

(Incorporated in the Cayman Islands with limited liability) (於開曼群島註冊成立之有限公司) Stock Code 股份代號: 258

Contents 目錄

| | | Page 頁次 |
|--|--------------|------------|
| Corporate Information | 公司資料 | 1 |
| Group Profile | 集團組織圖 | 3 |
| Management Discussion and Analysis | 管理層討論及分析 | 4 |
| Corporate Governance Report | 企業管治報告 | 23 |
| Profile of the Directors and Officers | 董事及高級行政人員簡介 | 38 |
| Report of the Directors | 董事局報告書 | 44 |
| Independent Auditor's Report | 獨立核數師報告書 | 64 |
| Consolidated Statement of Profit or Loss | 綜合損益表 | 72 |
| Consolidated Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income | 綜合損益及其他全面收益表 | 73 |
| Consolidated Statement of Financial Position | 綜合財務狀況表 | 74 |
| Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity | 綜合權益變動表 | 76 |
| Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows | 綜合現金流量表 | 79 |
| Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements | 綜合財務報表附註 | 81 |
| Other Connected Transactions | 其他關連交易 | 186 |
| Schedule of Principal Properties | 主要物業表 | 187 |
| Five-Year Financial Summary | 五年財務概要 | 194 |

Corporate Information

公司資料

DIRECTORS

Executive Directors

Hsu Feng (Chairman and Managing Director) Albert Tong (Vice-Chairman) Tong Chi Kar Charles (Vice-Chairman) Yeung Kam Hoi

Independent Non-Executive Directors

Cheung Siu Ping, Oscar Lee Chan Fai Sean S J Wang

COMPANY SECRETARY

Lee Yuen Han

REGISTERED OFFICE

P.O. Box 309 Ugland House Grand Cayman KY1-1104 Cayman Islands

PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS IN HONG KONG

Rooms 1501-2 and 1507-12 15th Floor, Wing On Centre 111 Connaught Road Central Hong Kong

Telephone: (852) 2848-1668 Facsimile: (852) 2845-0341

E-mail: mail_box@tomson.com.hk

AUDITOR

Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu

董事

執行董事

徐 楓(主席兼董事總經理) 湯子同(副主席) 湯子嘉(副主席) 楊錦海

獨立非執行董事

張兆平 李燦輝 王少劍

公司秘書

李婉嫻

註冊辦事處

P.O. Box 309 Ugland House Grand Cayman KY1-1104 Cayman Islands

於香港之主要營業地點

香港 干諾道中111號 永安中心15樓 1501-2及1507-12室

電話: (852) 2848-1668 傳真: (852) 2845-0341

電子郵箱: mail_box@tomson.com.hk

核數師

德勤 • 關黃陳方會計師行

SHARE REGISTRAR IN HONG KONG

Tricor Secretaries Limited Level 22, Hopewell Centre 183 Queen's Road East Hong Kong

Telephone: (852) 2980-1333

PRINCIPAL BANKERS

China CITIC Bank Corporation Limited
The Bank of East Asia (China) Limited
Bank of Communications Co., Ltd.
Fubon Bank (Hong Kong) Limited
Hang Seng Bank Limited
Bank of China Limited
The Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation Limited

SOLICITORS

Baker & McKenzie Zhong Lun Law Firm Vincent T.K. Cheung, Yap & Co. Woo, Kwan, Lee & Lo

SHARE LISTING

The Company's shares are listed on the Main Board of The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited

Stock Code: 258

INVESTOR RELATIONS

Please write to the Company at its principal place of business in Hong Kong, or by fax at (852) 2845-0341 or email to ir@tomson.com.hk

Website: http://www.tomson.com.hk

於香港之股份過戶登記處

卓佳秘書商務有限公司 香港 皇后大道東183號 合和中心22樓

電話: (852) 2980-1333

主要往來銀行

中信銀行股份有限公司 東亞銀行(中國)有限公司 交通銀行股份有限公司 富邦銀行(香港)有限公司 恒生銀行有限公司 中國銀行股份有限公司 香港上海滙豐銀行有限公司

律師

貝克·麥堅時律師事務所 中倫律師事務所 張葉司徒陳律師事務所 胡關李羅律師行

股份上市

本公司之股份於 香港聯合交易所有限公司主板上市

股份代號: 258

投資者關係

請致函本公司 於香港之主要營業地點 或傳真至 (852) 2845-0341 或電郵至 ir@tomson.com.hk

網址: http://www.tomson.com.hk

Group Profile 集團組織圖



HOSPITALITY AND LEISURE INDUSTRY 款客及消閒業務

PROPERTY DEVELOPMENT AND INVESTMENT 物業發展及投資

MEDIA AND ENTERTAINMENT BUSINESS 媒體及娛樂業務

SHANGHAI 上海

MACAU 澳門

TOMSON SHANGHAI PUDONG GOLF CLUB 湯臣上海浦東高爾夫球會 TOMSON RIVIERA 湯臣一品

ONE PENHA HILL 湯臣主教山壹號

LIVE ENTERTAINMENT 現場表演節目

INTERCONTINENTAL **SHANGHAI PUDONG** 上海錦江湯臣洲際大酒店 TOMSON RIVIERA **GARDEN**

湯臣湖庭花園

TOMSON GOLF VILLAS AND GARDEN 湯臣高爾夫別墅及花園

JINQIAO-ZHANGJIANG **PROJECT** 金橋一張江項目

TOMSON COMMERCIAL BUILDING 湯臣金融大廈

TOMSON INTERNATIONAL TRADE BUILDING 湯臣國際貿易大樓

> TOMSON **BUSINESS CENTRE** 湯臣商務中心大廈

TOMSON WAIGAOOIAO INDUSTRIAL PARK 湯臣外高橋工業園區

FILM DISTRIBUTION 電影發行

Management Discussion and Analysis 管理層討論及分析

GENERAL OVERVIEW

In respect of the consolidated results of the Company and its subsidiaries (collectively the "Group") for the year ended 31st December, 2017, the Board of Directors of the Company (the "Board") is pleased to report a consolidated profit after taxation attributable to shareholders of the Company of HK\$1,255,486,000 (2016: HK\$876,256,000). This represents an increase of approximately 43.28% compared with the year 2016. Basic earnings per share amounted to 69.44 HK cents (2016: 52.87 HK cents).

This improvement in the results of the Group was principally attributable to the recognition of a one-off gain in the total amount of HK\$1,075,148,000 on disposal of a joint venture and subsidiaries of the Group which were engaged in property development in Tianjin of the People's Republic of China ("China").

Subsequent to the completion of the disposal of subsidiaries in Tianjin in the second half of 2017, gross proceeds from operations of the Group dropped during the year under review, unlike the year 2016 when sale proceeds from the property projects in Tianjin and the Macau Special Administrative Region ("Macau") of China were recognized after completion of construction and upon delivery of units sold to the buyers. Nevertheless, the Group recorded a gross profit of HK\$1,371,064,000 (2016: HK\$1,900,130,000).

There was an increase in return on securities investment for the year 2017 due to receipt of dividends of HK\$86,498,000 (2016: HK\$30,695,000) from both listed and unlisted long-term investments and by recording a net gain in investments held for trading of HK\$10,461,000 (2016: HK\$8,942,000).

In addition, there was an unrealized gain on fair value changes of investment properties of the Group in Shanghai of China of HK\$154,862,000 (2016: HK\$554,534,000) arising from market valuation as at the end of the year under review pursuant to applicable accounting standards. Excluding the said unrealized gain, the Group reported an operating profit before taxation of HK\$2,234,167,000 for the year under review (2016: HK\$1,199,062,000).

概覽

就本公司及其附屬公司(統稱「本集團」) 截至二零一七年十二月三十一日止年度 之綜合業績,本公司董事局(「董事局」) 欣然報告本公司股東應佔除税後綜合溢 利為1,255,486,000港元(二零一六年: 876,256,000港元),此表示較二零一六 年同期增長約43.28%。每股基本盈利為 69.44港仙(二零一六年:52.87港仙)。

本集團之業績增長乃主要歸因於就出售本集團一家合資企業及附屬公司而確認之一次性收益合共1,075,148,000港元所致,該等公司於中華人民共和國(「中國」)天津市從事物業發展業務。

隨著在二零一七年下半年完成出售於天津市之附屬公司,本集團於回顧年度內之經營收益總額下跌,此有別於本集團在二零一六年就中國天津市及澳門特別行政區(「澳門」)之物業項目在竣工之後並將已售單位交付予買家後予以確認銷售收益。儘管如此,本集團錄得毛利1,371,064,000港元(二零一六年:1,900,130,000港元)。

二零一七年度證券投資之回報有所增加,本集團自上市及非上市長期投資收取股息86,498,000港元(二零一六年:30,695,000港元),並錄得待售投資收益淨額10,461,000港元(二零一六年:8,942,000港元)。

此外,根據適用之會計準則,於回顧年度末對本集團位於中國上海市之投資物業進行市場估值錄得公平值變動所產生之未變現收益為154,862,000港元(二零一六年:554,534,000港元)。倘不計及上述未變現收益,本集團於回顧年度錄得除稅前經營溢利2,234,167,000港元(二零一六年:1,199,062,000港元)。

DIVIDEND

To expedite dividend payment to the shareholders of the Company, the Board has declared an interim dividend (instead of recommending a final dividend) of 43 HK cents per share for the year ended 31st December, 2017 (2016: 43 HK cents per share) payable to the shareholders whose names appear on the register of members of the Company on Tuesday, 8th May, 2018 (the "Record Date"). Shareholders will be given an option to elect to receive shares of HK\$0.50 each in the capital of the Company credited as fully paid in lieu of cash in respect of all or part of the interim dividend (the "Scrip Dividend Scheme").

The Scrip Dividend Scheme will be subject to the consent of The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange") to grant listing of and permission to deal in the new shares of the Company to be allotted thereunder. For the purpose of determining the number of new shares of the Company to be allotted under the Scrip Dividend Scheme, the market value of a new share will be calculated as an amount equal to 95% of the average of the closing prices per share of the Company traded on the Stock Exchange for the five consecutive trading days up to and including the Record Date. A circular that gives full details of the Scrip Dividend Scheme, together with a form of election, will be sent to the shareholders of the Company in due course. Dividend warrants and/or share certificates for the scrip dividend are expected to be despatched on Thursday, 14th June, 2018.

OPERATIONS REVIEW

The Mainland of China is the base of the Group's major operations. Other than the gain on disposal of the joint venture and subsidiaries, property development and investment business was the principal source of the Group's operating profit for the year ended 31st December, 2017.

As a result of recognition of sale proceeds of the Group's property projects in Shanghai, Tianjin and Macau, the property development and trading segment was the primary profit contributor of the Group and this generated a segment profit of HK\$965,497,000 (2016: HK\$1,240,707,000).

股息

為了可加快向本公司股東派發股息,董事局宣佈向於二零一八年五月八日(星期二)(「記錄日期」)名列本公司股東名冊之股東宣派截至二零一七年十二月三十一日止年度之中期股息(代替建議派付末期股息)每股43港仙(二零一六年:每股43港仙)。股東將有權選擇就全部或部份中期股息收取本公司股本中每股面值0.50港元之股份以代替現金,且該等股份將被記入為已繳足股本(「以股代息計劃」)。

業務回顧

中國內地為本集團之主要營運基地。除 出售合資企業及附屬公司之收益外,物 業發展及投資業務為本集團截至二零 一七年十二月三十一日止年度經營溢利 之主要來源。

由於確認本集團在上海市、天津市及澳門之物業項目之銷售收益,物業發展及銷售分類為本集團之首要溢利貢獻者,並產生分類溢利965,497,000港元(二零一六年:1,240,707,000港元)。

Property investment segment in Shanghai was the secondary profit maker of the Group by contributing a segment profit of HK\$328,102,000 (2016: HK\$762,978,000), which was derived from the steady recurrent rental and management income from the investment properties of the Group as well as the unrealized gain on fair value changes of those investment properties upon revaluation at the year-end.

Securities trading business in the Hong Kong Special Administrative Region ("Hong Kong") of China reported a net gain of HK\$10,461,000 (2016: HK\$8,942,000) and was the tertiary profit contributor of the Group.

The other business segments of the Group reported immaterial losses during the year under review.

Property Development and Investment

Property development and investment remained the core business of the Group for the year ended 31st December, 2017 and contributed a total profit of HK\$1,293,599,000 (2016: HK\$2,003,685,000). There was a decrease in sale proceeds that could be recognized during the year under review and this business segment generated total revenue of HK\$2,058,882,000 which accounted for approximately 94.99% of the gross proceeds from operations of the Group for the year 2017. Projects in Pudong of Shanghai accounted for approximately 45.92% of the gross proceeds from operations of the Group and became the primary source of revenue whereas the project in Tianjin was the secondary source of revenue and accounted for approximately 33.45%. The project in Macau is the tertiary source of revenue and accounted for approximately 15.62% of the gross proceeds from operations of the Group. In addition, an unrealized gain on fair value changes of the investment properties of the Group in Shanghai of HK\$154,862,000 was recorded at the year-end date. Tomson Riviera was the prime source of profit of the Group in 2017.

於上海市之物業投資分類為本集團之第二大溢利來源,貢獻分類溢利328,102,000港元(二零一六年:762,978,000港元),此乃來自本集團於投資物業之穩定經常性租金及管理費收入,以及於年末重估該等投資物業時,公平值變動所產生之未變現收益。

在中國香港特別行政區(「香港」)之證券買賣業務錄得收益淨額10,461,000港元(二零一六年:8,942,000港元),並為本集團之第三大溢利貢獻者。

本集團之其他業務分類於回顧年度錄得 輕微虧損。

物業發展及投資

物業發展及投資業務仍為本集團於截至 二零一七年十二月三十一日止年度之核 心業務,且貢獻溢利總額1,293,599,000 港元(二零一六年:2,003,685,000港元)。 回顧年度內可確認之銷售收益有所減少, 而此業務分類產生總收入2,058,882,000 港元, 佔本集團於二零一七年度之經營 收益總額約94.99%。位於上海市浦東之 項目佔本集團之經營收益總額約 45.92%,為首要收入來源,而位於天津 市之項目則為第二大收入來源,佔約 33.45%。位於澳門之項目為第三大收入 來源,佔本集團之經營收益總額約 15.62%。此外,於年結日錄得本集團於 上海市之投資物業公平值變動所產生之 未變現收益154,862,000港元。於二零 一七年度, 湯臣一品為本集團之首要溢 利來源。

Tomson Riviera, Shanghai

Tomson Riviera is a notable high-rise residential development along the riverfront of Lujiazui of Pudong and right opposite the Bund. There are four residential towers, and based on the business strategy of the Group, two residential towers are earmarked for sale while the other two towers are retained for leasing.

As at 31st December, 2017, the total residential gross floor area available for sale of Towers A and C amounted to approximately 10,200 square meters while of the total residential gross floor area of Towers B and D of approximately 58,400 square meters, about 67% were leased.

For the year 2017, total revenue of HK\$785.49 million was recognized and this accounted for approximately 36.24% of the gross proceeds from operations of the Group. The revenue was principally attributable to sale proceeds and the rest was derived from rental income and management fee. The Group also recorded an unrealized gain on fair value changes of this property of HK\$112.72 million as at the year-end date. Sale deposits of HK\$207.88 million were credited to the Group as at the end of the year under review and such amount is expected to be recognized in 2018.

上海市湯臣一品

湯臣一品為一項著名的高樓住宅發展項目,聳立於浦東陸家嘴之江畔,對望外灘。該項目共有四棟住宅大樓,及根據本集團之業務策略,兩棟住宅大樓劃作銷售,而另外兩棟大樓則留作租賃用途。

於二零一七年十二月三十一日,A棟及C棟大樓中可供出售總住宅樓面面積約餘10,200平方米,而B棟及D棟大樓之總住宅樓面面積約58,400平方米中已租出約67%。

於二零一七年度,已確認總收入約為 785,490,000港元,佔本集團之經營收益 總額約36.24%。收入主要來自銷售收 益,其餘則來自租金收入及管理費。本 集團於年結日亦錄得該物業之公平值變 動所產生之未變現收益約112,720,000港 元。銷售訂金約207,880,000港元已於回 顧年度末記入本集團之賬目內,並預計 該款項將於二零一八年度確認入賬。

TOMSON RIVIERA 湯臣一品







Tomson Riviera Garden, Shanghai

Tomson Riviera Garden is a low-density residential project of the Group adjacent to Tomson Shanghai Pudong Golf Club in Sanba River District of Pudong and the Group holds a 70% interest in this project.

Development of the whole project has been completed in three phases and all the residential units were sold out. Total recognized revenue for the year 2017, comprising sale proceeds, rental income and management fee, amounted to HK\$85.13 million and this accounted for approximately 3.93% of the gross proceeds from operations of the Group. Sale proceeds of Phase 3 were the principal source of the said revenue.

上海市湯臣湖庭花園

湯臣湖庭花園為本集團於浦東三八河區 域毗鄰湯臣上海浦東高爾夫球會之一項 低密度住宅項目,本集團持有該項目 70%權益。

整個項目經已分三期發展完成,且所有住宅單位已售出。於二零一七年度確認之總收入約為85,130,000港元,包括銷售收益、租金收入及管理費,佔本集團之經營收益總額約3.93%。第三期項目之銷售收益為上述收入之主要來源。

TOMSON RIVIERA GARDEN (PHASE 3) 湯臣湖庭花園 (三期)





Commercial and Industrial Buildings, Shanghai

Rental income and management fee from the Group's commercial and industrial property portfolio in Pudong, which comprised, inter alia, Tomson Commercial Building, Tomson International Trade Building, Tomson Waigaoqiao Industrial Park, the commercial podium of Tomson Business Centre and the office premises on the entire 72nd Floor of Shanghai World Financial Centre, provided a steady recurrent revenue of HK\$122.19 million to the Group and this accounted for approximately 5.64% of the gross proceeds from operations of the Group for the year 2017. The Group also recorded an unrealized gain on fair value changes of the aforesaid investment properties of HK\$42.14 million in the annual results of the Group for the year under review.

上海市之商業及工業物業

來自本集團位於浦東之商業及工業物業組合(其中包括湯臣金融大廈、湯臣國際貿易大樓、湯臣外高橋工業園區、湯臣商務中心大廈之商場部份及上海環球金融中心72樓全層辦公室物業)之租金收入及管理費為本集團帶來穩定經常性收入約122,190,000港元,佔本集團於二零一七年度之經營收益總額約5.64%。本集團亦在回顧年度之全年業績中就上述投資物業錄得公平值變動時產生之未變現收益約42,140,000港元。

TOMSON COMMERCIAL BUILDING 湯臣金融大廈



TOMSON BUSINESS CENTRE 湯臣商務中心大廈



TOMSON WAIGAOQIAO INDUSTRIAL PARK 湯臣外高橋工業園區



TOMSON INTERNATIONAL TRADE BUILDING 湯臣國際貿易大樓



Miscellaneous Residential Development in Shanghai

Tomson Golf Villas and Garden have been developed in phases around the periphery of Tomson Shanghai Pudong Golf Club in Pudong since 1996 and there are now less than 10 residential units available for sale. During the year under review, the proceeds generated were insignificant and were from sale of car parking spaces and leasing of residential units, which accounted for approximately 0.11% of the gross proceeds from operations of the Group.

The Group also holds less than 10 car parking spaces at Xingguo Garden, the sole residential development of the Group in Puxi, for sale.

上海市之其他住宅發展項目

湯臣高爾夫別墅及花園自一九九六年起 沿湯臣上海浦東高爾夫球會周邊分期開 發,現時僅餘不足10個住宅單位可供出 售。於回顧年度內,銷售停車位及出租 住宅單位產生少量收益,佔本集團之經 營收益總額約0.11%。

本集團亦持有位於浦西之唯一住宅發展項目一湯臣怡園中不足10個停車位待售。

TOMSON GOLF VILLAS AND GARDEN 湯臣高爾夫別墅及花園





Jinqiao-Zhangjiang Project, Shanghai

In September 2010, the Company acquired through a wholly-owned subsidiary the land use rights of a plot of land with a site area of approximately 300,700 square meters (the "Tomson Portion") located in Jinqiao-Zhangjiang District of Pudong and adjacent to Tomson Shanghai Pudong Golf Club. Vacant possession of over 80% of the site area of the Tomson Portion has been delivered to the Group in phases but delivery of the last phase of the Tomson Portion ("Phase 7") did not take place before the end of 2016 as agreed.

Initial plans called for the Tomson Portion to be developed into a low-density residential development in phases. The first phase of the project ("Phase 1") will comprise 43 low-density residential units with total saleable gross floor area of

上海市金橋-張江項目

於二零一零年九月,本公司透過一家全資附屬公司收購一幅位於浦東金橋一張江地區與湯臣上海浦東高爾夫球會毗鄰及地塊面積約300,700平方米之土地(「湯臣地塊」)之土地使用權。湯臣地塊中逾80%之地塊面積已分期交付予本集團,但湯臣地塊中最後一期(「第七期」)並未按協定於二零一六年年底前交付。

本集團初步計劃將湯臣地塊分期開發為一項低密度住宅發展項目。該項目第一期(「第一期」)將包括43個低密度住宅單位(總可供銷售樓面面積約16,000平方

Management Discussion and Analysis 管理層討論及分析

approximately 16,000 square meters, a club house and ancillary facilities. The superstructure of the residential units had been topped out in December 2014 but completion of construction works will be deferred pending the construction of the club house and ancillary facilities.

In January 2013, the said wholly-owned subsidiary entered into a conditional framework agreement to acquire the land use rights of a plot of land with a site area of approximately 422,174.6 square meters (the "Sports Portion") for landscaping and sports facilities purposes and a residential development project (the "Development Project") on a plot of land with a site area of approximately 28,286.2 square meters in Jinqiao-Zhangjiang District of Pudong. As these two plots of land are intermingled with the Tomson Portion, the Group had intended to incorporate these land lots into the master development plan of the Tomson Portion. The Group entered into a supplemental agreement in July 2016 to cancel the inter-conditional requirement in respect of the completion of the transfers of the land use rights of the Sports Portion and the Development Project to facilitate the acquisition of the Development Project by the Group which was subsequently completed in 2016. Construction works on the Development Project have been put on hold pending clearance of related planning matters.

On 11th January, 2017, Pudong New Area Planning and Land Authority of Shanghai published on its website a public notice with respect to the proposed adjustment and change to Zhangjiabang Wedge-shaped Green Space Development Plan which covers the portion located in Jinqiao-Zhangjiang District of Pudong and north of a stream named Zhangjiabang (the "Northern Portion"), within which the Tomson Portion, the Development Project and the Sports Portion are located ("Proposed Planning Changes"). Having conducted a preliminary review and analysis of the Proposed Planning Changes, the Company noted that the Proposed Planning Changes, if effected, might involve the following: (i) the original site over which Phase 7 is located would not be delivered to the Group and instead, another piece of land in the Northern Portion might be allocated to the Group in substitution and as replacement; (ii) while the location of Phase 1 and the Development Project would remain unchanged, there might be an adjustment and relocation of the other plots forming the Tomson Portion (which are originally located along the boundaries and in the centre of the Northern Portion) such that 米)、一個會所及配套設施。住宅單位 已於二零一四年十二月主體結構封頂, 惟建築工程將待興建會所及配套設施後 方完成。

於二零一三年一月,上述全資附屬公司 訂立了一份有條件的框架協議以收購位 於浦東金橋一張江地區內一幅地塊面積 約為422,174.6平方米之土地(「體育用 地」) 之土地使用權,以作為景觀及體育 設施之用,及在區內一幅地塊面積約為 28,286.2平方米之土地上的住宅發展項 目(「發展項目」)。由於該兩幅地塊與湯 臣地塊相互穿插環繞,本集團有意將此 等地塊納入湯臣地塊之總體發展規劃中。 本集團於二零一六年七月簽訂補充協議, 以取消有關完成轉讓體育用地之土地使 用權及發展項目之互為條件規定以方便 本集團收購發展項目,並其後於二零 一六年完成收購。發展項目之建築工程 已暫時擱置以待處理相關規劃事項。

於二零一七年一月十一日,上海市浦東 新區規劃和土地管理局於其網站刊登有 關建議調整及變動張家浜楔形綠地控制 性詳細規劃之公告,該規劃涵蓋位於浦 東金橋-張江地區及一條名為張家浜的 河流北面地區內的地塊(「北地塊」),而 湯臣地塊、發展項目及體育用地均位於 北地塊內(「規劃變更建議」)。經對規劃 變更建議作出初步審閱及分析,本公司 知悉,規劃變更建議如獲實行,可能涉 及以下方面:(i)第七期所位於之原地塊 將不會交付予本集團,而可能代之以北 地塊內之另一幅土地提供予本集團,以 取代及替换原地塊;(ii)在第一期及發展 項目之位置保持不變的同時,組成湯臣 地塊之其他地塊(該等地塊原位於北地 塊邊緣範圍及中心區域內)可能會作出 調整及變遷,以令上述地塊將與第一期 及發展項目合併,成為北地塊內的三幅 合併地塊以提供予本集團作住宅發展用

the aforesaid plots will be consolidated with Phase 1 and the Development Project to become three combined plots within the Northern Portion to be allocated to the Group for residential development ("Revised Tomson Residential Development"); (iii) if the aforesaid relocation were to materialize, the Revised Tomson Residential Development would be relocated farther away from the high voltage pylons running along the northern side of the original Tomson Portion; (iv) there might be a slight decrease of 592.2 square meters regarding the aggregate site area of the Revised Tomson Residential Development; and (v) the original Sports Portion might not be available for delivery to the Group because all the remaining areas surrounding the Revised Tomson Residential Development within the Northern Portion will be re-categorized as "public greenery and sports lands". In August 2017, the municipal government of Shanghai issued its consent in principle to the Proposed Planning Changes. The Group and the contracting party have been collaborating closely with the aim of putting into effect the changes under the Proposed Planning Changes in the best interests of all parties concerned.

途(「經修訂湯臣住宅發展項目」);(iii)若上述變遷落實,經修訂湯臣住宅發展項目將遷移遠離沿著原湯臣地塊北面之高壓電纜區域;(iv)有關經修訂湯臣也鬼北百之發展項目之總地塊面積或會輕微減臣住宅發展項目之總地塊面積或會輕微減去交付予本集團,原因是北地塊內經能所有剩餘區,原因是北地塊內經體育用地」。於二零一七年八月,上海市政地」。於二零一七年八月,上海市政地」。於二零一七年八月,上海市政地」。於二零一七年八月,上海市政治出批覆原則上同意規劃變更建議有下發出批覆原則上同意規劃變更建議項下之變更。

Phase 2 of Jinwan Plaza, Tianjin

In 2010, the Group participated in the development of phase two of Jinwan Plaza in the central area of Heping District, Tianjin, by holding a 75% equity interest in Tianjin Jinwan Real Estate Development Co., Limited ("Jinwan Real Estate") and a 51% equity interest in Tianjin Jinwan Property Co., Limited ("Jinwan Property"). There are 3 high-rise buildings for residential, commercial and office purposes in phase two of Jinwan Plaza.

To realize the investment potential of these projects, the Group respectively entered into an agreement on 24th October, 2016 to dispose of the 51% equity interest in Jinwan Property to an unrelated third party at a cash consideration of RMB1,173.00 million and an agreement on 30th June, 2017 to dispose of the 100% equity interest in Tianjin Tomson Development Co, Limited ("Tianjin Tomson"), which in turn held the 75% equity interest in Jinwan Real Estate, to an unrelated third party at a cash consideration of RMB2,015.62 million. The purchaser of Tianjin Tomson also provided funds in the amount of RMB344.38 million to Tianjin Tomson for its repayment of the loan owed to the Group.

天津市津灣廣場第二期

本集團於二零一零年透過持有天津津灣 房產建設有限公司(「津灣房產建設」)之 75%權益及天津津灣置業有限公司(「津 灣置業」)之51%權益,以參與開發位於 天津市和平區中心區域之津灣廣場第二 期。津灣廣場第二期共有三棟高樓,作 住宅、商業及辦公樓用途。

為變現該等項目之投資潛力,本集團於二零一六年十月二十四日訂立協議,按現金代價人民幣1,173,000,000元向一名無關連第三方出售津灣置業之51%股權,並於二零一七年六月三十日訂立協議,按現金代價人民幣2,015,620,000元向一名無關連第三方出售天津湯臣建設有限公司(「天津湯臣」,其持有津灣房產建設之75%股權)之全部股權。天津湯臣之買方並向天津湯臣提供人民幣344,380,000元,以償還其結欠本集團之墊款。



PHASE 2 OF JINWAN PLAZA 津灣廣場第二期

The disposal of the interest in Jinwan Property was completed in January 2017 and a gain of HK\$523,713,000 was recognized whilst the disposal of the interest in Tianjin Tomson was completed in August 2017 and a gain of HK\$551,435,000 was recognized. The Group no longer has any investment in Tianjin.

Before the disposal of the interest in Tianjin Tomson, revenue in the total amount of HK\$724.98 million was recognized in the consolidated results of the Group for the year under review from the sale proceeds and rental income of Tomson Riviera Tianjin, a residential development of Jinwan Real Estate, and this accounted for approximately 33.45% of the gross proceeds from operations of the Group.

出售津灣置業之股權已於二零一七年一月完成,並確認收益523,713,000港元, 而出售天津湯臣之股權已於二零一七年 八月完成,並確認收益551,435,000港元。本集團不再於天津市持有任何投資。

本集團於出售天津湯臣股權之前,於回顧年度之綜合業績中,確認湯臣津灣一品(津灣房產建設之住宅發展項目)之銷售收益及租金收入合共約724,980,000港元,佔本集團之經營收益總額約33.45%。

One Penha Hill, Macau

The Group holds a 70% interest in the development of a luxury residential condominium at Penha Hill within a designated World Heritage Zone of Macau. The development project is named "One Penha Hill" and consists of 63 residential units in four apartment blocks with a club house, swimming pool, roof terrace and car parking spaces.

澳門湯臣主教山壹號

本集團持有座落於澳門被列為世界遺產 區內之主教山上之豪華住宅發展項目之 70%權益。該發展項目命名為「湯臣主教 山壹號」,包括四幢住宅大樓中63個住 宅單位、會所、游泳池、天台花園及停 車場。

ONE PENHA HILL 湯臣主教山壹號





This project, which was one of the major sources of operating profit of the Group for the year under review, generated revenue of HK\$338.66 million and this accounted for approximately 15.62% of the gross proceeds from operations of the Group. Sale deposits of HK\$5.69 million were credited to the Group as at the end of the year under review and are expected to be recognized in the annual results of the Group for 2018. As at 31st December, 2017, residential gross floor area of approximately 10,800 square meters were available for sale.

此項目為本集團於回顧年度之主要營運溢利來源之一,產生收入約338,660,000港元,佔本集團之經營收益總額約15.62%。於回顧年度末,銷售訂金約5,690,000港元已記入本集團之賬目內,並預期將於本集團之二零一八年度之全年業績內確認入賬。於二零一七年十二月三十一日,可供出售之住宅樓面面積約為10,800平方米。

Hospitality and Leisure Industry

Tomson Shanghai Pudong Golf Club, Shanghai

Tomson Shanghai Pudong Golf Club, situated in Pudong of Shanghai, generated revenue of HK\$42,674,000, being approximately 1.97% of the gross proceeds from operations of the Group, for the year 2017. The revenue was mainly attributable to golfing activities. Other than annual weekday membership fee income, there was no sale of membership debentures in 2017 possibly due to recent social and political developments and the remaining tenor of the debentures being less than ten years. As a result, the Club reported a segment loss of HK\$33,734,000 for the year 2017 (2016: HK\$31,075,000).

款客及消閒業務

上海市湯臣上海浦東高爾夫球會

位於上海市浦東之湯臣上海浦東高爾夫球會於二零一七年度產生收入42,674,000港元,佔本集團經營收益總額約1.97%。收入主要來自高爾夫球活動。除年度平日會籍收入之外,二零一七年並無任何會籍債券銷售收入,此乃可能歸因於社會及政治方面之近期發展及債券之剩餘年期少於十年之影響。因此,該球會於二零一七年度錄得分類虧損33,734,000港元(二零一六年:31,075,000港元)。

TOMSON SHANGHAI PUDONG GOLF CLUB 湯臣上海浦東高爾夫球會



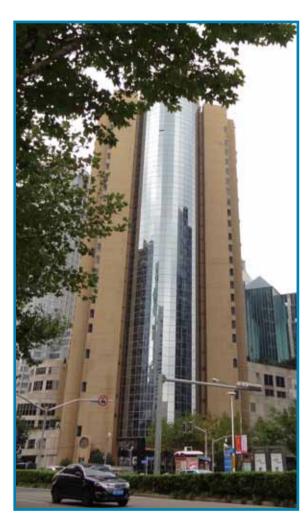


InterContinental Shanghai Pudong, Shanghai

InterContinental Shanghai Pudong hotel, situated in Lujiazui of Pudong, Shanghai, reported an average occupancy rate of approximately 78.73% in 2017. For the year under review, owing to renovation works in guest rooms on five floors for around seven months, the revenue had been affected but the profit was better than expectation. The Group, which holds a 50% interest in the hotel, shared a net profit of HK\$12.36 million from this investment for the year 2017 (2016: HK\$13.34 million). To maintain the profitability of the hotel, the hotel management will continue to focus on controlling operating costs, increasing marketing efforts on the food and beverage operations and expanding source of clientele to further raise the occupancy rate.

上海市之上海錦江湯臣洲際大酒店

位於上海市浦東陸家嘴之上海錦江湯臣 洲際大酒店於二零一七年度錄得平均入 住率約78.73%。於回顧年度,由於對五 個樓層之客房進行歷時約七個月之翻新 工程,收入有所影響,惟溢利則優於預 期。本集團持有該酒店之50%權益,並 於二零一七年度從該項投資分佔,並 於二零一七年度從該項投資分佔 12,360,000港元之純利(二零一六年: 13,340,000港元)。該酒店管理層將繼 集中力量控制經營成本、加強餐飲業務 之推廣,並開拓客源以進一步提高入住 率,從而維持酒店之盈利。



INTERCONTINENTAL SHANGHAI PUDONG 上海錦江湯臣洲際大酒店





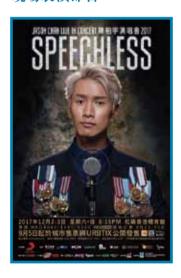
Media and Entertainment Business

The Group set up its film distribution business in 2011 and has also participated in the production of live entertainment shows. For the year ended 31st December, 2017, gross revenue received and receivable from this segment amounted to HK\$4,695,000 and this accounted for approximately 0.22% of the Group's gross proceeds from operations. The revenue for the year under review was solely generated from investments in the production of live entertainment shows, principally local pop concerts and a segment loss of HK\$1,724,000 (2016: HK\$3,193,000) was recorded. The Group intends to continue in participating in investments in various live performances in 2018.

媒體及娛樂業務

本集團在二零一一年開展電影發行業務,並已參與現場表演節目製作。截至二零一七年十二月三十一日止年度,此分類的已收及應收總收入為4,695,000港元,佔本集團之經營收益總額約0.22%。於回顧年度內之收益全部來自現場表演節目製作之投資,主要為本地流行演唱會,並錄得分類虧損1,724,000港元(二零一六年:3,193,000港元)。本集團擬繼續於二零一八年度參與投資各類現場表演節目。

LIVE ENTERTAINMENT 現場表演節目













Securities Trading

For the year under review, the Group's securities trading business in Hong Kong reported revenue of HK\$60,099,000 and this accounted for approximately 2.77% of the gross proceeds from operations of the Group. The revenue was derived from sale proceeds of the trading securities held by the Group and a net gain in securities investments held for trading of HK\$10,461,000 was recorded (2016: HK\$8,942,000).

PVC Operations

The manufacturing operation of PVC pipes and fittings in Shanghai, in which the Group held a 58% interest, commenced liquidation in the first quarter of 2013 after the expiry of the land use rights of the factory lot and the liquidation was completed in 2017. No revenue was generated from such operation during the year under review other than a receipt of the final distribution from this subsidiary in July 2017.

To capitalize on the Group's established brand and goodwill in the industry, the Group set up a wholly-owned subsidiary in Shanghai in mid-2013 to engage in export trade of PVC fittings and pipes. Market conditions for this business continued to be challenging and the trading operation reported insignificant revenue which accounted for approximately 0.05% of the gross proceeds from operations of the Group for the year under review.

As a whole, the PVC operations recorded a segment loss of HK\$587,000 for the year 2017 (2016: HK\$2,690,000).

Investment Holding

In addition to its own property development projects, the Group holds a 9.8% interest in the issued shares of Rivera (Holdings) Limited ("RHL"), a listed company in Hong Kong, as a long-term investment. RHL is principally engaged in property development and investment in Shanghai as well as securities trading and investment in Hong Kong. The Group received dividends of HK\$12,784,000 from RHL during the year under review and an unrealized gain on change in fair value of the

證券買賣

於回顧年度,本集團於香港之證券買賣業務錄得收益60,099,000港元,佔本集團之經營收益總額約2.77%。收益來自本集團所持有之待售證券之銷售所得款項,且待售證券投資錄得收益淨額10,461,000港元(二零一六年:8,942,000港元)。

塑膠業務

位於上海市之膠管及配件製造業務(本集團持有58%權益)在工廠用地之土地使用權屆滿後,於二零一三年第一季度開始清算,並於二零一七年完成清算。除於二零一七年七月收到此附屬公司之最終分派外,該業務於回顧年度並無產生收入。

為了善用本集團在行業內已建立之品牌及商譽效益,本集團於二零一三年中在上海市成立了一家全資附屬公司從事塑膠配件及膠管出口貿易,此業務的市場環境仍具挑戰。於回顧年度,貿易業務錄得微少收入,佔本集團經營收益總額約0.05%。

於二零一七年度,塑膠業務整體錄得分類虧損587,000港元(二零一六年: 2,690,000港元)。

投資控股

除本集團本身之物業發展項目外,本集團亦持有川河集團有限公司(「川河」,一家香港上市公司)之已發行股份中9.8%權益,以作為長期投資。川河之主要業務為於上海市從事物業發展及投資業務以及於香港進行證券買賣及投資。於回顧年度內,本集團收取來自川河之股息12,784,000港元及該投資之公平值變動

investment of HK\$5,113,000 was credited to the investment reserve of the Group as at 31st December, 2017 pursuant to applicable accounting standards.

The Group also holds a 13.5% interest in the registered capital of an unlisted associated company of RHL established in Shanghai as a long-term investment, and that company is principally engaged in property development and investment in Shanghai. Dividends of HK\$73,714,000 were received during the year under review.

FINANCIAL REVIEW

Liquidity and Financing Position

As at 31st December, 2017, total assets of the Group decreased by approximately 3.99% to HK\$21,785,484,000 mainly owing to the completion of the disposal of subsidiaries during the year. The equity attributable to owners of the Company was HK\$13,224,128,000 in total, an increase of approximately 16.01% while that per share was HK\$7.01, representing an increase of approximately 5.41% from 2016 which was mainly attributable to appreciation in value of Renminbi but was partly offset by the issue of new shares under the Company's scrip dividend scheme for the interim dividend for 2016 during the year under review.

The Group's operations and investments for the year ended 31st December, 2017 were funded by cash on hand, and revenue from operating activities and investing activities.

At the end of the reporting period, the cash and cash equivalents of the Group amounted to HK\$3,692,955,000, an increase of approximately 28.14%. During the year under review, the Group achieved net cash inflows of HK\$1,675,506,000 and HK\$477,585,000 from its operating and investing activities respectively. After taking into account the net cash outflow of HK\$1,536,483,000 from its financing activities, the Group recorded a net increase in cash and cash equivalents of HK\$616,608,000 for the year under review (2016: HK\$278,635,000). The net cash inflow was mainly attributable to the sale proceeds of properties held for sale and net cash received from disposal of subsidiaries but this was partly offset by repayment of borrowings during the year under review.

所產生之未變現收益5,113,000港元已根據適用之會計準則於二零一七年十二月 三十一日記入本集團之投資儲備內。

本集團亦持有一家在上海市成立之公司 且為川河之非上市聯營公司之註冊資本 中13.5%權益,以作為長期投資,而該 公司之主要業務為於上海市從事物業發 展及投資業務。於回顧年度內,已收取 股息73,714,000港元。

財務回顧

流動資金及財政狀況

於二零一七年十二月三十一日,本集團之總資產減少約3.99%至21,785,484,000港元,此乃主要歸因於在年中完成出售附屬公司所致。本公司權益持有人應佔權益總額為13,224,128,000港元,增加約16.01%,而每股約為7.01港元,較二零一六年度增加約5.41%,主要原因為於回顧年度內人民幣升值,但部份被根據本公司之以股代息計劃就二零一六年度之中期股息發行新股份所抵銷。

本集團於截至二零一七年十二月三十一 日止年度之業務及投資所需資金來自手 頭現金、以及經營業務及投資業務之收 入。

於報告期末,本集團之現金及現金等值項目為3,692,955,000港元,增加約28.14%。於回顧年度內,本集團從其額管及投資業務分別產生現金流入淨額1,675,506,000港元及477,585,000港元。經計及其融資活動所動用之現金流出網額1,536,483,000港元後,本集團於回顧年度錄得現金及現金等值項目淨額增加616,608,000港元(二零一六年:278,635,000港元)。現金流入淨額主要由於待售物業之銷售收益及出售附屬公司所收取之現金淨額所致,但部份金額已被於回顧年度內償還借款所抵銷。

Management Discussion and Analysis 管理層計論及分析

As at 31st December, 2017, excluding receipts in advance, of the liabilities of the Group of HK\$8,043,949,000 (2016: HK\$8,564,351,000), about 60.32% were taxation under current liabilities, about 19.61% were deferred tax liabilities, about 10.16% were trade and other payables and accruals while about 9.91% were borrowings. Details of the trade payables, borrowings and deferred taxation are shown in Notes 27(c), 30 and 31 to the consolidated financial statements of the Group for the year under review on page 150 and pages 154 to 156 respectively.

The Group's borrowings as at 31st December, 2017 amounted to HK\$797,215,000 (2016: HK\$1,790,150,000), equivalent to 6.03% (2016: 15.70%) of the equity attributable to owners of the Company at the same date. The Group did not employ any financial instruments for financing and treasury management. All of the borrowings were under security and subject to floating interest rates. Of these borrowings, approximately 56.63% were due for repayment on demand or within one year from the end of the reporting period, approximately 1.81% were repayable more than one year but not exceeding two years from the end of the reporting period, approximately 9.03% were due for repayment more than two years but not more than five years from the end of the reporting period, while the remaining 32.53% were due for repayment more than five years from the end of the reporting period.

At the end of the reporting period, the Group had commitments in relation to expenditure on properties under development of HK\$153,182,000 (2016: HK\$491,941,000) which were contracted but not provided for. The Group anticipates that these commitments will be funded from its future operating revenue, bank borrowings and other sources of finance where appropriate.

As at 31st December, 2017, the Group recorded a current ratio of 1.86 times (2016: 1.92 times) and a gearing ratio (total liabilities to equity attributable to the owners of the Company) of 62.50% (2016: 90.35%). There was no significant change in the current ratio while the improvement in the gearing ratio mainly resulted from repayment of borrowings.

於二零一七年十二月三十一日,除預收款項外,本集團負債8,043,949,000港元(二零一六年:8,564,351,000港元)中,約60.32%為流動負債項下之税項、約19.61%為遞延税項負債、約10.16%為應付貿易賬款、其他應付賬款及預提費用,而約9.91%為借款。應付貿易賬款、借款及遞延税項之詳情分別載於本集團於回顧年度之綜合財務報表第150頁以及第154至第156頁附註27(c)、附註30及附註31。

於二零一七年十二月三十一日,本集團之借款為797,215,000港元(二零一六年:1,790,150,000港元),相等於同日之本公司權益持有人應佔權益之6.03%(二零一六年:15.70%)。本集團在融資及財資管理方面並無採用任何金融工具。所有借款均為有抵押,及按浮動利率計息。在該等借款中,約56.63%須應要求或於報告期末起計一年內償還,約1.81%須於報告期末起計一年以上但不超過兩年內償還,約9.03%須於報告期末起計兩年以上但不超過五年內償還,而餘額32.53%則須於報告期末起計五年後償還。

於報告期末,本集團有關發展中物業支出之承擔為153,182,000港元 (二零一六年:491,941,000港元) 且為已訂約但尚未撥備。本集團預期將以日後之營運收入、銀行借款及其他適合之融資來源以應付該等承擔。

於二零一七年十二月三十一日,本集團 錄得流動比率為1.86倍(二零一六年:1.92 倍)及資本負債比率(即負債總額對本公司權益持有人應佔權益之比率)為 62.50%(二零一六年:90.35%)。流動比 率並無重大變動,而資本負債比率有所 改善乃主要由於償還借款所致。

Charge on Assets

As at 31st December, 2017, assets of the Group with an aggregate carrying value of HK\$7,306,461,000 (2016: HK\$6,826,877,000) were pledged for securing banking facilities of the Group.

Foreign Exchange Exposure

The majority of the Group's assets and liabilities are denominated in Renminbi, and the liabilities are well covered by the assets. Recent changes in value of Renminbi may not have any material adverse impact on the Group's results and net asset value. In addition, all of the other assets and liabilities of the Group are denominated in either Hong Kong Dollar or United States Dollar. Hence, the Group anticipates that the exchange risk exposure is manageable.

Contingent Liabilities

The Group had no material contingent liabilities as at 31st December, 2017 (2016: Nil).

PRINCIPAL RISKS AND UNCERTAINTIES

The Group's financial situation, operating results and business prospects may be directly or indirectly affected by a number of risks and uncertainties including business risks, operational risks, financial risks and changes of local laws and regulations in the jurisdictions in which it operates. Information on the estimation uncertainty, capital risk management and financial risk management is respectively set out in Notes 5, 32 and 33(b) to the consolidated financial statements of the Group for the year under review on pages 112 to 115, and pages 157 to 165.

資產抵押

於二零一七年十二月三十一日,本集團 賬面總值7,306,461,000港元(二零一六年:6,826,877,000港元)之資產已予抵 押,以作為本集團銀行信貸之擔保。

匯兑風險

本集團大部份資產及負債乃以人民幣列值,而資產可充份地償付負債。人民幣幣值之近期變動或許不會對本集團之業績及資產淨值構成任何重大不利影響。此外,本集團所有其他資產及負債乃以港元或美元列值。因此,本集團預期匯兑風險可予控制。

或然負債

於二零一七年十二月三十一日,本集團 並無重大或然負債(二零一六年:無)。

主要風險及不明朗因素

本集團之財務狀況、經營業績及業務前 景或會直接或間接地受眾多風險及不明 朗因素影響,包括業務風險、營運風險、 財務風險及營運業務當地的法律及規例 變動。有關估計之不明朗因素、資本風 險管理及財務風險管理之資料分別載於 第112至第115頁以及第157至第165頁本 集團於回顧年度之綜合財務報表附註5、 附註32及附註33(b)。

Management Discussion and Analysis 管理層討論及分析

Property development and investment is one of the principal business segments of the Group and price fluctuation is a major risk that may affect the Group's results and asset value. The management holds a positive view of the potential demand for high-end properties in the Mainland of China and will monitor closely the marketing and pricing strategies of the Group's property projects to maximize the return on investment.

There may be other risks and uncertainties in addition to those stated above which are not known to the Group or which may not be material now but could turn out to be material in the future.

PROSPECTS

Faced with tightening regulations and directives on the real estate market imposed by both the local and central governments of the Mainland and Macau of China, and recent uncertainties in the global developed economies, market conditions in the property sector would be rendered even more challenging both in terms of price levels and transaction volume. The Group will endeavour to maintain the momentum in its sale and leasing of the property portfolio in Shanghai and Macau. It is anticipated that Tomson Riviera and One Penha Hill will be the Group's principal source of profit in the year 2018.

The Group has built up its reputation as a developer of high-end residential properties in the Mainland of China. The central government of the Mainland recently promulgated certain policy directives on rental property, but the Group remains optimistic that, in tandem with the forecast economic growth in the Mainland, there will continue to be an underlying demand for properties catering to a high-income middle class and high net-worth individuals. Investment in Jinqiao-Zhangjiang project in Pudong, Shanghai represents an important component of the Group's strategy.

It is expected that the global and Hong Kong financial markets will become relatively uncertain in 2018 with the ending of quantitative easing, possible rise in interest rates and recent developments in the political and economic environment. Management will remain cautious in managing the securities trading portfolio of the Group, with an emphasis on securities with recurrent yield.

物業發展及投資為本集團其中一項主要 業務分類,而價格波動為有可能影響本 集團業績及資產價值之主要風險。管理 層目前對於中國內地之高端物業之潛在 需求抱持正面之看法,並將密切監察本 集團物業項目之推廣及價格策略,以為 其投資爭取最大回報。

除上述提及者外,亦可能存在其他本集 團未知之風險及不明朗因素,或目前未 必屬於重大但日後可能變成重大之其他 風險及不明朗因素。

展望

面對中國內地之地方及中央政府以及澳門收緊對房地產市場之法規及指令,加上近期全球已發展經濟體之不明朗因素,房地產行業之市場環境(包括價格水平及交易量)將會變得更具挑戰性。本集團將努力保持其在上海市以及澳門之物業組合之銷售及出租勢頭。預期湯臣一點及湯臣主教山壹號將為本集團於二零一八年度之主要溢利來源。

本集團作為中國內地高端住宅物業的開 發商略有名氣。雖然內地中央政府近期 頒佈了若干關於租賃物業之政策指令, 但本集團對內地預期之經濟增長仍然樂 觀,為迎合高收入中產階層人士及高 產淨值人士的物業將仍繼續存在潛在需 求。於上海市浦東的金橋一張江項目的 投資乃本集團策略上的重要部署。

鑒於量化寬鬆措施之結束、可能加息以 及近期政治及經濟環境之發展,預計環 球及香港金融市場在二零一八年將相對 不明朗。管理層將繼續謹慎地管理本集 團之證券買賣組合,並將側重有經常性 收益之證券。

Management Discussion and Analysis 管理層討論及分析

Whilst property development and investment will remain the Group's business focus, the Group will continue to explore and evaluate prudently other potential investment opportunities. Nevertheless, it will be the objective of the Group to maintain an optimum balance in the allocation of its resources both geographically and in different business segments.

物業發展及投資將繼續為本集團之業務 重心,本集團將繼續審慎探索及評估其 他潛在投資機會。然而,本集團的目標 旨在於地域上及不同業務分類間對其資 源分配維持最適當之平衡。

HUMAN RESOURCES

As at 31st December, 2017, the Group engaged around 550 employees in total in its various offices including Hong Kong and Shanghai. Total emoluments paid to staff and directors of the Group during the year under review amounted to HK\$87,829,000. Remuneration and benefit packages are generally structured with reference to market terms and practice, as well as individual responsibilities, performance and qualifications. Discretionary bonus may be paid based on individual contribution. In addition, the Company has established a share option scheme pursuant to which the directors and employees of the Group may be granted options to subscribe for shares of the Company as a performance incentive.

Taking this opportunity, the Board would like to express its gratitude to the management and all the staff members of the Group for their devotion and hard work over the years.

On behalf of the Board **Hsu Feng**Chairman and Managing Director

Hong Kong, 27th March, 2018

人力資源

於二零一七年十二月三十一日,本集團 於多個辦事處(包括香港及上海市)共僱 用約550名員工。於回顧年度內,本集團 支付予員工及董事之酬金總額為 87,829,000港元。酬金及福利計劃一般 參考市場條款及慣例,以及個人之職責 表現及資歷而釐定,並按個別人士之司 獻而可能酌情發放花紅。此外,本公司 已設立購股權計劃,據此,本集團之董 事及僱員可獲本公司授予購股權以認購 本公司股份,作為表現獎勵。

董事局藉此機會向本集團管理層及全體 員工多年來之奉獻及勤勉表示謝意。

代表董事局 *主席兼董事總經理*

徐楓

香港,二零一八年三月二十七日

Corporate Governance Report 企業管治報告

The Board of Directors of the Company (the "Board") is committed to maintaining good corporate governance standards and procedures which emphasize management of high quality, transparency and accountability to all shareholders.

本公司董事局(「董事局」)致力堅持以強調優質管理、透明度及對所有股東問責的良好企業管治水平和程序。

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE PRACTICES

The Company has applied the principles set out in the Corporate Governance Code (the "CG Code") contained in Appendix 14 to the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Listing Rules") and complied with the code provisions contained therein during the year ended 31st December, 2017 and up to the date of publication of the annual report for 2017, except that:

- (a) Madam Hsu Feng takes up both the posts of Chairman of the Board and Managing Director of the Company. While this is a deviation from the CG Code, dual role leadership provides the Company and its subsidiaries (collectively the "Group") with a strong and consistent leadership and allows for more effective operation of the business. The Board is of the view that adequate check and balance of power is in place. Responsibilities for the Company's daily business management are shared amongst Madam Hsu and other members of the executive committee of the Board. Besides, all major decisions are made in consultation with members of the Board or appropriate committees of the Board in accordance with the provisions of the code on risk management and internal control of the Company;
- (b) none of the existing independent non-executive Directors of the Company are appointed for a specific term, but they are subject to retirement and re-election at least once every three years at annual general meetings of the Company pursuant to the Articles of Association of the Company (the "Articles");

企業管治常規

本公司在截至二零一七年十二月三十一 日止年度內及直至刊發二零一七年度年 報之日期止已採納載列於香港聯合交易 所有限公司《證券上市規則》(「《上市規 則》」)附錄十四之《企業管治守則》內之 原則並遵守有關守則條文,惟下文所述 者除外:

- (a) 由於徐楓女士同時擔任本公司董事 局主席兼董事總經理兩職,故而 《企業管治守則》之規定。然而 一人兼任兩職,能對本公司 所屬公司(統稱「本集團」)可以 對及一致領導效能,可 對及一致的領導效。 對及一致營業務。 對及一致營業務。 管理之責任由徐女士與董事局同 之《風險管理及內部監控守則》內 之《風險管理及內部監控守則》內 之《風險管理及內部監控守則》內 之《風險管理及內部監控守則》內 之《風險管理及內部監控守則》內 之《經董事局成員或其轄下 之。 養員會商議後才作出,所以 一 養員會商議後才作出,所以 一 養員會商議後才作出,所以 一 養員會商議。 養員會商議。 養員會商議。 養員會商議。 養」
- (b) 本公司之現任獨立非執行董事並無 指定任期,惟彼等須根據本公司之 《公司組織章程細則》(「《章程細 則》」)之規定,於本公司股東週年 大會上至少每三年告退一次及經重 選後,方可連任;

- in accordance with the Articles, any Director of the Company appointed by the Board to fill a casual vacancy shall hold office until the next following annual general meeting of the Company instead of being subject to election at the first general meeting of the Company after his/her appointment as stipulated in the CG Code. Such arrangement not only complies with Appendix 3 to the Listing Rules but also streamlines the mechanism of re-election of Directors so that both new Directors appointed by the Board (either for filling a causal vacancy or as an additional member) and existing Directors retiring by rotation shall be subject to re-election at the annual general meeting for the relevant year. Furthermore, extraordinary general meetings will be reserved for considering and approving notifiable/connected transactions or other corporate actions under the Listing Rules only, which should enhance efficiency in procedures for corporate matters; and
- (d) the Company has not established a nomination committee comprising a majority of independent non-executive Directors as stipulated in the CG Code. This is because when identifying individuals of the appropriate calibre and qualification to be Board members and when assessing the independence of independent non-executive Directors, it is necessary to have a thorough understanding of the structure, business strategy and daily operation of the Company. The participation of executive Directors during the process is therefore indispensable. Accordingly, the Board as a whole remains responsible for reviewing its own structure, size and composition annually, and also for considering the appointment and re-election of Directors as well as assessing the independence of independent non-executive Directors.
- 根據《章程細則》之規定,任何就填 補董事局臨時空缺而獲董事局委任 之本公司董事,其任期直至本公司 下一屆股東週年大會為止,而並非 根據《企業管治守則》所要求,須在 獲委任後之本公司首次股東大會上 退任。此安排除了確保遵守《上市 規則》附錄三外,獲董事局委任之 新董事(為填補臨時空缺或作為新 增成員)與輪值告退之現任董事將 同於有關年度之股東週年大會上進 行重選,遂令重選董事之運作更為 順暢一致。此外,股東特別大會將 只會專注按《上市規則》考慮及審批 須予公佈/關連交易或其他公司行 動,從而提升處理企業事項程序時 之效率;及

THE BOARD

The Board commits itself to acting in the best interests of the Group and the shareholders. It is accountable to the shareholders for the long-term performance of the Group, while taking into consideration the interests of other stakeholders.

董事局

董事局承諾以本集團和股東的最佳利益 行事。其就本集團之長期表現向股東負 責,亦會考慮其他持份者之利益。

Corporate Governance Report 企業管治報告

The Board is composed of seven members, including four executive Directors, namely Madam Hsu Feng (Chairman and Managing Director), Mr Albert Tong (Vice-Chairman), Mr Tong Chi Kar Charles (Vice-Chairman) and Mr Yeung Kam Hoi, and three independent non-executive Directors, namely Mr Cheung Siu Ping, Oscar, Mr Lee Chan Fai and Mr Sean S J Wang. All the Directors have signed service contracts or letters of appointment with the Company which set out the key terms and conditions of their appointment.

Biographical details of the Directors and relevant relationships among them together with their respective roles on the Board and its committees are set out in the Profile of the Directors and Officers on pages 38 to 42.

The Company recognizes that a diverse board is crucial to the Board's performance and development of the Company. The Board has adopted a board diversity policy which sets out the approach to achieve diversity on the Board. It believes that diversity should be viewed from its widest perspective. Accordingly, selection of candidates to the Board is based on a range of measurable objectives, including but not limited to gender, age, cultural and educational background, professional experience and qualifications, skills, knowledge and length of service, having due regard to the Company's own business model and specific needs from time to time. During the year under review, the Board has conducted an annual review of its structure and composition at a regular meeting. With the Board members coming from a variety of business and professional background and one out of the seven Board members being female, the Company considers that the Board has an appropriate size and balanced structure and composition with diverse mix of skills, experience, expertise and diversity of perspectives appropriate to the requirements of the Company's business and development.

There are three independent non-executive Directors of the Company representing more than one-third of the Board and two of them have either appropriate professional accounting qualifications or related financial management expertise as required by the Listing Rules. The Company has received an annual written confirmation for the year 2017 from each of the independent non-executive Directors of his independence pursuant to Rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules and considers all of the independent non-executive Directors to be independent.

董事局由七位成員組成,包括四位執行董事,即徐楓女士(主席兼董事總經理)、湯子同先生(副主席)、湯子嘉先生(副主席)和楊錦海先生,以及三位獨立非執行董事,即張兆平先生、李燦輝先生和王少劍先生。本公司已與所有董事簽訂載有有關委任的主要條款及條件的服務合約或委任書。

有關董事的個人資料詳情和相互之間的關係,以及彼等在董事局及其轄下之委員會中的相關職責列載於第38至第42頁董事及高級行政人員簡介中。

本公司認為,一個多元化的董事架構對 董事局的表現及本公司的發展非常重要。 董事局已採納一項董事局成員多元化的 政策,當中載有達致董事局成員多元化 的方針,彼相信應從最廣泛之觀點考量 多元化。因此,在甄選董事局之候選人 時,會以多種可計量目標為基準,包括 但不限於性別、年齡、文化及教育背景、 專業經驗及資歷、技能、知識及工作年 資,並應考慮本公司本身的業務模式及 不時的具體需要。於回顧年度內,董事 局於一次定期會議上對其架構及組成進 行了年度檢討。鑒於董事局成員來自不 同業務及專業背景,且七位董事局成員 中一位為女性,本公司認為董事局擁有 合適的人數及均衡之架構和組成比例, 當中組合了不同之技能、經驗、專長及 多元化觀點,以配合本公司業務及發展 所需。

本公司有三位獨立非執行董事,佔董事局超過三分之一席位,且其中兩位具有《上市規則》規定的適當會計專業資格或相關財務管理專長。本公司已收到每一位獨立非執行董事根據《上市規則》第3.13條之規定就有關彼等之獨立性發出的二零一七年度書面確認,並認為全體獨立非執行董事均屬獨立人士。

The Directors have disclosed to the Company the offices held in other public companies or organisations and the time involved and the Company has received confirmations from each Director that he/she has devoted sufficient time to perform his/her responsibilities as a Director and has given sufficient attention to the affairs of the Company.

The Board has reserved for its decision or consideration matters covering formulation of corporate strategy, approval of annual and interim results, changes of members of the Board and its committees, major acquisitions, disposals and capital transactions, and monitoring and controlling other significant operational and financial matters of the Group. The independent non-executive Directors have contributed valuable independent views and proposals for the Board's deliberation and decisions. The Board has established an executive committee, an audit committee and a remuneration committee (collectively the "Committees") with clear written terms of reference to oversee particular aspects of the Company's affairs and to assist in sharing the Board's responsibilities. The Committees report regularly to the Board on their decisions and recommendations.

The day-to-day management, administration and operation of the Group are delegated to the management and the management also provides support to the Board to formulate overall strategic direction, long term objectives and business plans of the Group. Both the Board and the management have clearly defined authorities and responsibilities under various risk management, internal control and check-and-balance mechanisms. The management is responsible for implementing the strategies and plans adopted by the Board and the Committees and assumes full accountability to the Board for the operation of the Group.

The Board meets regularly throughout the year and as and when required. Sufficient notices are given to all Directors at least 14 days before the regular Board meetings. All Directors are consulted whether to include matters in the agenda. Agenda and accompanying board papers are given to all Directors in a timely manner before the appointed date of each regular Board meeting. Drafts and final versions of minutes are circulated to the Directors for comment and record respectively. During the year 2017, four regular meetings were held by the Board. Besides, a Vice-Chairman of the Board had an annual meeting in 2017 to exchange opinions with the independent non-executive Directors of the Company without the other executive Directors present.

董事已向本公司披露其於其他公眾公司 或組織所擔任的職位及所涉及的時間, 本公司亦已收到各董事已投入了足夠時 間履行董事的職責和充份關注本公司之 事務之確認。

管理層獲委託管理本集團之日常運作、 行政及營運,並在制定本集團之整體體 略方向、長遠目標及業務計劃各方面向 董事局提供協助。董事局及管理層在不同的風險管理、內部監控及制衡機制下 均有清楚界定的權力及責任。管理層 負責落實董事局及委員會所採納的 和計劃,並就本集團之營運向董事局負 責。

Corporate Governance Report 企業管治報告

All members of the Board have been provided with monthly management updates to keep them up-to-date with material developments of the Group's operations, performance, financial position and prospects. The Board has agreed on a procedure to enable the Directors to seek independent professional advice whenever deemed necessary, at the Company's expense, to assist them to perform their duties.

The Company has arranged appropriate liability insurance to indemnify its Directors for their liabilities arising out of the discharge of their duties. The insurance coverage is reviewed on an annual basis.

Corporate Governance Functions

The Company strives to attain and maintain high standards of corporate governance best suited to the needs and interests of the Group. Good corporate governance is crucial to an orderly and effective operational system, which will enhance operational efficiencies, thereby bolstering shareholders' value. The Board is responsible for the corporate governance functions. During the year ended 31st December, 2017, the Board has discharged the following corporate governance duties:

- (a) review the Company's policies and practices on corporate governance;
- (b) arrange seminars and briefings to Directors, review and monitor the training and continuous professional development of the Directors, details of which are set out in the paragraph headed "Directors' Induction and Continuous Professional Development" in this report;
- (c) review and monitor the Company's policies and practices on compliance with legal and regulatory requirements, including reviewing the provisions of the code on risk management and internal control of the Group;
- (d) review and monitor code of practice for securities transactions by the Directors and relevant employees (the "Code of Practice for Securities Transactions") and whistleblowing policy; and
- (e) review the Company's compliance with the code provisions of the CG Code and relevant disclosure in interim and annual reports.

管理層向董事局全體成員提供每月之更 新資料,以使其不時知悉有關本集團的 營運、表現、財務狀況及前景最新之重 大發展。董事局已協定程序以便董事可 無論何時在認為需要時尋求獨立專業意 見,以協助彼等履行其職責,有關費用 由本公司支付。

本公司已就彌償其董事因履行其職責所 產生的責任而安排適當的責任保險,並 每年檢討保險之保障範圍。

企業管治職能

本公司致力達至及維持高水平兼最切合本集團之需要及利益之企業管治。良好企業管治對一個有規律及有效的營運系統極為重要,使其可提升營運效率,因而增加股東價值。董事局負責履行企業管治職能。於截至二零一七年十二月三十一日止年度內,董事局已履行以下企業管治職責:

- (a) 檢討本公司的企業管治政策及常規;
- (b) 為董事安排培訓課程及簡報,並檢 討及監察董事的培訓及持續專業發 展,詳情載於本報告內標題為「董 事之入職指引及持續專業發展」一 節;
- (c) 檢討及監察本公司在遵守法律及監 管規定方面的政策及常規,包括檢 討本集團之《風險管理及內部監控 守則》之條文;
- (d) 檢討及監察董事及有關僱員進行證券交易的守則(「《證券交易守則》」) 及《機密舉報制度及指引》;及
- (e) 檢討本公司遵守《企業管治守則》的 守則條文的情況及在中期報告及年 報內的相關披露。

Executive Committee

An executive committee (the "Executive Committee") was established by the Board with specific written terms of reference in June 2005. The Executive Committee comprises all the executive Directors of the Company, namely Madam Hsu Feng, Mr Albert Tong, Mr Tong Chi Kar Charles and Mr Yeung Kam Hoi, and Madam Hsu Feng is the chairman of the Executive Committee. The Executive Committee may convene meetings as it considers necessary for reviewing and approving, inter alia, any matters concerning the day-to-day management of the business of the Company and any matters to be delegated to it by the Board from time to time.

Remuneration Committee

A remuneration committee (the "Remuneration Committee") was established by the Board in June 2005 with specific written terms of reference. The terms of reference of the Remuneration Committee are available on the Company's website. The principal duties of the Remuneration Committee are to make recommendations to the Board on the Company's policy and structure for all Directors and senior management's remuneration and the remuneration packages of individual Directors and senior management of the Company. Mr Cheung Siu Ping, Oscar, Mr Lee Chan Fai and Mr Sean S J Wang, being all independent non-executive Directors of the Company, and Mr Albert Tong, an executive Director of the Company, are members of the Remuneration Committee while Mr Cheung Siu Ping, Oscar acts as the chairman of the Remuneration Committee.

During the year 2017, two meetings of the Remuneration Committee were held for the revision of the remuneration package of an executive Director and an annual review of the remuneration policy and packages for all the Directors and senior management of the Company. Details of the emoluments paid to the Directors and senior management of the Company for the year ended 31st December, 2017 are set out in Note 12 to the consolidated financial statements on pages 125 and 126.

執行委員會

董事局已於二零零五年六月成立一個具有以書面訂明特定職權範圍的執行委員會(「執行委員會」)。執行委員會由本公司全體執行董事(即徐楓女士、湯子嘉先生和楊錦海先生)組成,而徐楓女士為執行委員會的主席。執行委員會可在認為需要時召開會議,以審議和批准(其中包括)有關本公司日常等務管理和不時由董事局委派處理的任何事項。

薪酬委員會

董事局已於二零零五年六月成立了一個具有以書面訂明特定職權範圍的薪酬委員會(「薪酬委員會」)。薪酬委員會新酬委員會正載於本公司網站上。薪酬委員會之主要工作是向董事局就本公及及是實事及高級管理人員的薪酬政管理人員的薪酬。本公司個別董事和高級管理場的薪酬待遇提出建議。本公內全體獨立非執行董事張兆平先生、李燦輝先生為薪酬委員會成員。而張兆平先生擔任薪酬委員會主席之職。

在二零一七年度內,薪酬委員會舉行了兩次會議,以審議修訂一位執行董事的薪酬待遇和對本公司所有董事及高級管理人員的薪酬政策及待遇進行年度檢討。於截至二零一七年十二月三十一日止年度內支付予本公司董事及高級管理人員之酬金詳情已載於第125及第126頁綜合財務報表附註12。

Audit Committee

An audit committee (the "Audit Committee") has been set up by the Board with specific written terms of reference. The Audit Committee is composed of all the independent non-executive Directors of the Company, namely Mr Cheung Siu Ping, Oscar, Mr Lee Chan Fai and Mr Sean S J Wang. The Audit Committee is chaired by Mr Cheung Siu Ping, Oscar who possesses appropriate professional accounting qualifications as required under the Listing Rules.

Under its terms of reference, the Audit Committee is required to monitor integrity of the financial statements of the Company, to review significant financial reporting judgements, to evaluate the overall effectiveness of the risk management and internal control systems of the Group, and to oversee the relationship with the Company's auditor (the "Auditor"). The terms of reference of the Audit Committee are available on the Company's website.

During the year 2017, the Audit Committee held three meetings for reviewing the interim and annual financial statements as well as the financial reporting matters of the Group, evaluating the risk management and internal control systems of the Group and the significant risks faced by the Group and also the adequacy and effectiveness of internal audit function, considering the engagement and scope of services of the Auditor and reviewing the whistleblowing policy.

The Audit Committee concluded that in 2017 the risk management and internal control systems of the Group were effective and the internal audit function of the Company was implemented effectively. The Audit Committee was satisfied with the related resources of the internal audit function and the resources, staff qualifications and experience, training programmes and related budget of the Company's accounting and financial reporting functions as well as the implementation, application and effectiveness of the whistleblowing policy.

In March 2018, the Audit Committee held two meetings to review the annual consolidated financial statements and the internal audit report of the Group for 2017 and consider the re-appointment of the Auditor respectively. On the recommendation of the Audit Committee, the Board approved the consolidated financial statements and to propose the re-appointment of the Auditor at the annual general meeting of the Company for 2018. The Board also approved the internal audit report.

審核委員會

董事局已成立一個具有以書面訂明特定職權範圍的審核委員會(「審核委員會」)。審核委員會由本公司全體獨立非執行董事(即張兆平先生、李燦輝先生和王少劍先生)組成。審核委員會的主席張兆平先生擁有《上市規則》所規定之適當會計專業資格。

根據審核委員會之職權範圍,審核委員 會須監察本公司財務報表的完整性,審 閱財務申報之重大意見,評估本集團之 風險管理及內部監控系統之整體效益, 以及監督與本公司核數師(「核數師」)的 關係。審核委員會之職權範圍書已載於 本公司網站上。

於二零一七年度內,審核委員會共舉行 了三次會議,以審閱本集團的中期和年 度財務報表以及財務申報事宜、檢討本 集團的風險管理及內部監控系統及本集 團所面對的重大風險以及內部審核功能 之足夠性和有效性、考慮核數師之委聘 事宜及由核數師提供的服務範疇,以及 審視《機密舉報制度及指引》之安排。

審核委員會認為在二零一七年內本集團的風險管理及內部監控系統有效運作,且本公司的內部審核功能有效執行。審核委員會對本公司在內部審核功能之相關資源,和在會計及財務匯報職能方面的資源、員工資歷及經驗,彼等所接受的培訓課程及有關預算,以及《機密舉報制度及指引》的執行、應用及有效性感滿意。

在二零一八年三月,審核委員會舉行了 兩次會議,以分別審閱本集團之二零 一七年度綜合財務報表和內部審核報告, 及考慮重新委任核數師。在審核委員會 建議下,董事局審批該綜合財務報表及 提議於本公司之二零一八年度股東週年 大會上重新委任核數師。董事局並審批 該內部審核報告。

Attendance Records at Meetings

The attendance of individual Directors at general meeting, regular meetings of the Board and meetings of the Remuneration Committee and Audit Committee held during the year ended 31st December, 2017 is set out below:

會議出席記錄

個別董事於截至二零一七年十二月 三十一日止年度內舉行之股東大會、董 事局定期會議,以及薪酬委員會和審核 委員會會議之出席率列載如下:

Number of meetings attended/held 已出席/舉行的會議數目

| | _ | | | | |
|--------------------------------------|----------|----------------------------|--------------|------------------------------------|-----------------------------|
| Name of Directors | 董事姓名 | General Meeting 股東大會 | Board 董事局 | Remuneration Committee 薪酬委員會 | Audit Committee 審核委員會 |
| | | | ,,, | W17712121 E | 77777 |
| Executive Directors | 執行董事 | | | | |
| Madam Hsu Feng | 徐 楓女士 | 1/1 | 4/4 | N/A 不適用 | N/A 不適用 |
| (Chairman of the Board and | (董事局主席兼 | | | | |
| Managing Director) | 董事總經理) | | | | |
| Mr Albert Tong | 湯子同先生 | 1/1 | 4/4 | 1/2 | N/A 不適用 |
| (Vice-Chairman of the Board) | (董事局副主席) | | | | |
| Mr Tong Chi Kar Charles | 湯子嘉先生 | 1/1 | 3/4 | N/A 不適用 | N/A 不適用 |
| (Vice-Chairman of the Board) | (董事局副主席) | | | | |
| Mr Yeung Kam Hoi | 楊錦海先生 | 1/1 | 4/4 | N/A 不適用 | N/A 不適用 |
| Independent Non-Executive Directors | 獨立非執行董事 | | | | |
| Mr Cheung Siu Ping, Oscar | 張兆平先生 | 1/1 | 4/4 | 2/2 | 3/3 |
| (Chairman of the Audit Committee and | (審核委員會及 | | | | |
| the Remuneration Committee) | 薪酬委員會主席) | | | | |
| Mr Lee Chan Fai | 李燦輝先生 | 0/1 | 4/4 | 2/2 | 3/3 |
| Mr Sean S J Wang | 王少劍先生 | 0/1 | 3/4 | 2/2 | 3/3 |

Appointment and Re-election of Directors

In accordance with the Articles, new Directors could be elected by the Company or appointed by the Board. Any Director so appointed by the Board shall hold office only until the next following annual general meeting of the Company and the retiring Director shall be eligible for re-election.

The Company did not establish a nomination committee pursuant to the code provisions of the CG Code and the Board is responsible for reviewing its own structure, size and composition (including the skills, knowledge and experience of its members), and identifying, selecting and considering any appointment or re-election of its own members. The Board is also responsible for assessing the independence of the independent non-executive Directors.

董事之委任和重選

根據《章程細則》之規定,新董事可由本公司推選或由董事局委任。任何由董事局委任之董事,其任期將僅至本公司下一屆股東週年大會為止。退任董事可競選連任。

本公司並無按照《企業管治守則》的守則 條文設立提名委員會,並由董事局負責 檢討其成員之架構、人數和組成(包括 其成員之技能、知識和經驗方面),以 及物色、選擇及考慮其任何成員的委任 或重選連任事宜。董事局亦負責評估獨 立非執行董事的獨立性。

Corporate Governance Report 企業管治報告

No new Board member was appointed during the year under review. Mr Yeung Kam Hoi and Mr Sean S J Wang retired by rotation and were re-elected at the Company's annual general meeting for 2017.

An annual review of the Board structure and composition was made by the Board during the year under review and the Board resolved to keep the structure and composition of the Board unchanged.

In addition, Madam Hsu Feng, Mr Albert Tong and Mr Lee Chan Fai will retire by rotation at the Company's annual general meeting for 2018 and offer for re-election at that general meeting.

DIRECTORS' INDUCTION AND CONTINUOUS PROFESSIONAL DEVELOPMENT

On appointment to the Board, each of the new Directors of the Company is given a comprehensive orientation package, including the latest information of the Group, induction into their responsibilities and duties, terms of reference of the relevant Committees and other related regulatory requirements.

Throughout the course of their directorship, to keep them abreast of the latest developments in the legislative or regulatory environment, the Directors are regularly provided with updates and briefings on the Listing Rules and other applicable legal and regulatory requirements. Circulars or guidance notes issued by various regulatory authorities or organizations, where appropriate, are given to the Directors for reading and reference.

In order to assist the Directors to participate in continuous professional development, the Company encourages the Directors to enroll in a wide range of professional development seminars and conferences. During the year ended 31st December, 2017, the Company organized four in-house seminars on areas of economic development, taxation and corporate governance so as to help the Directors refresh their knowledge and skills.

於回顧年度內並沒有委任新董事局成員。 楊錦海先生及王少劍先生於本公司之二 零一七年度之股東週年大會上輪值退任, 並獲重選連任為董事。

董事局於回顧年度內對董事局架構及組 成進行年度檢討,董事局議決董事局架 構及組成維持不變。

此外,徐楓女士、湯子同先生及李燦輝 先生將於本公司之二零一八年度股東週 年大會上輪值退任,並於該股東大會上 競選連任。

董事之入職指引及 持續專業發展

本公司每名新委任的董事,在其獲委任加入董事局時,獲送呈一套全面的簡介文件,包括本集團的最新資料、其責任和職權的介紹、相關委員會的職權範圍書,以及其他相關的規管要求的資料。

為使各董事在擔任董事期間能掌握於法 律或規管環境的最新發展,董事獲定期 提供《上市規則》及其他適用之法律及規 管要求之更新資料及簡介。由不同監管 機構或組織發出之通函或指引(如適用) 會提供予董事細閱及參考。

為了協助董事參與持續專業發展,本公司鼓勵董事報名參加不同類型的專業發展培訓講座及研討會。於截至二零一七年十二月三十一日止年度內,本公司為董事舉辦了四次內部培訓,內容有關經濟發展、稅務及企業管治,以協助各董事更新其知識及技能。

A summary of the continuous professional development in which the Directors participated during the year ended 31st December, 2017 is as follows: 於截至二零一七年十二月三十一日止年 度,董事所參與的持續專業培訓摘要如 下:

Continuing Professional Development 持續專業發展

| | | Type | Subject |
|-------------------------------------|---------|------|---------|
| Name of Directors | 董事姓名 | 種類 | 主題 |
| | | | |
| Executive Directors | 執行董事 | | |
| Madam Hsu Feng | 徐 楓女士 | 1, 2 | A, B |
| Mr Albert Tong | 湯子同先生 | 1, 2 | A, B |
| Mr Tong Chi Kar Charles | 湯子嘉先生 | 1, 2 | A, B |
| Mr Yeung Kam Hoi | 楊錦海先生 | 1, 2 | A, B |
| | | | |
| Independent Non-Executive Directors | 獨立非執行董事 | | |
| Mr Cheung Siu Ping, Oscar | 張兆平先生 | 1, 2 | A, B |
| Mr Lee Chan Fai | 李燦輝先生 | 1, 2 | A, B |
| Mr Sean S J Wang | 王少劍先生 | 1, 2 | A, B |

Types:

- 1: Attending in-house briefings/training, seminars, conference or forums
- 2: Reading relevant information and updates, and watching training webcasts

Subjects:

- A: Subjects relevant to the businesses of the Group
- B: Legal, regulatory, finance and general management updates

種類:

- 1: 出席內部簡報會/培訓、講座、研討會或論壇
- 2: 閱讀有關資料及更新資料,及觀看 網上培訓短片

主題:

- A: 與本集團業務有關的主題
- B: 法律、規管、財務及一般管理之更 新資料

SECURITIES TRANSACTIONS BY DIRECTORS

The Company has adopted its own Code of Practice for Securities Transactions on terms no less exacting than the required standard of the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Issuers as set out in Appendix 10 to the Listing Rules (the "Model Code").

董事進行證券交易

本公司已採納《證券交易守則》,而該交易守則之條文並不遜於《上市規則》附錄十所載之《上市發行人董事進行證券交易的標準守則》(「《標準守則》」)所規定之標準。

Corporate Governance Report 企業管治報告

The Company has made specific enquiry of all Directors of the Company and each of the Directors has confirmed compliance with the required standard set out in the Model Code and the Code of Practice for Securities Transactions throughout the year.

本公司已向其全體董事作出特定查詢, 各董事均已確認於年度內彼等一直遵守 載於《標準守則》及《證券交易守則》內所 規定之標準。

ACCOUNTABILITY AND AUDIT

Risk Management and Internal Control

The Board acknowledges its responsibility for ensuring that proper risk management and internal control systems are maintained within the Group and for overseeing the effectiveness of these systems in order to safeguard the shareholders' investments and the Group's assets against misappropriation and to manage the operational risks. The Company has adopted a code applicable to the Group in respect of material internal controls, including financial, operational and compliance controls, and risk management functions since 2005. The code on risk management and internal control is reviewed by the Company regularly and modified pursuant to operational requirements of the Group.

The risk management and internal control systems are intended to manage, not eliminate, significant risks of failure to achieve the Group's business objectives, so they can only provide reasonable but not absolute assurance against material misstatement or loss.

The operating units of the Group, as the risk owners, go through the following processes on an ongoing basis and report results to the management:

- (i) identify their own significant risks in the Group's operation environment and evaluate the impacts of those risks on the Group's business and financial position;
- (ii) develop necessary measures to manage those risks; and
- (iii) monitor and review the effectiveness of such measures.

The Group regulates the handling and dissemination of inside information as set out in the code on risk management and internal control to ensure that inside information remains confidential until the disclosure of such information and the dissemination of such information is efficiently and consistently made.

問責和審核

風險管理及內部監控

風險管理及內部監控系統旨在管理而非 消除未能達成本集團業務目標的重大風 險,其只能就不會有重大的失實陳述或 損失作出合理但非絕對的保證。

本集團各營運單位(作為風險負責人)持續執行以下程序,並向管理層匯報結果:

- (i) 自行識別其於本集團營運環境的重 大風險及評估該等風險對本集團業 務和財務狀況之影響;
- (ii) 制定必要措施以管理該等風險;及
- (iii) 監控及檢討有關措施的有效性。

本集團對《風險管理及內部監控守則》所 載的內幕消息的處理和發佈進行規範, 以確保內幕消息在披露前一直保密,並 確保有效及一致地發佈有關消息。 An external service provider has been engaged for providing internal audit services to the Group during the year under review.

The Board has authorized the Audit Committee to review the effectiveness of the systems of risk management and internal control of the Group regularly and the Audit Committee held a meeting in 2017 for that purpose. The Board, based on the review of the Audit Committee, considers that the Group's risk management and internal control systems are effective and adequate and the Group has complied with the provisions on risk management and internal control as set out in the CG Code and the Group's code on risk management and internal control during the year ended 31st December, 2017.

The Board also considers that, after a review made by the Audit Committee, the Group's internal audit function was effectively implemented and adequately resourced with experienced external service provider in 2017 and the resources, staff qualifications and experience, training programmes and related budget of the Company's accounting and financial reporting functions are adequate.

Directors' and Auditor's Responsibilities for the Financial Statements

The Directors of the Company acknowledge that they are responsible for the preparation and the true and fair presentation of the consolidated financial statements of the Group for each financial period. In preparing the consolidated financial statements of the Group for the year ended 31st December, 2017, the Directors have selected suitable accounting policies and applied them consistently; have made judgements and estimates that were prudent and reasonable; and have prepared the consolidated financial statements on a going concern basis.

The responsibilities of the Auditor to the shareholders are to form an independent opinion, based on the audit, on those consolidated financial statements and their opinion on the consolidated financial statements of the Group for the year ended 31st December, 2017 is set out in the Independent Auditor's Report on pages 64 to 71.

於回顧年度內,本公司已委聘一間外聘服務機構,為本集團提供內部審核服務。

董事局授權審核委員會定期檢討本集團 之風險管理及內部監控系統的有效性, 及審核委員會就此於二零一七年舉行了 事局認為於截至二零一七年十二月 三十一日止年度內本集團的風險管理及內 內部監控系統有效及足夠,並遵守載列 於《企業管治守則》內有關風險管理及內 部監控之條文,以及本集團之《風險管 理及內部監控守則》。

透過審核委員會之檢討,董事局亦認為 本集團的內部審核功能在二零一七年有 效運作和相關資源已足夠,且外聘服務 機構經驗充足,以及本公司在會計及財 務匯報職能方面的資源、員工資歷及經 驗,員工所接受的培訓課程及有關預算 已足夠。

董事和核數師對財務報表的責任

本公司董事承認彼等有責任編製及公平 與真實地呈報本集團每個財務期間的綜 合財務報表。在編製本集團截至二零 一七年十二月三十一日止年度的綜合財 務報表時,董事已貫徹選擇及採用合適 的會計政策;已作出審慎和合理的判斷 和估算;並已按照持續經營的基準編製 綜合財務報表。

核數師對股東的責任是根據審核工作的結果,對該等綜合財務報表發表獨立的意見,而彼等對本集團截至二零一七年十二月三十一日止年度綜合財務報表的意見載於第64至第71頁的獨立核數師報告書中。

Auditor's Remuneration

The fees in respect of audit and non-audit services provided to the Group by the Auditor for the year ended 31st December, 2017 amounted to HK\$2,808,000 and HK\$874,000 respectively. The non-audit services were rendered to review the indebtedness statement and working capital sufficiency of the Group in relation to a major transaction of the Company under the Listing Rules and taxation services.

COMPANY SECRETARY

The Company Secretary supports the Board by ensuring board procedures are followed and board proceedings are efficiently and effectively conducted. The incumbent is also responsible for apprising the Board of all applicable law, rules, regulations and corporate governance developments. During the year under review, the Company Secretary has taken relevant professional training as required by Rule 3.29 of the Listing Rules.

COMMUNICATION WITH SHAREHOLDERS

The Board maintains a continuing dialogue with the Company's shareholders through various channels including the Company's annual general meetings. In 2017, a majority of the Directors of the Company (including the Chairman of the Board and chairman of the Audit Committee and Remuneration Committee) attended the annual general meeting of the Company to answer questions from the shareholders. Representatives of the Auditor also attended that meeting to answer questions about the consolidated financial statements of the Group for the year ended 31st December, 2016.

In order to further enhance communication with the shareholders of the Company and enable the Company's shareholders to have timely and updated information of the Group, the Company has set up its own website at http://www.tomson.com.hk where corporate information, interim and annual reports, announcements, circulars, business development and other information of the Company are posted.

核數師的酬金

於截至二零一七年十二月三十一日止年度,就核數師向本集團提供之審核和非審核服務需支付之費用分別為2,808,000港元和874,000港元。非審核服務為根據《上市規則》就本公司一項主要交易審視本集團的債務聲明及營運資金充足狀況以及稅務服務。

公司秘書

公司秘書協助董事局,確保董事局程序 予以遵守及董事局會議有效率及有效地 進行。彼亦負責通知董事局所有適用法 律、規則、規例,以及企業管治之發展。 於回顧年度內,公司秘書已經按照《上 市規則》第3.29條之要求參加了相關專業 培訓。

與股東之溝通

董事局透過不同途徑(包括本公司之股東週年大會)與本公司股東維持經常溝通。在二零一七年,本公司大部份董事 (包括董事局主席以及審核委員會及辦委員會主席)出席了本公司之股東 年大會,以回答股東之提問。核數師之 代表亦出席該大會,以回答有關本集團 截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度 之綜合財務報表之問題。

為了進一步加強與本公司股東之溝通及 讓本公司股東能適時獲得本集團之最新 資料,本公司已設立網站,網址為 http://www.tomson.com.hk,並於其上登 載本公司之企業資料、中期及年度報告、 公告、通函、業務發展及其他資料。

SHAREHOLDERS' RIGHTS

Procedures for Shareholders to Convene an Extraordinary General Meeting ("EGM") and Put Forward Proposals at General Meetings

(a) Any three shareholders of the Company holding in aggregate not less than 5% of the total paid up capital of the Company and having the right to vote at general meetings of the Company have the right to ask the Board to convene an EGM by depositing a duly signed requisition stating the general nature of business(es) to be transacted at the EGM or the objects of the EGM at the office of the Company in the Hong Kong Special Administrative Region of the People's Republic of China ("China") ("Hong Kong") at Rooms 1501-2 and 1507-12, 15th Floor, Wing On Centre, 111 Connaught Road Central, Hong Kong for the attention of the Company Secretary of the Company.

If within 21 days of deposit of a valid requisition (which has been duly verified with the share registrar of the Company) the Board does not proceed to duly convene an EGM, the requisitionists may themselves convene an EGM.

(b) The procedures for nomination of Directors by the shareholders of the Company are available on the Company's website at http://www.tomson.com.hk.

Procedures for Putting Forward Enquiries to the Board

Shareholders can direct their enquiries about their shareholdings to the share registrar of the Company in Hong Kong, Tricor Secretaries Limited, at Level 22, Hopewell Centre, 183 Queen's Road East, Hong Kong.

To the extent that such information of the Group can be made available to the public, shareholders may at any time put forward enquiries to the Board through the Company Secretary in writing by mail to the office of the Company in Hong Kong at Rooms 1501-2 and 1507-12, 15th Floor, Wing On Centre, 111 Connaught Road Central, Hong Kong or by e-mail to ir@tomson.com.hk.

股東權利

股東召開股東特別大會及 於股東大會上提呈議案之程序

(a) 持有不少於本公司已繳足股本總額的5%並有權於本公司股東大會上投票的任何三位股東有權以投送一份已妥為簽署的請求書的方式以要求董事局召開股東特別大會上商討之議題之一般性質或大會之目的,並投送至本公司位於中華人民共和國(「中國」)香港特別行政區(「香港」)干諾道中111號永安中心15樓1501-2及1507-12室的辦事處,並註明收件人為本公司之公司秘書。

如董事局在一份有效的請求書(請求書已經本公司之股份過戶登記處核實)投送日期起計二十一天內未有召開股東特別大會,則該等請求者可自行召開股東特別大會。

(b) 本公司股東提名董事之程序載列於本公司的網站上,網址為 http://www.tomson.com.hk。

股東向董事局提出查詢之程序

股東可向本公司於香港之股份過戶登記 處卓佳秘書商務有限公司(地址為香港 皇后大道東183號合和中心22樓)提出有 關其股份之查詢。

若所查詢之本集團資料可予公眾所知,股東可隨時將其向董事局提出之查詢透過公司秘書及以書面形式郵遞至本公司位於香港干諾道中111號永安中心15樓1501-2及1507-12室的香港辦事處或電郵至 ir@tomson.com.hk。

SIGNIFICANT CHANGES IN CONSTITUTIONAL DOCUMENTS

There was no change in the constitutional documents of the Company during the year ended 31st December, 2017 and up to the date of publication of the annual report for 2017.

CORPORATE CITIZENSHIP

The Group pledges itself to contribute to the well-being of the society. During the year under review, the Group has made charitable donations to various international and local charitable organizations established in Hong Kong and the Mainland of China, including World Vision Hong Kong and Orbis Hong Kong, to support their activities in the provision of relief against poverty, education, children sponsorship, health promotion, animal protection and communal welfare.

The Company has participated in the "Heart to Heart Project" organized by The Hong Kong Federation of Youth Groups since its launch in 2005, to sponsor service projects proposed by volunteer groups of those schools enrolled under the project so as to encourage youth volunteers to serve the community and to promote the concept of mutual help among neighborhood.

組織章程文件之重大變動

於截至二零一七年十二月三十一日及直 至刊發二零一七年度年報之日期,本公 司之組織章程文件並沒有變動。

企業公民責任

本集團致力為促進社會福祉作出貢獻。 於回顧年度內,本集團已向於香港及中 國內地成立之多個不同國際及本地慈善 團體作出慈善捐贈,其中包括香港世界 宣明會及奧比斯香港,以支持彼等在扶 貧、教育、兒童福利、健康推廣、動物 保護以及社會福利方面之活動。

自香港青年協會由二零零五年推出《有心計劃》起,本公司便參與該計劃,以 資助參加了該計劃的學校義工隊建議的 服務項目,從而鼓勵青年義工服務社會 及發揮鄰里守望相助精神。





Profile of the Directors and Officers 董事及高級行政人員簡介

EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

Madam Hsu Feng, aged 67, has been a director of the Company and its subsidiaries (collectively the "Group") since January 1990 and is an executive Director of the Company. She was appointed Managing Director of the Company in December 2001 and the chairman of the executive committee of the Board of Directors of the Company (the "Board") in June 2005. She was also elected as Chairman of the Board in December 2006.

Madam Hsu has over 10 years' experience in film production, and in property development and investment as well as retail industry in Taiwan. She has been engaged in the property development, and hospitality and leisure business in the Mainland of the People's Republic of China ("China") over the past two decades. She is also the Honorary Consul of the Principality of Monaco in Shanghai, China.

Madam Hsu is the mother of Mr Albert Tong and Mr Tong Chi Kar Charles, who are Vice-Chairmen of the Board and executive Directors of the Company. All of them are directors of E-Shares Investments Limited ("E-Shares"). In addition, both Madam Hsu and Mr Albert Tong are directors of King China Holdings Limited ("King China") and executive directors of a listed company in the Hong Kong Special Administrative Region of China ("Hong Kong"), Rivera (Holdings) Limited ("RHL"). Madam Hsu is also the owner of E-Shares and King China and a substantial shareholder of RHL. Mr Albert Tong, Mr Tong Chi Kar Charles, E-Shares, King China and RHL are shareholders of the Company having a notifiable interest under Part XV of the Hong Kong Securities and Futures Ordinance (the "SFO").

As at 27th March, 2018, pursuant to the SFO, Madam Hsu was interested and taken to be interested in a total of 582,105,326 issued shares of the Company.

執行董事

徐楓女士,67歲,自一九九零年一月起出任本公司及其附屬公司(統稱「本集團」)之董事,並現為本公司之執行董事。彼於二零零一年十二月獲委任為本公司之董事總經理及於二零零五年六月獲委任為本公司董事局(「董事局」)轄下之執行委員會之主席。彼並於二零零六年十二月獲推選為董事局主席。

徐女士在電影製作,及就台灣的物業發展和投資以及零售業方面擁有逾十年之經驗。彼過往二十多年專注於中華人民共和國(「中國」)內地從事房地產開發,以及款客及消閒業務工作。彼亦為摩納哥公國駐中國上海市之名譽領事。

徐女士乃本公司之董事局副主席兼執行董事湯子同先生及湯子嘉先生之母親。 三位均為 E-Shares Investments Limited (「E-Shares」)之董事。此外,徐女士與湯子同先生均為錦華集團有限公司(「師先生均為錦華集團有限公司(「所之上市公司一川河集團有限公司(「川河」)之執行董事。徐女士亦為 E-Shares 及錦華之持有人,以及川河之主要股東。湯子同先生、湯子嘉先生、 E-Shares、錦華及川河為本公司之股東及根據香港《證券及期貨條例》(「《證券及期貨條例》」)第XV部持有須具報權益。

於二零一八年三月二十七日,根據《證券及期貨條例》之詮釋,徐女士擁有及被視為擁有合共582,105,326股本公司已發行股份。

Profile of the Directors and Officers 董事及高級行政人員簡介

Mr Albert Tong, aged 35, has been appointed an executive Director of the Company since December 2001 and a member of the executive committee and remuneration committee of the Board since June 2005. He was also elected as Vice-Chairman of the Board in December 2006. He has joined the Group and taken up directorships of the subsidiaries of the Company since March 2001. He has actively participated in the Group's business development, corporate management, property trading and securities investment for many years.

Mr Albert Tong is a son of Madam Hsu Feng, Chairman of the Board and Managing Director of the Company, and the younger brother of Mr Tong Chi Kar Charles, Vice-Chairman of the Board and executive Director of the Company. They all are directors of E-Shares. Both Mr Albert Tong and Madam Hsu are directors of King China and executive directors of RHL. He is also a shareholder of RHL. Madam Hsu Feng, Mr Tong Chi Kar Charles, E-Shares, King China and RHL are shareholders of the Company having a notifiable interest under Part XV of the SFO.

As at 27th March, 2018, pursuant to the SFO, Mr Albert Tong was interested in 245,794,223 issued shares of the Company.

Mr Tong Chi Kar Charles, aged 37, has been appointed an executive Director of the Company and a member of the executive committee of the Board since October 2008. He was also elected as Vice-Chairman of the Board in December 2010. He has joined the Group since December 2000 and has participated in property trading and business management of the Shanghai office of the Group. Mr Tong also acts as a director of a number of subsidiaries of the Company. He now principally engages in property development and trading business in the Mainland of China.

In addition, Mr Tong Chi Kar Charles was a member of the 13th Tianjin Municipal Committee of the Chinese People's Political Consultative Conference during the period from January 2013 to January 2018.

渴子同先生,35歲,自二零零一年十二 月起獲委任為本公司之執行董事及自二 零零五年六月起獲委任為董事局轄下之 執行委員會及薪酬委員會之成員。彼並 於二零零六年十二月獲推選為董事局 主席。彼自二零零一年三月起加盟本集 團及出任本公司附屬公司之董事。彼多 年來一直積極參與本集團之業務發展、 企業管理、物業銷售及證券投資等工作。

湯子同先生為本公司之董事局主席兼董 事總經理徐楓女士之子及董事局副主席 兼執行董事湯子嘉先生之弟。三位均為 E-Shares 之董事。湯子同先生與徐女士 均為錦華之董事及川河之執行董事。彼 亦為川河之股東。徐楓女士、湯子嘉先 生、E-Shares、錦華及川河為本公司之股 東及根據《證券及期貨條例》第XV部持 有須具報權益。

於二零一八年三月二十七日,根據《證券及期貨條例》之詮釋,湯子同先生擁有245,794,223股本公司已發行股份。

湯子嘉先生,37歲,自二零零八年十月 起獲委任為本公司之執行董事及董事局 轄下之執行委員會之成員,並於二零一 零年十二月獲推選為董事局副主席。彼 自二零零零年十二月起加盟本集團,並 參與本集團上海辦事處之物業銷售及 務管理事務。湯先生並出任本公司旗下 多家附屬公司之董事。彼現主力從事中 國內地之物業發展及銷售業務。

此外,湯子嘉先生於二零一三年一月至 二零一八年一月期間出任中國人民政治 協商會議天津市第十三屆委員會委員。 Mr Tong Chi Kar Charles is a son of Madam Hsu Feng, Chairman of the Board and Managing Director of the Company, and the elder brother of Mr Albert Tong, Vice-Chairman of the Board and executive Director of the Company. They all are directors of E-Shares. He is also a shareholder of RHL. Madam Hsu Feng, Mr Albert Tong, E-Shares and RHL are shareholders of the Company having a notifiable interest under Part XV of the SFO.

As at 27th March, 2018, pursuant to the SFO, Mr Tong Chi Kar Charles was interested in 250,927,799 issued shares of the Company.

Mr Yeung Kam Hoi, aged 68, has been appointed an executive Director of the Company and a member of the executive committee of the Board since August 2010. He is the Chief Deputy General Manager of the Group and has been appointed a director of a number of subsidiaries of the Company since August 2010.

Mr Yeung is an associate of The Institute of Chartered Secretaries and Administrators and The Hong Kong Institute of Chartered Secretaries, and a member of the Hong Kong Securities and Investment Institute. He also holds a Master of Accountancy degree of The Chinese University of Hong Kong. Mr Yeung served as the company secretary of various listed companies in Hong Kong during the period from 1988 to 2010, and acted as group company secretary of a listed conglomerate consisting of five listed companies during the period from 1998 to 2010. He has 30 years' experience in an extensive range of corporate exercises and regulatory compliance matters of public listed companies in Hong Kong.

INDEPENDENT NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

Mr Cheung Siu Ping, Oscar, aged 53, has been appointed an independent non-executive Director of the Company and the chairman of the audit committee of the Board since September 2004. He was also appointed a member of the remuneration committee of the Board in June 2005 and then was appointed as the chairman of this committee in April 2011.

湯子嘉先生為本公司之董事局主席兼董 事總經理徐楓女士之子及董事局副主席 兼執行董事湯子同先生之兄長。三位均 為 E-Shares 之董事。彼亦為川河之股 東。徐楓女士、湯子同先生、E-Shares 及川河為本公司之股東及根據《證券及 期貨條例》第XV部持有須具報權益。

於二零一八年三月二十七日,根據《證券及期貨條例》之詮釋,湯子嘉先生擁有250,927,799股本公司已發行股份。

楊錦海先生,68歲,自二零一零年八月 起獲委任為本公司之執行董事及董事局 轄下之執行委員會之成員。彼為本集團 之首席副總經理及自二零一零年八月起 獲委任為本公司旗下多家附屬公司之董 事。

楊先生為英國特許秘書及行政人員公會 及香港特許秘書公會之會士,亦為香港 證券及投資學會之會員。彼並持有香港 中文大學之會計碩士學位。楊先生於 一九八年起至二零一零年期間出任香 港多家上市公司之公司秘書,其中個 有五家上市公司之上市集團內擔任 有五家上市公司之上市集團內擔層 公司秘書一職。彼在企業活動之層 從廣泛,於此方面及於香港上市的公經 驗。

獨立非執行董事

張兆平先生,53歲,自二零零四年九月 起獲委任為本公司之獨立非執行董事及 董事局轄下之審核委員會之主席。彼再 於二零零五年六月獲委任為董事局轄下 之薪酬委員會之成員及後於二零一一年 四月獲委任為該委員會之主席。

Profile of the Directors and Officers 董事及高級行政人員簡介

Mr Cheung is a fellow member of the Association of Chartered Certified Accountants and a member of the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants. He is practising as a certified public accountant in Hong Kong and is the sole proprietor of Oscar S. P. Cheung & Co..

The annual director's fee of Mr Cheung has been increased from HK\$150,000 to HK\$163,200 with effect from 1st January, 2018, which was approved by the Board, under the authorization of the shareholders at the 2017 annual general meeting of the Company and on recommendation of the remuneration committee of the Board with reference to his responsibilities and prevailing market conditions.

Mr Lee Chan Fai, aged 55, has been appointed an independent non-executive Director of the Company and a member of each of the audit committee and remuneration committee of the Board since December 2005.

He graduated from The University of Hong Kong, is a member of The Hong Kong Institute of Architects and is qualified as a Registered Architect in Hong Kong and a First Class Registered Architect in the Mainland of China. Mr Lee has acted as a director of Marco Asia Limited and J&P Architects Limited (李峻建築師有限公司) since the 1990's, and a director of J&P Architects Limited (上海李峻設計諮詢有限公司) since January 2015. He was a director of JSP Architects Limited during the period from 2008 to July 2012. He has extensive experience in architectural design.

The annual director's fee of Mr Lee has been increased from HK\$150,000 to HK\$163,200 with effect from 1st January, 2018, which was approved by the Board, under the authorization of the shareholders at the 2017 annual general meeting of the Company and on recommendation of the remuneration committee of the Board with reference to his responsibilities and prevailing market conditions.

張先生為英國特許公認會計師公會之資 深會員及香港會計師公會之會員。彼現 為香港之執業會計師及張兆平會計師事 務所之東主。

由二零一八年一月一日起,張先生享有之董事袍金由每年150,000港元增至163,200港元。此乃由董事局根據股東於本公司之二零一七年度股東週年大會上之授權及參照董事局轄下之薪酬委員會之建議,並參考彼之職責及現時市況而釐定。

李燦輝先生,55歲,自二零零五年十二 月起獲委任為本公司之獨立非執行董事 以及董事局轄下之審核委員會及薪酬委 員會之成員。

彼畢業於香港大學,為香港建築師學會 之會員,並具備香港註冊建築師及中 一九九零年代起出任馬高亞洲有限公司之董事,並自二 及李峻建築師有限公司之董事,並自二 零一五年一月起出任上海李峻設計 有限公司之董事。彼在二零零八年至 零一二年七月期間曾出任上海李孫 設計諮詢有限公司之董事。彼在建築設 計方面擁有豐富的經驗。

由二零一八年一月一日起,李先生享有 之董事袍金由每年150,000港元增至 163,200港元。此乃由董事局根據股東於 本公司之二零一七年度股東週年大會上 之授權及參照董事局轄下之薪酬委員會 之建議,並參考彼之職責及現時市況而 釐定。 Mr Sean S J Wang, aged 54, has been appointed an independent non-executive Director of the Company and a member of each of the audit committee and remuneration committee of the Board since April 2011.

He graduated from Peking University and studied economics. He then went to the United States of America and obtained a bachelor of science degree from Hamline University in 1986 and a MBA degree from University of Minnesota in 1989. Mr Wang has in-depth and extensive experience in corporate management and funds operation. He also has many years of experience in financial operation and project management at various multinational firms listed on the New York Stock Exchange, NASDAQ and The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited. He was an executive director and the chief financial officer of China Huarong Energy Company Limited, a company listed in Hong Kong, during the period from October 2010 to October 2016, and was an executive director and the chief executive officer of ENN Energy Holdings Limited, a company listed in Hong Kong, during the period from March 2017 to January 2018. Previously, he also held the positions of president and chief operating officer of Hurray! Holding Limited, a company listed on NASDAQ, a non-executive director of China Advanced Construction Materials Group, Inc., a company listed on NASDAQ, and an executive director and the chief financial officer of SOHO China Limited, a company listed in Hong Kong. He was awarded "CFO of the Year in China" in 2009.

The annual director's fee of Mr Wang has been increased from HK\$150,000 to HK\$163,200 with effect from 1st January, 2018, which was approved by the Board, under the authorization of the shareholders at the 2017 annual general meeting of the Company and on recommendation of the remuneration committee of the Board with reference to his responsibilities and prevailing market conditions.

王少劍先生,54歲,自二零一一年四月 起獲委任為本公司之獨立非執行董事以 及董事局轄下之審核委員會及薪酬委員 會之成員。

彼畢業於北京大學及修讀經濟學。彼其 後赴美國於一九八六年獲取哈姆萊大學 理學學士學位,並於一九八九年獲取明 尼蘇達大學工商管理碩士學位。王先生 在企業管理及基金營運方面擁有豐富及 廣泛經驗。彼在美國紐約證券交易所、 納斯達克股票交易所及香港聯合交易所 有限公司上市的多家跨國企業的財務營 運及項目管理方面亦累積多年經驗。彼 在二零一零年十月至二零一六年十月期 間曾擔任中國華榮能源股份有限公司(一 家在香港上市之公司) 之執行董事兼首 席財務官,及在二零一七年三月至二零 一八年一月期間曾擔任新奧能源控股有 限公司(一家在香港上市之公司)之執行 董事兼首席執行官。彼亦曾擔任華友世 紀控股有限公司(一家在納斯達克股票 交易所上市之公司) 之總裁及營運主管, China Advanced Construction Materials Group, Inc. (一家在納斯達克股票交易所 上市之公司) 之非執行董事,及 SOHO 中國有限公司(一家在香港上市之公司) 之執行董事兼財務總裁。彼於二零零九 年榮獲「CFO of the Year in China」(中國 首席財務官年度人物)獎項。

由二零一八年一月一日起,王先生享有之董事袍金由每年150,000港元增至163,200港元。此乃由董事局根據股東於本公司之二零一七年度股東週年大會上之授權及參照董事局轄下之薪酬委員會之建議,並參考彼之職責及現時市況而釐定。

Profile of the Directors and Officers 董事及高級行政人員簡介

OFFICERS

Ms Lee Yuen Han, aged 51, joined the Group in 1991 and was appointed the Company Secretary of the Company in March 1998 and has acted as the Deputy General Manager of the Company since August 2005.

She attained a bachelor's degree in economics and a master's degree in business studies, and is an associate of The Institute of Chartered Secretaries and Administrators and The Hong Kong Institute of Chartered Secretaries.

Mr Kwok Sau King, aged 59, joined the Group in 1990. He was appointed the Financial Controller of the Company in September 1999.

He is a fellow member of the Association of Chartered Certified Accountants and a member of the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants.

高級行政人員

李婉嫻女士,51歲,於一九九一年加盟本集團及於一九九八年三月獲委任為本公司之公司秘書,並自二零零五年八月起出任本公司之副總經理。

彼獲取經濟學學士和商貿管理碩士學位, 並為英國特許秘書及行政人員公會及香 港特許秘書公會之會士。

郭守敬先生,59歲,於一九九零年加盟本集團,並於一九九九年九月獲委任為本公司之財務總監。

彼為英國特許公認會計師公會之資深會 員及香港會計師公會之會員。

Report of the Directors 董事局報告書

The Board of Directors of the Company (the "Board") is pleased to present its Report together with the audited consolidated financial statements of the Company and its subsidiaries (collectively the "Group") for the year ended 31st December, 2017 and the independent Auditor's report thereon.

本公司董事局(「董事局」)謹向各股東提 呈本報告書,連同本公司及其附屬公司 (統稱「本集團」)截至二零一七年十二月 三十一日止年度之經審核綜合財務報表 及獨立核數師報告書。

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES

The principal activities of the Group in the course of the year were property development and investment, hospitality and leisure business, securities trading, PVC operations as well as operation of and investment in media and entertainment business.

During the year under review, the Company acted as an investment holding company and the principal activities and other particulars of the principal subsidiaries of the Company are listed under Note 43 to the consolidated financial statements on pages 176 to 183.

BUSINESS REVIEW

A review of the performance and position of the Group's business for the year ended 31st December, 2017, an indication of the future development of the Group's business as well as an analysis of the Group's principal risks and uncertainties are set out in the Management Discussion and Analysis on pages 4 to 22. This discussion forms part of this Report.

A discussion on the Group's environmental policies and performance as well as its compliance with laws and regulations, and an account of the Group's relationships with its employees, customers and suppliers are set out below in this Report.

Details of the Group's results for the year ended 31st December, 2017 and the Group's financial position as at the end thereof are set out on pages 72 to 185. An analysis by operating segments and geographical location is set out in Notes 6 and 7 to the consolidated financial statements on pages 115 to 120.

As at the date of this Report, the Board is not aware of any important events affecting the Group that have occurred since the end of the year under review.

主要業務

本集團在年度內之主要業務為物業發展 及投資、款客及消閒業務、證券買賣、 塑膠業務以及經營及投資媒體及娛樂業 務。

在回顧年度內,本公司為一家投資控股公司,而本公司各主要附屬公司之主要業務及其他資料載於第176至第183頁綜合財務報表附註43。

業務審視

就截至二零一七年十二月三十一日止年 度對本集團之業務表現及狀況之審視, 其未來發展之揭示,以及對本集團之主 要風險及不明朗因素之分析載於第4至 第22頁之管理層討論及分析內。該討論 構成本報告書之一部份。

有關探討本集團的環境政策及表現和遵守法律及規例的情況,以及本集團與其僱員、客戶及供應商的關係之説明列載於本報告書內以後部份。

本集團截至二零一七年十二月三十一日 止年度之業績及於年結日之財務狀況詳 情載於第72至第185頁。按營運分類及 地區之分析載於第115至第120頁綜合財 務報表附註6及附註7。

於本報告書日期,董事局並不知悉在回 顧年度終結後發生並對本集團有影響之 任何重大事件。

DIVIDEND

The Board has declared an interim dividend of 43 HK cents per share for the year ended 31st December, 2017 (2016: 43 HK cents per share) to shareholders whose names appear on the register of members of the Company on Tuesday, 8th May, 2018 (the "Record Date"). Shareholders will be given an option to elect to receive shares of HK\$0.50 each in the capital of the Company (the "Share(s)") credited as fully paid in lieu of cash in respect of all or part of the interim dividend (the "Scrip Dividend Scheme").

The Scrip Dividend Scheme is conditional upon consent of The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange") to grant listing of and permission to deal in the new Shares to be allotted thereunder. For the purpose of determining the number of new Shares to be allotted under the Scrip Dividend Scheme, the market value of a new Share will be calculated as an amount equal to 95% of the average of the closing prices per Share traded on the Stock Exchange for the five consecutive trading days up to and including the Record Date. A circular providing full details of the Scrip Dividend Scheme, together with a form of election, will be sent to the shareholders of the Company in due course. Dividend warrants and/or share certificates for the scrip dividend are expected to be despatched on Thursday, 14th June, 2018.

CLOSURE OF REGISTER OF MEMBERS

The register of members of the Company will be closed for the following periods:

(a) For the purpose of determining the shareholders who qualify for the interim dividend for 2017, the register of members of the Company will be closed from Friday, 4th May, 2018 to Tuesday, 8th May, 2018, both days inclusive, during which period no transfer of Shares will be effected. In order to qualify for the interim dividend, all transfer documents accompanied by the relevant share certificates must be lodged with Tricor Secretaries Limited, the Company's share registrar in the Hong Kong Special Administrative Region of the People's Republic of China ("China") ("Hong Kong"), not later than 4:30 p.m. on Thursday, 3rd May, 2018 for registration; and

股息

董事局宣佈向於二零一八年五月八日(星期二)(「記錄日期」)名列本公司股東名冊之股東宣派截至二零一七年十二月三十一日止年度之中期股息每股43港仙(二零一六年:每股43港仙)。股東將有權選擇就全部或部份中期股息收取本公司股本中每股面值0.50港元之股份(「股份」)以代替現金,且該等股份將被記入為已繳足股本(「以股代息計劃」)。

以股代息計劃尚待香港聯合交易所有限公司(「聯交所」)批准據此配發之新股份上市及買賣後,方可作實。為釐定在以股代息計劃項下將配發予股東之新股份數目,新股份之市值將以截至記錄日期(包括該日)止連續五個交易日每股股份在聯交所之平均收市價之95%之金額而釐定。本公司將適時向股東寄發載有以股代息計劃詳情之通函以及其選擇表格。股息單及/或代息股份股票預期於二零一八年六月十四日(星期四)寄發。

暫停辦理股份過戶登記手續

本公司將於下列期間暫停辦理股份過戶 登記手續:

(a) 為釐定可享有二零一七年度之中期股息之股東名單,本公司將於二零一八年五月四日(星期五)至二零一八年五月八日(星期二)(包括至尾兩天)期間暫停辦理股份過戶所有股份過戶文件連同有關股票的所有股份過戶文件連同有關股票不遲於二零一八年五月三日(星期四)下午四時三十分送抵本公司於中華人民共和國(「中國」)香港記處卓佳秘書商務有限公司辦理登記手續;及

- (b) The annual general meeting of the Company has been convened for Thursday, 31st May, 2018 (the "2018 AGM"). For the purpose of determining the shareholders who are entitled to attend and vote at the 2018 AGM, the register of members of the Company will be closed from Monday, 28th May, 2018 to Thursday, 31st May, 2018, both days inclusive, during which period no transfer of Shares will be effected. In order to be eligible to attend and vote at the 2018 AGM, all transfer documents accompanied by the relevant share certificates must be lodged with the Company's share registrar in Hong Kong, Tricor Secretaries Limited not later than 4:30 p.m. on Friday, 25th May, 2018 for registration.
- (b) 本公司之股東週年大會已議決於二 零一八年五月三十一日(星期四)召 開(「二零一八年度股東週年大 會」)。為確定可出席二零一八年度 股東週年大會並於會上投票的股東 的資格,本公司將於二零一八年五 月二十八日(星期一)至二零一八年 五月三十一日(星期四)(包括首尾 兩天) 期間暫停辦理股份過戶登記 手續。為確保有權出席二零一八年 度股東週年大會並在會上投票,所 有股份過戶文件連同有關股票必須 不遲於二零一八年五月二十五日(星 期五)下午四時三十分送抵本公司 於香港之股份過戶登記處卓佳秘書 商務有限公司辦理登記手續。

MAJOR CUSTOMERS AND SUPPLIERS

During the year under review, the Group's five largest customers contributed approximately 35.80% of the Group's gross proceeds from operations with the largest customer accounting for approximately 10.93% of the Group's gross proceeds from operations while approximately 94.22% of the Group's purchases were attributable to the Group's five largest suppliers with the largest supplier accounting for approximately 45.84% of the Group's purchases.

None of the Directors of the Company, their close associates or any shareholders (which to the knowledge of the Directors own more than 5% interest in the number of issued Shares) have any interest in the Group's five largest customers or suppliers.

DONATIONS

During the year ended 31st December, 2017, the Group donated approximately HK\$745,000 for charitable and other causes.

主要客戶及供應商

在回顧年度內,本集團之前五大客戶共約佔本集團經營收益總額之35.80%,其中最大客戶約佔本集團經營收益總額之10.93%。而本集團之前五大供應商共約佔本集團購貨額之94.22%,其中最大供應商約佔本集團購貨額之45.84%。

本公司各董事及其緊密聯繫人或任何股 東(董事獲知其擁有本公司之已發行股 份數目中5%以上權益者)概無擁有該五 大客戶或供應商之任何權益。

捐款

於截至二零一七年十二月三十一日止年 度內,本集團已捐款約745,000港元作慈 善及其他用途。

FIXED ASSETS

During the year ended 31st December, 2017, the Group added fixed assets amounting to HK\$16,734,000 (2016: HK\$2,933,000) while it disposed of and wrote off fixed assets with an aggregate net book value of HK\$740,000 (2016: HK\$564,000) in addition to a disposal of fixed assets with a net book value of HK\$638,000 through disposal of its subsidiaries (2016: Nil).

Movements in fixed assets of the Group during the year are shown in Notes 16 and 17 to the consolidated financial statements on pages 130 to 135.

A schedule of the principal properties held by the Group, either under development or for sale or investment purposes, is set out on pages 187 to 192.

BORROWINGS AND DEBENTURES

Details of borrowings of the Group as at 31st December, 2017 are set out in Note 30 to the consolidated financial statements on page 154.

No debentures of any class were issued by the Company or any of its subsidiaries, or were in issue, at any time during the year.

No interest expenses attributable to properties under development were capitalized by the Group during the year (2016: HK\$326,000).

SHARE CAPITAL

During the year under review, the Company issued and allotted 170,525,050 new Shares at a price of HK\$3.2433 per Share to the shareholders who elected to receive Shares credited as fully paid in lieu of cash for the interim dividend of the Company for the year ended 31st December, 2016. All those new Shares issued rank pari passu in all respects with the then existing issued Shares.

固定資產

於截至二零一七年十二月三十一日止年度內,本集團添置為數16,734,000港元(二零一六年:2,933,000港元)之固定資產,而出售及撤銷之固定資產總賬面淨值為740,000港元(二零一六年:564,000港元),並透過出售其附屬公司出售了賬面淨值638,000港元之固定資產(二零一六年:無)。

本集團於年度內之固定資產之變動情況 載於第130至第135頁綜合財務報表附註 16及附註17。

一項列有本集團持有之主要物業(在發展中或作出售或投資用途)之附表載於第187至第192頁。

借款及債權證

本集團在二零一七年十二月三十一日之 借款之詳情載於第154頁綜合財務報表 附註30。

本公司或其任何附屬公司於年度內任何 時間概無發行或已發行任何類別之債權 證。

本集團於本年度內並無將發展中物業之 利息支出資本化(二零一六年:326,000 港元)。

股本

於回顧年度內,本公司向選擇了以已繳 足股本之股份代替現金之方式收取本公 司截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年 度中期股息之股東,按每股股份3.2433 港元之價格發行及配發了170,525,050股 新股份。該等新股份於各方面與當時之 已發行股份享有同等權益。 As at 31st December, 2017, 1,885,584,547 Shares were in issue. Details of the share capital of the Company are set out in Note 28 to the consolidated financial statements on page 151.

於二零一七年十二月三十一日,共有 1,885,584,547股已發行股份。本公司之 股本詳情載於第151頁綜合財務報表附 註28。

PURCHASE, SALE OR REDEMPTION OF LISTED SECURITIES

During the year ended 31st December, 2017, there was no purchase, sale or redemption made by the Company, or any of its subsidiaries, of the Company's listed securities.

EQUITY-LINKED AGREEMENTS

Other than a share option scheme adopted by the Company in 2012 as disclosed in this Report, no equity-linked agreements were entered into by the Company during the year under review or subsisted at the end of the year.

RESERVES

The retained earnings and share premium of the Company as at 31st December, 2017 amounted to HK\$119,772,000 (2016: HK\$11,117,000) and HK\$1,766,107,000 (2016: HK\$2,035,781,000) respectively. These reserves are available for distribution.

The Board recommends that the retained earnings of the Group as at 31st December, 2017 amounting to HK\$8,348,566,000 be carried forward. Other movements in reserves of the Group and the Company during the year are shown in the Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity and Note 41 to the consolidated financial statements on pages 77 to 78 and page 175 respectively.

PRE-EMPTIVE RIGHTS

There are no provisions for pre-emptive rights under the Memorandum and Articles of Association of the Company and the Companies Law of the Cayman Islands.

購買、出售或贖回上市證券

於截至二零一七年十二月三十一日止年 度內,本公司或其任何附屬公司概無購 買、出售或贖回本公司之任何上市證券。

股票掛鈎協議

除在本報告書披露之本公司於二零一二 年採納之購股權計劃外,本公司於回顧 年度內並無訂立任何股票掛鈎協議,及 於年度終結時並無此類協議存在。

儲備

本公司於二零一七年十二月三十一日之 保 留 溢 利 及 股 份 溢 價 賬 分 別 為 數 119,772,000港元(二零一六年:11,117,000 港元)及1,766,107,000港元(二零一六年: 2,035,781,000港元)。該等儲備可供分派。

董事局建議將本集團於二零一七年十二 月三十一日為數8,348,566,000港元之保 留溢利滾存至下年度。年度內本集團及 本公司之其他儲備變動情況分別載於第 77至第78頁之綜合權益變動表以及第 175頁之綜合財務報表附註41。

優先購買權

本公司之《公司組織章程大綱及細則》及 《開曼群島公司法》中並無優先購買權之 條文。

FINANCIAL SUMMARY

A summary of the results and financial position of the Group for the preceding five financial years is set out on pages 194 and 195.

DIRECTORS

The Directors of the Company as at the date of this Report and those who were in office during the year under review and up to the date of this Report are:

Executive Directors

Madam Hsu Feng (Chairman and Managing Director) Mr Albert Tong (Vice-Chairman) Mr Tong Chi Kar Charles (Vice-Chairman) Mr Yeung Kam Hoi

Independent Non-Executive Directors

Mr Cheung Siu Ping, Oscar Mr Lee Chan Fai Mr Sean S J Wang

A profile of the Directors of the Company is shown on pages 38 to 42.

Information relating to emoluments paid to the Company's Directors during the year is set out in Note 12 to the consolidated financial statements on pages 125 and 126.

All Directors of the Company are subject to retirement by rotation at annual general meetings of the Company in accordance with the Articles of Association of the Company. Article 116 of the Articles of Association of the Company provides that at each annual general meeting, one-third of the Directors of the Company for the time being or, if their number is not three or a multiple of three, then the nearest number to but not more than one-third shall retire from office by rotation provided that every Director shall be subject to retirement by rotation at least once every three years. The Directors to retire each year shall be those who have been longest in office since their last election and who are eligible for re-election. In this connection, Madam Hsu Feng, Mr Albert Tong and Mr Lee Chan Fai will retire by rotation at the 2018 AGM. Being eligible, they offer themselves for re-election.

財務概要

本集團過往五個財政年度之業績及財務 狀況概要載於第194及第195頁。

董事

於本報告書簽發之日以及於回顧年度內 至本報告書簽發之日止期間在任之本公 司董事如下:

執行董事

徐 楓女士(主席兼董事總經理) 湯子同先生(副主席) 湯子嘉先生(副主席) 楊錦海先生

獨立非執行董事

張兆平先生 李燦輝先生 王少劍先生

本公司董事之簡介載於第38至第42頁。

有關於年度內支付予本公司董事之酬金 之資料載於第125及第126頁綜合財務報 表附註12。

The re-election of the retiring Directors of the Company is subject to separate resolutions to be approved by shareholders at the 2018 AGM and details of those Directors will be disclosed in a circular of the Company to be despatched to the shareholders together with the notice of the annual general meeting.

重選本公司退任董事連任一事須待股東 以獨立決議案形式於二零一八年度股東 週年大會上審議通過,有關該等董事之 資料將於寄發予股東之本公司通函(連 同股東週年大會通告)內披露。

DIRECTORS' SERVICE CONTRACT

The Directors of the Company who are proposed for re-election at the 2018 AGM do not have any unexpired service contract with the Company or any of its subsidiaries which is not determinable by the employing company within one year without payment of compensation, other than statutory compensation.

董事之服務合約

獲提名在二零一八年度股東週年大會上 重選連任之本公司董事與本公司或其任 何附屬公司並無任何尚未屆滿之服務合 約,而聘用之公司於一年內不作出賠償 (法定賠償除外)則不得終止者。

PERMITTED INDEMNITY PROVISION

The Company has taken out and maintained directors' and officers' liability insurance throughout the year under review, which provides appropriate cover for the directors and officers of the Group.

獲准許的彌償條文

本公司於回顧年度內已購買及維持董事 及高級行政人員責任保險,為本集團董 事及高級行政人員提供適當的保障。

DIRECTORS' INTERESTS AND SHORT POSITIONS IN SECURITIES

As at 31st December, 2017, the interests and short positions of the Directors of the Company in shares, debentures and underlying shares of the Company or any of its associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the Hong Kong Securities and Futures Ordinance (the "SFO")), which were required, pursuant to Section 352 of the SFO, to be entered in the register referred to therein (including interests and short positions which they were taken to have under Section 344 of the SFO) or which were required to be notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on the Stock Exchange (the "Listing Rules"), were as follows:

董事之證券權益及淡倉

於二零一七年十二月三十一日,本公司各董事於本公司或其任何相聯法團(按香港《證券及期貨條例》(「《證券及期貨條例》」)第XV部之定義詮釋)之股份、債權證及相關股份中擁有須遵照《證券及期貨條例》第352條之規定記載入該條例所述的登記冊內(包括根據《證券及期货條例》第344條被視為擁有之權益及叛倉),或須遵照聯交所《證券上市規則》」)之規定知會本公司及聯交所之權益及淡倉如下:

Report of the Directors 董事局報告書

(I) The Company:

Shares of HK\$0.50 each

(I) 本公司:

每股面值0.50港元之股份

Number of Shares 股份數目

| Name of Directors | 董事姓名 | Personal Interests 個人權益 | Family Interests 家屬權益 | Corporate Interests 公司權益 | Other Interests 其他權益 |
|-----------------------------|-----------|-------------------------------|-----------------------------|--|--|
| Traine of Directors | 王小巫日 | 11-17 × 112 xm2 | At /M In mi | ₩ . A lbr mr | /\ C L III |
| Madam Hsu Feng (A) | 徐 楓女士(A) | 199,715,040 <i>(B)</i> | Nil 無 | 382,390,286 <i>(C)</i> Nil 無 <i>(D)</i> | 235,040,000 <i>(E)</i> 252,890,022 <i>(F)</i> |
| Mr Albert Tong (A) | 湯子同先生 (A) | 128,274,223 <i>(B)</i> | Nil 無 | Nil 無 (D) | 941,761,125 <i>(G)</i> |
| Mr Tong Chi Kar Charles (A) | 湯子嘉先生 (A) | 124,615,799 <i>(B)</i> | Nil 無 | Nil 無 <i>(D)</i> | 945,419,549 <i>(G)</i> |

(II) The Company's associated corporations:

(II) 本公司之相聯法團:

(1) China Boom Enterprises Limited ("China Boom")

(1) 昌華企業有限公司(「昌華」)

Shares of US\$1 each

每股面值1美元之股份

Number of shares of China Boom 於昌華之股份數目

| | | Personal | Family | Corporate | Other |
|--------------------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|
| | | Interests | Interests | Interests | Interests |
| Name of Director | 董事姓名 | 個人權益 | 家屬權益 | 公司權益 | 其他權益 |
| | | | | | |
| Madam Hsu Feng (H) | 徐 楓女士 (H) | 716,800 | Nil 無 | 563,200 | Nil 無 |

(2) Tomson Entertainment Co. Limited ("Tomson Entertainment")

(2) 湯臣娛樂股份有限公司 (「湯臣娛樂」)

Shares of NTD10 each

每股面值新台幣10元之股份

Number of shares of Tomson Entertainment 於湯臣娛樂之股份數目

| Name of Director | 董事姓名 | Personal Interests 個人權益 | Family Interests 家屬權益 | Corporate Interests 公司權益 | Other Interests 其他權益 |
|--------------------|-----------|-------------------------------|-----------------------------|--------------------------------|----------------------------|
| Madam Hsu Feng (I) | 徐 楓女士 (I) | 1,350,000 | Nil 無 | 1,125,000 | Nil 無 |

Notes:

- (A) Madam Hsu Feng is the mother of Mr Albert Tong and Mr Tong Chi Kar Charles. As at 31st December, 2017, they, being considered to be persons acting in concert, were interested in an aggregate of 1,070,035,348 Shares, representing 56.74% interests in the number of issued Shares, pursuant to the SFO.
- (B) These Shares were held by the relevant Directors of the Company in their capacities as beneficial owners.
- (C) The 382,390,286 Shares were beneficially held by the following shareholders of the Company:

附註:

- (A) 徐楓女士為湯子同先生及湯子嘉先生 之母親。於二零一七年十二月三十一 日,根據《證券及期貨條例》,彼等(被 視為一致行動的人士)持有合共 1,070,035,348股股份(佔已發行股份數 目之56.74%權益)。
- (B) 該等股份由本公司有關董事以其實益 擁有人之身份持有。
- (C) 該等382,390,286股股份由下列本公司 之股東實益持有:

| | | Number of Shares held |
|------------------------------|------------------------------|-----------------------|
| Name of companies | 公司名稱 | 所持有股份之數目 |
| | | |
| King China Holdings Limited | 錦華集團有限公司 | 222,829,955 |
| E-Shares Investments Limited | E-Shares Investments Limited | 159,560,331 |
| | | |

382,390,286

As Madam Hsu Feng held the entire interests of King China Holdings Limited and E-Shares Investments Limited, she was deemed to be interested in these shares pursuant to the SFO.

由於徐楓女士擁有錦華集團有限公司 及 E-Shares Investments Limited 之全部 權益,故根據《證券及期貨條例》,彼 被視為擁有該等股份之權益。

- (D) The following companies, being wholly-owned subsidiaries of Rivera (Holdings) Limited ("RHL", a listed company in Hong Kong), beneficially held an aggregate of 221,500,000 Shares:
- (D) 下列公司(均為一家於香港上市之公司-川河集團有限公司(「川河」)之全資附屬公司)實益持有合共221,500,000股股份:

| Name of companies | 公司名稱 | Number of Shares held 所持有股份之數目 |
|---|--------------------|-----------------------------------|
| Forty Enterprises Company Limited Shine Trip Limited | 富義企業有限公司 瑞展有限公司 | 14,974,030 206,525,970 |
| | | 221,500,000 |

As at 31st December, 2017, Madam Hsu Feng, Mr Albert Tong and Mr Tong Chi Kar Charles were or were deemed to be substantial shareholders of RHL pursuant to the SFO. In addition, Madam Hsu Feng and Mr Albert Tong were directors of RHL.

- (E) Madam Hsu Feng had entered into agreements with Mr Albert Tong and Mr Tong Chi Kar Charles, to sell to each of them 117,520,000 Shares, in an aggregate of 235,040,000 Shares, which had been pledged by Mr Albert Tong and Mr Tong Chi Kar Charles in favour of Madam Hsu Feng as a security for their performance of the duties under the aforesaid agreements. Hence, as at 31st December, 2017, Madam Hsu Feng had a security interest in these issued Shares pursuant to the SFO.
- (F) On account of the agreements as mentioned in Note (E) above, Madam Hsu Feng, Mr Albert Tong and Mr Tong Chi Kar Charles were considered to be persons acting in concert pursuant to the SFO. In this connection, in addition to those Shares transferred under the said agreements, as at 31st December, 2017, Madam Hsu Feng was taken to be interested in a total of 252,890,022 Shares beneficially held by Mr Albert Tong and Mr Tong Chi Kar Charles.
- (G) On account of the agreements as mentioned in Note (E) above, Madam Hsu Feng, Mr Albert Tong and Mr Tong Chi Kar Charles were considered to be persons acting in concert pursuant to the SFO.

於二零一七年十二月三十一日,根據《證券及期貨條例》,徐楓女士、湯子同先生及湯子嘉先生為或被視為川河之主要股東。此外,徐楓女士及湯子同先生均為川河之董事。

- (E) 徐楓女士與湯子同先生及湯子嘉先生簽訂了協議,向彼等分別出售 117,520,000股股份(合共235,040,000股股份),而湯子同先生及湯子嘉先生曾抵押了該等股份予徐楓女士作為履行彼等於上述協議項下之責任及義務之擔保。因此,於二零一七年十二月三十一日,根據《證券及期貨條例》,徐楓女士持有該等已發行股份之一項保證權益。
- (F) 基於上述附註(E)所述之協議,根據《證券及期貨條例》,徐楓女士、湯子同先生及湯子嘉先生被視為一致行動的人士。因此,於二零一七年十二月三十一日,除根據上述協議轉讓之該等股份外,徐楓女士被視為擁有由湯子同先生及湯子嘉先生實益持有之合共252,890,022股股份權益。
- (G) 基於上述附註(E)所述之協議,根據《證券及期貨條例》,徐楓女士、湯子同先生及湯子嘉先生被視為一致行動的人士。

In this connection, as at 31st December, 2017, Mr Albert Tong was not only interested in the 117,520,000 Shares transferred from Madam Hsu Feng, but taken to be interested in a total of 824,241,125 Shares beneficially held by Madam Hsu Feng and Mr Tong Chi Kar Charles.

Furthermore, as at 31st December, 2017, Mr Tong Chi Kar Charles was not only interested in the 117,520,000 Shares transferred from Madam Hsu Feng, but taken to be interested in a total of 827,899,549 Shares beneficially held by Madam Hsu Feng and Mr Albert Tong.

- (H) Madam Hsu Feng held, in her capacity as a beneficial owner, a personal interest in 716,800 shares (being 56%) in the capital of China Boom while the Company held the balance of interest of 563,200 shares (being 44%) in the capital of China Boom through its wholly-owned subsidiaries. As at 31st December, 2017, Madam Hsu was deemed to control the exercise of more than one-third of voting power at general meetings of the Company, hence, she was also taken to be interested in those shares held by the Company. In conclusion, Madam Hsu was interested and deemed to be interested in 1,280,000 issued shares (being 100%) of China Boom pursuant to the SFO.
- (I) Madam Hsu Feng held, in her capacity as a beneficial owner, a personal interest in 1,350,000 shares (being 54%) in the capital of Tomson Entertainment while the Company held an interest in 1,125,000 shares (being 45%) in the capital of Tomson Entertainment through its wholly-owned subsidiaries. As at 31st December, 2017, Madam Hsu was deemed to control the exercise of more than one-third of voting power at general meetings of the Company, hence, she was also taken to be interested in those shares held by the Company. In conclusion, Madam Hsu was interested and deemed to be interested in 2,475,000 issued shares (being 99%) of Tomson Entertainment pursuant to the SFO.

Save as disclosed above, none of the Directors of the Company and their associates had any interests or short positions in the shares, debentures and underlying shares of the Company or any of its associated corporations as at 31st December, 2017, which were required, pursuant to Section 352 of the SFO, to be entered in the register referred to therein (including interests or short positions which they were taken to have under Section 344 of the SFO) or which were required to be notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to the Listing Rules.

因此,於二零一七年十二月三十一日, 湯子同先生不僅擁有自徐楓女士轉讓 之117,520,000股股份權益,且被視為擁 有由徐楓女士及湯子嘉先生實益持有 之合共824,241,125股股份權益。

此外,於二零一七年十二月三十一日, 湯子嘉先生不僅擁有自徐楓女士轉讓 之117,520,000股股份權益,且被視為擁 有由徐楓女士及湯子同先生實益持有 之合共827,899,549股股份權益。

- (H) 徐楓女士以其作為實益擁有人之身份個人持有昌華股本中之716,800股股份(即56%)之權益,而本公司透過其全資附屬公司持有餘下之昌華股本中之563,200股股份(即44%)之權益。於二零一七年十二月三十一日,徐女士被視為可控制本公司股東大會上三分之一以上之投票權,故彼亦被視為擁有該等由本公司持有之股份權益。總括而言,根據《證券及期貨條例》,徐女士擁有及被視為擁有昌華之1,280,000股(即100%)已發行股份權益。
- (I) 徐楓女士以其作為實益擁有人之身份個人持有湯臣娛樂股本中之1,350,000股股份(即54%)之權益,而本公司透過其全資附屬公司持有湯臣娛樂股本中之1,125,000股股份(即45%)之權益。於二零一七年十二月三十一日,徐女士被視為可控制本公司股東大會上三分之一以上之投票權,故彼亦被視為擁有該等由本公司持有之股份權益。總括而言,根據《證券及期貨條例》,徐女士擁有及被視為擁有湯臣娛樂之2,475,000股(即99%)已發行股份權益。

除上文所披露者外,於二零一七年十二 月三十一日,本公司各董事及彼等的聯 繫人概無於本公司或其任何相聯法團之 股份、債權證及相關股份中擁有須遵照 《證券及期貨條例》第352條之規定記載 入該條例所述的登記冊內(包括根據《證 券及期貨條例》第344條彼等被視為擁有 的權益或淡倉),或須遵照《上市規則》 之規定知會本公司及聯交所的任何權益 或淡倉。

SHARE OPTION SCHEME

The Company adopted a share option scheme (the "2012 Scheme") on 1st June, 2012. Under the 2012 Scheme, there were no options granted, exercised, cancelled or lapsed during the year ended 31st December, 2017, nor was there any option outstanding at the beginning or at the end of the year.

Major terms of the 2012 Scheme

The purpose of the 2012 Scheme is to provide incentives or rewards to selected persons for their contribution to any member of the Group or any entity in which any member of the Group holds any equity interest (the "Invested Entity").

The participants include, inter alia:

- (i) any employee or proposed employee (whether full time or part time) of any member of the Group or any Invested Entity, including any executive director of any of these companies; or
- (ii) any non-executive director (including independent non-executive director) of any member of the Group or any Invested Entity; or
- (iii) any adviser or consultant or customer of, or any supplier of goods or services to any member of the Group or any Invested Entity; or
- (iv) any shareholder of any member of the Group or any Invested Entity or any holder of any securities issued by any member of the Group or any Invested Entity.

As at the date of this Report, save as otherwise approved by the shareholders of the Company, the maximum number of Shares available for issue under options which may be granted is 137,252,380, representing approximately 7.28% of the number of issued Shares.

購股權計劃

本公司於二零一二年六月一日採納了一項購股權計劃(「二零一二年計劃」)。於截至二零一七年十二月三十一日止年度內,在二零一二年計劃下,並無購股權被授出、獲行使、註銷或失效,及在年度開始或終結時,均無尚未行使之購股權。

二零一二年計劃的主要條款

二零一二年計劃的目的為激勵或獎賞經 甄選之人士對本集團任何成員公司或本 集團任何成員公司持有任何股權之任何 機構(「所投資機構」)作出貢獻。

參與者其中包括:

- (i) 本集團任何成員公司或任何所投資 機構之任何僱員或準僱員(不論全 職或兼職),包括任何此等公司之 任何執行董事;或
- (ii) 本集團任何成員公司或任何所投資 機構之任何非執行董事(包括獨立 非執行董事);或
- (iii) 本集團任何成員公司或任何所投資 機構之任何諮詢人或顧問或客戶, 或向該等公司或機構提供貨物或服 務之任何供應商;或
- (iv) 本集團任何成員公司或任何所投資 機構之任何股東,或本集團任何成 員公司或任何所投資機構所發行之 任何證券之任何持有人。

除另行獲本公司股東審批外,於本報告書簽發之日,可授出之購股權而可予發行之股份數目上限為137,252,380股,佔本公司之已發行股份數目約7.28%。

The total number of Shares issued and to be issued upon exercise of the options granted and to be granted to each participant (including exercised and outstanding options) in any 12-month period up to the date of grant of options shall not exceed 1% of the Shares in issue at the date of grant (the "Individual Limit"). If any further grant of options to a participant would result in the total number of Shares issued and to be issued upon exercise of all options granted and to be granted to such person (including exercised, cancelled and outstanding options) in the 12-month period up to and including the date of such further grant to be in excess of the Individual Limit, such further grant must be subject to shareholders' approval in general meeting of the Company with such participant and his or her associates abstaining from voting.

An option may be exercised at any time during a period as the Board may determine which shall not be more than 10 years commencing from the date of grant of the option.

Save as determined by the Board and stated in the offer of the relevant options, there is no minimum period for which an option must be held before it can be exercised under the 2012 Scheme.

The acceptance of an offer of granting an option must be made within 28 days from the date on which such offer is made with a non-refundable payment of HK\$1 from the grantee to the Company by way of a consideration for the grant thereof.

The subscription price per Share in respect of any option that may be granted shall be such price as the Board in its absolute discretion shall determine, save that such price will not be less than the highest of:

- the closing price of the Shares as stated in the daily quotations sheet of the Stock Exchange on the date of offer of the option, which must be a business day;
- (ii) the average of the closing prices of the Shares as stated in the Stock Exchange's daily quotations sheets for the 5 business days immediately preceding the date of offer of the option; and
- (iii) the nominal value of the Shares on the date of offer.

購股權可於董事局釐定之期間內隨時行 使,惟該期間不得自授出購股權日期起 計超過十年。

除董事局另有決定及於提議授出有關購 股權時所規定者外,根據二零一二年計 劃,並無設有購股權行使之前必須持有 的最短期限。

承授人須於提議授出購股權之日起計二十八日內,提出接納購股權,並向本公司支付1港元,作為獲授購股權之代價,此款項將不予退回。

可予授出之任何購股權項下之每股股份 之認購價將由董事局全權釐定,惟該認 購價不得低於下列三者之最高者:

- (i) 提議授出購股權當日(必須為營業日)在聯交所每日報價表所列股份之收市價;
- (ii) 緊接提議授出購股權日期前五個營 業日在聯交所每日報價表所列股份 之收市價之平均數;及
- (iii) 於提議授出購股權當日之股份面值。

Report of the Directors 董事局報告書

The 2012 Scheme shall be valid and effective until 31st May, 2022 subject to earlier termination by the Company in general meeting or by the Board. After the expiry of such valid period, no further options will be offered or granted but in all other respects the provisions of the 2012 Scheme shall remain in full force and effect.

DIRECTORS' INTERESTS IN ARRANGEMENTS TO ACQUIRE SHARES OR DEBENTURES

Apart from the 2012 Scheme, at no time during the year nor at the end of the year ended 31st December, 2017 was the Company or any of its subsidiaries a party to any arrangements to enable the Directors of the Company to acquire benefits by means of the acquisition of shares in, or debentures of, the Company or any other body corporate.

DIRECTORS' INTERESTS IN COMPETING BUSINESS

Madam Hsu Feng, Chairman of the Board and Managing Director of the Company, is a director and substantial shareholder of RHL. Mr Albert Tong and Mr Tong Chi Kar Charles, being Vice-Chairmen of the Board and executive Directors of the Company, were deemed to be substantial shareholders of RHL pursuant to the SFO during the year under review. In addition, Mr Albert Tong is a director of RHL.

RHL is engaged in property development and investment in Shanghai of China, in particular, in Zhangjiang Hi-Tech Park, Pudong New Area, through its subsidiaries and associated company. Property development and investment, with particular focus on Pudong New Area in Shanghai, is one of the principal businesses of the Group. The business of RHL in the property sector in Shanghai (the "Excluded Business") therefore may potentially compete with the Group's business.

二零一二年計劃將有效至二零二二年五 月三十一日止,惟若本公司在股東大會 上提早終止或董事局提早終止計劃則除 外。於有效期限屆滿後將不會再行提議 授予或授出購股權,惟二零一二年計劃 之條款在其他各方面將仍全面有效。

董事於購買股份或債權證之 安排之利益

除二零一二年計劃外,於截至二零一七年十二月三十一日止年度內任何時間或年度終結日,本公司或其任何附屬公司概無參與任何安排,致使本公司董事可透過購買本公司或其他任何法人團體之股份或債權證而獲益。

董事在競爭業務中之權益

本公司董事局主席兼董事總經理徐楓女 士為川河之董事及主要股東。於回顧年 度內,根據《證券及期貨條例》,本公司 董事局副主席兼執行董事湯子同先生及 湯子嘉先生被視為川河之主要股東。另 外,湯子同先生為川河之董事。

川河透過其附屬公司及聯營公司於中國 上海市(尤其於浦東新區張江高科技園 區)從事房地產發展及投資事務。本集 團其中一項主要業務為從事物業發展及 投資,並以上海市浦東新區為重點。因 此,川河於上海市之房地產業務(「除外 業務」)或可能與本集團之業務構成潛在 競爭。 In this connection, Madam Hsu, Mr Albert Tong and Mr Tong Chi Kar Charles are/were considered to have interests in a business which may compete or is likely to compete, either directly or indirectly, with the business of the Group, other than that business where the Directors of the Company have been appointed or were appointed as directors to represent the interests of the Company and/or the Group, pursuant to the Listing Rules. Nevertheless, RHL is a listed company in Hong Kong and both the Group's business and the Excluded Business are managed by their respective independent management and administration. Besides, the Board is independent of the board of directors and management of RHL and the independent non-executive Directors of the Company will also be monitoring the operations of the Group. The Group is therefore capable of carrying on its business independently of, and at arm's length from, the Excluded Business.

因此,根據《上市規則》,徐女士、湯子 同先生及湯子嘉先生除因已獲委任為董事以代表本公司及/或或與本集團權益之業務外,被視為於也許成 政武 與本集團之業務直接或間接地構成一家 在香港上市之公司,與本集團之業務中擁有權益。然而本集團之難所管理。再者、本集團是營政架構所管理。再者、本集團是營政架構所管理。再,且之營政之獨立非執行董事將監察本集團之營政,本集團能夠獨立於除外業務。

DIRECTORS' INTERESTS IN TRANSACTIONS, ARRANGEMENTS AND CONTRACTS

No transactions, arrangements or contracts of significance to the business of the Group to which the Company or any of its subsidiaries was a party and in which a Director of the Company or an entity connected with him (within the meaning of Section 486 of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance) had a material interest, whether directly or indirectly, were entered into during the year ended 31st December, 2017 or subsisted at the end of the year or at any time during the year.

MANAGEMENT CONTRACTS

No contracts for the management and administration of the whole or any substantial part of any business of the Group were entered into or subsisted during the year ended 31st December, 2017.

董事於交易、安排及 合約之利益

於截至二零一七年十二月三十一日止年 度內,本公司或其任何附屬公司概無訂 立就本集團之業務而言屬重要之交易、 安排或合約,而本公司董事或任何與其 有關連之實體(按香港《公司條例》第486 條所載的定義)於當中直接或間接地擁 有具相當份量的利益關係,且在年度終 結日或年度內任何時間並無存在該等交 易、安排或合約。

管理合約

在截至二零一七年十二月三十一日止年 度內,概無訂立或存在任何涉及管理和 處理本集團全部或任何重大部份業務之 合約。

EMOLUMENT POLICY

The Company recognizes that employees are one of the Group's valuable assets and the Group is conscious of the importance of a highly-effective staff management and incentive structure. The Group provides competitive remuneration packages and makes regular review to attract and motivate the employees. Remuneration and benefit packages are generally structured by reference to market terms, individual responsibilities, performance and qualifications.

The emoluments of the executive Directors of the Company are determined by the Board on the recommendation of its remuneration committee (the "Committee"). The fees of the independent non-executive Directors of the Company are fixed by the Board under the authorization of the shareholders of the Company and on the recommendation of the Committee. In addition, the Company has adopted the 2012 Scheme pursuant to which it may grant the directors and employees of the Group options to subscribe for Shares as a long-term incentive.

PENSION SCHEMES

The Company participates in a pension scheme, which was registered under the Hong Kong Mandatory Provident Fund Schemes Ordinance (the "MPF Ordinance"), for all its employees in Hong Kong. The scheme is a defined contribution scheme effective from December 2000 and is funded by contributions from employer and employees in accordance with the provisions of the MPF Ordinance. If the employer makes any voluntary contributions for the employees under the scheme, forfeited contributions in this nature can be applied to reduce the amount of future voluntary contributions payable by the employer.

Furthermore, the employees of the Group in the Mainland of China are members of respective state-managed defined contribution retirement benefits schemes operated by the local governments. The employers and the employees are obliged to make contributions at a certain percentage of the payroll under rules of the schemes.

During the year under review, the total amount contributed by the Group to the said schemes and charged to the Consolidated Statement of Profit or Loss amounted to HK\$7,461,000 (2016: HK\$8,168,000) and no contributions were forfeited.

薪酬政策

本公司認同僱員為本集團寶貴資產之一, 且本集團一向著重高效益之僱員管理及 獎勵計劃。本集團提供具競爭力之薪酬 方案並作出定期檢討,以吸引及激勵僱 員。薪酬及福利乃參考市場條款、個別 人士所承擔之職責、表現及資歷而釐定。

本公司執行董事之酬金由董事局參照其轄下之薪酬委員會(「該委員會」)之建議而釐定。本公司獨立非執行董事之董事袍金則由董事局根據本公司股東之授東之受照該委員會之建議而釐定。此外,本公司已採納二零一二年計劃;據此外本公司可授予本集團之董事及僱員購入。 權以認購股份,以作為一項長期激勵措施。

退休金計劃

本公司為其所有於香港之僱員參與了一項於香港《強制性公積金計劃條例》(「《強積金條例》」)下註冊之退休金計劃。該退休金計劃為界定供款計劃,並由二零零年十二月起生效。該計劃乃根據《強積金條例》之條款由僱主及僱員作出任何款。如僱主在該計劃下為僱員作出任何自願性之供款,則此性質之已被沒收之供款可用作抵銷僱主將來應付而未付之自願性供款款額。

此外,本集團在中國內地之僱員均為各 自由地方政府營辦之國家管理界定供款 退休福利計劃之成員。根據此等計劃之 規則,僱主及僱員均有責任按薪金之若 干百分比作出供款。

於回顧年度內,本集團對上述計劃作出之供款及記入綜合損益表之款項總額達7,461,000港元(二零一六年:8,168,000港元),且並無已被沒收之供款。

RELATIONSHIPS WITH SUPPLIERS AND CUSTOMERS

The Group understands that it is important to maintain good relationships with its suppliers and customers to achieve its short-term and long-term goals. To maintain its competitive status, the Group aims at providing quality products and services to its customers.

與供應商及客戶之關係

本集團明白與其供應商及客戶維持良好關係,對達致短期及長期目標十分重要。 為維持競爭力,本集團致力向其客戶提 供優質產品及服務。

SHAREHOLDERS' INTERESTS AND SHORT POSITIONS

As at 31st December, 2017, the following shareholders (other than the Directors of the Company) were interested, directly or indirectly, in 5% or more of the number of issued Shares and underlying shares of the Company and those interests were required to be recorded in the register required to be kept under Section 336 of the SFO:

股東之權益及淡倉

於二零一七年十二月三十一日,下列股東(本公司董事除外)直接或間接地擁有本公司之已發行股份及相關股份數目達5%或以上的權益,而該等權益須遵照《證券及期貨條例》第336條之規定載錄於須予備存之登記冊內:

(I) Substantial Shareholders

(I) 主要股東

Name of shareholders

股東名稱

Number of Shares held (proportion to the number of issued Shares) 所持有股份之數目 (佔已發行股份數目之百分比)

King China Holdings Limited 錦華集團有限公司 *(a)*Rivera (Holdings) Limited ("RHL") 川河集團有限公司 (「川河」) *(b)*222,829,955 (11.81%)
221,500,000 (11.74%)

(II) Other Person

(II) 其他人士

Number of Shares held (proportion to the number of issued Shares) 所持有股份之數目 (佔已發行股份數目之百分比)

Name of shareholder

股東名稱

E-Shares Investments Limited (a)

159,560,331 (8.46%)

Report of the Directors 董事局報告書

Notes:

- (a) King China Holdings Limited and E-Shares Investments Limited were the beneficial owners of these Shares respectively. They were wholly owned by Madam Hsu Feng in her capacity as a beneficial owner. Pursuant to the SFO, their interests in the Shares therefore constituted part of the total interests of Madam Hsu Feng, Mr Albert Tong and Mr Tong Chi Kar Charles in the capital of the Company as disclosed in the above paragraph headed "Directors' Interests and Short Positions in Securities" in this Report.
- (b) Amongst these shares disclosed, 206,525,970 Shares were beneficially held by Shine Trip Limited, which was a wholly-owned subsidiary of Superwell Development Limited in which RHL held its entire equity interest. Therefore, Shine Trip Limited, Superwell Development Limited and RHL were interested or were taken to be interested in these Shares pursuant to the SFO.

Details of the interest taken to be held by RHL under the SFO are set out in Note (D) to the above paragraph headed "Directors' Interests and Short Positions in Securities" in this Report.

Save for the above interests, the Directors of the Company are not aware of any person (other than the Directors of the Company) who had, directly or indirectly, interests or short positions in the number of issued Shares and the underlying shares of the Company and those interests or short positions were required to be recorded in the register kept under Section 336 of the SFO as at 31st December, 2017.

附註:

- (a) 錦華集團有限公司及 E-Shares Investments Limited 分別為該等股份之實益擁有人,而徐楓女士以實益擁有人身份全資擁有錦華集團有限公司及 E-Shares Investments Limited。因此,根據《證券及期貨條例》,該等公司擁有之股份權益構成本報告書內前述標題為「董事之證券權益及淡倉」一節所披露之徐楓女士、湯子同先生及湯子嘉先生所持有之本公司股本中之權益總額之一部份。
- (b) 於該等披露之股份中,206,525,970股股份由瑞展有限公司實益持有。瑞展有限公司為高賢發展有限公司之全資附屬公司,而川河持有後者之全部權益。因此,根據《證券及期貨條例》,瑞展有限公司、高賢發展有限公司及川河擁有或被視為擁有該等股份之權益。

有關川河根據《證券及期貨條例》被視 作持有的權益的詳情,載於本報告書 內前述標題為「董事之證券權益及淡倉」 一節之附註(D)內。

除上文所披露者外,據本公司董事所知, 概無任何本公司董事以外的人士於二零 一七年十二月三十一日直接或間接地擁 有本公司之已發行股份及相關股份數目 中之權益或淡倉,而該等權益或淡倉須 遵照《證券及期貨條例》第336條之規定 載錄於須予備存之登記冊內。

SUFFICIENCY OF PUBLIC FLOAT

Based on information that is publicly available to the Company and within the knowledge of the Directors as at the date of this Report, the Company has maintained a sufficient public float as prescribed by the Listing Rules.

ENVIRONMENTAL POLICIES AND PERFORMANCE

The Group is committed to the long term sustainability of the environment and communities in which it operates. It continually seeks to identify and manage environmental impacts attributable to its operation activities to minimize the impacts if possible. It adheres to the principle of recycling and reduction and implements green office practices such as double-sided printing and copying and reducing energy consumption by switching off idle lightings and electrical appliances.

The Group also seeks to reduce its material consumption and construction wastes in construction works. During the year under review, the Group strived to comply with local regulations for treatment of construction wastes.

COMPLIANCE WITH LAWS AND REGULATIONS

The Group commits itself to comply with the relevant laws and regulations including, inter alia, the Listing Rules, Hong Kong Companies Ordinance and other applicable local laws and regulations in various jurisdictions in which it operates. Furthermore, the Group, acting as a property developer, is subject to environmental protection laws and regulations, including air and noise pollution and discharge of construction wastes and water in the Mainland and the Macau Special Administrative Region of China. To the best knowledge of the Board, the Group has complied with all the relevant laws and regulations that have significant impact on the Group during the year under review.

足夠公眾持股量

本公司根據本報告書簽發之日之公開資料及就各董事所知,本公司已維持《上市規則》規定下之足夠公眾持股量。

環境政策及表現

本集團致力於其經營業務所在環境及社區之長期可持續性。本集團持續辨識及管理其經營活動對環境造成之影響,務求盡可能將影響減至最少。本集團堅守循環再用及減廢之原則,並實施各項綠色辦公室措施,例如:雙面打印及影印並透過關掉閒置的電燈及電器以減少耗能。

本集團並致力減少其於建築過程中的材料消耗及建築廢料。本集團在回顧年度 內努力遵守有關處置建築廢料之當地規 例。

遵守法律及規例

本集團致力遵守相關法律及規例,其中包括《上市規則》、香港《公司條例》及本集團經營業務所在地之不同司法管轄適用之其他當地法律及規例。此外,集團作為物業開發商,須要遵守中國內地及澳門特別行政區的環保法律及規例,包括空氣及噪音污染,以及建築廢料和廢水的排放。據董事局所知,本集團在回顧年度內已遵守對本集團有重大影響之所有有關法律及規例。

Report of the Directors 董事局報告書

AUDITOR

The consolidated financial statements of the Group for the year ended 31st December, 2017 have been audited by the Auditor of the Company, Messrs Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu and there was no change in the Auditor of the Company in the previous three financial years.

They will retire at the conclusion of the 2018 AGM and, being eligible, offer themselves for re-appointment.

On behalf of the Board **Albert Tong** *Vice-Chairman and Executive Director*

Hong Kong, 27th March, 2018

核數師

本集團截至二零一七年十二月三十一日 止年度的綜合財務報表由本公司核數師 一德勤•關黃陳方會計師行審核。本公 司於過往三個財政年度沒有更換核數師。

該會計師行將於二零一八年度股東週年 大會散會時退任,惟合資格並願意應選 連任。

代表董事局 *副主席兼執行董事* **湯子同**

香港,二零一八年三月二十七日

Independent Auditor's Report 獨立核數師報告書

Deloitte

TO THE MEMBERS OF TOMSON GROUP LIMITED

(incorporated in the Cayman Islands with limited liability)

OPINION

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of Tomson Group Limited (the "Company") and its subsidiaries (collectively referred to as "the Group") set out on pages 72 to 185, which comprise the consolidated statement of financial position as at 31st December, 2017, and the consolidated statement of profit or loss, consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, consolidated statement of changes in equity and consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements give a true and fair view of the consolidated financial position of the Group as at 31st December, 2017, and of its consolidated financial performance and its consolidated cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards ("HKFRSs") issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants ("HKICPA") and have been properly prepared in compliance with the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

德勤

致湯臣集團有限公司股東(於開曼群島註冊成立的有限公司)

意見

本核數師(「我們」)已審計列載於第72至第185頁的湯臣集團有限公司(「貴公司」)及其附屬公司(以下統稱「貴集團」)的綜合財務報表,此財務報表包括於二零一七年十二月三十一日的綜合財務狀況表與截至該日止年度的綜合損益表、綜合權益變動表和綜合現金流量表,以及綜合財務報表附注,包括主要會計政策概要。

我們認為,該等綜合財務報表已根據香港會計師公會頒布的《香港財務報告準則》真實而中肯地反映了 貴集團於二零一七年十二月三十一日的綜合財務狀況及截至該日止年度的綜合財務表現及綜合現金流量,並已遵照香港《公司條例》的披露要求妥為擬備。

BASIS FOR OPINION

We conducted our audit in accordance with Hong Kong Standards on Auditing ("HKSAs") issued by the HKICPA. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with the HKICPA's Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (the "Code"), and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

KEY AUDIT MATTERS

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgement, were of most significance in our audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the consolidated financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

Valuation of investment properties

We identified the valuation of investment properties as a key audit matter due to the significance of the assets and involvement of management judgement in determining the fair value.

The fair value of investment properties (which included commercial properties, residential properties and industrial properties in Shanghai of the People's Republic of China ("PRC")) amounted to HK\$8,061,471,000 as at 31st December, 2017, with gain on fair value changes recognised in the consolidated statement of profit or loss of HK\$154,862,000 for the year then ended.

意見的基礎

我們已根據香港會計師公會頒布的《香港審計準則》進行審計。我們在該等準則下承擔的責任已在本報告書「核數師就審計綜合財務報表承擔的責任」部分中作進一步闡述。根據香港會計師公會頒佈的《專業會計師道德守則》(「守則」),我們獨立於貴集團,並已履行守則中的其他專業道德責任。我們相信,我們所獲得的審計憑證能充足及適當地為我們的審計意見提供基礎。

關鍵審計事項

關鍵審計事項是根據我們的專業判斷, 認為對本期綜合財務報表的審計最為重 要的事項。這些事項是在我們審計整體 綜合財務報表及出具意見時進行處理的。 我們不會對這些事項提供單獨的意見。

投資物業估值

我們識別投資物業的估值為關鍵審計事項,因其涉及的資產金額重大和涉及管理層的判斷來釐定其公平值。

於二零一七年十二月三十一日,投資物業(包括位於中華人民共和國(「中國」) 上海市的商用物業、住宅物業及工業物業)的公平值為8,061,471,000港元,在本年度的綜合損益表中確認的公平值變動時產生之收益為154,862,000港元。 As disclosed in Notes 5 and 16 to the consolidated financial statements, in estimating the fair value of these investment properties, the Group engaged a professional independent valuer (the "Valuer") to establish and determine the appropriate valuation technique and inputs to the valuation. The significant unobservable input of the investment approach is reversionary yield, taking into account annual market rental income and unit market value of comparable properties. A slight increase in the reversionary yield would result in a significant decrease in fair value, and vice versa.

How our audit addressed the key audit matter

Our procedures in relation to the valuation of investment properties included:

- Evaluating the competence, capabilities and objectivity of the Valuer;
- Obtaining an understanding of the valuation process and significant assumptions and critical judgement areas from the management to assess if the investment approach meet the relevant accounting requirements and industry norms;
- Evaluating the appropriateness of the estimations used, in particular, the underlying assumptions and methodologies, based on our knowledge of the properties market of the relevant locations; and
- Assessing the reasonableness of the key inputs used by the Valuer in the valuation model, including the reversionary yield, market unit rent of individual unit and adjustment factors for location and other individual factors such as road frontage, size of property and facilities against current market data and entity specific information on a sample basis.

Valuation of properties under development and properties held for sale

We identified the valuation of properties under development ("PUD") and properties held for sale ("PFS") as a key audit matter due to the significance of the assets and significant judgements involved in the estimating their net realisable value and the future costs to complete the PUD.

於綜合財務報表附註5及16中披露,在估計投資物業的公平值時, 貴集團聘請獨立專業估值師(「估值師」)以設立及釐定合適估值技術及估值之輸入數據。投資方式的重大非可觀察輸入數據為復歸收益率,經計入單位市場年度租金收入及可作比較物業的單位市值。復歸收益率輕微上升將導致公平值大幅下跌,反之亦然。

我們在審計中如何處理關鍵審計事項

我們就投資物業估值執行的程序包括:

- 評估估值師的資歷、能力及客觀性;
- 從管理層取得對估值過程、重大 假設及重要判斷的了解,以評估 投資方式是否符合相關會計規定 及行業規範;
- 根據我們對相關地點的房地產市場的知識,評估所用之估算的適當性,特別是相關假設及方法;及
- 評估估值師在估值模型中所採用 之關鍵輸入數據的合理性,包括 復歸收益率、個別單位的市場單 位租金及所在地的調整因素及其 他個別因素(如臨街道路、物業大 小及設施規模),並抽樣與市場數 據及實體特定資料進行比較。

發展中物業及待售物業估值

我們識別發展中物業和待售物業估值為 關鍵審計事項,因其涉及的資產金額重 大和涉及重大判斷來估算其可變現淨值 及完成發展中物業之未來竣工成本。

Independent Auditor's Report 獨立核數師報告書

The Group had PUD and PFS amounted to HK\$3,554,039,000 and HK\$2,278,099,000 respectively as at 31st December, 2017, of which are situated in Shanghai and Macau.

As disclosed in Note 5 to the consolidated financial statements, the net realisable values of the PUD and the PFS are determined by reference to the estimated future selling prices. The future selling prices are estimated by reference to the recent selling prices of similar properties in the same project or relevant locations. In addition, the management estimated the future costs to complete the PUD by reference to the actual development cost of the Group's other completed projects, adjusted by certain current market data.

How our audit addressed the key audit matter

Our procedures in relation to the valuation of PUD and PFS include:

- Evaluating the reasonableness of the estimated future costs to completion of the PUD, on a sample basis, by comparing them to contracts with subcontractors, actual development cost of similar properties of the Group and comparing the adjustments made by the management to current market data;
- Assessing the appropriateness of the estimated future selling prices of the PUD and the PFS, on a sample basis, by comparing them to recent transaction prices of similar properties in the same project or relevant locations, based on our knowledge of the property markets of the relevant locations; and
- Comparing the estimated future selling price of the PFS, on a sample basis, to the actual selling price of properties sold subsequent to the end of the reporting period to evaluate the reasonable of management's estimation.

Provision for land appreciation tax

We identified the provision for land appreciation tax ("LAT") calculations as a key audit matter since significant judgement is required in estimating the amount of LAT to be paid by the Group within each of the property development projects.

於二零一七年十二月三十一日, 貴集團位於上海市及澳門的發展中物業和待售物業金額分別為3,554,039,000港元及2,278,099,000港元。

於綜合財務報表附註5上披露,發展中物業及待售物業之可變現淨值乃經根據日後售價之估計來釐定。日後售價乃經參考同一項目或相關地點之類似物業之目前售價後作出估計。此外,管理層參考 貴集團其他已竣工項目之實際發展成本估計完成發展中物業之未來竣工成本,並按若干目前市場數據作出調整。

我們在審計中如何處理關鍵審計事項

我們就發展中物業及待售物業估值執行 的程序包括:

- 評估完成發展中物業之未來竣工 成本所用之估算的合理性,並抽 樣與分包合同、貴集團物業其他 已竣工項目之實際發展成本及按 目前市場數據作出調整與市場數 據進行比較;
- 評估對發展中物業和待售物業的 日後售價之估計的適當性,並抽 樣與同一項目或相關地點之類似 物業之目前售價,及根據我們對 相關地點的房地產市場的知識進 行比較;及
- 抽樣將待售物業的日後售價,與 報告期末後發生的出售物業的實際售價進行比較,以評估管理層 估計的合理性。

土地增值税撥備

我們識別土地增值税撥備為關鍵審計事項,因其涉及重大判斷來估計 貴集團 在每一個物業發展項目中需要付的土地 增值税。 The Group is subject to LAT in the Mainland of the PRC. As disclosed in Note 13 to the consolidated financial statements, the provision for LAT of HK\$391,454,000 was recognised in the consolidated statement of profit or loss for the year ended 31st December, 2017. The Group had LAT payable amounted to HK\$4,551,373,000 as at 31st December, 2017.

LAT has been provided at ranges of progressive rates of the appreciation value, with certain allowable deductions including land costs, borrowing costs and the relevant property development expenditures, which are the key inputs in the calculation of the LAT based on management's best estimates.

How our audit addressed the key audit matter

Our procedures in relation to the provision for LAT included:

- Obtaining an understanding from the management of the Group about the basis adopted in arriving at the provision for LAT;
- Assessing the Group's provision for LAT computation prepared by the management of the Group with reference to relevant rules and regulations with the assistance of our tax specialists in the PRC; and
- Checking the financial information, including land costs, borrowing costs and relevant development expenditures, used in the calculation of provision for LAT to the Group's historical financial data.

OTHER INFORMATION

The directors of the Company are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the annual report, but does not include the consolidated financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the consolidated financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the consolidated financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the consolidated financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

貴集團須繳納中國內地之土地增值税。 於綜合財務報表附註13上披露,截至二 零一七年十二月三十一日止年度的綜合 損益表中確認的土地增值税撥備為 391,454,000港元。於二零一七年十二月 三十一日, 貴集團的應付土地增值税 金額為4,551,373,000港元。

於計及根據管理層之最佳估計為計算土 地增值税之關鍵輸入數據之若干獲准扣 減項目(包括土地成本、借貸成本及相 關物業發展開支)後,已就增值部分按 多個遞增税率作出土地增值税撥備。

我們在審計中如何處理關鍵審計事項

我們就土地增值税撥備執行的程序包括:

- 從 貴集團管理層取得計算土地 增值稅撥備時所採納的依據;
- 参考相關的條例及規則及在我們於中國之稅務部門專家的協助下, 評估 貴集團對土地增值稅撥備的計算;及
- 檢查計算土地增值稅撥備中所採用的財務信息,包括土地成本、借款成本和相關開發支出,與 貴集團的歷史財務數據進行比較。

其他信息

貴公司董事需對其他信息負責。其他信息包括刊載於年報內的資料,但不包括 綜合財務報表及我們的核數師報告書。

我們對綜合財務報表的意見並不涵蓋其 他信息,我們亦不對該等其他信息發表 任何形式的鑑證結論。

結合我們對綜合財務報表的審計,我們的責任是閱讀其他信息,在此過程中們,考慮其他信息是否與財務報表或我們不審計過程中所瞭解的情況存在重大抵觸或者似乎存在重大錯誤陳述的情況。基於我們已執行的工作,如果我們認為其他信息存在重大錯誤陳述,我們需要報告該事實。在這方面,我們沒有任何報告。

RESPONSIBILITIES OF DIRECTORS AND THOSE CHARGED WITH GOVERNANCE FOR THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation of the consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with HKFRSs issued by the HKICPA and the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Group's financial reporting process.

AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE AUDIT OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion solely to you, as a body, in accordance with our agreed terms of engagement, and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility towards or accept liability to any other person for the contents of this report. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with HKSAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with HKSAs, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

董事及管理層就綜合財務 報表須承擔的責任

貴公司董事須負責根據香港會計師公會 頒布的《香港財務報告準則》及香港《公 司條例》的披露要求擬備真實而中肯的 綜合財務報表,並對其認為為使綜合財 務報表的擬備不存在由於欺詐或錯誤而 導致的重大錯誤陳述所需的內部監控負 青。

在擬備綜合財務報表時,董事負責評估 貴集團持續經營的能力,並在適用情況 下披露與持續經營有關的事項,以及使 用持續經營為會計基礎,除非董事有意 將 貴集團清盤或停止經營,或別無其 他實際的替代方案。

管理層須負責監督 貴集團的財務報告 過程。

核數師就審計綜合財務報表 承擔的責任

在根據《香港審計準則》進行審計的過程 中,我們運用了專業判斷,保持了專業 懷疑態度。我們亦:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the directors.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Group to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

- 識別和評估由於欺詐或錯誤而導致 綜合財務報表存在重大錯誤陳述的 風險,設計及執行審計程式以應對 這些風險,以及獲取充足和適當的 審計憑證,作為我們意見的基礎。 由於欺詐可能涉及串謀、偽造內 直遺漏、虛假陳述,或淩駕於內 監控之上,因此未能發現因欺詐而 導致的重大錯誤而導致的重大錯誤陳述的風險。
- 瞭解與審計相關的內部監控,以設計適當的審計程序,但目的並非對 貴集團內部監控的有效性發表意見。
- 評價董事所採用會計政策的恰當性 及作出會計估計和相關披露的合理 性。
- 對董事採用持續經營會計基礎的恰當性作出結論。根據所獲取可或情報與不在定性,從能是不確定性,從能是不確定性,從能是不確定性,從能力力,對人類。
 對人數學人類。
 對人數學人類。
 對人數學人類。
 一提請使用者注意結為數報處。
 一提請使用者注意結為數報處。
 一提請使用者注意結為數報處。
 中提請使用者注意結為數報處。
 中提請使用者注意結為數報處。
 中提請使用者注意結為數報處。
 中提請使用者注意結為數報處。
 中提請使用者注意結為數報處。
 中提請使用者注意結為數報處。
 中提請使用者注意結為數報處。
 中提請使用者注意結為數報處。
 是其於核數部無限的。
 是其於核數部而集別。
 未來事項或情況可能導致。
 未來事項或情況可能導致。
 未來事項或情況可能導致。
 未來事項或情況可能導致。
- 評價綜合財務報表的整體列報方式、結構和內容,包括披露,以及綜合財務報表是否中肯反映交易和事項。
- 就 貴集團內實體或業務活動的財務資訊獲取充足、適當的審計憑證,以對綜合財務報表發表意見。
 我們負責 貴集團審計的方向、監督和執行。我們為審計意見承擔全部責任。

Independent Auditor's Report 獨立核數師報告書

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

The engagement partner on the audit resulting in the independent auditor's report is Sze On Tat.

Deloitte Touche TohmatsuCertified Public Accountants

Hong Kong 27th March, 2018 除其他事項外,我們與管理層溝通了計劃的審計範圍、時間安排、重大審計發現等,包括我們在審計中識別出內部監控的任何重大缺陷。

我們還向管理層提交聲明,說明我們已符合有關獨立性的相關專業道德要求,並與他們溝通有可能合理地被認為會影響我們獨立性的所有關係和其他事項,以及在適用的情況下,相關的防範措施。

從與管理層溝通的事項中,我們確定哪些事項對本期綜合財務報表的審計最為重要,因而構成關鍵審計事項。我們在核數師報告書中描述這些事項,除非法律法規不允許公開披露這些事項,除非法極端罕見的情況下,如果合理預期在我們報告書中溝通某事項造成的負面後果超過產生的公眾利益,我們決定不應在報告書中溝通該事項。

出具本獨立核數師報告書的審計項目合 夥人是施安達。

德勤 • 關黃陳方會計師行 執業會計師

香港 二零一八年三月二十七日

Consolidated Statement of Profit or Loss 綜合損益表

For the year ended 31st December, 2017 截至二零一七年十二月三十一日止年度

| | | Notes 附註 | 2017 二零一七年 HK\$'000 千港元 | 2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000 千港元 |
|---|--|--------------------------------|--|---|
| Gross proceeds from operations | 經營收益總額 | 6 & 7 | 2,167,464 | 4,174,196 |
| Revenue Cost of sales | 收入 銷售成本 | 6 | 2,107,365 (736,301) | 4,107,056 (2,206,926) |
| Gross profit | 毛利 | | 1,371,064 | 1,900,130 |
| Net gain in investments held for trading Other income Other gains and losses Selling expenses Administrative expenses Gain on fair value changes of investment properties Gain on disposal of a joint venture Gain on disposal of subsidiaries Finance costs | 待售投資收益淨額 其他收益及虧損 銷售費用 行政物業公平值變動 時產生之收益 出售一家企業 之收益 出售附屬公司之收益 融資費用 | 8 9 16 24 10 11 | 10,461 162,461 30,483 (185,248) (144,022) 154,862 523,713 551,435 (86,180) | 8,942 78,628 (4,393) (352,921) (198,784) 554,534 |
| Share of results of associates Share of results of joint ventures | 應佔聯營公司之業績 應佔合資企業之業績 | | 2,389,029 (888) 12,364 | 1,753,596 (1,202) 7,257 |
| Profit before taxation | 除税前溢利 | 12 | 2,400,505 | 1,759,651 |
| Taxation | 税項 | 13 | (1,055,840) | (751,984) |
| Profit for the year | 年度溢利 | | 1,344,665 | 1,007,667 |
| Profit for the year attributable to: | 應佔年度溢利如下: | | | |
| Owners of the Company Non-controlling interests | 本公司權益持有人 非控股股東權益 | | 1,255,486 89,179 | 876,256 131,411 |
| | | | 1,344,665 | 1,007,667 |
| Earnings per share (HK cents) – Basic | 每股盈利(港仙) 一基本 | 15 | 69.44 | 52.87 |

Consolidated Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income 綜合損益及其他全面收益表

For the year ended 31st December, 2017 截至二零一七年十二月三十一日止年度

| | | 2017 二零一七年 HK\$'000 千港元 | 2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000 千港元 |
|--|--|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| Profit for the year | 年度溢利 | 1,344,665 | 1,007,667 |
| Other comprehensive income (expense) | 其他全面收益(開支) | | |
| Items that may be subsequently reclassified to profit or loss: | 其後可重新分類至 損益表之項目: | | |
| Exchange difference arising from translation of: - subsidiaries - joint ventures - associates | 換算時產生之匯兑差額: -附屬公司 -合資企業 -聯營公司 | 803,150 13,600 766 | (675,048) (66,721) (369) |
| Gain on fair value changes of available-for-sale investments | 可供出售投資公平值 變動時產生之收益 | 5,113 | 34,517 |
| Reclassification adjustments from foreign currencies translation reserves: – release upon disposal of a joint venture | 外幣兑換儲備重新 歸類調整: 一於出售一家合資 企業時解除 | 33,528 | - |
| release upon liquidation of a subsidiaryrelease upon disposal of subsidiaries | 一於清算一家附屬 公司時解除 一於出售附屬公司 時解除 | (8,618) (46,489) | - |
| Other comprehensive income (expense) for the year | 年度其他全面收益 (開支) | 801,050 | (707,621) |
| Total comprehensive income for the year | 年度全面收益總額 | 2,145,715 | 300,046 |
| Total comprehensive income attributable to: | 應佔全面收益總額如下: | | |
| Owners of the Company Non-controlling interests | 本公司權益持有人 非控股股東權益 | 2,025,314 120,401 | 224,115 75,931 |
| | | 2,145,715 | 300,046 |

Consolidated Statement of Financial Position 綜合財務狀況表

At 31st December, 2017 於二零一七年十二月三十一日

| | | Notes 附註 | 2017 二零一七年 HK\$'000 千港元 | 2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000 千港元 |
|--|--------------------|-------------|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| | | | | |
| Non-Current Assets | 非流動資產 | | | |
| Fixed assets | 固定資產 | | | |
| Investment properties | 一投資物業 | 16 | 8,061,471 | 7,339,691 |
| - Property, plant and equipment | -物業、廠房及設備 | 17 | 226,184 | 203,893 |
| Lease premium for land | 土地租賃費用 | 18 | 30,410 | 33,368 |
| Film distribution rights | 影片發行權 | 19 | 4,942 | 4,942 |
| Goodwill Deferred tax assets | 商譽 | 22 | 33,288 | 33,288 |
| Interests in associates | 遞延税項資產 於聯營公司之權益 | 31 23 | 281,729 | 364,538 |
| | 於一家合資企業之權益 | 23 24 | 12,608 188,973 | 12,723 175,542 |
| Interest in a joint venture Available-for-sale investments | 可供出售投資 | 25 | 189,228 | 184,115 |
| Pledged bank deposits | 抵押銀行存款 | 39 | 941,848 | 163,960 |
| riedged bank deposits | 1871 78 11 11 490 | 37 | 711,010 | 103,700 |
| | | | 9,970,681 | 8,516,060 |
| | | | .,, | |
| Current Assets | 流動資產 | | | |
| Lease premium for land | 土地租賃費用 | 18 | 6,134 | 5,566 |
| Properties under development | 發展中物業 | 20 | 3,554,039 | 3,203,593 |
| Deposits paid for land use rights | 土地使用權之已付訂金 | 21 | 396,063 | 368,006 |
| Properties held for sale | 待售物業 | | 2,278,099 | 5,471,908 |
| Trade and other receivables and | 應收貿易賬款、其他 | | | |
| prepayments | 應收賬款及預付款項 | 27(a) | 1,841,016 | 613,081 |
| Investments held for trading | 待售投資 | 26 | _ | 49,638 |
| Inventories | 存貨 | 27(b) | 5,047 | 5,135 |
| Prepaid tax | 預付税項 | | _ | 32,937 |
| Restricted bank balance | 受限制銀行結餘 | 24 | _ | 654,519 |
| Pledged bank deposits | 抵押銀行存款 | 39 | 41,450 | 111,557 |
| Cash and bank balances | 現金及銀行結餘 | 27(d) | 3,692,955 | 2,881,962 |
| | | | 11,814,803 | 13,397,902 |
| Interest in a joint venture held for sale | 待售一家合資企業權益 | 24 | 11,014,005 | 777,783 |
| interest in a joint venture neid for saic | NI WIATARE | 2.1 | | 777,703 |
| | | | 11,814,803 | 14,175,685 |
| | | | | |
| Current Liabilities | 流動負債 | | | |
| Trade and other payables | 應付貿易賬款、其他 | | | |
| and accruals | 應付賬款及預提費用 | 27(c) | 817,220 | 1,304,631 |
| Receipts in advance | 預收款項 | | 220,946 | 1,735,196 |
| Taxation | 税項 | | 4,851,723 | 4,119,944 |
| Borrowings | 借款 | 30 | 451,435 | 182,274 |
| Amount due to a joint venture | 應付一家合資企業款項 | 24 | | 55,779 |
| | | | 6,341,324 | 7,397,824 |
| | | | 0,341,324 | /,3//,024 |
| Net Current Assets | 流動資產淨值 | | 5,473,479 | 6,777,861 |
| THE CHIEFIT MODELS | 加州只住证旧 | | 2,1/2,1/2 | 5,7 / ,001 |
| Tatal Asset I Committee I to the | 缩次多试达乱名压 | | 15 444 160 | 15 202 021 |
| Total Assets Less Current Liabilities | 總資產減流動負債 | | 15,444,160 | 15,293,921 |

Consolidated Statement of Financial Position 綜合財務狀況表

At 31st December, 2017 於二零一七年十二月三十一日

| | | Notes | 2017 二零一七年 HK\$'000 | 2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000 |
|-------------------------------|----------|-------|---------------------------|---------------------------|
| | | 附註 | 千港元 | 千港元 |
| Capital and Reserves | 資本及儲備 | | | |
| Share capital | 股本 | 28 | 942,792 | 857,530 |
| Share premium and reserves | 股份溢價及儲備 | | 12,281,336 | 10,541,522 |
| | | | | |
| Equity attributable to owners | 本公司權益持有人 | | | |
| of the Company | 應佔權益 | | 13,224,128 | 11,399,052 |
| Non-controlling interests | 非控股股東權益 | | 296,461 | 993,146 |
| | | | | |
| Total Equity | 總權益 | | 13,520,589 | 12,392,198 |
| | | | | |
| Non-Current Liabilities | 非流動負債 | | | |
| Borrowings | 借款 | 30 | 345,780 | 1,607,876 |
| Deferred tax liabilities | 遞延税項負債 | 31 | 1,577,791 | 1,293,847 |
| | | | | |
| | | | 1,923,571 | 2,901,723 |
| | | | | |
| | | | 15,444,160 | 15,293,921 |

The consolidated financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the Board of Directors on 27th March, 2018 and are signed on its behalf by:

綜合財務報表已於二零一八年三月 二十七日經由董事局批准並授權刊發, 並由下列董事代表簽署:

Hsu Feng 徐 楓 Chairman 主席 Albert Tong 湯子同 Vice-chairman 副主席

Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity 綜合權益變動表

For the year ended 31st December, 2017 截至二零一七年十二月三十一日止年度

Attributable to owners of the Company 本公司權益持有人應佔

| | | | | | | | 本公司權益持有人應佔 | 持有人應佔 | Î | | | | | | |
|--|---|-----------------|----------------------|-----------------|---------------------|---------------------------|---------------------|-----------------|----------------------|------------------------|-----------------|----------------------|--|----------------------|--------------------|
| | | | | | | Foreign | - | | ú | | | | Total | Ž | |
| | | Share | Share | Special | Capital | currencies translation | expansion | Investment | statutory surplus | Reserve on Revaluation | Revaluation | Retained | capital | roon- controlling | Total |
| | | capital | premium | reserves (a) | reserve (b) 答木矒回 | reserves 外憋台摘 | reserve (c) 令業務開 | reserve | | acquisition (e) | reserve | earnings (f) | reserves 答木及 | interests 非炫器 | equity |
| | | 股本 | 股份溢價 | 特別儲備(a) | 員 个獨 巨 儲 備(b) | 開業 | 正未改成 儲備(c) | 投資儲備 | | 收購儲備(e) | | 保留溢利(f) | は は は は に の に の に の に の に の に の に の に の | 股東權益 | 總權 拉 |
| | | HK\$'000 千港元 | HK\$,000 千港元 | HK\$'000 千港元 | HK\$'000 千港元 | HK\$'000 千港元 | HK\$'000 千港元 | HK\$,000 千港元 | HK\$,000 千港元 | HK\$'000 千港元 | HK\$,000 千港元 | HK\$,000 千港元 | HK\$,000 千港元 | HK\$'000 千港元 | HK\$'000 千港元 |
| Balance at 1st January, 2016 | 於二零一六年一月一日 之結餘 | 794,333 | 2,193,168 | 296,276 | 16,608 | 1,317,916 | 44,865 | 52,669 | 288,665 | (49,668) | 27,387 | 6,286,908 11,269,127 | 11,269,127 | 917,215 | 917,215 12,186,342 |
| Exchange difference arising | 換算時產生之匯兑差額: | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| from translation of: – subsidiaries | 一附屬公司 | I | I | I | I | (619,568) | I | I | I | I | I | I | (895,68) | (55,480) | (675,048) |
| joint venturesassociates | — 4 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 1 1 | 1 1 | 1 1 | 1 1 | (66,721) | 1 1 | 1 1 | 1 1 | 1 1 | 1 1 | 1 1 | (66,721) | 1 1 | (66,721) |
| Gain on fair value changes of | 可供出售投資公平值樂劃時產生之收益 | I | I | I | I |) } | I | 34,517 | I | ı | I | I | 34,517 | I | 34.517 |
| Profit for the year | 女どこ エート マヨー年度 溢利 | I | ı | ı | ı | 1 | ı | 1 | ı | ı | 1 | 876,256 | 876,256 | 131,411 | 1,007,667 |
| Total comprehensive (expense) income for the year | | I | I | I | I | (886,658) | I | 34,517 | I | I | I | 876,256 | 224,115 | 75,931 | 300,046 |
| I ransferred from retained earnings to statutory surplus reserve | | I | ı | ı | ı | ı | ı | I | 20,416 | I | I | (20,416) | 1 | ı | 1 |
| I ransferred from reserve on acquisition to retained earnings | 收購備備轉級王 保留溢利 51450円公司書 | I | ı | 1 | ı | ı | ı | I | I | 49,668 | I | (49,668) | I | 1 | ı |
| Issue ot shares under scrip dividend scheme Dividend paid for 2015 | 收據以股代局計劃 發行股份 派付二零一五年度股息 | 63,197 | 176,233 (333,620) | 1 1 | 1 1 | 1 1 | 1 1 | 1 1 | 1 1 | 1 1 | 1 1 | 1 1 | 239,430 (333,620) | 1 1 | 239,430 (333,620) |
| Balance at 31st December, 2016 | 於二零一六年十二月 三十一日之結餘 | 857,530 | 857,530 2,035,781 | 296,276 | 16,608 | 631,258 | 44,865 | 87,186 | 309,081 | 1 | 27,387 | 7,093,080 11,399,052 | 11,399,052 | 993,146 12,392,198 | 12,392,198 |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |

Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity

綜合權益變動表

For the year ended 31st December, 2017 截至二零一七年十二月三十一日止年度

Attributable to owners of the Company 本公司權益特有人應佔

| | | | | | | | 本公司權益 | 本公司權益持有人應佔 | | | | | | | |
|---|---|-----------------------|-------------------------|----------------------------|---|-------------------------------|----------------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------------------|--|-------------------------|----------------------------|---|----------------------------------|-----------------------|
| | | | | | Capital | Foreign currencies | Enterprises | | Statutory | | | | Total capital | Non- | |
| | | Share capital | Share premium | Special reserves (a) | redemption reserve (b) 终末瞄画 | translation reserves | expansion reserve (c) | Investment reserve | surplus reserve (d) a | Reserve on Revaluation acquisition (e) reserve | Revaluation reserve | Retained earnings (f) | and reserves | controlling interests 出故即 | Total equity |
| | | 股本 HK\$'000 千港元 | 股份溢價 HK\$'000 千港元 | 特別儲備(a) HK\$'000 千港元 | 耳 本 頃 目 儲 備 (b) HK\$'000 千 港 元 | が帯光球 儲備 HK\$'000 千港元 | 此来發版 儲備(c) HK\$'000 千港元 | 投資儲備 HK\$'000 千港元 | スた 音楽 (講像(d) HK\$' 000 千港元 | 收購儲備(e) HK\$'000 千港元 | 重估儲備 HK\$'000 千港元 | 保留溢利(f) HK\$'000 千港元 | 耳 4 X X B K K S 1 X 1 X 1 X 1 X 1 X 1 X 1 X 1 X 1 X 1 | 7. 按 股東權益 HK\$' 000 千港元 | 總權 HK\$'000 千港元 |
| Balance at 31st December 2016 | 於二零一六年十二月 三十一日之結餘 | 857,530 | 2,035,781 | 296,276 | 16,608 | 631,258 | 44,865 | 87,186 | 309,081 | 1 | 27,387 | 7,093,080 | 11,399,052 | 993,146 | 12,392,198 |
| Exchange difference arising from | 換算時產生之匯兑差額: | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| transiation or: – subsidiaries | 一附屬公司 | ı | ı | ı | ı | 771,928 | ı | I | I | I | 1 | 1 | 771,928 | 31,222 | 803,150 |
| a joint venture associates | ——家合資企業 — 聯魯小司 | 1 1 | 1 1 | 1 1 | 1 1 | 13,600 | 1 1 | 1 1 | 1 1 | 1 1 | 1 1 | 1 1 | 13,600 | 1 1 | 13,600 |
| value changes of -sale investments on adjustments from encies transaction | 可供出售投资公平值變動時產生之收益外幣兑換儲備重新歸賴調整 | I | I | I | I | l I | I | 5,113 | I | I | I | ı | 5,113 | ı | 5,113 |
| reserve - release upon disposal of a joint venture | 一於出售一家合資企業 時解除 - 以注解 1. 以注解 1. 以注解 1. 以注解 1. 以注解 1. 以注解 1. 以 1. | 1 | 1 | I | 1 | 33,528 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | I | l | 33,528 | 1 | 33,528 |
| - release upon nquidanon or a subsidiary | 一次角井 《四周公司 時解除 女士年四國公司駐 | 1 | 1 | ı | 1 | (8,618) | I | I | 1 | I | l | I | (8,618) | 1 | (8,618) |
| – release upon disposal of subsidiaries Profit for the year | 一灰山岩附屬公司時 解除 年度溢利 | 1 1 | 1 1 | 1 1 | 1 1 | (46,489) | 1 1 | 1 1 | 1 1 | 1 1 | 1 1 | 1,255,486 | (46,489) 1,255,486 | 89,179 | (46,489) |
| Total comprehensive income for the year | 年度全面收益總額 以中央 中央 中 | 1 | ı | I | 1 | 764,715 | I | 5,113 | 1 | ı | I | 1,255,486 | 2,025,314 | 120,401 | 2,145,715 |
| Kelease upon Iiquidation of a subsidiary Release upon disposal of | 於有异一多四獨公司 時解除 於出售附屬公司時解除 | I | I | I | I | I | (161) | I | (156) | I | I | I | (317) | (12,122) | (12,439) |
| subsidiaries | 大田 1777 1777 1777 1777 1777 1777 1777 17 | ı | I | ı | I | ı | I | ı | (15,509) | ı | 1 | ı | (15,509) | (728,464) | (743,973) |
| illon. | で縁な妖人が II 型 一 | 85,262 | 467,802 | I | I | I | I | I | 1 | I | I | I | 553,064 | I | 553,064 |
| | 5.开立众从不庸正 派發股息 派付二零一六年度股息 | 1 1 | (737,476) | 1 1 | 1 1 | 1 1 | 1 1 | 1 1 | 1 1 | 1 1 | 1 1 | 1 1 | (737,476) | (76,500) | (737,476) |
| Balance at 31st December, 2017 | 於二零一七年十二月 三十一日之結餘 | 942,792 | 1,766,107 | 296,276 | 16,608 | 1,395,973 | 44,704 | 92,299 | 293,416 | 1 | 27,387 | 8,348,566 | 8,348,566 13,224,128 | 296,461 | 13,520,589 |

Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity 綜合權益變動表

For the year ended 31st December, 2017 截至二零一七年十二月三十一日止年度

Notes:

- (a) The special reserves of the Group arose from the difference between the aggregate amount of the then share capital and share premium account of Tomson Investment Limited, the former holding company of the Group, and the nominal amount of the Company's shares issued pursuant to a scheme of arrangement in 1989.
- (b) Capital redemption reserve arose from repurchase of shares. The amounts represent the nominal amount of the shares repurchased.
- (c) The enterprises expansion reserve is an appropriation from retained earnings in relation to tax concession granted by the relevant government authorities. This reserve is distributable only for the future development or expansion of that company where concession is granted.
- (d) The statutory surplus reserve ("SSR") is an appropriation from retained earnings by subsidiaries of the Company in the Mainland of the People's Republic of China ("Mainland China"). In accordance with the Company Law of the Mainland China, the Mainland China subsidiaries of the Company are required to allocate 10% of their profit after tax to the SSR until such reserve reaches 50% of the registered capital of that subsidiary. The SSR may be converted to increase capital subject to certain restrictions set out in the Company Law of the Mainland China.
- (e) Reserve on acquisition arose on acquisition of additional interests in a subsidiary, being the excess of the fair value over the carrying value of the identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities attributable to the additional interests of the subsidiary acquired on the date of acquisition. Such reserve had been transferred to retained earnings in the prior year.
- (f) Of the retained earnings of HK\$8,348,566,000 (2016: HK\$7,093,080,000), retained earnings of HK\$19,562,000 (2016: accumulated losses of HK\$4,727,000) and accumulated losses HK\$7,199,000 (2016: HK\$6,311,000) are attributable to joint ventures and associates of the Group respectively.

附註:

- (a) 本集團之特別儲備為本集團先前之控股公司湯臣投資有限公司之當時股本及股份溢價 賬總額與本公司於一九八九年根據一項協議計劃發行股份之面值之差額。
- (b) 資本贖回儲備源自回購股份。該金額 為購回的股份票面價值金額。
- (c) 企業發展儲備乃由有關政府機構給予 税務優惠而撥自保留溢利。此儲備之 分派只可用於獲税務優惠之公司作日 後發展或擴展之用。
- (d) 法定盈餘儲備是本公司的中華人民共和國內地(「中國內地」)附屬公司從保留溢利提撥的款項。根據中國內地公司法,本公司的中國內地附屬公司須分配除稅後溢利的10%至法定盈餘儲備,直至該儲備金額達到該附屬公司的註冊資本的50%。法定盈餘儲備可轉換,以提高資本金額,惟須遵照中國內地公司法所載的若干限制。
- (e) 於購入附屬公司之額外權益時產生之 收購儲備乃由於公平值高於收購之附 屬公司在收購日之額外權益之可識別 資產、負債及或然負債之賬面值。有關 儲備已轉撥至過往年度之保留溢利。
- (f) 於保留溢利8,348,566,000港元 (二零 一六年:7,093,080,000港元)中,本集 團應佔合資企業保留溢利及應佔聯營 公司累計虧損分別為19,562,000港元 (二 零一六年:累計虧損4,727,000港元)及 7,199,000港元 (二零一六年:6,311,000 港元)。

Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows

綜合現金流量表

For the year ended 31st December, 2017 截至二零一七年十二月三十一日止年度

| | | 2017 | 2016 |
|---|-----------------------------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| | | 二零一七年 | 二零一六年 |
| | | HK\$'000 千港元 | HK\$'000 千港元 |
| | | 1 12/2 | 1 12/0 |
| OPERATING ACTIVITIES | 經營業務 | | |
| Profit before taxation | 除税前溢利 | 2,400,505 | 1,759,651 |
| | 73. 22.133 | _,, | ,,, |
| Adjustments for: | 經以下調整: | | |
| Share of results of associates | 應佔聯營公司之業績 | 888 | 1,202 |
| Share of results of joint ventures | 應佔合資企業之業績 | (12,364) | (7,257) |
| Gain on liquidation of a subsidiary | 清算一家附屬公司之收益 | (8,783) | _ |
| Gain on disposal of a joint venture | 出售一家合資企業之收益 | (523,713) | _ |
| Gain on disposal of subsidiaries | 出售附屬公司之收益 | (551,435) | _ |
| Interest expenses | 利息開支 | 86,180 | 232,540 |
| Depreciation of property, plant and equipment | 物業、廠房及設備折舊 | 19,769 | 18,579 |
| Amortisation of lease premium for land | 土地租賃費用攤銷 | 6,134 | 5,599 |
| Impairment of film distribution rights | 影片發行權減值 呆壞賬(收回)撥備淨額 | _ | 549 |
| (Recovery) allowance for bad and doubtful debts, net | 不依照(収回) 股間伊朗 | (1,979) | 1,359 |
| Net (gain) loss on disposal/write off of property, | 出售/撇銷物業、廠房及 | (1,9/9) | 1,377 |
| plant and equipment | 設備之(收益)虧損淨額 | (9) | 471 |
| Gain on fair value changes of investment | 投資物業公平值變動時 | ()) | 1, 1 |
| properties | 產生之收益 | (154,862) | (554,534) |
| Unrealised loss on fair value changes of | 待售投資公平值變動時 | (=2 =,0 ==) | (, , , , , , |
| investments held for trading | 產生之未變現虧損 | _ | 2,234 |
| Interest income | 利息收入 | (53,183) | (31,462) |
| Dividends from available-for-sale investments | 可供出售投資之股息收入 | (86,498) | (30,695) |
| | | | |
| Operating cash flows before movements | 營運資金變動前之 | | |
| in working capital | 經營現金流 | 1,120,650 | 1,398,236 |
| | | | |
| Decrease in properties held for sale | 待售物業減少 | 800,284 | 1,619,502 |
| (Increase) decrease in trade and other receivables | 應收貿易賬款、其他應收 | | |
| and prepayments | 賬款及預付款項(增加) | (00.017) | 20.260 |
| D 1116 11 | 減少 | (80,915) | 39,360 |
| Decrease in investments held for trading Decrease in inventories | 待售投資減少 存貨減少 | 49,638 | 31,273 |
| Increase in trade and other payables | 應付貿易賬款、其他應付 | 515 | 467 |
| and accruals | 應 所 員 勿 級 款 一 共 他 愿 的 | 268,837 | 15,408 |
| Decrease in receipts in advance | 預收款項減少 | (93,665) | (201,005) |
| Addition in properties under development | 發展中物業增加 | (106,205) | (145,594) |
| 1 | ****** ha > 1 = 14 \\ \alpha 11 | (=00,=0) | (-2,2,2 |
| Cash from operations | 經營業務產生之現金 | 1,959,139 | 2,757,647 |
| Taxes paid | 已付税款 | (283,633) | (509,345) |
| • | | . , , = 3, | , |
| NET CASH FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES | 經營業務產生之現金淨額 | 1,675,506 | 2,248,302 |
| | | | |

Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows 綜合現金流量表

For the year ended 31st December, 2017 截至二零一七年十二月三十一日止年度

| | | Notes 附註 | 2017 二零一七年 HK\$'000 千港元 | 2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000 千港元 |
|--|--|----------------|--|---|
| INVESTING ACTIVITIES Placement of pledged bank deposits Withdrawal of pledged bank deposits Withdrawal (placement) of restricted | 投資活動 敍造已抵押銀行存款 提取已抵押銀行存款 提取(敍选)受限制 | | (806,837) 111,557 | (238,974) 294,778 |
| bank balance Deposit from disposal of interest | 銀行結餘 出售一家合資企業之 | | 654,519 | (654,519) |
| in a joint venture held for sale Addition in investment properties Purchase of property, plant and equipment Repayment from non-controlling | 權益所收取之按金 添置投資物業 購置物業、廠房及設備 自非控股股東之償還 | | (7,343) (9,391) | 1,308,568 (1,021) (1,912) |
| shareholders Interest received | 款項 已收利息 | | 56,894 52,725 | 121,318 31,491 |
| Dividends from available-for-sale investments Dividend from a joint venture (net of withholding tax) | 可供出售投資之 股息收入 收取一家合資企業之 股息收入(已扣除 | | 86,498 | 30,695 |
| Proceeds on disposal of property, plant and | 扣繳税) 出售物業、廠房及設備 | | 12,282 | 12,369 |
| equipment Net cash inflow of disposal of subsidiaries | 之所得款項 出售附屬公司之 | | 749 | 93 |
| Advance to an associate | 現金流入淨額 墊付予一家聯營公司 | 10 | 325,939 | _ |
| | 之款項 | | (7) | (5) |
| NET CASH FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES | 投資活動產生之 現金淨額 | | 477,585 | 902,881 |
| FINANCING ACTIVITIES New borrowings raised Repayment of borrowings Interest paid Cash dividend paid Repayment to a joint venture Return of capital to non-controlling shareholders Dividend paid to non-controlling shareholder | 融資活動 新增借款 償還借款 已付利息 已付現金股息 還款予一家合資企業 向非控股股東返還資本 已付非控股股東股息 | 34 34 34 | (1,121,791) (85,879) (184,412) (55,779) (12,122) (76,500) | 1,256,750 (3,752,786) (236,807) (94,190) (45,515) |
| NET CASH USED IN FINANCING | 融資活動所用之 | | (/0,500) | |
| ACTIVITIES | 現金淨額 | | (1,536,483) | (2,872,548) |
| NET INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT | 現金及現金等值項目 淨額增加 於一月一日之現金及 | | 616,608 | 278,635 |
| 1ST JANUARY EFFECT OF FOREIGN EXCHANGE | 現金等值項目 外幣兑換率轉變之影響 | | 2,881,962 | 2,780,454 |
| RATE CHANGES | | | 194,385 | (177,127) |
| CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT 31ST DECEMBER represented by cash and bank balances | 於十二月三十一日之 現金及現金等值項目 即現金及銀行結餘 | | 3,692,955 | 2,881,962 |

For the year ended 31st December, 2017 截至二零一七年十二月三十一日止年度

1. GENERAL

The Company is a public limited company incorporated in the Cayman Islands and its shares are listed on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange"). The addresses of the registered office and principal place of business of the Company are disclosed in the corporate information of the annual report.

The principal activities of the Company and its subsidiaries (collectively the "Group") for the year were property development and investment, hospitality and leisure business, securities trading, PVC operations as well as operation of and investment in media and entertainment business.

2. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards ("HKFRSs") issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants (the "HKICPA"). In addition, the consolidated financial statements include applicable disclosures required by the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on the Stock Exchange ("Listing Rules") and by the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

3. APPLICATION OF NEW AND REVISED HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS

The Group has applied the following amendments to HKFRSs issued by the HKICPA for the first time in the current year:

Amendments to HKAS 7 Disclosure Initiative

Amendments to HKAS 12 Recognition of Deferred Tax Assets for

Unrealised Losses

Amendments to HKFRS 12 As part of the Annual Improvements to

HKFRSs 2014-2016 Cycle

1. 一般資料

本公司為一家於開曼群島註冊成立 之公眾有限公司,其股份於香港聯 合交易所有限公司(「聯交所」)上 市。本公司之註冊辦事處及主要營 業地點之地址已於年報之公司資料 中披露。

本公司及其附屬公司(統稱「本集團」)於本年度內之主要業務為物業發展及投資、款客及消閒業務、證券買賣、塑膠業務以及經營及投資媒體及娛樂業務。

2. 綜合財務報表編製基準

本綜合財務報表乃按照香港會計師公會頒佈之《香港財務報告準則》編製。此外,綜合財務報表亦載有聯交所《證券上市規則》(「《上市規則》」) 及香港《公司條例》所規定之適用披露事項。

3. 應用新訂及經修改 《香港財務報告準則》

本集團已於本年度首次採納以下由 香港會計師公會頒佈之《香港財務 報告準則》修訂本:

《香港會計準則》 披露主動性

第7號(修訂本)

《香港會計準則》 就未變現虧損確認遞延税

第12號(修訂本) 項資產

《香港財務報告準則》 作為二零一四年至 第12號(修訂本) 二零一六年週期

《香港財務報告準則》的 年度改進的一部份

3. APPLICATION OF NEW AND REVISED HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS (Continued)

Except described below, the application of the above amendments to HKFRSs in the current year has had no material impact on the Group's financial performance and position for the current and prior years and/or on the disclosures set out in these consolidated financial statements.

Amendments to HKAS 7 require an entity to provide disclosures that enable users of financial statements to evaluate changes in liabilities arising from financing activities including both cash and non-cash changes.

A reconciliation between the opening and closing balances of these items is provided in Note 34. Consistent with the transition provision of the amendments, the Group has not disclosed comparative information for the prior year. Apart from the additional disclosure in Note 34, the application of these amendments has had no material impact on the Group's consolidated financial statements.

The Group has applied the amendments to HKFRS 12 included in the Annual Improvements to HKFRSs 2014-2016 Cycle for the first time in the current year. The amendments to HKAS 28 "Investment in Associates and Joint Venture" included in the annual improvements are not yet mandatorily effective and they have not been early adopted by the Group.

HKFRS 12 states that an entity need not provide summarised financial information for interests in subsidiaries, associates or joint ventures that are classified (or included in a disposal group that a classified) as held for sale. The amendments clarify that except for summarised financial information, all other disclosure requirements under HKFRS 12 are applicable. The application of these amendments has had no material impact on the Group's consolidated financial statements.

3. 應用新訂及經修改 《香港財務報告準則》(續)

除下文所述外,於本年度應用以上《香港財務報告準則》修訂本對本集 團於本年度及過往年度之財務表現 及狀況及/或該等綜合財務報表所 載之披露並無重大影響。

《香港會計準則》第7號(修訂本)要求實體作出披露,以使財務報表使用者能評估融資活動所產生之負債變動,包括現金及非現金變動。

該等項目期初及期末結餘之對賬於 附註34提供。根據該等修訂本的過 渡條文,本集團並無披露過往年度 的比較資料。除附註34的額外披露 外,應用該等修訂本對本集團的綜 合財務報表並無重大影響。

本集團於本年度首次應用二零一四年至二零一六年週期《香港財務報告準則》的年度改進中的《香港財務報告準則》第12號(修訂本)。於年度改進中的《香港會計準則》第28號(修訂本)「於聯營公司及合資企業之投資」並未強制性生效而本集團尚未提早採用。

《香港財務報告準則》第12號規定, 實體毋須就分類為持作出售(或包 括分類為持作出售的出售組合)的 附屬公司、聯營公司或合資企業的 權益提供財務資料概要。該修訂本 釐清,除財務資料概要外,《香港 財務報告準則》第12號項下的所有 其他披露規定均適用。應用該修訂 本並無對本集團的綜合財務報表造 成重大影響。

For the year ended 31st December, 2017 截至二零一七年十二月三十一日止年度

3. APPLICATION OF NEW AND REVISED HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS (Continued)

The Group has not early applied the following new and revised HKFRSs that have been issued but are not yet effective:

| HKFRS 9 | Financial Instruments ¹ |
|--------------------|--|
| HKFRS 15 | Revenue from Contracts with Customers and the related Amendments! |
| HKFRS 16 | Leases ² |
| HKFRS 17 | Insurance Contracts ⁴ |
| HK(IFRIC) – Int 22 | Foreign Currency Transactions and Advance Consideration ¹ |
| HK(IFRIC) – Int 23 | Uncertainty Over Income Tax Treatments ² |
| Amendments to | Classifications and Measurement |
| HKFRS 2 | of Share-based Payment Transactions ¹ |
| Amendments to | Applying HKFRS 9 "Financial |
| HKFRS 4 | Instruments" with HKFRS 4 "Insurance Contracts" 1 |
| Amendments to | Prepayment Features with |
| HKFRS 9 | Negative Compensation ² |
| Amendments to | Sale or Contribution of Assets |
| HKFRS 10 | between an Investor and its |
| and HKAS 28 | Associate or Joint Venture ³ |
| Amendments to | Long-term Interests in |
| HKAS 28 | Associates and Joint Ventures ² |
| Amendments to | As part of the Annual |
| HKAS 28 | Improvements to HKFRSs 2014-2016 Cycle ¹ |
| Amendments to | Transfers of Investment |
| HKAS 40 | Property ¹ |
| Amendments to | Annual Improvements to |
| HKFRSs | HKFRSs 2015-2017 Cycle ² |

3. 應用新訂及經修改 《香港財務報告準則》(續)

《香港財務報告準則》 金融工具1

本集團尚未提早應用以下已頒佈但 尚未生效之新訂及經修改《香港財 務報告準則》:

| 第9號 | |
|--|---|
| 《香港財務報告準則》 第15號 | 來自客戶合約收益和相關 修訂 ¹ |
| 《香港財務報告準則》 第16號 | 租賃2 |
| 《香港財務報告準則》 第17號 | 保險合約4 |
| 《香港(國際財務報告 詮釋委員會)》 一詮釋第22號 | 外幣交易及預付代價「 |
| 《香港(國際財務報告 詮釋委員會)》 一詮釋第23號 | 所得税不確定因素的處理2 |
| 《香港財務報告準則》 第2號(修訂本) | 股權支付交易的分類 及計量 ¹ |
| 《香港財務報告準則》 第4號(修訂本) | 將《香港財務報告準則》第 9號「金融工具」與《香 港財務報告準則》第4號 「保險合約」一併應用1 |
| 《香港財務報告準則》 第9號(修訂本) | 具有負補償之提前還款特 性 ² |
| 《香港財務報告準則》 第10號及《香港會計 準則》第28號 (修訂本) | 投資者與其聯營公司或 合資企業間資產出售或 投入 ³ |
| 《香港會計準則》 第28號(修訂本) | 聯營公司及合資企業之長 期權益 ² |
| 《香港會計準則》 第28號(修訂本) | 作為二零一四年至二零 一六年週期《香港財務 報告準則》的年度改進 的一部份 ¹ |
| 《香港會計準則》 第40號(修訂本) | 投資物業轉撥1 |
| 《香港財務報告準則》 (修訂本) | 二零一五年至二零一七年 週期《香港財務報告準 則》的年度改進 ² |

3. APPLICATION OF NEW AND REVISED HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS (Continued)

- Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1st January, 2018.
- Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1st January, 2019.
- 3 Effective for annual periods beginning on or after a date to be determined.
- Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1st January, 2021

HKFRS 9 introduced new requirements for the classification and measurement of financial assets, financial liabilities, general hedge accounting and impairment requirements for financial assets.

All recognised financial assets that are within the scope of HKFRS 9 are subsequently measured at either amortised cost or fair value. Specifically, debt investments that are held within a business model whose objective is to collect the contractual cash flows, and that have contractual cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal outstanding are generally measured at amortised cost at the end of subsequent accounting periods. Equity investments are measured at their fair values at subsequent accounting periods. In addition, under HKFRS 9, the Group may make an irrevocable election to present subsequent changes in the fair value of an equity investment (that is not held-for-trading) in other comprehensive income, with only dividend income generally recognised in the consolidated statement of profit or loss.

In relation to the impairment of financial assets, HKFRS 9 requires an expected credit loss model, as opposed to an incurred credit loss model under HKAS 39 "Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement". The expected credit loss model requires an entity to account for expected credit losses and changes in those expected credit losses at each reporting date to reflect changes in credit risk since initial recognition. In other words, it is no longer necessary for a credit event to have occurred before credit losses are recognised.

Based on the Group's financial instruments and risk management policies as at 31st December, 2017, the Directors of the Company anticipate the following potential impact on initial application of HKFRS 9:

3. 應用新訂及經修改 《香港財務報告準則》(續)

- 於二零一八年一月一日或其後開始之 年度期間生效。
- ² 於二零一九年一月一日或其後開始之 年度期間生效。
- 於將釐定之日期或其後開始之年度期間生效。
- 4 於二零二一年一月一日或其後開始之 年度期間牛效。

《香港財務報告準則》第9號引入了 有關財務資產、財務負債、一般對 沖會計法及財務資產減值的分類及 計量之新規定。

就財務資產之減值而言,與《香港會計準則》第39號「金融工具:確認及計量」項下按已產生信貸虧損人。 式計算相反,《香港財務報告準則》第9號規定按預期信貸虧損模式規定實額 算。預期信貸虧損模式規定實體 等報告日期將預期信貸虧損以實 長報告日期將預期信貸虧損以 與動之變動入 與動之變動 與動之變動 與動方 在認信貸虧損。

基於本集團於二零一七年十二月 三十一日的金融工具及風險管理政 策,本公司董事預期於首次採用《香 港財務報告準則》第9號時有以下潛 在影響:

For the year ended 31st December, 2017 截至二零一七年十二月三十一日止年度

3. APPLICATION OF NEW AND REVISED HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS (Continued)

Classification and measurement:

Listed equity securities classified as available-for-sale investments carried at fair value as disclosed in Note 25: these securities qualified for designation as measured at fair value through other comprehensive income ("FVTOCI") under HKFRS 9, however, the fair value gains accumulated in the investment reserve amounting to HK\$92,299,000 as at 1st January, 2018 will no longer be subsequently reclassified to profit or loss under HKFRS 9, which is different from the current treatment. This will affect the amounts recognised in the Group's consolidated statement of profit or loss but will not affect total comprehensive income.

Equity securities classified as available-for-sale investments carried at cost less impairment as disclosed in Note 25: these securities qualified for designation as measured at FVTOCI under HKFRS 9. The Group will measure these securities at fair value at the end of subsequent reporting periods with fair value gains or losses to be recognised as other comprehensive income and accumulated in the investment reserve. The Directors of the Company have assessed the impact on application of relevant HKFRS 9 standards and anticipated that the application may have impact on the results and the financial position of the Group.

All other financial assets and financial liabilities will continue to be measured on the same bases as are currently measured under HKAS 39.

Impairment:

In general, the Directors of the Company anticipate that the application of the expected credit loss model of HKFRS 9 will result in earlier provision of credit losses which are not yet incurred in relation to the Group's financial assets measured at amortised costs and other items that subject to the impairment provisions upon application of HKFRS 9 by the Group.

3. 應用新訂及經修改 《香港財務報告準則》(續)

分類及計量:

就附註25所披露之分類為按成本減去減值列賬之可供出售投資的股本證券:該等證券符合《香港財務報告準則》第9號按公平值計入其他全面收益的方式計量。本集團將於至面收益的方式計量。本集團將於等。 一次平值收益或虧損計入其他全期收益或虧損計入其他公平值收益或虧損計入其他公司董事已評估採用《香港財務報告則》第9號相關準則的影響,並預別數分號相關準則的影響,並預過數分數分數。

所有其他財務資產及財務負債將繼續採用《香港財務報告準則》第39號的現行計量基準計量。

減值:

一般而言,本公司董事預期應用《香港財務報告準則》第9號的預期信貸虧損模式將導致本集團於應用《香港財務報告準則》第9號後,就本集團按攤銷成本計量之財務資產以及其他須作出減值撥備的項目之尚未產生的信貸虧損提前撥備。

3. APPLICATION OF NEW AND REVISED HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS (Continued)

Such further impairment recognised under expected credit loss model would reduce the opening retained earnings at 1st January, 2018 upon the application of HKFRS 9 in 2018. The Directors of the Company have assessed the impact on application of HKFRS 9 and it will have no material impact on the consolidated financial statements.

HKFRS 15 was issued to establish a single comprehensive model for entities to use in accounting for revenue arising from contracts with customers. HKFRS 15 will supersede the current revenue recognition guidance including HKAS 18 "Revenue", HKAS 11 "Construction Contracts" and the related interpretations when it becomes effective.

The core principle of HKFRS 15 is that an entity should recognise revenue to depict the transfer of promised goods or services to customers in an amount that reflects the consideration to which the entity expects to be entitled in exchange for those goods or services. Specifically, the standard introduces a 5-step approach to revenue recognition:

- Step 1: Identify the contract(s) with a customer
- Step 2: Identify the performance obligations in the contract
- Step 3: Determine the transaction price
- Step 4: Allocate the transaction price to the performance obligations in the contract
- Step 5: Recognise revenue when (or as) the entity satisfies a performance obligation

Under HKFRS 15, an entity recognises revenue when (or as) a performance obligation is satisfied, i.e. when "control" of the goods or services underlying the particular performance obligation is transferred to the customer. Far more prescriptive guidance has been added in HKFRS 15 to deal with specific scenarios. Furthermore, extensive disclosures are required by HKFRS 15.

3. 應用新訂及經修改 《香港財務報告準則》(續)

於二零一八年採用《香港財務報告 準則》第9號後,在預期信貸虧損模 式下確認之進一步減值將導致二零 一八年一月一日之年初保留溢利減 少。本公司董事已評估採用《香港 財務報告準則》第9號之影響,其將 不會對綜合財務報表造成重大影響。

《香港財務報告準則》第15號已頒佈並制定一項單一全面模式供實體用作將自客戶合約所產生之收益入賬。於《香港財務報告準則》第15號生效後,其將取代現時載於《香港會計準則》第18號「收入」、《香港會計準則》第11號「建築合約」及相關詮釋之收入確認指引。

《香港財務報告準則》第15號之核心原則為描述實體確認向客戶轉讓承諾貨品或服務之收入款項,應為能反映該實體預期就交換貨品及服務所有權獲得之代價。具體而言,該準則引入五個確認收入之步驟:

- 第一步: 識別與客戶訂立之合
- 第二步: 識別合約中之履約責任
- 第三步: 釐定交易價
- 第四步: 將交易價分配至合約中之履約責任
- 第五步: 於實體完成履約責任 時確認收入

根據《香港財務報告準則》第15號, 實體於完成履約責任時確認收入, 即於特定履約責任相關之商品或服 務之「控制權」轉讓予客戶時。《香 港財務報告準則》第15號已就特別 情況之處理方法加入更明確指引。 此外,《香港財務報告準則》第15號 規定作出更詳盡之披露。

For the year ended 31st December, 2017 截至二零一七年十二月三十一日止年度

3. APPLICATION OF NEW AND REVISED HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS (Continued)

In 2016, the HKICPA issued Clarifications to HKFRS 15 in relation to the identification of performance obligations, principal versus agent consideration, as well as licensing application guidance.

The Directors of the Company anticipate that the application of HKFRS 15 in the future may result in more disclosures, however, the Directors of the Company do not anticipate that the application of HKFRS 15 will have a material impact on the timing and amounts of revenue recognised in the respective reporting periods.

HKFRS 16 introduces a comprehensive model for the identification of lease arrangements and accounting treatments for both lessors and lessees. HKFRS 16 will supersede HKAS 17 "Leases" and the related interpretations when it becomes effective.

HKFRS 16 distinguishes lease and service contracts on the basis of whether an identified asset is controlled by a customer. Distinctions of operating leases and finance leases are removed for lessee accounting, and is replaced by a model where a right-of-use asset and a corresponding liability have to be recognised for all leases by lessees, except for short-term leases and leases of low value assets.

The right-of-use asset is initially measured at cost and subsequently measured at cost (subject to certain exceptions) less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses, adjusted for any remeasurement of the lease liability. The lease liability is initially measured at the present value of the lease payments that are not paid at that date. Subsequently, the lease liability is adjusted for interest and lease payments, as well as the impact of lease modifications, amongst others. For the classification of cash flows, the Group currently presents upfront prepaid lease payments as investing cash flows in relation to leasehold lands for own use and those classified as investment properties while other operating lease payments are presented as operating cash flows. Upon application of HKFRS 16, lease payments in relation to lease liability will be allocated into a principal and an interest portion which will be presented as financing cash flows by the Group.

3. 應用新訂及經修改 《香港財務報告準則》(續)

於二零一六年,香港會計師公會頒佈對《香港財務報告準則》第15號之澄清,內容有關識別履約責任、主事人與代理人的考慮及許可證應用指引。

本公司董事預期,於日後應用《香港財務報告準則》第15號後,須就此作出更多披露。然而,本公司董事預期,應用《香港財務報告準則》第15號不會對於相關報告期間確認收益的時間及金額產生重大影響。

《香港財務報告準則》第16號就識別租賃安排和出租人和承租人的會計處理引入全面的模式。《香港財務報告準則》第16號將於生效時取代《香港會計準則》第17號「租賃」及相關詮釋。

《香港財務報告準則》第16號根據所識別的資產是否由客戶控制而區分租賃和服務合同。就承租人會計而言,經營租賃和融資租賃的區分已予剔除,取而代之的模式是承租人對所有租賃必須確認使用權資產和相應負債,但短期租賃和低價值資產的租賃除外。

使用權資產按成本進行初始計量, 並隨後按成本(某些例外情況除外) 減去累計折舊和減值虧損計量,並 對租賃負債的任何重新計量進行調 整。租賃負債最初是以該日未支付 的租賃付款額的現值計量。隨後, 因應利息和租賃付款以及租賃修訂 的影響等而對租賃負債進行調整。 對於現金流量分類,本集團目前將 有關自用的租賃土地和分類為投資 物業的首付預付租賃付款呈列作為 投資現金流量,而其他經營租賃付 款則呈列作經營現金流量。本集團 在應用《香港財務報告準則》第16號 時,有關租賃負債的租賃付款將分 為本金及利息部份,分別列作融資 現金流量。

3. APPLICATION OF NEW AND REVISED HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS (Continued)

Under HKAS 17, the Group has already recognised prepaid lease payments for leasehold lands where the Group is a lessee. The application of HKFRS 16 may result in potential changes in classification of these assets depending on whether the Group presents right-to-use assets separately or within the same line item at which the corresponding underlying assets would be presented if they were owned.

In contrast to lessee accounting, HKFRS 16 substantially carries forward the lessor accounting requirements in HKAS 17, and continues to require a lessor to classify a lease either as an operating lease or a finance lease.

Furthermore, extensive disclosures are required by HKFRS 16.

A preliminary assessment indicates that the operating lease arrangements will meet the definition of a lease under HKFRS 16, and hence the Group will recognise a right-of-use asset and a corresponding liability in respect of all these leases unless they qualify for low value or short-term leases upon the application of HKFRS 16. In addition, the application of HKFRS 16 may result in changes in measurement, presentation and disclosure in the Group's consolidated financial statements. However, it is not practicable to provide a reasonable estimate of the financial effect until the Directors of the Company complete a detailed review.

The Directors of the Company anticipate that the application of other new and revised HKFRSs and interpretations will have no material impact on the results and the financial position of the Group.

3. 應用新訂及經修改 《香港財務報告準則》(續)

根據《香港會計準則》第17號的規定,本集團已就本集團作為承租人的租賃土地確認預付租賃款項。應用《香港財務報告準則》第16號或會導致該等資產的分類發生改變,此取決於本集團是否單獨呈列相應相關資產(若有關資產由集團擁有)的同一項目內呈列。

相對於承租人會計,《香港財務報告準則》第16號實質上沿用《香港會計準則》第17號的出租人會計規定,並繼續要求出租人將租賃劃分為經營租賃或融資租賃。

此外,《香港財務報告準則》第16號 要求廣泛的披露。

初步評估顯示,經營租賃安排將符合《香港財務報告準則》第16號項下租賃的定義,因此,本集團將賃的定義,因此,本集團將賃的定義及有關所有該等租赁所有該等租赁。除非於應用《香港財租赁。此外,應用《香港集值短期租賃。此外,應用《香港集值粉報告對務報表的計量、呈列及披露出現變動。然而,於本公司董學的。然而,於本公司董學的。然而,於本公司董學作合理估計。

本公司董事預期應用其他新訂及經 修改《香港財務報告準則》以及詮釋 對本集團之業績及財務狀況並無重 大影響。

For the year ended 31st December, 2017 截至二零一七年十二月三十一日止年度

4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis, except for investment properties and certain financial instruments, which are measured at fair values, as explained in the accounting policies set out below.

Historical cost is generally based on the fair value of the consideration given in exchange for goods and services.

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date, regardless of whether that price is directly observable or estimated using another valuation technique. In estimating the fair value of an asset or a liability, the Group takes into account the characteristics of the asset or liability if market participants would take those characteristics into account when pricing the asset or liability at the measurement date. Fair value for measurement and/or disclosure purposes in these consolidated financial statements is determined on such a basis, except for share-based payment transactions that are within the scope of HKFRS 2 "Share-based Payment", leasing transactions that are within the scope of HKAS 17, and measurements that have some similarities to fair value but are not fair value, such as net realisable value in HKAS 2 "Inventories" or value in use in HKAS 36 "Impairment of Assets".

A fair value measurement of a non-financial asset takes into account a market participant's ability to generate economic benefits by using the asset in its highest and best use or by selling it to another market participant that would use the asset in its highest and best use.

In addition, for financial reporting purposes, fair value measurements are categorised into Level 1, 2 or 3 based on the degree to which the inputs to the fair value measurements are observable and the significance of the inputs to the fair value measurement in its entirety, which are described as follows:

4. 主要會計政策

如下列之會計政策所述,本綜合財 務報表乃按照歷史成本基準編製, 惟投資物業及若干金融工具按公平 值計算除外。

歷史成本一般根據貨物及服務交換 所得代價之公平值而釐定。

公平值為於計量日期市場參與者按 有序交易出售一項資產而將收取或 轉移一項負債而將支付之價格,而 不論該價格是否可直接觀察或須運 用另一種估值技術作出估計。倘市 場參與者於計量日期對資產或負債 定價時會考慮資產或負債之特點, 則本集團於估計資產或負債之公平 值時將考慮該等特點。此等綜合財 務報表中作計量及/或披露用途之 公平值乃按此基準釐定,惟屬於《香 港財務報告準則》第2號「股權支付」 範圍之股權支付之交易、屬於《香 港會計準則》第17號範圍之租賃交 易,以及與公平值有部份類似地方 但並非公平值之計量(如《香港會計 準則》第2號「存貨」之可變現淨值或 《香港會計準則》第36號「資產減值」 之使用價值)則除外。

非財務資產之公平值計量乃經計及 一名市場參與者透過使用其資產之 最高及最佳用途或透過將資產出售 予將使用其最高及最佳用途之另一 名市場參與者而能夠產生經濟利益 之能力。

此外,就財務報告而言,按公平值 計量之輸入數據之可觀察程度及公 平值計量之輸入數據對其整體之重 要性而定,公平值計量可分類為第 一級、第二級或第三級,詳情如下:

4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

- Level 1 inputs are quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the entity can access at the measurement date;
- Level 2 inputs are inputs, other than quoted prices included within Level 1, that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly; and
- Level 3 inputs are unobservable inputs for the asset or liability.

Basis of consolidation

The consolidated financial statements incorporate the financial statements of the Company and entities controlled by the Company (its subsidiaries). Control is achieved when the Company:

- has power over the investee;
- is exposed, or has rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the investee; and
- has the ability to use its power to affect its returns.

The Group reassesses whether or not it controls an investee if facts and circumstances indicate that there are changes to one or more of the three elements of control listed above.

Consolidation of a subsidiary begins when the Group obtains control over the subsidiary and ceases when the Group losses control of the subsidiary. The results of subsidiary acquired or disposed of during the year are included in the consolidated statement of profit or loss from the date of the Group gains control until the date when the Group ceases to control the subsidiary.

Where necessary, adjustments are made to the financial statements of subsidiaries to bring their accounting policies in line with those used by other members of the Group.

4. 主要會計政策(續)

- 第一級輸入數據乃實體於計量 日期可以取得之相同資產或負 債於活躍市場中之未經調整報 價;
- 第二級輸入數據乃除第一級計 入之報價外,就資產或負債可 直接或間接觀察之輸入數據;
- 第三級輸入數據乃資產或負債 之非可觀察輸入數據。

綜合基準

綜合財務報表包括本公司及本公司 所控制實體(其附屬公司)之財務報 表。本公司在下列情況下擁有控制 權:

- 擁有對被投資方之權力;
- 因參與被投資方之營運而可獲 得或有權獲得可變回報;及
- 擁有對被投資方使用其權力影響其回報之能力。

倘有事實及情況顯示上述三項控制 因素中有一項或以上出現變動,則 本集團會重新評估其是否對被投資 方擁有控制權。

當本集團取得對附屬公司之控制權時開始對其綜合入賬,並當本集團喪失對附屬公司之控制權時對其終止綜合入賬。於年內收購或出售附屬公司之業績自本集團取得附屬公司控制權之日期起直至本集團不再控制附屬公司之日止於綜合損益表內列賬。

倘有需要,本集團會對附屬公司之 財務報表作出調整,使其會計政策 與本集團其他成員公司所採用者保 持一致。

For the year ended 31st December, 2017 截至二零一七年十二月三十一日止年度

4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Basis of consolidation (Continued)

All significant inter-group transactions, balances, income and expenses are eliminated on consolidation.

Profit or loss and each item of total comprehensive income are attributed to the owners of the Company and to the non-controlling interests even if this results in the non-controlling interests having a deficit balance.

Goodwill

Goodwill arising on an acquisition of net assets and operations of another entity for which the agreement date is before 1st January, 2005 represents the excess of the cost of acquisition over the Group's interest in the fair value of the identifiable assets and liabilities of the relevant acquiree at the date of acquisition.

From 1st January, 2005 onward, the Group will carry goodwill at cost less any accumulated impairment losses.

Capitalised goodwill arising on an acquisition of a business is presented separately in the consolidated statement of financial position.

For the purposes of impairment testing, goodwill arising from an acquisition is allocated to each of the relevant cash-generating units, or groups of cash-generating units, that are expected to benefit from the synergies of the acquisition. A cash-generating unit to which goodwill has been allocated is tested for impairment annually, and whenever there is an indication that the unit may be impaired. For goodwill arising on an acquisition in a financial year, the cash-generating unit to which goodwill has been allocated is tested for impairment before the end of that financial year. When the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit is less than the carrying amount of the

4. 主要會計政策(續)

綜合基準(續)

本集團內公司之間所有重要交易、 結餘、收入及開支均於綜合計算時 撤銷。

損益及每項全面收益總額會分配予 本公司擁有人及非控股股東權益, 即使此舉將導致非控股股東權益金 額為負數。

商譽

因收購另一實體的淨資產及業務產生的商譽(收購之協議日期為二零 零五年一月一日前),乃指收購成本於收購日超出本集團應佔有關被 收購公司之可識別資產及負債的公 平值權益。

自二零零五年一月一日開始,本集 團將商譽按成本減任何累計減值虧 損入賬。

收購業務所產生的資本化商譽在綜 合財務狀況表分開呈列。

4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Goodwill (Continued)

unit, the impairment loss is allocated to reduce the carrying amount of any goodwill allocated to the unit first, and then to the other assets of the unit pro rata on the basis of the carrying amount of each asset in the unit. Any impairment loss for goodwill is recognised directly in the consolidated statement of profit or loss. An impairment loss for goodwill is not reversed in subsequent periods.

On subsequent disposal of the relevant cash-generating unit, the attributable amount of goodwill capitalised is included in the determination of the amount of profit or loss on disposal.

Interests in associates and joint ventures

An associate is an entity over which the Group has significant influence. Significant influence is the power to participate in the financial and operating policy decisions of the investee but is not control or joint control over those policies.

A joint venture is a joint arrangement whereby the parties that have joint control of the arrangement have rights to the net assets of the joint arrangement. Joint control is the contractually agreed sharing of control of an arrangement, which exists only when decisions about the relevant activities require unanimous consent of the parties sharing control.

The results and assets and liabilities of associates and joint ventures are incorporated in these consolidated financial statements using the equity method of accounting, except when the investment is classified as held for sale, in which case it is accounted for in accordance with HKFRS 5 "Non-current Assets Held for Sale and Discontinued Operations". Under the equity method, investments in associates or joint ventures are carried in the consolidated

4. 主要會計政策(續)

商譽(續)

該單位之商譽之賬面值,其後則按 該單位內各項資產賬面值之比例分 配至該單位之其他資產。任何商譽 減值虧損乃直接於綜合損益表內確 認,商譽減值虧損不會於往後期間 撥回。

於往後出售相關現金產生單位時, 其應佔資本化商譽金額會計入以釐 定出售之損益金額。

於聯營公司及合資企業 之權益

聯營公司為一家本集團對其行使重 大影響力的實體。重大影響力乃有 權參與被投資公司之財務及經營政 策之決策而非控制或共同控制該等 政策。

合資企業指一項合營安排,對安排 擁有共同控制權之訂約方據此對合 營安排之資產淨值擁有權利。共同 控制權指按照合約協定對一項安排 所共有之控制權,僅在相關活動必 須獲得共同享有控制權之各方一致 同意方能決定時存在。

聯營公司及合資企業之業績及資產 與負債以會計權益法計入此等綜合 財務報表內,惟當投資獲分類為持 有待售則除外,在此情況下,則根 據《香港財務報告準則》第5號「持作 待售之非流動資產及已終止經營業 務」入賬。根據權益法,於聯營公 司或合資企業之投資乃按成本於綜

For the year ended 31st December, 2017 截至二零一七年十二月三十一日止年度

4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Interests in associates and joint ventures

(Continued)

statement of financial position at cost and adjusted thereafter to recognise the Group's share of the profit or loss and other comprehensive income of the associate or joint venture, less any identified impairment loss. When the Group's share of losses of an associate or a joint venture exceeds its interest in that associate or joint venture (which includes any long-term interests that, in substance, form part of the Group's net investment in the associate or joint venture), the Group discontinues recognising its share of further losses. Additional loses are recognised only to the extent that the Group has incurred legal or constructive obligations or made payment on behalf of that associate or joint venture.

The associate's and joint venture's financial statements used for the application of equity method of accounting are prepared using uniform accounting policies with the Group for transactions and events in similar circumstances. Where necessary, adjustments are made to the financial statements of the associate and joint venture to bring their accounting policies into line with those used in the Group's consolidated financial statements.

The requirements of HKAS 39 are applied to determine whether it is necessary to recognise any impairment loss with respect to the Group's investment in associates or joint ventures. When necessary, the entire carrying amount of the investment (including goodwill) is tested for impairment in accordance with HKAS 36 as a single asset by comparing its recoverable amount (higher of value in use and fair value less costs to sell) with its carrying amount. Any impairment loss recognised forms part of the carrying amount of the investment. Any reversal of that impairment loss is recognised in accordance with HKAS 36 to the extent that the recoverable amount of the investment subsequently increases.

4. 主要會計政策(續)

於聯營公司及合資企業 之權益(續)

應用會計權益法編製聯營公司及合資企業之財務報表時,本集團在處理類近情況下交易及事件時採用統一會計政策。倘有需要,會對聯營公司及合資企業之財務報表作出調整,使其會計政策與於本集團綜合財務報表中所採用者保持一致。

4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Interests in associates and joint ventures

(Continued)

Any excess of the Group's share of the net fair value of the identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities over the cost of acquisition, after reassessment, is recognised immediately in the consolidated statement of profit or loss. When a group entity transacts with an associate or a joint venture of the Group, profits or losses are eliminated to the extent of the Group's interest in the relevant associate or joint venture.

When the Group ceases to have significant influence over an associate or a joint venture, it is accounted for as a disposal of the entire interest in the investee with a resulting gain or loss being recognised in profit or loss. When the Group retains an interest in the former associate or joint venture and the retained interest is a financial asset within the scope of HKAS 39, the Group measures the retained interest at fair value at that date and the fair value is regarded as its fair value on initial recognition. The difference between the carrying amount of the associate or joint venture and the fair value of any retained interest, and any proceeds from the disposal is included in the determination of the gain or loss on disposal of the associate or joint venture. In addition, the Group accounts for all amounts previously recognised in other comprehensive income in relation to that associate or joint venture on the same basis as would be required if that associate or joint venture had directly disposed of the related assets or liabilities. Therefore, if a gain or loss previously recognised in other comprehensive income by that associate or joint venture would be reclassified to profit or loss on the disposal of the related assets or liabilities, the Group reclassifies the gain or loss from equity to profit or loss (as a reclassification adjustment) upon disposal/partial disposal of the relevant associate or joint venture.

4. 主要會計政策(續)

於聯營公司及合資企業 之權益(續)

本集團應佔可識別資產、負債及或 然負債之公平淨值超出收購成本之 差額(重估後)即時於綜合損益表內 確認。當一集團實體與本集團聯營 公司或合資企業進行交易時,溢利 或虧損會以本集團於相關聯營公司 或合資企業之權益予以撇銷。

當本集團對聯營公司或合資企業不 再有重大影響時,則入賬列為出售 該被投資公司之全數權益,產生之 收益或虧損於損益中確認。當本集 團保留於前聯營公司或合資企業的 權益及該保留權益為一項《香港會 計準則》第39號範圍內之財務資產, 則本集團按於該日的公平值計量該 保留權益,而該公平值乃視為其初 步確認時的公平值。聯營公司或合 資企業之賬面值及任何保留權益之 公平值與任何出售所得款項之差 額,以釐定出售該聯營公司或合資 企業之收益或虧損。此外,本集團 會將先前在其他全面收益就該聯營 公司或合資企業確認之所有金額入 賬,基準與該聯營公司或合資企業 直接出售相關資產或負債所需基準 相同。因此,倘該聯營公司或合資 企業先前已於其他全面收益確認之 收益或虧損,會於出售相關資產或 負債時重新分類至損益。本集團會 於出售/部分出售相關聯營公司或 合資企業時將收益或虧損由權益重 新分類至損益(作為重新分類調整)。

For the year ended 31st December, 2017 截至二零一七年十二月三十一日止年度

4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Non-current assets held for sale

Non-current assets and disposal groups are classified as held for sale if their carrying amount will be recovered principally through a sale transaction rather than through continuing use. This condition is regarded as met only when the asset (or disposal group) is available for immediate sale in its present condition subject only to terms that are usual and customary for sales of such asset (or disposal group) and its sale is highly probable. Management must be committed to the sale, which should be expected to qualify for recognition as a completed sale within one year from the date of classification.

When the Group is committed to a sale plan involving loss of control of a subsidiary, all of the assets and liabilities of that subsidiary are classified as held for sale when the criteria described above are met, regardless of whether the Group will retain a non-controlling interest in its former subsidiary after the sale.

When the Group is committed to a sale plan involving disposal of an investment, or a portion of an investment, in an associate or a joint venture, the investment or the portion of the investment that will be disposed of is classified as held for sale when the criteria described above are met, and the Group discontinues the use of the equity method in relation to the portion that is classified as held for sale from the time when the investment (or a portion of the investment) is classified as held for sale.

Non-current assets (and disposal groups) classified as held for sale are measured at the lower of their previous carrying amount and fair value less costs to sell.

4. 主要會計政策(續)

待售非流動資產

倘非流動資產及出售組別之賬面值 將主要透過出售交易(而非透過 續使用)收回,則有關非流動資 及出售組別會分類為待售。僅當當 產(或出售組別)可於其現況下售 選出售程據有關資產(或出售組別)之一般及依照慣例之出售條 別)之一般及依照慣例之出售條, 以及其出售具甚高之可能性時 以及其出售,且預期由分類日 促成出售,且預期由分類已完成之出 一年內符合資格確認為已完成之出 售。

當本集團致力進行涉及失去附屬公司控制權之出售計劃時,假如符合上述條件,不論本集團是否將於出售後於其前附屬公司保留非控股權益,該附屬公司之全部資產及負債均會分類為待售。

當本集團承諾進行涉及出售於聯營公司或合資企業之投資或部分投資之出售計劃,倘符合上述條件,將予出售之該項投資或部分投資分類為待售,而本集團將由投資(或其部分)分類為待售之時起,不再就該分類為待售之部分使用權益法。

分類為待售之非流動資產(及出售組別)按其以往賬面金額與公平值減出售成本之較低者計量。

4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised when a group entity becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. Financial assets and financial liabilities are initially measured at fair value. Transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of financial assets and financial liabilities (other than financial assets at fair value through profit or loss) are added to or deducted from the fair value of the financial assets or financial liabilities, as appropriate, on initial recognition. Transaction costs directly attributable to the acquisition of financial assets or financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss are recognised immediately in the consolidated statement of profit or loss.

Financial assets

The Group's financial assets are classified into one of the three categories, including financial assets at fair value through profit or loss, loans and receivables and available-for-sale financial assets. The classification depends on the nature and purpose of the financial assets and is determined at the time of initial recognition. All regular way purchases or sales of financial assets that require delivery of assets within the time frame established by regulation or convention in the marketplace are recognised and derecognised on a trade date basis.

Effective interest method

The effective interest method is a method of calculating the amortised cost of a debt instrument and of allocating interest income over the relevant period. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts (including all fees paid or received that form an integral part of the effective interest rate, transaction costs and other premiums or discounts) through the expected life of the debt instrument or where appropriate, a shorter period to the net carrying amount on initial recognition.

4. 主要會計政策(續)

金融工具

財務資產及財務負債乃當集團實體成為金融工具合約條文之訂約方衛之則務負債初步資產及財務負債初步資產及財務負債初步資產及財務負債而直接產生之交別務負債而直接產生之交別大確認時資產之,於初次確認時接產工人損益之財務負債之公平值。因收購按公員情刊入損益之財務資產或財務負債之公財務資產或財務負債直接產生之交易成本即時於綜合損益表中確認。

財務資產

本集團之財務資產可分為三種類別,包括按「公平值計入損益之財務資產」、「貸款及應收賬款」及「可供出售財務資產」。分類取決於財務資產之性質及目的並於初次確認時予以釐定。所有財務資產之日常賣須根據市場規則或慣例確立之時間內交付財務資產,該等買賣按交易日基準確認及取消確認。

實際利率法

實際利率法乃計算債務工具之攤銷 成本及按有關期間攤分利息收入之 方法。實際利率指按債務工具預計 可使用年期或較短期間(如適用), 將估計日後現金收入(包括所有所 支付或所收取能構成整體實際利率 之費用、交易成本及其他所有溢價 或折讓)準確貼現至初步確認時之 賬面淨值之利率。

For the year ended 31st December, 2017 截至二零一七年十二月三十一日止年度

4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Financial instruments (Continued)

Financial assets (Continued)

Effective interest method (Continued)

Interest income is recognised on an effective interest basis for debt instruments.

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

The Group's financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are investments held for trading. The Group classified such financial assets as held for trading investments as they have been acquired principally for the purpose of selling in the near future.

Subsequent to initial recognition, the financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are measured at fair value, with changes in fair value arising from remeasurement recognised directly in the consolidated statement of profit or loss in the period in which they arise. The net gain or loss recognised in the consolidated statement of profit or loss includes any dividend or interest earned on the financial assets.

Loans and receivables

Loans and receivables (including trade and other receivables, pledged bank deposits, restricted bank balance, cash and bank balances, amounts due from associates and a joint venture) are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market. Subsequent to initial recognition, loans and receivables are carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less any identified impairment losses.

4. 主要會計政策(續)

金融工具(續)

財務資產(續)

實際利率法(續)

債務工具之利息收入乃按實際利率 基準確認。

按公平值計入損益之財務資產

本集團之「按公平值計入損益之財 務資產」為待售投資。本集團將主 要作短期出售而購入之財務資產分 類為待售投資。

於初次確認後,按公平值計入損益之財務資產乃按公平值計量,而因重新計量而產生之公平值變動於產生期間內直接於綜合損益表中確認。於綜合損益表確認之盈虧淨額包括財務資產所賺取之任何股息或利息。

貸款及應收賬款

「貸款及應收賬款」(包括應收貿易 賬款及其他應收賬款、抵押銀行存 款、受限制銀行結餘、現金及銀行 結餘、聯營公司及一家合資企業欠 款)為附帶固定或可釐定付款之非 衍生性質財務資產,且並無在活躍 市場報價。於初次確認後,貸款及 應收賬款採用實際利率法以其攤銷 成本計算,減任何已識別減值虧損 列賬。

4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Financial instruments (Continued)

Financial assets (Continued)

Loans and receivables (Continued)

Objective evidence of impairment for a portfolio of receivables could include that Group's past experience of collecting payments, significant financial difficulty of the issuer or counterparty, default or delinquency in interest or principal payments, the borrower being probable to enter bankruptcy or financial re-organisation, observable changes in national or local economic conditions that correlate with default on receivables.

An impairment loss is recognised in the consolidated statement of profit or loss when there is objective evidence that the loans and receivables are impaired, and is measured as the difference between the carrying amount and the present value of the estimated future cash flows discounted at the original effective interest rate.

The carrying amounts of the loans and receivables are reduced by the impairment loss directly with the exception of trade and other receivables, where the carrying amount is reduced through the use of an allowance account. Changes in the carrying amount of the allowance account are recognised in the consolidated statement of profit or loss. When trade and other receivables are considered uncollectible, it is written off against the allowance account. Subsequent recoveries of amounts previously written off are credited to the consolidated statement of profit or loss.

Impairment losses are reversed in subsequent periods when an increase in the recoverable amount can be related objectively to an event occurring after the impairment was recognised, subject to a restriction that the carrying amount of the loans and receivables at the date the impairment is reversed does not exceed what the amortised cost would have been had the impairment not been recognised.

4. 主要會計政策(續)

金融工具(續)

財務資產(續)

貸款及應收賬款(續)

應收賬款組合之客觀減值證據可包括本集團過往收款記錄、發行人或交易對手之重大財務困難、拖欠或逾期未付利息或本金、借款人可能破產或進行財務重組、以及全國或地區經濟狀況出現與拖欠應收賬款相關之可觀察變化。

當客觀證據出現顯示貸款及應收賬 款出現減值時,需於綜合損益表中 確認減值虧損,減值虧損為賬面值 與估計未來現金流量以原實際利率 貼現之現值間之差異。

減值虧損會直接於貸款及應收賬款 之賬面值扣減,惟應收貿易賬款及 其他應收賬款除外,其賬面值會透 過撥備賬作出扣減。撥備賬內之賬 面值變動會於綜合損益表確認。當 應收貿易賬款及其他應收賬款被視 為不可收回時,其將於撥備賬內撤 銷。如其後收回之前已撤銷的款 項,將計入綜合損益表內。

當能客觀地確實可收回金額增加與 已確認減值後所發生之事件有關 時,則減值虧損會於隨後期間撥 回,惟該貸款及應收賬款於撥回減 值之日之賬面值不得超出未確認減 值時之已攤銷成本。

For the year ended 31st December, 2017 截至二零一七年十二月三十一日止年度

4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Financial instruments (Continued)

Financial assets (Continued)

Available-for-sale financial assets

Available-for-sale financial assets are non-derivatives that are either designated or not classified as financial assets at fair value through profit or loss, held-for-maturity investments and loans and receivables.

Available-for-sale financial assets are measured at fair value at the end of the reporting period. Changes in fair value are recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in investment reserve, until the financial asset is disposed of or is determined to be impaired, at which time, the cumulative gain or loss previously accumulated in investment reserve is reclassified to the consolidated statement of profit or loss.

A significant or prolonged decline in the fair value of an available-for-sale equity investment below its cost is considered to be objective evidence of impairment. Any impairment losses on available-for-sale financial assets are recognised in the consolidated statement of profit or loss. Impairment losses on available-for-sale equity investments will not reverse in the consolidated statement of profit or loss in subsequent periods. Any increase in fair value subsequent to impairment loss is recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in investment reserve.

4. 主要會計政策(續)

金融工具(續)

財務資產(續)

可供出售財務資產

「可供出售財務資產」為非衍生項目,其須指定為可供出售財務資產或未歸類為「按公平值計入損益之財務資產」、「持有至到期之投資」以及「貸款及應收賬款」。

於報告期末,可供出售財務資產按 公平值計算。公平值之變動於其他 全面收益內確認並於投資儲備內累 計,直至該財務資產被出售或被釐 定有所減值,屆時過往於投資儲備 內累計之收益或虧損會重新分類計 入綜合損益表。

可供出售股本投資的公平值若出現 大幅或持續下降至低於成本,則被 視為客觀的減值證據。「可供出售 財務資產」之任何減值虧損需於綜 合損益表中確認。可供出售股本投 資之減值虧損將不會於以後期間於 綜合損益表撥回。減值虧損後公平 值之任何增加會於其他全面收益內 確認並於投資儲備內累計。

4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Financial instruments (Continued)

Financial assets (Continued)

Available-for-sale financial assets (Continued)

Available-for-sale equity investments that do not have a quoted market price in an active market and whose fair value cannot be reliably measured are measured at cost less any identified impairment losses at the end of the reporting period. An impairment loss is recognised in the consolidated statement of profit or loss when there is objective evidence that the asset is impaired. The amount of the impairment loss is measured as the difference between the carrying amount of the asset and the present value of the estimated future cash flows discounted at the current market rate of return for a similar financial asset. Such impairment losses will not reverse in subsequent periods.

Financial liabilities and equity instruments

Financial liabilities and equity instruments issued by a group entity are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into and the definitions of a financial liability and an equity instrument.

An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the Group after deducting all of its liabilities.

The Group's financial liabilities including trade and other payables, amounts due to joint ventures and borrowings are subsequently measured at amortised cost, using the effective interest method.

4. 主要會計政策(續)

金融工具(續)

財務資產(續)

可供出售財務資產(續)

在活躍市場並無市場報價且未能可 靠衡量公平值之可供出售股本投 資,於報告期末按成本減任何已識 別減值虧損計算。當有客觀證據 明該資產出現減值,則減值虧損計 到減值虧損金額以 產賬面值與按類近財務資產現行 場回報率貼現之估計日後現金流量 現值之差額計算。該等減值虧損不 會於其後期間撥回。

財務負債及股本工具

由集團實體發行之財務負債及股本 工具乃根據已訂立合約安排之性 質,與財務負債及股本工具之定義 分類。

股本工具乃任何可證明本集團資產 中擁有剩餘權益(經扣除其所有負 債後)之合約。

本集團財務負債包括應付貿易賬款 及其他應付賬款、應付合資企業款 項以及借款,其後採用實際利率法 以攤銷成本計算。

For the year ended 31st December, 2017 截至二零一七年十二月三十一日止年度

4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Financial instruments (Continued)

Financial liabilities and equity instruments (Continued)

Equity instruments

Equity instruments issued by the Company are recorded at the proceeds received, net of direct issue costs.

Repurchase of the Company's own equity instrument is recognised and deducted directly in share capital for par value and in share premium for total amount paid in excess of par value. The same amount recognised in share capital will be transferred from retained earnings to capital redemption reserve. No gain or loss is recognised in consolidated statement of profit or loss on the purchase, sale, issue or cancellation of the Company's own equity instruments.

Effective interest method

The effective interest method is a method of calculating the amortised cost of a financial liability and of allocating interest expense over the relevant period. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash payments (including all fees paid or received that form an integral part of the effective interest rate, transaction costs and other premiums or discounts) through the expected life of the financial liability, or, where appropriate, a shorter period to the net carrying amount on initial recognition.

Interest expense is recognised on an effective interest basis for debt instruments.

4. 主要會計政策(續)

金融工具(續)

財務負債及股本工具(續)

股本工具

由本公司發行之股本工具按收取之 款項扣除直接發行成本入賬。

購回本公司本身之股本工具乃直接 於股本按面值確認及扣除,並於股 份溢價按已付總額超出面值之差額 確認及扣除。於股本確認之同一金 額將自保留溢利轉撥至資本贖回儲 備。購買、出售、發行或註銷本公 司本身股本工具時不會於綜合損益 表內確認盈虧。

實際利率法

實際利率法乃計算財務負債之攤銷成本及按有關期間攤分利息開支之方法。實際利率指於初步確認時按財務負債預計年期或較短期間(如適用)將估計日後現金付款(包括實際利率組成部份之所有已付或已收費用、交易成本及其他溢價或折讓)準確貼現至賬面淨值之利率。

利息開支乃按債務工具之實際利率 基準確認。

4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Financial instruments (Continued)

Financial guarantee contracts

A financial guarantee contract is a contract that requires the issuer to make specified payments to reimburse the holder for a loss it incurs because a specified debtor fails to make payment when due in accordance with the terms of a debt instrument.

Financial guarantee contracts issued by the Group are initially measured at their fair values and, if not designated as at fair value through profit or loss, are subsequently measured at the higher of:

- (i) the amount of obligation under the contract, as determined in accordance with HKAS 37 "Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets"; and
- (ii) the amount initially recognised less, where appropriate, cumulative amortisation recognised over the guarantee period.

Derecognition

Financial assets are derecognised when the rights to receive cash flows from the assets expire. On derecognition of a financial asset, the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the sum of the consideration received and receivable and the cumulative gain or loss that had been recognised in other comprehensive income is recognised in the consolidated statement of profit or loss.

Financial liabilities are derecognised when the obligation specified in the relevant contract is discharged, cancelled or have expired. The difference between the carrying amount of the financial liability derecognised and the consideration paid and payable is recognised in the consolidated statement of profit or loss.

4. 主要會計政策(續)

金融工具(續)

財務擔保合約

財務擔保合約乃規定發行人向持有 人支付指定金額,以補償持有人由 於指定債務人未能根據債務工具條 款於到期時履行付款而蒙受之損失。

本集團發出之財務擔保合約初步按 其公平值計量,且倘有關財務擔保 合約並非指定為按公平值計入損 益,則其後乃按以下各項較高者計 量:

- (i) 合約責任金額(根據《香港會 計準則》第37號「撥備、或然負 債及或然資產」釐定);及
- (ii) 初步確認金額減(如適用)擔 保期內確認之累計攤銷。

取消確認

當資產收取現金之權利已屆滿時取消確認。於取消確認財務資產時,資產賬面值與已收及應收代價及已直接於其他全面收益確認之累計損益之總和之差額,將於綜合損益表中確認。

財務負債於有關合約訂明的責任獲解除、取消或屆滿時取消確認。取消確認之財務負債賬面值與已付及應付代價之差額乃於綜合損益表中確認。

For the year ended 31st December, 2017 截至二零一七年十二月三十一日止年度

4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Impairment losses other than goodwill and financial assets

At the end of the reporting period, the Group reviews the carrying amounts of its assets to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have suffered an impairment loss. Recoverable amount is the higher of fair value less costs to sell and value in use. If the recoverable amount of an asset is estimated to be less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of the asset is reduced to its recoverable amount. An impairment loss is recognised as an expense immediately.

Where an impairment loss subsequently reverses, the carrying amount of the asset is increased to the revised estimate of its recoverable amount, but so that the increased carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset in prior years. A reversal of an impairment loss is recognised as income immediately.

Investment properties

Investment properties are properties held to earn rentals and/or for capital appreciation.

On initial recognition, investment properties are measured at cost, including any directly attributable expenditure. Subsequent to initial recognition, investment properties are measured at their fair values using the fair value model. Gains or losses arising from changes in the fair value of investment property are included in the consolidated statement of profit or loss for the period in which they arise.

An investment property is derecognised upon disposal or when the investment property is permanently withdrawn from use or no future economic benefits is expected from its disposals. Any gain or loss arising on derecognition of the asset (calculated as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset) is included in the consolidated statement of profit or loss in the year in which the item is derecognised.

4. 主要會計政策(續)

減值虧損(商譽及財務資產 除外)

於報告期末,本集團審核其資產之 賬面值以確定該等資產是否出現減 值虧損跡象。可收回金額為公平值 減銷售成本與使用價值兩者之較高 者。若估計某項資產之可收回金額 低於其賬面值時,則該項資產之賬 面值將調低至其可收回金額。減值 虧損將即時確認為開支。

若隨後撥回減值虧損,則該項資產 之賬面值將增至調整後之估計可收 回金額,惟此增加之賬面值不得超 過以往年度確認減值虧損前已釐定 之賬面值。減值虧損撥回將即時確 認為收入。

投資物業

投資物業指持作賺取租金及/或資 本增值之物業。

於初次確認時,投資物業按成本(包括任何直接應佔費用)計算。於初次確認後,投資物業乃採用公平值模式按彼等之公平值計算。在投資物業公平值變動時產生之收益或虧損計入其產生期間內之綜合損益表中。

投資物業於出售後或永久不再使用 或預期不能從出售中獲取未來經濟 利益時取消確認。取消確認資產 後,產生之任何損益(根據資產出 售所得款項淨額與賬面值之差額計 算)會在該項目取消確認之年度內 計入綜合損益表中。

4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment, including leasehold land and buildings held for use in the production or supply of goods or services, or for administrative purposes other than construction work-in-progress, are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses, if any.

Construction work-in-progress is stated at cost less any identified impairment loss. When the construction is completed and the asset is available for use, the related cost is transferred to appropriate category of property, plant and equipment and depreciated in accordance with the following policy.

Depreciation is recognised so as to write off the cost of assets other than construction work-in-progress less than their residual values over their estimated useful lives, using the straight-line method.

If an item of property, plant and equipment becomes an investment property because its use has changed as evidenced by end of owner-occupation, any difference between the carrying amount and the fair value of that item at the date of transfer is recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in revaluation reserve. On the subsequent sale or retirement of the asset, the relevant revaluation reserve will be transferred directly to retained earnings.

An item of property, plant and equipment is derecognised upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected to arise from the continued use of the asset. Any gain or loss arising on derecognition of the asset (calculated as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the item) is included in the consolidated statement of profit or loss in the year in which the item is derecognised.

4. 主要會計政策(續)

物業、廠房及設備

物業、廠房及設備,包括就生產或 供應貨物或服務或作行政用途而持 有之租賃土地及樓宇(在建工程除 外)乃以成本值減累計折舊及累計 減值虧損(如有)列賬。

在建工程按成本值減去任何已識別 之減值虧損入賬。當工程完成後及 該資產可投入使用時,有關成本則 按適當類別撥入物業、廠房及設 備,並按以下政策作折舊撥備。

除在建工程外,折舊採用直線法予 以確認,以便於其估計可使用年期 撤銷資產成本減去其估計剩餘價值。

倘物業、廠房及設備項目可證明其 用途已不再自用而改變成為投資物 業,該項目於轉撥日期之賬面值與 其公平值之任何差額於其他全面收 益內確認,並於重估儲備累計。倘 資產其後出售或報廢,相關重估儲 備將直接轉撥至保留溢利。

物業、廠房及設備項目於出售或預期持續使用該資產不會產生未來經濟利益時,該項目會被取消確認。 在取消確認資產時所產生之任何盈虧(根據資產出售所得款項淨額與 賬面值之差額計算)會在該項目被 取消確認之年度內計入綜合損益表中。

For the year ended 31st December, 2017 截至二零一七年十二月三十一日止年度

4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Properties held for sale/properties under development (current asset)

Properties held for sale/properties under development (current asset) are stated at the lower of cost/deemed cost and estimated net realisable value. Properties under development which are intended for sale in the ordinary course of business upon completion are classified as current assets.

Properties transferred from investment properties to properties held for sale are stated at deemed cost on date of transfer.

Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of qualifying assets, are capitalised as part of the cost of those assets. Capitalisation of such borrowing costs ceases when the assets are substantially ready for their intended use or sale. Investment income earned on the temporary investment of specific borrowings pending their expenditure on qualifying assets is deducted from the borrowing costs eligible for capitalisation.

All other borrowing costs are recognised in the consolidated statement of profit or loss in the year in which they are incurred.

Revenue recognition

Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable and represents amounts receivable for goods sold and services provided in the normal course of business, net of discount.

Revenue is recognised when the amount of revenue can be reliably measured; when it is probable that future economic benefits will flow to the Group and when specific criteria have been met for each of the Group's activities, as described below.

4. 主要會計政策(續)

待售物業/發展中物業 (流動資產)

待售物業/發展中物業(流動資產) 以成本值/視作成本值及估計可變 現淨值兩者中之較低者列賬。擬於 竣工後作日常業務中出售的發展中 物業分類為流動資產。

自投資物業轉撥至待售物業之物業 於轉撥日以視作成本值入賬。

借貸成本

因收購、建築或生產合資格資產直 接產生之借貸成本,會資本化作該 等資產之部份成本。當資產大致上 可作原定用途或銷售時,即停止將 借貸成本資本化。特定借貸用於合 資格資產之前作為短暫投資所賺取 之投資收入於撥作資本之借貸成本 中扣除。

所有其他借貸成本均計入在其產生 之年度內的綜合損益表中。

收入確認

收入是按已收或應收代價的公平值 計算,即於日常業務過程中所出售 的貨品及提供服務扣除折扣後之應 收賬款。

當未來經濟利益可能流入本集團, 而收入數額能可靠地計量,且符合 以下本集團各業務的特定準則時確 認收入。

4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Revenue recognition (Continued)

When properties are developed for sale, income is recognised only when the respective properties have been completed and delivered to the buyers. Payments received from purchasers prior to this stage are recorded as receipts in advance under current liabilities.

Interest income from a financial asset excluding financial assets at fair value through profit or loss is accrued on a time basis, by reference to the principal outstanding and at the effective interest rate applicable, which is the rate that exactly discounts the estimated future cash receipts through the expected life of the financial asset to that asset's net carrying amount on initial recognition.

Revenue from sale of goods is recognised when the goods are delivered and title has passed.

Revenue from provision of services is recognised when the services are rendered.

Sales of investments held for trading is recognised on a trade date basis.

Property management fee income is recognised on an appropriate basis over the relevant period in which the services are rendered.

Rental income under operating leases is recognised on a straight-line basis over the terms of the relevant lease.

Revenue from media and entertainment events organised by co-investors is recognised, when the events are completed and the revenue is agreed with co-investors.

Dividend income from investments is recognised when the Group's rights to receive payment have been established.

4. 主要會計政策(續)

收入確認(續)

待售物業之收入須在各物業竣工及 交付買家時,始行確認入賬。此階 段前買家所支付的款項概列於流動 負債項下作預收款項。

財務資產(不包括按公平值計入損益之財務資產)之利息收入乃以時間為基準,按未償還本金及適用之實際利率計提,而實際利率為於初步確認時透過財務資產預計年期將估計日後現金收入準確貼現至該資產賬面淨值之利率。

出售貨品之收入在貨品交付及所有 權轉移時入賬。

從提供服務所得的收入,在提供服 務時入賬。

出售待售投資按銷售日期基準確認。

物業管理費收入按適當的基準,在 有關期間內提供服務時入賬。

經營租賃下之租金收入以直線法按 有關租約年期確認。

共同投資者舉辦的媒體及娛樂項目 的收入,在項目完成後該收入與共 同投資者協定時確認。

來自投資之股息收入在本集團獲得 收取付款之權利時入賬。

For the year ended 31st December, 2017 截至二零一七年十二月三十一日止年度

4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Foreign currencies

In preparing the financial statements of each individual group entity, transactions in currencies other than the functional currency of that entity (foreign currencies) are recorded in the respective functional currency (i.e. the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates) at the rates of exchanges prevailing on the dates of the transactions. At the end of the reporting period, monetary items denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rates prevailing at that date. Non-monetary items carried at fair value that are denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rates prevailing on the date when the fair value was determined. Non-monetary items that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are not retranslated.

Exchange differences on monetary items are recognised in consolidated statement of profit or loss in the period in which they arise except for exchange differences on monetary items receivable from or payable to a foreign operation for which settlement is neither planned nor likely to occur (therefore forming part of the net investment in the foreign operation), which are recognised initially in other comprehensive income and reclassified from equity to profit or loss on repayment of the monetary items.

For the purposes of presenting the consolidated financial statements, the assets and liabilities of the Group's foreign operations are translated into the presentation currency of the Group (i.e. Hong Kong dollars ("HKD")) at the rate of exchange prevailing at the end of the reporting period, and their income and expenses are translated at the average exchange rates for the year, unless exchange rates fluctuate significantly during the period, in which case, the exchange rates prevailing at the dates of transactions are used. Exchange differences arising, if any, are recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity (foreign currencies translation reserves). Such exchange differences are reclassified in the consolidated statement of profit or loss in the period in which the foreign operation is disposed of.

4. 主要會計政策(續)

外幣

於編製各集團實體之財務報表時,以該實體之功能貨幣以外之貨幣(外 幣)進行之交易乃按交易日期之適 用匯率折算以相關功能貨幣(即 實體經營業務之主要經濟環境之 幣)記錄。於報告期末,以外幣 值之貨幣項目按該日期之適用 重新換算。按公平值入賬及以 種 對之非貨幣項目按公平值獲 當日之適用匯率重新換算。以外 過往成本計算之非貨幣項目毋須重 新換算。

貨幣項目之匯兑差額乃於其產生期間於綜合損益表確認,惟應收或應付海外業務而結算並無計劃亦不可能發生(因此構成海外業務投資額之一部分)之貨幣項目之匯兑差額除外,該等匯兑差額初步於其他全面收益內確認,並於償還貨幣項目時自權益重新分類至損益表。

4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Taxation

Taxation represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from "profit before taxation" as reported in the consolidated statement of profit or loss because it excludes items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and it further excludes items that are never taxable or deductible. The Group's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

Deferred tax is recognised on differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the consolidated financial statements and the corresponding tax base used in the computation of taxable profit. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all taxable temporary differences and deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which deductible temporary differences can be utilised. Such assets and liabilities are not recognised if the temporary difference arises from goodwill or from the initial recognition (other than in a business combination) of other assets and liabilities in a transaction that affects neither the taxable profit nor the accounting profit.

Deferred tax liabilities are recognised for taxable temporary differences arising on investments in subsidiaries and interests in associates and joint ventures, except where the Group is able to control the reversal of the temporary difference and it is probable that the temporary difference will not reverse in the foreseeable future. Deferred tax assets arising from deductible temporary differences associated with such investments and interests are only recognised to the extent that it is probable that there will be sufficient taxable profits against which to utilise the benefits of the temporary differences and they are expected to reverse in the foreseeable future.

4. 主要會計政策(續)

税項

税項指即期應付税項及遞延税項之 總和。

即期應付税項乃按年度之應課税溢利計算。由於應課税溢利不包括於其他年度應課税收入或可扣税之開支項目,亦不包括無需課税或不可作税項扣減之開支,故應課税溢不可與於綜合損益表所報之「除税前溢利」有所不同。本集團即期税項負債採用於報告期末已頒佈或實際頒佈之税率計算。

For the year ended 31st December, 2017 截至二零一七年十二月三十一日止年度

4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Taxation (Continued)

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at the end of the reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period when the liability is settled or the asset is realised, based on tax rate (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

The measurement of deferred tax assets and liabilities reflects the tax consequences that would follow from the manner in which the Group expects, at the end of the reporting period, to recover or settle the carrying amount of its assets and liabilities.

For the purposes of measuring deferred taxes for investment properties that are measured using the fair value model, the carrying amounts of such properties are presumed to be recovered entirely through sale, unless the presumption is rebutted. The presumption is rebutted when the investment property is depreciable and is held within a business model whose objective is to consume substantially all of the economic benefits embodied in the investment property over time. If the presumption is rebutted, deferred tax for such investment properties are measured in accordance with the general principles set out in HKAS 12 "Income Taxes" (i.e. based on the expected manner as to how the properties will be recovered).

Current tax and deferred tax are recognised in the consolidated statement of profit or loss, except when they relate to items charged or credited directly to other comprehensive income, in which case the current and deferred tax are also recognised in other comprehensive income.

4. 主要會計政策(續)

税項(續)

遞延税項資產之賬面值乃於報告期 末進行檢討,並予以相應扣減,直 至並無足夠應課税溢利可供全部或 部份遞延税項資產可予應用為止。

遞延税項資產及負債乃按預期於負債獲償還或資產獲變現期間適用之税率(以報告期末已生效或實質上已生效之稅率(及稅法)為基準)計算。

遞延税項資產及負債之計量反映按 照本集團預期於報告期末可收回或 結算其資產及負債之賬面值方式計 算而得出之税務結果。

就計量使用公平值模式計量之投資物業之遞延税項而言,有關物業之 賬面值乃假定為透過出售獲悉數收 回(除非此假定被推翻)。當投資物 業為可折舊的並通過時間推移消耗 投資物業所含絕大部份經濟利益時 目標之商業模式持有投資物業時 制此假定被推翻。倘此假定被推翻。 所以實物業之遞延稅項則根 據《香港會計準則》第12號「所得稅」 所載之一般原則(即根據投資物業 被收回之預期方式)計量。

即期及遞延税項於綜合損益表內確認,倘該税項涉及於其他全面收益直接扣除或計入之項目,則即期及遞延税項亦會於其他全面收益中確認。

4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Inventories

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost is calculated using the weighted average method.

Share-based payment transactions

The fair value of services received determined by reference to the fair value of share options granted at the grant date is recognised as an expense in full at the grant date when the share options granted vest immediately, with a corresponding increase in share option reserve. If a director or an employee chooses to exercise options, the related share option reserve is transferred to share premium. When the share options are forfeited after the vesting date or are still not exercised at the expiry date, the related share option reserve is transferred directly to retained earnings.

Leasing

Leases are classified as finance leases whenever the terms of the lease transfer substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership to the lessee. All other leases are classified as operating leases.

The Group as lessor

Rental income from operating leases is recognised in the consolidated statement of profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the terms of the relevant lease.

The Group as lessee

Operating lease payments are recognised as an expense on a straight-line basis over the terms of the relevant lease. Benefits received and receivable as an incentive to enter into an operating lease are recognised as a reduction of rental expense over the lease terms on a straight-line basis.

4. 主要會計政策(續)

存貨

存貨乃按成本值及可變現淨值兩者 中之較低者入賬。成本以加權平均 法計算。

股權支付交易

倘於購股權授出日即時歸屬,則參 考購股權授出日的購股權的公平值 所釐定之獲得服務之公平值將悉 確認為開支,並在購股權儲備中 出相應增加。倘董事或僱員選擇行 使購股權,則相關購股權儲備專援 至股份溢價。倘購股權於歸屬日期 後被沒收或於屆滿日期仍未行使別 則相關購股權儲備直接轉撥至保留 溢利。

租賃

當租賃之條款實質上將擁有權之所 有重大部份風險和回報轉至承租 人,該租賃即歸類為融資租賃。其 他租賃全部列作經營租賃。

本集團作為出租人

經營租賃的租金收入乃按有關租賃 年期以直線法於綜合損益表中確認。

本集團作為承租人

經營租賃款項乃按相關租賃年期以 直線法確認作開支。作為促使訂立 經營租賃之已收及應收利益,以直 線法按租賃年期確認為租金開支扣 減。

For the year ended 31st December, 2017 截至二零一七年十二月三十一日止年度

4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Leasing (Continued)

Leasehold land and building

When a lease includes both land and building elements, the Group assesses the classification of each element as a finance or an operating lease separately based on the assessment as to whether substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership of each element have been transferred to the Group, unless it is clear that both elements are operating leases, in which case the entire lease is classified as an operating lease. Specifically, the minimum lease payments (including any lump-sum upfront payments) are allocated between the land and the building elements in proportion to the relative fair values of the leasehold interests in the land element and building element of the lease at the inception of the lease.

To the extent the allocation of the lease payments can be made reliably, interest in leasehold land that is accounted for as an operating lease is presented as "lease premium for land" in the consolidated statement of financial position and is amortised over the lease terms on a straight-line basis except for those that are classified and accounted for as investment properties under the fair value model.

Retirement benefit cost

Payments to defined contribution retirement benefit schemes are charged as expenses when employees have rendered service entitling them to the contributions.

Short-term employee benefits

Short-term employee benefits are recognised at the undiscounted amount of the benefits expected to be paid as and when employees rendered the services. All the short-term employee benefits are recognised as an expense unless another HKFRS requires or permits the inclusion of the benefit in the cost of an asset.

4. 主要會計政策(續)

租賃(續)

租賃土地及樓宇

在租金能在可靠分配的情況下,被列為經營租賃的租賃土地權益於綜合財務狀況表中呈列為「土地租賃費用」,並於租期內按直線基準攤銷,惟以公平值模式分類及入賬列作投資物業者除外。

退休福利成本

對界定供款退休福利計劃之供款於 僱員提供服務而符合領取供款資格 時列為費用。

短期僱員福利

短期僱員福利在僱員提供服務期間 按預期就服務所支付的福利未貼現 金額確認。所有短期僱員福利確認 為開支,除非另一項《香港財務報 告準則》規定或許可將福利計入資 產成本中。

5. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS AND KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION UNCERTAINTY

In the application of the Group's accounting policies, which are described in Note 4, the Directors of the Company are required to make judgements, estimates and assumptions about the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered to be relevant. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an on-going basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised if the revision affects only that period, or in the period of the revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods.

Critical judgements in applying accounting policies

The following are the critical judgements, apart from those involving estimations (see below), that the Directors of the Company have made in the process of applying the Group's accounting policies and that have the most significant effect on the amounts recognised in the consolidated financial statements.

Deferred taxation on investment properties

For the purposes of measuring deferred tax arising from investment properties that are measured using the fair value model, the Directors of the Company have reviewed the Group's investment property portfolios and concluded that the Group's investment properties are held under a business model whose objective is to consume substantially all of the economic benefits embodied in the investment properties over time. Therefore, in measuring the Group's deferred taxation on investment properties, the Directors of the Company have determined whether the presumption that the carrying amounts of investment properties measured using the fair value model are recovered entirely through sale is rebutted and the Group has recognised deferred tax

5. 重要會計判斷及估計 不明朗因素之主要來源

於應用載於附註4之本集團會計政策時,本公司董事須對未能依循其他途徑顯易地取得之資產及負債賬面值作出判斷、估計及假設。估計及相關假設乃根據過往經驗及其他被認為相關之因素作出。實際結果可能有別於此等估計。

本集團持續檢討估計及相關假設。 倘修訂會計估計僅影響某一期間, 則於修訂有關估計之期間內確認修 訂,或倘修訂影響本期間及未來期 間,則於作出修訂之期間及未來期 間確認有關修訂。

應用會計政策的重要判斷

以下為本公司董事於應用本集團會 計政策過程中所作出而對於綜合財 務報表確認之金額具有最重大影響 之重要判斷(涉及估計者除外(見下 文))。

投資物業之遞延税項

For the year ended 31st December, 2017 截至二零一七年十二月三十一日止年度

5. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS AND KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION UNCERTAINTY

(Continued)

Critical judgements in applying accounting policies (Continued)

Deferred taxation on investment properties (Continued)

on changes in fair value of investment properties on the basis that the deferred tax reflects the tax consequences that will follow from the manner in which the Group expects at the end of the reporting period to recover the carrying amount of the investment properties.

Key sources of estimation uncertainty

The following are the key assumption concerning the future, and other key sources of estimation uncertainty at the date of reporting period, that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year.

Land appreciation tax

The Group is subject to land appreciation tax in the Mainland China. However, the implementation and settlement of the tax vary amongst different jurisdictions in various cities in the Mainland China and the Group has not finalised its land appreciation tax calculation and payments with any local tax authorities in the Mainland China. Accordingly, significant judgement is required in determining the amount of the land appreciation tax and its related income tax provisions. Land appreciation tax has been provided at ranges of progressive rates of the appreciation value, with certain allowable deductions including land costs, borrowing costs and the relevant property development expenditures, which are the key inputs in the calculation of the land appreciation tax, the Group recognised the land appreciation tax based on management's best estimates. The final tax outcome could be different from the amounts that were initially recorded, and these differences will have impact on the income tax provisions in the periods in which such tax is finalised with local tax authorities.

5. 重要會計判斷及估計 不明朗因素之主要來源

應用會計政策的重要判斷(續)

投資物業之遞延稅項(續)

本集團預期於報告期末收回投資物 業賬面值之方式反映稅務影響。

估計不明朗因素之主要來源

對於未來之主要假設及報告日估計 不明朗因素之其他主要來源(涉及 導致下個財政年度資產及負債之賬 面值出現大幅調整之重大風險)討 論如下。

土地增值税

本集團須繳納中國內地之土地增值 税。然而,中國內地各個城市不同 税務管轄區的税務實施及結算方式 有所差異,而本集團尚未與中國內 地任何地方税務部門最終確定土地 增值税之計算及支付。因此,於釐 定土地增值税金額及其相關所得税 撥備時須作出重大判斷。本集團根 據管理層之最佳估計確認土地增值 税,乃以土地增值税之若干獲准扣 減項目之關鍵輸入數據(包括土地 成本、借貸成本及相關物業發展開 支),已就增值部分按多個遞增税 率作出土地增值税撥備計算。最終 的税務結果或會與初始列賬之金額 有所不同,而此等差異將影響與地 方税務部門於確定該等税項之期間 內之所得税撥備。

5. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS AND KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION UNCERTAINTY

(Continued)

Key sources of estimation uncertainty

(Continued)

Valuation of properties under development and properties held for sale

Properties under development and properties held for sale are measured at the lower of cost or net realisable value. Net realisable value is determined by reference to Directors' estimates on future selling prices based on the prevailing market condition. The future selling prices are estimated by reference to the recent selling prices of similar properties in the same project or relevant locations. In addition, management estimated the future costs to complete the properties under development by reference to the actual development cost of the Group's other completed projects, adjusted by certain current market data. The Group has properties under development and properties held for sale in Shanghai and Macau, which exposes the Group to certain price risk. If the net realisable value is less than the cost, impairment on the properties under development and properties held for sale has to be made. Management is optimistic about the prospect of the Group's investment in the property sector and it has been cautious in formulating and reviewing regularly the Group's business plan.

Fair value measurements and valuation processes

In estimating the fair value of an asset or a liability the Group uses market-observable data to the extent it is available. Where Level 1 inputs are not available, the Group engages third party qualified valuers to establish and determine the appropriate valuation techniques and inputs to the valuation.

5. 重要會計判斷及估計 不明朗因素之主要來源

估計不明朗因素之主要來源 (續)

發展中物業及待售物業之估值

發展中物業及待售物業乃按成本或 可變現淨值之較低者計量。可變現 淨值乃經參考董事根據現行市況對 日後售價之估計後釐定。日後售價 乃經參考同一項目或相關地點之類 似物業之目前售價後作出估計。此 外,管理層參考本集團其他已竣工 項目之實際發展成本估計完成發展 中物業之未來竣工成本,並按若干 目前市場數據作出調整。本集團於 上海市及澳門擁有發展中物業及待 售物業,使本集團面臨若干價格 風險。倘可變現淨值少於成本,則 將就發展中物業及待售物業作出減 值。管理層對本集團投資房地產業 務之前景感到樂觀,並已謹慎制訂 及定期檢討本集團之業務計劃。

公平值計量及估值過程

於估計資產或負債之公平值時,本 集團盡可能使用可觀察市場數據。 倘並無第一級輸入數據可供使用, 則本集團委聘合資格第三方估值師 以設立及釐定合適估值技術及估值 之輸入數據。

For the year ended 31st December, 2017 截至二零一七年十二月三十一日止年度

5. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS AND KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION UNCERTAINTY

(Continued)

Key sources of estimation uncertainty

(Continued)

Fair value measurements and valuation processes (Continued)

The Group uses valuation technique that include inputs that are not based on observable market data to estimate the fair value of investment properties. If there are changes in facts and circumstances which result in revision of unobservable market data, such changes will impact the fair value. In accordance with HKFRS 13 "Fair Value Measurement", additional disclosures have been made (please see Notes 16 and 33 about the valuation techniques, inputs and key assumptions used in the determination of the fair value of various assets.

6. GROSS PROCEEDS FROM OPERATIONS AND REVENUE

Revenue represents the aggregate of revenue under the following headings:

(i) Property investment

represents revenue from property management and rental income

(ii) Property development and trading

represents gross revenue received and receivable from sales of properties

(iii) PVC operations

represents the gross revenue from sale of PVC pipes and fittings

5. 重要會計判斷及估計 不明朗因素之主要來源(續)

估計不明朗因素之主要來源 (續)

公平值計量及估值過程(續)

本集團採用包括並非可觀察市場數據的輸入數據之估值技術估計投資物業之公平值。倘由事實及情況變動導致非可觀察市場數據作出修訂,則有關變動將影響公平值。根據《香港財務報告準則》第13號「公平值計量」,有關用於釐定各項資產公平值之估值技術、輸入數據及主要假設已作出額外之披露(請參閱附註16及33)。

6. 經營收益總額及收入

收入指以下各項收入總額:

(i) 物業投資

指物業管理收入及租金 收入

(ii) 物業發展及銷售

指物業銷售之已收及應 收總收益

(iii) 塑膠業務

指銷售之膠管及配件所 得總收益

6. GROSS PROCEEDS FROM OPERATIONS AND REVENUE

(Continued)

(iv) Leisure

 represents the income from golf club operations and its related services

(v) Media and entertainment

 represents the gross revenue received and receivable from investment in the production of live entertainment shows, film distribution and related income

Gross proceeds from operations include the gross proceeds and dividend income received and receivable from investments held for trading under the business of securities trading, in addition to the above aggregated revenue.

Revenue and gross proceeds from each type of business for the year ended 31st December, 2017 consist of the following:

6. 經營收益總額及收入(續)

(iv) 消閒業務

- 指經營高爾夫球會業務 及其相關服務收入

(v) 媒體及娛樂業務

指投資製作現場表演節目、電影發行及相關收入 之已收及應收總收益

除以上收入總額外,經營收益總額 亦包括證券買賣業務中待售投資之 出售收益及股息收入所得之已收及 應收總收益。

截至二零一七年十二月三十一日止 年度各類業務之收入及經營收益總 額包括下列各項:

| | | 2017 | 2016 |
|--|------------|-----------|-----------|
| | | 二零一七年 | 二零一六年 |
| | | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 |
| | | 千港元 | 千港元 |
| | | | |
| Revenue from sale of properties | 銷售物業之收入 | 1,803,193 | 3,752,778 |
| Revenue from sale of goods | 銷售商品之收入 | 1,114 | 1,154 |
| Revenue from rendering of services | 高爾夫球會業務提供 | | |
| from golf club operations | 服務之收入 | 42,674 | 42,585 |
| Revenue from property rental and | 物業租金及管理費收入 | | |
| management fee | | 255,689 | 300,454 |
| Revenue from media and entertainment | 媒體及娛樂業務之收入 | | |
| business | | 4,695 | 10,085 |
| | | | |
| Revenue | 收入 | 2,107,365 | 4,107,056 |
| Gross proceeds from sale of and dividend | 待售投資之銷售及 | | |
| income from investments held for trading | 股息收入之總收益 | 60,099 | 67,140 |
| | | | |
| Gross proceeds from operations | 經營收益總額 | 2,167,464 | 4,174,196 |

For the year ended 31st December, 2017 截至二零一七年十二月三十一日止年度

7. SEGMENT INFORMATION

The Group's operating and reportable segments are based on information reported to the chief operating decision makers, the Executive Directors of the Company, for the purposes of resources allocation and performance assessment. In addition to those set out in Note 6(i) to (v), the Group's operating segments under HKFRS 8 "Operating Segments" include securities trading segment which is dealing in investments held for trading.

7. 分類資料

本集團之營運及報告分類乃按就資源分配及業績評估目的而向主要營運決策者(即本公司執行董事)所報告之資料而劃分。除附註6(i)至(v)外,本集團根據《香港財務報告準則》第8號「營運分類」之營運分類還包括買賣待售投資之證券買賣分類。

2017

二零一七年

| | | Property Investment 物業投資 HK\$'000 千港元 | Property Development and Trading 物業發展 及銷售 HK\$'000 千港元 | PVC Operations 塑膠業務 HK\$'000 千港元 | Leisure 消閒業務 HK\$'000 千港元 | Media and Entertainment 媒體及 娛樂業務 HK\$'000 千港元 | Securities Trading 證券買賣 HK\$'000 千港元 | Total 合計 HK\$'000 千港元 |
|--|----------------------------|---|--|--|------------------------------------|--|--|-----------------------------------|
| GROSS PROCEEDS FROM OPERATIONS - SEGMENT REVENUE | 經營收益總額 -分類收入 | 255,689 | 1,803,193 | 1,114 | 42,674 | 4,695 | 60,099 | 2,167,464 |
| RESULTS Segment profit (loss) | 業績 分類溢利(虧損) | 328,102 | 965,497 | (587) | (33,734) | (1,724) | 10,061 | 1,267,615 |
| Other unallocated income Unallocated expenses Finance costs | 其他不予分類收入 不予分類開支 融資費用 | | | | | | | 1,266,113 (58,519) (86,180) |
| Share of results of associates Share of results of a joint venture | 應佔聯營公司之業績 應佔一家合資企業之業績 | | | | | | | 2,389,029 (888) 12,364 |
| Profit before taxation | 除税前溢利 | | | | | | | 2,400,505 |

7. **SEGMENT INFORMATION** (Continued)

7. 分類資料(續)

2016 二零一六年

| | | | Property | | | | | |
|--|----------------------------|------------|---------------------|------------|----------|----------------------|------------|---------------------------------|
| | | Property | | PVC | | Media and | Securities | |
| | | Investment | and Trading 物業發展 | Operations | Leisure | Entertainment 媒體及 | Trading | Total |
| | | 物業投資 | 及銷售 | 塑膠業務 | 消閒業務 | 娛樂業務 | 證券買賣 | 合計 |
| | | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 |
| | | 千港元 | 千港元 | 千港元 | 千港元 | 千港元 | 千港元 | 千港元 |
| GROSS PROCEEDS FROM OPERATIONS | 經營收益總額 | | | | | | | |
| - SEGMENT REVENUE | -分類收入 | 300,454 | 3,752,778 | 1,154 | 42,585 | 10,085 | 67,140 | 4,174,196 |
| RESULTS Segment profit (loss) | 業績 分類溢利(虧損) | 762,978 | 1,240,707 | (2,690) | (31,075) | (3,193) | 8,528 | 1,975,255 |
| Other unallocated income Unallocated expenses Finance costs | 其他不予分類收入 不予分類開支 融資費用 | | | | | | | 75,594 (64,713) (232,540) |
| | | | | | | | | 1,753,596 |
| Share of results of associates Share of results of joint ventures | 應佔聯營公司之業績 應佔合資企業之業績 | | | | | | | (1,202) 7,257 |
| Profit before taxation | 除税前溢利 | | | | | | | 1,759,651 |

Except for the presentation of segment revenue which is different from the reported revenue in the consolidated statement of profit or loss, the accounting policies of the operating segments are the same as the Group's accounting policies described in Note 4. For details of revenue from each type of business and reconciliation of segment revenue to the Group's revenue of HK\$2,107,365,000 (2016: HK\$4,107,056,000), please refer to Note 6.

Segment profit (loss) represents the results by each segment without allocation of central administration costs, directors' salaries, share of results of associates and joint ventures, other non-recurring income and expenses and finance costs. This is the measure reported to the Executive Directors for the purposes of resource allocation and performance assessment.

除分類收入與綜合損益表中的報告收入之呈列方式不同外,營運分類之會計政策與本集團附註4詳述之會計政策相同。各類業務收入的詳情及分類收入與本集團收入2,107,365,000港元(二零一六年:4,107,056,000港元)之對賬詳情載於附註6。

分類溢利(虧損)指各分類的業績,並沒有計入中央行政成本、董事薪酬、應佔聯營公司之業績及應佔合資企業之業績、其他非經常性收入及開支以及融資費用。此乃向執行董事呈報資源分配及業績評估之計量。

For the year ended 31st December, 2017 截至二零一七年十二月三十一日止年度

7. SEGMENT INFORMATION (Continued)

Segment assets and liabilities are not presented as the chief operating decision makers review the consolidated financial position of the Group as a whole to assess their performance. Management focuses more on the results of the Group.

Other Information

Amounts included in the measure of segment profit or loss:

7. 分類資料(續)

主要營運決策者以審閱本集團之綜 合財務狀況以評估資產及負債整體 的表現,故並無呈列分類資產及負 債。管理層較為專注本集團之業績。

其他資料

計量分類損益之金額包括:

| | | Property Investment 物業投資 HK\$'000 千港元 | Property Development and Trading 物業發展 及銷售 HK\$'000 千港元 | PVC Operations 塑膠業務 HK\$'000 千港元 | Leisure 消閒業務 HK\$'000 千港元 | Media and Entertainment 媒體及 娛樂業務 HK\$'000 千港元 | Securities Trading 證券買賣 HK\$'000 千港元 | Unallocated 不予分類 HK\$'000 千港元 | Total 合計 HK\$'000 千港元 |
|---|-----------------------------------|---|--|--|------------------------------------|--|--|--|--------------------------------|
| 2017 | 二零一七年 | | | | | | | | |
| Depreciation of property, | 物業、廠房及設備折舊 | 99 | 4,137 | 84 | 15,082 | - | - | 367 | 19,769 |
| Amortisation of lease premium for land | 土地租賃費用攤銷 | - | - | - | 6,129 | - | - | 5 | 6,134 |
| Recovery for bad and doubtful debts | 呆壞賬收回 | 1,306 | - | 673 | - | - | - | - | 1,979 |
| Gain on fair value changes of investment properties | 投資物業公平值變動時 產生之收益 | 154,862 | - | - | - | - | - | - | 154,862 |
| 2016 | 二零一六年 | | | | | | | | |
| Depreciation of property, | 物業、廠房及設備折舊 | | | | | | | | |
| plant and equipment Amortisation of lease premium | 土地租賃費用攤銷 | 147 | 3,995 | 89 | 14,067 | - | - | 281 | 18,579 |
| for land Allowance (recovery) for | 呆壞賬撥備(收回) | - | - | - | 5,594 | - | - | 5 | 5,599 |
| bad and doubtful debts Impairment of film distribution | | (8) | - | 1,367 | - | - | - | - | 1,359 |
| rights | | - | - | - | - | 549 | - | - | 549 |
| Gain on fair value changes of investment properties Unrealised loss on fair value | 投資物業公平值變動時 產生之收益 待售投資公平值變動時 | 554,534 | - | - | - | - | - | - | 554,534 |
| changes of investments held for trading | 產生之未變現虧損 | - | - | - | - | - | 2,234 | _ | 2,234 |

7. **SEGMENT INFORMATION** (Continued)

Information about Major Customers

For the year ended 31st December, 2017, revenue from a single customer in property development and trading segment amounted to HK\$236,923,000 which contributed to approximately 11.24% of the Group's total revenue.

For the year ended 31st December, 2016, no single customer contributed to 10% or more of the Group's total revenue.

Geographical Information

The Group's operations are located in Hong Kong, Macau and Mainland China.

The Group's revenue from external customers is based on the location of the operations.

7. 分類資料(續)

有關主要客戶之資料

截至二零一七年十二月三十一日止年度,於物業發展及銷售分類中來自一位客戶之收入為236,923,000港元,佔本集團之總收入貢獻約11.24%。

截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度,概無單一客戶貢獻本集團之總收入超過10%。

地區分類資料

本集團之業務位於香港、澳門及中 國內地。

本集團源自對外客戶之收入按經營 地點分類。

| | | 2017 | 2016 |
|-------------------|----|-----------|-----------|
| | | 二零一七年 | 二零一六年 |
| | | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 |
| | | 千港元 | 千港元 |
| | | | |
| Hong Kong 香港 | | 4,695 | 10,085 |
| Macau 澳門 | | 338,657 | 704,336 |
| Mainland China 中國 | 为地 | 1,764,013 | 3,392,635 |
| | | | |
| | | 2,107,365 | 4,107,056 |

The Group's non-current assets, excluding deferred tax assets, amounts due from associates and a joint venture, pledged bank deposits and available-for-sale investments, amounted to HK\$8,546,585,000 (2016: HK\$7,792,163,000). By geographical location, the assets and operation of the associates and joint ventures are substantially situated in the Mainland China.

Analysis of Group's revenue by each type of business is set out in Note 6.

本集團之非流動資產(不包括遞延 税項資產、聯營公司欠款及一家合 資企業欠款、抵押銀行存款及可供 出售投資)合共8,546,585,000港元 (二零一六年:7,792,163,000港元)。 按地區劃分,聯營公司與合資企業 之資產及經營業務乃主要位於中國 內地。

本集團各類業務收入之分析載於附註6。

For the year ended 31st December, 2017 截至二零一七年十二月三十一日止年度

8. OTHER INCOME

8. 其他收入

| | | 2017 二零一七年 | 2016 二零一六年 |
|-----------------------------------|-------------|----------------------|---------------|
| | | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 |
| | | 千港元 | 千港元 |
| Other income included: | 其他收入包括: | | |
| Interest income | 利息收入 | 53,183 | 31,462 |
| Dividends from available-for-sale | 可供出售投資之股息收入 | | |
| investments - listed | 一上市 | 12,784 | 5,114 |
| Dividends from available-for-sale | 可供出售投資之股息收入 | | |
| investments – unlisted | 一非上市 | 73,714 | 25,581 |

9. OTHER GAINS AND LOSSES

9. 其他收益及虧損

| | | 2017 二零一七年 HK\$'000 千港元 | 2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000 千港元 |
|--|---|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| Recovery (allowance) for bad and doubtful debts, net Net gain (loss) on disposal/write off of property, plant and equipment | 呆壞賬收回(撥備)淨額 出售/撇銷物業、廠房及 設備之收益(虧損)淨額 | 1,979 | (1,359) |
| Net exchange gain (loss) Gain on liquidation of a subsidiary | 展光收益(虧損)淨額 匯兑收益(虧損)淨額 清算一家附屬公司之收益 | 19,712 8,783 30,483 | (4,393) |

10. DISPOSAL OF SUBSIDIARIES

In August 2017, the Group completed the disposal of its wholly-owned subsidiary, Tianjin Tomson Development Co., Ltd. and its subsidiary. The net assets at the date of disposal were as follows:

10. 出售附屬公司

於二零一七年八月,本集團完成出 售其全資附屬公司天津湯臣建設有 限公司及其旗下附屬公司。於出售 日期之資產淨值如下:

| | | HK\$'000 千港元 |
|---|----------------|-----------------|
| | | |
| Net consideration received in cash and | 已收現金及現金等值項目 | |
| cash equivalents | 之代價淨額 | 1,056,288 |
| Bills receivable | 應收票據 | 1,222,798 |
| Total consideration received | 已收代價總額 | 2,279,086 |
| Analysis of assets and liabilities over which control was lost: | 失去控制權之資產及負債分析: | |
| Property, plant and equipments | 物業、廠房及設備 | 638 |
| Deferred tax assets | 遞延税項資產 | 3,907 |
| Properties held for sale | 待售物業 | 2,744,296 |
| Trade and other receivables and prepayments | 應收貿易賬款、其他應收賬款 | |
| | 及預付款項 | 64,534 |
| Cash and bank balances | 現金及銀行結餘 | 730,349 |
| Trade and other payable and accruals | 應付貿易賬款、其他應付賬款 | |
| | 及預提費用 | (858,313) |
| Receipts in advance | 預收款項 | (142,203) |
| Taxation | 税項 | (25,095) |
| | | |
| Net assets disposal of | 出售資產淨值 | 2,518,113 |

For the year ended 31st December, 2017 截至二零一七年十二月三十一日止年度

10. DISPOSAL OF SUBSIDIARIES

10. 出售附屬公司(續)

(Continued)

| | | HK\$'000 千港元 |
|---|-------------------|-----------------|
| Gain on disposal of subsidiaries | 出售附屬公司之收益 | |
| Total consideration received | 已收代價總額 | 2,279,086 |
| Net assets disposed of | 出售資產淨值 | (2,518,113) |
| Non-controlling interests | 非控股股東權益 | 728,464 |
| Released statutory surplus reserve | 解除法定盈餘儲備 | 15,509 |
| Released foreign currencies translation reserve | 解除外幣兑換儲備 | 46,489 |
| Gain on disposal | 出售收益 | 551,435 |
| Net cash inflow on disposal of subsidiaries | 出售附屬公司之 現金流入淨額 | |
| Net consideration received in cash and | 已收現金及現金等值項目 | |
| cash equivalents | 之代價淨額 | 1,056,288 |
| Less: cash and cash equivalent balances disposed of | 減:出售現金及現金等值項目 | , - , |
| | 結餘 | (730,349) |
| | | 325,939 |

The bills receivable included in trade and other receivables and prepayments which was settled in February 2018.

應收貿易賬款、其他應收賬款及預 付款項中包括的應收票據已於二零 一八年二月結清。

11. FINANCE COSTS

11. 融資費用

| | | 2017 | 2016 |
|--------------------------------------|---------------|----------|----------|
| | | 二零一七年 | 二零一六年 |
| | | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 |
| | | 千港元 | 千港元 |
| | | | |
| Interest on borrowings | 借款利息 | 86,180 | 232,866 |
| Less: interest capitalised (Note 20) | 減:資本化利息(附註20) | _ | (326) |
| | | | |
| | | 86,180 | 232,540 |

Borrowing cost capitalised during prior year arose from specific borrowings.

過往年度撥作資本化之借貸成本源 自特定目的之借貸。

12. PROFIT BEFORE TAXATION

12. 除税前溢利

| | | 2017 二零一七年 HK\$'000 千港元 | 2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000 千港元 |
|---|---------------------------|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| Profit before taxation has been arrived at after charging: | 除税前溢利已扣除: | | |
| Staff costs Retirement benefit scheme contributions | 員工成本 退休福利計劃供款 | 80,368 7,461 | 88,652 8,168 |
| Total staff costs (Note) | 總員工成本(附註) | 87,829 | 96,820 |
| Auditors' remuneration Depreciation of property, plant and | 核數師酬金 物業、廠房及設備折舊 | 2,808 | 2,748 |
| equipment Amortisation of lease premium for land | 土地租賃費用攤銷 | 19,769 | 18,579 |
| (included in administrative expenses) Impairment of film distribution rights | (計入行政費用) 影片發行權攤銷 | 6,134 | 5,599 |
| (included in cost of sales) Minimum lease payment under | (計入銷售成本) 經營租賃之最低租金 | _ | 549 |
| operating leases | | 10,590 | 10,236 |
| Cost of inventories recognised as expenses | 確認為費用之存貨成本 | 678,891 | 2,146,665 |
| and after crediting: | 並已計入: | | |
| Gross rental income from investment properties | 投資物業租金收入總額 | 218,413 | 266,486 |
| Less: direct operating expenses from investment properties that generated | 減:年內產生租金收入之 投資物業之直接 | | 200,400 |
| rental income during the year | 營運費用 | (15,526) | (12,176) |
| Net rental income from investment properties | 投資物業租金收入淨額 | 202,887 | 254,310 |
| Dividends from investments held for trading (included in net gain | 待售投資之股息收入 (計入待售投資收益淨額) | | |
| in investments held for trading) | | _ | 2,892 |

For the year ended 31st December, 2017 截至二零一七年十二月三十一日止年度

12. PROFIT BEFORE TAXATION

12. 除税前溢利(續)

(Continued)

Note:

附註:

The total staff costs included emoluments paid to Directors of the Company as follows:

總員工成本包括付予本公司董事之 酬金如下:

| Name of Director | 董事姓名 | Fees 袍金 HK\$'000 千港元 | Salaries, allowances and other benefits 薪金、 津贴及 其他福利 HK\$'000 | Discretionary bonus 酌情花紅 HK\$'000 千港元 | Employer's contribution to pension scheme 僱主之 退休計劃 供款 HK\$'000 | Total emoluments 酬金總額 HK\$'000 千港元 |
|---|--|-------------------------------|--|---|--|--|
| 2017 | 二零一七年 | | | | | |
| Executive Directors Madam Hsu Feng (Managing Director) Mr Albert Tong Mr Tong Chi Kar Charles Mr Yeung Kam Hoi | 執行董事 徐 楓女士 (董事總經理) 湯子同先生 湯子嘉先生 楊錦海先生 | - - - - | 9,918 3,789 3,291 2,419 | - - - - | - 18 18 | 9,918 3,807 3,309 2,419 |
| Independent Non-Executive Directors Mr Cheung Siu Ping, Oscar Mr Lee Chan Fai Mr Sean S J Wang | 獨立非執行董事 張兆平先生 李燦輝先生 王少劍先生 | 150 150 150 | - - - | - - - | - - - | 150 150 150 |
| | | 450 | 19,417 | _ | 36 | 19,903 |
| 2016 | 二零一六年 | | | | | |
| Executive Directors Madam Hsu Feng (Managing Director) Mr Albert Tong Mr Tong Chi Kar Charles Mr Yeung Kam Hoi | 執行董事 徐 楓女士 (董事總經理) 湯子同先生 湯子嘉先生 楊錦海先生 | - - - - | 9,697 3,685 3,185 2,418 | 1,000 - 1,000 | - 18 18 - | 9,697 4,703 3,203 3,418 |
| Independent Non-Executive Directors | 獨立非執行董事 | | | | | |
| Mr Cheung Siu Ping, Oscar Mr Lee Chan Fai Mr Sean S J Wang | 張兆平先生 李燦輝先生 王少劍先生 | 143 143 143 | - - - | - - - | - - - | 143 143 143 |
| | | 429 | 18,985 | 2,000 | 36 | 21,450 |

12. PROFIT BEFORE TAXATION

(Continued)

No Directors waived any emoluments for both years.

The Executive Directors' emoluments shown above were for their services in connection with the management of the affairs of the Group. The Independent Non-executive Directors' emoluments shown above were their remuneration as Directors of the Company.

Senior management only comprises the Executive Directors listed above, so no separate disclosure for remuneration of senior management is presented.

During the year, the five highest paid individuals of the Group included four (2016: four) Executive Directors whose emoluments are reflected in the analysis presented above. The emolument of remaining highest paid individual is as below.

12. 除税前溢利(續)

於兩個年度內概無董事放棄任何酬金。

上述執行董事之酬金是就彼等有關 管理本集團事務所提供的服務而支 付。上述獨立非執行董事之酬金是 就彼等擔任本公司董事的報酬。

高級管理人員僅包括上文載列之執 行董事,故並無獨立披露高級管理 人員之薪酬。

年內,本集團五名最高薪酬人士包括四名(二零一六年:四名)執行董事,彼等之酬金已於上文分析中反映。餘下最高薪酬人士之酬金如下:

| | | 2017 | 2016 |
|---|------------|----------|----------|
| | | 二零一七年 | 二零一六年 |
| | | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 |
| | | 千港元 | 千港元 |
| | | | |
| Salaries, allowances and other benefits | 薪金、津貼及其他福利 | 1,695 | 1,952 |
| Retirement benefit scheme contributions | 退休福利計劃供款 | 18 | 18 |
| | | | |
| | | 1,713 | 1,970 |

For the year ended 31st December, 2017 截至二零一七年十二月三十一日止年度

13. TAXATION

13. 税項

| | | 2017 | 2016 |
|--|------------------|-----------|-----------|
| | | 二零一七年 | 二零一六年 |
| | | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 |
| | | 千港元 | 千港元 |
| The charge comprises: | 支出包括: | | |
| Mainland China Enterprise Income Tax | 中國內地企業所得税 | 316,060 | 246,441 |
| • | | ŕ | |
| Mainland China Land Appreciation Tax | 中國內地土地增值稅 | | |
| ("LAT") | | 391,454 | 545,420 |
| ` ' | | 0, 11, 12 | , |
| Macau Complementary Tax | 澳門所得補充稅 | 29,196 | 60,705 |
| | 00110114 1100000 | 27,270 | |
| Dividend withholding tax | 股息扣繳税 | 627 | 4,285 |
| Underprovision (overprovision) | 過往年度撥備不足 | | |
| in prior years | (超額撥備) | | |
| – Mainland China Enterprise Income Tax | 一中國內地企業所得稅 | 35,121 | 5,240 |
| Dividend withholding tax | 一股息扣繳稅 | | 7,240 |
| - Dividend withholding tax | 八人 心 7日 两人 化 | (376) | |
| | | 772,082 | 862,091 |
| Deferred tax charge (credit) (Note 31) | 遞延税項開支(抵免) | | |
| Deterred tax charge (credit) (110te 91) | (附註31) | 283,758 | (110,107) |
| | / LI1 HT ? I / | 203,/ 30 | (110,107) |
| Total tax charges for the year | 年度税項開支總額 | 1,055,840 | 751,984 |
| | | | |

The Hong Kong Profits Tax is calculated at 16.5% (2016: 16.5%). No provision in Hong Kong Profits Tax has been made since the assessable profit was wholly absorbed by tax losses brought forward for both years.

The Macau Complementary Tax is levied at 12% (2016: 12%) on the taxable income for the year.

The income tax rate of the Mainland China subsidiaries for the year ended 31st December, 2017 is 25% (2016: 25%).

香港利得税所使用之税率為16.5% (二零一六年:16.5%)。本年度並 無香港利得税撥備,因兩個年度內 於香港產生之應課税溢利由承前税 項虧損全面抵銷。

年內,澳門所得補充税乃以應課税收入之12%(二零一六年:12%)徵收。

截至二零一七年十二月三十一日止 年度中國內地之附屬公司之所得税 税率為25%(二零一六年:25%)。

13. TAXATION (Continued)

The charge for the year can be reconciled to the profit before taxation per the consolidated statement of profit or loss as follows:

13. 税項(續)

年度支出與綜合損益表之除税前溢 利之對賬如下:

| | | 2017 二零一七年 HK\$'000 千港元 | 2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000 千港元 |
|---|---------------------------------------|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| Profit before taxation (excluding share of results of associates and joint ventures) | 除税前溢利(不包括應佔 聯營公司及合資企業 之業績) | 2,389,029 | 1,753,596 |
| Tax at the domestic income tax rate of 25% (2016: 25%) (<i>Note</i> (1)) | 按本地所得税税率25% (二零一六年:25%) | | (22,222 |
| Tax effect of tax losses not recognised | 計算之税項(附註(1)) 未確認税項虧損之 税務影響 | 597,257 3,208 | 438,399 20,029 |
| Tax effect of expenses that are not deductible in determining taxable profit | 釐定應課税溢利時不可作 扣税開支之税務影響 | 39,355 | 69,767 |
| Tax effect of income that is not assessable in determining taxable profit Recognition of tax losses not previously | 釐定應課税溢利時毋須作 課税收入之税務影響 確認過往尚未確認之 | (35,773) | (12,877) |
| recognised (Note (2)) Effect of tax rate in difference jurisdiction | 税項虧損(附註(2)) 不同司法權區之税率影響 | - 61,840 | (62,956) (65,764) |
| Utilisation of tax losses previously not recognised Underprovision of income taxes | 動用以往未確認之 税項虧損 過往年度所得税撥備不足 | (18,297) | (62) |
| in prior years Effect on Mainland China LAT | 中國內地土地增值稅 | 34,745 | 5,240 |
| Dividend withholding tax | 之影響 股息扣繳税 | 372,878 627 | 355,923 4,285 |
| Tax expense for the year | 年度税項開支 | 1,055,840 | 751,984 |

Details of deferred taxation are set out in Note 31.

Notes:

- The domestic income tax rate is the income tax rate of the jurisdiction where the major operations of the Group are based.
- (2) For the year ended 31st December, 2016, deferred tax asset of HK\$62,956,000 was recognised in respect of tax losses of a subsidiary not previously recognised in view that such tax losses were expected to be utilised upon disposal of a joint venture (see Note 24 for details).

遞延税項之詳情載於附註31。

附註:

- (1) 本地所得税率為本集團主要業務 所處之司法權區之所得税率。
- (2) 於截至二零一六年十二月三十一 日止年度,一家附屬公司過往尚 未確認之税項虧損獲確認為遞延 税項資產62,956,000港元,因為預 期有關税項虧損將於出售一家合 資企業時獲動用(詳情見附註 24)。

For the year ended 31st December, 2017 截至二零一七年十二月三十一日止年度

14. DIVIDEND

Subsequent to the end of reporting period, the Directors have declared payment of an interim dividend of 43 HK cents per share (2016: 43 HK cents per share) amounting to approximately HK\$810,801,000 (2016: HK\$737,476,000) for the year ended 31st December, 2017.

Of the dividend paid during 2017, approximately HK\$553,064,000 (2016: HK\$239,430,000) were settled in fully paid shares under the Company's scrip dividend scheme approved by the Board on 29th March, 2017 in respect of the interim dividend for the year ended 31st December, 2016.

15. EARNINGS PER SHARE

The calculation of the basic earnings per share attributable to the owners of the Company is based on the following data:

14. 股息

於報告期末後,董事宣派截至二零一七年十二月三十一日止年度之中期股息每股43港仙(二零一六年:每股43港仙),合共約為810,801,000港元(二零一六年:737,476,000港元)。

根據董事局於二零一七年三月二十九日就截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度之中期股息批准之以股代息計劃,本公司於二零一七年已付股息中約553,064,000港元(二零一六年:239,430,000港元)以繳足股份方式支付。

15. 每股盈利

本公司權益持有人應佔每股基本盈 利乃根據以下資料計算:

| | | 2017 | 2016 |
|---|--|---------------|---------------|
| | | 二零一七年 | 二零一六年 |
| | | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 |
| | | 千港元 | 千港元 |
| Earnings Profit for the year attributable to owners of the Company for the purposes of basic earnings per share | 盈利 年內用以計算每股基本 盈利之本公司權益 持有人應佔溢利 | 1,255,486 | 876,256 |
| Number of shares | 股份數目 | | |
| Weighted average number of ordinary | 計算每股基本盈利之 | | |
| shares for the purpose of basic | 普通股加權平均數 | | |
| earnings per share | | 1,808,030,689 | 1,657,387,632 |

No diluted earnings per share is presented as there was no potential ordinary share in issue during both years.

由於兩個年度均無潛在普通股發行,故並無呈列每股攤薄後盈利。

16. INVESTMENT PROPERTIES

16. 投資物業

| | | Fair value hierarchy 公平值等級 | 2017 二零一七年 HK\$'000 千港元 | 2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000 千港元 |
|----------------------------|----------|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| | | | 1 他儿 | 一个儿 |
| AT FAIR VALUE | 公平值 | | | |
| At 1st January | 於一月一日 | | 7,339,691 | 7,258,654 |
| Addition | 添置 | | 7,343 | 1,021 |
| Gain on fair value changes | 公平值變動時產生 | | | |
| | 之收益 | | 154,862 | 554,534 |
| Exchange adjustments | 匯兑調整 | | 559,575 | (474,518) |
| | | | | |
| At 31st December | 於十二月三十一日 | Level 3 | | |
| | | 第三級 | 8,061,471 | 7,339,691 |

There were no transfers into or out of Level 3 during the year.

The Group's investment properties are held outside Hong Kong and are held under operating leases.

The fair value of the Group's investment properties at 31st December, 2017 has been arrived at on the basis of a valuation carried out on that date by a professional independent valuer not connected with the Group. The valuation was arrived at by reference to market yield expected by investors for similar type of properties and the net income derived from existing tenancies with due allowance for reversionary income potential of the properties on a recurring basis, and market evidence of transaction prices for similar properties. As a result of the valuation, an unrealised gain on property valuation of approximately HK\$154,862,000 (2016: HK\$554,534,000) was credited to the consolidated statement of profit or loss for the year ended 31st December, 2017.

In estimating the fair value of the properties, the highest and best use of the properties is their current use.

The Group's property interests held under operating leases to earn rentals or for capital appreciation purposes are measured using the fair value model and are classified and accounted for as investment properties.

年內,並無轉入第三級或自第三級 轉出。

本集團的投資物業於香港境外持 有,並按經營租賃持有。

於二零一七年十二月三十一日,本 集團之投資物業公平值乃按與本集 團概無關連的獨立專業估值師於當 日進行的估值為基準入賬。估估市 多考投資者所預期類近物業之市 協產率及按經常性質源自現有租 物淨收入並計及物業復歸收入的 對近物業的市場買賣價作出 規收益約154,862,000港元(二 計 人 一六年:554,534,000港元)已計 在 在 至 一年度之綜合損益表內。

估計物業之公平值時,物業之最高 及最佳使用為其目前用途。

本集團按經營租賃持有,以賺取租 金或作資本增值用途的物業權益乃 按公平值模式計算,並分類及列作 為投資物業。

For the year ended 31st December, 2017 截至二零一七年十二月三十一日止年度

16. INVESTMENT PROPERTIES (Continued)

The following table gives information about how the fair values of the major investment properties are determined (in particular, the valuation techniques and inputs used), as well as the fair value hierarchy into which the fair value measurements are categorised (Levels 1 to 3) based on the degree to which the inputs to the fair value measurements is observable.

16. 投資物業 (續)

下表提供有關根據公平值計量之輸入數據之可觀察程度如何釐定主要投資物業之公平值(特別是所使用的估值技術及輸入數據)及公平值計量所劃分的公平值等級(第一級至第三級)的資料。

| Investment properties held by the Group in the consolidated statement of financial position 於綜合財務狀況表內本集團所持投資物業 | Fair value hierarchy 公平值等級 | Valuation technique(s) and key input(s) 估值技術及 主要輸入數據 | Significant unobservable input(s) 重大非可觀察 輸入數據 | Relationship of unobservable inputs for fair value and sensitivity 非可觀察輸入數據與公平值及敏感度之關係 |
|--|----------------------------------|---|---|--|
| Commercial properties – not developed by the Group | Level 3 | Investment approach The key inputs are: 1. Reversionary yield; 2. Market unit rent of individual unit; and 3. Adjustment factors for location and other individual factors such as road frontage, size of property and facilities | Reversionary yield, taking into account annual unit market rental income and unit market value of the comparable properties of 2.75% (2016: 3.0%) | The slight increase in the reversionary yield would result in a significant decrease in fair value, and vice versa |
| 商用物業 一並非由本集團發展 | 第三級 | 投資方式 主要輸入數據為: 1.復歸收益率; 2.個別單位的 市場單位租金;及 | 經計入單位市場年度租金 收入及可作比較物業的 單位市值,復歸收益率 為2.75%(二零一六年: 3.0%) | 復歸收益率輕微上升將導 致公平值大幅下跌,反 之亦然 |

3. 所在地的調整因素 及其他個別因素 (如臨街道路、 物業大小及 設施規模)

131

16. INVESTMENT PROPERTIES (Continued)

16. 投資物業 (續)

| Investment properties held by the Group in the consolidated statement of financial position 於綜合財務狀況表內本集團所持投資物業 | Fair value hierarchy 公平值等級 | Valuation technique(s) and key input(s) 估值技術及 主要輸入數據 | Significant unobservable input(s) 重大非可觀察 輸入數據 | Relationship of unobservable inputs for fair value and sensitivity 非可觀察輸入數據與公平值及敏感度之關係 |
|--|----------------------------------|---|---|--|
| Commercial properties – developed by the Group | Level 3 | Investment approach The key inputs are: 1. Reversionary yield; 2. Market unit rent of individual unit; and 3. Adjustment factors for location and other individual factors such as road frontage, size of property and facilities | Reversionary yield, taking into account annual unit market rental income and unit market value of the comparable properties of 6.75% to 8.50% (2016: 7.0% to 8.75%) | The slight increase in the reversionary yield would result in a significant decrease in fair value, and vice versa |
| 商用物業 -由本集團發展 | 第三級 | 投資方式 主要輸入數據為: 1.復歸收益之 2.個別單位租金 市場單位租數 3.所在地個別因 人 以其他個道路 (如臨大小人 設施規模) | 經計入單位市場年度租金收入及可作比較物業的單位市值,復歸收益率為6.75%至8.50%(二零一六年:7.0%至8.75%) | 復歸收益率輕微上升將導 致公平值大幅下跌,反 之亦然 |
| Residential properties | Level 3 | Investment approach The key inputs are: 1. Reversionary yield; 2. Market unit rent of individual unit; and 3. Adjustment factors for location and other individual factors such as road frontage, size of property and facilities | Reversionary yield, taking into account annual unit market rental income and unit market value of the comparable properties of 0.75% (2016: 1.0%) | The slight increase in the reversionary yield would result in a significant decrease in fair value, and vice versa |
| 住宅物業 | 第三級 | 投資方式 主要輸入數據為: 1.復歸收益率; 2.個別單位的 市場單位租整方 3.所在地的問題 及其他個別因 (如臨街道路、 物業大小及 設施規模) | 經計入單位市場年度租金 收入及可作比較物業的 單位市值,復歸收益率 為0.75%(二零一六年: 1.0%) | 復歸收益率輕微上升將導 致公平值大幅下跌,反 之亦然 |

For the year ended 31st December, 2017 截至二零一七年十二月三十一日止年度

16. INVESTMENT PROPERTIES (Continued)

16. 投資物業 (續)

| Investment properties held by the Group in the consolidated statement of financial position 於綜合財務狀況表內 本集團所持投資物業 | Fair value hierarchy 公平值等級 | Valuation technique(s) and key input(s) 估值技術及 主要輸入數據 | Significant unobservable input(s) 重大非可觀察 輸入數據 | Relationship of unobservable inputs for fair value and sensitivity 非可觀察輸入數據與公平值及敏感度之關係 |
|---|----------------------------------|---|---|--|
| Industrial properties | Level 3 | Investment approach The key inputs are: 1. Reversionary yield; 2. Market unit rent of individual unit; and 3. Adjustment factors for location and other individual factors such as road frontage, size of property and facilities | Reversionary yield, taking into account annual unit market rental income and unit market value of the comparable properties of 7.25% (2016: 7.5%) | The slight increase in the reversionary yield would result in a significant decrease in fair value, and vice versa |
| 工業物業 | 第三級 | 投資方式 主要輸入數據為: 1.復歸收益率; 2.個別單位的 市場單位租金;及 3.所在地的調整因素 及其他個別因素 (如臨街道路、 物業大小及 設施規模) | 經計入單位市場年度租金收入及可作比較物業的單位市值,復歸收益率為7.25%(二零一六年:7.5%) | 復歸收益率輕微上升將導 致公平值大幅下跌,反 之亦然 |

17. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

17. 物業、廠房及設備

| | | Leasehold land and buildings 租賃土地 及樓宇 HK\$'000 | Plant and equipment 廠房及設備 HK\$'000 | Construction work-in progress 在建工程 HK\$'000 | Furniture, fixtures and equipment and motor vehicles 傢俱、裝置 與設備 及車輛 HK\$'000 | Total 總額 HK\$'000 |
|--|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | | 千港元 | 千港元 | 千港元 | 千港元 | 千港元 |
| At cost At 1st January, 2016 Additions Written off Disposals Transferred Exchange adjustments | 按成本 於二零一六年一月一日 添置 撤銷 出售 轉發 匯兑調整 | 453,016 - - 3,543 (29,560) | 27,033 17 - - (1,768) | 8,889 307 (544) - (3,543) (581) | 86,674 1,588 (495) (563) - (4,728) | 575,612 1,912 (1,039) (563) - (36,637) |
| At 31st December, 2016 Additions Written off Disposals Disposal of subsidiaries Transferred from properties held for sale Exchange adjustments | 於二零一六年 十二月三十一日 添辦銷 出售 出售 附屬 當售 附 屬 售 數 數 數 數 數 數 數 數 數 數 數 數 數 數 數 數 數 數 | 426,999 - - - - 18,718 32,490 | 25,282 130 - - - - 1,928 | 4,528 - - - - - 345 | 82,476 9,261 (657) (1,436) (2,360) - 5,084 | 539,285 9,391 (657) (1,436) (2,360) 18,718 39,847 |
| At 31st December, 2017 | 於二零一七年 十二月三十一日 | 478,207 | 27,340 | 4,873 | 92,368 | 602,788 |
| Accumulated depreciation and impairment At 1st January, 2016 Provided for the year Eliminated on written off Eliminated on disposals Exchange adjustments | 累計折舊及減值 於二零一六年一月一日 於二人撥備 撤銷時對銷 售後說調整 | 255,206 13,647 - (16,668) | 21,450 582 - (1,402) | - - - - | 62,489 4,350 (486) (552) (3,224) | 339,145 18,579 (486) (552) (21,294) |
| At 31st December, 2016 Provided for the year Eliminated on written off Eliminated on disposals Eliminated on disposal of subsidiaries Exchange adjustments | 於二零一六年 十二月三十一日 年內接備 撤銷時對銷 售後附屬公司時對銷 匯兑調整 | 252,185 14,988 - - - 19,325 | 20,630 632 - - - 1,573 | - - - - - | 62,577 4,149 (656) (697) (1,722) 3,620 | 335,392 19,769 (656) (697) (1,722) 24,518 |
| At 31st December, 2017 | 於二零一七年 十二月三十一日 | 286,498 | 22,835 | _ | 67,271 | 376,604 |
| Carrying values At 31st December, 2017 | 賬面值 於二零一七年 十二月三十一日 | 191,709 | 4,505 | 4,873 | 25,097 | 226,184 |
| At 31st December, 2016 | 於二零一六年 十二月三十一日 | 174,814 | 4,652 | 4,528 | 19,899 | 203,893 |
| | | | | | | |

For the year ended 31st December, 2017 截至二零一七年十二月三十一日止年度

17. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (Continued)

The Group's leasehold land is situated outside Hong Kong.

Depreciation of the above property, plant and equipment except for construction work-in-progress, is provided to their estimated residual value over their estimated useful lives by equal annual instalments at the followings rates per annum:

Leasehold land and buildings Plant and equipment Furniture, fixtures and equipment and motor vehicles 2% to 4% or over the terms of the relevant lease 9% to 13% 18% to 40%

17. 物業、廠房及設備(續)

本集團之租賃土地位於香港境外。

除在建工程以外,上述資產乃按其 估計可使用年期,以每年相等的數 額就其估計殘值分期計提折舊,年 率如下:

租賃土地及樓宇 2%至4%或有關

租賃之年期

廠房及設備 9%至13% 傢俱、裝置與 18%至40%

設備及車輛

18. LEASE PREMIUM FOR LAND

The Group's lease premium for land comprises:

18. 土地租賃費用

本集團之土地租賃費用包括:

| | | 2017 | 2016 |
|-------------------------------------|-------------|----------|----------|
| | | 二零一七年 | 二零一六年 |
| | | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 |
| | | 千港元 | 千港元 |
| | | | |
| Leasehold land in Hong Kong | 在香港以租約持有之土地 | 146 | 151 |
| Leasehold land outside Hong Kong | 香港境外以租約持有 | | |
| | 之土地 | 36,398 | 38,783 |
| | | | |
| | | 36,544 | 38,934 |
| | | | |
| Analysed for reporting purposes as: | 為報告目的分析為: | | |
| Current assets | 流動資產 | 6,134 | 5,566 |
| Non-current assets | 非流動資產 | 30,410 | 33,368 |
| | | | |
| | | 36,544 | 38,934 |

For the year ended 31st December, 2017 截至二零一七年十二月三十一日止年度

19. FILM DISTRIBUTION RIGHTS

19. 影片發行權

HK\$'000 千港元

| Cost | 成本 | |
|---|----------------------------|--------|
| At 1st January, 2016 and 31st December, 2016, and 2017 | 於二零一六年一月一日, 二零一六年及二零一七年 | |
| 51st December, 2010, and 2017 | 十二月三十一日 | 26,715 |
| Amortisation and impairment | 攤銷及減值 | |
| At 1st January, 2016 | 於二零一六年一月一日 | 21,224 |
| Impairment | 減值 | 549 |
| At 31st December, 2016 Impairment | 於二零一六年十二月三十一日減值 | 21,773 |
| At 31st December, 2017 | 於二零一七年十二月三十一日 | 21,773 |
| Carrying value At 31st December, 2017 | 賬面值 於二零一七年十二月三十一日 | 4,942 |
| At 31st December, 2016 | 於二零一六年十二月三十一日 | 4,942 |

Film distribution rights are amortised over their economic beneficial period.

Based on the projected revenue from the film distribution rights, impairment loss amounted to HK\$549,000 was recognised during the year of 2016.

影片發行權乃於其經濟利益期內攤 銷。

根據影片發行權之預測收入,減值 虧損549,000港元已於二零一六年內 確認。

For the year ended 31st December, 2017 截至二零一七年十二月三十一日止年度

20. PROPERTIES UNDER DEVELOPMENT

20. 發展中物業

| | | 2017 二零一七年 HK\$'000 | 2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000 |
|---|-----------|---------------------------|---------------------------|
| | | 千港元 | 千港元 |
| | | | |
| At 1st January, at cost | 於一月一日,按成本 | 3,203,593 | 3,136,392 |
| Additions | 添置 | 106,205 | 145,594 |
| Interest capitalised | 資本化利息 | - | 326 |
| Transferred from deposit paid for | 轉自土地使用權之 | | |
| land use right | 已付訂金 | _ | 933,001 |
| Transferred to properties held-for-sale | 轉撥至待售物業 | _ | (849,650) |
| Exchange adjustments | 匯兑調整 | 244,241 | (162,070) |
| | | | _ |
| At 31st December, at cost | 於十二月三十一日, | | |
| | 按成本 | 3,554,039 | 3,203,593 |

Properties under development under current assets of approximately HK\$3,554,039,000 (2016: HK\$3,203,593,000) are not expected to be completed within twelve months from the end of reporting period.

流動資產內的發展中物業約3,554,039,000港元(二零一六年:3,203,593,000港元)預計不會於報告期末起計十二個月內落成。

21. DEPOSITS PAID FOR LAND USE RIGHTS

At 31st December, 2017, deposits of HK\$396,063,000 (2016: HK\$368,006,000) were paid for the land use rights of a site located in Pudong New Area, Shanghai, the Mainland China with a site area of approximately 52,500 square meters (2016: approximately 52,500 square meters) and the delivery of vacant possession to the Group is under negotiation.

21. 土地使用權之已付訂金

於二零一七年十二月三十一日,已就位於中國內地上海市浦東新區一幅地塊之土地使用權支付訂金396,063,000港元(二零一六年:368,006,000港元)。該幅土地之地盤面積約52,500平方米(二零一六年:約52,500平方米),現正就交吉予本集團進行磋商。

For the year ended 31st December, 2017 截至二零一七年十二月三十一日止年度

22. GOODWILL

22. 商譽

HK\$'000

千港元

Cost and carrying value

At 1st January, 2016, 31st December, 2016 and 31st December, 2017

成本及賬面值

於二零一六年一月一日、 二零一六年十二月三十一日及 二零一七年十二月三十一日

33,288

Goodwill is allocated to the cash-generating unit of a wholly owned subsidiary which is engaged in property development and trading activities.

During the year ended 31st December, 2017 and 2016, the management of the Group determined that there was no impairment of the cash-generating unit containing goodwill.

The recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit was measured based on fair value less costs to sell calculation by reference to observable market price using market comparable approach for similar properties, adjusted for location and other individual factors such as road frontage and size. It was determined by management's past experience, based on the estimated gross profit from selling of properties, taking into the consideration prevailing market price.

商譽分配至一家全資附屬公司的現 金產生單位,該公司從事物業發展 及銷售業務。

截至二零一七年及二零一六年十二 月三十一日止年度,本集團管理層 認為並無現金產生單位有商譽減值。

現金產生單位的可收回金額之計算 乃根據可觀察市場價就類似物業以 市場比較法作參考,就所在地及其 他個別因素(如臨街道路及其大小) 作調整後以公平值減銷售成本計算 而計量。其由管理層的過往經驗決 定,根據物業銷售的預計毛利計 算,計及當時的市價。

For the year ended 31st December, 2017 截至二零一七年十二月三十一日止年度

23. INTERESTS IN ASSOCIATES

23. 於聯營公司之權益

| | | 2017 二零一七年 HK\$'000 千港元 | 2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000 千港元 |
|--|--|----------------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| Cost of unlisted investments in associates Share of post-acquisition losses and other comprehensive expense, net of dividend received | 於非上市聯營公司之 投資成本 應佔收購後虧損及 其他全面開支, | 7,071 | 7,071 |
| Amounts due from associates | 已扣除已收股息 聯營公司欠款 | 1,830 10,778 12,608 | (5,119) 1,952 10,771 12,723 |

The amounts due from associates are unsecured, interest free and have no fixed repayment terms.

In the opinion of the Directors, the amounts due from associates will not be repayable within twelve months from the end of the reporting period and accordingly, the amounts have been classified as non-current assets.

Details of principal associates at 31st December, 2017 are included in Note 43.

聯營公司欠款乃無抵押、免息及無 固定還款期。

董事認為,聯營公司欠款毋須於報告期末十二個月內償還。因此,該 款項已列作非流動資產。

主要聯營公司於二零一七年十二月 三十一日之詳情載於附註43。

23. INTERESTS IN ASSOCIATES (Continued)

Summarised financial information in respect of the Group's associates that are not individually material is set out below:

The associates are accounted for using the equity method in these consolidated financial statements.

23. 於聯營公司之權益(續)

有關本集團不屬於個別重大之聯營 公司的財務資料概要載列如下:

本綜合財務報表將聯營公司以權益 法入賬。

| | | 2017 二零一七年 | 2016 二零一六年 |
|--|-------------|-------------------|--------------------------------|
| | | →◆一七年 HK\$'000 | _令 [−] ハヰ HK\$'000 |
| | | | |
| | | 千港元 | 千港元 |
| Total assets | 總資產 | 45,670 | 45,037 |
| Total liabilities | 總負債 | (46,841) | |
| 1 otal flabilities | 芯貝 貝 | (40,841) | (45,282) |
| Net liabilities | 淨負債 | (1,171) | (245) |
| 2.00 114011000 | 17 / 17 | (1)1/1/ | (21) |
| Group's share of associates' net assets | 本集團應佔聯營公司 | | |
| • | 之淨資產 | 1,830 | 1,952 |
| | | · | |
| Revenue | 收入 | 11 527 | 10 400 |
| Revenue | 以八 | 11,527 | 10,499 |
| T. C. I | 左床长扣 | | / 120 |
| Loss for the year | 年度虧損 | 3,185 | 4,128 |
| | | | |
| Other comprehensive income (expense) | 其他全面收益(開支) | 2,259 | (1,405) |
| | | | |
| Group's share of associates' loss for the year | 本集團年度應佔聯營公司 | | |
| | 之虧損 | (888) | (1,202) |
| | | (===) | |
| Group's share of associates' other | 本集團年度應佔聯營公司 | | |
| comprehensive income (expense) | 之其他全面收益(開支) | | |
| for the year | 之八阳上南 (四人) | 766 | (369) |
| | | , 30 | (50) |
| Crown's shows of associator' total | 本集團年度應佔聯營公司 | | |
| Group's share of associates' total | | (122) | (1.571) |
| comprehensive expense for the year | 之全面開支總額 | (122) | (1,571) |
| | | | |

For the year ended 31st December, 2017 截至二零一七年十二月三十一日止年度

24. INTERESTS IN JOINT VENTURES

24. 於合資企業之權益

| | | 2017 | 2016 |
|---|---------------------|----------|----------|
| | | 二零一七年 | 二零一六年 |
| | | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 |
| | | 千港元 | 千港元 |
| | | | |
| Cost of unlisted investments | 於非上市合資企業之 | | |
| in joint ventures | 投資成本 | 130,185 | 965,954 |
| Share of post-acquisition profits (losses), | 應佔收購後溢利(虧損), | | |
| net of dividend received | 已扣除已收股息 | 19,562 | (4,727) |
| Exchange difference arising from | 換算合資企業時產生之 | | |
| translation of joint ventures | 匯兑差額 | 38,713 | (8,415) |
| | | | |
| | | 188,460 | 952,812 |
| Amount due from a joint venture | 一家合資企業欠款 | 513 | 513 |
| , | | | |
| | | 188,973 | 953,325 |
| | | 100,7/3 | 773,327 |
| | 八 水王 1 + | | |
| Classified under: | 分類為: | | |
| - Non-currents assets | 一非流動資產 | | |
| – interest in a joint venture | -於一家合資企業 | 100.050 | 175.542 |
| | 之權益 | 188,973 | 175,542 |
| - Current assets | 一流動資產 一待售一家合資企業 | | |
| – interest in a joint venture held for sale | 一付告一家行員近果 之權益 | | 777 702 |
| | 人作血 | | 777,783 |
| | | | 22222 |
| | | 188,973 | 953,325 |
| | | | |
| Amount due to a joint venture | 應付一家合資企業款項 | _ | 55,779 |
| | | | |

24. INTERESTS IN JOINT VENTURES

(Continued)

In 2010, Tianjin Tomson Development Co., Limited, an indirectly wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company, entered into a joint venture agreement with an unrelated Mainland China partner to establish Tianjin Jinwan Property Co., Limited ("Jinwan Property") in the Mainland China, holding 51% interest of the registered capital as at 31st December, 2016. However, Jinwan Property was jointly controlled by the Group and the Mainland China partner by virtue of contractual arrangements whereby the shareholders had rights to the net assets of the joint arrangement and the Group and the Mainland China partner contractually agreed that decisions about major activities required the consent of both parties. Strategic financial and operating decisions relating to the activity of the joint venture required the approval of at least two-thirds of voting right at board meetings of Jinwan Property. Therefore, Jinwan Property was classified as a joint venture of the Group as at 31st December, 2016. Jinwan Property was a property developer and was the Group's strategic investment in Tianjin.

In October 2016, the Group entered into an equity transfer agreement to dispose of its whole investment in Jinwan Property at a consideration of RMB1,173 million. The consideration had been received and an amount of HK\$654,519,000 was placed in restricted bank account. The transaction was completed in January 2017 and the restriction was released on completion date. A gain of HK\$523,713,000 from the disposal was recognised in the consolidated statement of profit or loss for the year ended 31st December, 2017.

Investment in Jinwan Property was reclassified under current assets as interest in a joint venture held for sale as at 31st December, 2016.

Besides, the amount due from a joint venture is unsecured, interest free and has no fixed repayment terms.

In the opinion of the Directors of the Company, the amount due from a joint venture will not be repayable within twelve months of the end of the reporting period and accordingly, the amount has been classified as non-current assets.

24. 於合資企業之權益(續)

於二零一零年,本公司之間接全資 附屬公司天津湯臣建設有限公司與 非關連中國內地合資夥伴訂立一份 合資協議,在中國內地成立天津津 灣置業有限公司(「津灣置業」),並 在二零一六年十二月三十一日於其 註冊資本中持有51%權益。然而, 津灣置業由本集團及該中國內地合 資夥伴透過合約安排共同控制,據 此,股東享有合營安排的資產淨 值,而本集團及中國內地合資夥伴 已訂約協定有關重大活動之決策須 獲雙方同意。有關合資企業之財務 策劃及營運決策均需要在津灣置業 董事局會議中至少獲三分之二投票 權批准。因此,於二零一六年十二 月三十一日津灣置業被分類為本集 團之合資企業。津灣置業為物業發 展商及本集團於天津市的策略性投 資。

於二零一六年十月,本集團訂立股權轉讓協議,以出售其於津灣置業之全部投資,代價為人民幣1,173,000,000元。代價經已收取,而654,519,000港元已敍造於受限制銀行賬戶。交易已於二零一七年一月完成,而該限制已於完成日期獲解除。出售收益523,713,000港元已於截至二零一七年十二月三十一日止年度的綜合損益表確認。

於二零一六年十二月三十一日,於 津灣置業之投資分類為流動資產項 下之待售一家合資企業權益。

此外,一家合資企業欠款為無抵 押、免息及無固定還款期。

本公司董事認為,一家合資企業欠款將不會於報告期末十二個月內獲 償還,因此,該款項已分類為非流 動資產。

For the year ended 31st December, 2017 截至二零一七年十二月三十一日止年度

24. INTERESTS IN JOINT VENTURES

(Continued)

The amount due to a joint venture was unsecured and bore interest at 6.15% per annum which was repaid in 2017.

Details of a joint venture at 31st December, 2017 are included in Note 43.

Summarised financial information in respect of the Group's joint venture is set out below. The summarised financial information below represents amounts shown in the joint venture's financial statements prepared in accordance with HKFRSs.

The joint venture is accounted for using the equity method in these consolidated financial statements.

Shanghai Jinjiang Tomson Hotel Co., Ltd ("Jinjiang Tomson Hotel")

24. 於合資企業之權益(續)

應付一家合資企業款項為無抵押、按年利率6.15厘計息及已於二零一七年償還。

於二零一七年十二月三十一日的一 家合資企業詳情載於附註43。

有關本集團合資企業的財務資料概 要載列如下。以下財務資料概要乃 指合資企業根據《香港財務報告準 則》編製的財務報表所示金額。

本綜合財務報表將合資企業以權益 法入賬。

上海錦江湯臣大酒店有限公司 (「錦江湯臣酒店」)

| | | 2017 | 2016 |
|---------------------|-------|----------|----------|
| | | 二零一七年 | 二零一六年 |
| | | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 |
| | | 千港元 | 千港元 |
| | | | |
| Current assets | 流動資產 | 333,023 | 294,739 |
| | | | |
| Non-current assets | 非流動資產 | 94,268 | 101,532 |
| | | | |
| Current liabilities | 流動負債 | 50,371 | 46,214 |

For the year ended 31st December, 2017 截至二零一七年十二月三十一日止年度

24. INTERESTS IN JOINT VENTURES

24. 於合資企業之權益(續)

(Continued)

The above amounts of assets and liabilities include the following:

上述資產及負債金額包括下列各項:

| | | 2017 二零一七年 | 2016 二零一六年 |
|--|-------------------------|---------------|---------------|
| | | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 |
| | | 千港元 | 千港元 |
| Cash and cash equivalents | 現金及現金等值項目 | 266,102 | 208,999 |
| Current financial liabilities (excluding trade and other payable and accruals) | 流動財務負債(不包括 應付貿易賬款、其他 | | |
| | 應付賬款及預提費用) | 3,698 | 3,048 |
| Revenue | 收入 | 198,101 | 203,441 |
| Profit for the year | 年度溢利 | 24,728 | 26,674 |
| Other comprehensive income (expense) for the year | 年度其他全面收益(開支) | 27,200 | (24,195) |
| (expense) for the year | | 2/,200 | (21,177) |
| Total comprehensive income for the year | 年度全面收益總額 | 51,928 | 2,479 |

For the year ended 31st December, 2017 截至二零一七年十二月三十一日止年度

24. INTERESTS IN JOINT VENTURES

24. 於合資企業之權益(續)

(Continued)

The above profit for the year includes the following:

上述年度溢利包括下列各項:

| | | 2017 二零一七年 | 2016 二零一六年 |
|--------------------|-------|----------------------|-----------------|
| | | HK\$'000 千港元 | HK\$'000 千港元 |
| Depreciation | 折舊 | 15,724 | 18,658 |
| Interest income | 利息收入 | 11,348 | 13,096 |
| Interest expense | 利息開支 | _ | _ |
| Income tax expense | 所得税開支 | 8,342 | 9,007 |

Reconciliation of the above summarised financial information to the carrying amount of the interest in Jinjiang Tomson Hotel recognised in the consolidated financial statements:

上述財務資料概要與於錦江湯臣酒店之權益的賬面值與於綜合財務報 表內確認之對賬:

| | | 2017 | 2016 |
|--|-------------|----------|----------|
| | | 二零一七年 | 二零一六年 |
| | | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 |
| | | 千港元 | 千港元 |
| | | | |
| Net assets | 淨資產 | 376,920 | 350,057 |
| | | | |
| Proportion of the Group's ownership interest | 本集團之擁有權權益比例 | 50% | 50% |
| | | | |
| Carrying amount of the Group's interest | 本集團權益之賬面值 | 188,460 | 175,029 |

For the year ended 31st December, 2017 截至二零一七年十二月三十一日止年度

25. AVAILABLE-FOR-SALE INVESTMENTS

25. 可供出售投資

Available-for-sale investments as at 31st December, 2017 comprise:

於二零一七年十二月三十一日之可 供出售投資包括:

| | | 2017 | 2016 |
|---|-------------|----------|----------|
| | | 二零一七年 | 二零一六年 |
| | | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 |
| | | 千港元 | 千港元 |
| | | | |
| Listed investments: | 上市投資: | | |
| equity securities listed in Hong Kong | -於香港上市之股本證券 | 140,622 | 135,509 |
| | | | |
| Unlisted equity investments | 非上市股本投資 | 48,091 | 48,091 |
| | | | |
| Club debenture | 會所債券 | 515 | 515 |
| | | | |
| | | 189,228 | 184,115 |

As at the end of the reporting period, all available-for-sale investments were stated at fair value, except for those unlisted equity investments and club debenture, the fair value of which cannot be measured reliably. Fair value of listed equity investments have been determined by reference to quoted market prices.

The unlisted equity investments represent investments in private entities incorporated in the Mainland China. They are measured at cost less impairment at the end of the reporting period, and because the range of reasonable fair value estimates is so significant the Directors of the Company are of the opinion that their values cannot be measured reliably. No impairment loss was recognised in both years based on the net asset value of the investee company.

於報告期末,所有可供出售投資以 公平值列賬,公平值未能可靠地計 量的非上市股本投資及會所債券除 外。該等上市股本投資之公平值乃 參考市場報價而釐定。

非上市股本投資為投資於中國內地 註冊成立的私人企業。該等投資按 報告期末的成本減去減值計算,因 為合理公平值估計的範圍十分大, 本公司董事認為其公平值未能可靠 地計量。根據被投資公司之資產淨 值,於兩個年度概無確認減值虧損。

26. INVESTMENTS HELD FOR TRADING

Investments held for trading represented equity securities listed in Hong Kong.

26. 待售投資

待售投資指於香港上市之股本證券。

For the year ended 31st December, 2017 截至二零一七年十二月三十一日止年度

27. NET CURRENT ASSETS

(a) Trade and other receivables and prepayments

The general credit term of the Group given to trade customers is 60 days. A longer credit period may be granted to customers with long business relationship. The Group seeks to maintain strict control over its outstanding receivables to minimise credit risk.

Included in trade and other receivables and prepayments are trade receivables, net of impairment losses, of HK\$2,355,000 (2016: HK\$5,538,000) and their aged analysis based on invoice date as at the end of the reporting period is as follows:

0 - 3 months 零至三個月 四至六個月 4 - 6 months 七至十二個月 7 - 12 months

Included in the Group's trade receivable balance are debtors with aggregate carrying amount of HK\$811,000 (2016: HK\$4,982,000) which are past due but not provided for impairment loss. These receivables relate to a number of independent customers that have a good track record with the Group. Based on past experience, management believes that no impairment allowance is necessary in respect of these balances as there has not been a significant change in credit quality and the balances are still considered fully recoverable. The Group does not hold any collateral over these balances. The average age of these receivables is 180 days (2016: 180 days).

27. 流動資產淨值

(a) 應收貿易賬款、其他 應收賬款及預付款項

本集團給予其貿易客戶之一般 信貸期為60日。本集團或會給 予有長期業務關係之客戶較長 之信貸期。本集團會對逾期未 付的應收賬作出嚴謹監控以減 低信貸風險。

在應收貿易賬款、其他應收賬 款及預付款項內包括應收貿易 賬款(經扣除減值虧損) 2.355,000港元(二零一六年: 5,538,000港元),其於報告期 末根據發票日期之賬齡分析如 下:

| 2017 | 2016 |
|----------|----------|
| 二零一七年 | 二零一六年 |
| HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 |
| 千港元 | 千港元 |
| | |
| 1,689 | 2,979 |
| 147 | 216 |
| 519 | 2,343 |
| | |
| 2,355 | 5,538 |

本集團之應收貿易賬款結餘包 括已逾期未收但未作減值虧損 撥備之應收賬款,其賬面值合 共811,000港元(二零一六年: 4,982,000港元)。此等應收賬 款乃與本集團多名還款紀錄良 好之獨立客戶有關。根據過往 經驗,管理層相信,基於信貸 質素並無重大改變且有關結餘 仍被視為可全數收回,故毋須 就此等結餘計提減值準備。本 集團並無持有此等結餘之任何 抵押品。此等應收賬款的平均 賬齡為180天(二零一六年: 180天)。

27. NET CURRENT ASSETS (Continued)

(a) Trade and other receivables and prepayments (Continued)

Aging of trade receivables which are past due but not impaired:

27. 流動資產淨值(續)

(a) 應收貿易賬款、其他 應收賬款及預付款項(續)

逾期但未作減值之應收貿易賬 款之賬齡如下:

| | | 2017 二零一七年 | 2016 二零一六年 |
|----------------|----------|-----------------|-----------------|
| | | HK\$'000 千港元 | HK\$'000 千港元 |
| | | | |
| 61 – 90 days | 61至90天 | 145 | 2,907 |
| 91 – 180 days | 91至180天 | 147 | 216 |
| 181 – 365 days | 181至365天 | 519 | 1,859 |
| | | | |
| Total | 合計 | 811 | 4,982 |

Movement in the allowance for doubtful debts on trade receivables:

應收貿易賬款之呆賬撥備之變 動:

| | | 2017 二零一七年 | 2016 二零一六年 |
|----------------------------------|---------|---------------|---------------|
| | | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 |
| | | 千港元 | 千港元 |
| | | | |
| Balance at beginning of the year | 年初結餘 | 5,361 | 4,326 |
| Impairment losses recognised on | 就應收貿易賬款 | | |
| trade receivables | 確認之減值虧損 | 51 | 1,367 |
| Recovery of impairment loss | 減值虧損收回 | (2,010) | (26) |
| Exchange adjustments | 匯兑調整 | 332 | (306) |
| | | | |
| Balance at end of the year | 年終結餘 | 3,734 | 5,361 |

Other receivables with an aggregate carrying amount of HK\$3,322,000 (2016: HK\$3,105,000) are individually impaired as the amount is unlikely to be recovered from the relevant debtors.

鑒於賬面總值為3,322,000港元 (二零一六年:3,105,000港元) 之其他應收賬款不大可能自相 關借款人收回,故已作個別減 值。

For the year ended 31st December, 2017 截至二零一七年十二月三十一日止年度

27. NET CURRENT ASSETS (Continued)

(a) Trade and other receivables and prepayments (Continued)

Movement in the allowance for bad and doubtful debts on other receivables:

27. 流動資產淨值(續)

(a) 應收貿易賬款、其他 應收賬款及預付款項(續)

其他應收賬款之呆壞賬撥備之 變動:

| | | 2017 二零一七年 | 2016 二零一六年 |
|----------------------------------|------------|---------------|---------------|
| | | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 |
| | | 千港元 | 千港元 |
| | | | |
| Balance at beginning of the year | 年初結餘 | 3,105 | 3,303 |
| Impairment losses recognised | 就其他應收賬款確認之 | | |
| on other receivables | 減值虧損 | 10 | 18 |
| Recovery of impairment loss | 減值虧損收回 | (30) | - |
| Exchange adjustments | 匯兑調整 | 237 | (216) |
| | | | |
| Balance at end of the year | 年終結餘 | 3,322 | 3,105 |

(b) Inventories

(b) 存貨

Details of inventories are as follows:

存貨詳情如下:

| | | 2017 | 2016 |
|-------------------------------------|---------|----------|----------|
| | | 二零一七年 | 二零一六年 |
| | | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 |
| | | 千港元 | 千港元 |
| | | | |
| Finished goods | 製成品 | 180 | 383 |
| Packaging materials and accessories | 包裝材料及配件 | 4,867 | 4,752 |
| | | | |
| | | 5,047 | 5,135 |

27. NET CURRENT ASSETS (Continued)

(c) Trade and other payables and accruals

Included in trade and other payables and accruals are trade payables of HK\$140,123,000 (2016: HK\$572,990,000) and their aged analysis based on invoice date as at the end of the reporting period is as follows:

27. 流動資產淨值(續)

(c) 應付貿易賬款、其他 應付賬款及預提費用

在應付貿易賬款、其他應付賬款及預提費用內包括應付貿易賬款140,123,000港元(二零一六年:572,990,000港元),其於報告期末根據發票日期之賬齡分析如下:

| | | 2017 | 2016 |
|------------------|------|----------|----------|
| | | 二零一七年 | 二零一六年 |
| | | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 |
| | | 千港元 | 千港元 |
| | | | |
| 0-3 months 零至 | 三個月 | 4,131 | 274,548 |
| 4 – 6 months 四至 | 六個月 | 58 | 33,300 |
| 7 – 12 months 七至 | 十二個月 | 126 | 86,935 |
| Over 1 year 一年 | 以上 | 135,808 | 178,207 |
| | | | |
| | | 140,123 | 572,990 |

The credit period on purchases is 90 days. The Group has financial risk management policies in place to ensure that all payables are settled within the credit timeframe.

(d) Cash and bank balances

(d) 現金及銀行結餘

繳清。

Included in cash and bank balances are the following amounts denominated in a currency other than the functional currency of the entities to which they relate:

在現金及銀行結餘內,有關實 體之功能貨幣以外之貨幣為:

購貨之信貸期為90天。本集團

已制訂財務風險管理政策以確

保所有應付賬款均於信貸期內

| | | 2017 | 2016 |
|-----------------------|-----|----------|----------|
| | | 二零一七年 | 二零一六年 |
| | | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 |
| | | 千港元 | 千港元 |
| | | | |
| United States Dollars | 美元 | 66,103 | 55,849 |
| | | | |
| Renminbi | 人民幣 | 26,130 | 13,178 |

For the year ended 31st December, 2017 截至二零一七年十二月三十一日止年度

28. SHARE CAPITAL

28. 股本

| | | Number of shares 股份數目 | | Amount 金額 | |
|----------------------------------|--------------------|--------------------------|---------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| | | 2017 二零一七年 | 2016 二零一六年 | 2017 二零一七年 | 2016 二零一六年 |
| | | ` -, | _ | HK\$'000 千港元 | HK\$'000 千港元 |
| Ordinary shares of HK\$0.50 each | 每股面值0.50港元 之普通股 | | | | |
| Authorised | 法定 | | | | |
| - Balance as at 1st January | -於一月一日及 | | | | |
| and 31st December | 十二月三十一日之結餘 | 2,000,000,000 | 2,000,000,000 | 1,000,000 | 1,000,000 |
| Issued and fully paid | 已發行及已繳足 | | | | |
| - Balance as at 1st January | -於一月一日之結餘 | 1,715,059,497 | 1,588,664,871 | 857,530 | 794,333 |
| – Scrip dividend (Note) | -以股代息(附註) | 170,525,050 | 126,394,626 | 85,262 | 63,197 |
| – Balance as at | 一於十二月三十一日 | | | | |
| 31st December | 之結餘 | 1,885,584,547 | 1,715,059,497 | 942,792 | 857,530 |

Note:

On 16th June, 2017, 170,525,050 new shares of the Company were allotted and issued at HK\$3.2433 per share to the shareholders, who elected to receive shares in lieu of cash for the interim dividend for the year ended 31st December, 2016. These shares rank pari passu in all respects with the shares then in issue.

On 16th June, 2016, 126,394,626 new shares of the Company were allotted and issued at HK\$1.8943 per share to the shareholders, who elected to receive shares in lieu of cash for the interim dividend for the year ended 31st December, 2015. These shares rank pari passu in all respects with the shares then in issue.

附註:

於二零一七年六月十六日,本公司向 選擇以股代息的股東,就截至二零 一六年十二月三十一日止年度之中期 股息,按每股3.2433港元配發及發行 170,525,050股本公司新股份。該等股份 與當時已發行的股份享有同等權益。

於二零一六年六月十六日,本公司向 選擇以股代息的股東,就截至二零 一五年十二月三十一日止年度之中期 股息,按每股1.8943港元配發及發行 126,394,626股本公司新股份。該等股份 與當時已發行的股份享有同等權益。 For the year ended 31st December, 2017 截至二零一七年十二月三十一日止年度

29. SHARE-BASED PAYMENT TRANSACTIONS

A share option scheme was adopted by the Company pursuant to a resolution passed on 1st June, 2012 (the "2012 Scheme"). The 2012 Scheme was set up for the primary purpose to provide incentives or rewards to selected persons for their contribution to any member of the Group or any entity in which any member of the Group holds any equity interest ("Invested Entity"). Subject to earlier termination by the Company in general meeting or by the Board of Directors of the Company (the "Board"), the 2012 Scheme shall be valid and effective until 31st May, 2022. After the expiry of such valid period, no further options will be offered or granted but in all other respects the provisions of the 2012 Scheme shall remain in full force and effect.

Under the 2012 Scheme, the Board may grant options to (i) any employee or proposed employee (whether full time or part time) of any member of the Group or any Invested Entity, including any executive director of these companies; or (ii) any non-executive director (including independent non-executive director) of any member of the Group or any Invested Entity; or (iii) any adviser, consultant or customer of or supplier of goods or services to any member of the Group or any Invested Entity; or (iv) any shareholder of any member of the Group or any Invested Entity or any holder of any securities issued by any member of the Group or any Invested Entity.

The maximum number of shares of the Company in respect of which options may be granted under the 2012 Scheme is 141,452,380 shares, representing 10% of the Company's issued share capital at the date of adoption of the 2012 Scheme, save as otherwise approved by shareholders of the Company. The total number of shares of the Company issued and to be issued upon exercise of the options granted and to be granted to each participant or grantee (including exercised and outstanding options) in any 12-month period up to the date of grant shall not exceed 1% of the shares of the Company in issue at the date of grant (the "Individual Limit"). Any further grant of options in excess of the Individual Limit must be subject to shareholders' approval in general meeting with such participant and his or her associates abstaining from voting.

29. 股權支付交易

除非另行獲本公司股東之批准,根 據二零一二年計劃可授出之購股權 而發行之本公司股份最高限額總數 為141,452,380股,即本公司於採納 二零一二年計劃當日已發行股本的 10%。每名參與者或承授人在截至 授出購股權當日止任何十二個月 內,獲授及將獲授之購股權(包括 已行使及尚未行使者)予以行使時 而發行及將發行之本公司股份總 數,不得超過授出購股權當日之本 公司已發行股份數目之1%(「個別 上限」)。倘向參與者再行授出超逾 個別上限之購股權,則須經股東在 股東大會上批准,而有關參與者及 其聯繫人士均須在會上放棄投票權。

For the year ended 31st December, 2017 截至二零一七年十二月三十一日止年度

29. SHARE-BASED PAYMENT TRANSACTIONS (Continued)

The acceptance of an offer of granting an option must be made within 28 days from the date on which such offer is made with a non-refundable payment of HK\$1 from the grantee to the Company by way of consideration for the grant thereof. An option may be exercised at any time during a period as the Board may determine which shall not be more than 10 years commencing from the date of grant of option. Save as determined by the Board and provided in the offer of the relevant options, there is no minimum period for which an option must be held before it can be exercised under the 2012 Scheme. The subscription price per share of the Company in respect of any option granted under the 2012 Scheme shall be such price as the Board in its absolute discretion shall determine, save that such price will not be less than the highest of (i) the closing price of the shares as stated in the daily quotations sheet of the Stock Exchange on the date of offer of the option, which must be a business day; (ii) the average closing price of the shares as stated in the Stock Exchange's daily quotations sheets on the 5 business days immediately preceding the date of offer of the option; and (iii) the nominal value of the shares on the date of offer.

Under the 2012 Scheme, 4,200,000 shares of the Company were issued upon exercise of share options in 2013. Under the 2012 Scheme, no option was granted, exercised, cancelled or lapsed in 2017. Therefore, the maximum number of shares available for issue under the 2012 Scheme as at 31st December, 2017 was 137,252,380 representing approximately 7% of the Company's issued share capital at the end of the reporting period. There are no outstanding options granted under the 2012 Scheme during both years.

29. 股權支付交易(續)

承授人須於提議授出購股權之日起 計二十八日內提出接納購股權,並 向本公司支付1港元,作為獲授購 股權之代價,此款項將不可退回。 購股權可在董事局釐定的期間內隨 時行使,惟該期間不得自授出購股 權日期起計超過十年。根據二零 一二年計劃,除董事局另有決定及 根據有關購股權授出時所規定者 外,並無設有購股權行使之前必須 持有的最短限期。根據二零一二年 計劃所授出的任何購股權而言,本 公司每股股份的認購價將由董事局 全權釐定,惟該認購價不得低於以 下三者之最高者:(i)提議授出購股 權當日(必須為營業日)在聯交所每 日報價表所列股份之收市價;(ii)緊 接提議授出購股權日期前五個營業 日在聯交所每日報價表所列股份之 平均收市價;及(iii)於提議授予購 股權當日的股份面值。

根據二零一二年計劃,4,200,000股本公司股份於二零一三年行使購股權後獲發行。根據二零一二年計劃,於二零一七年,概無已授出、行使、註銷或失效的購股權。因此,於二零一七年十二月三十一日,根據二零一二年計劃可予發行之股份數目上限為137,252,380股,佔本公司於報告期末之已發行股本約7%。根據二零一二年計劃,於兩個年度內,概無尚未行使購股權。

For the year ended 31st December, 2017 截至二零一七年十二月三十一日止年度

30. BORROWINGS

30. 借款

| | | 2017 二零一七年 HK\$'000 千港元 | 2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000 千港元 |
|---|-----------------------------------|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| Short-term borrowings, secured Current portion of long-term borrowings, secured | 短期借款,有抵押 長期借款之即期部分, 有抵押 | 451,435 | 100,000 82,274 |
| Total short-term borrowings | 短期借款總額 長期借款,有抵押 | 451,435 | 182,274 |
| Long-term borrowings, secured | 长别旧 款, 有抵押 | 345,780 797,215 | 1,607,876 1,790,150 |
| Carrying amount repayable: On demand or within one year More than one year, | 須償還之賬面值: 應要求或一年內 一年以上但不超過兩年 | 451,435 | 182,274 |
| but not exceeding two years More than two years but not more than five years | 兩年以上但不超過五年 | 14,408 72,037 | 465,752 249,665 |
| More than five years | 五年以上 | 259,335 797,215 | 892,459 1,790,150 |

The borrowings were secured by assets of the Group as disclosed in Note 39.

Borrowings were floating-rate borrowings of HK\$797,215,000 (2016: HK\$1,790,150,000) which carried interest rates ranging from 5.39% to 5.70% (2016: 2.01% to 7.68%) per annum.

本集團用作借款抵押之資產於附註 39中披露。

借款為浮動利率借款797,215,000港元(二零一六年:1,790,150,000港元),年利率介乎5.39厘至5.70厘(二零一六年:2.01厘至7.68厘)。

For the year ended 31st December, 2017 截至二零一七年十二月三十一日止年度

31. DEFERRED TAXATION

31. 遞延税項

| | | Accelerated tax depreciation 加速 税項折舊 HK\$'000 千港元 | Revaluation of properties 重估 物業價值 HKS'000 千港元 | LAT 土地 增值稅 HK\$'000 千港元 | Exchange difference recognition 睡兑 差額確認 HK\$'000 千港元 | Dividend withholding tax 股息 扣繳稅 HK\$'000 千港元 | Tax losses 税項虧損 HK\$'000 千港元 | Others 其他 HK\$'000 千港元 | Total 總計 HK\$'000 千港元 |
|--|----------------------|---|---|-------------------------------------|--|--|--|---------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| Balance as at | 於二零一六年一月一日 | | | | | | | | |
| 1st January, 2016 | 之結餘 | (104,520) | (1,936,435) | 877,920 | (50,171) | _ | 79,029 | 5,402 | (1,128,775) |
| (Charge) credit to consolidated statement of | 於本年度綜合損益表 (扣減)撥回 | | | | | | | | |
| profit or loss for the year | | (11,794) | (23,665) | 80,510 | - | - | 68,161 | (3,105) | 110,107 |
| Exchange adjustments | 匯兑調整 | 6,833 | 139,432 | (54,667) | 3,281 | | (5,166) | (354) | 89,359 |
| Balance as at 31st December, 2016 | 於二零一六年十二月 三十一日之結餘 | (109,481) | (1,820,668) | 903,763 | (46,890) | - | 142,024 | 1,943 | (929,309) |
| (Charge) credit to consolidated statement of | 於本年度綜合損益表 (扣減)撥回 | | | | | | | | |
| profit or loss for the year | J. P. W. E. A. T. | (13,183) | (135,990) | 107,168 | - | (93,469) | (146,500) | (1,784) | (283,758) |
| Disposal of subsidiaries | 出售附屬公司 | - | - | - | - | - | - | (3,907) | (3,907) |
| Exchange adjustments | 匯兑調整 | (8,347) | (137,481) | 65,886 | (3,578) | _ | 4,476 | (44) | (79,088) |
| Balance as at | 於二零一七年十二月 | | | | | | | | |
| 31st December, 2017 | 三十一日之結餘 | (131,011) | (2,094,139) | 1,076,817 | (50,468) | (93,469) | - | (3,792) | (1,296,062) |

For the purpose of consolidated statement of financial position presentation, certain deferred tax assets and liabilities have been offset. The following is the analysis of the deferred tax balances for financial reporting purposes:

就呈列綜合財務狀況表而言,若干 遞延税項資產及負債已予抵銷。以 下為就財務報告用途的遞延税項結 餘分析:

| | | 2017 | 2016 |
|--------------------------|--------|-------------|-------------|
| | | 二零一七年 | 二零一六年 |
| | | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 |
| | | 千港元 | 千港元 |
| | | | |
| Deferred tax assets | 遞延税項資產 | 281,729 | 364,538 |
| Deferred tax liabilities | 遞延税項負債 | (1,577,791) | (1,293,847) |
| | | | |
| | | (1,296,062) | (929,309) |

For the year ended 31st December, 2017 截至二零一七年十二月三十一日止年度

31. DEFERRED TAXATION (Continued)

At 31st December, 2017, the Group had unused tax losses of HK\$554.23 million (2016: HK\$1,082.71 million) available for offset against future profits. Included in unrecognised tax losses are losses of HK\$95.40 million (2016: HK\$75.59 million) which will expire within five years. Other losses may be carried forward indefinitely.

Withholding tax is imposed on dividends declared in respect of profits earned by Mainland China subsidiaries from 1st January, 2008 onwards. At 31st December, 2017, the aggregate amount of distributable earnings of the Group's Mainland China subsidiaries in respect of which the Group has not provided for dividend withholding tax amounted to approximately HK\$5,101.92 million (2016: HK\$4,616.43 million). No liability has been recognised in respect of these amounts because the Group is in a position in control of the timing of the reversal of the temporary differences and it is probable that such differences will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

31. 遞延税項(續)

於二零一七年十二月三十一日,本集團可用作抵銷未來溢利之未動用税項虧損為554,230,000港元(二零一六年:1,082,710,000港元)。未確認税項虧損中,95,400,000港元(二零一六年:75,590,000港元)之虧損將於五年內屆滿。其他虧損可無限期結轉。

中國內地附屬公司於二零零八年一月一日起獲利所宣派的股息須繳納預扣税。於二零一七年十二月三十一日,本集團尚未就其中國內地附屬公司之可分派盈利總額約5,101,920,000港元(二零一六年出4,616,430,000港元),作出股息扣繳稅撥備。由於本集團有能力控制撥回暫時差額之時間及該等差額可能不會於可見未來撥回,因此並無就該等款項確認負債。

For the year ended 31st December, 2017 截至二零一七年十二月三十一日止年度

32. CAPITAL RISK MANAGEMENT

The Group manages its capital to ensure that entities in the Group will be able to continue as a going concern while maximising the return to shareholders through the optimisation of the debt and equity balances. The Group's overall strategy remains unchanged from prior year.

The capital structure of the Group consists of debt, which includes the borrowings disclosed in Note 30 and equity attributable to owners of the Company, comprising issued share capital, share premium, reserves and retained earnings.

The Directors of the Company review the capital structure periodically by considering the cost of capital and the risks associated with each class of capital. When necessary, the Group will balance its overall capital structure through the payment of dividends, new share issues and share buy-backs as well as the issue of new debt or the repayment of existing debt.

32. 資本風險管理

本集團之資本管理目的為確保本集 團內之所有實體均可持續經營,同 時透過優化債務及權益結餘為股東 謀求最大回報。本集團之整體策略 與過往年度維持不變。

本集團之資本架構包括債務(當中包括借款(於附註30披露))及本公司權益持有人應佔權益(包括已發行股本、股份溢價、儲備及保留溢利)。

本公司董事定期檢討資本結構,當 中包括考慮資本成本及與各資本類 別所附帶之風險。如有需要,本集 團將透過派付股息、發行新股及股 份回購,以及發行新債務或償還現 有債務以平衡其整體資本結構。

33. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

(a) Categories of financial instruments

33. 金融工具

(a) 金融工具之類別

| | | 2017 | 2016 |
|---------------------------------------|-------------|-----------|-----------|
| | | 二零一七年 | 二零一六年 |
| | | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 |
| | | 千港元 | 千港元 |
| | | | |
| Financial assets | 財務資產 | | |
| Fair value through profit or loss | 透過公平值計入損益之 | | |
| investments held for trading | 待售投資 | _ | 49,638 |
| Loans and receivables (including cash | 貸款及應收賬款 | | |
| and bank balances) | (包括現金及銀行結餘) | 6,016,288 | 3,935,113 |
| Available-for-sale investments | 可供出售投資 | 189,228 | 184,115 |
| | | | |
| Financial liabilities | 財務負債 | | |
| Amortised cost | 攤銷成本 | 1,381,670 | 2,980,661 |

33. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

(b) Financial risks management objectives and policies

The Group's major financial instruments include available-for-sale investments, investments held for trading, trade and other receivables, amounts due from or due to associates and a joint venture, pledged bank deposits, restricted bank balance, cash and bank balances, trade and other payables and borrowings. Details of these financial instruments are disclosed in the respective notes. The risks associated with these financial instruments and the policies on how to mitigate these risks are set out below. Management manages and monitors these exposures to ensure appropriate measures are implemented in a timely and effective manner. There has been no significant change to the Group's exposure to financial risks or the manner in which it manages and measures the risks.

Market risks

(i) Currency risk

Certain cash and bank balances of the Group are denominated in United States Dollars ("USD") and Renminbi ("RMB") which are a foreign currency other than functional currency (i.e. HKD) of the relevant group entities (see Note 27(d)). The Group currently does not have a foreign currency hedging policy. However, management monitors foreign exchange exposure and will consider hedging significant foreign currency exposure should the need arise.

33. 金融工具(續)

(b) 財務風險管理目標及政策

本集團之主要金融工具包括可 供出售投資、待售投資、應收 貿易賬款及其他應收賬款、應 收或應付聯營公司及一家合資 企業款項、抵押銀行存款、受 限制銀行結餘、現金及銀行結 餘、應付貿易賬款及其他應付 賬款以及借款。該等金融工具 之詳情已於相關附註內披露。 下文載列該等金融工具有關之 風險及如何減低該等風險之政 策。管理層管理及監控該等風 險,以確保能及時和有效地採 取合適的措施。本集團面臨之 財務風險或其管理及計量風險 之措施並無重大變動。

市場風險

(i) 貨幣風險

本集團若干現金及銀行結餘乃以美元及人民幣(為外幣)而非各相關實體的功能貨幣(即志元)列值(見附註27(d))。本集團目前並無採取取幣對沖政策。然而,管理上於有需要時考慮對於有需要時考慮對於有需要時考慮對的重大外幣風險。

For the year ended 31st December, 2017 截至二零一七年十二月三十一日止年度

33. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

(b) Financial risks management objectives and policies (Continued)

Market risks (Continued)

(i) Currency risk (Continued)

Sensitivity analysis

The sensitivity analyses below have been determined based on the exposure to currency risk at the end of the reporting period.

No analysis is presented on HKD against USD as HKD is pegged to USD and management of the Company believes the foreign exchange exposure is insignificant.

The following details the Group's sensitivity to a 5% (2016: 5%) appreciation/depreciation in HKD against RMB.

• Post-tax profit for the year ended 31st December, 2017 would decrease/increase by approximately HK\$1,307,000 (2016: HK\$659,000)

(ii) Interest rate risk

The Group is exposed to fair value interest rate risk relation to fixed-rate borrowings and also exposed to cash flow interest rate risk in relation to bank deposits and variable-rate borrowings (see Note 30 for details of these borrowings). It is the Group's policy to keep its borrowings at variable-rate of interest so as to minimise the fair value interest rate risk. The Group currently does not have an interest rate hedging policy. However, management monitors interest rate exposure and will consider hedging significant interest rate exposure should the need arise.

33. 金融工具(續)

(b) 財務風險管理目標及政策 (續)

市場風險(續)

(i) 貨幣風險(續)

敏感度分析

下列之敏感度分析乃以 於報告期末之貨幣風險 為基準而釐定。

由於港元與美元掛鈎,故 並無呈列港元兑換美元 之分析,且本公司管理層 相信並無重大外匯風險。

下列詳載本集團對港元兑 人民幣升值/貶值5%(二 零一六年:5%)的敏感度。

 本集團截至二零一七 年十二月三十一日止 年度之除税後溢利將 減少/增加約1,307,000 港元(二零一六年: 659,000港元)。

(ii) 利率風險

33. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

(b) Financial risks management objectives and policies (Continued)

Market risks (Continued)

(ii) Interest rate risk (Continued)

The Group's cash flow interest rate risk is mainly concentrated on the fluctuation of the market deposit rate and the Mainland China official lending rate and Hong Kong Interbank Offered Rate arising from the Group's RMB borrowings and HKD borrowings respectively.

Sensitivity analysis

The sensitivity analyses below have been determined based on the exposure to interest rates risks for bank balances and variable-rate borrowings. The analysis is prepared on the balances at the end of reporting period. 50 and 100 basis points (2016: 50 and 100 basis points) increase or decrease are used respectively which represents management's assessment of the reasonably possible change in interest rates.

In relation to the Group's exposure to interest rates risk on bank deposits, if interest rates had been 50 basis points (2016: 50 basis points) higher/lower and all other variables were held constant, the Group's post-tax profit for the year ended 31st December, 2017 would increase/decrease by HK\$18,497,000 (2016: HK\$14,712,000).

Furthermore, in relation to the Group's exposure to interest rates risk on its variable-rate borrowings, if interest rates had been 100 basis points (2016: 100 basis points) higher/lower and all other variables were held constant, the Group's post-tax profit for the year ended 31st December, 2017 would decrease/increase by HK\$5,979,000 (2016: HK\$13,511,000).

33. 金融工具(續)

(b) 財務風險管理目標及政策

市場風險(續)

(ii) 利率風險(續)

敏感度分析

以下的敏感度分析乃根 據銀行結餘及浮息而 定。此項分析基於報告開 定。此項分析基於報告別 末之結餘而編製。分別 用50及100基點(二零增別 年:50及100基點)的有 或減少為管理層對合 對 利率變動可能性的 合理 估計。

有關本集團面對銀行存 款利率風險,倘利率零 加/減少50基點),而 有其他可變因素點),而 有其他可變因素在三 數一七年十二月三十一 止年度之除稅後溢利將 一 (二零一六年:14,712,000 港元)。

此外,有關本集團面對其 浮息借款利率風險,倘利 率增加/減少100基點(二 零一六年:100基點),而 所有其他可變因素維持 不變,則本集團截至二零 一七年十二月三十一日 止年度之除稅後溢利將 減少/增加5,979,000港元 (二零一六年:13,511,000 港元)。

For the year ended 31st December, 2017 截至二零一七年十二月三十一日止年度

33. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

(b) Financial risks management objectives and policies (Continued)

Market risks (Continued)

(iii) Equity price risk

The Group's equity instruments (classified as investments held for trading and available-for-sale investments) expose the Group to equity price risks. Management intends to manage this exposure by maintaining a portfolio of investments with different risk profiles.

Sensitivity analysis

The sensitivity analyses below have been determined based on the exposure to equity price risks at the end of reporting period for the Group's equity instruments excluding available-for-sale investments measured at cost less any identified impairment losses.

If the prices of the respective equity instruments had been 10% (2016: 10%) higher/lower:

- No effect on the post-tax profit for the year ended 31st December, 2017 (2016: increase/decrease by HK\$4,145,000) as a result of the changes in fair value of investments held for trading; and
- other comprehensive income would increase/decrease by HK\$14,062,000 (2016: HK\$13,550,000) for the Group as a result of the changes in fair value of listed available-for-sale investments.

In management's opinion, the sensitivity analysis is not representative of the Group's equity price risk as it only reflects the impact of equity price changes to equity securities held at the year end but not the exposure during the year.

33. 金融工具(續)

(b) 財務風險管理目標及政策

市場風險(續)

(iii) 股本價格風險

本集團因其股本工具(分類為待售投資及可供出售投資)而須承受股本價格風險。管理層擬透過維持一個涉及不同風險程度之投資組合來控制有關風險。

敏感度分析

下列之敏感度分析乃根據本集團於報告期末之 據本工具(不包括按成 減任何已識別減值虧損 計量之可供出售投資)之 股本價格風險為基準而 釐定。

倘有關股本工具之價格 上升/下跌10%(二零 一六年:10%),則:

- 本集團之其他全面 收益將因上市可供 出售投資公平值變 動而增加/減少 14,062,000港元(二 零 一 六 年 : 13,550,000港元)。

管理層認為,由於敏感度 分析僅能反映於年底持 有之股本證券因股本原 格變動帶來之影響,而非 反映年內之風險,因此敏 感度分析未能代表本 團全面之股本價格風險。

33. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

(b) Financial risks management objectives and policies (Continued)

Credit risk

The Group's maximum exposure to credit risk in the event of counterparties' failure to perform their obligations as at 31st December, 2017 in relation to each class of recognised financial assets in the carrying amount of those assets as stated in the consolidated statement of financial position. In order to minimise the credit risk, the management will monitor the payment status of customers and perform necessary procedures to ensure that follow-up action is taken to recover overdue debts.

The Group reviews the recoverable amount of each individual receivable at the end of the reporting period to ensure that adequate impairment losses are recognised for irrecoverable amounts. In this regard, the Directors of the Company consider that the Group's exposure to bad debts is minimal.

The credit risk on liquid funds is limited because the counterparties are banks with good reputation. Other than concentration of credit risk on liquid funds which are deposited with several banks with high credit ratings, the Group does not have any other significant concentration of credit risk.

Furthermore, trade receivables consist of a large number of customers spread across diverse industries.

33. 金融工具(續)

(b) 財務風險管理目標及政策

信貸風險

於二零一七年十二月三十一日,可導致本集團蒙受財務局,可導致本集團蒙受財務局,則務狀況表內所列各項已財務資產的賬面值因交易,實施養養人,管理屬與,管理屬與,管理屬與,等與實施所則,以確保已採取適當的限。

本集團於報告期末檢討各項個別的應收賬款之可收回金額, 以確保就不可收回金額作出足夠的減值虧損撥備。就此而 言,本公司董事認為本集團在 壞賬方面所承擔之風險極低。

因為交易方是信譽良好的銀行,故流動資金的信貸風險有限。除於若干高信貸評級銀行之存款之流動資金信貸風險集中外,本集團並無任何其他重大信貸集中風險。

此外,應收貿易賬款包括分散於多個行業且數目龐大之客戶。

For the year ended 31st December, 2017 截至二零一七年十二月三十一日止年度

33. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

(b) Financial risks management objectives and policies (Continued)

Liquidity risks

The Group is not exposed to any significant liquidity risk as it has sufficient funds to meet its financial obligations when they fall due.

In the management of the liquidity risk, the Group monitors and maintains a level of cash and cash equivalents generated from operations which are deemed adequate by the management to finance the Group's operations and to mitigate the effects of fluctuations in cash flows. The Group will consider to raise bank borrowings when it is necessary.

Liquidity risk table

The following table details the Group's remaining contractual maturity for its non-derivative financial liabilities. The table has been drawn up based on the undiscounted cash flows of financial liabilities based on the earliest date on which the Group can be required to pay. The table includes both interest and principal cash flows. To the extent that interest flows are floating rate, the undiscounted amount is derived from interest rate at the end of the reporting period.

33. 金融工具(續)

(b) 財務風險管理目標及政策

流動資金風險

由於本集團持有充裕資金足以 於到期日償付有關財務債項, 故本集團面對之流動資金風險 並不重大。

在管理流動資金風險時,本集團會監察及維持從營運所得的現金及現金等值項目至管理層視為充足的水平以應付本集團營運所需及減低現金流量波動影響。本集團將在有需要時考慮向銀行借貸。

流動資金風險表

下表詳列本集團的非衍生財務負債之餘下合同到期情況。此表乃根據本集團於可能被要求償還財務負債的最早日期之財務負債未貼現現金流量而制訂。此表包括利息及本金之則金流量。在利息流量為浮動利率之前提下,未貼現數額乃以報告期末之利率得出。

33. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

33. 金融工具(續)

(b) Financial risks management objectives and policies (Continued)

(b) 財務風險管理目標及政策 (續)

Liquidity risks (Continued)

流動資金風險(續)

Liquidity risk table (Continued)

流動資金風險表(續)

| | | Weighted average effective interest rate 加權平均 實際利率 | On demand or less than 3 months 應要求或 三個月以內 HK\$'000 千港元 | 3 months to 6 months 三個月至 六個月 HK\$'000 | 7 months to 1 year 七個月 至一年 HK\$'000 千港元 | Over 1 year 一年以上 HK\$'000 千港元 | Total undiscounted cash flows 未貼現現金 流量總額 HK\$'000 千港元 | Total carrying amount 賬面總值 HK\$'000 千港元 |
|--------------------------------------|-------------------|---|---|--|---|--|---|--|
| As at 31st December, 2017 | 於二零一七年 十二月三十一日 | | | | | | | |
| Non-derivative financial liabilities | 非衍生財務負債 | | | | | | | |
| Trade and other payables | 應付貿易賬款及 其他應付賬款 | _ | 584,455 | _ | _ | _ | 584,455 | 584,455 |
| Borrowing – variable rate | 借款一浮息 | 5.4417% | 453,568 | 4,756 | 16,356 | 574,090 | 1,048,770 | 797,215 |
| | | | 1,038,023 | 4,756 | 16,356 | 574,090 | 1,633,225 | 1,381,670 |
| As at 31st December, 2016 | 於二零一六年 十二月三十一日 | | | | | | | |
| Non-derivative financial liabilities | 非衍生財務負債 | | | | | | | |
| Trade and other payables | 應付貿易賬款及 其他應付賬款 | _ | 1,134,732 | - | - | - | 1,134,732 | 1,134,732 |
| Amount due to a joint venture | 應付一家合資 企業款項 | 6.150% | 56,065 | _ | _ | _ | 56,065 | 55,779 |
| Borrowing – variable rate | 借款一浮息 | 6.077% | 154,004 | 23,102 | 98,078 | 2,414,115 | 2,689,299 | 1,790,150 |
| | | | 1,344,801 | 23,102 | 98,078 | 2,414,115 | 3,880,096 | 2,980,661 |

The above undiscounted cash flows amounts could change if there are movements in floating interest rates subsequent to the reporting period.

倘於報告期後浮息變動,則上 述未貼現現金流量數額將會變 動。

For the year ended 31st December, 2017 截至二零一七年十二月三十一日止年度

33. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

(b) Financial risks management objectives and policies (Continued)

Liquidity risks (Continued)

Liquidity risk table (Continued)

Borrowings with a repayment on demand clause are included in the "On demand or less than 3 months" time band in the above analysis. As at 31st December, 2016, the aggregate undiscounted principal amounts and carrying amounts of these borrowings amounted to HK\$100,000,000. Taking into account the Group's financial position, the Directors do not believe that it is probable that the borrowers will exercise their discretionary rights to demand immediate repayment. The Directors believe that such borrowings will be repaid within one year after the end of the reporting period in accordance with the scheduled repayment date set out in the loan agreement. At that time, the aggregate principal and interest cash outflows would amount to HK\$101,841,000.

33. 金融工具(續)

(b) 財務風險管理目標及政策

流動資金風險(續)

流動資金風險表(續)

33. 金融工具(續)

33. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

instruments

(c) Fair value measurements of financial

Some of the Group's financial instruments are measured at fair value at the end of each reporting period on a recurring basis. The following table gives information about how the fair values of these financial instruments are determined (in particular, the valuation techniques and inputs used).

(c) 金融工具之公平值計量

本集團部分金融工具於各報告期末按經常性基準以公平值計量。下表提供有關如何釐定該等金融工具之公平值(特別是所使用的估值技術及輸入數據)的資料。

| | as at 31st 於十二月 | vith fair value December 三十一日 设本證券之 | Fair value hierarchy | Valuation techniques and key inputs |
|---|--------------------|--|-------------------------|--|
| Financial assets | 2017 | 2016 | 公平值等級 | 估值技術及主要輸入數據 |
| 財務資產 | 二零一七年 | 二零一六年 | | |
| | HK\$'000 | | | |
| | 千港元 | 千港元 | | |
| Held-for-trading non-derivative financial assets | - | 49,638 | Level 1 | Quoted prices in an active market |
| 非衍生之待售財務資產 | | | 第一級 | 於活躍市場之報價 |
| Available-for-sale non-derivative financial assets 非衍生之可供出售財務資產 | 140,622 | 135,509 | Level 1 第一級 | Quoted prices in an active market 於活躍市場之報價 |
| | 140,622 | 185,147 | | |

At the end of the reporting period, the Group had no Level 2 or 3 fair value measurements financial instruments.

There were no transfers into or out of Level 1 during the year.

Except the financial assets that are measured at fair value on a recurring basis, the Directors of the Company consider that the carrying amounts of financial assets and financial liabilities recognised in the consolidated financial statements approximate their fair values.

於報告期末,本集團並無第二 級或第三級公平值計量金融工 具。

年內,概無轉入第一級或自第 一級轉出。

除按經常性基準以公平值計量 之財務資產外,本公司董事認 為,於綜合財務報表內確認之 財務資產及財務負債之賬面值 與其公平值相若。

For the year ended 31st December, 2017 截至二零一七年十二月三十一日止年度

34. RECONCILIATION OF LIABILITIES ARISING FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES

The table below details changes in the Group's liabilities arising from financing activities, including both cash and non-cash changes. Liabilities arising from financing are those from which cash flows were, or further cash flows will be, classified in the Group's consolidation statement of cash flows as cash flows from financing activities.

34. 融資活動產生之負債對賬

下表詳列本集團融資活動產生之負 債變動,包括現金及非現金變動。 融資活動產生之負債乃指其現金流 量及未來現金流量於本集團綜合現 金流量表中分類為融資活動產生之 現金流量之負債。

| | | | Amount due | | |
|---------------------------------|------------|-------------|-------------|----------|-------------|
| | | | to a joint | Finance | |
| | | Borrowings | venture | cost | Total |
| | | 借款 | 應付一家 合資企業款項 | 融資費用 | 合計 |
| | | | | | |
| | | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 |
| | | 千港元 | 千港元 | 千港元 | 千港元 |
| | | | | | |
| At 1st January, 2017 | 於二零一七年一月一日 | 1,790,150 | 55,779 | 2,407 | 1,848,336 |
| Financing cash flows | 融資現金流量 | (1,121,791) | (55,779) | (85,879) | (1,263,449) |
| Interest expenses | 利息開支 | _ | - | 86,180 | 86,180 |
| Effect of foreign exchange rate | 外幣兑換率轉變之影響 | | | | |
| changes | | 128,856 | | | 128,856 |
| | | | | | |
| At 31st December, 2017 | 於二零一七年 | | | | |
| | 十二月三十一日 | 797,215 | _ | 2,708 | 799,923 |

35. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

The Group had no material contingent liabilities as at 31st December, 2017 and 2016.

35. 或然負債

於二零一七年及二零一六年十二月 三十一日,本集團並無重大或然負 債。

For the year ended 31st December, 2017 截至二零一七年十二月三十一日止年度

36. COMMITMENTS

Cc

At the end of the reporting period, the Group had the following material commitments:

(a) Commitments in relation to expenditure on properties under development:

36. 承擔

於報告期末,本集團之主要承擔如 下:

(a) 有關發展中物業支出之 承擔:

| | | 2017 二零一七年 | 2016 二零一六年 |
|--------------------------------|---------|---------------|---------------|
| | | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 |
| | | 千港元 | 千港元 |
| | | | |
| ontracted but not provided for | 已訂約但未撥備 | 153,182 | 491,941 |

(b) Operating lease arrangements:

(i) The Group as lessee

At the end of the reporting period, the Group had outstanding commitments under non-cancellable operating leases which fall due:

(b) 經營租賃安排:

(i) 本集團作為承租人

於報告期末,根據不可撤 銷經營租賃,本集團有於 下列年期內到期之承擔:

| | 2017 | 2016 |
|---|----------|----------|
| | 二零一七年 | 二零一六年 |
| | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 |
| | 千港元 | 千港元 |
| | | |
| - within one year | 11,174 | 6,379 |
| - in the second to fifth year - 第二年至第五年 | | |
| inclusive (包括首尾兩年) | 14,496 | 4,749 |
| - over five years - 五年以上 | 490 | 910 |
| | | |
| | 26,160 | 12,038 |

Operating lease payments represent rentals and annual fees for use of land and properties payable by the Group for certain of its office properties and land. The operating leases relate to office properties with terms of between one to three years (2016: one to three years). The operating leases for annual fees for use of land are based on lease terms of the land which are over five years.

經營租賃款項乃指本集團就其若干辦公室物業及土地支付之租金及年度土地及物業使用權租金。辦公室物業之經營租賃年期介乎一至三年(二零一六年:一至三年)。每年支付土地使用權租金之經營租賃為超過五年的土地租期。

For the year ended 31st December, 2017 截至二零一七年十二月三十一日止年度

36. COMMITMENTS (Continued)

(b) Operating lease arrangements: (Continued)

(ii) The Group as lessor

The properties held have committed tenants from the majority of two years up to the maximum of nine years.

At the end of the reporting period, the Group had contracted with tenants for the following future minimum lease payments which fall due:

36. 承擔(續)

(b) 經營租賃安排:(續)

(ii) 本集團作為出租人

所持物業之承租人之承 諾租期大多為兩年,最長 為九年。

於報告期末,根據本集團 與承租人所訂合約,承租 人須於下列年期內支付 之最低租金如下:

| | | 2017 | 2016 |
|-------------------------------|-----------|----------|----------|
| | | 二零一七年 | 二零一六年 |
| | | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 |
| | | 千港元 | 千港元 |
| | | | |
| – within one year | -一年內 | 168,884 | 146,416 |
| - in the second to fifth year | - 第二年至第五年 | | |
| inclusive | (包括首尾兩年) | 116,718 | 81,886 |
| - over five years | -五年以上 | 9,274 | 12,773 |
| | | | |
| | | 294,876 | 241,075 |

37. RETIREMENT BENEFIT SCHEMES

The Group participates in a Mandatory Provident Fund ("MPF") Scheme established under the Hong Kong Mandatory Provident Fund Schemes Ordinance in December 2000. The assets of the MPF Scheme are held separately from those of the Group, in funds under the control of an independent trustee. Under the rules of the MPF Scheme, the employer and the employees are obliged to make contributions at the specified rate under the scheme.

The contributions arising from the MPF Scheme charged to the consolidated statement of profit or loss represent contributions paid and payable to the fund by the Group at rates specified in the rules of the scheme.

37. 退休福利計劃

本集團於二零零零年十二月根據香港《強制性公積金計劃條例》參與一項強制性公積金(「強積金」)計劃。強積金計劃之資產與本集團之資產分開持有,並以基金形式由一獨立信託人管理。根據強積金計劃之規則,僱主及僱員均有責任按計劃訂明的比率作出供款。

於綜合損益表扣除之就強積金計劃 產生之供款,指本集團按計劃規則 訂明之比率已付及應付予基金之供 款。 For the year ended 31st December, 2017 截至二零一七年十二月三十一日止年度

37. RETIREMENT BENEFIT SCHEMES

(Continued)

The employees in the Mainland China are members of respective state-managed defined contribution retirement benefits schemes operated by the local governments. The employers and the employees are obliged to make contributions at a certain percentage of the payroll under rules of the schemes. The only obligation of the Group with respect to the retirement benefit schemes is to make the specified contributions.

38. RELATED AND CONNECTED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

During the year, the Group had the following significant transactions with related and connected parties:

(a) A substantial shareholder of Rivera (Holdings) Limited ("RHL") together with her close family members control the Company and that shareholder has significant influence over RHL. Accordingly, RHL is considered as a related party of the Company. The Company agreed to provide administrative services to and share office premises with RHL and its subsidiaries in Hong Kong, and in return, RHL is required to share an attributable portion of the administrative cost of the Company on a cost basis. During the year ended 31st December, 2017, the administrative cost of the Company shared by RHL amounted to HK\$4,984,000 (2016: HK\$4,866,000). As at 31st December, 2017 and 31st December, 2016, no outstanding balance was owed by RHL.

The above transaction constitutes a continuing connected transaction of the Company but is exempted from disclosure and independent shareholders' approval requirements under the Listing Rules.

37. 退休福利計劃(續)

中國內地僱員乃各自由地方政府營辦之國家管理界定供款退休福利計劃之成員。根據計劃規則,僱主及僱員均有責任按薪金之若干百分比作出供款。本集團對於退休福利計劃之僅有責任為作出訂明供款。

38. 關連方及關連人士交易

年內,本集團與關連方及關連人士 有以下重大交易:

(a) 本公司由川河集團有限公司 (「川河」) 一位主要股東及其近 親控制,而該名股東對川河有 重大影響力。故此,川河被視 為本公司之關連方。本公司同 意於香港提供行政服務予川河 及其附屬公司以及共用辦公 室,而川河須按成本基準分擔 本公司部份應佔行政費用。截 至二零一七年十二月三十一日 止年度,川河分擔本公司之行 政費用為4,984,000港元(二零 一六年:4,866,000港元)。於 二零一七年十二月三十一日及 二零一六年十二月三十一日, 川河並無欠付本公司任何未償 還結餘。

> 以上交易構成本公司之持續關 連交易,惟獲豁免遵守《上市 規則》之披露及獨立股東批准 之規定。

For the year ended 31st December, 2017 截至二零一七年十二月三十一日止年度

38. RELATED AND CONNECTED PARTY TRANSACTIONS (Continued)

(b) During the years ended 31st December, 2017 and 2016, a non-wholly owned subsidiary of the Company made interest bearing advances to all of their shareholders in proportion to their respective shareholding interests, as mutually agreed by all shareholders to make better use of the surplus cash of that subsidiary. The advances to non-controlling shareholders with significant influence over that subsidiary are as follows:

38. 關連方及關連人士交易

(b) 截至二零一七年及二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度,本公司一家非全資附屬公司向其所有股東按彼等各自股權權益比例作出計息墊款,並經全體股東雙方同意以更佳使用該等附屬公司之盈餘資金。向對該等附屬公司擁有重大影響力之非控股股東作出之墊款如下:

| | | 2017 | 2016 |
|----------------------------|-----------|----------|----------|
| | | 二零一七年 | 二零一六年 |
| | | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 |
| | | 千港元 | 千港元 |
| | | | |
| Amount due within one year | 於一年內償還之金額 | _ | 56,894 |
| | | | |
| Interest income | 利息收入 | 1,349 | 7,844 |

As at 31st December, 2016, the amount of HK\$56,894,000 was included in consolidated financial statements under trade and other receivables and prepayments which was unsecured and bore interest at 4.92% per annum and was repaid in 2017.

The non-controlling shareholder of the non-wholly owned subsidiary, Shanghai Tomson Pudong Real Estate Development Co., Ltd., being the substantial shareholder of the subsidiary of the Company, was a connected person of the Company. The advances were regarded as financial assistance to connected persons under the Listing Rules and the transactions constituted a connected transaction for the Company.

Announcement dated 18th June, 2014 in respect of the provision of loan were made by the Company accordingly. 於二零一六年十二月三十一日,金額56,894,000港元計入 綜合財務報表內應收貿易賬 款、其他應收賬款及預付款項 下,其為無抵押並按年利率 4.92厘計息,並已於二零一七 年償還。

該非全資附屬公司-上海湯臣 浦東房地產開發有限公司之非 控股股東為本公司附屬公司之 主要股東,故為本公司之關連 人士。該墊款構成《上市規則》 項下對關連人士之財務援助及 本公司之關連交易。

本公司已相應發佈日期為二零 一四年六月十八日有關提供貸 款之公告。

For the year ended 31st December, 2017 截至二零一七年十二月三十一日止年度

38. RELATED AND CONNECTED PARTY TRANSACTIONS (Continued)

(c) During the year, the Group paid interest of HK\$202,000 (2016: HK\$5,313,000) to a joint venture.

(d) Compensation of key management personnel

The remuneration of Directors of the Company during the year was as follows:

38. 關連方及關連人士交易

(c) 年內,本集團向一家合資企業 支付利息202,000港元(二零 一六年:5.313,000港元)。

(d) 主要管理人員之酬金

年內本公司董事之薪酬如下:

| | | 2017 | 2016 |
|--------------------------|------|----------|----------|
| | | 二零一七年 | 二零一六年 |
| | | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 |
| | | 千港元 | 千港元 |
| | | | |
| Short-term benefits | 短期福利 | 19,867 | 21,414 |
| Post-employment benefits | 退休福利 | 36 | 36 |
| | | | |
| | | 19,903 | 21,450 |

The remuneration of Directors is determined by the Board (or under the authorisation of the shareholders of the Company as the case may be) by reference to market terms, individual responsibilities and performance, and recommendation from the remuneration committee of the Board.

(e) The balances due from associates and a joint venture at the end of the reporting period are set out in Notes 23 and 24, respectively.

The above transactions were conducted in accordance with terms mutually agreed between the Group and the respective related parties.

董事薪酬乃由董事局(或根據 本公司股東之授權,視情況而 定)參考市場薪酬水平、個別 人士之職責及表現,以及董事 局轄下之薪酬委員會之建議而 釐定。

(e) 於報告期末之應收聯營公司及 一家合資企業結餘已分別載於 附註23及24。

上述交易已根據本集團與各關連方雙方同意之條款進行。

For the year ended 31st December, 2017 截至二零一七年十二月三十一日止年度

39. PLEDGE OF ASSETS

Assets with the following carrying amounts have been pledged to secure the Group's borrowings of HK\$797.22 million (2016: HK\$1,790.15 million):

39. 資產之抵押

擁有下列賬面值之資產已就擔保本 集團借貸額為797,220,000港元 (二 零一六年:1,790,150,000港元)作抵 押:

| | | 2017 | 2016 |
|--------------------------|----------|-----------|-----------|
| | | 二零一七年 | 二零一六年 |
| | | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 |
| | | 千港元 | 千港元 |
| | | | |
| Investment properties | 投資物業 | 5,883,059 | 6,143,797 |
| Properties held for sale | 待售物業 | 440,104 | 407,563 |
| Bank deposits (Note) | 銀行存款(附註) | 983,298 | 275,517 |
| | | | |
| | | 7,306,461 | 6,826,877 |

Note:

The bank deposits pledged to secure the Group's borrowings carry interest at rates which range from 0.30% to 1.95% (2016: 0.30% to 2.015%) per annum. Deposits amounting to HK\$41,450,000 (2016: HK\$111,557,000) have been pledged to secure short-term borrowings and are therefore classified as current assets. The balance of HK\$941,848,000 (2016: HK\$163,960,000) have been pledged to secure long-term borrowings and are therefore classified as non-current assets.

附註:

作為抵押以擔保本集團借貸之銀行存款,其年利率介乎0.30厘至1.95厘(二零一六年:0.30厘至2.015厘)。金額為41,450,000港元(二零一六年:111,557,000港元)之存款用作擔保短期借貸之抵押,因此被分類為流動資產。結餘941,848,000港元(二零一六年:163,960,000港元)已就擔保長期借款作抵押,因此分類為非流動資產。

For the year ended 31st December, 2017 截至二零一七年十二月三十一日止年度

40. FINANCIAL INFORMATION OF THE COMPANY

40. 本公司之財務資料

The Company's Statement of Financial Position as at 31st December, 2017 is as follows:

於二零一七年十二月三十一日,本 公司之財務狀況表如下:

| | | 2017 | 2016 |
|---------------------------------------|--------------------------|-----------|-----------|
| | | 二零一七年 | 二零一六年 |
| | | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 |
| | | 千港元 | 千港元 |
| | | , 1372 | 7 1275 |
| N. C | 非流動資產 | | |
| Non-Current Assets | | (25 / 0 / | (27.404 |
| Investments in subsidiaries | 附屬公司投資 | 637,404 | 637,404 |
| Amounts due from subsidiaries | 應收附屬公司款項 | 2,186,094 | 2,559,353 |
| Available-for-sale investments | 可供出售投資 | 315 | 315 |
| | | | |
| | | 2,823,813 | 3,197,072 |
| | | | |
| Current Assets | 流動資產 | | |
| Amounts due from subsidiaries | 應收附屬公司款項 | 454,551 | 582,244 |
| Other receivables and prepayments | 其他應收賬款及預付款項 | 3,646 | 2,965 |
| Cash and bank balances | 現金及銀行結餘 | 392,074 | 66,433 |
| Cash and bank barances | 5元 並 久 耿 门 淵 欧 | 372,074 | 00,133 |
| | | | |
| | | 850,271 | 651,642 |
| | | | |
| Current Liabilities | 流動負債 | | |
| Amounts due to subsidiaries | 應付附屬公司款項 | 484,463 | 595,657 |
| Other payables | 其他應付賬款 | 16,697 | 4,376 |
| | | | |
| | | 501,160 | 600,033 |
| | | 301,100 | |
| N. C. | 运 4 次 文 河 | 2/0.111 | 51.600 |
| Net Current Assets | 流動資產淨值 | 349,111 | 51,609 |
| | | | |
| Total Assets Less Current Liabilities | 總資產減流動負債 | 3,172,924 | 3,248,681 |
| | | | _ |
| Capital and Reserves | 資本及儲備 | | |
| Share capital | 股本 | 942,792 | 857,530 |
| Share premium and reserves | 股份溢價及儲備 | 2,230,132 | 2,391,151 |
| promising and received | WAY IN THE DAY OF BH III | 2,230,132 | 2,071,171 |
| m 1p . | 海林 头 | 2.1=2.0=1 | 2.2/0.631 |
| Total Equity | 總權益 | 3,172,924 | 3,248,681 |

For the year ended 31st December, 2017 截至二零一七年十二月三十一日止年度

41. COMPANY'S SHARE PREMIUM AND 41. 本公司股份溢價及儲備 RESERVES

| | | Share premium 股份溢價 HK\$'000 千港元 | Capital redemption reserve 資本贖回儲備 HK\$'000 千港元 | Contributed surplus 繳入盈餘 HK\$'000 千港元 | Retained earnings 保留溢利 HK\$'000 千港元 | Total 合計 HK\$'000 千港元 |
|-----------------------------------|-----------------------|---|---|---|---|--------------------------------|
| | | , ,0,, | , ,,,,,, | ,,,,,, | , , , , , , | 7,025 |
| Balance at 1st January, 2016 | 於二零一六年 | | | | | |
| | 一月一日之結餘 | 2,193,168 | 16,608 | 327,645 | 4,694 | 2,542,115 |
| Profit for the year | 年度溢利 | - | _ | - | 6,423 | 6,423 |
| Issue of shares under scrip | 根據以股代息 | | | | | |
| dividend scheme | 計劃發行股份 | 176,233 | - | - | - | 176,233 |
| Dividend paid for 2015 | 派付二零一五年度 | (() | | | | / /\ |
| | 股息 - | (333,620) | | | _ | (333,620) |
| n i | 孙一彦 | | | | | |
| Balance at 31st December, 2016 | 於二零一六年十二月 三十一日之結餘 | 2.025.701 | 16,608 | 227 (45 | 11 117 | 2 201 151 |
| Profit for the year | 二 I 一 I 乙 編 麻 年 度 溢 利 | 2,035,781 | 16,608 | 327,645 | 11,117 108,655 | 2,391,151 108,655 |
| Issue of shares under scrip | 根據以股代息 | _ | _ | _ | 100,0)) | 100,0)) |
| dividend scheme | 計劃發行股份 | 467,802 | _ | _ | _ | 467,802 |
| Dividend paid for 2016 | 派付二零一六年度 | 107,002 | | | | 107,002 |
| 1 | 股息 | (737,476) | _ | - | _ | (737,476) |
| | • | | | | | |
| Balance at | 於二零一七年十二月 | | | | | |
| 31st December, 2017 | 三十一日之結餘 | 1,766,107 | 16,608 | 327,645 | 119,772 | 2,230,132 |

42. MAJOR NON-CASH TRANSACTIONS

During the year ended 31st December, 2017, the Group issued 170,525,050 new shares (2016: 126,394,626 new shares) as scrip dividend of HK\$553,064,000 for the year ended 31st December, 2016 (HK\$239,430,000 for the year ended 31st December, 2015) as set out in Notes 14 and 28.

42. 主要非現金交易

於截至二零一七年十二月三十一日 止年度,本集團已發行170,525,050 股新股份(二零一六年:126,394,626 股新股份)代替截至二零一六年 十二月三十一日止年度之股息 553,064,000港元(截至二零一五年 十二月三十一日止年度為 239,430,000港元)(載於附註14及 28)。 For the year ended 31st December, 2017 截至二零一七年十二月三十一日止年度

43. PRINCIPAL SUBSIDIARIES, ASSOCIATES AND A JOINT VENTURE

Principal subsidiaries as at 31st December, 2017

43. 主要附屬公司、 聯營公司及 一家合資企業

於二零一七年十二月三十一 日之主要附屬公司

| Name of subsidiary 附屬公司名稱 | Place of incorporation and operation 註冊成立及 經營地點 | Paid up issued ordinary share capital/ registered capital 繳足已發行普通 股股本/註冊資本 | Proportion of issued share capital /voting power /effective interest in registered capital held by the Company 本公司持有已發行股本/投票權/註冊資本實際權益比率 | | Principal activities 主要業務 |
|---|---|---|--|------------------|------------------------------|
| | | | Directly 直接 | Indirectly 間接 | |
| | | | % | % | |
| Charlesville Limited | British Virgin Islands 英屬維爾京群島 | US\$100 100美元 | 100 | - | Investment holding 投資控股 |
| Cosmos Success Development Limited 國勝發展有限公司 | Hong Kong 香港 | HK\$10,000 10,000港元 | - | 100 | Investment holding 投資控股 |
| Farskill Development Limited 恒藝發展有限公司 | Hong Kong 香港 | HK\$2 2港元 | - | 100 | Investment holding 投資控股 |
| Future Tech Production House Limited 唯先科技製作有限公司 | Hong Kong 香港 | HK\$10,000 10,000港元 | - | 100 | Inactive 無業務 |
| Garland Limited 嘉地有限公司 | Hong Kong 香港 | HK\$10,000 10,000港元 | - | 100 | Investment holding 投資控股 |
| Grand Lion Limited 浩君有限公司 | Hong Kong 香港 | HK\$2 2港元 | - | 100 | Investment holding 投資控股 |
| Grand View Property Management (Shanghai) Co., Ltd. (Note (1)) | Mainland China | US\$500,000 | - | 100 | Property management |
| 中觀物業管理(上海)有限公司 (附註(1)) | 中國內地 | 500,000美元 | | | 物業管理 |
| Humphreys Estate (Strawberry Houses) Limited | Hong Kong 香港 | HK\$200 200港元 | - | 100 | Securities trading 證券買賣 |
| Ideal Movement Limited 思序有限公司 | Hong Kong 香港 | HK\$2 2港元 | - | 100 | Property holding 物業持有 |

For the year ended 31st December, 2017 截至二零一七年十二月三十一日止年度

43. PRINCIPAL SUBSIDIARIES, ASSOCIATES AND A JOINT VENTURE (Continued)

Principal subsidiaries as at 31st December, 2017 (Continued)

43. 主要附屬公司、 聯營公司及 一家合資企業(續)

於二零一七年十二月三十一 日之主要附屬公司(續)

| Name of subsidiary 附屬公司名稱 | Place of incorporation and operation 註冊成立及 經營地點 | Paid up issued ordinary share capital/ registered capital 繳足已發行普通 股股本/註冊資本 | ry share capital /voting power /effective capital/ interest in registered capital l capital held by the Company 本公司持有已發行股本/投票 | | Principal activities 主要業務 | |
|-------------------------------------|---|---|---|-----|------------------------------|--|
| | | | 直接 | 間接 | | |
| | | | % | % | | |
| Island Cloud imited | Uona Vona | HK\$1 | | 100 | Inactive | |
| Island Sky Limited 銓瑋有限公司 | Hong Kong 香港 | 1港元 | - | 100 | 無業務 | |
| 红年行帐公司 | H re | TYE /U | | | 無 未切 | |
| Jentime Limited | Hong Kong | HK\$2 | _ | 100 | Inactive | |
| 震時有限公司 | 香港 | 2港元 | | | 無業務 | |
| | | | | | | |
| Kuto Limited | Hong Kong | HK\$2 | - | 100 | Investment holding | |
| 固滔有限公司 | 香港 | 2港元 | | | 投資控股 | |
| Maxi Charm Holdings Ltd. | British Virgin Islands | US\$1 | | 100 | Investment holding | |
| Maxi Charin Holdings Etd. | 英屬維爾京群島 | 1美元 | _ | 100 | 投資控股 | |
| | 大闽州州小田可 | 1天儿 | | | 以貝工以 | |
| MHK (Penha Hill) Limited | British Virgin Islands | US\$30,000 | _ | 70 | Property development | |
| , | 英屬維爾京群島 | 30,000美元 | | | 物業發展 | |
| | | , | | | | |
| Model Year Limited | Hong Kong | HK\$2 | - | 100 | Investment holding | |
| 日範有限公司 | 香港 | 2港元 | | | 投資控股 | |
| | D | 110 Å / 0. 200 0.00 | | 400 | · | |
| Multiclassic Investments Inc. | British Virgin Islands | US\$40,200,000 | - | 100 | Investment holding | |
| | 英屬維爾京群島 | 40,200,000美元 | | | 投資控股 | |
| Owina Limited | Hong Kong | HK\$2 | _ | 100 | Investment holding | |
| 奥詠有限公司 | 香港 | 2港元 | | 100 | 投資控股 | |
| | | ,0 | | | | |
| Shanghai Tomson Huangpu Real Estate | Mainland China | US\$18,500,000 | - | 100 | Property development | |
| Development Co., Ltd. (Note (1)) | | | | | | |
| 上海湯臣黃浦房地產開發 | 中國內地 | 18,500,000美元 | | | 物業發展 | |
| 有限公司 (<i>附註(1))</i> | | | | | | |

43. PRINCIPAL SUBSIDIARIES, ASSOCIATES AND A JOINT VENTURE (Continued)

Principal subsidiaries as at 31st December, 2017 (Continued)

43. 主要附屬公司、 聯營公司及 一家合資企業(續)

於二零一七年十二月三十一 日之主要附屬公司(續)

| Name of subsidiary 附屬公司名稱 | Place of incorporation and operation 註冊成立及 經營地點 | Paid up issued ordinary share capital/registered capital 繳足已發行普通股股本/註冊資本 | Proportion of issued share capital /voting power /effective interest in registered capital held by the Company 本公司持有已發行股本/投票權/註冊資本實際權益比率 Directly Indirectly 直接 間接 % % | | Principal activities 主要業務 |
|--|--|--|--|-----|---|
| Shanghai Tomson Investment Management Co. Limited (Note (3)) | Mainland China | RMB1,000,000 | - | 100 | Investment holding |
| 上海湯臣投資管理有限公司(附註(3)) | 中國內地 | 人民幣1,000,000元 | | | 投資控股 |
| Shanghai Tomson Outer Gaoqiao Development Co., Ltd. (<i>Note (1)</i>) | Mainland China | US\$15,000,000 | - | 100 | Property development |
| 上海湯臣外高橋開發有限公司 (附註(1)) | 中國內地 | 15,000,000美元 | | | 物業發展 |
| Shanghai Tomson Plastic Company Limited (Note (3)) | Mainland China | RMB1,000,000 | - | 100 | PVC pipes and fittings trading |
| 上海湯臣塑膠有限公司(附註(3)) | 中國內地 | 人民幣1,000,000元 | | | 膠管及配件買賣 |
| Shanghai Tomson Pudong Real Estate Development Co., Ltd. (Note (2)) | Mainland China | US\$46,000,000 | - | 70 | Property development |
| 上海湯臣浦東房地產開發有限公司 (附註(2)) | 中國內地 | 46,000,000美元 | | | 物業發展 |
| Shanghai Tomson Real Estate Investment & Development | Mainland China | US\$100,000,000 | - | 100 | Property development and investment holding |
| Co., Ltd. (Note (1)) 上海湯臣房地產開發有限公司 (附註(1)) | 中國內地 | 100,000,000美元 | | | 物業發展及投資控股 |
| Toben Limited 濤邦有限公司 | Hong Kong 香港 | HK\$2 2港元 | - | 100 | Investment 投資業務 |
| Tomson (China) Limited 湯臣 (中國) 有限公司 | Hong Kong 香港 | HK\$2 2港元 | - | 100 | Investment holding 投資控股 |

For the year ended 31st December, 2017 截至二零一七年十二月三十一日止年度

43. PRINCIPAL SUBSIDIARIES, ASSOCIATES AND A JOINT VENTURE (Continued)

Principal subsidiaries as at 31st December, 2017 (Continued)

43. 主要附屬公司、 聯營公司及 一家合資企業(續)

於二零一七年十二月三十一 日之主要附屬公司(續)

| Name of subsidiary | Place of incorporation and operation 註冊成立及 | Paid up issued ordinary share capital/ registered capital 繳足已發行普通 | Proportion of issued share capital /voting power /effective interest in registered capital held by the Company 本公司持有已發行股本/投票權/註冊資本實際權益比率 Directly Indirectly 直接 間接 | | Principal activities |
|--|---|---|--|-----|--|
| 附屬公司名稱 | 經營地點 | 股股本/註冊資本 | | | 主要業務 |
| Tomson Corporate (I.P.) Limited 湯臣 (知識產權) 有限公司 | Hong Kong 香港 | HK\$2 2港元 | - | 100 | Trademark holding 商標持有 |
| Tomson Corporation | British Virgin Islands 英屬維爾京群島 | US\$1 1美元 | 100 | - | Investment holding 投資控股 |
| Tomson Empire View Co. Limited 湯臣帝景控股有限公司 | British Virgin Islands 英屬維爾京群島 | US\$65,010,000 65,010,000美元 | - | 100 | Investment holding 投資控股 |
| Tomson Financial Investment Limited 湯臣財經投資有限公司 | Hong Kong 香港 | HK\$10,000 10,000港元 | - | 100 | Investment holding 投資控股 |
| Tomson Golf (Shanghai) Limited (Note (1)) | Mainland China | US\$40,000,000 | - | 100 | Golf course and club operation, and property |
| 湯臣高爾夫(上海)有限公司 (附註(1)) | 中國內地 | 40,000,000美元 | | | development 高爾夫球場及會所經營, 以及物業發展 |
| Tomson Group Garland (Shanghai) Housing & Estate Ltd. (Note (1)) | Mainland China | US\$16,000,000 | - | 100 | Property development |
| 湯臣集團嘉地(上海)房地產 有限公司(附註(1)) | 中國內地 | 16,000,000美元 | | | 物業發展 |
| Tomson Group (Nominees) Limited | Hong Kong | HK\$20 | _ | 100 | Providing nominee services to the Group and investment |
| 湯臣集團(代理人) 有限公司 | 香港 | 20港元 | | | holding 為本集團提供代理人服務及 投資控股 |

For the year ended 31st December, 2017 截至二零一七年十二月三十一日止年度

43. PRINCIPAL SUBSIDIARIES, ASSOCIATES AND A JOINT VENTURE (Continued)

Principal subsidiaries as at 31st December, 2017 (Continued)

43. 主要附屬公司、 聯營公司及 一家合資企業(續)

於二零一七年十二月三十一 日之主要附屬公司(續)

| Name of subsidiary 附屬公司名稱 | Place of incorporation and operation 註冊成立及 經營地點 | Paid up issued ordinary share capital/ registered capital 繳足已發行普通 股股本/註冊資本 | Proportion of capital /voting pointerest in regis held by the (本公司持有已發權/註冊資本實Directly 直接 | ower /effective tered capital Company 行股本/投票 | Principal activities 主要業務 |
|---|--|--|--|---|---|
| Tomson Group (Nominees) No. 2 Limited | Hong Kong | HK\$20 | - | 100 | Providing nominee services to |
| 湯臣集團第二(代理人)有限公司 | 香港 | 20港元 | | | the Group 為本集團提供代理人服務 |
| Tomson Haijing Garden (Shanghai Pudong New Area) Co., Ltd. (Note (1)) | Mainland China | US\$58,200,000 | - | 100 | Property development |
| 湯臣海景花園(上海浦東新區) 有限公司(附註(1)) | 中國內地 | 58,200,000美元 | | | 物業發展 |
| Tomson International Entertainment Company Limited | Hong Kong | HK\$2 | - | 100 | Investment holding and investment in live entertainment shows |
| 湯臣國際娛樂有限公司 | 香港 | 2港元 | | | business 投資控股及投資現場表演 節目業務 |
| Tomson International Entertainment Distribution Limited | Hong Kong | HK\$1 | - | 100 | Film distribution |
| 湯臣國際娛樂發行有限公司 | 香港 | 1港元 | | | 影片發行 |
| Tomson International Trade Building (Shanghai) Co., Ltd. (Note (1)) | Mainland China | US\$16,800,000 | - | 100 | Property development |
| 湯臣國貿大廈(上海)有限公司 (附註(1)) | 中國內地 | 16,800,000美元 | | | 物業發展 |
| Tomson Investment Limited 湯臣投資有限公司 | Hong Kong 香港 | HK\$3 3港元 | 100 | - | Investment holding 投資控股 |

For the year ended 31st December, 2017 截至二零一七年十二月三十一日止年度

43. PRINCIPAL SUBSIDIARIES, ASSOCIATES AND A JOINT VENTURE (Continued)

Principal subsidiaries as at 31st December, 2017 (Continued)

43. 主要附屬公司、 聯營公司及 一家合資企業(續)

於二零一七年十二月三十一 日之主要附屬公司(續)

| Name of subsidiary 附屬公司名稱 | Place of incorporation and operation 註冊成立及 經營地點 | Paid up issued ordinary share capital/ registered capital 繳足已發行普通 股股本/註冊資本 | Proportion of issued share capital /voting power /effective interest in registered capital held by the Company 本公司持有已發行股本/投票權/註冊資本實際權益比率 | | Principal activities 主要業務 |
|----------------------------------|---|--|--|------------------|---|
| 的 廣公 叫 有情 | 混 | 双双平/ 虹川貝平 | 權/ 时间貝本員 Directly 直接 | Indirectly 間接 | 工女未切 |
| TPR Secretarial Services Limited | Hong Kong 香港 | HK\$10,000 10,000港元 | 100 | - | Providing secretarial services to the Group and investment holding 提供秘書服務予本集團 及投資控股 |
| Yamako Limited 欣文有限公司 | Hong Kong 香港 | HK\$2 2港元 | - | 100 | Investment holding 投資控股 |

Note: For those subsidiaries established in the Mainland China, their classification of establishment is as follows:

- (1) wholly foreign owned enterprise
- (2) sino-foreign equity joint venture
- (3) limited company solely founded by a foreign invested enterprise

None of the subsidiaries had any debt securities outstanding at the end of the year, or at any time during the year.

Summarised financial information in respect of the Group's non-wholly owned subsidiary that has material non-controlling interest is set out below. The summarised financial information below represents amounts before intergroup eliminations.

附註:於中國內地成立的附屬公司, 其成立分類為:

- (1) 外商獨資企業
- (2) 中外合資企業
- (3) 外商投資企業法人獨資有 限公司

各附屬公司於年結日或年內任何時 間概無任何尚未償還之債務證券。

有關本集團有重大非控股股東權益 之非全資附屬公司之財務資料概要 載列如下。以下財務資料概要乃指 集團間對銷前金額。

43. PRINCIPAL SUBSIDIARIES, ASSOCIATES AND A JOINT VENTURE (Continued)

Principal subsidiaries as at 31st December, 2017 (Continued)

MHK (Penha Hill) Limited

43. 主要附屬公司、聯營公司及 一家合資企業(續)

於二零一七年十二月三十一 日之主要附屬公司(續)

MHK (Penha Hill) Limited

| | | 2017 | 2016 |
|--|---------------------|-----------|-----------|
| | | 二零一七年 | 二零一六年 |
| | | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 |
| | | 千港元 | 千港元 |
| | | | |
| Properties held for sale | 待售物業 | 525,027 | 625,497 |
| Other current assets | 其他流動資產 | 162,421 | 190,217 |
| Total current assets | 總流動資產 | 687,448 | 815,714 |
| | 10 010 074 77 12 | 007,110 | |
| Non-current assets | 非流動資產 | 104 | 519 |
| | 分利 在 | (111.005) | (17/500) |
| Current Liabilities | 流動負債 | (111,026) | (174,599) |
| Equity attributable to owner of the | 本公司權益持有人 | | |
| Company | 應佔權益 | 403,568 | 449,144 |
| | | | |
| Non-controlling interest | 非控股股東權益 | 172,958 | 192,490 |
| | | | |
| Revenue | 收入 | 338,657 | 704,336 |
| Expenses | 開支 | (148,765) | (313,200) |
| D. C. C. d | 左帝從利 | 100.002 | 201.127 |
| Profit for the year | 年度溢利 | 189,892 | 391,136 |
| | | | |
| Profit and total comprehensive income attributable to: | 應佔溢利及全面收益總額 如下: | | |
| attributable to: | XH I. • | | |
| Owner of the Company | 本公司權益持有人 | 132,924 | 273,795 |
| Non-controlling interest | 非控股股東權益 | 56,968 | 117,341 |
| · | | | |
| | | 189,892 | 391,136 |
| | | | |

For the year ended 31st December, 2017 截至二零一七年十二月三十一日止年度

43. PRINCIPAL SUBSIDIARIES, ASSOCIATES AND A JOINT VENTURE (Continued)

Principal subsidiaries as at 31st December, 2017 (Continued)

MHK (Penha Hill) Limited (Continued)

43. 主要附屬公司、 聯營公司及 一家合資企業(續)

> 於二零一七年十二月三十一 日之主要附屬公司(續)

MHK (Penha Hill) Limited (續)

| | | 2017 二零一七年 | 2016 二零一六年 |
|---|--------------|---------------|---------------|
| | | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 |
| | | 千港元 | 千港元 |
| | | | |
| Net cash inflows from operating activities | 經營業務現金流入淨額 | 233,282 | 516,963 |
| | | | |
| Net cash inflows from investing activities | 投資活動現金流入淨額 | 76 | 239,032 |
| | | | |
| Net cash outflows from financing activities | 融資活動現金流出淨額 | (255,000) | (572,626) |
| | | | |
| Net cash (outflows) inflows for the year | 年度現金(流出)流入淨額 | (21,642) | 183,369 |

For the year ended 31st December, 2017 截至二零一七年十二月三十一日止年度

43. PRINCIPAL SUBSIDIARIES, ASSOCIATES AND A JOINT VENTURE (Continued)

Principal associates as at 31st December, 2017

43. 主要附屬公司、 聯營公司及 一家合資企業(續)

於二零一七年十二月三十一 日之主要聯營公司

| Name of associate 聯營公司名稱 | Form of Place of business incorporation structure and operation 註冊成立及 | | Paid up issued ordinary share capital/ registered capital 繳足已發行 普通股股本/ 註冊資本 | Proportion of issued share capital/ voting power/ effective interest in registered capital held by the Company 本公司持有已發行股本/ 投票權/註冊資本實際 | | Principal activities 主要業務 |
|-------------------------------------|---|------------------------|--|---|-----------------------|--|
| | | | | Directly 直接 % | Indirectly 間接 % | |
| Roma Era Limited 遠代有限公司 | Incorporated 註冊成立 | Hong Kong 香港 | HK\$3,935,206 3,935,206港元 | - | 26.7 | Investment holding 投資控股 |
| China Boom Enterprises Limited | Incorporated | British Virgin Islands | US\$1,280,000 | - | 44 | Investment holding |
| 昌華企業有限公司 | 註冊成立 | 英屬維爾京群島 | 1,280,000美元 | | | 投資控股 |
| Tomson Entertainment Co. Limited | Incorporated | Taiwan | NTD25,000,000 | - | 45 | Investment in film, television and entertainment businesses |
| 湯臣娛樂股份有限公司 | 註冊成立 | 台灣 | 25,000,000新台幣 | | | 投資電影、電視及 娛樂業務 |
| Abundance Tomson | Incorporated | Hong Kong | HK\$2 | - | 50 | Investment holding |
| Management Limited 豐盛湯臣演藝人有限公司 | 註冊成立 | 香港 | 2港元 | | | 投資控股 |

The Directors are of the opinion that a complete list of the particulars of all subsidiaries and associates would be of excessive length and therefore the above list contains only the particulars of those subsidiaries and associates which significantly affect the results or assets of the Group.

董事認為完整載列所有附屬公司及 聯營公司之資料會導致篇幅過於冗 長,故上表僅列出該等對本集團業 績或資產構成重大影響之附屬公司 及聯營公司之資料。

For the year ended 31st December, 2017 截至二零一七年十二月三十一日止年度

43. PRINCIPAL SUBSIDIARIES, ASSOCIATES AND A JOINT VENTURE (Continued)

A joint venture as at 31st December, 2017

43. 主要附屬公司、 聯營公司及 一家合資企業(續)

> 於二零一七年十二月三十一 日之一家合資企業

| Name of joint venture 合資企業名稱 | Form of business structure 業務結構形式 | Place of incorporation and operation 註冊成立及 經營地點 | Paid up registered capital 缴足註冊資本 | Proporti voting po effective in registered held by the (本公司持有: 註冊資本實際 | ower/ terest in capital Company 投票權/ | Principal activities 主要業務 |
|--|--|---|---|--|--|--|
| | | | | Directly 直接 % | Indirectly 間接 % | |
| Shanghai Jinjiang Tomson Hotel Co., Ltd. 上海錦江湯臣大酒店 有限公司 | Sino-foreign equity joint venture 中外合資企業 | Mainland China 中國內地 | US\$24,340,000 24,340,000美元 | - | 50 | Hotel owning and operation 擁有及經營酒店 |

Other Connected Transactions 其他關連交易

In the ordinary course of business, current accounts have been maintained between companies in the Group. At the end of the reporting period, the particulars and the aggregate balances of the material current accounts due to the following non-wholly owned subsidiary of the Company to the remaining members of the Group were as follows:

在日常業務過程中,本集團各公司間亦 設有往來賬戶。於報告期末,本集團其 餘成員公司應付下列本公司之非全資附 屬公司之重大往來賬項之詳情及結餘總 額如下:

| | Percentage | | |
|--|---------------|----------|----------|
| | shareholdings | | |
| | attributable | | |
| | to the Group | | |
| | 本集團 | | |
| Name of subsidiary | 應佔股權 | 2017 | 2016 |
| 附屬公司名稱 | 百份比 | 二零一七年 | 二零一六年 |
| | | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 |
| | | 千港元 | 千港元 |
| | | | |
| Shanghai Tomson Pudong Real Estate Development Co., Ltd. | 70% | _ | 329,069 |
| 上海湯臣浦東房地產開發有限公司 | | | |

The amount of HK\$327,979,000 for the year ended 31st December, 2016 due to Shanghai Tomson Pudong Real Estate Development Co., Ltd. bore interest at rate of 4.75% per annum and was repaid in 2017.

於截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度,應付上海湯臣浦東房地產開發有限公司款項327,979,000港元按年利率4.75厘計息,並已於二零一七年償還。

Details of the other connected transactions are set out in Note 38 to the consolidated financial statements.

其他關連交易詳情載於綜合財務報表附 註38。

Schedule of Principal Properties

主要物業表

As at 31st December, 2017 於二零一七年十二月三十一日

PROPERTIES HELD BY THE GROUP

本集團持有之物業

Investment Properties

投資物業

| Description | Lot Number | Term of Lease | Approximate Gross Floor Area (Sq.m.) | Use | Group's Interest |
|---|---|------------------|--|------------|---------------------|
| Description | Lot Ivamoer | Lease | 概約總樓面面積 | Osc | interest |
| 詳情 | 地段編號 | 租期 | (平方米) | 用途 | 本集團之權益 |
| The whole of basement level 1, part of the level 1 and the whole of level 2 to 5 of the commercial podium and 141 car parking spaces of Tomson Commercial Building, 710 Dongfang Road, Lujiazui Finance and Trade Zone, Pudong New Area, Shanghai, | Lot 2-2-1 Lujiazui Finance and Trade Zone | Medium term | 19,521 for offices and podium; 7,594 for car parks | Commercial | 100% |
| People's Republic of China 中華人民共和國上海浦東新區 陸家嘴金融貿易區東方路 710號 湯臣金融大廈 地庫第1層全層、 商場第1層之部份及第2至5層全層 及141個泊車位 | 陸家嘴金融 貿易區 2-2-1號地段 | 中期 | 辦公樓及商場 19,521平方米; 泊車位7,594平方米 | 商業 | 100% |
| The whole of level 1 to 3 of the commercial podium, 4/F., 9/F. to 12/F., 17/F. to 25/F. and part of 7/F. to 8/F., 12A/F. and 14/F. of the office tower and 105 car parking spaces of Tomson International Trade Building, No.1 Jilong Road, Waigaoqiao Free Trade Zone, Pudong New Area, Shanghai, People's Republic of China | Lot C3-001 Waigaoqiao Free Trade Zone | Medium term | 36,082 for offices and podium; 4,299 for car parks | Commercial | 100% |
| 中華人民共和國上海浦東新區 外高橋保稅區基隆路1號 湯臣國際貿易大樓 商場第1至3層全層、 辦公大樓4樓、9樓至12樓、 17樓至25樓全層及 7樓至8樓、12A樓與14樓之部份 及105個泊車位 | 外高橋保税區 C3-001號地段 | 中期 | 辦公樓及商場 36,082平方米; 泊車位4,299平方米 | 商業 | 100% |

As at 31st December, 2017 於二零一七年十二月三十一日

PROPERTIES HELD BY THE GROUP (Continued)

本集團持有之物業(續)

Investment Properties (Continued)

投資物業(續)

| | | m . c | Approximate | | |
|---|--|------------------|--|-------------|---------------------|
| Description | Lot Number | Term of Lease | Gross Floor Area (Sq.m.) | Use | Group's Interest |
| Description | Lot Ivamoei | Lease | 概約總樓面面積 | CSC | interest |
| 詳情 | 地段編號 | 租期 | (平方米) | 用途 | 本集團之權益 |
| Whole of level 1 to 4 of the commercial podium and 136 car parking spaces of Tomson Business Centre, 158, 188, 228 Zhangyang Road, Lujiazui Finance and Trade Zone, Pudong New Area, Shanghai, People's Republic of China | Lot 1/1, 244 Street, Weifangxincunjiedao, Lujiazui Finance and Trade Zone | Medium term | 11,903 for offices and podium; 5,054 for car parks | Commercial | 100% |
| 中華人民共和國上海浦東新區 陸家嘴金融貿易區 張楊路158、188、228號 湯臣商務中心大廈 商場第1至4層全層及136個泊車位 | 陸家嘴金融貿易區 潍坊新村街道, 244街坊1/1丘 | 中期 | 辦公樓及商場 11,903平方米; 泊車位5,054平方米 | 商業 | 100% |
| Tower B, Tomson Riviera, 28 Huayuanshiqiao Road, Lujiazui Finance and Trade Zone, Pudong New Area, Shanghai, People's Republic of China | Lot No.1 17 Jiefang, Meiyuan Road | Long-term | 35,423 | Residential | 100% |
| 中華人民共和國上海浦東新區 陸家嘴金融貿易區 花園石橋路28弄 湯臣一品B棟 | 梅園路17街坊 1號地段 | 長期 | 35,423 | 住宅 | 100% |
| Tomson Waigaoqiao Industrial Park, No. 381, 383, 1 Futexi Road, 27 & 29 Huashen Road, 358 Futebei Road, Waigaoqiao Free Trade Zone, Pudong New Area, Shanghai, People's Republic of China | Lot 1/1 & 1/4, 19 Jiefang, Waigaoqiao Free Trade Zone | Medium term | 108,561 | Industrial | 100% |
| 中華人民共和國上海浦東新區 外高橋保税區 富特西路1路381及383號、 華申路27及29號、 富特北路358號 湯臣外高橋工業園區 | 外高橋保税區 19街坊1/1丘 及1/4丘 | 中期 | 108,561 | 工業 | 100% |

Schedule of Principal Properties 主要物業表

As at 31st December, 2017 於二零一七年十二月三十一日

PROPERTIES HELD BY THE GROUP (Continued)

本集團持有之物業(續)

Investment Properties (Continued)

投資物業(續)

| | | | Approximate | | |
|---|--------------------|-------------|--------------------|------------|----------|
| | | Term of | Gross Floor Area | | Group's |
| Description | Lot Number | Lease | (Sq.m.) 概約總樓面面積 | Use | Interest |
| 詳情 | 地段編號 | 租期 | (平方米) | 用途 | 本集團之權益 |
| | | | | | |
| 72/F., Shanghai World Financial Centre, | Lot 1, 20 Jiefang, | Medium term | 3,222 | Commercial | 100% |
| No. 100, Century Avenue, | Meiyuan Xincun | | | | |
| Pudong New Area, Shanghai, | Jiedao, Pudong | | | | |
| People's Republic of China | New Area | | | | |
| 中華人民共和國 | 浦東新區 | 中期 | 3,222 | 商業 | 100% |
| 上海浦東新區 | 梅園新村街道 | | | | |
| 世紀大道100號 | 20街坊1丘 | | | | |
| 上海環球金融中心72樓 | | | | | |

Golf Course 高爾夫球場

| | | Approximate Gross | | Group's |
|----------------------------------|---------------|--------------------------------|-----------------|----------|
| Description | Term of Lease | Floor Area (Sq.m.) 概約總樓面面積 | Use | Interest |
| 詳情 | 租期 | (平方米) | 用途 | 本集團之權益 |
| | | | | |
| Tomson Shanghai Pudong Golf Club | Medium term | Club houses, driving range and | An 18-hole golf | 100% |
| No.1 Long Dong Avenue, | | maintenance room of 12,652 | course | |
| Pudong New Area, Shanghai, | | with site area of 952,154 | | |
| People's Republic of China | | | | |
| 中華人民共和國 | 中期 | 會所、高爾夫球練習場及 | 18洞高爾夫 | 100% |
| 上海浦東新區龍東大道1號 | | 機房為12,652平方米 | 球場 | |
| 湯臣上海浦東高爾夫球會 | | (地盤面積為952,154平方米) | | |

As at 31st December, 2017 於二零一七年十二月三十一日

PROPERTIES HELD BY THE GROUP (Continued)

本集團持有之物業(續)

Properties under development

發展中物業

| | | Gross | Approximate Gross | | | | Estimated |
|-----------------------------------|----------------|-----------|----------------------|-------------|----------|----------------------|------------|
| | Lot | Site Area | Floor Area | | Group's | Stage of | Date of |
| Description | Number | (Sq.m.) | (Sq.m.) 概約 | Use | Interest | Completion | Completion |
| | | 地盤總面積 | 總樓面面積 | | | | 估計之 |
| 詳情 | 地段編號 | (平方米) | (平方米) | 用途 | 本集團之權益 | 完成階段 | 完成日期 |
| | | | | | | | |
| A piece of land near the junction | B-2 and B-13-4 | 248,200 | 176,000 | Residential | 100% | The land will be | Note |
| of Loushan Road | Jinqiao- | | | | | developed in phases. | |
| and Long Dong Avenue, | Zhangjiang | | | | | Superstructure for | |
| Jinqiao-Zhangjiang District, | District | | | | | Phase I and VIII was | |
| Pudong New Area, Shanghai, | | | | | | topped out in | |
| People's Republic of China | | | | | | December 2014 | |
| 位於中華人民共和國 | 金橋 - 張江區 | 248,200 | 176,000 | 住宅 | 100% | 該幅土地將分數期 | 附註 |
| 上海浦東新區 | B-2地區及 | | | | | 發展。第一期及第 | |
| 金橋 - 張江區 | B-13-4地區 | | | | | 八期已於二零一四 | |
| 接近羅山路及龍東大道 | | | | | | 年十二月結構封頂 | |
| 交界之一幅土地 | | | | | | | |

Note: The whole development plans are still under review, the completion time for this property project cannot be estimated at this stage.

附註: 全盤發展計劃仍在檢討中,現時無法預計 此物業項目完成之時間。

Properties held for sale

待售物業

| | | Term | Approximate Gross Floor Area | | Group's |
|--|---|-------------|---------------------------------|------------|-----------------|
| Description | Lot Number | of Lease | (Sq.m.) 概約總樓面面積 | Use | Interest 本集團 |
| 詳情 | 地段編號 | 租期 | (平方米) | 用途 | 之權益 |
| Part of 6/F. to 7/F., 10/F., 11/F., 17/F.of Tomson Commercial Building, 710 Dongfang Road, Lujiazui Finance and Trade Zone, Pudong New Area, Shanghai, | Lot 2-2-1 Lujiazui Finance and Trade Zone | Medium term | 3,039 | Commercial | 100% |
| People's Republic of China 中華人民共和國上海浦東新區 陸家嘴金融貿易區東方路710號 湯臣金融大廈 6至7樓、10樓、11樓及17樓之部份 | 陸家嘴金融貿易區 2-2-1號地段 | 中期 | 3,039 | 商業 | 100% |

Schedule of Principal Properties 主要物業表

As at 31st December, 2017 於二零一七年十二月三十一日

PROPERTIES HELD BY THE GROUP (Continued)

本集團持有之物業(續)

Properties held for sale (Continued)

待售物業(續)

| | | | Approximate | | |
|--|---|-------------|--------------------|-------------|-----------------|
| | | Term | Gross Floor Area | | Group's |
| Description | Lot Number | of Lease | (Sq.m.) 概約總樓面面積 | Use | Interest 本集團 |
| 詳情 | 地段編號 | 租期 | (平方米) | 用途 | 之權益 |
| Part of 5/F., 6/F., 15/F., and 16/F. of Tomson International Trade Building, No.1 Jilong Road, Waigaoqiao Free Trade Zone, Pudong New Area, Shanghai, People's Republic of China | Lot C3-001 Waigaoqiao Free Trade Zone | Medium term | 4,035 | Commercial | 100% |
| 中華人民共和國上海浦東新區 外高橋保稅區基隆路1號 湯臣國際貿易大樓 5樓、6樓、15樓及16樓之部份 | 外高橋保税區 C3-001號地段 | 中期 | 4,035 | 商業 | 100% |
| Part of Towers A & C & Tower D, Tomson Riviera, 28 Huayuanshiqiao Road, Lujiazui Finance and Trade Zone, Pudong New Area, Shanghai, People's Republic of China | Lot No.1 17 Jiefang, Meiyuan Road | Long-term | 34,651 | Residential | 100% |
| 中華人民共和國上海浦東新區 陸家嘴金融貿易區 花園石橋路28弄 湯臣一品A棟及C棟之部份以及D棟 | 梅園路 17街坊1號地段 | 長期 | 34,651 | 住宅 | 100% |
| Phases VI, VIII & IX Tomson Golf Villas, 1 Long Dong Avenue, Pudong New Area, Shanghai, People's Republic of China | Lot 23/10 Tong Le Cun, Hua Mu Xiang | Long-term | 1,741 | Residential | 100% |
| 中華人民共和國上海浦東新區 龍東大道1號 湯臣高爾夫別墅 第六、第八及第九期 | 花木鄉 同樂村23/10丘 | 長期 | 1,741 | 住宅 | 100% |

As at 31st December, 2017 於二零一七年十二月三十一日

PROPERTIES HELD BY THE GROUP (Continued)

本集團持有之物業(續)

Properties held for sale (Continued)

待售物業(續)

| | | Term | Approximate Gross Floor Area | | C |
|--|--|-----------|--|-------------|----------------------------|
| Description | Lot Number | of Lease | Gross Floor Area (Sq.m.) 概約總樓面面積 | Use | Group's Interest 本集團 |
| 詳情 | 地段編號 | 租期 | (平方米) | 用途 | 之權益 |
| Part of Block B & F and 150 car parking spaces of Tomson Golf Garden, 1 Long Dong Avenue, (2 of North District), Pudong New Area, Shanghai, People's Republic of China | Lot 47/1, Zhangbang Cun Jinqiaozhen, Pudong New Area | Long-term | 470 for residential; 4,725 for car parks | Residential | 100% |
| 中華人民共和國上海浦東新區 龍東大道1號(北2區) 湯臣高爾夫花園 B及F座之部份, 以及150個泊車位 | 浦東新區 金橋鎮張濱村 47/1丘 | 長期 | 住宅470平方米; 泊車位4,725平方米 | 住宅 | 100% |
| Part of One Penha Hill, Travessa do Colégio No.7 e Calcada do Bom Parto No.2, Macao Special Administrative Region, People's Republic of China | No. 22356 folio 100, Book B16K | Long-term | 10,689 for residential; 3,563 for car parks | Residential | 70% |
| 中華人民共和國 澳門特別行政區 學校巷7號及灰爐斜巷2號 湯臣主教山壹號之部份 | B16K簿冊 第100頁 註冊編號22356 | 長期 | 住宅10,689平方米; 泊車位3,563平方米 | 住宅 | 70% |

Schedule of Principal Properties 主要物業表

As at 31st December, 2017 於二零一七年十二月三十一日

PROPERTIES HELD BY A JOINT VENTURE

一家合資企業持有之物業

Properties held for investment

持作投資之物業

| | | | Approximate | | |
|---|------------------|-------------|------------------|-------|----------|
| | | Term | Gross Floor Area | | Group's |
| Description | Lot Number | of Lease | (Sq.m.) | Use | Interest |
| | | | 概約總樓面面積 | | 本集團 |
| 詳情 | 地段編號 | 租期 | (平方米) | 用途 | 之權益 |
| | | | | | |
| InterContinental Shanghai Pudong hotel, | Lot 12 Zhangyang | Medium term | 52,622 | Hotel | 50% |
| 777 Zhangyang Road, | Road Commercial | | | | |
| Lujiazui Finance and Trade Zone, | District | | | | |
| Pudong New Area, Shanghai, | | | | | |
| People's Republic of China | | | | | |
| 中華人民共和國上海浦東新區 | 張楊路 | 中期 | 52,622 | 酒店 | 50% |
| 陸家嘴金融貿易區張楊路777號 | 商業區12號地段 | | | | |
| 上海錦江湯臣洲際大酒店 | | | | | |

Five-Year Financial Summary 五年財務概要

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS

綜合損益表

Year Ended 31st December 截至十二月三十一日止年度

| | | 似王十二月二十 日里平及 | | | | | |
|---------------------------|----------|--------------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-------------|--|
| | | 2013 | 2014 | 2015 | 2016 | 2017 | |
| | | 二零一三年 | 二零一四年 | 二零一五年 | 二零一六年 | 二零一七年 | |
| | | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 | |
| | | 千港元 | 千港元 | 千港元 | 千港元 | 千港元 | |
| | | | | | | | |
| Gross proceeds from | 經營收益總額 | | | | | | |
| operations | | 1,028,439 | 1,000,520 | 2,738,715 | 4,174,196 | 2,167,464 | |
| | | | | | | | |
| Profit before taxation | 除税前溢利 | 648,903 | 221,306 | 1,206,806 | 1,759,651 | 2,400,505 | |
| Taxation | 税項 | (359,613) | (118,477) | (582,044) | (751,984) | (1,055,840) | |
| | | | | | | | |
| Profit for the year | 年度溢利 | 289,290 | 102,829 | 624,762 | 1,007,667 | 1,344,665 | |
| | | | | | | | |
| Attributable to: | 應佔如下: | | | | | | |
| Owners of the Company | 本公司權益持有人 | 297,639 | 95,985 | 534,074 | 876,256 | 1,255,486 | |
| Non-controlling interests | 非控股股東權益 | (8,349) | 6,844 | 90,688 | 131,411 | 89,179 | |
| | | | | | | | |
| | | 289,290 | 102,829 | 624,762 | 1,007,667 | 1,344,665 | |

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

綜合財務狀況表

At 31st December 於十二月三十一日

| | | | 尽 | 1 - 7 - 1 | Н | |
|--------------------------------|----------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|
| | | 2013 | 2014 | 2015 | 2016 | 2017 |
| | | 二零一三年 | 二零一四年 | 二零一五年 | 二零一六年 | 二零一七年 |
| | | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 |
| | | 千港元 | 千港元 | 千港元 | 千港元 | 千港元 |
| | | | | | | |
| Fixed assets | 固定資產 | 7,572,872 | 7,410,385 | 7,495,121 | 7,543,584 | 8,287,655 |
| Lease premium for land | 土地租賃費用 | 59,599 | 51,511 | 42,504 | 33,368 | 30,410 |
| Film distribution rights | 影片發行權 | 11,416 | 10,000 | 5,491 | 4,942 | 4,942 |
| Prepayment for film | 影片發行權預付款 | | | | | |
| distribution rights | | 832 | 85 | - | _ | _ |
| Goodwill | 商譽 | 33,288 | 33,288 | 33,288 | 33,288 | 33,288 |
| Deferred tax assets | 遞延税項資產 | 265,491 | 277,682 | 317,600 | 364,538 | 281,729 |
| Interests in associates and | 於聯營公司及 | | | | | |
| joint ventures | 合資企業之權益 | 1,108,827 | 1,090,955 | 1,040,070 | 188,265 | 201,581 |
| Other receivables | 其他應收賬款 | 171,298 | 157,520 | 60,874 | - | _ |
| Available-for-sale investments | 可供出售投資 | 129,378 | 146,134 | 149,598 | 184,115 | 189,228 |
| Pledged bank deposits | 抵押銀行存款 | - | - | _ | 163,960 | 941,848 |
| Net current assets | 流動資產淨值 | 7,520,839 | 7,346,598 | 5,914,585 | 6,777,861 | 5,473,479 |
| | | | | | | |
| | | 16,873,840 | 16,524,158 | 15,059,131 | 15,293,921 | 15,444,160 |
| | | | | | | |
| Equity attributable to owners | 本公司權益持有人 | | | | | |
| of the Company | 應佔權益 | 11,436,024 | 11,243,049 | 11,269,127 | 11,399,052 | 13,224,128 |
| Non-controlling interests | 非控股股東權益 | 873,684 | 861,578 | 917,215 | 993,146 | 296,461 |
| C | | | | | | |
| Total equity | 總權益 | 12,309,708 | 12,104,627 | 12,186,342 | 12,392,198 | 13,520,589 |
| Amounts due to joint ventures | | 52,254 | 113,514 | 59,680 | ,_,_,_, | - |
| Borrowings | 借款 | 2,844,582 | 2,700,713 | 1,366,734 | 1,607,876 | 345,780 |
| Deferred tax liabilities | 遞延税項負債 | 1,667,296 | 1,605,304 | 1,446,375 | 1,293,847 | 1,577,791 |
| | | | | | | , ., |
| | | 16,873,840 | 16,524,158 | 15,059,131 | 15,293,921 | 15,444,160 |

