

ANNUAL REPORT 年報

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公司資料 Corporate Information

董事

執行董事

鄭合輝*(主席兼董事總經理)* 鄭白明 鄭白敏 鄭白麗

獨立非執行董事

梁體超 羅道明 麥燿堂

公司秘書

鄭白明

主要往來銀行

香港上海滙豐銀行有限公司 恒生銀行有限公司 富邦銀行(香港)有限公司

核數師

德勤•關黃陳方會計師行

香港法律顧問

銘德律師事務所

百慕達法律顧問

Conyers Dill & Pearman

註冊辦事處

Clarendon House 2 Church Street Hamilton HM11 Bermuda

主要營業地點

香港 九龍尖沙咀東部 加連威老道98號 東海商業中心 1樓108室

DIRECTORS

Executive Directors

Cheng Hop Fai (*Chairman and Managing Director*) Cheng Pak Ming, Judy Cheng Pak Man, Anita Cheng Pak Lai, Lily

Independent Non-Executive Directors

Leung Tai Chiu Law Toe Ming Mark Yiu Tong, William

COMPANY SECRETARY

Cheng Pak Ming, Judy

PRINCIPAL BANKERS

The Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation Limited Hang Seng Bank Limited Fubon Bank (Hong Kong) Limited

AUDITOR

Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu

HONG KONG LEGAL ADVISERS

Minter Ellison

BERMUDA LEGAL ADVISERS

Conyers Dill & Pearman

REGISTERED OFFICE

Clarendon House 2 Church Street Hamilton HM11 Bermuda

PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS

Unit 108, 1st Floor East Ocean Centre 98 Granville Road Tsimshatsui East, Kowloon Hong Kong

公司資料 Corporate Information

主要股份過戶登記處

Butterfield Fulcrum Group (Bermuda) Limited 26 Burnaby Street Hamilton HM 11 Bermuda

股份過戶登記分處

香港中央證券登記有限公司 香港 皇后大道東183號 合和中心 46樓

公司網站

www.g-vision.com.hk

PRINCIPAL SHARE REGISTRAR

Butterfield Fulcrum Group (Bermuda) Limited 26 Burnaby Street Hamilton HM 11 Bermuda

BRANCH SHARE REGISTRAR

Computershare Hong Kong Investor Services Limited 46th Floor Hopewell Centre 183 Queen's Road East Hong Kong

CORPORATE WEBSITE

www.g-vision.com.hk

主席報告 Chairman's Statement

本人謹代表董事會(「董事會」)呈報環科國際集團有限公司(「本公司」)及其附屬公司 (「本集團」)截至二零一八年三月三十一日 止財政年度之年報。

業績

本集團截至二零一八年三月三十一日止年 度之經審核綜合股東應佔虧損約為 8,900,000港元。根據1,946,314,108已發 行普通股加權平均數計算之每股虧損為 0.46港仙。

股息

董事會已議決不建議派發截至二零一八年 三月三十一日止年度之任何末期股息(二 零一七年:無)。

業務回顧

截至二零一八年三月三十一日止年度,本 集團錄得綜合收入約86,900,000港元,較 去年綜合收入約88,300,000港元減少約 1,400,000港元或1.6%。本年度虧損淨額 約為8,900,000港元,去年則為虧損淨額 約9,000,000港元。

本集團的餐廳業務於回顧年度繼續為本集 團收益的主要貢獻者。收入同比下降約 1,400,000港元,主要是由於尖沙咀分店 於二零一七年四月關閉三個星期,以進行 廚房維修及升級工程。然而,長沙灣廣場 分行的收入仍然相對穩定。

儘管面對收入下滑,本集團仍能進一步改 善毛利率。本集團將致力保持食品成本控 制措施的有效性,並同時保持食品質量。 On behalf of the board of directors (the "Board"), I would like to present the annual report of G-Vision International (Holdings) Limited (the "Company") and its subsidiaries (the "Group") for the financial year ended 31 March 2018.

RESULTS

The audited consolidated loss attributable to the shareholders of the Group for the year ended 31 March 2018 was approximately HK\$8.9 million. Loss per share based on 1,946,314,108 ordinary shares in issue amounted to HK\$0.46 cents.

DIVIDEND

The Board has resolved not to recommend the payment of a final dividend for the year ended 31 March 2018 (2017: Nil).

REVIEW OF OPERATIONS

For the year ended 31 March 2018, the Group recorded consolidated revenue of approximately HK\$86.9 million, representing a decrease of approximately HK\$1.4 million or 1.6% from last year's consolidated revenue of approximately HK\$88.3 million. The net loss for the year amounted to approximately HK\$8.9 million compared to last year's net loss of approximately HK\$9.0 million.

The Group's restaurant business continued to be the major contributor to the Group's revenue for the year under review. The drop in revenue by approximately HK\$1.4 million compared to the last corresponding period was mainly attributable to the closure of the Tsim Sha Tsui branch for three weeks in April 2017 for kitchen maintenance and upgrading works. Revenue contributed by the Cheung Sha Wan Plaza branch, remained relatively stable.

Despite the drop in revenue, the Group was able to further improve the gross profit margin. The Group would strive to maintain the effectiveness of cost control measures of food materials while maintaining the food quality.

主席報告 Chairman's Statement

展望

酒樓業務將仍然為本集團之核心業務。它 會繼續提供一個穩定之收入來源,並為收 入之主要貢獻者。本集團一直積極尋求合 適之投資機會令業務多元化。本集團將繼 續在不同行業尋求合適之投資機會以擴大 本集團之業務範圍。

鳴謝

本人謹此對本集團之管理層以及員工在年 內對本集團所作出之努力及寶貴貢獻致以 衷心謝意。

PROSPECTS

The restaurant business will continue to be the core business of the Group. It will continue to provide a stable source of revenue and remains the major contributor to revenue. The Group has been actively seeking suitable investment opportunities for business diversification. The Group will explore into different industry sectors so as to expand and diversify the scope of the Group's business.

ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

I would like to express my gratitude to the management and staff members of the Group for their dedication and invaluable efforts and contributions to the Group during the year.

主席 鄭合輝

香港,二零一八年六月二十二日

Cheng Hop Fai *Chairman*

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Hong Kong, 22 June 2018

管理層討論及分析 Management Discussion and Analysis

財務回顧

截至二零一八年三月三十一日止年度,本 集團錄得之綜合收入約86,900,000港元, 較去年收入約88,300,000港元減少1.6%。

本集團於回顧年度內錄得之虧損淨額約 8,900,000港元,而去年同期則錄得虧損 淨額約9,00,000港元。

業務回顧

就酒樓業務而言,撇除尖沙咀分店於二零 一七年四月份停業裝修三星期之收入減 少,其整體表現為持在上年度水平。毛利 率亦能夠輕微提升0.4%。

集團業績受裝修期間收入減少之負面影響 並導致毛利損失約1,000,000港元以及裝 修費用增加約500,000港元。本集團於回 顧年度之淨虧損改善約100,000港元。

員工成本增加約為1,300,000港元,主要 由於二零一七年十月二十三日授予本集團 董事的30,000,000股購股權所致。購股權 之公平值約為2,900,000港元,約 1,500,000港元已根據所授出購股權的歸 屬條件於截至二零一八年三月三十一日止 年度被確認為以股份為基礎的支付開支。

外匯變動帶來的正面影響約200,000港元; 本集團可供出售投資減值約100,000港元 的回撥以及租金成本減少約600,000港元 均導致淨虧損減少。

FINANCIAL REVIEW

For the year ended 31 March 2018, the Group recorded consolidated revenue of approximately HK\$86.9 million, representing a decrease of 1.6% from previous year's revenue of approximately HK\$88.3 million.

The Group recorded a net loss of approximately HK\$8.9 million for the year under review compared to a net loss of approximately HK\$9.0 million for the previous year.

BUSINESS REVIEW

For the restaurant operation, excluding the loss in revenue during the three weeks renovation period of the Tsim Sha Tsui branch in April 2017, the overall performance was on previous year's level and there was a slight improvement in the gross profit margin by 0.4%.

The Group's result was negatively impacted by the loss in revenue during the renovation period which resulted in a loss of profit margin of approximately HK\$1.0 million and an increase in repair and maintenance costs of approximately HK\$0.5 million. The net loss for the Group had improved by approximately HK\$0.1 million for the year under review.

The increase in staff costs by approximately HK\$1.3 million was mainly attributable to the 30,000,000 share options granted to the Group's directors on 23 October 2017. The fair value of the stock options amounted to approximately HK\$2.9 million, of which approximately HK\$1.5 million was recognised as share-based payment staff expenses for the year ended 31 March 2018 in accordance with the vesting conditions of the stock options granted.

The positive impact from the foreign exchange movement of approximately HK\$0.2 million; the reversal of the impairment losses of approximately HK\$0.1 million for the Group's available-for-sale investments as well as the decrease in rental costs of approximately HK\$0.6 million all contributed to the reduction in net loss for the Group.

管理層討論及分析 Management Discussion and Analysis

流動資金及財政資源

本集團於二零一八年三月三十一日之現金 及銀行結餘(包括已抵押銀行存款及短期 銀行存款)約為88,600,000港元。由於本 集團並無銀行貸款,本集團於二零一八年 三月三十一日及二零一七年三月三十一日 之資本負債比率為零。

考慮到本集團在其日常業務過程中取得之 現金以及現時尚未動用之銀行信貸額,故 董事們認為本集團擁有充裕之營運資金以 應付其業務所需。

外匯匯兑風險

由於本集團之大部分銷售、採購以及現金 及銀行結餘均以港元列值,本集團面對之 外匯風險,主要來自以人民幣及美元列值 之若干銀行存款及可供出售投資。管理層 會密切監察該等風險,並在有需要時會考 慮對沖重大外匯風險。

僱員

於二零一八年三月三十一日,本集團擁有 僱員約157人。於回顧年度內總員工成本 (包括董事酬金)已達至約34,900,000港元 (二零一七年三月三十一日:33,700,000 港元)。

本集團一般會每年及根據情況需要不時檢 討僱員之薪酬組合。本集團僱員之薪酬及 福利水平具競爭力,並參考個人表現透過 本集團之分紅計劃予以獎賞。其他福利包 括醫療保險以及為僱員提供強制性公積金 計劃。

LIQUIDITY AND FINANCIAL RESOURCES

The Group's cash and bank balances (including pledged bank deposits and short-term bank deposits) amounted to approximately HK\$88.6 million as at 31 March 2018. As the Group had no bank borrowings, the Group's gearing ratio was zero as at 31 March 2018 and 31 March 2017.

With the cash generated from the Group's operations in its ordinary course of business and the existing unutilised banking and credit facilities, the directors consider that the Group has sufficient working capital for its operations.

FOREIGN EXCHANGE EXPOSURE

Most of the Group's sales, purchases, cash and bank balances were denominated in Hong Kong dollars. The Group is exposed to foreign currency risk primarily through certain bank deposits and available-for-sale investments which are denominated in Renminbi and United States Dollar. The management would closely monitor such risk and would consider hedging significant foreign currency exposure should the need arise.

EMPLOYEES

As at 31 March 2018, the Group had approximately 157 staff. Total staff costs including directors' emoluments amounted to approximately HK\$34.9 million (31 March 2017: HK\$33.7 million) for the year under review.

Review of the employees' remuneration packages is normally conducted annually and as required from time to time. The salary and benefit levels of the Group's employees are competitive and individual performance is rewarded through the Group's bonus scheme. Other benefits including medical coverage and mandatory provident fund scheme are also provided to employees.

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管理層討論及分析 Management Discussion and Analysis

業務模式及策略

展望

酒樓業務將仍然為本集團之核心業務。然 而,本集團酒樓業務之經營環境仍然極具 挑戰性。由於租金、物價及員工之費用持 續增加,本集團會繼續密切監察其營運成 本集團亦會不時檢討及修改其業務策 略,旨在改善本集團之狀況,以應付未來 之挑戰,並把握未來可能出現之任何收購 及策略性投資機會。

BUSINESS MODEL AND STRATEGY

The Group strives to generate positive return to preserve values of the shareholders through its sustainable business development. For the Group's traditional business, the Group would try to seek growth and higher returns by offering more innovative products or services to customers, to implement more stringent cost control and to apply and manage resources as effectively as possible. In order to further enhance the value of the Group and to achieve higher returns to the shareholders, the longer term approach is to expand the income source through business diversification. The aim is to maximise the overall returns to shareholders in the long run by identifying and selecting new business opportunities which are of great potential and include them in the Group's existing business portfolio.

OUTLOOK

The restaurant business will continue to serve as our core operation. However, the operating environment for the Group's restaurant operation still remains challenging. The Group will continue to monitor its operating costs cautiously given the higher rentals and increasing food and staff costs. The Group reviews and revises its business strategies on a regular basis with the aim to better position itself to meet the challenges ahead and to capitalize any future acquisition and strategic investment opportunities as they arise.

董事會知悉良好企業管治之重要性及好 處,並竭力根據香港聯合交易所有限公司 (「聯交所」)有關有效企業管治之指引處理 其業務,以加強其透明度、公平性、完整 性及問責性。

企業管治守則

本公司已採納聯交所上市規則(「上市規 則」)附錄十四所載之企業管治守則(「企業 管治守則」)作為其企業管治守則。於截至 二零一八年三月三十一日止年度內,本公 司已遵守企業管治守則之守則條文,惟守 則條文A.2.1條(有關主席及行政總裁之角 色分開);守則條文A.4.1條(有關非執行 董事(「非執行董事」)之服務期限)及守則 條文D.1.4條(有關董事們之委任書)除外。

守則條文D.1.4條訂明,上市發行人須為 董事們提供正式委任書並列明委任之條款 及細則。本公司有若干董事未有正式委任 書。但是,本公司所有董事均需要參考由 公司註冊處發出之「董事責任指引」及由 香港董事學會發出之「董事指南」及「獨立 非執行董事指南」以履行其作為公司董事 之職責及責任。董事認為,此舉符合守則 條文D.1.4條之目標。 The Board acknowledges the importance and benefits of good corporate governance and strives to manage the Company and the business in accordance with the guidelines of The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange") for effective corporate governance emphasizing transparency, fairness, integrity and accountability.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE CODE

The Company has adopted the Corporate Governance Code (the "Code") contained in Appendix 14 to the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on the Stock Exchange (the "Listing Rules") as its own corporate governance code. The Company has complied with the code provisions set out in the Code throughout the year ended 31 March 2018 except for code provision A.2.1 in respect of the role separation of the chairman and the chief executive; code provision A.4.1 in respect of the service term of non-executive directors ("NEDs") and code provision D.1.4 in respect of the letters of appointment for directors.

Code provision D.1.4 sets out that issuers should have formal letters of appointment for directors setting out the key terms and conditions of their appointment. The Company did not have formal letters of appointment for certain directors. All of the directors of the Company are, however, required to refer to the guidelines set out in "A Guide on Directors' Duties" issued by the Companies Registry and "Guidelines for Directors" and "Guide for Independent Non-Executive Directors" published by the Hong Kong Institute of Directors in performing their duties and responsibilities as directors of the Company. In the opinion of the directors, this meets the objective of the code provision D.1.4.

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董事進行證券交易

本公司已採納上市規則附錄十所載上市發 行人之董事進行證券交易之標準守則(「標 準守則」),作為其本身規範董事進行證券 交易之行為守則。全體董事經本公司作出 特定查詢後,確認彼等於截至二零一八年 三月三十一日止年度內已遵守標準守則所 載之規定準則。

董事會

董事會現由四名執行董事及三名獨立非執 行董事(「獨立非執行董事」)組成:

執行董事

鄭合輝*(主席兼董事總經理)* 鄭白明 鄭白敏 鄭白麗

獨立非執行董事

梁體超 羅道明 麥燿堂

鄭白明女士、鄭白敏女士及鄭白麗女士為 姊妹及為鄭合輝先生(主席兼董事總經理) 之女兒。除上述外,董事會成員與其他成 員並沒有財務、業務、家庭及其他重大關 係。

DIRECTORS' SECURITIES TRANSACTIONS

The Company has adopted the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Issuers (the "Model Code") contained in Appendix 10 to the Listing Rules as its own code of conduct regarding securities transactions by the directors. Following specific enquiry by the Company, all the directors confirmed that they have complied with the required standards as set out in the Model Code during the year ended 31 March 2018.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

The Board currently comprises four executive directors and three independent non-executive directors ("INEDs"):

Executive Directors

CHENG Hop Fai (Chairman and Managing Director) CHENG Pak Ming, Judy CHENG Pak Man, Anita CHENG Pak Lai, Lily

Independent Non-Executive Directors

LEUNG Tai Chiu LAW Toe Ming MARK Yiu Tong, William

Ms. Cheng Pak Ming, Judy, Ms. Cheng Pak Man, Anita and Ms. Cheng Pak Lai, Lily are sisters and are daughters of Mr. Cheng Hop Fai, the chairman and managing director. Save as aforesaid, the Board members have no financial, business, family or other material relationship with each other.

董事會(續)

BOARD OF DIRECTORS (Continued)

截至二零一八年三月三十一日止年度,本 公司舉行了六次董事會會議及一次股東大 會。各位董事會成員之個人出席情況如下: During the year ended 31 March 2018, there were six Board meetings and one general meeting held. Individual attendance of each of the Board members is as follows:

		Attenda 董事會 Board	出席率 tendance 股東大會 General	
董事姓名	Name of Director	Meeting	Meeting	
鄭合輝	CHENG Hop Fai	3/6	1/1	
鄭白明	CHENG Pak Ming, Judy	3/6	1/1	
鄭白敏	CHENG Pak Man, Anita	3/6	1/1	
鄭白麗	CHENG Pak Lai, Lily	3/6	1/1	
梁體超	LEUNG Tai Chiu	6/6	0/1	
羅道明	LAW Toe Ming	6/6	1/1	
麥燿堂	MARK Yiu Tong, William	6/6	1/1	

本公司已遵守上市規則第3.10(1)及(2)條,

於所有時間在董事會上維持足夠數目之獨

立非執行董事,包括一名具有會計及財務

專業資格之獨立非執行董事。本公司自二

零一二月十二月一日起,已符合上市規則

第3.10A條之規定,由獨立非執行董事佔 董事局至少三分之一。本公司認為所有獨

立非執行董事均為獨立,並已根據上市規

則第3.13條之規定取得各位獨立非執行董

事就其獨立性作出之年度確認。

The members of the Board are experienced individuals having a mix of core competencies in areas of accounting and finance, business management, industry knowledge and marketing strategies. The directors are collectively responsible for formulating and implementing the Group's strategies and policies, monitoring the performance of the Group and reviewing the corporate governance practices. The mix of professional skills and experience of the INEDs is an important element in the proper functioning of the Board. Their participation in Board and committee meetings brings independent judgment and helps to ensure that adequate checks and balances are provided and that the interests of all shareholders are taken into account. Directors have full access to appropriate business documents and information about the Group on a timely basis. The Directors can also obtain independent professional advice at the Group's expense if they require it. The Board delegates the day-to-day operation and administration to the management.

The Company has complied with rules 3.10(1) and (2) of the Listing Rules in maintaining at all times sufficient number of INEDs on the Board including an INED with professional accounting and financial qualifications. The Company has complied with rule 3.10A since 1 December 2012 and has INEDs representing at least one-third of the Board. The Company considers all of the INEDs are independent and has received from each INED an annual confirmation of independence pursuant to rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules.

財務報告

董事知悉彼等須負責根據適當之會計準 則、法規及指引編制真實及公平地反映本 集團財務狀況之集團財務報表。就董事會 所知,並沒有任何重大不明朗之事件或情 況會令本公司之持續經營能力受到嚴重質 疑。本公司亦已接獲外聘核數師有關彼等 報告責任之聲明。

FINANCIAL REPORTING

The directors acknowledge their responsibility for the preparation of financial statements of the Group that give a true and fair view of the Group's financial position and are in accordance with applicable accounting standards and statutory rules and guidelines. The Board is not aware of any material uncertainties relating to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt upon the Company's ability to continue on a going concern basis. The Company has also received a statement by the external auditor of the Company about their reporting responsibilities.

風險管理與內部監控

董事會認其整體責任為成立、維持及審閲 風險管理及內部監控系統,對財務及運營 資料之可靠性及真實性、營運成效及效 率、資產之保障,法律及法規之遵守提供 合理保證。此系統設計旨在管理而非消除 未能達成業務目標之風險,而對防止重大 錯報陳述及損失只能提供合理而非絕對保 證。

本集團的風險管理和內部監控系統制是基 於本集團內部監控手冊中概述的一套政 策、規則和指引,並受以下監控原則所規 管:

- a. 組織 要明確界定責任和授權
- b. 職責隔離 要減低被故意操縱或失誤 之風險
- c. 物件監控 要限制未經授權對各種資 產之接觸
- d. 授權和批准 要明確定立授權限額
- e. 計算和會計 要確保交易記錄之準確 性
- f. 人員 要有合資格人員執行日常職務
- g. 監督 要觀察和密切監測、識別和匯 報監控弱點
- h. 管理 要維持整體監控、管理和減輕 重大風險,並向董事會和審計委員會 突出重要事項

RISK MANAGEMENT AND INTERNAL CONTROLS

The Board recognizes its overall responsibility for the establishment, maintenance and review of the risk management and internal control systems that provide reasonable assurance on the reliability and integrity of financial and operational information, effective and efficient operations, safeguarding of assets and compliance with laws and regulations. Such systems are designed to manage rather than eliminate the risk of failure to achieve business objectives, and can only provide reasonable and not absolute assurance against material misstatement or loss.

The Group's risk management and internal control systems are based on a set of policies, rules and guidelines as outlined in the Group's internal control manual and governed by the following types of control principles:

- a. Organization to have clearly defined line of responsibility and delegation
- b. Segregation of duties to reduce risk of intentional manipulation or error
- c. Physical Control to restrict unauthorized access to all kinds of assets
- d. Authorization and Approval to have clearly defined limits for authorizations
- e. Arithmetical and Accounting to ensure accuracy of transactional records
- f. Personnel to have qualified staff to perform day-to-day duties
- g. Supervision to observe and closely monitor, to identify and report on control weaknesses
- h. Management to maintain overall controls; to manage and mitigate significant risks and to highlight significant matters to the Board and the audit committee

風險管理與內部監控(續)

本公司已採納證券及期貨事務監察委員會 發出的「內幕信息披露指引」作為其處理 和傳播內幕信息之指引。未經授權之機密 信息嚴禁被使用。

董事會通過執行管理團隊和審計委員會對 本集團的風險管理和內部監控系統進行了 年度審查並認為現有系統充分有效。

主席及行政總裁

守則條文A.2.1條訂明,主席及行政總裁 之角色須分開,不得由同一人擔任。現 時,鄭合輝先生擔任本公司之主席及董事 總經理(即與行政總裁之角色相同)。董事 會認為此安排不會促使權力過份集中,而 於現階段,能有效地制定及實施本集團之 策略,促使本集團能更有效率地發展其業 務。

非執行董事

守則條文A.4.1條訂明,非執行董事之委 任須有指定任期,並須接受重選。獨立非 執行董事均無指定任期。此情況構成偏離 守則條文A.4.1條。然而,由於全體獨立非 執行董事須於本公司之股東週年大會上至 少三年一次根據本公司之公司細則輪值退 任,故董事們認為,此舉符合守則A.4.1條 之目標。

RISK MANAGEMENT AND INTERNAL CONTROLS (Continued)

The Company has adopted the "Guidelines on Disclosure of Inside Information" issued by the Securities and Futures Commission as its own guidelines in handling and dissemination of inside information. Unauthorized use of confidential information is strictly prohibited.

The Board through the executive management team and the audit committee had conducted an annual review on the risk management and internal control systems of the Group and considered that the systems in place are adequate and effective.

CHAIRMAN AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE

Code provision A.2.1 sets out that the roles of the chairman and the chief executive should be separate and should not be performed by the same individual. Currently, Mr. Cheng Hop Fai assumes the role of both the chairman and the managing director (equivalent to the role of a chief executive) of the Company. The Board considers that such arrangement will not result in undue concentration of power and is, at this stage, conducive to the efficient formulation and implementation of the Group's strategies thus allowing the Group to develop its business more effectively.

NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

Code provision A.4.1 stipulates that NEDs should be appointed for a specific term, subject to re-election. The INEDs are not appointed for a specific term. This constitutes a deviation from code provision A.4.1. However, as all the INEDs are subject to retirement by rotation at the annual general meetings of the Company at least once every three years in accordance with the Company's Bye-laws, in the opinion of the directors, this meets the objective of the code provision A.4.1.

董事培訓

守則條文A.6.5條訂明,董事均須參與持 續專業發展,以發展及更新彼等之知識及 技能以確保董事會知悉彼等對董事會之相 關貢獻。本公司已收到每位董事於截至二 零一八年三月三十一日止年度內之培訓記 錄。培訓之概要如下:

DIRECTORS' TRAINING

Code provision A.6.5 stipulates that all directors should participate in continuous professional development to develop and refresh their knowledge and skills to ensure that their contribution to the Board remains informed and relevant. The Company had received from each of the directors a record of training they received during the year ended 31 March 2018. A summary of such training is listed as follows:

董事	■姓名	Nan	ne of Director	培訓類型 Type of training
執行	重事	Exec	cutive Director	
鄭曾朝朝朝	3 明 3 敏	CHE Che	NG Hop Fai NG Pak Ming, Judy NG Pak Man, Anita NG Pak Lai, Lily	A, B A, B A, B A, B
獨立	ℤ非執行董事	Inde	pendent Non-Executive Director	
梁龍 羅苑 麥燦	道明	LAV	NG Tai Chiu / Toe Ming RK Yiu Tong, William	A, B A, B A, B
A:	出席培訓課程及/或研討會、會議、工作坊 或論壇	A:	Attending training courses and/or so workshops or forums	eminars, conferences,
B:	閱讀有關經濟、本公司業務或董事職責之刊 物及最新資訊	B:	Reading journals and updates releva business or directors' duties and respon	

薪酬委員會

本公司於二零零五年七月十四日已成立薪 酬委員會,薪酬委員會之主要職能為就本 集團有關執行及非執行董事及高級管理人 員之薪酬條件向董事會提供建議。薪酬委 員會於二零一二年三月二十三日採納之職 權範圍與企業管治守則之守則條文一致。 於截至二零一八年三月三十一日止年度 內,薪酬委員會由三名獨立非執行董事, 包括羅道明先生(主席)、梁體超先生及麥 燿堂先生所組成。於截至二零一八年三月 三十一日止年度內,薪酬委員會之全體成 員曾舉行兩次會議,商討並就董事之薪酬 條件,在參考個別董事之職責,本集團之 營運範圍以及當前之市場情況後,向董事 會提供建議。各薪酬委員會成員之個人出 席情況如下:

REMUNERATION COMMITTEE

The Company has established a remuneration committee since 14 July 2005. The principal function of the remuneration committee is to make recommendations to the Board on the remuneration packages of executive directors, NEDs and senior management. The terms of reference of the remuneration committee adopted on 23 March 2012 are consistent with the code provisions set out in the Code. During the year ended 31 March 2018, the remuneration committee comprised the three INEDs, namely, Mr. Law Toe Ming (chairman), Mr. Leung Tai Chiu and Mr. Mark Yiu Tong, William. During the year ended 31 March 2018, the remuneration committee held two meetings to review and make recommendations to the Board on the remuneration packages of the directors with reference to the level of responsibilities of the individual director, the scope of operation of the Group as well as the prevailing market conditions. Individual attendance of each remuneration committee member is as follows:

薪酬委員會成員姓名	Name of remuneration committee member	出席率 Attendance
羅道明(主席)	LAW Toe Ming (Chairman)	2/2
梁體超	LEUNG Tai Chiu	2/2
麥燿堂	MARK Yiu Tong, William	2/2

提名委員會

本公司於二零一二年三月二十三日成立提 名委員會。提名委員會之主要職能為至少 每年檢討一次董事會之架構、規模、組合 及多元化,並就任何變動建議向董事會提 交意見,以配合本集團之企業策略。提名 委員會有一個關於董事會成員多元化之政 策(「政策」)。根據該政策,在檢討董事會 之多元化時,董事會將考慮包括但不限於 性別、年齡、文化及教育背景、種族,專 業經驗、技能、知識及服務年期。現任董 事可協助物色合資格及預期會為董事會運 作帶來正面貢獻之新董事,並根據以上提 到之標準而推薦其予董事會或股東,批准 其填補董事會之空缺或委任其為額外董 事。提名委員會之職權範圍與企業管治守 則之守則條文一致。於截至二零一八年三 月三十一日止年度內,提名委員會包括本 集團之主席及執行董事鄭合輝先生為提名 委員會主席以及兩名獨立非執行董事羅道 明先生及麥燿堂先生為成員。於截至二零 一八年三月三十一日止年度內,提名委員 會曾舉行一次會議,檢討董事局之組合及 多元化並對願意於股東週年大會上膺選連 任之獨立非執行董事之獨立性作出評估。 由於董事局乃由具備多方面範疇(包括會 計及財務、業務管理,行業知識及市場推 廣策略)之成員所組成,因此提名委員會 認為董事局之多元化符合守則之標準,亦 合乎本集團之要求。各提名委員會成員之 個人出席情況如下:

NOMINATION COMMITTEE

The Company established a nomination committee on 23 March 2012. The principal function of the nomination committee is to review the structure, size, composition and diversity of the Board at least annually with reference to the business needs and development of the Company and make recommendations to the Board on any proposed changes to the Board to complement the Group's corporate strategy. The nomination committee has a policy concerning the diversity of Board members (the "Policy"). Pursuant to the Policy, in reviewing the Board's diversity, the Board will consider including but not limited to gender, age, cultural and educational background, ethnicity, professional experience, skills, knowledge and length of service. New directors, being individuals who are suitably qualified and expected to make a positive contribution to the performance of the Board and having regards to the criteria stated in the Policy, will be identified and submitted to the Board or shareholders for approval either to fill vacancies on the Board or to be appointed as additional directors. The terms of reference of the nomination committee are consistent with the code provisions set out in the Code. During the year ended 31 March 2018, the nomination committee comprised the chairman and an executive director, Mr. Cheng Hop Fai, who acts as the chairman of the nomination committee and the two INEDs, namely, Mr. Law Toe Ming and Mr. Mark Yiu Tong, William as members. During the year ended 31 March 2018, the nomination committee held one meeting to review the composition and diversity of the Board as well as to assess the independence of the INED who offered himself for re-election at the annual general meeting. Since the Board is composed of members having a mix of core competencies in areas of accounting and finance, business management, industry knowledge and marketing strategies, the nomination committee considered the Board possessed a diversity of perspectives which is up to the standard of the Code and was appropriate to the Group's requirements. Individual attendance of each of the nomination committee members is as follows:

提名委員會(續)

NOMINATION COMMITTEE (Continued)

提名委員會成員姓名	Name of nominatio	出席率 on committee member Attendance
鄭合輝 <i>(主席)</i> 羅道明 麥燿堂	LAW Toe I	pp Fai <i>(Chairman)</i> 1/1 Ming 1/1 Tong, William 1/1
審核委員會	AU	DIT COMMITTEE
本公司自一九九九年以來一直設有審核 員會。審核委員會之主要職能包括:	199	e Company has established an audit committee since 99. The primary functions of the audit committee lude:
(a) 就委任、重新委任及罷免外聘核數 提供建議並考慮有關委任之條款;	友師 (a)	To make recommendations on the appointment, reappointment and removal of external auditor and to consider the terms of such appointments;
(b) 檢討及監察核數師之獨立性並且發 及實施有關委任核數師提供非核數 務之政策:		To review and monitor the auditor's independence; to develop and implement policies on the engagement of auditor for non-audit services;
(c) 監察財務報表、年報及中期報告及 數師報告之完整性:檢討本集團之 務及會計政策及實務以確保該等資 真實及公平地反映本集團之財政狀況	乙財 賢料	To monitor the integrity of the financial statements, annual and interim reports and the auditor's report; to review the Group's financial and accounting policies and practices and to ensure that the information presents a true and fair assessment of the Group's financial position;
(d) 檢討本集團之財務監控、風險管理 內部監控系統:以確保管理人員已 行其提供有效系統之職責並且檢討 監察內部監控功能之有效性;]履	To review the Group's financial controls, risk management and internal control systems; to ensure management has fulfilled its duty to have effective systems and to review and monitor the effectiveness of the internal audit function;
(e) 主動或應董事局之委派,研究有關 險管理及內部監控事宜之重要調查 果及管理層對該等調查結果之回應 及	1111111111111111111111111111111111111	To consider major investigation findings on risk management and internal control matters as delegated by the Board or on its own initiative and management's response to these findings; and
(f) 檢討核數師之管理函件及核數師向 理人員提出之任何問題,以及管理		To review the auditor's management letter and any questions raised by the auditor to management, and

員之答覆。

management's response.

審核委員會(續)

於二零一二年三月二十三日採納之審核委 員會職權範圍與企業管治守則之守則條文 一致。截至二零一八年三月三十一日止年 度,審核委員會由三名獨立非執行董事所 組成,包括梁體超先生為主席,另羅道明 先生及麥燿堂先生為成員。

截至二零一八年三月三十一日止年度,審 核委員會舉行了兩次會議,並與高級管理 層及核數師一同審閱審核結果、中期及年 度財務報表以及本集團所採納之會計原則 及政策。審核委員會建議董事會採納二零 一七年至一八年之中期報告及年報。各審 核委員會成員之個人出席情況如下:

AUDIT COMMITTEE (Continued)

The terms of reference of the audit committee adopted on 23 March 2012 are consistent with the code provisions set out in the Code. During the year ended 31 March 2018, the audit committee comprised three INEDs, namely, Mr. Leung Tai Chiu as chairman and Mr. Law Toe Ming and Mr. Mark Yiu Tong, William as members.

During the year ended 31 March 2018, the audit committee held two meetings and has reviewed with senior management and the auditor their respective audit findings, the interim and annual financial statements and the accounting principles and practices adopted by the Group. The audit committee recommended the Board to adopt the interim and annual reports for 2017/18. Individual attendance of each member of the audit committee is as follows:

審核委員會成員姓名	Name of audit committee member	出席率 Attendance
梁體超(主席)	LEUNG Tai Chiu <i>(Chairman)</i>	2/2
羅道明	LAW Toe Ming	2/2
麥燿堂	MARK Yiu Tong, William	2/2

核數師之酬金

截至二零一八年三月三十一日止年度,就 本公司核數師德勤●關黃陳方會計師行向 本集團提供核數及非核數服務應付之酬金 如下:

AUDITOR'S REMUNERATION

The remuneration payable in respect of the year ended 31 March 2018 for audit and non-audit services provided to the Group by the Company's auditor, Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu, is as follows:

> 以千港元計 Amount in HKD'000

核數費用	Audit Fees	430
非核數費用(主要為賬目	Non-Audit Fees (principally for accounts	
審閲及税務服務之費用)	review and taxation services)	113
		543

核數師就其申報責任發出之聲明已刊載於 本年報之第38至43頁。 The statement made by the auditor in respect of their reporting responsibilities is set out on pages 38 to 43 of this annual report.

企業管治職能

董事會負責履行之企業管治職務載列如 下:-

- (a) 制定及檢討本公司之企業管治政策及 常規並向董事會提出建議:
- (b) 檢討及監察董事及高級管理人員之培 訓及持續專業發展;
- (c) 檢討及監察本公司在遵守法律及監管 規定方面之政策及常規;
- (d) 制定、檢討及監察適用於僱員及董事 之操守準則及遵守手冊(如有);及
- (e) 檢討本公司對企業管治守則之遵守情況以及在企業管治報告內之披露要求。

於截至二零一八年三月三十一日止年度, 董事會已檢討本集團之企業管治政策及常 規以及遵守法律、監管規定及企業管治守 則之情況。

公司秘書

本公司執行董事鄭白明女士,自二零零六 年二月十七日起,一直為本公司之公司秘 書。截至二零一八年三月三十一日止年 度,鄭女士已遵守上市規則對其資格及培 訓之規定。

股東權益

股東查詢

本公司鼓勵與股東保持直接溝通,股東如 對董事會有任何疑問,可直接致函公司秘 書於本公司在香港之主要營業地點,地址 為:香港九龍尖沙咀東部加連威老道98號 東海商業中心1樓108室,或可發送電子郵 件至info@g-vision.com.hk。公司秘書會將 提問直接轉達至董事會。

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE FUNCTIONS

The Board is responsible for performing the corporate governance duties as set out below:-

- (a) To develop and review the Company's policies and practices on corporate governance and make recommendations to the Board;
- (b) To review and monitor the training and continuous professional development of directors and senior management;
- (c) To review and monitor the Company's policies and practices on compliance with legal and regulatory requirements;
- (d) To develop, review and monitor the code of conduct and compliance manual (if any) applicable to employees and directors; and
- (e) To review the Company's compliance with the Code and its disclosure requirements in the Corporate Governance Report.

The Board has reviewed the Group's polices and practices on corporate governance practices and compliance with legal and regulatory requirements including compliance with the Code for the year ended 31 March 2018.

COMPANY SECRETARY

Ms. Cheng Pak Ming Judy, an executive director of the Company, has been the company secretary of the Company since 17 February 2006. Ms. Cheng complied with the qualification and training requirements under the Listing Rules for the year ended 31 March 2018.

SHAREHOLDERS' RIGHTS

Shareholders' Enquiries

Shareholders are encouraged to maintain direct communication with the Company. Shareholders who have any questions for the Board may write directly to the company secretary at the Company's Hong Kong principal place of business, Unit 108, 1st Floor, East Ocean Centre, 98 Granville Road, Tsimshatsui East, Kowloon, Hong Kong, or send emails to info@g-vision. com.hk. The company secretary will direct the questions to the Board.

股東權益(續)

股東查詢(續)

所有有關股東持股之問題,可以直接聯絡 本公司之股份過戶登記分處,香港中央證 券登記有限公司,地址為:香港皇后大道 東183號合和中心46樓。

股東大會

本公司鼓勵股東參與股東大會,若股東們 無法出席會議時,可委任受委代表代其出 席大會,並在大會上投票。

本公司對股東大會之過程會進行定期監察 及檢討,如有必要會作出改動,以確保股 東得到最好之服務。

董事會成員,特別是董事會委員會主席或 其代表,適當之行政管理人員以及外聘核 數師將出席股東週年大會以回答股東之提 問。

股東可根據本公司之公司細則規定召開特 別股東大會。概括而言:

- (a) 持有不少於本公司繳足股本十分一之 股東有權透過本公司董事會或公司秘 書發出書面要求,要求董事會召開股 東特別大會以處理有關要求中指明之 任何事項。
- (b) 簽署之書面請求,須註明該大會之目 的並應遞交至本公司之香港主要營業 地點。該大會理應於遞送該要求後兩 個月內舉行。倘遞送後二十一天內, 董事會仍未召開該大會,則遞送要求 之股東可根據百慕達一九八一年公司 法第74(3)條之規定自行召開大會。

投資者關係

憲章文件

於截至二零一八年三月三十一日止年度, 本公司之組織章程大綱及公司細則(「憲章 文件」)並沒有顯著之改動。最新版本之憲 章文件可從本公司或聯交所之網站下載。

SHAREHOLDERS' RIGHTS (Continued)

Shareholders' Enquiries (Continued)

Any questions regarding the shareholdings of the shareholders can be addressed directly to the Company's branch share registrar, Computershare Hong Kong Investor Services Limited at 46th Floor, Hopewell Centre, 183 Queen's Road East, Hong Kong.

Shareholders' Meetings

Shareholders are encouraged to participate in general meetings or to appoint proxies to attend and vote at meetings if they are unable to attend the meetings.

The process of the Company's general meeting will be monitored and reviewed on a regular basis, and, if necessary, changes will be made to ensure that shareholders' needs are best served.

Board members, in particular, either the chairman of Board committees or their delegates, appropriate management executives and external auditor will attend annual general meetings to answer shareholders' questions.

Should shareholders wish to call a special general meeting, it must be convened according to the Company's Bye-laws. In summary:

- (a) Shareholders holding not less than one-tenth of the paid up capital of the Company can, in writing to the Board or the company secretary, request a special general meeting to be called by the Board to transact any business specified in such request.
- (b) The signed written request, which should specify the purpose of the meeting, should be delivered to the Company's principal place of business in Hong Kong. The meeting will be held within two months after receipt of the request. If the Board fails to proceed to convene such meeting within twenty-one days after receiving the request, the shareholders themselves may do so in accordance with the provisions of section 74(3) of the Companies Act 1981 of Bermuda.

INVESTOR RELATIONS

Constitutional Documents

There was no significant change to the Company's Memorandum of Association and Bye-laws ("Constitutional Documents") during the year ended 31 March 2018. A latest version of the Constitutional Documents can be downloaded from the websites of the Company or the Stock Exchange.

董事及高級管理層 Directors and Senior Management

執行董事

鄭合輝先生,現年74歲,於一九九二年六 月十二日獲委任為董事,為本公司之主席 兼董事總經理以及為本公司提名委員會之 主席。彼亦為本公司多個附屬公司之董 事。鄭先生為本集團之創辦人之一,從事 酒樓業逾30年。彼在制定及執行本集團之 業務政策上居功至偉並於目前負責本集團 之一般管理及策略性計劃工作。彼亦為 Golden Toy Investments Limited (「Golden Toy」)及Kong Fai International Limited (「Kong Fai」)之董事,而Golden Toy及 Kong Fai分別擁有本公司已發行股份約 8.88%及65.62%。鄭先生乃鄭白明女士、 鄭白敏女士及鄭白麗女士(全為本公司之 執行董事)之父親。

鄭白明女士,現年47歲,於一九九二年九 月二十五日獲委任為本公司之執行董事。 另於二零零六年二月十七日獲委任為本公 司之公司秘書。鄭女士為鄭合輝先生之女 兒及鄭白敏女士及鄭白麗女士之胞姊。彼 持有悉尼大學經濟學學士學位及悉尼新南 威爾斯大學之商科碩士學位,並為澳洲註 冊會計師及香港會計師公會之會員,彼負 責本集團之財務及公司秘書工作。

鄭白敏女士,現年46歲,於二零零四年九 月三十日獲委任為本公司之執行董事。鄭 女士為鄭合輝先生之女兒及鄭白明女士及 鄭白麗女士之姊妹。彼持有新南威爾斯大 學商科學士學位及悉尼麥覺理大學之應用 財務碩士學位。彼為澳洲註冊會計師及香 港會計師公會之會員。彼在加入本集團 前,在香港從事投資銀行業務及會計工作 逾5年。彼負責本集團之業務發展、市場 推廣及策略規劃工作。

EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

Mr. Cheng Hop Fai, aged 74, appointed as a director on 12 June 1992, is the chairman and managing director of the Company and the chairman of the nomination committee of the Company. He is also a director of various subsidiaries of the Company. Mr. Cheng is one of the founders of the Group and has over 30 years' experience in the restaurant business. He has been instrumental in the formulation and implementation of the business policies of the Group and is responsible for the general management and strategic planning of the Group. Mr. Cheng is also a director of Golden Toy Investments Limited ("Golden Toy") and Kong Fai International Limited ("Kong Fai") which own approximately 8.88% and 65.62%, respectively, of the issued shares of the Company. Mr. Cheng is the father of Ms. Cheng Pak Ming, Judy, Ms. Cheng Pak Man, Anita and Ms. Cheng Pak Lai, Lily who are all executive directors of the Company.

Ms. Cheng Pak Ming, Judy, aged 47, was appointed as an executive director of the Company on 25 September 1992. She was also appointed as the company secretary of the Company on 17 February 2006. Ms. Cheng is a daughter of Mr. Cheng Hop Fai and a sister of Ms. Cheng Pak Man, Anita and Ms. Cheng Pak Lai, Lily. She holds a Bachelor degree in Economics from the University of Sydney and a Master of Commerce degree from the University of New South Wales, Sydney. She is a Certified Practising Accountant of CPA Australia and a member of the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants. She is responsible for the financial and company secretarial functions of the Group.

Ms. Cheng Pak Man, Anita, aged 46, was appointed as an executive director of the Company on 30 September 2004. Ms. Cheng is a daughter of Mr. Cheng Hop Fai and a sister of Ms. Cheng Pak Ming, Judy and Ms. Cheng Pak Lai, Lily. She holds a Bachelor of Commerce degree from the University of New South Wales, Sydney and a Master of Applied Finance degree from Macquarie University, Sydney. She is a Certified Practising Accountant of CPA Australia and a member of the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants. Prior to joining the Group, Ms. Cheng has worked in the investment banking and accounting fields in Hong Kong for over 5 years. She is responsible for the business development, marketing and strategic planning functions of the Group.

董事及高級管理層 Directors and Senior Management

執行董事(續)

鄭白麗女士,現年45歲,於二零一一年四 月一日獲委任為本公司之執行董事。鄭女 士為鄭合輝先生之女兒及鄭白明女士及 白敏女士之妹妹。彼於二零零六年加入務 集團。鄭女士負責本集團之行政、財務及 策略規劃工作。加入本集團前,鄭女士曾 於跨國核數師行、投資銀行及一間知名化 工公司工作,故擁有豐富財務及會計經 驗。彼持有悉尼新南威爾斯大學商科學士 學位,並為澳洲註冊會計師。

獨立非執行董事

梁體超先生,現年72歲,於二零一一年八 月十一日獲委任為獨立非執行董事。彼亦 為本公司審核委員會之主席及薪酬委員會 之成員。梁先生於一九六九年畢業於香港 大學。梁先生為英格蘭及威爾斯特許會計 師公會會員。彼於會計及審計方面擁有逾 30年之豐富經驗及曾擔當國際知名會計師 事務所審計合夥人達20年之久。於二零零 五年,梁先生在羅兵咸永道會計師事務所 榮休。彼曾於一九八六年及一九九八年擔 任域多利獅子會主席,並於一九九五年至 一九九七年擔任仁愛堂總理。彼現為香港 董事學會成員,亦為於香港聯合交易所有 限公司主板上市之建滔積層板控股有限公 司、億和精密工業控股有限公司及建滔化 工集團有限公司之獨立非執行董事。

羅道明先生,現年76歲,於一九九四年 十二月一日獲委任為獨立非執行董事。彼 亦為本公司薪酬委員會之主席,審核委員 會及提名委員會之成員。羅先生於業務管 理方面擁有逾38年經驗。彼為德富紡織有 限公司之董事。

麥燿堂先生,現年82歲,於一九九二年九 月二十五日獲委任為非執行董事。彼自二 零零四年九月十六日起已被調任為本公司 之獨立非執行董事。彼亦為本公司薪酬委 員會、提名委員會及審核委員會之成員。 麥先生為知名食評人,經常在香港及海外 多份報章雜誌發表文章,並以「唯靈」為筆 名在中文報章雜誌撰文。彼著有多本中式 烹飪書籍,在飲食業獲獎無數。

EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS (Continued)

Ms. Cheng Pak Lai, Lily, aged 45, was appointed as an executive director of the Company on 1 April 2011. Ms. Cheng is a daughter of Mr. Cheng Hop Fai and a sister of Ms. Cheng Pak Ming, Judy and Ms. Cheng Pak Man, Anita. She joined the Group in 2006. Ms. Cheng is responsible for the administration, financial and strategic planning functions of the Group. Prior to joining the Group, Ms. Cheng had extensive finance and accounting experiences in multinational audit firm, investment bank and a renowned chemical company. She holds a Bachelor of Commerce degree from the University of New South Wales, Sydney and is a Certified Practising Accountant of CPA Australia.

INDEPENDENT NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

Mr. Leung Tai Chiu, aged 72, was appointed as an INED on 11 August 2011. He is the chairman of the audit committee of the Company and a member of the remuneration committee of the Company. Mr. Leung graduated from The University of Hong Kong in 1969. Mr. Leung is a member of the Institute of Chartered Accountants in England and Wales. He has over 30 years of experience in accounting and auditing sectors and had been an audit partner in international renowned accounting firms for 20 years. In 2005, Mr. Leung retired from PricewaterhouseCoopers. Mr. Leung was the president of Lions Club of Victoria in 1986 and 1998 and a director of Yan Oi Tong from 1995 to 1997. He is a member of The Hong Kong Institute of Directors and is an independent non-executive director of Kingboard Laminates Holdings Limited, EVA Precision Industrial Holdings Limited and Kingboard Chemical Holding Limited, all of which are listed on the main board of The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited.

Mr. Law Toe Ming, aged 76, was appointed as an INED on 1 December 1994. He is the chairman of the remuneration committee of the Company and a member of the audit committee and nomination committee of the Company. Mr. Law has over 38 years' experience in business management. He is a director of Texful Textile Limited.

Mr. Mark Yiu Tong, William, aged 82, was appointed as NED of the Company on 25 September 1992. He was re-designated as an INED of the Company with effect from 16 September 2004. He is a member of the Company's remuneration committee, nomination committee and audit committee. Mr. Mark is a renowned food critic and a regular contributor to many newspapers and magazines in Hong Kong and overseas. He writes under the pen name of "唯靈" in Chinese newspapers and magazines and is the author of several books on Chinese cookery. He holds many awards in the food industry.

董事謹此提呈截至二零一八年三月三十一 日止年度之年報及經審核財務報表。

主要業務

本公司為一家投資控股公司。其主要附屬 公司之業務乃在香港經營專門提供潮州菜 之酒樓。

業績

本集團截至二零一八年三月三十一日止年 度之業績詳情載列於本年報第44頁之綜合 損益及其他全面收益表內。

董事會已議決不建議派發截至二零一八年 三月三十一日止年度之任何末期股息(二 零一七年:無)。

業務回顧

根據香港公司條例第622章《公司條例》附 表五之要求而對本集團業務作出之中肯審 視以及對本集團於年內表現之討論及分 析明的大事與本集團面對之主要風險及不 明朗因素與本集團未來最有可能之發展及 分析中。本集團之財務風險管理目標及政 分析中。本集團之財務報表附註22。該等 論為本董事會報告之一部分。將於本年報 出版後3個月內刋登之本公司環境、社會 及管治報告亦為業務回顧之一部分。 The directors present their annual report and the audited consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2018.

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES

The Company is an investment holding company. Its principal subsidiaries are engaged in the operation of restaurants in Hong Kong which specialise in Chiu Chow Cuisine.

RESULTS

The results of the Group for the year ended 31 March 2018 are set out in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income on page 44 of this annual report.

The Board has resolved not to recommend the payment of a final dividend for the year ended 31 March 2018 (2017: Nil).

BUSINESS REVIEW

A fair review of the business of the Group as well as a discussion and analysis of the Group's performance during the year as required by schedule 5 to the Companies Ordinance (Chapter 622 of the laws of Hong Kong) including a discussion of the principal risks and uncertainties facing the Group and a discussion of the Group's likely future development can be found in the Chairman's Statement and the Management Discussion and Analysis of this annual report. The financial risk management objectives and policies of the Group are shown in note 22 to the consolidated financial statements. Those discussions form part of this directors' report. The environmental, social and governance report of the Company to be published within 3 months after the publication of this annual report shall also form part of the business review.

遵守相關法律及法規

於回顧年度內,據董事及管理層所知,本 集團並無重大違反或不遵守適用之法律及 法規及對集團業務及營運構成重大影響。

與僱員、客戶及供應商之關係

本集團瞭解與其僱員、客戶及供應商保持 良好關係對達到其短期及長期目標之重要 性。於回顧年度內,本集團與其僱員、客 戶及供應商之間概無嚴重及重大糾紛。

主要供應商及客戶

於本年度,本集團最大及五大供應商,其 總採購額分別佔集團之採購額17%及 42%。

於本年度,本集團五大客戶之總收入佔集 團收入不足30%。

概無任何董事及彼等之聯繫人士,或就董 事所知擁有本公司股本5%以上權益之任 可股東,於五大供應商中擁有任可權益。

環境政策及表現

本公司力求實現環境及社會的可持續發展。本集團致力遵守有關環保的法律法 規,並採用有效的環保實務,以確保業務 符合環保方面的所需標準及操守。

COMPLIANCE WITH RELEVANT LAWS AND REGULATIONS

During the year under review, as far as the Board and the management are aware, there was no material breach of or non-compliance with the applicable laws and regulations by the Group that has a significant impact on the business and operations of the Group.

RELATIONSHIP WITH EMPLOYEES, CUSTOMERS AND SUPPLIERS

The Group understands the importance of maintaining a good relationship with its employees, customers and suppliers to meet its immediate and long-term business goals. During the year under review, there were no material and significant disputes between the Group and its employees, customers or suppliers.

MAJOR SUPPLIERS AND CUSTOMERS

The aggregate purchases attributable to the largest supplier and five largest suppliers of the Group were 17% and 42%, respectively, of the Group's purchases for the year.

The aggregate revenue attributable to the five largest customers of the Group was less than 30% of the Group's revenue for the year.

None of the directors, their respective associates nor any shareholder, which to the knowledge of the directors owns more than 5% of the Company's share capital, has an interest in any of the five largest suppliers of the Group.

ENVIRONMENTAL POLICIES AND PERFORMANCE

The Company is committed to the sustainable development of the environment and the society. The Group has endeavoured to comply with the laws and regulations regarding environmental protection and adopted effective environmental practices to ensure the business meet the required standards and ethics in respect of environmental protection.

物業、廠房及設備

本集團之物業、廠房及設備於年內之變動 詳情已載列於綜合財務報表附註11。

捐款

本集團於回顧年度內,作出慈善捐獻 20,000港元(二零一七年:20,000港元)。

股本

本公司股本之變動詳已情載列於綜合財務 報表附註17。

董事

於本年度及截至本報告刊發日期之在職董 事如下:

執行董事:

鄭合輝*(主席兼董事總經理)* 鄭白明 鄭白敏 鄭白麗

獨立非執行董事:

梁體超 羅道明 麥燿堂

根據本公司之公司細則第87(1)條,鄭白敏 女士、鄭白麗女士及梁體超先生將於應屆 股東週年大會上輪值退任,惟彼等均具資 格並願意膺選連任。

建議膺選連任之董事概無與本公司或其任 何附屬公司訂有除非本集團支付補償(法 定補償除外),否則不能於一年內終止之 服務合約。

PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

Details of the movement of property, plant and equipment of the Group during the year are set out in note 11 to the consolidated financial statements.

DONATIONS

During the year under review, charitable donations of HK\$20,000 were made by the Group (2017: HK\$20,000).

SHARE CAPITAL

Details of the movements in the Company's share capital are set out in note 17 to the consolidated financial statements.

DIRECTORS

The directors during the year and up to the date of this report were:

Executive director:

CHENG Hop Fai *(Chairman and Managing Director)* CHENG Pak Ming, Judy CHENG Pak Man, Anita CHENG Pak Lai, Lily

Independent non-executive director:

LEUNG Tai Chiu LAW Toe Ming MARK Yiu Tong, William

In accordance with Bye-law 87(1) of the Company's Bye-laws, Ms. Cheng Pak Man, Anita, Ms. Cheng Pak Lai, Lily and Mr. Leung Tai Chiu will retire from office by rotation at the forthcoming annual general meeting and, being eligible, offer themselves for re-election.

None of the directors proposed for re-election has a service contract with the Company or any of its subsidiaries which is not determinable by the Group within one year without payment of compensation (other than statutory compensation).

董事於股份、相關股份及債券中之 權益

於二零一八年三月三十一日,本公司就各 董事及主要行政人員及彼等之聯繫人士於 本公司及其任何聯繫法團中持有之股份、 相關股份及債券權益(a)須根據證券及期貨 條例(「證券及期貨條例」)第XV部第7及8 分部而知會本公司及聯交所;或(b)須根據 證券及期貨條例第352條而載入該條文所 述之登記冊中;或(c)須根據聯交所上市規 則附錄10所載之上市發行人董事進行證券 交易之標準守則而知會本公司及聯交所之 詳情如下:

好倉

(1) 於本公司每股面值0.1港元普通股之 好倉:

DIRECTORS' INTERESTS IN SHARES, UNDERLYING SHARES AND DEBENTURES

As at 31 March 2018, the interests of the directors and the chief executive and their associates in the shares, underlying shares or debentures of the Company or any associated corporations which (a) were required to be notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to Divisions 7 and 8 of Part XV of the Securities and Futures Ordinance (the "SFO"); or (b) were required, pursuant to section 352 of the SFO, to be entered in the register referred to therein; or (c) were required, pursuant to the Model Code as set out in Appendix 10 to the Listing Rules, to be notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange were as follows:

Long positions

 Long positions in ordinary shares of HK\$0.1 each of the Company:

董事姓名 Name of director	身份及權益性質 Capacity and nature of interest	持有已發行 普通股數目 Number of issued ordinary shares held	佔本公司已發行 股本之概約百分比 Approximate percentage of the issued share capital of the Company
鄭合輝	實益擁有人	6,900,000	0.35%
Cheng Hop Fai	Beneficial owner		
鄭合輝	信託受益人 ^(附註a)	1,450,037,841	74.50%
Cheng Hop Fai	Beneficiary of trusts (note a)		
鄭白明	信託受益人 ^(附註a)	1,450,037,841	74.50%
Cheng Pak Ming, Judy	Beneficiary of trusts (note a)		
鄭白敏	信託受益人 ^(附註a)	1,450,037,841	74.50%
Cheng Pak Man, Anita	Beneficiary of trusts (note a)		
鄭白麗	信託受益人 ^(附註a)	1,450,037,841	74.50%
Cheng Pak Lai, Lily	Beneficiary of trusts (note a)		
羅道明	受控制企業之權益 ^(附註b)	2,000,000	0.10%
Law Toe Ming	Interest of controlled		
	corporation ^(note b)		

董事於股份、相關股份及債券中之 權益(續)

好倉(續)

(1) 於本公司每股面值0.1港元普通股之 好倉:(續)

附註:

- (a) Golden Toy Investments Limited (「Golden Toy」)及Kong Fai International Limited(「Kong Fai」)分別 持有本公司之172,869,780股股份(或 8.88%權益)及1,277,168,061股股份 (或65.62%權益)。Golden Toy及Kong Fai乃由兩項全權信託全資擁有,該兩 項信託之受益人為鄭合輝先生之家族 成員,包括鄭合輝先生、鄭白明女士、 鄭白敏女士及鄭白麗女士。
- (b) 因羅道明先生於Jubilee Trade Holdings
 Limited (「Jubilee」)持有之權益而被視
 為於2,000,000股股份中擁有權益。
- (2) 購股權之好倉: 本公司於二零一零年五月十日舉行之 股東特別大會上經股東決議通過採納 購股權計劃(「購股權計劃」)。該購股 權計劃有效期至二零二零年五月八 日。計劃之詳情已載於綜合財務報表 附註18。

DIRECTORS' INTERESTS IN SHARES, UNDERLYING SHARES AND DEBENTURES (Continued)

Long positions (Continued)

 Long positions in ordinary shares of HK\$0.1 each of the Company: (Continued)

Notes:

- (a) Golden Toy Investments Limited ("Golden Toy") and Kong Fai International Limited ("Kong Fai") held 172,869,780 shares (or 8.88% interest) and 1,277,168,061 shares (or 65.62% interest) of the Company, respectively. Golden Toy and Kong Fai are wholly-owned by two discretionary trusts of which family members of Mr. Cheng Hop Fai, including Mr. Cheng Hop Fai, Ms. Cheng Pak Ming, Judy, Ms. Cheng Pak Man, Anita and Ms. Cheng Pak Lai, Lily are discretionary objects.
- (b) Mr. Law Toe Ming is deemed to be interested in the 2,000,000 shares held by Jubilee Trade Holdings Limited ("Jubilee") by virtue of his interest in Jubilee.
- (2) Long positions in share options:

The Company by shareholders' resolutions passed at the special general meeting held on 10 May 2010 has adopted a share option scheme, which shall be valid and effective until 8 May 2020 (the "Option Scheme"). Particulars of the Option Scheme are set out in note 18 to the consolidated financial statements.

董事於股份、相關股份及債券中之 權益(續)

好倉(續)

(2) 購股權之好倉:(續) 截至二零一八年三月三十一日止年 度,根據本公司購股權計劃授予董事 之購股權,其變動詳情載列如下:

DIRECTORS' INTERESTS IN SHARES, UNDERLYING SHARES AND DEBENTURES (Continued)

Long positions (Continued)

(2) Long positions in share options:(Continued) Details of movements in the share options granted to the directors under the Option Scheme for the year ended 31 March 2018 are set out below:

購股權數目

				> 脾放催数日 Number of share options		tions
董事 Director	授出日期 Date of grant	可行使期間 Exercisable period	每股行使價 Exercise price per share	於二零一七年 四月一日 尚未行使 Outstanding as at 1.4.2017	於年內過期 或授出 Expired/ granted during the year	於二零一八年 三月三十一日 尚未行使 Outstanding as at 31.3.2018
鄭合輝	二零一零年 五月十九日	二零一一年五月十九日至 二零一七年五月十八日	HK\$0.420	5,000,000	(5,000,000)	-
Cheng Hop Fai	19.05.2010 二零一七年 十月二十三日	19.05.2011 - 18.05.2017 二零一七年十月二十三日至 二零二五年十月二十二日	HK\$0.177	-	6,000,000	6,000,000
鄭白明	23.10.2017 二零一零年 五月十九日	23.10.2017 - 22.10.2025 二零一一年五月十九日至 二零一七年五月十八日	HK\$0.420	4,250,000	(4,250,000)	-
Cheng Pak Ming, Judy	五月十九日 19.05.2010 二零一七年 十月二十三日		HK\$0.177	-	6,000,000	6,000,000
鄭白敏	23.10.2017 二零一零年	23.10.2017 - 22.10.2025 二零一一年五月十九日至	HK\$0.420	4,250,000	(4,250,000)	-
Cheng Pak Man, Anita	五月十九日 19.05.2010 二零一七年 十月二十三日	二零一七年五月十八日 19.05.2011 - 18.05.2017 二零一七年十月二十三日至 二零二五年十月二十二日	HK\$0.177	-	6,000,000	6,000,000
鄭白麗	23.10.2017 二零一七年 十月二十三日	23.10.2017 - 22.10.2025 二零一七年十月二十三日至 二零二五年十月二十二日	HK\$0.177	-	6,000,000	6,000,000
Cheng Pak Lai, Lily 梁體超	23.10.2017 二零一七年 十月二十三日	23.10.2017 - 22.10.2025 二零一七年十月二十三日至 二零二五年十月二十二日	HK\$0.177	-	2,000,000	2,000,000
Leung Tai Chiu 羅道明	23.10.2017 二零一零年 五月十九日	23.10.2017 - 22.10.2025 二零一一年五月十九日至 二零一七年五月十八日	HK\$0.420	1,900,000	(1,900,000)	-
Law Toe Ming	19.05.2010 二零一七年 十月二十三日	19.05.2011 - 18.05.2017 二零一七年十月二十三日至 二零二五年十月二十二日	HK\$0.177	-	2,000,000	2,000,000
麥燿堂	23.10.2017 二零一零年 五日十五日	23.10.2017 - 22.10.2025 二零一一年五月十九日至	HK\$0.420	1,900,000	(1,900,000)	-
Mark Yiu Tong, William	五月十九日 19.05.2010 二零一七年 十月二十三日 23.10.2017	二零一七年五月十八日 19.05.2011 - 18.05.2017 二零一七年十月二十三日至 二零二五年十月二十二日 23.10.2017 - 22.10.2025	HK\$0.177	-	2,000,000	2,000,000
				17,300,000	12,700,000	30,000,000

董事於股份、相關股份及債券中之 權益(續)

好倉(續)

(2) 購股權之好倉:(續) 除上文所披露者外,於二零一八年三 月三十一日,概無本公司董事及主要 行政人員須根據證券及期貨條例第 XV部第7及8分部被當作或被視為於 本公司及其任何聯繫法團之股份、相 關股份或債券中擁有任何其他權益或 淡倉,(a)須根據證券及期貨條例第XV 部第7及8分部而知會本公司及聯交 所;或(b)須根據證券及期貨條例第 352條而載入該條所述之登記冊中; 或(c)須根據標準守則而知會本公司及 聯交所。

購入股份或債券之安排

除上文所披露之購股權持有量外,於本年 度任何時間內,本公司及其任何附屬公司 或控股公司及其任何附屬公司概無訂立任 何安排,致使董事可藉購入本公司或任何 其他法人團體之股份或債券而獲益。

DIRECTORS' INTERESTS IN SHARES, UNDERLYING SHARES AND DEBENTURES (Continued)

Long positions (Continued)

(2) Long positions in share options:(Continued) Save as disclosed above, as at 31 March 2018, none of the directors and the chief executive of the Company was, under Divisions 7 and 8 of Part XV of the SFO, taken to be interested or deemed to have any other interests or short positions in the shares, underlying shares or debentures of the Company or any associated corporations which (a) would have to be notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to Divisions 7 and 8 of Part XV of the SFO, or (b) which were required to be entered into the register referred to therein pursuant to section 352 of the SFO, or (c) which were required to be notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to the Model Code.

ARRANGEMENTS TO PURCHASE SHARES OR DEBENTURES

Other than the options holdings disclosed above, at no time during the year was the Company, any of its subsidiaries or holding company, or any subsidiary of its holding company, a party to any arrangements to enable the directors to acquire benefits by means of the acquisition of shares in, or debentures of, the Company or any other body corporate.

主要股東

除就若干董事於上文披露之權益外,於二 零一八年三月三十一日,本公司根據證券 及期貨條例第336條存置之主要股東登記 冊顯示,下列人士已知會本公司,其於本 公司已發行股本中之有關權益及淡倉,並 須根據證券及期貨條例第XV部第2及3分 部而作出披露:

好倉

本公司每股面值0.1港元之普通股:

SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDERS

Other than the interests disclosed above in respect of certain directors, as at 31 March 2018, the register of substantial shareholders maintained by the Company pursuant to section 336 of the SFO indicated that the following persons had notified the Company of interests or short positions in the issued share capital of the Company which fall to be disclosed to the Company under Divisions 2 and 3 of Part XV of the SFO:

Long positions

Ordinary shares of HK\$0.1 each of the Company:

佔本公司已發行

名稱 Name	身份及權益性質 Capacity and nature of interest	所持有之 已發行普通股數目 Number of issued ordinary shares held	旧本公司と張行 股本之概約百分比 Approximate percentage of the issued share capital of the Company
Golden Toy	實益擁有人 Beneficial owner	172,869,780 ^(a)	8.88%
Kong Fai	實益擁有人 Beneficial owner	1,277,168,061 ^(a)	65.62%
Alpadis Trust (HK) Limited	信託受託人 Trustee of trusts	1,450,037,841 ^(a)	74.50%
Alpaids Group Holding SA	受控制企業之權益 Interest of controlled corporation	1,450,037,841 ^(b)	74.50%
Alain Esseiva	受控制企業之權益 Interest of controlled corporation	1,450,037,841 ^(c)	74.50%
Moritz Gubler	受控制企業之權益 Interest of controlled corporation	1,450,037,841 ^(c)	74.50%
Sui Lin Lai	配偶之權益 Interest of spouse	1,450,037,841 ^(d)	74.50%

主要股東(續)

好倉(續) *附註:*

PN ā± ·

- (a) 根據證券及期貨條例,作為兩個全權信託單 位(擁有Golden Toy及Kong Fai之100%權益) 之受託人,Alpadis Trust (HK) Limited被視為 於Golden Toy及Kong Fai所合共實益擁有之 相同1,450,037,841股股份中擁有權益。
- (b) Alpadis Group Holding SA存檔之公司主要股 東通知指出彼根據證券及期貨條例因彼於 Alpadis Trust (HK) Limited持有之權益而被視 為於1,450,037,841股股份中擁有權益。
- Alain Esseiva及Moritz Gubler存檔之個人主 要股東通知指出彼根據證券及期貨條例因彼 於Alpadis Group Holding SA持有之權益而被 視為於1,450,037,841股股份中擁有權益。
- (d) Sui Lin Lai存檔之個人主要股東指出彼於
 1,450,037,841股股份中之權益乃指其配偶
 Moritz Gubler之權益。

除上文所披露者外,就董事所知,於二零 一八年三月三十一日,並無任何其他人士 於本公司之股份或相關股份中之任何權益 或淡倉,須記入本公司擁有並根據證券及 期貨條例第336條存置之登記冊內。

SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDERS (Continued)

Long positions (Continued) *Notes:*

- (a) Alpadis Trust (HK) Limited is deemed under the SFO to have an interest in the same 1,450,037,841 shares, in aggregate, beneficially owned by Golden Toy and Kong Fai by virtue of it being the trustee of two discretionary trusts which own 100% of the shares of Golden Toy and Kong Fai.
- (b) The corporate substantial shareholder notice filed by Alpadis Group Holding SA indicated that it is deemed to be interested in the 1,450,037,841 shares under the SFO by virtue of its interest held in Alpadis Trust (HK) Limited.
- (c) The individual substantial shareholder notice filed by Alain Esseiva and Moritz Gubler indicated that they are deemed to be interested in the 1,450,037,841 shares under the SFO by virtue of their interests held in Alpadis Group Holding SA.
- (d) The individual substantial shareholder notice filed by Sui Lin
 Lai indicated that her deemed interest in the 1,450,037,841
 shares represents the interest of her spouse, Moritz Gubler.

Save as disclosed above, the directors are not aware of any other persons who, as at 31 March 2018, had any interests or short positions in the shares or underlying shares of the Company that were required to be entered into the register kept by the Company pursuant to section 336 of the SFO.

獨立非執行董事之確認

本公司已收到各位獨立非執行董事根據聯 交所證券上市規則第3.13條就其獨立性作 出之年度確認。本公司認為所有獨立非執 行董事均為獨立。

董事於合約及關連交易中之權益

(a)本集團由二零零二年五月六日起租用 鴻利發展有限公司(「鴻利」)若干物業 作為經營本集團酒樓業務。本公司每 三年與鴻利重續租約及磋商月租時均 會參照當時之市場租金。

> 於二零一四年五月五日,本集團與鴻 利重續上述租約,租期由二零一四年 五月一日起至二零一七年四月三十日 止為期三年,月租350,000港元(不包 括差餉、管理費及冷氣費),免租期 一個月由二零一七年四月一日至二零 一七年四月三十日,租賃按金商 月租時乃參照一間獨立專業物業評估 公司,即永利行評值顧問有限公司場 全市。有關安排之詳情已載於本公司。 二零一四年五月五日發出之公佈內。

> 於二零一七年四月二十八日,本集團 與鴻利重續上述租約,租期由二零 一七年五月一日起至二零二零年四月 三十日止為期三年,月租360,000港 元(不包括差餉、管理費及冷氣費), 租賃按金為1,080,000港元。本公司 與鴻利磋商月租時乃參照一間獨立專 業物業評估公司,即永利行評值顧問 有限公司於二零一七年四月二十八日 所建議之市場租金。有關安排之詳情 已載於本公司於二零一七年四月 二十八日發出之公佈內。

CONFIRMATION OF INDEPENDENT NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

The Company has received, from each of the INEDs, an annual confirmation of independence pursuant to rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules. The Company considers that all of the INEDs are independent.

DIRECTORS' INTEREST IN CONTRACTS AND CONNECTED TRANSACTIONS

(a) The Group has leased from Homley Development Limited ("Homley") certain properties for the Group's restaurant operation since 6 May 2002. The monthly rental was negotiated with Homley with reference to the market rents when the tenancy agreement was renewed every three years.

On 5 May 2014, the Group renewed the tenancy agreement with Homley for a further period of three years commencing 1 May 2014 to 30 April 2017 at a monthly rental of HK\$350,000 (exclusive of rates and management and air-conditioning fees) with rent free period for one month from 1 April 2017 to 30 April 2017 and a rental deposit of HK\$1,050,000. The monthly rental was negotiated with Homley with reference to the market rents as at 5 May 2014 as advised by RHL Appraisal Limited, a firm of independent professional property valuers. Details of the arrangement are set out in the announcement dated 5 May 2014 issued by the Company.

On 28 April 2017, the Group renewed the tenancy agreement with Homley for a further period of three years commencing 1 May 2017 to 30 April 2020 at a monthly rental of HK\$360,000 (exclusive of rates and management and air-conditioning fees) and a rental deposit of HK\$1,080,000. The monthly rental was negotiated with Homley with reference to the market rents as at 28 April 2017 as advised by RHL Appraisal Limited, a firm of independent professional property valuers. Details of the arrangement are set out in the announcement dated 28 April 2017 issued by the Company.

董事於合約及關連交易中之權益(續)

(續)鴻利根據上述租約於年內收取之租金為3,960,000港元。

鴻利乃Golden Toy之全資附屬公司, 故為本公司執行董事鄭合輝先生、鄭 白明女士、鄭白敏女士及鄭白麗女士 之聯繫人士,並根據上市規則被視為 本公司之關連人士。

(b)本集團由二零零五年一月三十一日 起,向豪城實業有限公司(「豪城」)租 用一個住宅大廈單位。本公司每三年 與豪城重續租約及磋商月租時,均會 參照當時之市場租金。

> 於二零一五年一月三十日,本集團與 豪城重續租約三年,自二零一五年二 月一日起至二零一八年一月三十一日 止,月租78,000港元(不包括差餉、 管理費及冷氣費)及租賃按金156,000 港元。

> 於二零一八年一月三十日,本集團與 豪城重續租約三年,自二零一八年二 月一日起至二零二一年一月三十一日 止,月租75,000港元(不包括差餉、 管理費及冷氣費)及租賃按金150,000 港元。

> 豪城根據上述租約於年內收取之租金 為930,000港元。月租由訂約雙方參 照市場租金而釐定。有關安排之詳情 已載於本公司於二零一五年一月三十 日及二零一八年一月三十日發出之公 佈內。

DIRECTORS' INTEREST IN CONTRACTS AND CONNECTED TRANSACTIONS (Continued)

(a) (Continued)

Rentals charged by Homley during the year under the said tenancy agreement amounted to HK\$3,960,000.

Homley is a wholly-owned subsidiary of Golden Toy and therefore is an associate of the executive directors of the Company, namely, Mr. Cheng Hop Fai, Ms. Cheng Pak Ming, Judy, Ms. Cheng Pak Man, Anita and Ms. Cheng Pak Lai, Lily, and is regarded as a connected person of the Company under the Listing Rules.

(b) The Group has leased from Hover City Industrial Limited ("Hover City") a unit of a residential building since 31 January 2005. The monthly rental was negotiated with Hover City with reference to the market rents when the tenancy agreement was renewed every three years.

On 30 January 2015, the Group renewed the tenancy agreement with Hover City for a further period of three years commencing 1 February 2015 to 31 January 2018 at a monthly rental of HK\$78,000 (exclusive of rates and management and air-conditioning fees) and a rental deposit of HK\$156,000.

On 30 January 2018, the Group renewed the tenancy agreement with Hover City for a further period of three years commencing 1 February 2018 to 31 January 2021 at a monthly rental of HK\$75,000 (exclusive of rates and management and air-conditioning fees) and a rental deposit of HK\$150,000.

Rental charged by Hover City during the year under the said tenancy agreement amounted to HK\$930,000. The monthly rental was determined by both parties with reference to market rents. Details of the arrangement are set out in the announcement dated 30 January 2015 and 30 January 2018 issued by the Company. 董事於合約及關連交易中之權益(續)

- (b) (續) 豪城乃Golden Toy之全資附屬公司, 故為本公司執行董事鄭合輝先生、鄭 白明女士、鄭白敏女士及鄭白麗女士 之聯繫人士,並根據上市規則被視為 本公司之關連人士。
- (c) 本集團由二零一二年一月三十日,向 昇浩投資有限公司(「昇浩」)租用一個 寫字樓。

於二零一五年一月三十日,本集團與 昇浩續租約三年,自二零一五年二月 一日起至二零一八年一月三十一日 止,月租100,000港元(不包括差餉、 管理費及冷氣費),免租期兩個月由 二零一六年一月一日至二零一六年一 月三十一日及二零一八年一月一日至 二零一八年一月三十一日及租賃按金 為239,937港元。

於二零一八年一月三十日,本集團與 昇浩續租約三年,自二零一八年二月 一日起至二零二一年一月三十一日 止,月租100,000港元(不包括差餉、 管理費及冷氣費)及租賃按金為 240,854港元。

昇浩根據上述租約於年內收取之租金 為1,100,000港元。月租由訂約雙方 參照市場租金而釐定。有關安排之詳 情已載於本公司於二零一五年一月 三十日及二零一八年一月三十日發出 之公佈內。

昇浩乃豪城之全資附屬公司,而豪城 則為Golden Toy之全資附屬公司,故 為本公司執行董事鄭合輝先生、鄭白 明女士、鄭白敏女士及鄭白麗女士之 聯繫人士,並根據上市規則被視為本 公司之關連人士。

DIRECTORS' INTEREST IN CONTRACTS AND CONNECTED TRANSACTIONS (Continued)

(b) (Continued)

Hover City is a wholly-owned subsidiary of Golden Toy and therefore is an associate of the executive directors of the Company, namely, Mr. Cheng Hop Fai, Ms. Cheng Pak Ming, Judy, Ms. Cheng Pak Man, Anita and Ms. Cheng Pak Lai, Lily, and is regarded as a connected person of the Company under the Listing Rules.

(c) The Group has leased from Sky Global Investments Limited ("Sky Global") an office since 30 January 2012.

On 30 January 2015, the Group renewed the tenancy agreement with Sky Global for a further period of three years commencing from 1 February 2015 to 31 January 2018 at a monthly rental of HK\$100,000 (exclusive of rates and management and air-conditioning fees) with rent free periods for two months from 1 January 2016 to 31 January 2016 and from 1 January 2018 to 31 January 2018 and a rental deposit of HK\$239,937.

On 30 January 2018, the Group renewed the tenancy agreement with Sky Global for a further period of three years commencing from 1 February 2018 to 31 January 2021 at a monthly rental of HK\$100,000 (exclusive of rates and management and air-conditioning fees) and a rental deposit of HK\$240,854.

Rental charged by Sky Global during the year under the said tenancy agreement amounted to HK\$1,100,000. The monthly rental was determined by both parties with reference to the market rents. Details of the arrangement are set out in the announcement dated 30 January 2015 and 30 January 2018 issued by the Company.

Sky Global is a wholly-owned subsidiary of Hover City which in turn is a direct wholly-owned subsidiary of Golden Toy and therefore is an associate of the executive directors of the Company, namely, Mr. Cheng Hop Fai, Ms. Cheng Pak Ming, Judy, Ms. Cheng Pak Man, Anita and Ms. Cheng Pak Lai, Lily, and is regarded as a connected person of the Company under the Listing Rules.

董事於合約及關連交易中之權益(續)

本公司核數師已獲聘根據香港會計師公會 發出之《香港核證聘用準則》第3000號(經 修訂)「歷史財務資料審計或審閱以外的核 證聘用」並參照實務説明第740號「關於香 港上市規則所述持續關連交易的核數師函 件」,就本集團之持續關連交易作出匯報。 核數師已根據上市規則第14A.56條發出載 有本集團於以上(a)至(c)項披露之持續關連 交易調查結果及結論之無保留意見函件。 本公司已將該函件副本呈交聯交所。

本公司獨立非執行董事亦已審閱有關之持 續關連交易及核數師報告,並確認此等交 易乃本公司按一般商業條款進行之日常業 務,有關交易之協議條款為公平、合理並 且符合本公司股東之整體利益。

除上文所披露者外,本公司及其任何附屬 公司或控股公司及其任何附屬公司概無訂 立本公司董事直接或間接於其中擁有重大 權益,且於年結日或年內任何時間仍然生 效之任何重大合約。

DIRECTORS' INTEREST IN CONTRACTS AND CONNECTED TRANSACTIONS (Continued)

The Company's auditor was engaged to report on the Group's continuing connected transactions in accordance with Hong Kong Standard on Assurance Engagements 3000 (Revised) "Assurance Engagements Other Than Audits or Reviews of Historical Financial Information" and with reference to Practice Note 740 "Auditor's Letter on Continuing Connected Transactions under the Hong Kong Listing Rules" issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants. The auditor has issued its unqualified letter containing its findings and conclusions in respect of the continuing connected transactions disclosed by the Group in (a) to (c) above in accordance with Listing Rule 14A.56. A copy of the auditor's letter has been provided by the Company to the Stock Exchange.

The INEDs have reviewed the continuing connected transactions and the report of the auditor and have confirmed that the transactions have been entered into by the Company in the ordinary course of its business, on normal commercial terms and in accordance with the terms of the agreement governing such transactions that are fair and reasonable and in the interests of the shareholders of the Company as a whole.

Save as disclosed above, there was no other contract of significance, to which the Company, any of its subsidiaries or holding company, or any subsidiary of its holding company was a party and in which a director of the Company had a material interest, whether directly or indirectly, subsisting at the end of the year or at any time during the year.

董事會報告 Report of the Directors

管理合約

於回顧年度內並無訂立或存在有關本集團 全部或任何重大部份業務之管理及行政之 合約。

購買、出售或贖回股份

於年內,本公司或其任何附屬公司並無購 買、出售或贖回本公司之股份。

薪酬政策

薪酬委員會會根據本公司之營運業績、個 別人士之表現及可供比較之市場統計數據 以決定本公司所有董事及高級管理人員之 薪酬。

本集團之僱員會因其功績、資歷及能力被 予以補償。

本公司已於二零一零年五月十日採納購股 權計劃。購股權計劃乃提供予董事及合資 格僱員之長期獎勵並作為挽留優秀人才之 工具。有關計劃之詳情已載列於綜合財務 報表附註18。

優先認購權

本公司之公司細則或百慕達法例並無任何 優先認購權規定本公司需按比例向現有股 東發售新股。

充足之公眾持股量

根據可得到之公開信息及就董事所知,董 事確認本公司於截至二零一八年三月 三十一日止年度內直至本報告日期一直維 持充足之公眾持股量。

MANAGEMENT CONTRACTS

No contracts concerning the management and administration of the whole or any substantial part of the business of the Group were entered into or in existence during the year under review.

PURCHASE, SALE OR REDEMPTION OF SHARES

There was no purchase, sale or redemption of the Company's shares by the Company or any of its subsidiaries during the year.

REMUNERATION POLICY

The remuneration of all directors and senior management of the Company are decided by the remuneration committee, having regard to the Company's operating results, individual performance and comparable market statistics.

Employees of the Group are compensated based on their merit, qualifications and competence.

The Option Scheme was adopted by the Company on 10 May 2010. The Option Scheme provides long-term incentives to directors and eligible employees and also serves as a retention tool for high performing staff. Details of the Option Scheme are set out in note 18 to the consolidated financial statements.

PRE-EMPTIVE RIGHTS

There are no provisions for pre-emptive rights under the Company's Bye-laws, or the laws of Bermuda, which would oblige the Company to offer new shares on a pro-rata basis to existing shareholders.

SUFFICIENCY OF PUBLIC FLOAT

Based on the information that is publicly available and within the knowledge of the directors, the directors confirm that the Company has maintained a sufficient public float throughout the year ended 31 March 2018 and up to the date of this report.

董事會報告 Report of the Directors

獲准許的彌償條文

根據本公司之章程細則第166(1)條,董事 可從本公司之資產及利潤獲得彌償,就該 等人士或任何該等人士、該等人士之任何 繼承人、遺囑執行人或遺產管理人,就各 自之職務或信託執行其職責或假定職責 因所作出、發生之作為或不作為而招致或 蒙受之所有訴訟、費用、收費、損失、損 害及開支,可獲確保免就此受任何損害。 惟此彌償保證不得伸延至任何與上述人士 故意疏忽、故意違約、欺詐或不誠實之事 宜。

於回顧年度內,本公司已就其董事可能面 對的法律行動辦理及投購適當的保險。

股票掛鈎協議

本公司有購股權計劃,並於本年報之「購 股權計劃」章節披露,除上述外,截至二 零一八年三月三十一日止年度,本集團並 無訂立或存在任何股票掛鈎協議。

核數師

本公司將於股東週年大會上提呈一項決議 案,續聘德勤•關黃陳方會計師行為本公 司之核數師。

董事會代表

PERMITTED INDEMNITY

Under Bye-law 166(1) of the Company's Bye-laws, the directors shall be indemnified and secured harmless out of the assets and profits of the Company from and against all actions, costs, charges, losses, damages and expenses which they or any of them, their or any of their heirs, executors or administrators, shall or may incur or sustain by or by reason of any act done, concurred in or omitted in or about the execution of their duty, or supposed duty, in their respective offices or trusts, provided that this indemnity shall not extend to any matter in respect of any wilful negligence, wilful default, fraud or dishonesty which may attach to any of said persons.

During the year under review, the Company has taken out and maintained appropriate insurance to cover potential legal actions against its Directors.

EQUITY-LINKED AGREEMENTS

The Company has share option scheme, the details of which are set out in the section headed "Share Option Scheme" in this annual report. Save as the aforesaid, no equity-linked agreements were entered into by the Group or existed during the year ended 31 March 2018.

AUDITOR

A resolution will be submitted at the annual general meeting of the Company to re-appoint Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu as the auditor of the Company.

On behalf of the Board

鄭合輝

主席

香港 二零一八年六月二十二日 CHENG HOP FAI CHAIRMAN

Hong Kong 22 June 2018

Deloitte.

致:環科國際集團有限公司 列位股東 (於百慕達註冊成立之有限公司)

意見

本核數師行已完成審核環科國際集團有限 公司(「貴公司」)及其附屬公司(合稱「貴 集團」)載於第44至第99頁之綜合財務報 表,當中載有 貴集團於二零一八年三月 三十一日之綜合財務狀況表及截至該日止 年度之綜合損益及其他全面收益表、綜合 權益變動表及綜合現金流量表,以及綜合 財務報表附註,包括主要會計政策概要。

本核數師行認為,綜合財務報表已根據由 香港會計師公會(「香港會計師公會」)頒佈 的香港財務報告準則(「香港財務報告準 則」)真實及中肯地反映 貴集團於二零 一八年三月三十一日之綜合財務狀況 及 貴集團截至該日止年度之綜合財務表 現及其綜合現金流量,並已按照香港公司 法例之披露規定妥為編製。

意見基礎

本行已根據香港會計師公會頒佈之香港審 計準則(「香港審計準則」)進行審核。本行 於該等準則項下之責任已在本報告「核數 師審核綜合財務報表之責任」一節中作進 一步詳述。根據香港會計師公會頒佈之專 業會計師職業道德守則(「道德守則」),本 行獨立於 貴集團,並已履行道德守則中 之其他道德責任。本行相信,本行所獲得 之審核憑證能充足及適當地為本行之審核 意見提供基礎。



TO THE MEMBERS OF G-VISION INTERNATIONAL (HOLDINGS) LIMITED 環科國際集團有限公司

(incorporated in Bermuda with limited liability)

OPINION

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of G-Vision International (Holdings) Limited (the "Company") and its subsidiaries (collectively referred to as "the Group") set out on pages 44 to 99, which comprise the consolidated statement of financial position as at 31 March 2018, and the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, consolidated statement of changes in equity and consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements give a true and fair view of the consolidated financial position of the Group as at 31 March 2018, and of its consolidated financial performance and its consolidated cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards ("HKFRSs") issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants ("HKICPA") and have been properly prepared in compliance with the disclosure requirement of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

BASIS FOR OPINION

We conducted our audit in accordance with Hong Kong Standards on Auditing ("HKSAs") issued by the HKICPA. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with the HKICPA's Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants ("the Code"), and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

關鍵審核事項

關鍵審核事項是根據本行之專業判斷,認 為對本期綜合財務報表審核最為重要之事 項。本行會於審核整體綜合財務報表時處 理此等事項並就此形成意見,而不會就此 等事項單獨提供意見。

KEY AUDIT MATTERS

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the consolidated financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

How our audit addressed the key audit matter

關鍵審核事項 Key Audit Matter

收入確認 Revenue recognition

鑑於酒樓業務之交易量,本行認定酒樓業務之 收入確認為一項關鍵審核事項。

We identified recognition of revenue from restaurant operations as a key audit matter due to the volume of transactions of restaurant operations.

截至二零一八年三月三十一日止年度,來自酒 樓業務收入約86,926,000港元(綜合損益及其 他全面收益表)。大部分收入以現金或信用卡 結算。

For the year ended 31 March 2018, revenue from restaurant operations amounted to approximately HK\$86,926,000 (consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income). Vast majority of revenue was settled in cash or by credit card. 本行就酒樓業務收入制定之程序包括:

我們的審核如何對關鍵審核事項進行處理

Our procedures in relation to revenue from restaurant operations included:

- 了解收入業務流程並且對收入確認之關鍵控制 進行測試;
- Obtaining an understanding of the revenue business processes and testing key controls over revenue recognition;
- 從每日銷售報告及相關銷售發票抽取樣本以核 對收入記錄;及
- Checking recorded revenue, on a sample basis, to daily sales report and relevant sales invoice; and
- 進行數據分析以找出不尋常的收入模式。
- Performing data analysis to identify unusual patterns of revenue.

其他資料

貴公司董事須對其他資料承擔責任。其他 資料包括載於年報之資料,惟不包括當中 綜合財務報表及核數師報告。

本行就綜合財務報表作出之意見並不涵蓋 其他資料,且本行不會就該等資料發表任 何形式的核證結論。

就本行審核綜合財務報表而言,本行之責 任為閱讀其他資料,從而考慮其他資料是 否與綜合財務報表或本行在審核過程中獲 悉之資料存在重大不符者,或似乎存在重 大錯誤陳述。倘本行基於已執行之工作, 認為其他資料存在重大錯誤陳述,本行須 報告有關事實。就此,本行並無任何事宜 須予以報告。

董事及監管者就綜合財務報表須承擔 之責任

貴公司董事須負責按照香港會計師公會頒 佈之香港財務報告準則及香港公司條例之 披露規定,編制該等綜合財務報表,以使 綜合財務報表作出真實而公平之呈報,並 落實董事認為必要之相關內部監控,以使 綜合財務報表之編製不存在因欺詐或錯誤 而導致之重大錯誤陳述。

在編製綜合財務報表時,除非董事有意 將 貴集團清盤或停止經營,或除此之外 別無其他實際可行之替代方案,否則董事 須負責評估 貴集團持續經營之能力,並 在適用情況下披露與持續經營有關之事 項,並且使用以持續經營為基礎之會計法。

監管者須負責監督 貴集團的財務報告過 程。

OTHER INFORMATION

The directors of the Company are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the annual report, but does not include the consolidated financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the consolidated financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the consolidated financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the consolidated financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

RESPONSIBILITIES OF DIRECTORS AND THOSE CHARGED WITH GOVERNANCE FOR THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation of the consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with HKFRSs issued by the HKICPA and the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Group's financial reporting process.

核數師審核綜合財務報表之責任

作為根據香港審計準則進行審核工作的一 部分,本行於整個審核過程中運用專業判 斷,並保持專業懷疑態度。本行亦:

- 識別及評估綜合財務報表由於欺詐或 錯誤而導致的重大錯誤陳述風險,設 計並執行應對該等風險的審核程序, 並獲取充足及適當的審核憑證,作為 本核數師意見的基準。由於欺詐可能 涉及串謀、偽造、蓄意遺漏、虛假陳 述,或凌駕於內部監控之上,因此未 能發現因欺詐而導致出現重大錯誤陳 述的風險高於未能發現因錯誤而導致 出現重大錯誤陳述的風險。
- 瞭解與審核相關的內部監控,以設計 適當的審核程序,但目的並非對 貴 集團內部監控的有效性發表意見。
- 評估董事所採用會計政策的恰當性及 作出會計估計和相關披露的合理性。

AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE AUDIT OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion solely to you, as a body, in accordance with Section 90 of the Bermuda Companies Act, and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility towards or accept liability to any other person for the contents of this report. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with HKSAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with HKSAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the directors.

核數師審核綜合財務報表之責任(續)

- 對董事採用的持續經營會計基準的恰 當性作出結論,並根據所獲取的審核 憑證,判斷可能導致對 貴集團持續 經營能力產生重大疑慮的事件或情況 是否存在重大不確定性。如果本行認 為存在重大不確定性,則有必要在核 數師報告中提請使用者注意綜合財務 報表的相關披露;假若有關披露不夠 充足,則須為意見再作修訂。本行的 結論乃基於核數師報告日止所取得的 審核憑證。然而,未來事件或情況可 能導致 貴集團不能持續經營。
- 評估該等綜合財務報表的整體列報方 式、結構和內容(包括披露)以及綜合 財務報表是否公平反映相關交易及事 件。
- 就 貴集團內實體或業務活動的財務 資料獲取充足適當的審核憑證,以便 對綜合財務報表發表意見。本行負 責 貴集團審核的方向、監督及執 行。本行會為審核意見承擔全部責任。

本行會與監管者就(其中包括)審核的計 劃範圍及時間安排以及重大審核發現(包 括本行於審核過程中識別出內部監控的任 何重大缺陷)進行溝通。

本行亦向監管者提交聲明,説明本行已遵 守有關獨立性的相關道德要求,並與彼等 溝通有可能合理地被認為會影響本行獨立 性的所有關係及其他事項,以及(倘適用) 相關的防範措施。

AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE AUDIT OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

- Conclude on the appropriateness of the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Group to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

核數師審核綜合財務報表之責任(續)

從與監管者溝通的事項中,本行確定那些 事項對本年度綜合財務報表的審核最為重 要並因而構成關鍵審核事項。本行於核數 師報告中描述該等事項,除非法律或法規 不允許公開披露該等事項,或於極端罕見 的情況下,如果合理預期在本行報告中溝 通該等事項所造成的負面後果會超出所產 生的公眾利益,則本行決定不會在報告中 溝通該等事項。

出具本獨立核數師報告的審核項目合夥人 為勞建昌。

AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE AUDIT OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

The engagement partner on the audit resulting in the independent auditor's report is Lo Kin Cheong.

德勤 • 關黃陳方會計師行

執業會計師

Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu

Certified Public Accountants

香港 二零一八年六月二十二日

Hong Kong 22 June 2018

綜合損益及其他全面收益表 Consolidated Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income

截至二零一八年三月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31 March 2018

		附註 Notes	二零一八年 2018 千港元 HK\$′000	二零一七年 2017 千港元 HK\$'000
收入 其他收入及其他收益	Revenue Other income and other gains	5	86,926 1,520	88,305 1,439
已用存貨之成本 員工成本	Cost of inventories consumed Staff costs		(27,500) (34,938)	(28,257) (33,655)
營運租金 折舊	Operating lease rentals Depreciation		(16,023) (37)	(16,614) (31)
其他營運費用	Other operating expenses		(18,893)	(20,195)
本公司股東應佔之	Loss for the year attributable to owners			
年度虧損	of the Company	6	(8,945)	(9,008)
其他全面收益(開支) <i>其後可能重新分類至 損益之項目:</i> 可供出售投資其公平值 之變動 重新分類已出售之可供 出售投資至損益 重新分類調整可供出售 投資之減值虧損	 Other comprehensive income (expense) Items that may be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss: Change in fair value of available-for-sale investments Reclassification to profit or loss upon disposal of available-for-sale investments Reclassification adjustment relating to impairment loss on available-for-sale investments 		327 	(18) 89 572
年度其他全面收益	Other comprehensive income for the year		327	643
本公司股東應佔之 全面開支總額	Total comprehensive expense for the year attributable to owners of the Company		(8,618)	(8,365)
每股基本及攤薄虧損	Loss per share (basic and diluted)	10	(港仙HK0.46 cent)	(港仙HK0.46 cent)

綜合財務狀況表 Consolidated Statement of Financial Position

於二零一八年三月三十一日 At 31 March 2018

		附註 Notes	二零一八年 2018 千港元 HK\$′000	二零一七年 2017 千港元 HK\$'000
非流動資產 物業、廠房及設備 可供出售投資 物業租賃按金	Non-current assets Property, plant and equipment Available-for-sale investments Property rental deposits	11 12	121 _ 5,320	118 1,110 _
			5,441	1,228
流動資產 存貨 貿易及其他應收款項 可供出售投資 已抵押銀行存款 短期銀行存款 一原定到期日超過	Current assets Inventories Trade and other receivables Available-for-sale investments Pledged bank deposits Short-term bank deposits – with original maturity over	13 14 12 15 15	1,217 2,302 2,750 414	1,246 6,494 3,397 413
三個月 - 原定到期日為 三個月內 銀行結餘及現金	three months – with original maturity within three months Bank balances and cash	15	70,366 7,016 10,765	46,945 36,359 10,766
			94,830	105,620
流動負債 貿易及其他應付款項	Current liabilities Trade and other payables	16	7,984	7,413
流動資產淨值	Net current assets		86,846	98,207
資產淨值 ————————————————————————————————————	Net assets		92,287	99,435
股本及儲備 股本 儲備	Capital and reserves Share capital Reserves	17	194,631 (102,344)	194,631 (95,196)
權益總額	Total equity		92,287	99,435

載於第44頁至第99頁之綜合財務報表於二 零一八年六月二十二日獲董事會批准並授 權刊發,現由下列董事代表簽署:

鄭合輝 Cheng Hop Fai 董事 DIRECTOR The consolidated financial statements on pages 44 to 99 were approved and authorised for issue by the Board of Directors on 22 June 2018 and are signed on its behalf by:

鄭白敏 Cheng Pak Man, Anita 董事 DIRECTOR

綜合權益變動表 Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity

截至二零一八年三月三十一日 For the year ended 31 March 2018

		股本	股份溢價	股本儲備	投資 重估儲備 Investment	購股 權儲備 Share	累積虧損	總額
		Share capital 千港元 HK\$'000	Share premium 千港元 HK\$'000	Capital reserve 千港元 HK\$'000 (附註) (note)	revaluation reserve 千港元 HK\$'000	options reserve 千港元 HK\$'000	Accumlated losses 千港元 HK\$'000	Total 千港元 HK\$'000
於二零一六年四月一 日	At 1 April 2016	194,631	88,794	84,123	(643)	5,471	(264,576)	107,800
年度虧損 可供出售投資其公平值之變動	Loss for the year Change in fair value of	-	-	-	-	-	(9,008)	(9,008)
重新分類已出售之可供出售 投資至損益	available-for-sale investments Reclassification to profit or loss upon disposal of available-for-sale investments	-	-	-	(18) 89	-	-	(18) 89
重新分類調整可供出售投資之 減值虧損 ————————————————————————————————————	Reclassification adjustment relating to impairment loss on available-for-sale investments	-	-	-	572	-	-	572
年度全面收益(開支)總額 放棄購股權之轉撥	Total comprehensive income (expense) for the year Transfer upon forfeiture of share options	- -	-	- -	643	(2,004)	(9,008) 2,004	(8,365)
於二零一七年三月三十一日	At 31 March 2017	194,631	88,794	84,123	-	3,467	(271,580)	99,435
年度虧損 可供出售投資其公平值之變動	Loss for the year Change in fair value of	-	-	-	-	-	(8,945)	(8,945)
	available-for-sale investments	-	-	-	327	-	-	327
年度全面收益(開支)總額 確認權益結算以股份為基礎的付款	Total comprehensive income (expense) for the year Recognition of equity-settled	-	-	-	327	-	(8,945)	(8,618)
購股權失效	share-based payments Lapse of share options	-	-	-	-	1,470 (3,467)	- 3,467	1,470
於二零一八年三月三十一日 ————————————————————————————————————	At 31 March 2018	194,631	88,794	84,123	327	1,470	(277,058)	92,287

附註:本集團之股本儲備,乃本集團於一九九二 年十月進行重組時,本公司用發行股本總 面值交換附屬公司股本總面值時所產生之 差額。 *Note:* The capital reserve of the Group arose as a result of the group reorganisation in October 1992. It represents the difference between the aggregate nominal amount of the share capital issued by the Company in exchange for the aggregate nominal amount of the share capital of subsidiaries.

綜合現金流量表 Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows

截至二零一八年三月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31 March 2018

		二零一八年 2018 千港元 HK\$′000	二零一七年 2017 千港元 HK\$'000
經營業務 年內虧損	Operating activities Loss for the year	(8,945)	(9,008)
調整: 利息收入 折舊	Adjustments for: Interest income Depreciation	(1,230) 37	(1,353) 31
可供出售投資之 變現(收益)虧損 (撥回)可供出售投資之	Realised (gain) loss on disposal of available-for-sale investments	(75)	89
減值虧損	(Reversal of) impairment loss on available-for-sale investments	(114)	572
基於股份的支付費用	Share-based payment expenses	1,470	
營運資金變動前之 經營現金流量 存貨減少 貿易及其他應收款項	Operating cash flows before movements in working capital Decrease in inventories (Increase) decrease in trade and other	(8,857) 29	(9,669) 213
(增加)減少	receivables Increase (decrease) in trade and other	(1,128)	528
貿易及其他應付款項 	payables	571	(105)
用於經營業務之現金淨額	Net cash used in operating activities	(9,385)	(9,033)
投資活動 提取原到期日為多於 三個月之短期存款 收回其他應收款 提取存款證投資	Investing activities Withdrawal of short-term deposits with original maturity over three months Settlement of other receivables Withdrawal of investments in certificates	46,945 _	87,451 11,727
已收利息	of deposit Interest received	1,230	5,866 1,353
出售可供出售投資所得款項	Proceeds from disposal of availble-for-sale investments	2,273	1,176
(存放)提取已抵押銀行存款	(Placement) withdrawal of pledged bank deposits	(1)	599
存放原到期日為多於三個月 之短期存款 購置物業、廠房及設備	Placement of short-term deposits with original maturity over three months	(70,366)	(100,889)
· ハート → 小手 → 小	Purchase of property, plant and equipment	(40)	(58)
(用於)來自投資活動之現金淨額	Net cash (used in) from investing activities	(19,959)	7,225
現金及現金等值項目 減 少淨額 年初之現金及現金等值項目	Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents Cash and cash equivalents at	(29,344)	(1,808)
	beginning of the year	47,125	48,933
年終之現金及現金等值項目 	Cash and cash equivalents at end of the year	17,781	47,125
現金及現金等值項目結餘分析 原到期日為三個月內之	Analysis of balance of cash and cash equivalents Short-term bank deposits with original	7.046	26.250
短期銀行存款 銀行結餘及現金	maturity within three months Bank balances and cash	7,016 10,765	36,359 10,766
		17,781	47,125

1. GENERAL

截至二零一八年三月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31 March 2018

1. 總則

本公司於百慕達註冊成立為受豁免有限公司,其股份在香港聯合交易所有限公司(「聯交所」)上市。本公司之母公司及其最終控股公司為於英屬處女群島註冊成立之Kong Fai International Limited。本公司之註冊辦事處與主要營業地點之地址已於本年報「公司資料」一節中披露。

本公司為一家投資控股公司。其附屬 公司之主要業務乃在香港經營專門提 供潮州菜之中式酒樓。

本綜合財務報表乃以港元(「港元」)呈列,港元亦為本公司之功能貨幣。

香港財務報告準則(「香港財務報 告準則」)新訂及經修訂本之應用

於本年度強制生效之香港財務報告準 則修訂本

本集團於本年度首次應用以下由香港 會計師公會(「香港會計師公會」)頒佈 之香港財務報告準則修訂本及香港會 計準則(「香港會計準則」)。

香港會計準則	主動披露		
第7號之修訂本 香港會計準則 第12號之修訂本	就未變現虧損確認遞 延税項資產		
香港財務報告準則 第12號之修訂本	香港財務報告準則 二零一四年至 二零一六年期間 年度改進之部分		
於本年度應用上列香港財務報告準則			

於4年度應用上列省港財務報告準則 及香港會計準則修訂本對於本年度及 過往年度本集團之財政業績及財務狀 況及/或於該等綜合財務報表載列之 披露資料並無構成重大影響。 The Company is incorporated in Bermuda as an exempted company with limited liability and its shares are listed on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange"). Its parent and ultimate holding company is Kong Fai International Limited ("Kong Fai"), which is incorporated in the British Virgin Islands. The addresses of the registered office and principal place of business of the Company are disclosed in the corporate information section of the annual report.

The Company acts as an investment holding company. Its subsidiaries are principally engaged in the operation of Chinese restaurants in Hong Kong which specialise in Chiu Chow cuisine.

The consolidated financial statements are presented in Hong Kong dollars ("HK\$"), which is the same as the functional currency of the Company.

APPLICATION OF NEW AND REVISED HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRSs")

Amendments to HKFRSs that are mandatorily effective for the current year

The Group has applied the following amendments to HKFRSs and Hong Kong Accounting Standard ("HKAS") issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants ("HKICPA") for the first time in the current year.

Amendments to HKAS 7	Disclosure Initiative
Amendments to HKAS 12	Recognition of Deferred Tax Assets for Unrealised Losses
Amendments to HKFRS 12	As part of the Annual Improvements to HKFRSs 2014-2016 Cycle

The application of the above amendments to HKFRSs and HKAS in the current year has had no material impact on the Group's financial performance and positions for the current and prior years and/or on the disclosures set out in these consolidated financial statements.

截至二零一八年三月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31 March 2018

2. 香港財務報告準則(「香港財務報 告準則」)新訂及經修訂本之應用 (續)

已頒佈但尚未生效之香港財務報告準 則新訂及經修訂本

本集團並未提前應用下列經已頒佈但 尚未生效之香港財務報告準則新訂及 修訂本:

香港財務報告準則第9號 金融工具1 客戶合約收 香港財務報告準則第15號 修訂1 香港財務報告準則第16號 和賃2 香港財務報告準則第17號 保險合約4

香港(國際財務報告註釋 外滙交易及 委員會)-註釋第22號 香港(國際財務報告註釋 所得税處理 委員會)-註釋第23號

股份支付交 計量¹

應用香港財 香港財務報告準則第4號 之修訂本 第9號[4 連同香港

香港財務報告準則第9號 之修訂本 香港財務報告準則第10號 及香港會計準則 第28號之修訂本 香港會計準則第19號 之修訂本 香港會計準則第28號

香港財務報告準則第2號

之修訂本

之修訂本

之修訂本

香港會計準則第28號

香港會計準則第40號

之修訂本 香港財務報告準則

之修訂本

則第4號 具有負補償 特性2 投資者與其 企業之間 資產3 計劃修改, 聯營公司及 長期權益 香港財務報 二零一四 二零一7 之部分年 投資物業之 香港財務報 二零一刊

之年度改進²

2. APPLICATION OF NEW AND REVISED HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRSs") (Continued)

New and revised HKFRSs in issue but not yet effective

The Group has not early applied the following new and revised HKFRSs that have been issued but are not yet effective:

融工具1	HKFRS 9	Financial Instruments ¹
™→→穴 序合約收入及其相關 修訂 ¹	HKFRS 15	Revenue from Contracts with Customers and the related Amendments ¹
賃2	HKFRS 16	Leases ²
R險合約4	HKFRS 17	Insurance Contracts ⁴
涎交易及提前計算1	HK(IFRIC) – Int 22	Foreign Currency Transactions and Advance Consideration ¹
f得税處理之不確定性 ²	HK(IFRIC) – Int 23	Uncertainty over Income Tax Treatments ²
6份支付交易的分類及 計量 ¹	Amendments to HKFRS 2	Classification and Measurement of Share-based Payment Transactions ¹
[用香港財務報告準則 第9號「金融工具」, 連同香港財務報告準 則第4號「保險合約」 ¹	Amendments to HKFRS 4	Applying HKFRS 9 Financial Instruments with HKFRS 4 Insurance Contracts ¹
↓有負補償之提前還款 特性 ²	Amendments to HKFRS 9	Prepayment Features with Negative Compensation ²
資者與其聯營或合資 企業之間出售或注入 資產 ³	Amendments to HKFRS 10 and HKAS 28	Sale or Contribution of Assets between an Investor and its Associate or Joint Venture ³
+劃修改,縮減或結算2	Amendments to HKAS 19	Plan Amendment, Curtailment or Settlement ²
▶營公司及合營企業之 長期權益²	Amendments to HKAS 28	Long-term Interests in Associates and Joint Ventures ²
港財務報告準則 二零一四年至 二零一六年期間 之部分年度改進1	Amendments to HKAS 28	As part of the Annual Improvements to HKFRSs 2014-2016 Cycle ¹
資物業之轉讓1	Amendments to HKAS 40	Transfers of Investment Property ¹
港財務報告準則 二零一五年至 二零一七年期間	Amendments to HKFRSs	Annual Improvements to HKFRSs 2015 – 2017 Cycle ²

截至二零一八年三月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31 March 2018

 香港財務報告準則(「香港財務報 告準則」)新訂及經修訂本之應用 (續)

已頒佈但尚未生效之香港財務報告準 則新訂及經修訂本(續)

- 於二零一八年一月一日或之後開始之 年度期間生效。
- 2 於二零一九年一月一日或之後開始之 年度期間生效。
 3 於左往都完之口即式之後開始之左座
- 3 於有待釐定之日期或之後開始之年度 期間生效。
- 4 於二零二一年一月一日或之後開始之 年度期間生效。

除下文所述香港財務報告準則及詮釋 之新訂及修訂本外,本公司董事預期 應用所有其他香港財務報告準則及詮 釋之新訂及修訂本將於可見未來對綜 合財務報表並無構成重大影響。

香港財務報告準則第9號「金融工具」

香港財務報告準則第9號引入金融資 產、金融負債、一般對沖會計處理法 及金融資產減值規定分類及計量的新 規定。

與本集團有關之香港財務報告準則第 9號的主要規定載述如下:

APPLICATION OF NEW AND REVISED HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRSs") (Continued)

New and revised HKFRSs in issue but not yet effective (Continued)

- ¹ Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2018.
- ² Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2019.
- ³ Effective for annual periods beginning on or after a date to be determined.
- ⁴ Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2021.

Except for the new and amendments to HKFRSs and Interpretations mentioned below, the directors of the Company anticipate that the application of all other new and amendments to HKFRSs and Interpretations will have no material impact on the consolidated financial statements in the foreseeable future.

HKFRS 9 "Financial Instruments"

HKFRS 9 introduces new requirements for the classification and measurement of financial assets, financial liabilities, general hedge accounting and impairment requirements for financial assets.

Key requirements of HKFRS 9 which are relevant to the Group are:

all recognised financial assets that are within the scope of HKFRS 9 are required to be subsequently measured at amortised cost or fair value. Specifically, debt investments that are held within a business model whose objective is to collect the contractual cash flows, and that have contractual cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal outstanding are generally measured at amortised cost at the end of subsequent accounting periods. Debt instruments that are held within a business model whose objective is achieved both by collecting contractual cash flows and selling financial assets, and that have contractual terms that give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding, are generally measured at fair value through other comprehensive income ("FVTOCI"). All other financial assets are measured at their fair value at subsequent accounting periods. In addition, under HKFRS 9, entities may make an irrevocable election to present subsequent changes in the fair value of an equity investment (that is not held for trading) in other comprehensive income, with only dividend income generally recognised in profit or loss.

截至二零一八年三月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31 March 2018

 香港財務報告準則(「香港財務報 告準則」)新訂及經修訂本之應用 (續)

香港財務報告準則第**9**號「金融工具」 (續)

 就金融資產之減值而言,與香港 會計準則第39號項下按已產生信 貸虧損模式計算相反,香港財務 報告準則第9號規定按預期信貸 虧損模式計算。預期信貸虧損模 式規定實體於各報告日期將預期 信貸虧損及該等預期信貸虧損之 變動入賬,以反映信貸風險自初 次確認以來之變動。換言之,毋 須再待發生信貸事件後才能確認 信貸虧損。

根據本集團截至二零一八年三月 三十一日的金融工具及風險管理政 策,本公司董事預期首次應用香港財 務報告準則第9號將會有以下潛在影響。

分類和計量:

 上市債務工具被分類為以公平值 計量的可供出售投資(如附註12 所披露):該等債務工具乃按目 標透過收取合約現金流量及於公 開市場出售上市債務工具之業務 模式持有;另因應合約條款於指 定日期所產生之現金流量,僅為 支付本金及未償還本金利息。因此,應用香港財務報告準則第9 號後,上市債務工具將繼續以 FVTOCI進行後續計量,並且於上 市債券被取消確認或被重新分類 時,累計於投資重估儲備之公平 值收益或虧損將繼續重新分類至 損益; APPLICATION OF NEW AND REVISED HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRSs") (Continued)

HKFRS 9 "Financial Instruments" (Continued)

 in relation to the impairment of financial assets, HKFRS 9 requires an expected credit loss model, as opposed to an incurred credit loss model under HKAS 39. The expected credit loss model requires an entity to account for expected credit losses and changes in those expected credit losses at each reporting date to reflect changes in credit risk since initial recognition. In other words, it is no longer necessary for a credit event to have occurred before credit losses are recognised.

Based on the Group's financial instruments and risk management policies as at 31 March 2018, the directors of the Company anticipate the following potential impact on initial application of HKFRS 9:

Classification and measurement:

Listed debt instruments classified as available-for-sale investments carried at fair value as disclosed in note 12: these are held within a business model whose objective is achieved both by collecting contractual cash flows and selling the listed debt instruments in the open market, and the contractual terms give rise to cash flows on specified dates that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal outstanding. Accordingly, the listed debt instruments will continue to be subsequently measured at FVTOCI upon the application of HKFRS 9, and the fair value gains or losses accumulated in the investments revaluation reserve will continue to be subsequently reclassified to profit or loss when the listed debentures are derecognised or reclassified;

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 香港財務報告準則(「香港財務報 告準則」)新訂及經修訂本之應用 (續)

香港財務報告準則第9號「金融工具」 (續)

分類和計量:(續)

- 如附註12所披露,分類為可供出 售投資並以公平值計量之上市股 本證券:該等證券乃符合指定條 件可根據香港財務報告準則第9 號按FVTOCI計量。於二零一八年 四月一日,重估儲備累計的公平 值收益或虧損相等於327,000港 元將根據香港財務報告準則第9 號不再被重新分類至損益,這與 現行處理方法不同。此等做法將 影響本集團之損益及其他全面收 益被確認之金額,但不會影響全 面收益總額。
- 所有其他金融資產及金融負債將 繼續按現時根據香港會計準則第 39號計量之相同基準計量。

減值

一般而言,本公司董事預期應用香港 財務報告準則第9號的預期信貸虧損 模式將導致本集團對本集團按攤銷成 本計量之金融資產其相關但尚未產生 之信貸虧損以及其他因本集團應用香 港財務報告準則第9號後而需作撥備 之項目提前作出信貸撥備。

根據本公司董事的評估,倘本集團將 採用預期信貸虧損模式,則本集團於 二零一八年四月一日已予確認之累計 減值虧損與根據香港會計準則第39號 對貿易及其他應收款項之預計信貸損 失撥備所累計之金額並無重大差異。 APPLICATION OF NEW AND REVISED HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRSs") (Continued)

HKFRS 9 "Financial Instruments" (Continued)

Classification and measurement: (Continued)

- Listed equity securities classified as available-for-sale investments carried at fair value as disclosed in note 12: these securities qualified for designation as measured at FVTOCI under HKFRS 9, however, the fair value gains or losses accumulated in the investments revaluation reserve amounting to HK\$327,000 as at 1 April 2018 will no longer be subsequently reclassified to profit or loss under HKFRS 9, which is different from the current treatment. This will affect the amounts recognised in the Group's profit or loss and other comprehensive income but will not affect total comprehensive income.
- All other financial assets and financial liabilities will continue to be measured on the same bases as are currently measured under HKAS 39.

Impairment

In general, the directors of the Company anticipate that the application of the expected credit loss model of HKFRS 9 will result in earlier provision of credit losses which are not yet incurred in relation to the Group's financial assets measured at amortised costs and other items that subject to the impairment provisions upon application of HKFRS 9 by the Group.

Based on the assessment by the directors of the Company, if the expected credit loss model were to be applied by the Group, the accumulated amount of impairment loss to be recognised by Group as at 1 April 2018 would be not materially different compared with the accumulated amount recognised under HKAS 39 mainly attributable to expected credit losses provision on trade and other receivables.

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 香港財務報告準則(「香港財務報 告準則」)新訂及經修訂本之應用 (續)

香港財務報告準則第**15**號「客戶合約 收入」

香港財務報告準則第15號獲頒佈,其 確立實體對客戶合約所產生的收入進 行會計處理的單一全面模式。香港財 務報告準則第15號將於生效後取代現 有收入確認指引,包括香港會計準則 第18號「收入」、香港會計準則第11號 「建造合約」及其相關詮釋。

香港財務報告準則第15號的核心原則 為實體所確認之收入金額乃該實體承 諾向客戶轉讓貨品或服務之金額,亦 即是反映該實體預期就交換該等貨品 或服務有權獲得的代價。具體而言, 該準則介紹確認收入之五個步驟:

- 第1步:確定與客戶的合約
- 第2步:確定合約內的履約義務
- 第3步:釐定交易價格
- 第4步:將交易價格分攤至合約
 內的履約義務
- 第5步:當(或於)實體履行履約 義務時確認收入

根據香港財務報告準則第15號,當(或 於)履行履約義務時,即與特定履約 義務相關的貨品或服務的「控制權」轉 移予客戶時,實體確認收入。香港財 務報告準則第15號已就特別情況的處 理方法收錄更多説明指引。此外,香 港財務報告準則第15號要求作出廣泛 披露。

於二零一六年,香港會計師公會發佈 對香港財務報告準則第15號的澄清, 內容關於確認履約義務、委託人與代 理方考慮事項以及許可申請指引。

APPLICATION OF NEW AND REVISED HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRSs") (Continued)

HKFRS 15 "Revenue from Contracts with Customers"

HKFRS 15 was issued which establishes a single comprehensive model for entities to use in accounting for revenue arising from contracts with customers. HKFRS 15 will supersede the current revenue recognition guidance including HKAS 18 "Revenue", HKAS 11 "Construction Contracts" and the related Interpretations when it becomes effective.

The core principle of HKFRS 15 is that an entity should recognise revenue to depict the transfer of promised goods or services to customers in an amount that reflects the consideration to which the entity expects to be entitled in exchange for those goods or services. Specifically, the Standard introduces a 5-step approach to revenue recognition:

- Step 1: Identify the contract(s) with a customer
- Step 2: Identify the performance obligations in the contract
- Step 3: Determine the transaction price
- Step 4: Allocate the transaction price to the performance obligations in the contract
- Step 5: Recognise revenue when (or as) the entity satisfies a performance obligation

Under HKFRS 15, an entity recognises revenue when (or as) a performance obligation is satisfied, i.e. when 'control' of the goods or services underlying the particular performance obligation is transferred to the customer. Far more prescriptive guidance has been added in HKFRS 15 to deal with specific scenarios. Furthermore, extensive disclosures are required by HKFRS 15.

In 2016, the HKICPA issued Clarifications to HKFRS 15 in relation to the identification of performance obligations, principal versus agent considerations, as well as licensing application guidance.

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 香港財務報告準則(「香港財務報 告準則」)新訂及經修訂本之應用 (續)

香港財務報告準則第**15**號「客戶合約 收入」(續)

本公司董事預期應用香港財務報告準 則第15號可能會導致更多披露,但本 公司董事並未預期應用香港財務報告 準則第15號將對各報告期內確認收入 的時間和金額產生重大影響。

香港財務報告準則第16號「租賃」

香港財務報告準則第16號為租賃安排 的識別以及出租人及承租人的會計處 理引入一套全面模式。香港財務報告 準則第16號於生效日期起將取代香港 會計準則第17號「租賃」及相關詮釋。

香港財務報告準則第16號根據所識別 資產是否由客戶控制以區分租賃及服 務合約。除短期租賃及低值資產的租 賃外,經營租賃及融資租賃的差異自 承租人會計處理中移除,並由承租人 須就所有租賃確認使用權資產及相應 負債的模式所取代。

使用權資產初步按成本計量,隨後以 成本(惟若干例外情況除外)減累計折 舊及減值虧損計量,並就租賃負債的 任何重新計量而作出調整。租賃負債 乃按租賃款項(非當日支付)的現值初 步計量。其後,租賃負債就(其中包 括)利息及租賃款項以及租賃款(其中包 括)利息及租賃款項以及租賃公類而 言,經營租賃款項被呈列為經營現金 流量。根據香港財務報告準則第16 號,有關租賃負債的租賃付款將被分 配為本金及利息部分,本集團並將以 融資現金流量呈列。 APPLICATION OF NEW AND REVISED HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRSs") (Continued)

HKFRS 15 "Revenue from Contracts with Customers" (Continued)

The directors of the Company anticipate that the application of HKFRS 15 in the future may result in more disclosures, however, the directors of the Company do not anticipate that the application of HKFRS 15 will have a material impact on the timing and amounts of revenue recognised in the respective reporting periods.

HKFRS 16 "Leases"

HKFRS 16 introduces a comprehensive model for the identification of lease arrangements and accounting treatments for both lessors and lessees. HKFRS 16 will supersede HKAS 17 "Leases" and the related interpretations when it becomes effective.

HKFRS 16 distinguishes lease and service contracts on the basis of whether an identified asset is controlled by a customer. Distinctions of operating leases and finance leases are removed for lessee accounting, and is replaced by a model where a right-of-use asset and a corresponding liability have to be recognised for all leases by lessees, except for short-term leases and leases of low value assets.

The right-of-use asset is initially measured at cost and subsequently measured at cost (subject to certain exceptions) less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses, adjusted for any remeasurement of the lease liability. The lease liability is initially measured at the present value of the lease payments that are not paid at that date. Subsequently, the lease liability is adjusted for interest and lease payments, as well as the impact of lease modifications, amongst others. For the classification of cash flows, operating lease payments are presented as operating cash flows. Upon application of HKFRS 16, lease payments in relation to lease liability will be allocated into a principal and an interest portion which will be presented as financing cash flows by the Group.

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 香港財務報告準則(「香港財務報 告準則」)新訂及經修訂本之應用 (續)

> **香港財務報告準則第16號「租賃」(續)** 此外,香港財務報告準則第16號亦要 求較廣泛的披露。

> 於二零一八年三月三十一日,本集團 擁有不可撤銷的經營租賃承擔約 48,460,000港元(如附註19所披露)。 初步評估顯示此等安排符合租賃的定 義。本集團在應用香港財務報告準則 第16號時,將就所有租賃確認使用權 資產及對應負債,除非其符合低值或 短期租賃。

> 此外,本集團現時根據香港會計準則 第17號認為已付但可退還之租賃按金 5,330,000港元,乃代表租賃的權利 及責任。根據香港財務報告準則第16 號租賃付款的定義,該等存款並非與 相關資產使用權有關的付款,因此, 該等存款的賬面值可能會調整為攤銷 成本,而有關調整亦被視為額外租賃 付款。已支付的可退還租金按金的調 整將計入使用權資產的賬面金額。

此外,新要求的應用可能會導致如上 所述的計量,呈現方式和披露方面的 變化。 APPLICATION OF NEW AND REVISED HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRSs") (Continued)

HKFRS 16 "Leases" (Continued)

Furthermore, extensive disclosures are required by HKFRS 16.

As at 31 March 2018, the Group has non-cancellable operating lease commitments of HK\$48,460,000 as disclosed in note 19. A preliminary assessment indicates that these arrangements will meet the definition of a lease. Upon application of HKFRS 16, the Group will recognise a right-of-use asset and a corresponding liability in respect of all these leases unless they gualify for low value or short-term leases.

In addition, the Group currently considers refundable rental deposits paid of HK\$5,330,000 as rights and obligations under leases to which HKAS 17 applies. Based on the definition of lease payments under HKFRS 16, such deposits are not payments relating to the right to use the underlying assets, accordingly, the carrying amounts of such deposits may be adjusted to amortised cost and such adjustments are considered as additional lease payments. Adjustments to refundable rental deposits paid would be included in the carrying amount of right-of-use assets.

Furthermore, the application of new requirements may result in changes in measurement, presentation and disclosure as indicated above.

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3. 主要會計準則

符合性聲明

綜合財務報表乃根據香港會計師公會 所頒佈之香港財務報告準則而編制。 此外,本綜合財務報表已包括聯交所 證券上市規則和香港公司條例規定之 適用披露。

編制基準

綜合財務報表乃按歷史成本基準編 制,惟下列會計政策所披露之若干可 供出售投資,會於報告期末按公平值 計量。

歷史成本一般按交換商品及服務時所 付代價之公平值計算。

公平值是指市場參與者於計量日期按 有序交易出售一項資產將收取或轉讓 負債時將支付之價格,不論該價格是 否直接可觀察或使用另一項估值方法 作出估計。在對資產或負債之公平值 作出估計時,本集團會考慮市場參與 者在計量日期為該資產或負債進行定 價時將會考慮的特點。於該等綜合財 務報表中計量及/或披露之公平值均 在此基礎上予以確定,惟香港財務報 告準則第2號 限份形式支付 範圍內 之以股權為基礎之付款交易、香港會 計準則第17號「租賃」範圍內之租賃交 易及類似公平值但並非公平值之計量 (例如香港會計準則第2號「存貨」之可 變現淨值或香港會計準則第36號「資 產之減值」之使用價值)除外。

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Statement of compliance

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards issued by the HKICPA. In addition, the consolidated financial statements include applicable disclosures required by the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on the Stock Exchange and by the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

Basis of preparation

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis except for available-for-sale investments that are measured at fair values at the end of the reporting period, as explained in the accounting policies set out below.

Historical cost is generally based on the fair value of the consideration given in exchange for goods and services.

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date, regardless of whether that price is directly observable or estimated using another valuation technique. In estimating the fair value of an asset or a liability, the Group takes into account the characteristics of the asset or liability if market participants would take those characteristics into account when pricing the asset or liability at the measurement date. Fair value for measurement and/ or disclosure purposes in these consolidated financial statements is determined on such a basis, except for share-based payment transactions that are within the scope of HKFRS 2 "Share-based payment", leasing transactions that are within the scope of HKAS 17 "Leases", and measurements that have some similarities to fair value but are not fair value, such as net realisable value in HKAS 2 "Inventories" or value in use in HKAS 36 "Impairment of assets".

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3. 主要會計準則(續)

編制基準(續)

此外,就財務報告而言,公平值計量 根據公平值計量的輸入數據可觀察程 度及公平值計量的輸入數據對其整體 的重要性分類為第一級、第二級及第 三級,詳情如下:

- 第一級輸入數據是實體於計量日 期可以取得的可識別資產或負債 於活躍市場之報價(未經調整);
- 第二級輸入數據是就資產或負債 直接或間接地可觀察之輸入數據 (第一級內包括的報價除外);及
- 第三級輸入數據是資產或負債的 不可觀察輸入數據。

主要會計政策載列如下:

綜合基準

綜合財務報表乃由本公司及本公司所 控制之實體(其附屬公司)之財務報表 組成。倘屬以下情況,則本公司取得 控制權:

- 有權控制被投資方;
- 透過參與被投資方營運所得的浮動回報而享有承擔或權利;及
- 能夠運用其權力影響投資方回報。

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Basis of preparation (Continued)

In addition, for financial reporting purposes, fair value measurements are categorised into Level 1, 2 or 3 based on the degree to which the inputs to the fair value measurements are observable and the significance of the inputs to the fair value measurement in its entirety, which are described as follows:

- Level 1 inputs are quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the entity can access at the measurement date;
- Level 2 inputs are inputs, other than quoted prices included within Level 1, that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly; and
- Level 3 inputs are unobservable inputs for the asset or liability.

The principal accounting policies are set out below:

Basis of consolidation

The consolidated financial statements incorporate the financial statements of the Company and entities controlled by the Company and its subsidiaries. Control is achieved where the Company:

- has power over the investee;
- is exposed, or has rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the investee; and
- has the ability to use its power to affect its returns.

截至二零一八年三月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31 March 2018

3. 主要會計準則(續)

綜合基準(續)

倘有事實或情況顯示上述三項控制因 素中,有一項或以上出現變數,本集 團會重新評估其是否控制被投資方。

本集團於獲得附屬公司控制權時將附 屬公司綜合入賬,並於失去附屬公司 控制權時終止入賬。具體而言,於本 年度內購入或出售之附屬公司之收入 及開支,按自本集團獲得控制權當日 起至本集團失去附屬公司控制權當日 止,計入綜合損益及其他全面收益表 內。

如有需要,本集團會對附屬公司之財 務報表作出調整,使其會計政策與本 集團所採用之會計政策保持一致。

所有本集團內之資產及負債、權益、 收入、開支以及本集團成員間之現金 交易,均於綜合賬目時全數對銷。

收入確認

收入乃按已收或應收代價之公平值計 量,並代表從日常業務過程中出售之 貨品及提供之服務,在扣除折扣及有 關銷售税項後之應收款項。

當收入金額能被準確計算;當未來經 濟利益有可能流入本集團及當如下所 述的本集團每項活動之指定條件已達 到時,收入就能被確認。

酒樓業務之收入是在出售貨品及提供 服務後被予以確認。

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Basis of consolidation (Continued)

The Group reassesses whether or not it controls an investee if facts and circumstances indicate that there are changes to one or more of the three elements of control listed above.

Consolidation of a subsidiary begins when the Group obtains control over the subsidiary and ceases when the Group loses control of the subsidiary. Specifically, income and expenses of a subsidiary acquired or disposed of during the year are included in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income from the date the Group gains control until the date when the Group ceases to control the subsidiary.

Where necessary, adjustments are made to the financial statements of subsidiaries to bring their accounting policies into line with the Group's amounting policies.

All intra-group assets and liabilities, equity, income, expenses and cash flows relating to transactions between members of the Group are eliminated in full on consolidation.

Revenue recognition

Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for goods sold and services provided in the normal course of business, net of discounts and sales related taxes.

Revenue is recognised when the amount of revenue can be reliably measured; when it is probable that future economic benefits will flow to the Group and when specific criteria have been met for each of the Group's activities, as described below.

Revenue from restaurant operations is recognised when goods are sold and services are rendered.

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3. 主要會計準則(續)

收入確認(續)

利息收入乃按時間分攤基準,並參照 尚未償還本金之金額及按所適用的實 際利率計入,而實際利率為在首次確 認金融資產時將其於預期可用年期內 的估計日後現金收入完全折算至該資 產的賬面淨值的比率。

物業、廠房及設備

物業、廠房及設備乃按成本值減日後 累計折舊及日後累計減值虧損(如有) 於綜合財務狀況表入賬。

資產項目於估計可使用年期內以直線 法撇銷成本減其剩餘價值以確認折 舊。估計可使用年期,剩餘價值及折 舊方法會於各報告期間結算日予以檢 討,並將任何估計變動按預期入賬。

物業、廠房及設備項目於出售時或當 繼續使用該資產預期不會產生任何日 後經濟利益時取消確認。物業、廠房 及設備項目出售或報廢產生的任何盈 虧,按該資產的出售所得款項及賬面 值間的差額釐定,並於損益內確認。

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Revenue recognition (Continued)

Interest income is accrued on a time apportionment basis, by reference to the principal outstanding and at the effective interest rate applicable, which is the rate that exactly discounts the estimated future cash receipts through the expected life of the financial asset to that asset's net carrying amount on initial recognition.

Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment are stated in the consolidated statement of financial position at cost less subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses, if any.

Depreciation is recognised so as to write off the cost of assets less their residual values over their extimated useful lives, using the straight-line method. The estimated useful lives, residual values and depreciation method are reviewed at the end of the reporting period, with the effect of any changes in estimate accounted for on a prospective basis.

An item of property, plant and equipment is derecognised upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected to arise from the continued use of the asset. Any gain or loss arising on the disposal or retirement of an item of property, plant and equipment is determined as the difference between the sales proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and is recognised in profit or loss.

截至二零一八年三月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31 March 2018

3. 主要會計準則(續)

減值

可收回金額為公平值減銷售成本與使 用價值之較高者。評估使用價值時, 估計未來現金流量,使用税前貼現率 折現至其現值,該税前貼現率反映現 時市場對貨幣時間價值的評估及估計 未來現金流量未經調整的資產的獨有 風險。

倘估計資產的可收回金額低於其賬面 值,則該項資產的賬面值會調減至其 可收回金額。減值虧損會即時於損益 確認。

倘減值虧損於其後撥回,則資產的賬 面值將增加至其重新估計的可收回金 額,惟增加後的賬面值不得超過資產 倘於以往年度並無確認減值虧損而原 應釐定的賬面值。減值虧損的撥回會 即時於損益內確認。

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Impairment

At the end of the reporting period, the Group reviews the carrying amounts of its assets to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have suffered an impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss (if any). When it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, the Group estimates the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs. When a reasonable and consistent basis of allocation can be identified, corporate assets are also allocated to individual cash-generating units, or otherwise they are allocated to the smallest group of cash-generating units for which a reasonable and consistent allocation basis can be identified.

Recoverable amount is the higher of fair value less costs of disposal and value in use. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset for which the estimates of future cash flows have not been adjusted.

If the recoverable amount of an asset is estimated to be less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of the asset is reduced to its recoverable amount. An impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

Where an impairment loss subsequently reverses, the carrying amount of the asset is increased to the revised estimate of its recoverable amount, but so that the increased carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset in prior years. A reversal of an impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

截至二零一八年三月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31 March 2018

3. 主要會計準則(續)

存貨

存貨是以成本價及可變現淨值兩者之 較低者入賬。存貨之成本價是按先入 先出方法計算。可變現淨值是指存貨 之估計銷售價減去所有估計之完工成 本及銷售時所需之必要成本。

金融工具

當集團實體成為有關金融工具合約條 文之訂約方時,便可於綜合財務狀況 表內確認金融資產及金融負債。

金融資產及金融負債初步按公平值計 量。因收購或發行金融資產及金融負 債而直接產生之交易成本,會於初步 確認時按適用情況計入或扣除自該項 金融資產或金融負債之公平值。

金融資產

本集團之金融資產被分類為以下指定 類別:可供出售「可供出售」金融資產 及貸款及應收款項。分類視乎金融資 產之性質及目的而定,並於初步確認 時看以正常方式買賣之金融 資產以交易日期為基準確認及取消確 認。正常方式買賣即需要於規例或市 場慣例所設定的時限內交付資產的金 融資產買賣。

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Inventories

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Costs of inventories are determined on a first-in, first-out method. Net realisable value represents the estimated selling price for inventories less costs necessary to make the sale.

Financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised when a group entity becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Financial assets and financial liabilities are initially measured at fair value. Transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of financial assets and financial liabilities are added to or deducted from the fair value of the financial assets or financial liabilities, as appropriate, on initial recognition.

Financial assets

Financial assets are classified into the following specified categories: available-for-sale ("AFS") financial assets and loans and receivables. The classification depends on the nature and purpose of the financial assets and is determined at the time of initial recognition. All regular way purchases or sales of financial assets are recognised and derecognised on a trade date basis. Regular way purchases or sales are purchases or sales of financial assets that require delivery of assets within the time frame established by regulation or convention in the marketplace.

截至二零一八年三月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31 March 2018

3. 主要會計準則(續)

金融工具(續) *金融資產(續)*

可供出售金融資產

可供出售金融資產為非衍生工具,被 指定為可供出售或不屬於(a)貸款及應 收款項,(b)持有至到期之投資,或 (c)以公平值計入損益賬之金融資產。

貸款及應收款項

貸款及應收款項為並無活躍市場報價 而附帶固定或可釐定金額付款的非衍 生金融資產。在初步確認後,貸款及 應收款項(包括貿易及其他應收款項、 已抵押銀行存款、短期銀行存款以及 銀行結餘及現金)乃利用實際利率法 按攤銷成本扣除任何減值(見下文金 融資產減值的會計政策)。 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Financial instruments (Continued) Financial assets (Continued)

AFS financial assets

AFS financial assets are non-derivatives that are either designated as available-for-sale or are not classified as (a) loans and receivables, (b) held-to maturity investments or (c) financial assets at fair value through profit or loss.

Equity and debt securities held by the Group that are classified as AFS financial assets and are traded in an active market are measured at fair value at the end of the reporting period. Changes in the carrying amount of AFS debt instruments relating to interest income calculated using the effective interest method are recognised in profit or loss. Dividends on AFS equity investments are recognised in profit or loss when the Group's right to receive the dividends is established. Other changes in the carrying amount of AFS financial assets are recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated under the heading of investment revaluation reserve. When the investment is disposed of or is determined to be impaired, the cumulative gain or loss previously accumulated in the investment revaluation reserve is reclassified to profit or loss (see the accounting policy in respect of impairment loss on financial assets below).

Loans and receivables

Loans and receivables are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market. Subsequent to initial recognition, loans and receivables (including trade and other receivables, pledged bank deposits, short-term bank deposits and bank balances and cash) are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less any impairment (see accounting policy on impairment of financial assets below).

截至二零一八年三月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31 March 2018

3. 主要會計準則(續)

金融工具(續)

金融資產(續)

實際利率法

實際利率法乃計算債務工具的攤銷成 本及按有關期間分配利息收入的方 法。實際利率乃於初步確認時,將估 計日後現金收入(包括構成實際利率 整體部分的所有已付或已收費用、交 易成本及其他溢價或折讓)按債務工 具的預期使用年期或較短期間(倘適 用)完全折現至賬面淨值的利率。

債務工具的利息收入按實際利率基準 確認。

金融資產減值

金融資產會於各報告期間結算日被評 估是否有減值跡象。倘有客觀證據顯 示金融資產的預期未來現金流量因於 初步確認該金融資產後發生的一項或 多項事件而受到影響時,金融資產被 視為已減值。

對可供出售股權投資,當其公平值大 幅或持續下跌至低過其成本時,會被 認為是減值之客觀證據。

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Financial instruments (Continued) Financial assets (Continued)

Effective interest method

The effective interest method is a method of calculating the amortised cost of a debt instrument and of allocating interest income over the relevant period. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts (including all fees and points paid or received that form an integral part of the effective interest rate, transaction costs and other premiums or discounts) through the expected life of the debt instrument, or, where appropriate, a shorter period to the net carrying amount on initial recognition.

Interest income is recognised on an effective interest basis for debt instruments.

Impairment of financial assets

Financial assets are assessed for indicators of impairment at the end of the reporting period. Financial assets are considered to be impaired when there is objective evidence that, as a result of one or more events that occurred after the initial recognition of the financial asset, the estimated future cash flows of the financial assets have been affected.

For AFS equity investments, a significant or prolonged decline in the fair value of the security below its cost is considered to be objective evidence of impairment.

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3. 主要會計準則(續)

金融工具(續)

金融資產減值(續)

就其他金融資產而言,減值的客觀證 據包括:

- 發行人或交易對手出現重大財政
 困難;或
- 違約,如欠繳或拖欠利息或本金;
 或
- 借款人有可能面臨破產或財務重 組。

就若干類別之金融資產,例如貿易應 收款項而言,該等經評估並無個別作 出減值之資產會一併按整體基準進行 減值評估。應收款項組合出現減值之 客觀證據,包括本集團過往之收款這 錄、逾期還款之次數增加以及在過去 平均信貸期的投資組合與應收款項被 拖欠有關連的國家或地區經濟狀況之 顯著轉變。

減值虧損金額為按金融資產之賬面值 與金融資產估計未來現金流量按原本 實際利率貼現之現值兩者間之差額計 算。

就所有金融資產而言,其減值虧損會 直接於賬面值中作出扣減,惟貿易應 收款項除外,其賬面值會透過撥備賬 扣減。撥備賬內之賬面值變動會於損 益中確認。當貿易應收款項被視為不 可收回時,將於撥備賬內撇銷。過往 被撇銷之款項其後被收回則會撥回至 撥備賬。撥備賬之賬面值變動會在損 益中確認。

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Financial instruments (Continued) Impairment of financial assets (Continued)

For all other financial assets, objective evidence of impairment could include:

- significant financial difficulty of the issuer or counterparty; or
- breach of contract, such as a default or delinquency in interest or principal payments; or
- it becoming probable that the borrower will enter bankruptcy or financial re-organisation.

For certain categories of financial assets, such as trade receivables, assets that are assessed not to be impaired individually are, in addition, assessed for impairment on a collective basis. Objective evidence of impairment for a portfolio of receivables could include the Group's past experience of collecting payments, an increase in the number of delayed payments in the portfolio past the average credit period and observable changes in national or local economic conditions that correlate with default on receivables.

The amount of impairment is measured as the difference between the financial asset's carrying amount and the present value of the estimated future cash flows, discounted at the financial asset's original effective interest rate.

The carrying amount of the financial asset is reduced by the impairment loss directly for all financial assets with the exception of trade receivables, where the carrying amount is reduced through the use of an allowance account. Changes in the carrying amount of the allowance account are recognised in profit or loss. When a trade receivable is considered uncollectible, it is written off against the allowance account. Subsequent recoveries of amounts previously written off are credited to profit or loss.

截至二零一八年三月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31 March 2018

3. 主要會計準則(續)

金融工具(續) *金融資產減值(續)*

當可供出售金融資產被認定為減值 時,之前在其他綜合收益中確認的累 計利益或損失在該期間重新分類為損 益。

倘減值虧損額於隨後時間有所減少, 而有關減少在客觀上與確認減值虧損 後發生的事件有關,則先前已確認的 減值虧損將透過損益予以撥回,惟該 投資於減值被撥回當日的賬面值不得 超過未確認減值時的已攤銷成本。

在可供出售股權投資方面,之前在損 益中已被確認之減值虧損將不會於隨 後期間被撥回至損益中。任何公平值 於確認減值虧損後如有所增加,將直 接在其他全面收益中確認並累計於投 資重估儲備中。就可供出售債務投資 而言,倘該項投資之公平值增加在客 觀上與確認減值虧損後發生的事件有 關,則減值虧損其後可被予以撥回。

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Financial instruments (Continued) Impairment of financial assets (Continued)

When an AFS financial asset is considered to be impaired, cumulative gains or losses previously recognised in other comprehensive income are reclassified to profit or loss in that period.

If in a subsequent period, the amount of impairment loss decreases and the decrease can be related objectively to an event occurring after the impairment loss was recognised, the previously recognised impairment loss is reversed through profit or loss to the extent that the carrying amount of the investment at the date the impairment is reversed does not exceed what the amortised cost would have been had the impairment not been recognised.

In respect of AFS equity investments, impairment losses previously recognised in profit or loss are not reversed through profit or loss. Any increase in fair value subsequent to an impairment loss is recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated under the heading of investment revaluation reserve. In respect of AFS debt investments, impairment losses are subsequently reversed through profit or loss if an increase in the fair value of the investment can be objectively related to an event occurring after the recognition of the impairment loss.

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3. 主要會計準則(續)

金融工具(續) *金融負債及股權工具*

集團實體發行之債務及股權工具乃根 據合約安排之內容與金融負債及股權 工具的定義被分類為金融負債或股權 工具。

股權工具

股權工具指任何合約,能證明實體資 產(經扣除所有負債後)之剩餘權益。 本集團所發行之股權工具乃按已收所 得款項減直接發行成本而被確認。

金融負債

金融負債(包括貿易應付款項)會於其 後以實際利率法按攤銷成本計量。

實際利率法

實際利率法乃計算金融負債的攤銷成 本及按有關期間分配利息開支的方 法。實際利率乃於初步確認時,將估 計日後現金支出(包括構成實際利率 整體部分的所有已付或已收費用、交 易成本及其他溢價或折讓)按財務負 債的預期使用年期或較短期間(倘適 用)準確折現至賬面淨值的利率。

利息開支按實際利率基準確認。

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Financial instruments (Continued) Financial liabilities and equity instruments

Debt and equity instruments issued by a group entity are classified as either financial liabilities or as equity in accordance with the substance of the contractual arrangements and the definitions of a financial liability and an equity instrument.

Equity instruments

An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of an entity after deducting all of its liabilities. Equity instruments issued by the Group are recognised at the proceeds received, net of direct issue costs.

Financial liabilities

Financial liabilities including trade payables are subsequently measured at amortised cost, using the effective interest method.

Effective interest method

The effective interest method is a method of calculating the amortised cost of a financial liability and of allocating interest expense over the relevant period. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash payments (including all fees and points paid or received that form an integral part of the effective interest rate, transaction costs and other premiums or discounts) through the expected life of the financial liability, or, where appropriate, a shorter period to the net carrying amount on initial recognition.

Interest expense is recognised on an effective interest basis.

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3. 主要會計準則(續)

金融工具(續)

取消確認

本集團僅會於資產收取現金流之約定 權利屆滿時或因金融資產以及擁有此 資產之大部分風險及回報被轉移至另 一實體時,方會取消確認有關金融資 產。

在取消確認金融資產時,該資產賬面 值與已收及應收代價及已於其他全面 收益中確認並且於權益中累計之累計 盈虧總數間之差額會於損益中確認。

本集團會於(及僅會於)其責任被解除、取消或屆滿時,取消確認金融負債。獲取消確認之金融負債,其賬面 值與已付或應付代價之差額會於損益 中確認。

税項

所得税開支為現時應付税項及遞延税 項之總和。

現時應付税項乃按本年度應課税溢利 計算。應課税溢利與綜合損益及其他 全面收益表中所報「除税前溢利」不 同,乃由於前者不包括其他年度應課 税收入或可扣税開支,並且不包括不 能計税或扣税的項目。本集團的即期 税項負債乃按照報告期間結算日已頒 佈或實質上已頒佈的税率計算。

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Financial instruments (Continued) Derecognition

The Group derecognises a financial asset only when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the asset expire, or when it transfers the financial asset and substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the asset to another entity.

On derecognition of a financial asset, the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the sum of the consideration received and receivable and the cumulative gain or loss that had been recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity is recognised in profit or loss.

The Group derecognises financial liability when, and only when, the Group's obligations are discharged, cancelled or have expired. The difference between the carrying amount of the financial liability derecognised and the consideration paid and payable is recognised in profit or loss.

Taxation

Income tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from 'profit before tax' as reported in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income because of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and items that are never taxable or deductible. The Group's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

截至二零一八年三月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31 March 2018

3. 主要會計準則(續)

税項(續)

遞延税項乃按綜合財務報表資產及負 債賬面值與計算應課税溢利所用相應 税基間的差額確認。遞延税項負債 會就所有應課税臨時差額確認,而 遞延税項資產則於的臨時差額確認,而 近抵銷可扣税的臨時就所有 可扣税的臨時認於一項交 易中,初步確認其他資產及負債時差 額,則不會確認該等遞延税項資產及 負債。

遞延税項負債乃按與於附屬公司的投 資相關的應課税臨時差額確認,惟若 本集團可控制臨時差額撥回及臨時差 額有可能未必於可見將來撥回的情況 除外。與該等投資及權益有關的可扣 減臨時差額產生的遞延税項資產,僅 於可能出現足夠應課税溢利以動用該 等可扣減臨時差額的利益,且會於可 見未來撥回時,方予以確認。

遞延税項資產的賬面值於報告期間結 算日進行檢討,並會一直扣減,直至 不再可能有足夠應課税溢利可供收回 全部或部份資產為止。

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Taxation (Continued)

Deferred tax is recognised on temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the consolidated financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all taxable temporary differences. Deferred tax assets are generally recognised for all deductible temporary differences to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which those deductible temporary differences can be utilised. Such deferred tax assets and liabilities are not recognised if the temporary difference arises from the initial recognition of other assets and liabilities in a transaction that affects neither the taxable profit nor the accounting profit.

Deferred tax liabilities are recognised for taxable temporary differences associated with investments in subsidiaries, except where the Group is able to control the reversal of the temporary difference and it is probable that the temporary difference will not reverse in the foreseeable future. Deferred tax assets arising from deductible temporary differences associated with such investments are only recognised to the extent that it is probable that there will be sufficient taxable profits against which to utilise the benefits of the temporary differences and they are expected to reverse in the foreseeable future.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at the end of the reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered.

截至二零一八年三月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31 March 2018

3. 主要會計準則(續)

税項(續)

遞延税項資產及負債乃按照於報告期 間結算日已頒佈或實際上已頒佈的税 率(及税法),按預期於有關負債清償 或有關資產變現期間適用的税率計算。

遞延税項負債及資產的計算反映本集 團於報告期間結算日預期收回或清償 其資產及負債賬面值方式的税務影響。

即期及遞延税項會於損益中確認,惟 當其與在其他全面收益或直接於權益 確認之項目有關時除外,在此情況 下,即期及遞延税項會分別於其他全 面收益或直接於權益中確認。

外幣

於編制各個別集團實體的財務報表時,以該實體功能貨幣以外貨幣(外幣)進行的交易,按照交易日的交易 利率確認。於報告期間結算日,以外 幣列值的貨幣項目按該日的通行匯率 重新換算。按公平值入賬並以外幣計 值的非貨幣項目按釐定公平值當日的 通行匯率重新換算。按外幣過往成本。 計量的非貨幣項目不會被重新換算。

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Taxation (Continued)

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period in which the liability is settled or the asset is realised, based on tax rate (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

The measurement of deferred tax liabilities and assets reflects the tax consequences that would follow from the manner in which the Group expects, at the end of the reporting period, to recover or settle the carrying amount of its assets and liabilities.

Current and deferred tax are recognised in profit or loss, except when they relate to items that are recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, in which case, the current and deferred tax are also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

Foreign currencies

In preparing the financial statements of each individual group entity, transactions in currencies other than the functional currency of that entity (foreign currencies) are recognised at the rates of exchanges prevailing on the dates of the transactions. At the end of the reporting period, monetary items denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rates prevailing on that date. Non-monetary items carried at fair value that are denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rates prevailing on the date when the fair value was determined. Non-monetary items that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are not retranslated.

截至二零一八年三月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31 March 2018

3. 主要會計準則(續)

外幣(續)

貨幣項目及重新換算貨幣項目所產生 的匯兑差額,會於產生期間在損益中 確認。重新換算按公平值入賬之非貨 幣項目所產生之匯兑差額,會於期內 計入損益中。若重新換算非貨幣項目 時產生之匯兑差額,其有關收益及虧 損已直接於其他全面收益確認,在此 情況下,有關匯兑差額亦可直接於其 他全面收益中確認。

租賃

當租賃條款將擁有權近乎全部之風險 及回報轉讓予承租人時,租賃會被分 類為融資租賃。而所有其他租賃則被 分類為經營租賃。

本集團作為承租人

除非另有系統性基準更能代表使用租 賃資產經濟利益之時間模式,否則經 營租賃支付款項會按有關租賃年期以 直線基準確認開支。經營租賃期間所 產生之實質性租金會被確認為開支。

如果收到租賃獎勵以進行經營租賃, 此類獎勵會被確認為負債。除非另有 系統性基準更能代表使用租賃資產經 濟利益之時間模式,否則整體獎勵收 益會以直線減少租金開支方式被確認。

SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Foreign currencies (Continued)

Exchange differences arising on the settlement of monetary items, and on the retranslation of monetary items, are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they arise. Exchange differences arising on the retranslation of non-monetary items carried at fair value are included in profit or loss for the period except for exchange differences arising on the retranslation of non-monetary items in respect of which gains and losses are recognised directly in other comprehensive income, in which cases, the exchange differences are also recognised directly in other comprehensive income.

Leases

Leases are classified as finance leases whenever the terms of the lease transfer substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership to the lessee. All other leases are classified as operating leases.

The Group as lessee

Operating lease payments are recognised as an expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term, except where another systematic basis is more representative of the time pattern in which economic benefits from the leased asset are consumed. Contingent rentals arising under operating leases are recognised as an expense in the period in which they are incurred.

In the event that lease incentives are received to enter into operating leases, such incentives are recognised as a liability. The aggregate benefit of incentives is recognised as a reduction of rental expense on a straight-line basis, except where another systematic basis is more representative of the time pattern in which economic benefits from the leased assets are consumed.

截至二零一八年三月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31 March 2018

3. 主要會計準則(續)

退休福利成本

界定退休福利計劃之供款在僱員提供 服務後而應得供款時被確認為開支。

以股權為基礎之付款安排

股權結算以股權為基礎之付款交易 授予僱員之購股權

股權結算以股權為基礎之付款如支付 給僱員及提供類似服務之其他人士時 乃根據授出日期之公平值釐定。

於授出日期釐定之公平值,會於歸屬 期內按照集團估算最終會歸屬之股權 工具數目以直線法支銷,並相應增加 權益(購股權儲備)。

於報告期間結算日,本集團會修正其 對最終歸屬股權工具作出之估計數 目。修正原來估計所產生的影響(如 有)會於損益中確認,並於累計開支 內反映,購股權儲備亦被作出相應調 整。

於授出日即時歸屬之購股權,其公平 值會於損益中即時被扣除。

當行使購股權時,原先於購股權儲備 內確認之金額將被轉撥至股份溢價。 當購股權於歸屬日期後被沒收或於屆 滿日期仍未被行使時,原先於購股權 儲備內確認之金額將被轉撥至保留盈 餘(累積虧損)。 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Retirement benefit costs

Payments to defined contribution retirement benefit plans are recognised as an expense when employees have rendered service entitling them to the contributions.

Share-based payment arrangements

Equity-settled share-based payment transactions

Share options granted to employees

Equity-settled share-based payments to employees and others providing similar services are measured at the fair value of the equity instruments at the grant date.

The fair value determined at the grant date of the equity-settled share-based payments is expensed on a straight-line over the vesting period, based on the Group's estimate of equity instruments that will eventually vest, with a corresponding increase in equity (share options reserve).

At the end of the reporting period, the Group revises its estimates of the number of equity instruments expected to vest. The impact of the revision of the original estimates, if any, is recognised in profit or loss such that the cumulative expense reflects the revised estimate, with a corresponding adjustment to share options reserve.

For share options that vest immediately at the date of grant, the fair value of the share options granted is expensed immediately in profit or loss.

When share options are exercised, the amount previously recognised in share options reserve will be transferred to share premium. When the share options are forfeited after the vesting date or are still not exercised at the expiry date, the amount previously recognised in share options reserve will be transferred to retained profits (accumulated losses).

截至二零一八年三月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31 March 2018

4. 主要不確定估計來源

在本集團會計政策的適用範圍內,如 附註3所述,本公司董事須對其他來 源不明顯的資產和負債的賬面價值作 出估計和假設。估計和相關假設是基 於歷史經驗和被認為相關的其他因 素。實際結果可能與這些估計有所不 同。

以下是於報告期間結算日,因主要不 確定估計來源而可能導致下個財政年 度之資產及負債賬面值出現重大調整 之情況。

遞延税項

於二零一八年三月三十一日,本集團 尚有未動用税項虧損約185,337,000 港元(二零一七年:175,111,000港 元),可用於抵銷日後溢利。由於對 日後溢利未能作出準確預測,故並無 就該尚未動用税項虧損確認為遞延税 項資產。若日後應課税溢利多於預 期,遞延税項資產可能出現重大確認 並須於產生期內計入損益表。

5. 收入及分部資料

收入乃指年內本集團提供貨品及服務 在扣除折扣及有關銷售税項後之已收 或應收淨款項。

提供給主要經營決策者(即各執行董 事)作為評估表現及分配資源之財務 資料,乃根據本集團之整體經營業績 及財務狀況,即包括綜合損益及其他 全面收益表及綜合財務狀況表。有關 該兩個年度之分部財務資料可參考綜 合損益及其他全面收益表詳列之業績 概況。

地區資料

由於這兩年之外來收入及非流動資產 均來自或位於香港,因此,無須為綜 合收入及非流動資產作出地域分析。

主要客戶資料

本集團於這兩年並無客戶貢獻超過總 收入之10%。

4. KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION UNCERTAINTY

In the application of the Group's accounting policies, which are described in note 3, the directors of the Company are required to make estimates and assumptions about the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered to be relevant. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The following are key sources of estimation uncertainty at the end of the reporting period, that may have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year.

Deferred taxation

At 31 March 2018, the Group had unused tax losses of HK\$185,337,000 (2017: HK\$175,111,000) available for offset against future profits. No deferred tax asset has been recognised in respect of such unused tax losses due to the unpredictability of future profit streams. In cases where the actual future profits generated are greater than expected, a material recognition of deferred tax assets may arise, which will be recognised in profit or loss in the period in which such recognition takes place.

5. REVENUE AND SEGMENT INFORMATION

Revenue represents the net amounts received or receivable for goods sold and services rendered by the Group, net of discounts and sales related taxes, during the year.

Financial information provided to the chief operating decision maker, being the executive directors, for performance assessment and resources allocation is based on the overall operating results and financial position of the Group which constitute the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income and the consolidated statement of financial position. Financial information regarding the segment for both years can be made reference to the results as set out in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income.

Geographical information

As all external revenue for both years and non-current assets are either derived from or located in Hong Kong, an analysis of the consolidated revenue and non-current assets by geographical location is not presented.

Information about major customers

There is no customer contributing over 10% of the total revenue of the Group for both years.

截至二零一八年三月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31 March 2018

		二零一八年	二零一七年
		2018	2017
		千港元	千港元
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		HK\$ 000	
年度虧損已扣除(計入) 下列各項:	Loss for the year has been arrived at after charging (crediting):		
董事之酬金(<i>附註</i> 7)	Directors' emoluments (note 7)	5,820	4,813
<u>其他員工成本</u> (包括退休	Other staff costs, including	5,020	4,015
	retirement benefits costs	20.440	20 012
福利開支)		29,118	28,842
總員工成本	Total staff costs	34,938	33,655
核數師之酬金	Auditor's remuneration	430	410
匯兑(收益)虧損淨額	Net exchange (gain) loss included in		
(已計入其他經營成本)	other operating expenses	(205)	671
利息收入:	Interest income from:	(203)	071
一可供出售投資	– Available-for-sale investments	(422)	(1(2))
		(123)	(163)
一其他	– Others	(1,107)	(1,190)
可供出售投資減值虧損	Reversal of impairment loss on		
之回撥	available-for-sale debt investments	(114)	-

6. LOSS FOR THE YEAR

6. 年度虧損

截至二零一八年三月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31 March 2018

董事及行政總裁之	酬金 7.	DIRECTO EMOLUMI		CHIEF EX	ECUTIVE ³	S
已付或應付董事之酬金詳情如下:		Details of directors w			l or payab	le to the
		袍金 Fee 千港元 HK\$′000	薪金及 其他福利 Salaries and other benefits 千港元 HK\$'000	costs 千港元	以股份 為支付 Share based payments 千元 HK\$'000	總額 Total 千港元 HK \$ ′000
截至二零一八年 三月三十一日止年度	For the year ended 31 March 2018					
執行董事:	Executive directors:					
鄭合輝	Mr. Cheng Hop Fai	-	2,280	-	297	2,577
鄭白明	Ms. Cheng Pak Ming, Judy	-	360	18	297	675
鄭白敏	Ms. Cheng Pak Man, Anita	-	720	18	297	1,035
鄭白麗	Ms. Cheng Pak Lai, Lily	-	720	18	297	1,035
		_	4,080	54	1,188	5,322
獨立非執行董事:	Independent non-executive directors:	e				
羅道明	Mr. Law Toe Ming	72	-	-	94	166
麥燿堂	Mr. Mark Yiu Tong, William	72	-	-	94	166
梁體超	Mr. Leung Tai Chiu	72	-	-	94	166
		216	-	-	282	498
總計	Total	216	4,080	54	1,470	5,820

截至二零一八年三月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31 March 2018

7. 董事及行政總裁之酬金(續)

7. DIRECTORS' AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE'S EMOLUMENTS (Continued)

		袍金 Fee 千港元 HK\$′000	薪金及 其他福利 Salaries and other benefits 千港元 HK\$'000	退休福利 成本 Retirement benefits costs 千港元 HK\$'000	總額 Total 千港元 HK\$'000
截至二零一七年三月 三十一日止年度	For the year ended 31 March 2017				
執行董事:	Executive directors:				
鄭合輝	Mr. Cheng Hop Fai	_	2,286	_	2,286
鄭白明	Ms. Cheng Pak Ming, Judy	_	360	18	378
鄭白敏	Ms. Cheng Pak Man, Anita	_	720	18	738
鄭白麗	Ms. Cheng Pak Lai, Lily	_	720	18	738
張云昆 <i>(附註)</i>	Mr. Zhang Yunkun (note)		440	17	457
			4,526	71	4,597
獨立非執行董事:	Independent non-executive directors:				
羅道明	Mr. Law Toe Ming	72	_	_	72
麥燿堂	Mr. Mark Yiu Tong, William	72	-	-	72
梁體超	Mr. Leung Tai Chiu	72	-	_	72
		216	_	_	216
總計	Total	216	4,526	71	4,813

*附註:*於二零一七年三月一日辭任。

Note: Resigned on 1 March 2017.

截至二零一八年三月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31 March 2018

7. 董事及行政總裁之酬金(續) 7. DIRECTORS' AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE'S **EMOLUMENTS** (Continued) 上文所示執行董事之酬金主要與彼等 The executive directors' emoluments shown above 管理本公司及本集團事務所提供之服 were mainly for their services in connection with the management of the affairs of the Company and the 務相關。 Group. 上文所示獨立非執行董事之酬金主要 The independent non-executive directors' emoluments shown above were mainly for their 與彼等作為本公司董事所提供之服務 相關。 services as directors of the Company. 鄭合輝先生作為本公司行政總裁之酬 Mr. Cheng Hop Fai is also the chief executive of the Company and his emoluments disclosed above 金已包含於上述之酬金當中。 included those for services rendered by him as the chief executive. 於以上兩年,董事並無放棄任何酬金。 None of the directors waived any emoluments in both years. 8. 僱員酬金 8. EMPLOYEES' EMOLUMENTS 本集團最高薪酬之五位人士中,其中 Of the five individuals with the highest emoluments 三位(二零一七年:四位)為本公司執 in the Group, three (2017: four) were executive 行董事(其酬金於上文附註7內披露)。 directors of the Company whose emoluments are 餘下人士之年度酬金如下: included in the disclosures in note 7 above. The emoluments of the remaining individual for the year

		二零一八年	二零一七年
		2018	2017
		千港元	千港元
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
薪金及其他福利	Salaries and other benefits	1,008	602
退休福利成本	Retirement benefits costs	18	-
		1,026	602

was as follows:

於這兩年內,上述僱員之酬金少於 1,000,000港元。

於這兩年內,本集團並無向該五位最 高薪人士(包括董事)支付酬金作為加 盟本集團之獎金或離職補償。 The emoluments of the aforesaid employees were less than HK\$1,000,000 in both years.

No emoluments were paid by the Group to the five highest paid individuals, including directors, as an inducement to join or upon joining the Group or as compensation for loss of office in both years.

9. TAXATION

截至二零一八年三月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31 March 2018

9. 税項

於這兩年內,由於本公司及其附屬公 司並無應課税溢利,因此無須在綜合 財務報表中提撥税項準備。

於綜合損益及其他全面收益表內本年 度之税項與除税前虧損之對賬如下: No provision for taxation has been made in the consolidated financial statements as the Company and its subsidiaries have no assessable profit for both years.

The taxation for the year can be reconciled to the loss for the year per the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income as follows:

		二零一八年 2018 千港元 HK\$′000	二零一七年 2017 千港元 HK \$ ′000
年度虧損	Loss for the year	(8,945)	(9,008)
按本地利得税税率16.5% (二零一七年:16.5%)	Tax at the domestic income tax rate of 16.5% (2017: 16.5%)		
計算之税項 不可用作扣除税項支出	Tax effect of expenses not deductible	(1,476)	(1,486)
之税項影響 毋須課税收入之税項影響	for tax purpose Tax effect of income not taxable	272	232
	for tax purpose	(256)	(223)
未確認税項虧損之税項影響 其他	Tax effect of tax losses not recognised Others	1,473 (13)	1,254 223
年度税項	Taxation for the year	_	_

於二零一八年三月三十一日,本集團 擁有可供用作抵銷未來溢利之尚未動 用税項虧損約185,337,000港元(二零 一七年:175,111,000港元)。由於未 能確定未來溢利來源,故並無就尚未 動用税項虧損確認遞延税項資產。所 有虧損可於這兩年內無限期結轉。 At 31 March 2018, the Group had unused tax losses of HK\$185,337,000 (2017: HK\$175,111,000) available for offset against future profits. No deferred tax asset has been recognised in respect of such unused tax losses due to the unpredictability of future profit streams. All the losses may be carried forward indefinitely for both years.

截至二零一八年三月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31 March 2018

每股虧損	10. LOSS PER S	HARE	
每股基本及攤薄虧損乃根據以下 計算:		The calculation of basic and diluted loss per share i based on the following data:	
		二零一八年 2018 千港元 HK\$′000	二零一七年 2017 千港元 HK\$'000
年度虧損 Loss	for the year	(8,945)	(9,008)
		股份 Number	
		二零一八年 2018	

減少,故在計算呈列這兩年度之每股 攤薄虧損時不會假設行使購股權。 The calculation of diluted loss per share for both years does not assume the exercise of share options as their assumed exercise would result in a decrease in loss per share.

截至二零一八年三月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31 March 2018

11. 物業、廠房及設備

11. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

			傢俬及 酒樓設備 Furniture and restaurant equipment 千港元 HK\$'000
原值	COST		
於二零一六年四月一日	At 1 April	2016	15,570
添置	Additions		58
出售	Disposals		(23)
於二零一七年三月三十一日 添置	At 31 Mar Additions	ch 2017	15,605 40
<u> </u>			
於二零一八年三月三十一日	At 31 Mar	ch 2018	15,645
折舊及減值 於二零一六年四月一日 年度撥備 出售時對銷	At 1 April Provided f	TION AND IMPAIRN 2016 or the year on disposals	AENT 15,479 31 (23)
二零一七年三月三十一日 年度撥備	At 31 Mar Provided f	ch 2017 or the year	15,487 37
於二零一八年三月三十一日	At 31 Mar	ch 2018	15,524
賬面值 於二零一八年三月三十一日	CARRYING At 31 Mar		121
於二零一七年三月三十一日	At 31 Mar	ch 2017	118
折舊乃按物業,廠房及設備項目 計剩餘價值及估計可使用期限以 法撇銷其成本,採用之年利率如	直線	items of property, estimated useful liv their estimated resi	ovided to write off the cost of plant and equipment over their ves and after taking into account idual value, using the straight-line owing rates per annum:
傢俬及酒樓 按租賃期或二至 設備 (以較短者為準		Furniture and restaurant equipment	Over the duration of the leases or 2 - 8 years, whichever is the shorter

截至二零一八年三月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31 March 2018

2. 可供出售投資	可供出售投資 12. AVAILABLE-FOR-SALE INVESTMENTS			ENTS
可供出售投資包括:		Available-for-sale investments comprise:		se:
			二零一八年 2018 千港元 HK\$′000	二零一七年 2017 千港元 HK\$'000
按公平值: / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / /	At fair value: Equity securities	listad		
目他工印放示磁分	in Hong Kong	J	1,525	1,198
香港上市債務證券(附註)	Debt securities I in Hong Kong		1,225	3,309
			2,750	4,507
分析報告:	Analysed for repo	rting purposes as		
流動資產	Current assets		2,750	3,397
非流動資產	Non-current ass	ets	-	1,110
			2,750	4,507
		Noto: The Group hold		

固定年利率4.200厘(二零一七年: 4.200厘至4.800厘)計息。該票據可 於二零一八年十一月(二零一七年: 由二零一七年四月至二零一八年 十一月)按面值贖回。本集團並無為 此結餘持有抵押品。

附註:本集團持有之上市可贖回債券乃按 Note: The Group holds listed redeemable note with fixed interest at 4.200% (2017: 4.200% to 4.800%) per annum. The notes are redeemable at par value in November 2018 (2017: from April 2017 to November 2018). The Group holds no collateral over this balance.

13. 存貨	13. INVENTORIES	
	二零一八年	二零一七年
	2018	2017
	千港元	千港元
	НК\$'000	HK\$'000
食物及飲料 Foc	and beverage items 1,217	1,246

截至二零一八年三月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31 March 2018

14. 貿易及其他應收款項

貿易及其他應收款項包括貿易應收款 項799,000港元(二零一七年: 463,000港元)。酒樓顧客大多以現金 及信用咭結賬。本集團給予其他貿易 客戶包括旅行社平均60日之賒賬期。

以下為於報告期末,貿易應收款項按 照發票日期而提呈之賬齡分析:

14. TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES

Included in trade and other receivables are trade receivables of HK\$799,000 (2017: HK\$463,000). Most of the restaurant customers settle in cash and credit cards. The Group allows an average credit period of 60 days to other trade customers including travel agencies.

The following is an aged analysis of trade receivables, presented based on the invoice date at the end of the reporting period:

		二零一八年	二零一七年
		2018	2017
		千港元	千港元
		НК\$'000	HK\$'000
0-60日	0 – 60 days	799	453
61-90日	61 – 90 days	-	10
		799	463

管理層已委派一組人員負責評估潛在 客戶之信貸質素,並定出客戶之信貸 額。管理層會不時審閲客戶之信貸 額,亦會嚴密監察貿易應收款項之信 貿易應收款項質素良好,因為根 了 。 始 約收回。超過99%(二零一七年: 99%)之貿易應收款項很前 就項 個。根據本集團以往經驗,逾期 之貿易應收款項很有可能被收回。因此,無須確認減值虧損。 Management has delegated a team responsible for assessing the potential customer's credit quality and defining credit limit by customer. Credit limits attributed to customers are reviewed regularly by management. Management closely monitors the credit quality of trade receivables and considers that trade receivables that are neither past due nor impaired to be of good credit quality as most trade receivables were settled within credit period based on the historical experience. Over 99% (2017: over 99%) of the trade receivables are neither past due nor impaired. Based on the historical experience of the Group, trade receivables that are past due are generally recoverable. Accordingly, no impairment loss was recognised.

截至二零一八年三月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31 March 2018

- 15. 抵押銀行存款/短期銀行存款/ 銀行結餘及現金
 - (a) 抵押銀行存款

抵押予銀行之存款乃作為若干銀 行授予本集團酒樓水電按金擔保 書之抵押。

該等存款按介乎0.10厘至0.43厘 (二零一七年:0.10厘至0.43厘) 之固定年利率計息。

(b) 短期銀行存款

短期銀行存款按0.90厘至4.00厘 (二零一七年:0.90厘至1.40厘) 之固定年利率計息。

(c) 銀行結餘及現金 銀行結餘按0.10厘至2.10厘(二 零一七年:0.10厘至2.10厘)之 浮動年利率計息。

16. 貿易及其他應付款項

貿易及其他應付款項包括貿易應付款 項2,769,000港元(二零一七年: 2,377,000港元)。以下為於報告期末 貿易應付款項按照發票日期而提呈之 賬齡分析:

15. PLEDGED BANK DEPOSITS/SHORT-TERM BANK DEPOSITS/BANK BALANCES AND CASH

(a) Pledged bank deposits

The amount represents deposits pledged to banks to secure letter of guarantee of utility deposits for some of the Group's restaurant operations, granted by certain banks.

The deposits carry fixed interest rate ranging from 0.10% to 0.43% (2017: 0.10% to 0.43%) per annum.

(b) Short-term bank deposits

Short-term bank deposits carry fixed interest rate ranging from 0.90% to 4.00% (2017: 0.90% to 1.40%) per annum.

(c) Bank balances and cash

Bank balances carry variable interest rate ranging from 0.10% to 2.10% (2017: 0.10% to 2.10%) per annum.

16. TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES

Included in trade and other payables are trade payables of HK\$2,769,000 (2017: HK\$2,377,000). The following is an aged analysis of trade payables presented based on the invoice date at the end of the reporting period:

		二零一八年	二零一七年
		2018	2017
		千港元	千港元
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
0-60日	0 – 60 days	2,712	2,367
60日以上	More than 60 days	57	10
-			
		2,769	2,377

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17. 股本

17. SHARE CAPITAL

		股份數目 Number of shares	股本 Share capital 千港元 HK\$'000
每股面值0.10港元 之普通股	Ordinary shares of HK\$0.10 each		
法定: 於二零一六年四月一日、 二零一七年 三月三十一日 及二零一八年三月三十一日	Authorised: At 1 April 2016, 31 March 2017 and 31 March 2018	5,000,000,000	500,000
已發行及繳足: 於二零一五年四月一日 行使已發行之購股權	Issued and fully paid: At 1 April 2015 Issue of shares upon exercise of share options	1,939,414,108 6,900,000	193,941 690
於二零一七年三月三十一日及 零一八年三月三十一日	At 31 March 2017 and 31 March 2018	1,946,314,108	194,631

截至二零一八年三月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31 March 2018

18. 購股權計劃

本公司於二零一零年五月十日舉行之 股東特別大會上經股東決議通過採納 購股權計劃(「購股權計劃」),該購股 權計劃之有效期直至二零二零年五月 八日為止。

購股權計劃之目的乃確認以下合資格 參與者之承擔及貢獻而授出購股權予 他們作為鼓勵或獎勵:

- (a) 本集團任何成員或本集團成員擁 有股份權益之任可實體(「投資實 體」),其任何僱員或董事(包括 執行董事,非執行董事及獨立非 執行董事);
- (b)本集團任何成員或任何投資實體 之任何顧問、專業顧問、專業代 理、代理、承包商、顧客、貨品 及/或服務供應商,及合資夥 伴,董事會可自行決定按以上人 士對本集團或投資實體(視乎情 況)作出之貢獻根據購股權計劃 被視為合資格;及
- (c) 董事會自行決定已經或將會為本 集團或投資實體(視乎情況)作出 貢獻之任何人士。

於二零一八年三月三十一日,本公司 根據購股權計劃尚未被行使之購股權 為30,000,000股(二零一七年: 17,300,000),佔本公司該日已發行 股份概約1.5%(二零一七年:0.9%)。

根據計劃可授出之購股權股份總數量 不可超出193,941,410股,大概為於 購股權計劃建立時本公司已發行股本 之10%,惟事先取得股東進一步批准 者除外。根據購股權計劃,所有已授 出尚未行使之購股權獲行使時所發行 之股份數目,其整體上限於任何時間 以本公司不時已發行股本之30%為上 限。

18. SHARE OPTION SCHEME

The Company by shareholders' resolutions passed at the special general meeting held on 10 May 2010 adopted a share option scheme which shall be valid and effective until 8 May 2020 (the "Option Scheme").

The purpose of the Option Scheme is to recognise the commitments and contributions of the following eligible participants by granting options to them as incentives or rewards:

- (a) any employee or director (including executive director, non-executive director and independent non-executive director) of any member of the Group or any entity in which any member of the Group holds an equity interest (the "Invested Entity");
- (b) any advisor, consultant, professional, agent, contractor, customer, provider of goods and/or services, business or joint-venture partner of any member of the Group or any Invested Entity whom the Board in its sole discretion considers eligible for the Option Scheme on the basis of his or her contribution to the Group or the Invested Entity (as the case may be); and
- (c) any person whom the Board in its sole discretion considers has contributed or will contribute to the Group or to the Invested Entity (as the case may be).

At 31 March 2018, the Company had 30,000,000 (2017: 17,300,000) share options outstanding under the Option Scheme, which represented approximately 1.5% (2017: 0.9%) of the shares of the Company in issue at that date.

The total number of shares in respect of which options may be granted under the Option Scheme shall not in aggregate exceed 193,941,410 shares (approximately 10% of the issued share capital of the Company at the time the Option Scheme was established) unless further shareholders' approval has been obtained. The overall limit in the number of shares which may be issued upon exercise of all outstanding options granted and yet to be exercised under the Option Scheme shall not exceed 30% of the shares of the Company in issue from time to time.

截至二零一八年三月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31 March 2018

18. 購股權計劃(續)

根據購股權計劃,每次向本公司之任 何董事、主要行政人員或主要股東或 彼等各自之任何聯繫人士授出購股權 時,須取得本公司所有獨立非執行董事 立非執行董事或彼等各自之任何聯繫 人士進間間內有關人士獲授或將獲受之 所有購股權獲行使時所發行及將予發 行之本公司股份,合計超過本公司已 發行股份之0.1%,或根據股份收市 價計算之總值超逾5,000,000港元, 則必須獲得本公司股東之事先批准(本 公司之關連人士須就此放棄投票讚成) 方可進一步授出購股權。

受上述者所規限,根據購股權計劃, 於任何12個月期間內各參與者獲授或 將獲授之購股權數目(包括已行使及 尚未行使之購股權),於獲行使時所 發行及將予發行之股份總數,不可超 過本公司已發行股份之1%。任何進 一步授出超逾此上限之購股權,須取 得股東批准,而該等參與者及其聯繫 人士須就此放棄投票。

根據購股權計劃授出之購股權須自提供日起30日內以書面形式接納。授出購股權毋須支付代價。購股權之行使 價不得少於以下三者中之最高者: (i)緊接提供購股權之日,其前五個營業日本公司股份在聯交所每日報價表 所報之平均收市價:(ii)於提供日(須 為營業日)本公司股份在聯交所每日 報價表所報之收市價:及(iii)本公司股份面值。

18. SHARE OPTION SCHEME (Continued)

Pursuant to the Option Scheme, each grant of options to any director, chief executive or substantial shareholder of the Company, or any of their respective associates, must be approved by all independent non-executive directors of the Company. Where any grant of options to a substantial shareholder or an independent non-executive director of the Company, or any of their respective associates, would result in the shares of the Company issued and to be issued upon exercise of all options already granted or to be granted to such person in the 12-month period representing in aggregate over 0.1% of the shares of the Company in issue and having an aggregate value, based on the closing price of the shares, in excess of HK\$5,000,000, such further grant of options must be approved by the shareholders with the connected persons of the Company abstaining from voting in favour.

Subject to the aforesaid, pursuant to the Option Scheme, the total number of shares issued and to be issued upon exercise of the options granted and to be granted to each participant (including both exercised and outstanding options) in any 12-month period must not exceed 1% of the shares of the Company in issue. Any further grant of options in excess of the limit shall be subject to the shareholders' approval with such participant and his associate abstaining from voting.

Options granted under the Option Scheme must be accepted in writing within 30 days from the date of offer. No consideration is payable on grant of option. The exercise price of the option shares shall at least be the highest of (i) the average closing price of the shares of the Company as stated in the Stock Exchange's daily quotations sheets for the five business days immediately preceding the date of offer; (ii) the closing price of the shares of the Company as stated in the Stock Exchange's daily quotations sheet on the date of offer, which shall be a business day; and (iii) the nominal value of the shares of the Company.

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18. 購股權計劃(續)

根據購股權計劃,董事會絕對可自行 決定而於任何合適情況下,授出購股 權予任何參與者,除此之外,承受人 毋須達成任何表現指標或須持有購股 權一段最少時間才能行使其購股權。

根據購股權計劃,承受人可於董事會 指定及通知之任何期間內行使購股 權,但此期間不得超過十年(由授出 日起及在這十年期內最後一天營業日 為止)。

根據購股權計劃授出之購股權,其變 動詳情以及於二零一八年三月三十一 日及二零一七年三月三十一日之結餘 載列如下:

18. SHARE OPTION SCHEME (Continued)

Pursuant to the Option Scheme, a share option may be granted to any participant by the Board at its absolute discretion and subject to any conditions as it may think fit. Save for this, there is neither any performance targets that need to be achieved by the grantee nor any minimum period for which a share option must be held before a share option can be exercised.

Pursuant to the Option Scheme, a share option may be exercised by the grantee at any time during a period determined and notified by the Board of Directors provided that such period shall be not more than 10 years commencing from the date of grant and expiring on the last business day of such 10-year period.

Details of movements in the share options granted under the Option Scheme and the balances at 31 March 2018 and 31 March 2017 are set out below:

		-		Num	購股權數目 ber of share opt	ions	
参與者 Participants	授出日期 Date of grant	行使期 Exercisable period	每股行使價 Exercise price per share 形式	於二零一七年 四月一日 尚未行使 Outstanding as at 1.4.2017	於年內 或授出 Granted during the year	於年內失效 或到期 Lapsed/ expired during the year	於二零一八年 三月三十一日 尚未行使 Outstanding as at 31.3.2018
董事	二零一零年 五月十九日	二零一一年五月十九日至 二零一七年五月十八日					
Directors	19.5.2010	19.5.2011 - 18.5.2017	0.420	17,300,000	-	(17,300,000)	-
董事	二零一七年 十月二十三日	二零一七年十月二十三日至 二零二五年十月二十二日 <i>(附註)</i>					
Directors	23.10.2017	23.10.2017 - 22.10.2025 (note)	0.177	-	30,000,000	-	30,000,000
可於年底行使							
Exercisable at the end o	of the year			17,300,000			9,000,000

截至二零一八年三月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31 March 2018

18. 購股權計劃(續)

18. SHARE OPTION SCHEME (Continued)

			購股權數目 Number of share options				
參與者 Participants	授出日期 Date of grant	行使期 Exercisable period	每股行使價 Exercise price per share 港元 HK\$	於二零一六年 四月一日 尚未行使 Outstanding as at 1.4.2016	於年內 授出 Granted during the year	於年內失效 或到期 Lapsed/ expired during the year	於二零一七年 三月三十一日 尚未行使 Outstanding as at 31.3.2017
董事 Directors	二零一零年 五月十九日 19.5.2010	二零一一年五月十九日至 二零一七年五月十八日 19.5.2011 - 18.5.2017	0.420	27,300,000	-	(10,000,000)	17,300,000
可於年底行使 Exercisable at t	the end of the vear			27,300,000			17,300,000

附註: 於二零一十年十月二十三日授出購 股權當日之總估計公平值為 2,906,000港元。於授出日期即二 零一七年十月二十三日即時歸屬的 為購股權總數的30%。購股權總數 的30%將於二零一八年十月二十三 日歸屬,其餘40%將於二零一九年 十月二十三日歸屬。緊接授出日期 前本公司之股份收市價為0.177港 元。

公平值乃使用柏力克一舒爾斯期權定 價模式計算,對該模式輸入之數據如 下:

Note: The total estimated fair value at the date of grant of the share options on 23 October 2017 was HK\$2,906,000. 30% of total number of the share options vested immediately on the date of grant, 23 October 2017. 30% of the total number of the share options shall be vested on 23 October 2018 and the remaining 40% shall be vested on 23 October 2019. The closing price of the Company's share immediately before the date of grant was HK\$0.177.

The fair value was calculated using the Binomial Option pricing model. The inputs into the model were as follows:

		二零一七年 2017
加權平均股價	Weighted average share price	HK\$0.177
行使價	Exercise price	HK\$0.177
預期波幅	Expected volatility	66.99%
預計年期	Expected life	8 years
零風險利率	Risk-free rate	1.63%
預計派息率	Expected dividend yield	0.00%

截至二零一八年三月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31 March 2018

18. 購股權計劃(續)

本集團已就截至二零一八年三月 三十一日止年度本公司授出的購股權 確認1,470,000港元以股份為基礎的 支付開支。於截至二零一七年三月 三十一日止年度並無確認開支。這兩 年均無行使購股權。於截至二零一八 年三月三十一日止年度內17,300,000 股(二零一七年:10,000,000股)購股 權已失效。於截至二零一八年三月 三十一日止年度已授出30,000,000份 購股權。於截至二零一七年三月 三十一日止年度概無授出購股權。

19. 營業租賃安排

本集團作為承租人

於報告期間結算日,本集團按不可撤 銷之經營租約租用物業而於未來須承 擔之最低租金如下:

18. SHARE OPTION SCHEME (Continued)

The Group recognised HK\$1,470,000 share-based payments expense in relation to share options granted by the Company during the year ended 31 March 2018. No expense was recognised during the year ended 31 March 2017. No share options were exercised for both years. 17,300,000 (2017: 10,000,000) share options lapsed during the year ended 31 March 2018. 30,000,000 share options were granted during the year ended 31 March 2018. No share options were granted during the year ended 31 March 2017.

19. OPERATING LEASE ARRANGEMENTS

The Group as lessee

At the end of the reporting period, the Group had commitments for future minimum lease payments under non-cancellable operating leases for premises which fall due as follows:

	二零一八年	二零一七年
	2018	2017
	千港元	千港元
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
一年內 Within one year	18,284	12,555
第二年至第五年 In the second to fifth year inclusive		
(包括首尾兩年)	30,176	-
	48,460	12,555

營業租賃之開支主要包括本集團就其 辦公室,酒樓及員工宿舍須支付之租 金。租約平均以一至三年為期限(二 零一七年:一至三年)。

總承擔金額已包括14,950,000港元(二 零一七年:1,680,000港元)如附註23 所述之關連租賃協議下需承擔之金額。 Operating lease payments mainly represent rental payable by the Group for its office, restaurants and staff accommodation. Leases are negotiated for an average term of one to three years (2017: one to three years).

Included in the amount committed is HK\$14,950,000 (2017: HK\$1,680,000) being commitment with related parties in relation to rental agreements as explained in note 23.

截至二零一八年三月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31 March 2018

20. 退休福利計劃

本集團已根據強制性公積金計劃(「強 積金計劃」)為本集團於香港之全體合 資格僱員提供退休福利計劃。

根據強積金計劃,僱員須將其月薪之 5%撥作供款及至最高入息水平,並 可選擇額外供款。僱主之每月供款額 為僱員月薪之5%及至最高入息水平 (「強制性供款」)。僱員於年滿65歲退 休、身故或完全失去工作能力時,可 享有僱主強制性供款之100%。

本集團從損益中確認之僱主供款年度 總金額為1,074,000港元(二零一七 年:1,124,000港元)。

21. 資金風險管理

本集團管理其資金,是透過在債項與 股本權益之間作出最佳平衡,確保本 集團內之實體能持續經營,同時盡量 增加股東之回報。本集團之整體策略 於這兩年保持不變。

本集團資本架構包括本公司股本持有 人應佔權益(包括已發行股本、儲備 及累計虧損)。

本公司之董事會定期檢討資本架構, 檢討包括了解資金成本及各類資金之 相關風險。根據董事之建議,本集團 將透過發行新股及回購股份以及發行 新債項或贖回現有債項來平衡其整體 資本架構。

20. RETIREMENT BENEFITS PLANS

The Group has a retirement benefits scheme under the mandatory provident fund scheme (the "MPF Scheme") for all eligible employees of the Group in Hong Kong.

Under the MPF Scheme, the employees are required to contribute 5% of their monthly salaries up to maximum relevant income levels and they can choose to make additional contributions. The employer's monthly contributions are calculated at 5% of the employee's monthly salaries up to a maximum relevant income level ("mandatory contributions"). The employees are entitled to 100% of the employer's mandatory contributions upon their retirement at the age of 65, death or total incapacity.

Total employers' contributions of the Group for the year recognised in profit or loss amounted to HK\$1,074,000 (2017: HK\$1,124,000).

21. CAPITAL RISK MANAGEMENT

The Group manages its capital to ensure that entities in the Group will be able to continue as a going concern while maximising the return to stakeholders through the optimisation of the debt and equity balance. The Group's overall strategy remains unchanged in both years.

The capital structure of the Group consists of equity attributable to owners of the Company, comprising issued share capital, reserves and accumulated losses.

The directors of the Company review the capital structure on a periodic basis. As part of this review, the directors consider the cost of capital and the risks associated with each class of capital. Based on recommendations of the directors, the Group will balance its overall capital structure through new share issues and share buy-backs as well as the issue of new debt or the redemption of existing debt.

截至二零一八年三月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31 March 2018

22. 金融工具	22. FINANCIAL INSTR	UMENTS	
金融工具分類	Categories of finar	ncial instrument	S
		二零一八年	二零一七年
		2018	2017
		千港元	千港元
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
貸款及應收款項 Loans	assets ple-for-sale investments and receivables uding cash and	2,750	4,507
	equivalents)	89,360	94,946
金融負債 Financial	liabilities		
已攤銷成本 Amorti	ised cost	2,769	2,377

財務風險管理目標及政策

本集團之主要金融工具包括可供出售 投資、貿易及其他應收款項、已抵押 銀行存款、短期銀行存款、銀行結餘 及現金及貿易應付款項。該等金融工 具之詳情已於各自之附註內披露。與 該等金融工具有關之風險包括市場 險(外幣、利率及其他價格風險)、信 貸風險及流動性風險。如何減輕該管 理及監察該等風險,以確保適當之措 施能定時及有效地實施。

Financial risk management objectives and policies

The Group's major financial instruments include available-for-sale investments, trade and other receivables, pledged bank deposits, short-term bank deposits, bank balances and cash and trade payables. Details of these financial instruments are disclosed in respective notes. The risks associated with these financial instruments include market risk (foreign currency risk, interest rate risk and other price risk), credit risk and liquidity risk. The policies on how to mitigate these risks are set out below. The management manages and monitors these exposures to ensure appropriate measures are implemented on a timely and effective manner.

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22. 金融工具(續)

財務風險管理目標及政策(續)

市場風險

外幣風險

本集團有若干其他應收款項、短期銀 行存款及銀行結餘及現金,均以功能 貨幣以外之其他貨幣列值。本集團現 時並無外幣對沖政策。為了減輕外幣 風險,管理層將密切監察有關風險, 並在有需要時考慮對沖重大外幣風險。

本集團以外幣列值之貨幣資產及貨幣 負債於報告日期之賬面值如下:

22. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

Financial risk management objectives and policies (Continued)

Market risk

Foreign currency risk

The Group has certain other receivables, short-term bank deposits and bank balances and cash that are denominated in foreign currencies other than its functional currency. The Group currently does not have a foreign currency hedging policy. In order to mitigate the foreign currency risk, management closely monitors such risk and will consider hedging significant foreign currency exposure should the need arise.

The carrying amounts of the Group's foreign currency denominated monetary assets and monetary liabilities at the reporting date are as follows:

			產 sets		.債 ilities
		二零一八年	二零一七年	二零一八年	二零一七年
		2018	2017	2018	2017
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
民幣(「人民幣」)	Renminbi ("RMB")	2,581	-	-	-
\L (/ \ /) \ () \		2,501			

敏感度分析

人民

本集團主要面對港元兑人民幣匯率之 波動。下表詳列本集團對港元兑人民 幣加減5%之敏感度,這代表管理層 對外匯匯率評估之合理可能變動。敏 感度分析只包括以外幣列值之貨幣項 目並於年終時,以外幣匯率5%之變 化兑換。下面負數代表當港元兑人民 幣升值5%對税後虧損之增加,如港 元兑人民幣貶值5%,對損失將會有 相同但反方向之影響,而以下金額會 是正數。

Sensitivity analysis

The Group is mainly exposed to fluctuations in exchange rates of HK\$ against RMB. The following table details the Group's sensitivity to a 5% increase and decrease in HK\$ against RMB which represents management's assessment of the reasonably possible change in foreign exchange rates. The sensitivity analysis includes only outstanding foreign currency denominated monetary items and adjusts their translation at the year end for a 5% change in foreign currency rates. A negative number below indicates an increase in post-tax loss where HK\$ strengthen 5% against RMB. For a 5% weakening of HK\$ against RMB, there would be an equal and opposite impact on the loss, and the amounts below would be positive.

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22. 金融工具(續)

財務風險管理目標及政策(續)

市場風險(續)

敏感度分析(續)

22. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

Financial risk management objectives and policies (Continued) Market risk (Continued)

Sensitivity analysis (Continued)

			影響 mpact
		二零一八年	二零一七年
		2018	2017
		千港元	千港元
		НК\$'000	HK\$'000
税後虧損之增加	Increase in post-tax loss		
人民幣	RMB	(129)	

管理層認為,由於年終之風險不能反 映年內之風險,因此敏感度分析未能 代表潛在外匯風險。

利率風險

於二零一八年三月三十一日,本集團 現金流量利率風險主要來自浮動利率 銀行結餘(見附註15)。本集團管理層 密切監察有關利率風險之影響。本集 團並未有一個正式對沖政策,但如有 需要,會考慮對沖重大利率風險,管 理層認為本集團銀行結餘並未有受到 重大利率風險所影響,因銀行結餘之 利率只有極少變動。所以並沒有提供 這方面之敏感度分析。

本集團已抵押銀行存款及短期銀行存 款之公平值亦受利率風險所影響(見 附註15)。本集團並無使用任何衍生 合約對沖利率風險,然而,管理層會 密切監察利率風險並預期會有重大利 率風險時作出適當之措施。 In management's opinion, the sensitivity analysis is unrepresentative of the inherent foreign exchange risk as the year end exposure does not reflect the exposure during the year.

Interest rate risk

At 31 March 2018, the Group is exposed to cash flow interest rate risk relating primarily to variable-rate bank balances (see note 15). Management of the Group monitors the related interest rate risk exposure closely. The Group does not have a formal hedging policy in place but will consider hedging significant interest rate risk exposure should the need arise. Management considers that the Group has insignificant interest rate risk exposure on bank balances as the fluctuation on interest rates on bank balances is minimal. Thus, no sensitivity analysis has been presented.

The Group is also exposed to fair value interest rate risk in relation to pledged bank deposits and short-term bank deposits (see note 15). The Group has not used any derivative contracts to hedge its exposure to such interest rate risk; however, management monitors interest rate exposure and will consider other necessary action when significant interest rate exposure is anticipated.

截至二零一八年三月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31 March 2018

22. 金融工具(續)

財務風險管理目標及政策(續)

市場風險(續)

其他價格風險 本集團主要是透過投資於上市股票及 債券而須承受股票及債券之價格風險。

管理層透過維持一個涉及不同風險及 回報程度之投資組合來控制有關風 險。本集團之股票及債券價格風險主 要集中於透過聯交所報價之股票及債 券。此外,管理層會監控價格風險, 並會考慮在需要時對沖風險。

敏感度分析 以下之敏感度分析乃根據於報告期間 結算日股票及債券所承受之價格風險 而釐定。

如果股票價格已高出15%,於二零 一八年三月三十一日止年度之其他全 面虧損將減少229,000港元(二零一七 年:其他全面虧損將減少180,000港 元)。

如果股票價格已低過15%,於二零 一八年三月三十一日止年度之税後虧 損將增加229,000港元(二零一七年: 税後虧損將增加180,000港元)。

如果債券高出15%,截至二零一八年 三月三十一日止之税後虧損將減少 184,000港元(二零一七年:其他全面 虧損將減少496,000港元)。

如果債券低過15%,截至二零一八年 三月三十一日止之税後虧損將增加 184,000港元(二零一七年:税後虧損 將增加496,000港元)。

管理層認為,由於年終之風險並不反 映年內之風險,因此,敏感度分析未 能代表潛在之價格風險。

22. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

Financial risk management objectives and policies (Continued)

Market risk (Continued)

Other price risks

The Group is exposed to equity and debt security price risks mainly through its investments in listed equity and debt securities.

Management manages this exposure by maintaining a portfolio of investments with different risk and return profiles. The Group's equity and debt security price risks are mainly concentrated on equity and debt securities quoted in the Stock Exchange. In addition, management also monitors the price risk and will consider hedging the risk exposure should the need arise.

Sensitivity analysis

The sensitivity analyses below have been determined based on the exposure to equity and debt security price risks at the end of the reporting period.

If equity prices had been 15% higher, other comprehensive expense for the year ended 31 March 2018 would decrease by HK\$229,000 (2017: other comprehensive expense would decrease by HK\$180,000).

If equity prices had been 15% lower, post-tax loss for the year ended 31 March 2018 would increase by HK\$229,000 (2017: post-tax loss would increase by HK\$180,000).

If debt security prices had been 15% higher, post-tax loss for the year ended 31 March 2018 would decrease by HK\$184,000 (2017: other comprehensive expense would decrease by HK\$496,000).

If debt security prices had been 15% lower, post-tax loss for the year ended 31 March 2018 would increase by HK\$184,000 (2017: post-tax loss would increase by HK\$496,000).

In management's opinion, the sensitivity analyses are unrepresentative of the inherent other price risk as the year end exposure does not reflect the exposure during the year.

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22. 金融工具(續)

財務風險管理目標及政策(續)

信貸風險

於二零一八年三月三十一日,倘因交 易對手未能履行彼等的責任或因本集 團提供之金融保證而導致本集團產生 財務虧損的最大信貸風險為已於綜合 財務狀況表入賬的各項已確認金融資 產的賬面值。

為減低與應收款項有關之信貸風險, 本集團之管理層僅會向過往信用良好 之債務人授出信貸。此外,管理層會 於報告期間結算日檢討個別債務之可 收回金額,並就不可收回之金額作出 足夠減值虧損撥備。因此,本公司 軍認為本集團之信貸風險已大點 少。本集團之應收款項並無重大集中 之信貸風險,因其風險已分散到不同 人仕。

來自已抵押銀行存款、短期銀行存款 及銀行結餘之信貸風險有限,原因是 對方均為國際信用評級機構評定為高 信用評級之財務機構及銀行。本集團 之銀行結餘並無重大集中之信貸風 險,因其風險已分散到不同機構。

除分別於附錄12及15中披露有關可供 出售債務投資及短期銀行存款之集中 信貸風險以外,本集團並無任何其他 重大集中之信貸風險。

22. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

Financial risk management objectives and policies (Continued)

Credit risk

As at 31 March 2018, the Group's maximum exposure to credit risk which will cause a financial loss to the Group due to failure to discharge an obligation by the counterparties and financial guarantees provided by the Group is arising from the carrying amount of the respective recognised financial assets as stated in the consolidated statement of financial position.

In order to minimise the credit risk in relation to trade receivables, management of the Group will only advance credit to debtors with good credit history. In addition, the management reviews the recoverable amount of each individual debt at the end of the reporting period to ensure that adequate impairment losses are made for irrecoverable amounts. In this regard, the directors of the Company consider that the Group's credit risk is significantly reduced. The Group has no significant concentration of credit risk on its trade receivables with exposure spreading over a number of counterparties.

The credit risk in relation to pledged bank deposits, short-term bank deposits and bank balances is limited because the majority of the counterparties are financial institutions and banks with high credit-ratings assigned by international credit-rating agencies. The Group has no significant concentration of credit risk on its bank balances with exposure spreading over a number of counterparties.

Other than concentration of credit risk on available-for-sale debt investments and short-term bank deposits disclosed in notes 12 and 15, respectively, the Group does not have any other significant concentration of credit risk.

截至二零一八年三月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31 March 2018

22. 金融工具(續)

財務風險管理目標及政策(續)

流動性風險

於管理流動性風險時,本集團會監管 及維持現金及現金等值項目處於管理 層認為足夠應付本集團運作之水平。

下表詳列經協定還款條款所訂明的本 集團非衍生金融負債之剩餘償還期 限。下表乃根據本集團可能被要求償 還免息金融負債未貼現現金流之最早 還款日而編制。

22. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

Financial risk management objectives and policies (Continued)

Liquidity risk

In the management of liquidity risk, the Group monitors and maintains a level of cash and cash equivalents deemed adequate by management to finance the Group's operations.

The following table details the Group's remaining contractual maturity for its non-derivative financial liabilities based on the agreed repayment terms. The table has been drawn up based on the undiscounted cash flows of non-interest bearing financial liabilities based on the earliest date on which the Group can be required to pay.

流動	性表
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Liquidity tables

		於要求時 償還或 少於1年 Repayable on demand or less than 1 year 千港元 HK\$'000	未貼現現金 流量總額 Total undiscounted cash flows 千港元 HK\$'000	賬面值 Carrying amount 千港元 HK\$′000
於二零一八年三月三十一日 非衍生金融負債 貿易應付款項	At 31 March 2018 Non-derivative financial liabilities Trade payables	2,769	2,769	2,769
於二零一七年三月三十一日 非衍生金融負債 貿易應付款項	At 31 March 2017 Non-derivative financial liabilities Trade payables	2,377	2,377	2,377

金融資產及金融負債之公平值

金融資產及金融負債之公平值乃根據 下列各項釐定:

- 受標準條款及條件規管及於活躍
 流通市場交易之金融資產及金融
 負債,其公平值乃參考市場所報
 之買入價而釐定。
- 其他金融資產和金融負債(不包括衍生工具)之公平值乃根據公認定價模式以貼現現金流量分析 而釐定。

Fair values of financial assets and financial liabilities

The fair value of financial assets and financial liabilities are determined as follows:

- the fair value of financial assets and financial liabilities with standard terms and conditions and traded in active liquid markets are determined with reference to quoted market bid prices.
- the fair value of other financial assets and financial liabilities (excluding derivative instruments) is determined in accordance with generally accepted pricing models based on discounted cash flow analysis.

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22. 金融工具(續)

財務風險管理目標及政策(續)

金融資產及金融負債之公平值(續)

本集團金融資產之公平值乃按經常性 基準以公平值計量

本集團一些金融資產於報告期末按公 平值計量。下表提供有關如何確認該 等金融資產公平值之資料(特別是估 值方法及應用數據)。

22. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

Financial risk management objectives and policies (Continued)

Fair values of financial assets and financial liabilities (Continued)

Fair value of the Group's financial assets that are measured at fair value on a recurring basis

Some of the Group's financial assets are measured at fair value at the end of the reporting period. The following table gives information about how the fair values of these financial assets are determined (in particular, the valuation techniques and inputs used).

估值方法及

金融資產	Financial assets	Fair 二零一八年 2018 千港元 HK\$'000	value 二零一七年 2017 千港元 HK\$'000	公平值級別 Fair value hierarchy	主要輸入數據 Valuation techniques and key inputs
可供出售投資 -香港上市股票證券	Available-for-sale investments – equity securities listed in Hong Kong	1,525	1,198	第一級 Level 1	活躍市場所報買入價 Quoted bid prices in an active market
-香港上市債務證券	– debt securities listed in Hong Kong	1,225	3,309	第一級 Level 1	活躍市場所報買入價 Quoted bid prices in an active market

公平值

於這兩年內,第一級、第二級與第三 級之間並無任何轉撥。

本公司董事認為,於綜合財務狀況表 內按攤銷成本列賬之金融資產及金融 負債之賬面值與其於報告期末之公平 值相若。

23. 關連人士結餘及交易

(a) 於年內,本集團向鴻利發展有限 公司(「鴻利」)租用若干物業作為 經營酒樓之用。本年度鴻利收取 之租金共達3,960,000港元(二零 一七年:4,200,000港元)。於二 零一八年三月三十一日,租賃按 金1,080,000港元已包括在非 流動物業租賃按金中(二零一七 年:1,050,000港元已包括在貿 易及其他應收款項中)。於二零 一八年及二零一七年三月三十一 日,並沒有應計租金應付予鴻利。 There were no transfers between Levels 1, 2 and 3 during both years.

The directors consider that the carrying amounts of financial assets and financial liabilities recorded at amortised cost in the consolidated statement of financial position approximate to their fair value at the end of the reporting period.

23. RELATED PARTY BALANCES AND TRANSACTIONS

(a) During the year, the Group leased certain properties for its restaurant operations from Homley Development Limited ("Homley"). Rentals charged by Homley during the year amounted to HK\$3,960,000 (2017: HK\$4,200,000). At 31 March 2018, rental deposit of HK\$1,080,000 was included in non-current property rental deposits (2017: HK\$1,050,000 included in trade and other receivables). At 31 March 2018 and 2017, no accrued rental was payable to Homley.

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23. 關連人士結餘及交易(續)

- 鴻利是Golden Toy Investments Limited(「Golden Toy」)之全資附 屬公司而Golden Toy 乃由一項全 權信託全資擁有,該項信託之受 益人包括鄭合輝先生、鄭白明女 士、鄭白敏女士及鄭白麗女士, 彼為本公司之執行董事並為Kong Fai,即本集團最終控股公司之實 益擁有者。
- (b) 於年內,本集團向豪城實業有限公司(「豪城」)租用一住宅物業。 豪城於年內收取之租金為 930,000港元(二零一七年: 936,000港元)。於二零一八年三 月三十一日,租賃按金150,000 港元已包括在非流動物業租賃 按金中(二零一七年:156,000港 元已包括在貿易及其他應收款項中)。於二零一八年及二零一七 年三月三十一日,並沒有應計租金應付予豪城。

豪城是Golden Toy之全資附屬公 司。

(c) 於年內,本集團向昇浩投資有限公司(「昇浩」)租用一寫字樓物業。昇浩於年內收取之租金為1,100,000港元(二零一七年:1,200,000港元)。於二零一八年三月三十一日,租賃按金為240,854港元並已包括在非流動物業租賃按金中(二零一七年:239,937港元已包括在貿易及其他應收款項中)。於二零一八年及二零一七年三月三十一日,並沒有應計租金應付予昇浩。

昇浩乃豪城之全資附屬公司,而 豪城乃Golden Toy之全資附屬公 司。

(d) 主要管理人員指本公司之執行董 事。董事酬金詳情已載於附註7。

> 董事酬金是由薪酬委員會按各人 表現及市場趨勢而釐定。

23. RELATED PARTY BALANCES AND

TRANSACTIONS (Continued)

Homley is a wholly-owned subsidiary of Golden Toy Investments Limited ("Golden Toy") whose entire issued share capital is beneficially owned by a discretionary trust the objects of which include Mr. Cheng Hop Fai, Ms. Cheng Pak Ming, Judy, Ms. Cheng Pak Man, Anita and Ms. Cheng Pak Lai, Lily who are also executive directors of the Company and beneficial owners of Kong Fai, the Company's ultimate holding company.

(b) During the year, the Group leased an unit of a residential building from Hover City Industrial Limited ("Hover City"). Rental charged by Hover City during the year amounted to HK\$930,000 (2017: HK\$936,000). As at 31 March 2018, rental deposit of HK\$150,000 was included in non-current property rental deposits (2017: HK\$156,000 included in trade and other receivables). At 31 March 2018 and 2017, no accrued rental was payable to Hover City.

Hover City is a wholly-owned subsidiary of Golden Toy.

(c) During the year, the Group leased an office from Sky Global Investments Limited ("Sky Global"). Rentals charged by Sky Global during the year amounted to HK\$1,100,000 (2017: HK\$1,200,000). At 31 March 2018, rental deposit of HK\$240,854 was included in non-current property rental deposits (2017: HK\$239,937 included in trade and other receivables). At 31 March 2018 and 2017, no accrued rental was payable to Sky Global.

Sky Global is a wholly-owned subsidiary of Hover City which in turn is a direct wholly-owned subsidiary of Golden Toy.

(d) The key management personnel are the executive directors of the Company. Details of the remuneration of directors are set out in note 7.

The remuneration of directors is determined by the remuneration committee having regard to the performance of the individuals and market trends.

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24.	主要附屬公司		24.	PRINCIPAL SUBS	IDIARIES	
	本公司之主要附屬公司於二零 三月三十一日及二零一七 三十一日之詳情如下:		Details of the Comp March 2018 and 31			
	附屬公司名稱 Name of subsidiary	註冊成立/營業地點 Place of incorporation/ operation	i	持有之股份類別/ 已發行股本之面值 Class of shares held/nominal value of issued share capital	本公司所持已發行 股本面值之比例 Proportion of nominal value of issued share capital held by the Company	主要業務 Principal activities
	CCC Holdings (BVI) Limited(附註) CCC Holdings (BVI) Limited <i>(note)</i>	英屬處女群島/香港 British Virgin Islands ("BVI")/ Hong Kong		普通股 187,325,513港元 Ordinary HK\$187,325,513	100%	投資控股 Investment holding
	CCC Investments (BVI) Limited CCC Investments (BVI) Limited	英屬處女群島/香港 BVI/ Hong Kong		普通股1美元 Ordinary US \$ 1	100%	投資控股 Investment holding
	潮州城管理顧問有限公司 City Chiu Chow Management & Consultants Company Limited	香港 Hong Kong		普通股100港元 (無投票權遞延股10,000港元)* Ordinary HK\$100 (Non-voting deferred HK\$10,000)*	100%	提供管理服務 Provision of management services
	潮州城酒樓有限公司 City Chiu Chow Restaurant Limited	香港 Hong Kong		普通股100港元 (無投票權遞延股2,000,000港元)* Ordinary HK\$100 (Non-voting deferred HK\$2,000,000)*	100%	經營酒樓 Restaurant operations
	潮濠城酒樓有限公司 Hover City Chiu Chow Restaurant Limited	香港 Hong Kong		普通股100港元 (無投票權遞延股 6,000,000港元)* Ordinary HK\$100 (Non-voting deferred HK\$6,000,000)*	100%	經營酒樓 Restaurant operations

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24. 主要附屬公司(續)

- * 無投票權遞延股持有人無權收取任何 股東大會通告或出席任何股東大會或 於會上投票,且基本上無權收取股息 或於清盤時獲得任何分派。除1,200,000 股潮濠城酒樓有限公司遞延股由外界 人士擁有外,其餘所有遞延股均由本 公司間接持有。
- 附註: CCC Holdings (BVI) Limited由本公司 直接持有。本公司於所有其他附屬公 司之權益均透過CCC Holdings (BVI) Limited 持有。

上表所列為本公司董事認為主要影響 本集團業績或資產之其下附屬公司。 董事認為詳列其他附屬公司之資料將 會令篇幅冗長。

於報告期間結算日,本公司有其他10 間(二零一七年:9問)對集團沒有重 大影響力之附屬公司。該等附屬公司 處於不活躍狀態。

所有附屬公司於年終或年內任何時間 均無任何已發行債務證券。

24. PRINCIPAL SUBSIDIARIES (Continued)

- * The non-voting deferred shares carry no rights to receive notice of or to attend or vote at any general meeting and have no rights to dividends or to participate in any distribution on winding up. These deferred shares were indirectly held by the Company except for 1,200,000 deferred shares of Hover City Chiu Chow Restaurant Limited which were owned by outside parties.
- Note: CCC Holdings (BVI) Limited is directly held by the Company. The Company's interest in all other subsidiaries is held through CCC Holdings (BVI) Limited.

The above table lists the subsidiaries of the Company, which, in the opinion of the directors of the Company, principally affected the results or assets of the Group. To give details of other subsidiaries would, in the opinion of the directors, result in particulars of excessive length.

At the end of the reporting period, the Company has ten (2017: nine) other subsidiaries that are not material to the Group. These subsidiaries are inactive.

None of the subsidiaries had any debt securities outstanding at the end of the year or at any time during the year.

財務概要 Financial Summary

業績		RESULTS				
				月三十一日」 ended 31 M		
		二零一四年: 2014 千港元 HK\$′000	二零一五年 : 2015 千港元 HK\$′000	二零一六年 2016 千港元 HK\$′000	二零一七年 2017 千港元 HK\$′000	二零一八年 2018 千港元 HK\$′000
收入	Revenue	87,628	93,742	90,938	88,305	86,926
除税前虧損 税項	Loss before taxation Taxation	(7,687) _	(4,713)	(9,304)	(9,008) —	(8,945)
本公司股東應佔之 年度虧損	Loss for the year attributable to owners of the Company	(7,687)	(4,713)	(9,304)	(9,008)	(8,945)
資產與負債		ASSETS A	ND LIABIL	ITIES		
				三月三十一日 At 31 March	3	
		二零一四年: 2014 千港元 HK\$′000	二零一五年 二 2015 千港元 HK\$′000	二零一六年 : 2016 千港元 HK\$′000	ニ零ー七年 2017 千港元 HK\$′000	二零一八年 2018 千港元 HK\$′000
資產總值 負債總值	Total assets Total liabilities	127,781 (6,379)	123,396 (7,196)	115,318 (7,518)	106,848 (7,413)	100,271 (7,984)
權益總額	Total equity	121,402	116,200	107,800	99,435	92,287

