

BRANDING CHINA GROUP LIMITED

 $(Incorporated\ in\ the\ Cayman\ Islands\ with\ Limited\ Liability)$

Stock Code: 863

ANNUAL REPORT

2017



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CORPORATE INFORMATION

BRANDING CHINA GROUP LIMITED

Stock Code: 863

Authorised RepresentativesSong Yijun (宋義俊)

Tam Tak Kei, Raymond (譚德機), CPA

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Executive Directors Fang Bin (方彬) (Chairman of the Board)

Fan Youyuan (范幼元)

(Chief Executive Officer of the Company)

Patrick Zheng Huang Wei (黃維) Song Yijun (宋義俊)

Independent Non-executive Directors

Zhou Ruijin (周瑞金)

Lin Zhiming (林志明)

Hsu Wai Man, Helen (徐慧敏)

BOARD COMMITTEES

Audit Committee Hsu Wai Man, Helen (徐慧敏) (Chairlady)

Lin Zhiming (林志明) Zhou Ruijin (周瑞金)

Remuneration Committee Zhou Ruijin (周瑞金) (Chairman)

Hsu Wai Man, Helen (徐慧敏)

Lin Zhiming (林志明)

Nomination Committee Zhou Ruijin (周瑞金) (Chairman)

Lin Zhiming (林志明)

Hsu Wai Man, Helen (徐慧敏)

Risk Management Committee Fan Youyuan (范幼元) (Chairman)

Lin Zhiming (林志明) Huo Zhongyan (霍中彥)

(resigned as the Chief operating officer and ceased to be

a member of the risk management committee on

31 December 2017)

Registered office Clifton House, 75 Fort Street, PO Box 1350

Grand Cayman Cayman Islands

CORPORATE INFORMATION

Company Secretary Tam Tak Kei, Raymond (譚德機), CPA

Compliance Officer Song Yijun (宋義俊)

Headquarters in the PRC 4th Floor, No. 696 Weihai Road

Jing'an District

Postal Code — 200041 Shanghai, China

Principal place of business in Hong Kong Room 1603

16th Floor, China Building 29 Queen's Road Central Central, Hong Kong

Principal Share Registrar and Transfer Office Estera Trust (Cayman) Limited

Clifton House, 75 Fort Street PO Box 1350, Grand Cayman

Cayman Islands

Hong Kong Branch Share Registrar and

Transfer Office

Tricor Investor Services Limited Level 22, Hopewell Centre 183 Queen's Road East

Hong Kong

Principal Bankers China Merchants Bank

Tianshan Branch

No. 762 Tianshan Road

Shanghai City

China

Legal Adviser as to Hong Kong LawsLoong & Yeung

Room 1603

16th Floor, China Building 29 Queen's Road Central Central, Hong Kong

Auditor BDO Limited

25th Floor, Wing On Centre 111 Connaught Road Central

Hong Kong

Website of the Company www.brandingchinagroup.com

CORPORATE PROFILE

Branding China Group Limited ("Branding China" or the "Company", together with its subsidiaries, the "Group") is an integrated service provider focusing on providing entrepreneurship and development services for corporations with an objective to cater the needs of our customers. The Company provides start-ups, developing and developed customers with corporate services, including park area services, corporate value-added services and brand communication services.

The Company was listed on GEM of The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Hong Kong Stock Exchange" or the "Stock Exchange") (Stock Code: 8219) on 27 April 2012 (the "Listing Date"). On 8 September 2015, the Company successfully transferred its listing from the GEM to the Main Board of the Hong Kong Stock Exchange (the "Main Board") (Stock Code: 863).

Members of the Group include, among others, Shanghai SumZone Enterprise Management Consultancy Company Limited (上海三眾企業管理咨詢有限公司) ("**Shanghai SumZone Enterprise**"), Grand Rapids Mobile Holding (Hong Kong) Limited (巨流無綫控股(香港)有限公司) ("**Grand Rapids Mobile**"), which are headquartered in Shanghai.

In January 2017, the Company was named the "Most Valuable Brand" (《最具品牌價值》) in the election of the "Listed Company Award of the Year" (《年度上市公司大獎》) organised by China Financial Market (《中國融資》), a Hong Kong financial magazine.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

RESULTS					
	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013
	RMB	RMB	RMB	RMB	RMB
Revenue	162,015,156	160,374,361	201,569,895	207,397,009	215,423,847
(Loss)/profit before tax from					
continuing operations	(53,455,614)	(34,344,694)	9,343,569	22,942,178	43,818,421
Income tax expense	(1,870,192)	(503,352)	(5,560,624)	(6,610,957)	(12,855,739)
(Loss)/profit for the year from					
continuing operations	(55,325,806)	(34,848,046)	3,782,945	16,331,221	30,962,682
(Loss)/profit for the year from	.				
discontinued operations	(3,012,125)	(173,901,301)	33,573,881	24,692,015	19,902,826
(Loss)/profit for the year	(58,337,931)	(208,749,347)	37,356,826	41,023,236	50,865,508
Exchange differences on	46 127	(20.224)	40 F26	145.003	(AE CCA)
translating foreign operations Total comprehensive income	46,127	(29,324)	49,536	145,992	(45,664)
for the year	(58,291,804)	(208,778,671)	37,406,362	41,169,228	50,819,844
for the year	(30,231,004)	(200,770,071)		41,103,220	
(Loss)/profit for the year attributable to:					
Owners of the Company	(59,214,707)	(208,921,924)	37,356,826	41,023,236	50,865,508
Non-controlling interests	876,776	172,577	_	_	_
	(58,337,931)	(208,749,347)	37,356,826	41,023,236	50,865,508
Total Comprehensive income for the year attributable to:					
Owners of the Company	(59,168,580)	(208,951,248)	37,406,362	41,169,228	50,819,844
Non-controlling interests	876,776	172,577	_	_	_
	(58,291,804)	(208,778,671)	37,406,362	41,169,228	50,819,844

SHIMM	ARYOF	ASSETS	ANDI	IARII I'	TIFC

	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013
	RMB	RMB	RMB	RMB	RMB
Total non-current assets Total current assets Total current liabilities Net current assets Non-current liabilities Net assets	62,235,168	100,869,059	163,716,770	163,122,871	163,740,218
	233,877,282	243,943,234	328,066,663	350,132,170	298,405,167
	95,809,749	85,103,309	57,986,783	116,600,008	95,416,358
	138,067,533	158,839,925	270,079,880	233,532,162	202,988,809
	19,811,464	20,925,672	639,800	904,545	12,147,767
	180,491,237	238,783,312	433,156,850	395,750,488	354,581,260
Capital and reserves Total equity attributable to owners of the Company Non-controlling interests	174,941,884	234,110,735	433,156,850	395,750,488	354,581,260
	5,549,353	4,672,577			
Total Equity	180,491,237	238,783,312	433,156,850	395,750,488	354,581,260

CHAIRMAN'S STATEMENT

Dear Shareholders.

I am honored to present the operating results of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2017 (the "Year" or the "Review Period").

THE GROUP RECORDED LOSS IN ITS ANNUAL RESULTS DURING THE TRANSFORMATION PERIOD

The total revenue (after deducting cultural business development charge) of the Group under the Review Period was approximately RMB162,015,156, total gross profit was approximately RMB19,792,340, net loss was approximately RMB58,337,931 and gross profit margin was approximately 12.22%.

The Group proposed to conduct business transformation in the end of 2015, which included expanding service scopes of corporate services from branding communication services to park area services and corporate value-added services. Meanwhile, target customers of corporate services were expanded from developed brand corporations to include start-ups and developing corporations. After two years of business transformation, the Group has formed a development model of driving the newly-expanded park area services through existing brand communication services.

Following the Group's change in business structure, our traditional media business has reduced significantly. Therefore, when compared with preceding year, there was a significant decrease in the Group's results and losses were also recorded for the Year. However, we believe that the Group will make steady progress after the short-term pain caused by our business transformation.

PROSPECTS FOR 2018

Those start-ups and developing corporations arising from the start-ups boom have been tested and selected by the market. The Group has initiated long-term and stable cooperation with some competitive and potential corporations. Meanwhile, it has also maintained and strengthened stable cooperation relationship with established customers. The Group believes that it will have a bright future as long as it follows the direction of transformation, and focuses on the overall plan of integrated corporate services and optimizes business models in the forthcoming years.

Fang Bin Chairman

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

BUSINESS REVIEW

Intensified business transformation and change of business structure of the Group

The Group continued its business transformation and optimized its business structure during the Review Period. In terms of the business development of the Year, the Group persisted in implementing the strategic plan of business transformation during the Review Period by downsizing our traditional media business in light of the continual weakness of traditional media and sudden rise of innovative services while retaining the brand communication business derived from non-traditional media to support the steady development of park area business, forming a sound synergy and stable business operation.

PROSPECTS

The Group is in the process of business transformation and short-term pain is inevitable. However, we will uphold the business transformation strategy by centralizing our efforts and resources and persistently optimizing our business model. We believe that there will be a bright future.

In addition, as a listed corporation, the Group will also continue to strictly comply with the Listing Rules, pursuing positive and steady development, and creating greater value for shareholders, employees and the society.

FINANCIAL OVERVIEW

The Group recorded a total revenue (after deducting cultural business development charge) of RMB162,015,156 for the Year, representing a decrease of approximately 10.32% or RMB18,642,513, from RMB180,657,669 for the year ended 31 December 2016 ("**FY2016**").

The total gross profit of the Group was approximately RMB19,792,340 for the Year, representing an increase of approximately 56.55% or RMB7,149,689, from RMB12,642,651 for FY2016. The gross profit margin increased to approximately 12.22% for the Year from 7.00% recorded for FY2016.

The net loss of the Group decreased from RMB208,749,347 recorded for FY2016 to RMB58,337,931 recorded for the Year.

Loss per share of the Group for the Year was RMB0.24 cents.

CONTINUING OPERATIONS

Revenue

The revenue (after deducting cultural business development charge) of the Group was approximately RMB162,015,156 for the Year (FY2016: RMB160,374,361), representing an increase of approximately 1.02% as compared with FY2016. The revenue of advertising business was approximately RMB124,322,438 (FY2016: RMB150,882,453), and the revenue from park management rental fees was approximately RMB37,692,718 (FY2016:RMB9,491,908). The revenue of advertising business decreased by approximately RMB26,560,015 as compared with last year. Such decrease was mainly because (i) the Group terminated wireless advertisement business on 29 December 2016, which resulted in decrease in revenue of advertising business; and (ii) the Group was affected by the recession in motor industry that some clients reduced their budget on advertising, which resulted in the shrink in revenue.

Cost of Sales and Gross Profit

As at 31 December 2017, the Group's cost of sales mainly comprised expenses and costs for procuring advertising space, author's remuneration, event organizing and production costs, staff costs of sales staff as well as leasing costs. The Group's cost of sales for the Year was approximately RMB142,222,816, representing a decrease of approximately 5.26% or approximately RMB7,896,776 as compared with RMB150,119,592 for FY2016. The cost of sales decreased correspondingly with the declined revenue.

For the Year, the Group recorded a gross profit of approximately RMB19,792,340, representing an increase of approximately RMB9,537,571 as compared to approximately RMB10,254,769 for the year ended 31 December 2016. For the Year, the Group's gross profit margin was 12.22% (gross profit margin for FY2016: 6.39%). The increase in gross profit and gross profit margin was mainly because the revenue from park management rental fees with relatively higher gross profit increased significantly.

Selling and Distribution Expenses

Selling and distribution expenses decreased by approximately RMB1,900,810 from approximately RMB12,474,240 for FY2016 to approximately RMB10,573,430 for the Year, which was mainly because the selling expenses dropped correspondingly with the declined revenue.

Administrative and Other Expenses

Administrative and other expenses for the Year increased by RMB29,489,023 to approximately RMB66,437,938 as compared to that for FY2016. Such increase was mainly due to (i) impairment loss on trade receivables and (ii) impairment loss on remeasurement of assets held for sale.

Human Resources Cost

The Group's remuneration policy was formulated with reference to the industry practices and the performance of individual employees. During the Year, the total staff cost was RMB26,280,963 (for FY2016: RMB12,575,249).

Discontinued Business Operations

On 29 December 2016, the Group discontinued the business operation of its wireless advertising. During the Review Period, no revenue was generated from the discontinued business operations (FY2016: approximately RMB20,283,308). The selling expenses was nil (2016: approximately RMB198,939), while the administrative and other costs amounted to RMB5,196,968 (2016: approximately RMB22,153,608). The discontinued business operations recorded loss of approximately RMB3,012,125 (2016: approximately RMB173,901,301).

Capital Resources and Liquidity

As at 31 December 2017, the total equity attributable to the Group's shareholders was approximately RMB180,491,237, including statutory reserves of RMB7,922,520. The Group had cash and bank balances amounting to approximately RMB53,772,080. The Group's working capital was approximately RMB138,067,533. With the Group's steady cash inflow from operations, together with its existing cash and bank balance on hand, the Group has adequate financial resources to fund the working capital required for its development plans in the coming year.

As at 31 December 2017, borrowings of the Group amounted to RMB9,565,000.

Gearing Ratio

The gearing ratio of the Group was 0.209 and 0.075 as at 31 December 2017 and 31 December 2016, respectively. Gearing ratio is the ratio of total liabilities less cash and bank balance to total assets.

Treasury Policy

It is the Group's treasury management policy not to engage in any investment or speculative derivative instrument with high risks. During the Year, the Group continued to adopt a conservative approach in financial risk management and did not employ any material financial instrument for hedging purposes. Most of the assets, receipts and payments of the Group was denominated in Renminbi.

Significant Investments Held

There were no significant investments held by the Company as at 31 December 2017.

Charge on the Group's Assets

As at 31 December 2017, the Group had cash at banks amounting to approximately RMB10,000,000, which was pledged for bank borrowings granted to the Group.

Contingent Liabilities

As at 31 December 2017, the Group did not have any significant contingent liabilities.

Foreign Exchange Risk

The Group mainly operates in China with most of its transactions settled in Renminbi. Some of the Group's bank deposits are denominated in Hong Kong dollar. The directors of the Company (the "Directors") are of the opinion that the Group's exposure to foreign exchange risk is insignificant. During the Year, the risks associated with foreign currency exchange rates have no significant impact on the business performance of the Group.

SUBSTANTIAL ACQUISITION AND DISPOSAL

There was no material acquisition and disposal of subsidiaries and associated companies by the Group during the Year.

EMPLOYEE BENEFITS AND REMUNERATION POLICIES

As at 31 December 2017, the Group had a total of 73 employees (31 December 2016: 59 employees). The employees of the Group were remunerated based on their experience, qualifications, the Group's performance and the prevailing market conditions.

The Company has adopted a share option scheme as incentive to Directors and eligible employees, details of which are set out in the section headed "Share Option Scheme" on pages 36 to 37 of this annual report. The Company has also adopted an employee's share award scheme, details of which are set out in the section headed "Employee's Share Award Scheme" on page 35 of this annual report.

BIOGRAPHICAL DETAILS OF DIRECTORS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT

EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

Mr. Fang Bin (方彬先生)

Mr. Fang Bin ("Mr. Fang"), aged 47, is currently an executive Director and the chairman of the board of the Company (the "Board"). He entered into a director's service contract with the Company for a term of three years commencing from 27 April 2015.

Before founding the Group, Mr. Fang was the general manager of Shanghai Shenhai Advertisement Co. Ltd. (上海申海廣告有限公司) and the chief operating officer of Auto Weekly (汽車週刊) of Jiefang Daily (解放日報). With over 24 years of managerial experience in the media and advertising industries, Mr. Fang has extensive experience in business management and operation, in particular, in relation to the development of marketing and communications strategies and integration of media resources.

In September 2015, Mr. Fang was appointed as a vice-chairman by the Listed Companies Council, Hong Kong Chinese Enterprises Association.

Mr. Fang wholly-owns Lapta International Limited and is its sole director. Lapta International Limited was incorporated in the British Virgin Islands and held approximately 44.68% of the issued shares of the Company as at 31 December 2017.

Mr. Fang has not held any position in other listed companies in the last three years.

Mr. Fan Youyuan (范幼元先生)

Mr. Fan Youyuan ("**Mr. Fan**"), aged 57, was appointed as a non-executive Director of the Company in 2012 and redesignated as an executive Director of the Company in 2015 for a term of three years commencing from 16 November 2015. On the same date, Mr. Fan was appointed as the Chief Executive Officer of the Company. He is also currently the chairman of the risk management committee of the Company (the "**Risk Management Committee**").

Mr. Fan graduated from Fudan University with a bachelor's degree in Philosophy in 1983. He further obtained a master degree in Business Administration (International Programme) from the University of Hong Kong in 2004.

Mr. Fan has over 30 years of experience in media and advertising industries in the PRC. Before joining the Group, Mr. Fan held various positions in different entities, including general manager of Shanghai Jiefang Advertising Limited (上海解放廣告有限公司); supervisor of the advertising department of the Jiefang Daily; officer of the advertising department, research department and business development department of Jiefang Press Group (解放日報報業集團); executive deputy general manager of Shanghai Jiefang Media Investment Company Limited (上海解放傳媒投資有限公司); and a director and the chief executive of Shanghai Xinhua Media Co. Ltd. (上海新華傳媒股份有限公司) (600825. SH).

Mr. Fan wholly-owns Whales Capital Holdings Limited ("Whales Capital") through his wholly owned company, Taocent International Holding Limited ("Taocent International"), and Whales Capital held approximately 5.84% of the issued shares of the Company as at 31 December 2017. For the purpose of the Securities and Futures Ordinance (Cap. 571 of the Laws of Hong Kong, (the "SFO")), Mr. Fan is deemed to be interested in all the shares of the Company held by Whales Capital. Mr. Fan is a director of each of Taocent International and Whales Capital.

Save as disclosed above, Mr. Fan has not held any directorship in other listed public companies in the last three years.

Mr. Patrick Zheng

Mr. Patrick Zheng ("Mr. Zheng"), aged 47, was appointed as an executive Director for a term of three years commencing from 20 January 2015. Currently, he serves as the chief strategic officer and the alternate chief financial officer of the Company.

Mr. Zheng obtained a bachelor's degree in International Trade from Shenzhen University in 1991, and obtained a master degree in Business Administration (MBA) from The Bernard M. Baruch College of The City University of New York (CUNY) in 1994.

Mr. Zheng has accumulated over 23 years of experience in the financial and investment sectors. Since 1994, he has entered Chase Manhattan Bank New York, the US and engaged in banking and financial positions. Thereafter, Mr. Zheng served at several positions, including the deputy president for the leveraged finance division of the headquarter in New York of Chase Manhattan Bank New York, the US; the managing director of Ortus Capital Management Ltd.; and chief advisor for a number of fund management companies in the PRC. He possesses extensive market experience in acquisition and merger, syndicated facility, issuance of high yield bonds and PE investment and management.

Mr. Zheng has not held any directorship in other listed public companies in the last three years.

Mr. Huang Wei (黃維先生)

Mr. Huang Wei ("**Mr. Huang**"), aged 42, was appointed as an executive Director for a term of three years commencing from 20 January 2015.

In addition to his directorship role, Mr. Huang also serves as the general manager of Ju Liu Information Technology Limited (上海巨流信息科技有限公司), ("**Ju Liu Information**"), and Shanghai Ju Liu Software Co., Ltd.* (上海巨流軟件有限公司), ("**Ju Liu Software**"), both being subsidiaries of the Company.

Mr. Huang obtained a bachelor's degree in Journalism from Fudan University in July 1998 and served at several positions, including the deputy general manager of Shanghai Jiefang Media Investment Company Limited (上海解放傳媒投資有限公司); director and deputy general manager of Shanghai Jiefang Huayun Cultural Communication Company Limited (上海解放 華運文化傳播有限公司); and director of Shanghai Jiefang-FocusMedia Advertising Communication Company Limited (上海解放分眾廣告傳播有限公司). During that period, Mr. Huang was also the director and general manager of Shanghai National Business Daily Media Company Limited (上海每日經濟傳媒有限公司) and the chief editor of China Mobile 12580 Live Broadcast Magazine (中國移動12580生活播報). He has been the director and general manager of Ju Liu Information Technology Company Limited (上海巨流信息科技有限公司) ("Ju Liu Information"), a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Group, since 2011.

Mr. Huang beneficially owns the entire issued share capital of Always Bright Enterprises Limited (永光企業有限公司) ("**Always Bright**"), which in turn held approximately 8.27% of the issued shares of the Company as at 31 December 2017. For the purposes of the SFO, Mr. Huang is deemed to be interested in all the shares of the Company held by Always Bright.

Mr. Huang has not held any directorship in other listed public companies in the last three years.

Mr. Song Yijun (宋義俊先生)

Mr. Song Yijun ("**Mr. Song**"), aged 45, is an executive Director and the deputy general manager of the Group. He entered into a director's service contract with the Company for a term of three years commencing from 27 April 2015.

Mr. Song graduated from Shanghai Jiao Tong University with a bachelor's degree in Biological and Medical Engineering and Equipment in 1995. He further obtained a master degree in business administration from Fudan University in 2008.

Mr. Song has over 22 years of experience in strategic operation and marketing management. Before joining the Group, Mr. Song was the general manager and deputy general manager of various companies of Haier Electrical Appliances Co., Ltd., the general manager of various companies, including Qingdao Yishang Trading Company Limited (青島億商貿易有限公司), Foshan Haishenglong Electrical Company Limited (佛山市海盛隆電器有限公司), and Oulida Electrical Company Limited. He also worked for Shanghai Xinhua Media Co. Ltd (上海新華傳媒股份有限公司), during which he served as the general manager of the sales department, the general manager of the wholesale department, the deputy chief officer of the strategic and development department; and the deputy chief officer of the strategic management department.

Mr. Song has not held any directorship in other listed public companies in the last three years.

INDEPENDENT NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR

Mr. Zhou Ruijin (周瑞金先生)

Mr. Zhou Ruijin ("**Mr. Zhou**"), aged 78, is an independent non-executive Director. He entered into a director's service agreement with the Company for a term of three years commencing from 27 April 2015. Mr. Zhou serves as the chairman of the remuneration committee (the "**Remuneration Committee**") and the nomination committee (the "**Nomination Committee**") under the Board.

Mr. Zhou graduated from the Department of Journalism in Fudan University in 1962. Upon graduation, he served as the deputy officer, officer, member of the edit committee, assistant to editor-in-chief and deputy editor-in-chief of the commentary department of Jiefang Daily (解放日報); and the deputy editor-in-chief of People's Daily (人民日報).

Mr. Zhou possesses over 42 years of experience in media industry in the PRC and was a member of the standing committee of the Shanghai Journalism Association (上海市新聞學會) as well as the part-time professor of the Department of Journalism of Fudan University, the Department of Journalism and Human Sciences of Shanghai University of Technology and the Beijing Broadcasting Institute. In 1987, Mr. Zhou was selected as the senior editor by the National Journalism Senior Professional Duties Qualification Selection Committee (全國新聞高級專業職務資格評審委員會). In 1992, Mr. Zhou was selected by the State Council as an expert scholar with outstanding contribution being entitled to special subsidy from the government. In January 2001, Mr. Zhou was elected as the president of Shanghai Association of Productivity Science (上海生產力學會) and deputy president of the 13th Chinese Association of Productivity Science (全國生產力學會).

Between June 2000 and December 2009, Mr. Zhou was an independent director of China Eastern Airlines Corporation Limited (中國東方航空股份有限公司) (600115.SH, 670.HK, NYSE: CEA). In 2013, Mr. Zhou has been served as independent director of China Galaxy Securities Co., Ltd. (中國銀河證券股份有限公司) (6881.HK). In 2014, Mr. Zhou has been served as independent director of Shanghai CIMIC Holdings Co., Ltd. (上海斯米克控股股份有限公司) (2162.SZ) (he has resigned from the position of independent director of the company).

Save as disclosed above, Mr. Zhou has not held any directorship in other listed public companies in the last three years.

Mr. Lin Zhiming (林志明先生)

Mr. Lin Zhiming ("**Mr. Lin**"), aged 59, is an independent non-executive Director. He entered into a director's service agreement with the Company for a term of three years commencing from 27 April 2015.

Mr. Lin completed the study of Library Science at College of Liberal Arts Shanghai University (上海大學文學院) (formerly known as the branch school of Fudan University (復旦大學分校)) in 1983. He is currently the deputy director of Sunage Sports Communications Research Institute, Shanghai University (上海大學三傑體育傳播研究所). He is also a specially engaged professor of School of Film and Television Arts and Technology, Shanghai University (上海大學影視藝術技術學院) and a tutor in Journalism and Communication for master's degree students at the graduate school of the university.

Mr. Lin has more than 25 years of experience in marketing and corporate image building and communications. Since 2005, Mr. Lin has been the chief executive officer of Shanghai Sunage Advertising Company Limited (上海三杰廣告有限公司) where he is primarily in charge of strategic planning, organisation and execution of sports events and related projects. Between 1992 and 2004, Mr. Lin was the general manager of Shanghai Idea CIS Design and Consulting Company (上海艾迪企業形象設計顧問公司) where he was responsible for assisting clients in corporate image design and planning, providing them with research and advisory services in, amongst other things, PR communications strategies as well as the daily operations and administration of the company.

Mr. Lin has not held any directorship in other listed public companies in the last three years.

Ms. Hsu Wai Man, Helen (徐慧敏女士)

Ms. Hsu Wai Man, Helen ("**Ms. Hsu**"), aged 48, is an independent non-executive Director. She entered into a director's service contract with the Company for a term of three years commencing from 27 April 2015. Ms. Hsu serves as the chairlady of the audit committee (the "**Audit Committee**") under the Board.

Ms. Hsu graduated from The Chinese University of Hong Kong with a bachelor's degree in Business Administration in 1992. Before joining the Group, Ms. Hsu was a partner of Ernst & Young.

With over 23 years of experience in accounting, Ms. Hsu is a fellow member of the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants and a member of the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants.

Save for the aforesaid serving conditions in the Company, the positions held currently by Ms. Hsu are listed below: an independent non-executive Director of Perfect Shape (PRC) Holdings Limited (1830.HK) since December 2011; an independent non-executive Director of Richly Field China Development Limited (313.HK) since November 2013; an independent non-executive Director of TCL Display Technology Holdings Limited (334.HK) since June 2015.

The positions held by Ms. Hsu in the past are listed below: an independent non-executive Director of China Forestry Holdings Co., Ltd. (930.HK) from June 2011 to June 2015; an independent non-executive Director of Fujian Nuoqi Co., Ltd. (1353.HK) from June 2013 to September 2015; an independent Director of SGOCO Group, Ltd (a company listed on the Nasdaq stock market, stock code: SGOC) from April 2013 to December 2015; an independent non-executive Director of China Kingstone Mining Holdings Limited (1380.HK) from July 2015 to December 2015; and an independent non-executive Director of Titan Petrochemicals Group Limited (1192.HK) from December 2015 to April 2016.

Save as disclosed above, Ms. Hsu has not held any directorship in other listed public companies in the last three years.

SENIOR MANAGEMENT

Mr. Fan Youyuan (范幼元先生)

Chief executive officer of the Company

For biographical details of Mr. Fan, please refer to the paragraphs under the section headed "Executive Directors" in this annual report.

Mr. Patrick Zheng⁽¹⁾

Chief strategic officer of the Company

For biographical details of Mr. Zheng, please refer to the paragraphs under the section headed "Executive Directors" in this annual report.

Mr. Huo Zhongyan (霍中彥先生)(2)

Chief operating officer of the Company (resigned on 31 December 2017)

Mr. Huo, aged 38, has been the chief operating officer of the Company until his resignation on 31 December 2017. He joined the Group in November 2015 and he entered into a service contract with the Company for a term of three years commencing from 16 November 2015. Upon this resignation as the chief operating officer of Company, he also ceased to be a member of the risk management committee of the Company on 31 December 2017. Mr. Huo has ample experiences in commercial and corporate management as well as acquisitions and equity investment.

Mr. Huo served as an investment manager in Jiefang Press Group* (解放日報報業集團) and a director of the strategic investment department in Shanghai Xinhua Media Co., Ltd, the shares of which are listed on the Shanghai Stock Exchange (Stock Code: 600825.SH). Further, Mr. Huo has engaged in equity investment and capital services, led and participated in a number of investment projects regarding mergers and acquisitions, restructuring and start-ups since 2010.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

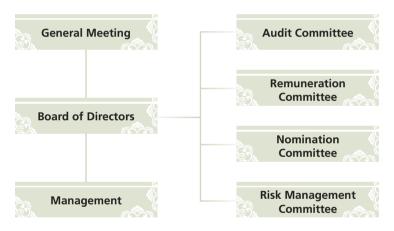
CORPORATE GOVERNANCE PRACTICES

The Company is committed to maintaining sound corporate governance standards and procedures to ensure the timeliness, transparency and completeness of its information disclosure, and strives to achieve a more standardised operational and effective management, so as to safeguard investors' interests as a whole to the greatest extent.

The Board is responsible for performing the corporate governance duties, which includes formulation and review of the Company's policies and practices on corporate governance, review and monitor of the Company's policies and practices on compliance with legal and regulatory requirements, formulation, review and monitor of the code of conduct and Compliance Manual applicable to employees and directors, as well as review of the Company's compliance with the Corporate Governance Code in Appendix 14 to the Listing Rules (the "Corporate Governance Code") and disclosure in the Corporate Governance Report.

The Directors consider that the Company has continuously complied with all the code provisions of the Corporate Governance Code during the Review Period.

The Corporate Governance Structure of the Company for the Year is as follows:



MODEL CODE FOR DIRECTORS' SECURITIES TRANSACTIONS

The Company has adopted a code of conduct regarding securities transactions by Directors on terms no less exacting than the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Issuers (the "**Model Code**") as set out in Appendix 10 to the Listing Rules.

Having made specific enquiry with all the Directors, each of the Directors confirmed that he/she has complied with the required standards as set out in the Model Code during the Review Period.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

The Board has the responsibility of setting the general strategy of the Group, supervising the performance of the Group, approving operating plans and investment proposals. The Board has authorised the management or senior management who are responsible for various business and function to handle the daily operation and day-to-day management affairs of the Group and report to the Board from time to time.

CHAIRMAN OF THE BOARD AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE

Mr. Fang Bin is the chairman of the Board and is responsible for leading the Board to operate effectively, ensuring the Board handles key affairs in a timely manner, as well as setting up the general business strategies for the Group.

Mr. Fan Youyuan is the chief executive officer of the Company and is authorised by the Board to implement the Group's business and formulate the day-to-day management strategies of the Group.

The Company considers that there is a clear division of the duties and responsibilities of the chairman of the Board and the chief executive. There is no relationship in respect of any financial, business, family or other material relevant aspects among members of the Board. All of them are free to exercise their independent judgment.

COMPOSITION OF THE BOARD

During the Year and as at the date of this annual report, the Board comprised eight Directors, five of whom are executive Directors (namely, Mr. Fang Bin, Mr. Fan Youyuan, Mr. Patrick Zheng, Mr. Huang Wei and Mr. Song Yijun) and three of whom are independent non-executive Directors (namely, Mr. Zhou Ruijin, Mr. Lin Zhiming and Ms. Hsu Wai Man, Helen).

Each of Mr. Zhou Ruijin, Mr. Lin Zhiming and Ms. Hsu Wai Man, Helen, all being independent non-executive Directors, has entered into a service contract with the Company for a term of three years commencing from 27 April 2015, subject to retirement and re-election at the annual general meeting of the Company.

All Directors (including independent non-executive Directors) have clear terms of appointment. The independent non-executive Directors possess appropriate academic and professional qualifications. The Company has received from each of the independent non-executive Directors an annual independence confirmation under Rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules, and considers that all the independent non-executive Directors are independent.

FINANCIAL REPORTING

The Directors acknowledge their responsibility for preparing the accounts of the Company. In preparing the financial statements for the Review Period, the Directors were not aware of any material uncertainties relating to events or conditions which may cast significant doubt upon the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. Accordingly, the Directors have prepared the financial statements of the Company on a going-concern basis.

The responsibilities of the external auditors regarding their financial reporting are set out in the independent auditor's report attached to this annual report.

BOARD MEETINGS, COMMITTEE MEETING AND GENERAL MEETING

The Company convenes meetings for the Board and board committees in accordance with the requirements of the Listing Rules and the articles of association of the Company. During the Review Period, the attendance of each Director in Board meetings, committee meetings of the Board and general meeting is set out as follows:

Attendance/Number of meetings during the Review Period

					Risk	
	The	Audit	Remuneration	Nomination	Management	
	Board	Committee	Committee	Committee	Committee	General
	Meeting ⁽⁵⁾					
Executive Directors						
Fang Bin	3/4					1/1
Fan Youyuan	4/4				1/1	1/1
Patrick Zheng	4/4					1/1
Huang Wei	4/4					1/1
Song Yijun	3/4					1/1
Independent non-executive						
Directors						
Zhou Ruijin	4/4	3/3	1/1	1/1		1/1
Lin Zhiming	4/4	3/3	1/1	1/1	1/1	1/1
Hsu Wai Man, Helen	4/4	3/3	1/1	1/1		1/1
Chief Operating Officer						
Huo Zhongyan					1/1	

CONTINUOUS PROFESSIONAL DEVELOPMENT OF THE DIRECTORS

The Company regularly dispatches a Directors' management list which sets out the primary business and financial conditions of the Company to the Directors each month, with a view to enhance their understanding of the Company in general. At the same time, the Company also continues to notify the Directors regarding the updates of the Listing Rules and other relevant information about corporate governance and Directors' responsibilities, and arranges for relevant trainings to ensure that the Directors have the knowledge in respect of their responsibilities under relevant laws and regulations. The Company also encourages all the Directors to participate in continuous professional development so that they would be able to develop and update their knowledge and skills, and thus ensure that their contribution to the Board is made while equipped with comprehensive information in accordance their needs.

During the Review Period, the Directors participated in the following training activities:

- 1. participation in trainings and/or seminars in respect of the industries, businesses, Directors' responsibilities and/or corporate governance related to the Company;
- 2. reading the materials in respect of the industries, businesses, Directors' responsibilities and/or corporate governance related to the Company; and/or reading the updated information issued by the Company regularly; and
- 3. participation in trainings and reading materials in relation to their respective professional knowledge and skills.

BOARD COMMITTEES

As an important component of sound corporate governance practices and to oversee the general affairs of the Company in each aspect as well as to assist the Board to perform its duties, the Board had set up four board committees, which are Audit Committee, Remuneration Committee, Nomination Committee and Risk Management Committee. All members of Audit Committee, Remuneration Committee and Nomination Committee are independent non-executive Directors to ensure that independent and objective opinions could be sufficiently expressed and that the committees can serve the role of inspection and supervision.

The list of members and terms of reference of each of the board committees are disclosed on the websites of the Company and the Stock Exchange.

AUDIT COMMITTEE

The Audit Committee has 3 members, comprising Ms. Hsu Wai Man, Helen, Mr. Lin Zhiming and Mr. Zhou Ruijin (all being independent non-executive Directors). This committee is chaired by Ms. Hsu Wai Man, Helen.

The primary duties of the Audit Committee are, among others, (i) to monitor, review the financial reports and give advice on matters in respect of financial reporting; (ii) to make recommendations to the Board on the appointment, reappointment and removal of external auditors; and (iii) to oversee internal control procedures of the Company.

During the Review Period, the Audit Committee had held 3 meetings to (i) review and approve the 2016 annual results announcement and annual report and the 2017 interim results announcement and interim report; (ii) review the internal control of the Company; and (iii) discuss with external auditors about the financial risk of the Group.

The Audit Committee had reviewed the audited financial statements, annual results announcement and annual report of the Group for the Year and had submitted the same to the Board for approval. Members of the Audit Committee were of the opinion that the preparation of such results announcement and annual report has complied with the applicable accounting standards, the Listing Rules and that adequate disclosure had been made.

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REMUNERATION COMMITTEE

The Remuneration Committee has 3 members, comprising Mr. Zhou Ruijin, Ms. Hsu Wai Man, Helen and Mr. Lin Zhiming (all being independent non-executive Directors). This committee is chaired by Mr. Zhou Ruijin.

The primary duties of the Remuneration Committee are, among others, (i) to make recommendations to the Board on the remuneration package of executive Directors and senior management of the Company; and (ii) to ensure that none of the Directors determined his/her own remuneration.

The goal of developing staff remuneration packages is to enable the Company to motivate the executive Directors and senior management by linking their remuneration to the Company's operating results, individual performances and comparable market rates.

The Remuneration Committee held 1 meeting during the Review Period to review the overall remuneration policy and structure relating to the Directors and senior management of the Company.

NOMINATION COMMITTEE

The Nomination Committee has 3 members, comprising Mr. Zhou Ruijin, Mr. Lin Zhiming and Ms. Hsu Wai Man, Helen (all being independent non-executive Directors). This committee is chaired by Mr. Zhou Ruijin.

The primary duties of the Nomination Committee is to make recommendations to the Board regarding the appointment of Directors and candidates to fill vacancies of the Board.

The Nomination Committee held 1 meeting during the Review Period to among others, review the structure, size and composition (including the skills, knowledge and experience) of the Board, assessed the independence of the independent non-executive Directors and review the qualifications of the proposed Directors to be re-elected at the annual general meetings of the Company.

Furthermore, the Group has developed policies in relation to the diversity of members of the Board and the summary of those policies is stated as follows:

- (1) selection of Board members will be based on a range of diversity perspectives, which would include but not limited to gender, age, cultural and educational background, professional experience, skills, knowledge and length of service; and
- (2) the Nomination Committee will monitor the implementation of the diversity policy by the Company from time to time to ensure the effectiveness of the diversity policy.

RISK MANAGEMENT COMMITTEE

During the Review Period, the Risk Management Committee had 3 members, comprising Mr. Fan Youyuan (being an executive Director), Mr. Lin Zhiming (being an independent non-executive Director) and Mr. Huo Zhongyan (being the chief operating officer of the Company). Upon his resignation as the chief operating officer, Mr. Huo Zhongyan ceased to be a member of the Risk Management Committee on 31 December 2017. As at the date of this annual report, the committee is chaired by Mr. Fan Youyuan and comprises only two members which does not fulfill the requirement under Clause 3 of the Terms of Reference of the Risk Management Committee that the Risk Management Committee shall consist of not less than three members. The Company will use its best endeavors to identify a suitable candidate to fill the vacancy so as to comply with the Terms of Reference of the Risk Management Committee as soon as practicable. Further announcement(s) will be made by the Company in due course as and when appropriate.

The primary duties of the Risk Management Committee are, among others, (i) to advise the Board on the overall risk preference/tolerance and risk management strategies of the Group; (ii) to monitor the implementation of those strategies by the senior management that are established and approved by the Board, and to review whether such strategies are aligned with the Company's overall business objectives; and (iii) review the effectiveness of the internal audit function of the Company.

The Risk Management Committee held 1 meeting during the Review Period to review the potential risks in overall business, risk management strategies of the Group and the effectiveness of the internal audit function of the Company.

SENIOR MANAGEMENT'S REMUNERATION

The remuneration payment of the senior management of the Group (excluding the Directors) in the Year falls within the following band:

	Number of
Remuneration amount	individual
HKD0-HKD1,000,000	6

AUDITOR'S REMUNERATION

Auditing service

During the Review Period, the fees payable to the Company's external auditor, BDO Limited, for the audit services of HK\$1,200,000 are set out as follows:

Services rendered	Fees paid/payable
	HKD

1,200,000

RISK MANAGEMENT AND INTERNAL CONTROLS

The Board of the Company is solely responsible for maintaining sound and effective internal controls and risk management of the Group so as to safeguard the assets of the Group against unauthorised use or disposal, keep appropriate accounting records for the provision of reliable financial information to be used or published within the scope of business, and ensure the compliance with applicable laws and requirements.

The Group's risk management and internal control systems comprise, among others, the relevant financial, operational and compliance controls and risk management procedures, a well-established organizational structure with clearly defined lines of responsibility and authority. Each department is accountable for its daily operations and is required to implement the business strategies and policies adopted by the Board from time to time.

During the Review Period, the related functional departments of the Company supported the Board, the Audit Committee and the Risk Management Committee in reviewing the effectiveness of risk management and internal control systems and performing its functions during the Review Period following an annual audit plan and submitting their reports of findings to the Board, the Audit Committee and the Risk Management Committee at the meetings. The Audit Committee and the Risk Management Committee provide independent review on effectiveness of the internal control and risk management systems of the Group, respectively, and give their recommendation to the Board. The Board is responsible for reviewing the internal audit report and approving policies and procedures designed by the management.

The Board had reviewed the risk management and internal control systems for the year ended 31 December 2017 through the Audit Committee, the Risk Management Committee, the management of the Company, the internal audit department of the Company and external auditors, and considers the systems effective and adequate. Such review covers (i) all material controls, including but not limited to financial, operational and compliance controls; (ii) risks management functions; and (iii) the adequacy of resources, qualifications and experience of staff in connection with the accounting and financial reporting function of the Group and their training programmes and relevant budget.

The risk management and internal control systems of the Company are designed to manage rather than eliminate the risk of failure in operational system and to provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance against material misstatement or loss. The systems are designed to further safeguard the Group's assets, maintain appropriate accounting records and financial reporting, achieve efficiency of operations and ensure compliance with the Listing Rules and all other applicable laws and regulations.

The Group will engage external independent professionals to review its risk management and internal control systems and further enhance its risk management and internal control systems as appropriate.

COMPANY SECRETARY

Mr. Tam Tak Kei, Raymond (CPA) was appointed as the company secretary of the Company on 10 April 2012. Mr. Tam Tak Kei, Raymond has satisfied the requirements in respect of receiving professional trainings under Rule 3.29 of the Listing Rules.

Mr. Tam is an external service provider and Mr. Song Yijun, an executive Director, is the designated person whom Mr. Tam can contact.

INVESTORS RELATIONS

The Company endeavours to develop and maintains continuing relationships and effective communications with the shareholders and investors of the Company. During the Year, there was no material change in the articles of association of the Company.

INVESTORS RELATIONS ACTIVITIES

The Company conveys information to shareholders and investment community primarily through the financial reports of the Company, annual general meetings and other general meetings that may be held, as well as the provision of all discloseable information which had been submitted to the Stock Exchange and other information published on the Company's website.

The last shareholders' meeting was the annual general meeting held on 8 June 2017 at 10 a.m. on the 4th Floor, No. 696 Weihai Road, Jingan District, Shanghai, the PRC for approval of, among other things, the general mandates to issue and purchase shares of the Company and the re-election and re-appointment of the Directors. All proposed ordinary resolutions were passed by way of poll at the meeting.

In addition, during the Review Period, the management of the Company conducted effective meetings and communications with analysts and investors through organizing and participating in one-on-one meetings and press releases.

SHAREHOLDERS' RIGHTS

Convening extraordinary general meetings

Pursuant to Article 64 of the articles of association of the Company, any shareholders, at the date of deposit of the requisition, holding not less than one-tenth of the paid-up capital of the Company carrying the right of voting at general meetings of the Company shall at all times have the right, by written requisition to the Board or the secretary of the Company, to require an extraordinary general meeting to be called by the Board for the transaction of any business specified in such requisition; and such meeting shall be held within two months after the deposit of such requisition. If within 21 days of such deposit the Board fails to proceed to convene such meeting, the requisitionist(s) himself (themselves) may do so in the same manner, and all reasonable expenses incurred by the requisitionist(s) as a result of the failure of the Board to convene such meeting shall be reimbursed to the requisitionist(s) by the Company.

Procedures for putting forward proposals at general meetings by shareholders

Pursuant to article 113 of the articles of association of the Company, no person (other than a retiring Director) shall, unless recommended by the Board for election, be eligible for election to the office of Director at any general meeting unless a notice in writing of the intention to propose that person for election as a Director and notice in writing by that person of his willingness to be elected shall have been lodged at the head office or at the registration office of the Company no earlier than the day after the dispatch of the notice of the general meeting appointed for such election and end no later than 7 days prior to the date of such general meeting and the minimum length of the period during which such notices to the Company may be given will be at least 7 days. The procedures for shareholders of the Company to propose a person for election as a Director are posted on the website of the Company.

Enquiries to the Board

Shareholders could direct their questions about their shareholdings to the Company's share registrar in Hong Kong, Tricor Investor Services Limited. The investment community may at any time make a request for the Company's information to the extent such information is publicly available and we would provide designated contact person, email addresses and hotline of the Company in order to enable them to make any query in respect of the Company.

Shareholders and potential investors are welcome to communicate with the Company by emailing to ir@brandingchinagroup.com or telephone at +8621 61160021. Shareholders may also put forward their written enquiries to the Board at 4th Floor, No. 696 Weihai Road, Jing'an District, Shanghai 200041, the PRC, to the attention of the Board.

ENVIRONMENTAL, SOCIAL AND GOVERNANCE REPORT

ABOUT THIS REPORT

The Group is committed to improving our Environmental, Social and Governance ("ESG") performance by upholding good corporate governance standards, protecting our environment, engaging the community and promoting social integration.

This is the second ESG report of the Group, which has been prepared in compliance with the "Environmental, Social and Governance Reporting Guide" set out in Appendix 27 to the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on the Main Board of The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited and based on actual conditions of the Company. Adhering to the reporting principles of materiality, quantitative, balance and consistency, this report aims at sharing our performance in aspect of sustainable development and summarizing our efforts made on sustainability during the year ended 31 December 2017. Our reporting boundary is limited to, Hong Kong and China unless otherwise specified.

The board of directors has approved the content of the report. We value your feedback regarding the review and our overall sustainability practices. Please provide your comments by email to ir@brandingchinagroup.com.

ENVIRONMENTAL PERFORMANCE

We are committed to the long term sustainability of the environment and communities in which we operate. To our best knowledge, we have complied with all relevant laws and regulations regarding environmental issues in which we operate during the reporting year. During the year ended 31 December 2017, we measured and managed our environmental performance in several aspects throughout our operations.

AIR EMISSIONS

Air pollution has become one of the major critical problems in cities. We reckon that every company should take its responsibility to tackle this problem. The Group has never been engaged in industrial or agricultural production and is a service enterprise. The source of emissions was daily office work in general office environment, and the emissions could be categorised as greenhouse gas and poison-free wastes (domestic waste). The Group had no other harmful waste emission to the atmosphere.

Our air emissions generated mainly from gasoline consumption of our vehicles in 2017 are as follows:

Air Emissions	Unit	
Total NOx	Emissions tonnes	9 x 10 ⁻³
Total SOx	Emissions tonnes	7.2 x 10 ⁻⁵
Total PM	Emissions tonnes	6.75 x 10 ⁻⁴

GREENHOUSE GAS EMISSIONS AND ENERGY CONSERVATION

The impact of global climate change is a challenge that businesses and organisations around the world must face and address. Our greenhouse gas emissions are mainly from direct emmissions from gasoline consumption of our vehicles and indirect emissions generated by using outsourced electricity. The following table shows the figures of our greenhouse gas emissions during the reporting year.

Greenhouse Gas Emissions	Unit	
Total Scope 1 direct Emissions	tCO,e	22.54
Total Scope 2 indirect Emissions	tCO ₂ e	9.68
Total Greenhouse Gas Emissions	tCO,e	32.22

The Group strives to maximize resource efficiency and is gradually transforming itself into a low-carbon business model. In 2017, total direct energy consumption from use of gasoline was 10,000 liters. In addition, total indirect energy consumption from the use of electricity was 31,025 kWh. The Group's total water consumption was 296 m³.

		Total amount
Types of resources	Unit	in 2017
Purchased Electricity	kWh	31,025
Gasoline	liter	10,000
Tap water	m³	296

To reduce our carbon footprint, we have implemented the following measures:

We use energy-efficient equipment and lighting devices in our offices and turn on and off only when use and after. We set a higher temperature for air conditioners in summer time and a lower temperature in winter time.

WASTE MANAGEMENT AND REDUCTION

We work diligently in reducing our waste produced from operations by sorting of waste, and to reuse materials wherever possible. We recognise the importance of waste reduction and waste separation at source for recycling. We have put continuous efforts to implement various waste management initiatives in our office operations. We have implemented various waste reduction measures as follows:

We reduce paper consumption by using electronic means (e.g. email) for communication, sourcing our office paper with recycled content and printing only when necessary and reusing single-sided printed paper and stationeries.

Apart from above resources management, no significant amount of hazardous waste was produced and emitted to water and land. Therefore, the Group does not collect the data of hazardous waste. The following table shows the figures of material consumption in our business operations:

Material Consumption	Unit		
Paper Consumption	tonnes	0.4	
Toner Consumption	pieces	18	

NATURAL RESOURCES AND ENVIRONMENT

Due to the features of the service industry, business activities of the Group had no significant impact on environment and natural resources. Meanwhile, we recognise that businesses must take responsibility for their industry's effects on the environment and we should bear the responsibilities and fulfill the obligations of protecting them and making appropriate use.

We are committed to applying industry best practices and comply with legislation, establish and review safety, security and environment objectives and targets, use energy and materials efficiently and reduce waste and emissions and communicate our environmental protection policy to all staff.

SOCIAL PERFORMANCE

We recognise the importance of compliance with regulatory requirements and risk of non-compliance with the laws and regulations regarding social issues. We have complied with the relevant laws and regulations that have a significant impact on the business and operation of the Group during this reporting year.

EMPLOYMENT AND LABOUR PRACTICES

The achievements made by the Group were inseparable from the joint efforts of all staff members, whilst the Group needed to join hands with them for its future development. Therefore, employee benefits were regarded as one of the primary objectives with a view to reward all employees who had contributed to the Group.

The Group was committed to creating an excellent working environment. Comfortable offices were located in convenient locations with pleasing landscape. Based on the features of its principal business, the Group set appropriate working hours and rest breaks for all staff members. Working hours could also be flexibly adjusted according to job positions for adapting to different functions. We also provided paid wedding leave, causal leave and compassionate leave in addition to statutory holidays and distributed welfare items to employees on traditional holidays.

As at 31 December 2017, the Group employs 73 staff in total.

Workforce statistic by gender, employment type, employment category and age group:

	Staff Number
Breakdown by gender	
Employees — Female	52
Employees — Male	21
Breakdown by age group	
Employees Age <30	34
Employees Age 30–50	36
Employees Age >50	3
Breakdown by employment type	
Employees — Full-time	73
Employees — Part-time	0
Breakdown by employment category	
Employees — Management	5
Employees — Manager	17
Employees — General	51

HEALTH AND SAFETY

Ensuring health and safety of our employees is one of our prime responsibilities.

The Group endeavours to provide a safe and healthy work environment for employees to protect them from work-related accidents or injuries. In addition, the Group provides annual health checks for employees.

The health of employees had never been impaired by work during the year ended 31 December 2017.

DEVELOPMENT AND TRAINING

The Group provided employees with training and development opportunities, with the aim of making progress with them. In the course of its daily business, the Group purchased books and other materials related to its business for learning in accordance with the needs of its employees. Sharing and exchanges as well as training and examinations of industry related certifications for employees were arranged accordingly.

LABOUR STANDARD

The Group prohibits the use of child labour and forced or compulsory labour at all its units and suppliers. No employee is made to work against his/her will or work as forced labour, or subject to corporal punishment or coercion of any type related to work.

The Group has zero-tolerance to employment of child labor and forced labor by our suppliers. The Group is not aware of any non-compliance with relevant rules and regulations on preventing child or forced labor.

SUPPLY CHAIN MANAGEMENT

The Group conducted comprehensive inspection on its suppliers in the areas of production and management to ensure they were capable of sustainable development in terms of operation, society and environment.

Regular reviews on existing suppliers were also conducted to ensure they were in comply with codes of conduct related to anticorruption, bribery, etc., with all conflicts of interests (including potential conflicts) declared. Products provided by the Group were categorized as services. Only accurate description for services was used in our marketing activities so that customers were able to make informed decisions. Relevant laws and regulations as well as customer confidentiality obligations were strictly complied with to provide quality year-round services.

COMMITMENT TO SERVICE RESPONSIBILITY

The Group is committed to honesty, integrity and fairness in its business operations. It supports fair trade and operation practices and ensure all marketing and communications materials are updated and in compliance with government regulations in the regions where it operates. The Group adheres to the principles set out in the industry best practices, which outlines high standards of health and safety in workplace to avoid any associated risks to the Company's business activities. The Group is not aware of any material non-compliance with relevant law and regulations on health and safety, advertising and privacy matter related to services provided during the reporting period.

ANTI-CORRUPTION

The Group is committed to maintaining high standard of integrity when doing business as we strongly believe that it is essential to meeting the expectations of our stakeholders.

The Group promotes integrity and prevents unethical pursuits. The Group has implemented an effective whistle-blowing policy for reporting fraud and corruption. We encourage the reporting of suspected business irregularities and provide clear channels specifically for this purpose. When suspected wrongdoings are identified, such as breach of duty, abuse of power, receiving bribes, staff should report to the Board of Directors for investigation and verification, and report to the regulator and or to law enforcement authority when necessary.

During the year ended 31 December 2017, there are no concluded legal cases regarding corrupt practices brought against the Group or its employees during the reporting period.

COMMUNITY INVESTMENT

The Group encourages staff to take part in community welfare and voluntary work and our Directors actively maintain communication with non-governmental organisations to understand community needs for the sake of fulfilling its responsibility and giving back to the society.

REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS

The Directors hereby present their report and the audited financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2017 (the "Financial Statements").

GROUP REORGANISATION

The Company was incorporated as an exempted company in the Cayman Islands on 15 March 2011 under the Companies Laws of Cayman Islands. Through a group reorganisation elaborated in details in the prospectus of the Company dated 17 April 2012 (the "**Prospectus**"), the Company has, since 26 August 2011, become the holding company of the Group. The Company has completed its placing on 27 April 2012 and the shares of the Company were listed on the GEM. The Company entered into an agreement for acquisition on 19 April 2013. As a result of the acquisition, the Group acquired Grand Rapids Mobile and indirectly held the entire equity interests of Ju Liu Information. The listing of shares of the Company (the "**Shares**") was transferred from the GEM to the Main Board on 8 September 2015.

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES

The principal activity of the Company is investment holding. The principal activities of its principal subsidiaries are set out in note 18 to the Financial Statements on pages 89 to 90 of this annual report. During the Year, business activities of the Group include the provision of advertising, public relation and event marketing services as well as park area services, equity investment services and corporate value-added services.

An analysis of the Group's results for the Year by segments is set out in the Financial Statements on pages 75 to 78 of this annual report.

BUSINESS REVIEW

The business review of the Group for the Year is set out in the section headed "Management Discussion and Analysis" on page 8 of this annual report.

RESULTS AND DIVIDEND APPROPRIATIONS

The Group's profit for the Year and the state of affairs of the Company and the Group as at that date are set out in the consolidated statement of changes in equity on page 54 of this annual report.

The Board does not recommend payment of any dividend for the year ended 31 December 2017.

SUMMARY OF FINANCIAL INFORMATION

The summary of the results, assets and liabilities of the Group for the last five financial years is set out on page 5 and page 6 of this annual report.

PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

Details of movements in the property, plant and equipment of the Group are set out in note 16 to the Financial Statements on page 87 of this annual report.

SHARE CAPITAL AND SHARE OPTION

Details of movements in the Company's share capital during the Year are set out in note 30 to the Financial Statements on page 101 of this annual report.

PRE-EMPTIVE RIGHTS

There are no provisions for pre-emptive rights under the Company's articles of association or the laws of the Cayman Islands which would oblige the Company to offer new Shares on a pro-rata basis to existing shareholders.

TAX RELIEF

The Company is not aware of any relief from taxation available to shareholders by reason of their holdings in the Shares of the Company.

RESERVES

Details of the movements in the reserves of the Company and the Group during the Year are set out in note 31 to the Financial Statements and the consolidated statement of changes in equity on page 102 of this annual report, respectively.

DISTRIBUTABLE RESERVES

As at 31 December 2017, the Company's reserves available for distribution amounted to approximately RMB15,297,298 as computed in accordance with the Companies Law, Cap. 22 (Law 3 of 1961, as consolidated and revised) of the Cayman Islands.

MAJOR CLIENTS AND SUPPLIERS

The percentages of sales and purchases for the Year attributable to the Group's major clients and suppliers were as follows:

- (1) The aggregate amount of revenue attributable to the Group's five largest clients represented approximately 65.30% of the Group's total revenue. The amount of revenue from the Group's largest client represented approximately 19.16% of the Group's total revenue.
- (2) The aggregate amount of purchases attributable to the Group's five largest suppliers represented approximately 49.63% of the Group's total purchases. The amount of purchases from the Group's largest supplier represented approximately 16.55% of the Group's total purchases.

None of the Directors or any of their close associates or any shareholders (which, to the best knowledge of the Directors, owns more than 5% of the Company's issued share capital) had any beneficial interest in the Group's five largest clients and/ or five largest suppliers.

DIRECTORS

The Directors as at the date of this annual report were as follows:

Executive Directors:

Mr. Fang Bin

Mr. Fan Youyuan

Mr. Patrick Zheng

Mr. Huang Wei

Mr. Song Yijun

Independent non-executive Directors:

Mr. Zhou Ruijin

Mr. Lin Zhiming

Ms. Hsu Wai Man, Helen

Pursuant to Article 108(a) of the articles of the association of the Company, at each annual general meeting, one-third of the Directors for the time being shall retire from office by rotation, whereby Mr. Fang Bin, Mr. Lin Zhiming and Mr. Zhou Ruijin will retire from office as Directors at the forthcoming annual general meeting, and being eligible, offer themselves for reelection.

BIOGRAPHIES OF DIRECTORS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT

The biographical details of the Directors and other senior management are disclosed in the section headed "Biographical Details of Directors and Senior Management" on page 11 of this annual report.

DIRECTORS' SERVICE CONTRACTS

No Director proposed for re-election at the forthcoming annual general meeting has entered into a service contract with the Company which is not determinable by the Company within one year without payment of compensation (other than statutory compensation).

DIRECTORS' INTERESTS IN CONTRACTS

Save as disclosed in the section headed "Continuing Connected Transactions" in this annual report, no Director had a material interest in any contract of significance to the business of the Group to which the Company or any of its subsidiaries was a party subsisting during the Year or as at 31 December 2017. Please refer to the section headed "Continuing Connected Transactions" in this annual report for the particulars of the contract of significance between member of the Group and the controlling shareholder of the Company.

MANAGEMENT CONTRACTS

Save as the Structured Contracts (details of which are set out in the section headed "Continuing Connected Transactions" below), no contracts concerning the management and administration of the whole or any substantial part of the business of the Group were entered into or existed during the Year.

REMUNERATION OF THE DIRECTORS

Details of the remuneration of the Directors are set out in note 9 to the Financial Statements on page 81 of this annual report.

PERMITTED INDEMNITY

Pursuant to the Company's Articles of Association, the Directors, Managing Directors, alternate Directors, Auditors, Secretary and other officers for the time being of the Company shall be indemnified and held harmless by the Company from and against all actions, costs, charges, losses, damages and expenses which they or any of them shall or may incur or sustain by or about the execution of their duty in their offices or in relation thereto.

EMOLUMENT POLICY

The Remuneration Committee is set up for the purpose of, among others, reviewing the Group's emolument policy and structure for all remuneration of the Directors and senior management of the Group, having regard to the Group's operating results, individual performance and comparable market practices. The remuneration of the Directors is determined with reference to the economic situation, the market conditions, the responsibilities and duties assumed by each Director as well as their individual performance.

The Company has adopted an employees' share award scheme and a share option scheme as incentive to Directors and eligible employees, details of which are set out in the sections headed "Employees' Share Award Scheme" and "Share Option Scheme" on pages 35 to 37 of this annual report.

PENSION SCHEMES

The employees of the Group's subsidiaries which operate in the PRC participate in the central pension schemes operated by the local government. Particulars of these central pension schemes are set out in note 3(n) to the Financial Statements.

NON-COMPETITION UNDERTAKING

In order to protect the Group's interest in its business activities, the Company, Lapta International Limited, Mr. Fang Bin (the controlling shareholders of the Company during the Review Period and an executive Director), Ms. He Weiqi (a then executive Director) and Mr. Song Yijun (an executive Director) (collectively, the "Covenantors") entered into the deed of noncompetition (the "Deed") on 10 April 2012. Under the terms of the Deed, each of the Covenantors, among others, has irrevocably and unconditionally undertaken to the Company (for itself and for the benefit of each of its subsidiaries for the time being) that with effect from the date of listing of the Company on the Stock Exchange and for so long as he/it remains as a Director and/or a controlling shareholder of the Company or during the period when the Shares remain listed on the Stock Exchange, except for transactions contemplated under agreements (if any) entered or to be entered into with the Group, that he/it will not, and will procure his/its associates (other than the Group) not to compete directly or indirectly with the businesses of the Group. Ms. He Weiqi resigned as an executive Director on 20 January 2015, thus she ceased to be one of the Covenantors.

Details of the Deed have been set out in the section headed "Relationship with Controlling Shareholders" of the Prospectus. The Company has received a written confirmation from each of the Covenantors in respect of its/his compliance with the terms of the Deed during the Year and up to the date of this annual report.

DIRECTORS' INTERESTS IN COMPETING BUSINESSES

During the Year and up to the date of this annual report, none of the Directors or any of their respective associates, has engaged in any business that competes or may compete with the business of the Group, or has any other conflict of interest with the Group.

PURCHASE, SALE OR REDEMPTION OF LISTED SECURITIES

Neither the Company nor any of its subsidiaries had purchased, sold or redeemed any of the Company's securities during the Year.

ENVIRONMENTAL POLICIES AND PERFORMANCE

As a responsible corporation, the Group strives to ensure minimal environmental impacts by carefully managing our energy consumption, water usage and waste production. At office level, the Company has implemented green initiatives and encourage staff to join environmental related training. For further details, please refer to the section headed "Environmental, Social and Governance Report" of this annual report.

COMPLIANCE WITH LAWS AND REGULATIONS

The Board pays attention to the Group's policies and practices on compliance with legal and regulatory requirements. External compliance and legal advisers are engaged to ensure transactions and business performed by the Group are within the applicable legal framework. Updates on applicable laws, rules and regulations are brought to the attention of relevant employees and operation units from time to time.

As far as the Board and the management are aware, save as disclosed above, the Group has complied in material respects with the relevant laws and regulations that have a significant impact on the business and operation of the Group. During the Year, there was no breach of or non-compliance with the applicable laws and regulations by the Group.

PRINCIPAL RISKS AND UNCERTAINTIES

The Board considers that the demands on the integrated marketing communication services in the second half of the year are usually higher than those in the first half of the year for each financial year. The main reason is due to the increase in the expenses of advertising and public relation activities to facilitate the sales and in turn achieve the annual sales target of brand owners.

However, the Company may not be able to predict the changes of factors including seasonality and economical conditions in the PRC and other places worldwide in the future accurately due to the fact that any negative changes of such factors could results in the fluctuations of the Group's business directly or indirectly.

The Board also considers that factors including foreign exchange exposure (detailed in the section headed "Foreign Exchange Risk" under "Management Analysis and Discussion" in this annual report) and contractual arrangements (detailed in the section headed "Contractual Arrangements" under "Report of the Directors" in this annual report) may inflict adverse impact on the Group.

FUTURE DEVELOPMENT OF THE BUSINESS

In the coming year, the Group targets to further complete its transformation, innovate, expand park area services and other new business capacity.

AUDIT COMMITTEE

The Audit Committee together with the management have reviewed the accounting standards and practices adopted by the Group and discussed auditing, internal controls and financial reporting matters in connection with the preparation of the audited consolidated financial statements of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2017.

SUFFICIENCY OF PUBLIC FLOAT

Based on the information that is publicly available to the Company and within the knowledge of the Directors, the Company has maintained the amount of public float as required under the Listing Rules as at the latest practicable date prior to the issuance of this annual report.

AUDITOR

BDO Limited has been appointed by the Directors as the first auditor of the Company since the Listing Date. BDO Limited will retire, and being eligible, offer themselves for re-appointment at the forthcoming annual general meeting of the Company. A resolution for its re-appointment as auditor of the Company will be proposed at the forthcoming annual general meeting of the Company. The consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2017 of the Company have been audited by BDO Limited.

EMPLOYEES' SHARE AWARD SCHEME

On 29 September 2014, the Company has adopted an employees' share award scheme (the "**Share Award Scheme**"). The Share Award Scheme is to recognise the contributions by certain selected employees and to give incentives thereto in order to retain them for the continual operations and development of the Group and to attract suitable personnel for further development of the Group.

The Share Award Scheme does not constitute a share option scheme pursuant to Chapter 17 of the Listing Rules and is a discretionary award scheme of the Company. For details of the Share Award Scheme, please refer to the announcement of the Company dated 29 September 2014.

No Share was awarded under the Share Award Scheme during the Year.

SHARE OPTION SCHEME

The Company adopted a share option scheme (the "Share Option Scheme") on 10 April 2012.

Purpose

The purpose of the Share Option Scheme is to attract and retain the eligible persons, to provide additional incentive to them and to promote the success of the business of the Group.

Participants

The Board are authorised, at their absolute discretion and subject to the terms of the Share Option Scheme, to grant options to subscribe the Shares to, inter alia, any employees (full-time or part-time), Directors, consultants, advisors, distributors, contractors, suppliers, agents, clients, business partners or service providers of the Group.

Total number of Shares available for issue under the Share Option Scheme

The maximum number of Shares in respect of which options may be granted under the Share Option Scheme shall not in aggregate exceed 10% of the issued share capital of the Company as at the Listing Date (i.e. a total of 20,000,000 Shares, representing approximately 7.94% of the issued share capital of the Company as at the date of this annual report).

Maximum entitlement of each participant

The total number of shares issued and to be issued upon exercise of options (including both exercised and outstanding options) by any participant under the Share Option Scheme, in any 12-month period up to the date of grant shall not exceed 1% of the issued shares of the Company.

Term of subscription of Shares upon exercise of Share Options

An option may be exercised by the grantee in accordance with the terms of the Share Option Scheme at any time during a period as the Board may determine which shall not exceed ten years from the date of grant and subject to the provisions of early termination thereof.

Minimum period for which an option must be held before it can be exercised

The Board may in its absolute discretion set a minimum period for which an option must be held and performance targets must be achieved before an option can be exercised.

Term of acceptance and the amount payable on acceptance of the option

An offer for the grant of options must be accepted within seven days inclusive of the day on which such offer is made. The amount payable by the grantee of an option to the Company on acceptance of the offer for the grant of an option is HK\$1.00.

Basis of determining the subscription price

The subscription price of a share in respect of any particular option granted under the Share Option Scheme shall be a price solely determined by the Board and notified to a participant and shall be at least the highest of: (i) the closing price of the shares as stated in the Stock Exchange's daily quotations sheet on the date of grant of the option; (ii) the average of the closing prices of the shares as stated in the Stock Exchange's daily quotations sheets for the 5 business days immediately preceding the date of grant of the option; and (iii) the nominal value of the shares on the date of grant of the option.

Valid term for the Share Option Scheme

The Share Option Scheme became unconditional upon the Listing Date and shall be valid for a period of ten years commencing on 10 April 2012, subject to the early termination provisions contained in the Share Option Scheme.

The Company shall be entitled to grant options, provided that the total number of shares which may be issued upon exercise of all options to be granted under the Share Option Scheme shall not exceed 10% of the Shares in issue on the Listing Date. The Company may at any time refresh such limit, subject to the shareholders' approval and issue of a circular in compliance with the Listing Rules, provided that the total number of shares which may be issued upon exercise of all outstanding options to be granted under the Share Option Scheme shall not exceed 30% of the then Shares of the Company in issue from time to time.

Up to the date of this annual report, no option under the Share Option Scheme has been granted by the Company.

THE INTERESTS AND SHORT POSITIONS OF DIRECTORS AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE IN THE SHARES, UNDERLYING SHARES AND DEBENTURES OF THE COMPANY OR ITS ASSOCIATED CORPORATIONS

As at 31 December 2017, the interests and short positions of the directors and chief executive of the Company in the Shares, underlying Shares and debentures of the Company or its associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the SFO) which were required to be notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange under Divisions 7 and 8 of Part XV of the SFO (including any interests or short positions which they are taken or deemed to have under such provisions of the SFO) or required to be entered in the register of the Company pursuant to section 352 of the SFO, or required to be notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Issuers as set out in Appendix 10 of the Listing Rules, were as follows:

Long positions in the Shares

Name of Directors	Interest in controlled corporation	Total number of ordinary Shares	Approximate percentage
Mr. Fang Bin (方彬) <i>(note 1)</i>	112,500,000	112,500,000	44.68%
Mr. Huang Wei (黃維) <i>(note 2)</i>	20,810,194	20,810,194	8.27%
Mr. Fan Youyuan (范幼元) <i>(note 3)</i>	14,700,000	14,700,000	5.84%

Notes:

- 1. These Shares were owned by Lapta International Limited whose entire interests were beneficially owned by Mr. Fang. Accordingly, under the SFO, Mr. Fang was deemed or taken to be interested in the 112,500,000 Shares held by Lapta International Limited.
- 2. These Shares were owned by Always Bright Enterprises Limited whose entire interests were beneficially owned by Mr. Huang. Accordingly, for the purposes of the SFO, Mr. Huang was deemed or taken to be interested in the 20,810,194 Shares held by Always Bright Enterprises Limited.
- 3. These Shares were owned by Whales Capital Holdings Limited which was wholly-owned by Taocent International Holding Limited which is in turn wholly-owned by Mr. Fan. Accordingly, under the SFO, Mr. Fan was deemed or taken to be interested in the 14,700,000 Shares held by Whales Capital Holdings Limited.

Save as disclosed above, as at 31 December 2017, none of the directors and chief executive of the Company had any interest or short position in the Shares, underlying shares and debentures of the Company or any of its associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the SFO) which were required to be notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange under Divisions 7 and 8 of Part XV of the SFO (including any interests or short positions which he is taken or deemed to have under such provisions of the SFO) or required to be entered in the register of the Company pursuant to Section 352 of the SFO, or required to be notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Issuers as set out in Appendix 10 of the Listing Rules.

SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDERS

As at 31 December 2017, so far as the Directors are aware, without taking into account any Shares which will be issued pursuant to the options which may be granted under the Share Option Scheme, the interests or short positions owned by the following persons (other than the directors or chief executive of the Company) in the shares or underlying shares of the Company which are required to be notified to the Company under Divisions 2 and 3 of Part XV of the SFO or which are required to be recorded in the register of the Company required to be kept under section 336 of the SFO are as follows:

Long positions in the Shares

Number of	percentage of
Niconalaau af	
Number of	the issued
ordinary Shares	share capital
112,500,000	44.68%
26,000,000	10.33%
26,000,000	10.33%
20,810,194	8.27%
20,810,194	8.27%
14,700,000	5.84%
14,700,000	5.84%
14,700,000	5.84%
13,500,000	5.36%
13,500,000	5.36%
13,500,000	5.36%
	112,500,000 26,000,000 26,000,000 20,810,194 20,810,194 14,700,000 14,700,000 14,700,000 13,500,000

Notes:

- 1. Mr. Li Xiangchun beneficially owned the entire issued share capital of Peace C & D Limited, which in turn held 26,000,000 Shares. For the purposes of the SFO, Mr. Li Xiangchun was deemed or taken to be interested in all the Shares held by Peace Foundation Limited.
- 2. Mr. Huang Wei beneficially owned the entire issued share capital of Always Bright Enterprises Limited, which held 20,810,194 Shares. For the purposes of the SFO, Mr. Huang Wei is deemed or taken to be interested in all the Shares held by Always Bright Enterprises Limited. Ms. Yuan Yuan is the spouse of Mr. Huang Wei. For the purposes of the SFO, Ms. Yuan Yuan was deemed or taken to be interested in all the Shares in which Mr. Huang Wei is interested.

- 3. Mr. Fan Youyuan beneficially owned the entire issued share capital of Taocent International Holding Limited, which in turn wholly owned Whales Capital Holdings Limited. Accordingly, under the SFO, Mr. Fan was deemed or taken to be interested in the 14,700,000 Shares held by Whales Capital Holdings Limited. Ms. Yin Rong is the spouse of Mr. Fan Youyuan. For the purposes of SFO, Ms. Yin Rong was deemed or taken to be interested in all Shares in which Mr. Fan Youyuan is interested.
- 4. Mr. Lin Kaiwen beneficially owned the entire issued share capital of Jolly Win Management Limited, which held 13,500,000 Shares. For the purposes of the SFO, Mr. Lin Kaiwen was deemed to be interested in all the Shares held by Jolly Win Management Limited. Ms. Chen Suzhen is the spouse of Mr. Lin Kaiwen. For the purposes of the SFO, Ms. Chen Suzhen was deemed to or taken to be interested in all the Shares in which Mr. Lin Kaiwen is interested.

Save as disclosed above, as at 31 December 2017, the Directors are not aware of any interests or short positions owned by any persons (other than the Directors or chief executive of the Company) in the Shares or underlying shares of the Company which were required to be disclosed under Divisions 2 and 3 of Part XV of the SFO or which were required to be recorded in the register of the Company required to be kept under section 336 of the SFO.

RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The related party transactions of the Company during the year ended 31 December 2017 are set out in note 32 to the Financial Statements on page 103 of this annual report. The related party transactions in relation to the key management personnel remuneration as disclosed in note 32 to the Financial Statements include connected transactions exempt from reporting, announcement and independent shareholders' approval requirements pursuant to Rule 14A.95 of the Listing Rules. Save as the aforesaid, the Directors consider that all other related party transactions disclosed in note 32 to the Financial Statements did not constitute the definition of "connected transactions" or "continuing connected transactions" (as the case may be) under Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules and are therefore not required to comply with any of the reporting, annual review, announcement, or independent shareholders' approval requirements under the Listing Rules. The Company confirmed that it has complied with all applicable reporting, annual review, announcement or independent shareholders' approval requirements in accordance with Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules for all connected transactions and continuing connected transactions of the Group.

CONTINUING CONNECTED TRANSACTIONS

Non-exempt Continuing Connected Transactions

During the Review Period, the following transactions carried out by the Group and the connected persons of the Company constituted continuing connected transactions of the Company under the Listing Rules.

1. Structured Contracts

For the reasons as disclosed in the section headed "Connected Transactions" in the Prospectus, a series of structured contracts (the "Structured Contracts") that were designed to provide Shanghai SumZone Enterprise Management Consultancy Company Limited ("Shanghai SumZone Enterprise"), a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company, with effective control over the financial and operational policies of Shanghai SumZone Media Investment Management Company Limited ("SMU") and (to the extent permitted by PRC laws and regulations) the right to acquire the equity interests in SMU were entered into between or amongst SMU, Shanghai SumZone Enterprise, Mr. Fang Bin or Century Linker (Hong Kong) Limited ("Century Linker"), a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company. As Mr. Fang is a substantial shareholder and an executive Director of the Company and therefore a connected person of the Company, and both SMU and Shanghai SumZone Enterprise are controlled by Mr. Fang, the transactions contemplated under the Structured Contracts constitute continuing connected transactions under the Listing Rules.

- (a) The exclusive consulting and service agreement dated 1 June 2011 was entered into between Shanghai SumZone Enterprise and SMU, pursuant to which Shanghai SumZone Enterprise shall, on an exclusive basis, provide consulting and other supporting services to SMU. In consideration of the provision of the aforesaid services by Shanghai SumZone Enterprise to SMU, SMU has agreed to pay to Shanghai SumZone Enterprise service fee on an annual basis. Service fee payable to Shanghai SumZone Enterprise will be equivalent to the audited revenue before income tax expenses after deducting, amongst other things, all the necessary costs, expenses and business tax expenses incurred from the business operation of SMU. Nevertheless, Shanghai SumZone Enterprise is entitled to adjust the basis of service fee according to the scale of service provided to SMU. The exclusive consulting and service agreement has become effective on 1 June 2011 and shall continue to be in full force and effect until it is terminated by Shanghai SumZone Enterprise by giving SMU a 30 days' prior written notice of termination. SMU shall have no right to terminate the exclusive consulting and service agreement in any event.
- (b) The share pledge agreement dated 1 June 2011 was entered into between Shanghai SumZone Enterprise and Mr. Fang, pursuant to which Mr. Fang agreed to pledge his entire equity interests in SMU to Shanghai SumZone Enterprise to secure the fees and other payables that SMU might be liable to pay to Shanghai SumZone Enterprise under the exclusive consulting and service agreement from time to time. Pursuant to the share pledge agreement, Mr. Fang has undertaken to Shanghai SumZone Enterprise, among other things, not to transfer the interest in his shares in SMU (save and except transfers of shares to Century Linker and/or other designated persons) and not to create or allow any pledge thereon that may affect the rights and interest of Shanghai SumZone Enterprise without the prior written consent from Shanghai SumZone Enterprise. The share pledge agreement shall remain in full force and effect until the termination of the exclusive consulting and service agreement and the discharge of all SMU's obligations under the exclusive consulting and service agreement.
- The exclusive business operating agreement dated 1 June 2011 was entered into amongst Shanghai SumZone (C) Enterprise, SMU and Mr. Fang, pursuant to which (a) at the request of SMU and on condition that SMU has complied with the terms of the exclusive business operating agreement, Shanghai SumZone Enterprise may (but was not obliged to) act as a guarantor for SMU in its business-related agreements or transactions; (b) as a counterquarantee, SMU agreed to pledge its trade receivables and all its assets to Shanghai SumZone Enterprise; (c) SMU should not, without the written approval of Shanghai SumZone Enterprise, conduct any transaction which might affect its assets, rights, obligations or operations; and (d) SMU should appoint a candidate nominated by Shanghai SumZone Enterprise as director(s) of SMU, and SMU should appoint a candidate nominated by Shanghai SumZone Enterprise to be a member of the senior management of SMU. In addition to the aforesaid, Mr. Fang shall transfer all distributable dividends, capital dividend and other asset receivable by him at nil consideration to Shanghai SumZone Enterprise as soon as practicable but in any event no later than three days upon receipt of the same by Mr. Fang. The exclusive business operating agreement shall remain in full force and effect until it is terminated by Shanghai SumZone Enterprise by giving each of SMU and Mr. Fang a 30 days' prior written notice of termination, Shanghai SumZone Enterprise is also entitled to but not obliged to terminate all agreements between itself and SMU if any agreement entered into between them is terminated or expired.

- (d) The exclusive option agreement dated 1 June 2011 was entered into among Century Linker, Mr. Fang and SMU, pursuant to which Mr. Fang, being the sole equity holder of SMU, agreed to grant an irrevocable option to Century Linker to acquire from him all or any of the equity interests he held in SMU, on condition that such acquisition should comply with the PRC laws and regulations, at nil consideration or at nominal price if permissible under the PRC law and regulations. In addition, the consideration will be determined by the parties with reference to the valuation of SMU at the time of transfer. The exclusive option agreement shall continue to be in full force and effect until the transfer of all the equity interests in SMU by Mr. Fang to Century Linker or a transferee as designated by Century Linker (based on the date of registration of such transfer) or otherwise terminated by Century Linker unilaterally by written confirmation.
- (e) The irrevocable power of attorney (the "**Power of Attorney**") dated 1 June 2011 was executed by Mr. Fang. The Power of Attorney enables Shanghai SumZone Enterprise to exercise all the powers of the shareholder of SMU through the chairman of its board of directors, and shall be in full force and effect during the term of the Structured Contracts (note).

Pursuant to Rule 20.42(3) of the GEM Listing Rules (new Rule 20.103)(Rule 14A.105 of the Listing Rules), the Company applied to the Stock Exchange, and the Stock Exchange has agreed to grant a waiver from strict compliance with (i) announcement and independent Shareholders' approval requirements as set out in Chapter 20 of the GEM Listing Rules (Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules) in respect of the transactions contemplated under the Structured Contracts; (ii) the requirement of setting a maximum aggregate annual value (i.e. an annual cap) for the fees payable to Shanghai SumZone Enterprise under the Structured Contracts; and (iii) the requirement of limiting the term of the Structured Contracts to three years or less, for so long as the Shares are listed on the Stock Exchange subject to certain conditions as set out in the section headed "Connected Transactions" in the Prospectus.

On 23 October 2017, Century Linker, Mr. Fang, SMU and Shanghai SumZone Enterprise entered into the SMU Termination Agreement (the "SMU Termination Agreement") whereby the parties thereto agreed that the Structured Contracts in relation to SMU would be terminated. On the same date, Century Linker, Mr. Fang, SMU and SumZone Advertising entered into the Equity Designated Transfer Agreement (the "Equity Designated Transfer Agreement") whereby the parties agreed that Mr. Fang would transfer his equity interest in SMU to SumZone Advertising, an indirect wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company as designated by Century Linker at a total consideration of RMB2,400,000. Besides, Mr. Fang and SumZone Advertising entered into the Equity Transfer Agreement (the "Equity Transfer Agreement") whereby the parties agreed the transfer of the entire equity interest in SMU from Mr. Fang to SumZone Advertising in the manner as stipulated under the Equity Designated Transfer Agreement. As as 31 December 2017, completion of relevant transactions have taken place and SMU has completed the requisite business registration procedures. Upon completion of business registration procedures, the Group included SMU as an indirect wholly-owned subsidiary of the Group by way of acquiring the equity interest of SMU.

Note: On 24 August 2015, Mr. Fang Bin in his capacity as the attorney of the Power of Attorney executed a letter of assignment, pursuant to which Mr. Fang Bin assigned all his rights and obligations under the Power of Attorney to Mr. Song Yijun, a PRC citizen, a Director and the general manager of Shanghai SumZone Enterprise. The letter of assignment is irrevocable and will remain effective so far as Mr. Fang Bin is the chairman of Shanghai SumZone Enterprise.

2. The SumZone Advertising Agreement and the SumZone Marketing Agreement

On the basis of the Structured Contracts and with a view to transferring the Group's Unrestricted Businesses (as defined in the Prospectus) to Shanghai SumZone Advertising Company Limited ("SumZone Advertising") and Shanghai SumZone Marketing Company Limited ("SumZone Marketing") in pursuance of the Group's long term strategic plans, SMU entered into the following agreements with SumZone Advertising and SumZone Marketing:

(a) An advertising agency agreement dated 1 September 2011 as supplemented by two supplemental agreements dated 21 November 2011 and 26 March 2012 respectively (together referred to as the "SumZone Advertising Agreement") entered into between SumZone Advertising and SMU in relation to, amongst other things, the transfer of advertising agency business derived from traditional media from SMU to SumZone Advertising and/or any other PRC subsidiaries of Shanghai SumZone Enterprise. The SumZone Advertising Agreement took effect from 1 September 2011 until the date of termination of the Structured Contracts, and during which, SMU has authorised SumZone Advertising as its exclusive advertising agency in relation to traditional media currently operated or to be operated by SMU. During the term of the SumZone Advertising Agreement, SumZone Advertising shall pay to SMU, on an annual basis, service charges which are equivalent to the operating costs of traditional media operated or to be operated by SMU. At the same time, SumZone Advertising will be entitled to the advertising income of the traditional media operated or to be operated by SMU (including the SMU publications) under the SumZone Advertising Agreement.

SumZone Advertising paid to SMU service charges of RMB178,850 for the operating costs of traditional media operated by SMU for the period ended 23 October 2017. Given that on 23 October 2017, Century Linker, Mr. Fang, SMU and Shanghai SumZone Enterprise entered into the SMU Termination Agreement whereby the parties thereto agreed that the Structured Contracts in relation to SMU would be terminated. Therefore, the SumZone Advertising Agreement was terminated automatically on 23 October 2017. Thereafter, SumZone Advertising will cease to pay the aforesaid service charges to SMU.

(b) An advertising agency agreement dated 1 September 2011 as supplemented by two supplemental agreements dated 21 November 2011 and 26 March 2012 respectively (together referred to as the "SumZone Marketing Agreement") entered into between SumZone Marketing and SMU in relation to, amongst other things, the transfer of advertising agency business derived from digital media from SMU to SumZone Marketing and/or any other PRC subsidiaries of Shanghai SumZone Enterprise. The SumZone Marketing Agreement took effect from 1 September 2011 until the date of termination of the Structured Contracts. Pursuant to the SumZone Marketing Agreement, SMU has authorised SumZone Marketing as its exclusive agency in relation to digital media operated by SMU currently (namely www.cnnauto.com) and in future. During the term of the SumZone Marketing Agreement, SumZone Marketing shall pay to SMU, on an annual basis, service charges which are equivalent to the operating costs of www.cnnauto.com and other digital media operated or to be operated by SMU. At the same time, SumZone Marketing will be entitled to the advertising income of www.cnnauto.com and other digital media operated or to be operated by SMU under the SumZone Marketing Agreement.

SumZone Marketing paid to SMU service charges of RMB178,850 for the operating costs of digital media operated by SMU for the period ended 23 October 2017. Given that on 23 October 2017, Century Linker, Mr. Fang, SMU and Shanghai SumZone Enterprise entered into the SMU Termination Agreement whereby the parties thereto agreed that the Structured Contracts in relation to SMU would be terminated. Therefore, the SumZone Marketing Agreement was terminated automatically on 23 October 2017. Thereafter, SumZone Marketing will ceased to pay the aforesaid service charges to SMU.

The Company has applied to the Stock Exchange, and the Stock Exchange has agreed to grant a waiver from strict compliance with (i) the announcement and independent Shareholders' approval requirements under Chapter 20 of the GEM Listing Rules (Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules) in respect of the transactions contemplated under each of the SumZone Advertising Agreement and the SumZone Marketing Agreement; (ii) the requirement of setting a maximum aggregate annual value (i.e. an annual caps) for the service charges payable to SMU and the advertising income payable to SumZone Advertising and SumZone Marketing under the SumZone Advertising Agreement and the SumZone Marketing Agreement respectively; and (iii) the requirement of limiting the term of each of the SumZone Advertising Agreement and the SumZone Marketing Agreement to three years or less, for so long as the Shares are listed on the Stock Exchange subject to the conditions, where appropriate, applicable to the transactions contemplated under the Structured Contracts set out above.

As described above, the SumZone Advertising Agreement and the SumZone Marketing Agreement were terminated on 23 October 2017. As the advertising agency business derived from traditional media and the advertising agency business derived from digital media were directly signed by SumZone Advertising and SumZone Marketing with advertisers, respectively, and they have formed stable business partnership after years of seamless cooperation, SumZone Advertising and SumZone Marketing therefore maintained the aforementioned operation and continued their business with advertisers after the termination of SumZone Advertising Agreement and SumZone Marketing Agreement. The Company considered that it would not have any material adverse impact on the Company's financial conditions and business operation.

Confirmation of independent non-executive Directors

The independent non-executive Directors have reviewed the Structured Contracts, the SumZone Advertising Agreement, the SumZone Marketing Agreement, the Advertising Agency Agreement and the PR and Event Cooperation Agreement (collectively referred to as the "Continuing Connected Transactions") and confirmed that during the Year:

- (i) the transactions under the Structured Contracts were carried out in accordance with the relevant provisions of the Structured Contracts so that the revenue generated by SMU has been mainly retained by the Group;
- (ii) no dividends or other distributions have been made by SMU to the holders of its equity interests which are not otherwise subsequently assigned or transferred to the Group;
- (iii) the terms of the Structured Contracts are fair and reasonable so far as the Company is concerned and in the interests of the Shareholders as a whole;
- (iv) the Continuing Connected Transactions have been entered into in the ordinary and usual course of business of the Company;
- (v) the Continuing Connected Transactions are on normal commercial terms or, on terms no less favourable to the Company than terms available to or from (as appropriate) independent third parties; and
- (vi) the Continuing Connected Transactions have been entered into in accordance with the relevant agreements governing them on terms that are fair and reasonable and in the interests of the Shareholders of the Company as a whole. Please refer to the Prospectus for further details of the Continuing Connected Transactions.

In addition, our independent non-executive directors have reviewed the SMU Termination Agreement, the Equity Designated Transfer Agreement and the Equity Transfer Agreement and confirmed that the terms of these agreements are fair and reasonable, on normal commercial terms and in the interests of the Group as a whole.

Confirmation of the Board

The Board confirms that no events have occurred that causes them to believe that the Continuing Connected Transactions:

- (i) have not been approved by the Board;
- (ii) were not, in all material respects, in accordance with the pricing policies of the Group if the transactions involves the provision of goods or service by the Group;
- (iii) were not entered into, in all material respects, in accordance with the relevant agreement(s) governing the transactions; and
- (iv) have exceeded the cap amount.

Confirmation of auditors of the Company

BDO Limited, the Company's auditor, was engaged to report on the Group's Continuing Connected Transactions in accordance with Hong Kong Standard on Assurance Engagements 3000 Assurance Engagements Other Than Audits or Reviews of Historical Financial Information and with reference to Practice Note 740 Auditor's Letter on Continuing Connected Transactions under the Hong Kong Listing Rules issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants. BDO Limited has issued its unqualified letter containing its findings and conclusions in respect of the aforesaid Continuing Connected Transactions in accordance with Rule 14A.56 of the Listing Rules. A copy of such letter has been provided by the Company to the Hong Kong Stock Exchange.

CONTRACTUAL ARRANGEMENTS

Reasons for use and termination of contractual arrangements

As certain business activities of the Group previously carried out under SMU (a domestic company established in the PRC with limited liability and is directly wholly owned by Mr. Fang Bin) are subject to prohibition or restriction on foreign investment under the PRC laws (the "**Restricted Businesses**"), the Group could not have direct equity holding in SMU but maintained its effective control over the financial and operational policies of SMU through the Structured Contracts which effectively transfer the economic benefits and pass the risks associated with SMU to the Company.

A summary of the Structured Contracts is set out in the paragraphs under the section headed "Continuing Connected Transactions" in this annual report. Further details of the Structured Contracts including but not limited to its background, parties involved, major terms, measures to ensure the operation and compliance, effect and legality, manner of settlement in the event of dispute were set out in the sub-section "History, Reorganisation and Corporate Structure — Structured Contracts" in the Prospectus. Risks in relation to the Structured Contracts were set out under the sub-section "Risk Factors — Risks Associated with the Structured Contracts" in the Prospectus.

In view of the changes in the traditional media market (i.e. the decline of traditional media and the rise of new media), the Group is going through a business model transformation. The Group ceased the production and distribution of the self-operated publications and outsourced the Restricted Business to other PRC service provider(s). The Company considers that there have not been any significant adverse effects on the financial condition and operation of the Group business in connection with the termination of the Contractual Arrangement. By way of terminating the Structured Contracts and acquiring the equity interest of SMU, SMU became a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company, thus allowing the Group to strengthen the control in SMU.

Revenue and assets subject to the Structured Contracts

Set out below are the revenue of the Group generated from the Restricted Business (Subject to the Structured Contracts):

	Year ended 31 December	
	2017	2016
	RMB	RMB
Restricted Businesses Public relation services income	20,059,506	53,077,002
Advertising Business Revenue (before deducting cultural business development charge) Percentage of Restricted Businesses in Advertising Business revenue	125,932,450	172,606,939
(before deducting cultural business development charge)	15.9%	30.75%

As shown in the table above, for the year ended 31 December 2017, the income from Restricted Businesses (public relation services) was approximately 15.9% (2016: approximately 30.75%). All the Restricted Businesses of the Group were taken place before 23 October 2017 and the Group no longer conducted any Restricted Businesses by itself since 23 October 2017.

EVENTS AFTER THE REPORTING PERIOD

The Company has undergone a change in controlling shareholder after East Harvest Global Limited executed the sale and purchase agreement on 24 January 2018 acquiring 187,510,194 ordinary shares of the Company, representing approximately 74.48% of the then entire issued share capital of the Company. The transaction contemplated under the aforesaid sale and purchase agreement was completed on 25 January 2018.

Pursuant to Rule 26.1 of the Hong Kong Code on Takeovers and Mergers, East Harvest Global Limited is required to make a mandatory unconditional cash offer for all the issued shares of the Company (other than those already owned or to be acquired by the East Harvest Global Limited and the parties acting in concert with it). For further details, please refer to the announcements of the Company dated 30 January 2018, 20 February 2018 and 14 March 2018, respectively.

Save as disclosed in this annual report, the Board is not aware of any significant event requiring disclosure that has been taken place subsequent to 31 December 2017 and up to the date of this annual report.

On Behalf of the Board

Branding China Group Limited

Fang Bin

Chairman

Shanghai, the PRC, 29 March 2018

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

TO THE SHAREHOLDERS OF BRANDING CHINA GROUP LIMITED

(incorporated in the Cayman Islands with limited liability)

OPINION

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of Branding China Group Limited (the "Company") and its subsidiaries (together the "Group") set out on pages 46 to 110, which comprise the consolidated statement of financial position as at 31 December 2017, and the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, the consolidated statement of changes in equity and the consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, of the consolidated financial position of the Group as at 31 December 2017, and of its consolidated financial performance and its consolidated cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards and have been properly prepared in compliance with the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

BASIS FOR OPINION

We conducted our audit in accordance with Hong Kong Standards on Auditing ("HKSAs") issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants ("HKICPA"). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the "Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements" section of our report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with the HKICPA's "Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants" (the "Code"), and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

KEY AUDIT MATTERS

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the consolidated financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

Impairment assessment on trade receivables

Refer to note 3(j)(ii), 4 and 22 to the consolidated financial statements

As at 31 December 2017, the Group's gross trade receivables amounted to approximately RMB89.2 million, of which approximately RMB13.4 million was past due. The collectability of the Group's trade receivables and the valuation of the impairment of trade and bills receivables is a key audit matter due to the judgment involved.

Our response:

Our audit procedures in relation to the directors' impairment assessment included:

- reviewing subsequent settlements of the trade receivables;
- enquiring with management of the Group whether there is any impairment indicator for trade receivables and assessing
 whether there is evidence of management bias on impairment assessment of trade receivables by considering the
 consistency of judgement made by the management year on year through discussion with the management to
 understand their rationale:
- testing the aging analysis of the trade receivables, on a sample basis, to the source documents; and
- assessing the reasonableness of recoverability of trade receivables with reference to the credit history including default
 or delay in payments, settlement records, subsequent settlements and aging analysis of individual customer.

OTHER INFORMATION IN THE ANNUAL REPORT

The directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Company's annual report, but does not include the consolidated financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the consolidated financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the consolidated financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the consolidated financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The directors are responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these consolidated financial statements in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards issued by International Accounting Standards Board and the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

The Audit Committee assists the directors in discharging their responsibilities for overseeing the Group's financial reporting process.

AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE AUDIT OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. This report is made solely to you, as a body, in accordance with the terms of our engagement, and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility towards or accept liability to any other person for the contents of this report.

Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with HKSAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with HKSAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's internal control.
- evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the directors.
- conclude on the appropriateness of the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.
- evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Group to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

BDO Limited
Certified Public Accountants
Lee Ka Leung, Daniel
Practising Certificate number P01220

Hong Kong, 29 March 2018

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

For The Year Ended 31 December 2017

		2017	2016
	Notes	RMB	RMB
Cantinging an austinus			
Continuing operations Revenue	6	162,015,156	160,374,361
Cost of sales	O	(142,222,816)	(150,119,592)
Cost of sailes		(142/222/010)	(130,113,332)
Gross profit		19,792,340	10,254,769
Other income and gains	6	1,234,882	3,227,713
Selling and distribution expenses	, and the second	(10,573,430)	(12,474,240)
Administrative and other expenses		(66,437,938)	(36,948,915)
Finance costs	7	(425,428)	(638,718)
Share of loss of associates		(1,890,329)	(4,348,914)
Share of profit of a joint venture		4,844,289	6,583,611
Loss before income tax expense	8	(53,455,614)	(34,344,694)
Income tax expense	11	(1,870,192)	(503,352)
Loss for the year from continuing operations		(55,325,806)	(34,848,046)
Discontinued operations		6	/
Loss for the year from discontinued operations	12	(3,012,125)	(173,901,301)
Loss for the year		(58,337,931)	(208,749,347)
Other community in income			
Other comprehensive income Item that may be reclassified to profit or loss:			
Exchange differences on translating foreign operations		46,127	(29,324)
Exchange unreferees on translating foreign operations		40,127	(23,324)
Total comprehensive income for the year		(59 201 904)	(208,778,671)
Total comprehensive income for the year		(58,291,804)	(208,778,071)
Loss for the year attributable to:			
Owners of the Company Loss for the year from continuing operations		(EC 202 E92)	(25,020,622)
Loss for the year from discontinuing operations Loss for the year from discontinued operations		(56,202,582) (3,012,125)	(35,020,623) (173,901,301)
Loss for the year from discontinued operations		(3,012,123)	(1/3,901,301)
		(EQ 214 707\	(209 021 024)
Non-controlling interests		(59,214,707)	(208,921,924)
Profit for the year from continuing operations		876,776	172,577
operations			.,,,,,,,
		(58,337,931)	(208,749,347)
		(33,337,331)	(200,779,977)

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

For The Year Ended 31 December 2017

2017	2016
Notes RMB	RMB
Total comprehensive income for the year attributable to:	
Owners of the Company	
Loss for the year from continuing operations (56,156,455) (35,049)	947)
Loss for the year from discontinued operations (3,012,125) (173,901	
(7,012,123) (173,301)	,501)
(FO 450 FOO) (200 054	2.40\
(59,168,580) (208,951	,248)
Non-controlling interests	
Profit for the year from continuing operations 876,776 172	2,577
(58,291,804) (208,778	3,671)
Loss per share — Basic and diluted	
·	(0.14)
	(0.70)
— From discontinued operations (0.01)	(0.70)
	(1)
15 (0.24)	(0.84)

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

As At 31 December 2017

		2017	2016
	Notes	RMB	RMB
Assets			
Non-current assets	16	10 690 463	12 500 050
Property, plant and equipment Intangible assets	16 17	10,689,462 44,648,413	12,599,059 50,232,101
Interest in a joint venture	17	44,040,413	24,083,611
Interests in associates	20	_	1,822,595
Available-for-sale financial assets	21	_	2,250,000
Deposits	23	5,584,500	5,584,500
Deferred tax assets	29	1,312,793	4,297,193
Deterred tax assets	23		
Total non-current assets		62,235,168	100,869,059
Current assets			
Trade and bills receivables	22	89,229,785	136,814,137
Prepayments, deposits and other receivables	23	71,056,673	21,759,873
Tax recoverable	23	1,058,629	1,058,629
Restricted bank deposits	24	10,000,000	4,100,000
Cash and cash equivalents	25	53,772,080	80,210,595
		225,117,167	243,943,234
Assets classified as held for sale	13	8,760,115	
Total current assets		233,877,282	243,943,234
Total assets		296,112,450	344,812,293
Liabilities			
Current liabilities			
Trade payables	26	40,976,809	45,121,455
Receipts in advance, other payables and accruals	27	41,928,085	35,634,848
Bank borrowings	28	9,565,000	3,935,000
Current tax liabilities		412,006	412,006
		92,881,900	85,103,309
Liabilities associated with assets classified as held for sale	13	2,927,849	
Total current liabilities		95,809,749	85,103,309
Net current assets		138,067,533	158,839,925
Total assets less current liabilities		200,302,701	259,708,984

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

As At 31 December 2017

		2017	2016
	Notes	RMB	RMB
Non-current liabilities			
Deposits received	27	10,897,805	10,897,805
Deferred tax liabilities	29	8,913,659	10,027,867
Total non-current liabilities		19,811,464	20,925,672
			<u></u>
Total liabilities		115,621,213	106,028,981
Total habilities			
NET ACCETC		100 401 227	220 702 212
NET ASSETS		180,491,237	238,783,312
Capital and reserves attributable to owners of the Company			
Issued capital	30	2,037,681	2,037,681
Reserves		172,904,203	232,073,054
Equity attributable to owners of the Company		174,941,884	234,110,735
Non-controlling interests		5,549,353	4,672,577
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
TOTAL EQUITY		180,491,237	238,783,312
TOTALLOUTT		100,491,237	230,763,312

On behalf of the directors

Director Director

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

For The Year Ended 31 December 2017

	Issued capital RMB	Share premium* RMB	Surplus* RMB	Exchange reserve* RMB	Statutory reserve* RMB (Note)	Retained profits* RMB	Equity attributable to owners of the Company RMB	Non- controlling interest RMB	Total RMB
At 1 January 2016	1,996,737	203,009,101	2,000,000	(868,778)	7,922,791	219,096,999	433,156,850	_	433,156,850
(Loss)/profit for the year Other comprehensive income	-	-	-	(29,324)	-	(208,921,924)	(208,921,924)	172,577	(208,749,347) (29,324)
Total comprehensive income Issue of new shares by way of	-	-	-	(29,324)	-	(208,921,924)	(208,951,248)	172,577	(208,778,671)
placements (note 29) Arising from acquisition of a subsidiary (note 33)	40,944	9,864,189					9,905,133	4,500,000	9,905,133
At 31 December 2016 and 1 January 2017	2,037,681	212,873,290	2,000,000	(898,102)	7,922,791	10,175,075	234,110,735	4,672,577	238,783,312
(Loss)/profit for the year Other comprehensive income	-	-	-	46,127	-	(59,214,707)	(59,214,707) 46,127	876,776	(58,337,931)
Total comprehensive income Disposal of a subsidiary	 		- 	46,127 	(271)	(59,214,707)	(59,168,580)	876,776	(58,291,804) (271)
At 31 December 2017	2,037,681	212,873,290	2,000,000	(851,975)	7,922,520	(49,039,632)	174,941,884	5,549,353	180,491,237

^{*} the aggregate of these reserve accounts are shown in the consolidated statements of financial position at the amounts of RMB172,904,203 and RMB232,073,054 as at 31 December 2017 and 2016 respectively.

Note:

As stipulated by the relevant regulations in the People's Republic of China (the "PRC"), the Company's subsidiaries established and operating in the PRC are required to appropriate 10% of their profit after tax (after offsetting prior year losses) as determined in accordance with the PRC accounting rules and regulations, to the statutory reserve until the statutory reserve balance reaches 50% of the registered capital. The transfer to this statutory reserve must be made before distribution of dividend to equity owners. The statutory reserve fund can be used to make up prior years' losses, if any.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

For The Year Ended 31 December 2017

	2017	2016
	RMB	RMB
Losses before income tax expense		
From continuing operations	(53,455,614)	(34,344,694)
From discontinued operations	(3,012,125)	(174,143,650)
	(56,467,739)	(208,488,344)
Adjustments for:		
Interest income	(913,091)	(441,518)
Finance costs	425,428	638,718
Amortisation of intangible assets	5,583,688	2,464,389
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment	2,251,761	1,440,876
Loss on write-off/disposals of property, plant and equipment	282,293	573,921
Loss on disposal of a subsidiary	155,686	(15 411)
Gain on disposal of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	4 007 007	(15,411)
Impairment loss on trade receivables Reversal of impairment loss on trade receivables	4,007,887	12,478,397
Reversal of impairment loss on prepayment, deposits, and other receivables	(127,050)	(1,589,804)
Impairment loss on prepayments, deposits and other receivables	_	2,610,649
Share of loss of associates	1,890,329	4,348,914
Share of profit on a joint venture	(4,844,289)	(6,583,611)
Impairment loss on remeasurement of assets held for sale	12,849,322	(0,303,011)
Impairment loss on goodwill	-	156,293,197
Impairment loss on intangible assets	_	1,500,221
Operating losses before working capital changes	(34,905,775)	(34,769,406)
Decrease in trade and bills receivables	43,703,515	37,591,961
Increase in prepayments, deposits and other receivables	(57,627,763)	(14,459,191)
Increase in trade and bills payables	15,154,234	3,207,604
Increase in receipts in advance, other payables and accruals	19,518,689	13,468,710
Purchases of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	-	(10,100,000)
Proceed from disposal of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss		10,115,411
Cash flows from operating activities	(14,157,100)	5,055,089
Income taxes paid		(9,250,768)
Net cash used in operating activities	(14,157,100)	(4,195,679)

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

For The Year Ended 31 December 2017

	Notes	2017 RMB	2016 RMB
Cash flows from investing activities			
Balance payment in the acquisition of a subsidiary		_	(40,453,688)
Investment in an associate		(3,000,000)	(4,900,000)
Investment in a joint venture		_	(17,500,000)
Disposal of a subsidiary, net of cash acquired		(11,116,634)	_
Purchase of available-for-sale financial asset		_	(2,250,000)
Purchases of property, plant and equipment		(2,022,719)	(2,831,144)
Proceeds from disposals of property, plant and equipment		1,391,021	98,058
Proceed from disposal of available for sale financial asset		2,250,000	_
Interest received		913,091	441,518
Increase in restricted bank deposits		(5,900,000)	(4,100,000)
Net cash used in investing activities		(17,485,241)	(71,495,256)
Cash flows from financing activities			
Interest paid	34	(425,428)	(638,718)
New borrowings	34	9,565,000	3,935,000
Repayment of borrowings	34	(3,935,000)	(1,880,000)
Net proceeds from issue of ordinary shares			9,905,133
Net cash generated from financing activities		5,204,572	11,321,415
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents		(26,437,769)	(64,369,520)
·			
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents		46,127	(29,324)
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of year		80,210,595	144,609,439
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of year		53,818,953	80,210,595
·			
Analysis of the balances of cash and cash equivalents			
Cash and bank balances included in cash and bank balance	25	53,772,080	80,210,595
Cash and bank balances included in assets held for sale	13	46,873	-
Cash and paint parameter included in assets field for said	, 5		
		E2 040 0E2	90 310 F0F
		53,818,953	80,210,595

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

As At 31 December 2017

1. CORPORATE INFORMATION

The Company was incorporated as an exempted company with limited liability in the Cayman Islands on 15 March 2011. The Company's registered office is located at Clifton House, 75 Fort Street, PO Box 1350, Grand Cayman, Cayman Islands. Its principal place of business is located at 4th Floor, No. 696 Weihai Road, Jing'an District, Postal Code — 200041, Shanghai, China.

Pursuant to a reorganisation (the "Reorganisation") to rationalise the structure of the Company and its subsidiaries (together as the "Group") in preparation for the listing of the Company's shares on the Growth Enterprise Market (the "GEM") of the Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange"), the Company became the holding company of the companies then comprising the Group on 1 June 2011.

One of the subsidiaries, 上海三眾華納傳媒投資管理有限公司 ("SMU"), in the Group that was established in the PRC. SMU is wholly owned by Mr. Fang Bin, one of the directors of the Company. Under the prevailing laws and regulations in the PRC, companies with foreign ownership are prohibited from engaging in the publishing of books, newspapers and periodicals and are restricted from engaging in the provision of value-added telecommunications services in the PRC. In order to enable certain foreign investors to invest in businesses of the Group, Century Linker (Hong Kong) Limited ("Century Linker") and 上海三眾企業管理諮詢有限公司 ("Shanghai SumZone Enterprise"), an indirect wholly owned subsidiary of the Company, a direct wholly owned subsidiary of Century Linker and one of the subsidiaries of the Company in the PRC, were established on 18 January 2011 and 1 June 2011 respectively.

On 1 June 2011, certain structured contracts, the exclusive consulting and service agreement, irrevocable powers of attorney, exclusive business operating agreement, exclusive option agreement and share pledge agreement (collectively the "Structured Contracts") were effectuated amongst SMU, Mr. Fang Bin, Century Linker and Shanghai SumZone Enterprise to the effect that the business operations, the decision-making power and financial and operating policies of SMU are ultimately controlled by Shanghai SumZone Enterprise.

In particular, Shanghai SumZone Enterprise undertakes to provide SMU with certain management and consulting services. In return, the Group is entitled to substantially all of the operating profits and residual benefits generated by SMU through intercompany charges levied on these services rendered. Mr. Fang Bin is also required to transfer his interests in SMU to the Group or the Group's designee upon a request made by the Group for a pre-agreed nominal consideration or the minimum value as required by the PRC laws by the time when the PRC laws and regulations allow such transfer in future. The ownership interests in SMU have also been pledged by Mr. Fang Bin to the Group in respect of the continuing obligations of SMU; and the Group is entitled to nominate and remove members of the board of directors of SMU in order to control their operating and financial decisions.

As a result of the effects of the Structured Contracts, SMU is accounted for as subsidiary of the Company for accounting purposes.

On 23 October 2017, Century Linker, SMU, Mr. Fang and Shanghai SumZone Enterprise entered into the SMU Termination Agreement whereby the parties thereto agreed that the Structured Contracts in relation to SMU would be terminated on the same day.

The principal activity of the Company is investment holding. During the year, the Group was principally engaged in the provision for advertising, public relation and event marketing services in the PRC.

In the opinion of the directors of the Company (the "Directors"), the ultimate holding company of the Company is Lapta International Limited.

2.1 ADOPTION OF INTERNATIONAL FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("IFRSs")

(a) Adoption of new/revised IFRSs — effective on 1 January 2017

Amendments to IAS 7 Disclosure Initiative

Amendments to IAS 12 Recognition of Deferred Tax Assets for Unrealised Losses

Annual Improvements to Amendments to IFRS 12, Disclosure of Interests in Other Entities

IFRSs 2014-2016 Cycle

Except as described below, the application of the amendments to IFRSs in the current year has had no material impact on the Group's financial performance and positions for the current and prior years and/or on the disclosures set out in these consolidated financial statements.

Amendments to IAS 7 — Disclosure Initiative

The amendments introduce an additional disclosure that will enable users of financial statements to evaluate changes in liabilities arising from financing activities.

The adoption of the amendments has led to the additional disclosure presented in the notes to the cash flow statement, note 34.

Annual Improvements to IFRSs 2014–2016 Cycle — Amendments to IFRS 12, Disclosure of Interests in Other Entities

The amendments issued under the annual improvements process make small, non-urgent changes to standards where they are currently unclear. They include amendments to IFRS 12, Disclosure of Interests in Other Entities, to clarify that the disclosure requirements of IFRS 12, other than the requirements to disclose summarised financial information, also apply to an entity's interests in other entities classified as held for sale or discontinued operations in accordance with IFRS 5, Non-Current Assets Held for Sale and Discontinued Operations.

(b) New/revised IFRSs that have been issued but are not yet effective

The following new/revised IFRSs, potentially relevant to the Company's financial statements, have been issued, but are not yet effective and have not been early adopted by the Company.

Annual Improvements to Amendments to IFRS 1, First-time adoption of Hong Kong

IFRSs 2014–2016 Cycle Financial Reporting Standards¹

Annual Improvements to
IFRSs 2014–2016 Cycle
Amendments to IAS 28, Investments in Associates and Joint Ventures¹
Classification and Measurement of Share-Based Payment Transactions¹

IFRS 9 Financial Instruments¹

IFRS 15 Revenue from Contracts with Customers¹

Amendments to IFRS 15 Revenue from Contracts with Customers (Clarification to IFRS 15)¹

Amendments to HKAS 40 Transfers of Investment Property¹

IFRIC-Int 22 Foreign Currency Transactions and Advance Consideration¹

Amendments to IFRS 9 Prepayment Features with Negative Compensation²

IFRS 16 Leases²

IFRIC-Int 23 Uncertainty over Income Tax Treatments²

Amendments to IFRSs Annual Improvements to IFRSs 2015–2017 Cycle²
Amendments to IFRS 10 Sale or Contribution of Assets between an Investor

and IAS 28 and its Associate or Joint Venture³

IFRS 17 Insurance Contracts⁴

- Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2018
- Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2019
- Effective for annual periods beginning on or after a date to be determined
- Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2021

The Directors are in the process of assessing the impact of these new/revised IFRS and do not intend to adopt them before their respective effective dates. Other than Amendments to IAS 28, IFRS 9, IFRS 15 and IFRS 16, the Directors expect that the adoption of the new/revised IFRS above will have no material impact on the financial statements in the period of initial application. Specifically, the Group assesses the impact of Amendments to IAS 28, IFRS 9, IFRS 15 and IFRS 16 as follows:

Annual Improvements to IFRSs 2014–2016 Cycle — Amendments to IAS 28, Investments in Associates and Joint Ventures

The amendments issued under the annual improvements process make small, non-urgent changes to standards where they are currently unclear. They include amendments to IAS 28, Investments in Associates and Joint Ventures, clarifying that a Venture Capital organisation's permissible election to measure its associates or joint ventures at fair value is made separately for each associate or joint venture.

The adoption of the amendments to IFRS 12 has no impact on these financial statements as the latter treatment is consistent with the manner in which the Group has dealt with disclosures relating to its interests in other entities classified as held for sale or discontinued operations in according with IFRS 5.

IFRS 9 — Financial Instruments

IFRS 9 introduces new requirements for the classification and measurement of financial assets. Debt instruments that are held within a business model whose objective is to hold assets in order to collect contractual cash flows (the business model test) and that have contractual terms that give rise to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding (the contractual cash flow characteristics test) are generally measured at amortised cost. Debt instruments that meet the contractual cash flow characteristics test are measured at fair value through other comprehensive income ("FVTOCI") if the objective of the entity's business model is both to hold and collect the contractual cash flows and to sell the financial assets. Entities may make an irrevocable election at initial recognition to measure equity instruments that are not held for trading at FVTOCI. All other debt and equity instruments are measured at fair value through profit or loss ("FVTPL").

IFRS 9 includes a new expected loss impairment model for all financial assets not measured at FVTPL replacing the incurred loss model in IAS 39 and new general hedge accounting requirements to allow entities to better reflect their risk management activities in financial statements.

IFRS 9 carries forward the recognition, classification and measurement requirements for financial liabilities from IAS 39, except for financial liabilities designated at FVTPL, where the amount of change in fair value attributable to change in credit risk of the liability is recognised in other comprehensive income unless that would create or enlarge an accounting mismatch. In addition, IFRS 9 retains the requirements in IAS 39 for derecognition of financial assets and financial liabilities.

The directors anticipate that the application of IFRS 9 in the future will have an impact on amounts reported in respect of the Group's financial performance and financial assets (e.g. impairment on trade receivables and loan receivables) resulting from early provision of credit losses using the expected loss impairment model under IFRS 9 instead of incurred loss model under IAS 39. Currently, the directors are in the midst of assessing the financial impact of the application of IFRS 9 and a reasonable estimate of the effect will be available once the detailed review is completed.

IFRS 15 — Revenue from Contracts with Customers

The new standard establishes a single revenue recognition framework. The core principle of the framework is that an entity should recognise revenue to depict the transfer of promised goods or services to customers in an amount that reflects the consideration to which the entity expects to be entitled in exchange for those goods and services. IFRS 15 supersedes existing revenue recognition guidance including IAS 18 Revenue, IAS 11 Construction Contracts and related interpretations.

IFRS 15 requires the application of a 5 steps approach to revenue recognition:

- Step 1: Identify the contract(s) with a customer
- Step 2: Identify the performance obligations in the contract
- Step 3: Determine the transaction price
- Step 4: Allocate the transaction price to each performance obligation
- Step 5: Recognise revenue when each performance obligation is satisfied

IFRS 15 includes specific guidance on particular revenue related topics that may change the current approach taken under IFRS. The standard also significantly enhances the qualitative and quantitative disclosures related to revenue.

The directors anticipate that application of IFRS 15 in the future may have an impact on the amounts reported on revenue as the timing of revenue recognition may be affected by the new standard, and more disclosures relating to revenue is required. Currently, the directors are in the midst of assessing the financial impact of the application of IFRS 15 and a reasonable estimate of the effect will be available once the detailed review is completed.

Amendments IFRS 15 — Revenue from Contracts with customers

The amendments to IFRS 15 included clarifications on identification of performance obligations; application of principal versus agent; licenses of intellectual property; and transition requirements.

IFRS 16 — Leases

IFRS 16, which upon the effective date will supersede IAS 17 "Leases" and related interpretations, introduces a single lessee accounting model and requires a lessee to recognise assets and liabilities for all leases with a term of more 12 months, unless the underlying asset is of low value. Specifically, under IFRS 16, a lessee is required to recognise a right-of-use asset representing its right to use the underlying leased asset and a lease liability representing its obligation to make lease payments. Accordingly, a lessee should recognise depreciation of the right-of use asset and interest on the lease liability, and also classifies cash repayments of the lease liability into a principal portion and an interest portion and presents them in the statement of cash flows. Also, the right-of-use asset and the lease liability are initially measured on a present value basis. The measurement includes non-cancellable lease payments and also includes payments to be made in optional periods if the lessee is reasonably certain to exercise an option to extend the lease, or to exercise an option to terminate the lease. This accounting treatment is significantly different from the lessee accounting for leases that are classified as operating leases under the predecessor standard, IAS 17.

In respect of the lessor accounting, IFRS 16 substantially carries forward the lessor accounting requirements in IAS 17. Accordingly, a lessor continues to classify its leases as operating leases or finance leases, and to account for those two types of leases differently.

Total operating lease commitments of the Group in respect of office premises as at 31 December 2017 amounted to approximately RMB209,180,261 as disclosed in note 37. The directors expect the adoption of IFRS 16 as compared with the current accounting policy would have an impact on the Group's results. It is expected that certain portion of these lease commitments will be required to be recognised in the consolidated statement of financial position as right-of-use assets and lease liabilities. In addition, the application of new requirement may result changes in measurement, presentation and disclosures as indicated above.

Amendments to IFRS 10 and IAS 28 — Sale or Contribution of Assets between an Investor and its Associate or Joint Venture

The amendments clarify the extent of gains or losses to be recognised when an entity sells or contributes assets to its associate or joint venture. When the transaction involves a business the gain or loss is recognized in full, conversely when the transaction involves assets that do not constitute a business the gain or loss is recognized only to the extent of the unrelated investors' interests in the joint venture or associate.

2.2 BASIS OF PREPARATION

(a) Statement of compliance

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with all applicable IFRSs, International Accounting Standards ("IASs") and Interpretations (hereinafter collectively referred to as the "IFRSs") and the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance. In addition, the consolidated financial statement includes the applicable disclosure required by the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on the Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Listing Rules").

(b) Basis of measurement

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost basis as explained in the accounting policies set out on note 3.

(c) Functional and presentation currency

The functional currency of the Company is Hong Kong Dollars ("HKD"), while the financial statements are presented in Renminbi ("RMB"). As most of the Group's operations are in the PRC, the directors consider that it will be more appropriate to adopt RMB as the Group's and the Company's presentation currency.

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(a) Business combination and basis of consolidation

The consolidated financial statements comprise the financial statements of the Company and its subsidiaries ("the Group"). Inter-company transactions and balances between group companies together with unrealised profits are eliminated in full in preparing the consolidated financial statements. Unrealised losses are also eliminated unless the transaction provides evidence of impairment on the asset transferred, in which case the loss is recognised in profit or loss.

The results of subsidiaries acquired or disposed of during the year are included in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income from the dates of acquisition or up to the dates of disposal, as appropriate. Where necessary, adjustments are made to the financial statements of subsidiaries to bring their accounting policies into line with those used by other members of the Group. Acquisition of subsidiaries or businesses is accounted for using the acquisition method. The cost of an acquisition is measured at the aggregate of the acquisition-date fair value of assets transferred, liabilities incurred and equity interests issued by the Group, as the acquirer. The identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed are principally measured at acquisition-date fair value. The Group's previously held equity interest in the acquiree is re-measured at acquisition-date fair value and the resulting gains or losses are recognised in profit or loss. The Group may elect, on a transaction-by-transaction basis, to measure the non-controlling interests that represent present ownership interests in the subsidiary either at fair value or at the proportionate share of the acquiree's identifiable net assets. All other non-controlling interests are measured at fair value unless another measurement basis is required by IFRSs. Acquisition-related costs incurred are expensed unless they are incurred in issuing equity instruments in which case the costs are deducted from equity.

Any contingent consideration to be transferred by the acquirer is recognised at acquisition-date fair value. Subsequent adjustments to consideration are recognised against goodwill only to the extent that they arise from new information obtained within the measurement period (a maximum of 12 months from the acquisition date) about the fair value at the acquisition date. All other subsequent adjustments to contingent consideration classified as an asset or a liability are recognised in profit or loss.

Changes in the Group's interests in subsidiaries that do not result in a loss of control are accounted for as equity transactions. The carrying amounts of the Group's interest and the non-controlling interest are adjusted to reflect the changes in their relative interests in the subsidiaries. Any difference between the amount by which the non-controlling interest is adjusted and the fair value of the consideration paid or received is recognised directly in equity and attributed to owners of the Company.

When the Group loses control of a subsidiary, the profit or loss on disposal is calculated as the difference between (i) the aggregate of the fair value of the consideration received and the fair value of any retained interest and (ii) the previous carrying amount of the assets (including goodwill), and liabilities of the subsidiary and any non-controlling interest. Amounts previously recognised in other comprehensive income in relation to the subsidiary are accounted for in the same manner as would be required if the relevant assets or liabilities were disposed of. Subsequent to acquisition, the carrying amount of non-controlling interests that represent present ownership interests in the subsidiary is the amount of those interests at initial recognition plus such non-controlling interest's share of subsequent changes in equity. Total comprehensive income is attributed to such non-controlling interests even if this results in those non-controlling interests having a deficit balance.

(b) Subsidiaries

A subsidiary is an investee over which the Company is able to exercise control. The Company controls an investee if all three of the following elements are present: power over the investee, exposure, or rights, to variable returns from the investee, and the ability to use its power to affect those variable returns. Control is reassessed whenever facts and circumstances indicate that there may be a change in any of these elements of control.

De-facto control exists in situations where the Company has the practical ability to direct the relevant activities of the investee without holding the majority of the voting rights. In determining whether "de facto" control exists the Company considers all relevant facts and circumstances, including:

- The size of the Company's voting rights relative to both the size and dispersion of other parties who hold voting rights;
- Substantive potential voting rights held by the Company and other parties who hold voting rights;
- Other contractual arrangements; and
- Historic patterns in voting attendance.

In the Company's statement of financial position, investments in subsidiaries are stated at cost less impairment loss, if any. The results of subsidiaries are accounted for by the Company on the basis of dividend received and receivable.

(c) Associates

An associate is an entity over which the Group has significant influence and that is neither a subsidiary nor a joint venture. Significant influence is the power to participate in the financial and operating policy decisions of the investee but not control or joint control over those policies. Associates are accounted for using the equity method whereby they are initially recognised at cost and thereafter, their carrying amount are adjusted for the Group's share of the post-acquisition change in the associates' net assets except that losses in excess of the Group's interest in the associate are not recognised unless there is an obligation to make good those losses.

Profits and losses arising on transactions between the Group and its associates are recognised only to the extent of unrelated investors' interests in the associate. The investor's share in the associate's profits and losses resulting from these transactions is eliminated against the carrying value of the associate. Where unrealised losses provide evidence of impairment of the asset transferred they are recognised immediately in profit or loss.

Any premium paid for an associate above the fair value of the Group's share of the identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities acquired is capitalised and included in the carrying amount of the associate. Where there is objective evidence that the investment in an associate has been impaired, the carrying amount of the investment is tested for impairment in the same way as other non-financial assets.

In the Company's statement of financial position, investments in associates are carried at cost less impairment losses, if any. The results of associates are accounted for by the Company on the basis of dividends received and receivable during the year. The financial statements of the Group's associates are prepared using uniform accounting policies with the Group.

(d) Joint arrangements

The group is a party to a joint arrangement where there is a contractual arrangement that confers joint control over the relevant activities of the arrangement to the group and at least one other party. Joint control is assessed under the same principles as control over subsidiaries.

The group classifies its interests in joint arrangements as either:

- Joint ventures: where the group has rights to only the net assets of the joint arrangement; or
- Joint operations: where the group has both the rights to assets and obligations for the liabilities of the joint arrangement.

In assessing the classification of interests in joint arrangements, the Group considers:

- The structure of the joint arrangement;
- The legal form of joint arrangements structured through a separate vehicle;
- The contractual terms of the joint arrangement agreement; and
- Any other facts and circumstances (including any other contractual arrangements).

The Group accounts for its interests in joint ventures in the same manner as investments in associates (i.e. using the equity method — see note 3(c)).

Any premium paid for an investment in a joint venture above the fair value of the Group's share of the identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities acquired is capitalised and included in the carrying amount of the investment in joint venture. Where there is objective evidence that the investment in a joint venture has been impaired the carrying amount of the investment is tested for impairment in the same way as other non-financial assets.

The Group accounts for its interests joint operations by recognising its share of assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses in accordance with its contractually conferred rights and obligations.

The Company's interests in joint ventures are stated at cost less impairment losses, if any. Results of joint ventures are accounted for by the Company on the basis of dividends received and receivable.

(e) Goodwill

Goodwill is initially recognised at cost being the excess of the aggregate of consideration transferred and the amount recognised for non-controlling interests over the fair value of identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities acquired.

Where the fair value of identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities exceed the fair value of consideration paid, the excess is recognised in profit or loss on the acquisition date, after re-assessment.

Goodwill is measured at cost less impairment losses. For the purpose of impairment testing, goodwill arising from an acquisition is allocated to each of the relevant cash-generating units that are expected to benefit from the synergies of the acquisition. A cash-generating unit to which goodwill has been allocated is tested for impairment annually, and whenever there is an indication that the unit may be impaired.

For goodwill arising on an acquisition in a financial year, the cash-generating unit to which goodwill has been allocated is tested for impairment before the end of that financial year. When the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit is less than the carrying amount of the unit, the impairment loss is allocated to reduce the carrying amount of any goodwill allocated to the unit first, and then to the other assets of the unit pro-rata on the basis of the carrying amount to each asset in the unit. Any impairment loss for goodwill is recognised in profit or loss and is not reversed in subsequent periods.

(f) Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses. The cost of property, plant and equipment includes its purchase price and the costs directly attributable to the acquisition of the items.

Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognised as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Group and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. The carrying amount of the replaced part is derecognised. All other repairs and maintenance are recognised as an expense in profit or loss during the financial period in which they are incurred.

Property, plant and equipment are depreciated so as to write off their cost net of expected residual value over their estimated useful lives on a straight-line basis. The depreciation rates, residual value and depreciation method are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at the end of each reporting period. The depreciation rates are as follows:

Office furniture and equipment 20-33% per annum Motor vehicles 10-25% per annum Leasehold improvement over the lease term

An asset is write down immediately to its recoverable amount if its carrying amount is higher than the asset's estimated recoverable amount.

The gain or loss on disposal of an item of property, plant and equipment is the difference between the net sale proceeds and its carrying amount, and is recognised in profit or loss on disposal.

(g) Intangible assets

(i) Acquired intangible assets

Intangible assets acquired separately are initially recognised at cost. The cost of intangible assets acquired in a business combination is fair value at the date of acquisition. Subsequently, intangible assets with finite useful lives are carried at cost less accumulated amortisation and accumulated impairment losses. The amortisation expense is recognised in profit or loss and included in administrative expenses. Amortisation is provided on a straight-line basis over their useful lives as follows:

Customer relationship 5 years
Computer software 5 years

Operating leases over the lease term

(ii) Impairment

Intangible assets with finite lives are tested for impairment when there is an indication that an asset may be impaired (see the accounting policies in respect of impairment of assets other than financial assets in note 3(i) below).

(h) Lease

Leases are classified as finance leases whenever the terms of the lease transfer substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership to lessee. All other leases are classified as operating leases.

The Group as lessor

Rental income from operating leases is recognised in profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the term of the relevant lease. Initial direct costs incurred in negotiating and arranging an operating lease are added to the carrying amount of the leased asset and recognised as an expense on the straight-line basis over the lease term.

The Group as lessee

Assets held under finance leases are initially recognised as assets at their fair value or, if lower, the present value of the minimum lease payments. The corresponding lease commitment is shown as a liability. Lease payments are analysed between capital and interest. The interest element is charged to profit or loss over the period of the lease and is calculated so that it represents a constant proportion of the lease liability. The capital element reduces the balance owed to the lessor.

The total rentals payable under the operating leases are recognised in profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the lease term. Lease incentives received are recognised as an integrated part of the total rental expense, over the term of the lease.

(i) Impairment of assets other than financial assets

At the end of each reporting period, the Group reviews the carrying amounts of the following assets to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have suffered an impairment loss or an impairment loss previously recognised no longer exists or may have decreased:

- property, plant and equipment;
- intangible assets with finite lives; and
- interests in subsidiaries, joint venture and associates

If the recoverable amount (i.e. the greater of the fair value less costs to sell and value in use) of an asset is estimated to be less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of the asset is reduced to its recoverable amount. An impairment loss is recognised as an expense immediately.

Where an impairment loss subsequently reverses, the carrying amount of the asset is increased to the revised estimate of its recoverable amount, to the extent that the increased carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset in prior years. A reversal of an impairment loss is recognised as income immediately.

Value in use is based on the estimated future cash flows expected to be derived from the asset or cash generating unit (see note 3(e)), discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset or cash generating unit.

(i) Financial instruments

(i) Financial assets

The Group classifies its financial assets at initial recognition, depending on the purpose for which the asset was acquired. Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are initially measured at fair value and all other financial assets are initially measured at fair value plus transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition of the financial assets. Regular way purchases or sales of financial assets are recognised and derecognised on a trade date basis. A regular way purchase or sale is a purchase or sale of a financial asset under a contract whose terms require delivery of the asset within the time frame established generally by regulation or convention in the marketplace concerned.

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

These assets include financial assets held for trading. Financial assets are classified as held for trading if they are acquired for the purpose of sale in the near term. Subsequent to initial recognition, financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are measured at fair value, with changes in fair value recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they arise.

Loans and receivables

The Group's loans and receivables, including trade and bills receivables, deposits and other receivables and cash and cash equivalents are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market. They arise principally through the provision of goods and services to clients (trade debtors), and also incorporate other types of contractual monetary asset. At each reporting date subsequent to initial recognition, they are carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less any identified impairment losses.

Available-for-sale financial assets

These assets are non-derivative financial assets that are designated as available-for-sale or are not included in other categories of financial assets. Subsequent to initial recognition, these assets are carried at fair value with changes in fair value recognised in other comprehensive income, except for impairment losses and foreign exchange gains and losses on monetary instruments, which are recognised in profit or loss.

For available-for-sale equity investments that do not have a quoted market price in an active market and whose fair value cannot be reliably measured and derivatives that are linked to and must be settled by delivery of such unquoted equity instruments, they are measured at cost less any identified impairment losses.

(ii) Impairment loss on financial assets

The Group assesses, at the end of each reporting period, whether there is any objective evidence that financial asset is impaired. Financial asset is impaired if there is objective evidence of impairment as a result of one or more events that has occurred after the initial recognition of the asset and that event has an impact on the estimated future cash flows of the financial asset that can be reliably estimated. Evidence of impairment may include:

- significant financial difficulty of the debtor;
- a breach of contract, such as a default or delinquency in interest or principal payments;
- granting concession to a debtor because of debtor's financial difficulty; and
- it becoming probable that the debtor will enter bankruptcy or other financial reorganisation.

For Loans and receivables or Held-to-maturity investment

An impairment loss is recognised in profit or loss when there is objective evidence that the asset is impaired, and is measured as the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of the estimated future cash flows discounted at the original effective interest rate. The carrying amount of financial asset is reduced through the use of an allowance account. When any part of financial asset is determined as uncollectible, it is written off against the allowance account for the relevant financial asset.

For Available-for-sale financial assets

Where a decline in the fair value constitutes objective evidence of impairment, the amount of the loss is removed from equity and recognised in profit or loss.

For available-for-sale equity investment that is carried at cost, the amount of impairment loss is measured as the difference between the carrying amount of the asset and the present value of estimated future cash flows discounted at the current market rate of return for a similar financial asset. Such impairment loss is not reversed.

(iii) Financial liabilities

The Group's financial liabilities, including trade payables, other payables and accruals, amount due to an associate and a shareholder and bank borrowing. The Group classified them as financial liabilities at amortised cost.

Financial liabilities at amortised cost

Financial liabilities at amortised cost are initially recognised at fair value, net of directly attributable costs incurred and are subsequently measured at amortised cost, using the effective interest method. The related interest expense is recognised in profit or loss.

Gains or losses are recognised in profit or loss when the liabilities are derecognised as well as through the amortisation process.

(iv) Effective interest method

The effective interest method is a method of calculating the amortised cost of a financial asset or financial liability and of allocating interest income or interest expense over the relevant period. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts or payments through the expected life of the financial asset or liability, or where appropriate, a shorter period.

(v) Equity instruments

Equity instruments issued by the Company are recorded at the proceeds received, net of direct issue costs.

(vi) Derecognition

The Group derecognises a financial asset when the contractual rights to the future cash flows in relation to the financial asset expire or when the financial asset has been transferred and the transfer meets the criteria for derecognition in accordance with IAS 39.

Financial liabilities are derecognised when the obligation specified in the relevant contract is discharged, cancelled or expired.

(k) Non-current assets held for sale and disposal groups

Non-current assets and disposal groups are classified as held for sale when:

- (i) they are available for immediate sale;
- (ii) management is committed to a plan to sell;
- (iii) it is unlikely that significant changes to the plan will be made or that the plan will be withdrawn;
- (iv) an active programme to locate a buyer has been initiated;
- (v) the asset or disposal group is being marketed at a reasonable price in relation to its fair value; and
- (vi) a sale is expected to complete within 12 months from the date of classification.

Non-current assets and disposal groups classified as held for sale are measured at the lower of:

- (i) their carrying amount immediately prior to being classified as held for sale in accordance with the Group's accounting policy; and
- (ii) fair value less costs to sell.

Following their classification as held for sale, non-current assets (including those in a disposal group) are not depreciated.

The results of operations disposed of during the year are included in profit or loss up to the date of disposal.

(l) Provisions and contingent liabilities

Provisions are recognised for liabilities of uncertain timing or amount when the Group has a legal or constructive obligation arising as a result of a past event, which will probably result in an outflow of economic benefits that can be reasonably estimated.

Where it is not probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required, or the amount cannot be estimated reliably, the obligation is disclosed as a contingent liability, unless the probability of outflow of economic benefits is remote. Possible obligations, the existence of which will only be confirmed by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more future events, are also disclosed as contingent liabilities unless the probability of outflow of economic benefits is remote.

(m) Income taxes

Income taxes for the year comprise current tax and deferred tax.

Current tax is based on the profit or loss from ordinary activities adjusted for items that are non-assessable or disallowable for income tax purposes and is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the end of reporting period.

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities for financial reporting purposes and the corresponding amounts used for tax purposes. Except for goodwill and recognised assets and liabilities that affect neither accounting nor taxable profits, deferred tax liabilities are recognised for all temporary differences. Deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which deductible temporary differences can be utilised. Deferred tax is measured at the tax rates expected to apply in the period when the liability is settled or the asset is realised based on tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the end of reporting period.

Deferred tax liabilities are recognised for taxable temporary differences arising on investments in subsidiaries and associates, except where the Company is able to control the reversal of the temporary difference and it is probable that the temporary difference will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

Income taxes are recognised in profit or loss except when they relate to items recognised to other comprehensive income in which case the taxes are also recognised in other comprehensive income.

(n) Employee benefits

(i) Pension schemes

The employees of the Group's subsidiaries which operate in the PRC are required to participate in central pension schemes operated by the local government. The subsidiaries are required to contribute a certain percentage of their payroll costs to the central pension schemes. The contributions are charged to the profit or loss as they become payable in accordance with the rules of the central pension schemes.

(ii) Other benefits

The Group contributes on a monthly basis to defined contribution housing, medical and other benefit plans organised by the PRC government. The PRC government undertakes to assume the benefit obligations of all existing and retired employees under these plans. Contributions to these plans by the Group are expensed as incurred. The Group has no further obligations for benefits for their qualified employees under these plans.

(iii) Termination benefits

Termination benefits are recognised on the earlier of when the Group can no longer withdraw the offer of those benefits and when the Group recognises restructuring costs involving the payment of termination benefits.

(o) Government grants

Government grants are recognised when there is reasonable assurance that they will be received and that the Group will comply with the conditions attaching to them. Grants that compensate the Group for expenses incurred are recognised as revenue in profit or loss on a systematic basis in the same periods in which the expenses are incurred. Grants that compensate the Group for the cost of an asset are deducted from the carrying amount of the asset and consequently are effectively recognised in profit or loss over the useful life of the asset by way of reduced depreciation expense.

(p) Foreign currency

Transactions entered into by the Group entities in currencies other than the currency of the primary economic environment in which they operate (the "functional currency") are recorded at the rates ruling when the transactions occur. Foreign currency monetary assets and liabilities are translated at the rates ruling at the end of reporting period. Non-monetary items carried at fair value that are denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rates prevailing on the date when the fair value was determined. Non-monetary items that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are not retranslated.

Exchange differences arising on the settlement of monetary items, and on the translation of monetary items, are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they arise. Exchange differences arising on the retranslation of non-monetary items carried at fair value are included in profit or loss for the period except for differences arising on the retranslation of non-monetary items in respect of which gains and losses are recognised in other comprehensive income, in which case, the exchange differences are also recognised in other comprehensive income.

On consolidation, income and expense items of foreign operations are translated into the presentation currency of the Group (i.e. RMB) at the average exchange rates for the year, unless exchange rates fluctuate significantly during the period, in which case, the rates approximating to those ruling when the transactions took place are used. All assets and liabilities of foreign operations are translated at the rate ruling at the end of reporting period. Exchange differences arising, if any, are recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity as exchange reserve (attributed to minority interests as appropriate). Exchange differences recognised in profit or loss of group entities' separate financial statements on the translation of long-term monetary items forming part of the Group's net investment in the foreign operation concerned are reclassified to other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity as exchange reserve.

(q) Discontinued operations

A discontinued operation is a component of the Group's business, the operations and cash flows of which can be clearly distinguished from the rest of the Group and which represents a separate major line of business or geographical area of operations, or is part of a single co-ordinated plan to dispose of a separate major line of business or geographical area of operations, or is a subsidiary acquired exclusively with a view to resale.

Classification as a discontinued operation occurs upon disposal or when the operation meets the criteria to be classified as held for sale, if earlier. It also occurs if the operation is abandoned.

Where an operation is classified as discontinued, a single amount is presented on the face of the statement of comprehensive income, which comprises:

- the post-tax profit or loss of the discontinued operation; and
- the post-tax gain or loss recognised on the measurement to fair value less costs to sell, or on the disposal, of the assets or disposal groups constituting the discontinued operation.

(r) Revenue recognition

Revenue is recognised when it is probable that the economic benefit will flow to the Group and when the revenue can be measured reliably, on the following bases:

- (i) Advertising income is recognised upon the publication of the newspapers/magazines/media available to public in which the related advertisement is placed.
- (ii) Revenue from provision of public relation services is recognised when the services are rendered.
- (iii) Revenue from provision of event marketing services is recognised when the services are provided and the transactions can be measured reliably, and it is probable that the economic benefits associated with the transaction will flow to the Group.
- (iv) Revenue from sales of newspapers and magazines are recognised upon the delivery of products.
- (v) Rental income under operation lease is recognised on a straight-line basis over the term of the relevant lease.
- (vi) Interest income is accrued on a time basis on the principal outstanding at the applicable interest rate.

(s) Related parties

- (a) A person or a close member of that person's family is related to the Group if that person:
 - (i) has control or joint control over the Group
 - (ii) has significant influence over the Group; or
 - (iii) is a member of key management personnel of the Group or the Company's parent.

- (b) An entity is related to the Group if any of the following conditions apply:
 - (i) The entity and the Group are members of the same group (which means that each parent, subsidiary and fellow subsidiary is related to the others).
 - (ii) One entity is an associate or joint venture of the other entity (or an associate or joint venture of a member of a group of which the other entity is a member).
 - (iii) Both entities are joint ventures of the same third party.
 - (iv) One entity is a joint venture of a third entity and the other entity is an associate of the third entity.
 - (v) The entity is a post-employment benefit plan for the employees of the Group or an entity related to the Group.
 - (vi) The entity is controlled or jointly controlled by a person identified in (a).
 - (vii) A person identified in (a)(i) has significant influence over the entity or is a member of key management personnel of the entity (or of a parent of the entity).
 - (viii) The entity, or any member of a group of which it is a part, provides key management personnel services to the Group or to the Group's parent.

Close members of the family of a person are those family members who may be expected to influence, or be influenced by, that person in their dealings with the entity and include:

- (i) that person's children and spouse or domestic partner;
- (ii) children of that person's spouse or domestic partner; and
- (iii) dependents of that person or that person's spouse or domestic partner

4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING JUDGMENTS AND ESTIMATES

The preparation of the Group's consolidated financial statements requires management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of revenues, expenses, assets and liabilities, and the disclosure of contingent liabilities, at the end of the reporting period. However, uncertainty about these assumptions and estimates could result in outcomes that could require a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of the assets or liabilities affected in the future.

Estimation uncertainty

The key assumptions concerning the future and other key sources of estimation uncertainty at the end of the reporting period, that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year, are discussed below.

Impairment allowances for trade and other receivables

The Group estimates the impairment allowances for trade and other receivables by assessing the recoverability based on credit history and prevailing market conditions. This requires the use of estimates and judgments. Allowances are applied to trade and other receivables where events or changes in circumstances indicate that the balances may not be collectible. Where the expectation is different from the original estimate, such difference will affect the carrying amounts of trade and other receivables and thus the impairment loss in the period in which such estimate is changed. The Group reassesses the impairment allowances at the end of each reporting period.

5. SEGMENT REPORTING

The chief operating decision-maker of the Group has been identified as the executive directors of the Company. The executive directors regularly review revenue and operating results derived from different segments.

The Group has three reportable segments in 2017 and 2016. The segments are managed separately as each business offers different services and requires different business strategies. The following summary describes the operations in each of the Group's reportable segments:

- Traditional advertising provision of traditional advertising services, public relation services and evert marketing services.
- Wireless advertising provision of wireless advertising services.
- Business park area management providing operation and management services in business park area.

As disclosed in note 12 of this report, the Board of Directors (the "Board") has decided to discontinue the operation of wireless advertising business on 29 December 2016. In accordance with IFRS 5, the segment of wireless advertising service for the year ended 31 December 2017 and 2016 were classified as discontinued operations in the Group's consolidated financial statements.

(a) Business segment

For the year ended 31 December 2017

		ntinuing operati Business	ons	Disco	tions	
	Traditional advertising RMB	park area management RMB	Unallocated RMB	Subtotal RMB	Wireless advertising RMB	Total RMB
Results						
Revenue from external customers	124,322,438	37,692,718		162,015,156		162,015,156
Segment results Interest income Finance costs Impairment loss on trade receivables	(22,139,146) 896,101 (425,428)	(11,790,440) 983 –	- - -	(33,929,586) 897,084 (425,428)	992,266 16,007 – (4,007,887)	(32,937,320) 913,091 (425,428) (4,007,887)
Reversal of impairment loss on trade receivables Share of loss of associates Share of profit of a joint venture Impairment loss on remeasurement	127,050 - -	– (1,890,329) 4,844,289	- - -	127,050 (1,890,329) 4,844,289	- - -	127,050 (1,890,329) 4,844,289
of assets held for sale Unallocated expenses (note (i))		(12,849,322)	(10,229,372)	(12,849,322) (10,229,372)	(12,511)	(12,849,322) (10,241,883)
Loss before income tax expense Income tax expense	(21,541,423)	(21,684,819) (1,870,192)	(10,229,372)	(53,455,614) (1,870,192)	(3,012,125)	(56,467,739) (1,870,192)
Loss for the year	(21,541,423)	(23,555,011)	(10,229,372)	(55,325,806)	(3,012,125)	(58,337,931)
Loss for the year from continuing operations Loss for the year from discontinued operations (note 12)	(21,541,423)	(23,555,011)	(10,229,372)	(55,325,806)	(3,012,125)	(55,325,806)
	(21,541,423)	(23,555,011)	(10,229,372)	(55,325,806)	(3,012,125)	(58,337,931)
Asset and liabilities Reportable segment assets (note (ii)) Assets classified as held for sale	173,504,992	88,942,264 5,827,849	17,298,087 2,932,266	279,745,343 8,760,115	7,606,992	287,352,335 8,760,115
Reportable segment liabilities (note (ii)) Liabilities associated with assets	52,617,352	37,731,437	15,433,249	105,782,038	6,911,326	112,693,364
classified as held for sale		2,927,849		2,927,849		2,927,849
Other Segment information Depreciation and amortisation	1,253,493	6,505,170	43,954	7,802,617	32,832	7,835,449

For the year ended 31 December 2016

	Co	ontinuing operation	ons	Dis	ions	
	Traditional advertising RMB	Business park area management RMB	Unallocated RMB	Subtotal RMB	Wireless advertising RMB	Total RMB
Results						
Revenue from external customers	150,882,453	9,491,908		160,374,361	20,283,308	180,657,669
Segment results Interest income Gain on disposal financial assets	(20,399,730) 365,733	2,306,206 10,105	- 39,632	(18,093,524) 415,470	(5,897,371) 26,048	(23,990,895) 441,518
at fair value through profit or loss Finance costs Impairment loss on trade receivables	(630,219) (3,023,200)	- (8,499)	15,411 –	15,411 (638,718) (3,023,200)	- (0.455.107)	15,411 (638,718)
Reversal of impairment loss on prepayment, deposits	(3,023,200)	_	_	(3,023,200)	(9,455,197)	(12,478,397)
and other receivables Impairment loss on prepayments,	_	-	_	-	1,589,804	1,589,804
deposits and other receivables Share of loss of associates Share of profit of a joint venture	(1,271,509)	- (3,077,405) 6,583,611	-	- (4,348,914) 6,583,611	(2,610,649) - -	(2,610,649) (4,348,914) 6,583,611
Impairment loss on goodwill	_	0,363,011	-	0,303,011	(156,293,197)	(156,293,197)
Impairment loss on intangible assets Unallocated expenses (note (i))			(15,254,830)	(15,254,830)	(1,500,221) (2,867)	(1,500,221) (15,257,697)
(Loss)/profit before income tax expense Income tax (expense)/credit	(24,958,925) (199,858)	5,814,018 (303,494)	(15,199,787)	(34,344,694) (503,352)	(174,143,650) 242,349	(208,488,344) (261,003)
(Loss)/profit for the year	(25,158,783)	5,510,524	(15,199,787)	(34,848,046)	(173,901,301)	(208,749,347)
(Loss)/profit for the year from continuing operations Loss for the year from discontinued	(25,158,783)	5,510,524	(15,199,787)	(34,848,046)	-	(34,848,046)
operations (note 12)					(173,901,301)	(173,901,301)
	(25,158,783)	5,510,524	(15,199,787)	(34,848,046)	(173,901,301)	(208,749,347)
Asset and liabilities Reportable segment assets (note (ii))	208,592,960	108,259,236	11,347,700	328,199,896	16,612,397	344,812,293
Reportable segment liabilities (note (ii))	41,474,111	36,756,063	21,271,699	99,501,873	6,527,108	106,028,981
Other Segment information Depreciation and amortisation	1,035,430	1,619,606	158,417	2,813,453	1,091,812	3,905,265
Capital expenditure incurred during the year	2,813,581		17,564	2,831,145		2,831,145

Notes:

- (i) Unallocated expenses mainly include salaries, rental expenses, consultancy and professional fees for head office.
- (ii) Unallocated assets mainly include cash and cash equivalent in head office and unallocated liabilities mainly include bank borrowings.

(b) Geographical segment and information about major customers

No geographical information is presented as the Group's operations are located in the PRC.

Information about major customers

For the year ended 31 December 2017, revenue from transactions with 2 customers (2016: 3 customers) from traditional advertising segment and 1 customer (2016: N/A) from business park area management segment contributed over 10% of total revenue of the Group is as follows:

Year ended 31 December

	2017				20	16		
	Traditional	Business	Wireless		Traditional	Business	Wireless	
	Advertising	park area	Advertising		Advertising	park area	Advertising	
	income	management	income	Total	income	management	income	Total
	RMB	RMB	RMB	RMB	RMB	RMB	RMB	RMB
Client A	-	31,046,068	-	31,046,068	-	N/A	-	N/A
Client B	29,228,219	-	-	29,228,219	21,915,665	-	-	21,915,665
Client C	18,101,248	-	-	18,101,248	N/A	-	-	N/A
Client D	N/A	-	-	N/A	42,641,031	-	-	42,641,031
Client E	N/A			N/A	20,675,976			20,675,976

N/A: Transactions during the year did not exceed 10% of the Group's revenue.

6. REVENUE AND OTHER INCOME AND GAINS

Revenue, which is also the Group's turnover, comprises income from advertising, public relation services and event marketing, net of cultural business development charge. An analysis of revenue and other income and gains is as follows:

	Year ended 31 December		
	2017	2016	
	RMB	RMB	
Continuing operations			
Revenue:			
Advertising income	86,511,977	80,725,463	
Public relation services income	22,572,530	53,077,002	
Event marketing income	16,847,943	18,297,431	
Less: cultural business development charge	(1,610,012)	(1,217,443)	
	124,322,438	150,882,453	
Rental income	37,692,718	9,491,908	
Total	162,015,156	160,374,361	
Other income and gainst			
Other income and gains: Government grants (note)	162,008	2,653,841	
Gain on disposal of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	102,006	15,411	
Interest income	897,084	415,470	
Reversal of impairment loss on trade receivables	127,050	413,470	
Others	48,740	_ 142,991	
Outers	70,740		

Note:

Total

The government grants mainly represented supporting funds granted by regional finance bureau for enterprises registered in the region.

3,227,713

7. FINANCE COSTS

Year ended 31 December

	2017 RMB	2016 RMB
Continuing operations Interest on bank borrowings:		
— wholly repayable within one year	425,428	638,718

8. LOSSES BEFORE INCOME TAX EXPENSE

The Group's loss before income tax expense is arrived at after charging/(crediting):

Year	ended	31 Г)ecem	ber

	2017	2016
	RMB	RMB
Continuing operations		
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment	2,251,761	1,408,044
Amortisation of intangible assets	5,583,688	1,405,409
Minimum lease payments under operating leases for buildings	7,312,916	6,856,228
Employee benefit expenses (including directors' remuneration (note 9):		
Severance payment	11,601,261	_
Wages and salaries	12,094,258	10,517,407
Pension scheme contributions	2,585,444	2,057,842
	26,280,963	12,575,249
Auditor's remuneration	1,049,219	1,163,802
Loss on write-off/disposal of property, plant and equipment	282,293	569,339
Loss on disposal of a subsidiary	155,686	_
Reversal of impairment loss on trade receivables	(127,050)	_
Impairment loss on trade receivables	4,007,887	3,023,200

9. DIRECTORS' REMUNERATION

Directors' remuneration paid to each of the directors of the Company is disclosed as follows:

		Salaries,		
		allowances	Pension	
		and benefit	scheme	
	Fee	in kinds	contributions	Total
	RMB	RMB	RMB	RMB
Year ended 31 December 2017				
Executive directors:				
Mr. Fang Bin	-	720,000	88,149	808,149
Mr. Song Yijun	-	495,708	87,879	583,587
Mr. Patrick Zheng	-	455,000	_	455,000
Mr. Fan Youyuan	700,000	80,000	-	780,000
Non-executive directors:				
Mr. Zhou Ruijin	155,708	_	_	155,708
Mr. Lin Zhiming	155,708	_	-	155,708
Ms. Hsu Wai Man, Helen	155,708			155,708
	1,167,124	1,750,708	176,028	3,093,860
		Salaries,		
		allowances	Pension	
		and benefit	scheme	
	Fee	in kinds	contributions	Total
	RMB	RMB	RMB	RMB
Year ended 31 December 2016				
Executive directors:				
Mr. Fang Bin	_	720,000	81,520	801,520
Mr. Song Yijun	_	435,054	83,349	518,403
Mr. Patrick Zheng	_	455,000	_	455,000
Mr. Fan Youyuan	700,000	80,000	_	780,000
Mr. Huang Wei	-	33,000	6,750	39,750
Non-executive directors:				
Mr. Zhou Ruijin	154,254	_	_	154,254
Mr. Lin Zhiming	154,254	_	_	154,254
Ms. Hsu Wai Man, Helen	154,254			154,254
	1,162,762	1,723,054	171,619	3,057,435
	.,,,,,,,,	.,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		

Note:

There was no arrangement under which a director waived or agreed to waive any remuneration during the years ended 31 December 2017 and 2016.

10. FIVE HIGHEST PAID EMPLOYEES

Of the five highest paid employees in the Group during the year ended 31 December 2017, four (2016: three) were directors of the Company whose emoluments are disclosed in note 9 above.

For the year ended 31 December 2017, details of the remuneration of the remaining one (2016: two) non-director, highest paid employee of the Group are as follows:

	Year ended 31 December		
	2017	2016	
	RMB	RMB	
Salaries, allowances and benefits in kinds	480,000	843,900	
Pension scheme contributions	88,149	163,039	
	568,149	1,006,939	

During the years ended 31 December 2017 and 2016, no remuneration was paid by the Group to the Directors or any of the five highest paid employees as an inducement to join or upon joining the Group or as compensation for loss of office.

11. INCOME TAX EXPENSE

No provision for Hong Kong profits tax has been made as the Group did not generate any assessable profits arising in Hong Kong during the years ended 31 December 2017 and 2016.

Taxes on profits assessable in the PRC have been calculated at the prevailing tax rates, based on existing legislation, interpretations and practices in respect thereof. The PRC corporate income tax rate of all the PRC subsidiaries during the years ended 31 December 2017 and 2016 was 25% on their taxable profits.

The amount of income tax expense charged to the consolidated statement of profit or loss represents:

	Year ended 31 December		
	2017	2016	
	RMB	RMB	
Continuing Operations			
Current tax — PRC corporate income tax			
— tax for the year	_	-	
— under provision in prior year	_	199,858	
Deferred tax	1,870,192	303,494	
Income tax expense	1,870,192	503,352	

The income tax expense for the year can be reconciled to the Group's profit before income tax expense in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income as follows:

	Year ended 31 December		
	2017	2016	
	RMB	RMB	
Continuing Operations Loss before income tax expense	(53,455,614)	(34,344,694)	
Tax on loss before income tax expense, calculated at 25% (2016: 25%)	(13,363,904)	(8,586,173)	
Tax effect of share of results of associates	472,583	1,087,229	
Tax effect of share of results of a joint venture	(1,211,072)	(1,645,903)	
Tax effect of non-deductible expenses	2,490,515	2,429,812	
Tax effect of non-taxable income	(456,591)	(766,896)	
Tax effect of tax loss not recognised	13,938,661	8,269,050	
Others	-	(283,767)	
Income tax expense	1,870,192	503,352	

Pursuant to the new PRC Tax Law, a 10% withholding tax is levied on dividends declared to foreign investors from the foreign investment enterprises established in the PRC. The requirement is effective from 1 January 2008 and applies to earnings after 31 December 2007. A lower withholding tax rate may be applied if there is a tax treaty between the PRC and the jurisdiction of the foreign investors.

As at 31 December 2017 and 2016, no deferred tax has been recognised for withholding taxes that would be payable on the unremitted earnings of the Group's subsidiaries established in the PRC. It is because in the opinion of the Directors, it is not probable that these subsidiaries will distribute their earnings accrued from 1 January 2008 to 31 December 2017 in the foreseeable future. Accordingly no deferred tax liabilities have been recognised as at 31 December 2017 and 2016.

12. DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS

On 29 December 2016, the Board decided to discontinue the operation of the wireless advertising business. An analysis of the results and cash flows of the discontinued operations for the years ended 31 December 2017 and 2016 is as below:

	2017 RMB	2016 RMB
Discontinued operations		
Revenue		20 202 200
	_	20,283,308
Cost of sales		(17,895,426)
Gross profit	_	2,387,882
Other income and gains	2,184,843	3,614,433
Selling and distribution expenses	_	(198,939)
Administrative and other expenses	(5,196,968)	(22,153,608)
Impairment loss on goodwill	_	(156,293,197)
Impairment loss on intangible assets	_	(1,500,221)
Loss before income tay overses from discontinued expertion		
Loss before income tax expense from discontinued operation	(2.042.425)	(174 142 (50)
(attributable to owners of the Company)	(3,012,125)	(174,143,650)
Income tax expense		(242,349)
Loss for the year from continuing operations	(3,012,125)	(173,901,301)
Net cash (used in)/generated from operating activities	(278,040)	24,566,830
Net cash used in investing activities	_	(40,473,952)
Net cash generated from financing activities	_	18,831
Net cash outflows	(278,040)	(15,888,291)

13. NON-CURRENT ASSETS HELD FOR SALE

During the year ended 31 December 2017, the Group decided to market a group of investments, including (i) 100% equity interest in the Company's direct and indirect wholly-owned subsidiaries, Elegant Expert Investment Limited and 上海和斐投資管理有限公司 ("Disposal Group"), (ii) 30% equity interest in an associate, as management has the view that results of fund management business is behind their expectation, and they prefer focusing on advertising business. The directors expect the disposals will be completed before the end of January 2018. As the marketing process has already begun before the year-end, the assets with a carrying amount of approximately RMB15,749,322 and RMB 2,932,000 respectively have been classified as held for sale in the consolidated statement of financial position.

In accordance with IFRS 5, the assets classified as held for sale are measured at lower of their carrying amount immediately prior to being classified as held for sale and fair value less costs to sell. (i) For the disposal of Disposal Group, impairment loss of RMB12,800,000 was recorded as the fair value less costs to sell is lower than the assets' carrying value immediately prior to being classified as held for sale. (ii) For the disposal of an associate, No impairment loss was recorded as the fair value less costs to sell is higher than the assets' carrying value immediately prior to being classified as held for sale.

The following major classes of assets and liabilities relating to the associate and the Disposal Group has been classified as held for sale in the consolidated statement of financial position:

	Year ended 31 December 2017 RMB
Interest in an associate Interest in a joint venture Cash and cash equivalents	2,932,266 5,780,976 46,873
Assets classified as held for sale	8,760,115
Other payables	2,927,849
Liabilities associated with assets classified as held for sale	2,927,849

14. DIVIDENDS

The directors do not recommend the payment of any dividend for the year ended 31 December 2017 (2016: Nil).

15. LOSS PER SHARE

(i) For continuing and discontinued operations

The calculation of basic and diluted loss per share attributable to owners of the Company are based on the following data:

	Year ended 31 December	
	2017	2016
	RMB	RMB
Loss Loss for the purposes of basic and diluted loss per share	(59,214,707)	(208,921,924)
Number of shares Weighted average number of ordinary shares	251,771,079	250,144,559
Basic and diluted loss per share	(0.24)	(0.84)

Diluted loss per share equals to basic loss per share, as there were no potential dilutive ordinary shares issued during the years ended 31 December 2017 and 2016.

(ii) For continuing operations

	Year ended 31 December	
	2017	2016
	RMB	RMB
Loss for the year attributable to owners of the Company Less: Loss for the year from discontinued operations	(59,214,707) (3,012,125) (56,202,582)	(208,921,924) (173,901,301) (35,020,623)
Basic and diluted loss per share from continuing operations	(0.23)	(0.14)

(iii) For discontinued operations

Basic and diluted loss per share for discontinued operations is RMB0.01 (2016: loss per share RMB0.70), based on the loss for the year from the discontinued operations of RMB3,012,125 (2016: loss of RMB173,901,301) and the denominators detailed above for both basic and diluted loss per share.

16. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

	Leasehold improvement	Office furniture and equipment	Motor vehicles	Total
	RMB	RMB	RMB	RMB
31 December 2017				
Cost:				
At 1 January 2017	8,393,320	1,275,411	5,129,631	14,798,362
Additions	239,640	213,079	1,570,000	2,022,719
Disposals			(2,463,432)	(2,463,432)
Disposal of a subsidiary	_	(7,241)	_	(7,241)
Write off	_	(23,361)	(196,410)	(219,771)
At 31 December 2017	8,632,960	1,457,888	4,039,789	14,130,637
ACST December 2017	0,032,300	1,437,000		
Accumulated depreciation:				
At 1 January 2017	226,847	599,880	1,372,576	2,199,303
Charge for the year	921,482	277,371	1,052,908	2,251,761
Eliminated on disposals	-		(869,128)	(869,128)
Eliminated on write off	_	(20,265)	(120,496)	(140,761)
At 31 December 2017	1,148,329	856,986 	1,435,860	3,441,175
Net book value:				
At 31 December 2017	7,484,631	600,902	2,603,929	10,689,462
At 31 December 2017	7,404,031	000,302	2,003,929	10,069,402
At 1 January 2016	_	1,315,610	3,413,126	4,728,736
Additions through business combination		, , , , , , ,	, , ,	, , ,
(note 35)	8,393,320	_	_	8,393,320
Additions	-	134,639	2,696,505	2,831,144
Disposals	_	_	(980,000)	(980,000)
Write off		(174,838)		(174,838)
A+ 24 D	0.202.220	1 275 411	F 120 C21	14700262
At 31 December 2016	8,393,320	1,275,411	5,129,631	14,798,362
Accumulated depreciation:				
At 1 January 2016		505,253	736,033	1,241,286
Charge for the year	226,847	247,786	966,243	1,440,876
Eliminated on disposals	220,047	247,700	(329,700)	(329,700)
Eliminated on write off	_	(153,159)	(323,700)	(153,159)
Emiliated on write on		(133,133)		(133,133)
At 31 December 2016	226,847	599,880	1,372,576	2,199,303
Net book value:	0.155.175	675 504	2.757.055	42.500.050
At 31 December 2016	8,166,473	675,531	3,757,055	12,599,059

17. INTANGIBLE ASSETS

	Customer relationship RMB	Computer software RMB	Operating lease RMB	Total RMB
31 December 2017				
Cost:				
At 1 January 2017 and 31 December 2017		126,496	51,532,097	51,658,593
Accumulated amortisation and impairment loss:				
At 1 January 2017	_	33,733	1,392,759	1,426,492
Charge for the year		12,650	5,571,038	5,583,688
At 31 December 2017		46,383	6,963,797	7,010,180
Net book value:				
At 31 December 2017		80,113	44,568,300	44,648,413
31 December 2016				
Cost:				
At 1 January 2016	4,351,600	1,069,796	_	5,421,396
Additions through business combination			F4 F33 007	F4 F33 007
(note 35) Written off	(4.351.600)	(0.42, 200)	51,532,097	51,532,097
vvritten off	(4,351,600)	(943,300)		(5,294,900)
At 31 December 2016	_	126,496	51,532,097	51,658,593
Accumulated amortisation and impairment loss:				
At 1 January 2016	2,248,327	508,455	_	2,756,782
Charge for the year	870,320	201,310	1,392,759	2,464,389
Written off	(3,118,647)	(676,032)		(3,794,679)
At 31 December 2016		33,733	1,392,759	1,426,492
Net book value:				
At 31 December 2016		92,763	50,139,338	50,232,101

18. INVESTMENT IN SUBSIDIARIES

The following are the details of the Group's principal subsidiaries at 31 December 2017 that would affect the results for the year or formed a substantial portion of the net assets of the Group. In the opinion of the directors, to give details of the other subsidiaries would result in excessive length.

Name	Place of Incorporation/ establishment	Issued/Registered and paid-up share capital	Attributable equ held by the C Direct	-	Principal activities
Quick Motion International Limited	The British Virgin Islands	1 ordinary share of US1, unpaid	100%	-	Investment holding
Grand Rapids Mobile International Holding Ltd.	The British Virgin Islands	1 ordinary share of US\$1, paid	100%	-	Investment holding
Super Captain Investment Limited	Hong Kong	HK\$10,000	100%	-	Investment holding
Elegant Expert Investment Limited	Hong Kong	HK\$10,000	100%	-	Investment holding
SMU	The PRC (limited liability company under the laws of the PRC)	Registered capital RMB2,000,000, fully paid	-	100%	Provision for advertising, public relation and event market services in the PRC
上海三眾廣告有限公司 ("SumZone Advertising")	The PRC (limited liability company under the laws of the PRC)	Registered capital RMB5,000,000, fully paid	-	100%	Provision for advertising services in the PRC
上海三眾營銷策劃有限公司 ("SumZone Marketing")	The PRC (limited liability company under the laws of the PRC)	Registered capital RMB5,000,000, fully paid	-	100%	Provision for advertising services in the PRC
上海巨流信息科技有限公司 ("Ju Liu Information")	The PRC (limited liability company under the laws of the PRC)	Registered capital RMB1,000,000, fully paid	-	100%	Provision for advertising services in the PRC
上海巨流軟件有限公司 ("Ju Liu Software")	The PRC (limited liability company under the laws of the PRC)	Registered capital RMB200,000, fully paid	-	100%	Provision for advertising services in the PRC
上海憬威企業發展有限公司 ("Shanghai Jingwei")	The PRC (limited liability company under the laws of the PRC)	Registered capital RMB10,000,000, fully paid	-	90%	Provision for business park area operation and management services in the PRC

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

As At 31 December 2017

Shanghai Jingwei, a 90% owned subsidiary of the Company, has material non-controlling interests ("NCI"). Summarised financial information in relation to the NCI of Shanghai Jingwei before intra-group elimination is presented below:

Shanghai Jingwei	2017 RMB	2016 RMB
For the year ended 31 December 2017/period ended 31 December 2016 (since date of acquisition 1 October 2016)		
Revenue	38,615,481	9,504,380
Profits for the year	8,767,763	1,725,766
Total comprehensive income	8,767,763	1,725,766
Profits allocated to non-controlling interest	876,776	172,577
Dividends paid to non-controlling interest		
Cash inflows from operating activities	876,143	3,092,996
Cash (outflows)/inflows from investing activities	(238,658)	527
Cash outflows from financing activities		(1,894,836)
Net cash inflows	637,485	1,198,687
Current assets	28,703,705	14,180,118
Non-current assets	65,914,020	69,580,263
Current liabilities	(17,919,973)	(15,830,391)
Non-current liabilities	(21,204,224)	(21,204,224)
Net assets	55,493,528	46,725,766
Accumulated non-controlling interests	5,549,353	4,672,577

19. INTEREST IN A JOINT VENTURE

	31 December	
	2017	2016
	RMB	RMB
Share of net assets other than goodwill	4,544,178	9,997,491
Goodwill	14,086,120	14,086,120
Transferred to assets held for sale (note 13)	(18,630,298)	_
	_	24,083,611

The Group has 34% (2016: 34%) interest in a material joint venture, Shanghai Lingang Cultural Industry Development Company Limited ("Shanghai Lingang"), a separate structured vehicle incorporated and operating in the PRC. The primary activity of Shanghai Lingang is providing operation and management services of large-scale park, which is in line with the Group's strategy of developing business park area management business.

The contractual arrangement provides the group with only the rights to the net assets of the joint arrangement, with the rights to the assets and obligation for the liabilities of the joint arrangement resting primarily with Shanghai Lingang. Under IFRS 11, this joint arrangement is classified as a joint venture and has been included in the consolidated financial statements using the equity method.

Summarised financia	I information	of the joint ver	nture is presen	ted below:

Shanghai Lingang	2016 RMB
Current assets Non-current assets Current liabilities Non-current liabilities	69,367,815 3,356,851 (43,320,281)
Net assets	29,404,385
Group's share of net assets of the joint venture	9,997,491
Included in the above amounts are: Cash and cash equivalents Current financial liabilities (excluding trade and other payables) Non-current financial liabilities (excluding other payables and provision)	12,118,692 (9,982,283) —
For the year ended 31 December 2017/period ended 31 December (since date of acquisition 1 February 2016)	
Revenues Profit from continuing operations Other comprehensive income	28,666,296 19,363,562 –
Total comprehensive income Dividends received by the group from the joint venture	19,363,562
Included in the above amounts are: Depreciation and amortisation Interest income Interest expense	148,692 52,508 -
Income tax expense	6,467,681

20. INTERESTS IN ASSOCIATES

	31 December	
	2017	2016
	RMB	RMB
Share of net assets Transferred to assets held for sale (note 13)	2,932,266 (2,932,266)	1,822,595
		1,822,595

The investments in associates are unlisted equity interests and details of the Group's associate as at 31 December 2017 is as follows:

	Form of	Place of	Paid-up	Attributable equity interests indirectly	
Name	business structure	establishment and operation	registered capital	held by the Company	Principal activities
上海東上海三眾華納傳媒有限公司 ("East Shanghai SumZone")	Corporation	The PRC	RMB2,000,000	49%	Provision of advertising, consulting and event marketing services
上海雲堡眾創空間經營管理有限公司 ("Shanghai Yunbao")	Corporation	The PRC	RMB10,000,000	49%	Management and operation of group innovation space
上海和平濱湖健康管理發展有限公司 ("Shanghai Hepingbinhu") (Note)	Corporation	The PRC	RMB3,000,000	30%	Provision of asset management services

The amount of unrecognised share of the associates, extracted from the relevant management account of associate, both for the year and cumulatively, are as follows:

	RMB	RMB
Unrecognised share of losses of associates for the year	1,432,998	

Note:

Shanghai Hepingbinhu is classified as assets held for sale during the year.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

As At 31 December 2017

Shanghai Yunbao	Year ended 31 December	
	2017	2016
	RMB	RMB
Current assets	2,578,905	6,423,688
Non-current assets	2,082,316	497,523
Current liabilities	(7,888,941)	(3,201,629)
Non-current liabilities	(530,000)	_
Net (liabilities)/assets	(3,757,720)	3,719,582
Group's share of the net assets of the associate	_	1,822,595
Gloup's shale of the fiet assets of the associate		1,022,393
For the year/period ended 31 December		
Revenues	_	_
Loss from continuing operations	(6,644,068)	(6,280,418)
Other comprehensive income		
Total comprehensive income	(6,644,068)	(6,280,418)
Dividends received by the group from the associate		

In the opinion of the directors of the Company, East Shanghai SumZone is not material to the Group and the summarised financial information is set out below:

Year ended 31 December

	2017 RMB	2016 RMB
Loss for the year Other comprehensive income		(1,271,509)
Total comprehensive income	_	(1,271,509)

21. AVAILABLE-FOR-SALE FINANCIAL ASSETS

	31 December	
	2017	2016
	RMB	RMB
Unlisted equity securities in the PRC, at cost (note)		2,250,000

Note:

- (i) The Group owns 15% of this available-for-sale financial assets, the Group's COO, one of the director and his spouse hold the rest of the equity interests of this available-for-sale financial assets. Management considers that this company is the related party of the Group.
- (ii) On 8 December 2017, the Group disposed 15% of this available-for-sale financial assets to an independent third party with consideration of RMB2,250,000. No gain/loss arise in this transaction.

22. TRADE AND BILLS RECEIVABLES

	31 December	
	2017	2016
	RMB	RMB
Trade receivables	97,272,407	144,983,809
Less: Impairment	(8,122,622)	(8,249,672)
	89,149,785	136,734,137
Bills receivables	80,000	80,000
	89,229,785	136,814,137

The Group's trading terms with its clients are mainly on credit. The credit period is generally 60 days to 360 days. The Group seeks to apply strict control over its outstanding receivables to minimise credit risk. Although the Group's trade receivables relate to a number of clients, however, there is certain degree of concentration of credit risk. The trade receivables from the five largest debtors at 31 December 2017 represented 60% (2016: 57%) of total trade receivables, while 16% (2016: 29%) of the total receivables were due from the largest debtor. All the trade receivables are non-interest-bearing.

An ageing analysis of the Group's trade receivables as at the end of the reporting periods, based on the provision of service date, is as follows:

	31 December	
	2017	2016
	RMB	RMB
Not more than 1 month	25,268,978	25,087,321
More than 1 month but not more than 3 months	24,138,919	33,289,857
More than 3 months but not more than 6 months	15,377,335	37,367,668
More than 6 months but not more than 1 year	24,364,553	40,198,403
Over 1 year	_	790,888
	89,149,785	136,734,137
Bills receivables	80,000	80,000
	89,229,785	136,814,137

The analysis of the Group's trade and bills receivables as at the end of each of the reporting periods, is as follows:

	31 December	
	2017	2016
	RMB	RMB
Neither past due nor impaired (note i)	75,843,404	125,818,448
Past due but not impaired (note ii): less than 1 month	6,018,745	4,010,632
1 to 3 months	5,367,088	151,515
more than 3 months but less than 12 months	2,000,548	6,753,542
	89,229,785	136,734,137

Notes:

- (i) The balances that were neither past due nor impaired relate to a wide range of clients for whom there was no recent history of default.
- (ii) Receivables that were past due but not impaired relate to a number of independent clients that have a good track record with the Group. Based on past experience, the Directors are of the opinion that no provision for impairment is necessary in respect of these balances as there has not been a significant change in credit quality and the balances are still considered fully recoverable. The Group does not hold any collateral or other credit enhancements over these balances.

The below table reconciled the impairment loss on trade receivables:

	31 December	
	2017	2016
	RMB	RMB
At the beginning of the year	8,249,672	123,875
Reversal of impairment loss previously recognised	(127,050)	_
Impairment loss recognised	4,007,887	12,478,397
Bad debts written off	(4,007,887)	(4,352,600)
At the end of the year	8,122,622	8,249,672

The Group recognised impairment loss on individual assessment based on the accounting policy stated in note 3(j)(ii).

23. PREPAYMENTS, DEPOSITS AND OTHER RECEIVABLES

	31 December	
	2017	2016
	RMB	RMB
Current		
Deposits	1,552,677	182,458
Prepayments (note (a))	24,136,125	11,507,811
Rent incentive	17,855,005	10,505,334
Advance payment for event marketing expenses	743,442	1,467,670
Other receivables (note(b))	29,380,073	707,249
	73,667,322	24,370,522
Less: impairment	(2,610,649)	(2,610,649)
Non-current	71,056,673	21,759,873
Deposits paid that are not repayable within one year	5,584,500	5,584,500
	76,641,173	27,344,373

Notes:

- (a) At the end of the reporting period, prepayments of RMB19,019,364 (2016: RMB6,079,543) in total were paid to 4 (2016: 4) independent third party advertising media or its agents for the purchase of advertising space that to be used in the coming one to ten years. According to the agreement, these deposits and prepayments can be used to offset against the advertising cost payable to these agents.
- (b) Included in other receivables were amount due from 上海三眾品牌管理有限公司 ("三眾品牌") of RMB18,501,910 (2016: N/A) and consideration receivable of RMB3,000,000 arising from disposal of 三眾品牌. These receivables have been fully settled in March 2018.

The below table reconciled the impairment loss on prepayments, deposits and other receivables:

	31 December	
	2017	2016
	RMB	RMB
At the beginning of the year	2,610,649	1,589,804
Reversal of impairment loss previously recognised	-	(1,589,804)
Impairment loss	-	2,610,649
At the end of the year	2,610,649	2,610,649

The Group recognised impairment loss based on the accounting policy stated in note 3(j)(ii).

24. RESTRICTED BANK DEPOSITS

The Group's restricted bank deposits were denominated in RMB, and as collateral for bank borrowings. The effective interest rates on restricted bank deposits 1.80% per annum as at 31 December 2017 (2016: 1.80% per annum).

25. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

The cash and cash equivalents of RMB53,501,136 (2016: RMB80,210,595) are located in the PRC. RMB is not a freely convertible currency and the remittance of funds out of the PRC is subject to exchange restrictions imposed by the PRC Government.

Cash at banks earns interest at floating rates based on daily bank deposit rates. The bank balances are deposited with creditworthy banks with no recent history of default.

26. TRADE PAYABLES

Trade payables are non-interest-bearing. The Group is normally granted with credit terms of about 90–180 days.

An ageing analysis of the Group's trade payables as at the end of each of the reporting periods, based on the date on which service was rendered or product was received, is as follows:

	31 December	
	2017	2016
	RMB	RMB
Not more than 1 month	21,429,688	20,845,731
More than 1 month but not more than 3 months	9,749,790	11,467,583
More than 3 months but not more than 6 months	414,720	2,995,229
More than 6 months but not more than 1 year	1,936,330	5,280,708
Over 1 year	7,446,281	4,532,204
	40,976,809	45,121,455

27. RECEIPTS IN ADVANCE, OTHER PAYABLES AND ACCRUALS

	31 December	
	2017	2016
	RMB	RMB
Current		
Receipts in advance from clients	6,839,063	3,153,155
Rent incentive	11,503,086	11,980,248
Other payables and accruals (note (i))	23,585,936	7,275,994
Amount due to a joint venture (note (ii))	2,927,849	13,225,451
Reclassified as held for sale	(2,927,849)	-
	41,928,085	35,634,848
Non-current Deposits received	10,897,805	10,897,805
	52,825,890	46,532,653

Notes:

- (i) Included in other payables and accruals were amount due to 三眾品牌 of RMB11,327,491 (2016: NVA) arising from disposal of 三眾品牌. The amount due has been fully settled in March 2018.
- (ii) The amount due is unsecured, interest-free and repayable on demand.

28. BANK BORROWINGS

24	- D				Ι.		
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		-	·C		w		

	2017	2016
	RMB	RMB
Secured interest-bearing loans	9,565,000	3,935,000

The secured bank borrowings of the Group were guaranteed by the subsidiary of the Group, SumZone Enterprise, repayable within one year and a deposit of RMB10,000,000 (2016: RMB 4,100,000) (note 24) is pledged for the bank borrowings. Annual interest is charged at 4.4% (2016: 2.9% to 4.4%).

The bank borrowings are not subject to any fulfillment of covenants according to the term in the loan agreements.

29. DEFERRED TAX ASSETS/(LIABILITIES)

		Deferred tax	
		liabilities in	
		respect of	
		fair value	
	Deferred	surplus in	
	tax assets	respect of	
	in respect	business	
	of tax loss	combination	Total
	RMB	RMB	RMB
At 1 January 2016	-	(639,800)	(639,800)
Acquired through acquisition of subsidiary (note 35)	4,879,239	(10,306,419)	(5,427,180)
(Charged)/credited to profit or loss	(582,046)	918,352	336,306
At 31 December 2016 and 1 January 2017	4,297,193	(10,027,867)	(5,730,674)
(Charged)/credited to profit or loss	(2,984,400)	1,114,208	(1,870,192)
At 31 December 2017	1,312,793	(8,913,659)	(7,600,866)

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As At 31 December 2017

For the purpose of presentation in the consolidated statements of financial position, the deferred tax assets and liabilities have not been offset. The following is the analysis of the deferred tax balances for financial reporting purposes:

	31 December	
	2017	2016
	RMB	RMB
Deferred tax assets	1,312,793	4,297,193
Deferred tax liabilities	(8,913,659)	(10,027,867)

No deferred tax assets is recognised in relation to tax losses from certain subsidiaries due to the unpredictability of future profit streams.

30. SHARE CAPITAL

	2017 Number	2017 RMB	2016 Number	2016 RMB
Authorised: At the beginning and the end of the year	2,000,000,000	16,632,421	2,000,000,000	16,632,421
Issued and fully paid: At the beginning of the year	25,771,079	2,037,681	246,810,994	1,996,737
Issue of shares upon by way of placements (note)			4,960,885	40,944
At the end of the year	25,771,079	2,037,681	251,771,079	2,037,681

Note:

On 29 April 2016, the Company issued 4,960,885 shares to a third-party investor (the "Investor") pursuant to the subscription agreement dated 16 November 2015 (as amended and supplemented by the supplemental agreement dated 29 February 2016) entered into between the Company and the Investor for an aggregate of approximately HK\$12,005,342 (equivalent to RMB9,908,489) with transaction costs of HK\$4,000 (equivalent to RMB3,356) attributed to the issue of shares. The share capital and share premium increased by RMB40,944 and RMB9,864,189 respectively.

31. RESERVES

Company	Share Premium (note a) RMB	Exchange reserve (note b) RMB	Accumulated losses (note c) RMB	Total RMB
At 1 January 2016	203,009,101	996,471	(25,120,362)	178,885,210
Loss for the year	_	_	(6,565,295)	(6,565,295)
Other comprehensive income	_	1,710,567	_	1,710,567
Total comprehensive income	-	1,710,567	(6,565,295)	(4,854,728)
Issue of new shares by way of placements	9,864,189			9,864,189
At 31 December 2016 and 1 January 2017	212,873,290	2,707,038	(31,685,657)	183,894,671
Loss for the year	_	_	(166,827,999)	(166,827,999)
Other comprehensive income	_	(1,769,374)	_	(1,769,374)
Total comprehensive income		(1,769,374)	(166,827,999)	(168,597,373)
At 31 December 2017	212,873,290	937,664	(198,513,656)	15,297,298

Notes:

- (a) Share premium represents amount subscribed for share capital in excess of par value.
- (b) Exchange reserve represents gains/losses arising on retranslating the net assets of foreign operations into presentation currency.
- (c) It represents cumulative net gains and losses recognised in profit or loss.

32. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Save as disclosed elsewhere in these financial statements, the Group had the following material related party transactions:

Key management personnel compensation

Remuneration for key management personnel of the Group, including amounts paid to the executive directors as disclosed in note 9 to the consolidated financial statements, and other senior management is as follows:

	Year ended 31 December	
	2017	2016
	RMB	RMB
Salaries, allowances and benefits in kinds	4,927,458	4,602,094
Pension scheme contributions	751,339	657,014
	5,678,797	5,259,108

33. MATERIAL INTERESTS OF DIRECTORS IN TRANSACTIONS, ARRANGEMENTS OR CONTRACTS

Except as disclosed in note 32 to the financial statements, no contracts of significance to which the Company's subsidiary or joint venture was a party and in which a director of the Company or an entity connected with a director had a material interest, whether directly or indirectly, subsisted during or at the end of the financial year.

34. NOTES SUPPORTING CASH FLOW STATEMENT

Reconciliation of liabilities arising from financing activities:

	Bank borrowings (note 28) RMB
At 1 January 2017	3,935,000
Changes from cash flows: Proceeds from new bank borrowings Repayment of bank loans Interest paid	9,565,000 (3,935,000) (425,428)
Total changes from financing cash flows:	5,204,572
Other charge: Interest expenses	425,428
At 31 December 2017	9,565,000

35. BUSINESS ACQUISITION

On 1 October 2016, the Group acquired 90% of the voting equity instruments of Shanghai Jingwei, a company whose principal activity is provision of operation and management service of business park area. The acquisition was made with the aims to develop new business during the year.

Pursuant to the sales and purchases agreement, the vendor undertakes that the profits of Shanghai Jingwei in the financial statements for the period from 1 September to 31 December 2016 and audited financial statements for the financial years ending 31 December 2017, 2018 and 2019 shall not be less than RMB3,000,000, RMB9,000,000, RMB9,000,000 and RMB9,000,000, respectively ("Warranted Profit"). If there is a shortfall on the Warranted Profit in the period from 1 September to 31 December 2016, 2017, 2018, 2019, there is cash compensation from the vendor to the Company. In the opinion of the Directors of the Company, the possibility of Shanghai Jingwei that does not meet the Warranted Profits is remote so that there is no contingent assets recognised for the cash compensation.

The provisional fair value of identifiable assets and liabilities of the acquiree as at the date of acquisition were:

	RMB
Property, plant and equipment (note 16)	8,393,320
Intangible assets (note 17)	51,532,097
Trade and other receivables	17,333,298
Cash and cash equivalents	46,312
Trade and other payables	(24,997,847)
Borrowings	(1,880,000)
Deferred tax liabilities (note 29)	(5,427,180)
Non-controlling interests	(4,500,000)
	40,500,000
Cash consideration	40,500,000
Cash Consideration	40,300,000
Net cash outflows arising from acquisition:	40 500 000
Cash consideration paid	40,500,000
Cash and cash equivalents acquired	(46,312)
	40,453,688

Since the acquisition date, Shanghai Jingwei has contributed RMB9,491,908 and RMB1,713,294 to Group's revenue and profit. If the acquisition had occurred on 1 January 2016, the Group's revenue and loss would have been RMB206,634,177 and RMB199,245,481 respectively. This pro forma information is for illustrative purposes only and is not necessarily an indication of revenue and results of operations of the group that actually would have been achieved had the acquisition been completed on 1 January 2016, nor is it intended to be a projection of future performance.

The acquisition related costs were not material, and have been expensed and are included in administrative expenses.

36. DISPOSAL OF A SUBSIDIARY

On 21 December 2017, the Group disposed of its subsidiary 三眾品牌 which is engaged in the provision for advertising services in the PRC. The net assets of 三眾品牌 at the date of disposal were as follows:

	Carrying amount RMB
Property, plant and equipment	7,241
Other receivables	11,330,963
Cash and cash equivalents	11,116,634
Trade and other payables	(19,298,881)
	3,155,957
Release of statutory reserve upon disposal	(271)
Loss on disposal of a subsidiary	(155,686)
Total consideration receivables	3,000,000
Net cash outflows arising from disposal: Cash and cash equivalents disposed	11,116,634

37. OPERATING LEASE COMMITMENTS

The Group leases certain properties under operating leases. The leases for properties usually run for an initial period of one to ten years. None of the leases includes contingent rentals.

At the end of each of the reporting period, the total future minimum lease payments under non-cancellable operating leases are payables as follows:

The Group as lessee	31 December	
	2017	2016
	RMB	RMB
Within one year	30,834,647	24,837,495
In the second to fifth years, inclusive	101,692,065	98,573,962
After five years	76,653,549	101,281,197
	209,180,261	224,692,654

At the end of reporting date, the Group had future aggregate minimum lease receivables, under non-cancellable operating leases are as follows:

The Group as lessor	31 December	
	2017	2016
	RMB	RMB
Within one year	26,586,600	26,586,600
In the second to fifth years, inclusive	111,664,800	105,460,450
After five years	109,005,060	152,873,760
	247,256,460	284,920,810

38. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS BY CATEGORY

The carrying amounts of each of the categories of financial instruments as at the end of each reporting period are as follows:

Financial assets

The Group's financial assets as at the end of each of the reporting period which are categorised as loans and receivables are as follows:

	Year ended 31 December	
	2017	2016
	RMB	RMB
Available-for-sale financial assets:		
Unlisted investment	-	2,250,000
Loans and receivables		
Trade and bills receivables	89,229,785	136,814,137
Financial assets included in deposits and other receivables	36,940,537	7,621,723
Restricted bank deposits	10,000,000	_
Cash and cash equivalents	53,772,080	84,310,595
	189,942,402	230,996,455

Financial liabilities

The Group's financial liabilities as at the end of each of the reporting period which are categorised as financial liabilities at amortised cost are as follows:

	Year ended 31 December	
	2017	2016
	RMB	RMB
Financial liabilities measured at amortised cost		
Trade payables	40,976,809	45,121,455
Financial liabilities included in accrued liabilities and other payables	35,089,023	31,399,250
Bank borrowings	9,565,000	3,935,000
	85,630,832	80,455,705

39. FINANCIAL RISK, CAPITAL MANAGEMENT AND FAIR VALUE

The Group has various financial assets and liabilities such as trade and other receivables, trade and other payables and bank borrowing, which arise directly from its operation.

The main risks arising from the Group's financial instruments are foreign currency risk, credit risk and liquidity risk. The Directors review and agree policies for managing each of these risks and they are summarised below.

Foreign currency risk

The Group's monetary assets, liabilities and transactions are principally denominated in RMB, which is the functional currency of the Company except for the cash and bank balances of RMB270,201 (2016: RMB124,513) that are denominated in Hong Kong Dollars ("HKD"). It is estimated that upon an appreciation or depreciation of 4% (2016: 2%) in HKD against RMB, with all other variables held constant, the impact on profit before income tax expense would not be significant. The Group currently does not have a foreign currency hedging policy, but management is closely monitoring the Group's foreign exchange exposure.

Credit risk

The most significant financial assets of the Group are trade receivables and other receivables. The Group trades only with recognised and creditworthy clients and the receivable balances are monitored on an ongoing basis and on an individual basis. The Group had a certain degree of concentration of credit risk, details please refer to note 22 and note 23. Given the credit worthiness and reputation of the major debtors, management believes the risk arising from concentration is manageable and not significant.

The Group is not exposed to significant credit risk in relation to other financial assets such as cash and cash equivalents, as the bank deposits are placed in the bank with high credit-ratings.

Liquidity risk

The Group's objective is to maintain a balance between continuity of funding and flexibility through the use of cash flows from operations. The Group regularly reviews its major funding positions to ensure that it has adequate financial resources in meeting its financial obligations. The maturity profile of the Group's financial liabilities as at the end of each of the reporting period, based on the contractual undiscounted payments, was less than one year. The discounting impact of the Group's financial liabilities is insignificant.

Capital management

The primary objective of the Group's capital management is to safeguard the Group's ability to continue as a going concern and to maintain healthy capital ratios in order to support its business.

The Group manages its capital structure and makes adjustments to it in light of changes in economic conditions. To maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Group may adjust the dividend payment to shareholders, return capital to shareholders and issue new shares. For capital management purpose, the directors of the Company regard the total equity presented on the consolidated statement of financial position as capital. No changes were made in the objectives, policies or processes for managing capital during the years ended 31 December 2017 and 2016.

Fair value

The carrying amounts of the financial assets and financial liabilities carried at amortised cost, in the consolidated financial statements approximate their fair values due to the relative short term maturity of these financial instruments.

40. SHARE OPTION SCHEME

On 10 April 2012, the Group has adopted the share option scheme (the" Scheme"). The Scheme is for a period of ten years commencing from 10 April 2012 whereby the Directors of the Company at its absolute discretion grant any employee of the Group, director, consultant or adviser of our Group, to take up options to subscribe for shares of the Company. The terms and conditions of the grant were determined by the Directors at the time of grant. The exercisable period of an option was not to exceed a period of ten years commencing on 10 April 2012. The options gave the holder the rights to subscribe for ordinary shares in the Company. A nominal consideration of HK\$1 was payable by the grantee upon acceptance of an option. Options were lapsed if the employee leaves the Group.

No share options were granted during the year ended 31 December 2017 and 2016.

41. HOLDING COMPANY STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT 31 DECEMBER $2017\,$

	2017 RMB	2016 RMB
Assets		
Non-current assets Investments in subsidiaries	16,096	161,682,763
Current assets		
Prepayments and other receivables Amounts due from subsidiaries Cash and cash equivalents	409,658 37,240,768 621,933	638,913 38,829,799 106,965
Total current assets	38,272,359	39,575,677
Total assets	38,288,455	201,258,440
Liabilities Current liabilities Other payables and accruals Amounts due to subsidiaries Bank borrowings	2,477,105 8,911,371 9,565,000	2,556,063 8,835,025 3,935,000
Total current liabilities	20,953,476	15,326,088
Net current assets	17,318,883	24,249,589
Total assets less current liabilities	17,334,979	185,932,352
Total liabilities	20,953,476	15,326,088
NET ASSETS	17,334,979	185,932,352

		2017	2016
	Note	RMB	RMB
Capital and reserve attributable to owners of the Compar	ny		
Issued capital		2,037,681	2,037,681
Share premium	31	212,873,290	212,873,290
Exchange reserve	31	937,664	2,707,038
Accumulated losses	31	(198,513,656)	(31,685,657)
TOTAL EQUITY		17,334,979	185,932,352
On behalf of the directors			
Director		Director	

42. EVENT AFTER THE REPORTING DATE

- (i) On 18 January 2018, Branding China Group Limited has entered to the Equity Transfer Agreement with Da Mau International Limited of transferring 100% of equity interest of Elegant Expert Investment Limited, a direct wholly owned subsidiary, to Da Mau International Limited at the consideration of RMB2,900,000.
- (ii) The Company was informed by the existing shareholders (Vendors) that on 24 January 2018, East Harvest Global Limited (the Offeror), the Vendors and ultimate beneficial owners of the vendors (the Guarantors) entered into the Sale and Purchase Agreement in relation to the sale and purchase of 187,510,194 Sale Shares for the total consideration of HK\$595,811,702 (equivalent to approximately HK\$3.18 per Sale Share). The completion took place on 25 January 2018.

43. APPROVAL OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the board of directors on 29 March 2018.