of the Listing Rules respectively relating to the appointment of at least three independent non-executive Directors with at least one of them possessing appropriate professional qualifications or accounting or related financial management expertise and the independent non-executive Directors represent at least one-third of the Board.

All independent non-executive Directors are financially independent from the Group. The Company has received the annual confirmation of independence from each of the independent non-executive Directors and confirmed with all independent non-executive Directors as to their independence with reference to the factors as set out in Rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules.

企業管治常規

本公司根據香港聯合交易所有限公司證券上市規則 (「上市規則」)附錄14內企業管治守則(「企管守則」) 所載之規定,致力維持高水平之企業管治常規。

本公司之企業管治原則著重高質素之董事會、健全之 內部監控、良好之原則以及對本公司全體股東之透明 度及問責性。本公司在本年報所覆蓋之整個會計期間 內一直遵守企管守則之守則條文(「守則條文」),惟 於本報告稍後部分列載及討論之若干情況則除外。

董事會

本公司之董事(「董事」)共同負責監察本集團業務及 事務之管理工作,以符合本公司股東之最佳利益。

董事會(「董事會」)目前由合共五名董事組成,包括兩 名執行董事陳孝聰先生及巫峻龍先生,以及三名獨立 非執行董事阮煒豪先生、鄒小岳先生及李家麟先生。 載有各董事姓名及其角色與職能之名單登載於本公司 及香港聯合交易所有限公司(「聯交所」)之網站。

各董事之履歷詳情載於第38頁至第39頁。就本公司所 深知,董事會成員之間概無財務、業務、家屬或其他 重大或相關關係。

於整個回顧年度內,董事會一直符合上市規則第 3.10(1)條、第3.10(2)條及第3.10A條之規定,其內容 分別有關至少須委任三名獨立非執行董事,其中至少 一名獨立非執行董事必須具備適當之專業資格,或具 備適當之會計或相關財務管理專長,以及獨立非執行 董事必須佔董事會成員人數至少三分之一。

所有獨立非執行董事在財政上均獨立於本集團。本公 司已接獲各獨立非執行董事發出之年度獨立性確認, 並於參考上市規則第3.13條所載之因素後,確認全體 獨立非執行董事之獨立性。

The Board is collectively responsible for formulating of the Group's overall strategy, reviewing and monitoring the business performance of the Group, preparing and approving financial statements, recommending the Directors' appointment or re-appointment, considering and approving material contracts and transactions (in particular those may involve conflict of interests) as well as other significant policy and financial matters. The Board also gives clear directions as to the powers delegated to the management for the day-to-day operation, management and administration functions of the Group. Approval has to be obtained from the Board prior to any significant transactions entered into by the management and the Board has the full support of them to discharge its responsibilities.

There were five Board meetings and four general meetings held for the year ended 31 December 2016. The following was an attendance record of the Board meetings and general meetings during the year: 董事會共同負責制訂本集團之整體策略、檢討及監察 本集團之業務表現、編製及批准財務報表、就委任或 重新委任董事提出推薦意見、考慮及批准重大合約及 交易(尤其是可能存在利益衝突者)以及其他重大政 策及財務事宜。董事會亦會就授予管理層於本集團日 常營運、管理及行政職能之權力給予清晰指引。管理 層於訂立任何重大交易前,必須取得董事會批准,而 董事會在管理層全力支持下履行其責任。

截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度,本公司曾舉 行五次董事會會議及四次股東大會。以下為於年內舉 行之董事會會議及股東大會之出席紀錄:

		Number of	Number of
		Board	general
		meetings	meetings
		attended/held	attended/held
		出席/舉行	出席/舉行
Name of Directors	董事姓名	董事會會議次數	股東大會次數
Executive Directors	執行董事		
Chan How Chung, Victor	陳孝聰	5/5	0/4
Boo Chun Lon	巫峻龍	5/5	3/4
Independent Non-executive Directors	獨立非執行董事		
Yuen Wai Ho	阮煒豪	5/5	4/4
Chow Siu Ngor	鄒小岳	5/5	4/4
Lee Ka Lun	李家麟	5/5	4/4

The Directors have disclosed to the Company the number and nature of offices held in other public companies or organisation and other significant commitments in a timely manner and will provide updates to the Company on any subsequent changes.

All Directors have been provided with monthly updates by the Group's management, giving a balanced and understandable assessment of the Group's performance, position, recent developments and prospects in sufficient detail to keep them abreast of the Group's affairs and facilitate them to discharge their duties under the relevant requirements of the Listing Rules.

各董事已適時地向本公司披露彼等於其他公眾公司或 組織擔任之職務及其他重要承擔之數目及性質,其後 如有變動,亦將向本公司提供更新資料。

全體董事已獲由本集團管理層提供之每月更新資料, 當中載有對本集團之表現、狀況、近期發展及前景之 公正而易於理解之評估,內容足以讓彼等緊貼本集團 事務,並有助彼等履行上市規則相關規定之職責。

CHAIRMAN AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE

Under the Code Provision A.2.1, the roles of the chairman and the chief executive should be separate and should not be performed by the same individual. The division of responsibilities between the chairman and chief executive should be clearly established and set out in writing.

The Company does not at present have a Chairman nor a Chief Executive. Nevertheless, the main duties and responsibilities of a Chairman and a Chief Executive are currently held by separate individuals with written guidelines for the division of responsibilities with a view to maintain an effective segregation of duties between the management of the Board and the day-to-day management of the Group's business and operations.

The Company will continue to review the effectiveness of the Group's corporate governance structure and consider the appointment of a Chairman of the Board and a Chief Executive if candidates with suitable leadership, knowledge, skills and experience can be identified within or outside the Group.

NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

Code Provision A.4.1 requires that non-executive directors should be appointed for a specific term, subject to re-election. Currently, the independent non-executive Directors are not appointed for a specific term, but are subject to retirement by rotation at the Company's annual general meeting as specified in the Bye-laws.

The Company has complied with the requirement of the Code Provision on considering the independency of an independent nonexecutive Director who has served more than nine years for his further appointment. Mr. Lee Ka Lun, who has served on the Board for more than nine years, was re-elected as independent non-executive Director at the annual general meeting held on 29 June 2016 (the "2016 AGM") by passing separate resolution at the 2016 AGM. The Board's view on Mr. Lee's independent status was set out in the 2016 AGM circular. The re-election of Mr. Chow Siu Ngor, independent non-executive Director who has served the Board for more than nine years, will be considered by a vote on a separate resolution in the forthcoming annual general meeting.

主席及行政總裁

根據守則條文A.2.1,主席與行政總裁之角色應有區分,並不應由一人同時兼任。主席及行政總裁之責任 應作清晰區分,並以書面載列。

本公司目前並無主席或行政總裁。然而,為繼續有效 區分董事會管理與本集團業務及營運之日常管理職 責,主席及行政總裁之主要職務及責任目前由獨立之 個別人士根據有關區別責任之書面指引擔任。

本公司將繼續檢討本集團企業管治架構之成效,並考 慮於本集團內部或以外物色具備合適領導才能、知 識、技能及經驗之人選分別擔任董事會主席及行政總 裁職位。

非執行董事

守則條文A.4.1規定,非執行董事之委任應有指定任 期,並須接受重新選舉。現時,獨立非執行董事並無 指定任期,惟須按公司細則所指定於本公司之股東週 年大會上輪值告退。

於再度委任在任超過九年之獨立非執行董事時,本公 司已依照守則條文之規定考慮該獨立非執行董事之 獨立性。李家麟先生於董事會在任超過九年,彼於二 零一六年六月二十九日舉行之股東週年大會(「二零 一六年股東週年大會」)上以通過獨立決議案之方式 獲重選為獨立非執行董事。董事會就李先生之獨立性 之意見載於二零一六年股東週年大會通函內。獨立非 執行董事鄒小岳先生於董事會在任超過九年,其重選 亦將於應屆股東週年大會上以獨立決議案方式表決。

BOARD COMMITTEES

The Board has established relevant board committees to assist in discharging its responsibilities.

Nomination Committee

The Nomination Committee was established on 29 March 2012. It currently consists of three independent non-executive Directors namely Mr. Lee Ka Lun (as Chairman), Mr. Yuen Wai Ho and Mr. Chow Siu Ngor and one executive Director namely Mr. Chan How Chung, Victor.

The Nomination Committee is mainly responsible for reviewing the structure, size and composition of the Board, making recommendations to the Board on the selection of candidates for directorship, appointment or re-appointment and succession of Directors, and assessing the independence of independent non-executive Directors. Details of the duties and powers of the Nomination Committee are set out in its written terms of reference which are available on the websites of the Company and the Stock Exchange.

The Company has adopted a board diversity policy since August 2013 which sets out the approach to achieve diversity in the Board. The Company recognises and embraces the benefits of having a diverse Board, and sees board diversity is an essential element in achieving a sustainable and balanced development. In reviewing Board composition, the Nomination Committee will consider balance of a number of factors, including but not limited to age, cultural and educational background, professional experience, skills, knowledge and length of service. All Board appointments will be based on merit, having due regard to the overall effective function of the Board as a whole.

There was one Nomination Committee meeting held for the year ended 31 December 2016. The following was an attendance record of the Nomination Committee meeting held during the year:

董事委員會

董事會已成立相關董事委員會,助其履行責任。

提名委員會

提名委員會於二零一二年三月二十九日成立,目前由 三名獨立非執行董事李家麟先生(主席)、阮煒豪先生 及鄒小岳先生以及一名執行董事陳孝聰先生組成。

提名委員會主要負責檢討董事會之架構、人數及組 成,就挑選董事人選、董事委任或重新委任及繼任向 董事會提出推薦意見,以及評核獨立非執行董事之獨 立性。提名委員會之職責及權力詳情載於其書面職 權範圍,有關職權範圍可於本公司及聯交所之網站查 閱。

本公司自二零一三年八月起已採納董事會成員多元化 政策。該政策載列董事會為達致成員多元化所採取之 方針。本公司肯定及確信董事會成員多元化帶來之裨 益,並視董事會成員多元化為實現可持續及均衡發展 之重要關鍵。在檢討董事會組成時,提名委員會將平 衡多項因素,包括但不限於年齡、文化及教育背景、 專業經驗、技能、知識及服務年資。所有董事會成員 之任命均以用人唯才為原則,且顧及到董事會整體之 職能可有效地發揮。

截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度,提名委員會 曾舉行一次會議。以下為於年內舉行之提名委員會會 議之出席紀錄:

		Number of
		meeting
		attended/held
		出席/舉行
Nomination Committee Members	提名委員會成員	會議次數
Lee Ka Lun	李家麟	1/1
Yuen Wai Ho	阮煒豪	1/1
Chow Siu Ngor	鄒小岳	1/1
Chan How Chung, Victor	陳孝聰	1/1

During the year under review, work performed by the Nomination Committee included (i) determining the policy for the nomination of directors with reference to the structure, size and composition (including the skills, knowledge and experience) of the Board; (ii) reviewing the annual confirmation of independence submitted by the independent non-executive Directors and assessed their independence; and (iii) reviewing the board diversity policy of the Company. Nomination procedures and the process and criteria will be determined by the Nomination Committee should there be the need to select and recommend candidates for directorship. 於回顧年度內,提名委員會進行之工作包括(i)參照董 事會之架構、人數及組成(包括技能、知識及經驗)釐 定董事提名政策:(ii)審閱獨立非執行董事提交之年度 獨立性確認,並評核彼等之獨立性:及(iii)審閱本公司 董事會成員多元化政策。如有需要挑選及建議董事人 選,提名委員會將制訂提名步驟及程序以及準則。

Remuneration Committee

The Remuneration Committee was established on 23 September 2005. It currently consists of three independent non-executive Directors namely Mr. Chow Siu Ngor (as Chairman), Mr. Yuen Wai Ho and Mr. Lee Ka Lun.

The Remuneration Committee is mainly responsible for reviewing the management's remuneration proposals, and making recommendations to the Board on remuneration policy of the Company and remuneration packages of Directors and senior management. Details of the duties and powers of the Remuneration Committee are set out in its written terms of reference which are available on the websites of the Company and the Stock Exchange.

There was one Remuneration Committee meeting held for the year ended 31 December 2016. The following was an attendance record of the Remuneration Committee meeting held during the year:

薪酬委員會

薪酬委員會於二零零五年九月二十三日成立,目前由 三名獨立非執行董事組成,包括鄒小岳先生(主席)、 阮煒豪先生及李家麟先生。

薪酬委員會主要負責檢討管理人員之薪酬方案,就本 公司之薪酬政策以及董事及高級管理人員之薪酬待遇 向董事會提出推薦意見。薪酬委員會之職責及權力詳 情載於其書面職權範圍,有關職權範圍可於本公司及 聯交所之網站查閱。

截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度,薪酬委員會 曾舉行一次會議。以下為於年內舉行之薪酬委員會會 議之出席紀錄:

		Number of meeting attended/held
Remuneration Committee Members	薪酬委員會成員	出席/舉行 會議次數
Chow Siu Ngor	鄒小岳	1/1
Yuen Wai Ho	阮煒豪	1/1
Lee Ka Lun	李家麟	1/1

The Remuneration Committee has adopted the model that it will review the proposals made by the management on the remuneration of individual executive Directors and senior management, and make recommendations to the Board. The Board will have final authority to approve the recommendations made by the Remuneration Committee. 薪酬委員會已採納一套工作模式,先由其檢討管理層 就個別執行董事及高級管理人員提出之薪酬方案,再 向董事會提出推薦意見。董事會擁有最終權力,批准 薪酬委員會提出之推薦意見。

During the year under review, work performed by the Remuneration Committee included (i) assessing performance of executive Directors and senior management and, where applicable, approving their terms of services including the directors' fees and the emoluments of executive Directors; and (ii) reviewing and determining on policy and structure of the remuneration package of Directors and senior management.

The remuneration packages of the Board for the year ended 31 December 2016 had been reviewed by the Remuneration Committee and approved by the Board by taking into consideration factors such as salaries paid by comparable companies, time commitment, responsibility, market conditions elsewhere in the Group and desirability of performance-based remuneration. Details of the remuneration of each of the Directors for the year under review are set out in note 10 to the consolidated financial statements.

Details of the annual remuneration of the members of the senior management by band for the year ended 31 December 2016 is set out in note 11 to the consolidated financial statements on page 130.

Audit Committee

The Audit Committee was established on 28 September 2000. It currently consists of three independent non-executive Directors namely Mr. Yuen Wai Ho (as Chairman), Mr. Chow Siu Ngor and Mr. Lee Ka Lun. The committee members possess appropriate professional qualifications, business or accounting and related financial management expertise and experience to provide relevant advice and recommendations to the Company.

The Audit Committee is mainly responsible for reviewing and monitoring the financial reporting, risk management and internal control system of the Company, and assist the Board to fulfill its responsibility over the audit. Details of the duties and powers of the Audit Committee are set out in its written terms of reference which are available on the websites of the Company and the Stock Exchange. 於回顧年度內,薪酬委員會進行之工作包括(i)評核執 行董事及高級管理人員之表現,以及(如適用)批准彼 等之服務條款,包括董事袍金及執行董事之酬金;及 (ii)檢討及決定董事及高級管理人員薪酬待遇之政策 及架構。

截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度之董事會薪酬 待遇已由薪酬委員會作出檢討,並獲董事會批准,當 中已考慮多項因素,如相類公司所給予之薪金、時間 之投入、職責、本集團在其他方面之市場狀況及按表 現計薪制是否可取。各董事於回顧年度之薪酬詳情載 於綜合財務報表附註10。

高級管理人員於截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年 度之年薪等級詳情載於第130頁之綜合財務報表附註 11。

審核委員會

審核委員會於二零零零年九月二十八日成立,目前由 三名獨立非執行董事組成,包括阮煒豪先生(主席)、 鄒小岳先生及李家麟先生。委員會成員均具備適當之 專業資格、商業或會計及相關財務管理專長與經驗, 可為本公司提供相關意見及推薦意見。

審核委員會主要負責檢討及監察本公司之財務申報、 風險管理及內部監控系統,並協助董事會履行其審計 職責。審核委員會之職責及權力詳情載於其書面職權 範圍,有關職權範圍可於本公司及聯交所之網站查 閲。

The Audit Committee is also responsible for performing the corporate governance duties which include: (i) to develop and review the Company's policies and practices on corporate governance; (ii) to review and monitor the training and continuous professional development of Directors and senior management; (iii) to review and monitor the Company's policies and practices on compliance with legal and regulatory requirements; (iv) to develop, review and monitor the code of conduct and compliance (if any) applicable to the Directors and employees; and (v) to review the Company's compliance with the CG Code and disclosure in the Corporate Governance Report.

There were four Audit Committee meetings held for the year ended 31 December 2016, two of which were held with the external auditor. The following was an attendance record of the Audit Committee meetings held during the year: 審核委員會亦負責履行企業管治職責,包括:(i)制訂 及檢討本公司之企業管治政策及常規:(ii)檢討及監察 董事及高級管理人員之培訓及持續專業發展:(iii)檢 討及監察本公司遵守法律及監管規定方面之政策及常 規:(iv)制定、檢討及監察適用於董事及僱員之操守及 合規守則(如有):及(v)檢討本公司遵守企管守則之 情況以及於企業管治報告內之披露。

截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度,審核委員會 曾舉行四次會議,其中兩次與外聘核數師舉行。以下 為於年內舉行之審核委員會會議之出席紀錄:

		Number of meetings attended/held 出席/舉行
Audit Committee Members	審核委員會成員	會議次數
Yuen Wai Ho	阮煒豪	4/4
Chow Siu Ngor	鄒小岳	4/4
Lee Ka Lun	李家麟	4/4

The Audit Committee reviewed the independence and objectivity of the external auditor, the scope of audit services and related audit fees payable to the external auditor for the Board's approval. The Audit Committee met and discussed with the external auditor on their audit strategy and assessment of the sufficiency of the internal control of the Group.

During the year under review, work performed by the Audit Committee included (i) reviewing the audited annual results and the unaudited interim results of the Group; (ii) reviewing the compliance and internal audit reports and the compliance and corporate governance issues of the Group; and (iii) discussing with external auditor the audit planning work (including the nature and scope of the audit and reporting obligations) in respect of the audit of the annual results of the Group.

There was no disagreement between the Board and the Audit Committee on the selection and appointment of the external auditor during the year under review. 審核委員會已檢討外聘核數師之獨立性及客觀性、 審核服務範疇及應付外聘核數師之相關審核費用,以 呈交董事會批准。審核委員會亦曾與外聘核數師舉行 會議,商討其審核策略及評估本集團內部監控之充足 性。

於回顧年度內,審核委員會進行之工作包括(i)審閲本 集團之經審核全年業績及未經審核中期業績;(ii)審閲 合規及內部審核報告,以及檢討本集團之合規及企業 管治事宜;及(iii)與外聘核數師討論有關審核本集團 全年業績之審核計劃工作(包括審核及報告責任之性 質及範圍)。

於回顧年度內,董事會與審核委員會於外聘核數師挑 選及委任方面並無意見分歧。

AUDITOR'S REMUNERATION

During the year, the remuneration payable to the Company's external auditor, Ting Ho Kwan & Chan CPA Limited, represents the provision of audit fees for statutory audit and other non-statutory audit services amounting to approximately HK\$3,198,000 and HK\$350,000 respectively.

DIRECTORS' AND AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES FOR FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The Directors acknowledge their responsibilities to prepare financial statements for each financial year which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Group. In preparing the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2016, the Directors have adopted suitable accounting policies which are pertinent to its operations and relevant to the financial statements, made judgments and estimates that are prudent and reasonable, and have prepared the financial statements on the going concern basis.

The responsibilities of the Directors for the financial statements and those for the auditor to the shareholders of the Company are set out on page 67.

INTERNAL CONTROL

In order to comply with the applicable code provisions set out in the CG Code and to protect the assets and to ensure the accuracy and reliability of the financial information that the Company employs in its business or releases to the public, the Company conducts regular reviews of the effectiveness of the Group's risk management and internal control system. The scope of these reviews includes, among others, strategy, finance, operations and regulation compliance.

核數師之酬金

年內,應付本公司外聘核數師丁何關陳會計師事務所 有限公司之酬金乃提供法定審核及其他非法定審核服 務之核數費用分別約3,198,000港元及350,000港元。

董事及核數師就財務報表所承擔之責任

董事知悉編製真實兼公平反映本集團事務狀況之各 財政年度財務報表,乃彼等之責任。於編製截至二零 一六年十二月三十一日止年度之財務報表時,董事已 採納涉及本集團業務及與財務報表有關之適當會計政 策,作出審慎及合理之判斷及估計,並已按持續經營 基準編製財務報表。

董事就財務報表須承擔之責任及核數師對本公司股東 所負之責任載於第67頁。

內部監控

本公司定期檢討本集團風險管理及內部監控系統之成 效,以符合企管守則所載之適用守則條文及保障資產 及確保其業務上使用或向外公布之財務資料準確可 靠。有關檢討涵蓋範圍包括策略、財務、營運及規例 遵守。

During the year, the Board has retained an independent professional firm, to facilitate adequacy of resources and quality of review to satisfy the Group's internal audit function as required by the Stock Exchange and to assist the Board to perform an annual internal audit environment review and risk assessment on the effectiveness of the Group's risk management and internal control systems for the year 31 December 2016 following the CG Code. The Group has established an internal audit charter, conducted an annual risk assessment and devised a continuous three-year audit plan under a risk-based approach. An annual audit was performed according to the audit plan with a view to assisting the Board and the Audit Committee to evaluate the effectiveness of the Group's risk management and internal control mechanism.

The Board has reviewed the effectiveness of the Group's risk management and internal control system, covering strategic, financial, operational and compliance controls. Based on the monitoring of the Group on an ongoing basis and the results of the risk assessments and the outcome of the annual audit review, the Board is of the view that the Group has maintained sound and effective risk management and internal control system during the year ended 31 December 2016.

DIRECTORS' SECURITIES TRANSACTIONS

During the year ended 31 December 2016, the Company has adopted the Model Code as set out in Appendix 10 of the Listing Rules as the code for dealing in securities of the Company by the Directors. Having made specific enquiry, all the Directors confirmed that they have complied with the required standard set out in the Model Code throughout the year.

DIRECTORS' CONTINUOUS PROFESSIONAL DEVELOPMENT

Every newly appointed Director will be given a comprehensive, formal and tailored induction on his/her first appointment so as to ensure that he/she has appropriate understanding of the business and operations of the Group and of his/her duties, responsibilities and obligations under the Listing Rules and the relevant statutory and regulatory requirements.

There are also arrangements in place for providing continuing briefing and professional development to Directors whenever necessary.

The Directors are continuously updated on latest developments regarding the Listing Rules and other applicable regulatory requirements to ensure compliance of the same by them. 年內,董事會委聘了一間獨立專業公司協助促進本集 團資源充足及提高檢討質素,以符合聯交所對本集團 內部審核職能之規定,並協助董事會遵從企管守則, 就本集團截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度之風 險管理及內部監控系統之成效進行年度內部審核環境 檢討及風險評估。本集團已訂立內部審核約章、進行 年度風險評估及按風險為本方法制定連續三年之審核 計劃。為協助董事會及審核委員會評估本集團風險管 理及內部監控機制之成效,每年均會按照該審核計劃 進行審核。

審核委員會已檢討本集團風險管理及內部監控系統 之成效,範圍涵蓋策略、財務、營運及合規監控。基於 對本集團之持續監管以及風險評估及年度審核檢討 之結果,董事會認為本集團於截至二零一六年十二月 三十一日止年度一直維持穩健有效之風險管理及內部 監控系統。

董事進行之證券交易

於截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度,本公司已 採納上市規則附錄十所載之標準守則,作為董事進行 本公司證券交易之守則。經作出明確查詢後,全體董 事均已確認彼等已於年內一直遵守標準守則所規定之 標準。

董事之持續專業發展

每位新委任之董事將於首次獲委任時獲得全面、正式 兼專為其而設的就任須知,確保新任董事對本集團業 務及營運,以及其於上市規則與相關法定及監管規定 下之職責、職務及責任有適當理解。

本公司亦訂有各項安排,於必要時為董事提供持續簡 報及專業發展。

董事持續獲得有關上市規則及其他適用監管規定之最 新發展資料,確保彼等加以遵守。

The Directors are committed to comply with Code Provision A.6.5 of the CG Code on directors' training to develop and refresh their knowledge and skills so as to ensure that their contribution to the Board will be informed and relevant.

According to the records provided by the Directors to the Company pursuant to the CG Code, all Directors have participated in appropriate continuous professional development activities during the year under review. The individual training record of each Director for the year ended 31 December 2016 is summarised below: 董事致力遵守企管守則之守則條文A.6.5,內容有關 董事發展並更新其知識及技能之培訓,以確保在具備 全面資訊及切合所需情況下對董事會作出貢獻。

根據董事按照企管守則向本公司提供之紀錄,全體董 事於回顧年度均有參與合適持續專業發展活動。截至 二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度各董事之個人培訓 紀錄概列如下:

		Directors' duties and responsibilities/ Corporate Governance/ Updates on Laws, Rules and Regulations 董事職責及職務/企業管治/ 法律、規則及規例最新資料		Business related/Accounting/ Financial/Management or other professional skills 業務相關/會計/財務/ 管理或其他專業技能		
		Reading materials	Attending seminars/ conferences 出席研討會/	In-house briefings	Reading materials	Attending seminars/ conferences 出席研討會/
		閲讀材料	會議	內部簡報	閲讀材料	會議
<i>Executive Directors</i> Chan How Chung, Victor Boo Chun Lon	<i>執行董事</i> 陳孝聰 巫峻龍	J J	۸ ۸	√ √	J J	J J
<i>Independent Non-executive Directors</i> Yuen Wai Ho Chow Siu Ngor Lee Ka Lun	<i>獨立非執行董事</i> 阮煒豪 鄒小岳 李家麟	J J J	J J J	J J J	\$ \$ \$	\$ \$ \$

DIRECTORS' LIABILITIES INSURANCE

During the year under review, the Company has arranged appropriate insurance cover for Directors' liabilities in respect of potential legal actions against the Directors arising out of corporate activities of the Group pursuant to Code Provision A.1.8 of the CG Code. Such directors' liability insurance will be reviewed and renewed annually.

Throughout the year ended 31 December 2016, no claim has been made against the Directors.

董事責任保險

於回顧年度內,本公司已按照企管守則之守則條文 A.1.8,就董事可能因本集團企業活動而面對之法律 行動作適當董事責任投保安排。有關董事責任保險將 每年檢討及續保。

於截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止整個年度並無針 對董事之申索。

COMPANY SECRETARY

The Company Secretary of the Company is Ms. Ng Yuen Yee, who was appointed by the Board on 27 April 2006.

During the year, Ms. Ng has undertaken sufficient hours of relevant professional training in compliance with Rule 3.29 of the Listing Rules.

SHAREHOLDERS' RIGHTS

Procedures for Shareholders to convene a special general meeting

Pursuant to Section 74(1) of the Bermuda Companies Act and the bye-law 62 of the Bye-laws, the shareholder(s) of the Company holding at the date of the deposit of the requisition not less than one-tenth of the paid-up capital of the Company with the right of voting at general meetings of the Company may request the Board to convene a special general meeting.

The requisition must state the purposes of the meeting, and must be signed by the requisitionists and deposited at the registered office of the Company at Canon's Court, 22 Victoria Street, Hamilton HM 12, Bermuda for the attention of the Company Secretary and may consist of several documents in like form each signed by one or more requisitionists.

If the Directors do not within twenty one days from the date of the deposit of the requisition proceed duly to convene a meeting, the requisitionists, or any of them representing more than one half of the total voting rights of all of them, may themselves convene a meeting, but any meeting so convened shall not be held after the expiration of three months from the said date.

Procedures for directing Shareholders' enquiries to the Board

Shareholders should direct their enquiries about their shareholdings to the Company's branch share registrar and transfer office in Hong Kong, Tricor Standard Limited at Level 22, Hopewell Centre, 183 Queen's Road East, Hong Kong.

Other shareholders' enquiries can be directed in writing with contact details (including name, address, telephone number and email address) to the principal office of the Company at Suite 2601, 26/F., Sino Plaza, 255-257 Gloucester Road, Causeway Bay, Hong Kong for the attention of the Company Secretary.

Shareholders may also make enquiries with the Board at the general meetings of the Company.

公司秘書

本公司之公司秘書為吳婉儀女士,彼於二零零六年四 月二十七日獲董事會委任。

年內,吳女士已遵守上市規則第3.29條,接受足夠時 數之相關專業培訓。

股東權利 股東召開股東特別大會之程序

根據百慕達公司法第74(1)條及公司細則第62條,本公 司股東可要求董事會召開股東特別大會,惟有關股東 於遞交要求當日須持有不少於十分之一附有本公司股 東大會投票權之本公司繳足股本。

有關要求必須述明大會目的及經呈請人簽署,並送 達本公司之註冊辨事處(地址為Canon's Court, 22 Victoria Street, Hamilton HM 12, Bermuda),註明 收件人為公司秘書。有關要求可由多份格式相近之文 件組成,惟每份均須經由一名或以上呈請人簽署。

倘於由遞交要求日期起計二十一日內,董事未有正式 安排召開大會,則呈請人(或當中代表彼等全體總投 票權一半以上之任何人士)可自行召開大會,惟任何 據此召開之大會不得於由上述日期起計三個月期間屆 滿後舉行。

股東向董事會作出查詢之程序

股東如欲查詢有關持股事宜,可向本公司股份過戶登 記處香港分處卓佳標準有限公司(地址為香港皇后大 道東183號合和中心22樓)查詢。

股東如欲查詢其他事宜,可以書面方式連同詳細聯絡 資料(包括姓名/名稱、地址、電話號碼及電郵地址) 送交本公司之主要辦事處(地址為香港銅鑼灣告士打 道255-257號信和廣場26樓2601室),請註明收件人 為公司秘書。

股東亦可於本公司之股東大會上向董事會提出查詢。

Procedures for putting forward proposals at a general meeting

Shareholders are welcomed to suggest proposals relating to the operations, strategy and/or management of the Group to be discussed at general meetings. Proposals shall be directed in writing with contact details (including name, address, telephone number and email address) to the principal office of the Company at Suite 2601, 26/F., Sino Plaza, 255-257 Gloucester Road, Causeway Bay, Hong Kong for the attention of the Company Secretary.

The procedures for proposing a person for election as a Director are available on the websites of the Company.

The Board may, in its sole discretion, consider if such proposals are appropriate and shall be put forward to the Shareholders for approval at the next general meeting to be convened by the Board.

COMMUNICATION WITH SHAREHOLDERS AND INVESTOR RELATIONS

The Company communicates with its shareholders and investors through various channels including publication of interim and annual reports, announcements, circulars, press releases and other corporate communications and publications available on the websites of the Stock Exchange and the Company.

The general meetings of the Company provide an opportunity for direct communication between the Board and the Shareholders. The Company encourages their participation through general meetings where the Shareholders meet and exchange views with the Board, and to exercise their right to vote at meetings.

To promote the communication between the Company and its shareholders, the Company has established a shareholders' communication policy which shall be reviewed on a regular basis to ensure its effectiveness and compliance with the prevailing regulatory and other requirements.

An up-to-date consolidated version of the Memorandum of Association of the Company and Bye-laws is published on the websites of the Company and the Stock Exchange. There have been no changes to such constitutional documents during the year under review.

於股東大會上提呈建議之程序

本公司歡迎股東提出有關本集團業務、策略及/或管 理方面之建議於股東大會上討論。有關建議須以書面 方式連同詳細聯絡資料(包括姓名/名稱、地址、電 話號碼及電郵地址)送交本公司之主要辦事處(地址 為香港銅鑼灣告士打道255-257號信和廣場26樓2601 室),請註明收件人為公司秘書。

股東建議董事候選人之程序可於本公司網站查閱。

董事會可全權酌情決定考慮該等建議是否恰當,並於 董事會召開下次股東大會時於會上提呈股東批准。

與股東之溝通及投資者關係

本公司透過多個渠道(包括刊發中期報告及年報、公 布、通函、新聞稿以及可於聯交所及本公司之網站查 覽之其他企業通訊及刊物)與其股東及投資者溝通。

本公司之股東大會提供機會讓董事會與股東直接溝 通。本公司鼓勵彼等透過參加股東大會,讓彼等於會 上與董事會面及交流意見,以及於會上行使投票權。

為促進本公司與其股東之溝通,本公司已制訂股東通 訊政策,並將定期檢討有關政策以確保其行之有效且 符合當時之監管及其他規定。

本公司組織章程大綱及公司細則之最新綜合版本已登 載於本公司及聯交所之網站。於回顧年度內,有關憲 章文件並無變動。

Environmental, Social and Governance Report 環境、社會及管治報告

We are pleased to present this report covering certain environmental and social responsibility aspects underlying the Group's business operations for the year ended 31 December 2016 with reference to the Environmental, Social and Governance Reporting Guide as set out in Appendix 27 of the Listing Rules (the "ESG Reporting Guide"). The Company has complied with the "comply or explain" provisions set out in the ESG Reporting Guide throughout the year.

The Group is committed to the long-term sustainability of its business and the local communities where we operate. The Group also recognises the importance of the views and interests of its stakeholders such as shareholders, regulators, employees and the public in making business decisions. The Group aims at making constant efforts in areas such as environmental protection and general social welfare.

A. ENVIRONMENTAL

The Group supports environmental protection programs and is constantly looking to reduce the impact of business activities on the environment.

A1: Emissions

The principal types of emissions generated from the Group's business operations, i.e. the provision of lottery machines and equipment, provision of lottery printing service and distribution of lottery products in the PRC are as follows:

These greenhouse gases are principally emitted from thirdparty transportation providers involved in the logistics arrangement of products and personnel, the emissions data of which during the year are unavailable to the Group. In addition to the above direct gas emissions, the use of electricity by the Group is also indirectly attributable to production of greenhouse gases, most notably carbon dioxide, in the electricity generation process.

The Group believes there is no significant environmental impact generated by its business operations.

本公司欣然提呈本報告,當中涵蓋與截至二零一六年 十二月三十一日止年度本集團業務營運之若干環境 及社會責任層面,乃參照上市規則附錄二十七所載環 境、社會及管治報告指引(「環境、社會及管治報告指 引」)編製。本公司於年內一直遵守環境、社會及管治 報告指引所載之「不遵守就解釋」條文。

本集團致力謀求旗下業務及經營所在社區之長期可持 續發展。本集團亦重視於作出商業決定時,其股東、 監管人、僱員及公眾人士等權益人之意見及利益。本 集團一直於環境保護及社會福祉方面不遺餘力。

A. 環境

本集團支持不同環保計劃,不斷想方設法減輕其 業務活動對環境之影響。

A1:排放物

本集團業務營運(即於中國提供彩票機及 設備、提供彩票印刷服務及配送彩票產品) 產生之排放物主要類別如下:

溫室氣體排放主要來自產品及人員物流安 排所涉及之第三方運輸供應商,本集團未 能取得本年度排放數據。除上述直接氣體 排放外,本集團用電亦間接產生溫室氣體, 最主要為發電過程中產生之二氧化碳。

本集團相信其業務營運並無對環境造成重 大影響。

Environmental, Social and Governance Report (continued) 環境、社會及管治報告(續)

A2: Use of Resources

The Group also encourages employees to save energy and improve efficient utilisation of resources through the use of energy-saving lightings and recycled paper, minimising the use of paper, reducing energy consumption by switching off idle lightings, computers and electrical appliances.

A3: The Environment and Natural Resources

In order to enhance environment preservation, the Group gives careful consideration to various operational aspects and activities within the Group to minimise any environmental impact. The Group will also discuss and understand better the Group's suppliers and take into account their environmental and social responsibility practices in the selection process.

B. SOCIAL

Employment and Labour Practices

B1: Employment

Employees are regarded as the greatest and valuable assets and core competitive advantage of the Group. In order to provide a good and fair working environment and safeguards the well-being of the employees, the Group seriously considers all those valuable opinions from the employees for enhancing workplace productivity and harmony.

The Group offers competitive remuneration, promotional opportunity, compensation and benefit packages to attract and retains talents. Salaries are reviewed and adjusted on a yearly basis based on performance appraisals and the market trend. Employees are entitled to discretionary bonus, mandatory provident fund, medical insurance, allowance for transportation, annual leave, sick leave, maternity leave, paternity leave, compassionate leave, marriage leave, jury duty leave and examination and study leave. The Group also adopted a share option scheme under which options are granted to eligible staff based on individual performance.

A2:資源使用

本集團亦鼓勵僱員節約能源,並透過使用 節能照明產品及再用紙,減少使用紙張,關 上閒置照明、電腦及電器減少耗電,有效使 用資源。

A3:環境及天然資源

為加強環境保育,本集團審慎考慮集團上 下各個營運層面及活動,儘量減輕對環境 之影響。本集團亦將與其供應商討論,加深 對彼等之瞭解,並於甄選過程中考慮彼等 之環境及社會責任常規。

B. 社會

僱傭及勞工常規

B1:僱傭

本集團視僱員為最重要之寶貴資產,為本 集團之核心競爭優勢。為向僱員提供良好 公平之工作環境,維護僱員福祉,本集團慎 重考慮僱員就提升工作場所生產力及促進 職場和諧提出之所有寶貴意見。

本集團提供具競爭力之薪酬、晉升機會、 補償及福利待遇,以吸引及挽留人才。每年 均按照表現評核及市場趨勢檢討及調整薪 金。僱員享有酌情花紅、強制性公積金、醫 療保險、交通津貼、年假、病假、產假、侍產 假、恩恤假、婚假、陪審員假以及考試及進 修休假。本集團亦採納購股權計劃,據此可 按個人表現向合資格員工授出購股權。

Environmental, Social and Governance Report (continued) 環境、社會及管治報告(續)

The Group strictly complies with applicable laws and regulations in the localities of its operation, and the relevant administrative rules and measures are strictly enforced. These rules and regulations specify the requirements relating to employment, labour relations, employees' remuneration, social insurances, housing fund and mandatory provident fund and welfare to protect the rights of employees.

B2: Health and Safety

The Group strives to provide a safe and congenial workplace for all employees. The Group also encourages employees to take part in work-life balance activities and community service.

To safeguard employees' occupational health and safety, we work hard to provide a safe, healthy and comfortable working environment and have strictly complied with regulations on occupational health and safety in Hong Kong and the PRC. Employees are asked to stringently abide by all safety rules and regulations, and utilise available and applicable protection measures at all times to avoid accidents and protect themselves and co-workers from safety risks in accordance with the relevant laws and regulations. The Company offers its employees comprehensive health care coverage.

B3: Development and Training

The Group promotes the personal development and professional growth of its employees. The Group aims to offer a learning atmosphere to its staff in enriching their work practices. The Group also encourages the employees to identify their own personal objectives for development, allowing them to grow together with the Group.

In daily operations, the Group provides induction training for new employees. Experienced employees will act as mentors to guide the new comers on jobs. Such arrangements can enhance the communication and team spirit, also improve their technical skills and managerial capability and encourage the learning and further development of the employees at all levels. The Group arranges the trainings designated according to the roles and responsibilities of the employees. The Group also updates the latest information of the industry and laws and regulations which is essential to the Group's operation and their job responsibilities from time to time. 本集團嚴格遵守營運所在地之適用法律及 法規,而相關行政規則及措施亦嚴格執行。 該等規則及規例訂明有關僱傭、勞資關係、 僱員薪酬、社會保險、住房公積金及強制性 公積金及福利之規定,以保障僱員權利。

B2:健康與安全

本集團致力為全體僱員提供安全及友善之 工作場所。本集團亦鼓勵僱員參與工餘活 動及社區服務。

為保障僱員職業健康及安全,本公司盡力 提供安全、健康及舒適之工作環境,並嚴格 遵守香港及中國之職業健康及安全規例。 本集團要求僱員時刻嚴格遵行所有安全規 則及規例,並根據相關法律及法規採取一 切可用及適用保護措施以避免意外,確保 彼等及同事安全。本公司為其僱員提供全 面健康護理保障。

B3:發展及培訓

本集團提倡僱員個人發展及專業水平提 升。本集團致力為其員工營造進修氛圍,讓 彼等增進工作技能。本集團亦鼓勵僱員認 清個人發展目標,讓彼等與本集團一同成 長。

本集團於日常營運中為新僱員提供入職培 訓。資深僱員會擔任導師,為新人提供工作 指導。有關安排可增強溝通及團隊精神,同 時提升彼等之技術技能及管理能力,並鼓 勵各階層僱員進修及作進一步發展。本集 團按照僱員崗位及職責安排特定培訓。本 集團亦不時提供有關最新行業資訊及法律 及法規之最新資料,有關資料對本集團營 運及僱員職責極為重要。

Environmental, Social and Governance Report (continued) 環境、社會及管治報告(續)

B4: Labour Standards

Review and verification of applicant's identity information is required during the recruitment process, and recruitment of child labor is strictly prohibited. Every applicant is also required to provide document proofs of academic qualifications and working experience for verifications. The Group enters employment contract with each of its employee in accordance with relevant laws and regulations in the PRC and Hong Kong and also prohibits forced labor.

Operating Practices

B5: Supply Chain Management

To ensure the Group's product quality, only those approved suppliers who have passed the Group's quality control tests and have a satisfactory record of quality and on-time delivery were selected. To achieve this, all personnel with supply chain management responsibilities are trained to ensure, to the extent practicable, that selected suppliers are legally compliant in respect of materials and products provided to the Group.

Apart from continuously monitoring the quality of products and materials procured with suppliers, the Group will also review suppliers' environmental and social responsibilityrelated practices through, for example, site inspections and interviews.

B4:勞工準則

招聘程序中須覆核申請人之身份資料,嚴 禁聘用童工。每名申請人亦須提供學歷及 工作經驗之文件證明,以供查核。本集團根 據中國及香港相關法律及法規與各僱員訂 立僱傭合約,亦嚴禁強制勞工。

營運慣例

B5: 供應鏈管理

為確保本集團產品品質,只有通過本集團 品質監控測試,品質紀錄令人滿意,並且交 貨準時之供應商方獲選用。為此,所有肩負 供應鏈管理責任之人員均已受訓,盡可能 確保所選供應商已就向本集團供應之材料 及產品符合法律規定。

除持續監察向供應商採購之產品及材料之品質,本集團亦將透過實地查察及訪問檢 討供應商之環境及社會責任相關常規。

B6: Product Responsibility

The Company complies with various PRC regulations relevant to the operation of its business in areas such as health and safety, advertising, labelling and privacy matters relating to its products and services. In addition to following relevant laws and regulations, the Company follows its own operating polices and rules including the pre-installation checklist, client & contractor guide to installing system and governs installation and maintenance and after-sale service.

The Group has arranged sufficient channels and staffs for customers to communicate and provide the solutions to the problems as soon as possible.

Employees are encouraged to report any suspected infringement. The Company will take corresponding antiinfringement actions.

The Company employees are obligated to retain in confidence any and all information obtained in connection with their employment, including, but not limited to, trade secrets, know how, client information, supplier information and other proprietary information.

B7: Anticorruption

All of the Group's operations comply with local and national legislation on standards of conduct, such as with the Prevention of Bribery Ordinance in Hong Kong and relevant legislation on anti-corruption and bribery in mainland China.

The Group requires employees to strictly conform to code of business ethics and put any corruption bribe behavior to an end as stipulated in the employment contracts.

B8: Community Investment

The Group is committed to being a responsible member of the community and aims to make a positive impact on the local community. The Group encourages employees to participate in various voluntary events, creating a strong social network and providing assistance and supports for the people in need, which could provide an opportunity for them to connect outside the workplace, and inspire teambuilding experiences while contributing to the local communities.

B6:產品責任

本公司遵守有關其業務營運之不同中國法 規,範圍涉及與其產品及服務相關之健康 與安全、廣告、標籤及私穩事宜。除跟隨相 關法律及法規外,本公司遵循其自訂經營 政策及規則,包括預裝清單、客戶及承包商 之系統安裝指引,同時監管安裝及保養以 及售後服務。

本集團已安排足夠渠道及員工,與客戶溝 通及儘快提供問題解決方案。

本集團鼓勵僱員舉報任懷疑侵權情況。本 公司將採取相應反侵權行動。

本公司僱員有責任將因彼等受僱而取得之 任何及一切資料(包括但不限於商業秘密、 技術知識、客戶資料、供應商資料及其他專 利資料)保密。

B7:反貪污

本集團所有業務均遵守有關操守準則之地 方及國家法例,例如香港之《防止賄賂條 例》及中國大陸有關反貪污及賄賂之相關 法例。

本集團要求僱員嚴格遵行商業道德守則, 並按僱傭合約所訂嚴禁貪污賄賂行為。

B8:社區投資

本集團致力成為負責任的社區一員,希望 對所在社區起積極作用。本集團鼓勵僱員 參與不同志願活動,於社會上創建強大網 絡,支援有需要人士,讓僱員有機會走出職 場,為社會作出貢獻之同時獲得建立團隊 之經驗。

Independent Auditor's Report 獨立核數師報告



TING HO KWAN & CHAN CPA LTD

9/F., Tung Ning Building, 249-253 Des Voeux Road C, Hong Kong

TO THE MEMBERS OF REXLOT HOLDINGS LIMITED

(Incorporated in Bermuda with limited liability)

OPINION

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of REXLot Holdings Limited (the "Company") and its subsidiaries (together, the "Group") set out on pages 71 to 203, which comprise the consolidated statement of financial position as at 31 December 2016, and the consolidated income statement, and the consolidated statement of comprehensive income, the consolidated statement of changes in equity and the consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements give a true and fair view of the consolidated financial position of the Group as at 31 December 2016, and of its consolidated financial performance and its consolidated cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards ("HKFRSs") issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants ("HKICPA") and have been properly prepared in compliance with the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

BASIS FOR OPINION

We conducted our audit in accordance with Hong Kong Standards on Auditing ("HKSAs") issued by the HKICPA. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with the HKICPA's Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants ("the Code") together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the consolidated financial statements in Bermuda, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

致御泰中彩控股有限公司各成員

(於百慕達註冊成立之有限公司)

意見

本核數師(以下簡稱「我們」)已審計列載於第71至 203頁的御泰中彩控股有限公司(以下簡稱「貴公司」) 及其附屬公司(以下簡稱「貴集團」)之綜合財務報 表,此综合財務報表包括於二零一六年十二月三十一 日之綜合財務狀況表與截至該日止年度之綜合收益 表、綜合全面收益表、綜合權益變動表和綜合現金流 量表,以及綜合財務報表附註,包括主要會計政策概 要。

我們認為,綜合財務報表已根據香港會計師公會頒佈 之香港財務報告準則真實而公平地反映 貴集團於二 零一六年十二月三十一日之綜合財務狀況及截至該日 止年度 貴集團之綜合財務表現及綜合現金流量,並 已按照香港《公司條例》之披露規定妥為編製。

意見之基礎

我們已根據香港會計師公會頒佈之《香港審計準則》 進行審計。我們在該等準則下承擔之責任已在本報告 「核數師就審計綜合財務報表承擔之責任」部分中作 進一步闡述。根據香港會計師公會頒佈之《專業會計 師道德守則》(以下簡稱「守則」)以及百慕達與我們 審計綜合財務報表有關之道德規定,我們獨立於 貴 集團,並已履行守則中的其他專業道德責任。我們相 信,我們所獲得之審計憑證能充足及適當地為我們的 審計意見提供基礎。

MATERIAL UNCERTAINTY RELATED TO GOING CONCERN

We draw attention to Notes 35 and 48 to the consolidated financial statements, which indicate that the Company has not been able to fulfill its redemption of the Bonds and payment obligations on the specified due dates. To address these issues, the Company is proceeding to obtain consent from the Bondholders to agree the Proposals to extend the maturity date of CB2016 and the put bonds redemption date to 28 April 2017, and to extend the 3rd anniversary put option redemption date of CB2019 to 31 May 2017 so as to enable the Company to satisfy its repayment obligations in relation to the Bonds. The ultimate outcome of these matters could not be assessed at the date of our report. As stated in Note 4B(a) to the consolidated financial statements, these events or conditions, along with other matters as set forth in Notes 35 and 48 indicate the existence of a material uncertainty exists which may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. Our opinion is not modified in respect of this matter.

KEY AUDIT MATTERS

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgement, were of most significance in our audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the consolidated financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters. In addition to the matter described in the Material Uncertainty Related to Going Concern section, we have determined the matters described below to be the key audit matters to be communicated in our report.

Key audit matters identified in our audit are summarised as follows:

- Revenue recognition
- Goodwill impairment assessment
- Impairment of "Utility and other deposits" and "Prepayments and other receivables"
- Presentation of an available-for-sale financial asset for the Group's 42% equity interest held in a PRC entity instead of treating it as an associate

有關持續經營之重大不確定事項

我們謹請 閣下注意綜合財務報表附註35及48,當中 顯示 貴公司一直無法於指定到期日履行與該等債券 有關之贖回及付款責任。為解決當中所載事宜, 貴 公司正在尋求債券持有人同意建議,以協定將二零 一六年債券之到期日及認沽債券之贖回日延遲至二 零一七年四月二十八日,並將二零一九年債券之第三 週年認沽期權贖回日延遲至二零一七年五月三十一 日,以便 貴公司履行其有關該等債券之還款責任。 該等事件之最終結果於本報告日期無法評定。誠如綜 合財務報表附註4B(a)所述,該等事件或情況(連同附 註35及48所載其他事宜)顯示存在重大不確定性,可 能對 貴集團持續經營之能力構成重大疑問。我們並 無就該事宜作出保留意見。

關鍵審計事項

關鍵審計事項是根據我們的專業判斷,認為對本期綜 合財務報表之審計最為重要之事項。這些事項是在我 們審計整體綜合財務報表及出具意見時進行處理的。 我們不會對這些事項提供單獨之意見。除有關持續經 營之重大不確定事項部分所述事宜外,我們認為下述 事項乃需要於本報告溝通之關鍵審計事項。

在我們的審計中發現之關鍵審計事項概述如下:

- 收入確認
- 商譽減值測試
- 「公用事業及其他按金」及「預繳款項及其他應 收款項」之減值
- 將 貴集團於一間中國實體所持42%股權列為 可供出售金融資產而非作為聯營公司處理

Revenue recognition

Refer to note 5 to the consolidated financial statements

Key Audit Matter 關鍵審計事項

Revenue is recognised when the risks and rewards of the underlying products have been transferred to the customers or when the services are rendered. We focused on this area due to the huge volume of revenue transactions generated in many locations and from various customers.

收入於相關產品之風險及回報已轉移至客戶或提供服務時確認。 我們集中於此範疇,因為收入交易地點繁多、客戶眾多且金額龐 大。

We identified the recognition of revenue as a key audit matter because revenue is one of the key performance indicators of the Group and because there is an inherent risk of manipulation of the timing of recognition of revenue by management to meet specific targets or expectations.

我們認為收入確認為關鍵審計事項,因為收入為 貴集團其中一 項關鍵表現指標,且涉及管理層操控收入確認時間以達致指定目 標或期望之固有風險。

收入確認

請參閱綜合財務報表附註5

How our audit addressed the Key Audit Matter 我們的審計如何處理關鍵審計事項

We understood, evaluated and tested management's controls in respect of the Group's sales transactions from contract approval, recording of sales based on contract terms, through reconciliations with cash receipts.

我們瞭解、評估及測試管理層對 貴集團銷售交易之監控,涵蓋 合約審批、按照合約條款記錄之銷售額以至於與現金收款之對 賬。

We selected samples of different customers at different locations and tested the occurrence and accuracy of the revenue recognised by examination of the sales contracts, invoices and goods delivery notes to revenue recorded.

我們抽取不同地點不同客戶樣本,檢查銷售合約、發票及貨品運 送單據與所記錄之收入,從而測試所確認之收入是否確曾發生及 準確。

We checked that revenue had been recognised at the correct time by testing a sample of transactions and comparing the delivery dates with the dates on which the revenue had been recognised.

我們測試交易樣本,比較運送日期與確認收入之日期,從而檢查 收入是否於正確時間確認。

We found that the Group's revenue recognition was consistent with the terms of the sales contracts and the Group's revenue recognition accounting policy.

我們發現, 貴集團確認之收入與銷售合約條款及 貴集團之收 入確認合計政策相符。

Goodwill impairment assessment

Refer to notes 4A(a), 14, 17 and 19 to the consolidated financial statements

商譽減值測試

請參閱綜合財務報表附註4A(a)、14、17及19

Key Audit Matter	How our audit addressed the Key Audit Matter
關鍵審計事項	我們的審計如何處理關鍵審計事項

The Group has goodwill of HK\$405,206,000 plus HK\$122,396,000 as at 31 December 2015 included in the interests in joint ventures and HK\$1,026,795,000 as at 31 December 2015 and 2016 included in the assets of the disposal group classified as held for sale arising from acquisition of investments in lottery business in prior year. There is significant judgement involved in forecasting and discounting of future cash flows, which is the basis of the assessment of the recoverable amounts of goodwill that constitutes a material portion of the Group's total assets.

貴集團於二零一五年十二月三十一日的商譽為405,206,000港元 加已計入於合營企業之權益的122,396,000港元,於二零一五年 及二零一六年十二月三十一日計入分類為持作出售之出售組別 之資產的商譽則為1,026,795,000港元,源自過往年度收購彩票 業務之投資。預測及貼現未來現金流量乃評估商譽可收回金額之 基準,當中涉及重大判斷,而商譽構成 貴集團資產總值之重要 部分。 In evaluating the impairment of goodwill, we reviewed the value in use calculations prepared by management and performed various procedures including the following:

於評估商譽減值時,我們已審閱由管理層編製之使用價值計算法,並進行包括以下各項之程序:

- Testing the Group's controls relating to the preparation of the cash flow forecasts; 測試 貴集團對編製現金流量預測之監控;
- Recomputation of the value in use of each cash generating unit; 重新計算各現金產生單位之使用價值;
- Assessing the valuation methodology; 評估估值方法;
- Challenging the reasonableness of key assumptions on key valuation factors including discount rates, growth rates, periods cover and those contradicted the facts that come to our notices during the course of audit; 就主要估值因素之主要假設是否合理,包括貼現率、增長 率、涵蓋時間,以及與我們於審計過程中發現與事實抵觸之 假設作質詢;
- Reconciling input data to supporting evidence, such as approved budgets and considering the reasonableness of these budgets with reference to historical data and available market information;

將輸入值數據與經批准之預算等支持證據對賬,並參照歷 史數據及可獲得之市場資料,考慮該等預算是否合理;

Goodwill impairment assessment (continued)

Refer to notes 4A(a), 14, 17 and 19 to the consolidated financial statements (continued)

商譽減值測試(續) 請參閱綜合財務報表附註4A(a)、14、17及19(續)

statements (continued)

How our audit addressed the Key Audit Matter 我們的審計如何處理關鍵審計事項

- Evaluating the independent external valuer's competency, capacities and objectivity; and 評估獨立外聘估值師之資格、能力及客觀性:及
 - Performing sensitivity analysis on the growth rates and discount rates to evaluate the extent of impact on the value in use, which if not achieved, could reasonably be expected to give rise to further impairment charges in the future.

由於預期無法達成增長率及貼現率可合理產生額外減值支 出,故就增長率及貼現率進行敏感度分析,以評估對使用價 值之影響。

We found the assumptions made by management in relation to the value in use calculations or their fair value less cost of disposal to be reasonable based on available evidence. The significant inputs have been appropriately disclosed in Notes 4A(a), 14, 17 and 19.

按照所得證據,我們發現,管理層就使用價值計算法或其公允值 減出售成本作出之假設屬合理。附註4A(a)、14、17及19已對重大 輸入值作出適當批露。

Key Audit Matter 關鍵審計事項

The impairment of goodwill was determined with reference to the cash generating unit's value in use, which is based on the cash flow forecast for that cash generating unit or their fair value less cost of disposal. Management has concluded that impairment losses of HK\$103,923,000 and HK\$122,396,000 in respect of the goodwill of the Group and joint ventures respectively were recognised during the year. This conclusion was based on a value in use model that requires significant management judgement and assumptions with respect to the underlying cash flow forecasts, the discount rates and the growth rates, which are highly subjective since they are based on management's experience and expectations rather than observable market data.

商譽之減值乃參照現金產生單位之使用價值釐定,而使用價值 則以現金產生單位之現金流量預測或其公允值減出售成本為基 準。管理層總結,年內確認與 貴集團及合營企業之商譽有關之 減值虧損103,923,000港元及122,396,000港元。此總結以使用價 值模型基準,當中需要管理層就相關現金流量預測、貼現率及增 長率作出重大判斷及假設,建基於管理層之經驗及預期,而非可 觀察市場數據,故甚為主觀。

Impairment of "Utility and other deposits" and "Prepayments and other receivables"

Refer to notes 4A(b), 24 and 25 to the consolidated financial statements

「公用事業及其他按金」及「預繳款項及其他應收款項」 之減值 請參閱綜合財務報表附計4A(b)、24及25

Key Audit MatterHow our audit addressed the Key Audit Matter關鍵審計事項我們的審計如何處理關鍵審計事項

The Group has "Utility and other deposits" and "Prepayments and other receivables" as at 31 December 2016 amounting to approximately HK\$1,533,259,000 and approximately HK\$1,839,938,000 respectively.

貴集團於二零一六年十二月三十一日之「公用事業及其他按金」 及「預繳款項及其他應收款項」分別約為1,533,259,000港元及 1,839,938,000港元。

For the deposits paid, prepayments and other receivables, management performed periodic credit monitoring, which included the review of debtors' creditworthiness, collection of outstanding balances and individual credit terms or assessing the appropriate level of investment projects which may be ultimately materialised or withdrawn. For lottery project deposits paid and prepayments, the impairment loss provisions are a key area of judgement for management to assess the appropriate level based on the management's expectations for future market conditions. The identification of impairment and the determination of the recoverable amount are an inherently uncertain process involving various assumptions and factors including the financial condition of the counterparties and the expected future cash flows. The use of different assumptions could produce significantly different estimates of the impairment loss provisions. For other receivables, if there is indicator of impairment, management would make specific allowance against individual balances with reference to the recoverable amount. After the relevant assessment, management considered to make an allowance for impairment of other receivables amounting to HK\$238,467,000 for the year. 對於已付按金、預繳款項及其他應收款項,管理層定期進行信用 監察,包括檢討債務人信譽、收回未償還結餘及個別信用條款, 或評估投資項目最終可實現或撤資之適切性。對於已付彩票項目 投資按金及預繳款項,減值虧損撥備乃管理層之關鍵判斷範疇, 須按照管理層對未來市況之預期,評估投資項目之適切性。識別 減值及釐定可收回金額之過程存在固有不確定性,涉及多項假設 及因素,包括交易對手之財務狀況及預期未來現金流量。使用不 同假設可產生顯著不同之估計減值撥備。對於其他應收款項,倘 有減值跡象,則管理層會參照可收回金額,就個別結餘計提指定 撥備。於作出有關評估後,管理層已決定於年內就其他應收款項 計提減值撥備238,467,000港元。

Our procedures in relation to management's impairment assessment included:

我們有關管理層減值評估之程序包括;

- Testing and understanding the Group's controls and procedures on deposits paid, prepayments and other receivables; 測試並瞭解 貴集團對已付按金、預繳款項及其他應收款 項之監控及程序;
- Testing cash flows to the bank statements on payment or refund/settlement on deposits paid and prepayments with proper authorisation and approval documents; 根據銀行結單中之已付按金及預繳款項付款或退款/結算 記錄連同適當授權及審批文件,作現金流量測試;
- Testing on a sample basis, the accuracy of ageing profile on other receivables; 抽樣測試其他應收款項之賬齡準確性;
- Confirming the existence by obtaining direct confirmations from debtors on material balances for deposits paid, prepayments and other receivables and/or their repayment terms;
 直接向債務人確認已付按金、預繳款項及其他應收款項重 大結餘及/或其還款條款,確認其是否存在;
- Testing the recoverability and impairment assessment by tracing the subsequent settlement to bank records and testing the assumptions underlying the impairment identification and quantification including the forecast of future cash flows and reliability of management's past estimates of recovery on default risk; 從銀行記錄追縱其後清償記錄,從而測試可收回性及減值

評估,測試識別及量化減值之相關假設,包括未來現金流量 預測,並測試管理層過往對違約風險之收回估計的可靠性;

Impairment of "Utility and other deposits" and "Prepayments and other receivables" (continued)

Refer to notes 4A(b), 24 and 25 to the consolidated financial statements (continued)

「公用事業及其他按金」及「預繳款項及其他應收款項」 之減值(續) 請參閱綜合財務報表附註4A(b)、24及25(續)

Key Audit Matter	How our audit addressed the Key Audit Matter
關鍵審計事項	我們的審計如何處理關鍵審計事項

The audit was focused on this area, due to materiality of the balances and subject to significant judgement of management. 審計集中於此範疇,原因為結餘龐大,並涉及由管理層作出之重大判斷。

 Evaluating management project assessment reports including feasibility study or valuation model etc; 評估管理層之項目評估報告,包括可行性研究或估值模型 等;

- Challenging management on long outstanding receivables and project status with updated information; 根據最新資料就長期未償還應收款項及項目狀況質詢管理 層;
- Obtaining directors' representation on assumptions and basis in assessing the impairment provision; and 就評估減值撥備之假設及基準查閱董事聲明;及
- Obtaining board approval on lottery project deposits paid and prepayments made during the year.
 就年內支付之已付彩票項目按金及預繳款項查閱董事會批 文。

We consider management's conclusion to be consistent with available evidence obtained and the allowance for impairment of other receivables and lottery project deposits paid and prepayments have been appropriately disclosed.

我們認為,管理層之總結與所得證據相符,而其他應收款項以及 已付彩票項目按金及預繳款項減值撥備已適當地披露。

Presentation of an available-for-sale financial asset for the Group's 42% equity interest held in a PRC entity instead of treating it as an associate

Key Audit Matter 關鍵審計事項

Refer to notes 4B(b) and 20 to the consolidated financial statements

將 貴集團於一間中國實體所持42%股權列為可供出 售金融資產而非作為聯營公司處理

請參閱綜合財務報表附註4B(b)及20

How our audit addressed the Key Audit Matter 我們的審計如何處理關鍵審計事項

The Group has accounted for an unlisted investment of HK\$255,555,000 with about 42% effective equity interest held in a PRC entity as an available-for-sale financial asset ("AFS") and this AFS is stated at cost less any accumulated impairment loss.

貴集團將於一間中國實體所持約42%實際股權之255,555,000港 元非上市投資入賬列為可供出售金融資產,並按成本減任何累計 減值虧損列賬。

Judgement is required on adoption of appropriate accounting policy and relevant accounting standards for this PRC entity. Management has reassessed whether the Group would continue to account for this PRC entity as AFS instead of treating this PRC entity as an associate by applying the equity method. The management concluded that the Group was unable to exercise significant influence over PRC entity's management including participation in the financial and operating policy after the directors of this PRC entity, who were appointed by the Group, withdrew their support. Accordingly, the Group continued to recognise the investment in this PRC entity as an AFS which is carried at cost less any accumulated impairment loss.

就該中國實體採用適當會計政策及相關會計準則須要作出判斷。 管理層已重新評估 貴集團應否繼續將該中國實體入賬列為可 供出售金融資產,而非應用權益法將該中國實體作為聯營公司處 理。管理層總結,於 貴集團所委任之該中國實體董事撤回支持 後, 貴集團無法對中國實體之管理行使重大影響力,包括參與 財務及營運決策。因此, 貴集團繼續將於該中國實體之投資確 認為可供出售金融資產,按成本減任何累計減值虧損列賬。 Our procedures in relation to management's critical judgements in applying the Company's accounting policies included: 我們有關管理層應用 貴公司會計政策所作關鍵判斷之程序包括:

- Understanding lottery contractual arrangement, regulations and measures promulgated by the relevant authorities in relation to paperless electronic lottery distribution channels and industry practice through discussion with management with relevant expertise;
 透過與具備相關專業知識的管理層進行討論,以瞭解彩票 合約安排、政府機關就無紙化電子彩票配送渠道所頒佈之 法規及措施以及行業常規;
- Challenging management's assertion that the Group is lack of significant influence over this PRC entity; 向管理層就有關 貴集團對該中國實體並無重大影響力之 假設作出質詢;
- Assessing if the Group could or could not exercise significant influence over the PRC entity in relation to the matters set out in paragraphs 6(a) to (e) of HKAS 28, Investments in Associates and Joint Ventures, given the unique nature of the online lottery business in the PRC; and 鑑於中國網上彩票業務性質獨特,按照香港會計準則「於聯

營公司及合營企業之投資」第28號第6(a)至(e)段所載事宜, 評估 貴集團可否對該中國實體行使重大影響力;及

 Obtained the Group's management representation letter that the Group does not have significant influence over the management in daily operational and financial policy decisions over this PRC entity since 1 January 2014 though the Group holds approximately 42% effective equity interest in this entity.

就儘管 貴集團持有中國實體約42%實際股權,惟 貴集團 自二零一四年一月一日起對中國實體之日常營運及財務政 策決定再無重大影響力,查閱 貴集團管理層之聲明書。

We consider management's recognition of the PRC entity and its presentation as AFS to be consistent with available evidence obtained.

我們認為,管理層將中國實體確認及呈列為可供出售金融資產與 所得證據相符。

OTHER INFORMATION IN THE ANNUAL REPORT

The directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in annual report other than the consolidated financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the consolidated financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the consolidated financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the consolidated financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed on the other information, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

RESPONSIBILITIES OF THE DIRECTORS AND THOSE CHARGES WITH GOVERNANCE FOR THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The directors are responsible for the preparation of consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with HKFRSs and the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

The directors of the Company are assisted by the Audit Committee in discharging their responsibilities for overseeing the Group's financial reporting process.

年報內之其他信息

董事需對其他信息負責。其他信息包括刊載於年報內 之信息,但不包括綜合財務報表及我們的核數師報 告。

我們對綜合財務報表之意見並不涵蓋其他信息,我們 亦不對該等其他信息發表任何形式之鑒證結論。

結合我們對綜合財務報表之審計,我們的責任是閱讀 其他信息,在此過程中,考慮其他信息是否與綜合財 務報表或我們在審計過程中所瞭解之情況存在重大抵 觸或者似乎存在重大錯誤陳述之情況。基於我們就其 他信息已執行之工作,如果我們認為其他信息存在重 大錯誤陳述,我們需要報告該事實。在這方面,我們 沒有任何報告。

董事及治理層就綜合財務報表須承擔之責任

董事須負責根據香港會計師公會頒佈之香港財務報告 準則及香港《公司條例》之披露規定擬備真實而中肯 之綜合財務報表,並對其認為為使綜合財務報表的擬 備不存在由於欺詐或錯誤而導致之重大錯誤陳述所需 之內部監控負責。

在擬備綜合財務報表時,董事負責評估 貴集團持續 經營之能力,並在適用情況下披露與持續經營有關之 事項,以及使用持續經營為會計基礎,除非董事有意 將 貴集團清盤或停止經營,或別無其他實際之替代 方案。

審核委員會須協助 貴公司之董事負責監督 貴集團 之財務報告過程。

AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE AUDIT OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Our report is made solely to you, as a body, in accordance with Section 90 of the Bermuda Companies Act 1981, and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility towards or accept liability to any other person for the contents of this report.

Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with HKSAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with HKSAs, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the directors.

核數師就審計綜合財務報表承擔之責任

我們的目標,是對綜合財務報表整體是否不存在由於 欺詐或錯誤而導致之重大錯誤陳述取得合理保證, 並出具包括我們意見之核數師報告。我們僅向 閣下 (作為整體)按照一九八一百慕達公司法第90條報告, 除此之外本報告別無其他目的。我們不會就本報告之 內容向任何其他人士負上或承擔任何責任。

合理保證是高水平之保證,但不能保證按照《香港審 計準則》進行之審計,在某一重大錯誤陳述存在時總 能發現。錯誤陳述可以由欺詐或錯誤引起,如果合理 預期它們單獨或匯總起來可能影響綜合財務報表使用 者依賴綜合財務報表所作出之經濟決定,則有關之錯 誤陳述可被視作重大。

在根據《香港審計準則》進行審計之過程中,我們運 用了專業判斷,保持了專業懷疑態度。我們亦:

- 識別和評估由於欺詐或錯誤而導致綜合財務報表存在重大錯誤陳述之風險,設計及執行審計程序以應對這些風險,以及獲取充足和適當之審計憑證,作為我們意見之基礎。由於欺詐可能涉及串謀、偽造、蓄意遺漏、虛假陳述,或凌駕於內部控制之上,因此未能發現因欺詐而導致的重大錯誤陳述之風險高於未能發現因錯誤而導致的重大錯誤陳述之風險。
- 瞭解與審計相關之內部監控,以設計適當的審計 程序,但目的並非對 貴集團內部監控之有效性 發表意見。
- 評價董事所採用會計政策之恰當性及作出會計 估計和相關披露之合理性。

- Conclude on the appropriateness of the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Group to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the Group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with the Audit Committee regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide the Audit Committee with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence and, where applicable, related safeguards.

- 對董事採用持續經營會計基礎之恰當性作出結 論乃根據所獲取之審計憑證,確定是否存在與事 項或情況有關之重大不確定性,從而可能導致 對 貴集團之持續經營能力產生重大疑慮。如果 我們認為存在重大不確定性,則有必要在核數師 報告中提醒使用者注意綜合財務報表中之相關 披露。假若有關之披露不足,則我們應當發表非 無保留意見。我們的結論是基於核數師報告曰止 所取得之審計憑證。然而,未來事項或情況可能 導致 貴集團不能持續經營。
- 評價綜合財務報表之整體列報方式、結構和內容,包括披露,以及綜合財務報表是否中肯反映 交易和事項。
- 就 貴集團內實體或業務活動之財務獲取充足 信息、適當之審計憑證,以便對綜合財務報表發 表意見。我們負責 貴集團審計之方向、監督和 執行。我們為審計意見承擔全部責任。

除其他事項外,我們與審核委員會溝通了計劃之審計 範圍、時間安排、重大審計發現等,包括我們在審計 中識別出內部監控之任何重大缺陷。

我們還向審核委員會提交聲明, 説明我們已符合有關 獨立性之相關專業道德要求, 並與他們溝通有可能合 理地被認為會影響我們獨立性之所有關係和其他事 項, 以及在適用的情況下, 相關之防範措施。

From the matters communicated with the Audit Committee, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

The engagement director on the audit resulting in this independent auditor's report is Mr. Chan Shu Kin.

從與審核委員會溝通之事項中,我們確定哪些事項對 本期綜合財務報表之審計最為重要,因而構成關鍵審 計事項。我們在核數師報告中描述這些事項,除非法 律法規不允許公開披露這些事項,或在極端罕見之情 況下,如果合理預期在我們報告中溝通某事項造成之 負面後果超過產生之公眾利益,我們決定不應在報告 中溝通該事項。

出任本獨立核數師報告之審計項目董事是陳樹堅先 生。

Ting Ho Kwan & Chan CPA Limited Certified Public Accountants Chan Shu Kin Practising Certificate Number: P01297

Hong Kong, 31 March 2017

丁何關陳會計師事務所有限公司 執業會計師 **陳樹堅** 執業證書編號: P01297

香港,二零一七年三月三十一日

Consolidated Income Statement 綜合收益表

For the year ended 31 December 2016 截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度

		Notes 附註	2016 二零一六年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>	2015 二零一五年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>
Revenue	收入	5	1,252,144	1,554,394
Cost of sales/services rendered	銷售/提供服務之成本	22(b)	(543,310)	(506,718)
Other income	其他收入	5	30,222	93,720
Other gains and losses	其他收益及虧損	5	(9,360)	34,043
Selling and distribution expenses	銷售及分銷費用		(68,549)	(72,999)
Impairment loss on goodwill Allowance for impairment of	商譽減值虧損 其他應收款項減值撥備	17	(103,923)	(99,321)
other receivables		25	(238,467)	(57)
Administrative expenses	行政費用		(415,000)	(410,541)
Operating (loss)/profit	經營 (虧損)/溢利		(96,243)	592,521
Finance costs	財務費用	8	(132,257)	(387,721)
Share of (losses)/profits of joint ventures	分佔合營企業(虧損)/溢利	19	(187,591)	558
(Loss)/profit before taxation	除税前 (虧損) / 溢利	9	(416,091)	205,358
Taxation	税項	12	(29,898)	(41,124)
(Loss)/profit for the year	年度 (虧損)/溢利		(445,989)	164,234
Attributable to: Equity shareholders of	以下人士應佔: 本公司權益股東			
the Company			(393,007)	150,879
Non-controlling interests	非控股權益		(52,982)	13,355
			(445,989)	164,234
(Loss)/earnings per share for (loss)/profit attributable to equity shareholders of the	本公司權益股東應佔(虧損)/溢利之 每股(虧損)/盈利			
Company		13		
– Basic and diluted	一基本及攤薄		(3.93) cents仙	1.51 cents仙

The notes on pages 79 to 203 are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

第79至203頁之附註屬本綜合財務報表一部分。

Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income 綜合全面收益表

For the year ended 31 December 2016 截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度

	(445,989)	
		164,234
2		
	(133,720)	(101,948)
19	(9,207)	(7,496)
	(142,927)	(109,444)
	(588,916)	54,790
	(529,513)	47,957
	(59,403)	6,833
	(588,916)	54,790
	_	(133,720) <i>19</i> (9,207) (142,927) (588,916) (529,513) (59,403)

The notes on pages 79 to 203 are an integral part of these 第79至203頁之附註屬本綜合財務報表一部分。 consolidated financial statements.

Consolidated Statement of Financial Position 綜合財務狀況表

At 31 December 2016 於二零一六年十二月三十一日

			2016	2015
			二零一六年	二零一五年
		Notes	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		附註	千港元	千港元
ASSETS	資產			
Non-current assets	非流動資產			
Property, plant and equipment	物業、廠房及設備	15	46,633	59,271
Prepaid lease payments on	土地使用權之預付租約付款		,	00,2,1
land use rights		16	723	735
Goodwill	商譽	17	301,283	405,206
Intangible assets	無形資產	18	331	1,920
Interests in joint ventures	於合營企業之權益	19	169,266	377,614
Available-for-sale financial assets				
Deferred tax assets	可供山后並融具產 遞延税項資產	20	288,806	307,810
Deletted lax assets	<u>她</u> 些忧境真崖	21	77	
Total non-current assets	非流動資產總值		807,119	1,152,556
Current assets	流動資產			
Inventories	存貨	22	7,956	23,494
Trade receivables	應收貿易賬款	23	490,836	760,152
Utility and other deposits	公用事業及其他按金	24	1,533,259	1,600,474
Prepayments and other receivables	預繳款項及其他應收款項	25	1,839,938	1,795,121
Financial assets at fair value	通過損益按公允值計量之金融資產			
through profit or loss		26	132	63,935
Cash and bank balances	現金及銀行結餘	27	2,136,962	1,098,073
			6,009,083	5,341,249
Assets of the disposal group	分類為持作出售之出售組別之資產			
classified as held for sale		14	2,295,597	2,236,663
Total current assets	流動資產總值		8,304,680	7,577,912
Total assets	資產總值		9,111,799	9 720 469
	貝庄菘臣		9,111,799	8,730,468
EQUITY	權益			
Capital and reserves attributable to equity shareholders of the Company	本公司權益股東應佔資本及儲備			
Share capital	股本	29	100,285	99,835
Reserves	儲備	31	5,356,049	5,871,322
			5,456,334	5,971,157
Non-controlling interests	非控股權益		54,843	114,246
Total equity	權益總額		5,511,177	6,085,403

Consolidated Statement of Financial Position (continued) 綜合財務狀況表(續)

At 31 December 2016 於二零一六年十二月三十一日

2016 2015 二零一六年 二零一五年 HK\$'000 HK\$'000 Notes 附註 千港元 千港元 LIABILITIES 負債 非流動負債 Non-current liabilities 應付一間合營企業款項 19 46,195 46,195 Amount due to a joint venture 遞延税項負債 Deferred tax liabilities 21 163,245 155,857 Convertible bonds 可換股債券 35 201,740 250,773 Obligations under finance leases 融資租賃債務 8,867 36 Total non-current liabilities 非流動負債總額 411,180 461,692 **Current liabilities** 流動負債 Trade payables 應付貿易賬款 32 1,801 2,728 Other payables and accruals 其他應付款項及應計款項 33 77,271 64,311 Bank borrowings 銀行借貸 34 4,901 Current portion of 可換股債券之流動部分 convertible bonds 35 1,431,040 1.824.629 融資租賃債務 Obligations under finance leases 36 8,268 17,038 Amounts due to related parties 應付關聯方款項 44 1,259,967 118,000 Current tax liabilities 當期税項負債 2,211 3,051 2,785,459 2,029,757 Liabilities directly associated with 與分類為持作出售之出售組別之 the assets of the disposal group 資產直接相關之負債 classified as held for sale 14 403,983 153,616 Total current liabilities 流動負債總額 3,189,442 2,183,373 Total liabilities 負債總額 3,600,622 2,645,065 Total equity and liabilities 權益及負債總額 9,111,799 8,730,468 Net current assets 流動資產淨值 5,115,238 5,394,539 Total assets less current liabilities 總資產減流動負債 5,922,357 6,547,095

The consolidated financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the Board on 31 March 2017 and are signed on behalf of the Board by:

財務報表已於二零一七年三月三十一日獲董事會核准 及授權刊發,並由下列董事會代表簽署:

Chan How Chung, Victor 陳孝聰 DIRECTOR 董事 Boo Chun Lon 巫峻龍 DIRECTOR 董事

The notes on pages 79 to 203 are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

第79至203頁之附註屬本綜合財務報表一部分。

Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity 綜合權益變動表

For the year ended 31 December 2016 截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度

Attributable to equity shareholders of the Company 本公司權益股東應佔

千速元 1.00,879 1.00,879 1.00,879 1.00,879 1.00,879 1.00,879 1.00,879 1.00,879 1.00,879 1.00,879 1.00,879 1.00,879 1.00,879 1.00,879 1.00,879 1.00,879 1.00,879 1.00,879 <th1< th=""><th>Total 合計 <i>HK\$'000 千港元</i> ,006,579</th><th>Non- controlling interests 非控設権益 HK\$ 000 千波元 133,527</th><th>Total equity 椎益總額 <i>HK\$*000</i> デ港元</th></th1<>	Total 合計 <i>HK\$'000 千港元</i> ,006,579	Non- controlling interests 非控設権益 HK\$ 000 千波元 133,527	Total equity 椎益總額 <i>HK\$*000</i> デ港元
千速元 1.00.00.00.00.00.00.00.00.00.00.00.00.00	<i>千港元</i> ,006,579	千港元	
Balance at 1 January 2015 於二零一五年一月一日之結餘 99,600 4,002,373 3,025 415,039 8,403 105,937 1,292,522 79,680 6,0 Profit for the year 午度溢利 150,879 - 1	,006,579		17670
- Profit for the year 午度溢利 150,879 - 1		133 527	
	150 070	155,521	6,140,106
Other comprehensive expense for the year 年度其他全面開支 (102,922) (102,922) (102,922) (102,922) (102,922) (102,922) (102,922) (102,922) (102,922) (102,922) (102,922) (102,922) (102,922) (102,922)	150,879	13,355	164,234
	(102,922)	(6,522)	(109,444)
Total comprehensive income/(expense) 全面收益/(開支)總額 (102,922) 150,879 -	47,957	6,833	54,790
Dividend paid to non-controlling interests 已派付非控股權益股息	-	(26,114)	(26,114)
Total changes in ownership interests	-	(26,114)	(26,114)
Lapse of share options #股權失效 (2,074) 2,074	-	-	-
Redemption of convertible bonds (Note 35) 購回可換股債券(附註35) (20,752) 6,261 -	(14,491)	-	(14,491)
2014 proposed final dividend paid 二零一四年已派付建議末期股息 235 10,557 (79,680)	(68,888)		(68,888)
Total contributions and distributions 出資及分派總額 235 10,557 - (20,752) (2,074) - 8,335 (79,680)	(83,379)	_	(83,379)
Total transactions with owners of 與本公司擁有人交易總額 the Company 235 10,557 - (20,752) (2,074) - 8,335 (79,680)	(83,379)	(26,114)	(109,493)
Balance at 31 December 2015 於二零一五年十二月三十一日之結餘 99,835 4,012,930 3,025 394,287 6,329 3,015 1,451,736 - 5,5	,971,157	114,246	6,085,403
Balance at 31 December 2015 and 於二零一五年十二月三十一日及 1 January 2016 二零一六年一月一日之結餘 99,835 4,012,930 3,025 394,287 6,329 3,015 1,451,736 - 5,6	,971,157	114,246	6,085,403
Loss for the year 年度虧損 — — — — — — — — (393,007) — (3	(393,007)	(52,982)	(445,989)
	(136,506)	(6,421)	(142,927)
Total comprehensive expense 全面開支總額 (136,506) (393,007) - (5	(529,513)	(59,403)	(588,916)
Recognition of share option benefit at fair value 按公允值確認購股權福利 10,367	10,367	-	10,367
Issue of new share 發行新股份 450 4,419 - <th< td=""><td>4,869</td><td>-</td><td>4,869</td></th<>	4,869	-	4,869
option – 1,314 – – (1,314) – – –	-	-	-
Lapse of share options 購及權失效 (6,329) - 6,329 -	-	-	-
Redemption of convertible bonds (Note 35)	(546)		(546)
Total contributions, distributions and 出資。分派以及與本公司擁有人			
transactions with owners of the Company 交易總額 450 5,733 - (89,030) 2,724 - 94,813 -	14,690		14,690
Balance at 31 December 2016	,456,334	54,843	5,511,177

These reserve accounts comprise the consolidated reserves of * approximately HK\$5,356,049,000 in the consolidated statement of financial position.

該等儲備賬包括綜合財務狀況表內之綜合儲備約 5,356,049,000港元。

*

The notes on pages 79 to 203 are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

第79至203頁之附註屬本綜合財務報表一部分。

Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows 綜合現金流量表

For the year ended 31 December 2016 截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度

		Notes 附註	2016 二零一六年 <i>HK\$′000</i> <i>千港元</i>	2015 二零一五年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>
OPERATING ACTIVITIES	經營業務			
(Loss)/profit for the year Adjustments for:	年度(虧損)/溢利 調整項目:		(445,989)	164,234
Taxation	税項	12	29,898	41,124
Interest income	利息收入	5	(14,454)	(2,923)
Interest expense	利息開支	8	132,257	387,721
Share of losses/(profits) of	分佔合營企業虧損/(溢利)			
joint ventures		19	187,591	(558)
Employee share option benefits	僱員購股權福利	30	10,367	-
Impairment loss on goodwill	商譽減值虧損	17	103,923	99,321
Intangible assets written off Allowance for impairment of	無形資產撇銷 其他應收款項減值撥備	9	1,011	-
other receivables	共间應收款填减直接值	25	238,467	57
Write-down of inventories	存貨撇減	25 9	31,085	1,529
Depreciation and amortisation	折舊及攤銷	9	61,990	64,691
Loss/(gain) on redemption of	贖回可換股債券之虧損/(收益)	2	0.,000	0 1/00 1
convertible bonds		5	6,151	(1,013)
Loss on disposal of property,	出售物業、廠房及設備之虧損淨額			.,,,,
plant and equipment, net		9	499	128
Dividend income from listed	上市投資之股息收入			
investments		5	-	(61)
Dividend income from unlisted	非上市投資之股息收入			
investment		5	-	(78,185)
Net losses/(gains) on disposal of	出售通過損益按公允值計量之			
financial assets at fair value	金融資產之虧損/(收益)淨額	_	2.000	
through profit or loss	通過損益按公允值計量之	5	2,060	(25,780)
Fair value losses/(gains) on financial assets at fair value	金融資產之公允值			
through profit or loss	■ 上京 10 単位 10	5	1,149	(7,250)
Exchange differences	匯兑差額	2	5,017	4,451
Operating cash flows before changes in working capital	未計營運資金變動前之經營現金流量		351,022	647,486
Changes in working capital	營運資金變動			
Decrease in financial assets at fair	通過損益按公允值計量之			
value through profit or loss	金融資產減少		60,594	22,197
Decrease in bank balance –	銀行結餘減少-獨立賬戶			
segregated accounts			330	2
Increase in inventories	存貨增加		(6,950)	(5,702)
Decrease in trade receivables	應收貿易賬款減少		272,560	52,085
Decrease in utility and other	公用事業及其他按金減少			27 476
deposits Increase in prepayments and other	預繳款項及其他應收款項增加		65,759	37,476
receivables	頂線承項及共他應收承項項加		(309,906)	(470,491)
Increase in trade payables	應付貿易賬款增加		9,518	14,177
Increase/(decrease) in other	其他應付款項及應計款項		5,510	,.,,
payables and accruals	增加/(減少)		187,545	(57,682)
Net cash generated from	經營業務所得現金淨額			
operations			630,472	239,548
-				·
Interest received	已收利息		14,454	2,923
Interest received Interest paid	已收利息 已付利息		(99,421)	(113,864)
Taxation paid	已付税項		(22,153)	(113,864) (29,669)
			(22,133)	(29,009)
Not cash gonorated from	领然类政府但由个河路			
Net cash generated from operating activities	經營業務所得現金淨額		523,352	98,938
operating activities				

Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows (continued) 綜合現金流量表(續)

For the year ended 31 December 2016 截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度

		Notes 附註	2016 二零一六年 <i>HK\$′000</i> 千港元	2015 二零一五年 <i>HK\$′000</i> <i>千港元</i>
INVESTING ACTIVITIES	投資活動			
Purchases of property, plant and equipment	購買物業、廠房及設備		(25,683)	(59,294)
Addition of prepaid lease payments on land use rights	增加土地使用權之預付租約付款		(2,958)	_
Deposit paid for acquisition of	就收購租賃樓宇支付之按金			(452)
leasehold building Decrease/(increase) in fixed bank	定期銀行存款減少/(增加)		(169,059)	× 7
deposits Payment for acquisition of	就收購無形資產支付款項	27	491,429	(491,429)
intangible assets Proceeds on disposal of property,	出售物業、廠房及設備所得款項		(153)	_
plant and equipment	可供出售金融資產投資退款		783	34
for-sale financial asset		20	1,305	_
Dividend received from a joint venture	已收一間合營企業股息	19	11,550	_
Dividend received from listed investments	已收上市投資股息		_	61
Dividend received from	已收非上市投資股息			
unlisted investment Deposit received for disposal of	就出售持作出售之資產及		-	78,185
assets and liabilities held for sale Purchase of an available-for-sale	負債收取按金 購買一項可供出售金融資產	44	622,100	_
financial asset		20	(556)	_
Net cash generated from/	投資活動所得/(所用)現金淨額			
(used in) investing activities			928,758	(472,895)

Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows (continued) 綜合現金流量表(續)

For the year ended 31 December 2016 截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度

		Notes 附註	2016 二零一六年 <i>HK\$′000</i> <i>千港元</i>	2015 二零一五年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>
FINANCING ACTIVITIES	融資活動			
Issue of shares,	發行股份(扣除發行成本)			
net of issuing costs		29	4,869	_
Payments for redemption of	就贖回可換股債券支付款項	29	4,005	
convertible bonds			(482,155)	(112,385)
Net advance from a shareholder	由一名股東墊付貸款淨額		(402,199)	(112,303)
loan			162,000	118,000
Net advance from related parties	由關聯方墊付款項淨額	44	357,867	
Proceeds from bank borrowings	銀行借貸所得款項		145,831	71,429
Repayment of bank borrowings	償還銀行借貸		(70,141)	(87,500)
Repayment of obligations under	償還融資租賃債務			
finance leases			(16,652)	(16,541)
Dividend paid to	已派付非控股權益股息			
non-controlling interests			_	(26,114)
Dividend paid	已付股息		_	(68,888)
Net cash generated from/ (used in) financing activities	融資活動所得/(所用)現金淨額		101,619	(121,999)
NET INCREASE/(DECREASE)	現金及現金等價物			
IN CASH AND CASH	增加/(減少)淨額			
EQUIVALENTS			1,553,729	(495,956)
Exchange loss on cash and cash	現金及現金等價物之匯兑虧損			
equivalents			(67,713)	(45,712)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	於一月一日之現金及現金等價物			
AT 1 JANUARY			751,032	1,292,700
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	於十二月三十一日之現金及			

The notes on pages 79 to 203 are an integral part of these 第79至203頁之附註屬本綜合財務報表一部分。 consolidated financial statements.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2016 截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度

1. GENERAL INFORMATION

REXLot Holdings Limited (the "Company") was incorporated in Bermuda as an exempted company with limited liability. The principal place of business of the Company is located at Suite 2601, 26/F., Sino Plaza, 255-257 Gloucester Road, Causeway Bay, Hong Kong.

Pursuant to a group reorganisation scheme to rationalise the structure of the Company and its subsidiaries (together, the "Group") in preparing for the listing of the Company's shares on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange"), the Company became the holding company of the Group in Hong Kong on 15 August 2000 and its shares were listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange with effect from 28 September 2000.

The Group is principally engaged in lottery business comprising development and production of lottery machines, related operating software system and networks for lottery industry, the distribution and marketing of lottery products and development of paperless electronic lottery platform for lottery business in the People's Republic of China (the "PRC").

2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(a) Statement of compliance

These consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with all applicable Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards ("HKFRSs"), which collective term includes all applicable individual Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards, Hong Kong Accounting Standards ("HKASs") and Interpretations ("Int") issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants ("HKICPA"), accounting principles generally accepted in Hong Kong and the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance. These consolidated financial statements also comply with the applicable disclosure provisions of the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Listing Rules"). A summary of the significant accounting policies adopted by the Group is set out below.

The HKICPA has issued certain new HKFRSs and amendments to HKFRSs that are first effective for the current accounting period of the Group and the Company. Note 3 provides information on any changes in accounting policies resulting from initial application of these developments to the extent that they are relevant to the Group for the current and prior accounting periods reflected in these consolidated financial statements.

1. 一般資料

御泰中彩控股有限公司(「本公司」)為於百慕達 註冊成立之獲豁免有限責任公司。本公司之主要 營業地點位於香港銅鑼灣告士打道255-257號信 和廣場26樓2601室。

根據為重整本公司及其附屬公司(統稱「本集 團」)架構以籌備本公司股份於香港聯合交易所 有限公司(「聯交所」)上市之集團重組計劃,本 公司於二零零零年八月十五日成為本集團於香 港之控股公司,而其股份亦由二零零零年九月 二十八日起於聯交所主板上市。

本集團主要從事彩票業務,而彩票業務包括於中 華人民共和國(「中國」)經營之彩票機開發和生 產、彩票行業相關運作軟件系統和網絡、彩票產 品之配送與市場業務,以及發展彩票業務之無紙 化電子彩票平台。

主要會計政策 (a) 遵例聲明

此等綜合財務報表乃按照香港會計師公會 頒布之所有適用香港財務報告準則(包括 所有適用個別香港財務報告準則、香港會 計準則及詮釋)、香港公認會計原則及香港 《公司條例》之披露規定編製。此等綜合 財務報表亦符合香港聯合交易所有限公司 證券上市規則(「上市規則」)之適用披露規 定。本集團採用之主要會計政策概列於下 文。

香港會計師公會已頒佈若干新訂香港財務 報告準則及香港財務報告準則之修訂,該等 準則及修訂於本集團及本公司之本會計期 間首次生效。附註3所載資料涉及因首次應 用此等事況進展而造成之會計政策變動, 而此等事況進展於此等財務報表反映之本 會計期間及過往會計期間與本集團相關。

For the year ended 31 December 2016 截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度

2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(b) Basis of preparation of the consolidated financial statements

The consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2016 comprise the Company, its subsidiaries and the Group's interests in joint ventures.

The measurement basis used in the preparation of the consolidated financial statements is the historical cost basis except that financial assets at fair value through profit or loss (Note 2(e)(i)) are stated at their fair values.

Non-current assets and disposal groups held for sale are stated at the lower of carrying amount and fair value less costs to sell (see Note 2(x)).

The preparation of consolidated financial statements in conformity with HKFRSs requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the applicable of policies and reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income and expenses. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and various other factors that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances, the results of which form the basis of making the judgements about carrying values of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised if the revision affects only that period, or in the period of the revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and futures periods.

Judgements made by management in the application of HKFRSs that have significant effect on the consolidated financial statements and estimates with a significant risk of material adjustment in the next year are discussed in Note 4.

主要會計政策(續) (b) 綜合財務報表之編製基準

截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度之 综合財務報表涵蓋本公司、其附屬公司及 本集團於合營企業之權益。

除通過損益按公允值計量之金融資產(附 註2(e)(i))以其公允值入賬外,編製財務報 表時均以歷史成本作為計量基準。

持作出售之非流動資產及出售組別按賬面 值及公允值減出售成本兩者中之較低者列 賬(見附註2(x))。

編製符合香港財務報告準則之綜合財務報 表需要管理層作出可影響政策應用及所呈 報資產、負債、收入及開支數額之判斷、估 計及假設。估計及相關假設乃根據過往經 驗及在有關情況下相信屬合理之各種其他 因素而作出,其結果構成對無法輕易從其 他來源得出之資產及負債賬面值作出判斷 之基準。實際結果可能與該等估計有所不 同。

估計及相關假設會持續檢討。倘修訂會計 估計僅影響修訂估計之期間,則於該期間 確認修訂,而倘修訂同時影響本期間及未 來期間,則於修訂期間及未來期間確認修 訂。

管理層於應用香港財務報告準則時所作出 將對綜合財務報表造成重大影響之判斷, 以及具有相當風險可能會導致下個年度須 作出重大調整之估計,概於附註4論述。

For the year ended 31 December 2016 截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度

2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(b) Basis of preparation of the consolidated financial statements (continued)

The consolidated financial statements are presented in Hong Kong dollars ("HKD" or "HK\$") while the functional currency of the Company is Hong Kong dollars and the functional currency of the Company's principal subsidiaries is Renminbi ("RMB"). The directors of the Company (the "Directors") consider the presentation currency in HKD is more useful for its current and potential investors. All values are rounded to the nearest thousand except where otherwise indicated.

(c) Basis of consolidation

(i) Subsidiaries and non-controlling interests

Subsidiaries are entities controlled by the Group. The Group controls an entity when it is exposed, or has rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the entity and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the entity. When assessing whether the Group has power, only substantive rights (held by the Group and other parties) are considered.

An investment in a subsidiary is consolidated into the consolidated financial statements from the date that control commences until the date that control ceases. Intra-group balances, transactions and cash flows and any unrealised profits arising from intra-group transactions are eliminated in full in preparing the consolidated financial statements. Unrealised losses resulting from intra-group transactions are eliminated in the same way as unrealised gains but only to the extent that there is no evidence of impairment.

Non-controlling interests represent the equity in a subsidiary not attributable directly or indirectly to the Company, and in respect of which the Group has not agreed any additional terms with the holders of those interests which would result in the Group as a whole having a contractual obligation in respect of those interests that meets the definition of a financial liability. For each business combination, the Group can elect to measure any non-controlling interests either at fair value or at the non-controlling interests' proportionate share of the subsidiary's net identifiable assets.

2. 主要會計政策(續)

(b) 綜合財務報表之編製基準(續)

綜合財務報表乃以港元呈列,本公司之功能 貨幣為港元,而本公司主要附屬公司之功 能貨幣則為人民幣。本公司董事(「董事」) 認為,以港元作為呈列貨幣對其現有及潛 在投資者較為實用。所有數值已調整至千 位數,如另有所指則除外。

(c) 綜合入賬基準

(i) 附屬公司及非控股權益
附屬公司為受本集團控制之實體。當本集團能夠或有權從參與實體中獲得可變回報,並有能力透過其對該實體之權力影響該等回報,即代表控制該實體。於評估本集團是否擁有權力時,僅會考慮實質之權利(本集團及其他方所持有者)。

於附屬公司之投資乃於控制權開始日 期至結束日期為止期間計入綜合財務 報表。在編製綜合財務報表時,集團 間之結餘、交易及現金流量以及集團 間交易之任何未變現溢利會全數對 銷。至於集團間交易之未變現虧損, 僅在並無出現減值證據情況下,以與 未變現收益相同之方式對銷。

非控股權益乃指並非由本公司直接或 間接擁有之附屬公司權益,而本集團 並無就此與該等權益之持有人協定任 何額外條款,以致本集團整體須就該 等權益負上符合金融負債定義之合約 責任。本集團可選擇按公允值或按非 控股權益所佔附屬公司可識別資產淨 值之比例,逐項業務合併計量任何非 控股權益。

For the year ended 31 December 2016 截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度

2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(c) Basis of consolidation (continued)

2. 主要會計政策(續)

(c) 綜合入賬基準(續)
 (i) 附屬公司及非控股權益(續)

非控股權益在綜合財務狀況表內列入 權益,但與本公司權益股東應佔權益 分開列示。至於非控股權益所佔本集 團業績,乃在綜合收益表及綜合全面 收益表內,以非控股權益與本公司權 益股東各自所佔之年度損益總額及全 面收益或開支總額之形式列示。非控 股權益持有人承擔之其他合約責任, 乃根據附註2(n)、2(o)或2(p)(視負債 性質而定),在綜合財務狀況表內列 示為金融負債。

本集團於附屬公司之權益之變動如不 會導致失去控制權,則入賬列為權益 交易,而在綜合權益內之控股權益及 非控股權益金額會因而作出調整,以 反映相關權益之變動,但不會就商譽 作出調整及確認任何收益或虧損。

如本集團失去附屬公司之控制權,則 入賬列為出售於該附屬公司之全部權 益,而所引致之收益或虧損會於損益 確認。任何於失去控制權當日仍然保 留之前附屬公司權益乃按公允值確 認,而該金額被視為金融資產之初步 確認公允值(見附註2(e)),或在適用 情況下,被視為於合營企業之投資之 初步確認成本(見附註2(c)(ii))。

在本公司之財務狀況表內,除非於附 屬公司之投資已分類為持作出售投資 (或包括在已分類為持作出售之出售 組別內),否則於附屬公司之投資按 成本減減值虧損列賬。本公司因應已 收及應收股息將附屬公司業績入賬。

(i) Subsidiaries and non-controlling interests

(continued)

Non-controlling interests are presented in the consolidated statement of financial position within equity, separately from equity attributable to the equity shareholders of the Company. Non-controlling interests in the results of the Group are presented on the face of the consolidated income statement and the consolidated statement of comprehensive income as an allocation of the total profit or loss and total comprehensive income or expense for the year between non-controlling interests and the equity shareholders of the Company. Loans from holders of non-controlling interests and other contractual obligations towards these holders are presented as financial liabilities in the consolidated statement of financial position in accordance with Notes 2(n), 2(o) or 2(p) depending on the nature of the liability.

Changes in the Group's interest in a subsidiary that do not result in a loss of control are accounted for as equity transactions, whereby adjustments are made to the amounts of controlling and non-controlling interests within consolidated equity to reflect the change in relative interests, but no adjustments are made to goodwill and no gain or loss is recognised.

When the Group loses control of a subsidiary, it is accounted for as a disposal of the entire interest in that subsidiary, with a resulting gain or loss being recognised in profit or loss. Any interest retained in that former subsidiary at the date when control is lost is recognised at fair value and this amount is regarded as the fair value on initial recognition of a financial asset (see Note 2(e)) or, when appropriate, the cost on initial recognition of an investment in a joint venture (see Note 2(c)(ii)).

In the Company's statement of financial position, investments in subsidiaries are stated at cost less impairment losses, unless the investments are classified as held for sale (or included in a disposal group that is classified as held for sale). The results of subsidiaries are accounted for by the Company on the basis of dividend received and receivable.

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2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(c) Basis of consolidation (continued)

(ii) Joint ventures

A joint venture is an arrangement whereby the Group or Company and other parties contractually agree to share control of the arrangement, and have rights to the net assets of the arrangement.

An investment in a joint venture is accounted for in the consolidated financial statements under the equity method, unless it is classified as held for sale (or included in a disposal group that is classified as held for sale). Under the equity method, the investment is initially recorded at cost, adjusted for any excess of the Group's share of the acquisitiondate fair values of the investee's identifiable net assets over the cost of the investment (if any). Thereafter, the investment is adjusted for the post acquisition change in the Group's share of the investee's net assets and any impairment loss relating to the investment (see Notes 2(d) and 2(i)). Any acquisition-date excess over cost, the Group's share of the post-acquisition, post-tax results of the investees and any impairment losses for the year are recognised in the consolidated income statement, whereas the Group's share of the post-acquisition post-tax items of the investees' other comprehensive income is recognised in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income.

When the Group's share of losses exceeds its interest in the joint venture, the Group's interest is reduced to nil and recognition of further losses is discontinued except to the extent that the Group has incurred legal or constructive obligations or made payments on behalf of the investee. For this purpose, the Group's interest is the carrying amount of the investment under the equity method together with the Group's long-term interests that in substance form part of the Group's net investment in the joint venture.

2. 主要會計政策(續)

(c) 综合入賬基準(續) (ii) 合營企業 合營企業為本集團或本公司及其他人 士按合約協定分享控制權及淨資產擁

有權之安排。

於合營企業之投資除非已分類為持作 出售(或包括在已分類為持作出售之 出售組別內),否則於綜合財務報表 根據權益法入賬。根據權益法,有關 投資初步按成本記錄,並已就本集團 所佔接受投資公司可識別淨資產於 收購日期之公允值超出投資成本之 金額(如有)作出調整。其後,有關投 資會就本集團所佔接受投資公司淨資 產之收購後變動及有關該項投資之

金額(如有)作出調整。具後,有關投 資會就本集團所佔接受投資公司淨資 產之收購後變動及有關該項投資之 任何減值虧損作出調整(見附註2(d) 及2(i))。收購日期超出成本之任何金 額、本集團所佔接受投資公司之收購 後除税後業績以及任何年度減值虧損 於綜合收益表確認,而本集團所佔接 受投資公司之收購後除税後其他全面 收益項目則於綜合全面收益表確認。

當本集團應佔一間合營企業之虧損超 出其於該企業之權益時,本集團之權 益扣減至零並會終止確認進一步虧 損,但本集團產生法定或推定責任或 代表被投資公司付款則除外。就此而 言,本集團之權益為以權益法入賬之 投資賬面值,連同實質上屬本集團於 合營企業投資淨額一部分之長期權 益。

For the year ended 31 December 2016 截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度

2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

- (c) Basis of consolidation (continued)
 - (ii) Joint ventures (continued)

Unrealised profits and losses resulting from transactions between the Group and its joint venture are eliminated to the extent of the Group's interest in the investee, except where unrealised losses provide evidence of an impairment of the asset transferred, in which case they are recognised immediately in profit or loss.

When the Group ceases to have joint control over a joint venture, it is accounted for as a disposal of the entire interest in that investee, with a resulting gain or loss being recognised in profit or loss. Any interest retained in that former investee at the date when joint control is lost is recognised at fair value and this amount is regarded as the fair value on initial recognition of a financial asset (see Note 2(e)).

In the company's statement of financial position, investments in joint ventures are stated at cost less impairment losses, unless classified as held for sale (or included in a disposal group that is classified as held for sale).

(d) Goodwill

Goodwill represents the excess of:

- the aggregate of the fair value of the consideration transferred, the amount of any non-controlling interest in the acquiree and the fair value of the Group's previously held equity interest in the acquiree; over
- (ii) the Group's interest in the net fair value of the acquiree's identifiable assets and liabilities measured as at the acquisition date.

When (ii) is greater than (i), then this excess is recognised immediately in profit or loss as a gain on a bargain purchase.

2. 主要會計政策(續)

(c) 综合入賬基準(續) (ii) 合營企業(續) 本集團與合營企業進行交易產生之未 變現溢利及虧損將以本集團於被投資 公司之權益為限予以對銷,除非該未 變現虧損證明已轉讓資產出現減值, 在此情況下,則即時於損益確認相關 虧損。

> 如本集團失去附屬公司之控制權,則 入賬列為出售於該被投資公司之全部 權益,而所引致之收益或虧損會於損 益確認。任何於失去控制權當日仍然 保留之被投資公司權益乃按公允值確 認,而該金額被視為金融資產之初步 確認公允值(見附註2(e))。

> 在本公司之財務狀況表內,除非已分 類為持作出售投資(或包括在已分類 為持作出售之出售組別內),否則於 合營企業之投資按成本減減值虧損列 賬。

(d) 商譽

商譽指下列兩項間之差額:

- (i) 所轉讓代價之公允值、被收購方任何 非控股權益金額與本集團先前所持被 收購方股權之公允值三者總和;超出
- (ii) 本集團所佔被收購方可識別資產及負 債於收購日期計量之公允淨值之權益 之數額。

如第(ii)項高於第(i)項,有關差額會即時在 損益確認為議價收購之收益。

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2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(d) Goodwill (continued)

Goodwill is stated at cost less accumulated impairment losses. Goodwill arising on a business combination is allocated to each cash-generating unit, or groups of cashgenerating units, that is expected to benefit from the synergies of the combination and is tested annually for impairment (Note 2(i)).

On disposal of a cash-generating unit, any attributable amount of the purchased goodwill is included in the calculation of profit or loss on disposal.

(e) Financial assets

The Group classifies its financial assets in the following categories: at fair value through profit or loss, loans and receivables and available-for-sale financial assets. The classification depends on the purpose for which the financial assets were acquired. Management determines the classification of its financial assets at initial recognition.

(i) Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are financial assets held for trading and are stated in the consolidated statement of financial position at fair value. A financial asset is classified in this category if acquired principally for the purpose of selling in the short-term. Derivatives are also categorised as held for trading unless they are designated as hedges. Assets in this category are classified as current assets. Any attributable transaction cost and gain or loss on the fair value changes of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are recognised in profit or loss.

2. 主要會計政策(續)

(d) 商譽(續) 商譽按成本減累計減值虧損列賬。業務合 併產生之商譽會分配至預期將受惠於合併 協同效應之各個現金產生單位或現金產生 單位組別,並會每年進行減值測試(附註 2(i))。

> 出售現金產生單位時,購買商譽之任何應 佔金額均計入出售損益。

(e) 金融資產

本集團將金融資產分為以下類別:通過損 益按公允值計量之金融資產、貸款及應收 款項以及可供出售金融資產。分類方法取 決於購入金融資產之目的。管理層在初步 確認時釐定金融資產之分類。

(i) 通過損益按公允值計量之金融資產

通過損益按公允值計量之金融資產為 持有作買賣用途之金融資產,並按公 允值於綜合財務狀況表列賬。倘購入 金融資產之目的主要為於短期內出 售,則該項金融資產分類為此類別。 除非衍生工具被指定作對沖用途,否 則亦會分類為持有作買賣之衍生工 具。此類別資產分類為流動資產。任 何應佔交易成本及通過損益按公允值 計量之金融資產之公允值變動收益或 虧損均會在損益確認。

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2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(e) Financial assets (continued)

(ii) Loans and receivables

Loans and receivables are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market. They are included in current assets, except for maturities greater than 12 months after the end of the reporting period which are classified as non-current assets. Loans and receivables are subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method. The Group's loans and receivables comprise 'trade receivables, deposits and other receivables' and 'cash and bank balances' in the consolidated statement of financial position (Notes 2(k) and 2(l)).

(iii) Available-for-sale financial assets

Investments other than those held for trading and held to maturity are classified as available-for-sale financial assets and are stated in the consolidated statement of financial position at fair value, which is their transaction price including attributable transaction costs. Gain or loss on fair value changes of available-for-sale financial assets is recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated separately in equity in the fair value reserve, except for impairment losses and foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from changes in the amortised cost of monetary items such as debt securities which are recognised directly in profit or loss.

When the available-for-sale financial assets are derecognised, the cumulative gain or loss is reclassified from equity to profit or loss. Where the available-for-sale financial assets are interest-bearing, interest calculated using the effective interest method is recognised in profit or loss.

When a decline in the fair value of an available-forsale financial asset has been recognised in equity and there is objective evidence that the asset is impaired (see Note 2(i)), the cumulative loss is recognised from equity to profit or loss even though the financial assets have not been derecognised.

Investments are recognised/derecognised on the date the Group commits to purchase/sell the investments or they expire.

2. 主要會計政策(續)

(e) 金融資產(續) (ii) 貸款及應收款項

貸款及應收款項為非衍生金融資產, 有固定或可確定之付款,且在活躍市 場上並無報價。貸款及應收款項計入 流動資產,惟到期日在報告期末後 十二個月以上者則分類為非流動資 產。貸款及應收款項其後以實際利息 法按攤銷成本列賬。本集團之貸款及 應收款項包括綜合財務狀況表內之 「應收貿易賬款、按金及其他應收款 項」及「現金及銀行結餘」(附註2(k) 及2(1))。

(iii) 可供出售金融資產

持有作買賣用途及持至到期以外之投 資均分類為可供出售金融資產,並按 公允值(即投資交易價,包括應佔交 易成本)於綜合財務狀況表列賬。可供 出售金融資產之公允值變動收益或虧 損乃於其他全面收益確認,並於權益 內之公允值儲備獨立累計,惟減值虧 損及因貨幣項目(例如債務證券)之 攤銷成本出現變動而產生之匯兑收益 及虧損,則直接於損益確認。

如可供出售金融資產被終止確認,累 計收益或虧損自權益重新分類至損 益。如可供出售金融資產附帶利息, 則採用實際利息法計算利息並於損益 確認。

如可供出售金融資產公允值減少已於 權益確認,且有客觀證據顯示資產出 現減值(見附註2(i)),即使金融資產 未被終止確認,累計虧損亦會由於權 益確認,改為於損益確認。

投資會於本集團確保購買/出售該投 資或該投資到期時確認/終止確認。

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2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(e) Financial assets (continued)

(iii) Available-for-sale financial assets (continued)

The amount of the cumulative loss that is removed from equity and reclassified to profit or loss is the difference between the acquisition cost (net of any principal repayment and amortisation) and current fair value, less any impairment loss on those financial assets previously recognised in profit or loss.

Impairment losses recognised in profit or loss for an investment in an equity instrument classified as available-for-sale are not reversed through profit or loss. Any subsequent increase in the fair value of such investment is recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated separately in equity in the fair value reserve. If, in a subsequent period, the fair value of a debt instrument classified as availablefor-sale increases and the increase can be objectively related to an event occurring after the impairment loss was recognised in profit or loss, the impairment loss is reversed, with the amount of the reversal recognised in profit or loss. Impairment losses are written off against the corresponding investments directly.

Investments in unquoted equity instruments whose fair value cannot be reliably measured and derivatives that are linked to and must be settled by delivery of such unquoted equity instruments, are measured at cost less any impairment losses. If there is objective evidence that an impairment loss has been incurred on such instrument, the amount of impairment loss is measured as the difference between its carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows discounted at the current market rate of return for a similar instrument. Such impairment losses are not reversed.

Fair value of an instrument on initial recognition is normally the transaction price, unless it is estimated by using a valuation technique when part of the consideration given or received is for something other than the investment.

2. 主要會計政策(續)

(e) 金融資產(續) (iii) 可供出售金融資產(續) 從權益剔除重新分類至損益之累計虧 損金額為收購成本(扣除任何本金還 款及攤銷)與本期公允值間之差額, 再減去之前該金融資產在損益確認之 任何減值虧損。

> 就分類為可供出售之股本工具投資在 損益確認之減值虧損不會透過損益撥 回。有關投資之公允值其後如有任何 增加,均在其他全面收益確認,並於 權益內之公允值儲備獨立累計。如分 類為可供出售之債務工具之公允值於 其後期間增加,而有關增加可客觀地 與在損益確認減值虧損後發生之事件 聯繫,則會撥回減值虧損,撥回金額 乃於損益確認。減值虧損於相應投資 直接撇銷。

> 公允值無法可靠地計量之無報價股本 工具投資,以及與該等無報價股本工 具掛鈎且必須透過交付該等工具結算 之衍生工具,乃按成本減任何減值虧 損計量。如有客觀證據顯示有關工具 出現減值虧損,則減值虧損金額乃按 其賬面值與估計未來現金流量之現值 (按類似工具之現行市場回報率貼現) 間之差額計量。有關減值虧損不會撥 回。

> 工具於初步確認時之公允值一般為交 易價,除非部分代價乃就投資以外工 具而給予或收取,則該公允值採用估 值技巧估算。

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2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(e) Financial assets (continued)

(iii) Available-for-sale financial assets (continued)

After initial recognition, the fair value of an investment quoted in an active market is based on the current bid price and, for investments not quoted in an active market, the Group establishes the fair value of such investment by using a valuation technique.

Valuation techniques include using recent arm's length market transactions between knowledgeable willing parties, if available, by reference to the current fair value of another instrument that is substantially the same, discounted cash flows analysis and option pricing models.

(f) Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment are stated in the consolidated statement of financial position at historical cost less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses (Note 2(i)). Historical cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to the acquisition of the items. Cost may also include transfers from equity of any gains/losses on qualifying cash flow hedges of foreign currency purchases of property, plant and equipment.

Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognised as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Group and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. The carrying amount of the replaced part is derecognised. All other repairs and maintenance are charged to profit or loss during the financial period in which they are incurred.

2. 主要會計政策(續)

(e) 金融資產(續) (iii) 可供出售金融資產(續) 於初步確認後,在活躍市場上報價之 投資之公允值依照當時之買入價計 算。至於並無在活躍市場上報價之投 資,本集團會採用估值技巧制定有關 投資之公允值。

> 估值技巧包括採用由知情自願買賣雙 方近期進行之公平市場交易(如有)、 參照另一項大致相同之工具之當時公 允值、貼現現金流量分析及期權定價 模型。

(f) 物業[、]廠房及設備

物業、廠房及設備按歷史成本減累計折舊 及任何累計減值虧損(附註2(i))於綜合財 務狀況表列賬。歷史成本包括購入項目直 接應佔之開支。成本亦可包括自權益轉撥 有關以外幣購買物業、廠房及設備之合資 格現金流量對沖收益/虧損。

隨後成本僅於與項目相關之未來經濟收益 很可能會流入本集團,且項目成本能可靠 地計量時,方會計入資產賬面值或確認為 獨立資產(如適用)。被取代部分之賬面值 會被終止確認。所有其他維修及保養均於 產生之財政期間在損益扣除。

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2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(f) Property, plant and equipment (continued)

Property, plant and equipment are depreciated sufficient to write off their costs, less accumulated impairment losses and residual values, if any, using the straight-line method over their estimated useful lives. The principal annual rates used for this purpose are as follows:

Leasehold buildings	30 – 50 years
Leasehold improvements	20%
Lottery machines	4 – 12 years
Furniture, fixtures and equipment	6 - 33%
Plant and machinery	10 – 25%
Motor vehicles	10 - 20%

Where parts of an item of property, plant and equipment have different useful lives, the cost of the item is allocated on a reasonable basis between the parts and each part is depreciated separately.

The assets' residual values, if any and useful lives are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at the end of each reporting period. An item of property, plant and equipment is derecognised upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected to arise from the continued use of the asset. The gain or loss on derecognition of an item of property, plant and equipment, calculated as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the item, is included in profit or loss in the period the item is derecognised.

An asset's carrying amount is written down immediately to its recoverable amount if the asset's carrying amount is greater than its estimated recoverable amount.

(g) Prepaid lease payments on land use rights

Prepaid lease payments on land use rights are lump sum upfront payments to acquire long-term interest in lesseeoccupied properties.

Prepaid lease payments on land use rights relating to buildings of the Group are stated at cost and are amortised over the period of the lease on the straight-line basis which is charged to profit or loss.

2. 主要會計政策(續)

(f) 物業、廠房及設備(續) 物業、廠房及設備於其估計可用年限內使 用直線法,按足以撇銷其成本之比率折舊, 並扣除任何累計減值虧損及殘值(如有)。 就此採用之主要年率如下:

租賃樓宇	30-50年
租賃物業裝修	20%
彩票機	4-12年
傢俬、裝置及設備	6-33%
廠房及機器	10-25%
汽車	10-20%

倘物業、廠房及設備項目各部分擁有不同 可用年限,則項目之成本會按合理基準於 各部分之間分配,而各部分亦獨立計算折 舊。

資產之殘值(如有)及可用年限在各個報告 期末審閱,並在適用情況下調整。物業、廠 房及設備項目在出售時或預計持續使用資 產不會產生未來經濟收益時終止確認。終 止確認物業、廠房及設備項目產生之收益 或虧損按項目出售所得款項淨額與賬面值 間之差額計算,並計入終止確認項目期間 之損益。

如資產賬面值高於其估計可收回金額,則 資產賬面值須立即撇減至其可收回金額。

(g) 土地使用權之預付租約付款

土地使用權之預付租約付款乃於購入承租 人佔用物業之長期權益時之一筆過預付支 出。

有關本集團樓宇之土地使用權之預付租約 付款均按成本列賬,並於租賃期內按直線 法攤銷及自損益扣除。

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2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(h) Intangible assets (other than goodwill)

On initial recognition, intangible assets acquired are recognised at cost. After initial recognition, intangible assets with finite useful lives are carried at costs less accumulated amortisation and any accumulated impairment losses (Note 2(i)). Amortisation of intangible assets with finite useful lives is charged to profit or loss on a straight-line basis over their estimated useful lives. Intangible assets with indefinite useful lives are carried at cost less any subsequent accumulated impairment losses.

Gains or losses arising from derecognition of an intangible asset are measured as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and are recognised in profit or loss when the asset is derecognised.

Intangible assets with indefinite useful lives are tested for impairment annually by comparing their carrying amounts with their recoverable amounts, irrespective of whether there is any indication that they may be impaired. If the recoverable amount of an asset is estimated to be less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of the asset is reduced to its recoverable amount. An impairment loss is recognised as an expense immediately.

When an impairment loss subsequently reverses, the carrying amount of the asset is increased to the revised estimate of its recoverable amount, but the increased carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset in prior years.

主要會計政策(續) (h) 無形資產(商譽除外)

於初步確認時,所購入之無形資產按成本 確認。於初步確認後,具備確定可用年限之 無形資產按成本減累計攤銷及任何累計減 值虧損(附註2(i))列賬。具備確定可用年限 之無形資產之攤銷按直線法在其估計可用 年限內自損益扣除。具備不確定可用年限 之無形資產按成本減任何其後累計減值虧 損列賬。

終止確認無形資產所產生之收益或虧損按 資產之出售所得款項淨額與賬面值間之差 額計量,並在資產終止確認時於損益確認。

具備不確定可用年限之無形資產每年進行 減值測試,方法為比較其賬面值與可收回 金額,而不論是否有任何跡象顯示可能出 現減值。如資產之可收回金額估計低於其 賬面值,則資產賬面值須減至其可收回金 額。減值虧損會即時確認為開支。

如其後撥回減值虧損,資產賬面值會增至 經修訂估計可收回金額,但增加後之賬面 值不得超越在資產於以往年度並未確認減 值虧損之情況下原應釐定之賬面值。

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2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(h) Intangible assets (other than goodwill) (continued) Intangible assets with finite useful lives are tested for impairment when there is an indication that an asset may be impaired.

(i) Computer software

Acquired computer software licences are capitalised on the basis of the costs incurred to acquire and bring to use the specific software. These costs are amortised over their estimated useful lives of 2 to 10 years.

Costs associated with developing or maintaining computer software programmes are recognised as expenses as incurred.

(ii) Deferred development cost

Expenditure incurred on projects to develop computer software is capitalised and deferred only when the projects are clearly defined; the expenditure is separately identifiable and can be measured reliably; there is reasonable certainty that the projects are technically feasible, and the products have commercial value. Product development expenditure which does not meet these criteria is expensed when incurred.

Deferred development costs are stated at cost less accumulated amortisation and any accumulated impairment losses (Note 2(i)). Amortisation is provided on the straight-line basis over the commercial lives of the underlying production, subject to a maximum of 20 years commencing from the date when the products are put into commercial production.

(iii) Operating right

Operating right represents expenditure incurred on obtaining an operating right in a lottery centre. The operating right is carried at cost less any accumulated impairment losses and amortised over its estimated useful life of 6 years.

2. 主要會計政策(續)

- (h) 無形資產(商譽除外)(續) 如有跡象顯示具備確定可用年限之無形資 產可能出現減值,即會進行減值測試。
 - (i) 電腦軟件 購得之電腦軟件特許權以獲得及使用 指定軟件所產生之成本為基準撥充資 本。該等成本乃於其2至10年估計可 用年限內攤銷。

與開發或維護電腦軟件程式相關之成 本乃於產生時確認為開支。

(ii) 遞延開發成本

開發電腦軟件項目所產生之開支僅於 項目可以清晰界定、開支可分列名目 並能可靠地計量、可合理確定項目在 技術上屬可行以及產品具商業價值 之情況下,方會撥充資本並作遞延處 理。不符合此等準則之產品開發開支 則在產生時支銷。

遞延開發成本按成本減累計攤銷及任 何累計減值虧損(附註2(i))列賬。攤 銷乃以直線法在相關生產之商業年限 (由產品投入商業生產日期起計最多 20年)計提。

(iii) 經營權 經營權指就取得彩票中心經營權產生 之開支。經營權按成本減任何累計減 值虧損列賬,並於其估計可用年限6年 內攤銷。

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2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

- (i) Impairment of assets
 - (i) Impairment of investments in equity securities and other receivables

Investments in equity securities and other current and non-current receivables that are stated at cost or amortised cost or classified as available-for-sale financial assets are reviewed at the end of each reporting period to determine whether there is objective evidence of impairment. Objective evidence of impairment includes observable data that comes to the attention of the Group about one or more of the following loss events:

- significant financial difficulty of the debtor;
- a breach of contract, such as a default or delinquency in interest or principal payments;
- it becomes probable that the debtor will enter bankruptcy or other financial reorganisation;
- significant changes in the technological, market, economic or legal environment that have an adverse effect on the debtor; and
- a significant or prolonged decline in the fair value of an investment in an equity instrument below its cost.

If any such evidence exists, any impairment loss is determined and recognised as follows:

For investments in joint ventures accounted for under the equity method in the consolidated financial statements (see Note 2(c)(ii)), the impairment loss is measured by comparing the recoverable amount of the investment as a whole with its carrying amount in accordance with Note 2(i)(ii) below. The impairment loss is reversed if there has been a favourable change in the estimates used to determine the recoverable amount in accordance with Note 2(i)(ii) below.

2. 主要會計政策(續)

- (i) 資產減值
 - (i) 股本證券投資及其他應收款項之減值

股本證券投資以及其他流動及非流動 應收款項如以成本或攤銷成本列賬, 或分類為可供出售金融資產,則會於 各報告期末審閱,以確定是否有客觀 證據顯示出現減值。減值客觀證據包 括本集團注意到有關下列一項或以上 虧損事項之可觀察數據:

- 債務人出現重大財政困難;
- 違反合約,例如拖欠或未能償還
 利息或本金;
- 債務人可能破產或進行其他財務 重組;
- 科技、市場、經濟或法律環境出 現重大改變,對債務人造成不利 影響;及
- 於股本工具之投資之公允值大幅 或長期低於其成本。

倘存在任何有關證據,則按下列方式 釐定及確認任何減值虧損:

- 就根據權益法於綜合財務報表入 賬之於合營企業之投資而言(見 附註2(c)(ii)),減值虧損乃根據 下文附註2(i)(ii),以比較投資之 整體可收回金額與賬面值方式進 行計量。如根據下文附註2(i)(ii) 釐定可收回金額時所用估計出現 有利變動,減值虧損將會撥回。

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2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

- Impairment of assets (continued) (i)
 - Impairment of investments in equity securities (i) and other receivables (continued)
 - For unquoted equity securities carried at cost, the impairment loss is measured as the difference between the carrying amount of the financial asset and the estimated future cash flows, discounted at the current market rate of return for a similar financial asset where the effect of discounting is material. Impairment losses for equity securities carried at cost are not reversed.
 - For trade and other current receivables and other financial assets carried at amortised cost, the impairment loss is measured as the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows, discounted at the financial asset's original effective interest rate (i.e. the effective interest rate computed at initial recognition of these assets), where the effect of discounting is material. This assessment is made collectively where these financial assets share similar risk characteristics, such as similar past due status, and have not been individually assessed as impaired. Future cash flows for financial assets which are assessed for impairment collectively are based on historical loss experience for assets with credit risk characteristics similar to the collective group.

If, in a subsequent period, the amount of an impairment loss decreases and the decrease can be linked objectively to an event occurring after the impairment loss was recognised, the impairment loss is reversed through profit or loss. A reversal of an impairment loss shall not result in the asset's carrying amount exceeding that which would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognised in prior years.

主要會計政策(續) 2.

(i) 資產減值 (續)

(續)

(i) 股本證券投資及其他應收款項之減值

- - 就按成本列賬之無報價股本證券 而言,減值虧損乃按金融資產之 賬面值與估計未來現金流量(如 貼現之影響重大,則按類似金融 資產之現行市場回報率貼現)間
 - 就按攤銷成本列賬之應收貿易 賬款及其他流動應收款項以及 其他金融資產而言,減值虧損乃 按資產之賬面值與估計未來現 金流量之現值(如貼現之影響重 大,則按金融資產原訂實際利率 (即在初步確認該等資產時計算 之實際利率)貼現)間之差額計 量。如該等金融資產具備類似風 險特徵(例如類似逾期情況), 且並未被個別評估為已減值,則 會進行集體評估。集體進行減值 評估之金融資產之未來現金流 量,會根據與該集體組別具有類 似信貸風險特徵之資產之過往虧 損情況計算。

之差額計量。按成本列賬之股本

證券之減值虧損不會撥回。

如減值虧損數額於其後期間減 少,而有關減少可客觀地與在確 認減值虧損後發生之事件聯繫, 則減值虧損會透過損益撥回。撥 回減值虧損不得導致資產賬面值 超越在以往年度並未確認減值虧 損之情況下原應釐定之賬面值。

For the year ended 31 December 2016 截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度

2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

- (i) Impairment of assets (continued)
 - (i) Impairment of investments in equity securities and other receivables (continued)
 - For available-for-sale securities, the cumulative loss that has been recognised in the fair value reserve is reclassified to profit or loss. The amount of the cumulative loss that is recognised in profit or loss is the difference between the acquisition cost (net of any principal repayment and amortisation) and current fair value, less any impairment loss on that asset previously recognised in profit or loss.

Impairment losses recognised in profit or loss in respect of available-for-sale equity securities are not reversed through profit or loss. Any subsequent increase in the fair value of such assets is recognised in other comprehensive income.

Impairment losses in respect of available-forsale debt securities are reversed if the increase in fair value can be objectively related to an event occurring after the impairment loss was recognised. Reversals of impairment losses in such circumstances are recognised in profit or loss.

Impairment losses are written off against the corresponding assets directly, except for impairment losses recognised in respect of trade and other receivables, whose recovery is considered doubtful but not remote. In this case, the impairment losses for doubtful debts are recorded using an allowance account. When the Group is satisfied that recovery is remote, the amount considered irrecoverable is written off against trade and other receivables directly and any amounts held in the allowance account relating to that debt are reversed. Subsequent recoveries of amounts previously charged to the allowance account are reversed against the allowance account. Other changes in the allowance account and subsequent recoveries of amounts previously written off directly are recognised in profit or loss.

2. 主要會計政策(續)

- (i) 資產減值(續)
 (i) 股本證券投資及其他應收款項之減值
 - (續)

 就可供出售證券而言,在公允值 儲備確認之累計虧損會重新分類 至損益。在損益確認之累計虧損 金額為收購成本(扣除任何本金 還款及攤銷)與本期公允值間之 差額,再減去之前該資產在損益 確認之任何減值虧損。

> 就可供出售股本證券在損益確認 之減值虧損不會透過損益撥回。 該等資產公允值其後如有任何增 加,均在其他全面收益確認。

> 如可供出售債務證券之公允值有 所增加,而有關增加可客觀地與 在確認減值虧損後發生之事件有 關,則撥回可供出售債務證券之 減值虧損。在此情況下撥回減值 虧損於損益確認。

減值虧損乃於相應資產直接撇 銷,惟倘減值虧損乃就收回能力 存疑但仍有一定可能收回之應收 貿易賬款及其他應收款項確認, 則作別論。在此情況下,呆。如 減值虧損採用可能性極收 款此債項於撥備賬入賬。如 就此債項於撥備賬持有之任何 就此債項於撥備賬持有之任和 就此債項於撥備賬內其後收回之款項 方於損益確認。

For the year ended 31 December 2016 截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度

2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

- (i) Impairment of assets (continued)
 - (ii) Impairment of other assets

Internal and external sources of information are reviewed at the end of each reporting period to identify indications that the following assets may be impaired or, except in the case of goodwill, an impairment loss previously recognised no longer exists or may have decreased:

- property, plant and equipment (other than properties carried at revalued amounts);
- prepaid lease payments on land use rights classified as being held under an operating lease;
- intangible assets;
- goodwill; and
- investments in subsidiaries in the Company's statement of financial position.

If any such indication exists, the asset's recoverable amount is estimated. In addition, for goodwill, intangible assets that are not yet available for use and intangible assets that have indefinite useful lives, the recoverable amount is estimated annually whether or not there is any indication of impairment.

- Calculation of recoverable amount The recoverable amount of an asset is the higher of its fair value less costs of disposal and value in use. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset. Where an asset does not generate cash inflows largely independent of those from other assets, the recoverable amount is determined
 - assets, the recoverable amount is determined for the smallest group of assets that generates cash inflows independently (i.e. a cashgenerating unit).

2. 主要會計政策(續)

- (i) 資產減值(續) (ii) 其他資產之減值 本集團會在各報告期末審閱內部及外 部資料,以確定是否有跡象顯示下列 資產可能出現減值,或(就商譽而言) 之前確認之減值虧損是否不再存在或 可能已經減少:
 - 物業、廠房及設備(按重估值列 賬之物業除外);
 - 分類為根據經營租賃持有之土地 使用權之預付租約付款;
 - 無形資產;
 - 商譽;及
 - 本公司財務狀況表內於附屬公司 之投資。

倘存在任何有關跡象,則會估計資產 之可收回金額。此外,就商譽、尚未可 供使用之無形資產及具有不確定可用 年限之無形資產而言,無論是否存在 任何減值跡象,均會每年估計可收回 金額。

計算可收回金額
 資產之可收回金額以公允值減出
 售成本及使用價值兩者中之較
 高者為準。在評估使用價值時,
 會使用除税前貼現率將估計未來
 現金流量貼現至現值。該貼現率
 反映市場當時對貨幣時間價值及
 該資產之獨有風險之評估。如資
 產所產生之現金流入不能大致上
 獨立於其他資產所產生之現金
 流入,則就能獨立產生現金流入
 之最小資產組別(即現金產生單
 位)釐定可收回金額。

For the year ended 31 December 2016 截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度

2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

- (i) Impairment of assets (continued)
 - (ii) Impairment of other assets (continued)
 - Recognition of impairment losses
 - An impairment loss is recognised in profit or loss if the carrying amount of an asset, or the cashgenerating unit to which it belongs, exceeds its recoverable amount. Impairment losses recognised in respect of cash-generating units are allocated first to reduce the carrying amount of any goodwill allocated to the cash-generating units (or group of units) and then, to reduce the carrying amount of the other assets in the unit (or group of units) on a pro rata basis, except that the carrying value of an asset will not be reduced below its individual fair value less costs of disposal (if measurable) or value in use (if determinable).
 - Reversals of impairment losses
 In respect of assets other than goodwill, an impairment loss is reversed if there has been a favourable change in the estimates used to determine the recoverable amount. An

reversed.

A reversal of an impairment loss is limited to the asset's carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognised in prior years. Reversals of impairment losses are credited to profit or loss in the year in which the reversals are recognised.

impairment loss in respect of goodwill is not

2. 主要會計政策(續)

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- (i) 資產減值(續)
 (ii) 其他資產之減值(續)
 - 確認減值虧損 如資產或其所屬之現金產生單位 之賬面值高於其可收回金額,則 於損益確認減值虧損。就現金產 生單位確認之減值虧損首先分 配至有關現金產生單位(或單位 組別)獲分配之商譽,以減低其 賬面值,然後再分配至有關單位 (或單位組別)內之其他資產,以 按比例減少各項資產之賬面值, 惟資產之賬面值不得減至低於其 個別公允值減出售成本(如可計 量)或使用價值(如可釐定)。
 - 減值虧損撥回
 倘用以釐定可收回金額之估計出
 現有利變動,資產(商譽除外)
 之減值虧損則會撥回。商譽之減
 值虧損不會撥回。

所撥回之減值虧損以在過往年度 並未確認減值虧損之情況下原應 釐定之資產賬面值為限。所撥回 之減值虧損在確認撥回年度計入 損益。

For the year ended 31 December 2016 截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度

2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

- (i) Impairment of assets (continued)
 - (iii) Interim financial reporting and impairment

Under the Listing Rules, the Group is required to prepare an interim financial report in compliance with HKAS 34, *Interim financial reporting*, in respect of the first six months of the financial year. At the end of the interim period, the Group applies the same impairment testing, recognition, and reversal criteria as it would at the end of the financial year (Notes 2(i) (i) and 2(i)(ii)).

Impairment losses recognised in an interim period in respect of goodwill, available-for-sale equity securities and unquoted equity securities carried at cost are not reversed in a subsequent period. This is the case even if no loss, or a smaller loss, would have been recognised had the impairment been assessed only at the end of the financial year to which the interim period relates. Consequently, if the fair value of an available-for-sale equity security increases in the remainder of the annual period, or in any other period subsequently, the increase is recognised in other comprehensive income and not profit or loss.

(j) Inventories

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost is determined using the weighted average method. The cost of finished goods and workin-progress comprises design costs, raw materials, direct labour, other direct costs and related production overheads (based on normal operating capacity). It excludes borrowing costs. Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business less the applicable variable selling expenses.

When inventories are sold, the carrying amount of those inventories is recognised as an expense in the period in which the related revenue is recognised. The amount of any write-down of inventories to net realisable value and all losses of inventories are recognised as an expense in the period the write-down or loss occurs. The amount of any reversal of any write-down of inventories is recognised as a reduction in the amount of inventories recognised as an expense in the period in which the reversal occurs.

2. 主要會計政策(續)

- (i) 資產減值(續)
- (iii) 中期財務報告及減值

根據上市規則,本集團須根據香港會 計準則第34號「中期財務報告」就各 財政年度首六個月編製中期財務報 告。於中期完結時,本集團應用於財 政年度完結時應採用之相同減值測 試、確認及撥回準則(附註2(i)(i)及2(i) (ii))。

於中期內就商譽、可供出售股本證券 及按成本列賬之無報價股本證券確 認之減值虧損不會在其後期間撥回。 倘若僅於中期相關之財政年度完結時 方評估減值,則即使無須確認虧損或 確認之虧損較少,亦不會撥回減值虧 損。因此,倘可供出售股本證券之公 允值於年度期間餘下時間或其後任何 其他期間增加,則有關增加會於其他 全面收益而非損益確認。

(j) 存貨

存貨按成本及可變現淨值兩者中之較低者 列賬。成本按加權平均法釐定。製成品及在 製品之成本包括設計成本、原材料、直接勞 工、其他直接成本及相關生產開支(根據正 常經營能力計算),惟不包括借貸成本。可 變現淨值乃按日常業務過程中之估計售價 減去適用可變銷售開支計算。

存貨出售時,其賬面值在確認相關收入期 間確認為開支。撇減存貨至可變現淨值之 款額及所有存貨損失均在撇減或損失產生 期間確認為開支。撥回任何存貨撇減金額 會於撥回期間確認為已確認為開支之存貨 金額減少。

For the year ended 31 December 2016 截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度

2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(k) Trade and other receivables

Trade and other receivables are initially recognised at fair value, and after initial recognition, at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less any allowance for impairment of doubtful debts (Note 2(i)).

(I) Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and at banks, demand deposits with banks and other financial institutions, and short-term, highly liquid investments that are readily convertible into known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value, having been within three months of maturity at acquisition.

(m) Income tax

Income tax for the year comprises current tax and movements in deferred tax assets and liabilities. Current tax and movements in deferred tax assets and liabilities are recognised in profit or loss except to the extent that they relate to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, in which case the relevant amounts of the tax are recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, respectively.

Current tax is the expected tax payable on the taxable income for the year, using tax rates enacted or substantively enacted at the end of the reporting period, and any adjustment to tax payable in respect of previous years.

2. 主要會計政策(續)

- (k) 應收貿易賬款及其他應收款項 應收貿易賬款及其他應收款項初步按公允 值確認,而於初步確認後,則以實際利息法 按攤銷成本扣除呆賬減值撥備(附註2(i)) 確認。
- (I) 現金及現金等價物 現金及現金等價物包括手頭及銀行現金、

存於銀行及其他金融機構之活期存款以及 短期高流動性投資(於收購後三個月內到 期,並無涉及重大價值變動風險,且可輕易 地轉換為已知金額現金)。

(m) 所得税

年度所得税包括當期税項及遞延税項資產 及負債之變動。當期税項及遞延税項資產 及負債之變動乃在損益確認,除非此等税 項及變動涉及之項目已經在其他全面收益 確認或直接在權益確認,則作別論:在此情 況下,相關税項金額分別於其他全面收益 確認或直接在權益確認。

當期税項乃指預期就年度應課税收入,按 於報告期末已頒佈或實質上已頒佈之税率 計算之應付税項,以及對過往年度應付税 項之調整。

For the year ended 31 December 2016 截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度

2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(m) Income tax (continued)

Deferred tax assets and liabilities arise from deductible and taxable temporary differences respectively, being the differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities for financial reporting purposes and their tax bases. Deferred tax assets also arise from unused tax losses and unused tax credits.

Apart from certain limited exceptions, all deferred tax liabilities, and all deferred tax assets to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which the asset can be utilised, are recognised. Future taxable profits that may support the recognition of deferred tax assets arising from deductible temporary differences include those that will arise from the reversal of existing taxable temporary differences, provided those differences relate to the same taxation authority and the same taxable entity, and are expected to reverse either in the same period as the expected reversal of the deductible temporary difference or in periods into which a tax loss arising from the deferred tax asset can be carried back or forward. The same criteria are adopted when determining whether existing taxable temporary differences support the recognition of deferred tax assets arising from unused tax losses and credits, that is, those differences are taken into account if they relate to the same taxation authority and the same taxable entity, and are expected to reverse in a period, or periods, in which the tax loss or credit can be utilised.

The limited exceptions to recognition of deferred tax assets and liabilities are those temporary differences arising from goodwill not deductible for tax purposes, the initial recognition of assets or liabilities that affect neither accounting nor taxable profit (provided they are not part of a business combination), and temporary differences relating to investments in subsidiaries to the extent that, in the case of taxable differences, the Group controls the timing of the reversal and it is probable that the differences will not reverse in the foreseeable future, or in the case of deductible differences, unless it is probable that they will reverse in the future.

2. 主要會計政策(續)

(m) 所得税 (續)

遞延税項資產及負債分別因可抵扣及應課 税暫時差異而產生,為就財務報告所用之 資產及負債賬面值與其税基之差額。遞延 税項資產亦會因未動用税項虧損及未動用 税項抵免而產生。

除若干有限列外情況外,所有遞延税項負債 及所有遞延税項資產(以可能有未來應課 税溢利可動用有關資產為限)均會確認。可 支持確認因可抵扣暫時差異而產生之遞延 税項資產之未來應課税溢利,包括因撥回 現有應課税暫時差異而產生之數額,惟有 關差異必須與同一税務機關及同一應課税 實體有關,並預期在可抵扣暫時差異預計 撥回之同一期間,或遞延税項資產所產生 之税項虧損向前期或向後期結轉之期間撥 回。在釐定現有應課税暫時差異是否足以 支持確認因未動用税項虧損及抵免而產生 之遞延税項資產時,會採用同一準則,亦即 倘涉及同一税務機關及同一應課税實體, 而且預期在能夠使用税項虧損或抵免之一 段或多段期間內撥回,則計算在內。

確認遞延税項資產及負債之有限例外情況 包括因不可扣稅商譽而產生之暫時差異, 初步確認既不影響會計溢利亦不影響應課 税溢利之資產或負債(如並不屬於業務合 併一部分),以及涉及於附屬公司之投資之 暫時差異(如屬應課税差異,以撥回時間可 由本集團控制,且在可見將來不大可能撥 回有關差異者為限;或如屬可抵扣差異,則 以可在將來撥回有關差異者為限)。

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2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(m) Income tax (continued)

The amount of deferred tax recognised is measured based on expected manner of realisation or settlement of the carrying amount of the assets and liabilities, using tax rates enacted or substantively enacted at the end of the reporting period. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are not discounted.

The carrying amount of a deferred tax asset is reviewed at the end of each reporting period and is reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow the related tax benefit to be utilised. Any such reduction is reversed to the extent that it becomes probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available.

Additional income taxes that arise from the distribution of dividends are recognised when the liability to pay the related dividends is recognised.

Current tax balances and deferred tax balances, and movements therein, are presented separately from each other and are not offset. Current tax assets are offset against current tax liabilities, and deferred tax assets against deferred tax liabilities, if the Company or the Group has the legally enforceable right to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities and the following additional conditions are met:

- in the case of current tax assets and liabilities, the Company or the Group intends either to settle on a net basis, or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously; or
- in the case of deferred tax assets and liabilities, if they relate to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority on either;
 - the same taxable entity; or
 - different taxable entities, which, in each future period in which significant amounts of deferred tax liabilities or assets are expected to be settled or recovered, intend to realise the current tax assets and settle the current tax liabilities on a net basis or realise and settle simultaneously.

2. 主要會計政策(續)

(m)所得税(續) 已確認遞延税項金額根據預期變現或清償 資產及負債賬面值之方式,按於報告期末 已頒佈或實質上已頒佈之税率計量。遞延 税項資產及負債不作貼現。

> 遞延税項資產之賬面值於各報告期末檢 討,並於不可能再有足夠應課税溢利可供動 用有關税項利益時扣減。任何有關減少在 可能有足夠應課税溢利可供動用時撥回。

> 因派發股息而產生之額外所得税於確認支 付相關股息之責任時確認。

> 當期税項結餘及遞延税項結餘以及其變動 會分開呈列,不予抵銷。倘本公司或本集團 擁有合法強制執行權利以當期税項資產抵 銷當期税項負債,並符合以下附加條件,則 當期税項資產與遞延税項資產始會分別抵 銷當期税項負債及遞延税項負債:

- 如屬當期税項資產及負債,本公司或
 本集團有意按淨額基準結算,或同時
 變現資產及清償負債;或
- 如屬遞延税項資產及負債,而此等資 產及負債與同一税務機關就以下其中 一項徵收之所得税有關:
 - 同一應課税實體;或
 - 不同應課税實體,而此等實體有 意於預期有大額遞延税項負債或 資產需要清償或可以收回之每段
 未來期間內,按淨額基準變現及 清償當期税項資產及當期税項負
 債,或同時變現及清償該等資產
 及負債。

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2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(n) Trade and other payables

Trade and other payables are initially recognised at fair value. Except for financial guarantee liabilities measured in accordance with Note 2(r), trade and other payables are subsequently stated at amortised cost.

(o) Borrowings

Borrowings are recognised initially at fair value, net of transaction costs incurred. Transactions costs are incremental costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition, issue or disposal of a financial asset or financial liability, including fees and commissions paid to agents, advisers, brokers and dealers, levies by regulatory agencies and securities exchanges, and transfer taxes and duties. Borrowings are subsequently stated at amortised cost; any difference between the proceeds (net of transaction costs) and the redemption value is recognised in profit or loss over the period of the borrowings using the effective interest method.

Borrowings are classified as current liabilities unless the Group has an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least 12 months after the end of the reporting period.

2. 主要會計政策(續)

(n)應付貿易賬款及其他應付款項 應付貿易賬款及其他應付款項初步按公允 值確認。除根據附註2(r)計量之財務擔保負 債外,應付貿易賬款及其他應付款項其後 按攤銷成本列賬。

(o) 借貸

借貸初步按公允值扣除所產生交易成本確 認。交易成本為收購、發行或出售金融資產 或金融負債直接應佔之增量成本,包括付予 代理、顧問、經紀及交易商之費用及佣金、 監管機構及證券交易所之徵費以及轉讓税 項及徵税。借貸其後按攤銷成本列賬;所得 款項(扣除交易成本)與贖回價值間之任何 差額以實際利息法於借貸所涉期間在損益 確認。

借貸分類為流動負債,惟倘本集團擁有無 條件權利將清償負債日期遞延至報告期末 後最少十二個月,則作別論。

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2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(p) Convertible bonds

Convertible bonds which contain an equity component are accounted for as follows:

Convertible bonds that can be converted to equity share capital at the option of the holder, where the number of shares that would be issued on conversion and the value of the consideration that would be received at that time do not vary, are accounted for as compound financial instruments which contain both a liability component and an equity component. The values of non-equity derivative component which are considered as closely related to the host contract are included in the liability component.

At initial recognition the liability component of the convertible bonds, including the non-equity derivative component, is measured at fair value which is determined by reference to the fair value of a similar stand-alone debt instrument that includes the non-equity derivative feature but does not have an associated equity conversion option. Any excess of proceeds over the amount initially recognised as the liability component (including the nonequity derivative component) is recognised as the equity component. Transaction costs that relate to the issue of a compound financial instrument are allocated to the liability and equity components in proportion to the allocation of the gross proceeds. Transaction costs relating to the equity component are recognised directly in equity. Transaction costs relating to the liability component are included in the carrying amount of the liability component and are amortised over the periods of the convertible bonds using the effective interest method.

The liability component is subsequently carried at amortised cost. The interest expense recognised in profit or loss on the liability component is calculated using the effective interest method. The equity component is recognised in the convertible bonds reserve until either the bond is converted or redeemed.

If the bond is converted, the convertible bonds reserve, together with the carrying amount of the liability component at the time of conversion, is transferred to share capital and share premium as consideration for the shares issued. If the bond is redeemed, the convertible bonds reserve is released directly to retained profits.

2. 主要會計政策(續)

(p) 可換股債券 包含權益部分之可換股債券按以下方法入 賬:

倘可換股債券可按持有人之選擇轉換為權 益股本,而於轉換時將予發行之股份數目 及當時將予收取之代價價值並無改變,則 有關可換股債券會入賬列作附有負債部分 及權益部分之複合金融工具。被視為與主 合約關係密切之非權益衍生部分之價值會 計入負債部分。

於初步確認時,可換股債券(包括非權益衍 生部分)之負債部分按參考類似獨立債務 工具(包含非權益衍生工具特性,惟並無相 關權益轉換期權)釐定之公允值計量。所得 款項淨額超出初步確認為負債部分(包括 非權益衍生部分)之金額之部分會確認為 權益部分。與發行複合金融工具相關之交 易成本按分配所得款項總額比例分配至負 債及權益部分。與權益部分相關之交易成 本直接於權益確認。與負債部分相關之交 易成本計入負債部分之賬面值,並於可換 股債券所涉期間按實際利息法攤銷。

負債部分其後按攤銷成本列賬。就負債部 分於損益確認之利息開支乃以實際利息法 計算。權益部分乃於可換股債券儲備確認, 直至債券獲轉換或贖回為止。

倘債券獲轉換,可換股債券儲備連同轉換 時之負債部分賬面值乃轉撥至股本及股份 溢價,列作所發行股份之代價。倘債券獲贖 回,則可換股債券儲備會直接撥至保留溢 利。

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2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(q) Employee benefits

(i) Retirement benefit costs

The Group operates a defined contribution Mandatory Provident Fund retirement benefits scheme in Hong Kong (the "MPF Scheme") under the Mandatory Provident Fund Schemes Ordinance, for those employees who are eligible to participate in the MPF Scheme. Contributions are made based on a percentage of the employees' basic salaries and are charged to profit or loss as they become payable in accordance with the rules of the MPF Scheme. The Group's employer contributions vest fully with the employees when contributed into the MPF Scheme.

The subsidiaries in the PRC do not provide a pension plan for their employees. The subsidiaries in the PRC made contributions to the defined contribution retirement plans in the PRC which are recognised as expenses in profit or loss as incurred. The subsidiaries have no further payment obligations once the contributions have been paid.

(ii) Paid leave carried forward

The Group provides paid annual leave to its employees under their employment contracts on a calendar year basis. Under certain circumstances, such leave which remains untaken as at the end of the reporting period is permitted to be carried forward and utilised by the respective employees in the following year. An accrual is made at the end of the reporting period for the expected future cost of such paid leave earned during the year by the employees and carried forward.

2. 主要會計政策(續)

- (g) 僱員福利
 - (i) 退休福利成本

本集團遵照強制性公積金計劃條例, 於香港為合資格參與強制性公積金 退休福利計劃(「強積金計劃」)之僱 員,安排一項定額供款強積金計劃。 供款乃以僱員基本薪金之某百分率作 出,並於根據強積金計劃之規則須予 支付時自損益扣除。本集團之僱主供 款於向強積金計劃作出供款時悉數歸 屬僱員所有。

於中國之附屬公司並無為僱員提供退 休金計劃。於中國之附屬公司向中國 之定額供款退休計劃作出供款,並於 產生時在損益確認為開支。一旦支付 供款後,附屬公司再無作額外供款之 責任。

(ii) 結轉有薪假期

本集團根據僱傭合約,於每個曆年向 其僱員提供有薪年假。在若干情況 下,允許將截至報告期末之餘下未用 假期結轉,並由有關僱員於下一年度 使用。僱員於年內應得之有薪假期之 預期未來成本於報告期末累計並結 轉。

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2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(q) Employee benefits (continued)

(iii) Share-based compensation

The Group operates an equity-settled, share-based compensation plan. The fair value of the employee services received in exchange for the grant of the options is recognised as an expense. The total amount to be expensed is determined by reference to the fair value of the options granted, excluding the impact of any non-market vesting conditions (for example, profitability and sales growth targets). Non-market vesting conditions are included in assumptions about the number of options that are expected to become exercisable. At the end of each reporting period, the entity revises its estimates of the number of options that are expected to become exercisable. It recognises the impact of the revision of original estimates, if any, in profit or loss, and a corresponding adjustment to share-based payment reserve over the remaining vesting period.

The proceeds received net of any directly attributable transaction costs are credited to share capital (nominal value) and share premium when the options are exercised.

When share options are exercised, the amount previously recognised in share option reserve will be transferred to share premium. When the share options are forfeited after the vesting date or are still not exercised at the expiry date, the amount previously recognised in share option reserve will be transferred to retained profits.

(iv) Profit-sharing and bonus plans

The Group recognises a liability and an expense for bonuses and profit-sharing, based on a formula that takes into consideration the profit attributable to the Company's shareholders after certain adjustments. The Group recognises a provision where contractually obliged or where there is a past practice that has created a constructive obligation.

2. 主要會計政策(續)

(q) 僱員福利(續)(iii) 股份薪酬

本集團採納股本結算股份薪酬計劃。 就授出購股權所換取僱員服務之公允 值會確認為開支。將予支銷之總額乃 經參考所授出購股權之公允值(不包 括任何非市場歸屬條件之影響,如盈 利能力及銷售增長目標)後釐定。非 市場歸屬條件計入預期可予行使購股 權數目之假設。實體會於各報告期 輸 條訂對預期可予行使購股權數目之估 計,並於損益確認修訂原有估計(如 有)之影響及於餘下歸屬期間對以股 份支付款項之儲備作出相應調整。

購股權獲行使時,已收所得款項於扣 除任何直接應佔交易成本後計入股本 (面值)及股份溢價。

於購股權獲行使時,先前於購股權儲備 確認之金額將轉撥至股份溢價。倘購股 權於歸屬日期後被沒收或於屆滿日期 仍未獲行使,則先前於購股權儲備確認 之金額將轉撥至保留溢利。

(iv) 攤分溢利及花紅計劃 本集團乃根據一項方程式(會將經調 整之本公司股東應佔溢利計算在內) 就花紅及攤分溢利確認負債及開支。 本集團會於負有合約責任或因過往慣 例而負有推定責任時確認撥備。

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2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(r) Financial guarantees issued, provisions and contingent liabilities

- 2. 主要會計政策(續)
 - (r) 已發出之財務擔保[、]撥備及或然負債

(i) Financial guarantees issued

Financial guarantees are contracts that require the issuer (i.e. the guarantor) to make specified payment to reimburse the beneficiary of the guarantee (the "holder") for a loss the holder incurs because a specified debtor fails to make payment when due in accordance with the terms of a debt instrument.

Where the Group issues a financial guarantee, the fair value of the guarantee is initially recognised as deferred income within trade and other payables. The fair value of financial guarantees issued at the time of issuance is determined by reference to fees charged in an arm's length transaction for similar services, when such information is obtainable, or is otherwise estimated by reference to interest rate differentials, by comparing the actual rates charged by lenders when the guarantee is made available with the estimated rates that lenders would have charged, had the guarantees not been available, where reliable estimates of such information can be made. Where consideration is received or receivable for the issuance of the guarantee, the consideration is recognised in accordance with the Group's policies applicable to that category of asset. Where no such consideration is received or receivable, an immediate expense is recognised in profit or loss on initial recognition of any deferred income.

The amount of the guarantee initially recognised as deferred income is amortised in profit or loss over the term of the guarantee as income from financial guarantees issued. In addition, provisions are recognised in accordance with Note 2(r)(iii) below if and when (i) it becomes probable that the holder of the guarantee will call upon the Group under the guarantee and (ii) the amount of that claim on the Group is expected to exceed the amount currently carried in trade and other payables in respect of that guarantee, i.e. the amount initially recognised, less accumulated amortisation. (i) 已發出之財務擔保
財務擔保屬於合約,其中訂明於特定
債務人未能根據債務工具條款於到期
日償還債務時,發行人(即擔保人)須
向擔保之受益人(「持有人」)支付特
定款項,以補償持有人之損失。

如本集團發出財務擔保,該擔保之公 允值初步確認為應付貿易賬款及其他 應付款項項下之遞延收入。已發出之 財務擔保於發出時之公允值乃參照於 類似服務之公平交易中收取之費用 (如獲得有關資料)釐定;如未能獲得 有關資料,則參照利率差價(即將貸 款機構於發出擔保時徵收之息率,與 在並無取得擔保之情況下貸款機構將 可能徵收之估計息率作出比較)估計 (倘可作出有關資料之可靠估計)。倘 因發出擔保而已收取或應收取代價, 該代價根據適用於該類資產之本集團 政策加以確認。倘並無已收取或應收 取之代價,則於初步確認任何遞延收 入時,即時於損益確認開支。

初步確認為遞延收入之擔保金額乃按 擔保年期作為所發出財務擔保之收入 於損益攤銷。此外,倘(i)擔保持有人 有可能根據擔保向本集團催繳還款: 及(ii)向本集團提出申索所涉金額預期 超過現時就該擔保列於應付貿易賬款 及其他應付款項項下之金額(即初步 確認金額)減累計攤銷,則根據下文附 註2(r)(iii)確認撥備。

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2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

- (r) Financial guarantees issued, provisions and contingent liabilities (continued)
 - (ii) Contingent liabilities assumed in business combinations

Contingent liabilities assumed in a business combination which are present obligations at date of acquisition are initially recognised at fair value, provided the fair value can be reliably measured. After their initial recognition at fair value, such contingent liabilities are recognised at the higher of the amount initially recognised, less accumulated amortisation where appropriate, and the amount that would be determined in accordance with Note 2(r)(iii) below. Contingent liabilities assumed in a business combination that cannot be reliably fair valued or were not present obligations at the date of acquisition are disclosed in accordance with Note 2(r) (iii) below.

(iii) Other provisions and contingent liabilities

Provisions are recognised for other liabilities of uncertain timing or amount when the Group or the Company has a legal or constructive obligation arising as a result of a past event; it is probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation; and a reliable estimate can be made. Where the time value of money is material, provisions are stated at the present value of the expenditure expected to settle the obligation.

Where it is not probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required, or the amount cannot be estimated reliably, the obligation is disclosed as a contingent liability, unless the probability of outflow of economic benefits is remote. Possible obligations, whose existence will only be confirmed by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more future events are also disclosed as contingent liabilities unless the probability of outflow of economic benefits is remote.

2. 主要會計政策(續)

(r) 已發出之財務擔保、撥備及或然負債(續)

(ii) 於業務合併中承擔之或然負債

於業務合併中承擔之或然負債為於收 購日期之現有責任,初步按公允值確 認,惟公允值須能夠可靠地計量。按 公允值初步確認後,該等或然負債會 以初步確認數額減累計攤銷(如適用) 與根據下文附註2(r)(iii)釐定之數額兩 者中之較高者確認。於業務合併中承 擔之或然負債如不能可靠地估算公允 值或並非於收購日期之現有責任,則 會根據下文附註2(r)(iii)披露。

(iii) 其他撥備及或然負債

在本集團或本公司因過往事件而須負 上法律或推定責任,且可能須就履行 該等責任而導致經濟收益流出,並能 夠就此作出可靠估計之情況下,方會 為未能確定何時發生或款額之其他負 債作出撥備。倘貨幣時間價值重大, 則撥備會按預期履行有關責任所需開 支之現值列賬。

倘不大可能導致經濟收益流出,或未 能可靠地估計所涉及之數額,該責任 會披露為或然負債,惟倘經濟收益流 出之可能性極微則除外。至於須視乎 某宗或多宗未來事件會否發生方能確 定是否存在之潛在責任,亦會披露為 或然負債,除非導致經濟收益流出之 可能性極微則除外。

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2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(s) Revenue recognition

Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable. Provided it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Group and the revenue and costs, if applicable, can be measured reliably, revenue is recognised in profit or loss as follows:

(i) Gain or loss on investments held for trading

Realised gain or loss on investments held for trading is recognised on a trade date basis whilst unrealised gain or loss on investments held for trading is recognised to restate to their fair value at the end of the reporting period.

(ii) Income from provision of lottery machines and related services, comprising:

Sales of goods

Sales of goods including lottery machines and related software systems are recognised when the goods are delivered at the customers' premises which is taken to be the point in time when the customer has accepted the goods; the related risks and rewards of ownership and collectability of the related receivables are reasonably assured. Revenue excludes value added tax.

Income from lottery business

Income from lottery business including lottery ticketing service, consultancy service, maintenance service and other related services is recognised in the accounting period in which the service is rendered. Revenue excludes sales tax or value added tax.

Income from sharing of lottery sales

Income from sharing of lottery sales is recognised on an accrual basis in accordance with the substance of the relevant agreements. Revenue excludes sales tax or value added tax.

Income from sales of lottery ticket

Sales of lottery tickets are recognised when the lottery ticket are delivered at the customers' premises which is taken to be the point in time when the customer has accepted the goods; the related risks and rewards of ownership and collectability of the related receivables are reasonably assured. Revenue excludes value added tax.

2. 主要會計政策(續)

(5) 收入確認 收入按已收或應收代價之公允值計量。倘 經濟收益有可能流入本集團,而收入及成 本(如適用)能可靠地計量,則收入於損益 確認如下:

(i) 持有作買賣投資之收益或虧損持有作買賣投資之已變現收益或虧損

乃按交易日基準確認,而持有作買賣 投資之未變現收益或虧損亦會確認, 以重列於報告期末之公允值。

(ii) 提供彩票機及相關服務收入,包括:

貨品銷售

貨品銷售包括彩票機及相關軟件系統,乃於貨品運送至客戶物業範圍由 客戶接受貨品,以及擁有權之相關風 險及回報以及能否收取相關應收款項 能合理確定時確認。收入不包括增值 税。

來自彩票業務之收入

來自彩票業務(包括彩票服務、顧問 服務、維護服務及其他相關服務)之收 入,乃於提供服務之會計期間確認。 收入不包括銷售税或增值税。

應佔彩票銷售收入

應佔彩票銷售收入根據有關協議之實 質內容按應計基準確認。收入不包括 銷售税或增值税。

來自出售彩票之收入

彩票銷售額乃於彩票運送至客戶物業 範圍由客戶接受彩票,以及擁有權之 相關風險及回報以及能否收取相關應 收款項能合理確定時確認。收入不包 括增值税。

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2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(s) Revenue recognition (continued)

(iii) Interest income

Interest income is recognised as it accrues using the effective interest method.

(iv) Dividend income

Dividend income from listed investments is recognised when the share price of the investment goes exdividend.

Dividend income from unlisted investments is recognised when the right to receive payment is established prior to the end of the reporting period.

(v) Subletting income

Subletting income is recognised on a straight-line basis over the term of the sub-lease.

(t) Leases

An arrangement, comprising a transaction or a series of transactions, is or contains a lease if the Group determines that the arrangement conveys a right to use a specific asset or assets for an agreed period of time in return for a payment or a series of payments. Such a determination is made based on an evaluation of the substance of the arrangement and is regardless of whether the arrangement takes the legal form of a lease.

Leases of assets are classified as finance leases when the leases transfer substantially all risks and rewards incidental to ownership of assets to the Group. All other assets are classified as operating leases.

2. 主要會計政策(續)

- (s) 收入確認(續) (iii) 利息收入 利息收入採用實際利息法於應計時確 認。
 - (iv) 股息收入

來自上市投資之股息收入於投資之股 價除息時確認。

來自非上市投資之股息收入於報告期 末前收取款項之權利確立時確認。

(v) 分租收入

分租收入於分租期內按直線法確認。

(t) 租賃

倘本集團將一項安排(包括一項交易或一 連串交易)確定為轉讓一項特定資產或多 項資產在協定期間之使用權以換取一筆或 多筆付款,則該安排屬於或包含租賃。確定 時乃以對有關安排之實質內容所作評估為 基準,而不論該安排是否以法定租賃形式 訂立。

倘資產租賃將資產擁有權附帶之絕大部分 風險及回報轉移至本集團,則有關租賃分 類為融資租賃。所有其他資產均分類為經 營租賃。

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2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(t) Leases (continued)

(i) Finance leases

Assets held under finance leases are recognised in the consolidated statement of financial position at amounts equal to the fair value of the leased assets, or, if lower, the present value of the minimum lease payments, each determined at the inception of the lease. The corresponding liabilities, net of finance charges, on the finance leases are recorded as obligations under finance leases. All assets held under finance leases are classified as property, plant and equipment, except for those properties held to earn rental income which are classified as investment properties, in the consolidated statement of financial position.

Depreciation and impairment losses are calculated and recognised in the same manner as the depreciation and impairment losses on property, plant and equipment as set out in Note 2(f), except for the estimated useful lives cannot exceed the relevant lease terms, if shorter.

Minimum lease payments are apportioned between finance charge and the reduction of the outstanding liabilities. The finance charge is recognised in profit or loss over the period of the lease term so as to produce a constant periodic rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability.

(ii) Leases of land and buildings

Whenever necessary in order to classify and account for a lease of land and buildings, the minimum lease payments (including any lump-sum upfront payments) are allocated between the land and the building elements in proportion to the relative fair values of the leasehold interests in the land element and building element of the lease at the inception of the lease.

2. 主要會計政策(續)

- (t) 租賃(續)
 - (i) 融資租賃

根據融資租賃持有之資產按相當於在 租約訂立時釐定之租賃資產公允值 之數額或(倘為較低者)最低租約付 款之現值,於綜合財務狀況表確認。 融資租賃之相應債項經扣除融資費用 後,乃列作融資租賃債務。按融資租 賃持有之所有資產乃於財務狀況表內 列作物業、廠房及設備,惟持有以賺 取租金收入之物業則於綜合財務狀況 表內列作投資物業。

誠如附註2(f)所載,折舊及減值虧損按 與物業、廠房及設備之折舊及減值虧 損相同之方式計算及確認,惟估計可 用年限不得超過相關租賃期(倘為較 短者)。

最低租約付款於融資費用及未償還負 債減少款額之間分配。融資費用按租 賃期於損益確認,藉此制定負債餘額 之穩定息率。

(ii) 土地及樓宇租賃 在有需要情況下將土地及樓宇租賃分 類及入賬時,最低租約付款(包括任 何一筆過預付支出)乃按租賃之土地 部分及樓宇部分之租賃權益於租賃訂 立時之相關公允值比例,分配至土地 及樓宇部分。

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2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

- (t) Leases (continued)
 - (ii) Leases of land and buildings (continued)

The land element is classified as an operating lease unless title is expected to pass to the lessee by the end of the lease term. The building element is classified as a finance or operating lease in the same way as leases of other assets. The payments made on acquiring land held under an operating lease are recognised in the consolidated statement of financial position as prepaid lease payments on land use rights which are stated at cost and are amortised on a straight-line basis over the period of the lease term.

If the prepaid lease payments on a lease of land and buildings cannot be allocated reliably between the land and building elements at the inception of the lease, the entire lease is classified as a finance lease, unless it is clear that both elements are operating leases, in which case the entire lease is classified as an operating lease.

(iii) Operating leases

Where the Group is the lessee, payments made under operating leases, net of any incentives received from the lessor, are charged to profit or loss on a straightline basis over the period of the lease. Where the Group is the lessor, assets leased by the Group under operating leases are included in non-current assets and rentals receivable under the operating leases are credited to profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the lease period. Contingent rentals (if any) are charged or credited to profit or loss in the accounting period in which they are incurred.

(iv) Sale and leaseback resulting in a finance lease

If a sale and leaseback transaction that results in a finance lease, any excess of sales proceeds over the carrying amount is deferred and amortised over the lease term. If the fair value at the time of a sale and leaseback transaction is less than the carrying amount of the asset, no adjustment is necessary unless there has been an impairment in value, in which case the carrying amount is reduced to recoverable amount.

2. 主要會計政策(續)

(t)

租賃(續) (ii) 土地及樓宇租賃(續) 土地部分乃分類為經營租賃,除非預 期業權會於租賃期滿時轉交承租人, 則作別論。樓宇部分則以與處理其他 資產租賃相同之方式分類為融資或經 營租賃。就收購根據經營租賃持有之 土地作出之付款,乃於綜合財務狀況 表確認為土地使用權之預付租約付 款,按成本列賬,並於租賃期內按直 線法攤銷。

> 倘土地及樓宇租賃之預付租約付款未 能於租約訂立時可靠地分配至土地 及樓宇部分,則整份租賃分類為融資 租賃,惟倘兩個部分均確定為經營租 賃,在此情況下,整份租賃會分類為 經營租賃。

(iii) 經營租賃

倘本集團為承租人,根據經營租賃支 付之款項(扣除自出租人收取之任何 優惠)在租賃期內以直線法自損益扣 除。倘本集團為出租人,則本集團根 據經營租賃租賃之資產會計入非流動 資產,而根據經營租賃應收之租金在 租賃期內以直線法計入損益。或然租 金(如有)在其產生之會計期間自損 益扣除或計入損益。.

(iv) 融資租賃產生之售後租回 倘因融資租賃而產生售後租回交易, 出售所得款項超出賬面值之任何差額 會予遞延,並於租賃期內攤銷。倘售 後租回交易當時公允值低於資產賬面 值,則無需作出任何調整,惟倘出現 減值,則將賬面值減至可收回金額。

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2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(u) Foreign currency translation

These consolidated financial statements are presented in HKD, which is the Company's functional and presentation currency. Each entity in the Group determines its own functional currency and items included in the financial statements of each entity are measured using that functional currency. Transactions in foreign currencies are initially recorded in the functional currency rates ruling at the date of the transactions. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the functional currency rates of exchange ruling at the end of the reporting period. All differences are taken to the income statement. Non-monetary items that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rates as at the dates of the initial transactions. Non-monetary items measured at fair value in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rates at the date when the fair value was determined.

The functional currencies of certain overseas subsidiaries and joint ventures are currencies other than HKD. At the end of the reporting period, the assets and liabilities of these entities are translated into HKD at the rates of exchange ruling at the end of the reporting period and their profit or loss items are translated into HKD at the weighted average exchange rates for the year. The exchange differences arising from the translation are recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated separately in equity in the exchange translation reserve. On disposal of a foreign entity, the deferred cumulative amount recognised in equity relating to that particular foreign entity is reclassified from equity to profit or loss when the profit or loss on disposal is recognised.

For the purpose of the consolidated statement of cash flows, the cash flows of overseas subsidiaries are translated into HKD at the exchange rates ruling at the dates of the cash flows. Frequently recurring cash flows of overseas subsidiaries which arise throughout the year are translated into HKD at the weighted average exchange rates for the year.

2. 主要會計政策(續)

(u) 外幣換算

此等財務報表乃以港元呈列,而港元為本 公司之功能及呈報貨幣。本集團各實體自 行確定本身之功能貨幣,而列於各實體財 務報表之項目乃採用該功能貨幣計量。以 外幣進行之交易初步按交易日之適用功能 貨幣匯率記錄。以外幣計值之貨幣資產及 負債乃按報告期末之功能貨幣匯率重新換 算。所有差額均計入收益表。以外幣按歷史 成本計量之非貨幣項目乃按初步交易日期 之匯率換算。以外幣按公允值計量之非貨 幣項目乃按公允值釐定日期之匯率換算。

若干海外附屬公司及合營企業之功能貨幣 為港元以外貨幣。於報告期末,該等實體 之資產及負債按報告期末之匯率換算為港 元,損益項目則按年度加權平均匯率換算為 港元。換算所產生之匯兑差額於其他全面 收益確認,並於匯兑儲備中之權益內獨立 累計。於出售海外實體時,與該特定海外實 體有關且於權益內確認之遞延累計款項, 乃於確認出售之損益時由權益重新分類至 損益。

就綜合現金流量表而言,海外附屬公司之 現金流量乃按現金流量日期之匯率換算為 港元。海外附屬公司於全年產生之頻繁經 常性現金流量乃按年度加權平均匯率換算 為港元。

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2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(v) Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of an asset which necessarily takes a substantial period of time to get ready for its intended use or sale are capitalised as part of the cost of that asset. Other borrowing costs are expensed in the period in which they are incurred.

The capitalisation of borrowing costs as part of the cost of a qualifying asset commences when expenditure for the asset is being incurred, borrowing costs are being incurred and activities that are necessary to prepare the asset for its intended use or sale are in progress. Capitalisation of borrowing costs is suspended or ceases when substantially all the activities necessary to prepare the qualifying asset for its intended use or sale are interrupted or complete.

(w) Dividends

Final dividends proposed by the Directors are classified as a separate allocation of retained profits within the equity section of the Company's statement of financial position, until they have approved by the shareholders in a general meeting. When these dividends have been approved by the shareholders and declared, they are recognised as a liability.

Interim dividends are simultaneously proposed and declared, because the Company's bye-laws grant the Directors the authority to declare interim dividends. Consequently, interim dividends are recognised immediately as a liability when they are proposed and declared.

2. 主要會計政策(續)

(v) 借貸成本 收購、興建或生產一項需要長時間方能達 致擬定用途或出售之資產直接應佔之借貸 成本,會資本化為該項資產之部分成本。其 他借貸成本於產生期間支銷。

屬於合資格資產成本一部分之借貸成本在 資產產生開支、產生借貸成本及使資產投 入擬定用途或銷售所必需之準備工作進行 之時開始資本化。在使合資格資產投入擬 定用途或銷售所必需之絕大部分準備工作 中斷或完成時,借貸成本會暫停或停止資 本化。

(w) 股息

董事建議之末期股息分類為本公司財務狀 況表內權益項下保留溢利之獨立分配,直 至股東在股東大會上批准為止。該等股息 在股東批准及宣派時會確認為負債。

因本公司之公司細則授權董事宣派中期股 息,故中期股息可同時建議派付並宣派。因 此,中期股息在建議派付及宣派時,隨即確 認為負債。

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2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(x) Non-current assets held for sale

A non-current asset (or disposal group) is classified as held for sale if it is highly probable that its carrying amount will be recovered through a sale transaction rather than through continuing use and the asset (or disposal group) is available for sale in its present condition. A disposal group is a group of assets to be disposed of together as a group in a single transaction, and liabilities directly associated with those assets that will be transferred in the transaction.

When the Group is committed to a sale plan involving loss of control of a subsidiary, all the assets and liabilities of that subsidiary are classified as held for sale when the above criteria for classification as held for sale are met, regardless of whether the Group will retain a noncontrolling interest in the subsidiary after the sale.

Immediately before classification as held for sale, the measurement of the non-current assets (and all individual assets and liabilities in a disposal group) is brought upto-date in accordance with the accounting policies before the classification. Then, on initial classification as held for sale and until disposal, the non-current assets (except for certain assets as explained below), or disposal groups, are recognised at the lower of their carrying amount and fair value less costs to sell. The principal exceptions to this measurement policy so far as the consolidated financial statements of the Group are concerned are deferred tax assets, assets arising from employee benefits, financial assets (other than investments in subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures) and investment properties. These assets, even if held for sale, would continue to be measured in accordance with the policies set out elsewhere in Note 2.

Impairment losses on initial classification as held for sale, and on subsequent remeasurement while held for sale, are recognised in profit or loss. As long as a non-current asset is classified as held for sale, or is included in a disposal group that is classified as held for sale, the non-current asset is not depreciated or amortised.

2. 主要會計政策(續)

(x) 持作出售之非流動資產 倘一項非流動資產(或出售組別)之賬面值 極有可能透過出售交易(而非透過持續使 用)收回,而該資產(或出售組別)可在現 況下出售,則分類為持作出售。出售組別為 一組將於單一交易中一併出售之資產,以 及與將於交易中轉讓之資產直接相關之負 債。

當本集團承諾執行涉及失去附屬公司控制 權之出售計劃,該附屬公司之所有資產及 負債會於達致上述持作出售之分類標準時 分類為持作出售,而不論本集團會否於出 售後保留於該附屬公司之非控股權益。

緊接分類為持作出售前,非流動資產(及出 售組別之所有獨立資產及負債)會於分類前 根據會計政策重新計量。其後,於初步分類 為持作出售及直至出售前,非流動資產(下 文闡述之若干資產除外)或出售組別會按賬 面值及公允值減銷售成本之較低者確認。 就本集團之財務報表而言,毋須採用此計 量政策之主要例外情況為遞延税項資產、 僱員福利所產生之資產、金融資產(於附屬 公司、聯營公司及合營企業之投資除外)及 投資物業。該等資產即使為持作出售,仍會 繼續按附註2其他部分所載之政策計量。

於初步分類為持作出售及於其後在持作出 售期間重新計量時之減值虧損乃於損益確 認。只要非流動資產仍分類為持作出售或 納入分類為持作出售之出售組別,非流動 資產均不予折舊或攤銷。

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2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(y) Related parties

- (a) A person, or a close member of that person's family, is related to the Group if that person:
 - (i) has control or joint control over the Group;
 - (ii) has significant influence over the Group; or
 - (iii) is a member of the key management personnel of the Group or the Group's parent.
- (b) An entity is related to the Group if any of the following conditions applies:
 - (i) The entity and the Group are members of the same group (which means that each parent, subsidiary and fellow subsidiary is related to the others).
 - One entity is an associate or joint venture of the other entity (or an associate or joint venture of a member of a group of which the other entity is a member).
 - (iii) Both entities are joint ventures of the same third party.
 - (iv) One entity is a joint venture of a third entity and the other entity is an associate of the third entity.
 - (v) The entity is a post-employment benefit plan for the benefit of employees of either the Group or an entity related to the Group.
 - (vi) The entity is controlled or jointly controlled by a person identified in (a).
 - (vii) A person identified in (a)(i) has significant influence over the entity or is a member of the key management personnel of the entity (or of a parent of the entity).
 - (viii) The entity, or any member of a group of which it is a part, provides key management personnel services to the Group or to the parent of the Group.

2. 主要會計政策(續)

(y) 關聯方

- (a) 倘屬以下人士,則該人士或該人士之 近親與本集團有關聯:
 - (i) 擁有本集團之控制權或共同控制 權;
 - (ii) 對本集團有重大影響力;或
 - (iii) 為本集團或本集團母公司之主要 管理層成員。
- (b) 倘符合下列任何條件,則該實體與本 集團有關聯:
 - (i) 該實體與本集團屬同一集團之 成員公司(即各母公司、附屬公 司及同系附屬公司之間互有關 聯)。
 - (ii) 一間實體為另一實體之聯營公司 或合營企業(或為該另一實體所 屬集團旗下成員公司之聯營公司 或合營企業)。
 - (iii) 兩間實體均為同一第三方之合營 企業。
 - (iv) 一間實體為第三方實體之合營企 業,而另一實體為該第三方實體 之聯營公司。
 - (v) 實體為本集團或與本集團有關聯 之實體就僱員利益設立之離職後 福利計劃。
 - (vi) 實體受(a)項所識別人士控制或 共同控制。
 - (vii) (a)(i)項所識別人士對實體有重大 影響力或屬該實體(或該實體之 母公司)之主要管理層成員。
 - (viii) 該實體或該實體所屬集團旗下任 何成員公司為本集團或本集團母 公司提供主要管理人員服務。

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2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(y) Related parties (continued)

Close members of the family of a person are those family members who may be expected to influence, or be influenced by, that person in their dealings with the entity.

(z) Segment reporting

Operating segments, and the amounts of each segment item reported in the consolidated financial statements, are identified from the financial information provided regularly to the Group's most senior executive management for the purposes of allocating resources to, and assessing the performance of, the Group's various lines of business and geographical locations.

Individually material operating segments are not aggregated for financial reporting purposes unless the segments have similar economic characteristics and are similar in respect of the nature of the products and services, the nature of the production processes, the type or class of customers, the methods used to distribute the products or provide the services, and the nature of the regulatory environment. Operating segments which are not individually material may be aggregated if they share a majority of these criteria.

3. CHANGES IN ACCOUNTING POLICIES

In the current year, the Group has applied, for the first time, the following amendments to HKFRSs (hereinafter collectively referred to as the "new and revised HKFRSs") issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants ("HKICPA").

Amendments to HKAS 1	Disclosure initiative
Amendments to HKAS 16 and HKAS 38	Clarification of acceptable methods of depreciation and amortisation
Amendments to HKAS 27	Equity method in separate financial statements
Amendments to HKFRSs	Annual improvements to HKFRSs 2012-2014 cycle
Amendments to HKFRS 11	Accounting for acquisitions of interests in joint operations
Amendments to HKFRS 10, HKFRS 12 and HKAS 28	Investment entities: Applying the consolidation exception

2. 主要會計政策(續)

- (y) 關聯方(續) 任何人士之近親乃指於與該實體交易時預 期可影響該名人士或可能受該名人士影響 之家庭成員。
- (z) 分部報告

經營分部及財務報表所呈列各分部之金 額,乃自定期向本集團最高行政管理人員 提供之財務資料識別,最高行政管理人員 利用該等資料向本集團各項業務及經營地 區分配資源及評估其表現。

就財務報告而言,個別重要經營分部不會合 併呈報,除非該等分部擁有類似經濟特徵, 以及在產品及服務性質、生產工序性質、客 戶類別或階層、分銷產品或提供服務之方 式以至監管環境性質各方面均類似,則作 別論。倘個別而言不屬重要之經營分部共 同擁有上述大部分特徵,則可合併呈報。

3. 會計政策變動

於本年度,本集團首次應用以下由香港會計師公 會頒布之香港財務報告準則之修訂(以下統稱 為「新訂及經修訂香港財務報告準則」)。

香港會計準則第1號	披露計劃
之修訂	
香港會計準則第16號及	釐清可接受之折舊及
香港會計準則	攤銷方法
第38號之修訂	
香港會計準則第27號	獨立財務報表內之
之修訂	權益法
香港財務報告準則	香港財務報告準則之
之修訂	年度改進(二零一二年
	至二零一四年週期)
香港財務報告準則	收購合營業務權益之
第11號之修訂	會計處理
香港財務報告準則第10號、	投資實體:應用綜合入賬
香港財務報告準則第12號	之例外情況
及香港會計準則第28號	
之修訂	

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3. CHANGES IN ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

The application of the above new and revised HKFRSs in the current year has had no material impact on the Group's financial performance and position for the current and prior years and/ or on the disclosures set out in these consolidated financial statements.

The Group has not early applied any new standard or interpretation that is not yet effective for the current accounting period (Note 45).

4. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND JUDGEMENTS

Estimates and judgements are continually evaluated by the Group and are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

The Group's management makes estimates and assumptions concerning the future. The resulting accounting estimates will, by definition, seldom equal to the related actual results. The estimates and assumptions that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year are discussed below.

A Key assumption and other key sources of estimation uncertainty

(a) Estimated impairment of goodwill

The Group tests annually whether goodwill has suffered any impairment, in accordance with the accounting policy stated in Note 2(i). The recoverable amounts of cash-generating units have been determined based on value in use calculations or their fair value less costs of disposal, whichever is appropriate, and both bases require the Group to estimate the future cash flows expected to arise from the cash-generating units, discount rates and growth rates for present value measurement. These calculations require the use of estimates and assumptions (Note 17). Where the expectation is different from the original estimate, such difference will impact the carrying amount of goodwill and the impairment (if any) in the period in which such estimate has been changed.

3. 會計政策變動(續)

於本年度應用上述新訂及經修訂香港財務報告 準則對本集團於本年度及過往年度之財務表現 及狀況及/或此等綜合財務報表所載之披露事 項並無任何重大影響。

本集團並無提早應用任何於本會計期間尚未生 效之新訂準則或詮釋(附註45)。

4. 重大會計估計及判斷

本集團會持續評估估計及判斷,而有關估計及判 斷乃根據過往經驗及其他因素(包括在若干情況 下相信為對未來事項屬合理之預期)而釐定。

本集團管理層對未來作出估計及假設。所得出之 會計估計將如定義所言,少有能與相關之實際結 果相符。至於可能對未來財政年度資產及負債賬 面值造成重大調整之重大風險之估計及假設,現 載述如下。

A 主要假設及估計不確定因素之其他主要來源

(a) 估計商譽減值

本集團按照附註2(i)所載之會計政策, 每年測試商譽有否減值。現金產生單 位之可收回金額已按使用價值計算 法或公允值減出售成本(如適用)釐 定,兩種基準均要求本集團估計預期 現金產生單位將產生之未來現金流 量、貼現率及增長率,以計量現值。該 等計算需運用估計及作出假設(附註 17),倘預期情況有別於原先估計,有 關差額將影響估計出現變動期間之商 譽賬面值及減值(如有)。

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4. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND JUDGEMENTS (continued)

- 4. 重大會計估計及判斷(續)
- A Key assumption and other key sources of estimation uncertainty (continued)
 - (b) Allowance for impairment of bad and doubtful debts

The Group makes allowance for impairment of bad and doubtful debts based on an assessment of the recoverability of trade and other receivables. Allowances are applied to trade and other receivables where events or changes in circumstances indicate that the balances may not be collectible. The identification of allowance for impairment of bad and doubtful debts requires the use of judgement and estimates. Where the expectation is different from the original estimate, such difference will impact carrying value of receivables and allowance for impairment in the period in which such estimate has been changed.

(c) Write-down of obsolete and slow-moving inventories

The Group writes down obsolete and slow-moving inventories to net realisable value based on historical experience and other factors, including expectation of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances. Write-downs are applied to inventories where events or changes in circumstances indicate that the inventories may be obsolete or slow-moving. The identification of obsolete or slowmoving inventories requires the use of judgement and estimates. Where the expectation is different from the original estimate, such difference will impact the carrying value of the inventories and charges in the year in which such estimate has been changed.

- A 主要假設及估計不確定因素之其他主要來源 (續)
 - (b) 呆壞賬減值撥備

本集團按照對應收貿易賬款及其他應 收款項可收回程度之評估,就呆壞賬 減值計提撥備。一旦發生事件或情況 有變,顯示不大可能收回應收貿易賬 款及其他應收款項結餘,則會就應收 貿易賬款及其他應收款項計提撥備。 識別呆壞賬減值撥備須運用判斷及估 計。倘預期金額有別於原先估計,有 關差額將影響估計出現變動期間之應 收款項賬面值及減值撥備。

(c) 過時及滯銷存貨撇減

本集團根據過往經驗及其他因素(包 括在若干情況下相信為對未來事件屬 合理之預期),將過時及滯銷存貨撇 減至可變現淨值。一旦發生事件或情 況有變,顯示存貨可能過時或滯銷, 則會就存貨進行撇減。識別過時或滯 銷存貨須運用判斷及估計。倘預期金 額有別於原先估計,有關差額將影響 估計出現變動年度之存貨賬面值及撇 減費用。

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4. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND JUDGEMENTS (continued)

A Key assumption and other key sources of estimation uncertainty (continued)

(d) Income taxes

Deferred tax asset in relation to the unused tax losses of approximately HK\$106,290,000 (2015: HK\$52,046,000) was not recognised in the Group's consolidated statement of financial position. The realisability of the deferred tax asset mainly depends on whether sufficient future profits or taxable temporary differences will be available in the future. When the expectation of future profit is different from the original estimate, such difference will impact the recognition of deferred tax assets and taxation charges in the period in which such estimate is changed.

The Group is subject to income taxes in Hong Kong and the PRC. Significant judgement is required in determining the provision for income taxes. There are many transactions and calculations for which the ultimate tax determination is uncertain during the ordinary course of business. The Group recognises liabilities for anticipated tax audit issues based on estimates of whether additional taxes will be due. Where the final tax outcome of these matters is different from the amounts that were initially recorded, such differences will impact the income tax and deferred tax expenses in the year in which such determination is made.

4. 重大會計估計及判斷(續)

- A 主要假設及估計不確定因素之其他主要來源 (續)
 - (d) 所得税

本集團之綜合財務狀況表並未就未動 用税項虧損約106,290,000港元(二 零一五年:52,046,000港元)確認遞 延税項資產。遞延税項資產能否變 現,主要視乎是否有足夠之可動用未 來溢利或應課税暫時差異。如預期未 來溢利有別於原先估計,則差額將影 響估計變動期間之遞延税項資產及税 項支出之確認。

本集團須繳納香港及中國所得税。釐 定所得税撥備時須運用重大判斷。於 日常業務過程中有頗多未能確定最終 税項之交易及計算。本集團會視乎是 否需要繳納額外税項之估計而確認有 關預計税項審核事項之責任。倘該等 事項之最終税務結果有別於初步記錄 金額,有關差額將影響作出釐定之年 度之所得税及遞延税項開支。

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4. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND JUDGEMENTS (continued)

- B Critical judgements in applying the Company's accounting policies
 - (a) Going concern basis

The Company's management has considered the adequacy of the disclosures made in the consolidated financial statements concerning the possible outcome of non-adjusting events after the end of the reporting period as detailed in Note 48. The consolidated financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis, the validity of which depends upon the successful completion of redemption of the Bonds.

The consolidated financial statements do not include any adjustments that would result from these material uncertainties. The Directors of the Company confirmed that the Company has sufficient cash resources to satisfy its redemption obligations in relation to the Bonds. Based on the facts and circumstances as made available thereto, the Directors of the Company are of the opinion that the redemption of the Bonds which is subject to redemption notices or maturated will be completed on or before 28 April 2017. Accordingly, the Directors of the Company consider that it is appropriate to prepare the consolidated financial statements on a going concern basis. However, should the redemption of the Bonds cannot be completed, and the Group be unable to operate as a going concern, adjustments might have to be made to the carrying values of the Group's assets to state them at their recoverable amounts, to provide for any further liabilities which might arise and to reclassify its non-current assets and non-current liabilities to current assets and current liabilities, respectively.

4. 重大會計估計及判斷(續)

- B 應用本公司會計政策所作出之重大判斷
 - (a) 持續經營基準

本公司之管理層已考慮於綜合財務報 表內,就附註48所詳述之報告期末後 非調整事項之可能結果所作出之披露 是否足夠。綜合財務報表乃按持續經 營基準編製,其有效性取決於能否順 利完成贖回該等債券。

综合財務報表並無包括因該等重大不 明朗因素而產生之任何調整。本公司 董事確認,本公司擁有足夠現金資源 以履行其有關該等債券之贖回責任。 基於目前就此獲悉之事實及情況,本 公司董事認為將會於二零一七年四月 二十八日或之前完成贖回贖回通知所 涉或已到期之該等債券。因此,本公 司董事認為按持續經營基準編製綜合 財務報表屬合適之舉。然而,倘無法 完成贖回該等債券,以致本集團無法 持續經營,則可能須對本集團資產之 賬面值作出調整,按可收回金額將有 關資產列賬、就可能產生之任何未來 負債計提撥備以及將其非流動資產及 非流動負債分別重新分類為流動資產 及流動負債。

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4. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND JUDGEMENTS (continued)

- B Critical judgements in applying the Company's accounting policies (continued)
 - (b) Recognition of an indirect non wholly-owned subsidiary as an available-for-sale financial asset During the year ended 31 December 2016, the Company's management reassessed whether it had control or significant influence over the management including participation in the financial and operating policy decisions over an indirect non wholly-owned subsidiary (the "PRC Company"). This reassessment requires significant management judgement in determining if the Group could or could not exercise control or significant influence over the PRC Company relating to the matters set out in either HKFRS 10, Consolidated Financial Statements, or HKAS 28, Investments in Associates and Joint Ventures given the unique nature of the online lottery business in the PRC. The Directors resolved that the Group did not have control or significant influence over the PRC Company. Accordingly, the Group continues to recognise the PRC Company as an available-for-sale financial asset (Note 20).

4. 重大會計估計及判斷(續)

- B 應用本公司會計政策所作出之重大判斷 (續)
 - (b) 將一間間接非全資附屬公司確認為可 供出售金融資產

截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年 度,本公司管理層已重新評估是否仍 對一間間接非全資附屬公司(「中國 公司」)之管理擁有控制權或重大影響 力,包括參與其財務及營運決策。

力,包括參與其財務及營運決策。

 於中國網 上彩票業務性質獨特,管理 層於進行重新評估時須要作出重大判 斷,就香港財務報告準則第10號[綜 合財務報表」或香港會計準則第28號 「於聯營公司及合營企業之投資」所載 事宜,釐定本集團可否對中國公司行 使控制權或重大影響力。董事決定, 本集團並無對中國公司之控制權或重 大影響力。因此,本集團繼續將中國 公司確認為可供出售金融資產(附註 20)。

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REVENUE, OTHER INCOME AND OTHER LOSSES	GAINS AND 5	. 收入、其他	收入以及其他收益	及虧損	
Revenue represents the aggregate of income from provision of lottery machines and related services and commission income.		收入指提供 之總和。	收入指提供彩票機及相關服務收入及佣金收2 之總和。		
An analysis of the Group's revenue, other in- gains and losses for the year is as follows:	come and other	本集團於本 及虧損分析	年度之收入、其他收 <i>)</i> 如下:	\以及其他收益	
			2016 二零一六年 <i>HK\$′000</i> <i>千港元</i>	2015 二零一五年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>	
Revenue	收入				
Income from provision of lottery machines and related services	提供彩票機及相關服務以	女入	1,252,144	1,554,394	
Other income	其他收入				
Interest income on bank deposits	銀行存款利息收入		10,368	2,520	
Other interest income	其他利息收入		4,086	403	
Sundry income	雜項收入		11,923	8,740	
Rental income from sub-letting of rented premises	租用物業分租之租金收入	Z	3,845	3,811	
Dividend income from listed investments	上市投資之股息收入		5,645	5,61	
Dividend income from unlisted investment	非上市投資之股息收入			78,185	
			30,222	93,720	
Other gains and losses	其他收益及虧損				
Net (losses)/gains on disposal of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss Fair value (losses)/gains on financial assets	出售通過損益按公允值 金融資產之(虧損)/ 通過損益按公允值計量之	收益淨額	(2,060)	25,780	
at fair value through profit or loss (Loss)/gain on redemption of convertible bonds	金融資產之公允值(雐		(1,149)	7,250	
(Note 35)	(虧損)/收益(附註3	5)	(6,151)	1,013	
			(9,360)	34,043	
			1,273,006	1,682,157	
Total interest income on financial assets not at fair value through profit or loss	並非通過損益按公允值言 金融資產之總利息收7		14,454	2,923	

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6. SEGMENT INFORMATION

The Group manages its business by divisions, which are organised by a mixture of both business lines (products and services) and geography.

In a manner consistent with the way in which information is reported internally to the Group's most senior executive management, i.e. the Group's Executive Directors, for the purposes of allocating resources to segments and assessing their performance, the Group has presented lottery business as the reportable segment.

Intersegment revenue is eliminated on consolidation. Intersegment sales and transactions are conducted in accordance with the terms mutually agreed between the parties.

The Board assesses the performance of the business segments based on (loss)/profit before taxation without allocation of finance income/(costs), which is consistent with those in the consolidated financial statements.

Information regarding the Group's reportable segments as provided to the Board for the purposes of resources allocation and assessment of segment performance for the years ended 31 December 2016 and 2015 is set out below.

- 6. 分部資料
 - 本集團按業務線(產品和服務)以及地區劃分分 部管理其業務。

本集團按與就分部資源分配及表現評估向本集 團最高級行政管理人員(即本集團執行董事)內 部呈報資料方式一致之方法,呈列彩票業務之報 告分部。

分部間收入於綜合入賬時對銷。分部間銷售及交 易按各方相互協定之條款進行。

董事會根據除税前(虧損)/溢利(未分配財務 收入/(費用),有關金額與綜合財務報表所列 者一致)就業務分部之表現進行評估。

於截至二零一六年及二零一五年十二月三十一 日止年度提供予董事會以分配資源及評估分部 表現之本集團報告分部之資料載列如下。

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6. SEGMENT INFORMATION (continued)

Business Segment

6. **分部資料**(續)

業務分部

- (a) The segment results for the year ended 31 December 2016 and segment assets and liabilities at 31 December 2016 are as follows:
- (a) 截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度之 分部業績及於二零一六年十二月三十一日 之分部資產及負債如下:

		As at and for the year ended 31 December 2016 於二零一六年 十二月三十一日及 截至該日止年度 Lottery business 彩票業務 HK\$'000 千港元
Revenue	收入	1,252,144
Segment results	分部業績	(104,549)
Net unallocated expenses	未分類開支淨額	(311,542)
Loss before taxation	除税前虧損	(416,091)
Taxation	税項	(29,898)
Loss for the year	年度虧損	(445,989)
Assets	資產	
Segment assets	分部資產 分類為持作出售之	6,584,993
Assets of the disposal group classified as held for sale (Note 14)	万規局持作面皆之 出售組別之資產(附註14)	2,295,597
Unallocated assets	未分類資產	231,209
Total assets	資產總值	9,111,799
Liabilities	負債	
Segment liabilities	分部負債	277,757
Liabilities directly associated with	與分類為持作出售之出售組別之	
the assets of the disposal group classified	資產直接相關之負債(附註14)	
as held for sale (Note 14) Unallocated liabilities	未分類負債	403,983 2,918,882
Total liabilities	負債總額	3,600,622

For the year ended 31 December 2016 截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度

6. SEGMENT INFORMATION (continued)

Business Segment (continued)

(a) (continued)

The segment results for the year ended 31 December 2015 and segment assets and liabilities at 31 December 2015 are as follows: 6. **分部資料**(續)

業務分部(續)

(a) (續) 截至二零一五年十二月三十一日止年度之 分部業績及於二零一五年十二月三十一日 之分部資產及負債如下:

	As at and for the
	year ended
	31 December 2015
	於二零一五年
	十二月三十一日及
	截至該日止年度
	Lottery business
	彩票業務
	HK\$'000
	千港元
收入	1,554,394
分部業績	718,622
未分類開支淨額	(513,264)
除税前溢利	205,358
税項	(41,124)
年度溢利	164,234
資產	
分部資產	6,367,252
分類為持作出售之出售組別之	
資產(附註14)	2,236,663
未分類資產	126,553
資產總值	8,730,468
負債	
分部負債	282,744
與分類為持作出售之出售組別之	
資產直接相關之負債(附註14)	
	153,616
未分類負債	2,208,705
負債總額	2,645,065
	 分部業績 未分類開支淨額 除税前溢利 税項 年度溢利 資產 分部資產 分類為持作出售之出售組別之 資產(附註14) 未分類資產 資產總值 負債 分部負債 與分類為持作出售之出售組別之 資產直接相關之負債(附註14) 未分類負債

For the year ended 31 December 2016 截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度

6. SEGMENT INFORMATION (continued)

- Business Segment (continued)
- (b) Other segment information

分部資料(續) 業務分部(續) (b) 其他分部資料

		For the year ended 31 December 2016 截至二零一六年 十二月三十一日 止年度 Lottery business 彩票業務 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>
Other information Depreciation and amortisation Impairment loss on goodwill Capital expenditure	其他資料 折舊及攤銷 商譽減值虧損 資本開支	61,990 103,923 2,919
		For the year ended 31 December 2015 截至二零一五年 十二月三十一日 止年度 Lottery business 彩票業務 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>
Other information Depreciation and amortisation Impairment loss on goodwill Capital expenditure	其他資料 折舊及攤銷 商譽減值虧損 資本開支	64,691 99,321 59,294

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SEGMENT INFORMATION (continued)	6.	分部資料 (續)
Geographical Segments		地區分部
In terms of geographical location, nearly 100% of the Group's		就地區而言,本集團近100%收入源於中國市
revenue is attributable to the market in the PRC.		場。
	In terms of geographical location, nearly 100% of the Group's	Geographical Segments In terms of geographical location, nearly 100% of the Group's

Total non-current assets by location are as follows:

按地區劃分之非流動資產總值如下:

		2016	2015
		二零一六年	二零一五年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
PRC	中國	773,515	1,117,033
Hong Kong	香港	33,527	35,523
		807,042	1,152,556
Deferred tax assets	遞延税項資產	77	
Total non-current assets per consolidated	綜合財務狀況表所列非流動資產總值		
statement of financial position		807,119	1,152,556
Information About Major Customers	有關主要客	戶之資料	

None of the customers contributed over 10% of the total revenue of the Group during both years.

7. STAFF COSTS

該兩年內並無任何客戶佔本集團總收入10%以 Ŀ۰

7. 員工成本

		2016	2015
		二零一六年	二零一五年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Salaries, allowances and benefits in kind	薪金、津貼及實質利益	122,855	126,898
Bonuses	花紅	14,174	18,572
Retirement benefit scheme contributions	退休福利計劃供款	11,933	11,159
Severance payments	遣散費	899	275
Social security costs	社會保障成本	9,407	10,291
Employee share option benefits	僱員購股權福利	10,367	
		169,635	167,195

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8. FINANCE COSTS

8. 財務費用

		2016 二零一六年	2015 二零一五年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Interest on bank loans and overdrafts	銀行貸款及透支利息	4,928	8,469
Interest on convertible bonds (Note 35)	可換股債券利息(附註35)	126,308	190,076
Acceleration of unwinding interest on	加快可換股債券利息撥回(附註35)		
convertible bonds (Note 35)		-	189,168
Interest on other loans	其他貸款利息	1,020	-
Finance charges on obligations under	融資租賃債務之財務收費		
finance leases		1	
Total interest expenses on financial liabilities	並非通過損益按公允值計量之		
not at fair value through profit or loss	金融負債之總利息開支	132,257	387,721

9. (LOSS)/PROFIT BEFORE TAXATION

9. 除税前(虧損)/溢利

		2016 二零一六年 <i>HK\$′000</i> <i>千港元</i>	2015 二零一五年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>
The Group's (loss)/profit before taxation is stated after charging the following:	本集團除税前(虧損)/溢利於呈列前 已扣除以下各項:		
Auditors' remuneration	核數師酬令		
– audit services	一審核服務	3,429	4,149
 non-audit services 	一非審核服務	3,429	4,149
Cost of inventories sold (Note 22(b))	銷售存貨之成本(附註22(b))	477,393	433.073
Depreciation and amortisation on	以下項目之折舊及攤銷	477,555	455,075
– property, plant and equipment	-物業、廠房及設備		
 property, plant and equipment owned assets 	一自置資產	40,217	41,386
 leased assets 	一租賃資產	6.084	6,635
– prepaid lease payments on land use rights	一土地使用權之預付租約付款 一土地使用權之預付租約付款	990	971
- intangible assets	一無形資產	14,699	15,699
Exchange losses	二、 が 夏 産 通 置 え 虧 損	53,091	53,947
Intangible assets written off	無形資產撇銷	1,011	
Loss on disposal of property, plant and	出售物業、廠房及設備之虧損淨額	1,011	
equipment, net		499	128
Operating lease rentals in respect of	以下各項之經營租賃租金	-55	120
– office premises and warehouses	一辦公室物業及倉庫	23,096	27,930
– machinery	一機器	8,721	9,259
Research and development costs	研究及開發成本	1,449	2,039
Write-down of inventories	存貨撇減	31,085	1,529

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10. DIRECTORS' EMOLUMENTS

10. 董事酬金

Directors' emoluments disclosed pursuant to section 383(1) of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance and Part 2 of the Companies (Disclosure of Information about Benefits of Directors) Regulation are as follows:

董事酬金根據香港《公司條例》第383(1)條及 《公司(披露董事利益資料)規例》第2部披露如 下:

			Salaries,		Retirement		
			allowances		benefit	Share	
			and benefits	Discretionary	scheme	option	2016
Name of Directors	董事姓名	Fees	in kind	bonus	contributions	benefits	Total
			薪金、津貼及		退休福利		二零一六年
		袍金	實質利益	酌情花紅	計劃供款	購股權福利	總額
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
Executive Directors	執行董事						
CHAN How Chung, Victor	陳孝聰	_	7,653	483	18	146	8,300
BOO Chun Lon	巫峻龍	200	-	-	-	146	346
Independent Non-executive Directors	獨立非執行董事						
YUEN Wai Ho	阮煒豪	200	-	-	-	146	346
CHOW Siu Ngor	鄒小岳	200	-	-	-	146	346
LEE Ka Lun	李家麟	200	_	_	_	146	346
		800	7,653	483	18	730	9,684

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10. DIRECTORS' EMOLUMENTS (continued)

10. 董事酬金(續)

Name of Directors	董事姓名	Fees 袍金	Salaries, allowances and benefits in kind 薪金、津貼及 實質利益	Retirement benefit scheme contributions 退休福利 計劃供款	2015 Total 二零一五年 總額
		HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元
Executive Directors CHAN How Chung, Victor BOO Chun Lon	執行董事 陳孝聰 巫峻龍	- 200	6,305	18 -	6,323 200
Independent Non-executive Directors YUEN Wai Ho CHOW Siu Ngor LEE Ka Lun	獨立非執行董事 阮煒豪 鄒小岳 李家麟	200 200 200	- - -	- -	200 200 200
		800	6,305	18	7,123

There was no arrangement under which any Director waived or agreed to waive any remuneration during the years. In addition, no remuneration was paid by the Group to any of the Directors as an inducement to join, or upon joining the Group or as compensation for loss of office (2015: HK\$Nil). 於兩個年度,並無訂立任何董事藉以放棄或同意 放棄任何酬金之安排。此外,本集團並無向董事 支付任何酬金作為加入本集團或加入後之獎勵 或離職補償(二零一五年:零港元)。

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11. FIVE HIGHEST PAID INDIVIDUALS

11. 五名最高薪酬人士

Of the five individuals with the highest emoluments in the Group, one (2015: one) was a Director of the Company whose emoluments were included in the disclosures in Note 10 above. The emoluments of the remaining four (2015: four) individuals were as follows:

本集團五名最高薪酬人士之中包括一名(二零 一五年:一名)本公司董事,其酬金已載於上文 附註10之披露資料。其餘四名(二零一五年:四 名)人士之酬金如下:

		2016 二零一六年 <i>HK\$′000</i> <i>千港元</i>	2015 二零一五年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>
Salaries, allowances and benefits in kind	薪金、津貼及實質利益	5,299	7,629
Retirement benefit scheme contributions	退休福利計劃供款	55	72
Employee share option benefits	僱員購股權福利	7,884	
		13,238	7,701

Their remuneration was within the following bands:

彼等之酬金範圍如下:

		2016 二零一六年 Number of employees 僱員人數	2015 二零一五年 Number of employees 僱員人數
HK\$1,000,001 – HK\$1,500,000	1,000,001港元至1,500,000港元	-	1
HK\$1,500,001 – HK\$2,000,000	1,500,001港元至2,000,000港元	-	2
HK\$2,000,001 – HK\$2,500,000	2,000,001港元至2,500,000港元	1	-
HK\$2,500,001 – HK\$3,000,000	2,500,001港元至3,000,000港元	1	1
HK\$3,000,001 – HK\$4,000,000	3,000,001港元至4,000,000港元	1	_
HK\$4,000,001 - HK\$5,000,000	4,000,001港元至5,000,000港元	1	_
		4	4

In addition to the above and Note 10, one (2015: Nil) employee was granted share options of the Company during the year ended 31 December 2016. Details of the share option scheme are set out in Note 30.

除上文及附註10所述者外,於截至二零一六年 十二月三十一日止年度,一名(二零一五年:無) 僱員獲授本公司之購股權。有關購股權計劃之詳 情載於附註30。

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12. TAXATION

Hong Kong profits tax is made in the consolidated financial statements on estimated assessable profits derived from Hong Kong for the year at the tax rate of 16.5% (2015: 16.5%).

Two of the subsidiaries, 廣州市樂得瑞科技有限公司 (Guangzhou Latech Technology Co. Ltd.*) and 深圳市思樂數據技術有限公司 (Shenzhen Sinodata Technology Co. Ltd.*), of the Group's lottery business in the PRC are entitled to a preferential income tax rate of 15% as they are recognised as high technology enterprises for the year ended 31 December 2016 (2015: 15%).

In the current year, certain subsidiaries of the Group in the PRC are entitled to a preferential income tax rate of 10% (2015: 10%). The applicable income tax rate for other subsidiaries of the Group in the PRC is 25% (2015: 25%).

The amount of taxation charged to the consolidated income statement represents:

12. 税項

香港利得税乃就年內源自香港之估計應課税溢 利按税率16.5%(二零一五年:16.5%)於綜合 財務報表作出。

本集團彩票業務旗下位於中國之兩間附屬公司 廣州市樂得瑞科技有限公司和深圳市思樂數據 技術有限公司享有15%(二零一五年:15%)優 惠所得税率,原因為該等公司於截至二零一六年 十二月三十一日止年度被認定為高新技術企業。

於本年度,本集團若干中國附屬公司享有10% (二零一五年:10%)之優惠所得税率。本集團其 他中國附屬公司之適用所得税率為25%(二零 一五年:25%)。

於綜合收益表內扣除之税項款額指:

		2016 二零一六年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>	2015 二零一五年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>
Current tax:	當期税項: 香港利得税	765	1,210
Hong Kong profits tax			
PRC income tax (Over-provision)/under-provision	中國所得税 過往年度(超額撥備)/撥備不足	32,804	29,300
in respect of previous years		(1,707)	26
		31,862	30,536
Deferred tax:	遞延税項:		
Deferred taxation relating to the origination and reversal of temporary differences	有關產生及撥回暫時差異之 遞延税項(附註21)		
(Note 21)		(1,964)	10,999
Attributable to changes in tax rates (Note 21)	税率變動應佔(附註21)		(411)
		(1,964)	10,588
Taxation charge	税項支出	29,898	41,124

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12. TAXATION (continued)

12. 税項(續)

The taxation on the Group's (loss)/profit before taxation differs from the theoretical amount that would arise using the domestic taxation rates applicable to (loss)/profit of the consolidated companies as follows: 本集團除税前(虧損)/溢利之税項與理論上之 數額(以適用於綜合入賬公司(虧損)/溢利之 本地税率計算)之差額如下:

		2016 二零一六年 <i>HK\$′000</i> <i>千港元</i>	2015 二零一五年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>
(Loss)/profit before taxation	除税前(虧損)/溢利	(416,091)	205,358
Taxation at the domestic income tax rate of	按本地所得税率16.5%		
16.5% (2015: 16.5%)	(二零一五年:16.5%)計算之税項	(68,655)	33,884
Tax effect of income not subject to taxation	毋須課税收入之税項影響	(3,074)	(3,428)
Tax effect of expenses not deductible for	不可扣税開支之税項影響		
taxation purposes		153,324	111,430
Tax effect of utilisation of tax losses	動用税項虧損之税項影響	(4,156)	(1,712)
Tax effect of temporary differences	未確認暫時差異之税項影響		
not recognised		4,882	1,319
Tax effect of tax losses not recognised	未確認税項虧損之税項影響	7,276	2,465
Tax effect of share of profits of	分佔合營企業溢利之税項影響		
joint ventures		(71)	(92)
Effect of tax exemptions granted to	中國附屬公司獲授税項豁免之影響		
the PRC subsidiaries		(55,252)	(100,548)
(Over-provision)/under-provision of	上一年度當期税項		
current tax in previous year	(超額撥備)/撥備不足	(1,707)	26
Effect of different tax rates of subsidiaries	於其他司法權區經營之		
operating in other jurisdictions	附屬公司之不同税率影響	(2,669)	(1,809)
Change in opening deferred taxation	適用税率變動引致之		
balances resulting from changes in	年初遞延税項結餘變動		
applicable tax rates			(411)
Taxation charge	税項支出	29,898	41,124

For the year ended 31 December 2016 截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度

13. (LOSS)/EARNINGS PER SHARE

13. 每股(虧損)/盈利

(a) Basic (loss)/earnings per share

The calculation of basic (loss)/earnings per share is

based on the Group's (loss)/profit attributable to equity shareholders of the Company for the year divided by the

weighted average number of shares in issue during the

(a) 每股基本(虧損)/盈利 每股基本(虧損)/盈利乃按本公司權益股 東應佔本集團年度(虧損)/溢利除以年內 已發行股份之加權平均數計算。

year. 2016 2015 二零一六年 -零一五年 (Loss)/profit attributable to 本公司權益股東應佔 equity shareholders of the Company (虧損)/溢利(千港元) (in thousand HKD) (393,007)150,879 Weighted average number of 已發行普通股之加權平均數(千股): ordinary shares in issue (in thousand): Issued ordinary shares at 1 January 於一月一日之已發行普通股 9,983,496 9,960,025 Effect of share options exercised 已行使購股權之影響 9,536 Effect of allotment of scrip shares 配發代息股份之影響 9,903 Weighted average number of 於十二月三十一日之普通股之 ordinary shares at 31 December 加權平均數(千股) (in thousand) 9,993,032 9,969,928 每股基本(虧損)/盈利 Basic (loss)/earnings per share (3.93) cents仙 1.51 cents仙

(b) Diluted (loss)/earnings per share

The calculation of diluted (loss)/earnings per share is based on the Group's (loss)/profit attributable to equity shareholders of the Company and adjusted to reflect the interest on the convertible bonds. The weighted average number of ordinary shares used in the calculation is the number of ordinary shares in issue during the year, as used in the basic (loss)/earnings per share calculation, and the weighted average number of ordinary shares assumed to have been issued at no consideration on the deemed exercise or conversion of all potentially dilutive ordinary shares into ordinary shares of the Company.

Diluted (loss)/earnings per share for the years ended 31 December 2016 and 2015 are same as the basic (loss)/ earnings per share as both the share options and the convertible bonds outstanding during the years had an anti-dilutive effect on the basic (loss)/earnings per share.

(b) 每股攤薄(虧損)/盈利

每股攤薄(虧損)/盈利乃按本公司權益股 東應佔本集團(虧損)/溢利計算,並作出 調整以反映可換股債券之利息。計算所採 用之普通股加權平均數為年內已發行普通 股數目(與計算每股基本(虧損)/盈利所 採用者相同)及假設於所有潛在攤薄普通 股被視作行使或轉換為本公司普通股時無 償發行之普通股之加權平均數。

由於截至二零一六年及二零一五年十二月 三十一日止年度尚未行使之購股權及尚未 轉換之可換股債券對每股基本(虧損)/ 盈利具有反攤薄影響,故年內之每股攤薄 (虧損)/盈利與每股基本(虧損)/盈利相 同。

For the year ended 31 December 2016 截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度

14. ASSETS/LIABILITIES OF THE DISPOSAL GROUP CLASSIFIED AS HELD FOR SALE

On 4 January 2016, a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company entered into a sale and purchase agreement (as supplemented and amended on 23 February 2016 and 2 August 2016) (the "Sale and Purchase Agreement") with a related party, Sunjet Investments Limited ("Sunjet"), in which a director (also a substantial shareholder) of the Company has beneficial interest, for the disposal of entire interests in Multi Glory Limited ("Multi Glory") and the loan due from Multi Glory to the Group for a cash consideration of HK\$2,150,000,000 (the "Disposal"). Restructuring (the "Restructuring") was carried out to put the Disposal Group (as defined below) in place before completion of the Disposal. After the Restructuring, Multi Glory, through certain wholly-owned subsidiaries, held 100% interest in 港 樂貿易(深圳)有限公司 (Gang Le Trading (Shenzhen) Co. Ltd.*), which in turn held 100% interest in 深圳市鵬樂實業 發展有限公司 (Shenzhen Peng Le Industrial Development Co. Ltd.*), which in turn held 100% interest in 深圳市思樂數據技 術有限公司 (Shenzhen Sinodata Technology Co. Ltd.*) which in turn held 100% interest in 深圳市思樂數據設備服務有限 公司 (Shenzhen Sinodata Equipment Services Co. Ltd.*) and 50% interest in 深圳市思遠卓越科技開發有限公司 (Shenzhen Siyuan Zhuoyue Technology Development Co. Ltd.*) (hereinafter collectively referred to as the "Disposal Group"). As at 31 December 2016, it was intended that the net proceeds from the Disposal would firstly be applied by the Company for the redemption of the convertible bonds which are subject to redemption notices and in the aggregate principal amount of approximately HK\$1,431,042,000 (2015: HK\$1,848,415,000). The principal activities of the Disposal Group are design and provision of lottery systems and equipment for lottery in the PRC for traditional Welfare Computer Ticket Games operations. The Disposal was completed in February 2017. Further details are set out in the Company's announcements dated 5 January 2016, 23 February 2016, 29 March 2016, 29 April 2016, 19 May 2016, 27 July 2016, 2 August 2016, 9 January 2017, 27 January 2017, 14 February 2017 respectively and circulars dated 29 February 2016 and 30 September 2016.

Upon completion of the Disposal, it is estimated that the proceeds of the Disposal would exceed the carrying amount of the net assets of the Disposal Group, and accordingly, no impairment loss has been recognised on the assets which were classified as assets held for sale as at the end of the reporting period.

14. 分類為持作出售之出售組別之資產/負債

於二零一六年一月四日,本公司一間全資附屬 公司與關聯方Sunjet Investments Limited(本 公司一名董事兼主要股東擁有其實益權益) (「Suniet」)訂立買賣協議(於二零一六年二月 二十三日及二零一六年八月二日經補充及修 訂)(「買賣協議」),出售Multi Glory Limited (「Multi Glory」)之全部權益及Multi Glory結欠 本集團之貸款,現金代價為2,150,000,000港元 (「出售事項」)。重組(「重組」)已於出售事項完 成前進行,以使出售集團(定義見下文)成立。 於重組後, Multi Glory透過若干全資附屬公司持 有港樂貿易(深圳)有限公司之100%權益,後者 則持有深圳市鵬樂實業發展有限公司之100%權 益,後者則持有深圳市思樂數據技術有限公司之 100%權益,後者則持有深圳市思樂數據設備服 務有限公司之100%權益及深圳市思遠卓越科技 開發有限公司之50%權益(下文統稱為(「出售 集團」)。於二零一六年十二月三十一日,本公司 擬將出售事項之所得款項淨額首先用於贖回贖回 通知所涉本金總額約為1,431,042,000港元(二 零一五年:1,848,415,000港元)之可换股債券。 出售集團之主要業務為於中國為傳統福彩電腦 票營運進行彩票設計及提供彩票系統及設備業 務。出售事項已於二零一七年二月完成。進一步 詳情載於本公司日期為二零一六年一月五日、二 零一六年二月二十三日、二零一六年三月二十九 日、二零一六年四月二十九日、二零一六年五月 十九日、二零一六年七月二十七日、二零一六年 八月二日、二零一七年一月九日、二零一七年一 月二十七日及二零一七年二月十四日之公布以 及日期為二零一六年二月二十九日及二零一六 年九月三十日之通函。

於出售事項完成後,估計出售事項所得款項將超 過出售集團資產淨值之賬面金額,因此,於報告 期末並無就分類為持作出售資產之資產確認減 值虧損。

(續)

For the year ended 31 December 2016 截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度

14. ASSETS/LIABILITIES OF THE DISPOSAL GROUP

14. 分類為持作出售之出售組別之資產/負債

CLASSIFIED AS HELD FOR SALE (continued) The results of the Disposal Group classified as held for sale that are included in the consolidated income statement are shown as below:

計入綜合收益表之分類為持作出售之出售集團 之業績列示如下:

2015	2016
二零一五年	二零一六年
HK\$'000	HK\$'000
千港元	千港元

Profit for the year from the Disposal Group: 出售集團之年度溢利:

Revenue Cost of sales/services rendered Other income and other gains and losses Selling and distribution expenses Administrative expenses	收入 銷售∕提供服務之成本 其他收入以及其他收益及虧損 銷售及分銷費用 行政費用	486,643 (214,004) 11,315 (21,009) (126,772)	485,823 (217,879) 4,236 (14,961) (115,873)
Operating profit	經營溢利	136,173	141,346
Finance costs	財務費用	(3,859)	(6,190)
Profit before taxation	除税前溢利	132,314	135,156
Taxation	税項	(22,300)	(21,084)
Profit for the year	年度溢利	110,014	114,072

For the year ended 31 December 2016 截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度

14. ASSETS/LIABILITIES OF THE DISPOSAL GROUP

14. 分類為持作出售之出售組別之資產/負債

(續)

CLASSIFIED AS HELD FOR SALE (continued) The major classes of assets and liabilities of the Disposal Group classified as held for sale as at 31 December are as follows:

於十二月三十一日分類為持作出售之出售集團 之資產及負債主要類別如下:

		2016 二零一六年 <i>HK\$′000</i> 千港元	2015 二零一五年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>
Assets	資產		
Property, plant and equipment	物業、廠房及設備	117,459	138,690
Prepaid lease payments on land use rights	土地使用權之預付租約付款	41,853	42,615
Goodwill	商譽	1,026,795	1,026,795
Intangible assets	無形資產	22,054	37,991
Deposit for acquisition of	收購租賃樓宇按金		
leasehold building		169,511	452
Deferred tax assets	遞延税項資產	5,963	-
Inventories	存貨	98,474	116,397
Trade receivables	應收貿易賬款	84,692	97,231
Utility and other deposits	公用事業及其他按金	103,393	103,885
Prepayments and other receivables	預繳款項及其他應收款項	525,317	527,889
Cash and bank balances	現金及銀行結餘	100,086	144,718
Assets of the disposal group	分類為持作出售之		
classified as held for sale	出售組別之資產	2,295,597	2,236,663
Liabilities	負債		
Trade payables	應付貿易賬款	(44,397)	(36,549)
Other payables and accruals	其他應付款項及應計款項	(202,759)	(31,280)
Bank borrowings	銀行借貸	(137,456)	(71,429)
Current tax liabilities	當期税項負債	(18,731)	(9,526)
Deferred tax liabilities	遞延税項負債	(640)	(4,832)
Liabilities directly associated with	與分類為持作出售之出售組別之		
the assets of the disposal group	資產直接相關之負債		
classified as held for sale		(403,983)	(153,616)
Net assets of the disposal group	分類為持作出售之		
classified as held for sale	出售組別之淨資產	1,891,614	2,083,047
At 31 December 2016, bank loans o	of approximately 於二零一:	六年十二月三十一日,約	为55,556,000港

At 31 December 2016, bank loans of approximately HK\$55,556,000 (2015: HK\$71,429,000) are secured on leasehold buildings and land use rights in the PRC for the carrying values of approximately HK\$16,689,000 (2015: HK\$18,406,000) and HK\$26,678,000 (2015: HK\$29,378,000) respectively.

At 31 December 2016, a Company's director, Mr. Chan How Chung, Victor ("Mr. Chan") has given personal guarantee in respect of bank borrowings of approximately HK\$81,900,000 (2015: HK\$Nil).

於二零一六年十二月三十一日,約55,556,000港 元(二零一五年:71,429,000港元)之銀行貸款 以賬面值分別約為16,689,000港元(二零一五 年:18,406,000港元)及26,678,000港元(二零 一五年:29,378,000港元)之中國租賃樓宇及土 地使用權作抵押。

於二零一六年十二月三十一日,本公司董事陳孝 聰先生(「陳先生」)已就銀行貸款約81,900,000 港元(二零一五年:零港元)提供個人擔保。

For the year ended 31 December 2016 截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度

15. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

15. 物業、廠房及設備

		Leasehold buildings in the PRC erected on long term lease 按長期租賃 於中國建設之 租賃樓宇 <i>HK\$*000</i> <i>千港元</i>	Leasehold improvements 租賃物業 裝修 HK\$'000 千港元	Lottery machines 彩票機 HK\$'000 千港元	Furniture, fixtures and equipment 傢俬、裝置 及設備 HK\$'000 千港元	Plant and machinery 廠房及 機器 <i>HK\$*000</i> <i>千港元</i>	Motor vehicles バダ1000 千港元	Total <i>HK\$</i> [€] 000 <i>千港元</i>
Cost At 1 January 2015	成本 於二零一五年一月一日	31,340	38,184	109,311	47,871	137,237	14,536	378,479
Exchange realignment	外匯調整	(1,361)	(1,521)	(6,268)	(2,991)	(4,549)	(692)	(17,382)
Additions	添置	-	2,273	29,744	23,962	30	3,285	59,294
Disposals and written off	出售及撇銷	-	-	-	(741)	(2,298)	(959)	(3,998)
Reclassified as held for sale (Note 14)	分類為持作出售 (附註14)	(27,208)	(18,734)	(132,449)	(47,590)	(8,558)	(10,382)	(244,921)
At 31 December 2015 and	於二零一五年十二月三十一日及							
1 January 2016	二零一六年一月一日	2,771	20,202	338	20,511	121,862	5,788	171,472
Exchange realignment	外匯調整	-	(574)	(4)	(1,127)	(5,359)	(280)	(7,344)
Additions Disposals and written off	添置 出售及撇銷	-	704	-	893	896	426	2,919
Disposais and written off	山告及懲朝		(6,168)	(334)	(3,343)	(3,103)	(942)	(13,890)
At 31 December 2016	於二零一六年十二月三十一日	2,771	14,164		16,934	114,296	4,992	153,157
Accumulated depreciation	累計折舊							
At 1 January 2015	於二零一五年一月一日	4,795	31,199	40,218	28,788	67,082	10,138	182,220
Exchange realignment	外匯調整	(249)	(1,274)	(2,612)	(1,437)	(1,931)	(470)	(7,973)
Charge for the year	本年度支出	733	3,077	19,541	5,294	17,467	1,909	48,021
Disposals and written off	出售及撇銷	-	-	-	(706)	(2,183)	(947)	(3,836)
Reclassified as held for sale (Note 14)	分類為持作出售 (附註14)	(5,129)	(15,703)	(57,147)	(15,335)	(6,441)	(6,476)	(106,231)
At 31 December 2015 and 1 January 2016	於二零一五年十二月三十一日及 二零一六年一月一日	150	17,299		16,604	73,994	4,154	112,201
Exchange realignment		- 100	(434)	-	(918)	(2,494)	(218)	(4,064)
Charge for the year	本年度支出	93	1,472	-	1,383	(2,494) 7,517	634	(4,004)
Disposals and written off	出售及撇銷	-	(6,168)	-	(3,418)	(2,383)	(743)	(12,712)
At 31 December 2016	於二零一六年十二月三十一日	243	12,169		13,651	76,634	3,827	106,524
Net book value At 31 December 2016	賬面淨值 於二零一六年十二月三十一日	2,528	1,995	-	3,283	37,662	1,165	46,633
At 21 December 201E	於二零一五年十二月三十一日	2 6 2 1	2 002		2 007	17 050	1 60/	 50 071
At 31 December 2015	☆――――――――――――――――――――――――――――――――――――	2,621	2,903	338	3,907	47,868	1,634	59,271

Plant and machinery with carrying value of approximately HK\$31,288,000 (2015: HK\$39,753,000) are held under a sales and leaseback agreement (Note 36).

賬面值約為31,288,000港元(二零一五年: 39,753,000港元)之廠房及機器根據售後租回協 議持有(附註36)。

For the year ended 31 December 2016 截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度

16. PREPAID LEASE PAYMENTS ON LAND USE RIGHTS

16. 土地使用權之預付租約付款

		2016 二零一六年 <i>HK\$′000</i> <i>千港元</i>	2015 二零一五年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>
Cost	成本		
At beginning of the year	於年初	755	53,123
Exchange realignment	外匯調整	-	(2,319)
Reclassified as held for sale (Note 14)	分類為持作出售(附註14)		(50,049)
At end of the year	於年終	755	755
Accumulated amortisation	累計攤銷		
At beginning of the year	於年初	20	6,806
Exchange realignment	外匯調整	-	(323)
Amortisation for the year	本年度攤銷	12	971
Reclassified as held for sale (Note 14)	分類為持作出售(附註14)		(7,434)
At end of the year	於年終	32	20
Net book value	賬面淨值		
At end of the year	於年終	723	735

 The Group's interest in leasehold land and land use rights is
 本集團於租賃土地及土地使用權之權益位於香

 outside Hong Kong with medium term leases.
 港以外地區,並根據中期租賃持有。

17. GOODWILL

17. 商譽

		2016 二零一六年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>	2015 二零一五年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>
Cost	成本		
At 1 January	於一月一日	1,293,057	2,319,852
Reclassified as held for sale (Note 14)	分類為持作出售(附註14)		(1,026,795)
At 31 December	於十二月三十一日	1,293,057	1,293,057
Accumulated impairment losses	累計減值虧損		
At 1 January	於一月一日	887,851	788,530
Impairment loss	減值虧損	103,923	99,321
At 31 December	於十二月三十一日	991,774	887,851
Carrying value at 31 December	於十二月三十一日之賬面值	301,283	405,206

For the year ended 31 December 2016 截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度

17. GOODWILL (continued)

17. 商譽(續)

The carrying amount of goodwill represents the goodwill arising from acquisition of investments in lottery business and is included in the lottery business segment. The carrying amount of goodwill was allocated to groups of cash-generating units as follows: 商譽之賬面值指收購於彩票業務之投資所產生 之商譽,計入彩票業務分部。商譽賬面值乃按下 列方式分配至現金產生單位組別:

Multiple units without significant goodwill	並無重大商譽之多個單位	301,283	405,206
		HK\$′000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元
		二零一六年	二零一五年
		2016	2015

In accordance with the Group's accounting policies, the Group has assessed the recoverable amount of goodwill arising from acquisition of investments in lottery business by reference to the higher of cash-generating units' value in use and fair value less costs of disposal and determined that such goodwill has not been impaired other than the cash-generating units mentioned below. The calculations of value in use or fair value less costs of disposal require the use of cash flow projections based on financial budgets approved by the management covering the operation periods of 5 years (2015: 5 years) or contractual periods of 10 years (2015: 11 years) with pre-tax discount rates ranging from 18.23% to 18.95% (2015: 18.25% to 19.33%) per annum. The discount rates used reflect specific risks relating to the businesses and the terminal value growth rate of 3% (2015: 3%) is in line with the forecasts adopted by the lottery industry.

In the opinion of the management, the lottery industry in China will grow along with its economy in the coming decades and remains as the main contribution to the good causes which benefit the general public in China other than the cashgenerating units mentioned below, and is similar with the lottery history of other countries of the world. As a major participant in the lottery industry in the PRC over 5 years, the Group possesses an in-depth knowledge of the industry. The management believed that the projected cash flows based on financial budgets/forecasts for periods by 5 or 10 years (2015: 5 or 11 years) are reliable. 按照本集團之會計政策,本集團已參照現金產 生單位之使用價值及公允值減出售成本(以較 高者為準)評估因收購於彩票業務之投資所產生 商譽之可收回金額,並釐定該商譽並無減值,惟 下述現金產生單位除外。計算使用價值或公允 值減出售成本時,須按照經管理層批准並涵蓋 五年(二零一五年:五年)營運期或十年(二零 一五年:十一年)合約期之財務預算,並按每年 介乎18.23%至18.95%(二零一五年:18.25% 至19.33%)之税前貼現率進行現金流量預測。 所使用之貼現率反映與業務有關之特定風險,而 3%(二零一五年:3%)之持續增長率乃符合彩 票行業所採用之預測。

管理層認為,除下述現金產生單位外,中國彩票 行業於未來數十年將與經濟同步增長,並將繼續 為主要慈善收益來源,造福中國人民,與世界各 國彩票業之歷程相似。本集團已成為中國彩票業 主要參與者逾五年,擁有深厚行業知識。管理層 相信,根據五年或十年期(二零一五年:五年或 十一年期)財務預算/預測計算之預測現金流量 實屬可靠。

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17. GOODWILL (continued)

(i) Year ended 31 December 2016

One of the Group's cash-generating units which is principally engaged in lottery distribution and marketing service was fully impaired. During the year, a material contract related to lottery distribution with a lottery center expired without renewal which aggravated its business performance. Accordingly, full impairment loss on goodwill of HK\$103,923,000 was recognised.

(ii) Year ended 31 December 2015

One of the Group's cash-generating units which was principally engaged in development of mobile valueadded services using the traditional type of mobile valueadded services was impaired. During the year, most of the traditional type of the mobile value-added service has been replaced by a high technology mobile value-added service. Accordingly, further impairment loss on goodwill of HK\$99,321,000 was recognised.

The values assigned to the key assumptions represent management's assessment of future trends in the lottery industry and are based on historical data from both external and internal sources. As the above cash-generating units have been reduced to their recoverable amounts, any adverse change in the assumptions used in the calculation of recoverable amounts would result in further impairment losses.

17. 商譽(續)

- (i) 截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度 本集團其中一個現金產生單位(主要從 事彩票配送及市場服務)已全數減值。年 內,與一個彩票中心訂立之重大彩票配送 合約已屆滿及未有重續,令其業績惡化。 因此,本集團已確認全數商譽減值虧損 103,923,000港元。
- (ii) 截至二零一五年十二月三十一日止年度 本集團其中一個現金產生單位(主要從事 利用傳統流動增值服務開發手機增值服務) 已減值。年內,大部分傳統流動增值服務已 被高科技流動增值服務取代。因此,本集團 已確認商譽之進一步減值虧損99,321,000 港元。

分配至主要假設之價值乃管理層對彩票業未來 趨勢之評估,並以外部及內部資料來源之歷史數 據為基準。由於上述現金產生單位已調減至可收 回金額,故計算可收回金額時使用之假設之任何 不利變動會導致出現進一步減值虧損。

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18. INTANGIBLE ASSETS

18. 無形資產

		Computer software 電腦軟件 <i>HK\$'000</i> 千港元	Deferred development cost 遞延開發成本 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>	Operating right 經營權 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>	Total 合計 <i>HK\$[*]000</i> 千港元
Cost	成本	0.744	10 700	07 250	111 702
At 1 January 2015	於二零一五年一月一日 外匯調整	8,744	18,798	87,250	114,792
Exchange realignment	外匯調整 分類為持作出售(附註14)	(417)	(895)	(4,155)	(5,467)
Reclassified as held for sale (Note 14)	万規局符作山告(N1社14)	(3,214)	(17,903)	(83,095)	(104,212)
At 31 December 2015 and	於二零一五年十二月三十一日及				
1 January 2016	二零 五十十二八二十 日及 二零一六年一月一日	5,113	_	_	5,113
Exchange realignment	外匯調整	(274)	_	_	(274)
Write off	撤銷	(1,519)	-	-	(1,519)
At 31 December 2016	於二零一六年十二月三十一日	3,320			3,320
Accumulated amortisation	累計攤銷				
At 1 January 2015	於二零一五年一月一日	3,049	18,798	35,142	56,989
Exchange realignment	外匯調整	(192)	(895)	(2,187)	(3,274)
Charge for the year	本年度支出	1,337	(055)	14,362	15,699
Reclassified as held for sale	分類為持作出售(附註14)	.,			,
(Note 14)	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	(1,001)	(17,903)	(47,317)	(66,221)
At 31 December 2015 and	於二零一五年十二月三十一日及				
1 January 2016	二零一六年一月一日	3,193	-	_	3,193
Exchange realignment	外匯調整	(213)	_	_	(213)
Charge for the year	本年度支出	517	_	-	517
Written back on write off	因撇銷而撥回	(508)	_	_	(508)
At 31 December 2016	於二零一六年十二月三十一日	2,989			2,989
Net book value	賬面淨值				
At 31 December 2016	於二零一六年十二月三十一日	331			331
At 31 December 2015	於二零一五年十二月三十一日	1,920	_	_	1,920

- (a) The amortisation of operating rights is included in cost of sales; the amortisation of computer software and long term contracts is included in administrative expenses.
- (b) Computer software of carrying value of approximately HK\$331,000 (2015: HK\$1,920,000) is the intangible assets acquired and possessed by the lottery business. The intangible assets have definite useful lives and are amortised over their estimated useful lives of 10 years (2015: 2 to 10 years).
- (a) 經營權之攤銷計入銷售成本,而電腦軟件 及長期合約之攤銷則計入行政費用。
- (b) 賬面值約331,000港元(二零一五年: 1,920,000港元)之電腦軟件為彩票業務所 收購及擁有之無形資產。該無形資產具備 確定可用年限,並按估計可用年限十年(二 零一五年:二至十年)攤銷。

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19. INTERESTS IN JOINT VENTURES

19. 於合營企業之權益

		2016 二零一六年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>	2015 二零一五年 <i>HK\$[*]000</i> <i>千港元</i>
Share of net assets of joint ventures:	分佔合營企業資產淨值:		
Balance as at 1 January	於一月一日之結餘	377,614	384,552
Impairment loss on goodwill	商譽減值虧損	(122,396)	-
Share of (losses)/profits of joint ventures	分佔合營企業(虧損)/溢利	(65,195)	558
Share of other comprehensive expense of	分佔合營企業其他全面開支		
joint ventures		(9,207)	(7,496)
Dividend received	已收股息	(11,550)	
Balance as at 31 December	於十二月三十一日之結餘	169,266	377,614
Unlisted shares, at cost	非上市股份,按成本	269,077	269,077
Amount due to a joint venture	應付一間合營企業款項	46,195	46,195

 (a) Interests in joint ventures at 31 December 2016 include goodwill of HK\$Nil (2015: HK\$122,396,000).

- (b) Full impairment losses of goodwill and intangible assets with carrying value amounting to approximately HK\$122,396,000 and approximately HK\$58,823,000 respectively included in the interests in joint ventures were recognised in profit or loss for the year due to the keen market competition and unfavourable operating environment in scratch card market. The carrying amounts of the interests in joint ventures exceeded their recoverable amounts of approximately HK\$170,000,000. Pre-tax discount rate of 18.32% and terminal value growth rate of 3% had been used in the calculation of the value in use of the interests in joint ventures.
- (c) The amount due to a joint venture is unsecured, interest free and has no fixed terms of repayment. In the opinion of the Directors, the amount due would not likely be repaid in the following year and is therefore shown as non-current.

 (a) 於二零一六年十二月三十一日,於合營企
 業之權益包括商譽零港元(二零一五年: 122,396,000港元)。

- (b) 由於即開票市場之市場競爭激烈及經營環 境欠佳,於合營企業之權益賬面值超逾其可 收回金額約170,000,000港元,故於合營企 業之權益中賬面值分別為約122,396,000 港元及約58,823,000港元之商譽及無形資 產已全數計提減值虧損,並於本年度之損 益中確認。於計算於合營企業之權益之使 用價值時,乃按除税前貼現率18.32%及持 續增長率3%計算。
- (c) 應付一間合營企業款項為無抵押、免息及 並無指定還款期。董事認為,應付款項不大 可能於來年償還,因此列作非流動。

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19. INTERESTS IN JOINT VENTURES (continued)

19. 於合營企業之權益(續)

Details of the Group's interests in joint ventures, which are accounted for using the equity method in the consolidated financial statements, are as follows: 於綜合財務報表按權益法入賬之本集團於合營 企業之權益詳情如下:

Name	Place of incorporation/ registration 註冊成立/	Principal activities and place of operation 主要業務及	Particulars of issued/registered and paid up capital 已發行/註冊及 已繳足股本/資本	Effective interest held
名稱	註冊成立/ 註冊地點	土安未協及 營業地點	□ 繳 定 啟 平 ⁄ 員 平 詳情	所持實際權益
Happy Sun Technologies Ltd.	British Virgin Islands 英屬處女群島	Investment holding in the PRC 於中國進行投資控股	4 ordinary shares of US\$1 each 4股每股面值1美元之 普通股	50%
Success Trader Technologies Limited 誠業科技有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	Investment holding in the PRC 於中國進行投資控股	Ordinary shares of HK\$10,000 10,000港元之普通股	50%
誠業利邦科技發展(深圳)有限公司	PRC 中國	Investment holding in the PRC 於中國進行投資控股	US\$12,000,000 12,000,000美元	50%
深圳樂利科技發展有限公司	PRC 中國	Investment holding in the PRC 於中國進行投資控股	RMB54,606,000 人民幣54,606,000元	50%
北京戈德利邦科技有限公司 (Beijing Guard Libang Technology Co. Ltd.*)	PRC 中國	Provision of systems and equipment in the lottery market in the PRC 於中國彩票市場提供系統 及設備	RMB89,180,000 人民幣89,180,000元	50%

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19. INTERESTS IN JOINT VENTURES (continued)

19. 於合營企業之權益(續) 本集團分佔其合營企業(所有個別不屬重

The Group's share of the results of its joint ventures (in aggregate for all individually insignificant joint ventures), its aggregated assets and liabilities, are as follows:

本集團分佔其合營企業(所有個別不屬重大之合 營企業總計)之業績、總資產及負債如下:

		2016 二零一六年	2015 二零一五年
		—————————————————————————————————————	—
		千港元	千港元
Group's effective interest	本集團之實際權益	50%	50%
Revenue	收入	112,389	142,037
Impairment loss on goodwill	商譽減值虧損	(122,396)	_
Impairment loss on intangible assets	無形資產減值虧損	(58,823)	-
(Loss)/profit from continuing operations	來自持續經營業務之(虧損)/溢利	(130,391)	1,115
Other comprehensive expense	其他全面開支	(18,413)	(14,990
Total comprehensive expense	全面開支總額	(148,804)	(13,875
Group's share of total comprehensive expense	本集團分佔全面開支總額	(74,402)	(6,938
Dividend received from a joint venture	已收一間合營企業股息	11,550	-
Non-current assets	非流動資產	155,515	322,457
Current assets	流動資產	197,106	204,090
Current liabilities	流動負債	14,089	16,111
Equity	權益	338,532	510,436
Group's share of joint ventures' equity	本集團分佔合營企業權益	169,266	255,218
Goodwill	商譽	_	122,396
Carrying amount in the consolidated	於綜合財務報表之賬面值		
financial statements		169,266	377,614

There are no contingent liabilities relating to the Group's interests in the joint ventures, and no contingent liabilities of the joint ventures themselves.

並無有關本集團於合營企業之權益之或然負債, 合營企業本身亦無或然負債。

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19. INTERESTS IN JOINT VENTURES (continued)

19. 於合營企業之權益(續)

At 31 December 2016, the Group's share of joint ventures' future aggregate minimum lease payments under non-cancellable operating leases are payable as follows:

於二零一六年十二月三十一日,本集團分佔合營 企業根據不可撤銷經營租賃應付之未來最低租 約付款總額如下:

		2016 二零一六年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>	2015 二零一五年 <i>HK\$'000 千港元</i>
Land and buildings	土地及樓宇		
Within one year	一年內	426	482
In the second to fifth year inclusive	第二至第五年(包括首尾兩年)		7
		426	489

20. AVAILABLE-FOR-SALE FINANCIAL ASSETS

20. 可供出售金融資產

		2016 二零一六年 <i>HK\$′000</i> <i>千港元</i>	2015 二零一五年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>
Unlisted investments, at cost	非上市投資,按成本		
Balance at 1 January	於一月一日之結餘	307,810	77,182
Exchange realignment	外匯調整	(18,255)	(2,056)
Addition (Note (a))	增加 (附註(a))	556	_
Further capital injections (Note (b))	額外注資(附註(b))		232,684
		290,111	307,810
Less: Investment refund	減:投資退款	(1,305)	
Balance at 31 December	於十二月三十一日之結餘	288,806	307,810

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20. AVAILABLE-FOR-SALE FINANCIAL ASSETS (continued) Notes:

- (a) The Group invested the sum of RMB500,000 in an unlisted investment fund with a bank during the year (2015: HK\$Nil).
- (b) In 2014, the Group injected RMB200,000,000 (the "Injection") in an indirect non wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company (the "PRC Company"). HK\$5,682,000 (RMB4,546,000) of the Injection was recognised as registered share capital in the PRC Company and recognised as an available-for-sale financial asset in 2014. The remaining amount of the Injection of HK\$232,684,000 (RMB195,454,000) was transferred from prepayments and other receivables and recognised as an available-for-sale financial asset in 2015 when the relevant legal formality was completed (Note 4B(b)).
- (c) The other unlisted investment of HK\$32,695,000 (2015: HK\$34,000,000) represents the Group's cost of investment in a private enterprise fund established in the PRC. At 31 December 2016, the Group owns 18.3% (2015: 18.3%) of the paid-in capital of the investee. The Directors consider the principal activity of the investee is investment holding.

The unlisted investments are measured at cost less impairment losses, if any, at the end of the reporting period because the range of reasonable fair value estimates is so significant that the Directors of the Company are of the opinion that their fair value cannot be measured reliably. The Group does not intend to dispose of them in the near future.

20. 可供出售金融資產(續)

附註:

- (a) 本集團於年內已向一間銀行投資總計人民幣 500,000元之非上市投資基金(二零一五年:零港 元)。
- (b) 於二零一四年,本集團向本公司一間間接非全資附屬公司(「該中國公司」)注資人民幣200,000,000元(「注資」)。注資中之5,682,000港元(人民幣4,546,000元)確認為該中國公司之註冊股本,並於二零一四年確認為可供出售金融資產。餘下之注資232,684,000港元(人民幣195,454,000元)已於二零一五年相關法律程序完成時從預繳款項及其他應收款項轉撥,並確認為可供出售金融資產(附註4B(b))。
- (c) 其他非上市投資32,695,000港元(二零一五年: 34,000,000港元)指本集團於一間在中國成立之 私人企業基金之投資成本。於二零一六年十二月 三十一日,本集團擁有該接受投資公司繳入資本 之18.3%(二零一五年:18.3%)。董事認為,該接 受投資公司之主要業務為投資控股。

由於非上市投資之合理公允值估計範圍甚廣,本 公司董事認為未能可靠地計量其公允值,故此, 非上市投資於報告期末按成本扣除減值虧損(如 有)計量。本集團無意於近期將其出售。

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21. DEFERRED TAXATION

(a) Deferred tax liabilities recognised

21.	遞延	近税項		
	(a)	已確認遞延税項負債		

		Fair value adjustments on prepaid lease payments on land use rights and buildings on business combinations 於業務合併時 就土地使用權及 樓宇之預付租約 付款所作之 公允值調整 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>	Revaluation of properties 重估物業 HK\$'000 千港元	Other taxable temporary differences 其他應課税 暫時差異 HK\$'000 千港元	Total 合計 <i>HK\$*000</i> <i>千港元</i>
		17876	17876	17676	17876
At 1 January 2015 Exchange realignment Charged to the consolidated	於二零一五年一月一日 外匯調整 在綜合收益表內支銷	640 -	4,015 (191)	146,614 (977)	151,269 (1,168)
income statement (Note 12) Attributable to changes	(附註12) 税率變動應佔(附註12)	-	-	10,999	10,999
in tax rates (Note 12) Reclassified to liabilities directly associated with assets of the disposal group classified	重新分類至與分類為持作出售之 出售組別資產直接相關之負債 (附註14)	-	-	(411)	(411)
as held for sale (Note 14)		(640)	(3,824)	(368)	(4,832)
At 31 December 2015 and 1 January 2016	於二零一五年十二月三十一日及 二零一六年一月一日	_	_	155,857	155,857
Exchange realignment Credited to the consolidated	外匯調整 在綜合收益表內入賬	-	-	(880)	(880)
income statement (Note 12) Deferred tax assets reclassified to the Disposal Group	(附註12) 重新分類至分類為持作出售之 出售組別之遞延税項資產	-	-	(1,964)	(1,964)
classified as assets held for sale (Note 14)	(附註14)		-	10,155	10,155
At 31 December 2016	於二零一六年十二月三十一日			163,168	163,168

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21. DEFERRED TAXATION (continued)

21. 遞延税項(續)

- (a) Deferred tax liabilities recognised (continued) For the purpose of consolidated statement of financial position presentation, certain deferred tax assets/(liabilities) have been offset in accordance with the conditions set out. The following is the analysis of deferred tax balances shown in the consolidated statement of financial position:
- (a) 已確認遞延税項負債(續) 就呈列綜合財務狀況表而言,若干遞延税項 資產/(負債)已按照所載條件抵銷。綜合 財務狀況表所示遞延税項結餘分析如下:

	2016	2015
	二零一六年	二零一五年
	HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元
遞延税項負債	(163,245)	(155,857)
遞延税項資產	77	
	(163,168)	(155,857)
		二零一六年 <i>HK\$'000 千港元</i> 遞延税項負債 (163,245) 遞延税項資產 77

(b) Deferred tax assets/(liabilities) have not been recognised in respect of the following items:
 (b) 並未就以下項目確認遞延税項資產/(負

		2016 二零一六年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>	ニママー五年 の <i>HK\$'000</i>
Deductible temporary differences – decelerated tax depreciation – others	可扣減暫時差異 一減速税項折舊 一其他	2,980	
Tax losses	税項虧損	106,290	
		115,465	59,685
Notes:		附註:	
 The deductible temporary differences current tax legislation. 	do not expire under the	(i) 根據現行税法·可非 期。	11減暫時差異並不會到

(ii) Tax losses of approximately HK\$83,711,000 (2015: HK\$26,987,000) arising from the Group's lottery business in the PRC will expire in the fifth year commencing from the year the loss incurred whereas tax losses of approximately HK\$22,579,000 (2015: HK\$25,059,000) arising from the Group's other subsidiaries in Hong Kong do not expire under the current tax legislation. (ii) 根據現行税法、本集團於中國之彩票業務 所產生之税項虧損約83,711,000港元(二零 一五年:26,987,000港元)將自產生虧損年 度起計第五年到期,而本集團於香港之其他 附屬公司所產生之税項虧損約22,579,000港 元(二零一五年:25,059,000港元)並不會 到期。

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22. INVENTORIES

22. 存貨

(a) Inventories in the consolidated statement of financial position comprise:

		2016 二零一六年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>	2015 二零一五年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>
Raw materials	原材料	5,295	17,152
Work-in-progress	在製品	2,157	4,112
Finished goods	製成品	504	2,230
		7,956	23,494

(b)	The analysis of the amount of inventories recognised as	(b)	確認為開支並計入本集團損益之存貨數額
	expense and included in the Group's profit or loss is as		分析如下:
	follows:		

		2016 二零一六年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>	2015 二零一五年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>
Cost of inventories sold (Note 9) Cost of services provided	銷售存貨之成本(附註9) 提供服務之成本	477,393 65,917	433,073 73,645
Cost of sales/services rendered	銷售/提供服務之成本	543,310	506,718

23. TRADE RECEIVABLES

23. 應收貿易賬款

		2016 二零一六年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>	2015 二零一五年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>
Trade receivables – Lottery business	應收貿易賬款-彩票業務	490,836	760,152

The Directors consider that the carrying amounts of trade receivables approximate to their fair values. The Group generally grants credit periods of 90 to 270 days (2015: 90 to 270 days) to its trade customers.

董事認為,應收貿易賬款之賬面值與公允值相 若。本集團一般授予貿易客戶90天至270天(二 零一五年:90天至270天)之信貸期。

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23. TRADE RECEIVABLES (continued)

The ageing analysis is as follows:

賬齡分析如下:

		2016 二零一六年 <i>HK\$′000</i> <i>千港元</i>	2015 二零一五年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>
Three months or less	三個月或以下	224,922	358,148
One year or less but over three months Over one year	一年或以下但三個月以上 一年以上	189,745 76,169	382,644 19,360
		490,836	760,152

As at 31 December 2016, trade receivables of approximately HK\$76,169,000 (2015: HK\$1,776,000) were past due but not impaired. These related to a number of independent customers for whom there is no recent history of default. The ageing of these receivables is as follows:

於二零一六年十二月三十一日,約76,169,000港 元(二零一五年:1,776,000港元)之應收貿易賬 款已逾期但並未減值。該等款項乃涉及多個並無 近期欠款記錄之獨立客戶。該等應收款項之賬齡 如下:

		2016 二零一六年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>	2015 二零一五年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>
Three months or less past due One year or less but over three months	逾期三個月或以下 逾期一年或以下但三個月以上	66,437	-
past due		7,200	_
Over one year past due	逾期一年以上	2,532	1,776
		76,169	1,776

^{23.} 應收貿易賬款(續)

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23. TRADE RECEIVABLES (continued)

23. 應收貿易賬款(續)

In the opinion of the Directors, all of the other trade receivables are neither past due nor impaired.

Movements on the allowance for impairment of bad and doubtful debts are as follows:

呆壞賬減值撥備變動如下:

		2016 二零一六年 <i>HK\$′000</i> <i>千港元</i>	2015 二零一五年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>
At 1 January	於一月一日	-	1,551
Exchange realignment Reclassified as held for sale	外匯調整 重新分類為持作出售		(74) (1,477)
At 31 December	於十二月三十一日		_

Amounts charged to the allowance account are generally written off when there is no expectation of recovering additional cash. The Group does not hold any collateral as security.

24. UTILITY AND OTHER DEPOSITS

Utility and other deposits represent the deposits paid for the rollout of lottery business operation including rental, machines and equipment, projects and related utility deposits.

In the opinion of the Directors, all utility and other deposits are neither past due nor impaired.

於撥備賬扣除之款項一般於預期不可收回額外 現金時撇銷。本集團並無持有任何抵押品作為擔 保。

24. 公用事業及其他按金

公用事業及其他按金指就開展彩票業務支付之 按金,包括租金、機器及設備、項目及相關公用 事業按金。

董事認為,所有公用事業及其他按金均未逾期, 亦無減值。

董事認為,所有其他應收貿易賬款均未逾期,亦 無減值。

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25. PREPAYMENTS AND OTHER RECEIVABLES

25. 預繳款項及其他應收款項

		HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元
Prepayments and other receivables	預繳款項及其他應收款項	1,839,938	1,795,121

At the end of the reporting period, the above balances represent prepayments made to suppliers, lottery project related prepayments, staff advances and other receivables.

As at 31 December 2016, other receivables of approximately HK\$358,175,000 (2015: HK\$156,000) were impaired. As at 31 December 2016, the amount of the allowance for impairment was approximately HK\$233,529,000 (2015: HK\$151,000). The individually impaired other receivables mainly related to those which were in financial difficulties and management assessed that only a small portion of the other receivables is expected to be recovered.

In the opinion of the Directors, the remaining other receivables are neither past due nor impaired.

Movements on the allowance for impairment of bad and doubtful debts are as follows:

於報告期末,上述結餘指向供應商支付之預繳款 項、彩票項目相關預繳款項、員工墊款及其他應 收款項。

於二零一六年十二月三十一日,其他應收款項 中約358,175,000港元(二零一五年:156,000 港元)有減值需要。於二零一六年十二月三十一 日,減值撥備約為233,529,000港元(二零一五 年:151,000港元)。個別出現減值之其他應收款 項主要與陷入財困者有關,而據管理層評估,預 期只可收回小部分該等其他應收款項。

董事認為,餘下之其他應收款項均未逾期,亦無 減值。

呆壞賬減值撥備變動如下:

		2016 二零一六年	2015 二零一五年
		HK\$′000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元
At 1 January	於一月一日	151	940
Exchange realignment	外匯調整	(5,089)	(46)
Impairment recognised	已確認減值	238,467	57
Reclassified as held for sale	重新分類為持作出售		(800)
At 31 December	於十二月三十一日	233,529	151

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26. FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT OR LOSS

26. 通過損益按公允值計量之金融資產

		2016 二零一六年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>	2015 二零一五年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>
Listed securities held for trading: Equity securities listed in Hong Kong	持有作買賣之上市證券: 香港上市股本證券	132	63,935
The fair value of all equity securities is base prices in an active market.	ed on their current bid	所有股本證券之公允值乃根據 市場之購入價計算。	各自目前於活躍
Financial assets at fair value through profin within the section of operating activities working capital in the statement of cash fl	as part of changes in	通過損益按公允值計量之金融 表內經營活動一節呈列·列作營 分。	

Gains/losses on disposal of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss and their changes in fair value are recorded in other gains and losses in the consolidated income statement (Note 5).

出售通過損益按公允值計量之金融資產之收益 /虧損以及其公允值變動於綜合收益表記錄為 其他收益及虧損(附註5)。

27. CASH AND BANK BALANCES

27. 現金及銀行結餘

		2016 二零一六年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>	2015 二零一五年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>
Fixed bank deposits	定期銀行存款		491,429
Cash at banks – general accounts – segregated accounts Cash in hand	銀行現金 一一般賬戶 一獨立賬戶 手頭現金	2,136,292 _ 	605,665 330 649
		2,136,962	606,644
		2,136,962	1,098,073

Fixed bank deposits represented fixed bank deposits with maturity at acquisition over 3 months and within 1 year.

定期銀行存款指於收購後三個月內及一年內到 期之定期銀行存款。

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27. CASH AND BANK BALANCES (continued)

27. 現金及銀行結餘(續)

Cash and bank balances include the following amounts denominated in currencies other than the Company's functional currency, HK dollars:

在現金及銀行結餘中,包括下列以本公司功能貨 幣港元以外貨幣列值之款額:

		2016 二零一六年 <i>'000</i> <i>千元</i>	2015 二零一五年 <i>'000</i> <i>千元</i>
US dollars	美元	29,926	27,691
Renminbi	人民幣	1,001,342	731,702

Cash and cash equivalents include the following for the purpose of the consolidated statement of cash flows:

就綜合現金流量表而言,現金及現金等價物包括 下列各項:

		2016 二零一六年 <i>HK\$′000</i> <i>千港元</i>	2015 二零一五年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>
Cash in hand	手頭現金	670	649
	,		
Cash at banks – general accounts	銀行現金--般賬戶	2,136,292	605,665
Cash and bank balances included	列入分類為持作出售之出售組別之		
in a disposal group classified	現金及銀行結餘(附註14)		
as held for sale (Note 14)		100,086	144,718
Cash and cash equivalents in the	列入綜合現金流量表之現金及		
consolidated statement of cash flows	現金等價物	2,237,048	751,032

28. NON-CASH TRANSACTION

During the year ended 31 December 2015, further capital injections made for the available-for-sale financial asset as mentioned in Note 20 was transferred from prepayments and other receivables of HK\$232,684,000.

During the year ended 31 December 2015, 23,470,628 new ordinary shares were allotted and issued at HK\$0.4598 per share in respect of the final dividend for the year ended 31 December 2014.

28. 非現金交易

截至二零一五年十二月三十一日止年度,就可供 出售金融資產作出之額外注資(見附註20)已轉 撥自232,684,000港元之預繳款項及其他應收款 項。

截至二零一五年十二月三十一日止年度,本公司 就截至二零一四年十二月三十一日止年度之末期 股息按每股0.4598港元配發及發行23,470,628 股新普通股。

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29. SHARE CAPITAL

29. 股本

			Number	
			of shares	Amount
			股份數目	金額
			'000	HK\$'000
	_		千股	千港元
Ordinary shares of HK\$0.01 each	每股面值0.01港元之普	通股		
Authorised:	法定:			
At 1 January 2015, 31 December 2015 and	於二零一五年一月一日	、二零一五	年	
31 December 2016	十二月三十一日及二	零一六年		
	十二月三十一日		20,000,000	200,000
Issued and fully paid:	已發行及繳足:			
At 1 January 2015	こ 531〕及臧正・ 於二零一五年一月一日		9,960,025	99,600
Issue of shares in lieu of cash dividends	於二零 五年 万 口 發行股份代替現金股息	(限計 主主 (っ))	9,900,025	99,000
(Note (a))	级111X1/1、自 <i>党亚队</i> 态	(P) = (a))	23,471	235
				233
At 31 December 2015	於二零一五年十二月三	$+- \square$	9,983,496	99,835
Exercise of share options (Note (b))	行使購股權(附註(b))		45,000	450
At 31 December 2016	於二零一六年十二月三	十一日	10,028,496	100,285
Notes:		附註		
Notes.		P1) #I	•	
(a) On 31 July 2015, 23,470,628 new ordinary and issued at HK\$0.4598 per share in respec for the year ended 31 December 2014.		(a)	於二零一五年七月三十一日,本 一四年十二月三十一日止年度之 股份0.4598港元配發及發行23,4 股。	末期股息按每股
(b) During the year ended 31 December 201	6 45 000 000 share	(b)	於截至二零一六年十二月二十	上一日止年度。

- (b) During the year ended 31 December 2016, 45,000,000 share options were exercised by the eligible option holders at their respective exercise prices for a total cash consideration of HK\$4,869,000, resulting in an issue of 45,000,000 new ordinary shares of HK\$0.01 each.
- (b) 於截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度, 45,000,000份購股權由合資格購股權持有人按相 關行使價行使,總現金代價為4,869,000港元,因而 發行45,000,000股每股面值0.01港元之新普通股。

All new ordinary shares issued during the year rank pari passu in all respects with the existing shares.

年內發行之所有新普通股在各方面均與現有股 份享有同等地位。

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30. SHARE OPTION SCHEME

2012 Scheme

The purpose of the 2012 Scheme is to enable the Company to grant options to eligible participants as incentives and/or rewards for their contribution to, and continuing efforts to promote the interests of, the Group.

According the 2012 Scheme, the Board may grant options to the eligible participants as defined in the 2012 Scheme to subscribe for such number of shares as the Board may determine. Options granted should be accepted within 30 days from the date of the letter of grant. Upon acceptance of the options, the grantee shall pay HK\$1.00 to the Company by way of consideration for the grant. Subject to the terms of the 2012 Scheme and all applicable laws, the Board has the power to determine the period within which payments or calls must or may be made.

The exercise price of options shall be determined by the Board, which shall be at least the highest of (i) the closing price of the shares as stated in the daily quotations sheet of the Stock Exchange on the date of the grant, which must be a business day; (ii) the average closing price of the shares as stated in the daily quotations sheets of the Stock Exchange for the five business days immediately preceding the date of the grant; and (iii) the nominal value of a share.

The maximum number of shares which may be issued upon the exercise of all options to be granted under the 2012 Scheme and any other share option scheme(s) of the Company must not exceed 10% of the issued share capital of the Company on the date of approval and adoption of the 2012 Scheme provided that the Company may at any time seek approval from its shareholders to refresh the limit to 10% of the shares in issue as at the date of approval by the shareholders in general meeting where such limit is refreshed. Options previously granted under any share option schemes of the Company (including those outstanding, cancelled, lapsed in accordance with such schemes or exercised options) will not be counted for the purpose of calculating the limit as refreshed.

30. 購股權計劃

二零一二年計劃

二零一二年計劃旨在使本公司可向合資格參與 人士授出購股權,作為彼等對本集團所作出之貢 獻及為提升本集團利益所作出之不懈努力之獎 勵及/或回報。

根據二零一二年計劃,董事會可向二零一二年計 劃所界定之合資格參與人士授出購股權,以認購 董事會所釐定數目之股份。授出之購股權須自授 出函件日期起計30日內接納。接納購股權時,承 授人須向本公司支付1.00港元作為獲授購股權 之代價。受二零一二年計劃之條款及所有適用法 律所規限,董事會有權釐定必須或可能作出付款 或通知付款之期限。

購股權之行使價由董事會釐定,須至少為下列之 最高者:(i)於授出日期(必須為營業日)聯交所 每日報價表所報股份之收市價:(ii)於緊接授出 日期前五個營業日聯交所每日報價表所報股份 之平均收市價;及(iii)股份之面值。

因行使根據二零一二年計劃及本公司任何其他 購股權計劃授出之所有購股權而可發行之股份 數目上限,不得超過批准及採納二零一二年計劃 當日本公司已發行股本之10%,惟本公司可隨 時徵求股東批准將上限重新釐定為股東於股東 大會上批准重新釐定上限當日之已發行股份之 10%。計算重新釐定之上限時,先前根據本公司 任何購股權計劃授出之購股權(包括根據該等 計劃尚未行使、已註銷、已失效或已行使之購股 權)將不會計算在內。

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30. SHARE OPTION SCHEME (continued)

2012 Scheme (continued)

The total number of shares issued and which may fall to be issued upon exercise of the options granted under the 2012 Scheme and any other share option scheme(s) of the Company (including exercised, cancelled and outstanding options) to each eligible participant in any 12-month period up to and including the date of grant shall not exceed 1% of the shares in issue as at the date of grant unless such grant has been duly approved by ordinary resolution of the shareholders of the Company in general meeting at which the relevant eligible participant and his associates abstained from voting. Options granted to substantial shareholders or independent non-executive directors or any of their respective associates in any 12-month period in excess of 0.1% of the Company's issued share capital on the date of grant or with a value in excess of HK\$5,000,000 must be approved in advance by the Company's shareholders.

The period during which an option may be exercised will be determined by the Board at its absolute discretion, save that no options can be exercised more than 10 years after it has been granted. There is no general requirement that an option must be held for any minimum period before it can be exercised. The 2012 Scheme will expire on 28 June 2022.

30. 購股權計劃(續)

二零一二年計劃(續)

於截至及包括授出購股權日期前任何12個月內, 因行使根據二零一二年計劃及本公司任何其他 購股權計劃授出之購股權(包括已行使、已註銷 及尚未行使之購股權)而已發行及可發行予每名 合資格參與人士之股份總數,不得超過授出購股 權當日之已發行股份之1%,除非有關授出已於 股東大會上獲本公司股東以普通決議案正式批 准(相關合資格參與人士及其聯繫人須於會上放 棄投票),則作別論。倘於任何12個月期間向主 要股東或獨立非執行董事或彼等各自之任何聯 繫人授出超逾本公司於授出日期已發行股本之 0.1%或價值超出5,000,000港元之購股權,則須 先經本公司股東批准。

購股權行使期將由董事會全權酌情釐定,惟授出 購股權日期起計10年後不可行使購股權。本公司 並無限制行使前必須持有購股權之最短期限之 一般規定。二零一二年計劃將於二零二二年六月 二十八日屆滿。

For the year ended 31 December 2016 截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度

30. SHARE OPTION SCHEME (continued)

The following table discloses movements in the 2012 Scheme:

下表披露二零一二年計劃之變動:

During the year ended 31 December 2016:

於截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度:

						of share option: 股權數目(<i>千份)</i>		
Grantees	Date of offer to grant options	Exercise price per share	Exercisable period	Outstanding at 01.01.2016 於	Granted during the year	Exercised during the year	Lapsed during the year	Outstanding at 31.12.2016 於 二零一六年
承授人	授出購股權 要約日期	每股 行使價 <i>HK\$</i> 港元	行使期	二零一六年 一月一日 尚未行使	年內授出 (Note (a)) (附註(a))	年內行使	年內失效 (Note (b)) (附註(b))	— 十二月 三十一日 尚未行使
Directors 董事	29.09.2016	0.1082	29.09.2016 - 28.09.2018	-	25,000	-	-	25,000
Employees 僱員	07.01.2014	1.090	13.01.2014 - 06.01.2016	2,000	-	-	(2,000)	-
准只	27.06.2014	0.910	15.07.2014 - 26.06.2016	120,000	-	-	(120,000)	-
	29.09.2016	0.1082	29.09.2016 - 28.09.2018	_	330,000	(45,000)		285,000
				122,000	355,000	(45,000)	(122,000)	310,000

During the year ended 31 December 2015:

於截至二零一五年十二月三十一日止年度:

					Number 購	of share option 設權數目(<i>千份)</i>	s ('000)	
Grantees	Date of offer to grant options	Exercise price per share	Exercisable period	Outstanding at 01.01.2015	Granted during the year	Exercised during the year	Lapsed during the year	Outstanding at 31.12.2015 於
承授人	授出購股權 要約日期	每股 行使便 <i>HK\$</i> 港元	行使期	於 二零一五年 一月一日 尚未行使	年內授出	年內行使	年內失效 (Note (b)) (附註(b))	二零一五年 十二月 三十一日 尚未行使
Employees 僱員	07.01.2014	1.090	13.01.2014 - 06.01.2016	2,000	-	-	-	2,000
催貝	27.06.2014	0.910	15.07.2014 - 26.06.2016	160,000			(40,000)	120,000
				162,000			(40,000)	122,000

Notes:

- (a) The closing price of the share immediately before the date of grant on 29 September 2016 was HK\$0.102.
- (a) 緊接授出日期(即二零一六年九月二十九日)前之 股份收市價為0.102港元。

附註:

- (b) The respective share option reserve of approximately HK\$6,329,000 (2015: HK\$2,074,000) has been transferred to retained profits during the year ended 31 December 2016.
- (b) 於截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度,相 關購股權儲備約6,329,000港元(二零一五年: 2,074,000港元)已轉撥至保留溢利。

^{30.} 購股權計劃(續)

For the year ended 31 December 2016 截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度

30. SHARE OPTION SCHEME (continued)

30. 購股權計劃(續)

(a) Details of share options exercised during the year ended 31 December 2016:

(a) 於截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度 行使購股權詳情:

Exercise date	Exercise price	Market value per share at exercise date 行使日	Proceeds received	Number of share options
行使日	行使價	每股市價	已收所得款項	購股權數目
	HK\$	HK\$	HK\$'000	'000
	港元	港元	千港元	千份
07.10.2016 – 14.11.2016	0.1082	0.121 – 0.129	4,869	45,000

The weighted average share price at the date of exercise for share options exercised during the year ended 31 December 2016 was HK\$0.127 per share.

(b) The number and weighted average exercise prices of share options

Movements in the number of share options outstanding and their related weighted average exercise prices are as follows: 於截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度 已行使購股權行使日之加權平均股價為每 股0.127港元。

(b) 購股權之數目及加權平均行使價

尚未行使購股權數目變動及其有關加權平 均行使價如下:

		2016		20	15	
		二零	二零一六年		二零一五年	
		Average		Average		
		exercise price	Number of	exercise price	Number of	
		per share	share options	per share	share options	
		每股		每股		
		平均行使價	購股權數目	平均行使價	購股權數目	
		HK\$	'000	HK\$	'000	
		港元	千份	港元	千份	
Outstanding at 1 January	於一月一日尚未行使	0.913	122,000	0.912	162,000	
Granted	已授出	0.108	355,000	-	-	
Exercised	已行使	0.108	(45,000)	-	-	
Lapsed	已失效	0.913	(122,000)	0.910	(40,000)	
Outstanding and exercisable	於十二月三十一日尚未行使					
at 31 December	及可行使	0.108	310,000	0.913	122,000	

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30. SHARE OPTION SCHEME (continued)

(b) The number and weighted average exercise prices of share options (continued)

The options outstanding at 31 December 2016 had exercise price of HK\$0.1082 (2015: HK\$0.910 to HK\$1.090) and a weighted average remaining contractual life of 1.74 years (2015: 0.48 year). No option was cancelled during the years 2016 and 2015.

The exercise in full of the outstanding 310,000,000 (2015: 122,000,000) share options at 31 December 2016 would, under the present capital structure of the Company, result in the issue of 310,000,000 (2015: 122,000,000) additional shares for a total cash consideration, before expenses, of approximately HK\$33,542,000 (2015: HK\$111,380,000).

(c) Fair value of share options and assumptions

During the year ended 31 December 2016, 355,000,000 options were granted and were fully vested immediately. The estimated fair value of the options granted in 2016 was approximately HK\$10,367,000.

The fair value was calculated using the Black-Scholes option pricing model. The weighted average inputs into the model were as follows:

30. 購股權計劃(續)

(b) 購股權之數目及加權平均行使價(續)

於二零一六年十二月三十一日尚未行使之 購股權之行使價為0.1082港元(二零一五 年:0.910港元至1.090港元,而加權平均餘 下合約年期則為1.74年(二零一五年:0.48 年)。二零一六年及二零一五年內並無註銷 任何購股權。

根據本公司現時之資本架構,悉數行 使於二零一六年十二月三十一日尚 未行使之310,000,000份(二零一五 年:122,000,000份)購股權將導致 發行310,000,000股(二零一五年: 122,000,000股)額外股份,總現金代價 於扣除開支前約為33,542,000港元(二零 一五年:111,380,000港元)。

(c) 購股權公允值及假設

截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度, 355,000,000份購股權已授出並即時悉數 歸屬。於二零一六年授出之購股權之公允 值估計約為10,367,000港元。

公允值乃使用布力克-舒爾茨期權定價模型計算。該模型之加權平均輸入值如下:

Share options granted 已授出購股權 Date of offer to grant options 29.09.2016 授出購股權要約日期 二零一六年九月二十九日

Share price Exercise price Expected volatility Expected option life (in year) Risk-free rate Dividend yield 股價 行使價 預期波幅 預期購股權期限(按年計) 無風險利率 股息率 HK\$0.106港元 HK\$0.1082港元 89.812% 0.65 0.358% 0.00%

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30. SHARE OPTION SCHEME (continued)

(c) Fair value of share options and assumptions

(continued)

The expected volatility was determined by using the historical volatility of the Company's share price over the previous 260 days. The expected life used in the model had been adjusted, based on the managements' estimate, for the effects of non transferability, exercise restrictions and behavioral considerations.

The Group recognised share-based payment of approximately HK\$10,367,000 for the year ended 31 December 2016.

31. RESERVES

(a) The amounts of the Group's reserves and the movements therein for the current and prior years are presented in the consolidated statement of changes in equity of the consolidated financial statements.

(b) Nature and purposes of the reserves

(i) Share premium

The application of the share premium account is governed by section 40 of the Bermuda Companies Act 1981 Bermuda.

(ii) Capital redemption reserve

Capital redemption reserve arises from the reduction of the nominal value of the issued capital of the Company upon the cancellation of the repurchased shares.

(iii) Convertible bonds reserve

Convertible bonds reserve represents the amount allocated to the equity component of convertible bonds issued by the Company recognised in accordance with the accounting policy adopted for convertible bonds in Note 2(p).

(iv) Share-based payment reserve

The share-based payment reserve represents the fair value of the actual or estimated number of unexercised share options granted to employees of the Company recognised in accordance with the accounting policy adopted for share based payments in Note 2(q)(iii).

30. 購股權計劃(續)

(c) 購股權公允值及假設(續)

預期波幅乃使用本公司股價於過往260日 之歷史波幅釐定。該模型所用之預計年期 已根據管理層之估計就不可轉讓性、行使 限制及行為考量之影響而調整。

截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度, 本集團確認以股份支付款項約10,367,000 港元。

31. 儲備

- (a) 本集團本年度及過往年度之儲備金額及其 變動於綜合財務報表中之綜合權益變動表 呈列。
- (b) 儲備性質及目的
 - (i) 股份溢價 股份溢價賬之應用受一九八一年百慕 達公司法第40條所規管。
 - (ii) 資本贖回儲備 資本贖回儲備乃因註銷購回股份致使 本公司已發行資本面值減少所產生。
 - (iii) 可換股債券儲備 可換股債券儲備指按照附註2(p)就可 換股債券所採納之會計政策而確認之 本公司所發行可換股債券權益部分獲 分配之金額。
 - (iv) 以股份支付款項之儲備 以股份支付款項之儲備指根據附註 2(q)(iii)就以股份支付款項而採納之會 計政策確認之本公司僱員實際或估計 獲授且尚未行使之購股權數目之公允 值。

For the year ended 31 December 2016 截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度

31. RESERVES (continued)

- (b) Nature and purposes of the reserves (continued)
 - (v) Exchange translation reserve

The exchange translation reserve comprises all foreign exchange differences arising from the translation of the financial statements of foreign operations. The reserve is dealt with in accordance with the accounting policy in Note 2(u).

(vi) Contributed surplus

The contributed surplus of the Company as at 31 December 2016 represents the difference between the consolidated net assets of REXCAPITAL Financial Group Limited at the date when its shares were acquired by the Company, and the nominal amount of the Company's shares issued for the acquisition, less dividends paid in 2000.

(c) Distribution of reserves

Under the Company Act 1981 of Bermuda (as amended), the contributed surplus account of the Company is available for distribution. However, the Company cannot declare or pay a dividend, or make a distribution out of the contributed surplus, if:

- (i) the Company is, or would after the payment be, unable to pay its liabilities as they become due; or
- (ii) the realisable value of the Company's assets would thereby be less than the aggregate of its liabilities and its issued share capital and the share premium account.

31. 儲備(續)

- (b) 儲備性質及目的(續) (v) 應兑儲備 匯兑儲備包括因換算境外業務之財務 報表而產生之所有匯兑差額。該儲備 乃根據附註2(u)之會計政策處理。
 - (vi) 繳入盈餘 本公司於二零一六年十二月三十一日 之繳入盈餘指REXCAPITAL Financial Group Limited於其股份被本公司收購 當日之綜合資產淨值與就收購而發行 之本公司股份面值間之差額,再扣除 於二零零零年派付之股息。
- (c) 分派儲備 根據一九八一年百慕達公司法(經修訂), 本公司之繳入盈餘賬乃可供分派。然而,倘 發生以下情況,則本公司不可宣派或派付 股息,或從繳入盈餘作出分派:
 - (i) 本公司未能或於支付款項後將未能於 負債到期時償付其負債;或
 - (ii) 本公司資產之可變現價值將因此而少 於其負債與其已發行股本及股份溢價 賬之合計金額。

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31. RE	SERVES (continued)	31.	儲條	備 (續)
(c)	Distribution of reserves (continued)		(c)	分派儲備 (續)
	In the opinion of the Directors, the Company's reserves			董事認為,本公司於報告期末可供分派予
	disclosed in Note 47 available for distribution to			股東之儲備(於附註47披露)如下:
	shareholders as at the end of the reporting period were as			
	follows:			

		2016	2015
		二零一六年	二零一五年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Contributed surplus	繳入盈餘	199,605	199,605
Retained profits	保留溢利	156,350	559,846
		355,955	759,451

32. TRADE PAYABLES

32. 應付貿易賬款

		2016 二零一六年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>	2015 二零一五年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>
Other client payables Trade payables – Lottery business	應付其他客戶賬款 應付貿易賬款-彩票業務	314 1,487	314 2,414
		1,801	2,728

Other client payables are repayable on demand and bear interest at prevailing market rates.

No ageing analysis is disclosed for other client payables as, in the opinion of the Directors, the ageing analysis does not give additional value in view of the nature of business.

Trade payables are expected to be settled within one year or are repayable on demand.

The Directors consider that the carrying amount of trade payables approximate to their fair values.

應付其他客戶賬款須按要求償還,並按現行市場 利率計息。

由於董事認為基於業務性質,賬齡分析意義不 大,因此並無披露應付其他客戶賬款之賬齡分 析。

應付貿易賬款預期於一年內支付或須按要求償 還。

董事認為,應付貿易賬款之賬面值與其公允值相 若。

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32. TRADE PAYABLES (continued)

32. 應付貿易賬款(續)

The ageing analysis of the Group's trade payables – Lottery business is as follows:

本集團應付貿易賬款-彩票業務之賬齡分析如 下:

		2016 二零一六年 <i>HK\$'000 千港元</i>	2015 二零一五年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>
Three months or less Over three months	三個月或以下 三個月以上	- 1,487	966 1,448
over three months	— 四方文上	1,487	2,414

33. OTHER PAYABLES AND ACCRUALS

Other payables and accruals of the Group are expected to be settled or recognised as income within one year or are repayable on demand.

The Directors consider that the carrying amounts of other payables and accruals of the Group approximate to their fair values.

33. 其他應付款項及應計款項

本集團之其他應付款項及應計款項預期於一年 內償還或確認為收入或須按要求償還。

董事認為,本集團之其他應付款項及應計款項之 賬面值與其公允值相若。

34. BANK BORROWINGS

34. 銀行借貸

		2016 二零一六年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>	2015 二零一五年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>
Bank loans – secured and due within one year	銀行貸款 一有抵押及於一年內到期	4,901	
The bank loans are repayable within one facility is withdrawn. These borrowings are lottery business of the Group.		銀行貸款須於一年內或信貸撤回 貸用作本集團彩票業務之所需資	
The bank loans of approximately HK\$ HK\$Nil) are secured by the trade receivable approximately HK\$15,052,000 (2015: HK\$N by a subsidiary of the Group.	s of a subsidiary of	約4,901,000港元(二零一五年: 貸款以一間附屬公司約15,052, 一五年:零港元)之應收貿易賬款 本集團一間附屬公司擔保。	000港元(二零
The effective interest rates on the Group's b to contractual interest rates.	orrowings are equal	本集團借貸之實際利率相等於合	約利率。

For the year ended 31 December 2016 截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度

34. BANK BORROWINGS (continued)

34. 銀行借貸(續)

The Directors considered that the fair values of borrowings at the end of the reporting period approximate to their carrying amounts.

Bank borrowings included the following amount denominated in a currency other than the Company's functional currency, HK dollars:

董事認為,借貸於報告期末之公允值與賬面值相 若。

銀行借貸包括下列以本公司功能貨幣港元以外 貨幣列值之款項:

Renminbi	人民幣	4,412	_
		千元	千元
		<i>'000</i>	<i>'000</i>
		二零一六年	二零一五年
		2016	2015

35. CONVERTIBLE BONDS

(i) CB2019

On 9 April 2014, the Company entered into a subscription agreement to issue up to HK\$1,900,000,000 principal amount of 4.5% convertible bonds due in 2019. On 17 April 2014, the issue of principal amounts of HK\$1,200,000,000 of the convertible bonds and HK\$400,000,000 of the convertible bonds pursuant to an option under the subscription agreement being exercised in full before the closing date of the option was completed (the "Firm & Option Bonds 2019"). On 8 July 2014, the issue of HK\$300,000,000 in principal amount of the convertible bonds to Kingly Profits Corporation ("Kingly") was completed pursuant to the subscription agreement (the "VC Bonds 2019", and together with Firm & Option Bonds 2019, the "CB2019").

Each bond of CB2019 will, at the option of the holder ("CB2019 Bondholders"), be convertible (unless previously redeemed, converted or purchased and cancelled) on or after 27 May 2014 up to and including 7 April 2019 into fully paid ordinary shares of the Company with a par value of HK\$0.01 each at a conversion price of HK\$1.407 per share, subject to adjustments in accordance with the terms and conditions of the bonds agreement as a result of dilutive events.

35. 可換股債券

(i) 二零一九年可換股債券

於二零一四年四月九日,本公司訂立認購 協議,以發行於二零一九年到期,本金額 最高為1,900,000,000港元之4.5厘可換股 債券。於二零一四年四月十七日,已完成 因根據認購協議項下之選擇權於選擇權截 止日期前獲悉數行使而發行本金額分別為 1,200,000,000港元及400,000,000港元之 可換股債券(「二零一九年實發及增發債 券」)。於二零一四年七月八日,已完成根 據認購協議向Kingly Profits Corporation (「Kingly」)發行本金額為300,000,000港 元之可換股債券(「二零一九年陳先生債 券」,連同二零一九年實發及增發債券統稱 為「二零一九年可換股債券」)。

二零一九年可換股債券之每份債券將按持 有人(「二零一九年可換股債券持有人」)之 選擇於二零一四年五月二十七日或之後截 至及包括二零一九年四月七日轉換(先前 已贖回、轉換或購回並註銷者除外)為本公 司每股面值0.01港元之繳足普通股,轉換 價為每股1.407港元,根據債券協議之條款 及條件,轉換價可就攤薄事件作出調整。

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35. CONVERTIBLE BONDS (continued)

(i) CB2019 (continued)

The CB2019 were issued at an initial conversion price of HK\$1.407 per share. As a result of the interim dividend for the six months ended 30 June 2014 and final dividend for the year ended 31 December 2014, pursuant to the conditions of the CB2019, the conversion price of the CB2019, had been adjusted from HK\$1.407 to HK\$1.390 and from HK\$1.390 to HK\$1.370 per share with effect from 31 October 2014 and 19 June 2015 respectively.

(ii) CB2016

On 21 September 2011, the Company entered into a subscription agreement to issue up to HK\$1,040,200,000 principal amount of 6% convertible bonds due in 2016. On 28 September 2011, the issue of principal amount of HK\$816,900,000 of the convertible bonds was completed (the "Firm Bonds"). On 7 November 2011, the issue of principal amount of HK\$70,000,000 of the convertible bonds was completed pursuant to an option under the subscription agreement being partially exercised before the closing date of the option (the "Option Bonds"). On 28 November 2011, the issue of HK\$77,800,000 in principal amount of the convertible bonds to Kingly was completed pursuant to the subscription agreement (the "VC Bonds", together with the Firm Bonds and Option Bonds, the "Existing Bonds").

On 3 September 2012, the Company entered into a subscription agreement to issue up to HK\$429,000,000 principal amount of 6% convertible bonds due in 2016. On 13 September 2012, the issue of principal amount of HK\$312.000.000 of the convertible bonds was completed (the "New Underwritten Bonds"). On 19 October 2012, the issue of principal amount of HK\$78,000,000 of convertible bonds was completed pursuant to an option under the subscription agreement being exercised in full before the closing date of the option (the "New Option Bonds"). On 13 November 2012, the issue of HK\$39,000,000 in principal amount of the convertible bonds to Kingly was completed pursuant to the subscription agreement (the "New VC Bonds", and together with the New Underwritten Bonds and New Option Bonds, the "New Bonds").

35. 可換股債券(續)

- (i) 二零一九年可換股債券(續) 二零一九年可換股債券按初步轉換價每股 1.407港元發行。由於派付截至二零一四 年六月三十日止六個月之中期股息及截至 二零一四年十二月三十一日止年度之末期 股息,故根據二零一九年可換股債券之條 件,二零一九年可換股債券之轉換價已分 別自二零一四年十月三十一日及二零一五 年六月十九日起,由每股1.407港元調整至 1.390港元及由1.390港元調整至1.370港 元。
- (ii) 二零一六年可換股債券

於二零一一年九月二十一日,本公司訂立認 購協議,以發行於二零一六年到期、本金額 最高為1,040,200,000港元之6厘可換股債 券。於二零一一年九月二十八日,已完成發 行本金額為816,900,000港元之可換股債 券(「實發債券」)。於二零一一年十一月七 日,已完成因根據認購協議項下之選擇權於 選擇權截止日期前獲部分行使而發行本金 額為70,000,000港元之可換股債券(「增發 債券」)。於二零一一年十一月二十八日,已 完成根據認購協議向Kingly發行本金額為 77,800,000港元之可換股債券(「陳先生債 券」,連同實發債券及增發債券統稱為「現 有債券」)。

於二零一二年九月三日,本公司訂立認購 協議,以發行於二零一六年到期、本金額最 高為429,000,000港元之6厘可換股債券。 於二零一二年九月十三日,已完成發行本金 額為312,000,000港元之可換股債券(「新 包銷債券」)。於二零一二年十月十九日, 已完成因根據認購協議項下之選擇權於選 擇權截止日期前獲悉數行使而發行本金額 為78,000,000港元之可換股債券(「新增發 債券」)。於二零一二年十一月十三日,已 完成根據認購協議向Kingly發行本金額為 39,000,000港元之可換股債券(「新陳先生 債券」,連同新包銷債券及新增發債券統稱 為「新債券」)。

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35. CONVERTIBLE BONDS (continued)

(ii) CB2016 (continued)

The New Bonds have the same terms and conditions as the Existing Bonds (the Existing Bonds and together with the New Bonds, the "CB2016"), in all respects except for the issue date and issue price which is 109.5% of the principal amount and will be consolidated and form a single series with the Existing Bonds and vote together as one series on all matters with respect to the Existing Bonds.

Each bond of CB2016 will, at the option of the holder ("CB2016 Bondholders"), be convertible (unless previously redeemed, converted or purchased and cancelled) on or after 8 November 2011 up to and including 18 September 2016 into fully paid ordinary shares of the Company with a par value of HK\$0.01 each at a conversion price of HK\$0.6175 per share, subject to adjustments in accordance with the terms and conditions of the bonds agreement as a result of dilutive events.

The CB2016 were issued at an initial conversion price of HK\$0.6175 per share. As a result of the final dividend for the year ended 31 December 2012, 2013 and 2014 and the interim dividend for the six months ended 30 June 2013 and 2014, pursuant to the conditions of the CB2016 agreement, the conversion price of the CB2016, had been adjusted from HK\$0.6175 to HK\$0.61, from HK\$0.61 to HK\$0.60, from HK\$0.60 to HK\$0.58, from HK\$0.58 to HK\$0.57 and from HK\$0.57 to HK\$0.56 per share with effect from 19 June 2013, 31 October 2013, 19 June 2014, 31 October 2014 and 19 June 2015 respectively.

On 9 September 2016, an extraordinary resolution was duly passed by the CB2016 Bondholders at a meeting held to extend the maturity date to 28 February 2017.

Kingly is a company indirectly wholly-owned by Mr. Chan How Chung, Victor, a director and substantial shareholder of the Company. The issue of the VC Bonds 2019, the New VC Bonds and the VC Bonds to Kingly constituted a non-exempt connected transaction under Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules.

The CB2016 and the CB2019 (the "Bonds") are both listed on Singapore Exchange Securities Trading Limited.

35. 可換股債券(續)

(ii) 二零一六年可換股債券(續) 新債券在各方面與現有債券(現有債券連同 新債券統稱為「二零一六年可換股債券」) 之條款及條件相同,惟發行日期及發行價 (為本金額之109.5%)除外,將會與現有債 券合併並構成同一系列,且作為同一系列 就現有債券所有事宜投票。

> 二零一六年可換股債券之每份債券將按持 有人(「二零一六年可換股債券持有人」)之 選擇於二零一一年十一月八日或之後截至 及包括二零一六年九月十八日轉換(先前 已贖回、轉換或購回並註銷者除外)為本公 司每股面值0.01港元之繳足普通股,轉換 價為每股0.6175港元,根據債券協議之條 款及條件,轉換價可就攤薄事件作出調整。

> 二零一六年可換股債券按初步轉換價每股 0.6175港元發行。由於派付截至二零一二 年、二零一三年及二零一四年十二月三十一 日止年度之末期股息及截至二零一三年及 二零一四年六月三十日止六個月之中期股 息,故根據二零一六年可換股債券協議之條 件,二零一六年可換股債券之轉換價已分 別自二零一三年六月十九日、二零一三年 十月三十一日、二零一四年六月十九日、二 零一四年十月三十一日及二零一五年六月 十九日起,由每股0.6175港元調整至0.60港元、 由每股0.60港元調整至0.58港元、由每股 0.58港元調整至0.57港元及由每股0.57港 元調整至0.56港元。

> 於二零一六年九月九日,二零一六年可換 股債券持有人召開會議正式通過特別決議 案,將到期日延遲至二零一七年二月二十八 日。

Kingly為本公司董事兼主要股東陳孝聰先生間 接全資擁有之公司。根據上市規則第14A章,向 Kingly發行二零一九年陳先生債券、新陳先生債 券及陳先生債券構成不獲豁免關連交易。

二零一六年可換股債券及二零一九年可換股債 券(「該等債券」)均於新加坡證券交易所上市。

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35. CONVERTIBLE BONDS (continued)

The redemption terms of the Bonds are as follows:

(a) Redemption at maturity

Unless previously redeemed, converted, or purchased and cancelled, CB2016 and CB2019 will be redeemed on extended maturity date 28 February 2017 (extended from 28 September 2016) and 17 April 2019 respectively at their principal amounts together with accrued but unpaid interest thereon.

(b) Redemption at the option of the Company

The Company may at any time after 28 September 2014 and prior to 28 September 2016 redeem in whole or in part, the CB2016 and after 17 April 2017 and prior to 17 April 2019 redeem in whole or in part, the CB2019 for the time being outstanding at their principal amounts together with interest accrued to the date fixed for redemption, provided that the closing price of the Company's shares for any 20 consecutive trading days, the last of which occurs not more than five trading days prior to the date on which notice of such redemption is published, was at least 130% of the prevailing Conversion Price; or

If at any time at least 90% of the aggregate principal amount of the Bonds has already been converted, redeemed or purchased and cancelled, then the Company shall have the option to redeem in whole, but not in part, of the outstanding Bonds at their principal amounts as at such date together with interest accrued to such date.

(c) Redemption at the option of the Bondholders

The Company will, at the option of any of the CB2016 Bondholders and CB2019 Bondholders (the "Bondholders"), redeem all or some of the Bondholders' CB2016 and CB2019 on 28 September 2014 and 17 April 2017 respectively at their principal amounts together with interest accrued to such date.

The Company will also, at the option of any of the Bondholders, redeem all or some of the Bonds at their principal amounts as at such date together with interest accrued to the relevant date for redemption when there is a change of control of the Company, or when the Company's shares cease to be listed or admitted to trading or suspended for trading for a period equal to or exceeding 30 consecutive trading days on the Stock Exchange subject to the terms and conditions of CB2016 and CB2019, respectively.

35. 可換股債券(續)

該等債券之贖回條款如下:

(a) 到期時贖回

除非先前已贖回、轉換或購回並註銷,否則 二零一六年可換股債券及二零一九年可換 股債券將分別於經延遲到期日二零一七年 二月二十八日(原為二零一六年九月二十八 日)及二零一九年四月十七日按其本金額 連同累計但未付利息贖回。

(b) 由本公司選擇贖回

本公司可於二零一四年九月二十八日後但 於二零一六年九月二十八日前,隨時按本 金額(連同累計至所定贖回日之利息)贖回 全部或部分當時尚未贖回之二零一六年可 換股債券,以及於二零一七年四月十七日 後但於二零一九年四月十七日前,隨時按 本金額(連同累計至所定贖回日之利息)贖 回全部或部分當時尚未贖回之二零一九年 可換股債券,惟任何連續20個交易日(最後 一個交易日不早於發出有關贖回通知日期 前五個交易日)之本公司股份收市價至少 須達當時轉換價之130%;或

倘於任何時間,該等債券最少90%之本金 總額已轉換、贖回或購回並註銷,則本公司 可選擇於有關日期按本金額(連同累計至 相關日期之利息)贖回全部但並非部分尚 未贖回之該等債券。

(c) 由債券持有人選擇贖回

本公司將按任何二零一六年可換股債券持 有人及二零一九年可換股債券持有人(「債 券持有人」)之選擇,分別於二零一四年九 月二十八日及二零一七年四月十七日按本 金額(連同累計至相關日期之利息)贖回債 券持有人所持之全部或部分二零一六年可 換股債券及二零一九年可換股債券。

在二零一六年可換股債券及二零一九年可 換股債券各自之條款及條件之規限下,倘 本公司之控制權改變,或倘本公司股份不 再於聯交所上市或獲准買賣或暫停買賣, 為期相等於或超過30個連續交易日,則本 公司亦將按任何債券持有人之選擇,於相 關贖回日期按本金額(連同累計至相關日 期之利息)贖回全部或部分該等債券。

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35. CONVERTIBLE BONDS (continued)

At initial recognition, the Bonds are separated into a liability component consisting of the straight debt element of the Bonds, embedded financial derivatives consisting of redemption options, and an equity component representing the conversion options of the Bondholders to convert the Bonds into equity. As the Company's and the Bondholders' redemption options are considered as closely related to the host contracts, the fair values of these options, which are determined using Binomial Tree Pricing Model at initial recognition, have not been separated from the host contracts, but included in the carrying amount of the liability component. The equity component is presented as convertible bonds reserve in equity, whereas the liability component is classified under non-current liabilities. The proceeds received from the issue of the Bonds have been split as follows:

- (i) Liability component represents the fair value of the contractually determined stream of cash flows discounted at the prevailing market interest rate applicable to instruments of comparable credit status and providing substantially the same cash flows, on the same terms, but without the conversion features. The interest charged for the year is calculated by applying an effective interest rate. The effective interest rate of the Existing Bonds, New Bonds, Firm & Option Bonds 2019 and VC Bonds 2019 are 9.79%, 15.20%, 9.06% and 9.03% per annum, respectively.
- Equity component represents the conversion options, which is determined by deducting the fair value of the liability component from the proceeds of issue of the Bonds as a whole.

35. 可換股債券(續)

- 於初步確認時,該等債券分為負債部分(包含該 等債券之直接債務部分)、嵌入式金融衍生工具 (包含贖回選擇權)及權益部分(指債券持有人 將該等債券轉換為權益之轉換選擇權)。由於本 公司及債券持有人之贖回選擇權被視為與主合 約關係密切,故該等選擇權之公允值(於初步確 認時使用二項式樹狀定價模型釐定)並無與主合 約分開,而計入負債部分之賬面值。權益部分於 權益內呈列為可換股債券儲備,而負債部分則分 類至非流動負債項下。發行該等債券之已收所得 款項已劃分為以下部分:
- (i) 負債部分指合約釐定之現金流流量之公允 值,乃按信貸狀況相若、提供大致相同現金 流、條款相同但並無轉換特性之工具所適用 之現行市場利率貼現。年內所計利息按實際 利率計算。現有債券、新債券、二零一九年 實發及增發債券以及二零一九年陳先生債 券之實際年利率分別為9.79%、15.20%、 9.06%及9.03%。
- (ii) 權益部分指轉換選擇權,乃按發行該等債券整體所得款項扣減負債部分之公允值釐定。

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35. CONVERTIBLE BONDS (continued)

35. 可換股債券(續)

The fair value of the liability component of the Bonds on initial recognition was calculated using the discounted cash flow model. The major inputs used in the Binomial Tree Pricing Model were as follows:

該等債券負債部分於初步確認時之公允值以貼 現現金流量模型計算。二項式樹狀定價模型所用 之主要輸入值如下:

		VC Bonds 2019 二零一九年	Firm & Option Bonds 2019 二零一九年	New Bonds	Existing Bonds
		—————————————————————————————————————		新債券	現有債券
Share price	股價	HK\$0.87港元	HK\$0.93港元	HK\$0.50港元	HK\$0.47港元
Exercise price	行使價	HK\$1.4070港元	HK\$1.4070港元	HK\$0.6175港元	HK\$0.6175港元
Risk-free rate	無風險利率	1.394%	1.380%	0.267%	0.755%
Dividend yield	股息率	4.115%	3.849%	3.360%	2.213%
Credit spread	期權差價	8.184%	8.133%	12.300%	8.407%
Expected life	預計年期	4.78 years年	5.00 years年	4.04 years年	5.00 years年
Volatility	波幅	46.328%	47.724%	62.431%	67.761%

The risk-free rate was determined with reference to the Hong Kong Exchange Fund Notes Yields as extracted from Bloomberg. The expected life was the remaining life of the Bonds. Volatility is the annualised standard deviation of the continuously compounded rates of return on the daily average adjusted share price of the Company.

Any changes in the major inputs used in the model will result in changes in the fair value of the liability component. The variables and assumptions used in calculating the fair value of the liability component are based on the Directors' best estimates.

On 20 August 2015, the Company announced that an event of default had occurred pursuant to the terms and conditions of Bonds by virtue of the fact that the ordinary shares of the Company had been suspended for trading for a period equal to or exceeding 30 consecutive trading days on the Stock Exchange (the "Relevant Event"). Consequently, the Bondholders are entitled to require the Company to redeem all or some only of the Bonds on 2 November 2015 (the "Relevant Event Redemption Date") at their principal amount together with interest accrued to the Relevant Event Redemption Date. 無風險利率經參照香港外匯基金債券孳息率(摘 自彭博)後釐定。預計年期為該等債券之餘下年 期。波幅為本公司每日經調整平均股價之連續複 合回報率之年度化標準差。

該模型所用之主要輸入值之任何變動將導致負 債部分之公允值改變。計算負債部分公允值所用 之變數及假設乃根據董事之最佳估計得出。

於二零一五年八月二十日,本公司宣布,基於本 公司普通股已在聯交所暫停買賣相等於或超過 30個連續交易日,根據該等債券之條款及條件 發生了違約事件(「相關事件」)。因此,債券持 有人有權要求本公司於二零一五年十一月二日 (「相關事件贖回日」)按其本金額連同累計至相 關事件贖回日之利息贖回全部或只贖回部份該 等債券。

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35. CONVERTIBLE BONDS (continued)

An extraordinary resolution was duly passed by the Bondholders at a meeting held on 29 October 2015 in which the Company agreed to redeem 5% of the principal amount of the Bonds with total nominal amount of HK\$2,247,700,000 on 30 November 2015 and the Bondholders agreed to delay the Relevant Event Redemption Date to 31 March 2016 and the Company agreed to offer Bondholders who vote in favour of the extraordinary resolution a consent fee of 1% of the principal amount of the relevant Bonds as an incentive. In the extraordinary resolution, the Bondholders also agreed to provide a carve-out to the relevant event of default to ensure that the Company and its principal subsidiaries are permitted to dispose of assets, business or operations, where the net proceeds of such disposal are primarily applied towards the redemption or repayment of the Bonds (including interest), without triggering an event of default. Further details in relation to the Relevant Event are disclosed in the Company's announcements dated 20 August 2015, 22 September 2015, 7 October 2015 and 29 October 2015.

On 30 November 2015, the Company redeemed the Bonds with principal amount of HK\$112,385,000 at HK\$112,385,000 and a gain of approximately HK\$1,013,000 (Note 5) from the redemption was recognised in profit or loss. Immediately after the redemption and at the end of the reporting period, the Bonds with principal amount of HK\$2,135,315,000 remained outstanding.

On 1 March 2016, the Company received redemption notices from some of the Bondholders to redeem the Bonds with principal amount of approximately HK\$1,848,415,000. As a result, the outstanding Bonds with principal amount of approximately HK\$1,848,415,000 became payable on 31 March 2016 and unwinding of interest totaling approximately HK\$189,168,000 was accelerated at 31 December 2015 and the carrying amount of liability component of the Bonds that subject to redemption has been classified as current liabilities.

35. 可換股債券(續)

債券持有人於二零一五年十月二十九日召開 會議正式通過特別決議案,據此,本公司同 意於二零一五年十一月三十日贖回總面值為 2,247,700,000港元之該等債券本金額之5%,而 債券持有人同意將相關事件贖回日押後至二零 一六年三月三十一日,本公司則同意向投票贊成 特別決議案之債券持有人提供同意費(相當於相 關該等債券本金額之1%)作為激勵。在特別決 議案中,債券持有人亦同意豁除相關違約事件, 確保本公司及其主要附屬公司獲准出售資產、業 務或營運,前提是有關出售所得款項淨額將主要 用於贖回或償還該等債券(包括利息),且不會 觸發違約事件。有關相關事件之進一步詳情於本 公司日期為二零一五年八月二十日、二零一五年 九月二十二日、二零一五年十月七日及二零一五 年十月二十九日之公布披露。

於二零一五年十一月三十日,本公司以 112,385,000港元贖回本金額112,385,000港元 之債券,因贖回而產生之收益約1,013,000港元 (附註5)已於損益確認。緊隨贖回後及於報告期 末,本金額為2,135,315,000港元之該等債券仍 未轉換。

於二零一六年三月一日,本公司已接獲部分本公 司債券持有人之贖回通知,要求贖回本金額約為 1,848,415,000港元之該等債券。因此,本金額 約為1,848,415,000港元之尚未償還該等債券已 於二零一六年三月三十一日到期應付,而於二零 一五年十二月三十一日之加快利息撥回合共約 為189,168,000港元,而須贖回之該等債券之負 債部分賬面值已分類為流動負債。

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35. CONVERTIBLE BONDS (continued)

Subject to the outstanding restructuring PRC approval, the conditions precedent for the Disposal had not been satisfied. The Company did not have sufficient offshore cash resources to satisfy its redemption obligations. Accordingly, the Company obtained an written resolution duly passed by the Bondholders on 8 April 2016 in which the Company agreed to offer Bondholders who voted in favour of the written resolution to delay the Relevant Event Redemption Date to 29 April 2016 a consent fee of approximately 0.314% of the principal amount of the relevant Bonds as an incentive. Further details in relation to the Relevant Event were disclosed in the Company's announcement dated 29 March 2016 and 8 April 2016.

On 29 June 2016, the State Administration of Taxation promulgated the Bulletin 42, which affects related party transactions such as the Group's Disposal. As a result, it has become an outstanding Condition Precedent to be satisfied which requires additional documents to the relevant PRC authorities for the purpose of obtaining the Tax Clearances. The Company requires additional time to prepare the required additional documents. Accordingly, an extraordinary resolution was duly passed by the Bondholders at a meeting held on 3 June 2016 in which the Company agreed to redeem approximately 6.79% of the principal amount of the Bonds with total nominal amount of HK\$2,135,315,000 on 22 June 2016 and the Bondholders agreed to delay the Relevant Event Redemption Date to 29 July 2016 and the Company agreed to offer Bondholders who voted in favour of the extraordinary resolution a consent fee of 0.5% of the principal amount of the relevant Bonds as an incentive. Further details in relation to the Relevant Event were disclosed in the Company's announcements dated 3 May 2016, 4 May 2016 and 3 June 2016.

On 22 June 2016, the Company redeemed the Bonds with principal amount of approximately HK\$145,000,000 at approximately HK\$145,000,000 and a loss of approximately HK\$1,750,000 (Note 5) from the redemption was recognised in profit or loss. Immediately after the redemption, the Bonds with principal amount of approximately HK\$1,990,315,000 remained outstanding.

35. 可換股債券(續)

鑑於尚未授出重組中國批准仍待定,故出售事項 之先決條件尚未達成。本公司並無充裕離岸現金 資源履行其贖回責任。因此,本公司已徵求,而 債券持有人則已於二零一六年四月八日正式通 過書面決議案,據此,本公司同意向投票贊成書 面決議案將相關事件贖回日押後至二零一六年 四月二十九日之債券持有人提供同意費(相當 於相關該等債券本金額之0.314%)作為激勵。 有關相關事件之進一步詳情於本公司日期為二 零一六年三月二十九日及二零一六年四月八日 之公布披露。

於二零一六年六月二十九日,國家税務總局出 台42號公告,其影響關聯方交易(如本集團之 出售事項)。因此,出示額外文件予有關中國機 關以獲得完税清單變成一項有待獲達成之尚未 達成先決條件。本公司需要額外時間編製所需 額外文件。因此,債券持有人於二零一六年六 月三日召開會議正式通過特別決議案,據此, 本公司同意於二零一六年六月二十二日贖回總 面值為2,135,315,000港元之該等債券本金額約 6.79%,而債券持有人同意將相關事件贖回日押 後至二零一六年七月二十九日之日期,本公司則 同意向投票贊成特別決議案之債券持有人提供 同意費(相當於相關該等債券本金額之0.5%)作 為激勵。有關相關事件之進一步詳情於本公司日 期為二零一六年五月三日、二零一六年五月四日 及二零一六年六月三日之公布披露。

於二零一六年六月二十二日,本公司以約 145,000,000港元贖回本金額約145,000,000 港元之該等債券,因贖回而產生之虧損約 1,750,000港元(附註5)已於損益確認。緊隨贖 回後,本金額約為1,990,315,000港元之該等債 券仍未轉換。

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35. CONVERTIBLE BONDS (continued)

As completion of the Disposal has not taken place as at 29 July 2016, the Company did not have sufficient offshore cash resources to satisfy its redemption obligations. An extraordinary resolution was duly passed by the Bondholders at a meeting held on 9 September 2016 in which the Company agreed to redeem approximately 16.94% of the principal amount of the Bonds with total nominal amount of approximately HK\$1,990,315,000 on 30 September 2016 and the Bondholders agreed to delay the Relevant Event Redemption Date to a date no later than 28 February 2017 and the Company agreed to offer Bondholders who voted in favour of the extraordinary resolution a consent fee of 0.75% of the principal amount of the relevant Bonds as an incentive. At the extraordinary resolution, the CB2016 Bondholders also agreed the extension of maturity date of CB2016 to 28 February 2017. Further details in relation to the Relevant Event were disclosed in the Company's announcements dated 2 August 2016, 3 August 2016 and 9 September 2016.

On 30 September 2016, the Company redeemed the Bonds with principal amount of HK\$337,155,000 at HK\$337,155,000 and a loss of approximately HK\$4,401,000 (Note 5) from the redemption was recognised in profit or loss. Immediately after the redemption and at the end of the reporting period, the Bonds with principal amount of approximately HK\$1,653,160,000 remained outstanding.

35. 可換股債券(續)

由於出售事項並無於二零一六年七月二十九日完 成,因此,本公司並無於二零一六年七月二十九 日取得充裕離岸現金資源履行其贖回責任。於 二零一六年九月九日,二零一六年債券之債券 持有人召開會議正式通過特別決議案,據此, 本公司同意於二零一六年九月三十日贖回總面 值約為1,990,315,000港元之該等債券本金額約 16.94%,而債券持有人同意將相關事件贖回日 押後至不遲於二零一七年二月二十八日之日期, 本公司則同意向投票贊成特別決議案之債券持 有人提供同意費(相當於相關該等債券本金額 之0.75%)作為激勵。根據該特別決議案,二零 一六年可換股債券持有人亦同意將二零一六年 債券之到期日延遲至二零一七年二月二十八日。 有關相關事件之進一步詳情於本公司日期為二 零一六年八月二日、二零一六年八月三日及二零 一六年九月九日之公布披露。

於 二 零 一 六 年 九 月 三 十 日 ,本 公 司 以 337,155,000港元贖回本金額337,155,000港元 之該等債券,因贖回而產生之虧損約4,401,000 港元(附註5)已於損益確認。緊隨贖回後及於報 告期末,本金額約為1,653,160,000港元之該等 債券仍未轉換。

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35. CONVERTIBLE BONDS (continued)

35. 可換股債券(續)

The movements of the liability components of the Bonds for the year are set out below:

		CB2019 二零一九年	CB2016 二零一六年	Total
		可換股債券	可換股債券	合計
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元
Carrying amount at 1 January 2015	於二零一五年一月一日之賬面值	1,599,686	300,766	1,900,452
Redemption during the year	年內贖回	(82,714)	(16,193)	(98,907)
Interest expense (Note 8)	利息開支(附註8)	144,128	45,948	190,076
Interest payable	應付利息	(84,669)	(20,718)	(105,387)
Acceleration of unwinding interest (Note 8)	加快利息撥回(附註8)	175,881	13,287	189,168
Carrying amounts at 31 December 2015	於二零一五年十二月三十一日之			
	賬面值	1,752,312	323,090	2,075,402
Redemption during the year	年內贖回	(400,873)	(74,585)	(475,458)
Interest expense (Note 8)	利息開支(附註8)	100,748	25,560	126,308
Interest payable	應付利息	(75,138)	(18,334)	(93,472)
Carrying amounts at 31 December 2016	於二零一六年十二月三十一日之			
	賬面值	1,377,049	255,731	1,632,780
Portion classified as current	分類為流動部分	(1,175,309)	(255,731)	(1,431,040)
Non-current portion	非流動部分	201,740		201,740

As at 31 December 2016, the aggregate principal amount of the Bonds remaining outstanding following the partial redemptions of the Bonds was approximately HK\$1,653,160,000 (2015: HK\$2,135,315,000). Details of subsequent events after the end of the reporting period are shown in Note 48 to the consolidated financial statements.

於二零一六年十二月三十一日,於贖回部分 該等債券後,仍未償還之該等債券本金總 額約為1,653,160,000港元(二零一五年: 2,135,315,000港元)。報告期末後事項之詳情 載於綜合財務報表附註48。

該等債券負債部分之年內變動載列如下:

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36. OBLIGATIONS UNDER FINANCE LEASES

36. 融資租賃債務

At 31 December 2016, the Group had obligation under finance lease repayable as follows:

於二零一六年十二月三十一日,本集團應償付之 融資租賃債務如下:

		2016 二零一六年		2015 二零一五年	
		Present value of		Present value of	
		minimum	Minimum	minimum	Minimum
		lease payment 最低租約	lease payment	lease payment 最低租約	lease payment
		付款現值	最低租約付款	付款現值	最低租約付款
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
Within 1 year	一年內	8,268	8,367	17,038	18,032
Between 2 to 5 years	兩年至五年			8,867	8,977
		8,268	8,367	25,905	27,009
Less: Total future finance charges	減:未來財務收費總額		99		1,104
Present value of lease payments	租約付款現值		8,268		25,905

The effective interest rate of the obligation under finance lease is 5.56% (2015: 5.81%) per annum. Certain subsidiaries of the Group have provided corporate guarantees to the lessor to secure the finance lease obligation to the extent of approximately HK\$56,667,000 (2015: HK\$60,714,000). The carrying amount of the printing machine under the sales and leaseback agreement was disclosed in Note 15.

37. RETIREMENT BENEFITS SCHEME

Retirement benefit costs

The Group operates a defined contribution Mandatory Provident Fund retirement benefits scheme in Hong Kong (the "MPF Scheme") under the Mandatory Provident Fund Schemes Ordinance, for those employees who are eligible to participate in the MPF Scheme. Contributions are made based on a percentage of the employees' basic salaries and are charged to profit or loss as they become payable in accordance with the rules of the MPF Scheme. The Group's employer contributions vest fully with the employees when contributed into the MPF Scheme.

Pursuant to the relevant PRC regulations, the PRC subsidiaries are required to make contributions to defined contribution retirement schemes organised by the relevant Social Security Bureau in respect of the retirement benefits for the PRC subsidiaries' employees in the PRC. 該融資租賃債務之實際年利率為5.56%(二零 一五年:5.81%)。本集團若干附屬公司已向出 租人提供公司擔保,以作為約56,667,000港元 (二零一五年:60,714,000港元)之融資租賃債 務之擔保。售後租回協議項下印刷機之賬面值於 附註15披露。

37. 退休福利計劃 退休福利成本

本集團遵照強制性公積金計劃條例,於香港為合 資格參與強制性公積金退休福利計劃(「強積金 計劃」)之僱員,安排一項定額供款強積金計劃。 供款乃以僱員基本薪金之某百分比作出,並於根 據強積金計劃之規則須予支付時自損益扣除。本 集團之僱主供款於向強積金計劃作出供款時悉 數歸屬僱員所有。

根據有關中國法規,中國附屬公司須就中國附屬 公司僱員於中國之退休福利向有關社會保障局 組織之定額供款退休計劃作出供款。

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38. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

Financial guarantees issued

As at 31 December 2016 and 2015, certain subsidiaries of the Group have issued corporate guarantees in respect of the finance lease obligation under a sales and leaseback arrangement granted to a subsidiary of the Group which will expire when the lease is terminated (Note 36).

As at 31 December 2016, one of the subsidiaries of the Group has issued a corporate guarantee to a bank for the bank loans granted to a subsidiary of the Group (2015: HK\$Nil) (Note 34).

The Group has not recognised any deferred income and the related expenses in respect of such guarantees, as in the opinion of the Directors, their fair value cannot be reliably measured using observable market data and their transaction price was nil.

As at 31 December 2016 and 2015, the Directors do not consider it probable that a claim will be made against these subsidiaries under any of the guarantees.

39. DIRECTORS' MATERIAL INTERESTS IN TRANSACTIONS, ARRANGEMENTS OR CONTRACTS

1. Undertakings and shareholder loans

Kingly (being a holder of CB2019), is a company indirectly wholly-owned by Mr. Chan, who is a Director and a substantial shareholder of the Company, has provided several undertakings to the Company ("the Undertaking(s)") and shareholder loans, among other things,

- I) For the year ended 2016:
 - A. Shareholder loan

During the year, Kingly provided an unsecured, interest-free and repayment on demand shareholder's loan in the amount of approximately HK\$280,000,000 for the Company's general working capital;

38. 或然負債

已發出之財務擔保 於二零一六年及二零一五年十二月三十一日,本 集團若干附屬公司已就本集團一間附屬公司獲授 之售後租回安排下之融資租賃債務發出公司擔 保。有關擔保將於租賃終止時到期(附註36)。

於二零一六年十二月三十一日,本集團其中一 間附屬公司已就本集團附屬公司獲授之銀行貸 款向一間銀行發出公司擔保(二零一五年:零港 元)(附註34)。

由於董事認為,有關擔保之公允值無法使用可觀 察市場數據可靠計量,且交易價為零,故本集團 並無就有關擔保確認任何遞延收入及相關開支。

於二零一六年及二零一五年十二月三十一日,董 事認為根據任何該等擔保向該等附屬公司提出 申索之機會不大。

39. 董事於交易、安排或合約之重大權益

1. 承諾函及股東貸款

Kingly(為二零一九年可換股債券之持有 人,由董事兼本公司主要股東陳先生間接全 資擁有)已向本公司提供多份承諾函(「承 諾函」)及股東貸款,其中包括:

- I) 截至二零一六年止年度:
 - A. 股東貸款

於年內,Kingly提供約 280,000,000港元之無抵押、免 息及須按要求償還之股東貸款 款,以供本公司用作一般營運資 金;

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39. DIRECTORS' MATERIAL INTERESTS IN TRANSACTIONS,

ARRANGEMENTS OR CONTRACTS (continued)

- 1. Undertakings and shareholder loans (continued)
 - I) For the year ended 2016: (continued)
 - B. Undertaking provided on 3 May 2016:
 - to provide a valid block voting instruction in favour of the extraordinary resolution which was duly passed on 3 June 2016;
 - b. to provide, subject to certain conditions, an unsecured and interest-free shareholder's loan in the amount of approximately HK\$1,425,000, with a oneyear term, for the Company's general working capital;
 - c. to provide, subject to certain conditions, an unsecured shareholder's loan in amount of approximately HK\$19,353,000, with a one-year term, with an interest rate equal to the coupon rate of the CB2019 for the Company's general working capital;
 - not to exercise the put option in relation to a "Relevant Event" as stated in the announcement dated 3 May 2016 in respect of the CB2019 it holds.

The shareholder loans amounting to approximately HK\$1,425,000 and HK\$19,353,000 were fully repaid before the end of the reporting period.

- 39. 董事於交易、安排或合約之重大權益(續)
 - 1. 承諾函及股東貸款(續)
 - I) 截至二零一六年止年度:(續)
 - B. 於二零一六年五月三日提供之承諾函:
 - a. 發出有效凍結投票指示,投 票贊成於二零一六年六月
 三日正式通過之特別決議
 案;
 - b. 受限於若干條件,提供約 1,425,000港元之一年期無 抵押及免息股東貸款,以 供本公司用作一般營運資 金;
 - c. 受限於若干條件,提供約 19,353,000港元之一年期 無抵押股東貸款,其利率相 等於二零一九年可換股債 券之票面利率,以供本公司 用作一般營運資金;
 - d. 不就其所持二零一九年可 換股債券行使有關日期為 二零一六年五月三日之公 布所載「相關事件」之認沽 期權。

約1,425,000港元及19,353,000 港元之股東貸款已於報告期末前 悉數償還。

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39. DIRECTORS' MATERIAL INTERESTS IN TRANSACTIONS, ARRANGEMENTS OR CONTRACTS (continued)

- 1. Undertakings and shareholder loans (continued)
 - I) For the year ended 2016: (continued)
 - C. Undertaking provided on 2 August 2016:
 - a. to provide a valid block voting instruction in favour of the extraordinary resolution which was duly passed on 9 September 2016;
 - b. to provide, subject to certain conditions, an unsecured and interest-free shareholder's loan in the amount of approximately HK\$1,992,000, with a oneyear term, for the Company's general working capital;
 - c. to provide, subject to certain conditions, an unsecured shareholder's loan in amount of approximately HK\$45,000,000, with a one-year term, with an interest rate equal to the coupon rate of the CB2019 for the Company's general working capital;
 - not to exercise the put option in relation to a "Relevant Event" as stated in the announcement dated 2 August 2016 in respect of the CB2019 it holds.

The shareholder loans amounting to approximately HK\$1,992,000 and HK\$45,000,000 were fully repaid before the end of the reporting period.

- **39. 董事於交易、安排或合約之重大權益**(續)
 - 1. 承諾函及股東貸款(續)
 - I) 截至二零一六年止年度:(續)
 - C. 於二零一六年八月二日提供之承 諾函:
 - a. 發出有效凍結投票指示,投 票贊成於二零一六年九月 九日正式通過之特別決議
 案;
 - b. 受限於若干條件,提供約 1,992,000港元之一年期無 抵押及免息股東貸款,以 供本公司用作一般營運資 金;
 - c. 受限於若干條件,提供約 45,000,000港元之一年期 無抵押股東貸款,其利率相 等於二零一九年可換股債 券之票面利率,以供本公司 用作一般營運資金;
 - d. 不就其所持二零一九年可 換股債券行使有關日期為 二零一六年八月二日之公 布所載「相關事件」之認沽 期權。

約1,992,000 港元及 45,000,000港元之股東貸款已 於報告期末前悉數償還。

For the year ended 31 December 2016 截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度

39. DIRECTORS' MATERIAL INTERESTS IN TRANSACTIONS,

ARRANGEMENTS OR CONTRACTS (continued)

- 1. Undertakings and shareholder loans (continued)
 - II) For the year ended 2015:

Undertaking provided on 7 October 2015:

- to provide a valid block voting instruction in favour of the extraordinary resolution which was duly passed on 29 October 2015;
- b. to provide, subject to certain conditions, an unsecured and interest-free shareholder's loan in the amount of approximately HK\$100,000,000, with a one-year term, for the Company's partial redemption obligations;
- c. to provide, subject to certain conditions, an unsecured and interest-free shareholder's loan in amount of approximately HK\$3,000,000, with a one-year term, for the Company's general working capital;
- d. to provide, subject to certain conditions, an unsecured shareholder's loan in amount of approximately HK\$15,000,000, with a one-year term, with an interest rate equal to the coupon rate of the CB2019 for the Company's general working capital;
- e. to, from time to time, if it shall receive any Early Redemption (as defined in the announcements) payment (in respect of the CB2019 it holds) from the Company, provide a further unsecured shareholder's loan to the Company in the amount equal to such Early Redemption principal payment so received by it; and
- f. not to exercise the put option in relation to a "Relevant Event" as stated in the announcement dated 22 September 2015 in respect of the CB2019 it holds.

During the year ended 2015, shareholder's loan in the aggregate amount of approximately HK\$118,000,000 had been advanced to the Company pursuant to the above undertaking. This was fully repaid before the end of the reporting period.

39. 董事於交易·安排或合約之重大權益(續)

- 1. 承諾函及股東貸款(續)
 - II) 截至二零一五年止年度:

於二零一五年十月七日提供之承諾 函:

- a. 發出有效凍結投票指示,投票贊
 成於二零一五年十月二十九日正
 式通過之特別決議案;
- b. 受限於若干條件,提供約 100,000,000港元之一年期無抵 押及免息股東貸款,以供本公司 履行部分贖回責任;
- c. 受限於若干條件,提供約 3,000,000港元之一年期無抵押 及免息股東貸款,以供本公司用 作一般營運資金;
- d. 受限於若干條件,提供約 15,000,000港元之一年期無抵 押股東貸款,其利率相等於二零 一九年可換股債券之票面利率, 以供本公司用作一般營運資金;
- e. 倘其(就其所持二零一九年可換 股債券)從本公司獲得任何提早 贖回(定義見該等公布)付款, 則不時額外向本公司提供相等於 其所收取該筆提早贖回本金付款 之無抵押股東貸款;及
- f. 不就其所持二零一九年可換股債 券行使有關日期為二零一五年九 月二十二日之公布所載「相關事 件」之認沽期權。

截至二零一五年止年度,股東貸款合 共約118,000,000港元已根據上述承 諾函墊付予本公司。該等股東貸款已 於報告期末前悉數償還。

For the year ended 31 December 2016 截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度

39. DIRECTORS' MATERIAL INTERESTS IN TRANSACTIONS, ARRANGEMENTS OR CONTRACTS (continued)

- 39. 董事於交易、安排或合約之重大權益(續)
- 2. Mega Market Assets Limited, wholly-owned by Mr. Chan has provided an unsecured, interest-free loan and due for repayment on the completion date of the Disposal in the amount of approximately HK\$357,867,000, for the Company's partial redemption obligations of convertible bonds and repaid the shareholder loan provided by Kingly.
- During the year, Mr. Chan has provided unsecured and interest-free shareholder loans in the amount of approximately HK\$87,140,000 (2015: HK\$Nil) to the Company. This was fully repaid before the end of the reporting period.

Save as disclosed above, no other significant transactions, arrangements and contracts in which the Company was a party and in which a director of the Company has a material interest, whether directly or indirectly, subsisted at the end of the year or at any time during the year.

40. COMMITMENTS

(a) Capital commitments outstanding at 31 December 2016 not provided for in the consolidated financial statements are as follows:

- Mega Market Assets Limited (由陳先生 全資擁有)提供約357,867,000港元之無抵 押、免息及於出售事項完成日期到期償還 之股東貸款,以供本公司履行部分可換股 債券贖回責任及償還由Kingly提供之股東 貸款。
- 年內,陳先生向本公司提供無抵押及免息股 東貸款約87,140,000港元(二零一五年: 零港元)。該貸款已於報告期末前悉數償 還。

除上文所披露者外,本公司於年終時或年內任何 時間,概無進行或訂立任何本公司董事於其中直 接或間接擁有重大權益之其他重要交易、安排及 合約。

40. 承擔

(a) 於二零一六年十二月三十一日並未在綜合 財務報表撥備之未付資本承擔如下:

		2016 二零一六年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>	2015 二零一五年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>
Contracted for	已訂約		
 purchase of property, plant and equipment 	一購買物業、廠房及設備	_	383
– increase in registered capital of	間附屬公司之註冊資本增加		
a subsidiary		84,000	84,000
		84,000	84,383

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40. COMMITMENTS (continued)

40.承擔(續)

(b) At 31 December 2016, the Group's future aggregate minimum lease payments under non-cancellable operating leases are payable as follows:

⁽b) 於二零一六年十二月三十一日,本集團根 據不可撤銷經營租賃應付之未來最低租約 付款如下:

		As at 31 December 2016		
		於二零一六年十二月三十一日		
		Land and	Factory	
		buildings	equipment	Total
		土地及樓宇	廠房設備	合計
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元
Within one year In the second to fifth year	一年內 第二至第五年	10,879	8,378	19,257
inclusive	(包括首尾兩年)	1,723	33,405	35,128
More than five years	五年以上		41,319	41,319
		12,602	83,102	95,704

As at 31 December 2015

	As at 51 December 2015			
	於二零一五年十二月三十一日			
	Land and	Factory		
	buildings	equipment	Total	
	土地及樓宇	廠房設備	合計	
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	
	千港元	千港元	千港元	
一年內	17,105	8,960	26,065	
第二至第五年				
(包括首尾兩年)	6,160	35,730	41,890	
五年以上		53,199	53,199	
	23,265	97,889	121,154	
	第二至第五年 (包括首尾兩年)	於二零 Land and buildings 土地及樓宇 <i>HK\$'000 千港元</i> -年內 第二至第五年 (包括首尾兩年) 五年以上 -	於二零一五年十二月三十一 Land and Factory buildings equipment 土地及樓宇 廠房設備 HK\$'000 HK\$'000 千港元 千港元 一年內 17,105 8,960 第二至第五年 (包括首尾兩年) 6,160 35,730 五年以上 - 53,199	

The Group leases various office and factory premises, office equipment and warehouses under operating leases. The leases run for an initial period of 1 to 10 years (2015: 1 to 11 years). The leases do not include any contingent rentals. 本集團根據經營租賃租用多個辦公室及廠 房物業、辦公室設備及倉庫。該等租賃初步 為期一至十年(二零一五年:一至十一年) 不等,並不包括任何或然租金。

For the year ended 31 December 2016 截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度

41. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS BY CATEGORIES

41. 按類別劃分之金融工具

金融資產

於報告期末,各金融工具類別之賬面值如下:

The carrying amounts of each of the categories of financial instruments at the end of the reporting period are as follows:

Financial assets

2016 2015 二零一六年 二零一五年 Financial Financial assets at asset at fair value fair value through through profit Availableprofit Availableor loss for-sale or loss for-sale held for financial held for financial Loans and Loans and trading receivables assets Total trading receivables asset Total 通過損益 通過損益 按公允值 按公允值 計量之金融 計量之金融 資產一 貸款及 可供出售 資產-貸款及 可供出售 持有作買賣 金融資產 持有作買賣 應收款項 總計 應收款項 金融資產 總計 Notes HK\$'000 HK\$'000 HK\$'000 HK\$'000 HK\$'000 HK\$'000 HK\$'000 HK\$'000 附註 千港元 千港元 千港元 千港元 千港元 千港元 千港元 千港元

Available-for-sale financial assets	可供出售金融資產	20	-	-	288,806	288,806	-	_	307,810	307,810
Trade receivables	應收貿易賬款	23	-	490,836	-	490,836	-	760,152	-	760,152
Utility and other deposits	公用事業及其他按金	24	-	1,533,259	-	1,533,259	-	1,600,474	-	1,600,474
Other receivables	其他應收款項	25	-	1,837,693	-	1,837,693	-	1,791,221	-	1,791,221
Financial assets at fair value through	通過損益按公允值計量之									
profit or loss	金融資產	26	132	-	-	132	63,935	-	-	63,935
Cash and bank balances	現金及銀行結餘	27	-	2,136,962	-	2,136,962	-	1,098,073	-	1,098,073

132

5.998.750

Financial liabilities

Financial liabilities at amortised cost

金融負債

6.287.688

288,806

按攤銷成本列賬之金融負債

63.935

5.249.920

307.810

5.621.665

			2016 二零一六年	2015 二零一五年
		Notes 附註	HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元
Trade payables	應付貿易賬款	32	1,801	2,728
Other payables and accruals	其他應付款項及應計款項	33	77,271	64,311
Bank borrowings	銀行借貸	34	4,901	-
Convertible bonds	可换股債券	35	1,632,780	2,075,402
Obligations under finance leases	融資租賃債務	36	8,268	25,905
Amounts due to related parties	應付關聯方款項	44	1,259,967	118,000
Amount due to a joint venture	應付一間合營企業款項	19	46,195	46,195

3,031,183 2,332,541

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42. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND FAIR VALUE OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

(a) Financial risk factors

The Group's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks: market risk (including foreign exchange risk, fair value interest rate risk, cash flow interest rate risk and price risk), credit risk and liquidity risk arising from the normal course of its business and financial instruments. The Group's overall risk management programme focuses on the unpredictability of financial markets and seeks to minimise potential adverse effects on the Group's financial performance as follows:

(i) Market risk

(1) Foreign exchange risk

Foreign exchange risk is the risk of loss due to adverse movements in foreign exchange rate relating to foreign currency deposits with banks. The Group did not have significant exposure to foreign exchange risk arising from the trade and other receivables in the current and prior years.

In addition, foreign exchange risk arises from future commercial transactions, recognised assets and liabilities and net investments in foreign operation. The Group's lottery business operates in the PRC with most of the transactions settled in RMB. The conversion of RMB into foreign currencies is subject to the rules and regulations of the foreign exchange control promulgated by the PRC government.

At 31 December 2016, if HK\$ had strengthened/weakened by 5% against the RMB, with all other variables held constant, loss for the year would have been higher/lower by approximately HK\$7,105,000 (2015: profit for the year lower/higher by approximately HK\$92,983,000) and equity would have been approximately HK\$57,148,000 (2015: HK\$54,517,000) lower/higher due to foreign exchange realignment arising from translating investments in foreign operations into HK\$.

42. 財務風險管理及金融工具之公允值

(a) 財務風險因素

本集團業務在一般業務過程中及因金融工 具而涉及多項財務風險:市場風險(包括 外匯風險、公允值利率風險、現金流量利率 風險及價格風險)、信貸風險及流動資金風 險。本集團之整體風險管理計劃專注於金融 市場之不可預測情況,並尋求將對本集團 財務表現造成之潛在不利影響降至最低, 詳情如下:

(i) 市場風險

(1) 外匯風險 外匯風險為因與存放於銀行之外 幣存款有關之匯率不利變動而產 生之虧損風險。本集團於本年度 及過往年度並無承擔因應收貿易 賬款及其他應收款項而產生之重 大外匯風險。

> 此外,未來商業交易、已確認資 產及負債以及境外業務投資淨值 均會產生外匯風險。本集團之彩 票業務在中國境內經營,大部分 交易均以人民幣結算。將人民幣 兑換為外幣須受中國政府所頒布 之外匯管制規則及規例監管。

> 於二零一六年十二月三十一日, 倘港元兑人民幣匯率升值/貶值 5%,而所有其他變數維持不變, 由於將境外業務之投資換算為 港元產生匯兑調整,年度虧損將 會增加/減少約7,105,000港元 (二零一五年:年度溢利減少/ 增加約92,983,000港元),而權 益則減少/增加約57,148,000 港元(二零一五年:54,517,000 港元)。

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42. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND FAIR VALUE OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (continued)

- (a) Financial risk factors (continued)
 - (i) Market risk (continued)
 - (1) Foreign exchange risk (continued)
 - The above sensitivity analysis has been determined assuming that a change in foreign exchange rate had occurred at the end of the reporting period and had been applied to the exposure to foreign exchange risk for financial instruments in existence at that date. The 5% increase or decrease represents management's assessment of a reasonably possible change in exchange rate over the period until the next reporting date. The analysis was performed on the same basis for 2015.
 - (2) Cash flow and fair value interest rate risks
 - The Group is exposed to cash flow interest rate risk in relation to cash at banks on a floating rate basis. Management does not anticipate significant impact on interest-bearing assets resulted from changes in interest rates because the interest rates of bank deposits are not expected to change significantly. Therefore, the Directors of the Company consider the Group's exposure to interest rate risk is not significant and therefore no sensitivity analysis has been prepared.
 - (3) Price risk

The Group is exposed to equity price risk arising from investments in equity securities classified as financial assets at fair value through profit or loss. The Group is not exposed to commodity price risk. To manage its price risk arising from financial assets at fair value through profit or loss, the Group diversifies its portfolio. The sensitivity analyses below have been determined based on the exposure to price risk at the end of the reporting period.

- 42. 財務風險管理及金融工具之公允值(續)
 - (a) 財務風險因素(續)
 - (i) 市場風險(續)
 - (1) 外匯風險(續) 釐定以上敏感度分析時乃假設匯 率於報告期末已發生變動,並應 用於該日存在之金融工具面對之 外匯風險。5%增加或減少為管 理層所評估直至下一個報告日止 期間內可能出現之合理匯率變 動。二零一五年度以相同基準進 行分析。
 - (2) 現金流量及公允值利率風險 本集團因銀行現金按浮動利率計 息而承擔現金流量利率風險。由 於預期銀行存款利率變動不大, 管理層並不預期利率變動會對計 息資產產生重大影響。因此,本 公司董事認為本集團承擔之利率 風險並不重大,故並無編製敏感 度分析。
 - (3) 價格風險 本集團承擔因股本證券投資(分 類為通過損益按公允值計量之金 融資產)而產生之股價風險。本 集團並無承擔商品價格風險。本 集團分散其投資組合,以管理因 通過損益按公允值計量之金融資 產而產生之價格風險。以下敏感 度分析乃根據於報告期末所承擔 之價格風險釐定。

For the year ended 31 December 2016 截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度

42. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND FAIR VALUE OF

- FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (continued)
- (a) Financial risk factors (continued)
 - (i) Market risk (continued)
 - (3) Price risk (continued)

At 31 December 2016, it is estimated that an increase/a decrease of 10% in the market value of the Group's financial assets at fair value through profit or loss, with all other variables held constant, loss for the year would decrease/increase by approximately HK\$13,000 (2015: increased/decreased profit for the year by approximately HK\$6,394,000). The stated changes represent management's assessment of reasonably possible changes in the market value of the Group's investment portfolio over the period until the next annual reporting date. The analysis is prepared on the same basis for 2015.

(ii) Credit risk

The Group's credit risk is primarily attributable to trade and other receivables, listed investments and other financial instruments. Management has a credit policy in place and the exposures to these credit risks are monitored on an ongoing basis. In order to minimise the credit risk, the management of the Group has delegated a team responsible to compile the credit and risk management policies, to approve credit limits and determine any debt recovery action on those delinquent receivables. In addition, the Group reviews the recoverable amount for each individual account receivable at the end of each reporting period to ensure that adequate allowances for impairment are made for irrecoverable amounts.

The credit risk on liquid funds is also limited because the counterparties are banks with high credit-ratings assigned by international credit-rating agencies. In this regard, the Directors of the Group consider that the Group's credit risk is effectively controlled and significantly reduced.

At the end of the reporting period, the Group has a certain concentration of credit risk as approximately 8% (2015: 8%) of the total trade and other receivables were due from the five largest customers.

42. 財務風險管理及金融工具之公允值(續)

- (a) 財務風險因素(續)
 - (i) 市場風險(續)
 - (3) 價格風險(續) 於二零一六年十二月三十一日, 倘本集團通過損益按公允值計 量之金融資產之市值增加/減 少10%,而所有其他變數維持 不變,則估計會引致年度虧損減 少/增加約13,000港元(二零 一五年:年度溢利增加/減少約 6,394,000港元)。上述變動為 管理層所評估直至下一個年度報 告日止期間內可能出現之本集 團投資組合市值合理變動。二零 一五年度以相同基準進行分析。
 - (ii) 信貸風險
 - 本集團之信貸風險主要來自應收貿易 賬款及其他應收款項、上市投資及其 他金融工具。管理層備有信貸政策, 並持續監控所承擔之信貸風險。為儘 量減低信貸風險,本集團管理層已委 派一支隊伍,負責制訂信貸及風險管 理政策、審批信貸限額及決定就拖欠 應收款項採取之收回債項行動。此 外,本集團於各報告期末審閱各項個 別應收賬款之可收回金額,以確保已 就不可收回金額作出充足減值撥備。

由於交易對手為獲國際信貸評級機構 評為高信貸評級之銀行,故流動資金 信貸風險亦屬有限。就此而言,本集 團董事認為,本集團之信貸風險受到 有效控制並顯著降低。

於報告期末,由於約8%(二零一五 年:8%)之應收貿易賬款及其他應收 款項總額來自五大客戶,故本集團擁 有若干集中信貸風險。

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42. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND FAIR VALUE OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (continued)

- (a) Financial risk factors (continued)
 - (ii) Credit risk (continued)

Further quantitative disclosure in respect of the Group's exposures to credit risk arising from trade receivables, utility and other deposits, and prepayments and other receivables are set out in Notes 23, 24 and 25 respectively.

(iii) Liquidity risk

The Group is exposed to liquidity risk on financial liabilities. To address the risk, management is responsible for its own cash management, including the short term investment of cash surpluses and the raising of loans to cover expected cash demands, subject to approval by the management when the borrowings exceed certain predetermined levels of authority. The Group's policy is to regularly monitor its liquidity requirements and its compliance with lending covenants, to ensure that it maintains sufficient reserves of cash and readily realisable marketable securities and adequate committed lines of funding from major financial institutions to meet its liquidity requirements in the short and longer term.

- 42. 財務風險管理及金融工具之公允值(續)
 - (a) 財務風險因素(續)
 - (ii) 信貸風險(續) 有關本集團因應收貿易賬款、公用事 業及其他按金以及預繳款項及其他應 收款項而產生之信貸風險之進一步定 量披露,分別載於附註23、24及25。

(iii) 流動資金風險

本集團因金融負債而承擔流動資金風 險。為處理有關風險,管理層負責本 身之現金管理,包括現金盈餘之短期 投資及籌借貸款以應付預期現金需 求;如借貸超過獲授權之若干預定水 平,則須得到管理層之批准。本集團 之政策乃定期監控其流動資金需求 及遵守借貸契諾之情況,以確保維持 充裕現金儲備及可隨時變現之有價證 券,以及獲得主要金融機構提供之足 夠承諾信貸融資,以應付短期及較長 期流動資金需要。

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42. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND FAIR VALUE OF

- FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (continued)
- (a) Financial risk factors (continued)
 - (iii) Liquidity risk (continued)

The following tables detail the remaining contractual maturities at the end of the reporting period of the Group's financial liabilities, which are based on contractual undiscounted cash flows (including interest payments computed using contractual rates or, if floating, based on rates current at the end of the reporting period) and the earliest date the Group can be required to pay:

42. 財務風險管理及金融工具之公允值(續)

- (a) 財務風險因素(續)
 - (iii) 流動資金風險(續)
 下表詳示本集團金融負債於報告期末
 之餘下合約到期情況,乃以合約未貼
 現現金流量(包括按合約利率或(如
 屬浮息)根據報告期末當前利率計算
 之利息付款)以及本集團可被要求償

還有關款項之最早日期為依據:

		Carrying amount 賬面值 <i>HK\$'000</i> 千港元	Total contractual undiscounted cash flows 合約未貼現 現金流量總額 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>	Within 1 year or on demand 一年內或 按要求 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>	More than 1 year but less than 5 years 超過一年 但不足五年 <i>HK\$</i> [*] 000 <i>千港元</i>
2016	二零一六年				
Trade payables	應付貿易賬款	1,801	1,801	1,801	-
Other payables and accruals	其他應付款項及應計款項	77,271	77,271	77,271	-
Bank borrowings	銀行借貸	4,901	5,047	5,047	-
Convertible bonds	可換股債券	1,632,780	1,692,631	1,457,862	234,769
Obligations under finance leases	融資租賃債務	8,268	8,367	8,367	-
Amounts due to related parties	應付關聯方款項	1,259,967	1,259,967	1,259,967	-
Amount due to a joint venture	應付一間合營企業款項	46,195	46,195	46,195	_
		3,031,183	3,091,279	2,856,510	234,769
2015	二零一五年				
Trade payables	應付貿易賬款	2,728	2,728	2,728	-
Other payables and accruals	其他應付款項及應計款項	64,311	64,311	64,311	_
Convertible bonds	可換股債券	2,075,402	2,199,963	1,883,333	316,630
Obligations under finance leases	融資租賃債務	25,905	27,009	18,032	8,977
Amounts due to related parties	應付關聯方款項	118,000	118,675	118,675	-
Amount due to a joint venture	應付一間合營企業款項	46,195	46,195	46,195	
		2,332,541	2,458,881	2,133,274	325,607

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42. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND FAIR VALUE OF

- FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (continued)
- (b) Fair value measurement
 - (i) Financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value

Fair value hierarchy

The following tables present the fair value of the Group's financial instruments measured at the end of the reporting period on a recurring basis, categorised into the three-level fair value hierarchy as defined in HKFRS 13, Fair value measurement. The level into which a fair value measurement is classified is determined with reference to the observability and significance of the inputs used in the valuation technique as follows:

- Level 1 valuations: Fair value measured using only Level 1 inputs i.e. unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities at the measurement date
- Level 2 valuations: Fair value measured using Level 2 inputs i.e. observable inputs which fail to meet Level 1, and not using significant unobservable inputs. Unobservable inputs are inputs for which market data are not available
- Level 3 valuations: Fair value measured using significant unobservable inputs

42. 財務風險管理及金融工具之公允值(續)

- (b) 公允值計量
 - (i) 按公允值計量之金融資產及負債

公允值等級

下表載列以香港財務報告準則第13號 「公允值計量」所界定之三層公允值等 級分類,並按經常性基準於報告期末 計量之本集團金融工具之公允值。公 允值計量分類之等級參照估值技術所 用輸入值之可觀察及重要程度釐定如 下:

- 第一級估值:僅利用第一級輸入 值(即在活躍市場上相同資產或 負債於計量日期之未經調整報 價)計量之公允值
- 第二級估值:利用第二級輸入值 (即不能符合第一級之可觀察輸 入值),而不利用重大不可觀察 輸入值計量之公允值。不可觀察 輸入值為無法取得市場數據之輸 入值
- 第三級估值:利用重大不可觀察
 輸入值計量之公允值

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42. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND FAIR VALUE OF

FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (continued)

(b) Fair value measurement (continued)

- (b) 公允值計量(續)
- (i) Financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value (continued)

⁽i) 按公允值計量之金融資產及負債 (續)

			C	alue measuremer ategorised into 允值計量之分類	nts
		Fair value at 31 December 於十二月 三十一日之	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
		ニャーロン 公允値 <i>HK'000</i> <i>千港元</i>	第一級 HK\$'000 千港元	第二級 HK\$ [€] 000 千港元	第三級 HK\$ [°] 000 千港元
2016	二零一六年				
Recurring fair value measurements:	經常性公允值計量:				
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss:	通過損益按公允值計量之				
– Listed equity investment	一上市股本投資	132	132	-	-
2015	二零一五年				
Recurring fair value measurements:	經常性公允值計量:				
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss:	通過損益按公允值計量之 金融資產:				
- Listed equity investment	一上市股本投資	63,935	63,935	-	-
During the years ended 31 I	December 2015 and		截至二零一	五年及二零一方	六年十二月
2016, there was no significa	nt transfer between		三十一日止	年度,第一級勇	與第二級間
investments in Level 1 and Leve	2, or transfer into or		之投資並無	重大轉移,亦無	無轉入第三
out of Level 3.			級或從第三	級轉出。	

^{42.} 財務風險管理及金融工具之公允值(續)

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42. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND FAIR VALUE OF

42. 財務風險管理及金融工具之公允值(續)

(b) Fair value measurement (continued)

FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (continued)

- (b) 公允值計量(續)
- (ii) Fair value of financial assets and liabilities carried at other than fair value

The carrying amounts of the Group's and the Company's financial instruments, including the available-for-sale financial assets (Note 20), carried at cost or amortised cost are not materially different from their fair values as at 31 December 2016 and 2015 except for the following financial instruments, for which their carrying amount and fair value and the level of fair value hierarchy are disclosed below:

(ii) 按公允值以外者列賬之金融資產及負 債之公允值 本集團及本公司按成本或攤銷成本列 賬之金融工具(包括可供出售金融資 產(附註20))之賬面值與於二零一六 年及一零一五年十一月三十一日之公

年及二零一五年十二月三十一日之公 允值並無重大差異,惟下列金融工具 除外。除外金融工具之賬面值及公允 值以及公允值等級披露如下:

Fair value measurements

				於二零一	2.2016 categori 六年十二月三十 公允值計量分類	sed into 一日之
		Carrying amount at 31.12.2016 於二零一六年 十二月 三十一日	Fair value at 31.12.2016 於二零一六年 十二月 三十一日	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
		三 一 日 之賬面值 <i>HK\$′000</i> <i>千港元</i>	二十一日 之公允值 <i>HK\$′000</i> <i>千港元</i>	第一級 HK\$′000 千港元	第二級 HK\$′000 千港元	第三級 <i>HK\$′000</i> <i>千港元</i>
Convertible bonds	可換股債券	1,632,780	1,595,413	-	_	1,595,413
				as at 31.1 於二零一	alue measureme 2.2015 categoris 五年十二月三十 \.允值計量分類	sed into
		Carrying amount at 31.12.2015 於二零一五年 十二月 三十一日	Fair value at 31.12.2015 於二零一五年 十二月 三十一日	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
		二十一日 之賬面值 <i>HK\$′000 千港元</i>	二十一日 之公允值 <i>HK\$'000 千港元</i>	第一級 <i>HK\$′000</i> <i>千港元</i>	第二級 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>	第三級 <i>HK\$′000</i> <i>千港元</i>
Convertible bonds	可換股債券	2,075,402	1,564,812	-	_	1,564,812

Valuation techniques and inputs used in Level 3 fair value measurements

The fair value of the convertible bonds is estimated as being the present values of future cash flows, discounted at interest rates based on the government yield curve as at 31 December 2016 and 2015 plus an adequate constant credit spread, adjusted for the Group's own credit risk. 第三級公允值計量所用之估值技術及 輸入值

可換股債券之公允值估計為未來現金 流量之現值,乃按於二零一六年及二 零一五年十二月三十一日以政府收益 率曲線計算之利率貼現,另加充足之 固定信貸差價,並就本集團本身之信 貸風險作出調整。

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43. CAPITAL RISK MANAGEMENT

The Group's primary objectives when managing capital are to safeguard the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, so that it can continue to provide returns for shareholders and benefits for other stakeholders, by pricing products and services commensurately with the level of risk and by securing access to finance at a reasonable cost.

The Group actively and regularly reviews and manages its capital structure to maintain a balance between the higher shareholder returns that might be possible with higher levels of borrowings and the advantages and security afforded by a sound capital position, and makes adjustments to the capital structure in light of changes in economic conditions.

Consistent with industry practice, the Group monitors its capital structure on the basis of a debt-to-adjusted capital ratio. For this purpose the Group defines debts as total debts (which includes bank borrowings, obligations under finance leases, trade and other payables, amount due to a joint venture and liability component of convertible bonds plus unaccrued proposed dividends). Adjusted capital comprises all components of equity, other than amounts recognised in equity relating to cash flow hedges, less unaccrued proposed dividends.

During the year, the Group's strategy, which was unchanged from 2015, was to maintain the debt-to-adjusted capital ratio at a reasonable level. In order to maintain or adjust the ratio, the Group may adjust the amount of dividend paid to shareholders, issue new shares, return capital to shareholders, raise new debt financing or sell assets to reduce debt.

43. 資本風險管理

本集團管理資本之首要目標乃保障本集團能夠 繼續根據持續經營基準經營,從而透過與風險水 平相對應之產品及服務定價以及以合理成本獲 得融資,繼續為股東創造回報及為其他權益持有 者帶來利益。

本集團積極定期檢討及管理資本架構,以於在較 高股東回報情況下可能伴隨之較高借貸水平與 良好資本狀況帶來之好處及保障之間取得平衡, 並因應經濟狀況變化對資本架構作出調整。

與行業慣例一致,本集團以債務對經調整資本比 率作為監控資本架構之基準。就此而言,本集團 界定債務為債務總額(包括銀行借貸、融資租賃 債務、應付貿易賬款及其他應付款項、應付一間 合營企業款項以及可換股債券之負債部分加非 累計建議股息)。經調整資本包括權益之所有部 分(涉及現金流量對沖並於權益確認之金額除 外)減非累計建議股息。

年內,本集團秉承二零一五年之策略,將債務對 經調整資本比率維持於合理水平。為保持或調整 該比率,本集團可能調整派付予股東之股息金 額、發行新股份、退還資本予股東、新增債務融 資或出售資產減債。

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43. CAPITAL RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

43. 資本風險管理(續)

The debt-to-adjusted capital ratios at 31 December 2016 and 2015 were as follows:

於二零一六年及二零一五年十二月三十一日之 債務對經調整資本比率如下:

		2016 二零一六年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>	2015 二零一五年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>
Current liabilities:	流動負債:		
Trade payables	應付貿易賬款	1,801	2,728
Other payables and accruals	其他應付款項及應計款項	77,271	64,311
Bank borrowings	銀行借貸	4,901	-
Current portion of convertible bonds	可換股債券之流動部分	1,431,040	1,824,629
Obligations under finance leases	融資租賃債務	8,268	17,038
Amounts due to related parties	應付關聯方款項	1,259,967	118,000
		2,783,248	2,026,706
Non-current liabilities:	非流動負債:		
Amount due to a joint venture	應付一間合營企業款項	46,195	46,195
Convertible bonds, the liability component	可換股債券-負債部分	201,740	250,773
Obligations under finance leases	融資租賃債務		8,867
Total debts	債務總額	3,031,183	2,332,541
Adjusted capital	經調整資本	5,511,177	6,085,403
Net debt-to-adjusted capital ratio	債務淨額對經調整資本比率	55%	38%

The Group is not subject to either internally or externally imposed capital requirements.

本集團對內或對外均毋須遵守任何資本要求。

REXLot Holdings Limited 御泰中彩控股有限公司

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44. TRANSACTIONS AND BALANCES WITH RELATED

44. 關聯方交易及結餘

PARTIES

(a) Details of the Group's significant transactions and balances with the following related parties during the year are as follows:

⁽a) 本集團於年內曾與以下關聯方進行重大交 易及結餘,詳情如下:

		2016	2015
		二零一六年	二零一五年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Shareholder:	股東:		
Balance due from the Group	應收本集團結餘	280,000	118,000
Interest on a shareholder loan	股東貸款之利息	1,020	-
Redemption of convertible bonds	贖回可換股債券	64,353	15,000
Convertible bonds interest paid	已付可換股債券利息	11,864	13,443
Consent fee paid for delaying	就延遲贖回可換股債券已付之		
redemption of convertible bonds	同意費	4,359	3,000
Companies connected with a director:	與董事有關聯之公司:		
Balance due from the Group	應收本集團結餘	357,867	_
Deposits received on sales of	出售出售集團之已收按金		
Disposal Group		622,100	_

In the opinion of the Directors, including the Independent Non-executive Directors, the above transactions were entered into in the Group's ordinary course of business or at terms agreed by both parties. During the year ended 31 December 2016, the balances are unsecured, interest free and repayable within one year. For the year ended 31 December 2015, except for the balance of HK\$15,000,000 due to a shareholder bearing interest at 4.5% per annum, the remaining balance of HK\$103,000,000 is interest free.

- (b) As at 31 December 2016, Mr. Chan has given personal guarantee in respect of bank borrowings of the Disposal Group of approximately HK\$81,900,000 (2015: HK\$Nil) (Note 14).
- (c) During both years, compensation of key management personnel represents Directors' emoluments and those of senior staff as stated in Notes 10 and 11. The Directors' emoluments are determined by the remuneration committee having regard to the performance, responsibilities and experience of individuals and market trends.

董事(包括獨立非執行董事)認為,上述 交易乃於本集團日常業務過程中或按雙方 協定之條款進行。截至二零一六年十二月 三十一日止年度,結餘為無抵押、免息及 須於一年內償還。截至二零一五年十二月 三十一日止年度,除15,000,000港元之應 付一名股東結餘按年利率4.5厘計息外, 103,000,000港元之餘下結餘為免息。

- (b) 於二零一六年十二月三十一日,陳先生就出 售集團約81,900,000港元(二零一五年:零 港元)之銀行借貸提供個人擔保(附註14)。
- (c) 於兩個年度內,主要管理人員薪酬指附註 10及11所列之董事及高級員工之薪酬。董 事薪酬由薪酬委員會參照個人表現、職責 及經驗以及市場趨勢釐定。

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45. POSSIBLE IMPACT OF AMENDMENTS, NEW STANDARDS AND INTERPRETATIONS ISSUED BUT NOT YET EFFECTIVE

Up to the date of issue of these consolidated financial statements, the HKICPA has issued the following amendments, new standards and interpretations which are not yet effective for the year ended 31 December 2016 and which have not been adopted in these consolidated financial statements:

45. 已頒布但尚未生效之修訂、新準則及詮釋可 能產生之影響

截至本綜合財務報表刊發日期,香港會計師公會 已頒布以下於截至二零一六年十二月三十一日 止年度尚未生效且並未於本綜合財務報表內採 納之修訂、新準則及詮釋:

		Effective for accounting periods beginning on or after 於下列日期或之後開始之 會計期間生效
Amendments to HKFRSs 香港財務報告準則之修訂	Annual improvements to HKFRSs 2014-2016 香港財務報告準則之年度改進 (二零一四年至二零一六年週期)	1 January 2017 and 1 January 2018 二零一七年一月一日及 二零一八年一月一日
Amendments to HKFRS 2 香港財務報告準則第2號之修訂	Classification and measurement of share-based payment transactions 以股份支付款項交易之分類及計量	1 January 2018 二零一八年一月一日
Amendments to HKFRS 4 香港財務報告準則第4號之修訂	Applying HKFRS 9 Financial instruments with HKFRS 4 insurance contracts 對香港財務報告準則第4號之保險合約應用 香港財務報告準則第9號金融工具	1 January 2018 二零一八年一月一日
Amendments to HKFRS 10 and HKAS 28 香港財務報告準則第10號及香港會計準則 第28號之修訂	Sales or contribution of assets between an investor and its associate or joint venture 投資者與其聯營公司或合營企業間之資產銷售或 投入	To be determined 待定
Amendments to HKAS 7 香港會計準則第7號之修訂	Statement of cash flows: Disclosure initiative 現金流量表 : 披露計劃	1 January 2017 二零一七年一月一日

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45. POSSIBLE IMPACT OF AMENDMENTS, NEW STANDARDS AND INTERPRETATIONS ISSUED BUT NOT YET EFFECTIVE (continued)

45. 已頒布但尚未生效之修訂、新準則及詮釋可 能產生之影響(續)

		Effective for accounting periods beginning on or after 於下列日期或之後開始之 會計期間生效
Amendments to HKAS 12 香港會計準則第12號之修訂	Recognition of deferred tax assets for unrealised losses 就未變現虧損確認遞延税項資產	1 January 2017 二零一七年一月一日
Amendments to HKFRS 10, HKFRS 12 and HKAS 28 香港財務報告準則第10號、 香港財務報告準則第12號及 香港會計準則第28號之修訂	Investment entities: Applying the consolidation exception 投資實體:應用綜合入賬之例外情況	1 January 2017 二零一七年一月一日
Amendments to HKFRS 15	Clarification to HKFRS 15	1 January 2018
香港財務報告準則第15號之修訂	釐清香港財務報告準則第15號	二零一八年一月一日
HKFRS 9	Financial instruments	1 January 2018
香港財務報告準則第9號	金融工具	二零一八年一月一日
HKFRS 15	Revenue from contracts with customers	1 January 2018
香港財務報告準則第15號	客戶合約收入	二零一八年一月一日
HKFRS 16	Leases	1 January 2019
香港財務報告準則第16號	租賃	二零一九年一月一日

The Group is yet to assess the full impact of these amendments and new standards on its consolidated financial statements. In the opinion of Directors, all of the new developments are not expected to have a material impact on the consolidated financial statements. 本集團現時仍未能評估該等修訂及新準則對其 綜合財務報表之全面影響。董事認為,預期所有 新發展不會對綜合財務報表構成重大影響。

For the year ended 31 December 2016 截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度

46. INVESTMENTS IN SUBSIDIARIES

46. 於附屬公司之投資

The following list contains only the particulars of subsidiaries which principally affected the results, assets or liabilities of the Group.

下表僅列出對本集團之業績、資產或負債有重大 影響之附屬公司詳情。

Name 名稱	Place of incorporation/ registration 註冊成立/註冊地點	Principal Particulars of issued/ activities and registered and place of operation paid up capital 已發行/註冊及 已繳足股本/資本詳情		Effective interest held 所持實際權益
REXCAPITAL Financial Group Limited	British Virgin Islands 英屬處女群島	Investment holding in Hong Kong 於香港進行投資控股	197,400,856 ordinary shares of HK\$1 each 197,400,856股每股面值1港元 之普通股	100%
REXCAPITAL Financial Management Limited	British Virgin Islands 英屬處女群島	Investment holding in Hong Kong 於香港進行投資控股	1 ordinary share of US\$1 each 1股面值1美元之普通股	100%
Genius Nation Limited	British Virgin Islands 英屬處女群島	Investment holding in Hong Kong 於香港進行投資控股	1 ordinary share of US\$1 each 1股面值1美元之普通股	100%
Huge Top Enterprises Inc.	British Virgin Islands 英屬處女群島	Investment holding in Hong Kong 於香港進行投資控股	1 ordinary share of US\$1 each 1股面值1美元之普通股	100%
Wai Tian Limited 外天有限公司	British Virgin Islands 英屬處女群島	Provision of system software in the PRC 於中國提供系統軟件	1 ordinary share of US\$1 each 1股面值1美元之普通股	100%
Oriental View Limited 喜粤有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	Investment holding in Hong Kong 於香港進行投資控股	Ordinary share of HK\$1 1港元之普通股	100%
REXCAPITAL Corporate Management Limited 御泰企業管理有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	Arrangement of administration services for group companies in Hong Kong 於香港為集團公司安排 行政服務	Ordinary shares of HK\$2 2港元之普通股	100%

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46. INVESTMENTS IN SUBSIDIARIES (continued)

46. 於附屬公司之投資(續)

Name	Place of incorporation/ registration	Principal activities and place of operation	Particulars of issued/ registered and paid up capital 已發行/註冊及	Effective interest held
名稱	註冊成立/註冊地點	主要業務及營業地點	已繳足股本/資本詳情	所持實際權益
REXCAPITAL Finance Limited 御泰信貸有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	Money lending and investment trading in Hong Kong 於香港進行貸款及 投資買賣	Ordinary shares of HK\$2,000,000 2,000,000港元之 普通股	100%
深圳前海御泰中彩投資 有限公司 (Shenzhen Qianhai RexLot Investment Co. Ltd.*)	PRC 中國	Investment holding in the PRC 於中國進行投資控股	HK\$153,885,941 153,885,941港元	100%
深圳市思樂數據技術 有限公司 (Shenzhen Sinodata Technology Co. Ltd.*)	PRC 中國	Provision of lottery machines and software system in the PRC 於中國提供彩票機及軟件 系統	RMB80,000,000 人民幣80,000,000元	100%
深圳市思樂數據設備服務 有限公司 (Shenzhen Sinodata Equipment Services Co. Ltd.*)	PRC 中國	Provision of maintenance service for lottery machines in the PRC 於中國提供彩票機維修 服務	RMB2,000,000 人民幣2,000,000元	100%
深圳市思樂網絡技術 有限責任公司 (Shenzhen Sinocyber Technology Co. Ltd.*)	PRC 中國	Provision of paperless systems and services to industrial specific channels 向指定產業渠道提供 無紙化系統及服務	RMB30,000,000 人民幣30,000,000元	100%
深圳市金帆軟件技術 有限公司 (Shenzhen Kingsail Software Tech Co. Ltd.*)	PRC 中國	Production of lottery machines in the PRC 於中國生產彩票機	RMB55,000,000 人民幣55,000,000元	100%
深圳市御泰中彩投資 有限公司 (REXLot Investment (Shenzhen) Co. Ltd.*)	PRC 中國	Investment holding in the PRC 於中國進行投資控股	RMB30,000,000 人民幣30,000,000元	100%
北京信安中彩科技有限公司 (Beijing Xinan Sino-lottery Technology Co. Ltd.*)	PRC 中國	Provision of lottery printing service in the PRC 於中國提供彩票印刷服務	RMB44,000,000 人民幣44,000,000元	100%

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46. INVESTMENTS IN SUBSIDIARIES (continued)

46. 於附屬公司之投資(續)

Name	Place ofPrincipalincorporation/activities andregistrationplace of operation		Particulars of issued/ registered and paid up capital 已發行/註冊及	Effective interest held
名稱	註冊成立/註冊地點	主要業務及營業地點	已繳足股本/資本詳情	所持實際權益
廣州市樂得瑞科技有限公司 (Guangzhou Latech Technology Co. Ltd.*)	PRC 中國	Production of lottery machines in the PRC 於中國生產彩票機	RMB55,000,000 人民幣55,000,000元	90%
北京樂和贏營銷顧問 有限公司 (Beijing Lohowin Marketing Co. Ltd.*)	PRC 中國	Lottery distribution and marketing business in the PRC 於中國進行彩票配送與 市場業務	RMB1,280,000 人民幣1,280,000元	60%
廣東博眾網絡信息技術 有限公司	PRC 中國	Provision of marketing services for lottery business in the PRC 於中國提供彩票業務之 市場服務	RMB10,000,000 人民幣10,000,000元	80%
深圳市鵬彩科技有限公司	PRC 中國	Lottery distribution and marketing business in the PRC 於中國進行彩票配送與 市場業務	RMB10,000,000 人民幣10,000,000元	100%
北京德華富邦科技有限公司	PRC 中國	Investment holding in the PRC 於中國進行投資控股	RMB100,000 人民幣100,000元	100%
彩通天成(北京)科技 有限公司 (Elottery Vision (Beijing) Technology Co. Ltd.*)	PRC 中國	Provision of mobile value- added services for lottery business in the PRC 於中國就彩票業務提供 手機增值服務	RMB30,000,000 人民幣30,000,000元	50%#
濟南數碼彩通科技有限公司	PRC 中國	Provision of mobile value- added services for lottery business in the PRC 於中國就彩票業務提供 手機增值服務	RMB10,000,000 人民幣10,000,000元	50%#
濟南銀網聯合科技有限公司	PRC 中國	Provision of mobile value- added services for lottery business in the PRC 於中國就彩票業務提供 手機增值服務	RMB1,010,000 人民幣1,010,000元	50% [#]

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46. INVESTMENTS IN SUBSIDIARIES (continued)

46. 於附屬公司之投資(續)

Name	Place of incorporation/ registration	Principal activities and place of operation	Particulars of issued/ registered and paid up capital 已發行/註冊及	Effective interest held
名稱	註冊成立/註冊地點	主要業務及營業地點	已繳足股本/資本詳情	所持實際權益
澳客之家(北京)科技股份 有限公司	PRC 中國	Investment holding 投資控股	RMB50,000,000 人民幣50,000,000元	66.6%
深圳市飛海貿易有限公司	PRC 中國	Investment holding 投資控股	RMB100,000 人民幣100,000元	100%
深圳市思遠卓越科技開發 有限公司 (Shenzhen Siyuan Zhuoyue Technology Development Co. Ltd.*)	PRC 中國	Provision of lottery system support services 提供彩票系統支援服務	RMB10,000,000 人民幣10,000,000元	50%#
# These investee compar	nies are regarded as subsid	liaries as the #	儘管本集團僅擁有該等接受招	2資公司之50%擁有

Group, although the Group has only 50% ownership in these investee companies. The Directors concluded that the Group has a sufficiently dominant voting interest to direct the relevant activities of these investee companies as the Group holds more than half the voting rights in these investees.

The Directors of the Company are of the opinion that the none of the Group's subsidiaries that has non-controlling interests are material to the consolidated financial statements as a whole and therefore, the financial information in respect of those subsidiaries that have non-controlling interests are not presented under HKFRS 12, Disclosure of interests in other entities. 公司過半數投票權,故本集團擁有足夠主導投票 權益指示該等接受投資公司之相關活動。 本公司董事認為,擁有非控股權益之本集團附屬

權,惟該等接受投資公司被視為本集團之附屬公司。董事之結論為,由於本集團持有該等接受投資

公司對綜合財務報表整體並不重大,因此,有關 擁有非控股權益之附屬公司之財務資料並非根 據香港財務報告準則第12號「披露於其他實體之 權益」呈列。

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47. COMPANY-LEVEL STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

47. 公司層面之財務狀況表

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2015

「一零一六年 二零一六年 二零一六年 二零一元年 ASSETS 資産 非流動資産 7,698,910 7,050,476 Non-current assets 非流動資産 7,698,910 7,050,476 Current assets 旅動資産 7,698,910 7,050,476 Asserts 旅動資産 7,698,910 7,050,476 Current assets 旅動資産 2,959 4 Acash and bank balances 現企及銀行結除 1,075 2,404 Total current assets 流動資産 4,034 428,008 Total assets 資産線值 7,702,944 7,478,884 EQUITY 権益 29 100,285 99,835 Capital and reserves attributable to capital and reserves attributable to capital and reserves 営備 47(a) 4,691,953 5,176,022 Total equity 種益總額 4,792,238 5,275,857 5,176,022 Total equity 「基進額 北方銀貨債 201,740 250,773 Current liabilities 小動負債 北原貨債 1,259,967 118,000 Current portion of convertible bonds 可換股債 2,910,70				2016	2015
Non-current assets Interests in subsidiaries 非流動資產 於附屬公司之權益 7,698,910 7,050,476 Current assets Amount due from a subsidiary Prepayments Cash and bank balances 流動資產 應收一同附屬公司款項 預做款項 力数公銀行結餘 426,000 Total current assets 流動資產總值 4,034 428,408 Total current assets 流動資產總值 7,702,944 7,478,884 EQUITY Capital and reserves attributable to equity shareholders of the Company Share capital Reserves 7,698,910 7,050,476 Make Capital and reserves attributable to equity shareholders of the Company Share capital Reserves 7,702,944 7,478,884 EQUITY Capital and reserves attributable to equity shareholders of the Company Share capital Reserves 8,47(a) 4,691,953 5,176,022 Total equity 權益總額 4,792,238 5,275,857 100,285 99,835 Convertible bonds 算備 非流動負債 7,259,967 10,800 1,259,967 118,000 Current liabilities Convertible bonds 消費債總額 2,708,966 1,952,254 1,431,040 1,824,629 Total current liabilities 流動負債總額 2,708,966 1,952,254 1,431,040 1,952,254 Total current liabilities <t< th=""><th></th><th></th><th></th><th>HK\$'000</th><th>HK\$'000</th></t<>				HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Interests in subsidiaries 於附屬公司之權益 7,698,910 7,050,476 Current assets 流動資產 慶吸一間附屬公司款項 426,000 Prepayments 現金及銀行結餘 1,075 2,404 Total current assets 流動資產總值 4,034 428,408 Total sests 資產總值 7,702,944 7,478,884 EQUITY 霍益 本公司權益股東應佔資本及 儲備 4,702,944 7,478,884 EQUITY 電益總值 4,792,238 5,275,857 IABILITIES 負債 非流動負債 7,599 9,625 Convertible bonds 可能設備 17,959 9,625 118,000 Current liabilities 流動負債 1,259,967 118,000 1,224,629 Total current liabilities 流動負債總額 2,708,966 1,952,254 1,421,040 1,824,629 T	ASSETS	資產			
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EQUITY權益 本公司權益股東應佔資本及 儲備Capital and reserves attributable to equity shareholders of the Company本公司權益股東應佔資本及 儲備Share capital Reserves股本29100,28599,835Total equity權益總額4,792,2385,275,857LIABILITIES Non-current liabilities Convertible bonds負債 非流動負債 其他應付款項及應計款項 服付開聯方款項201,740250,773Current liabilities Current liabilities Current liabilities Current liabilities流動負債 其他應付款項及應計款項 取貨儲券之流動部分17,959 1,259,9679,625 118,000 1,431,040Total current liabilities Current liabilities流動負債總額2,708,966 2,203,0271,952,254Total liabilities Current liabilities魚債總額2,910,706 2,203,0272,203,027Total equity and liabilities權益及負債總額7,702,9447,478,884	Total current assets	流動資產總值		4,034	428,408
Capital and reserves attributable to equity shareholders of the Company本公司權益股東應佔資本及 儲備Share capital Reserves股本29 4,691,953100,285 5,176,022Total equity權益總額4,792,2385,275,857LIABILITIES Non-current liabilities Convertible bonds負債 非流動負債 其他應付款項及應計款項 應付關聯方款項201,740250,773Current liabilities Other payables and accruals Amounts due to related parties Current portion of convertible bonds流動負債 其他應付款項及應計款項 原付關聯方款項17,959 1,259,967 1,8000 1,431,0409,625 1,824,629Total current liabilities Current liabilities Current liabilities Current portion of convertible bonds流動負債總額2,708,966 2,203,027Total current liabilities Current liabilities Current liabilities Current liabilities魚債總額2,708,966 2,203,027Total current liabilities Current liabilities Current liabilities魚債總額2,708,966 2,203,027Total equity and liabilities積億總額7,702,944 7,478,884	Total assets	資產總值		7,702,944	7,478,884
Capital and reserves attributable to equity shareholders of the Company本公司權益股東應佔資本及 儲備Share capital Reserves股本29 4,691,953100,285 5,176,022Total equity權益總額4,792,2385,275,857LIABILITIES Non-current liabilities Convertible bonds負債 非流動負債 其他應付款項及應計款項 應付關聯方款項201,740250,773Current liabilities Other payables and accruals Amounts due to related parties Current portion of convertible bonds流動負債 其他應付款項及應計款項 原付關聯方款項17,959 1,259,967 1,8000 1,431,0409,625 1,824,629Total current liabilities Current liabilities Current liabilities Current portion of convertible bonds流動負債總額2,708,966 2,203,027Total current liabilities Current liabilities Current liabilities Current liabilities魚債總額2,708,966 2,203,027Total current liabilities Current liabilities Current liabilities魚債總額2,708,966 2,203,027Total equity and liabilities積億總額7,702,944 7,478,884	FOUITY	棒光			
Share capital Reserves 股本 29 47(a) 100,285 4,691,953 99,835 5,176,022 Total equity 權益總額 4,792,238 5,275,857 LIABILITIES 負債 水のn-current liabilities 負債 非流動負債 201,740 250,773 Current liabilities 次動負債 201,740 250,773 Current liabilities 流動負債 17,959 9,625 Amounts due to related parties 應付關聯方款項 1,259,967 118,000 Current portion of convertible bonds 元動負債總額 2,708,966 1,952,254 Total current liabilities 流動負債總額 2,910,706 2,203,027 Total liabilities 負債總額 2,702,944 7,478,884	Capital and reserves attributable to equity shareholders of	本公司權益股東應佔資本及			
Total equity權益總額4,792,2385,275,857LIABILITIES Non-current liabilities Convertible bonds負債 非流動負債 可換股債券201,740250,773Current liabilities Other payables and accruals Amounts due to related parties Current portion of convertible bonds流動負債 其他應付款項及應計款項 應付關聯方款項 可換股債券之流動部分17,959 1,259,967 1,18,000 1,431,0409,625 1,18,000 1,824,629Total current liabilities流動負債總額2,708,966 2,203,0271,952,254Total liabilities負債總額2,910,706 7,702,9442,203,027Total equity and liabilities權益及負債總額7,702,9447,478,884			29	100,285	99,835
LIABILITIES Non-current liabilities Convertible bonds負債 非流動負債 可換股債券201,740250,773Current liabilities Other payables and accruals Amounts due to related parties Current portion of convertible bonds流動負債 其他應付款項及應計款項 取債券之流動部分17,9599,625Total current liabilities Total current liabilities流動負債總額2,708,9661,952,254Total liabilities負債總額2,910,7062,203,027Total equity and liabilities權益及負債總額7,702,9447,478,884	Reserves	儲備	47(a)	4,691,953	5,176,022
Non-current liabilities Convertible bonds非流動負債 可換股債券201,740250,773Current liabilities Other payables and accruals Amounts due to related parties Current portion of convertible bonds流動負債 其他應付款項及應計款項 應付關聯方款項 可換股債券之流動部分17,959 1,259,967 1,8,000 1,431,0409,625 1,8,000 1,824,629Total current liabilities Total liabilities流動負債總額2,708,966 2,910,7061,952,254 2,203,027Total equity and liabilities權益及負債總額7,702,9447,478,884	Total equity	權益總額		4,792,238	5,275,857
Convertible bonds 可換股債券 201,740 250,773 Current liabilities 流動負債 17,959 9,625 Other payables and accruals 其他應付款項及應計款項 17,959 9,625 Amounts due to related parties 其他應付關聯方款項 1,259,967 118,000 Current portion of convertible bonds 「該動負債總額 2,708,966 1,952,254 Total current liabilities 負債總額 2,910,706 2,203,027 Total equity and liabilities 權益及負債總額 7,702,944 7,478,884	LIABILITIES	負債			
Other payables and accruals 其他應付款項及應計款項 17,959 9,625 Amounts due to related parties 應付關聯方款項 1,259,967 118,000 Current portion of convertible bonds 可換股債券之流動部分 1,431,040 1,824,629 Total current liabilities 流動負債總額 2,708,966 1,952,254 Total liabilities 負債總額 2,910,706 2,203,027 Total equity and liabilities 權益及負債總額 7,702,944 7,478,884				201,740	250,773
Other payables and accruals 其他應付款項及應計款項 17,959 9,625 Amounts due to related parties 應付關聯方款項 1,259,967 118,000 Current portion of convertible bonds 可換股債券之流動部分 1,431,040 1,824,629 Total current liabilities 流動負債總額 2,708,966 1,952,254 Total liabilities 負債總額 2,910,706 2,203,027 Total equity and liabilities 權益及負債總額 7,702,944 7,478,884		· 子 孔 与 / 声			
Amounts due to related parties Current portion of convertible bonds 應付關聯方款項 可換股債券之流動部分 1,259,967 1,431,040 118,000 1,824,629 Total current liabilities 流動負債總額 2,708,966 1,952,254 Total liabilities 負債總額 2,910,706 2,203,027 Total equity and liabilities 權益及負債總額 7,702,944 7,478,884				17,959	9 625
Total current liabilities流動負債總額2,708,9661,952,254Total liabilities負債總額2,910,7062,203,027Total equity and liabilities權益及負債總額7,702,9447,478,884		應付關聯方款項			
Total liabilities負債總額2,910,7062,203,027Total equity and liabilities權益及負債總額7,702,9447,478,884	Current portion of convertible bonds	可換股債券之流動部分		1,431,040	1,824,629
Total equity and liabilities 權益及負債總額 7,702,944 7,478,884	Total current liabilities	流動負債總額		2,708,966	1,952,254
	Total liabilities	負債總額		2,910,706	2,203,027
Net current liabilities 流動負債淨額 (2,704,932) (1,523,846)	Total equity and liabilities	權益及負債總額		7,702,944	7,478,884
	Net current liabilities	流動負債淨額		(2,704,932)	(1,523,846)

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the Board on 31 March 2017 and are signed on behalf of the Board by:

> Chan How Chung, Victor 陳孝聰 Director 董事

財務報表已於二零一七年三月三十一日獲董事 會核准及授權刊發,並由下列董事會代表簽署:

> Boo Chun Lon 巫峻龍 Director 董事

For the year ended 31 December 2016 截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度

47. COMPANY-LEVEL STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL

47. 公司層面之財務狀況表(續)

POSITION (continued)

Note (a) Reserve movement of the Company

附註(a) 本公司之儲備變動

		Share Premium 股份溢價 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>	Capital redemption reserve 資本 贖回儲備 HK\$'000 千港元	Convertible bonds reserve 可換股 債券儲備 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>	Share-based payment reserve 以股份支付 款項之儲備 <i>HK\$</i> '000 <i>千港元</i>	Contributed surplus 繳入盈餘 HK\$'000 千港元	Retained profits 保留溢利 HK\$'000 千港元	Proposed final dividend 建議 末期股息 HK\$'000 千港元	Total 合計 <i>HK\$*000</i> <i>千港元</i>
At 1 January 2015	於二零一五年一月一日	4,002,373	3,025	415,039	8,403	199,605	638,327	79,680	5,346,452
Loss for the year	年度虧損	-	-	-	-	-	(86,816)	-	(86,816)
Lapse of share options	購股權失效	-	-	-	(2,074)	-	2,074	-	-
Redemption of convertible bonds (Note 35)	贖回可換股債券(附註35)	-	-	(20,752)	-	-	6,261	-	(14,491)
2014 proposed final dividend paid	二零一四年已派付建議末期股息	10,557	_	_	_	_	_	(79,680)	(69,123)
At 31 December 2015 and 1 January 2016	於二零一五年十二月三十一日及 二零一六年一月一日	4,012,930	3,025	394,287	6,329	199,605	559,846	_	5,176,022
Loss for the year	ーマ ハー ハー ロ 年度虧損	4,012,950	5,025	554,207	0,525	- 199,005	(498,309)	_	(498,309)
Lapse of share options	購股權失效	-	_	_	(6,329)	_	6.329	_	(490,509)
Exercise of share option	行使購股權	5.733	-	_	(0,323)	-	0,525	_	4,419
Share option granted	授出購股權	5,755			10,367			_	10,367
Redemption of convertible bonds	贖回可換股債券(附註35)	_	-		10,507	-	_	_	
(Note 35)				(89,030)			88,484		(546)
At 31 December 2016	於二零一六年十二月三十一日	4,018,663	3,025	305,257	9,053	199,605	156,350		4,691,953

48. NON-ADJUSTING EVENTS AFTER THE END OF THE REPORTING PERIOD

(i) As disclosed in Note 14, the Disposal was completed in February 2017. Upon completion of the Disposal, the Company ceased to hold any equity interest in the Disposal Group and the results of the Disposal Group would no longer be consolidated into the consolidated financial statements of the Company. Further details were disclosed in the announcement of the Company dated 14 February 2017.

48. 報告期末後非調整事項

(i) 誠如附註14所披露,出售事項於二零一七年二月完成。於出售事項完成後,本公司不再持有出售集團之任何股權,而出售集團之業績將不再與本公司之綜合財務報表綜合入賬。進一步詳情於本公司日期為二零一七年二月十四日之公布內披露。

For the year ended 31 December 2016 截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度

48. NON-ADJUSTING EVENTS AFTER THE END OF THE REPORTING PERIOD (continued)

(ii) As disclosed in Note 35, the Company was required to redeem the Bonds which was subject to redemption notices and in the aggregate principal amount of approximately HK\$1,427,365,000 on 27 February 2017, CB2016 in the aggregate principal amount of approximately HK\$3,677,000 with the maturity date on 28 February 2017. The Company has not been able to fulfill its redemption and payment obligations on the respective due dates, which constituted an event of default of the respective Bonds. The Company starting from 27 February 2017, has been in default under the Bonds. The trustee or the Bondholders through the trustee may take legal actions against the Company in respect of the Bonds. In that case, the business of the Group and the interests of the Company and the shareholders may be materially and adversely affected. However, the Company expects the possible courses of actions to be taken by the trustee would not have substantial impact on the Company provided that the redemption of the bonds takes place by 28 April 2017.

48. 報告期末後非調整事項(續)

(ii) 誠如附註35所披露,本公司須於二零一七 年二月二十七日贖回通知所涉本金總額約 為1,427,365,000港元之該等債券,以及到 期日為二零一七年二月二十八日、本金總 額約為3,677,000港元之二零一六年可換股 債券。本公司未能於相關到期日履行其贖 回及付款責任,構成該等債券之違約事件。 本公司由二零一七年二月二十七日起無力 履行該等債券。受託人或透過受託人行事 之債券持有人可能就該等債券採取針對本 公司之法律行動。在此情況下,本集團之業 務以及本公司及股東之利益或會受到重大 不利影響。然而,本公司預期,在二零一七 年四月二十八日或之前贖回該等債券之前 提下,受託人可能採取之法律行動程序將 不會對本公司構成重大影響。

For the year ended 31 December 2016 截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度

48. NON-ADJUSTING EVENTS AFTER THE END OF THE

REPORTING PERIOD (continued)

(ii) (continued)

48. 報告期末後非調整事項(續)

- (ii) (續)
- The Company had made a partial repayment on 29 March 2017 to satisfy part of the principal amount of the outstanding Bonds and the accrued but unpaid interest thereon. Following such partial repayment, the aggregate principal amount of CB2016 of approximately HK\$100,907,000 remain outstanding and the aggregate principal amount of CB2019 of approximately HK\$551,402,000 remain outstanding. The Company is seeking the Bondholders' consent to delay the redemption date and maturity date from 27 February 2017 and 28 February 2017 respectively to 28 April 2017 and extend the original 3rd anniversary put option redemption date of the CB2019 to 31 May 2017 (the "Proposals"). The Proposal for the extension will only take effect if the conditions set out in the Company's announcement dated 29 March 2017 are satisfied: (i) passing the extraordinary resolution in the Bondholders' meeting and (ii) obtaining the approval required by Listing Rules. The quorum at the Bondholders' meeting for passing the extraordinary resolution will be a single voter representing or holding not less than 66 2/3% of the aggregate principal amount of the outstanding Bonds and not less than 75% of votes cast for the Proposals during the Bondholders' Meeting. The total maximum amount of consent fees up to approximately HK\$978,000 will be payable to the eligible Bondholders who vote in favour of the extraordinary resolution in the prescribed manner (subject to the satisfaction of the relevant conditions). Further details are disclosed in the announcement of the Company dated 29 March 2017.

本公司已於二零一七年三月二十九日作出 部分付款,以償付該等債券尚未償還之部分 本金額及其應計未付利息。於作出部分還 款後,二零一六年可換股債券尚未償還本 金總額約為100,907,000港元,而二零一九 年可換股債券之尚未償還本金總額則約為 551,402,000港元。本公司現正尋求債券持 有人同意將贖回日及到期日由二零一十年 二月二十七日及二零一七年二月二十八日 分別延遲至二零一七年四月二十八日,並將 二零一九年可換股債券之原第三週年認沽 期權贖回日延遲至二零一七年五月三十一 日(「延遲建議」)。延遲建議須於本公司日 期為二零一七年三月二十九日之公布所載 條件達成,即:(i)於債券持有人會議通過特 別決議案;及(ii)取得上市規則規定之批准 後,方始生效。於債券持有人會議通過特別 決議案之法定人數將為代表或持有不少於 該等債券尚未償還本金總額66 2/3%之單 一投票人,以及不少於75%之票數於債券 持有人會議上投票贊成延遲建議。最高總 額約為978,000港元之同意費將按既定方 式支付予投票贊成特別決議案之合資格債 券持有人(有待相關條件達成方可作實)。 進一步詳情於本公司日期為二零一七年三 月二十九日之公布內披露。

- * The English translation of Chinese names or words are for information purpose only, and should not be regarded as the official English translation of such Chinese names or words
- 中文名稱或詞彙之英文翻譯僅供參考,不應視為該等中 文名稱或詞彙之正式英文譯名

Five Year Financial Summary 五年財務摘要

The following is a summary of the consolidated results, assets and liabilities of the Group for the five years ended 31 December 2016, which have been prepared on the basis set out in Notes 2 and 3 to the consolidated financial statements.

以下為本集團截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止五個 年度之綜合業績、資產及負債摘要,其乃按照綜合財 務報表附註2及3所載之基準編製。

業績

		2016 二零一六年 <i>HK\$[*]000</i> <i>千港元</i>	,	year ended 31 [十二月三十一日. 2014 二零一四年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>		2012 二零一二年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i> (Restated)
Revenue (Loss)/profit before taxation	收入 除税前(虧損)/溢利	(416,091)	1,554,394 205,358 (41,123)	(141,541)	2,165,474	(經重列) <u>1,961,560</u> <u>920,168</u>
Taxation (Loss)/profit for the year Non-controlling interests	税項 年度(虧損)/溢利 非控股權益	(29,898) (445,989) 52,982	(41,124) 164,234 (13,355)	(30,559) (172,100) 68,408	(74,489) 926,450 (57,468)	(53,249) 866,919 (45,620)
Equity shareholders of the Company	本公司權益股東	(393,007)	150,879	(103,692)	868,982	821,299

ASSETS AND LIABILITIES

RESULTS

資產及負債

		As at 31 December 於十二月三十一日						
		2016 二零一六年 <i>HK\$[*]000</i> <i>千港元</i>	2015 二零一五年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>	2014 二零一四年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>	2013 二零一三年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>	2012 二零一二年 <i>HK\$'000 千港元</i> (Restated) (經重列)		
Total assets Total liabilities	資產總值 負債總額	9,111,799 (3,600,622)	8,730,468 (2,645,065)	8,566,521 (2,426,415)	7,596,344 (1,373,672)	7,010,998 (1,212,562)		
Total equity	權益總額	5,511,177	6,085,403	6,140,106	6,222,672	5,798,436		

In order to comply with HKFRS 11, in 2013 the Group changed its accounting policy with respect to joint ventures. This change in accounting policy has been applied retrospectively. As a result, turnover, profit before taxation and taxation for the year 2012 have been restated. This change in accounting policy has no effect on profit for the year, non-controlling interests and total equity for the years 2012 of the Group. 為符合香港財務報告準則第11號,於二零一三年,本集 團更改其有關合營企業之會計政策。此會計政策變動 已追溯生效。因此,二零一二年之營業額、除税前溢利 及税項已經重列。此會計政策變動並不影響本集團二 零一二年之年度溢利、非控股權益及權益總額。

