

# 恒生指數上市基金 HANG SENG INDEX ETF

# 年度財務報告 ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT 2016

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\* 本年度財務報告為中英文本。如有歧義,以英文本為準。

\* The annual financial report is presented in English and Chinese. In case of discrepancy, the original version in English shall prevail.

# 業績表 Performance Table

	價格記錄 Price Record										
20	2016		015 2014		14	2013 20		2012 201		11	
最高	最低	最高	最低	最高	最低	最高	最低	最高	最低	最高	最低
認購價	贖回價	認購價	贖回價	認購價	贖回價	認購價	贖回價	認購價	贖回價	認購價	贖回價
Highest	Lowest	Highest	Lowest	Highest	Lowest	Highest	Lowest	Highest	Lowest	Highest	Lowest
Offer Price	Bid Price	Offer Price	Bid Price	Offer Price	Bid Price	Offer Price	Bid Price	Offer Price	Bid Price (	Offer Price	Bid Price
246.58	186.33	290.14	210.63	258.76	215.35	244.79	203.67	228.63	186.09	246.07	164.71
		20	10	20	09	20	08	200	)7	20	06
		最高	最低	最高	最低	最高	最低	最高	最低	最高	最低
		認購價	贖回價	認購價	贖回價	認購價	贖回價	認購價	贖回價	認購價	贖回價
		Highest	Lowest	Highest	Lowest	Highest	Lowest	Highest	Lowest	Highest	Lowest
		Offer Price	Bid Price	Offer Price	Bid Price	Offer Price	Bid Price	Offer Price	Bid Price (	Offer Price	Bid Price
		254.00	194.20	232.78	114.36	277.75	112.87	319.72	187.48	203.41	150.34
					每單位了						
						lue Per Un					
		12月31日			12月31日			12月31日			12月31日
As	at 31 Dece	mber 2016	As	at 31 Dece	mber 2015	As	at 31 Dece	mber 2014	As	at 31 Dece	mber 2013
		223.47			222.68			239.68			235.51

	屬於單位持有人之資產總淨值 Total Net Assets Attributable to Unitholders					
	2016年12月31日	2015年12月31日	2014年12月31日	2013年12月31日		
	As at 31 December 2016	As at 31 December 2015	As at 31 December 2014	As at 31 December 2013		
港元						
HKD	43,950,982,355	40,933,258,397	40,946,460,125	37,749,203,346		

# 受託人報告 Trustee's Report

致恒生指數上市基金(「基金」)單位持有人

吾等謹此確認,吾等認為基金經理,即恒生投資管理有限公司於截至2016年12月31日止之年度內,在各重要方面均已根據2004年9月10日訂立,並經修訂的《信託契約》條文管理基金。

友邦(信託)有限公司 2017年4月27日

To the unitholders of Hang Seng Index ETF ("the Fund")

We hereby confirm that, in our opinion, the Manager, Hang Seng Investment Management Limited has, in all material respects, managed the Fund in accordance with the provisions of the Trust Deed dated 10 September 2004, as amended, for the year ended 31 December 2016.

AIA Company (Trustee) Limited 27 April 2017

## 獨立核數師報告

致恒生指數上市基金單位持有人

#### 對財務報表的審計進行報告

意見

本核數師(以下簡稱「我們」)已審計列載於第10至26頁的恒生指數上市基金(以下簡稱「基金」)的財務報表,此財務報表包括於二零一六年十二月 三十一日的資產負債表與截至該日止年度的全面收入表、權益變動表、現金流量表和收益分派表,以及財務報表附註,包括主要會計政策概要。

我們認為,該等財務報表已根據香港會計師公會頒布的《香港財務報告準則》真實而中肯地反映了基金於二零一六年十二月三十一日的財務狀況及截 至該日止年度的財務交易及現金流量。

#### 意見的基礎

我們已根據香港會計師公會頒布的《香港審計準則》進行審計。我們在該等準則下承擔的責任已在本報告「核數師就審計財務報表承擔的責任」部分 中作進一步闡述。根據香港會計師公會頒布的《專業會計師道德守則》(以下簡稱「守則」),我們獨立於基金,並已履行守則中的其他專業道德責 任。我們相信,我們所獲得的審計憑證能充足及適當地為我們的審計意見提供基礎。

#### 關鍵審計事項

關鍵審計事項是根據我們的專業判斷,認為對本期財務報表的審計最為重要的事項。這些事項是在我們審計整體財務報表及出具意見時進行處理的。 我們不會對這些事項提供單獨的意見。

投資估值	
請參閱財務報表附註13及第15頁的會計政策。	
關鍵審計事項	我們的審計如何處理該事項
於二零一六年十二月三十一日,投資組合佔基金資産總值99.64%,為帶動基金投資回報的主要因素。	我們就投資估值的審計程序包括以下程序:
我們把投資估值列為關鍵審計事項,因為其對基金的財務報表具有重要 性,而且投資組合於年結日的價值是基金的關鍵績效指標。	將基金採用的價格和從獨立定價來源獲得的價格互相比較,從而評估投資組合中的所有股票及房地產投資信託基金於年結日的估值是否在買賣差價內。

財務報表及其核數師報告以外的信息

基金的基金經理及受託人需對其他信息負責。其他信息包括刊載於年報內的全部信息,但不包括財務報表及我們的核數師報告。

我們對財務報表的意見並不涵蓋其他信息,我們亦不對該等其他信息發表任何形式的鑒證結論。

結合我們對財務報表的審計,我們的責任是閱讀其他信息,在此過程中,考慮其他信息是否與財務報表或我們在審計過程中所了解的情況存在重大抵 觸或者似乎存在重大錯誤陳述的情況。

基於我們已執行的工作,如果我們認為其他信息存在重大錯誤陳述,我們需要報告該事實。在這方面,我們沒有任何報告。

#### 基金的基金經理及受託人就財務報表須承擔的責任

基金的基金經理及受託人須負責根據香港會計師公會頒布的《香港財務報告準則》擬備真實而中肯的財務報表,並對其認為為使財務報表的擬備不存在由於欺詐或錯誤而導致的重大錯誤陳述所需的內部控制負責。

在擬備財務報表時,基金的基金經理及受託人負責評估基金持續經營的能力,並在適用情況下披露與持續經營有關的事項,以及使用持續經營為會計 基礎,除非基金的基金經理及受託人有意將基金清盤或停止經營,或別無其他實際的替代方案。

此外,基金的基金經理及受託人必須確保本財務報表已按照於二零一一年一月二十日及二零一四年十一月十三日修訂的《信託契約》(「《信託契約》」)的相關條文,以及由香港證券及期貨事務監察委員會頒布的《單位信託及互惠基金守則》(「《證監會守則》」)附錄E的相關披露條文妥當編備。

# 獨立核數師報告(續)

#### 核數師就審計財務報表承擔的責任

我們的目標是對財務報表整體是否不存在由於欺詐或錯誤而導致的重大錯誤陳述取得合理保證,並出具包括我們意見的核數師報告。我們僅向整體單 位持有人報告。除此以外,我們的報告不可用作其他用途。我們概不就本報告的內容,對任何其他人士負責或承擔法律責任。

合理保證是高水平的保證,但不能保證按照《香港審計準則》進行的審計,在某一重大錯誤陳述存在時總能發現。錯誤陳述可以由欺詐或錯誤引起,如果合理預期它們單獨或滙總起來可能影響財務報表使用者依賴財務報表所作出的經濟決定,則有關的錯誤陳述可被視作重大。此外,我們必須評估基金的財務報表是否在所有重大方面均按照《信託契約》的相關條文及《證監會守則》附錄E的相關披露條文妥當編備。

在根據《香港審計準則》進行審計的過程中,我們運用了專業判斷,保持了專業懷疑態度。我們亦:

- ・識別和評估由於欺詐或錯誤而導致財務報表存在重大錯誤陳述的風險,設計及執行審計程序以應對這些風險,以及獲取充足和適當的審計憑證, 作為我們意見的基礎。由於欺詐可能涉及串謀、偽造、蓄意遺漏、虛假陳述,或凌駕於內部控制之上,因此未能發現因欺詐而導致的重大錯誤陳述的風險高於未能發現因錯誤而導致的重大錯誤陳述的風險。
- •了解與審計相關的內部控制,以設計適當的審計程序,但目的並非對基金內部控制的有效性發表意見。
- ·評價基金的基金經理及受託人所採用會計政策的恰當性及作出會計估計和相關披露的合理性。
- 對基金經理及受託人採用持續經營會計基礎的恰當性作出結論。根據所獲取的審計憑證,確定是否存在與事項或情況有關的重大不確定性,從而可能導致對基金的持續經營能力產生重大疑慮。如果我們認為存在重大不確定性,則有必要在核數師報告中提請使用者注意財務報表中的相關 披露。假若有關的披露不足,則我們應當發表非無保留意見。我們的結論是基於核數師報告日止所取得的審計憑證。然而,未來事項或情況可能 導致基金不能持續經營。
- •評價財務報表的整體列報方式、結構和內容,包括披露,以及財務報表是否中肯反映交易和事項。

除其他事項外,我們與基金的基金經理及受託人溝通了計劃的審計範圍、時間安排、重大審計發現等,包括我們在審計中識別出內部控制的任何重大 缺陷。

我們還向基金的基金經理及受託人提交聲明,說明我們已符合有關獨立性的相關專業道德要求,並與他們溝通有可能合理地被認為會影響我們獨立性 的所有關係和其他事項,以及在適用的情況下,相關的防範措施。

從與基金的基金經理及受託人溝通的事項中,我們確定哪些事項對本期財務報表的審計最為重要,因而構成關鍵審計事項。我們在核數師報告中描述 這些事項,除非法律法規不允許公開披露這些事項,或在極端罕見的情況下,如果合理預期在我們報告中溝通某事項造成的負面後果超過產生的公眾 利益,我們決定不應在報告中溝通該事項。

#### 就《信託契約》的相關條文及《證監會守則》附錄E的相關披露條文之下的事項作出報告

我們認為,本財務報表在所有重大方面均按照《信託契約》的相關條文及《證監會守則》附錄E的相關披露條文妥當編備。

出具本獨立核數師報告的審計項目合夥人是徐明慧。

畢馬威會計師事務所 執業會計師 香港中環 遮打道十號 太子大廈八樓 2017年4月27日

## Independent Auditor's Report

To the Unitholders of Hang Seng Index ETF

#### Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Hang Seng Index ETF ("the Fund") set out on pages 10 to 26, which comprise the statement of assets and liabilities as at 31 December 2016, the statement of comprehensive income, the statement of changes in equity, the cash flow statement and the distribution statement for the year then ended and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the financial disposition of the Fund as at 31 December 2016 and of its financial transactions and cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards ("HKFRSs") issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants ("HKICPA").

#### Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Hong Kong Standards on Auditing ("HKSAs") issued by the HKICPA. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements* section of our report. We are independent of the Fund in accordance with the HKICPA's Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants ("the Code") and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

#### Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgement, were of most significance in our audit of the financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

/aluation of investments						
Refer to note 13 to the financial statements and the accounting policies on page 22.						
The Key Audit Matter How the matter was addressed in our audit						
As at 31 December 2016 the investment portfolio represented 99.64% of the total assets of the Fund and is the key driver of the Fund's investment returns.	Our audit procedures to assess the valuation of investments included the following:					
We identified the valuation of investments as a key audit matter because of its significance in the context of the Fund's financial statements and because the value of the investment portfolio at the year end date is a key performance indicator of the Fund.	<ul> <li>assessing whether the valuations of all equities and real estate investment trusts in the investment portfolio at the year end date were within the market bid-ask spreads by comparing the prices adopted by the Fund with the prices obtained from independent pricing sources.</li> </ul>					

Information Other than the Financial Statements and Auditor's Report Thereon

The Manager and the Trustee of the Fund are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises all the information included in the annual report, other than the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of the Manager and the Trustee of the Fund for the Financial Statements

The Manager and the Trustee of the Fund are responsible for the preparation of financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with HKFRSs issued by the HKICPA and for such internal control as the Manager and the Trustee of the Fund determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the Manager and the Trustee of the Fund are responsible for assessing the Fund's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Manager and the Trustee of the Fund either intend to liquidate the Fund or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

In addition, the Manager and the Trustee of the Fund are required to ensure that the financial statements have been properly prepared in accordance with the relevant provisions of the Trust Deed, as amended on 20 January 2011 and 13 November 2014 ("the Trust Deed"), and the relevant disclosure provisions of Appendix E of the Code on Unit Trusts and Mutual Funds ("the SFC Code") issued by the Hong Kong Securities and Futures Commission.

# Independent Auditor's Report (continued)

#### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. This report is made solely to you, as a body, and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility towards or accept liability to any other person for the contents of this report.

Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with HKSAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements. In addition, we are required to assess whether the financial statements of the Fund have been properly prepared, in all material respects, in accordance with the relevant provisions of the Trust Deed and the relevant disclosure provisions of Appendix E of the SFC Code.

As part of an audit in accordance with HKSAs, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Fund's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the Manager and the Trustee of the Fund.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the Manager's and the Trustee's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Fund's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Fund to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with the Manager and the Trustee of the Fund regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide the Manager and the Trustee of the Fund with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence and communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence and, where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with the Manager and the Trustee of the Fund, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

#### Report on matters under the relevant provisions of the Trust Deed and the relevant disclosure provisions of Appendix E of the SFC Code

In our opinion, the financial statements have been properly prepared, in all material respects, in accordance with the relevant provisions of the Trust Deed and the relevant disclosure provisions of Appendix E of the SFC Code.

The engagement partner on the audit resulting in this independent auditor's report is Chui Ming Wai, Vivian.

#### KPMG

Certified Public Accountants 8th Floor, Prince's Building 10 Chater Road Central, Hong Kong 27 April 2017

# 投資組合 Investment Portfolio 2016年12月31日 as at 31 December 2016

香港上市投資		單位數目	市值 (港元) Market Value	佔屬於單位持有人之 總資產淨值百分比 % of Total Net Assets Attributable
Hong Kong Listed Investments		Holdings	(HKD)	to Unitholders
香港股票	Hong Kong Equities			
工商	Commerce & Industry			
瑞聲科技	AAC Technologies	4,506,453	317,479,614	0.72%
百麗國際	Belle International	41,264,413	179,912,841	0.41%
國泰航空	Cathay Pacific Airways	7,217,960	73,623,192	0.17%
中國蒙牛	China Mengniu Dairy	16,791,939	250,871,569	0.57%
招商局港口控股	China Merchants Port Holdings	7,998,828	153,897,451	0.35%
中國移動	China Mobile	37,566,114	3,087,934,571	7.03%
中國石油化工	China Petroleum & Chemical	156,031,604	858,173,822	1.95%
中國神華能源	China Shenhua Energy	20,784,749	303,457,335	0.69%
中國聯通	China Unicom	36,613,351	330,618,560	0.75%
中國中信	Citic	35,581,572	394,955,449	0.90%
	CK Hutchison Holdings	16,523,068	1,452,377,677	3.30%
長江和記實業	CNOOC	109,219,252	1,059,426,744	2.41%
中國海洋石油				
銀河娛樂	Galaxy Entertainment	14,359,918	485,365,228	1.11%
恒安國際	Hengan International	4,451,204	253,496,068	0.58%
昆侖能源	Kunlun Energy	19,749,017	114,544,299	0.26%
聯想集團	Lenovo Group	44,159,773	207,550,933	0.47%
利豐	Li & Fung	36,027,321	122,853,165	0.28%
港鐵公司	MTR Corporation	9,021,476	340,109,645	0.77%
中國石油天然氣	PetroChina	129,033,582	745,814,104	1.70%
金沙中國	Sands China	14,806,794	498,988,958	1.14%
太古 <b>"A</b> "	Swire Pacific "A"	3,044,937	225,477,585	0.51%
騰訊控股	Tencent Holdings	23,524,807	4,462,655,888	10.15%
中國旺旺	Want Want China	42,686,887	212,153,828	0.48%
十國吐吐	Want Want Onina	42,000,007	16,131,738,526	36.70%
A =1	Finance		10,131,730,320	50.70%
金融		70 700 704	2 205 200 200	7.040/
友邦保險控股	AIA Group	73,720,704	3,225,280,800	7.34%
中國銀行	Bank of China	485,831,481	1,671,260,295	3.80%
交通銀行	Bank of Communications	53,530,278	300,304,860	0.68%
東亞銀行	Bank of East Asia	8,205,760	243,711,072	0.56%
中銀香港	BOC Hong Kong	22,630,929	628,008,280	1.43%
中國建設銀行	China Construction Bank	661,634,277	3,949,956,634	8.99%
中國人壽保險	China Life Insurance	45,507,856	919,258,691	2.09%
恒生銀行	Hang Seng Bank	4,676,844	674,868,589	1.54%
香港交易及結算所	Hong Kong Exchanges & Clearing	7,113,150	1,303,129,080	2.96%
酒吧又勿及給算/// 滙豐控股	HSBC Holdings	74,922,719	4,663,939,258	10.61%
	Industrial and Commercial Bank of China	451,179,397	2,097,984,196	4.77%
中國工商銀行		31,882,908	1,237,056,830	2.82%
中國平安保險	Ping An Insurance	31,002,900		
	<b>•</b> 4		20,914,758,585	47.59%
地產	Properties			
長江實業地產	Cheung Kong Property Holdings	16,462,522	782,792,921	1.78%
中國海外發展	China Overseas Land & Investment	23,453,944	481,978,549	1.10%
華潤置地	China Resources Land	16,954,350	295,683,864	0.67%
恒隆地產	Hang Lung Properties	12,376,214	203,464,958	0.46%
恒基兆業地產	Henderson Land Development	6,673,120	275,266,200	0.63%
新世界發展	New World Development	34,463,917	282,604,119	0.64%
信和置業	Sino Land	18,851,835	219,058,323	0.50%
新鴻基地產	Sun Hung Kai Properties	7,968,516	780,914,568	1.78%
九龍倉集團	Wharf (Holdings)	8,344,454	430,156,604	0.98%
儿吃后未囤		0,011,101	3,751,920,106	8.54%
八日車業	Utilities		0,701,320,100	0.0470
		4.050.040	050 400 000	0 570/
長江基建集團	Cheung Kong Infrastructure	4,053,812	250,120,200	0.57%
華潤電力	China Resources Power	11,761,504	144,901,729	0.33%
中電控股	CLP Holdings	11,588,316	825,667,515	1.88%
香港中華煤氣	Hong Kong & China Gas	46,663,120	641,151,269	1.46%
電能實業	Power Assets Holdings	8,484,327	579,903,750	1.32%
		-	2,441,744,463	5.56%
所有股票	Total Equities		43,240,161,680	98.39%
房地產投資信託基金	Real Estate Investment Trusts			
地產	Properties			
領展房產基金	Link REIT	13,646,477	687,782,441	1.56%
總投資市值 Total Investments	11//D 40 000 400 000 \#1		43,927,944,121	99.95%
(總投資成本 Total cost of investments	- HKD 42,282,428,036			
其他資產淨值 Other Net Assets			23,038,234	0.05%
	I Net Assets Attributable to Unitholders	-	43,950,982,355	100.00%

# 投資組合變動表 Statement of Movements in Portfolio Holdings 截至2016年12月31日止年度 for the year ended 31 December 2016

<u> </u>	r the year ended 31 December 2016	單位數目 2016年1月1日			單位數目 2016年12月31日
投資		Holdings as at	增加	減少	Holdings as at
Investments 上市投資	Listed Investments	01 Jan 2016	Additions	Disposals	31 Dec 2016
香港股票	Hong Kong Equities				
工商	Commerce & Industry				
上 <b>间</b> 瑞聲科技	AAC Technologies	-	4,597,953	91,500	4,506,453
百麗國際	Belle International	38,721,086	6,003,618	3,460,291	41,264,413
國泰航空	Cathay Pacific Airways	6,772,422	1,021,530	575,992	7,217,960
中國蒙牛	China Mengniu Dairy China Merchants Port Holdings	15,758,298	2,412,860 1,314,345	1,379,219	16,791,939
招商局港口控股 中國移動	China Mobile	7,425,033 35,250,464	5,494,784	740,550 3,179,134	7,998,828 37,566,114
中國石油化工	China Petroleum & Chemical	146,414,966	22,825,555	13,208,917	156,031,604
華潤啤酒	China Resources Beer	6,983,774	248,000	7,231,774	-
中國神華能源	China Shenhua Energy	19,503,746	3,031,925	1,750,922	20,784,749
中國聯通	China Unicom	34,357,216	5,308,054	3,051,919	36,613,351
中國中信 	Citic CK Hutchison Holdings	41,734,365 15,505,158	4,930,264 2,403,660	11,083,057 1,385,750	35,581,572 16,523,068
長江和記實業 中國海洋石油	CNOOC	102,487,202	15,992,687	9,260,637	109,219,252
銀河娛樂	Galaxy Entertainment	13,441,724	2,066,996	1,148,802	14,359,918
恒安國際	Hengan International	4,567,987	662,911	779,694	4,451,204
昆侖能源	Kunlun Energy	18,533,439	2,823,131	1,607,553	19,749,017
聯想集團	Lenovo Group	41,437,443	6,401,836	3,679,506	44,159,773
利豐	Li & Fung MTR Corporation	33,806,578 8,391,814	5,221,605 1,540,880	3,000,862 911,218	36,027,321 9,021,476
港鐵公司 中國石油天然氣	PetroChina	121,081,022	18,856,869	10,904,309	129,033,582
親親食品	Qinqin Foodstuffs	-	943,558	943,558	
金沙中國	Sands China	13,892,505	2,162,145	1,247,856	14,806,794
太古 <b>"A"</b>	Swire Pacific "A"	3,376,581	466,334	797,978	3,044,937
騰訊控股	Tencent Holdings	26,987,566	4,271,387	7,734,146	23,524,807
康師傅 中國旺旺	Tingyi Want Want China	11,256,940 41,311,232	1,200,000 5,815,788	12,456,940 4,440,133	- 42,686,887
TENHLHL	Walt Walt Onlia	41,011,202	3,013,700	ч, <del>ч</del> о, 100	42,000,007
金融	Finance	00,407,400	40.000.070	0.005.057	70 700 704
友邦保險控股	AIA Group Bank of China	69,137,489 455,882,907	10,808,272	6,225,057	73,720,704
中國銀行	Bank of Communications	455,662,907 50,230,638	71,274,259 7,817,016	41,325,685 4,517,376	485,831,481 53,530,278
交通銀行 東亞銀行	Bank of East Asia	8,335,467	1,512,640	1,642,347	8,205,760
中銀香港	BOC Hong Kong	21,236,336	3,303,340	1,908,747	22,630,929
中國建設銀行	China Construction Bank	482,882,447	215,637,322	36,885,492	661,634,277
中國人壽保險	China Life Insurance	42,703,915	6,640,869	3,836,928	45,507,856
恒生銀行	Hang Seng Bank	4,388,682 6,588,667	683,583 1,209,383	395,421 684,900	4,676,844 7,113,150
香港交易及結算所 滙豐控股	Hong Kong Exchanges & Clearing HSBC Holdings	66,467,315	26,734,467	18,279,063	74,922,719
中國工商銀行	Industrial and Commercial Bank of China	423,366,991	66,175,707	38,363,301	451,179,397
中國平安保險	Ping An Insurance	29,917,878	4,661,430	2,696,400	31,882,908
此文	Dranatia				
<b>地產</b> 長江實業地產	Properties Cheung Kong Property Holdings	15,505,158	2,401,614	1,444,250	16,462,522
中國海外發展	China Overseas Land & Investment	22,637,059	3,458,313	2,641,428	23,453,944
華潤置地	China Resources Land	15,913,885	2,414,992	1,374,527	16,954,350
恒隆地產	Hang Lung Properties	12,903,011	1,606,484	2,133,281	12,376,214
恒基兆業地產	Henderson Land Development	5,691,744	1,489,388	508,012	6,673,120
新世界發展 信和置業	New World Development Sino Land	30,979,739 17,461,074	7,511,384 2,873,675	4,027,206 1,482,914	34,463,917 18,851,835
后 <sup>11</sup> 目示 新鴻基地產	Sun Hung Kai Properties	8,255,343	1,220,105	1,506,932	7.968.516
九龍倉集團	Wharf (Holdings)	7,828,552	2,031,917	1,516,015	8,344,454
公用事業	Utilities				
公 <b>用争来</b> 長江基建集團	Cheung Kong Infrastructure	-	4,295,106	241,294	4,053,812
華潤電力	China Resources Power	11,019,668	1,649,011	907,175	11,761,504
中電控股	CLP Holdings	10,874,797	1,692,379	978,860	11,588,316
香港中華煤氣	Hong Kong & China Gas	39,810,618	10,660,516	3,808,014	46,663,120
電能實業	Power Assets Holdings	7,961,601	1,228,000	705,274	8,484,327
房地產投資信託基金	Real Estate Investment Trusts				
<b>地產</b>	Properties	40.000.004	4 000 100	4 040 000	10.010.1
領展房產基金	Link REIT	12,926,681	1,960,492	1,240,696	13,646,477

# 資產負債表 Statement of Assets and Liabilities

2016年12月31日 as at 31 December 2016

		2016	2015
	附註	(港元)	(港元)
	Notes	(HKD)	(HKD)
資產 Assets			
按公平價值列人收入或虧損的投資 Investments at fair value through profit or loss	5,6,13	43,927,944,121	40,785,070,416
應收認購單位款項 Amounts receivable on subscription of units		129,427,124	51,596,289
應收利息 Interest receivable	10(f)	8	-
現金及現金等價物 Cash and cash equivalents	10(f)	30,439,208	731,705,421
資產總值 Total Assets	-	44,087,810,461	41,568,372,126
負債Liabilities			
應付投資款項 Amounts payable on purchase of investments		16,914,352	-
應付贖回單位款項 Amounts payable on redemption of units		112,323,249	78,729,050
預提費用及其他應付款項 Accrued expenses and other payables	10(a),(b)&(d)	7,590,505	6,848,216
應付收益分派款項 Distributions payable	10(i)	-	549,536,463
負債總值 Total Liabilities	-	136,828,106	635,113,729
屬於單位持有人之資產淨值 Net assets attributable to unitholders	-	43,950,982,355	40,933,258,397
代表 Representing:			
權益總值 Total Equity	=	43,950,982,355	40,933,258,397
已發行單位數目 Total number of units in issue	10(i),11	196,678,555	183,824,881
每單位資產淨值 Net asset value per unit		223.47	222.68

由受託人及基金經理於2017年4月27日批准及核准發行。 Approved and authorised for issue by the Trustee and the Manager on 27 April 2017.

}代表 For and on behalf of
}受託人 Trustee
}友邦(信託)有限公司
}AIA Company (Trustee) Limited

}代表 For and on behalf of

}基金經理 Manager

}恒生投資管理有限公司

} Hang Seng Investment Management Limited

第15至26頁的附註屬本財務報表的一部份。 The notes on pages 15 to 26 form part of the financial statements.

# 全面收入表 Statement of Comprehensive Income 截至2016年12月31日止年度 for the year ended 31 December 2016

截至2016年12月31日止年度 for the year ended 31 December 2016			
		截至	截至
		2016年12月31日	2015年12月31日
		止年度	止年度
		Year ended	Year ended
	17/1	31 December 2016	31 December 2015
	附註 Notes	(港元) (HKD)	(港元) (HKD)
		× /	
收入Income	7.40( )		
收益分派收入 Distribution income	7,10(g)	1,548,586,334	1,532,641,551
利息收入 Interest income	8,10(f)	25,669	-
其他收入 Other income			65,585
		1,548,612,003	1,532,707,136
費用 Expenses			
核數師酬金 Auditor's remuneration		(195,558)	(302,827)
法律及專業服務費用 Legal and professional fees		(5,877)	(166,989)
管理費 Management fees	10(a)	(20,860,588)	(21,866,433)
登記處費 Registrar's fees	10(h)	(15,599)	(15,600)
證券託管及銀行費用 Safe custody and bank charges	10(d)	(6,877,967)	(12,973,475)
雜項費用 Sundry expenses	10(e)	(6,496,537)	(8,729,656)
	10(c)	(18,718,989)	(19,640,261)
投資交易費用 Investment transaction costs	( )	( , , , ,	( , , , ,
付予行政人之交易費 Transaction fees paid to administrator	10(h)	(456,100)	(561,500)
受託人費 Trustee's fees	10(b)	(12,636,434)	(13,239,859)
估值費 Valuation fees	10(h)	(98,000)	(98,800)
		(66,361,649)	(77,595,400)
計算投資收益/(虧損)前的收入 Income before gains/(losses) on investments		1,482,250,354	1,455,111,736
+1. 2016-24 (Jan +1) ( - 1: (/)) - :::::::-:			
<b>投資收益/(虧損) Gains/(losses) on investments</b> 投資淨收益/(虧損) Net gains/(losses) on investments	9	303,522,348	(3,262,953,116)
	5	(28)	(3,202,333,110)
滙兌淨虧損 Net foreign exchange loss	40(-1)	( )	
證券費用 Securities expenses	10(d)	(788,412)	(375,360)
		302,733,908	(3,263,328,502)
計算融資成本前的收入/(損失)			
Income/(loss) before finance costs		1,784,984,262	(1,808,216,766)
融資成本 Finance costs			
利息支出 Interest expenses	10(k)	-	(1)
稅前收入/(損失)			
Income/(loss) before taxation		1,784,984,262	(1,808,216,767)
稅項Taxation	4,7	(62,487,383)	(67,506,602)
属公開台技力1601-1/1損化)日年守徳へ声止1		<u>.</u>	
屬於單位持有人的收入/(損失)及年度總全面收入 Income/(loss) attributable to unitholders and total comprehensive income for the year		1,722,496,879	(1,875,723,369)
· · · ·			(,, -,,

# 權益變動表 Statement of Changes in Equity 截至2016年12月31日止年度 for the year ended 31 December 2016

	附註 Notes	截至 2016年12月31日 止年度 Year ended 31 December 2016 (港元) (HKD)	截至 2015年12月31日 止年度 Year ended 31 December 2015 (港元) (HKD)
年初餘額 Balance at beginning of year		40,933,258,397	40,946,460,125
屬於單位持有人的收入/(損失)及年度總全面收入 Income/(loss) attributable to unitholders and total comprehensive income for the year		1,722,496,879	(1,875,723,369)
與所有者(即單位持有人)的交易並直接於權益上入賬 Transactions with owners (i.e. unitholders), recorded directly in equity			
發行單位所得及應收款項 Received and receivable on issue of units	10(j),11	12,610,685,103	14,400,147,339
贖回單位所付及應付款項 Paid and payable on redemption of units	10(j),11	(9,863,423,550)	(11,152,989,569)
予單位持有人的收益分派 Distributions to unitholders	10(i)	(1,452,034,474)	(1,384,636,129)
與所有者(即單位持有人)的交易總額 Total transactions with owners (i.e. unitholders)		1,295,227,079	1,862,521,641
年末餘額 Balance at year end		43,950,982,355	40,933,258,397

# 現金流量表 Cash Flow Statement

截至2016年12月<u>31日止年度</u> for the year ended 31 December 2016

截至2010年12月31日正年度 for the year ended 31 December 2010		
	截至	截至
	2016年12月31日	2015年12月31日
	上年度	止年度
	Year ended	Year ended
	31 December 2016	31 December 2015
	(港元)	(港元)
	(HKD)	(HKD)
經營活動 Operating activities		
法律及專業服務費 Payment for legal and professional fees	(5,877)	(166,989)
核數師酬金 Payment for auditor's remuneration	(254,118)	(319,338)
管理費 Payment for management fees	(20,738,329)	(21,969,877)
受託人費 Payment for trustee's fees	(11,454,214)	(13,356,993)
投資交易費用 Payment for investment transaction costs	(18,718,989)	(19,640,261)
行政人之交易費 Payment for transaction fees paid to administrator	(446,500)	(511,100)
登記處費 Payment for registrar's fees	(14,324)	(14,275)
估值費 Payment for valuation fees	(90,000)	(90,000)
證券託管及銀行費用 Payment for safe custody and bank charges	(6,763,431)	(12,976,149)
超分配官及戰门貨用 Fayment for other operating expenses	(7,133,606)	(8,155,477)
其他收入 Other income received	(7,133,000)	(0,133,477) 65,585
	(65,619,388)	(77,134,874)
用於經營活動的現金淨額 Net cash used in operating activities	(65,619,300)	(77,134,074)
投資活動 Investing activities	(700, (10)	(075,000)
證券費用 Payment for securities expenses	(788,412)	(375,360)
收益分派收入所得款項 Distribution income received	1,232,379,832	1,298,827,712
所得利息 Interest received	25,661	-
出售投資所得款項 Proceeds from sale of investments	5,715,674,226	6,433,868,104
購入投資所付款項 Payments for purchase of investments	(8,322,617,612)	(9,637,560,517)
用於投資活動的現金淨額 Net cash used in investing activities	(1,375,326,305)	(1,905,240,061)
融資活動 Financing activities		
利息支出 Interest expenses	-	(1)
發行單位所得款項 Proceeds on issue of units	12,497,422,268	14,396,305,777
贖回單位所付款項 Payments on redemption of units	(9,756,171,851)	(11,022,075,607)
單位持有人的收益分派之支付 Distributions paid to unitholders	(2,001,570,937)	(1,379,421,048)
來自融資活動的現金淨額 Net cash generated from financing activities	739,679,480	1,994,809,121
現金或現金等價物淨(減少)/增加 Net (decrease)/increase in cash and cash equivalents	(701,266,213)	12,434,186
於1月1日之現金及現金等價物 Cash and cash equivalents at 1 January	731,705,421	719,271,235
於12月31日之現金及現金等價物 Cash and cash equivalents at 31 December	30,439,208	731,705,421

重大非現金交易: Major non-cash transactions:

- (i) 於年度内,單位持有人透過注入一籃子恒生指數成份股,合共市值35,432,000港元(2015:28,624,000港元),以認購150,000基金單位(2015:100,000基金單位)。 During the year, unitholders subscribed for 150,000 units of the Fund (2015:100,000 units) by tendering a basket of constituent stocks of Hang Seng Index with market value of HKD 35,432,000 (2015: HKD 28,624,000).
- (ii) 於年度內,單位持有人透過贖回350,000基金單位(2015:850,000基金單位)以換取一籃子恒生指數成份股,合共市值73,657,500港元(2015:213,877,000港元)。
   During the year, unitholders tendered 350,000 units of the Fund (2015:850,000 units) in exchange for a basket of constituent stocks of Hang Seng Index with market value of HKD 73,657,500 (2015: HKD 213,877,000).

(iii) 於年度內,基金以股息再投資的金額為253,719,119港元(2015:166,307,237港元)。
 During the year, the Fund had dividend re-investment amounting to HKD 253,719,119 (2015: HKD 166,307,237).

第15至26頁的附註屬本財務報表的一部份。 The notes on pages 15 to 26 form part of the financial statements.

	截至 2016年12月31日 止年度 Year ended 31 December 2016 (港元) (HKD)	截至 2015年12月31日 止年度 Year ended 31 December 2015 (港元) (HKD)
年初未分派之收入金額 Undistributed income brought forward	302,199,851	260,720,377
計算投資收益/(虧損)前的收入 Income before gains/(losses) on investments	1,482,250,354	1,455,111,736
利息支出 Interest expenses	-	(1)
稅項 Taxation	(62,487,383)	(67,506,602)
發行單位所得及應收款項 (收入部分) Income portion of received and receivable on issue of units	189,031,209	173,490,633
贖回單位所付及應付款項 (收入部分) Income portion of paid and payable on redemption of units	(150,245,680)	(134,980,163)
可供單位持有人的收益分派金額 Amount available for distribution to unitholders	1,760,748,351	1,686,835,980
予單位持有人的收益分派 Distributions to unitholders	(1,452,034,474)	(1,384,636,129)
年終未分派之收入金額 Undistributed income carried forward	308,713,877	302,199,851
予單位持有人的第一次收益分派(每單位) First distribution to unitholders per unit 分派予單位持有人的日期 Date of distribution to unitholders	<u>4.80</u> 2016年6月24日 24 June 2016	<u>4.80</u> 2015年6月26日 26 June 2015
予單位持有人的第二次收益分派(每單位) Second distribution to unitholders per unit 分派予單位持有人的日期 Date of distribution to unitholders	<u>2.80</u> 2016年12月13日 13 December 2016	<u>3.00</u> 2015年12月10日 10 December 2015

# 財務報表附註

#### 1. 背景

恒生指數上市基金(「基金」)由香港證券及期貨事務監察委員會(「證監會」)根據香港證券及期貨條例第104(1)條認可,並由香港《單位信託及互惠基金守則》(「《證監會守則》」)管轄。

基金是根據香港法例並按2004年9月10日訂立並經不時修訂的《信託契約》成立,並於2004年9月13日根據香港法例註冊為單位信託基金。

基金的投資目標是透過持有恒生指數(「該指數」)一籃子成份股,於扣除費用前盡實際可能緊貼該指數之表現。

截至2016年12月31日,恒指基金持有基金98%(2015:97%)可贖回單位,因此恒指基金被視為基金的母公司。

#### 2. 主要會計政策

#### (a) 遵例聲明

基金的財務報表是按照香港會計師公會頒佈的所有適用的《香港財務報告準則》(包含所有適用的個別《香港財務報告準則》、《香港會計準則》及詮譯)、 香港公認會計原則、經修訂的《信託契約》的有關披露條款及證監會發出的《證監會守則》的相關披露規定編製。以下是基金採用的主要會計政策概要。

香港會計師公會頒布了若干新訂和經修訂的《香港財務報告準則》。這些準則在基金當前會計期間首次生效或可供提前採用。在與基金有關的範圍內初始應 用這些新訂和經修訂的準則所引致當前和以往會計期間的會計政策變更,已於本財務報表內反映,有關資料載列於附註3。

#### (b) 財務報表的編製基準

財務報表計量及呈列貨幣為港元(即基金的報價貨幣),而所有數項則以個位計算。

除投資按公平價值入賬(見下文所載的會計政策)外,本財務報表以歷史成本作為編製基準。

在按照《香港財務報告準則》編製財務報表時,基金經理及受託人就會計政策的採用及財務報表中所列之資產、負債、收入及開支數額的呈報需作判斷、估計及假設。該等估計與相關假設乃基於過往經驗和其他被認為合理之各種因素作出,從而作為計算某些難以確認的資產及負債之賬面價值的基準。實際結果 或與該等估計不盡相同。

該等估計及相關假設經被不時檢討。因應該等估計需作出的修訂將在該等估計之修訂期間(若該等修訂僅影響該期間)或者修訂期間及未來期間(若該等修 訂影響現時及未來期間)予以確認。

#### (c) 收入與費用

利息收入及支出以實際利率法計算。收益分派收入在投資項目的價格除息時確認。收益分派收入呈列時並沒有扣除在收入或虧損獨立披露的不可取回的預扣稅。所有其他的收入及支出均以權責發生制的形式入帳。

#### (d) 稅項

本年度的利得税包含了本期税項。本期税項已於收入或虧損內確認。

本期稅項利得稅是按該年度應課稅收入,於年終日根據已立例制定或實際上已立例制定的稅率計算。本期稅項已包括為投資收益作出的不可取回的預扣稅。

#### (e) 外幣換算

年度內的外幣交易按交易日的匯率換算至港元。以外幣為單位的貨幣資產及負債則按年終日的匯率換算至港元。匯兌盈虧均撥入收入或虧損確認。因按公平價值列入收入或虧損的投資而產生之匯兌差異已被包括於投資收益或虧損。

#### (f) 金融工具

#### (i) 分類

所有投資包括該指數成份股的投資,主要是為了可於短期內出售而購置,是持作交易用途的金融資產。基金將其所有投資歸類為按公平價值列人收入或虧損的金融資產。被歸類為應收款項的金融資產包括應收認購單位款項及應收利息。不被歸類為按公平價值列人收入或虧損的金融負債包括應付投資款項、應付贖回單位款項、應付收益分派款項、預提費用及其他應付款項。

#### (ii) 確認

金融資產和金融負債在基金成為相關合約條文的人士時,將被予以確認。

在一般情况下購入或出售的按公平價值列入收入或虧損的金融資產或金融負債是根據交易日法予以確認。該等金融資產或金融負債之公平價值變動所產生的盈餘和虧損由該日起計算。

除非合約的其中一方已履行合約責任或該合約為不獲《香港會計準則》第39條豁免的衍生工具合約,否則金融負債將不被確認。

#### (iii) 計量

金融工具的首次計量是以公平價值(即交易價格)計算。按公平價值列入收入或虧損的金融資產及負債的交易成本則列為費用撥入收入或虧損立即註銷。

首次確認後,所有按公平價值列入收入或虧損的工具以公平價值計量,其公平價值之變動則於收入或虧損予以確認。

分類為貸款或應收款項的金融資產採用實際利率法按攤銷成本扣除減值虧損(如有)後列賬。

非按公平價值列入收入或虧損的金融負債採用實際利率法按攤銷成本計量。

#### (iv) 公平價值計量的準則

公平價值是指市場參與者於計量日在主要市場(如果沒有主要市場則為最有利的市場)進行有序交易,出售資產時收取或轉移負債時支付的價格。負債的公平價值反映了其不履約風險。

基金會以工具在活躍市場的報價(如有)計量其公平價值。只要資產或負債的交易頻率和數量足以持續提供價格資料,即屬於活躍的市場。

如果沒有活躍市場的報價,基金會盡量使用相關的可觀察輸入值,並盡量減少使用不可觀察輸入值的估值技術。所選用的估值技術包含市場參與者在為交易定價時考慮的所有因素。

基金會在出現變動的該年期結束時確認公平價值級別之間的轉移。

投資淨收益及虧損將列於收入或虧損內。已變現之投資的收益及由公平價值變動所帶來的未變現之投資的收益或虧損則載列於附註9。按公平價值列入 收入或虧損的金融工具之已變現淨收益及虧損以平均成本法計算。

#### 2. 主要會計政策(續)

#### (v) 減值

於每個年終日,以成本或攤銷成本計量的金融資產均會進行檢討以決定是否存在減值的客觀證據。若出現該等證據,減值虧損便以金融資產的賬面值與 其預計未來現金流量按原訂實際利率折現的現值之間的差額在收入或虧損內確認。

若以攤銷成本列賬之金融資產的減值虧損於其後期間減少,而且客觀上該減少與減值後發生的事件有關,則在收入或虧損內回撥減值。

#### (vi) 取消確認

若可按金融資產合約收取現金的權利已過期或該金融資產連同大部份的風險及所有權的報酬被轉讓,該金融資產即被取消確認。

於基金出售持作交易用途的資產當日,已出售之該等資產將被取消確認,來自經紀商的相關應收款項將於基金出售該等資產當日進行確認。

若合約所指定的責任被解除、取消或終止時,金融負債即被取消確認。

金融資產被取消確認時,資產之帳面金額及所得款項之差異在收入或支出被確認。

#### (vii) 抵銷

若基金具有將某項金融資產和金融負債的經確認數額互相抵銷之合法可執行權利,並有意根據其差額或同時進行結算交易(例如通過市場清算機制),該金融資產和金融負債會以互相抵銷後的淨額列入資產負債表內。

#### (g) 關聯方

- (a) 任何人士如果:
  - (i) 控制或與第三方共同控制基金;或
  - (ii) 對基金具有重大的影響力;或
  - (iii) 是基金或基金母公司的關鍵管理人員;
  - 其本人或近親可視為基金的關聯方。
- (b) 如屬下列任何一種情況,企業實體可視為基金的關聯方:
  - (i) 該實體與基金隸屬同一集團(意指彼此的母公司、附屬公司和同系附屬公司互有關聯)。
  - (ii) 一家實體是另一實體的聯營公司或合營企業(或是另一實體所屬集團旗下成員公司的聯營公司或合營企業)。
  - (iii) 兩家實體是同一第三方的合營企業。
  - (iv) 一家實體是第三方實體的合營企業,而另一實體是第三方實體的聯營公司。
  - (v) 該實體是作為基金關聯方的任何實體的僱員福利而設的離職後福利計劃。
  - (vi) 該實體受到上述第(a)項內所認定人士控制或與第三方共同控制。
  - (vii)上述第(a)(i)項內所認定人士對該實體具有重大的影響力或是該實體(或該實體母公司)的關鍵管理人員。
  - (viii)該實體或與該實體所屬集團旗下任何成員提供關鍵管理人員服務予基金或基金母公司。

任何人士的近親是指預期會在與該實體的交易中影響該名人士或受其影響的家屬。

#### (h) 現金及現金等價物

現金及現金等價物包括銀行存款及現金,於銀行及其他金融機構的活期存款和短期及流動性極高的投資項目。這些項目可以在沒有重大價值轉變的風險下容易 地換算為已知的現金數額,並在購入後三個月內到期。

#### (i) 已發行單位

基金根據已發行的金融工具實質的合約條款,把其分類為金融負債或權益工具。

基金只發行一類可贖回單位。該類單位是基金的金融工具中居最末的類別及於所有重大層面擁有同等地位及有著相同的條款與章則。可贖回單位賦予投資者權利,可於每個贖回日及當基金清盤時,要求以現金形式贖回等值其於基金資產淨值中的持股比例。

發行人於有合約性責任以現金或其他金融資產回購或贖回的可贖回金融工具如符合下列所有條件時,應分類為權益工具:

- (i) 基金清盤時,持有人有權依其持有比例取回基金之資產淨值;
- (ii) 該金融工具所屬的類別於所有工具的類別中居最末位;
- (iii) 於所有工具的類別中居最末位的類別中的所有金融工具均有相同的特質;
- (iv) 基金除了以現金或其他金融資產回購或贖回工具以履行合約性責任外,該工具本身並無任何其他符合負債定義的特質;及
- (v) 工具全期內之總預期現金流量的攤派是根據實質的損益計算;或根據已確認的資產淨值的變動計算;或根據基金已確認及未確認的資產淨值之公平價值的 變動計算。

基金的可贖回單位符合以上所有的條件,並被分類為權益。

#### (j) 分部報告

分部經營是基金的組成部分且從事可賺取收入並衍生費用(包括與同一基金內的其他組成部分進行交易而衍生的相關收入和費用)的商業活動,其經營成果由 主要經營決策者定期進行檢討,以決定分部的資源分配並評估其表現,及可取得其個別的財務資訊。匯報予主要經營決策者的分部表現包括可直接攤派至分部 及可按合理的原則分配予分部的項目。基金的主要經營決策者為基金經理,即恒生投資管理有限公司。

#### (k) 認購及贖回的收入均衡調整

發行單位所得及應收款項和贖回單位所付及應付款項的收入部分是按單位於發行或贖回日的未分派之累積投資淨收入及累積支出佔單位價格之比例計算。

#### 3. 會計政策的修訂

香港會計師公會頒布了數項《香港財務報告準則》的修訂。這些修訂在基金的當前會計期間首次生效。

以上修訂並無對基金當前和以往會計期間所編制或呈列之營運業績及財務狀況構成重大影響。基金並無採用任何在當前會計期間尚未生效的新準則或詮釋 (參閱附註16)。

#### 4. 稅項

由於基金的收入根據香港稅務條例第26A(1A)條獲得稅項豁免,故此財務報表內並無就香港利得稅撥備。

年度稅項支出為不可取回的股息預扣稅。收益分派收入按扣除預扣稅前的總金額列入收益或虧損。

#### 5. 按公平價值列入收入或虧損的投資

以下為基金於年終日按公平價值列入收入或虧損的投資。

	2016	2015
	(港元) (HKD)	(港元) (HKD)
香港上市股票 Hong Kong listed equities	43,240,161,680	40,185,272,418
香港上市房地產投資信託基金 Hong Kong listed real estate investment trusts	687,782,441	599,797,998
按公平價值列入收入或虧損的投資總值 Total investments at fair value through profit or loss	43,927,944,121	40,785,070,416

#### 6. 金融風險管理

根據其投資管理策略,基金的投資組合為該指數成份股,但不限於股票及集體投資計劃。基金的投資目標是於扣除費用前盡實際可能緊貼作為基金基準的該指 數之表現。基金經理主要採用複製策略以達到基金的投資目標。當該指數的成份股或指數成份股的比重有所改變時,基金經理會負責調整基金組合內之股票及 集體投資計劃,以確保基金的投資組合與構成指數的股票及集體投資計劃,及每一成份股的比重相符。

基金的投資活動為其帶來了不同種類的風險,此等風險與其投資的金融工具及市場有關。為了遵從《香港財務報告準則》第7號的要求,基金經理為基金持有的 金融工具確立了最重要的固有財務風險的種類。基金經理欲強調以下所載列的關聯風險只是其中一部份,並不為投資於基金的固有風險的全部。投資者請注意 與基金投資有關聯的風險的更多資訊已載列於基金的香港銷售文件(「銷售文件」)內。

基金於年終日所持有的金融工具的性質及種類與其風險管理政策詳述如下。

#### (a) 市場風險

因市場價格變動而令到金融工具的公平價值和未來現金流出現波動,會引致市場風險,包括匯率、利率及價格風險。

(i) 匯率風險

由於基金的金融資產及負債的報價貨幣為港幣,與基金的報價貨幣相同,因此基金所面對之匯率風險極少。

(ii) 利率風險

利率變動可能為帶息資產的價值帶來相反影響,或會引致基金獲得收益或虧損,從而或會產生利率風險。除銀行存款外,基金的金融資產及負債均為非帶息,因此基金並沒有重大的利率風險。

(iii) 價格風險

基金所持之金融工具的價值會受市場價格的轉變(由利率風險及匯率風險所引起的除外)的影響而波動(不論該市場價格的轉變是否由個別投資特有的因素,其發行人或所有會影響於市場交易的金融工具的因素所引起),從而產生價格風險。基金承受由股票工具及集體投資計劃的市場價格轉變所帶來的價格風險。

基金經理透過採用複製策略建立投資組合。由於基金並非積極管理型基金,基金經理並無酌情權挑選股票或集體投資計劃,或於股市下跌時採取防御措施。因此,相關指數下跌將會使基金的價格相應下跌。

基金所持之投資均為於香港聯合交易所有限公司(「聯交所」)上市的恒生指數成份股。基金以整體基礎來估計股票投資市場未來合理及有可能的價格 變動,若恒生指數於2016年12月31日合理及有可能增強20%(2015:20%),則估計資產淨值會上升8,785,588,824港元(2015:8,157,014,083港元);若指數 於相反方向有同樣的變動,則估計資產淨值會下跌相同的金額。這分析假設所有其他可變因素,尤其是利率保持不變。

#### (b) 信貸風險

與經紀的交易於等待結算時或會產生信貸風險。然而所涉及的結算時間非常短暫及選用的經紀亦有一定的質素,因此由於未能結算而衍生出的信貸風險是非 常低的。基金經理會透過監察經紀商的信貸評級及其財政狀況以進一步減低此風險。

友邦(信託)有限公司為基金的受託人。如受託人破產或清盤,或會令到基金資產的權益受到耽擱或限制。基金經理會透過持續監察受託人的信貸質素以檢 視其風險。

基金的所有投資均存放於香港上海滙豐銀行有限公司(「代管人」),如代管人破產或清盤,或會令到存於代管人的基金投資的權益受到耽擱或限制。基金經理會透過持續監察代管人的信貸評級以檢視其風險。

基金所持有的所有現金均存於香港上海滙豐銀行有限公司(「滙豐銀行」)及恒生銀行有限公司(「恒生銀行」)(合稱「該等銀行」)。如該等銀行破產或 清盤或會令到存於該等銀行的基金現金的權益受到耽擱或限制。基金經理會透過持續監察該等銀行的信貸評級以檢視其風險。

除以上所述外,於2016年12月31日及2015年12月31日,基金並沒有與其他對手有重大的集中的信貸風險。

#### 6. 金融風險管理(續)

#### (c) 流通性風險

流通性風險是基金以現金或其他金融資產來履行由金融負債引起的責任時會遇到困難的風險,或該責任的解除方式會不利於基金。

基金及基金經理有政策及程序管理流通性以應付其負債包括預計的單位贖回,可於到期時支付而沒有帶來不能支付的損失或對基金的聲譽造成損害。

銷售文件賦予單位可每日發行及贖回,所以基金面對每日應付單位持有人贖回的流通性風險。所有其他金融負債是按需求而償付或其合約的期限少於三個 月。

基金大部份的金融資產是上市股票及集體投資計劃,全部均於聯交所上市,故被視為可輕易變現的投資。因此,基金能夠將其投資快速變現以應付其流動需要。

基金的流通性風險由基金經理根據現有的政策及程序每日管理。基金允許投資者透過參與經紀商以一籃子該指數成分股及以少量現金款額贖回最少50,000個單位; 及允許聯接基金(即恒指基金)透過基金經理以一籃子該指數成分股及以少量現金款額或全數以現金贖回最少1個單位。

根據銷售文件,於若干情況下,基金經理有權宣佈暫停單位持有人贖回單位的權利,例如當聯交所休市;於聯交所或香港期貨交易所的買賣遭到限制或暫停;或指數沒有被編制或發放等。

#### (d) 資本管理

基金於年終日的可贖回單位代表其資本。

基金管理資本的目的是確保有穩定及強健的基礎為投資者帶來最大的回報,及管理由贖回而引起的流通性風險。基金經理根據載於銷售文件的基金的投資目標及政策管理基金的資本。

於年度內,基金管理資本方式的政策及程序並沒有變動。

基金不受外在的資本要求所管制。

權益的金額及變動已載列於權益變動表。由於可贖回單位是按單位持有人的指示被贖回,實際贖回的水平與以往的經驗可能有重大的差異。

#### 7. 收益分派收入

以下為基金於年度內所賺取的收益分派收入及已扣除不可取回的預扣稅的淨收益分派收入。

	(港元) (HKD)	(港元) (HKD)
收益分派收入 Distribution income	1,548,586,334	1,532,641,551
預扣稅 Withholding taxes	(62,487,383)	(67,506,602)
淨收益分派收入 Net distribution income	1,486,098,951	1,465,134,949

2016

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2015

#### 8. 利息收入

於年度內,基金的所有利息收入均從現金及現金等價物賺取。

#### 9. 投資淨收益/(虧損)

於年度內,已變現的投資收益及未變現的投資虧損詳情如下:

	2016 (港元) (HKD)	2015 (港元) (HKD)
股票投資淨收益/(虧損) Net gains/(losses) on investments in equities 集體投資計劃投資淨收益/(虧損) Net gains/(losses) on investments in collective investment schemes	250,501,600 53,020,748 303,522,348	(3,217,443,882) (45,509,234) (3,262,953,116)
已變現收益 Realised gains 未變現收益或虧損之變動 Movement on unrealised gains or losses 投資淨收益(虧損) Net gains((losses) on investments	411,984,665 (108,462,317) 303,522,348	967,051,094 (4,230,004,210) (3,262,953,116)

#### 10. 與受託人、基金經理及關連人士的交易

以下為基金與受託人、基金經理及彼等的關連人士於年度內訂立的交易或重大關聯方交易概要。關連人士為證監會頒布的《證監會守則》所界定的關連人士。基金、 受託人、基金經理及彼等關連人士於年度內的所有交易均於日常業務過程中按正常商業條款進行。就受託人及基金經理所知,除以下的披露外,基金再沒有與關連人 士有其他交易。所有有關的應收及應付款項均無擔保、免息及可隨時索還。

- (a) 恒生投資管理有限公司(「恒生投資管理」)(滙豐集團成員 恒生銀行有限公司的全資附屬機構)是基金的經理。恒生投資管理向基金收取每年為資產淨值0.05%的管理費。管理費於每個交易日計算,並於每月支付。於年終日之應付管理費為1,861,551港元(2015:1,739,292港元)。
- (b) 友邦(信託)有限公司是基金的受託人,並可以分層比率向基金收取每年為資產淨值0.03%至0.05%的受託人費。HSBC Provident Fund Trustee (Hong Kong) Limited (滙 豐集團成員)是基金的行政人,可收取該受託人費的80%作為向基金提供服務的報酬。受託人費於每個交易日計算,並於每月支付。於年終日,應付予受託人費用 為2,315,387港元(2015:1,053,767港元)。
- (c) 基金使用恒生證券有限公司(「恒生證券」)(恒生銀行全資附屬機構)及滙豐銀行的服務處理部分投資買賣交易。以下為基金於年度內經由恒生證券及滙豐銀 行處理的交易詳情:

			佔基金	金交易總額%				
	透過恒生證券進行	行的交易的總值	% of total value of trans	sactions of the	支付予恒生證券的	的經紀佣金		平均佣金比率
	Value of transactions execute	ed through HSSL		Fund	Commission	paid to HSSL	Average	e commission rate
	2016	2015	2016	2015	2016	2015	2016	2015
港元 HKD	-	44,879,889	- 佔基:	0.27% 金交易總額%	-	26,934	-	0.06%
	透過滙豐銀行進行	行的交易的總值	% of total value of trans	sactions of the	支付予滙豐銀行	的經紀佣金		平均佣金比率
	Value of transactions execute	ed through HSBC		Fund	Commission p	aid to HSBC	Average	e commission rate
	2016	2015	2016	2015	2016	2015	2016	2015
港元 HKD	106,770,772	78,330,899	0.74%	0.48%	32,015	27,444	0.03%	0.04%

## 10. 與受託人、基金經理及關連人士的交易(續)

(d) 於年度內,基金有使用滙豐銀行的證券寄存服務,需向滙豐銀行支付證券費用及證券託管費用,有關費用如下:

	支付予滙豐銀行的證券費用 Securities expenses paid to HSBC		支付予滙豐銀行的證券託管費用 Safe custody charges paid to HSBC	
	2016	2015	2016	2015
港元 HKD	788,412	375,360	6,877,967	12,906,217

於年終日之應付證券託管費用為1,153,717港元(2015:1,039,181港元)。

(e)基金於年度內使用該指數以設立、提供、促銷及發售恒生指數上市基金,而需向恒生指數有限公司支付6,258,218港元使用權費(2015:6,559,930港元)。基金於年終日應付的有關費用為1,691,451港元(2015:1,581,495港元)。

(f) 基金的銀行存款存放於滙豐銀行及恒生銀行,有關的銀行存款於年終日的結餘、於年度內賺取的利息收入及於年終日的應收利息的詳情如下:

	2016 (港元) (HKD)	2015 (港元) (HKD)
滙豐銀行存款於年終日的結餘 HSBC bank balances as of year end	30,438,778	666,469,823
恒生銀行存款於年終日的結餘 HSB bank balances as of year end	430	65,235,598
年度內從滙豐銀行賺取的利息收入 Interest income earned from HSBC during the year	25,669	-
年終日於滙豐銀行的應收利息 Interest receivable from HSBC as of year end	8	-

(g)於年度內,基金持有滙豐控股有限公司、恒生銀行及友邦保險控股有限公司的股票。有關投資於年終日的詳情載列於投資組合內。於年度內基金從有關投資所得的股息收入如下:

		股息收	入 Dividend income
	貨幣 Currency	2016	2015
滙豐控股有限公司 HSBC Holdings Plc 恒生銀行有限公司 Hang Seng Bank Limited 友邦保險控股有限公司 AIA Group Limited	港元 HKD 港元 HKD 港元 HKD	296,012,780 39,507,431 51,921,124	215,551,058 22,689,659 33,434,077

(h) HSBC Provident Fund Trustee (Hong Kong) Limited (滙豐集團成員)是基金的行政人,於年度內提供各項服務予基金。行政人就以下各項服務的收費比率如下:

登記處費 (每年) Registrar's fees (p.a.)	港元 HKD	15,600
每次處理購入或出售投資的手續費 Processing fee for handling each purchase or sale investments	港元 HKD	200
每次估值的估值費 Fee for each valuation	港元 HKD	400
每次處理發行/嬙回/轉換基金的手續費 Processing fee for handling each creation, redemption and transfer of units	港元 HKD	100

(i) 恒指基金為基金的母公司,投資於基金,並賺取基金予單位持有人的收益分派。於年終日,恒指基金持有基金191,828,555基金單位(2015:178,774,881基金單位)。於年度內恒指基金賺取基金予單位持有人的收益分派為1,416,034,474港元(2015:1,345,245,989港元),於年終日基金沒有應付予恒指基金的收益分派款項(2015:534,386,463港元)。

(j) 於年度內,恒指基金分別以12,575,253,102港元(2015:14,371,523,339港元)及9,789,766,050港元(2015:10,939,112,569港元),認購57,422,886基金單位(2015:57,454,203基金單位),及贖回44,389,212基金單位(2015:43,714,626基金單位)。

#### 11. 已發行單位

基金之已發行單位如下:

截至2016年12月31日止年度				
		For the year ended 31 De	cember 2016	
	年初單位結餘	年度內發行單位	年度內贖回單位	年終單位結餘
	Balance brought forward	Issued during the year	Redeemed during the year	Balance carried forward
單位數目 Number of Units	183,824,881	57,592,886	44,739,212	196,678,555
		截至2015年12月31日	日止年度	
		For the year ended 31 De	cember 2015	
	年初單位結餘	年度内發行單位	年度內贖回單位	年終單位結餘
	Balance brought forward	Issued during the year	Redeemed during the year	Balance carried forward
單位數目 Number of Units	170,835,304	57,554,203	44,564,626	183,824,881

#### 12. 軟佣金

基金經理並没有為基金與任何經紀訂立任何軟佣金協議。

#### 13. 公平價值

基金的投資於年終日是以公平價值計量。而公平價值是於某一指定時間,因應市場因素及金融工具的有關資料估算出來。公平價值的計算涉及不可觀察的因素及主觀判斷,然而公平價值仍可於合理估計範圍內確實地估算出來。而其他金融工具包括應收認購單位款項、應收利息、現金及現金等價物、應付投資款項、應付贖回單位款項、應付收益分派款項、預提費用及其他應付款項,基於其性質屬中期或短期,故該等公平價值則以帳面金額計算。

<sup>(</sup>k) 於年終日,恒生銀行向基金提供的無抵押透支額為100,000,000港元(2015:100,000,000港元),年利率為港元最優惠利率加1.5%(2015:港元最優惠利率加1.5%)。 於年度內,基金支付無抵押透支額的年費為600,000港元(2015:600,000港元)及並沒有向恒生銀行支付利息支出(2015:1港元)。於年終日,恒生銀行亦向基金 提供外匯風險加權交易額為64,000美元(2015:64,000美元)。於年度內,基金支付外匯風險加權交易額的年費為64美元(2015:64美元)。

#### 13. 公平價值(續)

#### 金融工具的估值

基金公平價值計量的會計政策詳見附註2(f)(iv)。

基金以下列公平價值級別計量公平價值,以反映在計量時所採用的輸入值的重要性。

- 第一級:所用輸入值為相同工具在活躍市場的報價 (未經調整)。
- 第二級:所用輸入值為第一級別的市場報價以外的數據,包括可直接(即價格)或間接(即源自價格)觀察的數據。這類別包括使用以下方法進行估值的工
- 具:類似工具在活躍市場的報價;相同或類似工具在較不活躍市場的報價;或所有重大輸入值均可直接或間接從市場數據觀察的其他估值技術。
- 第三級:所用輸入值為不可觀察的數據。這類別包括所有工具,其所用估值技術並非基於可觀察的輸入值,而不可觀察的輸入值對工具的估值有重大影響。這 類別亦包括工具是基於類似工具的報價進行估值,但需要重大不可觀察的輸入值作出調整或假設,以反映工具之間的差異。

基金持有的所有投資均於聯交所上市,它們的公平價值是根據活躍市場的報價釐定。至於所有其他金融工具,由於它們中期或短期的性質,其帳面金額與公平價 值接折。

下表呈列了於年終日以三個公平價值級別來量度公平價值的金融工具的帳面值。

	2016			2015
	第一級 Level 1	總額 Total	第一級 Level 1	總額 Total
	(港元) (HKD)	(港元) (HKD)	(港元) (HKD)	(港元) (HKD)
交易用途股票證券 Trading equity securities	43,240,161,680 687,782,441	43,240,161,680 687,782,441	40,185,272,418 599,797,998	40,185,272,418 599,797,998
交易用途集體投資計劃 Trading collective investment schemes	43,927,944,121	43,927,944,121	40,785,070,416	40,785,070,416

基金的金融工具在年度內沒有任何第一及第二級之間的轉移,亦無任何金融工具轉入第三級或自第三級轉出。

#### 14. 於未合併之結構實體持有的權益

基金認為其所投資但未合併之集體投資計劃符合結構實體的定義,原因如下:

- 在集體投資計劃中的表決權僅涉及行政層面,並無主導權去決定控制方;
- 每項集體投資計劃的活動均受到相關章程的限制;及
- 這些集體投資計劃設立了精細和明確的目標,為投資者提供投資機遇。

下表列明基金未合併卻持有權益的結構實體之類別。

結構實體之類別	性質及目的	基金持有權益
Type of structured entities	Nature and purpose	Interest held by the Fund
集體投資計劃	代表投資者管理資產以賺取收費。該等工具透過向投資者發行單位獲取資金。	於集體投資計劃已發行單位的投資
Collective investment	To manage assets on behalf of the investors and earn fees. These vehicles are	Investments in units issued by the collective investment
schemes	financed through the issue of units to investors.	schemes

2017年1月1日

2017年1月1日

2018年1月1日

下表列明基金於未合併之結構實體持有的權益。最高虧損風險相等於基金所持投資的賬面價值。

			於12月31日	
			As at 31 December	
			按公平價值列入	賬面價值佔
			收入或虧損的投資	屬於單位持有人
			之賬面價值	之總資產淨值百分比
	集體投資計劃數目	結構實體的淨資產總值	Carrying amount included	Carrying amount as a %
結構實體	Number of collective	Total net assets of	in investments at fair value	of total net assets
Structured entities	investment schemes	the structured entities	through profit or loss	attributable to unitholders
上市房地產投資信託基金 Listed real estate investment trust 2016	1	HKD 112,022,158,000港元	HKD 687,782,441 港元	1.56%
「十戶店客租次告名甘人」。 both and a set of the set of	4			4 470/
上市房地產投資信託基金 Listed real estate investment trust 2015	1	HKD 104,369,776,600港元	HKD 599,797,998 港元	1.47%

於年度內,除了於未合併之結構實體的投資金額,基金沒有向未合併之結構實體提供財務支持,亦不打算提供財務或其他支持。

#### 15. 分部資料

基金經理代表基金制訂分配資源的策略及根據用來制訂策略的檢討報告以確定營運分部。

基金經理根據銷售文件的規定以單一及綜合的投資策略投資於該指數的成分股,其目標為於扣除費用前盡實際可能緊貼該指數之表現,故此視基金只有一個營運 分部。於年度內並沒有營運分部的變動。

基金所產生的收益主要是來自上市股票及集體投資計劃。提供予基金經理的分部資料與披露於全面收入表及資產負債表內的一樣。

基金於香港註冊。基金的主要投資收入是來自於香港上市的股票及集體投資計劃。有關基金的投資詳情請參閱附註5。

#### 16. 截至2016年12月31日之會計年度已頒佈但尚未正式生效之新訂及經修訂的準則

截至本財務報表發行之日,香港會計師公會頒佈了若干新訂及經修訂的準則。由於該等新訂及經修訂的準則於截至2016年12月31日之會計期內尚未正式生效,故本 財務報表暫未採用。

於這些進則變化當中,以下變化可能與基金的運作及財務報表相關:

在以下日期或之後開始的會計期間生效 《香港會計準則》第7號之修訂本,現金流量表:披露計劃 《香港會計準則》第12號之修訂本,確認遞延稅項資產的未變現虧損 《香港財務報告準則》第9號,*金融工具* 

基金正評估當首次採用上述新訂及經修訂的準則之影響,到目前為止的結論為採用該等新訂及經修訂的準則應不會對基金的營運業績及財務狀況構成重大影響。

#### 1 Background

Hang Seng Index ETF ("the Fund") is authorised by the Securities and Futures Commission in Hong Kong ("SFC") under Section 104(1) of the Hong Kong Securities and Futures Ordinance, and is governed by the Hong Kong Code on Unit Trusts and Mutual Funds ("the SFC Code").

The Fund was constituted by a Trust Deed dated 10 September 2004, as amended from time to time under the laws of Hong Kong, and registered on 13 September 2004 as a unit trust under the laws of Hong Kong.

The investment objective of the Fund is to match, before expenses, as closely as practicable, the performance of Hang Seng Index ("the Index") by holding a basket of the constituent stocks of the Index.

As at 31 December 2016, 98% (2015: 97%) of the units of the Fund were held by Hang Seng Index Tracking Fund, which is considered as the parent of the Fund.

#### 2 Significant accounting policies

#### (a) Statement of compliance

The financial statements of the Fund have been prepared in accordance with all applicable Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards ("HKFRSs"), which collective term includes all applicable individual Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards, Hong Kong Accounting Standards ("HKASs") and Interpretations issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants ("HKICPA"), accounting principles generally accepted in Hong Kong, the relevant disclosure provisions of the Trust Deed, as amended, and the relevant disclosure requirements of the SFC Code issued by the SFC. A summary of the significant accounting policies adopted by the Fund is set out below.

The HKICPA has issued certain new and revised HKFRSs that are first effective or available for early adoption for the current accounting period of the Fund. Note 3 provides information on any changes in accounting policies resulting from initial application of these developments to the extent that they are relevant to the Fund for the current and prior accounting periods reflected in these financial statements.

#### (b) Basis of preparation of the financial statements

The functional and presentation currency of the financial statements is Hong Kong dollars, which is the reporting currency of the units in issue of the Fund. All figures are rounded to the nearest dollar.

The measurement basis used in the preparation of the financial statements is the historical cost basis except that investments are stated at their fair value as explained in the accounting policies set out below.

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with HKFRSs requires the Manager and the Trustee to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of policies and reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income and expenses. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and various other factors that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances, the results of which form the basis of making the judgements about carrying values of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised if the revision affects only that period, or in the period of the revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods.

#### (c) Income and expenses

Interest income and expenses are recognised as they accrue using the effective interest rate. Distribution income is recognised when the underlying securities are quoted exdistribution. Distribution income is presented gross of any non-recoverable withholding taxes, which are disclosed separately in profit or loss. All other income and expenses are accounted for on an accruals basis.

#### (d) Taxation

Taxation for the year comprises current tax which is recognised in profit or loss.

Current tax is the expected tax payable on the taxable income for the year, using tax rates enacted or substantively enacted at the date of statement of assets and liabilities. Current tax includes non-recoverable withholding taxes on investment income.

#### (e) Translation of foreign currency

Foreign currency transactions during the year are translated into Hong Kong dollars at the foreign exchange rates ruling at the transaction dates. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated into Hong Kong dollars at the foreign exchange rates ruling at the date of statement of assets and liabilities. Exchange gains and losses are recognised in profit or loss. Exchange differences relating to investments at fair value through profit or loss are included in gains/losses on investments.

#### (f) Financial instruments

#### (i) Classification

All the investments including investments in the constituent stocks of the Index are acquired principally for the purposes of selling in the short term and are held for trading. The Fund classifies all the investments into financial assets at fair value through profit or loss category. Financial assets that are classified as receivables include amounts receivable on subscription of units and interest receivable. Financial liabilities that are not at fair value through profit or loss include amounts payable on purchase of investments, amounts payable on redemption of units, distributions payable, accrued expenses and other payables.

#### (ii) Recognition

The Fund recognises financial assets and financial liabilities on the date it becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instruments.

A regular way purchase or sale of financial assets or financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss is recognised on a trade date basis. From this date, any gains and losses arising from changes in fair value of the financial assets or financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss are recorded.

Financial liabilities are not recognised unless one of the parties has performed their obligations under the contract or the contract is a derivative contract not exempted from the scope of HKAS 39.

#### (iii) Measurement

Financial instruments are measured initially at fair value (transaction price). Transaction costs on financial assets and liabilities at fair value through profit or loss are expensed immediately.

Subsequent to initial recognition, all instruments classified at fair value through profit or loss are measured at fair value with changes in their fair values recognised in profit or loss.

Financial assets classified as loans and receivables are carried at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method, less impairment losses, if any.

Financial liabilities, other than those at fair value through profit or loss, are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method.

#### (iv) Fair value measurement principles

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date in the principal or, in its absence, the most advantageous market to which the Fund has access at that date. The fair value of a liability reflects its non-performance risk.

When available, the Fund measures the fair value of an instrument using the quoted price in an active market for that instrument. A market is regarded as active if transactions for the asset or liability take place with sufficient frequency and volume to provide pricing information on an ongoing basis.

If there is no quoted price in an active market, then the Fund uses valuation techniques that maximise the use of relevant observable inputs and minimise the use of unobservable inputs. The chosen valuation technique incorporates all of the factors that market participants would take into account in pricing a transaction.

The Fund recognises transfers between levels of the fair value hierarchy as at the end of the reporting period during which the change has occurred.

Net gains and losses on investments are included in profit or loss. Realised gains on investments and unrealised gains or losses on investments arising from a change in fair value are provided in note 9. Net realised gains and losses from financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss is calculated using the average cost method.

#### (v) Impairment

Financial assets that are stated at cost or amortised cost are reviewed at each reporting date to determine whether there is objective evidence of impairment. If any such indication exists, an impairment loss is recognised in profit or loss as the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows discounted at the financial asset's original effective interest rate.

If in a subsequent period the amount of an impairment loss recognised on a financial asset carried at amortised cost decreases and the decrease can be linked objectively to an event occurring after the write-down, the write-down is reversed through profit or loss.

#### (vi) Derecognition

A financial asset is derecognised when the contractual rights to receive the cash flows from the financial asset expire, or where the financial asset together with substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership, have been transferred.

Assets held for trading that are sold are derecognised and corresponding receivables from brokers are recognised as of the date the Fund commits to sell the assets.

A financial liability is derecognised when the obligation specified in the contract is discharged, cancelled or expires.

On derecognition of a financial asset, the difference between the carrying value of the asset and the consideration received is recognised in profit or loss.

#### (vii) Offsetting

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the statement of assets and liabilities when the Fund has a legally enforceable right to offset the recognised amounts and the transactions are intended to be settled on a net basis or simultaneously, e.g. through a market clearing mechanism.

#### (g) Related parties

- (a) A person, or a close member of that person's family, is related to the Fund if that person:
  - (i) has control or joint control over the Fund; or
  - (ii) has significant influence over the Fund; or
  - (iii) is a member of the key management personnel of the Fund or the Fund's parent.
- (b) An entity is related to the Fund if any of the following conditions applies:
  - (i) The entity and the Fund are members of the same group (which means that each parent, subsidiary and fellow subsidiary is related to the others).
  - (ii) One entity is an associate or joint venture of the other entity (or an associate or joint venture of a member of a group of which the other entity is a member).
  - (iii) Both entities are joint ventures of the same third party.
  - (iv) One entity is a joint venture of a third entity and the other entity is an associate of the third entity.
  - (v) The entity is a post-employment benefit plan for the benefit of employees of an entity related to the Fund.
  - (vi) The entity is controlled or jointly controlled by a person identified in (a).
  - (vii) A person identified in (a)(i) has significant influence over the entity or is a member of the key management personnel of the entity (or of a parent of the entity).
  - (viii) The entity, or any member of a group of which it is a part, provides key management personnel services to the Fund or to the Fund's Parent.

Close members of the family of a person are those family members who may be expected to influence, or be influenced by, that person in their dealings with the entity.

#### (h) Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash at bank and on hand, demand deposits with banks and other financial institutions, and short-term, highly liquid investments that are readily convertible into known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value, having been within three months of maturity at acquisition.

#### (i) Units in issue

The Fund classifies financial instruments issued as financial liabilities or equity instruments in accordance with the substance of the contractual terms of the instruments.

The Fund has one class of redeemable units in issue. This is the most subordinate class of financial instruments in the Fund and ranks *pari passu* in all material respects and has identical terms and conditions. The redeemable units provide investors with the right to require redemption for cash at a value proportionate to the investor's share in the Fund's net assets at each redemption date and also in the event of the Fund's liquidation.

A puttable financial instrument that includes a contractual obligation for the issuer to repurchase or redeem that instrument for cash or another financial asset is classified as equity instruments if it meets the following conditions:

- (i) it entitles the holder to a pro rata share of the entity's net assets in the event of the Fund's liquidation;
- (ii) it is in the class of instruments that is subordinate to all other classes of instruments;
- (iii) all financial instruments in the class of instruments that is subordinate to all other classes of instruments have identical features;
- (iv) apart from the contractual obligation for the Fund to repurchase or redeem the instrument for cash or another financial asset, the instrument does not include any other features that would require classification as a liability; and
- (v) the total expected cash flows attributable to the instrument over its life are based substantially on the profit or loss, the change in the recognised net assets or the change in the fair value of the recognised and unrecognised net assets of the Fund over the life of the instrument.

The Fund's redeemable units meet all of these conditions and are classified as equity.

#### (j) Segment reporting

An operating segment is a component of the Fund that engages in business activities from which they may earn revenues and incur expenses, including revenues and expenses that relate to transactions with any of the Fund's other components, whose operating results are reviewed regularly by the chief operating decision maker to make decisions about resources allocated to the segment and assess its performance, and for which discrete financial information is available. Segment results that are reported to the chief operating decision maker include items directly attributable to a segment as well as those that can be allocated on a reasonable basis. The chief operating decision maker of the Fund is identified as the Manager, Hang Seng Investment Management Limited.

#### (k) Income equalisation on subscriptions and redemptions

Income portion of received and receivable on issue of units or paid and payable on redemption of units is calculated based on the portion of the unit price related to undistributed accumulated net investment income and accumulated expenses of the unit at the date of issue or redemption.

#### 3 Changes in accounting policies

The HKICPA has issued a number of amendments to HKFRSs that are first effective for the current accounting period of the Fund. None of these developments have had a material effect on how the Fund's results and financial position for the current or prior periods have been prepared or presented. The Fund has not applied any new standard or interpretation that is not yet effective for the current accounting period (see note 16).

#### 4 Taxation

No provision for Hong Kong Profits Tax has been made in the financial statements as the income of the Fund is exempt from taxation under Section 26A(1A) of the Hong Kong Inland Revenue Ordinance.

Taxation for the year represents non-recoverable withholding tax on distribution income which is recorded gross of withholding tax in profit or loss.

#### 5 Investments at fair value through profit or loss

Investments at fair value through profit or loss as of 31 December 2016 and 31 December 2015 are shown on page 17.

#### 6 Financial risk management

The Fund maintains investment portfolio in the constituent stocks of the Index as dictated by its investment management strategy, but is not limited to equities and collective investment schemes. The Fund's investment objective is to match, before expenses, as closely as practicable, the performance of the Index against which the Fund is benchmarked. The Manager primarily adopts a replication strategy to achieve the investment objective of the Fund. When there is a change in the constituent stocks of the Index or the weighting of the constituent stocks in the Index, the Manager will be responsible for implementing any adjustment to the Fund's portfolio of equities and collective investment schemes to ensure that the Fund's investment portfolio closely corresponds to the composition of the Index and the weighting of each constituent stock.

The Fund's investing activities expose it to various types of risks that are associated with the financial instruments and markets in which it invests. To comply with HKFRS 7, the Manager has set out below the most important types of financial risks inherent in the financial instruments held by the Fund. The Manager would like to highlight that the following list of associated risks only sets out some of the risks but does not purport to constitute an exhaustive list of all the risks inherent in an investment in the Fund. Investors should note that additional information in respect of risks associated with the investment in the Fund can be found in the Fund's Hong Kong Offering Document ("HKOD").

The nature and extent of the financial instruments outstanding at the year end date and the risk management policies employed by the Fund are discussed below.

#### (a) Market risk

Market risk arises when the fair value and future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices and includes currency risk, interest rate risk and price risk.

#### (i) Currency risk

As all the financial assets and liabilities of the Fund are denominated in Hong Kong dollars, the functional currency, the Fund has limited exposure to currency risk.

#### (ii) Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk arises from changes in interest rates which may inversely affect the value of interest bearing assets and therefore results in potential gain or loss to the Fund. Except for bank deposits, all the financial assets and liabilities of the Fund are non-interest bearing. As a result, the Fund has limited exposure to interest rate risk.

#### (iii) Price risk

Price risk is the risk that the value of a financial instrument will fluctuate as a result of changes in market prices (other than those arising from interest rate risk or currency risk), whether caused by factors specific to an individual investment, its issuer or all factors affecting all instruments traded in the market. The Fund is exposed to price risk arising from changes in market prices of equity instruments and collective investment schemes.

The Manager constructs the portfolio through adopting replication strategy. The Fund is not actively managed and the Manager does not have the discretion to select equities or collective investment schemes, or to take defensive position in declining market. Hence, any fall in the underlying index will result in a corresponding fall in the value of the Fund.

All investments of the Fund are constituent stocks of the Index listed on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited ("SEHK"). The Fund estimates the future reasonably possible market price fluctuations for equity investments on an overall basis. It is estimated that a reasonably possible strengthening in the Index price of 20% (2015: 20%) at 31 December 2016 would increase the net assets attributable to unitholders by HKD 8,785,588,824 (2015: HKD 8,157,014,083); an equal change in the opposite direction would decrease the net assets attributable to unitholders by an equal but opposite amount. The analysis assumes that all other variables, in particular, interest rates remain constant.

#### (b) Credit risk

Credit risk arising on transactions with brokers relates to transactions awaiting settlement. Risk relating to unsettled transactions is considered small due to the short settlement period involved and the high quality of the brokers used. The Manager monitors the credit rating and financial positions of the brokers used to further mitigate this risk.

AIA Company (Trustee) Limited is the Trustee of the Fund. Bankruptcy or insolvency of the Trustee may cause the Fund's rights with respect to the assets to be delayed or limited. The Manager monitors the risk by monitoring the credit quality of the Trustee on an on-going basis.

All of the investments of the Fund are held by The Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation Limited (the "Custodian"). Bankruptcy or insolvency of the Custodian may cause the Fund's rights with respect to investments held by the Custodian to be delayed or limited. The Manager monitors the risk by monitoring the credit rating of the Custodian on an on-going basis.

All of the cash held by the Fund is deposited with The Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation Limited ("HSBC") and Hang Seng Bank Limited ("HSB") (collectively the "Banks"). Bankruptcy or insolvency of the Banks may cause the Fund's rights with respect to the cash held by the Banks to be delayed or limited. The Manager monitors its risk by monitoring the credit rating of the Banks on an on-going basis.

Other than outlined above, there were no significant concentrations of credit risk to counterparties at 31 December 2016 and 31 December 2015.

#### (c) Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Fund will encounter difficulty in meeting obligations arising from its financial liabilities that are settled by delivering cash or another financial asset, or that such obligations will have to be settled in a manner disadvantageous to the Fund.

The Fund and the Manager have policies and procedures to manage liquidity to meet its liability including estimated redemption of units, as and when due, without incurring undue losses or risking damage to the Fund's reputation.

HKOD provides for the daily creation and cancellation of units and it is therefore exposed to the liquidity of meeting unitholder redemptions daily. All other financial liabilities are repayable on demand or have contractual maturities less than three months.

The Fund's majority of financial assets are listed equities and collective investment schemes which are considered to be readily realisable as they are all listed on the SEHK. As a result, the Fund is able to liquidate quickly its investments in order to meet its liquidity requirements.

The Fund's liquidity risk is managed on a daily basis by the Manager in accordance with the policies and procedures in place. The Fund's redemption policy allows redemption to be made:

- through participating dealers by any investor with a basket of constituent stocks of the Index and a minor cash component at a minimum of 50,000 units; and
- through the Manager by the feeder fund, Hang Seng Index Tracking Fund, with a basket of constituent stocks of the Index and a minor cash component or wholly with cash at a minimum of 1 unit.

The Manager has the right to declare suspension of unitholders' right to redeem units under certain conditions, such as when SEHK is closed; dealings on the SEHK or the Hong Kong Futures Exchange Limited are restricted or suspended; or the Index is not complied or published, etc. in accordance with the HKOD.

#### (d) Capital management

The Fund's capital as at the year end date is represented by its redeemable units.

The Fund's objective in managing the capital is to ensure a stable and strong base to maximise returns to all investors, and to manage liquidity risk arising from the redemptions. The Manager manages the capital of the Fund in accordance with the Fund's investment objectives and policies stated in the HKOD.

There were no changes in the policies and procedures during the year with respect to the Fund's approach to its capital management.

The Fund is not subject to externally imposed capital requirements.

The amount and the movement of equity are stated in the statement of changes in equity. As the redeemable units are redeemed on demand at the unitholders' option, the actual level of redemption may differ significantly from the historic experience.

#### 7 Distribution income

The amounts of distribution income and net distribution income, which was net of any non-recoverable withholding taxes, earned by the Fund during the year are shown on page 18.

#### 8 Interest income

During the year, the Fund earned all interest income from cash and cash equivalents.

#### 9 Net gains/(losses) on investments

During the year, the Fund earned realised gains and unrealised losses as shown on page 18.

#### 10 Transactions with the Trustee, Manager and Connected Persons

The following is a summary of significant related party transactions or transactions entered into during the year between the Fund and the Trustee, the Manager and their Connected Persons. Connected Persons are those as defined in the SFC Code issued by the SFC. All transactions during the year between the Fund, the Trustee, the Manager and their Connected Persons were entered into in the ordinary course of business and under normal commercial terms. To the best of the knowledge of the Trustee and the Manager, the Fund did not have any other transactions with Connected Persons except for those disclosed below. The relevant receivables and payables are unsecured, interest-free and repayable on demand.

- (a) Hang Seng Investment Management Limited, a wholly-owned subsidiary of HSB, which is a member of the HSBC Group, is the Manager of the Fund. The Manager earns management fees at a rate of 0.05% of net asset value per annum. Management fees are calculated as at each dealing day and payable monthly. Management fees payable to the Manager at the year end date is HKD 1,861,551 (2015: HKD 1,739,292).
- (b) AIA Company (Trustee) Limited is the Trustee of the Fund and earns trustee's fees on a sliding scale at a rate from 0.03% to 0.05% of net asset value per annum. HSBC Provident Fund Trustee (Hong Kong) Limited, a member of the HSBC Group, is the Administrator of the Fund and is entitled to 80% of such trustee's fees as the compensation for its services provided to the Fund. Trustee's fees are calculated as at each dealing day and payable monthly. Fee payable to Trustee at the year end is HKD 2,315,387 (2015: HKD 1,053,767).
- (c) The Fund utilises the services of Hang Seng Securities Limited ("HSSL"), a wholly-owned subsidiary of HSB, and HSBC in part of its purchase and sale of investments. Details of such transactions executed and fees paid are shown on page 18.
- (d) The Fund utilises the services of HSBC in its depository of securities and paid securities expenses and safe custody charges to HSBC. Details of such fees paid during the year are shown on page 19. Safe custody charges payable at the year end is HKD 1,153,717 (2015: HKD 1,039,181).
- (e) The Fund has been licensed by Hang Seng Indexes Company Limited ("HSIL") to use the Index to create, offer, market and sell the Fund during the year. License fee paid to HSIL during the year amounted to HKD 6,258,218 (2015: HKD 6,559,930). License fee payable to HSIL at the year end is HKD 1,691,451 (2015: HKD 1,581,495).
- (f) All bank accounts are maintained with HSBC and HSB. The bank balances at the year end date, interest income earned during the year and interest receivable as at year end date are shown on page 19.
- (g) During the year, the Fund made investments in the stocks of HSBC Holdings Plc, HSB and AIA Group Limited. Details of such investments held as at the year end date are shown in the Investment Portfolio. Dividend income earned from these investments during the year is shown on page 19.
- (h) HSBC Provident Fund Trustee (Hong Kong) Limited, a member of the HSBC Group, is the Administrator of the Fund and earns fees for providing various services to the Fund during the year as shown on page 19.
- (i) Hang Seng Index Tracking Fund, as the parent of the Fund, invests in the Fund and earns the Fund's distributions to unitholders. At the year end date, the Hang Seng Index Tracking Fund held 191,828,555 (2015: 178,774,881 units) of the Fund. During the year, distributions to unitholders earned by Hang Seng Index Tracking Fund was HKD 1,416,034,474 (2015: HKD 1,345,245,989) and there is no distributions payable to Hang Seng Index Tracking Fund at the year end date (2015: HKD 534,386,463).
- (j) Hang Seng Index Tracking Fund, subscribed 57,422,886 units (2015: 57,454,203 units) and redeemed 44,389,212 units (2015: 43,714,626 units) of the Fund, at amounts of HKD 12,575,253,102 (2015: HKD 14,371,523,339) and HKD 9,789,766,050 (2015: HKD 10,939,112,569) respectively during the year.
- (k) As at year end date, the unsecured overdraft facility of HKD 100,000,000 (2015: HKD 100,000,000) was provided by HSB to the Fund, with interest charged at 1.5% per annum over the HKD prime lending rate (2015: 1.5% per annum over the HKD prime lending rate). During the year, the Fund paid annual fee of HKD 600,000 (2015: HKD 600,000) for the unsecured overdraft facility and there were no interest expenses paid to HSB (2015: HKD 1). As at year end date, risk weighted FX facility of USD 64,000 (2015: USD 64,000) was also provided by HSB to the Fund. During the year, the Fund paid annual fee of USD 64 (2015: USD 64) for the risk weighted FX facility.

#### 11 Units in issue

For the movement of units in issue, please refer to page 19.

#### 12 Soft dollar commission

As regards to the Fund, the Manager has not entered into any soft dollar commission arrangements with brokers.

#### 13 Fair value information

The Fund's investments are measured at fair value on the date of the statement of assets and liabilities. Fair value estimates are made at a specified point in time, based on market conditions and information about the financial instruments. With the involvement of unobservable factors and judgement, fair value can be reliably determined within a reasonable range of estimates. For certain other financial instruments, including amounts receivable on subscription of units, interest receivable, cash and cash equivalents, amounts payable on purchase of investments, amounts payable on redemption of units, distributions payable, accrued expenses and other payables, the carrying amounts approximate fair value due to the intermediate or short-term nature of these financial instruments.

#### Valuation of financial instruments

The Fund's accounting policy on fair value measurements is detailed in accounting policy in note 2(f)(iv).

The Fund measures fair values using the following fair value hierarchy that reflects the significance of the inputs used in making the measurements.

- Level 1: Inputs that are quoted market prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical instruments.
- Level 2: Inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable either directly (i.e. as prices) or indirectly (i.e. derived from prices). The category includes
  instruments valued using: quoted market price in active markets for similar instruments; quoted prices for identical or similar instruments in markets that are considered less
  than active; or other valuation techniques in which all significant inputs are directly observable from market data.
- Level 3: Inputs that are unobservable. This category includes all instruments for which the valuation technique includes inputs not based on observable data and the
  unobservable inputs have a significant effect on the instrument's valuation. This category includes instruments that are valued based on quoted prices for similar instruments
  but for which significant unobservable adjustments or assumptions are required to reflect differences between the instruments.

All investments held by the Fund are listed on SEHK and their fair values are based on quoted market prices in active markets. For all other financial instruments, their carrying amounts approximate fair value due to the intermediate or short-term nature of these financial instruments.

The table on page 20 presents the carrying value of financial instruments measured at fair value at the date of the statement of assets and liabilities across the three levels of fair value hierarchy.

There were no transfers of financial instruments between Level 1 and Level 2, or transfers into or out of Level 3 during the year.

#### 14 Involvement with unconsolidated structured entities

The Fund has concluded that collective investment schemes in which the Fund invests, but that it does not consolidate, meet the definition of structured entities because:

- the voting rights in the collective investment schemes are not dominant rights in deciding who controls them because they relate to administrative tasks only;
- each collective investment scheme's activities are restricted by its prospectus; and
- the collective investment schemes have narrow and well-defined objectives to provide investment opportunities to investors.

The tables on page 20 describe the types of structured entities that the Fund does not consolidate but in which it holds an interest; and set out interests held by the Fund in unconsolidated structured entities. The maximum exposure to loss is the carrying amount of the investments held by the Fund.

During the year, except for the amounts invested in the unconsolidated structured entities, the Fund did not provide financial support to the unconsolidated structured entities and had no intention of providing financial or other support.

#### **15 Segment information**

The Manager makes strategic resource allocation on behalf of the Fund and determines operating segments based on internal reports reviewed which are used to make strategic decisions.

The Manager considers that the Fund has one single operating segment based on one single integrated investment strategy by investing in constituent stocks of the Index with the objective to match, before expenses, as closely as practicable, the performance of the Index as stipulated in the HKOD. There were no changes in the operating segment during the year.

Major revenues generated by the Fund are from listed equities and collective investment schemes. The segment information provided to the Manager is the same as that disclosed in the statement of comprehensive income and statement of assets and liabilities.

The Fund is domiciled in Hong Kong. Majority of the Fund's income from investments is from equities and collective investment schemes listed in Hong Kong. Please refer to note 5 on page 17 for details.

#### 16 Possible impact of amendments and new standards issued but not yet effective for the year ended 31 December 2016

Up to the date of issue of these financial statements, the HKICPA has issued a number of amendments and new standards which are not yet effective for the year ended 31 December 2016 and which have not been adopted in these financial statements.

Of these developments, the following relates to matters that may be relevant to the Fund's operations and financial statements:

	Effective for accounting periods beginning on or after
Amendments to HKAS 7, Statement of cash flows: Disclosure initiative	1 January 2017
Amendments to HKAS 12, Income taxes: Recognition of deferred tax assets for unrealised losses	1 January 2017
HKFRS 9, Financial instruments	1 January 2018

The Fund is in the process of making an assessment of what the impact of these amendments and new standard is expected to be in the period of initial application. So far it has concluded that the adoption of them is unlikely to have a significant impact on the Fund's results of operations and financial position.

# 恒生指數及恒生指數上市基金之表現 Performance of the Hang Seng Index and Hang Seng Index ETF

	以港	語元計算之表現
	Performa	ance in HK Dollar
基金/指數 Fund/Index	2016	2015
恒生指數上市基金* Hang Seng Index ETF *	3.86%	-4.06%
恒生指數 <sup>#</sup> Hang Seng Index <sup>#</sup>	4.13%	-4.06%

資料來源: HSBC Provident Fund Trustee (Hong Kong) Limited 及恒生指數有限公司。 Source: HSBC Provident Fund Trustee (Hong Kong) Limited and Hang Seng Indexes Company Limited.

\*表現以報價貨幣之單位價格對單位價格,股息(如有)再投資之總回報計算。

\* Performance is calculated in base currency with Unit-price to Unit-price, dividend (if any) reinvested.

\*表現以股息再投資之總回報計算,總回報為扣除內地預扣稅後之淨值。

<sup>#</sup> Performance is calculated in total return with dividend reinvested, net of PRC withholding tax.

投資者須注意,所有投資均涉及風險(包括可能會損失投資本金),基金單位價格可升亦可跌,過往表現並不可作為日後表現的指引。投資者 在作出任何投資決定前,應詳細閱讀有關基金之銷售文件(包括當中所載之風險因素之全文)。

Investors should note that all investments involve risks (including the possibility of loss of the capital invested), prices of fund units may go up as well as down and past performance is not indicative of future performance. Investors should read the relevant fund's offering documents (including the full text of the risk factors stated therein) in detail before making any investment decision.

# 恒生指數上市基金 - 每日收市價及每單位資產淨值之比較 Hang Seng Index ETF – Comparison of Daily Closing Price and Net Asset Value per Unit

2016年之每日收市價及每單位資產淨值之比較 Comparison of Daily Closing Price and Net Asset Value per Unit for 2016



#### 2015年之每日收市價及每單位資產淨值之比較 Comparison of Daily Closing Price and Net Asset Value per Unit for 2015



# 恒生指數成份股披露 Hang Seng Index Constituent Stocks Disclosure

下列為佔恒生指數(「該指數」)百分比多於十之成份股。

The following are those constituent stocks that accounted for more than 10% of the weighting of the Hang Seng Index (the "Index").

2016年12月31日	
As at 31 December 2016 成份股 Constituent Stocks	佔該指數比重(百分比) Weighting of the Index (%)
滙豐控股 HSBC Holdings	10.61%
騰訊控股 Tencent Holdings	10.15%
2015年12月31日 As at 31 December 2015	
成份股 Constituent Stocks	佔該指數比重(百分比) Weighting of the Index (%)
滙豐控股 HSBC Holdings	10.09%
騰訊控股 Tencent Holdings	10.09%

## 基金就恒生指數成份股額外投資比重限制之報告 Report on Investment Overweight in Constituent Stocks of the Hang Seng Index by the Fund 由2016年1月1日至2016年12月31日

# From 1 January 2016 to 31 December 2016

根據基金之香港銷售文件中所述,若基金經理(恒生投資管理有限公司)為基金作出投資時實施具代表性之樣本複製策略,基金經理將根據基金之有關 投資限制應用該策略,以令基金經理可根據以下限制相對於恒生指數(「該指數」)內的指數成份股各相應比重調高其比重。

<u>股份於該指數內的比重</u> 10%以下	<u>可分配之最高額外比重</u> 4% <sup>1</sup>
10%至30%	4%
30%至50%	3%
50%以上	2%

<sup>1</sup>當持有的指數成份股於該指數所佔比重低於10%,且倘於分配最高額外比重4%後該成份股的分配總額仍低於10%時,分配至該成份股的總比重可能最高調至10%。

於2016年1月1日至2016年12月31日年度內,基金經理已完全遵守以上最高額外比重限制。

As stated in the Hong Kong Offering Document of the Fund, if a representative sampling strategy is implemented when investing for the Fund, the Manager (Hang Seng Investment Management Limited) will apply such strategy in accordance with the Fund's relevant investment restrictions thereby enabling the Manager to overweight the constituent stocks of the Hang Seng Index (the "Index") relative to their respective weightings in the Index in accordance with the below limits.

Stock's weighting in the Index	Maximum extra weighting to be allocated
Below 10%	4% <sup>1</sup>
10%-30%	4%
30%-50%	3%
Above 50%	2%

<sup>1</sup>Where the weighting of a constituent stock in the Index is below 10% and if the total allocation to this constituent stock is still below 10% after allocating the maximum extra weighting of 4%, the total allocation to it may be adjusted up to maximum of 10%.

During the year from 1 January 2016 to 31 December 2016, the Manager has complied in full with the above maximum extra weighting.

# 管理及行政 Management and Administration

#### 基金經理及上市代理人

恒生投資管理有限公司 香港 中環德輔道中83號

#### 基金經理及上市代理人之董事

馮孝忠 關穎嫺 李佩珊 陸世龍 顏文傑 梁永樂 彭耀鴻 Sridhar Chandrasekharan

#### 受託人

友邦(信託)有限公司 香港司徒拔道1號 友邦大廈2樓

#### 行政人及登記處

HSBC Provident Fund Trustee (Hong Kong) Limited 香港 中環皇后大道中1號

#### 兌換代理人

HK Conversion Agency Services Limited 香港 中環德輔道中199號 維德廣場2樓

#### 核數師

畢馬威會計師事務所 香港 中環遮打道10號 太子大廈8樓

#### Manager and Listing Agent

Hang Seng Investment Management Limited 83 Des Voeux Road Central Hong Kong

#### Directors of the Manager and Listing Agent

Fung Hau Chung, Andrew Kwan Wing Han, Margaret Lee Pui Shan Luk Sai Lung Ngan Man Kit Leung Wing Lok, Andrew Pang Yiu Hung, Victor Sridhar Chandrasekharan

#### Trustee

AIA Company (Trustee) Limited 2nd Floor, AIA Building 1 Stubbs Road, Hong Kong

#### Administrator and Registrar

HSBC Provident Fund Trustee (Hong Kong) Limited 1 Queen's Road Central Hong Kong

#### **Conversion Agent**

HK Conversion Agency Services Limited 2nd Floor Vicwood Plaza 199 Des Voeux Road Central Hong Kong

#### Auditor

KPMG 8th Floor, Prince's Building 10 Chater Road Central Hong Kong

由恒生投資管理有限公司(恒生銀行全資附屬機構)刊發 Issued by Hang Seng Investment Management Limited, a wholly-owned subsidiary of Hang Seng Bank