



2017 ANNUAL REPORT 年報

0.00

Content 目錄

158



3	Financial Highlights 財務摘要
4	Chairman's Statement 主席報告書
6	Management Discussion and Analysis 管理層討論與分析
12	Group Structure 集團架構
13	Corporate Information 公司資料
15	Directors' Report 董事會報告
30	Corporate Governance Report 企業管治報告
55	Environmental, Social and Governance Report 環境、社會及管治報告
78	Independent Auditor's Report 獨立核數師報告
87	Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income 綜合全面收益表
89	Consolidated Statement of Financial Position 綜合財務狀況表
91	Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity 綜合權益變動表
93	Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows 綜合現金流量表
94	Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements 綜合財務報表附註

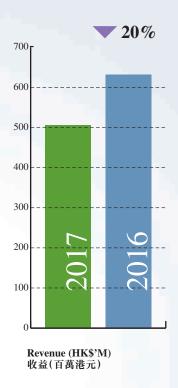
Five-year Financial Summary 五年財務摘要

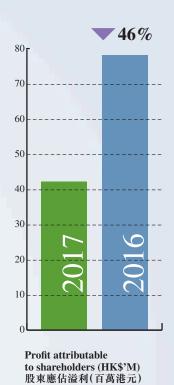


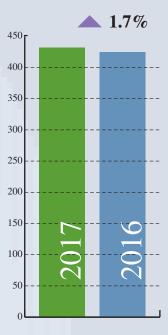
Financial Highlights

財務摘要

Annual results for the year ended 31 March 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度業績







Net asset value (HK\$'M) 資產淨值(百萬港元)

Annual results for the year ended 31 March 2017

- Revenue
- Profit before income tax
- Shareholders' fund as at 31 March 2017
- Basic earnings per share

截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度業績

• 收益
• 除税項前溢利
• 於二零一七年三月三十一日股東資金
• 每股基本溢利

HK\$506.0 million	506.0 百萬港元
HK\$50.4 million	50.4 百萬港元
HK\$431.9 million	431.9百萬港元
HK7.04 cents	7.04港仙
2017	2016
二零一七年	二零一六年

收益(千港元)
經營溢利(千港元)
除税項前溢利(千港元)
股東應佔溢利(千港元)
每股基本溢利(港仙)
已宣派及支付每股中期股息(港仙)
建議每股末期股息(港仙)
建議每股特別股息(港仙)
資產淨值(千港元)

	2017	2016
	二零一七年	二零一六年
拉(千港元)	505,981	631,932
營溢利(千港元)	50,789	89,680
短頂前溢利(千港元)	50,403	89,235
更應佔溢利(千港元)	42,307	78,377
と基本溢利(港仙)	7.04	13.05*
『派及支付每股中期股息(港仙)	1.5	1.5*
義每股末期股息(港仙)	2.5	2*
義每股特別股息(港仙)	-	5*
至淨值(千港元)	431,864	424,835

Dividend per share data has been adjusted for the effect of the bonus shares issue on 8 June 2016.

每股股息數據已就二零一六年六月八日之紅股發行之影響 作出調整。

Chairman's Statement

主席報告書

Dear Shareholders,

I am pleased to present the annual report for the year ended 31 March 2017.

According to Government statistics, Hong Kong has experienced an increase of 4.3% GDP in real terms in the first quarter of 2017 as compared to 2% GDP growth in the whole year of 2016. The forecast of GDP growth for 2017 is estimated to be about 3% increase because of buoyant housing and stock markets, increased trade and the optimistic economic outlook of the global economy for 2017.

The primary housing market of Hong Kong remained active despite the interest rate hike in the U.S. because of the continued strong demand from property users and investors. An improved economic outlook and global trade recovery will boost the property market as prospective home buyers were queuing for new housing estates and that the prices of major housing estates continue to rise. While the Government introduced the 15% ad Valorem stamp duty to multiple home buyers on 4 November 2016, property prices continued the rise. The intention of such stamp duty as curbing speculations in the housing market is yet to become effective.

As the high property prices are beyond the reach of most potential home buyers, developers are building smaller housing units to cater for the needs of these home buyers. The Government has forecast that around 40% of all private flats completed in the next two years will be smaller than 40 square metre in size while prices continue to soar. At the same time, it is expected that prices of luxury flats continue to be strong.

In response to the market trend, we adjusted our sales mix and expect that there will be an increase of sales of the home fitting products for small units that are of relatively lower profit margins products as compared to those for the luxury ones. In addition, the highly competitive market will drive the prices down that leads to a drop in turnover as compared to previous years. It has a significant impact on the market structure for home fitting products with sales mix serving for more smaller flats rather than luxury ones given that the segment of smaller-flat market is highly sensitive to prices. We expect that it will lower our profit margin. Nevertheless, we have kept and will continue to keep vigilant to market fluctuations and maintained the disciplined approach in operation and expansion. The current and quick ratios were 2.8 (2016: 2.4) and 1.7 (2016: 1.4) respectively.

各位股東:

本人欣然提呈截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度之年報。

政府統計資料顯示,香港二零一六年全年的本地生產總值增長為2%,而二零一七年第一季度的實質增長較去年同期則增加高達4.3%。由於樓市及股市熾熱、貿易活動增加及對環球經濟在二零一七年的前景樂觀,預測香港二零一七年本地生產總值增長約為3%。

由於物業用家及投資者對房屋的需求持續強勁, 因此香港一手樓市成交在美國利率上升的復 下仍然活躍。經濟前景改善及環球貿易復 到好物業市場,這從潛在置業者排隊購置一 住宅單位以及主要屋苑價格持續上漲可見一 雖然政府於二零一六年十一月四日向擁有多於, 個住宅物業的置業者推出15%的從價印花稅, 然而物業價格仍持續上升。該印花稅旨在抑制 住宅市場的投機活動,但尚未見效。

發展商興建面積較小的住宅單位,以期在物業價格與大部份潛在置業者脱節的情況下,滿足該等置業者的需求。政府預測,在未來兩年內落成之私人住宅單位當中,面積少於40平方米的佔約四成,惟價格將會繼續上漲。與此同時,預期高檔住宅的價格亦將繼續走強。



Our business is affected by external factors as well as the local property market environment. There will be changes in the trend of local property market because of the adoption of new housing strategies by the new Government administration in tackling the high level of home prices. More small-sized homes will remain in demand for years to come. We shall continue to closely observe market trends, capitalise our strengths and adjust our strategies accordingly.

我們的業務受外來因素及本地物業市場環境的 影響。為解決高昂的房屋價格,新一屆政府將 採取新房屋策略,此將改變本地物業市場的 勢。市場對小型單位的需求在未來數年將會持 續強勁。我們將繼續密切觀察市場走勢、並相 應發揮及調整自身的策略。

In the Peoples' Republic of China (the "PRC"), the market structure for high quality home fittings is complex and uncertain as it is more a policy rather than the free market driven economy. Nevertheless, the ever-expanding affluent population creates a demand for housing and therefore will attract new suppliers to the housing market. Regulatory requirements, buying habits of local people and potential risks into the PRC housing market remain a challenge to us.

在中華人民共和國(「中國」),由於經濟受政策主導,優質家居裝設的市場結構複雜及不確定。然而,富裕階層與日俱增,對房屋的需求漸見殷切;此亦吸引更多供應商加入市場。監管要求、當地人的購置習慣及中國住宅市場的潛在風險仍是我們需要面對的挑戰。

I am pleased to inform you that Company has become a constituent for MSCI Hong Kong Micro Cap Indexes during the year. MSCI is a globally recognised investment research agency.

本人欣然告知各位,本公司年內已成為MSCI明 晟香港微型股指數的成份股。MSCI明晟為世界 知名的投資研究機構。

The management would like to thank you for the support and trust of shareholders, as well as the loyalty and efforts of our dedicated staff. Their contributions have been indispensable for the Group's development during the past years, and its prospects for the years to come.

管理層藉此感謝各位股東的支持與信任以及集團全體員工的忠誠與努力。各位的貢獻對本集團過往及日後的發展均屬不可或缺。

TSE Sun Fat, Henry Chairman 27 June 2017 謝新法 主席 二零一七年六月二十七日



Management Discussion and Analysis

管理層討論與分析

BUSINESS REVIEW

The principal activity of the Company is investment holding. Its subsidiaries are principally engaged in the importing, wholesale and installation of architectural builders' hardware, bathroom, kitchen collections and furniture in Hong Kong and the People's Republic of China (the "PRC").

A business review of the Group and an analysis of the Group's performance using financial key performance indicators during the year are provided in the Management Discussion and Analysis. Further details are provided in this report. In addition, discussions on the Group's environmental policies and performance and an account of the Group's key relationships with its employees, customers, suppliers and others that have a significant impact on the Group and on which the Group's success depends are provided in the Environmental, Social and Governance Report on pages 55 to 77.

During the year ended 31 March 2017, the Company has complied with the requirements under the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on the Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Listing Rules"), the Securities and Futures Ordinance (the "SFO") and the Cayman Islands Companies Law. Details of the Company's compliance with the code provisions set out in the Appendix 14 of the Listing Rules are provided in the Corporate Governance Report on pages 30 to 54.

During the year, the number of residential units completed in Hong Kong remained at high level, with a domination of small- and medium-sized flats in the market. The demand for home fittings increased but the market was inclined to products at competitive prices.

業務審視

本公司的主要業務為投資控股。其附屬公司主要於香港及中華人民共和國(「中國」)從事進口、 批發及安裝建築五金、衛浴、廚房設備及傢俬。

本集團的業務審視及分析本集團年內表現的財務關鍵表現指標,已載於管理層討論與分析; 而進一步的資料載於本報告內。此外,本集團環境政策及表現的討論、有關僱員、客戶、供應商及對本集團成功有重要關係的説明,則載於第55至77頁的環境、社會及管治報告內。

截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度,本公司 遵守香港聯合交易所有限公司證券上市規則(「上 市規則」)、證券及期貨條例(「證券及期貨條 例」)以及開曼群島公司法的規定。本公司遵守 上市規則附錄十四載列之守則條文之詳情載於 第30至54頁的企業管治報告內。

於本年度,香港的已落成住宅單位數目仍然維持高水平,其中市場以中小型單位為主。市場對住屋設備的需求有所增加,惟傾向於價格具競爭力的產品。





REVENUE REVIEW

收益回顧

For the year ended 31 March 2017, the Group's total turnover was HK\$506.0 million, a decrease by 19.9% as compared with the previous year.

截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度,本集團總營業額為506.0百萬港元,較去年減少19.9%。

Revenue by business segment

按業務分部劃分之收益

			十一日 2016	ក់ Change (%)	佔銷售額 31 M	ntage of sales %) 百分比(%) larch 二十一日 2016 二零一六年
Architectural builders' hardware, bathroom	建築五金、衛浴設備 及其他					
collections and others		359,071	391,590	(8.3)	71.0	62.0
Kitchen collection and furniture	廚房設備及傢俬	146,910	240,342	(38.9)	29.0	38.0
		505,981	631,932	(19.9)	100.0	100.0
Profitability by business s	segment		按業務	分部劃分之盈利	利能力	
						t margin (%) 率(%)
		三月三 2017	•	Change (%)	2017	2016
		二零一七年 HK\$'000	二零一六年 HK\$'000	變動(%)	二零一七年	二零一六年
		千港元	千港元			
Architectural builders' hardware, bathroom	建築五金、衛浴設備 及其他					
collections and others		133,169	144,093	(7.6)	37.1	36.8
Kitchen collection and furniture	廚房設備及傢俬	78,270	123,864	(36.8)	53.3	51.5
		211,439	267,957	(21.1)	41.8	42.4

Management Discussion and Analysis

管理層討論與分析

REVENUE REVIEW (CONT'D)

Profitability by business segment (cont'd)

Revenue from the architectural builders' hardware, bathroom collections and others segment decreased by 8.3% to HK\$359.1 million as compared to the previous year (2016: HK\$391.6 million). The trend of building more small-sized residential units prevailed in the primary residential market in the current year. Products that cater for a compact living environment and having a lower unit price have become increasingly popular, while the sales of high-end products decreased during the year. The change in sales mix has caused a drop in turnover. During the year, we supplied products for projects such as Eden Manor, Harbour Glory, Mount Pavilia and Parc Inverness.

For the same reasons, revenue from the kitchen collection and furniture segment decreased by 38.9% to HK\$146.9 million as compared to the previous year (2016: HK\$240.3 million). In the previous year, we completed certain kitchen cabinet projects in the PRC which contributed to the major increment of revenue. No projects with similar scale took place in the PRC and the revenue from this segment was mainly contributed by sales in Hong Kong in the current year. During the year, we supplied products for projects like Castle One by V.

The overall gross profit of the Group amounted to HK\$211.4 million (2016: HK\$268.0 million), representing a decrease of 21.1% from the previous year. The gross profit margin remained stable as compared to the prior year.

The Group's operating profit was HK\$50.8 million (2016: HK\$89.7 million), representing a decrease of 43.4% from the prior year. The decrease is mainly due to the drop of turnover which the impact was partially offset by the reduction in operating expenses and fair value gain on investment properties. The amount of administrative expenses and distribution expenses decreased by 7.2% to HK\$166.8 million (2016: HK\$179.8 million) mainly due to a write-back of provision for doubtful debts of HK\$4.5 million and decrease in staff remuneration of HK\$4.8 million during the year. Apart from that, we have strived hard to control costs and maintain effective use of resources.

收益回顧(續)

按業務分部劃分之盈利能力(續)

建築五金、衛浴設備及其他分部之收益較去年減少8.3%至359.1百萬港元(二零一六年:391.6百萬港元)。年內,一手住宅市場多興建小型單位。適合袖珍家居而售價較廉的產品內型單位。適合袖珍家居而售價較廉的產品內型單位。銷售組合改變,令營業額下降。年內,我們為高爾夫•御苑、維港頌、傲瀧及賢文禮士等項目供應產品。

基於同樣原因,廚房設備及傢俬分部之收益較去年減少38.9%至146.9百萬港元(二零一六年:240.3百萬港元)。去年,我們完成若干位於中國的櫥櫃項目,帶動去年收益上升。本年度,我們並無於中國進行類似規模的項目,而該分部之收益主要來自香港。年內,我們為Castle One by V等項目供應產品。

本集團整體毛利為211.4百萬港元(二零一六年: 268.0百萬港元),較去年減少21.1%。毛利率 與去年相較保持平穩。

本集團經營溢利為50.8百萬港元(二零一六年: 89.7百萬港元),較去年減少43.4%。經營溢利下跌主因為營業額減少,且部份被經營開支減少以及投資物業公允值收益所抵消。行政開支及分銷開支金額減少7.2%至166.8百萬港元(二零一六年:179.8百萬港元),主要由於年內壞賬撥備撥回4.5百萬港元以及員工薪酬減少4.8百萬港元。除此之外,我們致力監控成本及維持資源之有效利用。





FINANCIAL REVIEW

Liquidity and Financial Resources

The Group continues to expand its business in Hong Kong and the PRC while adopting a prudent financial management policy. The current ratio and quick ratio are 2.8 (2016: 2.4) and 1.7 (2016: 1.6), respectively. The increase in the current ratio and quick ratio was due to repayment of trade and other payables as well as borrowings, and in particular increased inventories led to an increase in the current ratio. Cash and cash equivalents approximated HK\$79.7 million as at 31 March 2017 (2016: HK\$127.8 million) and had been utilised in purchasing inventories pending for deliveries and repayment of borrowings.

Inventories increased to HK\$146.1 million (2016: HK\$130.6 million) mainly because bulk project orders were placed towards the end of the year which will be delivered to customers during the next financial year. The trade, retention and other receivables decreased slightly to HK\$136.6 million (2016: HK\$148.3 million), while the trade and other payables decreased to HK\$43.0 million (2016: HK\$69.3 million).

As at 31 March 2017, the Group has a net cash position. Gearing ratio is therefore not applicable (2016: same). The interest-bearing borrowings of the Group reduced to HK\$38.1 million (2016: HK\$58.9 million) as at 31 March 2017.

Treasury Policy

Borrowings and cash and cash equivalents are primarily denominated in Hong Kong Dollars ("HK\$") and Euro. The management will continue to monitor the foreign exchange risk exposure of the Group. During the year, we entered into certain simple forward contracts to buy Euro for settlement of purchases.

財務回顧

流動資金及財務資源

本集團繼續採取審慎財務管理政策拓展在香港及中國之業務。流動比率及速動比率分別為2.8 (二零一六年:2.4)及1.7 (二零一六年:1.6)。流動比率及速動比率上升乃由於償還應付賬款及其他應付款以及借款,其中存貨增加令流動比率上升。於二零一七年三月三十一日之現金及現金等價物約為79.7百萬港元(二零一六年:127.8百萬港元),並已用於購買即將交付的存貨及償還借款。

存貨增至146.1 百萬港元(二零一六年:130.6 百萬港元),主要由於年末所下批量項目訂單增加,該等項目將於下個財政年度交付予客戶。應收賬款、應收保留款及其他應收款輕微減至136.6 百萬港元(二零一六年:148.3 百萬港元),應付賬款及其他應付款則減少至43.0 百萬港元(二零一六年:69.3 百萬港元)。

於二零一七年三月三十一日,本集團呈淨現金 狀況。資產負債比率並不適用(二零一六年:相 同)。本集團於二零一七年三月三十一日之有息 借款減少至38.1百萬港元(二零一六年:58.9百 萬港元)。

財務政策

借貸以及現金及現金等價物主要以港元(「港元」) 及歐元計值。管理層將不斷監察本集團面對之 外匯風險。年內,我們訂立若干簡單遠期合約, 購買歐元以結付採購。



Management Discussion and Analysis

管理層討論與分析



FINANCIAL REVIEW (CONT'D)

Contingent Liabilities

We seek to manage our cash flow and capital commitments effectively to ensure that we have sufficient funds to meet our existing and future cash requirements. We have not experienced any difficulties in meeting our obligations as they become due. Assets under charge include mortgaged property acquired and certain bank deposits. As at 31 March 2017, performance bonds of approximately HK\$23,031,000 (2016: HK\$16,465,000) have been issued by the Group to customers as security of contracts. In respect of which, restricted cash of HK\$2,981,000 (2016: HK\$2,966,000) was placed in bank as security for the performance bonds. Save for the rental commitment of our retail outlets and warehouses and performance bonds for projects, the Group has no other material financial commitments and contingent liabilities as at 31 March 2017.

FUTURE PROSPECTS

In the coming year, it is expected that Hong Kong will continue to be affected by political and economic uncertainties around the globe. The uncertainty of the final outcome of the negotiation of Brexit and of national elections in Europe might cause fluctuations in Euro and British pound rates. As the PRC economy has been moving in a slowdown phase after having achieved an average of an annual 9% growth in the past two decades and is now in the process of moving into a different model of growth and development, its economic performance for this coming year will have an impact on the economic development of Hong Kong. Locally, following the establishment of a new Government administration on 1 July 2017, it is expected that there may be a gradual change in property market strategies and fiscal policies in the next five years.

財務回顧(續)

或然負債

我們致力有效管理現金流量及資本承擔,確保具備充足資金應付現行及未來現金需求。我們在依期履行付款責任上並無任何困難。所抵押資產包括已按揭之物業及若干銀行存款。於二零一七年三月三十一日,本集團已向客戶發出約23,031,000港元之履約保證(二零一六年:16,465,000港元)作為合約擔保。其中受限制現金2,981,000港元(二零一六年:2,966,000港元)持有作履約保證之擔保。於二零一七年三月三十一日,除零售店舗及貨倉的租賃承擔及項目之履約保證外,本集團並無其他重大財務承擔及或然負債。

未來展望

來年,預期香港將會繼續受全球政治及經濟不確定性影響。英國脱歐的後續磋商及歐洲多國選舉最終結果難以預料,或會引致歐元及英鎊匯率波動。中國於過去二十年平均經濟增長高達9%,現已逐步放緩,增長和發展模式亦轉型,其來年的經濟表現會影響香港的經濟發展。香港方面,隨著二零一七年七月一日新一屆政府成立,預期未來五年的物業市場和財政政策或會漸次改變。



FUTURE PROSPECTS (CONT'D)

Measures to cope with the long-term housing demand will continue. The Government's countercyclical measures may stay in place to stabilise the market. To meet with the general market affordability, the trends of building small units and bulk purchases of home-fittings at a lower cost will likely to continue. It is expected that the fierce market competition for architectural builders' hardware and bathroom collections will be intensified; we shall continue to capitalise our expertise in bringing quality products and services to our customers.

We shall consolidate our current position as one of the reputable suppliers of kitchen collection and furniture in order to cope with the ever-changing market environment. To fit with home-buyers' budget, small-sized housing units will continue to dominate the primary residential market. We shall monitor and review this trend carefully from time to time, exploring new opportunities and sales channels in the market.

Our retail shop rental payments are expected to remain stable. We shall continue to improve operating efficiency and shop utilisation.

While enhancing our strength, we shall remain vigilant to external factors in order to stay competitive. The property market is affected by global, the PRC and local economic performance. Moreover, the Hong Kong Government's fiscal and financial policies may create an adverse impact on Hong Kong real estate market. We will continue to monitor the market trends and refine our strategies from time to time accordingly.

Pursuant to the announcement on 2 November 2016, the Company is considering a proposed spin-off and separate listing of the Group's kitchen and furniture business on the Main Board of The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited. Details of the announcement are available on the websites of the Stock Exchange and the Company. As at the date of this report, the Company is still considering the proposed spin-off and separate listing.

未來展望(續)

我們將鞏固目前作為有信譽的廚房設備及傢俬供應商的行業地位,以應對瞬息萬變的市場。小型住宅單位符合置業者的預算,將繼續主導一手住宅市場。我們將不時審慎監察和檢討此趨勢,發掘市場新機遇及銷售渠道。

集團的零售店鋪租金預料維持穩定。我們將不斷提升營運效率及善用店鋪空間。

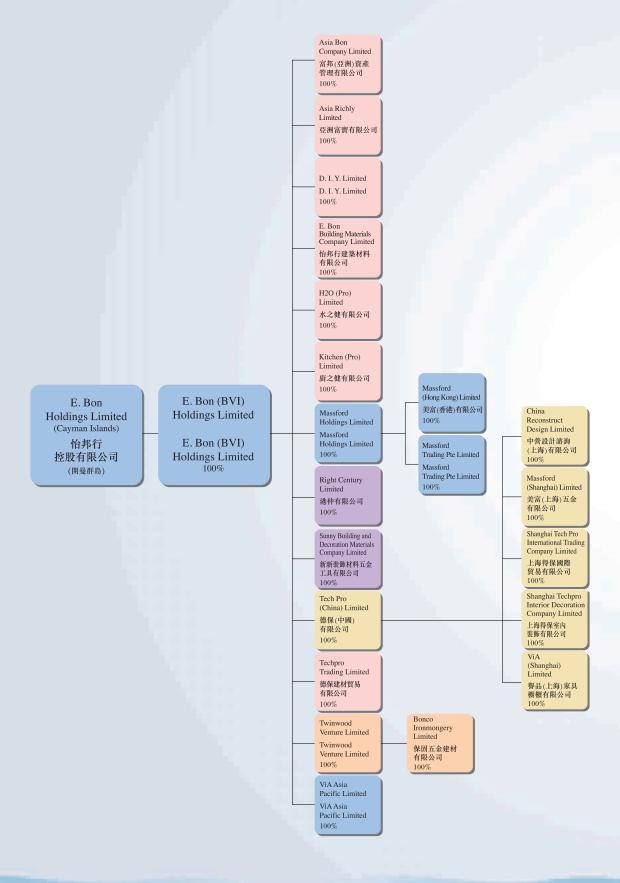
在加強優勢之餘,我們仍對外在因素保持警惕, 以維持競爭力。樓市走勢取決於全球、中國及 本地之經濟表現。此外,香港政府的財政和金 融政策可能會對香港房地產市場造成不利影響。 我們將繼續監察市場走勢,並不時調整本身之 發展策略。

根據二零一六年十一月二日的公告,本公司正考慮擬將本集團之廚櫃及傢俬業務在香港聯合交易所有限公司主板分拆作獨立上市。該公告之詳情,可在聯交所及本公司網站閲覧。於本報告日期,本公司仍在考慮擬將有關業務分拆作獨立上市事宜。



Group Structure

集團架構



Corporate Information

公司資料



REGISTERED OFFICE

註冊辦事處

Cricket Square Hutchins Drive P.O. Box 2681 Grand Cayman KY1-1111 Cayman Islands

HEAD OFFICE AND PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS 總辦事處及主要營業地點

16th–18th Floors First Commercial Building 33 Leighton Road Causeway Bay Hong Kong

香港 銅鑼灣 禮頓道33號 第一商業大廈 16-18樓

AUDIT COMMITTEE

審核委員會

Mr. Leung Kwong Kin, J.P. (Chairman) Mr. Wong Wah, Dominic

Mr. Wan Sze Chung

梁光建太平紳士(主席)

黄華先生

溫思聰先生

REMUNERATION COMMITTEE

薪酬委員會

Mr. Wong Wah, Dominic (Chairman)

Mr. Leung Kwong Kin, J.P.

Mr. Lau Shiu Sun

黄華先生(主席)

梁光建太平紳士

劉紹新先生

NOMINATION COMMITTEE 提名委員會

Mr. Wong Wah, Dominic (Chairman)

Mr. Wan Sze Chung

Mr. Tse Sun Fat, Henry

黄華先生(主席)

温思聰先生

謝新法先生

COMPANY SECRETARY

公司秘書

Mr. Yu Chi Wah, CPA

俞志燁先生, CPA

AUDITOR

核數師

PricewaterhouseCoopers 22nd Floor Prince's Building Central

Hong Kong

羅兵咸永道會計師事務所

香港

中環

太子大廈22樓

AUTHORISED REPRESENTATIVES

授權代表

Mr. Tse Hon Kit, Kevin

Mr. Yu Chi Wah, CPA

謝漢傑先生

俞志燁先生, CPA

CAYMAN ISLANDS PRINCIPAL SHARE REGISTRAR AND TRANSFER OFFICE

開曼群島股份過戶登記總處

SMP Partners (Cayman) Limited Royal Bank House – 3rd Floor

24 Shedden Road

P.O. Box 1586

Grand Cayman

KY1-1110, Cayman Islands

Corporate Information

公司資料

HONG KONG BRANCH SHARE REGISTRAR AND TRANSFER OFFICE

香港股份過戶登記分處

Tricor Abacus Limited Level 22, Hopewell Centre 183 Queen's Road East Hong Kong

卓佳雅柏勤有限公司香港 皇后大道東183號 合和中心22樓

LEGAL ADVISERS ON HONG KONG LAW 香港法律之法律顧問

Pang, Wan & Choi, Solicitors 7th Floor, Chinachem Tower 34–37 Connaught Road Central Hong Kong

彭溫蔡律師行 香港 干諾道中34-37號 華懋大廈7樓

PRINCIPAL BANKERS 主要往來銀行

- The Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation Limited 香港上海滙豐銀行有限公司
- Fubon Bank (Hong Kong) Limited
 富邦銀行(香港)有限公司
- Nanyang Commercial Bank Limited 南洋商業銀行有限公司
- Standard Chartered Bank (Hong Kong)
 Limited
 查打銀行(香港)有限公司
- Wing Lung Bank Limited 永隆銀行有限公司



董事會報告



The Board of Directors is pleased to submit their report together with the audited consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2017.

董事會欣然提呈截至二零一七年三月三十一日 止年度之董事會報告及經審核綜合財務報表。

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES AND ANALYSIS OF OPERATIONS

The principal activity of the Company is investment holding. The activities of the subsidiaries are set out in note 18 to the consolidated financial statements.

Details of the analysis of the Group's performance for the year by operating segment is set out in note 8 to the consolidated financial statements.

RESULTS AND APPROPRIATIONS

The results of the Group for the year are set out in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income on pages 87 to 88.

DIVIDEND

The Board declared and paid an interim dividend of HK1.5 cents per share for the six months ended 30 September 2016 (six months ended 30 September 2015: interim dividend of HK1.5 cents¹ per share), totalling HK\$9,009,000.

The Board has resolved to recommend, at the forthcoming Annual General Meeting (the "AGM") to be held on 12 September 2017, a final dividend of HK2.5 cents (2016: HK2 cents¹) per share for the year ended 31 March 2017 (the "Final Dividend"). The Board does not recommend a special dividend for the year ended 31 March 2017 (2016: HK5 cents¹ per share).

If it is duly approved by the members at the AGM, the Final Dividend will be distributed to members, whose names appear on the principal or branch register of members of the Company in the Cayman Islands or Hong Kong respectively (collectively the "Register of Members") as at the close of business on 20 September 2017. The payment will be made on 11 October 2017.

主要業務及經營分析

本公司之主要業務為投資控股。附屬公司之業 務載於綜合財務報表附註18。

本集團本年度按經營分部劃分之表現分析詳列 於綜合財務報表附註8。

業績及股息分派

本集團本年度之業績載於第87至88頁之綜合全面收益表。

股息

董事會已就截至二零一六年九月三十日止 六個月宣派及派付中期股息每股1.5港仙(截至 二零一五年九月三十日止六個月:中期股息每 股1.5港仙1),合計9,009,000港元。

董事會議決於二零一七年九月十二日舉行之應屆股東週年大會(「股東週年大會」)上,建議派發截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度之末期(「末期股息」)每股2.5港仙(二零一六年:2港仙」)。董事會並不建議就截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度宣派特別股息(二零一六年:每股5港仙」)。

倘獲股東於股東週年大會上正式批准,末期股息將派付予於二零一七年九月二十日營業時間結束時名列本公司分別在開曼群島或香港存置之主要股東名冊或股東登記分冊(統稱「股東名冊」)之股東。末期股息將於二零一七年十月十一日作出支付。

Adjusted for the effect of the bonus shares issue on 8 June 2016.

已就二零一六年六月八日之紅股發行之影響作出調整。

董事會報告

CLOSURE OF REGISTER OF MEMBERS

The register of members of the Company will be closed as follows:

- (a) For the purpose of determining shareholders who are entitled to attend and vote at the AGM, the register of members of the Company will be closed from 5 September 2017 to 12 September 2017, both days inclusive, during which period no transfer of shares will be registered. In order to qualify for the right to attend and vote at the AGM, all transfers accompanied by the relevant share certificates must be lodged with the Company's branch share registrar in Hong Kong, Tricor Abacus Limited at Level 22, Hopewell Centre, 183 Queen's Road East, Hong Kong no later than 4:30 p.m. on 4 September 2017.
- (b) For the purpose of determining shareholders who qualify for the Final Dividend, the register of members of the Company will be closed from 19 September 2017 to 20 September 2017, both days inclusive, during which period no transfer of shares will be registered. In order to qualify for the Final Dividend, all transfers accompanied by the relevant share certificates must be lodged with Tricor Abacus Limited at Level 22, Hopewell Centre, 183 Queen's Road East, Hong Kong no later than 4:30 p.m. on 18 September 2017.

PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

Details of the movements in property, plant and equipment of the Group during the year are set out in note 16 to the consolidated financial statements.

PROPERTIES HELD FOR INVESTMENT PURPOSES

As at 31 March 2017, the Company indirectly held full interest in an office property for investment purpose. The property is located at 19/F, First Commercial Building, 33 Leighton Road, Causeway Bay, Hong Kong. The property is held on long lease. Furthers details of the properties held for investment purposes are set out in the note 17 to the consolidated financial statements.

BANK LOAN, OVERDRAFTS AND OTHER BORROWINGS

The details of bank loans, overdrafts and other borrowings as at 31 March 2017 are set out in the note 25 to the consolidated financial statements.

暫停辦理股份過戶登記

本公司將於下列期間暫停辦理股份過戶登記手續:

- (a) 為確定符合資格出席股東週年大會並於會上投票之股東名單,本公司將由二零一七年九月五日至二零一七年九月十二日(包括首尾兩天)期間暫停辦理股份過戶登記手續。凡擬出席股東週年大月四日有醫上票者,必須於二零一七年九月四日有關股票者,必須於二零一七年九月四日有關股票者,必須於二零一七年九月四日有關股票十分前,將所有過戶文件連同有歷股票,一併送達本公司之香港股份過戶登讀,也此為香港皇后大道東183號合和中心22樓。
- (b) 為確定符合資格收取末期股息之股東名單,本公司將由二零一七年九月十九日至二零一七年九月二十日(包括首尾兩天)期間暫停辦理股份過戶登記手續。為符合資格獲派末期股息,必須於二零一七年九月十八日下午四時三十分前,將所有過戶文件連同有關股票,一併送達卓佳雅柏勤有限公司辦理登記手續,地址為香港皇后大道東183號合和中心22樓。

物業、廠房及設備

本集團本年度之物業、廠房及設備之變動詳情 載於綜合財務報表附註16。

持作投資用途的物業

於二零一七年三月三十一日,本公司間接持有一所作投資用途的寫字樓物業的全部權益。該物業位於香港銅鑼灣禮頓道33號第一商業大廈19樓。該物業現根據長期租約持有。持作投資用途的物業詳情,載於綜合財務報表附註17。

銀行貸款、透支及其他借款

於二零一七年三月三十一日之銀行貸款、透支 及其他借款詳情,載於綜合財務報表附註25。



SHARE CAPITAL

Details of the share capital of the Company are set out in note 27 to the consolidated financial statements.

Pursuant to the ordinary resolution passed in the extraordinary general meeting held on 27 May 2016, a bonus shares issue on the basis of one bonus share for every share then existing held by the Shareholders (the "Bonus Issue") was completed and under which, 300,300,000 ordinary shares were allotted and issued on 8 June 2016. The Bonus Issue marked the 40th anniversary of the establishment of the Group in Hong Kong. Details of the Bonus Issue are available on the websites of the Company and The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited.

RESERVES

Movements in the reserves of the Group and of the Company during the year are set out in note 28 and note 34(a) to the consolidated financial statements.

DISTRIBUTABLE RESERVES

Distributable reserves of the Company at 31 March 2017, calculated under the Companies Law of the Cayman Islands, amounted to HK\$85,127,000 (2016: HK\$104,609,000). Under Section 34 of the Companies Law (2016 Revision) of the Cayman Islands, the share premium is available for distribution to shareholders, provided that no distribution shall be paid to shareholders out of the Company's share premium unless the Company shall be able to pay its debts as they fall due in the ordinary course of business.

PRE-EMPTIVE RIGHTS

There is no provision for pre-emptive rights under the Articles and there is no restriction against such rights under the laws of the Cayman Islands, which would oblige the Company to offer new shares on a pro-rata basis to existing shareholders.

PURCHASE, SALE OR REDEMPTION OF LISTED SECURITIES

The Company had not redeemed any of its shares during the year. Neither the Company nor any of its subsidiaries had purchased or sold any of the Company's listed securities during the year.

股本

本公司之股本詳情載於綜合財務報表附註27。

根據於二零一六年五月二十七日舉行之股東特別大會上通過之普通決議案,本公司按股東每持有一股當時現有股份獲發一股紅股之基準完成紅股發行(「紅股發行」),據此於二零一六年六月八日配發及發行300,300,000股普通股。紅股發行乃為紀念本集團於香港成立第四十週年。紅股發行之詳情可於本公司及香港聯合交易所有限公司網站查閱。

儲備

本集團及本公司本年度之儲備變動載於綜合財務報表附註28及附註34(a)。

可派發儲備

於二零一七年三月三十一日,本公司根據開曼群島公司法計算之可派發儲備為85,127,000港元(二零一六年:104,609,000港元)。根據開曼群島公司法(二零一六年修訂版)第34條,股份溢價可派發予股東,惟除非本公司於一般業務過程中能償還到期之債項,否則不能派發本公司之股份溢價予股東。

優先購買權

章程細則並無有關本公司須按比例向現有股東 提呈發售新股份之優先購買權之條文,而開曼 群島法例亦無訂明對此等權利之限制。

購買、出售或贖回上市證券

本公司並無於本年度內贖回其任何股份。本公司或其任何附屬公司於本年度內概無購買或出售任何本公司上市證券。

董事會報告

PRINCIPAL RISKS AND UNCERTAINTIES FACING THE GROUP

The Group recognises that external events may affect the environment in which the Group operates. The Group's business is managed by an experienced management team who have a close involvement in the day-to-day running of the business, which ensures that the Group is prepared for, and can react quickly by adapting its business to, changes in the economic environment. Further discussions on the Group's principal risks and uncertainties are provided throughout this annual report, particularly in "Chairman's Statement" (pages 4 to 5), "Management Discussion and Analysis" (pages 6 to 11), "Risk Management and Internal Control Systems" (pages 45 to 50), "Environmental, Social and Governance Report" (pages 55 to 77) and "Financial Risk Management" (pages 110 to 116).

COMPLIANCE WITH RELEVANT LAWS AND REGULATIONS

During the year, save as disclosed on page 30 in Corporate Governance Report, as far as the Board and management are aware, the Group has complied with the requirements under the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on the Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Listing Rules"), the Securities and Futures Ordinance (the "SFO") and the Cayman Islands Companies Law.

RELATIONSHIPS WITH EMPLOYEES, CUSTOMERS AND SUPPLIERS

The Group is committed to maintaining a collaborative relationship with its employees, customers and suppliers. Details of which are set out on pages 66 to 72.

ENVIRONMENTAL POLICY

The Group endeavours to minimising pollution and protecting the environment by conserving natural resources, reducing the use of energy and waste. Details of which are set out on pages 62 to 65.

本集團面對的主要風險及不確定因素

本集團確認外圍因素可能會影響本集團經營所在地的環境。本集團業務由經驗豐富之管理團隊管理,彼等緊密參與日常業務營運,確保本集團可調整其業務,迅速應對經濟環境的變化。有關本集團主要風險及不確定因素的討論是任報全文均有所提述,特別是「主席報告書」(第4至5頁)、「管理層討論及分析」(第6至11頁)、「風險管理及內部控制系統」(第45至50頁)、「環境、社會及管治報告」(第55至77頁)及「財務風險管理」(第110至116頁)。

遵守有關法律及法規

年內,除企業管治報告第30頁所披露者外,就董事會及管理層所知,本集團已遵守香港聯合交易所有限公司證券上市規則(「上市規則」)、證券及期貨條例(「證券及期貨條例」)及開曼群島公司法項下的規定。

與僱員、客戶及供應商的關係

本集團致力與其僱員、客戶及供應商維持合作 關係。有關詳情載於第66至72頁。

環保政策

本集團致力保護天然資源,減少使用能源及浪費,將污染減至最低,以保護環境。有關詳情載於第62至65頁。



DIRECTORS

The Directors during the year and up to the date of this report are:

Executive Directors

Mr. TSE Sun Fat, Henry Mr. TSE Sun Wai, Albert Mr. TSE Sun Po, Tony Mr. TSE Hon Kit, Kevin

Mr. LAU Shiu Sun

Independent Non-executive Directors

Mr. LEUNG Kwong Kin, *J.P.* Mr. WONG Wah, Dominic Mr. WAN Sze Chung

In accordance with Article 87 of the Company's Articles of Association, Mr. TSE Sun Po, Tony, Mr. LAU Shiu Sun and Mr. WAN Sze Chung will retire at the forthcoming AGM and, being eligible, offer themselves for re-election. Mr. LEUNG Kwong Kin, J.P., Mr. WONG Wah, Dominic and Mr. WAN Sze Chung are Independent Non-executive Directors and were appointed for a fixed term of one year. Details of Directors' Service Contracts are set out on page 22.

DIRECTORS' INDEPENDENCE

The Company has received from each of its Independent Non-executive Directors a confirmation of their independence pursuant to the Rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules.

The Board considers that all of its Independent Non-executive Directors are independent in character and judgement and fulfil the guidelines set out in the Rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules.

董事

本年度內及截至本報告日期之董事如下:

獨立非執行董事 梁光建太平紳士 黄華先生 溫思聰先生

根據本公司組織章程細則第87條,謝新寶先生、 劉紹新先生及溫思聰先生將於應屆股東週年大 會退任,惟彼等均符合資格並願意膺選連任。 梁光建太平紳士、黃華先生及溫思聰先生為獨立 非執行董事,均有固定任期為期一年。董事服 務合約詳情載於第22頁。

董事之獨立性

本公司已接獲各獨立非執行董事根據上市規則 第3.13條發出之獨立性確認書。

董事會認為全體獨立非執行董事在個性及判斷 上均屬獨立,符合上市規則第3.13條載列之指 引。



董事會報告

BIOGRAPHICAL DETAILS OF DIRECTORS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT

Executive Directors

Mr. TSE Sun Fat, Henry, aged 60, is a founding member of the Group and the Chairman of the Company. He is a director of seven subsidiaries of the Company. Mr. TSE possesses over 30 years of experience in the trading of building materials. He is responsible for the planning of the Group's overall strategies and the overall management of the Group.

Mr. TSE Sun Wai, Albert, aged 66, a founding member of the Group, was appointed as an Executive Director and Vice Chairman of the Company on 21 June 2012. He established his reputation in the industry and has a wealth of experience in brand building, new product development and structuring the management of the Group. Mr. TSE is the cousin of Mr. TSE Sun Po, Tony, the Managing Director of the Company, and the father of Mr. TSE Hon Kit, Kevin, the Deputy Managing Director of the Company.

Mr. TSE Sun Po, Tony, aged 58, is the Managing Director of the Company and joined the Group in 1979. He is a director of eighteen subsidiaries of the Company. Mr. TSE possesses over 30 years of experience in the trading of building materials and is responsible for the retail business of the Group. Mr. TSE also assists in the strategic planning and management of the Group. He is the brother of Mr. TSE Sun Fat, Henry, the chairman of the Group.

Mr. LAU Shiu Sun, aged 49, joined the Group in 1994. Mr. LAU was appointed as an Executive Director of the Company on 10 December 2001. He is a director of one subsidiary of the Company. He is responsible for project sales. Mr. LAU graduated from Hong Kong Baptist University (formerly Baptist College) in 1992 with a Bachelor's Degree of Science.

Mr. TSE Hon Kit, Kevin, aged 37, is the Deputy Managing Director of the Company and joined the Group in 2004. He is a director of fifteen subsidiaries of the Company. Mr. TSE graduated from University of Toronto with a Bachelor's Degree of Commerce. He is responsible for internal information technology development, the launching of the furniture business and the marketing of products distributed by the Group. Mr. TSE is a nephew of Mr. TSE Sun Po, Tony, the Managing Director of the Company.

董事及高級管理人員之履歷

執行董事

謝新法先生,六十歲,本集團創辦成員兼本公司主席。彼為本公司旗下七家附屬公司之董事。 謝先生於建築材料貿易方面擁有逾三十年經驗。 彼負責企劃本集團整體策略及整體管理工作。

謝新偉先生,六十六歲,本集團創辦成員,於二零一二年六月二十一日獲委任為本公司執於司事兼副主席。彼早年在業界建立聲譽架構建立品牌、新產品開發及改善集團管理架經經理調新實先生之堂兄,以及本公司副董事總經理謝漢傑先生之父親。

謝新寶先生,五十八歲,本公司董事總經理,於一九七九年加入本集團。彼為本公司旗下十八家附屬公司之董事。謝先生於建築材料貿易方面擁有逾三十年經驗,負責本集團零售業務。謝先生亦協助本集團之策略性計劃及管理。彼為本集團主席謝新法先生之胞弟。

劉紹新先生,四十九歲,於一九九四年加入本集團。劉先生於二零零一年十二月十日獲委任為本公司執行董事。彼為本公司旗下一家附屬公司之董事。彼負責項目銷售。劉先生在一九九二年畢業於香港浸會大學(前稱浸會學院),取得理學士學位。

謝漢傑先生,三十七歲,本公司副董事總經理, 於二零零四年加入本集團。彼為本公司旗下 十五家附屬公司之董事。謝先生畢業於多倫多 大學,取得商學學士學位。彼負責公司內部資 訊科技發展、開拓傢俬業務及本集團經銷產品 之市場推廣。謝先生為本公司董事總經理謝新 寶先生之堂姪。



BIOGRAPHICAL DETAILS OF DIRECTORS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT (CONT'D)

Independent Non-executive Directors

Mr. LEUNG Kwong Kin, J.P., aged 70, was appointed as an Independent Non-executive Director in January 2000. Mr. LEUNG holds a Master's Degree of Business Administration from the University of East Asia, Macau (now known as "the University of Macau"). Mr. LEUNG is a fellow of the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants, the Institute of Chartered Accountants in England & Wales, the Association of Chartered Certified Accountants and the Society of Chinese Accountants & Auditors. Mr. LEUNG is an associate of the Taxation Institute of Hong Kong.

Mr. WONG Wah, Dominic, aged 68, was appointed as an Independent Non-executive Director on 19 June 2001. He graduated from the Chinese University of Hong Kong in 1972 with Honours Bachelor's Degree of Social Science in Economics. He was appointed as a Director and general manager of Hongkong Ferry (Holdings) Ltd., formerly The Hongkong & Yaumatei Ferry Co., Ltd. until late 1989. He has been actively involved in garment industry and IT business for the last few years.

Mr. WAN Sze Chung, aged 42, was appointed as an Independent Non-Executive Director on 27 September 2004. Mr. Wan obtained a Master Degree in Business Administration with the Chinese University of Hong Kong, a Master of Education (Counselling & Guidance) with University of Newcastle upon Tyne, a Second Bachelor's Degree of Law with Tsinghua University and a Bachelor Degree in Accountancy with the Hong Kong Polytechnic University. He is a member of the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants, a fellow member of the Association of Chartered Certified Accountants and a fellow member of the Hong Kong Institute of Directors. Mr. WAN is an independent non-executive director of Plover Bay Technologies Limited, a company listed on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited. He is also a director of Jacob Walery Limited specialising in corporate consultancy and training since 1 March 2007 while he is also teaching with various universities and professional institutes.

董事及高級管理人員之履歷(續)

獨立非執行董事

梁光建太平紳士,七十歲,於二零零零年一月獲委任為獨立非執行董事。梁先生持有澳門東亞大學(現稱為「澳門大學」)工商管理碩士學位。梁先生為香港會計師公會、英格蘭及威爾斯特許會計師協會、特許公認會計師公會及香港税務學會之會員。

黃華先生,六十八歲,於二零零一年六月十九 日獲委任為獨立非執行董事。彼於一九七二年 畢業於香港中文大學,並取得經濟學系社會科 學榮譽學士。彼曾獲香港小輪(控股)有限公司 (前稱香港油麻地小輪有限公司)委任為董事及 總經理直至一九八九年年底。近年,彼致力經 營製衣及資訊科技業務。



董事會報告

BIOGRAPHICAL DETAILS OF DIRECTORS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT (CONT'D)

Senior management

Mr. AU Lai Chuen, Hercules, aged 60, joined the Group in 1982. Mr. AU possesses over 30 years of experience in the building materials industry and is responsible for project related sales and marketing activities.

Mr. CHANG Kai Chuen, Roy, aged 43, joined the Group in 1991. Mr. CHANG is a general manager of project sales division. He possesses over 20 years of experience in building materials industry and is responsible for project sales.

Mr. LO Cheuk Hang, Teddy, aged 40, joined the Group in 2004. Mr. LO is the chief operating officer of the kitchen project division of the Group. He possesses over 15 years of experience in kitchen collection business. He graduated from The Open University of Hong Kong with a Bachelor's Degree of Arts in Chinese Humanities.

Mr. LO Wai Man, aged 63, joined the Group in 1979 and is a director of seven subsidiaries of the Company. Mr. LO is a technical director and is responsible for overseeing the provision of technical support for bathroom collections. He possesses over 30 years of experience in selling building materials.

DIRECTORS' SERVICE CONTRACTS

Each of the Directors, including Independent Non-executive Directors, has entered into a letter of appointment, which constitutes a service contract, with the Company for a term of 12 months. They are subject to re-election by shareholders at annual general meetings and at least once every three years on a rotation basis in accordance with the Articles of Association of the Company. No Director has a service contract with the Company which is not determinable by the Company within one year without payment of compensation, other than statutory compensation.

董事及高級管理人員之履歷(續)

高級管理人員

歐勵全先生,六十歲,於一九八二年加入本集團。歐先生於建築材料業擁有逾三十年經驗, 負責項目相關銷售及市場推廣工作。

鄭价全先生,四十三歲,於一九九一年加入本 集團。鄭先生為項目銷售總經理。彼於建築材 料業擁有逾二十年經驗,負責項目銷售。

盧焯恒先生,四十歲,於二零零四年加入本集團。盧先生為本集團廚房項目部門之營運總監。 彼於廚房設備業務擁有逾十五年經驗。彼畢業 於香港公開大學,取得中國人文學科文學士學 位。

盧偉民先生,六十三歲,於一九七九年加入本 集團,為本公司旗下七家附屬公司之董事。盧 先生為技術董事,負責監督就衞浴設備提供之 技術支援。彼於銷售建築材料方面擁有逾三十 年經驗。

董事之服務合約

各董事(包括獨立非執行董事)已與本公司訂立 構成服務合約之委任函,為期十二個月。根據 本公司組織章程細則,彼等須最少每三年於股 東週年大會輪值退任並接受股東重選。概無董 事與本公司訂有不可由本公司於一年內不作賠 償(法定賠償除外)而終止之服務合約。





DIRECTORS' MATERIAL INTERESTS IN TRANSACTIONS, ARRANGEMENTS AND CONTRACTS THAT ARE SIGNIFICANT IN RELATION TO THE **COMPANY'S BUSINESS**

董事於對本公司業務屬重大之交易、安排 及合約之重大權益

Save as disclosed under the section "Continuing Connected Transactions", no other transactions, arrangements and contracts of significance in relation to the Group's business to which the Company's subsidiaries or holding companies was a party and in which a Director of the Company and the Director's connected party had a material interest, whether directly or indirectly, subsisted during or at the end of the year.

除「持續關連交易一一節所披露外,本公司董事 及董事之關連方概無在本公司附屬公司或控股 公司作為訂約一方及對本集團業務屬重大而於 本年度內或本年度結束時持續有效之任何其他 交易、安排及合約中直接或間接擁有重大權益。

DIRECTORS' INTEREST IN COMPETING BUSINESS

During the year, no Director was interested in any business apart from the Company's business, which competes or is likely to compete, either directly or indirectly, with the Company's business which is required to be disclosed pursuant to the Listing Rules.

PERMITTED INDEMNITY PROVISION

Pursuant to the Company's Articles of Association, every Director shall be entitled to be indemnified and secured harmless out of the assets and profits of the Company from and against all actions, costs, charges, losses, damages and expenses which they or any of them, their or any of their heirs, executors or administrators, shall or may incur or sustain by for by reason of any act done, concurred in or omitted in or about the execution of their duty, or supposed duty, in their respective offices or trusts. An insurance cover was arranged during the year to protect Directors against potential costs and liabilities arising from claims brought against the Group.

SHARE OPTION SCHEME

During the year ended 31 March 2016, the Company operated a share option scheme (the "Share Option Scheme"). The Share Option Scheme expired on 8 September 2015. The Company has not operated any share option schemes during the year ended 31 March 2017. As at 31 March 2016 and 31 March 2017, there was no outstanding share option of the Company.

董事於競爭業務之權益

於本年度內,董事概無於任何與本公司業務直 接或間接構成或可能構成競爭之業務(本公司業 務除外)中擁有權益而須根據上市規則予以披露。

獲准許彌僧條文

根據本公司的組織章程細則,各董事均可就彼 等或彼等任何一人、彼等或彼等任何一人的承 繼人、遺囑執行人或遺產管理人因執行彼等各 自職務或受託的職責或據稱職責或因就此而作 出、贊同作出或沒有作出的任何行動而將會或 可能承擔或蒙受的所有訴訟、費用、收費、損 失、損害及開支獲得以本公司的資產及溢利作 出的彌償保證及免受損害。年內,本公司已購 置董事責任保險,以就本集團被索償所產生之 潛在成本及責任向董事作出保障。

購股權計劃

截至二零一六年三月三十一日止年度,本公司 設有一項購股權計劃(「購股權計劃」)。購股權 計劃已於二零一五年九月八日屆滿。截至二零 一七年三月三十一日止年度,本公司並無設有 任何購股權計劃。於二零一六年三月三十一日 及二零一七年三月三十一日,本公司概無尚未 行使之購股權。



董事會報告

DIRECTORS' BENEFITS FROM RIGHTS TO ACQUIRE SHARES OR DEBENTURES

Under the terms of the Company's Share Option Scheme adopted on 9 September 2010, which was made in accordance with the Listing Rules governing share option schemes at that time, the Board of the Company may, at their discretion, invite any full-time employees, Non-executive or Executive Directors or shareholders of the Group and consultants of the Company or any of its subsidiaries to subscribe for ordinary shares of HK\$0.10 each in the Company. The maximum number of shares in respect of which options may be granted under the scheme may not exceed 10% of the issued share capital of the Company. 3,330,000 share options had been granted to the Directors and substantial shareholders of the Company or an associate of them since its adoption; and all of which were subsequently lapsed. The Share Option Scheme expired on 8 September 2015. As at 31 March 2016 and 31 March 2017, there was no outstanding share option of the Company.

Apart from the above, at no time during the year was the Company, its subsidiaries or its other associated corporations a party to any arrangement to enable the directors and chief executives of the company (including their spouse and children under 18 years of age) to hold any interests or short positions in the shares or underlying shares in, or debentures of, the company or its specified undertakings or other associated corporation.

DIRECTORS' AND CHIEF EXECUTIVES' INTERESTS AND/OR SHORT POSITIONS IN SHARES AND UNDERLYING SHARES OF THE COMPANY OR ANY SPECIFIED UNDERTAKING OF THE COMPANY OR ANY OTHER ASSOCIATED CORPORATION

As at 31 March 2017, the interests and short positions of each Director and chief executive of the Company and their associates in the shares, underlying shares and debentures of the Company and its associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the Securities and Futures Ordinance (Chapter 571 of the Laws of Hong Kong) ("SFO")) which have been notified to the Company and The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange") pursuant to Divisions 7 and 8 of Part XV of the SFO, or as recorded in the register required to be kept by the Company under Section 352 of the SFO or as otherwise notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Issuers (the "Model Code") set out in Appendix 10 to the Listing Rules were as follows:

董事來自購入股份或債券權利之利益

根據於二零一零年九月九日採納之本公司購股權計劃(根據當時上市規則就購股權計劃之集與制定)之條款,本公司董事會可酌情邀請本東國任何全職僱員、非執行或執顧問事或股本公司或其任何附屬公司之顧問書認與本公司或其任何附屬公司之顧問書認與本公司或其任何附屬公司之該計劃不得超過以司已發行股本10%。自購股權計劃獲採納以司已發行股本10%。自購股權等之聯繫人士包司已發行股本10%。自購股權等之聯繫人士包司之事及本公司主要股東或彼等之聯繫權其及本來,獲沒3,330,000份購股權,而全部購股權其因法之。於二零一六年三月三十一日及二零一七年三月三十一日,本公司概無尚未行使購股權。

除上述者外,於本年度內任何時間,本公司、 其附屬公司或其他相聯法團概無作出任何安排, 致使本公司董事及最高行政人員(包括彼等之配 偶及未滿十八歲之子女)持有本公司或其指定業 務或其他相聯法團的股份或相關股份或債券的 任何權益或淡倉。

董事及最高行政人員於本公司或本公司任何指定業務或任何其他相聯法團之股份及相關股份之權益及/或淡倉



DIRECTORS' AND CHIEF EXECUTIVES' INTERESTS AND/OR SHORT POSITIONS IN SHARES AND UNDERLYING SHARES OF THE COMPANY OR ANY SPECIFIED UNDERTAKING OF THE COMPANY OR ANY OTHER ASSOCIATED CORPORATION (CONT'D)

董事及最高行政人員於本公司或本公司任何指定業務或任何其他相聯法團之股份及相關股份之權益及/或淡倉(續)

(i) Directors' interests in shares and underlying shares

(i) 董事於股份及相關股份之權益

		Personal	Corporate	Equity derivatives		Percentage of share
		interest	interest	(share options)	Total	capital issued
Director	董事	(Note 1)	(Note 1)	(Note 1)	(Note 1)	(Note 1)
		個人權益	公司權益	權益衍生工具	總計	佔已發行股本
		(附註1)	(附註1)	(購股權) <i>(附註1)</i>	(附註1)	之百分比 <i>(附註1)</i>
Mr. TSE Sun Fat, Henry (Note 2)	謝新法先生(附註2)	_	37,197,294	_	37,197,294	6.19%
Mr. TSE Sun Wai, Albert (Note 3)	謝新偉先生(附註3)	_	108,302,488	_	108,302,488	18.03%
Mr. TSE Sun Po, Tony (Note 4)	謝新寶先生(附註4)	-	43,659,542	_	43,659,542	7.27%
Mr. TSE Hon Kit, Kevin (Note 3)	謝漢傑先生(附註3)	-	108,302,488	_	108,302,488	18.03%
Mr. LAU Shiu Sun	劉紹新先生	-	-	_	-	-
Mr. LEUNG Kwong Kin, J.P.	梁光建太平紳士	-	-	_	-	-
Mr. WONG Wah, Dominic	黄華先生	-	-	-	-	_
Mr. WAN Sze Chung	溫思聰先生	_	-		_	_

Note 1: Adjusted for the effect of the bonus shares issue on 8 June 2016.

Note 2: The interests in the shares of the Company are held by Fast Way Management Limited.

Mr. TSE Sun Fat, Henry and his spouse are the beneficiaries.

Note 3: The interests in the shares of the Company are held by Universal Star Group Limited.
Mr. TSE Sun Wai, Albert, Mr. TSE Hon Kit, Kevin and their family are the beneficiaries.

Note 4: The interests in the shares of the Company are held by New Happy Times Limited. Mr. TSE Sun Po, Tony and his family are the beneficiaries.

附註1:已就二零一六年六月八日之紅股發行之影響作出調整。

附註2:該等本公司股份權益由Fast Way Management Limited持有。謝新法先生及其配偶為受益人。

附註3:該等本公司股份權益由Universal Star Group Limited. 持有。謝新偉先生、謝漢傑先生及彼等之家族成員為 受益人。

附註4:該等本公司股份權益由New Happy Times Limited持有。謝新寶先生及其家族成員為受益人。

(ii) Negotiator Consultants Limited ("NCL")

(ii) Negotiator Consultants Limited ([NCL])

		Number of ordinary shares held 持有普通股數目				
		Personal interest 個人權益	Family interest 家族權益	Corporate interest 公司權益	Other interest 其他權益	Total 總計
Director	董事					
Mr. TSE Sun Fat, Henry	謝新法先生(附註5)					
(Note 5)		_	1	_	1	1
Mr. TSE Sun Wai, Albert	謝新偉先生(附註5)					
(Note 5)			1	-	1	1
Mr. TSE Sun Po, Tony (Note 5)	謝新寶先生(附註5)		1	_	1	1
Mr. TSE Hon Kit, Kevin	謝漢傑先生(附註5)					
(Note 5)		-	1	-	1	1

Note 5: Such share is held by Bache Hill Group Limited ("BHGL").

附註5:該 等 股 份 由 Bache Hill Group Limited (「BHGL」) 持有。

董事會報告

DIRECTORS' AND CHIEF EXECUTIVES' INTERESTS AND/OR SHORT POSITIONS IN SHARES AND UNDERLYING SHARES OF THE COMPANY OR ANY SPECIFIED UNDERTAKING OF THE COMPANY OR ANY OTHER ASSOCIATED CORPORATION (CONT'D)

Save as disclosed above, none of the Directors and chief executives or their associates had, as at 31 March 2017, any interests or short positions in any shares, underlying shares and debentures of the Company or any of its associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the SFO which were notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to Divisions 7 and 8 of Part XV of the SFO (including interests or short positions which they are taken or deemed to have under such provisions of the SFO), or which were required, pursuant to Section 352 of the SFO, to be entered in the register referred to therein, or which were required, pursuant to the Listing Rules, to be notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange.

At no time during the year, the Directors and chief executives (including their spouses and children under 18 years of age) had any interests in, or had been granted, or exercised, any rights to subscribe for shares of the Company, its specified undertakings or its other associated corporations required to be disclosed pursuant to the SFO and the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance (Cap. 622).

SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDERS

As at 31 March 2017, the following persons (not being Directors or chief executives of the Company) had the following interests or short positions in the shares and underlying shares of the Company as recorded in the register required to be kept under Section 336 of the SFO:

Long position in shares of the Company

股東名稱 Name of shareholder

Happy Voice Limited

Happy Voice Limited

Note: Adjusted for the effect of the bonus shares issue on 8 June 2016.

Save as disclosed above, the Company had not been notified of any substantial shareholder (other than Directors of the Company) who had interests or short positions in the shares or underlying shares of the Company that were recorded in the register required to be kept under section 336 of the SFO as at 31 March 2017.

董事及最高行政人員於本公司或本公司任 何指定業務或任何其他相聯法團之股份及 相關股份之權益及/或淡倉(續)

除上文所披露外,於二零一七年三月三十一日, 概無董事及最高行政人員或彼等之聯繫人士於 本公司或其任何相聯法團(定義見證券及期貨條 例第XV部)之任何股份、相關股份及債券中, 擁有根據證券及期貨條例第XV部第7及8分部 須知會本公司及聯交所之權益或淡倉(包括彼等 根據證券及期貨條例有關條文被當作或被視為 擁有之權益或淡倉),或根據證券及期貨條例第 352條須記入該條所規定存置登記冊之權益或淡 倉,或根據上市規則須知會本公司及聯交所之 權益或淡倉。

董事及主要行政人員(包括彼等之配偶及未滿 十八歲的子女) 概無於年內任何時間曾經擁有任 何本公司、其指定業務或其他相聯法團股份之 權益、或已獲授予或行使任何權利以認購上述 公司之股份而需根據證券及期貨條例及香港公 司條例(第622章)披露。

主要股東

於二零一七年三月三十一日,以下人士(並非董 事或本公司最高行政人員)於本公司股份及相關 股份中擁有根據證券及期貨條例第336條須存置 之登記冊所記錄權益或淡倉:

於本公司股份之好倉

Number of ordinary shares held (Note)

Percentage of share capital issued (Note) 佔已發行股本

持有普通股數目 (附註)

73,581,206

(附註) 12.25%

之百分比

附註: 已就二零一六年六月八日之紅股發行之影響作出調整。

除上文所披露外,於二零一七年三月三十一日, 本公司並不知悉有任何主要股東(本公司董事除 外)於本公司股份或相關股份中擁有根據證券及 期貨條例第336條須存置之登記冊所記錄權益或 淡倉。



CONTINUING CONNECTED TRANSACTIONS

Negotiator Consultants Limited

The related party transaction as disclosed in note 33 to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2017 in respect of rental expenses of approximately HK\$2,820,000 paid to Negotiator Consultants Limited ("NCL") constitutes a connected party transaction. NCL is a subsidiary of a company in which Mr. TSE Sun Fat, Henry, Mr. TSE Sun Wai, Albert, Mr. TSE Sun Po, Tony and Mr. TSE Hon Kit, Kevin have beneficial interests. The determination of the rental expenses followed the pricing policies and guidelines set out in the continuing connected transaction announcement dated 31 March 2015.

The Independent Non-executive Directors have reviewed the above continuing connected transactions and have confirmed that these continuing connected transactions were entered into (i) in the ordinary and usual course of business of the Group; (ii) either on normal commercial terms or on terms no less favourable to the Group than terms available to or from independent third parties; and (iii) in accordance with the relevant agreements governing them on terms that are fair and reasonable and in the interests of the shareholders of the Company as a whole.

The Company's auditor was engaged to report on the Group's continuing connected transactions in accordance with Hong Kong Standard on Assurance Engagements 3000 (Revised) "Assurance Engagements Other Than Audits or Reviews of Historical Financial Information" and with reference to Practice Note 740 "Auditor's Letter on Continuing Connected Transactions under the Hong Kong Listing Rules" issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants. The auditor has issued an unqualified letter containing findings and conclusions in respect of the continuing connected transactions disclosed by the Group as above in accordance with Rule 14A.56 of the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on the Stock Exchange. A copy of the auditor's letter has been provided by the Company to the Stock Exchange.

持續關連交易

Negotiator Consultants Limited

綜合財務報表附註33所披露截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度向Negotiator Consultants Limited(「NCL」)支付租金開支約2,820,000港元之關連人士交易構成一項關連方交易。NCL為由謝新法先生、謝新偉先生、謝新寶先生及謝漢傑先生擁有實益權益之公司旗下附屬公司。租金開支按照日期為二零一五年三月三十一日之持續關連交易公佈所載之定價政策及指引釐定。

獨立非執行董事經審閱上述持續關連交易後確認,該等持續關連交易乃(i)於本集團日常及一般業務過程中訂立;(ii)按一般商業條款或不遜於本集團向或獲獨立第三方提供之條款訂立;及(iii)根據監管交易之相關協議按公平合理並符合本公司股東整體利益之條款訂立。

本公司核數師獲委聘根據香港會計師公會頒佈之香港鑒證準則第3000號(修訂本)「歷史財務資料審核或審閱以外之鑒證工作」及參照實務説明第740號「關於香港上市規則所述持續關連交易之核數師函件」就本集團之持續關連交易發表報告。核數師已根據聯交所證券上市規則第14A.56條就本集團所披露上述持續關連交易出具載有其發現及結論之無保留意見函件。本公司已向聯交所呈交核數師函件之副本。



董事會報告

MAJOR SUPPLIERS AND CUSTOMERS

The percentages of purchases and sales for the year attributable to the Group's major suppliers and customers are as follows:

Purchases	採購額	
The largest supplier	最大供應商	18%
Five largest suppliers in aggregate	五大供應商總計	52%
Sales	銷售額	
The largest customer	最大客戶	8%
Five largest customers in aggregate	五大客戶總計	25%

None of the Directors, their associates or any shareholders (which to the knowledge of the Directors own more than 5% of the Company's share capital) had an interest in the major suppliers or customers noted above.

董事、彼等之聯繫人士或據董事所知擁有本公司股本5%以上之任何股東,概無於上述主要供應商或客戶中擁有權益。

於本年度內,本集團主要供應商及客戶所佔採

REMUNERATION POLICY

As at 31 March 2017, our workforce was recorded at 164 employees (2016: 169). Total staff costs (including Directors' emoluments) amounted to HK\$71,645,000 (2016: HK\$76,482,000).

Remuneration policy of the Group is reviewed regularly, making reference to legal framework, market conditions and performance of the Group and individual staff members (including the Directors). The remuneration policy and remuneration packages of the Executive Directors and members of the senior management of the Group are reviewed by the Remuneration Committee in accordance with its Terms of Reference.

Senior management emoluments

For the year ended 31 March 2017, emoluments paid to members of the senior management are as follows:

薪酬政策

主要供應商及客戶

購額及銷售額百分比如下:

於二零一七年三月三十一日,本集團員工人數為164名(二零一六年:169名)。總員工成本(包括董事薪酬)為71,645,000港元(二零一六年:76,482,000港元)。

本集團定期參考法定架構、市況、本集團及個別員工(包括董事)之表現,檢討其薪酬政策。 薪酬委員會已根據其職權範圍檢討本集團執行 董事及高級管理人員之薪酬政策及薪酬組合。

高級管理層薪酬

截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度,支付予 高級管理層之薪酬如下:

Emolument bands 薪酬組別		Number of individuals 人數
HK\$0-HK\$1,000,000 HK\$1,000,001-HK\$2,000,000	0港元至1,000,000港元 1,000,001港元至2,000,000港元	2
Total	總計	4



PRINCIPAL SUBSIDIARIES

Particulars of the Company's principal subsidiaries are set out on pages 138 to 140.

FIVE-YEAR FINANCIAL SUMMARY

A summary of the results and of the assets and liabilities of the Group for the last five financial years is set out on page 158.

SUFFICIENCY OF PUBLIC FLOAT

Based on the information that is publicly available to the Company and within the knowledge of the Directors of the Company, as at the date of this report, it is confirmed that the Company has maintained the prescribed public float under the Listing Rules.

BUSINESS REVIEW

The business review disclosure of the Group for the year as required by Schedule 5 to the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance (Cap. 622) are set out in the "Management Discussion and Analysis" and "Environmental, Social and Governance Report" on pages 6 to 11 and pages 55 to 77 respectively of the Annual Report. The business review forms part of this Directors' Report.

AUDITOR

The consolidated financial statements have been audited by PricewaterhouseCoopers who retire and, being eligible, offer themselves for re-appointment at the forthcoming AGM of the Company.

On behalf of the Board **TSE Sun Fat, Henry** *Chairman*

Hong Kong, 27 June 2017

主要附屬公司

本公司主要附屬公司之詳情載於第138至140頁。

五年財務摘要

本集團過去五年之業績及資產及負債摘要載於 第158頁。

充足之公眾持股量

根據本公司所得公開資料及就本公司董事所知, 於本報告日期,確認本公司已按照上市規則維 持規定之公眾持股量。

業務回顧

香港公司條例(第622章)附表5規定披露之本集團本年度業務審視,已分別載於本年報第6至第11頁之「管理層討論與分析」及第55至第77頁之「環境、社會及管治報告」內。該業務審視構成本董事會報告之一部分。

核數師

綜合財務報表已由羅兵咸永道會計師事務所審 核。羅兵咸永道會計師事務所將於本公司應屆 股東週年大會退任,惟符合資格並願意接受續 聘。

代表董事會 謝新法 主席

香港,二零一七年六月二十七日



Corporate Governance Report

企業管治報告

E. Bon Holdings Limited (the "Company") endeavours to maintaining its high standard of corporate governance, and continues to review and reinforce its corporate governance measures. The Company believes that accountability and reporting system with high transparency for the Company's operation has been in place. Disclosures could also be made timely and accurately. At the same time, the rights of shareholders can be treated and protected equitably.

The Company is led by an efficient and responsible Board, which is comprised of individuals with high qualifications and relevant experience. This can ensure that the Company and its subsidiaries (the "Group") maintain good corporate governance practices and have comprehensive internal control systems, so as to cope with the Group's development strategies and increase the shareholders' value.

The Corporate Governance Code (the "Code") published by The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited sets out the principles of good corporate governance and provides two levels of recommendations:

- (a) code provisions, with which issuers are expected to comply, but with which they may choose to deviate from, provided they give considered reasons for non-compliance; and
- (b) recommended best practices, with which issuers are encouraged to comply, but which are provided for guidance only.

The Board has complied with the code provisions as set out in the Appendix 14 of The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited throughout the year ended 31 March 2017 with the exception of the following deviations:

Under the code provision A.1.8, the Company should arrange appropriate insurance cover in respect of legal action against its directors. An insurance cover for Directors has been arranged and became effective from 1 September 2016; and that prior to the said date no insurance cover had been arranged and Directors had been under the Company's support for legal actions against them.

Under the code provision C.2.5, the Company should have an internal audit function. Given the current scale of operations, the Company does not have an internal audit department. The Board is directly responsible for risk management and internal control systems of the Group and for the review of its effectiveness. The Board will continue review, at least annually, this arrangement going forward in light of the evolving needs of the Group.

怡邦行控股有限公司(「本公司」)致力維持高水平企業管治標準,並持續檢討及加強企業管治措施。本公司相信,本公司已為其業務營運實施高透明度之問責及申報制度,能夠作出適時及適當之披露,同時公平地反映及保障股東權利。

本公司由一個具效率及盡職盡責之董事會領導, 成員均為高資歷及具備相關經驗之人士,確保 本公司及其附屬公司(「本集團」)能夠維持高水 平企業管治及擁有完善內部監控系統,以配合 本集團發展策略及提升股東價值。

香港聯合交易所有限公司所刊發企業管治守則 (「守則」)列明良好企業管治之原則,並從兩個 層面提供建議:

- (a) 守則條文 有關方面期望發行人予以遵守,如發行人選擇偏離,則須提供經過深 思熟慮得出之理由;及
- (b) 建議最佳常規 有關方面鼓勵發行人予 以遵守,但僅作指引用途。

董事會於截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度 內一直遵守香港聯合交易所有限公司附錄十四 所載守則條文,惟以下偏離者除外:

根據守則條文A.1.8,本公司應就其董事面對之 法律行動作出適當投保安排。本公司已為董事 投保,有關安排自二零一六年九月一日起生效; 而於上述日期前,概無作出任何投保安排,董 事另得本公司就彼等面對的法律行動提供的支 援。

根據守則條文C.2.5,本公司應設立內部審核職能。基於目前經營規模,本公司並無內部審核部門。董事會直接負責本集團之風險管理及內部監控系統以及檢討其成效。董事會將因應本集團發展的需要,每年至少一次,不斷檢視此安排。



Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Issuers (the "Model Code") in Appendix 10 of the Listing Rules sets a required standard against which Directors must measure their conduct regarding transactions in securities of their listed companies. The Company has adopted the Model Code as its own code of conduct regarding Director's securities transactions. Having made specific enquiry of all Directors, the Directors have confirmed compliance with the required standard set out in the Model Code throughout the year.

上市規則附錄十所載上市發行人董事進行證券 交易之標準守則(「標準守則」)列明董事於買賣 所屬上市公司證券時用以衡量其本身操守之規 定標準。本公司已採納標準守則,作為董書 行證券交易之操守準則。全體董事接受具體查 詢後確認於本年度內一直遵守標準守則所載規 定標準。

THE BOARD

The Board comprises five Executive Directors and three Independent Non-executive Directors. The names of the Directors are as follows:

Executive Directors

Mr. TSE Sun Fat, Henry (Chairman)

Mr. TSE Sun Wai, Albert (Vice Chairman)

Mr. TSE Sun Po, Tony (Managing Director)

Mr. TSE Hon Kit, Kevin (Deputy Managing Director)

Mr. LAU Shiu Sun

Independent Non-executive Directors

Mr. LEUNG Kwong Kin, J.P.

Mr. WONG Wah, Dominic

Mr. WAN Sze Chung

For the terms of appointment of the Independent Non-executive Directors, please refer to Directors' Report on page 22. In accordance to the Articles of Association of the Company, at each general meeting, one third of the Directors for the time being (or, if their number is not a multiple of three (3), the number nearest to but not less than one-third) shall retire from office by rotation provided that every Director shall be subject to retirement at least once every three years. Formal letters of appointment have been issued to all Directors setting out all key terms and conditions of their respective appointment. Each newly appointed Director will also be issued with a letter of appointment.

Biographies of all Directors are listed in Biographical Details of Directors and Senior Management set out on pages 20 to 22.

The Board of the Company assumes responsibility for leadership and control of the Company and is responsible for promoting the success of the Company by directing and supervising its affairs. The Board takes decisions objectively in the best interests of the Company.

董事會

董事會由五名執行董事及三名獨立非執行董事 組成。董事會成員名單如下:

執行董事

謝新法先生(主席) 謝新偉先生(副主席) 謝新寶先生(董事總經理) 謝漢傑先生(副董事總經理) 劉紹新先生

獨立非執行董事 梁光建太平紳士 黄華先生 溫思聰先生

有關獨立非執行董事之委任條款,請參閱第22 頁之董事會報告。根據本公司組織章程細則, 於各股東大會上,當時的三分之一董事(或倘人 數並非三(3)的倍數,則最接近但不少於三分之 一的人數)須輪值退任,惟每位董事須最少每三 年輪值退任一次。本公司已向所有董事發出正 式委任書,並各自訂明其委任之主要條款及條 件。各新任董事亦將獲發出委任書。

全體董事詳細履歷載於第20至22頁之「董事及 高級管理人員之履歷」。

本公司董事會負責領導及監控本公司,且有責任指導及監督本公司事務,從而達致成功。董 事會客觀地作出決策以符合本公司最佳利益。

Corporate Governance Report

企業管治報告

THE BOARD (CONT'D)

The Board is responsible for establishing the strategic direction of the Company, setting the objectives of management, monitoring the performance of management, overseeing the management of the Company's relationship with shareholders, ensuring that a framework of prudent and effective controls is in place to enable risks to be assessed and managed, setting the Company's values and standards, reviewing and monitoring the training and continuous professional development of directors and senior management.

When the Board delegates management and administrative functions to management, it has given clear directions on the powers of management with respect to the circumstances where management is to report back and obtain prior approval from the Board before making decisions or entering into any commitment on behalf of the Company. The Company has formalised functions reserved to the Board and the management respectively; and the Board reviews those arrangements periodically to ensure that they remain appropriate to the Company's needs.

The management and staff of the Company ensure the successful implementation of the strategies and directions as determined by the Board. In doing so, they must apply business principles and ethics, which are consistent with those expected by the Board and Shareholders and other stakeholders.

The Independent Non-executive Directors help to ensure that the Board can make independent judgement efficiently. They also take the lead where potential conflicts of interests arise. They scrutinise the Company's performance in achieving agreed corporate goals and objectives, and participate in monitoring performance reporting. They make a positive contribution to the development of the Company's strategy and policies through independent, constructive and informed comments. The Independent Non-executive Directors possess appropriate professional qualification. Among them, some possess expertise in accounting and financial management. Each Independent Non-executive Director has also submitted an annual written confirmation to the Company confirming his independence. Three Independent Non-executive Directors are engaged by contract every year and are subject to retirement by rotation in accordance with the Company's Articles of Association and the Listing Rules. The Company considered that all Independent Non-executive Directors meet the independence guidelines set out in Rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules.

Except as disclosed in the Annual Report, there is no special relationship, including financial, business, family or other material/relevant relationship among the members of the Board.

董事會(續)

董事會負責制訂本公司策略方針、確立管理層目標、監察管理層表現、監督本公司之股東關係管理、確保推行審慎及有效之監管架構以評估及管理風險、為本公司訂立價值觀及標準專檢討及監察董事及高級管理層的培訓及持續專業發展。

董事會將管理及行政職能授予管理層時,已同時就管理層之權力訂出清晰指引,範圍包括以明管理層應在何種情況下向董事會匯報,前會理層在代表本公司作出任何決保留董事會批准等。本公司已將保留董事會批准等分別確保該等安排符合本公司機制該等安排,以確保該等安排符合本公司之需要。

本公司管理層及員工確保成功貫徹落實董事會 所制訂之策略及方針。在執行過程中,彼等必 須秉持與董事會、股東及其他持份者期望相符 之商業原則及道德標準。

除年報所披露者外,董事會成員間並無特別關係,包括財務、業務、家屬或其他重大/相關關係。



THE BOARD (CONT'D)

All Directors give sufficient time and attention to the Group's affairs and have actively participated in the Board meetings to discuss the overall strategies, business directions and policies of the Group. Throughout the year, the Company held 4 regular and 5 non-regular Board meetings, and 1 general meeting. To ensure that Directors could obtain all related information for performing their duties and responsibilities, documents for the Board meeting were supplied to Directors for their consideration before the meeting according to the regulations set out in the Listing Rules and code provision.

Throughout the year, the attendance of board meetings, and general meeting was as follows:

董事會(續)

全體董事均付出足夠的時間及精神以處理本集 團之事務,並積極參與董事會會議,討論本集 團之整體策略、業務方向及政策。於本年度內 內之可會舉行四次董事會定期會議及五次非市 會議,以及一次股東大會。 本公司根據上會 規則及守則條文所載規定於會議前將董事所 有關資料,以便履行其職責及責任。

於本年度內,董事會會議及股東大會之出席情 況如下:

Director	董事	Board meeting 董事會會議	General meeting 股東大會
Mr. TSE Sun Fat, Henry	謝新法先生	9/9	1/1
Mr. TSE Sun Wai, Albert	謝新偉先生	9/9	1/1
Mr. TSE Sun Po, Tony	謝新寶先生	9/9	1/1
Mr. TSE Hon Kit, Kevin	謝漢傑先生	9/9	1/1
Mr. LAU Shiu Sun	劉紹新先生	9/9	0/1
Mr. LEUNG Kwong Kin, J.P.	梁光建太平紳士	5/5	1/1
Mr. WONG Wah, Dominic	黄華先生	5/5	1/1
Mr. WAN Sze Chung	溫思聰先生	5/5	1/1

The Board makes arrangement to provide opportunities for all Directors to include matters in the agenda of regular Board meetings. At least 14 days' notices are given in respect of regular Board meetings. For regular Board meetings, an agenda and relevant materials are sent, in full, to all Directors in a timely manner and at least 3 days before the intended date of board meeting. For all other Board meetings, Directors are given as much notice as reasonable and practicable in the circumstances.

Management provides the Board and committees with adequate and timely information which is accurate, clear, complete and reliable and enables Directors to make informed decisions on matters placed before them, and perform their duties and responsibilities as directors. Management provides adequate explanations and information to the Board to enable Directors to make an informed assessment of the financial and other information put before them for approval. In addition, the Board and each Director have separate and independent access to the Company's senior management. All Directors have free access to board papers and related materials. Queries raised by Directors are provided with a prompt and full response.

董事會已訂有安排,讓全體董事均有機會將事項納入董事會定期會議之議程內。董事會於曹會定期會議日期最少十四天前發出通知時 事會定期會議之議程及相關文件應全部及時 查定期會議之議程及相關文件應全議 交全體董事,並最少在董事會擬定會議 天前送出。至於所有其他董事會會議,董事亦 會於合理而切實可行情況下接獲通知。

Corporate Governance Report

企業管治報告

THE BOARD (CONT'D)

Minutes of each Board meeting and committee meeting are kept by the company secretary (the "Company Secretary") and are available for inspection by any Director. Minutes record in sufficient detail the matters considered by the Board and the decisions reached. Draft and final versions of minutes are sent to all Directors for their comment and records respectively within a reasonable time after the Board meeting is held.

All Directors have free access to the advice and services of the Company Secretary with a view to ensuring that Board procedures, applicable laws, rules and regulations are followed. Moreover, all Directors may seek independent professional advice in appropriate circumstances in the furtherance of their duties and for the associated fees at the Company's expenses.

If a substantial shareholder or a Director has a conflict of interest in a matter to be considered by the Board which the Board has determined to be material, the matter will be dealt with by a physical board meeting set up for that purpose pursuant to a resolution passed in a Board meeting. Only Independent Non-executive Directors who, and whose close associates, have no materials interest in the transaction concerned will be present at such meeting. Directors' concerned must abstain from voting on any Board resolution and will not be counted in the quorum.

A formal, considered and transparent procedure is in place for the appointment of new directors. Newly appointed directors are provided with briefing materials to ensure that they are familiar with the Company's operations and business, responsibilities under statute and common law, the Listing Rules, legal and other regulatory requirements and the Company's business and governance practices. In addition, an orderly succession for appointments is maintained to ensure high standard of corporate governance of the Company.

The Company encourages Directors to participate in continuous professional development to develop and refresh their knowledge, skills and understanding of the business and markets in which the Group operates. The Company continuously updates Directors on the latest developments regarding the Listing Rules and other applicable regulatory requirements, as well as information related to the Group's business and operations, to ensure compliance, enhance their awareness of good corporate governance practices and enable them to discharge duties properly. This has involved various forms of activities including attending seminars, reading materials relevant to the Company's business, director's duties and responsibilities.

董事會(續)

公司秘書(「公司秘書」)保存所有董事會會議及委員會會議之會議記錄,全體董事均可索閱。會議記錄已充分及詳細地記錄董事會審議之決定。會議記錄之初稿及定稿將於董事會會議後一段合理時間內送交全體董事,以便彼等提出意見及作存檔用途。

全體董事均可向公司秘書諮詢意見及要求提供服務,以確保董事會程序、適用法例、規則及條例獲得遵守。此外,全體董事在適當情況下,可就履行本身職務尋求獨立專業人士意見,相關費用將由本公司支付。

倘有主要股東或董事在董事會擬審議之事項申 存有董事會會認為重大之利益鑑案,就此目的 按於董事會會議通過之決議案,就此目的本 行實際董事會會會議處理有關事宜。 只有本執 行實際董事項中擁有重大利益之獨立 主 事及其緊密聯繫人士方可出席以上會 董事須就所有董事會決議案放棄投票,且不可 計入會議法定人數。

董事會應制定一套正式、審慎及具透明度之新 董事委任程序。本公司將向新委任的董事及 簡介資料,以便彼等了解本公司的營運及其 以及於法規及普通法、上市規則、法常例及其 監管規定以及本公司的業務及管治常規項下的 責任。此外,本公司設有一套有秩序之董事繼 任計劃,以確保高水平之企業管治。



THE BOARD (CONT'D)

The records of training of Directors received during the year ended 31 March 2017 are as follows:

董事會(續)

董事於截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度接 受的培訓記錄如下:

		Attending seminars,	Reading newspapers,
		conferences and/	journals and/
Director	董事	or forums	or updates
			閱讀報章、
		出席研討會、	刊物及/
		會議及/或論壇	或最新資訊
Executive Directors	執行董事		
Mr. TSE Sun Fat, Henry	謝新法先生	√	✓
Mr. TSE Sun Wai, Albert	謝新偉先生	✓	\checkmark
Mr. TSE Sun Po, Tony	謝新寶先生	✓	✓
Mr. TSE Hon Kit, Kevin	謝漢傑先生	✓	✓
Mr. LAU Shiu Sun	劉紹新先生	✓	✓
Independent Non-executive Directors	獨立非執行董事		
Mr. LEUNG Kwong Kin, J.P.	梁光建太平紳士	✓	✓
Mr. WONG Wah, Dominic	黄華先生	✓	✓
Mr. WAN Sze Chung	溫思聰先生	✓	✓

CHAIRMAN AND MANAGING DIRECTOR

Chairman of the Board and Managing Director (in this report, "Managing Director" is equivalent to "Chief Executive" set out in Appendix 14 of the Listing Rules) are two clearly separated roles and are performed by different individuals. Mr. TSE Sun Fat, Henry, Chairman of the Board, is responsible for managing the Board. Mr. TSE Sun Po, Tony, Managing Director, is responsible for the Company's operations. The division of responsibilities between the Chairman of the Board and the Managing Director has been clearly defined and the written terms of reference have been set.

Responsibilities of the Chairman of the Board are as follows:

- (a) Providing leadership for the Board;
- (b) Ensuring all Directors are properly briefed on matters to be discussed at Board meetings;
- (c) Ensuring all Directors receive adequate, accurate, clear, complete and reliable information in a timely manner;
- (d) Ensuring that the Board works effectively, performs its responsibilities and discusses all key and appropriate issues in a timely manner;

主席及董事總經理

董事會主席及董事總經理(就本報告而言,「董事總經理」等同於上市規則附錄十四所載「行政總裁」)為兩個明確劃分之角色,並分別由不同人士擔當。董事會主席謝新法先生負責管理董事會運作;而董事總經理謝新寶先生則負責本公司之業務營運。董事會主席與董事總經理問之職責分工已清晰界定並設有書面職權範圍。

董事會主席之職責包括:

- (a) 領導董事會;
- (b) 確保全體董事獲適當知會董事會會議擬商 議之事項;
- (c) 確保全體董事適時收到足夠、準確、清 晰、完整及可靠之資料;
- (d) 確保董事會有效地運作、履行職責,並適 時討論所有重要及適用事項;



00

Corporate Governance Report

企業管治報告

CHAIRMAN AND MANAGING DIRECTOR (CONT'D)

- (e) Ensuring that, the Company Secretary draws up and approves the agenda for Board meetings on the Chairman's behalf, taking into account any matters proposed by other Directors for inclusion in the agenda;
- (f) Providing effective communication with Shareholders and that views of Shareholders are communicated to the Board as a whole;
- (g) Ensuring good corporate governance practices are in place and procedures are established;
- (h) Encouraging all Directors to make a full and active contribution to the Board's affairs, giving each Director an opportunity to express his views at Board meetings, ensuring that the Board acts in the best interests of the Company, encouraging Directors with different views to voice their concerns, allowing sufficient time for discussion of issues and ensuring that Board decisions fairly reflect Board consensus;
- (i) Holding meetings with Non-executive Directors annually without the presence of Executive Directors; and
- (j) Promoting a culture of openness and debate by facilitating the effective contribution of all Directors, in particular Non-executive Directors, and building constructive relations between Executive and Non-executive Directors.

The Managing Director is appointed by the Board. His responsibilities are as follows:

- (a) Providing leadership for the management;
- (b) Implementing and reporting to the Board on the Company's strategies;
- (c) Overseeing the implementation by the Company of the objectives set by the Board;
- (d) Providing all such information to the Board as is necessary to enable the Board to monitor the performance of management;
- (e) Leading the management of the Company's relationships with its stakeholders;

主席及董事總經理(續)

- (e) 確保公司秘書代表主席本人落實及批准董 事會會議議程,並考慮其他董事提呈納入 議程之任何事項;
- (f) 以有效方式與股東聯繫,並確保股東之意 見可傳達到整個董事會;
- (g) 確保本公司設立良好企業管治常規及程序;
- (h) 鼓勵全體董事全力投入董事會事務及給予 同等機會在董事會會議中發表意見,確保 董事會以本公司最佳利益行事,鼓勵持不 同意見的董事發表意見,並提供充足時間 作討論,確保董事會決策能夠公正反映董 事會共識;
- (i) 每年在並無執行董事列席之情況下與非執 行董事會晤;及
- (j) 提倡公開及積極討論文化,促進全體董事 (特別是非執行董事)對董事會作出有效貢獻,並確保執行董事與非執行董事之間維持具建設性之關係。

董事總經理由董事會委任,職責包括:

- (a) 領導管理層;
- (b) 執行並向董事會匯報本公司之策略;
- (c) 監督本公司實施董事會訂立之目標;
- (d) 為董事會提供監察管理層表現所需一切資 料;
- (e) 領導管理層處理本公司與持份者之關係;



CHAIRMAN AND MANAGING DIRECTOR (CONT'D)

- (f) Putting in place programmes for management development and succession:
- (g) Working with the Head of Finance, establishing and maintaining proper internal controls and systems as well as disclosure controls and procedures; and
- (h) Discharging such duties and authorities as may be delegated in writing to him by the Board.

BOARD COMMITTEES

The Board has established three committees, namely, the Remuneration Committee, the Audit Committee and the Nomination Committee, for overseeing particular aspects of the Company's affairs. All Board committees of the Company are established with defined written terms of reference.

Remuneration Committee

The Remuneration Committee was established on 29 September 2005. It is comprised of two Independent Non-executive Directors and one Executive Director. The Remuneration Committee is chaired by Mr. WONG Wah, Dominic.

The Terms of Reference of the Remuneration Committee is clearly defined and posted on the Company's website.

The roles and function of the Remuneration Committee are as follows:

- (a) To make recommendations to the Board on the Company's policy and structure for all Directors' and senior management remuneration and on the establishment of a formal and transparent procedure for developing remuneration policy;
- (b) To review and approve the management's remuneration proposals with reference to the Board's corporate goals and objective;
- (c) To make recommendations to the Board on the remuneration packages of individual Executive Directors and senior management. This should include benefits in kind, pension rights and compensation payments, including any compensation payable for loss or termination of their office or appointment;

主席及董事總經理(續)

- (f) 落實管理層培育及繼任計劃;
- (g) 與財務部主管制訂及維持適當之內部監控 措施及制度,以及披露監控及程序;及
- (h) 按照董事會之書面授權履行職責及行使權力。

董事委員會

董事會已成立三個委員會,即薪酬委員會、審 核委員會及提名委員會,負責監察本公司個別 事務。本公司所有董事委員會均訂有明確書面 職權範圍。

薪酬委員會

薪酬委員會於二零零五年九月二十九日成立, 由兩名獨立非執行董事及一名執行董事組成。 黃華先生為薪酬委員會主席。

薪酬委員會已訂明職權範圍,並於本公司網站 刊載。

薪酬委員會之角色及職能如下:

- (a) 就本公司全體董事及高級管理人員之薪酬 政策及架構,及就制訂薪酬政策設立正規 而具透明度之程序,向董事會提出建議;
- (b) 因應董事會所訂企業方針及目標而檢討及 批准管理層之薪酬建議;
- (c) 就個別執行董事及高級管理人員之薪酬待 遇向董事會提出建議。薪酬待遇應包括實 物利益、退休金權利及賠償金額(包括因 喪失或終止職務或委任而應付之任何賠 償);

00

Corporate Governance Report

企業管治報告

BOARD COMMITTEES (CONT'D)

Remuneration Committee (cont'd)

- (d) To make recommendations to the Board on the remuneration for Non-executive Directors;
- (e) To consider salaries paid by comparable companies, time commitment and responsibilities and employment conditions elsewhere in the Group;
- (f) To review and approve compensation payable to Executive Directors and senior management for any loss or termination of office or appointment to ensure it is consistent with contractual terms and is otherwise fair and not excessive;
- (g) To review and approve compensation arrangements relating to dismissal or removal of Directors for misconduct to ensure that they are consistent with contractual terms and are otherwise reasonable and appropriate;
- (h) To ensure that no Director or any of his associates is involved in deciding his own remuneration;
- (i) To consult the Chairman and/or the chief executive about their remuneration proposals for Executive Directors. The committee should have access to professional advice if necessary; and
- (j) To consider other topics as defined by the Board.

The Remuneration Committee reports to the Board on its discussion results and recommendations after each meeting and is provided with sufficient resource to perform its duties and is authorised by the Board to obtain independent legal or other professional advice.

Throughout the year, the Remuneration Committee met twice to review the remuneration of the Executive Directors and senior management of the Company. The Committee also reviewed and determined the policy for the remuneration of Executive Directors; assessed their performance and approved the terms of service contracts of Directors. No Director had participated in the determination of his or her own remuneration. Discussion results and recommendations of the meetings have been proposed to the Board for its review.

董事委員會(續)

薪酬委員會(續)

- (d) 就非執行董事之薪酬向董事會提出建議;
- (e) 考慮同類公司支付之薪酬、所付出時間、 職責以及本集團內其他職位之僱用條件;
- (f) 檢討及批准向執行董事及高級管理人員就任何喪失或終止職務或委任而須支付之賠償,以確保該等賠償與合約條款一致;若未能與合約條款一致,則賠償須屬公平合理,不致過多;
- (g) 檢討及批准因董事行為失當而解僱或罷免 有關董事所涉及之賠償安排,以確保該等 安排與合約條款一致;若未能與合約條款 一致,則有關賠償須屬合理適當;
- (h) 確保任何董事或其任何聯繫人士不得參與 釐定本身薪酬;
- (i) 就執行董事之薪酬建議諮詢主席及/或行政總裁,委員會亦可諮詢專業意見(如有需要);及
- (i) 考慮其他由董事會擬定之課題。

薪酬委員會於每次會議後皆向董事會匯報討論 結果及建議,並獲提供充足資源以履行其職責 及獲董事會授權諮詢獨立法律意見或其他專業 意見。

於本年度內,薪酬委員會曾舉行兩次會議以檢討本公司執行董事及高級管理人員之薪酬待遇。委員會亦審閱及釐定執行董事之薪酬政策、評估彼等之表現及審批董事服務合約之條款。概無董事參與釐定本身薪酬。會議討論結果及建議已呈交董事會審議。



Attendance/Held 出席/舉行次數

BOARD COMMITTEES (CONT'D)

Remuneration Committee (cont'd)

Remuneration Committee Members

Throughout the year, committee members' attendance was as follows:

董事委員會(續)

薪酬委員會(續)

於本年度內,委員會成員之出席情況如下:

Mr. Wong Wah, Dominic	黄華先生	
(Independent Non-executive Director)	(獨立非執行董事)	
(Chairman of Remuneration Committee)	(薪酬委員會主席)	2/2
Mr. Leung Kwong Kin, J.P.	梁光建太平紳士	
(Independent Non-executive Director)	(獨立非執行董事)	2/2
Mr. Lau Shiu Sun (Executive Director)	劉紹新先生(執行董事)	2/2

薪酬委員會成員

The remuneration policy of the Group is set out on page 28.

本集團之薪酬政策載於第28頁。

Audit Committee

The Audit Committee, established on 22 March 2000, is currently comprised of three Independent Non-executive Directors. The Audit Committee is chaired by Mr. LEUNG Kwong Kin, *J.P.*.

The Terms of Reference of the Audit Committee is clearly defined and posted on the Company's website.

The roles and function of the Audit Committee are as follows:

- (a) to be primarily responsible for making recommendations to the Board on the appointment, reappointment and removal of the external auditor, and to approve the remuneration and terms of engagement of the external auditor, and any questions of its resignation or dismissal;
- (b) to review and monitor the external auditor's independence and objectivity and the effectiveness of the audit process in accordance with applicable standards. The audit committee should discuss with the auditor the nature and scope of the audit and reporting obligations before the audit commences;
- (c) to develop and implement policy on engaging an external auditor to supply non-audit services. For this purpose, "external auditor" includes any entity that is under common control, ownership or management with the audit firm or any entity that a reasonable and informed third party knowing all relevant information would reasonably conclude to be part of the audit firm nationally or internationally. The audit committee should report to the Board, identifying and making recommendations on any matters where action or improvement is needed;

審核委員會

審核委員會於二零零零年三月二十二日成立, 目前由三名獨立非執行董事組成。梁光建太平紳 士為審核委員會主席。

審核委員會已訂明職權範圍,並於本公司網站 刊載。

審核委員會之角色及職能如下:

- (a) 主要負責就外聘核數師之委任、重新委任 及罷免向董事會提供建議、批准外聘核數 師之薪酬及聘用條款,及處理任何有關該 核數師辭任或罷免該核數師之問題;
- (b) 按適用標準檢討及監察外聘核數師是否獨立客觀及核數程序是否有效。審核委員會應於核數工作開始前先與核數師討論核數性質及範疇及有關申報責任;
- (c) 就外聘核數師提供非核數服務制訂及執行政策。就此而言,「外聘核數師」包括與負責核數師事務所處於同一控制權、所有有關資料之第三方在合理情況下會所有有關資料之第三方在合理情況下業務一定屬於該核數師事務所本土或國際業務一部分之任何機構。審核委員會須就任何獨採取行動或改善之事項向董事會報告並提出建議;



Corporate Governance Report

企業管治報告

BOARD COMMITTEES (CONT'D)

Audit Committee (cont'd)

- (d) to act as the key representative body for overseeing the Company's relations with the external auditor;
- (e) to monitor integrity of the Company's financial statements and annual report and accounts, half-year report and, if prepared for publication, quarterly reports, and to review significant financial reporting judgements contained in them;
- (f) to discuss problems and reservations arising from the interim and final audits, and any matters the auditor may wish to discuss (in the absence of management where necessary);
- (g) to review the Company's risk management and internal control systems covering all controls including financial, operational and compliance controls;
- (h) to discuss the risk management and internal control system with management to ensure that management has performed its duty to have an effective internal control systems. This discussion should include the adequacy of resources, staff qualifications and experience, training programmes and budget of the Company's accounting, internal audit and financial reporting function;
- to consider major investigation findings on internal control matters as delegated by the Board or on its own initiative and management's response to these findings, and review the statements concerning risk management and internal control to be included in the annual report;
- (j) where an internal audit function exists, to ensure co-ordination between the internal and external auditors, to review and approve the annual internal audit plan, and to ensure that the internal audit function is adequately resourced and has appropriate standing within the Company, and to review and monitor its effectiveness;
- (k) to review the Group's financial and accounting policies and practices;
- to review the external auditor's management letter, any material queries raised by the auditor to management about accounting records, financial accounts or systems of control and management's response;
- (m) to review the Company's statement on internal control systems (where one is included in the annual report) prior to endorsement by the Board;

董事委員會(續)

審核委員會(續)

- (d) 擔任本公司與外聘核數師間之主要代表, 負責監察兩者之間的關係;
- (e) 監察本公司之財務報表以及年報及賬目、 半年度報告及(若擬刊發)季度報告之完整 性,並審閱報表及報告所載有關財務申報 之重大判斷;
- (f) 與核數師討論在中期及全年審核中出現之 問題及存疑之處,以及核數師希望討論之 其他事宜(如有需要,可在管理層避席之 情況下進行);
- (g) 檢討本公司的風險管理及內部監控系統, 涵蓋所有監控,包括財務、營運及合規監控;
- (h) 與管理層討論風險管理與內部監控系統,確保管理層已履行職責建立有效內部監控系統。討論內容應包括本公司在會計、內部審核及財務匯報職能方面之資源、員工資歷及經驗、培訓課程及有關預算是否足夠;
- (i) 應董事會委派或主動,就有關內部監控事宜之重要調查結果及管理層對調查結果之回應進行研究,並檢討將載入年報內之有關風險管理及內部監控之說明;
- (j) 如設有內部審核職能,須確保內部及外聘 核數師之工作得到協調,檢討及批准年度 內部審核計劃,亦須確保內部審核職能在 本公司內部有足夠資源運作,並且享有適 當地位,以及檢討及監察其成效;
- (k) 檢討本集團之財務及會計政策及常規;
- (1) 檢查外聘核數師之管理意見書、核數師就 會計記錄、財務賬目或監控系統向管理層 提出之任何重大疑問及管理層作出之回應;
- (m) 於提呈董事會審批前先行審閱年報所載有 關本公司內部監控制度之陳述;



BOARD COMMITTEES (CONT'D)

Audit Committee (cont'd)

- (n) to ensure that the Board will provide a timely response to the issues raised in the external auditor's management letter;
- (o) to report to the Board on the matters in the code provision of Appendix 14 C.3 of the Listing Rules; and
- (p) to review arrangements that employees of the Company can use, in confidence, to raise concerns about possible improprieties in financial reporting, internal control or other matters. The committee should ensure that proper arrangements are in place for fair and independent investigation of these matters and for appropriate follow-up action.

In addition, the Audit Committee is responsible for corporate governance functions as below:

- (a) to develop and review the Company's policies and practices on corporate governance and make recommendations to the board;
- (b) to review and monitor the Company's policies and practices on compliance with legal and regulatory requirements;
- (c) to develop, review and monitor the code of conduct and compliance manual (if any) applicable to employees and Directors; and
- (d) to review the Company's compliance with the code and disclosure in the Corporate Governance Report.

Throughout the year, the Audit Committee reviewed the interim results for the six months ended 30 September 2016, discussed the effectiveness of the risk management and internal control with management, and reviewed the annual budget for auditing fees. In addition, the Audit Committee considered and reviewed the annual results for the year ended 31 March 2017 on 27 June 2017, and proposed to the Board for their approval.

In addition, throughout the year, the Audit Committee reviewed the Company's corporate governance policies (including the Inside Information Policy ("the Inside Information Policy")) and practices, reviewed and monitored the Company's code of conduct manual, reviewed the Company's policies and practices on compliance with legal and regulatory requirements (including the Corporate Governance Code), as well as the mandatory disclosure requirements in respect of the Corporate Governance Report as set out in Appendix 14 of the Listing Rules.

董事委員會(續)

審核委員會(續)

- (n) 確保董事會及時回應於外聘核數師之管理 意見書中提出之事宜;
- (o) 就上市規則附錄十四守則條文C.3所載之 事宜向董事會匯報;及
- (p) 檢討本公司僱員可暗中就財務匯報、內部 監控或其他方面可能發生之不正當行為提 出關注之安排。委員會應確保有適當安 排,讓本公司對此等事宜作出公平獨立調 查及採取適當行動。

此外,審核委員會須負責以下企業管治職能:

- (a) 制訂及檢討本公司之企業管治政策及常 規,並向董事會提出建議;
- (b) 檢討及監察本公司在遵守法律及監管規定 方面之政策及常規;
- (c) 制訂、檢討及監察僱員及董事之操守準則 及合規手冊(如有);及
- (d) 檢討本公司遵守企業管治報告所載守則及 披露之情況。

於本年度內,審核委員會已審閱本公司截至二 零一六年九月三十日止六個月之中期業績,並 與管理層討論風險管理及內部監控成效,以及 審閱年度審核費用預算。此外,審核委員會已 於二零一七年六月二十七日審議截至二零一七 年三月三十一日止年度之全年業績,並提呈董 事會以供批准。

此外,於本年度,審核委員會已檢討本公司之企業管治政策(包括內幕消息政策(「內幕消息政策))及常規,檢視及監察本公司之操守手冊、檢視本公司關於遵守法律及監管規定之政策及常規(包括企業管治守則),以及上市規則附錄十四所載關於企業管治報告的強制披露規定。





Corporate Governance Report

企業管治報告

BOARD COMMITTEES (CONT'D)

Audit Committee (cont'd)

All members of the Audit Committee actively participated in the committee's meetings. Throughout the year, the Audit Committee met three times, full minutes of which are kept by the Company Secretary. Draft and final versions of minutes of meetings are sent to all committee members for their comment and records within a reasonable time after the meeting. Discussion results and recommendations have been proposed to the Board for its review, and related recommendations were adopted by the Board.

Throughout the year, committee members' attendance was as follow:

董事委員會(續)

審核委員會(續)

全體審核委員會成員皆積極參與審核委員會會 議。於本年度內,審核委員會曾舉行三次會議, 相關完整會議記錄由公司秘書保存。會議記錄 之初稿及定稿應於會議結束後一段合理時間內 送交全體委員會成員,以供彼等提出意見及作 存檔用途。討論結果及建議已呈交董事會審議, 相關建議獲董事會接納。

於本年度內,委員會成員之出席情況如下:

Audit Committee Members 審核委員會成員 Attendance/Held 出席/舉行次數 Mr. Leung Kwong Kin, J.P. 梁光建太平紳士

(Independent Non-executive Director) (Chairman of Audit Committee) Mr. Wong Wah, Dominic (Independent Non-executive Director) Mr. Wan Sze Chung

(Independent Non-executive Director)

(獨立非執行董事) (審核委員會主席) 黄華先生 (獨立非執行董事) 溫思聰先生 (獨立非執行董事)

> 審核委員會於每次會議後向董事會匯報討論結 果及建議,並獲提供充足資源以履行職務及獲

董事會授權諮詢獨立法律或其他專業意見。

3/3

3/3

3/3

The Audit Committee reports to the Board on its discussion results and recommendations after each meeting and is provided with sufficient resources to perform its duties and is authorised by the Board to obtain independent legal or other professional advice.

All Directors acknowledge their responsibility in preparing the financial statements. As at 31 March 2017, none of the Directors were aware of any uncertainties relating to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt upon the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. As such, the Directors have prepared the Company's financial statements on a going concern basis.

Responsibilities of external auditors to the financial statements are set out in "Independent Auditor's Report" (pages 78 to 86).

全體董事深明彼等有責任編製財務報表。於二 零一七年三月三十一日,概無董事知悉任何或 會嚴重影響本公司持續經營業務能力之重大不 明朗事件或情況。因此,董事以持續經營基準 編製本公司財務報表。

有關外聘核數師對財務報表之責任,載於「獨立 核數師報告」(第78至86頁)。



BOARD COMMITTEES (CONT'D)

Audit Committee (cont'd) Auditor's Remuneration

For the year ended 31 March 2017, the following auditor's remuneration has been incurred by the Company:

董事委員會(續)

審核委員會(續)

核數師酬金

截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度,本公司 產生以下核數師酬金:

> HK\$'000 千港元

Price water house Coopers

Audit servicesNon-audit services

羅兵咸永道會計師事務所

審核服務非審核服務

2,797 120

Total 總計 2,917

For the year ended 31 March 2017, the fees to PricewaterhouseCoopers, amounting to HK\$2,917,000, were primarily for audit services and those for non-audit services amounted to HK\$120,000, 4.1% of the total fees. The non-audit services provided by the auditor was tax compliance services.

截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度,向羅兵 咸永道會計師事務所支付之費用為2,917,000港 元,主要涉及審核服務;而非審核服務之費用 為120,000港元,佔總費用之4.1%。核數師所 提供之非審核服務為稅務合規服務。

Nomination Committee

The Nomination Committee was established on 27 March 2012. It is comprised of two Independent Non-executive Directors and one Executive Director. The Nomination Committee is chaired by Mr. WONG Wah, Dominic.

The Terms of Reference of the Nomination Committee is clearly defined and posted on the Company's website.

The roles and function of the Nomination Committee are as follows:

- (a) review the structure, size and composition (including the skills, knowledge and experience) of the Board at least annually and make recommendations on any proposed changes to the Board to complement the Company's corporate strategy;
- (b) identify individuals suitably qualified to become Board members and select or make recommendations to the Board on the selection of individuals nominated for directorships;
- (c) assess the independence of Independent Non-executive Directors; and
- (d) make recommendations to the Board on the appointment or reappointment of Directors and succession planning for Directors, in particular the Chairman and the chief executive.

提名委員會

提名委員會於二零一二年三月二十七日成立, 由兩名獨立非執行董事及一名執行董事組成。 黃華先生為提名委員會主席。

提名委員會已訂明職權範圍,並於本公司網站 刊載。

提名委員會之角色及職能如下:

- (a) 最少每年檢討董事會之架構、人數及組成 (包括技能、知識及經驗方面),並就任何 擬對董事會作出之變動提出建議,以配合 本公司之企業策略;
- (b) 物色具備合適資格可擔任董事會成員之人 士,並挑選人士出任董事或就此向董事會 提出建議;
- (c) 評核獨立非執行董事之獨立性;及
- (d) 就董事委任或重新委任以及董事(尤其是 主席及行政總裁)之繼任計劃向董事會提 出建議。

O

Corporate Governance Report

企業管治報告

BOARD COMMITTEES (CONT'D)

Nomination Committee (cont'd)

The Nomination Committee reports to the Board on its discussion results and recommendations after each meeting and is provided with sufficient resources to perform its duties and is authorised by the Board to obtain independent legal or other professional advice.

Throughout the year, the Nomination Committee met once to review the Board and senior management of the Company. The Committee reviewed the structure, size and composition of the Board, reviewed the board diversity policy, reviewed the time and contribution from Directors, assessed the independence of Independent Non-executive Directors, made recommendation on the appointment and reappointment of Directors at the 2017 AGM and discussed the succession planning for the Company's Board and senior management. In addition, the Committee reviewed the nomination policy (including procedures, process and criteria to select and commend candidates for directorship). Discussion results and recommendations have been proposed to the Board for its review.

Board Diversity Policy

The Board has adopted its own board diversity policy ("Board Diversity Policy"). The Board Diversity Policy aimed to achieve diversity of the Board through consideration of a number of factors, including but not limited to gender, age, cultural and educational background, or professional experience. The Nomination Committee of the Company shall review the Board Diversity Policy as appropriate and make recommendations on any proposed revisions to the Board.

Board appointments will be based on objective criteria having due regard to the benefits of diversity of the Board.

Throughout the year, committee members' attendance was as follows:

董事委員會(續)

提名委員會(續)

提名委員會於每次會議後向董事會匯報討論結 果及建議,並獲提供充足資源以履行職務及獲 董事會授權諮詢獨立法律或其他專業意見。

於本年度內,提名委員會曾舉行一次會議, 檢討本公司董事會及高級管理人員。 檢討董事會之架構、人數及組成;檢討董事會之架構、人數及組成;檢討重 多元化政策;審閱董事所付出時間及貢獻等 核獨立非執行董事之獨立性;於二零一七建 東週年大會就董事委任及重新委任提出繼 並討論本公司董事會及高級管理人員之括, 劃。此外,委員會已檢討提名政策(包括,計 撒舊董事候選人之步驟、程序及標準)。 推薦董事候選人之步驟、程序及標準)。 未 果及建議已呈交董事會審議。

董事會多元化政策

董事會已採納其本身之董事會多元化政策(「董事會多元化政策」)。董事會多元化政策旨在透過考慮多項因素,包括但不限於性別、年齡。文化及教育背景或專業經驗,務求達致董事會多元化。本公司之提名委員會將適時檢討董事會多元化政策,並就該政策之任何建議修訂向董事會提供建議。

董事會作出委任時會以客觀條件為依歸,並會 充分顧及董事會多元化之裨益。

於本年度內,委員會成員之出席情況如下:

Nomination Committee Members	提名委員會成員	Attendance/Held 出席/舉行次數
Mr. Wong Wah, Dominic	黄華先生	
(Independent Non-executive Director)	(獨立非執行董事)	
(Chairman of Nomination Committee)	(提名委員會主席)	1/1
Mr. Wan Sze Chung	溫思聰先生	
(Independent Non-executive Director)	(獨立非執行董事)	1/1
Mr. Tse Sun Fat, Henry	謝新法先生	
(Executive Director)	(執行董事)	1/1



BUSINESS MODEL

E. Bon Holdings Limited (the "Company") is a company listed on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited. The principal activity of the Company is investment holding.

The Company's subsidiaries are principally engaged in the importing, wholesale and installation of architectural builders' hardware, bathroom, kitchen collections and furniture and the provision of construction service for property developers in Hong Kong and the People's Republic of China (the "PRC").

The objective of the Company and its subsidiaries (collectively the "Group") is becoming one of the leading quality suppliers of architectural builders' hardware, bathroom, kitchen collections and furniture. Our goal is to enhance the brand value of the Group by managing customers' expectation of getting products that commensurate with their lifestyles and quality services. Founded four decades ago, the Group has established reputation and gained trust from major contractors, property developers and dealers. The Group also runs retail outlets and showrooms to display products.

BUSINESS STRATEGY

The Group endeavours to generate return to shareholders through:

- (a) Leveraging our core competencies in products and services to generate profits;
- (b) Maintaining collaborative relationships with staff members, customers and suppliers; and
- (c) Adopting a prudent financial management policy at all times.

RISK MANAGEMENT AND INTERNAL CONTROL SYSTEMS

The Board is responsible for evaluating and determining the nature and extent of the risks it is willing to take in achieving the Company's strategic objectives, and ensuring that the Company establishes and maintains appropriate and effective risk management and internal control systems to safeguard the shareholders' investment and the Group's assets.

The systems are designed to manage rather than eliminate the risk of failure to achieve business objectives, and can only provide reasonable and not absolute assurance against material misstatement or loss.

業務模式

怡邦行控股有限公司(「本公司」)為於香港聯合交易所有限公司上市之公司。本公司的主要業務為投資控股。

本公司的附屬公司主要於香港及中華人民共和國(「中國」)從事進口、批發及安裝建築五金、 衛浴、廚房設備及傢俬以及為物業發展商提供 建築服務。

本公司及其附屬公司(統稱「本集團」)致力成為 優質建築五金、衛浴、廚房設備及傢俬供應商。 我們因應客戶之生活方式供應產品及優質服務。 切合客戶所需,務求提升本集團之品牌價值。 本集團成立四十年以來,在業界建立聲譽,並 取得主要承建商、物業發展商及經銷商之信賴。 本集團亦經營零售店舖及陳列室,以展示產品。

業務策略

本集團力求透過下列策略為股東帶來回報:

- (a) 利用我們在產品及服務方面的核心競爭力 創造盈利;
- (b) 與員工、客戶及供應商維持合作關係;及
- (c) 時刻實行審慎嚴格的財務管理政策。

風險管理及內部監控系統

董事會負責評估及釐定本公司達成策略目標時 所願意接受的風險性質及程度,並確保本公司 設立及維持合適而有效的風險管理及內部監控 系統,保障股東的投資及本集團的資產。

該等系統旨在管理而非消除未能達成業務目標 的風險,而且只能就不會有重大的失實陳述或 損失作出合理而非絕對的保證。



00

Corporate Governance Report

企業管治報告

RISK MANAGEMENT AND INTERNAL CONTROL SYSTEMS (CONT'D)

The Board, through the Audit Committee, oversees the management on the design, implementation and monitoring of the risk management and internal control systems of the Company, including financial controls, operational controls and compliance controls.

The Group carried out control activities comprising a diverse range of policies and procedures; including conducting reviews of actual performance, reviewing of performance reports, checking information processing in transactions, performing physical controls, analysing performance indicators and dividing and segregating duties amongst different people.

Throughout the year, the Board through the Audit Committee, holds an annual review to consider and discuss, including but not limited to, the adequacy of resources, staff qualifications and experience, training programmes and budget of the Group's accounting and financial reporting function. Based on the review, the Board considers that there is no significant change in the nature and extent of risks and the Company's ability to respond to changes in its business and the external environment since the last annual review. The Board was not aware of any significant issues that would have an adverse impact on the effectiveness and adequacy of the risk management and internal control systems of the Group for the year ended 31 March 2017.

Based on the internal financial controls, half-yearly financial reporting and timely updates on Listing Rules requirements, the Group's processes for financial reporting and Listing Rules compliance are considered by the Board as effective.

風險管理及內部監控系統(續)

董事會透過審核委員會監測管理層對本公司風 險管理及內部監控系統的設計、實施及監察, 包括財務監控、運作監控及合規監控。

本集團進行的監控活動包括多項政策及程序, 當中包括檢討實際表現、審閱表現報告、檢查 交易的資料處理、進行現場監控、分析不同表 現指標及劃定及區分不同人員間的職責。

基於內部財務監控、半年度財務匯報及有關上 市規則規定的及時更新,董事會認為本集團對 財務匯報及上市規則合規的處理行之有效。



RISK MANAGEMENT AND INTERNAL CONTROL SYSTEMS (CONT'D)

風險管理及內部監控系統(續)



Internal controls encompass a set of rules, policies, and procedures we implement to provide reasonable assurance that:

- (a) Our financial reports are reliable,
- (b) Our operations are effective and efficient, and
- (c) Our activities comply with applicable laws and regulations. Our board of directors, management, and other personnel are responsible for the internal control system.

The internal control of the Group includes the following areas:

- Integrity and ethics
- Commitment to competence
- Board of Directors and audit committee participation
- Management philosophy and operating style
- Organisational structure
- Assignment of authority and responsibility
- Human resource policies and practices

Monitoring of internal control is performed through application of both on-going evaluations and separate evaluations. These evaluations ascertain whether other components of internal control continue to function as designed and intended. In addition, these evaluations facilitate identification of internal control deficiencies and communicate them to appropriate officials responsible for taking corrective actions. More serious deficiencies are communicated to higher levels of management and to the Board of Directors when appropriate.

內部監控涵蓋一套本集團實施的規則、政策及 程序,以合理保證:

- (a) 集團的財務報告穩妥可靠,
- (b) 集團的營運有效而具效益,及
- (c) 集團的業務活動遵從適用法律及法規。本 集團董事會、管理層及其他人員負責內部 監控系統的運作。

本集團的內部監控包括以下範疇:

- 品格及道德操守
- 知人善任
- 董事會及審核委員會的參與
- 管理方針及經營作風
- 組織架構
- 分派權限和責任
- 人力資源政策及常規

本集團透過持續評估及獨立評估,監察內部監控。該等評估確認其他內部監控組成部分是否一直按所設計及擬定的方式運作。此外,該等評估協助識別內部監控是否有任何不足之處,本集團會就此與負責修正的有關人員溝通。較為嚴重的缺失會向管理高層匯報,並在適當時候呈報予董事會。





Corporate Governance Report

企業管治報告

RISK MANAGEMENT AND INTERNAL CONTROL SYSTEMS (CONT'D)

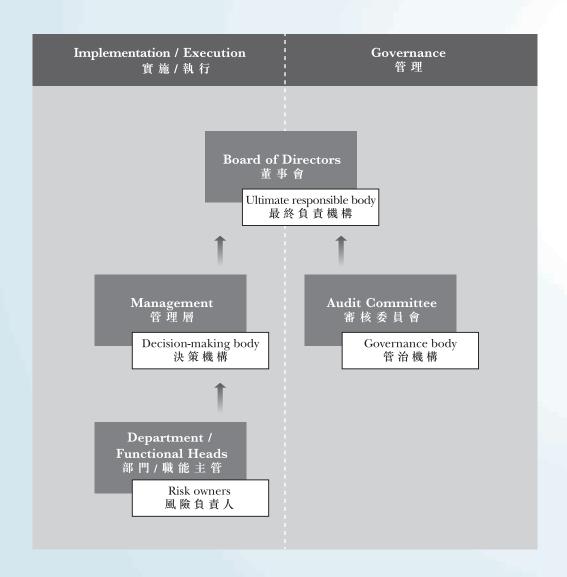
Establishing a foundation for monitoring internal control begins with an effective tone at the top of the organisation. The reason of this is so important that management's attitude regarding monitoring will determine the selection of evaluators and the approach to monitoring. The tone set by the management will influence the way staff members conduct monitoring activities. In turn, the Board will influence and guide how management applies and conducts monitoring.

The Group's risk management structure is shown as below:

風險管理及內部監控系統(續)

就成立內部監控的監察基礎而言,組織架構之 基調至為重要,乃由於管理層對於監察的態度 將決定評估人選及監察的方式。管理層之基調 會影響團隊成員進行監察活動的方式。相應地, 董事會又會影響及指導管理層執行及落實監察。

本集團的風險管理架構如下所示:





RISK MANAGEMENT AND INTERNAL CONTROL SYSTEMS (CONT'D)

Business risks change over time. The internal control system needs to be capable of determining that the controls in place are relevant and effective in addressing new risks. A monitoring process must be capable of addressing the need for revisions in the design of controls based on changing risk. Effective internal control systems must be capable of containing risks at an acceptable level to ensure effective and efficient operations on an on-going basis. Thus, continuous feeding of information and communication help monitoring the changes and reaction.

By the use of the modern IT system to record, maintain and produce outputs of accurate, complete, and timely information, the Board and management team can:

- (a) Evaluate the risks associated with the updated mode of collecting, storing, and reporting data (e.g. recording the sale of merchandise, updating a customer's address, preparing a report on sales by product);
- (b) Design specific control procedures that help control the risks applicable to the new design; and
- (c) Ensure accountants are familiar with IT capabilities and risks, and recognise the opportunities that the IT system provides to prevent, detect, and correct errors and irregularities as the business events are executed.

Risk assessment identifies and analyses the relevant risks associated with the Group's objectives. It forms the basis for determining what risks need to be controlled and the controls required to manage them. Our head of risk management has periodic meetings with directors and the management team to oversee and discuss the proper operating style with each other. Directors and the management team will then make decision and delegate to each department for execution. Through daily communication and information gathered, directors and management team will be able to monitor the daily operation and risks that might occur, thus be able to prevent or minimise them. It also makes sure operations are in compliance with laws, rules, and regulations. At the same time, each department's missions and goals are achieved. The management confirmed that the design, implementation and monitoring of the risk management and internal control systems of the Company were effective.

風險管理及內部監控系統(續)

商業風險或會隨著時間改變。內部監控系統必須能夠釐定所實施的監控對於解決新風險獨相關及有效。監察程序必須能夠根據多數的風險,在設計監控時切合修訂需要。可接受的內內。監控系統必須能夠將風險控制於可接受行會與於其,持續地投入資訊及溝通有助監察有關變動及反應。

本集團利用先進的資訊科技系統去記錄、維持 及製成準確、完整而及時的資料。董事會及管 理團隊藉此能夠:

- (a) 評估最新收集、儲存及匯報數據的模式(例如記錄商品銷售、更新客戶地址、編製產品分類銷售報告)所涉及風險;
- (b) 設計特定監控程序以有助於新設計適用風 險的監控;及
- (c) 確保會計人員熟習資訊科技的功能和風險,及認識資訊科技系統帶來當執行業務事件時能夠防範、偵測和修正錯誤和失當事宜的機會。



00

Corporate Governance Report

企業管治報告

RISK MANAGEMENT AND INTERNAL CONTROL SYSTEMS (CONT'D)

Handling and Dissemination of Inside Information

The Company recognises its disclosure obligation under the Securities and Futures Ordinance and the Listing Rules. The Company conducts its affairs with close regard to the "Guidelines on Disclosure of Inside Information" issued by the Securities and Futures Commission. The Company has included in its staff handbook a strict prohibition on the unauthorised use of confidential including inside information. The Company ensures, through its own internal reporting processes and the consideration of their outcome by senior management, the appropriate handling and dissemination of inside information.

COMPANY SECRETARY

The selection, appointment and dismissal of the Company Secretary of the Company is approved by the Board.

Our Company Secretary is Mr. YU Chi Wah. He is also the Chief Financial Officer and is employed on a full-time basis. During the year, he had taken no less than 15 hours relevant professional training as required under Rule 3.29 of the Listing Rules. Our Company Secretary reports to the Board Chairman and co-ordinates the supply of information to the Directors. During the year, meeting agenda and accompanying board papers were provided at least 3 days before the date of the Board or committee meetings. Furthermore, all Directors have access to the Company Secretary to ensure that board procedures and all applicable laws, rules and regulations are followed.

風險管理及內部監控系統(續)

處理及發佈內幕消息

公司秘書

本公司公司秘書的遴選、委任及解僱均由董事會批准。

俞志燁先生獲全職聘用為公司秘書兼首席財務總監。於本年度內,彼根據上市規則第3.29條接受不少於15個小時之相關專業培訓。公司秘書向董事會主席報告,並負責協調向董事會主席報告,並負責協調向董事會主席報告,會議程及相關董事會供最少在董事會或委員會會議舉行日期三天的確保董事會程序、所有適用法例、規則及規定獲得遵守。



COMMUNICATION WITH SHAREHOLDERS

It is the Company's policies to have open communication and disclose information in a fair manner. Information disclosure is a key means to enhance corporate governance standard. Shareholders can assess the Company's performance based on the information and provide opinions to the Company. Information relating to the Group and its business, together with its financial condition, are disclosed in this report and the Company's website at www.ebon.com.hk.

All registered shareholders shall receive either notice of the AGM and extraordinary general meeting (together the "Meeting") or equivalent notification letter by post. The notice of the Meeting contains an agenda, resolutions proposed and a proxy form. All shareholders, whose shares are registered in the register of members, are entitled to attend the Meeting. Shareholders who cannot attend the Meeting can appoint their proxies or the chairman of the meeting as their proxies by completing the proxy form enclosed with the notice of the meeting and returning it to the Company's share registrar. Pursuant to Rule 13.39(4) of the Listing Rules, all votes of shareholders at the meeting will be taken by poll. Procedures for demanding a vote by poll, together with the notice of the meeting, have been enclosed with a circular despatched to the shareholders. The procedures shall be read out at the Meeting by the chairman of the meeting. In addition, separate resolutions for substantially separated issues shall be proposed to the Meeting for the approval of shareholders.

The AGM is considered as an annual significant event of the Company. The AGM provides a precious opportunity for the shareholders and the Board to exchange constructive opinions. All Directors shall attend the AGM. Apart from attending the AGM, the Chairman of the Board shall arrange the chairmen of each Board Committee to attend and answer question at the AGM. The Company's auditor shall also attend the AGM to answer questions about the conduct of the audit, the preparation and content of the auditor's report, the accounting policies and auditor and independence.

Shareholders' Communication Policy

The Board adopted a Shareholders' Communication Policy reflecting mostly the current practices of the Company for communication with its Shareholders. Such Policy aims to set out the provisions with the objective of ensuring that the Company's shareholders, in appropriate circumstances, the investment community at large, are provided with ready, equal and timely access to balanced and understandable information about the Company, so that Shareholders are able to exercise their rights in an informed manner, and to allow them and the investment community to engage actively with the Company. For the purpose of this Policy, reference to the investment community is intended to include the Company's potential investors as well as analysis reporting and analysis the Company's performance.

與股東溝通

本公司奉行坦誠溝通及公平披露資料之政策。 披露資料是提升企業管治標準之主要方法。股 東可憑資料評估本公司表現,並向本公司提出 意見。本年報及本公司網站www.ebon.com.hk 內提供有關本集團及其業務之資料及財務狀況。

本公司視股東週年大會為本公司之年度盛事。股東週年大會提供重要機會,讓事各股東東國年大會是供重要機會之體董事與自由大會交換具建設性之意見。全體董事股東別年大會。董事會主席除軍,並會安排各董事委員會主席發數師本,並會安排各董事委員會主席發數師來,與與師亦,與與於會上回答提問。本有關審核工作、與獨方數的報告及其內容、會計政策、核數師報告及其內容、會計政策、核數師報告及其內容、會計政策、核數師報告及其內容、會計政策、核數師報告及其內容、會計政策、核數的報告及其內容、會計政策、核數的報告及其內容、會計政策、核數的報告及其內容、會計政策、核數的報告及其內容、

股東通訊政策

董事會採用最有效反映本公司現行常規之股東 通訊政策,以便與股東溝通。此政策所載條文 旨在確保本公司股東(在適當情況下包括投資人 士)可適時取得完備、相同、公正及容易理解之 本公司資料,使股東能夠在知情情況下行通 力,並使彼等及投資人士與本公司加強溝本 就本政策而言,對投資人士之提述擬包括 司潛在投資者以及專責報告及分析本公司表現 之分析師。



00

Corporate Governance Report

企業管治報告

COMMUNICATION WITH SHAREHOLDERS (CONT'D)

Shareholders' Communication Policy (Cont'd)

Shareholders and other stakeholders may at any time send their written enquiries and concerns by post to the Board by addressing them to the Company Secretary of the Company at its Head Office as follows:

The Company Secretary 16th–18th Floors First Commercial Building 33 Leighton Road Causeway Bay Hong Kong

The Company has established a number of channels for maintaining an on-going dialogue with its Shareholders and the investment community, and will regularly review this Policy to ensure its effectiveness as follows:

- (a) Information shall be communicated to Shareholders and the investment community mainly through the Company's financial reports (interim and annual reports), AGMs and other general meetings that may be convened, as well as by making available all the disclosures submitted to The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited ("SEHK") and its corporate communications and other corporate publications on the Company's website.
- (b) Effective and timely dissemination of information to Shareholders and the investment community shall be ensured at all times. Any question regarding this Policy shall be directed to the Company Secretary.

Shareholders' Enquiries

- (a) Shareholders should direct their questions about their shareholdings to the Company's Registrar.
- (b) Shareholders and the investment community may at any reasonable time make a request for the Company's information to the extent such information is publicly available.
- (c) Shareholders and the investment community shall be provided with designated contacts, e-mail addresses and enquiry lines of the Company in order to enable them to make any query in respect of the Company.

與股東溝通(續)

股東通訊政策(續)

股東及其他利益相關人士可隨時以郵遞方式, 向董事會提交書面查詢及關注議題,信函可寄 至本公司總辦事處,註明由公司秘書啟,郵址 為:

公司秘書 香港 銅鑼灣禮頓道33號 第一商業大廈 16-18樓

本公司已設立多個渠道持續與股東及投資人士 保持溝通,並會定期檢討本政策以確保成效:

- (a) 本公司向股東及投資人士傳達資訊之主要 渠道為:本公司之財務報告(中期及年度 報告);股東週年大會及其他可能召開之股 東大會;並將所有呈交予香港聯合交易所 有限公司(「港交所」)之披露資料,以及公 司通訊及其他登載在本公司網站的公司刊 物。
- (b) 本公司時刻確保有效及適時向股東及投資 人士傳達資訊。如對本政策有任何疑問, 應向公司秘書提出。

股東查詢

- (a) 股東如對名下持股有任何問題,應向本公司股份過戶登記處提出。
- (b) 股東及投資人士可在任何合理時間要求索 取本公司之公開資料。
- (c) 本公司須向股東及投資人士提供指定之本公司聯絡人、電郵地址及查詢熱線,以便 彼等提出任何有關本公司之查詢。



SHAREHOLDERS' RIGHTS

- The Company has only one class of shares and the Articles of Association of the Company set out the rights of our shareholders.
- 2. Shareholders have right to receive corporate communications issued by the Company.
- 3. Shareholders whose shares held in Tricor Abacus Limited ("Tricor") may notify us from time to time through Tricor if they wish to receive our corporate communications.
- 4. Shareholders are furnished with comprehensive background information in a timely manner concerning the matters to be decided at general meetings and they are well informed of the rules including the voting procedures, that govern general meetings.
- 5. Subject to the Articles of Association and the rules prescribed by the Stock Exchange from time to time, shareholders have right to participate and vote in general meetings. Any shareholder not attending a general meeting can give proxy to vote on his/her behalf. Forms of Proxy are sent to our shareholders together with the notice of meeting.
- 6. Shareholders have right to raise questions at general meetings.
- 7. Shareholder(s) holding at the date of deposit of the requisition not less than one-tenth of the paid up capital of the Company carrying the right of voting at general meetings of the Company may request the Board, through the Company Secretary, to convene an extraordinary general meeting.
- 8. Pursuant to Rule 13.39(4) of the Listing Rules, all votes of shareholders at the AGM will be taken by poll. The chairman of the meeting will explain at the commencement of the meeting the detailed procedures for conducting a poll. On a poll, every shareholder present in person or by proxy will have one vote for every share held. A shareholder which is a corporation will be present in person if a duly authorised representative of such shareholder is present at the meeting. A shareholder present in person or by proxy who is entitled to more than one vote does not have to use all his or her votes or to cast all his or her votes the same way. The result of the poll shall be deemed to be a resolution of the meeting. After the closure of a general meeting, the poll results will be published on the Company's website at www.ebon.com.hk and the HKExnews website at www.hkexnews.hk.

股東權利

- 本公司只有一類股份。本公司之組織章程 細則載有股東權利。
- 2. 股東有權收取本公司發出之公司通訊。
- 3. 在卓佳雅柏勤有限公司(「卓佳」)持有股份 之股東如擬收取本公司之公司通訊,可不 時透過卓佳通知本公司。
- 4. 股東適時獲提供有關將在股東大會議決事 宜之全面背景資料,並獲通知有關規管股 東大會之規則(包括投票程序)之詳細資料。
- 5. 在組織章程細則及聯交所不時訂明規則之 規限下,股東有權參與股東大會並在會上 投票。不擬出席股東大會之股東可委任受 委代表代其出席。代表委任表格連同會議 通告一併寄發予股東。
- 6. 股東有權在股東大會提問。
- 於遞呈要求當日持有附帶權利於本公司股東大會投票之本公司繳足股本不少於十分一之股東可透過公司秘書要求董事會召開股東特別大會。



Corporate Governance Report

企業管治報告

SHAREHOLDERS' RIGHTS (CONT'D)

- Shareholders are encouraged to participate in key corporate governance decisions. Sufficient time is allowed for shareholders to consider the candidates being nominated before the general meetings.
- 10. The Company ensures that votes cast are properly counted and recorded. Voting results are verified by independent scrutineers and announced in a timely manner after the closure of general meeting and posted on the Company's and HKExnews websites.
- 11. Shareholder who has a material interest in the subject transaction may be required to abstain from voting on the relevant resolution at the relevant general meeting as required by the Listing Rules.

Procedures for a shareholder to propose a person for election as a Director

The general meeting is the principal opportunity and ideal venue for shareholders to meet and exchange views on the Company's business with the Directors and the management.

If a shareholder wishes to propose a person other than a retiring Director for election as a Director at an AGM, the shareholder should deposit a written notice of nomination which shall be given to the Company Secretary at the Company's head office within the 7-day period commencing the day after the despatch of the AGM notice (or such other period as may be determined and announced by the Directors from time to time).

Procedures for shareholders to put forward proposals at shareholders' meetings

There are no provisions in the Company's Articles of Association or the Companies Law of the Cayman Islands for shareholders to put forward new resolutions at general meetings. Shareholders who wish to put forward a new resolution may request the Company to convene a general meeting.

CONSTITUTIONAL DOCUMENTS

The Company's Memorandum and Articles of Association, in both English and Chinese, are available on the Company's website at www.ebon.com.hk and the HKExnews website at www.hkexnews.hk. There was no significant change to the Memorandum and Articles of Association of the Company during the year ended 31 March 2017.

股東權利(續)

- 本公司鼓勵股東參與主要企業管治事宜之 決策。於股東大會前,股東會有充足時間 考慮獲提名之董事會成員候選人。
- 10. 本公司確保每票均得到恰當計算及記錄。 投票結果由獨立監票員核實,並於股東大 會完結後適時於本公司及聯交所披露易網 站公佈及登載。
- 11. 根據上市規則,在交易擁有重大權益之股 東須在有關股東大會就相關決議案放棄投 票。

股東提名他人選參選董事之程序

股東大會為董事及管理層與股東之間就本公司 業務交流意見之重要機會及理想場合。

倘有股東欲推薦將退任董事以外之人士在股東 週年大會參選董事,該股東須於股東週年大會 通告寄發翌日起計七天內(或董事不時釐訂及公 佈之其他期間),向本公司總辦事處之公司秘書 送交書面提名通知。

股東於股東大會提呈建議之程序

本公司之組織章程細則或開曼群島公司法並無 股東於股東大會提呈新決議案的條文。有意提 呈新決議案的股東可要求本公司召開股東大會。

章程文件

本公司之組織章程大綱及細則(包括中英文版本) 於本公司網站www.ebon.com.hk及聯交所披露 易網站www.hkexnews.hk.可供查閱。截至二零 一七年三月三十一日止年度,本公司之組織章 程大綱及細則並無重大變動。

SAIL TO NEW PROSPECTS

Environmental, Social and Governance Report

環境、社會及管治報告

OVERVIEW

This is the first Environmental, Social and Governance Report (the "ESG Report") of the Group. It is prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Environmental, Social and Governance Reporting Guide as set out in Appendix 27 of the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities (the "Listing Rules") on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited. This report provides an annual summary of the Group's environmental and social performance for the financial year ended 31 March 2017. For corporate governance, please refer to pages 30 to 54.

SCOPE OF THIS REPORT

This Report aims to provide a balanced representation of the Group's performance in the environmental and social (employment and labour practices, operating practices and community investment) aspects and covers the Group's operations in Hong Kong. The Group will expand the scope of disclosures when the data collection system is better established.

The Group's operations in Hong Kong:

概覽

本報告是本集團第一份環境、社會及管治報告 (「環境、社會及管治報告」)。本報告是依照香港聯合交易所有限公司證券上市規則(「上市規則」)附錄二十七所載的環境、社會及管治報告指引規定撰寫。本報告提供本集團截至二零一七年三月三十一日止財政年度的環境及社會表現的年度概述。有關企業管治,請參閱第30至54頁。

本報告的範圍

本報告旨在公正呈列本集團於環境及社會(僱傭 及勞工常規、營運慣例及社區參與)層面的表 現,範圍涵蓋本集團於香港的業務。本集團將 在資料收集系統更加完善時擴大披露範圍。

本集團於香港的業務:



O

Environmental, Social and Governance Report

環境、社會及管治報告

CONTENT OF THIS REPORT

The content of this Report is defined through a systematic process including:

- Plan Identify stakeholders and their interests
- Engage Interact with stakeholders
- Make decisions Use stakeholder input to determine report content
- Evaluate Determine the effectiveness of stakeholder engagement processes

本報告的內容

本報告內容是按照一套有系統的程序而釐定,包括:

- 計劃 識別持份者及彼等的利益
- 參與 與持份者互動
- 決定 利用持份者所提供之資料釐定報告內容
- 評估 一 釐定持份者參與流程是否有效



ASSURANCE

This Report has been independently verified by the Hong Kong Quality Assurance Agency, with the scope and basis of the verification set out in the Verification Statement of this Report.

REPORTING RESPONSIBILITY

The Board has delegated the environmental and social performance to an ESG workgroup which comprising of a director of the Group. The ESG workgroup reports to the Board and the Board has the overall responsibility for the Group's sustainability performance and ESG reporting. The Group is committed to making continuous improvements on environmental and social aspects and has taken measures to supervise and implement policies to manage sustainable development of the Group. Key performance indicators were identified and monitored for reviews and enhancement plans. This Report was approved by the Board on 27 June 2017.

保證

本報告已獲香港品質保證局獨立驗證,驗證範 圍及基準載於本報告驗證聲明一節。

報告責任

董事會已將環境及社會表現委託予環境、 、社會及管治工作組向董事會報告,成員包括本集團一名名 、社會及管治工作組向董事會報告,而環境 會全權負責本集團的可持續發展表環境政政 層面的表現,並已採取措施監督及資治報告。本集團的可持續發展。 屬鍵 管理本集團的可持續發展。 關鍵 請別及監察用途,以便董事會計行 計劃。本報告已於二零一七年六月二十七日獲 董事會批准。



SUSTAINABILITY POLICY

At E. Bon, sustainability is embedded in our business operations that creates sustainable value with its stakeholders in economic, environmental and social dimensions. The Group has developed a dedicated sustainability policy which directs its operations towards the best practice in areas such as business growth, environmental protection, workplace quality, operating practices and community involvement. The sustainability policy commits the Group to:

- Meeting all applicable legal and regulatory requirements on sustainability issues;
- Pursuing good practices of sustainability in its operations;
- Implementing policies relating to business growth, environmental protection, workplace quality, operating practices and community involvement;
- Encouraging our staff to be proactive in sustainability issues;
- Promoting sustainability awareness along its value chain;
- Engaging our stakeholders in the sustainability process; and
- Monitoring and improving the sustainability performance.

可持續發展政策

「可持續發展」的概念已根植於怡邦行業務營運中,與其持份者在經濟、環境及社會層面上創造可持續價值。本集團已制定一項專門的可持續發展政策,指導其在業務增長、環境保的護衛工作場所質素、營運實踐及社區參與方面的營運達至最佳實踐。可持續發展政策使本集團致力:

- 在可持續發展事宜上遵守所有適用法律及 監管規定;
- 在營運中實施良好的可持續發展常規;
- 實施有關業務增長、環境保護、工作場所 質素、營運實踐及社區參與的政策;
- 鼓勵員工積極應對可持續發展事宜;
- 向其價值鏈提倡可持續發展意識;
- 讓本集團持份者參與可持續發展流程;及
- 監控及改善可持續發展表現。





Environmental, Social and Governance Report

環境、社會及管治報告

SUSTAINABILITY STRATEGY

When we execute business strategies, our sustainability vision and policy enable us to take account of our responsibility to the environment and society in general. It steers us towards a balance of stakeholders' interests in the environment that we operate.

Our ESG matrix:

可持續發展策略

在執行業務策略時,本集團的可持續發展願景 及政策促使我們考慮對環境及社會整體的責任, 並引領我們在我們的營運環境中實現持份者之 間的利益平衡。

以下為本集團的環境、社會及管治矩陣圖:



Although our vision remains consistent, the dynamic nature of stakeholders' preferences requires regular review and refinement of our strategies and risk management procedures to ensure the fulfilment of stakeholders' ever changing needs.

Note: Unless otherwise stated, this ESG Report covers our operations in Hong Kong only. Our Hong Kong operations represent the core of all of our operations, contributing over 90% of our Group's turnover in the financial year ended 31 March 2017.

雖然本集團的願景始終如一,但持份者所關注 的議題會有所改變,因此須定期審閱,並改進 集團的策略及風險管理程序,以確保滿足持份 者不斷變化的需要。

附註: 除另有說明外,本環境、社會及管治報告僅涵蓋本集團於香港的業務。我們於香港的業務為業務核心,於截至二零一七年三月三十一日止財政年度為本集團營業額貢獻超過90%。



STAKEHOLDER ENGAGEMENT

Plan — Identify stakeholders and their interests

In addition to regular management discussions, during the year, we have established an ESG workgroup and attended trainings to strengthen our ability in both qualitative and quantitative analysis. This has helped us determine stakeholders' priorities more accurately and establish a suitable stakeholder engagement process.

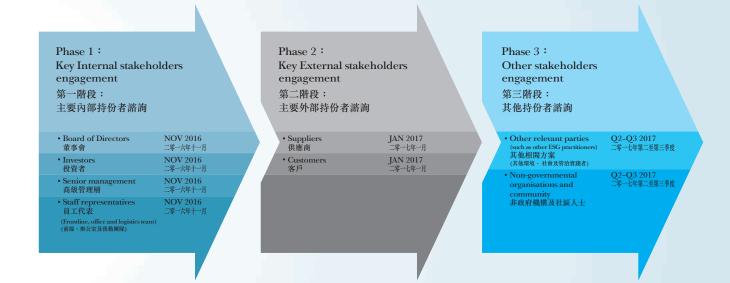
The stakeholder engagement process is spread over 3 key phases:

持份者參與

計劃 一 識別持份者及彼等的利益

除定期進行管理層討論外,年內,我們已設立了環境、社會及管治工作組,並參加培訓以加強我們在定性及定量分析方面的能力。這有助於我們更準確地釐定持份者的優先關注的議題及設立一個合適的持份者參與流程。

持份者參與流程包括三個主要階段:



O O

00

Environmental, Social and Governance Report

環境、社會及管治報告

STAKEHOLDER ENGAGEMENT (CONT'D)

Engage — Interact with stakeholders

To identify our reportable material aspects, we initiated stakeholder engagement and it is operated on an on-going process. In this process, we have adopted materiality assessment to identify important issues to both internal and external stakeholders of the Group by questionnaire. Material topics include issues that have a direct or indirect impact on the Group's ability to create, preserve or erode economic, environmental and social value of itself, its stakeholders and society at large. This process enables us to categorise various groups of stakeholders into an engagement matrix: (1) engage, (2) communicate and (3) inform stakeholders.

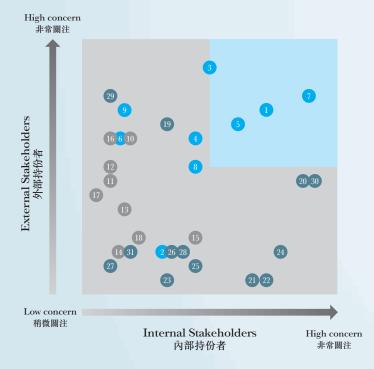
During the year, we engaged stakeholder through different channels. The following matrix outlines the perspective of key internal and key external stakeholders of the Group:

持份者參與(續)

參與 一 與持份者互動

為確定我們的可呈報重大範疇,我們開展持份者參與活動,此參與乃持續進行。在此過來程代明是程來。在此過來不到已採用重要性評估,透過問意重數的查來事情,也不能題包括直接影響本集團創造。保持或侵蝕其自身、其持份者及社會的經濟將發入社會價值能力的事宜。該流程讓我們將分者歸類至一個參與矩陣圖:(1)參與;(2)交流及(3)知會持份者。

於本年度,我們透過不同的渠道讓持份者參與 其中。下列矩陣圖概括了本集團主要內部及主 要外部持份者的觀點:



- Deperating Performance 營運表現
- 2 Local Investments 地方投資
- 3 Market Presence 市場表現
- 4 Compliance
- 5 Procurement Practices 採購常規
- 6 Research & Development 研發
- 7 Customer Satisfaction 客戶滿意度
- 8 Customer Privacy 客戶私隱 9 Raw Materials
- 10 Energy Consumption and Management 能源消耗及管理
- Greenhouse Gas Emission 溫室氣體排放
- 12 Water Resource Management 水資源管理
- Air Pollution Prevention 空氣污染防制
- Waste Management 廢棄物管理
- 15 Transportation Safety Managemant 運輸安全管理
- 16 Green Product 綠色產品
- 17 Green Investments 綠色投資
- 18 Environmental Grievance Mechanisms 環境問題申訴機制

- 19 Supplier Environmental Assessments 供應商環境評估
- 20 Labour/Management Relations 勞工/管理層關係
- 21 Recruitment & Retention 招聘及挽留人才
- 22 Employee Bene ts 僱員福利
- 23 Employment Diversity 僱傭多元化
- 24 Occupational Safety and Health 職業安全及健康 25 Career Development and Training
- 事業發展及培訓 26 Labour Practices 勞工條例
- 第上條例
 Gender Equality
- 28 Social Grievance Mechanisms 社會問題申訴機制
- 29 Supplier Social Assesments 供應商社會評估
- 30 Product and Service Responsibility 產品及服務責任
- 31 Local Community and Charity Involvement 本地社區及慈善參與



STAKEHOLDER ENGAGEMENT (CONT'D)

The Group identified 31 material issues related to its business operations. Through the materiality assessment, four issues were identified to have significant impacts by stakeholders, namely, customer satisfaction, operating performance, market presence and procurement practices. The assessment results were discussed and validated by the management of the Group. The Group has decided to prioritise its sustainability efforts on people issues where the Group has a relatively high sustainability impact.

Make decisions — Use stakeholder input to determine report content

During the year, the Group identified stakeholders' priorities to work on over the coming year:

- Complete stakeholder engagement
 - Complete the rest of the external stakeholders
- Complete major policy enhancement
 - Complete our policy review for major ESG subject areas of customer service and supplier management
 - Complete the collection of data in order to make comparisons feasible
- Increase disclosure coverage
 - ➤ Increase the disclosure in key performance indicators (KPI) where material

Evaluate — Determine the effectiveness of stakeholder engagement processes

The management is responsible to review the stakeholder engagement process to ensure a sufficient coverage of stakeholders and issues. Feedback of publication of ESG report is also included in the evaluation process.

持份者參與(續)

本集團確定了與其業務營運相關的三十一個重大議題。透過重要性評估,持份者確定當中有四個議題有重大影響,即客戶滿意度、營運表現、市場表現及採購常規。本集團管理層已討論及驗證評估結果,並決定優先處理關於「人」的工作,此乃由於在此範疇上本集團受到相對較高的可持續發展影響。

決定 一 利用持份者所提供之資料釐定報告內容

於本年度,本集團已確定來年持份者的優先事項:

- 完成持份者參與
 - ➤ 完成其他外部持份者參與
- 完成主要政策改進
 - 在環境、社會及管治主題範圍的政策 上,完成檢視有關客戶服務及供應商 管理的政策
 - ➤ 完成數據收集,以便進行比較
- 增加披露範圍
 - ➤ 在重大的事宜上,增加關鍵績效指標的披露

評估 一 釐定持份者參與流程是否有效

管理層負責審閱持份者參與流程,以確保涵蓋足夠的參與者及議題。環境、社會及管治報告的反饋意見亦會納入評估流程。



O

00

Environmental, Social and Governance Report

環境、社會及管治報告

SUSTAINABILITY MEASUREMENT AND MONITORING

The Group adopted Appendix 27 of the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities as the sustainability measurement framework. During the year, the Group formulated data collection approaches and recorded certain key performance indicators (KPIs) as stated in Appendix 27 of the Listing Rules. KPIs were measured and recorded regularly by the ESG workgroup. The Group has set target to full disclosures by 2020. The Group would go beyond minimum disclosure requirements where appropriate.

Sustainability performance data was analysed. Both KPIs and analysis were reported to the management for discussion and establishment of improvement plans. The Group has decided this reporting year as the base year and set targets for improvement in the next reporting year as more information would be available.

ENVIRONMENT

The Group endeavours to minimise pollution and protect the environment by conserving natural resources, reducing the use of energy and waste. We first implement the business activities for which we bear responsibility and addressing the environmental issues by integrating environment considerations in our business. We create the environmental awareness amongst our staff members and whenever possible and practical to do so. Our aim is to contribute to the sustainable future and be in harmony with the global environment.

A1 Emissions

Our electricity consumption accounts for a major part of its GHG emissions, with local transport contributing less than 5% of the total GHG emission. Measures aimed at improving energy efficiency are outlined on page 64.

Deliveries to the same district are gathered in bundles to minimise travel routes, hence reduce the use of petrol and emissions to air. In addition, we encourage our staff to use public transport; for those that are not accessible by public transport means, to carpool when travelling on business. Discharges to water are made through public sewages system. There has not been any discharge to land. There had been no prosecution to the Group in relation to air emissions during the year.

The Group has paid attention to hazardous waste such as E-waste. We have implemented plans to minimise the quantity by re-use. Details are outlined on page 65 of this report. The management has set to disclose information related to total hazardous waste produced in the next ESG report. There had been no prosecution to the Group in relation to hazardous waste handling during the year.

可持續發展的計量及監控

本集團採用證券上市規則附錄二十七作為可持續性計量框架。於本年度,本集團已制定數據收集方法並記錄上市規則附錄二十七所列的若干關鍵績效指標。關鍵績效指標乃由環境已由環境已上,至二零二零年全面披露證券上市規則所要求的事項。在適當情況下,本集團將提供較最低披露要求更豐富的資料。

可持續發展績效數據已經分析。關鍵績效指標及分析已呈報予管理層以供討論及制定改善計劃。本集團已決定將本報告年度作為基準年度, 並設定下個報告年度的改善目標,乃因屆時將 會有更多可用資料。

環境

本集團致力將污染程度減至最低,透過保育天 然資源、減少使用能源及製造廢物為保護環 出一分力。我們首先以負責任之態度進行的影響 活動,並在經營業務時考慮對環境的影響 對環境問題。我們積極向員工灌輸環保 設勵員工在可能及切實可行之情況下貫徹環 原則。我們致力為可持續未來及全球環境和諧 盡一分力。

A1排放物

我們的溫室氣體排放主要來自電力消耗,本地 運輸佔溫室氣體排放總量的比例不足5%。提高 能源效率的措施概述於第64頁。

交付至相同區域的貨物集中付運,以盡量縮短 運送路線,從而減少汽油的使用及空氣污染物 的排放。此外,我們鼓勵員工使用公共交通工 具,至於在公幹地點遠離公共交通設施之情況, 則安排多人同乘一部汽車。向水排污乃透過公 共污水收集系統進行。本集團概無向土地的排 污。於本年度,本集團並無受到有關廢氣排放 的起訴。

本集團重視電子垃圾等有害廢棄物。我們已執行計劃,透過重用盡量減少廢棄物數量,詳情載於本報告第65頁。管理層已計劃於下一份環境、社會及管治報告中披露有關所產生的有害廢棄物總量的資料。於本年度,本集團並無受到有關有害廢棄物處理的起訴。



ENVIRONMENT (CONT'D)

A1 Emissions (cont'd)

Non-hazardous waste is sorted in accordance with the possibility of reuse and recycling. Materials such as paper are collected by recyclers. There had been no prosecution to the Group in relation to nonhazardous waste handling during the year.

環境(續)

A1排放物(續)

無害廢棄物以再利用及回收利用的可能性原則 來分類。紙張等材料則由回收商回收。於本年 度,本集團並無受到有關無害廢棄物處理的起 訴。

		2017
		二零一七年
Total air emissions (tonnes) *	廢氣排放總量(噸)*	0.020
NOx (tonnes) *	氮氧化物(噸)*	0.019
SOx (tonnes) *	硫氧化物(噸)*	0.000
Particulate matter (tonnes) *	懸浮粒子(噸)*	0.001
Total GHG emissions (Scope 1 and 2) (CO ₂ e tonnes)	溫室氣體排放總量(範圍1及2) (二氧化碳當量噸)	800.566
Direct emissions (Scope 1) (CO ₂ e tonnes)	直接排放(範圍1)(二氧化碳當量噸)	13.039
Indirect emissions (Scope 2) (CO ₂ e tonnes)	間接排放(範圍2)(二氧化碳當量噸)	789.644
Indirect emissions (Scope 2) per floor area (CO ₂ e tonnes/m ²)	單位樓面面積的間接排放(範圍2) (二氧化碳當量噸/平方米)	0.084
Indirect emissions (Scope 2) per employee (CO ₂ e tonnes/employee)	每名僱員的間接排放(範圍2) (二氧化碳當量噸/僱員)	5.849
Total emissions (Scope 1 and 2) per floor area (CO ₂ e tonnes/m ²)	單位樓面面積的排放總量(範圍1及2) (二氧化碳當量噸/平方米)	0.086
Total emissions (Scope 1 and 2) per employee (CO ₂ e tonnes/employee)	每名僱員的排放總量(範圍1及2) (二氧化碳當量噸/僱員)	5.946
Total non-hazardous waste produced (tonnes)	無害廢棄物產生總量(噸)	10.538
Total non-hazardous waste produced per floor area (tonnes/m²)	單位樓面面積所產生無害廢棄物總量 (噸/平方米)	0.001
Total non-hazardous waste produced per employee (tonnes/employee)	每名僱員所產生無害廢棄物總量 (噸/僱員)	0.078

^{*} The annual data is projected/estimated by half year actual consumption.



年度數據乃按半年度實際消耗量預測/估計得出。

0 0

00

Environmental, Social and Governance Report

環境、社會及管治報告

ENVIRONMENT (CONT'D)

A2 Use of Resources

Electricity

Starting from January 2016, we have been phasing out old air-conditioners by energy-saving ones. Indoor temperature remains at 23°C–25°C.

Besides, old halogen lamps in shops have also been gradually replaced by LED spotlights since January 2016. It consumes less energy, helps lower the indoor temperature (which requires less air-conditioning) but maintains approximate brightness. We are planning to phase out fluorescent lightings from T8 to T5 which consumes less energy.

During the year, we adjusted the operating hours of our promotional light box in shops. The light boxes go automatically off from midnight to morning to reduce energy consumption.

The Group has set target to reduce the total energy consumption per employee by 10% (this year as the base year) by 2020.

Water

Water consumed was for hygienic purpose. Labels of 'treasure every drop' are posted at prominent place next to taps to encourage staff members to minimise the use of water. We have planned to replace old taps with sensor-type and add flow regulators to control water flow when feasible. As a supplier of home fittings, we provide a range of products with green features (eco-sensor, flow regulator, smart green design) to the market.

環境(續)

A2資源使用

電力

自二零一六年一月起,我們已逐步淘汰舊式空調,轉而使用節能空調。室內溫度維持於23°C至25°C。

此外,自二零一六年一月起,店舖中的舊式石 英燈亦已逐步更換為LED聚光燈。LED聚光燈 消耗更少能源,有助於降低室內溫度(可少開空 調),並且維持相若的亮度。我們正計劃逐步用 消耗更少能源的T5熒光燈取代T8熒光燈。

於本年度,我們調整了店舖燈箱的運作時間。燈箱於午夜至早上自動關閉,以減少能源消耗。

本集團已設定目標:到二零二零年,每位僱員 能源消耗總量減少10%(以今年為基準年)。

水

集團用水乃用作衛生用途。水龍頭旁邊顯眼的位置貼有「珍惜每點滴」標籤,鼓勵員工盡量減少用水。我們已計劃將舊式水龍頭替換成感應式水龍頭,並於可行的情況下添置流量調節器控制水流量。作為家居產品供應商,我們向詢場供應各類環保產品(環保感應器、流量調節器、智能環保設計)。

		2017
		二零一七年
Total energy consumption (MWh) *	能源總耗量(兆瓦時)*	1,072.726
Total direct energy consumption (MWh) **	直接能源總耗量(兆瓦時)**	42.999
Total direct energy consumption per floor area (MWh/m²) **	單位樓面面積的直接能源總耗量 (兆瓦時/平方米)**	0.005
Total direct energy consumption per employee (MWh/employee) **	每名僱員的直接能源總耗量 (兆瓦時/僱員)**	0.319
Total indirect energy consumption (MWh)	間接能源總耗量(兆瓦時)	1,029.726
Total indirect energy consumption per floor area (MWh/m²)	單位樓面面積的間接能源總耗量 (兆瓦時/平方米)	0.110
Total indirect energy consumption per employee (MWh/employee)	每名僱員的間接能源總耗量 (兆瓦時/僱員)	7.628
Water consumption (m ³)	總耗水量(立方米)	1,085.720
Water consumption per floor area (m³/m²)	單位樓面面積的總耗水量 (立方米/平方米)	0.116
Water consumption per employee (m³/employee)	每名僱員的總耗水量(立方米/僱員)	8.042
Total packaging material (tonnes)	包裝材料總量(噸)	9.293

^{*} Certain calculation is estimated based on half-year data.

- * 若干計算乃基於半年度數據估計得出。
- ** 計算乃基於半年度數據估計得出。

^{**} The calculation is estimated based on half-year data.



ENVIRONMENT (CONT'D)

A3 The Environment and Natural Resources

Electricity: Reduction

Details of electricity reduction is set out on page 64.

Paper: Reduction

All office paper and almost all paper for printing the Group's publications are Forest Stewardship Council (FSC)-certified or recycled paper, except old publication (such as catalogues) which is yet to disseminate. Not only adopting FSC certified paper, the Group has encouraged the use of paperless communication. If printing is necessary, we encourage environmentally friendly printing manner (such as to print on both sides, reduce font size and margin). For internal reference document, we upload to intranet or circulate hardcopies instead of printing one copy for each staff. In addition, paper collection tray is placed next to printer to gather single-side-printed paper for re-use.

Our box packaging fits the size of goods so as to minimise the use of paper and provide the best protection to the goods contained. The materials of our carton boxes fulfil relevant safety standards. Besides, we encourage the use of carton boxes for multiple times.

*** FSC is an independent, non-governmental, not for profit organisation established to promote environmentally appropriate, socially beneficial, and economically viable management of the world's forests.

Electronic devices: Re-use

Technology advancement leads to shorter lifespan of electronic devices. Certain equipment becomes obsolete or incompatible to our operations after software upgrades. We are aware of potential environmental and health hazards related to disposal of E-waste. Hence, we have adopted the following initiatives:

- Obsolete: Donate to non-governmental organisations such as Hong Kong Caritas Computer Recycle Project
- Incompatible to our operations: Sell at low price to staff members

環境(續)

A3環境及天然資源 減少用電 有關減少用電詳情載於第64頁。

減少用紙

所有辦公室用紙及幾乎所有集團刊物用紙均為森林管理委員會認證或再生紙,惟尚未惠團刊物(如產品目錄)除外。本集團不無團人通訊。如壽打印,我們鼓勵環保的打印大縮小字體和頁邊)。對於內內學者文件,我們上傳至內聯網或傳閱,和與學一個人類,與與一個人類,與與一個人類,與與一個人類,與與一個人類,與與一個人類,與與一個人類,與與一個人類,與與一個人類,與與一個人類,與與一個人類,與與一個人類,與與一個人類,與與一個人類,與與一個人類,與與一個人類,與與一個人類,與與一個人類,與

我們的包裝盒與貨品的尺寸相符,從而盡量減少用紙及為所包裝的貨物提供最佳保護。我們紙箱的材料達到相關安全標準。此外,我們鼓勵使用同一紙箱多次。

** 森林管理委員會為獨立非政府非牟利機構,成立目的為推動全 球森林在環境上適當、在社會上有益和在經濟上可行的管理。

重用電子設備

科技進步縮短電子設備的使用壽命。若干設備 於軟件升級後,變得過時或與日常運作不協調。 我們知悉有關處置電子垃圾的潛在環境及健康 危害,因此採納了以下措施:

- 過時:捐贈予非政府組織,例如香港明愛 電腦再生計劃
- 與日常運作不協調:低價出售予員工

		2017 二零一七年
Total paper consumption (tonnes)	紙消耗總量(噸)	17.000
Office paper (tonnes)	辦公室用紙(噸)	3.000
Paper for printing publications (tonnes)	打印刊物用紙(噸)	14.000



O O

Environmental, Social and Governance Report

環境、社會及管治報告

SOCIAL

Employment and Labour Practices

The Group believes its success, long-term growth and development depend upon the quality, performance and commitment of its staff members. We are committed to providing equal opportunity to our staff, matching the right people with the right job, and offering them a suitable platform to develop and excel in their career. Besides, we keep in mind to treat all staff members fairly and equally. We are committed to the provision of a healthy and safe workplace and encourage work-life balance of staff members.

B1 Employment

As at 31 March 2017, our workforce in operations in Hong Kong was recorded at 135 employees.

Our employment policy adheres to statutory requirements including but not limited to the Mandatory Provident Fund, Statutory Minimum Wages, Employees' Compensation Insurance and Paid Annual Leave. Competitive packages are offered to attract, retain and motivate competent individuals. We are dedicated to promoting equal opportunities for all of our employees in different areas, including recruitment, compensation and benefits, training, staff promotion and transfer. All staff members are assessed based on their ability, performance and contribution, irrespective of their nationality, race, religion, gender, age or family status.

We provide employee benefits such as subsidised medical scheme and travel allowance. The Group supports the staff's family life by providing children's scholarship. The Group has joined the Government's gender mainstreaming network 'Gender Focal Point'.

社會

僱傭及勞工常規

本集團相信集團之成就、長遠增長及發展,有賴員工之質素、表現及承擔。我們致力為員工提供平等機會、知人善任、讓員工發揮所長及完善他們的事業。此外,我們時刻謹記對所有員工一視同仁。我們亦致力提供健康及安全的工作環境,並提倡工作與生活平衡。

B1僱傭

於二零一七年三月三十一日,本集團的香港員工人數為135名。

本集團提供醫療補助及交通津貼等僱員福利, 以及子女獎學金,照顧員工之家庭生活。本集 團已參與香港政府的性別主流網絡「性別課題聯 絡人」。



SOCIAL (CONT'D)

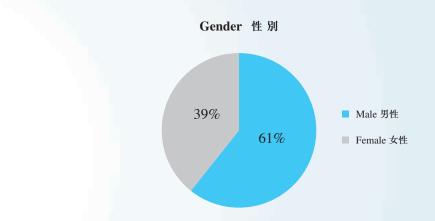
Employment and Labour Practices (cont'd) B1 Employment (cont'd)

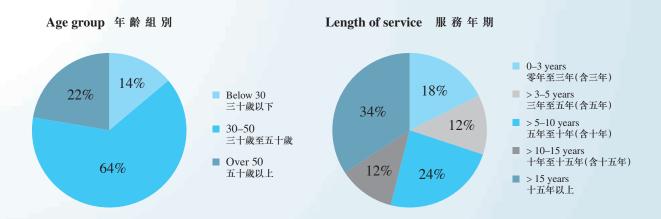
All of our staff members work on full time basis. Our workforce is comprised of:

社會(續)

僱傭及勞工常規(續) B1僱傭(續)

本集團員工均為全職員工,其組成如下:





00

Environmental, Social and Governance Report

環境、社會及管治報告

SOCIAL (CONT'D)

Employment and Labour Practices (cont'd) B2 Health and Safety

Our workplace is kept clean and tidy, with adequate work space for staff members to work in. Apart from that, a number of initiatives have been carried out to increase the staff awareness in health and safety at work:

- Occupational safety briefing
 - Guide new staff members especially those work in warehouse or go to construction sites
 - Staff members are able to stop work if they feel unsafe or is not properly trained
- Staff handbook (detailing employees' benefits and welfare, holiday and leave, working hours, feedback mechanisms)

All staff members, before going to construction sites, have attended safety training. When entering construction sites, they are equipped with safety helmet and briefed by relevant safety officers.

B3 Development and Training

The Group maintains an open, interactive and motivating working environment for our staff members. The management reviews its training and career development programmes with employees. Set out below are some training and development programmes:

- Sales and product training
 - Overseas training: Visit factory overseas
 - ➤ In-house training: Across senior to junior sales representatives
- Management training
 - For directors and senior management team to keep them abreast of the latest regulatory requirements, corporate governance practices, macro-economics and consumer trends
- Warehouse operation training
- Back office operation training

社會(續)

僱傭及勞工常規(續)

B2健康與安全

我們的工作場所保持乾淨整潔,及給予員工足夠的工作空間。此外,我們已開展多個計劃以 提高員工的工作健康與安全意識:

- 職業安全簡報
 - 為新入職員工(尤其是貨倉或前往建築地盤的員工)提供指引
 - ▶ 員工如感到不安全或未經適當培訓可停止作業
- 員工手冊(詳述僱員福利待遇、休假、工 作時間、反饋機制)

所有員工於進入建築地盤之前已參加安全培訓。 於進入建築地盤時,彼等須佩戴安全帽及聽取 地盤安全主任的簡要提醒。

B3發展及培訓

本集團為員工營造開放、互動及互相鼓勵的工作環境。管理層與僱員共同檢討其培訓及事業 發展項目。以下為部分培訓及發展項目:

- 銷售及產品培訓
 - ➤ 海外培訓:參觀外國工廠
 - ▶ 內部培訓:各級銷售代表均參與
- 管理層培訓
 - ➤ 讓董事及高級管理人員緊貼最新的監管規例、企業管治實務、宏觀經濟及消費市場趨勢
- 貨倉操作培訓
- 後勤辦公室操作培訓



SOCIAL (CONT'D)

Employment and Labour Practices (cont'd)

社會(續)

僱傭及勞工常規(續)



B4 Labour Standards

We comply with local employment regulations in all locations of our operations, and do not engage in any forced or child labour.

Operating Practices

B5 Supply Chain Management

Our customers include contractors, property developers and dealers. We recognise the uniqueness of requirements of each customer, and offer a full range of products to satisfy customers' needs.

B4勞工準則

我們遵守所有營運地點當地的僱傭法規,並無 涉及任何強迫勞動或童工問題。

營運慣例

B5供應鏈管理

我們客戶包括承建商、物業發展商及經銷商。 我們深明客戶各有不同的需要,並提供一系列 產品以滿足客戶的需求。



0 0

Environmental, Social and Governance Report

環境、社會及管治報告

SOCIAL (CONT'D)

Operating Practices (cont'd)

B5 Supply Chain Management (cont'd)

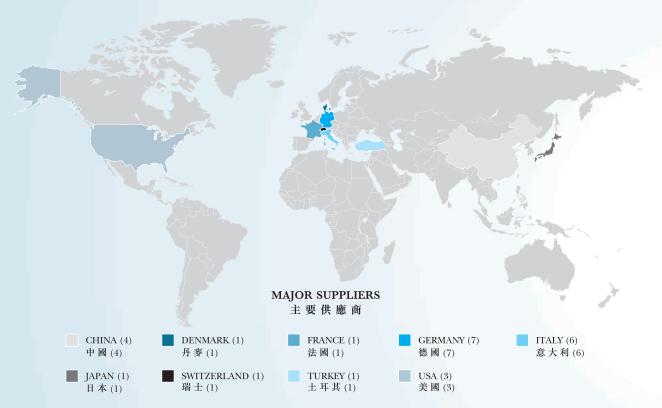
The number of major suppliers, in terms of purchase amount, by geographical region is indicated as below:

社會(續)

營運慣例(續)

B5供應鏈管理(續)

就購買金額而言,按地域劃分的主要供應商數 目如下:



We pay attention to the operating practices of our suppliers (including but not limited to employment practices, product responsibility, anticorruption). We regularly conduct factory visit to refresh our knowledge in their production capacity, technical capability, quality control systems, production facilities, testing capability and personnel quality.

In view of the growing environmental awareness in Hong Kong, we requested for green features in our products, such as water flow control and FSC-certified materials. We will continue our efforts in bringing environmentally friendly products to customers.

In selecting installation sub-contractors, we consider a range of factors such as price, past performance, scale of the project, technical competence, environmental records, health and safety standards. Training sessions are held to help sub-contractors familiarise with the features and installation techniques of our products. We conduct appraisals to evaluate sub-contractors' performance.

我們重視供應商的營運政策(包括但不限於僱傭措施、產品責任及反貪污)。我們定期到工廠實地視察,以更新我們對彼等的生產能力、技術能力、質量控制系統、生產設備、檢測能力以及人員質素的認識。

在香港,環保意識日益提高,我們要求產品具備環保特質,如節水功能及採用已獲森林管理 委員會認證的材料。我們將繼續努力為客戶提 供環保產品。

於挑選安裝分包商時,我們考慮多項因素,例如價格、過往表現、項目規模、技術能力、環保記錄、健康與安全標準。我們為分包商提供培訓,幫助彼等熟悉我們產品的特性及安裝工藝。 我們進行考評以評估分包商的表現。



SOCIAL (CONT'D)

Operating Practices (cont'd)

B6 Product Responsibility

The Group's objective is becoming one of the leading quality suppliers of architectural builder hardware, bathroom, kitchen collections and furniture. Our goal is to enhance the brand value of the Group by managing customers' expectation of getting products that commensurate with their lifestyles. We strive to provide quality products and services to fulfil customers' needs; establish the brand and reputation of our Group for customers' recognition of our ability to serve them with two fundamental qualities 'sincerity' and 'quality' which would enable us to build customer loyalty; allowing us to establish strong customer relationships for future businesses.

Product safety is our primary concern. The majority of our products originate from Europe where rigorous product testing regulations and requirements are place. Nevertheless, we carry out a number of measures to ensure product safety, such as warranties and certificates from manufacturers, tests according to customers' requirements.

Apart from safety, we also place great value on performance ratings and feedback from customers, of which feedback identifies areas of improvement. We have established various communication channels including corporate website and social media platforms to facilitate and strengthen communication with our customers. Feedback from customers is discussed and improvement will be made where appropriate. Our labelling and advertising materials are reviewed to ascertain their compliance with relevant marketing communication practices.

We comply with the latest Personal Data (Privacy) Ordinance, ensuring that the customer information we receive is only used for its intended purpose. We regularly brief our staff, especially front-line staff, to take great care in dealing with privacy matters. The Group started to print our privacy statement on corporate publications during the year.

社會(續)

營運慣例(續)

B6產品責任

本集團致力成為提供優質建築五金、衛浴、 房設備及傢俬供應商。我們因應客戶之生集 式供應產品,切合客戶所需,務求提升本集 了之品牌價值。我們著重提供優質產品及服務 不 是客戶需要,讓客戶領略我們貫徹「誠懇」及「 大家」之宗旨;透過為集團建立品牌價值及信譽 大家戶,令本集團與客戶建立堅固關係, 為 日後發展作好準備。

產品安全是我們的首要考慮因素。本集團的產品主要產自歐洲,當地對產品測試規定及要求十分嚴格。儘管如此,我們採取許多措施確保產品安全,例如取得生產商的保證及證書、根據客戶的要求進行測試。

除了產品安全,我們亦十分重視客戶的表現評價及意見,而當中客戶意見指出須改善的地方。我們已建立不同的溝通渠道,包括企業網內的社交媒體平台,以促進及加強與我們客戶的意見並於適當時作出改進。本集團的標籤及廣告材料均經審閱,以確保遵守相關的市場傳訊慣例。

我們遵守最新的個人資料(私隱)條例,確保所收集的客戶資料僅作指定用途。我們定期向員工(尤其是前線員工)重申要以謹慎方式處理私隱事宜。於本年度,本集團已開始將私隱聲明印入企業刊物中。



O

Environmental, Social and Governance Report

環境、社會及管治報告

SOCIAL (CONT'D)

Operating Practices (cont'd)

B7 Anti-corruption

The Group is committed to maintaining the highest standard of integrity when doing business. We adopt the code of conduct that complies with HKEx expectations on corporate governance and the Independent Commission on Anti-Corruption's anti-corruption policies. Our staff handbook has outlined such code of conduct to all staff members including prevention of bribery. There had been no legal case brought against the Group for corruption during the year.

Subcontract works are made in accordance with the standard procedure of the Group. Once having received the quotations from potential contractors, we evaluate each based on a range of factors such as: price, past performance, scale of the project, technical competence, environmental records, health and safety standards. Decisions on subcontract appointments are reviewed and endorsed by the management of the Group.

Community

B8 Community Investments

The Group is committed to being an active participant in the local community wherever it operates. The Group also encourages its employees to do the same to contribute to their neighbourhood. A care to the society will eventually benefit our future generations.

FEEDBACK TO THIS REPORT

We welcome comments and suggestions regarding our environmental and social performance for continuous improvement. Stakeholders may at any time send their written enquiries and concerns to the ESG Representative of the Company at its Head Office as follows:

ESG Representative
16th–18th Floors
First Commercial Building
33 Leighton Road, Causeway Bay, Hong Kong
esg@ebon.com.hk

社會(續)

營運慣例(續)

B7反貪污

本集團致力按最高的誠信標準經營業務。我們採納符合香港交易所對企業管治預期及反腐敗獨立委員會的反腐敗政策的操守準則。我們的員工手冊已向全體員工概述該操守守則,包括防止賄賂。於本年度,本集團並無受到任何有關貪污的法律案件。

分包工程乃根據本集團的標準程序作出。當收 到潛在分包商的報價,我們根據多項因素對每 位分包商進行評估,例如價格、過往表現、項 目規模、技術能力、環境記錄、健康與安全標 準。分包委聘的決定乃經本集團管理層審閱並 認可。

社區

B8社區投資

本集團致力融入其營運所在地之社區,鼓勵其 員工一起實踐,為鄰里出一分力。關懷社區最 終惠及我們下一代。

對本報告的意見

我們歡迎各持份者就持續改進本集團的環境及 社會表現,提供意見及建議。持份者可隨時提 交彼等之書面問題及所關注之事項予本公司總 辦事處之公司環境、社會及管治代表,地址如 下:

環境、社會及管治代表 香港銅鑼灣禮頓道33號 第一商業大廈 16-18樓 esg@ebon.com.hk





VERIFICATION STATEMENT

Scope and Objective

Hong Kong Quality Assurance Agency ("HKQAA") has been commissioned by E. Bon Holdings Limited (hereinafter referred to as "E. Bon Holdings") to undertake a limited assurance engagement in respect of the selected information of Environmental, Social and Governance ("ESG") Report (the "Report"). Our verification processes are limited to the Report stating E. Bon Holdings' ESG performance and achievements from 1st April 2016 to 31st March 2017 (the "Reporting Period").

The aim of this verification is to undertake a limited assurance engagement of the selected information stated in the Report with reference to the "Environmental, Social and Governance ("ESG") Reporting Guide" pursuant to Appendix 27 to Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on the Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Main Board Listing Rules").

This report has been prepared on the basis of the data and information provided by E. Bon Holdings. Therefore, E. Bon Holdings is liable and responsible for the preparation of the ESG report, including but not limited to any material misrepresentation, arising out of fraud or error. We do not assume responsibility towards or accept liability to any other person for the contents of this report.

Methodology

The verification process was undertaken with reference to:

- International Standard on Assurance Engagement (ISAE) 3000
 (Revised) "Assurance Engagement Other Than Audits or
 Reviews of Historical Financial Information" issued by the
 International Auditing and Assurance Standards Board; and
- The "Environmental, Social and Governance ("ESG") Reporting Guide" pursuant to Appendix 27 to Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on the Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Main Board Listing Rules").

The process included, inter alia, reviewing the internal data collection and management mechanism, interviewing responsible personnel with accountability for preparing the Report. Meanwhile, examining the raw data and supporting evidence of representative samples of data as well as information selected for verification would be conducted by a risk-based approach.

驗證聲明

範圍及目的

香港品質保證局已對怡邦行控股有限公司(以下簡稱「怡邦行控股」)環境、社會及管治報告(以下簡稱「報告」)所選的資料執行了有限保證的鑒證工作。我們的驗證僅限於怡邦行控股在2016年4月1日至2017年3月31日(「報告期」)對於環境、社會及管治報告載列的表現及成就。

驗證的目的是參照《香港聯合交易所有限公司的 證券上市規則》(「主板上市規則」) 附錄二十七所 載的《環境、社會及管治報告指引》,為報告執 行了有限保證的鑒證工作。

本報告乃根據怡邦行控股提供的數據和信息而編製。因此,怡邦行控股須以使對其環境、社會及管治報告的擬備不存在包括但不限於欺詐或錯誤而導致的重大虛假陳述。我們不會就本報告的內容向任何其他人士負上或承擔任何責任。

方法

驗證過程是參照:

- 國際審計與鑑證準則理事會發佈的《國際 鑒證業務準則(ISAE)第3000號(修訂版)
 歷史財務資料審計或審閱以外的鑒証》; 以及
- 《香港聯合交易所有限公司的證券上市規則》(「主板上市規則」) 附錄二十七所載的 《環境、社會及管治報告指引》。

驗證過程包括檢視內部數據收集及管理機制、 與負責編製報告的代表面談,並以風險為本選 取具代表性的樣本數據及資料加以驗證,審閱 相關原始數據和支持證據。





Environmental, Social and Governance Report

環境、社會及管治報告

VERIFICATION STATEMENT (CONT'D)

Methodology (cont'd)

Our assurance engagement was with respect to the Reporting Period information only and we have not performed any procedures with respect to earlier periods or any other irrelevant elements include in the 2016/2017 Environmental, Social and Governance ("ESG") Report and, therefore, do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

Independence

At all material times, HKQAA is independent from E. Bon Holdings in terms of its engagement in collecting and calculating the reporting data, and/or any development of the Report, save from verification process.

Limitation and Exclusions

The verification is carried out only on the basis of the data and information provided by E. Bon Holdings, with the assumption of completeness and truthfulness.

The following items are excluded from the scope of work:

- Any information not directly linked to the selected environmental, social and governance data;
- Activities outside the defined reporting period;
- Company strategy and position statements (including any expression of opinion, belief, aspiration, expectation, aim or future intention); and
- Financial data which is taken from E. Bon Holdings' Annual Report and Accounts.

Assurance Conclusion

Based on our verification, nothing has come to our attention that causes us to believe that E. Bon Holdings' verified information for the Reporting Period is not prepared, in all material aspects, with reference to the "Environmental, Social and Governance ("ESG") Reporting Guide" pursuant to Appendix 27 to Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on the Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Main Board Listing Rules").

Signed on behalf of HKQAA

Bryan PENG

Assistant Director, Manufacturing & Service

July 2017

驗證聲明(續)

方法(續)

我們的鑒證工作僅限於報告期內的資料,對於前期間的資料或2016/2017環境、社會及管治報告中所包括的任何其他無關資料均不在我們的工作範圍內,因此我們也不對其他信息發表任何形式的鑒證結論。

獨立性

在有關時間內,香港品質保證局不涉及收集和計算此報告的數據或參與編撰此報告。香港品質保證局的驗證過程是獨立於怡邦行控股。

限制與除外

是次驗證根據怡邦行控股提供的數據和信息進行,有關資料的完整性和真實性為假設前提。

以下各項不屬於我們的職責範圍:

- 任何與所選的環境,社會及管治數據沒有 直接關連的信息;
- 在界定報告期以外的活動;
- 公司策略和立場聲明(包括任何意見,信念,願望,期望,目標或未來意向的表達);以及
- 來自怡邦行控股的年度報告和賬目的財務 數據。

保證結論

根據我們的驗證,我們未發現到任何事項使我們相信怡邦行控股報告期內經驗證的環境、社會及管治資料在所有重大方面未有經參照《香港聯合交易所有限公司的證券上市規則》(「主板上市規則」)附錄二十七所載的《環境、社會及管治報告指引》編製。

香港品質保證局

彭文俊

助理總監 — 製造及服務業

2017年7月



INDEX 索引

Aspects, General Disclosures and KPIs

層面、一般披露及關鍵績效指標

	Description 描述	Compliance level 合規水平	Reference (page) 參考(頁次)
Aspect A1: Emissions 層面A1:排放物			
General Disclosure 一般披露	Information on: 有關廢氣及溫室氣體排放、向水及土地的排污、有害及無害廢棄物的產生等的: (a) the policies; and 政策;及 (b) compliance with relevant laws and regulations that have a significant impact on the issuer 遵守對發行人有重大影響的相關法律及規例	Comply 遵守	62-63
	relating to air and greenhouse gas emissions, discharges into water and land, and generation of hazardous and non-hazardous waste 的資料。		
KPI A1.1 關鍵績效指標 A1.1	The types of emissions and respective emissions data 排放物種類及相關排放數據	Comply 遵守	63
KPI A1.2 關鍵績效指標 A1.2	Greenhouse gas emissions in total and, where appropriate, intensity 溫室氣體總排放量及(如適用)密度	Comply 遵守	63
KPI A1.3 關鍵績效指標 A1.3	Total hazardous waste produced and, where appropriate, intensity 所產生有害廢棄物總量及(如適用)密度	Explain 解釋	/
KPI A1.4 關鍵績效指標 A1.4	Total non-hazardous waste produced and, where appropriate, intensity 所產生無害廢棄物總量及(如適用)密度	Comply 遵守	63
KPI A1.5 關鍵績效指標 A1.5	Description of measures to mitigate emissions and results achieved 描述減低排放量的措施及所得成果	Explain 解釋	62
KPI A1.6 關鍵績效指標 A1.6	Description of how hazardous and non-hazardous wastes are handled, reduction initiatives and results achieved 描述處理有害及無害廢棄物的方法、減低產生量的措施及所得成果	Explain 解釋	62–63
Aspect A2: Use of Resources 層面 A2:資源使用			
General Disclosure 一般披露	Policies on the efficient use of resources, including energy, water and other raw materials 有效使用資源(包括能源、水及其他原材料)的政策	Comply 遵守	64
KPI A2.1 關鍵績效指標 A2.1	Direct and/or indirect energy consumption by type and intensity 按類型劃分的直接及/或間接能源總耗量及密度	Comply 遵守	64
KPI A2.2 關鍵績效指標 A2.2	Water consumption in total and intensity 總耗水量及密度	Comply 遵守	64
KPI A2.3 關鍵績效指標 A2.3	Description of energy use efficiency initiatives and results achieved 描述能源使用效益計劃及所得成果	Explain 解釋	64
XPI A2.4 關鍵績效指標 A2.4	Description of whether there is any issue in sourcing water that is fit for purpose, water efficiency initiatives and results achieved 描述求取適用水源上可有任何問題,以及提升用水效益計劃及所得成果	Explain 解釋	64
KPI A2.5 關鍵績效指標 A2.5	Total packaging material used for finished products and, if applicable, with reference to per unit produced 製成品所用包裝材料的總量及(如適用)每生產單位佔量	Comply 遵守	64



Environmental, Social and Governance Report

環境、社會及管治報告

INDEX (CONT'D)

索引(續)

Aspects, General Disclosures and KPIs

層面、一般披露及關鍵績效指標

	Description 描述	Compliance level 合規水平	Reference (page) 參考(頁次)
Aspect A3: The Environme 層面 A3: 環境及天然資源			
General Disclosure 一般披露	Policies on minimising the issuer's significant impact on the environment and natural resources. 減低發行人對環境及天然資源造成重大影響的政策	Comply 遵守	65
KPI A3.1 關鍵績效指標 A3.1	Description of the significant impacts of activities on the environment and natural resources and the actions taken to manage them 描述業務活動對環境及天然資源的重大影響及已採取管理有關影響的行動	Comply 遵守	65
Aspect B1: Employment 層面B1:僱傭			
General Disclosure 一般披露 Aspect B2: Health and Safe	Information on: 有關薪酬及解僱、招聘及晉升、工作時數、假期、平等機會、多元化、反歧視以及 其他待遇及福利的: (a) the policies; and 政策;及 (b) compliance with relevant laws and regulations that have a significant impact on the issuer 遵守對發行人有重大影響的相關法律及規例 relating to compensation and dismissal, recruitment and promotion, working hours, rest periods, equal opportunity, diversity, anti-discrimination, and other benefits and welfare 的資料。	Comply 遵守	66
層面B2:健康與安全 General Disclosure	Information on:		68
一般披露	有關提供安全工作環境及保障僱員避免職業性危害的: (a) the policies; and 政策;及 (b) compliance with relevant laws and regulations that have a significant impact on the issuer 遵守對發行人有重大影響的相關法律及規例 relating to providing a safe working environment and protecting employees from occupational hazards 的資料	Comply 遵守	
Aspect B3: Development an 層面B3:發展及培訓			
General Disclosure 一般披露	Policies on improving employees' knowledge and skills for discharging duties at work. Description of training activities 有關提升僱員履行工作職責的知識及技能的政策。描述培訓活動	Comply 遵守	68



Reference (page)

Compliance level

INDEX (CONT'D) 索引(續)

Aspects, General Disclosures and KPIs

Description

層面、一般披露及關鍵績效指標

	描述	合規水平	參考(頁次)
Aspect B4: Labour Standards 層面B4:勞工準則			
General Disclosure 一般披露	Information on: 有關防止童工或強制勞工的:	Comply 遵守	69
	(a) the policies; and 政策;及		
	(b) compliance with relevant laws and regulations that have a significant impact on the issuer 遵守對發行人有重大影響的相關法律及規例		
	relating to preventing child and forced labour 的資料		
Aspect B5: Supply Chain Mana 層面B5:供應鏈管理	agement		
General Disclosure 一般披露	Policies on managing environmental and social risks of the supply chain 管理供應鏈的環境及社會風險政策	Comply 遵守	69–70
Aspect B6: Product Responsibi 罾面B6:產品責任	lity		
General Disclosure 一般披露	Information on: 有關所提供產品和服務的健康與安全、廣告、標籤及私隱事宜以及補救方法的:	Comply 遵守	71
	(a) the policies; and 政策;及		
	(b) compliance with relevant laws and regulations that have a significant impact on the issuer 遵守對發行人有重大影響的相關法律及規例		
	relating to health and safety, advertising, labelling and privacy matters relating to products and services provided and methods of redress 的資料		
Aspect B7: Anti-corruption 層面B7:反貪污			
General Disclosure 一般披露	Information on: 有關防止賄賂、勒索、欺詐及洗黑錢的:	Comply 遵守	72
	(a) the policies; and 政策;及		
	(b) compliance with relevant laws and regulations that have a significant impact on the issuer 遵守對發行人有重大影響的相關法律及規例		
	relating to bribery, extortion, fraud and money laundering 的資料		
spect B8: Community Investm 層面 B8:社區投資	nent		
General Disclosure 一般披露	Policies on community engagement to understand the needs of the communities where the issuer operates and to ensure its activities take into consideration the communities' interests 有關以社區參與來了解營運所在社區需要和確保其業務活動會考慮社區利益的政策	Comply 遵守	72





Independent Auditor's Report

獨立核數師報告



To the Members of E.Bon Holdings Limited

(incorporated in the Cayman Islands with limited liability)

OPINION

What we have audited

The consolidated financial statements of E.Bon Holdings Limited (the "Company") and its subsidiaries (the "Group") set out on pages 87 to 157, which comprise:

- the consolidated statement of financial position as at 31 March 2017;
- the consolidated statement of comprehensive income for the year then ended;
- the consolidated statement of changes in equity for the year then ended;
- the consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended;
 and
- the notes to the consolidated financial statements, which include a summary of significant accounting policies.

Our opinion

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements give a true and fair view of the consolidated financial position of the Group as at 31 March 2017, and of its consolidated financial performance and its consolidated cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards ("HKFRSs") issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants ("HKICPA") and have been properly prepared in compliance with the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

羅兵咸永道

致怡邦行控股有限公司股東 (於開曼群島註冊成立的有限公司)

意見

我們已審計的內容

怡邦行控股有限公司(以下簡稱「貴公司」)及其 附屬公司(以下簡稱「貴集團」)列載於第87至 157頁的綜合財務報表,包括:

- 於二零一七年三月三十一日的綜合財務狀況表;
- 截至該日止年度的綜合全面收益表;
- 截至該日止年度的綜合權益變動表;
- 截至該日止年度的綜合現金流量表;及
- 綜合財務報表附註,包括主要會計政策概要。

我們的意見

我們認為,該等綜合財務報表已根據香港會計師公會頒佈的香港財務報告準則真實而中肯地反映 貴集團於二零一七年三月三十一日的綜合財務狀況,及其截至該日止年度的綜合財務表現及綜合現金流量,並已遵照香港《公司條例》的披露規定妥為擬備。

PricewaterhouseCoopers, 22/F Prince's Building, Central, Hong Kong Tel: +852 2289 8888 Fax: +852 2810 9888, www.pwchk.com 羅兵咸永道會計師事務所,香港中環太子大廈廿二樓 電話: +852 2289 8888 傳真: +852 2810 9888 * www.pwchk.com



BASIS FOR OPINION

We conducted our audit in accordance with Hong Kong Standards on Auditing ("HKSAs") issued by the HKICPA. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements section of our report.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Independence

We are independent of the Group in accordance with the HKICPA's Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants ("the Code"), and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code.

KEY AUDIT MATTERS

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the consolidated financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

Key audit matters identified in our audit are summarised as follows:

- Provision for inventory obsolescence
- Provision for impairment of trade and retention receivables
- Recognition of contract revenue

意見的基礎

我們已根據香港會計師公會頒佈的香港審計準 則進行審計。我們在該等準則下承擔的責任已 在本報告「核數師就審計綜合財務報表承擔的責 任」部分中作進一步闡述。

我們相信,我們獲得的審計憑證能充足及適當 地為我們的意見提供基礎。

獨立性

根據香港會計師公會頒佈的《專業會計師道德守 則》(以下簡稱「守則」),我們獨立於 貴集團, 並已履行守則中的其他道德責任。

關鍵審計事項

關鍵審計事項是根據我們的專業判斷,認為對本期綜合財務報表的審計最為重要的事項。這 些事項是在我們審計整體綜合財務報表及出具 意見時進行處理的。我們不會對這些事項提供 單獨的意見。

我們在審計中識別的關鍵審計事項如下:

- 過時存貨撥備
- 應收賬款及應收保留賬款減值撥備
- 確認合同收益



o o

Independent Auditor's Report

獨立核數師報告

KEY AUDIT MATTERS (CONT'D)

Key Audit Matter

Provision for inventory obsolescence

Refer to notes 2.12 and 4.1 to the consolidated financial statements for the directors' disclosures of the related accounting policies, judgements and estimates.

As at 31 March 2017, the Group held inventories of HK\$146 million.

Management determines the net realisable value ("NRV") at each period end based on the estimated selling price less cost to sell and the estimated quantity to be sold in the future. It requires significant judgements and assumptions to be made to determine the estimated selling price and sales quantity of individual products, including historical experience of selling products of similar nature, current market conditions and other available information. The estimations are also subject to uncertainties as a result of future changes of market trends, customer demands and fashion trends.

How our audit addressed the Key Audit Matter

We understood, evaluated and tested the key controls by which management estimated the NRV, and found the assessment processes to be consistent with those of the prior years.

For products with material balances as at year end, we discussed with management and evaluated the assumptions on estimated future sales, which are based on (i) secured orders received from customers as at year end; (ii) historical sales data in the past two to five years which reflected the expected life cycle of similar products; and (iii) future sales strategies that may require adjustments to the historical sales pattern for the selected products.

We obtained evidence for these explanation and evaluated the relevance of these factors and evidence supporting the estimation of NRV by using our industry knowledge. We tested, on a sample basis, the secured orders from customers and NRV of products by comparing the estimated selling price and sales quantity of individual products with the corresponding post year-end sales data.

We considered these assumptions appropriate based on the procedures performed above.

關鍵審計事項(續)

關鍵審計事項

過時存貨撥備

關於董事披露相關會計政策、判斷及估計,請參閱綜合財務報表附註2.12及4.1。

於二零一七年三月三十一日, 貴集團持有存貨 146百萬港元。

於各個期間末,管理層根據估計售價減銷售成本及估計未來銷售數量計算可變現淨值(「可變現淨值」),釐定個別產品估計售價及銷售數量時,需要作出重大判斷及假設,包括銷售同數產品的歷史經驗、現行市況及其他可得資勢的估計亦受因市場趨勢、客戶需求及流行趨勢的未來變動而產生的不確定因素所影響。

我們的審計如何處理關鍵審計事項

我們了解、評估及測試管理層估計可變現淨值 的關鍵控制,並發現評估過程與往年一致。

就於年末存在重大結餘的產品而言,我們與管理層討論並評估估計未來銷售的假設,該等假設乃基於(i)於年末接獲客戶的確認訂單;(ii)反映類似產品的預期生命週期的過去兩至五年的歷史銷售數據;及(iii)未來銷售策略,可能需要對所選產品的歷史銷售模式作出調整。

我們獲得該等解釋的證據並利用我們的行業知識評估該等因素的相關性及支持可變現淨值估計的證據。我們以抽樣形式,測試來自客戶的確認訂單,以及透過比較個別產品的估計售價及銷售數量與年末後的銷售數據,測試產品的可變現淨值。

基於上述執行的程序,我們認為該等假設屬適 當。



KEY AUDIT MATTERS (CONT'D)

Key Audit Matter (cont'd)

Impairment of trade and retention receivables

Refer to notes 2.10 and 4.2 to the consolidated financial statements for the directors' disclosures of the related accounting policies, judgements and estimates.

As at 31 March 2017, the Group had trade and retention receivables of HK\$120 million.

The Group assesses at the end of each reporting period whether there is objective evidence that a financial asset or group of financial assets is impaired.

For trade and retention receivables that are individually significant, management estimates impairment by considering ageing, creditability of individual customers and their past payment records.

For trade and retention receivables that are individually insignificant, management estimates impairment by considering ageing and bad debt history of the Group collectively.

The recoverability assessment on the trade and retention receivables involves significant judgement by management. The estimations are significant to the consolidated financial statements and are subject to uncertainties as a result of future changes of economies and customers' financial positions.

How our audit addressed the Key Audit Matter

We understood, evaluated and tested the key controls by which management assesses impairment, and found the assessment processes to be consistent with those of the prior years.

We tested the accuracy of the ageing report of trade and retention receivables on a sample basis by tracing to invoices.

We scrutinised the ageing report and focused on the receivables that have been past due but not impaired. We discussed with management as to the recoverability of balances. Where settlement was made by these debtors subsequent to the year end, we tested on a sample basis of the settlement by tracing to bank receipt records.

For overdue receivables which are individually significant, we further corroborated management's explanations by checking to correspondence between the customers and the Group and past payment records.

We consider the judgements applied in the recoverability assessment by management were reasonable based on the procedures performed. 關鍵審計事項(續)

關鍵審計事項(續)

應收賬款及應收保留款減值

關於董事披露相關會計政策、判斷及估計,請參閱綜合財務報表附註2.10及4.2。

於二零一七年三月三十一日, 貴集團持有應收 賬款及應收保留款120百萬港元。

貴集團於各報告期末評估有否客觀跡象顯示一項金融資產或一組金融資產出現減值。

就個別重大的應收賬款及應收保留款而言,管理層透過考慮賬齡、個別客戶的信用以及彼等的付款記錄對減值進行估計。

就個別不重大的應收賬款及應收保留款而言, 管理層透過考慮賬齡及 貴集團整體壞賬歷史 對減值進行估計。

應收賬款及應收保留款的可收回性評估涉及管理層重大判斷。該等估計對綜合財務報表而言 屬重大且因未來經濟及客戶財務狀況的變動受 不確定因素影響。

我們的審計如何處理關鍵審計事項

我們了解、評估及測試管理層評估減值的關鍵 控制,並發現評估過程與往年一致。

我們透過檢查發票抽樣測試應收賬款及應收保 留款賬齡報告的準確性。

我們仔細檢查賬齡報告並關注已逾期但未作出 減值撥備的應收款。我們與管理層討論結餘的 可收回性。倘結算乃由債務人於年末後作出, 則我們透過檢查銀行收據記錄抽樣測試結算。

就個別重大的逾期應收款,我們透過檢查客戶 與 貴集團之間的通信及過往付款記錄進一步 證實管理層的解釋。

基於所執行的程序,我們認為管理層就可收回 性評估所採納的判斷屬合理。





Independent Auditor's Report

獨立核數師報告

KEY AUDIT MATTERS (CONT'D)

Key Audit Matter (cont'd)

Recognition of contract revenue

Refer to notes 2.22(b) and 4.3 to the consolidated financial statements for the directors' disclosures of the related accounting policies, judgements and estimates.

For the year ended 31 March 2017, revenue from construction contracts amounted to HK\$74 million.

Revenue and gross profit margin are recognised based on the stage of completion of individual contract, and the amounts are determined by reference to independent surveys of work performed or completion of a physical proportion of the contract work, depending on the terms and information available for the construction contract. Management assesses the status of contract at each period end. The amount of revenue to be recognised for each in-progress contract within the financial statements involves significant judgement in determining the percentage of completion as at year end.

How our audit addressed the Key Audit Matter

We understood, evaluated and tested the key controls by which management recognised contract revenue based on the percentage of completion, and found the assessment processes to be consistent with those of the prior years.

We selected in-progress projects that either the recognised revenue during the year or the unrecognised revenue as at year end is individually significant. We assessed the stage of completion of these in-progress projects by tracing to the contracts (such as contract sum, terms and conditions), internal status reports and external evidence such as surveyors' reports.

We consider the estimates made by management were reasonable based on the procedures performed.

關鍵審計事項(續)

關鍵審計事項(續)

確認合同收益

關於董事披露相關會計政策、判斷及估計,請參閱綜合財務報表附註2.22(b)及4.3。

截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度,工程合同收益為74百萬港元。

收益及毛利率乃根據個別合同的完工階段確認, 金額乃參考經獨立測量之已執行的工作或合同 工作的實際完成比例,取決於工程合同的條款 及可得資料。管理層於各期間末評估合同的條 態。財務報表內將確認的各進行中的合同的收 益金額涉及重大判斷,於釐定年末完工比例方 面。

我們的審計如何處理關鍵審計事項

我們了解、評估及測試管理層根據完工百分比 法確認合同收益的關鍵控制,並發現評估過程 與往年一致。

我們選擇屬個別重大且進行中的項目,不論於 年內已確認收益或於年末未確認收益。我們透 過檢查合同(如合同金額、條款及條件)、內部 進程報告以及外部證據(如測量師報告)評估該 等進行中項目的完工階段。

基於所執行的程序,我們認為管理層就作出的估計屬合理。



OTHER INFORMATION

The directors of the Company are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises all of the information included in the annual report other than the consolidated financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the consolidated financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the consolidated financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the consolidated financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

RESPONSIBILITIES OF DIRECTORS AND AUDIT COMMITTEE FOR THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation of the consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with HKFRSs issued by the HKICPA and the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

The Audit Committee is responsible for overseeing the Group's financial reporting process.

其他信息

貴公司董事須對其他信息負責。其他信息包括 年報內的所有信息,但不包括綜合財務報表及 我們的核數師報告。

我們對綜合財務報表的意見並不涵蓋其他信息, 我們亦不對該等其他信息發表任何形式的鑒證 結論。

結合我們對綜合財務報表的審計,我們的責任 是閱讀其他信息,在此過程中,考慮其他信息 是否與綜合財務報表或我們在審計過程中所了 解的情況存在重大抵觸或者似乎存在重大錯誤 陳述的情況。

基於我們已執行的工作,如果我們認為其他信息存在重大錯誤陳述,我們需要報告該事實。 在這方面,我們沒有任何報告。

董事及審核委員會就綜合財務報表須承擔的責任

貴公司董事須負責根據香港會計師公會頒佈的 香港財務報告準則及香港《公司條例》的披露規 定擬備真實而中肯的綜合財務報表,並對其認 為為使綜合財務報表的擬備不存在由於欺詐或 錯誤而導致的重大錯誤陳述所需的內部控制負 責。

在擬備綜合財務報表時,董事負責評估 貴集團持續經營的能力,並在適用情況下披露與持續經營有關的事項,以及使用持續經營為會計基礎,除非董事有意將 貴集團清盤或停止經營,或別無其他實際的替代方案。

審核委員會須負責監督 貴集團的財務報告過程。



Independent Auditor's Report

獨立核數師報告

AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE AUDIT OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. We report our opinion solely to you, as a body, and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility towards or accept liability to any other person for the contents of this report. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with HKSAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with HKSAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the directors.

核數師就審計綜合財務報表承擔的責任

在根據香港審計準則進行審計的過程中,我們 運用了專業判斷,保持了專業懷疑態度。我們 亦:

- 識別及評估由於欺詐或錯誤而導致綜合財務報表存在重大錯誤陳述的風險,以及語計程序以應對這些風險,以及意見、充足及適當的審計憑證,作為我們意見,因此為關於及申謀、偽造別。
 基礎。由於欺詐可能涉及申謀、偽造別。
 基礎滿、虛假陳述,或凌駕於內部重大錯誤陳述的風險高於未能發現因錯誤而導致的重大錯誤陳述的風險。
- 了解與審計相關的內部控制,以設計適當 的審計程序,但目的並非對 貴集團內部 控制的有效性發表意見。
- 評價董事所採用會計政策的恰當性及作出 會計估計及相關披露的合理性。



AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE AUDIT OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONT'D)

- Conclude on the appropriateness of the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Group to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with the Audit Committee regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide the Audit Committee with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

核數師就審計綜合財務報表承擔的責任(續)

- 評價綜合財務報表的整體列報方式、結構 及內容,包括披露,以及綜合財務報表是 否中肯反映相關交易及事項。
- 就 貴集團內實體或業務活動的財務信息 獲取充足、適當的審計憑證,以便對綜合 財務報表發表意見。我們負責 貴集團審 計的方向、監督及執行。我們為審計意見 承擔全部責任。

除其他事項外,我們與審核委員會溝通了計劃 的審計範圍、時間安排、重大審計發現等,包 括我們在審計中識別出內部控制的任何重大缺 陷。

我們還向審核委員會提交聲明,說明我們已符合有關獨立性的相關道德要求,並與他們溝通有可能合理地被認為會影響我們獨立性的所有關係及其他事項,以及在適用的情況下,相關的防範措施。





Independent Auditor's Report

獨立核數師報告

AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE AUDIT OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONT'D)

From the matters communicated with the Audit Committee, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

The engagement partner on the audit resulting in this independent auditor's report is Cheng Lap Yam.

核數師就審計綜合財務報表承擔的責任(續)

從與審核委員會溝通的事項中,我們確定哪些 事項對本期綜合財務報表的審計最為重要, 所構成關鍵審計事項。我們在核數師報告時 述這些事項,除非法律法規不允許公開按 些事項,或在極端罕見的情況下,如果合理 期在我們報告中溝通某事項造成的負面後果 調產生的公眾利益,我們決定不應在報告中溝 通該事項。

出具本獨立核數師報告的審計項目合夥人是鄭立欽。

PricewaterhouseCoopersCertified Public Accountants

Hong Kong, 27 June 2017

羅兵咸永道會計師事務所 執業會計師

香港,二零一七年六月二十七日



Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income SAIL TO NEW PROSPECTS

綜合全面收益表

For the year ended 31 March 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

			2017	2016
		Notes	二零一七年 HK\$'000	二零一六年 HK\$'000
		附註	千港元	千港元
Revenue	收益	5	505,981	631,932
Cost of sales	銷售成本	9 _	(294,542)	(363,975)
Gross profit	毛利		211,439	267,957
Other income	其他收入	6	996	290
Other gains, net	其他收益,淨額	7	5,124	1,217
Distribution costs	分銷成本	9	(97,091)	(93,496)
Administrative expenses	行政開支	9 _	(69,679)	(86,288)
Operating profit	經營溢利		50,789	89,680
Finance income Finance costs	財務收益 財務費用	_	619 (1,005)	427 (872)
Finance costs, net	財務費用,淨額	10	(386)	(445)
Profit before income tax	除税項前溢利		50,403	89,235
Income tax expense	税項開支	13 _	(8,096)	(10,858)
Profit for the year attributable to equity holders of the Company	本公司所有者應佔年度溢利	_	42,307	78,377
Other comprehensive income/(loss) Items that may be subsequently reclassified to profit or loss	其他全面收益/(虧損) 其後可能重新分類至損益的項目			
Exchange loss on translation of financial statements of foreign operations	換算海外業務財務報表的 匯兑虧損		(1,734)	(737)
Release of exchange reserve of a deregistered subsidiary	解除撤銷註冊附屬公司的 外匯儲備		_	(744)
Items that will not be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss	其後不會重新分類至損益的項目			
Surplus/(loss) on revaluation of properties held for own use	持作自用物業重估盈餘/(虧損)	16	20,966	(9,470)
Tax effect relating to revaluation of properties held for own use	有關重估持作自用物業之 税項影響	26 _	(3,459)	1,563



Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income

綜合全面收益表

For the year ended 31 March 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

		Notes 附註	2017 二零一七年 HK\$'000 千港元	2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000 千港元
Other comprehensive income/(loss) for the year, net of tax	年度其他全面收益/ (虧損),除税後		15,773	(9,388)
Total comprehensive income for the year attributable to equity holders of the Company	本公司所有者應佔年度全面 收益合計		58,080	68,989
Earnings per share for profit attributable to the equity holders of the Company during the year (expressed in HK cents per share) — Basic and diluted	按年內本公司所有者應佔溢利 計算之每股溢利 (以每股港仙為單位) — 基本及攤薄	15	7.04 cents 港仙	13.05 cents 港仙 ¹

Adjusted for the effect of the bonus shares issue on 8 June 2016

已就二零一六年六月八日紅股發行之影響作出調整

The notes on pages 94 to 157 are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.



Consolidated Statement of Financial Position SAIL TO SAIL TO NEW PROSPECTS

綜合財務狀況表

As at 31 March 2017 於二零一七年三月三十一日

			2017	2016
			二零一七年	二零一六年
		Notes	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		附註	千港元	千港元
ASSETS	資產			
Non-current assets	非流動資產			
Property, plant and equipment	物業、廠房及設備	16	165,666	148,584
Investment properties	投資物業	17	32,700	28,400
Deferred income tax assets	遞延税項資產	26	2,618	3,158
Trade, retention and other receivables	應收賬款、應收保留款及		ĺ	
	其他應收款	20	10,418	19,083
			211 102	100.005
			211,402	199,225
Current assets	流動資產			
Inventories	存貨	19	146,058	130,628
Current income tax recoverable	可收回本期税項		6,131	3,773
Trade, retention and other receivables	應收賬款、應收保留款及			
	其他應收款	20	136,587	148,315
Derivative financial assets	衍生金融資產	21	_	1,310
Restricted cash	受限制現金	22	2,981	2,966
Cash and cash equivalents	現金及現金等價物	23	79,706	127,781
			371,463	414,773
Total assets	總資產		582,865	613,998
EQUITY	權益			
Equity attributable to equity	本公司所有者應佔權益			
holders of the Company				
Share capital	股本	27	60,060	30,030
Reserves	儲備	28	371,804	394,805
Total equity	總權益		431,864	424,835
LIABILITIES	負債			
Current liabilities	流動負債			
Trade and other payables	應付賬款及其他應付款	24	43,041	69,264
Receipts in advance	預收款項	24	47,175	39,614
Derivative financial liabilities	衍生金融負債	21	_	377
Borrowings	借款	25	38,115	58,851
Current income tax liabilities	本期税項負債		3,252	4,515
			131,583	172,621



Consolidated Statement of Financial Position

綜合財務狀況表

As at 31 March 2017 於二零一七年三月三十一日

		Notes 附註	2017 二零一七年 HK\$'000 千港元	2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000 千港元
Non-current liabilities Deferred income tax liabilities	非流動負債 遞延税項負債	26 _	19,418	16,542
Total liabilities	總負債	==	151,001	189,163
Total equity and liabilities	總權益及負債	_	582,865	613,998

The consolidated financial statements on pages 87 to 157 were approved by the Board of Directors on 27 June 2017 and were signed on its behalf.

第87至157頁的綜合財務報表已經董事會於二 零一七年六月二十七日批准,並由下列董事代 表簽署。

TSE Sun Fat, Henry 謝新法 Director 董事 TSE Sun Po, Tony 謝新寶 Director 董事

The notes on pages 94 to 157 are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.



Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity SAIL TO NEW PROSPECTS

綜合權益變動表

For the year ended 31 March 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

		Share capital 股本 HK\$'000 千港元	Share premium 股份溢價 HK\$'000 千港元	Revaluation reserve 重估儲備 HK\$'000 千港元	Merger reserve 合併儲備 HK\$'000 千港元	Capital reserve 資本儲備 HK\$'000 千港元	Exchange reserve 匯兑儲備 HK\$'000 千港元	Statutory reserve 法定儲備 HK\$'000 千港元	Retained earnings 保留溢利 HK\$'000 千港元	Total 合計 HK\$'000 千港元
At 1 April 2015	於二零一五年 四月一日	30,030	31,231	113,247	6,979	2,896	2,789	1,361	200,346	388,879
Profit for the year Other comprehensive income Exchange loss on translation of financial statements of foreig	换算海外業務財務	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	78,377	78,377
operations Release of exchange reserve of a deregistered subsidiary	解除撤銷註冊附屬 公司的外匯儲備	-	-	-	-	-	(737)	-	-	(737)
(note 7) Loss on revaluation of properties held for own use Tax effect relating to	(附註7) 持作自用物業重估 虧損 有關重估自用物業之	-	-	(9,470)	-	-	(744)	-	-	(744) (9,470)
revaluation of properties held for own use	税項影響			1,563						1,563
Total comprehensive income	全面收益合計			(7,907)		-	(1,481)		78,377	68,989
Dividends (note 14(a)) Appropriation to statutory	股息(附註14(a)) 法定儲備分配	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(33,033)	(33,033)
reserve (note 28)	(附註28)							810	(810)	
Transactions with owners	與所有者之交易	-	-	-	-	-	-	810	(33,843)	(33,033)
At 31 March 2016	於二零一六年 三月三十一日	30,030	31,231	105,340	6,979	2,896	1,308	2,171	244,880	424,835

The notes on pages 94 to 157 are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.





Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity

綜合權益變動表

For the year ended 31 March 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

		Share capital 股本 HK\$'000 千港元	Share premium 股份溢價 HK\$'000 千港元	Revaluation reserve 重估儲備 HK\$'000 千港元	Merger reserve 合併儲備 HK\$'000 千港元	Capital reserve 資本儲備 HK\$'000 千港元	Exchange reserve 匯兑儲備 HK\$'000 千港元	Statutory reserve 法定儲備 HK\$'000 千港元	Retained earnings 保留溢利 HK\$'000 千港元	Total 合計 HK\$'000 千港元
At 1 April 2016	於二零一六年四月一日	30,030	31,231	105,340	6,979	2,896	1,308	2,171	244,880	424,835
Profit for the year Other comprehensive income Exchange loss on translation of financial statements of foreig	换算海外業務財務報表	-	-	-	-	-	7-	-	42,307	42,307
operations		-	-	-	-	_	(1,734)	-	-	(1,734)
Surplus on revaluation of properties held for own use Tax effect relating to revaluation of properties	持作自用物業重估收益 有關重估自用物業之 税項影響	-	-	20,966	-	-	-	-	-	20,966
held for own use	(元) (八) (八) (八) (八) (八) (八) (八) (八) (八) (八			(3,459)						(3,459)
Total comprehensive income	全面收益合計	-		17,507		-	(1,734)		42,307	58,080
Issue of bonus shares (note 27) Dividends (note 14(a)) Appropriation to statutory	紅股發行(附註27) 股息(附註14(a)) 法定儲備分配	30,030	(30,030)	-	-	-	-	-	(51,051)	(51,051)
reserve (note 28)	(附註28)							(43)	43	
Transactions with owners	與所有者之交易	30,030	(30,030)					(43)	(51,008)	(51,051)
At 31 March 2017	於二零一七年 三月三十一日	60,060	1,201	122,847	6,979	2,896	(426)	2,128	236,179	431,864

The notes on pages 94 to 157 are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows

綜合現金流量表

For the year ended 31 March 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

			2017	2016
		Notes	二零一七年 HK\$'000	二零一六年 HK\$'000
		附註	千港元	千港元
Cash flows from operating activities	經營活動之現金流量			
Cash generated from operations	經營產生之現金	29	44,606	100,337
Income tax paid	已付税項	_	(12,064)	(24,930)
Net cash generated from operating	經營活動產生淨現金			
activities	超呂伯男庄生伊况並		32,542	75,407
		-		
Cash flows from investing activities	投資活動之現金流量			
(Payment for)/proceeds from settlement of forward contracts	遠期合約交割(付款)/所得款項		(584)	318
Purchase of investment properties	購買投資物業		(304)	(30,593)
Purchase of property, plant and equipment			(6,586)	(4,767)
Proceeds from disposal of property,	出售物業、廠房及設備之			
plant and equipment	所得款項	29	- 44	25
Interest received	已收利息	-		427
Net cash used in investing activities	投資活動所用淨現金	-	(7,126)	(34,590)
Cash flows from financing activities	融資活動之現金流量			
Proceeds from borrowings	借款所得款項		12,151	16,758
Repayments of borrowings	償還借款		(21,464)	(10,648)
Interest paid on bank borrowings	已付銀行借款利息		(1,005)	(872)
Repayment of trust receipt loans	信託收據貸款之還款		(11,423)	(7,809)
(Increase)/decrease in restricted cash Dividends paid	受限制現金(增加)/減少 已付股息		(15) (51.051)	824 (33,033)
Dividends paid	山的成息	-	(51,051)	(55,055)
Net cash used in financing activities	融資活動所用淨現金	-	(72,807)	(34,780)
Net (decrease)/increase in cash and	現金及現金等價物淨(減少)/			
cash equivalents	增加		(47,391)	6,037
Cash and cash equivalents at	年初現金及現金等價物			
beginning of the year			127,781	121,959
Exchange loss on cash and	現金及現金等價物匯兑虧損			
cash equivalents			(684)	(215)
Cash and cash equivalents	年終現金及現金等價物			
at end of the year	一点勿业人为业可以	23	79,706	127,781

The notes on pages 94 to 157 are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.



Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

1 GENERAL INFORMATION

E. Bon Holdings Limited ("the Company") is a limited liability company incorporated in the Cayman Islands. The address of its registered office is Cricket Square, Hutchins Drive, P.O. Box 2681, Grand Cayman, KY1-1111, Cayman Islands and its principal place of business is 16th–18th Floors, First Commercial Building, 33 Leighton Road, Causeway Bay, Hong Kong. Its shares are listed on the Main Board of The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange").

The principal activity of the Company is investment holding. Its subsidiaries are principally engaged in the importing, wholesale and installation of architectural builders' hardware, bathroom, kitchen collections and furniture in Hong Kong and the People's Republic of China (the "PRC").

These consolidated financial statements are presented in Hong Kong dollars, unless otherwise stated. These consolidated financial statements have been approved for issue by the Board of Directors on 27 June 2017.

2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these consolidated financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

2.1 Basis of preparation

The consolidated financial statements of E. Bon Holdings Limited have been prepared in accordance with all applicable Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards ("HKFRS"). The consolidated financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, as modified by the revaluation of leasehold land and buildings held for own use, investment properties and derivative financial instruments, which are carried at fair values.

1 一般資料

怡邦行控股有限公司(「本公司」)為於開曼群島註冊成立之有限責任公司,其註冊辦事 處 地 址 為 Cricket Square, Hutchins Drive, P.O. Box 2681, Grand Cayman, KY1-1111, Cayman Islands 及其主要營業地點為香港銅鑼灣禮頓道33號第一商業大廈16至18樓。其股份於香港聯合交易所有限公司(「聯交所」)之主板上市。

本公司的主要業務為投資控股。其附屬公司主要於香港及中華人民共和國(「中國」) 從事進口、批發及安裝建築五金、衛浴、 廚房設備及傢俬。

除另有説明外,該等綜合財務報表以港元 呈列。該等綜合財務報表已於二零一七年 六月二十七日獲董事會批准刊發。

2 主要會計政策概要

編製該等綜合財務報表所採用主要會計政 策載列如下。除另有説明外,該等政策於 所有呈報年度貫徹採用。

2.1 編製基準

怡邦行控股有限公司之綜合財務報表 乃根據所有適用香港財務報告準則」)編製。本 合財務報告準則」)編製。本常規 会財務報表依據歷史成本常規法編 製,並已就持作自用租賃土地及樓 字、投資物業及衍生金融工具之重估 作出調整,按其公允值列賬。



2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

2.1 Basis of preparation (cont'd)

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with HKFRS requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise its judgment in the process of applying the Group's accounting policies. The areas involving a higher degree of judgment or complexity, or areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to the consolidated financial statements are disclosed in note 4.

(a) The following new standards and amendments to standards are mandatory for the first time for the financial year beginning on or after 1 January 2016 but they have no significant impact to the Group's results and financial position or are not currently relevant to the Group:

Amendment to HKAS 1 Disclosure initiative

Amendment to Clarification of acceptable HKAS 16 and 38 methods of depreciation and amortisation Amendment to Equity method in separate HKAS 27 financial statements Amendment to Investment entities: HKFRS 10. Applying the HKFRS 12 and consolidation exception HKAS 28

Amendment to
HKFRS 11
Of interests in joint
operations
HKFRS 14
Accounting for acquisitions
of interests in joint
operations
Regulatory deferral accounts

Annual Improvements
Project
Annual improvements
2012–2014 cycle

2 主要會計政策概要(續)

2.1 編製基準(續)

根據香港財務報告準則編製財務報表 須使用若干重要會計估計,亦須管理 層在應用本集團會計政策時行使其判 斷。涉及高度判斷或複雜性,或其假 設及估計對綜合財務報表而言屬重大 之範圍,於附註4中披露。

(a) 下列各項新準則及準則修訂本 乃強制規定於二零一六年一月 一日或之後開始之財政年度首 次採納,惟並無對本集團的業 績及財務狀況造成重大影響或 目前不適用於本集團:

> 香港會計準則 披露方法 第1號修訂本 香港會計準則第16號 澄清可接受之折舊 及香港會計準則 及攤銷方法 第38號修訂本 香港會計準則 獨立財務報表之 權益法 第27號修訂本 香港財務報告準則 投資實體:應用 第10號、香港財務 綜合賬目之 例外情況 報告準則第12號及 香港會計準則 第28號修訂本 香港財務報告準則 收購合營業務權益 第11號修訂本 之會計處理 香港財務報告準則 監管遞延賬目 第14號 年度改進項目 二零一二年至 二零一四年週期 之年度改進





Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

2.1 Basis of preparation (cont'd)

(b) New standards, amendments to standards and interpretations have been issued but are not effective for the financial year beginning on or after 1 January 2016 and have not been early adopted:

2 主要會計政策概要(續)

2.1 編製基準(續)

(b) 已頒佈惟於二零一六年一月一 日或之後開始之財政年度尚未 生效且並無提早採納之新準 則、準則修訂本及詮釋:

> Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 於下列日期 或之後開始之 年度期間生效

Amendment to HKFRS 10 and HKAS 28	Sale or contribution of assets between an investor and its associate or joint venture	To be determined
香港財務報告準則第10號及 香港會計準則第28號修訂本	投資者與其聯營公司或合營公司之間的 資產出售及注資	尚待釐定
Amendment to HKAS 7	Disclosure initiative	1 January 2017
香港會計準則第7號修訂本	披露方法	二零一七年 一月一日
Amendment to HKAS 12	Recognition of deferred tax assets for unrealised losses	1 January 2017
香港會計準則第12號修訂本	就未變現虧損確認遞延税項資產	二零一七年 一月一日
Amendment to HKFRS 2	Classification and measurement of share-based payment transactions	1 January 2018
香港財務報告準則第2號修訂本	以股份為基礎的付款交易分類及計量	二零一八年 一月一日
Amendment to HKAS 40	Transfers of investment property	1 January 2018
香港會計準則第40號修訂本	投資物業的轉讓	二零一八年
HK(IFRIC)-Int 22	Foreign currency transactions and advance consideration	一月一日 1 January 2018
香港(國際財務報告詮釋委員會) - 註釋第22號	外幣交易及預支代價	二零一八年 一月一日
HKFRS 9	Financial instruments	1 January 2018
香港財務報告準則第9號	金融工具	二零一八年 一月一日
HKFRS 15	Revenue from contracts with customers	1 January 2018
香港財務報告準則第15號	來自客戶合約的收益	二零一八年
HKFRS 16	Leases	一月一日 1 January 2010
香港財務報告準則第16號	A 賃	1 January 2019 二零一九年
省伦州份和百毕则第10 號	/出具	一 一 一月一日
		一月一日



2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

2.1 Basis of preparation (cont'd)

(b) (cont'd)

The Group is in the process of assessing the impact of adoption of these new standards, amendments to existing standards and interpretations, which the Group plans to adopt when they become effective. The Group is not yet in a position to state whether substantial changes to the Group's accounting policies and the presentation of the financial statements will be resulted.

2.2 Subsidiaries

2.2.1 Consolidation

A subsidiary is an entity (including a structured entity) over which the Group has control. The Group controls an entity when the Group is exposed to, or has rights to, variable returns from its involvement with the entity and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the entity. Subsidiaries are consolidated from the date on which control is transferred to the Group. They are deconsolidated from the date that control ceases.

Intra-group transactions, balances and unrealised gains on transactions between group companies are eliminated. Unrealised losses are also eliminated. When necessary, amounts reported by subsidiaries have been adjusted to conform with the Group's accounting policies.

2.2.2 Separate financial statements

Investments in subsidiaries are accounted for at cost less impairment. Cost also includes direct attributable costs of investment. The results of subsidiaries are accounted for by the Company on the basis of dividend received and receivable.

Impairment testing of the investments in subsidiaries is required upon receiving dividends from these investments if the dividend exceeds the total comprehensive income of the subsidiary in the period the dividend is declared or if the carrying amount of the investment in the separate financial statements exceeds the carrying amount in the consolidated financial statements of the investee's net assets including goodwill.

2 主要會計政策概要(續)

2.1 編製基準(續)

(b) (續)

本集團計劃於上述新準則。現有準則修訂本及詮釋生效納生之。 納上述各項,現正評估採納上述各項之影響。本集團之處計與叛無無 就在與人。 在定本集團之會計出現重大變 報表之呈列是否將出現重大變動。

2.2 附屬公司

2.2.1 綜合賬目

集團內公司間之交易、結餘及及集團內公司間之交易之未餘段及內公司間交易之未變現所對對的。未變現所屬公對對於公對對於公類,附數之。 是報見之會計政策一致。

2.2.2獨立財務報表

附屬公司投資按成本扣除減值 列賬。成本亦包括投資之直接 應佔成本。附屬公司之業績由 本公司按已收及應收股息入賬。



Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

2.3 Segment reporting

Operating segments are reported in a manner consistent with the internal reporting provided to the chief operating decision-maker. The chief operating decision-maker, who is responsible for allocating resources and assessing performance of the operating segments, has been identified as the executive directors that make strategic decisions.

2.4 Foreign currency translation

(a) Functional and presentation currency

Items included in the financial statements of each of the Group's entities are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates ("the functional currency"). The consolidated financial statements are presented in Hong Kong dollars (HK\$), which is the Company's functional and the Group's presentation currency.

(b) Transactions and balances

Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using the exchange rates prevailing at the dates of the transactions or valuation where items are re-measured. Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions and from the translation at year-end exchange rates of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are recognised in the profit or loss.

All foreign exchange gains and losses are presented within "Other gains/(losses), net" in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income.

2 主要會計政策概要(續)

2.3 分部報告

經營分部按照向首席經營決策者提供 內部報告貫徹一致之方式報告。首席 經營決策者被認定為作出策略性決定 之執行董事,負責分配資源及評估經 營分部之表現。

2.4 外幣換算

(a) 功能及呈列貨幣

(b) 交易及結餘

所有匯兑收益及虧損均於綜合 全面收益表內「其他收益/(虧 損),淨額 | 呈列。



2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

2.4 Foreign currency translation (cont'd)

(c) Group companies

The results and financial position of all the group entities (none of which has the currency of a hyperinflationary economy) that have a functional currency different from the presentation currency are translated into the presentation currency as follows:

- (i) assets and liabilities for each statement of financial position presented are translated at the closing rate at the date of that statement of financial position;
- (ii) income and expenses for each statement of comprehensive income are translated at average exchange rates (unless this average is not a reasonable approximation of the cumulative effect of the rates prevailing on the transaction dates, in which case income and expenses are translated at the rate on the dates of the transactions); and
- (iii) all resulting exchange differences are recognised in other comprehensive income.

2.5 Property, plant and equipment

Leasehold land and buildings are stated at revalued amount. Property, plant and equipment, other than leasehold land and buildings, are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses.

Leasehold land and buildings are stated in the consolidated statement of financial position at their revalued amount, being the revaluation value at the date of revaluation less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and amortisation and accumulated impairment losses. Revaluations are performed with sufficient regularity such that the carrying amount does not differ significantly from that which would be determined using revaluation values at the reporting date.

2 主要會計政策概要(續)

2.4 外幣換算(續)

(c) 集團公司

功能貨幣與呈列貨幣不同之所 有集團內實體(當中沒有惡性通 貨膨脹經濟之貨幣)之業績及財 務狀況按以下方法換算為呈列 貨幣:

- (i) 每份呈列之財務狀況表內 之資產及負債按該財務狀 況表日期之收市匯率換 算;
- (ii) 每份綜合全面收益表內之 收益及開支按平均匯率 算(除非此匯率並不代表 交易日期匯率之累計影響 之合理約數;在此情況 下,收益及開支則按交 日期之匯率換算);及
- (iii) 所有由此產生之匯兑差額 在其他全面收益確認。

2.5 物業、廠房及設備

租賃土地與樓宇以重估價值列賬。除 租賃土地與樓宇外,物業、廠房及設 備按成本扣除累計折舊及累計減值虧 損入賬。

租賃土地與樓宇於綜合財務狀況表以重估價值(即重估當日之重估價值減該重估後之累計折舊、攤銷及累計減值虧損)列賬。租賃土地與樓宇得到定期重估,確保其賬面值與於報告日之重估價值不會產生重大差異。



Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

2.5 Property, plant and equipment (cont'd)

Any revaluation increase arising on the revaluation of leasehold land and buildings is credited to the revaluation reserve, except to the extent that it reverses a revaluation decrease of the same assets previously recognised as an expense, in which case the increase is credited to the profit or loss to the extent of the decrease previously charged. A decrease in net carrying amount arising on revaluation of an asset is dealt with as an expense to the extent that it exceeds the balance, if any, on the revaluation reserve relating to a previous revaluation of that asset.

Historical cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to the acquisition of the items. Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognised as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Group and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. The carrying amount of the replaced part is derecognised. All other repairs and maintenance are charged to profit or loss during the financial period in which they are incurred.

Depreciation of property, plant and equipment is calculated using the straight-line method to allocate their cost or revalued amounts over their estimated useful lives, as follows:

Leasehold land and	Over the shorter of
buildings	unexpired term of lease or
	50 years
Leasehold improvements	Over the shorter of lease
	terms or 5 years
Furniture, fixtures and	20%
equipment	
Motor vehicles	20%

The assets' useful lives are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at the end of each reporting period.

An asset's carrying amount is written down immediately to its recoverable amount if the asset's carrying amount is greater than its estimated recoverable amount.

2 主要會計政策概要(續)

2.5 物業、廠房及設備(續)

重估租賃土地與樓宇產生之重估增加將撥入重估儲備,惟倘撥回同一,則產於早前確認為開支之重估減值,則於早前確認為開支之重估減值,則除沒有,惟以早前扣除撥入損益內,惟以早前扣除之減值為限。重估資產產生之賬實產生之賬價產生之。 減值,倘超過重估儲備內就該資產先前重估之結餘(如有),則當作開支扣減。

物業、廠房及設備之折舊乃按估計可 使用年期將其成本或重估價值以直線 法分攤計算如下:

租賃土地 未到期之租賃 年期或50年 (以較短者為準) 租賃物業裝修 租賃年期或5年 (以較短者為準) 像低、裝置 20% 及設備 汽車 20%

資產可使用年期於各報告期末進行檢 討及修正(如適用)。

若資產之賬面值高於其估計可收回金額,其賬面值即時撇減至可收回金額。



2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

2.5 Property, plant and equipment (cont'd)

Gains and losses on disposals are determined by comparing the proceeds with the carrying amounts and are recognised in the profit or loss. On disposal of a revalued asset, the relevant portion of the asset revaluation reserve realised in respect of previous valuations is transferred to retained earnings as a movement in reserve.

2.6 Investment property

Investment property, principally comprising leasehold land and buildings, is held for long-term rental yields or for capital appreciation or both, and that is not occupied by the Group. Investment property is initially measured at cost, including related transaction costs and where applicable borrowing costs. After initial recognition, investment properties are carried at fair value, representing open market value determined at each reporting date by external valuers. Fair value is based on active market prices, adjusted, if necessary, for any difference in the nature, location or condition of the specific asset. Changes in fair values are recorded in the profit or loss within "Other gains/ (losses), net".

2.7 Impairment of non-financial assets

Assets that have an indefinite useful life are not subject to amortisation and are tested annually for impairment. Assets that are subject to amortisation are reviewed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable. An impairment loss is recognised for the amount by which the asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less costs to sell and value in use. For the purposes of assessing impairment, assets are grouped at the lowest levels for which there are separately identifiable cash flows (cash-generating units). Non-financial assets other than goodwill that suffered an impairment are reviewed for possible reversal of the impairment at each reporting date.

2 主要會計政策概要(續)

2.5 物業、廠房及設備(續)

出售之收益及虧損按所得款與賬面值 之差額釐定,並在損益內確認。於出 售重估資產時,就先前估值變現之資 產重估儲備之相關部分作為儲備變動 轉入保留溢利。

2.6 投資物業

2.7 非金融資產減值



Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

2.8 Financial assets

2.8.1 Classification

The Group classifies its financial assets as fair value through profit or loss and loans and receivables. The classification depends on the purpose for which the financial assets were acquired. Management determines the classification of its financial assets at initial recognition.

(a) Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are financial assets held for trading. A financial asset is classified in this category if acquired principally for the purpose of selling in the short term. Derivatives are also categorised as held for trading unless they are designated as hedges. Assets in this category are classified as current assets if expected to be settled within 12 months; otherwise, they are classified as non-current.

(b) Loans and receivables

Loans and receivables are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market. They are included in current assets, except for the amounts that are settled or expected to be settled more than 12 months after the end of the reporting period. These are classified as non-current assets. The Group's loans and receivables comprise "trade, retention and other receivables", "restricted cash" and "cash and cash equivalents" in the consolidated statement of financial position.

2 主要會計政策概要(續)

2.8 金融資產

2.8.1 分類

本集團將其金融資產分為按公允值計入損益和貸款及應收款。上述分類乃按收購金融資產之目的而定。管理層於金融資產首次確認時作出分類。

(a) 按公允值計入損益之金融 資產

(b) 貸款及應收款



2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

2.8 Financial assets (cont'd)

2.8.2 Recognition and measurement

Regular way purchases and sales of financial assets are recognised on the trade-date — the date on which the Group commits to purchase or sell the asset. Financial assets carried at fair value through profit or loss are initially recognised at fair value, and transaction costs are expensed in the profit or loss. Financial assets are derecognised when the rights to receive cash flows from the investments have expired or have been transferred and the Group has transferred substantially all risks and rewards of ownership. Loans and receivables are subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

2.9 Offsetting financial instruments

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount reported in the consolidated statement of financial position when there is a legally enforceable right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

The legally enforceable right must not be contingent on future events and must be enforceable in the normal course of business and in the event of default, insolvency or bankruptcy of the company or the counterparty.

2.10 Impairment of financial assets

The Group assesses at the end of each reporting period whether there is objective evidence that a financial asset or group of financial assets is impaired. A financial asset or a group of financial assets is impaired and impairment losses are incurred only if there is objective evidence of impairment as a result of one or more events that occurred after the initial recognition of the asset (a "loss event") and that loss event (or events) has an impact on the estimated future cash flows of the financial asset or a group of financial assets that can be reliably estimated.

2 主要會計政策概要(續)

2.8 金融資產(續)

2.8.2 確認及計量

2.9 抵銷金融工具

當有法定可執行權力可抵銷已確認金額,並有意按淨額基準結算或同時變 現資產及結算負債時,金融資產與負 債可互相抵銷,並在綜合財務狀況表 報告其淨額。

法定可執行權利必須不得依賴未來事件而定,而在一般業務過程中以及倘公司或對手方一旦出現違約、無償債能力或破產時,這也必須具有約束力。

2.10 金融資產減值



Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

2.10 Impairment of financial assets (cont'd)

For loans and receivables category, the amount of the loss is measured as the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows (excluding future credit losses that have not been incurred) discounted at the financial asset's original effective interest rate. The carrying amount of the asset is reduced and the amount of the loss is recognised in the profit or loss.

If, in a subsequent period, the amount of the impairment loss decreases and the decrease can be related objectively to an event occurring after the impairment was recognised, the reversal of the previously recognised impairment loss is recognised in the profit or loss.

2.11 Derivative financial instruments

Derivatives are initially recognised at fair value on the date a derivative contract is entered into and are subsequently remeasured at their fair value. The gain or loss relating to the fair value re-measurement is recognised immediately in the profit or loss within "Other gains/(losses), net".

2.12 Inventories

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost is determined using the first-in, first-out (FIFO) method. Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less applicable variable selling expenses.

2.13 Trade, retention and other receivables

Trade and retention receivables are amounts due from customers for merchandise sold or services performed in the ordinary course of business. If collection of trade, retention and other receivables is expected in one year or less (or in the normal operating cycle of the business if longer), they are classified as current assets. If not, they are presented as non-current assets.

Trade, retention and other receivables are recognised initially at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less provision for impairment.

2 主要會計政策概要(續)

2.10 金融資產減值(續)

對於貸款及應收款類別,虧損金額乃 根據資產賬面值與按金融資產原實際 利率貼現而估計未來現金流量(不包 括仍未產生之未來信用損失)之現值 兩者之差額計量。資產賬面值予以削 減,而虧損金額則在損益確認。

倘在其後期間,減值虧損數額減少, 而此減少可客觀聯繫至減值確認後發 生之事件,則之前已確認之減值虧損 可在損益確認撥回。

2.11 衍生金融工具

衍生工具於訂立衍生工具合約日期按公允值初步確認,其後按其公允值重新計量。重新計量公允值的相關收益或虧損即時於損益「其他收益/(虧損),淨額」確認。

2.12 存貨

存貨按成本與可變現淨值兩者中之較低者入賬。成本採用先進先出法計算。可變現淨值為在日常業務過程中之估計銷售價,減適用的變動銷售開支。

2.13 應收賬款、應收保留款及其他應收款 應收賬款及應收保留款為在日常應收 過程中就銷售商品或履行服務而應收 客戶之款項。如應收賬款、應收保留 款及其他應收款預期在一年或以內 (或倘時間更長,則於業務之一般營 運週期內)收回,其獲分類為流動資 產;否則呈列為非流動資產。

> 應收賬款、應收保留款及其他應收款 初步以公允值確認,其後利用實際利 率法按攤銷成本扣除減值撥備計量。



2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

2.14 Cash and cash equivalents

In the consolidated statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents include cash in hand and deposits held at call with banks.

2.15 Share capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity.

2.16 Trade and other payables

Trade payables are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Trade and other payable are classified as current liabilities if payment is due within one year or less (or in the normal operating cycle of the business if longer). If not, they are presented as non-current liabilities.

Trade payables are recognised initially at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

2.17 Borrowings

Borrowings are recognised initially at fair value, net of transaction costs incurred. Borrowings are subsequently carried at amortised cost; any difference between the proceeds (net of transaction costs) and the redemption value is recognised in the profit or loss over the period of the borrowings using the effective interest method.

Borrowings are classified as current liabilities unless the Group has an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least 12 months after the end of the reporting period.

2.18 Borrowings costs

General and specific borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of qualifying assets, which are assets that necessarily take a substantial period of time to get ready for their intended use or sale, are added to the cost of those assets, until such time as the assets are substantially ready for their intended use or sale.

All other borrowing costs are recognised in the profit or loss in the period in which they are incurred.

2 主要會計政策概要(續)

2.14 現金及現金等價物

在綜合現金流量表中,現金及現金等價物包括手頭現金及銀行通知存款。

2.15 股本

普通股被列為權益。

2.16 應付賬款及其他應付款

應付賬款為在日常業務過程中向供應商購買商品或服務而應支付之負債。如應付賬款及其他應付款之支付日期為一年或以內(或倘時間更長,則於業務之一般營運週期內),其獲分類為流動負債;否則呈列為非流動負債。

應付賬款初步以公允值確認,其後利 用實際利息法按攤銷成本計量。

2.17 借款

借款初步按公允值並扣除產生之交易費用確認。借款其後按攤銷成本列賬;所得款(扣除交易成本)與贖回價值之任何差額利用實際利率法於借款期間在損益確認。

除非本集團可無條件將負債之結算遞 延至報告期末後最少12個月,否則 借款分類為流動負債。

2.18 借款成本

直接歸屬於收購、興建或生產合資格 資產(指必須經一段長時間處理以作 其預定用途或銷售之資產)之一般及 特定借款成本將加入該等資產之成本 內,直至資產大致上備妥供其預定用 途或銷售為止。

所有其他借款成本在產生期間於損益 確認。



Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

2.19 Current and deferred income tax

The tax expense for the period comprises current and deferred income tax. Tax is recognised in profit or loss, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity. In this case the tax is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, respectively.

(a) Current income tax

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of the tax laws enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date in the countries where the Company and the Company's subsidiaries operate and generate taxable income. Management periodically evaluates positions taken in tax returns with respect to situations in which applicable tax regulation is subject to interpretation. It establishes provisions where appropriate on the basis of amounts expected to be paid to the tax authorities.

(b) Deferred income tax

Inside basis differences

Deferred income tax is recognised, using the liability method, on temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the consolidated financial statements. However, deferred income tax liabilities are not recognised if they arise from the initial recognition of goodwill, the deferred income tax is not accounted for if it arises from initial recognition of an asset or liability in a transaction other than a business combination that at the time of the transaction affects neither accounting nor taxable profit or loss. Deferred income tax is determined using tax rates (and laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date and are expected to apply when the related deferred income tax asset is realised or the deferred income tax liability is settled.

Deferred income tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the temporary differences can be utilised.

2 主要會計政策概要(續)

2.19 本期及遞延税項

本期間之稅項支出包括本期及遞延稅項。稅項在損益確認,惟與在其他全面收益或直接在權益確認之項目有關者則除外。在有關情況下,稅項亦分別在其他全面收益或直接在權益中確認。

(a) 本期税項

(b) 遞延税項

內在差異

遞延税項利用負債法確認資產 及負債之税基與資產及負債在 綜合財務報表之賬面值之差額 而產生之暫時性差異。然而, 若遞延税項負債來自對商譽之 初步確認,以及若遞延税項來 自在交易(不包括業務合併)中 對資產或負債之初步確認,而 在交易時不影響會計損益或應 課税損益,則不予確認或入 賬。遞延税項採用在資產負債 表日前已頒佈或實質上已頒 佈,並在相關遞延稅項資產變 現或遞延税項負債結算時預期 將會適用之税率(及法例)而釐 定。

遞延税項資產僅於很可能有未 來應課稅溢利可抵銷暫時性差 異時確認。



2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

2.19 Current and deferred income tax (cont'd)

(b) Deferred income tax (cont'd)

Outside basis differences

Deferred income tax liabilities are not provided on temporary differences arising on investment in subsidiaries because the timing of the reversal of the temporary difference is controlled by the Group and it is probable that the temporary difference will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

Deferred income tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the temporary differences can be utilised.

(c) Offsetting

Deferred income tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to offset current tax assets against current tax liabilities and when the deferred income tax assets and liabilities relate to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority on either the taxable entity or different taxable entities where there is an intention to settle the balances on a net basis.

2.20 Employee benefits

Pension obligations

A defined contribution plan is a pension plan under which the Group pays fixed contributions into a separate entity. The Group has no legal or constructive obligations to pay further contributions if the fund does not hold sufficient assets to pay all employees the benefits relating to employee service in the current and prior periods. A defined benefit plan is a pension plan that is not a defined contribution plan.

For defined contribution plans, the Group pays contributions to publicly or privately administered pension insurance plans on a mandatory, contractual or voluntary basis. The Group has no further payment obligations once the contributions have been paid. The contributions are recognised as employee benefit expense when they are due. Prepaid contributions are recognised as an asset to the extent that a cash refund or a reduction in the future payments is available.

2 主要會計政策概要(續)

2.19 本期及遞延税項(續)

(b) 遞延税項(續)

外在差異

由於本集團可以控制暫時性差 異之撥回時間,且暫時性差異 在可預見將來可能不會撥回, 故並不會就於附屬公司之投 而產生之暫時差異計提遞延稅 項負債。

遞延稅項資產僅於很可能有未 來應課稅溢利可抵銷暫時性差 異時確認。

(c) 抵銷

2.20 員工福利

退休金責任

界定供款計劃是本集團向一個單獨實體支付定額供款之退休計劃。若該基金並無持有足夠資產向所有員工就其在本期及以往期間之服務支付福利,本集團亦無法定或推定義務支付進一步供款。界定受益計劃為非界定供款計劃之退休計劃。

就界定供款計劃而言,本集團以強制 性、合同性或自願性方式向公開或私 人管理之退休保險計劃供款。本集團 作出供款後,即無進一步付款義務。 供款在應付時確認為員工福利費用。 預付供款按照現金退款或可減少未來 付款而確認為資產。



Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

2.21 Provisions

Provisions are recognised when: the Group has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of past events; it is probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation; and the amount has been reliably estimated.

Where there are a number of similar obligations, the likelihood that an outflow will be required in settlement is determined by considering the class of obligations as a whole. A provision is recognised even if the likelihood of an outflow with respect to any one item included in the same class of obligations may be small.

Provisions are measured at the present value of the expenditures expected to be required to settle the obligation using a pre-tax rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the obligation. The increase in the provision due to passage of time is recognised as finance cost.

2.22 Revenue recognition

Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, and represents amounts receivable for goods supplied, stated net of discounts and returns. The Group recognises revenue when the amount of revenue can be reliably measured; when it is probable that future economic benefits will flow to the entity; and when specific criteria have been met for each of the Group's activities, as described below. The Group bases its estimates of return on historical results, taking into consideration the type of customer, the type of transaction and the specifics of each arrangement.

(a) Sales of goods

Revenue from sales of goods is recognised on the transfer of significant risks and rewards of ownership, which generally coincides with the time when the goods are delivered and the title has passed to the customers.

2 主要會計政策概要(續)

2.21 撥備

當本集團因已發生之事件而產生現有 之法律或推定義務;很可能需要資源 流出以結算該義務;及金額已獲可靠 估計時,本集團將確認撥備。

倘有多項類似義務,則根據義務之類 別全面考慮結算時會否需要有資源流 出。即使在同一義務類別所包含任何 一個項目相關之資源流出之可能性極 低,仍須確認撥備。

撥備採用税前利率按預期需結算有關 義務之支出現值計量,該利率反映當 時市場對金錢時間值及有關義務特定 風險之評估。隨時間增加之撥備將確 認為財務費用。

2.22 收益確認

(a) 銷售貨品

銷售貨品之收益在所有權之重 大風險及報酬轉移時確認,一 般與貨品送交客戶及所有權轉 移之時間相同。



2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

2.22 Revenue recognition (cont'd)

(b) Contract revenue

A construction contract is defined by HKAS 11 as a contract specifically negotiated for the construction of an asset.

When the outcome of a construction contract can be estimated reliably and it is probable that the contract will be profitable, contract revenue is recognised over the period of the contract by reference to the stage of completion. Contract costs are recognised as cost of sales by reference to the stage of completion of the contract activity at the end of the reporting period. When it is probable that total contract costs will exceed total contract revenue, the expected loss is recognised as an expense immediately.

When the outcome of a construction contract cannot be estimated reliably, contract revenue is recognised only to the extent of contract costs incurred that are likely to be recoverable.

Variations in contract work, claims and incentive payments are included in contract revenue to the extent that may have been agreed with the customer and are capable of being reliably measured.

The Group uses the "percentage-of-completion" method to determine the appropriate amount to recognise in a given period. The stage of completion is determined by using a method that measures reliably the work performed. Depending the terms and information available for individual construction contracts, the Group estimates the stage of completion by reference to either surveys of work performed or the completion of a physical proportion of the contract work.

On the consolidated statement of financial position, the Group reports the net contract position for each contract as either an asset or a liability. A contract represents an asset where costs incurred plus recognised profits (less recognised losses) exceed progress billings; a contract represents liability where the opposite is the case.

2 主要會計政策概要(續)

2.22 收益確認(續)

(b) 合同收益

按香港會計準則第11號,工程 合同是就建築資產具體商議之 合同。

倘工程合同結果未能可靠估算,合同收益僅按照有可能收回之已產生合同成本確認。

合同工程、索償及獎勵金之變 動,就可能與客戶協定並能可 靠計量之數額計入合同收益。

本集團採用「完工百分比法」釐定在既定期間須透過使用別透當當完工階段乃透過使用以適可是一個別工程行工程的方法的所述。視乎個別工程程多時的所述,本集或合同工程。沒料,本集或合同工程。實際工程之則估計完工階段。

本集團在綜合財務狀況表報告 每份合同之淨狀況為資產或負 債。當已產生之成本加上已確 認之溢利(減去已確認之虧損) 超過階段付款,合同將分類為 資產,否則當作負債。



00

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

2.22 Revenue recognition (cont'd)

(c) Rental income

Rental income from investment property is recognised in the profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the term of the lease.

(d) Finance income

Finance income is recognised using the effective interest method. When a loan and receivable is impaired, the Group reduces the carrying amount to its recoverable amount, being the estimated future cash flow discounted at the original effective interest rate of the instrument, and continues unwinding the discount as interest income. Interest income on impaired loans and receivables is recognised using the original effective interest rate.

2.23 Leases

Leases in which a significant portion of the risks and rewards of ownership are retained by the lessor are classified as operating leases. Payments made under operating leases (net of any incentives received from the lessor) are charged to profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the period of the lease.

2.24 Dividend distribution

Dividend distribution to the Company's shareholders is recognised as a liability in the Group's and the Company's financial statements in the period in which the dividends are approved by the Company's shareholders or directors, where appropriate.

3 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

3.1 Financial risk factors

The Group's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks: market risk (including interest rate risk and foreign currency risk), credit risk and liquidity risk. The Group's overall risk management programme focuses on the unpredictability of financial markets and seeks to minimise potential adverse effects on the Group's financial performance.

2 主要會計政策概要(續)

2.22 收益確認(續)

(c) 租金收入

投資物業租金收入於租期內按 直線基準在損益確認。

(d) 財務收益

財務收益採用實際利率法則實際利率值,實際利率值數,與實際的數域其數。他資數與數學,與實際的數學,與實際的數學,與實際的數學,與實際的數學,與與人類,與與人類,與與人類,與與人類,與與人類,與與人類,與

2.23 租賃

凡租賃擁有權之絕大部分風險及回報 仍歸出租人所有之租賃,均列作經營 租賃。根據經營租賃支付之款項(扣 除自出租人收取之任何獎勵後)於租 賃期以直線法在損益支銷。

2.24 股息分派

向本公司股東分派之股息在股息獲本公司股東或董事(如適用)批准之期間,於本集團及本公司之財務報表確認為負債。

3 財務風險管理

3.1 財務風險因素

本集團面對不同財務風險:市場風險 (包括利率風險及外匯風險)、信貸風 險及流動資金風險。本集團整體風險 管理集中在難以估計之金融市場,並 致力減低對本集團財務表現之潛在不 利影響。



3 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (CONT'D)

3.1 Financial risk factors (cont'd)

(a) Interest rate risk

The Group's income and operating cash flows are substantially independent of changes in market interest rates. The Group's interest rate risk arises from borrowings and interest-bearing bank deposits. Interest-bearing financial assets/liabilities at variable rates expose the Group to cash flow interest rate risk. Interest-bearing financial assets/liabilities at fixed rates expose the Group to fair value interest rate risk.

As at 31 March 2017, if the interest rate had increased/decreased by 50 basis points with all other variables held constant, the Group's profit for the year and retained earnings would increase/decrease by approximately HK\$222,000 (2016: increase/decrease by HK\$343,000). The 50 basis point increase/decrease represents management's assessment of a reasonably possible change in interest rates over the period until the next annual reporting date.

(b) Foreign currency risk

The Group mainly operates in Hong Kong with most of the sales transactions settled in Hong Kong dollars. However, foreign currencies are required to settle the Group's purchases from overseas suppliers.

To manage their foreign exchange risk arising from certain future commercial transactions and recognised liabilities, entities in the Group use forward contracts, transacted with external financial institutions. Foreign exchange risk arises when future commercial transactions or recognised liabilities are denominated in a currency that is not the entity's functional currency.

At 31 March 2017, if the EURO had weakened/strengthened by 5% against the HKD with all other variables held constant, profit for the year would have been approximately HK\$1,020,000 higher/lower (2016: HK\$811,000 higher/lower), respectively, mainly as a result of the foreign exchange gains/losses on translation of EURO denominated cash and bank deposits, trade payables and borrowings.

3 財務風險管理(續)

3.1 財務風險因素(續)

(a) 利率風險

於二零一七年三月三十一日, 假若利率上浮/下浮50基點,則 而所有其他變數維持不留之年度溢利及保留港州 /減少約222,000港元 (二零一六年:增加/減少 343,000港元)。50基點層 浮/下浮區間代表管理層 截至下一年度報告日止之合理 可能利率變動。

(b) 外匯風險

本集團主要於香港營運,故大 部分銷售交易均以港元結算, 但向各海外供應商購貨付款時 則使用外幣。

在二零一七年三月三十一日, 假若歐羅兑港元貶值/升值 5%,而所有其他變數維持不 變,則年度溢利將增加/減少 約1,020,000港元(二零一六年: 增加/減少811,000港元),主 要由於換算以歐羅為單位之 金及銀行存款、應付賬款及借 款產生匯兑收益/虧損所致。





綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

3 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (CONT'D)

3.1 Financial risk factors (cont'd)

(c) Credit risk

The Group's credit risk is primarily attributable to bank balances and trade, retention and other receivables. Bank balances are deposited with banks with sound credit rating and the Group considers the credit risk to be insignificant.

The Group trades with recognised and creditworthy third parties only. It is the Group's policy that all customers who wish to trade on credit terms are subject to credit verification procedures. In addition, receivable balances are monitored on an ongoing basis with the result that the Group's exposure to bad debts is not significant.

The general credit terms allowed range from 30 to 90 days. As at 31 March 2017, the Group does not hold any collateral from customers. 5% (2016: 12%) of the total trade, retention and other receivables was due from the Group's largest customer and 34% (2016: 40%) was due from the five largest customers of the Group as at 31 March 2017.

The maximum exposure to credit risk is represented by the carrying amounts of bank balances, trade, retention and other receivables and derivative financial assets in the consolidated statement of financial position. The Group has no other financial assets carrying significant exposure to credit risk.

3 財務風險管理(續)

3.1 財務風險因素(續)

(c) 信貸風險

本集團之信貸風險主要由銀行 結餘及應收賬款、應收保行款 及其他應收款組成。銀行行 存放於具有良好信貸評級之 行,故本集團認為信貸風險不 大。

本集團准予之信貸期一般介乎 30至90日。於二零一七年三月 三十一日,本集團並無持有客 戶任何抵押。於二零一七年三 月三十一日之應收款中,5%(二 保留款及其他應收款中,5%(二 零一六年:12%)來自本集團最 大客戶及34%(二零一六年: 40%)來自本集團五大客戶。

於綜合財務狀況表中,最高信貸風險為銀行結餘、應收保留款及其他應收款及所生金融資產之賬面值。本集團並無其他金融資產附帶重大信貸風險。



3 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (CONT'D)

3.1 Financial risk factors (cont'd)

(d) Liquidity risk

The Group's policy is to regularly monitor current and expected liquidity requirements to ensure that it maintains sufficient reserves of cash to meet its liquidity requirements in the shorter and longer term.

As at 31 March 2017, the Group held cash and cash equivalents of HK\$79,706,000 (2016: HK\$127,781,000) that are expected to be readily realised to generate cash inflows for managing liquidity risk.

As at 31 March 2017 and 2016, the remaining contractual maturities of the Group's and the Company's financial liabilities, based on undiscounted cash flows, are summarised below:

3 財務風險管理(續)

3.1 財務風險因素(續)

(d) 流動資金風險

本集團定期監察現有及預期之 流動資金需求,以確保本集團 維持足夠現金儲備以滿足短期 及長期流動資金需求。

於二零一七年三月三十一日, 本集團持有現金及現金等價物 79,706,000港元(二零一六年: 127,781,000港元),預期可隨 時變現產生現金流入以管理流 動資金風險。

於二零一七年及二零一六年三 月三十一日,本集團及本公司 按照未貼現現金流量之金融負 債之餘下合同到期日概要如下:

		Total contractual undiscounted cash flows 總合約 未貼現	Less than 3 months	Between 3 months and 1 year 三個月至	Between 1 and 2 years 一至	Between 2 and 5 years	Over 5 years
		現金流量	三個月	一年內	兩年內	五年內	超過五年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
As at 31 March 2017	於二零一七年 三月三十一日						
Trade and other payables Borrowings (Note)	應付賬款及其他應付款借款(附註)	43,041	43,041	-	F -	-	-
— unsecured	— 無抵押	29,359	15,223	14,136	_	_	_
— secured	一 有抵押	9,041	1,420	3,196	1,393	3,032	
As at 31 March 2016	於二零一六年 三月三十一日						
Trade and other payables Borrowings (Note)	應付賬款及其他應付款借款(附註)	69,264	69,264	-	-	-	-
— unsecured	一 無抵押	44,655	22,261	22,394	_	_	_
— secured	一 有抵押	14,720	1,420	4,259	4,616	4,179	246
Foreign exchange forward contract — not qualified for hedge accounting	外匯遠期合約 — 不符合 資格使用對沖會計	•					
— outflow	一 流出	51,462	51,462	-	_	_	-
— inflow	一流入	52,395	52,395				

0 0

0 0

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

3 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (CONT'D)

3.1 Financial risk factors (cont'd)

(d) Liquidity risk (cont'd)

Note: According to Hong Kong Interpretation 5, "Presentation of Financial Statements — Classification by the Borrower of a Term Loan that contains a Repayment on Demand Clause", if a term loan agreement includes an overriding repayment on demand clause ("callable feature"), which gives the lender a clear and unambiguous unconditional right to demand repayment at any time at its sole discretion, a borrower shall classify the term loan as a current liability in its balance sheet, as the borrower does not have an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period. Accordingly the long-term portion of the Group's bank borrowings of HK\$4,363,000 (2016: HK\$8,897,000) were classified as current liabilities in the consolidated statement of financial position as at 31 March 2017.

3.2 Capital management

The Group's objectives on capital management are to safeguard the Group's ability to continue as a going concern in order to provide returns for shareholders and benefits for other stakeholders and to maintain an optimal capital structure to reduce the cost of capital.

In order to maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Group may adjust the amount of dividends paid to shareholders, return capital to shareholders, issue new shares or sell assets to reduce debt.

Consistent with others in the industry, the Group monitors capital on the basis of gearing ratio. This ratio is calculated as net debt divided by total capital. Net debt is calculated as total borrowings less cash and cash equivalents. Total capital is calculated as "equity" as shown in the consolidated statement of financial position plus net debt.

As at 31 March 2017 and 2016, the Group had a net cash position. Gearing ratio is not applicable.

3 財務風險管理(續)

3.1 財務風險因素(續)

(d) 流動資金風險(續)

3.2 資本管理

本集團管理資本之目標為保障本集團 能夠持續經營,從而繼續為股東提供 回報、惠及其他持份者以及維持理想 之資本架構以減低資本成本。

為維持或調整資本結構,本集團或會 調整支付予股東的股息金額、向股東 退回資本、發行新股份,或出售資產 以減少債務。

本集團根據資產負債比率監控其資本,而此亦符合行業一般政策。此此率按債項淨額除以資本總額計算。債項淨額則以總借貸減現金及現金等價物計算。資本總額按綜合財務狀況表所載之「權益」加上債項淨額計算。

於二零一七年及二零一六年三月 三十一日,本集團呈淨現金狀況。資 產負債比率並不適用。



3 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (CONT'D)

3.3 Fair value estimation

The fair values of the Group's financial assets (current portion), including trade, retention and other receivables, restricted cash and cash and cash equivalents; and the Group's financial liabilities, including trade and other payables and borrowings, approximate their carrying amounts due to their short-term maturities.

The Group's leasehold land and buildings classified under property, plant and equipment and investment properties are carried at fair value. Details of the fair value measurement of these leasehold land and buildings are disclosed in note 16 and note 17.

The following table analyses the Group's financial instruments carried at fair value as at 31 March 2016 by level of the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value. Such inputs are categorised into three levels within a fair value hierarchy as follows:

- Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (level 1).
- Inputs other than quoted prices included within level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (that is, as prices) or indirectly (that is, derived from prices) (level 2).
- Inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (that is, unobservable inputs) (level 3).

3 財務風險管理(續)

3.3 公允值估計

由於本集團金融資產(即期部分)(包括應收賬款、應收保留款及其他應收款、受限制現金以及現金及現金等價物);及本集團金融負債(包括應付賬款及其他應付款及借款)於短期內到期,其公允值與其賬面值相若。

本集團分類為物業、廠房及設備及投資物業之租賃土地及樓宇按公允值列 賬。該等租賃土地及樓宇公允值計量 之詳情於附註16及17披露。

下表按用於計量公允值之估值技術所 用輸入數據的層級,對本集團於二零 一六年三月三十一日按公允值列賬之 金融工具之公允值進行分析。該等輸 入數據分類為下列公允值層級的三個 級別:

- 相同資產或負債在交投活躍市場的報價(未經調整)(第1層)。
- 除了第1層所包括的報價外,該 資產或負債的可觀察的其他輸 入數據,可為直接(即例如價 格)或間接(即源自價格)(第2 層)。
- 資產或負債並非依據可觀察市場數據的輸入數據(即非可觀察輸入數據)(第3層)。

00

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

於二零一六年 三月三十一日

外匯遠期合約 一

不符合資格

使用對沖會計

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

3 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (CONT'D)

3.3 Fair value estimation (cont'd)

3 財務風險管理(續)

3.3 公允值估計(續)

Level 1 第一層 HK\$'000 千港元	Level 2 第二層 HK\$'000 千港元	Level 3 第三層 HK\$'000 千港元	Total 總計 HK\$'000 千港元
	1,310		1,310

Foreign exchange forward contracts — not qualified for hedge accounting

Foreign exchange forward

for hedge accounting

contracts — not qualified

As at 31 March 2016

Assets

Liabilities

負債 外匯遠期合約 — 不符合 資格使用對沖會計

As at 31 March 2017, the Group had no financial instruments carried at fair value.

於二零一七年三月三十一日,本集團 並無按公允值列賬之金融工具。

4 CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND JUDGEMENTS

Estimates and judgements are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

The Group makes estimates and assumptions concerning the future. The resulting accounting estimates will, by definition, seldom equal the related actual results. The estimates and assumptions that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year are addressed below.

4.1 Provision for inventory obsolescence

In determining the amount of allowance required for obsolete and slow-moving inventories, the Group evaluates the ageing of inventories, their historical sales pattern, their subsequent utilisation and other factors and compare the carrying value of inventories to their estimated net realisable values. The identification of inventory obsolescence and estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business requires the use of judgement and estimates. Where the expectation is different from the original estimate, such difference will impact the carrying value of inventory and impairment provision in the year in which such estimate has been changed.

4 重大會計估計及判斷

本集團根據過往經驗及其他因素不斷評估估計及判斷,包括在相信屬合理之情況下對未來事件之期望。

本集團對未來作出估算及假設。所得的會計估算顧名思義極少與其實際結果相同。 對資產及負債於下一個財政年度之賬面值 造成重大調整風險之估計及假設如下。

4.1 過時存貨撥備

於決定過時及滯銷存貨脈驚備金額存貨脈齡、大定過時及滯銷存貨脈齡、大生集團會參考存貨脈齡、也因素學運用情況及其他因表達與其估計學與其估計學與其估計學與其估計數與原本估計有差異,此差異別數值出現變動中內之存貨之下,淨之預響面值及減值撥備。



4 CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND JUDGEMENTS (CONT'D)

4.2 Provision for impairment of trade and retention receivables

The Group's management determines the provision for impairment of trade and retention receivables based on the credit history of its customers and the current market condition. Management reassesses the provision for impairment of trade and retention receivables periodically. Provisions are applied to receivables where events or changes in circumstances indicate that the balances may not be collectible. Where the expectation is different from the original estimate, such difference will impact the carrying value of trade and retention receivables and provision for impairment of trade and retention receivables in the year in which such estimate has been changed.

4.3 Revenue recognition for construction contracts

The Group uses the percentage-of-completion method in accounting for its construction contracts for sales and installation of kitchen collections, and other construction and decoration works. The stage of completion is determined by reference to independent surveys of work performed or completion of a physical proportion of the contract work. When it is probable that total contract costs will exceed total contract revenue, the expected loss is recognised as an expense immediately. The Group reviews and revises the estimates of contract revenue, contract costs, variation orders and contract claims prepared for each construction contract as the contract progresses. Budgeted construction income is determined in accordance with the terms set out in the relevant contracts. Budgeted construction costs which mainly comprise sub-contracting charges and costs of materials are prepared by the management on the basis of quotations from time to time provided by major contractors, suppliers or vendors involved and the experience of the management. In order to keep the budget accurate and up-to-date, the Group's management conducts periodic review on the management budgets by comparing the budgeted amounts to the actual amounts incurred.

A considerable amount of judgement is required in estimating the total contract revenue, contract costs, variation orders and contract claims which may have an impact in terms of percentage of completion.

4 重大會計估計及判斷(續)

4.2 應收賬款及應收保留賬款減值撥備

4.3 工程合同收益確認

本集團於確認其銷售及安裝廚房設備 以及其他建築及裝修工程之工程合同 時採用完工百分比法。完工階段乃依 據已進行工程之獨立調查及佔合約工 程的實際完工比例而釐定。倘總合同 成本有可能超過總合同收益,預期之 虧損即時確認為開支。本集團於合同 進行期間檢討及修訂各工程合同之合 同收益、合同成本、變更項目及合同 索償估計。預算工程收入乃根據相關 合同所載條款而定。預算工程成本主 要包括分包費用及材料成本,由管理 層按所涉及主要承包商、供應商或賣 方不時提供之報價以及管理層之經驗 而釐定。為維持準確及最新之預算, 本集團管理層透過比較預算金額與實 際款項定期檢討管理預算。

由於估計總合同收益、合同成本、變 更項目及合同索償時需作出相當程度 之判斷,故可能影響完工百分比。



00

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

4 CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND JUDGEMENTS (CONT'D)

4.4 Valuation of leasehold land and buildings

The best evidence of fair value is the current prices in an active market for similar properties. In making its estimates, the Group considers the information from the valuations of leasehold land and buildings performed by external professional valuers by using the open market value approach. If the Group used different valuation techniques, the fair value of the leasehold land and buildings may be different and thus may have an impact to the consolidated statement of comprehensive income.

4.5 Income tax

Deferred income tax assets are recognised for unused tax losses to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the tax losses can be utilised. Significant management judgement is required to determine the amount of deferred income tax assets that can be recognised, based upon the likely timing and level of future taxable profits together with future tax planning strategies. Management's assessment is regularly reviewed and additional deferred income tax assets are recognised if it becomes probable that future taxable profits will allow the deferred income tax assets to be recovered.

The Group is subject to income taxes in Hong Kong and the PRC. Significant judgement is required in determining the provision for income tax. There are many transactions and calculations for which the ultimate determination is uncertain. Where the final tax outcome of these matters is different from the amounts that were initially recorded, such difference will impact the income tax and deferred tax provisions in the period in which such determination is made.

4 重大會計估計及判斷(續)

4.4 租賃土地及樓宇估值

公允值之最佳證據為類似物業於活躍市場之當前價格。在作出估計時,, 集團考慮由外聘專業估值師以公開。 值法就租賃土地及樓宇進行估值之與 料。倘本集團採用不同評估方式,則 租賃土地及樓宇之公允值或會不 樣,而綜合全面收益表或會受影響。

4.5 税項

本集團須在香港及中國繳納稅項。於 釐定稅項撥備時須作出重大判斷。於 量交易及計算均無法確定最終稅款。 倘該等事項之最終稅務結果有別於最 初記錄之金額,則有關差額將影響作 出有關決定之期間之稅項及遞延稅項 撥備。



5	REVENUE		5	收益		
					2017 二零一七年 HK\$'000 千港元	2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000 千港元
	Sale of goods Contract revenue	貨品銷售 合約收益		-	431,552 74,429	492,905 139,027
					505,981	631,932
6	OTHER INCOME		6	其他收益		
					2017 二零一七年 HK\$'000 千港元	2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000 千港元
	Rental income Others	租金收入 其他		-	827 169	166 124
					996	290
7	OTHER GAINS, NET		7	其他收益	,淨額	
					2017 二零一七年 HK\$'000 千港元	2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000 千港元
	Net foreign exchange (loss)/gain — Forward contracts — Other exchange gain, net Gain on deregistration of subsidiaries (note) Fair value gain/(loss) on investment	匯兑(虧損)/收入淨額 一 遠期合約 一 其他匯兑收益,淨額 撤銷註冊附屬公司收益 投資物業之公允值收益	類 盆 (附	註)	(1,517) 2,637	1,251 1,145 1,214
	properties (note 17) Loss on disposal of fixed assets	(虧損)(附註17) 出售固定資產虧損	L. /		4,300 (296)	(2,193) (200)
					5,124	1,217

Note: The amount primarily represents the reclassification of exchange gain from equity to the profit or loss account upon deregistration of subsidiaries.

附註: 該款項主要指撤銷註冊附屬公司導致由權益重新分類 至損益賬的匯兑收益。



00

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

8 SEGMENT INFORMATION

The executive directors of the Company (the "Executive Directors") are the Group's chief operating decision-makers. Management has determined the operating segments based on the information reviewed by the Executive Directors for the purposes of allocating resources and assessing performance.

Following the business development of the Group in recent years, the Executive Directors have gradually put more focus on the performance of product lines, instead of the channel over which the products are sold. Accordingly, the Executive Directors have decided to align segment information as presented in the consolidated financial statements with the internal reporting used for evaluating operating segment performance. Prior year comparative segment information has been restated accordingly to conform with the presentation in the current year.

The Group's reportable operating segments are as follows:

- Architectural builders' hardware, bathroom collections and others segment — importing, wholesale and retail of architectural builders' hardware and bathroom collections and others
- Kitchen collection and furniture segment designing, importing, wholesale, retail and installation of kitchen collections and furniture

The measurement policies the Group used for reporting segment results under HKFRS 8 are the same as those used in its consolidated financial statements prepared under HKFRSs.

The Executive Directors assess the performance of the operating segments based on the measure of gross profit. Other operating income and expenses are not allocated to the operating segments as the information is not regularly reviewed by the Executive Directors.

Segment assets include all assets but exclude current income tax recoverable, deferred income tax assets, investment properties, derivative financial assets, restricted cash, cash and cash equivalents, property, plant and equipment related to the office premises of the Group and other corporate assets which are managed on central basis and are not directly attributable to the business activities of any operating segment.

8 分部資料

本公司執行董事(「執行董事」)為本集團之主要營運決策者。管理層已根據執行董事 就分配資源及評估業績表現所審閱之資料 確定經營分部。

執行董事因應本集團近年業務的拓展,在評估績效時,所考慮的分部逐漸由銷售產品的渠道改變為產品線。因此,執行董事已決定將在綜合財務報表內所呈列的和對與用於評估經營分部業績的內部報資的一致相應地予以重列,藉以符合本年度的呈列方式。

本集團之可匯報經營分部如下:

- 建築五金、衛浴設備及其他分部進口、批發及零售建築五金、衛浴設備及其他
- 厨房設備及傢俬分部 設計、進口、批發、零售及安裝廚房設備及傢

本集團用於按香港財務報告準則第8號報告分部業績之計量政策,與根據香港財務報告準則編製綜合財務報表所採用之政策一致。

執行董事根據毛利的計量評估經營分部的 業績。由於執行董事並無定期審閱其他經 營收益及開支資料,故其他經營收益及開 支不獲分配至經營分部。

分部資產包括所有資產,但不包括可收回 本期稅項、遞延稅項資產、投資物業、 生金融資產、受限制現金、現金及現金及 價物、與本集團的寫字樓物業有關的物 業、廠房及設備以及其他企業資產,該等 資產被集中管理,且並非直接歸屬於任何 營運分部之商業活動。



8 SEGMENT INFORMATION (CONT'D)

Segment liabilities include all liabilities but exclude current and deferred income tax liabilities, derivative financial liabilities, borrowings (excluding trust receipt loans) and other corporate liabilities which are managed on central basis and are not directly attributable to the business activities of any operating segment.

8 分部資料(續)

分部負債包括所有負債,但不包括即期及 遞延税項負債、衍生金融負債、借款(不 包括信託收據貸款)及其他企業負債,該 等負債被集中管理,且並非直接歸屬於任 何營運分部之商業活動。

			2017 二零一七年	
		Architectural builders'	` - '	
		hardware, bathroom	Kitchen	
		collections	collection	
		and others	and furniture	Total
		建築五金、		
		衛浴設備	廚房設備	₩ 1
		及其他 HK\$'000	及 傢 俬 HK\$'000	總計
		千港元	千港元	HK\$'000 千港元
		一	一 一	丁 他 儿
Reportable segment revenue	可匯報之對外客戶			
from external customers	分部收益	359,071	146,910	505,981
Reportable segment cost of sales	可匯報之分部銷售成本	(225,902)	(68,640)	(294,542)
Reportable segment gross profit	可匯報之分部毛利	133,169	78,270	211,439
Depreciation of property,	物業、廠房及設備折舊			
plant and equipment		(4,186)	(1,932)	(6,118)
Reversal of provision/(provision)	過時存貨撥備			
for inventory obsolescence	撥回/(撥備)	2,312	(787)	1,525
Write-back of provision/(provision)				
for impaired receivables	撥回/(撥備)	4,578	(48)	4,530
Reportable segment assets	可匯報之分部資產	278,631	81,460	360,091
Additions to non-current segment	年度內非流動分部資產			
assets during the year	之添置	5,315	1,765	7,080
Reportable segment liabilities	可匯報之分部負債	67,524	41,288	108,812



綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

8 SEGMENT INFORMATION (CONT'D)

8 分部資料(續)

			2016 (Restated)	
		<u></u>	零一六年(經重列)	
		Architectural		
		builders'		
		hardware,		
		bathroom	Kitchen	
		collections	collection	
		and others	and furniture	Total
		建築五金、		
		衛浴設備	廚房設備	
		及其他	及傢俬	總計
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元
		1 10/0	, ,5,5	, ,5/5
Reportable segment revenue	可匯報之對外客戶			
from external customers	分部收益	391,590	240,342	631,932
Reportable segment cost of sales	可匯報之分部銷售成本	(247,497)	(116,478)	(363,975)
Reportable segment gross profit	可匯報之分部毛利	144,093	123,864	267,957
Depreciation of property,	物業、廠房及設備折舊			
plant and equipment		(4,403)	(2,525)	(6,928)
Provision for inventory	過時存貨撥備			
obsolescence		(5,305)	(5,166)	(10,471)
Provision for impaired receivables	已減值應收款撥備	(5,569)	_	(5,569)
Reportable segment assets	可匯報之分部資產	266,793	94,296	361,089
Additions to non-current segment	年度內非流動分部資產		ŕ	
assets during the year	之添置	1,933	2,501	4,434
Reportable segment liabilities	可匯報之分部負債	72,986	65,913	138,899



8 SEGMENT INFORMATION (CONT'D)

The totals presented for the Group's operating segments reconcile to the Group's key financial figures as presented in the consolidated financial statements as follows:

8 分部資料(續)

本集團可匯報之經營分部合計資料與本集 團綜合財務報表之主要財務數值對賬如下:

		2017 二零一七年 HK\$'000	2016 二零一六年 (Restated) (經重列) HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Reportable segment gross profit	可匯報之分部毛利	211,439	267,957
Group gross profit	集團毛利	211,439	267,957
Reportable segment assets	可匯報之分部資產	360,091	361,089
Property, plant and equipment	物業、廠房及設備	98,366	85,238
Investment properties Deferred income tax assets	投資物業 遞延税項資產	32,700 2,618	28,400 3,158
Current income tax recoverable	可收回本期税項	6,131	3,773
Derivative financial assets	衍生金融資產	-	1,310
Restricted cash	受限制現金	2,981	2,966
Cash and cash equivalents Other corporate assets	現金及現金等值物 其他企業資產	79,706 272	127,781 283
Group assets	集團資產	582,865	613,998
Reportable segment liabilities	可匯報之分部負債	108,812	138,899
Derivative financial liabilities	衍生金融負債	_	377
Borrowings	借款	19,023	28,336
Current income tax liabilities	本期税項負債	3,252	4,515
Deferred income tax liabilities	遞延税項負債	19,418	16,542
Other corporate liabilities	其他企業負債	496	494
Group liabilities	集團負債	<u>151,001</u>	189,163



綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

8 SEGMENT INFORMATION (CONT'D)

8 分部資料(續)

Geographical information

按地區呈列的資料

Non-current accets

		Revenu external c 對外客	ustomers	(excluding assets and income ta 非流動 (不包括金 遞延税功	financial deferred ax assets) 資產 融資產及
		2017	2016	2017	2016
		二零一七年	二零一六年	二零一七年	二零一六年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
Hong Kong (domicile)	香港(主要營業地點)	469,048	532,342	197,667	174,590
PRC	中國	36,920	89,872	699	2,394
Macau	澳門	13	8,821	_	_
Others	其他		897		
Total	總計	505,981	631,932	198,366	176,984

The geographical location of customers is determined based on the location at which the goods were delivered. The geographical location of the non-current assets is determined based on the physical location of the assets.

During the year ended 31 March 2017, no single customer contributed over 10% of the Group's revenue. During the year ended 31 March 2016, HK\$68,703,000 and HK\$67,789,000 which represented approximately 11% and 11% of the Group's revenue were derived from each of the two largest external customers respectively.

客戶地區位置根據交付貨品所在位置而 定,非流動資產之地區位置則根據該資產 之實際位置而定。

截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度,並無單一客戶佔本集團收益超過10%。截至二零一六年三月三十一日止年度,68,703,000港元及67,789,000港元(佔本集團收益約11%及11%)乃分別來自兩大對外客戶。



9 EXPENSES BY NATURE

9 開支分類

			2017	2016
			二零一七年	二零一六年
			HK\$'000	HK\$'000
			千港元	千港元
	Employee benefit expenses (note 11) Auditors' remuneration	員工福利支出(附註11) 核數師酬金	71,645	76,482
	— Audit services	一 核數服務	2,797	2,230
	— Non-audit services	一 非核數服務	120	120
	Cost of inventories (note 19)	存貨成本(附註19)	274,721	326,697
	Depreciation (note 16)	折舊(附註16)	10,665	11,869
	Operating lease charges in respect of land and buildings	土地及樓宇之經營租賃支出	47,864	46,317
	Direct operating expenses arising from investment properties that generated rental income	產生租金收入之投資物業 直接經營開支	106	22
	(Reversal of provision)/provision for	過時存貨(撥備撥回)/	100	
	inventory obsolescence (note 19)	撥備(附註19)	(1,525)	10,471
	(Write-back of provision)/provision for impaired receivables (note 20)	已減值應收款(撥備撥回)/ 撥備(附註20)	(4,530)	5,569
10	FINANCE COSTS, NET	10 財務費		
			2017	2016
			二零一七年	二零一六年
			HK\$'000	HK\$'000
			千港元	千港元
			1 1676	1 10/0
	Finance costs	融資成本		
	Bank borrowings	銀行借款	1,005	872
	Finance income	融資收入		
	Interest income	利息收入	(619)	(427)
	Finance costs, net	融資成本,淨額	386	445



綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

11 EMPLOYEE BENEFIT EXPENSES

11 員工福利支出

		2017 二零一七年	二零一六年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Salaries and allowances, including	薪金及津貼,包括		
directors' emoluments (note 12)	董事酬金(附註12)	68,950	73,796
Pension costs — defined contribution plans	界定退休供款計劃		
(note)	(附註)	2,695	2,686
		71 645	76 192
		71,645	76,482

Note:

The Group participates in a mandatory provident fund scheme (the "MPF Scheme") for eligible employees in Hong Kong.

The Group's and the employees' monthly contributions to the MPF Scheme are each set at 5% of the employees' salaries and subject to a cap of HK\$1,500 per month since 1 June 2014. The Group's contributions to the MPF Scheme are fully and immediately vested to the employees once they are paid. The MPF Scheme was established under trust with the assets of the funds held separately from those of the Group by independent trustees.

During the year ended 31 March 2017, no forfeited contribution was utilised (2016: nil). As at 31 March 2017, the Group had no contributions payable under the MPF Scheme.

The Company's subsidiaries in the PRC are members of the state-managed retirement benefits scheme operated by the PRC government. The Group contributes a certain percentage of the salaries of the subsidiaries' employees, and has no further obligations for the actual payment of pensions or post-retirement benefits beyond the annual contributions. The state-managed retirement plans are responsible for the entire pension obligations payable to the retired employees.

附註:

本集團為香港合資格僱員參加一項強制性公積金計劃(「強積 金計劃」)。

自二零一四年六月一日起,本集團與僱員就每位僱員每月對強 積金計劃作出的供款各自定於該等僱員薪金的5%,以每月 1,500 港元為上限。本集團對強積金計劃的供款一經支付馬上 全數歸屬僱員。強積金計劃以信託形式設立,基金的資產與本 集團的資產分開,由獨立受託人持有。

於截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度,概無被沒收供款已獲使用(二零一六年:無)。於二零一七年三月三十一日,本集團在強制金計劃下並無應付供款。

本公司於中國之附屬公司為中國政府所推行國家管理退休福 利計劃之成員。本集團按附屬公司僱員薪金之某個百分比作出 供款,而除年度供款外,並無實際支付退休金或離職福利之進 一步責任。國家管理之退休計劃負責向退休僱員支付所有退休 金。



12 BENEFITS AND INTEREST OF DIRECTORS AND THE FIVE HIGHEST PAID INDIVIDUALS

(a) Directors' remuneration

The aggregate amount of emoluments paid or payable to the directors of the Company are as follows:

2017

12 董事之福利及權益及五名最高薪酬人 士

(a) 董事之薪酬

已付或應付本公司董事之酬金總額如下:

Employer's

二零一七年

				contribu	•	
			Salaries	to retire		
		Directors'	and		nefit	
		fees	bonus		neme	Total
		1005	Solius		退休	10001
		董事袍金	薪金及花紅		計劃	合計
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000		8'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元		港元	千港元
		1 12 /6	1 12 /6	'	16 76	1 12 /6
Executive Directors	執行董事					
TSE Sun Fat, Henry	謝新法					
(Chairman)	(主席)	100	3,860		18	3,978
TSE Sun Wai, Albert	謝新偉	100	5,737		_	5,837
TSE Sun Po, Tony	謝新寶		,			
(Managing Director)	(董事總經理)	100	5,050		18	5,168
TSE Hon Kit, Kevin	謝漢傑	100	3,674		18	3,792
LAU Shiu Sun	劉紹新	100	1,971		18	2,089
			,			
Independent Non-executive	獨立非執行					
Directors	董事					
LEUNG Kwong Kin, J. P.	梁光建太平紳士	108	_		_	108
WONG Wah, Dominic	黄華	108	_		_	108
WAN Sze Chung	溫思聰	108	_		-	108
		824	20,292		72	21,188
		- 321			<u> </u>	21,130

00

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

- 12 BENEFITS AND INTEREST OF DIRECTORS AND THE FIVE HIGHEST PAID INDIVIDUALS (CONT'D)
 - (a) Directors' remuneration (cont'd)

2016

- 12 董事之福利及權益及五名最高薪酬人士(續)
 - (a) 董事之薪酬(續)

二零一六年

				Employer's contribution	
			Salaries	to retirement	
		Directors'	and	benefit	
		fees	bonus	scheme	Total
		1005	Conas	界定退休	1000
		董事袍金	薪金及花紅	供款計劃	合計
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
		, 1875	, 12/5	1 13/5	, 1875
Executive Directors	執行董事				
TSE Sun Fat, Henry	謝新法				
(Chairman)	(主席)	100	3,120	18	3,238
TSE Sun Wai, Albert	謝新偉	100	3,985	12	4,097
TSE Sun Po, Tony	謝新寶				
(Managing Director)	(董事總經理)	100	3,770	18	3,888
TSE Hon Kit, Kevin	謝漢傑	100	2,891	18	3,009
LAU Shiu Sun	劉紹新	100	1,677	18	1,795
Independent Non-executive	獨立非執行				
Directors	董事				
LEUNG Kwong Kin, J. P.	梁光建太平紳士	108	_	_	108
WONG Wah, Dominic	黄華	108	_	_	108
WAN Sze Chung	溫思聰	108	_	_	108
		824	15,443	84	16,351
					- 75.00

No directors have waived or agreed to waive their emoluments in respect of the year ended 31 March 2017 (2016: Nil).

(b) Directors' retirement benefits and termination benefits None of the directors received or will receive any retirement benefits or termination benefits during the year (2016: nil).

(c) Consideration provided to third parties for making available directors' services

During the year ended 31 March 2017, the Group does not pay consideration to any third parties for making available directors' services (2016: nil).

截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年 度,並無董事放棄或同意放棄彼等之 酬金(二零一六年:無)。

- (b) 董事之退休福利及離職福利 年內,概無董事已收取或將收取任何 退休福利或離職福利(二零一六年: 無)。
- (c) 就提供董事服務而向第三方提供的對價 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年 度,本集團並無就任何第三方提供董 事服務而向其支付對價(二零一六年: 無)。



12 BENEFITS AND INTEREST OF DIRECTORS AND THE FIVE HIGHEST PAID INDIVIDUALS (CONT'D)

(d) Information about loans, quasi-loans and other dealings in favour of directors, controlled bodies corporate by and controlled entities with such directors

As at 31 March 2017, there are no loans, quasi-loans or other dealings in favour of the directors, controlled bodies corporate by and controlled entities with such directors (2016: nil).

(e) Directors' material interests in transactions, arrangements or contracts

Saved as disclosed in note 33, no significant transactions, arrangements and contracts in relation to the Group's business to which the Company was a party and in which a director of the Company had a material interest, whether directly or indirectly, subsisted at the end of the year or at any time during the year.

(f) Key management personnel

The Group regards the executive directors as the key management personnel. Details of the remuneration paid to them are set out in (a).

(g) Five highest paid individuals

The five individuals whose emoluments were the highest in the Group for the year include four (2016: four) directors whose emoluments are reflected in the analysis presented above. The emoluments paid or payable to the five highest paid individual during the year are as follows:

Salaries and allowances 薪金及津貼 Pension costs — defined contribution 界定退休供款計劃 plans

The emoluments fell within the following bands:

12 董事之福利及權益及五名最高薪酬人士(續)

- (d) 向董事、受該等董事控制的法人團體 及該董事的關連主體提供任何貸款、 準貸款或其他交易 於二零一七年三月三十一日,並無向
 - 於二零一七年三月三十一日,並無向董事、受該等董事控制的法人團體及該董事的關連主體提供任何貸款、準貸款或其他交易(二零一六年:無)。
- (e) 董事在交易、安排或合同的重大權益

除於附註33披露者外,本年度內或年結時,本公司並無簽訂任何與本集團業務相關而本公司董事直接或間接在其中擁有重大權益之重要交易、安排和合同。

(f) 關鍵管理人員

本集團認為執行董事乃關鍵管理人 員。支付予彼等的酬金詳情載於第(a) 項。

(g) 五名最高薪酬人士

年內本集團之五名最高薪酬人士包括 四位(二零一六年:四位)董事,彼等 酬金已列載於上文列示之分析內。年 內已支付或應支付予五名最高薪酬人 士之薪酬如下:

2017 二零一七年 HK\$'000	2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000
千港元	千港元
22,456	17,130
72	84
22,528	17,214

該五名人士之酬金介乎以下範圍:

Number of individuals

Number of the	iiviuuais
人數	
2017	2016
二零一七年	二零一六年

Emolument bands (in HK\$)	兼
HK\$2,500,001 to HK\$3,000,000	2
HK\$3,000,001 to HK\$3,500,000	3
HK\$3,500,001 to HK\$4,000,000	3
HK\$4,000,001 to HK\$4,500,000	4
HK\$5,000,001 to HK\$5,500,000	5
HK\$5,500,001 to HK\$6,000,000	5

薪酬組別(港元)
2,500,001港元至3,000,000港元
3,000,001港元至3,500,000港元
3,500,001港元至4,000,000港元
4,000,001港元至4,500,000港元
5,000,001港元至5,500,000港元
5,500,001港元至6,000,000港元

5年	一零一六年	
_	1	
_	1 2	
3	1	18
_	1	15.
1	_	
-		

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

13 INCOME TAX EXPENSE

Hong Kong profits tax has been provided at the rate of 16.5% (2016: 16.5%) on the estimated assessable profit for the year. Taxation on overseas profits has been calculated on the estimated assessable profit for the year at the rates of taxation prevailing in the countries in which the subsidiaries operate.

13 税項開支

香港利得税乃以年內估計應課稅溢利按稅率16.5%(二零一六年:16.5%)計提撥備。 海外利得稅根據年內估計應課稅溢利按附屬公司經營所在國家之現行稅率計算。

2017

2016

	二零一七年 HK\$'000	二零一六年 HK\$'000
	千港元	千港元
即期税項		
香港利得税	8,126	11,920
海外所得税	550	4,340
往年超額撥備	(401)	(3,079)
即期税項總額	8,275	13,181
遞延税項(附註26)	(179)	(2,323)
税項開支	8,096	10,858
	香港利得税 海外所得税 往年超額撥備 即期税項總額 遞延税項(附註26)	即期税項 8,126 香港利得税 550 往年超額撥備 (401) 即期税項總額 8,275 遞延税項(附註 26) (179)

The tax on the Group's profit before tax differs from the theoretical amount that would arise using the tax rate of Hong Kong as follows:

本集團有關除税項前溢利之税項與假若採 用香港之税率而計算之理論税額之差額如 下:

		2017	2016
		二零一七年	二零一六年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Profit before income tax	除税項前溢利	50,403	89,235
Tax calculated at domestic tax rates applicable to profits in the respective	按相關國家溢利適用的國內税率 計算的税項		
countries		8,563	16,195
Over provision in prior years	往年超額撥備	(401)	(3,079)
Income not subject to tax	毋須課税收入	(1,070)	(430)
Expenses not deductible for tax purposes	不可扣税開支	662	543
Utilisation of previously unrecognised	動用過往未確認税項虧損		
tax losses		_	(2,371)
Unrecognised tax losses	未確認税項虧損	342	
Tax expense for the year	本年度税項開支	<u>8,096</u>	10,858

The weighted average applicable tax rate was 17.0% (2016: 18.2%).

The decrease is caused by a change in the profitability of the Group's subsidiaries in the respective countries.

適用加權平均税率為17.0%(二零一六年: 18.2%)。

有關税率下降之原因為本集團各國附屬公司之盈利能力出現變動。



14 DIVIDENDS

14 股息

(a) Dividends declared and paid during the year

(a) 於本年度宣佈及派發之股息

2017

2016

			2017 二零一七年	2016 二零一六年
			—◆ ~~ + HK\$'000	→◆ ハキ HK\$'000
			千港元	千港元
	Final dividend in respect of 2016 of HK2 cents ¹ (2016: in respect of 2015 of HK4 cents ¹) per share	二零一六年之末期股息每股2港仙 ¹ (二零一六年:二零一五年之 末期股息每股4港仙 ¹)	12,012	24,024
	Special dividend in respect of 2016 of HK5 cents ¹ (2016: nil) per share	二零一六年之特別股息每股5港仙 ¹ (二零一六年:無)	30,030	-
	Interim dividend in respect of 2017 of HK1.5 cents (2016: in respect of 2016 of HK1.5 cents ¹) per share	二零一七年中期股息每股1.5港仙 (二零一六年:二零一六年 中期股息每股1.5港仙 ¹)	9,009	9,009
		=	51,051	33,033
(b)	Dividends for the year	(b) 年度股	总	
			2017	2016
			二零一七年	二零一六年
			HK\$'000	HK\$'000
			千港元	千港元
	Interim dividend of HK1.5 cents (2016: HK1.5 cents ¹) per share	中期股息每股1.5港仙 (二零一六年:每股1.5港仙 ¹)	9,009	9,009
	Proposed final dividend of HK2.5 cents (2016: HK2 cents ¹) per share (note)	建議末期股息每股2.5港仙 (二零一六年:每股2港仙 ¹) (附註)	15,015	12,012
	Proposed special dividend of nil (2016: HK5 cents ¹) per share (note)	建議特別股息每股零港仙 (二零一六年:每股5港仙 ¹) (附註)	_	30,030
			24,024	51,051

Note

These dividends have been proposed by the directors after the reporting date. The proposed dividends, subject to the shareholders' approval at the forthcoming annual general meeting, are not reflected as dividend payable as at 31 March 2017.

附註:

該等股息由董事於報告日期後建議派付。該擬派股息 (有待股東於應屆股東週年大會上批准)並無反映為於 二零一七年三月三十一日之應付股息。

每股股息數據已就二零一六年六月八日之紅股 發行之影響作出調整(附註27)。



All dividend per share data has been adjusted for the effect of the bonus shares issue on 8 June 2016 (note 27).



綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

15 EARNINGS PER SHARE

(a) Basic

Basic earnings per share is calculated by dividing the profit attributable to equity holders of the Company by the number of ordinary shares in issue during the year. During the year, the Company issued bonus shares and the number of ordinary shares increased to 600,600,000 from 300,300,000. The weighted average number of ordinary shares in the calculation of basic earnings per share were adjusted for the change as if the bonus issue occurred at the beginning of the year ended 31 March 2016.

Profit attributable to equity owners of the Company

Number of ordinary shares in issue (thousands)

15 每股溢利

(a) 基本

每股基本溢利乃根據本公司所有者應 佔溢利除以年度內已發行普通股股數 計算。於年內,本公司已發行紅股及 普通股股數由300,300,000股增至 600,600,000股。計算每股基本溢利 時的普通股之加權平均數已就變動作 調整,猶如紅股發行已於截至二零 一六年三月三十一日止年度初完成。

 2017
 2016

 二零一七年
 二零一六年

 HK\$'000
 HK\$'000

 千港元
 千港元

42,307

78,377

600,600

600,600

(b) Diluted

Diluted earnings per share for the year ended 31 March 2017 is the same as the basic earnings per share as there were no potentially dilutive ordinary shares issued (2016: same).

(b) 攤薄

本公司所有者應佔溢利

已發行普通股股數(千股)

由於並無發行潛在攤薄普通股,故截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度之每股攤薄溢利與每股基本溢利一致(二零一六年:一致)。



16 PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT 16 物業、廠房及設備

		Leasehold land and buildings (note) 租賃土地 及樓宇(附註) HK\$'000 千港元	Leasehold improvements 租賃 物業裝修 HK\$'000 千港元	Furniture, fixtures and equipment 傢俬、裝置 及設備 HK\$'000 千港元	Motor vehicles 汽車 HK\$'000 千港元	Total 合計 HK\$'000 千港元
Net book value At 1 April 2015 Additions Disposal Depreciation (note 9) Revaluation Exchange difference	賬面淨值 於二零一五年四月一日 添置 出售 折舊(附註9) 重估 匯兑差異	150,400 - - (4,630) (9,470)		1,417 481 — (524) — (18)	370 282 - (137) - (2)	165,529 4,767 (225) (11,869) (9,470) (148)
At 31 March 2016 Additions Disposal Depreciation (note 9) Revaluation Exchange difference	於二零一六年 三月三十一日 添置 出售 折舊(附註9) 重估 匯兑差異	136,300 - - (4,266) 20,966	10,415 7,079 (296) (5,813)	1,356 112 - (444) - (25)	513 - - (142) - -	148,584 7,191 (296) (10,665) 20,966 (114)
At 31 March 2017	於二零一七年 三月三十一日	153,000	11,296	999	<u>371</u>	165,666
At 31 March 2016 Valuation Cost Accumulated depreciation Net book amount	於二零一六年 三月三十一日 重估 成本 累計折舊 賬面淨值	136,300	73,352 (62,937) 10,415	19,486 (18,130) 1,356	967 (454) 513	136,300 93,805 (81,521)
At 31 March 2017 Valuation Cost Accumulated depreciation	於二零一七年 三月三十一日 重估 成本 累計折舊	153,000	79,266 (67,970)	19,526 (18,527)	967 (596)	153,000 99,759 (87,093)
Net book amount	賬面淨值	153,000	11,296	999	371	165,666



綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

16 PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (CONT'D)

Note:

If leasehold land and buildings were stated on the historical cost basis, the amounts would be as follows:

Cost 成本 Accumulated depreciation 累計折舊

Net book amount 賬面淨值

Bank borrowings are secured by the leasehold land and buildings in Hong Kong with a total carrying amount of HK\$97,700,000 (2016: HK\$84,400,000) (note 25).

The following table analyses the leasehold land and buildings carried at fair value, by valuation method.

Description 概況

Note: For fair value measurement under Level 3, inputs for the asset or liability are not based on observable market data (that is, unobservable inputs).

The Group's policy is to recognise transfers into and transfers out of fair value hierarchy levels as of the date of the event or change in circumstances that caused the transfer. There were no transfers between Levels 1, 2 and 3 during the year.

16 物業、廠房及設備(續)

附註:

Quoted prices

倘租賃土地及樓宇乃按歷史成本基準呈列,有關金額如下:

2017	2016
二零一七年	二零一六年
HK\$'000	HK\$'000
千港元	千港元
34,804	34,804
(5,693)	(4,997)
29,111	29,807

Significant

銀行借款以總賬面值為97,700,000港元(二零一六年: 84,400,000港元)之香港租賃土地及樓宇作抵押(附註25)。

下表以估值法分析按公允值列賬之租賃土地及樓宇。

Fair value measurements using 採用下列各項之公允值計量

in active	Significant	unobservable
markets for	other observable	inputs
identical assets	inputs	(Level 3)
(Level 1)	(Level 2)	(Note)
相同資產之活躍	重大其他可觀察	重大不可觀察輸入
市場報價(第一層)	輸入數據(第二層)	數據(第三層)(附註)
HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
千港元	千港元	千港元
_	-	153,000

附註: 就第三層項下之公允值計量而言,資產或負債之輸入 數據並非以可觀察市場數據(即不可觀察輸入數據)為 基礎。

本集團之政策為於出現導致公允值層級之間轉移之事件或情 況變動當日,確認有關公允值層級之轉入及轉出。年內,第一 層、第二層及第三層之間並無轉移。



16 PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (CONT'D)

Fair value measurements using significant unobservable inputs (Level 3)

16 物業、廠房及設備(續)

利用重大不可觀察輸入數據(第三層)之公 允值計量

Leasehold land and buildings

租賃土地及樓宇

2017	2016
二零一七年	二零一六年
HK\$'000	HK\$'000
千港元	千港元
136,300	150,400
(4,266)	(4,630)
20,966	(9,470)
153,000	136,300

Opening balance Depreciation Surplus/(loss) on revaluation recognised in other comprehensive income

年終結餘

年初結餘

於其他全面收益確認之

重估盈餘/(虧損)

折舊

Valuation processes of the Group

Closing balance

The Group's leasehold land and buildings were valued at 31 March 2017 by an independent professionally qualified valuer, Memfus Wong Surveyors Limited, who holds a recognised relevant professional qualification and has recent experience in the locations and segments of the leasehold land and buildings valued.

The Group's finance department includes a team that reviews the valuations performed by the independent valuer for financial reporting purposes. This team reports directly to the board of directors. Discussions of valuation processes and results are held between the valuation team and the valuer annually.

Level 3 fair values of leasehold land and buildings have been derived using the direct comparison approach, which basically uses the comparable sales transactions as available in the relevant market to derive the fair value of the properties. Sale prices of comparable properties in close proximity are adjusted for differences in key attributes such as time of transactions, property size and location. The most significant input into this valuation approach is the market unit rate.

本集團之估值流程

本集團之租賃土地及樓宇由獨立專業合資格估值師黃開基測計師行有限公司於二零一七年三月三十一日估值,此估值師持有相關認可專業資格,且最近曾於租賃土地及樓宇所在地區及分部進行估值。

本集團財務部包括一支就財務報告目的審 閱獨立估值師所進行估值之團隊。該團隊 直接向董事會匯報。估值團隊每年與估值 師討論估值流程及結果。

租賃土地及樓宇之第三層公允值乃使用直接比較法得出。直接比較法一般利用相關市場上可查閱之可資比較銷售交易達致物業公允值。鄰近地區可資比較物業之售質比較多業之時間、物業面積及地點等主要特別之差異作出調整。此估值法之最重大輸入數據為市場單價率。





綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

16 PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (CONT'D)

16 物業、廠房及設備(續)

Information about fair value measurements using significant unobservable inputs (Level 3)

有關利用重大不可觀察輸入數據(第三層) 之公允值計量之資料

Unobservable inputs	Range of unobservable inputs	Relationship of unobservable inputs of fair value 公允值所涉及不可觀察輸入
不可觀察輸入數據	不可觀察輸入數據範疇	數據之關係
Market unit rate 市場單價率	Office: HK\$19,800 to HK\$19,900 (2016: HK\$17,100 to HK\$17,300) per square feet of saleable area 辦公室:實用面積每平方呎19,800港元至19,900港元(二零一六年:17,100港元至17,300港元) Shop: HK\$72,000 (2016: HK\$67,000) per square feet of saleable area 店舗:實用面積每平方呎72,000港元(二零一六年:67,000港元)	The higher the market unit rate, the higher the fair value 市場單價率越高,公允值越高
There were no changes to	the valuation techniques during the	年內估值方法概無變動。

year.

INVESTMENT PROPERTIES

17 投資物業

		2017 二零一七年 HK\$'000 千港元	2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000 千港元
At 1 April Addition Fair value gain/(loss) recognised in the	於四月一日 新增 在損益確認公允值收益/(虧損)	28,400	30,593
profit or loss		4,300	(2,193)
At 31 March	於三月三十一日	32,700	28,400

The fair value gain/(loss) on investment properties is included in "Other gains/(losses), net" in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income (note 7).

投資物業的公允值收益/(虧損)乃計入綜 合全面收益表內的「其他收益/(虧損), 淨額」(附註7)。



17 INVESTMENT PROPERTIES (CONT'D)

Information about fair value measurements using significant unobservable inputs:

17 投資物業(續)

有關使用重大不可觀察輸入數據的公允值 計量的資料:

Fair value measurements using 採用下列各項之公允值計量

Description 概況		Quoted prices in active markets for identical assets (Level 1) 相同資產之 活躍市場報價 (第一層) HK\$'000	Significant other observable inputs (Level 2) 重大其他可觀察輸入數據 (第二層) HK\$'000	Significant unobservable inputs (Level 3) 重大不可觀 察輸入數據 (第三層) HK\$'000 千港元
As at 31 March 2017	於二零一七年三月三十一日			
Recurring fair value measurements — Investment properties	經常性公允值計量 一 投資物業			32,700
As at 31 March 2016	於二零一六年三月三十一日			
Recurring fair value measurements — Investment properties	經常性公允值計量 一 投資物業			28,400

As at 31 March 2017, valuations were undertaken by an independent professionally qualified valuer, Memfus Wong Surveyors Limited. The valuation processes is the same as the revaluation of leasehold land and buildings held for own use (note 16).

於二零一七年三月三十一日,估值工作乃 由獨立專業合資格估值師行黃開基測計師 行有限公司進行。估值過程與就持作自用 的租賃土地及樓宇之重估相同(附註16)。

Information about fair value measurements using significant unobservable inputs (Level 3)

有關利用重大不可觀察輸入數據(第三層) 之公允值計量之資料

Unobservable inputs	Range of unobservable inputs	Relationship of unobservable inputs of fair value 公允值所涉及不可觀察輸入數據之
不可觀察輸入數據	不可觀察輸入數據範疇	關係
Market unit rate 市場單價率	HK\$19,900 (2016: HK\$17,300) per square feet of saleable area 實用面積每平方呎 19,900 港元 (二零一六年: 17,300 港元)	The higher the market unit rate, the higher the fair value 市場單價率越高,公允值越高
There were no changes to	the valuation techniques during the	年內估值方法概無變動。

year.



綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

18 INTEREST IN SUBSIDIARIES

18 附屬公司權益

The following is a list of principal subsidiaries at 31 March 2017:

以下為於二零一七年三月三十一日之主要 附屬公司名單:

Name of subsidiary 附屬公司名稱	Place of incorporation/ establishment 註冊/成立地點	Particulars of issued share capital 已發行股本詳情	Legal structure 法定結構	Equity interess 所持股本權 2017 二零一七年 二		Principal activities and place of operation 主要業務及營業地點
E. Bon (BVI) Holdings Limited	British Virgin Islands 英屬處女群島	50,000 ordinary shares 50,000 股普通股	Company with limited liabilities 有限責任公司	100%	100%	Investment holding in Hong Kong 於香港作投資控股
Asia Bon Company Limited 富邦(亞洲)資產管理有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	100 ordinary shares 100 股普通股	Company with limited liabilities 有限責任公司	100%	100%	Property holding 物業持有
Asia Richly Limited 亞洲富寶有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	1 ordinary share 1 股普通股	Company with limited liabilities 有限責任公司	100%	100%	Property holding 物業持有
Bonco Ironmongery Limited 保固五金建材有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	10,000 ordinary shares 10,000 股普通股	Company with limited liabilities 有限責任公司	100%	100%	Importing and sale of architectural builders' hardware in Hong Kong 於香港進口及銷售建築五金
China Reconstruct Design Limiter 中營設計諮詢(上海)有限公司	d*PRC 中國	US\$140,000 140,000美元	Wholly foreign owned enterprise 全外資企業	100%	100%	Providing consultation services in interior design, investment, corporate management and technical services in the PRC 於中國提供室內設計、投資、企業管理及技術服務之諮詢服務
D.I.Y. Limited	Hong Kong 香港	2 ordinary shares 2 股普通股	Company with limited liabilities 有限責任公司	100%	100%	Handling of human resources planning and development activities of the Group 處理本集團人力資源規劃及 發展事宜
E. Bon Building Materials Company Limited 怡邦行建築材料有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	6,000 ordinary shares 6,000 股普通股	Company with limited liabilities 有限責任公司	100%	100%	Importing and sale of architectural builders' hardware and bathroom collections in Hong Kong 於香港進口及銷售建築五金及 衛浴設備



18 INTEREST IN SUBSIDIARIES (CONT'D)

18 附屬公司權益(續)

Name of subsidiary 附屬公司名稱	Place of incorporation/ establishment 註冊/成立地點	Particulars of issued share capital 已發行股本詳情	Legal structure 法定結構	Equity intere 所持股本材 2017 二零一七年		Principal activities and place of operation 主要業務及營業地點
H2O (Pro) Limited 水之健有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	2 ordinary shares 2 股普通股	Company with limited liabilities 有限責任公司	100%	100%	Importing and sale of bathroom collections in Hong Kong 於香港進口及銷售衛浴設備
Kitchen (Pro) Limited 廚之健有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	1,000 ordinary shares 1,000 股普通股	Company with limited liabilities 有限責任公司	100%	100%	Importing, sale and installation of kitchen collection in Hong Kong 於香港進口、銷售及安裝廚房 設備
Massford (Hong Kong) Limited 美富(香港)有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	10,000 ordinary shares 10,000 股普通股	Company with limited liabilities 有限責任公司	100%	100%	Supply of architectural builders' hardware and bathroom collections for property development in Hong Kong 於香港供應建築五金及衛浴設備予物業發展項目
Massford (Shanghai) Limited* 美富 (上海) 五金有限公司	PRC 中國	US\$250,000 250,000美元	Wholly foreign owned enterprise 全外資企業	100%	100%	Supplying architectural builders' hardware and bathroom collections for property development in Shanghai 於上海供應建築五金及衛浴設備予物業發展項目
Massford Trading Pte Ltd.	Singapore 新加坡	10,000 ordinary shares 10,000 股普通股	Company with limited liabilities 有限責任公司	100%	100%	Supply of architectural builders' hardware and bathroom collections for property development in Singapore 於新加坡供應建築五金及衛浴設備予物業發展項目
Right Century Limited 港仲有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	1,000 ordinary shares 1,000 股普通股	Company with limited liabilities 有限責任公司	100%	100%	Retail sales of bathroom accessories and decoration materials through retail shops in Hong Kong 透過零售店於香港零售銷售衛浴 設備及裝飾材料





綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

18 INTEREST IN SUBSIDIARIES (CONT'D)

18 附屬公司權益(續)

Name of subsidiary 附屬公司名稱	Place of incorporation/ establishment 註冊/成立地點	Particulars of issued share capital 已發行股本詳情	Legal structure 法定結構	Equity interest held 所持股本權益 2017 2016 二零一七年 二零一六年	Principal activities and place of operation 主要業務及營業地點
Shanghai Tech Pro International Trading Company Limited* 上海得保國際貿易有限公司	PRC 中國	US\$300,000 300,000美元	Wholly foreign owned enterprise 全外資企業	100 % 100%	Importing and sale of architectural builders' hardware and bathroom collections in the PRC 於中國進口及銷售建築五金及 衛浴設備
Shanghai Techpro Interior Decoration Company Limited* 上海得保室內裝飾有限公司	PRC 中國	RMB5,000,000 人民幣5,000,000元	Wholly foreign owned enterprise 全外資企業	100 % 100%	Undertaking interior decoration and project management for property development in the PRC 於中國提供室內設計及項目管理服務予物業發展項目
Sunny Building and Decoration Materials Company Limited 新新裝飾材料五金工具有限公司	Hong Kong 香港 引	6,000 ordinary shares 6,000 股普通股	Company with limited liabilities 有限責任公司	100 % 100%	Retail sales of architectural builders' hardware and bathroom collections through retail shops in Hong Kong 透過零售店於香港零售銷售 建築五金及衛浴設備
Tech Pro (China) Limited 德保(中國)有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	2 ordinary shares 2 股普通股	Company with limited liabilities 有限責任公司	100% 100%	Investment holding in the PRC 於中國作投資控股
Techpro Trading Limited 德保建材貿易有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	1,000 ordinary shares 1,000 股普通股	Company with limited liabilities 有限責任公司	100% 100%	Importing and sale of architectural builders' hardware 進口及銷售建築五金
VIA (Shanghai) Limited* 譽品 (上海)家具櫥櫃有限公司	PRC 中國	US\$250,000 250,000美元	Wholly foreign owned enterprise 全外資企業	100% 100%	Importing and sale of furniture and kitchen collection in Shanghai 於上海進口及銷售傢具及廚房 設備

^{*} The English names of certain subsidiaries referred herein represent management's best effort in translating the Chinese names of these subsidiaries as no English names have been registered.

由於上述若干附屬公司並無登記英文名稱,故該等英 文名稱由管理層根據中文名稱盡力翻譯。



19 INVENTORIES

19 存貨

 2017
 2016

 二零一七年
 二零一六年

 HK\$'000
 HK\$'000

 千港元
 千港元

Finished goods

製成品

146,058 130,628

The cost of inventories recognised as expense and included in "cost of sales" amounted to HK\$274,721,000 (2016: HK\$326,697,000).

確認為開支並計入「銷售成本」之存貨成本 為274,721,000港元(二零一六年: 326,697,000港元)。

As at 31 March 2017, finished goods with cost of HK\$34,163,000 (2016: HK\$36,187,000) were considered as obsolete.

於二零一七年三月三十一日,過時產成品之成本為34,163,000港元(二零一六年:36,187,000港元)。

The movement in the provision for inventory obsolescence is as follows:

過時存貨撥備變動如下:

		2017	2016
		二零一七年	二零一六年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Balance at beginning of the year	年初結餘	36,187	25,833
(Reversal of provision)/provision for	過時存貨(撥備撥回)/		
inventory obsolescence	撥備	(1,525)	10,471
Exchange difference	匯兑差異	(499)	(117)
Balance at end of the year	年終結餘	34,163	36,187
, ,	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		



綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

20 TRADE, RETENTION AND OTHER RECEIVABLES

Details of the trade, retention and other receivables as at 31 March 2017 are listed below:

20 應收賬款、應收保留款及其他應收款

於二零一七年三月三十一日,應收賬款、 應收保留款及其他應收款資料如下:

		2017	2016
		二零一七年	二零一六年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
		1 12 70	1 11570
Trade receivables	應收賬款	115,226	128,589
Less: provision for impairment of trade	減:應收賬款減值撥備	,	
receivables		(855)	(5,118)
		114,371	123,471
Retention receivables	應收保留款	6,308	11,248
Less: provision for impairment of retention	減:應收保留款減值撥備		
receivables		(260)	(570)
		120,419	134,149
Amounts due from customers for contract	應收客戶之合約工程賬款	,	,
work (note 30)	(附註30)	2,596	10,122
Other receivables, deposits and prepayments		23,990	23,127
		147,005	167,398
Less: non-current portion	減:非即期部分	, , , ,	,
Retention receivables	應收保留款	(5,672)	(8,975)
Deposits and prepayments	按金及預付款	(4,746)	(10,108)
1 1 3			(, ==/
Current portion	即期部分	136,587	148,315
F	*1 794 PF 74	=======================================	1.0,010

All non-current receivables are due within five years from the end of the respective reporting dates.

所有非即期部分之應收款將於其報告日起 計五年內到期。



20 TRADE, RETENTION AND OTHER RECEIVABLES (CONT'D)

The ageing analysis of trade receivables at the reporting date by invoice date is as follows:

1–90 days	1至90天
91–365 days	91至365天
Over 365 days	超過365天

The majority of the Group's sales are with credit terms of 30 to 90 days, while some customers are granted an extended credit period of up to 120 days.

The ageing analysis of trade receivables that are not impaired is as follows:

Not yet past due	尚未逾期
1–90 days past due	逾期1至90天
91-365 days past due	逾期91至365天
Over 365 days past due	逾期超過365天

Receivables that were past due but not impaired relate to a wide range of customers that have a good track record with the Group. Based on past experience, management believes that no impairment allowance is necessary in respect of these balances as there has not been a significant change in credit quality and the balances are expected to be fully recoverable. The Group does not hold any collateral over these balances.

20 應收賬款、應收保留款及其他應收款 (續)

應收賬款於報告日之賬齡(以發票日計算) 分析如下:

2017

2017	2010
二零一七年	二零一六年
HK\$'000	HK\$'000
千港元	千港元
85,789	98,763
21,886	19,625
7,551	10,201
115,226	128,589

2016

2016

本集團之銷售信貸期大部分為30至90日, 而部份客戶的信貸期可獲延長至最多120 日。

未作減值撥備之應收賬款之賬齡分析如下:

/	2016
F =	零一六年
0	HK\$'000
Ĉ	千港元
8	59,201
2	45,060
5	16,558
6	2,652
_	
1	123,471

已逾期但未作出減值撥備之應收款來自若 干與本集團有良好還款記錄之客戶。根據 過往經驗,由於信貸質素並無重大變動, 且相信可全數收回有關應收款,故管理層 認為毋須就該等結餘作出減值撥備。本集 團並無就該等結餘持有任何抵押品。

00

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

20 TRADE, RETENTION AND OTHER RECEIVABLES (CONT'D)

The movement in the provision for impairment of trade and retention receivables is as follows:

20 應收賬款、應收保留款及其他應收款 (續)

應收賬款及應收保留款減值撥備變動如下:

		2017	2016
		二零一七年	二零一六年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Balance at beginning of the year (Write-back of provision)/provision for	年初結餘 已減值應收款(撥備撥回)/撥備	5,688	130
impaired receivables		(4,530)	5,569
Exchange difference	匯兑差異	(43)	(11)
Balance at end of the year	年終結餘	1,115	5,688

At each reporting date, the Group reviews receivables for evidence of impairment on both an individual and collective basis. As at 31 March 2017, the Group determined trade and retention receivables of HK\$1,115,000 (2016: HK\$5,688,000) as individually impaired. The impaired trade and retention receivables are due from customers that were in default or delinquency of payments.

As at 31 March 2017, the carrying values of trade and other receivables approximate their fair values (2016: same).

於各報告日,本集團按個別及整體基準檢討應收款的減值證據。於二零一七年三月三十一日,本集團確認應收賬款及應收保留款其中1,115,000港元(二零一六年:5,688,000港元)需要作個別減值。已減值應收賬款及應收保留款乃應收未能或拖欠還款的客戶的款項。

於二零一七年三月三十一日,應收賬款及 其他應收款之賬面值與其公允值相若(二 零一六年:相同)。

21 DERIVATIVE FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

21 衍生金融工具

		2017 二零一七年		2016 二零一六年	
		Assets	Liabilities	Assets	Liabilities
		資產	負債	資產	負債
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
Not qualified for hedge	不符合對沖會計資格				
accounting					
Foreign exchange forward	外匯遠期合約,按市值				
contract, at market value	(附註)				
(note)				1,310	(377)



21 DERIVATIVE FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONT'D)

Note:

The notional principal amounts of the outstanding foreign exchange forward contracts as at 31 March 2017 and 2016 are as follows:

Sell HK\$ for Euro賣出港元兑歐元Sell Euro for HK\$賣出歐元兑港元

21 衍生金融工具(續)

附註:

於二零一七年及二零一六年三月三十一日尚未行使之外 匯遠期合約之名義本金額如下:

 2017
 2016

 二零一七年
 二零一六年

 HK\$'000
 HK\$'000

 千港元
 千港元

 51,462

 52,395

22 RESTRICTED CASH

22 受限制現金

 2017
 2016

 二零一七年
 二零一六年

 HK\$'000
 HK\$'000

 千港元
 千港元

 Restricted cash
 受限制現金
 2,981
 2,966

Restricted bank deposits of HK\$2,981,000 (2016: HK\$2,966,000) represented fixed term deposits placed with commercial banks and were pledged against performance bonds granted to the Group (note 32).

The effective interest rate on restricted bank deposits was 0.5% (2016: 0.7%) per annum as at 31 March 2017.

受限制銀行存款 2,981,000 港元 (二零一六年: 2,966,000 港元) 指存放於商業銀行之定期存款,已抵押作為本集團獲授履約保證之抵押品(附註 32)。

於二零一七年三月三十一日,受限制銀行 存款之實際年利率為0.5%(二零一六年: 0.7%)。

79,706

23 CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

23 現金及現金等價物

 2017
 2016

 二零一七年
 二零一六年

 HK\$'000
 HK\$'000

 千港元
 千港元

127,781

Cash at bank and on hand

銀行存款及手頭現金

於二零一七年三月三十一日,本集團之現 金及銀行結餘約15,089,000港元(二零 一六年:10,705,000港元)已存入中國之 銀行,匯款受外匯條例管制。

As at 31 March 2017, the Group's cash and bank balances of approximately HK\$15,089,000 (2016: HK\$10,705,000) are deposited with banks in the PRC, where the remittance of funds is subject to foreign exchange control.

於二零一七年三月三十一日,短期銀行存款之實際年利率為0.05%(二零一六年:0.12%)。

The effective interest rate on short-term bank deposits was 0.05% (2016: 0.12%) per annum as at 31 March 2017.

145



綜合財務報表附註

91-365 days

Over 365 days

For the year ended 31 March 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

24 TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES AND RECEIPTS IN ADVANCE

24 應付賬款、其他應付款及預收款項

		2017 二零一七年 HK\$'000 千港元	2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000 千港元
Trade payables	應付賬款	24,293	46,818
Accrued charges and other payables Amounts due to customers for contract	應計費用及其他應付款 應付客戶之合約工程賬款	7,006	14,619
work (note 30)	(附註30)	11,742	7,827
		43,041	69,264
Receipts in advance	預收款項	47,175	39,614
The ageing analysis of the trade payables at invoice date is as follows:	the reporting date by	應付賬款於報告日之賬齡(以)分析如下:	發票日計算)
		2017	2016
		二零一七年 HK\$ '000	二零一六年 HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
0–90 days	0至90天	23,242	45,825

91至365天

超過365天

As at 31 March 2017, the carrying values of trade and other payables approximate their fair values (2016: same).

於二零一七年三月三十一日,應付賬款及 其他應付款之賬面值與其公允值相若(二 零一六年:相同)。

24,293

124

927

54

939

46,818



25 BORROWINGS

25 借款

		2017	2016
		二零一七年	二零一六年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Current	即期		
Secured	有抵押		
— Bank loans	— 銀行貸款	8,897	14,371
Unsecured	無抵押		
— Trust receipt loans	一 信託收據貸款	19,092	30,515
— Bank loans	一 銀行貸款	10,126	13,965
		38,115	58,851

Trust receipt loans are mainly denominated in HK\$, US\$ or Euro. All bank loans are denominated in HK\$.

At 31 March 2017, the Group's borrowings were repayable as follows:

Within one year	一年內
In the second year	第二年內
In the third to fifth year	第三年至第五年內
After the fifth year	五年以上

Bank borrowings of HK\$8,897,000 (2016: HK\$14,371,000) are secured by leasehold land and buildings of the Group of HK\$97,700,000 (2016: HK\$84,400,000) (note 16).

The fair value of borrowings, which carry interest at floating rates, equals their carrying amounts.

信託收據貸款之結算貨幣為港元、美元或 歐元。所有銀行貸款之結算貨幣為港元。

於二零一七年三月三十一日,本集團須償 還之借款如下:

2017

二零一七年	二零一六年
HK\$'000	HK\$'000
千港元	千港元
33,753	49,956
1,361	4,537
3,001	4,120
	238
38,115	58,851

2016

銀行借款8,897,000港元(二零一六年:14,371,000港元) 是以本集團為數97,700,000港元(二零一六年:84,400,000港元)之租賃土地及樓字作抵押(附註16)。

附有浮動利率之借款之公允值等同其賬面 值。



綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

25 BORROWINGS (CONT'D)

The Group had the following undrawn borrowing facilities:

25 借款(續)

本集團有以下未動用之授信金額:

 2017
 2016

 二零一七年
 二零一六年

 HK\$'000
 HK\$'000

 千港元
 千港元

Floating rate:

— Expiring within one year

浮動利率:

一 一年內到期

221,422

174,882

2016

二零一六年

The effective interest rate is 2.1% (2016: 1.5%) for the year ended 31 March 2017.

截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度之實際利率為2.1%(二零一六年:1.5%)。

26 DEFERRED TAXATION

The analysis of deferred income tax assets and deferred income tax liabilities is as follows:

26 遞延税項

遞延税項資產及遞延税項負債之分析如下:

二零一七年

2017

HK\$'000 HK\$'000 千港元 千港元 Deferred income tax assets: 遞延税項資產: Deferred income tax assets to be 十二個月後可收回之 recovered after more than 12 months 遞延税項資產 2,443 2,921 Deferred income tax assets to be 十二個月內可收回之 recovered within 12 months 遞延税項資產 175 237 2,618 3,158 Deferred income tax liabilities: 遞延税項負債: Deferred income tax liabilities to be 十二個月後可結算之 settled after more than 12 months 遞延税項負債 19,418 16,542



26 DEFERRED TAXATION (CONT'D)

26 遞延税項(續)

The movements in gross deferred income tax assets and liabilities during the year, without taking into consideration the offsetting of balances within the same tax jurisdiction, are as follows:

未經考慮在相同税務司法權區內抵銷結餘前,本年度之遞延稅項資產及負債總額變動如下:

Deferred income tax assets

遞延税項資產

			losses 頁虧損	depre	rated tax eciation E項折舊		vision 備		tal 計
		2017	2016	2017	2016	2017	2016	2017	2016
		二零一七年	二零一六年	二零一七年	二零一六年	二零一七年	二零一六年	二零一七年	二零一六年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
At 1 April Credited/(charged) to	於四月一日 計入/(扣自)損益	159	477	2,825	2,422	2,399	-	5,383	2,899
profit or loss		223	(318)	659	403	(546)	2,430	336	2,515
Exchange difference	匯兑差異	_	-	-	-	(136)	(31)	(136)	(31)
At 31 March	於三月三十一日	382	159	3,484	2,825	1,717	2,399	5,583	5,383

Deferred income tax liabilities

遞延税項負債

		prop	ation of erties 重估	depre	ated tax ciation 項折舊		tal 計
		2017	2016	2017	2016	2017	2016
		二零一七年	二零一六年	二零一七年	二零一六年	二零一七年	二零一六年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
At 1 April Charged/(credited) to other	於四月一日 扣自/(計入)	18,541	20,104	226	34	18,767	20,138
comprehensive income	其他全面收益	3,459	(1,563)	-	_	3,459	(1,563)
Charged to profit or loss	扣自損益			157	192	157	192
At 31 March	於三月三十一日	22,000	18,541	383	226	22,383	18,767

00

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

26 DEFERRED TAXATION (CONT'D)

As at 31 March 2017, the Group has not recognised deferred income tax assets in respect of cumulative tax losses of HK\$9,385,000 (2016: HK\$4,189,000) as it is not probable that future taxable profits against which the losses can be utilised will be available in the relevant tax jurisdictions and entities. These tax losses utilisation will expire as follows:

26 遞延税項(續)

於二零一七年三月三十一日,本集團仍未確認有關累計稅項虧損9,385,000港元(二零一六年:4,189,000港元)之遞延稅項資產,此乃由於在相關稅務司法權區及就有關實體而言,未來不大可能取得應課溢利用以抵銷稅項虧損。該等稅項虧損之到期日如下:

20172016二零一七年二零一六年HK\$'000HK\$'000千港元千港元

In the first to fifth year inclusive

第一年至第五年內(包括首尾兩年)

9,385

4,189

Deferred income tax liabilities of HK\$937,000 as at 31 March 2017 (2016: HK\$758,000) have not been recognised for the withholding tax and other taxes that would be payable on the unremitted earnings of subsidiaries. Unremitted earnings totalled HK\$18,734,000 at 31 March 2017 (2016: HK\$15,162,000), and the Group does not intend to remit these unremitted earnings from the relevant subsidiaries to the Company in the foreseeable future.

於二零一七年三月三十一日,並無就附屬公司未匯盈利應付之預扣税及其他税項確認遞延税項負債937,000港元(二零一六年:758,000港元)。於二零一七年三月三十一日,未匯盈利合共為18,734,000港元(二零一六年:15,162,000港元)。本集團並無打算於可見將來匯入本公司相關附屬公司之未匯盈利。

27 SHARE CAPITAL

27 股本

		2017		2016	
		二零一七	年	二零一方	7年
		Number of		Number of	
		shares	HK\$'000	shares	HK\$'000
		股份數目	千港元	股份數目	千港元
Authorised: Ordinary shares at HK\$0.1 each At 1 April and 31 March Issued and fully paid:	法定: 每股面值 0.1 港元之普通股 於四月一日及三月三十一日 已發行及全數支付:	1,000,000,000	100,000	1,000,000,000	100,000
Ordinary shares at HK\$0.1 each	每股面值0.1港元之普通股				
At 1 April	於四月一日	300,300,000	30,030	300,300,000	30,030
Issue of bonus shares (note)	紅股發行(附註)	300,300,000	30,030		
At 31 March	於三月三十一日	600,600,000	60,060	300,300,000	30,030

Note: Shareholders approved a bonus shares issue on the basis of one bonus share for every share then existing on 27 May 2016. The issue was completed on 8 June 2016. 附註:股東批准發行紅股,基準為於二零一六年五月 二十七日每持有一股現有股份可獲發一股紅股。 發行於二零一六年六月八日完成。



28 RESERVES

Details of the movements in the Group's reserves are set out in the consolidated statement of changes in equity on pages 91 and 92.

Statutory reserve

In accordance with the relevant PRC rules and regulations, certain subsidiaries of the Company are required to appropriate certain percentage of their profits after tax to the respective statutory reserves. Subject to certain restrictions as set out in the relevant PRC regulations, this statutory reserve may be used to reduce any losses incurred or for capitalisation as paid-up capital of the PRC subsidiary.

Merger reserve

Merger reserve of the Group represents the difference between the nominal value of the ordinary shares and share premium account of the group companies acquired pursuant to the group reorganisation (the "Reorganisation") on 22 March 2000, over the nominal value of the Company's shares issued in exchange thereof.

Capital reserve

The capital reserve represented contribution surplus made by the then shareholders to certain subsidiaries of the Company before the group reorganisation on 22 March 2000.

28 儲備

本集團之儲備變動詳情載於第91及92頁 之綜合權益變動表。

法定儲備

接中國有關規則及規例,本公司若干附屬公司須向各自之法定儲備供款,金額為除稅項後溢利之適用若干百分比。根據相關中國規例之若干限制,該法定儲備可填補中國附屬公司產生之任何虧損或用作將繳足股本資本化。

合併儲備

本集團之合併儲備為普通股之面值與根據 於二零零零年三月二十二日之集團重組 (「重組」) 收購集團成員公司產生之股份溢 價賬之差額,此差額超過用作交換之本公 司已發行股份之面值。

資本儲備

資本儲備指於二零零零年三月二十二日集 團重組前當時股東對本公司若干附屬公司 之出資盈餘。





綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

29 CASH GENERATED FROM OPERATIONS

29 經營產生之現金

CASH GENERATED FROM OPER	ATIONS 29 經售	胜生之况	
		2017	2016
		二零一七年	二零一六年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
		1 他儿	一个儿
Cook flows from anarating activities	颁然还剩之明人法具		
Cash flows from operating activities	經營活動之現金流量	50.402	00.225
Profit before income tax	除税項前溢利	50,403	89,235
Adjustments for:	經下列各項調整:	4 00 =	
Finance costs	融資成本	1,005	872
Finance income	融資收入	(619)	(427)
Fair value (gain)/losses on investment	投資物業公允值(收益)/虧損		
properties		(4,300)	2,193
(Reversal of provision)/provision	過時存貨(撥備撥回)/撥備		
for inventory obsolescence		(1,525)	10,471
(Write-back of provision)/provision	已減值應收款(撥備撥回)/		ŕ
for impaired receivables	撥備	(4,530)	5,569
Loss on disposal of property,	出售物業、廠房及設備之虧損	(1,000)	0,000
plant and equipment	山白切朱 减历及战陆之相顶	296	200
Gain on deregistration of subsidiaries	撤銷註冊附屬公司收益	270	(1,214)
Loss/(gain) on forward contracts	遠期合約虧損/(收益)	1,517	(1,214) $(1,251)$
Depreciation		10,665	11,869
Depreciation	折舊	10,005	11,809
Operating profit before working	營運資金變動前之經營溢利		
capital changes		52,912	117,517
Inventories	存貨	(14,012)	6,090
Trade, retention and other receivables	應收賬款、應收保留款及		
	其他應收款	23,824	(4,112)
Trade and other payables	應付賬款及其他應付款	(24,978)	23,596
Receipts in advance	預收款項	6,860	(42,754)
1	2,000		
Cash conserted from energtions	經營產生之現金	44,606	100,337
Cash generated from operations	經宮座生人児金	44,000	100,557
	مدار المد		N. W. G. T.
In the consolidated statement of cash	, I	合現金流量表內,出售	勿 棄、敝房及
disposal of property, plant and equipment	comprise: 設備之	之所得款項包括:	
		2017	2016
		二零一七年	二零一六年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
		1 16 / 5	1 12/2

賬面淨值(附註16)

(附註7)

所得款項

出售物業、廠房及設備之虧損

出售物業、廠房及設備之

Net book amount (note 16)

equipment (note 7)

plant and equipment

Loss on disposal of property, plant and

Proceeds from disposal of property,

296

(296)

225

(200)



30 CONSTRUCTION CONTRACTS IN PROGRESS

30 在建工程合約

		2017 二零一七年	2016 二零一六年
		_ ◆ ^{- 七年} HK\$'000	ー◆一八年 HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
The aggregate cost incurred and recognised	該日已產生總成本及已確認溢利		
profits (less recognised losses) to date Less: progress billings	(減已確認虧損) 減:進度付款	149,316 (158,462)	143,054 (140,759)
Less. progress omnigs		(130,402)	(140,737)
Net financial position for ongoing contracts	現行合約之淨財務狀況	(9,146)	2,295
Included in current (liabilities)/assets are the following:	計入流動(負債)/資產之 各項如下:		
Amounts due from customers for contract work	應收客戶之合約工程賬款	2,596	10,122
Amounts due to customers for contract work	應付客戶之合約工程賬款	(11,742)	(7,827)
Net financial position for ongoing contracts	現行合約之淨財務狀況	(9,146)	2,295

31 OPERATING LEASE COMMITMENTS

31 經營租賃承擔

下:

(a) Operating lease commitments — group company as lessee

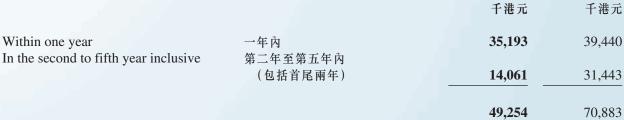
As at 31 March 2017, the Group had future aggregate minimum lease payments under non-cancellable operating leases in respect of land and buildings as follows:

(a)	經宮租員承擔 一 果團公司作為承租
	人
	於二零一七年三月三十一日,本集團
	根據不可撤銷之土地及樓宇經營租賃
	而於未來支付之最低租賃付款總額如

2017

二零一七年 HK\$'000 千港元	二零一六年 HK\$'000 千港元
35,193	39,440
14,061	31,443
40.254	70.992

2016







綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

31 OPERATING LEASE COMMITMENTS (CONT'D)

(b) Operating lease commitments — group company as lessor

As at 31 March 2017, the Group had future aggregate minimum lease payments receivable under non-cancellable operating leases in respect of investment properties as follows:

Within one year — 年內
In the second to fifth year inclusive 第二年至第五年內

31 經營租賃承擔(續)

(b) 經營租賃承擔 — 集團公司作為出租 人

> 於二零一七年三月三十一日,本集團 根據不可撤銷之投資物業經營租賃而 於未來應收最低租賃付款總額如下:

2016	2017
二零一六年	二零一七年
HK\$'000	HK\$'000
千港元	千港元
757	840
_	350
757	1,190

32 CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

As at 31 March 2017, performance bonds of approximately HK\$23,031,000 (2016: HK\$16,465,000) have been issued by the Group to customers as security of contracts. Restricted cash of HK\$2,981,000 (2016: HK\$2,966,000) was held as security for the performance bonds.

32 或然負債

(包括首尾兩年)

於二零一七年三月三十一日,本集團已向客戶發出履約保證約23,031,000港元(二零一六年:16,465,000港元)作為合約擔保,其中受限制現金2,981,000港元(二零一六年:2,966,000港元)持作履約保證之擔保。



33 RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

33 關連人士交易

In addition to the transactions/information disclosed in note 12 to these consolidated financial statements, during the year, the Group had the following transactions with related parties:

除綜合財務報表附註12披露之交易/資料外,於本年度內,本集團曾與關連人士進行以下交易:

(a)	Related party relationship	Nature of transaction	2017	2016
	關連人士關係	交易性質	二零一七年	二零一六年
			HK\$'000	HK\$'000
			千港元	千港元

A company under common control of certain directors of the Company (note)

一間受本公司若干董事共同控制之
公司(附註)

Rental expenses paid to Negotiator Consultants Limited ("NCL")

支付予 Negotiator Consultants Limited (「NCL」) 之租金開支

z 開支 **2,820** 2,820

Note: NCL is a company in which Mr. TSE Sun Fat, Henry, Mr. TSE Sun Wai, Albert, Mr. TSE Sun Po, Tony and Mr. TSE Hon Kit, Kevin, directors of the Company, have beneficial interests. The rental expenses were paid in the normal course of business at terms mutually agreed between the Group and NCL.

附註: NCL為本公司董事謝新法先生、謝新偉先生、謝 新寶先生及謝漢傑先生擁有實益權益之公司。租 金開支在日常業務過程中按本集團與NCL互相議 定之條款支付。

(b) Balances with related parties

(b) 關連人士之結餘

				Maximum receivable balance
		At end	At beginning	during the
		of the year	of the year	year 年內應收款
		於年終	於年初	最大結餘
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元
As at 31 March 2017 Other receivables from — NCL	於二零一七年三月三十一日 其他應收款由 — NCL	255	255	255
As at 31 March 2016 Other receivables from — NCL	於二零一六年三月三十一日 其他應收款由 一 NCL	255	344	344

Balances are unsecured, interest-free and repayable on demand. The carrying amounts approximate their fair values (2016: same).

結餘為無抵押、免息及須應要求還款。賬面值與其公允值相若(二零一六年:一致)。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

34 STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AND RESERVE MOVEMENT OF THE COMPANY

AS AT 31 MARCH 2017

34 本公司財務狀況表及儲備變動

於二零一七年三月三十一日

			2017	2016
		Notes	二零一七年 HK\$'000	二零一六年 HK\$'000
		附註	千港元	千港元
		LIT HT	1 12 70	1 10 70
ASSETS	資產			
Non-current asset	非流動資產			
Interest in subsidiaries	附屬公司權益		90,918	90,918
Comment a seats	计私物文			
Current assets Amounts due from subsidiaries	流動資產		116,621	51 015
Other receivables	應收附屬公司款項 其他應收款		25	54,845 36
Current income tax recoverable	可收回本期税項		351	30
Cash and cash equivalents	現金及現金等值物		481	275
Cash and Cash equivalents	况並及児並守恒初		401	
			117,478	55,156
			<u></u> :	<u></u>
Total assets	總資產		208,396	146,074
EOLUTY	** *			
EQUITY Equity attributable to equity	權益			
holders of the Company	本公司所有者應佔權益			
Share capital	股本		60,060	30,030
Reserves	儲備	(a)	85,127	104,609
Reserves	HH HH	(u)		104,007
Total equity	權益總額		145,187	134,639
LIABILITIES	 住			
Current liabilities	負債			
Other payables	流動負債 其他應付款		2,825	2,200
Current income tax liabilities	本期税項負債		2,025	181
Amounts due to subsidiaries	應付附屬公司款項		60,384	9,054
Amounts due to substdiaries	巡门門闽公司承续			7,034
			63,209	11,435
Total equity and liabilities	權益及負債總額		208,396	146,074

The statement of financial position of the Company was approved by the Board of Directors on 27 June 2017 and was signed on its behalf.

本公司財務狀況表已經董事會於二零一七 年六月二十七日批准,並由下列董事代表 簽署。

TSE Sun Fat, Henry 謝新法 Director 董事 TSE Sun Po, Tony 謝新寶 Director 董事



Retained

34 STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AND RESERVE MOVEMENT OF THE COMPANY (CONT'D)

Note (a) Reserve movement of the Company

34 本公司財務狀況表及儲備變動(續)

Share

附註(a)本公司儲備變動

		premium 股份溢價 HK\$`000 千港元	earnings 保留溢利 HK\$'000 千港元	Total 合計 HK\$'000 千港元
At 1 April 2015 Profit for the year Dividends (note 14(a))	於二零一五年四月一日 年度溢利 股息(附註14(a))	29,427 	105,794 2,421 (33,033)	135,221 2,421 (33,033)
At 31 March 2016	於二零一六年三月三十一日	29,427	75,182	104,609
At 1 April 2016 Profit for the year Issue of bonus shares (note 27) Dividends (note 14(a))	於二零一六年四月一日 年度溢利 紅股發行(附註27) 股息(附註14(a))	29,427 - (29,427) -	75,182 61,599 (603) (51,051)	104,609 61,599 (30,030) (51,051)
At 31 March 2017	於二零一七年三月三十一日		85,127	85,127

Five-Year Financial Summary

五年財務摘要

		2017 二零一七年 HK\$'000 千港元	2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000 千港元	2015 二零一五年 HK\$'000 千港元	2014 二零一四年 HK\$'000 千港元	2013 二零一三年 HK\$'000 千港元
Results Profit attributable to equity holders	業績 本公司所有者					
of the Company	應佔溢利	42,307	78,377	65,910	9,019	24,512
		2017 二零一七年 HK\$'000 千港元	2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000 千港元	2015 二零一五年 HK\$'000 千港元	2014 二零一四年 HK\$'000 千港元	2013 二零一三年 HK\$'000 千港元
Assets and liabilities Total assets Total liabilities	資產及負債 總資產 總負債	582,865 (151,001)	613,998 (189,163)	600,890 (212,011)	506,904 (183,259)	498,963 (172,017)
Shareholders' equity	股東權益	431,864	424,835	388,879	323,645	326,946

The results, assets and liabilities of the Group for each of the five 本集團截至二零一七年三月三十一日止五個年 years ended 31 March 2017 have been prepared on a consolidated basis.

度各年之業績、資產及負債乃按綜合基準編製。















