ESSEX BIO-TECHNOLOGY LIMITED
億 勝 生 物 科 技 有 限 公 司

(Incorporated in the Cayman Islands with limited liability)
(Stock Code : 1061)

2017
Annual Report

Pioneering Global Regenerative Science & Technology


ESSEX 亿胜


Tomorrow’s today

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CORPORATE INFORMATION

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Executive Directors

Ngiam Mia Je Patrick *(Chairman)*
Fang Haizhou *(Managing Director)*
Zhong Sheng

Independent Non-executive Directors

Fung Chi Ying
Mauffrey Benoit Jean Marie
Yeow Mee Mooi

AUDIT COMMITTEE

Fung Chi Ying *(Chairperson)*
Mauffrey Benoit Jean Marie
Yeow Mee Mooi

REMUNERATION COMMITTEE

Yeow Mee Mooi *(Chairperson)*
Ngiam Mia Je Patrick
Fung Chi Ying
Mauffrey Benoit Jean Marie

NOMINATION COMMITTEE

Yeow Mee Mooi *(Chairperson)*
Ngiam Mia Je Patrick
Fung Chi Ying
Mauffrey Benoit Jean Marie

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE COMMITTEE

Yeow Mee Mooi *(Chairperson)*
Zhong Sheng
Fung Chi Ying
Mauffrey Benoit Jean Marie

COMPANY SECRETARY

Yau Lai Man MBA, ACA, CPA (practising)

AUTHORISED REPRESENTATIVES

Zhong Sheng
Yau Lai Man

AUDITOR

BDO Limited

WEBSITE ADDRESS

www.essexbio.com

REGISTERED OFFICE

Cricket Square
Hutchins Drive
P.O. Box 2681
Grand Cayman KY1-1111
Cayman Islands

HEAD OFFICE AND PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS IN HONG KONG

Room 2818
China Merchants Tower
Shun Tak Centre
168-200 Connaught Road Central
Hong Kong

HEADQUARTER IN CHINA

No. 88
Keji 6th Road
Hi-Tech Zone
Zhuhai
Guangdong, China

PRINCIPAL SHARE REGISTRAR AND TRANSFER OFFICE

SMP Partners (Cayman) Limited
3rd Floor, Royal Bank House
24 Shedden Road
P.O. Box 1586
Grand Cayman KY1-1110
Cayman Islands

HONG KONG SHARE REGISTRAR

Hong Kong Registrars Limited
Shops 1712-1716
17th Floor, Hopewell Centre
183 Queen's Road East
Hong Kong

PRINCIPAL BANKERS

The Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation Limited
Bank of China (Hong Kong) Limited
Bank of Communications Co., Ltd.
China Merchants Bank
China Construction Bank
Industrial and Commercial Bank of China (Asia) Limited
Credit Suisse AG Hong Kong Branch

STOCK CODE

01061

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

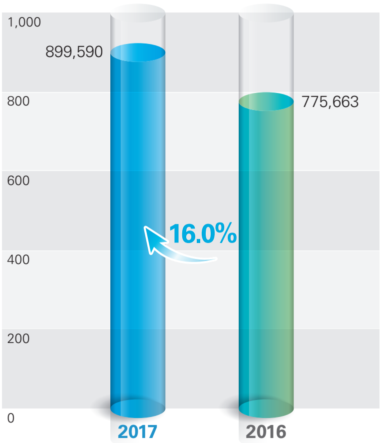
	2017 HK$'000	2016 HK$'000	Increase
Results			
Turnover	**899,590**	775,663	16.0%
Profit for the year	**167,299**	136,284	22.8%
Financial position			
Total assets	**1,159,777**	933,297	24.3%
Total liabilities	**420,288**	376,433	11.7%
Net assets	**739,488**	556,864	32.8%
Cash and cash equivalents	**240,627**	156,180	54.1%
Financial ratios			
Current ratio (Note 1)	**2.58**	2.28	
Gearing ratio (Note 2)	**0.36**	0.40	
Gross profit margin (Note 3)	**82.0%**	80.3%	
Net profit margin (Note 4)	**18.6%**	17.6%	
Return on equity (Note 5)	**22.6%**	24.5%	
Earnings per share			
– Basic	**HK29.75 cents**	HK24.33 cents	22.3%
– Diluted	**HK29.35 cents**	HK24.03 cents	22.1%

Notes:

1 *Current ratio: Total current assets/Total current liabilities*
2 *Gearing ratio: Total liabilities/Total assets*
3 *Gross profit margin: Gross profit/Turnover x 100%*
4 *Net profit margin: Profit for the year/Turnover x 100%*
5 *Return on equity: Profit for the year/Total equity x 100%*

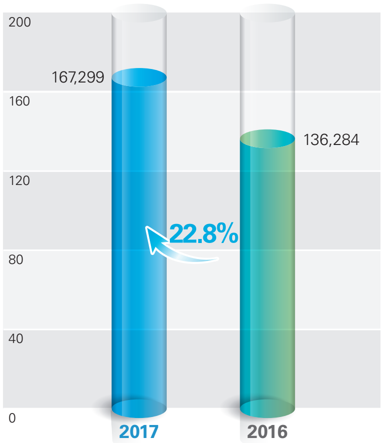
Turnover

For the year ended 31 December
HK$'000



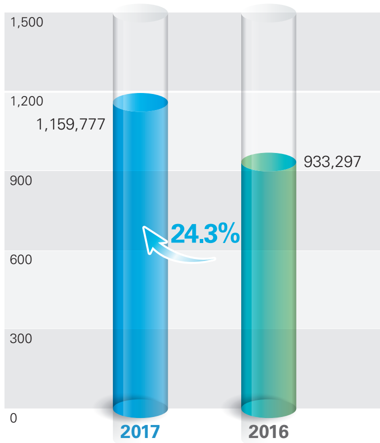
Profit for the year

For the year ended 31 December
HK$'000



Total assets

As at 31 December
HK$'000



CHAIRMAN'S STATEMENT

Ngiam Mia Je Patrick
Chairman

On behalf of the board (the "Board") of directors (the "Directors") of Essex Bio-Technology Limited (the "Company", together with its subsidiaries, the "Group"), I am pleased to announce that the Group has achieved yet another encouraging developments in the financial year ended 31 December 2017.

CHAIRMAN'S STATEMENT

FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE

Amid major medical and pharmaceutical industry-related policy and regulatory changes introduced in 2017, the Group was able to overcome the challenges resulted from regulatory changes and deliver yet another year of good performance.

For the year ended 31 December 2017, the Group achieved a consolidated turnover of approximately HK$899.6 million, representing an increase of 16.0% over previous year. Correspondingly, the Group's consolidated profits for the year rose to approximately HK$167.3 million for the year ended 31 December 2017 from approximately HK$136.3 million last year, representing an increase of 22.8%.

The Group's revenue is mainly derived from its two flagship bio-pharmaceutical products, namely, (i) Beifushu series for ocular surface treatment; and (ii) Beifuji series for surface wounds healing and treatment, which accounted for 33.5% and 47.0% of the Group's total revenue, respectively. The combination of the two product series represented 80.5% of the Group's total revenue for the year ended 31 December 2017.

Revenue from the sale and distribution of third party products and the provision of marketing services to such third party products accounted for a total of 19.5% of the Group's total revenue for the year ended 31 December 2017.

The Group's major third party products include (i) Xalatan eye drops and Xalacom eye drops for lowering raised pressure within the eye; (ii) 適麗順 (Iodized Lecithin Capsules) for treating central serous chorioretinopathy, central exudative chorioretinopathy, vitreous haemorrhage, vitreous opacities and central retinal vein occlusion, etc.; (iii) 伊血安顆粒 (Yi Xue An Granules) for treating postpartum lochiorrhea and bleeding or spotting of uterus after induced abortion; and (iv) Carisolv products for treating dental caries by using minimally invasive techniques.

Combining the Group's two flagship bio-pharmaceutical products and third party products, the overall revenue contributions from the two main therapeutic areas represented 48.7% and 51.3% of the ophthalmology and surgical segments, respectively.

CHAIRMAN'S STATEMENT

Iodized Lecithin Capsules

Xalatan eye drops

Xalacom eye drops

THE ENRICHMENT PROGRAMME

In 2015, the Group initiated and implemented an enrichment programme (the "Enrichment Programme") for enhancing its research and development pipeline and expanding its products portfolio, with an objective of enabling the Group to scale further heights in the years to come.

Under the Enrichment Programme, the Group proactively seeks to invest in and forge strategic alliance with companies, in the People's Republic of China (the "PRC") and overseas, which are having first-in-class and novel pharmaceutical projects at various stages of their respective research and development and clinical programmes, primarily focusing on ophthalmology, dermatology, oncology and neurology. As at the date of this report, a total of approximately US$27.8 million has been invested in a total of 7 entities, details of which are outlined in the Report of the Directors.

A summary of the Group's investments and collaboration arrangements made during the year ended 31 December 2017 and up to the date of this report is outlined as follows:

Date	Description of the transactions	Objectives
Within the PRC		
1. 29 November 2017	An agency agreement was entered into on 22 December 2015 (the "Original Agreement") by Essex Medipharma (Zhuhai) Company Limited with Tibet Linzhi Parkson Pharmaceutical Co., Ltd. and Liaoning Wanxin Pharmaceutical Co., Ltd. in relation to the appointment of Essex Medipharma (Zhuhai) Company Limited as the exclusive agent for the distribution and marketing of 適麗順 (Iodized Lecithin Capsules). A supplemental agreement was entered into among the parties to supplement and vary the terms of the Original Agreement. According to such supplemental agreement, the term of the appointment has been extended for nearly another 9 years, expiring on 5 September 2031, with a payment of additional licence fees of RMB35.0 million on top of the initial licence fees of RMB20.0 million paid under the Original Agreement.	Enabling the Group to plan on longer-term visibility for the marketing and selling of 適麗順 (Iodized Lecithin Capsules).

CHAIRMAN'S STATEMENT

Yi Xue An Granules

Carisolv minimally invasive dental caries removal gel

Date	Description of the transactions	Objectives
Overseas		
2. 19 May 2017	After the subscription agreement dated 11 April 2016 for the subscription of preferred shares of AC Immune SA ("ACI") at the aggregate price of US$5.0 million was entered into, the Company entered into a research collaboration agreement with ACI on 19 May 2017 to undertake the pre-clinical and clinical co-development of a novel biological therapeutic for the treatment of neurodegenerative diseases and neuroinflammation. ACI is a clinical stage Swiss-based pharmaceutical company listed on NASDAQ Stock Market of the United States (NASDAQ: ACIU), specialising in novel therapies and diagnostics for neurodegenerative diseases with focus on Alzheimer's disease.	Enabling the Group and ACI to leverage on their mutual expertise with an aim to deliver novel solutions in the specialty areas of neurodegeneration and neuroinflammation.
3. 23 February 2018	On 23 February 2018, Essex Bio-Investment Limited entered into a subscription agreement with MeiraGTx Limited ("MeiraGTx"), pursuant to which Essex Bio-Investment Limited agreed to subscribe for the convertible preferred C shares of MeiraGTx (the "Preferred C Shares") at a total consideration of approximately US$5.0 million (equivalent to approximately HK$39.0 million). MeiraGTx, a company incorporated and registered in England and Wales, is a clinical-stage biotech company developing novel gene therapy treatments for a wide range of inherited and acquired disorders for which there are no effective treatments available. MeiraGTx focuses on developing therapies for ocular diseases, including rare inherited blindness as well as Xerostomia following radiation treatment for head and neck cancers and neurodegenerative diseases such as amyothrophic lateral sclerosis.	The Group plans to establish a business relationship with MeiraGTx by subscribing for the Preferred C Shares, with a view to creating synergy effect if the Group engages in strategic cooperation with MeiraGTx in the future.

CHAIRMAN'S STATEMENT

SALES AND DISTRIBUTION NETWORK

As at 31 December 2017, the Group maintains 39 regional sales offices (the "RSOs") and a total number of about 1,410 sales and marketing representatives, out of which approximately 770 people are full-time staff and approximately 640 people are being hired on contract basis or engaged from appointed agents.

The RSOs and sales and marketing representatives are deployed across major cities and provinces in the PRC, which are tasked with the function of promoting the Group's products to pharmaceutical companies and hospitals, and providing training to medical practitioners on clinical applications of the Group's products. In addition, these RSOs serve another vital role to the Group in gathering market intelligence and feedback for the Group's research and development planning and clinical studies.

During the year under review, the Group's pharmaceutical products are being prescribed in over 5,400 hospitals in the PRC, which are mainly located in the major cities and provinces. The Group has expansion plan for its products to reach out to major county cities in the PRC in 2018.

RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT

The Group's key research and development platforms comprise growth factor, novel antibody, drug formulation and Blow-Fill-Seal ("BFS") platform. Growth factor, novel antibody, and drug formulation are technology platforms for the development of therapeutic drugs, whereas BFS platform is state-of-the-art manufacturing plant for producing preservative-free single-dose drugs, in particular for the ophthalmic drugs.

During the year under review, the Group has obtained an approval from 國家食品藥品監督管理總局 (China Food and Drug Administration (the "CFDA")) for the commercialisation of the preservative-free single-dose Tobramycin Eye Drops, which is one of the 10 single-dose drug projects being developed or applied for CFDA approval.

To strengthen its research and development capabilities, the Group has entered into the research collaboration agreement with ACI on 19 May 2017 to undertake the pre-clinical and clinical co-development of a novel biological therapeutic for the treatment of neurodegenerative diseases and neuroinflammation.

The Group has submitted five invention patent applications in 2017. Two of them were filed under Patent Cooperation Treaty, two of them were filed in the PRC and the remaining one was filed in Australia.

The Group has obtained seven patent certificates or authorisation letters from The State Intellectual Property Office of the PRC in 2017. The Group currently has fourteen patent certificates or authorisation letters in total, including eleven 發明專利 (invention patents) and three 實用新型專利 (utility model patents) as at the date of this report.

OUTLOOK AND PROSPECTS

Barring unforeseen circumstances, the Group is optimistic about the continued growth in 2018 from its flagship bio-pharmaceutical products, the Beifushu and Beifuji series, as well as from third party products under the distribution agreements.

The Group will continue to implement its Enrichment Programme to seek further investment opportunities in the PRC and overseas, while fostering closer development and business relationship with existing investees.

DIVIDEND

The Directors have declared during the year an interim dividend of HK$0.025 (2016: Nil) per ordinary share, totalling HK$14,055,525 (2016: Nil), which was paid on 20 October 2017. The Board is proposing a final dividend of HK$0.025 per ordinary share to be approved at the upcoming annual general meeting of the Company.

APPRECIATION

I would like to take this opportunity to express my sincere gratitude to all stakeholders, business associates, valued customers and each and every member of the Group for the trust, support and cooperation accorded to us in developing the Company as a leading pharmaceutical company.

Ngiam Mia Je Patrick
Chairman

Hong Kong
15 March 2018

PROFILES OF DIRECTORS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT

NGIAM MIA JE PATRICK

Aged 63, Mr. Ngiam is the founder of the Group which was established in February 1999, an executive Director and Chairman of the Company. He is a member of the remuneration committee and nomination committee of the Company, a director of Essex Bio-Investment Limited, Essex Bio-Pharmacy Limited, Essex Medipharma (Zhuhai) Company Limited, Zhuhai Essex Technology Development Company Limited and Zhuhai Essex Bio-Pharmaceutical Company Limited, all being subsidiaries of the Company.

Mr. Ngiam graduated in electronics engineering and has received many accolades and awards for his achievements. Notably, in 1990, he was awarded the first KPMG Singapore High Tech Entrepreneur Award. Other awards include the DHL & Singapore Press Holdings Business Award for Businessman of the Year in 1994 and the Chevalier DE L'ORDRE NATIONAL DU MERITE conferred by Le President De La Republique Francaise in 1996.

As at the date of this report, Mr. Ngiam (i) was directly interested in 146,479,000 shares of the Company, and was also deemed to be interested in 6,666,667 shares of the Company held by Dynatech Ventures Pte Ltd, a wholly-owned subsidiary of Essex Investment (Singapore) Pte Ltd, which in turn was owned by Mr. Ngiam and Ngiam Mia Kiat Benjamin (who is a director of a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company) in equal shares; and (ii) also held 500,000 share options of the Company. Mr. Ngiam is a brother of Ngiam Mia Kiat Benjamin. Mr. Ngiam is also a director of each of Dynatech Ventures Pte Ltd and Essex Investment (Singapore) Pte Ltd.

FANG HAIZHOU

Aged 52, Mr. Fang is an executive Director, the managing Director of the Company. He is also a senior pharmaceutical engineer. He has a bachelor's degree in Bio-chemical Engineering from Southern China Institute（華南工學院）and a master's degree in Engineering from Southern China University of Technology（華南理工大學）. He has been with Zhuhai Essex Bio-Pharmaceutical Company Limited since its establishment in June 1996. Mr. Fang is also a director of Essex Bio-Investment Limited, Essex Bio-Pharmacy Limited, Essex Medipharma (Zhuhai) Company Limited, Zhuhai Essex Technology Development Company Limited and Zhuhai Essex Bio-Pharmaceutical Company Limited, all being subsidiaries of the Company.

As at the date of this report, Mr. Fang was personally interested in 4,738,300 shares of the Company and also held 3,500,000 share options of the Company.

ZHONG SHENG

Aged 53, Mr. Zhong is an executive Director and is responsible for the financial management and administration of the Group. He holds a master's degree in Industrial Economics from Guangdong Academy of Social Sciences（廣東省社會科學院）. Mr. Zhong joined the Group in February 1999. Mr. Zhong has more than 23 years' experience in financial management and project management. Mr. Zhong is also a director of Essex Bio-Investment Limited, Essex Bio-Pharmacy Limited, Essex Medipharma (Zhuhai) Company Limited, Zhuhai Essex Technology Development Company Limited and Zhuhai Essex Bio-Pharmaceutical Company Limited, all being subsidiaries of the Company. Mr. Zhong is also a member of the corporate governance committee and an authorised representative of the Company.

As at the date of this report, Mr. Zhong was personally interested in 976,150 shares of the Company and also held 1,060,000 share options of the Company.

PROFILES OF DIRECTORS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT

FUNG CHI YING

Aged 63, Mr. Fung was appointed as an independent non-executive Director on 13 June 2001. Mr. Fung is a practising solicitor in Hong Kong. He is presently a partner of Adrian Yeung & Cheng, Solicitors. Mr. Fung is also the chairman of the audit committee and a member of the remuneration committee, nomination committee and corporate governance committee of the Company.

As at the date of this report, Mr. Fung has no interests in the shares or underlying shares of the Company which are required to be disclosed under Part XV of the Securities and Futures Ordinance.

MAUFFREY BENOIT JEAN MARIE

Aged 65, Mr. Mauffrey was appointed as an independent non-executive Director on 13 June 2001. He is experienced in business development and sales and marketing in several industries in the Asia Pacific region. He is also a member of the audit committee, remuneration committee, nomination committee and corporate governance committee of the Company.

As at the date of this report, Mr. Mauffrey has no interests in the shares or underlying shares of the Company which are required to be disclosed under Part XV of the Securities and Futures Ordinance.

YEOW MEE MOOI

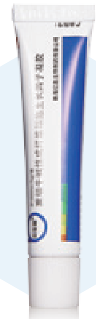
Aged 55, Ms. Yeow was appointed as an independent non-executive Director on 30 September 2004. Ms. Yeow graduated from The University of Southwestern Louisiana, the United States of America, with a bachelor's degree in business administration. Ms. Yeow further obtained her postgraduate diploma in financial management from The University of New England, Australia. Ms. Yeow is a certified practicing accountant of The Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants and The Australian Society of Certified Practising Accountants. Ms. Yeow has over 26 years' taxation, auditing and commercial experience in Hong Kong. Ms. Yeow is now a director of a management consulting firm in Hong Kong. She is also the chairperson of the remuneration committee, nomination committee and corporate governance committee and a member of the audit committee of the Company.

As at the date of this report, Ms. Yeow has no interests in the shares or underlying shares of the Company which are required to be disclosed under Part XV of the Securities and Futures Ordinance.

WANG XINZHI

Aged 54, Mr. Wang joined the Group on 10 November 2000 and was appointed as a director of Essex Medipharma (Zhuhai) Company Limited, Zhuhai Essex Bio-Pharmaceutical Company Limited and Zhuhai Essex Technology Development Company Limited, all being subsidiaries of the Company, on 9 January 2015, 28 August 2015 and 28 August 2015 respectively. Mr. Wang was appointed as the general manager and was retitled as the president of Zhuhai Essex Bio-Pharmaceutical Company Limited on 1 January 2011 and 1 February 2018 respectively. Mr. Wang has a master's degree in Genetics from Fudan University（復旦大學）and has extensive corporate management and marketing experience in several industries in the People's Republic of China.

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

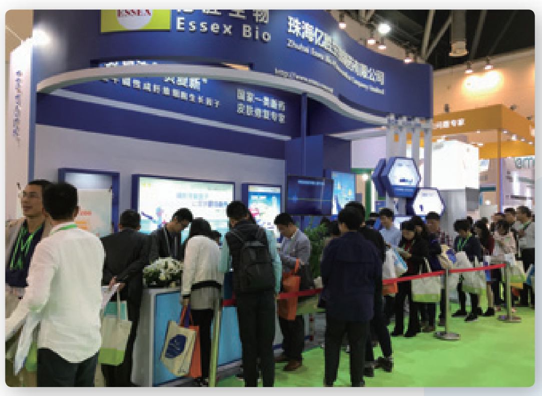


Beifuxin Gel

Beifuji Spray

R&D Center

Participated in conference organised by Chinese Burns Association in Lanzhou in July 2017

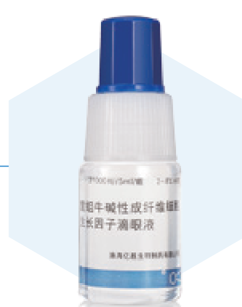


Participated in conference organised by the Chinese Dermatologist Association in Suzhou in November 2017

Sales and distribution network of the Group

39 Regional sales offices

Three of our bio-pharmaceutical products continue to be listed on the 2017 National Insurance Drug List for Basic Medical Insurance, Work-Related Injury Insurance and Maternity Insurance issued by the Ministry of Human Resources and Social Security of the PRC.



Beifushu Eye Drops

Beifushu Eye Gel

Beifuji Lyophilized Powder

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

BUSINESS REVIEW AND PROSPECTS

The vision of Essex Bio-Technology Limited (the "Company", together with its subsidiaries, the "Group") is to be a great and socially responsible corporation. Strategically, the Group develops, manufactures and commercialises genetically engineered therapeutic recombinant bovine basic fibroblast growth factor ("rb-bFGF"), with established mechanism of action in cellular proliferation, differentiation and migration.

Currently the Group has five commercialised bio-pharmaceutical products, formulated with rb-bFGF, in the People's Republic of China (the "PRC"), out of which three were approved by 國家食品藥品監督管理總局 (China Food and Drug Administration (the "CFDA")) as Category I drugs. The products are being marketed and sold as Beifushu for treatment of ocular wounds, Beifuji and Beifuxin for treatment of topical (skin) surface wounds.

The Company focuses on two main therapeutic areas: (i) ophthalmology; and (ii) surgical arena of topical (skin) surface wounds which primarily covers dermatology, stomatology and obstetrics and gynaecology, while selectively pursuing therapeutics in neurology, oncology and orthopaedics. The Company maintains a pipeline of multi-projects in research and development and on various stages of clinical programmes, of which several projects involve growth factors and antibody and a handful of projects are on unit dose for ophthalmic and respiratory disease.

The Group's products and third party products are marketed and sold through more than 5,400 hospitals in the PRC and are managed directly by its 39 regional sales offices (the "RSOs") with more than 1,410 sales and marketing staff.

The Group's major third party products include (i) Xalatan eye drops and Xalacom eye drops for lowering raised pressure within the eye; (ii) 適麗順 (Iodized Lecithin Capsules) for treating central serous chorioretinopathy, central exudative chorioretinopathy, vitreous haemorrhage, vitreous opacities and central retinal vein occlusion, etc.; (iii) 伊血安顆粒 (Yi Xue An Granules) for treating postpartum lochiorrhea and bleeding or spotting of uterus after induced abortion; and (iv) Carisolv products for treating dental caries by using minimally invasive techniques.

For the year ended 31 December 2017, the Group achieved a consolidated turnover of approximately HK$899.6 million (2016: approximately HK$775.7 million), representing a growth rate of 16.0%. Profit for the year ended 31 December 2017 increased to approximately HK$167.3 million (2016: approximately HK$136.3 million), representing an increase of 22.8% over the previous year. The Group's sustaining growth and performance, year-on-year, has repeatedly indicated the well acceptance of its products, supported by its robust and versatile distribution network and resources in the PRC.

In 2015, the Group initiated and implemented an enrichment programme (the "Enrichment Programme") for enhancing its research and development pipeline and expanding its products portfolio, with an objective of enabling the Group to scale further heights in the years to come.

Under the Enrichment Programme, the Group proactively seeks to invest in and forge strategic alliance with companies in the PRC and overseas, which are having first-in-class and novel pharmaceutical projects at various stages of their respective research and development and clinical programmes, primarily focusing on ophthalmology, dermatology, oncology and neurology. As at the date of this report, a total of approximately US$27.8 million has been invested in a total of 7 entities, details of which are outlined in the Report of the Directors.

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

A summary of the Group's investments and collaboration arrangements made during the year ended 31 December 2017 and up to the date of this report is outlined as follows:

Research Collaboration Agreement with AC Immune SA ("ACI")

On 19 May 2017, the Company entered into a research collaboration agreement with ACI to undertake the pre-clinical and clinical co-development of a novel biological therapeutic for the treatment of neurodegenerative diseases (such as Alzheimer's disease and frontotemporal dementia) and neuroinflammation.

In accordance with the aforementioned research collaboration agreement, the parties have agreed to an initial two-year research plan, which intends to develop a basic fibroblast growth factor as a therapeutic for the treatment of neurodegenerative diseases and to generate novel antibody therapeutics. The Group will provide support to the research plan until the selection of a collaboration product mutually agreed by the parties, up to CHF750,000 (equivalent to approximately HK$6.0 million) per year. During the year ended 31 December 2017, an amount of CHF77,500 (equivalent to approximately HK$620,000) for the financial support has been incurred.

ACI is a Swiss-based bio-pharmaceutical company focused on Alzheimer's disease and other neurodegenerative diseases. In addition, ACI will leverage on its proprietary technology platforms to discover, design and develop novel, proprietary medicines for prevention, diagnosis and treatment of neurodegenerative diseases associated with protein misfolding.

As at 31 December 2017, the Group held 543,307 common shares of ACI and the carrying amount at fair value of such shares was approximately HK$54.2 million, representing 4.68% of the Group's total assets as at 31 December 2017.

Second Supplemental Agreement to Agency Agreement with Tibet Linzhi Parkson Pharmaceutical Co., Ltd. ("Parkson Pharmaceutical") and Liaoning Wanxin Pharmaceutical Co., Ltd. ("Wanxin Pharmaceutical")

On 29 November 2017, Essex Medipharma (Zhuhai) Company Limited ("Zhuhai Essex Medipharma"), an indirect wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company, entered into a second supplemental agreement with Parkson Pharmaceutical and Wanxin Pharmaceutical to supplement and vary the terms of the original agency agreement (the "Original Agreement") dated 22 December 2015 in relation to the appointment of Zhuhai Essex Medipharma as the exclusive agent for the distribution and marketing of 適麗順 (Iodized Lecithin Capsules). The term of the appointment has been extended for nearly 9 years, expiring on 5 September 2031, by payment of additional licence fees in the amount of RMB35.0 million (equivalent to approximately HK$40.4 million) (inclusive of tax), on top of the initial licence fees of RMB20.0 million paid under the Original Agreement. The extended term covers the patent period of 適麗順 (Iodized Lecithin Capsules) and enables the Group to plan on longer-term visibility for the marketing and selling of 適麗順 (Iodized Lecithin Capsules).

Subscription of Convertible Preferred C Shares in MeiraGTx Limited ("MeiraGTx")

On 23 February 2018, Essex Bio-Investment Limited ("Essex Bio-Investment"), a direct wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company, entered into a subscription agreement (the "Subscription Agreement") with MeiraGTx, pursuant to which Essex Bio-Investment agreed to subscribe for the convertible preferred C shares of MeiraGTx (the "Preferred C Shares") at a total consideration of approximately US$5.0 million (equivalent to approximately HK$39.0 million) (the "Subscription"). As at the date of the Subscription Agreement, the number of Preferred C Shares subscribed by Essex Bio-Investment would represent approximately 8.3% of the existing issued Preferred C Shares of MeiraGTx and would represent approximately 7.7% of the issued Preferred C Shares as enlarged by the Subscription. The Group plans to establish a business relationship with MeiraGTx by subscribing for the Preferred C Shares, with a view to creating synergy effect if the Group engages in strategic cooperation with MeiraGTx in the future. MeiraGTx, a company incorporated and registered in England and Wales, is a clinical-stage biotech company developing novel gene therapy treatments for a wide range of inherited and acquired disorders for which there are no effective treatments available.

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

MAJOR POLICIES UNDER HEALTHCARE REFORM LAUNCHED IN THE PRC IN 2017

The State Council of the PRC launched several major policies in 2017, which created new challenges in the sales and distribution of pharmaceutical products. We summarise the most significant policies as follows:

兩票制 (Two-Invoice System)

On 9 January 2017, the Medical Reform Office of the State Council of the PRC officially published the "Notice on the Opinions on Implementation of Advancement of Two-Invoice System in the Drug Procurement of the Public Medical Institutions (Trial)". It is expected that the reform will further improve the quality and efficiency of the healthcare industry in the PRC in long-run.

零加成 (Zero-Markup Policy)

Zero-markup policy for essential drugs was mainly set up to serve the purpose of reducing the medical expense for patients.

MARKET DEVELOPMENT

As at 31 December 2017, the Group maintains 39 RSOs and a total number of about 1,410 sales and marketing representatives, out of which approximately 770 people are full-time staff and approximately 640 people are being hired on contract basis or engaged from appointed agents.

The RSOs and sales and marketing representatives are deployed across major cities and provinces in the PRC. They are divided into two specialised teams: ophthalmology and surgical arena of topical (skin) surface wounds which primarily covers dermatology, stomatology and obstetrics and gynaecology.

RSOs are tasked with the function of (i) promoting the Group's products to pharmaceutical companies and hospitals; and (ii) providing training to medical practitioners on clinical applications of the Group's products. In addition, these RSOs serve another vital role to the Group in gathering market intelligence and feedback for the Group's research and development planning and clinical studies.

During the year under review, the Group's pharmaceutical products are being prescribed in over 5,400 hospitals in the PRC, which are mainly located in the major cities and provinces. The Group has expansion plan for its products to reach out to major county cities in the PRC in 2018.

The Group had conducted or participated in over 660 seminars and 2,200 market promotion activities in major cities and provinces in the PRC during the year ended 31 December 2017.

Three of our flagship bio-pharmaceutical products, namely Beifushu eye drops, Beifushu eye gel and Beifuji lyophilized powder were included in the 2017版國家藥品目錄 (2017 National Insurance Drug List).

RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT

The Group's key research and development platforms comprise growth factor, novel antibody, drug formulation and Blow-Fill-Seal ("BFS") platform. Growth factor, novel antibody, and drug formulation are technology platforms for the development of therapeutic drugs, whereas BFS platform is a state-of-the-art manufacturing plant for producing preservative-free single-dose drugs, in particular for the ophthalmic drugs.

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

The Group's technology platform is built upon a recombinant DNA, more particularly, the basic fibroblast growth factor ("bFGF") and its industrialisation technology. To capitalise on the proprietary technique on bFGF, the Company plans to deliver a series of high quality products to establish itself as market leader in the arena of bio-pharmaceutical products for wounds healing and treatment. Furthermore, the Group has developed a nano-antibody research and development platform over the past few years. Through the nano-antibody platform, a new vascular endothelial growth factor (VEGF) nano-antibody has been investigated for formulation into therapeutic products for the treatment of cancers and age-related macular degeneration.

On 22 January 2016, Essex Bio-Investment entered into a collaboration and license agreement, a share subscription agreement and a warrant subscription agreement with Abpro Corporation ("Abpro"). Abpro is a USA-based biotech company focusing on the field of industrial biotechnology and is principally engaged in business of developing novel biomolecules for human and animal health, including antibodies against traditionally difficult targets, for companies developing products in the research, diagnostic and therapeutic markets. After the entering into of the collaboration and license agreement, Abpro offered the Group an opportunity to develop a new range of therapeutic products, using certain antibody candidates of Abpro, for the Group's ophthalmology and surgical businesses as well as new drugs for oncology business.

In addition, a production technology platform, namely the BFS platform, has been established in 2014 and further enhanced in 2015. The establishment of the BFS platform has strengthened the Group's core competency and enabled the Group to develop and produce a series of preservative-free single-dose drugs. The Group currently has 10 categories of drugs for the treatment of ocular wound healing, ocular bacterial infection, fatigue, dry eyes and respiratory disease in the research and development pipeline. Approval from the CFDA for the commercialisation of one of these products, namely Tobramycin Eye Drops, has been obtained in 2017 and the Good Manufacturing Practices ("GMP") certification is expected to be obtained in 2018. It is expected that the other products of the Group would be approved over the next 3 years.

The Group has submitted five invention patent applications in 2017. Two of them were filed under the Patent Cooperation Treaty, two of them were filed in the PRC and the remaining one was filed in Australia.

The Group has obtained seven patent certificates or authorisation letters from The State Intellectual Property Office of the PRC in 2017. The Group currently has fourteen patent certificates or authorisation letters in total, including eleven 發明專利 (invention patents) and three 實用新型專利 (utility model patents) as at the date of this report.

Approval from The Ministry of Human Resources and Social Security of the PRC as a 國家級博士後科研工作站 (National Post-doctoral Scientific Research Workstation) has been obtained for the Group's research and development centre in 2017.

OUR PRODUCTION CAPABILITY

The Group's factory in Zhuhai is fully equipped with seven production plants, (i) one of which is for the production of active pharmaceutical ingredients, namely the bFGF; (ii) four of which are for the production of the Group's flagship bio-pharmaceutical formulations; and (iii) the remaining two are the state-of-the-art BFS production plants for the production of preservative-free single-dose drugs.

The Group has started the application for the European Union's GMP ("EU GMP") and it is expected that the EU GMP certificate will be obtained in 2019.

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

FINANCIAL REVIEW

For the year ended 31 December 2017, the Group achieved a turnover of approximately HK$899.6 million (2016: approximately HK$775.7 million), representing a growth rate of 16.0% as compared to the turnover for the year ended 31 December 2016.

Composition of turnover for the years ended 31 December 2017 and 2016, respectively, is shown in the following table:

Expressed in HK$' million	2017			2016		
	Ophthalmology products	Surgical products	Total	Ophthalmology products	Surgical products	Total
Own products						
– Beifushu series	301.0	–	301.0	272.5	–	272.5
– Beifuji series	–	423.4	423.4	–	331.3	331.3
	301.0	423.4	724.4	272.5	331.3	603.8
Third party products						
– Sales of pharmaceutical products	123.1	27.7	150.8	99.5	24.6	124.1
– Provision of marketing services	13.7	10.7	24.4	31.3	16.5	47.8
	136.8	38.4	175.2	130.8	41.1	171.9
Total	437.8	461.8	899.6	403.3	372.4	775.7

The overall ophthalmology products contributed approximately HK$437.8 million to the Group's revenue for the year ended 31 December 2017, representing an increase of 8.6% as compared to that of the previous year. The increase was attributable to Beifushu series which recorded a steady growth in revenue of 10.5%, while the sales of third party's ophthalmic products recorded an increase in revenue of 23.7% but was weighed down by a decrease of 56.2% in revenue from the provision of marketing services resulting from the non-supply of one of the ophthalmic products due to the expiration of import permit. It is expected that the supply of the affected product will resume in 2018.

Surgical products recorded a total revenue of approximately HK$461.8 million for the year ended 31 December 2017, representing an increase of 24.0% as compared to that of the previous year. The increase was attributable to Beifuji series which recorded a healthy growth in revenue of 27.8%, while the sales of third party's surgical products recorded an increase in revenue of 12.6% but was impacted by a decrease of 35.2% in revenue from the provision of marketing services resulting from the newly launched two-invoice system in the PRC in 2017.

The revenue from the sale of the Group's flagship bio-pharmaceutical products represented 80.5% of the Group's overall revenue, with an increase of 20.0% for the year ended 31 December 2017 as compared to the previous year. The balance of 19.5% of the Group's revenue was contributed by the sale of third party products, with an increase of 1.9% as compared to the previous year.

Combining the Group's two flagship bio-pharmaceutical products and third party products, the overall revenue contributions from the two main therapeutic areas represented 48.7% and 51.3% of the ophthalmology and surgical segments, respectively.

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

The Group's gross profit has grown in tandem with the expanded sales. The gross profit for the year ended 31 December 2017 was approximately HK$737.6 million (2016: approximately HK$623.0 million), representing an increase of 18.4%.

During the year under review, the Group achieved a profit of approximately HK$167.3 million as compared to that of approximately HK$136.3 million in the previous year, representing an increase of 22.8%.

The distribution and selling expenses for the year under review were approximately HK$515.3 million as compared to approximately HK$410.5 million in the previous year, representing an increase of 25.5%. Such expenses primarily consisted of remuneration, advertising costs, travelling and transportation costs, costs for organisation of seminars and conferences for product training and awareness, etc. Overall distribution and selling expenses increased in 2017 mainly for the purposes of expanding the sales and marketing function, boosting the sales of the Group's flagship bio-pharmaceutical products, Beifuxin and third party products.

The increase in remuneration and staff costs was due to (i) salary scales adjustment in the PRC in the third quarter of 2016 in accordance with the change of the relevant national policy in the PRC, inflation and local labour market conditions; and (ii) increase in headcount as at 31 December 2017 as compared to that as at 31 December 2016.

Other selling and marketing expenses for the year ended 31 December 2017 increased due to the increase in marketing activities carried out for the Group's flagship products and third party products, in particular for Beifuxin and 適麗順 (Iodized Lecithin Capsules).

The administrative expenses for the year under review were approximately HK$40.4 million as compared to approximately HK$48.0 million in the previous year. The decrease in administrative expenses was mainly due to the gain on exchange difference of approximately HK$7.7 million for the year under review whereas loss on exchange difference of approximately HK$1.2 million was recorded in the previous year. Removing the effect of exchange differences, administrative expenses slightly increased by 2.8% for the year ended 31 December 2017.

Research and development expenditures incurred during the year ended 31 December 2017 increased to approximately HK$27.1 million from which approximately HK$20.7 million were capitalised, whereas total expenditures incurred during the year ended 31 December 2016 were approximately HK$30.0 million from which approximately HK$24.3 million were capitalised. Hence the research and development expenses incurred as administrative expenses increased to approximately HK$6.4 million as compared to approximately HK$5.7 million in 2016.

The Group had cash and cash equivalents of approximately HK$240.6 million as at 31 December 2017 (2016: approximately HK$156.2 million).

The Group's bank borrowings as at 31 December 2017 were approximately HK$29.0 million (2016: approximately HK$38.8 million), among which 66.7% was repayable within 1 year and 33.3% was repayable in more than 1 year but within 5 years. All of the Group's bank borrowings were denominated in US Dollar and bear interest at floating rate. The interest rate of the Group's bank borrowings was 2.5% as at 31 December 2017. Please refer to the sub-section headed "Liquidity and Financial Resources" for details of banking facilities.

The total finance costs of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2017 were approximately HK$9.5 million (2016: approximately HK$9.7 million), including an imputed interest expense on the convertible loan amounting to approximately HK$10.3 million (2016: approximately HK$6.0 million) of which approximately HK$1.7 million (2016: Nil) was capitalised during the year.

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

The Proposed Korean Depositary Receipt Programme (the "KDR Programme")

Reference is made to the announcements of the Company dated 8 March 2017, 16 May 2017 and 16 October 2017, respectively, in relation to the KDR Programme. After taking into consideration various factors including the uncertain market conditions, the management of the Company is of the view that it may not be the best timing for the Company to proceed with the proposed KDR Programme. In order to protect the interest of the shareholders, the Company has decided to terminate the proposed KDR Programme. Please refer to the announcement of the Company dated 16 October 2017 for details.

Convertible loan from International Finance Corporation ("IFC")

On 6 July 2016, the Company entered into a convertible loan agreement (the "Convertible Loan Agreement") with IFC, being a member of the World Bank Group and an international organisation established by Articles of Agreement among its member countries including the PRC, pursuant to which IFC agreed to lend, and the Company agreed to borrow, a convertible loan in an aggregate principal amount of HK$150.0 million at an interest rate of 1.9% per annum. Subject to the terms of the Convertible Loan Agreement, IFC has the right to convert all or any part of the outstanding principal amount of the convertible loan into ordinary shares of the Company ("Conversion Shares") at a conversion price of HK$5.90 per share (subject to adjustments as set out in the Convertible Loan Agreement) at any time after the date of the disbursement and prior to the maturity date (i.e. the date falling on the fifth anniversary of the date of the disbursement).

Use of net proceeds from the convertible loan

The net proceeds from the convertible loan (after deducting the fees and expenses in relation to the obtaining of the convertible loan) are approximately HK$145.0 million, which were intended to be utilised for the Company's strategic investment in and development of the Group's bio-pharmaceutical business and general working capital requirements. As at 31 December 2017 and as at the date of this report, the net proceeds had been used for:

(i) the settlement of bank borrowings of approximately HK$80.0 million which were mainly obtained to finance the Group's strategic investments;

(ii) working capital purpose of approximately HK$26.1 million; and

(iii) the research and development expenditure of approximately HK$12.2 million on the Group's bio-pharmaceutical business.

The balance of approximately HK$26.7 million is expected to be utilised for research and development expenditure on the Group's bio-pharmaceutical business.

Dilution effect of the conversion of the convertible loan

As at 31 December 2017, no part of the outstanding principal amount of the convertible loan of HK$150.0 million has been converted into Conversion Shares.

On the assumption that the convertible loan would be converted into Conversion Shares in full at the initial conversion price of HK$5.90 per share, the aggregate principal amount of the convertible loan of HK$150.0 million is convertible into 25,423,728 Conversion Shares.

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

The following table sets out the total number of shares of the Company to be issued upon full conversion of the convertible loan as at 31 December 2017:

Shareholders	**As at 31 December 2017**		**Immediately upon full conversion of the convertible loan at the conversion price of HK$5.90 per share**	
	No. of shares	Approximate %	No. of shares	Approximate %
Ngiam Mia Je Patrick	146,479,000	26.00	146,479,000	24.87
Ngiam Mia Kiat Benjamin	144,854,000	25.71	144,854,000	24.60
Dynatech Ventures Pte Ltd (Note 1)	6,666,667	1.18	6,666,667	1.13
Directors (other than Ngiam Mia Je Patrick) (Note 2)	5,714,450	1.01	5,714,450	0.97
IFC	–	–	25,423,728	4.32
Other shareholders	259,778,883	46.10	259,778,883	44.11
	563,493,000	100	588,916,728	100

Notes:

(1) 6,666,667 shares were held by Dynatech Ventures Pte Ltd which was wholly owned by Essex Investment (Singapore) Pte Ltd, which in turn was owned by Ngiam Mia Je Patrick and Ngiam Mia Kiat Benjamin in equal shares.

(2) Amongst these 5,714,450 shares, 4,738,300 shares were registered in the name of Fang Haizhou and 976,150 shares were registered in the name of Zhong Sheng.

(3) Lauw Hui Kian is the spouse of Ngiam Mia Je Patrick (an executive Director) and is deemed to be interested in the shares in which Ngiam Mia Je Patrick is interested/deemed to be interested in.

The Company's ability to meet the repayment obligations under the convertible loan

Based on the cash and cash equivalents as at 31 December 2017 and the cash flow from the operations of the Company for the year then ended, the Company has the ability to meet its repayment obligations under the convertible loan which remained unconverted to Conversion Shares as at 31 December 2017.

CAPITAL INCREASE OF ZHUHAI ESSEX BIO-PHARMACEUTICAL COMPANY LIMITED ("ZH ESSEX")

ZH Essex, an indirect wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company, is in the process of applying for an increase in share capital of RMB100.0 million (equivalent to approximately HK$120.1 million), which is expected to be completed by the end of March 2018 or early April 2018. The capital injection by its immediate holding company, Essex Bio-Pharmacy Limited ("EBP"), will be in the form of reinvestment of dividend payable to EBP by ZH Essex.

FUTURE PLANS FOR MATERIAL INVESTMENTS OR CAPITAL ASSETS

Save as disclosed in this report, as at 31 December 2017, the Group did not have any immediate plan for material investments or acquisition of material capital assets.

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

LIQUIDITY AND FINANCIAL RESOURCES

As at 31 December 2017, the Group obtained banking facilities of approximately HK$149.1 million, of which approximately HK$38.8 million was utilised. All of the banking facilities were secured by the corporate guarantees provided by the Company and a subsidiary within the Group and a pledged deposit which amounted to approximately HK$28.2 million.

As at 31 December 2017, the Group had cash and cash equivalents of approximately HK$240.6 million as compared to approximately HK$156.2 million as at 31 December 2016. Among the cash and cash equivalents of the Group as at 31 December 2017, 91.5% was denominated in Renminbi, 7.7% was denominated in Hong Kong Dollar and 0.8% was denominated in US Dollar.

The Group monitors its capital structure on the basis of a gearing ratio which is defined as the ratio of total liabilities to total assets. The gearing ratio as at 31 December 2017 was 36.2% (2016: 40.3%).

CHARGES ON GROUP ASSETS

As at 31 December 2017, bank deposit of approximately HK$28.2 million was pledged to secure the Group's banking facilities.

CAPITAL COMMITMENTS

As at 31 December 2017, the Group had capital commitments which amounted to approximately HK$31.4 million (2016: approximately HK$13.4 million).

CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

As at 31 December 2017, the Group did not have any significant contingent liabilities (2016: Nil).

MATERIAL ACQUISITIONS AND DISPOSALS OF SUBSIDIARIES, ASSOCIATED COMPANIES AND JOINT VENTURES

There were no material acquisitions or disposals of subsidiaries, associates or joint ventures during the year ended 31 December 2017.

SIGNIFICANT INVESTMENTS HELD

Save as disclosed in this report, the Group did not hold any significant investments as at 31 December 2017.

FOREIGN EXCHANGE EXPOSURE

It is the Group's policy to borrow and deposit cash in local currencies to minimise currency risk.

The Group's assets, liabilities and transactions are mainly denominated in Hong Kong Dollar, Renminbi or US Dollar. The Directors are of the view that the Group's operating cash flow and liquidity are not subject to significant foreign exchange risks and therefore no hedging arrangements were made. So long as the linked exchange rate system in Hong Kong with US Dollar is maintained, it is expected that the Group will not be subject to any significant exchange risk. However, the Group will review and monitor the relevant foreign exchange exposure from time to time based on its business development requirements and may enter into foreign exchange hedging arrangements as appropriate.

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

TREASURY POLICY

The Group generally financed its operations with internally generated cash flows, bank and other borrowings. The Group placed these resources into interest-bearing bank accounts opened with the PRC and Hong Kong banks and earned interests in accordance with the PRC and Hong Kong banks rates. Bank deposits were mainly denominated in Renminbi, Hong Kong Dollar and US Dollar.

EMPLOYEES

As at 31 December 2017, the Group had a total of 1,024 full-time employees (2016: 966 full-time employees). The aggregate remuneration of the Group's employees, including that of the Directors, for the year under review and the preceding year amounted to approximately HK$111.9 million and approximately HK$85.6 million, respectively. The Group remunerates its employees based on their performance, experience and the prevailing industry practice. Share options and bonuses are also available to employees of the Group at the discretion of the Directors depending on the financial performance of the Group. Details of the share option scheme of the Company are disclosed in note 34 to the financial statements.

Each executive Director has entered into a service agreement with the Company for a term of three years commencing from 27 June 2016 and expiring on 26 June 2019 unless it is terminated by either party by giving the other not less than six months' written notice. The annual remuneration of each executive Director was fixed in his service agreements and he is also entitled to a discretionary annual bonus of such amount (if any) as the board of Directors may determine in its discretion from time to time having regard to the operating results of the Group and his performance in the relevant financial year, provided that (a) the aggregate amount of the discretionary annual bonuses payable to all Directors in any financial year shall not exceed 5% of the consolidated net profit after taxation and non-controlling interests but before extraordinary items of the Company as shown in its consolidated audited accounts for such financial year (the "Net Profit"); (b) the Net Profit for such financial year exceeds HK$50,000,000; and (c) the amount of the discretionary annual bonus payable to each director of the Company in respect of any financial year shall not exceed 1.4 times of his annual basic salary as a director of the Company in respect of such financial year. The discretionary annual bonus, if any, shall be payable in respect of each financial year of the Company within three months after the issue of the consolidated audited accounts of the Group for such financial year.

Other remuneration and benefits, including retirement benefits scheme, remained at an appropriate level.

REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS

The directors (the "Directors") of Essex Bio-Technology Limited (the "Company", together with its subsidiaries, the "Group") are pleased to present their report and the audited financial statements of the Company and the consolidated financial statements of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2017.

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES

The principal activity of the Company is investment holding. Details of the principal activities of the subsidiaries of the Company are set out in note 37 to the financial statements. There were no significant changes in the nature of the Group's principal activities during the year ended 31 December 2017.

RESULTS AND DIVIDENDS

The Group's profit for the year ended 31 December 2017 and the state of affairs of the Company and of the Group at that date are set out in the financial statements on pages 61 to 126.

An interim dividend of HK$0.025 per ordinary share was paid on 20 October 2017. The Directors have recommended the payment of a final dividend of HK$0.025 per ordinary share for the financial year ended 31 December 2017 to the shareholders of the Company whose names appear on the register of members of the Company on Monday, 21 May 2018. Subject to shareholders' approval, the final dividend will be payable on Friday, 1 June 2018. As at the date of this report, there was no arrangement with any shareholder of the Company under which he/she/it has waived or agreed to waive any dividends.

CLOSURE OF REGISTER OF MEMBERS

The register of members of the Company will be closed from Tuesday, 8 May 2018 to Friday, 11 May 2018 (both days inclusive) for ascertaining shareholders' right to attend and vote at the forthcoming annual general meeting to be held on Friday, 11 May 2018. During this period, no transfer of shares will be registered. In order to be entitled to attend the aforesaid annual general meeting, all transfers of shares accompanied by the relevant share certificates and properly completed transfer forms must be lodged with the Hong Kong share registrar of the Company, Hong Kong Registrars Limited at Shops 1712-1716, 17th Floor, Hopewell Centre, 183 Queen's Road East, Hong Kong, for registration not later than 4:30 p.m. on Monday, 7 May 2018.

The register of members of the Company will be closed from Thursday, 17 May 2018 to Monday, 21 May 2018 (both days inclusive) for ascertaining shareholders' entitlement to the proposed final dividend. No transfer of shares will be registered during this period. In order to be qualified for the proposed final dividend to be approved at the forthcoming annual general meeting to be held on Friday, 11 May 2018, all transfers of shares accompanied by the relevant share certificates and properly completed transfer forms must be lodged with the Hong Kong share registrar of the Company, Hong Kong Registrars Limited at Shops 1712-1716, 17th Floor, Hopewell Centre, 183 Queen's Road East, Hong Kong, for registration not later than 4:30 p.m. on Wednesday, 16 May 2018.

FINANCIAL SUMMARY

A summary of the published results and assets and liabilities of the Group for the past five financial years, as extracted from the audited financial statements, is set out on pages 127 to 128. This summary does not form part of the audited financial statements.

REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS

BUSINESS REVIEW

Overview

The Group's emphasis continued primarily on manufacturing and selling of its flagship bio-pharmaceutical products for the treatment and healing of surface wounds and eye wounds. The Company focuses on two main therapeutic areas: ophthalmology and surgical arena of topical (skin) surface wounds which primarily covers dermatology, stomatology and obstetrics and gynaecology, while selectively pursuing therapeutics in neurology, oncology and orthopaedics. The Company maintains a pipeline of multi-projects in research and development and on various stages of clinical programmes, of which several projects involve growth factors and antibody and a handful of projects are on unit dose for ophthalmic and respiratory disease.

The Group's products and third party products are marketed and sold through more than 5,400 hospitals in the People's Republic of China (the "PRC") and are managed directly by its 39 regional sales offices (the "RSOs") with more than 1,410 sales and marketing staff.

The Group's major third party products include (i) Xalatan eye drops and Xalacom eye drops for lowering raised pressure within the eye; (ii) 適麗順 (Iodized Lecithin Capsules) for treating central serous chorioretinopathy, central exudative chorioretinopathy, vitreous haemorrhage, vitreous opacities and central retinal vein occlusion, etc.; (iii) 伊血安顆粒 (Yi Xue An Granules) for treating postpartum lochiorrhea and bleeding or spotting of uterus after induced abortion; and (iv) Carisolv products for treating dental caries by using minimally invasive techniques.

In 2015, the Group initiated and implemented an enrichment programme (the "Enrichment Programme") for enhancing its research and development pipeline and expanding its products portfolio, with an objective of enabling the Group to scale further heights in the years to come.

A summary of projects in the Enrichment Programme is as follows:

Company	Relationship/ Stake of the Group	Extended Interests
Wuhan Adv. Dental Co., Ltd., PRC Website: http://yadiansci.com It focuses on developing medical equipment of minimally invasive medical technologies, particularly with minimally invasive repair of dental pain-free technology system.	Agent (by agency agreement dated 28 April 2015); and Lender under the convertible loan of RMB10.0 million (by loan agreement dated 30 November 2015)	Being exclusive distributor of Carisolv products in the PRC.
Elektron Technology UK Limited ("Elektron"), UK Website: http://www.elektron-healthcare.com Elektron is home to a number of world-class brands in fast-moving engineered products.	Distributorship Date of distribution agreements: 27 May 2015 and 3 March 2016	Application by the Group for import license for Macular Pigment Screener II and Henson 9000.
Humacyte Inc ("Humacyte"), USA Website: http://www.humacyte.com Humacyte is a regenerative medicine company focused on vascular therapies.	Investee (Total investment cost as at 31 December 2017: US$1.1 million) Date of subscription agreement: 29 July 2015	Ongoing discussion with Humacyte on marketing Humacyl in the PRC.

REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS

Company	Relationship/ Stake of the Group	Extended Interests
Tasly Pharmaceutical Group Co., Ltd. ("Tasly"), PRC Website: http://www.tasly.com Tasly's strength is in the research and development and manufacturing of drugs in genetically engineered mammal expression system.	Strategic cooperation in R&D projects Date of the strategic cooperation framework agreement: 28 August 2015	Cooperate with Tasly to develop PDGF gel which is in phase III clinical trial.
Guangxi Medictop Pharmaceutical Co., Ltd., PRC Website: http://www.medictop.com It is principally engaged in the manufacturing,research and development, and sales of Chinese patent medicines.	Agent (by agency agreement dated 22 September 2015); and Lender under the convertible loan of RMB15.0 million (by loan agreement dated 8 January 2016)	Being exclusive distributor of 伊血安顆粒 (Yi Xue An Granules) in the PRC.
Abpro Corporation ("Abpro"), USA Website: http://www.abpro-labs.com Abpro is a USA-based biotech company focusing on the field of industrial biotechnology; and it is principally engaged in the business of developing novel biomolecules for human and animal health, including antibodies against traditionally difficult targets, for companies developing products in the research, diagnostic and therapeutic markets.	Collaboration and license agreement and Investee (Investment cost: US$3.5 million) Date of collaboration and license and subscription agreements: 22 January 2016	Ongoing discussion with Abpro on collaboration of research and development projects and licensing products.
AC Immune SA ("ACI"), Switzerland Website: http://www.acimmune.com ACI is a clinical stage Swiss-based bio-pharmaceutical company focused on neurodegenerative diseases with four product candidates in clinical trials. ACI's two proprietary technology platforms create antibodies, small molecules and vaccines designed to address a broad spectrum of neurodegenerative indications, such as Alzheimer's disease.	Investee (Total investment cost as at 31 December 2017: US$5.2 million) Date of subscription agreement: 11 April 2016 Listed on NASDAQ on 23 September 2016; Stock Quote: ACIU Date of research collaboration agreement: 19 May 2017	Collaboration with ACI to develop a novel biological therapeutic for the treatment of neurodegenerative diseases.
Tibet Linzhi Parkson Pharmaceutical Co., Ltd. ("Parkson Pharmaceutical") and Liaoning Wanxin Pharmaceutical Co., Ltd. ("Wanxin Pharmaceutical"), PRC Each of Parkson Pharmaceutical and Wanxin Pharmaceutical is principally engaged in the manufacturing, research and development of medicines.	Agent (by original agency agreement dated 22 December 2015 (initial licence fees of RMB20.0 million)); and supplementary agreement dated 29 November 2017 (additional licence fees of RMB35.0 million))	Being exclusive distributor of 適麗順 (Iodized Lecithin Capsules) in the PRC.

Company	Relationship/ Stake of the Group	Extended Interests
MeiraGTx Limited ("MeiraGTx), UK Website: http://www.meiragtx.com MeiraGTx is a clinical-stage biotech company developing novel gene therapy treatments for a wide range of inherited and acquired disorders for which there are no effective treatments available.	Investee (Investment cost: US$5.0 million) Date of subscription agreement: 23 February 2018	Ongoing discussion with MeiraGTx on strategic cooperation in the future.

FINANCIAL KEY PERFORMANCE INDICATORS

For the year ended 31 December 2017, the Group achieved a turnover of approximately HK$899.6 million (2016: approximately HK$775.7 million), representing a growth rate of 16.0% over last year. Profit for the year was approximately HK$167.3 million, representing an increase of 22.8% over last year.

The overall ophthalmology products contributed approximately HK$437.8 million to the Group's revenue for the year ended 31 December 2017, representing an increase of 8.6% as compared to the previous year.

Surgical products recorded a total revenue of approximately HK$461.8 million for the year ended 31 December 2017, representing an increase of 24.0% as compared to the previous year.

The revenue from the sale of the Group's flagship bio-pharmaceutical products represented 80.5% of the Group's overall revenue, with an increase of 20.0% for the year ended 31 December 2017 as compared to the previous year. The balance of 19.5% of the Group's revenue was contributed by the sale of third party products, with an increase of 1.9% as compared to the previous year.

Combining the Group's two flagship bio-pharmaceutical products and third party products, the overall revenue contributions from the two main therapeutic areas represented 48.7% and 51.3% of the ophthalmology and surgical segments, respectively.

At as 31 December 2017, the Group maintains 39 RSOs and a total number of about 1,410 sales and marketing representatives, out of which approximately 770 people are full-time staff and approximately 640 people are being hired on contract basis or engaged from appointed agents.

The RSOs and sales and marketing representatives are deployed across major cities and provinces in the PRC. They are divided into two specialised teams: ophthalmology and surgical arena of topical (skin) surface wounds which primarily covers dermatology, stomatology and obstetrics and gynaecology.

To reward our shareholders for their years of valuable support, an interim dividend of HK$0.025 per ordinary share was paid on 20 October 2017 and the board of Directors (the "Board") is proposing a final dividend of HK$0.025 per ordinary share to be approved at the upcoming annual general meeting of the Company.

REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS

The Group had cash and cash equivalents of approximately HK$240.6 million as at 31 December 2017 (2016: approximately HK$156.2 million).

The bank borrowings as at 31 December 2017 were approximately HK$29.0 million (2016: approximately HK$38.8 million), among which 66.7% repayable within 1 year and 33.3% repayable in more than 1 year but within 5 years. All of the bank borrowings were denominated in US Dollar and bear interest at floating rate. The interest rate of the Group's bank borrowings was 2.5% as at 31 December 2017.

The total finance costs of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2017 were approximately HK$9.5 million (2016: approximately HK$9.7 million), including an imputed interest expense on the convertible loan amounting to approximately HK$10.3 million (2016: approximately HK$6.0 million) of which approximately HK$1.7 million (2016: Nil) was capitalised during the year.

FUTURE DEVELOPMENT

The Group expects continued organic growth from its flagship bio-pharmaceutical products, the Beifushu and Beifuji series, into near future years. This will be assured through expanding sales into major county cities in China and executing its clinical plans to create wider therapeutics reach.

In addition, the immediate future growth will be boosted from third party products such as Xalatan eye drops and Xalacom eye drops, 適麗順 (Iodized Lecithin Capsules), 伊血安顆粒 (Yi Xue An Granules) and Carisolv products which were secured under the Enrichment Programme.

For the medium-term to long-term strategic research and development planning, the Group entered into a collaboration and license agreement with Abpro Corporation for the development of antibody-based products.

Further, the Group continuously explored opportunities to strengthen its research and development capabilities. It has entered into a research collaboration agreement with ACI to undertake the pre-clinical and clinical co-development of a novel biological therapeutic for the treatment of neurodegenerative diseases (such as Alzheimer's disease and frontotemporal dementia) and neuroinflammation. The collaboration presents a good opportunity for both parties to leverage on their mutual expertise with an aim to deliver novel solutions in the specialty areas of neurodegeneration and neuroinflammation in order to meet the unmet medical needs.

Regarding the longer-term visibility for the marketing and selling of 適麗順 (Iodized Lecithin Capsules), which are used for treating central serous chorioretinopathy, central exudative chorioretinopathy, vitreous haemorrhage, vitreous opacities and central retinal vein occlusion, etc., Essex Medipharma (Zhuhai) Company Limited ("Zhuhai Essex Medipharma"), an indirect wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company, entered into a supplemental agreement with Parkson Pharmaceutical and Wanxin Pharmaceutical to extend the term of the appointment of Zhuhai Essex Medipharma as the exclusive agent for the distribution and marketing of 適麗順 (Iodized Lecithin Capsules) for nearly 9 years, expiring on 5 September 2031. The appointment will expand the Group's ophthalmic product line into treating ocular fundus diseases and thus enhancing the Group's market foothold in the ophthalmology business on a longer-term basis.

EVENT AFTER THE REPORTING PERIOD

On 23 February 2018, Essex Bio-Investment Limited ("Essex Bio-Investment"), a direct wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company, entered into a subscription agreement (the "Subscription Agreement") with MeiraGTx, pursuant to which Essex Bio-Investment agreed to subscribe for the convertible preferred C shares of MeiraGTx (the "Preferred C Shares") at a total consideration of approximately US$5.0 million (equivalent to approximately HK$39.0 million) (the "Subscription"). As at the date of the Subscription Agreement, the number of Preferred C Shares subscribed by Essex Bio-Investment would represent approximately 8.3% of the existing issued Preferred C Shares of MeiraGTx and would represent approximately 7.7% of the issued Preferred C Shares as enlarged by the Subscription. The Group plans to establish a business relationship with MeiraGTx by subscribing for the Preferred C Shares, with a view to creating synergy effect if the Group engages in strategic cooperation with MeiraGTx in the future. MeiraGTx, a company incorporated and registered in England and Wales, is a clinical-stage biotech company developing novel gene therapy treatments for a wide range of inherited and acquired disorders for which there are no effective treatments available.

PRINCIPAL RISKS AND UNCERTAINTIES

There are a number of factors that may affect the performance of the Group. The summary of major risks and uncertainties is as follows:

1 *Compliance with the Good Manufacturing Practices ("GMP") Standards*

All pharmaceutical manufacturers in the PRC will be required to comply with the GMP standards by certain time limits, otherwise the pharmaceutical manufacturing enterprise permits will be revoked or will not be renewed, resulting in the termination of the production. The GMP certificate in respect of the facilities necessary for the production of the Group's commercialised bio-pharmaceutical products has been granted by 國家食品藥品監督管理總局 (China Food and Drug Administration) on 23 December 2013. The certificate will expire on 22 December 2018. There can be no assurance that the Group may be able to renew its pharmaceutical manufacturing enterprise permit when the GMP certificate expires and in the event that the GMP certificate is not renewed upon its expiry, the Group's production will have to cease. In such case, the Group's operations and profitability may be materially and adversely affected.

2 *Research and Development Risk*

The Group's future prospect is dependent upon the continuous development and successful commercialisation of new products. As one of its expansion strategies, the Group intends to form strategic alliances with suitable partners or candidates that would offer the Group access to promising research projects. The success of bio-pharmaceutical product development is highly unpredictable. Products that appear to be promising at the early phases of research and development may fail to reach the market for numerous reasons, including the discovery of harmful side effects in pre-clinical tests and clinical trials, unsatisfactory results in clinical trials and the failure of obtaining the necessary regulatory approvals. Consequently, the corresponding research and development expenditure incurred would have to be expensed, which will have an adverse impact on the profitability of the Group.

REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS

3 Reliance on Key Personnel

The Group has experienced a constant growth in the number of employees. The Group's development has also resulted in an increase in responsibilities for its management and employees. There can be no assurance that the Group will be able to manage its expansion by retaining its existing executives and technical personnel and by recruiting additional employees as competition for such personnel is intense. The Group's success is, to a certain extent, attributable to the expertise and experience of its senior management and researchers. Should any of them cease to be involved in the Group's management and/or research and development, the Group's business operations and research capability may be adversely affected.

4 Product Substitution

New drug discoveries and developments in recombinant DNA technology and other pharmaceutical processes are expected to continue at a rapid pace. It is difficult to predict the effect of future technological changes and discoveries on the viability or competitiveness of the Group's products. It is essential for the Group to respond to these changes by developing new products in a timely manner to meet technological advances in the market. In addition, new alliances may have to be formed with new technological partners to enable the Group to have access to emerging technologies and new discoveries. The Group has to adopt and modify development methods, processes and programmes in response to new technologies and discoveries. The failure of the Group to respond rapidly to changing technologies and new discoveries could have a material and adverse impact on the Group's performance. There is also no assurance that other parties will not independently develop products having therapeutic effects similar or superior to the Group's products.

5 Tender and Price Control

In each province where we market our products, we have to participate in a government-led tender process every year or every few years. In the event that we fail to win the tender in a provincial tender process, the sale of our products to public hospitals in such province will be prohibited and we will lose market share in such province. In addition, certain new methods have been recently adopted in the provincial tender process, which may exert further downward pressure against the price of pharmaceutical products and our market share, revenue and profitability may be adversely affected.

6 Healthcare Reform in China

The healthcare system in the PRC is undergoing a crucial reform period, where laws, regulations and policies in effect governing the medical, healthcare and pharmaceutical industry are constantly evolving. Moreover, regulatory bodies in the PRC may regularly or unexpectedly make changes to its implementation practice. Accordingly, past enforcement actions taken may not be reflective of future actions. Any enforcement action taken by the government against us may subject us to material and adverse effects. It may also incur significant costs, divert the resources and attention of the management and result in negative publicity and reputation damage. In addition, such changes may be applied on a retrospective basis, thus leading to more uncertainties and risks in respect of our business and operation.

ENVIRONMENTAL POLICIES AND PERFORMANCE

We are committed to building an environmental-friendly corporation that pays close attention to conserving natural resources. We strive to minimise our environmental impact by saving electricity and encouraging recycle of office supplies and other materials. We also require our suppliers to operate in strict compliance with the relevant environmental regulations and rules and obtain all necessary permission and approval from the relevant government authorities.

ENVIRONMENTAL, SOCIAL AND GOVERNANCE REPORT

The environmental, social and governance report of the Company prepared in accordance with Appendix 27 to the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Listing Rules") will be published within three months after the publication of the annual report of the Company.

COMPLIANCE WITH LAWS AND REGULATIONS

The Group is subject to, among others, the following major laws and regulations:

Hong Kong

– Listing Rules
– Securities and Futures Ordinance (Chapter 571, Laws of Hong Kong) (the "SFO")
– Companies Ordinance (Chapter 622, Laws of Hong Kong)

PRC

1 *Business operation*

- Pharmaceutical Administration Law of the PRC 《中華人民共和國藥品管理法》
- Regulations for the Implementation of the Pharmaceutical Administration Law of the PRC 《中華人民共和國藥品管理法實施條例》
- Measures for the Supervision over and Administration of Pharmaceutical Production 《藥品生產監督管理辦法》
- Good Manufacturing Practices for Pharmaceutical Products 《藥品生產質量管理規範》
- Good Supply Practices for Pharmaceutical Products 《藥品經營質量管理規範》
- Regulations for the Implementation of the Good Supply Practices for Pharmaceutical Products 《藥品經營品質管制規範實施細則》
- Measures for the Supervision and Administration of Circulation of Pharmaceutical Products 《藥品流通監督管理辦法》
- Measures for the Administration of the Prescription and Non-prescription Drugs (Trial) 《處方藥與非處方藥分類管理辦法(試行)》
- Measures for the Administration of Drug Registration 《藥品註冊管理辦法》
- Notice on Issuing the Opinions on Pushing Forward the Pharmaceutical Pricing Reform 《關於印發推進藥品價格改革意見的通知》

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2 *Environmental and social standards*

- Environmental Protection Law of the PRC 《中華人民共和國環境保護法》
- Labour Law of the PRC 《中華人民共和國勞動法》
- Labour Contract Law of the PRC 《中華人民共和國勞動合同法》
- Work Safety Law of the PRC 《中華人民共和國安全生產法》
- Water Pollution Prevention and Control Law of the PRC 《中華人民共和國水污染防治法》
- Energy Conservation Law of the PRC 《中華人民共和國節約能源法》
- Law of the PRC on the Prevention and Control of Environmental Pollution Caused by Solid Wastes 《中華人民共和國固體廢物污染環境防治法》

During the year ended 31 December 2017, the Group has complied with the relevant laws and regulations that have significant impact on the operations of the Group.

KEY RELATIONSHIPS

1 *Employees*

Human resources are one of the greatest assets of the Group and the Group considers the personal development of its employees as highly important. The Group wants to continue to be an attractive employer for committed employees.

The Group strives to motivate its employees with a clear career path and opportunities for advancement and improvement of their skills. The Group provides on-the-job training and development opportunities to our staff members. The training programs cover areas such as managerial skills, sales and production, customer services, quality control and training of other areas relevant to the industry.

The Group offers competitive remuneration packages to our employees. The Group has also adopted share option schemes to recognise and reward the contribution of the employees to the growth and development of the Group.

2 *Suppliers*

We have developed long-standing relationships with a number of our vendors and take great care to ensure that they share our commitment to quality and ethics. We carefully select our suppliers and require them to satisfy certain assessment criteria including track record, experience, financial strength, reputation, ability to produce high-quality products and quality control effectiveness.

3 *Marketing agents and distributors*

We sell our products to hospitals through RSOs, marketing agents and distributors. We require our RSOs, marketing agents and distributors to comply with the relevant laws and regulations and our sales and marketing policies, including but not limited to selling price, promotional activities and use of our enterprise resource planning (ERP) system. We also monitor the financial condition and repayment history of our distributors, and sales performance of them.

4 *Hospitals and doctors*

The Group's flagship ophthalmology and other surgical products are being marketed by more than 5,400 hospitals, spreading across the major cities and provinces in the PRC. During the year under review, the Group had conducted or participated in over 660 seminars and 2,200 market promotion activities in major cities and provinces in the PRC.

PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

Details of movements in the property, plant and equipment of the Group during the year under review are set out in note 17 to the financial statements.

SHARE CAPITAL AND SHARE OPTIONS

There was no movement in the Company's authorised share capital during the year under review. For the year ended 31 December 2017, 1,344,000 ordinary shares of the Company were issued as a result of the exercise of 1,344,000 share options (the "Options") granted under the Company's share option scheme as approved by the shareholders of the Company at the annual general meeting held on 3 May 2013 (the "Scheme"). Details of the Company's share capital and details of the Scheme are set out in notes 32 and 34 respectively to the financial statements.

Summary of the Scheme

1. Purpose of the Scheme:

   (a) To recognise and acknowledge the contributions that Eligible Participants (as defined below) have made or may make to the Group.

   (b) To provide the Eligible Participants (as defined below) with the opportunity of acquiring proprietary interests in the Company with the view to (1) motivate them to optimise their performance and efficiency for the benefit of the Group; and (2) attract and retain or otherwise maintain ongoing business relationship with them whose contributions are, will or expected to be beneficial to the Group.

2. Participants of the Scheme:

   (a) any director, officer, employee or officer employed by any company in the Group or by any member of the Group or a company in which the Group holds an interest or a subsidiary of such company (the "Affiliate") (whether full time or part time) (the "Employee"), consultant, professional, customer, supplier (whether of goods or services), agent, partner or adviser of or contractor to an Affiliate; or

   (b) the trustee of any trust the beneficiary of which or any discretionary trust the discretionary objects of which include any director, officer, Employee, consultant, professional, customer, supplier (whether of goods or services), agent, partner or adviser of or contractor to any member of the Group or an Affiliate; or

   (c) a company beneficially owned by any director, officer, Employee, consultant, professional, customer, supplier (whether of goods or services), agent, partner or adviser of or contractor to any member of the Group or an Affiliate (the "Eligible Participants").

   The basis of eligibility of any of the above classes of the Eligible Participants to the grant of any right(s) to subscribe for fully paid share(s) of HK$0.10 each of the Company (or such other nominal amount prevailing from time to time) (the "Share(s)") granted pursuant to this Scheme shall be determined by the Board from time to time on the basis of their contribution to the Group and/or the Affiliate(s) in line with the purposes of the Scheme.

REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS

3. (a) Total number of ordinary shares of HK$0.10 each in the capital of the Company available for issue under the Scheme (excluding those to be issued upon exercise of the outstanding Options) as at the date of this annual report:

   26,375,000 Shares.

   (b) Percentage of the issued share capital that it represents as at the date of this annual report:

   4.68%.

4. Maximum entitlement of each Eligible Participant under the Scheme:

   Not to exceed 1% of the Shares in issue in any 12-month period unless approved by shareholders of the Company.

5. Period within which the Shares must be taken up under an Option:

   Within 10 years from the date on which the Option is offered or such shorter period as the Board may determine.

6. Minimum period for which an Option must be held before it can be exercised:

   No minimum period unless otherwise determined by the Board.

7. (a) Price payable on application or acceptance of the Option:

   HK$1.00.

   (b) The period within which payments or calls must or may be made:

   14 days after the offer date of an Option.

   (c) The period within which loans for the purposes of the payments or calls must be repaid:

   Not applicable.

REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS

8. Basis of determining the exercise price:

   The exercise price shall be determined by the Board and notified to each grantee and shall not be less than the highest of:

   (a) the closing price of a Share as stated in the daily quotations sheet of The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange") on the date of grant of the relevant Option, which must be a business day;

   (b) an amount equivalent to the average closing price of a Share as stated in the daily quotations sheets of the Stock Exchange for the 5 business days immediately preceding the date of grant of the relevant Option; and

   (c) the nominal value of a Share.

9. The remaining life of the Scheme:

   Approximately 5 years (expiring on 2 May 2023).

10. Key information on the Options granted under the Scheme:

   (1) As disclosed in the announcement of the Company dated 30 October 2013, among others, 19,500,000 Options were granted under the Scheme, of which 8,000,000 Options were granted to the Directors and substantial shareholders of the Company. Set out below are details of such Options granted on 30 October 2013:

      (a) Exercise price of the Options granted: HK$2.30 per Share.

      (b) Each grantee is entitled to exercise the Options in accordance with the following vesting periods and in the following manner:

         (i) up to 20% of the total number of Options granted to such grantee is exercisable during the period from 30 April 2014 to 29 October 2018 (both dates inclusive);

         (ii) up to 20% of the total number of Options granted to such grantee is exercisable during the period from 30 October 2014 to 29 October 2018 (both dates inclusive);

         (iii) up to 20% of the total number of Options granted to such grantee is exercisable during the period from 30 April 2015 to 29 October 2018 (both dates inclusive);

         (iv) up to 20% of the total number of Options granted to such grantee is exercisable during the period from 30 October 2015 to 29 October 2018 (both dates inclusive); and

         (v) up to 20% of the total number of Options granted to such grantee is exercisable during the period from 30 April 2016 to 29 October 2018 (both dates inclusive).

      (c) All outstanding or unexercised Options granted to the grantees shall lapse on 29 October 2018.

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As disclosed in the announcement of the Company dated 30 October 2013, the Company entered into the service contract with Hong Kong Zhixin Financial News Agency Limited ("HK Zhixin") for the appointment of HK Zhixin as the Company's investor and media relations consultant. HK Zhixin shall act as the Company's investor relations consultant and shall provide to the Company certain services related to relations with investors relations in the PRC for a term three years commencing on 30 October 2013 up to 29 October 2016 (both days inclusive). In consideration of the provision of the services by HK Zhixin to the Company, the Company shall grant an aggregate of 2,500,000 Options to HK Zhixin to subscribe for up to 2,500,000 Shares under the Scheme. Set out below are the details of such Options granted to HK Zhixin on 30 October 2013:

(a) Exercise price of the Options granted: HK$2.30 per Share.

(b) HK Zhixin is entitled to exercise the Options in accordance with the following vesting periods and in the following manner:

(i) up to 50% of the total number of Options granted to HK Zhixin is exercisable during the period from 30 April 2014 to 29 October 2016 (both dates inclusive); and

(ii) up to 50% of the total number of Options granted to HK Zhixin is exercisable during the period from 30 October 2014 to 29 October 2016 (both dates inclusive).

(c) All Options granted to HK Zhixin were fully exercised before 29 October 2016.

(2) As disclosed in the announcement of the Company dated 11 November 2016, 2,300,000 Options were granted to three eligible persons under the Scheme. Set out below are details of such Options granted on 11 November 2016:

(a) Exercise price of the Options granted: HK$5.90 per Share.

(b) Each grantee is entitled to exercise the Options in accordance with the following vesting periods and in the following manner:

(i) up to 20% of the total number of Options granted to such grantee is exercisable during the period from 11 May 2017 to 10 November 2021 (both dates inclusive);

(ii) up to 20% of the total number of Options granted to such grantee is exercisable during the period from 11 November 2017 to 10 November 2021 (both dates inclusive);

(iii) up to 20% of the total number of Options granted to such grantee is exercisable during the period from 11 May 2018 to 10 November 2021 (both dates inclusive);

(iv) up to 20% of the total number of Options granted to such grantee is exercisable during the period from 11 November 2018 to 10 November 2021 (both dates inclusive); and

(v) up to 20% of the total number of Options granted to such grantee is exercisable during the period from 11 May 2019 to 10 November 2021 (both dates inclusive).

(c) All outstanding or unexercised Options granted to the grantees shall lapse after 10 November 2021.

(3) As disclosed in the announcement of the Company dated 1 November 2017, the Company entered into the service contract with HK Zhixin for the appointment of HK Zhixin as the Company's investor and media relations consultant. HK Zhixin shall act as the Company's investor and media relations consultant and shall provide to the Company certain services related to relations with investors and media for a term commencing on 1 November 2017 up to 31 October 2021 (both days inclusive). In consideration of the provision of the services by HK Zhixin to the Company, the Company shall grant an aggregate of 5,000,000 Options to HK Zhixin to subscribe for up to 5,000,000 Shares under the Scheme. Set out below are the details of such Options granted on 1 November 2017:

(a) The exercise price for:

(i) Options to subscribe for up to 1,700,000 Shares, representing 34% of the total number of Options granted, the exercise period of which is from 1 November 2018 to 31 October 2019 (both dates inclusive), will be HK$6.50 per Share;

(ii) Options to subscribe for up to 1,700,000 Shares, representing 34% of the total number of Options granted, the exercise period of which is from 1 November 2019 to 31 October 2020 (both dates inclusive), will be HK$7.50 per Share; and

(iii) Options to subscribe for up to 1,600,000 Shares, representing 32% of the total number of Options granted, the exercise period of which is from 1 November 2020 to 31 October 2021 (both dates inclusive), will be HK$8.50 per Share.

(b) HK Zhixin is entitled to exercise the Options in accordance with the following vesting periods and in the following manner:

(i) up to 34% of the total number of Options granted to HK Zhixin is exercisable during the period from 1 November 2018 to 31 October 2019 (both dates inclusive). The number of Options exercisable is 1,700,000 Options or 1,700,000 Options X the average number of Shares traded per day during the period from 1 November 2017 to 31 October 2018 (both days inclusive)/500,000, whichever is lower;

(ii) up to 34% of the total number of Options granted to HK Zhixin is exercisable during the period from 1 November 2019 to 31 October 2020 (both dates inclusive). The number of Options exercisable is 1,700,000 Options or 1,700,000 Options X the average number of Shares traded per day during the period from 1 November 2018 to 31 October 2019 (both days inclusive)/750,000, whichever is lower; and

(iii) up to 32% of the total number of Options granted to HK Zhixin is exercisable during the period from 1 November 2020 to 31 October 2021 (both dates inclusive). The number of Options exercisable is 1,600,000 Options or 1,600,000 Options X the average number of Shares traded per day during the period from 1 November 2019 to 31 October 2020 (both days inclusive)/1,000,000, whichever is lower;

the term "average number of Shares traded per day" means the total number of Shares traded on the trading days during the relevant period/the total number of trading days in the relevant period, and the number of Shares traded as set out on the website of the Stock Exchange shall be relied upon in respect of the number of Shares traded on each trading day.

(c) Each of the outstanding or unexercised Options granted to HK Zhixin shall lapse after the respective exercise periods. The vesting periods shall be subject to the provisions of the service contract of HK Zhixin in relation to early termination of the service contract. Please refer to the announcement of the Company dated 1 November 2017 for details.

REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS

Details of Share Options Granted

Details of the share options granted to the Directors are set out in the section headed "Directors' and Chief Executive's Interests and Short Positions in Shares, Underlying Shares and Debentures".

The following table discloses the movements in the Company's share options held by each of the Directors, the substantial shareholders of the Company, the employees of the Company in aggregate and other participants granted under the Scheme during the year ended 31 December 2017:

Participants	Date of grant	Exercise price HK$	Exercisable period	Outstanding as at 1 January 2017	Granted during the year	Exercised during the year	Outstanding as at 31 December 2017
Ngiam Mia Je Patrick	30.10.2013	2.3	30.04.2014 – 29.10.2018	100,000	0	0	100,000
Director and substantial	30.10.2013	2.3	30.10.2014 – 29.10.2018	100,000	0	0	100,000
shareholder of the	30.10.2013	2.3	30.04.2015 – 29.10.2018	100,000	0	0	100,000
Company	30.10.2013	2.3	30.10.2015 – 29.10.2018	100,000	0	0	100,000
	30.10.2013	2.3	30.04.2016 – 29.10.2018	100,000	0	0	100,000
Fang Haizhou	30.10.2013	2.3	30.04.2014 – 29.10.2018	700,000	0	0	700,000
Director	30.10.2013	2.3	30.10.2014 – 29.10.2018	700,000	0	0	700,000
	30.10.2013	2.3	30.04.2015 – 29.10.2018	700,000	0	0	700,000
	30.10.2013	2.3	30.10.2015 – 29.10.2018	700,000	0	0	700,000
	30.10.2013	2.3	30.04.2016 – 29.10.2018	700,000	0	0	700,000
Zhong Sheng	30.10.2013	2.3	30.10.2015 – 29.10.2018	360,000	0	0	360,000
Director	30.10.2013	2.3	30.04.2016 – 29.10.2018	700,000	0	0	700,000
Ngiam Mia Kiat Benjamin	30.10.2013	2.3	30.04.2014 – 29.10.2018	100,000	0	0	100,000
Non-executive director of a	30.10.2013	2.3	30.10.2014 – 29.10.2018	100,000	0	0	100,000
wholly-owned subsidiary	30.10.2013	2.3	30.04.2015 – 29.10.2018	100,000	0	0	100,000
of the Company and	30.10.2013	2.3	30.10.2015 – 29.10.2018	100,000	0	0	100,000
substantial shareholder of the Company	30.10.2013	2.3	30.04.2016 – 29.10.2018	100,000	0	0	100,000
Total for directors of the Group				5,560,000	0	0	5,560,000
Employees	30.10.2013	2.3	30.04.2014 – 29.10.2018	1,940,000	0	3,000	1,937,000
	30.10.2013	2.3	30.10.2014 – 29.10.2018	2,201,000	0	261,000	1,940,000
	30.10.2013	2.3	30.04.2015 – 29.10.2018	2,300,000	0	360,000	1,940,000
	30.10.2013	2.3	30.10.2015 – 29.10.2018	2,300,000	0	360,000	1,940,000
	30.10.2013	2.3	30.04.2016 – 29.10.2018	2,300,000	0	360,000	1,940,000
	11.11.2016	5.9	11.05.2017 – 10.11.2021	460,000	0	0	460,000
	11.11.2016	5.9	11.11.2017 – 10.11.2021	460,000	0	0	460,000
	11.11.2016	5.9	11.05.2018 – 10.11.2021	460,000	0	0	460,000
	11.11.2016	5.9	11.11.2018 – 10.11.2021	460,000	0	0	460,000
	11.11.2016	5.9	11.05.2019 – 10.11.2021	460,000	0	0	460,000
Total for employees				13,341,000	0	1,344,000	11,997,000
An investor relations consultant	1.11.2017	6.5	1.11.2018 – 31.10.2019	0	1,700,000	0	1,700,000
	1.11.2017	7.5	1.11.2019 – 31.10.2020	0	1,700,000	0	1,700,000
	1.11.2017	8.5	1.11.2020 – 31.10.2021	0	1,600,000	0	1,600,000
Total for an investor relations consultant				0	5,000,000	0	5,000,000
Total for the Scheme				18,901,000	5,000,000	1,344,000	22,557,000

The weighted average share price for Options exercised during the year ended 31 December 2017 at the date of exercise was HK$4.91 per Share.

During the year under review, no Option has been cancelled or lapsed.

The valuation of share options is set out in note 34 to the financial statements.

SUFFICIENCY OF PUBLIC FLOAT

Based on the information that is publicly available to the Company and within the knowledge of the Directors, the Company has maintained a sufficient prescribed public float under the Listing Rules throughout the year under review and up to the date of this report.

PRE-EMPTIVE RIGHTS

There are no provisions for pre-emptive rights under the Company's articles of association or the laws of the Cayman Islands, being the jurisdiction in which the Company was incorporated, which would oblige the Company to offer new Shares on a pro rata basis to existing shareholders.

PURCHASE, REDEMPTION OR SALE OF LISTED SECURITIES OF THE COMPANY

Neither the Company nor any of its subsidiaries purchased, redeemed or sold any of the Company's listed securities during the year under review.

RESERVES

Details of movements in the reserves of the Company and of the Group during the year under review are set out in note 33 to the financial statements and in the consolidated statement of changes in equity on page 63, respectively.

DISTRIBUTABLE RESERVES

As at 31 December 2017, the Company has reserves of HK$13,272,133 available for distribution, calculated in accordance with the provisions of the Companies Law of the Cayman Islands as detailed in note 33 to the financial statements. Before the date of this report, subsidiaries of the Company had declared dividends to the Company and the Company's reserves available for distribution, calculated in accordance with the relevant provisions of the Companies Law of the Cayman Islands, amounted to HK$41,272,133 of which HK$14,087,325 has been proposed as a final dividend for the year.

CHARITABLE DONATIONS

During the year, the Group made charitable donations amounting to approximately HK$218,000.

MAJOR CUSTOMERS AND SUPPLIERS

In the year under review, sales to the Group's five largest customers accounted for approximately 47.1% of the Group's total sales for the year and sales to the largest customer included therein accounted for approximately 25.2% of the Group's total sales.

In the year under review, purchases from the Group's five largest suppliers accounted for approximately 66.5% of the Group's total purchases for the year and purchases from the largest supplier included therein accounted for approximately 32.5% of the Group's total purchases.

None of the Directors, or any of their close associates or any shareholders (which, to the best knowledge of the Directors, own more than 5% of the Company's issued share capital), had any beneficial interest in the Group's five largest customers or suppliers.

REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS

DIRECTORS

The Directors during the year and up to the date of this report were:

Executive Directors:

Ngiam Mia Je Patrick *(Chairman)*
Fang Haizhou *(Managing Director)*
Zhong Sheng

Independent non-executive Directors:

Fung Chi Ying
Mauffrey Benoit Jean Marie
Yeow Mee Mooi

In accordance with the Company's articles of association and as recommended by the nomination committee of the Company, Fang Haizhou and Zhong Sheng will retire by rotation and, being eligible, will offer themselves for re-election at the forthcoming annual general meeting to be held on Friday, 11 May 2018.

DIRECTORS' SERVICE CONTRACTS

Each executive Director has entered into a service agreement with the Company for a term of three years commencing from 27 June 2016 and expiring on 26 June 2019 unless terminated by either party by giving the other not less than six months' written notice.

Details of the appointments of the independent non-executive Directors are set out in the Corporate Governance Report on page 45 of this report.

Save as disclosed in note 11 to the financial statements, there were no other emoluments, pension and any compensation arrangements for the Directors and past Directors which are required to be disclosed under the Listing Rules, or section 383 of the Companies Ordinance (Chapter 622, Laws of Hong Kong) or the Companies (Disclosure of Information about Benefits of Directors) Regulation (Chapter 622G, Laws of Hong Kong). Save as disclosed above, none of the Directors has a service contract with the Company or any of its subsidiaries which is not determinable by the Company or any of its subsidiaries within one year without payment of compensation, other than statutory obligations.

CONFIRMATION OF INDEPENDENCE

The Company has received from each of the independent non-executive Directors a written confirmation of independence pursuant to Rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules. The Company thus considers all the independent non-executive Directors to be independent.

PERMITTED INDEMNITY PROVISION

Article 165(1) of the Articles of Association of the Company provides, among other things, that the Directors and other officers shall be indemnified and secured harmless out of the assets and profits of the Company from and against all actions, costs, charges, losses, damages and expenses which they or any of them shall or may incur or sustain by or by reason of any act done, concurred in or omitted in or about the execution of their duty, or supposed duty, in their respective offices, provided that this indemnity shall not extend to any matter in respect of any fraud or dishonesty which may attached to any of them. Such permitted indemnity provision is currently in force and was in force during the year ended 31 December 2017.

DIRECTORS' OR CONTROLLING SHAREHOLDERS' INTERESTS IN CONTRACTS OF SIGNIFICANCE

There has been no transaction, arrangement or contract of significance in relation to the business of the Group to which the Company or any of its subsidiaries was a party and in which a Director or an entity connected with the Director or controlling shareholders of the Company had a material interest, whether directly or indirectly, subsisted at the end of or at any time during the year under review.

MANAGEMENT CONTRACTS

No contracts concerning the management and administration of the whole or any substantial part of the business of the Company were entered into or existed during the year.

EMOLUMENT POLICY

The emolument policy of the employees of the Group is implemented by the human resources department on the basis of their merit, qualifications, and competence and is reviewed by the executive Directors.

The Company has adopted the model whereby the remuneration committee of the Board (the "Remuneration Committee") makes recommendations to the Board on the remuneration packages of individual executive Directors and senior management, which should include benefits in kind, pension rights and compensation payments and any compensation payable for loss or termination of their office(s) or appointment(s), and to make recommendations to the Board on the remuneration of non-executive Directors (if any).

In determining or recommending the remuneration packages of the Directors and senior management, the Remuneration Committee should consider factors such as salaries paid by comparable companies, time commitment and responsibilities of the Directors and senior management, employment conditions elsewhere in the Group and desirability of performance-based remuneration. In reviewing and approving performance-based remuneration, reference will be made by the Remuneration Committee to the Group's corporate goals and objectives resolved by the Board from time to time.

REMUNERATION OF DIRECTORS AND FIVE HIGHEST-PAID EMPLOYEES

Details of the remuneration of Directors (on a named basis) and the five highest-paid employees are set out in notes 11 and 12 to the financial statements, respectively.

DIRECTORS' AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE'S INTERESTS AND SHORT POSITIONS IN SHARES, UNDERLYING SHARES AND DEBENTURES

As at 31 December 2017, the interests and short positions of the Directors and chief executive of the Company in the shares, underlying shares and debentures of the Company or its associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the SFO, as recorded in the register required to be kept by the Company pursuant to section 352 of the SFO, or as otherwise notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Issuers (the "Model Code") contained in the Listing Rules were as follows:

REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS

Long positions in shares of the Company:

Name	Capacity	Number of ordinary shares/ underlying shares of the Company	Approximate percentage of interest in the Company's issued share capital as at 31 December 2017
Ngiam Mia Je Patrick	Beneficial owner and interests of controlled corporations	153,645,667 *(Note 1)*	27.27%
Fang Haizhou	Beneficial owner	8,238,300 *(Note 2)*	1.46%
Zhong Sheng	Beneficial owner	2,036,150 *(Note 3)*	0.36%

Notes:

1. (a) 146,479,000 ordinary shares where registered in the name of Ngiam Mia Je Patrick.

(b) 6,666,667 ordinary shares were held by Dynatech Ventures Pte Ltd ("Dynatech") which was wholly owned by Essex Investment (Singapore) Pte Ltd ("Essex Singapore"). Since Essex Singapore is owned by Ngiam Mia Je Patrick and Ngiam Mia Kiat Benjamin in equal shares, Ngiam Mie Je Patrick was deemed to be interested in these shares as he was entitled to exercise or control the exercise of more than one-third of the voting power of Dynatech at general meetings.

(c) 500,000 underlying shares are his share option entitlement granted on 30 October 2013 under the Scheme.

2. Comprised (i) 4,738,300 ordinary shares held by him; and (ii) 3,500,000 underlying shares, which are his share option entitlement granted on 30 October 2013 under the Scheme.

3. Comprised (i) 976,150 ordinary shares held by him; and (ii) 1,060,000 underlying shares, which are his share option entitlement granted on 30 October 2013 under the Scheme.

Save as disclosed above, as at 31 December 2017, none of the Directors and the chief executive of the Company had any interest and short position in the shares, underlying shares or debentures of the Company or its associated corporations (within the meaning of the Part XV of the SFO) which was required to be recorded pursuant to section 352 of the SFO, or as otherwise notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to the Model Code.

DIRECTORS' RIGHTS TO ACQUIRE SHARES OR DEBENTURES

Save as disclosed under the paragraph headed "Directors' and Chief Executive's Interests and Short Positions in Shares, Underlying Shares and Debentures" above, at no time during the year under review were rights to acquire benefits by means of the acquisition of shares or underlying shares in or debentures of the Company granted to any of the Directors or their respective spouses or minor children, or were any such rights exercised by them; nor was the Company, its holding company, or any of its subsidiaries and fellow subsidiaries a party to any arrangement to enable the Directors or their respective spouses or minor children to acquire such rights in the Company or any other body corporate.

SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDERS AND OTHER PERSONS WHO ARE REQUIRED TO DISCLOSE THEIR INTERESTS PURSUANT TO PART XV OF THE SFO

As at 31 December 2017, the following persons or entities, other than a Director or chief executive of the Company had interests or short positions in the shares and underlying shares of the Company as recorded in the register required to be kept under section 336 of the SFO:

Long positions in shares of the Company:

Name	Capacity	Number of ordinary shares/ underlying shares of the Company	Approximate percentage of interest in the Company's issued share capital as at 31 December 2017
Ngiam Mia Kiat Benjamin	Beneficial owner and interests of controlled corporations	152,020,667 *(Note 1)*	26.98%
Lauw Hui Kian	Family interest	153,645,667 *(Note 2)*	27.27%

Notes:

1. (a) 144,854,000 ordinary shares where registered directly in the name of Ngiam Mia Kiat Benjamin.

(b) 6,666,667 ordinary shares were held by Dynatech which was wholly owned by Essex Singapore, which in turn was owned by Ngiam Mia Je Patrick and Ngiam Mia Kiat Benjamin in equal shares. Therefore, Ngiam Mia Kiat Benjamin was deemed to be interested in these shares as he was entitled to exercise or control the exercise of more than one-third of the voting power of Dynatech at general meetings.

(c) 500,000 underlying shares are his share option entitlement granted on 30 October 2013 under the Scheme.

2. Lauw Hui Kian is the spouse of Ngiam Mia Je Patrick (an executive Director). Lauw Hui Kian was deemed to be interested in 153,645,667 shares in which Ngiam Mia Je Patrick was interested/deemed to be interested, of which 500,000 shares are Ngiam Mia Je Patrick's interest in option to subscribe for ordinary shares of the Company granted/exercisable under the Scheme.

Save as disclosed above, as at 31 December 2017, no other persons or entities (other than the Directors and chief executive of the Company whose interests are set out under the paragraph headed "Directors' and Chief Executive's interests and short positions in the shares, underlying shares and debentures above) had an interest or short position in the shares or underlying shares of the Company as recorded in the register to be kept under section 336 of the SFO.

REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS

CONNECTED AND RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Details of the related party transactions for the year under review are set out in note 42 to the financial statements. None of these related party transactions constitutes connected transaction or continuing connected transaction which is required to be disclosed under the Listing Rules. The Directors confirm that the Company has complied with the disclosure requirements in accordance with Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules during the year under review.

COMPETITION AND CONFLICT OF INTERESTS

None of the Directors, the substantial shareholders of the Company and any of their respective close associates has engaged in any businesses that competes or may compete, either directly or indirectly, with the business of the Group or has any other conflict of interests with the Group during the year under review which are required to be disclosed under the Listing Rules.

AUDITOR

BDO Limited will retire and a resolution for the re-appointment of auditor of the Company will be proposed at the forthcoming annual general meeting to be held on Friday, 11 May 2018.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

The Company has complied with the code provisions of the Corporate Governance Code as set out in Appendix 14 to the Listing Rules throughout the year under review. Please refer to the Corporate Governance Report on pages 45 to 55 of this report.

ON BEHALF OF THE BOARD

Ngiam Mia Je Patrick
Chairman

Hong Kong
15 March 2018

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE PRACTICES

Essex Bio-Technology Limited (the "Company", together with its subsidiaries, the "Group") is committed to achieving good corporate governance practices by emphasising its accountability, transparency, independence, responsibility and fairness. The Company is dedicated to exercise corporate governance through regular reviews of its adopted practices with reference to the Corporate Governance Code as set out in Appendix 14 to the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong (the "Listing Rules").

The Company has complied with the code provisions of the Corporate Governance Code as set out in Appendix 14 to the Listing Rules throughout the financial year ended 31 December 2017.

DIRECTORS' SECURITIES TRANSACTIONS

The Company has adopted procedures governing directors' securities transactions in compliance with the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Issuers as set out in Appendix 10 of the Listing Rules (the "Model Code"). Having made specific enquiry of all directors of the Company (the "Directors"), all the Directors have confirmed that they have fully complied with the required standards and provisions as set out in the Model Code throughout the financial year ended 31 December 2017.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

The board of Directors (the "Board"), which currently comprises six Directors, is responsible for corporate strategy, annual and interim results, succession planning, risk management, major acquisitions, disposals and capital transactions, and other significant operational and financial matters. Major corporate matters that are specifically delegated by the Board to the management include the preparation of annual and interim accounts for Board approval before public reporting, execution of business strategies and initiatives adopted by the Board, implementation of adequate systems of internal controls and risk management procedures, and compliance with relevant statutory requirements and rules and regulations.

Details of backgrounds and qualifications of the chairman of the Board and the other Directors are set out in the section headed "Profiles of Directors and Senior Management" of this report. All the Directors have given sufficient time and attention to the affairs of the Group. Each executive Director has sufficient experience to hold the position so as to carry out his duties effectively and efficiently.

To improve the transparency and independency of the corporate governance of the Company, the chairman and the managing Director (who is responsible for the day-to-day management of the Company's business) of the Company are segregated and are not exercised by the same individual since August 2005. Ngiam Mia Je Patrick is the chairman of the Board and an executive Director, and Fang Haizhou is the managing Director and an executive Director.

The Company appointed three independent non-executive Directors who have appropriate and sufficient experience and qualification to carry out their duties so as to protect the interests of the shareholders of the Company. Fung Chi Ying, Mauffrey Benoit Jean Marie and Yeow Mee Mooi are the independent non-executive Directors. Each of their term of appointment is two years commencing from 30 September 2016, determinable by either party serving not less than one month's written notice on the other.

All the Directors are subject to retirement by rotation and re-election at the annual general meeting in accordance with the Company's articles of association.

The Company has arranged for appropriate insurance cover in respect of legal actions against the Directors.

The Board held a full board meeting for each quarter.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

The Board is responsible for the leadership and control of the Company and overseeing the Group's businesses, strategic decisions and performances. The Board is delegated with the authority and responsibility for the management of the Group. In addition, the Board has also established various Board committees, including the audit committee (the "Audit Committee"), the remuneration committee (the "Remuneration Committee"), the nomination committee (the "Nomination Committee") and the corporate governance committee (the "Corporate Governance Committee") and has delegated various responsibilities to them.

The Company has adopted the practice of holding regular Board meetings at least four times a year. Apart from regular board meetings, the Board will meet on other occasions when a board level decision on a particular matter is required. Each of the members of the Board has full access to relevant information at the meetings.

The executive Directors and senior management of the Company, as delegated by the Board, are responsible for implementing the determined strategies and policies and the day-to-day management of the Group's business.

The Company has received from each of the independent non-executive Directors a written confirmation of independence pursuant to Rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules. The Company thus considers all the independent non-executive Directors to be independent.

Ten Board meetings and one annual general meeting were held during the year ended 31 December 2017. The attendance record for the Board meetings and general meeting is as follows:

Directors	**Board meetings attendance**	**General meetings attendance**
Executive Directors		
Ngiam Mia Je Patrick	10/10	1/1
Fang Haizhou	10/10	1/1
Zhong Sheng	10/10	1/1
Independent Non-executive Directors		
Fung Chi Ying	7/10	1/1
Mauffrey Benoit Jean Marie	7/10	1/1
Yeow Mee Mooi	7/10	1/1

The Directors acknowledge the need to continue to develop and refresh their knowledge and skills for making contributions to the Company. The participation by individual Directors in the continuous professional development programme with appropriate emphasis on the roles, functions and duties of a director of a listed company in 2017 is recorded in the table below:

Directors	**Reading regulatory updates**	**Attending external seminars/ programmes**
Executive Directors		
Ngiam Mia Je Patrick	✓	✓
Fang Haizhou	✓	✓
Zhong Sheng	✓	✓
Independent Non-executive Directors		
Fung Chi Ying	✓	✓
Mauffrey Benoit Jean Marie	✓	✓
Yeow Mee Mooi	✓	✓

REMUNERATION COMMITTEE

The Remuneration Committee was established in August 2005. The chairperson of the committee is Yeow Mee Mooi, an independent non-executive Director, and other members include Ngiam Mia Je Patrick, the chairman of the Board and an executive Director, Fung Chi Ying and Mauffrey Benoit Jean Marie, both being independent non-executive Directors. The majority of the members of the Remuneration Committee are independent non-executive Directors.

The existing terms of reference of the Remuneration Committee have been adopted on 1 April 2012 in compliance with the amendments to the Listing Rules which became effective on 1 April 2012. Such terms of reference are available on the websites of The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange") and the Company.

The role and function of the Remuneration Committee include the determination of the specific remuneration packages of all executive Directors and the senior management, including benefits in kind, pension rights and compensation payments, including any compensation payable for loss or termination of their office or appointment, and the making of recommendations to the Board on the remuneration of non-executive Directors. The Remuneration Committee should consider factors such as salaries paid by comparable companies, time commitment and responsibilities of the Directors, employment conditions elsewhere in the Group and desirability of performance-based remuneration.

The Company has adopted the model whereby the Remuneration Committee makes recommendations to the Board on the remuneration packages of individual executive Directors and senior management, which should include benefits in kind, pension rights and compensation payments, and any compensation payable for loss or termination of their office(s) or appointment(s), and to make recommendations to the Board on the remuneration of non-executive Directors.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

During the year under review, one meeting of the Remuneration Committee was held. Details of the attendance of the Remuneration Committee meeting are as follows:

Members	Attendance
Yeow Mee Mooi *(Chairperson)*	1/1
Ngiam Mia Je Patrick	1/1
Fung Chi Ying	1/1
Mauffrey Benoit Jean Marie	1/1

The Remuneration Committee has considered and reviewed the terms of employment contracts of the executive Directors and appointment letters of the independent non-executive Directors and has assessed the performance of the Directors. The Remuneration Committee considers that the terms of employment contracts of the executive Directors and appointment letters of the independent non-executive Directors are fair and reasonable.

NOMINATION COMMITTEE

The Nomination Committee was established in August 2005. The chairperson of the committee is Yeow Mee Mooi, an independent non-executive Director, and other members include Ngiam Mia Je Patrick, the chairman of the Board and an executive Director, Fung Chi Ying and Mauffrey Benoit Jean Marie, both being independent non-executive Directors.

The existing terms of reference of the Nomination Committee have been adopted on 1 April 2012 in compliance with the amendments to the Listing Rules which became effective on 1 April 2012. Such terms of reference are available on the websites of the Stock Exchange and the Company.

The role and function of the Nomination Committee include recommending the appointment and removal of Directors. The Nomination Committee considers the past performance, qualification, general market conditions and the Company's articles of association in selecting and recommending candidates for directorship during the year under review. The Nomination Committee also reviews the structure, size and composition of the Board and assesses the independence of the independent non-executive Directors.

In addition, the Board adopted a board diversity policy on 7 March 2014 (the "Policy"). Under the Policy, the Company recognises the benefits of board diversity and supports the principle that diversity can strengthen the performance of the Board, promote effective decision-making and better corporate governance and monitoring.

The Company believes that a diverse board will include and make good use of the difference in skills, experience and background, technical and industry experience, ethnicity, gender, age, nationality, knowledge and length of service and other qualities of the members of the Board. These factors will be considered in determining the optimum composition of the Board and all Board appointments will be based on merit, having due regard to the overall effective function of the Board as a whole.

The Nomination Committee reviews and assesses the composition of the Board and, where appropriate, makes recommendation to the Board on the appointment of new Directors. The Nomination Committee also reviews the structure, size and diversity of the Board annually and make recommendations on any proposed changes to the Board to complement the Company's corporate strategy.

The Board considers the current Board composition has provided the Company with a good balance and diversity of skills and experience appropriate to the requirements of its business. The Board will continue to review its composition from time to time taking into consideration specific needs for the Group's business.

During the year under review, one meeting of the Nomination Committee was held. Details of the attendance of the Nomination Committee meeting are as follows:

Members	**Attendance**
Yeow Mee Mooi *(Chairperson)*	1/1
Ngiam Mia Je Patrick	1/1
Fung Chi Ying	1/1
Mauffrey Benoit Jean Marie	1/1

During the meetings, the Nomination Committee considered and resolved that all the existing Directors shall be recommended to be retained by the Company. Further, in accordance with the Company's articles of association, Fang Haizhou and Zhong Sheng will retire, and being eligible, will offer themselves for re-election at the forthcoming annual general meeting of the Company.

AUDIT COMMITTEE

The Company established the Audit Committee in June 2001. The Audit Committee comprises three members, namely Fung Chi Ying, Mauffrey Benoit Jean Marie and Yeow Mee Mooi, all being independent non-executive Directors. The chairperson of the Audit Committee is Fung Chi Ying. The existing terms of reference of the Audit Committee have been adopted on 31 December 2015, with effect from 1 January 2016 in compliance with the applicable Listing Rules. Such terms of reference are available on the websites of the Stock Exchange and the Company.

The main responsibilities of the Audit Committee are to review and supervise the financial statements and the auditors' reports and monitor the integrity of the financial statements of the Group. Other responsibilities include the appointment of auditor, approval of the auditor's remuneration, discussion of audit procedures and any other matters arising from the above. The Audit Committee is also responsible for overseeing the financial reporting system, internal control and risk management systems and their effectiveness.

The Audit Committee examines all matters relating to the accounting principles and policies adopted by the Group, auditing functions, internal control, risk management and financial reporting. External auditor and the Directors are invited to attend the committee meetings as and when necessary. The Audit Committee also serves as a channel of communication between the Board and the external auditor.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

The Audit Committee held three meetings during the year under review. Details of the attendance of the Audit Committee meetings are as follows:

Members	Attendance
Fung Chi Ying *(Chairperson)*	3/3
Mauffrey Benoit Jean Marie	3/3
Yeow Mee Mooi	3/3

The work performed by the Audit Committee during the year under review and up to the date of this report included reviewing the audited consolidated financial statements of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2017, the unaudited consolidated interim financial statements of the Group for the six months ended 30 June 2017 and the effectiveness of the internal control practices of the Group. The Audit Committee has also reviewed the audit plan and approach of the external auditor and monitored the progress and results of the audit regularly. The Group's unaudited interim results for the six months ended 30 June 2017 and the audited annual results for the year ended 31 December 2017 have been reviewed by the Audit Committee, which was of the opinion that the preparation of such results complied with the applicable accounting standards and requirements and that adequate disclosure have been duly made.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE COMMITTEE

The Corporate Governance Committee was established on 23 March 2012. The chairperson of the committee is Yeow Mee Mooi, an independent non-executive Director, and other members include Zhong Sheng, an executive Director, Fung Chi Ying and Mauffrey Benoit Jean Marie, both being independent non-executive Directors.

The existing terms of reference of the Corporate Governance Committee have been adopted on 1 April 2012 in compliance with the amendments to the Listing Rules which became effective on 1 April 2012. The role and function of the Corporate Governance Committee include developing and reviewing the policies and practices on corporate governance of the Group and making recommendations to the Board, reviewing and monitoring the Group's policies and practices on compliance with legal and regulatory requirements, reviewing and monitoring the code of conduct and compliance manual applicable to the Directors and employees, reviewing and monitoring the training and continuous professional development of Directors and senior management, and reviewing the Company's compliance with the Corporate Governance Code and disclosures in the Company's corporate governance report.

The Corporate Governance Committee held one meeting during the year under review. Details of the attendance of the Corporate Governance Committee meetings are as follows:

Members	Attendance
Yeow Mee Mooi *(Chairperson)*	1/1
Zhong Sheng	1/1
Fung Chi Ying	1/1
Mauffrey Benoit Jean Marie	1/1

During the year under review, the work performed by the Corporate Governance Committee included reviewing and monitoring appropriate training and continuous professional development of the Directors and senior management, and reviewing the Company's compliance with the Corporate Governance Code and disclosures in the Company's corporate governance report.

COMPANY SECRETARY

Yau Lai Man, the company secretary of the Company, has complied with the relevant professional training requirement under Rule 3.29 of the Listing Rules during the year ended 31 December 2017.

AUDITOR'S REMUNERATION

During the year under review, the auditor's remuneration paid and payable by the Group to the external auditor in relation to the audit and non-audit services amounted to HK$948,500 and HK$97,600 respectively.

SHAREHOLDERS' RIGHTS

Procedures for shareholders to convene an extraordinary general meeting

Pursuant to the Company's articles of association, any one or more members holding at the date of deposit of the requisition not less than one-tenth of the paid up capital of the Company carrying the right of voting at general meetings of the Company shall at all times have the right, by written requisition to the Board or the company secretary of the Company, to require an extraordinary general meeting to be called by the Board for the transaction of any business specified in such requisition; and such meeting shall be held within two months after the deposit of such requisition. If within twenty-one days of such deposit the Board fails to proceed to convene such meeting, the requisitionist(s) himself (themselves) may do so in the same manner, and all reasonable expenses incurred by the requisitionist(s) as a result of the failure of the Board shall be reimbursed to the requisitionist(s) by the Company.

Procedures for shareholders to put forward proposals at a general meeting

Shareholders may suggest proposals relating to the Company to be discussed at a general meeting by sending written requisition to the Board or the company secretary of the Company and following the procedures set out in the paragraph headed "Procedures for shareholders to convene an extraordinary general meeting" above to convene an extraordinary general meeting for any business specified in such written requisition.

Procedures for shareholders to propose a person for election as a director

Subject to applicable laws and regulations, including the Companies Law, Cap. 22 (as revised and amended) of the Cayman Islands and the Listing Rules, and the memorandum and articles of association of the Company as amended from time to time, the Company may by ordinary resolution in general meeting elect any person to be a director of the Company either to fill a casual vacancy on the board of directors or as an addition to the existing board of directors. A shareholder of the Company may propose a person for election as a director of the Company by lodging a written notice to that effect at the head office and principal place of business of the Company in Hong Kong for the attention of the Company Secretary of the Company or at the branch register of members of the Company.

In order for the Company to inform shareholders of the Company of that proposal, the written notice must state the full name of the person proposed for election as a director of the Company, include the person's biographical details as required by Rule 13.51(2) of the Listing Rules, and be signed by the shareholder concerned and that person indicating his/her willingness to be elected. The minimum length of the period during which such a written notice is given shall be at least seven days and the period for lodgment of such a written notice shall commence no earlier than the day after the dispatch of the notice of the general meeting appointed for such election and end no later than seven days prior to the date of such general meeting.

Procedures for directing shareholders' enquiries to the Board

Shareholders may direct their queries to the Board and may at any time make a request for the Company's information to the extent such information is publicly available through the company secretary of the Company whose contact details are as follows:

Address:	Room 2818, China Merchants Tower, Shun Tak Centre, 168-200 Connaught Road Central, Hong Kong.
Fax:	(852) 2587 7363
Email:	essex@essexbio.com

DIRECTORS' AND AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES FOR ACCOUNTS

The Directors acknowledge that they are responsible for the preparation of financial statements for each financial period which gives a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Group. In preparing the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2017, the Directors have selected appropriate accounting policies and applied them consistently, and have prepared the financial statements on a going concern basis.

The external auditor of the Group have also stated their reporting responsibility in the auditor's report of the consolidated financial statements.

RISK MANAGEMENT AND INTERNAL CONTROL

The Board acknowledges that a sound system of internal control and risk management practices are essential in ensuring good corporate governance and pursuing the achievement of the strategic goals of the Group. The Board also acknowledges that it is the Board's responsibility to ensure that the Group maintains sound and effective internal controls to safeguard the assets of the Group at all times. The Board reviews and monitors the effectiveness of the internal control and risk management systems on a yearly basis to ensure that the systems in place are adequate, and it has conducted a review of the risk management and internal control systems during the year under review.

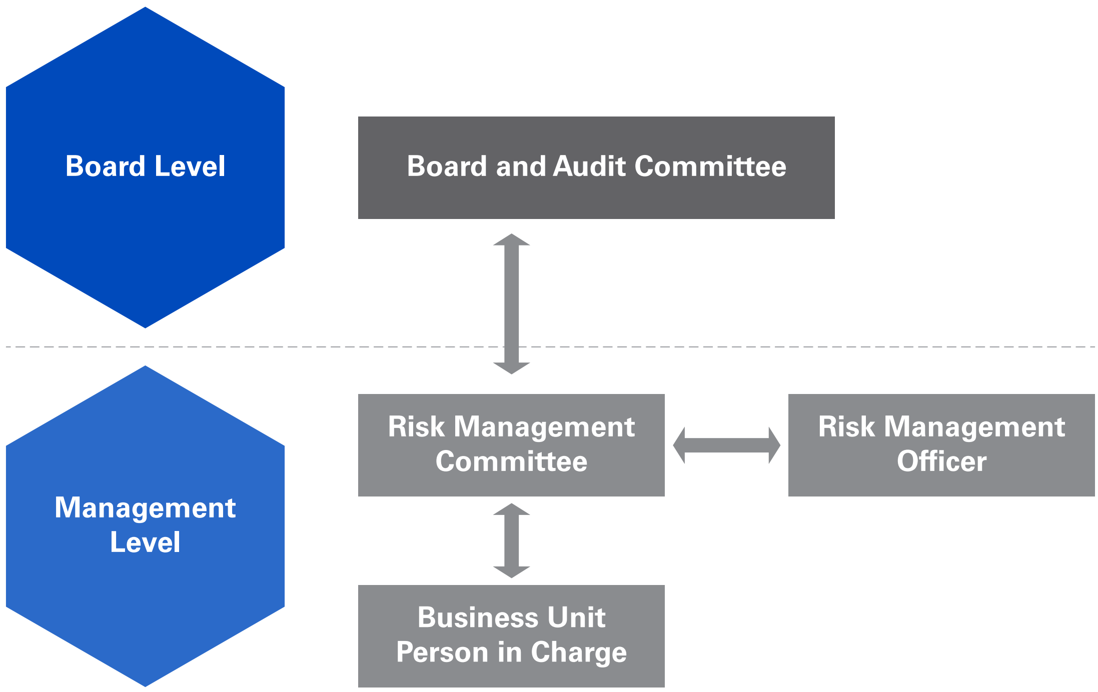
The risk management and internal control systems of the Group are designed to manage rather than eliminate the risk of failure to achieve business objectives, and can only provide reasonable and not absolute assurance against material misstatement or loss.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

Risk management and internal control framework

Risk Management

In order to continuously improve the risk management and internal control systems, as well as to enhance the level of management and risk prevention capabilities, the Company has developed a risk management manual (the "Risk Management Manual"), established risk management strategy and structure, as well as defined the measures for risk assessment and risk management reporting procedures in 2016. The organisational structure for risk management is set out as follows:



The Board and Audit Committee oversee the structure and performance of the risk management functions, assess the effectiveness of the underlying risk management system.

The Risk Management Committee of the Group (the "Risk Management Committee") comprises executive Directors and management personnel from the Group. The committee aims to promote the awareness of risk management in daily operations. The Risk Management Committee is responsible for coordinating and conducting risk assessments in accordance with the Risk Management Manual.

Management of business units work together with the risk management officer to perform risk assessment at operational level, and is responsible for monitoring and managing the risks identified in activities and operations. Risk management officer is responsible for reporting risk management status to the Risk Management Committee annually.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

The four key steps in the risk management process are:

- **Risk identification and assessment** – identify the key risks of the Group and analyse the risk by considering the possibility of occurrence and their implication;
- **Risk handling** – adopt appropriate risk management strategy and risk response plans;
- **Risk monitoring** – create mechanisms for monitoring to ensure the risk response plans are executed smoothly;
- **Risk reporting** – summarise the result of risk assessment and report to Risk Management Committee.

In the risk management process, the top risks within the Group are identified and assessed; and the respective risk management measures as well as the corresponding mitigating controls are discussed, agreed and implemented by the management. Risk assessment results are reported by Risk Management Committee to the Audit Committee and the Board annually.

Internal Control

The internal control framework of the Group has been established based on the framework developed by Committee of Sponsoring Organisations of the Treadway Commission for internal controls. To assist the Audit Committee in its overseeing and monitoring activities, the Group maintains an independent internal audit function. The role of internal audit is to provide independent assurance that the risk management, governance and internal control processes of the Group are operating effectively. The internal auditors assess the operating effectiveness of the risk management and internal control systems during their course of audits. They carried out internal audit on all functions and the frequency is determined by the level of assessed risks on each function. Internal auditors shall provide independent and objective report on operational and management activities of each function. The annual audit plans are reviewed and approved by the Audit Committee and audit findings are submitted to the Audit Committee for review.

The Audit Committee reviews internal control issues identified by the internal auditors, including the remedial actions taken to address and resolve the identified issues, and evaluates the adequacy and effectiveness of their risk management and internal control systems. The Audit Committee also reviews the internal control functions with particular emphasis on the scope and frequency of audits and the adequacy of resources.

To further strengthen the internal control systems, heads of all departments are required to confirm the effectiveness of the internal controls of their respective departments, including the identification of key issues in the control system and develop the action plan to remediate the weaknesses of the internal controls. Management is required to submit a confirmation to the Audit Committee and the Board annually to confirm the effectiveness of the risk management and internal control systems of the Group.

Review the effectiveness of the risk management and internal control systems

The Risk Management Committee met once during the year under review and reported to the Audit Committee for the annual risk assessment, internal control review and testings. Key risks are identified and their responsive mitigating controls are documented in the risk registers and reported to the Board by the Audit Committee.

For the year ended 31 December 2017, the Board has conducted the review of risk management and internal control system functions of the Group and considered they are effective and adequate. The review covers all material controls, including financial, operational and compliance controls, and risk management functions. No significant areas of concern that may affect the Company to achieve strategic goals have been identified.

During the review of risk management and internal control systems of the Group, the Board has assessed the adequacy of resources, staff qualifications, experience, training programmes and budget of the Group's accounting and financial reporting function and considered that these resources are properly allocated.

Disclosure of inside information

The Company has established policies and internal controls for the handling and dissemination of inside information to ensure that disclosures are made and/or announcements are published on a timely basis in accordance with the applicable laws and regulations. The Company has implemented procedures for responding to external enquiries about the Group's affairs and has in place a strict prohibition on unauthorised use of inside information.

CONSTITUTIONAL DOCUMENTS

During the year under review, the Company had not amended its constitutional documents.

INVESTOR RELATIONS AND COMMUNICATION WITH SHAREHOLDERS

The Company has established the following communication channels with its shareholders and investors: (i) dispatching printed copies of corporate communication documents to shareholders of the Company; (ii) the opportunity for shareholders of the Company to raise comments and exchange views with the Board during each annual general meeting; (iii) providing the latest and key information of the Group through the website of the Company; and (iv) the Company's share registrar serves the shareholders of the Company in respect of all share registration matters.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

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To the Shareholders of Essex Bio-Technology Limited
億勝生物科技有限公司
(Incorporated in the Cayman Islands with limited liability)

Opinion

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of Essex Bio-Technology Limited (the "Company") and its subsidiaries (hereafter referred to as the "Group") set out on pages 61 to 126, which comprise the consolidated statement of financial position as at 31 December 2017, and the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, the consolidated statement of changes in equity and the consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements give a true and fair view of the consolidated financial position of the Group as at 31 December 2017, and of its consolidated financial performance and its consolidated cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards ("HKFRSs") issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants (the "HKICPA") and have been properly prepared in compliance with the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Hong Kong Standards on Auditing ("HKSAs") issued by the HKICPA. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with the HKICPA's "Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants" (the "Code"), and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgement, were of most significance in our audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the consolidated financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

Capitalisation of development expenditure as intangible assets and subsequent measurement

Refer to notes 4(h), 5 and 20 to the consolidated financial statements.

Key Audit Matter

Capitalised development expenditure amounted to the net carrying value of HK$82,066,940 as at 31 December 2017. Development expenditure mainly comprised development of bio-pharmaceutical products. The Group capitalises eligible product development costs upon meeting the criteria as described in Hong Kong Accounting Standard 38 "Intangible Assets" ("HKAS 38"). Capitalisation criteria assessment under HKAS 38 requires significant judgement and measurement uncertainty at inception and throughout the lives of the individual projects. Judgements involved to determine the eligibility of the costs for capitalisation and the subsequent measurement requires detailed and sensitivity analysis.

Our Response

Our audit procedures included, amongst others, the following:

(i) Assessing the eligibility of the development costs for capitalisation as intangible assets under HKAS 38 and evaluating the assumptions and methodologies used by the Group to test the impairment of these intangible assets.

(ii) Reviewing the design of the controls identified by the management surrounding the intangible assets capitalisation and subsequent measurement and which we considered key, testing such controls and performing substantive test of details on the capitalised development costs. These procedures included on a sample basis testing underlying evidence including hours registration, testing estimates of useful life, testing estimates surrounding future economic cash flows.

Impairment on convertible loan receivables and available-for-sale financial assets

Refer to notes 4(i), 5, 21 and 22 to the consolidated financial statements.

Key Audit Matter

The Group has debt component of convertible loan receivables of HK$25,743,643 at amortised cost and unlisted available-for-sale financial assets of HK$36,149,489 at cost as at 31 December 2017.

Management has concluded that there is no impairment in respect of convertible loan receivables and unlisted available-for-sale financial assets. This conclusion required significant management judgement and estimates with respect to the impairment assessment of convertible loan receivables and unlisted available-for-sale financial assets.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Our Response

Our audit procedures included, amongst others, the following:

(i) Discussing the recoverability of convertible loan receivables with the management with reference to contracted payment terms of the relevant agreements;

(ii) Reviewing the repayment history of interest and repayment plans agreed with the relevant borrowers;

(iii) Reviewing the repayment capacity of the borrowers such as reviewing the latest available financial information of the borrowers and public information about the liquidity and business performance of the borrowers; and

(iv) Evaluating management's assessment on impairment of unlisted available-for-sale financial assets by examining the background information such as reviewing the latest available financial information and public information about the business performance of the underlying investees.

Other Information in the Annual Report

The directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Company's annual report, but does not include the consolidated financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the consolidated financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the consolidated financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the consolidated financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Directors' Responsibilities for the Consolidated Financial Statements

The directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation of the consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with HKFRSs issued by the HKICPA and the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, the directors of the Company are responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

The directors are also responsible for overseeing the Group's financial reporting process. The Audit Committee assists the directors in discharging their responsibilities in this regard.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. This report is made solely to you, as a body, in accordance with the terms of our engagement, and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility towards or accept liability to any other person for the contents of this report.

Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with HKSAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with HKSAs, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.

- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's internal control.

- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the directors.

- Conclude on the appropriateness of the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.

- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Group to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

We communicate with the Audit Committee regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide the Audit Committee with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with the directors, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

BDO Limited
Certified Public Accountants
Lam Siu Fung
Practising Certificate Number: P05308

Hong Kong, 15 March 2018

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

For the year ended 31 December 2017

	Notes	2017 HK$	2016 HK$
Turnover	6&7	**899,589,729**	775,662,998
Cost of sales		**(161,987,759)**	(152,636,311)
Gross profit		**737,601,970**	623,026,687
Other revenue, and other gains and losses	8	**24,647,137**	7,395,501
Distribution and selling expenses		**(515,298,269)**	(410,539,424)
Administrative expenses		**(40,405,123)**	(47,958,700)
Finance costs	9	**(9,499,843)**	(9,686,016)
Profit before income tax	10	**197,045,872**	162,238,048
Income tax	14	**(29,747,219)**	(25,953,667)
Profit for the year		**167,298,653**	136,284,381
Other comprehensive income/(loss)			
Items that may be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss:			
Available-for-sale financial assets:			
– Changes in fair value		**609,477**	13,440,257
– Reclassification adjustments for gain on disposal of available-for-sale financial assets included in profit or loss	8	**(341,550)**	–
		267,927	13,440,257
Exchange differences on translation of financial statements of foreign operations		**42,362,557**	(32,413,062)
Other comprehensive income/(loss) for the year		**42,630,484**	(18,972,805)
Total comprehensive income for the year		**209,929,137**	117,311,576
Earnings per share attributable to owners of the Company			
– Basic	16	**HK29.75 cents**	HK24.33 cents
– Diluted	16	**HK29.35 cents**	HK24.03 cents

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

At 31 December 2017

	Notes	2017 HK$	2016 HK$
Non-current assets			
Property, plant and equipment	17	**171,239,491**	163,901,646
Land use rights	18	**6,493,945**	6,189,091
Goodwill	19	**2,435,133**	2,227,853
Other intangible assets	20	**138,129,589**	74,700,268
Convertible loan receivables	21	**33,062,058**	27,016,775
Available-for-sale financial assets	22	**90,393,260**	83,397,434
Deposits and prepayments	25	**2,805,718**	382,385
Pledged bank deposit	26	**–**	20,000,000
Total non-current assets		**444,559,194**	377,815,452
Current assets			
Inventories	23	**102,869,822**	106,216,070
Trade and other receivables	24	**335,983,002**	256,007,080
Deposits and prepayments	25	**7,508,033**	35,327,800
Convertible loan receivables	21	**–**	1,750,887
Pledged bank deposit	26	**28,229,076**	–
Cash and cash equivalents	27	**240,627,387**	156,180,115
Total current assets		**715,217,320**	555,481,952
Total assets		**1,159,776,514**	933,297,404
Current liabilities			
Trade and other payables	28	**225,190,047**	195,128,065
Bank borrowings	29	**29,004,214**	38,780,000
Current tax liabilities		**22,959,188**	10,048,758
Total current liabilities		**277,153,449**	243,956,823
Net current assets		**438,063,871**	311,525,129
Total assets less current liabilities		**882,623,065**	689,340,581
Non-current liabilities			
Convertible loan payable	30	**128,974,146**	121,434,340
Deferred tax liabilities	31	**14,160,527**	11,042,175
Total non-current liabilities		**143,134,673**	132,476,515
Total liabilities		**420,288,122**	376,433,338
NET ASSETS		**739,488,392**	556,864,066
Capital and reserves attributable to owners of the Company			
Share capital	32	**56,349,300**	56,214,900
Reserves		**683,139,092**	500,649,166
TOTAL EQUITY		**739,488,392**	556,864,066

On behalf of the Board

Fang Haizhou **Zhong Sheng**

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

For the year ended 31 December 2017

	Equity attributable to owners of the Company									
	Share capital HK$ Note 32	Share premium HK$	Capital reserve HK$ Note 33(i)	Statutory surplus reserve HK$ Note 33(ii)	Foreign currency translation reserve HK$ Note 33(iii)	Share option reserve HK$ Note 34	Available-for-sale financial assets reserve HK$ Note 22	Conversion component of convertible loan payable HK$ Note 30	Retained earnings HK$	Total HK$
At 1 January 2016	**55,954,100**	**9,908,227**	**362,442**	**41,516,886**	**(2,025,108)**	**17,530,502**	**–**	**–**	**289,699,787**	**412,946,836**
Profit for the year	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	136,284,381	136,284,381
Other comprehensive income/(loss)										
– Changes in fair value of available-for-sale financial assets, net	–	–	–	–	–	–	13,440,257	–	–	13,440,257
– Exchange differences on translation of financial statements of foreign operations	–	–	–	–	(32,413,062)	–	–	–	–	(32,413,062)
Total comprehensive income for the year	–	–	–	–	(32,413,062)	–	13,440,257	–	136,284,381	117,311,576
2015 final dividend paid	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	(13,988,525)	(13,988,525)
Exercise of share options	260,800	7,645,877	–	–	–	(1,908,277)	–	–	–	5,998,400
Equity-settled share-based payments	–	–	–	–	–	1,272,561	–	–	–	1,272,561
Issue of convertible loan	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	33,323,218	–	33,323,218
At 31 December 2016 and 1 January 2017	**56,214,900**	**17,554,104**	**362,442**	**41,516,886**	**(34,438,170)**	**16,894,786**	**13,440,257**	**33,323,218**	**411,995,643**	**556,864,066**
Profit for the year	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	167,298,653	167,298,653
Other comprehensive income										
– Changes in fair value of available-for-sale financial assets, net	–	–	–	–	–	–	267,927	–	–	267,927
– Exchange differences on translation of financial statements of foreign operations	–	–	–	–	42,362,557	–	–	–	–	42,362,557
Total comprehensive income for the year	–	–	–	–	42,362,557	–	267,927	–	167,298,653	209,929,137
2016 final dividend paid	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	(17,988,768)	(17,988,768)
2017 interim dividend paid	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	(14,055,525)	(14,055,525)
Exercise of share options	134,400	4,304,246	–	–	–	(1,347,446)	–	–	–	3,091,200
Equity-settled share-based payments	–	–	–	–	–	1,648,282	–	–	–	1,648,282
At 31 December 2017	**56,349,300**	**21,858,350**	**362,442**	**41,516,886**	**7,924,387**	**17,195,622**	**13,708,184**	**33,323,218**	**547,250,003**	**739,488,392**

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

For the year ended 31 December 2017

	Notes	2017 HK$	2016 HK$
Cash flows from operating activities			
Profit before income tax		**197,045,872**	162,238,048
Adjustments for:			
Gain on disposal of trading securities	8	**–**	(3,772,836)
Interest income from convertible loan receivables	8	**(3,622,668)**	(3,230,461)
Interest income from bank deposits	8	**(2,993,822)**	(218,327)
Change in fair value of derivative component of convertible loan receivables	8	**20,521**	854,574
Fair value gain on available-for-sale financial assets (transfer from equity on disposal)	8	**(341,550)**	–
Finance costs	9	**9,499,843**	9,686,016
Amortisation of land use rights	10	**155,217**	157,274
Amortisation of other intangible assets	10	**4,935,220**	1,834,615
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment	10	**12,835,851**	10,934,795
Equity-settled share-based payments		**1,648,282**	1,272,561
Exchange (gains)/losses, net	10	**(7,651,606)**	1,233,468
Loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment	10	**26,710**	36,487
Write-off of inventories	10	**1,481,068**	2,685,773
Operating cash flows before working capital changes		**213,038,938**	183,711,987
Decrease/(increase) in inventories		**9,407,596**	(75,967,202)
Increase in trade and other receivables		**(58,222,345)**	(63,960,952)
Decrease in deposits and prepayments		**29,375,993**	12,105,034
Increase in trade and other payables		**15,628,324**	52,858,441
Purchase of trading securities		**–**	(8,576,623)
Proceeds from disposal of trading securities		**–**	12,349,459
Cash generated from operations		**209,228,506**	112,520,144
Tax paid		**(15,508,475)**	(22,313,000)
Net cash generated from operating activities		**193,720,031**	90,207,144

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

For the year ended 31 December 2017

	Note	2017 HK$	2016 HK$
Cash flows from investing activities			
Acquisition of property, plant and equipment		**(7,673,260)**	(11,769,279)
Deposits paid for acquisition of property, plant and equipment		**(2,693,655)**	–
Increase in other intangible assets		**(58,813,837)**	(24,289,512)
Purchase of convertible loan receivables		**–**	(17,528,115)
Purchase of available-for-sale financial assets		**(7,891,249)**	(66,075,169)
Bank interest received		**2,993,822**	218,327
Interest received from convertible loan receivables		**1,561,334**	1,495,121
Increase in pledged bank deposit		**(7,101,584)**	–
Proceeds from disposal of available-for-sale financial assets		**1,504,900**	–
Net cash used in investing activities		**(78,113,529)**	(117,948,627)
Cash flows from financing activities			
Proceeds from bank borrowings		**–**	121,910,356
Repayments of bank borrowings		**(9,775,786)**	(134,130,356)
Proceeds from issue of convertible loan payable	30	**–**	150,000,000
Proceeds from shares issued under share option scheme		**3,091,200**	5,998,400
Interest paid on bank borrowings		**(874,985)**	(3,676,792)
Interest paid on convertible loan payable		**(2,762,917)**	(1,251,666)
Dividends paid to owners of the Company		**(32,044,293)**	(13,988,525)
Net cash (used in)/generated from financing activities		**(42,366,781)**	124,861,417
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents		**73,239,721**	97,119,934
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year		**156,180,115**	64,613,176
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents		**11,207,551**	(5,552,995)
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year		**240,627,387**	156,180,115
Analysis of balances of cash and cash equivalents			
Cash and bank balances		**240,627,387**	116,280,115
Non-pledged time deposits with original maturity of less than three months when acquired		**–**	39,900,000
Cash and cash equivalents as stated in the consolidated statement of financial position and the consolidated statement of cash flows		**240,627,387**	156,180,115

Non-cash transactions

During the year ended 31 December 2017, additions of property, plant and equipment of HK$378,904 were transferred from deposits and prepayments.

During the year ended 31 December 2016, additions of distribution rights of HK$22,047,944 were transferred from deposits and prepayments.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 December 2017

1. General

Essex Bio-Technology Limited (the "Company") is a limited liability company incorporated in the Cayman Islands on 31 July 2000 under Companies Law Chapter 22 (Law 3 of 1961, as consolidated and revised) of the Cayman Islands. Its shares are listed on the Main Board of The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange") (Stock code: 1061). The address of its registered office is Cricket Square, Hutchins Drive, P.O. Box 2681, Grand Cayman KY1-1111, Cayman Islands. Its principal place of business is located at Room 2818, China Merchants Tower, Shun Tak Centre, 168-200 Connaught Road Central, Hong Kong.

The Group, comprising the Company and its subsidiaries, is principally engaged in investment holding, and development, manufacture and sale of bio-pharmaceutical products in the People's Republic of China (the "PRC").

2. Basis of Preparation

(a) *Statement of compliance*

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards ("HKFRSs") (which include all Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards, Hong Kong Accounting Standards ("HKASs") and Interpretations) issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants and the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance. In addition, the consolidated financial statements include applicable disclosures required by the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on the Stock Exchange (the "Listing Rules").

(b) *Basis of measurement*

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost basis except for certain financial instruments, which are measured at fair values. The measurement bases are fully described in the accounting policies set out in note 4 below.

(c) *Functional and presentation currency*

The consolidated financial statements are presented in Hong Kong dollars ("HK$"), which is the same as the functional currency of the Company.

3. Adoption of HKFRSs

(a) *Adoption of revised HKFRSs – effective 1 January 2017*

Amendments to HKAS 7	Disclosure Initiative
Amendments to HKAS 12	Recognition of Deferred Tax Assets for Unrealised Losses
Annual Improvements to HKFRSs 2014-2016 Cycle	Amendments to HKFRS 12, Disclosure of Interests in Other Entities

Amendments to HKAS 7 – Disclosure Initiative

The amendments introduce an additional disclosure that will enable users of financial statements to evaluate changes in liabilities arising from financing activities.

The adoption of the amendments has led to the additional disclosure presented in the reconciliation of liabilities arising from financing activities in note 43.

Amendments to HKAS 12 – Recognition of Deferred Tax Assets for Unrealised Losses

The amendments relate to the recognition of deferred tax assets and clarify some of the necessary considerations, including how to account for deferred tax assets related to debt instruments measured of fair value.

The adoption of the amendments has no impact on these financial statements as the clarified treatment is consistent with the manner in which the Group has previously recognised deferred tax assets.

Annual Improvements to HKFRSs 2014-2016 Cycle – Amendments to HKFRS 12, Disclosure of Interests in Other Entities

The amendments issued under the annual improvements process make small, non-urgent changes to standards where they are currently unclear. They include amendments to HKFRS 12, Disclosure of Interests in Other Entities, to clarify that the disclosure requirements of HKFRS 12, other than the requirements to disclose summarised financial information, also apply to an entity's interests in other entities classified as held for sale or discontinued operations in accordance with HKFRS 5, Non-Current Assets Held for Sale and Discontinued Operations.

The adoption of the amendments to HKFRS 12 has no impact on these financial statements as the Group does not have any interests in other entities classified held for sale or discontinued operations.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 December 2017

3. Adoption of HKFRSs *(Continued)*

(b) New/revised HKFRSs that have been issued but are not yet effective

The following new/revised HKFRSs, potentially relevant to the Group's financial statements, have been issued, but are not yet effective and have not been early adopted by the Group. The Group's current intention is to apply these changes on the date they become effective.

Annual Improvements to HKFRSs 2014-2016 Cycle	Amendments to HKFRS 1, First-time adoption of Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards[1]
Annual Improvements to HKFRSs 2014-2016 Cycle	Amendments to HKAS 28, Investments in Associates and Joint Ventures[1]
Amendments to HKFRS 2	Classification and Measurement of Share-Based Payment Transactions[1]
HKFRS 9	Financial Instruments[1]
HKFRS 15	Revenue from Contracts with Customers[1]
Amendments to HKFRS 15	Revenue from Contracts with Customers (Clarifications to HKFRS 15)[1]
Amendments to HKAS 40	Transfers of Investment Property[1]
HK(IFRIC)-Int 22	Foreign Currency Transactions and Advance Consideration[1]
Annual Improvements to HKFRSs 2015-2017 Cycle	Amendments to a number of HKFRSs[2]
Amendments to HKFRS 9	Prepayment Features with Negative Compensation[2]
HKFRS 16	Leases[2]
HK(IFRIC)–Int 23	Uncertainty over Income Tax Treatments[2]
Amendments to HKFRS 10 and HKAS 28	Sales or Contribution of Assets between an Investor and its Associate or Joint Venture[3]

1 Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2018
2 Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2019
3 The amendments were originally intended to be effective for periods beginning on or after 1 January 2016. The effective date has now been deferred/removed. Early application of the amendments continues to be permitted.

Amendments to HKFRS 2 – Classification and Measurement of Share-Based Payment

The amendments provide requirements on the accounting for the effects of vesting and non-vesting conditions on the measurement of cash-settled share-based payments; share-based payment transactions with a net settlement feature for withholding tax obligations; and a modification to the terms and conditions of a share-based payment that changes the classification of the transaction from cash-settled to equity-settled.

HKFRS 9 – Financial Instruments

HKFRS 9 introduces new requirements for the classification and measurement of financial assets. Debt instruments that are held within a business model whose objective is to hold assets in order to collect contractual cash flows (the business model test) and that have contractual terms that give rise to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding (the contractual cash flow characteristics test) are generally measured at amortised cost. Debt instruments that meet the contractual cash flow characteristics test are measured at fair value through other comprehensive income ("FVTOCI") if the objective of the entity's business model is both to hold and collect the contractual cash flows and to sell the financial assets. Entities may make an irrevocable election at initial recognition to measure equity instruments that are not held for trading at FVTOCI. All other debt and equity instruments are measured at fair value through profit or loss ("FVTPL").

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 December 2017

3. Adoption of HKFRSs *(Continued)*

(b) *New/revised HKFRSs that have been issued but are not yet effective (Continued)*

HKFRS 9 – Financial Instruments (Continued)

HKFRS 9 includes a new expected loss impairment model for all financial assets not measured at FVTPL replacing the incurred loss model in HKAS 39 and new general hedge accounting requirements to allow entities to better reflect their risk management activities in financial statements.

HKFRS 9 carries forward the recognition, classification and measurement requirements for financial liabilities from HKAS 39, except for financial liabilities designated at FVTPL, where the amount of change in fair value attributable to change in credit risk of the liability is recognised in other comprehensive income unless that would create or enlarge an accounting mismatch. In addition, HKFRS 9 retains the requirements in HKAS 39 for derecognition of financial assets and financial liabilities.

The Group has reviewed its financial assets and liabilities as at 31 December 2017 and is expecting the following impact from the adoption of the new standard on 1 January 2018:

The Group's unlisted equity investments that are currently classified as available-for-sale financial assets and measured at cost will satisfy the conditions for classification as at FVTOCI and will be reclassified to financial assets at FVTOCI.

The other financial assets held by the Group as at 31 December 2017 include:

- listed equity securities currently classified as available-for-sale financial assets and measured at fair value for which a FVTOCI election is available,
- debt component of convertible loan receivables currently measured at amortised cost which meet the conditions for classification at amortised cost under HKFRS 9, and
- derivative component of convertible loan receivables currently measured at FVTPL which will continue to be measured on the same basis under HKFRS 9.

Accordingly, the Group does not expect the adoption of HKFRS 9 to affect the classification and measurement of these financial assets. However, gains or losses realised on the sale of financial assets at FVTOCI will not be transferred to profit or loss. Instead, gains or losses will be reclassified from FVTOCI reserve to retained earnings. During the year ended 31 December 2017, HK$341,550 of gain was recognised in profit or loss in relation to the disposal of available-for-sale financial assets.

The adoption of HKFRS 9 has no impact on the Group's accounting for financial liabilities, as the adoption only affects the accounting for financial liabilities that are designated at FVTPL and the Group does not have any such financial liabilities. The derecognition rules have been transferred from HKAS 39 and have not been changed.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 December 2017

3. Adoption of HKFRSs *(Continued)*

(b) *New/revised HKFRSs that have been issued but are not yet effective (Continued)*

HKFRS 9 – Financial Instruments (Continued)

The directors of the Company considered that the replacement of incurred loss impairment model in HKAS 39 with the expected credit loss model required in HKFRS 9 may result in early and additional provision of credit losses on the Group's financial assets measured at amortised costs including the trade and other receivables. The credit losses will be recognised in profit or loss. The directors of the Company concluded that the impact is not significant under the assessment of probability-weighted estimate of credit losses over the expected life of the Group's financial assets measured at amortised cost, with reference to the historical credit loss experience of trade and other receivables and the estimates of future economic conditions.

The new standard also introduces expanded disclosure requirements and changes in presentation. These are expected to change the nature and extent of the Group's disclosures about its financial instruments particularly in the year of the adoption of the new standard.

HKFRS 15 – Revenue from Contracts with customers

The new standard establishes a single revenue recognition framework. The core principle of the framework is that an entity should recognise revenue to depict the transfer of promised goods or services to customers in an amount that reflects the consideration to which the entity expects to be entitled in exchange for those goods and services. HKFRS 15 supersedes existing revenue recognition guidance including HKAS 18 Revenue, HKAS 11 Construction Contracts and related interpretations.

HKFRS 15 requires the application of a 5-step approach to revenue recognition:

- Step 1: Identify the contract(s) with a customer
- Step 2: Identify the performance obligations in the contract
- Step 3: Determine the transaction price
- Step 4: Allocate the transaction price to each performance obligation
- Step 5: Recognise revenue when each performance obligation is satisfied

HKFRS 15 includes specific guidance on particular revenue related topics that may change the current approach taken under HKFRSs. The standard also significantly enhances the qualitative and quantitative disclosures related to revenue.

3. Adoption of HKFRSs *(Continued)*

(b) *New/revised HKFRSs that have been issued but are not yet effective (Continued)*

HKFRS 15 – Revenue from Contracts with customers (Continued)

The directors of the Company are in the process of assessing the potential impact on the financial statements resulting from the adoption of HKFRS 15. They anticipate that the application of HKFRS 15 in the future may result in more disclosures but will not have a material impact on the timing and amounts of revenue recognised for contracts from (i) manufacture and sale of bio-pharmaceutical products; and (ii) provision of marketing services in PRC in the respective reporting periods.

While the Group continues to assess the potential impact of the new revenue standard, the directors of the Company do not anticipate the adoption of HKFRS 15 would significantly affect the timing of the revenue recognition upon its initial adoption because the directors are of the view that the Group's inputs are expected to be proportionate, in material aspect, to the progress in satisfying the performance obligation in rendering the services with reference to the Group's typical contracts.

Based on the current assessment of the Group, the initial adoption of HKFRS 15 would not have a significant impact on the Group's financial performance and position.

Amendments to HKFRS 15 – Revenue from Contracts with Customers (Clarifications to HKFRS 15)

The amendments to HKFRS 15 included clarifications on identification of performance obligations; application of principal versus agent; licenses of intellectual property; and transition requirements.

HKFRS 16 – Leases

HKFRS 16, which upon the effective date will supersede HKAS 17 Leases and related interpretations, introduces a single lessee accounting model and requires a lessee to recognise assets and liabilities for all leases with a term of more than 12 months, unless the underlying asset is of low value. Specifically, under HKFRS 16, a lessee is required to recognise a right-of-use asset representing its right to use the underlying leased asset and a lease liability representing its obligation to make lease payments. Accordingly, a lessee should recognise depreciation of the right-of-use asset and interest on the lease liability, and also classifies cash repayments of the lease liability into a principal portion and an interest portion and presents them in the statement of cash flows. Also, the right-of-use asset and the lease liability are initially measured on a present value basis. The measurement includes non-cancellable lease payments and also includes payments to be made in optional periods if the lessee is reasonably certain to exercise an option to extend the lease, or to exercise an option to terminate the lease. This accounting treatment is significantly different from the lessee accounting for leases that are classified as operating leases under the predecessor standard, HKAS 17.

In respect of the lessor accounting, HKFRS 16 substantially carries forward the lessor accounting requirements in HKAS 17. Accordingly, a lessor continues to classify its leases as operating leases or finance leases, and to account for those two types of leases differently.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 December 2017

3. Adoption of HKFRSs *(Continued)*

(b) New/revised HKFRSs that have been issued but are not yet effective (Continued)

HKFRS 16 – Leases (Continued)

Application of HKFRS 16 will result in the Group's recognition of right-of-use assets and corresponding liabilities in respect of its operating lease arrangements. These assets and liabilities are currently not required to be recognised but certain relevant information is disclosed in note 35 below.

As set out in note 35 below, the total future minimum lease payments under non-cancellable operating leases of the Group in respect of properties as at 31 December 2017 amounted to HK$161,300. The directors of the Company do not expect the adoption of HKFRS 16 as compared with the current accounting policy would result in significant impact on the Group's financial performance but it is expected that the Group has to separately recognise the interest expense on the lease liabilities and the depreciation expense on the right-of-use assets, and that certain portion of the future minimum lease payments under the Group's operating leases will be required to be recognised in the Group's consolidated statement of financial position as right-of-use assets and lease liabilities. The Group will also be required to remeasure the lease liabilities upon the occurrence of certain events (e.g. a change in the lease term) and recognise the amount of the remeasurement of the lease liabilities as an adjustment to the right-of-use assets. In addition, payments for the principal portion of the lease liabilities will be presented within financing activities in the Group's consolidated statement of cash flows.

Based on the current assessment of the Group, the initial adoption of HKFRS 16 would not have a significant impact on the Group's financial performance and position.

Amendments to HKFRS 10 and HKAS 28 – Sale or Contribution of Assets between an Investor and its Associate or Joint Venture

The amendments clarify the extent of gains or losses to be recognised when an entity sells or contributes assets to its associate or joint venture. When the transaction involves a business the gain or loss is recognised in full, conversely when the transaction involves assets that do not constitute a business the gain or loss is recognised only to the extent of the unrelated investors' interests in the joint venture or associate.

The Group has already commenced an assessment of the impact of adopting the above standards and amendments to existing standards to the Group. Except for those disclosed above, the Group has so far concluded that the application of these new pronouncements will have no material impact on the Group's financial statements.

4. Significant Accounting Policies

(a) Basis of consolidation

The consolidated financial statements comprise the financial statements of the Company and its subsidiaries. Inter-company transactions and balances between group companies together with unrealised profits are eliminated in full in preparing the consolidated financial statements. Unrealised losses are also eliminated unless the transaction provides evidence of impairment on the asset transferred, in which case the loss is recognised in profit or loss.

(b) Subsidiaries

A subsidiary is an investee over which the Company is able to exercise control. The Company controls an investee if all three of the following elements are present: power over the investee, exposure, or rights, to variable returns from the investee, and the ability to use its power to affect those variable returns. Control is reassessed whenever facts and circumstances indicate that there may be a change in any of these elements of control.

In the Company's statement of financial position, investments in subsidiaries are stated at cost less impairment loss, if any. The results of subsidiaries are accounted for by the Company on the basis of dividend received and receivable.

(c) Associates

An associate is an entity over which the Group has significant influence and that is neither a subsidiary nor a joint arrangement. Significant influence is the power to participate in the financial and operating policy decisions of the investee but not control or joint control over those policies.

Associates are accounted for using the equity method whereby they are initially recognised at cost and thereafter, their carrying amounts are adjusted for the Group's share of the post-acquisition change in the associates' net assets except that losses in excess of the Group's interest in the associate are not recognised unless there is an obligation to make good those losses.

Profits and losses arising on transactions between the Group and its associates are recognised only to the extent of unrelated investors' interests in the associate. The investor's share in the associate's profits and losses resulting from these transactions is eliminated against the carrying value of the associate. Where unrealised losses provide evidence of impairment of the asset transferred they are recognised immediately in profit or loss.

Any premium paid for an associate above the fair value of the Group's share of the identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities acquired is capitalised and included in the carrying amount of the associate. Where there is objective evidence that the investment in an associate has been impaired, the carrying amount of the investment is tested for impairment in the same way as other non-financial assets.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 December 2017

4. Significant Accounting Policies *(Continued)*

(d) Goodwill

Goodwill is initially recognised at cost being the excess of the aggregate of the consideration transferred, the amount recognised for non-controlling interests in the acquiree and the acquisition-date fair value of the acquirer's previously held equity interest in the acquiree over the fair value of identifiable assets and liabilities acquired.

Where the fair value of identifiable assets and liabilities exceed the aggregate of the fair value of consideration paid, the amount of any non-controlling interest in the acquiree and the acquisition-date fair value of the acquirer's previously held equity interest in the acquiree the excess is recognised in profit or loss on the acquisition date, after re-assessment.

Goodwill is measured at cost less impairment losses. For the purpose of impairment testing, goodwill arising from an acquisition is allocated to each of the relevant cash-generating units that are expected to benefit from the synergies of the acquisition. A cash-generating unit is the smallest identifiable group of assests that generate cash inflows that are largely independent of the cash inflows from other assets or groups of assets. A cash-generating unit to which goodwill has been allocated is tested for impairment annually, and whenever there is an indication that the unit may be impaired.

For goodwill arising on an acquisition in a financial year, the cash-generating unit to which goodwill has been allocated is tested for impairment before the end of that financial year. When the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit is less than the carrying amount of the unit, the impairment loss is allocated to reduce the carrying amount of any goodwill allocated to the unit first, and then to the other assets of the unit pro-rata on the basis of the carrying amount to each asset in the unit. However, the loss allocated to each asset will not reduce the individual asset's carrying amount below its fair value less cost of disposal (if measurable) or its value in use (if determinable), whichever is the higher. Any impairment loss for goodwill is recognised in profit or loss and is not reversed in subsequent periods.

(e) Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses.

The cost of property, plant and equipment includes its purchase price and the costs directly attributable to the acquisition of the items.

Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognised as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Group and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. The carrying amount of the replaced part is derecognised. All other repairs and maintenance are recognised as an expense in profit or loss during the financial period in which they are incurred.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 December 2017

4. Significant Accounting Policies *(Continued)*

(e) Property, plant and equipment (Continued)

Property, plant and equipment, other than construction in progress, are depreciated so as to write off their cost net of expected residual value over their estimated useful lives on a straight-line basis. The useful lives, residual value and depreciation method are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at the end of each reporting period. The annual rates are as follows:

Buildings and leasehold improvements	2% – 18% or the remaining lease period whichever is shorter
Plant and machinery	9% – 18%
Furniture, fixtures and equipment	18% – 20%
Motor vehicles	18%

An asset is written down immediately to its recoverable amount if its carrying amount is higher than the asset's estimated recoverable amount.

The gain or loss on disposal of an item of property, plant and equipment is the difference between the net sale proceeds and its carrying amount, and is recognised in profit or loss on disposal.

(f) Land use rights

Land use rights represent payments for leasehold land held for own use under operating leases. The Group made up-front payments to obtain land use rights as operating leases on which properties are developed. These payments are stated at cost and are amortised over the period of the lease on a straight-line basis as expense.

(g) Leasing

Leases are classified as finance leases whenever the terms of the lease transfer substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership to lessee. All other leases are classified as operating leases.

The total rental payable under the operating leases are recognised in profit or loss (other than goodwill) on a straight-line basis over the period of the lease. Lease incentives received are recognised as an integrated part of the total rental expense, over the term of the lease.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 December 2017

4. Significant Accounting Policies *(Continued)*

(h) Intangible assets

(i) Acquired intangible assets

Intangible assets acquired separately are initially recognised at cost. Subsequently, intangible assets with finite useful lives are carried at cost less accumulated amortisation and accumulated impairment losses.

Amortisation is provided on unit-of-production method or straight-line basis over their useful lives, where appropriate. The amortisation expense is recognised in profit or loss.

Distribution rights amortised under straight-line method	5-16 years

(ii) Research and development expenditure

Expenditure on internally developed products is capitalised if it can be demonstrated that:

1. it is technically feasible to develop the product for it to be sold;
2. adequate resources are available to complete the development;
3. there is an intention to complete and sell the product;
4. the Group is able to sell the product;
5. sale of the product will generate future economic benefits; and
6. expenditure on the project can be measured reliably.

Capitalised development costs are amortised over the periods the Group expects to benefit from selling the products developed. The amortisation expense is recognised in profit or loss.

Development expenditure not satisfying the above criteria and expenditure on the research phase of internal projects are recognised in profit or loss as incurred.

(iii) Impairment

Intangible assets with finite lives are tested for impairment when there is an indication that an asset may be impaired.

4. Significant Accounting Policies *(Continued)*

(i) Financial instruments

(i) Financial assets

The Group classifies its financial assets at initial recognition, depending on the purpose for which the asset was acquired. Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are initially measured at fair value and all other financial assets are initially measured at fair value plus transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition of the financial assets.

Loans and receivables

These assets are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market. They arise principally through the provision of goods and services to customers (trade debtors), and also incorporate other types of contractual monetary asset. Subsequent to initial recognition, they are carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less any identified impairment losses.

Convertible loan receivables

The Group assesses whether a contract contains an embedded derivative when the Group first becomes a party to it and assesses whether an embedded derivative is required to be separated from the host contract. Where the Group needs to separate an embedded derivative from the host contract but is unable to measure the embedded derivative separately, the combined instruments are designated as at fair value through profit or loss. Derivative component is initially recognised at fair value and is classified separately into respective items on initial recognition. The derivative component is subsequently remeasured at fair value at the end of the reporting period with resulting gain or loss recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they arise. The Group may conclude, however, that the equity component of the combined instrument may be sufficiently significant to preclude it from obtaining a reliable estimate of the entire instrument because the embedded derivative will be settled by an unquoted equity instrument whose fair value cannot be reliably measured. In that case, the combined instrument is measured at cost less any accumulated impairment losses.

Available-for-sale financial assets

These assets are non-derivative financial assets that are designated as available-for-sale or are not included in other categories of financial assets. Subsequent to initial recognition, these assets are carried at fair value with changes in fair value recognised in other comprehensive income, except for impairment losses and foreign exchange gains and losses on monetary instruments, which are recognised in profit or loss.

For available-for-sale equity investments that do not have a quoted market price in an active market and whose fair value cannot be reliably measured and derivatives that are linked to and must be settled by delivery of such unquoted equity instruments, they are measured at cost less any accumulated impairment losses.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 December 2017

4. Significant Accounting Policies *(Continued)*

(i) Financial instruments (Continued)

(ii) Impairment on financial assets

The Group assesses, at the end of each reporting period, whether there is any objective evidence that financial asset is impaired. Financial asset is impaired if there is objective evidence of impairment as a result of one or more events that has occurred after the initial recognition of the asset and that event has an impact on the estimated future cash flows of the financial asset that can be reliably estimated. Evidence of impairment may include:

– significant financial difficulty of the debtor;

– a breach of contract, such as a default or delinquency in interest or principal payments;

– granting concession to a debtor because of debtors' financial difficulty; or

– it becoming probable that the debtor will enter bankruptcy or other financial reorganisation.

For loans and receivables and debt component of convertible loan receivables

An impairment loss is recognised in profit or loss when there is objective evidence that the asset is impaired, and is measured as the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of the estimated future cash flows discounted at the original effective interest rate. The carrying amount of financial asset is reduced through the use of an allowance account. When any part of financial asset is determined as uncollectible, it is written off against the allowance account for the relevant financial asset.

Impairment losses are reversed in subsequent periods when an increase in the asset's recoverable amount can be related objectively to an event occurring after the impairment was recognised, subject to a restriction that the carrying amount of the asset at the date the impairment is reversed does not exceed what the amortised cost would have been had the impairment not been recognised.

For available-for-sale financial assets

For available-for-sale equity investment that is carried at fair value, where a decline in the fair value constitutes objective evidence of impairment, the amount of the loss is removed from equity and recognised in profit or loss.

Any impairment losses on available-for-sale debt investments are subsequently reversed in profit or loss if an increase in the fair value of the investment can be objectively related to an event occurring after the recognition of the impairment loss.

For available-for-sale equity investment, any increase in fair value subsequent to an impairment loss is recognised in other comprehensive income.

For available-for-sale equity investment that is carried at cost, the amount of impairment loss is measured as the difference between the carrying amount of the asset and the present value of estimated future cash flows discounted at the current market rate of return for a similar financial asset. Such impairment loss is not reversed.

4. Significant Accounting Policies *(Continued)*

(i) Financial instruments (Continued)

(iii) Financial liabilities

The Group classifies its financial liabilities, depending on the purpose for which the liabilities were incurred. Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss are initially measured at fair value and financial liabilities at amortised costs are initially measured at fair value, net of directly attributable costs incurred. All of the Group's financial liabilities are financial liabilities at amortised cost.

Financial liabilities at amortised cost including trade and other payables, and bank borrowings are subsequently measured at amortised cost, using the effective interest method. The related interest expense is recognised in profit or loss.

Gains or losses are recognised in profit or loss when the liabilities are derecognised as well as through the amortisation process.

(iv) Convertible loan payable

Convertible loan payable issued by the Group that contain both the liability and conversion option components are classified separately into their respective items on initial recognition. Conversion option that will be settled by the exchange of a fixed amount of cash or another financial asset for a fixed number of the Company's own equity instruments is classified as an equity instrument.

On initial recognition, the fair value of the liability component is determined using the prevailing market interest of similar non-convertible debts. The difference between the proceeds of the issue of the convertible loan and the fair value assigned to the liability component, representing the conversion option for the holder to convert the loan into equity, is included in equity (conversion component of convertible loan payable).

In subsequent periods, the liability component of the convertible loan payable is carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method. The equity component, represented by the option to convert the liability component into ordinary shares of the Company, will remain in conversion component of convertible loan payable until the embedded option is exercised (in which case the balance stated in conversion component of convertible loan payable will be transferred to share capital and share premium. Where the option remains unexercised at the expiry dates, the balance stated in conversion component of convertible loan payable will be released to the retained earnings. No gain or loss is recognised upon conversion or expiration of the option.

(v) Effective interest method

The effective interest method is a method of calculating the amortised cost of a financial asset or financial liability and of allocating interest income or interest expense over the relevant period. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts or payments through the expected life of the financial asset or liability, or where appropriate, a shorter period.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 December 2017

4. Significant Accounting Policies *(Continued)*

(i) Financial instruments (Continued)

(vi) Equity instruments

Equity instruments issued by the Company are recorded at the proceeds received, net of direct issue costs.

(vii) Derecognition

The Group derecognises a financial asset when the contractual rights to the future cash flows in relation to the financial asset expire or when the financial asset has been transferred and the transfer meets the criteria for depreciation in accordance with HKAS 39.

Financial liabilities are derecognised when the obligation specified in the relevant contract is discharged, cancelled or expires.

(j) Inventories

Inventories are initially recognised at cost, and subsequently at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost is calculated using the weighted average method. Net realisable value represents the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business less the estimated costs of completion and the estimated costs necessary to make the sale.

(k) Revenue recognition

Revenue from sales of goods is recognised on transfer of risks and rewards of ownership, which is at the time of delivery and the title is passed to customer.

Service fee income is recognised when the services are provided.

Interest income is accrued on a time-apportioned basis taking into account the principal outstanding and effective interest rate applicable.

(l) Income taxes

Income taxes for the year comprise current tax and deferred tax.

Current tax is based on the profit or loss from ordinary activities adjusted for items that are non-assessable or disallowable for income tax purposes and is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the end of the reporting period.

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities for financial reporting purposes and the corresponding amounts used for tax purposes. Except for goodwill and recognised assets and liabilities that affect neither accounting nor taxable profits, deferred tax liabilities are recognised for all temporary differences. Deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which deductible temporary differences can be utilised. Deferred tax is measured at the tax rates expected to apply in the period when the liability is settled or the asset is realised based on tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the end of the reporting period.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 December 2017

4. Significant Accounting Policies *(Continued)*

(l) Income taxes (Continued)

Deferred tax liabilities are recognised for taxable temporary differences arising on investments in subsidiaries except where the Group is able to control the reversal of the temporary difference and it is probable that the temporary difference will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

Income taxes are recognised in profit or loss except when they relate to items recognised in other comprehensive income in which case the taxes are also recognised in other comprehensive income.

(m) Foreign currency

Transactions entered into by the group entities in currencies other than the currency of the primary economic environment in which they operate (the functional currency) are recorded at the rates ruling when the transactions occur. Foreign currency monetary assets and liabilities are translated at the rates ruling at the end of reporting period. Non-monetary items carried at fair value that are denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rates prevailing on the date when the fair value was determined. Non-monetary items that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are not retranslated.

Exchange differences arising on the settlement of monetary items, and on the translation of monetary items, are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they arise. Exchange differences arising on the retranslation of non-monetary items carried at fair value are included in profit or loss for the period except for differences arising on the retranslation of non-monetary items in respect of which gains and losses are recognised in other comprehensive income, in which case, the exchange differences are also recognised in other comprehensive income.

On consolidation, income and expense items of foreign operations are translated into the presentation currency of the Group (i.e. HK$) at the average exchange rates for the year, unless exchange rates fluctuate significantly during the period, in which case, the rates approximating to those ruling when the transactions took place are used. All assets and liabilities of foreign operations are translated at the rate ruling at the end of reporting period. Exchange differences arising, if any, are recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity as foreign currency translation reserve. Exchange differences recognised in profit or loss of group entities' separate financial statements on the translation of long-term monetary items forming part of the Group's net investment in the foreign operations concerned are reclassified to other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity as foreign currency translation reserve.

On disposal of a foreign operation, the cumulative exchange differences recognised in the foreign currency translation reserve relating to that operation up to the date of disposal are reclassified to profit or loss as part of the profit or loss on disposal.

Goodwill and fair value adjustments on identifiable assets acquired arising on an acquisition of a foreign operation on or after 1 January 2005 are treated as assets and liabilities of that foreign operation and translated at the rate of exchange prevailing at the end of reporting period. Exchange differences arising are recognised in the foreign currency translation reserve.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 December 2017

4. Significant Accounting Policies *(Continued)*

(n) Employee benefits

Short term employee benefits

Short term employee benefits are employee benefits (other than termination benefits) that are expected to be settled wholly before twelve months after the end of the annual reporting period in which the employees render the related service. Short term employee benefits are recognised in the year when the employees render the related service.

Defined contribution retirement plan

Contributions to defined contribution retirement plans are recognised as an expense in profit or loss when the services are rendered by the employees.

Termination benefits

Termination benefits are recognised on the earlier of when the Group can no longer withdraw the offer of those benefits and when the Group recognises restructuring costs involving the payment of termination benefits.

(o) Impairment of other assets (other than financial assets)

At the end of each reporting period, the Group reviews the carrying amounts of the following other assets to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have suffered an impairment loss or an impairment loss previously recognised no longer exists or may have decreased.

If the recoverable amount (i.e. the higher of the fair value less costs of disposal and value in use) of an asset is estimated to be less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of the asset is reduced to its recoverable amount. An impairment loss is recognised in profit or loss immediately.

Where an impairment loss subsequently reverses, the carrying amount of the asset is increased to the revised estimate of its recoverable amount to the extent that the increased carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset in prior years. A reversal of an impairment loss is recognised in profit or loss immediately.

Value in use is based on the estimated future cash flows expected to be derived from the asset or cash-generating unit, discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset or cash-generating unit.

4. Significant Accounting Policies *(Continued)*

(p) Share-based payment

Where share options are awarded to employees and others providing similar services, the fair value of the options at the date of grant is recognised in profit or loss over the vesting period with a corresponding increase in the share option reserve within equity. Non-market vesting conditions are taken into account by adjusting the number of equity instruments expected to vest at the end of each reporting period so that, ultimately, the cumulative amount recognised over the vesting period is based on the number of options that eventually vest. Market vesting conditions are factored into the fair value of the options granted. As long as all other vesting conditions are satisfied, a charge is made irrespective of whether the market vesting conditions are satisfied. The cumulative expense is not adjusted for failure to achieve a market vesting condition.

Where the terms and conditions of options are modified before they vest, the increase in the fair value of the options, measured immediately before and after the modification, is also recognised in profit or loss over the remaining vesting period.

Where equity instruments are granted to persons other than employees and others providing similar services, the fair value of goods or services received is recognised in profit or loss unless the goods or services qualify for recognition as assets. A corresponding increase in equity is recognised.

(q) Provisions and contingent liabilities

Provisions are recognised for liabilities of uncertain timing or amount when the Group has a legal or constructive obligation arising as a result of a past event, which will probably result in an outflow of economic benefits that can be reasonably estimated.

Where it is not probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required, or the amount cannot be estimated reliably, the obligation is disclosed as a contingent liability, unless the probability of outflow of economic benefits is remote. Possible obligations, the existence of which will only be confirmed by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more future events, are also disclosed as contingent liabilities unless the probability of outflow of economic benefits is remote.

(r) Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and deposits held at call with banks, and other short-term highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less that are readily convertible to a known amount of cash and are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 December 2017

4. Significant Accounting Policies *(Continued)*

(s) Related parties

(i) A person or a close member of that person's family is related to the Group if that person:

(1) has control or joint control over the Group;

(2) has significant influence over the Group; or

(3) is a member of key management personnel of the Group or the Company's parent.

(ii) An entity is related to the Group if any of the following conditions apply:

(1) The entity and the Group are members of the same group (which means that each parent, subsidiary and fellow subsidiary is related to the others).

(2) One entity is an associate or joint venture of the other entity (or an associate or joint venture of a member of a group of which the other entity is a member).

(3) Both entities are joint ventures of the same third party.

(4) One entity is a joint venture of a third entity and the other entity is an associate of the third entity.

(5) The entity is a post-employment benefit plan for the benefit of the employees of the Group or an entity related to the Group.

(6) The entity is controlled or jointly controlled by a person identified in (i).

(7) A person identified in (i)(1) has significant influence over the entity or is a member of key management personnel of the entity (or of a parent of the entity).

(8) The entity, or any member of a group of which it is a part, provides key management personnel services to the Group or to the Group's parent.

4. Significant Accounting Policies *(Continued)*

(s) Related parties (Continued)

Close members of the family of a person are those family members who may be expected to influence, or be influenced by, that person in their dealings with the entity and include:

(i) that person's children and spouse or domestic partner;

(ii) children of that person's spouse or domestic partner; and

(iii) dependents of that person or that person's spouse or domestic partner.

(t) Capitalisation of borrowing costs

Borrowing costs attributable directly to the acquisition, construction or production of qualifying assets which require a substantial period of time to be ready for their intended use or sale, are capitalised as part of the cost of those assets. Income earned on temporary investments of specific borrowings pending their expenditure on those assets is deducted from borrowing costs capitalised. All other borrowing costs are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they are incurred.

(u) Government grants

Government grants are recognised when there is reasonable assurance that they will be received and that the Group will comply with the conditions attaching to them. Grants that compensate the Group for expenses incurred are recognised as revenue in profit or loss on a systematic basis in the same periods in which the expenses are incurred. Grants that compensate the Group for the cost of an asset are deducted from the carrying amount of the asset and consequently are effectively recognised in profit or loss over the useful life of the asset by way of reduced depreciation expense.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 December 2017

5. Critical Accounting Judgements and Key Sources of Estimation Uncertainty

In the application of the Group's accounting policies, the directors are required to make judgements, estimates and assumptions about the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered to be relevant. Actual results differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised if the revision affects only that period, or in the period of the revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods.

In addition to information disclosed elsewhere in these consolidated financial statements, other key sources of estimation uncertainty that have a significant risk of resulting in a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year is as follows:

(a) Research and development costs

In accordance with the accounting policy set out in note 4, costs associated with research activities are expensed in profit or loss as they are incurred, while costs that are directly attributable to development activities are recognised as other intangible assets provided they meet all the requirements. This requires the management to make judgements to distinguish the research phase and development phase of the projects being undertaken. Research is original and planned investigation undertaken with the prospect of gaining new scientific or technical knowledge and understanding. Development is the application of research, findings or other knowledge to a plan or design for the production of new or substantially improved materials devices, products, processes, systems or services before the start of commercial production or use. Determining the amounts to be expensed in profit or loss or to be capitalised required management to make judgement, and assumptions regarding the expected progress and outcome of the research and development activities, the future expected cash generation of the assets, discount rates to be applied, and also the expected period of, probable future economic benefits.

5. Critical Accounting Judgements and Key Sources of Estimation Uncertainty *(Continued)*

(b) Impairment of trade and other receivables and convertible loan receivables

Provision for impairment of receivables is made based on assessment of the recoverability of receivables. The identification of doubtful debts requires management judgement and estimates. Where the actual outcome or expectation in future is different from the original estimate, such differences will impact the carrying amount of receivables and doubtful debt expenses in the period in which the estimate has been changed.

(c) Impairment of available-for-sale financial assets

Management reviews the recoverability of the Group's available-for-sale financial assets with reference to current market environment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amounts of the assets exceed their corresponding recoverable amounts. Appropriate impairment for estimated irrecoverable amounts are recognised in profit or loss when there is objective evidence that the asset is impaired.

In determining whether impairment on available-for-sale financial assets is required, the Group takes into consideration the current market environment and the estimates of future cash flows which the Group expects to receive. Impairment is recognised based on the present value of estimated future cash flows. If the market environment and circumstances change significantly, resulting in a decrease in the recoverable amount of these available-for-sale financial assets, additional impairment loss may be required.

(d) Net realisable value of inventories

Net realisable value of inventories is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less estimated costs of completion and selling expenses. These estimates are based on the current market condition and the historical experience of manufacturing and selling products of similar nature. It could change significantly as a result of competitors' actions in response to severe industry cycles. Management reassesses the estimations at the end of each reporting period.

(e) Impairment of non-financial assets (other than goodwill)

The Group assesses whether there are any indicators of impairment for all non-financial assets at the end of each reporting period. Other non-financial assets are tested for impairment when there are indicators that the carrying amounts may not be recoverable. An impairment exists when the carrying amount of an asset or a cash-generating unit exceeds its recoverable amount, which is the higher of its fair value less costs of disposal and its value in use. The calculation of the fair value less costs of disposal is based on available data from binding sales transactions in an arm's length transaction of similar assets or observable market prices less incremental costs for disposing of the asset. When value-in-use calculations are undertaken, management must estimate the expected future cash flows from the asset or cash-generating unit and choose a suitable discount rate in order to calculate the present value of those cash flows.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 December 2017

5. Critical Accounting Judgements and Key Sources of Estimation Uncertainty *(Continued)*

(f) Valuation of share options granted

The fair value of share options granted was calculated using Binominal option pricing model valuation model based on the Group management's significant inputs into calculation including an estimated life of share options granted to be five years, based on exercise restrictions and behavioural consideration, the volatility of share price, weighted average share prices and exercise price of the share options granted.

(g) Income taxes

The Group is subject to income taxes in Hong Kong and the PRC. The Group carefully evaluates tax implications of transactions in accordance with prevailing tax regulations and makes tax provision accordingly. However, judgement is required in determining the Group's provision for income taxes as there are many transactions and calculations of which the ultimate tax determination is uncertain during the ordinary course of business. Where the final tax outcome of these matters is different from the amounts that were initially recorded, such differences will impact the income tax and deferred tax provisions in the period in which such determination is made.

(h) Fair value measurement

The derivative component of convertible loan receivables and certain available-for-sale financial assets included in the consolidated financial statements require measurement at, and disclosure of, fair value.

The fair value measurement utilises market observable inputs and data as far as possible. Inputs used in determining fair value measurements are categorised into different levels based on how observable the inputs used in the valuation technique utilised are (the 'fair value hierarchy'):

- Level 1: Quoted prices in active markets for identical items (unadjusted);
- Level 2: Observable direct or indirect inputs other than Level 1 inputs;
- Level 3: Unobservable inputs (i.e. not derived from market data).

The classification of an item into the above levels is based on the lowest level of the inputs used that has a significant effect on the fair value measurement of the item. Transfers of items between levels are recognised in the period they occur.

For more detailed information in relation to the fair value measurement, please refer to notes 21 and 22.

6. Segment Reporting

The Group manages its businesses by business lines. In a manner consistent with the way in which information is reported internally to the chief operating decision-maker for the purposes of resource allocation and performance assessment, the Group has presented the following two reportable segments:

– Pharmaceutical products: Manufacture and sale of pharmaceutical products

– Provision of marketing services

(a) Reportable segments

The chief operating decision-maker monitors the results of its business units separately for the purpose of making decision about resources allocation and performance assessment. The chief operating decision-maker has been identified as the Company's executive directors. Segment performance is evaluated based on the results from the reportable segments as explained in the table below.

For the year ended 31 December 2017

	Pharmaceutical products HK$	**Provision of marketing services HK$**	**Total HK$**
Reportable segment revenue			
– Revenue from external customers	**875,200,942**	**24,388,787**	**899,589,729**
Reportable segment profit	**192,554,418**	**21,819,464**	**214,373,882**

For the year ended 31 December 2016

	Pharmaceutical products HK$	Provision of marketing services HK$	Total HK$
Reportable segment revenue			
– Revenue from external customers	727,817,762	47,845,236	775,662,998
Reportable segment profit	159,474,528	26,296,905	185,771,433

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For the year ended 31 December 2017

6. Segment Reporting *(Continued)*

(a) Reportable segments (Continued)

The totals presented for the Group's operating segments reconciled to the Group's key financial figures as presented in the consolidated financial statements as follows:

	2017 **HK$**	2016 HK$
Reportable segment profit	**214,373,882**	185,771,433
Unallocated corporate income and expenses, net	**(6,179,885)**	(12,574,808)
Equity-settled share-based payments	**(1,648,282)**	(1,272,561)
Finance costs	**(9,499,843)**	(9,686,016)
Profit before income tax	**197,045,872**	162,238,048

Major corporate expenses comprised mainly the staff costs including directors' emoluments.

Analysis of segment assets and liabilities has not been presented as the Group's provision of marketing services segment is with low utilisation of physical assets and the measure of segment assets are not regularly provided to the Company's executive directors.

(b) Geographical information

For the years ended 31 December 2017 and 2016, the Group's revenue from external customers is derived solely from its operations in the PRC (place of domicile), where all of the Group's non-current assets (other than available-for-sale financial assets and pledged bank deposit) are located in the PRC.

The geographical location of external customers is based on the location at which the goods are delivered and services rendered. Geographical location of non-current assets is based on the physical locations of the respective assets. For goodwill and other intangible assets, geographical location is based on the area of the group entities' operations.

(c) Information about major customers

For the year ended 31 December 2017, revenue of HK$226,950,494 and HK$91,842,987 (2016: HK$183,421,572) was derived from sales by the pharmaceutical products segment to two (2016: one) customers, which individually accounted over 10% of the Group's total revenue.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 December 2017

7. Turnover

Turnover represents the sales value of goods supplied to customers and service income (net of sales tax, value-added tax, commercial discounts and sales returns), further details of which are set out in note 6.

8. Other Revenue, and Other Gains and Losses

	2017 **HK$**	2016 HK$
Gain on disposal of trading securities	**–**	3,772,836
Fair value gain on available-for-sale financial assets (transfer from equity on disposal)	**341,550**	–
Licensing income	**10,879,801**	–
Interest income from convertible loan receivables	**3,622,668**	3,230,461
Government grants (Note)	**6,797,842**	949,519
Interest income from bank deposits	**2,993,822**	218,327
Sundry income	**31,975**	78,932
Change in fair value of derivative component of convertible loan receivables	**(20,521)**	(854,574)
	24,647,137	7,395,501

Note:

These government grants were received for the purpose of supporting the development of new pharmaceutical products, and there were no conditions to be fulfilled or contingencies relating to these grants.

9. Finance Costs

	2017 **HK$**	2016 HK$
Interest expense on bank borrowings	**874,985**	3,676,792
Imputed interest expense on convertible loan payable	**10,302,723**	6,009,224
Less: Amount capitalised	**(1,677,865)**	–
	9,499,843	9,686,016

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For the year ended 31 December 2017

10. Profit Before Income Tax

This is arrived at after charging/(crediting):

	2017 HK$	2016 HK$
Amortisation of land use rights	**155,217**	157,274
Amortisation of other intangible assets	**4,935,220**	1,834,615
Auditor's remuneration	**1,018,700**	912,000
Cost of inventories	**157,937,369**	133,634,058
Cost of services	**2,569,322**	19,002,253
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment	**12,835,851**	10,934,795
Employee costs excluding directors' emoluments:		
Salaries and other benefits	**99,407,791**	75,926,401
Pension fund contributions	**7,057,484**	4,327,933
Equity-settled share-based payments to the employees (Note)	**1,548,282**	572,047
Equity-settled share-based payments to the consultant of the Group (Note)	**100,000**	500,000
Exchange (gains)/losses, net	**(7,651,606)**	1,233,468
Write-off of inventories	**1,481,068**	2,685,773
Loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment	**26,710**	36,487
Research and development costs recognised as expenses	**6,431,465**	5,652,020

Note:

During the year ended 31 December 2017, equity-settled share-based payments recognised as administrative expenses in relation to share options granted by the Company to a consultant and employees were HK$100,000 (2016: HK$500,000) and HK$1,548,282 (2016: HK$572,047) respectively.

During the year ended 31 December 2016, equity-settled share-based payments recognised as administrative expenses in relation to share options granted by the Company to directors were HK$200,514.

Details of transactions are set out in note 34.

11. Directors' Emoluments

	Executive Directors			Independent Non-executive Directors			
	Fang Haizhou HK$ (Note (a))	Zhong Sheng HK$	Ngiam Mia Je Patrick HK$	Fung Chi Ying HK$	Mauffrey Benoit Jean Marie HK$	Yeow Mee Mooi HK$	Total HK$
For the year ended 31 December 2017:							
Fee	**–**	**–**	**–**	**200,000**	**200,000**	**200,000**	**600,000**
Other emoluments:							
Salaries and other benefits	**720,787**	**648,708**	**864,944**	**–**	**–**	**–**	**2,234,439**
Pension fund contributions	**22,807**	**18,000**	**–**	**–**	**–**	**–**	**40,807**
Discretionary bonuses (Note (b))	**1,009,102**	**908,191**	**1,210,922**	**–**	**–**	**–**	**3,128,215**
Total emoluments	**1,752,696**	**1,574,899**	**2,075,866**	**200,000**	**200,000**	**200,000**	**6,003,461**
For the year ended 31 December 2016:							
Fee	–	–	–	185,000	173,750	173,750	532,500
Other emoluments:							
Salaries and other benefits	657,303	591,576	788,761	–	–	–	2,037,640
Pension fund contributions	25,010	18,000	–	–	–	–	43,010
Discretionary bonuses (Note (b))	891,013	801,912	1,069,215	–	–	–	2,762,140
Equity–settled share-based payments (Note (c))	93,573	93,573	13,368	–	–	–	200,514
Total emoluments	1,666,899	1,505,061	1,871,344	185,000	173,750	173,750	5,575,804

Notes:

(a) Fang Haizhou is designated as the Managing Director of the Group.

(b) The performance related incentive payment is at the discretion of the directors depending on the financial performance of the Group.

For the years ended 31 December 2017 and 2016, no emoluments were paid by the Group to the directors as an inducement to join, or upon joining the Group, or as compensation for loss of office. There were no arrangements under which a director waived or agreed to waive any remuneration for the years ended 31 December 2017 and 2016.

(c) These amounts represent the estimated value of share options granted to the directors under the Company's share option scheme. Further details of the options granted are set out in note 34.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 December 2017

12. Five Highest Paid Individuals and Senior Management

Of the five individuals with the highest paid in the Group, three (2016: three) were directors of the Company whose emoluments are included in note 11 above. The emoluments of the remaining two (2016: two) individuals were as follows:

	2017 HK$	2016 HK$
Salaries and other benefits	**2,502,204**	2,545,050
Pension fund contribution	**18,000**	39,782
Equity-settled share-based payments	**673,166**	114,961
	3,193,370	2,699,793

Their emoluments were within the following bands:

	2017 Number of employees	2016 Number of employees
HK$500,001 to HK$1,000,000	**–**	1
HK$1,000,001 to HK$1,500,000	**1**	–
HK$1,500,001 to HK$2,000,000	**–**	1
HK$2,000,001 to HK$2,500,000	**1**	–

For the years ended 31 December 2017 and 2016, no emoluments were paid by the Group to the highest paid, non-director individuals as an inducement to join, or upon joining the Group, or as compensation for loss of office.

For the years ended 31 December 2017 and 2016, the emoluments were paid to one member of the senior management (other than the directors of the Company) which fell within the band of HK$500,001 to HK$1,000,000.

13. Retirement Benefits

The employees of the Group are members of a state-managed retirement benefits scheme operated by the PRC government, or in the case of the employees in Hong Kong, a defined contribution Mandatory Provident Fund retirement benefits scheme under the Mandatory Provident Fund Schemes Ordinance. The Group is required to contribute a certain percentage of its payroll to the retirement benefits schemes to fund the benefits. The only obligation of the Group with respect to the retirement benefits schemes is to make the required contributions under the schemes.

The Group's contribution to retirement benefits schemes for the year ended 31 December 2017 amounted to HK$7,098,291 (2016: HK$4,370,943).

14. Income Tax

Income tax in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income represents:

	2017 HK$	2016 HK$
Current tax – the PRC		
– Provision for the year	**26,873,488**	25,630,461
Deferred tax (Note 31)	**2,873,731**	323,206
	29,747,219	25,953,667

No provision for Hong Kong profits tax has been made as the Group has no assessable profit arising in Hong Kong.

The Group's major operating subsidiary in Zhuhai, the PRC, was established and carries on business in the Special Economic Zones of the PRC as a high technology enterprise. This subsidiary has obtained a 高新技術企業證書 (High Technology Enterprise Certificate) and is entitled to enjoy the enterprise income tax at the concessionary rate of 15% for the years ended 31 December 2017 and 2016.

Enterprise income tax rate of 25% is applied to the Group's other operating subsidiaries in the PRC.

Income tax for the year can be reconciled to the profit before income tax per the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income as follows:

	2017 HK$	2016 HK$
Profit before income tax	**197,045,872**	162,238,048
Tax calculated at Hong Kong profits tax rate of 16.5% (2016: 16.5%)	**32,512,569**	26,769,278
Effect of different tax rates of subsidiaries operating in other jurisdictions	**(2,467,520)**	(2,626,594)
Tax effect of expenses not deductible for tax purposes	**3,053,855**	2,736,639
Tax effect of revenue not taxable for tax purposes	**(2,081,744)**	(908,896)
Tax benefits	**(2,116,166)**	(1,586,465)
Tax losses not recognised	**2,436,215**	3,031,559
Withholding tax arising from distributable profits of a subsidiary in the PRC	**(236,449)**	(3,320,221)
Others	**(1,353,541)**	1,858,367
Income tax	**29,747,219**	25,953,667

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For the year ended 31 December 2017

15. Dividends

	2017 HK$	2016 HK$
Interim dividend – HK$0.025 per share	**14,055,525**	–
Proposed final dividend – HK$0.025 (2016: HK$0.032) per share	**14,087,325**	17,988,768
	28,142,850	17,988,768

The directors propose a final dividend of HK$0.025 (2016: HK$0.032) per ordinary share to be paid. The amount of proposed final dividend is based on the number of issued ordinary shares as at the end of the reporting period. This proposed dividend is not reflected as dividend payable as at the end of the reporting period but will be reflected as an appropriation of retained earnings for the year ending 31 December 2018.

16. Earnings Per Share

The calculation of the basic and diluted earnings per share attributable to the owners of the Company is based on the following data:

Earnings

	2017 HK$	2016 HK$
Profit attributable to owners of the Company for the purposes of calculating basic and diluted earnings per share	**167,298,653**	136,284,381

Number of shares

	2017	2016
Weighted average number of ordinary shares for the purposes of calculating basic earnings per share	**562,315,266**	560,113,557
Effect of dilutive potential ordinary shares:		
– share options issued by the Company	**7,615,298**	6,983,566
Weighted average number of ordinary shares for the purposes of calculating diluted earnings per share	**569,930,564**	567,097,123

The computation of diluted earnings per share for the years ended 31 December 2017 and 2016 does not assume the conversion of potential ordinary shares in relation to certain share options granted and the convertible loan payable as they have anti-dilutive effect.

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For the year ended 31 December 2017

17. Property, Plant and Equipment

	Buildings and leasehold improvements HK$	Plant and machinery HK$	Furniture, fixtures and equipment HK$	Motor vehicles HK$	Total HK$
Cost:					
At 1 January 2016	120,348,486	68,994,808	5,222,929	3,639,688	198,205,911
Additions	1,045,580	8,208,219	2,080,687	434,793	11,769,279
Disposal	–	(84,552)	–	–	(84,552)
Exchange adjustment	(7,780,276)	(4,792,056)	(381,795)	(253,071)	(13,207,198)
At 31 December 2016	113,613,790	72,326,419	6,921,821	3,821,410	196,683,440
Additions	1,531,941	3,475,180	3,045,043	–	8,052,164
Disposal	–	(183,728)	(36,371)	–	(220,099)
Exchange adjustment	8,628,627	5,589,335	591,294	288,081	15,097,337
At 31 December 2017	123,774,358	81,207,206	10,521,787	4,109,491	219,612,842
Accumulated depreciation:					
At 1 January 2016	4,754,334	13,782,466	2,506,989	2,826,287	23,870,076
Charge for the year	2,361,506	7,337,349	829,060	406,880	10,934,795
Disposal	–	(48,065)	–	–	(48,065)
Exchange adjustment	(409,638)	(1,207,058)	(158,748)	(199,568)	(1,975,012)
At 31 December 2016	6,706,202	19,864,692	3,177,301	3,033,599	32,781,794
Charge for the year	2,341,001	8,909,980	1,344,351	240,519	12,835,851
Disposal	–	(162,393)	(30,996)	–	(193,389)
Exchange adjustment	602,946	1,861,441	246,012	238,696	2,949,095
At 31 December 2017	9,650,149	30,473,720	4,736,668	3,512,814	48,373,351
Carrying amount:					
At 31 December 2017	114,124,209	50,733,486	5,785,119	596,677	171,239,491
At 31 December 2016	106,907,588	52,461,727	3,744,520	787,811	163,901,646

As at 31 December 2016, the Group's buildings and leasehold improvements were pledged as security for bank borrowings and banking facilities as set out in note 29.

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For the year ended 31 December 2017

18. Land Use Rights

	HK$
Cost:	
At 1 January 2016	8,021,756
Exchange adjustment	(515,518)
At 31 December 2016	7,506,238
Exchange adjustment	565,867
At 31 December 2017	8,072,105
Accumulated amortisation:	
At 1 January 2016	1,086,316
Charge for the year	157,274
Exchange adjustment	(76,744)
At 31 December 2016	1,166,846
Charge for the year	155,217
Exchange adjustment	94,422
At 31 December 2017	1,416,485
Carrying amount:	
At 31 December 2017	6,655,620
Portion classified as current assets (included in deposits and prepayments)	(161,675)
Non-current assets	6,493,945
At 31 December 2016	6,339,392
Portion classified as current assets (included in deposits and prepayments)	(150,301)
Non-current assets	6,189,091

The Group's interest in leasehold land is held in the PRC.

As at 31 December 2016, the Group's land use rights were pledged as security for the bank borrowings and banking facilities as set out in note 29.

19. Goodwill

	HK$
Cost:	
As 1 January 2016	2,416,690
Exchange adjustment	(188,837)
As 31 December 2016	2,227,853
Exchange adjustment	207,280
As 31 December 2017	2,435,133

Impairment testing on goodwill

The recoverable amount of the goodwill is determined based on the cash-generating unit ("CGU") of the Group's sales network of bio-pharmaceutical products to which the goodwill belongs on the value-in-use basis. The calculation is based on the most recent five-year financial budgets approved by management. The following key assumptions have been made for the purpose of analysis:

(a) Gross margin ratio of 81% (2016: 78%)
(b) Pre-tax discount rate of 10.6% (2016: 12.4%) per year

Management determined the gross margin mainly based on past performance of the CGU and management's expectations for the market development. The discount rate is determined based on the PRC risk-free interest rate adjusted by the specific risk associated with the CGU. The recoverable amounts of the CGU have been determined from value-in-use calculations based on cash flow projections from formally approved budgets covering a five-year period. Cash flows beyond the five-year period are extrapolated using an estimated weighted average growth rate of 3% (2016: 3%), which does not exceed the long-term growth rate for the pharmaceutical production industry in the PRC.

The recoverable amount of the goodwill determined in the above manner suggested that there was no impairment in the carrying amount of goodwill as at 31 December 2017 and 2016.

The directors believe that any reasonable possible change in the key assumptions on which the recoverable amount is based would not cause the aggregate carrying amount to exceed the aggregate recoverable amount of the CGU.

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20. Other Intangible Assets

	Development expenditure HK$	Distribution rights HK$	Total HK$
Cost:			
At 1 January 2016	49,585,574	2,456,052	52,041,626
Additions	24,289,512	22,047,944	46,337,456
Exchange adjustment	(4,257,353)	(1,193,922)	(5,451,275)
At 31 December 2016	69,617,733	23,310,074	92,927,807
Additions	22,412,399	38,079,303	60,491,702
Exchange adjustment	6,110,813	3,341,447	9,452,260
At 31 December 2017	98,140,945	64,730,824	162,871,769
Accumulated amortisation and impairment losses:			
At 1 January 2016	15,973,745	1,700,014	17,673,759
Amortisation	–	1,834,615	1,834,615
Exchange adjustment	(1,026,551)	(254,284)	(1,280,835)
At 31 December 2016	14,947,194	3,280,345	18,227,539
Amortisation	–	4,935,220	4,935,220
Exchange adjustment	1,126,811	452,610	1,579,421
At 31 December 2017	16,074,005	8,668,175	24,742,180
Carrying amount:			
At 31 December 2017	82,066,940	56,062,649	138,129,589
At 31 December 2016	54,670,539	20,029,729	74,700,268

21. Convertible Loan Receivables

During the year ended 31 December 2015, the Group entered into a convertible loan agreement with an independent third party, 武漢伢典生物科技有限公司 (Wuhan Adv. Dental Co., Ltd.*) ("Adv. Dental"), with principal amount of RMB10,000,000 (approximately HK$11,937,448) which carries interest at 5% per annum payable quarterly in arrears with maturity on 13 December 2019 at redemption amount of 100% of the principal amount ("Convertible Loan A"). The principal amount of Convertible Loan A can be converted into such equity interest representing 30% of the entire equity interest of Adv. Dental at any time from the date of issue to the maturity date. The principal activities of Adv. Dental are manufacturing and selling of dental treatment techniques in the PRC. Convertible Loan A is secured by 100% equity interest in Adv. Dental.

During the year ended 31 December 2016, the Group entered into another convertible loan agreement with an independent third party, 廣西萬壽堂藥業有限公司 (Guangxi Medictop Pharmaceutical Company Limited*) ("Guangxi Medictop"), with principal amount of RMB15,000,000 (approximately HK$17,528,115) which carries interest at 6% per annum payable quarterly in arrears with maturity on 8 January 2019 at redemption amount of 100% of the principal amount ("Convertible Loan B"). Guangxi Medictop is principally engaged in manufacture, research and development and sale of Chinese patent medicines for gynecology and cardiovascular. Convertible Loan B is secured by 20% equity interest in Guangxi Medictop.

The components of Convertible Loan B, other than the debt component, are set out below:

(1) The Group shall have the right to convert the principal amount of the Convertible Loan B into such equity interest representing 10% of the entire equity interest of Guangxi Medictop at any time within the first 12 months from the date of issue. This option of the Group as the holder of the convertible loan is referred to the conversion option ("Conversion Option").

(2) The Group shall have the right to demand early repayment of the entire principal amount of the Convertible Loan B together with the accrued interest in accordance with the terms and conditions of the convertible loan agreement at any time within the first 12 months from the date of issue. This option of the Group as the holder of the convertible loan is referred to the redemption option ("Redemption Option").

(3) In the event that the Convertible Loan B is converted into equity interest of Guangxi Medictop in accordance with the Conversion Option above whilst the shares of Guangxi Medictop fail to be listed on a stock exchange as specified in the agreement of Convertible Loan B before 31 October 2018, the Group is entitled to sell its converted equity interest to the existing equity holders of Guangxi Medictop at a price determined at principal amount of Convertible Loan B plus 10% interest since the date of the request of exercise of this option by the Group up to the execution. This option of the Group as the holder of the convertible loan is referred to the put option ("Put Option"). The Put Option can only be exercised for the period between 31 October 2018 and 30 November 2018.

The above Conversion Option, Redemption Option and Put Option are collectively known as the derivative component, which lapsed during the year.

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21. Convertible Loan Receivables *(Continued)*

The initial fair value of the debt component is the residual value after separating out the initial fair value of derivative component. Subsequent to initial recognition, the debt component is carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method and the derivative component is carried at fair value. The fair value of derivative component as at the end of the reporting period is determined by the directors of the Company with reference to the valuation performed by International Valuation Limited, an independent firm of professionally qualified valuers.

The Group's convertible loan receivables are recognised as follows:

	Debt component HK$	**Derivative component** HK$	**Total** HK$
At 31 December 2017			
– Convertible Loan A	8,883,577	7,318,415	16,201,992
– Convertible Loan B	16,860,066	–	16,860,066
Total, classified under non-current assets	25,743,643	7,318,415	33,062,058
At 31 December 2016			
– Convertible Loan A	7,071,906	5,074,373	12,146,279
– Convertible Loan B	14,870,496	1,750,887	16,621,383
Total	21,942,402	6,825,260	28,767,662
Less: Current portion	–	(1,750,887)	(1,750,887)
Non-current portion	21,942,402	5,074,373	27,016,775

The movements in fair value of the derivative component of the Group's convertible loan receivables are as follows:

	2017 **HK$**	2016 HK$
At the beginning of the year	**6,825,260**	5,316,069
Additions	**–**	2,850,947
Change in fair value recognised in profit or loss	**(20,521)**	(854,574)
Exchange differences	**513,676**	(487,182)
At the end of the year	**7,318,415**	6,825,260
Net loss for the year included in profit or loss at the end of the reporting period	**(20,521)**	(854,574)

21. Convertible Loan Receivables *(Continued)*

As at 31 December 2017, the fair value of the derivative component of Convertible Loan A is calculated using Binomial Share Option Model with the following key assumptions:

Stock price	RMB6.32
Exercise price	RMB4.667
Dividend yield	Nil
Expected volatility	41%
Expected life	1.92 years
Risk-free interest rate	3.767%

The fair value of the derivative component is Level 3 recurring fair value measurement. There is no transfer under the fair value hierarchy classification for the years ended 31 December 2017 and 2016.

The key significant unobservable inputs to determine the fair value of the derivative component are the stock price and expected volatility. A higher in the stock price and expected volatility would result in an increase in the fair value of the derivative component, and vice versa.

During the loan period and where applicable following the conversion of the Convertible Loan A, the Group was entitled to appoint 1 out of 3 directors or 2 out of 5 directors of Adv. Dental in accordance with the agreement of the Convertible Loan A. Accordingly, given the potential voting right and the right to appoint directors, the Group has significant influence on Adv. Dental, which is recognised as an associate of the Group. As at 31 December 2017 and up to the date of approval of these financial statements, as the Group has not converted the Convertible Loan A into equity interest of Adv. Dental, the Group is not entitled to share any profit or loss of Adv. Dental and accordingly, the Group has no interest in associate. The directors are of the opinion that no further disclosure is considered meaningful in this regard.

22. Available-for-sale Financial Assets

	2017 HK$	2016 HK$
Unlisted equity investments, at cost (Note (a))	**36,149,489**	31,183,750
Listed equity securities, at fair value (Note (b))	**54,243,771**	52,213,684
	90,393,260	83,397,434

(a) The balance represents two unlisted equity investments, namely the investment in the series B preferred stock of a private company and series C preferred stock and warrants of another private company, both of which are incorporated in the United States of America. The directors have concluded that no impairment loss is necessary.

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22. Available-for-sale Financial Assets *(Continued)*

(b) The balance represents the equity interest in AC Immune SA ("ACI"), the shares of which were listed on the NASDAQ Stock Market of the United States of America. Further details are set out in the Company's announcements dated 11 April and 26 September 2016. Accordingly, the fair value of the Group's investment in ACI became measurable, which was based on quoted market price.

As at 31 December 2017, the Group held 543,307 common shares of ACI which was carried at fair value. During the year ended 31 December 2017, a gross gain recognised in other comprehensive income amounted to HK$609,477 (2016: HK$13,440,257), of which HK$341,550 (2016: Nil) was reclassified from other comprehensive income to profit or loss for the year upon disposal.

23. Inventories

	2017 **HK$**	2016 HK$
Raw materials	**7,339,149**	6,405,183
Work in progress	**5,503,679**	4,899,572
Finished goods	**90,026,994**	94,911,315
	102,869,822	106,216,070

During the year, the Group has carried out regular reviews of the carrying amounts of inventories with reference to aged inventories analysis, expected future consumption, physical condition and management judgement. As a result, inventories of HK$1,481,068 (2016: HK$2,685,773) have been written off and recognised in profit or loss.

24. Trade and Other Receivables

	2017 HK$	2016 HK$
Trade receivables	**319,788,212**	251,914,385
Value-added tax recoverable	**12,789,499**	2,245,272
Other receivables	**3,405,291**	1,847,423
Total	**335,983,002**	256,007,080

The Group's policy is to allow a credit period of 90 days to its trade customers.

The directors have considered the track records of customers and age of the outstanding balances and are of the view that no provision is required as at 31 December 2017 and 2016.

The ageing analysis of trade receivables as at the end of the reporting period, based on the invoice date, is as follows:

	2017 HK$	2016 HK$
0-60 days	**188,510,122**	141,085,757
61-90 days	**44,654,100**	38,987,186
Over 90 days	**86,623,990**	71,841,442
	319,788,212	251,914,385

The ageing analysis of trade receivables that are neither individually nor collectively considered to be impaired is as follows:

	2017 HK$	2016 HK$
Neither past due nor impaired	**233,164,222**	180,072,943
Less than 3 months past due	**70,774,702**	63,200,025
Over 3 months past due	**15,849,288**	8,641,417
	319,788,212	251,914,385

Trade receivables that are not past due are not considered impaired. Receivables that were neither past due nor impaired related to a wide range of customers that have a good track record. Balances that are past due but not impaired relate to a number of independent customers for whom there is no recent history of default. The Group does not hold any collateral over these balances.

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25. Deposits and Prepayments

	2017 **HK$**	2016 HK$
Deposits paid for acquisition of property, plant and equipment	**2,805,718**	382,385
Prepayments for purchase of finished goods	**1,214,475**	31,307,263
Other deposits	**302,154**	420,910
Other prepayments	**5,991,404**	3,599,627
Total	**10,313,751**	35,710,185
Less: Current portion	**(7,508,033)**	(35,327,800)
Non-current portion	**2,805,718**	382,385

Deposits and prepayments do not contain impaired assets and their carrying amounts approximate their fair values.

26. Pledged Bank Deposit

Pledged bank deposit of the Group represents deposit pledged to a bank to secure banking facilities granted to the Group, and will be released upon the release of the relevant banking facilities.

27. Cash and Cash Equivalents

As at 31 December 2017, cash and cash equivalents denominated in Renminbi ("RMB") amounted to approximately HK$220,200,000 (2016: approximately HK$95,700,000). RMB is not freely convertible into foreign currencies in the PRC. Under the PRC's Foreign Exchange Control Regulations and Administration of Settlement and Sale and Payment of Foreign Exchange Regulations, the Group is permitted to exchange RMB for foreign currencies through banks authorised to conduct foreign exchange business.

Cash at bank earns interest at floating rates based on daily bank deposit rates. Short-term time deposits are made for varying periods of between one day and three months depending on the immediate cash requirements of the Group, and earn interest at the respective short-term time deposit rates.

28. Trade and Other Payables

	2017 HK$	2016 HK$
Trade payables	**1,265,806**	496,139
Other payables and accruals (Note)	**223,924,241**	194,631,926
	225,190,047	195,128,065

Note:

Other payables and accruals included the accruals for sales and marketing costs of HK$203,324,862 (2016: HK$180,555,883).

The ageing analysis of trade payables as at the end of the reporting period, based on the invoice date, is as follows:

	2017 HK$	2016 HK$
0-60 days	**1,239,916**	496,139
61-90 days	**–**	–
Over 90 days	**25,890**	–
	1,265,806	496,139

29. Bank Borrowings

	2017 HK$	2016 HK$
Secured bank loans		
Due for repayment within one year	**19,336,143**	9,695,000
Due for more than one year and within five years	**9,668,071**	29,085,000
Total bank borrowings, due for repayment within one year, or more than one year but contain a repayment on demand clause	**29,004,214**	38,780,000

As at 31 December 2017, the bank borrowings and banking facilities were secured by (i) corporate guarantees provided by the Company and a subsidiary within the Group; and (ii) a pledged bank deposit of RMB23,500,000 (equivalent to HK$28,229,076).

As at 31 December 2016, the bank borrowings and banking facilities were secured by (i) buildings and leasehold improvements of the Group (Note 17); (ii) land use rights of the Group (Note 18); (iii) corporate guarantees provided by the Company and a subsidiary within the Group; and (iv) a pledged bank deposit of HK$20,000,000.

The bank borrowings bear interest at floating rate. The interest rate of the Group's bank borrowings was 2.5% (2016: 1.7%) as at 31 December 2017.

The Group obtained banking facilities of HK$149,080,000 (2016: HK$154,931,444), of which HK$38,780,000 (2016: HK$38,780,000) was utilised at the end of reporting period.

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30. Convertible Loan Payable

On 6 July 2016 ("Issue Date"), the Group entered into a convertible loan agreement with International Finance Corporation ("IFC"), pursuant to which IFC agreed to lend, and the Group agreed to borrow, a convertible loan in an aggregate principal amount of HK$150,000,000 at an interest rate of 1.9% per annum (the "Convertible Loan Payable").

Subject to the terms of the convertible loan agreement, IFC has the right to convert all or any part of the outstanding principal amount of the Convertible Loan Payable into shares of the Company at a conversion price of HK$5.90 per share (subject to anti-dilutive adjustments as set out in the convertible loan agreement) at any time after the date of disbursement and prior to the maturity date. The maturity date is the date falling on the fifth anniversary of the date of the disbursement.

The Company shall repay the outstanding principal amount of the Convertible Loan Payable on the maturity date, together with a make whole premium (if any). Make whole premium is an amount calculated by IFC which would yield a return for IFC on the principal amount of the Convertible Loan Payable of (i) 6% per annum; or (ii) 8% per annum if there exists a change of control which occur when, among others, (a) there is a decrease in the shareholdings of the Company's certain shareholders as a group under specified conditions as stipulated in the convertible loan agreement; (b) certain shareholders of the Company as a group cease to be the single largest direct and indirect shareholder of the Company; or (c) any person (other than certain shareholders as a group) by itself or through its affiliates have obtained the power to appoint a majority of the board of directors of the Company.

Pursuant to the convertible loan agreement, unless otherwise agreed in writing by IFC, the Company shall, within 10 days following the occurrence of a change of control defined in the convertible loan agreement, prepay the outstanding principal amount of the Convertible Loan Payable, together with accrued interest, the make whole premium (if any), increased costs (if any) thereon and all other amounts payable under the convertible loan agreement, including the amount of unwinding costs payable if the prepayment is not made on an interest payment date.

The fair value of the debt component and the equity conversion component were determined at the issuance of the Convertible Loan Payable. The fair value of the debt component was calculated using a market interest rate for an equivalent non-convertible bond. The residual amount, representing the value of the equity conversion component, was included in equity. The make whole premium, being an embedded derivative, was measured at fair value separately. At Issue Date and at 31 December 2017, the fair value of the make whole premium was determined by directors of the Company to be minimal.

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30. Convertible Loan Payable *(Continued)*

The movements of the Convertible Loan Payable are as follows:

	Debt component HK$	**Conversion component** HK$	**Total** HK$
At Issue Date	116,676,782	33,323,218	150,000,000
Imputed interest expense	6,009,224	–	6,009,224
Interest paid	(1,251,666)	–	(1,251,666)
As at 31 December 2016	121,434,340	33,323,218	154,757,558
Imputed interest expense	10,302,723	–	10,302,723
Interest paid	(2,762,917)	–	(2,762,917)
As at 31 December 2017	128,974,146	33,323,218	162,297,364

31. Deferred Tax Liabilities

Details of the deferred tax liabilities recognised and movements are as follows:

	Development expenditure HK$	**Undistributed earnings of PRC subsidiaries** HK$	**Total** HK$
At 1 January 2016	5,041,775	10,360,983	15,402,758
Settled during the year	–	(4,199,168)	(4,199,168)
Charged/(credited) to profit or loss for the year	3,643,427	(3,320,221)	323,206
Exchange differences	(484,621)	–	(484,621)
At 31 December 2016	8,200,581	2,841,594	11,042,175
Settled during the year	–	(502,980)	(502,980)
Charged/(credited) to profit or loss for the year	3,110,180	(236,449)	2,873,731
Exchange differences	747,601	–	747,601
At 31 December 2017	12,058,362	2,102,165	14,160,527

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31. Deferred Tax Liabilities *(Continued)*

The Group has tax losses arising in Hong Kong of approximately HK$119,197,000 (2016: approximately HK$104,432,000) that are available indefinitely for offsetting against future taxable profits of the companies in which the losses arose. Deferred tax assets have not been recognised in respect of these losses as it is not considered probable that taxable profits will be available against which the tax losses can be utilised.

Withholding tax on undistributed earnings is calculated at 5% on the distributable earnings of the subsidiaries in the PRC expected to be distributed to the holding company with its principal place of business located in Hong Kong. At the end of the reporting period, undistributed earnings of the subsidiaries in the PRC on which deferred tax has not been provided for amounted to approximately HK$372,000,000 (equivalent to approximately RMB310,000,000) (2016: approximately HK$271,000,000 (equivalent to approximately RMB242,000,000)) as the Group is able to control the timing of the reversal of the temporary differences and it is probable that the temporary difference will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

32. Share Capital

Authorised

	2017		2016	
	Number	**HK$**	Number	HK$
Ordinary shares of HK$0.1 each	**1,000,000,000**	**100,000,000**	1,000,000,000	100,000,000

Issued and fully paid

	2017		2016	
	Number	**HK$**	Number	HK$
At the beginning of the year	**562,149,000**	**56,214,900**	559,541,000	55,954,100
Employee share options exercised	**1,344,000**	**134,400**	108,000	10,800
Non-employee share options exercised	**–**	**–**	2,500,000	250,000
At the end of the year	**563,493,000**	**56,349,300**	562,149,000	56,214,900

33. Reserves

The Company	Share premium HK$	Share option reserve HK$	Conversion component of convertible loan payable HK$	(Accumulated losses)/ retained earnings HK$	Total HK$
Balance at 1 January 2016	9,908,227	17,530,502	–	(9,862,332)	17,576,397
Profit for the year	–	–	–	29,037,677	29,037,677
Equity-settled share-based payments	–	1,272,561	–	–	1,272,561
Exercise of share options	7,645,877	(1,908,277)	–	–	5,737,600
2015 final dividend paid	–	–	–	(13,988,525)	(13,988,525)
Issue of convertible loan	–	–	33,323,218	–	33,323,218
Balance at 31 December 2016	17,554,104	16,894,786	33,323,218	5,186,820	72,958,928
Profit for the year	–	–	–	40,129,606	40,129,606
Equity-settled share-based payments	–	1,648,282	–	–	1,648,282
Exercise of share options	4,304,246	(1,347,446)	–	–	2,956,800
2016 final dividend paid	–	–	–	(17,988,768)	(17,988,768)
2017 interim dividend paid	–	–	–	(14,055,525)	(14,055,525)
Balance at 31 December 2017	21,858,350	17,195,622	33,323,218	13,272,133	85,649,323

The nature and purpose of each reserve of the Group are set out below:

(i) *Capital reserve*

The capital reserve represents discount on acquisition of a subsidiary in prior years.

(ii) *Statutory surplus reserve*

In accordance with the PRC Companies Law, the Company's PRC subsidiaries are required to transfer 10% of their profit after tax, as determined in accordance with accounting standards and regulations of the PRC, to statutory surplus reserve. Such reserve may be used to reduce any loss incurred by the subsidiary or be capitalised as paid-up capital of the subsidiary. The statutory surplus reserve is non-distributable.

(iii) *Foreign currency translation reserve*

The foreign currency translation reserve comprises all foreign exchange differences arising from the translation of the consolidated financial statements of foreign operations. The reserve is dealt with in accordance with the accounting policies set out in note 4(m).

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34. Share-Based Payments

(a) *Equity-settled share option scheme*

The Share Option Scheme (the "Scheme") was approved on 3 May 2013. The purpose of the Scheme is to provide incentives and rewards to eligible participants who contribute to the success of the Group's operations. Eligible participants of the Scheme include (i) any director, officer, employee or officer employed by any company within the Group or by any member of the Group or a company in which the Group holds an interest or a subsidiary of such company ("Affiliate") (whether full time or part time) ("Employee"), consultant, professional, customer, supplier (whether of goods or services), agent, partner or adviser of or contractor to an Affiliate; or (ii) the trustee of any trust the beneficiary of which or any discretionary trust the discretionary objects of which include any director, officer, Employee, consultant, professional, customer, supplier (whether of goods or services), agent, partner or adviser of or contractor to any member of the Group or an Affiliate; or (iii) a company beneficially owned by any director, officer, Employee, consultant, professional, customer, supplier (whether of goods or services), agent, partner or adviser of or contractor to any member of the Group or an Affiliate ("Eligible Participants").

The maximum number of shares which may be issued upon the exercise of all outstanding share options granted and yet to be exercised under the Scheme and any other schemes involving the issue or grant of options or similar rights over shares or other securities by the Company must not, in aggregate, exceed 30% of the shares in issue from time to time. A nominal consideration of HK$1 is payable by the grantee upon acceptance of an option.

The subscription price of shares under the Scheme may be determined by the board of directors at its absolute discretion but in any event will not be less than the highest of (i) the nominal value of the shares; (ii) the closing price of the shares as stated in the Stock Exchange's daily quotation sheet on the date of grant, which must be a business day; and (iii) the average of the closing price of the shares as stated in the Stock Exchange's daily quotation sheets for the five business days immediately preceding the date of grant of the relevant share option.

Any grant of share options to any director, chief executive or substantial shareholder or any of their respective associates must be approved by the independent non-executive directors of the Company (but excluding, for all purposes, any independent non-executive director of the Company who is a proposed grantee). Where any grant of share options to a substantial shareholder or an independent non-executive director of the Company or their respective associates would result in the total number of the shares issued and to be issued upon exercise of the share options granted and to be granted (including options exercised, cancelled and outstanding) to such person in any 12-month period up to and including the date of the grant:

(i) representing in aggregate over 0.1% of the shares in issue; and

(ii) having an aggregate value, based on the closing price of the shares at the date of each grant, in excess of HK$5 million,

such further grant of share options must be approved by the shareholders of the Company. The Company must send a circular to its shareholders. All connected persons must abstain from voting in favour at such general meeting. Any vote taken at the meeting to approve the grant of such share options must be taken on a poll in accordance with the Listing Rules.

34. Share-Based Payments *(Continued)*

(a) *Equity-settled share option scheme (Continued)*

Share options granted on 30 October 2013

Pursuant to a board resolution on 30 October 2013, the Company granted 19,500,000 share options to certain employees of the Group under the Scheme. Set out below were details of the outstanding options granted under the Scheme:

(1) All options granted were at an exercise price of HK$2.30 per share;

(2) All holders of options might only exercise their options in the following manner:

The share options will be vested in 5 tranches, i.e. the first 20% from six months after the date of grant, the second 20% from one year after the date of grant, the third 20% from one and half years after the date of grant, the fourth 20% from two years after date of grant and the remaining 20% from two and half years after the date of grant;

(3) All outstanding or unexercised share options granted to the grantees shall lapse on 29 October 2018.

Share options granted on 11 November 2016

Pursuant to a board resolution on 11 November 2016, the Company granted 2,300,000 share options to three employees of the Group under the Scheme. Set out below were details of the outstanding options granted under the Scheme:

(1) All options granted were at an exercise price of HK$5.90 per share;

(2) All holders of options might only exercise their options in the following manner:

The share options will be vested in 5 tranches, i.e. the first 20% from six months after the date of grant, the second 20% from one year after the date of grant, the third 20% from one and half years after the date of grant, the fourth 20% from two years after date of grant and the remaining 20% from two and half years after the date of grant;

(3) All outstanding or unexercised share options granted to the grantees shall lapse on 10 November 2021.

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34. Share-Based Payments *(Continued)*

(a) *Equity-settled share option scheme (Continued)*

The estimated fair values of share options granted during the year ended 31 December 2016 were estimated at the date of grant using the Binomial model. The inputs into the model are as follows:

	11 November 2016
Share price	HK$3.55
Exercise price	HK$5.90
Expected volatility	53%
Expected life	5 years
Risk-free interest rate	0.965%

The risk-free rate was based on market yield rate of Hong Kong Monetary Authority Exchange Fund Note with maturity on 11 November 2016 as of the date of valuation. Expected volatility was based on the historical volatility of the share prices of comparable companies over the periods that are equal to the expected life before the grant date.

Set out below are details of movements of the outstanding options granted under the Scheme during the years ended 31 December 2017 and 2016:

For the year ended 31 December 2017

		Number of share options			
	Exercise price	**Outstanding as at 1 January 2017**	**Granted during the year**	**Exercised during the year**	**Outstanding as at 31 December 2017**
Executive directors					
– Fang Haizhou	**HK$2.30**	**3,500,000**	**–**	**–**	**3,500,000**
– Ngiam Mia Je Patrick	**HK$2.30**	**500,000**	**–**	**–**	**500,000**
– Zhong Sheng	**HK$2.30**	**1,060,000**	**–**	**–**	**1,060,000**
Other eligible employees	**HK$2.30**	**11,541,000**	**–**	**(1,344,000)**	**10,197,000**
Other eligible employees	**HK$5.90**	**2,300,000**	**–**	**–**	**2,300,000**
Total		**18,901,000**	**–**	**(1,344,000)**	**17,557,000**

34. Share-Based Payments *(Continued)*

(a) *Equity-settled share option scheme (Continued)*

For the year ended 31 December 2016

	Exercise price	Outstanding as at 1 January 2016	Granted during the year	Exercised during the year	Outstanding as at 31 December 2016
		Number of share options			
Executive directors					
– Fang Haizhou	HK$2.30	3,500,000	–	–	3,500,000
– Ngiam Mia Je Patrick	HK$2.30	500,000	–	–	500,000
– Zhong Sheng	HK$2.30	1,168,000	–	(108,000)	1,060,000
Other eligible employees	HK$2.30	11,541,000	–	–	11,541,000
Other eligible employees	HK$5.90	–	2,300,000	–	2,300,000
Total		16,709,000	2,300,000	(108,000)	18,901,000

Share options and weighted average exercise price are as follows for the years ended 31 December 2017 and 2016 presented:

For the year ended 31 December

	2017		2016	
	Number	**Weighted average exercise price HK$**	Number	Weighted average exercise price HK$
Outstanding at 1 January	**18,901,000**	**2.74**	16,709,000	2.30
Exercised during the year	**(1,344,000)**	**2.30**	(108,000)	2.30
Granted during the year	**–**	**–**	2,300,000	5.90
Outstanding at 31 December	**17,557,000**	**2.77**	18,901,000	2.74
Exercisable at the end of the year	**16,177,000**	**2.50**	16,601,000	2.30

The weighted average share price for share options exercised during the year at the date of exercise was HK$4.91 (2016: HK$3.59) per share.

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For the year ended 31 December 2017

34. Share-Based Payments *(Continued)*

(a) *Equity-settled share option scheme (Continued)*

The weighted average remaining contractual life for share options was as follows:

Date of grant	**31 December 2017**	31 December 2016
30 October 2013	**0.8 years**	1.8 years
11 November 2016	**3.9 years**	4.9 years

Of the total number of share options outstanding as at 31 December 2017, 1,380,000 (2016: 2,300,000) share options had not vested and were not exercisable as at 31 December 2017.

The Company recognised the total expense of HK$1,548,282 for the year ended 31 December 2017 (2016: HK$772,561) in relation to share options granted by the Company under the Scheme.

(b) *Equity-settled service contract*

Share options granted on 30 October 2013

On 30 October 2013, the Company entered into a service contract with Hong Kong Zhixin Financial News Agency Limited ("HK Zhixin") to appoint HK Zhixin as the Group's investor relations consultant for a term of three years. In consideration of the services provided by HK Zhixin, the Company granted 2,500,000 share options to HK Zhixin.

Set out below were details of the share options granted to HK Zhixin:

(1) All options granted were at an exercise price of HK$2.30 per share;

(2) All holders of options might only exercise their options in the following manner:

  (i) Up to 50% of the total number of HK Zhixin share options is exercisable during the period from 30 April 2014 to 29 October 2016; and

  (ii) Up to 50% of the total number of HK Zhixin share options is exercisable during the period from 30 October 2014 to 29 October 2016;

(3) All outstanding or unexercised HK Zhixin share options shall lapse on 29 October 2016.

The fair value of the services on 30 October 2013 was HK$1,800,000, which was based on terms and conditions stated in the service contract.

The weighted average share price for share options exercised during the year ended 31 December 2016 at the date of exercise was HK$3.53 per share and the service contract was completed during the year ended 31 December 2016.

The above share options had all been exercised during the year ended 31 December 2016.

34. Share-Based Payments *(Continued)*

(b) Equity-settled service contract (Continued)

Share options granted on 1 November 2017

On 1 November 2017, the Company entered into a service contract with HK Zhixin to appoint HK Zhixin as the Group's investor relations consultant for a term of four years. In consideration of the services provided by HK Zhixin, the Company granted 5,000,000 share options to HK Zhixin.

Set out below were details of the share options granted to HK Zhixin:

(1) All holders of options might only exercise their options at respective exercise prices in the following manner:

(i) Up to 34% of the total number of HK Zhixin share options is exercisable during the period from 1 November 2018 to 31 October 2019 at HK$6.50 per share;

(ii) Up to 34% of the total number of HK Zhixin share options is exercisable during the period from 1 November 2019 to 31 October 2020 at HK$7.50 per share; and

(iii) Up to 32% of the total number of HK Zhixin share options is exercisable during the period from 1 November 2020 to 31 October 2021 at HK$8.50 per share;

(2) All outstanding or unexercised HK Zhixin share options shall lapse on 31 October 2021.

The fair value of the services on 1 November 2017 was HK$2,400,000, which was based on terms and conditions stated in the service contract.

The weighted average remaining contractual life was 3.8 years. The above share options had not vested and were not exercisable as at 31 December 2017.

The Company recognised the total expense of HK$100,000 for the year ended 31 December 2017 (2016: HK$500,000) in relation to share options granted by the Company to HK Zhixin.

35. Operating Lease Arrangements

Operating lease payments represent rentals payable by the Group on properties. Lease is negotiated for a term of 2 years at fixed rent.

Minimum lease payment paid during the year under operating lease was as follows:

	2017 **HK$**	2016 HK$
Minimum leases payment: – Properties	**967,800**	951,670

The total future minimum lease payment is due as follows:

	2017 **HK$**	2016 HK$
Not later than one year	**161,300**	967,800
Later than one year and not later than five years	**–**	161,300
	161,300	1,129,100

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 December 2017

36. Company-Level Statement of Financial Position

	Notes	2017 HK$	2016 HK$
Non-current assets			
Interests in subsidiaries		**270,583,749**	223,258,800
Current assets			
Prepayments		**234,326**	233,796
Cash and cash equivalents		**3,256,408**	30,152,790
Total current assets		**3,490,734**	30,386,586
Total assets		**274,074,483**	253,645,386
Current liabilities			
Other payables and accruals		**3,101,714**	3,037,218
Net current assets		**389,020**	27,349,368
Total assets less current liabilities		**270,972,769**	250,608,168
Non-current liabilities			
Convertible loan payable	30	**128,974,146**	121,434,340
Total liabilities		**132,075,860**	124,471,558
NET ASSETS		**141,998,623**	129,173,828
Capital and reserves attributable to owners of the Company			
Share capital	32	**56,349,300**	56,214,900
Reserves	33	**85,649,323**	72,958,928
TOTAL EQUITY		**141,998,623**	129,173,828

On behalf of the Board

Fang Haizhou **Zhong Sheng**

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 December 2017

37. Interests in Subsidiaries

Details of the subsidiaries as at the end of the reporting period were as follows:

Name of subsidiary	Form of business structure	Place of incorporation and operation	Issued and fully paid share capital/ registered capital	Percentage of ownership interest directly	Percentage of ownership interest indirectly	Principal activity
Essex Bio-Investment Limited	Limited liability company	British Virgin Islands/ Hong Kong	US$5	100%	–	Investment holding
Essex Bio-Pharmacy Limited	Limited liability company	Hong Kong	HK$8,000,000	–	100%	Investment holding
珠海億勝生物製藥有限公司 Zhuhai Essex Bio-Pharmaceutical Company Limited*(1)	Limited liability company	PRC	RMB50,000,000	–	100%	Manufacture and sale of bio-pharmaceutical products
珠海億勝醫藥有限公司 Essex Medipharma (Zhuhai) Company Limited*(1)	Limited liability company	PRC	RMB3,000,000	–	100%	Marketing and distribution of bio-pharmaceutical products
珠海億勝科技發展有限公司 Zhuhai Essex Technology Development Company Limited*(1)	Limited liability company	PRC	RMB25,000,000	–	100%	Investment holding

(1) These subsidiaries are registered as wholly-foreign-owned enterprises under the law of the PRC.

38. Capital Commitments

	2017 HK$	2016 HK$
Contracted but not provided for:		
– property, plant and equipment	**1,578,666**	378,740
– development expenditure (Note)	**29,776,037**	13,015,534
	31,354,703	13,394,274

Note:

Development expenditure represented the contract fee to independent third parties for carrying out the research and development on the Group's projects.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 December 2017

39. Financial Risk Management

The main risks arising from the Group's financial instruments in the normal course of the Group's business are credit risk, liquidity risk, interest rate risk and currency risk.

These risks are limited by the Group's financial management policies and practices described below.

(a) Credit risk

The Group's credit risk is primarily attributable to its trade and other receivables, convertible loan receivables and bank balances. Management has a credit policy in place and the exposures to these credit risks are monitored on an ongoing basis.

In respect of trade and other receivables, individual credit evaluations are performed on all customers requiring credit over a certain amount. These evaluations focus on the customers' past history of making payments when due and current ability to pay, and take into account information specific to the customers as well as pertaining to the economic environment in which the customers operate. Ongoing credit evaluation is performed on the financial condition of trade receivables. Normally, the Group does not obtain collateral from customers.

The Group's exposure to credit risk is influenced mainly by the individual characteristics of each customer. The default risk of the industry in which customers operate also has an influence on credit risk but to a lesser extent. At the end of reporting period, the Group has a certain concentration of credit risk as 26% (2016: 28%) and 50% (2016: 48%) of the total trade receivables was due from the Group's largest customer and the five largest customers respectively.

Further quantitative disclosures in respect of the Group's exposure to credit risk arising from trade and other receivables are set out in note 24.

The credit risk on bank balances is limited because the counterparties are banks with high credit-rating or with good reputation.

39. Financial Risk Management *(Continued)*

(b) Liquidity risk

The Group's policy is to regularly monitor its liquidity requirements and its compliance with lending covenants, to ensure that it maintains sufficient reserves of cash and adequate committed lines of funding from major financial institutions to meet its liquidity requirements in the short and longer term.

The following tables show the remaining contractual maturities at the end of the reporting period of the Group's financial liabilities, based on undiscounted cash flows (including interest payments computed using contractual rates or, if floating based on rates current at the reporting date) and the earliest date the Company can be required to pay.

Specifically, for bank loans which contain a repayment on demand clause which can be exercised at the bank's sole discretion, the analysis shows the cash outflow based on the earliest period in which the entity can be required to pay, that is if the lenders were to invoke their unconditional rights to call the loans with immediate effect.

	Carrying amount HK$	**Total contractual undiscounted cash flow HK$**	**Within 1 year or on demand HK$**	**More than 1 year but less than 5 years HK$**	**More than 5 years HK$**
31 December 2017					
Non-derivatives:					
Trade and other payables	**225,190,047**	**225,190,047**	**225,190,047**	**–**	**–**
Bank borrowings	**29,004,214**	**29,004,214**	**29,004,214**	**–**	**–**
Convertible loan payable	**128,974,146**	**160,370,833**	**2,889,583**	**157,481,250**	**–**
	383,168,407	**414,565,094**	**257,083,844**	**157,481,250**	**–**

	Carrying amount HK$	Total contractual undiscounted cash flow HK$	Within 1 year or on demand HK$	More than 1 year but less than 5 years HK$	More than 5 years HK$
31 December 2016					
Non-derivatives:					
Trade and other payables	195,128,065	195,128,065	195,128,065	–	–
Bank borrowings	38,780,000	38,780,000	38,780,000	–	–
Convertible loan payable	121,434,340	182,604,046	–	182,604,046	–
	355,342,405	416,512,111	233,908,065	182,604,046	–

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 December 2017

39. Financial Risk Management *(Continued)*

(b) Liquidity risk (Continued)

Maturity analysis – bank borrowings subject to repayment on demand clause based on scheduled repayments

	Carrying amount HK$	Within 1 year HK$	More than 1 year but less than 5 years HK$	Total contractual undiscounted cash flow HK$
At 31 December 2017	**29,004,214**	**19,889,309**	**9,764,997**	**29,654,306**
At 31 December 2016	38,780,000	10,329,940	29,293,626	39,623,566

(c) Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk relates to the risk that the fair value or cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. The Group's interest rate risk arises primarily from pledged bank deposits and bank borrowings. Borrowings bearing variable rates expose the Group to cash flow interest rate risk and fair value interest rate risk respectively.

The Group's exposure to the risk of changes in market interest rates relates primarily to the Group's debt obligations with a floating interest rate. The Group has not implemented any procedures to hedge its interest rate risk.

At 31 December 2017, it is estimated that a general increase/decrease of 50 basis points in interest rates, with all other variables held constant, would decrease/increase the Group's profit after income tax and retained earnings by approximately HK$121,000.

At 31 December 2016, it is estimated that a general increase/decrease of 50 basis points in interest rates, with all other variables held constant, would decrease/increase the Group's profit after income tax and retained earnings by approximately HK$163,000.

The sensitivity analysis above has been determined assuming that the change in interest rates had occurred at the end of each of the relevant periods and had been applied to the exposure to interest rate risk for the borrowings in existence at that date. The 50 basis point increase or decrease represents management's assessment of a reasonably possible change in interest rates over the period until the next annual reporting date. The analysis was performed on the same basis for 2016.

(d) Currency risk

The Group's main operations are currently in the PRC with most of the transactions settled in RMB and did not have significant exposure to risk resulting from changes in foreign currency exchange rates.

40. Capital Risk Management

The Group's objective of managing capital is to safeguard the Group's ability to continue as a going concern in order to provide returns for shareholders and benefits for other stakeholders and to maintain an optimal capital structure to reduce cost of capital.

In order to maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Group may adjust the amount of dividends paid to shareholders, return capital to shareholders, issue new shares or sell assets to reduce debts.

The capital structure of the Group consists of debts, which includes the bank borrowings and convertible loan payable, cash and cash equivalents, pledged bank deposit and total equity. The Group's management regularly reviews the capital structure. As part of this review, the management considers the cost of capital and the risks associated with each class of capital.

The gearing ratio of the Group at the end of reporting period was as follows:

	2017 **HK$**	2016 HK$
Bank borrowings	**29,004,214**	38,780,000
Convertible loan payable	**128,974,146**	121,434,340
Less: Cash and cash equivalents	**(240,627,387)**	(156,180,115)
Less: Pledged bank deposit	**(28,229,076)**	(20,000,000)
Net cash and pledged bank deposit	**(110,878,103)**	(15,965,775)
Total equity	**739,488,392**	556,864,066
Net debt to equity ratio	**N/A**	N/A

The Group monitors capital using a gearing ratio, which is net debts divided by total equity. Net debts are calculated as the sum of borrowings less the sum of cash and cash equivalents and pledged bank deposit as shown in the consolidated statement of financial position. The Group aims to maintain the gearing ratio at a reasonable level and the directors are of the opinion that the Group's gearing ratio was maintained at reasonable level at the reporting dates.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 December 2017

41. Summary of Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities by Category

The following table shows the carrying amount and fair value of financial assets and liabilities:

	2017 HK$	2016 HK$
Financial assets		
Available-for-sale financial assets measured at cost	**36,149,489**	31,183,750
Available-for-sale financial assets measured at fair value	**54,243,771**	52,213,684
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	**7,318,415**	6,825,260
Loans and receivables at amortised cost (including bank balances and cash)	**630,583,108**	454,129,597
	728,294,783	544,352,291
Financial liabilities		
Financial liabilities measured at amortised cost	**383,168,407**	355,342,405

42. Related Party Transactions

During the year, the Group entered into the following transactions with related parties:

(a) Purchase of finished goods

Related party relationship	**2017 HK$**	2016 HK$
Associate	**570,597**	263,635

(b) Year-end balance arising from prepayment for purchase of finished goods

Related party relationship	**2017 HK$**	2016 HK$
Associate	**964,822**	1,384,926

(c) Year-end balance arising from trade payable for purchase of finished goods

Related party relationship	**2017 HK$**	2016 HK$
Associate	**146,038**	–

(d) Members of key management during the year comprised the executive directors only whose remuneration is set out in notes 11 and 34.

43. Reconciliation of Liabilities Arising from Financing Activities

The table below details changes in the Group's liabilities arising from financing activities. Liabilities arising from financing activities are those for which cash flows were, or future cash flows will be, classified in the Group's consolidated statements of cash flows from financing activities.

	Bank borrowings (Note 29) HK$	**Convertible loan payable (Note 30) HK$**
At 1 January 2017	**38,780,000**	**154,757,558**
Changes from cash flows:		
Repayments of bank borrowings	**(9,775,786)**	**–**
Interest paid	**(874,985)**	**(2,762,917)**
Total changes from financing cash flows	**(10,650,771)**	**(2,762,917)**
Other change:		
Interest expenses	**874,985**	**10,302,723**
At 31 December 2017	**29,004,214**	**162,297,364**

	Bank borrowings (Note 29) HK$	Convertible loan payable (Note 30) HK$
At 1 January 2016	51,000,000	–
Changes from cash flows:		
Proceeds from bank borrowings	121,910,356	–
Repayments of bank borrowings	(134,130,356)	–
Proceeds from issue of convertible loan payable	–	150,000,000
Interest paid	(3,676,792)	(1,251,666)
Total changes from financing cash flows	(15,896,792)	148,748,334
Other change:		
Interest expenses	3,676,792	6,009,224
At 31 December 2016	38,780,000	154,757,558

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 December 2017

44. Event After the End of the Reporting Period

On 23 February 2018, Essex Bio-Investment Limited ("Essex Bio-Investment"), a direct wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company, entered into a subscription agreement (the "Subscription Agreement") with MeiraGTx Limited ("MeiraGTx"), pursuant to which Essex Bio-Investment agreed to subscribe for the convertible preferred C shares of MeiraGTx (the "Preferred C Shares") at a total consideration of approximately US$5.0 million (equivalent to approximately HK$39.0 million) (the "Subscription"). As at the date of the Subscription Agreement, the number of Preferred C Shares subscribed by Essex Bio-Investment would represent approximately 8.3% of the existing issued Preferred C Shares of MeiraGTx and would represent approximately 7.7% of the issued Preferred C Shares as enlarged by the Subscription. The Group plans to establish a business relationship with MeiraGTx by subscribing for the Preferred C Shares, with a view to creating synergy effect if the Group engages in strategic cooperation with MeiraGTx in the future. MeiraGTx, a company incorporated and registered in England and Wales, is a clinical-stage biotech company developing novel gene therapy treatments for a wide range of inherited and acquired disorders for which there are no effective treatments available.

45. Approval of Consolidated Financial Statements

The consolidated financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the Board of Directors on 15 March 2018.

* For identification purpose only

FIVE YEAR FINANCIAL SUMMARY

The following is a summary of the consolidated results and of the assets and liabilities of the Group, prepared on the basis set out in notes 1 to 2 below:

RESULTS

	Year ended 31 December				
	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013
	HK$	HK$	HK$	HK$	HK$
TURNOVER	**899,589,729**	775,662,998	654,010,499	518,299,695	347,046,987
Cost of sales	**(161,987,759)**	(152,636,311)	(124,418,858)	(107,042,880)	(36,114,212)
Gross profit	**737,601,970**	623,026,687	529,591,641	411,256,815	310,932,775
Other revenue, and other gains and losses	**24,647,137**	7,395,501	6,382,673	2,039,556	1,751,491
Distribution and selling expenses	**(515,298,269)**	(410,539,424)	(352,109,409)	(271,365,907)	(212,001,745)
Administrative expenses	**(40,405,123)**	(47,958,700)	(51,157,864)	(42,368,241)	(25,573,935)
Finance costs	**(9,499,843)**	(9,686,016)	(2,056,200)	(3,807,592)	(2,046,527)
PROFIT BEFORE INCOME TAX	**197,045,872**	162,238,048	130,650,841	95,754,631	73,062,059
Income tax	**(29,747,219)**	(25,953,667)	(25,755,651)	(20,481,540)	(18,165,363)
PROFIT FOR THE YEAR	**167,298,653**	136,284,381	104,895,190	75,273,091	54,896,696
Other comprehensive income/(loss) for the year	**42,630,484**	(18,972,805)	(21,827,038)	(790,435)	5,315,972
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR	**209,929,137**	117,311,576	83,068,152	74,482,656	60,212,668
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME ATTRIBUTABLE TO OWNERS OF THE COMPANY	**209,929,137**	117,311,576	83,068,152	74,482,656	60,212,668

FIVE YEAR FINANCIAL SUMMARY

ASSETS AND LIABILITIES

	Year ended 31 December				
	2017 HK$	2016 HK$	2015 HK$	2014 HK$	2013 HK$
Non-current assets	**444,559,194**	377,815,452	277,113,324	218,964,914	211,731,637
Current assets	**715,217,320**	555,481,952	359,465,593	284,076,953	175,279,968
Current liabilities	**(277,153,449)**	(243,956,823)	(208,229,323)	(160,478,657)	(128,256,757)
Net current assets	**438,063,871**	311,525,129	151,236,270	123,598,296	47,023,211
Non-current liabilities	**(143,134,673)**	(132,476,515)	(15,402,758)	(11,517,378)	(4,760,834)
Net assets	**739,488,392**	556,864,066	412,946,836	331,045,832	253,994,014

Notes:

1. The summary of consolidated results of the Group includes the results of the Company and its subsidiaries as if the current group structure had been in existence throughout the financial periods, or from the respective dates of their incorporation where this is a shorter period. The consolidated results of the Group for the years ended 31 December 2015, 2014 and 2013 are extracted from the published audited financial statements for these years. The consolidated results of the Group for the years ended 31 December 2017 and 2016 are as set out on page 61 of the audited financial statements.

2. The consolidated statement of financial position as at 31 December 2015, 2014 and 2013 are extracted from the published audited financial statements for the years ended 31 December 2015, 2014 and 2013, prepared on the basis as if the Group had been in existence for these years. The consolidated statement of financial position of the Group as at 31 December 2017 and 2016 are as set out on page 62 of the audited financial statements.