

Golden Elephant Brand® Premium Jasmine Rice VACUUM TREATED

Annual Report 2018

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GOLDEN RESOURCES DEVELOPMENT INTERNATIONAL LIMITED (Stock Code: 677)

corporated in Bermuda with Limited Liability

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Corporate Information

BOARD OF DIRECTORS Executive Directors

Laurent LAM Kwing Chee (Chairman) Anthony LAM Sai Ho (Vice Chairman and Chief Executive Officer) LAM Sai Mann Morna YUEN Mai-tong TSANG Siu Hung

Non-executive Director

Dennis LAM Saihong

Independent Non-executive Directors

Joseph LAM Yuen To Michael YU Tat Chi Ronald YAN Mou Keung

COMPANY SECRETARY LEUNG Chi Keung

AUDITOR

HLM CPA Limited Certified Public Accountants

PRINCIPAL BANKER

The Hongkong & Shanghai Banking Corporation Limited

REGISTERED OFFICE

Clarendon House, 2 Church Street Hamilton HM11, Bermuda

PRINCIPAL SHARE REGISTRAR AND TRANSFER OFFICE IN BERMUDA

Estera Management (Bermuda) Limited Canon's Court, 22 Victoria Street, Hamilton HM12, Bermuda

BRANCH SHARE REGISTRAR AND TRANSFER OFFICE IN HONG KONG

Tricor Standard Limited Level 22, Hopewell Centre, 183 Queen's Road East, Hong Kong

HEAD OFFICE AND PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS

Golden Resources Centre 2-12 Cheung Tat Road Tsing Yi Island, New Territories Hong Kong

COMPANY WEBSITE

http://www.grdil.com

STOCK CODE

The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited: 677

Chairman's Statement

OUR YEAR IN REVIEW

I began this letter with a sense of pride about what the Group had achieved over the last 70 years. Through hard work and dedication displayed by all members of the Group, we have secured market leading position of rice in Hong Kong. With these responsibilities, we recognize the importance to consistently operate at the highest standards to serve only the best quality of products to our customers.

While rice is a staple food in Hong Kong, occasional challenges arise through cyclical market changes and rising costs. The Group tackles these challenges by continually investing in technologies and automation to increase productivity and efficiency. These efforts include upgrading new factory machineries, nurturing sales through customer relationship management systems and increasing social media engagement. The Group also undertakes many new initiatives to expand our commercial account reach through improved IT systems and logistics solutions to minimize inventory costs for our commercial customers. In addition to investing in technologies, the Group prioritizes innovation in developing new SKUs to give our customers a variety of tastes and experiences. We are pleased to report a net profit of HK\$65,367,000 for the year ended 31 March 2018, representing an increase of 9.4% when compared with last year.

In Vietnam, the Group's Circle K convenience store (CVS) business is promising and encouraging. With a population of 95 million of which 60% are under the age of 30, we are very optimistic to the overall economic development of the country, and to Circle K's future.

As of 31st March 2018, the Group owns and operates 267 stores in Vietnam with 163 stores in Ho Chi Minh City, 95 stores in Hanoi, 8 stores in Vung Tau and 1 store in Binh Duong. Circle K is currently the market leading CVS in terms of store number and brand awareness according to major research institutions. With such a young and energetic population and a smartphone penetration rate of almost 50% of the population, we aim to further secure our market leading position by integrating our physical stores with strategic online presences — a synergy of Offline and Online new retailing concept.

This business has enjoyed double-digit growth year on year with the strategies of merging online and offline retailing concepts and improvements in warehouse management and logistics services. We are confident that Circle K stores will grow to 500 to 700 stores in five years' time. With these great opportunities, the Group is well prepared for big steps forward in the forthcoming year.

FINAL DIVIDEND

The Directors have resolved to recommend the payment of a final dividend of HK1.2 cents per share (2017: HK1.2 cents per share) for the year ended 31st March, 2018 to the shareholders on the Register of Members of the Company at the close of business on Tuesday, 4th September, 2018. Together with the interim dividend of HK1.2 cents per share paid on Wednesday, 10th January, 2018, the total dividends for the year ended 31st March, 2018 will be HK2.4 cents per share (2017: HK2.4 cents per share).

Subject to the approval of shareholders at the forthcoming annual general meeting, the final dividend will be paid to the shareholders on or about Monday, 17th September, 2018.

Chairman's Statement

CLOSURE OF REGISTER OF MEMBERS FOR THE ENTITLEMENT TO ATTEND AND VOTE AT THE ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING

For the purpose of determining the entitlement of the shareholders to attend and vote at the forthcoming annual general meeting, the Register of Members of the Company will be closed from Thursday, 23rd August, 2018 to Wednesday, 29th August, 2018, both days inclusive, during which period no transfer of shares of the Company will be registered. Shareholders whose names appear on the Register of Members of the Company at the close of business on Wednesday, 22nd August, 2018 will be entitled to attend and vote at the forthcoming annual general meeting. All transfers of shares accompanied by the relevant share certificates and the appropriate transfer forms must be lodged with the Company's Branch Share Registrar in Hong Kong, Tricor Standard Limited, Level 22, Hopewell Centre, 183 Queen's Road East, Hong Kong for registration not later than 4:30 p.m. (Hong Kong time) on Wednesday, 22nd August, 2018.

LAST DAY FOR TRADING AND RECORD DATE FOR THE ENTITLEMENT TO FINAL DIVIDEND

The last day for trading in the Company's shares with entitlement to the final dividend will be on Friday, 31st August, 2018. The Company's shares will be traded ex-entitlement on Monday, 3rd September, 2018.

The record date for the entitlement to the final dividend is at 4:30 p.m. (Hong Kong time) on Tuesday, 4th September, 2018. In order to qualify for the final dividend, if approved, all transfers of shares accompanied by the relevant share certificates and the appropriate transfer forms must be lodged with the Company's Branch Share Registrar in Hong Kong, Tricor Standard Limited, Level 22, Hopewell Centre, 183 Queen's Road East, Hong Kong for registration not later than 4:30 p.m. (Hong Kong time) on Tuesday, 4th September, 2018. The final dividend will be paid on or about Monday, 17th September, 2018.

PURCHASE, SALE OR REDEMPTION OF THE COMPANY'S LISTED SHARES

Neither the Company nor any of its subsidiaries purchased, sold or redeemed any of the Company's listed shares for the year ended 31st March, 2018.

On behalf of the Board

Laurent LAM Kwing Chee Chairman

Hong Kong, 27th June, 2018

Our Company

VISION

We want our company to be the first and only choice in all our current and new businesses in the selected markets.

MISSION

Our purpose is to deliver respected products to our customers with professionalism and integrity in all aspects of our operations and business conduct.

We strive shareholder value by making Golden Resources Group a truly sustainable company, a company we all take pride to work with.

The Directors present their annual report and the audited consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31st March, 2018.

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES

The Company acts as an investment holding company and its subsidiaries are engaged in the business of sourcing, importing, wholesaling, processing, packaging, marketing and distribution of rice, operation of convenience stores, securities investment, property investment and investment holding.

Analyses of the Group's revenue and segment results by operating segment and geographical segment are set out in note 6 to the financial statements.

BUSINESS REVIEW

Review and outlook of the business of the Group as required by Schedule 5 to the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance are disclosed in the Chairman's Statement, Notes to the Financial Statements and Group Financial Summary of this annual report, which form part of this report.

KEY RELATIONSHIPS WITH EMPLOYEES, CUSTOMERS AND SUPPLIERS

The Directors are of the view that employees, customers and business partners are the keys to the sustainable development of the Group. Our Directors believe that we maintain good working relations with our employees and business partners and we endeavor to improve the quality of services to the customers.

The Group offers competitive wages, bonuses and other benefits to full time employees. The Group ensures all staff are reasonably remunerated and regularly reviews the employment policies on remuneration and other benefits. The Group was awarded for three consecutive years 2014-2015, 2015-2016 and 2016-2017 the "Good MPF Employer" by the Mandatory Provident Fund Schemes Authority. The Group was also awarded "Caring Company" Logo for 2017-2018 by The Hong Kong Council of Social Service.

The Group maintains good relationship with its customers and suppliers. The Group maintains close contacts with the customers and regularly reviews the customers' requirements and suggestions.

COMPLIANCE WITH LAWS AND REGULATIONS

The Group recognises the importance of compliance with regulatory requirements and risks of non-compliance with such requirements. The Group has conducted on-going review of the new enacted laws and regulations affecting the operations of the Group. For the year ended 31st March, 2018, the Group was not aware of any material non-compliance with the laws and regulations that have significant impact on the business of the Group.

PERMITTED INDEMNITY PROVISION

Pursuant to the Bye-Laws of the Company, the Directors and other officers for the time being of the Company acting in relation to the affairs of the Company, shall be indemnified and secured harmless out of the assets of the Company from and against all actions, costs, charges, losses, damages and expenses which they or any of them shall or may incur or sustain by reason of any act done, concurred in or omitted in or about the execution of their duties or supposed duties in their respective offices or trusts, except such (if any) as they shall incur or sustain through their own wilful neglect or default, fraud and dishonesty respectively.

The Company has arranged appropriate directors' and officers' liability insurance coverage for the Directors and officers of the Group to protect the Directors and officers of the Group against any potential liability arising from the Group's activities which such Directors and officers may be held liable.

CORPORATE SOCIAL RESPONSIBILITY

Environmental Policies and Performance

The Group recognises its responsibility to protect the environment from its business activities. The Group aims to maximize energy conservation in its offices by promoting efficient use of resources and adopting green technologies. For instance, the Group seeks to upgrade equipment such as lighting by installing LED lighting at the whole building; optimally controlling the thermostat settings of air conditioning systems and switching off unnecessary electric power in order to reduce costs and increase overall operating efficiency. To identify energy efficiency opportunities, the Group measures and records the energy consumption intensity from time to time. To minimize the noise pollution during production, the Group seeks to upgrade its production machines and install noise absorption material to prevent noise leaked to the nearby environment. The Group strives to reduce plastic waste by launching Hong Kong's first environmentally friendly rice bag which is comprised of substance that complied with European Union's packaging standard, enabling the plastic rice package to become degradable after discarding. We continually seek to identify and manage environmental impacts attributable to our operational activities in order to minimize these impacts if possible.

Social Contribution Activities

The Group is committed to making a positive contribution to the communities by supporting a wide range of activities, social programs and charity initiatives. During the year, the Group had worked with charity organisations such as Annual Fun Fair held by the Hong Kong Sheng Kung Hui (Anglican Church), Affordable Rice Campaign held by Goods Co-Share, Hong Kong Parkinson's Disease Foundation, New Life Psychiatric Rehabilitation Association, Hong Kong Blood Cancer Foundation and other social services establishments to support our community. From time to time, the Group also supports different religious institutions, schools and community initiatives such as Scouting activities in Hong Kong, the Junior Police Call, Teens and Elderly Mission Committee and the Road Safety Campaign Committee. The Group will continue to support new partners to serve the local communities and beyond.

SUBSIDIARIES AND ASSOCIATES

Details of the Company's principal subsidiaries and of the Group's principal associates at 31st March, 2018 are set out in notes 30 and 16 to the financial statements respectively.

RESULTS AND APPROPRIATION

The results of the Group for the year ended 31st March, 2018 and the state of affairs of the Company and the Group at that date are set out in the financial statements on pages 55 to 130.

An interim dividend of HK1.2 cents per share amounting to approximately HK\$20,369,000 was paid to the shareholders during the year. The Directors now recommend the payment of a final dividend of HK1.2 cents per share to the shareholders on the Register of Members on Tuesday, 4th September, 2018 amounting to approximately HK\$20,369,000.

SHARE PREMIUM AND RESERVES

Details of movements in the reserves of the Company and the Group during the year are set out in note 29 to the financial statements and the consolidated statement of changes in equity respectively.

GROUP FINANCIAL SUMMARY

A summary of the results and of the assets and liabilities of the Group for the past five financial years is set out on page 132 of the annual report.

INVESTMENT PROPERTIES

The Group revalued all of its investment properties at 31st March, 2018. The revaluation surplus of HK\$8,980,000 has been credited to the consolidated statement of profit or loss.

Details of movements during the year in the investment properties of the Group are set out in note 14 to the financial statements.

FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT OR LOSS

As at 31 March 2018, the Group held financial assets at fair value through profit or loss of approximately HK\$232,611,000 (the "**Investments**"), particulars of which are set out below:

The Investments Equity securities

Stock Code	Name of investee company	Number of shares held	Percentage of share capital owned by the Group %	Investment cost (Note 1) HK\$'000	Market value as at 31 March 2018 (Note 1) HK\$'000	Unrealized gain/(loss) on change in fair value for the year ended 31 March 2018 (Note 1) HK\$'000	Realized gain on disposal for the year ended 31 March 2018 (Note 1) HK\$'000	Dividend received for the year ended 31 March 2018 HK\$'000
Listed in Hong	Kong							
0001 0002	CK Hutchison Holdings Limited CLP Holdings Limited	20,000 50,000	0.0005 0.0020	2,016 3,098	1,878 3,995	(138) (68)		146
0005	HSBC Holdings PLC	93,200	0.0005	7,536	6,897	997		370
1038	CK Infrastructure Holdings Limited	15,000	0.0006	1,027	962	(65)		—
1299	AIA Group Limited	100,000	0.0008	3,039	6,640	1,740		88
1398	Industrial and Commercial Bank of China Limited	810,000	0.0002	4,545	5,451	1,337		195
2388	BOC Hong Kong (Holdings) Limited	250,000	0.0024	4,710	9,550	1,613		316
6823	HKT Trust and HKT Limited Others	150,000	0.0020	1,553	1,481	(73)	2,587	42 535
	Total Listed in Hong Kong			27,524	36,854	5,343	2,587	1,692
Listed outside H	long Kong							
159901.SZ	E Fund SZSE100 ETF	400,000	0.0521	1,477	2,402	337		_
2330.TW	Taiwan Semiconductor Manufacturing Co Ltd	10,000	0.0000	456	662	153		14
4938.TW	Pegatron Corporation	15,000	0.0006	312	296	(18)		—
4966.TW	Parade Technologies Ltd	4,000	0.0052	310	621	242		9
ASML.AS	ASML Holding N.V.	280	0.0001	413	433	17		_
GOOGL.O	Alphabet Inc Class A	75	0.0000	515	610	92		_
MSFT.OQ	Microsoft Corporation	1,670	0.0000	1,025	1,196	164		8
WFD.AX	Westfield Corporation Others	50,000	0.0024	2,832	2,560	(108)	257	99 81
	Total Listed outside Hong Kong			7,340	8,780	879	257	211
	Total Equity Securities			34,864	45,634	6,222	2,844	1,903

Notes:

 The investment cost, market value as at 31 March 2018, unrealized gain/(loss) on change in fair value and realized gain on disposal of the Investments in the above table have been subject to rounding adjustments. Accordingly, figures shown as totals may not be an arithmetic aggregation of the figures preceding them.

FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT OR LOSS (Continued)

The Investments (Continued) *Debt securities*

Name of investee company	Investment cost HK\$'000	Market value as at 31 March 2018 HK\$'000	Unrealized gain/(loss) on change in fair value for the year ended 31 March 2018 HK\$'000	Realized gain/(loss) on disposal for the year ended 31 March 2018 HK\$'000
Listed in Hong Kong				
China Construction Bank Asia		6.215	(05)	
Corporation Ltd Bank of China Limited	6,277 1,550	6,315 1,620	(95) (51)	
Lenovo Group Limited	6,403	6,368	(51)	
ICBCIL Finance Co. Ltd.	4,293	0,308 4,175	(139)	
Nuoxi Capital Limited	3,130	3,090	(54)	
Others	-,		()	(171)
Total listed in Hong Kong	21,653	21,568	(415)	(171)
Listed outside Hong Kong				
The Bank of East Asia, Limited	3,100	3,343	(180)	
Shui On Development (Holding) Limited	6,046	6,151	(283)	
Wells Fargo & Company Others	4,274	4,205	8	(372)
Total listed outside Hong Kong	13,420	13,699	(455)	(372)
Total unlisted			_	(22)
Total debt securities	35,073	35,267	(870)	(565)

FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT OR LOSS (Continued)

The Investments (Continued) Other securities

Name of investee company	Investment cost HK\$'000	Market value as at 31 March 2018 HK\$'000	Unrealized gain/(loss) on change in fair value for the year ended 31 March 2018 HK\$'000	Realized gain/(loss) on disposal for the year ended 31 March 2018 HK\$'000
ArchiTech Capital Feeder Fund Ltd.	2,715	2,703	63	
Goldman Sachs (Asia) L.L.C. (Note 2)	69,794	86,996	4,831	
Morgan Stanley & Co. International plc (Note 3)	46,542	52,526	4,327	
Invesco US Senior Loan Fund	2,341	2,356	(7)	
High Yield Floating Rate Portfolio Loan Fund	4,687	4,693	(15)	
Global Digital Health Equity Fund	789	840	48	
Equity Linked Notes	781	764	(20)	
XAU Paper gold	826	832	52	
Others				86
Total other securities	128,475	151,710	9,279	86

Notes:

2. The portfolio is managed by Goldman Sachs (Asia) L.L.C (the "manager") for Billion Trade Development Limited, a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company. The investments in the portfolio are selected based on a bespoke, global, multi-asset class discretionary separate account strategy of the manager. In this strategy, the manager utilizes its proprietary asset allocation model when setting the long term strategic asset allocation with a focus on diversification across asset classes and regions. With respect to implementation, the manager draws from a spectrum of solutions to construct a bespoke portfolio with investments in mutual funds and exchange traded funds.

FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT OR LOSS (Continued)

The Investments (Continued)

Other securities (Continued)

Notes: (Continued)

As of 31 March 2018, the portfolio was comprised of cash and cash equivalents (0.7%), in addition to mutual funds and exchange traded funds invested in fixed income (40.4%), equities (49.5%) and other investments (9.4%). The portfolio is long term in nature, but in the short and medium term, the manager may tactically deviate from the strategic allocation when dislocations from long term historical valuations in certain asset classes arise. For the fiscal year ended 31 March 2018, the 12-month period portfolio volatility was 4.05%.

As the portfolio is a diversified multi-asset class portfolio, future risks include most risks that various asset classes face, including market, credit, interest rate, inflation, emerging market, liquidity, FX, real estate, derivatives and counter-party risks.

The manager continues to expect global economic activity to accelerate in 2018 in addition to increased supportive monetary and fiscal policies due to (i) the expected slow and steady pace of Federal Reserve tightening, (ii) US inflation normalizing towards lower and more stable levels after the negative shocks of 2017 and (iii) synchronized global growth that is providing a foundation for global profits that fundamentally supports risk assets despite current elevated positioning. As such, the manager believes that 2018 recession risk is low although there is no shortage of global risks, including rising polarization in the US, growing populism globally, heightened geopolitical tensions, further spread of terrorism and increasing proliferation of serious cyberattacks. To date, the collective impact of these risks is not yet large enough to undermine the manager's core view: that we are in a longer-than-average US recovery that supports equity returns, which are likely to exceed those of cash and bonds.

3. To the best of the Director's knowledge, information and belief having made all reasonable enquiries, the strategy with Morgan Stanley & Co. International plc (the "MS Strategy") is constructed based on a topdown approach that focuses on asset class, region/country, sector, investment's theme and style selection, as opposed to individual security selection. The MS Strategy's investment objective is to provide a global asset allocation that seeks to achieve long-term capital appreciation over time by gaining exposure to a diversified range of asset classes, geographical markets, sectors and investment styles, primary through funds, including exchanged traded funds, traditional funds and more sophisticated equity, fixed income, multi-asset class or alternative investment-linked funds.

As at 31 March 2018, the MS Strategy comprised 2% cash or cash equivalents, 20.3% fixed income funds, 64.7% equity funds (in the United States, Europe, Japan, Asia Pacific ex Japan and emerging markets) and the remaining 13% alternative strategies (which may, from time to time, include hedge funds, commodities, real estate). The 3-month period, 6-month period and 12-month period annualized portfolio volatility of the MS Strategy were 8.58%, 6.54% and 5.56%, respectively. Portfolio volatility refers to volatility of the daily total returns over a certain time period, then annualized.

As for the investment outlook, global reflation has been the primary narrative driving asset markets since 2016. That took a turn this year as interest rates moved sharply higher on concerns about inflation and peaking growth. With inflation expectations now above the Fed's 2% target, equity risk premiums have found their support for this cycle at 275 bps, making P/Es rate sensitive. Financial conditions reached an all-time low in January this year. This is expected to change in 2018, and it appears on course to do so. The effects are manifesting across all markets — wider credit spreads, higher rate/FX volatility, lower P/Es and even cryptocurrency prices. US equity valuations have strong support at P/E 16 multiple for the year 2018. Global equity markets look exceptionally cheap, especially Europe and Japan. After a significant spike in volatility and double-digit decline in equity markets, the markets appear to be range trading. Higher volatility is likely to continue until there is clarity on trade tensions and either technology shares stabilize or new leadership emerges. Tech's sell-off likely marks the end of the correction not the beginning of a leg lower. Investor euphoria has emerged late December 2017 after 8 years of a "hated" market. The MS Strategy believes that 2018 will mark the beginning of a wide trading range that could last several years. While the price damage may not be great at the index level, it may feel more like a bear market and look a lot like 2014-15, at the index level. For now, cyclicals are still favored over defensives but the cycle is getting later. Utilities were recently upgraded with the view that defensive sectors may perform better.

FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT OR LOSS (Continued)

The Investments (Continued)

During the year ended 31 March 2018, the Group recorded fair value gain on financial assets at fair value through profit or loss of approximately HK\$16,996,000 attributable to realized gain of approximately HK\$2,365,000 and unrealized gain of approximately HK\$14,631,000. Dividend income received from financial assets at fair value through profit or loss amounted to approximately HK\$1,903,000 during the year. The amounts of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss acquired and disposed during the year amounted to HK\$60,652,000 and HK\$80,432,000 respectively.

PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

Details of movements during the year in the property, plant and equipment of the Group are set out in note 13 to the financial statements.

SHARE CAPITAL

Details of movements during the year in the share capital of the Company are set out in note 26 to the financial statements.

DISTRIBUTABLE RESERVES

As at 31st March, 2018, the Company's reserves available for distribution to shareholders, calculated in accordance with the provision of the Companies Act 1981 of Bermuda (as amended), amounted to approximately HK\$263,424,000.

PRE-EMPTIVE RIGHTS

There are no provisions for pre-emptive rights under the Company's Bye-Laws or the law of Bermuda, which would oblige the Company to offer new shares on a pro-rata basis to existing shareholders.

DIRECTORS

The Directors of the Company during the year and up to the date of this report were:

Executive Directors:

Mr. Laurent LAM Kwing Chee (Chairman)
Mr. Anthony LAM Sai Ho (Vice Chairman and Chief Executive Officer) (redesignated to Chief Executive Officer on 9th October, 2017)
Madam LAM Sai Mann
Ms. Morna YUEN Mai-tong
Mr. TSANG Siu Hung

Non-executive Director:

Mr. Dennis LAM Saihong

Independent Non-executive Directors:

Mr. Joseph LAM Yuen To Mr. Michael YU Tat Chi Mr. Ronald YAN Mou Keung

On 9th October, 2017, Mr. Anthony LAM Sai Ho, the Vice Chairman of the Board and Managing Director of the Company, was redesignated from Managing Director to Chief Executive Officer of the Company. Mr. Anthony LAM Sai Ho continues to serve as the Vice Chairman of the Board and Chief Executive Officer of the Company.

In accordance with bye-law 99(A) of the Company's Bye-Laws, Madam LAM Sai Mann, Mr. TSANG Siu Hung and Mr. Ronald YAN Mou Keung, will retire from office by rotation and, being eligible, offer themselves for re-election at the forthcoming annual general meeting.

Each of the Independent Non-executive Directors confirmed his independence with the Company pursuant to rule 3.13 of the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities (the "Listing Rules"). The Company considered all the Independent Non-executive Directors are independent.

The term of office of each Executive Director and Non-executive Director is the period up to his retirement by rotation in accordance with the Company's Bye-Laws.

The term of appointment of the Independent Non-executive Directors, Mr. Joseph LAM Yuen To, Mr. Michael YU Tat Chi and Mr. Ronald YAN Mou Keung will be renewable automatically for each year commencing from the next day after the expiry of the current term of appointment to the next annual general meeting subsequently held, unless terminated by not less than one month's notice in writing served by either party or the other. All of the Independent Non-executive Directors are subject to retirement by rotation once every three years and are subject to re-election.

SERVICE CONTRACTS OF DIRECTORS

No Director being proposed for re-election at the forthcoming annual general meeting has a service contract which is not determinable by the Group within one year without payment of compensation (other than statutory compensation).

BIOGRAPHICAL DETAILS OF DIRECTORS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT STAFF

1. Directors

The biographical details of the Directors of the Company are as follows:

Laurent LAM Kwing Chee, aged 71, Chairman of the Company. Mr. Lam graduated from the Eastern Illinois University, U.S.A. with a bachelor degree in Economics and History. After graduation in 1971, Mr. Lam established a company to manufacture fiberglass products and a direct marketing businesses in Hong Kong. Mr. Lam joined the Group in 1982 with responsibility in Product Marketing Strategy and Business Development. He has extensive business experience in the property development and investment in Hong Kong, North America and Asian countries. Mr. Lam was the co-founder of the Golden Resources Group, listed in The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange") since 1991. After election as the Chairman of the Board in 2016, he took the integral part to oversee and renew strategic plan to strengthen the Group rice business and continue driving the expansion of Circle K convenience stores in Vietnam. Currently Circle K is the market leader of convenience stores in Vietnam in terms of store number and brand awareness. When he is not managing his business and supporting his CEO, he is engaging in local charity boards and spending time with his family. Mr. Lam is married with 2 children. Mr. Lam is the uncle of Mr. Anthony LAM Sai Ho, Madam LAM Sai Mann, Mr. Dennis LAM Saihong and Ms. Morna YUEN Mai-tong.

Anthony LAM Sai Ho, aged 51, Vice Chairman and Chief Executive Officer of the Company. He graduated from the University of Sydney in Australia, majoring in Economics and Psychology. After graduation, Mr. Lam joined the Merchant Banking Division of the State Bank of New South Wales, and had been extensively involved in the corporate financing and the securitization of assets and mortgages. Mr. Lam returned to Hong Kong and joined the Group in 1991 and has been appointed in several key senior management positions in Hong Kong and other Asian countries including Vietnam and Thailand. Mr. Lam holds an Executive Master of Business Administration degree from the City University of Hong Kong. Mr. Lam is an Executive Committee Member of the Customer Liaison Group for Rice under the Trade and Industry Department in Hong Kong, and the Executive Committee Member of the Federation of Hong Kong Industries (The Food, Beverages & Tobacco Group). He had been awarded the Ap Bac Medal from the Vietnam Government in recognition of his contribution to the rice industry in Vietnam. Apart from being active members in different business chambers and associations around the world, Mr. Lam is also a regular speaker in major international conferences. Mr. Lam is the nephew of Mr. Laurent LAM Kwing Chee, and the cousin of Madam LAM Sai Mann, Mr. Dennis LAM Saihong and Ms. Morna YUEN Mai-tong.

LAM Sai Mann, aged 43, Executive Director of the Company. She graduated from Macquarie University in Australia with a Bachelor of Commerce degree and holds a Master of Commerce degree from the University of Sydney in Australia. Madam Lam has extensive professional experience in operation and management of catering business. Madam Lam is the niece of Mr. Laurent LAM Kwing Chee, the sister of Mr. Dennis LAM Saihong, and the cousin of Mr. Anthony LAM Sai Ho and Ms. Morna YUEN Mai-tong.

BIOGRAPHICAL DETAILS OF DIRECTORS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT STAFF

(*Continued*)

1. Directors (Continued)

Morna YUEN Mai-tong, aged 39, Executive Director of the Company. She graduated from the University of Western Ontario with a Bachelor of Administrative and Commercial Studies and received dual degrees in Master of Science in Accounting and Master of Business Administration from Northeastern University. Ms. Yuen is a member of the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants. She joined the Group since 2010 and currently holds the position of General Manager of Procurement and Shipping Division of the Group. Prior to joining the Group, Ms. Yuen worked at BNP Paribas Wealth Management and Ernst & Young. Ms. Yuen has over 15 years of working experience in finance and assurance advisory. Ms. Yuen is the niece of Mr. Laurent LAM Kwing Chee, and the cousin of Mr. Anthony LAM Sai Ho, Madam LAM Sai Mann and Mr. Dennis LAM Saihong.

TSANG Siu Hung, aged 63, Executive Director of the Company and Finance Director of the Group. He holds a bachelor degree in Accountancy and is a fellow member of the Association of Chartered Certified Accountants and the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants. He joined the Group in 1985. Mr. Tsang has extensive professional experience in finance, accounting and auditing fields.

Dennis LAM Saihong, aged 38, Non-executive Director of the Company. He is currently a Director at the Chief Investment Office of UBS Wealth Management. Mr. Lam has over 16 years of experience in asset management and corporate finance. He previously held investment research and portfolio management responsibilities at Franklin Templeton Investments, Schroders and PineBridge Investments (Asia) Limited. Mr. Lam is currently a CFA charterholder and a certified Financial Risk Manager (FRM). Mr. Lam graduated *summa cum laude* from Boston University with a B.A. (with Distinction) in Economics and Mathematics and received a Master of Arts degree in Statistics from Harvard University. Mr. Lam is the nephew of Mr. Laurent LAM Kwing Chee, the cousin of Mr. Anthony LAM Sai Ho and Ms. Morna YUEN Mai-tong, and the brother of Madam LAM Sai Mann.

Joseph LAM Yuen To, aged 52, Independent Non-executive Director of the Company. He graduated from University of New South Wales, Australia with a Bachelor's degree in Commerce (with Merit) and University of London, United Kingdom with Bachelor's degree in Law (Hons). Mr. Lam is a member of the Australian Society of Certified Public Accountants and member of the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants. Mr. Lam has extensive experience in tax field audits, handling tax dispute cases in Hong Kong and PRC cross-border tax issues. He also provides services in Hong Kong and PRC tax health check on merger and acquisition assignments and initial public offering assignments.

BIOGRAPHICAL DETAILS OF DIRECTORS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT STAFF

(Continued)

1. Directors (Continued)

Michael YU Tat Chi, aged 53, Independent Non-executive Director of the Company. He holds a bachelor of commerce degree from the University of New South Wales, Australia. He is a fellow member of the CPA Australia and a member of the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants. Mr. Yu is also a founding member of The Hong Kong Independent Non-Executive Director Association. Mr. Yu has many years of experience in accounting, corporate finance and asset management. He had held senior management positions in listed companies in Hong Kong. Mr. Yu was appointed as an Independent Non-executive Director of EVOC Intelligent Technology Company Limited (a listed company in Hong Kong, stock code: 2308) on 30th May, 2016 and Applied Development Holdings Limited (a listed company in Hong Kong, stock code: 519) on 14th September, 2016 respectively. He was appointed as an Independent Non-executive Director of China Netcom Technology Holdings Limited (a listed company in Hong Kong, stock code: 8071) on 31st August, 2017 and Lerado Financial Group Company Limited (a listed company in Hong Kong, stock code: 1225) on 6th February, 2018 respectively.

Ronald YAN Mou Keung, aged 63, Independent Non-executive Director of the Company. He has more than 27 years of experience in running retail fashions and had been an executive director and an operations director of a men's fashion retail chain. He had extensive experience in developing and promoting of brands, marketing and apparel distribution in fashion business. Mr. Yan is the Vice Chairman of Yau Tsim Mong "No-drug" Alliance Steering Committee, Chairman of Yau Tsim Mong South Area Committee and observer of Independent Police Complaints Council. Mr. Yan was awarded the Chief Executive's Commendation for Community Service on 1st July, 2016.

2. Senior Management

The five Directors of the Company holding executive offices above are directly responsible for the various businesses of the Group. They are regarded as the members of the senior management of the Group.

DIRECTORS' INTERESTS AND SHORT POSITIONS IN THE SHARES AND UNDERLYING SHARES

As at 31st March, 2018, the interests and short positions of the Directors and their associates in the shares and underlying shares of the Company or any of its associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the Securities and Futures Ordinance ("SFO")) as recorded in the register required to be kept under Section 352 of the SFO or as otherwise notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to the Model Code contained in the Listing Rules, were as follows:

Long positions

(a) Ordinary shares of the Company

	Number of ordinary shares beneficially held in the Company				
				Approximate percentage of the issued share capital	
Name of director	Personal interests	Corporate interests	Total interests	of the Company	
Mr. Laurent LAM Kwing Chee	_	14,700,000	14,700,000 (Note 1)	0.86%	
Mr. Anthony LAM Sai Ho	_	22,050,000	22,050,000 (Note 2)	1.29%	
Madam LAM Sai Mann	6,250,000	82,771,000	89,021,000 (Note 3)	5.24%	
Mr. Dennis LAM Saihong	25,250,000	50,000,000	75,250,000 (Note 4)	4.43%	
Mr. TSANG Siu Hung	2,500,000	—	2,500,000	0.14%	

Notes:

- 1. These 14,700,000 shares are held by Elite Solution Investments Limited, a company which is 50% owned by Mr. Laurent LAM Kwing Chee, a Director of the Company.
- 2. These 22,050,000 shares are held by Mr. Anthony LAM Sai Ho, a Director of the Company as corporate interests: (i) 7,350,000 shares are held by Great Avenue Group Limited, a company which is 40% owned by Mr. Anthony LAM Sai Ho; and (ii) 14,700,000 shares are held by Elite Solution Investments Limited, a company which is 50% owned by Mr. Anthony LAM Sai Ho.
- 3. These 89,021,000 shares are held by Madam LAM Sai Mann, a Director of the Company as beneficial owner in respect of 6,250,000 shares and as corporate interest in respect of 82,771,000 shares held by Joint Success Limited, a company which is wholly-owned by Madam LAM Sai Mann.
- 4. These 75,250,000 shares are held by Mr. Dennis LAM Saihong, a Director of the Company as beneficial owner in respect of 25,250,000 shares and as corporate interest in respect of 50,000,000 shares held by Cheerful Group Holdings Limited, a company which is wholly-owned by Mr. Dennis LAM Saihong.

DIRECTORS' INTERESTS AND SHORT POSITIONS IN THE SHARES AND

UNDERLYING SHARES (Continued)

Long positions (Continued)

(b) Non-voting deferred shares of wholly-owned subsidiaries of the Company

Name of director	Name of subsidiary	Capacity	Number of non-voting deferred shares beneficially held
Mr. Anthony	Golden Resources	Interest in controlled corporation	260,000
LAM Sai Ho	Development Limited		(Note)
Mr. Anthony	Yuen Loong & Company	Interest in controlled corporation	13,000
LAM Sai Ho	Limited		(Note)

Note: These shares are held by Marvel City Holdings Limited, a company which is 40% owned by Mr. Anthony LAM Sai Ho, a Director of the Company.

(c) Ordinary shares of associate of the Company

Name of director	Name of associate	Capacity	Number of ordinary shares held through corporation
Mr. Laurent LAM Kwing Chee	Starland Century Limited	Interest in controlled corporation	300 (Note)

Note: These shares are held by L.K.C. Company Limited, a company which is wholly-owned by Mr. Laurent LAM Kwing Chee, a Director of the Company.

(d) Share options

Name of director	Capacity	Number of options held	Number of underlying shares
Mr. TSANG Siu Hung	Beneficial owner	2,500,000	2,500,000

The details of the directors' personal interest in the underlying shares of the Company in respect of share options granted by the Company are stated in the following section "Share Options Granted to Directors and Employees".

DIRECTORS' INTERESTS AND SHORT POSITIONS IN THE SHARES AND

UNDERLYING SHARES (Continued)

Long positions (Continued)

Save as disclosed above, as at 31st March, 2018, none of the Directors nor their associates of the Company had or was deemed to have any interest or short positions in the shares or underlying shares of the Company or any of its associated corporations as recorded in the register that required to be kept by the Company pursuant to Section 352 of the SFO or as otherwise notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to the Model Code contained in the Listing Rules.

SHARE OPTIONS GRANTED TO DIRECTORS AND EMPLOYEES

Particulars of the Company's share option scheme are set out in note 27 to the financial statements.

During the year ended 31st March, 2018, details of share options granted to the Directors and employees under the existing share option scheme of the Company were as follows:

	Grant date	Validity period	Exercise price for one share (Note 1) HK\$	Balance outstanding at 1st April, 2017	Granted during the year	Exercised during the year	Balance outstanding at 31st March, 2018
Director							
Mr. TSANG Siu Hung	13th October, 2011	13th October, 2011 — 25th August, 2018 (Note 2)	0.41	2,500,000			2 500 000
		(Note 2)	0.41	2,500,000		_	2,500,000
Total				2,500,000	_	_	2,500,000
Employees							
	13th October, 2011	13th October, 2011 — 25th August, 2018 (Note 3)	0.41	4,000,000	_	1,000,000	3,000,000
	21st December, 2011	21st December, 2011 — 25th August, 2018					
		(Note 3)	0.376	2,000,000	_	1,000,000	1,000,000
Total				6,000,000	_	2,000,000	4,000,000
Grand total				8,500,000	_	2,000,000	6,500,000

SHARE OPTIONS GRANTED TO DIRECTORS AND EMPLOYEES (Continued) *Notes:*

1. The exercise price of the share options to subscribe for one ordinary share is subject to adjustment in the case of rights or bonus issues, or other similar changes in the Company's share capital.

- 2. The option to subscribe for ordinary share is exercisable during the validity period, subject to the vesting scale as follows:
 - (i) up to 50% or partial exercise of the 5,000,000 ordinary shares exercisable after the 2nd year of the date of acceptance of the option; and
 - (ii) up to 100% or partial exercise of the 5,000,000 ordinary shares exercisable after the 4th year of the date of acceptance of the option.
- 3. The option to subscribe for ordinary share is exercisable during the validity period, subject to the vesting scale as follows:
 - (i) up to 33.33% or partial exercise of the 6,000,000 ordinary shares exercisable after the 2nd year of the date of acceptance of the options; and
 - (ii) up to 66.67% or partial exercise of the 6,000,000 ordinary shares exercisable after the 3rd year of the date of acceptance of the options; and
 - (iii) up to 100% or partial exercise of the 6,000,000 ordinary shares exercisable after the 4th year of the date of acceptance of the options.

Save as disclosed above, none of the Directors nor their spouses or children under 18 years of age were granted or had exercised any rights to subscribe for any securities of the Company or any of its associated corporations.

DIRECTORS' RIGHTS TO ACQUIRE SHARES

Save as disclosed under the headings "Directors' Interests and Short Positions in the Shares and Underlying Shares" and "Share Options Granted to Directors and Employees" above and particulars of the Company's share option scheme as set out in note 27 to the financial statements, at no time during the year was the Company or any of its subsidiaries a party to any arrangements to enable the Directors of the Company to acquire benefits by means of the acquisition of shares in or debentures of the Company or any other body corporate and neither the Directors nor the Chief Executive, nor any of their spouses or children under the age of 18, had any right to subscribe for the securities of the Company.

SHARES ISSUED

For the year ended 31st March, 2018, the Company issued 2,000,000 ordinary shares under the share option scheme which were exercised at average price of HK\$0.393 per ordinary share with total consideration of HK\$786,000 received by the Company. Details of the Company's share option scheme are set out in note 27 to the financial statements.

RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Details of the related party transactions entered into by the Group during the year are set out in note 34 to the financial statements.

CONNECTED TRANSACTIONS

During the year, the Company did not have any connected transactions which were subject to the requirements of the Listing Rules on the Stock Exchange.

DIRECTORS' INTERESTS IN CONTRACTS OF SIGNIFICANCE

No contracts of significance to which the Company or any of its subsidiaries was a party and in which a Director of the Company had a material interest, whether directly or indirectly, subsisted at the end of the year or at any time during the year.

MANAGEMENT CONTRACTS

No contracts concerning the management and administration of the whole or any substantial part of the business of the Company were entered into or existed during the year.

DIRECTORS' INTERESTS IN COMPETING BUSINESS

As of 31st March, 2018, none of the Directors, the substantial shareholders or their respective close associates (as defined under the Listing Rules) had held any position or had any interest in any businesses or companies that were or might be materially, either directly or indirectly, competing with the business of the Group, or gave rise to any concern regarding conflict of interests during the year ended 31st March, 2018.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

The Company had complied with the code provisions as set out in the Corporate Governance Code and Corporate Governance Report (the "Code") contained in Appendix 14 to the Listing Rules on the Stock Exchange during the year ended 31st March, 2018.

Details of the Company's corporate governance practices are set out in the Corporate Governance Report on pages 26 to 40 of this annual report.

SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDERS

As at 31st March, 2018, the following persons, other than Directors or Chief Executives of the Company, had interests or short positions in the shares or underlying shares of the Company as recorded in the register required to be kept by the Company pursuant to Section 336 of the SFO:

		Approximate percentage of the issued
Name of shareholder	Number of shares held (Note 1)	share capital of the Company
Yuen Loong International Limited ("Yuen Loong")	548,052,026	32.28% (Note 2)
Chelsey Developments Ltd. ("Chelsey")	252,240,000	14.86% (Note 2)

Notes:

- 1. These shares represent long positions.
- 2. Mr. Laurent LAM Kwing Chee, a Director of the Company, is interested in approximately 18% of the issued share capital of each of Yuen Loong and Chelsey. Mr. Anthony LAM Sai Ho, a Director of the Company, is interested in 40% of the issued share capital of Marvel City Holdings Limited which in turn is interested in approximately 24% of the issued share capital of each of Yuen Loong and Chelsey. Madam LAM Sai Mann, a Director of the Company, is interested in 30% of the issued share capital of Elegant Investments Holdings Limited which in turn is interested in approximately 24% of the issued in approximately 24% of the issued share capital of each of Yuen Loong and Chelsey. Mr. Dennis LAM Saihong, a Director of the Company, is interested in 30% of the issued share capital of Elegant Investments Holdings Limited which in turn is interested Holdings Limited which in turn is interested share capital of Elegant Investments Holdings Limited which in turn is interested share capital of Elegant Investments Holdings Limited which in turn is interested in 30% of the issued share capital of Elegant Investments Holdings Limited which in turn is interested in approximately 24% of the issued share capital of Elegant Investments Holdings Limited which in turn is interested in approximately 24% of the issued share capital of each of Yuen Loong and Chelsey.

Save as disclosed above, as at 31st March, 2018, the Company had not been notified by any other person, other than Directors or Chief Executives of the Company, who had interests or short positions in the shares or underlying shares of the Company as recorded in the register that required to be kept by the Company pursuant to Section 336 of the SFO and/or were directly or indirectly interested in 5% or more of the nominal value of the share capital carrying rights to vote in all circumstances at general meetings of any other members of the Group.

CHARITABLE DONATIONS

During the year, the Group made charitable donations amounting to approximately HK\$38,000.

LIQUIDITY AND FINANCIAL RESOURCES

The Group had cash balance of approximately HK\$311 million as at 31st March, 2018.

With cash and other current assets of approximately HK\$828 million as at 31st March, 2018 as well as available banking facilities, the Group has sufficient financial resources to satisfy its commitments and working capital requirements.

The Group did not have any debt financing as at 31st March, 2018.

NET ASSET VALUE

The net asset value of the Group as at 31st March, 2018 was HK\$0.76 per share based on 1,697,406,458 shares in issue as at that date.

EMPLOYEES AND REMUNERATION POLICY

The total number of employees for the Group is about 2,762.

Remuneration packages are reviewed by the Group from time to time. In addition to salary payments, other fringe benefits for the staff include retirement benefits schemes and medical insurance scheme, as well as quarters and housing allowances for certain staff. The Group has taken out personal accident insurance for senior staff and the staff who frequently travel overseas on business trips.

MAJOR CUSTOMERS AND SUPPLIERS

For the financial year ended 31st March, 2018, the five largest customers of the Group accounted for approximately 34% by value of the Group's revenue and the five largest suppliers accounted for approximately 46% by value of the Group's total purchases. Approximately 15% of the Group's revenue and approximately 16% of the Group's total purchases were attributable to the Group's largest customer and supplier respectively.

Cousins of the Company's Director (Mr. Laurent LAM Kwing Chee) and uncles of the Company's Directors (Mr. Anthony LAM Sai Ho, Madam LAM Sai Mann, Mr. Dennis LAM Saihong and Ms. Morna YUEN Mai-tong) had beneficial interests in one of the Group's five largest suppliers. The Group held 40% beneficial interest in this supplier.

Save as disclosed above and as far as the Company's Directors are aware, none of the Directors of the Company or any of their other associates, or any shareholders (which, to the best knowledge of the Directors, owned more than 5% of the Company's issued share capital) had a beneficial interest in the Group's five largest customers and five largest suppliers.

PUBLIC FLOAT

As at the date of this report, based on the information publicly available to the Company and within the knowledge of the Directors of the Company, over 25% of the issued share capital of the Company was held by the public as required under the Listing Rules.

AUDITOR

A resolution will be submitted to the forthcoming annual general meeting to re-appoint HLM CPA Limited as the auditor of the Company.

On behalf of the Board

Anthony LAM Sai Ho Vice Chairman and Chief Executive Officer

Hong Kong, 27th June, 2018

The Company is committed to maintaining good corporate governance standard and procedures to safeguard the interests of all shareholders and to enhance accountability and transparency.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE PRACTICES

The Company adopted all the code provisions in the Code as set out in Appendix 14 to the Listing Rules as its own code on corporate governance. The Company has complied with the Code throughout the year ended 31st March, 2018.

DIRECTORS' SECURITIES TRANSACTIONS

The Company has adopted the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Issuers (the "Model Code") as set out in Appendix 10 to the Listing Rules as its own code of conduct regarding securities transactions by Directors. All Directors have confirmed, following specific enquiry by the Company, that they fully complied with the required standard as set out in the Model Code throughout the year ended 31st March, 2018.

THE BOARD

Composition

The Board currently comprises nine Directors including five Executive Directors, one Non-executive Director and three Independent Non-executive Directors. The Independent Non-executive Directors possess appropriate academic and professional qualifications or related financial management expertise and have brought a wide range of business and financial experience and independent judgment to the Board.

On 9th October, 2017, Mr. Anthony LAM Sai Ho, the Vice Chairman of the Board and Managing Director of the Company, was redesignated from Managing Director to Chief Executive Officer of the Company. Mr. Anthony LAM Sai Ho continues to serve as the Vice Chairman of the Board and Chief Executive Officer of the Company.

The composition of the Board of the Company for the year ended 31st March, 2018 and up to the date of this report were:

Executive Directors:

Mr. Laurent LAM Kwing Chee (Chairman)
Mr. Anthony LAM Sai Ho (Vice Chairman and Chief Executive Officer) (redesignated to Chief Executive Officer on 9th October, 2017)
Madam LAM Sai Mann
Ms. Morna YUEN Mai-tong
Mr. TSANG Siu Hung

Non-executive Director:

Mr. Dennis LAM Saihong

Independent Non-executive Directors:

Mr. Joseph LAM Yuen To Mr. Michael YU Tat Chi Mr. Ronald YAN Mou Keung

Mr. Laurent LAM Kwing Chee, Chairman of the Company, is the uncle of Mr. Anthony LAM Sai Ho, Vice Chairman and Chief Executive Officer, Madam LAM Sai Mann and Ms. Morna YUEN Mai-tong, the Executive Directors of the Company, and Mr. Dennis LAM Saihong, the Non-executive Director of the Company. The biographical details and relationships among members of the Board are set out on pages 15 to 17 of this annual report. Save as disclosed above and in the "Biographical Details of Directors and Senior Management Staff" section of this annual report, none of the Directors of the Company has any financial, business, family or other material/ relevant relationships with one another.

During the year ended 31st March, 2018, the Board at all times met the requirements of the Listing Rules relating to the appointment of at least three Independent Non-executive Directors, representing one-third of the Board and with at least one Independent Non-executive Director possessing appropriate professional qualifications, or accounting or related financial management expertise.

The Company has received written annual confirmation in respect of independence from all its Independent Non-executive Directors pursuant to the requirements of the Listing Rules. The Company considers all Independent Non-executive Directors to be independent in accordance with the independence guidelines set out in Rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules. The Company has formal letter of appointment for all Directors setting out the key terms and conditions relative to their appointment.

Directors of the Company are continually updated with legal and regulatory developments, and the business environment to facilitate the discharge of their responsibilities. During the year, all Directors have participated in appropriate continuous professional training either by attending seminars, viewing the director training program video webcasting launched by the Stock Exchange and reading materials relevant to the Company's business or to the Directors' duties and responsibilities and kept a record of training they received.

During the year, the Company has arranged for appropriate liability insurance to indemnify its directors for their liabilities arising out of corporate activities. The insurance coverage is reviewed on an annual basis.

Function

The Board sets the Group's overall objectives and strategies, monitors and evaluates its operating and financial performance and reviews the corporate governance standard of the Company. It also decides on matters such as annual and interim results, major transactions, director appointments or re-appointments, and dividend and accounting policies. The Board has delegated the authority and responsibility for implementing its business strategies and managing the daily operations of the Group's businesses to the Chief Executive Officer and the senior management.

The Board held four regular board meetings at approximately quarterly interval during the year ended 31st March, 2018. Additional board meetings were held when necessary. Notices of at least 14 days accompanying with agenda for regular board meetings were given to all of the Directors. The Directors have been provided in a timely manner with appropriate information in order to enable them to discharge their duties and responsibilities. The regular board meetings have been participated by the Directors either in person or by way of telephone conference from time to time when necessary. Minutes of full board meetings and meetings of board committee are properly kept and all Directors are entitled to have access to board papers and the related materials.

During the year ended 31st March, 2018, none of the Directors of the Company has appointed any alternate to attend any board, committee and general meetings.

Details of individual attendance of Directors at the board meeting and general meeting during the year are set out in the table below:

	Board Meeting	General Meeting
Name of Director	Number of Attendance/ Number of Meeting Held	Number of Attendance/ Number of Meeting Held
Executive Directors:		
Mr. Laurent LAM Kwing Chee (Chairman)	4/4	1/1
Mr. Anthony LAM Sai Ho (Vice Chairman and Chief Executive Officer)	4/4	1/1
(redesignated to Chief Executive Officer on 9th October, 2017)	4 / 4	1 /1
Madam LAM Sai Mann	4/4	1/1
Ms. Morna YUEN Mai-tong	4/4	1/1
Mr. TSANG Siu Hung	4/4	1/1
Non-executive Director:		
Mr. Dennis LAM Saihong	4/4	1/1
Independent Non-executive Directors:		
Mr. Joseph LAM Yuen To	4/4	1/1
Mr. Michael YU Tat Chi	4/4	1/1
Mr. Ronald YAN Mou Keung	4/4	1/1

CHAIRMAN AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER

During the year, the Chairman of the Company is Mr. Laurent LAM Kwing Chee and the Chief Executive Officer of the Company is Mr. Anthony LAM Sai Ho.

NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

The Independent Non-executive Directors of the Company were appointed with specific written term. The term of appointment of all of the Independent Non-executive Directors will be automatically renewable for each year commencing from the next day after the expiry of the current term of appointment to the next annual general meeting subsequently held, unless terminated by not less than one month's notice in writing served by either party or the other. All of the Independent Non-executive Directors are subject to retirement by rotation once every three years and are subject to re-election.

BOARD COMMITTEES

During the year ended 31st March, 2018, the Board has three board committees, namely, the Remuneration Committee, the Audit Committee and the Nomination Committee, for overseeing particular aspects of the Company's affairs.

The three board committees of the Company are established with defined written terms of reference, approved by the Board, which set out the Committees' major duties. These are now posted on the websites of Hong Kong Exchanges and Clearing Limited and the Company and are available to shareholders.

The majority of the members of each board committee are Independent Non-executive Directors. The list of the Chairman and members of each board committee is set out in each of the following board committee section.

The board committees are provided with sufficient resources to discharge their duties and, upon reasonable request, are able to seek independent professional advice in appropriate circumstances, at the Company's expense.

Remuneration Committee

The Company established the Remuneration Committee on 12th April, 2005 with specific written terms of reference in accordance with the requirement of the Stock Exchange which deal clearly with its authority and duties.

The Remuneration Committee has adopted the approach under code provision B.1.2(c)(ii) of the Code and advises and makes recommendations to the Board on the Group's overall policy and structure for the remuneration of directors and senior management.

The members of the Remuneration Committee for the year ended 31st March, 2018 comprise four members, of which three are Independent Non-executive Directors, Mr. Michael YU Tat Chi (Chairman of Remuneration Committee), Mr. Joseph LAM Yuen To, Mr. Ronald YAN Mou Keung and one is Executive Director, Mr. Laurent LAM Kwing Chee.

The principal duties of the Remuneration Committee include:

- to make recommendations to the Board on the Company's policy and structure for all directors' and senior management remuneration and on the establishment of a formal and transparent procedure for developing remuneration policy;
- to review and approve the management's remuneration proposals with reference to the Board's corporate goals and objectives;
- to make recommendations to the Board on the remuneration packages of individual executive directors and senior management. This should include benefits in kind, pension rights and compensation payments, including any compensation payable for loss or termination of their office or appointment;
- to review and approve compensation payable to executive directors and senior management for any loss or termination of office or appointment to ensure that it is consistent with contractual terms and is otherwise fair and not excessive; and
- to review and approve compensation arrangements relating to dismissal or removal of directors for misconduct to ensure that they are consistent with contractual terms and are otherwise reasonable and appropriate.

The Remuneration Committee held one meeting during the year ended 31st March, 2018. The attendance of each member was as follows:

Name of Director	Number of Attendance/ Number of Meeting Held
Mr. Michael YU Tat Chi (Chairman of the Remuneration Committee)	1/1
Mr. Laurent LAM Kwing Chee	1/1
Mr. Joseph LAM Yuen To	1/1
Mr. Ronald YAN Mou Keung	1/1

During the year ended 31st March, 2018, the summary of work performed by the Remuneration Committee was as follows:

- reviewed the remuneration policy for 2017/2018;
- reviewed and updated the existing Directors' fee; and
- reviewed the remuneration of the Executive Directors, Non-executive Director and the Independent Non-executive Directors.

Nomination Committee

The Company established the Nomination Committee on 30th March, 2012 with specific written terms of reference in accordance with the requirement of the Stock Exchange which deal clearly with its authority and duties.

The members of the Nomination Committee for the year ended 31st March, 2018 comprise four members, of which three are Independent Non-executive Directors, Mr. Joseph LAM Yuen To, Mr. Michael YU Tat Chi, Mr. Ronald YAN Mou Keung and one is Executive Director, Mr. Laurent LAM Kwing Chee (Chairman of Nomination Committee).

Board Diversity Policy

The Board has adopted a board diversity policy (the "Policy") in June 2014 which sets out the approach to achieve diversity on the Board of the Company. The Company recognises and embraces the benefits of diversity in Board members. All Board appointments will be based on merit while taking into account diversity including gender diversity. Selection of candidates will be based on a range of diversity perspectives, including but not limited to gender, age, cultural and educational background, professional experience, skills, knowledge and length of service. The ultimate decision will be based on merit and contribution that the selected candidates will bring to the Board. The Nomination Committee will review the Policy, as appropriate, to ensure the effectiveness of the Policy.

The principal duties of the Nomination Committee include:

- to review the structure, size and composition (including the skills, knowledge and experience) of the Board at least annually and make recommendations on any proposed changes to the Board to complement the Company's corporate strategy;
- to identify individuals suitably qualified to become Board members and select or make recommendations to the Board on the selection of individuals nominated for directorships;
- to keep under review the leadership needs of the Company, both executive and non-executive, with a view to ensuring the continued ability of the Company to compete effectively in the marketplace, and in this connection, to keep up-to-date and fully informed about strategic issues and commercial changes affecting the Company and the market in which it operates;
- to assess the independence of independent non-executive directors, having regard to the requirements under the Listing Rules;
- to make recommendations to the Board on the appointment or re-appointment of Directors and succession planning for Directors, in particular the Chairman of the Board and the chief executive; and
- to monitor the implementation of the Board Diversity Policy and to review the policy, as appropriate, to ensure the effectiveness of the policy.

The Nomination Committee held one meeting during the year ended 31st March, 2018. The attendance of each member was as follows:

Name of Director

Number of Attendance/ Number of Meeting Held

Mr. Laurent LAM Kwing Chee (Chairman of the Nomination Committee)	1/1
Mr. Joseph LAM Yuen To	1/1
Mr. Michael YU Tat Chi	1/1
Mr. Ronald YAN Mou Keung	1/1

During the year ended 31st March, 2018, the summary of work performed by the Nomination Committee was as follows:

- reviewed the appointment of Executive Director and Non-executive Director and recommended to the Board for approval;
- reviewed the appointment of Independent Non-executive Director;
- reviewed the structure, size and composition of the Board; and
- reviewed and assessed the independence of Independent Non-executive Directors in accordance with the requirements under the Listing Rules.

Audit Committee

The Company established the Audit Committee on 10th August, 1999 with specific written terms of reference in accordance with the requirement of the Stock Exchange which deal clearly with its authority and duties.

The members of the Audit Committee for the year ended 31st March, 2018 comprise three Independent Non-executive Directors, Mr. Joseph LAM Yuen To (Chairman of Audit Committee), Mr. Michael YU Tat Chi and Mr. Ronald YAN Mou Keung.

The principal duties of the Audit Committee include:

- to be primarily responsible for making recommendations to the Board on the appointment, reappointment and removal of the external auditor, and to approve the remuneration and terms of engagement of the external auditor, and any questions of its resignation or dismissal;
- to review and monitor the external auditor's independence and objectivity and the effectiveness of the audit process in accordance with applicable standards. The Committee should discuss with the auditor the nature and scope of the audit and reporting obligations before the audit commences;
- to develop and implement policy on engaging an external auditor to supply non-audit services;
- to review the Company's financial controls, and expressly addressed by a separate board risk committee, or the Board itself, to review the Company's risk management and internal control systems;
- to discuss the risk management and internal control systems with management to ensure that management has performed its duty to have effective internal control systems;
- to review the external auditor's management letter, any material queries raised by the auditor to management about accounting records, financial accounts or systems of control and management's response; and
- to review the Group's financial and accounting policies and practices.

The Audit Committee held two meetings during the year ended 31st March, 2018. The attendance of each member is set out as follows:

Name of Director	Number of Attendance/ Number of Meeting Held
Mr. Joseph LAM Yuen To (Chairman of the Audit Committee)	2/2
Mr. Michael YU Tat Chi	2/2
Mr. Ronald YAN Mou Keung	2/2

During the year ended 31st March, 2018, the summary of work performed by the Audit Committee was as follows:

- review of the financial statement for the year ended 31st March, 2017 and for the six months ended 30th September, 2017;
- review and discussion of the audit findings with the auditor and review of the annual results announcement;
- review and consideration of various accounting issues and new standards and their financial impact;
- review the effectiveness of the internal control system of the Group; and
- consideration of the audit fee and audit work for the year.

Corporate Governance Functions

The Company is committed to enhancing its corporate governance practices appropriately to the conduct and growth of its business. To achieve a right balance between conformance and governance, the Board is responsible for introducing and proposing relevant principles concerning corporate governance so as to enhance the standard of corporate governance of the Company. The Terms of Reference of Corporate Governance Function of the Board of Directors was established to serve this purpose.

The Board is responsible for performing the corporate governance duties as follows:

- to develop and review the Company's policies and practices on corporate governance;
- to review and monitor the training and continuous professional development of directors and senior management;
- to review and monitor the Company's policies and practices on compliance with legal and regulatory requirements; and
- to review the Company's compliance with the Code and disclosure in the Corporate Governance Report.

The Board held one meeting in respect of corporate governance functions during the year ended 31st March, 2018. The attendance of each member was as follows:

Number of Attendance/ Name of Director Number of Meeting Held Mr. Laurent LAM Kwing Chee (Chairman) 1/1Mr. Anthony LAM Sai Ho (Vice Chairman and Chief Executive Officer) 1/1(redesignated to Chief Executive Officer on 9th October, 2017) Madam LAM Sai Mann 1/1Ms. Morna YUEN Mai-tong 1/1Mr. TSANG Siu Hung 1/1Mr. Dennis LAM Saihong 1/1Mr. Joseph LAM Yuen To 1/1Mr. Michael YU Tat Chi 1/1Mr. Ronald YAN Mou Keung 1/1

During the year ended 31st March, 2018, the summary of work performed by the Board in respect of corporate governance functions was as follows:

- reviewed the Company's policies and practices on corporate governance for 2017/2018;
- reviewed the training and continuous professional development of directors; and
- reviewed the Company's compliance with the Code and disclosure in the Corporate Governance Report for 2017/2018.

COMPANY SECRETARY

The Company Secretary is a full time employee of the Company and has day-to-day knowledge of the Company's affairs. For the year ended 31st March, 2018, the Company Secretary undertook over 15 hours' professional training to update his skill and knowledge in compliance with the Code.

AUDITOR'S REMUNERATION

During the year ended 31st March, 2018, the total audit fee of the Group amounted to approximately HK\$763,000. Non-audit service fee for the year amounted to approximately HK\$118,000.

DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES FOR PREPARING THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The Directors are responsible for overseeing the preparation of accounts for each financial period with a view to ensuring such accounts give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Group and of the results and cash flow for that period. The Company's accounts are prepared in accordance with all relevant statutory requirements and applicable accounting standards. The Directors are responsible for ensuring that appropriate accounting policies are selected and applied consistently; and that judgment and estimates made are prudent and reasonable.

There are no material uncertainties relating to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern.

The statement of the external auditor of the Company about their reporting responsibilities on the consolidated financial statements is set out in the Independent Auditor's Report on pages 49 to 54 of this annual report.

INTERNAL CONTROL

The Board has overall responsibility for maintaining sound and effective risk management and internal control systems of the Group. The Group's risk management and internal control systems include a well defined management structure with limits of authority which is designed for the achievement of business objectives, so as to safeguard assets against unauthorized use or disposition, to ensure proper maintenance of books and records for the provision of reliable financial information for internal use or publication, and to ensure compliance with relevant legislation and regulations.

During the year under review, the Board, through the Audit Committee, has conducted a review of the effectiveness of the risk management and internal control systems of the Group including the adequacy of resources, qualifications and experience of staff of the Company's accounting and financial reporting function, and their training programmes and budget. The Board is of the view that the existing risk management and internal control systems are effective and adequate to the Group.

SHAREHOLDERS' RIGHTS

The Company treats all shareholders equally and ensures that shareholders' rights are protected and every convenience is provided to exercise their rights in the many ways that they should receive. The Memorandum of Association and New Bye-Laws of the Company sets out the rights of our shareholders.

(a) Rights and procedures for shareholders to convene special general meeting ("SGM")

The Directors of the Company, notwithstanding anything in its bye-laws shall, on the requisition of Shareholders of the Company holding at the date of the deposit of the requisition not less than one-tenth of such of the paid-up capital of the Company as at the date of the deposit carries the right of voting at general meetings of the Company, forthwith proceed duly to convene a SGM of the Company.

The requisition must state the purposes of the meeting, and must be signed by the requisitionists and deposited at the Company Secretary at the Company's Head Office at 11/F., Golden Resources Centre, 2-12 Cheung Tat Road, Tsing Yi Island, New Territories, Hong Kong, and may consist of several documents in like form each signed by one or more requisitionists.

The request will be verified with the Company's Share Registrars in Bermuda or Hong Kong and upon their confirmation that the request is proper and in order, the Company Secretary will ask the Board to include the resolution in the agenda for the SGM.

If the Directors do not within 21 days from the date of the deposit of the requisition proceed duly to convene a meeting, the requisitionists, or any of them representing more than one half of the total voting rights of all of them, may themselves convene a meeting, but any meeting so convened shall not be held after the expiration of three months from the said date.

(b) Rights and procedures for shareholders to make proposals at general meetings

(i) **R**

Rights and procedures for proposing a person for election as a director at a general meeting are as follows:

No person, other than a retiring Director, shall, unless recommended by the board of directors for election, be eligible for election to the office of Director at any general meeting, unless notice in writing of the intention to propose that person for election as a Director and notice in writing by that person of his willingness to be elected including that person's biographical details as required by rule 13.51(2) of the Listing Rules on the Stock Exchange shall have been lodged at the Head Office of the Company at 11/F., Golden Resources Centre, 2-12 Cheung Tat Road, Tsing Yi Islands, New Territories, Hong Kong or at the Registration Office provided that the minimum length of the period, during which such notice is given, shall be at least 7 days before the date of the general meeting.

If the notice is submitted after the dispatch of the notice of the general meeting appointed for such election, the period for lodgment of such notice shall commence on the day after the dispatch of the notice of the general meeting appointed for such election and end no later than 7 days prior to the date of such general meeting.

If the notice is received less than 10 business days prior to the date of such general meeting, the Company will need to consider the adjournment of such general meeting in order to allow Shareholders 14 days' notice (the notice period must include 10 business days) of the proposal.

(ii) Rights and procedures for proposing resolution to be put forward at a general meeting are as follows:

To put forward proposals at an Annual General Meeting ("AGM"), or SGM, the Shareholders should submit a written notice of those proposals with the detailed contact information to the Company Secretary at the Company's Head Office at 11/F., Golden Resources Centre, 2-12 Cheung Tat Road, Tsing Yi Island, New Territories, Hong Kong. The request will be verified with the Company's Share Registrars in Bermuda or Hong Kong and upon their confirmation that the request is proper and in order, the Company Secretary will ask the Board to include the resolution in the agenda for the general meeting.

The notice period to be given to all the Shareholders for consideration of the proposal raised by the Shareholders concerned at AGM or SGM varies according to the nature of the proposal, as follows:

- At least 14 days' notice (the notice period must include 10 business days) in writing if the proposal constitutes an ordinary resolution of the Company in SGM.
- At least 21 days' notice (the notice period must include 20 business days) in writing if the proposal constitutes an ordinary resolution of the Company in AGM or a special resolution of the Company in AGM or SGM.

(c) Procedures to send enquiries to the Board

The enquiries must be in writing with contact information of the requisitionists and deposited at the Company Secretary at the Company's Head Office at 11/F., Golden Resources Centre, 2-12 Cheung Tat Road, Tsing Yi Island, New Territories, Hong Kong.

COMMUNICATION WITH SHAREHOLDERS

The Company believes in maintaining full, open and timely communication with its shareholders, and observing high standards in corporate governance and shareholder communications.

The Company uses a range of communication tools to ensure its shareholders are kept well informed of key business imperatives. These include annual general meeting ("AGM"), annual report, interim report, various notices, announcements and circulars.

To promote effective communication with shareholders, the Company provides them with access to the latest information about the Company. The Company's website, www.grdil.com, serves as the primary tool to communicate rapidly with shareholders, and is a source of useful and current information about the Company. Financial and other information relating to the Group and its business activities is made available on the Company's website, which is regularly updated.

Extensive information on the Company's activities is provided in the annual and interim reports and circulars, which are sent to shareholders and are also available on the websites of Hong Kong Exchanges and Clearing Limited and the Company.

The Company values feedback from shareholders. Comments and suggestions are welcomed and can be addressed to the Company by mail to the Company's head office at 11/F., Golden Resources Centre, 2-12 Cheung Tat Road, Tsing Yi Island, New Territories, Hong Kong.

The AGM of the Company provides a useful forum for shareholders to exchange views with the Board. The Directors, Chairmen of the Audit, Remuneration and Nomination Committees and the external auditor are also available at the AGM to address shareholders' queries. Shareholders are encouraged to attend the general meetings of the Company. The AGM notice is sent to shareholders at least 20 clear business days before the AGM.

To safeguard shareholders' interests and rights, separate resolutions are proposed at general meetings on each substantial separate issue, including the election of individual Directors.

Details of the poll voting procedures are included in the Company's circulars convening a general meeting. Where necessary, the detailed procedures for conducting a poll will be explained at the meeting. The results of the poll will be posted on the websites of Hong Kong Exchanges and Clearing Limited and the Company after each general meeting.

In order to enable shareholders to make the most informed investment decisions, a Shareholders' Communication Policy is established to ensure that shareholders are provided a true and fair view of the Company.

INTRODUCTION

The Board is pleased to present this report pursuant to the disclosure requirements of the "Environmental, Social and Governance Reporting Guide" set out in Appendix 27 to the Listing Rules to disclose the Group's performance in environmental, social and governance aspects for the reporting period from 1st April, 2017 to 31st March, 2018. Policies, statements and information set forth in this report cover the relevant operations of the Group's headquarter building, Golden Resources Centre, situate at Tsing Yi Island under its effective control. The Board considers that a sound environment, a harmonious society and good governance are of utmost importance to the sustainable development of both the Group's business and the community in which we operate. Therefore, the Group is committed not only to enhancing its financial performance but also to implementing various policies and measures to increase its efforts in environmental protection, fulfill its social responsibilities and enhance its governance.

A. ENVIRONMENTAL

A1 EMISSION

The Group is engaged in rice processing, packaging and retailing business which may generate waste due to the business nature. The Group will exercise stringent management of emission and other environmentally harmful substances during our productions and operations, which will minimize or eliminate environmental impacts.

Due to our business nature, no emissions of significant impact to the environment were produced by the Group. The main emissions include: air emissions produced in using gasoline-powered vehicles, liquefied petroleum gas forklift trucks, greenhouse gases ("GHG") indirectly produced in consuming electricity, and sewage and solid waste. The sewage and solid waste discharged by the Group's principal place of business arise from domestic activities of our employees, and no industrial wastewater or industrial waste was produced. The domestic sewage produced by the Group are discharged via local pipelines and treated at sewage treatment plants.

GREENHOUSE GAS EMISSION

Scopes of greenhouse gas emission	Sources	Emissions * (tonnes of CO ₂ e)
Scope 1 direct emission	Lead-free gasoline, diesel and liquefied petroleum gas consumed by self-owned vehicles and forklift trucks and air-conditioning equipment	231
Scope 2 indirect emission	Electricity consumption	2,727
Total		2,958
Total GHG Intensity (tor	nes of CO ₂ e/tonne of production)	0.036

* The GHG is calculated according to the "Guidelines to Account for and Report on Greenhouse Gas Emissions and Removals for Buildings (Commercial, Residential or Institutional Purposes) in Hong Kong (2010 edition)" jointly published by Environmental Protection Department and the Electrical and Mechanical Services Department.

A. ENVIRONMENTAL (Continued)

A1 **EMISSION** (Continued)

Direct carbon emission of the Group comes from lead-free gasoline, diesel and liquefied petroleum gas consumed when driving our self-owned vehicles, forklift trucks and air-conditioning equipment. To reduce carbon emissions, our employees are encouraged to take public transportation or carpooling. The Group has adopted electronic office system to convene meetings by mean of electronic device such as Skype in order to reduce unnecessary business trips to the greatest extent. The Group strives to minimize the carbon emission produced from liquefied petroleum gas forklift trucks during its production process by using Battery Electric forklift trucks gradually and installing filtering devices to purify the waste gas.

Indirect carbon emission of the Group which are indirectly discharged from electricity consumption by the production activities and management offices of the Group's headquarter. The Group has, in the course of day-to-day management, required its procurement department to prioritize efficient energy-saving products, such as energy-saving motors, energy-saving lamps, energy-saving air conditioners, etc. when purchasing electronical appliance. Moreover, the production machineries and the electronical appliance, including lighting, computers and printers shall be completely turned off when they are not in use for the purpose of energy saving and emission reduction.

HAZARDOUS AND NON-HAZARDOUS WASTES

The Group's operational activities do not generate any hazardous waste. Our source of non-hazardous waste is the general waste from office and production operations. As this is the first year required to disclose the data, the Group did not record the non-hazardous wastes generated in the year 2017. However, in order to better formulate measures to reduce the non-hazardous waste production, we will take initiative to record relevant data in the coming year. The Group strives to minimize the environmental impacts by implementing a variety of waste reduction measures as follows:

Plastic Packaging Material

The major plastic waste are the plastic bags used for packaging. The Group strives to reduce plastic waste by launching Hong Kong's first "environmental friendly rice bag" which is comprised of substance that complied with European Union's packaging standard, enabling the plastic rice package to become degradable after discarding. Thus reducing plastic waste accumulated in the long run.

Recyclable Waste

Recyclable waste such as paper, wood and plastic, are collected and sold to third parties for recycling. For recyclable waste such as engine lubricants, they are handled and stored with due care and collected by third parties for recycling in accordance with relevant laws and regulations.

Paper Saving

We encourage our employees to reduce their paper use by setting double-sided printing mode, suitable font size and shrinkage mode to maximize the utilization of paper consumed. We also promote communication by electronic means as much as possible to lower our paper consumption. Furthermore, employees are encouraged to reuse the stationery, envelopes and other materials.

A. ENVIRONMENTAL (Continued)

- A1 EMISSION (Continued)
 - **Green Pantry**

Reusable glass cups, instead of paper cups, are provided to reduce paper cups consumption. Green cleaning products, including refillable soaps, are used.

A2 USE OF RESOURCES

The major resources used by the Group are paper, purchased electricity and water consumed in offices and production lines and packaging materials used for processed rice products.

Use of Resources

Energy Usage

Consumption Volume

Liquefied petroleum gas	29,988 liter
Lead-free gasoline	33,765 liter
Diesel	2,882 liter
Purchased electricity	5,049,279 Kilowatt-hour

Energy Consumption

The major sources of energy consumption are the fuel consumed by vehicles and machineries, and electricity used in offices and production lines. In order to reduce the energy consumption, the Group's employees have kept the use of resources to a minimum through various green practices as follows:

- 1. Employees are encouraged to take public transportation or carpooling.
- 2. To convene meetings by mean of electronic device such as Skype in order to reduce unnecessary business trips.
- 3. Use of energy-efficient lights and electrical appliances in office and workplace by installing LED lighting at the whole building.
- 4. Optimally controlling the thermostat settings of air conditioning systems to maintain suitable indoor temperature.
- 5. Turn off the electricity equipment when it is not being used and switch the lights off during lunch hours and non-office hours.
- 6. Enable the "Standby" or "Sleep" mode of personal computers.

A. **ENVIRONMENTAL** (Continued)

A2 USE OF RESOURCES (Continued)

Water Consumption

During the reporting period, the total water consumption was 6,873 m³. Water consumption intensity(m³/tonne of production) was 0.084.

Water is another important resource used by the Group in daily operation. It is used mainly in canteens, offices and production lines for cleaning and machinery cooling. The Group strives to conserve water effectively by identifying water saving initiatives as follows:

- 1. Manual taps are installed for using water at pantry and restrooms in our office. Employees are reminded to save water during operation and cleaning process.
- 2. Regular maintenance is conducted for water supply equipment to prevent water leakage.

Paper Consumption

During the reporting period, the total paper consumption was 4.9 tonne. The Group strives to reduce paper consumption by adopting various green practices as follows:

- 1. Use of environmentally friendly paper.
- 2. Use of Office Automation System instead of the paper-based approval process to reduce the use of paper.
- 3. Practice of double-sided printing or copying. Reuse the one side printed paper for printing and copying for internal documents.
- 4. Publish notices or brochures in electronic version and upload the files to the Group's intranet or made publicly available online.

In addition, the Group also reduces the use of resources through environmentally friendly procurement (procurement of environmentally friendly furniture, eco-friendly toners and green stationary etc.).

Packaging Material

The major packaging materials used by the Group are papers and plastic bags. They are used to protect the rice products in order to minimize the risk of damage during transportation. The packaging material consumption was as follows:

Papers	53 tonne
Plastic Bags	618 tonne
Adhesive tapes, films and strapping bands	43 tonne

A. ENVIRONMENTAL (Continued)

A3 THE ENVIRONMENT AND NATURAL RESOURCES

The Group is fully aware of the fact that environmental protection can decrease operational risk and increase business opportunities. We will continue to put our focus on environmental protection, social responsibility and governance in the Group's operations and policies. The Group will also continue to improve the production process and update the production equipment to avoid the abuse and wastage of natural resources.

On top of energy-saving and ecofriendly equipment, the Group will actively promote our environmental philosophy to our employees and encourage them to maintain a green office environment and environmentally friendly lifestyle, enabling the Group to achieve the objectives of energy conservation, consumption reduction, and green and healthy development.

B. SOCIAL RESPONSIBILITIES

B1 EMPLOYMENT

Human resources is of utmost importance to the success and the long-term business development of the Group. In order to attract and retain high quality talents to ensure smooth operations and to cope with the Group's continuing expansion, the Group offers competitive remuneration packages with reference to prevailing market rates, market conditions and individual qualifications and experience. The Group's remuneration package includes standard remuneration, allowances and bonus. Besides, all employees are entitled to paid holidays such as statutory holidays, annual leave, marriage leave, maternity leave and sick leave. The Group has also adopted the share option scheme to recognise and reward the employees who have made a contribution to the growth and development of the Group.

Our recruitment policies are based on the fundamental values such as integrity, innovation, enthusiasm and team spirit as the basic criteria for recruiting talents. All candidates are subject to an unbiased entry assessment so as to assess whether they possess the ability to meet the Group's development requirements.

The Group also strives to provide a working environment without discrimination. The discrimination against our staff in respect of recruitment, dismissal, remuneration and promotion are strictly prohibited. The Group strictly complies with all labour laws and regulations where its businesses are located.

B. SOCIAL RESPONSIBILITIES (Continued)

B2 HEALTH AND SAFETY

The Group is responsible to provide a safe working environment for all the staff. The Group is also committed to continuously optimizing the technological process, improving the working environment for the employees and taking all appropriate measures to safeguard their health and safety. We have formulated respective operational safety rules and practice for all production staff, detailing the safety precautions for different production processes, and arranging training and explanation of the safety rules and practice for all new employees. To enhance employees' safety awareness and the chance of survival in case of fire, the Group also regularly arranges fire drills exercise for all the employees to participate. To prevent fire accidents, smoking is strictly prohibited within the Group's premises. Further, we have set up first aiders team for any immediate first-aid support for our employees. Automated External Defibrillators (the "AED") are installed within the building for immediate saving Sudden Cardiac Arrest. A team of employees are trained to participate in using the AED for saving lives before the arrival of Ambulance. The Group has been fully complied with relevant occupational safety and health legislation of Hong Kong.

B3 DEVELOPMENT AND TRAINING

Since employees are crucial resources and critical in driving business success, the Group has established a comprehensive training system and mechanism to provide on-job teaching and training for its employees with a view to enhancing skills and management capabilities of the staff to improve their knowledge at work and foster them to develop diversified skills. Therefore, the staff can utilise their potential and grow together in line with the Group's strategies.

People Management Department is responsible for all employee development and training, working with management and each of the department heads to make an annual budget for such purposes. Every year, training plans will be scheduled for our operation in advance.

B4 LABOUR STANDARDS

The Group is committed to building a mutual respect relationship with our employees. The Group strictly complies with all labour legislation of the regions where its businesses are located. We have a prudent and comprehensive recruitment review process and our People Management Department will ensure that the personal information provided by the candidates is true and accurate. The candidates are also required to provide proof of identity at the time of the interview to verify their actual age. Our People Management Department will also conduct background investigations on the candidates.

All employees of the Group comply with the standard working hour. Overtime work is not encouraged unless in special circumstances and employees are entitled to additional overtime compensation in such cases. The employment policies of the Group also protect the right of free choices of employment by any person and ensure that all the employment relationship is established on a voluntary basis.

B. SOCIAL RESPONSIBILITIES (Continued)

B5 SUPPLY CHAIN MANAGEMENT

The Group has implemented a strict selection process on its suppliers. The Group will only select those suppliers within the approved list which has passed the Group's quality control test with a satisfactory record of quality and on-time delivery. The Group closely monitors and performs regular review on the performance of its suppliers to ensure the product quality. The assessment mainly includes but not limited to the products quality, business reputation, past performance, financial status, operation in good integrity and price advantage. If the assessment result is not satisfied with our requirement, the respective suppliers will be removed from the approved list.

B6 PRODUCT RESPONSIBILITY

Through the continued advancement of its rice processing and packaging technologies, the Group strives to offer excellent products and uncompromising service to its customers. The Group has passed the requirements for certification of the ISO 9001, HACCP and ISO 22000 Qualification in year 2003, 2004 and 2009, symbolizing international recognition of the Group's stringent production procedures and exceptional product quality.

The quality assurance and brand success of Golden Elephant are further witnessed through numerous awards won recent years, including Hong Kong Top Mark, Q-Mark Award, Superbrands Award, Reader's Digest "Trusted Brand" Platinum Award and Wellcome's Top 10 Favourite Brand.

The Group strives to provide the customers with appropriate services. Therefore, we have developed a comprehensive customer complaint handling procedure and goods return procedure. All complaints will be investigated by responsible persons, who will collect sufficient and objective evidences to support the finding of investigations. All advice and requests from customers will be considered.

The Group has made every effort to avoid unsafe and unqualified products. Therefore, we set up a Quality Control Department to inspect raw materials, packaging and finished products. Any disqualified products will be prohibited from delivery. The Group has also established a comprehensive goods return policy to inspect the quality of the product returned by the customer and follow up timely. The Group complies with applicable laws and regulations that have a significant impact on the Group pertaining to product and service quality in all material respects.

B. SOCIAL RESPONSIBILITIES (Continued)

B7 ANTI-CORRUPTION

The Group strictly complies with relevant laws on anti-corruption. The management of the Group promotes a corporate culture of honesty and integrity and creates a corporate culture environment of anti-corruption and antifraud. We have placed a suggestion box for receiving, investigating, reporting, and making comments upon the reporting of frauds. To enhance the sense of integrity of the employees, the Group educates the employees about prevention of corruption practices and bribery. The Group also advocates the related thoughts and warns employees against fraud, extortion and money laundering activities.

B8 COMMUNITY INVESTMENT

The Group is committed to making a positive contribution to the communities by supporting a wide range of activities, social programs and charity initiatives. During the year, the Group had worked with charity organisations such as Annual Fun Fair held by the Hong Kong Sheng Kung Hui (Anglican Church), Affordable Rice Campaign held by Goods Co-Share, Hong Kong Parkinson's Disease Foundation, New Life Psychiatric Rehabilitation Association, Hong Kong Blood Cancer Foundation and other social services establishments to support our community. From time to time, the Group also supports different religious institutions, schools and community initiatives such as Scouting activities in Hong Kong, the Junior Police Call, Teens and Elderly Mission Committee and the Road Safety Campaign Committee. The Group will continue to support new partners to serve the local communities and beyond.

恒健會計師行有限公司 HLM CPA LIMITED Certified Public Accountants

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TO THE MEMBERS OF

GOLDEN RESOURCES DEVELOPMENT INTERNATIONAL LIMITED

(Incorporated in Bermuda with limited liability)

OPINION

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of Golden Resources Development International Limited ("the Company") and its subsidiaries (collectively referred to as "the Group") set out on pages 55 to 130, which comprise the consolidated statement of financial position as at 31 March 2018, consolidated statement of profit or loss, consolidated statement of comprehensive income, consolidated statement of changes in equity and consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements give a true and fair view of the consolidated financial position of the Group as at 31 March 2018, and of its consolidated financial performance and its consolidated cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards ("HKFRSs") issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants ("HKICPA") and have been properly prepared in compliance with the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

BASIS FOR OPINION

We conducted our audit in accordance with Hong Kong Standards on Auditing ("HKSAs") issued by the HKICPA. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with the HKICPA's Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants ("the Code"), and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

KEY AUDIT MATTERS

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgement, were of most significance in our audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current year. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the consolidated financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

Revenue recognition

Refer to note 5 to the consolidated financial statements.

We have identified the recognition of revenue as a key audit matter because revenue is one of the key performance indicators of the Group and therefore there is an inherent risk of recognition of revenue.

Revenue from sale of rice amounted to HK\$686,658,000 for the year ended 31 March 2018. Sales of goods are recognised as revenue when goods are delivered and title has passed.

Revenue from operation of convenience stores amounted to HK\$517,732,000 for the year ended 31 March 2018. Sales of goods are recognised as revenue when goods are delivered and title has passed.

Revenue from investment properties amounted to HK\$4,226,000 for the year ended 31 March 2018. Rental income under operating lease is recognised on a straight-line method over the relevant lease term.

How our audit addressed the Key Audit Matter

Our procedures in relation to the revenue recognition included:

- Understanding and evaluating the key controls in respect of the Group;
- Assessing the appropriateness of the Group's revenue recognition accounting policy in line with HKFRSs; and
- Scrutinising journals, sale and purchase contracts and leasing agreement related to revenue to assess the cut-off and reliability of the revenue.

We found that the amount and the timing of the revenue recorded were supported by the available evidence and in accordance with the Group's revenue recognition accounting policies.

Impairment review of intangible asset

Refer to note 15 to the consolidated financial statements.

We have identified the impairment review of intangible asset as a key audit matter due to the significant judgements and assumptions about the future performance of the operation of Circle K convenience stores in Vietnam involved in the management's impairment review process.

KEY AUDIT MATTERS (Continued)

Impairment review of intangible asset (Continued)

The intangible asset represents the exclusive right granted to a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company to own and operate Circle K convenience stores in Vietnam. Management reviews its carrying value for impairment at the end of each reporting period.

Management has concluded that there is no impairment in respect of the intangible asset at the end of the reporting period. Independent external valuation was obtained in order to support management's estimates. Income approach was adopted in the valuation.

How our audit addressed the Key Audit Matter

Our procedures in relation to management's valuation of the intangible asset included:

- Assessing if the methodology and impairment model used are in accordance with HKAS 36;
- Assessing the methodologies and the appropriateness of the key assumptions used by management;
- Checking, on a sample basis, the accuracy and relevance of the input data used; and
- Evaluating the competence, capabilities and objectivity of the independent external valuer.

We found the Group's estimates and judgements used in the impairment assessment of intangible assets were supported by available evidence.

Valuation of investment properties

Refer to note 14 to the consolidated financial statements.

We have identified the valuation of investment properties as a key audit matter due to the significant judgements involved in determining the inputs used in the valuation of the fair value.

Management has estimated the fair value of the Group's investment properties to be HK\$161,010,000 as at 31 March 2018. The valuations are dependent on certain key assumptions that require significant management judgement, including fair market rents. Independent external valuations were obtained in order to support management's estimates.

How our audit addressed the Key Audit Matter

Our procedures in relation to management's valuation of investment properties included:

- Assessing the methodologies and the appropriateness of the key assumptions used by management; and
- Evaluating the competence, capabilities and objectivity of the independent external valuer.

We found the key assumptions were supported by available evidence.

OTHER INFORMATION

The directors of the Company are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the annual report but does not include the consolidated financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the consolidated financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the consolidated financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the consolidated financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

RESPONSIBILITIES OF DIRECTORS AND THOSE CHARGED WITH GOVERNANCE FOR THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation of the consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with HKFRSs issued by the HKICPA and the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Group's financial reporting process.

AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE AUDIT OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion solely to you, as a body, in accordance with section 90 of the Bermuda Companies Act, and for no other purpose.

Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with HKSAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE AUDIT OF THE CONSOLIDATED

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

As part of an audit in accordance with HKSAs, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's internal control.
- evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosure made by the directors.
- conclude on the appropriateness of the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.
- evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Group to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE AUDIT OF THE CONSOLIDATED

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

HLM CPA Limited Certified Public Accountants Ng Fai Fiona Practising Certificate Number P4986

Hong Kong, 27th June, 2018

Consolidated Statement of Profit or Loss

For the year ended 31st March, 2018

	Notes	2018 HK\$'000	2017 HK\$′000
REVENUE	5	1,208,616	1,070,178
Cost of sales		(803,009)	(710,735)
GROSS PROFIT		405,607	359,443
Net unrealized gain on financial assets			,
at fair value through profit or loss		14,631	14,147
Surplus on revaluation of investment			
properties		8,980	5,315
Net other income	7	18,203	25,883
Selling and distribution costs		(236,530)	(168,963)
Administrative expenses		(157,709)	(164,899)
PROFIT FROM OPERATIONS		53,182	70,926
Finance costs	8	(1)	(199)
Share of results of associates	0	15,793	1,313
Gain on disposal of a subsidiary	9	7,514	
PROFIT BEFORE TAXATION	8	76,488	72,040
Taxation	10	(14,041)	(16,909)
PROFIT FOR THE YEAR		62,447	55,131
Profit attributable to:			
Shareholders of the Company		65,367	59,762
Non-controlling interests		(2,920)	(4,631)
		62,447	55,131
EARNINGS PER SHARE	12		
— Basic	12	HK3.9 cents	HK3.5 cents
— Diluted		HK3.9 cents	HK3.5 cents

Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income

For the year ended 31st March, 2018

	2018 HK\$'000	2017 HK\$′000
PROFIT FOR THE YEAR	62,447	55,131
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME/(LOSS)		
Items to be reclassified to profit or loss in subsequent periods:		
Exchange differences on translation of foreign operations	5,794	(3,343)
Share of other comprehensive income/(loss) of associates	10,928	(3,547)
Other comprehensive income/(loss) for the year, net of tax	16,722	(6,890)
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR	79,169	48,241
Total comprehensive income attributable to:		
Shareholders of the Company	80,737	53,983
Non-controlling interests	(1,568)	(5,742)
	79,169	48,241

Consolidated Statement of Financial Position

At 31st March, 2018

	Notes	2018 HK\$'000	2017 HK\$′000
NON-CURRENT ASSETS			
Property, plant and equipment	13	155,517	146,713
Investment properties	14	161,010	152,030
Intangible asset	15	22,505	22,505
Interests in associates	16	216,325	153,124
Available-for-sale investments	17	29,968	29,968
Prepaid lease payments	18	14,899	15,358
		600,224	519,698
CURRENT ASSETS			
Inventories	19	166,501	113,648
Trade debtors	20	58,680	67,930
Other debtors, deposits and prepayments	21	58,935	50,245
Available-for-sale investments	17	—	16,366
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	22	232,611	235,802
Cash and cash equivalents	23	310,872	369,343
		827,599	853,334
CURRENT LIABILITIES			
Trade creditors	24	49,711	43,589
Other creditors and accruals		64,316	52,761
Tax liabilities		10,096	12,147
		124,123	108,497
NET CURRENT ASSETS		703,476	744,837
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES		1,303,700	1,264,535
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES			
Deferred tax liabilities	25	2,975	3,051
		1,300,725	1,261,484

Consolidated Statement of Financial Position

At 31st March, 2018

	Notes	2018 HK\$'000	2017 HK\$′000
CAPITAL AND RESERVES			
Share capital	26	169,741	169,541
Reserves	29	1,121,881	1,081,272
Shareholders' equity		1,291,622	1,250,813
Non-controlling interests		9,103	10,671
		1,300,725	1,261,484

The consolidated financial statements on pages 55 to 130 were approved and authorised for issue by the Board of Directors on 27th June, 2018 and were signed on its behalf by:

Laurent LAM Kwing Chee Chairman Anthony LAM Sai Ho Vice Chairman and Chief Executive Officer

Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity

For the year ended 31st March, 2018

					St	Shareholders' equity	1						
Ι	Share capital HK\$*000	Share premium HK\$'000	Capital redemption reserve HK\$'000	Investments revaluation reserve HK\$'000	Property revaluation reserve HK\$1000	Exchange reserve HK\$'000	Share options reserve HK\$ '000	Other reserves HK\$'000	Dividend reserve HK\$ '000	Retained earnings HK\$'000	Total shareholders' equity HK\$ '000	Non- controlling interests HK\$'000	Total HK\$*000
At 31st March, 2016	169,441	452,173	515	(1,202)	5,128	31,487	526	(2,409)	20,333	559,926	1,235,918	16,413	1,252,331
Profit for the year	I	Ι	Ι	Ι	Ι	Ι	I	I	Ι	59,762	59,762	(4,631)	55,131
Utitet compretensive ross ror une year. Exchange adjustments Share of reserve movements of associates						(2,232) (5,211)	1 1	1,664	1 1		(2,232) (3,547)	(1,111)	(3,343) (3,547)
	I	I	I	I	I	(7,443)	I	1,664	I	I	(5,779)	(1,111)	(6,890)
Total comprehensive income for the year Realised upon disposal of available-for-sale	Ι	Ι	Ι	Ι	I	(7,443)	Ι	1,664	I	59,762	53,983	(5,742)	48,241
investments	Ι	Ι	Ι	1,202	Ι	Ι	Ι	Ι	Ι	Ι	1,202	Ι	1,202
Issue of shares upon exercise of share options	100	325	Ι	Ι	Ι	I	(49)	Ι	Ι	I	376	Ι	376
Prior year final dividend paid	Ι	Ι	Ι	Ι	Ι	Ι	Ι	Ι	(20, 333)	Ι	(20, 333)	Ι	(20, 333)
Interim dividend paid	Ι	Ι	Ι	Ι	Ι	Ι	Ι	Ι	Ι	(20, 333)	(20, 333)	Ι	(20, 333)
Final dividend proposed for the year ended 31st March, 2017	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	20,345	(20,345)	I	I	
At 31st March, 2017	169,541	452,498	515	I	5,128	24,044	477	(745)	20,345	579,010	1,250,813	10,671	1,261,484

Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity

For the year ended 31st March, 2018

				St	Shareholders' equity (continued)	ty (continued)						
Ι	Share capital HK\$'000	Share premium HK\$*000	Capital redemption reserve HK\$'000	Property revaluation reserve HK\$*000	Exchange reserve HK\$1000	Share options reserve HK\$'000	Other reserves HK\$'000	Dividend reserve HK\$'000	Retained earnings HK\$^000	Total shareholders' equity HK\$'000	Non- controlling interests HK\$*000	Total HK\$'000
At 31st March, 2017	169,541	452,498	515	5,128	24,044	477	(745)	20,345	579,010	1,250,813	10,671	1,261,484
Profit for the year	I	Ι	Ι	I	I	Ι	Ι	I	65,367	65,367	(2,920)	62,447
Other comprehensive income tor the year: Exchange adjustments Share of reserve movements of associates	11	11	11	1 1	4,442 10,183	11	745	1 1	11	4,442 10,928	1,352	5,794 10,928
	I	I	I	I	14,625	I	745	I	I	15,370	1,352	16,722
Total comprehensive income for the year terms of charge mon averties of charge orticate	- 96	- V09	I	I	14,625	(108)	745	I	65,367	80,737 786	(1,568)	79,169 786
Prior year final dividend paid	007	+ [(001)		(20,345)		/ 00 (20,345)		, 00 (20,345)
Interim dividend paid Final dividend promosed for the vear ended	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	(20,369)	(20,369)	I	(20,369)
31st March, 2018	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	20,369	(20,369)	I	I	1
At 31st March, 2018	169,741	453,192	515	5,128	38,669	369	I	20,369	603,639	1,291,622	9,103	1,300,725
Shareholders' equity of the Group represents reserves amounting to approximately HK\$1,12	e Group oximately	represent / HK\$1,1		share capital amounting to approxim 1,881,000 (2017: HK\$1,081,272,000).	ounting to HK\$1,081	, approxir ,272,000)	mately Hk	(\$169,741	1,000 (2)	share capital amounting to approximately HK\$169,741,000 (2017: HK\$169,541,000) and 1,881,000 (2017: HK\$1,081,272,000).	69,541,0	00) and

Other reserves of the Group represented share of available-for-sale investment revaluation reserve of associates.

Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows

For the year ended 31st March, 2018

	Notes	2018 HK\$'000	2017 HK\$′000
OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
Profit before taxation		76,488	72,040
Adjustments for:			
Interest income	7	(7,306)	(8,506)
Finance costs	8	1	199
Dividend income from investments in securities Depreciation and amortisation of property, plant	7	(1,903)	(4,808)
and equipment		33,008	23,056
Amortisation of prepaid lease payments	8	522	522
Amortisation of intangible asset	8	_	1,399
Net loss on disposal of property, plant and			
equipment	8	1,810	908
Share of results of associates		(15,793)	(1,313)
Surplus on revaluation of investment properties	14	(8,980)	(5,315)
Allowance for impairment of doubtful debts	8	20	812
Gain on disposal of a subsidiary		(7,514)	
Loss on disposal of available-for-sale investments	7		632
 Operating cash flows before movements in working capital Decrease/(increase) in available-for-sale investments Decrease in financial assets at fair value through profit or loss (Increase)/decrease in inventories Decrease in trade debtors (Increase)/decrease in other debtors, deposits and prepayments Decrease in derivative financial instruments Increase in trade creditors Increase in other creditors and accruals Cash generated from operations Hong Kong Profits Tax paid 		70,353 17,160 3,375 (52,706) 9,837 (8,549) 	79,626 (2,184) 139,742 24,535 22,171 121 2,549 9,207 20,175 295,942 (29,147)
Hong Kong Profits Tax refunded		1,346	2,964
Income tax in other jurisdictions paid Income tax in other jurisdictions refunded		(33) 153	(24)
^		100	
NET CASH GENERATED FROM OPERATING Activities		30,327	269,735

Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows

For the year ended 31st March, 2018

	Notes	2018 HK\$'000	2017 HK\$′000
INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
Interest received		7,441	8,774
Dividend received from investments in securities		1,903	4,808
Dividend received from associates		823	823
(Increase)/decrease in deposits paid for trade purchase	es	(38,175)	1,620
Increase/(decrease) in amounts payable for trade purchases		872	(5,499)
Purchases Purchases of property, plant and equipment	13	(46,630)	(65,393)
Purchase of investment property	15	(40,030)	(55,577)
Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and			(33,377)
equipment		827	315
Net cash inflow arising on disposal of a subsidiary	9	19,520	
(Increase)/decrease in pledged cash balance	-	(13,465)	1,333
Proceeds from disposal of available-for-sale			,
investments		_	2,228
NET CASH USED IN INVESTING ACTIVITIES		(66,884)	(106,568)
		(00)001)	(100/000)
FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
Dividends paid		(40,714)	(40,666)
Interest paid		(1)	(199)
Repayments of bank loans		—	(7,755)
Proceeds from issue of shares		786	376
NET CASH USED IN FINANCING ACTIVITIES		(39,929)	(48,244)
NET (DECREASE)/INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH Equivalents		(76,486)	114,923
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT BEGINNING OI	-		
THE YEAR	_	357,778	245,857
			,
EFFECT OF FOREIGN EXCHANGE RATE CHANGES		4,550	(3,002)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT END OF THE			
YEAR		285,842	357,778
ANALYSIS OF THE BALANCES OF CASH AND CASH Equivalents			
Time deposits, bank balances and cash			
(including pledged cash balance)	23	310,872	369,343
Less: Pledged cash and cash equivalents		(25,030)	(11,565)
		285,842	357,778
		200,012	557,770

For the year ended 31st March, 2018

1. **GENERAL**

The Company is incorporated in Bermuda as an exempted company with limited liability and its shares are listed on the Stock Exchange. The addresses of the registered office and principal place of business of the Company are disclosed in the Corporate Information section of the annual report.

Items included in the financial statements of each of the Group's entities are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates (the "functional currency"). The consolidated financial statements are presented in Hong Kong dollar, which is the Company's functional and presentation currency.

The Company acts as an investment holding company and its subsidiaries are engaged in the business of sourcing, importing, wholesaling, processing, packaging, marketing and distribution of rice, operation of convenience stores, securities investment, property investment and investment holding.

2. ADOPTION OF NEW AND REVISED HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS

In the current year, the Group has adopted the following new or revised standards and amendments (the "new HKFRSs") issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants ("HKICPA"), which are or have become effective for the Group's financial year beginning on 1st April, 2017:

HKAS 7 (Amendments)	Disclosure Initiative
HKAS 12 (Amendments)	Recognition of Deferred Tax Assets for Unrealised Losses
HKFRS 12 (Amendments)	As part of the Annual Improvements to HKFRSs 2014-2016
	Cycle

The adoption of the new HKFRSs has had no material effect on the consolidated financial statements of the Group for the current or prior accounting periods. Accordingly, no prior period adjustment has been required.

For the year ended 31st March, 2018

2. ADOPTION OF NEW AND REVISED HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS (Continued)

The Group has not early applied the following new HKFRSs that have been issued but are not yet effective. The Directors of the Company anticipate that the application of these new HKFRSs will have no material impact on the results and the financial position of the Group.

HKFRSs (Amendments)	Annual Improvements to HKFRSs 2015-2017 Cycle ²
HKFRS 2 (Amendments)	Classification and Measurement of Share-based Payment Transactions ¹
HKFRS 4 (Amendments)	Applying HKFRS 9 Financial Instruments with HKFRS 4 Insurance Contracts ¹
HKFRS 9	Financial Instruments ¹
HKFRS 9 (Amendments)	Prepayment Features with Negative Compensation ²
HKFRS 10 and HKAS 28 (Amendments)	Sale or Contribution of Assets between an Investor and its Associate or Joint Venture ⁴
HKFRS 15	Revenue from Contracts with Customers and the related Amendments ¹
HKFRS 16	Lease ²
HKFRS 17	Insurance Contracts ³
HKAS 19 (Amendments)	Employee Benefits ²
HKAS 28 (Amendments)	As part of the Annual Improvements HKFRS 2014-2016 Cycle ¹
HKAS 28 (Amendments)	Long-term Interest in Associates and Joint Ventures ²
HKAS 40 (Amendments)	Transfers of Investment Property ¹
HK(IFRIC) – Int 22	Foreign Currency Transactions and Advance Consideration ¹
HK(IFRIC) – Int 23	Uncertainty over Income Tax Treatments ²

- ¹ Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1st January, 2018
- ² Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1st January, 2019
- ³ Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1st January, 2021
- ⁴ Effective date to be determined.

HKFRS 16 "Leases"

HKFRS 16 "Leases" addresses the definition of a lease, recognition and measurement of leases and establishes principles for reporting useful information to users of financial statements about the leasing activities of both lessees and lessors. A key change arising from HKFRS 16 is that most operating leases will be accounted for in the statement of financial position of the lessees. The standard replaces HKAS 17 "Leases" and related interpretations.

Under the new standard, an asset (the right to use the leased item) and a financial liability to pay rentals are recognized in the financial statements of the lessee. The only exceptions are related to short-term and low-value leases. The accounting treatment for lessors will not significantly change.

For the year ended 31st March, 2018

2. ADOPTION OF NEW AND REVISED HONG KONG FINANCIAL

REPORTING STANDARDS (Continued)

HKFRS 16 "Leases" (Continued)

The new standard will affect primarily the accounting treatment for the Group's operating leases. As at the end of the reporting period, the Group has non-cancellable operating lease commitments of approximately HK\$196,727,000. The Group is making assessment on these operating leases to determine the relevant impacts on the Group's financial statements in respect of the recognition of asset and liability for future payments, the effects on profit or loss and the classification of cash flows.

The new standard may not have impact on certain operating leases of the Group which fall within the definition of short-term and low-value leases or relate to arrangements that will not be qualified as leases under HKFRS 16.

The standard is mandatory for annual periods beginning on or after 1st January 2019. At this stage, the Group does not intend to adopt the standard before its effective date.

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, as modified for the revaluation of investment properties, available-for-sale investments, financial assets at fair value through profit or loss and derivative financial instruments, which are measured at fair values as explained in the accounting policies set out below.

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards ("HKFRSs"), Hong Kong Accounting Standard ("HKASs") and Interpretations ("HK(IFRIC)-Int") issued by the HKICPA. In addition, the consolidated financial statements include applicable disclosures required by the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on the Stock Exchange (the "Listing Rules") and the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance ("CO"). A summary of the significant accounting policies adopted by the Group is set out below.

The HKICPA has issued certain new and revised HKFRSs which are first effective or available for early adoption for the current accounting period of the Group and the Company. Note 2 provides information on any changes in accounting policies resulting from the initial application of these developments to the extent that they are relevant to the Group's consolidated financial statements for the current and prior accounting periods.

Historical cost

Historical cost is generally based on the fair value of the consideration given in exchange for goods and services.

For the year ended 31st March, 2018

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued) Fair Value

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date, regardless of whether that price is directly observable or estimated using another valuation technique. In estimating the fair value of an asset or a liability, the Group takes into account the characteristics of the asset or liability if market participants would take those characteristics into account when pricing the asset or liability at the measurement date. Fair value for measurement and/or disclosure purposes in these consolidated financial statements is determined on such a basis, except for share-based payment transactions that are within the scope of HKFRS 2, leasing transactions that are within the scope of HKAS 17, and measurements that have some similarities to fair value but are not fair value, such as net realizable value in HKAS 2 or value in use in HKAS 36.

In addition, for financial reporting purposes, fair value measurements are categorised into Level 1, 2 or 3 based on the degree to which the inputs to the fair value measurements are observable and the significance of the inputs to the fair value measurement in its entirety, which are described as follows:

- Level 1 inputs are quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the entity can access at the measurement date;
- Level 2 inputs are inputs, other than quoted prices included within Level 1, that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly; and
- Level 3 inputs are unobservable inputs for the asset or liability.

Basis of consolidation

The consolidated financial statements incorporate the financial statements of the Company and entities controlled by the Company and its subsidiaries. Control is achieved when the Company:

- has power over the investee;
- is exposed, or has rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the investee; and
- has the ability to use its power to affect its returns.

The Group reassesses whether or not it controls an investee if facts and circumstances indicate that there are changes to one or more of the three elements of control listed above.

For the year ended 31st March, 2018

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Basis of consolidation (Continued)

When the Group has less than a majority of the voting rights of an investee, it has power over the investee when the voting rights are sufficient to give it the practical ability to direct the relevant activities of the investee unilaterally. The Group considers all relevant facts and circumstances in assessing whether or not the Group's voting rights in an investee are sufficient to give it power, including:

- the size of the Group's holding of voting rights relative to the size and dispersion of holdings of the other vote holders;
- potential voting rights held by the Group, other vote holders or other parties;
- rights arising from other contractual arrangements; and
- any additional facts and circumstances that indicate that the Group has, or does not have, the current ability to direct the relevant activities at the time that decisions need to be made, including voting patterns at previous shareholders' meetings.

Consolidation of a subsidiary begins when the Group obtains control over the subsidiary and ceases when the Group loses control of the subsidiary. Specifically, income and expenses of a subsidiary acquired or disposed of during the year are included in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income from the date the Group gains control until the date when the Group ceases to control the subsidiary.

Profit or loss and each item of other comprehensive income are attributed to the owners of the Company and to the non-controlling interests. Total comprehensive income of subsidiaries is attributed to the owners of the Company and to the non-controlling interests even if this results in the non-controlling interests having a deficit balance.

Where necessary, adjustments are made to the financial statements of subsidiaries to bring their accounting policies in line with those used by other members of the Group.

All intra-group transactions, balances, income and expenses have been eliminated on consolidation.

Changes in the Group's ownership interests in existing subsidiaries

Changes in the Group's ownership interests in existing subsidiaries that do not result in the Group losing control over the subsidiaries are accounted for as equity transactions. The carrying amounts of the Group's interests and the non-controlling interests are adjusted to reflect the changes in their relative interests in the subsidiaries. Any difference between the amount by which the non-controlling interests are adjusted and the fair value of the consideration paid or received is recognised directly in equity and attributed to Shareholders of the Company.

For the year ended 31st March, 2018

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Changes in the Group's ownership interests in existing subsidiaries (Continued)

When the Group loses control of a subsidiary, a gain or loss is recognised in profit or loss and is calculated as the difference between (i) the aggregate of the fair value of the consideration received and the fair value of any retained interest and (ii) the previous carrying amount of the assets (including goodwill) and liabilities of the subsidiary and any non-controlling interests. All amounts previously recognised in other comprehensive income in relation to that subsidiary are accounted for as if the Group had directly disposed of the related assets or liabilities of the subsidiary (i.e. reclassified to profit or loss or transferred to another category of equity as specified/permitted by applicable HKFRSs). The fair value of any investment retained in the former subsidiary at the date when control is lost is regarded as the fair value on initial recognition for subsequent accounting under HKAS 39, when applicable, the cost on initial recognition of an investment in an associate or a joint venture.

Business combinations

Acquisitions of businesses are accounted for using the acquisition method. The consideration transferred in a business combination is measured at fair value, which is calculated as the sum of the acquisition-date fair values of the assets transferred by the Group, liabilities incurred by the Group to the former owners of the acquiree and the equity interests issued by the Group in exchange for control of the acquiree. Acquisition related costs are generally recognised in profit or loss as incurred.

At the acquisition date, the identifiable assets acquired and the liabilities assumed are recognised at their fair values, except that:

- deferred tax assets or liabilities, and assets or liabilities related to employee benefit arrangements are recognised and measured in accordance with HKAS 12 Income Taxes and HKAS 19 Employee Benefits respectively;
- liabilities or equity instruments related to share-based payment arrangements of the acquiree or share-based payment arrangements of the Group entered into to replace share-based payment arrangements of the acquiree are measured in accordance with HKFRS 2 Share-based Payment at the acquisition date (see the accounting policy below); and
- assets (or disposal groups) that are classified as held for sale in accordance with HKFRS 5 Non-current Assets Held for Sale and Discontinued Operations are measured in accordance with that standard.

For the year ended 31st March, 2018

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Business combinations (Continued)

Goodwill is measured as the excess of the sum of the consideration transferred, the amount of any non-controlling interests in the acquiree, and the fair value of the acquirer's previously held equity interest in the acquiree (if any) over the net amount of the acquisition-date amounts of the identifiable assets acquired and the liabilities assumed as at the acquisition date. If, after re-assessment, the net of the acquisition-date amounts of the identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed exceeds the sum of the consideration transferred, the amount of any non-controlling interests in the acquiree and the fair value of the acquirer's previously held interest in the acquiree (if any), the excess is recognised immediately in profit or loss as a bargain purchase gain.

Non-controlling interests that are present ownership interests and entitle their holders to a proportionate share of the relevant subsidiary's net assets in the event of liquidation may be initially measured either at fair value or at the non-controlling interests' proportionate share of the recognised amounts of the acquiree's identifiable net assets. The choice of measurement basis is made on a transaction-by-transaction basis. Other types of non-controlling interests are measured at their fair values or, when applicable, on the basis specified in another HKFRS.

When the consideration transferred by the Group in a business combination includes assets or liabilities resulting from a contingent consideration arrangement, the contingent consideration is measured at its acquisition-date fair value and included as part of the consideration transferred in a business combination.

Changes in the fair value of the contingent consideration that qualify as measurement period adjustments are adjusted retrospectively, with the corresponding adjustments made against goodwill. Measurement period adjustments are adjustments that arise from additional information obtained during the "measurement period" (which cannot exceed one year from the acquisition date) about facts and circumstances that existed at the acquisition date.

The subsequent accounting for changes in the fair value of the contingent consideration that do not qualify as measurement period adjustments depends on how the contingent consideration is classified. Contingent consideration that is classified as equity is not remeasured to fair value at subsequent reporting dates and its subsequent settlement is accounted for within equity. Contingent consideration that is classified as an asset or a liability is remeasured at subsequent reporting dates in accordance with HKAS 39, or HKAS 37 Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets, as appropriate, with the corresponding gain or loss being recognised in profit or loss.

For the year ended 31st March, 2018

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Business combinations (Continued)

When a business combination is achieved in stages, the Group's previously held equity interest in the acquiree is remeasured to fair value at the acquisition date (i.e. the date when the Group obtains control), and the resulting gain or loss, if any, is recognised in profit or loss. Amounts arising from interests in the acquiree prior to the acquisition date that have previously been recognised in other comprehensive income are reclassified to profit or loss where such treatment would be appropriate if those interests were disposed of.

If the initial accounting for a business combination is incomplete by the end of the reporting period in which the combination occurs, the Group reports provisional amounts for the items for which the accounting is incomplete. Those provisional amounts are adjusted during the measurement period (see above), and additional assets or liabilities are recognised, to reflect new information obtained about facts and circumstances that existed at the acquisition date that, if known, would have affected the amounts recognised at that date.

Goodwill arising on acquisition represents the excess of the cost of acquisition over the Group's interest in the net fair value of the acquiree's identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities recognised. Such goodwill is carried at cost less any accumulated impairment losses.

For the purpose of impairment testing, goodwill arising from acquisition is allocated to each of the relevant cash-generating units, or groups of cash-generating units, that are expected to benefit from the synergies of the acquisition.

A cash-generating unit to which goodwill has been allocated is tested for impairment annually or whenever there is an indication that the unit may be impaired. If the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit is less than the carrying amount of the unit, the impairment loss is allocated to reduce the carrying amount of any goodwill allocated to the unit first, and then to the other assets of the unit pro rata on the basis of the carrying amount of each asset in the unit. Any impairment loss for goodwill is recognised directly in the statement of profit or loss. An impairment loss for goodwill is not reversed in subsequent periods.

Goodwill

Capitalised goodwill arising on acquisition of subsidiary is presented separately in the statement of financial position. Capitalised goodwill arising on acquisition of associate, which is accounted for using the equity method, is included in the cost of investment in the relevant associate.

On subsequent disposal of the relevant cash-generating unit, the attributable amount of goodwill previously capitalised is included in the determination of the profit or loss on disposal.

For the year ended 31st March, 2018

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Goodwill (Continued)

Gain on bargain purchase arising on an acquisition of a subsidiary on or after 1st January, 2010 represents the excess of the net fair value of the identifiable assets acquired and the liabilities assumed over the aggregate of the consideration transferred, the amount of any non-controlling interest in the acquiree and the fair value of the previously held equity interest in the acquiree. Gain on bargain purchase arising on an acquisition of a subsidiary is recognised immediately in the consolidated statement of profit or loss on the acquisition date.

Revenue recognition

- (i) Sales of goods are recognised as revenue when goods are delivered and title has passed.
- (ii) Rental income under operating leases is recognised on a straight-line basis over the relevant lease terms.
- (iii) Revenue arising on the sale of financial instruments is recognised on a trade-date basis.
- (iv) Dividend income from investments is recognised when the Group's rights to receive payment have been established.
- (v) Interest income is accrued on a time basis, by reference to the principal outstanding and at the interest rate applicable.

Investments in subsidiaries

Investments in subsidiaries are included in the Company's statement of financial position at cost less any identified impairment loss.

Interests in associates

Associate is an entity over which the Group has significant influence and that is neither a subsidiary nor an interest in a joint venture. Significant influence is the power to participate in the financial and operating policy decisions of the investee but is not control or joint control over those policies.

For the year ended 31st March, 2018

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Interests in associates (Continued)

The results and assets and liabilities of associates are incorporated in the Group's financial statements using the equity method of accounting except when the investment, or a portion thereof, is classified as held for sale, in which case it is or the portion so classified is accounted for in accordance with HKFRS 5 Non-current Assets Held for Sale and Discontinued Operations. Any retained portion of an Investment in an associate that has not been classified as held for sale shall be accounted for using the equity method. Under the equity method, an investment in associates is initially recognised in the consolidated statement of financial position at cost and adjusted thereafter to recognise the Group's share of profit or loss and other comprehensive income of the associate. When the Group's share of losses of an associate equals or exceeds its interest in that associate (which includes any long-term interests that, in substance, form part of the Group's net investment in the associate), the Group discontinues recognising its share of further losses. An additional share of losses is provided for and a liability is recognised only to the extent that the Group has incurred legal obligations or made payments on behalf of that associate.

When the Group ceases to have significant influence over an associate, it is accounted for as a disposal of the entire interest in the investee with a resulting gain or loss being recognised in profit or loss. When the Group retains an interest in the former associate and the retained interest is a financial asset within the scope of HKAS 39, the Group measures the retained interest at fair value at that date and the fair value is regarded as its fair value on initial recognition. The difference between the carrying amount of the associate and the fair value of any retained interest and any proceeds from disposing the relevant interest in the associate is included in the determination of the gain or loss on disposal of the associate. In addition, the Group accounts for all amounts previously recognised in other comprehensive income in relation to that associate on the same basis as would be required if that associate had directly disposed of the related assets or liabilities. Therefore, if a gain or loss previously recognised in other comprehensive income by that associate would be reclassified to profit or loss on the disposal of the related assets or liabilities, the Group reclassifies the gain or loss from equity to profit or loss (as a reclassification adjustment) when the equity method is discontinued.

Where a group entity transacts with an associate of the Group, profits and losses are eliminated to the extent of the Group's interest in the relevant associate.

Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of qualifying assets, which are assets that necessarily take a substantial period of time to get ready for their intended use or sale, are capitalised as part of the cost of those assets. Capitalisation of such borrowing costs ceases when the assets are substantially ready for their intended use or sale.

For the year ended 31st March, 2018

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Borrowing costs (Continued)

Investment income earned on the temporary investment of specific borrowings pending their expenditure on qualifying assets is deducted from the borrowing costs eligible for capitalisation.

All other borrowing costs are recognised as expenses in the year in which they are incurred.

Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment are stated at historical cost less accumulated depreciation and amortisation and accumulated impairment loss.

The land and building elements of a lease of land and building are considered separately for the purpose of lease classification, unless the lease payment cannot be allocated reliably between the land and building elements, in which case, the entire lease is generally treated as a finance lease and accounted for as property, plant and equipment. To the extent the allocation of the lease payment can be made reliably, leasehold interest in land is treated as an operating lease and accounted for as prepaid lease payment.

Depreciation and amortisation are provided to write off the cost of items of property, plant and equipment, over their estimated useful lives, using the straight-line method, at the following rates per annum:

Land and buildings	Over the shorter of the remaining
	land lease term and 4%
Factory premises in elsewhere in the	2% — 5%
People's Republic of China (the "PRC")	
Furniture, fixtures and equipment	5% — 33%
Plant and machinery	5% — 33%
Motor vehicles and motor vessel	12% — 33%

The gain or loss arising on the disposal or retirement of an item of property, plant and equipment is determined as the difference between the sale proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and is recognised in the statement of profit or loss.

The assets' residual values and useful lives are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at the end of each reporting period.

An asset's carrying amount is written down immediately to its recoverable amount if the asset's carrying amount is greater than its estimated recoverable amount.

Prepaid lease payments

The up-front prepayments paid for the leasehold land are stated at cost and charged to the statement of profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

For the year ended 31st March, 2018

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued) Impairment of tangible and intangible assets other than goodwill

At the end of each reporting period, the Group reviews the carrying amounts of its assets to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have suffered an impairment loss. If the recoverable amount of an asset is estimated to be less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of the asset is reduced to its recoverable amount. An impairment loss is recognised as an expense immediately, unless the relevant asset is carried at a revalued amount under another accounting standard, in which case the impairment loss is treated as a revaluation decrease under that accounting standard.

Where an impairment loss subsequently reverses, the carrying amount of the asset is increased to the revised estimate of its recoverable amount, such that the increased carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset in prior years. A reversal of an impairment loss is recognised as income immediately, unless the relevant asset is carried at a revalued amount under another accounting standard, in which case the reversal of the impairment loss is treated as a revaluation increase under that accounting standard.

Intangible asset (other than goodwill)

Separately acquired intangible asset other than goodwill is measured initially at historical cost or, if acquired in a business combination, at fair value at the acquisition date. An intangible asset with a finite useful life is amortised on a straight-line basis over its useful life, or its remaining useful life upon business combination, and is carried at cost less accumulated amortisation and accumulated impairment losses, if any. Amortisation is charged to the consolidated statement of profit or loss.

An intangible asset with an indefinite useful life is tested for impairment at least annually or whenever there is an indication that it may be impaired and is carried at cost less accumulated impairment losses, if any.

Investment properties

Investment properties are completed properties which are held for their investment potential, any rental income being negotiated at arm's length. On initial recognition, investment properties are measured at cost, including any directly attributable expenditure. Subsequent to initial recognition, investment properties are carried at fair value, representing open market value determined at each reporting date by external valuers. Fair value is based on active market prices, adjusted, if necessary, for any difference in the nature, location or condition of the specific asset. Unrealized gains or losses arising from changes in the fair value of investment properties are included in profit or loss for the year in which they arise.

For the year ended 31st March, 2018

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued) Financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised on the statement of financial position when a group entity becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

The Group's financial assets are classified as "financial assets at fair value through profit or loss", "available-for-sale investments" and "loans and receivables". Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss include investments held for trading purpose and investments designated as at fair value through profit or loss upon initial recognition. Available-for-sale investments are non-derivatives that are either designated as available-for-sale investments or not classified as any of the other categories under the financial assets classification. Loans and receivables are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments. Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss and available-for-sale investments which are traded in active market are measured at fair value in each reporting period, with changes in fair values recognised in the statement of profit or loss and equity respectively. Loans and receivables are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Available-for-sale investments that do not have a quoted market price in an active market and whose fair value cannot be reliably measured are measured at cost less any identified impairment losses at the end of the reporting period.

The Group assesses at the end of each reporting period whether there is any objective evidence that a financial asset or a group of financial assets is impaired. Impairment loss is recognised in the statement of profit or loss. Impairment losses on available-for-sale equity investments are not reversed through the statement of profit or loss in subsequent years. Impairment losses on available-for-sale debt investments are subsequently reversed if an increase in the fair value of the investment can be objectively related to an event occurring after the recognition of the impairment loss. Impairment losses on loans and receivables are subsequently reversed if an increase in the loans and receivables' recoverable amount can be related objectively to an event occurring after the impairment was recognised, subject to a restriction that the carrying amount of the loans and receivables at the date the impairment is reversed does not exceed the amortised cost that would have been had the impairment not been recognised.

All regular way purchases or sales of financial assets are recognised or derecognised on a trade date basis and initially measured at fair value plus directly attributable transaction costs. Regular way purchases or sales are purchases or sales of financial assets that require delivery of assets within the time frame established by regulation or convention in the marketplace. Financial assets are derecognised when the rights to receive cash flows from the assets have expired or when the financial assets have been transferred, and the Group has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the financial assets. On derecognition of a financial asset, the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the aggregate of the consideration received and gain or loss that had been recognised directly in equity is recognised in the statement of profit or loss for the year.

Financial liabilities include trade and other loan payables and are subsequently measured at amortised cost, using the effective interest method.

For the year ended 31st March, 2018

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued) Financial guarantee contracts

A financial guarantee contract is a contract that requires the Group to make specified payments to reimburse the holder for a loss it incurs when a specified debtor fails to make payment when due in accordance with the original or modified terms of a debt instrument. A financial guarantee contract issued by the Group is recognised initially at its fair value less transaction costs that are directly attributable to the issue of the financial guarantee contract. Subsequent to initial recognition, the Group measures the financial guarantee contract at the higher of: (i) the best estimate of the amount required to settle the guarantee; and (ii) the amount initially recognised less, when appropriate, cumulative amortisation over the guarantee period.

Effective interest method

The effective interest method is a method of calculating the amortised cost of a financial asset/liability and of allocating interest income/expense over the relevant period. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts/ payments (including all fees and points paid or received that form an integral part of the effective interest rate, transaction costs and other premiums or discounts) through the expected life of the financial asset/liability, or, where appropriate, a shorter period. Income/ expense is recognised on an effective interest basis for financial asset/liability.

Derivative financial instruments

Derivatives are initially recognised at fair value at the date a derivative contract is entered into and are subsequently remeasured to their fair values at the end of each reporting period. The resulting gain or loss is recognised in the statement of profit or loss immediately unless the derivative is designated and effective as a hedging instrument, in which event the timing of the recognition in the statement of profit or loss depends on the nature of the hedge relationship.

Derivatives of the Group which do not qualify for hedge accounting are deemed as financial assets held for trading or financial liabilities held for trading. Changes in fair values of such derivatives are recognised directly in statement of profit or loss.

Related parties

A party is considered to be related to the Group if:

- (a) the party is a person or a close member of that person's family if that person
 - (i) has control or joint control of the Group;
 - (ii) has significant influence over the Group; or
 - (iii) is a member of the key management personnel of the Group or of a parent of the Group;

or

For the year ended 31st March, 2018

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Related parties (Continued)

- (b) the party is an entity related to the Group where any of the following conditions applies:
 - (i) the entity and the Group are members of the same group;
 - (ii) one entity is an associate or joint venture of the other entity (or an associate or joint venture of a member of a group of which the other entity is a member);
 - (iii) the entity and the Group are joint ventures of the same third party;
 - (iv) one entity is a joint venture of a third entity and the other entity is an associate of the third entity;
 - (v) the entity is a post-employment benefit plan for the benefit of employees of either the Group or an entity related to the Group;
 - (vi) the entity is controlled or jointly controlled by a person identified in (a);
 - (vii) a person identified in (a)(i) has significant influence over the entity or is a member of the key management personnel of the entity (or of a parent of the entity) and
 - (viii) the entity, or any member of a group of which it is a part, provides key management personnel services to the reporting entity or to the parent of the reporting entity.

Close family members of an individual are those family members who may be expected to influence, or be influenced by, that individual in their dealings with the entity.

Inventories

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost and net realizable value. Cost is calculated using the weighted average cost method.

For the year ended 31st March, 2018

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued) Foreign currencies

In preparing the financial statements of each individual group entity, transactions in currencies other than the functional currency of that entity (foreign currencies) are recognised at the rates of exchange prevailing on the dates of the transactions. At the end of the reporting period, monetary items denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rates prevailing at that date. Non-monetary items carried at fair value that are denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the fair value was determined. Non-monetary items that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are not retranslated.

Exchange differences arising on the settlement of monetary items, and on the retranslation of monetary items, are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they arise except for:

- exchange differences on foreign currency borrowings relating to assets under construction for future productive use, which are included in the cost of those assets when they are regarded as an adjustment to interest costs on those foreign currency borrowings;
- exchange differences on transactions entered into in order to hedge certain foreign currency risks (see the accounting policies below); and
- exchange differences on monetary items receivable from or payable to foreign operations for which settlement is neither planned nor likely to occur (therefore forming part of the net investment in the foreign operation), which are recognised initially in other comprehensive income and reclassified from equity to profit or loss on disposal or partial disposal of the Group's interests.

For the purpose of presenting consolidated financial statements, the assets and liabilities of the Group's foreign operations are translated into the presentation currency of the Group (i.e. Hong Kong dollar) using exchange rates prevailing at the end of each reporting period. Income and expense items are translated at the average exchange rates for the period, unless exchange rates fluctuate significantly during that period, in which case the exchange rates at the dates of the transactions are used. Exchange differences arising if any, are recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity under the heading of exchange reserve (attributed to non-controlling interests as appropriate).

On the disposal of a foreign operation (i.e. a disposal of the Group's entire interest in a foreign operation, or a disposal involving loss of control over a subsidiary that includes a foreign operation, or a partial disposal of an interest in a joint arrangement or an associate that includes a foreign operation of which the retained interest becomes a financial asset), all of the exchange differences accumulated in equity in respect of that operation attributable to the owners of the Company are reclassified to profit or loss.

For the year ended 31st March, 2018

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Foreign currencies (Continued)

In addition, in relation to a partial disposal of a subsidiary that does not result in the Group losing control over the subsidiary, the proportionate share of accumulated exchange differences are re-attributed to non-controlling interests and are not recognised in profit or loss. For all other partial disposals (i.e. partial disposals of associates or joint arrangements that do not result in the Group losing significant influence or joint control), the proportionate share of the accumulated exchange differences is reclassified to profit or loss.

Goodwill and fair value adjustments on identifiable assets acquired arising on the acquisition of a foreign operation are treated as assets and liabilities of the foreign operation and translated at the rate of exchange prevailing at the end of each reporting period. Exchange differences arising are recognised in other comprehensive income.

Taxation

Income tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from profit as reported in the statement of profit or loss because of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and items that are never taxable or deductible. The Group's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

Deferred tax is recognised on differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all taxable temporary differences. Deferred tax assets are generally recognised for all deductible temporary differences to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which those deductible temporary differences can be utilised. Such assets and liabilities are not recognised if the temporary difference arises from the initial recognition (other than in a business combination) of assets and liabilities in a transaction that affects neither the taxable profit nor the accounting profit. In addition, deferred tax liabilities are not recognised if the temporary difference arises from initial recognition.

Deferred tax liabilities are recognised for taxable temporary differences associated with investments in subsidiaries and associates except where the Group is able to control the reversal of the temporary difference and it is probable that the temporary difference will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at the end of each reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered.

For the year ended 31st March, 2018

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Taxation (Continued)

Deferred tax is calculated at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period when the liability is settled or the asset is realized. Current and deferred tax are recognised in profit or loss, except when they relate to items that are recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, in which case the current and deferred tax is also dealt with in equity.

Retirement benefits costs

Payments to defined contribution retirement benefit plans are charged as expenses as they fall due.

Equity-settled share-based payment transactions

The Company operates a share option scheme for the purpose of providing incentives and rewards to eligible participants who contribute to the success of the Group's operations. Employees (including directors) of the Group receive remuneration in the form of share—based payments, whereby employees render services as consideration for equity instruments ("equity-settled transactions"). The cost of equity-settled transactions with employees is measured by reference to the fair value at the date at which they are granted. The fair value of services received determined by reference to the fair value of share options granted at the grant date is expensed on a straight-line basis over the vesting period, with a corresponding increase in equity (share options reserve).

At the end of the reporting period, the Group revises its estimates of the number of options that are expected to ultimately vest. The impact of the revision of the original estimates during the vesting period, if any, is recognised in profit or loss such that the cumulative expense reflects the revised estimate, with a corresponding adjustment to share options reserve.

For share options that vest immediately at the date of grant, the fair value of the share options granted is expensed immediately to profit or loss.

At the time when the share options are exercised, the amount previously recognised in the share options reserve will be transferred to share premium. When the share options are forfeited after the vesting date or are still not exercised at the expiry date, the amount previously recognised in the share options reserve will be transferred to retained earnings.

Operating leases

Payments made under operating leases (net of any incentives received from the lessors) are charged to profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the relevant lease terms.

For the year ended 31st March, 2018

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued) Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents as presented in the statement of financial position represent cash on hand, cash and time deposits with banks and other financial institutions, and short-term liquid investments which are readily convertible into known amounts of cash and subject to an insignificant risk of change in value. For the purpose of the consolidated statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents which have short-term maturity of generally within three months upon acquisition, together with bank overdrafts and bank loans, if any, which are repayable on demand and form an integral part of the Group's cash management, are included as components of cash and cash equivalents as presented in the consolidated statement of cash flows.

4. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS AND KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION UNCERTAINTY

The preparation of the consolidated financial statements requires the Management to make significant estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income and expenses as well as the related disclosures. The estimates and assumptions that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year are:

Impairment of intangible asset

The Directors have tested the intangible asset for impairment at the end of the reporting period and concluded that impairment loss is not required.

Allowance for impairment of doubtful debts

The Group's provision policy for bad and doubtful debts is based on the evaluation of collectability and aging analysis of accounts and on Management's judgement. A considerable amount of judgement is required in assessing the ultimate realization of these receivables, including the current creditworthiness and the past collection history of each customer. If the financial conditions of customers of the Group were to deteriorate, resulting in an impairment of their abilities to make payments, additional allowance may be required. As at 31st March, 2018, the carrying amount of trade debtors was approximately HK\$58,680,000 (2017: HK\$67,930,000) (net of allowance for impairment of doubtful debts of approximately HK\$343,000 (2017: HK\$1,285,000)).

Estimate of the useful lives of property, plant and equipment

The Group determines the estimated useful lives and related depreciation charges for its property, plant and equipment. This estimate is based on the historical experience of the actual useful lives of property, plant and equipment of similar nature and functions. The Group reviews annually the useful lives of assets and their residual values, if any. The depreciation charges for future periods will be adjusted if there are significant changes from previous estimates.

For the year ended 31st March, 2018

4. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS AND KEY SOURCES OF

ESTIMATION UNCERTAINTY (Continued)

Fair values of investment properties

At the end of the reporting period, the Group's investment properties were stated at fair value based on the valuation performed by independent chartered surveyors as disclosed in the note on investment properties. In determining the fair values, the surveyors have based on method of valuation which involves certain estimates. In relying on the valuation, Management has exercised their judgment and is satisfied that the method of valuation is reflective of the current market conditions.

Fair values of financial instruments

Financial instruments, including available-for-sale investments, financial assets at fair value through profit or loss and derivative financial instruments, were stated at fair value at the end of the reporting period. Quoted market prices from active markets are considered to be the objective evidence for assessing the fair values. Under the circumstances where quoted market prices are not available for particular financial instruments, the Group assesses the fair values of these financial instruments with reference to the quoted values or recent transaction prices provided by counterparty financial institutions. The use of methodologies, models and assumptions in pricing and valuing these financial assets and liabilities is subjective and requires varying degrees of judgment by Management, which may result in significant deviation in fair values and results.

Estimated impairment on inventories

The Management of the Group reviews an aging analysis at the end of each reporting period, and identifies obsolete and slow-moving inventory items that are no longer suitable for use in production. The Management estimates the net realizable value for such inventories based primarily on the latest invoice prices and current market conditions. The Group carries out a review of the inventory on a product-by-product basis at the end of each reporting period and provides impairment on obsolete items, if any.

5. **REVENUE**

Revenue represents the net amounts received and receivable for the year (less returns and allowances) for rice sold to outside customers, sales from operation of convenience stores and rental income from investment properties, and is analysed as follows:

	2018 HK\$'000	2017 HK\$′000
Rice sales	686,658	720,394
Sales from operation of convenience stores	517,732	346,936
Rental income from investment properties	4,226	2,848
	1,208,616	1,070,178

For the year ended 31st March, 2018

6. SEGMENT INFORMATION

For management purposes, the Group is currently organised into five operating divisions, namely rice operation, convenience store operation, securities investment, property investment and corporate and others. These divisions are the basis on which the Group reports its operating segment information.

Principal activities are as follows:

Rice operation	_	sourcing, importing, wholesaling, processing, packaging, marketing and distribution of rice
Convenience store operation	_	operation of convenience stores in Vietnam
Securities investment	_	investments in equity and debt securities
Property investment		property investment and development
Corporate and others	_	corporate income and expenses and other investments

Segment results represent the profit or loss generated from each segment without allocation of finance costs. This is the measure reported to the chief operating decision maker for the purpose of resources allocation and performance assessment.

For the year ended 31st March, 2018

6. SEGMENT INFORMATION (Continued)

An analysis of the Group's segment information by operating segments is as follows:

Operating segments

Statement of profit or loss for the year ended 31st March, 2018

	Rice operation HK\$'000	Convenience store operation HK\$'000	Securities investment HK\$'000	Property investment HK\$'000	Corporate and others <i>HK\$</i> ′000	Consolidated HK\$'000
REVENUE						
Total sales	686,658	517,732		4,226	_	1,208,616
RESULTS						
Segment results	72,301	(58,261)	24,027	11,030	4,085	53,182
Finance costs						(1)
Share of results of associates	107	_	_	15,693	(7)	15,793
Gain on disposal of a subsidiary	_	-	_	7,514	—	7,514
Profit before taxation						76,488
Taxation						(14,041)
Profit for the year						62,447
Profit attributable to:						
Shareholders of the Company						65,367
Non-controlling interests						(2,920)
						62,447

For the year ended 31st March, 2018

6. **SEGMENT INFORMATION** (Continued)

Operating segments (Continued)

Segment assets and liabilities as at 31st March, 2018

		Convenience				
	Rice operation <i>HK\$'000</i>	store operation HK\$'000	Securities investment HK\$'000	Property investment HK\$'000	Corporate and others <i>HK\$'000</i>	Consolidated HK\$'000
ASSETS						
Segment assets	227,263	203,270	233,548	235,411	312,006	1,211,498
Interests in associates	56,677	_	_	107,118	52,530	216,325
Consolidated total assets						1,427,823
LIABILITIES						
Segment liabilities Unallocated corporate	29,924	71,168	_	1,061	11,874	114,027
liabilities						13,071
Consolidated total liabilities						127,098

Other information for the year ended 31st March, 2018

	Rice operation HK\$'000	Convenience store operation HK\$'000	Securities investment HK\$'000	Property investment HK\$'000	Corporate and others <i>HK\$'000</i>	Consolidated HK\$'000
Additions to property, plant and equipment Depreciation and amortisation	10,149	36,467	_	14	_	46,630
of property, plant and equipment	(9,502)	(22,114)	_	(1,392)	_	(33,008)
Amortisation of prepaid lease payments	(520)	_	_	(2)	_	(522)
Surplus on revaluation of investment properties	_	_	_	8,980	_	8,980
Net unrealized gain on financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	_	_	14,631	_	_	14,631
Allowance for impairment of doubtful debts	(20)					(20)

For the year ended 31st March, 2018

6. **SEGMENT INFORMATION** (Continued)

Operating segments (Continued)

Statement of profit or loss for the year ended 31st March, 2017

	Rice operation HK\$'000	Convenience store operation HK\$'000	Securities investment HK\$'000	Property investment HK\$'000	Corporate and others <i>HK\$'000</i>	Consolidated HK\$'000
REVENUE Total sales	720,394	346,936	_	2,848	_	1,070,178
RESULTS Segment results	80,820	(49,395)	34,668	5,181	(348)	70,926
Finance costs Share of results of associates	(161)	_	_	(310)	1,784	(199) 1,313
Profit before taxation Taxation						72,040 (16,909)
Profit for the year						55,131
Profit attributable to: Shareholders of the Company Non-controlling interests						59,762 (4,631)
						55,131

Segment assets and liabilities as at 31st March, 2017

		Convenience				
	Rice	store	Securities	Property	Corporate	
	operation	operation	investment	investment	and others	Consolidated
	HK\$′000	HK\$′000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
ASSETS						
Segment assets	189,020	176,800	253,089	222,616	378,383	1,219,908
Interests in associates	18,276	—	—	83,757	51,091	153,124
Consolidated total assets						1,373,032
LIABILITIES						
Segment liabilities Unallocated corporate	29,280	61,714	1,943	860	2,553	96,350
liabilities						15,198
Consolidated total liabilities						111,548

For the year ended 31st March, 2018

6. **SEGMENT INFORMATION** (Continued)

Operating segments (Continued) Other information for the year ended 31st March, 2017

	Rice operation HK\$'000	Convenience store operation HK\$'000	Securities investment HK\$′000	Property investment HK\$'000	Corporate and others <i>HK\$'000</i>	Consolidated HK\$'000
Additions to property, plant and equipment	17,032	48,220	_	141	_	65,393
Addition to investment property	_	_	_	66,955	_	66,955
Depreciation and amortisation of property, plant and equipment	(7,012)	(14,558)	_	(1,486)	_	(23,056)
Amortisation of prepaid lease payments	(516)		_	(6)	_	(522)
Amortisation of intangible asset	_	(1,399)	_	_	_	(1,399)
Surplus on revaluation of investment properties	_	_	_	5,315	_	5,315
Net unrealized gain on financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	_	_	14,147	_	_	14,147
Allowance for impairment of doubtful debts	(812)	_	_			(812)

Geographical segments

The Group's operations are located in Hong Kong, Vietnam, elsewhere in the PRC and other regions.

The following table provides an analysis of the Group's sales by location of markets, irrespective of the origin of the goods/services:

	Revenue geographical	,
	2018 HK\$'000	2017 HK\$′000
Hong Kong	676,616	677,873
Vietnam	517,732	346,936
Elsewhere in the PRC	333	32,282
Others	13,935	13,087
	1,208,616	1,070,178

For the year ended 31st March, 2018

6. SEGMENT INFORMATION (Continued)

Geographical segments (Continued)

The following is an analysis of the carrying amounts of and additions to non-current assets other than financial instruments, analysed by the geographical areas in which the assets are located:

	Carrying amo current assets financial in	other than	Additions to non-currer assets other than financi instruments	
	2018	2018 2017		2017
	HK\$'000	HK\$′000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Hong Kong	281,308	272,317	10,163	84,064
Vietnam	112,775	100,680	36,467	48,220
Elsewhere in the PRC	9,510	11,747	_	64
Others	166,663	104,986		
	570,256	489,730	46,630	132,348

Information about major customers

For the year ended 31st March, 2018, approximately HK\$299,754,000 (2017: HK\$307,233,000) of the Group's revenue was derived from two (2017: two) external customers from rice operation, representing approximately 25% (2017: 29%) of the total revenue. No other single customer contributed 10% or more to the Group's revenue.

For the year ended 31st March, 2018

7. NET OTHER INCOME

	2018 HK\$'000	2017 HK\$′000
Interest income on:		
 Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss Financial assets not designated as at fair value 	3,201	5,293
through profit or loss	4,105	3,213
	7,306	8,506
Dividend from:		
— Listed available-for-sale investments	_	41
— Unlisted available-for-sale investments	_	1,660
- Listed financial assets at fair value through		-,
profit or loss	1,903	3,107
	1,903	4,808
Net realized loss on disposal of available-for-sale		
investments	_	(632)
Net realized gain on disposals of financial assets at		
fair value through profit or loss	2,365	9,605
Net realized gain on derivative financial instruments	_	1,451
Net loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment	(1,810)	(908)
Net foreign exchange gain/(loss)	3,039	(1,469)
Sundry income	5,400	4,522
	18,203	25,883

For the year ended 31st March, 2018

8. PROFIT BEFORE TAXATION

Profit before taxation is arrived at after charging/(crediting):

	2018	2017
	HK\$'000	HK\$′000
Auditor's remuneration		
Current year	725	643
Underprovision in prior years	38	21
	763	664
Depreciation and amortisation of property,		
plant and equipment	33,008	23,056
Amortisation of prepaid lease payments	522	522
Amortisation of intangible asset	_	1,399
Operating lease rentals in respect of rented premises	57,684	42,875
Allowance for impairment of doubtful debts	20	812
Cost of inventories recognised as expense	764,046	674,075
Staff costs		
Salaries and retirement benefits scheme contributions	172,602	150,533
Termination benefits		11,524
	172,602	162,057
Interests on bank loans wholly repayable within five years		199
Interests on bank loans wholly repayable within five years Interests on bank overdraft	1	
	1	199
	· ·	
Rental income from investment properties	(4,226)	(2,848)
Less: Outgoings associated with rental income	122	158
	(4,104)	(2,690)
Net loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment	1,810	908

For the year ended 31st March, 2018

9. GAIN ON DISPOSAL OF A SUBSIDIARY

In August 2017, the Group disposed of its entire equity interest in Golden Resources China (Group) Limited, a wholly-owned subsidiary engaged in property investment in Mainland China, at a cash consideration of HK\$19,520,000.

The carrying amount of the net assets derecognised during the year in respect of the disposal of Golden Resources China (Group) Limited was as follows:

	2018
	HK\$'000
Carrying amount of the net assets derecognised:	
Property, plant and equipment	2,369
Prepaid lease payments	260
	2,629
Consideration received:	
Cash consideration	19,520
Gain on disposal of a subsidiary:	
Consideration received	19,520
Carrying amount of net assets derecognised	(2,629)
Directly attributable costs	(9,377)

Analysis of net inflow of cash and cash equivalents in respect of the disposal of Golden Resources China (Group) Limited:

	2018
	HK\$'000
Net inflow of cash and cash equivalents	19,520

The Group recognised a gain of approximately HK\$7,514,000 in the consolidated statement of profit or loss for the year ended 31 March, 2018 in respect of the disposal of Golden Resources China (Group) Limited.

For the year ended 31st March, 2018

10. TAXATION

	2018 HK\$'000	2017 HK\$′000
Current tax:		
Hong Kong	14,084	15,628
Other regions in the PRC	33	24
	14,117	15,652
(Overprovision)/underprovision in prior years:		
Hong Kong	—	10
Other regions in the PRC		(21)
	_	(11)
Deferred tax (Note 25):		
Current year's (credit)/charge	(76)	1,268
Taxation attributable to the Company and its subsidiaries	14,041	16,909

Hong Kong Profits Tax is calculated at 16.5% of the estimated assessable profit for both years.

Taxation arising in other jurisdictions is calculated at the rates prevailing in the relevant jurisdictions.

For the year ended 31st March, 2018

10. TAXATION (Continued)

The tax charge for the year can be reconciled to the profit per the consolidated statement of profit or loss as follows:

	2018 HK\$′000	2017 HK\$′000
Profit before taxation	76,488	72,040
Tax at the domestic income tax rate of 16.5% (Note)	12,620	11,887
Tax effect of expenses not deductible for tax purpose	3,116	4,778
Tax effect of income not taxable for tax purpose	(3,701)	(3,513)
Overprovision in respect of prior years	_	(11)
Tax effect of tax losses/deferred tax assets not recognised	11,276	12,470
Tax effect of utilisation of tax losses/deferred tax assets		
not previously recognised	(3,578)	(5,229)
Effect of different tax rates of subsidiaries operating in		
other jurisdictions	(2,816)	(2,926)
Tax effect of share of results of associates	(2,606)	(217)
Others	(270)	(330)
Taxation for the year	14,041	16,909

Note:

The domestic tax rate in the jurisdiction where the operation of the Group is substantially based is used.

For the year ended 31st March, 2018

11. DIVIDENDS

(a) Dividends attributable to the year:

	2018 HK\$'000	2017 HK\$′000
Interim dividend paid of HK1.2 cents per share		
on 1,697,406,458 shares (2017: HK1.2 cents per share on 1,694,406,458 shares)	20,369	20,333
Final dividend proposed of HK1.2 cents per share		
on 1,697,406,458 shares (2017: HK1.2 cents per		
share on 1,695,406,458 shares)	20,369	20,345
	40,738	40,678

The final dividend of HK1.2 cents per share for the year ended 31st March, 2018 has been proposed by the Directors and is subject to approval by the shareholders at the forthcoming annual general meeting. This final dividend proposed after the end of the reporting period has not been recognised as a liability at the end of the reporting period.

(b) Dividends approved and paid during the year:

	2018 HK\$'000	2017 HK\$′000
Final dividend in respect of the previous financial year, approved and paid during the year, of HK1.2 cents per share on 1,695,406,458 shares (2017: HK1.2 cents per share on 1,694,406,458 shares)	20,345	20,333
Interim dividend in respect of the current financial year, approved and paid during the year, of HK1.2 cents per share on 1,697,406,458 shares (2017: HK1.2 cents per share on 1,694,406,458 shares)	20,369	20,333
	40,714	40,666

For the year ended 31st March, 2018

12. EARNINGS PER SHARE

The calculation of the basic and diluted earnings per share attributable to the shareholders of the Company is based on the following data:

	2018 <i>HK\$'000</i>	2017 HK\$′000
Earnings for the purpose of basic and diluted earnings per share	65,367	59,762
	2018	2017
Number of shares:		
Weighted average number of shares for the purpose of basic earnings per share	1,696,042,074	1,694,417,417
Effect of dilutive potential ordinary shares: Share options	1,529,978	955,529
Weighted average number of shares for the purpose of diluted earnings per share	1,697,572,052	1,695,372,946

Note:

Diluted earnings per share is calculated by adjusting the weighted average number of ordinary shares to assume conversion of all dilutive potential ordinary shares.

There is no significant dilutive effect for both years.

For the year ended 31st March, 2018

13. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

For the year ended 31st March, 2018

Land and buildings <i>HK\$'000</i>	Factory premises in elsewhere in the PRC <i>HK\$'000</i>	Furniture, fixtures and equipment HK\$'000	Plant and machinery <i>HK\$'000</i>	Motor vehicles and motor vessel HK\$'000	Total <i>HK\$'000</i>
107,211	14,498	166,345	121,316	10,543	419,913
_	_	37,715	1,177	7,738	46,630
_	_	(7,264)	(313)	(2,798)	(10,375)
_	1,437	746	2,142	151	4,476
(4,438)	_	(6,851)	_	(173)	(11,462)
102,773	15,935	190,691	124,322	15,461	449,182
65,563	14,498	78,449	107,660	7,030	273,200
2,161	_	24,881	3,307	2,659	33,008
_	_	(4,768)	(306)	(2,664)	(7,738)
_	1,437	569	2,142	140	4,288
(2,071)	_	(6,849)	_	(173)	(9,093)
65,653	15,935	92,282	112,803	6,992	293,665
37,120		98,409	11,519	8,469	155,517
	buildings <i>HK\$'000</i> 107,211 — — (4,438) 102,773 65,563 2,161 — — (2,071) 65,653	Land and buildings premises in elsewhere in the PRC HK\$'000 107,211 14,498 - - - 107,211 107,211 14,498 - - - 1,437 (4,438) - 102,773 15,935 65,563 14,498 2,161 - - 1,437 (2,071) - 65,653 15,935	Land and buildings premises in the PRC in the PRC equipment HK\$'000 Furniture, fixtures and equipment HK\$'000 107,211 14,498 166,345 - - 37,715 - - (7,264) - 1,437 746 (4,438) - (6,851) 102,773 15,935 190,691 65,563 14,498 78,449 2,161 - 24,881 - - (4,768) - 1,437 569 (2,071) - (6,849) 65,653 15,935 92,282	premises in buildings premises in in the PRC HK\$'000 Furniture, fixtures and equipment HK\$'000 Plant and machinery HK\$'000 107,211 14,498 166,345 121,316 - - 37,715 1,177 - - (7,264) (313) - 1,437 746 2,142 (4,438) - (6,851) - 102,773 15,935 190,691 124,322 65,563 14,498 78,449 107,660 2,161 - 24,881 3,307 - - (4,768) (306) - 1,437 569 2,142 (2,071) - (6,849) - 65,653 15,935 92,282 112,803	premises in buildings $HK\$'000$ Furniture, fixtures and equipment $HK\$'000$ Motor vehicles and machinery $HK\$'000$ 107,21114,498166,345121,31610,54337,7151,1777,738(7,264)(313)(2,798)-1,4377462,142151(4,438)-(6,851)-(173)102,77315,935190,691124,32215,46165,56314,49878,4493,3072,659(4,768)(306)(2,664)-1,4375692,142140(2,071)-(6,849)-(173)65,65315,93592,282112,8036,992

For the year ended 31st March, 2018

13. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (Continued)

For the year ended 31st March, 2017

	Land and buildings HK\$′000	Factory premises in elsewhere in the PRC <i>HK\$'000</i>	Furniture, fixtures and equipment HK\$'000	Plant and machinery HK\$'000	Motor vehicles HK\$′000	Total <i>HK\$'000</i>
COST						
At 1st April, 2016	107,211	15,376	114,402	115,738	10,906	363,633
Additions	_	—	57,488	7,285	620	65,393
Disposals/written off	_	—	(3,542)	(399)	(825)	(4,766)
Exchange rate adjustments	_	(878)	(2,003)	(1,308)	(158)	(4,347)
At 31st March, 2017	107,211	14,498	166,345	121,316	10,543	419,913
DEPRECIATION, AMORTISATION AND IMPAIRMENT						
At 1st April, 2016	63,284	15,376	65,452	106,789	5,985	256,886
Provided for the year	2,279	_	16,360	2,579	1,838	23,056
Eliminated on disposals/						
written off	_	_	(2,487)	(399)	(657)	(3,543)
Exchange rate adjustments		(878)	(876)	(1,309)	(136)	(3,199)
At 31st March, 2017	65,563	14,498	78,449	107,660	7,030	273,200
CARRYING AMOUNT						
At 31st March, 2017	41,648	_	87,896	13,656	3,513	146,713

The carrying amount of properties shown above comprises:

	2018 HK\$'000	2017 HK\$′000
Land and buildings situated in Hong Kong:		
Held under long lease	30,345	31,295
Held under medium-term lease	3,554	3,769
Freehold land and building situated outside Hong Kong	2,867	2,953
Building situated in Hong Kong	354	1,205
Building situated outside Hong Kong		2,426
	37,120	41,648

For the year ended 31st March, 2018

14. INVESTMENT PROPERTIES

	2018	2017
	HK\$'000	HK\$′000
Balance at beginning of the year	152,030	79,760
Addition	_	66,955
Surplus on revaluation	8,980	5,315
Balance at end of the year	161,010	152,030

All of the Group's investment properties are held for renting out under operating leases. The analysis of the Group's investment properties is as follows:

	2018 HK\$'000	2017 HK\$′000
Situated in Hong Kong:		
Held under long lease	155,520	146,980
Situated outside Hong Kong:		
Held under medium-term lease	5,490	5,050
	161,010	152,030

The investment properties were revalued at 31st March, 2018 on an open market value basis by Dudley Surveyors Limited, independent Chartered Surveyors. The revaluation surplus of HK\$8,980,000 (2017: surplus of HK\$5,315,000) has been recognised in the consolidated statement of profit or loss.

Dudley Surveyors Limited is a member of The Hong Kong Institute of Surveyors, and has appropriate qualifications and recent experiences in the valuation of similar properties in the relevant locations. The valuation, which conforms to International Valuation Standards, was arrived at by reference to market evidence of transaction prices for similar properties.

The fair value was determined based on Direct Comparison Approach assuming sale of the property interest in its existing state with the benefit of vacant possession and by making reference to comparable sales evidence as available in the relevant market.

There has been no change from the valuation technique used in the prior year. In estimating the fair value of the property, the highest and best use of the property is its current use.

The fair value measurements of the investment properties of the Group as at 31st March, 2018 were categorised into Level 2. There were no transfers into or out of Level 2 during the year.

For the year ended 31st March, 2018

15. INTANGIBLE ASSET

	Licence		
	2018	2017	
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	
COST		31,600	
Balance at 1st April and 31st March	31,600		
AMORTISATION			
Balance at 1st April	9,095	7,696	
Charge for the year		1,399	
Balance at 31st March	9,095	9,095	
CARRYING AMOUNT			
Balance at 31st March	22,505	22,505	

The intangible asset represents the master and franchise licence granted to a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company the exclusive right to own and operate Circle K convenience stores in The Socialist Republic of Vietnam ("Vietnam") and is measured initially at fair value upon acquisition of subsidiaries. The fair value of the licence has been arrived at on the basis of a valuation under the income approach carried out on 12th October, 2010 by BMI Appraisals Limited, an independent qualified professional valuer, adopting the Excess Earnings Method. It is predicated on the basis that the value of an intangible asset is the present value of the earnings it generates, net of a reasonable return on other assets which also contribute to that stream of earnings. The excess earnings are the amounts of anticipated economic benefits that exceed the required rates of return on the contributory assets, including the non-current assets, the working capital and the workforce assembled, used to generate those anticipated economic benefits. In the valuation, the after-tax required rates of return on the net non-current assets, the net working capital and the workforce assembled of 11.64%, 7.20% and 17.55% respectively were adopted.

The licence acquired upon business combination was amortised over its remaining useful life of 22 years and 7 months from the date of acquisition of the subsidiary on 12th October, 2010. However, in April 2017, the licence was modified that the term shall no longer be for a period of 25 years and shall instead continue indefinitely for an unlimited duration. With unlimited duration, the intangible asset is regarded as having infinite useful life and therefore amortisation would not be necessary. (2017: amortisation of approximately HK\$1,399,000 was charged to the consolidated statement of profit or loss for the year).

The Directors have tested the intangible asset for impairment at the end of the reporting period and concluded that impairment loss is not required.

For the year ended 31st March, 2018

16. INTERESTS IN ASSOCIATES

	2018 HK\$'000	2017 HK\$′000
Unlisted investments:		
Share of net assets (Note a)	78,097	51,536
(Gain from a bargain purchase)/goodwill on		
acquisition	(156)	507
	77,941	52,043
Advance to an associate (Note b)	86,158	86,158
Deposits paid for trade purchases	55,823	17,648
Amounts payable for trade purchases	(3,597)	(2,725)
Carrying amounts (Note c)	216,325	153,124

Notes:

- (a) Investments in certain associates were in the form of equity and loans from the Group and other shareholders in accordance with respective percentages of equity shareholding in these associates. Investments in the form of loans were comparatively more significant than those in the form of equity, so that the entire amounts were treated as quasi-capital. Under these circumstances, losses incurred by these associates were shared by the Group to the extent that the losses did not exceed the aggregate of their equity and loan investments. As at 31st March, 2018 and 31st March, 2017, share of losses of associates did not exceed the equity investment.
- (b) The balance of advance to an associate was unsecured, interest-free and will not be repayable in the coming twelve months. The Directors consider that the carrying amount of advance to an associate approximates its fair value.
- (c) The Directors consider that the recoverable amounts of interests in associates approximate their carrying amounts as at 31st March, 2018.

The movement in the (gain from a bargain purchase)/goodwill of associates during the year is set out below:

	2018 HK\$'000	2017 HK\$′000
Balance at the beginning of the year Realization on disposal	507 (663)	507
Balance at the end of the year	(156)	507

For the year ended 31st March, 2018

16. INTERESTS IN ASSOCIATES (Continued)

Particulars of the Group's principal associates as at 31st March, 2018 are as follows:

Name of associate	Form of business structure	Place of incorporation/ operation	Issued and fully paid up share capital	Propor nominal issued sha held by tl 2018	value of re capital	Principal activities
Doublewood Resources Sdn. Bhd.	Incorporated	Malaysia	2 ordinary shares of RM1 each	37.50%	37.50%	Property development and holding
GR Engineering Limited	Incorporated	British Virgin Islands	10,000 ordinary shares of US\$1 each	40.00%	40.00%	Investment holding
Sirinumma Company Limited	Incorporated	Thailand	4,600,000 ordinary shares of Baht 10 each	40.00%	40.00%	Sourcing of rice
Starland Century Limited	Incorporated	Hong Kong	HK\$1,000	37.50%	37.50%	Investment holding
Supreme Development Company Limited (Note)	Incorporated	Hong Kong/ Hong Kong and PRC	HK\$15,001,500	41.16%	41.16%	Manufacturing and sale of plastic bags
Wealthway Resources Sdn. Bhd.	Incorporated	Malaysia	2 ordinary shares of RM1 each	37.50%	37.50%	Property development and holding

Note:

Supreme Development Company Limited has a wholly-owned subsidiary, Delux Arts Development Limited, which is incorporated in Hong Kong and engaged in manufacturing and sale of plastic bags in Hong Kong and PRC.

The Directors are of the opinion that a complete list of the particulars of all associates would be of excessive length and therefore the above list only contains the particulars of those associates which principally affect the results or assets and liabilities of the Group.

For the year ended 31st March, 2018

16. INTERESTS IN ASSOCIATES (Continued)

The summarised consolidated financial information in respect of the Group's material associate is set out below, which represents amounts shown in the associate's consolidated financial statements prepared in accordance with HKFRSs. The associate is accounted for using the equity method in the consolidated financial statements.

Supreme Development Company Limited

	2018 HK\$'000	2017 HK\$′000
Non-current assets	26,122	21,070
Current assets	184,630	167,053
Current liabilities	(76,618)	(59,326)
Non-current liabilities	_	(34)
Revenue	356,040	345,897
(Loss)/profit for the year	(130)	5,751
Other comprehensive income/(loss) for the year	7,501	(4,574)
Total comprehensive income for the year	7,371	1,177
Dividend received from the associate during the year	823	823

Reconciliation of the above summarised consolidated financial information to the carrying amount of the interest in Supreme Development Company Limited recognised in the consolidated financial statements:

	2018 HK\$'000	2017 HK\$′000
Net assets of Supreme Development Company Limited	134,134	128,763
Proportion of the Group's ownership interest in		
Supreme Development Company Limited	41.16%	41.16%
Share of net assets of the Group in		
Supreme Development Company Limited	55,216	53,005
Amounts payable for trade purchases	(3,597)	(2,725)
Carrying amounts	51,619	50,280

For the year ended 31st March, 2018

16. INTERESTS IN ASSOCIATES (Continued)

The summarised financial information in respect of the Group's associates that are not individually material as at the end of the reporting period is set out below:

	2018 HK\$'000	2017 <i>HK\$'000</i>
The Crown's share of profit/(loss)	15 047	
The Group's share of profit/(loss) The Group's share of other comprehensive income/(loss)	15,847 7,840	(1,054) (1,664)
	. ,010	(1)001)
The Group's share of total comprehensive income/(loss)	23,687	(2,718)
Aggregate amount of the Group's share of net assets of		
these associates	22,881	(1,469)
(Gain from bargain purchase)/goodwill on acquisition	(156)	507
Advance to an associate	86,158	86,158
Deposits paid for trade purchases	55,823	17,648
Carrying amounts	164,706	102,844

17. AVAILABLE-FOR-SALE INVESTMENTS

	2018 <i>HK\$'000</i>	2017 HK\$′000
Equity securities:		
Unlisted, at cost	29,968	29,968
Debt securities:		
Unlisted, at cost	_	16,366
	29,968	46,334
Analysed as:		
Non-current assets	29,968	29,968
Current assets		16,366
	29,968	46,334

For the year ended 31st March, 2018

17. AVAILABLE-FOR-SALE INVESTMENTS (Continued)

The Group's unlisted securities of HK\$29,968,000 (2017: HK\$46,334,000) are stated at cost less accumulated impairment losses, if any. As there was no quoted market price in an active market and the range of reasonable fair value estimates for these unlisted securities is significant, the Directors consider that their fair values cannot be measured reliably.

Unlisted equity securities are issued by private entities and all unlisted securities are issued outside Hong Kong.

During the year, debt securities with carrying amounts of HK\$16,366,000 (2017: HK\$15,072,000) were derecognised upon maturity.

There is no impairment loss provision for available-for-sale investments for both years ended 31st March, 2018 and 31st March, 2017.

18. PREPAID LEASE PAYMENTS

19.

The Group's prepaid lease payments, classified as non-current assets, represent prepaid operating lease payments in respect of leasehold land.

	2018 <i>HK\$'000</i>	2017 HK\$′000
Balance at beginning of the year	15,358	16,086
Charge for the year	(522)	(522)
Disposal of a subsidiary (Note 9)	(260)	
Exchange rate adjustments	323	(206)
Balance at end of the year	14,899	15,358
INVENTORIES		
	2018	2017
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
At cost:		
Raw materials	95,422	60,800
Finished goods	65,458	48,341
Consumable stores	5,621	4,507

None of the inventories were carried at net realizable value at the end of the reporting period (2017: Nil).

For the year ended 31st March, 2018

20. TRADE DEBTORS

The Group allows an average credit period of 30-60 days to its trade customers. The following is an aging analysis of trade debtors at the end of the reporting period according to the delivery date:

	2018 <i>HK\$′000</i>	2017 HK\$′000
Within 30 days	22,524	35,934
31-60 days	26,788	16,348
61-90 days	6,615	4,504
Over 90 days	2,753	11,144
	58,680	67,930

The Directors consider that the carrying amounts of trade debtors approximate their fair values.

The Group assesses the credit status and imposes credit limits for potential new customers in accordance with the Group's credit policy. The credit limits are closely monitored and subject to periodic reviews.

As at 31st March, 2018, the balances of trade debtors over 90 days of HK\$2,753,000 (2017: HK\$11,144,000) were past due but not impaired as the balances were relating to debtors with sound repayment history and no recent history of default.

The movements in allowance for impairment of doubtful debts during the year are set out below:

	2018 HK\$'000	2017 HK\$′000
Balance at beginning of the year	1,285	481
Increase in allowance recognised in consolidated statement of profit or loss	20	812
Amount written off as uncollectible	(962)	(8)
Balance at end of the year	343	1,285

Included in the allowance for impairment of doubtful debts are individually impaired trade debtors with an aggregate balance of HK\$343,000 (2017: HK\$1,285,000). For overdue debts, the Group assessed the customers for potential impairment losses based on the past default experience, payment history of the customers and subsequent settlement.

For the year ended 31st March, 2018

21. OTHER DEBTORS, DEPOSITS AND PREPAYMENTS

	2018	2017
	HK\$′000	HK\$'000
Deposits and prepayments	41,237	27,394
Advances and other receivables	15,940	22,458
Tax reserve certificates	1,758	393
	58,935	50,245

22. FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT OR LOSS

	232,611	235,802
Other unlisted securities	151,710	135,816
	35,267	54,805
Unlisted		4,180
Listed outside Hong Kong	13,699	21,604
Debt securities: Listed in Hong Kong	21,568	29,021
	45,634	45,181
Listed outside Hong Kong	8,780	8,647
Listed in Hong Kong	36,854	36,534
Equity securities:		
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
	2018	2017

The fair values of listed securities are based on quoted market closing prices available on the relevant exchanges as at the end of the reporting period. The fair values of unlisted securities are based on quoted values or recent transaction prices provided by counterparty financial institutions.

As at 31st March, 2018, the Group held an equity-linked note with maximum coupon rate of 10.7% per annum. The note was designated at fair value through profit or loss on initial recognition and the fair value at the end of the reporting period of approximately HK\$764,000 was included in other unlisted securities.

For the year ended 31st March, 2018

23. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

Cash and cash equivalents held by the Group include short-term bank deposits at prevailing market interest rates with original maturity of less than three months. All bank balances are deposited with creditworthy banks and other financial institutions with no recent history of default.

24. TRADE CREDITORS

The following is an aging analysis of trade creditors at the end of the reporting period according to the delivery date:

	2018 HK\$'000	2017 HK\$′000
Within 30 days	48,120	35,905
31-60 days	287	2,819
61-90 days	443	715
Over 90 days	861	4,150
	49,711	43,589

The Directors consider that the carrying amounts of trade creditors approximate their fair values.

25. DEFERRED TAX LIABILITIES

The followings are the major deferred tax liabilities recognised and movements thereon during the current and prior reporting period:

	Accelerated tax depreciation HK\$'000
At 31st March, 2016	1,783
Charge to expense for the year	1,268
At 31st March, 2017	3,051
Credit to income for the year	(76)
At 31st March, 2018	2,975

At the end of the reporting period, the Group has unused tax losses of approximately HK\$31,955,000 (2017: HK\$21,000,000) available for offset against future profits. No deferred tax asset has been recognised in respect of such losses due to the unpredictability of future profit streams.

For the year ended 31st March, 2018

26. SHARE CAPITAL

	Number of shares of HK\$0.10 each	HK\$′000
Authorised		
At 1st April, 2016, 31st March, 2017 and		
31st March, 2018	3,000,000,000	300,000
Issued and fully paid At 1st April, 2016 Exercise of share options	1,694,406,458 1,000,000	169,441 100
At 31st March, 2017	1,695,406,458	169,541
Exercise of share options	2,000,000	200
At 31st March, 2018	1,697,406,458	169,741

All new shares issued during both years rank pari passu with all other existing shares outstanding at the date of issue.

27. SHARE OPTIONS

The Company operates a share option scheme (the "Scheme") for the purpose of providing incentives and rewards to eligible participants who contribute to the success of the Group's operations. Eligible participants include the Company's Directors (including the Independent Non-executive Directors), employees of the Company and/or any of its subsidiaries and other persons who, in the sole discretion of the Board of Directors of the Company, have contributed to the Group. The Scheme became effective on 26th August, 2008 and, unless otherwise cancelled or amended, will remain in force for 10 years from that date. The scheme will expire on 25th August, 2018.

The fair value of the share options was determined using the Black-Scholes option pricing model. Where relevant, the expected life used in the model has been adjusted based on the Management's best estimate for the effects of non-transferability, exercise restrictions (including the probability of meeting market conditions to the option), and behavioral considerations. Expected volatility was based on the historical share price volatility over the past 1 year.

The variables and assumptions used in computing the fair value of the share options were based on the Management's best estimate. The value of an option varies with different variables of certain subjective assumptions.

For the year ended 31st March, 2018

27. SHARE OPTIONS (Continued)

As at 31st March, 2018, the number of shares in respect of which options had been granted but not exercised under the Scheme was 6,500,000, representing approximately 0.38% of the shares of the Company in issue at that date. The maximum number of shares which may be issued upon exercise of all options granted and to be granted under the Scheme is an amount equivalent to 10% of the shares of the Company in issue at any point in time but excluding shares issued pursuant to the Scheme unless approval for refreshing the 10% limit from the Company's shareholders has been obtained. The maximum number of shares issued and to be issued upon exercise of the share options granted to each eligible participant in the Scheme (including exercised, cancelled and outstanding options) within any 12-month period, is limited to 1% of the shares of the Company in issue. Any further grant of share options in excess of this limit is subject to shareholders' approval in a general meeting.

Under the Scheme, share options granted to a Director, Chief Executive or Substantial Shareholder of the Company, or to any of their associates are subject to approval in advance by the Independent Non-executive Directors. In addition, any grant of share options to a Substantial Shareholder or an Independent Non-executive Director of the Company, or to any of their associates, which would result in the shares issued and to be issued upon exercise of all options already granted and to be granted (including options exercised, cancelled and outstanding) to such person in the 12-month period up to and including the date of such grant in excess of 0.1% of the shares of the Company's shares at the date of grant) in excess of HK\$5,000,000 is subject to shareholders' approval in advance in a general meeting.

The offer of a grant of share options under the Scheme may be accepted within 21 days from the date of offer, upon payment of a nominal consideration of HK\$1 in total by the grantee. The exercise period of the share options granted is determined by the Directors, save that such period shall not be more than 10 years from the date of adoption of the Scheme subject to the provisions for early termination set out in the Scheme. Unless otherwise determined by the Directors at their sole discretion, there is no requirement of a minimum period for which an option must be held before it can be exercised.

The exercise price of share options granted under the Scheme is determined by the Directors, but shall not be less than the highest of (i) the Stock Exchange closing price of the Company's shares on the date of offer of the share options; (ii) the average Stock Exchange closing price of the Company's shares for the five trading days immediately preceding the date of offer; and (iii) the nominal value of a share of the Company on the date of offer.

For the year ended 31st March, 2018

27. SHARE OPTIONS (Continued)

The following table discloses details of the Company's share options held by employees (including Directors) and movements during the year:

	Grant date	Validity period	Exercise price for one share (Note 1) HK\$	Balance outstanding at 1st April, 2017	Granted during the year	Exercised during the year	Balance outstanding at 31st March, 2018
Director	13th October, 2011	13th October, 2011 — 25th August, 2018					
		(Note 2)	0.41	2,500,000	_	_	2,500,000
Total				2,500,000	_	_	2,500,000
Employees	13th October, 2011	13th October, 2011 — 25th August, 2018 (Note 3)	0.41	4,000,000	_	1,000,000	3,000,000
	21st December, 2011	21st December, 2011 — 25th August, 2018	0.276	1 000 000		1 000 000	1 000 000
		(Note 3)	0.376	2,000,000	_	1,000,000	1,000,000
Total				6,000,000	_	2,000,000	4,000,000
Grand total				8,500,000	_	2,000,000	6,500,000

For the year ended 31st March, 2018

27. SHARE OPTIONS (Continued)

Notes:

- 1. The exercise price of the share options to subscribe for one ordinary share is subject to adjustment in the case of rights or bonus issues, or other similar changes in the Company's share capital.
- 2. The option to subscribe for ordinary share is exercisable during the validity period, subject to the vesting scale as follows:
 - (i) up to 50% or partial exercise of the 5,000,000 ordinary shares exercisable after the 2nd year of the date of acceptance of the option; and
 - (ii) up to 100% or partial exercise of the 5,000,000 ordinary shares exercisable after the 4th year of the date of acceptance of the option.
- 3. The option to subscribe for ordinary share is exercisable during the validity period, subject to the vesting scale as follows:
 - (i) up to 33.33% or partial exercise of the 6,000,000 ordinary shares exercisable after the 2nd year of the date of acceptance of the options; and
 - (ii) up to 66.67% or partial exercise of the 6,000,000 ordinary shares exercisable after the 3rd year of the date of acceptance of the options; and
 - (iii) up to 100% or partial exercise of the 6,000,000 ordinary shares exercisable after the 4th year of the date of acceptance of the options.

Save as disclosed above, no option was granted, exercised, lapsed or cancelled during both years or remained outstanding as at 31st March, 2018 and 31st March, 2017.

For the year ended 31st March, 2018

28. FINANCIAL POSITION OF THE COMPANY

	Notes	2018 HK\$'000	2017 HK\$′000
NON-CURRENT ASSET			
Interests in subsidiaries		886,994	885,351
CURRENT ASSETS			
Other debtors, deposits and prepayments		212	211
Cash and cash equivalents		35	412
		247	623
		887,241	885,974
CAPITAL AND RESERVES			
Share capital	26	169,741	169,541
Reserves	29	717,500	716,433
		887,241	885,974

The Company's statement of financial position was approved and authorised for issue by the Board of Directors on 27th June, 2018 and was signed on its behalf by:

Laurent LAM Kwing Chee Chairman Anthony LAM Sai Ho Vice Chairman and Chief Executive Officer

For the year ended 31st March, 2018

29. RESERVES

The Group

The amount of the Group's reserves and the movement therein for the current and prior years are presented in the consolidated statement of changes in equity on page 59 to 60 of the financial statements.

The Company

	Share	Contributed	Capital redemption	Share options	Dividend	Retained	
	premium	surplus	reserve	reserve	reserve	earnings	Total
	HK\$′000	HK\$'000	HK\$′000	HK\$′000	HK\$′000	HK\$′000	HK\$′000
At 31st March, 2016	452,173	216,596	515	526	20,333	25,264	715,407
Profit for the year	_	_	_	_	_	41,416	41,416
Issue of shares upon exercise of							
share options	325	_	_	(49)	_	_	276
Prior year final dividend paid	_	_	_	_	(20,333)	_	(20,333)
Interim dividend paid	_	_	_	_	_	(20,333)	(20,333)
Final dividend proposed for the							
year ended 31st March, 2017	_	_	_	_	20,345	(20,345)	
At 31st March, 2017	452,498	216,596	515	477	20,345	26,002	716,433
Profit for the year	_	_	_	_	_	41,195	41,195
Issue of shares upon exercise of						,	,
share options	694	_	_	(108)	_	_	586
Prior year final dividend paid	_	_	_	_	(20,345)	_	(20,345)
Interim dividend paid	_	_	_	_	_	(20,369)	(20,369)
Final dividend proposed for the							
year ended 31st March, 2018	_	_	_	_	20,369	(20,369)	
At 31st March, 2018	453,192	216,596	515	369	20,369	26,459	717,500

Notes:

Under the Companies Act 1981 of Bermuda (as amended) and Bye-Laws of the Company, the contributed surplus account of the Company is available for distribution. However, the Company cannot declare or pay a dividend, or make a distribution out of contributed surplus if:

- (a) it is, or would after the payment be, unable to pay its liabilities as they become due;
- (b) the realizable value of its assets would thereby be less than the aggregate of its liabilities and its issued share capital and share premium accounts.

For the year ended 31st March, 2018

29. RESERVES (Continued)

The Company (Continued)

In the opinion of the Directors, the Company's reserves available for distribution to shareholders were as follows:

	2018 <i>HK\$'000</i>	2017 HK\$′000
Contributed surplus	216,596	216,596
Dividend reserve	20,369	20,345
Retained earnings	26,459	26,002
	263,424	262,943

The contributed surplus of the Company represented the difference between the nominal value of the Company's shares issued in exchange for the value of net assets of the underlying subsidiaries acquired.

30. PARTICULARS OF PRINCIPAL SUBSIDIARIES

Particulars of the Company's principal subsidiaries as at 31st March, 2018 are as follows:

Name of subsidiary	Place of incorporation/ operation	Issued and fully paid up share capital	Proportion nominal wo of issued capital he the Gro 2018	/alue share Id by	Principal activities
Aland Limited	Hong Kong/PRC	HK\$2	100%	100%	Property investment
Beef Bowl Limited	Hong Kong	HK\$200,000	100%	100%	Investment holding
Better Choice Investments Limited	British Virgin Islands	1 ordinary share of US\$1	100%	100%	Investment holding
Better Star Limited	British Virgin Islands/ Hong Kong	1 ordinary share of US\$1	100%	100%	Property investment
Billion Alliance Holdings Limited	Hong Kong	HK\$1	100%	100%	Property holding
Billion Trade Development Limited	Hong Kong	HK\$1	100%	100%	Investment
Citydragon Resources Limited	British Virgin Islands	1 ordinary share of US\$1	100%	100%	Investment holding
Golden Fidelity Holdings Limited	Hong Kong	HK\$2	100%	100%	Property holding

For the year ended 31st March, 2018

30. PARTICULARS OF PRINCIPAL SUBSIDIARIES (Continued)

Name of subsidiary	Place of incorporation/ ame of subsidiary operation		Proportion of nominal value of issued share capital held by the Group 2018 2017		Principal activities	
Golden Resources Development Limited	Hong Kong	Ordinary shares of HK\$2 and non-voting deferred shares* of HK\$2,000,000	100%	100%	Overseas sourcing, processing, packaging, marketing, sales and distribution of rice (Registered rice stockholder)	
Golden Resources Holdings Limited	British Virgin Islands	21,268 ordinary shares of US\$1 each	100%	100%	Investment holding	
Golden Resources Rice Industries Limited	British Virgin Islands	1,000 ordinary shares of US\$1 each	100%	100%	Investment holding	
Golden Resources Warehouse Limited	Hong Kong	HK\$10,000	100%	100%	Warehouse operation	
Goldsom Development Limited	Hong Kong	HK\$100	100%	100%	Investment holding	
GR Environmental Development Company Limited	Hong Kong	HK\$3	100%	100%	Provision of logistics services	
GR Retail Limited	British Virgin Islands	300,000,000 ordinary shares of HK\$1 each	100%	100%	Investment holding	
GR Vietnam International Limited	British Virgin Islands/ Hong Kong	1 ordinary share of US\$1	100%	100%	Investment holding	
Great Lead International Limited	British Virgin Islands	1 ordinary share of US\$1	100%	100%	Investment holding	
Great Lead Vietnam Company Limited	Vietnam	Charter Capital US\$7,300,000 Paid up Capital US\$484,191	100%	100%	Construction of water distribution network	
Guangzhou Golden Resources Trading Development Co., Ltd.	PRC	[#] RMB2,500,000	100%	100%	Marketing, sales and distribution of rice	
Lee Loy Company Limited	Hong Kong	HK\$16,000	100%	100%	Property holding	
Magic Path Limited	Hong Kong	HK\$1	100%	100%	Investment	

For the year ended 31st March, 2018

30. PARTICULARS OF PRINCIPAL SUBSIDIARIES (Continued)

Name of subsidiary	Place of incorporation/ operation	Issued and fully paid up share capital	Proport nominal of issued capital H the G 2018	value I share 1eld by	Principal activities
Master Tone Limited	Hong Kong	HK\$2	100%	100%	Money lending
Paklink International Limited	British Virgin Islands	1 ordinary share of US\$1	100%	100%	Investment holding
Red Circle Company Limited [@]	Vietnam	Charter Capital VND1,000,000,000 Paid up Capital VND1,000,000,000	100%	100%	Operation of convenience stores
Reo Developments Limited ^{@@}	British Virgin Islands/ Hong Kong	21,451 ordinary shares of US\$1 each	100%	100%	Investment holding
Shantou SEZ Golden Resources Grain Co., Ltd.	PRC	[#] RMB10,300,000	100%	100%	Processing, packaging, marketing, sales and distribution of rice
Shantou SEZ Golden Resources Rice Co., Ltd. ^{##}	PRC	[#] US\$4,579,314	65%	65%	Processing, packaging, marketing, sales and distribution of rice
Skyway Pacific Limited	Hong Kong	HK\$1	100%	_	Investment holding
Sun Kai Yip (Shanghai) Industrial Investment Co., Ltd.	PRC	[#] US\$10,000,000	100%	100%	Investment and investment holding
Tresplain Investments Limited	British Virgin Islands/ Hong Kong	2 ordinary shares of US\$1 each	100%	100%	Trade marks holding
Yuen Loong & Company Limited	Hong Kong	Ordinary shares of HK\$200 and non-voting deferred shares* of HK\$5,000,000	100%	100%	Importing and re-exporting of rice (Registered rice stockholder)

For the year ended 31st March, 2018

30. PARTICULARS OF PRINCIPAL SUBSIDIARIES (Continued)

- * The deferred shares, which are not held by the Group, practically carry no rights to dividends or to receive notice of or to attend or vote at any general meeting of the subsidiary or to participate in any distribution on winding-up. The Group has been granted an option by the holders of the deferred shares to acquire these shares at a nominal amount.
- # Paid-up registered capital
- @ Red Circle Company Limited ("Red Circle") is a limited liability company established in Vietnam. Subsequent to the completion of the acquisition of interest in GR Vietnam International Limited ("GRV International") on 12th October, 2010, GRV International has become a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Group.

GRV International entered into capital financing agreements ("Capital Financing Agreements") with Mr. Truong Vu Quoc Minh and Ms. Nguyen Thi Phuong Thao (collectively referred to as the "Vietnam Representatives"), pursuant to which, GRV International agreed to grant loans to the Vietnam Representatives for their capital contribution in Red Circle, representing 100% equity interest in Red Circle.

In connection with the Capital Financing Agreements, GRV International also entered into certain agreements with the Vietnam Representatives whereby GRV International has the power to control Red Circle by way of controlling more than half of the voting rights and governing its financial and operating policies, and GRV International is entitled to exercise an option to convert the Loan into 100% equity interest in Red Circle. In view of the above, Red Circle was accounted for as a subsidiary of GRV International and its result of operation and financial position were consolidated into the Group's financial statements.

- @@ Other than Reo Developments Limited which is directly held by the Company, all other subsidiaries are indirectly held by the Company.
- ## Shantou SEZ Golden Resources Rice Co., Ltd. is a Sino-foreign joint venture.

The Directors are of the opinion that a complete list of the particulars of all subsidiaries will be of excessive length and therefore the above list only contains the particulars of those subsidiaries which principally affect the results or assets and liabilities of the Group.

None of the subsidiaries had issued any debt securities at the end of the reporting period.

31. PLEDGE OF ASSETS

At the end of the reporting period, the Group pledged cash balance of approximately HK\$25.0 million (2017: HK\$11.6 million) and financial assets at fair value through profit or loss of approximately HK\$170.8 million (2017: HK\$183.7 million) to secure general credit facilities granted to subsidiaries. No facilities had been utilised at the end of current and last reporting periods.

For the year ended 31st March, 2018

32. BENEFITS AND INTERESTS OF DIRECTORS

(a) Directors' emoluments

	2018	2017
	HK\$′000	HK\$'000
Fees	400	332
Basic salaries, allowances and benefits in kind	9,214	9,632
Retirement benefits scheme contributions	402	354
Bonus paid	2,293	2,001

12,309

12,319

	Fees		Other emoluments				
Name of director	HK\$'000	Basic salaries, allowances and benefits in kind HK\$'000	Retirement benefits scheme contributions HK\$'000	Bonus paid HK\$'000	Share-based payment expense HK\$'000	2018 Total HK\$'000	2017 Total <i>HK\$'000</i>
Executive Director							
Mr. Alvin Leslie LAM Kwing Wai							
(deceased on 31st July, 2016)	-	_	-	_	_	_	1,746
Mr. Laurent LAM Kwing Chee	_	3,118	142	706	_	3,966	3,034
Mr. Anthony LAM Sai Ho	_	2,906	133	706	_	3,745	3,203
Madam LAM Kit Woo							
(deceased on 26th November, 2016)	_	-	_	_	_	_	1,477
Madam LAM Sai Mann	_	460	18	_	_	478	478
Ms. Morna YUEN Mai-tong							
(appointed on 30th March, 2017)	_	1,111	48	263	_	1,422	_
Mr. TSANG Siu Hung	_	1,619	61	618	_	2,298	2,049
Non-executive Director							
Mr. Dennis LAM Saihong							
(appointed on 6th September, 2016)	100	_	_	_	_	100	32
Independent Non-executive Director							
Mr. Joseph LAM Yuen To	100	_	_	_	_	100	100
Mr. Michael YU Tat Chi	100	-	_	_	_	100	100
Mr. Ronald YAN Mou Keung	100	-	_	_	_	100	100
2018 Total	400	9,214	402	2,293	_	12,309	12,319
2017 Total	332	9,632	354	2,001	_	12,319	

For the year ended 31st March, 2018

32. BENEFITS AND INTERESTS OF DIRECTORS (Continued)

(b) Directors' termination benefits

During the year ended 31st March, 2018, there were no termination benefits received by the directors (2017: Nil).

- (c) Consideration provided to third parties for making available directors' services During the year ended 31st March, 2018, no consideration was paid for making available the services of the directors of the Company (2017: Nil).
- (d) Information about loans, quasi-loans and other dealings in favour of directors, bodies corporate controlled by and entities connected with such directors During the year ended 31st March, 2018, there were no loans, quasi-loans and other dealings entered into by the Company or subsidiaries undertaking of the Company, where applicable, in favour of directors (2017: Nil).
- (e) Directors' material interests in transactions, arrangements or contracts

During last year, the Group rented a property owned by a landlord in which the former director of the Company, Mr. Alvin Leslie LAM Kwing Wai, had a beneficial interest. Total rental expenses incurred for last year amounted to HK\$480,000. No such rental expenses were incurred for current year.

Save as disclosed above, there were no other transactions, arrangements and contracts in relation to the Group's business to which the Company was a party and in which a director of the Company had a material interest, whether directly or indirectly, subsisted at the end of the year or at any time during the year.

For the year ended 31st March, 2018

33. FIVE HIGHEST PAID EMPLOYEES

The five highest paid employees during the year included three (2017: three) Directors, details of whose remunerations are set out in note 32(a) to the financial statements. The remunerations paid to the five highest paid employees are as follows:

	2018 HK\$'000	2017 HK\$′000
Basic salaries, allowances and benefits in kind	11,003	10,488
Retirement benefits scheme contributions	490	447
Bonus paid	2,644	2,025
	14,137	12,960

The emoluments of the five highest paid employees were within the following bands:

	No. of perso	ons
HK\$	2018	2017
1,500,001 — 2,000,000	1	
2,000,001 — 2,500,000	2	3
3,000,001 — 3,500,000		2
3,500,001 — 4,000,000	2	
	5	5

34. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

During the year, the Group entered into the following transactions with the associates and related parties, some of which are also deemed to be connected persons pursuant to the Listing Rules:

	2018 HK\$'000	2017 HK\$′000
Net amount of trade purchases from and sharing of administrative services on a cost basis with associates		
(Notes a, b)	148,918	94,856

For the year ended 31st March, 2018

34. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS (Continued)

Notes:

- (a) The trade purchases were carried out in the ordinary course of business and at prices determined by reference to prevailing market price.
- (b) The costs of administrative services were allocated to the parties involved on a cost basis.

During last year, the Group rented a property owned by a landlord in which the former director of the Company, Mr. Alvin Leslie LAM Kwing Wai, had a beneficial interest. Total rental expenses incurred for last year amounted to HK\$480,000. No such rental expenses were incurred for current year.

Details of balances with associates at the end of the reporting period are set out in note 16.

In addition to the above, the Group also provided guarantees to banks in respect of banking facilities granted to associates as set out in note 35(c).

Remuneration for key management personnel

The remuneration of Directors and other members of key management personnel during the year is as follows:

	2018 HK\$'000	2017 HK\$′000
Short-term employee benefits	17,078	16,457
Post-employment employee benefits	599	536
	17,677	16,993

The remuneration of Directors and key management personnel is determined or proposed by the Remuneration Committee having regard to the performance of individuals and market trends.

For the year ended 31st March, 2018

35. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

At the end of the reporting period, the commitments and contingent liabilities not provided for in the financial statements are as follows:

(a) Contracted capital commitments

	2018 <i>HK\$'000</i>	2017 <i>HK\$′000</i>
Acquisition of property, plant and equipment	8,086	6,345
Capital contribution for an available-for-sale investment	20,400	20,400
	28,486	26,745

In accordance with an agreement entered into between the licensor and a whollyowned subsidiary of the Company, this subsidiary has to open and operate the minimum number of convenience stores in Vietnam within the specified time frame as stipulated therein.

(b) Operating lease commitments

The Group as lessee

At the end of the reporting period, the Group had commitments for future minimum lease payments under non-cancellable operating leases which fall due as follows:

	2018 HK\$'000	2017 HK\$′000
Within one year	54,768	49,165
In the second to fifth year inclusive	135,813	146,047
After five years	6,146	8,814
	196,727	204,026

Operating lease payments represent rentals payable by the Group in respect of rented premises. Leases are generally negotiated for lease terms principally ranging from 1 to 5 years with fixed rentals.

For the year ended 31st March, 2018

35. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENT LIABILITIES (Continued)

(b) **Operating lease commitments** (Continued)

The Group as lessor

Property rental income earned during the year was HK\$4,226,000 (2017: HK\$2,848,000). The properties rented out have committed tenants for the next 2 to 4 years.

At the end of the reporting period, the Group had contracted with tenants under the non-cancellable leases for the following future minimum lease payments:

	2018 <i>HK\$'000</i>	2017 <i>HK\$′000</i>
Within one year	2,525	2,479
In the second to fifth year inclusive	3,966	5,594
	6,491	8,073

(c) Contingent liabilities and financial guarantees issued

	2018	2017
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Guarantees given in respect of banking facilities		
made available to:		
— associates	15,833	14,130

At the end of both reporting periods, the Group's associates had not utilised any of the banking facilities guaranteed by the Company.

At the end of the reporting period, the Directors did not consider it probable that a claim would be made against the Group under any of the guarantees granted by the Group. The Directors consider that the fair values of these financial guarantees of the Group are insignificant and therefore no value has been recognised at the end of each reporting period.

36. RETIREMENT BENEFITS SCHEMES

	2018 HK\$'000	2017 HK\$′000
Retirement benefits schemes contributions	12,587	8,167
Less: Forfeited contributions	(288)	(41)
	12,299	8,126

For the year ended 31st March, 2018

36. RETIREMENT BENEFITS SCHEMES (Continued)

The Group operates a defined contribution retirement benefits scheme (the "Defined Contribution Scheme") which is registered under the Occupational Retirement Scheme Ordinance (the "ORSO Scheme") and a Mandatory Provident Fund Scheme (the "MPF Scheme") established under the Mandatory Provident Fund Scheme Ordinance in December, 2000. The assets of these schemes are held separately from those of the Group in funds under the control of an independent trustee. Employees who are members of the ORSO Scheme prior to the establishment of the MPF Scheme were offered a choice of staying within the ORSO Scheme or switching to the MPF Scheme, whereas, all new employees joining the Group on or after 1st December, 2000 are required to join the MPF Scheme.

Under the ORSO Scheme, the Group and its employees participating in the scheme are each required to make contributions to the scheme at rates specified in the rules. Where there are employees who leave the ORSO Scheme prior to vesting fully in the contributions, the contributions payable by the Group are reduced by the amount of forfeited contributions.

Under the MPF Scheme, the employer and its employees are each required to make contributions to the MPF Scheme at rates specified in the rules. The only obligation of the Group with respect to the MPF Scheme is to make the required contributions under the scheme. Except for voluntary contribution, no forfeited contribution under this scheme is available to reduce the contribution payable in future years.

The retirement benefits schemes contributions arising from the ORSO Scheme and the MPF Scheme charged to the statement of profit or loss represent contributions payable to the schemes by the Group at rates specified in the rules of the schemes.

The employees employed in the PRC subsidiaries are members of the state-managed retirement benefits schemes operated by the PRC government. The PRC subsidiaries are required to contribute a certain percentage of their payroll to the retirement benefits schemes to fund the benefits. The only obligation of the Group with respect to the retirement benefits schemes is to make the required contributions under the schemes.

The Group participates in a defined contribution plan managed by the Vietnam government whereby the Group is required to make contributions to the plan, representing the employer's portion of social, health and unemployment insurance contributions. The applicable rates of contribution are certain percentage of total contractual salaries. The Group has no obligation for the payment of retirement benefits other than the contributions described above.

At the end of the reporting period, there are no significant forfeited contributions, which arose upon employees leaving the retirement benefits scheme and which are available to reduce the contributions payable by the Group in future years.

For the year ended 31st March, 2018

37. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES

The Group's major financial instruments include available-for-sale investments, financial assets at fair value through profit or loss, derivative financial instruments, trade and other receivables and trade and other payables. Details of these financial instruments are disclosed in respective notes. The risks associated with these financial instruments and the policies on how to mitigate these risks are set out below. The Management manages and monitors these exposures closely to ensure appropriate measures are implemented on a timely and effective manner.

(a) Interest rate risk management

The Group's cash flow interest rate risk relates primarily to variable-rate bank loans. It is the Group's policy to keep its borrowings at floating rate of interest so as to minimise the fair value interest rate risk. The Group's exposure to cash flow interest risk is minimal.

The Group currently does not use any derivative contracts to hedge its exposure to fair value interest rate risk. However, the Management will consider hedging significant interest rate risk exposure should the need arise.

The Group had no outstanding bank loans at the end of both reporting periods.

(b) Currency risk management

The carrying amounts of the Group's major foreign currency denominated monetary assets and monetary liabilities at the end of the reporting period were as follows:

	Asse	ets	Liabili	ties
	2018 HK\$'000	2017 HK\$′000	2018 HK\$'000	2017 HK\$′000
Renminbi	58,812	69,910	7,452	10,507
Vietnamese Dong	119,474	101,833	71,056	60,810

For the year ended 31st March, 2018

37. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (Continued)

(b) Currency risk management (Continued)

The Group is mainly exposed to the effects of fluctuation in Renminbi and Vietnamese Dong. The following table lists out the Group's sensitivity to a 5% and 8% increase and decrease in Hong Kong dollar against Renminbi and Vietnamese Dong respectively. The above sensitivity rates are used for reporting foreign currency risk internally to key management personnel and represent Management's assessment of the reasonably possible change in foreign exchange rates. The sensitivity analysis includes outstanding foreign currency denominated monetary assets and liabilities. The sensitivity analysis includes external loans as well as loans to foreign operations within the Group where the denomination of the loan is in a currency other than the currency of the lender or the borrower.

	Increase/decrease in equity for the year		
	2018 HK\$'000	2017 HK\$′000	
Impact of Renminbi	2,568	2,970	
Impact of Vietnamese Dong	3,873	3,282	

(c) Capital risk management

The Group manages its capital to ensure that entities in the Group will be able to continue as a going concern while maximising the return to shareholders through the optimisation of the debt and equity balance. The Group's overall strategies remain unchanged from prior year. The capital structure of the Group consists of equity attributable to equity holders of the Company which comprises issued share capital, share premium and reserves.

The Group monitors capital management on the basis of debt-to-equity ratio. The Group had cash balance of HK\$310,872,000 (2017: HK\$369,343,000) and no outstanding bank loans (2017: NIL) at the end of the reporting period.

For the year ended 31st March, 2018

37. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (Continued)

(d) Credit risk management

The Group's credit risk is primarily attributable to trade and other receivables and loan receivables. The exposure to the credit risk is closely monitored on an ongoing basis by established credit policies. There is no significant credit risk within the Group.

To mitigate counterparty risk, the Group places time deposits and bank balances with banks of high credit ratings in Hong Kong and sets exposure limits to each single financial institution. Other than concentration of credit risk on amount due from associates, the Group has no other significant concentration of credit risk as relevant exposures are well diversified over a number of counterparties.

(e) Liquidity risk management

In the management of the liquidity risk, the Group monitors and maintains a level of cash and cash equivalents deemed adequate by the Management to finance the Group's operations and mitigate the effects of fluctuations in cash flows. The Management monitors the utilisation of bank borrowings and ensures compliance with loan covenants.

As at 31st March, 2018, the Group's net current assets amounted to HK\$703,476,000 (2017: HK\$744,837,000) with current ratio, calculated as current assets divided by current liabilities, at approximately 6.7 times (2017: 7.9 times). Together with cash balance of HK\$310,872,000 (2017: HK\$369,343,000), the Group is in sound financial position to meet the capital requirements of the Group's operations and developments in the near future.

	At 31st March, 2018					
	Weighted average effective interest rate %	Within 1 month or on demand <i>HK\$'000</i>	More than 1 month but less than 3 months <i>HK\$'000</i>	More than 3 months but less than 1 year HK\$'000	Total contractual undiscounted cash flow <i>HK\$'000</i>	Total carrying amount HK\$'000
Trade creditors	_	49,711	_	_	49,711	49,711
Other creditors and accruals	_	64,316	_	_	64,316	64,316
		114,027			114,027	114,027

For the year ended 31st March, 2018

37. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (Continued)

(e) Liquidity risk management (Continued)

	At 31st March, 2017										
	Weighted	Weighted Within More than More than Total								Within More than More than	
	average	1 month	1 month but	3 months but	contractual	Total					
	effective	or on	less than	less than	undiscounted	carrying					
	interest rate	demand	3 months	1 year	cash flow	amount					
	%	HK\$′000	HK\$′000	HK\$′000	HK\$′000	HK\$′000					
Trade creditors	_	43,589	_	_	43,589	43,589					
Other creditors and accruals	_	52,761			52,761	52,761					
		06.250			06.250	06.250					
		96,350	_	_	96,350	96,350					

(f) Fair value

The following table provides an analysis of financial instruments that are measured at fair value subsequent to initial recognition, grouped into Level 1 to 3 based on the degree to which the fair value is observable:

Level 1 fair value measurements are those derived from quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities;

Level 2 fair value measurements are those derived from inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the assets or liabilities, either directly (i.e. as prices) or indirectly (i.e. derived from prices); and

Level 3 fair value measurements are those derived from valuation techniques that include inputs for the assets or liabilities that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs).

Financial assets

	At 31st March, 2018			
	Level 1 <i>HK\$'000</i>	Level 2 <i>HK\$'000</i>	Level 3 HK\$'000	Total <i>HK\$'000</i>
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss:				
Listed equity securities	45,634	_	_	45,634
Listed debt securities	35,267	_	—	35,267
Other unlisted securities	832	150,878	_	151,710
	81,733	150,878		232,611

For the year ended 31st March, 2018

37. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (Continued)

(f) Fair value (Continued)

Financial assets (Continued)

	At 31st March, 2017					
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total		
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000		
Financial assets at fair value						
through profit or loss:						
Listed equity securities	45,181	—	_	45,181		
Listed debt securities	50,625	—	_	50,625		
Unlisted debt securities	_	4,180	—	4,180		
Other unlisted securities	2,175	133,641		135,816		
	97,981	137,821		235,802		

There were no transfers between Level 1, Level 2 and Level 3 during the year.

The fair values of financial assets are determined as follows:

- The fair values of financial assets with standard terms and conditions and traded in active markets are based on quoted market prices at the end of the reporting period without any deduction for transaction costs.
- The fair values of unlisted securities included in financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are based on quoted values or recent transaction prices provided by counterparty financial institutions.

The Directors consider that the carrying amounts of financial assets approximate their fair values.

(g) Financial instruments price risk management

The Group's financial instruments price risk is primarily attributable to available-forsale investments, financial assets at fair value through profit or loss and derivative financial instruments which were stated at fair values at the end of the reporting period. The Management manages this exposure by maintaining a portfolio of investments with different risk profiles.

As at 31st March, 2018, carrying values of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss which were stated at fair values amounted to HK\$232,611,000. For sensitivity analysis purpose, a 15% change in the fair values of corresponding financial instruments would result in the changes in results for the year of HK\$34,892,000.

As at 31st March, 2017, carrying values of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss which were stated at fair values amounted to HK\$235,802,000. For sensitivity analysis purpose, a 15% change in the fair values of corresponding financial instruments would result in the changes in results for last year of HK\$35,370,000.

For the year ended 31st March, 2018

37. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (Continued)

(h) Summary of financial assets and liabilities by category

	2018 HK\$'000	2017 HK\$′000
Financial assets:		
Available-for-sale investments	29,968	46,334
Trade debtors	58,680	67,930
Other debtors	17,698	22,851
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	232,611	235,802
Cash and cash equivalents	310,872	369,343
	649,829	742,260
Financial liabilities:		
Trade creditors	49,711	43,589
Other creditors and accruals	64,316	52,761
	114,027	96,350

Schedule of Investment Properties

At 31st March, 2018

Particulars of investment properties are as follows:

Location	Term	Usage	Percentage held by the Group
Room 1432, 1822, 1823, 1922 and Store Room No. 1 on 18/F Star House, No. 3 Salisbury Road, Tsimshatsui, Kowloon, Hong Kong	Long lease	Commercial	100%
Unit B, 9/F Gitic Plaza Office Tower A, No. 339 Huanshi Road East, Guangzhou, Guangdong Province, PRC	Medium-term lease	Commercial	100%
4/F., V. Heun Building, No. 138 Queen's Road Central, Hong Kong	Long lease	Commercial	100%
Flat D1, 12A/F Summit Court, Nos. 144-158 Tin Hau Temple Road, Hong Kong and Parking Space No. 72 on Upper Deck Garage Summit Court, No. 77 Cloud View Road, Hong Kong	Long lease	Residential	100%
Flat B, 17/F Palatial Crest, No. 3 Seymour Road, Hong Kong	Long lease	Residential	100%

Group Financial Summary

At 31st March, 2018

	Year ended 31st March,				
	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
	HK\$′000	HK\$′000	HK\$′000	HK\$′000	HK\$'000
RESULTS					
REVENUE					
Rice operation	901,108	881,822	809,921	720,394	686,658
Convenience store operation	79,729	113,391	199,527	346,936	517,732
Property investment	2,149	2,574	2,498	2,848	4,226
Corporate and others	20,120	16,216	1,838		
	1,003,106	1,014,003	1,013,784	1,070,178	1,208,616
Profit/(loss) before taxation	102,091	165,927	(29,833)	72,040	76,488
Taxation	(18,156)	(22,995)	(17,313)	(16,909)	(14,041)
Profit/(loss) for the year	83,935	142,932	(47,146)	55,131	62,447
Profit/(loss) attributable to:					
Shareholders of the Company	83,382	143,016	(45,762)	59,762	65,367
Non-controlling interests	553	(84)	(1,384)	(4,631)	(2,920)
	83,935	142,932	(47,146)	55,131	62,447
Dividends	40,486	40,630	40,666	40,678	40,738
	As at 31st March,				
			2017	2018	
ASSETS AND LIABILITIES	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$′000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Total assets	1,347,312	1,428,535	1,356,429	1,373,032	1,427,823
Total liabilities	(75,325)	(78,711)	(104,098)	(111,548)	(127,098)
Non-controlling interests	(19,113)	(18,851)	(16,413)	(10,671)	(9,103)
Shareholders' equity	1,252,874	1,330,973	1,235,918	1,250,813	1,291,622