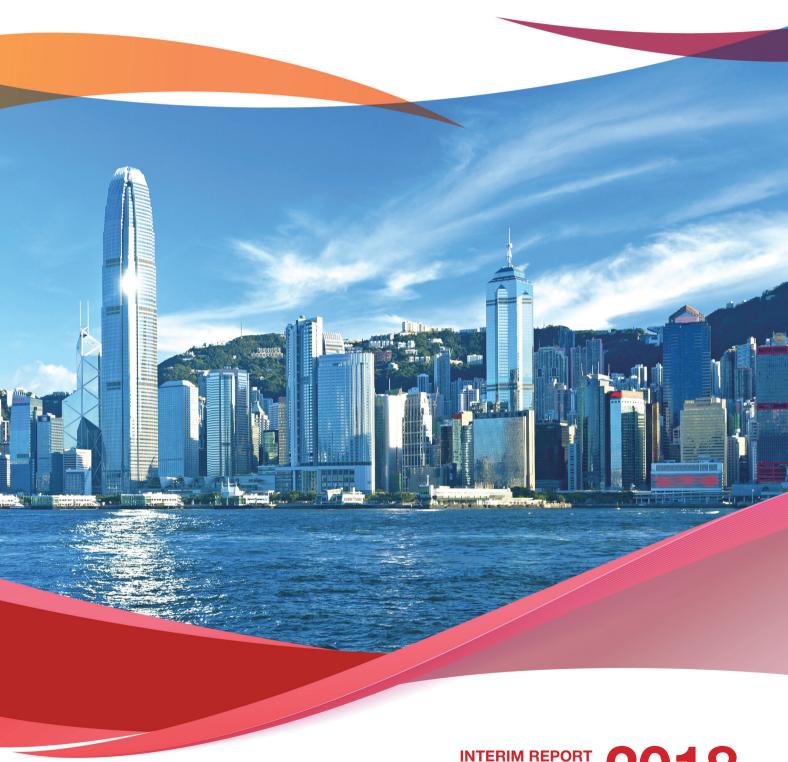


(incorporated in Bermuda with limited liability) (於百慕達註冊成立之有限公司) (Stock Code 股份代號: 993)



INTERIM REPORT 2018

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CORPORATE INFORMATION

Board of Directors

Executive Directors

Mr. Wang Qiang (Chairman)

Mr. Xu Yong (Chief Executive Officer)

Dr. Niu Shaofeng

Independent Non-executive Directors

Dr. Wong Tin Yau Kelvin

Mr. Ma Lishan

Mr. Guan Huanfei

Audit Committee

Dr. Wong Tin Yau Kelvin (Chairman)

Mr. Ma Lishan

Mr. Guan Huanfei

Remuneration Committee

Mr. Guan Huanfei (Chairman)

Dr. Wong Tin Yau Kelvin

Mr. Ma Lishan

Nomination Committee

Dr. Wong Tin Yau Kelvin (Chairman)

Mr. Wang Qiang

Mr. Ma Lishan

Mr. Guan Huanfei

Executive Committee

Mr. Wang Qiang (Chairman)

Mr. Xu Yong

Dr. Niu Shaofeng

Risk Management Committee

Mr. Ma Lishan (Chairman)

Mr. Xu Yong

Dr. Niu Shaofeng

Authorised Representatives

Dr. Niu Shaofeng

Ms. Cheung Yuet Fan

Company Secretary

Ms. Cheung Yuet Fan

Registered Office

Clarendon House 2 Church Street

Hamilton HM 11

Bermuda

Head Office and Principal Place of Business

Level 29

One Pacific Place

88 Queensway

Hong Kong

Resident Representative

Conyers Corporate Services (Bermuda) Limited

Clarendon House

2 Church Street

Hamilton HM 11

Bermuda

Principal Bankers

China CITIC Bank International Limited

Wing Lung Bank Limited

Bank of China (Hong Kong) Limited

Auditor

Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu

35/F One Pacific Place

88 Queensway

Hong Kong

Principal Share Registrar and Transfer Office

MUFG Fund Services (Bermuda) Limited

The Belvedere Building

69 Pitts Bay Road

Pembroke HM08

Bermuda

Hong Kong Branch Share Registrar and Transfer Office

Tricor Tengis Limited

Level 22, Hopewell Centre

183 Queen's Road East

Hong Kong

Stock Code

993

Website

www.hrif.com.hk

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Financial Highlights

For the six months ended 30 June 2018 (the "Period"), Huarong International Financial Holdings Limited (the "Company") and its subsidiaries (collectively, the "Group") recorded a revenue of approximately HK\$1,107,670,000 (six months ended 30 June 2017 (the "Last Period"): approximately HK\$865,281,000), net loss on financial assets at fair value through profit or loss of approximately HK\$819,919,000 (Last Period: net gains of approximately HK\$264,555,000), net loss arising from disposal of financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income of approximately HK\$30,129,000 (Last Period: HK\$ nil) and gain on disposal of available-for-sale investments was HK\$ nil (Last Period: approximately HK\$32,822,000). Therefore, total revenue, investment gains and losses described above decreased to approximately HK\$257,622,000 as compared to approximately HK\$1,162,658,000 for the Last Period. Loss attributable to shareholders for the Period was approximately HK\$1,156,342,000 as compared to the profit of approximately HK\$584,149,000 in the Last Period. The result is due to the decrease in operating profit for the Period from the three operating segments, namely (i) asset management and direct investment segment; (ii) corporate finance segment; and (iii) securities segment. The performance of these segments will be discussed further below.

Basic loss per share was HK32.22 cents for the Period as compared to earnings per share of HK16.51 cents for the Last Period, and no diluted loss/earnings per share has been presented for the Period and Last Period as there was no diluted financial instrument for the six months ended 30 June 2018.

Market Review

In the first half of 2018, increasing volatility in the global economic recovery along with additional uncertainties arising from slower economic growth in major economies, higher inflation, tightening monetary policy cycle, escalating Sino-US trade frictions and strong appreciation of the US dollar has complicated the global economic situation. Tightening China's financial regulatory policies revealed financial risks. With the reform and transformation of the brokerage and asset management industry, overall industry experienced development challenges. However, the gross domestic product (GDP) of China increased 6.8% year on year and sustained the stable growth with its national economy maintaining a steady and upward development trend in general. Major macro-control indicators are within a reasonable range by continuously optimising economic structure and achieving initial results in the financial risk prevention and resolution, which made contribution to the steady improvement in quality and efficiency. Increasing favourable conditions towards high-quality economic development have laid the solid foundation for realising the main development goals in terms of economy and society throughout the year.

Market Review (continued)

Leveraging on the closer economic relationship between China and the world, China experiences the rapid economic development and plays an increasingly important role in the development of global economy which would encourage the marketization and internationalization. Hong Kong plays a unique role in the China's 13th Five-Year Plan, the "One Belt, One Road" initiative and the development of The Guangdong — Hong Kong — Macau Greater Bay Area which would be the important opportunities of endlessly providing propelling force for Hong Kong economy.

Business Review

In the first half of 2018, the Group actively responded to changes in the external market and took more prudent measures with proactive adjustment of the compressed business scale and optimization of the structure. Due to the public concerns caused by personal incident of Mr. Lai Xiaomin, former chairman of the board of China Huarong Asset Management Co., Ltd. ("China Huarong") on 17 April 2018, the Group has enhanced the control of public opinion and taken proactive measures to prevent and mitigate risks. We would be positive in dealing with the issues in relation to the significant provisions arising from project risk, the losses arising from changes in fair value and impairment loss arising from the margin financing business, as well as work together to overcome difficulties and strive to defuse the risks.

Asset Management and Direct Investment

The asset management and direct investment segment provides asset management services, direct investments in stocks, bonds, funds, derivative instruments and other financial products, as well as money lending services. In the first half of 2018, the Group has adopted a more cautious approach to business development in light of the current economic environment and the gradual implementation of the national "deleverage" policy. With more comprehensive review of credit risk and market risk of the investment, strict implementation of risk control measures, as well as the combination of various measures of post-investment management, the Group strengthened the control of the collaterals with early detection and response to the various changes in relation to market environment and customer operations, and strived to customise professional and comprehensive financial service solutions for the customers by seeking stable progress following our well-developed strategies as well as subdividing and optimising professional investment team which laid the foundation for its high quality development. During the Period, the segment loss was approximately HK\$56,798,000 as compared to the segment income of approximately HK\$1,023,239,000 for the Last Period; the segment result was loss of approximately HK\$205,681,000 as compared to gain of approximately HK\$996,977,000 for the Last Period.

Market Review (continued)

Corporate Finance

The corporate finance segment is devoted to providing institutional clients with comprehensive securities issuance and underwriting, financial advisory and financing arrangement services. Leveraging on the diversified client portfolio of China Huarong, the corporate finance segment continued to put greater efforts in market expansion and to explore effective cooperation among different licensed businesses. The Group promoted several USD bonds issuance in the first half of 2018. During the Period, income from the corporate finance segment significantly decreased to approximately HK\$5,001,000 as compared to approximately HK\$193,069,000 for the Last Period; the segment result was loss of approximately HK\$1,274,000 as compared to gain of approximately HK\$186,232,000 for the Last Period.

Securities

The securities segment comprises broking and dealing of securities, futures and options contracts and the provision of margin financing services. The income from the securities segment during the Period increased to approximately HK\$245,716,000 as compared to approximately HK\$190,406,000 for the Last Period; the segment result amounted to gain of approximately HK\$62,511,000 as compared to gain of approximately HK\$171,884,000 for the Last Period.

Prospect

Facing the new situation of internal and external environment in the second half of 2018, the Group will persistently strengthen our principal business and stick to our origin with proactive expansion of our licensed business. For assets management and direct investment, we will actively examine various risks and raise the benchmark for our customers as well as prudently carry out related business and strengthen various risk management measures such as market risk, credit risk and operational risk to improve customer access and risk control standards. For the margin financing business, we made an appropriate adjustment on the scale of the margin business to improve the quality of risk control according to the existing customer and project bases. The continued liquidity support of the controlling shareholder to the Group also provided a strong condition for the Group's development. Previous achievements and future developments are inseparable from the trust of shareholders and the contribution of employees. The Group insists on seeking stable progress following our well-developed strategies and achieves high quality development with positive international development and unique advantages of Hong Kong, which brought its financial licensed business into full play. The Group would create the professional team based on its functional positioning and market segmentation with an aim of building up features and brands, as well as striving to create greater value for shareholders and another bright year.

Capital Structure

As at 30 June 2018, the total number of issued shares of the Company (with the par value of HK\$0.001 each) was 3,588,466,011 and the total equity attributable to shareholders was approximately HK\$2,547,426,000 as compared to approximately HK\$4,062,822,000 as at 31 December 2017, representing a decrease of approximately 37.3%.

Liquidity and Financial Resources

The Group reviewed the liquidity position regularly and managed liquidity position and financial resources actively according to the changes on economic environment and business development needs. As at 30 June 2018, the Group had total cash and cash equivalents amounting to approximately HK\$2,959,807,000 as compared to HK\$3,524,781,000 as at 31 December 2017, which has already excluded approximately HK\$1,174,494,000 (as compared to HK\$848,591,000 as at 31 December 2017) client funds that were kept in separate designated bank accounts. The Group's gearing ratio as at 30 June 2018 was 1,228.9% as compared to 813.2% as at 31 December 2017, being calculated as borrowings over the Group's shareholders' equity. The increased gearing ratio is attributable to significant loss for the Period recorded by the Company. As at 30 June 2018, the Group obtained shareholder loans in an aggregate principal amount of approximately US\$2,379,680,000 (equivalent to approximately HK\$18,678,106,000) (the same as 31 December 2017) from China Huarong International Holdings Limited and RMB200,000,000 (equivalent to approximately HK\$237,220,000) (31 December 2017: RMB500,000,000) from China Huarong respectively, to support the business of the Group. As at 30 June 2018, the Group had outstanding bank borrowings of approximately HK\$12,389,898,000 (as compared to HK\$13,835,491,000 as at 31 December 2017).

As at 30 June 2018, the Group has undrawn bank facilities of approximately HK\$1,392,346,000 (31 December 2017: HK\$1,963,232,000), and the Group utilised approximately HK\$12,389,898,000 (31 December 2017: HK\$13,835,491,000) of these banking facilities.

As at 30 June 2018, the Group did not fulfill certain financial conditions, primarily interest coverage, imposed by banks on some bank borrowings, which triggered further technical defaults because of cross default clauses in other bank borrowing arrangements. The aggregate amount of borrowings that bank covenants were breached because of violation of financial condition or cross default clauses was HK\$9,836,000,000 as at 30 June 2018 (31 December 2017: HK\$3,000,000,000). These outstanding balance has been presented as current liabilities in current period ended due to the violation of financial condition or cross default clauses in respective bank loan agreements. In response to the above breach of financial terms, the Group actively explained to various banks after issuing an interim profit warning. The banks had not requested early repayment of the loan as of the date when the financial statements of the Period were approved by the Board. The management of the Company is in the process of renegotiating the terms of the respective loan agreement with banks.

For the subsidiaries licensed by the Securities and Futures Commission of Hong Kong, the Group ensures each of the subsidiaries maintains a liquidity level adequate to support the level of activities with a sufficient buffer to accommodate increases in liquidity requirements arising from potential increases in the level of business activities. During the Period, all the licensed subsidiaries have complied with the liquidity requirements under the Securities and Futures (Financial Resources) Rules.

Sufficient Liquidity Support Provided by China Huarong

In order to support the Group's financial stability, China Huarong as the Company's ultimate holding company has provided a Letter of Support in which China Huarong confirmed that it will provide adequate funds to enable the Group to meet in full its financial obligation as they fall due at least twelve months from the report date of the condensed consolidated financial statements for the six months ended 30 June 2018 and to continue operations as going concern entity.

By obtaining the letter of liquidity support from China Huarong, it is expected that the Group will be sufficient to meet the cash flow level required for continuing operations for the next twelve months based on the further estimation on the cash flow status for the next twelve months commencing from 1 July 2018.

Charges on Group Assets

As at 30 June 2018, time deposits with carrying amount of approximately HK\$1,941,778,000 (31 December 2017: HK\$1,898,063,000) were pledged to secure bank loan facilities of the Group.

Employee and Remuneration Policy

As at 30 June 2018, the Group employed a total of 154 employees as compared to 169 employees as at 31 December 2017. The Group's staff recruitment and promotion are primarily based on individuals' merits, relevant experiences, development potentials for the positions offered and performance. Staff remuneration and benefit policies, which are formulated by reference to the market, are competitive and performance based.

Foreign Exchange Exposures

The Group's principal operations in Hong Kong and overseas are transacted and recorded in Hong Kong dollars and United States dollars, while principal operations in the PRC are transacted and recorded in Renminbi. The Group is not exposed to material foreign exchange risk because Hong Kong dollars are pegged with United States dollars, and the revenue from PRC operations only represents a small fraction of that of the Group. Other foreign currency exposure is relatively minimal to our total assets and liabilities. As a result, we consider that our foreign exchange risk exposure is manageable and the Group will closely monitor the risk exposure from time to time.

Contingent Liabilities

Regarding the alleged claims against Huarong International Securities Limited (formerly known as United Simsen Securities Limited) ("HISL"), an indirectly wholly owned subsidiary of the Company, that was previously disclosed in the audited financial statements of the Group for the period from 1 May 2015 to 31 December 2015, the plaintiff did not take any further action since August 2013 and there was no substantial progress as at 30 June 2018. The Group has sought legal advice on the alleged claims and the Directors consider that HISL has good defence and has a strong case to pursue its counterclaim against the plaintiff. The Directors consider that it is not probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle these alleged claims.

Interim Dividend

The Board does not recommend the payment of any interim dividend for the six months ended 30 June 2018 (30 June 2017: nil).

REPORT ON REVIEW OF CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Deloitte.

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TO THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS OF

HUARONG INTERNATIONAL FINANCIAL HOLDINGS LIMITED

華融國際金融控股有限公司

(incorporated in Bermuda with limited liability)

We have reviewed the condensed consolidated financial statements of Huarong International Financial Holdings Limited (the "Company") and its subsidiaries (collectively referred to as the "Group") set out on pages 10 to 75, which comprises the condensed consolidated statement of financial position as at 30 June 2018, and the related condensed consolidated statement of profit or loss, statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, statement of changes in equity and statement of cash flows for the six-month period then ended, and certain explanatory notes. The Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited require the preparation of a report on interim financial information to be in compliance with the relevant provisions thereof and Hong Kong Accounting Standard 34 "Interim Financial Reporting" ("HKAS 34") issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants. The directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation and presentation of these condensed consolidated financial statements in accordance with HKAS 34. Our responsibility is to express a conclusion on these condensed consolidated financial statements based on our review, and to report our conclusion solely to you, as a body, in accordance with our agreed terms of engagement, and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility towards or accept liability to any other person for the contents of this report.

Scope of Review

Except as explained in the following paragraph, we conducted our review in accordance with Hong Kong Standard on Review Engagements 2410 "Review of Interim Financial Information Performed by the Independent Auditor of the Entity" issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants. A review of these condensed consolidated financial statements consists of making inquiries, primarily of persons responsible for financial and accounting matters, and applying analytical and other review procedures. A review is substantially less in scope than an audit conducted in accordance with Hong Kong Standards on Auditing and consequently does not enable us to obtain assurance that we would become aware of all significant matters that might be identified in an audit. Accordingly, we do not express an audit opinion.

Basis for Qualified Conclusion

As disclosed in note 2 to the condensed consolidated financial statements, the former chairman of China Huarong Asset Management Co., Ltd., the indirect controlling shareholder of the Company, is currently the subject of a disciplinary investigation by the relevant authorities in Mainland China. If any information relevant to the Group comes out of the disciplinary investigation, the Company has indicated that it will give careful consideration as to whether there are any implications for the Group. In addition, the Company has decided to initiate an internal investigation, including into the structure of certain fund investments and loans, and their valuation and recoverability. It is not practicable for the Company to estimate the impact of the above mentioned matters on the condensed consolidated financial statements.

Qualified Conclusion

Except for the adjustments to the condensed consolidated financial statements that we might have become aware of had it not been for the situation described above, based on our review, nothing has come to our attention that causes us to believe that the condensed consolidated financial statements are not prepared, in all material respects, in accordance with HKAS 34.

Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu

Certified Public Accountants
Hong Kong

30 August 2018

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS

For the six months ended 30 June 2018

		Six months ended			
		30 June	30 June		
		2018	2017		
	NOTES	HK\$'000	HK\$'000		
		(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)		
Devenue					
Revenue Commission and fee income	E	00 077	076 010		
Interest income	5 5	88,277	276,918		
		841,685	539,221		
Investment income	5	177,708	49,142		
		1,107,670	865,281		
Net (losses) gains on financial assets at fair value		1,101,010	000,201		
through profit or loss		(819,919)	264,555		
Net loss arising from disposal of financial assets at		(0.0,0.0)	20.,000		
fair value through other comprehensive income		(30,129)	_		
Gain on disposal of available-for-sale investments		(00,120)	32,822		
Other income and gains or losses, net	6	(107,829)	(45,823)		
Brokerage and commission expenses	Ŭ	(9,244)	(4,779)		
Administrative and other operating expenses		(126,245)	(119,789)		
Net gain on deemed disposal of a joint venture entity	15	(1-0,-10,	200,705		
Gain (loss) on disposal of a subsidiary	7	5,435	(332)		
Net (provision for) reversal of impairment of advances	•	5,.55	(002)		
to customers in margin financing and accounts receivable	17 & 18	(161,753)	149		
Provision for impairment of other loans and receivables	16	(135,404)	-		
Reversal of provision for impairment of amount due	10	(100, 101)			
from an associate		21,853	_		
Reversal of provision for impairment of financial assets		21,000			
at fair value through other comprehensive income		2,265	_		
Finance costs	8	(843,444)	(481,038)		
Share of results of associates	Ü	8,373	7,086		
		3,010			
(Loss) profit before tax	9	(1,088,371)	718,837		
Income tax expense	10	(34,879)	(118,784)		
(Loss) profit for the period		(1,123,250)	600,053		
A sea A sea El Contlo a sea de del Mental III.					
(Loss) profit for the period attributable to:		(4.450.040)	F04 440		
Owners of the Company		(1,156,342)	584,149		
Holder of perpetual capital securities		33,092	15,904		
		(1,123,250)	600,053		
Basic (loss) earnings per share	11	HK(32.22) cents	HK16.51 cents		
Dasic (1055) Eathings her shale		TIM(32.22) Cents	TINTO.ST CHILS		

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

For the six months ended 30 June 2018

	Six montl	ns ended
	30 June	30 June
	2018	2017
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
	(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)
(Loss) profit for the period	(1,123,250)	600,053
Other comprehensive income (expense)		
Items that may be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss:		
Fair value gain on available-for-sale investments	_	7,111
Reclassification adjustments relating to disposal of		
available-for-sale investments during the period	_	(32,822)
Fair value loss on financial assets at fair value through		(,)
other comprehensive income	(321,962)	_
Reclassification adjustments relating to disposal of	(==:,===,	
financial assets at fair value through other		
comprehensive income during the period	30,129	-
Exchange differences on translating foreign operations		
Exchange differences arising from subsidiaries		
during the period	(1,321)	609
Exchange differences on translation of		
financial statements of associates	(64)	(103)
III Idi Ida Statements di associates	(04)	(100)
Other comprehensive expense for the period	(293,218)	(25,205)
Total comprehensive (expense) income for the period	(1,416,468)	574,848
Total comprehensive (expense) income for the period		
attributable to:		
Owners of the Company	(1,449,560)	558,944
Holder of perpetual capital securities	33,092	15,904
- 10.00. 0. porpotadi dapital doddiniloo	00,002	10,004
	(1,416,468)	574,848

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

At 30 June 2018

	NOTES	30 June 2018 HK\$'000 (Unaudited)	31 December 2017 HK\$'000 (Audited)
NON-CURRENT ASSETS			
Property and equipment		17,772	22,027
Other long term assets		7,565	5,250
Prepayments, deposits and other receivables		11,417	20,478
Intangible assets		3,316	3,316
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	12	7,888,367	4,896,282
Available-for-sale investments	13	_	7,611,244
Financial assets at fair value through other			
comprehensive income	14	1,526,463	_
Other loans and receivables	16	1,901,567	5,153,625
Deferred tax assets		8,354	8,522
Investments accounted for using the equity method	15	26,497	18,665
Amount due from an associate	15	456,721	1,532,328
Total non-current assets		11,848,039	19,271,737
CURRENT ASSETS			
Advances to customers in margin financing	17	4,871,956	4,948,219
Accounts receivable	18	36,993	79,154
Interest receivable		204,118	184,435
Prepayments, deposits and other receivables		263,504	152,779
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	12	8,880,555	4,221,431
Available-for-sale investments	13	_	7,034,309
Financial assets at fair value through other			
comprehensive income	14	4,943,963	_
Other loans and receivables	16	6,153,983	4,149,535
Amount due from an associate	15	2,402	11,735
Restricted bank balances	19	1,174,494	848,591
Pledged bank deposits	20	1,941,778	1,898,063
Cash and cash equivalents	20	2,959,807	3,524,781
Total current assets		31,433,553	27,053,032

		30 June	31 December
	NOTEO	2018	2017
	NOTES	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		(Unaudited)	(Audited)
CURRENT LIABILITIES			
Accounts payable	21	3,484,979	3,758,807
Other liabilities, payables and accruals	22	466,519	454,578
Contract liabilities		35,439	, _
Interest-bearing borrowings	23	20,091,269	15,997,241
Tax payable		216,760	181,516
Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss	12	548,076	194,981
Financial assets sold under repurchase agreements	25	4,395,881	4,032,804
Total current liabilities		29,238,923	24,619,927
NET CURRENT ASSETS		2,194,630	2,433,105
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES		14,042,669	21,704,842
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES			
Other liabilities, payables and accruals	22	162,211	211,420
Contract liabilities		26,508	_
Deferred tax liabilities		92,569	166,102
Interest-bearing borrowings	23	11,213,955	17,040,736
Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss	12	-	223,762
Total non-current liabilities		11,495,243	17,642,020
		11,100,210	,6.2,626
NET ASSETS		2,547,426	4,062,822
CAPITAL AND RESERVES			
Equity attributable to owners of the Company	0.4	0.500	0.500
Share capital	24	3,588	3,588
Perpetual capital securities classified as equity instruments	26	1,208,803	1,209,218
Share premium and reserves		1,335,035	2,850,016
TOTAL EQUITY		2,547,426	4,062,822

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

For the six months ended 30 June 2018

_	Attributable to owners of the Company										
	Issued capital HK\$'000	Share premium account HK\$'000	Contributed surplus HK\$'000	Available- for-sale investment revaluation reserve HK\$'000	Statutory reserve HK\$'000	Currency translation reserve HK\$'000	FVTOCI investment revaluation reserve HK\$'000	Retained profits (accumulated losses) HK\$'000	Subtotal HK\$'000	Perpetual capital instruments HK\$'000	Total equity HK\$'000
At 1 January 2017 (audited)	3,338	987,751	139,615	(25,347)	-	(228)	-	181,812	1,286,941	-	1,286,941
Shares issued (note 24(a)) Profit and total comprehensive income	250	651,782	-	-	-	-	-	-	652,032	-	652,032
for the period	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	584,149	584,149	15,904	600,053
Fair value gain on available-for-sale investments	_	_	_	7,111	_	_	_	-	7,111	-	7,111
Reclassification adjustments relating to disposal of											
available-for-sale investments during the period	-	-	-	(32,822)	-	-	-	-	(32,822)	-	(32,822)
Exchange differences on translation of foreign operations											
Exchange differences arising during the period	-					506			506		506
Total comprehensive (expense) income for the period	-	-	_	(25,711)	-	506	-	584,149	558,944	15,904	574,848
Issuance of perpetual capital instruments (note 26)	-	-	_	_	-	-	-	_	-	765,885	765,885
At 30 June 2017 (unaudited)	3,588	1,639,533	139,615	(51,058)	-	278	-	765,961	2,497,917	781,789	3,279,706
At 31 December 2017 (audited)	3,588	1,639,533	139,615	(85,744)	1,433	10,707	_	1,144,472	2,853,604	1,209,218	4,062,822
HKFRS 9 adjustment (note 3)	0,000	- 1,009,000	- 109,010	85,744	1,400	10,707	(39,145)	(51,016)	(4,417)	1,209,210	(4,417)
At 1 January 2018 (restated) (Loss) profit and total comprehensive (expense) income	3,588	1,639,533	139,615	-	1,433	10,707	(39,145)	1,093,456	2,849,187	1,209,218	4,058,405
for the period	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(1,156,342)	(1,156,342)	33,092	(1,123,250)
Fair value loss on financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	_	_	_	_	_	_	(321,962)	_	(321,962)	_	(321,962)
Reclassification adjustments relating to disposal of							(021,002)		(02.,002)		(02.,002)
financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income during the period		_	_		_	_	30,129	_	30,129	_	30,129
Exchange differences on translation of							00,123		00,120		00,120
foreign operations	-	-	-		-	(1,385)	-	-	(1,385)	-	(1,385)
Total comprehensive (expense) income for the period	_	_	_	_	_	(1,385)	(291,833)	(1,156,342)	(1,449,560)	33,092	(1,416,468)
Distribution relating to perpetual capital instruments											
(note 26)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(33,507)	(33,507)
Dividends to shareholder	-	-	-		-	-		(61,004)	(61,004)		(61,004)
At 30 June 2018 (unaudited)	3,588	1,639,533	139,615	-	1,433	9,322	(330,978)	(123,890)	1,338,623	1,208,803	2,547,426

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

For the six months ended 30 June 2018

		Six months ended	
		30 June	30 June
		2018	2017
NO	OTES	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)
NET CASH FLOWS FROM (USED IN) OPERATING ACTIVITIES		211,206	(1,719,347)
INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
Interest received from amount due from an associate		55,115	442,246
Increase in other long term assets			(1,732)
•		(2,315)	
Purchases of items of property and equipment		(6)	(4,114)
Proceeds from disposal of available-for-sale investments Proceeds from disposal of a subsidiary	7	703,300	1,983,530 1,130
Purchases of financial assets at fair value	1	703,300	1,100
through other comprehensive income		(1,295,986)	_
Proceeds from disposal of financial assets at fair value		, , , ,	
through other comprehensive income		1,154,875	_
Purchases of available-for-sale investments		-	(7,413,292)
Purchase of investments accounted for using the equity method		-	(17,062)
Repayment from amount due from an associate		1,098,360	_
Addition in amount due from an associate		-	(1,561,221)
Repayment from a joint venture		_	142,000
NET CASH ELONG EDOM (HOED IN INVESTING ACTIVITIES			(0.400.545)
NET CASH FLOWS FROM (USED IN) INVESTING ACTIVITIES		1,713,343	(6,428,515)
FINANDANIC ACTIVITIES			
FINANCING ACTIVITIES Contribution from non-controlling interests of			
unlisted consolidated investment funds		_	56,740
Interest-bearing borrowings raised		2,831,220	12,781,315
Repayment of interest-bearing borrowings		(4,629,362)	(2,245,800)
Interest paid		(839,889)	(413,248)
Placement of pledged bank deposits		(43,715)	(1,202,124)
Withdrawal from second-tier limited partners of		(10,110)	(1,202,121)
consolidated investment fund		-	(267,782)
Contribution from second-tier limited partners of			
consolidated investment fund		223,226	_
Distribution to perpetual capital securities holders		(33,507)	_
Dividend paid		(61,004)	-
Issuance of share capital Issuance of perpetual capital instruments		_	652,032 765,885
issuance on perpetual capital instruments		_	100,000
NET CASH FLOWS (USED IN) FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES		(2,553,031)	10,127,018

	Six mont	Six months ended			
	30 June	30 June			
	2018	2017			
NOTES	HK\$'000	HK\$'000			
	(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)			
NET (DECREASE) INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE BEGINNING OF	(628,482)	1,979,156			
THE PERIOD — as stated in the condensed consolidated statement of	2 524 704	056 675			
financial position	3,524,781	956,675			
Effect of foreign exchange rate changes, net	2,896,299 63,508	2,935,831 30,977			
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT END OF THE PERIOD	2,959,807	2,966,808			

NOTES TO THE CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the six months ended 30 June 2018

1. Corporate Information

Huarong International Financial Holdings Limited (the "Company") is a limited liability company incorporated in Bermuda and its shares are listed on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange"). The registered office of the Company is located at Clarendon House, 2 Church Street, Hamilton HM 11, Bermuda. The principal place of operations of the Company is situated at Level 29, One Pacific Place, 88 Queensway, Hong Kong.

The principal activities of the Company and its subsidiaries (the "Group") are securities, futures and options contracts brokerage, provision of margin financing, corporate finance and asset management services, direct investment in equities, bonds, funds, derivative instruments and other financial products and provision of money lending services.

The condensed consolidated financial statements are presented in Hong Kong dollars ("HK\$"), which is also the functional currency of the Company.

2. Basis of Preparation

The condensed consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the Hong Kong Accounting Standard ("HKAS") 34 "Interim Financial Reporting" issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants (the "HKICPA") as well as the applicable disclosure requirements of Appendix 16 to the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on The Stock Exchange (the "Listing Rules").

Significant events in the current interim period

On 17 April 2018, the relevant authorities in Mainland China instigated a disciplinary investigation into the former chairman of China Huarong Asset Management Co., Ltd. ("China Huarong"), a company established in the People's Republic of China and the indirect controlling shareholder of the Company whose shares are listed on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited. China Huarong and the Company have been closely co-operating with the relevant authorities. If any information relevant to the Group comes out of the disciplinary investigation, the Company will give careful consideration as to whether there are any implications for the Group. In light of the disciplinary investigation, China Huarong and the Company are closely monitoring the situation and have taken proactive measures to protect the interests of the Group. In this context, the Company has decided to initiate its own internal investigation, including into the structure of certain fund investments and loans, and their valuation and recoverability. It is not practicable for the Company to estimate the impact of the above mentioned matters on the condensed consolidated financial statements.

2. Basis of Preparation (continued)

Significant events in the current interim period (continued)

As at 30 June 2018, the Group did not fulfil certain financial covenants, primarily those relating to interest coverage, imposed by banks on some bank borrowings, which triggered further technical defaults because of cross default clauses in other bank borrowing arrangements as set out in note 23. The aggregate amount of borrowings in respect of which there was a breach of financial covenants or cross default was HK\$9,836,000,000 (31 December 2017: HK\$3,000,000,000) as at 30 June 2018. Accordingly, outstanding balances for these borrowings have been presented as current liabilities at end of the current period. The banks had not requested early repayment of the loan as of the date when these financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors. Management is in the process of renegotiating the terms of the respective loan agreements with the banks.

In the opinion of the directors of the Company, there are different sources of finance available to the Group to fund its operations, including internal resources, available unutilised banking facility or additional financing obtainable from financial institutions by means of pledging the Group's assets which have not been pledged. China Huarong has also agreed to provide adequate funds to enable the Company to meet in full its financial obligations as and when they fall due in the foreseeable future. Accordingly, the condensed consolidated financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis.

3. Principal Accounting Policies

The condensed consolidated financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis except for available-for-sale investments, financial assets and liabilities at fair value through profit or loss ("FVTPL") (including derivative financial instruments) and financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income ("FVTOCI"), which are measured at fair values.

Other than changes in accounting policies resulting from application of new Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards ("HKFRSs"), the accounting policies and methods of computation used in the condensed consolidated financial statements for the six months ended 30 June 2018 are the same as those followed in the preparation of the Group's audited consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2017.

Details of any changes in accounting policies are set out below.

Application of new and amendments to Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards ("HKFRSs")

In the current interim period, the Group has applied, for the first time, the following new and amendments to HKFRSs issued by the HKICPA that are relevant for the preparation of the Group's condensed consolidated financial statements:

HKFRS 9 Financial Instrument

HKFRS 15 Revenue from Contracts with Customers and the related Amendments

HK(IFRIC) – Int 22 Foreign Currency Transactions and Advance Consideration

Amendments to HKFRS 2 Classification and Measurement of Share-based Payment Transactions
Amendments to HKAS 28 As part of the Annual Improvements to HKFRSs 2014–2016 Cycle

The new and amendments to HKFRSs have been applied in accordance with the relevant transition provisions in the respective standards and amendments which results in changes in accounting policies, amounts reported and/or disclosures as described below.

Except these, the application of the amendments to HKFRSs in current period has had no material effect on the Group's financial performance and positions for the current period and prior years and/or disclosures set out in these condensed consolidated financial statements.

3.1 Impacts and changes in accounting policies of application on HKFRS 9 "Financial Instruments"

In the current period, the Group has applied HKFRS 9 "Financial Instruments" ("HKFRS 9") and the related consequential amendments to other HKFRSs. HKFRS 9 introduces new requirements for (1) the classification and measurement of financial assets and financial liabilities, (2) expected credit losses ("ECL") for financial assets and (3) general hedge accounting.

3.1 Impacts and changes in accounting policies of application on HKFRS 9 "Financial Instruments" (continued)

The Group has applied HKFRS 9 in accordance with the transition provisions set out in HKFRS 9. i.e. applied the classification and measurement requirements (including impairment) retrospectively to instruments that have not been derecognised as at 1 January 2018 (date of initial application) and has not applied the requirements to instruments that have already been derecognised as at 1 January 2018. The difference between carrying amounts as at 31 December 2017 and the carrying amounts as at 1 January 2018 are recognised in the opening retained profits and other components of equity, without restating comparative information.

Accordingly, certain comparative information may not be comparable as comparable information was prepared under HKAS 39 "Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement".

3.1.1 Key changes in accounting policies resulting from application of HKFRS 9

Classification and measurement of financial assets

Accounts receivables arising from contracts with customers are initially measured in accordance with HKFRS 15 "Revenue from Contracts with Customers" ("HKFRS 15").

All recognised financial assets that are within the scope of HKFRS 9 are subsequently measured at amortised cost or fair value, including unquoted equity investments measured at cost less impairment under HKAS 39. Such measurement basis depends on the Group's business model for managing financial assets and the contractual cash flow characteristics of the financial assets.

A financial asset is measured at amortised cost only if both of the following conditions are met:

- it is held within a business model whose objective is to hold assets in order to collect contractual cash flows; and
- the contractual terms of the financial asset represent contractual cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal outstanding.

3.1 Impacts and changes in accounting policies of application on HKFRS 9 "Financial Instruments" (continued)

3.1.1 Key changes in accounting policies resulting from application of HKFRS 9 (continued)

Classification and measurement of financial assets (continued)

Debt instruments that meet the following conditions are subsequently measured at fair value through other comprehensive income ("FVTOCI"):

- the financial asset is held within a business model whose objective is achieved by both collecting contractual cash flows and selling the financial assets; and
- the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

All other financial assets are subsequently measured at fair value through profit or loss ("FVTPL"), except that at the date of initial application of a financial asset the Group may irrevocably elect to present subsequent changes in fair value of an equity investment in other comprehensive income ("OCI") if that equity investment is neither held for trading nor contingent consideration recognised by an acquirer in a business combination to which HKFRS 3 Business Combinations applies.

Debt instruments classified as at FVTOCI

Subsequent changes in the carrying amounts for debt instruments classified as at FVTOCI as a result of interest income calculated using the effective interest method and foreign exchange gains and losses are recognised in profit or loss. All other changes in the carrying amount of these debt instruments are recognised in OCI and accumulated under the heading of FVTOCI reserve. Impairment allowance are recognised in profit or loss with corresponding adjustment to OCI without reducing the carrying amounts of these debt instruments. The amounts that are recognised in profit or loss are the same as the amounts that would have been recognised in profit or loss if these debt instruments had been measured at amortised cost. When these debt instruments are derecognised, the cumulative gains or losses previously recognised in other comprehensive income are reclassified to profit or loss.

3.1 Impacts and changes in accounting policies of application on HKFRS 9 "Financial Instruments" (continued)

3.1.1 Key changes in accounting policies resulting from application of HKFRS 9 (continued)

Classification and measurement of financial assets (continued)

Equity instruments designated as at FVTOCI

At the date of initial application, the Group may make an irrevocable election (on an instrument-by-instrument basis) to designate investments in equity instruments as at FVTOCI.

Investments in equity instruments at FVTOCI are initially measured at fair value plus transaction costs. Subsequently, they are measured at fair value with gains and losses arising from changes in fair value recognised in OCI and accumulated in the FVTOCI reserve; and are not subject to impairment assessment. The cumulative gain or loss will not be reclassified to profit or loss on disposal of the equity investments, and will be transferred to retained profits.

Dividends on these investments in equity instruments are recognised in profit or loss when the Group's right to receive the dividends is established in accordance with HKFRS 9, unless the dividends clearly represent a recovery of part of the cost of the investment. Dividends are included in the "revenue" line item in profit or loss.

Financial assets at FVTPL

Financial assets that do not meet the criteria for being measured at amortised cost or FVTOCI or designated as FVTOCI are measured at FVTPL.

Financial assets at FVTPL are measured at fair value at the end of each reporting period, with any fair value gains or losses recognised in profit or loss. The net gain or loss recognised in profit or loss excludes any dividend or interest earned on the financial asset and is included in the line item of the condensed consolidated statement of profit or loss.

The directors of the Company reviewed and assessed the Group's financial assets as at 1 January 2018 based on the facts and circumstances that existed at that date. Changes in classification and measurement on the Group's financial assets and the impacts thereof are detailed in Note 3.1.2.

3.1 Impacts and changes in accounting policies of application on HKFRS 9 "Financial Instruments" (continued)

3.1.1 Key changes in accounting policies resulting from application of HKFRS 9 (continued)

Impairment of financial assets under expected credit loss ("ECL") model

The Group recognises a loss allowance for ECL on financial assets which are subject to impairment under HKFRS 9 (including advances to customers in margin financing, other loans and receivables, financial assets at FVTOCI, accounts receivable, deposits and other receivables, amount due from an associate, restricted bank balance, pledged bank deposits, cash and cash equivalents, contract assets (if any) and loan commitments). The amount of ECL is updated at each reporting date to reflect changes in credit risk since initial recognition.

Lifetime ECL represents the ECL that will result from all possible default events over the expected life of the relevant instrument. In contrast, 12-month ECL ("12m ECL") represents the portion of lifetime ECL that is expected to result from default events that are possible within 12 months after the reporting date. Assessment are done based on the Group's historical credit loss experience, adjusted for factors that are specific to the debtors, general economic conditions and an assessment of both the current conditions at the reporting date as well as the forecast of future conditions.

The Group always recognises lifetime ECL for accounts receivable and contract assets (if any) that result from transactions within the scope of HKFRS 15 and the ECL on these assets are assessed individually for debtors with significant balances and/or collectively using a provision matrix with debtors having similar credit ratings.

For all other instruments, the Group applies the general approach to measure ECL for all financial assets and loan commitments which are subject to impairment under HKFRS 9. On this basis, the Group measures the loss allowance equal to 12m ECL, unless when there has been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition, in which case the Group recognises lifetime ECL. The assessment of whether lifetime ECL should be recognised is based on significant increases in the likelihood or risk of a default occurring since initial recognition.

3.1 Impacts and changes in accounting policies of application on HKFRS 9 "Financial Instruments" (continued)

3.1.1 Key changes in accounting policies resulting from application of HKFRS 9 (continued)

Impairment of financial assets under expected credit loss ("ECL") model (continued)

Significant increase in credit risk

In assessing whether the credit risk has increased significantly since initial recognition, the Group compares the risk of a default occurring on the financial instrument as at the reporting date with the risk of a default occurring on the financial instrument as at the date of initial recognition. In making this assessment, the Group considers both quantitative and qualitative information that is reasonable and supportable, including historical experience and forward-looking information that is available without undue cost or effort.

In particular, the following information is taken into account when assessing whether credit risk has increased significantly:

- an actual or expected significant deterioration in the financial instrument's external (if available) or internal credit rating;
- significant deterioration in external market indicators of credit risk, e.g. a significant increase in the credit spread, the credit default swap prices for the debtor;
- existing or forecast adverse changes in business, financial or economic conditions that are expected to cause a significant decrease in the debtor's ability to meet its debt obligations;
- an actual or expected significant deterioration in the operating results of the debtor;
- an actual or expected significant adverse change in the regulatory, economic, or technological environment of the debtor that results in a significant decrease in the debtor's ability to meet its debt obligations.

Irrespective of the outcome of the above assessment, the Group presumes that the credit risk has increased significantly since initial recognition when contractual payments are more than 30 days past due (except for advances to customers in margin financing where a shorten period of "past due" has been applied by the directors in view of the nature of business operation and practice in managing the credit risk), unless the Group has reasonable and supportable information that demonstrates otherwise.

3.1 Impacts and changes in accounting policies of application on HKFRS 9 "Financial Instruments" (continued)

3.1.1 Key changes in accounting policies resulting from application of HKFRS 9 (continued)

Impairment of financial assets under expected credit loss ("ECL") model (continued)

Significant increase in credit risk (continued)

For loan commitments, the date that the Group becomes a party to the irrevocable commitment is considered to be the date of initial recognition for the purposes of assessing the financial instrument for impairment. In assessing whether there has been a significant increase in the credit risk since initial recognition of a loan commitment, the Group considers changes in the risk of a default occurring on the loan to which a loan commitment relates.

The Group considers that default has occurred when the instrument is more than 90 days past due (except for advances to customers in margin financing where a shorten period of "past due" has been applied by the directors in view of the nature of business operation and practice in managing the credit risk), unless the Group has reasonable and supportable information to demonstrate that a more lagging default criterion is more appropriate

Measurement and recognition of ECL

The measurement of ECL is a function of the probability of default, loss given default (i.e. the magnitude of the loss if there is a default) and the exposure at default. The assessment of the probability of default and loss given default is based on historical data adjusted by forward-looking information.

Generally, the ECL is estimated as the difference between all contractual cash flows that are due to the Group in accordance with the contract and all the cash flows that the Group expects to receive, discounted at the effective interest rate determined at initial recognition.

For undrawn loan commitments, the ECL is the present value of the difference between the contractual cash flows that are due to the Group if the holder of the loan commitments draws down the loan, and the cash flows that the Group expects to receive if the loan is drawn down.

3.1 Impacts and changes in accounting policies of application on HKFRS 9 "Financial Instruments" (continued)

3.1.1 Key changes in accounting policies resulting from application of HKFRS 9 (continued)

Impairment of financial assets under expected credit loss ("ECL") model (continued)

Measurement and recognition of ECL (continued)

Interest income is calculated based on the gross carrying amount of the financial asset unless the financial asset is credit impaired, in which case interest income is calculated based on amortised cost of the financial asset.

Except for debt instruments that are measured at FVTOCI, the Group recognises an impairment gain or loss in profit or loss for all financial instruments by adjusting their carrying amount, with the exception of advances to customers in margin financing, and other loans and receivables, amount due from an associate and accounts receivables where the corresponding adjustment is recognised through a loss allowance account.

As at 1 January 2018, the directors of the Company reviewed and assessed the Group's existing financial assets and loan commitments for impairment using reasonable and supportable information that is available without undue cost or effort in accordance with the requirements of HKFRS 9. The results of the assessment and the impact thereof are detailed in Note 3.1.2.

Classification and measurement of financial liabilities

Financial liabilities continue to be measured at either amortised cost or FVTPL. The criteria for designating a financial liability at FVTPL by applying the fair value option remains unchanged.

For financial liabilities that are designated as at FVTPL, the amount of change in the fair value of the financial liability that is attributable to changes in the credit risk of that liability is recognised in OCI, unless the recognition of the effects of changes in the liability's credit risk in OCI would create or enlarge an accounting mismatch in profit or loss. The remaining amount of change in the fair value of liability is recognised in profit or loss. Changes in fair value attributable to the to a financial liability's credit risk that are recognised in OCI are not subsequently reclassified to profit or loss; instead, they are transferred to retained profits upon derecognition of the financial liability.

3.1 Impacts and changes in accounting policies of application on HKFRS 9 "Financial Instruments" (continued)

3.1.2 Summary of effects arising from initial application of HKFRS 9

The table below illustrates the classification and measurement (including impairment) of financial assets and financial liabilities and other items subject to ECL under HKFRS 9 and HKAS 39 at the date of initial application, 1 January 2018.

	Notes	Financial assets at FVTOCI HK\$'000	Advances to customers in margin financing, at amortised cost HK\$'000	Other loans and receivables at amortised cost HK\$'000	Financial assets at FVTPL required by HKAS 39/ HKFRS 9 HK\$'000	Available- for-sale investments HK\$'000	Available- for-sale investment revaluation reserve HK\$'000	FVTOCI investment revaluation reserve HK\$'000	Retained profits HK\$'000
At 31 December 2017 - HKAS 39 Effect arising from initial application of HKFRS 9:		-	4,948,219	4,657,898	9,117,713	14,645,553	(85,744)	-	1,144,472
Reclassification From available-for-sale investments Remeasurement	(a)	6,863,409	-	-	7,782,144	(14,645,553)	85,744	(65,005)	(20,739)
Impairment under ECL model	(b)	-	(517)	(3,900)	-	-	-	25,860	(30,277)
At 1 January 2018		6,863,409	4,947,702	4,653,998	16,899,857	-	-	(39,145)	1,093,456

Notes:

(a) Available-for-sale ("AFS") investments

From AFS equity investments to FVTPL

At the date of initial application of HKFRS 9, the Group's listed preference share investments of HK\$1,537 million, unlisted equity investments of HK\$903 million and unlisted fund investments of HK\$2,816 million were reclassified from available-for-sale investments to financial assets at FVTPL. The net fair value gains of approximately HK\$10 million relating to those investments previously carried at fair value were transferred from AFS investment revaluation reserve to retained profits.

3.1 Impacts and changes in accounting policies of application on HKFRS 9 "Financial Instruments" (continued)

3.1.2 Summary of effects arising from initial application of HKFRS 9 (continued)

Notes: (continued)

(a) Available-for-sale ("AFS") investments (continued)

From AFS equity investments to FVTOCI

The Group elected to present in OCI for the fair value changes of an equity investment of HK\$214 million previously classified as available-for-sale investments under HKAS 39. This investment is not held for trading and not expected to be sold in the foreseeable future. At the date of initial application of HKFRS 9, HK\$214 million were reclassified from available-for-sale investments to equity instruments at FVTOCI. The fair value gains of approximately HK\$2 million relating to this investment previously carried at fair value was reclassified from AFS investment revaluation reserve to FVTOCI investment reserve.

From AFS debt investments to FVTOCI

Listed bonds with a fair value of HK\$6,649 million were reclassified from available-for-sale investments to debt instruments at FVTOCI, as these investments are held within a business model whose objective is achieved by both collecting contractual cash flows and selling of these assets and the contractual cash flows of these investments are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding. Related fair value losses of HK\$67 million was reclassified from AFS investment revaluation reserve to FVTOCI investment reserve as at 1 January 2018.

From AFS debt investments to FVTPL

Listed bonds with a fair value of HK\$2,526 million were reclassified from available-for-sale investments to financial assets at FVTPL. This is because these financial assets are held within a business model whose objective is achieved by selling the listed debt instruments in the open market. Accordingly, these listed debt instruments were measured at fair value through profit or loss upon the application of HKFRS 9. The net fair value losses of approximately HK\$31 million relating to these AFS investments were transferred from AFS investment revaluation reserve to retained profits at 1 January 2018.

(b) Impairment under ECL model

Such amount represents the impairment under 12m ECL upon application of HKFRS 9 as detailed in 3.1.1.

As at 1 January 2018, the additional credit allowances of HK\$30,277,000 has been recognised against the retained profits. The additional loss allowance is charged against the respective asset. Based on the assessment performed on the date of initial application of HKFRS 9, the directors of the Company considered that the additional credit allowances in relation to deposits and other receivables, accounts receivable, amount due from an associate, restricted bank balances, pledged bank deposits and cash and cash equivalents are insignificant to the financial performance and position of the Group.

3.1 Impacts and changes in accounting policies of application on HKFRS 9 "Financial Instruments" (continued)

3.1.2 Summary of effects arising from initial application of HKFRS 9 (continued)

Notes: (continued)

(b) Impairment under ECL model (continued)

The following table reconciles the impairment allowance measured in accordance with HKAS 39 (under incurred loss model) as at 31 December 2017 to the new impairment allowance measured with HKFRS 9 (under ECL model) at 1 January 2018:

	Impairment	Impairment	Impairment
	allowance	allowance	allowance
	under	under	under
	HKAS 39	re-measurement	HKFRS 9
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Advances to customers in margin financing	929	517	1,446
Other loans and receivables	190,206	3,900	194,106
Financial asset at FVTOCI	–	25,860	25,860
Total	191,135	30,277	221,412

3.2 Impacts and changes in accounting policies of application on HKFRS 15 "Revenue from Contracts with Customers"

The Group has applied HKFRS 15 for the first time in the current interim period. HKFRS 15 superseded HKAS 18 "Revenue", HKAS 11 "Construction Contracts" and the related interpretations.

The Group recognises revenue from the following major sources:

- Commission income on securities dealing and broking;
- Commission income on underwriting and placing;
- Consultancy, financial advisory fee and financing arrangement fee income;
- Fund subscription and management fee income;
- Interest income from financial assets (under HKFRS 9 as detailed previously); and
- Dividend income (under HKFRS 9 as detailed previously).

3.2 Impacts and changes in accounting policies of application on HKFRS 15 "Revenue from Contracts with Customers" (continued)

The Group has applied HKFRS 15 retrospectively with the cumulative effect of initially applying this Standard recognised at the date of initial application, 1 January 2018. Any difference at the date of initial application is recognised in the opening retained profits (or other components of equity, as appropriate) and comparative information has not been restated. Furthermore, in accordance with the transition provisions in HKFRS 15, the Group has elected to apply the Standard retrospectively only to contracts that are not completed at 1 January 2018. Accordingly, certain comparative information may not be comparable as comparative information was prepared under HKAS 18 Revenue and HKAS 11 Construction Contracts and the related interpretations. The application of HKFRS 15 on 1 January 2018 has no material impact on the Group's financial performance for the current period and prior years, and accordingly, there is no adjustment on the opening retained profits.

3.2.1 Key changes in accounting policies resulting from application of HKFRS 15

HKFRS 15 introduces a 5-step approach when recognising revenue:

- Step 1: Identify the contract(s) with a customer
- Step 2: Identify the performance obligations in the contract
- Step 3: Determine the transaction price
- Step 4: Allocate the transaction price to the performance obligations in the contract
- Step 5: Recognise revenue when (or as) the Group satisfies a performance obligation.

Under HKFRS 15, the Group recognises revenue when (or as) a performance obligation is satisfied, i.e. when "control" of the goods or services underlying the particular performance obligation is transferred to the customer.

A performance obligation represents a good and service (or a bundle of goods or services) that is distinct or a series of distinct goods or services that are substantially the same.

Control is transferred over time and revenue is recognised over time by reference to the progress towards complete satisfaction of the relevant performance obligation if one of the following criteria is met:

- the customer simultaneously receives and consumes the benefits provided by the Group's performance as the Group performs;
- the Group's performance creates and enhances an asset that the customer controls as the Group performs; or
- the Group's performance does not create an asset with an alternative use to the Group and the Group has an enforceable right to payment for performance completed to date.

Otherwise, revenue is recognised at a point in time when the customer obtains control of the distinct good or service.

3.2 Impacts and changes in accounting policies of application on HKFRS 15 "Revenue from Contracts with Customers" (continued)

3.2.1 Key changes in accounting policies resulting from application of HKFRS 15 (continued)

The revenue from consultancy fees, financial advisory fee, financing arrangement fee and asset management fee are recognised over time and other types of revenue are recognised at point in time.

A contract liability represents the Group's obligation to transfer goods or services to a customer for which the Group has received consideration (or an amount of consideration is due) from the customer.

Variable consideration

For contracts that contain variable consideration, such as performance fee income, the Group estimates the amount of consideration to which it will be entitled using either (a) the expected value method or (b) the most likely amount, depending on which method better predicts the amount of consideration to which the Group will be entitled.

The estimated amount of variable consideration is included in the transaction price only to the extent that it is highly probable that such an inclusion will not result in a significant revenue reversal in the future when the uncertainty associated with the variable consideration is subsequently resolved.

At the end of each reporting period, the Group updates the estimated transaction price (including updating its assessment of whether an estimate of variable consideration is constrained) to represent faithfully the circumstances present at the end of the reporting period and the changes in circumstances during the reporting period.

3.2.2 Effects arising from initial application of HKFRS 15

At the date of initial application, included in the total receipt in advance, non-current portion and current portion of HK\$27 million and HK\$35 million respectively were related to advance billings to customers for consultancy, financial advisory fee and financing arrangement fee income services. These balances were reclassified to non-current portion and current portion contract liabilities upon application of HKFRS 15. Other than that, the application of HKFRS 15 in current period has had no material effect on the Group's financial performance and positions for the current period and prior years and/or disclosures set out in these unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements.

3.2 Impacts and changes in accounting policies of application on HKFRS 15 "Revenue from Contracts with Customers" (continued)

3.2.2 Effects arising from initial application of HKFRS 15 (continued)

The following table summarises the impacts of applying HKFRS 15 on the Group's condensed consolidated statement of financial position as at 30 June 2018 for each of the line items affected. Line items that were not affected by the changes have not been included.

			Amounts without application of
	As reported	Adjustments	HKFRS 15
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES			
Other liabilities, payables and accruals	162,211	26,508	188,719
Contract liabilities	26,508	(26,508)	_
CURRENT LIABILITIES			
Other liabilities, payables and accruals	466,519	35,439	501,958
Contract liabilities	35,439	(35,439)	_

4. Operating Segment Information

Operating segments are reported in a manner consistent with the internal reporting provided to the chief operating decision maker. The chief operating decision maker is the person or group that allocates resources to and assesses the performance of the operating segments of an entity. The Company has determined the members of the Executive Committee as its chief operating decision maker.

The segments are managed separately as each segment engages in different activities. The Group's operating and reportable segments are as follows:

- (a) the securities segment comprises broking and dealing of securities, futures and options contracts and the provision of margin financing services;
- (b) the corporate finance segment provides securities underwriting and sponsoring, financial advisory and financing arrangement services to institutional clients; and
- (c) the asset management and direct investment segment comprises provision of asset management services, direct investments in equities, bonds, funds, derivative instruments and other financial products and provision of money lending services.

4. Operating Segment Information (continued)

The following is an analysis of the Group's revenue and results by reportable and operating segments:

Six months ended 30 June 2018 (unaudited)

			Asset	
			management	
		Corporate	and direct	
	Securities	finance	investment	Total
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Segment revenue				
Revenue from external customers	244,795	5,001	857,874	1,107,670
		<u> </u>	 	
Net losses on financial assets at fair value				
through profit or loss	_	_	(819,919)	(819,919)
Loss on disposal of financial assets at				
fair value through other comprehensive				
income	_	_	(30,129)	(30,129)
Share of results of associates	_	_	8,373	8,373
Gain on disposal of a subsidiary	_	_	5,435	5,435
Other income and gains or losses, net	921	-	(78,432)	(77,511)
Total income (loss)	245,716	5,001	(56,798)	193,919
Segment results	62,511	(1,274)	(205,681)	(144,444)
Finance costs				(843,444)
Other unallocated income and gains				
or losses, net				(30,318)
Other unallocated expenses, net			-	(70,165)
Loss before tax				(1,088,371)
Income tax expense			-	(34,879)
Loss for the period				(1,123,250)

4. Operating Segment Information (continued)

Six months ended 30 June 2017 (unaudited)

			Asset management	
		Corporate	and direct	
	Securities	finance	investment	Total
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Segment revenue				
Revenue from external customers	188,278	192,865	484,138	865,281
Net gains on financial assets at fair value			004.555	004.555
through profit or loss	_	_	264,555	264,555
Gain on disposal of available-for-sale investments			20.000	20.000
Share of results of associates	_	_	32,822 7,086	32,822 7,086
Gain on deemed disposal of a joint venture	_	_	7,000	7,000
entity			200,705	200,705
Other income and gains or losses, net	2,128	204	33,933	36,265
Cirio incomo ana gamo or 100000, rict	2,120	204	00,000	00,200
Total income	190,406	193,069	1,023,239	1,406,714
Segment results	171,884	186,232	996,977	1,355,093
Finance costs				(481,038)
Other unallocated income and gains				(00,000)
or losses, net				(82,088)
Other unallocated expenses, net				(73,130)
Profit before tax				718,837
Income tax expense				(118,784)
Profit for the period				600,053

4. Operating Segment Information (continued)

The following is an analysis of the Group's assets and liabilities by operating segments:

	As at	As at
	30 June	31 December
	2018	2017
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
	(Unaudited)	(Audited)
Assets		
Securities	6,157,738	5,993,311
Corporate finance	557,490	120,534
Asset management and direct investment	32,513,577	35,319,758
Total segment assets	39,228,805	41,433,603
Deferred tax assets	8,354	8,522
Other unallocated assets	4,044,433	4,882,644
Total assets	43,281,592	46,324,769
Liebiliaie		
Liabilities Securities	1,411,943	1 400 700
Corporate finance	327,255	1,483,703 333,812
Asset management and direct investment	6,850,131	9,663,487
Asset management and direct investment	0,000,101	3,000,401
Total segment liabilities	8,589,329	11,481,002
Tax payable	216,760	181,516
Deferred tax liabilities	92,569	166,102
Other unallocated liabilities	31,835,508	30,433,327
	21,222,300	20, .20,321
Total liabilities	40,734,166	42,261,947

4. Operating Segment Information (continued)

Geographical information:

The segments' operations are primarily located in Hong Kong and all of the Group's revenue is derived from Hong Kong and the People's Republic of China (the "PRC").

The following table sets out information about the geographical location of (i) the Group's revenue from external customers (including its associates) and (ii) the Group's property and equipment, intangible assets, other long term assets and investments accounted for using the equity method ("specified non-current assets"). The geographical location of customers is based on the location at which the services were provided. The geographical location of the specified non-current assets is based on the physical location of the asset, in the case of property and equipment; and the location of the core operations in the case of other specified non-current assets.

	Revenu	ie from	Spe	cific
	external customers Six months ended		non-current assets As at	
	30 June	30 June	30 June	31 December
	2018	2017	2018	2017
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
	(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)	(Audited)
Hong Kong	1,026,038	817,170	28,911	56,040
PRC	81,632	48,111	26,237	13,696
	1,107,670	865,281	55,148	69,736

5. Revenue

An analysis of the Group's revenue is as follows:

	Six months ended	
	30 June	30 June
	2018	2017
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
	(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)
Developed (note (N)		
Revenue (note (i))		
Commission and fee income (note (ii)):		
Fee and commission income on securities dealing	47.540	10.005
and broking (note (iii))	17,548	13,335
Placing and underwriting fee income (note (v))	4,002	24,672
Consultancy, financial advisory fee and financing arrangement	50,000	100.057
fee income (note (iv))	56,892	199,957
Fund subscription and management fee income (note (vi))	8,975	38,102
Other service income (note (vi))	860	852
	88,277	276,918
Interest income:		
Interest income from other loans and receivables (note (vi))	299,941	209,602
Interest income from an associate (note (vi))	45,920	11,507
Interest income from financial assets at fair value		
through profit or loss (note (vi))	100,389	37,799
Interest income from financial assets at fair value		
through other comprehensive income (note (vi))	176,969	_
Interest income from margin financing activities (note (iii))	218,466	174,943
Interest income from available-for-sale investments (note (vi))	_	105,370
	841,685	539,221
Investment income	211,550	, •
Dividend income (note (vi))	177,708	49,142
	,	<u> </u>
	1,107,670	865,281
	1,107,070	000,201

Notes:

- (i) To better reflect the major revenue sources of the Group and its proportion to the total revenue, the Group has decided to classify revenue items into three major categories: "Commission and fee income", "Interest income" and "Investment income" for the purpose of preparing the condensed consolidation financial statements for the period ended 30 June 2018. Accordingly, comparative information has been reclassified to conform to the current period's presentation.
- (ii) The commission and fee income is the only revenue arising under the scope of HKFRS 15, while interest income and net investment income are under the scope of HKFRS 9.
- (iii) Amounts are reported under securities segment as set out in note 4.

5. Revenue (continued)

Notes: (continued)

- (iv) Amounts of consultancy, financial advisory fee and financing arrangement fee income of HK\$8,781,000, HK\$999,000 and HK\$47,112,000 have been included in securities segment, corporate finance segment and asset management and direct investment segment respectively.
- (v) Amounts are reported under corporate finance segment set out in Note 4.
- (vi) Amounts are reported under asset management and direct investment segment set out in Note 4.

6. Other Income and Gains or Losses, Net

An analysis of other income and gains or losses, net is as follows:

	Six months ended	
	30 June	30 June
	2018	2017
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
	(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)
Bank interest income	30,291	8,766
Foreign exchange differences and other gains and losses, net	(44,227)	(32,433)
Fair value losses on financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss	(93,893)	(22,156)
	(107,829)	(45,823)

7. Disposal of Subsidiaries

(a) On 25 April 2018, the Group entered into the sale and purchase agreement with an independent third party ("Purchaser") under which the Group agreed to sell and the Purchaser agreed to purchase the shares of Concept Pioneer Limited ("Concept Pioneer"), a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company, and the shareholders' loan from the Group to Concept Pioneer at the total consideration of HK\$703.3 million ("Disposal"). The Disposal has been fully settled and completed on 29 June 2018.

As at 29 June 2018, the shareholders' loan from the Group to Concept Pioneer was HK\$585.3 million. Accordingly, the consideration for the sales of shares of Concept Pioneer is HK\$118 million.

7. Disposal of Subsidiaries (continued)

(a) (continued)

Analysis of assets and liabilities over which control was lost:

29 June
2018
HK\$'000
(Unaudited)
507,934
214,397
(585,326)
(24,466)
112,539
HK\$'000
703,300
(585,326)
117,974
117,974
(112,539)
5,435

⁽b) The Group disposed a subsidiary, Brilliant Focus Limited on 17 February 2017, on which date 100% equity interest of Brilliant Focus Limited was passed to the acquirer, for a consideration of RMB1,000,000 (equivalent to approximately HK\$1,130,000).

7. Disposal of Subsidiaries (continued)

(b) (continued)

Analysis of assets and liabilities over which control was lost:

	17 February
	2017
	HK\$'000
	(Unaudited)
Intangible asset	1,462
irta igible asset	1,402
Net assets disposed of	1,462
	HK\$'000
Consideration received:	
Cash received	1,130
Total consideration received	1,130
Loss on disposal of a subsidiary	
Consideration received	1,130
Net assets disposed of	(1,462)
	(332)

8. Finance Costs

An analysis of finance costs is as follows:

	Six months ended	
	30 June	30 June
	2018	2017
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
	(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)
Interest on loans from the ultimate holding company	23,881	26,333
Interest on loans from an intermediate holding company	446,326	364,316
Interest on bank borrowings	299,091	90,389
Interest on financial assets sold under repurchase agreements		
and other activities	74,146	_
	843,444	481,038

9. (Loss) Profit Before Tax

The Group's (loss) profit before tax is arrived at after charging:

	Six months ended	
	30 June	30 June
	2018	2017
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
	(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)
Depreciation	4,534	3,271
Minimum lease payments under operating leases:		
office premises	22,645	21,156
 office equipment 	244	108
Auditor's remuneration:		
 Statutory audit service fee 	1,200	480
Employee benefit expenses (including directors' remuneration)	52,176	44,811

10. Income Tax Expense

	Six months ended	
	30 June	30 June
	2018	2017
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
	(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)
Current tax:		
Hong Kong	103,201	91,891
PRC	5,043	5,107
	108,244	96,998
Deferred tax	(73,365)	21,786
	34,879	118,784

Hong Kong Profits Tax is calculated at 16.5% on the estimated assessable profits arising in Hong Kong for the current and prior period. Under the Law of the People's Republic of China on Enterprise Income Tax (the "EIT Law") and Implementation Regulation of the EIT Law, the tax rate of the PRC subsidiaries is 25%.

11. (Loss) Earnings Per Share Attributable to Owners of the Company

The calculations of basic and diluted (loss) earnings per share attributable to the owners of the Company are based on the following data:

	Six months ended	
	30 June	30 June
	2018	2017
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
	(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)
(Loss) earnings		
(Loss) profit for the period attributable to owners of the Company,		
used as (loss) earnings for the purpose of basic (loss) earnings		
per share	(1,156,342)	584,149
	Number	of shares
	1 January 2018	1 January 2017
	to	to
	30 June 2018	30 June 2017
	'000	'000
Number of shares		
Weighted average number of ordinary shares for the purpose of		
basic (loss) earnings per share	3,588,466	3,537,788

No diluted (loss) earnings per share was presented for both periods because there were no potential dilutive ordinary shares during both the current and prior period.

	30 June	31 December
	2018	2017
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
	(Unaudited)	(Audited)
Assets		
Non-current:		
Mandatory at FVTPL		
-Unlisted convertible bonds and convertible notes (note (i))	814,991	2,136,536
—Unlisted fund investments (note (iii))	7,073,376	2,759,746
	7,888,367	4,896,282
Current:		
Mandatory at FVTPL		
Listed preference shares	417,388	469,080
Unlisted preference shares (note (iv))	495,000	_
Unlisted convertible bonds and convertible notes (note (i))	1,213,638	79,394
—Unlisted convertible bonds with put option (note (ii))	330,366	398,302
Financial assets held for trading		
- Listed equity investments	2,496,295	2,883,081
-Listed debt investments	3,615,127	101,209
—Unlisted put options on listed equity investments,	040.744	070.050
at fair value (note (iv))	312,741	272,852
 Unlisted put options on unlisted equity investments, at fair value (note (iv)) 		17,513
at fair value (note (iv))		17,010
	8,880,555	4,221,431
	0,000,000	7,221,401
Liabilities		
Current:		
Unlisted investments		
Payables to interest holders of unlisted consolidated		
investment funds, measured at FVTPL (note (v))	548,076	194,981
,		- ,
Non-current:		
Unlisted investments		
Payables to interest holders of unlisted consolidated		
investment fund, measured at FVTPL (note (v))	_	223,762

(i) On 3 February 2016, the Group set up a fund, Huarong International Asset Management Growth Fund LP (the "Growth Fund"), which acquired unlisted convertible notes with principal amount of U\$\$30,000,000, approximately HK\$233,625,000 equivalent and U\$\$40,000,000, approximately HK\$310,660,000 equivalent on 15 February 2016 and 10 March 2016, respectively, which were issued by an independent party, a listed company in Hong Kong, bearing fixed interest rate of 4.5% per annum payable semi-annually, maturity on 15 February 2019 and 10 March 2019, and with conversion price of HK\$3.00 per share of the aforesaid listed company in Hong Kong. The convertible notes are freely transferrable. On 14 December 2016, convertible notes with principal amount of U\$\$30,000,000 were disposed. On 5 May 2018, the convertible notes with principal amount of U\$\$10,000,000 were converted into shares. The fair value of the remaining convertible notes amounted to approximately HK\$487,275,000 as at 30 June 2018 (31 December 2017: HK\$557,775,000), which was estimated by an independent firm of professional valuers.

On 20 May 2016, the Group acquired unlisted convertible bonds, with principal amount of HK\$500,000,000 issued by an independent party, a listed company in Hong Kong, bearing fixed interest rate of 7% per annum payable semi-annually, maturity on 20 May 2019 with conversion price of HK\$3.476 per share of the aforesaid listed company in Hong Kong. The fair value of the convertible bonds amounted to approximately HK\$666,363,000 as at 30 June 2018 (31 December 2017: HK\$757,472,000), which was estimated by an independent firm of professional valuers.

On 26 October 2016, the Group acquired unlisted convertible bonds, with principal amount of HK\$100,000,000 issued by an independent party, a listed company in Hong Kong, bearing fixed interest rate of 5% per annum payable annually, maturity on 25 October 2017, extendable on a mutually agreed basis, to 25 October 2018 with conversion price of HK\$0.675 per share of the aforesaid listed company in Hong Kong. On 15 March 2017, the convertible bonds with principal amount of HK\$25,000,000 were converted into shares and the extension of maturity was mutually agreed on 8 August 2017. The fair value of the remaining convertible bonds amounted to approximately HK\$60,000,000 as at 30 June 2018 (31 December 2017: HK\$79,394,000), which was estimated by an independent firm of professional valuers.

On 4 December 2017, the Group acquired unlisted convertible bonds, with principal amount of HK\$800,000,000 issued by an independent party, a listed company in Hong Kong, bearing fixed interest rate payable semi-annually of 7% per annum for the period from and including the issue date up to and excluding the first anniversary of the issue date and 8% per annum for the period from the first anniversary of the issue date up to and including the maturity date, maturity on 3 December 2019 with conversion price of HK\$3.27 per share of the aforesaid listed company in Hong Kong. The fair value of the convertible bonds amounted to approximately HK\$814,991,000 as at 30 June 2018 (31 December 2017: HK\$821,289,000), which was estimated by an independent firm of professional valuers. The Group does not expect that the convertible bonds will be transferred to third parties by the Group within the next twelve months and has accordingly classified the convertible bonds as non-current assets.

- On 12 November 2015, the Group subscribed for unlisted convertible bonds with principal amount of HK\$275,000,000 which were issued by an independent party, a listed company in Hong Kong. and bears fixed interest rate of 4% per annum payable quarterly, and matures on 12 November 2017, extendable at the bondholder's sole and absolute discretion, to 12 November 2018 with initial conversion price of HK\$0.77 per share of the aforesaid listed company in Hong Kong. On 13 November 2015, a put option was granted by an independent third party to the Group, pursuant to which the Group has the right to require the issuer of the put option to purchase all outstanding convertible bonds held by the Group anytime within the 30 days period prior to the maturity date of the convertible bonds at an agreed price. On 30 June 2016, the put option agreement was revised by both parties mutually. Under the revised put option agreement, the Group has the right to require the issuer of the put option to pay the agreed sum in cash, an amount which is equal to the difference between the option price and redemption price. The fair value of the convertible bonds amounted to approximately HK\$220,000,000 (31 December 2017: HK\$315,032,000) and the fair value of the put option amounted to approximately HK\$110,366,000 (31 December 2017: HK\$83,270,000) as at 30 June 2018, which was estimated by an independent firm of professional valuers.
- (iii) As at 30 June 2018, included in financial assets mandatory at fair value through profit or loss are unlisted fund investments of approximately HK\$7,073,376,000 (31 December 2017: HK\$2,760,000,000) which are mainly investments in a portfolio of fixed income products to achieve capital appreciation and investment returns in the medium to long term basis. The Group does not expect that these unlisted fund investments will be transferred to third parties by the Group within the next twelve months and has accordingly classified as non-current assets.
- (iv) On 30 March 2016, the Group purchased listed securities together with a put option at an aggregate consideration of approximately HK\$339,659,000. The put option gives the Group the right to require the issuer, an independent third party, to purchase a maximum of 190,798,000 shares of a listed company in Hong Kong at a range of pre-determined prices in a specific period. At the expiry date, the Group can sell all shares that has not been sold till then, at a price determined in accordance with the put option agreement. The fair value of the put option amounted to approximately HK\$ nil as at 30 June 2018 (31 December 2017: HK\$49,213,000), which was estimated by an independent firm of professional valuers.

(iv) (continued)

On 8 June 2017, the Group purchased preference shares together with a put option at an aggregate consideration of approximately HK\$900,000,000. The put option gives the Group the right to require the issuer, an independent third party, to purchase a maximum of 900,000 preference shares of an unlisted company in Hong Kong at a range of pre-determined prices in a specific period. At the expiry date of the put option, the issuer of put option shall purchase and the Group shall sell all shares that has not been sold till then, at a price determined in accordance with the put option agreement. The fair value of the put option amounted to approximately HK\$17,513,000 as at 31 December 2017, which was estimated by an independent firm of professional valuer. As at 31 December 2017, the preference shares have been presented in available-for-sale investments in note 13. As at initial application date of HKFRS 9, it has been classified as financial assets at fair value through profit or loss as set out in note 3.

During the current interim period, the issuer has failed to pay the first annual preferential dividend in accordance with the relevant agreements in a sum of HK\$54,000,000 which was due and payable to the Group on 9 June 2018 and has failed to replace certain expiring receivable contracts with eligible receivable contracts pursuant to agreement. On 21 June 2018, the Group has exercised the events of default put option pursuant to the relevant agreement by delivering a put notice to the issuer to require it to repurchase the preferred shares at a put price of HK\$1,085 per preferred share for a total put price of HK\$976,500,000. According to the relevant agreement, the transaction will be settled within 7 business days after the date of the put notice is delivered and the preferred shares will be transferred only when it is settled. As at 30 June 2018, the transaction has not been settled and preferred shares not transferred. Accordingly, the transaction is considered not yet completed. The fair value of the instrument amounted to approximately HK\$495,000,000, which was determined based on discounted cash by taking into account of the credit risk of the issuer. Subsequent to the current period end and up to the reporting date of these financial statements, the above-mentioned put option has not been settled and the transaction is considered not yet completed.

On 6 December 2017, the Group purchased listed securities together with a put option at an aggregate consideration of approximately HK\$181,073,000. The put option is presented in the current portion of listed equity investment as at period end. The put option gives the Group the right to require the issuer of put option, an independent third party, to purchase shares of a listed company in Hong Kong at a range of pre-determined prices in a specific period. At the expiry date of the put option, the issuer of put option shall purchase and the Group shall sell all shares that has not been sold till then, at a price determined in accordance with the put option agreement. The fair value of the put option amounted to approximately HK\$95,171,000 as at 30 June 2018 (31 December 2017: HK\$84,461,000), which was estimated by an independent firm of professional valuers.

(iv) (continued)

On 18 December 2017, the Group purchased listed securities together with a put option at an aggregate consideration of approximately HK\$728,671,000. The put option is presented in the current portion of listed equity investment as at period end. The put option gives the Group the right to require the issuer of put option, an independent third party, to purchase shares of a listed company in Hong Kong at a range of pre-determined prices in a specific period. At the expiry date of the put option, the issuer of put option shall purchase and the Group shall sell all shares that has not been sold till then, at a price determined in accordance with the put option agreement. The fair value of the put option amounted to approximately HK\$212,396,000 as at 30 June 2018 (31 December 2017: HK\$135,622,000), which was estimated by an independent firm of professional valuers.

(v) As at 30 June 2018 and 31 December 2017, included in financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss are the non-controlling interests of unlisted consolidated investment funds.

As at 30 June 2018 and 31 December 2017, a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Group held 65% interests in Paragon Resort Fund L.P. (the "PRF Fund") as a limited partner (the "First-Tier Limited Partner of the PRF Fund"). According to the limited partnership agreement, at the end of the term of the PRF Fund, the First-Tier Limited Partner of the PRF Fund will be entitled to a priority return of its own capital contribution and a 8% preferred return; thereafter the second-tier limited partner is entitled to return of its own capital contribution. Thereafter, 60% and 40% of the residual amount of the consolidated investment fund will be distributed to First-Tier Limited Partner of the PRF Fund and second-tier limited partner, respectively. Accordingly, the interests of the second-tier limited partner in the consolidated investment fund are classified as financial liabilities measured at fair value through profit or loss of approximately HK\$31,057,000 as at 30 June 2018 (31 December 2017: HK\$51,121,000).

As at 30 June 2018 and 31 December 2017, a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Group held 50% interests in Visual Dome Fund L.P. (the "VD Fund") as a limited partner (the "First-Tier Limited Partner of the VD Fund"). According to the limited partnership agreement, at the end of the term of the VD Fund, the First-Tier Limited Partner of the VD Fund will be entitled to a priority return of its own capital contribution and a 10.5% preferred return; thereafter the second-tier limited partner is entitled to return of its own capital contribution. Thereafter, 20% and 80% of the residual amount of the consolidated investment fund will be distributed to First-Tier Limited Partner of the VD Fund and second-tier limited partner, respectively. Accordingly, the interests of the second-tier limited partner in the consolidated investment fund are classified as financial liabilities measured at fair value through profit or loss of approximately HK\$211,587,000 as at 30 June 2018 (31 December 2017: HK\$143,860,000).

(v) (continued)

As at 30 June 2018 and 31 December 2017, a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Group held 90% interests in Growth Fund mentioned in note (i) as a limited partner (the "First-Tier Limited Partner of the Growth Fund"). Pursuant to the limited partnership agreement of the Growth Fund, the interests in the Growth Fund as a limited partner provide the Group with the return of capital equal to 100% of its total invested capital and a fixed proceed of 12% per annum return of its invested capital to First-Tier Limited Partner of the Growth Fund. If the Growth Fund eventually holds its investment, i.e. a convertible note mentioned in note (i), till maturity (three years period), the total minimum return of First-Tier Limited Partner of the Growth Fund is guaranteed at 12% per annum of its invested capital. Thereafter, the second-tier limited partner is entitled to return of its own capital contribution. Thereafter 20% and 80% of the residual amount of the consolidated investment fund will be distributed to First-Tier Limited Partner of the Growth Fund and second-tier limited partner, respectively. Accordingly, the interests of the second-tier limited partner are classified as financial liabilities measured at fair value through profit or loss of approximately HK\$305,432,000 as at 30 June 2018 (31 December 2017: HK\$223,762,000).

The Group did not provide any financial support to the above unlisted consolidated investment funds during the period ended 30 June 2018 and the year ended 31 December 2017.

13. Available-For-Sale Investments

	30 June 2018 HK\$'000	31 December 2017 HK\$'000
	(Unaudited)	(Audited)
Non-current:		
Listed debt investments, at fair value	-	3,891,956
Unlisted fund investments, at fair value (note)	_	2,815,649
Unlisted equity investments, at fair value	-	903,639
	-	7,611,244
Current:		
Listed preference share investments, at fair value	_	1,537,308
Listed debt investments, at fair value	_	5,282,534
Unlisted equity investment, at fair value	-	214,467
	_	7,034,309
	_	14,645,553

Upon application of HKFRS 9 on 1 January 2018, the Group's listed preference share investments, listed debt investments, unlisted equity investments and unlisted fund investments of HK\$7,782 million were reclassified from available-for-sale investments to financial assets at FVTPL.

In addition, listed debt investments and unlisted equity investments amounting to HK\$6,863 million were reclassified from available-for-sale investments to financial assets at FVTOCI. Details of the reclassification are set out in note 3.

Note:

The Group invested in investment funds. These investment funds mainly invested in listed equities, debt securities and derivatives, with a primary objective to provide the investors with capital appreciation and investment income.

Details of disclosure for fair value measurement are set out in note 29.

14. Financial Assets at Fair Value through Other Comprehensive Income

	30 June	31 December
	2018	2017
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
	(Unaudited)	(Audited)
Non-current:		
Listed debt investments, at fair value	1,526,463	-
Current:		
Listed debt investments, at fair value	4,943,963	_
	6,470,426	_

During the period, the loss in respect of changes in fair value of the Group's financial assets at FVTOCI recognised in other comprehensive income amounted to approximately HK\$321,962,000. During the period, the Group disposed of financial assets at FVTOCI with proceeds of approximately HK\$1,154,875,000 to independent third parties, and a loss of approximately HK\$30,129,000 was reclassified from other comprehensive income to profit or loss upon disposal.

Interest income derived from financial assets at FVTOCI was recognised as "interest income from financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income" within "revenue".

Loss allowance - Debt investment at FVTOCI

	Stage 1 HK\$'000	Stage 2 HK\$'000	Stage 3 HK\$'000	Total HK\$'000
	(unaudited)	(unaudited)	(unaudited)	(unaudited)
Loss allowance as at				
31 December 2017	_	_	_	_
Remeasurement under ECL model	25,860	_	_	25,860
Loss allowance as at 1 January 2018	25,860	_	_	25,860
Changes in the loss allowance				
- Transfer to stage 2	(975)	975	-	_
 Decreases due to change in 				
credit risk	(2,265)	_	_	(2,265)
Loss allowance as at 30 June 2018	22,620	975	-	23,595

14. Financial Assets at Fair Value through Other Comprehensive Income (continued)

Loss allowance - Debt investment securities at FVTOCI (continued)

Loss allowance is recognised in profit or loss with corresponding adjustment to OCI without reducing the carrying amounts of debt instruments measured at FVTOCI (see accounting policy in Note 3).

Definition of Stage 1, Stage 2 and Stage 3 are as below:

- Stage 1: Exposures where there has not been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition and that are not credit-impaired upon origination, the portion of the lifetime ECL associated with the probability of default events occurring within the next 12 months is recognised.
- Stage 2: Exposures where there has been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition but are not credit-impaired, a lifetime ECL (i.e. reflecting the remaining lifetime of the financial asset) is recognised.
- Stage 3: Exposures are assessed as credit-impaired when one or more events that have a detrimental impact on the estimated future cash flows of that asset have occurred. For exposures that have become credit-impaired, a lifetime ECL is recognised and interest revenue is calculated by applying the effective interest rate to the amortised cost (net of provision) rather than the gross carrying amount.

15. Investments Accounted for Using the Equity Method and Amount Due from an Associate

	30 June	31 December
	2018	2017
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
	(Unaudited)	(Audited)
Associates:		
Cost of unlisted investments in associates	17,062	17,062
Share of results of associates	9,499	1,126
Exchange differences	(64)	477
	26,497	18,665

Details of principal investments accounted for using the equity method are disclosed as follows:

Interest held by the Group

Name of entity	Country of incorporation	As at 30 June 2018	As at 31 December 2017	Principal activities
Hua Rong Bo Run International Investment Holdings Limited	НК	40%	40%	Investment holding
華融柏潤(珠海)資產管理 有限公司	PRC	40%	40%	Asset management and advisory services for mergers and acquisitions

The share of (loss) profit arisen from Hua Rong Bo Run International Investment Holdings Limited, and from 華融柏潤(珠海)資產管理有限公司 for the period ended 30 June 2018 was loss of HK\$5,250,000 (2017: profit of HK\$164,000) and profit of HK\$13,623,000 (2017: profit of HK\$962,000) respectively.

During the prior interim period, the Group lost joint control over the joint venture as the Group had no participation right in the decision making in the future. The loss of joint control was a deemed disposal. The Group recognised the interest in Gold Brilliant Investment Limited as available-for-sale investment based on the fair value at the date of loss of joint control. The difference between the fair value and carrying amount before disposal was recognised as net gain on deemed disposal of approximately HK\$200,705,000 in profit or loss in 2017. The loan provided by Concept Pioneer, a subsidiary of the company, to Gold Brilliant Investment Limited has been reclassified to "Other loans and receivables" with the balance of HK\$497,542,000 as at the prior year end. During the current period, the Group has disposal of Concept Pioneer to an external third party. Details have been set out in note 7.

15. Investments Accounted for Using the Equity Method and Amount Due from an Associate (continued)

The carrying amount of amount due from an associate Hua Rong Bo Run International Investment Holdings Limited was approximately HK\$456,721,000 (31 December 2017: HK\$1,532,328,000) as at 30 June 2018 with an interest rate of 7% per annum, repayable on 21 May 2022 and extendable to 2 years and a balance of interest receivable amounting to HK\$2,402,000 (31 December 2017: HK\$11,735,000). The carrying amount is shown net of credit allowance of HK\$9,323,000 (31 December 2017: HK\$30,916,000).

16. Other Loans and Receivables

	30 June	31 December
	2018	2017
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
	(Unaudited)	(Audited)
Other loans and receivables	8,385,060	9,493,366
Less: Provision for impairment	(329,510)	(190,206)
	8,055,550	9,303,160
Secured	7,772,853	8,463,519
Unsecured	282,697	839,641
	8,055,550	9,303,160
Anglyand on		
Analysed as:	0.450.000	4 4 40 505
Current	6,153,983	4,149,535
Non-current	1,901,567	5,153,625
	8,055,550	9,303,160

16. Other Loans and Receivables (continued)

As at 30 June 2018, other loans and receivables included loans to independent third parties which are secured and/or backed by guarantees and collaterals, with contractual interest rates ranging from 5% to 12% per annum (31 December 2017: 2% to 11% per annum) with contractual maturity ranging from approximately one month to two and a half years from 30 June 2018 (31 December 2017: approximately one month to three years from 31 December 2017).

As at 30 June 2018, other loans and receivables with carrying amount of approximately HK\$7,612,853,000 (31 December 2017: HK\$8,267,232,000) is secured by properties in Australia and the PRC, unlisted convertible bonds issued by a company listed in Hong Kong, listed equity issued by a company listed in Hong Kong and unlisted equity. The remaining carrying amount of approximately HK\$160,000,000 (31 December 2017: HK\$196,287,000) represents a 5% guaranteed note with contractual maturity of approximately one month from 30 June 2018 (contractual maturity of approximately eight months from 31 December 2017) and is secured by the borrower with a listed equity in Hong Kong and unlisted equity during the year/period.

As at 30 June 2018, unsecured other loans and receivables included a 8.5% redeemable fixed coupon notes with carrying amount of approximately HK\$282,697,000 (31 December 2017: HK\$334,013,000) with contractual maturity of approximately one year from 30 June 2018 (contractual maturity of approximately six months from 31 December 2017). The remaining carrying amount of approximately HK\$ nil (31 December 2017: HK\$505,628,000) represent unsecured other loans and receivables with personal or corporate guarantees.

The management of the Group believes that the collateral is sufficient to cover the entire balance for secured loans and no recent history of default of borrowers for unsecured loans.

As at 30 June 2018, the Group has concentration of credit risk as 43% (31 December 2017: 47%) of the total other loans and receivables was due from the Group's five largest borrowing customers. Interest income derived from other loans and receivables was recognised as "interest income from other loans and receivables" within "revenue".

Regular reviews on these loans are conducted by the risk management department based on the latest status of these loans, and the latest announced or available information about the borrowers and the underlying collateral held. Apart from collateral monitoring, the Group seeks to maintain effective control over its loans in order to minimise credit risk by regularly reviewing the borrowers' and/or guarantors' financial positions.

16. Other Loans and Receivables (continued)

Analysis of the gross carrying amount of other loans and receivables is as follows:

	Stage 1 HK\$'000 (unaudited)	Stage 2 HK\$'000 (unaudited)	Stage 3 HK\$'000 (unaudited)	Total HK\$'000 (unaudited)
Gross carrying amount as at				
1 January 2018	9,303,160	-	190,206	9,493,366
Transfer from/to 12-month ECL				
to/from lifetime ECL	(743,079)	311,640	431,439	_
Net lending made during the period	(1,546,626)	428,691	9,629	(1,108,306)
Gross carrying amount as at				
30 June 2018	7,013,455	740,331	631,274	8,385,060

Movements in the provision for impairment of other loans and receivables are as follows:

30 June 2018

				Impairment	
	Stage 1	Stage 2	Stage 3	allowance	
	12-month	Lifetime	Lifetime	under	
	ECL	ECL	ECL	HKAS 39	Total
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
	(unaudited)	(unaudited)	(unaudited)	(unaudited)	(unaudited)
As at 31 December 2017	_	_	-	190,206	190,206
Restated on adoption of					
HKFRS 9	3,900	_	190,206	(190,206)	3,900
Transfer from/to 12-month					
ECL to/from lifetime ECL	_	6,160	(6,160)	_	-
(Credited) charged to profit					
or loss	_	7,464	127,940	-	135,404
As at 30 June 2018	3,900	13,624	311,986	-	329,510

16. Other Loans and Receivables (continued)

31 December 2017

	Total
	HK\$'000
	(Audited)
As at 1 January 2017	50,077
Provision for impairment losses	140,129
As at 31 December 2017	190,206

There are no other loans and receivables that are past due but not impaired.

Interest income derived from other loans and receivables was recognised as "interest income from other loans and receivables" as set out in note 5. The carrying value of the other loans and receivables is approximate to their fair value.

17. Advances to Customers in Margin Financing

	30 June	31 December
	2018	2017
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
	(Unaudited)	(Audited)
Loans to customers in margin financing	5,034,194	4,949,148
Less: provision for impairment	(162,238)	(929)
	4,871,956	4,948,219

The loans to customers in margin financing are interest-bearing and secured by the underlying pledged securities. The Group maintains a list of approved securities for margin lending at a specific loan to collateral ratio. Any excess in the lending ratio will trigger a margin call in the case of which the customers have to make additional funds for the shortfall.

17. Advances to Customers in Margin Financing (continued)

Analysis of the gross carrying amount of advances to customers in margin financing is as follows:

	Stage 1 HK\$'000 (Unaudited)	Stage 2 HK\$'000 (Unaudited)	Stage 3 HK\$'000 (Unaudited)	Total HK\$'000 (Unaudited)
Gross carrying amount as at				
1 January 2018	4,948,219	-	929	4,949,148
Transfer from/to 12-month ECL to				
lifetime ECL	(201,159)	_	201,159	_
Net (decrease) increase in lending to				
customers during the period	77,732	-	7,314	85,046
Gross carrying amount as at				
30 June 2018	4,824,792	-	209,402	5,034,194

Definition of Stage 1, Stage 2 and Stage 3 is the same as the definition as detailed in note 14.

Movements in provision for impairment of advances to customers in margin financing are as follows:

30 June 2018

	Stage 1 12-month ECL	Stage 2 Lifetime ECL	Stage 3 Lifetime ECL	Impairment allowance under HKAS 39	Total
	HK\$'000 (unaudited)	HK\$'000 (unaudited)	HK\$'000 (unaudited)	HK\$'000 (unaudited)	HK\$'000 (unaudited)
	(unauditeu)	(unaudited)	(unaudited)	(unaudited)	(unauditeu)
As at 31 December 2017	-	-	-	929	929
Restated on adoption of HKFRS 9	517	-	929	(929)	517
Transfer from/to 12-month ECL to lifetime ECL	(32)	_	32	_	_
Charged to profit or loss	762	_	160,030	-	160,792
As at 30 June 2018	1,247	-	160,991	-	162,238

17. Advances to Customers in Margin Financing (continued)

31 December 2017

	Total
	HK\$'000
	(Audited)
As at 1 January 2017	1,323
Reversal of provision for impairment losses, net	(394)
As at 31 December 2017	929

As advances to customers in margin financing are repayable on demand in nature, no ageing analysis is disclosed as in the opinion of the Directors of the Company, the ageing analysis does not give additional value in the view of the revolving nature of the business of securities margin financing.

18. Accounts Receivable

	30 June	31 December
	2018	2017
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
	(Unaudited)	(Audited)
Accounts receivable from:		
 securities, futures and options dealing services 		
- clients	8,702	7,653
 brokers, dealers and clearing houses 	8,375	7,845
corporate finance	12,890	56,368
- asset management	8,230	7,531
	38,197	79,397
Provision for impairment	(1,204)	(243)
	36,993	79,154

18. Accounts Receivable (continued)

An aged analysis of the Group's accounts receivable, based on the trade date and net of provision for impairment, is as follows:

	30 June	31 December
	2018	2017
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
	(Unaudited)	(Audited)
Current to 1 month	15,360	75,199
1 to 3 months	3,124	1,734
3 months to 1 year	9,605	2,158
Over 1 year	8,904	63
	36,993	79,154

The movements in provision for impairment of accounts receivable are as follows:

	30 June	31 December
	2018	2017
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
	(Unaudited)	(Audited)
At beginning of period/year	243	223
Provision of impairment, net	961	20
At end of period/year	1,204	243

19. Restricted Bank Balances

The Group maintains segregated trust accounts with licenced banks to hold clients' monies arising from its normal course of business licenced by the Securities and Futures Commission. The Group has classified these clients' monies as restricted bank balances under the current assets section of the condensed consolidated statement of financial position and recognised the corresponding amounts payable to the respective clients on the ground that it is liable for any loss or misappropriation of these clients' monies. The Group is not permitted to use the clients' monies to settle its own obligations.

20. Cash and Cash Equivalents and Pledged Bank Deposits

Cash at banks earns interest at floating rates based on daily bank deposit rates. Short term time deposits are made for varying periods of between one day and three months depending on the immediate cash requirements of the Group, and earn interest at the respective short term time deposit rates. The bank balances and pledged deposits are deposited with creditworthy banks with no recent history of default.

21. Accounts Payable

An aged analysis of the Group's accounts payable, based on the settlement due date, is as follows:

	30 June	31 December
	2018	2017
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
	(Unaudited)	(Audited)
Current to 1 month	3,484,979	3,758,807

As at 30 June 2018, included in the accounts payable is the account payable to financial institutions of approximately HK\$2,732,122,000 (31 December 2017: HK\$2,950,110,000) which is the margin financing accommodation to the Group for its investment trading. The balance is interest bearing at the rates ranging from 2.8% to 3.5% per annum (2017: 2.1% to 2.8%).

The accounts payable are unsecured and repayable on the settlement date of the relevant trades or upon demand from customers.

As at 30 June 2018, accounts payable with carrying amount of approximately HK\$738,070,000 (31 December 2017: HK\$686,662,000) are interest-bearing at bank savings deposit rates.

22. Other Liabilities, Payables and Accruals

	30 June 2018 HK\$'000 (Unaudited)	31 December 2017 HK\$'000 (Audited)
Current portion:		
Other payables	2,815	4,437
Interest payables (note (i))	246,519	242,964
Accruals (note (ii))	33,999	54,444
Receipt in advance	107,717	88,402
Deferred income (note (iii))	75,469	64,331
	466,519	454,578
Non-current portion:		
Other payables	1,416	1,322
Deferred income (note (iii))	160,795	210,098
	162,211	211,420

Notes:

- (i) Included in interest payables are the interest payables amounting to HK\$246,519,000 (31 December 2017: HK\$242,964,000) in relation to the loans from an intermediate holding company of an aggregate amount of US\$2,379,680,000 (31 December 2017: US\$2,379,680,000) at annual interest rates of ranging from 3.85% to 6.02% (31 December 2017: 3.85% to 6.02%) and loans from the ultimate holding company of an aggregate amount of RMB200,000,000 (31 December 2017: RMB500,000,000) at annual interest rates of 6.1% (31 December 2017: 5.7% to 6.1%) and HK\$43,486,000 (31 December 2017: HK\$38,242,000) interest payable in relation to bank borrowing.
- (ii) Accruals mainly represent HK\$12,653,000 (31 December 2017: HK\$30,140,000) salaries and bonus payable.
- (iii) Deferred income mainly represents the day 1 gain or loss arising from put option investments with the underlying assets of listed securities as disclosed in Note 29 that in respect of fair value is based on a valuation technique which included the significant unobservable input. Accordingly, the directors of the Company determine that the difference between the fair value at initial recognition and the transaction price shall be recognised and amortised to the profit or loss in accordance with the terms of the instruments and to the extent that market participants would take into account when pricing them.

23. Interest-Bearing Borrowings

	30 June	31 December
	2018	2017
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
	(Unaudited)	(Audited)
Danklaana	10 200 000	10 005 401
Bank loans	12,389,898	13,835,491
	12,389,898	13,835,491
Loan from the ultimate holding company	237,220	598,150
Loan from an intermediate holding company	18,678,106	18,604,336
	31,305,224	33,037,977
Secured	1,933,078	1,997,039
Unsecured	29,372,146	31,040,938
	31,305,224	33,037,977
	01,000,221	
The carrying amounts of the above borrowings are repayable*:		
Within one year	18,468,191	14,360,202
Within a period of more than one year but not exceeding two years	3,273,591	5,871,071
Within a period of more than two years but not exceeding five years	6,440,785	10,011,216
Within a period of more than five years	3,122,657	2,795,488
	31,305,224	33,037,977
-		
The carrying amounts of bank loans that contain a repayment on demand clause (shown under current liabilities) but repayable:		
Within one year	10,766,820	12,198,452
Within a period of more than one year but not exceeding two years	1,030,028	-
Within a period of more than two years but not exceeding five years	593,050	1,637,039
	12,389,898	13,835,491
Amounts due within one year shown under current liabilities	7,701,371	2,161,750
	.,	
Amounts shown under current liabilities	20,091,269	15,997,241
Amounts shown under non-current liabilities	11,213,955	17,040,736
	04 005 00 1	00 007 077
	31,305,224	33,037,977

 $^{^{\}star}\,\,$ The amounts due are based on scheduled repayment dates set out in the loan agreements.

23. Interest-Bearing Borrowings (continued)

As at 30 June 2018, the Group had loans (the "Company Loans") amounting to approximately US\$2,379,680,000 (equivalent to approximately HK\$18,678,106,000) (31 December 2017: US\$2,379,680,000 (equivalent to approximately HK\$18,604,336,000)) from its intermediate holding company, China Huarong International Holdings Limited ("CHIH") and RMB200,000,000 (equivalent to approximately HK\$237,220,000) (31 December 2017: RMB500,000,000 (equivalent to approximately HK\$598,150,000)) from the ultimate holding company, China Huarong Asset Management Co., Ltd. ("China Huarong") for the expansion of the Group's business. The Company Loans bear interest at fixed interest rates ranging from 3.85% to 6.1% per annum (31 December 2017: 3.85% to 6.1% per annum) and are repayable in six months to nine years (31 December 2017: one month to ten years) from the end of the reporting period.

As at 30 June 2018, the Group has utilised bank loan facilities amounting to RMB1,368,417,000 (equivalent to approximately HK\$1,623,078,000) (31 December 2017: RMB1,368,417,000 (equivalent to approximately HK\$1,637,039,000)) which are secured by pledge of the Group's time deposits with carrying amount of approximately HK\$1,941,778,000 (31 December 2017: HK\$1,898,063,000) and repayable on demand.

In addition, bank borrowings of HK\$310,000,000 (31 December 2017: HK\$360,000,000) are secured by the listed shares (held by the Group as security for advances to customers in margin financing with the customers' consent) as at 30 June 2018. The Company had provided corporate guarantees in respect of the Group's utilised banking facilities to the extent of HK\$610,000,000 (31 December 2017: HK\$660,000,000). Certain indirect wholly-owned subsidiaries, namely Huarong International Securities Limited and Huarong International Capital Limited also provided corporate guarantees in respect of the Group's banking facilities to the extent of US\$40,000,000 (equivalent to approximately HK\$313,960,000) (31 December 2017: US\$40,000,000 (equivalent to approximately HK\$312,720,000)).

As at 30 June 2018, the Group has undrawn bank facilities of approximately HK\$1,392,346,000 (31 December 2017: HK\$1,963,232,000), and the Group utilised approximately HK\$12,389,898,000 (31 December 2017: HK\$13,835,491,000) of these banking facilities.

As at 30 June 2018, the Group did not fulfil certain financial covenants, primarily those relating to interest coverage, imposed by banks on some bank borrowings, which triggered further technical defaults because of cross default clauses in other bank borrowing arrangements. The aggregate amount of borrowings in respect of which there was a breach of financial covenants or cross default was HK\$9,836,000,000 (31 December 2017: HK\$3,000,000,000) as at 30 June 2018. Accordingly, outstanding balances for these borrowings have been presented as current liabilities at end of the current period. The banks had not requested early repayment of the loan as of the date when these financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors. Management is in the process of renegotiating the terms of the respective loan agreements with the banks.

24. Share Capital

	Number of shares	Total value HK\$'000
Authorised		
Ordinary shares of HK\$0.001 each at 30 June 2018		
and 31 December 2017	1,000,000,000,000	1,000,000
Issued and fully paid		
At 1 January 2017 (audited)	3,338,107,918	3,338
Shares issued upon rights issue (note (a))	250,358,093	250
At 31 December 2017 and 1 January 2018 (audited)	3,588,466,011	3,588
At 30 June 2018 (unaudited)	3,588,466,011	3,588

Note:

25. Financial Assets Sold Under Repurchase Agreements

	30 June	31 December
	2018	2017
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
	(Unaudited)	(Audited)
Analysed by collateral type:		
Bonds	3,218,741	3,209,716
Preference shares	1,177,140	823,088
	4,395,881	4,032,804
Analysed by market:		
Inter-bank market	4,395,881	4,032,804

⁽a) The rights issue on the basis of 1.5 rights shares for every 20 existing shares held on the record date of 11 January 2017 became unconditional on 6 February 2017. On 10 February 2017, the Company issued and allotted 250,358,093 rights shares at HK\$2.63 per rights share and successfully raised net proceeds of approximately HK\$652,032,000 for expanding and developing the securities and direct investment business.

25. Financial Assets Sold Under Repurchase Agreements (continued)

Sales and repurchase agreements are transactions in which the Group sells bonds and preference shares and simultaneously agrees to repurchase it (or an asset that is substantially the same) at the agreed date and price. The repurchase prices are pre-determined and the Group is still exposed to substantially all the credit risks, market risks and rewards of those bonds and preference shares sold.

As at 30 June 2018, the Group entered into repurchase agreements with different financial institutions to sell bonds and preference shares recognised as financial assets at FVTPL and FVTOCI with carrying amount of approximately HK\$3,657,303,000 and HK\$2,799,399,000 (31 December 2017: HK\$6,366,176,000), respectively, which are subject to the simultaneous agreements to repurchase these investments at the agreed date and price. These bonds and preference shares are not derecognised from the financial statements but regarded as "collateral" for the liabilities because the Group retains substantially all the risks and rewards of these bonds and preference shares.

26. Perpetual Capital Securities Classified as Equity Instruments

	Principal HK\$'000	Distribution HK\$'000	Total HK\$'000
Balance at 1 January 2017	_	_	_
Issuance of perpetual capital securities (Note)	1,186,854	_	1,186,854
Profit attributable to holder of perpetual capital securities	_	41,550	41,550
Distribution relating to perpetual capital securities	_	(19,186)	(19,186)
Balance at 31 December 2017 (audited)	1,186,854	22,364	1,209,218
Profit attributable to holder of			
perpetual capital securities	_	33,092	33,092
Distribution relating to perpetual capital securities	_	(33,507)	(33,507)
Balance at 30 June 2018 (unaudited)	1,186,854	21,949	1,208,803

Note: During the year ended 31 December 2017, the Company issued perpetual capital securities with the principal amount of US\$152,964,000 (equivalent to approximately HK\$1,190,323,000) to CHIH, an intermediate holding company of the Company, with an issuing cost approximately HK\$3,469,000. The perpetual capital securities are classified as equity instruments, as there is no maturity of the instruments and the payments of distribution can be deferred into perpetuity at the discretion of the Company. When the Company elects to distribute, the distribution to the holder of perpetual capital securities shall be made at the distribution rate as set out in the subscription agreement.

27. Operating Lease Commitments

The Group leases certain of its office properties and office equipment under operating lease arrangements. Leases for properties are negotiated for terms ranging from one to four years (31 December 2017: one to three years), and those for office equipment are for terms of four years (31 December 2017: four years).

At the end of the reporting period, the Group had total future minimum lease payments under non-cancellable operating leases falling due as follows:

	30 June	
	2018	2017
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
	(Unaudited)	(Audited)
Within one year	46,327	50,849
In the second to fifth years, inclusive	45,284	66,072
	91,611	116,921

28. Related Party Transactions

In addition to the transactions and balances disclosed elsewhere to the condensed consolidated financial statements, the Group had the following related party transactions during the period:

(a) Compensation of key management personnel of the Group, including directors' and the chief executive's remuneration, is as follows:

	Six months ended	
	30 June 30 Jul	
	2018 20 HK\$'000 HK\$'0 (Unaudited) (Unaudited)	
Short term employee benefit	4,701 3,711	

28. Related Party Transactions (continued)

(b) During the period ended 30 June 2018, the Group had the following material transactions with related parties:

	Six months ended	
	30 June	30 June
	2018	2017
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
	(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)
Interest expenses to an intermediate holding company (Note (i))	446,326	364,316
Interest expense to the ultimate holding company (Note (ii))	23,881	19,660
Underwriting income from a fellow subsidiary (Note (iii))	4,002	5,952
Consultancy fee income from an associate (Note (iv))	-	7,786
Interest income from an associate (Note (v))	45,920	11,507
Interest income from a related party (Note (vi))	-	17,517

Notes:

- (i) During the period, CHIH, an intermediate holding company provided an aggregate amount of approximately U\$\\$2,378,680,000 (31 December 2017: U\$\\$2,379,680,000), approximately HK\\$18,678,106,000 (31 December 2017: approximately HK\\$18,604,336,000) company loans. The loans bear annual interest rate ranging from 3.85% to 6.02% per annum (31 December 2017: 3.85% to 6.02% per annum) and repayable in six months to nine years (31 December 2017: one to ten years) from the end of the reporting period. Approximately HK\\$199,326,000 (31 December 2017: HK\\$201,741,000) interest payables are incurred from the loans as at 30 June 2018.
- (ii) During the period, China Huarong, the ultimate holding company provided an aggregate amount of RMB200,000,000 (31 December 2017: RMB500,000,000), approximately HK\$237,220,000 (31 December 2017: HK\$598,150,000) company loans. The loans bear annual interest rate at 6.1% per annum (31 December 2017: 5.7% to 6.1% per annum) and repayable in seven months (31 December 2017: one year).
- (iii) During the period ended 30 June 2018, the Group earned underwriting income of HK\$4,002,000 (30 June 2017: HK\$5,952,000) from its fellow subsidiary, Huarong Finance 2017 Co., Ltd in respect of the issuance of medium term notes. The total amount represented continuing connected transactions.
- (iv) During the period ended 30 June 2017, the Group earned consultancy fee income from its associate, Hua Rong Bo Run International Investment Holdings Ltd., in respect of the term loan facility.
- (v) During the period, the Group provided an aggregate amount of US\$58,800,000 (31 December 2017: US\$196,000,000) loans, approximately HK\$466,044,000 (31 December 2017: HK\$1,563,244,000) to Hua Rong Bo Run International Investment Holdings Ltd. The loans bear annual interest rate at 7 % and repayable in four years (extendable to six years). The carrying amount was netted off by collective allowance of HK\$9,323,000 (31 December 2017: HK\$30,916,000) which is collective impairment.
- (vi) During the period ended 30 June 2017, the Group provided an aggregate amount of HK\$500,000,000 to Eagle Shine Enterprises Limited, a wholly-owned subsidiary of China Tian Yuan Finance Group (Holdings) Limited. The loan bears annual interest rate at 7 % and repayable in one year.

28. Related Party Transactions (continued)

(b) (continued)

The Group is indirectly controlled by China Huarong, which is indirectly controlled by the PRC government through the Ministry of Finance (the "MOF"). MOF is the major shareholder of China Huarong as at 30 June 2018. For the current period, in addition to those disclosed above, the Group has undertaken transactions with certain entities directly or indirectly owned by the PRC government, including but not limited to receiving loan facilities, rendering underwriting services. The Group is of opinion that these transactions are in normal business terms that do not require separate disclosure.

29. Fair Value and Fair Value Hierarchy of Financial Instruments

Fair value of the Group's financial assets (liabilities) that are measured at fair value on a recurring basis

Some of the Group's financial assets (liabilities) are measured at fair value at the end of each reporting period. The following table gives information about how the fair values of these financial assets and financial liabilities are determined (in particular, the valuation technique(s) and inputs used), as well as the level of the fair value hierarchy into which the fair value measurements are categorised (levels 1 to 3) based on the degree to which the inputs to the fair value measurements is observable.

- Level 1 fair value measurements are those derived from quoted prices (unadjusted) in active market for identical assets or liabilities;
- Level 2 fair value measurements are those derived from inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (i.e. as prices) or indirectly (i.e. derived from prices); and
- Level 3 fair value measurements are those derived from valuation techniques that include inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs).

29. Fair Value and Fair Value Hierarchy of Financial Instruments (continued)

Fair value of the Group's financial assets (liabilities) that are measured at fair value on a recurring basis (continued)

An analysis of the Group's financial assets (liabilities) measured at fair value as at 30 June 2018 and 31 December 2017 are as follows:

		Fair value as at 30 June 2018 '000 (unaudited)	Fair value as at 31 December 2017 '000 (audited)	Fair value hierarchy	Valuation technique(s) and key input(s)	Significant unobservable inputs	Reasonable change in key inputs +/-	Increase (decrease) in fair value of financial instruments by reasonable changes in significant inputs
Finar	ncial assets							
1)	Financial assets classified as held for trading	Listed equity securities: - HK\$2,496,295	Listed equity securities: - HK\$2,883,081	Level 1	Note (a)	N/A	N/A	N/A
2)	Financial assets classified as held for trading	Unlisted put option: - HK\$312,741	Unlisted put option: — HK\$290,365	Level 3	Note (j)	Volatility ranging from 25.84% to 42.58% (2017: 27.46% to 53%)	10% (volatility ranging from 23.25% to 46.84% (2017: 24.71% to 58.30%))	Increase/decrease in volatility: HK\$19,311,453/ HK\$(19,093,387) (2017: HK\$23,989,211/ HK\$(24,327,158))
3)	Financial assets classified as held for trading	Listed debt investments - HK\$3,615,127	Listed debt investments - HK\$101,209	Level 2	Note (b)	N/A	N/A	N/A
4)	Financial assets mandatory at fair value through profit or loss	Listed preference shares - HK\$417,388	Listed preference shares — HK\$469,080	Level 2	Note (b)	N/A	N/A	N/A
5)	Financial assets mandatory at fair value through profit or loss	Unlisted convertible bonds and convertible notes: — HK\$2,028,629	Unlisted convertible bonds and convertible notes: — HK\$2,215,930	Level 3	Note (c)	Volatilities ranging from 21.88% to 68.22% (2017: 21.05% to 56.77%)	10% (volatility ranging from 19.69% to 75.04% (2017: 18.95% to 62.44%))	Increase/decrease in volatility: HK\$597,000/HK\$(668,000) (2017: HK\$19,009,000/ HK\$(19,191,000)
						Discount rates ranging from 7.44% to 34.589 (2017: 16.45% to 27.88%)	10% (discount rate 6 ranging from 6.70% to 51.32% (2017: 14.81% to 30.67%))	Decrease/increase in discount or rate: HK\$12,854,332 HK\$(11,301,332) (2017: HK\$27,695,000/ HK\$(27,218,000))

29. Fair Value and Fair Value Hierarchy of Financial Instruments (continued)

Fair value of the Group's financial assets (liabilities) that are measured at fair value on a recurring basis (continued)

_		Fair value as at 30 June 2018 '000 (unaudited)	Fair value as at 31 December 2017 '000 (audited)	Fair value hierarchy	Valuation technique(s) and key input(s)	Significant unobservable inputs	Reasonable change in key inputs +/-	Increase (decrease) in fair value of financial instruments by reasonable changes in significant inputs
6)	Financial assets mandatory at fair value through profit or loss	Unlisted convertible bonds with put option: — HK\$330,366	Unlisted convertible bonds with put option: — HK\$398,302	Level 3	Note (c)	Volatility of 62.06% (2017: 25.5%)	10% (volatility ranging from 55.85% to 68.26% (2017: 22.95% to 28.05%)	Increase/decrease in volatility: HK\$4,230,000/HK\$1,350,000 (2017 HK\$5,010,000/ HK\$1,530,000)
						Discount rate of 47.59% (2017: 20.64%)	10% (discount rate ranging from 42.83% to 52.35% (2017: 18.58% to 22.70%))	Decrease/increase in discount rate: HK\$19,980,000 HK\$(19,980,000)/(2017: HK\$5,817,000/ HK\$(5,637,000))
7)	Financial assets mandatory at fair value through profit or loss	Unlisted fund investments — HK\$3,938,574	Unlisted fund investments — HK\$2,759,746	Level 2	Note (k)	N/A	N/A	N/A
8)	Financial assets mandatory at fair value through profit or loss	Unlisted fund investments — HK\$794,802	Unlisted fund investments — HK\$nil	Level 2	Note (g)	N/A	N/A	N/A
9)	Financial assets mandatory at fair value through profit or loss	Unlisted fund investments - HK\$2,340,000	Unlisted fund investments — HK\$nil	Level 2	Note (i)	N/A	N/A	N/A
10)	Financial assets mandatory at fair value through profit or loss	Unlisted preference shares — HK\$495,000	Unlisted preference shares — HK\$nil	Level 3	Note (d)	Discount rate of 49.31%	10% (discount ranging from 44.38% to 54.24%)	Decrease/increase in discount rate: HK\$36,011,000/ HK\$(62,987,000)
11)	Financial assets classified as available-for-sale investments	Listed bond securities and preference shares — HK\$nil	Listed bond securities and preference shares — HK\$10,711,798	Level 2	Note (b)	N/A	N/A	N/A

29. Fair Value and Fair Value Hierarchy of Financial Instruments (continued)

Fair value of the Group's financial assets (liabilities) that are measured at fair value on a recurring basis (continued)

		Fair value as at 30 June 2018 '000 (unaudited)	Fair value as at 31 December 2017 '000 (audited)	Fair value hierarchy	Valuation technique(s) and key input(s)	Significant unobservable inputs	Reasonable change in key inputs +/-	Increase (decrease) in fair value of financial instruments by reasonable changes in significant inputs
12)	Financial assets classified as available-for-sale investments	Unlisted preference shares — HK\$nil	Unlisted preference shares — HK\$903,639	Level 3	Note (d)	Discount rate of nil% (2017: 12.5)	10% (2017: discount rate ranging from 11.25% to 13.75%))	Increase/decrease in discount rate: HK\$nil (2017: HK\$(151,744,000)/ HK\$199,071,000)
13)	Financial assets classified as available-for-sale investments	Unlisted equity shares — HK\$nil	Unlisted equity shares — HK\$214,467	Level 3	Note (h)	Liquidity discount	10%	Increase/decrease in discount rate: HK\$nil (2017: HK\$(43,260,000)/ HK\$52,874,000)
14)	Financial assets classified as available-for-sale investments	Unlisted fund investments — HK\$nil	Unlisted fund investments — HK\$475,865	Level 2	Note (g)	N/A	N/A	N/A
15)	Financial assets classified as available-for-sale investments	Unlisted fund investments — HK\$nil	Unlisted fund investments — HK\$2,339,784	Level 2	Note (i)	N/A	N/A	N/A
16)	Financial assets classified as FVTOCI investments	Listed bond securities – HK\$6,470,426	Listed bond securities — HK\$nil	Level 2	Note (b)	N/A	N/A	N/A
Fina	ncial liabilities							
1)	Payables to interest holders of unlisted consolidated investment funds, measured at FVTPL	Non-controlling interests in consolidated investment fund: — HK\$242,644	Non-controlling interests in consolidated investment fund: — HK\$194,981		Note (e)	N/A	N/A	N/A
2)	Payables to interest holders of unlisted consolidated investment funds, measured at FVTPL	Non-controlling interests in consolidated investment fund: — HK\$305,432	Non-controlling interests in consolidated investment fund: — HK\$223,762		Note (f)	Volatility of 49.16% (2017: 31.23%)	10% (volatility ranging from 44.24% to 54.07% (2017: 28.11% to 34.35%)	Increase/decrease in volatility: HK\$560,000/HK\$(394,000) (2017: HK\$206,000/ HK\$(111,000))
						Discount rate of 16.42% (2017: 16.45%)	10% (discount ranging from 14.78% to 18.07% (2017: 14.81% to 18.10%)	Decrease/increase in discount rate: HK\$192,000/ HK\$(191,000) (2017: HK\$505,000/HK\$(501,000)

29. Fair Value and Fair Value Hierarchy of Financial Instruments (continued)

Fair value of the Group's financial assets (liabilities) that are measured at fair value on a recurring basis (continued)

Notes:

- (a) Quoted bid price in an active market.
- (b) The fair value was determined with reference to quoted price provided by brokers/financial institutions.
- (c) Discounted cash flows model for debt component. The key inputs are credit rating of the issuer, cash flows, discount rate and remaining time to maturity. Binomial option pricing model for equity component. The key inputs are exercise price of the options, current share price of the underlying assets of the options, expected volatility, time to maturity, risk free rate, dividend yield and discount rate.
- (d) The fair value was determined by adopting the discounted cash flows model. Future cash flows are estimated based on expected cash flows discounted at rate taking into account of the credit risk of the issuer.
- (e) Share of net asset value based on (i) the fair value of underlying investments which are publicly traded equity investments and (ii) the terms of the consolidated investment funds.
- (f) Share of net asset value based on (i) the fair value of unlisted convertible investments and (ii) the terms of the consolidated investment fund
- (g) Dealing price of the investment funds derived from the net asset values of the investment funds with reference to observable quoted price of underlying investment portfolio in active markets.
- (h) The Group has determined that the fair value at the end of the reporting period by using market approach. The key inputs are price earnings ratio of comparable listed companies and a discount reflecting the lack of liquidity.
- (i) Fair value determined based on discounted cash flow. Future cash flows are based on the contracted value as at predetermined dates, discounted at a rate determined by observable market yield.
- (j) The fair value was determined based on option pricing model with exercise price of the options, current share price of the underlying assets of the options, expected volatility, time to maturity, risk free rate, dividend yield and discount rate.
- (k) The fair value was determined with reference to the recent transaction price of the investments.

The directors of the Company consider that the carrying amounts of financial assets and financial liabilities recorded at amortised cost in the condensed consolidated financial statements approximate their fair values.

There was no transfers of fair value measurements between Levels 1 and 2 in the current interim period.

29. Fair Value and Fair Value Hierarchy of Financial Instruments (continued)

Fair value of the Group's financial assets (liabilities) that are measured at fair value on a recurring basis (continued)

The reconciliation of the Group's Level 3 fair value measurements of financial assets and financial liabilities are as follows:

	30 June 2018 HK\$'000 (Unaudited)	30 June 2017 HK\$'000 (Unaudited)
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss:		
At beginning of the period Reclassified from financial assets at AFS investments at 1 January 2018 upon application of HKFRS 9	2,904,597 903,639	1,808,593
Disposed during the period Fair value loss recognised on financial assets mandatory at FVTPL	(66,726) (574,774)	(10,375) (2,478)
At end of the period Financial assets classified as available-for-sale investments:	3,166,736	1,795,740
At beginning of the period Reclassified as financial assets at FVTOCI at 1 January 2018	1,118,106	-
upon application of HKFRS 9 Reclassified as financial assets at FVTPL at 1 January 2018 upon application of HKFRS 9 Purchased during the period Fair value gain in other comprehensive income	(214,467) (903,639) –	- 3,927,831 824
At end of the period	-	3,928,655

29. Fair Value and Fair Value Hierarchy of Financial Instruments (continued)

Fair value of the Group's financial assets (liabilities) that are measured at fair value on a recurring basis (continued)

	30 June 2018 HK\$'000 (Unaudited)	30 June 2017 HK\$'000 (Unaudited)
Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss:		
At beginning of the period Contribution from second-tier limited partners of consolidated	223,762	_
investment fund during the period	-	81,860
Net losses during the period	81,670	65,259
	305,432	147,119
Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income: At beginning of the period Reclassified from financial assets at AFS investments at 1 January 2018	-	-
upon application of HKFRS 9	214,467	_
Fair value loss recognised on financial assets at FVTOCI Disposed during the period	(70) (214,397)	
At end of the period/year	-	_

30. Contingent Liabilities

Regarding the alleged claims against Huarong International Securities Limited (formerly known as United Simsen Securities Limited) ("HISL"), an indirectly wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company, that was previously disclosed in the audited financial statements of the Group for the period from 1 May 2015 to 31 December 2015, the plaintiff did not take any further action since August 2013 and there was no substantial progress as at 30 June 2018. The Group has sought legal advice on the alleged claims and the Directors consider that HISL has good defence and has a strong case to pursue its counterclaim against the plaintiff. The Directors consider that it is not probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle these alleged claims.

31. Dividends

At a meeting of the Board held on 16 March 2018, the Board has resolved to pay a final dividend of HK1.70 cents per ordinary share in cash to shareholders for the year ended 31 December 2017. The final dividend was paid on 20 June 2018, with a total of approximately HK\$61 million.

The Board has resolved not to declare the payment of any interim dividend for the six months ended 30 June 2018 (30 June 2017: Nil).

32. Event After the Reporting Period

Except for the event after the reporting period as disclosed in note 12 (iv), the directors of the Company have evaluated the subsequent events of the Group up to 30 August 2018, which is the reporting date of this condensed consolidated financial statements. There are no material subsequent events to report.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Directors' and Chief Executive's Interests and Short Positions in Shares, Underlying Shares and Debentures

As at 30 June 2018, none of the directors nor chief executive of the Company or their respective associates had any interests or short positions in the shares, underlying shares and debentures of the Company or any of its associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the Securities and Futures Ordinance (the "SFO")), which were required to be notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to Divisions 7 and 8 of Part XV of the SFO (including interests and short positions which they were taken or deemed to have under such provisions of the SFO) or which were required to be and were recorded in the register required to be kept by the Company under section 352 of the SFO, or as otherwise notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Issuers (the "Model Code") as set out in Appendix 10 to the Listing Rules.

Share Option Scheme

Pursuant to an ordinary resolution passed at the annual general meeting held on 9 September 2011, a share option scheme (the "Scheme") was adopted. The Scheme became effective on 9 September 2011 and, unless otherwise cancelled or amended, will remain in force for 10 years from that date. The purpose of the Scheme is to enable the Group to grant options to the Eligible Participants (as defined below) as incentives or rewards for their contribution to the Group.

The maximum number of shares issuable under share options to each Eligible Participant in the Scheme within any 12-month period is limited to 1% of the shares of the Company in issue at the exercise date. Any further grant of share options in excess of this limit is subject to shareholders' approval in a general meeting.

The directors of the Company shall, in accordance with the provisions of the Scheme, be entitled but shall not be bound at any time during which the Scheme is effective to make an offer to any person belonging to the following classes of participants (the "Eligible Participants") to subscribe:

- (a) any employee who is an employee (whether full time or part time, including any executive director but excluding any non-executive director) of the Company, any subsidiary of the Company (the "Subsidiary") or any entity in which any member of the Group holds any equity interest (the "Invested Equity");
- (b) any non-executive directors (including independent non-executive directors) of the Company, any Subsidiary or any Invested Entity;
- (c) any supplier of goods or services to any member of the Group or any Invested Entity;
- (d) any customer of the Group or any Invested Entity;

Share Option Scheme (continued)

- (e) any person or entity that provides research, development or other technological support to the Group or any Invested Entity;
- (f) any shareholder of any member of the Group or any Invested Entity or any holder of any securities issued by any member of the Group or any Invested Entity;
- (g) any other group or classes of participants from time to time determined by the directors of the Company as having contributed or may contribute by way of joint venture and business alliance to the development and growth of the Group; and
- (h) any company wholly owned by one or more Eligible Participants.

Share options to be granted to a director, chief executive or substantial shareholder of the Company, or to any of their associates, are subject to approval in advance by the independent non-executive directors of the Company.

In addition, any share options granted to a substantial shareholder or an independent non-executive director of the Company, or to any of their associates, in excess of 0.1% of the shares of the Company in issue at any time or with an aggregate value (based on the price of the Company's shares at the date of grant) in excess of HK\$5 million, within any 12-month period, are subject to shareholders' approval in advance in a general meeting.

The offer of a grant of share options may be accepted within 21 days from the date of offer, upon payment of a nominal consideration of HK\$1 in total by the grantee. The exercise period of the share options granted is determinable by the directors of the Company, and commences after a certain vesting period and ends on a date which is not later than 10 years from the date of offer of the share options.

The subscription price of the share options is determinable by the directors of the Company, but must be at least the higher of (i) the Stock Exchange closing price of the Company's shares on the date of offer of the share options which must be a business day; and (ii) the average Stock Exchange closing price of the Company's shares as stated in the Stock Exchange's daily quotations sheets for the five trading days immediately preceding the date of offer.

No share options were granted or outstanding under the Scheme during the six months ended 30 June 2018. As at the date of this report, the number of share options available for issue under the Scheme was 327,810,791, representing approximately 9.14% of the total number of issued shares of the Company as at the date of this report. A summary of the principal terms of the Scheme is set out in Appendix I to the circular of the Company dated 11 August 2011.

Interests and Short Positions of Substantial Shareholders

As at 30 June 2018, so far as was known to the directors and the chief executive of the Company, the following persons or corporations (other than a director or chief executive of the Company) who had interests and/or short positions in the shares and underlying shares of the Company which would be disclosed to the Company under the provisions of Divisions 2 and 3 of Part XV of the SFO, or which were recorded in the register required to be kept by the Company under section 336 of the SFO:

Annroximate

Name of shareholder	Capacity/ Nature of interest	Long position/ Short position	Number of shares held	percentage of the issued share capital of the Company as at 30 June 2018
China Huarong Asset Management Co., Ltd. ("China Huarong") (Note 1)	Interests in controlled corporation	Long position	1,830,117,664	51.00%
China Huarong International Holdings Limited ("CHIH") (Note 1)	Interests in controlled corporation	Long position	1,830,117,664	51.00%
Camellia Pacific Investment Holding Limited ("Camellia")	Beneficial owner	Long position	1,830,117,664	51.00%
Hero Link Enterprises Limited ("Hero Link") (Note 2)	Beneficial owner	Long position	129,000,000	3.59%
China Tian Yuan International	Beneficial owner	Long position	646,220,529	18.01%
Finance Limited ("Tian Yuan Int'l") (Note 2)	Interests in controlled corporation	Long position	129,000,000	3.59%
China Tian Yuan Finance Group (Holdings) Limited ("Tian Yuan Group") (Note 2)	Interests in controlled corporation	Long position	775,220,529	21.60%
Mr. Jia Tianjiang (Note 2)	Interests in controlled corporation	Long position	775,220,529	21.60%
Ms. Dong Jufeng (Note 2)	Interests of spouse	Long position	775,220,529	21.60%

Interests and Short Positions of Substantial Shareholders (continued)

Notes:

- 1. 1,830,117,664 shares of the Company were beneficially owned by Camellia which is wholly owned by CHIH. CHIH was in turn owned as to 11.90% by Huarong Zhiyuan Investment & Management Co., Ltd. and 88.10% by Huarong Real Estate Co., Ltd., both of which were wholly owned by China Huarong. China Huarong was beneficially owned as to 63.36% by the Ministry of Finance of the PRC ("MOF") and was deemed to be owned as to 4.39% by MOF through controlled corporation. Therefore, China Huarong and CHIH were deemed or taken to be interested in all the shares of the Company beneficially owned by Camellia by virtue of the SFO.
- 2. Tian Yuan Group is deemed or taken to be interested in (i) 129,000,000 shares of the Company held by Hero Link which is held as to 82% by Tian Yuan Int'l; and (ii) 646,220,529 shares of the Company held by Tian Yuan Int'l. Tian Yuan Int'l is a wholly-owned subsidiary of Tian Yuan Group which, in turn is wholly-owned by Mr. Jia Tianjiang. By virtue of the SFO, Tian Yuan Int'l, Tian Yuan Group, Mr. Jia Tianjiang and his spouse Ms. Dong Jufeng were deemed or taken to be interested in 775,220,529 shares of the Company.

Save as disclosed above, the Company had not been notified and is not aware of any other persons who had an interest and/or a short position in the shares and underlying shares of the Company as recorded in the register required to be kept by the Company pursuant to section 336 of the SFO as at 30 June 2018.

Purchase, Sale or Redemption of the Company's Listed Securities

Neither the Company, nor any of its subsidiaries had purchased, sold or redeemed any of the Company's listed securities during the six months ended 30 June 2018.

Compliance with Corporate Governance Code

Throughout the six months ended 30 June 2018, the Company has complied with all the applicable code provisions of the Corporate Governance Code as set out in Appendix 14 of the Listing Rules, subject to any findings that may arise from the significant events in the current interim period referred to in the second paragraph under note 2 "Basis of Preparation" to the condensed consolidated financial statements for the six months ended 30 June 2018.

Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors

The Company has adopted the Model Code as set out in Appendix 10 of the Listing Rules as its own code of conduct regarding securities transactions by the directors of the Company. In response to specific enquiry by the Company, all directors of the Company confirmed that they have fully complied with the required standards as set out in the aforesaid Model Code throughout the six months ended 30 June 2018.

Change in Information of Directors

Pursuant to Rule 13.51(B) of the Listing Rules, the changes in information of Directors of the Company subsequent to the date of the 2017 Annual Report of the Company are as follows:

- (i) Dr. Niu Shaofeng, an executive Director of the Company, was appointed as deputy general manager of International Business Department and deputy director of Overseas Management Department of China Huarong, a company listed on the Stock Exchange (stock code: 2799), with effect from 29 January 2018;
- (ii) Mr. Guan Huanfei, an independent non-executive Director of the Company, resigned as a non-executive director of Ping An Securities Group (Holdings) Limited, a company listed on the Stock Exchange (stock code: 231) and was appointed as an independent non-executive director of HongDa Financial Holding Limited, a company listed on the Stock Exchange (stock code: 1822), both with effect from 22 June 2018; and
- (iii) Dr. Wong Tin Yau Kelvin, an independent non-executive Director of the Company, was appointed as an independent non-executive director of Mingfa Group (International) Company Limited, a company listed on the Stock Exchange (stock code: 846) with effect from 1 September 2018.

Disclosure Pursuant to Rule 13.21 of the Listing Rules

As at 30 June 2018, details of existing banking facilities with covenants relating to specific performance of the Company's controlling shareholder which constitute disclosure obligation pursuant to Rule 13.21 of the Listing Rules are as follows:

Date of Agreements	Nature of Agreements	Aggregate Amount	Life of the Facility	Specific Performance Obligations
23 September 2016	Revolving loan facilities with a bank	HK\$700,000,000	No fixed term and repayable on demand by the bank	Note 1
28 November 2016	Uncommitted revolving loan facility with a bank	US\$100,000,000	Term of one year, extendable for another year at the bank's sole discretion	Note 2
15 December 2016	Uncommitted revolving loan facility with a bank	US\$50,000,000	No fixed term and repayable on demand by the bank	Note 3
30 December 2016	Term loan facility with a bank	HK\$700,000,000	Term of one year from the Company's acceptance of the facility	Note 3
29 June 2017	Revolving credit facility with a bank	US\$40,000,000	No fixed term and repayable on demand by the bank	Note 4
7 July 2017	Revolving short term advance facility with a bank	US\$40,000,000	No fixed term and repayable on demand by the bank	Note 5

Disclosure Pursuant to Rule 13.21 of the Listing Rules (continued)

				Specific
	Nature of	Aggregate		Performance
Date of Agreements	Agreements	Amount	Life of the Facility	Obligations
25 September 2017	Term loan facility with a bank	HK\$775,000,000	Term of twelve months from the utilization date of the facility	Note 6
23 October 2017	Term loan facility and dual currency revolving loan facility with a syndicate of banks	HK\$2,720,000,000	Both facilities have a term of one year with a renewal option for another year	Note 7
8 November 2017	Term loan facility with a bank	US\$100,000,000	Term of twelve months from the drawdown date	Note 8
14 November 2017	Term loan facility with a syndicate of banks	HK\$1,100,000,000	Term of twelve months from the date of the facility agreement	Note 9
28 December 2017	Uncommitted revolving loan facility with a bank	US\$300,000,000	No fixed term and repayable on demand by the bank	Note 3
23 March 2018	Revolving loan facility with a bank	HK\$200,000,000	No fixed term and subject to the bank's annual review	Note 10
4 May 2018	Revolving loan facility with a bank	HK\$60,000,000	No fixed term and repayable on demand by the bank	Note 11

Notes:

- China Huarong is required to maintain majority interest in the borrower (which is an indirect wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company)
 throughout the term of the facility letter. The Company will be in breach of the facility letter should China Huarong, during the term of
 such facility letter, ceases to maintain, directly or indirectly, majority interest in the borrower, and the bank may require the borrower to
 repay the facilities immediately, and terminate the facility letter.
- 2. As long as the facility remains outstanding, China Huarong undertakes to maintain its status as the Company's controlling shareholder. In addition, the Company shall be beneficially owned and controlled by China Huarong, either directly or indirectly, as to at least 51% throughout the life of the facility.
- 3. As long as the facility remains outstanding, China Huarong has undertaken to, among others, maintain its status as the Company's controlling shareholder.

Disclosure Pursuant to Rule 13.21 of the Listing Rules (continued)

Notes: (continued)

- 4. During the term of the facility letter, the Company shall be directly or indirectly at least 51% beneficially owned and controlled by China Huarong, which in turn shall have the MOF as its controlling shareholder. In addition, China Huarong shall maintain the absolute management control over the Company.
- 5. As long as the facility remains outstanding, China Huarong undertakes to, among others, maintain its status as the Company's controlling shareholder. In addition, the Company shall be directly or indirectly at least 51% beneficially owned and controlled by China Huarong, which in turn shall have the MOF as its controlling shareholder.
- 6. As long as the facility remains outstanding, China Huarong has undertaken to, among others, maintain its status as the Company's controlling shareholder. During the term of the facility agreement, the Company shall promptly notify the lender if the Company becomes aware of any change of control and after a change of control, the lender may cancel the facility and declare all outstanding loans, together with accrued interest and all other amounts accrued under the facility agreement, to be immediately due and payable.
- 7. As long as the facilities remain outstanding, China Huarong has undertaken to, among others, maintain its status as the Company's controlling shareholder. Under the terms of the facility agreement, the Company will be in breach of the facilities upon the occurrence of (i) a change of control of the Company, or (ii) China Huarong ceasing to provide or continue to provide shareholder loans to the Group in an aggregate principal amount of not less than US\$1,000,000,000, upon which the lenders may cancel the facilities and declare that all or part of the outstanding loans under the facilities, together with accrued interest and all other amounts outstanding, become immediately due and payable.
- 8. If the Company ceases to be directly or indirectly at least 51% beneficially owned and controlled by China Huarong, the Company shall notify the lender within five (5) business days and the lender may, with at least five (5) business days' notice, cancel the facility and declare all outstanding loans, together with accrued interest and all other amounts accrued under the facility agreement, to be immediately due and payable.
- 9. As long as the facility remains outstanding, China Huarong has undertaken to, among others, maintain its status as the Company's controlling shareholder. Under the terms of the facility agreement, upon (i) the occurrence of a change of control of the Company, (ii) China Huarong ceasing to be rated by Moody's Investors Services Limited, S&P Global Ratings and Fitch Ratings Ltd. (or their respective successors), or (iii) an event of default in relation to China Huarong of US\$50,000,000 or above (or its equivalent in other currencies) which is not remedied within 10 business days (if capable of remedy), a mandatory prepayment event will be triggered and the facility will be cancelled and all the outstanding principal amounts under the facility, together with accrued interest, shall become immediately due and payable by the Company. Under the cross default provision of the facility agreement, it is an event of default of the Company if any member of China Huarong and its subsidiaries (the "Parent Group") is in default of any financial indebtedness unless the aggregate amount of financial indebtedness of the Parent Group in default is less than US\$50,000,000 (or its equivalent in other currencies) or such default is remedied within 10 business days from the day on which it occurs. If any event of default under the facility agreement occurs, the majority lenders may by notice to the Company through the agent, cancel the facility or any part thereof and declare all or part of the outstanding principal amounts under the facility, together with accrued interest, become immediately due and payable.
- 10. The availability of the facility is subject to the condition that China Huarong shall, during the term of the loan agreement, continue to hold no less than 51% of the beneficial interest of the Company.
- 11. The availability of the facility is subject to the Company's undertaking that it shall remain not less than 51% beneficially owned by China Huarong.

Details of the above mentioned banking facilities are set out in the announcements of the Company dated 23 September 2016, 28 November 2016, 15 December 2016, 30 December 2016, 29 June 2017, 7 July 2017, 25 September 2017, 23 October 2017, 8 November 2017, 14 November 2017, 28 December 2017, 23 March 2018 and 4 May 2018.

Review of the Interim Financial Statements

The Audit Committee has reviewed the condensed consolidated financial statements of the Group for the six months ended 30 June 2018, including the accounting principles and practices adopted by the Group.

The Group's external auditor has carried out a review of the interim condensed consolidated financial statements in accordance with Hong Kong Standard on Review Engagements 2410, "Review of Interim Financial Information Performed by the Independent Auditor of the Entity", issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants.



