CHINA HUARONG ENERGY COMPANY LIMITED 中國華榮能源股份有限公司

(Incorporated in the Cayman Islands with limited liability) Stock Code: 01101



Interim Report 2018



ABOUT HUARONG ENERGY

China Huarong Energy Company Limited and its subsidiaries are principally engaged in the businesses of shipbuilding, energy exploration and production, marine engine building, offshore engineering and engineering machinery, focusing on oil and gas related customers and markets. The Group has manufacturing bases in Nantong (Jiangsu Province) and Hefei (Anhui Province). The Group also holds 60% interests in the Kyrgyzstan Project involving four oilfields located in the Fergana Valley of Central Asia. Through the upstream oil exploration and production activities in Central Asia, we aim to grow as a regional energy company with a focus on the oil and gas market.

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MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS



Business Review

For the six months ended 30 June 2018 (the "**Period**"), China Huarong Energy Company Limited (the "**Company**") and its subsidiaries (together, the "**Group**") recorded a revenue of RMB37.3 million, which was primarily attributable to the revenue from sales of crude oil and excavators, compared to revenue of RMB42.7 million for the six months ended 30 June 2017 (the "**Comparative Period**"). Loss attributable to the equity holders of the Company was RMB1,137.6 million for the Period, while loss attributable to the equity holders of the Company was RMB825.7 million for the Comparative Period.

Energy Exploration and Production

For the Period, the Kyrgyzstan project (being the acquisition of 60% interests in the project involving four oilfields located in the Fergana Valley of the Republic of Kyrgyzstan] (the "**Kyrgyzstan Project**") recorded production of 88,816 barrels (bbl) of light crude oil (for the Comparative Period: 79,841 bbl). Revenue from the energy exploration and production segment was RMB21.8 million for the Period with an increase of approximately 10.7% from RMB19.7 million for the Comparative Period.

Shipbuilding and Offshore Engineering

During the Period, there was no revenue contribution from the shipbuilding and offshore engineering segment.

Facing the production slowdown in the shipbuilding business, the Group utilised its existing production facilities, amenities and human resources to develop diversified businesses, seeking opportunities in the construction of hull, block commission processing, facilities leasing and other non-core businesses.

Marine Engine Building and Engineering Machinery

For the Period, there was no revenue contribution from the marine engine building segment. Suffered from the continuously sluggish shipbuilding market and marine engine market, the Group utilised its existing production facilities, amenities and human resources to develop diversified businesses. For the Period, revenue from the engineering machinery segment was RMB15.5 million (for the Comparative Period: RMB8.5 million). Revenue mainly came from sales of in-stock excavators.

Financial Review

Revenue

For the Period, the Group recorded a revenue of RMB37.3 million (for the Comparative Period: RMB42.7 million). It was primarily attributable to the revenue from sales of crude oil and excavators. Revenue from sales of crude oil was RMB21.8 million (for the Comparative Period: RMB19.7 million), representing an increase of approximately 10.7%. Revenue from sales of excavators was RMB15.5 million as compared to RMB8.5 million for the Comparative Period, representing an increase of approximately 82.4%.

Cost of Sales

For the Period, cost of sales decreased by approximately 88.2% to RMB19.0 million (for the Comparative Period: RMB161.2 million), which was primarily attributable to the decrease in the provision for inventories.

Gross Profit/(Loss)

During the Period, the Group recorded a gross profit of RMB18.3 million (for the Comparative Period: gross loss of RMB118.5 million). As a result of the strategic transformation of the Group, the turnaround from gross loss to gross profit as compared with the Comparative Period was primarily attributable from the decrease in provision for inventories.

Selling and Marketing Expenses

For the Period, selling and marketing expenses decreased by approximately 4.8% to RMB2.0 million (for the Comparative Period: RMB2.1 million), which was primarily in line with the Group's strategic transformation by reducing selling and marketing expenses of the shipbuilding segment and attributable to the implementation of cost control measures.

General and Administrative Expenses

For the Period, general and administrative expenses increased by approximately 1.1% to RMB321.4 million (for the Comparative Period: RMB318.0 million). This was mainly attributable to the increase of provision for litigations and legal and consultancy fees.

Other Gains/(Losses) - Net

For the Period, other gains/(loss) – net amounted to RMB217.5 million (for the Comparative Period: other losses-net of RMB94.0 million), primarily attributable to fair value gain on derivative instruments and gain on disposal from auction of certain land use rights and property, plant and equipment during the Period.

Finance Costs – Net

Finance income for the Period decreased by approximately 97.6% to RMB0.2 million (for the Comparative Period: RMB8.2 million). The decrease was mainly attributable to the decrease of imputed interest income for the interest-free loans. Finance costs for the Period increased by approximately 92.8% to RMB1,072.5 million (for the Comparative Period: RMB556.3 million). The increase was primarily due to the increase in interests of convertible bonds and overdue interests of certain borrowings for the Period.

Total Comprehensive Loss for the Period

During the Period, the Group recorded total comprehensive loss of RMB1,164.4 million (for the Comparative Period: RMB888.6 million), of which loss attributable to equity holders of the Company was RMB1,120.5 million (for the Comparative Period: RMB862.8 million). Loss attributable to the equity holders of the Company is the result of the considerable increase in finance costs offset with the decrease in provision for inventories.

Liquidity and Going Concern

During the Period, the Group incurred a loss of RMB1,181.1 million and had a net operating cash outflow of approximately RMB170.6 million. As at 30 June 2018, the Group had a total deficit of RMB12,067.3 million and the current liabilities exceeded its current assets by RMB32,747.4 million. As at 30 June 2018, the Group's total current borrowings and finance lease liabilities amounted to RMB23,160.1 million, of which RMB17,853.7 million were either overdue or would be due for repayment within 12 months in accordance with the repayment dates of the respective agreements or under existing arrangements. The Group's current borrowings also included the 7.0% convertible bonds issued by the Company with outstanding principals totaling HKD1,433.2 million (equivalent to approximately RMB1,208.4 million) as at 30 June 2018, which were matured on the date falling 24 months after their issuance dates and immediately redeemable by the bondholders subject to the terms and conditions of the convertible bonds.

The Group has undertaken series of plans and measurement to mitigate the liquidity pressure, including improvement to the financial position of the Group; refinance its operations and restructure its debts which are subject to, amongst others, the completion of the Group's restructuring plan through potential transaction for business restoration, disposing liabilities and refinancing of operation of the Group. For details, please refer to the announcements dated 19 November 2015, 7 March 2016 and 14 September 2016 and circular of the Company dated 9 March 2016.

The Group will continue to negotiate with the relevant banks and bondholders for the renewal or extension for repayments beyond the six months ended 30 June 2018 for these loans that (i) are scheduled for repayment in next twelve-month period; (ii) were overdue at 30 June 2018; and (iii) became or might become overdue in next twelve-month period. During the Period, the convertible bonds with an aggregate principal amount of approximately HK\$414.1 million have been converted into shares. The Group will continue to negotiate with the convertible bond holders for the conversion of remaining principal in the second half of 2018.

On 29 June 2018, a loan agreement of USD200.0 million (equivalent to approximately RMB1,323.3 million) was entered between the Group and a related party of the Group. The loan is interest-free, unsecured by the assets of the Group and repayable in two years.

Details regarding uncertainties on the going concerns of the Group and the respective plans and measures are set out in the paragraph headed "Going Concern Basis" in Note 2.1 to the condensed consolidated interim financial information.

Borrowings and Finance Lease Liabilities

Our short-term borrowings and finance lease liabilities decreased by RMB162.6 million from RMB23,322.7 million as at 31 December 2017 to RMB23,160.1 million as at 30 June 2018. Our long-term borrowings increased by RMB133.6 million from RMB208.4 million as at 31 December 2017 to RMB342.0 million as at 30 June 2018.

As at 30 June 2018, our total borrowings and finance lease liabilities were RMB23,502.1 million (as at 31 December 2017: RMB23,531.2 million), of which RMB19,524.2 million (83.1%) was denominated in RMB and the remaining RMB3,977.9 million (16.9%) was denominated in other currencies such as USD and HKD. Certain borrowings were secured by our land use rights, buildings, construction contracts, pledged deposits, guarantee from certain related parties and guarantee from a subsidiary of the Group. About 57.2% of the borrowings bear interests at fixed rate.

Inventories

Our inventories increased by RMB0.2 million to RMB546.2 million as at 30 June 2018 (as at 31 December 2017: RMB546.0 million). The increase in inventories was the result of the reversal of provision for inventories during the Period.

Foreign Exchange Risks

The Group incurred net foreign exchange loss of RMB12.2 million due to the depreciation of RMB against USD and HKD during the Period, which resulted in exchange loss on certain USD-denominated liabilities and HKD denominated liabilities, such as trade and other payables of the Group. The Group currently does not have any foreign currency hedging policy but the management closely monitors foreign exchange exposure and will consider hedging significant foreign currency exposure should the need arise.

Material Acquisitions and Disposals of Investments

The Group did not undertake any material acquisition or disposal of investments during the Period.

Capital Expenditure

For the Period, our capital expenditure was approximately RMB21.0 million (for the Comparative Period: RMB0.3 million), which was mainly used in the energy exploration and production segment.

Gearing Ratio

Our gearing ratio (measured by total borrowings and finance lease liabilities divided by the sum of total borrowings and finance lease liabilities and total deficit) increased from approximately 191.5% as at 31 December 2017 to approximately 205.5% as at 30 June 2018. Affected by the accumulated losses of RMB26,928.9 million as at 30 June 2018 (as at 31 December 2017: RMB25,791.2 million), the total deficit was RMB12,067.3 million as at 30 June 2018 (as at 31 December 2017: RMB11,246.4 million).

Contingent Liabilities

As at 30 June 2018, we had contingent liabilities of RMB26.0 million (as at 31 December 2017: RMB26.7 million), which resulted from refund guarantees issued, litigation and financial guarantees provided to our customers.

Credit Assessment and Risk Management

Credit risk is managed on a group basis. Credit risk arises from cash and cash equivalents, pledged deposits, as well as credit exposures to outstanding trade, bills and other receivables. As at 30 June 2018, the Group had cash and cash equivalents of RMB39.6 million (as at 31 December 2017: RMB69.9 million), of which RMB36.7 million (approximately 92.7%) was denominated in RMB and the remaining RMB2.9 million (approximately 7.3%) was denominated in USD, HKD and other currencies. All of the Group's cash and bank balances, short-term and long-term bank deposits and pledged deposits were placed with reputable banks which the management of the Group believes are of high creditworthiness and without significant credit risk.

For customers of engineering machinery, we gave credit lines after evaluating the customer's credit profiles, financial conditions, past experiences and other factors.

As at 30 June 2018, trade receivables of RMB202.6 million (as at 31 December 2017: RMB202.6 million) and RMB374.9 million (as at 31 December 2017: RMB375.4 million) related to certain customers of the shipbuilding segment and the engineering machinery segment were impaired and provided for respectively, as a result of the management's assessment on the recoverability of the balances.

The Company maintained close communication with the financial institution regarding the potential transaction, arrangement of debt and other related matter and was supported by the major bank, given that certain banks/financial institution are performing relevant procedures as required for the bad debt of banks in Mainland China such as litigation and arbitration.

Human Resources

As at 30 June 2018, we had 576 employees (as at 31 December 2017: 602 employees). The decrease in the number of employees was driven by the market downturn and the downsizing of the shipbuilding business of the Group. The principal elements of remuneration package of the Group inclusive of basic salary and other benefits, contribution to pension schemes, discretionary bonus and/or share options granted under an approved share option scheme. Such remuneration should reflect work complexity, time commitment, responsibility and performance with a view of attracting, motivating and retaining high performing individuals.

Market Analysis and Prospects

In the first half of 2018, the overall international shipping market has recovered, the market demand improved, and there was recovery in the demand for new ships in the global shipbuilding market. Yet, global shipbuilding factory still faces the acute condition of insufficient works, the problem of earning profit for the shipbuilding factory is still lingering. Meanwhile, the overall global crude oil market maintained a good ascending momentum in the first half of 2018, the international oil price has rebounded, the global oil and gas industry continued to recover.

To cope with the shipbuilding market condition, the Group had deployed its existing production facilities, amenities and human resources to develop diversified businesses. Meanwhile, the Group continued promoting the resale of vessels under construction to maintain the fundamental operation of our manufacturing bases and broaden our source of revenue. Also, with the satisfactory development results, the Group carried out oilfields development and adopted various measures to maintain production capabilities, reinforced cost control measures and improved working performance, and obtained additional sources of financing for the energy exploration and production segment, actively responded to the financial constraints and volatile industry conditions. Looking forward to the second half of 2018, the international shipping market will continue to rise. A series of uncertainties such as trade protectionism however, still exist, and the problem of excess capacity is still subject to pressure and risks. The Group will continue to promote its progress in strategic restructuring. The Group will continue to promote business transformation with the aid of the advantages brought by corporate resources. At the same time, the Group will continue to facilitate the disposal of liabilities with creditors, in order to ease the debt burden of the Group, improve the operation of the shipbuilding business and mitigate the adverse effects of the high gearing of the Group on its development in the energy business.

The management of the Group has, from time to time, considered various means of financing and obtaining additional sources of financing for the Kyrgyzstan Project. On 29 June 2018, the Group entered into a co-operative framework agreement with a third party seller, who is independent from the Group, pursuant to which, the seller will offer equipment relating to oil production and materials for exploring new oil wells on credit, with value not more than USD500 million. The management of the Group believes that the agreement will help accelerate the development of the energy business and increase the production volume, so as to improve its source of revenue and financial performance. To align with the development of the Kyrgyzstan Project, we intend to proactively extend the overall crude oil sales network, which includes, but without limitation to, the overall strategy in relation to trading, storage and logistic in the oil and gas industry, and also from time to time pay attention to and identify appropriate potential business opportunities in the oil and gas industry, in order to complement the overall development strategic transformation and upgrade within the energy service industry.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE AND OTHER INFORMATION

Corporate Governance Code

During the Period, the Company complied with the applicable code provisions of the Corporate Governance Code (the "**Code**") as set out in Appendix 14 to the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "**Listing Rules**"), apart from the deviations set out below.

Code provision A.2.1 of the Code stipulates that the roles of the chairman and the chief executive officer should be separate and should not be performed by the same individual. Mr. Chen Qiang has performed both the roles of chairman of the Board (the "**Chairman**") and chief executive officer of the Company which has derivated from code provision A.2.1 of the Code. The Company believes that it is more efficient and effective for the Company to develop its long term strategies and in execution of its business plans if Mr. Chen Qiang serves as both the Chairman and the chief executive officer of the Company.

Model Code on Securities Transactions

The Company has adopted the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Issuers (the "**Model Code**") as set out in Appendix 10 to the Listing Rules as its own code of conduct regarding securities transactions by the Directors. The Company has confirmed, following specific enquiries made by the Company that they complied with the required standards set out in the Model Code during the Period.

Audit Committee

The audit committee of the Company [the "Audit Committee"] comprises three independent nonexecutive Directors, namely, Ms. Zhou Zhan [chairman of the Audit Committee], Mr. Wang Jin Lian and Mr. Lam Cheung Mau. The Audit Committee has reviewed the accounting principles and practices adopted by the Company, and discussed internal control and financial reporting matters including review of the unaudited interim results of the Group for the Period.

Purchase, Sale or Redemption of the Company's Listed Securities

Neither the Company nor any of its subsidiaries had purchased, sold or redeemed any of the Company's listed securities during the Period.

Interim Dividend

The Board has resolved not to declare the payment of an interim dividend for the six months ended 30 June 2018 (for the six months ended 30 June 2017: nil).

Subsequent Event

Other than disclosed elsewhere in the report, the Group also has the following significant event after the end of reporting period:

Up to the date of this report, convertible bonds with an aggregate principal amount of HK\$119,820,000 (equivalent to approximately RMB101,029,000) have been converted into ordinary shares by the bondholders.

DISCLOSURE OF INTERESTS

Directors' and Chief Executive's Interests and Short Positions in Shares, Underlying Shares and Debentures of the Company or Any Specified Undertaking of the Company

As at 30 June 2018, the Directors and chief executive of the Company had the following interests in the

Shares or underlying shares of the Company and its associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the Securities and Futures Ordinance (the "**SFO**")) which were recorded in the register required to be kept under section 352 of the SFO or otherwise notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "**Stock Exchange**") pursuant to the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Companies (the "**Model Code**"):

Number of shares interested Equity Percentage Personal derivatives of issued Corporate Name of Director interest interest (share options)² Total share capital³ Mr. Chen Qiang 209,200,000¹ 14,000,000 223,200,000 7.25% Mr. Hong Liang 3,675,000 3,675,000 0.12% Mr. Wang Tao 2,151,000 2,151,000 0.07% Ms. Zhu Wen Hua 975,000 975,000 0.03%

(A) Long Positions in Shares and Underlying Shares of the Company

Notes:

Among 209,200,000 Shares (before taking into account the 14,000,000 Shares that may be granted to Mr. Chen Qiang pursuant to share options), 27,200,000, 84,000,000 and 98,000,000 Shares are directly held by Boom Will Limited, Leader World Investments Limited and Outspace Limited, respectively. Boom Will Limited, Leader World Investments Limited and Outspace Limited are 100%, 38,33% and 100% directly beneficially owned by Mr. Chen Qiang, respectively.

2 These interests represented the interests in underlying shares in respect of share options granted by the Company to these directors as beneficial owners, the details of which are set out in the section headed "Share Option Schemes" below.

3 These percentages have been compiled based on the total number of issued shares of the Company of 3,076,731,507 as at 30 June 2018 and rounded to two decimal places.

Name of Director	Name of associated corporation	Nature of interest/ capacity	Number of shares	Percentage of shareholding
Mr. Chen Qiang	Rongsheng Heavy Industries Holdings Limited	Interest in a controlled corporation	15,000¹	1.5%

(B) Long Positions in Associated Corporations

Note: 1

As at 30 June 2018, 15,000 shares in Rongsheng Heavy Industries Holdings Limited were held by Boom Will Limited, a company 100% beneficially owned by Mr. Chen Qiang.

Save as disclosed above, as at 30 June 2018, none of the Directors or the chief executive of the Company had any interest or short position in the shares, underlying shares or debentures of the Company or any of its associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the SFO) as recorded in the register required to be kept under section 352 of the SFO or as otherwise notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to the Model Code. Save as disclosed above, at no time during the Period was the Company, its holding company or any subsidiary of the Company or its holding company, a party to any arrangement to enable the Directors to acquire benefits by means of the acquisition of shares in, or debentures of, the Company or any other body corporate.

Directors' Right to Acquire Shares or Debentures

As at 30 June 2018, the number of outstanding options granted by the Company to the Directors and chief executive to subscribe for shares of the Company, as recorded in the register required to be kept under section 352 of the SFO or which were otherwise notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to the Model Code, is set out in the section headed "Share Option Schemes" of this interim report.

Substantial Shareholders' Interests in the Share Capital of the Company

As at 30 June 2018, the interests of substantial shareholders (other than the Directors or chief executive of the Company) in the shares or underlying shares of the Company which were recorded in the register required to be kept by the Company under section 336 of the SFO were as follows:

	Number of	Percentage of
Name of substantial shareholder	shares interested	issued share capital ¹¹
Ms. Mak Siu Hang Viola ¹	1,490,120,000	48.43%
VMS Investment Group Limited ²	1,220,000,000	39.65%
Action Phoenix Limited	1,220,000,000	39.65%
Mr. Wang Ping ⁴	771,359,794	25.07%
Kingwin Victory Investment Limited	771,359,794	25.07%
Mr. Zhang Zhi Rong⁵	388,301,031	12.62%
Fine Profit Enterprises Limited ⁵	388,301,031	12.62%
Mr. Mei Liang ⁶	348,000,000	11.31%
Top Acton Limited	348,000,000	11.31%
Ms. Shi Jing ⁷	281,232,465	9.14%
Wickhams Cay Trust Company Limited ⁷	281,232,465	9.14%
Abhaya Limited ⁷	281,232,465	9.14%
Noble Path Holdings Limited	281,232,465	9.14%
VMS Finance Group Limited ³	270,120,000	8.78%
Castle Giant Investments Limited	270,120,000	8.78%
Mr. Wang Mingqing ⁸	204,000,000	6.63%
King Wealth Enterprises Limited	204,000,000	6.63%
Mr. Wan Ten Lap ⁹	164,550,000	5.35%
Mr. Zhang Yi ⁹	164,550,000	5.35%
Bright Hope Global Investments Limited ⁹	164,550,000	5.35%
Partners Financial Holdings Limited ⁹	164,550,000	5.35%
Bullion Riches Limited ⁹	164,550,000	5.35%
Partners and Kingwin Asset Management Limited ⁹	164,550,000	5.35%
Partners Kingwin Fund (I)	164,550,000	5.35%
Mr. Zhang De Huang ¹⁰	160,000,000	5.20%
Gallop Sun Limited	160,000,000	5.20%

Notes:

1) This represents the same interest of Action Phoenix Limited ("Action Phoenix") and Castle Giant Investments Limited ("Castle Giant"). Action Phoenix is a wholly-owned subsidiary of VMS Investment Group Limited ("VMS Investment") and Castle Giant is a wholly-owned subsidiary of VMS Finance Group Limited ("VMS Finance"), both VMS Investment and VMS Finance are wholly-owned by Ms. Mak Siu Hang Viola.

2) This represents the same interest of Action Phoenix.

3) This represents the same interest of Castle Giant.

4) Kingwin Victory Investment Limited is wholly-owned by Mr. Wang Ping. This represents the same interest of Kingwin Victory Investment Limited.

DISCLOSURE OF INTERESTS

- 5) This represents the same interest of Fine Profit Enterprises Limited ("Fine Profit") and Wealth Consult Limited ("Wealth Consult") of 21,744,800 shares. Wealth Consult is a wholly-owned subsidiary of Fine Profit, of which is wholly-owned by Mr. Zhang Zhi Rong. Mr. Zhang Zhi Rong was therefore deemed to have an interest in the shares in which Fine Profit was interested.
- 6) Top Acton Limited is wholly-owned by Mr. Mei Liang. This represents the same interest of Top Acton Limited.
- 7) This represents the same interest of Noble Path Holdings Limited ("Noble Path"). Noble Path is a wholly-owned subsidiary of Abhaya Limited. Abhaya Limited is wholly-owned by Wickhams Cay Trust Company Limited, being a trustee of a private trust set up by Ms. Shi Jing.
- 8) King Wealth Enterprises Limited is wholly-owned by Mr. Wang Mingqing. This represents the same interest of King Wealth Enterprises Limited.
- 9) This represents the same interest of Partners Kingwin Fund (I). Partners Kingwin Fund (I) is wholly-owned by Partners and Kingwin Asset Management Limited, which is wholly-owned by Bullion Riches Limited. Bullion Riches Limited is a wholly-owned subsidiary of Partners Financial Holdings Limited, which is 51% directly owned by Mr. Wan Ten Lap and 44% indirectly owned by Mr. Zhang Yi via Bright Hope Global Investments Limited, respectively. Bright Hope Global Investments Limited is wholly-owned by Mr. Zhang Yi.
- 10) Gallop Sun Limited is wholly-owned by Mr. Zhang De Huang, the father of Mr. Zhang Zhi Rong.
- 11) These percentages have been compiled based on the total number of issued shares of the Company of 3,076,731,507 as at 30 June 2018 and rounded to two decimal places. All Interest stated above represent long positions.

Save as disclosed above, as at 30 June 2018, the Company had not been notified of any persons (other than the Directors or chief executive of the Company) who had an interest or short position in the shares or underlying shares of the Company which were recorded in the register required to be kept by the Company under section 336 of the SF0.

Share Option Schemes

Pre-IPO Share Option Scheme

On 24 October 2010, the Company conditionally approved and adopted the Pre-IPO Share Option Scheme (the "**Pre-IPO Share Option Scheme**"). As at 30 June 2018, the total number of shares in respect of the outstanding options granted under the Pre-IPO Share Option Scheme was 4,100,000 Shares, representing approximately 0.13% of the total issued share capital of the Company. No further options will be offered or granted by the Company pursuant to the Pre-IPO Share Option Scheme.

The following table discloses details of the Company's outstanding share options held by the Directors and certain employees of the Company under the Pre-IPO Share Option Scheme and their movements during the Period:

	Number of share options							
		As at				As at	Exercise	
		1 January				30 June	price	Exercisable
Name of grantee	Date of grant	2018	Exercised	Cancelled	Lapsed	2018	(HKD)	period
Mr. Hong Liang	24 October 2010	875,000	-	-	-	875,000	20.00	Note ¹
Mr. Wang Tao	24 October 2010	875,000	-	-	-	875,000	20.00	Note ¹
Ms. Zhu Wen Hua	24 October 2010	75,000	-	-	-	75,000	20.00	Note ¹
Senior management and								
other employees								
(in aggregate)	24 October 2010	2,275,000	-	-	-	2,275,000	20.00	Note ¹
Total		4,100,000	-	-	-	4,100,000		

DISCLOSURE OF INTERESTS

Note:

- 1 Each of the grantees to whom the options have been granted under the Pre-IPO Share Option Scheme is entitled to exercise:
 - up to 20% of the shares that are subject to the options granted to the relevant grantee (rounded down to the nearest whole number of shares) at any time during the period commencing on 19 November 2010 (the "Listing Date") and ending on the first anniversary of the Listing Date;
 - up to 40% of the shares that are subject to the options granted to the relevant grantee less the number of shares in respect of which the options have been exercised by the grantee (rounded down to the nearest whole number of shares) at any time during the period commencing on the expiry of the first anniversary of the Listing Date and ending on the second anniversary of the Listing Date;
 - (iii) up to 60% of the shares that are subject to the options granted to the relevant grantee less the number of shares in respect of which the options have been exercised by the grantee (rounded down to the nearest whole number of shares) at any time during the period commencing on the expiry of the second anniversary of the Listing Date and ending on the third anniversary of the Listing Date;
 - (iv) up to 80% of the shares that are subject to the options granted to the relevant grantee less the number of shares in respect of which the options have been exercised by the grantee (rounded down to the nearest whole number of shares) at any time during the period commencing on the expiry of the third anniversary of the Listing Date and ending on the fourth anniversary of the Listing Date; and
 - (v) such number of shares subject to the options granted to the relevant grantee less the number of shares in respect of which the options have been exercised by the grantee (rounded down to the nearest whole number of shares) at any time during the period commencing on the expiry of the fourth anniversary of the Listing Date and ending on 26 October 2020.

Share Option Scheme

On 24 October 2010, the Company also conditionally approved and adopted a share option scheme for the purpose of enabling the Group to grant options to selected participants as incentives or rewards for their contribution to the Group. As at 30 June 2018, the total number of Shares in respect of the outstanding options granted under the Share Option Scheme was 32,124,000 Shares, representing approximately 1.04% of the total existing issued share capital of the Company. During the Period, no share options had been granted under the Share Option Scheme.

The following table discloses details of the Company's outstanding share options held by the Directors and certain employees of the Company under the Share Option Scheme and their movements during the Period:

	Number of share options							
		As at 1 January				As at 30 June	Exercise price	Exercisable
Name of grantee	Date of grant	2018	Exercised	Cancelled	Lapsed	2018	(HKD)	period
Mr. Chen Qiang	30 April 2012	14,000,000	-	-	-	14,000,000	9.70	Note ¹
Mr. Hong Liang	30 April 2012	2,800,000	-	-	-	2,800,000	9.70	Note ¹
Mr. Wang Tao	30 April 2012	1,276,000	-	-	-	1,276,000	9.70	Note ¹
Ms. Zhu Wen Hua	30 April 2012	900,000	-	-	-	900,000	9.70	Note ¹
Senior management and other employees								
(in aggregate)	30 April 2012	13,148,000	-	-	-	13,148,000	9.70	Note ¹
Total		32,124,000	_	_	_	32,124,000		

Note:

1 No share options are exercisable prior to the first anniversary of 30 April 2012 ("**Date of Grant**"). On each of the first, second, third, fourth and fifth anniversaries of the Date of Grant, a further 20% of the share options granted to each grantee may be exercised, provided that no share options shall be exercised after 30 April 2022.

INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

As at 30 June 2018

	Note	As at 30 June 2018 RMB'000 (Unaudited)	As at 31 December 2017 RMB`000 Audited
ASSETS			
Non-current assets			
Land use rights	9	3,463,807	3,663,429
Property, plant and equipment	7	15,898,343	16,073,235
Intangible assets	8	1,606,292	1,587,572
Prepayments for non-current assets	10(b)	22,242	10,298
Financial asset at fair value through other			
comprehensive income		31,458	-
Available-for-sale financial asset		-	44,342
		21,022,142	21,378,876
Current assets			
Inventories		546,156	545,999
Trade receivables	10(a)	12,419	9,846
Other receivables, prepayments and deposits	10(b)	730,928	480,939
Pledged deposits	10(12)	3,212	20,720
Cash and cash equivalents		39,551	69,858
		,	
		1,332,266	1,127,362
T -1-11-		00.057 (00.	
Total assets		22,354,408	22,506,238
DEFICIT Capital and reserves attributable to the Company's equity holders			
Share capital	11	1,280,722	937,772
Share premium	11	10,433,213	10,432,701
Other reserves		3,679,879	3,662,824
Accumulated losses		(26,928,851)	(25,791,247)
		(11,535,037)	(10,757,950)
Non-controlling interests		(532,218)	(488,405)
Total deficit		(12,067,255)	(11,246,355)

The notes on pages 21 to 71 are an integral part of this condensed consolidated interim financial information.

INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION As at 30 June 2018

		As at 30 June	As at 31 December
		2018	2017
	Note	RMB'000	RMB'000
	Hote	(Unaudited)	Audited
LIABILITIES			
Non-current liabilities			
Borrowings	14	342,016	208,445
		342,016	208,445
Current liabilities			
Trade and other payables	13	10,348,022	9,499,408
Advances from related parties	26(b)	368,959	368,959
Borrowings	14	23,135,434	23,298,366
Derivative financial instruments	15	153,686	320,001
Finance lease liabilities	14	24,646	24,381
Contract liabilities		48,900	33,033
		34,079,647	33,544,148
Total liabilities		34,421,663	33,752,593
Total deficit and liabilities		22,354,408	22,506,238

INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

For the six months ended 30 June 2018

	Unaudited for the six months ended 30 Jur				
	Note	2018 RMB'000	2017 RMB'000		
Revenue					
- Revenue from sales of crude oil	6	21,807	19,744		
– Revenue from sales of vessels	6	-	14,530		
– Revenue from sales of excavators	6	15,511	8,455		
		37,318	42,729		
		07,010			
Cost of sales					
– Cost of crude oil sold	17	(13,192)	(15,374)		
– Cost of vessels sold	17	-	(58,195)		
– Cost of excavators sold	17	(5,805)	(87,625)		
		(18,997)	(161,194)		
		40.004			
Gross profit/(loss)		18,321	(118,465)		
Selling and marketing expenses	17	(1,955)	(2,067)		
General and administrative expenses	17	(321,352)	(318,045)		
(Provision for)/reversal of impairments	17	(51,478)	199,830		
Other income	18	30,222	28,827		
Other gains/(losses) – net	19	217,451	(93,964)		
			/		
Operating profit/(loss)		(108,791)	(303,884)		
Finance income	20	173	8,213		
Finance costs	20	(1,072,480)	(556,250)		
Finance costs – net	20	(1,072,307)	(548,037)		
	20	(1,072,307)	(340,037)		
Loss before income tax		(1,181,098)	(851,921)		
Income tax expense	21	-	(001,721)		
Loss for the period		(1,181,098)	(851,921)		

INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

For the six months ended 30 June 2018

		Unaudited for six months ended	
	N	2018 DMD/2020	2017
	Note	RMB'000	RMB'000
Attributable to:			
Equity holders of the Company		(1,137,604)	(825,718)
Non-controlling interests		(43,494)	(26,203)
		(1,181,098)	(851,921)
Other comprehensive income/(loss) for the period:			
Items that may be reclassified to profit or loss			
– Fair value gain on an available-for-sale			
financial asset		-	2,864
– Fair value loss on financial assets at fair value			
through other comprehensive income		(2,692)	-
 Exchange difference on translation of foreign 			
operations		19,428	(39,559)
Other comprehensive income/(loss) for the period, net			
of tax		16,736	(36,695)
Total comprehensive loss for the period		(1,164,362)	(888,616)
Attributable to:			
Equity holders of the Company		(1,120,549)	(862,763)
Non-controlling interests		(43,813)	(25,853)
		(1,164,362)	(888,616)
Loss per share attributable to the equity holders of the			
Company during the period (expressed in RMB per			
share)			
– Basic and diluted	22	(0.48)	(0.38)

INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

For the six months ended 30 June 2018

		Attributable to equity holders of the Company					_	
	Note	Share capital RMB'000	Share premium RMB'000	Other reserves RMB'000	Accumulated Losses RMB'000	Total RMB'000	Non- controlling interest RMB'000	Total deficit RMB'000
Balance at 1 January 2018		937,772	10,432,701	3,662,824	(25,791,247)	(10,757,950)	(488,405)	(11,246,355)
Loss for the period ended 30 June 2018		-	-	-	(1,137,604)	(1,137,604)	(43,494)	(1,181,098)
Other comprehensive income/ (loss) Fair value loss on a financial asset								
at fair value through other comprehensive income		-	-	(2,595)	-	(2,595)	(97)	(2,692)
Exchange difference on translation of foreign operations		-	-	19,650	-	19,650	(222)	19,428
Total comprehensive loss for the six months ended 30 June 2018		-	-	17,055	(1,137,604)	(1,120,549)	(43,813)	(1,164,362)
Transactions with equity holders in their capacity as owners Issuance of shares upon conversion of convertible								
bonds		342,950	512	-	-	343,462	-	343,462
Total transactions with owners in their capacity as owners		342,950	512	-	-	343,462	-	343,462
Balance at 30 June 2018		1,280,722	10,433,213	3,679,879	(26,928,851)	(11,535,037)	(532,218)	(12,067,255)

INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY For the six months ended 30 June 2018

	_	Attributable to equity holders of the Company					_	
	Note	Share capital RMB'000	Share premium RMB'000	Other reserves RMB'000	Accumulated Losses RMB'000	Total RMB'000	Non- controlling interest RMB'000	Total deficit RMB'000
Balance at 1 January 2017		905,191	10,430,533	3,744,776	(23,906,421)	(8,825,921)	[437,837]	(9,263,758)
Loss for the period ended 30 June 2017		-	-	-	(825,718)	(825,718)	(26,203)	(851,921)
Other comprehensive income/ (loss)								
Fair value gain on an available-for- sale financial asset		_	-	2,760	-	2,760	104	2,864
Exchange difference on translation of foreign operations		-	-	(39,805)	-	(39,805)	246	(39,559)
Total comprehensive loss for the six months ended 30 June 2017		-	-	(37,045)	(825,718)	(862,763)	(25,853)	(888,616)
Transactions with equity holders in their capacity as owners Share-based payment	12	_	-	10,880	_	10,880	-	10,880
Total transactions with owners in their capacity as owners		_		10,880	_	10,880	_	10,880
Balance at 30 June 2017		905,191	10,430,533	3,718,611	[24,732,139]	[9,677,804]	(463,690)	(10,141,494)

INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED CASH FLOW STATEMENT

For the six months ended 30 June 2018

	Unaudited			
	For the six month	ns ended 30 June		
	2018	2017		
	RMB'000	RMB'000		
Net cash used in operating activities	(170,552)	(25,275)		
Net cash generated from investing activities	7,316	25,729		
Net cash generated from/(used in) financing activities	132,913	(17,397)		
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents	(30,323)	(16,943)		
Exchange gain/(loss) on cash and cash equivalents	16	(59)		
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the period	69,858	107,263		
Cash and cash equivalents at end of the period	39,551	90,261		

NOTES TO THE CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL INFORMATION

For the six months ended 30 June 2018

1 General information

China Huarong Energy Company Limited (the **"Company**") was incorporated in the Cayman Islands on 3 February 2010 as an exempted company with limited liability under the Companies Law of the Cayman Islands. Its registered address is Cricket Square, Hutchins Drive, P.O. Box 2681, Grand Cayman, KY1-1111, Cayman Islands.

The Company is an investment holding company. The Company and its subsidiaries (together, the "**Group**") are principally engaged in the construction and sales of vessels, manufacturing of excavators and crawler cranes, building of marine engines and energy exploration and production.

This condensed consolidated interim financial information is presented in thousands of units of Renminbi ("**RMB'000**"), unless otherwise stated. This condensed consolidated interim financial information was approved for issue by the board of directors of the Company on 30 August, 2018.

This condensed consolidated interim financial information has not been audited.

2 Principal accounting policies

This condensed consolidated interim financial information for the six months ended 30 June 2018 has been prepared in accordance with International Accounting Standards ("**IAS**") 34 "Interim Financial Reporting". The condensed consolidated interim financial information should be read in conjunction with the annual financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2017, which was prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards ("**IFRS**").

2.1 Basis of preparation

(a) Going concern basis

During the six months ended 30 June 2018, the operation of the Group continued to be minimal. The Group has implemented a series of active measures to mitigate its liquidity pressure and improve the financial position by realisation of existing inventories; implementing tighten cost control to reduce staff cost, other administrative expenses and capital expenditures; and obtaining new sources of financing for the energy exploration and production segment. However, the Group is still experiencing high level of finance costs for its existing borrowings, which are accounted on an accrual basis according to the latest debt arrangement.

The development of the energy exploration and production segment has been limited by funding to further conduct additional investments for drilling wells and exploration. During the six months ended 30 June 2018, the Group had incurred a net loss of approximately RMB1,181,098,000 and had a net operating cash outflow of RMB170,552,000.

As at 30 June 2018, the Group's total deficit amounted to RMB12,067,255,000 and the Group's current liabilities exceeded its current assets by RMB32,747,381,000. As at the same date, the Group's total current borrowings and finance lease liabilities amounted to RMB23,160,080,000, out of which RMB17,853,703,000 current borrowings were either overdue or would be due for repayment within 12 months in accordance with the repayment dates of the respective agreements. The Group's current borrowings also included convertible bonds with outstanding principal of HKD1,433,230,000 (equivalent to approximately RMB1,208,356,000) as at 30 June 2018, which were immediately redeemable by the bondholders according to the terms and conditions of the convertible bonds, while the Group only maintained cash and cash equivalents of RMB39,551,000.

2 Principal accounting policies (Continued)

2.1 Basis of preparation (Continued)

(a) Going concern basis (Continued)

As at 30 June 2018, loan principal repayments and interest payments totaling RMB12,278,740,000 were overdue. The non-payment of loan principals and interests in accordance with the scheduled repayment dates caused the relevant loans to become immediately repayable pursuant to the respective loan agreements. In this connection, certain non-current borrowings totaling RMB1,806,271,000 have been classified as current liabilities. Subsequent to 30 June 2018, additional loan principal and interest payments totaling RMB70,681,000 were not renewed or repaid upon the scheduled repayment dates and thus became overdue. In addition, bank and other borrowings of RMB18,963,245,000 and convertible bonds with aggregate principal amount of HKD1,433,230,000 (equivalent to approximately RMB1,208,356,000), totaling RMB20,171,601,000, contain cross default terms in their respective financing agreements. As a result of the above-mentioned overdue of principal and interest repayments, current borrowings totaling RMB7,006,500,000 as at 30 June 2018 became immediately repayable pursuant to the cross-default terms under the relevant loan agreements or the terms and conditions of the convertible bonds; and in this connection, non-current borrowings totaling RMB2,411,346,000 have been classified as current liabilities. During the six months ended 30 June 2018, certain non-current assets consisting of land use right and property, plant and equipment amounting to RMB158,054,000 under the engineering machinery segment were auctioned, the proceeds of which will be used to pay off certain of these borrowings under the direction of the court (Note 9). As at the date of the approval of this condensed consolidated financial information, the Group has not obtained waivers to comply with these cross-default terms from the relevant banks and bondholders and except for the auction mentioned above, none of these banks and bondholders taken any action against the Group to demand immediate repayment.

As at 30 June 2018, the Group has outstanding promissory notes amounting to HKD1,731,761,000 (equivalent to approximately RMB1,460,047,000), out of which promissory notes amounting to HKD906,336,000 (equivalent to approximately RMB764,132,000) were not renewed nor repaid upon the schedule repayment dates and thus became overdue since 2017. The Company is in the process of negotiating with the promissory note holder to extend the maturity dates of these promissory notes to December 2019.

As at 30 June 2018, the Group had six outstanding convertible bonds (31 December 2017: six) with an aggregate principal amount totaling HKD1,433,230,000 (equivalent to approximately RMB1,208,356,000) (31 December 2017: HKD1,847,300,000 (equivalent to approximately RMB1,544,177,000)). During the six months ended 30 June 2018, convertible bonds with principal amount totaling HKD414,070,000 have been converted into ordinary shares by the bondholders (for the year ended 31 December 2017: HKD38,500,000). Since the bondholders have early redemption options to require the Company to redeem these convertible bonds at any time before the maturity dates, these convertible bonds are classified as current liabilities.

The above conditions indicate the existence of material uncertainties which may cast significant doubt about the Group's ability to continue as a going concern.

2 Principal accounting policies (Continued)

2.1 Basis of preparation (Continued)

(a) Going concern basis (Continued)

In view of such circumstances, the directors of the Company have taken the following measures to mitigate the liquidity pressure and to improve the financial position of the Group, to refinance its operation and to restructure its debts, during the period and up to the date of the approval of this condensed consolidated financial information:

On 24 March 2016, shareholders gave a specific mandate to the Company to effect the disposal of liabilities, pursuant to which the Company and the institutional creditors agreed that the entire or partial amount of borrowings of the institutional creditors owed by the Company and the Company's shipbuilding segment subsidiaries will be settled through issuance of shares of the Company to the relevant institutional creditors or its designated related companies, (the "Disposal of Liabilities"), by (1) entering into bank creditor subscription agreements with certain bank creditors or their designated entities pursuant to which these bank creditors or their designated entities will agree to subscribe for up to 14,108,000,000 shares of the Company at HKD1.20 per subscription share, to satisfy the relevant borrowings in an aggregate amount up to RMB14,108,000,000 due by the Group to these bank creditors; and [2] entering into supplier creditor subscription agreements with certain supplier creditors pursuant to which these supplier creditors or their designated entities will agree to subscribe for up to 3,000,000,000 shares of the Company at HKD1.20 per subscription share in order to settle the payables in an aggregate amount up to RMB3,000,000,000 due by the Group to these supplier creditors. Although this specific mandate has been expired, the Company is actively negotiating with its creditors on the terms and conditions on the execution plan for the implementation of the Disposal of Liabilities, which includes but is not limited to potential adjustments to the original structure and terms and conditions of the Disposal of Liabilities.

As at the date of the approval of this condensed consolidated financial information, 12 out of 22 bank creditors and certain supplier creditors had entered into non-binding letters of intent with the Company to express their support towards the proposal of the Disposal of Liabilities.

In addition, the Group expects to dispose of its core assets and liabilities of the shipbuilding, offshore engineering, engineering machinery and marine engine building segments to potential buyers (the "**Potential Transaction**"). The Group is still in discussion with potential buyers in this regard.

The Disposal of Liabilities are subject to the shareholders' approval and obtaining the necessary and relevant regulatory approvals. The Company strives to implement and complete the Disposal of Liabilities in year 2018. As of the date of the approval of this condensed consolidated financial information, the Company did not have any expected date of implementation or completion for the Potential Transaction.

For the borrowings which will remain outstanding subsequent to the Disposal of Liabilities and the Potential Transaction, the Group will continue to negotiate with the respective creditors to further extend or renew those borrowings as and when they fall due (see Note (ii) to (iii) below);

2 Principal accounting policies (Continued)

2.1 Basis of preparation (Continued)

- (a) Going concern basis (Continued)
 - ii) In the meantime and prior to the successful implementation of the Disposal of Liabilities and the Potential Transaction, the Group has continuously been able to extend the repayment and renewal terms of its existing bank loans pursuant to the following:
 - [a] Pursuant to the Jiangsu Rongsheng Heavy Industries Co., Ltd. Debt Optimisation Framework Agreement [《江蘇熔盛重工有限公司債務優化銀團框架協議》] [the "Jiangsu Framework Agreement"], during the period, the Group has successfully extended the repayment dates and renewed certain loans, totaling RMB3,789,322,000 [inclusive of principal amount of RMB3,687,489,000 and accrued interest amount of RMB101,833,000], the maturity dates of which were extended to December 2018. As at 30 June 2018 the Group's total outstanding current borrowings covered under the Jiangsu Framework Agreement amounted to RMB8,418,901,000, of which RMB3,834,162,000 have been overdue, and of which RMB8,201,826,000 were attributable to bank creditors that have already entered into the letters of intent to express their support towards the Disposal of Liabilities as described in [i] above.
 - (b) Pursuant to the Debt Optimisation Framework Agreement for China Rongsheng's Entities in Hefei (《中國熔盛系合肥企業債務優化銀團框架協議》) (the "Hefei Framework Agreement") entered into with a group of banks in Hefei, Anhui Province of the PRC. As at 30 June 2018, the Group's total outstanding current borrowings covered under this Hefei Framework Agreement amounted to RMB3,700,056,000, of which RMB94,990,000 have been overdue since 2014; RMB30,000,000 have been overdue since 2015; RMB429,420,000 have been overdue since 2016; RMB234,300,000 have been overdue since 2017, and RMB50,000,000 became overdue during the six months ended 30 June 2018, and, of which RMB3,349,066,000 were attributable to bank creditors that have already entered into the letters of intent to express their support towards the Disposal of Liabilities as described in (i) above.

The Group will continue to negotiate and convince these banks not to demand for repayment of the outstanding bank loans before the completion of the Disposal of Liabilities, and will further negotiate with these banks, after the completion of the Disposal of Liabilities, for renewal and extension of the remaining outstanding bank loans which are not settled as and when they fall due during the coming twelve months.

2 Principal accounting policies (Continued)

2.1 Basis of preparation (Continued)

- (a) Going concern basis (Continued)
 - iii) The Group has also been actively negotiating with the lenders regarding the borrowings of RMB11,502,735,000, including the principal of convertible bonds and promissory notes, not covered by the above Jiangsu Framework Agreement and Hefei Framework Agreement (together with "Framework Agreements") to extend the repayment and amend the terms of these existing loans, which consisted of the following:
 - (a) During the six months ended 30 June 2018, promissory notes with aggregate principal amount of HKD1,731,761,000 (equivalent to approximately RMB1,460,047,000) matured. The maturity dates of promissory notes with aggregate principal amount of HKD825,425,000 (equivalent to approximately RMB695,915,000) were successfully extended to September 2018. As at 30 June 2018, the remaining outstanding promissory notes amounting to HKD906,336,000 (equivalent to approximately RMB764,132,000) were not extended nor repaid upon the schedule repayment dates and thus became overdue since 2017. The Company is in the process of negotiating with these promissory note holders to extend the maturity dates to December 2019.

As at 30 June 2018, the Group had six outstanding convertible bonds with an aggregate principal amount totaling HKD1,433,230,000 (equivalent to approximately RMB1,208,356,000) which will be matured ranging from October 2018 to November 2019, provided that the bondholders do not exercise the early redemption options. During the six months ended 30 June 2018, convertible bonds with total principal amounts of HKD414,070,000 (equivalent to approximately RMB349,043,000) were converted into equity during the six months ended 30 June 2018. The Company will continue to convince the bondholders not to exercise the early redemption options.

(b) For the loans not covered by the above Jiangsu Framework Agreement and Hefei Framework Agreement, during the six months ended 30 June 2018, the Group has successfully renewed and extended the repayment dates of certain loans amounting to RMB195,452,000 (inclusive of principal amount of RMB195,001,000 and interest amount of RMB451,000), so that these loans are now repayable ranging from December 2018 to June 2020. As at 30 June 2018, current portion of these loans amounted to RMB8,412,050,000, of which RMB6,376,303,000 were overdue, while RMB2,950,289,000 were attributable to bank creditors that have already entered into the letters of intent to express their support towards the Disposal of Liabilities as described in (i) above.

The Group will continue to convince promissory note holders, convertible bondholders and other lenders not to demand for repayment of the outstanding loans before the completion of the Disposal of Liabilities; and will further negotiate with these lenders, after the completion of the Disposal of Liabilities, for renewal and extension of the remaining outstanding loans which are not settled as and when they fall due in the coming 12 months;

2 Principal accounting policies (Continued)

2.1 Basis of preparation (Continued)

- (a) Going concern basis (Continued)
 - iv) During the six months ended 30 June 2018, the Group obtained security-free and interest-free loans from entities controlled by Mr. Zhang Zhi Rong ("Mr. Zhang") or a close family member of Mr. Zhang amounting to RMB54,497,000 which will be repayable ranging from January 2019 to June 2020. Subsequent to 30 June 2018, certain loans amounting to RMB124,254,000 from independent third parties were transferred to a related party controlled by Mr. Zhang or a close family member of Mr. Zhang;
 - v) During the six months ended 30 June 2018, the Group also entered into a loan agreement with a related party who agreed to provide a loan facility up to USD200,000,000 (equivalent to approximately RMB1,323,320,000) to the Group for the funding of its operation. The Group has not drawn down the loan as at 30 June 2018. Subsequent to 30 June 2018, the Group has drawn down USD30,000,000 (equivalent to approximately RMB198,498,000).
 - vi) In relation to those bank loans that have been overdue (including those mentioned in (ii) and (iii) above) because the Group failed to repay on or before the scheduled repayment dates or those bank loans that became immediately repayable because of cross-default terms, the Group is in the process of negotiating with the relevant banks to extend the repayment and renewal of the loans.
 - vii) The Group has actively diversified its operation through continuous development of the energy exploration and production segment. During the six months ended 30 June 2018, a number of wells were developed in the Republic of Kyrgyzstan ("Kyrgyzstan") and management expects to realise an increase of oil output through further development and expansion of this segment and thereby generate steady operating cash flows.

In June 2018, the Group entered into a loan agreement with a related party who agreed to provide a loan facility up to RMB40,000,000 to the Group for the funding in respect of the energy exploration and production segment. As at 30 June 2018, the Group has drawn down RMB4,000,000 for drilling wells and exploration. The Group expects to draw down the rest by 2018.

In addition, the Group also entered into an Co-operative Framework Agreement with an independent third party who agreed to provide materials for the exploration and production of crude oil with an aggregate amount up to USD500,000,000, in exchange for an option to purchase up to 70% of the total crude oil produced from the Group at 92% to 95% of the market price as a form of repayment until all the liabilities are repaid.

viii) The Group continues to implement measures to improve the operating cash flows, including
 (1) realising the existing inventories;
 (2) implementing tighten cost control to reduce staff cost, other administrative expenses and capital expenditures;
 (3) obtaining new sources of financing.

2 Principal accounting policies (Continued)

2.1 Basis of preparation (Continued)

(a) Going concern basis (Continued)

The directors have reviewed the Group's cash flow projections prepared by management that covered a period of not less than twelve months from 30 June 2018. They are of the opinion that, taking into account the above-mentioned plans and measures, the Group will have sufficient working capital to finance its operations and to meet its financial obligations as and when they fall due within the next twelve months from the date of the statement of financial position. Accordingly, the directors are satisfied that it is appropriate to prepare the condensed consolidated financial statements on a going concern basis.

Notwithstanding the above, significant uncertainties exist as to whether management of the Company will be able to achieve its plans and measures as described above. Whether the Group will be able to continue as a going concern would depend upon the Group's ability to generate adequate financing and operating cash flows through the successful fulfillment of the following plans:

- i) timely executing the plan for the implementation of the Disposal of Liabilities. The successful completion of the Disposal of Liabilities would include the finalisation and agreement of the detailed terms and conditions with the creditors on the subscription arrangement as well as obtaining the necessary and relevant regulatory approvals, including among other things, the listing committee of the Stock Exchange granting the listing of, and permission to deal in, the subscription shares under the relevant subscription agreements;
- convincing the banks not to demand for repayment of the outstanding bank loans before the completion of the Disposal of Liabilities; and further negotiating with these banks after the completion of the Disposal of Liabilities for renewal and extension of the remaining outstanding bank loans as and when they fall due in the next twelve-month period;
- segregating the assets and liabilities to be excluded from the Potential Transaction from the ones included, and successfully implementing a business plan for the energy exploration and production segment;
- iv) timely executing a formal transaction agreement with the potential buyers and completing the Potential Transaction for selling the core assets and liabilities of the shipbuilding, offshore engineering, engineering machinery and marine engine building segments of the Group in the PRC. This would include entering into a definitive agreement for agreeing the details and completion conditions of the Potential Transaction, including the scope, the assets and liabilities to be included and the consideration of the transaction, obtaining the necessary approvals from the regulatory authorities and shareholders in order to complete the Potential Transaction, and raising the additional funding required, if any, for the completion of the Potential Transaction and for the settlement of any borrowings or liabilities not included in the Potential Transaction;

2 Principal accounting policies (Continued)

2.1 Basis of preparation (Continued)

- (a) Going concern basis (Continued)
 - v) negotiating with all existing promissory note holders of outstanding principal of HKD1,731,761,000 (equivalent to RMB1,460,047,000), together with accrued interests thereon for further arrangement including the extension of the maturity dates, so as to enable the Company to meet its financial obligations and to convince the convertible bondholders of the outstanding principal of HKD1,433,230,000 (equivalent to approximately RMB1,208,356,000) not to exercise the early redemption option;
 - vi) negotiating with the relevant banks for the renewal or extension for repayments beyond the six months ended 30 June 2018 for those loans that (i) are scheduled for repayment (either based on the original agreement or the existing arrangements) in next twelve-month period;
 (ii) were overdue at 30 June 2018 because the Group failed to repay on or before the scheduled repayment dates; and (iii) became or might become overdue in next twelve-month period;
 - vii) obtaining from the relevant lenders waivers for the due payment in relation to those bank loans that have cross-default terms in the respective loan agreements; and
 - viii) obtaining additional sources of financing other than those above-mentioned, including those to finance the Group's energy exploration and production segment and to generate adequate cash flows.

Should the Group fail to achieve the above-mentioned plans and measures, it might not be able to continue to operate as a going concern, and adjustments would have to be made to write down the carrying value of the Group's assets to their recoverable amounts, to provide for any further liabilities which might arise, and to reclassify non-current assets and non-current liabilities as current assets and current liabilities. The effect of these adjustments has not been reflected in this condensed consolidated financial information.

3 Accounting policies

Except as described below, the accounting policies adopted are consistent with all the years presented unless otherwise stated.

3.1 New and amended standards adopted by the Group

A number of new or amended standards became applicable for the current reporting period and the Group had to change its accounting policies as a result of adopting the following standards:

- IFRS 9 Financial Instruments
- IFRS 15 Revenue from Contracts with Customers

The following amendments to existing standards are effective to the Group for accounting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2018 but did not result in any significant impact on the results and financial position of the Group. No retrospective adjustments are required.

IFRS 2 (Amendment)	Classification and Measurement of Share-based Payment
	Transactions
IFRS 4 (Amendment)	Applying IFRS 9 Financial Instruments with IFRS 4 Insurance
	Contracts
IAS 28 (Amendments)	Investment in Associates and Joint Ventures
IAS 40 (Amendments)	Transfers of Investment Property
Annual improvement project	Annual Improvements 2014-2016 Cycle
IFRIC -Int 22	Foreign Currency Transactions and Advance Consideration

The following new standards, amendments to standards and interpretations are mandatory for accounting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2019.

		Effective for accounting periods beginning on or after
IFRS 9 (Amendments)	Prepayment Features with Negative Compensation	1 January 2019
IFRIC – Int 23 IFRS 16 IFRS 17 IFRS 10 and IAS 28 (Amendments)	Uncertainty over Income Tax Treatments Leases Insurance Contracts Sale or Contribution of Assets between an Investor and its Associate and Joint Venture	1 January 2019 1 January 2019 1 January 2021 To be determined

The Group elected to adopt IFRS 9 and IFRS 15 without restating comparatives. The reclassifications and the adjustments are therefore not reflected in the consolidated balance sheet as at 31 December 2017, but are recognised in the opening balance sheet on 1 January 2018.

3 Accounting policies (Continued)

3.1 New and amended standards adopted by the Group (Continued)

The following tables show the adjustments recognised for each individual line item. Line items that were not affected by the changes have not been included. As a result, sub-totals and totals disclosed cannot be recalculated from the numbers provided. The adjustments are explained in more details by standard below.

	As at 31 December 2017 originally presented RMB'000	Effects of the adoption of IFRS 9 RMB'000	Effects of the adoption of IFRS 15 RMB'000	As at 1 January 2018 Restated RMB'000
Consolidated statement of financial position (extract) Available-for-sale financial asset Financial assets at fair value through other	44,342	[44,342]	_	-
comprehensive income Advance receipts from	_	44,342	-	44,342
customers Contract liabilities	33,033 -	-	(33,033) 33,033	- 33,033

3.2 Changes in accounting policies

This note explains the impact of the adoption of IFRS 9 Financial Instruments and IFRS 15 Revenue from Contracts with Customers on the Group's condensed consolidated interim financial statements and also discloses the new accounting policies that have been applied from 1 January 2018, where they are different to those applied in prior periods.

(a) IFRS 9 - Impact on the financial statements

As a result of the changes in the entity's accounting policies, prior year financial statements had to be restated. As explained in note below, IFRS 9 was generally adopted without restating comparative information with the exception of certain aspects of hedge accounting. The reclassifications and the adjustments arising from the new impairment rules are therefore not reflected in the restated balance sheet as at 31 December 2017, but are recognised in the opening balance sheet on 1 January 2018.

3 Accounting policies (Continued)

3.2 Changes in accounting policies (Continued)

- (a) IFRS 9 Impact on the financial statements (Continued)
 - (i) Classification and measurement

On 1 January 2018 (the date of initial application of IFRS 9), the Group's management has assessed which business models apply to the financial assets held by the Group and has classified its financial instruments into the appropriate IFRS 9 categories. All classes of financial assets and financial liabilities had the same carrying amounts in accordance with IAS 39 and IFRS 9 on 1 January 2018.

The effects of the adoption of IFRS 9 are related to presentation of available-for-sale financial asset. Reclassifications were made as at 1 January 2018 to be consistent with the terminology used under IFRS 9:

Equity Investment at Fair Value Through Other Comprehensive Income were previously presented as Available-for-sale financial asset.

In summary, the following adjustments were made to the amounts recognised in the condensed consolidated statement of financial position at the date of initial application on 1 January 2018:

	IAS 39 carrying amount as at 31 December 2017	Reclassification	IFRS 9 carrying amount as at 1 January 2018
	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
Consolidated statement of financial position (extract) Available-for-sale financial asset Financial assets at fair value	44,342	[44,342]	-
through other comprehensive income	-	44,342	44,342

Related fair value gains of RMB7,277,000 were transferred from available-for-sale financial assets reserve to financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income reserve on 1 January 2018.

NOTES TO THE CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL INFORMATION

For the six months ended 30 June 2018

3 Accounting policies (Continued)

3.2 Changes in accounting policies (Continued)

- (a) IFRS 9 Impact on the financial statements (Continued)
 - (ii) Impairment of financial assets

The Group's significant financial assets which are subject to the new expected credit loss model include trade receivables and other receivables. The Group was required to revise its impairment methodology under IFRS 9 for these classes of financial assets.

While cash and cash equivalents are also subject to the impairment requirements of IFRS 9, the identified impairment loss was immaterial.

For other receivables, management considers that its credit risk has not increased significantly since initial recognition with reference to the counterparty historical default rate and current financial position. The impairment provision is determined based on the 12-month expected credit losses which is close to zero.

For trade receivables, the Group applies the simplified approach to provide for expected credit losses prescribed by IFRS 9, which permits the use of the lifetime expected losses for all trade receivables. To measure the expected credit losses, trade receivables have been Grouped based on shared credit risk characteristics and the days past due. The adoption of the simplified expected loss approach under IFRS 9 has not resulted in any additional impairment loss for trade receivables as at 1 January 2018.

Trade receivables are written off when there is no reasonable expectation of recovery. Indicators that there is no reasonable expectation of recovery include, amongst others, the failure of a debtor to engage in a repayment plan with the Group. The adoption of the written off policy under IFRS 9 has not resulted in any additional written off for trade receivables as at 1 January 2018.

- (b) IFRS 9 Financial Instruments Accounting policies applied from 1 January 2018
 - (i) Classification

From 1 January 2018, the Group classifies its financial assets in the following measurement categories:

- those to be measured subsequently at fair value (either through other comprehensive income ("**OCI**"), or through profit or loss), and
- those to be measured at amortised cost.

3 Accounting policies (Continued)

3.2 Changes in accounting policies (Continued)

- (b) IFRS 9 Financial Instruments Accounting policies applied from 1 January 2018 (Continued)
 - (i) Classification (Continued)

The classification depends on the entity's business model for managing the financial assets and the contractual terms of the cash flows.

For assets measured at fair value, gains and losses will either be recorded in profit or loss or OCI. For investments in equity instruments that are not held for trading, this will depend on whether the Group has made an irrevocable election at the time of initial recognition to account for the equity investment at fair value through other comprehensive income (**"FVOCI**").

The Group reclassifies debt investments when and only when its business model for managing those assets changes.

(ii) Measurement

At initial recognition, the Group measures a financial asset at its fair value plus, in the case of a financial asset not at fair value through profit or loss ("**FVPL**"), transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition of the financial asset. Transaction costs of financial assets carried at FVPL are expensed in profit or loss.

Financial assets with embedded derivatives are considered in their entirety when determining whether their cash flows are solely payment of principal and interest.

(a) Financial assets

Subsequent measurement of financial assets depends on the group's business model for managing the asset and the cash flow characteristics of the asset. Currently the Group only classifies its debt instruments at amortised cost, since they are assets that are held for collection of contractual cash flows where those cash flows represent solely payments of principal and interest. Interest income from these financial assets is included in finance income using the effective interest rate method. Any gain or loss arising on derecognition is recognised directly in profit or loss and presented in other gains/(losses) – net, together with foreign exchange gains and losses. Impairment losses are presented as separate line item in the profit or loss. NOTES TO THE CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL INFORMATION

For the six months ended 30 June 2018

3 Accounting policies (Continued)

3.2 Changes in accounting policies (Continued)

- (b) IFRS 9 Financial Instruments Accounting policies applied from 1 January 2018 (Continued)
 - (ii) Measurement (Continued)
 - (b) Equity instruments

The Group subsequently measures all equity investments at fair value. Where the Group's management has elected to present fair value gains and losses on equity investments in OCI, there is no subsequent reclassification of fair value gains and losses to profit or loss following the derecognition of the investment. Dividends from such investments continue to be recognised in profit or loss as other income when the Group's right to receive payments is established.

Changes in the fair value of financial assets at FVPL are recognised in other gains/(losses) – net in the condensed consolidated statements of comprehensive income as applicable. Impairment losses (and reversal of impairment losses) on equity investments measured at FVOCI are not reported separately from other changes in fair value.

(iii) Impairment

The impairment of financial assets has changed from the incurred loss model under IAS 39 to the expected credit loss model under IFRS 9. Under the new expected loss approach, it is no longer necessary for a loss event to occur before an impairment loss is recognised. Impairment is made on the expected credit losses, which are the present value of the cash shortfalls over the expected life of the financial assets. The Group assesses on a forward looking basis the expected credit losses associated with its financial assets carried at amortised cost and FVOCI.

The impairment methodology applied depends on whether there has been a significant increase in credit risk.

For trade receivables, the Group applies the simplified approach permitted by IFRS 9, which requires expected lifetime losses to be recognised from initial recognition of the receivables.

(c) IFRS 15 Revenue from Contracts with Customers – Accounting policies applied from 1 January 2018

The Group has adopted IFRS 15 Revenue from Contracts with Customers from 1 January 2018 which resulted in changes in accounting policies. In accordance with the transitional provisions in IFRS 15, comparative figures have not been restated.

Management assessed that the adoption of IFRS 15 did not result in any significant impact on the results and financial position of the Group except for the reclassification as disclosed below.
3 Accounting policies (Continued)

3.2 Changes in accounting policies (Continued)

(c) IFRS 15 Revenue from Contracts with Customers – Accounting policies applied from 1 January 2018 (Continued)

The effects of the adoption of IFRS 15 are related to presentation of contract liabilities. Reclassifications were made as at 1 January 2018 to be consistent with the terminology used under IFRS 15:

• Contract liabilities for receipt in advance from customers were previously presented as accruals and other payables.

In summary, the following adjustments were made to the amounts recognised in the condensed consolidated statement of financial position at the date of initial application on 1 January 2018:

	IAS 18 carrying amount as at 31 December 2017 RMB'000	Reclassification RMB'000	IFRS 15 carrying amount as at 1 January 2018 RMB'000
Consolidated statement of financial position (extract) Advance receipts from customers Contract liabilities	33,033 -	(33,033) 33,033	- 33,033

The Group produces and sells a range of products, including mainly crude oil and excavators, in the wholesale market. Sales are recognised when control of the products has transferred, being when the products are delivered to the customers, the customers have full discretion over the channel and price to sell the products, and there is no unfulfilled obligation that could affect the customer's acceptance of the products. Delivery occurs when the products have been delivered to the specific location, the risks of obsolescence and loss have been transferred to the customers, and either the customers have accepted the products in accordance with the sales contract, the acceptance provisions have lapsed, or the Group has objective evidence that all criteria for acceptance have been satisfied.

A receivable is recognised when the goods are delivered as this is the point in time that the consideration is unconditional because only the passage of time is required before the payment is due.

4 Estimates

The preparation of condensed consolidated interim financial information requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, income and expenses. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

In preparing this condensed consolidated interim financial information, the significant judgements made by management in applying the Group's accounting policies and the key sources of estimation uncertainty were the same as those that applied to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2017.

5 Financial risk management

5.1 Financial risk factors

The Group's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks: market risk (including foreign exchange rate risk and interest rate risk), credit risk and liquidity risk. The Group's overall risk management programme focuses on the unpredictability of financial markets and seeks to minimise potential adverse effects on the Group's financial performance.

The condensed consolidated interim financial information does not include all financial risk management information and disclosures required in the annual financial statements, and should be read in conjunction with the Group's consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2017.

There have been no changes in the risk management department since year end or in any risk management policies since the year end.

5.2 Liquidity risk

During the six months ended 30 June 2018, the Group had incurred a net loss of approximately RMB1,181,098,000 and had a net operating cash outflow of RMB170,552,000.

As at 30 June 2018, the Group total deficit amounted to RMB12,067,255,000 and the Group's current liabilities exceeded its current assets by RMB32,747,381,000. As at the same date, the Group's total current borrowings and finance lease liabilities amounted to RMB23,160,080,000, out of which RMB17,853,703,000 current borrowings were either overdue or would be due for repayment within 12 months in accordance with the repayment dates of the respective agreements. The Group's current borrowings also included convertible bonds with outstanding principal of HKD1,433,230,000 (equivalent to approximately RMB1,208,356,000) as at 30 June 2018, which were immediately redeemable by the bondholders according to the terms and conditions of the convertible bonds, while the Group only maintained cash and cash equivalents of RMB39,551,000.

5 Financial risk management (Continued)

5.2 Liquidity risk (Continued)

As at 30 June 2018, loan principal repayments and interest payments totaling RMB12,278,740,000 were overdue. The non-payment of loan principals and interests in accordance with the scheduled repayment dates caused the relevant loans to become immediately repayable pursuant to the respective loan agreements. In this connection, certain non-current borrowings totaling RMB1,806,271,000 have been classified as current liabilities. Subsequent to 30 June 2018, additional loan principal and interest payments totaling RMB70,681,000 were not renewed or repaid upon the scheduled repayment dates and thus became overdue. In addition, bank and other borrowings of RMB18,963,245,000 and convertible bonds with aggregate principal amount of HKD1,433,230,000 (equivalent to approximately RMB1,208,356,000), totaling RMB20,171,601,000, contain cross default terms in their respective financing agreements. As a result of the above-mentioned overdue of principal and interest repayments, current borrowings totaling RMB7,006,500,000 as at 30 June 2018 became immediately repayable pursuant to the cross-default terms under the relevant loan agreements or the terms and conditions of the convertible bonds; and in this connection, non-current borrowings totaling RMB2,411,346,000 have been classified as current liabilities. During the six months ended 30 June 2018, certain non-current assets consisting of land use right and property, plant and equipment amounting to RMB158,054,000 under the engineering machinery segment were auctioned, the net proceeds of which will be used to pay off certain of these borrowings under the direction of the court (Note 9). As at the date of the approval of this condensed consolidated financial information, the Group has not obtained waivers to comply with these cross-default terms from the relevant banks and bondholders and except for the auction mentioned above, none of these banks and bondholders taken any action against the Group to demand immediate repayment.

As at 30 June 2018, the Group has outstanding promissory notes amounting to HKD1,731,761,000 (equivalent to approximately RMB1,460,047,000), out of which promissory notes amounting to HKD906,336,000 (equivalent to approximately RMB764,132,000) were not renewed nor repaid upon the schedule repayment dates and thus became overdue since 2017. The Company is in the process of negotiating with these promissory note holders to extend the maturity dates of these promissory notes to September 2018.

As at 30 June 2018, the Group had six outstanding convertible bonds (31 December 2017: six) with an aggregate principal amount totaling HKD1,433,230,000 (equivalent to approximately RMB1,208,356,000) (31 December 2017: HKD1,847,300,000 (equivalent to approximately RMB1,544,177,000)). During the six months ended 30 June 2018, convertible bonds with principal amount totaling HKD414,070,000 have been converted into ordinary shares by the bondholders (for the year ended 31 December 2017: HKD38,500,000). Since the bondholders have early redemption options to require the Company to redeem these convertible bonds at any time before the maturity dates, these convertible bonds are classified as current liabilities.

The above conditions indicate the existence of material uncertainties which may cast significant doubt about the Group's ability to continue as a going concern.

5 Financial risk management (Continued)

5.2 Liquidity risk (Continued)

In view of such circumstances, the directors of the Company have, taken the following measures to mitigate the liquidity pressure and to improve the financial position of the Group, to refinance its operation and to restructure its debts, during the period and up to the date of the approval of this condensed consolidated financial information:

On 24 March 2016, shareholders gave a specific mandate to the Company to effect the disposal of liabilities, pursuant to which the Company and the institutional creditors agreed that the entire or partial amount of borrowings of the institutional creditors owed by the Company and the Company's shipbuilding segment subsidiaries will be settled through issuance of shares of the Company to the relevant institutional creditors or its designated related companies, (the "Disposal of Liabilities"), by (1) entering into bank creditor subscription agreements with certain bank creditors or their designated entities pursuant to which these bank creditors or their designated entities will agree to subscribe for up to 14,108,000,000 shares of the Company at HKD1.20 per subscription share, to satisfy the relevant borrowings in an aggregate amount up to RMB14,108,000,000 due by the Group to these bank creditors; and (2) entering into supplier creditor subscription agreements with certain supplier creditors pursuant to which these supplier creditors or their designated entities will agree to subscribe for up to 3,000,000,000 shares of the Company at HKD1.20 per subscription share in order to settle the payables in an aggregate amount up to RMB3,000,000,000 due by the Group to these supplier creditors. Although this specific mandate has been expired, the Company is actively negotiating with its creditors on the terms and conditions on the execution plan for the implementation of the Disposal of Liabilities, which includes but is not limited to potential adjustments to the original structure and terms and conditions of the Disposal of Liabilities.

As at the date of the approval of this condensed consolidated financial information, 12 out of 22 bank creditors and certain supplier creditors had entered into non-binding letters of intent with the Company to express their support towards the proposal of the Disposal of Liabilities.

During the six months ended 30 June 2018, the Group had extended the repayment of and renewal terms of the certain existing bank loans that had original maturity in first half of 2018 to various dates in second half of 2018 and 2019 with a group of banks under Jiangsu Framework Agreement. Management will continue to convince these banks not to demand for repayment of the outstanding loans before the completion of the Disposal of Liabilities; and will further negotiate with these banks for the renewal and extension of loans and banking facilities with extended repayment terms and reduced interest rates.

The Group will also continue to convince other lenders, which are not covered in the Framework Agreements, not to demand repayment of outstanding loans before the completion of Disposal of Liabilities; and will further negotiate with these lenders to extend the repayment and renewal terms of the existing bank loans that had original maturity in first half of 2018 to various dates in second half of 2018 and 2019.

In relation to those bank loans that have been overdue because the Group failed to repay on or before the scheduled repayment dates or those bank loans that became immediately repayable because of cross-default terms, the Group is in the process of negotiating with the relevant banks to extend the repayment and renewal of the loans; and obtain waivers from the lenders for the due payment pursuant to the relevant cross-default terms.

5 Financial risk management (Continued)

5.3 Credit risk

Credit risk arises from cash and cash equivalents, pledged deposits, as well as credit exposures to outstanding trade and other receivables and prepayments. As at 30 June 2018, all the Group's cash and bank balances, short-term bank deposits and pledged deposits are placed in reputable banks located in the PRC, Kyrgyzstan, Singapore and Hong Kong which management believes are of high credit quality and without significant credit risk.

For customers of the shipbuilding segment, the Group actively monitors the financial situations of its customers who are affected by the market downturn. The Group is exposed to concentration of credit risk as the three largest debtors of the shipbuilding segment represented over 92% (31 December 2017: over 91%) of the total trade receivables (before impairment provisions) of the Group as at 30 June 2018. Accordingly, the Group's consolidated results would be heavily affected by the financial capability of these debtors to fulfill the obligations under the shipbuilding contracts with the Group. The Group regularly reviews the credit profiles, business prospects, background and financial capability of the customers. As a result, management has made a provision for doubtful receivable of RMB202,566,000 as at 30 June 2018 (31 December 2017: RMB202,566,000).

For customers of the engineering machinery segment and the energy exploration and production segment, the Group assesses the credit quality of the customers, taking into account their financial positions, past experience and other factors, before granting credit limits. The Group has a large number of customers on this segment and has no significant concentration of credit risk. As at 30 June 2018, trade receivables of RMB374,885,000 (31 December 2017: RMB375,363,000) relating to certain customers of the engineering machinery segment are impaired and provided for.

For credit exposures to other receivables and prepayments, management assesses the credit quality of the counterparties on a case-by-case basis, taking into account their financial positions, past experience, amounts and timing of expected receipts and other factors. As at 30 June 2018, other receivables and prepayments amounting to RMB1,936,932,000 were impaired and provided for (31 December 2017: RMB1,888,228,000).

5 Financial risk management (Continued)

5.4 Fair value estimation

The table below analyses financial instruments carried at fair value, by valuation method. The different levels have been defined as follows:

- Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (level 1).
- Inputs other than quoted prices included within level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (that is, as prices) or indirectly (that is, derived from prices) (level 2).
- Inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (that is, unobservable inputs) (level 3).

The following table presents the Group's financial asset and liability that are measured at fair value at 30 June 2018.

	Level 1 RMB'000	Level 2 RMB'000	Level 3 RMB'000	Total RMB'000
Asset				
Financial asset at fair				
value through other				
comprehensive income	-	-	31,458	31,458
Total asset	-	-	31,458	31,458
Liability				
Financial derivative				
component of borrowings	-	(153,686)	-	(153,686)
Total liability	-	(153,686)	-	(153,686)

5 Financial risk management (Continued)

5.4 Fair value estimation (Continued)

The following table presents the Group's financial asset and liability that are measured at fair value at 31 December 2017.

	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
Asset				
Available-for-sale financial				
asset	-	-	44,342	44,342
Total asset	-	-	44,342	44,342
Liability				
Financial derivative				
component of borrowings	-	(320,001)	-	(320,001)
Total liability	-	(320,001)	-	(320,001)

There were no transfers between levels 1, 2 and 3 during the period.

There were no other changes in valuation techniques during the period.

Financial instruments in level 2 are those that are not traded in an active market (for example, overthe-counter derivatives), the fair value of which is determined by using valuation techniques. These valuation techniques maximise the use of observable market data where it is available and rely as little as possible on entity specific estimates. If all significant inputs required to determine the fair value of an instrument are observable, the instrument is included in level 2.

If one or more of the significant inputs is not based on observable market data, the instrument is included in level 3.

5 Financial risk management (Continued)

5.4 Fair value estimation (Continued)

The following table presents the changes in level 3 instruments for the six months ended 30 June 2018.

	Available-for-sale	Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive
	financial asset	income
Balance at 1 January 2017 Fair value gain on revaluation recognised in other	40,199	-
comprehensive income	2,864	-
Balance at 30 June 2017	43,063	-
Balance at 1 January 2018	44,342	-
Transfer to financial asset at fair value through other comprehensive income	(44,342)	-
Transfer from available-for-sale financial asset	-	44,342
Capital return of the financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	-	(10,192)
Fair value gain on revaluation recognised in other comprehensive income	-	(2,692)
Balance at 30 June 2018		31,458

6 Segment information

Management has determined the operating segments based on the reports reviewed by the chief operating decision-maker that are used to make strategic decisions. These reports are prepared on the same basis as this condensed consolidated interim financial information.

The chief operating decision-maker is identified as the Executive Directors of the Company. The Executive Directors consider the business from both geographic and product perspectives. The shipbuilding segment derives its revenue primarily from the construction and sales of vessels, and the offshore engineering segment derives its revenue from the construction of vessels for marine projects. The engineering machinery segment derives its revenue from sales of excavators while the marine engine building segment derives its revenue from sales of excavators while the marine engine building segment derives its revenue from sales of excavators while the marine engine building segment derives its revenue from sales of crude oil. The Executive Directors assess the performance of the reportable segment based on a measure of revenue and gross profit. Segment results are calculated by offsetting segment revenue from external customers with segment cost of sales and including loss on cancellation of the construction contracts. The segment information provided to the Executive Directors for the reportable segments for the six months ended 30 June 2018 and 2017 was as follows:

	For the s	uilding ix months 30 June	engin For the s ended	hore eering ix months 30 June	mach For the si ended 3	eering inery ix months 30 June	engine b For the s ended 3	rine buildings ix months 30 June	and pro For the s ended	cploration oduction ix months 30 June	Tot For the six ended 3	c months O June
	2018 RMB'000	2017 RMB'000	2018 RMB'000	2017 RMB'000	2018 RMB'000	2017 RMB'000	2018 RMB'000	2017 RMB'000	2018 RMB'000	2017 RMB'000	2018 RMB'000	2017 RMB'000
Revenue - Revenue from sales of									04.007	40.777	04 007	10.7//
crude oil – Revenue from sales of vessels	-	- 14,530	-	-	-	-	-	-	21,807 -	19,744	21,807 -	19,744 14,530
 Revenue from sales of excavators 	-	-	-	-	15,511	8,455	-	-	-	-	15,511	8,455
Segment revenue Segment results Selling and marketing expenses General and administrative	-	14,530 (137,811)	-	-	15,511 9,706	8,455 14,036	-	- 938	21,807 8,615	19,744 4,372	37,318 18,321 (1,955)	42,729 (118,465) (2,067)
expenses (Provision for)/Reversal of impairments Other income Other gains/(losses) - net Finance costs - net											(321,352) (51,478) 30,222 217,451 (1,072,307)	(318,045) 199,830 28,827 (93,964) (548,037)
Loss before income tax											(1,181,908)	

6 Segment information (Continued)

No customers of the shipbuilding segment individually accounted for ten percent or more of the Group's consolidated revenue for the six months ended 30 June 2018. (for the six months ended 30 June 2017: one customer amounted to RMB14,528,000, representing 34% of total revenue).

During the six months ended 30 June 2018, revenue from the top customer of the engineering machinery segment amounted to RMB4,914,000 which contributed more than 10% revenue of the Group's revenue (for the six months ended 30 June 2017: None), representing 13.2% of the total revenue.

No customers of the marine engine building segments individually accounted for ten percent or more of the Group's consolidated revenue for the six months ended 30 June 2018 (for the six months ended 30 June 2017: same).

During the six months ended 30 June 2018, revenue from the top two customers of the energy production and exploration segment amounted to RMB15,254,000 which individually contributed more than 10% revenue of the Group's revenue (for the six months ended 30 June 2017: top two customer amounted to RMB11,373,000), representing 40.8% of the total revenue (for the six months ended 30 June 2017: 46.7%).

There are 3 individual customers contributed more than 10% revenue of the Group's revenue, (for the six months ended 30 June 2017: 3 individual customers). The revenue of these customers during the six months ended 30 June 2018 are RMB10,269,000, RMB4,985,000 and RMB4,914,000 respectively (for the six months ended 30 June 2017: RMB14,528,000, RMB6,800,000 and RMB4,573,000 respectively).

Revenue from the top three customers of the Group amounted to RMB20,168,000 (for the six months ended 30 June 2017: RMB25,901,000), representing 54.0% of the total revenue for the six months ended 30 June 2018 (for the six months ended 30 June 2017: 60.6%).

During the six months ended 30 June 2018, no shipbuilding contracts of the Group were cancelled (for the six months ended 30 June 2017: same).

Geographically, management considers the operations of the shipbuilding, offshore engineering, engineering machinery and marine engine building segments are all located in the PRC while the energy exploration and production segment is located in Kyrgyzstan, with revenue derived from different geographical locations, which is determined by the country in which the customer is located.

6 Segment information (Continued)

The Group's revenue by country is analysed as follows:

	Six moi	nths ended 30 June
	2018	2017
	RMB'000	RMB'000
China	15,511	22,985
Kyrgyzstan	21,807	19,744
	37,318	42,729

Geographically, total assets and capital expenditures are allocated based on where the assets are located. Assets are mainly located in the PRC, except for assets under the energy exploration and production segment which are mainly located in Kyrgyzstan.

7 Property, plant and equipment

	RMB'000
For the six months ended 30 June 2018	
Revalued amounts	
Opening amounts as at 1 January 2018	16,073,235
Additions	9,74
Disposals	(11,02
Depreciation (Note 17)	(181,47
Exchange difference	7,86
Revalued amounts	1/ 502 10
Revalued amounts Opening amounts as at 1 January 2017	
Revalued amounts Opening amounts as at 1 January 2017 Additions	3,08
Revalued amounts Opening amounts as at 1 January 2017 Additions Disposals	3,08 (122,64
Revalued amounts Opening amounts as at 1 January 2017 Additions Disposals Depreciation (Note 17)	3,08 (122,64 (188,43
For the six months ended 30 June 2017 Revalued amounts Opening amounts as at 1 January 2017 Additions Disposals Depreciation (Note 17) Exchange difference	16,582,18 3,08 (122,64 (188,43 (14,26

Had the Group's buildings, including buildings under construction, been carried at historical cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses, their net book amounts would have been the same as to their revalued amounts.

In determining the recoverable amounts of the non-current assets, including land use rights and property, plant and equipment under shipbuilding, offshore engineering and marine engine building segments amounting to RMB18,712,246,000 as at 30 June 2018, which were based on the fair value less costs to sell of these assets, the directors made reference to the estimated consideration of these assets under the Potential Transaction. The estimated consideration of these assets under the Potential Transaction is dependent on the scope of assets and liabilities to be included in the Potential Transaction, and the directors expect that consideration would be no less than the aggregate carrying amount of the net assets to be disposed of under the Potential Transaction. Therefore, the directors are of the view that the estimated consideration to be allocated to each individual asset would exceed the carrying value of such asset and hence, no impairment charge with respect to the non-current assets of shipbuilding, offshore engineering and marine engine building segments is necessary.

7 Property, plant and equipment (Continued)

In determining the recoverable amount of the land use rights under the engineering machinery segment amounting to RMB18,340,000 as at 30 June 2018, which was based on the fair value less costs to sell, the directors made reference to the current market price of the land use rights in Hefei, Anhui Province. Since the fair value of the land use rights exceeds the carrying value of the land use rights and hence, no impairment charge is necessary.

Please refer to Note 8 for the impairment assessment associated with the property, plant and equipment of the energy exploration and production segment, together with the related intangible assets of the Co-operation Rights as defined below.

8 Intangible assets

	RMB'000
For the six months ended 30 June 2018	
Opening amounts as at 1 January 2018	1,587,572
Amortisation (Note 17)	(1,255)
Exchange difference	19,975
Closing amounts as at 30 June 2018	1,606,292
For the six months ended 30 June 2017	
Opening amounts as at 1 January 2017	1,688,437
Amortisation (Note 17)	(1,045)
Exchange difference	[39,564]
Closing amounts as at 30 June 2017	1,647,828

The intangible assets represent rights to cooperate with the national oil company of Kyrgyzstan in the operation of the four oilfields ("**Co-operation Rights**"). The Co-operation Rights are stated at cost less accumulated amortisation and any impairment losses. As a result, amortisation of RMB1,255,000 has been charged to the profit or loss during the six months ended 30 June 2018 (for the six months ended 30 June 2017: RMB1,045,000 based on the units-of-production method.)

During the six months ended 30 June 2018, the development of the energy exploration and production segment has been limited by the lack of means to fund additional investments for drilling wells and exploration.

During the six months ended 30 June 2018, the Group entered into a co-operative framework agreement with an independent third party who agreed to purchase oil wells construction material on the Company's behalf up to USD500,000,000 (equivalent to approximately RMB3,308,300,000) to the Group with a term of 10 years for the funding in respect of the energy exploration and production segment.

NOTES TO THE CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL INFORMATION

For the six months ended 30 June 2018

8 Intangible assets (Continued)

In determining the recoverable amounts of the Co-operation Rights and property, plant and equipment under the energy exploration and production segment amounting to RMB1,606,292,000 and RMB631,564,000, respectively, the directors have evaluated the recoverable amounts based on value-in-use calculations using pre-tax cash flow projections. Key assumptions are crude oil price of USD58-91 per barrel (31 December 2017: USD50-72 per barrel) and a discount rate of 18% (31 December 2017: 18%).

As a result of the above assessment, the recoverable amounts of the intangible assets and property, plant and equipment under the energy exploration and production segment as estimated by the directors exceeded the carrying amounts of these assets and therefore, the directors are of the opinion that no impairment charge is considered necessary as at 30 June 2018.

9 Land use rights

	RMB'000
For the six months ended 30 June 2018	
Opening amounts as at 1 January 2018	3,663,42
Disposal	(159,02
Amortisation (Note 17)	(40,59
Closing amounts as at 30 June 2018	3,463,80
	3,463,80
Closing amounts as at 30 June 2018 For the six months ended 30 June 2017 Opening amounts as at 1 January 2017	3,463,80 3,745,19

During the six months ended 30 June 2018, the land use right and certain property, plant and equipment under the engineering machinery segment amounting to RMB158,054,000 were put to auction by Hefei municipal intermediate court to pay off debts, taxes and other liabilities under the direction of the court. The auction was completed with a consideration of RMB464,743,000 and the related transaction cost and surcharges estimated to be approximately RMB184,870,000, resulting in a gain on disposal amounting to approximately RMB121,819,000. The estimated net proceeds of RMB279,873,000 is recorded as "Other receivables" in the condensed consolidated financial information, which will be used to pay off debts, taxes and other liabilities under the direction of the court.

10 Trade receivables, other receivables, prepayments and deposits

(a) Trade receivables

	As at	As at
	30 June	31 December
	2018	2017
	RMB'000	RMB'000
Trade receivables	589,870	587,775
Less: Provision for doubtful debts	(577,451)	(577,929)
Total	12,419	9,846

Ageing analysis of trade receivables by invoice date is as follows:

	As at 30 June 2018 RMB'000	As at 31 December 2017 RMB'000
Undue Past due	12,419	9,846
1 – 180 days 181 – 360 days Over 360 days	-	- -
Total	12,419	9,846

As at 30 June 2018, no trade receivables was past due but not impaired. The ageing analysis of these trade receivables by invoice date is listed above.

10 Trade receivables, other receivables, prepayments and deposits (Continued)

(a) Trade receivables (Continued)

As at 30 June 2018, trade receivables of RMB202,566,000 (31 December 2017: same) and RMB374,885,000 (31 December 2017: 375,363,000) related to certain customers of the shipbuilding and engineering machinery segments were impaired and provided for respectively. These trade receivables are aged over 360 days.

The credit terms granted to customers of the Group are generally ranging from 30 to 90 days, accordingly, balances are past due if not settled within the credit period.

The carrying amounts of trade receivables approximate their fair values.

(b) Other receivables, prepayments and deposits

	As at	As at
	30 June	01 200011201
	2018	2017
	RMB'000	RMB'000
Receivables from agents (i)	121,666	121,666
Other receivables		
– Third parties	641,606	333,050
– Deposits for the Framework Agreements (ii)	167,284	167,284
VAT receivables	845,859	851,076
Deposits	12,309	12,302
Prepayments for property, plant and equipment and		
land use rights		
– Third parties	253,238	245,137
Prepayments for raw materials and production costs		
– Third parties (iii)	644,581	643,288
Prepayments – others		
- Third parties	5,662	5,662
Less: Allowance for impairment of other receivables		
and prepayments	(1,939,035)	(1,888,228)
	753,170	491,237
Less: Non-current portion of deposits and prepayments	(22,242)	(10,298)
Current portion	730,928	480,939

10 Trade receivables, other receivables, prepayments and deposits (Continued)

(b) Other receivables, prepayments and deposits (Continued)

- (i) The Group entered into a number of agency contracts with several agency companies. These agency companies assisted the Group to secure the shipbuilding contracts and procure the relevant refund guarantees. Pursuant to the agency contracts, the customers agreed to pay the contract price to the agents for which the agents are responsible for payment to the raw materials suppliers according to the progress of the shipbuilding works. As such, the amounts received by the agents from the customers are classified as receivables from agents and the relevant payments made to suppliers by the agents are classified as payables to agents. As at 30 June 2018, receivables from agents amounting to RMB121,666,000 (31 December 2017: RMB121,666,000) were impaired, as a result of the management's assessment on the recoverability of these receivables.
- (ii) As at 30 June 2018, according to the Framework Agreements, shipbuilding segment and marine engine building segment placed deposits of RMB50,000,000 and RMB117,284,000 (2017: RMB50,000,000 and RMB117,284,000) into bank accounts which were under the name of the Jiangsu and Anhui government respectively. Such deposits are to be used for the payments of the Group's operating expenses and the renewal of the Group's bank borrowings.
- (iii) According to the contracts entered into with certain suppliers, the Group placed deposits and prepayments to secure the supply of raw materials. As at 30 June 2018, the Group prepaid RMB458,374,000 to the five largest suppliers (2017: RMB458,374,000). As at 30 June 2018, a provision of RMB276,550,000 (31 December 2017: RMB276,550,000) has been made as a result of the management's assessment on the recoverability of these deposits and prepayments.
- (iv) During the six months ended 30 June 2018, the land use right and certain property, plant and equipment under engineering machinery segment amounting to RMB158,054,000 were auctioned at RMB464,743,000 (Note 9). The Group has estimated the transaction cost and related surcharges to be RMB184,870,000 (Note 9) and the proceed was held by Hefei municipal intermediate court as at 30 June 2018. The net amount is recorded as an other receivable.
- (v) Except as described above, the provision for impairments of other receivables and prepayments represented provision for certain prepayments for raw materials and property, plant and equipment, other receivables and VAT receivable, on which management has performed assessment on their recoverability. Based on management's assessment, there may be risks that the Group cannot utilise the respective prepayments or other receivables through its production plan. As a result, for a total of RMB1,665,008,0000 (31 December 2017: RMB1,632,141,000) not covered by the above, a total provision of RMB1,540,819,000 (2017: RMB1,490,012,000) was provided for these prepayments and other receivables as at 30 June 2018.

As at 30 June 2018, no other receivables were past due (31 December 2017: nil) but not impaired. The carrying amounts of receivables from agents, other receivables and deposits approximate their fair values.

The maximum exposure to credit risk at the reporting date is the fair value of each class of receivable and deposit mentioned above.

11 Share capital and premium

			Equivalent		
		Nominal value	nominal value	C 1	
	Number of	of ordinary	of ordinary	Share	
	ordinary shares	shares	shares	premium	Total
		HKD	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
Authorised:					
Ordinary shares of HKD0.50 each	60,000,000,000	30,000,000,000	-	-	-
For the size would be used at 20 km s 0040					
For the six months ended 30 June 2018					
Ordinary shares of HKD0.5 each at			005 550	40 400 504	44 050 (50
1 January 2018	2,248,591,507	1,124,295,753	937,772	10,432,701	11,370,473
Conversion of convertible bonds (Note)	828,140,000	414,070,000	342,950	512	343,462
Ordinary shares of HKD0.50 each at					
30 June 2018	3,076,731,507	1,538,365,753	1,280,722	10,433,213	11,713,935
			Equivalent		
		Nominal value	nominal value		
	Number of	of ordinary	of ordinary	Share	
	ordinary shares	shares	shares	premium	Total
		HKD	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
Authorised:					

For the six months ended 30 June 2017

Ordinary shares of HKD0.50 each at 30					
June 2017	2,171,591,507	1,085,795,753	905,191	10,430,533	11,335,724

Note: During the six months ended 2018, the holders of the 3rd, 4th and 6th convertible bond converted bonds of principal amounts of HKD30,000,000, HKD78,070,000 and HKD306,000,000, respectively, into ordinary shares. Please refer to Note 14 for further details.

12 Share-based payment

(a) Pre-IPO Share Option Scheme

Pursuant to the written resolutions of the shareholders dated 24 October 2010, selected employees were granted a total of 62,500,000 share options (the "**Pre-IPO Share Options**") under the Pre-IPO Share Option Scheme (the "**Pre-IPO Share Option Scheme**"). The exercise price per share under the Pre-IPO Share Option Scheme shall be equal to a 50% discount to the offer price at the initial public offering (i.e. HKD4.00 per share. Share-based payments, the exercise price of the outstanding share options granted has been adjusted to HKD20.00 per consolidated share of HKD0.50 each with effect from 29 March 2016). Each of the Pre-IPO Share Option has a 10-year exercisable period, from 19 November 2010 ("Old Grant Date"), and ending on the expiration of the tenth anniversary of the date of acceptance of the grant of options, on 26 October 2020. As at 30 June 2018, the number of outstanding share options granted has been adjusted for the effect of share consolidation and 32,124,000 share options were exercisable (31 December 2017: 32,124,000) after the share consolidation adjustment.

Commencing from the date on which trading in the shares of Company first commenced on the Main Board of the Hong Kong Stock Exchange, being 19 November 2010 (the "**Listing Date**"), the expiry of first, second, third, and fourth anniversaries of the Listing Date, the relevant grantee may exercise options up to 20%, 40%, 60%, 80% and 100% respectively. No additional share options were granted pursuant to the Pre-IPO Share Option Scheme during the six months ended 30 June 2018.

The fair value of the share options granted on 24 October 2010, determined using the binominal model (the "**Model**"), ranged from HKD4.38 to HKD5.17 per option. The significant inputs into the Model were the share price of HKD8.00 at the Listing Date, exercise price shown above, expected dividend yield rate of 1.32%, risk-free rate of 2.09%, an expected option life of 10 years and expected volatility of 55.00%. The volatility measured is based on the average annualised standard deviations of the continuously compounded rates of return on the share prices of comparable companies with similar business operations.

Movements in the number of share options outstanding and their related exercise price are as follows:

	Average exercise price in HKD per share	Number of Share options (thousands)
At 1 January 2017, 30 June 2017, 1 January 2018 and 30 June 2018	20	4,100

12 Share-based payment (Continued)

(b) Share Option Scheme

The Company conditionally approved and adopted a share option scheme on 24 October 2010 (the "**Share Option Scheme**"). The Share Option Scheme became unconditional on 19 November 2010 when the Company's shares were listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange.

Pursuant to the written resolutions of the Directors dated 30 April 2012, selected employees were granted a total of 348,580,000 share options under the Share Option Scheme. The exercise price of the share options granted under the Share Option Scheme is HKD1.94 per share of HKD0.10 each (the exercise price of the outstanding share options granted has been adjusted to HKD9.70 per consolidated share of HKD0.50 each with effect from 29 March 2016). No share option is exercisable prior to the first anniversary of 30 April 2012 (the "**New Grant Date**"). On each of the first, second, third, fourth and fifth anniversaries of the New Grant Date, a further 20% of the share options granted to the selected employees may be exercised, provided that no share option shall be exercised after 30 April 2022. As at 30 June 2018, the number of outstanding share options granted was adjusted for the effect of share consolidation being effective on 29 March 2016 and 4,100,000 share options were exercisable (31 December 2017: 4,100,000 after the share consolidation adjustment).

The fair value of the share options granted on 30 April 2012, determined using the Model, ranged from HKD0.63 to HKD0.64 per option. The significant inputs into the Model were the share price of HKD1.94 at the New Grant Date, the exercise price shown above, expected dividend yield rate of 4.66%, risk-free rate of 1.14%, an expected option life of 10 years and expected volatility of 54.50%. The volatility measured is based on the average annualised standard deviations of the continuously compounded rates of return on the share prices of comparable companies with similar business operations.

Movements in the number of share options outstanding and their related exercise price are as follows:

	Average exercise price in HKD	Number of Share options
	per share	(thousands)
At 1 January 2017, 30 June 2017, 1 January 2018 and 30		
June 2018	9.70	32,124

No expense recognised in the interim condensed consolidated statement of comprehensive income for share options granted to directors and employees during the six months ended 30 June 2018 (for the six months ended 30 June 2017: RMB10,880,000). During the six months ended 30 June 2018, no expense (for the six months ended 30 June 2017: nil) is recognised for the Pre-IPO Share Option Scheme and no expense is recognised for the Share Option Scheme (for the six months ended 30 June 2017: RMB10,880,000). The Group has no legal or constructive obligations to repurchase or settle the options in cash.

13 Trade and other payables

	As at	As at
	30 June	31 December
	2018	2017
	RMB'000	RMB'000
Trade payables	1,472,617	1,474,940
Other payables for purchase of property, plant and equipment		
– Third parties	364,842	386,145
– Related parties (Note 26(a))	455,753	458,289
Other payables		
– Third parties	2,704,107	2,666,959
– Related parties (Note 26(a))	62,263	55,754
Accrued expenses		
– Payroll and welfare	98,164	100,501
– Interests	4,507,552	3,700,530
– Exploration costs	81,242	62,484
– Others	129,720	154,909
Provision for litigation cases	469,082	436,471
VAT payable	60	62
Other tax-related payables	2,620	2,364
Current trade and other payables	10,348,022	9,499,408

Ageing analysis of trade payables by invoice date is as follows:

	As at	As at
	30 June	31 December
	2018	2017
	RMB'000	RMB'000
0 – 30 days	210	1,645
31 – 60 days	-	-
61 – 90 days	-	27
Over 90 days	1,472,407	1,473,268
	1,472,617	1,474,940

NOTES TO THE CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL INFORMATION

For the six months ended 30 June 2018

14 Borrowings

	As at	As at
	30 June	31 December
	2018	2017
	RMB'000	RMB'000
Non-current		
Borrowings from a shareholder	-	9,177
Other borrowings	342,016	199,268
	342,016	208,445
Current		
Bank borrowings	15,183,755	19,482,898
Borrowings from a shareholder	45,735	36,732
Convertible bonds	1,088,760	1,285,926
Other borrowings (Note a)	5,357,137	1,045,214
Promissory notes	1,460,047	1,447,596
Finance lease liabilities	24,646	24,381
	23,160,080	23,322,747
Total borrowings	23,502,096	23,531,192

Movements in borrowings are analysed as follows:

	RMB'000
For the six months ended 30 June 2018	
Opening amounts as at 1 January 2018	23,531,192
Proceeds from new borrowings from related parties	7,014
Proceeds from new other borrowings	1,943,452
Imputed interest expenses	2,437
Repayments of bank borrowings	(1,805,553)
Repayments of other borrowings	(12,000)
Convertible bonds – liability component (Note b)	(205,882)
Exchange difference	41,436
Closing amounts as at 30 June 2018	23,502,096

Note a: Certain amount of this balance is expected to be paid off via net proceed from an auction held at the Hefei municipal intermediate court. (Note 10(b)[iv])

Note b: The movements of convertible bonds are shown in the session of convertible bonds.

14 Borrowings (Continued)

As at the dates of the interim condensed consolidated statement of financial position, the Group's borrowings, after taking into account of repayable on demand clauses of certain borrowings, were repayable as follows:

	As at	As at
	30 June	31 December
	2018	2017
	RMB'000	RMB'000
Within 1 year	23,160,080	23,322,747
Between 1 and 2 years	342,016	208,445
	23,502,096	23,531,192

The Group's borrowings repayable based on the scheduled repayment dates were as follows:

	As at	As at
	30 June	31 December
	2018	2017
	RMB'000	RMB'000
Within 1 year	20,742,464	19,676,152
Between 1 and 2 years	2,759,632	1,443,694
Between 2 and 5 years	-	2,411,346
	23,502,096	23,531,192

Borrowings and finance lease liabilities amounting to RMB23,115,054,000 as at 30 June 2018 (31 December 2017: RMB23,297,064,000) were secured by the raw materials, land use rights, buildings, plant and machinery, vessels under constructions, pledged deposits, financial asset at fair value through other comprehensive income, guarantee of the Group, guarantee from a director of the Company, certain shareholders of the Company and the related parties, and land use rights, buildings, plant and equipment and share capital of certain related parties.

Included in the Group's borrowings were certain current loans of approximately RMB68,978,000, which were overdue and have not been renewed or repaid subsequent to 30 June 2018.

14 Borrowings (Continued)

Bank and other borrowings of RMB18,963,245,000 and convertible bonds with aggregate principal amount of HKD1,433,230,000 (equivalent to approximately RMB1,208,356,000), totaling RMB20,171,601,000, contain cross default terms in their respective financing agreements. As a result of the above-mentioned overdue of principal and interest repayments, current borrowings totaling RMB7,006,500,000 as at 30 June 2018 became immediately repayable pursuant to the cross-default terms under the relevant loan agreements or the terms and conditions of the convertible bonds; and in this connection, non-current borrowings totaling RMB2,411,346,000 have been classified as current liabilities. During the six months ended 30 June 2018, certain non-current assets consisting of land use right and property, plant and equipment amounting to RM158,054,000 under the engineering machinery segment were auctioned, the proceeds of which were used to pay off certain of these borrowings. As at the date of the approval of this condensed consolidated financial information, the Group has not obtained waivers to comply with these cross-default terms from the relevant banks and bondholders and except for the auction mentioned above, none of these banks and bondholders taken any action against the Group to demand immediate repayment.

In order to accelerate and facilitate the progress of the Group's restructuring plan and to enhance the liquidity and financial position of the Group, the Group plans to reduce its borrowings by issuing shares of the Company to satisfy certain of the Group's outstanding debts.

The Company is actively negotiating with its creditors on the terms and conditions on the execution plan for the implementation of disposal of liabilities, which includes but is not limited to, setting the entire or partial amount of borrowings of the Company and the Company's shipbuilding segment subsidiaries through issuance of shares of the Company to the relevant creditors or its designated related companies.

In addition, the Group expects to dispose of its core assets and liabilities of the shipbuilding, offshore engineering, engineering machinery and marine engine building segments to potential buyers. The Group is still in discussion with potential buyers in this regard.

The Group has the following undrawn borrowing facilities:

	As at	As at
	30 June	31 December
	2018	2017
	RMB'000	RMB'000
Expiring within one year	2,024,443	1,995,468
Expiring beyond one year	3,374,019	2,035,479
	5,398,462	4,030,947

During the six months ended 30 June 2018, the Group also entered into a loan agreement with a related party who agreed to provide a loan facility up to USD200,000,000 (equivalent to approximately RMB1,323,320,000) to the Group for the funding of its operation. The Group has not drawn down the loan as at 30 June 2018. Subsequent to 30 June 2018, the Group has drawn down USD30,000,000 (equivalent to approximately RMB198,498,000).

14 Borrowings (Continued)

Convertible bonds

During the six months ended 30 June 2018, convertible bonds with principal amount totaling HKD414,070,000 have been converted into ordinary shares by the bondholders (for the six months ended 30 June 2017: nil).

As at 30 June 2018, the Group had six outstanding convertible bonds (31 December 2017: same) with an aggregate principal amount totaling HKD1,433,230,000 (equivalent to approximately RMB1,208,356,000) (31 December 2017: HKD1,847,300,000 (equivalent to approximately RMB1,544,177,000)). Since the bondholders have an early redemption option to require the Company to redeem the bonds at any time before the maturity, these convertible bonds are classified as current liabilities.

							Conversion
Guaranteed						Conversion	price as at
convertible	Principal as at	Principal as at	Issuance and			price as at	31 December
bonds	30 June 2018	31 December 2017	closing date	Maturity date	Conversion period	30 June 2018	2017
1st	HKD75,000,000	HKD75,000,000	31 October 2016	24 months after the closing date	After issue date up to maturity date	HKD0.50 per share	HKD0.50 per share
2nd	HKD745,060,000	HKD745,060,000	19 May 2017	24 months after the closing date	After issue date up to maturity date	HKD0.50 per share	HKD0.50 per share
3rd	HKD139,820,000	HKD169,820,000	30 November 2017	24 months after the closing date	After issue date up to maturity date	HKD0.50 per share	HKD0.50 per share
4th	HKD30,000,000	HKD108,070,000	30 November 2017	24 months after the closing date	After issue date up to maturity date	HKD0.50 per share	HKD0.50 per share
5th	HKD102,000,000	HKD102,000,000	30 November 2017	24 months after the closing date	After issue date up to maturity date	HKD0.50 per share	HKD0.50 per share
6th	HKD341,350,000	HKD647,350,000	30 November 2017	24 months after the closing date	After issue date up to maturity date	HKD0.50 per share	HKD0.50 per share

The table below summarised the details and features of these guaranteed convertible bonds:

For the above convertible bonds, subject to the following conditions, amongst others, the Company has the right to redeem all or any part of the principal amount of the convertible bonds outstanding. (1) The Company may redeem the respective convertible bonds at any time up to (and excluding) the commencement of the 7 calendar day-period ending on the (and including) maturity date, when the principal amount of the relevant convertible bonds outstanding is equal to or less than 10% of its original aggregate principal amount issued by the Company. The redemption price of the convertible bond is equal to 100% of the principal amount plus the unpaid interest. (2) The Company may redeem the respective bond at any time on or after the eighteen months from the closing date and up to the third business day prior to the maturity date. The redemption price of the convertible bond is equal to 100% of the principal amount plus the unpaid interest.

14 Borrowings (Continued)

Convertible bonds (Continued)

Subject to certain conditions, the bondholders have the right to require the Company to redeem all or part of the convertible bonds. Bondholders may at any time on or after the closing date and up to the third business day prior to the maturity dates to require the Company to redeem the whole or any part of the principal amount outstanding under the bond at a value at 100% of the principal amount plus the unpaid interest.

The conversion feature of the above convertible bonds fails the fixed-for-fixed requirement for equity classification. The conversion option, together with all other options, are therefore regarded as a single embedded derivative with changes in fair value through profit or loss in accordance with IAS 39. For details, please refer to Note 15.

The fair value of the above convertible bonds were determined by an independent qualified valuer based on the Effective Interest Method and Black-Scholes model. The fair value of the liability component on initial recognition was valued as the proceeds of the convertible redeemable bond (net of transaction cost) minus the fair value of the embedded derivative. The fair value of the embedded derivative was valued by estimating the value of the whole bond with and without the conversion feature. The difference in value reflects the value of the embedded derivatives and changes in fair value would be recognised in the profit or loss. During the six months ended 30 June 2018, the Group recognised a gain on fair value of the embedded derivatives amounted to RMB105,993,000 (for the six months ended 30 June 2017: a gain of RMB1,129,000).

The convertible bonds are guaranteed by Mr. Zhang Zhi Rong ("**Mr. Zhang**"), the Company's single largest shareholder (before taking into account full conversion of the convertible bonds and exercise of the share options issued by the Company).

The movements of convertible bonds recognised in the interim condensed consolidated statement of financial position are shown as follows:

	RMB'000
For the six months ended 30 June 2018	
Opening amount as at 1 January 2018	1,285,926
Interest paid	(42,490)
Interest expenses (Note 20)	121,756
Conversions	(285,148)
Exchange difference	8,716
Closing amount as at 30 June 2018	1,088,760

14 Borrowings (Continued)

Convertible bonds (Continued)

RMB'000
77,071
537,480
18,558
(11,192)
621.917
-

The fair value of the liability component of the convertible bonds as at 30 June 2018 amounted to RMB1,083,694,000 (31 December 2017: RMB1,256,998,000). The fair value is calculated using the market price of the convertible bonds on the date of the statement of financial position (or the nearest day of trading).

Promissory notes

	RMB'000
For the six months ended 30 June 2018	
Opening amounts as at 1 January 2018	1,447,596
Exchange difference	12,451
Closing amount as at 30 June 2018	1,460,047
For the six months ended 30 June 2017	
Opening amounts as at 1 January 2017	3,011,988
Discharge by convertible bonds	(615,396)
Exchange difference	(71,241)
Closing amount as at 30 June 2017	2,325,351

14 Borrowings (Continued)

Promissory notes (Continued)

During the six months ended 30 June 2018, promissory notes with aggregate principal amount of HKD1,731,761,000 (equivalent to approximately RMB1,460,047,000) matured. The maturity dates of promissory notes with aggregate principal amount of HKD825,425,000 (equivalent to approximately RMB695,915,000) were successfully extended to September 2018. As at 30 June 2018, the remaining outstanding promissory notes amounting to HKD906,336,000 (equivalent to approximately RMB764,132,000) were not extended nor repaid upon the schedule repayment dates and thus became overdue since 2017. The Company is in the process of negotiating with these promissory note holders to extend the maturity dates of these promissory notes to December 2019.

15 Derivative financial instruments

	As at 30 June 2018		As at 31 Decer	mber 2017	
	Assets Liabilities		Assets	Liabilities	
	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	
Embedded derivatives in					
convertible bonds	-	153,686	-	320,001	

The fair value of the embedded derivatives in convertible bonds as at 30 June 2018 is determined using the Binomial Model. The table below shows the significant inputs into the Binomial Model:

As at 31 December 2017

			Stock price as at					
Guaranteed	Principal as at		31 December 2017 of	Exercise	Expected	Risk-free	Expected	Expected
convertible bonds	31 December 2017	lssuance date	the underlying shares	price	option life	interest rate	dividend yield	volatility
			(HKD)	(HKD)	(years)	[%]	(%)	[%]
1st	HKD75,000,000	31 October 2016	0.295	0.50	0.84	1.4913	0	41
2nd	HKD745,060,000	19 May 2017	0.295	0.50	1.38	1.6745	0	38
3rd	HKD169,820,000	30 November 2017	0.295	0.50	1.92	1.7919	0	43
4th	HKD108,070,000	30 November 2017	0.295	0.50	1.92	1.7919	0	43
5th	HKD102,000,000	30 November 2017	0.295	0.50	1.92	1.7919	0	43
6th	HKD647,350,000	30 November 2017	0.295	0.50	1.92	1.7919	0	43

		Stock price as at						
Guaranteed	Principal as at		30 June 2018 of the	Exercise	Expected	Risk-free	Expected	Expected
convertible bonds	30 June 2018	Issuance date	underlying shares	price	option life	interest rate	dividend yield	volatility
			(HKD)	(HKD)	(years)	(%)	[%]	[%]
1st	HKD75,000,000	31 October 2016	0.122	0.50	0.34	2.1085	0	58
2nd	HKD745,060,000	19 May 2017	0.122	0.50	0.88	2.2139	0	51
3rd	HKD139,820,000	30 November 2017	0.122	0.50	1.42	2.3403	0	45
4th	HKD30,000,000	30 November 2017	0.122	0.50	1.42	2.3403	0	45
5th	HKD102,000,000	30 November 2017	0.122	0.50	1.42	2.3403	0	45
6th	HKD341,350,000	30 November 2017	0.122	0.50	1.42	2.3403	0	45

15 Derivative financial instruments (Continued)

The volatility measured is based on the daily share price volatility of the Company for an observation period calculated by the difference between the valuation date and the maturity date and adjusted by the difference

of Hang Seng Index historical and implied volatility as of the valuation dates.

16 Provision for warranty

As at 30 June 2018

The Group provides a one-year warranty from the date of delivery of the vessel on shipbuilding products and undertakes to repair or replace items that fail to perform satisfactorily. A provision is recognised at the end of the reporting period for expected warranty claims for repairs and returns based on management estimates and industry practice.

	As at	As at
	30 June	30 June
	2018	2017
	RMB'000	RMB'000
Provision for warranty	-	3,049

17 Expenses by nature

	For the six months ended 30 June		
	2018	2017	
	RMB'000	RMB'000	
Agency fees	429	309	
Amortisation of land use rights (Note 9)	40,599	40,875	
Amortisation of intangible assets (Note 8)	1,255	1,045	
Auditors' remuneration	855	882	
Bank charges (include refund guarantee charges)	41	53	
Cost of vessels and inventories	-	58,195	
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment (Note 7)	181,479	188,437	
Employee benefit expenses	37,968	51,097	
Legal and consultancy fees	14,390	8,725	
Miscellaneous expenses	23,403	21,684	
Operating lease payments	549	1,481	
Outsourcing and processing costs	3,552	7,447	
(Reversal of)/provision for inventories	(11,768)	76,659	
Raw materials and consumables used	17,753	11,925	
(Reversal of)/provision for impairment			
– trade receivables	(478)	(189)	
– other receivables and prepayments	51,144	(202,058)	
Provision for litigations	32,611	14,909	
Total cost of sales, selling and marketing expenses, general			
and administrative expenses and provision for/(reversal of)			
impairments	393,782	281,476	

18 Other income

	For the six months ended 30 June		
	2018 20		
	RMB'000 RM		
Rental income	9,423	21,875	
Others	20,799	6,952	
Total	30,222	28,827	

Rental income represented the income from the leasing of property, plant and equipment to third party lessees during the six months ended 30 June 2018 and 2017.

	For the six months ended 30 June		
	2018	2017	
	RMB'000	RMB'000	
Fair value gain on derivative instruments – embedded			
derivatives in convertible bonds	105,993	1,129	
Gain/(loss) on disposal of land use rights and property, plant			
and equipment, net (Note 9)	123,679	(65,269)	
Loss on sales of raw materials	-	(45,194)	
Net foreign exchange (losses)/gains	(12,221)	15,370	
Total	217,451	(93,964)	

19 Other gains/(losses) - net

20 Finance income and costs

	For the six months ended 30 June		
	2018	2017	
	RMB'000	RMB'000	
Finance income:			
Interest income from bank deposits	173	87	
Imputed interest income for interest-free loans	-	8,126	
	173	8,213	
Finance costs:			
Interest expenses			
- Borrowings and finance lease liabilities	(907,943)	(644,479)	
– Convertible bonds (Note 14)	(121,756)	(18,558)	
Imputed interest expense for interest-free loans	(2,032)	-	
Net foreign exchange (losses)/gains on financing activities	(41,436)	105,898	
Less: borrowings costs capitalised	687	889	
	(1,072,480)	(556,250)	
Net finance costs	(1,072,307)	(548,037)	

NOTES TO THE CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL INFORMATION

For the six months ended 30 June 2018

21 Income tax expense

No Hong Kong, PRC and Kyrgyzstan profits tax have been provided for during the six months ended 30 June 2018 (for the six months ended 30 June 2017: nil) as the Group had no assessable profit in Hong Kong, PRC and Kyrgyzstan.

Income tax expense is recognised based on management's estimation of the weighted average annual income tax rate expected for the full financial year. Management expected that there is no income tax expense for the six months ended 30 June 2018 since it is not expected to have any tax assessable profit (for the six months ended 30 June 2017: same).

22 Loss per share

(a) Basic

Basic loss per share is calculated by dividing the results attributable to equity holders of the Company by the weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue during the period.

	For the six months ended 30 June		
	2018		
	RMB'000 RMI		
Loss attributable to equity holders of the Company			
(RMB'000)	(1,137,604)	(825,718)	
Weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue	2,347,615,816	2,171,591,507	
Loss per share (RMB per share)	(0.48)	(0.38)	

(b) Diluted

Diluted loss per share is the same as basic loss per share as there were no potential dilutive ordinary shares outstanding during the six months ended 30 June 2018 and 2017.

23 Dividend

The Board has resolved not to declare the payment of an interim dividend for the six months ended 30 June 2018 (for the six months ended 30 June 2017: nil).

24 Contingencies

	As at	As at
	30 June	31 December
	2018	2017
	RMB'000	RMB'000
Contingencies:		
Financial guarantees	25,987	26,674

The Group has provided guarantees to certain financial institutions in the PRC in respect of borrowings drawn by certain customers of the engineering machinery segment. The borrowings were drawn by the customers of the engineering machinery segment to finance the purchase of excavators from the Group. Under the financial guarantee contracts, the Group is required to make payments to the financial institutions should the customers default on the borrowings. As at 30 June 2018, the total value of the guaranteed borrowings outstanding was RMB29,112,000 (31 December 2017: RMB29,112,000) in which the Group had made a provision of RMB3,125,000 (31 December 2017: RMB2,438,000) for borrowings with delinquent payments. Management has determined that no further provision for the remaining contingency of RMB25,987,000 (31 December 2017: RMB26,674,000) is required as the relevant customers have no history of default and it is not probable that the Group would have to make payments to the financial institutions for the guarantees.

NOTES TO THE CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL INFORMATION

For the six months ended 30 June 2018

25 Commitments

(a) Capital commitments

Capital expenditure committed at the balance sheet date but not yet incurred is as follows:

	As at	As at
	30 June	31 December
	2018	2017
	RMB'000	RMB'000
Property, plant and equipment – Contracted but not provided for	697,621	700,409
Other capital commitments – Contracted but not provided for (Note (i))	160,000	160,000

Note:

(i) Capital commitment for the investment in 農銀無錫股權投資基金企業 (the "Fund")

On 16 January 2012, the Group entered into an agreement with 6 strategic investors for the Fund, which the Group proposed to invest RMB200,000,000 into the Fund, representing 6.66% of the total capital of the Fund. As at 30 June 2018, the Group had paid the first instalment of RMB40,000,000 to the Fund which is classified as financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income (As at 31 December 2017: available-for-sale financial asset) in the condensed consolidated statement of financial position.

(b) Operating lease commitments – where the Group is the lessee

The Group leases various offices under non-cancellable operating lease agreements. The future aggregate minimum lease payments under non-cancellable operating leases are as follows:

	As at	As at
	30 June	31 December
	2018	2017
	RMB'000	RMB'000
No later than 1 year	1,010	3,131
Later than 1 year and no later than 5 years	222	554
	1,232	3,685

26 Related party transactions

Fine Profit Enterprises Limited ("**Fine Profit**"), a company incorporated in the British Virgin Islands, owned 12.62% of the issued shares of the Company as at 30 June 2018 (31 December 2017: 17.4%). Fine Profit was wholly-owned by Mr. Zhang as at 30 June 2018.

The directors of the Company are of the view that the following companies were related parties that had balances with the Group during the six months ended 30 June 2018:

Name	Relationship with the Group
Shanghai Ditong Construction (Group) Co., Ltd. 上海地通建設 (集團) 有限公司	Entity controlled by a shareholder/close family member of Mr. Zhang
Smart Frontier Limited	Entity controlled by a close family member of Mr. Zhang
W&M Shipping Corporation Limited 煌明船务有限公司	Entity ultimately controlled by Mr. Zhang
Rongying Capital Management Limited 熔盈資本管理有限公司	Entity ultimately controlled by Mr. Zhang
Jiangsu Xu Ming Investment Group Co., Ltd. 江蘇旭明投資集團有限公司	Entity ultimately controlled by Mr. Zhang
Nantong Rongsheng Infrastructure Accessories Co., Ltd. 南通熔盛基礎設施配套工程有限公司	Entity ultimately controlled by Mr. Zhang
Jiangsu Rong Tong Marine Mechanical and Electrical Co., Ltd. 江蘇熔通海工機電有限公司	Entity ultimately controlled by Mr. Zhang
Nantong Drawshine Petrochemical Co., Ltd. 南通焯晟石油化工有限公司	Entity controlled by a shareholder/close family member of Mr. Zhang
Shanghai Sunglow Investment (Group) Co., Ltd 上海陽光投資 (集團) 有限公司	Entity controlled by a shareholder/close family member of Mr. Zhang
Zhang Jiping 張繼平	Director of a subsidiary

During the six months ended 30 June 2018, no transactions with the related parties were carried out by the Group.

26 Related party transactions (Continued)

(a) Balances with related parties

As at 30 June 2018 and 31 December 2017, the balances are interest-free, unsecured, and repayable on demand. The carrying amounts of these balances approximate their fair values.

As at 30 June 2018	As at 31 December 2017
RMB'000	RMB'000
455,753	458,289
41,608	35,486
20,655	20,268
62,263	55,754
	30 June 2018 RMB'000 455,753 41,608

(b) Advances from related parties

During the six months ended 30 June 2018, Mr. Zhang, being the single largest shareholder of the Company (before taking into account full conversion of the convertible bonds and exercise of the share options issued by the Company) provides security-free and interest-free revolving facilities up to RMB3,000,000,000 for use by the Group, for working capital purposes. As at 30 June 2018, RMB368,959,000 (31 December 2017: same) has been drawn down by the Group and is repayable on demand.

(c) Guarantee by a director

As at 30 June 2018, certain borrowings are secured by a director of the Group (31 December 2017: same).

(d) Guarantee by the shareholder and related parties

As at 30 June 2018, certain borrowings and convertible bonds are secured by the shareholder and related parties (31 December 2017: same).

26 Related party transactions (Continued)

(e) Borrowings from a director of a subsidiary

During the six months ended 30 June 2018, a director of a subsidiary provided security-free and interest-free facilities up to RMB45,735,000 (31 December 2017: RMB45,909,000) for working capital purposes.

(f) Borrowings from related parties

During the six months ended 30 June 2018, related parties provided security-free and interest-free facilities up to USD205,000,000, HKD23,698,000 and RMB40,000,000 (totaling equivalent to approximately RMB1,416,383,000) (31 December 2017: USD5,000,000 and HKD23,698,000 (totaling equivalent to approximately RMB52,480,000)) for use by the Group for working capital purposes.

INFORMATION FOR SHAREHOLDERS

Listing Information

Listing : Hong Kong Stock Exchange Stock Code : 01101

Principal Share Registrar and Transfer Agent

Conyers Trust Company (Cayman) Limited Cricket Square, Hutchins Drive, P.O. Box 2681, Grand Cayman, KY1 – 1111, Cayman Islands

Hong Kong Share Registrar

Computershare Hong Kong Investor Services Limited Shops 1712 – 1716, 17th Floor, Hopewell Centre, 183 Queen's Road East, Wanchai, Hong Kong Tel : (852) 2862-8628 Email : hkinfo@computershare.com.hk

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Principal Place of Business and Headquarters

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Contact Enquiries

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CORPORATE INFORMATION

Executive Directors

CHEN Qiang (Chairman and Chief Executive Officer) HONG Liang (Chief Operating Officer) WANG Tao ZHU Wen Hua ZHANG Ming

Independent Non-executive Directors

WANG Jin Lian ZHOU Zhan LAM Cheung Mau

Audit Committee

ZHOU Zhan *(Chairman)* WANG Jin Lian LAM Cheung Mau

Corporate Governance Committee

WANG Jin Lian *(Chairman)* CHEN Qiang WANG Tao ZHANG Ming LAM Cheung Mau

Nomination Committee

WANG Jin Lian *(Chairman)* ZHU Wen Hua ZHOU Zhan

Remuneration Committee

ZHOU Zhan *(Chairman)* CHEN Qiang WANG Jin Lian

Finance and Investment Committee

CHEN Qiang *(Chairman)* HONG Liang ZHANG Ming WANG Jin Lian ZHOU Zhan

Company Secretary

LEUNG Yin Fai

Auditor

PricewaterhouseCoopers

Principal Bankers

China Minsheng Banking Corp., Ltd. (Shanghai Branch) China Development Bank (Jiangsu Province Branch)

Legal Advisors

Paul Hastings Commerce & Finance Law Offices

Company Website

http://www.huarongenergy.com.hk



CHINA HUARONG ENERGY COMPANY LIMITED 中國華榮能源股份有限公司