INTERIM REPORT 2018

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SPT Energy Group Inc. 華油能源集團有限公司

(Incorporated in the Cayman Islands with limited liability) Stock Code: 1251

* for identification purpose only

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Corporate Information

THE BOARD

Executive Directors

Mr. Wang Guoqiang *(Chairman)*^{Note 1} Mr. Ethan Wu *(Chief Executive Officer)*^{Note 1} Mr. Liu Ruoyan ^{Note 2} Mr. Li Qiang

Non-Executive Directors

Mr. Lin Yang Note 2 Ms. Chen Chunhua

Independent Non-Executive Directors

Ms. Zhang Yujuan Mr. Wu Kwok Keung Andrew Mr. Wan Kah Ming

AUDIT COMMITTEE

Mr. Wu Kwok Keung Andrew *(Chairman)* Ms. Chen Chunhua Mr. Wan Kah Ming

REMUNERATION COMMITTEE

Ms. Zhang Yujuan *(Chairman)* Mr. Wang Guoqiang Mr. Wu Kwok Keung Andrew

NOMINATION COMMITTEE

Mr. Wang Guoqiang *(Chairman)* Ms. Zhang Yujuan Mr. Wu Kwok Keung Andrew

AUTHORISED REPRESENTATIVES

Mr. Wang Guoqiang Ms. Mok Ming Wai

COMPANY SECRETARY

Ms. Mok Ming Wai (FCIS, FCS)

COMPANY WEBSITE

www.sptenergygroup.com

PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS IN HONG KONG

33/F, Edinburgh Tower The Landmark 15 Queen's Road Central Hong Kong

PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS IN PRC

5/F, Hongmao Commercial Building Jia No. 8 Hongjunying East Road Chaoyang District Beijing PRC (postal code: 100012)

Notes:

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- Mr. Wang Guoqiang was the chief executive officer of the Company during the period from 1 September 2017 to 11 May 2018. Mr. Ethan Wu has been appointed by the board of directors of the Company as the chief executive officer of the Company in place of Mr. Wang Guoqiang with effect from 11 May 2018.
 - Mr. Liu Ruoyan and Mr. Lin Yang resigned as an executive director and a non-executive director of the Company respectively with effect from 31 August 2018.

REGISTERED OFFICE

P.O. Box 31119 Grand Pavilion, Hibiscus Way 802 West Bay Road Grand Cayman KY1-1205 Cayman Islands

PRINCIPAL SHARE REGISTRAR

Estera Trust (Cayman) Limited P.O. Box 1350 Clifton House, 75 Fort Street Grand Cayman KY1-1108 Cayman Islands

HONG KONG BRANCH SHARE REGISTRAR

Computershare Hong Kong Investor Services Limited Shops 1712-1716, 17th Floor Hopewell Centre 183 Queen's Road East Wanchai, Hong Kong

AUDITOR

PricewaterhouseCoopers Certified Public Accountants

PRINCIPAL BANKERS

Standard Chartered Bank (Hong Kong) Limited CITIC Bank Bank of Kunlun Company Limited Bank of China

INVESTOR RELATIONS

Porda Havas International Finance Communications Group

STOCK CODE ON THE MAIN BOARD OF THE STOCK EXCHANGE OF HONG KONG LIMITED

1251

DATE OF LISTING

23 December 2011



Management Discussion and Analysis

BUSINESS REVIEW

During the six months ended 30 June 2018 (the "Period"), the international crude oil market sustained the upside trend in the second half of 2017 and revealed an overall rising trend with small fluctuations. In the first quarter of 2018, oil prices steadily increased, but were suppressed temporarily due to the agreement entered into between members of Organization of Petroleum Exporting Countries ("OPEC") and Russia to increase oil production in mid-May. In late June, oil prices experienced a turnaround where the prices of London Brent ("Brent") and West Texas Intermediate ("WTI") spiked to the level above US\$70 per barrel. Given the rise in oil prices, the oil-field service market locally and abroad became more active. Oil companies increased their expenditures on exploration and development. These would drive the structural growth of the oil-field service industry in terms of workload. Despite the overall positive trend, it has to be noted that the cost-saving measures taken by the oil companies during the period of low oil prices are still being implemented and price competition remains fierce.

The continued market recovery and steady growth in international oil prices led to more promising industry sentiments. SPT Energy Group Inc. (the "Company") and its subsidiaries (the "Group") remained optimistic in the medium and long term about the oil-field service market. The Group's number of orders in West China and Kazakhstan in central Asia substantially increased as compared with the same period of last year, and workload volume was effectively increased. In the second half of 2018, the Group will further seize the market recovery opportunities to expand the business channels and accelerate the introduction and development of new technologies, while strengthening its own competitiveness in an effort to satisfy the new demand from customers.

During the Period, the Group continued to fully implement the measures to reduce costs and increase efficiencies, execute the growth strategy of "Change amid Stability" and greatly expand into new business areas so as to maintain and extend the solid growth momentum gained since last year. First, the Group optimised the structure and rationalised the processes through function adjustments to increase the efficiency of internal management. Second, the Group closely monitored the customer needs as guided by the market while actively seeking and expanding into new projects in new areas to facilitate diversified operations. In addition to consolidating business at China's Tarim Oilfield, China's Southwest Oil and Gas Field and other conventional oil and gas business in Kazakhstan and Caspian Sea area, etc., the expansion of the new energy business including coal-bed gas and geothermal energy made significant breakthroughs. Third, the Group pushed ahead project management, especially the objective management, institutionalised management, refined management, module management of key projects. At the same time, the Group reduced inventory and maintained strict cost control while safeguarding the customer satisfaction and high-quality operations. Fourth, the Group strengthened the horizontal strategic cooperation and established a joint venture with Xinjiang Energy (Group) Petroleum & Natural Gas Co., Ltd. to push ahead the integrated turnkey business of the Group through such platform. The Group also consolidated the existing strategic partnership with Halliburton China Company and built a closer working mechanism to achieve a win-win outcome by capitalising on complementary strengths.

REVENUE ANALYSIS

During the Period, the Group realised revenue of RMB540.6 million, representing an increase of RMB121.8 million or 29.1% over the previous year. The analysis of the Group's revenue by business segment is as follows:

	For the six months ended 30 June					
Revenue	2018	2017	Change			
	<i>RMB'000</i>	<i>RMB'000</i>	<i>(%)</i>			
Reservoir	227,556	220,596	3.2%			
Drilling	221,768	147,223	50.6%			
Well Completion	91,238	50,936	79.1%			
Total	540,562	418,755	29.1%			

During the Period, international crude oil prices maintained an upward trend despite minor turbulence. Market sentiments were positive in general. Various oil companies and oil-field service providers gradually increased their investment in exploration and development. Business volume increased as a result.

Faced with the above market landscape, the Group followed closely the market changes and customers' needs to further explore market potential, enhance operational efficiency and explore new business segments. Revenue grew substantially by RMB121.8 million or 29.1% as compared with that in the same period of last year. Among which, the revenue from reservoir segment accounted for 42.1%, up by 3.2% as compared with that in the same period of last year, and the revenue contribution from drilling segment and well completion segment to total revenue increased considerably; the revenue from drilling segment accounted for 41.0% of the total revenue, up by RMB74.5 million or 50.6% as compared with that in the same period of last year; and the revenue for 16.9% of the total revenue, up by RMB40.3 million or 79.1% as compared with that in the same period of last year.



RESERVOIR SERVICE SEGMENT

	For the six months ended 30 June				
Revenue from reservoir services	2018	2017	Change		
	RMB'000	RMB'000	(%)		
Overseas	117,988	130,319	(9.5%)		
PRC	109,568	90,277	21.4%		
Total	227,556	220,596	3.2%		

The reservoir service segment of the Group provides geology research and oil reservoir research services, dynamic monitoring service, oil testing service, oil recovery technology service, coiled tubing service and repair service of surface production devices.

During the Period, the Group's reservoir service business grew steadily as a whole and recorded revenue of RMB227.6 million, up by RMB7.0 million or 3.2% as compared with that in the same period of last year. As to the PRC market, the Group continued to consolidate and expand market share. During the Period, the revenue from reservoir service of the PRC market increased by RMB19.3 million or 21.4% as compared with that in the same period of last year. As to the overseas markets, due to the slowdown in implementation of workload in some oilfields, the reservoir service revenue from the overseas markets during the Period decreased by RMB12.3 million or 9.5% as compared with that in the same period of last year.

DRILLING SERVICE SEGMENT

	For the six months ended 30 June			
Revenue from drilling services	2018 <i>RMB'000</i>	2017 <i>RMB'000</i>	Change (%)	
Overseas	66,330	62,203	6.6%	
PRC	155,438	85,020	82.8%	
Total	221,768	147,223	50.6%	

The drilling services of the Group include drilling rig service, workover rig service, complex well workover and fishing service, rotary geological steering service, vertical drilling technology service, horizontal drilling technology service, side tracking technology service, underbalanced drilling technology service, fine managed pressure drilling ("FMPD") technology service, cementing services and drilling fluid services.

During the Period, the revenue from drilling business amounted to RMB221.8 million, up by RMB74.5 million or 50.6% as compared with that in the same period of last year. Among which, the drilling revenue from the PRC market amounted to RMB155.4 million, representing a substantial increase of RMB70.4 million or 82.8% as compared with that in the same period of last year. The Group successively won contracts for an integrated turnkey service project for a shale gas platform in Changning, Sichuan; a high-performance water-based drilling fluid technical services project in Xinjiang; a coalbed gas drilling and fracturing service project in Shanxi; and a hot-dry-rock drilling and well completion project in Qinghai. As a result, the drilling workload and revenue both increased substantially. During the Period, the drilling revenue from the overseas markets increased by RMB4.1 million or 6.6% as compared with that in the same period of last year.

	For the six m 30 J		
Revenue from well completion services	2018	2017	Change
	<i>RMB'000</i>	<i>RMB'000</i>	<i>(%)</i>
Overseas	34,162	15,591	119.1%
PRC	57,076	35,345	61.5%
Total	91,238	50,936	79.1%

WELL COMPLETION SERVICE SEGMENT

The Group provides comprehensive well completion tools, products and service to customers, including well completion project design, well completion tools trading as well as stimulation and fracturing service.

During the Period, while consolidating the existing strengths, the Group further enhanced the compatibility between the well completion process technique and the products and customers' demands and performed remarkably in both the PRC market and the overseas markets. During the Period, the revenue from well completion business amounted to RMB91.2 million, up by RMB40.3 million or 79.1% as compared with that in the same period of last year. Among which, the Group's well completion revenue from the PRC market amounted to RMB57.1 million, up by RMB21.7 million or 61.5% as compared with that in the same period of last year. The performance growth mainly benefited from the increase of workload of the well completion business in three-ultra gas wells in Xinjiang and the well completion business in the Southwest Oil and Gas Field, etc. During the Period, the well completion revenue from the overseas markets increased by RMB18.6 million or 119.1% as compared with that in the same period of last year. Among which, the Group has stepped up the efforts to introduce new technologies of well completion and the size of well completion service segment is expected to further increase in the future.



MARKET ENVIRONMENT

Overseas Markets

During the Period, affected by the demand and supply, the international oil prices sustained the upside trend in the second half of 2017 and achieved a new steady state. The Group kept a close eye on the following:

- 1. The inventory data from the United States (the "US") performed well with declining crude oil inventory, pushing up oil prices. As at the end of the Period, the US crude oil inventory decreased substantially by 9.891 million barrels to 416.6 million barrels, representing a decline for the third consecutive week and the largest decrease since the week of 9 September 2016.
- 2. The US announced its withdrawal from the Iran Nuclear Deal in May 2018 and imposed strict sanctions against Iran. In July 2018, the United States Department of State took a rigid stand and unilaterally requested all countries to stop importing petroleum from Iran. Currently, Iran is the fifth largest oil producing country in the world with a daily production capacity of approximately 4.7 million barrels, accounting for approximately 5% of the world's total production. If other countries follow the US's request to stop importing crude oil from Iran, the supply gap may reach 1.5 million barrels per day.
- 3. On 23 June 2018, members of the OPEC and non-OPEC unanimously agreed after negotiation to appropriately raise the output of crude oil since July. However, the size of production increase was below market expectation and the crude oil supply in Libya, Venezuela and Canada revealed a decline. The market generally believed that the newly signed output increase agreement by members of the OPEC may be unable to provide sufficient petroleum to relieve the imminent shortage.

Looking ahead, despite the plan of members of OPEC and non-OPEC to increase output will continue to exert a negative pressure on the oil market, the US's radical foreign policies, especially the economic and energy sanctions against Iran and Venezuela, will, to a certain extent, reduce the effect of the oil producing countries' plan to contain the oil market through output increase, which may drive up oil prices. The Group considers that the prevailing oil market is rebalancing and the oil market supply for the third quarter may probably tighten. Given the uncertainties over global trade war and other geopolitical risks, coupled with both push and pull factors, it is expected that the international oil market will rationalise in the second half of the year and it is highly likely that the international oil prices will remain firm amid volatilities.

The Group's major overseas markets mainly cover Central Asia such as Kazakhstan and Turkmenistan, Indonesia, Singapore, the Middle East and Canada. During the Period, the Group took proactive measures, seized the upside trend of the international oil prices and further consolidated and expanded the operations in the overseas business regions. In Central Asia, the revenue from the Kazakhstan market amounted to RMB143.2 million, representing 65.5% of the revenue from the overseas markets of the Group. Accordingly, the Kazakhstan market remains the largest overseas market in terms of revenue contribution to the Group. In Turkmenistan, the Group successfully won the largest number of well completion tool contracts in recent years and entered into 19 well completion tool projects. The Group set a firm foothold in the Middle East market. In the second half of last year, the Group won a two-year service project for the workover machine in Maysan, Iraq. By now it has started the relocation of the workover machine and is preparing to commence operation. At the same time, the Group also expanded into overseas markets including Africa and other countries in the Middle East and Central Asia, etc. to capture opportunities of demand turnaround and explore new market space.



Fluctuations in exchange rates of Kazakhstan Tenge ("KZT") bring foreign currency exchange risk to the Group. So far, Kazakhstan is the largest overseas market of the Group in terms of revenue contribution. In accordance with certain laws and regulations, local service contracts are required to be denominated in KZT. In the first half of 2018, exchange rates of KZT against USD remained relatively stable and therefore it did not bring significant adverse impact to the profitability of the Group. Looking into the second half of the year, as USD strengthens, exchange rates of KZT against USD will devaluate. Once exchange rates of KZT against USD devaluate significantly, it will have significant impact on the results of the Group in Kazakhstan. The Group will closely monitor the fluctuations in exchange rates and take necessary measures as appropriate to minimize such impacts.

PRC Market

During the Period, the oil and gas reform continued to take root and China officially launched its crude oil futures trading where the pricing of crude oil is denominated in Renminbi.

The three major oil giants in China sustained the turnaround in performance in 2017 with a year-on-year growth in revenue. During the first quarter of 2018, the operating profit from exploration and production segment of PetroChina Company Limited ("PetroChina") recorded RMB9,741 million, representing a substantial increase of RMB7,825 million as compared with the same period of last year; whereas the operating loss from exploration and production segment of China Petroleum & Chemical Corporation ("Sinopec") decreased substantially by RMB5,446 million as compared with the same period of last year.

Given the recovery of the oil market and performance improvement, all of the three major oil giants increased the capital expenditure budget on exploration and development. PetroChina's capital expenditure budget on petroleum exploration and production amounted to RMB167.6 billion in 2018, representing an increase of 3.46% as compared with the actual capital expenditure of 2017. As to the development in the PRC market, focus was placed on a stable output of oil and growth of output of natural gas and the development of oil and gas fields in Daqing, Changqing, Liaohe, Xinjiang, Tarim and the Southwest, etc. was strengthened; and greater efforts were devoted to the development of non-conventional resources including shale gas. Sinopec's capital expenditure budget on exploration and development amounted to RMB48.5 billion in 2018, representing an increase of 54.7% as compared with the actual capital expenditure of 2017, with key emphasis on building the production capacity of shale gas in Southwest China, natural gas in North China and crude oil in the Northwest as well as driving the development of natural gas pipeline and gas reservoir and overseas oil and gas projects. CNOOC's capital expenditure budget on exploration and development ranged from RMB58.1 billion to RMB66.4 billion in 2018, representing an increase of 36.4% to 55.9% over the actual capital expenditure of 2017.

With the increasing capital expenditure of the three oil giants, the oil-field service market in China would see more opportunities. At the same time, business volume of privately-owned oil-field service companies revealed an increase with a turnaround in business performance. Growth of total business volume in the PRC market far exceeded that of the overseas markets.



During the Period, the PRC government continued to step up efforts to support clean energy development including natural gas and geothermal energy:

- 1. The natural gas consumption maintained fast growth. From March to May 2018, the ministries and commissions of the PRC intensively promulgated the tax reduction policy for shale gas resources, the circular on accelerating the gas reservoir development and the price-guiding documents in relation to gas stations for residents to rationalise the natural gas pricing mechanism. The PRC government's intentions to encourage natural gas development and utilisation were obvious. Based on PetroChina's "three-step process" strategy, PetroChina will strive to build the first shale gas field of ten billion square metres in Southwest China by 2020. Sinopec will tackle the key issues in the exploration and development of deep and new layer shale gas fields at atmospheric pressure; new discovery was made in the shale gas field exploration in Weirong, Sichuan, marking another output point following the shale gas field in Fuling, and 500 million cubic metres of natural gas production capacity from the Hanggin banner block in North China was added in 2018.
- 2. The development of geothermal energy accelerated. In August 2017, a high-temperature hot-dry-rock belt was discovered in great depth at Gonghe Basin in Qinghai through drilling, marking a significant breakthrough in hot-dry-rock exploration. According to the "Thirteenth Five-Year Plan Geothermal Energy Development and Utilisation", by 2020, the gross utilisation of geothermal energy in China will reach 70 million tonnes of standard coal and the utilisation of geothermal heating will be 40 million tonnes of standard coal per annum.

During the Period, the Group seized the market recovery opportunities to activate the existing market. The Group performed considerably well in the areas of traditional service segments with comparative strengths, integrated turnkey and new energy business expansion.

- In the Southwest China market, the Group won an integrated turnkey service project for the shale gas in 14 wells in Changning, Sichuan after careful planning. Currently, the project is operating smoothly.
- In the Northwest China market, the Group successfully won a tender for a high-performance water-based drilling fluid technical services project in Tarim Oilfield, which enriched the Group's drilling liquid product series and represented the pioneer in the application of environmental friendly water-based drilling fluid in high-temperature high-pressure gas wells. Given that China further stressed the environmental friendly oilfield policies, such process technique has a promising market going forward. The Group also won a contract for a well completion tools project in three-ultra gas wells in Tarim Oilfield, Xinjiang and continued to maintain its leading position in the high-temperature high-pressure well completion market in China.
- Forming major alliances to achieve a win-win situation. A subsidiary of the Group and Xinjiang Energy (Group) Petroleum & Natural Gas Co., Ltd. entered into an agreement to establish a cooperative company positioned to carry out engineering technology services and oilfield operation and maintenance services covering geotherm, coalbed gas and oil and gas field, which can fully realise advantages complement and resources integration, thus promoting the rapid development of engineering technology service turnkey business of the Group in the PRC market.

• The Group devoted great efforts to expand new businesses including geotherm and coalbed gas and the new business segment has initially taken shape. The Group successfully obtained a coalbed gas fracturing project in Dabancheng and overcame a number of technical bottlenecks including high temperature and hard drilling. The Group also won a hot-dry-rock drilling and well completion project in Qinghai, China and made a significant breakthrough in the hot-dry-rock area.

RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT ("R&D") AND MANUFACTURING

The R&D centre of the Group centred around enhancing the oil and gas reservoir recovery process technique and strengthened the development of oil reservoir service and recovery process capability, while increasing the technology competitiveness of oil and gas reservoir drilling efficiency enhancement by focusing on the non-conventional drilling efficiency enhancement process technique. Through ongoing technological innovation, the Group adjusted the technology mix where the low-cost and high-efficiency new technology is gaining its market share.

During the Period, the ultrasound stimulation process technique completed the trial run successfully at an oilfield in Kazakhstan and an oilfield in South China Sea. The stimulation results were good and received high recognition from customers. The Group entered into an annual service contract with an oilfield in South China Sea with the application of such process in conventional operations in an attempt to open the South China Sea market and drive further development of other businesses.

During the Period, the technology ancillary to the water plugging process achieved a significant breakthrough in Kazakhstan's southwestern region. The R&D centre of the Group carried out a comprehensive range of analyses on such technology in areas of well selection, plugging agent selection, construction design and construction results. The results of the analyses showed that the effect of operations was significant. Currently, such technology has enabled the Group to secure many operation contracts.

During the Period, the HyperLCasing plugging process was successfully applied in Chongqing, China for the first time. The process has a high success rate with simple operation. Currently, the Group has identified three wells for the proposed application of such technology. Next, large-scale application is expected in the drilling projects in Southwest and Northwest of China.

The R&D centre of the Group carried out integration and R&D of the optic fibre monitoring technology, slim-hole short radius sidetrack horizontal well technology, old well potential layer logging process technology and drilling efficiency enhancement technology, and had multiple exchanges with customers. In the second half of 2018, the Group will devote its resources to the marketing of these technologies for greater market prospects.

HUMAN RESOURCES

Based on the business growth needs, the Group continued to adopt the following human resources measures by centring around the objectives of "streamlining and efficiency":

In response to the changes in the external market environment, coupled with the strategic growth needs, during the Period, the Group further optimised the organisational structure, clearly defined reporting line functions and reduced the number of management positions. At the same time, the Group streamlined the operating entities, reduced the management hierarchy and moved forward the management support functions to achieve fast response as well as flexible and efficient operations.

During the Period, the Group stepped up the human resources efforts in new market expansion. Now, these efforts have begun to bear fruit. Meanwhile, the Group continued to incline to support its key projects by adjusting organisational design and allocation of professionals so as to ensure the smooth operation of the key projects.

The actual costs of the Group's human resources for the first half of 2018 were controlled within the budget amount set at the beginning of the year. With the further recovery of the business volume of the Group, as at 30 June 2018, the Group had a total of 3,677 employees, up by 266 employees from 3,411 employees as at 31 December 2017.

FINANCIAL REVIEW

Revenue

For the six months ended 30 June 2018, revenue of the Group was RMB540.6 million, representing an increase of RMB121.8 million, or 29.1% from RMB418.8 million for the comparative period of last year. The increase in revenue was mainly due to the recovery of the oil-field services market and the growth of business volume of the Group as a result of the rising international crude oil price and increase in industry investments.

Other (losses)/gains, net

For the six months ended 30 June 2018, other losses, net of the Group were RMB5.3 million, as compared with other gains, net of RMB35.0 million for the comparative period of last year. It was mainly due to exchange loss in USD denominated liabilities held by the Group as a result of strengthening of USD against RMB.

Material costs

For the six months ended 30 June 2018, material costs of the Group amounted to RMB129.2 million, representing an increase of RMB24.6 million, or 23.5% from RMB104.6 million for the comparative period of last year. The increase in material costs was mainly due to the growth in business volume of the Group.

Employee benefit expenses

For the six months ended 30 June 2018, employee benefit expenses of the Group were RMB186.7 million, representing an increase of RMB21.2 million, or 12.8% from RMB165.5 million for the comparative period of last year. The increase in employee benefit expenses was mainly due to the recruitment of employees as a result of the growth of business volume of the Group.

Operating lease expenses

For the six months ended 30 June 2018, operating lease expenses of the Group were RMB33.1 million, representing a decrease of RMB1.7 million, or 4.9% from RMB34.8 million for the comparative period of last year. The decrease in operating lease expenses was mainly due to the increase in its utilisation rate as the Group further exercised control over the relevant equipment and warehouse leasing costs.

Transportation costs

For the six months ended 30 June 2018, transportation costs of the Group amounted to RMB6.1 million, representing a decrease of RMB0.1 million, or 1.6% from RMB6.2 million for the comparative period of last year. The decrease in transportation costs was mainly due to the cost reduction efforts of the Group.

Depreciation and Amortisation

For the six months ended 30 June 2018, depreciation and amortisation of the Group was RMB39.4 million, representing a decrease of RMB6.5 million, or 14.2% from RMB45.9 million for the comparative period of last year. The decrease in depreciation and amortisation was mainly due to certain fixed assets becoming fully depreciated.

Technical service expenses

For the six months ended 30 June 2018, technical service expenses of the Group were RMB40.4 million, representing an increase of RMB8.8 million, or 27.8% from RMB31.6 million for the comparative period of last year. The increase in technical service expenses was mainly due to the growth of business volume of the Group.

Impairment loss of assets

For the six months ended 30 June 2018, impairment loss of assets of the Group was RMB0.8 million, representing a decrease of RMB16.9 million, or 95.5% from RMB17.7 million for the comparative period of last year. The decrease in impairment loss of assets was mainly due to the decrease in risks associated with asset impairment as the oil-field service industry recovered.

Others

For the six months ended 30 June 2018, other operating costs of the Group were RMB58.2 million, representing an increase of RMB1.8 million, or 3.2% from RMB56.4 million for the comparative period of last year.

Operating profit/(loss)

During the Period, the Group's operating profit was RMB41.4 million, as compared with operating loss of RMB8.9 million for the comparative period of last year.

Finance costs, net

For the six months ended 30 June 2018, the Group's finance costs, net were RMB17.0 million, representing an increase of RMB1.8 million, or 11.8% from RMB15.2 million for the comparative period. The increase in finance costs, net was mainly due to the increase in external borrowings.

Income tax expense

For the six months ended 30 June 2018, income tax expense was RMB6.8 million, representing a decrease of RMB9.0 million or 57.0% from RMB15.8 million for the comparative period of last year.

Profit/(loss) for the period

The Group's profit for the period was RMB17.6 million, as compared with a loss of RMB40.0 million for the comparative period of last year.

Profit/(loss) attributable to equity owners of the Company

For the six months ended 30 June 2018, profit attributable to equity owners of the Company was RMB19.7 million, as compared with loss attributable to equity owners of the Company of RMB35.0 million for the comparative period of last year.

Property, plant and equipment

As at 30 June 2018, property, plant and equipment were RMB314.4 million, representing a decrease of RMB34.2 million, or 9.8%, from RMB348.6 million as at 31 December 2017.

Inventories

As at 30 June 2018, inventories were RMB387.4 million, representing an increase of RMB50.4 million, or 15.0%, from RMB337.0 million as at 31 December 2017. The increase in inventories was mainly due to the growth of business volume of the Group.

Trade and note receivables/Trade payables

As at 30 June 2018, trade and note receivables were RMB716.4 million, representing an increase of RMB33.8 million, or 5.0%, from RMB682.6 million as at 31 December 2017. The increase was mainly due to the growth of revenue of the Group.

As at 30 June 2018, trade payables were RMB505.0 million, representing a decrease of RMB12.0 million, or 2.3%, from RMB517.0 million as at 31 December 2017. The decrease was mainly due to the repayment of some long aging trade payables during the Period.

Liquidity and capital resources

As at 30 June 2018, the Group's cash and bank deposits, comprising cash and cash equivalents and restricted bank deposits, were RMB273.4 million, representing an increase of RMB123.8 million, or 82.8%, from RMB149.6 million as at 31 December 2017. The increase was mainly due to the funds raised from the issue of shares by the Group.

As at 30 June 2018, the Group's short-term borrowings and current portion of long-term borrowings were RMB209.8 million while the long-term borrowings were RMB117.5 million. As at 31 December 2017, the Group's short-term bank borrowings and current portion of long-term bank borrowings were RMB263.2 million while the long-term borrowings were RMB18.3 million.

As at 30 June 2018, the Group's gearing ratio was 27.6%, representing a decrease of 1.2% as compared with 28.8% as at 31 December 2017. Gearing ratio was calculated as total borrowings divided by total equity. Total borrowings included long-term borrowings, short-term borrowings and current portion of long-term borrowings.

Capital structure

The capital of the Company comprises only ordinary shares. As at 30 June 2018, the total number of ordinary shares of the Company in issue was 1,844,147,665 shares (31 December 2017: 1,535,192,332 shares). As at 30 June 2018, equity attributable to the equity owners of the Company was RMB1,087.9 million, representing an increase of RMB207.9 million, or 23.6%, as compared with RMB880.0 million as at 31 December 2017. This was mainly due to the completion of placing of 306,958,000 shares by the Company on 7 May 2018.

Significant investment held

As at 30 June 2018, the Group did not hold any significant investment.

Material acquisitions and disposals of subsidiaries and associates

For the six months ended 30 June 2018, the Group had no material acquisition or disposal of subsidiaries and associates.

Assets pledged

As at 30 June 2018, the Group pledged parts of its long-term prepayments and trade and note receivables to secure the Group's borrowings. The carrying values of the assets pledged are as follows:

	As at	As at 31
	30 June 2018	December 2017
	RMB'000	RMB'000
Long-term prepayments	6,217	6,565
Trade and note receivables	181,500	73,200
	,	,

Contingent liabilities

As at 30 June 2018, the Group had no material contingent liabilities.

Off-balance sheet arrangement

As at 30 June 2018, the Group had no off-balance sheet arrangements.

Contractual obligations

The Group's contractual commitments mainly included capital expenditure commitments and repayments under operating lease commitments.

Subsequent event

On 20 August 2018, the convertible bonds in the principal amount of USD15,000,000 of the Group were matured and fully repaid. No convertible bonds were converted to shares.

SUBSEQUENT WORK PLANS

Based on the work plans of the Group formulated at the beginning of 2018, the Group will continue to focus on the following areas in the second half of 2018:

- 1. Continue to rationalise the Group's business structure in various regions, strengthen the management of key projects, optimise the overall business layout and safeguard the achievement of annual target.
- 2. Strengthen the connection with key customers, thoroughly understand customers' needs, expand the business scale and core market of the Group.
- 3. Continue to strengthen team building, focus on introducing high-end talents, nurture a management team possessing market experience, management capabilities and innovation to better satisfy the needs for business development of the Group.
- 4. Deepen strategic cooperation, promote win-win development, step up the development of turnkey engineering technology service business and new business areas.
- 5. Accelerate the turnover of existing assets to further reduce operating costs and enhance efficiency.



COMPLIANCE WITH THE CORPORATE GOVERNANCE CODE

The Group is committed to maintaining high standards of corporate governance to safeguard the interests of the shareholders of the Company and to enhance corporate value and accountability. The Company has adopted Corporate Governance Code (the "CG Code") contained in Appendix 14 of the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities (the "Listing Rules") on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange") as its own code of corporate governance.

Under the code provision A.2.1 of the CG Code, the roles of chairman and chief executive officer should be separate and should not be performed by the same individual. During the period from 1 January 2018 to 11 May 2018, Mr. Wang Guoqiang was the chairman of the board (the "Board") of directors (the "Directors") and chief executive officer of the Company. The Board believed that Mr. Wang Guoqiang's extensive experience in the oil industry would be beneficial to the business prospects and management of the Group. The Board and the senior management, which comprises experienced and high calibre individuals, could ensure the balance of power and authority.

To be in line with the development of the Company and for the enhancement of corporate governance of the Company, the Board has approved the appointment of Mr. Ethan Wu, the executive Director of the Company, as the chief executive officer of the Company in place of Mr. Wang Guoqiang with effect from 11 May 2018. Upon such appointment, the Company has re-complied with the code provision A.2.1 of the CG Code.

Save as disclosed above, the Company was in compliance with the code provisions set out in the CG Code during the six months ended 30 June 2018. The Company will continue to review and enhance its corporate governance practices to ensure compliance with the CG Code.

COMPLIANCE WITH MODEL CODE FOR SECURITIES TRANSACTIONS BY DIRECTORS OF LISTED ISSUERS

The Company has adopted the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Issuers (the "Model Code") as set out in Appendix 10 to the Listing Rules as its own code of conduct regarding Directors' securities transactions.

Having made specific enquiry with all Directors, each of the Directors has confirmed that he/she has complied with the Model Code throughout the six months ended 30 June 2018.

REVIEW OF INTERIM RESULTS

The audit committee of the Company has jointly reviewed the accounting policies and practices adopted by the Group and the unaudited interim results for the six months ended 30 June 2018 of the Group with the auditors of the Company.



ISSUE OF SHARES

On 26 April 2018, the Company entered into a placing agreement with Shenwan Hongyuan Securities (H.K.) Limited (the "Placing Agent") whereby the Company agreed to place, through the Placing Agent, on a best effort basis, a maximum of 306,958,000 ordinary shares of nominal value of US\$0.0001 each as placing shares to not less than six placees at a price of HK\$0.78 per placing share (the "Placing"). The aggregate nominal value of the placing shares under the Placing is US\$30,695.80. On 26 April 2018, being the date of the placing agreement entered into between the Company and the Placing Agent, the closing price of the shares of the Company was HK\$0.82 per share as quoted on the Stock Exchange. Placees are institutional, professional and/or individual investors and whose ultimate beneficial owners are independent and not connected with any directors, chief executive or substantial shareholder (if any) of the Company or its subsidiaries and their respective associates. The completion of the Placing took place on 7 May 2018.

The net proceeds from the Placing are intended to be used for general working capital of the Group or to finance any future opportunities to be identified by the Company or to repay existing debts or borrowings. Please refer to the announcements of the Company dated 26 April 2018 and 7 May 2018 for details of the Placing.

The net proceeds, after deducting the placing commission, professional fees and all related expenses which were borne by the Company, from the Placing were approximately HK\$232,226,000. The net placing price was approximately HK\$0.76 per share. Details of the use of net proceeds from the Placing during the Period are as follows:

Total	232,226	
Subtotal	137,424	
General working capital	17,217	Before 30 June 2019
Repayment of the convertible bonds	120,207	Before 20 August 2018
Intended use of the net proceeds not yet utilized	Expected amount (HKD'000)	Expected timeline
General working capital		94,802
Use of the net proceeds		Amount <i>(HKD'000)</i>

During the Period, the net proceeds raised by the Company from the issue of shares were used, or were proposed to be used, according to the intentions previously disclosed by the Company, and there was no material change or delay in the use of net proceeds.



PURCHASE, SALE OR REDEMPTION OF ANY OF THE COMPANY'S SECURITIES

Save as otherwise disclosed in this report, during the six months ended 30 June 2018, neither the Company nor any of its subsidiaries has purchased, sold or redeemed of the Company's securities.

CHANGES TO INFORMATION IN RESPECT OF DIRECTORS OR CHIEF EXECUTIVE SUBSEQUENT TO THE 2017 ANNUAL REPORT

Mr. Wang Guoqiang was the chief executive officer of the Company during the period from 1 September 2017 to 11 May 2018. Mr. Ethan Wu has been appointed by the Board as the chief executive officer of the Company in place of Mr. Wang Guoqiang with effect from 11 May 2018.

Mr. Liu Ruoyan has resigned as an executive Director of the Company due to his age concern with effect from 31 August 2018.

Mr. Lin Yang has resigned as a non-executive Director of the Company due to his work re-arrangement with effect from 31 August 2018.

Mr. Wan Kah Ming has been a standing director of Hong Kong Association of China Council for the Promotion of Peaceful National Reunification and an honorary legal advisor since 12 July 2018.

Save as disclosed above, up to the date of this report, there is no change to information which is required to be disclosed pursuant to paragraphs (a) to (e) and (g) of rule 13.51(2) of the Listing Rules.



DIRECTORS' AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE'S INTERESTS AND SHORT POSITION IN SHARES, UNDERLYING SHARES AND DEBENTURES

As at 30 June 2018, the interests and short positions of the Directors and the chief executive of the Company in the shares, underlying shares and debentures of the Company or any of its associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the Securities and Futures Ordinance ("SFO")) (i) which were required to be notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to Divisions 7 and 8 of Part XV of the SFO (including interests and short positions which were taken or deemed to have under such provisions of the SFO), or (ii) which were required, pursuant to section 352 of the SFO, to be entered into the register maintained by the Company, or (iii) which were required to be notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to the Model Code were as follows:

Name of Director/Chief Executive	Nature of interest	Total number of shares/underlying shares held	Approximate percentage of interest in the Company
Mr. Wang Guogiang	Beneficiary of trusts (note 1)	648,484,000 (L)	35.16%
	Beneficial owner (note 3)	2,590,000 (L)	0.14%
Mr. Ethan Wu	Beneficiary of trusts (note 2)	648,484,000 (L)	35.16%
	Beneficial owner (note 3)	2,590,000 (L)	0.14%
Ms. Chen Chunhua (note 3)	Beneficial owner	3,500,000 (L)	0.19%
Mr. Liu Ruoyan (note 3)	Beneficial owner	3,890,000 (L)	0.21%
Mr. Wan Kah Ming	Beneficial owner	33,333 (L)	0.002%
	Beneficial owner (note 3)	2,833,334 (L)	0.15%
Mr. Wu Kwok Keung Andrew (note 3)	Beneficial owner	3,500,000 (L)	0.19%
Mr. Li Qiang (note 3)	Beneficial owner	11,568,000 (L)	0.63%
Ms. Zhang Yujuan (note 3)	Beneficial owner	2,500,000 (L)	0.14%
Mr. Lin Yang (note 3)	Beneficial owner	1,500,000 (L)	0.08%

Notes:

- Mr. Wang Guoqiang and his family members are the beneficiaries of Truepath Trust, a discretionary trust established by Mr. Wang Guoqiang, and therefore he is deemed to be interested in 489,512,000 shares of the Company held by Red Velvet Holdings Limited via Truepath Limited. Mr. Wang Guoqiang is also deemed to be interested in the shares held by Mr. Ethan Wu as they are parties acting in concert.
- 2. (i) Mr. Ethan Wu and his family members are the beneficiaries of Widescope Trust, a discretionary trust established by Mr. Ethan Wu, and therefore he is deemed to be interested in 137,372,000 shares of the Company held by Elegant Eagle Investments Limited via Widescope Holdings Limited. (ii) Mr. Wu and his family members are the beneficiaries of True Harmony Trust, a discretionary trust established by Mr. Ethan Wu, and therefore he is deemed to be interested in 21,600,000 shares of the Company held by Best Harvest Far East Limited via True Harmony Limited. (iii) Mr. Ethan Wu is also deemed to be interested in the shares held by Mr. Wang Guoqiang as they are parties acting in concert.

- 3. Mr. Wang Guoqiang, Mr. Ethan Wu, Ms. Chen Chunhua, Mr. Liu Ruoyan, Mr. Wan Kah Ming, Mr. Wu Kwok Keung Andrew, Mr. Li Qiang, Ms. Zhang Yujuan and Mr. Lin Yang hold share options in respect of these shares. Details of the share options are set out below in the section headed "Share Option Scheme".
- 4. "L" denotes long position.

Save as disclosed above, as at 30 June 2018, none of the Directors and the chief executive of the Company had or was deemed to have any interest or short position in the shares, underlying shares or debentures of the Company or its associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the SFO) that was required to be recorded in the register of the Company required to be kept under Section 352 of the SFO, or as otherwise notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to the Model Code.

DIRECTORS' RIGHTS TO ACQUIRE SHARES OR DEBENTURES

Save as otherwise disclosed in this report, no time during the six months ended 30 June 2018 were rights to acquire benefits by means of the acquisition of shares in or debentures of the Company granted to any Director or their respective spouse or children under 18 years of age, or were any such rights exercised by them; or was the Company and any of its subsidiaries a party to any arrangement to enable the Directors, or their respective spouse or children under 18 years of age, to acquire such rights in any other body corporate.

SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDERS' INTERESTS AND SHORT POSITION IN SHARES AND UNDERLYING SHARES

As at 30 June 2018, to the best knowledge of the Directors, the following persons (not being a Director or chief executive of the Company) had interests or short positions in the shares or underlying shares which fall to be disclosed to the Company under the provisions of Divisions 2 and 3 of Part XV of the SFO as recorded in the register required to be kept by the Company pursuant to section 336 of the SFO:

Name of Shareholder	Nature of Interest	Total number of shares/underlying shares held	Approximate percentage of interest in the Company
Widescope Holdings Limited	Beneficial owner	137,372,000 (L)	7.45%
Elegant Eagle Investments Limited (notes 1 and 6)	Interest of controlled corporation	158,972,000 (L)	8.62%
Truepath Limited	Beneficial owner	489,512,000 (L)	26.54%
Red Velvet Holdings Limited (notes 2 and 6)	Interest of controlled corporation	489,512,000 (L)	26.54%
Credit Suisse Trust Limited (notes 3 and 6)	Trustee	752,840,242 (L)	40.82%
Greenwoods Asset Management Limited (notes 4 and 6)	Interest of controlled corporation	119,000,000 (L)	6.45%
Greenwoods Asset Management Holdings Limited (notes 4 and 6)	Interest of controlled corporation	119,000,000 (L)	6.45%
Jiang Jinzhi (notes 4 and 6)	Interest of controlled corporation	119,000,000 (L)	6.45%
Unique Element Corp. (notes 4 and 6)	Interest of controlled corporation	119,000,000 (L)	6.45%

Other Information

Notes:

- 1. Widescope Holdings Limited and Best Harvest Far East Limited are wholly owned by Elegant Eagle Investments Limited and therefore Elegant Eagle Investments Limited is deemed to be interested in 137,372,000 and 21,600,000 shares of the Company held by these two companies respectively.
- Truepath Limited beneficially owned 489,512,000 shares of the Company. As Truepath Limited is wholly owned by Red Velvet Holdings Limited, Red Velvet Holdings Limited is deemed to be interested in 489,512,000 shares of the Company.
- 3. Credit Suisse Trust Limited is the trustee of the Widescope Trust, the Truepath Trust, the Jumbo Wind Trust and the Windsorland Trust which are discretionary trusts holding the shares in the Company in form of trusts via Elegant Eagle Investments Limited, Red Velvet Holdings Limited, Starshine Investments Limited and Tarkin Investments Limited, respectively. Therefore, Credit Suisse Trust Limited is deemed to be interested in shares of the Company held by True Harmony Limited, Widescope Holdings Limited, Truepath Limited, Jumbo Wind Limited and Windsorland Limited.
- 4. Such 119,000,000 shares represent the same parcel of shares.
- 5. "L" denotes long position.
- 6. Pursuant to section 336 of the SFO, the Shareholders are required to file disclosure of interests forms when certain criteria are fulfilled. Therefore, substantial shareholders' latest shareholding in the Company may be different to the shareholding filed with the Company and the Stock Exchange.

Save as disclosed above, as at 30 June 2018, the Directors were not aware of any persons (who were not Directors or chief executive of the Company) who had an interest or short position in the shares or underlying shares of the Company which would fall to be disclosed under Divisions 2 and 3 of Part XV of the SFO, or which would be required, pursuant to Section 336 of the SFO, to be entered in the register referred to therein.

SHARE OPTION SCHEME

The Company adopted a share option scheme (the "Share Option Scheme") on 1 December 2011.

1. Purpose

The purpose of the Share Option Scheme is to attract and retain the eligible persons, to provide additional incentive to them and to promote the success of the business of the Group.

2. Participants

The Board is authorised, at its absolute discretion and subject to the terms of the Share Option Scheme, to grant options to subscribe the shares of the Company to, inter alia, any Directors or any employees (full-time and part-time) of the Company or any of its subsidiaries or associated companies or any other person whom the Board considers, in its sole discretion, has contributed or will contribute to the Group.

3. Total number of Shares available for issue under the Share Option Scheme

The Company has refreshed the Share Option Scheme mandate limit at the annual general meeting held on 12 June 2018, representing 10% of the shares in issue on the same date (i.e. a total of 184,414,766 shares).

4. Maximum entitlement of each participant

The total number of shares issued and to be issued upon exercise of options granted to any grantee (including both exercised and outstanding options) under the Share Option Scheme, in any 12-month period up to the date of grant shall not exceed 1% of the shares in issue.

5. Period within which the Shares must be taken up under an option

An option may be exercised in accordance with the terms of the Share Option Scheme at any time during a period as the Board may determine which shall not exceed ten years from the date of grant subject to the provisions of early termination thereof.

6. Minimum period for which an option must be held before it can be exercised

The Board may in its absolute discretion set a minimum period for which an option must be held and performance targets that must be achieved before an option can be exercised.

7. Time of acceptance and the amount payable on acceptance of the option

An offer for the grant of options must be accepted within 8 days inclusive of the day on which such offer was made. The amount payable by the grantee of an option to the Company on acceptance of the offer for the grant of an option is HK\$1.00.

8. Basis of determining the subscription price

The subscription price of a share in respect of any particular option granted under the Share Option Scheme shall be a price solely determined by the Board and notified to a participant and shall be at least the highest of: (i) the closing price of the shares as stated in the Stock Exchange's daily quotations sheet on the date of grant of the option; (ii) the average of the closing prices of the shares as stated in the Stock Exchange's daily quotations sheets for the 5 business days immediately preceding the date of grant of the option; and (iii) the nominal value of a Share on the date of grant of the option.



9. Life of the Share Option Scheme

The Share Option Scheme became unconditional on the date of Listing and shall be valid and effective for a period of ten years commencing on 1 December 2011, subject to the early termination provisions contained in the Share Option Scheme. As at 30 June 2018, the remaining life of the Share Option Scheme was 3 years and 5 months.

The Company shall be entitled to issue options, provided that the total number of shares which may be issued upon exercise of all options to be granted under the Share Option Scheme does not exceed 10% of the shares in issue on the date of refreshment of the Share Option Scheme mandate limit on 12 June 2018. The Company may at any time refresh such limit, subject to the Shareholders' approval and issue of a circular in compliance with the Listing Rules, provided that the total number of shares which may be issued upon exercise of all outstanding options granted and yet to be exercised under all the share option schemes of the Company does not exceed 30% of the shares in issue at the time.

Movements of the share options under the Share Option Scheme during the six months ended 30 June 2018 are as follows:

			Number of	share options					
Grantee	Outstanding as at 1 January 2018	Granted	Exercised	Cancelled	Lapsed	Outstanding as at 30 June 2018	Date of grant	Date of expiry	Exercise price per share
Directors	· · ·								
Mr. Wang Guoqiang	1,090,000	_	_	_	_	1,090,000	13/06/2013	12/06/2023	HK\$4.694
with wang Guoglang	(note 3)					1,030,000	10/00/2010	12/00/2020	111.004
	1,500,000	_	_	_	_	1,500,000	31/08/2016	30/08/2026	HK\$0.490
	(note 4)					.,,	,,		
Mr. Ethan Wu	1,090,000	-	-	-	-	1,090,000	13/06/2013	12/06/2023	HK\$4.694
	(note 3)								
	1,500,000	-	-	-	-	1,500,000	31/08/2016	30/08/2026	HK\$0.490
	(note 4)								
Mr. Liu Ruoyan	1,300,000	-	-	-	-	1,300,000	29/03/2012	28/03/2022	HK\$1.360
	(note 2)								
	1,090,000	-	-	-	-	1,090,000	13/06/2013	12/06/2023	HK\$4.694
	(note 3)					4 500 000	01/00/0010	00/00/0000	
	1,500,000	-	-	-	-	1,500,000	31/08/2016	30/08/2026	HK\$0.490
Ms. Chen Chunhua	(note 4)					1 000 000	29/03/2012	28/03/2022	HK\$1.360
IVIS. CHEN CHUNNUA	1,000,000 (note 2)	-	-	-	-	1,000,000	29/03/2012	20/03/2022	ΠΝΦΙ.300
	1,000,000	_	_	_	_	1,000,000	13/06/2013	12/06/2023	HK\$4.694
	(note 3)					1,000,000	10/00/2010	12/00/2020	111.00+
	1,500,000	_	-	_	_	1,500,000	31/08/2016	30/08/2026	HK\$0.490
	(note 4)					.,,			
Mr. Lin Yang	1,500,000	_	-	_	_	1,500,000	31/08/2016	30/08/2026	HK\$0.490
0	(note 4)								





	Outstanding		Number of	share option	S	Outstanding			
Grantee	as at 1 January 2018	Granted	Exercised	Cancelled	Lapsed	as at 30 June 2018	Date of grant	Date of expiry	Exercise price per share
Mr. Wu Kwok Keung	1,000,000	-	-	-	-	1,000,000	29/03/2012	28/03/2022	HK\$1.360
Andrew	(note 2)					1 000 000	10/00/0010	10/00/0000	
	1,000,000	-	-	-	-	1,000,000	13/06/2013	12/06/2023	HK\$4.694
	(note 3) 1,500,000				_	1,500,000	31/08/2016	30/08/2026	HK\$0.490
	(note 4)	-	-	-	-	1,500,000	31/06/2010	30/08/2020	ПКФ0.490
Mr. Li Qiang	(note 4) 568,000	_	_	_	_	568,000	20/02/2012	19/02/2022	HK\$1.292
IVII. LI QIANY	(note 1)	_	_	_	_	500,000	20/02/2012	13/02/2022	111101.232
	1,000,000	_	_	_	_	1,000,000	13/06/2013	12/06/2023	HK\$4.694
	(note 3)					.,,	10/00/2010	12,00,2020	
	10,000,000	_	_	_	_	10,000,000	31/08/2016	30/08/2026	HK\$0.490
	(note 4)					, ,			
Ms. Zhang Yujuan	1,000,000	-	-	-	-	1,000,000	13/06/2013	12/06/2023	HK\$4.694
	(note 3)								
	1,500,000	-	-	-	-	1,500,000	31/08/2016	30/08/2026	HK\$0.490
	(note 4)								
Mr. Wan Kah Ming	333,334	-	-	-	-	333,334	29/03/2012	28/03/2022	HK\$1.360
	(note 2)								
	1,000,000	-	-	-	-	1,000,000	13/06/2013	12/06/2023	HK\$4.694
	(note 3)					1 500 000	01/00/0010	00/00/0000	
	1,500,000	-	-	-	-	1,500,000	31/08/2016	30/08/2026	HK\$0.490
Employees	(note 4) 107,030,000	_	1,997,333	_	3,068,667	101,964,000	31/08/2016	30/08/2026	HK\$0.490
(in aggregate)	(note 4)	_	(note 5)	_	0,000,007	101,304,000	01/00/2010	00/00/2020	ΠΛΦΟ.430
(in aggrogato)	40,450,000	_	(1010-0)	_	2,030,000	38,420,000	13/06/2013	12/06/2023	HK\$4.694
	(note 3)				_,000,000	00,120,000	.0.00/2010	, 00, _020	7 II Q 1.00T
	8,952,667	-	-	-	96,000	8,856,667	20/02/2012	19/02/2022	HK\$1.292
	(note 1)					- /			
	1,450,000	-	-	-	-	1,450,000	29/03/2012	28/03/2022	HK\$1.360
	(note 2)		_						
Total	192,354,001	_	1,997,333	_	5,194,667	185,162,001			

Notes:

- The closing price of the shares immediately before 20 February 2012 on which the share options were granted was HK\$1.27 per share. 1/3 of which are exercisable from 20/02/2013 to 19/02/2022; 1/3 of which are exercisable from 20/02/2014 to 19/02/2022; and the remaining 1/3 are exercisable from 20/02/2015 to 19/02/2022.
- 2. The closing price of the shares immediately before 29 March 2012 on which the share options were granted was HK\$1.33 per share. 1/3 of which are exercisable from 29/03/2013 to 28/03/2022; 1/3 of which are exercisable from 29/03/2014 to 28/03/2022; and the remaining 1/3 are exercisable from 29/03/2015 to 28/03/2022.



Other Information

- 3. The closing price of shares immediately before 13 June 2013 on which the share options were granted was HK\$4.57 per share. 1/3 of which are exercisable from 13/06/2014 to 12/06/2023; 1/3 of which are exercisable from 13/06/2015 to 12/06/2023; and the remaining 1/3 are exercisable from 13/06/2016 to 12/06/2023.
- 4. The closing price of shares immediately before 31 August 2016 on which the share options were granted was HK\$0.49 per share. 1/3 of which are exercisable from 31/08/2017 to 30/08/2026; 1/3 of which are exercisable from 31/08/2018 to 30/08/2026; and the remaining 1/3 are exercisable from 31/08/2019 to 30/08/2026.
- 5. The weighted average closing price of the shares issued during the Period from exercise of options immediately before the dates on which the options were exercised was approximately HK\$0.97 per share.

Save as disclosed above, no share option was granted, exercised, cancelled nor lapsed during the six months ended 30 June 2018 under the Share Option Scheme.

INTERIM DIVIDEND

The Board proposed not to declare interim dividend for the six months ended 30 June 2018 (for the six months ended 30 June 2017: nil) to the shareholders of the Company.

By order of the Board Wang Guoqiang Chairman

Hong Kong, 29 August 2018

Interim Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheet

For the six months ended 30 June 2018 (Amounts expressed in thousands of RMB unless otherwise stated)

	Note	30 June 2018 <i>RMB'000</i> Unaudited	31 December 2017 <i>RMB'000</i> Audited
ASSETS			
Non-current assets			
Property, plant and equipment	7	314,422	348,626
Land use rights	7	21,034	21,275
Intangible assets	7	17,284	23,219
Investment in associates	,	1,570	1,570
Deferred income tax assets	16	137,602	141,899
Prepayments	10	22,197	22,339
		514,109	558,928
Current assets Inventories	0	207 444	007 000
	8	387,444	337,033
Contract assets Trade and note receivables	9	4,296 716,387	- 682,644
	10	320,197	261,644
Prepayments and other receivables Restricted bank deposits	10	1,864	2,552
Cash and cash equivalents		271,487	2,552 147,022
		211,401	147,022
		1,701,675	1,430,895
Total assets		2,215,784	1,989,823
		_,	
EQUITY			
Equity attributable to the Company's equity owners		=.	075
Share capital	11	1,171	975
Share premium	10	781,040	591,991
Other reserves	12	349,336	346,624
Currency translation differences Retained earnings		(456,392) 412,743	(456,981)
		412,743	397,373
		1,087,898	879,982
Non-controlling interests		96,004	98,116
Total equity		1,183,902	978,098

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Interim Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheet

For the six months ended 30 June 2018 (Amounts expressed in thousands of RMB unless otherwise stated)

	Note	30 June 2018 <i>RMB'000</i> Unaudited	31 December 2017 <i>RMB'000</i> Audited
LIABILITIES			
Non-current liabilities			
Borrowings	13	117,492	18,343
Deferred income tax liabilities	16	20,506	20,957
		137,998	39,300
Current liabilities			
Borrowings	13	88,572	159,021
Current portion of long-term borrowings	13	121,258	104,194
Contract liabilities		15,094	-
Trade payables	14	505,038	516,973
Accruals and other payables	15	122,737	143,878
Current income tax liabilities		41,185	48,359
		893,884	972,425
Total liabilities		1,031,882	1,011,725
Total equity and liabilities		2,215,784	1,989,823

The above interim condensed consolidated balance sheet should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.



Interim Condensed Consolidated Income Statement

For the six months ended 30 June 2018 (Amounts expressed in thousands of RMB unless otherwise stated)

RMB'000 UnauditedRMB UnauditedRevenue6540,562418Other (losses)/gains, net(5,291)35Operating costs Material costs(129,211)(104Employee benefit expenses17(186,682)(165Operating lease expenses17(186,682)(165Depreciation and amortisation(39,448)(45Technical service expenses(40,422)(31Impairment loss of assets(771)(771)Others(493,914)(462)Operating profit/(loss)41,357(8	,755 ,042 ,580
NoteUnauditedUnauditedRevenue6540,562418Other (losses)/gains, net(5,291)35Operating costs(129,211)(104Employee benefit expenses17(186,682)Operating lease expenses(33,090)(34Transportation costs(6,067)(6Depreciation and amortisation(39,448)(45Technical service expenses(40,422)(31Impairment loss of assets(771)(17Others(58,223)(56Operating profit/(loss)41,357(8	,755 ,042 ,580
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Others (58,223) (56 (493,914) (462 Operating profit/(loss) 41,357 (8	,671
Operating profit/(loss) 41,357 (8	,363
Operating profit/(loss) 41,357 (8	
	,712
	,915
Finance income 326	40
	,262
Finance costs, net 19 (17,010) (15	,222
Profit/(loss) before income tax 24,347 (24	,137
Income tax expense 20 (6,789) (15	,842
Profit/(loss) from continuing operations 17,558 (39	,979
Profit/(loss) for the period 17,558 (39	,979
Profit/(loss) is attributable to:	
	0.0
Non-controlling interests (2,126) (4	,001
17,558 (39	,001 ,978



Interim Condensed Consolidated Income Statement

For the six months ended 30 June 2018 (Amounts expressed in thousands of RMB unless otherwise stated)

		Six months ended 30 June		
		2018	2017	
		RMB'000	RMB'000	
	Note	Unaudited	Unaudited	
Earnings/(loss) per share for the profit/(loss) from continuing operations attributable to the equity owners of the Company				
Basic earnings/(loss) per share (RMB Yuan)	22	0.0121	(0.0228)	
Diluted earnings/(loss) per share (RMB Yuan)	22	0.0117	(0.0228)	
Earnings/(loss) per share for the profit/(loss) attributable to the equity owners of the Company				
Basic earnings/(loss) per share (RMB Yuan)	22	0.0121	(0.0228)	
Diluted earnings/(loss) per share (RMB Yuan)	22	0.0117	(0.0228)	

The above interim condensed consolidated income statement should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.



Interim Condensed Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income

For the six months ended 30 June 2018 (Amounts expressed in thousands of RMB unless otherwise stated)

	Six months ended 30 June			
Note	2018 <i>RMB'000</i> Unaudited	2017 <i>RMB'000</i> Unaudited		
Profit/(loss) for the period	17,558	(39,979)		
Other comprehensive income:				
Items that may be reclassified to profit or loss:				
Currency translation differences	(12,552)	(9,140)		
Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss:				
Currency translation differences	13,155	(14,387)		
Other comprehensive income for the period, net of tax	603	(23,527)		
Total comprehensive income for the period	18,161	(63,506)		
Total comprehensive income for the period is attributable to:				
Equity owners of the Company	20,273	(58,613)		
Non-controlling interests	(2,112)	(4,893)		
	18,161	(63,506)		
Total comprehensive income for the period arises from:				
Continuing operations	18,161	(63,506)		

The above interim condensed consolidated statement of comprehensive income should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

Interim Condensed Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity

For the six months ended 30 June 2018 (Amounts expressed in thousands of RMB unless otherwise stated)

					Unau	dited			
		Equity attributable to owners of the Company							
	Note	Share capital <i>RMB'000</i>	Share premium RMB'000	Other reserves RMB'000	Currency translation differences <i>RMB'000</i>	Retained earnings RMB'000	Total RMB'000	Non- controlling interests RMB'000 RM	Total equity <i>RMB'000</i>
Balance as at 1 January 2017		974	591,651	333,874	(403,382)	392,184	915,301	97,033	1,012,334
Comprehensive income									
Loss for the period		-	-	-	-	(35,001)	(35,001)	(4,978)	(39,979
Other comprehensive income		-	-	-	(23,612)	-	(23,612)	85	(23,527
Total comprehensive income		-	-	-	(23,612)	(35,001)	(58,613)	(4,893)	(63,506
Transactions with owners in their capacity as owners									
Share-based payments	17	_	_	7,752	_	_	7,752	_	7,752
Capital injection of subsidiaries		_	_	-	_	_	-	3,273	3,273
Appropriation		-	-	224	-	(224)	-	_	
Total transactions with owners in									
their capacity as owners		-	-	7,976	-	(224)	7,752	3,273	11,025
Balance as at 30 June 2017		974	591,651	341,850	(426,994)	356,959	864,440	95,413	959,853

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Interim Condensed Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity

For the six months ended 30 June 2018 (Amounts expressed in thousands of RMB unless otherwise stated)

		Unaudited							
			Equity att	ributable to	owners of the	Company			
					Currency			Non-	
		Share	Share	Other	translation	Retained		controlling	Total
		capital	premium	reserves	differences	earnings	Total	interests	equity
	Note	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
Balance as at 31 December 2017		975	591,991	346,624	(456,981)	397,373	879,982	98,116	978,098
Change in accounting policy	4	-	-		(+00,001)	(4,314)	(4,314)		(4,314)
Restated total equity at 1 January 2018	т	975	591,991	346,624	(456,981)	393,059	875,668	98,116	973,784
		510	001,001	040,024	(400,001)	000,000	010,000	50,110	510,104
Comprehensive income									
Profit for the period		-	-	-	-	19,684	19,684	(2,126)	17,558
Other comprehensive income		-	-	-	589	-	589	14	603
Total comprehensive income		-	-	-	589	19,684	20,273	(2,112)	18,161
Transactions with owners in									
their capacity as owners									
Issue of ordinary shares	11	195	187,934	-	-	-	188,129	-	188,129
Share-based payments	17	-	-	3,031	-	-	3,031	-	3,031
Share options exercised		1	1,115	(319)	-	-	797	-	797
Total transactions with owners in									
their capacity as owners		196	189,049	2,712	-	-	191,957	-	191,957
Balance as at 30 June 2018		1,171	781,040	349,336	(456,392)	412,743	1,087,898	96,004	1,183,902

* See Note 4 for details regarding the restatement as a result of a change in accounting policy.

The above interim condensed consolidated statement of changes in equity should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

Interim Condensed Consolidated Cash Flow Statement

For the six months ended 30 June 2018 (Amounts expressed in thousands of RMB unless otherwise stated)

	Six months e	nded 30 June
	2018	2017
	RMB'000	RMB'000
Note	Unaudited	Unaudited
Cash flows from operating activities		
Cash (used in)/generated from operations	(67,511)	55,487
Interest paid	(15,571)	(11,673)
Interest received	64	40
Income tax paid	(8,696)	(5,811)
		00.040
Net cash (used in)/generated from operating activities	(91,714)	38,043
Cash flows from investing activities		
Purchases of property, plant and equipment	(12,481)	(9,294)
Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment	2,663	60
Purchases of intangible assets	_	(359
Investment in an associate	-	(1,070)
Increase/(decrease) in restricted bank deposits	688	(10,275)
Net cash used in investing activities	(9,130)	(20,938)
Cash flows from financing activities		
Proceeds from borrowings	212,817	118,599
Repayments of borrowings	(174,680)	(257,095)
Contributions from non-controlling interests	(174,000)	3,273
Net proceeds from placing of new shares	188,129	0,210
Proceeds from share option exercised	797	-
Net cash generated from/(used in) financing activities	227,063	(135,223)
Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	126,219	(118,118
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the period	147,022	245,903
Exchange losses on cash and cash equivalents	(1,754)	(1,431)
Cash and cash equivalents at end of the period	271,487	126,354

The above interim condensed consolidated cash flow statement should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

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Notes to the Interim Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements

For the six months ended 30 June 2018 (Amounts expressed in thousands of RMB unless otherwise stated)

1. GENERAL INFORMATION

SPT Energy Group Inc. (the "Company") was incorporated in the Cayman Islands on 12 June 2008 as an exempted company with limited liability under the Companies Law of the Cayman Islands. The address of its registered office is P. O. Box 31119, Grand Pavilion, Hibiscus Way, 802 West Bay Road, Grand Cayman KY1-1205, Cayman Islands. The Company had its shares listed on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited on 23 December 2011 through a global offering ("Global Offering").

The Company is principally engaged in investment holding. The Company and its subsidiaries (the "Group") are principally engaged in provision of oilfield services including drilling, well completion, reservoir, with ancillary activities in trading and manufacturing of oilfield services related products mainly in the People's Republic of China (the "PRC"), Republic of Kazakhstan ("Kazakhstan"), Turkmenistan, Singapore, Canada and Indonesia. The ultimate controlling party of the Group is Mr. Wang Guoqiang (王國強) and Mr. Ethan Wu (吳東方) (collectively referred to as the "Controlling Shareholders").

These interim condensed consolidated financial statements are presented in Renminbi ("RMB"), unless otherwise stated. These interim condensed consolidated financial statements were approved for issue on 29 August 2018.

These interim condensed consolidated financial statements have been reviewed, not audited.

2. BASIS OF PREPARATION

This interim condensed consolidated financial report for the six months ended 30 June 2018 has been prepared in accordance with International Accounting Standard ("IAS") 34, "Interim financial reporting". The interim condensed consolidated financial report should be read in conjunction with the annual financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2017, which have been prepared in accordance with International Reporting Standards ("IFRS"), and any public announcements made by the Company during the interim reporting period.



For the six months ended 30 June 2018 (Amounts expressed in thousands of RMB unless otherwise stated)

3. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accounting policies applied are consistent with those described in the annual financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2017, except for the adoption of new and amended standards as set out blow.

(a) New and amended standards adopted by the Group

A number of new or amended standards became applicable for the current reporting period and the Group had to change its accounting policies as a result of adopting the following standards:

- IFRS 9 Financial Instruments, and
- IFRS 15 Revenue from Contracts with Customers.

The impact of the adoption of these standards and the new accounting policies are disclosed in Note 4 below. The other standards did not have any impact on the Group's accounting policies.

(b) Impact of standards issued but not yet applied by the Group

(i) IFRS 16 Leases

IFRS 16 was issued in January 2016. It will result in almost all leases being recognised on the balance sheet, as the distinction between operating and finance leases is removed. Under the new standard, an asset (the right to use the leased item) and a financial liability to pay rentals are recognised. The only exceptions are short-term and low-value leases.

The accounting for lessors will not significantly change.

The standard will affect primarily the accounting for the Group's operating leases. As at 30 June 2018, the Group has non-cancellable operating lease commitments of RMB60,085,000. However, the Group has not yet determined to what extent these commitments will result in the recognition of an asset and a liability for future payments and how this will affect the Group's profit and classification of cash flows.

Some of the commitments may be covered by the exception for short-term and low-value leases and some commitments may relate to arrangements that will not qualify as leases under IFRS 16.

The standard is mandatory for first interim periods within annual reporting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2019. The Group does not intend to adopt the standard before its effective date.



For the six months ended 30 June 2018 (Amounts expressed in thousands of RMB unless otherwise stated)

4. CHANGES IN ACCOUNTING POLICIES

This note explains the impact of the adoption of IFRS 9 Financial Instruments and IFRS 15 *Revenue from Contracts with Customers* on the Group's financial statements and also discloses the new accounting policies that have been applied from 1 January 2018, where they are different to those applied in prior periods.

(a) Impact on the financial statements

For IFRS 9, as explained in Note 4(b) below, the new standard was generally adopted without restating comparative information. The adjustments arising from the new impairment rules are therefore not reflected in the balance sheet as at 31 December 2017, but are recognised in the opening balance sheet on 1 January 2018.

For IFRS 15, as explained in Note 4(d) below, the Group elected to adopt the new standard by using the modified retrospective application approach. Therefore, the cumulative effect of initially applying the revenue standard was recognised as an adjustment to the opening balance of this interim period. Comparative prior periods are not restated.

The following tables show the adjustments recognised for each individual line item. Line items that were not affected by the changes have not been included. As a result, the sub-totals and totals disclosed cannot be recalculated from the numbers provided. The adjustments are explained in more detail by standard below.

Balance sheet (extract)	31 Dec 2017 As originally presented <i>RMB'000</i>	IFRS 9 <i>RMB'000</i>	IFRS 15 RMB'000	1 January 2018 Restated <i>RMB'000</i>
Non-current assets				
Deferred tax assets	141,899	1,438	_	143,337
Current assets				
Trade and note receivables	682,644	(4,537)	(7,032)	671,075
Contract assets		(1,215)	7,032	5,817
Total assets	1,989,823	(4,314)	_	1,985,509
Current liabilities				
Accruals and other payables	143,878	_	(20,166)	123,712
Contract liabilities	-	-	20,166	20,166
Total liabilities	1,011,725	_	_	1,011,725
Net assets	978,098	(4,314)	_	973,784
	0.40.00.4			0.40,00.4
Other reserves	346,624	- (4,014)	-	346,624
Retained earnings	397,373	(4,314)	_	393,059
Total equity	978,098	(4,314)	_	973,784

For the six months ended 30 June 2018 (Amounts expressed in thousands of RMB unless otherwise stated)

4. CHANGES IN ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

(b) IFRS 9 Financial Instruments – Impact of adoption

IFRS 9 replaces the provisions of IAS 39 that relate to the recognition, classification and measurement of financial assets and financial liabilities, derecognition of financial instruments, impairment of financial assets and hedge accounting.

The adoption of IFRS 9 Financial Instruments from 1 January 2018 resulted in changes in accounting policies and adjustments to the amounts recognised in the financial statements. The new accounting policies are set out in Note 4(c) below. In accordance with the transitional provisions in IFRS 9 (7.2.15) and (7.2.26), comparative figures have not been restated.

The adoption of IFRS 9 does not have any impact on the Group's recognition, classification and measurement of financial instruments, except for the revision of impairment methodology for certain financial assets as described below. For this interim period, the Group has not been involved in hedge transactions which may be affected by IFRS 9.

The total impact on the Group's retained earnings as at 1 January 2018 is as follows:

		2018
	Notes	RMB'000
Closing retained earnings 31 December 2017- IAS 39/IAS 18		397,373
Increase in provision for trade receivables and contract assets	(i)	(5,752)
Increase in deferred tax assets relating to impairment provisions	(i)	1,438
Adjustment to retained earnings from adoption of IFRS 9 on		
1 January 2018		(4,314)
Opening retained earnings 1 January 2018- IFRS 9		
(before restatement for IFRS 15)		393,059



For the six months ended 30 June 2018 (Amounts expressed in thousands of RMB unless otherwise stated)

4. CHANGES IN ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

(b) IFRS 9 Financial Instruments – Impact of adoption (continued)

(i) Impairment of financial assets

The Group has five types of financial assets that are subject to IFRS 9's new expected credit loss model:

- trade and notes receivables for sales of inventory and from the provision services
- contract assets relating to service contracts
- other receivables
- cash and cash equivalents
- restricted bank deposits

The Group was required to revise its impairment methodology under IFRS 9 for each of these classes of assets. The impact of the change in impairment methodology on the Group's retained earnings and equity is disclosed in the table in Note 4(b) above.

While cash and cash equivalents and restricted bank deposits are also subject to the impairment requirements of IFRS 9, the identified impairment loss was immaterial.

Trade receivables and contract assets

The Group applies the IFRS 9 simplified approach to measuring expected credit losses which uses a lifetime expected loss allowance for all trade and notes receivables and contract assets.

To measure the expected credit losses, trade receivables and contract assets have been grouped based on shared credit risk characteristics. The contract assets relate to unbilled work in progress and have substantially the same risk characteristics as the trade receivables for the same types of contracts. The Group has therefore concluded that the expected loss rates for trade receivables are a reasonable approximation of the loss rates for the contract assets.



For the six months ended 30 June 2018 (Amounts expressed in thousands of RMB unless otherwise stated)

4. CHANGES IN ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

(b) IFRS 9 Financial Instruments – Impact of adoption (continued)

(i) Impairment of financial assets (continued)

Trade receivables and contract assets (continued)

On that basis, the loss allowance as at 1 January 2018 was determined as follows for both trade receivables and contract assets:

	Up to	6 months -			Over	
1 January 2018	6 months	1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	3 years	Total
Expected loss rate	0.70%	0.90%	1.40%	45%	70%	
Gross carrying amount	539,550	36,817	59,930	23,058	109,533	768,888
Loss allowance	3,777	331	839	10,376	76,673	91,996

The loss allowances for trade receivables and contract assets as at 31 December 2017 reconcile to the opening loss allowances on 1 January 2018 as follows:

	Contract assets RMB'000	Trade receivables <i>RMB'000</i>	Total <i>RMB'000</i>
At 31 December 2017 – calculated under IAS 39	_	86.244	86,244
Amounts restated through		00,244	00,244
opening retained earnings	1,215	4,537	5,752
Opening loss allowance as at			
1 January 2018 – calculated under IFRS 9	1,215	90,781	91,996

The loss allowances increased by a further RMB2,123,000 to RMB92,904,000 for trade receivables and decreased by RMB1,101,000 to RMB114,000 for contract assets during the six months to 30 June 2018. The increase would have been RMB1,022,000 lower under the incurred loss model of IAS 39.

Trade receivables and contract assets are written off when there is no reasonable expectation of recovery. Indicators that there is no reasonable expectation of recovery include, amongst others, the failure of a debtor to engage in a repayment plan with the Group.

For the six months ended 30 June 2018 (Amounts expressed in thousands of RMB unless otherwise stated)

4. CHANGES IN ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

(b) IFRS 9 Financial Instruments – Impact of adoption (continued)

(i) Impairment of financial assets (continued)

Note receivables and other receivables

Based on management's assessment by taking into account default history and forward looking factors, the expected credit loss for notes receivable is immaterial, and therefore no provisions for impairment are recognised for note receivables under IFRS 9. The expected credit loss for other receivables are not significantly different with the impairment provision that had been made under IAS 39, therefore no additional provision is considered necessary under IFRS 9.

Significant estimates and judgements

Impairment of financial assets

The loss allowances for financial assets are based on assumptions about risk of default and expected loss rates. The Group uses judgement in making these assumptions and selecting the inputs to the impairment calculation, based on the Group's past history, existing market conditions as well as forward looking estimates at the end of each reporting period. Details of the key assumptions and inputs used are disclosed in the table above.

(c) IFRS 9 Financial Instruments – Accounting policies applied from 1 January 2018

(i) Investments and other financial assets

Classification

From 1 January 2018, the Group classifies its financial assets in the following measurement categories:

- those to be measured subsequently at fair value (either through other comprehensive income, or through profit or loss), and
- those to be measured at amortised cost.

The classification depends on the entity's business model for managing the financial assets and the contractual terms of the cash flows. As at 1 January 2018 and 30 June 2018, the Group only has the finance assets of the category to be measured at amortised cost.

At initial recognition, the Group measures a financial asset at its fair value plus transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition of the financial asset.

Financial assets that are held for collection of contractual cash flows where those cash flows represent solely payments of principal and interest are measured at amortised cost. Interest income from these financial assets is included in finance income using the effective interest rate method. Any gain or loss arising on derecognition is recognised directly in profit or loss and presented in other gains/(losses), together with foreign exchange gains and losses. Impairment losses are presented as separate line item in the statement of profit or loss.



For the six months ended 30 June 2018 (Amounts expressed in thousands of RMB unless otherwise stated)

4. CHANGES IN ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

(c) IFRS 9 Financial Instruments – Accounting policies applied from 1 January 2018 (continued)

(i) Investments and other financial assets (continued)

Impairment

From 1 January 2018, the Group assesses on a forward looking basis the expected credit losses associated with its debt instruments carried at amortised cost. The impairment methodology applied depends on whether there has been a significant increase in credit risk.

For trade receivables, the Group applies the simplified approach permitted by IFRS 9, which requires expected lifetime losses to be recognised from initial recognition of the receivables.

(d) IFRS 15 Revenue from Contracts with Customers – Impact of adoption

The Group has adopted IFRS 15 Revenue from Contracts with Customers from 1 January 2018 which resulted in changes in accounting policies and adjustments to the amounts recognised in the financial statements. In accordance with the transition provisions in IFRS 15, the Group has adopted the new rules by using the modified retrospective application approach and therefore the comparatives of previous periods are not restated. In summary, the following adjustments were made to the amounts recognised in the balance sheet at the date of initial application (1 January 2018):

	IAS 18 carrying amount* 31 Dec 2017 <i>RMB'000</i>	Reclassification <i>RMB'</i> 000	IFRS 15 carrying amount 1 January 2018 <i>RMB'000</i>
Trade and note receivables	682,644	(7,032)	675,612
Current contract assets Contract liabilities Accruals and other payables	- - 143,878	7,032 20,166 (20,166)	7,032 20,166 123,712

* The amounts in this column are before the adjustments from the adoption of IFRS 9, including increases in the impairment loss allowance for trade receivables and contract assets, see Note 4(b) above.



For the six months ended 30 June 2018 (Amounts expressed in thousands of RMB unless otherwise stated)

4. CHANGES IN ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

(d) IFRS 15 Revenue from Contracts with Customers – Impact of adoption (continued)

Based on management's assessment, there is no material impact on recognition and measurement of revenue for the adoption of IFRS 15.

The Group has voluntarily changed the presentation of certain amounts in the balance sheet to reflect the terminology of IFRS 15:

- Contract assets recognised in relation to provision of services and sales of goods were previously presented as part of trade receivables (RMB5,817,000 as at 1 January 2018, net of impairment allowance).
- Contract liabilities in relation to provision of services and sales of goods were previously included in accrual and other payables (RMB20,166,000 as at 1 January 2018).

(e) IFRS 15 Revenue from Contracts with Customers – Accounting policies

(i) Provision of services

The Group provides well drilling services, well completion services and reservoir services to its customers. Revenue from providing services is recognised in the accounting period in which the services are rendered. For fixed-price contracts, revenue is recognised based on the actual service provided to the end of the reporting period as a proportion of the total services to be provided, because the customer receives and uses the benefits simultaneously. This is determined based on the workload confirmed by customers relative to total expected workload.

Some service contracts include delivery of goods by the Group to the customer during the provision of service. It is accounted for as a separate performance obligation and the transaction price will be allocated to each performance obligation based on the stand-alone selling prices. If contracts include the delivery of goods, revenue for the goods is recognised at a point in time when the goods is delivered and the customer has accepted the goods.

Estimates of revenues, costs or extent of progress toward completion are revised if circumstances change. Any resulting increases or decreases in estimated revenues or costs are reflected in profit or loss in the period in which the circumstances that give rise to the revision become known by management.

In case of fixed-price contracts, the customer pays the fixed amount based on a payment schedule. If the services rendered by the Group exceed the payment, a contract asset is recognised. If the payments exceed the services rendered, a contract liability is recognised.

If the contract includes an hourly fee, revenue is recognised in the amount to which the Group has a right to invoice. Customers are invoiced on a monthly basis and consideration is payable when invoiced.

For the six months ended 30 June 2018 (Amounts expressed in thousands of RMB unless otherwise stated)

4. CHANGES IN ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

(e) IFRS 15 Revenue from Contracts with Customers – Accounting policies (continued)

(ii) Sales of goods

Revenue associated with sales of pressure gauges, packers and other goods is recognised when control of the goods has transferred, being when the goods are delivered to the customer, the customer has full discretion over the use or sale of the goods, and there is no unfulfilled obligation that could affect the customer's acceptance of the goods. Delivery occurs when the goods have been shipped to the specific location, the risks of obsolescence and loss have been transferred to the customer, and either the customer has accepted the goods in accordance with the sales contract, the acceptance provisions have lapsed, or the Group has objective evidence that all criteria for acceptance have been satisfied.

5. ESTIMATES

The preparation of interim financial information requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, income and expense. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

In preparing these condensed consolidated interim financial statements, the significant judgements made by the management in applying the Group's accounting policies and the key sources of estimation uncertainty were the same as those that applied to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2017, except for those changes from adoption of IFRS 9 as disclosed in Note 4.

6. SEGMENT INFORMATION

The chief operating decision-maker ("CODM") has been identified as the Chief Executive Officer, vice presidents and directors of the Company who review the Group's internal reporting in order to assess performance and allocate resources. The CODM has determined the operating segment based on this financial information.

The Group's operating segments, which are also the reportable segments, are entity or group of entities that offer different products and services, which is the basis by which the CODM makes decisions about resources to be allocated to the segments and assesses their performance.

They are so managed according to different natures of products and services. Most of these entities are engaged in just single business, except for a few entities which deal with diversified operation. Financial information of these entities has been separated to present discrete segment information to be reviewed by the CODM.

The CODM assesses performance of three reportable segments: drilling, well completion and reservoir. These reporting segments comprise respective services performed in these areas and related ancillary trading and manufacturing activities.

For the six months ended 30 June 2018 (Amounts expressed in thousands of RMB unless otherwise stated)

6. SEGMENT INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

(a) Revenue

	Six months ended 30 June	
	2018	2017
	RMB'000	RMB'000
	Unaudited	Unaudited
Drilling	221,768	147,223
Well completion	91,238	50,936
Reservoir	227,556	220,596
	540,562	418,755

The revenue from external parties reported to the CODM is measured in a manner consistent with that in the income statement. The CODM evaluates the performance of the reportable segments based on profit or loss before income tax expense, depreciation and amortisation, finance income, finance costs and certain unallocated expenses ("EBITDA").

(b) Segment information

(i) The segment information on EBITDA is as follows:

	Six months ended 30 June	
	2018	2017
	RMB'000	RMB'000
	Unaudited	Unaudited
EBITDA		
Drilling	45,199	24,893
Well completion	18,838	(21,812)
Reservoir	60,585	55,637
	124,622	58,718



For the six months ended 30 June 2018 (Amounts expressed in thousands of RMB unless otherwise stated)

6. SEGMENT INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

(b) Segment information (continued)

(ii) The segment information on total assets is as follows:

	30 June	31 December
	2018	2017
	RMB'000	RMB'000
	Unaudited	Audited
Total assets		
Drilling	538,093	441,900
Well completion	733,639	696,276
Reservoir	423,989	452,460
	1,695,721	1,590,636

(iii) A reconciliation of EBITDA to total profit/(loss) before income tax is as follows:

	Six months en	Six months ended 30 June		
	2018	2017		
	RMB'000	RMB'000		
	Unaudited	Unaudited		
EBITDA for reportable segments	124,622	58,718		
Unallocated expenses				
– Share-based payments (Note 17)	(3,031)	(7,752)		
– Other (losses)/gains, net	(5,291)	35,042		
- Unallocated overhead expenses	(35,495)	(49,026)		
	(43,817)	(21,736)		
	80,805	36,982		
Depreciation and amortisation	(39,448)	(45,897)		
Finance income	326	40		
Finance costs	(17,336)	(15,262)		
Profit/(loss) before income tax	24,347	(24,137)		

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For the six months ended 30 June 2018 (Amounts expressed in thousands of RMB unless otherwise stated)

6. SEGMENT INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

(c) Geographical segment

The following table shows revenue by geographical segment based on the location of main operation of the entities in the Group:

	Six months ended 30 June		
	2018 <i>RMB'000</i> Unaudited	2017 <i>RMB'000</i> Unaudited	
Revenue			
PRC	322,082	210,642	
Kazakhstan	143,199	124,392	
Turkmenistan	29,972	25,140	
Canada	21,864	27,259	
Indonesia	14,894	16,346	
Middle East	8,544	14,297	
Others	7	679	
	540,562	418,755	

The following table shows the non-current assets other than financial assets and deferred tax assets by geographical segment based on location of main operation of the entities in the Group:

	30 June 2018 <i>RMB'000</i> Unaudited	31 December 2017 <i>RMB'000</i> Audited
Non-current assets (other than deferred income tax assets)		
PRC	245,829	270,651
Kazakhstan	66,413	73,558
Turkmenistan	23,326	25,602
Canada	9,948	13,065
Indonesia	7,135	8,912
Middle East	42	69
Others	23,814	25,172
	376,507	417,029



For the six months ended 30 June 2018 (Amounts expressed in thousands of RMB unless otherwise stated)

7. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT, LAND USE RIGHTS AND INTANGIBLE ASSETS

	Property, plant and equipment <i>RMB'000</i>	Land use rights <i>RMB'000</i>	Intangible assets <i>RMB'000</i>
Civ months and ad 00 luns 0010 (Us sudited)			
Six months ended 30 June 2018 (Unaudited) Net book value			
Opening amount as at 1 January 2018	348,626	21,275	23,219
Additions	6,628		
Depreciation and amortisation	(33,556)	(241)	(5,651)
Disposals	(5,484)	-	-
Exchange differences	(1,792)	-	(284)
Closing amount as at 30 June 2018	314,422	21,034	17,284
Six months ended 30 June 2017 (Unaudited)			
Net book value			
Opening amount as at 1 January 2017	392,852	21,758	35,727
Additions	9,295	_	359
Depreciation and amortisation	(39,102)	(241)	(6,554)
Disposals	(1,221)	_	-
Exchange differences	243	_	_

8. INVENTORIES

	30 June 2018 <i>RMB'000</i> Unaudited	31 December 2017 <i>RMB'000</i> Audited
Project materials and consumables Project-in-progress	366,513 45,515	343,198 20,453
	412,028	363,651
Less: provision for impairment	(24,584)	(26,618)
	387,444	337,033

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For the six months ended 30 June 2018 (Amounts expressed in thousands of RMB unless otherwise stated)

9. TRADE AND NOTE RECEIVABLES

	30 June 2018	31 December 2017
	RMB'000	RMB'000
	Unaudited	Audited
Trade receivables	776,004	756,385
Less: impairment of trade receivables	(92,904)	(86,244)
-		070 / / /
Trade receivables – net	683,100	670,141
Note receivables	33,287	12,503
	716,387	682,644

(a) Ageing analysis of gross trade and note receivables as at the respective balance sheet date based on invoice date is as follows:

	30 June 2018 <i>RMB'000</i> Unaudited	31 December 2017 <i>RMB'000</i> Audited
Up to 6 months	489,055	539,550
6 months – 1 year	133,597	36,817
1 – 2 years	53,757	59,930
2 – 3 years	21,969	23,058
Over 3 years	110,913	109,533
Trade and note receivables, gross	809,291	768,888
Less: impairment of trade receivables	(92,904)	(86,244)
Trade and note receivables, net	716,387	682,644

(b) Certain trade and note receivables have been pledged for the Group's bank borrowings, details of which have been set out in Note 13(a)(iii).



For the six months ended 30 June 2018 (Amounts expressed in thousands of RMB unless otherwise stated)

10. PREPAYMENTS AND OTHER RECEIVABLES

	30 June 2018 <i>RMB'000</i>	31 December 2017 <i>RMB'000</i>
	Unaudited	Audited
Current		
Advances to suppliers	136,259	92,739
Prepayment for taxes	18,569	23,238
Total non-financial assets	154,828	115,977
Deposits and other receivables	78,623	63,908
Receivable relating to disposal of certain equipment	91,613	86,976
Less: impairment of other receivables	(4,867)	(5,217)
Total financial assets	165,369	145,667
	320,197	261,644
Non-current		
Advances to suppliers	6,708	6,708
Prepayment for operating lease	15,489	15,631
	22,197	22,339
		,
Total	342,394	283,983

Certain non-current prepayments have been pledged for the Group's bank borrowings, details of which have been set out in Note 13(a)(iii).

For the six months ended 30 June 2018 (Amounts expressed in thousands of RMB unless otherwise stated)

11. SHARE CAPITAL

	Number of share (Thousands)	Value RMB'000
Authorised:		
Ordinary shares of USD0.0001 each as at 31 December 2017	2,000,000	1,295
Add: new authorised share capital approved during the period(a) 3,000,000	1,924
Ordinary shares of USD0.0001 each as at 30 June 2018	5,000,000	3,219

(a) On 12 June 2018, the shareholders of the Company approved the resolution to increase the authorised share capital of the Company from USD200,000 divided into 2,000,000,000 shares of par value USD0.0001 each to USD500,000 divided into 5,000,000,000 shares of par value USD0.0001 each, which rank in pari passu in all respect with shares as at date of the resolution.

	Number of share <i>(Thousands)</i>	Value RMB'000
Issued and fully paid:		
As at 31 December 2017	1,535,192	975
Add: issuance of ordinary shares (a)	306,958	195
share options exercised	1,998	1
As at 30 June 2018	1,844,148	1,171

(b) On 7 May 2018, 306,958,000 placing shares were allotted and issued to certain placees at the price of HKD0.78 per share.

12. OTHER RESERVES

	30 June	31 December
	2018	2017
	RMB'000	RMB'000
	Unaudited	Audited
Merger reserves	(148,895)	(148,895)
Equity component of convertible bonds	61,150	61,150
Share-based payments	174,039	171,327
Statutory reserves	54,120	54,120
Capital reserves	208,922	208,922
	349,336	346,624



For the six months ended 30 June 2018 (Amounts expressed in thousands of RMB unless otherwise stated)

13. BORROWINGS

	30 June 2018 <i>RMB'000</i> Unaudited	31 December 2017 <i>RMB'000</i> Audited
Non-current:		
Secured bank borrowings (a)(i)(iii)	117,492	18,343
Current:		
Short-term borrowings – Secured bank borrowings (a)(ii)(iii) – Unsecured bank borrowings Short-term entrusted loan (b) Short-term borrowings from certain individuals (c)	52,000 - 30,000 6,572	58,700 70,000 20,000 10,321
	88,572	159,021
Current portion of long-term bank borrowings:		
Secured bank borrowings (a)(i)(iii) Finance lease payable Liability component of convertible bonds	18,225 5,704 97,329	2,722 11,686 89,786
	121,258	104,194
Total borrowings	327,322	281,558

Notes:

- (a) Bank borrowings
 - (i) As at 30 June 2018, long-term secured bank borrowings amounting to RMB6,217,000, comprising long-term bank borrowings amounting to RMB5,492,000 and its current portion amounting to RMB725,000, will be repaid by installment annually through 2026 and bear floating interest rate with repricing period of 3 months and the effective interest rate for the year ended 30 June 2018 is 4.79% per annum.

As at 30 June 2018, long-term secured bank borrowings amounting to RMB13,500,000 being its current portion will be repaid by 30 June 2019 and bear effective interest rate of 7.13% per annum.

As at 30 June 2018, long-term secured bank borrowings amounting to RMB48,000,000, comprising long-term bank borrowings amounting to RMB47,000,000 and its current portion amounting to RMB1,000,000, will be repaid by installment annually through 2020 and bear effective interest rate of 6.08% per annum.

As at 30 June 2018, long-term secured bank borrowings amounting to RMB68,000,000, comprising long-term bank borrowings amounting to RMB65,000,000 and its current portion amounting to RMB3,000,000, will be repaid by installment annually through 2020 and bear effective interest rate of 6.08% per annum.

For the six months ended 30 June 2018 (Amounts expressed in thousands of RMB unless otherwise stated)

13. BORROWINGS (CONTINUED)

Notes: (continued)

- (a) Bank borrowings (continued)
 - (ii) As at 30 June 2018, short-term secured bank borrowings amounting to RMB52,000,000 will mature in 1 year and bear annual interest rate of 6.01%.
 - (iii) The collaterals of the Group's secured bank borrowings are as follows:

	30 June 2018 <i>RMB'000</i>	31 December 2017
	Unaudited	<i>RMB'000</i> Audited
Long-term bank borrowings Secured by:		
-Long-term prepayments (Note 10)	6,217	6,565
-Trade and note receivables (Note 9)	129,500	14,500
	135,717	21,065
Short-term bank borrowings Secured by: -Trade and note receivables (Note 9)	52,000	58,700

(b) Short-term entrusted loans

As at 30 June 2018, short-term entrusted loans amounting to RMB30,000,000 will mature in 1 year and bear annual interest rate of 8.00%.

The short-term entrusted loans are secured by corporate guarantee provided by certain subsidiaries of the Group.

(c) Short-term borrowings from certain individuals

As at 30 June 2018, short-term borrowings from certain individuals amounting to RMB6,572,000 will mature in 1 year and bear annual interest rate of 10%.

For the six months ended 30 June 2018 (Amounts expressed in thousands of RMB unless otherwise stated)

14. TRADE PAYABLES

Ageing analysis of trade payables based on invoice date is as follows:

	30 June	31 December
	2018	2017
	RMB'000	RMB'000
	Unaudited	Audited
Up to 6 months	238,262	253,763
6 months to 1 year	83,504	43,535
1 – 2 years	33,306	59,227
2 - 3 years	42,468	64,560
Over 3 years	107,498	95,888
	505,038	516,973

15. ACCRUALS AND OTHER PAYABLES

	30 June	31 December
	2018	2017
	RMB'000	RMB'000
	Unaudited	Audited
Interest payable	4,711	4,529
Rental payable	2,686	3,381
Others	32,766	38,027
Total financial liabilities	40,163	45,937
Customer deposits and receipts in advance	_	20,166
Payroll and welfare payable	28,381	37,775
Taxes other than income tax payable	54,193	40,000
T	00.574	07.044
Total non-financial liabilities	82,574	97,941
	122,737	143,878



For the six months ended 30 June 2018 (Amounts expressed in thousands of RMB unless otherwise stated)

16. DEFERRED INCOME TAXATION

The movement in deferred income tax assets and liabilities during the six months ended 2018 and 2017, without taking into consideration offsetting the balances with the same tax jurisdiction, is as follow:

Deferred income tax assets

	Six months ended 30 June	
	2018	2017
	RMB'000	RMB'000
	Unaudited	Unaudited
Opening balance at 1 January (restated)	143,337	138,842
Debited to income statement (Note 20)	(5,626)	(6,694)
Currency translation difference	(109)	(37)
Closing balance at 30 June	137,602	132,111

Deferred income tax liabilities

	Six months ended 30 June	
	2018	2017
	RMB'000	RMB'000
	Unaudited	Unaudited
Opening balance at 1 January	20,957	22,141
Credited to income statement (Note 20)	(359)	(652)
Currency translation difference	(92)	24
Closing balance at 30 June	20,506	21,513



For the six months ended 30 June 2018 (Amounts expressed in thousands of RMB unless otherwise stated)

17. EMPLOYEE BENEFIT EXPENSES

	Six months ended 30 June	
	2018 <i>RMB'000</i> Unaudited	2017 <i>RMB'000</i> Unaudited
Wages, salaries and allowances Housing benefits Pension costs Share-based payments	157,086 6,210 17,236 3,031	134,952 5,310 14,113 7,752
Welfare and other expenses	3,119	3,390
	186,682	165,517

18. EXPENSE BY NATURE

Six months ended 30 June

	2018 <i>RMB'000</i> Unaudited	2017 <i>RMB'000</i> Unaudited
(Gains)/losses on disposal of property, plant and equipment	(821)	1,161
Sales tax and surcharges	2,062	1,807
Depreciation	33,556	39,102
Amortisation of land use rights and intangible assets	5,892	6,795

For the six months ended 30 June 2018 (Amounts expressed in thousands of RMB unless otherwise stated)

19. FINANCE COSTS, NET

	Six months ende	Six months ended 30 June	
	2018	2017 <i>RMB'000</i>	
	RMB'000		
	Unaudited	Unaudited	
Finance income:			
- Interest income on short-term bank deposits	197	40	
Net foreign exchange gains on financing activities	129	-	
Finance income	326	40	
Net foreign exchange losses on financing activities	-	(334)	
Interest expense:			
 Bank borrowings 	(8,158)	(6,593)	
 Liability component of convertible bonds 	(7,595)	(7,171)	
- Bank charges	(1,583)	(1,164)	
Finance costs	(17,336)	(15,262)	
Finance costs, net	(17,010)	(15,222)	



For the six months ended 30 June 2018 (Amounts expressed in thousands of RMB unless otherwise stated)

20. INCOME TAX EXPENSE

The Group operates mainly in the PRC, Kazakhstan, Turkmenistan, Singapore, Canada and Indonesia. During the six months ended 30 June 2018, the Company expected the profit before tax in these countries was subject to the statutory income tax rate of 25%, 20%, 15%, 10%, 25% and 25% respectively.

PRC enterprise income tax ("EIT") is provided on the basis of the profits of the subsidiaries established in Mainland China for statutory financial reporting purposes, adjusted for income and expense items which are not assessable or deductible for income tax purposes. The statutory income tax is assessed on an individual entity basis, based on their results of operations. For the six months ended 30 June 2018, certain subsidiaries established in the PRC were subject to a preferential tax rate of 15% while other subsidiaries established in the PRC are subject to income tax rate of 25%.

Six months and ad 20 Juna

	Six months ended so Julie	
	2018	2017
	RMB'000	RMB'000
	Unaudited	Unaudited
Current income tax		
– PRC	21	1,409
– Kazakhstan	1,435	5,868
– Others	66	2,523
Deferred income tax	5,267	6,042
Income tax expense	6,789	15,842

21. DIVIDEND

The Board did not propose interim dividend for the six months ended 30 June 2018 (six months ended 30 June 2017: nil).

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For the six months ended 30 June 2018 (Amounts expressed in thousands of RMB unless otherwise stated)

22. EARNINGS/(LOSS) PER SHARE

(a) Basic

Basic earnings/(loss) per share is calculated by dividing the loss attributable to equity owners of the Company by the weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue during the period.

	Six months ended 30 June	
	2018	2017
	Unaudited	Unaudited
Profit/(loss) attributable to equity owners of		
the Company (RMB'000)	19,684	(35,001)
Weighted average number of ordinary shares		
in issue (thousands)	1,628,227	1,534,790
Basic earnings/(loss) per share (RMB Yuan)	0.0121	(0.0228)

(b) Diluted

Diluted earnings/(loss) per share is calculated by adjusting the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding by assuming conversion of all dilutive potential ordinary shares. The Company's share options and convertible bonds comprised the potential ordinary shares. However, when calculating the dilutive earnings per share for the six months ended 30 June 2018, the convertible bonds factor was excluded as it has an anti-dilutive effect for the period. As such, only share options factor was considered by comparing the number of shares that could has been acquired at fair value based on the monetary value of the subscription rights attached to outstanding share options with those that would have been issues assuming the exercise of the share options.



For the six months ended 30 June 2018 (Amounts expressed in thousands of RMB unless otherwise stated)

22. EARNINGS/(LOSS) PER SHARE (CONTINUED)

(b) Diluted (continued)

	Six months ended 30 June	
	2018	2017
	RMB'000	RMB'000
	Unaudited	Unaudited
Earnings/(Losses)		
Profit/(loss) attributable to equity owners of the Company	19,684	(35,001)
Interest expense on convertible bonds	Anti-dilutive	Anti-dilutive
	10 004	
	19,684	(35,001)
Weighted average number of ordinary shares		
in issue (thousands)	1,628,227	1,534,790
Adjustment for:		
- Assumed conversion of convertible bonds (thousands)	Anti-dilutive	Anti-dilutive
- Share options (thousands)	47,966	Anti-dilutive
	1,676,193	1,534,790
Diluted earnings/(losses) per share (RMB Yuan)	0.0117	(0.0228)

For the six months ended 30 June 2018 (Amounts expressed in thousands of RMB unless otherwise stated)

23. COMMITMENT

(a) Capital commitments

Capital expenditure contracted for at the end of the financial period but not incurred is as below:

	30 June	31 December
	2018	2017
	RMB'000	RMB'000
	Unaudited	Audited
Property, plant and equipment	1,966	_

(b) Operating lease commitments – where the Group is the lessee:

The Group leases various offices, warehouses and equipment under non-cancellable operating lease agreements. The future aggregate minimum lease payments under non-cancellable operating leases are payable as follows:

	30 June	31 December
	2018	2017
	RMB'000	RMB'000
	Unaudited	Audited
No later than 1 year	6,712	7,730
Later than 1 year and no later than 5 years	24,959	22,277
Later than 5 years	28,414	27,578
	60,085	57,585



For the six months ended 30 June 2018 (Amounts expressed in thousands of RMB unless otherwise stated)

24. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Parties are considered to be related if one party has the ability, directly or indirectly, control the other party or exercise significant influence over the other party in making financial and operation decisions. Parties are also considered to be related if they are subject to common control. Members of key management and their close family member of the Group are also considered as related parties.

Key management compensation

Key management includes executive directors and senior management of the Group. The compensation paid or payable to key management for employee services is shown below:

	Six months ended 30 June	
	2018	2017
	RMB'000	RMB'000
	Unaudited	Unaudited
Salaries and other short-term benefits	3,345	2,718
Share-based payments	510	590
Retirement benefits and others	717	442
	4,572	3,750

25. SUBSEQUENT EVENT

On 20 August 2018, the convertible bonds in the principal amount of USD15,000,000 of the Group were matured and fully repaid. No convertible bonds were converted to shares.