

# Sustainable Forest Holdings Limited 永保林業控股有限公司\*

(Incorporated in Bermuda with limited liability) (於百慕達註冊成立之有限公司)

Stock Code 股份代號: 723

Annual Report 年報

16/17

for identification purpose only 僅供識別



# Contents 目錄

Corporate Information 公司資料	02
Chairman's Statement 主席報告	04
Financial Highlights 財務摘要	05
Management Discussion and Analysis 管理層討論及分析	06
Report of Directors 董事會報告	10
Biographical Details of Directors and Senior Management 董事及高級管理層履歷	20
Corporate Governance Report 企業管治報告	25
Environmental, Social and Governance Report 環境、社會及管治報告	36
Independent Auditor's Report 獨立核數師報告	41
Consolidated Statement of Profit or Loss 綜合損益表	44
Consolidated Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income 綜合損益及其他全面收益表	45
Consolidated Statement of Financial Position 綜合財務狀況表	46
Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity 綜合權益變動表	48
Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows 綜合現金流轉表	49
Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements 綜合財務報表附註	51
Five Years Financial Summary 五年財務摘要	156

### **Corporate Information**

# 公司資料

#### **BOARD OF DIRECTORS**

#### **Executive Directors**

Mr. YEUNG Sau Chung (Chairman)

Mr. LIU Shun Chuen

Mr. MUNG Wai Ming

#### **Independent Non-Executive Directors**

Mr. William Keith JACOBSEN

Mr. WU Wang Li

Mr. NG Wai Hung

#### **BOARD COMMITTEES**

#### **Executive Committee**

Mr. YEUNG Sau Chung (Chairman)

Mr. LIU Shun Chuen

Mr. MUNG Wai Ming

#### **Audit Committee**

Mr. William Keith JACOBSEN (Chairman)

Mr. WU Wang Li

Mr. NG Wai Hung

#### **Remuneration Committee**

Mr. William Keith JACOBSEN (Chairman)

Mr. WU Wang Li

Mr. NG Wai Hung

#### **Nomination Committee**

Mr. William Keith JACOBSEN (Chairman)

Mr. WU Wang Li

Mr. NG Wai Hung

#### **COMPANY SECRETARY**

Mr. LEE Rabi

#### **AUTHORIZED REPRESENTATIVES**

Mr. YEUNG Sau Chung

Mr. LEE Rabi

#### PRINCIPAL BANKERS

Bank of Communications Co., Ltd. Hong Kong Branch The Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation Limited Shanghai Commercial Bank Limited

#### 董事會

#### 執行董事

楊秀中先生(主席)

廖信全先生

蒙偉明先生

#### 獨立非執行董事

葉偉其先生

吳弘理先生

吳偉雄先生

#### 董事委員會

#### 執行委員會

楊秀中先生(主席)

廖信全先生

蒙偉明先生

#### 審核委員會

葉偉其先生(主席)

吳弘理先生

吳偉雄先生

#### 薪酬委員會

葉偉其先生(主席)

吳弘理先生

吳偉雄先生

#### 提名委員會

葉偉其先生(主席)

吳弘理先生

吳偉雄先生

#### 公司秘書

李揚捷先生

#### 法定代表

楊秀中先生

李揚捷先生

#### 主要往來銀行

交通銀行股份有限公司香港分行 香港上海滙豐銀行有限公司 上海商業銀行有限公司

### **Corporate Information**

公司資料

#### **REGISTERED OFFICE**

Clarendon House 2 Church Street Hamilton HM 11 Bermuda

# HEAD OFFICE AND PRINCIPAL PLACE OF OF BUSINESS IN HONG KONG

Suites No. 302-305, 3rd Floor, Sino Plaza 255-257 Gloucester Road Causeway Bay, Hong Kong Tel. No.: (852) 3460 6600 Fax. No.: (852) 2838 5366 E-mail: info@susfor.com

#### SHARE REGISTRARS

#### **Principal Share Registrar**

The Belvedere Building 69 Pitts Bay Road Pembroke HM08 Bermuda

#### Hong Kong Branch Share Registrar

Tricor Tengis Limited Level 22, Hopewell Centre 183 Queen's Road East Hong Kong

#### **AUDITORS**

Crowe Horwath (HK) CPA Limited

#### **WEBSITES ADDRESSES**

http://www.susfor.com http://www.irasia.com/listco/hk/sustainableforest

#### HONG KONG STOCK EXCHANGE CODE

723

#### 註冊辦事處

Clarendon House 2 Church Street Hamilton HM 11 Bermuda

#### 總辦事處及於香港之 主要營業地點

香港銅鑼灣 告士打道255-257號 信和廣場3樓302-305號室 電話: (852) 3460 6600 圖文傳真: (852) 2838 5366 電子郵箱: info@susfor.com

#### 股份過戶登記處

主要股份過戶登記處 The Belvedere Building 69 Pitts Bay Road Pembroke HM08 Bermuda

#### 香港股份過戶登記分處

卓佳登捷時有限公司 香港 皇后大道東183號 合和中心22樓

#### 核數師

國富浩華(香港)會計師事務所有限公司

#### 網址

http://www.susfor.com http://www.irasia.com/listco/hk/sustainableforest

#### 香港聯交所股份代號

723

### Chairman's Statement

### 主席報告

During the year ended 31 March 2017, the revenue of the Group from continuing operations decreased from HK\$11.3 million to HK\$7.1 million, which was mainly due to the decrease in the interest income from our money lending business. As benefited from the change in fair value of the Group financial liabilities and the write off of our certain long outstanding liabilities, the net loss of the Group for the current financial year reduced to HK\$1.7 million from HK\$33.1 million as recorded in the prior financial year.

Regarding our forest operations in the State of Acre, Brazil, since we changed our business model from own harvesting to leasing in 2014, we have been actively seeking potential and quality tenants. In the year ended 31 March 2017, we successfully leased out approximately 3,400 ha of the forest areas and subsequent to the balance sheet date, we entered into several leasing agreements to lease with independent sawmill owners for the term of two to three years. Currently, there will be in aggregate of approximately 14,000 ha to be leased out in coming years. We believe this is a big step to our forest management business. We shall continue to identify more potential tenants in the future to enhance the income stream from this business sector.

We have been reviewing and fine tuning our business strategies from time to time so as to increase our income stream and maximize our shareholders' value. During the current financial period, we disposed our travel agency business and part of our manufacturing and sale of timber product business in China as we do not envisage that the business will be able to turn around and contribute meaningfully to the Group in the future. We shall continue our trading of timber product business in other countries in the foreseeable future. In addition, we will continue to focus on our money lending business in Hong Kong.

I will like to take this opportunity to thank our staff, shareholders and other stakeholders for their continued support to the Group during this difficult time. We will review on the performance of our business segments from time to time and continue to seek new business opportunities with the view to diversify its business and improving shareholders' value.

截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度,本集團來自持續經營業務之收入由港幣11,300,000元減至港幣7,100,000元,此乃由於我們放債業務之利息收入減少所致。受益於本集團金融負債公平值變動及撤銷若干長期未償還負債,本集團於本財政年度之淨虧損由上一財政年度所錄得之港幣33,100,000元減至港幣1,700,000元。

就巴西亞克里州之伐木業務而言,我們自二零一四年將本身業務模式從自有伐木改為租賃,並一直積極物色潛在優質租戶。截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度,我們成功租出約3,400公頃森林面積,並於結算日後與獨立鋸木廠擁有人訂立多份為期兩至三年之租賃協議。目前,我們將於未來年度合共租出約14,000公頃森林面積。我們認為,此乃我們森林管理業務邁出的重大一步。我們將於日後繼續物色更多潛在租戶,以提升該業務領域之收入來源。

我們不時審閱及調整業務策略,以提升我們的收入來源及致力提高股東價值。於本財政期間,我們已出售旅遊代理業務以及中國之部分製造及銷售木材產品業務,因我們預見該業務將不會扭虧為盈,且日後不會為本集團帶來有意義之貢獻。我們將於可見將來繼續在其他國家開展木材產品貿易業務。此外,我們將繼續專注於香港之放債業務。

本人謹藉此機會感謝員工、股東及其他利益相關者 一直支持本集團共度時艱。本集團將不時審閱業務 分類表現及持續物色新商機,以使其業務多元化及 提高股東價值。

# Financial Highlights 財務摘要

		2017 二零一七年 HK\$'000 港幣千元	2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000 港幣千元	Changes 變化幅度
Operating results	經營業績			
Revenue (continuing operations)	收入(持續經營業務)	7,138	11,316	(36.9)%
Loss attributable to the owners of the Company	本公司擁有人應佔 虧損	(1,751)	(33,077)	(94.7)%
Financial position at year end	於年終之財務狀況			
Property, plant and equipment	物業、廠房及設備	22	86,578	(99.9)%
Intangible assets	無形資產	9,935	94	10,469.1%
Investment properties	投資物業	29,023	24,702	17.5%
Cash and cash equivalents	現金及現金等價物	116,163	59,258	96.0%
Net current assets	流動資產淨值	110,369	88,813	24.3%
Total assets	總資產	181,453	261,079	(30.5)%
Total interest bearing borrowings	獨立第三方計息借貸總額			
from independent third parties		23,302	23,344	(0.2)%
Total liabilities	總負債	64,987	149,248	(56.5)%
Equity attributable to the owners of the Company	本公司擁有人應佔之權益	116,480	111,744	4.2%
Per share information	每股資料			
Basic loss per share	每股基本虧損			
(Hong Kong cents)	(港仙)	(0.02)	(0.37) cents 仙	(94.6)%

管理層討論及分析

#### FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE

The Group's revenue from continuing operations decreased from HK\$11.3 million to HK\$7.1 million for the year ended 31 March 2017. The total revenue consisted mainly of the interest income from money lending business, licensing of harvesting rights and leasing of properties, which contributed approximately 55.5% (2016: 75.0%), 33.2% (2016: Nil) and 10.4% (2016: 6.1%), respectively, to the Group's revenue. The Group's net loss after tax from continuing operations decreased from HK\$33.1 million to HK\$1.5 million for the year ended 31 March 2017. The net loss for the current year was mainly due to the impairment of assets of approximately HK\$90.0 million.

#### **BUSINESS REVIEW**

Since the Group suspended harvesting operations in the State of Acre, Brazil due to the unfavourable business environment in 2012, the Group has been continuing to explore the optimal way to enhance the income stream from its forest assets in the State of Acre, Brazil. However, due to the prolonged unstable economic environment in Brazil and in view of the possibility of facing similar extortion threats from local parties in Brazil as the Group had experienced in previous years, operating the forest assets through own harvesting was still considered to be unfavourable to the Group. Therefore, the board of directors decided to change the operation model to leasing out the forest in June 2014. Since then, the Group has been actively looking for potential tenants to lease the forests. On the other hand, in each financial year, the Group also continued to assess the feasibility of other operation models such as turning back to own harvesting or realize benefit through disposal of the forests. For own harvesting, in addition to the above mentioned factors, it was found that the business plan is not beneficial to the Group with reference to the market price of the hardwood logs and the estimated operating costs. For disposing the forests, it was found that the sales market for forests with similar size as compared to the Group in Brazil was very limited. As a result, the board of directors still considers the leasing of forests is the most feasible business plan for the Group.

During the financial year ended 31 March 2017, the Group in total leased out approximately 3,400 ha of the forest areas to independent third parties and generated rental income of approximately HK\$2.4 million. Subsequent to the balance sheet date, the Group entered into several leasing agreements with independent sawmill owners for the term of two to three years. Currently, the Group anticipated an aggregate of approximately 14,000 ha of the forest areas will be leased out in coming two years. The Group will continue to explore more potential tenants and sawmill owners so as to enhance the income stream in the sector of forest management.

The workflow of our leasing operation is summarised as follow:

Once the Group reached an agreement with the tenants, an annual production unit ("UPA") will be determined within the area of the farm. Usually, the area of the UPA can be ranged from 1,000 ha to 4,000 ha according to the requirement of the sawmill and the number of species to harvest.

#### 財務表現

截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度,本集團持續經營業務之收入由港幣11,300,000元減至港幣7,100,000元。總收入主要包括放債業務、伐木權許可證及物業租賃之利息收入,分別約佔本集團收益之55.5%(二零一六年:75.0%)、33.2%(二零一六年:無)及10.4%(二零一六年:6.1%)。截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度,本集團持續經營業務之除稅後淨虧損由港幣33,100,000元減至港幣1,500,000元。本年度淨虧損主要由於資產減值約港幣90,000,000元所致。

#### 業務回顧

自本集團因營商環境不佳而於二零一二年暫停巴西 亞克里州之伐木業務以來,本集團一直在不懈探尋提 升其巴西亞克里州森林資產收入來源之最優方式。 然而,因巴西經濟環境持續動蕩不穩,且鑒於本集團 或會面臨其過往年度曾經歷過的來自巴西當地各方 之類似勒索威脅,故以自有伐木之方式經營森林資 產仍被視作對本集團不利。因此,董事會於二零一四 年六月決定將經營模式改為出租森林。自此,本集團 一直積極尋求租賃森林之潛在租戶。另一方面,於各 財政年度,本集團亦持續評估其他經營模式之可行 性,如轉回自有伐木經營模式或透過出售森林賺取 利益。就自有伐木而言,除上述因素外,經參考硬木 原木之市價及估計經營成本後,該業務計劃對本集 團而言並無裨益。就出售森林而言,在巴西與本集團 規模相若之森林之銷售市場極為有限。因此,董事會 仍然認為,租賃森林對本集團而言乃屬最為可行之 業務計劃。

截至二零一七年三月三十一日止財政年度,本集團合共向獨立第三方租出約3,400公頃森林面積,產生租金收入約港幣2,400,000元。於結算日後,本集團與獨立鋸木廠擁有人訂立多份為期兩至三年之租賃協議。目前,本集團預期於未來兩個年度合共租出約14,000公頃之森林面積。本集團將繼續物色更多潛在租戶及鋸木廠擁有人,以增加森林管理方面之收入來源。

我們租賃業務之工作流程概述如下:

一 一旦本集團與租戶達成協議,年生產單位 (「年生產單位」)將於林場範圍內釐定。一般 而言,年生產單位之面積介乎於1,000公頃至 4,000公頃之間,此乃視乎鋸木廠之要求及所 砍伐樹種之數目而定。

管理層討論及分析

- A 100% forest inventory on the UPA will be identified which includes all trees of commercial interest with more than 30 cm of diameter at breast height, the unique identification of each tree, species, GPS location, diameter, height and quality of trunk.
- With the information of the 100% forest inventory and satellite image, an annual operational plan ("POA"), which is a technical report containing information (such as harvesting area delimitation, maps, species analysis, etc.) and specifying the harvesting activities to be held in the UPA in a period of twelve months will be prepared by a forest engineer, who is engaged by the tenants, and submitted to the Environmental Institute of Acre ("IMAC") for review and approval.
- The IMAC will evaluate the POA and, if it fulfill all legal and technical requirements, issue a harvesting license ("AUTEX"), which is valid for a period of 12 months. Each farm will only be entitled to have two AUTEX in each year.
- The harvesting operation will only be performed during the dry season, which is normally from June to September in each year.
- After the finish of each POA, the forest engineer who is responsible for the POA will submit a post-harvesting report to IMAC for record.

As appeared in the disclaimer of opinion extracted from the independent auditor's report on pages 42 of this report, the auditor stated that "....whether the sustainable forest management segment could generate future economic benefits to the Group is dependent on the feasibility of the future business plan provided by the management. The future business plan is prepared by the management based on the historical data and management experience. However, as the business on leasing just commenced recently and the management still experiences certain difficulties in exercising the business plan to achieve their targeted level and under the circumstances of limited comparable information, we were unable to verify the reasonableness of the assumptions and the feasibility of the business plan." The critical point of the disclaimer of opinion is the feasibility of the future business plan and how the business plan can be achieved by the management. In accordance with the business plan of the Group, the Group targets to lease out a total of up 22,000 hectares of the forest areas (the "Target"), representing approximately 50% of the total forest area, by 31 March 2018. The management will use their best efforts to achieve the Target in the coming financial year so as to enhance the feasibility of the business plan. The audit committee of the Company will closely monitor the progress of the leasing and timely liaise with the auditors on the achievement of the business plan such that the auditors will be able to satisfy themselves on the feasibility of the business plan to remove the disclaimer of opinion in the Company's consolidated financial statements in next year.

- 識別年生產單位之全部森林存貨,包括胸高 直徑超過30厘米的所有具商業價值之林木, 並單獨識別每棵樹、樹種、GPS位置、樹干之 直徑、高度及質量。
- 一 根據全部森林存貨之資料及衛星圖像,由租戶 聘用之森林工程師將編製年度經營計劃(「年度經營計劃」),此乃一份載明砍伐區劃界、地圖、樹種將分析等資料,及訂明在十二個月期間年生產單位將予進行之砍伐活動之技術報告,報告將遞交予Environmental Institute of Acre(「IMAC」)供其審批。
- IMAC將評估年度經營計劃,倘其達成所有法 定及技術要求,IMAC將發出有效期為12個月 之伐木許可證(「伐木許可證」)。各林場每年 有權僅享有兩張伐木許可證。
- 一 砍伐活動僅於旱季進行,通常為每年之六月至九月。
- 一 於完成各年度經營計劃後,負責年度經營計劃之森林工程師將向IMAC提交砍伐後報告供其記錄。

誠如本報告第42頁獨立核數師報告所摘錄之不表示 意見所述,核數師表示[...可持續森林管理分部能否 為 貴集團創造未來經濟利益乃取決於管理層所提 供之未來業務計劃之可行性。未來業務計劃乃由管 理層根據歷史數據及管理經驗編製。然而,由於租賃 業務在近期剛剛起步,且管理層在為達致自身目標 水平而開展業務計劃時面臨一些困難,在可資比較 資料有限之情況下,故吾等無法核證假設之合理性 及業務計劃之可行性」。不表示意見之關鍵點在於未 來業務計劃之可行性及管理層之方式實現業務計劃 之方式。根據本集團之業務計劃,本集團目標為於二 零一八年三月三十一日前租出合共最多22,000公頃 之森林面積(「目標」),相當於總森林面積約50%。 管理層將盡力於下一個財政年度實現目標,藉以提高 業務計劃之可行性。本公司審核委員會將密切關注租 賃之進度,並就業務計劃及之實現情況及時與核數 師聯繫,以使核數師將能信納業務計劃之可行性,從 而於本公司下一年度之綜合財務報表中刪除不表示 意見。

管理層討論及分析

For the money lending business of the Group, the interest income generated from the loans, which are secured by collaterals or guarantees, continues to contribute a major source of revenue to the Group during the current financial year. The Group expects the business will continue to generate a stable income in the foreseeable future.

### Disposals of subsidiaries 出

Owing to the continuous sluggish in the demand for the Group's timber products in Mainland China, the Group disposed of its entire 100% equity interests of Originate Tech Global Investments Limited and its subsidiaries, which was engaged in the manufacturing and sale of timber products in Mainland China, in August 2016. Since the disposal, the Group has been exploring new business opportunities in the trading of timber products in other regions and the Group will continue to actively identify potential customers in the coming years.

In view of the poor operating environment of the travel and travel related business, the directors do not envisage the business will contribute meaningfully to the Group in the future, and therefore, the Group entered into a conditional sale and purchase agreement on 23 March 2016 to dispose its entire 95% equity interest in Travel Inn Limited to an independent third party at a cash consideration of HK\$1,800,000. The disposal was completed on 28 April 2016. The directors consider that the disposal would allow the Group to divest part of its investment portfolio so as to apply the proceeds for the purpose of exploring other business opportunities.

The Group will review its business portfolio and investment strategy from time to time and take appropriate action to enhance the financial performance and position of the Group.

#### **OUTLOOK**

Uncertain market conditions and poor demand for timber products continued to affect the Group's near term outlook. The Group will continue to identify new business opportunities with the view to diversifying its business portfolio and improving Shareholders' value. The Company will give priority to consider any new investment opportunity(ies) that can provide the Group with a stable revenue stream as and when suitable opportunities arise.

#### LIQUIDITY AND FINANCIAL RESOURCES

As at 31 March 2017, the Group had cash and cash equivalents that amounted to HK\$116.2 million (2016: HK\$59.3 million).

The Group's gearing ratio expressed as a percentage of total interest bearing loans and borrowings over equity attributable to the owners of the Company, slightly decreased from 20.9% as at 31 March 2016 to 20.0% as at 31 March 2017.

As at 31 March 2017, the Group had HK\$23.3 million (2016: HK\$23.3 million) in interest bearing borrowings from independent third parties of which HK\$16.2 million (2016: HK\$16.0 million) were repayable within one year and the remaining HK\$7.1 million (2016: HK\$7.3 million) were repayable after one year. As at 31 March 2017, the interest bearing borrowings of HK\$23.3 million (2016: HK\$23.3 million) from the independent third parties consisted of HK\$11.2 million (2016: HK\$11.6 million) in bank loans and HK\$12.1 million (2016: HK\$11.7 million) in other borrowings. As at 31 March 2017, the Group had net current assets of HK\$110.4 million (2016: HK\$88.8 million).

就本集團之放債業務而言,於本財政年度,由抵押品或擔保作抵押之貸款產生之利息收入繼續為本集團之主要收入來源。本集團預期該業務於可見未來將繼續產生穩定收入。

#### 出售附屬公司

由於本集團在中國內地之木材產品需求不斷萎縮,本集團於二零一六年八月出售創科環球投資有限公司及其附屬公司之全部股權,該公司於中國內地從事製造及銷售木材產品業務。自是次出售以來,本集團一直在其他地區尋求木材產品交易之新商機,且本集團將在未來數年積極物色潛在客戶。

鑒於旅遊及旅遊相關業務之經營環境惡劣,董事認為該業務日後將不會對本集團作出有意義之貢獻,因此,本集團於二零一六年三月二十三日訂立有條件買賣協議,以現金代價港幣1,800,000元將其於旅遊棧有限公司之95%股權全部出售予獨立第三方。出售事項已於二零一六年四月二十八日完成。董事認為,出售事項將令本集團撤除其部分投資組合,以致利用所得款項探索其他商機。

本集團將不時檢討其業務組合及投資策略,並採取 適當行動改善本集團之財務表現及狀況。

#### 展望

不明朗市況及對木材產品之需求偏低繼續影響本集團之短期前景。本集團將繼續物色新商機以使其業務組合多元化及改善股東價值。本公司將於合適機會湧現時優先考慮可為本集團帶來穩定收入來源之任何新投資機會。

#### 流動資金及財務資源

於二零一七年三月三十一日,本集團之現金及現金等價物為港幣116,200,000元(二零一六年:港幣59,300,000元)。

本集團之資本負債比率為計息貸款及借貸總額除本公司擁有人應佔權益之百分比,由二零一六年三月三十一日之20.9%略減至二零一七年三月三十一日之20.0%。

於二零一七年三月三十一日,本集團之獨立第三方計息借貸為港幣23,300,000元(二零一六年:港幣23,300,000元),其中港幣16,200,000元(二零一六年:港幣16,000,000元)須於一年內償還,而餘額港幣7,100,000元(二零一六年:港幣7,300,000元)則須於一年後償還。於二零一七年三月三十一日,本集團之獨立第三方計息借貸為港幣23,300,000元(二零一六年:港幣23,300,000元),其中港幣11,200,000元(二零一六年:港幣11,600,000元)為銀行貸款,而港幣12,100,000元(二零一六年:港幣11,700,000元)為其他借貸。於二零一七年三月三十一日,本集團之流動資產淨額為港幣110,400,000元(二零一六年:港幣88,800,000元)。

管理層討論及分析

#### **CHARGE ON ASSETS**

As at 31 March 2017, investment properties of HK\$29 million (2016: HK\$24.7 million) of the Group were pledged to secure bank mortgages. As at 31 March 2017, certain area of the freehold lands with carrying value of HK\$Nil (2016: HK\$21.4 million) was filed with a precautionary injunction by a claimant.

#### CONTINGENT LIABILITIES AND LITIGATIONS

The Group's contingent liabilities and litigations at 31 March 2017 are disclosed in Notes 39 and 40 to this report.

#### FOREIGN EXCHANGE RISK

The Group's continuing operation mainly operates in Brazil and Hong Kong.

During the year ended 31 March 2017, revenue from operations was denominated mainly in Hong Kong dollars and Brazilian Reais while its costs and expenses were primarily in Hong Kong dollars and Brazilian Reais where the Group's operations are based. The Group is exposed to potential foreign exchange risk as a result of fluctuations between those currencies that are not pegged.

In addition, the main operational assets of the Group are located and denominated in local currencies in Brazil while the Group's reporting currency is in Hong Kong dollars. This also exposes the Group to potential foreign exchange risk upon translation of those assets on each reporting date.

The Group did not enter into any arrangements or financial instruments for the purpose of hedging against the potential foreign exchange risks during the year under review. Management believes that the Group's exposure to foreign exchange risks is minimal since Reais has been strengthening during the current period. As for the operational assets of the Group, any foreign exchange gain or losses due to translation of the carrying value of the assets to the Group's reporting currency on reporting dates are unrealised and non-cash in nature. As such, active hedging activities are not considered warranted. Nonetheless, management will monitor closely its foreign currency exposure to ensure appropriate measures are taken promptly against any significant potential adverse impact.

# HUMAN RESOURCES AND REMUNERATION POLICY

As at 31 March 2017, the Group had approximately 12 employees (2016: 15) mainly in Hong Kong, China and Brazil. The total remuneration paid by the Group to its employees (including directors) for the year was approximately HK\$6.3 million (2016: HK\$5.6 million).

The Group rewards its employees according to prevailing market practices, individual experience, performance and requirements under applicable labor laws in the Group's operational locations. In addition to the provision of annual bonus, provident fund scheme and medical insurance coverage, discretionary bonuses and share options are also available to employees.

#### 資產抵押

於二零一七年三月三十一日,本集團價值港幣29,000,000元之投資物業(二零一六年:港幣24,700,000元)已抵押予銀行,以取得銀行按揭。於二零一七年三月三十一日,賬面值為港幣零元(二零一六年:港幣21,400,000元)之若干永久業權土地遭申索人入稟申請預防性禁止令。

#### 或然負債及訴訟

本集團於二零一七年三月三十一日之或然負債及訴訟已於本報告附註39及40內披露。

#### 外匯風險

本集團之持續經營業務主要位於巴西及香港。

截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度內,來自經營業務之收入主要以港幣及巴西雷亞爾計值,其成本及開支主要按本集團經營業務所在地之港幣及巴西雷亞爾計值。本集團因該等貨幣彼此並無掛鉤所產生之匯率波動而承受潛在外匯風險。

此外,本集團主要營運資產位於巴西,並以當地貨幣計值,而本集團之呈報貨幣為港幣,此亦導致本集團於每個報告日期換算該等資產時承受潛在外匯風險。

於回顧年度,本集團並無作出任何安排或利用任何財務工具對沖潛在外匯風險。管理層相信,本集團所承受外匯風險甚微,原因為本期間內雷亞爾走強。就本集團營運資產而言,任何因於報告日期換算資產賬面值為本集團呈報貨幣所產生外匯盈虧屬未變現及非現金性質。因此,積極對沖活動被視為並不恰當。然而,管理層將密切監察其外匯風險,以確保迅速就任何重大潛在不利影響採取恰當措施。

#### 人力資源及薪酬政策

於二零一七年三月三十一日,本集團有約12名僱員 (二零一六年:15名),主要駐於香港、中國及巴西。 本集團於年內支付予僱員(包括董事)之薪酬總額 約為港幣6,300,000元(二零一六年:港幣5,600,000 元)。

本集團根據當前市場慣例、個別僱員之經驗、表現及 本集團營運所在地之適用勞工法例規定酬謝僱員。 除發放年度花紅、設立公積金計劃及提供醫療保險 外,本集團亦向僱員發放酌情花紅及授出購股權。

董事會報告

The board of directors ("Board") of Sustainable Forest Holdings Limited ("Company") has pleasure in presenting to the shareholders of the Company ("Shareholders") its annual report together with the audited financial statements of the Company and its subsidiaries (collectively "Group") for the year ended 31 March 2017.

永保林業控股有限公司(「本公司」)之董事會(「董事會」)欣然向本公司股東(「股東」)提呈本公司及其附屬公司(統稱「本集團」)截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度之年報連同經審核財務報表。

# PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES AND GEOGRAPHICAL ANALYSIS OF OPERATIONS

The principal activity of the Company is investment holding. The principal activities of the subsidiaries of the Company comprise money lending business pursuant to the Money Lenders Ordinance (Chapter 163 of the Laws of Hong Kong); sustainable forest management; investment and leasing in natural forests; manufacturing and sales of timber products and leasing of properties. The activities of its principal subsidiaries are set out in Note 23 to the consolidated financial statements.

An analysis of the Group's performance for the year ended 31 March 2017 by geographical and business segments is set out in Note 6 to the consolidated financial statements.

#### **RESULTS AND APPROPRIATIONS**

The results of the Group for the year ended 31 March 2017 are set out in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income on pages 44 to 45.

The Board does not recommend any payment of final dividend for the year ended 31 March 2017 (2016: HK\$Nil per ordinary share and HK\$Nil per convertible preferred share).

#### **FIVE-YEAR FINANCIAL SUMMARY**

A financial summary of the results and the financial position of the Group for the last five financial years is set out on page 156.

# BIOLOGICAL ASSETS, PROPERTY, PLANTS AND EQUIPMENT AND INVESTMENT PROPERTIES

Details of movements in the biological assets, property, plant and equipment and investment properties of the Group during the year are set out in Notes 21, 18 and 20 to the consolidated financial statements respectively.

#### SHARE CAPITAL

Details of movements in the share capital of the Company during the year are set out in Note 33 to the consolidated financial statements.

#### 主要業務及業務地區分析

本公司之主要業務為投資控股,其附屬公司之主要放債業務包括根據放債人條例(香港法例第163章)之放債業務;可持續森林管理;天然森林投資及租賃;製造及銷售木材產品及物業租賃。其主要附屬公司之業務載於綜合財務報表附註23。

本集團截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度按地區及業務分部分析之表現載於綜合財務報表附註**6**。

#### 業績及分派

本集團截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度之業績載於第44至45頁之綜合損益及其他全面收益表。

董事會不建議就截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年 度派發任何末期股息(二零一六年:每股普通股港幣 零元及每股可換股優先股港幣零元)。

#### 五年財務概要

本集團於過去五個財政年度之業績及財務狀況之財務概要載於第**156**頁。

#### 生物資產、物業、廠房及設備以及投資物業

本集團之生物資產、物業、廠房及設備以及投資物業 於年內之變動詳情分別載於綜合財務報表附註21、 18及20。

#### 股本

本公司股本於年內之變動詳情載於綜合財務報表附註33。

#### **PRE-EMPTIVE RIGHTS**

There is no provision for pre-emptive rights under the bye-laws of the Company ("Bye-laws") or laws of Bermuda which would oblige the Company to offer new shares on a pro rata basis to existing Shareholders.

# PURCHASE, SALE OR REDEMPTION OF THE COMPANY'S LISTED SECURITIES

Neither the Company nor any of its subsidiaries purchased, sold or redeemed any of the Company's listed securities during the year ended 31 March 2017.

#### **RESERVES**

Details of movement in the reserves of the Group during the year are set out in Note 35 to the consolidated financial statement and in the consolidated statement of changes in equity, respectively.

#### DISTRIBUTABLE RESERVES

On 31 March 2017, the aggregate amount of reserves available for the distribution to owner of the Company calculated in accordance with the Bermuda Companies Act 1981 (as amended) was HK\$Nil (2016: HK\$Nil).

#### **DIRECTORS**

The directors of the Company ("Directors") during the year and up to the date of this report were:

#### **Executive Directors ("Executive Director(s)")**

Mr. YEUNG Sau Chung (Chairman)

Mr. LIU Shun Chuen Mr. MUNG Wai Ming

# Independent Non-Executive Directors ("Independent Non-Executive Director(s)")

Mr. William Keith JACOBSEN

Mr. WU Wang Li

Mr. NG Wai Hung

In accordance with Bye-law 87(2) of the Bye-laws, Mr. YEUNG Sau Chung and Mr. LIU Shun Chuen shall retire from office by rotation at the forthcoming annual general meeting ("AGM") of the Company and, being eligible, will offer themselves for re-election at the forthcoming AGM.

The Company has received from each Independent Non-Executive Director an annual confirmation of his independence pursuant to Rule 3.13 of the Rules ("Listing Rules") Governing the Listing of Securities on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited ("Stock Exchange") and the Company considered all of them to be independent.

#### 優先購買權

本公司之公司細則(「公司細則」)或百慕達法例均無 有關優先購買權之條文,規定本公司須向現時股東 按持股比例發售新股份。

#### 購回、出售或贖回本公司上市證券

截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度,本公司或其任何附屬公司概無購回、出售或贖回本公司任何上 市證券。

#### 儲備

本集團於本年度之儲備變動詳情分別載於綜合財務 報表附註35及綜合權益變動表。

#### 可供分派儲備

於二零一七年三月三十一日,根據百慕達一九八一年公司法(經修訂)計算可供分派予本公司擁有人之儲備總額為港幣零元(二零一六年:港幣零元)。

#### 董事

於年內及直至本報告日期為止之本公司董事(「董事」)如下:

#### 執行董事(「執行董事」)

楊秀中先生(主席) 廖信全先生 蒙偉明先生

# 獨立非執行董事 (「獨立非執行董事」)

葉偉其先生 吳弘理先生 吳偉雄先生

根據公司細則第87(2)條,楊秀中先生及廖信全先生將於應屆本公司股東週年大會(「股東週年大會」)輪值退任,並合資格及願意於應屆股東週年大會膺選連任。

各獨立非執行董事已根據香港聯合交易所有限公司 (「聯交所」)證券上市規則(「上市規則」)第3.13條向 本公司發出其獨立身分之年度確認函。本公司認為, 全體獨立非執行董事均為獨立人士。

董事會報告

#### **DIRECTORS' SERVICE CONTRACTS**

Other than statutory compensation, no Directors proposed for re-election at the forthcoming AGM has a service contract with the Company or any of its subsidiaries which is not determinable by the Group within one year without payment of compensation.

# BIOGRAPHICAL DETAILS OF DIRECTORS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT

Biographical details of the Directors and the senior management of the Group are set out on pages 20 to 24.

# DIRECTORS' INTEREST IN CONTRACTS OF SIGNIFICANCE

No contract of significance to which the Company or any of its subsidiaries was a party and in which a Director had a material interest, whether directly or indirectly, subsisted at the end of the year or at any time during the year.

# DIRECTORS' INTERESTS IN COMPETING BUSINESS

None of the Directors had engaged in or were interested in any business which competed or was likely to compete, either directly or indirectly, with the business of the Group during the year.

#### DIRECTORS' AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE'S INTERESTS AND SHORT POSITIONS IN SHARES AND UNDERLYING SHARES

As at the date of this report, the interests or short positions of the Directors and the chief executive of the Company in the shares, underlying shares and debentures of the Company or any of its associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the Securities and Futures Ordinance (Chapter 571 of the Laws of Hong Kong, "SFO")) which were required to be notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to Divisions 7 and 8 of the SFO; or which were recorded in the register required to be kept by the Company pursuant to Section 352 of the SFO, or which were required to be notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to the Model Code ("Model Code") for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Issuers as set out in Appendix 10 to the Listing Rules, were as follows:

#### 董事之服務合約

除法定賠償外,擬於應屆股東週年大會膺選連任之董 事概無與本公司或其任何附屬公司訂立任何本集團 於一年內不可在不予賠償情況下終止之服務合約。

#### 董事及高級管理層之履歷

董事及本集團高級管理層之履歷載於第20至24頁。

#### 董事於重大合約中之權益

本公司或其任何附屬公司並無訂立於年終或於年內 任何時間存續及董事直接或間接擁有重大利益之重 大合約。

#### 董事於競爭業務之權益

於年內,概無董事參與任何對本集團業務構成或可 能構成競爭之業務,或於該業務中直接或間接擁有 權益。

#### 董事及最高行政人員於股份及相關股份之 權益及淡倉

於本報告日期,董事及本公司最高行政人員於本公司或其任何相聯法團(定義見香港法例第571章證券及期貨條例(「證券及期貨條例」)第XV部)之股份、相關股份及債券中,擁有根據證券及期貨條例第7及8分部須知會本公司及聯交所,或已記錄於本公司根據證券及期貨條例第352條規定所存置之登記冊,或根據上市規則附錄10所載上市發行人董事進行證券交易的標準守則(「標準守則」)須知會本公司及聯交所之權益或淡倉如下:

Name of Directors 董事姓名	Nature of interest 權益性質	Number and class of shares and underlying shares held 所持股份及相關股份之數目及類別	Approximate percentage of issued shares 佔已發行股份 概約百分比 (Note 1)
Mr. YEUNG Sau Chung ("Mr. Yeung") (Note 2) 楊秀中先生(「楊先生」)(附註2)	Beneficial owner 實益擁有人	650,901,621	7.31%
Mr. MUNG Wai Ming ("Mr. Mung") (Note 3) 蒙偉明先生(「蒙先生」) (附註 3)	Beneficial owner 實益擁有人	52,316,838	0.59%

董事會報告

#### DIRECTORS' AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE'S INTERESTS AND SHORT POSITIONS IN SHARES AND UNDERLYING SHARES (Continued)

Notes:

- The percentage figures were calculated based on 8,910,242,737 ordinary shares ("Shares") of the Company having a par value of HK\$0.01 each in issue as of the date of this report
- 2. Mr. Yeung was the registered holder of ordinary share warrants with nominal value of HK\$54,754,149.13 and convertible preferred share warrants with nominal value of HK\$2,157,945.67 convertible into 644,166,460 and 6,735,161 underlying Shares respectively. Under Part XV of the SFO, Mr. Yeung was therefore interested and deemed to have interests in 650,901,621 underlying Shares upon exercise of the ordinary share warrants and convertible preferred share warrants.
- 3. Mr. Mung was entitled to share options to subscribe for a maximum of 52,316,838 Shares upon exercise of the options in full.
- All interests stated above as at the date of this report represented long positions
  of Shares or underlying Shares of the Company.

Save as disclosed above, as at the date of this report, none of the Directors and chief executive of the Company had any interests or short positions in any shares, underlying shares or debentures of the Company or any of its associated corporations (within the meaning Part XV of the SFO) which were required to be notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to Divisions 7 and 8 of the SFO or as recorded in the register required to be kept by the Company pursuant to Section 352 of the SFO or which were required to be notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to the Model Code.

# 董事及最高行政人員於股份及相關股份之權益及淡倉(續)

附註:

- 1. 該等百分比數字乃根據本公司於本報告日期已發行 8,910,242,737股每股面值港幣0.01元之普通股(「股份」)計 算。
- 2. 楊先生為面值金額為港幣54,754,149.13元的普通股認股權證及面值金額為港幣2,157,945.67元的可換股優先股認股權證之登記持有人,分別可轉換為644,166,460股及6,735,161股相關股份。根據證券及期貨條例第XV部、楊先生因此於在行使普通股認股權證及可換股優先股認股權證所產生之650,901,621股相關股份中擁有及被視為擁有權益。
- 3. 蒙先生享有可於悉數行使時認購最多52,316,838股股份之購 股權。
- 4. 於本報告日期,上列全部權益均為本公司股份或相關股份的 好倉。

除上文披露者外,於本報告日期,各董事及本公司最高行政人員概無於本公司或其任何相聯法團(定義見證券及期貨條例第XV部)之任何股份、相關股份或債券中,擁有根據證券及期貨條例第7及第8分部須知會本公司及聯交所,或已記錄於本公司根據證券及期貨條例第352條規定所存置之登記冊,或根據標準守則須知會本公司及聯交所之任何權益或淡倉。

13

董事會報告

#### INTERESTS OF SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDERS AND OTHER PERSONS IN SHARES AND UNDERLYING SHARES

As at the date of this report, the following persons, other than a Director or chief executive of the Company, had interests or short positions in the Shares or underlying Shares of the Company which would be required to be disclosed to the Company under the provisions of Divisions 2 and 3 of Part XV of the SFO, or which were recorded in the register required to be kept by the Company under Section 336 of the SFO:

# 主要股東及其他人士於股份及相關股份之權益

於本報告日期,除董事或本公司最高行政人員外,以下人士於本公司股份或相關股份中,擁有根據證券及期貨條例第XV部第2及第3分部之條文須向本公司披露,或登記在本公司根據證券及期貨條例第336條須存置之登記冊之權益或淡倉如下:

Name of Shareholders 股東姓名/名稱	Nature of interest 權益性質	Number and class of shares and underlying shares held 所持股份及相關股份之數目及類別	Approximate percentage of issued shares 佔已發行股份 概約百分比 (Note 1) (附註1)
Ms. Loh Jiah Yee, Katherine ("Ms. Loh") (Note 2) 樂家宜女士(「樂女士」) (附註2)	Interest of controlled corporation 受控制法團之權益	1,294,849,338	14.53%
Mr. Lau Jack ("Mr. Lau") <i>(Note 3)</i> 廖家俊先生(「廖先生」) <i>(附註3)</i>	Interest of spouse 配偶權益	1,294,849,338	14.53%
Assure Gain International Limited ("Assure Gain") (Note 4) Assure Gain International Limited (「Assure Gain」) (附註4)	Beneficial owner/Interest of controlled corporation 實益擁有人/受控制法團之權益	1,256,270,910	14.10%
Ocean Honor Limited ("Ocean Honor") (Note 5) Ocean Honor Limited (「Ocean Honor」) (附註5)	Beneficial owner 實益擁有人	2,274,052,584	25.52%
Ms. Chan Man Ling ("Ms. Chan") (Note 6) 陳敏玲女士(「陳女士」) (附註6)	Interest of controlled corporation 受控制法團之權益	2,274,052,584	25.52%

董事會報告

#### INTERESTS OF SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDERS AND OTHER PERSONS IN SHARES AND UNDERLYING SHARES (Continued)

Notes:

- The percentage figures were calculated based on 8,910,242,737 Shares in issue as of the date of this report.
- 2. Ms. Loh was beneficially interested in 100% of the issued share capital of Assure Gain, which held 100% of the issued share capital of Winner Global Holdings Limited ("Winner Global") and Splendid Asset Holdings Limited ("Splendid Asset") respectively. Ms. Loh was also beneficially interested in 50% of the issued share capital of Corp Insights Holdings Inc. ("Corp Insights") held through Corporate Insights Limited. Assure Gain was the registered holder of 744,508,207 Shares and 2,485,386,889 convertible preferred shares ("CPS") of the Company convertible into 77,668,340 underlying Shares; Winner Global was the registered holder of 213,360,741 Shares; Splendid Asset was the registered holder of 1,234,509,696 CPS convertible into 38,578,428 underlying Shares. Under Part XV of the SFO, Ms. Loh was therefore deemed to have interests in 1,178,602,570 Shares and 116,246,768 underlying Shares upon conversion of the CPS in which Assure Gain, Winner Global, Splendid Asset and Corp Insights were interested.
- Mr. Lau, being the spouse of Ms. Loh, was deemed to have an interest in the same parcel of the Shares and underlying Shares in which Ms. Loh was interested under Part XV of the SFO.
- 4. Assure Gain held 100% of the issued share capital of Winner Global and Splendid Asset respectively. Assure Gain was the registered holder of 744,508,207 Shares and 2,485,386,889 CPS convertible into 77,668,340 underlying Shares; Winner Global was the registered holder of 213,360,741 Shares and Splendid Asset was the registered holder of 220,733,622 Shares. Under Part XV of the SFO, Assure Gain was therefore interested and deemed to have interests in 1,178,602,570 Shares and 77,668,340 underlying Shares upon conversion of CPS in which itself, Winner Global and Splendid Asset were interested.
- Ocean Honor was the registered holder of 2,194,847,088 Shares and 2,534,575,896 CPS convertible into 79,205,496 underlying Shares. Under Part XV of the SFO, Ocean Honor was therefore interested and deemed to have interests in 2,194,847,088 Shares and 79,205,496 underlying Shares upon conversion of the CPS.
- Ms. Chan was beneficially interested in 100% of the issued share capital of Ocean Honor. Under Part XV of the SFO, Ms. Chan was therefore deemed to have interests in 2,274,052,584 Shares in which Ocean Honor was interested.
- All interests stated above as at the date of this report represented long positions
  of Shares or underlying Shares of the Company.

Save as disclosed above, as at the date of this report, the Company had not been notified of any other persons (other than the Directors or chief executive of the Company) who had interests or short positions in the Shares or underlying Shares of the Company which would be required to be disclosed to the Company under the provisions of Divisions 2 and 3 of Part XV of the SFO, or which were recorded in the register required to be kept by the Company under Section 336 of the SFO.

# 主要股東及其他人士於股份及相關股份之權益(續)

附註:

- 1. 該等百分比數字乃根據於本報告日期已發行8,910,242,737股 股份計算。
- 2. 樂女士實益擁有Assure Gain已發行股本之全部權益,而Assure Gain分別持有Winner Global Holdings Limited (「Winner Global」)及Splendid Asset Holdings Limited (「Splendid Asset」)已發行股本之全部權益。樂女士亦通過Corporate Insights Limited持有Corp Insights Holdings Inc. (「Corp Insights」)已發行股本之50%實益權益。Assure Gain登記持有744,508,207股股份及可兑換為77,668,340股相關股份之2,485,386,889股本公司可換股優先股(「可換股優先股」):Winner Global登記持有213,360,741股股份: Splendid Asset登記持有220,733,622股股份:而Corp Insights則登記持有可兑換為38,578,428股相關股份之1,234,509,69股可換股優先股。根據證券及期貨條例第XV部,樂女士因此被視為於Assure Gain、Winner Global、Splendid Asset及Corp Insights所擁有之1,178,602,570股股份及可換股優先股獲兑換而產生之116,246,768股相關股份中擁有權益。
- 3. 廖先生為樂女士之配偶,根據證券及期貨條例第XV部被視為 於樂女士所擁有權益之同一批股份及相關股份中擁有權益。
- 4. Assure Gain分別擁有Winner Global及Splendid Asset已發行股本之全部權益。Assure Gain登記持有744,508,207股股份及可兌換為77,668,340股相關股份之2,485,386,889股可換股優先股: Winner Global登記持有213,360,741股股份及Splendid Asset登記持有220,733,622股股份。根據證券及財貨條例第 XV部、Assure Gain因此自身擁有及被視為於Winner Global及Splendid Asset所擁有的上述1,178,602,570股股份及可換股優先股獲兑換而產生之77,668,340 股相關股份中擁有權益。
- 5. Ocean Honor為2,194,847,088股股份以及2,534,575,896份可換股優先股(可兑換為79,205,496股相關股份)之註冊持有人。根據證券及期貨條例第XV部·Ocean Honor因此於2,194,847,088股股份中及於可換股優先股兑換時之79,205,496股相關股份擁有權益或被視作擁有權益。
- 6. 陳女士實益擁有Ocean Honor全部已發行股本。根據證券及 期貨條例第XV部,陳女士被視為於Ocean Honor擁有權益之 2.274,052,584股股份中擁有權益。
- 7. 於本報告日期,上列全部權益均為本公司股份或相關股份的 好倉。

除上文披露者外,於本報告日期,本公司並無獲悉任何其他人士(董事或本公司最高行政人員除外)於本公司之股份或相關股份中,擁有根據證券及期貨條例第XV部第2及3分部之條文須向本公司披露,或記錄於本公司根據證券及期貨條例第336條規定所存置之登記冊之權益或淡倉。

董事會報告

#### **DIRECTORS' RIGHT TO ACQUIRE SECURITIES**

Save as disclosed in the paragraph headed "Directors' and Chief Executive's Interests and Short Positions in Shares and Underlying Shares" above, during the year ended 31 March 2017, none of the Director nor the chief executive of the Company had been granted any right to acquire benefits by means of the acquisition of shares in, or debentures of, the Company or any other body corporation and none of the Directors, their respective spouses nor their respective children under the age of 18 had any right to subscribe for the securities of the Company or had exercised any such rights.

#### SHARE OPTION SCHEME

Pursuant to the share option scheme adopted by the Shareholders on 27 November 2009 ("Share Option Scheme"), the Company may grant share options to the directors, employees, executive or officers, managers, consultants, any customers, suppliers of goods or services to any member of the Group or any entity in which any member of the Group holds any equity interests ("Invested Entity") who, in the sole discretion of the Board, have contributed or will contribute to the growth and development of the Group so as to provide incentives or rewards for their contribution to the success of the Group's operation.

During the year, the movements in the share options under the Share Option Scheme were as follows:

#### 董事購買證券之權利

除上文「董事及最高行政人員於股份及相關股份之權益及淡倉」一段所披露者外,於截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度,董事及本公司最高行政人員並無獲授予任何權利可藉收購本公司或任何其他法團之股份或債券而獲益,且董事或彼等各自之配偶或彼等各自未滿18歲之子女概無擁有任何認購本公司證券之權利,亦無行使任何該等權利。

#### 購股權計劃

根據股東於二零零九年十一月二十七日採納之購股權計劃(「購股權計劃」),本公司可向董事會全權認為曾經或將會對本集團之增長及發展作出貢獻的本集團任何成員或本集團任何成員持有其股本權益之實體(「投資實體」)之董事、僱員、行政人員或職員、經理、顧問、任何客戶、提供貨品或服務之供應商授出購股權,以獎勵或回饋彼等對本集團成功營運所作出之貢獻。

於年內,根據購股權計劃之購股權變動如下:

			Number of share options 購股權數目						
Name 姓名	Nature of interest 權益性質	Outstanding at 1 April 2016 於二零一六年 四月一日 尚未行使	<b>Granted</b> 已授出	Exercised 已行使	<b>Lapsed</b> 已失效	Outstanding at 31 March 2017 於二零一七年 三月三十一日 尚未行使	Date of grant 授出日期	Exercise period 行使期	Exercise price per share 每股行使價
Directors 董事			1				7		
Mr. MUNG Wai Ming 蒙偉明先生	Personal 個人	52,316,838				52,316,838	30 August 2013 二零一三年八月三十日	30 August 2013 to 29 August 2023 二零一三年八月三十日至 二零二三年八月二十九日	HK\$0.085 港幣 0.085元
Sub-total 小計		104,633,676	-			52,316,838			

# 董事會報告

			Number of share options 購股權數目								
Name 姓名	Nature of interest 權益性質	Outstanding         Outstanding at 1 April         at 31 March           2016         2017           於二零一六年         於二零一七年           四月一日         Granted         Exercised         Lapsed         三月三十一日         Date of the control of the contro	-	•							
Employees and other participants 僱員及其他參與者	S	117,731			1	117,731	13 January 2010 二零一零年一月十三日	13 January 2011 to 12 January 2020 二零一一年一月十三日至 二零二零年一月十二日	HK\$1.497 港幣 1.497元		
		117,731	9		-	117,731	13 January 2010 二零一零年一月十三日	13 January 2011 to 12 January 2020 二零一一年一月十三日至 二零二零年一月十二日	HK\$1.497 港幣 1.497元		
		117,731	-	<u>-</u>		117,731	13 January 2010 二零一零年一月十三日	13 January 2013 to 12 January 2020 二零一三年一月十三日至 二零二零年一月十二日	HK\$1.497元 港幣 1.497元		
		176,331	-			176,331	7 May 2010 二零一零年五月七日	13 January 2011 to 6 May 2020 二零一一年一月十三日至 二零二零年五月六日	HK\$1.13 港幣 1.131元		
		176,331	-	-		176,331	7 May 2010 二零一零年五月七日	13 January 2013 to 6 May 2020 二零一三年一月十三日至 二零二零年五月六日	HK\$1.13 港幣 1.1317		
		176,333	-	-	-	176,333	7 May 2010 二零一零年五月七日	13 January 2013 to 6 May 2020 二零一三年一月十三日至 二零二零年五月六日	HK\$1.13 <sup>-</sup> 港幣 1.131元		
		125,565	-	-		125,565	14 September 2010 二零一零年九月十四日	14 September 2010 to 27 November 2019 二零一零年九月十四日至 二零一九年十一月二十七日	HK\$0.597元 港幣 0.597元		
Sub-total 小計		1,007,753	-	-	-	1,007,753					
Total 總計		53,324,591	-			53,324,591					
Notos					1 4	WH 註·					

#### Notes:

- The closing price of the Shares immediately before the date on which the options were granted on 13 January 2010 was HK\$0.950.
- The closing price of the Shares immediately before the date on which the options 2. were granted on 7 May 2010 was HK\$0.700.
- 3. The closing price of the Shares immediately before the date on which the options 3. were granted on 14 September 2010 was HK\$0.385.
- 4. The closing price of the Shares immediately before the date on which the options were granted on 18 February 2011 was HK\$0.415.
- 5. The closing price of the Share immediately before the date on which the options 5. were granted on 30 August 2013 was HK\$0.034.

#### 附註:

- 股份於緊接購股權於二零一零年一月十三日授出當日前之收 市價為港幣0.950元。
- 股份於緊接購股權於二零一零年五月七日授出當日前之收市 價為港幣0.700元。
- . 股份於緊接購股權於二零一零年九月十四日授出當日前之收 市價為港幣0.385元。
- 股份於緊接購股權於二零一一年二月十八日授出當日前之收 市價為港幣0.415元。
- . 股份於緊接購股權於二零一三年八月三十日授出當日前之收 市價為港幣0.034元。

董事會報告

#### SHARE OPTION SCHEME (Continued)

Summary of the terms of the Share Option Scheme is as follows:

#### (a) Purposes

The principal purposes are to recruit and retain high caliber employees and attract human resources that are valuable to the Group or any Invested Entity and to provide incentives or rewards to Eligible Participants (as defined below) for their contribution to the Group.

#### (b) Eligible Participants

Any employees (whether full time or part time), directors (including executive, non-executive and independent non-executive directors) of any members of the Group or any Invested Entity, any customer, supplier of goods and services to any member of the Group or any Invested Entity and such other persons or entities ("Eligible Participants") who, in the sole discretion of the Board, have contributed or will contribute to the growth and development of the Group or any Invested Entity.

#### (c) Maximum number of shares

The maximum number of Shares which may be issued upon exercise of all options granted and to be granted under the Share Option Scheme must not exceed 10% of the total number of issued Shares as at the date of passing the ordinary resolution on 11 April 2012 (being the date on which the mandate limit of the Share Option Scheme was refreshed). The total number of Shares which may be issued upon exercise of all options granted is 53,324,591, which represented approximately 0.60% of the total number of issued ordinary Shares of the Company as at the date of this report for the year ended 31 March 2017.

#### (d) Maximum entitlement of each Eligible Participant

The total number of Shares issued and to be issued upon exercise of options (whether exercised or outstanding) granted in any 12-month period to:

- each Eligible Participant must not exceed 1% of the total number of Shares in issue; and
- (ii) a substantial shareholder of the Company or an independent non-executive director must not exceed 0.1% of the total number of Shares in issue and not exceed HK\$5 million in aggregate value.

# (e) Period within which the Shares must be taken up under an option

An option must be exercised within 10 years from the date on which it is granted or such shorter period as the Board may specify at the time of grant.

# (f) Minimum period, if any, for which an option must be held

No minimum period for which the option has to be held before it can be exercised is specified in the Share Option Scheme.

#### 購股權計劃(續)

購股權計劃條款概要如下:

#### (a) 目的

主要目的乃旨在招聘及留聘優秀僱員及吸納對本集團或任何投資實體有貢獻的人力資源,並 獎勵或回饋合資格參與者(定義見下文)對本集 團之貢獻。

#### (b) 合資格參與者

董事會全權酌情認為曾經或將會對本集團或任何投資實體之增長及發展作出貢獻之本集團任何成員公司或任何投資實體之任何僱員(不論全職或兼職)、董事(包括執行、非執行及獨立非執行董事)、任何本集團任何成員或投資實體的客戶、提供貨品及服務之供應商及有關其他人士或實體(「合資格參與者」)。

#### (c) 股份數目上限

因購股權計劃項下已授出及將授出購股權獲悉數行使而可予發行之股份數目上限不得超過普通決議案於二零一二年四月十一日(即購股權計劃之授權限額獲更新當日)獲通過當日已發行股份總數之10%。已授出購股權獲悉數行使而可予發行之股份總數為53,324,591股,佔截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度之本報告日期本公司已發行之普通股總數約0.60%。

#### (d) 各合資格參與者之權益上限

於任何十二個月期間授出之購股權(不論已行使或尚未行使)獲行使時向下列人士已發行及將予發行之股份總數不得超過以下限額:

- (i) 向每名合資格參與者授出之有關總數不得 超過已發行股份總數之1%:及
- (ii) 向本公司主要股東或獨立非執行董事授 出之有關總數不得超過已發行股份總數 之0.1%,總值亦不得超過港幣5,000,000 元。

#### (e) 必須根據購股權承購股份之期間

購股權必須自其授出當日起十年內或董事會於 授出有關購股權時可能訂明之較短期間內行 使。

#### (f) 必須持有購股權之最短期間(如有)

購股權計劃中概無指定行使前須持有購股權之 最短期間。

董事會報告

#### SHARE OPTION SCHEME (Continued)

# (g) Period open for acceptable of an option and amount payable upon acceptance

An offer of grant of an option may be accepted by an Eligible Participant within 28 days from the date of the offer of grant of the option. A consideration of HK\$1.00 is payable on acceptable of the offer of grant of an option.

# (h) Basis of determining the subscription price of an option

The exercise price must be at least the highest of (i) the closing price of the Shares as stated in the Stock Exchange's daily quotation sheet on the date of grant; (ii) the average closing prices of the Shares as stated in the Stock Exchange's daily quotation sheets for the five business days immediately preceding the date of grant; and (iii) the nominal value of a Share.

#### (i) Validity of the Share Option Scheme

The Share Option Scheme has a life of 10 years and will expire on 27 November 2019 unless otherwise terminated in accordance with the terms of the Share Option Scheme.

#### MANAGEMENT CONTRACT

During the year, no contracts concerning the management and administration of the whole or any substantial part of the business of the Company were entered into or existed.

#### MAJOR CUSTOMERS AND SUPPLIERS

During the year, sales to the Group's five largest customers accounted for approximately 67.6% of the total sales for the year and sales to the largest customer included therein amounted to 34.0%. The Group had only one supplier which accounted for 100% of the total purchases for the year.

None of the Directors or any of their respective associates or any Shareholders (which to the best knowledge of the Directors, own more than 5% of the Company's issued share capital) had any beneficial interest in the Group's five largest customers and/or five largest suppliers.

#### SUFFICIENCY OF PUBLIC FLOAT

Based on the information that is publicly available to the Company and within the knowledge of the Directors, as at the date of this report, there is sufficient public float of more than 25% of the Company's issued shares as required under the Listing Rules.

#### **AUDITOR**

The consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2017 were audited by Crowe Horwath (HK) CPA Limited ("Crowe Horwath") who retire and, being eligible, offer itself for reappointment at the forthcoming AGM of the Company.

On Behalf of the Board

#### **YEUNG Sau Chung**

Chairman

Hong Kong, 28 June 2017

#### 購股權計劃(續)

#### (g) 購股權可供接納期間及於接納時應付之款 項

合資格參與者可自購股權授出建議日期起二十八日內接納購股權授出建議。接納購股權授出建議時須支付代價港幣1.00元。

#### (h) 釐定購股權認購價之基準

行使價最少須為以下各項之最高者:(i)股份於 授出日期在聯交所每日報價表所列收市價;(ii) 股份於緊接授出日期前五個營業日在聯交所每 日報價表所列平均收市價;及(iii)股份面值。

#### (i) 購股權計劃之有效期

除根據購股權計劃條款另行終止外, 購股權計 劃為期十年,將於二零一九年十一月二十七日 到期。

#### 管理合約

於年內, 概無就本公司全部或任何絕大部分業務之管理及行政事務訂立或訂有任何合約。

#### 主要客戶及供應商

於年內,本集團五大客戶之銷售額佔年內總銷售額約67.6%,其中最大客戶之銷售額佔年內總銷售額34.0%。本集團之唯一供應商佔年內總採購額之100%。

概無董事或彼等各自的任何聯繫人士或就董事所深知擁有本公司已發行股本超過5%之任何股東於本集團五大客戶及/或五大供應商中擁有任何實益權 益。

#### 足夠之公眾持股量

根據本公司可取得之公開資料以及就董事所知,於 本報告日期,本公司一直維持上市規則所規定之足 夠公眾持股量,即超過本公司已發行股份之**25%**。

#### 核數師

截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度之綜合財務報表由國富浩華(香港)會計師事務所有限公司(「國富浩華」)審核,其將任滿告退,惟符合資格並表示願意於應屆本公司股東週年大會接受續聘。

代表董事會

#### *主席* 楊秀中

香港,二零一七年六月二十八日

董事及高級管理層履歷

#### **DIRECTORS**

#### **Executive Directors**

#### Mr. YEUNG Sau Chung

Mr. YEUNG Sau Chung, aged 51, joined the Group in June 2015 as an Executive Director and a member of the Executive Committee. He has more than 20 years experience in research and analysis of investment portfolios and in risk management. He holds a Bachelor of Arts degree in Accountancy from City University of Hong Kong. Mr. Yeung will be responsible for the overall management of the Company. Mr. Yeung was an executive director of Qingdao Holdings International Limited (formerly known as HyComm Wireless Limited, Stock Code: 499) and resigned on 20 November 2014.

#### Mr. LIU Shun Chuen

Mr. LIU Shun Chuen, aged 54, joined the Group in June 2015 as an Executive Director and a member of the Executive Committee. He holds a Bachelor of Science degree in Business Administration from San Francisco State University, United States of America, and a Bachelor degree in Estate Management from University of Reading, United Kingdom, He has more than 15 years experience in property development and investment in Hong Kong and the PRC. Mr. Liu will be responsible for the overall corporate strategy of the Company. Mr. Liu was an executive director of Qingdao Holdings International Limited (formerly known as HyComm Wireless Limited, Stock Code: 499) and resigned on 27 September 2014.

#### Mr. MUNG Wai Ming

Mr. MUNG Wai Ming, aged 54, joined the Group in January 2013 as an Executive Director and a member of the Executive Committee. Mr. Mung has more than 20 years' experience in property and car park management. He has accumulated extensive concept in the operation management from his operation in different industries. Mr. Mung worked in various industries including property trading, financing, wedding witnesses, club management, car park operation and foot massage etc. Mr. Mung is the chairman of Eli Car Park Ltd. and director of Pure Massage Group Ltd. He was an executive director of Perception Digital Holdings Limited (currently known as Hongda Financial Holdings Limited, stock code: 1822) and resigned in August 2014. He devotes himself in charity and was elected as the member of the sixth standing committee of the Overseas Congress of Yue Xiu District of Guangzhou, member of the forth standing committee of the Overseas Congress of Qingxin District of Qingyuan, member of Friends of Qing Yuan Association (H.K.) Ltd. and founding chairman of International Industry and Commerce Experts Association Ltd. Save as disclosed above, Mr. Mung did not hold any other directorships in any other publicly listed companies in the last three years and does not have any relationship with any other Directors, senior management or substantial or controlling shareholders of the Company. Mr. Mung is not a director or employee of a company which has an interest in the Shares and underlying Shares of the Company which would fall to be disclosed to the Company under the provisions of Divisions 2 and 3 of Part XV of the SFO.

#### 董事

#### 執行董事

#### 楊秀中先生

楊秀中先生,51歲,於二零一五年六月加入本集團, 出任執行董事及執行委員會成員。彼具有逾二十年 投資組合及風險管理研究及分析經驗。彼持有香港 城市大學會計學文學士學位。楊先生將負責本公司 之整體管理。楊先生曾任青島控股國際有限公司(前 稱華脈無線通信有限公司,股份代號:499)的執行 董事,並已於二零一四年十一月二十日辭任。

#### 廖信全先生

廖信全先生,54歲,於二零一五年六月加入本集團,出任執行董事及執行委員會成員。彼持有美國三藩市州立大學工商管理理學士學位及英國University of Reading物業管理學士學位。彼具有逾十五年香港及中國物業發展和投資經驗。廖先生將負責本公司之整體公司策略。廖先生曾任青島控股國際有限公司(前稱華脈無線通信有限公司,股份代號:499)的執行董事,並已於二零一四年九月二十七日辭任。

#### 蒙偉明先生

蒙偉明先生,54歲,於二零一三年一月加入本集團, 出任執行董事及執行委員會成員。蒙先生於地產及 停車場管理方面擁有超過二十年經驗,同時在經營 不同行業過程中,也累積豐富的營運管理概念。曾從 事之行業包括物業買賣、財務融資、婚禮證婚、會所 管理、停車場營運及足浴按摩等。蒙先生任職伊利停 車場有限公司董事長及足君好集團有限公司董事。 彼曾任幻音數碼控股有限公司(現稱弘達金融控股 有限公司,股份代號:1822)之執行董事,並已於二 零一四年八月辭任。蒙先生熱心公益,當選為廣州越 秀海外聯誼會第六屆理事會常務理事、清遠清新縣海 外聯誼會第四屆理事會常務理事、香港清遠友好協 進會成員及香港國際工商業精英聯合會創會主席。 除上文披露者外,蒙先生於過去三年並無於任何其 他上市公司出任任何其他董事職位,且與本公司任 何其他董事、高級管理層或主要或控股股東概無任 何關係。蒙先生並非一間於本公司股份及相關股份 中,擁有根據證券及期貨條例第XV部第2及第3分部 之條文須向本公司披露權益之公司之董事或員工。

董事及高級管理層履歷

#### **DIRECTORS** (Continued)

#### **Independent Non-Executive Directors**

#### Mr. William Keith JACOBSEN

Mr. William Keith JACOBSEN, aged 51, joined the Group in January 2013 as an Independent Non-Executive Director. He is also the chairman and a member of each of the audit committee ("Audit Committee"), the remuneration committee ("Remuneration Committee") and the nomination committee ("Nomination Committee") of the Board of the Company. Mr. Jacobsen is the managing director of a licensed corporation to advise on corporate finance matters. He has more than 20 years of experience in corporate finance and business development. Mr. Jacobsen is an independent non-executive director of abc Multiactive Limited (stock code: 8131). He was the executive director of Auto Italia Holdings Limited (formerly known as Wo Kee Hong (Holdings) Limited, stock code: 720) and resigned in October 2015. He was the independent non-executive director of Perception Digital Holdings Limited (currently known as Hongda Financial Holdings Limited, stock code: 1822) and resigned in August 2014, and of HyComm Wireless Limited (currently known as Qingdao Holdings International Limited, stock code: 499) and resigned in September 2014, and of China Financial Leasing Group Limited (stock code: 2312) and resigned in April 2015. He was also an independent non-executive director of King Stone Energy Group Limited (stock code: 663) for the period from 26 September 2008 to 30 September 2011. Save as disclosed above, Mr. Jacobsen did not hold any other directorships in any other publicly listed companies in the last three years and does not have any relationship with any other Directors, senior management or substantial or controlling shareholders of the Company. Mr. Jacobsen is not a director or employee of a company which has an interest in the Shares and underlying Shares of the Company which would fall to be disclosed to the Company under the provisions of Divisions 2 and 3 of Part XV of the SFO.

#### 董事(續)

#### 獨立非執行董事

#### 葉偉其先生

葉偉其先生,51歲,於二零一三年一月加入本集團, 出任獨立非執行董事。彼亦分別為本公司董事會之 審核委員會(「審核委員會」)、薪酬委員會(「薪酬委 員會」)及提名委員會(「提名委員會」)之主席及成 員。葉先生於為機構融資事項提供意見之持牌法團 出任常務董事。彼於企業財務及業務擴展方面具有 超過20年經驗。葉先生為辰罡科技有限公司(股份代 號:8131)之獨立非執行董事。彼曾任意達利控股有 限公司(前稱和記行(集團)有限公司,股份代號: 720) 之執行董事, 並於二零一五年十月辭任。彼曾任 幻音數碼控股有限公司(現稱弘達金融控股有限公 司,股份代號1822)及華脈無線通信有限公司(現稱 青島控股國際有限公司,股份代號:499)及中國金融 租賃集團有限公司(股份代號:2312)之獨立非執行 董事,並分別於二零一四年八月、二零一四年九月及 二零一五年四月辭任。由二零零八年九月二十六日 至二零一一年九月三十日止期間,葉先生亦曾任金 山能源集團有限公司(股份代號:663)之獨立非執行 董事。除上文披露者外,葉先生於過去三年並無於任 何其他上市公司出任任何其他董事職位,且與本公 司任何其他董事、高級管理層或主要或控股股東概 無任何關係。葉先生並非一間於本公司股份及相關 股份中,擁有根據證券及期貨條例第XV部第2及第3 分部之條文須向本公司披露權益之公司之董事或員

董事及高級管理層履歷

#### **DIRECTORS** (Continued)

#### Independent Non-Executive Directors (Continued)

#### Mr. WU Wang Li

Mr. WU Wang Li, aged 43, joined the Group in January 2013 as an Independent Non-Executive Director. He is also a member of each of the Audit Committee, the Remuneration Committee and the Nomination Committee. He obtained his bachelor of commerce degree from Deakin University, and has over 14 years of experience in auditing and accounting profession and consulting services. Mr. Wu is a director of Skywise Consultants Limited and is admitted to the status of Certified Practicing Accountant of CPA Australia. Currently, Mr. Wu is the director of Skywise Consultants Limited. He was appointed as an independent non-executive director on several listed companies in main board and growth enterprise market in Hong Kong. He has appropriate accounting and related financial management expertise as required under Rule 3.10(2) of the Listing Rules by virtue of his experience in accounting and financial consulting services. Mr. Wu was the independent non-executive director of Hao Wen Holdings Limited (formerly known as Everpride Biopharmaceutical Company Limited) (stock code: 8019), King Stone Energy Group Limited (formerly known as Yun Sky Chemical (International) Holdings Limited) (stock code: 663), Talent Property Group Limited (formerly known as Tomorrow International Holdings Limited) (stock code: 760) and Qingdao Holdings International Limited (formerly known as HyComm Wireless Limited, stock code: 499) and resigned in July 2009, January 2010, January 2011 and September 2014 respectively. Save as disclosed above, Mr. Wu did not hold any other directorships in any other publicly listed companies in the last three years and does not have any relationship with any other Directors, senior management or substantial or controlling shareholders of the Company. Mr. Wu is not a director or employee of a company which has an interest in the Shares and underlying Shares of the Company which would fall to be disclosed to the Company under the provisions of Divisions 2 and 3 of Part XV of the SFO.

#### 董事(續)

#### 獨立非執行董事(續)

#### 吳弘理先生

吴弘理先生,43歳,於二零一三年一月加入本集團, 出任獨立非執行董事。彼亦分別為審核委員會、薪酬 委員會及提名委員會之成員。彼獲Deakin University 頒授商學士學位,於核數與會計專業及顧問服務 方面積逾14年經驗。吳先生為Skywise Consultants Limited之董事,並已取得澳洲執業會計師資格。現 時,吳先生為Skywise Consultants Limited之董事。 彼獲委任為多家香港主板及創業板上市公司之獨立 非執行董事,並基於彼在會計及財務顧問服務方面 之經驗而符合上市規則第3.10(2)條所規定適當會計 及相關財務管理專業人士之資格。吳先生曾任皓文 控股有限公司(前稱中遠威生物製藥有限公司,股份 代號:8019)、金山能源集團有限公司(前稱南嶺化 工(國際)控股有限公司,股份代號:663)、新天地 產集團有限公司(前稱明日國際集團有限公司,股份 代號:760)及青島控股國際有限公司(前稱華脈無 線通信有限公司,股份代號:499)之獨立非執行董 事,並分別於二零零九年七月、二零一零年一月、二 零一一年一月及二零一四年九月辭任。除上文披露 者外, 吴先生於過去三年並無於任何其他上市公司 出任任何其他董事職位,且與本公司任何其他董事、 高級管理層或主要或控股股東概無任何關係。吳先 生並非一間於本公司股份及相關股份中,擁有根據 證券及期貨條例第XV部第2及第3分部之條文須向本 公司披露權益之公司之董事或員工。

董事及高級管理層履歷

#### **DIRECTORS** (Continued)

#### **Independent Non-Executive Directors** (Continued)

#### Mr. NG Wai Hung

Mr. NG Wai Hung, aged 54, joined the Group in February 2013 as an Independent Non-Executive Director. He is also a member of each of the Audit Committee, the Remuneration Committee and the Nomination Committee. He is a practising solicitor and a partner in lu, Lai & Li, a Hong Kong firm of solicitors. Mr. Ng practises in the areas of securities law, corporate law and commercial law in Hong Kong. Mr. Ng is also an independent non-executive director of four companies listed on Stock Exchange, namely Fortune Sun (China) Holdings Limited (stock code: 352), Gome Electrical Appliances Holding Limited (stock code: 493) and Trigiant Group Limited (stock code: 1300). Mr. Ng was also an independent nonexecutive director of Yun Sky Chemical (International) Holdings Limited (currently known as King Stone Energy Group Limited, stock code: 663), KTP Holdings Limited (currently known as Ares Asia Limited, stock code: 645), Tomorrow International Holdings Limited (currently known as Talent Property Group Limited, stock code: 760), Perception Digital Holdings Limited (currently known as Hongda Financial Holdings Limited, stock code: 1822), HyComm Wireless Limited (currently known as Qingdao Holdings International Limited, stock code: 499) and Tech Pro Technology Development Limited (stock code: 3823) and resigned in February 2010, February 2011, January 2012, August 2014, September 2014 and March 2017, respectively. Save as disclosed above, Mr. Ng did not hold any other directorships in any other publicly listed companies in the last three years and does not have any relationship with any other Directors, senior management or substantial or controlling shareholders of the Company. Mr. Ng is not a director or employee of a company which has an interest in the Shares and underlying Shares of the Company which would fall to be disclosed to the Company under the provisions of Divisions 2 and 3 of Part XV of the SFO.

#### SENIOR MANAGEMENT

# Mr. Jairo Alfonso RAMOS SUAREZ (President of Field Operations)

Mr. Jairo Alfonso RAMOS SUAREZ, aged 46, is the president of field operations of the Group. He joined the Group in November 2009. Mr. Ramos Suarez is a trained mechanical engineer, has more than 16 years of experience in production, maintenance programming, quality control, mechanical design, marketing and procurement in tropical timber products and other materials. Mr. Ramos Suarez was in charge of trading of forest products for a private Columbian company in Shanghai, China from 2006 to 2008. Mr. Ramos Suarez is responsible for the field operations in Acre. Save as disclosed above, Mr. Ramos Suarez did not hold any other directorships in any other publicly listed companies in the last three years and does not have any relationship with any other Directors, senior management or substantial or controlling shareholders of the Company. Mr. Ramos Suarez is not a director or employee of a company which has an interest in the Shares and underlying Shares of the Company which would fall to be disclosed to the Company under the provisions of Divisions 2 and 3 of Part XV of the SFO.

#### 董事(續)

#### 獨立非執行董事(續)

#### 吳偉雄先生

吴偉雄先生,54歲,於二零一三年二月加入本集團, 出任獨立非執行董事。彼亦分別為審核委員會、薪酬 委員會及提名委員會之成員。彼為一名執業律師、 並為香港姚黎李律師行之合夥人。吳先生提供之服 務範圍包括香港之證券法、公司法及商業法。吳先 生亦為四家聯交所上市公司之獨立非執行董事、該 六家公司分別為富陽(中國)控股有限公司(股份代 號:352)、國美電器控股有限公司(股份代號:493) 及俊知集團有限公司(股份代號:1300)。吳先生亦 曾任南嶺化工(國際)控股有限公司(現稱金山能源 集團有限公司,股份代號:663)、港台集團有限公司 (現稱安域亞洲有限公司,股份代號:645)、明日國 際集團有限公司(現稱新天地產集團有限公司,股 份代號:760)、幻音數碼控股有限公司(現稱弘達金 融控股有限公司,股份代號:1822)、華脈無線通信 有限公司(現稱青島控股國際有限公司,股份代號: 499) 及德普科技發展有限公司(股份代號: 3823) 之 獨立非執行董事,並已分別於二零一零年二月、二零 一年二月、二零一二年一月、二零一四年八月、二 零一四年九月及二零一七年三月辭任。除上文披露 者外, 吳先生於過去三年並無於任何其他上市公司 出任任何其他董事職位,且與本公司任何其他董事、 高級管理層或主要或控股股東概無任何關係。吳先 生並非一間於本公司股份及相關股份中,擁有根據 證券及期貨條例第XV部第2及第3分部之條文須向本 公司披露權益之公司之董事或員工。

#### 高級管理層

# Jairo Alfonso RAMOS SUAREZ先生(現場作業總裁)

董事及高級管理層履歷

#### **SENIOR MANAGEMENT** (Continued)

#### Mr. Fabio Levi VIDIGAL

Mr. Fabio Levi VIDIGAL, aged 36, joined the Group in March 2011. He is the finance director in Brazil. Since March 2012. Mr. Vidigal has been serving as the legal representative of the Group's subsidiary in Brazil. He also proactively participated in the Group's forestry operation in Acre, Rondonia and Para, running corporate and tax matters from Brazil headquarters in São Paulo. Mr. Vidigal has graduated with an international trade diploma and he holds a MBA in Tax Law from Fundação Getulio Vargas and is also a chartered accountant affiliated to the CRC São Paulo Chapter. He has experience in working for multinational companies, having a managerial role at Lufthansa tax department in Brazil. Save as disclosed above, Mr. Vidigal did not hold any directorships in any other publicly listed companies in the last three years and does not have any relationship with any other Directors, senior management or substantial or controlling shareholders of the Company. Mr. Vidigal is not a director or employee of a company which has an interest in the Shares and underlying Shares of the Company which would fall to be disclosed to the Company under the provisions of Divisions 2 and 3 of Part XV of the SFO.

#### Mr. Bruno DI GIULIO

Mr. Bruno DI GIULIO, aged 41, was the Group's Legal Counsel (Brazil affairs) and rejoined the Group in September 2014 as the Group's Head of Brazil. He sits in our Hong Kong headquarters overseeing all subjects related to our Brazil operation. Mr. Di Giulio is a Brazilian qualified Lawyer with more than 10 years of experience in corporate and litigation matters. He has more than 5 years experience in the forestry sector alone and in investments in Asia-Brazil market. Prior to rejoining our Group, Mr. Di Giulio headed the Brazil Desk at a leading Law firm in Hong Kong. Save as disclosed above, Mr. Di Giulio did not hold any directorships in any other publicly listed companies in the last three years and does not have any relationship with any other Directors, senior management or substantial or controlling shareholders of the Company. Mr. Di Giulio is not a director or employee of a company which has an interest in the Shares and underlying Shares of the Company which would fall to be disclosed to the Company under the provisions of Divisions 2 and 3 of Part XV of the SFO.

#### 高級管理層(續)

#### Fabio Levi VIDIGAL先生

Fabio Levi VIDIGAL先生,36歲,於二零一一年三月 加盟本集團。彼於巴西擔任財務總監一職。自二零 一二年三月起,Vidigal先生一直作為本集團於巴西之 附屬公司之法定代表。彼亦積極參與本集團於巴西 亞克里州、朗多尼亞州及帕拉州之林業經營、巴西聖 保羅總部之企業運作以及税務事務。Vidigal先生於 Fundação Getulio Vargas畢業並取得國際貿易高級 文憑,彼持有Fundação Getulio Vargas稅法工商管理 碩士學位,彼亦為CRC São Paulo Chapter之特許會 計師。彼曾於多家跨國公司工作,亦於巴西Lufthansa 税務部門擔任管理職務。除上文披露者外,Vidigal先 生於過去三年並無於任何其他上市公司出任任何其 他董事職位,且與本公司任何其他董事、高層管理人 員或主要或控股股東概無任何關係。Vidigal先生並 非任何於本公司股份及相關股份擁有權益而須根據 證券及期貨條例第XV部第2及3分部之條文向本公司 作出披露之公司董事或僱員。

#### Bruno DI GIULIO先生

Bruno DI GIULIO先生,41歲,曾為本集團之法律顧問(巴西事務)並於二零一四年九月重新加盟本集團,擔任本集團之巴西總監。彼常駐於本集團香港總部,監察有關本集團巴西經營之所有事務。Di Giulio先生為一名巴西合資格律師,積逾10年企業及訴訟經驗。於重新加盟本集團前,Di Giulio先生於一間發達師行領導巴西部。除上文披露者外,Di Giulio先生於過去三年並無於任何其他上市公司出任任何其他董事職位,且與本公司任何其他董事、高層管理人員或主要或控股股東概無任何關係。Di Giulio先生並非任何於本公司股份及相關股份擁有權益而須根認對及期貨條例第XV部第2及3分部之條文向本公司作出披露之公司董事或僱員。

企業管治報告

#### CORPORATE GOVERNANCE PRACTICES

During the year ended 31 March 2017, the Company has applied the principles of, and complied with, the applicable code provisions of the Corporate Governance Code ("the CG Code") as set out in Appendix 14 to the Listing Rules, except for the deviations mentioned below:

#### Code Provision A.2.1

Under the Code Provision A.2.1, the roles of chairman and chief executive should be separate and should not be performed by the same individual. The roles of the chairman ("Chairman") and the chief executive ("CE") of the Company are segregated and are clearly defined to ensure their respective independence, accountability and responsibilities. The Chairman is responsible for the formulation of the Group's overall business development policies while the CE is responsible for the implementation of major decisions of the Board and overall management of the Group's businesses.

On 6 April 2011, Mr. LEUNG Chau Ping, Paul was re-designated from the position as an executive director of the Company to a non-executive director and resigned as the CE. Since then and to up the date of this report, the position of the CE has not been appointed. During the current financial year, the Chairman was acted by Mr. YEUNG Sau Chung. During the current financial year when no CE was appointed, the functions of the CE have been performed by the Executive Directors with the assistance of the management of the Company. The Board considers that such structure does not impair the balance of power and authority between the Board and the management of the Company. The Board will however regularly review the effectiveness of this structure to ensure that such structure is appropriate in view of the Group's prevailing circumstances.

#### Code Provision A.6.7

Under Code Provision A.6.7, independent non-executive directors and non-executive directors should attend general meetings. However, Mr. William Keith Jacobsen and Mr. Ng Wai Hung were unable to attend the annual general meeting held on 7 September 2016 in Hong Kong as he had another business engagement.

The Company periodically reviews its corporate governance practices to ensure that it continues to meet the requirements under the Code Provisions.

#### 企業管治常規

本公司於截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度已應 用並一直遵守上市規則附錄十四企業管治守則(「企 業管治守則」)所載之適用守則條文,惟下文所述偏 離情況除外:

#### 守則條文A.2.1

根據守則條文A.2.1,主席及行政總裁之職責應有所區分,且不應由同一人擔任。本公司設有主席(「主席」)及行政總裁(「行政總裁」)兩個獨立職位,且已清楚界定兩者角色,以確保彼等各自之獨立身分、問責性與職責。主席負責制訂本集團整體業務發展政策,而行政總裁則負責實行董事會之主要決策,以及整體管理本集團業務。

於二零一一年四月六日,梁秋平先生由本公司執行董事調任為非執行董事,並辭任行政總裁職務。自此至本報告日期,行政總裁一職尚未委任。於本財政年度,主席職位由楊秀中先生擔任。於本財政年度行政總裁職位懸空期間,行政總裁之職務於本公司管理層之協助下由執行董事履行。董事會認為,此架構並不影響董事會與本公司管理層之權力及授權平衡。然而,董事會將定期檢討此架構之成效,以確保此架構適用於本集團當前情況。

#### 守則條文A.6.7

根據守則條文A.6.7,獨立非執行董事及非執行董事 須出席股東大會。然而,由於須處理其他事務,葉偉 其先生及吳偉雄先生無法出席於二零一六年九月七 日在香港舉行之股東週年大會。

本公司定期檢討其企業管治常規,確保其繼續符合 守則條文之規定。

企業管治報告

#### THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS

#### **Board Composition**

As at 31 March 2017, the Board comprised six Directors in total, with three Executive Directors and three Independent Non-Executive Directors.

**Executive Directors:** 

Mr. YEUNG Sau Chung (Chairman)

Mr. LIU Shun Chuen Mr. MUNG Wai Ming

**Independent Non-Executive Directors:** 

Mr. William Keith JACOBSEN

Mr. WU Wang Li Mr. NG Wai Hung

There is no family or other material relationship (including financial and business) among members of the Board. Composition of the Board including the names and categories of Directors, is set out on page 2. The brief biographical details of each Director are set out in the section headed "Biographical Details of Directors and Senior Management" on pages 20 to 24. Each Director possesses the necessary expertise and experience and provides checks and balances for safeguarding the interests of the Group and the Shareholders as a whole. The Company has during the year ended 31 March 2017 maintained a balanced board composition.

During the year, the Independent Non-Executive Directors provided the Group with a wide range of expertise and experience. Their active participation in the Board and committee meetings brought independent judgment on issues relating to the Group's strategy, performance and management process, taking into account the interests of all Shareholders.

During the year under review, the Company has three Independent Non-Executive Directors representing not less than one-third of the Board. One of the Independent Non-Executive Directors, being Mr. WU Wang Li, has the appropriate professional qualifications, or accounting or related financial management expertise as required under Rule 3.10 of the Listing Rules. The Company has received from each of the Independent Non-Executive Directors a written confirmation of his independence and has satisfied itself of such independence up to the approval date of this report in accordance with the independent guidelines set out in Rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules.

# 董事會

#### 董事會架構

於二零一七年三月三十一日,董事會共有六名董事,包括三名執行董事及三名獨立非執行董事。

執行董事: 楊秀中先生(*主席)* 廖信全先生 蒙偉明先生

獨立非執行董事: 葉偉其先生 吳弘理先生 吳偉雄先生

董事會成員彼此之間概無家族或其他重大關係(包括財務與業務)。董事會之架構(包括董事姓名及類別)載於第2頁。各董事之履歷載於第20頁至24頁「董事及高級管理層履歷」一節。各董事均擁有所需專業知識及經驗,可收互相制衡之效,以保障本集團及股東整體利益。本公司於截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度維持權力均衡之董事會。

於年內,獨立非執行董事為本集團帶來廣泛專業知識及經驗。彼等積極參與董事會及委員會會議,以全體股東之利益為大前提,對本集團之策略、表現及管理程序事宜提供獨立判斷。

於回顧年度,本公司三名獨立非執行董事佔董事會人數不少於三分之一。其中一名獨立非執行董事(即吳弘理先生)具備上市規則第3.10條所規定之適當專業資格、會計或相關財務管理專業知識。本公司已接獲各獨立非執行董事有關其獨立性之書面確認函,而本公司亦根據上市規則第3.13條所載的獨立指引信納彼等於截至本報告獲批准日期均為獨立人士。

企業管治報告

#### **Board Meetings**

The Board conducts meetings on a regular basis and on an ad hoc basis of at least four times a year to discuss the overall strategy as well as the operation and financial performance of the Group, and to review and approve the Group's annual and interim results. Board members are provided with all agendas and adequate information for their review at least 3 days before the meetings. After the meeting, draft minutes are circulated to all Directors for comments before confirmation and sign-off. Minutes of board meetings and meetings of board committees are kept by the company secretary of the Company ("Company Secretary") and are available for inspection by any Director at any reasonable time on reasonable notice. Each Director is entitled to seek independent professional advice under appropriate circumstances at the expense of the Company. During the year, 5 physical board meetings were held by way of telephone conference. Attendance of each Director at the board meetings is set out in the paragraph headed "Board Committees" below.

#### Responsibilities of the Board and Delegation of Work

The Board is accountable to the Shareholders for the development of the Group with the goal of maximizing Shareholders' value in the long run. The Board also takes the responsibility for the overall strategies and policies of the Group, approves and monitors the strategic plans, investment and funding decisions, and reviews the Group's financial and operational performance. The Group's day-to-day operations and administration are overseen by the Executive Directors and the management.

The Board is responsible for setting the strategic direction and policies of the Group and supervising our management. Some functions including the monitoring and approval of material transactions, matters involving a conflict of interest for a substantial Shareholder or Director of the Company, the approval of the interim and annual results and other disclosures to the public or regulators are reserved by the Board for consideration and approval. Matters not specially reserved to the Board and necessary for the daily management and operation of the Company are delegated to the Executive Committee and management of the Company.

#### **Directors' and Officers' Liability Insurance**

The Directors are fully insured under the directors' and officers' liability insurance policy for indemnification against costs, charges, losses, expenses and liabilities that may be incurred by them in the execution and discharge of their duties.

#### **Continuous Professional Development of Directors**

All members of the Board have participated in continuous professional development through internal training provided by the Company on various areas including, but not limited to, the connected transaction, the Model Code and the duties and responsibilities of Directors, so as to ensure that they have appropriate understanding of the business and operations of the Group as well as fully aware of the responsibilities and obligations under the Listing Rules and the relevant regulatory requirements.

#### 董事會會議

#### 董事會之職責及指派工作

董事會須就本集團發展向股東負責,以為股東爭取 最大價值作為長遠目標。董事會亦負責制定本集團 整體策略及政策、批准及監管策略規劃、投資及融資 決策,並檢討本集團之財務及營運表現。執行董事及 管理層負責監督本集團日常運作及行政事務。

董事會負責製訂本集團的策略方向及政策以及監督管理層。若干職能留待董事會考慮及批准,包括監察及批准重大交易、涉及本公司主要股東或董事的利益衝突事項、批准中期及全年業績,以及向公眾或監管機關作其他披露。並非指定由董事會決定且屬本公司日常管理及營運所須進行的事宜,則授權執行委員會及本公司管理層處理。

#### 董事及高級人員責任保險

董事根據董事及高級人員責任保險政策獲全面保障, 彼等於執行及履行職責時可能產生之成本、支出、損 失、開支及負債均獲彌償保證。

#### 董事之持續專業發展

董事會所有成員均已透過本公司所提供內部培訓參與各方面之持續專業發展,當中包括但不限於關連交易、標準守則以及董事之職責及責任,以確保其充分瞭解本集團之業務及運作並保證彼等完全知悉於上市規則及相關監管要求項下之責任及義務。

### 企業管治報告

The Directors are regularly briefed on the amendments to or updates on the relevant laws, rules and regulations. In addition, the Company has been encouraging the Directors and senior executives to enroll in a wide range of professional development courses and seminars relating to the Listing Rules, companies ordinance/act and corporate governance practices organised by professional bodies, independent auditors and/or chambers in Hong Kong so that they can continuously update and further improve their relevant knowledge and skills. From time to time, Directors are provided with written training materials to develop and refresh their professional skills.

董事亦定期獲簡介相關法例、規則及規例的修訂或最新版本。此外,本公司一直鼓勵董事及高級行政人員報讀由香港專業團體、獨立核數師及/或商會舉辦有關上市規則、公司條例/法例及企業管治常規的全面專業發展課程及講座,使彼等可持續更新及進一步提升相關知識和技能。董事亦不時獲提供書面培訓材料以發展及重溫其專業技能。

#### **Appointment and Re-election of Directors**

Every newly appointed Director will receive an induction package from the Company Secretary on the first occasion of his/her appointment, including materials briefly describing the operations and business of the Company and the latest published financial reports of the Company. Directors will be continuously updated on any major developments of the Listing Rules and other applicable regulatory requirements to ensure compliance and upkeep of good corporate governance practices.

According to the Bye-laws, each Director appointed to fill a casual vacancy shall be subject to re-election at the next following general meeting or until the next following AGM in case of an addition to the Board and shall then be eligible for re-election at such meeting. Moreover, one-third of the Directors for the time being, (or, if their number is not three or a multiple of three, then the number nearest to but not greater than one-third), shall retire from office by rotation, provided that every Director (including those appointed for a specific term but excluding those holding office as Chairman or Managing Director) shall be subject to retirement by rotation at least once every three years. Every Director holding the office of Chairman or Managing Director shall be subject to re-election once every three years. The rotating Directors who are subject to retirement and re-election at the forthcoming AGM are set out on page 11.

The procedures for Shareholders to propose a person for election as a Director are available and accessible on the Company's website at http://www.susfor.com.

#### **BOARD DIVERSITY POLICY**

The Company adopted a board diversity policy during the financial year ended 31 March 2017. The board diversity policy sets out that the Company should endeavour to ensure that its Board members have the appropriate balance of skills, experience and diversity of perspectives that are required to support the execution of its business strategy and in order for the Board to be effective.

Selection of candidates will be based on a range of diversity perspectives, including but not limited to gender, age, educational background, professional experience, skills, knowledge and length of service. The ultimate decision will be based on merit and contribution that the selected candidates will bring to the Board.

#### 董事之委任及重選

每名新任董事將於首次獲委任時自公司秘書收到一套入職資料,包括簡述本公司運作及業務之資料,以及本公司最新公佈之財務報告。董事將持續獲更新上市規則及其他適用監管規定之任何重大發展,以確保彼等遵守及維持良好之企業管治常規。

根據公司細則,凡為填補臨時空缺獲委任之每名董事均須於下屆股東大會重選連任;或如屬董事會新增成員,則彼之任期將直至下屆股東週年大會為止,屆時將合資格於該大會重選連任。此外,當時三分之一董事(或如彼等之數目並非三或三的倍數,則為最接近但不多於三分之一之數目)須輪值告退,惟每位董事(包括有特定任期之董事,惟不包括主席或董事總經理)將至少每三年輪值告退一次。每位擔任主席或董事總經理職務之董事將須每三年重選一次。須於應屆股東週年大會退任及重選連任之輪任董事詳情載於第11頁。

股東提名他人參選董事之程序刊載於本公司網站 http://www.susfor.com以供查閱。

#### 董事會成員多元化政策

於截至二零一七年三月三十一日止財政年度,本公司採納董事會成員多元化政策,當中列明本公司應盡力確保董事會成員之技能、經驗及多元化觀點能達致適宜之平衡,以支援業務策略的執行,並使董事會有效運作。

遊選候任人士時將以一系列多元化觀點為據,包括 但不限於性別、年齡、教育背景、專業經驗、技能、知 識及服務年期。最終決定將以獲選定候任人之長處 及其將能對董事會作出的貢獻而定。

企業管治報告

#### **BOARD COMMITTEES**

The Company has established four board committees, namely the Executive Committee, the Audit Committee, the Remuneration Committee and the Nomination Committee, to oversee particular aspects of the Company's affairs and to assist in the execution of the Board's responsibilities. All board committees have clear and specific written terms of reference and they report their work to the Board after each meeting. Copies of minutes of all meetings and resolutions passed at the board committees are kept by the Company Secretary.

#### **Executive Committee**

As at 31 March 2017 and the date of this report, the Executive Committee comprised Mr. YEUNG Sau Chung (chairman of the Executive Committee), Mr. LIU Shun Chuen and Mr. MUNG Wai Ming. The Executive Committee was established with specific written terms of reference to, among other duties, implement, review and give recommendations to the Board on the daily operation of the Group from the time to time. The Executive Committee held 1 meeting during the year. The attendance records of each member are set out on page 31.

#### **Audit Committee**

As at 31 March 2017 and the date of this report, the Audit Committee comprised three members, namely Mr. William Keith JACOBSEN (chairman of the Audit Committee), Mr. WU Wang Li and Mr. NG Wai Hung and all of them are Independent Non-Executive Directors. The primary responsibilities of the Audit Committee include making recommendation to the Board on the appointment. reappointment and removal of the external auditors, approving the remuneration and terms of engagement of the external auditors, reviewing and monitoring the external auditors' independence and objectivity and the effectiveness of the audit process in accordance with applicable standard, developing and implementing policy on the engagement of external auditors to provide non-audit services, monitoring the integrity of the financial statements and the reports of the Company, overseeing the Company's financial reporting system and internal control systems and developing and reviewing policies and practices or corporate governance.

During the year, the Audit Committee held 2 physical meetings by way of telephone conference. Two of the physical meetings were held together with management and the external auditors. The attendance records of each member are set out on page 31. On reviewing the financial statements for interim and final results, the Audit Committee focused on the changes in accounting policies and practices, the major judgmental areas; significant adjustments resulting from the audit (if applicable); going concern assumptions and any qualifications; compliance with accounting standards; and compliance with the Listing Rules and legal requirements in relation to financial reporting On reviewing the Group's financial reporting system, risk management and internal control systems, the Audit Committee had reviewed the Group's financial controls; discussed with the management to ensure they had performed their duties as delegated to maintain effective systems; reviewed the external auditors' enquiries to management about accounting records, financial accounts and systems of control.

#### 董事委員會

本公司已設立執行委員會、審核委員會、薪酬委員會 及提名委員會四個董事委員會,以監督本公司特定 範疇之事務,並協助履行董事會職責。所有董事委員 會已制訂清晰及具體之書面職權範圍,並於每次會 議後向董事會匯報工作情況。董事委員會所有會議 記錄及獲通過之決議案之副本均由公司秘書保存。

#### 執行委員會

於二零一七年三月三十一日及本報告日期,執行委員會成員包括楊秀中先生(執行委員會主席)、廖信全先生及蒙偉明先生。本公司已成立執行委員會,並以書面訂明其職權範圍(其中包括其他職能),以不時執行、檢討本集團之日常運作,並就此向董事會提供推薦意見。執行委員會於年內共舉行一次會議。各成員之出席記錄載於第31頁。

#### 審核委員會

於二零一七年三月三十一日及本報告日期,審核委員會由三名成員葉偉其先生(審核委員會主席)、吳弘理先生及吳偉雄先生組成,彼等均為獨立非執行董事。審核委員會之主要職責包括就外部核數師之委任、重新委任及撤換向董事會提供建議、批准外部核數師之薪酬及聘用條款、按適用之標準檢討及監察外部核數師是否獨立、客觀及審核程序是否有效、就聘用外部核數師提供非審核服務制定政策並加以執行、監察本公司之財務報表及報告之完整性、以及監管本公司財務申報制度及內部監控系統以及制定及檢討企業管治政策及常規。

於年內,審核委員會曾以電話會議方式舉行兩次會議,其中兩次聯同管理層及外聘核數師舉行。各成員之出席記錄載於第31頁。於審閱中期及末期業入之出席記錄載於第31頁。於審閱中期及末期業及之任何變動,審核委員會特別檢視會計談及任何變動,有關持續經營的假設及任何保留電見;是否遵守會計準則;及是否遵守上市規則及有關財務申報之法律規定。於審閱本集團財務申報制度,本集團之財務管控;與管理層進行討論,以確保管理層進行其職責,維持有效的系統;審閱外部核數師會計記錄、財務賬目及控制系統向管理層提出之詢問。

### 企業管治報告

The Audit Committee and the Board have not taken a different view regarding the selection, appointment, resignation or dismissal of the external auditors of the Company. The Audit Committee has also critically reviewed the major judgemental areas on the impairment assessment of the biological assets, freehold land and intangible assets of the Company as at 31 March 2017 and there was no disagreement by the Audit Committee with the position of the management.

### Corporate Governance Function

To comply with the requirements under the CG Code in respect of responsibilities for performing the corporate governance duties, the Board delegated its responsibilities to the Audit Committee to develop and review the Company's policy and practices on corporate governance and make recommendations to the Board; to review and monitor the training and continuous professional development of Directors and senior management; to review and monitor the Company's policy and practices on compliance with legal and regulatory requirements; to develop, review and monitor the code of conduct and compliance manual (if any) applicable to employees and Directors; and to review the Company's compliance with the CG Code and disclosure in the Corporate Governance Report.

The corporate governance policy is formulated with an emphasis on the Board's quality, effective internal control, stringent disclosure practices and transparency and accountability to all shareholders of the Company. The Board strives to comply with the code provisions and reviews its corporate governance policy regularly in order to maintain high standards of business ethics and corporate governance, and to ensure the full compliance of our operations with applicable laws and regulations.

During the year under review, members of the Board have reviewed and discussed, among other things, the Company's policies and practices on corporate governance. They have also reviewed and monitored the training and continuous professional development of directors, and the Company's policies and practices on compliance with legal and regulatory requirements as well as its disclosure in the Corporate Governance Report.

#### **Remuneration Committee**

As at 31 March 2017 and the date of this report, the Remuneration Committee comprised Mr. William Keith JACOBSEN (chairman of the Remuneration Committee), Mr. WU Wang Li and Mr. NG Wai Hung. The Remuneration Committee was established with specific written terms of reference to, among other duties, review and give recommendations to the Board on the remuneration policy of the Directors and senior management. The terms of reference of the Remuneration Committee is available on the websites of the Stock Exchange and the Company. The remuneration of all the Directors and senior management is monitored by the Remuneration Committee. To determine the emoluments of Directors, the Remuneration Committee takes into consideration factors such as salaries of directors paid by comparable companies, time commitment and responsibilities of the Directors. The Remuneration Committee ensures that no Director is involved in deciding his/her own remuneration. During the year, the Remuneration Committee held 1 physical meeting by way of telephone conference. The attendance records of each member are set out on page 31. During the year under review, the Remuneration Committee reviewed the existing remuneration policy and packages of all existing Directors. Details of the Directors' remuneration for the year under review are set out in Note 13 to the consolidated financial statements.

審核委員會及董事會在本公司外聘核數師之甄選、 聘任、辭任或解聘方面並無意見分歧。審核委員會亦 已於二零一七年三月三十一日重點審核生物資產、永 久業權土地及無形資產減值評估之主要判斷領域, 且審核委員會與管理層立場一致。

#### 企業管治職能

為遵守企業管治守則項下就履行企業管治職責之規定,董事會已授權審核委員會制定及檢討本公司之企業管治政策及常規,並向董事會提供推薦建議;檢討及監察董事及高級管理層的培訓及持續專業發展;檢討及監察本公司在遵守法律及監管規定方面的政策及常規;制定、檢討及監察僱員及董事之操守準則及合規手冊(如有);以及檢討本公司遵守企業管治守則情況及在企業管治報告內披露。

制定企業管治政策的重點在於董事會的質素,有效的內部監控,嚴格的披露常規及對本公司全體股東的透明度及責任。董事會致力遵守守則條文並定期檢討其企業管治政策以維持高標準的商業道德及企業管治,以及確保本公司的營運全面遵守適用的法律及條例。

於回顧年度,董事會成員已檢討及討論(其中包括) 本公司的企業管治政策及常規。彼等亦已檢討及監 察董事的培訓及持續專業發展,及本公司在遵守法 律及監管規定方面的政策及常規,以及其於企業管 治報告中的披露。

#### 薪酬委員會

企業管治報告

#### **Nomination Committee**

As at 31 March 2017 and the date of this report, the member of Nomination Committee comprised Mr. William Keith JACOBSEN (chairman of the Nomination Committee), Mr. WU Wang Li and Mr. NG Wai Hung. The Nomination Committee was established with specific written terms of reference to, among other duties, give recommendations to the Board on relevant matters relating to the appointment, re-appointment and succession planning for the Board members. The terms of reference of the Nomination Committee is available on the websites of the Stock Exchange and the Company. The Nomination Committee has the responsibility to review the structure, size and composition (including the skills, knowledge and experience) of the Board at least annually and to identify individuals suitably qualified to become members of the Board in accordance with the board diversity policy. It is also responsible for assessing the independence of independent non-executive directors and making recommendations to the Board on relevant matters relating to the appointment or re-appointment of directors and succession planning for directors. During the year, the Nomination Committee held 2 physical meetings by way of telephone conference. The attendance records of each member are set out on below. During the year under review, the Nomination Committee reviewed the structure, size and composition of the Board and reviewed the objectives set for implementing the board diversity policy.

The individual attendance records of each Director at the physical meetings of the Board, Executive Committee, Audit Committee, Remuneration Committee and Nomination Committee and at the general meeting of the Company during the year ended 31 March 2017 are set out below:

#### 提名委員會

截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度,各董事出席董事會、執行委員會、審核委員會、薪酬委員會及提名委員會會議以及本公司股東大會之個別出席記錄載列如下:

# Number of physical meetings attended/held during his/her tenure 於其任期內出席 / 舉行之會議數目

Name of Directors 董事姓名		Board 董事會	Executive Committee 執行委員會	Audit Committee 審核委員會	Remuneration Committee 薪酬委員會	Nomination Committee 提名委員會	General Meeting 股東大會
Mr. YEUNG Sau Chung	楊秀中先生	4/4	1/1	N/A 不適用	N/A 不適用	N/A 不適用	1/1
Mr. LIU Shun Chuen	廖信全先生	4/4	1/1	N/A 不適用	N/A 不適用	N/A 不適用	1/1
Mr. MUNG Wai Ming	蒙偉明先生	4/4	1/1	N/A 不適用	N/A 不適用	N/A 不適用	1/1
Mr. William Keith JACOBSEN	葉偉其先生	4/4	N/A 不適用	2/2	2/2	2/2	0/1
Mr. WU Wang Li	吳弘理先生	4/4	N/A 不適用	2/2	2/2	2/2	1/1
Mr. NG Wai Hung	吳偉雄先生	4/4	N/A 不適用	2/2	2/2	2/2	0/1

企業管治報告

#### **DIRECTORS' SECURITIES TRANSACTIONS**

The Company has adopted the Model Code as its own code of conduct for dealing in securities of the Company by the Directors. Having made specific enquiries of all Directors, all Directors confirmed that they have complied with the required standards set out in the Model Code during the year ended 31 March 2017.

#### **ACCOUNTABILITY AND AUDIT**

#### **Financial Reporting**

The Directors acknowledge their responsibility for the preparation and the true and fair presentation of the consolidated financial statements of the Group for the year ended 31 March 2017, in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRSs") and the applicable disclosure requirements of the Listing Rules. In preparing the financial statements, the Directors have adopted IFRSs and suitable accounting policies and applied them consistency, made judgments and estimates that are prudent, fair and reasonable and prepared the financial statements on a going concern basis. No material uncertainties relating to any events or conditions that may cast significant doubt upon the Company's ability to continue as a going concern were identified by the Directors during the course of preparing and reviewing the financial statements for the year under review.

The reporting responsibility of the external auditors of the Company on the consolidated financial statements of the Group are set out in the Independent Auditor's Report on pages 41 to 43.

#### **External Auditors' Remuneration**

For the year ended 31 March 2017, the fees in respect of audit and non-audit services provided to the Group by the external auditors amounted to approximately HK\$950,000 (2016: HK\$910,000) and HK\$50,000 (2016: HK\$50,000), respectively. The non-audit service fees for the year 2015 mainly consisted of fees in relation to open offers.

#### RISK MANAGEMENT AND INTERNAL CONTROL

The Board is responsible for managing business and operational risks and maintaining a proper and effective system of internal control to safeguard the shareholders' investment and the Group's assets against unauthorised use or disposition. The Group has adopted comprehensive procedures with duly assigned levels of authority in areas of financial and operational controls, and risk management to ensure that its assets and resources remain secure at all times. During the year under review, the Board has through the Audit Committee reviewed the effectiveness of the Group's risk management and internal control system, including financial, operational and compliance controls and risk management functions. The review also included the consideration of the adequacy of resources, staff qualifications and experience, training programmes and budget of the Company's accounting and financial reporting function.

#### 董事之證券交易

本公司已採納標準守則,作為其本身董事買賣本公司證券之操守守則。經向全體董事作出特定查詢後, 全體董事確認於截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度一直遵守標準守則所載規定準則。

#### 問責及審核

#### 財務報告

董事確認彼等須負責根據國際財務報告準則(「國際財務報告準則」)及上市規則之適用披露規定編製及真實公平地呈列本集團截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度之綜合財務報表。編製財務報表時,董事已採納並持續應用國際財務報告準則及適當之會計額條,作出審慎、公平及合理之判斷及評估,並按持續經營基準編製財務報表。於編製及審閱回顧年度之財務報表時,董事並無識別任何足以令人對本公司能否持續經營產生重大疑問之重大不明朗事件或狀況。

本公司外聘核數師就本集團綜合財務報表之申報責任載於第41至43頁之獨立核數師報告。

#### 外聘核數師酬金

截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度,外聘核數師就向本集團提供核數及非核數服務所收取之費用分別約為港幣950,000元(二零一六年:港幣910,000元)及港幣50,000元(二零一六年:港幣50,000元)。二零一五年之非核數服務費主要包括公開發售之費用。

#### 風險管理及內部監控

董事會負責管理業務及經營風險,並維持適當及有效之內部監控系統,以保障股東投資及本集團資本免遭未經授權挪用或處置。本集團已採納全面程序,就財務及營運監控及風險管理範疇制定適當之授權水平,確保其資產及資源隨時得到保障。於回顧年度,董事會已透過審核委員會檢討本集團風險管理及內部監控系統之有效性,包括財務、營運及合規控制以及風險管理職能。有關檢討亦考慮本公司會計及財務匯報職能方面的資源、員工資歷及經驗是否足夠,以及培訓課程及有關預算是否充足。

企業管治報告

The Company recognises that the release of inside information to place anyone in a privileged dealing position is strictly prohibited. Prior to the announcement of any inside information, all Directors and Senior Management are requested to take all reasonable steps to maintain strict confidentiality and where it is reasonably likely that confidentiality may have been lost in respect of the inside information, the Company shall as soon as reasonably practicable, apply to the Hong Kong Stock Exchange for a trading suspension of its shares.

本公司確認嚴格禁止發佈內幕消息以令任何人士處於特權交易地位。於公佈任何內幕消息之前,全體董事及高級管理層均須採取一切合理措施以維持嚴格保密,倘可能合理認為內幕消息出現洩密情況,本公司將於合理可行情況下盡快向香港聯交所申請暫停其股份買賣。

The Group has established a risk management framework, which consists of the Board, the Audit Committee and Senior Management. The Board determines the nature and extent of risks that shall be taken in achieving the Group's strategic objectives, and has the overall responsibility for monitoring the overall effectiveness of risk management. The Group identifies key risks that would adversely affect the achievement of the Group's objectives, and assesses and prioritizes the identified risks according to a set of standard criteria. Risk mitigation plans are then established by the risk owners to manage the risks to acceptable level. Internal audit function was carried out on a systematic rotational basis based on the risk assessments of the operation and controls, and reports were presented to the Audit Committee every year on significant findings on internal control system. The audit procedures include the internal audit team assessing the relevant systems and operational management ensuring the maintenance of an effective risk management and internal control systems.

The audit committee reviewed the overall effectiveness of the internal control system and reported its findings and made recommendations to the Board. The Directors have conducted a review of the effectiveness of the Group's internal control system for the year ended 31 March 2017. The Board will continue to assess the effectiveness of internal controls by considering reviews performed by the audit committee and executive management.

審核委員會檢討了內部監控系統的整體效能並且將 其發現和建議向董事會匯報。董事已檢討本集團截 至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度內部監控系統的 效能。董事會將透過考慮由審核委員會及行政管理 階層所進行的檢討,繼續評估內部監控的效能。

#### **COMMUNICATION WITH SHAREHOLDERS**

#### 與股東之溝通

The Company endeavors to provide its Shareholders accurate, clear, comprehensive and timely information of the Group via the publication of annual reports, announcements and circulars as well as through the Company's website. The Board resolved to adopt a Shareholders' communication policy. The policy aims to set out the provisions with the objective of ensuring that the company's Shareholders, both individual and institutional Shareholders, and, in appropriate circumstances, the investment community at large, are provided with ready, equal and timely access to balanced and understandable information about the Company and its subsidiaries (including its financial performance, strategic goals and plans and governance, etc.), in order to enable the Shareholders to exercise their rights in an informed manner, and to allow the Shareholders and the investment community to engage actively with the Company.

本公司透過刊發年報、公佈及通函,以及透過本公司網站,致力向其股東提供準確、清晰、全面與適時之本集團資訊。董事會議決採納股東溝通政策。本政策載列條文旨在確保本公司股東(包括個人及機構股東,及在適當情況下包括一般投資人士)均可適時取得全面、相同及容易理解的本公司及其附屬公司資料(包括其財務表現、戰略目標及計劃以及管治等),一方面使股東可在知情情況下行使權利,另一方面可讓股東及投資人士與本公司加強溝通。

The AGM is a useful forum for the Board to communicate directly with the Shareholders. The Directors, senior executives and external auditors make their best effort to attend the AGM of the Company to answer any questions from the Shareholders.

股東週年大會為董事會直接與股東溝通之有效平台。 各董事、高級行政人員及外聘核數師均盡可能出席 本公司股東週年大會,並解答股東任何提問。

33

企業管治報告

#### SHAREHOLDERS' RIGHTS

# Procedure for Shareholders to convene a special general meeting

Shareholders can submit a requisition to convene a special general meeting pursuant to Section 74 of the Companies Act 1981 of Bermuda (the "Act"). The number of Shareholders necessary for a requisition shall be representing not less than one-tenth of the Company's paid-up capital as at the date of requisition having the right to vote at the general meeting.

The written requisition must:

- state the purposes of the special general meeting;
- be signed by all the requisitionists (may consist of one or several documents in like form each signed by one or more requisitionists); and
- be deposited at the Company's office in Hong Kong for the attention of the Company Secretary.

If the Directors do not within twenty-one days from the date of the deposit of the requisition proceed duly to convene a special general meeting, the requisitionists, or any of them representing more than one-half of the total voting rights of all of them, any themselves convene a special general meeting, but any meeting so convened shall not be held after the expiration of three months from the said date.

# Procedure for Shareholders to put forward proposals at general meetings

Shareholders can submit a requisition to move a resolution at an annual general meeting pursuant to Section 79 of the Act. The number of Shareholders necessary for a requisition shall be:

- representing not less than one-twentieth of the total voting rights of all Shareholders having at the date of requisition a right to vote at the meeting to which the requisition relates; or
- not less than 100 Shareholders.

The written requisition must:

- state the resolution, with a statement not more than 1,000 words with respect to the matter referred to in the proposed resolution or the business to be dealt with at the meeting;
- be signed by all the requisitionists (may consist of one or several documents in like form each signed by one or more requisitionists);
- be deposited at the Company's office in Hong Kong for the attention of the Company Secretary not less than six weeks before the meeting in case of a requisition requiring notice of a resolution and not less than one week before the meeting in case of any other requisition; and

#### 股東權利

#### 股東召開股東特別大會之程序

股東可根據百慕達一九八一年公司法(「法例」)第74條,呈交書面請求召開股東特別大會。提出請求之股東須佔於請求日期持有股東大會投票權不少於十分之一之本公司之繳足股本。

#### 書面請求必須:

- 一 列明股東特別大會之目的;
- 經所有請求人士簽署(由一名或多名請求人士 於一份或數份同樣格式的文件內簽署);及
- 一 寄送至本公司香港辦事處,收件人為公司秘書。

倘董事並未於該請求書送交日期起計二十一日內召開股東特別大會,則請求人或佔彼等總投票權超過一半之任何股東可自行召開股東特別大會,惟召開之任何大會不得於上述日期三個月期滿後舉行。

#### 股東於股東大會提出動議之程序

根據法例第79條,股東可提出書面請求於股東週年 大會上提呈決議案。請求所需之股東數目應:

- 佔該請求書提出日期有權在該會議上表決的所有股東的總表決權不少於二十分之一;或
- 不少於100名股東。

#### 書面請求必須:

- 列明決議案,連同一份不多於1,000字,有關建議決議案之事項或擬於會上處理之事務之陳述書;
- 經所有請求人士簽署(由一名或多名請求人士 簽署於一份或數份同樣格式的文件內);
- 如屬發出決議案通知的情況,不少於大會前六個星期送達,如屬其他情況,則不少於一個星期前送達到本公司香港辦事處,收件人為公司秘書;及

## **Corporate Governance Report**

企業管治報告

- be deposited with a sum reasonably sufficient to meet the Company's expenses in giving notice of the resolution and circulating the statements of the proposed resolution to all Shareholders in accordance with the requirements under the applicable laws and rules.
- 存放合理足夠金額,以應付本公司根據適用法 律及規定要求向所有股東發出決議案通知及傳 閱請求人士提交的陳述書所需的開支。

#### **Enquiries to the Board**

The Company's website provides email address and telephone to enable the Shareholders to make any enquiries and concerns to the Board. Shareholders may send their enquiries by post or by email to the attention of the Company Secretary who will direct the enquiries to the Board for handling.

#### 向董事會提出查詢

本公司網站載有電郵地址及電話以供股東向董事會提出任何查詢及關注。股東可以郵寄或電郵方式向公司秘書發送查詢,公司秘書將直接向董事會提交查詢以供處理。

#### **CONSTITUTIONAL DOCUMENTS**

There are no changes in the Company's constitutional documents during the year ended 31 March 2017.

On Behalf of the Board

#### 憲章文件

截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度,本公司之憲 章文件並無任何改動。

代表董事會

YEUNG Sau Chung Chairman

Hong Kong, 28 June 2017

*主席* 楊秀中

香港,二零一七年六月二十八日

環境、社會及管治報告

#### **ABOUT THIS REPORT**

Sustainable Forest Holdings Limited ("Sustainable Forest" or the "Company"; and collectively with its subsidiaries known as the "Group") are principally engaged in money lending business pursuant to the Money Lenders Ordinance (Chapter 163 of the Laws of Hong Kong); sustainable forest management; investment and leasing in natural forests; manufacturing and sale of timber products and leasing of properties (Major Operations).

This is our first Environmental, Social and Governance Report (the "ESG Report") to disclose relevant information on our approaches and performances of the environment, social and governance aspects covering our Major Operations for the year ended 31 March 2017 (the "Reporting Period"). The ESG Report has been prepared in accordance with the applicable requirements of the Environmental, Social and Governance Reporting Guide set out in Appendix 27 to the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange") (the "Listing Rules").

#### A. ENVIRONMENT

The Group is committed to minimize its environmental impact throughout its business processes. Through stringent environmental control in operations, we ensure that applicable environmental laws are observed. We review and evaluate from time to time the efficiency and effectiveness of our environmental initiatives. It is our aim to strike a fine balance between environmental protection and business growth.

The Group has, through its Brazil subsidiaries, the harvesting operations in the Acre State, Brazil (the "Acre Operation") and successively entered into several licence agreements with independent sawmill owners during the Report Period. While we are not involved in their daily operations, we keep a close eye on their compliance with relevant environmental legislations.

During the Period, there was also no incident of non-compliance with local relevant environmental laws and regulations that have a significant impact on the Group relating to air and greenhouse gas, emissions, discharge into water and land, and generation of hazardous and non-hazardous waste.

#### Commitment to sustainable foresting

Sustainable development, management, utilization, and consumption of forest resources is central to our business philosophy. Sustainable forest management is critical to the world's environment and will ensure our long-term success. We will also contribute to environmental protection undertakings such as carbon emission mitigation. Although certification of forests and forest products is voluntary, we are committed to obtaining FSC (Forest Stewardship Council) certification. Our sustainable forest management practices will ensure the long-term supply of forest resources and the certification of legally-sourced wood products.

#### 關於本報告

永保林業控股有限公司(「永保林業」或「本公司」; 連同其附屬公司統稱「本集團」)主營業務為根據放 債人條例(香港法例第163章)之放債業務;可持續 森林管理;天然森林投資及租賃;製造及銷售木材產 品及物業租賃(主要業務)。

本報告為本公司首份環境、社會及管治報告(「環境、社會及管治報告」),披露本公司主要業務於截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度(「報告期」)在環境、社會及管治方面的方法及表現的相關資料。本環境、社會及管治報告按照香港聯合交易所有限公司(「聯交所」)證券上市規則(「上市規則」)附錄二十七載列的《環境、社會及管治報告指引》的適用規定編製。

#### A. 環境

本集團致力於在業務流程的各個環節儘量減少 對環境的影響。透過在業務營運中實行嚴格的 環境管控,我們確保遵守適用的環境法律。我 們不時審核及評估本公司環保計劃的效率及成 效。我們的目標是在環境保護和業務增長之間 取得良好平衡。

本集團透過其巴西附屬公司在巴西亞克里州擁有砍伐業務(「亞克里州業務」),並隨後於報告期間與獨立鋸木廠擁有人訂立多份許可協議。儘管我們並未參與其日常營運,但我們密切關注其遵守相關環保法例的情況。

期內,就廢氣及溫室氣體排放、向水及土地排污以及有害及無害廢物的產生而言,概無發生任何違反地區相關環保法律法規之事件,會對本集團產生重大影響。

#### 堅持可持續森林砍伐

森林資源的可持續發展、管理、利用及消費為我們業務理念的核心。可持續森林管理對全球環境至關重要,亦將確保我們取得長期成功。我們亦將為減少碳排放等環保事業作出貢獻。儘管森林及森林產品的認證屬於自願,但我們仍致力於取得森林管理委員會的認證。我們的可持續森林管理實踐將確保我們獲得森林資源的長期供應以及木材產品的合法來源認證。

環境、計會及管治報告

#### A. ENVIRONMENT (Continued)

#### Commitment to sustainable foresting (Continued)

To ensure that the Acre Operation is in compliance with applicable environmental standards and achieve our goal of sustainable foresting, planning and operation of the Acre Operation is carried out based on the guidelines of Reduced Impact Logging (RIL) from the International Tropical Timber Organization (ITTO) and similar organizations and in compliance with Brazilian legislation. We also perform periodical internal audits on the harvesting areas of our clients. We invite the Acre's Institute of Environment (IMAC), a government organization in charge of harvesting licenses issuing on Acre state, to carry out audits on the harvesting areas of our clients at the beginning and the end of each license.

#### Green office approaches

Our goal is to minimize our carbon footprint and emissions while reinforcing conservation of energy and other resources in our operations. We promote green office initiatives with a focus on raising environmental awareness at workplace.

As far as it is possible, we encourage employees to work in a paperless operation. While we install equipment with higher energy efficiency, including electronic devices and lighting system, we urge our staff to switch off lights and other devices to reduce unnecessary energy consumption. We endeavour to mitigate our impact through creating electronic solid waste as the majority of our electronics equipment is re-sold and donated to charity organizations. We also maintain a suitable indoor air temperature and a sound ventilation system for better indoor air quality.

#### **B. SOCIAL ASPECT**

#### **Employment and Labour Practices**

#### B1. Employment and Labour Standards

As at 31 March 2017, the Group had 12 employees. We have formulated internal employment guidelines which comply with all applicable labour laws, such as the Employment Ordinance (Chapter 57 of the Laws of Hong Kong) and the Brazilian consolidation of labor laws known as Consolidação das Leis do Trabalho or CLT.

The guidelines specify our employment policies on recruitment, rank management, remuneration packages, rest periods and holidays, training, confidentiality and other areas. We refer to the market condition, industry benchmark, financial results of the Group, and employees' work performance to determine remuneration packages of our employees. We offer discretionary bonuses or other incentives to reward employees with outstanding performance. Provisions of mandatory provident fund, elderly insurance, medical insurance, unemployment insurance, housing provident fund and other benefits are in place also.

#### A. 環境(續)

#### 堅持可持續森林砍伐(續)

為確保亞克里州業務符合適用的環境標準及達成我們的可持續森林砍伐目標,亞克里州業務按照國際熱帶木材組織及類似組織發佈的減少對環境影響的森林採伐指引並根據巴西法律進行規劃及營運。我們亦會定期針對我們客戶的砍伐區域開展內部審查。我們邀請亞克里州環研究所(一間負責簽發亞克里州伐木許可證的政府組織)在每項許可證有效期期初和期末對我們客戶的砍伐區進行審查。

#### 綠色辦公室舉措

我們的目標是在業務營運中儘量減少碳足跡及 碳排放,同時加強節約能源及其他資源。我們 宣導綠色辦公室舉措,著重提高工作場所的環 保意識。

在可行的情況下,我們鼓勵員工進行無紙化辦公。儘管我們安裝的設備(包括電子設備及照明系統)高度節能,我們仍督促員工關閉電燈及其他設備以減少不必要的能耗。我們將大部分電子設備再次出售及捐贈給慈善組織,籍此努力減少由於產生電子固體廢品帶來的環境影響。我們亦保持適宜的室內氣溫並配備良好的通風系統,以增進室內空氣品質。

#### B. 社會方面

#### 僱傭及勞工常規

#### B1. 僱傭及勞工準則

截至二零一七年三月三十一日,本集團共有12名員工。我們已制定符合包括《僱傭條例》(香港法例第57章)及巴西《勞動法匯總》(又稱Consolidação das Leis do Trabalho或CLT)在內的所有適用勞動法律的內部僱傭指引。

該等指引規定我們在招聘、職級管理、薪酬待遇、休假期限及節假日、培訓、保密性及其他方面的僱傭政策。我們參照市況、行業基準、本集團財務業績以及員工工作表現來釐定我們員工的薪酬待遇。我們提供酌情花紅或其他激勵以獎勵表現出色的員工。此外,本公司亦提供強制性公積金、養老保險、醫療保險、失業保險、住房公積金以及其他福利。

環境、社會及管治報告

#### B. SOCIAL ASPECT (Continued)

#### **Employment and Labour Practices (Continued)**

#### **B1. Employment and Labour Standards** (Continued)

For dismissal of employee, all procedures are done in accordance with our internal employment guidelines. If there is any dispute, we will seek legal advices and ensure that all applicable labour laws are observed.

We offer fair and open promotion opportunities to our employees. Our recruitment and development activities are not affected by age, gender, physical or mental health status, marital status, family status, ethnic group, religious belief, political affiliation and sexual orientation and other factors. Employees are recognized and rewarded only for their contribution, work performance and abilities.

During the Reporting Period, the Group had not been involved in any incident of non-compliance with laws and regulations relating to employment that had a significant impact on the Group. The Group also had no child labour or forced labour, nor had any case of discrimination relating to ethnic group, religion, age, disability, etc.

#### B2. Health and Safety

We care for the well-being of our employees. We have bespoke internal guideline procedures for occupational health and safety at workplace. First-aid equipment are available in the offices in Hong Kong and Brazil. The Group also has medical insurance to protect its employees. All cases of injury or accidents are required to be reported to the Company and be individually assessed under the internal guideline procedures.

We also closely communicate with our licensees of our natural forests in Brazil to ensure that they have taken adequate measures to protect their employees from occupational hazards.

During the Reporting Period, there was no significant incident of safety and work-related injury. There was no incident of non-compliance with the relevant laws and regulations that have a significant impact on the Group relating to providing a safe working environment and protecting employees from occupational hazards.

#### B. 社會方面(續)

僱傭及勞工常規(續)

#### B1. 僱傭及勞工準則(續)

對於員工離職,所有程式均按照我們的內部僱傭指引進行。若產生任何糾紛,我們將尋求法律意見,並確保遵守所有適用勞動法律。

我們為員工提供公平公開的晉升機會。我們的招聘及發展活動不受年齡、性別、身體或精神健康狀況、婚姻狀況、家庭狀況、民族、宗教信仰、政治黨派、性取向和其他因素影響。員工僅根據本身貢獻、工作及表現及能力而受到認可及嘉獎。

在報告期內,本集團並未涉及任何違反僱傭法律法規之事件,會對本集團產生重大影響。本集團亦無任何童工或強制勞役, 且無任何涉及民族、宗教、年齡、殘疾的歧視案例。

#### B2. 健康與安全

我們關懷員工的福祉。對於工作場所的職業健康及安全,我們設有量身定製的內部指引程序。香港及巴西的各辦事處均配有急救設備。本集團亦提供醫療保險為員工提供保障。所有傷害或事故案例均須向本公司報告,並根據內部指引程序對各個案例進行單獨評估。

我們亦與我們巴西自然資源之許可使用方 進行緊密溝通,確保彼等均已採取充分措 施,保護其員工免受職業危害。

報告期內概無發生任何重大安全及工傷事故。就提供安全工作環境及保護員工免受職業危害而言,概無發生任何違反相關 法律法規的事件,而對本集團產生重大影響。

環境、社會及管治報告

#### B. SOCIAL ASPECT (Continued)

#### **Employment and Labour Practices (Continued)**

#### B3. Development and Training

We understand that we, as an employer, have the responsibilities to support the long-term growth of our employees. Therefore, we strive to facilitate communication with our staff to help achieve their career goal. Based on the needs of our employees and the Group, we will coordinate suitable training and development programs.

We conduct work appraisal annually and the assessment results will be one of the key indicators to determine whether an employee should be promoted. Our aim is to nurture and develop leadership pipeline for the Group and breed good learning atmosphere.

#### **Operating Practices**

#### B4. Supply Chain Management

The Acre Operation has been leased out to licensees in Brazil. We ensure that the Acre Operation, including its procurement processes, has complied with applicable laws by closely monitoring the licensees.

Due to the business nature of our Major Operations, the Group has not engaged any major suppliers of products, raw materials or services; nor does the Group directly participate in any negotiation between licensees and their suppliers. We do not make bulk purchase or enter into any procurement agreement for stationery, paper or any other office materials or equipment. The Group closely communicates with its subsidiaries and carries out necessary monitoring and risk control measures in case of its subsidiaries or associates hiring major suppliers.

#### **B5.** Product Liabilities

Our major business in Hong Kong is money lending business. We select our customers very carefully in accordance with our internal policy. The loans we granted are all secured by collaterals and/or guarantees. We are also in compliance with the Money Lenders Ordinance.

We realize that financial business involves dealing with large amount of personal information or sensitive corporate data of clients. Protecting our customers' interest and privacy is one of our top concerns to present outstanding customer service. The Group undertakes to comply with Personal Data (Privacy) Ordinance and other applicable laws in safeguarding privacy and intellectual property.

We keep communicating with clients and review on various communication channels in order to receive feedback from customers and handle complaints in time. Investigation on complaints and necessary measures will be carried out to improve our customer services.

#### B. 社會方面(續)

#### 僱傭及勞工常規(續)

#### B3. 發展及培訓

作為僱主,我們深知我們有責任支持員工的長期發展。因此,我們致力促進與員工的溝通,幫助彼等實現職業目標。根據員工及本集團的需求,我們將協調進行適當的培訓及發展計劃。

我們會每年開展工作評估,評估結果將作 為決定員工是否獲得晉升的關鍵指標之一。我們的目標是為本集團培養後備領導 人才,營造良好的學習氛圍。

#### 營運常規

#### B4. 供應鏈管理

亞克里州業務已租賃予巴西之許可使用 方。我們嚴格監督許可使用方,確保亞克 里州業務(包括其採購流程)遵守適用法 律。

由於我們主要業務的性質,本集團尚未就產品、原材料或服務聘用任何主要供應商:亦未直接參與許可使用方與其供應商的任何談判。我們並未批量採購辦公用品、紙張或任何其他辦公材料或設備或為此訂立任何採購協議。若本集團附屬公司或聯營公司聘用主要供應商,本集團將與其密切溝通並採取必要的監控及風險控制措施。

#### B5. 產品責任

我們在香港的主要業務為放貸業務。我們根據內部政策審慎甄選客戶。我們授出的貸款均由抵押品及/或擔保物作抵押。我們亦遵守放債人條例。

我們深知,從事金融業務會接觸到大量的客戶個人資料及企業敏感資料。為提供卓越的客戶服務,保障顧客的利益及隱私是我們要關切問題之一。本集團承諾遵守《個人資料(私隱)條例》及其他適用法律,保護隱私及知識產權。

我們會維持與客戶溝通並審視各種溝通渠 道,以及時獲得客戶反饋並處理投訴。我 們將針對投訴開展調查並採取必要措施改 善客戶服務。

環境、社會及管治報告

#### B. SOCIAL ASPECT (Continued)

**Operating Practices** (Continued)

#### **B5. Product Liabilities** (Continued)

During the Reporting Period, the Group has complied with all relevant laws and regulations that have a significant impact on the Group relating to health and safety, advertising, labelling and privacy matters relating to our products and services provided and methods of redress.

#### **B6.** Anti-corruption

The Board of Directors sets a tone of zero tolerance on corruption and fraud. We uphold the values of integrity, fairness, transparency and accountability and we prevent any corruption. Through corporate governance and risk management, we protect the interest of stakeholders. We encourage our staff to report any form of misconduct, such as abuse of authority and bribery of clients or employees. We will investigate upon reporting and report to regulatory and law enforcement bodies.

As we are engaged in money lending business, we have implemented measures for various business to prevent money laundering and financing for improper purposes through our Group by clients as we select our customers very carefully. We keep an eye on work process to ward off any participation of money laundering activities by our employees.

Besides, we have performed due diligence prior to entering into agreement with our licensees for the Acre Operation. We will take necessary measures to ensure that the Acre Operation is not exposed to any corruption risks.

During the Reporting Period, there was no case of corruption, bribery, extortion, fraud and money laundering lodged against the Group or our employees.

#### Community

#### B7. Community Investment

We recognize the importance of fulfilling corporate social responsibilities and we adhere to the idea of "giving back". We will continue to seek possible ways of promoting the awareness of community care and helping each other through coordinating various activities which are suitable to our identity and cater to the needs from the community. We believe that these activities, such as donation, voluntary work, mentorship programs, will help create a better and stronger relationship between the Group and the community, thereby contributing to our sustainable development.

#### B. 社會方面(續)

營運常規(續)

#### B5. 產品責任(續)

報告期內,就我們提供的產品及服務的健康及安全、廣告、標識及隱私事宜以及賠償方法而言,本集團已遵守所有對本集團有重大影響的相關法律法規。

#### B6. 反腐敗

董事會就腐敗及欺詐采取零容忍的態度。 我們秉持誠信、公平、透明及負責的價值 觀,堅決杜絕任何貪腐行為。我們透過企 業管治及風險管理,保護利益相關者的權 益。我們鼓勵員工舉報任何形式的不當行 為,如客戶或員工濫用職權及受賄行為。 一經舉報,我們將開展調查並向監管及執 法機關報告。

由於我們從事放貸業務,我們已針對各項 業務採取多項措施並審慎甄選客戶,以防 客戶透過本集團進行洗錢及不當集資行 為。我們密切監控工作流程,杜絕本公司 員工參與任何洗錢活動。

此外,對於亞克里州業務,我們已於與許可使用方訂立協議前進行盡職調查。我們 將採取必要措施以確保亞克里州業務免受 任何貪污風險。

報告期內,並無針對本集團或本集團員工 的任何腐敗、賄賂、勒索、欺詐及洗錢案 例。

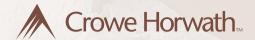
#### 社區

#### B7. 社區投入

我們深知履行企業社會責任的重要性,並秉持「回饋」理念。我們將透過協調各式各樣貼合公司形象並滿足社區需求的活動,繼續尋求更多提高社區關懷意識及互幫互助的途徑。我們認為捐贈、志願者工作及指導計劃等活動將有助於在本集團及社區之間建立更緊密牢固的關係,從而為我們的可持續發展作出貢獻。

## **Independent Auditor's Report**

獨立核數師報告



國富浩華(香港) 會計師事務所有限公司 Crowe Horwath (HK) CPA Limited Member Crowe Horwath International

香港 銅鑼灣 禮頓道77號 禮頓中心9樓 9/F Leighton Centre, 77 Leighton Road, Causeway Bay, Hong Kong

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE SHAREHOLDERS OF SUSTAINABLE FOREST HOLDINGS LIMITED

(Incorporated in Bermuda with limited liability)

#### Disclaimer of opinion

We were engaged to audit the consolidated financial statements of Sustainable Forest Holdings Limited (the "Company"), and its subsidiaries together (the "Group") set out on pages 44 to 155, which comprise the consolidated statements of financial position as at 31 March 2017, and the consolidated statement of profit or loss, consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income and the consolidated statement of changes in equity for the year then ended, and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

We do not express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements of the Group. Because of the significance of the matters described in the basis for disclaimer of opinion section of our report, we have not been able to obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence to provide a basis for an audit opinion on these consolidated financial statements. In all other respects, in our opinion the consolidated financial statements have been properly prepared in compliance with the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

#### Basis for disclaimer of opinion

# Scope limitation – Opening balance and corresponding figures

Our audit opinion dated 30 June 2016 on the Group's financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2016 was disclaimed, as we were unable to obtain sufficient information and appropriate audit evidence or perform alternative audit procedures for us to verify the existence, quantities and conditions of biological assets carried at HK\$Nil, to ascertain the reasonableness of assumptions and the feasibility of the business plans based on which valuations for the biological assets carried at HK\$Nil and related deferred tax liabilities carried at HK\$29,025,000, goodwill carried at HK\$Nil and the recoverability assessment of the freehold land carried at HK\$85,508,000 and interests in subsidiaries HK\$122,308,000 were performed, or to verify the completeness and accuracy of trade and accrued interest payables carried at HK\$22,410,000, or whether the impairment of freehold land amounting to HK\$9,700,000 and the reversal of deferred tax liabilities of approximately HK\$5,545,000 in the profit or loss, and the impairment of amounts due from subsidiaries of approximately HK\$6,024,000 recognised in the Company level profit or loss for the year ended 31 March 2016 were free from material misstatement.

#### 獨立核數師報告 致永保林業控股有限公司列位股東

(於百慕達註冊成立之有限公司)

#### 不表示意見

本核數師(以下簡稱(「吾等」)獲委聘審核第44至 155頁所載永保林業控股有限公司(「貴公司」)及其 附屬公司(統稱「貴集團」)之綜合財務報表,包括於 二零一七年三月三十一日之綜合財務狀況表,及截 至該日止年度之綜合損益表、綜合損益及其他全面 收益表及綜合權益變動表,以及綜合財務報表附註, 包括重大會計政策概要。

吾等對 貴集團之綜合財務報表不發表意見。由於 吾等報告之不表示意見之基準一節所述之事項之重 要性,吾等未能取得充分適當審核憑證,為該等綜合 財務報表之審核意見提供基準。於所有其他方面, 吾等認為綜合財務報表已按照香港公司條例妥善編 製。

#### 不表示意見之基準

#### 範圍限制一年初結餘及相應數據

就吾等日期為二零一六年六月三十日之審核意見,吾 等對 貴集團截至二零一六年三月三十一日止年度 之財務報表不負有任何責任,原因為吾等無法取得足 夠資料及合適審核憑證或進行其他審核程序,核實賬 面值為港幣零元之生物資產之現況、數目及情況、確 定賬面值為港幣零元之生物資產估值、賬面值為港 幣29,025,000元之相關遞延税項負債、賬面值為港幣 零元之商譽、賬面值為港幣85,508,000元之永久業權 土地可收回性評估及港幣122,308,000元之於附屬公 司中權益所依據之假設之合理性及業務計劃之可行 性,或核實賬面值為港幣22,410,000元之應付貿易款 項及應計利息之完整性及準確性,或港幣9,700,000 元之永久業權土地減值、約港幣5,545,000元之於損 益內之遞延税項負債撥回、約港幣6,024,000元之應 收附屬公司款項減值(於截至二零一六年三月三十一 日止年度之公司級別損益內確認)並無重大錯誤陳

## Independent Auditor's Report

獨立核數師報告

#### Basis for disclaimer of opinion (Continued)

# Scope limitation – Opening balance and corresponding figures (Continued)

Any adjustments that might have been found to be necessary in respect of the above matters would have material consequential effects on the net assets of the Group and the Company as at 31 March 2016, and the Group's loss and cash flows for the year then ended and the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements.

# Scope limitation – fair value of sustainable forest management segment

As mentioned in Note 21, the Group's harvesting operation in Brazil, being its sustainable forest management segment, has been suspended since 2012. The Group has to change its operation model from self-harvesting to leasing out.

Under such circumstances, whether the sustainable forest management segment could generate future economic benefits to the Group is dependent on the feasibility of the future business plan provided by the management. The future business plan is prepared by the management based on the historical data and management experience. However, as the business on leasing just commenced recently and the management still experiences certain difficulties in exercising the business plan to achieve their targeted level and under the circumstances of limited comparable information, we were unable to verify the reasonableness of the assumptions and the feasibility of the business plan.

As a result, we are unable to satisfy ourselves as to whether the carrying amount of intangible assets of HK\$9,841,000, the reversal of deferred tax liabilities of approximately HK\$30,493,000, and interest in subsidiaries of approximately HK\$152,673,000 as at 31 March 2017, and whether the impairment of intangible assets of HK\$89,674,000, and impairment of amounts due from subsidiaries of approximately HK\$161,000 recognised in the Group and Company level profit or loss for the year ended 31 March 2017 were free from material misstatement.

#### 不表示意見之基準(續)

#### 範圍限制-年初結餘及相應數據(續)

就上述事宜可能發現之任何須作出之調整將對 貴 集團及 貴公司二零一六年三月三十一日之資產淨 值及 貴集團截至該日止年度之虧損及現金流轉以 及綜合財務報表之相關披露產生後續重大影響。

#### 範圍限制-可持續森林管理分部之公平值

誠如附註21所載, 貴集團於巴西之伐木業務(即 其可持續森林管理分部)已自二零一二年起暫停經 營。 貴集團已將其經營模式從自有伐木模式改為 出租模式。

於此情況下,可持續森林管理分部能否為 貴集團 創造未來經濟利益乃取決於管理層所提供之未來業務計劃之可行性。未來業務計劃乃由管理層根據歷史數據及管理經驗編製。然而,由於租賃業務在近期剛剛起步,且管理層在為達致自身目標水平而開展業務計劃時面臨一些困難,在可資比較資料有限之情況下,故吾等無法核證假設之合理性及業務計劃之可行性。

因此,吾等未能信納於二零一七年三月三十一日賬面值為港幣9,841,000元之無形資產、約港幣30,493,000元之遞延税項負債撥回、約港幣152,673,000元之於附屬公司之權益以及港幣89,674,000元之無形資產減值及約港幣161,000元之應收附屬公司款項減值(於截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度之集團及公司級別損益內確認)並無重大錯誤陳述。

## Independent Auditor's Report

獨立核數師報告

# Responsibilities of the directors for the consolidated financial statements

The directors are responsible for the preparation of the consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRSs") issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (the "IASB") and the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

The directors are assisted by the Audit Committee in discharging their responsibilities for overseeing the Group's financial reporting process.

# Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the consolidated financial statements

Our responsibility is to conduct an audit of the Group's consolidated financial statements in accordance with Hong Kong Standards on Auditing ("HKSAs") issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants ("HKICPA") and to issue an auditor's report. However, because of the matters described in the Basis for disclaimer of opinion section of our report, we were not able to obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence to provide a basis for an audit opinion on these consolidated financial statements.

We are independent of the Group in accordance with the HKICPA's Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants ("the Code"), and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code.

Crowe Horwath (HK) CPA Limited Certified Public Accountants Hong Kong, 28 June 2017

Alvin Yeung Sik Hung Practising Certificate Number P05206

#### 董事就綜合財務報表承擔之責任

董事負責根據國際會計準則委員會(「國際會計準則 委員會」)頒佈之國際財務報告準則(「國際財務報告 準則」)及香港公司條例之披露規定,編製真實而公 平之綜合財務報表,及執行其認為必需之內部監控, 以使此等綜合財務報表之編製不存在由於欺詐或錯 誤而出現之重大錯誤陳述。

於編製綜合財務報表時,董事須負責評估 貴集團 持續經營之能力,並在適用情況下披露與持續經營 有關之事項,以及使用持續經營為會計基礎,除非董 事有意將 貴集團清盤或停止經營,或別無其他實 際替代方案。

審核委員會協助董事履行監督 貴集團財務報告過 程之責任。

#### 核數師就審核綜合財務報表承擔之責任

吾等之責任乃根據香港會計師公會(「香港會計師公會」)發佈之香港核數準則(「香港核數準則」)對 貴集團之綜合財務報表執行審核工作並發表核數師報告。然而,由於吾等報告之不表示意見之基礎一節所述之事項,吾等未能取得充分適當審核憑證,為該等綜合財務報表之審核意見提供基準。

根據香港會計師公會之專業會計師道德守則(「守則」),吾等獨立於 貴集團,且吾等已根據守則履行其他道德責任。

國富浩華(香港)會計師事務所有限公司

*執業會計師* 

香港,二零一七年六月二十八日

楊錫鴻

執業證書號碼: P05206

## **Consolidated Statement of Profit or Loss**

綜合損益表 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31 March 2017 (以港幣呈列) (Expressed in Hong Kong dollars)

		Notes	2017 二零一七年 HK\$'000	2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000
		附註	港幣千元	港幣千元
Continuing operations	持續經營業務			
REVENUE	收入	7	7,138	11,316
Cost of sales Change in fair value of investment properties	銷售成本 投資物業公平值變動	20	(65) 4,321	(1,820) (76)
Other income Other net loss Selling and distribution costs Administrative expenses	其他收入 其他虧損淨額 銷售及分銷成本 行政支出	8 8	57,777 - - (11,500)	79 (11,598) (6) (10,579)
Impairment of assets	資產減值	9	(89,674)	(25,571)
LOSS FROM OPERATIONS	經營虧損		(32,003)	(38,255)
Finance income Finance costs	融資收入 融資費用		494 (528)	203 (564)
Net finance costs	融資費用淨額	10(a)	(34)	(361)
LOSS BEFORE TAXATION	除税前虧損	10	(32,037)	(38,616)
Income tax	所得税	15(a)	30,493	5,545
Loss for the year from continuing operations Discontinued operations (Loss)/profit for the year from	來自持續經營業務之 年度虧損 已終止經營業務 來自已終止經營業務之		(1,544)	(33,071)
discontinued operations	年度(虧損)/溢利	11	(207)	2
LOSS FOR THE YEAR	年度虧損		(1,751)	(33,069)
ATTRIBUTABLE TO:	應佔:			
Owners of the Company Non-controlling interests	本公司擁有人 非控股權益		(1,751) –	(33,077)
			(1,751)	(33,069)
(Loss)/income attributable to owners of the Company arises from:	源自:			
Continuing operations Discontinued operations	持續經營業務 已終止經營業務		(1,544) (207)	(33,079)
			(1,751)	(33,077)
Loss per share From continuing and discontinued operations	每股虧損 來自持續及已終止經營業務	17		
- Basic - Diluted	-基本 -攤薄		(0.02) cents 仙 (0.02) cents 仙	(0.37) cents 仙 (0.37) cents 仙
From continuing operations  - Basic  - Diluted	<b>來自持續經營業務</b> 一基本  一攤薄		(0.02) cents 仙 (0.02) cents 仙	(0.37) cents 仙 (0.37) cents 仙

The notes on pages 51 to 155 form part of these consolidated financial statements.

第51頁至第155頁之附註構成此等綜合財務報 表之一部分。

# Consolidated Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income

綜合損益及其他全面收益表

截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31 March 2017 (以港幣呈列) (Expressed in Hong Kong dollars)

		Notes 附註	2017 二零一七年 HK\$'000 港幣千元	2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000 港幣千元
Loss for the year	年度虧損		(1,751)	(33,069)
Other comprehensive income/(loss) for the year	年內其他全面收益/(虧損)			
Items that may be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss Exchange differences on translation of financial statements of overseas subsidiaries	其後可能重新分類至損益之 項目 換算海外附屬公司財務報告 產生之匯兑差額	15(c)	7,828	(5,026)
Other comprehensive income/(loss) for the year, net of income tax	年內其他全面收益/(虧損), 扣除所得税		7,828	(5,026)
Total comprehensive income/(loss) for the year	年內全面收益/(虧損)總額		6,077	(38,095)
Total comprehensive income/(loss) attributable to: Owners of the Company Non-controlling interests	以下人士應佔全面收益/ (虧損)總額: 本公司擁有人 非控股權益		6,077 –	(38,103) 8
			6,077	(38,095)
Total comprehensive income/(loss) attributable to owners of the Company arises from:	本公司擁有人應佔 全面收益/(虧損)總額源自:			
Continuing operations Discontinued operations	持續經營業務 已終止經營業務		6,284 (207)	(38,105)
			6,077	(38,103)

The notes on pages 51 to 155 form part of these consolidated financial 第51頁至第155頁之附註構成此等綜合財務報 statements.

表之一部分。

# **Consolidated Statement of Financial Position**

綜合財務狀況表 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31 March 2017 (以港幣呈列)(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars)

		Notes 附註	2017 二零一七年 HK\$'000 港幣千元	2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000 港幣千元
NON-CURRENT ASSETS Property, plant and equipment Intangible assets Investment properties Biological assets Goodwill	非流動資產 物業、廠房及設備 無形資產 投資物業 生物資產 商譽	18 19 20 21 22	22 9,935 29,023 - -	86,578 94 24,702 –
			38,980	111,374
CURRENT ASSETS Inventories Loan receivables Trade and other receivables Cash and cash equivalents	流動資產 存貨 應收貸款 應收貿易款項及其他應收款項 現金及現金等價物	24 25 26 27	- 23,200 3,110 116,163	73 82,338 4,339 59,258
			142,473	146,008
Assets of disposal group classified as held for sale	分類為持作待售之出售組別資產	12	_	3,697
			142,473	149,705
CURRENT LIABILITIES  Trade and other payables Loans and borrowings Provision for taxation	流動負債 應付貿易款項及其他應付款項 貸款及借貸 税項撥備	28 29 31(a)	15,071 16,234 799	40,749 16,042 2,145
Liabilities of disposal group classified	分類為持作待售之出售組別資產		32,104	58,936
as held for sale	刀积局付下付告之山告組別貝座	12	-	1,956
			32,104	60,892
NET CURRENT ASSETS	流動資產淨值		110,369	88,813
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES	總資產減流動負債		149,349	200,187

## **Consolidated Statement of Financial Position**

綜合財務狀況表

截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31 March 2017 (以港幣呈列) (Expressed in Hong Kong dollars)

		Notes 附註	2017 二零一七年 HK\$'000 港幣千元	2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000 港幣千元
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES Loans and borrowings Financial liabilities Deferred tax liabilities	<b>非流動負債</b> 貸款及借貸 財務負債 遞延税項負債	29 32 31(b)	7,068 22,532 3,283	7,302 52,029 29,025
			32,883	88,356
NET ASSETS	資產淨值	ATTE	116,466	111,831
CAPITAL AND RESERVES Share capital Reserves	<b>資本及儲備</b> 股本 儲備	33 35(a)	185,658 (69,178)	185,656 (73,912)
Total equity attributable to the owners of the Company	本公司擁有人應佔總權益		116,480	111,744
Non-controlling interests	非控股權益	35(a)	(14)	87
TOTAL EQUITY	總權益		116,466	111,831

Approved and authorised for issue by the board of directors on 28 June 2017.

由董事會於二零一七年六月二十八日批准及 授權刊行。

On Behalf of the Board

代表董事會

YEUNG Sau Chung 楊秀中 Director

董事

The notes on pages 51 to 155 form part of these consolidated financial statements.

LIU Shun Chuen 廖信全 *Director* 董事

第51頁至第155頁之附註構成此等綜合財務報 表之一部分。

# Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity

綜合權益變動表 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31 March 2017 (以港幣呈列) (Expressed in Hong Kong dollars)

						Attributable	e to the owners of t 本公司擁有人應何							
			Share capital	Share premium	Shares held by the Company for settlement of acquisition consideration 本公司就	Contributed surplus	Distributable reserve	Capital redemption reserve	Exchange fluctuation reserve	Share option reserve	Accumulated losses	Sub-total	Non- controlling interests	Total equity
		Notes 附註	股本 HK\$'000 港幣千元	股份溢價 HK\$'000 港幣千元	貸付收購 代價所持股份 HK\$'000 港幣千元	實繳盈餘 HK\$'000 港幣千元	可供分派儲備 HK\$'000 港幣千元	股本贖回儲備 HK\$'000 港幣千元	匯兑波動儲備 HK\$'000 港幣千元	購股權儲備 HK\$'000 港幣千元	累計虧損 HK\$'000 港幣千元	小計 <b>HK\$'000</b> 港幣千元	非控股權益 HK\$'000 港幣千元	總權益 HK\$'000 港幣千元
At 1 April 2015	於二零一五年四月一日		185,631	6,594	(115,920)	2,885,431	2,216	8,000	(65,697)	1,185	(2,757,960)	149,480	79	149,559
Change in equity for 2016 Loss for the year	二零一六年權益變動 年度虧損		-	-	_	-	-	<u>.</u>	_	-	(33,077)	(33,077)	8	(33,069)
Exchange differences on translation of financial statements of overseas subsidiaries	換算海外附屬公司財務報表之 匯兇差額		_	-	_	-	-	-	(5,026)	_	_	(5,026)	-	(5,026)
Total other comprehensive income	其他全面收入總額		_==	-	T -	-	-	-	(5,026)	-	-	(5,026)	-	(5,026)
Total comprehensive loss for the year	本年度全面虧損總額		-	-	-	-	1-	-	(5,026)	-	(33,077)	(38,103)	8	(38,095)
Transaction with owners	與擁有人進行之交易													
Shares issue upon exercise of ordinary share warrants Forfeiture of share option	於行使普通股認股權證時 發行股份 沒收購股權	33(d)	25	342	-	-	-	-	-	(316)	- 316	367	-	367
Total transactions with owners	與擁有人進行之交易總額		25	342	-			-		(316)	316	367	-	367
At 31 March 2016	於二零一六年三月三十一日		185,656	6,936	(115,920)	2,885,431	2,216	8,000	(70,723)	869	(2,790,721)	111,744	87	111,831
						Attributable	e to the owners of t 本公司擁有人應何							
			Share capital	Share premium	Shares held by the Company for settlement of acquisition consideration 本公司就 價付收購	Contributed surplus	Distributable reserve	Capital redemption reserve	Exchange fluctuation reserve	Share option reserve	Accumulated losses	Sub-total	Non- controlling interests	Total equity
		Notes 附註	股本 HK\$'000 港幣千元	股份溢價 HK\$'000 港幣千元	代價所持股份 HK\$'000 港幣千元	實繳盈餘 HK\$'000 港幣千元	可供分派儲備 HK\$'000 港幣千元	股本贖回儲備 HK\$'000 港幣千元	匯兑波動儲備 HK\$'000 港幣千元	購股權儲備 HK\$'000 港幣千元	累計虧損 HK\$'000 港幣千元	小計 HK\$'000 港幣千元	非控股權益 HK\$'000 港幣千元	總權益 HK\$'000 港幣千元
At 1 April 2016	於二零一六年四月一日		185,656	6,936	(115,920)	2,885,431	2,216	8,000	(70,723)	869	(2,790,721)	111,744	87	111,831
Change in equity for 2017 Loss for the year	二零一七年權益變動 年度虧損		-		-	4-		-	-	-	(1,751)	(1,751)	-	(1,751)
Exchange differences on translation of financial statements of overseas subsidiaries	換算海外附屬公司財務報表之 匯兑差額		-	-	-	_	-	-	7,828	_	-	7,828	-	7,828
Total other comprehensive income	其他全面收入總額			-	-		-	-	7,828	-	-	7,828	-	7,828
Total comprehensive loss for the year	本年度全面虧損總額		_	-	_	-	-	-	7,828		(1,751)	6,077	-	6,077
Transaction with owners	與擁有人進行之交易													
Shares issue upon exercise of ordinary share warrants Disposal of subsidiaries	於行使普通股認股權證時 發行股份 出售附屬公司	33(a) 36	2 -	19	-	-	-	-	(1,362)	-	-	21 (1,362)	(101)	21 (1,463)
Total transactions with owners	與擁有人進行之交易總額		2	19	-	-	-	-	(1,362)	-	-	(1,341)	(101)	(1,442)
At 31 March 2017	於二零一七年三月三十一日		185,658	6,955	(115,920)	2,885,431	2,216	8,000	(64,257)	869	(2,792,472)	116,480	(14)	116,466

# **Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows**

綜合現金流轉表 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31 March 2017 (以港幣呈列)(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars)

			<b>2017</b> 二零一七年	2016 二零一六年
		Notes 附註	HK\$'000 港幣千元	HK\$'000 港幣千元
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING	經營業務現金流轉			
ACTIVITIES				
Loss before taxation	除税前虧損			
Continuing operations	持續經營業務		(32,037)	(38,616)
Discontinued operations	已終止經營業務		(207)	2
Adjustments for:	經下列調整:			
Change in fair value of investment	投資物業公平值變動			
properties	-125	20	(4,321)	76
Finance costs	融資費用	10(a)	528	564
Finance income	融資收入	10(a)	(494)	(203)
Impairment loss of intangible assets	無形資產之減值虧損	9	89,674	-
Impairment of property, plant and	物業、廠房及設備之減值			0.700
equipment	<b>艾尔萨</b> 斯西克泽佐斯提	9	-	9,700
Impairment loss on other receivables		9	(04.000)	15,871
Write off of liabilities by creditors	債權人撇銷負債 *<	8	(24,669)	-
Depreciation Change in fair value of financial	折舊 財務負債公平值變動	18	108	421
liabilities	划份負債公千值變數	32	(20, 400)	11,587
Exchange difference, net	<b>進</b> 兑差額淨額	02	(29,488) (1,254)	(900)
Gain on disposal of subsidiaries	出售附屬公司之收益		(2,450)	(900)
dain on disposal of subsidiaries	山百門風云門之水皿		(2,430)	
Operating loss before changes in	未計營運資金變動前之			
working capital	經營虧損		(4,610)	(1,498)
Working Suprial			(1,010)	(1,100)
Decrease in inventories	存貨減少		3	733
(Increase)/decrease in trade and	應收貿易款項及其他應收款項			
other receivables	(增加)/減少		(4,013)	3,914
Decrease in loan receivables	應收貸款減少		59,138	11,273
Increase/(decrease) in trade and	應付貿易款項及其他應付款項			
other payables	增加/(減少)		4,744	(4,340)
Cash generated from operations	經營業務流入現金		55,262	10,082
Income tax paid	已付所得税			
<ul> <li>Hong Kong Profits Tax paid</li> </ul>	-已付香港利得税		(53)	-
<ul> <li>PRC Enterprise income tax paid</li> </ul>	一已付中國企業所得棁		-	-
			(53)	- 1 page 2-
NET CASH GENERATED	經營業務現金流入淨額			
FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES			55,209	10,082

## **Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows**

綜合現金流轉表 <sub>截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度</sub> For the year ended 31 March 2017 (以港幣呈列) (Expressed in Hong Kong dollars)

		Notes 附註	2017 二零一七年 HK\$'000 港幣千元	2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000 港幣千元
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES	投資活動現金流轉			
Payment to acquire property, plant	收購物業、廠房及設備之付款			(40)
and equipment  Net cash inflow from disposal of	出售附屬公司現金流入淨額		-	(48)
subsidiaries Interest received	已收利息	10(a)	1,101 494	203
NET CASH GENERATED FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES	投資活動現金流入淨額		1,595	155
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES	融資活動現金流轉			
Repayment of loans and borrowings Interest paid	償還貸款及借貸 已付利息 行使認股權證時發行股份之		(375) (195)	(429) (240)
Proceeds from share issue upon exercise of share warrant	1] 使認及權證時發刊限切之 所得款項		11	214
NET CASH USED IN FINANCING ACTIVITIES	融資活動現金流出淨額		(559)	(455)
NET INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	現金及現金等價物增加淨額		56,245	9,782
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT BEGINNING OF YEAR	年初現金及現金等價物		59,918	50,141
EFFECT OF FOREIGN EXCHANGE RATE CHANGES	匯率變動之影響		_	(5)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT END OF YEAR	年終現金及現金等價物	27	116,163	59,918
ANALYSIS OF BALANCES OF CASH	現金及現金等價物結存分析			
AND CASH EQUIVALENTS Cash and cash equivalents	現金及現金等價物	27	116,163	59,918

The notes on pages 51 to 155 form part of these consolidated financial 第51頁至第155頁之附註構成此等綜合財務報 statements.

表之一部分。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

#### 1. CORPORATE INFORMATION

Sustainable Forest Holdings Limited (the "Company") was incorporated in Bermuda as an exempted company with limited liability under the Companies Act 1981 of Bermuda and its ordinary shares are listed on the Main Board of The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange"). The address of its registered office and the principal place of business is Suites No. 302-305, 3rd Floor, Sino Plaza, 255-257 Gloucester Road, Causeway Bay, Hong Kong.

The principal activity of the Company is investment holding. The principal activities of the subsidiaries of the Company comprise money lending business pursuant to the Money Lenders Ordinance (Chapter 163 of the Laws of Hong Kong); sustainable forest management; investment and leasing in natural forests; manufacturing and sales of timber products and leasing of properties.

#### 2. STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE

These consolidated financial statements had been prepared in accordance with all applicable International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRSs"), which collective term includes all applicable individual International Financial Reporting Standards, International Accounting Standards ("IASs") and Interpretations issued by the International Accounting Standards Board ("IASB"), and the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance. These financial statements also comply with the applicable disclosure provisions of the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited. Significant accounting policies adopted by the Group are disclosed below.

The IASB has issued certain new and revised IFRSs which are first effective or available for early adoption for the current accounting period of the Group and the Company. Note 4 provides information on any changes in accounting policies resulting from initial application of these developments to the extent that they are relevant to the Group for the current and prior accounting periods reflected in these financial statements.

#### 1. 公司資料

永保林業控股有限公司(「本公司」)根據一九八一年百慕達公司法在百慕達註冊成立為獲豁免有限公司。本公司之普通股在香港聯合交易所有限公司(「聯交所」)主板上市。其註冊辦事處及主要營業地點之地址為香港銅鑼灣告士打道255-257號信和廣場3樓302-305室。

本公司之主要業務為投資控股,其附屬公司之主要業務包括根據放債人條例(香港法例第163章)之放債業務:可持續森林管理:天然森林投資及租賃:製造及銷售木材產品及物業租賃。

#### 2. 合規聲明

該等綜合財務報表乃根據國際會計準則 委員會(「國際會計準則委員會」)頒佈之 所有適用國際財務報告準則(「國際財務 報告準則」)編製,包括所有適用之個別 國際財務報告準則、國際會計準則(「國 際會計準則」)及詮釋以及香港公司條例 之披露規定。該等財務報表亦遵守香港 之披露規定。該等財務報表亦遵守香港 聯合交易所有限公司證券上市規則之 用披露條文。本集團採納之主要會計政 策乃於下文披露。

國際會計準則委員會已頒佈若干新訂及經修訂國際財務報告準則,其於本集團及本公司之當期會計期間首次生效並可提早應用。附註4提供來自首次應用該等發展所帶來會計政策任何變動之資料,該等資料與該等財務報表所反映本集團當期及先前會計期間有關。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

# 3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### (a) Basis of preparation of the financial statements

The consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2017 comprise the Group.

Items included in the financial statements of each entity in the Group are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates (the "functional currency"). These financial statements are presented in Hong Kong dollars ("HK\$"), rounded to the nearest thousand except for per share data. Hong Kong dollar is the Company's functional and the Group's presentation currency.

The measurement basis used in the preparation of the financial statements is the historical cost basis except that the biological assets, the warrants and investment properties are stated at their fair value as explained in the accounting policies set out in Notes 3(g), 3(y) and 3(z) respectively.

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with IFRSs requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of policies and reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income and expenses. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and various other factors believed to be reasonable under the circumstances, the results of which form the basis of making the judgements about carrying amounts of assets and liabilities not readily apparent from other sources. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised if the revision affects only that period, or in the period of the revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods.

Judgements made by management in the application of IFRSs that have significant effect on the financial statements and major source of estimation uncertainty are discussed in Note 5.

#### 3. 主要會計政策概要

#### (a) 財務報表編製基準

截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度之綜合財務報表涵蓋本集團。

本集團旗下各實體之財務報表所列項目,乃以實體經營所在主要經濟環境之貨幣(「功能貨幣」)計量。該等財務報表以港幣(「港幣」)呈列,並已按四捨五入原則調整至最接近之千位,惟每股數據除外。港幣乃本公司之功能貨幣及本集團之呈列貨幣。

編製財務報表所用計量基準為歷史成本基準,惟生物資產、認股權證及投資物業則按公平值列賬,詳情分別見附註3(g)、3(y)及3(z)所載之會計政策。

編製符合國際財務報告準則規定之財務報表要求管理層作出判斷、估計及假設,而此等判斷、估計是以影響政策之應用及所計計是發產、負債及收支之金額。估計呈報稅。付數之經驗及其他相信在有關情況下屬於合理之因素為時間,所得結果成為判斷無法隨負別於其他來源清楚顯現之資產及有別於其他來源清楚顯現之資產及有別於其他來源清楚顯現之資產及有別於該等估計。

估計及相關假設經不斷檢討。倘會計估計之修訂僅影響作出修訂之期間,則修訂於該期間內確認,或倘修訂影響本期間及未來期間,則修訂於作出修訂期間及未來期間內確認。

管理層在應用國際財務報告準則過程中所作出對財務報表具有重大影響之判斷及估計不明朗因素之主要來源在附註5討論。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

# 3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

### (b) Subsidiaries and non-controlling interests

Subsidiaries are entities controlled by the Group. The Group controls an entity when it is exposed, or has rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the entity and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the entity. When assessing whether the Group has power, only substantive rights (held by the Group and other parties) are considered.

An investment in a subsidiary is consolidated into the consolidated financial statements from the date that control commences until the date that control ceases. Intra-group balances, transactions and cash flows and any unrealized profits arising from intra-group transactions are eliminated in full in preparing the consolidated financial statements. Unrealised losses resulting from intra-group transactions are eliminated in the same way as unrealised gains but only to the extent that there is no evidence of impairment.

Non-controlling interests represent the equity in a subsidiary not attributable directly or indirectly to the Company, and in respect of which the Group has not agreed any additional terms with the holders of those interests which would result in the Group as a whole having a contractual obligation in respect of those interests that meets the definition of a financial liability.

Non-controlling interests are presented in the consolidated statement of financial position within equity, separately from equity attributable to the owners of the Company. Non-controlling interests in the results of the Group are presented on the face of the consolidated statement of profit or loss and the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income as an allocation of the total profit or loss and total comprehensive income for the year between non-controlling interests and the owners of the Company. Total comprehensive income of subsidiaries is attributed to the owners of the Company and to the non-controlling interests even if this results in the non-controlling interests having a deficit balance. Loans from holders of non-controlling interests and other contractual obligations towards these holders are presented as financial liabilities in the consolidated statement of financial position.

### 3. 主要會計政策概要(續)

#### (b) 附屬公司及非控股權益

附屬公司為本集團控制之實體。當本集團因參與實體的經營而承受可變回報之風險或有權享有有關回報,並有能力透過行使對實體之權力影響該等回報,則本集團控制實體。評估本集團是否有權力時,僅考慮實際權力(由本集團及其他方持有)。

於附屬公司之投資乃自控制權開始日期起綜合計入綜合財務報表,直至控制權終止日期為止。集團內公司間之結餘、交易及現金流轉,其為司間內公司間交易產生之任何未表重,以為數對銷。集團內公司間交易產生之表變現虧損以與未變現虧損以與未變現虧損以與未變現虧損以與未變現虧損,惟僅以並無證據證明出現減值為限。

非控股權益指並非由本公司直接或間接應佔附屬公司之權益,而本集團並無與該等權益持有人協定任何額外條款,以致本集團整體須就有關權益承擔財務負債所界定合約責任。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

# 3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

# (b) Subsidiaries and non-controlling interests (Continued) Changes in the Group's ownership interests in existing subsidiaries

Changes in the Group's interests in a subsidiary that do not result in a loss of control are accounted for as equity transactions, whereby adjustments are made to the amounts of controlling and non-controlling interests within consolidated equity to reflect the change in relative interests, but no adjustments are made to goodwill and no gain or loss is recognised.

When the Group loses control of a subsidiary, it is accounted for as a disposal of the entire interest in that subsidiary, with a resulting gain or loss being recognised in profit or loss. Any interest retained in that former subsidiary at the date when control is lost is recognised at fair value and this amount is regarded as the fair value on initial recognition of a financial asset or, when appropriate, the cost on initial recognition of an investment in an associate or joint venture.

In the Company's statement of financial position, an investment in a subsidiary is stated at cost less impairment losses (Please refer to Note 3(i)), unless the investment is classified as held for sale (or included in a disposal group that is classified as held for sale).

#### (c) Business combinations

Acquisitions of business are accounted for using the acquisition method. The consideration transferred in a business combination is measured at fair value, which is calculated as the sum of the acquisition-date fair values of the assets transferred by the Group, liabilities incurred by the Group to former owners of the acquiree and the equity interests issued by the Group in exchange for control of the acquiree. Acquisition-related costs are generally recognized in profit or loss as incurred.

At the acquisition date, the identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed are recognised at their fair values, except that:

- a deferred tax asset or liability and assets or liabilities related to employee benefit arrangements are recognised and measured in accordance with IAS 12 Income Taxes and IAS 19 Employee Benefits respectively;
- liabilities or equity instruments related to share-based payment arrangements of the acquiree or share-based payment arrangements of the Group entered into to replace share-based payment arrangements of the acquiree are measured in accordance with IFRS 2 Share-based Payment at the acquisition date; and

#### 3. 主要會計政策概要(續)

#### (b) 附屬公司及非控股權益(續) 本集團於現有附屬公司所佔擁 有權權益變動

並未導致本集團失去附屬公司控制權之權益變動以權益交易形式入 賬,而綜合權益中之控股及非控股 權益之金額須作出調整,以反映相 關權益之變動,但不會調整商譽, 亦不確認損益。

當本集團失去附屬公司之控制權時,列作出售該附屬公司之全部權益,所得收益或虧損於損益中確認。於失去控制權當日於該前附屬公司保留之權益乃按公平值確認,而該金額被視作於初次確認財務資產時之公平值或(於情況合適時)初次確認聯營公司或合營企業投資之成本。

於本公司之財務狀況表內,除分類 為持作待售(或被納入分類為持作 待售之出售組別)之投資外,於附屬 公司之投資乃按成本值減去減值虧 損(請參閱附註3(j))列賬。

#### (c) 業務合併

收購業務採用收購法入賬。業務合併之已轉讓代價按公平值計量,即於收購日期本集團所轉讓資產之可度,本集團向被收購公司之前方以交換該被收購公司控制權之一來權益之總和。收購相關的成本一般於產生時在損益確認。

於收購日,所收購之可識別資產及 所承擔之負債乃按其公平值列賬, 惟下文所述者除外:

- 遞延稅項資產或負債及與僱員 福利安排有關之資產或負債, 乃分別根據國際會計準則第12 號所得稅及國際會計準則第19 號僱員福利確認及計量;
- 與被收購公司之以股份付款安 排或與以本集團之以股份付款 安排取代被收購公司之以股份 付款安排相關之負債或股本工 具乃於收購日期根據國際財務 報告準則第2號以股份付款計 量;及

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

# 3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### (c) Business combinations (Continued)

 assets (or disposal groups) that are classified as held for sale in accordance with IFRS 5 Non-current Assets Held for Sale and Discontinued Operations are measured in accordance with that Standard.

Goodwill is measured as the excess of the sum of the consideration transferred, the amount of any non-controlling interest in the acquiree, and the fair value of the acquirer's previously held equity interest in the acquiree (if any) over the net amount of the identifiable assets acquired and the liabilities assumed as at acquisition date. If, after re-assessment, the net of the acquisition date amounts of the identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed exceeds the sum of the consideration transferred, the amount of any non-controlling interest in the acquiree and the fair value of the acquirer's previously held interest in the acquiree (if any), the excess is recognized immediately in profit or loss as a bargain purchase gain.

Non-controlling interests that are present ownership interests and entitle their holders to a proportionate share of the relevant subsidiary's net assets in the event of liquidation may be initially measured either at fair value or at the non-controlling interests' proportionate share of the recognised amounts of the acquiree's identifiable net assets. The choice of measurement basis is made on a transaction-by-transaction basis. Other types of non-controlling interests are measured at their fair value or, when applicable, on the basis specified in another IFRS.

Where the consideration transferred by the Group in a business combination includes assets or liabilities resulting from a contingent consideration arrangement, the contingent consideration is measured at its acquisition-date fair value and included as part of the consideration transferred in a business combination. Changes in the fair value of the contingent consideration that qualify as measurement period adjustments are adjusted retrospectively, with the corresponding adjustments against goodwill. Measurement period adjustments are adjustments that arise from additional information obtained during the "measurement period" (which cannot exceed one year from the acquisition date) about facts and circumstances that existed at the acquisition date.

The subsequent accounting for changes in the fair value of the contingent consideration that do not qualify as measurement period adjustments depends on how the contingent consideration is classified. Contingent consideration that is classified as equity is not remeasured at subsequent reporting dates and its subsequent settlement is accounted for within equity. Contingent consideration that is classified as an asset or a liability is remeasured to fair value at subsequent reporting dates with the corresponding gain or loss being recognised in profit or loss.

#### 3. 主要會計政策概要(續)

#### (c) 業務合併(續)

 根據國際財務報告準則第5號 持作待售非流動資產及已終止 業務被分類為持作待售之資產 (或出售組別)乃根據該準則 計量。

商譽是以所轉讓代價、被收購方之 任何非控股權益金額以及收購方之 以往持有之被收購方股權之可 資產與所承擔負債經重新評明估 資產與所承擔負債經重新評明估負債 經重新調之後 所收購日期之淨額超出所轉讓代額 被收購方之任何有 被收購方之經和,則差 被收購方以往持有之總和,則差 及收購方以往持有之總和,則差 時於損益中確認為議價收購收益 時於損益中確認為議價收購收益

屬現有擁有權權益及賦予其持有人權利於清盤時按比例分佔相關附屬公司淨資產之非控股權益可初步按可識別淨資產已確認金額之比例計量。計量基準視乎每項交易而作出選擇。其他類型之非控股權益則按公平值或按其他國際財務報告準則訂明之基準(如適用)計量。

倘本集團於業務合併中轉讓之代價 包括或然代價安排產生之資產或 債,或然代價按其收購日期公 計量並計入於業務合併中所轉值 價之一部分。或然代價之公平讓 動如符合資格作為計量期調整, 會追溯調整,並以商譽作出期 會追溯調整,並以商譽作出期 會追溯數整指於「計量期」 ( 得超過收購日期起計一年)內 有關於收購日期存在事實及情況之 額外資料而產生之調整。

不符合資格作為計量期調整之或然 代價公平值變動日後之入賬方式須 取決於或然代價如何分類。分類為 權益之或然代價如會於隨後報告日 期重新計量,而其後支付之代價負 於權益內入賬。分類為資產或然代價於隨後報告日期 之或然代價於隨後報告日期 直重新計量,而相應之盈虧於損益 中確認。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

# 3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### (c) Business combinations (Continued)

Where a business combination is achieved in stages, the Group's previously held equity interest in the acquiree is remeasured to fair value at the acquisition date (i.e. the date when the Group obtains control) and the resulting gain or loss, if any, is recognized in profit or loss. Amounts arising from interests in the acquiree prior to the acquisition date that have previously been recognised in other comprehensive income are reclassified to profit or loss where such treatment would be appropriate if that interest were disposed of.

If the initial accounting for a business combination is incomplete by the end of the reporting period in which the combination occurs, the Group reports provisional amounts for the items for which the accounting is incomplete. Those provisional amounts are adjusted during the measurement period (see above), and additional assets or liabilities are recognised, to reflect new information obtained about facts and circumstances that existed at the acquisition date that, if known, would have affected the amounts recognised at that date.

#### (d) Goodwill

Goodwill arising on an acquisition of a business is carried at cost as established at the date of acquisition of the business (Please refer to the accounting policy above) less accumulated impairment losses, if any.

For the purpose of impairment testing, goodwill is allocated to each of the Group's cash-generating units (or groups of cashgenerating units) that is expected to benefit from the synergies of the combination, which represent the lowest level at which the goodwill is monitored for internal management purposes and not larger than an operating segment. A cash-generating unit (or group of cash-generating units) to which goodwill has been allocated is tested for impairment annually, or more frequently when there is an indication that the unit may be impaired. For goodwill arising on an acquisition in a reporting period, the cashgenerating unit (or group of cash-generating units) to which goodwill has been allocated is tested for impairment before the end of that reporting period. If the recoverable amount is less than its carrying amount, the impairment loss is allocated first to reduce the carrying amount of any goodwill and then to the other assets on a pro-rata based on the carrying amount of each asset in the unit (or group of cash-generating units).

On disposal of the relevant cash-generating unit, the attributable amount of goodwill is included in the determination of the profit or loss on disposal.

#### 3. 主要會計政策概要(續)

#### (c) 業務合併(續)

倘業務合併分階段完成,則本集團 先前於被收購方持有之股權重新計 量至收購日期(即本集團獲得控股 權之日)之公平值,而所產生之盈虧 (如有)於損益中確認。先前於其他 全面收益確認於收購日期前於被收 購方之權益產生之金額,在該權益 出售時按有關處理方法重新分類至 損益。

倘業務合併之初步會計處理於進行 合併之報告期末仍未完成,則本集 團就仍未完成會計處理之項目呈報 暫定金額。該等暫定金額於計量期 (見上文)內作出調整,及確認額外 資產或負債,以反映就於收購日期 已存在事實及情況取得之新資料 (倘知悉該等資料,將會影響於當日 確認之金額)。

#### (d) 商譽

因收購業務產生之商譽以收購業 務當日確定之成本(請參閱上述會 計政策)減累計減值虧損(如有)列 賬。

就減值測試而言,商譽分配予預期 會受惠於合併之協同效益之本集團 各相關現金產生單位(或多組現金 產生單位),即就內部管理而言監 管商譽之最低層面,且不大於經營 分部。獲分配商譽的現金產生單位 (或現金產生單位組別)每年進行減 值測試一次,或當有跡象顯示單位 可能出現減值時則會增加減值測試 次數。就報告期間之收購所產生之 商譽而言,已獲分配商譽之現金產 生單位(或現金產生單位組別)於報 告期間結束前進行減值測試。倘若 可收回金額低於其賬面值,則先將 有關減值虧損分配至減低任何商譽 的賬面值,再按該單位(或現金產 生單位組別)每項資產之賬面值按 比例分配至其他資產。

出售相關現金產生單位時,商譽之應佔金額於釐定出售損益時計入。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

# 3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### (e) Property, plant and equipment

Freehold land is measured on initial recognition at cost. The cost of freehold land acquired in a business combination is the fair value as at the date of acquisition.

Freehold land and construction in progress are not depreciated.

The following items of property, plant and equipment are stated in the consolidated statement of financial position at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses (Please refer to Note 3(i)):

 property, furniture and fixtures, machinery, engineering and other equipment, and motor vehicles

The cost of self-constructed items of property, plant and equipment includes the cost of materials, direct labour, the initial estimate, where relevant, of the costs of dismantling and removing the items and restoring the site on which they are located, and an appropriate proportion of production overheads and borrowing costs.

Depreciation is calculated to write off the cost of items of property, plant and equipment, less their estimated residual value, if any, using the straight-line method over their estimated useful life as follow:

Property Over the lease term
Furniture and fixtures 5–10 years
Machinery, engineering and other equipment 5–10 years
Motor vehicles 10 years

Where parts of an item of property, plant and equipment have different useful lives, the cost of the item is allocated on a reasonable basis between the parts and each part is depreciated separately. Both the useful life of an asset and its residual value, if any, are reviewed annually.

Historical cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to the acquisition of the items. Cost may also include transfers from equity of any gains/losses on qualifying cash flow hedges of foreign currency purchases of property, plant and equipment.

Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognised as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Group and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. The carrying amount of the replaced part is derecognised. All other repairs and maintenance are recognised in profit or loss during the financial period in which they are incurred.

#### 3. 主要會計政策概要(續)

#### (e) 物業·廠房及設備

永久業權土地於初步確認時按成本 計量。於業務合併中收購之永久業 權土地之成本為於收購日期之公平 值。

永久業權土地及在建工程並不會進 行計算折舊。

以下物業、廠房及設備項目於綜合財務狀況表按成本值減累計折舊及累計減值虧損列賬(請參閱附註3(i)):

一 物業、傢俬及裝置、機器、工程及其他設備及汽車

自行興建之物業、廠房及設備項目 之成本,包括材料成本、直接勞工 成本、初步估計拆卸及移除項目以 及恢復項目所在地原貌的成本(如 適用),以及適當比例的經常性生 產成本及借貸成本。

折舊乃使用直線法按物業、廠房及 設備項目之如下估計可使用年期, 以撇銷有關項目之成本值,並扣除 其估計剩餘價值(如有):

物業 於租賃年期內 傢俬及裝置 5-10 年 機器、工程及其他設備 5-10 年 汽車 10 年

倘物業、廠房及設備項目之各個部分使用年期不同,則該項目之成本值按合理基準於各個部分之間分配,且各個部分單獨計提折舊。資產之可使用年期及其剩餘價值(如有)每年檢討。

歷史成本包括收購項目之直接應計 開支。成本亦包括自權益轉撥以外 幣購買物業、廠房及設備所作合資 格現金流轉對沖產生之任何盈虧。

日後出現之成本只在涉及有關項目 之未來經濟利益有可能流入本集團 而項目成本能可靠計量時方列入 資產之賬面值或分開確認為一項資 產(在適當情況下)。重置部分之賬 面值均取消確認。所有其他維修保 養成本於其出現之財政期間於損益 中確認。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

# 3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### (e) Property, plant and equipment (Continued)

An asset's carrying amount is written down immediately to its recoverable amount if the asset's carrying amount is greater than its estimated recoverable amount.

Gains or losses arising from the retirement or disposal of an item of property, plant and equipment are determined as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the item and are recognised in profit or loss on the date of retirement or disposal.

Properties, plant and equipment in the course of construction for production, supply or administrative purposes are carried at cost, less any recognised impairment loss. Cost includes professional fees and, for qualifying assets, borrowing costs capitalised in accordance with the Group's accounting policy. Such properties, plant and equipment are classified to the appropriate categories of property, plant and equipment when completed and ready for intended use. Depreciation of these assets, on the same basis as other property assets, commences when the assets are ready for their intended use.

#### (f) Intangible assets (other than goodwill)

Intangible assets, other than goodwill, identified on business combinations are capitalised based on their fair values.

Intangible assets acquired by the Group are stated in the consolidated statement of financial position at cost less accumulated amortisation (where the estimated useful life is finite) and impairment losses (Please refer to Note 3(i)). Expenditure on internally generated goodwill and brands is recognised as an expense in the period in which it is incurred.

Amortisation of patent with finite useful lives is charged to profit or loss on a straight-line basis over its useful lives of 6 years. Amortisation of outstanding sales contract with finite useful life is charged to profit or loss based on the percentage of revenue recognised on the contract.

Trademark has an indefinite useful life.

Money lending license will not be amortised until its useful life is determined to be finite, but subject to impairment test annually.

Gains and losses arising from derecognition of an intangible asset, measured as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset, are recognised in profit or loss when the asset is derecognised.

Harvest rights are stated at cost less accumulated amortization and any accumulated impairment losses. These rights give the Group rights to logging trees in the allocated concession forests in designated areas in the Northwest of Brazil, the State of Acre, Amazon Region.

#### 3. 主要會計政策概要(續)

#### (e) 物業、廠房及設備(續)

倘資產之賬面值超出其估計可收回 值,則即時撇減至其可收回值。

報廢或出售物業、廠房及設備項目 所產生盈虧按出售所得款項淨額與 項目賬面值間之差額釐定,並於報 廢或出售當日於損益確認。

#### (f) 無形資產(不包括商譽)

於業務合併時識別之無形資產(不包括商譽)按其公平值撥作資本。

本集團收購之無形資產按成本減累計攤銷(估計可使用年期為有限)及減值虧損(請參閱附註3(j))在綜合財務狀況表列賬。有關內部產生之商譽及品牌開支,在產生期間作為費用列賬。

具有限使用年期之專利權攤銷是根據直線法以6年計算,直接於損益中扣除。具有限使用年期之未完成銷售合約之攤銷根據合約所確認之收入百分比直接於損益中列賬。

商標具有無限之可使用年期。

放債人牌照於可使用年期獲釐定為 有限前無須進行攤銷,惟須每年進 行減值測試。

取消確認無形資產所產生之盈虧乃按出售資產所得款項淨額與該資產之賬面值兩者間之差額計量,並於取消確認該項資產時,於損益中列賬。

伐木權乃按成本減累計攤銷及任何 累計減值虧損列賬。該等權利賦予 本集團在於巴西西北部之亞克里州 亞馬遜叢林區獲分配之特許森林之 指定範圍內伐木之權利。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

# 3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### (g) Biological assets

Biological assets are living plants involved in the agricultural activities of the transformation of biological assets into agricultural produce for sale or into additional biological assets. Biological assets are measured at fair value less costs to sell at initial recognition and at each reporting date. The fair value less costs to sell at the time of harvest is deemed as the cost of agricultural produce for further processing, if applicable.

#### (h) Leased assets

An arrangement, comprising a transaction or a series of transactions, is or contains a lease if the Group determines that the arrangement conveys a right to use a specific asset or assets for an agreed period of time in return for a payment or a series of payments. Such a determination is made based on an evaluation of the substance of the arrangement and is regardless of whether the arrangement takes the legal form of a lease.

#### (i) Classification of assets leased to the Group

Assets held by the Group under leases which transfer to the Group substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership are classified as being held under finance leases. Leases which do not transfer substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership to the Group are classified as operating leases, with the following exception:

Land held for own use under an operating lease, the fair value of which cannot be measured separately from the fair value of a building situated thereon at the inception of the lease, is accounted for as being held under a finance lease, unless the building is also clearly held under an operating lease. For these purposes, the inception of the lease is the time that the lease was first entered into by the Group, or taken over from the previous lessee.

#### (ii) Operating lease charges

Where the Group has the use of assets held under operating leases, payments made under the leases are charged to profit or loss in equal instalments over the accounting periods covered by the lease term, except where an alternative basis is more representative of the pattern of benefits to be derived from the leased asset. Lease incentives received are recognised in profit or loss as an integral part of the aggregate net lease payments made. Contingent rentals are charged as an expense in the accounting period in which they are incurred.

#### 3. 主要會計政策概要(續)

#### (g) 生物資產

生物資產乃於農務活動中把種植植物轉化為可銷售之農產品或已增值之生物資產。於各呈報日期,生物資產於初步確認時乃按公平值減銷售成本計量。公平值減收成時之銷售成本被視作為進一步加工之農產品成本(如適用)。

#### (h) 租賃資產

倘本集團釐定某項安排(由一宗或 一系列交易組成)涉及轉授一項可 於協定期間內使用一項特定資產或 多項資產之權利以換取一項或多項 付款,則該安排屬於租賃。該釐定 乃根據對有關安排之實質評估作 出,而不論該安排是否採取租約之 法定形式。

#### (i) 本集團承租資產之分類

本集團根據租賃持有而其所有權之絕大部分風險及回報已轉移到本集團之資產乃分類為根據融資租賃持有之資產。所有權之絕大部分風險及回報並無轉移到本集團之租賃分類為經營租約,惟下列各項除外:

根據經營租賃持作自用且於租 賃開始時公平值無法與建於 上之樓宇公平值分開計量之 土地,入賬為根據融資租賃持 有,除非樓宇清楚地根據經營 租賃持有則另作別論。就此等 目的而言,租約開始指本集團 最初訂立或自前承租人接管租 約之時間。

#### (ii) 經營租約費用

倘本集團擁有根據經營租賃持有之資產使用權,則根據經營租赁 作出之付款乃按租期內會內 間分期並均等地於損益內 時,惟倘另一基準更能代表則 賃資產所產生之利益模勵作出之總租約付款淨額的 作出之總租約付款淨額的一部 分於損益內確認。或銷形可 產生之會計期間以支銷形式扣 除。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

# 3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### (i) Impairment of assets

#### (i) Impairment of receivables

Current and non-current receivables that are stated at cost or amortised cost are reviewed at the end of each reporting period to determine whether there is objective evidence of impairment. Objective evidence of impairment includes observable data that comes to the attention of the Group about one or more of the following loss events:

- significant financial difficulty of the debtors;
- a breach of contract, such as a default or delinquency in interest or principal payments;
- it is becoming probable that the debtor will enter bankruptcy or other financial reorganisation; and
- significant changes in the technological, market, economic or legal environment that have an adverse effect on the debtors.

If any such evidence exists, any impairment loss is determined and recognised as follows:

For trade receivables and other current receivables, loan receivables and other financial assets carried at amortised cost, the impairment loss is measured as the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows, discounted at the financial asset's original effective interest rate (i.e. the effective interest rate computed at initial recognition of these assets), where the effect of discounting is material. This assessment is made collectively where financial assets carried at amortised cost share similar risk characteristics, such as similar past due status, and have not been individually assessed as impaired. Future cash flows for financial assets which are assessed for impairment collectively are based on historical loss experience for assets with credit risk characteristics similar to the collective group.

If in a subsequent period the amount of an impairment loss decrease and the decrease can be linked objectively to an event occurring after the impairment loss was recognised, the impairment loss is reversed through profit or loss. A reversal of an impairment loss shall not result in the asset's carrying amount exceeding that which would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognised in prior years.

#### 3. 主要會計政策概要(續)

#### (i) 資產之減值

#### (i) 應收款項之減值

以成本或攤銷成本列賬之流動 及非流動應收款項於每個結算 日檢討以釐定是否有減值之客 觀證據。減值之客觀證據包括 下列引起本集團關注一項或多 項虧損事項之客觀數據:

- 債務人出現重大財政困 難;
- 違約,如逾期支付或拖欠利息或本金還款;
- 債務人有可能破產或進 行其他財務重組;及
- 技術、市場、經濟或法律環境之重大變動對債務人產生不利影響。

如存在該等證據,減值虧損將 按下列方式釐定及確認:

就以攤銷成本列賬之應 收貿易款項及其他流動 應收款項、應收貸款以及 其他財務資產而言,減值 虧損乃根據資產之賬面 值與按財務資產原實際 利率(即該等資產於首次 確認時計算之實際利率) 折現預期未來現金流轉 現值(當折現之影響為重 大時)之差額計算。倘按 攤銷成本列賬之財務資 產具備類似之風險特徵 (例如類似之逾期情況及 並未單獨被評估為出現 減值),則此等資產會進 行集體評估。集體評估減 值之財務資產之未來現 金流轉以信貸風險特徵 與本集團類似之資產過 往之損失情況為依據。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

# 3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### (i) Impairment of assets (Continued)

#### (i) Impairment of receivables (Continued)

Impairment losses are written off against the corresponding assets directly, except for impairment losses recognised in respect of loan receivables and trade receivable included within trade and other receivables, whose recovery is considered doubtful but not remote. In this case, the impairment losses for doubtful debts are recorded using an allowance account. When the Group is satisfied that recovery is remote, the amount considered irrecoverable is written off against trade receivable directly and any amounts held in the allowance account relating to that debt are reversed. Subsequent recoveries of amounts previously charged to the allowance account are reversed against the allowance account. Other changes in the allowance account and subsequent recoveries of amounts previously written off directly are recognised in profit or loss.

#### (ii) Impairment of other assets

Internal and external sources of information are reviewed at the end of each reporting period to identify indications that the following assets may be impaired or, except in the case of goodwill, an impairment loss previously recognised no longer exists or may have decreased:

- property, plant and equipment;
- intangible assets;
- goodwill; and
- investments in subsidiaries in the Company's statement of financial position.

#### - Calculation of recoverable amount

The recoverable amount of an asset is the greater of its fair value less costs of disposal and value in use. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset. Where an asset does not generate cash inflows largely independent of those from other assets, the recoverable amount is determined for the smallest group of assets that generates cash inflows independently (i.e. a cash generating unit).

#### 3. 主要會計政策概要(續)

#### (i) 資產之減值(續)

#### (i) 應收款項之減值(續)

減值虧損直接以相應資產撇 銷,惟就應收貸款及應收貿易 款項(於應收貿易款項及其他 應收款項內列值)確認之減值 虧損除外,能否收回有關金額 被視為存疑但並非不可能收 回。在此情況,呆賬之減值虧 損使用備抵賬記錄。倘本集團 信納收回金額可能性甚微,視 為不可收回之金額會於應收貿 易款項中直接撇銷,而備抵賬 內關於該債務之任何金額會獲 撥回。過去於備抵賬扣除之金 額倘在其後收回,會於備抵賬 內撥回。備抵賬之其他變動及 於其後收回先前直接撇銷之余 額,均於損益確認。

#### (ii) 其他資產之減值

來自內部及外部之資料來源乃 於各報告期末予以檢討,以識 別下列資產可能出現減值或 (於屬於商譽之情況則除外) 原先已確認之減值虧損不再存 在或可能已減少之跡象:

- 物業、廠房及設備;
- 無形資產;
- 商譽;及
- 本公司財務狀況表中於 附屬公司之投資。
- 計算可收回金額 資產之可收回金額為其 公平值減出售成本與使 用價值兩者間之較高者。 於評估使用價值時,估計 未來現金流轉乃使用反 映貨幣之時間價值及資 產特定風險之現時市場 評估税前貼現率貼現至 其現值。倘資產產生之現 金流入並非大致上獨立 於來自其他資產之現金 流入,則為獨立產生現金 流入之最小一組資產(即 現金產生單位)釐定可收 回金額。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

# 3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### (i) Impairment of assets (Continued)

#### (ii) Impairment of other assets (Continued)

#### Recognition of impairment losses

An impairment loss is recognised in profit or loss whenever the carrying amount of an asset, or the cash-generating unit to which it belongs, exceeds its recoverable amount. Impairment losses recognised in respect of cash-generating units are allocated first to reduce the carrying amount of any goodwill allocated to the cash-generating unit (or group of units) and then, to reduce the carrying amount of the other assets in the unit (or group of units) on a pro rata basis, except that the carrying amount of an asset will not be reduced below its individual fair value less costs of disposal (if measurable) or value in use (if determinable).

#### - Reversals of impairment losses

In respect of assets other than goodwill, an impairment loss is reversed if there has been a favourable change in the estimates used to determine the recoverable amount. An impairment loss in respect of goodwill is not reversed.

A reversal of an impairment loss is limited to the asset's carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognised in prior years. Reversals of impairment losses are credited to profit or loss in the year in which the reversals are recognised.

#### (iii) Interim financial reporting and impairment

Under the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on the Stock Exchange, the Group is required to prepare an interim financial report in compliance with IAS 34, Interim Financial Reporting , in respect of the first six months of the financial year. At the end of the interim period, the Group applies the same impairment testing, recognition, and reversal criteria as it would at the end of the financial year (Please refer to Notes 3(i)(i) and (ii)).

Impairment losses recognised in an interim period in respect of goodwill, available-for-sale equity securities and unquoted equity securities carried at cost are not reversed in a subsequent period. This is the case even if no loss, or a smaller loss, would have been recognised had the impairment been assessed only at the end of the financial year to which the interim period relates. Consequently, if the fair value of an available-for-sale equity security increases in the remainder of the annual period, or in any other period subsequently, the increase is recognised in other comprehensive income and not profit or loss.

#### 3. 主要會計政策概要(續)

#### (i) 資產之減值(續) (ii) 其他資產之減值(續)

#### 確認減值虧損

#### 一 撥回減值虧損

就商譽以外之資產而言, 倘用以釐定可收回金額 之估計出現有利變動,則 減值虧損予以撥回。有關 商譽之減值虧損不予撥 回。

減值虧損之撥回限於倘於過往年度內並無確認減值虧損時原應釐定之資產賬面值。減值虧損撥回於確認撥回年度計入損益。

#### (iii) 中期財務報告及減值

根據聯交所證券上市規則,本 集團須按照國際會計準則第34 號中期財務報告編製財政年度 首六個月之中期財務報告。於 中期結算日,本集團採用之減 值測試、確認及撥回標準與該 財政年度結算日所採用者相同 (請參閱附註3()(i)及(ii))。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

# 3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### (j) Inventories

Inventories are carried at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost, which comprises all costs of purchase and, where applicable, costs of conversion and other costs incurred in bringing the inventories to their present location and condition, is determined on the first-in first-out basis. Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business less the estimated costs of completion and the estimated costs necessary to make the sale.

When inventories are sold, the carrying amount of those inventories is recognised as an expense in the period in which the related revenue is recognised. The amount of any write down of inventories to net realisable value and all losses of inventories are recognised as an expense in the period the write down or loss occurs. The amount of any reversal of any write down of inventories is recognised as a reduction in the amount of inventories recognised as an expense in the period in which the reversal occurs.

#### (k) Trade and other receivables

Trade and other receivables are initially recognised at fair value and thereafter stated at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less allowance for impairment of doubtful debts, except where the receivables are interest-free loans made to related parties without any fixed repayment terms or the effect of discounting would be immaterial. In such cases, the receivables are stated at cost less allowance for impairment of doubtful debts (see Note 3(i)).

#### (I) Interest-bearing borrowings

Interest-bearing borrowings are recognised initially at fair value less attributable transaction costs. Subsequent to initial recognition, interest-bearing borrowings are stated at amortised cost with any difference between the amount initially recognised and redemption value being recognised in profit or loss over the period of the borrowings, together with any interest and fees payable, using the effective interest method.

#### (m) Preferred share capital

Preferred share capital is classified as equity if it is non-redeemable, or redeemable only at the Company's option, and any dividends are discretionary. Dividends on preferred share capital classified as equity are recognised as distributions within equity.

Preferred share capital is classified as a liability if it is redeemable on a specific date or at the option of the shareholders, or if dividend payments are not discretionary. The liability is recognised in accordance with the Group's policy for interest bearing borrowings set out in Note 3(I) and accordingly dividends thereon are recognised on an accruals basis in profit or loss as part of finance costs.

#### 3. 主要會計政策概要(續)

#### (j) 存貨

存貨乃按成本值與可變現淨值兩者中之較低者列賬。成本包括所有購買成本及(如適用)轉換成本及將存貨付運至其現在位置及令存貨達致現在狀況所產生之其他成本。成本按先入先出法釐定。可變現淨值為於日常業務過程中之估計售價減完成之估計成本及銷售所需之估計成本。

當存貨售出時,該等存貨之賬面值於確認有關收入期間內支銷。將存貨撇減至可變現淨值之金額及存貨之所有虧損於撇減或虧損發生期間內支銷。任何存貨撇減之撥回金額乃於撥回產生期間內確認為已列作支銷之存貨金額之減少。

#### (k) 應收貿易款項及其他應收款項

應收貿易款項及其他應收款項初步 按公平值確認,其後使用實際利息 法按攤銷成本減呆賬減值備抵列 賬,惟倘應收款項乃向有關連人士 所提供並無固定還款期或貼現影響 並不重大之免息貸款則除外。於該 等情況,應收款項乃按成本值減呆 賬減值備抵(見附註3(j))列賬。

#### (1) 附息借貸

附息借貸乃初步按公平值減應佔交易成本確認。於初步確認後,附息借貸乃按攤銷成本列賬,而初步確認之金額與贖回價值兩者間之任何差額使用實際利息法按借貸(連同任何應付利息及費用)之期間於損益內確認。

#### (m) 優先股股本

當優先股股本為不可贖回或僅本公司選擇贖回,且任何股息乃酌情派付時,優先股股本則歸類為權益。分類為權益之優先股股本股息確認為權益分派。

當優先股股本為可於指定日期贖回或可按股東選擇贖回,或當股息並非酌情派付時,優先股股本則歸類為負債。負債按照附註3(1)所載本集團有關附息借貸之政策確認,故有關股息乃按累計基準經損益確認為融資費用部分。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

# 3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### (n) Trade and other payables

Trade and other payables are initially recognised at fair value. Except for financial guarantee liabilities measured in accordance with Note 3(r)(i), trade and other payables are subsequently stated at amortised cost unless the effect of discounting would be immaterial, in which case they are stated at cost.

#### (o) Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash at bank and on hand, demand deposits with banks and other financial institutions, and short-term, highly liquid investments readily convertible into known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value, having been within three months of maturity at acquisition. Bank overdrafts that are repayable on demand and form an integral part of the Group's cash management are also included as a component of cash and cash equivalents for the purpose of the consolidated statement of cash flows.

#### (p) Employee benefits

# (i) Short term employee benefits and contributions to defined contribution retirement plans

Salaries, annual bonuses, paid annual leave, contributions to defined contribution retirement plans and the cost of non-monetary benefits are accrued in the year in which the associated services are rendered by employees. Where payment or settlement is deferred and the effect would be material, these amounts are stated at their present values.

The Group operates a Mandatory Provident Fund retirement benefits scheme (the "MPF Scheme") under the Mandatory Provident Fund Schemes Ordinance, for all of its employees in Hong Kong. Under the rule of the MPF Scheme, the employer and its employees are each required to make contributions to the scheme at rates specified in the rules. The only obligation of the Group with respect to the MPF Scheme is to make the required contributions under the scheme. The employees of the Group's subsidiaries which operate in Mainland China are required to participate in a central pension scheme operated by the local municipal government. The subsidiaries are required to contribute a percentage of their payroll costs to the central pension scheme. The contributions are charged to profit or loss as they become payable in accordance with rules of the central pension scheme.

#### 3. 主要會計政策概要(續)

### (n) 應付貿易款項及其他應付款項

應付貿易款項及其他應付款項乃初步按公平值確認。除根據附註3(r)(i)計量之財務擔保負債外,應付貿易款項及其他應付款項其後按攤銷成本列賬,惟貼現之影響輕微時則除外,於此情況乃按成本值列賬。

#### (o) 現金及現金等價物

現金及現金等價物包括銀行及手頭 現金、活期銀行及其他金融機構存 款,以及可隨時兑換為已知金數 現金及毋須承受重大價值變動之 險,且於購入後三個月內到期之短 期高流動投資。就綜合現金流轉 則高流動投資。就綜合現金流本集團 現金管理組成部分之銀行透支亦 作現金及現金等價物之一部分。

#### (p) 僱員福利

#### (i) 短期僱員福利及向定額退休 供款計劃供款

新金、年度花紅、有薪年假、 向定額供款退休計劃作出供款 及非貨幣利益之成本乃於僱員 提供有關服務年度內累計。倘 延遲付款或結算而將會構成重 大影響,則該等金額按現值列 賬。

本集團根據強制性公積金計劃 條例為其所有香港僱員設有強 積金退休福利計劃(「強積金 計劃」)。根據強積金計劃之規 則,僱主及其僱員各自須根據 規則指定之比率就計劃作出供 款。本集團於強積金計劃之唯 一責任為根據計劃作出規定之 供款。本集團於中國大陸經營 業務之附屬公司僱員須參加當 地市政府管理之中央退休金計 劃。附屬公司須按其工資成本 若干百分比向中央退休金計劃 作出供款。供款於根據中央退 休金計劃之規則到期應付時在 損益扣除。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

# 3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

### (p) Employee benefits (Continued)

#### (iii) Share-based payments

Share options granted to employees

The fair value of share options granted to employees is recognised as an employee cost with a corresponding increase in share option reserve within equity. The fair value is measured at grant date using the binomial option pricing model, taking into account the terms and conditions upon which the options were granted. Where the employees have to meet vesting conditions before becoming unconditionally entitled to the share options, the total estimated fair value of the share options is spread over the vesting period, taking into account the probability that the options will vest.

During the vesting period, the number of share options that is expected to vest is reviewed. Any resulting adjustment to the cumulative fair value recognised in prior years is charged/credited to profit or loss for the year under review, unless the original employee expenses qualify for recognition as an asset, with a corresponding adjustment to the share option reserve. On vesting date, the amount recognised as an expense is adjusted to reflect the actual number of share options that vest (with a corresponding adjustment to the share option reserve) except where forfeiture is only due to not achieving vesting conditions that relate to the market price of the Company's shares. The equity amount is recognised in the share option reserve until either the option is exercised (when it is transferred to the share premium account) or the option expires (when it is released directly to retained profits).

#### Share options granted to consultants

Share options granted to consultants in exchange for goods or services are measured at the fair values of goods or services received, unless that fair value cannot be reliably measured, in which case the goods or services received are measured by reference to the fair value of the share options granted. The amounts are recognised as expenses, with a corresponding increase in equity (share option reserve), when the Group obtains the goods or when the counterparties render services, unless the goods or services qualify for recognition as assets.

#### (iv) Termination benefits

Termination benefits are recognised at the earlier of when the Group can no longer withdraw the offer of those benefits and when it recognises restructuring costs involving the payment of termination benefits.

#### 3. 主要會計政策概要(續)

#### (p) 僱員福利(續) (iii) 以股份支付

授予僱員之購股權

於歸屬期內,預期歸屬之購股 權數目予以檢討。除非原來僱 員費用合資格確認為一項資產 並相應調整購股權儲備,否則 於過往年度內確認之累計公平 值之相應調整乃於回顧年度 之損益扣除/入賬。於歸屬日 期,確認為開支之金額予以調 整,以反映歸屬購股權之實際 數目(於購股權儲備內作出相 應調整),惟倘沒收僅由於未 能達到與本公司股份市價有關 之歸屬條件則除外。權益數額 於購股權儲備內確認,直至購 股權獲行使(當其轉入股份溢 價賬時)或購股權屆滿(當其 直接轉至保留溢利時)為止。

#### 授予顧問之購股權

#### (iv) 終止福利

終止福利於本集團不再提供該 等福利當日或其確認包括支付 終止福利付款之重組成本之較 早日期獲確認。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

# 3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### (q) Income tax

Income tax for the year comprises current tax and movements in deferred tax assets and liabilities. Current tax and movements in deferred tax assets and liabilities are recognised in profit or loss except to the extent that they relate to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, in which case the relevant amounts of tax are recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, respectively.

Current tax is the expected tax payable on the taxable income for the year, using tax rates enacted or substantively enacted at the end of the reporting period, and any adjustment to tax payable in respect of previous years.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities arise from deductible and taxable temporary differences respectively, being the differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities for financial reporting purposes and their tax bases. Deferred tax assets also arise from unused tax losses and unused tax credits.

Apart from certain limited exceptions, all deferred tax liabilities, and all deferred tax assets to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which the asset can be utilised, are recognised. Future taxable profits that may support the recognition of deferred tax assets arising from deductible temporary differences include those that will arise from the reversal of existing taxable temporary differences, provided that those differences relate to the same taxation authority and the same taxable entity, and are expected to reverse either in the same period as the expected reversal of the deductible temporary difference or in periods into which a tax loss arising from the deferred tax asset can be carried back or forward. The same criteria are adopted when determining whether existing taxable temporary differences support the recognition of deferred tax assets arising from unused tax losses and credits, that is, those differences are taken into account if they relate to the same taxation authority and the same taxable entity, and are expected to reverse in a period, or periods, in which the tax loss or credit can be utilised.

The limited exceptions to recognition of deferred tax assets and liabilities are those temporary differences arising from goodwill not deductible for tax purposes, the initial recognition of assets or liabilities that affect neither accounting nor taxable profit (provided they are not part of a business combination), and temporary differences relating to investments in subsidiaries to the extent that, in the case of taxable differences, the Group controls the timing of the reversal and it is probable that the differences will not reverse in the foreseeable future, or in the case of deductible differences, unless it is probable that they will reverse in the future.

#### 3. 主要會計政策概要(續)

#### (q) 所得税

本年度之所得税包括即期税項,以及遞延税項資產及負債之變動。即期税項及遞延税項資產及負債之變動。即期稅項及遞延税項資產及負債之變動於損益中確認,惟倘涉及於其他全面收益或直接於權益確認之項目,在此情況下,有關稅項金額分別於其他全面收益或直接於權益確認。

即期税項是根據年內應課税收入,按報告期末已頒佈或大致已頒佈之稅率計算之預期應付稅項,並就過往年度的應付稅項作出調整。

遞延税項資產及負債乃分別來自可扣稅及應課税暫時差額,即資產及負債為財務報告目的呈列之賬面值,與其稅基之差額。遞延稅項資產亦可以是由尚未動用之稅務虧損及未動用之稅項抵免所產生。

除若干有限之例外情况外,所有遞 延税項負債及所有遞延税項資產均 被確認,惟以未來有可能產生之應 課税溢利並能沖銷可動用資產為 限。可支持確認可扣税暫時差額所 產生遞延税項資產之日後應課稅溢 利包括撥回現有應課税暫時差額所 產生者,惟該等差額必須與同一税 務機關及同一應課税實體有關,並 預期在預計撥回可扣税暫時差額之 同一期間或遞延税項資產所產生税 務虧損可予撥回或結轉之期間內轉 回。在釐定現有應課税暫時差額是 否足以支持確認由未使用税項虧損 及抵免所產生遞延税項資產時,亦 會採用同一準則,即須計及與同一 税務機關及同一應課税實體有關的 差額,並預期在能夠運用税項虧損 或抵免之一段或各段期間內撥回。

確認遞延税項資產及負債之有限例外情況包括來自商譽之不可扣稅暫時差額、初步確認不影響會計為一時差額、初步確認不影響會計為一個人資產或負債並非業務合份的,以及與於附屬公司投差額,以及與於附屬。課稅差額,如為應課稅差額,則只限於不可預見將來撥回之差額,則只限於可在將來發回的差額。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

# 3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### (q) Income tax (Continued)

Where investment properties are carried at their fair value in accordance with the accounting policy set out in Note 3(z), the amount of deferred tax recognised is measured using the tax rates that would apply on sale of those assets at their carrying value at the reporting date unless the property is depreciable and is held within a business model whose objective is to consume substantially all of the economic benefits embodied in the property over time, rather than through sale. In all other cases, the amount of deferred tax recognised is measured based on the expected manner of realisation or settlement of the carrying amount of the assets and liabilities, using tax rates enacted or substantively enacted at the end of the reporting period. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are not discounted.

The carrying amount of a deferred tax asset is reviewed at the end of each reporting period and is reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow the related tax benefit to be utilised. Any such reduction is reversed to the extent that it becomes probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available.

Additional income taxes that arise from the distribution of dividends are recognised when the liability to pay the related dividends is recognised.

Current tax balances and deferred tax balances, and movements therein, are presented separately from each other and are not offset. Current tax assets are offset against current tax liabilities, and deferred tax assets against deferred tax liabilities, if the Company or the Group has the legally enforceable right to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities and the following additional conditions are met:

- in the case of current tax assets and liabilities, the Company or the Group intends either to settle on a net basis, or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously; or
- in the case of deferred tax assets and liabilities, if they relate to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority on either;
  - the same taxable entity; or
  - different taxable entities, which, in each future period in which significant amounts of deferred tax liabilities or assets are expected to be settled or recovered, intend to realise the current tax assets and settle the current tax liabilities on a net basis or realise and settle simultaneously.

#### 3. 主要會計政策概要(續)

#### (q) 所得税(續)

遞延税項資產之賬面值會於每個報告期末予以檢討,並減少至不再可能有足夠之應課稅溢利以受惠於相關之稅務優惠。如有可能有足夠之應課稅溢利,該減值將被撥回。

分派股息產生之額外所得稅乃於確 認支付有關股息之責任時確認。

即期税項結餘及遞延税項結餘以及當中之變動乃各自分開呈列及不予抵銷。倘本公司或本集團擁有以即期税項資產抵銷即期税項負債之法律強制執行權,以及符合以下之額外條件時,即期税項資產才會與即期稅項負債抵銷,而遞延稅項資產則與遞延稅項負債抵銷:

- 就即期税項資產及負債而言, 本公司或本集團計劃以淨額方 式結算,或同時變現資產及償 還負債;或
- 就遞延稅項資產及負債而言, 如該資產及負債涉及之所得稅 乃由同一個稅務機關向以下各 方徵收:
  - 一 同一個應課税實體;或
  - 一不同應課税實體,但於每 一段未來期間,預期延 環或收回龐大,計劃延 項負債或資產,計劃與項 額方式變現即期稅項 產及償還即期稅項負債 或同時變現資產及償還 負債。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

# 3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### (r) Financial guarantees issued, provisions and contingent liabilities

#### (i) Financial guarantees issued

Financial guarantees are contracts that require the issuer (i.e. the guarantor) to make specified payments to reimburse the beneficiary of the guarantee (the "holder") for a loss the holder incurs because a specified debtor fails to make payment when due in accordance with the terms of a debt instrument.

Where the Group issues a financial guarantee, the fair value of the guarantee is initially recognised as deferred income within trade and other payables. The fair value of financial quarantees issued at the time of issuance is determined by reference to fees charged in an arm's length transaction for similar services, when such information is obtainable, or is otherwise estimated by reference to interest rate differentials, by comparing the actual rates charged by lenders when the guarantee is made available with the estimated rates that lenders would have charged, had the guarantee not been available, where reliable estimates of such information can be made. Where consideration is received or receivable for the issuance of the guarantee, the consideration is recognised in accordance with the Group's policies applicable to that category of asset. Where no such consideration is received or receivable, an immediate expense is recognised in profit or loss on initial recognition of any deferred income.

The amount of the guarantee initially recognised as deferred income is amortised in profit or loss over the term of the guarantee as income from financial guarantees issued. In addition, provisions are recognised in accordance with Note 3(r)(iii) if and when (i) it becomes probable that the holder of the guarantee will call upon the Group under the guarantee, and (ii) the amount of that claim on the Group is expected to exceed the amount currently carried in trade and other payables in respect of that guarantee i.e. the amount initially recognised, less accumulated amortisation.

# (ii) Contingent liabilities assumed in business combinations

Contingent liabilities assumed in a business combination which are present obligations at the date of acquisition are initially recognised at fair value, provided the fair value can be reliably measured. After their initial recognition at fair value, such contingent liabilities are recognised at the higher of the amount initially recognised, less accumulated amortisation where appropriate, and the amount that would be determined in accordance with Note 3(r)(iii). Contingent liabilities assumed in a business combination that cannot be reliably fair valued or were not present obligation at the date of acquisition are disclosed in accordance with Note 3(r)(iii).

#### 3. 主要會計政策概要(續)

#### (r) 已發出之財務擔保、撥備及或然 負債

#### (i) 已發出之財務擔保

財務擔保為當指定債務人未 能按債務工具之條款如期付 款時,發行人(即:擔保人)需 支付指定金額予擔保受益人 (「持有人」)以補償所遭受損 失之合約。

當本集團作出財務擔保時,擔 保之公平值於初步確認時列為 應付貿易款項及其他應付款項 中的遞延收入。已作出財務擔 保的公平值於作出時乃參照類 似服務於公平磋商交易的過 程中所收取的費用(如可獲得 該等資料)而釐定,或參照息 差作出估計,方法為以放款人 在獲提供擔保之情況下實際收 取之利率與在不獲提供擔保之 情況下放款人將會收取之估 計利率作比較(如該等資料能 可靠地估計)。當作出擔保收 到或可收取代價時,代價將根 據本集團此類資產適用之政策 確認。當沒有收到或應收代價 時,則即時於損益就初步確認 任何遞延收入確認開支。

初步確認為遞延收入之擔保金額,乃於擔保期限作為已作出之財務擔保收入,並在損益之財務擔保收入,並在損益之財務擔保收入,倘若(i)擔保上益之,及(ii)向本集團追討於應付討,及(ii)向本集團追討於應中國易款項及其他應付款項中國領別,則初步確認之金額,即初步確認之金額,則按附註3(r)(iii)確認撥備。

#### (ii) 於業務合併中承擔之或然負 債

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

# 3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

# (r) Financial guarantees issued, provisions and contingent liabilities (Continued)

#### (iii) Other provisions and contingent liabilities

Provisions are recognised for other liabilities of uncertain timing or amount when the Group or the Company has a legal or constructive obligation arising as a result of a past event, it is probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made. Where the time value of money is material, provisions are stated at the present value of the expenditure expected to settle the obligation.

Where it is not probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required, or the amount cannot be estimated reliably, the obligation is disclosed as a contingent liability, unless the probability of outflow of economic benefits is remote. Possible obligations, whose existence will only be confirmed by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more future events are also disclosed as contingent liabilities unless the probability of outflow of economic benefits is remote.

#### (s) Revenue recognition

Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable. Provided that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Group and the revenue and costs, if applicable, can be measured reliably, revenue is recognised in profit or loss as follows:

#### (i) Sale of goods

Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised when the goods are delivered at the customers' premises or agreed point of delivery which is taken to be the point in time when the customer has accepted the goods and the related risks and rewards of ownership. Revenue excludes value added tax or other sales taxes and is after deduction of any trade discounts.

#### (ii) Interest income

Interest income from a financial asset is recognised when it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Group and the amount of income can be measured reliably. Interest income is accrued on a time basis, by reference to the principal outstanding and at the effective interest rate applicable, which is the rate that exactly discounts the estimated future cash receipts through the expected life of the financial asset to that asset's net carrying amount on initial recognition.

#### (iii) Rental income from investment property

Rental income receivable from investment property is recognised in profit or loss in equal instalments over the periods covered by the lease term, except where an alternative basis is more representative of the pattern of benefits to be derived from the use of the leased asset. Lease incentives granted are recognised in profit or loss as an integral part of the aggregate net lease payments receivable. Contingent rentals are recognised as income in the accounting period in which they are earned.

#### 3. 主要會計政策概要(續)

#### (r) 已發出之財務擔保、撥備及或然 負債(續)

#### (iii) 其他撥備及或然負債

倘若本集團或本公司須就已發生事件承擔法律或推定責任, 而履行該責任會導致經濟效益 外流,並可作出可靠估計,便 會就時間或數額仍不明朗之其 他負債確認撥備。如果貨幣時 間價值重大,則按預計履行責 任所需開支之現值計提撥備。

倘若致使經濟效益外流之機會 不大,或無法對有關款額作出 可靠估計,便會將該責任披索 為或然負債,惟經濟效益外外 之機會極低則除外。僅視乎 宗或多宗未來事件是否發生才 能確定存在與否之潛在責經 亦會披露為或然負債,惟經外。 效益外流之機會極低則除外。

#### (s) 收入確認

收入按已收或應收代價之公平值計量。倘經濟效益可能會流入本集團,以及能夠可靠地計算收入及成本(如適用)時,則收入根據下列方法在損益內確認:

#### (i) 銷售貨品

銷售貨品之收入於貨品送抵客戶之場所或協定付運地點時確認,以客戶已接收貨品及擁有權之相關風險及回報為準。收入不包括增值税或其他銷售税,並在扣除任何商業折扣後列賬。

#### (ii) 利息收入

#### (iii) 投資物業之租金收入

根據投資物業可收取之租金收取入租金收取入於損益表確認,並於租期間內平均攤分,惟個人工期間內平均表使用租間為產所得利益之模式則作別論。獲授之租約優惠於損益款淨之租約優惠於損分,確額其中部分。或然租金於賺取之會計期間確認為收入。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

# 3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### (s) Revenue recognition (Continued)

#### (iv) Service income

Service income is recognised upon services in respect of the sales of air tickets, hotel accommodation and other travel related products are provided.

Commission income, handling charge and late charge revenues are recognised when earned.

#### (t) Translation of foreign currencies

Foreign currency transactions during the year are translated at the foreign exchange rates ruling at the transaction dates. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the foreign exchange rates ruling at the end of the reporting period. Exchange gains and losses are recognised in profit or loss.

Non-monetary assets and liabilities measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are translated using the foreign exchange rates ruling at the transaction dates. Non-monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies that are stated at fair value are translated using the foreign exchange rates ruling at the dates the fair value was measured.

The results of foreign operations are translated into Hong Kong dollars at the exchange rates approximating the foreign exchange rates ruling at the dates of the transactions. Items of statement of financial position, including goodwill arising on consolidation of foreign operations acquired on or after 1 April 2005, are translated into Hong Kong dollars at the closing foreign exchange rates ruling at the end of the reporting period. The resulting exchange differences are recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated separately in equity in the exchange fluctuation reserve. Goodwill arising on consolidation of a foreign operation acquired before 1 April 2005 is translated at the foreign exchange rate that applied at the date of acquisition of the foreign operation.

On the disposal of a foreign operation (i.e. a disposal of the Group's entire interest in a foreign operation, or a disposal involving loss of control over a subsidiary that includes a foreign operation or a partial disposal of an interest in an associate that includes a foreign operation of which the retained interest becomes a financial asset), all of the exchange differences accumulated in equity in respect of that operation attributable to the owners of the Company are reclassified to profit or loss.

In addition, in relation to a partial disposal of a subsidiary that includes a foreign operation that does not result in the Group losing control over the subsidiary, the proportionate share of accumulated exchange differences are re-attributed to non-controlling interests and are not recognised in profit or loss. For all other partial disposals (i.e. partial disposals of associates that do not result in the Group losing significant influence), the proportionate share of the accumulated exchange differences is reclassified to profit or loss.

#### 3. 主要會計政策概要(續)

#### (s) 收入確認(續)

#### (iv) 服務收入

服務收入於提供有關銷售機 票、酒店住宿及其他旅遊相關 產品之服務後確認。

佣金收入、手續費及逾期收費 收入於賺取時確認。

#### (t) 外幣換算

年內進行之外幣交易按交易日之適 用匯率換算。以外幣列值之貨幣資 產及負債按報告期末之適用匯率換 算。匯总盈虧均於損益內確認。

根據歷史成本計量並以外幣為單位 之非貨幣資產及負債,乃採用於交 易日期之適用匯率換算。按公平值 列賬並以外幣列值之非貨幣資產及 負債,乃採用於釐定公平值當日適 用之匯率換算。

此外,就出售附屬公司部分涉及海外業務之權益而並未導致本集,接屬公司之控制權而主新歸屬公司之控制權所主新歸屬。 例應佔之累計匯兑差額須重新歸認於非控股權益而不在損益中確部認之 至於一切其他局部出售(即局經部之 等不會致使本集團失去重大影響, 生不會致使本集團失去重佔之 等不會致使本集團失為 是不會致使本集團失為

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

# 3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### (u) Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of an asset which necessarily takes a substantial period of time to get ready for its intended use or sale are capitalised as part of the cost of that asset. Other borrowing costs are expensed in profit or loss in the period in which they are incurred.

The capitalisation of borrowing costs as part of the cost of a qualifying asset commences when expenditure for the asset is being incurred, borrowing costs are being incurred and activities that are necessary to prepare the asset for its intended use or sale are in progress. Capitalisation of borrowing costs is suspended or ceases when substantially all the activities necessary to prepare the qualifying asset for its intended use or sale are interrupted or completed.

#### (v) Related parties

- (a) A person, or a close member of that person's family, is related to the Group if that person:
  - (i) has control or joint control over the Group;
  - (ii) has significant influence over the Group; or
  - (iii) is a member of the key management personnel of the Group or the Group's parent.
- (b) An entity is related to the Group if any of the following conditions applies:
  - (i) The entity and the Group are members of the same group (which means that each parent, subsidiary and fellow subsidiary is related to the others).
  - (ii) One entity is an associate or joint venture of the other entity (or an associate or joint venture of a member of a group of which the other entity is a member).
  - (iii) Both entities are joint ventures of the same third party.
  - (iv) One entity is a joint venture of a third entity and the other entity is an associate of the third entity.
  - (v) The entity is a post-employment benefit plan for the benefit of employees of either the Group or an entity related to the Group.

#### 3. 主要會計政策概要(續)

#### (u) 借貸成本

直接用作收購、建設或生產一項需 經相當長時間方可投入擬定用途或 銷售之資產之借貸成本會撥充資 本,作為該項資產之部分成本。其 他借貸成本則在產生期間在損益支 銷。

當引致涉及合資格資產之開支、引致借貸成本及籌備資產作擬定用途或出售所需之活動正在進行時,借貸成本開始撥充資本,作為有關資產之部分成本。當籌備合資格資產作擬定用途或出售所需之絕大部暫停城完用邊或完成,借貸成本須暫停或停止撥充資本。

#### (v) 關連人士

- (a) 倘屬以下人士,該人士或該人士之近親即與本集團有關聯:
  - (i) 控制或共同控制本集團;
  - (ii) 對本集團有重大影響力; 或
  - (iii) 為本集團或本集團母公司之主要管理人員。
- (b) 倘符合下列任何條件,實體即 與本集團有關聯:
  - (i) 該實體與本集團屬同一 集團之成員公司(即各母 公司、附屬公司及同系附 屬公司彼此間有關聯)。
  - (ii) 一家實體為另一實體之聯營公司或合營企業(或另一實體為成員公司之集團旗下成員公司之聯營公司或合營企業)。
  - (iii) 兩家實體均為同一第三 方之合營企業。
  - (iv) 一家實體為第三方實體 之合營企業,而另一實體 為該第三方實體之聯營 公司。
  - (v) 該實體為就本集團或與 本集團有關聯之實體之 僱員利益設立之離職後 福利計劃。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

# 3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### (v) Related parties (Continued)

- (b) (Continued)
  - (vi) The entity is controlled or jointly controlled by a person identified in (a).
  - (vii) A person identified in (a)(i) has significant influence over the entity or is a member of the key management personnel of the entity (or of a parent of the entity).
  - (viii) The entity, or any member of a group of which it is a part, provides key management personnel services to the Group or to the Group's parent.

Close members of the family of a person are those family members who may be expected to influence, or be influenced by, that person in their dealings with the entity.

#### (w) Segment reporting

Operating segments, and the amounts of each segment item reported in the financial statements, are identified from the financial information provided regularly to the board of directors of the Company (the chief operating decision maker) for the purposes of allocating resources to, and assessing the performance of, the Group's various lines of business and geographical locations.

Individually material operating segments are not aggregated for financial reporting purposes unless the segments have similar economic characteristics and are similar in respect of the nature of products and services, the nature of production processes, the type or class of customers, the methods used to distribute the products or provide the services, and the nature of the regulatory environment. Operating segments which are not individually material may be aggregated if they share a majority of these criteria.

#### 3. 主要會計政策概要(續)

#### (v) 關連人士(續)

- (b) (續)
  - (vi) 該實體受(a) 所識別之人 士控制或共同控制。
  - (vii) 於(a)(i) 所識別之人士對該實體有重大影響力或屬該實體(或該實體之母公司)主要管理人員。
  - (viii) 該實體或其所屬集團之 任何成員公司向本集團 或本集團之母公司提供 主要管理人員服務。

某人士之近親指於彼等 與該實體進行交易時,預 期可能影響該人士或受 該人士影響之家族成員。

#### (w) 分部報告

經營分部及財務報告所呈報各分部項目之金額,乃取材自定期向本公司董事會(主要經營決策人)提供之財務資料,該等財務資料旨在考慮分配資源至本集團不同業務範疇及地區,以及評估其表現而編製。

在財務申報上,規模重大之個別經營分部不予累集計算,除非有關分部具有類似之經濟特點,且產品及服務性質、生產工序性質、客戶類型、分銷產品或提供服務之方法以及監管環境性質相若。規模並非重大之個別經營分部倘彼此符合上述大部分標準則可累集計算。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

# 3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

# (x) Shares held by the Company for settlement of acquisition consideration

The Company issued shares and held them on behalf of the vendor for the settlement of acquisition consideration payable to the vendor in future years upon meeting of net profit guarantee by the vendor in connection with acquisition of its Originate Tech Global Investments Limited and its subsidiaries. The shares, valued at HK\$0.414 per share, before share consolidation effective from 2 October 2013, including any directly attributable incremental costs, are presented as "Shares held by the Company for settlement of acquisition consideration" and deducted from total equity. As a result of the failure to meet net profit guarantee by the vendor as per the acquisition agreement, these shares are held by the Company awaiting disposal by the Company. Proceeds recovered from the disposal of these shares shall be returned to the Company.

#### (y) Warrants

Warrants issued by the Company that will be settled by other than a fixed amount of cash for a fixed number of the Company's own equity instruments are derivative financial instruments. Warrants classified as derivative financial instruments are recognised at their fair values at the date of issue. Changes in fair values in subsequent periods are recognised through profit or loss.

#### (z) Investment properties

Investment property is property held either to earn rentals or for capital appreciation or for both, but not held for sale in the ordinary course of business, use in the production or supply of goods or services or for administrative purposes. Investment property is measured at cost on initial recognition and subsequently at fair value with any change therein recognised in profit or loss.

# (aa) Non-current assets held for sale and discontinued operations

#### (i) Non-current assets held for sale

A non-current asset (or disposal group) is classified as held for sale if it is highly probable that its carrying amount will be recovered through a sale transaction rather than through continuing use and the asset (or disposal group) is available for sale in its present condition. A disposal group is a group of assets to be disposed of together as a group in a single transaction, and liabilities directly associated with those assets that will be transferred in the transaction.

When the Group is committed to a sale plan involving loss of control of a subsidiary, all the assets and liabilities of that subsidiary are classified as held for sale when the above criteria for classification as held for sale are met, regardless of whether the Group will retain a non-controlling interest in the subsidiary after the sale.

#### 3. 主要會計政策概要(續)

# (x) 本公司就償付收購代價所持股份

在賣方達成有關收購創科環球投資有限公司及其附屬公司之純利保證後,本公司就償付未來數年應付實方之收購代價發行並代表賣方之收購代價發行並代表賣方之內購代值港幣0.414元之之的份合併前)包括任何直接應代價資行收購代價值,呈列為「就償付收購代價益的成本,呈列為「就償付收總權益與加由,以待出售。出售該等股份的投資,該等股份出售。出售該等股份的收回之所得款項將歸還本公司。

#### (y) 認股權證

並非以定額現金就一定數目之本公司股本工具結算之本公司所發行認股權證為衍生財務工具。分類為衍生財務工具之認股權證按發行日期之公平值確認。於其後期間之公平值變動於損益確認。

#### (z) 投資物業

投資物業為持有作賺取租金或資本 升值或作該兩種用途而非在日常業 務過程中持作出售、用作生產或供 應貨品或服務或作行政用途之物 業。投資物業於初步確認時按成本 計量及其後按公平值計量,而其任 何變動會於損益內確認。

#### (aa) 持作待售之非流動資產及已終 止經營業務

#### (i) 持作待售之非流動資產

倘本集團所進行之銷售計劃涉及失去一間附屬公司之控制權,則該附屬公司之所有資產及負債於符合上述分類為持作待售之條件時分類為持作待售,而不論本集團會否於銷售後保留於該附屬公司之非控股權益。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

# 3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

# (aa) Non-current assets held for sale and discontinued operations (Continued)

Non-current assets held for sale (Continued) Immediately before classification as held for sale, the measurement of the non-current assets (and all individual assets and liabilities in a disposal group) is brought upto-date in accordance with the accounting policies before the classification. Then, on initial classification as held for sale and until disposal, the non-current assets (except for certain assets as explained below), or disposal groups, are recognised at the lower of their carrying amount and fair value less costs to sell. The principal exceptions to this measurement policy so far as the financial statements of the Group and the Company are concerned are deferred tax assets, assets arising from employee benefits, financial assets (other than investments in subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures) and investment properties. These assets, even if held for sale, would continue to be measured in accordance with the policies set out elsewhere in note 3.

Impairment losses on initial classification as held for sale, and on subsequent remeasurement while held for sale, are recognised in profit or loss. As long as a non-current asset is classified as held for sale, or is included in a disposal group that is classified as held for sale, the non – current asset is not depreciated or amortised.

#### (ii) Discontinued operations

A discontinued operation is a component of the Group's business, the operations and cash flows of which can be clearly distinguished from the rest of the Group and which represents a separate major line of business or geographical area of operations, or is part of a single co-ordinated plan to dispose of a separate major line of business or geographical area of operations, or is a subsidiary acquired exclusively with a view to resale.

Classification as a discontinued operation occurs upon disposal or when the operation meets the criteria to be classified as held for sale (see (i) above), if earlier. It also occurs if the operation is abandoned.

Where an operation is classified as discontinued, a single amount is presented on the face of the statement of profit or loss, which comprises:

- the post-tax profit or loss of the discontinued operation; and
- the post-tax gain or loss recognised on the measurement to fair value less costs to sell, or on the disposal, of the assets or disposal group(s) constituting the discontinued operation.

#### 3. 主要會計政策概要(續)

#### (aa) 持作待售之非流動資產及已終 止經營業務(續)

(i) 持作待售之非流動資產(續) 緊接分類為持作待售前,非流 動資產(及出售組別之所有個 別資產及負債)之計量根據分 類前之會計政策更新。其後, 於初始分類為持作待售及直至 出售時,非流動資產(以下所 述之若干資產除外),或出售 組別以其賬面值及公平值扣除 銷售成本之較低者確認。就本 集團及本公司之財務報表而 言,有關此計量政策之主要例 外情況包括遞延税項資產、僱 員福利產生之資產、財務資產 (於附屬公司、聯營公司及合 營企業之投資除外)及投資物 業。該等資產儘管持作待售, 仍會繼續按附註3所載之政策 計量。

於初始分類為持作待售,及其後持作待售之重新計量而產生之減值虧損,將於損益表內類為認。只要非流動資產被分類為持作待售,或被列入分類為持作待售之出售組別,該非流動資產即不予折舊或攤銷。

#### (ii) 已終止經營業務

已終止業務為本集團業務之組 成部分,而其營運及現金流轉 可與本集團其他業務清一項 分。已終止經營業務指一項立 業務或營運地區劃分之項立 業務或營運地區劃分之項立 業務或營運地區劃分之項立 要業務之單一統籌計劃之一部 分,或為一間專為轉售而收購 之附屬公司。

倘業務被出售或符合分類為 持作待售之標準(見上文(j)) (如較早)·則分類為已終止經 營業務。撇除業務時,有關業 務亦會分類為已終止經營業 務。

倘業務分類為已終止經營,則 於損益表內按單一數額呈列, 其中包括:

- 一 已終止經營業務之除稅 後溢利或虧損;及
- 就構成已終止經營業務 之資產或出售組別,計量 公平值減銷售成本或於 出售時確認之除稅後損 益。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

#### APPLICATION OF NEW AND REVISED INTERNATIONAL FINANCIAL REPORTING **STANDARDS**

The IASB has issued a number of amendments to IFRSs that are first effective for the current accounting period of the Group.

The following new standards and amendments are mandatory for the current year and have no significant impact on the results or financial position to the Group.

Amendments to IFRS 10, Investment Entities: Applying the IFRS 12 and IAS 28 Consolidation Exception

Amendments to IFRS 11 Accounting for Acquisition of Interests in

Joint Operations

IFRS 14 Regulatory Deferral Accounts

Amendments to IAS 1 Disclosure Initiative

Amendments to IAS 16 Clarification of Acceptable Methods of and IAS 38 Depreciation and Amortisation

Amendments to IAS 16 Agriculture: Bearer Plants and IAS 41

Amendments to IAS 27 Equity Method in Separate Financial

Statements

Amendments to IFRSs Annual Improvement 2012-2014 Cycle

The Group has not applied any new standard or interpretation that is not yet effective for the current accounting period.

# 5. ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND JUDGEMENTS

#### **Key Sources of Estimation Uncertainty**

In the process of applying the Group's accounting policies which are described in Note 3, management has made certain key assumptions concerning the future, and other key sources of estimation uncertainty at the end of the reporting period, that may have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amount of assets and liabilities within the next financial year, as described below.

#### (a) Property, plant and equipment and depreciation

The Group management determines the estimated useful lives and related depreciation charges for its property, plant and equipment. This estimate is based on the historical experience of the actual useful lives of property, plant and equipment of similar nature and functions. It could change significantly as a result of technical innovations and competitor actions in response to severe industry cycles. Management will increase the depreciation charge where useful lives are less than previously estimated lives, or it will write off or write down technically obsolete or non-strategic assets that have been abandoned or sold.

# 應用新訂及經修訂國際財務報告

國際會計準則委員會已頒佈多項於本集 團本會計期間首次生效之國際財務報告 準則之修訂本。

以下新訂準則及修訂本於本年度強制生 效,而對本集團之業績或財務狀況並無 重大影響。

國際財務報告 投資實體:應用綜合賬目 準則第10號、國際 之例外情况

財務報告準則 第12號及國際 會計準則第28號之

修訂本 國際財務報告準則

收購合營業務權益之會計 第11號之修訂本 監管遞延賬戶

國際財務報告 準則第14號

國際會計準則 披露計劃

第1號之修訂本

國際會計準則第16號 澄清可接受之折舊及攤銷 方法

及國際會計準則 第38號之修訂本

國際會計準則第16號 農業:產花果植物

及國際會計準則 第41號之修訂本

國際會計準則第27號 獨立財務報表之權益法

之修訂本 國際財務報告準則二零

國際財務報告準則之 修訂本

一二年至二零一四年週 期年度改進

本集團並無應用當前會計期間尚未生效 之新訂準則或詮釋。

#### 會計估計及判斷 估計不明朗因素之主要來源

於應用附註3所述之本集團會計政策時, 管理層已就未來情況作出若干主要假 設,而下文載述於報告期末估計尚存在 不明朗因素之其他主要來源,有關來源 可能存在導致資產與負債賬面值於下 -個財政年度須作出重大調整之重大風

#### (a) 物業·廠房及設備以及折舊

本集團之管理層決定其物業、廠房 及設備之估計可使用年期及相關折 舊開支。此估計乃根據性質及功能 相近之物業、廠房及設備之實際可 使用年期之過往經驗而定。技術創 新及競爭對手因應嚴重行業週期而 採取之行動可能使估計有重大變 動。倘可使用年期少於先前估計之 年期,管理層將增加折舊開支;管 理層亦可能將已棄置或出售而技術 上屬陳舊之資產或非策略資產予以 撇銷或撇減。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

#### 5. ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND JUDGEMENTS

(Continued)

**Key Sources of Estimation Uncertainty** (Continued)

#### (b) Impairment of trade and other receivables

The Group estimates impairment losses on trade and other receivables resulting from inability of the customers or debtors to make the required payments. The Group bases the estimates on the ageing of the trade and other receivables, customer or debtor credit-worthiness, and historical write off experience. If the financial condition of the customers or debtors were to deteriorate, actual write off would be higher than estimates.

#### (c) Impairment allowances on loan receivables

The Group has established impairment allowances in respect of estimated incurred loss in loan receivables. The allowances on loan receivables are set out in Note 25 to the consolidated financial statements, respectively.

In determining individual impairment allowances, management considers objective evidence of impairment. When a loan is impaired, an individual impairment allowance is assessed by a discounted cash flow method, measured as the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows discounted at the original effective interest rate. The quantum of the allowance is also impacted by the collateral value and this, in turn, may be discounted in certain circumstances to take into account the impact of forced sale or quick liquidation.

In determining collective impairment allowances, management uses estimates based on historical experience for assets with credit risk characteristics and objective evidence of impairment similar to those in the portfolio adjusted for current conditions.

The methodology and assumptions used for estimating both the amount and timing of future cash flows are reviewed regularly to reduce any differences between loss estimates and actual loss experience.

#### 5. 會計估計及判斷(續)

#### 估計不明朗因素之主要來源(續) (b) 應收貿易款項及其他應收款項 減值

本集團估計因客戶或債務人無力支付所需款項而導致應收貿易款項及其他應收款項出現之減值虧損。本集團乃按應收貿易款項及其他應收款項之賬齡、客戶或債務人之信譽及過往之撇賬記錄進行估計。倘客戶或債務人之財政狀況轉壞,實際之撇賬額將高於估計數字。

#### (c) 應收貸款之減值撥備

本集團就應收貸款估計產生之虧損 作出減值撥備。應收貸款撥備分別 載於綜合財務報表附註25。

於釐定整體減值撥備時,管理層使 用根據具備相近信貸風險特性以及 與組合相似之客觀減值證據之資產 之過往經驗作出之估計再就現行情 況作出調整。

估計未來現金流轉金額及時間之方 法及假設須予定期評估,以削減虧 損估計與實際虧損經驗之任何差 額。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

#### 5. ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND JUDGEMENTS

(Continued)

#### Key Sources of Estimation Uncertainty (Continued)

#### (d) Impairment of goodwill

The Group performs annual tests on whether there has been impairment of goodwill in accordance with the accounting policy stated in Note 3(i). The recoverable amounts of cash-generating units are determined based on fair value less costs of disposal calculations. These calculations require the use of estimates and assumptions made by management on the future operation of the business, and other assumptions underlying the fair value less costs of disposal calculations.

#### (e) Impairment loss of intangible assets

The Group performs annual tests on whether there has been impairment of intangible assets with indefinite useful life. In the event that the carrying values of the intangible assets are higher than their recoverable amounts (i.e. the greater of its fair value less costs of disposal and value in use), impairment loss is recognized. The recoverable amounts of cash-generating units are determined based on fair value less costs of disposal calculations. These calculations require the use of estimates and assumptions made by management on the future operation of the business, and other assumptions underlying the fair value less costs of disposal calculations.

#### (f) Income tax

The Group is subject to income taxes in several jurisdictions. Significant judgement is required in determining the worldwide provision for income taxes. There are transactions and calculations for which the ultimate tax determination is uncertain during the ordinary course of business. The Group recognises liabilities for anticipated tax audit issues based on estimates of whether additional taxes will be due. Where the final tax outcome of these matters is different from the amounts that are initially recorded, such differences will impact the income tax and deferred tax provisions in the period in which such determination is made.

#### 5. 會計估計及判斷(續)

#### 估計不明朗因素之主要來源(續)

#### (d) 商譽減值

本集團每年根據附註3(i)所載會計政策進行檢測,以判斷商譽有否減值。現金產生單位之可收回金額乃根據公平值減銷售成本計算法 定。計算時,管理層需要對業務之未來營運情況作出估計及假設,並使用有關公平值減銷售成本計算法之其他假設。

#### (e) 無形資產之減值虧損

本集團每年進行檢測,以判斷具有無限使用年期之無形資產有經有。倘無形資產之賬面值高於其可收回金額(即公平值減銷售成本則價值兩者中之較高者),如金產生單位之較高者),也金額乃根據公平值減銷售兩一次。計算法釐定。計算時,管理層需要對業務之未來營運情況作出估計售成本計算法之其他假設。

#### (f) 所得税

本集團須支付多個司法權區之所得 税。就所得税釐定全球撥備時須 一般業務中若之 最終稅項及釐定有關稅項之 算方法仍存在不明朗因素。本集 按照額外稅項是否到期之估計,就 預期稅務審核事宜確認負債。倘 等事宜之最終稅項有別於初步開 之金額,則有關差額對釐定有關稅 項期間之所得稅及遞延稅項撥備構 成影響。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

#### 5. ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND JUDGEMENTS

(Continued)

#### **Key Sources of Estimation Uncertainty** (Continued)

#### (g) Estimates of fair value of investment properties

The Group's investment properties were revalued at the end of the reporting period by an independent professional valuer. Such valuations were based on certain assumptions which are subject to uncertainty and might materially differ from the actual results. In making the judgement, the Group considers information from current prices in an active market for similar properties and uses assumptions that are mainly based on market conditions existing at the end of the reporting period.

#### (h) Fair value of warrants

The directors of the Company use their judgement in selecting an appropriate valuation technique to determine fair value of the warrants which are not quoted in an active market. Valuation techniques commonly used by market practitioners are applied. The fair values of these warrants are determined at the end of the reporting period with movement in fair value recognised in profit or loss. In estimating the fair value of these warrants, the Group uses independent valuation which is based on various inputs and estimates. If the inputs and estimates applied in the model are different, the carrying amount of these warrants will change. The carrying value of the warrants at 31 March 2017 was HK\$22,532,000 (2016: HK\$52,029,000).

#### 6. SEGMENT REPORTING

The Group manages its businesses by divisions, which are organised by a mixture of both business lines (products and services) and geography. In a manner consistent with the way in which information is reported internally to the board of directors ("Board") (the chief operating decision maker) of the Company for the purposes of resource allocation and performance assessment, the Group has presented the following reportable segments. No operating segments have been aggregated to form the following reportable segments.

#### **Continuing Operations**

Sustainable forest management: sustainable management of, investment and leasing in natural forests; and manufacturing and sales of timber products including but not limited to wooden doors, furniture and wooden flooring.

Leasing of properties: lease of premises to generate rental income and to gain from the appreciation in the property values in the long term.

Money lending business: earn interest income from financial assets through the money lending licence.

#### **Discontinued Operations**

Travel and travel related business: provision of travel agency services such as booking of air-tickets, hotel accommodation and other travel related products.

#### 5. 會計估計及判斷(續)

#### 估計不明朗因素之主要來源(續) (q) 估計投資物業公平值

本集團的投資物業由獨立專業估值 師於報告期末重新估值。有關估值 乃基於若干假設,該等假設受不確 定因素影響,並可能與實際結果有 重大差異。於作出判斷時,本集團 考慮同類物業於活躍市場之現價資 料,並使用主要根據於報告期末之 現行市況而作出之假設。

#### (h) 認股權證之公平值

#### 6. 分部報告

本集團按分部管理其業務,分部按業務線(產品及服務)及地理位置兩方面劃分。透過向本公司董事會(「董事會」,主要經營決策人)內部報告該等資料之一致方式以分配資源及評核表現,本集團已呈列下列可報告分部。概無合併經營分部以組成下列可報告分部。

#### 持續經營業務

可持續森林管理:天然森林之可持續管理、投資及租賃:及製造及銷售木材產品,包括但不限於木門、傢俱及木地板。

物業租賃:出租物業以產生租金收入,及 藉以於長遠物業升值中賺取收益。

放債業務:透過放債牌照之金融資產賺 取利息收入。

#### 已終止經營業務

旅遊及旅遊相關業務:提供旅行代理服務,如機票、酒店住宿及其他旅遊相關產品之預約。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

#### 6. **SEGMENT REPORTING** (Continued)

In accordance with IFRS 8, segment information disclosed in this consolidated financial statements has been prepared in a manner consistent with the information used by the Board of the Company for the purposes of assessing segment performance and allocating resources among segments. In this regard, the Board of the Company monitors the results, assets and liabilities attributable to each reportable segment on the following bases:

Segment assets include all non-current assets and current assets attributable to an individual reportable segment with the exception of certain unallocated corporate assets including unallocated cash and cash equivalents.

All liabilities are allocated to reportable segments other than current, deferred tax liabilities, financial liabilities, promissory notes and other unallocated corporate liabilities.

Revenue and expenses are allocated to the reportable segments with reference to sales generated by those segments and the expenses incurred by those segments or which otherwise arise from the depreciation or amortisation of assets attributable to those segments.

Segment profit/(loss) represents the profit earned by/(loss from) each segment without allocation of central administration cost such as director's salaries and other head office or corporate administration costs, change in fair value of financial liabilities, unallocated corporate income and unallocated interest expense.

In addition to receiving segment information concerning the profit earned by/(loss from) each segment, the Board is provided with segment information concerning revenue (including intersegment sales), interest income and expense from cash balances and borrowings managed directly by the segments, depreciation, amortisation and impairment losses and additions to non-current segment assets used by the segments in their operations.

#### 6. 分部報告(續)

根據國際財務報告準則第8號,於該等綜合財務報表披露之分部資料乃以與本公司董事會就評估分部表現及於分部間分配資源所用資料一致之方式編製。就此,本公司董事會按下列基準監察各可報告分部應佔之業績、資產及負債:

分部資產包括獨立可報告分部應佔之所 有非流動資產及流動資產,而若干未分 配企業資產(包括未分配現金及現金等 價物)則屬例外。

所有負債乃分配至可報告分部,惟即期 税項負債、遞延税項負債、財務負債、承 付票據及其他未分配企業負債除外。

收入及開支乃參考來自該等分部之銷售 及該等分部所產生開支或折舊或攤銷該 等分部應佔資產所產生之開支而分配至 可報告分部。

分部溢利/(虧損)指各分部所產生溢利/(虧損),惟未分配包括董事薪酬及其他總辦事處或企業行政成本之中央行政成本、財務負債公平值變動、未分配企業收入及未分配利息開支則除外。

除收到有關各分部所產生溢利/(虧損) 之分部資料外,董事會獲提供有關收益 (包括分部間銷售)、來自直接由分部管 理之現金結餘及借貸之利息收入及開 支、折舊、攤銷及減值虧損以及分部於彼 等營運中使用之非流動分部資產添置之 分部資料。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

#### 6. **SEGMENT REPORTING** (Continued)

### (a) Segment results, assets and liabilities

An analysis of the Group's reportable segment is reported below:

#### 6. 分部報告(續)

### (a) 分部業績·資產及負債

本集團所呈報可報告分部之分析如下:

			Continuing Operations 持續經營業務 i				
		Sustainable forest management 可持續 森林管理 HK\$*000 港幣千元	Money lending 放債 HK\$'000 港幣千元	Leasing of properties 物業租賃 HK\$*000 港幣千元	Sub-total 小計 HK\$'000 港幣千元	Travel and travel related business 旅遊及旅遊 相關業務 HK\$000 港幣千元	<b>Total</b> 總計 <b>HK\$'000</b> 港幣千元
Revenue from external customers	來自外界客戶之收入	2,438	3,958	742	7,138	56	7,194
Reportable segment revenue	可報告分部收益	2,438	3,958	742	7,138	56	7,194
Reportable segment (loss)/profit before taxation	可報告分部除税前 (虧損)/溢利	(64,691)	2,999	4,371	(57,321)	(207)	(57,528)
Interest income Write off of liabilities by creditors Impairment loss of intangible assets Depreciation Interest expense	利息收入 債權人撤銷負債 無形資產之減值虧損 折舊 利息開支	16 24,669 (89,674) (100)	367 - - - -	- - - (8) (528)	383 24,669 (89,674) (108) (528)	- - - -	383 24,669 (89.674) (108) (528)
Reportable segment assets	可報告分部資產	12,041	134,802	29,327	176,170	-	176,170
Additions to non-current segment assets	非流動分部資產添置	-	-			-	
Reportable segment liabilities	可報告分部負債	(11,561)	(53)	(23,820)	(35,434)	-	(35,434)

綜合財務報表附註 For the year ended 31 March 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

### 6. **SEGMENT REPORTING** (Continued)

#### (a) Segment results, assets and liabilities (Continued) An analysis of the Group's reportable segment is reported below: (Continued)

### 6. 分部報告(續)

(a) 分部業績·資產及負債(續) 本集團所呈報可報告分部之分析如 下: (續)

2016 零一六年

				nuing Operations 結續經營業務			Discontinued Operations 已終止經營業務	
		Sustainable forest management 可持續 森林管理 HK\$*000 港幣千元	Manufacturing and sale of timber products 製造及 銷售木材產品 HK\$'000 港幣千元	Money lending 放債 HK\$*000 港幣千元	Leasing of properties 物業租賃 HK\$'000 港幣千元	Sub-total 小計 HK\$'000 港幣千元	Travel and travel related business 旅遊及旅遊 相關業務 HK\$*000 港幣千元	Total 總計 HK\$*000 港幣千元
Revenue from external customers	來自外界客戶之收入	-	2,134	8,492	690	11,316	1,080	12,396
Reportable segment revenue	可報告分部收益	-	2,134	8,492	690	11,316	1,080	12,396
Reportable segment (loss)/profit before taxation	可報告分部除税前(虧損)/溢利	(9,921)	(16,194)	7,258	(57)	(18,914)	2	(18,912)
Interest income Impairment loss of property, plant and equipment Impairment loss on other receivables Depreciation Interest expense	利息收入 物業:廠房及設備之減值虧損 其他應收款項之減值虧損 折舊 利息開支	9 (9,700) - - (31)	- (15,871) (232)	9 - - - -	- - - (21) (533)	18 (9,700) (15,871) (253) (564)	- - (168) (25)	18 (9,700) (15,871) (421) (589)
Reportable segment assets	可報告分部資產	87,138	3,076	103,898	24,867	(218,979)	3,697	222,676
Additions to non-current segment assets	非流動分部資產添置	_		\$6 <u>-</u>	37	37	11	48
Reportable segment liabilities	可報告分部負債	(32,133)	(6,927)	(53)	(23,674)	(62,787)	(1,956)	(64,743)

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

#### 6. **SEGMENT REPORTING** (Continued)

- (b) Reconciliations of reportable segment revenue, profit or loss, assets and liabilities:
  - (i) Revenue

#### 6. 分部報告(續)

(b) 可報告分部收入、損益、資產及 負債之對賬:

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		2017 二零一七年 HK\$'000 港幣千元	2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000 港幣千元
Reportable segment revenue (continuing operations) Elimination of inter-segment revenue	可報告分部收入 (持續經營業務) 對銷分部間收入	7,138	11,316
Consolidated revenue (continuing operations)	綜合收入 (持續經營業務)	7,138	11,316
1000		(;;) 虧場	

(ii) Loss

(ii) 虧損

		2017 二零一七年 HK\$'000 港幣千元	2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000 港幣千元
Reportable segment loss before	可報告分部除税前虧損		
taxation (continuing operations)	(持續經營業務)	(57,321)	(18,914)
Unallocated corporate income	未分配企業收入	3,174	185
Change in fair value of financial liabilities	財務負債之公平值變動	29,488	(11,587)
Unallocated corporate expenses	未分配企業開支	(7,378)	(8,300)
Loss before taxation	除税前虧損		
(continuing operations)	(持續經營業務)	(32,037)	(38,616)

綜合財務報表附註 For the year ended 31 March 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

#### 6. **SEGMENT REPORTING** (Continued)

#### (b) Reconciliations of reportable segment revenue, profit or loss, assets and liabilities: (Continued) (iii) Assets

### 6. 分部報告(續)

(b) 可報告分部收入、損益、資產及 負債之對賬:(續) (iii) 資產

		2017 二零一七年 HK\$'000 港幣千元	2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000 港幣千元
Segment assets for reportable segments from continuing operations	來自持續經營業務之 可報告分部資產	176,170	218,979
Segment assets for reportable segment from discontinuing operations	來自已終止經營業務之 可報告分部資產	_	3,697
Reportable segment assets	可報告分部資產	176,170	222,676
Unallocated:  - Unallocated cash and cash equivalents  - Other unallocated corporate assets	未分配: 一未分配現金及現金等價物 一其他未分配企業資產	4,380 903	37,542 861
Total assets per consolidated statement of financial position	綜合財務狀況表 所呈列資產總值	181,453	261,079

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

#### 6. **SEGMENT REPORTING** (Continued)

# (b) Reconciliations of reportable segment revenue, profit or loss, assets and liabilities: (Continued) (iv) Liabilities

### 6. 分部報告(續)

(b) 可報告分部收入、損益、資產及 負債之對賬:(續) (iv) 負債

		2017 二零一七年 HK\$'000 港幣千元	2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000 港幣千元
Segment liabilities for reportable segments from continuing operations	來自持續經營業務之 可報告分部負債	35,434	62,787
Segment liabilities for reportable segment from discontinuing operations	來自已終止經營業務之 可報告分部負債	-	1,956
Reportable segment liabilities	可報告分部負債	35,434	64,743
Unallocated: - Financial liabilities - Deferred tax liabilities - Other unallocated corporate liabilities	未分配: 一財務負債 一遞延税項負債 一其他未分配企業負債	22,532 3,283 3,738	52,029 29,025 3,451
Total liabilities per consolidated statement of financial position	綜合財務狀況表所呈列 負債總額	64,987	149,248

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

#### 6. **SEGMENT REPORTING** (Continued)

- (b) Reconciliations of reportable segment revenue, profit or loss, assets and liabilities: (Continued)
  - (v) Other items

### 6. 分部報告(續)

(b) 可報告分部收入、損益、資產及 負債之對賬:(續)

(v) 其他項目

					<b>2017</b> 二零一七年			
			Co	ntinuing Operations 持續經營業務			Discontinued Operations 已終止經營業務	
		Sustainable forest		Leasing of			Travel and travel related	
		management 可持續	Money lending	properties	Unallocated	Sub-total	business 旅遊及旅遊	Total
		森林管理 HK\$'000 港幣千元	放債 <b>HK\$'000</b> 港幣千元	物業租賃 HK\$'000 港幣千元	未分配 HK\$'000 港幣千元	小計 <b>HK\$'000</b> 港幣千元	相關業務 HK\$'000 港幣千元	總計 HK\$'000 港幣千元
Depreciation Interest expense	折舊 利息開支	(100)	-	(8) (528)	:	(108) (528)	-	(108) (528)

2016

	Discontinued Operations 已終止經營業務				Continuing Ope 持續經營業				
	Travel and travel related			Leasing of		Manufacturing and sale of timber	Sustainable forest		
Total	business 旅遊及旅遊	Sub-total	Unallocated	properties	Money lending	products 製造及	management 可持續		
總計 HK\$'000	相關業務 HK\$'000	小計 HK\$'000	未分配 HK\$'000	物業租賃 HK\$'000	放債 HK\$'000	銷售木材產品 HK\$'000	森林管理 HK\$'000		
港幣千元	港幣千元	港幣千元	港幣千元	港幣千元	港幣千元	港幣千元	港幣千元		
(421)	(168)	(253) (564)	_	(21) (533)	-	(232)	- (31)	折舊 利息開支	Depreciation Interest expense

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

#### 6. SEGMENT REPORTING (Continued)

#### (c) Revenue from major products and services:

#### 6. 分部報告(續)

#### (c) 來自主要產品及服務之收入:

		Continuing Operations 持續經營業務		Discontinued Operations 已終止經營業務		Consolidated 綜合	
		2017 二零一七年 HK\$'000 港幣千元	2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000 港幣千元	2017 二零一七年 HK\$'000 港幣千元	2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000 港幣千元	2017 二零一七年 HK\$'000 港幣千元	2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000 港幣千元
Licensing of harvesting right	(大權許可 制件及2015年十七多日	2,369	-	-	-	2,369	_
Manufacturing and sales of timber products Interest income from money	製造及銷售木材產品放債業務之利息收入	69	2,134	-	_	69	2,134
lending business Travel and travel related	旅遊及旅遊相關業務	3,958	8,492	-	-	3,958	8,492
business Leasing of properties	物業租賃	- 742	- 690	56	1,080	56 742	1,080 690
Leasing of properties	彻未但其	7,138	11,316	56	1,080	7,194	12,396

#### **Geographical information**

The following is an analysis of geographical location of (i) the Group's revenue from external customers and (ii) the Group's property, plant and equipment, intangible assets, and investment properties. The geographical locations of customers refers to the locations at which the customers reside. The geographical locations of property, plant and equipment, and investment properties is based on the physical locations of the asset under consideration. In the case of intangible assets, the allocation is based on the location of the operation to which they are allocated.

#### 地區資料

以下為(i)本集團來自外界客戶之收入;及 (ii)本集團物業、廠房及設備、無形資產及 投資物業之地區分析。客戶地區指客戶 所在之地區。物業、廠房及設備以及投資 物業之地區為所考慮之資產本身位處之 地點。無形資產按所屬營運地點分配。

			Revenue from external customers 來自外界客戶之收入				nt assets 資產
		2017 二零一七年 HK\$'000 港幣千元	2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000 港幣千元	2017 二零一七年 HK\$'000 港幣千元	2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000 港幣千元		
Continuing operations South America Asia Pacific (other than Hong Kong) Hong Kong (place of domicile)	持續經營業務 南美洲 亞太區(不包括香港) 香港(居籍地點)	2,369 69 4,700	- 2,134 9,182	9,841 - 29,139	85,508 1,042 24,824		
		7,138	11,316	38,980	111,374		
Discontinued operations Hong Kong (place of domicile)	已終止經營業務 香港(居籍地點)	56	1,080	-	2,934		
		7,194	12,396	38,980	114,308		

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

#### 6. **SEGMENT REPORTING** (Continued)

#### Information about major customer

Revenue from customer contributing 10% or more of the total revenue of the Group is as follows:

### 6. 分部報告(續) 有關主要客戶之資料

來自佔本集團總收入10%或以上之客戶 之收入如下:

		2017 二零一七年 HK\$'000 港幣千元	2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000 港幣千元
Continuing operations	持續經營業務		
Customer A – revenue from money lending	客戶A一來自放債之收入	2,428	4,778
Customer B – revenue from licensing of	客戶B-來自伐木權許可之		
harvesting rights	收入	2,060	-
Customer C – revenue from money lending	客戶C一來自放債之收入	410	1,667
Customer D – revenue from money lending	客戶D一來自放債之收入	_	1,447
Customer E – revenue from money lending	客戶E一來自放債之收入	780	_

#### 7. REVENUE

Revenue represents the net invoiced value of goods sold, (after allowances for returns and trade discounts) and revenue from manufacturing and sales of timber products; lease of premises to generate rental income; licensing of harvesting rights; and interest income from financial assets.

An analysis of revenue is as follows:

#### 7. 收入

收入指經扣除退貨及商業折扣備抵後出售貨品之發票淨值以及製造及銷售木材產品;租賃物業以產生租金收入;伐木權許可;以及財務資產之利息收入之收入。

收入分析如下:

		2017 二零一七年 HK\$'000 港幣千元	2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000 港幣千元
Continuing operations Manufacturing and sales of timber products Interest income from money lending business Leasing of properties Licensing of harvesting rights	持續經營業務 製造及銷售木材產品 貸款業務之利息收入 物業租賃 伐木權許可	69 3,958 742 2,369	2,134 8,492 690 –
		7,138	11,316

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

#### 8. OTHER INCOME AND OTHER NET LOSS

#### 8. 其他收入及其他虧損淨額

		2017 二零一七年 HK\$'000 港幣千元	2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000 港幣千元
Continuing operations Other income Net exchange gain Write off of liabilities (note i) Net gain on disposal of subsidiaries Change in fair value of financial liabilities Others	持續經營業務 其他收入 匯兑收入淨額 撇銷負債( <i>附註i</i> ) 出售附屬公司之收益淨額 財務負債公平值變動 其他	1,358 24,669 2,211 29,488 51	- - - - 79
		57,777	79
Other net loss  Net exchange loss  Change in fair value of financial liabilities	<b>其他虧損淨額</b> 匯兑虧損淨額 財務負債公平值變動	Ξ	(11) (11,587)
		-	(11,598)

#### Notes:

(i) Trade payables also included approximately BRL10 million equivalent to approximately HK\$22 million at 31 March 2016. This sum represented service fees payable to a subcontractor for a tree felling service project in Rondonia, Brazil. UTRB had disputes with the subcontractor and it abandoned the site. No further work was subcontracted to them after the year ended 31 March 2011. UTRB is not aware of any claims or lawsuits filed by the subcontractor at the relevant jurisdictions.

According to the relevant Brazilian laws on preclusion of rights to file a claim regarding payables arising from contractual relationship, the time limit is 5 years. Accordingly, the subcontractor's right to file a claim demand for payment arising from any disputes for the services is precluded since July 2015. As a result, after consulted the Brazil and Hong Kong lawyers, the management considered to write off the trade payables during the year ended 31 March 2017.

#### 附註:

(i) 應付貿易款項亦包括約10,000,000雷亞爾 (相當於二零一六年三月三十一日之約港幣 22,000,000元)。有關金額指就位於巴西朗多 尼亞州之伐木服務項目應付分包商之服務費。 UTRB與分包商發生爭議,彼已放棄該場地。 於截至二零一一年三月三十一日止年度後概 無向彼等進一步分包工作。UTRB並不知悉由 分包商於相關司法管轄區提出之任何申索或 訴訟。

根據相關巴西法律·禁止就合約關係產生之應付款項提出索償之權利之時限為五年。因此,自二零一五年七月起,分包商不享有就該項服務涉及之糾紛產生之款項提出索償之權利。因此,經諮詢巴西及香港律師後,管理層認為須攤銷截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度之應付貿易款項。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

#### 9. IMPAIRMENT OF ASSETS

#### 9. 資產減值

		2017 二零一七年 HK\$'000 港幣千元	2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000 港幣千元
Continuing operations Impairment on other receivables (Note i) Impairment of property, plant and equipment (Note ii)	持續經營業務 其他應收款項減值(附註i) 物業、廠房及設備之減值 (附註ii)	-	15,871 9,700
Impairment of intangible assets (Note ii)	無形資產減值(附註ii)	89,674	
		89,674	25,571

#### Notes:

- (i) Impairment on other receivables for the year ended 31 March 2016 represented the unsecured amounts due from independent third parties, which were past due and had been long outstanding. Based on the latest available information available to management, the independent third party debtors had financial difficulties for the year ended 31 March 2016. Accordingly, impairment were recognised during the year 2016.
- (ii) Since the Group suspended harvesting operations in the State of Acre, Brazil due to the unfavourable business environment in 2012, the Group has been continuing to explore the optimal way to enhance the income stream from its forest assets in the State of Acre, Brazil. However, due to the prolonged unstable economic environment in Brazil and in view of the possibility of facing similar extortion threats from local parties in Brazil as the Group had experienced in previous years, operating the forest assets through own harvesting was still considered to be unfavourable to the Group. Therefore, the board of directors decided to change the operation model to leasing out the forest in June 2014. Since then, the Group has been actively looking for potential tenants to lease the forests. On the other hand, in each financial year, the Group also continued to assess the feasibility of other operation models such as turning back to own harvesting or realise benefit through disposal of the forests.

During the financial year ended 31 March 2016, the board of director performed the impairment assessment for the freehold land. The estimate of recoverable amount was based on the freehold land fair values less costs of disposal, using direct comparison method under market approach, performed by the professional valuer. As at 31 March 2016, the board of directors impaired the freehold land in Brazil's subsidiary with an amount of HK\$9,700,000 in sustainable forest management segment by written down the carrying amount to the estimated recoverable amount of the freehold land.

During the financial year ended 31 March 2017, the board of director reassessed the feasibility of the other operation models. For own harvesting, it was found that the business plan is not beneficial to the Group with reference to the market price of the hardwood logs and the estimated operating costs. For disposing the forests, it was found that the sales market for forests with similar size as compared to the Group in Brazil was very limited and no similar sales transactions in the past two years. As a result, the board of directors considers the leasing of forests is the most feasible business plan for the Group. Therefore, the board of directors decided to focus on leasing of forest and considered to transfer the biological assets and freehold land to intangible assets.

During the financial year ended 31 March 2017, the Group in total leased out approximately 3,400 ha of the forest areas to independent third parties and generated licensing income. As at the end of the reporting period, the board of directors reassessed the carrying amount of the intangible assets and recognised an impairment of intangible assets HK\$89,674,000 during the year by written down the carrying amount to the estimated recoverable amount of the intangible assets.

#### 附註:

- (f) 截至二零一六年三月三十一日止年度其他應 收款項減值指應收獨立第三方之無抵押款項, 該款項屬逾期及長期未償還。根據管理層獲得 之最新公開資料,截至二零一六年三月三十一 日止年度,獨立第三方債務人面臨財務困難。 因此、已於二零一六年內確認減值。
- (ii) 自本集團因營商環境不佳而於二零一二年暫停巴西亞克里州之伐木業務以來,本集團一直在不解探尋提升其巴西亞克里州森林資產境入來源之最優方式。然而,因巴西經濟環境持續動蕩不穩,且鑒於本集團或會面臨其過往年度曾經歷過的來自巴西當地各方之類似勒家威脅,故以自有伐木之方式經營森林資產仍被視作對本集團不利。因此,董事會於二零一四年六月決定將經營模式改為出租森林。自此,本集團一直積極財政年度,本集團亦持續評估其他經營模式之可行性,如轉回自有伐木經營模式或透過出售森林賺取利益。

截至二零一六年三月三十一日止財政年度,董事會對永久業權土地進行減值評估。可收回金額乃由專業估值師使用市場法項下之直接比較法根據永久業權土地之公平值減出售成本估計。於二零一六年三月三十一日,董事會透過撇減賬面值至永久業權土地之估計可的回金額,對巴西附屬公司可持續森林管理分部之永久業權土地作出減值港幣9,700,000元。

截至二零一七年三月三十一日止財政年度,董事會重新評估其他經營模式之可行性。就自有伐木而言,經參考硬木之市價及估計經營成本後,該業務計劃對本集團而言並無裨益。就出售森林而言,在巴西與本集團規模相若之森林之銷售市場極為有限,且於過往兩年內並無類似銷售交易。因此,董事會認為租賃森林對重集團而言屬最為可行之業務計劃。因此,董事會決定專注於森林租賃,並認為應將生物資產及永久業權土地轉為無形資產。

截至二零一七年三月三十一日止財政年度,本集團合共向獨立第三方租出約3,400公頃之森林面積,並產生許可證收入。於報告期末董事會重新評估無形資產之賬面值,並透過撤減賬面值至無形資產之估計可收回金額,於年內確認無形資產減值港幣89,674,000元。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

#### 10. LOSS BEFORE TAXATION

## 10. 除税前虧損

The Group's loss before taxation is arrived at after charging/ (crediting):

本集團除稅前虧損乃經扣除/(計入)下 列各項後得出:

		Notes 附註	2017 二零一七年 HK\$'000 港幣千元	2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000 港幣千元
Continuing operations:	持續經營業務:			
(a) Net finance costs Interest income from bank deposits	(a) 融資費用淨額 銀行存款之利息收入		(494)	(203)
Total interest income on financial assets not at fair value through profit or loss Finance costs Interest on loans and other borrowings	並非按公平值計入 損益賬之財務資產 之利息收入總額 融資費用 貸款及其他借貸之 利息		(494) 528	(203) 564
Total interest expenses on financial liabilities not at fair value through profit or loss	並非按公平值計入 損益賬之財務負債 之利息開支總額		528	564
			34	361
(b) Staff costs (including directors' remuneration)	(b) 員工成本 (包括董事酬金)			
Salaries, wages and other benefits  Contributions to defined contribution	薪金、工資及 其他福利 1 定額供款退休		6,099	5,385
retirement plans	計劃供款		224	237
			6,323	5,622

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

#### 10. LOSS BEFORE TAXATION (Continued)

#### 10. 除税前虧損(續)

4		Notes 附註	2017 二零一七年 HK\$'000 港幣千元	2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000 港幣千元
(c) Other items	(c) 其他項目			-
Cost of inventories	存貨成本	24	65	1,820
Depreciation	折舊	18	108	253
Minimum lease payments under operating leases for land and buildings (including directors' quarters)  Auditor's remuneration	土地及樓宇(包括 董事宿舍) 經營租約之 最低租金付款 核數師酬金		549	543
- audit services	一審核服務		950	910
- other services	一其他服務		50	50
			1,000	960
Gross rental income from investment properties less direct outgoings of approximately HK\$110,000 (2016: HK\$105,700)				
	港幣105,700元)		631	585

#### 11. DISCONTINUED OPERATION

#### Disposal of travel agent business

(i) On 23 March 2016, the Group entered into the disposal Agreement with the independent third party, pursuant to which, the Group had conditionally agreed to sell and the independent third party had conditionally agreed to purchase the Group's 95% of the issued share capital of Travel Inn Limited for the consideration of HK\$1,800,000. The disposal was completed on 28 April 2016 when control of the subsidiary was passed to the acquirer. Details of the assets and liabilities disposed of, and the result on disposal, are disclosed in note 36.

#### **11.** 已終止經營業務 出售旅行代理業務

(i) 於二零一六年三月二十三日,本集團與獨立第三方訂立出售協議,據此,本集團已有條件同意出售而獨立第三方已有條件同意購買本集團於旅遊棧有限公司已發行股本之95%,代價為港幣1,800,000元。出售事項於二零一六年四月二十八日(附屬公司之控制權移交收購方當日)完成。有關出售資產及負債,以及出售結果之詳情分別披露於附註36。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

#### 11. DISCONTINUED OPERATION (Continued)

#### Analysis of profit for the year from discontinued operation

The results of the discontinued operation included in the profit for the year are set out below. The comparative profit and cash flows from the discontinued operation have been re-presented to include the operation classified as discontinued in the current year. The comparative consolidated statement of profit or loss has been restated to show the discontinued operation separately from continuing operations.

# 11. 已終止經營業務(續)

#### 來自已終止經營業務之年度溢利分 析

以下載列計入年度溢利之已終止經營業務業務。來自已終止經營業務之可資比較溢利及現金流轉已重列,以包括本年度分類為已終止經營之業務。可資比較綜合損益表已重列,以分開顯示已終止經營業務及持續經營業務。

		<b>2017</b> 二零一七年 <b>\$'000</b> 千元	2016 二零一六年 \$'000 千元
Profit for the year from discontinued operation	來自已終止經營業務之 年度溢利		
Revenue Cost of sales	收入 銷售成本	56 -	1,080
Gross profit Other income Administrative expenses Finance costs	毛利 其他收入 行政支出 融資費用	56 1 (503) -	1,080 - (1,053) (25)
(Loss)/profit before taxation Attributable income tax expense	除税前(虧損)/溢利 應佔所得税開支	(446)	2 –
(Loss)/profit for the year from discontinued operation Gain on disposal of subsidiaries	來自已終止經營業務之 年度(虧損)/溢利 出售附屬公司之收益	(446) 239	2 -
(Loss)/profit for the year from discontinued operation attributable to: Owners of the company Non-controlling interests	應佔已終止經營業務之 年度(虧損)/溢利: 本公司擁有人 非控股權益	(207)	2 -
(Loss)/profit for the year from discontinued operation	來自已終止經營業務之 年度(虧損)/溢利	(207)	2

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

# DISCONTINUED OPERATION (Continued) Analysis of profit for the year from discontinued operation (Continued)

# **11.** 已終止經營業務(續) 來自已終止經營業務之年度溢利分析(續)

		2017 二零一七年 <b>\$'000</b> 千元	2016 二零一六年 \$'000 千元
(Loss)/profit for the year from discontinued operation include the following:	來自已終止經營業務之年度 (虧損)/溢利包括下列各項:		
Depreciation and amortisation	折舊及攤銷	-	168
Auditor's remuneration	核數師酬金	-	-
Cash flows from discontinued operation	來自已終止經營業務之 現金流轉		
Net cash inflows from operating activities Net cash inflows from investing activities Net cash outflows from financing activities	經營業務現金流入淨額 投資活動現金流入淨額 融資活動現金流出淨額	105 - (25)	101 (12) (83)
Net cash inflows	現金流入淨額	80	6
(Loss)/earnings per share	每股(虧損)/盈利		
Basic, from discontinued operation (HK cents per share)	來自已終止經營業務之基本 (每股港仙)	_	
Diluted, from discontinued operation (HK cents per share)	來自已終止經營業務之攤薄 (每股港仙)	-	

Basic earnings per share and diluted earnings per share for the discontinued operation are based on the loss attributable to owners of the Company from the discontinued operation of \$207,000 (2016: profit of \$2,000) and the denominators detailed in note 17 for both basic and diluted earnings per share.

已終止經營業務每股基本盈利及每股攤 薄盈利乃根據本公司擁有人應佔已終止 經營業務之虧損207,000元(二零一六 年:溢利2,000元)及附註17詳述用於計 算每股基本及攤薄盈利之分母計算。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

#### 12. DISPOSAL GROUP HELD FOR SALE

In March 2016, the Group's management committed to a plan to sell its subsidiary – Travel Inn Limited – Travel Agent segment. Accordingly, this part is presented as a disposal group held for sale. Efforts to sell the disposal group have commenced since March 2016 and the sale has been subsequently completed on 28 April 2016.

At 31 March 2017, the disposal group comprised the following assets and liabilities.

#### 12. 持作待售之出售組別

於二零一六年三月,本集團管理層執行出售其附屬公司-旅遊棧有限公司-旅行代理分部之計劃。因此,此部分呈列為持作待售之出售組別。出售組別之出售工作已自二零一六年三月起開始,且出售隨後已於二零一六年四月二十八日完成。

於二零一七年三月三十一日,出售組別包括以下資產及負債。

		2017 二零一七年 <b>\$'000</b> 千元	<b>2016</b> 二零一六年 <b>\$'000</b> 千元
Property, plant and equipment Trade and other receivables Cash and cash equivalents Deferred tax assets	物業、廠房及設備 應收貿易款項及其他應收款項 現金及現金等價物 遞延税項資產	- - - -	2,934 92 660 11
Assets of disposal group held for sale	持作待售之出售組別之資產	-	3,697
Amount due to non-controlling shareholder Trade and other payables Loans and borrowings Deferred tax liabilities	應付非控股股東款項 應付貿易款項及其他應付款項 貸款及借貸 遞延税項負債	- - - - -	834 263 785 74
Liabilities of disposal group held for sale	持作待售之出售組別之負債	-	1,956

# Cumulative income or expenses included in other comprehensive income

There are no cumulative income or expenses included in other comprehensive income relating to the disposal group.

The assets and liabilities of the disposal group at the completion date on 28 April 2016 were not materially different from the above values at 31 March 2016.

#### 計入其他全面收入之累計收入或開 支

概無有關出售組別之計入其他全面收入 之累計收入或開支。

出售組別於完成日期(二零一六年四月二十八日)之資產及負債與於二零一六年三月三十一日之上述價值並無重大差異。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

# 13. DIRECTORS' AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE'S EMOLUMENTS

# Directors' emoluments disclosed pursuant to Section 383(1) of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance and Part 2 of the Companies (Disclosure of Information about Benefits of Directors) Regulation and the chief executive's emoluments are as follows:

### 13. 董事及最高行政人員之酬金

根據香港公司條例第383(1)條及公司(有關董事福利資料的披露)規例第2部所披露之董事酬金及最高行政人員之酬金如下:

				2017		
				二零一七年		
			Salaries	Retirement		
			and other	scheme	Share-based	
		Fees	benefits	contributions	payment	Total
			薪金及	退休		
		袍金	其他福利	計劃供款	以股份支付	總計
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		港幣千元	港幣千元	港幣千元	港幣千元	港幣千元
Executive Directors	執行董事					
YEUNG Sau Chung	楊秀中	1,085		54	_	1,139
Liu Shun Chuen	廖信全	631		32		663
MUNG Wai Ming	蒙偉明	120		2	_	122
Works war wing	<b>承件</b> 切	120				122
		1,836	-	88		1,924
Independent Non-Executive Directors	獨立非執行董事					
William Keith JACOBSEN	葉偉其	120	_	_	_	120
WU Wang Li	吳弘理	120	_	_	_	120
NG Wai Hung	吳偉雄	240	-	-	-	240
		480	-	-	-	480
		2,316	_	88	_	2,404

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

# 13. DIRECTORS' AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE'S EMOLUMENTS (Continued)

#### 13. 董事及最高行政人員之酬金(續)

2016

				二零一六年		
			Salaries and other	Retirement scheme	Share-based	
		Fees	benefits 薪金及	contributions 退休	payment	Total
		袍金	其他福利	計劃供款	以股份支付	總計
		HK\$'000 港幣千元	HK\$'000 港幣千元	HK\$'000 港幣千元	HK\$'000 港幣千元	HK\$'000 港幣千元
<b>Executive Directors</b>	執行董事		, 1			
YEUNG Sau Chung (Appointed on 5 June 2015)	楊秀中(於二零一五年 六月五日獲委任)	890	_	36	_	926
Liu Shun Chuen (Appointed	廖信全(於二零一五年					
on 5 June 2015)	六月五日獲委任)	517	-	21	-	538
MUNG Wai Ming	蒙偉明 周靜(於二零一五年	120	-	-	-	120
ZHOU Jing (Resigned on 17 November 2015)	十一月十七日辭任)	86	· .	6	<u> </u>	92
		1,613	1 -	63	1-2	1,676
Independent Non-Executive Directors	獨立非執行董事					
William Keith JACOBSEN	葉偉其	120	_		_	120
WU Wang Li	吳弘理	120	_		-	120
NG Wai Hung	吳偉雄	240			_	240
		480		_	-	480
		2,093	9/-	63	_	2,156

On 6 April 2011, Mr. LEUNG Chau Ping, Paul was re-designated from the position as an executive director of the Company to a non-executive director and resigned as chief executive. Since then and up to the date of approval of financial statements, the position of chief executive has not been appointed. During the current financial year when no chief executive was appointed, the functions of chief executive have been performed by the executive directors with the assistance of the management of the Company

Therefore, the executive directors together act as the chief executive of the Company and are responsible for the Company's day to day management and overall activities. The remuneration of executive directors for 2016 and 2017 are disclosed above.

There was no arrangement under which a director has waived or agreed to waive any remuneration.

During the year ended 31 March 2016 and 2017, no emolument was paid by the Group to the directors as an inducement to join or upon joining the Group or as compensation for loss of office.

於二零一一年四月六日,梁秋平先生由本公司執行董事調任為非執行董事,並辭任行政總裁職務。自此至批准財務報表日期,行政總裁一職尚未委任。於本財政年度行政總裁職位懸空期間,行政總裁之職務於本公司管理層之協助下由執行董事履行。

因此,執行董事同時擔任本公司最高行政人員,負責本公司日常管理及整體業務。執行董事於二零一六年及二零一七之薪酬於上文披露。

概無董事放棄或同意放棄任何酬金之安排。

截至二零一六年及二零一七年三月三十一日止年度內,本集團並無向董事 支付酬金,以作為彼等加入或於加入本 集團時之獎勵或離職補償。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

#### 14. INDIVIDUALS WITH HIGHEST EMOLUMENTS

# The five highest paid individuals during the year included two (2016: two) directors, details of whose emoluments are set out in Note 13 above. The aggregate of the emoluments of the remaining three (2016: three) non-directors and non-chief executive, highest paid individuals were as follows:

#### 14. 最高薪人士

年內五名最高薪人士包括兩名(二零一六年:兩名)董事,有關彼等之酬金詳情載於上文附註13。餘下三名(二零一六年:三名)最高薪非董事及非行政總裁人士之酬金總額如下:

		2017 二零一七年 HK\$'000 港幣千元	2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000 港幣千元
Salaries and other emoluments Retirement scheme contributions Share-based payment	薪金及其他酬金 退休計劃供款 以股份支付	2,025 90 –	1,962 88 -
		2,115	2,050

The emoluments of the non-director and non-chief executive, highest paid individuals fell within the following bands:

最高薪非董事及非行政總裁人士之酬金介平以下範圍:

#### Number of individuals 僱員數目

		<b>2017</b> 二零一七年	2016 二零一六年
HK\$Nil to HK\$1,000,000	港幣零元至港幣1,000,000元	2	2
HK\$1,000,001 to HK\$1,500,000	港幣1,000,001元至		
	港幣1,500,000元	1	1
HK\$1,500,001 to HK\$2,000,000	港幣1,500,001元至 港幣2,000,000元	_	_
HK\$2,000,001 to HK\$2,500,000	港幣2,000,001元至		
	港幣2,500,000 元	_	<u> </u>
		3	3

During the years ended 31 March 2017 and 31 March 2016, no emolument was paid by the Group to such individuals as an inducement to join or upon joining the Group or as compensation for loss of office.

截至二零一七年三月三十一日及二零 一六年三月三十一日止年度內,本集團 並無向有關人士支付酬金,以作為彼等 加入或於加入本集團時之獎勵或離職補 償。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

# 15. INCOME TAX EXPENSES (RELATING TO CONTINUING OPERATIONS)

- (a) Income tax in the consolidated statement of profit or loss represents:
- **15.** 所得税開支(有關持續經營業務)
  - (a) 綜合損益表之所得税代表:

		2017 二零一七年 HK\$'000 港幣千元	2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000 港幣千元
Current tax  - Hong Kong Profits Tax  - Current year	<b>即期税項 一香港利得税</b> 一本年度	-	
Current tax - PRC Enterprise Income Tax - Current year	<b>即期税項</b> <b>-中國企業所得税</b> -本年度	-	- 1 -
<ul><li>Deferred tax</li><li>Origination and reversal of temporary differences</li></ul>	<b>遞延税項</b> 一產生及撥回暫時差額	(30,493)	(5,545)
Tax charge/(credit)	税項收取/(抵免)	(30,493)	(5,545)

- i) Hong Kong Profits Tax has been provided at the rate of 16.5% of the estimated assessable profits arising in Hong Kong for the year ended 31 March 2017 and 2016.
- ii) Brazil income tax rate is 34% (2016: 34%) of the estimated assessable profits arising in Brazil. No Brazil income tax has been provided for in the financial statements as the Brazil's subsidiary has no assessable profit for both years.

PRC subsidiaries are subject to PRC Enterprise Income Tax at 25% (2016: 25%).

Taxation arising in other jurisdictions is calculated at the rates prevailing in the relevant jurisdictions.

- i) 截至二零一七年及二零一六年 三月三十一日止年度,香港利 得税根據於香港產生之估計應 課税溢利按税率16.5%計提撥 備。
- ii) 巴西所得税根據於巴西產生之 估計應課税溢利之税率為34% (二零一六年:34%)。由於巴 西附屬公司於兩個年度均無應 課稅溢利,故並無就巴西所得 税於財務報表計提撥備。

中國附屬公司須按照中國企業所得税率25%繳稅(二零一六年: 25%)。

於其他司法權區產生之稅項按相關司法權區之適用稅率計算。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

# 15. INCOME TAX EXPENSES (RELATING TO CONTINUING OPERATIONS) (Continued)

- (b) Reconciliation between tax expense and accounting loss at applicable tax rates:
- 15. 所得税開支(有關持續經營業務)
  - (b) 採用適用税率計算之税項開支 與會計虧損之對賬:

		2017 二零一七年 HK\$'000 港幣千元	2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000 港幣千元
Loss before taxation	除税前虧損	(32,037)	(38,616)
Notional tax on loss before taxation, calculated at the rates applicable to loss in the countries concerned Tax effect of non-taxable income Tax effect of non-deductible expenses Tax effect of unused tax losses not recognised Tax effect arising from reversal of temporary differences recognised Tax effect of temporary differences not recognised Utilisation of previously unrecognised tax losses	按有關國家適用於虧損之 税率計算之除稅前虧損之 名義稅項 毋須課稅收入之稅務影響 不可認未動用稅項虧損之 稅務影響 檢內已確認暫時差額之 稅務影響 尚未確認之暫時差額稅務影響 尚未確認之暫時差額稅務影響	(11,517) (10,631) 2,674 197 (30,493) 19,277	(11,664) (205) 12,106 65 (5,545) (100) (202)
Tax credit	税項抵免	(30,493)	(5,545)

# (c) Tax effect relating to each component of other comprehensive loss

#### (c) 其他全面虧損各組成部分之税 務影響

			2017			2016	
			二零一七年			二零一六年	
			Tax			Tax	
		Before tax	(expenses)/	Net-of-tax	Before tax	(expenses)/	Net-of-tax
		amount	benefit	amount	amount	benefit	amount
			税項			税項	
			(開支)/	扣除税項後		(開支)/	扣除税項後
		除税前數額	優惠	數額	除税前數額	優惠	數額
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		港幣千元	港幣千元	港幣千元	港幣千元	港幣千元	港幣千元
Exchange differences on translation of financial statements of overseas	換算海外附屬公司 財務報表所產生 匯兑差額						
subsidiaries		7,828	-	7,828	(5,026)	-	(5,026)
		7,828	-	7,828	(5,026)	-	(5,026)

#### 16. DIVIDENDS

The directors of the Company do not propose the payment of any dividend for the year ended 31 March 2017 (2016: HK\$Nii).

#### 16. 股息

本公司董事並不建議派付截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度之任何股息(二零一六年:港幣零元)。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

#### 17. LOSS PER SHARE

Loss

Loss

#### (a) For continuing and discontinuing operations

The calculation of basic and diluted loss per share is based on the loss attributable to the owners of the Company as follows and the reconciliation of the weighted average number of shares as shown in Note (d):

#### 17. 每股虧損

#### (a) 持續及已終止經營業務

每股基本及攤薄虧損乃根據以下本 公司擁有人應佔虧損及附註(d)所示 之股份加權平均數對賬計算:

2017	2016
二零一七年	二零一六年
HK\$'000	HK\$'000
港幣千元	港幣千元

(1,751)

(33,077)

Diluted loss per share equals to the basic loss per share for the

虧損

虧損

用以計算每股基本及

攤薄虧損之虧損

用以計算每股基本及

攤薄虧損之虧損

years ended 31 March 2017 and 2016 because the outstanding convertible preferred shares, share options, warrants and other potential ordinary shares in issue had an anti-dilutive effect on the basic loss per share.

(b) For continuing operations

Loss for the purpose of basic and diluted loss per share

Loss for the purpose of basic

and diluted loss per share

The calculation of basic and diluted loss per share from continuing operations is based on the loss attributable to the owners of the Company as follow and the reconciliation of the weighted average number of shares as shown in Note (d):

由於尚未行使之可換股優先股、購 股權、認股權證以及其他已發行潛 在普通股之每股基本虧損具反攤 薄影響,故截至二零一七年及二零 一六年三月三十一日止年度之每股 攤薄虧損相等於每股基本虧損。

#### (b) 持續經營業務

持續經營業務之每股基本及攤薄虧 損乃根據以下本公司擁有人應佔虧 損及附註(d)所示之股份加權平均數 對賬計算:

2017 二零一七年 HK\$'000 港幣千元	2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000 港幣千元
(1 544)	(33,079)

Diluted loss per share equals to the basic loss per share for

the years 31 March 2017 and 2016 because the outstanding convertible preferred shares, share options, warrants and other potential ordinary shares in issue had an anti-dilutive effect on the basic loss per share.

由於尚未行使之可換股優先股、購 股權、認股權證以及其他已發行潛 在普通股之每股基本虧損具反攤 薄影響,故截至二零一七年及二零 一六年三月三十一日止年度之每股 攤薄虧損相等於每股基本虧損。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

#### 17. LOSS PER SHARE (Continued)

# (c) For discontinued operations Basic (loss)/earnings per share

Basic loss per share for the discontinued operations is HK\$0.002 cent (2016: earnings per share of HK\$0.00002 cent) per share which is based on the loss from the discontinued operations of HK\$207,000 (2016: profit of HK\$2,000) and the denominators used as shown in Note (d).

Diluted (loss)/earnings per share equals to the basic (loss)/ earnings per share for the years 31 March 2017 and 2016 because the outstanding convertible preferred shares, share options, warrants and other potential ordinary shares in issue had an anti-dilutive effect on the basic (loss)/earnings per share.

#### (d) Weighted average number of shares

#### 17. 每股虧損(續)

#### (c) 已終止經營業務 每股基本(虧損)/盈利

已終止經營業務之每股基本虧損為每股港幣0.002仙(二零一六年:每股盈利港幣0.00002仙),乃根據已終止經營業務之虧損港幣207,000元(二零一六年:溢利港幣2,000元)及附註(d)所示所用之分母計算。

由於尚未行使之可換股優先股、購股權、認股權證以及其他已發行潛在普通股之每股基本(虧損)/盈利具反攤薄影響,故截至二零一七年及二零一六年三月三十一日止年度之每股攤薄(虧損)/盈利相等於每股基本(虧損)/盈利。

#### (d) 股份加權平均數

		2017 二零一七年 '000 千股	2016 二零一六年 '000 千股
Number of Shares Weighted average number of ordinary shares for the purpose of basic and diluted loss per share	<b>股份數目</b> 用以計算每股基本及攤薄虧損 之普通股加權平均數	8,910,207	8,909,619

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

# 18. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT 18. 物業、廠房及設備

			Freehold Land 永久	Property	Furniture and fixtures	Machinery, engineering and other equipment 機器、工程及	Motor vehicles	Total
			業權土地 (Note a) (附註a)	物業	傢俬及裝置	其他設備	汽車	總計
		Notes 附註	( <i>附註a)</i> HK\$'000 港幣千元	HK\$'000 港幣千元	HK\$'000 港幣千元	HK\$'000 港幣千元	HK\$'000 港幣千元	HK\$'000 港幣千元
Cost	成本							
At 1 April 2015	於二零一五年				4.000			407.000
A 1 Pr	四月一日		113,733	3,220	4,678	3,851	1,740	127,222
Additions	添置	40	-	_	48	_	_	48
Reclassified as held for sale	重新分類為持作	12		(0.000)	(100)			(0.400)
Exchange movement	待售 匯兑變動		(11,904)	(3,220)	(186) (217)	(83)	_	(3,406) (12,204)
Exonange movement	<b>运</b> 儿交到	_	(11,004)		(211)	(00)		(12,204)
At 31 March 2016	於二零一六年							
	三月三十一日		101,829	-	4,323	3,768	1,740	111,660
		_			4 1			
At 1 April 2016	於二零一六年							
	四月一日		101,829	-	4,323	3,768	1,740	111,660
Derecognised on disposal	出售附屬公司時							
of subsidiaries	終止確認			-	(3,845)	(1,405)	-	(5,250)
Transfer to intangible assets	轉撥至無形資產	19 _	(101,829)	-	-		-	(101,829)
At 31 March 2017	於二零一十年							
7 tt 0 7 1VIQIOI1 2017	三月三十一日			1 1	478	2,363	1,740	4,581

綜合財務報表附註 For the year ended 31 March 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (Continued)					18. 物業、廠房及設備(續)				
			Freehold Land 永久 業權土地 (Note a) (附註a)	Property 物業	Furniture and fixtures 傢俬及裝置	Machinery, engineering and other equipment 機器、工程及 其他設備	Motor vehicles 汽車	Total 總計	
		Notes	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	
		附註	港幣千元	港幣千元	港幣千元	港幣千元	港幣千元	港幣千元	
Accumulated depreciation and impairment losses	累計折舊及減值虧損								
At 1 April 2015	於二零一五年 四月一日		7,625	170	4,373	2,745	1,740	16,653	
Charge for the year	本年度扣除		_	168	135	118	-	421	
Impairment Reclassified as held for sale	減值 重新分類為持作	12	9,700	7	-	A		9,700	
Exchange movement	待售 匯兑變動	_	- (1,004)	(338)	(134) (199)	- (17)		(472) (1,220)	
At 31 March 2016	於二零一六年 三月三十一日		16,321		4,175	2,846	1,740	25,082	
At 1 April 2016	於二零一六年	_							
	四月一日		16,321	-	4,175	2,846	1,740	25,082	
Charge for the year Elimination on disposal of	本年度扣除 出售附屬公司		-	-	8	100	-	108	
subsidiaries Transfer to intangible assets	時撇銷 轉撥至無形資產	19	- (16,321)	-	(3,727)	(583)	-	(4,310) (16,321)	
Transfer to intangible assets	特饭主無ル貝庄	19 _	(10,321)	_			<del>_</del>	(10,321)	
At 31 March 2017	於二零一七年 三月三十一日				450	0.000	1.740	4.550	
	二月二十一日	_	-		456	2,363	1,740	4,559	
Carrying amounts	賬面值								
At 31 March 2016	於二零一六年 三月三十一日				22		( <del>-</del> 11 -	22	
At 31 March 2015	於二零一五年								
	三月三十一日		85,508	-	148	922	-	86,578	

18.

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

#### 18. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (Continued)

Notes:

- (a) The freehold land is held in Amazon Region, Brazil where the 44,500-hectare natural forest is located (Note 21). As mentioned in Note 40, UTRB had litigations with third parties, and they filed a precautionary injunction to prevent UTRB of selling its freehold land without properly paying possible claim to them.
- (b) At 31 March 2016, the Group's property in Hong Kong with the carrying amount of approximately HK\$2,882,000 were pledged to secure the bank loans granted to the Group (Note 29). The property was reclassified as held for sale as at 31 March 2016, details of which are set out in notes 11 and 12.

At 31 March 2017, no Group's property in Hong Kong were pledged to secure the bank loans granted to the Group.

(c) Since the Group suspended harvesting operations in the State of Acre, Brazil due to the unfavourable business environment in 2012, the Group has been continuing to explore the optimal way to enhance the income stream from its forest assets in the State of Acre, Brazil. However, due to the prolonged unstable economic environment in Brazil and in view of the possibility of facing similar extortion threats from local parties in Brazil as the Group had experienced in previous years, operating the forest assets through own harvesting was still considered to be unfavourable to the Group. Therefore, the board of directors decided to change the operation model to leasing out the forest in June 2014. Since then, the Group has been actively looking for potential tenants to lease the forests. On the other hand, in each financial year, the Group also continued to assess the feasibility of other operation models such as turning back to own harvesting or realise benefit through disposal of the forests.

During the financial year ended 31 March 2016, the board of director performed the impairment assessment for the freehold land. The estimate of recoverable amount was based on the freehold land fair values less costs of disposal, using direct comparison method under market approach, performed by the professional valuer. As at 31 March 2016, the board of directors impaired the freehold land in Brazil's subsidiary with an amount of HK\$9,700,000 in sustainable forest management segment by written down the carrying amount to the estimated recoverable amount of the freehold land.

During the financial year ended 31 March 2017, the board of director reassessed the feasibility of the other operation models. For own harvesting, it was found that the business plan is not beneficial to the Group with reference to the market price of the hardwood logs and the estimated operating costs. For disposing the forests, it was found that the sales market for forests with similar size as compared to the Group in Brazil was very limited and no similar sales transactions in the past two years. As a result, the board of directors considers the leasing of forests is the most feasible business plan for the Group. Therefore, the board of directors decided to focus on leasing of forest and considered to transfer the biological assets and freehold land to intangible assets.

During the financial year ended 31 March 2017, the Group in total leased out approximately 3,400 ha of the forest areas to independent third parties and generated licensing income. As at the end of the reporting period, the board of directors reassessed the carrying amount of the intangible assets and recognised an impairment of intangible assets HK\$89,674,000 during the year by written down the carrying amount to the estimated recoverable amount of the intangible assets.

(d) The analysis of carrying amounts of property is as follows:

#### 18. 物業、廠房及設備(續)

附註:

- (a) 永久業權土地為位於巴西亞馬遜地區44,500 公頃天然森林(附註21)所在地。誠如附註40 所述,UTRB與第三方有訴訟,而對方已申請 預防性禁止令,以防UTRB在向其適當支付可 能之索償前出售其永久業權土地。
- (b) 於二零一六年三月三十一日,本集團位於香港之賬面值約港幣2,882,000元之物業已作為本集團獲授銀行貸款之抵押(附註29)。該物業於二零一六年三月三十一日重新分類為持作待售,有關詳情載於附註11及12。

於二零一七年三月三十一日,概無本集團位於 香港之任何物業作為本集團獲授銀行貸款之 抵押。

(c) 自本集團因營商環境不佳而於二零一二年暫停巴西亞克里州之伐木業務以來,本集團一直在不懈採尋提升其巴西亞克里州森粹資產收入來源之最優方式。然而、因巴西臨其過往年度曾經歷過的來自巴西當地各方之類似對索威脅,故以自有伐木之方式經營森林資產仍四年六月決定將經營模式改為出租森林。自此,本集團一直積極尋求租賃森林上潛在租戶時人,沒有於多財政年度,本集團亦持續評估其他經營模式之可行性,如轉回自稅木經營模式或透過出售森林賺取利益。

截至二零一六年三月三十一日止財政年度,董事會對永久業權土地進行減值評估。可收回金額乃由專業估值師使用市場法項下之直接比較法根據永久業權土地之公平值減出售成本估計。於二零一六年三月三十一日,董事會透過撤減賬面值至永久業權土地之估計可分部之永久業權土地作出減值港幣9,700,000元。

截至二零一七年三月三十一日止財政年度,董事會重新評估其他經營模式之可行性。就自有伐木而言,經參考硬木之市價及估計經營成本後,該業務計劃對本集團而言並無裨益。就出售森林而言,在巴西與本集團規模相若之森林之銷售市場極為有限,且於過往兩年內並無類似銷售交易。因此,董事會認計劃。因此,董事會決定專注於森林租賃,並認為應將生物資產及永久業權土地轉為無形資產。

截至二零一七年三月三十一日止財政年度,本集團合共向獨立第三方租出約3,400公頃之森林面積,並產生許可證收入。於報告期末, 森林面積,並產生許可證收入。於報告期末, 就賬面值至無形資產之賬面值,並透過撤 減賬面值至無形資產減值港幣89,674,000元。

(d) 物業之賬面值分析如下:

		2017 二零一七年 HK\$'000 港幣千元	HK\$'000
In Hong Kong:  – medium-term leases	香港: 一中期租賃	-	

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

#### 19. INTANGIBLE ASSETS

#### 19. 無形資產

		Patent 專利權 HK\$'000 港幣千元	Sales contracts 銷售合約 HK\$'000 港幣千元	Trademark 商標 HK\$'000 港幣千元	Money Lending Licence 放債人牌照 HK\$'000 港幣千元	Harvesting rights 代木權 HK\$*000 港幣千元	<b>Total</b> 總計 HK\$'000 港幣千元
At 1 April 2015, 31 March 2016	於二零一五年四月一日、	17/					
and 1 April 2016	二零一六年三月三十一日及						
	二零一六年四月一日	4,419	17,251	25,924	94	_	47,688
Derecognised on disposal of	出售附屬公司時終止確認						
subsidiaries		(4,419)	(17,251)	(25,924)	-	_	(47,594)
Transfer from property, plant and	自物業、廠房及設備轉撥						
equipment		-	<del>-</del>	-	-	85,508	85,508
Transfer from biological assets	自生物資產轉撥	-	-	-	_		-
Exchange movement	匯兑變動	-	-	A.N		16,678	16,678
At 31 March 2017	於二零一七年三月三十一日	-	-		94	102,186	102,280
Accumulated amortisation and impairment losses	累計攤銷及減值虧損						
At 1 April 2015,	於二零一五年四月一日、						
31 March 2016 and	二零一六年三月三十一日及						
1 April 2016	二零一六年四月一日	4,419	17,251	25,924			47,594
Impairment	減值	-	-	-	-	89,674	89,674
Eliminated on disposals of subsidiaries	出售附屬公司時撤銷	(4.410)	(17.051)	(25,924)			(47 504)
Exchange movement	<b></b>	(4,419)	(17,251)	(25,924)	9 7	2,671	(47,594) 2,671
ŭ	於二零一七年三月三十一日			<del> </del>			
At 31 March 2017	<b>ぶ</b> <u></u> 令─七十二月二十一日 <b>-</b>		_			92,345	92,345
Carrying amount	賬面值						
At 31 March 2017	於二零一七年三月三十一日		4 ] <u>-</u> -	_	94	9,841	9,935
	·						
At 31 March 2016	於二零一六年三月三十一日	-	_	_	94		94

i) The Group acquired the patent for the "curved floor panels", outstanding sales contracts and the registered trademark "新綠洲" through the acquisition of Originate Tech Global Investments Limited and its subsidiaries on 2 August 2011. These intangible assets were valued by an independent valuer as at the date of acquisition at HK\$48 million.

In previous years, the results of manufacturing and sale of timber products incurred loss. The net loss was primarily attributable to the rapid slow down of the property market and falling property prices in the PRC. As a result of the uncertainties in the PRC economy and continued depressed timber demand and prices, the Group impaired the value of the intangible assets related to manufacturing and sale of timber products. The Group disposed the subsidiaries during the year.

i) 於二零一一年八月二日,本集團透過收購創科環球投資有限公司及其附屬公司取得「曲線地板」之專利權、未完成銷售合約及註冊商標「新綠洲」。獨立估值師就該等無形資產於收購日期所作估值為港幣48,000,000元。

於過往年度,製造及銷售木材產品業績錄得虧損。虧損淨額主要級來來與物業市場於短時間內放緩經濟明期以及木材需求及價格持需求及價格持需求及價格持需求及價格持不受壓,本集團將對與製造及銷售作出產品有關之無形資產之價值關屬公無的。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

#### 19. INTANGIBLE ASSETS (Continued)

 The Group acquired the money-lending licence through the acquisition of Asset Bridge Development Limited.

As there is no change for the recoverable amount of the intangible assets, no reversal of impairment is provided for the years ended 31 March 2017 and 2016.

The Group's forest assets, acquired through the business combination of Amplewell Holdings Limited ("Amplewell") and its subsidiaries ("Amplewell Group"), are located in the Northwest of Brazil, the State of Acre, Amazon Region (the "Brazil Forest"). At 31 March 2017 and 2016, the biological assets represent natural tropical forests. The total area of the Brazil Forest is approximately 44,500 hectares. Under the environmental laws in Brazil, 20% or 8,939 hectares of the Brazil Forest area is the permanent preservation area and therefore is restricted from logging. At least 80% of the remaining area is designated as the sustainable forest management area and the balance is the permissible clear cut area that has no restriction on felling under the environmental laws of Brazil. In the sustainable forest management area, minimum impact logging techniques are used and forests are managed in a sustainable manner which means that the harvesting rate is below the overall natural growth of the forest. The main objective in sustainable forest management program is to ensure the substance of the forests be preserved. The maximum logging rate allowed under relevant regulations governing sustainable forest management is 30 cubic meters per hectare, an average, over a 25 to 30 year harvesting cycle.

During the financial year ended 31 March 2017, the board of directors reassessed the feasibility of the other operation models and considers the leasing of forests is the most feasible business plan for the Group. Therefore, the board of directors decided to focus on leasing of forest and considered to transfer the biological assets and freehold land to intangible assets.

As the result of the change in the business model, the Group carried out a review of the recoverable amount of the harvesting rights. The recoverable amount of the relevant assets has been determined on the basis of their fair value less cost to sell. In addition, the Group engaged Greater China Appraisal Limited, an independent qualified professional valuer not connected with the Group. The fair value of the harvesting rights are based on the income approach. The discount rate adopted was 17.29% as at 31 March 2017. The board of directors recognised an impairment loss of HK\$89,674,000 in the profit or loss during the year 2017.

#### 19. 無形資產(續)

ii) 本集團透過收購資財發展有限公司 獲得放債人牌照。

由於無形資產之可收回金額並無變動,故並無於截至二零一七年及二零一六年三月三十一日止年度計提減值撥回。

本集團透過合併沛源控股有限公司 (「沛源」)及其附屬公司(「沛源集 團」)之業務取得之森林資產位於 巴西西北部之亞克里州亞馬遜叢林 區(「巴西森林」)。於二零一七年及 二零一六年三月三十一日,生物資 產指天然熱帶森林。巴西森林之總 面積約為44,500公頃。根據巴西之 環保法律,巴西森林面積之20%或 8,939公頃為永久保護區,故嚴禁在 此範圍內進行砍伐。餘下範圍最少 80%指定作為可持續森林管理區, 根據巴西環保法,其餘範圍屬並無 砍伐限制之砍伐區。在可持續森林 管理範圍內,已採用構成最低影響 之砍伐技術,而森林乃以可持續之 方式管理,保持砍伐比率低於森林 整體天然生長速度。可持續森林管 理計劃之主要目的為確保森林內之 林木得到保護。可持續森林管理之 相關監管規例容許之最大砍伐率為 於二十五至三十年之砍伐周期內平 均每公顷30立方米。

截至二零一七年三月三十一日止財政年度,董事會重新評估其他經營模式之可行性及認為租賃森林對本集團而言屬最為可行之業務計劃。因此,董事會決定專注於森林租賃,並認為應將生物資產及永久業權土地轉為無形資產。

因業務模式變動,本集團對伐木權之可收回金額進行審閱。相關資產之可收回金額乃按公平值減出售成本之基準釐定。此外,本集團已資本之基準釐定。此外,本集團已資本集團並無關連之獨立合資。伐木權之公平值乃以收入法為基準。於二零一七年三月三十一日所採納之折讓率為17.29%。董事會已於二零一七年內之損益內確認減值虧損89,674,000港元。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

#### 20. INVESTMENT PROPERTIES

The Group's property interests held to earn rentals are measured using the fair value model and are classified and accounted for as investment properties.

#### 20. 投資物業

本集團持有物業權益以賺取租金,有關權益按公平值模型計量,並分類及入賬 為投資物業。

		2017 二零一七年 HK\$'000 港幣千元	2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000 港幣千元
At fair value At 1 April Changes in fair value	按公平值 於四月一日 公平值變動	24,702 4,321	24,778 (76)
At 31 March	於三月三十一日	29,023	24,702

All of the Group's investment properties are situated in Hong Kong and are held under medium-term leases.

The investment properties are leased to third parties under operating leases, further details of which are included in Note 38(b) to the consolidated financial statements.

All of the Group's investment properties were pledged to secure bank loans granted to the Group (Note 29).

## a) Fair value measurement of investment properties

i) Fair value hierarchy

The following table presents the fair value of the Group's investment properties measured at the end of the reporting period on a recurring basis, categorised into the three-level fair value hierarchy as defined in IFRS 13 Fair Value Measurement. The level into which a fair value measurement is classified is determined with reference to the observability and significance of the inputs used in the valuation technique as follows:

- Level 1 valuations: Fair value measured using only Level 1 inputs i.e. unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities at the measurement date
- Level 2 valuations: Fair value measured using Level 2 inputs i.e. observable inputs which fail to meet Level 1, and not using significant unobservable inputs. Unobservable inputs are inputs for which market data are not available.
- Level 3 valuations: Fair value measured using significant unobservable inputs

本集團所有投資物業均位於香港,按中期租賃持有。

該等投資物業按經營租賃出租予第三方,進一步詳情載於綜合財務報表附註 38(b)。

本集團所有投資物業均已抵押,作為本集團獲授貸款之擔保(附註**29**)。

#### a) 投資物業公平值計量 i) 公平值等級

下表列示本集團投資物業之公 平值,其按經常基準於報告期 末計量,分為三個公平值等級 (定義見國際財務報告準則第 13號公平值計量)。釐定公平 值計量分類層級時,乃參照估 值技術所用輸入數據是否屬可 觀察及其重要性:

- 第一級估值:僅使用第一級輸入數據(即於計量日 同類資產或負債於活躍 市場之未經調整報價)計 量之公平值
- 第二級估值:使用第二級輸入數據(即未能符合第一級之可觀察輸入數據而並不使用重大不可觀察輸入數據計量之公平值。不可觀察輸入數據之輸入數據)。
- 第三級估值:使用重大不可觀察輸入數據計量之公平值

綜合財務報表附註

Group

Recurring fair value measurement

> Investment properties in Hong Kong

For the year ended 31 March 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

#### 20. INVESTMENT PROPERTIES (Continued)

- a) Fair value measurement of investment properties
  - Fair value hierarchy (Continued)

#### 20. 投資物業(續)

a) 投資物業公平值計量(續)

公平值等級(續)

	Fair value measurements as at 31 March 2017 categorised into 於二零一七年三月三十一日分類為以下等級之 公平值計量				
	Fair value at 31 March 2017	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	
	於二零一七年 三月三十一日 之公平值 <b>HK\$</b> '000	第一級 <b>HK\$'000</b>	第二級 <b>HK\$'000</b>	第三級 <b>HK\$'000</b>	
	港幣千元	港幣千元	港幣千元	港幣千元	
本集團 經常性公平值計量					
香港投資物業	29,023	-	29,023		

Fair value measurements as at 31 March 2016 categorised into 於二零一六年三月三十一日分類為以下等級之 公平值計量

Fair value at 31 March 2016 於二零一六年	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
三月三十一日 之公平值 HK\$'000 港幣千元	第一級 HK\$'000 港幣千元	第二級 HK\$'000 港幣千元	第三級 HK\$'000 港幣千元

Group Recurring fair value measurement Investment properties in Hong Kong

本集團 經常性公平值計量

香港投資物業

24,702

During the year ended 31 March 2017, there were no transfers between Level 1 and Level 2, or transfers into or out of Level 3 (2016: nil). The Group's policy is to recognise transfers between levels of the fair value hierarchy as at the end of the reporting period in which they occur.

於截至二零一七年三月三十一 日止年度,第一級與第二級之 間概無轉移,亦無轉出或轉入 第三級(二零一六:無)。本集 團之政策為於公平值等級間發 生轉移之報告期末確認有關轉

24,702

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

#### 20. INVESTMENT PROPERTIES (Continued)

#### Fair value measurement of investment properties (Continued)

## ii) Valuation techniques and inputs used in Level 2 fair value measurements

All of the Group's investment properties were revalued as at 31 March 2017 on market comparison approach by reference to recent sales price of comparable properties on a price per square foot basis using market data which is publicly available. The investment properties were revalued by Peak Vision Appraisals Limited, an independent professional valuer, who has a recognised and relevant professional qualification and recent experience in the location and category of properties being revalued. The directors of the Company have discussion with the surveyors on the valuation assumptions and valuation results when the valuation is performed at annual reporting date.

## 21. BIOLOGICAL ASSETS The Group

#### 20. 投資物業(續)

a) 投資物業公平值計量(續)

#### ii) 第二級公平值計量所用估值 技術及輸入數據

## **21.** 生物資產本集團

		2017 二零一七年 HK\$'000 港幣千元	2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000 港幣千元
At beginning of the year Changes in fair value less costs to sell Transfer to intangible assets Exchange movement	於年初 公平值變動減銷售成本 轉撥至無形資產 匯兑變動	- - - -	=
At end of the year	於年終	-	_

The Group's forest assets, acquired through the business combination of Amplewell Holdings Limited ("Amplewell") and its subsidiaries ("Amplewell Group"), are located in the Northwest of Brazil, the State of Acre, Amazon Region (the "Brazil Forest"). At 31 March 2017 and 2016, the biological assets represent natural tropical forests. The total area of the Brazil Forest is approximately 44,500 hectares. Under the environmental laws in Brazil, 20% or 8,939 hectares of the Brazil Forest area is the permanent preservation area and therefore is restricted from logging. At least 80% of the remaining area is designated as the sustainable forest management area and the balance is the permissible clear cut area that has no restriction on felling under the environmental laws of Brazil. In the sustainable forest management area, minimum impact logging techniques are used and forests are managed in a sustainable manner which means that the harvesting rate is below the overall natural growth of the forest. The main objective in sustainable forest management program is to ensure the substance of the forests be preserved. The maximum logging rate allowed under relevant regulations governing sustainable forest management is 30 cubic meters per hectare, an average, over a 25 to 30 year harvesting cycle.

本集團透過合併沛源控股有限公司(「沛 源」)及其附屬公司(「沛源集團」)之業 務取得之森林資產位於巴西西北部之亞 克里州亞馬遜叢林區(「巴西森林」)。 於二零一七年及二零一六年三月三十一 日,生物資產指天然熱帶森林。巴西森林 之總面積約為44.500公頃。根據巴西之 環保法律,巴西森林面積之20%或8,939 公頃為永久保護區,故嚴禁在此範圍內 進行砍伐。餘下範圍最少80%指定作為 可持續森林管理區,根據巴西環保法, 其餘範圍屬並無砍伐限制之砍伐區。在 可持續森林管理範圍內,已採用構成最 低影響之砍伐技術,而森林乃以可持續 之方式管理,保持砍伐比率低於森林整 體天然生長速度。可持續森林管理計劃 之主要目的為確保森林內之林木得到保 護。可持續森林管理之相關監管規例容 許之最大砍伐率為於二十五至三十年之 砍伐周期內平均每公顷30立方米。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

#### 21. BIOLOGICAL ASSETS (Continued)

On 27 March 2012, the board decided to suspend harvesting operations in Acre for 1 year until the operating environment for Universal Timber Resources do Brasil Ltda. ("UTRB"), a subsidiary within the Group, is improved. UTRB and its staff had been harassed by the alleged agent ("Alleged Agent") of a main contractor ("Main Contractor") in the tree felling service project in Rondonia. Not only was the tree felling service project adversely affected by the Alleged Agent, he also created a difficult and hostile environment for UTRB and its staff in Brazil. Since the harassments began in February 2011, the Alleged Agent harassed UTRB's staff and their family with death threats in numerous instances. The Group's employees especially in Brazil were scared and UTRB had experienced high turnover of personnel. As such, it was decided to suspend harvesting operations in Acre to address the concerns of its staff.

Since the Group suspended harvesting operations in the State of Acre, Brazil due to the unfavourable business environment in 2012, the Group has been continuing to explore the optimal way to enhance the income stream from its forest assets in the State of Acre, Brazil. However, due to the prolonged unstable economic environment in Brazil and in view of the possibility of facing similar extortion threats from local parties in Brazil as the Group had experienced in previous years, operating the forest assets through own harvesting was still considered to be unfavourable to the Group. Therefore, the board of directors decided to change the operation model to leasing out the forest in June 2014. Since then, the Group has been actively looking for potential tenants to lease the forests. On the other hand, in each financial year, the Group also continued to assess the feasibility of other operation models such as turning back to own harvesting or realise benefit through disposal of the forests.

During the financial year ended 31 March 2017, the board of directors reassessed the feasibility of the other operation models. For own harvesting, it was found that the business plan is not beneficial to the Group with reference to the market price of the hardwood logs and the estimated operating costs. For disposing the forests, it was found that the sales market for forests with similar size as compared to the Group in Brazil was very limited and no similar sales transactions in the past two years. As a result, the board of directors considers the leasing of forests is the most feasible business plan for the Group. Therefore, the board of directors decided to focus on leasing of forest and considered to transfer the biological assets and freehold land to intangible assets.

#### 21. 生物資產(續)

於二零一二年三月二十七日,董事會決 定暫停亞克里州之伐木業務一年,直至 Universal Timber Resources do Brasil Ltda.(「UTRB」,本集團之附屬公司)之 經營環境有所改善為止。UTRB及其員工 在朗多尼亞州之伐木服務項目上被主承 包商(「主承包商」)之指稱代理(「指稱 代理」)騷擾。指稱代理不單為伐木服務 項目帶來不利影響,彼亦令UTRB及其員 工在巴西面對艱鉅及敵對局面。自騷擾 事件於二零一一年二月開始發生以來, 指稱代理多次以死亡威脅騷擾UTRB員 工及彼等之家人。本集團之僱員,特別於 巴西之僱員深感恐懼,導致UTRB之員工 流失率高企。因此, 亞克里州之伐木業務 決定暫停,以表示對其員工之關注。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

GOODWILL		22. 商譽				
		Sustainable forest management (Note i) 可持續森林 管理業務 (附註 i) HK\$'000	Manufacturing and sale of timber products (Note ii) 製造及銷售 木材產品 (附註i) HK\$'000	Total 總計 HK\$'000		
		港幣千元	港幣千元	港幣千元		
Cost At 1 April 2015, 31 March 2016 Derecognised on disposal of	成本 於二零一五年四月一日、 二零一六年三月三十一日 出售附屬公司時終止確認	1,686,883	77,353	1,764,236		
subsidiaries	山岳門屬厶刊吋於Ш唯吣	- ///	(77,353)	(77,353)		
31 March 2017	二零一七年三月三十一日	1,686,883	-	1,686,883		
Accumulated impairment At 1 April 2015, 31 March 2016	<b>累計減值</b> 於二零一五年四月一日、 二零一六年三月三十一日	1,686,883	77,353	1,764,236		
Eliminated on disposal of	出售附屬公司時終止撤銷	1,000,000				
subsidiaries			(77,353)	(77,353)		
31 March 2017	二零一七年三月三十一日	1,686,883	<u>-</u> -	1,686,883		
Carrying amounts At 31 March 2017	<b>賬面值</b> 於二零一七年三月三十一日	<u> </u>				
At 31 March 2016	於二零一六年三月三十一日		-	N P _		
Notos		似台主・				

Notes:

#### (i) Sustainable forest management

The goodwill arising from the acquisition of the sustainable forest management cash generating unit in the prior years represented its expected future profitability.

As at 31 March 2014, goodwill relating to sustainable forest management segment had been fully impaired as detailed below.

附註:

#### (i) 可持續森林管理

過往年度因收購可持續森林管理業務所產生之商譽現金產生單位指其估計未來盈利能力。

於二零一四年三月三十一日,有關持續森林管理之商譽分部已悉數減值,詳情如下。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

#### 22. GOODWILL (Continued)

Notes: (Continued)

#### (i) Sustainable forest management (Continued) Recoverability assessment at 31 March 2014

On 27 March 2012, the board of directors of the Company decided to suspend harvesting operations in Acre, Brazil until the operating environment for its Brazilian subsidiary improves. Up to the date of approval of financial statements, the harvesting operation in Acre, Brazil remained suspended. As the business environment continued to be difficult for the Group in Brazil, the board of directors changed the operation model in Acre from own harvesting to leasing out of the forest in Brazil so as to enhance the income stream of the Group.

No lease relating to the Group's forest in Brazil had been entered into by the Group. The directors of the Company considered the economic value of the future income stream from leasing out the Group's forest cannot be reasonably assessed at the date of approval of financial statements 2014. The Group had to preclude the economic value of the future income stream from leasing out of the Group's forest from measurement of the fair value of the CGU for prudence.

The Group engaged an independent professional valuer to perform the valuation for the fair value of the CGU. The original business plan regarding the operation was assumed to be changed. The valuer cannot validate the feasibility of leasing business. There was no reliable projection for the business and income approach of the valuation methodology of the business value cannot be used.

In assessing the valuation of the CGU, the valuer adopted the asset approach, which was breaking the CGU into pieces, i.e. the freehold land (included the naked land, pastures and betterments) and the biological assets, so the business value was the sum of them. The valuer adopted the market approach for the freehold land and adopted the income approach based on the projection developed based on the market participant's point of view for the biological assets.

The fair value less cost of disposal of the CGU valuation was approximately HK\$169,076,000 which included the fair value of the biological assets and the fair value of freehold land at 31 March 2014. During the year ended 31 March 2014, an impairment loss of goodwill of approximately HK\$302,118,000 had been recognized in the profit or loss and the goodwill had been fully impaired. The fair value on which the recoverable amount based on was categorised as a Level 3 fair value measurement.

#### (ii) Manufacturing and sale of timber products

The goodwill of approximately HK\$77,353,000 arising from the acquisition of Originate Tech Global Investments Limited and its subsidiaries represented the future economic benefits from the synergy effect of the business combination.

The entire value of manufacturing and sale of timber products as a cash generating unit was considered impaired as of 31 March 2012, and an impairment loss on goodwill of approximately HK\$77 million was recorded. The Group disposed the subsidiaries during the year.

#### 22. 商譽(續)

附註:(續)

#### (i) 可持續森林管理(續)

於二零一四年三月三十一日之可收回性評估

於二零一二年三月二十七日,本公司董事會決定暫停巴西亞克里州之伐木業務直至其巴西附屬公司之經營環境改善。截至財務報表獲批准日期,於巴西亞克里州之伐木業務仍然暫停。由於本集團於巴西之業務環境持續困難,董事會將其於亞克里州之營運模式由自有伐木改為出租巴西的森林,藉以改善集團的收入來源。

本集團概無訂立有關本集團巴西森林之租賃。 本公司董事認為,於二零一四年財務報表獲批 准日期尚未能合理評估出租本集團森林之未 來於一是現金產生單位之公平值時,須撒除出租 本集團森林之未來收入來源之經濟價值。

本集團已委聘獨立專業估值師估算現金產生單位之公平值。關於營運之原有業務計劃被假設為已改變,估值師未能核實租賃業務之可行性。該業務並無進行可靠預測,亦不可使用收入法作為該業務價值之估值法。

於評估現金產生單位之估值,估值師採取資產法,即將現金產生單位分為不同成份,即永久業權土地(包括空地、草地及增值地)及生物資產,而業務價值為兩者之總和。估值師就永久業權土地採取市場法,以及就生物資產採取人法,參考市場參與者之看法,根據已發展的計劃作出。

於二零一四年三月三十一日,現金產生單位估值之公平值減出售成本約為港幣169,076,000元,包括生物資產之公平值及永久業權土地之公平值。截至二零一四年三月三十一日止年度,金額約為港幣302,118,000元之商譽減值虧損已於損益中確認,而商譽已全數作出減值。可收回金額所依據之公平值被分類為第三級公平值計量。

#### (ii) 製造及銷售木材產品

收購創科環球投資有限公司及其附屬公司產生商譽約港幣77,353,000元代表業務合併所帶來協同效應之未來經濟利益。

於二零一二年三月三十一日,作為現金產生單位之製造及銷售木材產品之全部價值被視為減值,而商譽則錄得減值虧損約港幣77,000,000元。本集團已於年內出售附屬公司。

綜合財務報表附註 For the year ended 31 March 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

#### 23. INTEREST IN SUBSIDIARIES

#### Particulars of the subsidiaries are as follows:

#### 23. 附屬公司權益 附屬公司詳情如下:

Name 名稱	Place of incorporation/ registration and business 成立/註冊及營業地點	Form of legal entity 法定實體之形式	Particulars of issued and paid up capital 已發行及 微足股本詳情	Group's effective interest 本集團 實際權益	Proportion of wnership interes 擁有權益 比例 Held by the Company	t Held by a subsidiary 一間附屬 公司持有	Principal activities 主要業務
Amano Holdings Limited (Note (i)) (附註(i))	Cyprus 塞浦路斯	Limited liability company 有限公司	1,000 ordinary shares of Euro1 each 1,000股普通股每股面值1歐元	100%		100%	Inactive 暫無營業
Amplewell Holdings Limited 沛源控股有限公司	British Virgin Islands 英屬處女群島	Limited liability company 有限公司	1 ordinary share of US\$1 each 1股普通股每股面值1 美元	100%	-	100%	Investment holding 投資控股
Anex International Management Limited 安歷士國際管理有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	Limited liability company 有限公司	1 ordinary share 1股普通股	100%	100%		Human resources management 人力資源管理
Great Path Limited 宏通有限公司	British Virgin Islands 英屬處女群島	Limited liability company 有限公司	1 ordinary share of US\$1 each 1股普通股每股面值1美元	100%	100%	-	Investment holding 投資控股
Universal Timber Resources do Brasil Ltda. ("UTRB") (「UTRB」)	Brazil 巴西	Limited liability company 有限公司	BRL12,646,996 12,646,996雷亞爾	100%		100%	Sustainable management of and investment in natural forests, timber and wood processing, timber trading and timber sales, marketing and tree felling services  天然森木可持續管理及投資、木材及木料加工、木材買賣、木材銷售及市場推廣以及伐木服務
Applause Global Limited	British Virgin Islands 英屬處女群島	Limited liability company 有限公司	1 ordinary share of US\$1 each 1股普通股每股面值1 美元	100%	100%	-	Investment holding 投資控股
Good Magic Limited	British Virgin Islands 英屬處女群島	Limited liability company 有限公司	1 ordinary share of US\$1 each 1股普通股每股面值1 美元	100%	-	100%	Investment holding 投資控股
View Concord Holdings Limited 景捷集團有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	Limited liability company 有限公司	1 ordinary share 1股普通股	100%	100%	-	Investment holding 投資控股

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

### 23. INTEREST IN SUBSIDIARIES (Continued)

### 23. 附屬公司權益(續)

Name 名稱	Place of incorporation/ registration and business 成立/註冊及 營業地點	Form of legal entity 法定實體之形式	Particulars of issued and paid up capital 已發行及 繳足股本詳情	Group's effective interest 本集團 實際權益	Proportion of wnership interest 擦有權益 比例 Held by the Company	Held by a subsidiary 一間附屬 公司持有	Principal activities 主要業務
Elite Sign Investments Limited 賢誌投資有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	Limited liability company 有限公司	1 ordinary share 1股普通股	100%	-	100%	Investment holding 投資控股
Champ Country Limited 國采有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	Limited liability company 有限公司	10,000 ordinary shares 10,000股普通股	100%	-	100%	Leasing of properties 物業租賃
Bluestone Investment Limited 藍石投資有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	Limited liability company 有限公司	10,000 ordinary shares 10,000 股普通股	100%	-	100%	Leasing of properties 物業租賃
Asset Bridge Development Limited 資財發展有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	Limited liability company 有限公司	1 ordinary share 1股普通股	100%	<b>-</b>	100%	Money lending business 貸款業務
Metro Charm Holdings Limited 建豐集團有限公司	British Virgin Islands 英屬處女群島	Limited liability company 有限公司	1 ordinary share of US\$1 each 1股普通股每股面值1美元	100%	- 7	100%	Investment holding 投資控股
Righteous Arena Limited	British Virgin Islands 英屬處女群島	Limited liability company 有限公司	1 ordinary share of US\$1 each 1股普通股每股面值1美元	100%		100%	Dormant 無經營活動
* The English translation of Ch	ninese name is fo	r identification purpo	ose only.	*	中文名稱之화	英文翻譯	堇供識別用途。
** Wholly-foreign owned enterp	orise registered in	China.		**	於中國註冊之	2外資全資	資企業。
Note:				附註:			

24. INVENTORIES

The subsidiary is applying for deregistration.

## 24. 存貨

該附屬公司正在申請取消註冊。

			Notes 附註	2017 二零一七年 HK\$'000 港幣千元	2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000 港幣千元
	vn timber shed goods	据材 製成品	(a) (b)	-	_ 73
			7-5-	-	73
Note	s:		附記	<b></b>	
(a)	The sawn timber was purchas	ed for trading purpose.	(a)	鋸材乃就買賣用途而	購入。
(b)	These inventories were held for	or further processing or sale.	(b)	該等存貨持有作進一	步加工或銷售用途。
(c)	The analysis of the amount of	inventories recognised as an expense is as follows:	(c)	已確認為開支之存貨	金額分析如下:
				2017 二零一七年 HK\$'000 港幣千元	2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000 港幣千元
	Carrying amount of inventories	s sold 已售存貨賬面值		65	1.820

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

#### 25. LOAN RECEIVABLES

#### 25. 應收貸款

		2017 二零一七年 HK\$'000 港幣千元	2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000 港幣千元
Loans to customers Accrued interest receivables	應收客戶貸款 應計利息應收款項	23,200	82,000 338
Less: impairment loss recognised	<i>減:</i> 已確認減值虧損	23,200	82,338 -
		23,200	82,338

All loans are denominated in Hong Kong Dollars. The loan receivables carry effective interests ranging approximately from 6.5% to 11% (2016: 6.5% to 10.5%) per annum. A maturity profile of the loans receivables (net of impairment loss recognised, if any) at 31 March 2017 and 2016, based on the maturity date is as follow:

所有貸款均由港幣計值。應收貸款按實際利率計息,年利率幅度約由6.5厘至11厘(二零一六年: 6.5厘至10.5厘)。於二零一七年及二零一六年三月三十一日,應收貸款(扣除已確認減值虧損,如有)之到期組合乃根據如下到期日:

		2017 二零一七年 HK\$'000 港幣千元	2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000 港幣千元
Current assets Within one year Non-current assets Over one year but within two year	<i>流動資產</i> 一年內 <i>非流動資產</i> 超過一年但於兩年內	23,200	82,338 -
		23,200	82,338

At 31 March 2017 and 31 March 2016, the loans together with the accrued interest are secured by personal/corporate guarantees, and/or the pledge of customers' properties and/or their specific investments and loans receivable.

The directors of the Company considered that the estimated fair value of the collaterals and guarantees exceeded the carrying amounts of the respective loans and the accrued interest receivables at 31 March 2017 and 2016 and no impairment on the loan receivables and accrued interest receivables were considered necessary.

於二零一七年三月三十一日及二零一六年三月三十一日,貸款及應計利息乃由私人/公司擔保、及/或客戶物業及/或其特定投資及應收貸款抵押。

於二零一七年及二零一六年三月三十一日,本公司董事認為抵押品及擔保之估計公平值超過有關貸款及應計利息應收款項之賬面值且被認為無需就應收貸款及應計利息應收款項作出減值。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

#### 25. LOAN RECEIVABLES (Continued)

#### (a) Loan receivables that are not impaired

The aging analysis of loan receivables that are neither individually nor collectively considered to be impaired are as follows:

#### 25. 應收貸款(續)

#### (a) 未能減值之應收貸款

應收貸款之賬齡分析既無個別亦無 集體考慮作出減值如下:

		2017 二零一七年 HK\$'000 港幣千元	2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000 港幣千元
Neither past due nor impaired Past due but not impaired Less than 1 month past due 1 to 3 months past due Over 3 months past due	並無逾期亦無減值 逾期但並無減值 逾期少於一個月 逾期一至三個月 逾期超過三個月	23,200 - - - -	82,338 - - - -
		23,200	82,338

Receivables that were neither past due nor impaired relate to customers for whom there was no recent history of default.

並無逾期亦無減值之應收款項乃與並無近期違約記錄之客戶有關。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

#### 26. TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES

#### 26. 應收貿易款項及其他應收款項

		2017 二零一七年 HK\$'000 港幣千元	2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000 港幣千元
Trade receivables Other receivables (Note i) Prepayments and deposits	應收貿易款項 其他應收款項( <i>附註i)</i> 預付款項及按金	- 2,258 852	448 3,011 880
		3,110	4,339

#### Note:

(i) The other receivables as at 31 March 2017 mainly represented the money advance to independent third parties. The amounts were unsecured, interest free and repayable on demand. Other receivables that were neither past due nor impaired relate to other debtors for whom there was no recent history of default. The Group does not hold any collateral over these balances.

All of the trade and other receivables are expected to be recovered within one year.

#### (a) Trade receivables

The aging analysis of the trade receivables as of the reporting date, based on invoice date, which approximates the respective revenue recognition dates was as follows:

附註:

() 於二零一七年三月三十一日之其他應收款項 主要指應付為獨立第三方墊付之款項。該等金 額為無擔保、不計息並須按要求償還。並無逾 期亦無減值之其他應收款項乃與其他借款人 有關,其並無任何違約歷史記錄。本集團並無 就該等結餘持有任何抵押品。

所有應收貿易款項及其他應收款項預期 於一年內收回。

#### (a) 應收貿易款項

於呈報日期,按發票日期(約為各個收益確認日期)計算之應收貿易款項之賬齡分析如下:

		20172016二零一七年二零一六年HK\$'000HK\$'000港幣千元港幣千元
0 to 30 days	0至30日	
31 to 60 days	31至60日	
61 to 90 days	61至90日	_
Over 90 days	90日以上	_ 448
		- 448

The Group's trading terms with its customers are mainly on credit and letters of credit, except for new customers where payment in advance and cash on delivery are normally required. Invoices are normally payable between 30 and 180 days after issuance. Each customer has a maximum credit limit. The Group seeks to maintain strict control over its outstanding receivables and has a credit control department to minimise credit risk. Overdue balances are reviewed regularly by senior management.

除新客戶一般須預付款項及貨到支付現金外,本集團大多會給予完信貸期及以信用證交易。發票一般須於發出後30至180日內支付。每名客戶均設有最高信貸額。本集團對未收回之應收款項實施嚴管理,以求降低信貸風險。高級管理層定期審閱逾期結餘。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

#### 26. TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES (Continued)

#### (b) Impairment of trade receivables

Impairment losses in respect of trade receivables are recorded using an allowance account unless the Group is satisfied that recovery of the amount is remote, in which case the impairment loss is written off against trade receivables directly.

#### (c) Trade receivables that are not impaired

The aging analysis of trade receivables that are neither individually nor collectively considered to be impaired are as follows:

## 26. 應收貿易款項及其他應收款項

#### (b) 應收貿易款項之減值

有關應收貿易款項之減值虧損乃使 用備抵賬記錄,惟倘本集團認為收 回款項之機會甚微,則減值虧損會 直接與應收貿易款項撇銷。

#### (c) 並無減值之應收貿易款項

並無被視為出現個別或集體減值之 應收貿易款項之賬齡分析如下:

		2017 二零一七年 HK\$'000 港幣千元	2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000 港幣千元
Neither past due nor impaired	並無逾期亦無減值	-	_
Past due but not impaired Less than 1 month past due 1 to 3 months past due Over 3 months past due	逾期但未減值 逾期少於一個月 逾期一至三個月 逾期三個月以上	= =	- - 448
		_	448
		_	448

Receivables that were neither past due nor impaired relate to a customer for whom there was no recent history of default. Receivables that were past due but not impaired relate to independent customer that have a good track record with the Group for whom there was no recent history of default. Based on past experience, management believes that no impairment allowance is necessary in respect of these balances as there has not been a significant change in credit quality and the balances are still considered fully recoverable. The Group does not hold any collateral over these balances.

並無逾期亦無減值之應收款項乃與 並無近期違約記錄之客戶有關。 逾期但並無減值之應收款項與獨 客戶有關,彼等於本集團有良好 務往來記錄,近期亦無欠款記錄。 根據以往經驗,由於信貸質為記 重大變動,該等結餘仍被視為就 重大變動,故管理層相信毋須就該 等結餘作出減值撥備。本集團 就該等結餘持有任何抵押品。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

#### 27. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

#### 27. 現金及現金等價物

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		<b>2017</b> 二零一七年	<b>2016</b> 二零一六年
		HK\$'000 港幣千元	HK\$'000 港幣千元
Cash at bank and on hand, and cash and cash equivalents in the statement of financial position	銀行及手頭現金以及於 財務狀況表之現金及 現金等價物	116,163	59,258
Reconciliation of the cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year in the consolidated statement of cash flows is set out as below:	年末綜合現金流轉表之現金 及現金等價物之對賬載列 如下:		
Cash and cash equivalents included in the consolidated statement of financial position Cash and cash equivalents included in the assets of a disposal group (Note 12)	計入綜合財務狀況表之現金 及現金等價物 計入出售組別之資產之現金 及現金等價物(附註12)	116,163	59,258 660
		116,163	59,918
Cash and bank balances denominated in Renminbi	以人民幣列值之現金及 銀行結餘	-	10

Renminbi is not freely convertible into other currencies. However, under Mainland China's Foreign Exchange Control Regulations and Administration of Settlement, Sale and Payment of Foreign Exchange Regulations, the Group is permitted to exchange Renminbi for other currencies through banks authorised to conduct foreign exchange business.

The interest rates on the cash at bank and deposits with banks ranged from 0.01% to 3.5% (2016: 0.01% to 3.5%) per annum.

人民幣不可自由兑換為其他貨幣。然而, 根據中國大陸之外匯管理條例以及結 匯、售匯及付匯管理規定,本集團獲准透 過獲授權進行外匯業務之銀行將人民幣 兑換為其他貨幣。

銀行現金及銀行存款之年利率介乎0.01 厘至3.5厘(二零一六年:0.01厘至3.5 厘)。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

#### 28. TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES

#### 28. 應付貿易款項及其他應付款項

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		Notes 附註	2017 二零一七年 HK\$'000 港幣千元	2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000 港幣千元
Trade payables Other payables and accruals	應付貿易款項 其他應付款項及應計費用	(a)	- 15,071	24,003 16,746
Financial liabilities measured at amortised costs	按攤銷成本計量之 財務負債		15,071	40,749

All of the trade and other payables are expected to be repaid or recognised as income within one year or had no fixed terms of repayment.

所有應付貿易款項及其他應付款項預期 將於一年內償還或確認為收入,或無固 定還款期。

#### (a) Trade payables

An aging analysis of the Group's trade payables as at the end of the reporting period, based on invoice date, was as follows:

#### (a) 應付貿易款項

於報告期末,按發票日期計算之本 集團應付貿易款項之賬齡分析如 下:

			2017 二零一七年 HK\$'000 港幣千元	2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000 港幣千元
0 to 30 days 31 to 60 days 61 to 90 days Over 90 days <i>(Note 8(i))</i>	0至30日 31至60日 61至90日 90日以上 <i>(附註8(</i> ) <i>)</i>		- - - -	- - - 24,003
		7	-	24,003

綜合財務報表附註 For the year ended 31 March 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

#### 29. LOANS AND BORROWINGS

#### 29. 貸款及借貸

		Notes 附註	2017 二零一七年 HK\$'000 港幣千元	2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000 港幣千元
Secured bank loans Unsecured interest bearing loan from	有抵押銀行貸款 來自獨立第三方之	(a) (b)	11,226	11,601
an independent third party	無抵押計息貸款		12,076	11,743
			23,302	23,344

The analysis of the carrying amount of loans and borrowings is as follows:

貸款及借款之賬面值分析如下:

		2017 二零一七年 HK\$'000 港幣千元	2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000 港幣千元
Current liabilities	流動負債		
Portion of term loans from banks due for repayment within 1 year	須於一年內償還之銀行 有期貸款部分	235	230
Portion of term loans from banks due for repayment after 1 year which contain a	有知質級品別 須於一年後償還之銀行 有期貸款部分	233	230
repayment on demand clause	(設有按要求償還條款)	3,923	4,069
Unsecurred interest bearing loan from an independent third party	來自獨立第三方之 無抵押計息貸款	12,076	11,743
		40.004	10.010
		16,234	16,042
Non-current liabilities	非流動負債		
Secured bank loans	有抵押銀行貸款	7,068	7,302
		7,068	7,302
Total	總計	23,302	23,344

121

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

#### 29. LOANS AND BORROWINGS (Continued)

## At 31 March 2017, loans and borrowings were due for repayment as follows:

#### 29. 貸款及借貸(續)

於二零一七年三月三十一日,貸款及借 貸須按以下日期償還:

		2017 二零一七年 HK\$'000 港幣千元	2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000 港幣千元
Secured bank loans Portion of term loans from banks due for repayment within 1 year	有抵押銀行貸款 須於一年內償還之有期 銀行貸款部分	383	377
Term loans from banks due for repayment after 1 year After 1 year but within 2 years After 2 years but within 5 years More than 5 years	須於一年後償還之 有期銀行貸款 一年後但兩年內 兩年後但五年內 超過五年	390 1,210 9,243	383 1,189 9,652
		10,843	11,224
Other borrowings Portion of borrowings due for repayment within 1 year Borrowings due for repayment after 1 year After 1 year but within 2 years After 2 years but within 5 years	其他借貸 須於一年內償還之借貸部分 須於一年後償還之借貸 一年後但兩年內 兩年後但五年內	12,076 _ _	11,743 - -
		12,076	11,743
		23,302	23,344

The amounts due are based on the scheduled repayment dates as stipulated in the respective loan agreements

All of the banking facilities are subject to the fulfilment of covenants. If the Group were in breach of the covenants, the drawn down facilities would become repayable on demand. In addition, certain of the Group's bank loan agreements contain clauses which give the lender the right at its sole discretion to demand immediate repayment at any time irrespective of whether the Group has complied with the covenants and met the scheduled repayment obligations.

該款項乃根據相關貸款協議規定之預期 還款日期到期償還。

所有銀行融資受相關契諾所規限。倘本 集團違反契諾,已動用的信貸額須按要求償還。此外,本集團的若干銀行貸款協 議包含的條款給予貸方自主權,可隨時 要求立即償還(無論本集團是否遵守契 諾及履行預定的償還義務)。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

#### 29. LOANS AND BORROWINGS (Continued)

The Group regularly monitors its compliance with these covenants, is up to date with the scheduled repayments of the term loans and does not consider it is probable that the bank will exercise its discretion to demand repayment so long as the Group continues to meet these requirements. Further details of the Group's management of liquidity risk are set out in Note 37(b). As at 31 March 2017 none of the covenants relating to drawn down facilities had been breached (2016: Nil).

All of the secured bank loans, loans and borrowings including amounts repayable on demand, and unsecured interest bearing loan from an independent third party are carried at amortised cost.

None of the portion of bank loans due for repayment after one year which contain a repayment on demand clause and that is classified as a current liability is expected to be settled within one year.

(a) At 31 March 2016, the Group's bank borrowings were secured by mortgage over the Group's property of approximately HK\$2,882,000 (Note 18) and investment properties of approximately HK\$24,702,000 (Note 20) in Hong Kong.

At 31 March 2017, the Group's bank borrowings were secured by mortgage over the Group's investment properties of approximately HK\$29,023,000 (Note 20) in Hong Kong.

(b) The interest expenses charged on unsecured interest bearing loan from third party was calculated at 3% per annum. The outstanding balances is repayable on 15 January 2018.

#### 29. 貸款及借貸(續)

本集團定期監察是否遵守該等契諾,及時按預定的期限償還有期貸款,並認為在本集團持續遵守該等規定的情況下銀行不大可能行使自主權要求償還。本集團管理流動資金風險的進一步詳情載於附註37(b)。於二零一七年三月三十一日,本集團並無違反有關動用信貸額的契諾(二零一六年:無)。

所有有抵押銀行貸款、貸款及借貸(包括 須按要求償還之款額)及獨立第三方無 抵押計息貸款乃按攤銷成本入賬。

預期須於一年後償還之銀行貸款部分 (設有按要求償還條款及分類為流動負債)概不會於一年內結付。

(a) 於二零一六年三月三十一日,本集團之銀行借貸透過抵押本集團於香港價值約港幣2,882,000元之物業(附註18)及價值約港幣24,702,000元之投資物業(附註20)作擔保。

於二零一七年三月三十一日,本集團之銀行借款透過抵押本集團於香港價值約港幣29,023,000元之投資物業(附註20)作擔保。

(b) 來自第三方之無抵押計息貸款收取 之利息開支按年利率3厘計算。未償 還結餘將於二零一八年一月十五日 償還。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

#### 30. SEASONALITY OF OPERATIONS

The Group's forest operations in Brazil is located in the Amazon and is subject to weather conditions during the rainy season ranging roughly from December to April each year. Forest logging activities in the Amazon are substantially scaled down or stopped completely in some areas. Log prices usually increase during the rainy season due to diminished supplies. This affects many sawmill operators that have to stock up logs and tie up significant working capital, but benefit forest owners who can plan ahead to reserve stock pile prior to the start of the rainy season. The Group incorporates this seasonality in its forest management plan to avoid supply shortage as well as to take advantage of seasonal price differentials in logs.

## 31. INCOME TAX IN THE CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

(a) Current taxation in the consolidated statement of financial position represents:

#### 30. 業務之季節性因素

#### 31. 綜合財務狀況表之所得税

(a) 綜合財務狀況表之即期税項代表:

		2017 二零一七年 HK\$'000 港幣千元	2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000 港幣千元
Provision for Hong Kong Profits	本年度香港利得税撥備		
Tax for the year		-	_
Provision for PRC Enterprise Income	本年度就中國企業所得税撥備		
Tax for the year		_	_
Balance of Profits Tax provision	過往年度利得税撥備結餘		
relating to prior years		2,145	2,220
Derecognised on disposal of	出售附屬公司時終止確認		
subsidiaries		(1,253)	_
Tax paid during the year	年內已付税項	(53)	_
Exchange adjustment	<b>匯</b> 兑調整	(40)	(75)
		799	2,145

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

## 31. INCOME TAX IN THE CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION (Continued)

#### (b) Deferred tax liabilities recognised:

The components of deferred tax liabilities recognised in the consolidated statement of financial position and the movement during the year is as follows:

#### 31. 綜合財務狀況表之所得税(續)

#### (b) 已確認遞延税項負債:

於綜合財務狀況表確認之遞延稅項 負債之組成部分及其年內變動如 下:

## Consolidated statement of financial position 综合財務狀況表

		<b>添</b> 合則		
		Property, plant and equipment 物業、廠房 及設備	Intangible assets 無形資產	Total 總計
		HK\$'000 港幣千元	HK\$'000 港幣千元	HK\$'000 港幣千元
At 1 April 2015	於二零一五年四月一日	38,632		38,632
Credit to profit or loss Reclassified as liabilities of	計入損益 重新分類為持作待售之	(5,545)	-	(5,545)
disposal group held for sale	出售組別之負債	(63)	_	(63)
Exchange movement	匯兑變動	(3,999)	<u> </u>	(3,999)
At 31 March 2016	於二零一六年三月三十一日	29,025		29,025
At 1 April 2016	於二零一六年四月一日	29,025		29,025
Transfer	轉撥	(29,025)	29,025	· <u>-</u>
Credit to profit or loss	計入損益	760 -	(30,493)	(30,493)
Exchange movement	<b>匯</b> 兑變動		4,751	4,751
At 31 March 2017	於二零一七年三月三十一日		3,283	3,283

At 31 March 2017, the Group has tax losses of approximately HK\$54,212,000 (2016: HK\$68,817,000) that are available for offsetting against future taxable profits of the companies in which the losses arose. Deferred tax assets have not been recognised as it is not probable that future taxable profits against which the losses can be utilised will be available for the companies in which losses arose. The Group has tax losses of approximately HK\$Nil (2016: HK\$17,549,000) available for offsetting against future profits that may be carried forward for up to five years, for PRC enterprise income tax purpose. The remaining tax losses do not expire under current tax legislation.

Save as disclosed above, there was no other significant deferred tax liabilities that is required to be provided for in the consolidated financial statements for the years ended 31 March 2017 and 2016.

於二零一七年三月三十一日, 本集團產生之稅項虧損約年 54,212,000元(二零一六年: 68,817,000元),可與產生虧 68,817,000元),可與產生虧 68,817,000元),可與產生虧 68,817,000元),可與產生虧 68,817,000元),可與產生虧 68,817,000元),可與產生虧 69,000元),可與產生虧 60,000元), 60,000元, 60,00

除上文披露者外,概無其他重大遞延税項負債須於截至二零一七年及 二零一六年三月三十一日止年度之 綜合財務報表中撥備。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

## 32. FINANCIAL LIABILITIES The Group and the Company

## **32.** 財務負債 本集團及本公司

		2017 二零一七年 HK\$'000 港幣千元	2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000 港幣千元
At beginning of the year Exercise of warrants Change in fair value	於年初 行使認購權證 公平值變動	52,029 (9) (29,488)	40,595 (153) 11,587
At end of the year	於年終	22,532	52,029

#### Notes:

- (i) The warrants, classified as derivative financial liabilities as not settled by a fixed amount of cash for fixed number of the Company's own equity instruments, were measured at fair value at each exercise date and the end of the reporting period. The valuation was carried out by independent valuer based on Black Scholes Option Pricing Model. The warrants will expire on 6 May 2018.
- (ii) Fair value of share warrants and assumptions

The estimate of the fair value of the share warrants granted is measured based on the Black Scholes Option Pricing Model.

#### 附註:

- () 認購權證乃分類為衍生性金融負債(並未以 固定現金數額償付本公司擁有之固定數目股 本工具),乃按各行使日期及報告期末之公平 值計量。估值由獨立估值師按柏力克舒爾斯期 權定價模式進行。認購權證已於二零一八年五 月六日屆滿。
- (ii) 股份認股權證之公平值及假設

所授予股份認股權證之公平值之估計乃根據 柏力克─舒爾斯期權定價模式計量。

		31/3/2017 二零一七年 三月三十一日	31/3/2016 二零一六年 三月三十一日	7/5/2013 二零一三年 五月七日 (Date of grant) (授予日期)
Fair value of share warrants at measurement date	於計量日期股份認股權證之公平值	HK\$0.033 港幣0.033元	HK\$0.0754 港幣0.0754元	HK\$0.0194 港幣0.0194元
Share price	股價	HK\$0.087 港幣0.087元	HK\$0.119 港幣0.119元	HK\$0.054 港幣0.054元
Exercise price	行使價	HK\$0.085 港幣0.085元	HK\$0.085 港幣0.085元	HK\$0.0534 港幣0.0534元
Expected volatility	預期波幅	91.067%	106.355%	39.71%
Warrant life	認股權證年期	1.1 years 1.1年	2.1 years 2.1年	5 years 5年
Risk-free interest rate (based on the approximate interest rates with similar life of the Foreign Exchange Notes)	無風險利率(根據具有類似 期限之外匯票據之 概約利率)	0.66%	0.61%	0.81%

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

#### 32. FINANCIAL LIABILITIES (Continued)

The expected volatility is based on the historic volatility (calculated based on the weighted average remaining life of the share warrants), adjusted for any expected changes to future volatility based on publicly available information. Changes in the subjective input assumptions could materially affect the fair value estimate.

#### 33. SHARE CAPITAL

#### 32. 財務負債(續)

預期波幅乃以歷史波幅為基準(按股份認股權證之加權平均剩餘年期所計算),並就按公開可得資料計算之任何預期未來波幅變動作出調整。主觀輸入數據假設之變動可重大影響公平值之估計。

#### 33. 股本

		Notes 附註	Number of ordinary shares of HK\$0.01 per share Note (I) 每股面值港幣0.01元之普通股數目 附註(I) '000	HK\$'000 港幣千元	Number of convertible preferred shares of HK\$0.01 per share Note (ii) 每股面之 可換數目 #*0.01元股	HK\$'000 港幣千元	<b>Total</b> 總計 HK\$'000 港幣千元
Authorised:	法定:						
As at 1 April 2015, 31 March 2016, 1 April 2016 and 31 March 2017	於二零一五年四月一日、 二零一六年 三月三十一日、 二零一六年四月一日及 二零一七年 三月三十一日		30,000,000	300,000	27,534,000	275,340	575,340
Issued and fully paid:	已發行及繳足:						
As at 1 April 2015	於二零一五年四月一日		8,907,605	89,076	9,655,527	96,555	185,631
Shares issue upon exercise of ordinary share warrants	於行使普通股認股權證時 發行股份	(a)	2,514	25	<u> 1</u>		25
As at 31 March 2016 and 1 April 2016	於二零一六年 三月三十一日及 二零一六年四月一日		8,910,119	89,101	9,655,527	96,555	185,656
Shares issue upon exercise of ordinary share warrants	於行使普通股認股權證時 發行股份	(b)	123	2	- <u>-</u>	<b>+</b> - ,	2
As at 31 March 2017	於二零一七年 三月三十一日		8,910,242	89,103	9,655,527	96,555	185,658

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

#### 33. SHARE CAPITAL (Continued)

Notes:

i) Ordinary Shares

The owners of ordinary shares are entitled to receive dividends as declared from time to time and are entitled to one vote per share at meetings of the Company. All ordinary shares rank equally with regard to the Company's residual assets.

#### (ii) Convertible Preferred Shares

The non-voting convertible Preferred Shares (the "Convertible Preferred Shares") can be converted into ordinary shares without maturity date. The Convertible Preferred Shares shall at all times rank equally among themselves and shall upon exercise of the conversion right attaching to the Convertible Preferred Shares pari passu with all other shares of the Company in issue with respect of the right to any dividends or distributions declared.

The following are the other major terms of the Convertible Preferred Shares:

In the event of liquidation, dissolution or winding up, or merger, or reorganisation that will result in any distribution of assets of the Company to the existing shareholders of the Company, the holders of the Convertible Preferred Shares will receive an amount equal to 100% of the face value of the Convertible Preferred Shares. In addition, the ranking of the Convertible Preferred Shares is higher than ordinary shares, but lower than creditor in the case of liquidation.

The holder of each Convertible Preferred Shares shall not have any voting rights save where the Company proposes to pass a resolution to vary the rights attached to the Convertible Preferred Shares or for the winding up or dissolution of the Company. The Convertible Preferred Shares shall be non-redeemable and will not be listed on any stock exchange.

Each Convertible Preferred Share shall be convertible at the option of the holders at any time after issue, provided that (i) any conversion of the Convertible Preferred Shares shall not result in the aggregate voting rights in the Company held by the relevant holder of the Convertible Preferred Shares who exercises the conversion rights and parties acting in concert with it exceeding 29.9%, or such other percentage as may then be the maximum percentage (to one decimal place) of issued Shares it could then acquire without being required to make a mandatory general offer for the shares of the Company under the Takeovers Code or (ii) any conversion of the Convertible Preferred Shares shall not result in the public float of the Shares falling below the minimum requirements of the Listing Rules.

- (a) During the year ended 31 March 2016, 4,002,531 ordinary share warrants were exercised to subscribe for 2,514,524 new ordinary shares of HK\$0.01 of the Company at an aggregate consideration of approximately HK\$214,000 of which approximately HK\$25,000 was credited to Share Capital and the balance of approximately HK\$189,000 was credited to share premium account.
- (b) During the current financial year, 196,250 ordinary share warrants were exercised to subscribe for 123,288 new ordinary shares of HK\$0.01 of the Company at an aggregate consideration of approximately HK\$11,000 of which approximately HK\$2,000 was credited to Share Capital and the balance of approximately HK\$9,000 was credited to share premium account.

#### 33. 股本(續)

附註:

i) 普通股

普通股擁有人有權收取不時宣派之股息,且可 於本公司之會議上就每股股份享有一票表決 權。所有普通股就本公司之剩餘資產享有同等 地位。

(ii) 可換股優先股份

無投票權可換股優先股份(「可換股優先股份」)可轉換為普通股·而並無設定到期日。可 換股優先股份於任何時候就所宣此之間及在 包或分派方面之權利而言將於彼此之間及在 行使可換股優先股份附帶之換股權時與本公 司所有其他已發行股份享有同等地位。

以下為可換股優先股份之其他主要條款:

倘發生清盤、解散或結束業務,或合併、重組而致使任何本公司資產被分派予本公司現有股東,則可換股優先股份持有人將收取相等於可換股優先股份面值100%之數額。此外,倘發生清盤,可換股優先股份之地位高於普通股,但低於債權人。

除在本公司建議通過決議案改動可換股優先 股份所附權利或在本公司清盤或解散之情況 下,每股可換股優先股份之持有人將無任何投 票權。可換股優先股份為不可贖回,且不會於 任何證券交易所上市。

每股可換股優先股份之持有人可於其發行後隨時選擇兑換·惟(i)可換股優先股份之任何兑換將不會導致行使兑換權之可換股優先股份 相關持有人及其一致行動人士於本公司持有 之總投票權超過29.9%·或其當時可購買而毋 須根據收購守則就本公司股份提出強制性 面收購建議之已發行股份最高百分比(調整 至外數後一個的()或(ii)可換股優先股份之任何 見換不會導致股份之公眾持股量低於上市規則之最低規定。

- (a) 截至二零一六年三月三十一日止年度, 4,002,531份普通股認股權證獲行使以認購 2,514,524股每股面值港幣0.01元之本公司 新普通股·總代價約為港幣214,000元,其中 約港幣25,000元已計入股本,而結餘約港幣 189,000元已計入股份溢價賬。
- (b) 於本財政年度,196,250份普通股認購權證獲 行使以認購123,288股每股面值港幣0.01元之 本公司新普通股,總代價約為港幣11,000元, 其中約港幣2,000元已計入股本,而結餘約港 幣9,000元已計入股份溢價賬。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

#### 34. SHARE OPTION SCHEME

The Company terminated the share option scheme adopted by the Company on 9 September 2002 ("Old Scheme") and adopted a new share option scheme ("New Scheme") pursuant to an ordinary resolution passed by the shareholders of the Company at the special general meeting held on 27 November 2009. There was no share option granted under the Old Scheme. The principal terms of the New Scheme are as follows:

#### (a) Purpose

The purpose of the New Scheme is to provide incentives and rewards to eligible participants who contribute to the success of the Group's operation and to recruit and retain high caliber employees and attract human resources that are valuable to the Group and any entity which any member of the Group holds any equity interest ("Invested Entity").

#### (b) Eligible participants

Eligible participants of the New Scheme include the Company's directors and other employees of the Group or Invested Entity, any customers, supplier of goods or services to any member of the Group or any Invested Entity who, in the sole discretion of the Board have contributed or will contribute to the growth and development of the Group or any Invested Entity.

#### (c) Maximum number of shares

The maximum number of shares which may be issued upon exercise of all options granted and to be granted under the New Scheme must not exceed 10% of the total number of issued ordinary shares of the Company as at the date of passing the ordinary resolution on 11 April 2012 (being the date on which the mandate limit of the New Scheme was refreshed). The total number of shares which may be issued upon exercise of all options granted is 53,324,591 ordinary shares, represented approximately 0.60% of the total number of issued ordinary shares of the Company as at the date of this report for the year ended 31 March 2016.

#### (d) Maximum entitlement of each eligible participant

The maximum number of shares issuable under the New Scheme to each eligible participant within any 12-month period, is limited to 1% of the total number of ordinary shares of the Company in issue at any time.

#### 34. 購股權計劃

本公司終止本公司於二零零二年九月九日採納之購股權計劃(「舊計劃」),並根據於二零零九年十一月二十七日舉行之股東特別大會獲本公司股東通過之普通決議案採納新購股權計劃(「新計劃」)。並無根據舊計劃授出任何購股權。新計劃之主要條款如下:

#### (a) 目的

新計劃之目的為向為本集團之成功 營運作出貢獻之合資格參與者給予 鼓勵及回報,並為本集團或本集團 任何成員公司持有其股本權益之實 體(「投資實體」)招聘及留聘優秀 僱員以及吸引寶貴人力資源。

#### (b) 合資格參與者

新計劃之合資格參與者包括董事會 全權酌情認為已經或將會對本集團 或投資實體之增長及發展作出貢獻 之本公司董事、本集團或投資實體 之其他僱員、本集團任何成員公司 之任何客戶、貨品或服務供應商或 任何投資實體。

#### (c) 股份數目上限

因新計劃項下已授出及將授出購股權獲悉數行使而可予發行之股份數目上限不得超過普通決議案於二零一二年四月十一日(即新計劃之授養明的數數之10%。已授出購股權獲悉數之10%。已授出購股權獲悉數為53,324,591股,佔截至二零一六年三月三十一日止年度之本報告日期本公司已發行之普通股總數約0.60%。

#### (d) 每名合資格參與者之權益上限

於任何十二個月期內向新計劃項下 每名合資格參與者授出之購股權可 發行之股份總數·最多不得超過本 公司於任何時間已發行普通股總數 之1%。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

#### 34. SHARE OPTION SCHEME (Continued)

## (d) Maximum entitlement of each eligible participant

Any share options granted to a substantial shareholder or an independent non-executive director of the Company, or to any of their respective associates, which would result in the ordinary shares issued and to be issued upon exercise of all options already granted and to be granted (including options exercised, cancelled and outstanding) to such person in excess of 0.1% of the ordinary shares of the Company in issue at any time and with an aggregate value (based on the price of the Company's shares at the date of the grant) in excess of HK\$5,000,000 within any 12-month period, are subject to shareholders' approval in advance in a general meeting.

#### (e) Option period

An option shall be exercised within 10 years from the date of grant or such shorter period as the directors may specify at the time of grant.

#### (f) Acceptance of offer

The offer of a grant of share options may be accepted within 28 days from the date of the offer, upon payment of a nominal consideration of HK\$1 in total by the grantee.

Share options do not confer rights on the holders to dividends or to vote at shareholders' meetings.

#### (g) Exercise price

The exercise price of the share options is determinable by the directors, but shall not be less than the highest of (i) the closing price of the Company's shares as stated in the Stock Exchange's daily quotation sheet on the date of offer of the share options; and (ii) the average closing prices of the Company's shares as stated in the Stock Exchange's daily quotation sheets for the five trading days immediately preceding the date of the offer; and (iii) the nominal value of the Company's shares.

#### (h) The validity of the New Scheme

The New Scheme has a life of 10 years and will expire on 27 November 2019 unless otherwise terminated in accordance with the terms of the New Scheme.

#### 34. 購股權計劃(續)

#### (d) 每名合資格參與者之權益上限 (續)

倘於任何十二個月期內授予本公司主要股東或獨立非執行董事或彼 各自之任何聯繫人士之任何購股格 而將導致向該名人士已授出及榜權 授出之所有購股權(包括已行獲出 已註銷及尚未行使之購股權)獲 使時已發行及將予發行之普通股 超過本公司任何時間已發行查 超過本公司任何時間已發行一 超過本公司任何時間已發行 超過大公 份於授出當日之價格計算) と 份於授出當日之價格計算) 形東大會批准。

#### (e) 購股權期限

購股權須自授出日期起十年內或董 事會於授出時可能訂明之較短期間 行使。

#### (f) 接納要約

承授人可於授出購股權之要約日期 起計二十八日內通過支付象徵式代 價合共港幣1元而接納購股權。

購股權並無賦予持有人獲發股息或於股東大會投票之權利。

#### (g) 行使價

購股權之行使價由董事釐定,惟不得低於(i)本公司股份於授出購股權之要約日期在聯交所每日報價表所列之收市價;及(ii)緊接要約日期前五個交易日本公司股份在聯交所每日報價表所列之平均收市價;及(iii)本公司股份之面值(以最高者為準)。

#### (h) 新計劃之有效期

除根據新計劃條款另行終止外, 新計劃為期十年,將於二零一九年 十一月二十七日到期。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

#### 34. SHARE OPTION SCHEME (Continued)

#### 34. 購股權計劃(續)

- (a) Movements in the number of share options outstanding and their related weighted average exercise prices are as follows:
- (a) 尚未行使購股權數目及其相關加權 平均行使價之變動如下:

Date of Grant 授出日期	Exercise period 行使期	Outstanding as at 1 April 2015 於二零一五年 四月一日 尚未行使	<b>Granted</b> 已授出	Exercised 已行使	<b>L</b> apsed 已失效	Outstanding as at 31 March 2016 and 1 April 2016 於二零一六年 三月三十一日 及二零一六年 四月一日 尚未行使	Granted 已授出	Exercised 已行使	<b>Lapsed</b> 已失效	Outstanding at 31 March 2017 於二零一七年 三月三十一日 尚未行使	Exercisable at 31 March 2017 於二零一七年 三月三十一日 可行使	Exercise price per share 每股行使價
13 January 2010 二零一零年一月十三日	13 January 2011 to 12 January 2020 二零一一年一月十三日至 二零二零年一月十二日	117,731		-	-	117,731	-	ļ,	-	117,731	117,731	HK\$1.497 港幣1.497元
13 January 2010 二零一零年一月十三日	13 January 2012 to 12 January 2020 二零一二年一月十三日至 二零二零年一月十二日	117,731	-	-		117,731		-	-	117,731	117,731	HK\$1.497 港幣1.497元
13 January 2010 二零一零年一月十三日	13 January 2013 to 12 January 2020 二零一三年一月十三日至 二零二零年一月十二日	117,731	-	-		117,731				117,731	117,731	HK\$1.497 港幣1.497元
7 May 2010 二零一零年五月七日	13 January 2011 to 6 May 2020 二零一一年一月十三日至 二零二零年五月六日	176,331	f			176,331	•			117,731	176,331	HK\$1.131 港幣1.131元
7 May 2010 二零一零年五月七日	13 January 2012 to 6 May 2020 二零一二年一月十三日至 二零二零年五月六日	176,331	-	-		176,331		1		117,731	176,331	HK\$1.131 港幣1.131元
7 May 2010 二零一零年五月七日	13 January 2013 to 6 May 2020 二零一三年一月十三日至 二零二零年五月六日	176,333	-	-	-	176,333		4	-	117,731	176,333	HK\$1.131 港幣1.131元
14 September 2010 二零一零年九月十四日	14 September 2010 to 27 November 2019 二零一零年九月十四日至 二零一九年十一月二十七日	125.565	-	-	-	125,565	-	y.		125,565	125.565	HK\$0.597 港幣0.597元
30 August 2013 二零一三年八月三十日	30 August 2013 to 29 August 2023 二零一三年八月三十日至 二零二三年八月二十九日	104,633,676	-	-	(52,316,838)	52,316,838	-	-	-	52,316,838	52,316,838	HK\$0.085 港幣0.085元
		105,641,429	-	-	(52,316,838)	53,324,591	-	-	-	53,324,591	53,324,591	
Weighted average exercise price:	加權平均行使價	HK\$0.0956 港幣0.0956元	-	-	<u> </u>	HK\$0.1059 港幣0.1059元	-	-	-	HK\$0.1059 港幣0.1059元	HK\$0.1059 港幣0.1059元	_

The number of share options exercisable at 31 March 2017 was 53,324,591 (2016: 53,324,591) and its weighted average exercise price was HK\$0.1059 (2016: HK\$0.1059).

於二零一七年三月三十一日可行使 之購股權數目為53,324,591份(二 零一六年:53,324,591份),其加權 平均行使價為港幣0.1059元(二零 一六年:港幣0.1059元)。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

#### 34. SHARE OPTION SCHEME (Continued)

#### (b) The vesting period for the share options is as below.

#### 34. 購股權計劃(續)

(b) 購股權之歸屬期如下。

Vesting conditions 歸屬條件 No. of shares No. of share options granted options vested Date of grant 已授出 己歸屬購股權 Vesting date 授出日期 購股權數目 數目 歸屬日期 15 July 2010 二零一零年七月十五日 15 July 2011 二零一一年七月十五日 13 January 2011 二零一一年一月十三日 13 January 2012 二零一二年一月十三日 13 January 2013 二零一三年一月十三日 13 January 2010 10,210,855 5,105,428 5,105,427 45.040.069 18.398.633 13,320,716 13,320,720 15 July 2010 二零一零年七月十五日 15 July 2011 二零一一年七月十五日 7 November 2010 二零一零年十一月七日 7 May 2010 10,210,855 5,105,427 二零一零年五月七日 5,105,428 14.488.035 2.000.000 7 November 2010 \_ 《 ~ 4 T — 月七日 7 May 2011 \_ 零 — 一年五月七日 7 May 2012 \_ 零 — 二年五月七日 7 May 2013 \_ 零 — 三年五月七日 13 January 2011 \_ 零 — 一年一月十三日 13 January 2012 \_ 零 — 二年一月十三日 4,162,677 4,162,678 4,162,680 28,144,944 9,381,644 9,381,646 13 January 2013 二零一三年一月十三日 9,381,654 14 September 2010 79 350 000 79.350.00 14 September 2010 二零一零年九月十四日 二零一零年九月十四日 30 June 2011 二零一一年六月三十日 30 June 2012 二零一二年六月三十日 30 June 2013 二零一三年六月三十日 31 July 2011 二零一一年七月三十一日 31 July 2011 二零一一年七月三十一日 31 July 2011 二零一一年七月三十一日 18 February 2011 5,105,428 1,701,809 零一一年二月十八日 1,701,809 1,701,810 273,529 820.588 273,529 273,530 6 September 2011 二零一一年九月六日 6 September 2011 二零一一年九月六日 6 September 2011 二零一一年九月六日 6 September 2011 二零一一年九月六日 1,000,000 333,333 333,333 333,334 b September 2011 二零一一牛九月六日 5 December 2011 二零一一年十二月五日 5 December 2011 二零一一年十二月五日 5 December 2011 二零一一年十二月五日 16 December 2011 二零一一年十二月十六日 16 December 2011 二零 800.000 266,666 266.667 266,667 4,300,000 1,433,333 1,433,333 16 December 2011 二零一一年十二月十六日
16 December 2011 二零一一年十二月十六日
2 January 2012 二零一二年一月二日
2 January 2012 二零一二年一月二日
9 January 2012 二零一二年一月九日
9 January 2012 二零一二年一月九日 1,433,334 333,333 1.000.000 333,333 333,334 1,300,000 433,333 433,333 9 January 2012 二零一二年一月九日 433,334 30 August 2013 166.551.732 166,551,732 30 August 2013 二零一三年八月三十日 二零一三年八月三十日 Total share option granted 已授出購股權總數 368,322,506 Less: Lapsed (243,012,714) 已失效 減 (9,097,500)Adjustment upon share consolidation effective on 2 October 2013 (140,964,109) 於二零一三年十月二日股份合併生效後調整 Adjustment upon open offers effective on 14 May 2014 and 22 December 2014 78,076,408 自二零一四年五月十四日及二零一四年 十二月二十二日於公開發售生效後調整 Outstanding at 31 March 2017 53.324.591

於二零一七年三月三十一日尚未行使

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

#### 34. SHARE OPTION SCHEME (Continued)

#### (b) (Continued)

The option outstanding as at 31 March 2017 have a weighted average remaining contractual life of 6.35 years (2016: 7.35 years).

There was no exercise for share options for the years ended 31 March 2016 and 31 March 2017.

No other share options granted under the New Scheme were cancelled during the years ended 31 March 2016 and 2017. The Group had no legal or constructive obligation to repurchase or settle the options in cash.

(c) The fair value of services received in return for share options granted is measured by reference to the fair value of share options granted. The estimate of the fair value of the share options granted is measured based on binomial option pricing model. The contractual life of the share option is used as an input into this model. Expectations of early exercise are incorporated into the binomial option pricing model.

#### 34. 購股權計劃(續)

#### (b) (續)

於二零一七年三月三十一日尚未行 使購股權之加權平均餘下合約年期 為6.35年(二零一六年:7.35年)。

截至二零一六年三月三十一日及二 零一七年三月三十一日止年度概無 購股權獲行使。

截至二零一六年及二零一七年三月三十一日止年度,概無其他根據新計劃授出之購股權獲註銷。本集團並無法律或推定責任須以現金購回或償付購股權。

(c) 以授出購股權換取之服務公平值乃 參考已授出購股權之公平值計量。 已授出購股權之估計公平值按二項 式期權定價模式計量。購股權之合 約年期作為輸入該模式之數據,而 預期提早行使已計入二項式期權定 價模式之中。

Date of grant

授出日期 30/8/2013 二零一三年 購股權之公平值及假設 八月三十日 Fair value of share options and assumptions Fair value at measurement date 於計量日期之公平值 HK\$0.0038 港幣0.0038元 Share price 股價 HK\$0.033 港幣0.033元 行使價 HK\$0.0534 Exercise price 港幣0.0534元 Expected volatility (expressed as weighted 預期波幅(根據二項式期權定價模式 35.28% average volatility used in the modeling 模擬時所用加權平均波幅) under binomial option pricing model) Option life (expressed as weighted average 購股權年期(根據二項式期權定價模式 10 years life used in the modeling under binomial 模擬時所使用加權平均年期) 10年 option pricing model) 預期股息 HK\$Nil **Expected dividends** 港幣零元 無風險利率(以十年期香港外匯基金 2.335% Risk-free interest rate (based on 10-year Hong Kong Exchange Fund Notes) 票據為準)

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

#### 34. SHARE OPTION SCHEME (Continued)

(c) (Continued)

The expected volatility is based on annualized standard deviations of the continuously compounded rates of return on the share prices of five comparable companies in Hong Kong and Brazil Exchange with similar business operations. No dividends are expected as the Company had no history of payment of dividends.

The share options granted during the year ended 31 March 2014 were immediately vested. There were no market conditions associated with the share option grants.

#### 35. RESERVES

(a) The Group

#### 34. 購股權計劃(續)

(c) (續)

預期波幅乃以於香港及巴西證券交易所從事同類業務營運之五間可資 比較公司之股價回報持續複合比率 之年度標準差為基準。由於本公司 過往並無派付股息記錄,故預期不 會派付任何股息。

於截至二零一四年三月三十一日止年度授出之購股權已即時歸屬。授出購股權並無附隨任何市場條件。

#### 35. 儲備

(a) 本集團

			Share premium	本公司就償付收	Contributed surplus 實繳盈餘	Distributable reserve	Capital redemption reserve	Exchange fluctuation reserve 匯兑波動儲備	Share option reserve 購股權儲備	Accumulated losses 累計虧損	Sub-total 小計	Non- controlling interests 非控股股益	Total
		Notes 附註	放 <b>订</b> 溢值 HK\$'000 港幣千元	購代價所持股份 HK\$'000 港幣千元	員 歌 盤 琢 HK\$'000 港幣千元	可供分派儲備 HK\$'000 港幣千元	股本贖回儲備 HK\$'000 港幣千元	進兄波劉領領 HK\$'000 港幣千元	期政権傾悔 HK\$'000 港幣千元	系訂衡損 HK\$'000 港幣千元	か HK\$'000 港幣千元	非控放放益 HK\$'000 港幣千元	総訂 HK\$'000 港幣千元
At 1 April 2015	於二零一五年四月一日		6,594	(115,920)	2,885,431	2,216	8,000	(65,697)	1,185	(2,757,960)	(36,151)	79	(36,072)
Change in equity for 2016 Loss for the year	二零一六年權益變動 年度虧損		-	-	-	-	-	ц		(33,077)	(33,077)	8	(33,069)
Exchange differences on translation of financial statements of overseas subsidiaries	換算海外附屬公司 財務報表之匯兇差額		-	-	-	-	-	(5,026)		-	(5,026)	-	(5,026)
Total other comprehensive income	其他全面收入總額		<u> </u>		-	-		(5,026)	-		(5,026)	-	(5,026)
Total comprehensive loss for the year	年度全面虧損總額		ħ.	-	-	1	44	(5,026)	-	(33,077)	(38,103)	8	(38,095)
Transactions with owners Share issue upon exercise of ordinary share warrants Forfeiture of share options Total transactions with owners	與擁有人進行之交易 行使普通股認股權證後 發行股份 沒收購股權 與擁有人進行之交易總額	33(d)	342 - 342			-	-		(316)	- 316	342 - 342	-	342 - 342
At 31 March 2016	於二零一六年三月三十一日		6,936	(115,920)	2,885,431	2,216	8,000	(70,723)	869	(2,790,721)	(73,912)	87	(73,825)

綜合財務報表附註 For the year ended 31 March 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

## 35. RESERVES (Continued)

#### (a) The Group (Continued)

#### 35. 儲備(續) (a) 本集團(續)

			Share premiur	Shares held by the Company for settlement of acquisition consideration 本公司就借付收	Contributed surplus	Distributable reserve	Capital redemption reserve	Exchange fluctuation reserve	Share option reserve	Accumulated losses	Sub-total	Non- controlling interests	Total
	-	Notes 附註	股份溢值 HK\$'00 港幣千元	i 購代價所持股份 ) HK\$'000	實繳盈餘 HK\$'000 港幣千元	可供分派儲備 HK\$'000 港幣千元	股本贖回儲備 HK\$'000 港幣千元	匯兑波動儲備 HK\$'000 港幣千元	購股權儲備 HK\$'000 港幣千元	累計虧損 HK\$'000 港幣千元	小計 HK\$'000 港幣千元	非控股股益 HK\$'000 港幣千元	<b>總計</b> HK\$'000 港幣千元
At 1 April 2016	於二零一六年四月一日		6,93	3 (115,920)	2,885,431	2,216	8,000	(70,723)	869	(2,790,721)	(73,912)	87	(73,825)
Change in equity for 2017 Loss for the year	二零一七年權益變動 年度虧損			./		-	-	_	-	(1,751)	(1,751)		(1,751)
Exchange differences on translation of financial statements of overseas subsidiaries	換算海外附屬公司 財務報表之匯兑差額				-	-	-	7,828	-	-	(7,828)	_	(7,828)
Total other comprehensive loss	其他全面虧損總額					-	-	7,828		- T	(7,828)		(7,828)
Total comprehensive loss for the year	年度全面虧損總額			. (-		-	2	7,828	-	(1,751)	6,077		6,077
Transactions with owners Share issue upon exercise of ordinary share warrants Forfeiture of share options Disposal of subsidiaries Total transactions with owners	與擁有人進行之交易 行為 發行逐份 發性關股權 出售附屬公司 與擁有人進行之交易總額	33(d) 36	1!			-	=	(1,362)	-	-	19 - (1,362) (1,343)	- (101) (101)	19 - (1,463) (1,444)
At 31 March 2017	於二零一七年三月三十一日		6,95	5 (115,920)	2,885,431	2,216	8,000	(64,257)	869	(2,792,472)	(69,178)	(14)	(69,192)

#### (b) The Company

#### (b) 本公司

		Notes 附註	Share premium 股份溢價 HK\$'000 港幣千元	Shares held by the Company for settlement of acquisition consideration 本公司就 價付收購代價 所持股份 HK\$000 港幣千元	Contributed surplus 實繳盈餘 HK\$'000 港幣千元	Distributable reserve 可供分派 儲備 HK\$'000 港幣千元	Capital redemption reserve 股本購回 儲備 HK\$*000 港幣千元	Share option reserve 購股權 儲備 HK\$'000 港幣千元	Accumulated losses 累計虧損 HK\$'000 港幣千元	<b>Total</b> 總計 HK\$*000 港幣千元
At 1 April 2015 Loss for the year Share issue upon exercise of	於二零一五年四月一日 年度虧損 行使普通股認股權證時發行股份		6,594	(115,920)	2,938,375	2,216	8,000	1,185	(2,904,777) (16,559)	(64,327) (16,559)
ordinary share warrants Forfeiture of share options	沒收購股權	33(d)	342	-	-		-	(316)	316	342
At 31 March 2016	於二零一六年三月三十一日		6,936	(115,920)	2,938,375	2,216	8,000	869	(2,921,020)	(80,544)
At 1 April 2016 Profit for the year Share issue upon exercise of	於二零一六年四月一日 年度溢利 行使普通殷認殷權證時發行股份		6,936	(115,920)	2,938,375	2,216	8,000	869 -	(2,921,020) 6,765	(80,544) 6,765
ordinary share warrants		33(d)	19		-	-	-	-	-	19
At 31 March 2017	於二零一七年三月三十一日		6,955	(115,920)	2,938,375	2,216	8,000	869	(2,914,255)	(73,760)

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

#### 35. RESERVES (Continued)

#### (c) Nature and purposes of the reserves

#### (i) Share premium

The application of the share premium account is governed by Section 40 of the Bermuda Companies Act 1981. The share premium account of the Company is distributable to the owners of the Company in the form of fully paid bonus shares.

#### (ii) Contributed surplus

The contributed surplus of the Company represents the excess of the fair value of the shares of the subsidiaries acquired pursuant to the Group reorganisation in June 1991, over the nominal value of the Company's shares issued in exchange thereof, and the capital reorganisation during the year ended 31 March 2014. Under the Bermuda Companies Act 1981 (as amended), the contributed surplus is distributable to shareholders in certain circumstances.

#### (iii) Distributable reserve

Pursuant to a special resolution passed on 15 July 2003, the share premium account of the Company was reduced by an amount of HK\$103,948,000 to HK\$Nil and of which HK\$98,953,000 was applied towards the elimination of the accumulated losses of the Company as at 31 March 2003, with the remaining balance of HK\$4,995,000 being credited to a distributable reserve of the Company. The reduction of share premium account was effective on 6 October 2003.

#### (iv) Capital redemption reserve

The capital redemption reserve represents the amount paid by which the Company's issued share capital has been diminished on the cancellation of the shares repurchased.

#### (v) Exchange fluctuation reserve

The exchange fluctuation reserve comprises all foreign exchange differences arising from the translation of the financial statements of the overseas subsidiaries. The reserve is dealt with in accordance with the accounting policy set out in Note 3(t).

#### 35. 儲備(續)

#### (c) 儲備之性質及目的

#### (i) 股份溢價

股份溢價賬之應用受百慕達 一九八一年公司法第40條管 轄。本公司股份溢價賬以繳足 紅股方式分派予本公司擁有 人。

#### (ii) 實繳盈餘

本公司之實繳盈餘為按本集 團於一九九一年六月進行集 團重組所收購附屬公司股份之 公平值超逾本公司為交換該等 股份而發行之股份面值之差額 及截至二零一四年三月三十一 日止年度之股本重組。根據訂 本),實繳盈餘可於若干情況 下分派予股東。

#### (iii) 可供分派儲備

根據於二零零三年七月十五日通過之特別決議案,本公司之股份溢價賬已削減港元司之股份溢價賬已削減港元。當中港幣98,953,000元已用作撤銷本公司於二零零三年三月三十一日之累計虧損,而蘇領港幣4,995,000元則計入本股份溢價賬於二零零三年十月六日生效。

#### (iv) 股本贖回儲備

股本贖回儲備指本公司已發行 股本削減至所購回股份被註銷 所支付金額。

#### (v) 匯兑波動儲備

匯兑波動儲備包括換算海外附屬公司財務報表產生之一切匯 兑差額。該儲備乃根據附註3(t) 所載會計政策處理。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

#### 35. RESERVES (Continued)

#### (c) Nature and purposes of the reserves (Continued)

#### (vi) Share option reserve

Share option reserve represents the portion of the grant date fair value of unexercised share options granted to directors and employees of the Group that has been recognized in accordance with the accounting policy adopted for share-based payments in Note 3(p)(iii).

## (vii) Shares held by Company for settlement of acquisition consideration

The Company issued shares for acquisitions of Originate Tech during the year ended 31 March 2012. At the end of the reporting period, 280,000,000 shares, valued at HK\$0.414 (the issue price) per share amounting to HK\$115,920,000 were held by the Company awaiting disposal. Proceeds from the disposal of these shares shall be returned to the Company in accordance with the terms of the acquisition agreement.

#### (d) Distributability of reserves

At 31 March 2016 and 2017, the aggregate amount of reserves available for the distribution to the owners of the Company calculated in accordance with the Bermuda Companies Act 1981 (as amended) was HK\$Nii.

#### (e) Capital risk management

The Group's primary objectives when managing capital are to safeguard the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, so that it can continue to provide returns for shareholders and benefits for other stakeholders and to maintain an optimal capital structure to reduce the cost of capital.

The Group actively and regularly reviews and manages its capital structure to maintain a balance between the higher shareholder returns that might be possible with higher level of borrowings and the advantages and security afforded by a sound capital position, and makes adjustments to the capital structure in light of changes in economic conditions.

The Group monitors its capital structure on the basis of a net debt-to-adjusted capital ratio. For this purpose the Group defines net debt as total debt (which includes loan notes and other financial liabilities) plus unaccrued proposed dividends, less bank deposits and cash. Adjusted capital comprises all components of equity less unaccrued proposed dividends plus net debt.

#### 35. 儲備(續)

#### (c) 儲備之性質及目的(續)

#### (vi) 購股權儲備

購股權儲備指根據附註3(p)(iii) 就以股份支付所採納會計政策 已確認之授予本集團董事及僱 員未行使購股權公平值之授出 日期部份。

#### (vii) 本公司就償付收購代價所持 股份

本公司於截至二零一二年三月三十一日止年度已就收購創科已發行股份。於報告期末,本公司持有每股價格港幣0.414元(發行價)之280,000,000股股份合共港幣115,920,000元以待出售。出售有關股份之所得款項將根據收購協議之條款退還本公司。

#### (d) 儲備是否可予分派

於二零一六年及二零一七年三月 三十一日,根據百慕達一九八一年 公司法(經修訂)計算可供分派予 本公司擁有人之儲備總額為港幣零 元。

#### (e) 資本風險管理

本集團管理資本主要旨在保障本集團的持續經營能力,從而能夠繼續 為股東帶來回報並且令其他利益相關者受惠,以及保持最佳資本架構 以減輕資金成本。

本集團積極及定期檢討及管理其資本架構,以在較高借貸水平可能帶來較高股東回報與維持穩健資金狀況所帶來的裨益及保障之間取得平衡,並因應經濟環境的轉變調整資本架構。

本集團按債務淨額對經調整資本比率之基準監察其資本結構。為此,本集團界定債務淨額為債務總額(包括貸款票據及其他財務負債)加非累計擬派股息,減銀行存款及現金。經調整資本包括權益之所有組成部分減去非累計擬派股息加債務淨額。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

#### 35. RESERVES (Continued)

#### (e) Capital risk management (Continued)

During the year ended 31 March 2017, the Group's strategy, which unchanged from 2016, was to maintain the net debt-to-adjusted capital ratio as low as feasible. In order to maintain or adjust the ratio, the Group may adjust the amount of dividends paid to the owners, return capital to the owners, issue new shares or sell assets to reduce debt. The net debt-to-adjusted capital ratio at 31 March 2017 and 2016 were as follows:

#### 35. 儲備(續)

#### (e) 資本風險管理(續)

截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度,本集團採取與二零一六年度 相同的策略,盡可能將債務淨平。 相同的策略,盡可能將債務淨平。 經 調整該比率維持在低水平。 維持或調整該比率,本集團向 施 有 人 退還資本、發行新股份或出售 產減輕債務。於二零一七年及 一六年三月三十一日,淨債務對經 調整資本比率如下:

		2017 二零一七年 HK\$'000 港幣千元	2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000 港幣千元
Trade and other payables	應付貿易款項及其他應付款項	15,071	40,749
Loans and borrowings	貸款及借貸	23,302	23,344
Financial liabilities	財務負債	22,532	52,029
Total debt	債務總額	60,905	116,122
Less: cash and cash equivalents	減:現金及現金等價物	(116,163)	(59,258)
Net debt	債務淨額	(55,258)	56,864
Total equity	權益總額	116,480	111,744
Total capital	資本總額	61,222	168,608
Net debt-to-adjusted capital ratio	債務淨額對經調整資本比率	N/A	34%

The Group is not subject to any externally imposed capital requirements.

本集團並無受任何外界施加的資本 規定所規限。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

#### 36. DISPOSAL OF SUBSIDIARIES

#### (a) Disposal of Travel Inn Limited

On 28 April 2016, the Group disposed of Travel Inn Limited to an independent third party at the consideration of HK\$180,000.

#### 36. 出售附屬公司

#### (a) 出售旅遊棧有限公司

於二零一六年四月二十八日,本集團以代價港幣180,000元出售旅遊棧有限公司予一名獨立第三方。

2017 二零一七年 HK\$'000 港幣千元

		冷帘十九
Consideration received in cash and cash equivalents	以現金及現金等價物之已收代價	1,800
Analysis of assets and liabilities over which control was lost:	失去控制權之資產及負債分析:	
Property, plant and equipment	物業、廠房及設備	2,934
Deferred tax assets	遞延税項資產	63
Trade and other receivables	應收貿易款項及其他應收款項	148
Prepayments	預付款項	15
Tax recoverable	可收回税項	11
Cash and cash equivalents	現金及現金等價物	741
Trade and other payables	應付貿易款項及其他應付款項	(629)
Amount due to a shareholder	應付一名股東款項	(836)
Bank borrowings	銀行借貸	(785)
Net assets disposal of	出售資產淨值	1,662
Gain on disposal of subsidiaries:	出售附屬公司之收益:	
Consideration received	已收代價	1,800
Non-controlling interests	非控股權益	101
Net assets disposed of	出售資產淨值	(1,662)
	_	239
Net cash inflow arising on disposal:	出售產生之現金流入淨額:	
Consideration received	已收代價	1,800
Cash and cash equivalents balance disposed of	出售之現金及現金等價物結存	(741)
		1,059

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

#### 36. DISPOSAL OF SUBSIDIARIES

# (b) Disposal of Originate Tech Global Investment Limited On 16 August 2016, the Group disposed of Originate Tech Global Investment Limited to an independent third party at the consideration of HK\$50,000.

#### 36. 出售附屬公司

#### (b) 出售創科環球投資有限公司 於二零一六年八月十六日,本集團 以代價港幣50,000元出售創科環球 投資有限公司予一名獨立第三方。

2017 二零一七年 HK\$'000 港幣千元

		港幣千元
Consideration received in cash and cash equivalents	以現金及現金等價物之已收代價	50
Analysis of assets and liabilities over which control was lost:	失去控制權之資產及負債分析:	
Property, plant and equipment Inventories Trade and other receivables Cash and cash equivalents Trade and other payables Customer deposits received Tax payable Amount due to a shareholder	物業、廠房及設備 存貨 應收貿易款項及其他應收款項 現金及現金等價物 應付貿易款項及其他應付款項 已收客戶按金 應付税項 應付一名股東款項	940 71 5,171 8 (4,985) (402) (1,253) (349)
Net liabilities disposal of	出售負債淨值	(799)
Gain on disposal of subsidiaries: Consideration received Release of exchange fluctuation reserve upon disposal Net liabilities disposed of	出售附屬公司之收益: 已收代價 於出售時解除匯兑儲備 出售負債淨值	50 1,362 799
		2,211
Net cash inflow arising on disposal:  Consideration received  Cash and cash equivalents balance disposed of	出售產生之現金流入淨額: 已收代價 出售之現金及現金等價物結存 	50 (8)
		42

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

#### 37. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

The Group's major financial instruments include loan receivables, trade and other receivables, cash and cash equivalents, loans and borrowings, trade and other payables, financial liabilities, promissory notes, amounts due to shareholders, amount due to related companies and amount due to non-controlling shareholder.

Details of these financial instruments are disclosed in respective notes. The risk associated with these financial instruments and the policies on how to mitigate these risks are set out below. Management manages and monitors these exposures to ensure appropriate measures are implemented on a timely and effective manner.

#### (a) Credit risk

The Group's credit risk is primarily attributable to bank deposits, loan receivables and trade and other receivables.

For trade and other receivables, management has a credit policy in place and the exposures to these credit risks are monitored on an ongoing basis. In respect of trade and other receivables, credit evaluations are performed on all customers requiring credit over a certain amount. These evaluations focus on the customer's past history of making payments when due and current ability to pay, and take into account information specific to the customer as well as pertaining to the economic environment in which the customer operates. Trade receivables are due within 30 – 180 days from the date of billing.

Debtors with balances that are more than 6 months past due are requested to settle all outstanding balances before any further credit is granted.

Loan receivables are secured by personal/corporate guarantees and/or the pledge of customers' properties and/or the borrowers' specific investments and loans receivable.

The Group's exposure to credit risk is influenced mainly by the individual characteristics of each customer and debtor rather than the industry or country in which the customers and debtors operate and therefore significant concentration of credit risk primarily arisen when the Group has significant exposure to individual customers.

#### 37. 財務風險管理

本集團之主要財務工具包括應收貸款、 應收貿易款項及其他應收款項、現金及 現金等價物、貸款及借貸、應付貿易款項 及其他應付款項、財務負債、承付票據、 應付股東及關連公司款項及應付非控股 股東款項。

該等財務工具之詳情於有關附註披露。 與該等財務工具相關之風險及如何降低 該等風險之政策載於下文。管理層管理 及監控該等風險,確保能適時及有效地 採取適當措施。

#### (a) 信貸風險

本集團之信貸風險主要與銀行存款、應收貸款及應收貿易款項及其 他應收款項有關。

結餘逾期六個月以上之債務人須清 償所有未償還之結餘後方會獲授任 何進一步之信貸額。

應收貸款由個人/公司擔保及/或客戶物業抵押及/或借款人特定投資及應收貸款作出抵押。

本集團之信貸風險主要受客戶及債務人各自之個別特點影響,而非客戶及債務人營運所在行業或國家,因此,重大信貸集中風險主要於本集團因個別客戶而面臨重大風險時產生。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

#### 37. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

#### (a) Credit risk (Continued)

The Group had concentration of credit risk by customers and debtors as for 100% (2016: 100%) and 52% (2016: 55%) of the total trade and loan receivables were due from the Group's five largest customers and the largest customer respectively as at 31 March 2017. The Group had concentration of credit risk by other receivables as for 78% (2016: 52%) of total other receivables were due from two largest parties as at 31 March 2017.

Credit risk refers to the risk that a counterparty will default on its contractual obligations resulting in financial loss to the Group.

In order to minimise the credit risk, the executive directors of the Company are responsible for determination of credit limits, credit approvals and other monitoring procedures to ensure that follow-up action is taken to recover overdue debts. In addition, the Group reviews the recoverable amount of each individual debt at the end of each reporting period to ensure that adequate impairment losses are made for irrecoverable amounts. In this regard, the directors of the Company consider that the Group's credit risk is significantly reduced.

The credit risk on liquid funds is limited because the counterparties are banks with high credit ratings assigned by international credit-rating agencies.

Further quantitative disclosures in respect of the Group's exposure to credit risk arising from trade and other receivables are set out in Note 26.

#### (b) Liquidity risk

Individual operating entities within the Group are responsible for their own cash management, including the raising of loans to cover expected cash demands, subject to parent company's board approval. The Group's policy is to regularly monitor current and expected liquidity requirements and its compliance with lending covenants, to ensure that it maintains sufficient reserves of cash and adequate committed lines of funding from an independent third party to meet its liquidity requirements in the short and longer term.

#### 37. 財務風險管理(續)

#### (a) 信貸風險(續)

於二零一七年三月三十一日,本集團之客戶及債務人信貸風險集中來自本集團五大客戶及最大客戶,彼等各佔應收貿易款項及應收貸款總額之100%(二零一六年:100%)及52%(二零一六年:55%)。於二零一七年三月三十一日,本集團就其他應收款項面臨信貸風險集中,因其他應收款項總額之78%(二零一六年:52%)為來自兩名最大客戶。

信貸風險指交易對手合約責任違約 所產生之本集團財務虧損。

為盡量減低信貸風險,本公司執行 董事負責釐定信貸限額、信貸限額、信貸 及其他監督程序,確保已採來集 行動收回逾期債務。此外,本務 時期末檢討各個別債務 收回金額,確保已對不可收 計提充分減值虧損。就此而言, 公司董事認為本集團之信貸 風險已 大幅減低。

由於對手方均為獲國際信貸評級機構給予高信貸評級之銀行,因此流動資金之信貸風險有限。

有關本集團因應收貿易款項及其他 應收款項而面對之信貸風險,其進 一步量化披露載於附註26。

#### (b) 流動資金風險

本集團內的個別經營實體須自行負責其現金管理事宜,包括籌措貸款以應付預期現金需求,惟須待母之董事會批准,方可作實。本集團之政策為定期監控現時及預等金需求以及是否遵守借貸契諾,確保維持足夠現金儲備及從一名獨立第三方獲取充裕信貸額度,以應付其短期及較長期之流動資金需求。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

#### 37. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

#### (b) Liquidity risk (Continued)

The following tables detail the remaining contractual maturities at the end of the reporting period of the Group's and the Company's non-derivative financial liabilities which are based on contractual undiscounted cash flows (including interest payments computed using contractual rates or, if floating, based on rates current at the end of the reporting period) and the earliest date the Group and the Company can be required to pay:

#### 37. 財務風險管理(續)

#### (b) 流動資金風險(續)

下表詳列本集團及本公司非衍生財務負債於報告期末之剩餘合約年期,乃根據合約未貼現現金流轉(包括以合約利率(或如屬浮息,則根據於報告期末之通行利率)推算之利息支出)以及本集團及本公司可被要求付款之最早日期編製:

				20 二零-			
		Carrying amount	Total contractual undiscounted cash flow 合約未貼現現金流	Within 1 year or on demand	More than 1 year but less than 2 years	More than 2 years but less than 5 years	More than 5 years
18		賬面值 <b>HK\$'000</b> 港幣千元	轉總額	一年內或按要求 <b>HK\$'000</b> 港幣千元	一年後但兩年內 <b>HK\$'000</b> 港幣千元	兩年後但五年內 <b>HK\$'000</b> 港幣千元	五年以上 <b>HK\$'000</b> 港幣千元
Trade and other payables Loans and borrowings Financial liabilities	應付貿易款項及其他應付款項 貸款及借貸 財務負債	15,071 23,302 22,532		15,071 16,866 22,532	- 393 -	- 1,179 -	- 7,433 -
		60,905	63,474	54,469	393	1,179	7,433
		<b>2016</b> 二零一六年					
		Carrying amount	Total contractual undiscounted cash flow 合約未貼現現金流	Within 1 year or on demand	More than 1 year but less than 2 years	More than 2 years but less than 5 years	More than 5 years
		賬面值 <b>HK\$'000</b> 港幣千元	轉總額	一年內或按要求 HK\$'000 港幣千元	一年後但兩年內 <b>HK\$'000</b> 港幣千元	兩年後但五年內 HK\$'000 港幣千元	五年以上 HK\$'000 港幣千元
Trade and other payables Loans and borrowings Financial liabilities	應付貿易款項及其他應付款項 貸款及借貸 財務負債	40,749 23,344 52,029	40,749 26,361 52,029	40,749 16,977	- 393 52,029	- 1,179 -	- 7,812 -
		116,122	119,139	57,726	52,422	1,179	7,812

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

#### 37. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

#### (b) Liquidity risk (Continued)

The table that follows summarises the maturity analysis of term loans with a repayment on demand clause based on agreed scheduled repayments set out in the loan agreements. The amounts include interest payments computed using contractual rates. Taking into account of the Group's financial position, the directors of the Company do not consider it probable that the bank will exercise its discretion to demand immediate repayment. The directors of the Company believe that such term loans will be repaid in accordance with the scheduled repayment dates set out in the loan agreements.

# Maturity Analysis – Term Loans subject to a repayment on demand clause based on scheduled repayments The Group

#### 37. 財務風險管理(續)

#### (b) 流動資金風險(續)

下表概述附有按要求償還之有期貸款根據貸款協議所載之協定償還除款作出之到期日分析。有關金額包括以合約利率計算之利息付款。經考慮本集團之財務狀況,本使要事認為銀行不大可能會行重等認為銀行不大可能會行重等。即時還款之酌情權。本公司董數協議所載之計劃還款日期償還。

#### 到期日分析-按要求償還條款之 有期貸款(按計劃還款) 本集團

		Within 1 year	More than 1 year but less than 2 years	More than 2 years but less than 5 years	More than 5 years	Total contractual undiscounted cash outflows 合約未貼現	Carrying amount
		<b>一年內</b> HK\$'000 港幣千元	一年後但兩年內 HK\$'000 港幣千元	<b>兩年後但五年內</b> HK\$'000 港幣千元	<b>五年後</b> HK\$'000 港幣千元	<b>現金流出總額</b> HK\$'000 港幣千元	<b>賬面值</b> HK\$'000 港幣千元
31 March 2017 31 March 2016	二零一七年三月三十一日 二零一六年三月三十一日	184 184	184 184	554 554	3,640 3,824	4,397 4,581	3,923 4,069

#### (c) Foreign currency risk

The Group has minimal exposure to foreign currency risk as most of its business transactions, assets and liabilities are principally denominated in the functional currencies of the Group entities, Hong Kong dollars. The Group currently does not have a foreign currency hedging policy in respect of foreign currency transactions, assets and liabilities. The Group monitors its foreign currency exposure closely and will consider hedging significant foreign currency exposure should the need arise.

#### (c) 外匯風險

由於本集團的大部分業務交易、資產及負債主要以本集團實體的功能貨幣港元計值,故本集團面對的外幣風險極低。本集團目前並無就外幣交易、資產及負債制訂任何外幣對沖政策。本集團密切監察其外幣風險,並於有需要時考慮對沖重大外匯風險。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

#### 37. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

#### (d) Interest rate risk

The Group's interest rate risk arises primarily from financial liabilities issued at a variable rates and fixed rates that expose the Group to cash flow interest rate risk and fair value interest rate risk respectively. The Group's interest rate profile as monitored by management is set out below. The Group does not expect any changes on interest rate which might materially affect the Group's result of operations.

During the year, the Group and the Company had not entered into any interest rate swap contracts.

#### (i) Interest rate profile

#### 37. 財務風險管理(續)

#### (d) 利率風險

本集團之利率風險主要來自按浮動 利率及固定利率發行並導致本集團 須分別面對現金流轉利率風險及公 平值利率風險之財務負債。管理層 所監控之本集團利率詳情載於下 文。本集團預期不會出現任何可能 對本集團經營業績構成重大影響之 利率變動。

年內,本集團及本公司概無訂立任 何利率掉期合約。

#### (i) 利率詳情

		<b>2017</b> 二零一七		2016 二零一六年		
		Effective interest rate 實際利率 %	HK\$'000 港幣千元	Effective interest rate 實際利率 %	Renminbi 人民幣 HK\$'000 港幣千元	
Fixed rate receivables: Loan receivables	應收定息款項 應收貸款	6.5%-11%	23,200	6.5%-10.5%	82,338	
Fixed rate borrowings: Loans and borrowings	定息借貸: 貸款及借貸	3%	12,076	3%	11,743	
Variable rate borrowings: Loans and borrowings	浮息借貸: 貸款及借貸	1.02%-2.25%	11,226	0.94%-2.27%	11,601	

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

#### 37. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

#### (d) Interest rate risk (Continued)

### (ii) Sensitivity analysis

#### The Group

At 31 March 2017, it is estimated that a general increase/decrease of 1% in interest rate, with all other variables held constant, would have increase/decrease the Group's loss for the year and accumulated losses by approximately HK\$112,000 (2016: HK\$117,000).

The sensitivity analysis has been determined assuming that the change in interest rates had occurred at the end of the reporting period and had been applied to the exposure to interest rate risk for the non-derivative financial liabilities in existence at that date. The 1% increase or decrease represents management's assessment of a reasonably possible change in interest rates over the period until the end of the next reporting period. The analysis was performed on the same basis for year 2016.

#### (e) Price risk

The Group's warrants exposed the Group to equity price risk. Management has closely monitored the relevant risk and will consider hedging the risk exposure should the need arise.

#### Sensitivity analysis

The sensitivity analysis includes the outstanding number of warrants as at the end of the reporting period and adjusts as at the year end for a higher/lower in share price, holding other variables constant.

At 31 March 2017, if the input of share price to the valuation model of the warrants had been 5% higher/lower while all other variables were held constant, the Group's loss for the year would increase/decrease by HK\$2,106,000 (2016: HK\$3,490,000) as a result of the changes in fair value of the warrants.

In management's opinion, the sensitivity analysis is unrepresentative of the inherent market risk as the multiple variables involved in the valuation model used in the fair value valuation of the derivatives are interdependent.

#### **37.** 財務風險管理(續)

#### (d) 利率風險(續)

## (ii) 敏感度分析

#### 本集團

於二零一七年三月三十一日, 倘利率整體上升/下跌1厘, 而其他所有變數維持不變,則 估計本集團之年度虧損及累 計虧損會增加/減少約港幣 112,000元(二零一六年:港幣 117,000元)。

釐定敏感度分析時已假設利率 變動於報告期末發生,並應用 至於當日存在之非衍生財務負 債所承受之利率風險。利率至 跌一厘代表管理層對於直至下 個報告期間完結前之期間內 利率合理可能變動的評估。進 行分析的基準與二零一六年相 同。

#### (e) 價格風險

本集團之認股權證令本集團面對股票價格風險。管理層密切監察相關 風險並將於需要時考慮對沖相關風險。

#### 敏感度分析

敏感度分析包括於報告期末之認股權證之未行使數目,並於年末就股價升/跌作出調整,而其他變數均為不變。

於二零一七年三月三十一日,倘認股權證估值模式之股價輸入值上升 /下跌5%,而所有其他變數均為不變,本集團之年內虧損將因為認股權證之公平值變動而增加/減少港幣2,106,000元(二零一六年:港幣3,490,000元)。

管理層認為,敏感度分析不足以代表內在市場風險,原因為衍生工具公平值估值所用之估值模型中之多項變數為相互影響。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

#### 37. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

#### Natural risk

The ability to harvest wood and the growth of the trees in the forests may be affected by unfavourable local weather conditions and natural disasters. Weather conditions such as floods. droughts, cyclones and windstorms and natural disasters such as earthquakes, fire, disease, insect infestation and pests are examples of such events. The occurrence of severe weather conditions or natural disasters may diminish the supply of trees available for harvesting, or otherwise impede the Group's logging operations or the growth of the trees in the forests, which in turn may have an adverse effect on the Group's ability to produce the products in a timely manner and maintain sufficient operations.

#### (g) Fair value measurements recognised in the statement of financial position Fair value hierarchy

The following table presents the fair value of the Group's financial instruments measured at the end of the reporting period on a recurring basis, categorised into the three-level fair value hierarchy as defined in IFRS 13 Fair value measurement. The level into which a fair value measurement is classified is determined with reference to the observability and significance of the inputs used in the valuation technique as follows:

- Level 1 valuations: Fair value measured using only Level 1 inputs i.e. unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities at the measurement date
- Level 2 valuations: Fair value measured using Level 2 inputs i.e. observable inputs which fail to meet Level 1, and not using significant unobservable inputs. Unobservable inputs are inputs for which market data are not available
- Level 3 valuations: Fair value measured using significant unobservable inputs

#### 37. 財務風險管理(續)

#### (f) 自然風險

在森林內砍伐木材的能力及林木生 長可能受到地方氣候及自然災害之 不利影響。氣候狀況如洪水、乾旱、 颶風、風暴和自然災害如地震、火 災、疾病、蟲禍及害蟲都是該等事 件之例子。出現惡劣天氣狀況或發 生自然災害可能導致可供砍伐之樹 木減少,或妨礙本集團伐木業務或 影響森林內林木之生長,繼而可能 對本集團按時生產及供貨能力造成 不利影響。

## (g) 於財務狀況表內確認之公平值 計量

#### 公平值等級

下表列示本集團財務工具之公平 值,其按經常基準於報告期末計 量,分為三個公平值等級(定義見 國際財務報告準則第13號公平值計 量)。釐定公平值計量分類等級時, 乃參照估值技術所用輸入數據是否 屬可觀察及其重要性:

- 第一級估值:僅使用第一級輸 入數據(即於計量日同類資產 或負債於活躍市場之未經調整 報價)計量之公平值
- 第二級估值:使用第二級輸入 數據(即未能達到第一級之可 觀察輸入數據)且並未使用重 大不可觀察輸入數據計量之公 平值。不可觀察輸入數據為無 市場數據之輸入數據
- 第三級估值:使用重大不可觀 察輸入數據計量之公平值

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

#### 37. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

## (g) Fair value measurements recognised in the statement of financial position (Continued)

#### 37. 財務風險管理(續)

#### (g) 於財務狀況表內確認之公平值 計量(續)

		<b>2017</b> 二零一七年				20 二零-			
		Level 1 第一級 HK\$'000 港幣千元	Level 2 第二級 HK\$'000 港幣千元	Level 3 第三級 HK\$'000 港幣千元	Total 總計 HK\$'000 港幣千元	Level 1 第一級 HK\$'000 港幣千元	Level 2 第二級 HK\$'000 港幣千元	Level 3 第三級 HK\$'000 港幣千元	Total 總計 HK\$'000 港幣千元
Recurring fair value measurements Financial liabilities	經常性公平值計量財務負債	_	22,532	_	22,532	_	52,029	_	52,029

There were no transfers between Level 1 and Level 2, or transfers into or out of Level 3. The Group's policy is to recognise transfers between levels of fair value hierarchy as at the end of the reporting period in which they occur during the years 2016 and 2017.

## Valuation techniques and inputs used in Level 2 fair value measurements

The fair value of financial liabilities in Level 2 is calculated by the Black-Scholes model. The Black-Scholes model is implemented by applying computational method. Details of the input refer to note 32.

## (h) Fair value of financial assets and liabilities carried at other then fair value

The carrying amounts of the Group's and the Company's financial instruments carried at cost or amortised cost are not materially different from their fair values as at 31 March 2017 and 2016.

#### 38. COMMITMENTS

#### (a) Commitments in respect of capital expenditure

At the end of the reporting period, the Group had no material capital commitments (2016: HK\$Nil).

第一級及第二級之間並無轉撥,亦無轉入或轉出第三級。本集團之政策為於二零一六年及二零一七年產生之報告期間未確認公平值不同等級間之轉撥。

#### 第二級公平值計量採納之估值 技術及輸入數據

第二級之金融負債之公平值乃採用柏力克-舒爾斯模式計算。柏力克-舒爾斯模式乃藉應用計算方法執行。輸入數據詳情見附註32。

#### (h) 並非按公平值列賬之財務資產 及負債之公平值

於二零一七年及二零一六年三月 三十一日,本集團及本公司按成本 或攤銷成本列賬之財務工具之賬面 值與其公平值並無重大差異。

#### 38. 承擔

#### (a) 有關資本開支之承擔

於報告期末,本集團並無重大資本 承擔(二零一六年:港幣零元)。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

#### 38. COMMITMENTS (Continued)

#### (b) Operating lease commitments

The Group as lessee:

The Group and the Company leases certain of its office premises under operating leases. Leases for these properties are negotiated for terms ranging from one to two years.

At the end of the reporting period, the total future minimum lease payments under non-cancellable operating leases are payable as follows:

#### 38. 承擔(續)

#### (b) 經營租賃承擔

本集團為承租人:

本集團及本公司根據經營租賃租用 若干辦公室物業。該等物業之租賃 經磋商後為期一至兩年。

	7	2017 二零一七年 HK\$'000 港幣千元	2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000 港幣千元
Within one year In the second to fifth years, inclusive	一年內 第二至第五年 (包括首尾兩年)	145	600
		145	600

#### The Group as lessor:

The Group leases its investment properties under operating lease arrangements to tenants, with leases negotiated for terms ranging from one to two years. The terms of the leases generally require the tenants to pay security deposits. At the end of the reporting period, the Group had total future minimum lease payments receivables under non-cancellable operating leases with its tenants falling due as follow:

#### 本集團為出租人:

本集團根據經營租賃安排出租投資物業予租戶,經磋商租賃年期介乎一至兩年。租賃條款一般要求租戶支付抵押按金。於報告期末,本集團根據其與租戶訂立之不可撤銷經營租賃,有於以下時限到期之應收最低未來租賃付款總額:

		2017 二零一七年 HK\$'000 港幣千元	2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000 港幣千元
Within one year In the second to fifth years,	一年內 第二至第五年	396	162
inclusive	(包括首尾兩年)	37	
		433	162

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

#### 39. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

#### Partnership harvesting agreement

On 18 July 2011, UTRB entered into an agreement (the "Partnership Harvesting Agreement" or the "Agreement") with R2R Indústria e Comércio de Produtos Florestais Ltda. ("R2R"). Under the Agreement, UTRB will harvest logs on forest area supposedly owned by R2R under a Sustainable Forest Management Plan and pay R2R Florestal a total of BRL9,602,000 (or approximately HK\$41 million) by installments. R2R was responsible to obtain the necessary harvesting permit ("AUTEF") within 30 days of the Agreement. R2R was late in presenting the AUTEF to UTRB and failed to produce documentations that support its ownership of the subject forest area. In addition, UTRB's harvesting team discovered various environmental crimes in the subject forest area during its preparatory inspection. A total sum of BRL840,000 (or approximately HK\$3,869,000) was paid by UTRB under the Agreement while the remaining balance was withheld due to the above breach and irregularities. In the meantime, R2R sent various notices demanding for performance under the Agreement. On 17 January 2012, UTRB served a termination notice to R2R and demanded for the return of the deposits paid. On 23 February 2012, R2R sent UTRB an amicable settlement offer where reducing the outstanding balance to BRL1,621,000 (or approximately HK\$6,910,000) as final settlement for the immediate termination of the Agreement. According to the opinion of external legal counsels, they did not receive any notification, court notice or any other notice in respect of any arbitration, civil or criminal litigation that R2R would have filed, and the time bar for precluding R2R's rights to filing related claims has already ended.

#### 39. 或然負債

#### 夥伴伐木協議

於二零一一年七月十八日,UTRB與 R2R Indústria e Comércio de Produtos Florestais Ltda. (「R2R | ) 訂立協議 (「夥 伴伐木協議」或「協議」)。根據協議, UTRB將於據稱由R2R根據可持續森林管 理計劃擁有之森林地區砍伐原木,並分 期向R2R Florestal支付合共9,602,000雷 亞爾(或約港幣41,000,000元)。R2R負 責於協議日期起計30日內取得所需伐木 許可證(「伐木許可證」)。R2R未能及時 向UTRB交付伐木許可證及不能出示能 證明其擁有所述森林地區之文據。此外, UTRB之伐木團隊在進行籌備檢查時於所 述森林地區發現多項環保罪行。UTRB已 根據協議支付合共840.000雷亞爾(或約 港幣3,869,000元),而餘額因上述違約 及違規行為而扣留。於此期間內,R2R發 出多項通知要求履行協議。於二零一二 年一月十七日,UTRB向R2R送達終止通 知並要求退還已付訂金。於二零一二年 二月二十三日,R2R向UTRB發出和解提 議,將未償還餘額減至1,621,000雷亞爾 (或約港幣6.910,000元)以作為立即終止 協議之最終款項。根據外聘法律顧問之 意見,彼等並未就R2R可能提出之任何 仲裁、民事或刑事訴訟收到任何通知、 法院通知或任何其他通知,目禁止R2R 提出相關索償之權利之時限已終止。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

#### **40. LITIGATIONS**

#### Service agreement

On 30 May 2010, UTRB entered into a service agreement ("Service Agreement") with F Um Terraplanagem ("Terraplanagem"). Under the Service Agreement, Terraplanagem would carry out earthwork service in the hydropower plant in Rondonia, Brazil for a service fee of BRL892,500 (or approximately HK\$2,132,000). After signing the agreement, Terraplanagem did not provide any earthwork service and UTRB had to hire another company to complete the earthworks. However, in the land search of the freehold land of UTRB, it revealed that Terraplanagem submitted a claim to a court against UTRB to pay for alleged outstanding service fee of approximately BRL1,291,000 (or approximately HK\$3,084,000) and filed a precautionary injunction to prevent UTRB of selling certain area of its freehold land with carrying value of approximately BRL10,019,000 (or approximately HK\$21,428,000). Such injunction was awarded by the court during the vear ended 31 March 2015. Two witness hearings were held in 2016 and in March 2017, the court served the notice to both Terraplanagem and UTRB to present their final arguments. In May 2017, the court awarded Terraplanagem its claim in full. In June 2017, UTRB has filed its petition to the court presenting its arguments on the ruling by the court. UTRB will investigate the issue and defend itself vigorously in coming legal proceeding. The Company will inform its shareholders in due course. The claims of approximately BRL1,291,000 (or approximately HK\$3,176,000) has been included in other payables.

#### 40. 訴訟

#### 服務協議

於二零一零年五月三十日,UTRB與F Um Terraplanagem ( [Terraplanagem ] ) 訂立服務協議(「服務協議」)。根據 服務協議, Terraplanagem將於巴西朗 多尼亞之水力發電廠從事土方工程 服務,服務費為892.500雷亞爾(或約 港幣2,132,000元)。於簽訂協議後, Terraplanagem並未提供任何土方工程 服務,而UTRB不得不僱用另一間公司 以完成土方工程。然而,於對UTRB之 永久業權工地進行土地查冊時,其發現 Terraplanagem向法院遞交針對UTRB之 索償,要求支付指稱尚未償付之服務費 約1,291,000雷亞爾(或約港幣3,084,000 元)並已申請預防性禁止令,以防UTRB 出售賬面值約為10,019,000雷亞爾(或 約港幣21,428,000元)之若干永久業權土 地。截至二零一五年三月三十一日止年 度,該禁止令已獲法院頒發。兩次證人聆 訊分別於二零一六年及二零一七年三月 舉行,法院已向Terraplanagem及UTRB 發出通知,要求其提出結論性論點。於二 零一七年五月,法院判決Terraplanagem 勝訴,可獲得全部索償金額。於二零一七 年六月, UTRB針對法院判決, 向法院提 交論據。UTRB將調查此事並將於即將展 開之法律訴訟中進行強烈抗辯。本公司 將適時知會其股東。索償約1,291,000雷 亞爾(或約港幣3,176,000元)已計入其 他應付款項內。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

#### 40. LITIGATIONS (Continued)

#### Labour claim

During the financial year ended 31 March 2014, the Company revealed that a labour claim against UTRB for US\$600,000 was filed by Leandro Dos Martires Guerra ("Leandro"), a former director of the Company. Without receiving any writ from the court by UTRB, the court made an order to UTRB for paying Leandro the claim of US\$600,000 in August 2013. In April 2014, UTRB filed a legal appeal to the Northern Region Labour High Court after consulting legal counsels. During the year ended 31 March 2015, the Northern Region Labour High Court had given a favorable ruling on UTRB's appeal, determining the annulment of Leandro's claim due to irregularities in the writ of summons served to UTRB. As a result, the case has returned to its original court so the claimant could properly serve the writ of summons to UTRB which has happened. In March 2015, UTRB has presented its defense and a witness' hearing was held in October 2015 and on 17 November 2015, the Monocratic labour court has decided on the case in favour of UTRB dismissing all of Leandro's claim. The Court has awarded, however, Leandro approximately R\$60,000 (approximately HK\$128,000) regarding an undue reduction made in Leandro's termination fees. In or about late November 2015, Leandro had petitioned to the court raising questions about certain topics in the said decision and requesting the court to clarify such points. As a consequence of that, Leandro filled an appeal seeking the reform of the Original Labor's Court decision. In August 2016 UTRB filed its response to Leandro's Appeal. In addition to respond to Leandro's appeal, UTRB has also filed an appeal against the Original Court decision. UTRB's appeal has limited scope to contest solely the topic of the BRL60,000.00 that the Court has awarded to Leandro contained in the aforesaid decision. Up to the date of this report, the company is awaiting the Regional Labour High Court to decide on the appeals. The Company will inform its shareholders in due course. The claim of US\$600,000 (or approximately HK\$5,350,000 or approximately BRL2,175,000) has been included in other payables.

#### 40. 訴訟(續)

#### 勞動索償

於截至二零一四年三月三十一日止財政 年度,本公司發現本公司前董事Leandro Dos Martires Guerra (「Leandro」) 向 UTRB提出勞動索償600,000美元。 UTRB並未接獲來自法院之任何令狀, 法院於二零一三年八月命令UTRB向 Leandro支付索償金額600,000美元。 於二零一四年四月,UTRB於徵詢法律 顧問後向Northern Region Labour High Court作出上訴。截至二零一五年三 月三十一日止年度, Northern Region Labour High Court對UTRB之上訴作出 有利裁定,決定取消Leandro之索償, 此乃由於向UTRB發出之令狀中有不合 適之事宜。因此,案件退回原法院,申 索人需要(亦已經)正式向UTRB發出傳 訊令狀。於二零一五年三月,UTRB作出 抗辯,並已於二零一五年十月傳召證人 進行聆訊且於二零一五年十一月十七 日, Monocratic 勞動法庭已就該案件作 出有利於UTRB的判決,駁回Leandro之 所有索償。然而,該法院已就Leandro終 止費作出的不適當削減判予Leandro約 60,000雷亞爾(約港幣128,000元)。於 二零一五年十一月底或前後,Leandro入 稟法院,對上述裁決之若干事宜提出疑 問並要求法院就有關論點作出澄清。因 此,Leandro已提出上訴尋求對原勞動法 院之裁決進行改革。於二零一六年八月, UTRB對Leandro之上訴作出了答覆。除 對Leandro之上訴作出回應外,UTRB亦 對原法院之裁決提出上訴。UTRB之上 訴僅質疑法院於上述裁決判給Leandro 60,000.00雷亞爾之事宜,涵蓋範圍有 限。截至本報告日期,本公司正等待區域 勞動高級法院就上訴作出裁決。本公司 將於適當時候知會其股東。本公司已將 600,000美元(或約港幣5,350,000元或 約2,175,000雷亞爾)之索償計入其他應 付款項內。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

#### 41. MATERIAL RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The Group had the following transactions with related parties during the year.

#### (a) Key management personnel remuneration

The key management personnel of the Group included the directors, as disclosed in Note 13, and those individuals (other than directors) with highest emoluments, as disclosed in Note 14. Details of their emoluments are set out in Note 13 and Note 14 and summarized below.

#### 41. 重大關連人士交易

本集團於本年度曾與關連人士進行以下 交易。

#### (a) 主要管理人員之薪酬

本集團之主要管理人員包括附註13 所披露之董事及附註14所披露之最 高薪人士(董事除外)。彼等酬金 詳情載於附註13及附註14並概述如 下。

		2017 二零一七年 HK\$'000 港幣千元	2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000 港幣千元
Salaries and other short-term employee	薪金及其他短期僱員福利		25.334
benefits		4,341	4,055
Post-employment benefits	離職福利	178	151
Share-based payment	以股份支付	_	
		4,519	4,206

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

#### 42. STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

For the year ended 31 March 2017 (Expressed in Hong Kong dollars)

#### 42. 財務狀況表

截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度(以港幣呈列)

		<b>2017</b> 二零一七年	2016 二零一六年
		ー <del>マーにする。</del> HK\$'000 港幣千元	ーマーハー HK\$'000 港幣千元
NON-CURRENT ASSETS Property, plant and equipment Interest in subsidiaries	<b>非流動資產</b> 物業、廠房及設備 附屬公司權益	- 133,088	- 122,308
		133,088	122,308
CURRENT ASSETS Other receivables Cash and cash equivalents	<b>流動資產</b> 其他應收款項 現金及現金等價物	808 4,266	806 37,459
		5,074	38,265
CURRENT LIABILITIES Other payables	<b>流動負債</b> 其他應付款項	3,732	3,432
		3,732	3,432
NET CURRENT ASSETS	流動資產淨值	1,342	34,833
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES	總資產減流動負債	134,430	157,141
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES Financial liabilities	<b>非流動負債</b> 財務負債	22,532	52,029
NET ASSETS	資產淨值	111,898	105,112
CAPITAL AND RESERVES Share capital Reserves	<b>資本及儲備</b> 股本 儲備	185,658 (73,760)	185,656 (80,544)
TOTAL EQUITY	總權益	111,898	105,112

Approved and authorised for issue by the board of directors on 28 June 2017.

On Behalf of the Board

由董事會於二零一七年六月二十八日批准及授權刊行。

代表董事會

**YEUNG Sau Chung** 

楊秀中 Director 董事

The notes on pages 51 to 155 form part of these consolidated financial statements.

LIU Shun Chuen 廖信全 *Director* 董事

第51頁至第155頁之附註構成此等綜合 財務報表之一部分。

綜合財務報表附許

For the year ended 31 March 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

#### 43. POSSIBLE IMPACT OF AMENDMENTS, NEW STANDARDS AND INTERPRETATIONS ISSUED BUT NOT YET EFFECTIVE FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 **MARCH 2017**

Up to the date of issue of these financial statements, the IASB has issued a few amendments and new standards which are not yet effective for the year ended 31 March 2017 and which have not been adopted in these financial statements. These include the following which may be relevant to the Group.

Amendments to IAS 7

Disclosure Initiative1

Amendments to IAS 12

Recognition of Deferred Tax Assets for Unrealised Losses1 Financial instruments<sup>2</sup>

IFRS 9 IFRS 15

IFRIC 22

Revenue from contracts with

customers<sup>2</sup>

Amendments to IFRS 2

Share-based payment: Classification and measurement of share-based payment transactions<sup>2</sup>

Foreign Currency Transactions and

Advance Consideration<sup>2</sup> Leases3

IFRS 16 Amendments to IFRS 10 and

IAS28

Amendments to IFRSs

Sale or Contribution of Assets between an Investor and its Associate or Joint Venture4

Annual Improvements to IFRSs 2014 - 2016 Cycle1

- Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2017.
- Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2018.
- Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2019.
- Effective for annual periods beginning on or after a date to be determined.

The Group is in the process of making an assessment of what the impact of these amendments is expected to be in the period of initial application. So far it has concluded that the adoption of them is unlikely to have a significant impact on the consolidated financial statements.

#### 44. COMPARATIVE FIGURES

As a result of the discontinued operation, certain comparative figures have been reclassified to conform with the current year's presentation.

#### 43. 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止 年度已頒佈但尚未生效之修訂、 新訂準則及詮釋之可能影響

截至該等財務報表刊發日期,國際會計 師準則委員會已頒佈若干修訂及新訂準 則,該等修訂及準則於截至二零一七年 三月三十一日止年度尚未生效,亦未於 該等財務報表中採納。該等修訂及準則 包括可能與本集團有關之下列各項。

國際會計準則第7號之

披露計劃1

修訂本 國際會計準則第12號之

就未變現稅項虧損確 認遞延税項資產1

國際財務報告準則第9號 金融工具2

國際財務報告準則第15號 來自客戶合約之收益2

國際財務報告準則第2號 以股份為基礎付款:以 之修訂本

股份為基礎交易之 分類及計量2

國際財務報告詮釋委員會 外幣交易及墊付代價2 第22號

國際財務報告準則第16號 租賃<sup>3</sup>

國際財務報告準則第10號及投資者及其聯營公司 國際會計準則第28號之 或合營企業之間的

修訂本 國際財務報告準則之 修訂本

資產出售或投入4 國際財務報告準則二 零一四年至二零

一六年週期之年度 改维1

- 於二零一七年一月一日開始或以後之年度期 間生效。
- 於二零一八年一月一日開始或以後之年度期 間生效。
- 於二零一九年一月一日開始或以後之年度期 問生物。
- 於待定日期開始或之後之年度期間生效。

本集團正在評估該等修訂於首次採納期 間之預期影響,至今已斷定採納該等準 則不大可能對綜合財務報表造成重大影

#### 44. 比較數字

由於已終止經營業務,若干比較數字已 重新分類,以符合本年度之呈報方式。

## Five Years Financial Summary

五年財務摘要 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31 March 2017 (以港幣呈列) (Expressed in Hong Kong dollars)

RESULTS			業績			
				r ended 31 March 三月三十一日止年原		
		2017	2016 (Restated)	2015	2014	2013
		二零一七年	二零一六年	二零一五年	二零一四年	二零一三年
		<b>HK\$'000</b> 港幣千元	(經重列) HK\$'000 港幣千元	HK\$'000 港幣千元	HK\$'000 港幣千元	HK\$'000 港幣千元
Revenue	收入	7,138	9,182	7,822	63,946	76,550
Loss attributable to the owners of the Company	本公司擁有人應佔虧損	(1,751)	(33,077)	(56,508)	(490,133)	(326,601)
ASSETS AND LIABILITY	TIES		資產	<b>E</b> 及負債		
				As at 31 March		
		2017	2016	2015	2014	2013
		二零一七年 <b>HK\$'000</b> 港幣千元	二零一六年 HK\$'000 港幣千元	二零一五年 HK\$'000 港幣千元	二零一四年 HK\$'000 港幣千元	二零一三年 HK\$'000 港幣千元
Total assets Total liabilities	總資產 總負債	181,453 64,987	261,079 149,248	305,656 156,097	251,052 192,254	1,068,024 551,017
Net assets	淨資產	116,466	111,831	149,559	58,798	517,007
<b>EQUITY</b> Equity attributable to	<b>權益</b> 本公司擁有人應佔權益					
the owners of the Company Non-controlling interests	非控股權益	116,480 (14)	111,744 87	149,480 79	58,723 75	517,000 7
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116,466

111,831

149,559

58,798

517,007

Total equity

總權益



