

VALUE KOREA ETF (Stock code: 3041)

A Sub-Fund of Value ETFs Trust

2018 ANNUAL REPORT

For the year ended 31 March 2018

Sensible Asset Management Hong Kong Limited

9th Floor, Nexxus Building,

41 Connaught Road Central, Hong Kong

Tel: (852) 2880 9263 Fax: (852) 2564 8487

Email: operations@valueetf.com.hk Website: www.valueETF.com.hk

In the event of inconsistency, the English text of this Annual Report shall prevail over the Chinese text. This report shall not constitute an offer to sell or a solicitation of an offer to buy shares in any of the funds. Subscriptions are to be made only on the basis of the information contained in the prospectus, as supplemented by the latest semi-annual and annual reports.

A Sub-Fund of Value ETFs Trust (A Hong Kong Umbrella Unit Trust)

CONTENTS

	Pages
General information	2-3
Manager's report	4
Statement of responsibilities of the Manager and the Trustee	5
Trustee's report to the unitholders	6
Independent auditor's report to the unitholders	7-11
Audited financial statements	
Statement of financial position	12
Statement of comprehensive income	13
Statement of changes in equity	14
Statement of cash flows	15
Notes to the financial statements	16-34
Investment portfolio (unaudited)	35-36
Statement of movements in portfolio holdings (unaudited)	37
Performance record (unaudited)	38

A Sub-Fund of Value ETFs Trust (A Hong Kong Umbrella Unit Trust)

GENERAL INFORMATION

Investment Manager

Sensible Asset Management Hong Kong Limited 9th Floor, Nexxus Building 41 Connaught Road Central Hong Kong

Sub-investment Manager

Value Partners Hong Kong Limited 9th Floor, Nexxus Building 41 Connaught Road Central Hong Kong

Directors of the Investment Manager

Mr. So Chun Ki Louis Dr. Au King Lun

Mr. Roger Anthony Hepper

Mr. Mak Ling Kai

(appointed on 24 January 2018)

Mr. Quah Kung Beng David (appointed on 2 May 2018)

Trustee and Registrar

HSBC Institutional Trust Services (Asia) Limited

1 Queen's Road Central

Hong Kong

Legal Advisor

Simmons & Simmons 13th Floor, One Pacific Place 88 Queensway Hong Kong

Auditor

Ernst & Young 22/F, CITIC Tower 1 Tim Mei Avenue Central Hong Kong

Information available from:

Sensible Asset Management Hong Kong Limited 9th Floor, Nexxus Building 41 Connaught Road Central Hong Kong

Telephone : (852) 2880 9263 Fax : (852) 2564 8487

Email : operations@valueetf.com.hk

Website : www.valueETF.com.hk

GENERAL INFORMATION (Continued)

Recent awards and achievements

	Corporate awards (ETF)			
2017	•	Benchmark Fund of the Year Awards 2017, Hong Kong House Award (ETF) – Commodity ETF (Outstanding Achiever) for Sensible Asset Management – Benchmark		
2016	•	Value Partners ETF and Indexing Awards 2016 – Best ETF Launch – Asia Asset Management & ETFI Asia		
	•	Value Partners ETF and Indexing Awards 2016 – Best Commodity ETF – Asia Asset Management & ETFI Asia		
	•	Value Partners ETF and Indexing Awards 2016 – Best Smart Beta ETF – Asia Asset Management & ETFI Asia		

A Sub-Fund of Value ETFs Trust (A Hong Kong Umbrella Unit Trust)

MANAGER'S REPORT

Value Korea ETF ("the Sub-Fund") is an index-tracking exchange traded fund whose units are listed and traded on the Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited ("SEHK"). The Sub-Fund aims to provide investment results that, before fees and expenses, closely correspond to the performance of the FTSE Value-Stocks Korea Index ("the Index") by holding a portfolio of the constituent stocks of the Index. The Index comprises 35 value stocks amongst Korean companies' shares listed on The Korea Exchange.

As at 29 March 2018, the Net Asset Value ("NAV") per unit of the Sub-Fund was KRW4,666.43, and 1,050,000 units were outstanding. The total size of the Sub-Fund was approximately KRW4,899.75 million.

A summary of the performance of the Index and the Sub-Fund is given below.

	From 1 April 2017 to 29 March 2018	2018 YTD (as at 29 March)	Since inception
FTSE Value-Stocks Korea Index	+7.7%	-5.1%	+55.5%
Value Korea ETF	+4.4%	-5.6%	+27.4%

The difference in performance between the FTSE Value-Stocks Korea Index and the Value Korea ETF is mainly attributed to fees and expenses, and security misweightings. The historical tracking error for the NAV of the Sub-Fund against the FTSE Value-Stocks Korea Index was at 97 basis points on an annualized basis since its inception on 23 May 2012.

Sensible Asset Management Hong Kong Limited 20 July 2018

All performance figures are sourced from HSBC Institutional Trust Services (Asia) Limited and Bloomberg, in KRW, NAV to NAV with dividends reinvested, as at 29 March 2018. Performance data is net of all fees.

Investors should note that investment involve risk. The price of units may go down as well as up and past performance is not indicative of future results.

A Sub-Fund of Value ETFs Trust (A Hong Kong Umbrella Unit Trust)

STATEMENT OF RESPONSIBILITIES OF THE MANAGER AND THE TRUSTEE

Manager's responsibilities

The Manager of Value Korea ETF is required by the Code on Unit Trusts and Mutual Funds established by the Hong Kong Securities and Futures Commission (the "SFC Code") and the Trust Deed dated 21 March 2012 (the "Trust Deed"), to prepare financial statements for each annual accounting period which give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Sub-Fund at the end of that period and of the transactions for the period then ended. In preparing these financial statements, the Manager is required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and estimates that are prudent and reasonable; and
- prepare the financial statements on the basis that the Sub-Fund will continue in operation unless it is inappropriate to presume this.

The Manager is also required to manage the Sub-Fund in accordance with the Trust Deed and take reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

Trustee's responsibilities

The Trustee of the Sub-Fund is required to:

- ensure that the Sub-Fund is managed by the Manager in accordance with the Trust Deed and that the investment and borrowing powers are complied with;
- satisfy itself that sufficient accounting and other records have been maintained;
- safeguard the property of the Sub-Fund and rights attaching thereto; and
- report to the unitholders for each annual accounting period on the conduct of the Manager in the management of the Sub-Fund.

A Sub-Fund of Value ETFs Trust (A Hong Kong Umbrella Unit Trust)

TRUSTEE'S REPORT TO THE UNITHOLDERS OF VALUE ETFS TRUST - VALUE KOREA ETF

We hereby confirm that, in our opinion, the Manager has in all material respects, managed Value Korea ETF in accordance with the provisions of the Trust Deed dated 21 March 2012 for the year ended 31 March 2018.

For and on behalf of HSBC Institutional Trust Services (Asia) Limited

Trustee 20 July 2018

A Sub-Fund of Value ETFs Trust (A Hong Kong Umbrella Unit Trust)

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE UNITHOLDERS OF VALUE ETFS TRUST – VALUE KOREA ETF

Report on the audit of the financial statements

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Value Korea ETF (a sub-fund of Value ETFs (the "Trust") and referred to as the "Sub-Fund") set out on pages 12 to 34, which comprise the statement of financial position as at 31 March 2018, and the statement of comprehensive income, the statement of changes in equity and the statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Sub-Fund as at 31 March 2018, and of its financial performance and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRSs") issued by the International Accounting Standards Board ("IASB").

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing ("ISAs"). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements* section of our report. We are independent of the Sub-Fund in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' *Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants* (the "IESBA Code"), and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the IESBA Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Key audit matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgement, were of most significance in our audit of the financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters. For each matter below, our description of how our audit addressed the matter is provided in that context.

We have fulfilled the responsibilities described in the *Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements* section of our report, including in relation to these matters. Accordingly, our audit included the performance of procedures designed to respond to our assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements. The results of our audit procedures, including the procedures performed to address the matters below, provide the basis for our audit opinion on the accompanying financial statements.

A Sub-Fund of Value ETFs Trust (A Hong Kong Umbrella Unit Trust)

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE UNITHOLDERS OF VALUE ETFS TRUST – VALUE KOREA ETF (Continued)

Report on the audit of the financial statements (Continued)

Key audit matters (Continued)

Key audit matter

How our audit addressed the key audit matter

Existence and valuation of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

The financial assets at fair value through profit or loss included in the statement of financial position of the Sub-Fund were listed shares in the Korea Exchange at 31 March 2018, which represented over 90% of the net asset value of the Sub-Fund. There were 35 constituent listed shares in the Sub-Fund. These financial assets were kept by the custodian and measured at fair value as set out in Notes 2 and 10 to the financial statements.

We obtained independent confirmation from the custodian of the entire investment portfolio held at 31 March 2018, and agreed the quantity held to the accounting records. We tested the design and operating effectiveness of controls for the valuation of financial instruments. In addition, we independently checked the valuation of the financial assets at fair value through profit or loss that are quoted in active markets against third party vendor sources at 31 March 2018.

We reviewed the financial statement disclosures regarding fair value hierarchy as set out in Note 10 to the financial statements.

Other information included in the Annual Report

The Trustee and the Manager are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Annual Report, other than the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

A Sub-Fund of Value ETFs Trust (A Hong Kong Umbrella Unit Trust)

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE UNITHOLDERS OF VALUE ETFS TRUST – VALUE KOREA ETF (Continued)

Report on the audit of the financial statements (Continued)

Responsibilities of the Trustee and the Manager for the financial statements

The Trustee and the Manager of the Sub-Fund are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with IFRSs issued by the IASB, and for such internal control as the Trustee and the Manager determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the Trustee and the Manager of the Sub-Fund are responsible for assessing the Sub-Fund's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Trustee and the Manager either intend to liquidate the Sub-Fund or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

In addition, the Trustee and the Manager of the Sub-Fund are required to ensure that the financial statements have been properly prepared in accordance with the relevant disclosure provisions of the Trust Deed and the relevant disclosure provisions of Appendix E of the Code on Unit Trusts and Mutual Funds (the "SFC Code") issued by the Hong Kong Securities and Futures Commission.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Our report is made solely to you, as a body, and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility towards or accept liability to any other person for the contents of this report.

Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements. In addition, we are required to assess whether the financial statements of the Sub-Fund have been properly prepared, in all material respects, in accordance with the relevant provisions of the Trust Deed and the relevant disclosure provisions of Appendix E of the SFC Code.

A Sub-Fund of Value ETFs Trust (A Hong Kong Umbrella Unit Trust)

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE UNITHOLDERS OF VALUE ETFS TRUST – VALUE KOREA ETF (Continued)

Report on the audit of the financial statements (Continued)

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements (Continued)

As part of an audit in accordance with ISAs, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
 procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing
 an opinion on the effectiveness of the Sub-Fund's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the Trustee and the Manager.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the Trustee's and the Manager's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Sub-Fund's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Sub-Fund to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including
 the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions
 and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

A Sub-Fund of Value ETFs Trust (A Hong Kong Umbrella Unit Trust)

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE UNITHOLDERS OF VALUE ETFS TRUST – VALUE KOREA ETF (Continued)

Report on the audit of the financial statements (Continued)

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements (Continued)

We communicate with the Trustee and the Manager regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide the Trustee and the Manager with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with the Trustee and the Manager, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

Report on matters under the relevant provisions of the Trust Deed and the relevant disclosure provisions of Appendix E of the SFC Code

In our opinion, the financial statements have been properly prepared, in all material respects, in accordance with the relevant disclosure provisions of the Trust Deed and the relevant disclosure provisions of Appendix E of the SFC Code.

The engagement partner on the audit resulting in this independent auditor's report is Ms. Christine Lin.

Ernst & Young
Certified Public Accountants
22/F, CITIC Tower
1 Tim Mei Avenue
Central

Hong Kong

20 July 2018

A Sub-Fund of Value ETFs Trust (A Hong Kong Umbrella Unit Trust)

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

AS AT 31 MARCH 2018

	Notes	2018 <i>KRW</i>	2017 KRW
ASSETS			
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss Dividends receivable	4, 10	4,855,606,280	6,609,215,150
Due from Manager	7(e)	90,838,870 529,406	123,268,127
Prepayments	7 (G)	1,545,596	16,430,475
Cash and cash equivalents	4, 7(c)	6,866,701	188,080
TOTAL ASSETS		4,955,386,853	6,749,101,832
LIABILITIES			
Audit fees payable		11,745,107	20,846,714
Management fees payable	7(a)	14,253,959	16,877,643
Trustee and registrar fees payable	7(b)	409,110	568,991
Other payables		29,227,023	6,719,067
TOTAL LIABILITIES		55,635,199	45,012,415
TOTAL EQUITY		4,899,751,654	6,704,089,417
Department of him			
Represented by: Net assets attributable to unitholders		4,899,751,654	6,704,089,417
Net asset value per unit based on 1,050,000			
(2017: 1,500,000) units outstanding	8	4,666.4301	4,469.3929

Approved and authorised for issue by the Manager and the Trustee on 20 July 2018.

Signed by:

Sensible Asset Management Hong Kong Limited, Manager

HSBC Institutional Trust Services (Asia) Limited, Trustee

A Sub-Fund of Value ETFs Trust (A Hong Kong Umbrella Unit Trust)

STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2018

	Notes	2018 KRW	2017 <i>KRW</i>
Dividend income		145,366,366	162,883,655
Interest income		52,647	77,660
Net gains from financial assets			
at fair value through profit or loss	5	297,481,150	499,206,709
Net foreign exchange gains/(losses)		1,814,000	(666,808)
Other income		6,709,832	6,096,228
Net investment income		451,423,995	667,597,444
Management fees	7(a)	44,461,533	53,771,056
Trustee and registrar fees	7(b)	6,351,657	7,681,584
Transaction fees	, ,	25,317,096	47,944,348
Auditor's remuneration		4,186,049	13,381,435
Professional fees		10,279,078	19,476,015
Sub-custodian fees		3,712,986	9,673,889
Bank charges	7(c)	29,214	379,473
Information services fees		31,750,259	45,934,592
Other operating expenses		38,928,963	39,984,350
Operating expenses		165,016,835	238,226,742
Profit before taxation		286,407,160	429,370,702
Withholding tax	6	(31,991,923)	(35,851,003)
Profit after taxation and total			
comprehensive income for the year		254,415,237	393,519,699

A Sub-Fund of Value ETFs Trust (A Hong Kong Umbrella Unit Trust)

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2018

	Note	2018 <i>KRW</i>	2017 <i>KRW</i>
BALANCE AT THE BEGINNING OF THE YEAR		6,704,089,417	8,240,913,238
Redemption of redeemable units	8	(2,058,753,000)	(1,930,343,520)
Net decrease from unit transactions		(2,058,753,000)	(1,930,343,520)
TOTAL TRANSACTIONS WITH UNITHOLDERS		(2,058,753,000)	(1,930,343,520)
PROFIT AFTER TAXATION AND TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR		254,415,237	393,519,699
BALANCE AT THE END OF THE YEAR		4,899,751,654	6,704,089,417

A Sub-Fund of Value ETFs Trust (A Hong Kong Umbrella Unit Trust)

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2018

	Note	2018 <i>KRW</i>	2017 KRW
OPERATING ACTIVITIES Dividends received Interest income received Proceeds from sale of investments Purchase of investments Operating expenses paid Withholding tax paid		177,795,623 52,823 6,781,526,690 (4,730,436,670) (131,514,922) (31,991,923)	
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		2,065,431,621	1,917,922,611
FINANCING ACTIVITIES Payments on redemption of redeemable units		(2,058,753,000)	_(1,930,343,520)
CASH FLOWS USED IN FINANCING ACTIVITIES		(2,058,753,000)	(1,930,343,520)
NET INCREASE/(DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		6,678,621	(12,420,909)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE BEGINNING OF THE YEAR		188,080	12,608,989
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE END OF YEAR		6,866,701	188,080
ANALYSIS OF BALANCES OF CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS Cash at bank	7(c)	6,866,701	188,080

A Sub-Fund of Value ETFs Trust (A Hong Kong Umbrella Unit Trust)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1. GENERAL

Value ETFs Trust (the "Trust") is an open ended umbrella unit trust established under the laws of Hong Kong pursuant to a Trust Deed dated 21 March 2012 (the "Trust Deed").

The Trust is able to issue redeemable units in various sub-funds and as at 31 March 2018, the Value Japan ETF, Value Korea ETF and Value Taiwan ETF have been launched. The Value Japan ETF, Value Korea ETF and Value Taiwan ETF commenced operations on 22 May 2012, 23 May 2012 and 23 May 2012, respectively.

The accompanying financial statements have been prepared for the Value ETFs Trust – Value Korea ETF (the "Sub-Fund"). The financial statements of Value Japan ETF and Value Taiwan ETF have been prepared individually and consequently are not included in these financial statements.

The Sub-Fund is authorised by the Hong Kong Securities and Futures Commission (the "SFC") under Section 104(1) of the Hong Kong Securities and Futures Ordinance ("HKSFO"), and is governed by the Hong Kong Code on Unit Trusts and Mutual Funds of the SFC (the "SFC Code"). The Sub-Fund is also listed on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange") (a subsidiary of the Hong Kong Exchanges and Clearing Limited).

The investment objective of the Sub-Fund is to provide investment results that, before fees and expenses, closely correspond to the performance of the FTSE Value-Stocks Korea Index (the "Index").

In seeking to achieve the Sub-Fund's investment objective, Sensible Asset Management Hong Kong Limited (the "Manager") will primarily use a replication strategy through investing directly in securities included in the Index in substantially the same weightings in which they are included in the Index. The Manager may also invest in financial derivative instruments linked to the performance of the securities included in the Index, the Index and/or (after considering various factors such as transaction costs, availability, liquidity and degree of correlation with the Index) another index that collectively has an investment profile similar to the profile of the Index.

The Manager may also use a representative sampling strategy, which means that the Sub-Fund will invest directly in a representative sample of securities that collectively has an investment profile that aims to reflect the profile of the Index. The securities constituting the representative sample may or may not themselves be constituents of the Index. The Sub-Fund may also invest in financial derivative instruments linked to the performance of a representative sample of securities that collectively has an investment profile that aims to reflect the profile of the Index and/or (after considering various factors such as transaction costs, availability, liquidity and degree of correlation with the Index) another index that collectively has an investment profile similar to the profile of the Index.

The Sub-Fund may also use financial derivative instruments limited to listed or over-the-counter futures contracts, options and warrants related to the Index and the securities included in the Index for hedging or non-hedging purposes. Non-hedging purposes include cost reduction and investment purposes.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(a) Statement of compliance

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRSs") as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board ("IASB") and interpretations issued by the International Financial Reporting Interpretations Committee of the IASB and the relevant disclosure provisions of the Trust Deed and the relevant disclosure provisions specified in Appendix E of the SFC Code. A summary of the significant accounting policies adopted by the Sub-Fund is set out below.

The IASB has issued certain new and revised IFRSs that are available for early adoption for the current accounting period of the Sub-Fund.

The Sub-Fund has not applied any amendments and new standards that are not yet effective for the current accounting period (see Note 14).

(b) Basis of preparation

The functional currency of the financial statements of the Sub-Fund is the South Korean won ("KRW") reflecting the fact that most of the transactions are denominated in KRW.

The financial statements are prepared under the historical cost convention, except for financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss. These financial statements are presented in KRW.

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with IFRSs requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of policies and the reported amounts of recognised in the financial statements and disclosure of contingent liabilities. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and various other factors that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances, the results of which form the basis of making the judgements about carrying values of financial position that are not readily apparent from other sources. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised if the revision affects only that period or in the period of the revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods.

(c) Foreign currency translation

Transactions in foreign currencies are translated at foreign currency exchange rate ruling at the date of transaction. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated to KRW at the foreign currency closing exchange rate ruling at the end of the reporting period. Foreign currency exchange differences arising on translation and realised gains and losses on disposals or settlements of monetary assets and liabilities are recognised in profit or loss.

A Sub-Fund of Value ETFs Trust (A Hong Kong Umbrella Unit Trust)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(c) Foreign currency translation (Continued)

Non-monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies that are measured at fair value are translated to KRW at the foreign currency exchange rates ruling at the dates that the values were determined. Foreign currency exchange differences relating to trading investments are included in gains and losses on investments. All other foreign currency exchange differences relating to monetary items, including cash and cash equivalents, are presented separately in the statement of comprehensive income.

(d) Financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss

(i) Classification

The Sub-Fund designates all its equity securities into the financial assets at fair value through profit or loss category. The category of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss comprises financial instruments held for trading and financial instruments designated at fair value through profit or loss upon initial recognition.

All of the Sub-Fund's investments are designated as financial assets at fair value through profit or loss. These investments are managed, evaluated and reported internally on a fair value basis upon initial recognition.

Financial assets that are classified as loans and receivables include prepayments.

Financial liabilities that are not designated at fair value through profit or loss include accounts payables.

(ii) Recognition

The Sub-Fund recognises financial assets and financial liabilities on the date it becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

A regular way purchase of financial assets is recognised using trade date accounting. From this date, any gains and losses arising from changes in fair value of the financial assets or financial liabilities are recorded.

Financial liabilities are not recognised unless one of the parties has performed its obligations under the contract or the contract is a derivative contract not exempted from the scope of International Accounting Standard 39 ("IAS 39").

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

- (d) Financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss (Continued)
- (iii) Measurement

Financial instruments are measured initially at fair value (transaction price). Transaction costs on financial instruments designated at fair value through profit or loss are expensed immediately, while on other financial instruments they are amortised.

Subsequent to initial recognition, all financial instruments are measured at fair value with changes in the fair value recognised in profit or loss.

Financial assets classified as loans and receivables are carried at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method, less impairment losses, if any.

Financial liabilities are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate.

(iv) Fair value measurement principles

The Sub-Fund measures its equity investments at fair value at the end of each reporting period. Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The fair value measurement is based on their quoted market price at the end of the reporting period without any deduction for estimated future selling cost. The Sub-Fund utilises the last traded price for both listed financial assets and liabilities.

The Sub-Fund uses valuation techniques that are appropriate in the circumstances and for which sufficient data are available to measure fair value, maximising the use of relevant observable inputs and minimising the use of unobservable inputs.

All assets and liabilities for which fair value is measured or disclosed in the financial statements are categorised within the fair value hierarchy, described as follows, based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole:

- Level 1 based on quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities
- Level 2 based on valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is observable, either directly or indirectly
- Level 3 based on valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is unobservable

A Sub-Fund of Value ETFs Trust (A Hong Kong Umbrella Unit Trust)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

- (d) Financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss (Continued)
- (iv) Fair value measurement principles (Continued)

For assets and liabilities that are recognised in the financial statements on a recurring basis, the Sub-Fund determines whether transfers have occurred between levels in the hierarchy by reassessing categorisation (based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole) at the end of each reporting period.

(v) Derecognition

The Sub-Fund derecognises a financial asset when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the financial asset expire or it transfers the financial asset and the transfer qualifies for derecognition in accordance with IAS 39.

The Sub-Fund uses the weighted average method to determine realised gains and losses on derecognition.

A financial liability is derecognised when the obligation specified in the contract is discharged, cancelled or expired.

(e) Other financial assets

Financial assets that are stated at cost or amortised cost are reviewed at each of the end of the reporting period to determine whether there is objective evidence of impairment. If any such indication exists, an impairment loss is recognised in profit or loss as the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows discounted at the financial asset's original effective interest rate.

If in a subsequent period the amount of an impairment loss recognised on a financial asset carried at amortised cost decreases and the decrease can be linked objectively to an event occurring after the write-down, the write-down is reversed through profit or loss.

(f) Cash and cash equivalents

Cash comprises current deposits with banks. Cash equivalents are short-term highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash, are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value, and are held for the purpose of meeting short-term cash commitments rather than for investment or other purposes.

For the purpose of the statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents consist of cash and cash equivalents as defined above, net of outstanding bank overdrafts where applicable.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(g) Income

Interest income is recognised in profit or loss as it accrues, using the effective interest rate method.

Dividend income relating to exchange-traded equity securities is recognised in profit or loss on the ex-dividend date. In some cases, the Sub-Fund may choose to receive dividends in the form of additional shares rather than cash. In such cases, the Sub-Fund recognises the dividend income for the amount of the cash dividend alternative with the corresponding debit treated as an additional investment.

(h) Expenses

All expenses, including management fees and trustee and registrar fees, are recognised in profit or loss on an accrual basis.

(i) Foreign exchange gains and losses

Foreign exchange gains and losses on financial instruments designated at fair value through profit or loss are recognised together with other changes in the fair value. Included in the statement of comprehensive income line item, net foreign exchange gains/(losses) are foreign exchange gains and losses on monetary financial assets and financial liabilities other than those classified as designated at fair value through profit or loss.

(j) Taxation

No provision for Hong Kong Profits Tax has been made in the financial statements as the income of the Sub-Fund is exempt from taxation under Section 26A(1A) of the Hong Kong Inland Revenue Ordinance

In some jurisdictions, investment income and capital gains are subject to withholding tax deducted at the source of the income. The Sub-Fund presents the withholding tax separately from the gross investment income in the statement of comprehensive income. For the purpose of the statement of cash flows, cash inflows from investments are presented net of withholding taxes, when applicable.

(k) Redeemable units

The Sub-Fund classifies financial instruments issued as financial liabilities or equity instruments in accordance with the substance of the contractual terms of the instruments.

The Sub-Fund has only one class of redeemable units in issue and they are the most subordinate class of financial instrument in the Sub-Fund. The redeemable units provide unitholders with the right to require redemption for cash at a value proportionate to the unitholder's share in the Sub-Fund's net assets at each redemption date and also in the event of the Sub-Fund's liquidation.

A Sub-Fund of Value ETFs Trust (A Hong Kong Umbrella Unit Trust)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(k) Redeemable units (Continued)

A puttable financial instrument that includes a contractual obligation for the Sub-Fund to repurchase or redeem that instrument for cash or another financial asset is classified as equity if it meets all of the following conditions:

- it entitles the holder to a pro rata share of the Sub-Fund's net assets in the event of the Sub-Fund's liquidation;
- it is in the class of instruments that is subordinate to all other classes of instruments;
- all financial instruments in the class of instruments that is subordinate to all other classes
 of instruments have identical features;
- apart from the contractual obligation for the Sub-Fund to repurchase or redeem the instrument for cash or another financial asset, the instrument does not include any other features that would require classification as a liability; and
- the total expected cash flows attributable to the instrument over its life are based substantially
 on profit or loss, the change in the recognised net assets or the change in the fair value of
 the recognised and unrecognised net assets of the Sub-Fund over the life of the instrument.

In addition to the redeemable units having all the above features, the Sub-Fund must have no other financial instrument or contract that has:

- (a) total cash flows based substantially on the profit or loss, the change in the recognised net assets or the change in the fair value of the recognised and unrecognised net assets of the Sub-Fund; and
- (b) the effect of substantially restricting or fixing the residual return to the redeemable unitholders.

The Sub-Fund's redeemable units meet these conditions and are classified as equity.

Incremental costs directly attributable to the issue or redemption of redeemable units are recognised directly in equity as a deduction from the proceeds or part of the acquisition cost.

Repurchase of redeemable units

When redeemable units recognised as equity are redeemed, the amount paid on the redemption of the units is presented as a deduction from total equity.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(I) Related parties

A party is considered to be related to the Sub-Fund if:

- (a) the party is a person or a close member of that person's family and that person
 - (i) has control or joint control over the Sub-Fund;
 - (ii) has significant influence over the Sub-Fund; or
 - (iii) is a member of the key management personnel of the Sub-Fund or of a parent of the Sub-Fund:

or

- (b) the party is an entity where any of the following conditions applies:
 - (i) the entity and the Sub-Fund are members of the same group;
 - (ii) one entity is an associate or joint venture of the other entity (or of a parent, subsidiary or fellow subsidiary of the other entity):
 - (iii) the entity and the Sub-Fund are joint ventures of the same third party:
 - (iv) one entity is a joint venture of a third entity and the other entity is an associate of the third entity;
 - (v) the entity is a post-employment benefit plan for the benefit of employees of either the Sub-Fund or an entity related to the Sub-Fund;
 - (vi) the entity is controlled or jointly controlled by a person identified in (a);
 - (vii) a person identified in (a)(i) has significant influence over the entity or is a member of the key management personnel of the entity (or of a parent of the entity); and
 - (viii) the entity, or any member of a group of which it is a part, provides key management personnel services to the Sub-Fund or to the parent of the Sub-Fund.

(m) Segment reporting

An operating segment is a component of the Sub-Fund that engages in business activities from which it may earn revenues and incur expenses, including revenues and expenses that relate to transactions with any of the Sub-Fund's other components, whose operating results are reviewed regularly by the chief operating decision maker to make decisions about resources allocated to the segment and assess its performance, and for which discrete financial information is available. Segment results that are reported to the chief operating decision maker include items directly attributable to a segment as well as those that can be allocated on a reasonable basis. The chief operating decision maker of the Sub-Fund is identified as the Manager.

A Sub-Fund of Value ETFs Trust (A Hong Kong Umbrella Unit Trust)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(n) Distributions to unitholders

Distributions are at the discretion of the Sub-Fund. A distribution to the Sub-Fund's unitholders is accounted for as a deduction from net assets attributable to unitholders. A proposed distribution is recognised as a liability in the year in which it is approved by the Manager.

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS AND ESTIMATES

The preparation of the Sub-Fund's financial statements requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts recognised in the financial statements and disclosure of contingent liabilities. However, uncertainty about these assumptions and estimates could result in outcomes that could require a material adjustment to the carrying amount of the asset or liability affected in future periods.

Judgements

In the process of applying the Sub-Fund's accounting policies, management has made the following judgements, which have the most significant effect on the amounts recognised in the financial statements:

Going concern

The Sub-Fund's management has made an assessment of the Sub-Fund's ability to continue as a going concern and is satisfied that the Sub-Fund has the resources to continue in business for the foreseeable future. Furthermore, management is not aware of any material uncertainties that may cast significant doubt upon the Sub-Fund's ability to continue as a going concern. Therefore, the financial statements continue to be prepared on the going concern basis.

4. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

The investment objective of the Sub-Fund is to provide investment results that, before fees and expenses, closely correspond to the performance of the Index.

The Sub-Fund invests in listed securities and it is exposed to market risk (which includes foreign exchange risk, price risk and interest rate risk), credit risk, liquidity risk and concentration risk arising from the financial instruments held.

The Sub-Fund's overall financial risk management program focuses on the analysis, evaluation and management of financial risks and seeks to minimise potential adverse effects on the Sub-Fund's financial performance.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

4. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

The risks and respective risk management policies employed by the Sub-Fund to manage these risks are discussed below.

- (a) Market risk
- (i) Foreign exchange risk

Currency risk is the risk that the value of financial instruments will fluctuate due to changes in foreign exchange rates. The Sub-Fund's overall currency positions are monitored on a daily basis by the Manager.

As at 31 March 2018 and 2017, the Sub-Fund was not exposed to significant foreign currency risk. The majority of assets and liabilities are denominated in KRW, which is the functional currency of the Sub-Fund.

(ii) Price risk

Market price risk is the risk that the value of a financial instrument will fluctuate as a result of changes in market prices. Those changes may be caused by factors specific to the individual instrument or factors affecting all instruments in the market.

The Sub-Fund may trade in financial instruments, taking positions in traded and over-the-counter instruments, including derivatives, to take advantage of market movements.

All securities investments present a risk of loss of capital. The Manager makes investments in accordance with the provisions and specific limits as stated in the Trust Deed. The Sub-Fund's overall market positions are monitored on a daily basis by the Manager.

As at 31 March 2018 and 2017, the Sub-Fund's overall market exposures and estimated market sensitivity were as follows:

			EStir	nated impact
	Percentage change		on	net assets
	2018 2017		2018	2017
			KRW	KRW
FTSE Value-Stocks Korea Index	+/-20%	+/-20%	+/-974,726,657	+/-1,345,155,044

(iii) Interest rate risk

The majority of the Sub-Fund's financial assets and liabilities are non-interest-bearing. As a result, the Sub-Fund is not subject to significant risk due to fluctuations in the prevailing levels of market interest rates

F-41--4--1 1-----4

A Sub-Fund of Value ETFs Trust (A Hong Kong Umbrella Unit Trust)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

4. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

(b) Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or counterparty will be unable or unwilling to meet a commitment that it has entered into with the Sub-Fund. Potential credit risk to the Sub-Fund principally relates to financial assets at fair value through profit or loss, cash and cash equivalents and other receivables.

The Sub-Fund limits its exposure to credit risk by transacting the majority of its securities and contractual commitment activities with broker-dealers, banks and regulated exchanges with high credit ratings or good reputation, and that the Manager considers to be well established. All transactions in listed securities are settled/paid for upon delivery using approved and reputable brokers. The risk of default is considered minimal since delivery of securities sold is only made when the broker has received payment. In a purchase, payment is made when the securities have been received by the broker. If either party fails to meet its obligation, the trade will fail. Accordingly, there is no significant concentration of credit risk.

The table below shows the major counterparties at the end of the reporting period. The credit ratings are issued by Standard & Poor's:

	Credit	rating		
Counterparty	2018	2017	2018 <i>KRW</i>	2017 KRW
Bank A	AA-	AA-	6,866,701	188,080
Custodian A	AA-	AA-	4,855,606,280	6,609,215,150

(c) Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Sub-Fund will encounter difficulty in settling a liability or selling a financial asset quickly at close to its fair value. The Manager monitors the liquidity of the Sub-Fund by conducting liquidity testing on the investment portfolio on a monthly and ad-hoc basis.

The Sub-Fund's equity investments are considered to be readily realisable under normal market conditions as they are all publicly traded.

The Sub-Fund is exposed to daily cash redemption of units. The Manager considered that there is no significant liquidity risk on redemption of units. The contractual maturity of all other liabilities is less than one year.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

4. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

(d) Concentration risk

The SFC Code allows the Sub-Fund to invest in constituent securities issued by a single issuer for more than 10% of the Sub-Fund's net asset value provided that:

- (a) the investment is limited to any constituent securities that each accounts for more than 10% of the weighting of the index; and
- (b) the Sub-Fund's holding of any such constituent securities may not exceed their respective weightings in the index, except where weightings are exceeded as a result of changes in the composition of the indices and the excess is only transitional and temporary in nature.

Constituent securities that accounted for more than 10% of the net asset value as at 31 March 2018 and 2017 were as follows:

	Respective weighting in the tracked index	Respective weighting in the Sub-Fund's net asset value
As at 31 March 2018 Hyundai Mobis Co Ltd Hyundai Motor Co Pref	11.15% 10.46%	11.10% 10.41%
As at 31 March 2017 Samsung Electronics Co Ltd Pref	11.08%	10.93%

5. NET GAINS FROM FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT OR LOSS

	2018 <i>KRW</i>	2017 KRW
Net realised gains/(losses) Change in unrealised gains/losses	521,865,602 (224,384,452)	(188,154,568) 687,361,277
	297,481,150	499,206,709

A Sub-Fund of Value ETFs Trust (A Hong Kong Umbrella Unit Trust)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

6. TAXATION

No provision for Hong Kong Profits Tax has been made in the financial statements as the income of the Sub-Fund is exempt from taxation under Section 26A(1A) of the Hong Kong Inland Revenue Ordinance.

Certain dividends received by the Sub-Fund are subject to withholding tax imposed in the country of origin. Dividend income is recorded gross of such taxes and the withholding tax is recognised in profit or loss as incurred.

7. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS/TRANSACTIONS WITH THE TRUSTEE, THE MANAGER AND THEIR CONNECTED PERSONS

In addition to the transactions and balances disclosed elsewhere in these financial statements, the Sub-Fund entered into the following material related party transactions for the year. All such transactions were entered into in the ordinary course of business and on normal commercial terms.

(a) Management fees

The Sub-Fund appointed the Manager, an investment management company incorporated in Hong Kong, to implement the investment strategy as specified in the Trust Deed. The Manager is entitled to receive management fees of 0.70% per annum of the net asset value of the Sub-Fund. The fees are accrued daily and calculated as at each dealing day and payable monthly in arrears. Management fees of KRW44,461,533 (2017: KRW53,771,056) were charged to profit or loss during the year. Included in liabilities as at 31 March 2018 were management fees payable of KRW14,253,959 (2017: KRW16,877,643).

(b) Trustee and registrar fees

The Sub-Fund appointed HSBC Institutional Trust Services (Asia) Limited (the "Trustee"), a registered trust company incorporated in Hong Kong, to implement the responsibilities as specified in the Trust Deed. The Trustee is entitled to receive trustee and registrar fees accrued daily and calculated as at each dealing day and payable monthly in arrears, which are determined based on the daily net asset value of the Sub-Fund as below:

Trustee and registrar fees per annum shown as % of net asset value

ivet	as	set	vai	ue
F:	4 1	11/0	000	

First HK\$800 million (approximately KRW108.1 billion*)	0.10%
Next HK\$800 million (approximately KRW108.1 billion*)	0.08%
Next HK\$800 million (approximately KRW108.1 billion*)	0.07%
Thereafter	0.06%

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

7. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS/TRANSACTIONS WITH THE TRUSTEE, THE MANAGER AND THEIR CONNECTED PERSONS (Continued)

(b) Trustee and registrar fees (Continued)

For the period from 1 April 2016 to 31 March 2018, the minimum fee of HK\$39,000 (approximately KRW5,270,000*) was waived.

Trustee and registrar fees of KRW6,351,657 (2017: KRW7,681,584) were charged to profit or loss during the year. Included in liabilities as at 31 March 2018 were trustee and registrar fees payable of KRW409,110 (2017: KRW568,991).

* Based on exchange rates as at 31 March 2018

(c) Transactions/balances with the group company of the Trustee

The Sub-Fund maintains an interest-bearing bank account with Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation Limited, which is an intermediate holding company of the Trustee. Information relating to the bank account is set out below:

	2018 <i>KRW</i>	2017 <i>KRW</i>
Cash and cash equivalents Bank charges	6,866,701 29,214	188,080 379,473

(d) Manager's and its related parties' holdings in the Sub-Fund

Units held by the related parties of the Manager and the Sub-investment Manager as at 31 March 2018 and 31 March 2017 are listed out below:

	Nur	nber of units
	2018	2017
Dato' Seri Cheah Cheng Hyei	270,000	270,000
Value Partners Limited ⁱⁱ	300,000	300,000
Value Partners Multi-Asset Fund [™]		299,500

Dato' Seri Cheah Cheng Hye is a director of the Sub-investment Manager

ii Value Partners Limited is a fellow subsidiary of the Manager

iii Value Partners Multi-Asset Fund is an investment fund of the Sub-investment Manager

A Sub-Fund of Value ETFs Trust (A Hong Kong Umbrella Unit Trust)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

7. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS/TRANSACTIONS WITH THE TRUSTEE, THE MANAGER AND THEIR CONNECTED PERSONS (Continued)

(e) Outstanding balance from Manager

	2018 <i>KRW</i>	2017 <i>KRW</i>
Due from Manager	529,406	

Amount arising from expenses paid on behalf of the Manager is unsecured, non-interest-bearing and with no fixed term of repayment.

(f) Creation and redemption of the Sub-Fund

The Manager and the Trustee entered into a participating agreement with participating dealers to effect applications for creation and redemption of the Sub-Fund. The holding in the Sub-Fund by related party of the Trustee and Custodian for the years ended 31 March 2018 and 2017 were as follows:

	Units outstanding at 1 April 2017	Units subscribed/ transferred in	Units redeemed/ transferred out	Total units at 31 March 2018
2018 Bank A	300,000		(300,000)	
	Units outstanding at 1 April 2016	Units subscribed/ transferred in	Units redeemed/ transferred out	Total units at 31 March 2017
2017 Bank A	300,000			300,000

8. REDEEMABLE UNITS IN ISSUE

	Number of units	
	2018	2017
At the beginning of the year Redemption of redeemable units	1,500,000 (450,000)	1,950,000 (450,000)
At the end of the year	1,050,000	1,500,000

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

8. REDEEMABLE UNITS IN ISSUE (Continued)

The rights attaching to each unit are as follows:

The holders of the units have the right to receive notice of, attend and vote at meetings of the Sub-Fund, and are entitled to receive all dividends declared and paid by the Sub-Fund.

Any distributable profits of the Sub-Fund may be accumulated or distributed by the Manager, in its absolute discretion. Where distributions are made, the distributable amounts are allocated rateably among the unitholders of the relevant class in accordance with the number of units of the relevant class held by the unitholders respectively on the final record date.

The Sub-Fund does not have any externally imposed capital requirements.

In accordance with the Trust Deed, the net assets of the Sub-Fund are computed at last traded prices of the underlying financial instruments for the purpose of calculating redemption amounts of the redeemable units.

9. DISTRIBUTIONS TO UNITHOLDERS

	2018 <i>KRW</i>	2017 <i>KRW</i>
Amount available for distribution brought forward	690,989,326	563,956,674
Dividend income Withholding tax	145,366,366 (31,991,923) 113,374,443	162,883,655 (35,851,003) 127,032,652
Distributions to unitholders		
Amount available for distribution carried forward	804,363,769	690,989,326

The Sub-Fund did not make any distribution during the year ended 31 March 2018 (2017: Nil).

10. FAIR VALUE INFORMATION

The Sub-Fund's financial instruments are carried at fair value on the statement of financial position. Usually the fair value of the financial instruments can be reliably determined within a reasonable range of estimates. For certain other financial instruments, including amounts due from/to brokers, accounts receivables, accounts payables and accrued expenses, the carrying amounts approximate fair values due to the immediate or short-term nature of these financial instruments

A Sub-Fund of Value ETFs Trust (A Hong Kong Umbrella Unit Trust)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

10. FAIR VALUE INFORMATION (Continued)

(a) Financial instruments carried at fair value

The following table presents the carrying value of financial instruments measured at fair value at the end of the reporting period across the three levels of the fair value hierarchy defined in IFRS 13, with the fair value of the financial instruments categorised in its entirety based on the lowest level of input that is significant to that fair value measurement. The levels are defined in Note 2(d) (iv) to the financial statements.

2018 2017 *KRW KRW*

Level 1

Listed equity securities

4,855,606,280

6.609.215.150

During the years ended 31 March 2018 and 2017, there were no transfers between Level 1, Level 2 or Level 3 of the fair value hierarchy.

(b) Financial instruments carried at other than fair value

The carrying amounts of all the Sub-Fund's financial assets and financial liabilities at the end of the reporting period approximated their fair values.

11. SEGMENT REPORTING

The Manager makes strategic resource allocation and assesses performance on behalf of the Sub-Fund and has determined the operating segments based on the reports reviewed which are used to make strategic decisions.

The Manager considers that the Sub-Fund has a single operating segment which is investing in a diversified portfolio of equity securities with the objective as stated in the investment objective and policies of the Sub-Fund.

The segment information provided to the Manager is the same as that disclosed in the statement of comprehensive income and the statement of financial position.

The Sub-Fund is established and domiciled in Hong Kong. The majority of the Sub-Fund's investment income was derived from its investments domiciled in South Korea for the years ended 31 March 2018 and 2017.

The Sub-Fund has no assets classified as non-current as at 31 March 2018 (2017: Nil).

A Sub-Fund of Value ETFs Trust (A Hong Kong Umbrella Unit Trust)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

12. SOFT COMMISSION ARRANGEMENTS

The Manager and/or any company associated with it and its delegates may enter into soft dollars/ commission sharing arrangements with brokers through which brokerage transactions are entered on behalf of clients under management. The Manager may receive, and are entitled to retain, research products and services (known as soft dollar benefits) which are of demonstrable benefit to the Sub-fund (as may be permitted under applicable rules and regulations) from brokers and other persons through whom investment transactions are carried out (the "brokers"). Soft dollars may be received from them provided that the quality of transaction execution is consistent with best execution standards and brokerage rates are not in excess of the customary full-service brokerage rates.

Such soft dollar benefits may include research and advisory services; economic and political analysis; portfolio analysis, including valuation and performance measurement; market analysis, data and quotation services and software incidental to the above goods and services; clearing and custodian services and investment related publications. For the avoidance of doubt, soft dollar benefits do not include travel, accommodation, entertainment, general administrative goods and services, general office equipment or premises, membership fees, employee salaries or direct money payments.

The Manager will consider many judgemental factors deemed relevant in determining whether a broker will provide best execution. In general, investment orders will be allocated to brokers based on the range and overall quality of services offered by the broker. The core factors in determining the quality of services are the execution performance and capability of the broker. Other factors, such as the quality and quantity of research and investment ideas offered, access to potential investee companies and commission rate charges, would also be taken into consideration. Soft dollar benefits received from brokers should not be a determinant factor on allocating orders among brokers. The Manager has implemented policies and procedures to ensure that transactions executed with brokers pursuant to a soft dollar commission sharing arrangement are conducted in the best execution standard. Soft dollars benefits received by the Manager are used to facilitate in the Manager's investment management process, such benefits assist the Manager in fulfilling its overall duty to clients and may be used in servicing any or all of the Manager's client accounts over which the Manager exercises investment discretion. The Manager does not usually attempt to allocate/ attribute the soft dollar benefits to individual client account, as goods and services obtained may be beneficial to all clients in general, including those client accounts that do not generate credit to acquire the soft dollar benefits.

A Sub-Fund of Value ETFs Trust (A Hong Kong Umbrella Unit Trust)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

13. CHANGES IN ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND DISCLOSURES

The accounting policies adopted are consistent with those of the previous financial year, except for the following amendments:

IAS 7 Disclosure Initiative - Amendments to IAS 7

Amendments to IAS 7 require an entity to provide disclosures that enable users of financial statements to evaluate changes in liabilities arising from financing activities, including both changes arising from cash flows and non-cash changes. All the financing activities of the Sub-Fund related to net assets attributable to unitholders, but not relevant to any financial liabilities of the Sub-Fund, so these amendments do not have any significant impact on the Sub-Fund.

14. STANDARDS ISSUED BUT NOT YET EFFECTIVE

Standards issued but not yet effective up to the date of issuance of the Sub-Fund's financial statements are listed below. The Sub-Fund intends to adopt applicable standards when they become effective.

IFRS 9 Financial Instruments – Classification and Measurement (effective 1 January 2018)

In July 2014, the IASB issued the final version of IFRS 9 Financial Instruments that replaces IAS 39 Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement and all previous versions of IFRS 9. IFRS 9 brings together all three aspects of the accounting for the financial instruments project: classification and measurement, impairment and hedge accounting. IFRS 9 is effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2018, with early application permitted. Except for hedge accounting, retrospective application is required but providing comparative information is not compulsory. For hedge accounting, the requirements are generally applied prospectively, with some limited exceptions.

The Sub-Fund plans to adopt the new standard on the required effective date and will not restate comparative information. This assessment is based on currently available information and may be subject to changes arising from further reasonable and supportable information being made available to the Sub-Fund in 2018 when the Sub-Fund adopts IFRS 9. Overall, the Sub-Fund expects no significant impact on its results of financial performance or position.

15. APPROVAL OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the Manager and the Trustee on 20 July 2018.

INVESTMENT PORTFOLIO (UNAUDITED)

AS AT 31 MARCH 2018

	Holdings	Fair value KRW	% of net assets
FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT OR LOSS			
Listed Equity Securities			
South Korea Dongbu Insurance Co Ltd Halla Holdings Corp Hanil Cement Co Ltd Hankook Tire Co Ltd Hanwha General Insurance Co Ltd Huchems Fine Chemical Corp Hyundai Department Store Co Ltd Hyundai Development Co-Engineering & Construction Hyundai Elevator Co Ltd Hyundai Mobis Co Ltd Hyundai Mobis Co Ltd Hyundai Motor Co Hyundai Motor Co Pref Hyundai Steel Co IS Dongseo Co Ltd Kia Motors Corp Korea Electric Power Corp Korea Investment Holdings Co Ltd Korean Reinsurance Co LF Corp LG Display Co Ltd LG Electronics Inc LG Hausys Ltd LG Uplus Corp Lotte Chemical Corp	1,582 245 126 2,513 2,016 714 511 1,946 322 2,037 2,142 1,225 3,556 2,527 448 8,680 8,603 1,281 91 5,404 3,059 3,031 7,525 3,633 196 6,510 490	104,412,000 12,090,750 13,608,000 132,183,800 16,934,400 17,493,000 46,245,500 73,753,400 25,599,000 79,952,250 544,068,000 14,170,000 510,286,000 130,393,200 276,458,000 283,038,700 105,810,600 26,572,000 16,239,020 34,872,600 263,393,900 194,521,250 395,997,000 15,131,200 80,073,000 212,170,000	2.13 0.25 0.28 2.70 0.35 0.36 0.94 1.51 0.52 1.63 11.10 2.33 10.41 2.66 0.28 5.64 5.78 2.16 0.54 0.33 0.71 5.38 3.97 8.08 0.31 1.63 4.33
Meritz Fire & Marine Insurance Co Ltd Meritz Securities Co Ltd Samsung Electronics Co Ltd Pref Shinsegae Inc SK Telecom Co Ltd	1,855 9,688 238 231 763	39,233,250 41,125,560 481,950,000 80,503,500 175,490,000	0.80 0.84 9.84 1.64 3.58

A Sub-Fund of Value ETFs Trust (A Hong Kong Umbrella Unit Trust)

INVESTMENT PORTFOLIO (UNAUDITED) (Continued)

AS AT 31 MARCH 2018

	Holdings	Fair value KRW	% of net assets
FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT OR LOSS (Continued)			
Listed Equity Securities (Continued)			
South Korea (Continued) SKC Co Ltd Woori Bank Youngone Corp	637 17,115 1,008	24,333,400 246,456,000 27,518,400	0.50 5.03 0.56
Total financial assets at fair value through profit or loss		4,855,606,280	99.10
Cash and cash equivalents Other net assets		6,866,701 37,278,673	0.14 0.76
Total net assets		4,899,751,654	100.00
Total investments, at cost		4,558,640,721	

A Sub-Fund of Value ETFs Trust (A Hong Kong Umbrella Unit Trust)

STATEMENT OF MOVEMENTS IN PORTFOLIO HOLDINGS (UNAUDITED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2018

	% of n 2018	et assets 2017
FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT OR LOSS		
Listed Equity Securities South Korea	99.10	98.58
Total financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	99.10	98.58
Cash and cash equivalents Other net assets	0.14 0.76	0.01 1.41
Total net assets	100.00	100.00

A Sub-Fund of Value ETFs Trust (A Hong Kong Umbrella Unit Trust)

PERFORMANCE RECORD (UNAUDITED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2018

Net asset value

	Net asset value per unit KRW	Net asset value KRW
As at 31 March 2018	4,666.4301	4,899,751,654
As at 31 March 2017 As at 31 March 2016	4,469.3929 4,226.1094	6,704,089,417 8,240,913,238
Highest and lowest net asset value per unit		
	Highest net asset value per unit KRW	Lowest net asset value per unit <i>KRW</i>
Year ended 31 March 2018	value per unit	value per unit
Year ended 31 March 2018 Year ended 31 March 2017	value per unit KRW	value per unit KRW
	value per unit KRW 5,078.1428	value per unit <i>KRW</i> 4,357.1419
Year ended 31 March 2017	value per unit KRW 5,078.1428 4,541.8807	value per unit KRW 4,357.1419 3,815.1592
Year ended 31 March 2017 Year ended 31 March 2016	value per unit KRW 5,078.1428 4,541.8807 4,652.0985	value per unit KRW 4,357.1419 3,815.1592 3,736.6218