

GOLDIN FINANCIAL HOLDINGS LIMITED

高銀金融(集團)有限公司*

(Incorporated in Bermuda with limited liability 於百慕達註冊成立之有限公司) (Stock Code 股份代號: 530)



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CORPORATE INFORMATION

公司資料

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Executive Directors

Mr. Pan Sutong *(Chairman)*Professor Huang Xiaojian
Mr. Zhou Xiaojun

Ms. Hou Qin (resigned on 23 November 2017)

Independent Non-Executive Directors

Hon. Shek Lai Him Abraham (GBS, JP)

Ms. Hui Wai Man, Shirley

Mr. Tang Yiu Wing

Ms. Gao Min

BOARD COMMITTEES

Audit Committee

Ms. Hui Wai Man, Shirley (Chairman of Audit Committee)

Mr. Tang Yiu Wing

Ms. Gao Min

Remuneration Committee

Mr. Tang Yiu Wing (Chairman of Remuneration Committee)

Ms. Hui Wai Man, Shirley

Ms. Gao Min

Nomination Committee

Hon. Shek Lai Him Abraham (GBS, JP) (Chairman of Nomination Committee)

Mr. Pan Sutong

Ms. Hui Wai Man, Shirley

Ms. Gao Min

Corporate Governance Committee

Mr. Pan Sutong (Chairman of Corporate Governance Committee)

Mr. Zhou Xiaojun

COMPANY SECRETARY

Ms. Lun Hau Mun

REGISTERED OFFICE

Canon's Court 22 Victoria Street Hamilton HM12 Bermuda

董事會

執行董事

潘蘇通先生(主席) 黃孝建教授 周曉軍先生 侯琴女士(於二零一七年十一月二十三日辭任)

獨立非執行董事

石禮謙議員(GBS, JP) 許惠敏女士 鄧耀榮先生 高敏女士

董事委員會

審核委員會

許惠敏女士(審核委員會主席) 鄧耀榮先生 高敏女士

薪酬委員會

鄧耀榮先生(*薪酬委員會主席)* 許惠敏女士 高敏女士

提名委員會

石禮謙議員(GBS, JP) (提名委員會主席) 潘蘇通先生 許惠敏女士 高敏女十

企業管治委員會

潘蘇通先生(企業管治委員會主席) 周曉軍先生

公司秘書

倫巧潣女士

註冊辦事處

Canon's Court 22 Victoria Street Hamilton HM12 Bermuda

HONG KONG PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS

25/F, Goldin Financial Global Centre 17 Kai Cheung Road Kowloon Bay Hong Kong

PRINCIPAL BANKERS

The Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation Limited Bank of China (Hong Kong) Limited Industrial and Commercial Bank of China (Asia) Limited CMB Wing Lung Bank Limited

AUDITORS

Ernst & Young

SHARE REGISTRAR AND TRANSFER OFFICES

Principal:

MUFG Fund Services (Bermuda) Limited The Belvedere Building 69 Pitts Bay Road Pembroke HM08 Bermuda

Hong Kong Branch:

Tricor Secretaries Limited Level 22, Hopewell Centre 183 Queen's Road East Hong Kong

STOCK CODE

530

INVESTOR RELATIONS

For more information about the Group, please visit our company website on www.goldinfinancial.com

or contact our Corporate Development Department at Email: ir@goldinfinancial.com

香港主要營業地點

香港 九龍灣 啟祥道17號 高銀金融國際中心25樓

主要往來銀行

香港上海匯豐銀行有限公司 中國銀行(香港)有限公司 中國工商銀行(亞洲)有限公司 招商永隆銀行有限公司

核數師

安永會計師事務所

股份過戶登記處

總 處:

MUFG Fund Services (Bermuda) Limited The Belvedere Building 69 Pitts Bay Road Pembroke HM08 Bermuda

香港分處:

卓佳秘書商務有限公司香港 皇后大道東183號 合和中心22樓

股份代號

530

投資者關係

有關本集團詳情,請瀏覽本公司網站 www.goldinfinancial.com

或與企業發展部聯絡 電郵:ir@goldinfinancial.com

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CHAIRMAN'S STATEMENT

主席報告書





CHAIRMAN'S STATEMENT 主席報告書

Dear Shareholders,

On behalf of my fellow members of the board of directors (the "Board") of Goldin Financial Holdings Limited (the "Company" or "Goldin Financial"), I am pleased to present the annual report of the Company for the year ended 30 June 2018 ("FY2018" or the "Year" or "financial year under review").

In FY2018, the Group announced its plans to restructure and consolidate its real estate business by disposing of its interests in two property development projects under construction and to acquire the minority interest in its investment property. The proposed transactions will enhance the Group's liquidity and gearing ratio, thus putting it in a good position to grasp business opportunities in the coming years. All in all, the Company has geared up for long-term growth.

REAL ESTATE

Now that the market sentiment has been affected by the US-China trade war and the recent interest rate increases, the restructuring and consolidation of the Group's core business of real estate development and leasing can be regarded as a timely move. It is because, after the completion of the transactions under the business restructuring plan, the Group will not have to make substantial financial commitments to property development projects under construction, and at the same time, will be able to earn the full rental income from its wholly-owned investment property. The Group will thus secure a stable income source.

Our Goldin Financial Global Centre in the second central business district of Kowloon Bay comprises a 27-storey grade-A office building with a three-level basement car park, and a food and dining zone for our specialty and fine-dining restaurants which offer exquisite Asian and Western cuisines. Well-known enterprises and international corporations moved into Goldin Financial Global Centre as new tenants during the year, indicating good progress in the office leasing activities.

We are optimistic that the office leasing business in the Kowloon East will bring long-term success to the Group.

各位股東:

本人謹此代表高銀金融(集團)有限公司(「本公司」或「高銀金融」)董事會(「董事會」)同仁欣然提呈本公司截至二零一八年六月三十日止年度(「二零一八財政年度」或「年度」或「回顧財政年度」)之年度報告。

於二零一八財政年度,本集團宣佈其重組及整合房地產業務的計劃,以出售其於兩個在建物業發展項目的權益,並收購其投資物數股東權益。建議交易將提升本集團的流動資金狀況及資產負債水平,使本集團處於有利位置把握商機。總括而言,本公司已為長遠發展做好準備。

房地產

目前,市場情緒受中美貿易戰及近期利率上升影響,重組及整合本集團房地產發展及租赁的核心業務實為順應時局之舉。此乃團既業務重組計劃項下的交易完成後,本集團既不須對在建物業發展項目作出重大財務承諾,亦可同時從其全資擁有投資物業賺取全數租金收入。因此,本集團將獲得穩定收入來源。

位於九龍灣第二個中心商業區的高銀金融國際中心為27層高之甲級商廈及3層地庫停車場,並包含特色及星級餐廳的餐飲區以提供精緻亞洲及西方美食。年內,知名企業及國際企業進駐高銀金融國際中心,成為新租戶,可見辦公室租賃活動進展良好。

我們深信九龍東辦公室租賃業務將為本集團 帶來長遠成功。

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WINE AND RELATED OPERATIONS

Our wine and related operations continued to make steady progress in FY2018. We continued to strengthen our global wine operations and maintain stable supply of our self-produced wines and other carefully selected labels in our offerings. Our well-equipped wine cellar in the Guangzhou Free Trade Zone which is reserved for storing premium wines for ourselves and our customers provides strong support for our wine-trading business and help it to tap the growing wine markets in Hong Kong and China. We are exploring the possibility of expanding into retail sales to individual consumers in the PRC so as to widen the income for our wine trading business.



酒品及相關營運



Our restaurant business also developed steadily in FY2018. As a new initiative of our dining operation, we are planning to open a new café that will offer light refreshments at Goldin Financial Global Centre.





餐廳業務亦於二零一八財政年度穩步發展。 作為餐飲業務的新猷,我們正計劃於高銀金 融國際中心開設提供小食的新咖啡店。

FACTORING

The factoring market in China remained highly competitive as witnessed by the surge in the number of newly registered commercial factors. In April 2018, the domestic pawn shops, financial leasing and commercial factoring companies in China were streamlined and all of them are to be regulated by the newly formed China Banking and Insurance Regulatory Commission. The regulatory reform will facilitate the development of the bank factoring and commercial factoring businesses in the country. Nevertheless, we envisage that our factoring arm, Goldin Factoring (China) Development Limited, will continue to face a competitive market in the near term.

To cope with the situation, we will enhance the risk management system of our factoring business, and continue to sharpen our competitive edge and grasp opportunities in both the local and international markets in the coming years.

THE WAY FORWARD

To cope with the volatile global economy, we will adhere to our prudent approach to business and strategies. As we are entering a new financial year, we will remain dedicated to maximizing returns to shareholders by exploring and grasping opportunities for further business development.

I would like to extend my sincere gratitude to my fellow members of the Board and other colleagues for their unwavering commitment to the Group's business.

Pan Sutong

Chairman

Hong Kong, 18 September 2018

保理

中國保理市場之新註冊商業保理商數目激增,可見競爭仍十分激烈。於二零一八年四月,中國內地典當、融資租賃及商業保理公司銀行改革,而有關公司均受新成立的中國銀行保險監督管理委員會監管。監管改革將促進中國銀行保理及商業保理業務的發展。儘管如此,我們預期集團保理部高銀保理(中國)發展有限公司於短期內將會繼續面對市場競爭。

為應趨勢而行,我們將加強保理業務的風險 管理系統,繼續提升我們的競爭優勢,並抓 緊往後數年於國內及國際市場的契機。

前瞻

為應對全球經濟波動,我們貫徹採取審慎的 業務及戰略。邁進新的財政年度,我們將透 過發掘及把握未來業務發展機會,繼續致力 為股東創造最大回報。

本人謹藉此機會向董事會同仁及其他同事致 以謝忱,感激各位對本集團業務所付出的不 懈努力。

主席 潘蘇通

香港,二零一八年九月十八日

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MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS 管理層討論及分析



MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

管理層討論及分析

RESULTS

For the financial year ended 30 June 2018 ("FY2018"), the Group recorded revenue of approximately HK\$793.3 million, representing a slight increase of 4.4% over the revenue of approximately HK\$760.1 million for the year ended 30 June 2017 ("FY2017"). The increase over the previous year was mainly because more revenues were generated by the leasing and restaurant businesses. Gross profit for the year under review amounted to HK\$528.7 million, which approximated that of HK\$529.0 million in FY2017. The Group recorded a fair value gain of HK\$1,864.5 million from the investment property, Goldin Financial Global Centre, in the year, which was 19.7% less than that of HK\$2,321.7 million for FY2017. Profit attributable to owners of the Company was approximately HK\$1,202.3 million, which represented a decrease of 15.3% compared with the figure of approximately HK\$1,419.6 million for FY2017. The decrease in profit attributable to the owners of the Company was mainly because of the smaller fair value gain from the investment property as compared with that of prior vear as aforementioned. The basic and diluted earnings per share for the FY2018 were 17.20 HK cents and 17.09 HK cents respectively (FY2017: 20.31 HK cents and 20.19 HK cents respectively). representing corresponding decreases of 15.3% and 15.4%.

BUSINESS REVIEW

The FY2018 was a year of consolidation of the Group's businesses. In April 2018, we announced our plan to streamline and consolidate the real estate business by disposing of the equity interests in the two residential property projects which were under construction and acquiring the remaining 40% equity interest in our investment property, Goldin Financial Global Centre. Upon the completion of the transactions, which are expected to take place in the first half of FY2019, Goldin Financial Global Centre will become wholly owned by the Group. The two property development projects represented all the property development projects of the Group, will be disposed to Mr. Pan Sutong ("Mr. Pan"), the controlling shareholder of the Company. The real estate business of the Group will then be focused on the property investment. The streamlining and consolidation of the real estate business are aimed at strengthening the liquidity of the Group for further business development.

業績

於截至二零一八年六月三十日止財政年度(「二 零一八財政年度」),本集團錄得營業額約 793,300,000港元,較截至二零一七年六月 三十日止年度(「二零一七財政年度」)的營業 額約760,100,000港元輕微上升4.4%。與去 年相比的增幅乃主要由於租賃及餐廳業務所 產生的營業額增加所致。於回顧年內,毛利 為528.700.000港元,與二零一七財政年度 的529.000.000港元相若。年內本集團錄得 投資物業高銀金融國際中心之公平值收益為 1,864,500,000港元,較二零一七財政年度的 2,321,700,000港元減少19.7%。本公司擁有人 應佔溢利約為1,202,300,000港元,較二零一 七財政年度約1.419.600.000港元減少15.3%。 本公司擁有人應佔溢利減幅主要由於投資物 業的公平值收益如前所述,較低於上一年度 所致。二零一八財政年度的每股基本及攤薄 盈利分別為17.20港仙及17.09港仙(二零一七 財政年度:分別為20.31港仙及20.19港仙),對 比去年同期減少15.3%及15.4%。

業務回顧

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MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

管理層討論及分析

BUSINESS REVIEW (Continued)

Real Estate Business

Property Investment

Kowloon East is an up and coming alternative central business district ("CBD2") in Hong Kong. The district enjoyed a strong growth of 10.5% in grade-A office price in 2017. Office leasing activities in this area continued to gather pace which drove the vacancy rate down consecutively to a single-digit by the end of June 2018*. The high take-up of office space in Kowloon East showed that 67% of the 3.1 million square feet ("sq. ft.") of new supply in the area between 2017 and 2019 have been leased out**. The promising take-up rates comprising several major leasing transactions by multi-national tenants further reinforce the bright prospect of this area to become Hong Kong's CBD2.

The Group's investment property, Goldin Financial Global Centre, is located in the CBD2 of Kowloon East. It is a premium grade-A office building providing approximately 800,000 square feet of premium office space and approximately 100,000 square feet of fine dining area. During the FY2018, increasing office leasing contracts were concluded and tenants of international enterprises had moved into the premises. We have secured a larger portfolio of more diverse tenants. In FY2018, rental income and revenue from property management services amounted to HK\$84.6 million (FY2017: HK\$22.1 million), up by 282.8% compared with FY2017. In addition, the Group recorded a fair value gain of approximately HK\$1,864.5 million from Goldin Financial Global Centre (FY2017: HK\$2,321.7 million). The fair value gain was 19.7% less compared with that for FY2017 because the commercial properties in CBD2 appreciated to a lesser degree in FY2018.

業務回顧(續)

房地產業務

物業投資

九龍東為香港的新興第二個中心商業區(「中心商業區2」)。於二零一七年,區內甲級至價格升幅穩健達10.5%。區內辦容至二零一人年,區內辦區至二零一八年六月底的單位數字#。九龍東辦公室一七年至二零一九代用率高積的3,100,000平方呎(「平方因的指用應面積的3,100,000平方呎(「平方因等中67%經已獲承租##。佔用率理想乃與時間,對成為香港的與旺前景更見穩固,勢成為香港的中心商業區2。



本集團的投資物業高銀金融國際中心位處 九龍東之中心商業區2,為一幢優質甲級商 廈,提供約800.000平方呎優質辦公室空間 及約100,000平方呎星級餐飲區。於二零一 八財政年度,已落實的辦公室租賃合約不斷 增加,以及國際企業租戶亦已紛紛進駐。我 們的租戶組合更大且更見多元化。於二零一 八財政年度,租金收入及物業管理服務收 益為84,600,000港元(二零一七財政年度: 22,100,000港元),較二零一七財政年度上升 282.8%。此外,本集團就高銀金融國際中心 錄得公平值收益約1,864,500,000港元(二零 一七財政年度: 2,321,700,000港元)。公平值 收益較二零一七財政年度減少19.7%,此乃 因為中心商業區2內之商業物業於二零一八財 政年度的升值幅度較小所致。

資料來源:第一太平戴維斯研究及顧問諮詢部

資料來源:戴德梁行

Source: Savills Research and Consultancy
 Source: DTZ Cushman & Wakefield

BUSINESS REVIEW (Continued)

Real Estate Business (Continued)

Property Development

Ho Man Tin Sheung Shing Street Project

The Group's 60%-owned residential development project is situated at Sheung Shing Street, Ho Man Tin, with a total site area of approximately 9,074 square metres. During FY2018, the piling and foundation works at the site had been completed. The superstructure works commenced in August 2018 and are currently progressing well. The construction is expected to be completed by the end of 2020.

Ho Man Tin Station Package One Development Project

The Group's 50.1%-owned joint venture for residential development of the Ho Man Tin Station Package One Development Project, which is situated at the Ho Man Tin Station of Hong Kong's Mass Transit Railway, covered the maximum gross floor area of approximately 742,700 square feet. During FY2018, the piling and foundation works were in progress. The construction is expected to be completed by the end of 2022.

In April 2018, the Company entered into conditional sale and purchase agreements with Mr. Pan so as to re-structure the real estate business of the Group in the following manner:

- (1) the Company proposed to dispose to Mr. Pan (a) the entire 60% equity interest indirectly held by it in Gold Topmont Limited ("Gold Topmont"), the developer of the Ho Man Tin Sheung Shing Street Project; (b) the entire 50.1% equity interest indirectly held by it in Gold Brilliant Investment Limited, the developer of the Ho Man Tin Station Package One Development Project. These transactions mean the disposal of all the property development projects of the Group; and
- (2) the Company proposed to acquire from Mr. Pan the 40% equity interests currently held indirectly by him through Goal Eagle Limited so that the Group shall wholly own the investment property, Goldin Financial Global Centre, upon completion of such acquisition.

The real estate business of the Group will immediately be focused on property investment after the above transactions (the "Proposed Transactions"). The net effect of the considerations which is estimated to be approximately HK\$6,794.1 million, subject to adjustment and audit after completion, shall provide cash inflows for the Group's further business development.

業務回顧(續)

房地產業務(續)

物業發展

何文田常盛街項目

本集團擁有何文田常盛街住宅發展項目60%權益,其地盤總佔地面積約為9,074平方米。於二零一八財政年度,地盤打樁及地基工程已完成。上蓋建築工程於二零一八年八月展開且目前進展順利。項目預期將於二零二零年底前竣工。

何文田站第一期發展項目

本集團擁有50.1%權益的合營公司負責發展位於香港地下鐵路何文田站的何文田站第一期住宅發展項目。此項目覆蓋的最大樓面面積約為742,700平方呎。於二零一八財政年度,打樁及地基工程正在進行。項目預期將於二零二二年底前竣工。

於二零一八年四月,本公司與潘先生訂立有條件買賣協議,以按下列方式重整本集團的房地產業務:

- (1) 本公司建議向潘先生出售(a)其於金鋑 有限公司(「金鋑」)(何文田常盛街項目 的發展商)間接持有的全部60%股權; (b)其於高鉎投資有限公司(何文田站第 一期發展項目的發展商)間接持有的全 部50.1%股權。該等交易乃出售本集團 所有物業發展項目;及
- (2) 本公司建議向潘先生收購彼目前透過 Goal Eagle Limited間接持有的40%股權,籍此本集團於該收購完成後全資 擁有投資物業高銀金融國際中心。

緊隨上述交易(「建議交易」)完成後,本集團的房地產業務將主力於物業的投資。估計交易代價的淨影響約6,794,100,000港元(可予調整及有待完成後審核),將為本集團業務提供現金流入以進一步發展業務。

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BUSINESS REVIEW (Continued)

Wine and Related Businesses

The wine industry in Hong Kong and China continued to flourish. Hong Kong's wine imports have expanded rapidly since the elimination of import duties in February 2008. According to the information from the Hong Kong Trade Development Council, in the period of January to June 2018, wine imports amounted to HK\$6.2 billion, more than three times the 2007 value of HK\$1.6 billion. About 33% of these imported wines are re-exported, and the rest — about 67% — are either taken outside Hong Kong by individuals or retained in Hong Kong for storage or immediate consumption*.

China's growing wine consumption has been demonstrated by the progressive volume of annual wine imports since 2013. Unlike in the past when imported wines were mainly premium red wines used for business entertaining or gifting, the China wine market is now characterised by young, affluent consumers who opt to drink for personal enjoyment at a competitive price##. The bloom of online sales channel allows such consumers to easily buy wines from different regions and suppliers. Wine imports from such countries as Australia and Chile had become very popular with the young and affluent Chinese consumers, and the two countries had the second and third largest shares (after France) of China's market for bottled wines import by the e-commerce channels in the past five years.

International wine trading in Hong Kong and China has been pressured by higher wine import costs due to low global wine production in 2017. Similar to other wine producers in the region, the Group's vineyards in Bordeaux were hit by frost, reducing the quantity of grapes harvested as well as the number of bottles produced. In the United States, we had successfully harvested our crop despite the devastating wildfires in California in early October 2017, and production of our 2017 vintage was not affected.

業務回顧(續)

酒品及相關業務

香港及中國之酒品業繼續蓬勃發展。香港自二零零八年二月取消葡萄酒進口關稅後,葡萄酒進口高速增長。根據香港貿易發展局的資料,於二零一八年一月至六月期間,葡萄酒進口額為62億港元,較二零零七年的16億港元,上升逾三倍。該等進口葡萄酒中約33%再轉口,餘下約67%為由個別人士攜帶出境,或留在香港作儲存或即時享用#。

於二零一七年,由於全球葡萄酒產量減少, 香港及中國的國際酒品貿易面臨葡萄酒生產 成本增加的壓力。一如區內其他葡萄酒生產 商,本集團於波爾多的葡萄園受霜凍影響 葡萄收成量減少,葡萄酒的出產量亦因州發 少。在美國,儘管二零一七年十月初加州發 生災難性山火,我們仍能順利收割葡萄,故 二零一七年的葡萄酒釀製不受影響。



- * Source: Hong Kong Trade Development Council
- ** Source: Wine Intelligence China Landscapes 2018

- # 資料來源:香港貿易發展局
- # 資料來源:酒智 《2018年中國行情》(Wine Intelligence — China Landscapes 2018)

BUSINESS REVIEW (Continued)

Wine and Related Businesses (Continued)

The Group continued to promote its premium fine wines overseas through appointed distributors in order to enhance their visibility and branding. In China, the Group pursued its sales strategies, offering full services to customers, from sourcing of prestige wines by renowned producers to portfolio management of premium wines and quality storage services at our well-equipped wine cellar in Guangzhou.

In Hong Kong, the Group's prestigious SLOAN ESTATE wine are now available for sale in selected local retail stores. The four fine-dining and speciality restaurants at Goldin Financial Global Centre held wine pairing dinners with specially designed menus to introduce the Group's wines to local food and wine connoisseurs. Besides showcasing the talents of our own award-winning chefs, the Group also invited a well-known international chef for a guest appearance at LE PAN restaurant to offer an extraordinary Michelin-star dining experience. Moreover, our restaurants offered a wider variety of wines and liquors to cater to local consumers' expanding tastes. We will gear our marketing efforts towards the preferences of more young and affluent middle-class customers.

In FY2018, the wine and related businesses recorded revenues of approximately HK\$548.0 million (FY2017: HK\$550.8 million). This slight decrease of 0.5% over that of FY2017 was mainly due to the decrease in revenue generated by the wine trading business, and the decrease was partially offset by the increase in revenues from the restaurant and storage businesses. Segment profit from our wine and related businesses was approximately HK\$154.3 million (FY2017: HK\$168.3 million), which represented a decrease of 8.3% over FY2017. This contraction was mainly because in FY2018 we traded less self-produced wine products as compared with that of FY2017, resulting in a drop in the overall profit margin.

Factoring

China's factoring market was characterized by strong competition from an increasing number of registered domestic commercial factors and the persistently low short-term lending rates. The number of registered domestic commercial factors in China continued to grow explosively and increased by 50% in the year ended 31 December 2017. Accordingly, our factoring business continued to face challenges. During the year under review, the Group further reduced the handling fees and charges to the existing customers in view of the increasing competition in China's factoring market.

Against this backdrop, the Group's factoring business recorded revenue of approximately HK\$160.7 million (FY2017: HK\$187.2 million), down by 14.2%. To cope with the reduced prices of its factoring service, the Group reduced the commission fees paid to the import factors for the existing clients with good credit standing in FY2018. Profit from this business segment increased by 79.8% to approximately HK\$140.1 million, compared with the HK\$77.9 million for FY2017.

業務回顧(續)

酒品及相關業務(續)

本集團藉委託的經銷商繼續在海外推廣其優質美酒,以擴大知名度及鞏固品牌。本集團於中國實踐其銷售策略,並提供全面服務予客戶,涵蓋採購知名生產商的名酒,以至優質美酒組合管理及以本集團於廣州配備完善的酒客提供優質貯存服務。

於二零一八財政年度,酒品及相關業務錄得營業額約548,000,000港元(二零一七財政年度:550,800,000港元),較二零一七財政年度輕微減少0.5%,主要是由於酒品貿易業務時營業額減少所致,惟減幅因餐廳及開發業務的營業額增加而部分抵銷。酒品及相關業務的分部溢利約為154,300,000港元(二零一七財政年度減少8.3%。減幅乃主要由於二零一七財政年度減少8.3%。減幅乃主要由品公司,較二零一七財政年度,致使整體利潤率下跌。

保理

因國內註冊商業保理商之數目不斷上升及短期貸款利率持續維持低位,中國保理業市場競爭激烈。中國國內註冊商業保理商之數目不斷,於截至二零一七年十二月三十一日止年度的增幅達50%。因此,我們的保理業務持續面臨挑戰。於回顧年度,考慮到中國保理業市場競爭加劇,本集團再次減低現有客戶的手續費及收費。

在此環境下,本集團的保理業務錄得營業額約160,700,000港元(二零一七財政年度:187,200,000港元),下跌14.2%。為應付保理服務價格下調,本集團於二零一八財政年度減少了就具有良好信貸等級的現有客戶支付予出口保理的佣金費用。來自該業務分部的溢利較二零一七財政年度的77,900,000港元增加79.8%至約140,100,000港元。

FINANCIAL REVIEW

Liquidity, Financial Resources and Gearing

As at 30 June 2018, the Group's working capital stood at approximately HK\$3,175.1 million, which is a significant decrease of 73.5% over the HK\$11,998.3 million recorded at the end of FY2017. The working capital decreased mainly because the Group had refinanced its long term mortgage loan of approximately HK\$8,367.2 million with a short term borrowing in June 2018. Cash and cash equivalents totaled approximately HK\$277.5 million, down by 43.2% compared with the HK\$488.7 million at the end of FY2017.

As at 30 June 2018, the Group's interest-bearing bank and other borrowings amounted to approximately HK\$16,899.6 million (30 June 2017: HK\$14,338.7 million). Besides, the Group had an outstanding non-interesting bearing loan of approximately HK\$518.3 million (30 June 2017: HK\$518.3 million) from a non-controlling interest which represented the funding contribution from the joint venture partner for financing the acquisition of the Group's properties under development in FY2017.

The Group maintained a borrowing facility of US\$500 million (equivalent to HK\$3,922.7 million) (30 June 2017: US\$500 million (equivalent to HK\$3,875 million)) from a related company in which Mr. Pan, the controlling shareholder of the Company, has a beneficial interest. During the year, the Group repaid approximately HK\$479.7 million which had been drawn down in the prior year for financing the acquisition of the Group's properties under development. As a result, the amount of the facilities utilized as at 30 June 2018 was lowered to approximately US\$4.8 million (equivalent to HK\$37.9 million)). The undrawn borrowing facility as at 30 June 2018 was approximately US\$495.2 million (equivalent to HK\$3,884.8 million) (30 June 2017: US\$433.2 million (equivalent to HK\$3,356.7 million)).

As at 30 June 2018, the debt-to-total assets ratio, which is calculated as total bank and other borrowings, loan from a non-controlling shareholder and loan from a related party ("Total Debts") divided by total assets of the Group, was maintained at a healthy level of 46.2%, compared with 42.9% as at 30 June 2017. The ratio of net debts (Total Debts net of cash and bank balances) divided by total assets was approximately 45.5% (30 June 2017: 41.5%).

財務回顧

流動資金、財務資源及負債比率

於二零一八年六月三十日,本集團之營運資金約為3,175,100,000港元,較二零一七財政年度末錄得的11,998,300,000港元大幅減少73.5%。營運資金減少主要由於本集團於二零一八年六月以短期借款重新融資其長期按揭貸款約8,367,200,000港元。現金及現金等值總額約為277,500,000港元,較二零一七財政年度末的488,700,000港元減少43.2%。

於二零一八年六月三十日,本集團之計息銀行及其他借款約為16,899,600,000港元(二零一七年六月三十日:14,338,700,000港元)。此外,本集團之未償還不計息非控股權益貸款約為518,300,000港元(二零一七年六月三十日:518,300,000港元),即合營公司夥伴用作撥付於二零一七財政年度本集團收購發展中物業的出資。

本集團維持來自一間關連公司(本公司的控股 股東潘先生於當中擁有實益權益)的借款融資 額度500,000,000美元(相等於3,922,700.000 港元)(二零一七年六月三十日:500,000,000 美元(相等於3,875,000,000港元))。年內, 本集團償還約479.700.000港元,該筆款項 於往年提取,用以撥付本集團發展中物業 的收購事項。因此,於二零一八年六月三十 日之已動用融資金額減少至約4,800,000美 元(相等於37,900,000港元)(二零一七年六月 三十日:66,800,000美元(相等於517,600,000 港元))。於二零一八年六月三十日,未提取 的借款融資額度約為495,200,000美元(相等 於3,884,800,000港元)(二零一七年六月三十 日:433,200,000美元(相等於3,356,700,000 港元))。

於二零一八年六月三十日,債項對總資產比率(按總銀行及其他借貸、來自一名非控股股東的貸款及一名關連方的貸款(「總債項」)除以本集團總資產計算)維持在46.2%的健康水平,而二零一七年六月三十日則為42.9%。按債務淨額(總債項扣除現金及銀行結餘)除以總資產計算之比率約為45.5%(二零一七年六月三十日:41.5%)。

FINANCIAL REVIEW (Continued)

Foreign Exchange

As the Group's key operations are located in Hong Kong, China, the US and France, its major assets and liabilities are primarily denominated in Hong Kong dollar, Renminbi, the US dollar and euro. While the Group has yet to formulate a formal policy on foreign currency hedging, it will, as always, continue to monitor its exposure to foreign exchange fluctuations carefully and may introduce appropriate hedging measures should the need arises.

RISK MANAGEMENT

The Group's businesses, results of operations, financial conditions and prospect are subject to risks and uncertainties. The Group has established policies and procedures for managing its business risks arising from its core business segments, including factoring, wine, and property investment and development.

Management of key customers

The Group traded with certain major customers from the factoring and wine businesses. For the year ended 30 June 2018, the aggregate amount of revenue attributable to the Group's five largest customers who are customers from the factoring and wine businesses, represented approximately 58% (FY2017: 70%) of the Group's revenue for the year. The major customers of the factoring business are PRC-based enterprises manufacture and export high-end digital electronic products to reputable end-buyers in the United States. The major customers of our wine business are premium wine collectors and investors in Hong Kong and China. These customers have had business relationships with the Group for periods ranging from two to nine years.

The Group strived to diversify its businesses and broaden its customer base through the launching of the restaurant business and the continuing development of its wine business.

With the growth of the Group's restaurant business and the increasing rental income generated from the leasing activities of the Goldin Financial Global Centre, the Group has strengthened its revenue sources and reduced the reliance on the key customers in FY2018. On the other hand, given our well-established business relationships, the present customers of the factoring business may continue to account for a relatively large percentage of the Group's sales in the coming year.

財務回顧(續)

外匯

由於本集團的核心業務位於香港、中國、美國及法國,其主要資產及負債主要以港元、人民幣、美元及歐元計值。儘管本集團尚未制定正式外匯對沖政策,本集團將一如既往地繼續審慎監察其外匯波動風險及在需要時採取適當對沖措施。

風險管理

本集團的業務、經營業績、財務狀況及前景 涉及風險及不明朗因素。本集團已制定政策 及程序,以管理源自其核心業務分部的業務 風險,包括保理、酒品及物業投資和發展。

管理主要客戶

本集團與保理及酒品業務的若干主要客戶進 行買賣。截至二零一八年六月三十日止年度 事面五大客戶(保理及酒品業務客戶)應 的總營業額佔本度:70%)。保理業務的主 零一七財政年度:70%)。保理業務的主 戶為於中國製造及出口高端數碼電子產品 出售予宴回知名終端買家的企業。酒品收 的主要客戶為香港及中國的貴價酒品收 和投資者 務關係。

本集團致力多元化發展其業務及擴展其客戶基 礎,推出餐廳業務及持續發展其酒品業務。

隨著本集團的餐廳業務壯大及高銀金融國際中心租賃活動產生的租金收入增加,本集團於二零一八財政年度加強其營業額來源,並減少對主要客戶的依賴。另一方面,鑑於我們的業務關係良好及穩固,來年現有保理業務客戶可能繼續佔本集團相當大的銷售百分比。

RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

Credit risk management

The Group is selective about its customers and will only deal with creditworthy parties. In order to minimize the credit risk and risks of money laundering, the Group has formulated policies on credit and anti-money laundering, and delegated a team to determine credit limits, approve credit, monitor progress in recovering overdue debts and implement anti-money laundering measures. The Group only accepts the factoring of quality trade receivables from customers/buyers with good credit standing, good repayment records and no history of default, or with credit insurance or covered by other import factors who are international financial institutions. In addition, the Group regularly reviews the aging and recoverable amount of each individual trade debt and takes appropriate follow-up actions to recover any long overdue debts.

As at 30 June 2018, approximately 84% of the Group's trade receivables, which were factored to the Group by our factoring customers, are due from three debtors who are international corporations with exceptionally low risk of default. As of 18 September 2018, over 99% of the trade receivables arose from the provision of factoring services that were past due as at 30 June 2018 have been subsequently settled.

Real estate business risk management

The Group has well established measures to ensure that (i) the costs of the property development projects are within budgets; (ii) the progress of the property development projects is on schedule; and (iii) the quality of the properties under construction meets the industrial standards.

The risk arising from property investment business is relatively low due to the business nature, and most of the leasing contracts are long-term ones lasting for two to four years. The Group will maintain a portfolio of tenants who are reputable and creditworthy. In addition, the leasing team keeps monitoring the market conditions with a view to maintain the competitive position of Goldin Financial Global Centre.

CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

As at 30 June 2018, the facilities granted to certain property development subsidiaries and a property investment subsidiary, which are subject to guarantees given to the banks and financial institution by the Company for up to 50.1% and 60% of the funds drawn down, had been utilized to the extent of HK\$9,881.3 million (30 June 2017: HK\$8,402.6 million).

風險管理(續)

信貸風險管理

於二零一八年六月三十日,本集團約84%的應收貿易賬款由我們保理客戶向本集團轉讓,而有關賬款乃應收三名債務人的款項,彼等為國際企業,違約風險極低。於二零一八年九月十八日,超過99%源自提供保理服務且截至二零一八年六月三十日已逾期的應收貿易賬款已於其後結付。

房地產業務風險管理

本集團設有完善的措施,以確保(i)物業發展項目的成本符合預算範圍內; (ii)物業發展項目的進展理想;及(iii)在建物業的質量符合行業標準。

源自物業投資業務的風險相對偏低,乃由於 其業務性質使然,加上大部分租賃合約為介 乎兩至四年的長期租賃。本集團將維持知名 及可靠的租戶組合。此外,租賃團隊會密切 監察市場狀況,以維持高銀金融國際中心的 競爭優勢。

或然負債

於二零一八年六月三十日,授予若干物業發展 附屬公司及一間物業投資附屬公司的融資, 須由本公司向銀行及金融機構提供最高達提 款金額50.1%及60%之擔保。該等融資已動用 9,881,300,000港元(二零一七年六月三十日: 8,402,600,000港元)。

PLEDGE OF ASSETS

As at 30 June 2018, the Group's secured bank and other borrowings were secured by (i) the investment property with an aggregate carrying value of HK\$17,200 million (30 June 2017: HK\$15,300 million); (ii) the properties under development with an aggregate carrying value of HK\$7,249.6 million (30 June 2017: HK\$6,775.7 million); (iii) the entire share capital of Smart Edge Limited ("Smart Edge"), the Company's 60%-owned subsidiary which holds the investment property; (iv) all assets of Smart Edge and (v) the entire share capital of Gold Topmont, a 60%-owned subsidiary of the Company which holds the properties under development.

In addition, the Group pledged its prepaid land lease payments with a net carrying amount of HK\$48.5 million (30 June 2017: HK\$48.4 million) and buildings with a net carrying amount of HK\$1,616.5 million (30 June 2017: HK\$1,608.2 million) for a bank facility granted but not yet utilized as at 30 June 2018 and 30 June 2017.

PROSPECTS

Real Estate Business

The uncertainties in global economic outlook are looming as a result of the heightened trade tensions in the recent months. Corporations are generally becoming more cost-conscious. In Hong Kong, office decentralization is an easy, fast and cost-efficient way to trade up to high-grade office space and to curb the capital expenditure at the same time. The growing trend towards office decentralization has been reflected by the high take-up of office space in the submarket for office.

The Group has been delighted to see the vigorous growth in demand for office space in Kowloon East, which supplies lots of new grade-A office space at rents that are more competitive than those in the traditional business districts on Hong Kong Island. The Group is currently in negotiations with potential tenants who are internationally well-known enterprises. It expects the occupancy rate of offices at Goldin Financial Global Centre to rise steadily in the years ahead.

The Proposed Transactions in the Group's real estate business segment will improve the Group's gearing ratio and thus enhance its financial strength when they are completed. We will also explore other possibilities of real estate investment and will study them carefully should the opportunities arise.

抵押資產

於二零一八年六月三十日,本集團之有抵押銀行及其他借貸由下列各項作抵押:(i)賬面總值為17,200,000,000港元(二零一七年六月三十日:15,300,000,000港元)之投資物業:(ii)賬面總值為7,249,600,000港元(二零一七年六月三十日:6,775,700,000港元)之發展中物業:(iii)賜譽有限公司(「賜譽」)(一間本公司擁有60%權益之附屬公司,其持有投資物業)之全部股本;(iv)賜譽全部資產;及(v)金鋑(一間本公司擁有60%權益之附屬公司,其持有發展中物業)之全部股本。

此外,本集團已抵押其賬面淨值為48,500,000港元(二零一七年六月三十日:48,400,000港元)之預付土地租賃款項及其賬面淨值為1,616,500,000港元(二零一七年六月三十日:1,608,200,000港元)之建築物,以取得於二零一八年六月三十日及二零一七年六月三十日已獲授但未動用之銀行融資。

前景

房地產業務

由於近月貿易緊張局勢加劇,全球經濟前景的不明朗因素迫在眉睫。企業整體變得更具成本意識。於香港,辦公室去中心化乃升級至高級辦公室空間並同時控制資本開支的簡易、快捷及具成本效益的途徑。從非核心區的辦公室市場之辦公室空間高使用率可見,辦公室去中心化的增長勢不可擋。

本集團很高興看到九龍東辦公室空間的需求激增,九龍東供應多個新甲級寫字樓,租金較港島傳統商業區的甲級寫字樓更具競爭力。本集團目前正與潛在租戶(國際知名企業)磋商。本集團預期高銀金融國際中心辦公室佔用率將於未來數年穩步增長。

本集團房地產業務分部之建議交易將改善本 集團資產負債比率,並因而於有關交易完成 後提升其財政實力。我們亦將探索房地產投 資的其他潛力,並於機遇出現時仔細研究。

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MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

管理層討論及分析

PROSPECTS (Continued)

Wine and Related Businesses

The 2018 wine harvest in France was set to rebound from the low in 2017 when one of the smallest grape crops since 1945 was recorded, according to the country's Ministry of Agriculture. The country's wine production in 2018 is estimated to rise by 20% compared with the historical low in 2017[#]. Thanks to the good weather in 2018, the production levels for the Group's French vineyards is also expected to normalise for the 2018 vintage. Our vineyard in Napa, California is also expecting a bountiful harvest this year.

China has recently imposed a retaliatory tariff on US wine imports in response to increased trade tariffs levied by US. Meanwhile, the continued development of online sale platforms in China will increase price transparency and, at the same time, intensify the competition in the market for the mid-range wines. Nevertheless, the Group will continue with its strategy in its wine-trading business - it will secure a stable supply of wines under its own brands from the US and France and continue to promote its wines locally in Hong Kong and China. It will build a stronger sales team to cater for the growing demand in the Hong Kong wine market. The Group's restaurants at Goldin Financial Global Centre offer delectable cuisines with foods and wines meticulously prepared and selected by the chefs and sommelier team. The Group will enrich its wine list by introducing new and competitive fine wines of more brands to the local market. Moreover, a new café is underway, offering additional choices of light refreshments to customers.

Meanwhile, the Group will continue to build up its market position in China, aiming for a wider market coverage in the key cities. The Group will continue to explore other possibilities, including acquisitions in wine and related businesses in order to increase its market penetration in Hong Kong and China, as well as internationally.

Factoring

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With the increasing competition and reduced factoring fees, revenue from the Group's factoring business is expected to decrease in the coming year. The Group will strive to maintain the competitive edge of its factoring business and continue its prudent approach to managing risks and selecting clients. It will also explore possibilities of forming new ventures and cooperating with other commercial factors and financial institutions in developing new products and services in China's financial sector.

前景(續)

酒品及相關業務

根據法國農業部的資料,二零一七年錄得的葡萄收成量乃一九四五年以來最少之一,而二零一八年法國的酒品收成自二零一七年預 (低位反彈。二零一八年該國的酒品產量預 (數二零一七年的歷史低位增加20%)。由於二零一八年的良好氣候,就二零一八年釀製的酒而言,本集團法國葡萄園的生產水平亦預期恢復正常。本年度加州納帕的葡萄園預期亦會迎來豐收。

與此同時,本集團將繼續於中國建立其市場 地位,力求於主要城市擴大市場覆蓋率。本 集團將繼續發掘其他潛力,包括收購酒品業 務及其他相關業務,以加強其於香港及中國 乃至全球之市場滲透。

保理

由於競爭越趨激烈,而保理費下跌,預期來年本集團保理業務的收益將會減少。本集團將致力保持保理業務之競爭優勢,並繼續其的風險管理及客戶篩選過程。本集團亦將探索成立新創業務之可能性,並與其他商業保理商及金融機構合作,以於中國金融業開發新產品及服務。

Source: www.decentor.com # 資料來源: www.decentor.com

DIRECTORS' PROFILES

董事履歷

EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

Mr. Pan Sutong

Mr. Pan, aged 55, is a controlling shareholder, the Chairman of the Board and an executive Director, the chairman of the corporate governance committee and a member of the nomination committee of the Company, respectively. He had been a non-executive Director since December 2008, and was re-designated from non-executive Director to executive Director in November 2014. He is also a director of certain subsidiaries of the Company. He is responsible for the overall strategic planning of the Group. He has accumulated extensive experience in trading, finance and property development. Mr. Pan is also the chairman, chief executive officer and executive director of Goldin Properties.

Professor Huang Xiaojian

Professor Huang, aged 56, was appointed as a non-executive Director in December 2008 and re-designated as an executive Director in November 2012. He has over 25 years of experience in research and development of electronic and digital technologies. Professor Huang obtained a master's degree in Telecommunications and Electronics from Beijing University of Posts and Telecommunications and is a senior member of an Electronic Association in China. He is currently a member of the supervisory board of Gigaset AG, a listed company in Germany. Prior to joining the Company, Professor Huang was a professor of Beijing University of Posts and Telecommunications and worked in a number of research organization in China.

Mr. Zhou Xiaojun

Mr. Zhou, aged 44, was appointed as an executive Director and a member of the corporate governance committee of the Company in March 2016. He is also a director of certain subsidiaries of the Company. Prior to joining the Company, Mr. Zhou acted as legal counsel and held senior management posts in various corporations in the PRC, Hong Kong and Singapore. Mr. Zhou graduated from Dalian Maritime University with a bachelor degree in International Maritime Law. Mr. Zhou has accumulated extensive experience in corporate administration, finance, legal, international trade and public relations. He is currently an executive director of Goldin Properties.

執行董事

潘蘇通先生

潘先生,五十五歲,為本公司之控股股東, 董事官主席兼執行董事,企業管治委員年代 是名委員會成員。彼自二零。四年十一 月起出任非執行董事,並於董事。彼所是出 月由非執行董事調任為執行董事。彼亦集團 於司若干附屬公司之董會。、金融及地產開 整體策略規劃。彼在貿易、、金融及 方面擁有豐富的經驗。 新主席、行政總裁及執行董事。

黄孝建教授

黃教授,五十六歲,於二零零八年十二月獲委任為非執行董事,並於二零零一二年十一月調任為執行董事。彼擁有超過25年電子及數碼技術研發經驗。黃教授取得北京郵電電大學會之資深會員。彼現為Gigaset AG(德國上市公司)之監事會成員。在加入本公司內不數授曾任北京郵電大學教授及曾於國內不同研究機構任職。

周曉軍先生

周先生,四十四歲,於二零一六年三月獲委 所之事及本公司在業管治委員會事及 員。彼亦為本公司若干附屬公司之董事 加入本公司前,周先生曾擔任法律顧問, 中國、香港及新加坡等多家企業出任要際 問先生畢業於大連海事大學,持有國、財惠 法律學士學位。周先生於企業行政、事 法律、國際貿易及公共關係方面擁有豐 經驗。 被現為高銀地產之執行董事。

INDEPENDENT NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

Hon. Shek Lai Him Abraham (GBS, JP)

Hon. Shek, aged 73, was appointed as an independent non-executive Director in January 2017. He is also the chairman of the nomination committee of the Company. He holds a Bachelor's Degree of Arts in University of Sydney. He is currently a member of the Legislative Council of the HKSAR. Hon. Shek is also a member of the Court of The Hong Kong University of Science and Technology, a member of the Court and the Council of The University of Hong Kong and a non-executive director of the Mandatory Provident Fund Schemes Authority.

He currently holds directorship in a number of listed companies on the Main Board of the Hong Kong Stock Exchange: (i) the chairman and an independent non-executive director of Chuang's China Investments Limited; (ii) the vice chairman and an independent non-executive director of ITC Properties Group Limited; and (iii) an independent non-executive director of China Resources Cement Holdings Limited, Chuang's Consortium International Limited, Cosmopolitan International Holdings Limited, Country Garden Holdings Company Limited, CSI Properties Limited, Eagle Asset Management (CP) Limited (the Manager of Champion Real Estate Investment Trust), Everbright Grand China Assets Limited, Hop Hing Group Holdings Limited, Lai Fung Holdings Limited, Lifestyle International Holdings Limited, MTR Corporation Limited, NWS Holdings Limited, Paliburg Holdings Limited, Regal Portfolio Management Limited (the Manager of Regal Real Estate Investment Trust) and SJM Holdings Limited respectively.

Hon. Shek was an independent non-executive director of the listed companies on the Main Board of the Hong Kong Stock Exchange including Dorsett Hospitality International Limited (which had been withdrawn from listing in October 2015), TUS International Limited (ceased on 6 January 2017), ITC Corporation Limited (now known as PT International Development Corporation Limited) (ceased on 28 March 2017 at 4pm) and Midas International Holdings Limited (ceased on 26 January 2018 at 4pm) respectively.

獨立非執行董事

石禮謙議員(GBS, JP)

石議員,七十三歲,於二零一七年一月獲委任 為獨立非執行董事。彼亦為本公司提名委員 會之主席。彼持有悉尼大學文學學士學位。 彼現為香港特別行政區立法會議員。石港 亦為香港科技大學顧問委員會委員、香港大 學校董會及校務委員會成員及強制性公積金 計劃管理局之非執行董事。

石議員曾為香港聯交所主板上市公司之獨立 非執行董事,包括帝盛酒店集團有限公司(其 已於二零一五年十月撤銷上市地位)、啟迪 際有限公司(二零一七年一月六日離任)、德 祥企業集團有限公司(現稱保德國際發展企 業有限公司)(於二零一七年三月二十八日下午 四時離任)及勤達集團國際有限公司(於二零 一八年一月二十六日下午四時離任)。

INDEPENDENT NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS (Continued)

Ms. Hui Wai Man, Shirley

Ms. Hui, aged 51, was appointed as an independent non-executive Director in June 2006. She is also the chairman of the audit committee, a member of the remuneration committee and nomination committee of the Company, respectively. Ms. Hui is a practising accountant in Hong Kong. She has over 25 years of experience in public accounting and corporate finance. She is a fellow of the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants, the Association of Chartered Certified Accountants, the Institute of Chartered Secretaries and Administrators and The Hong Kong Institute of Chartered Secretaries.

Ms. Hui was (i) the non-executive director and chairman of Eco-Tek Holdings Limited (ceased on 27 April 2017), which was listed on the GEM Board of the Hong Kong Stock Exchange, and (ii) an independent non-executive director of Fresh Express Delivery Holdings Group Co., Limited (ceased on 1 December 2016) and Mingyuan Medicare Development Company Limited (ceased on 18 August 2017), companies listed on the Main Board of the Hong Kong Stock Exchange, respectively.

Mr. Tang Yiu Wing

Mr. Tang, aged 51, was appointed as an independent non-executive Director in September 2006. He is also the chairman of the remuneration committee and a member of the audit committee of the Company respectively. Mr. Tang is a practising solicitor in Hong Kong. He holds a bachelor's degree in Laws, a postgraduate certificate in Laws from The University of Hong Kong and a master's degree in Laws from The City University of Hong Kong. He is a member of The Law Society of Hong Kong and is admitted as a solicitor of the Supreme Court of England and Wales and a barrister and solicitor of the Supreme Court of Tasmania.

Mr. Tang is currently an independent non-executive director of (i) Jete Power Holdings Limited and Zhejiang United Investment Holdings Group Limited, companies listed on the GEM Board of the Hong Kong Stock Exchange, and (ii) Universe International Financial Holdings Limited, a company listed on the Main Board of the Hong Kong Stock Exchange, respectively. He was an independent non-executive director of KSL Holdings Limited (ceased on 21 May 2018), a company listed on the Main Board of the Hong Kong Stock Exchange.

獨立非執行董事(續)

許惠敏女士

許女士,五十一歲,於二零零六年六月獲委任 為獨立非執行董事。彼亦分別為本公司委員會主席,以及薪酬委員會及提名委委員 。許女士為香港執業會計師。彼於 共會計及企業融資方面擁有逾25年經驗。會 共會計略公會、英國特許會計師公會 英國特許秘書及行政人員公會及香港特許秘 書公會之資深會員。

許女士曾分別為(i)香港聯交所GEM上市公司環康集團有限公司之非執行董事兼主席(二零一七年四月二十七日離任),以及(ii)香港聯交所主板上市公司鮮馳達控股集團有限公司(二零一六年十二月一日離任)及銘源醫療發展有限公司(二零一七年八月十八日離任)的獨立非執行董事。

鄧耀榮先生

鄧先生,五十一歲,於二零零六年九月獲委任 為獨立非執行董事。彼亦分別為本公司新 委員會主席及審核委員會成員。鄧先生為 養執業律師。彼持有香港大學法律學士學位 及香港大學法律深造文憑,並取得香港域 大學法律碩士學位。彼為香港律師會與及 對美格蘭與威爾斯最高法院律師,以 斯曼尼亞最高法院大律師及律師。

鄧先生現分別為(I)香港聯交所GEM上市公司 鑄能控股有限公司及浙江聯合投資控股集團 有限公司及(ii)香港聯交所主板上市公司寰宇 國際金融控股有限公司之獨立非執行董事。 彼曾為香港聯交所主板上市公司KSL Holdings Limited之獨立非執行董事(二零一八年五月二 十一日離任)。

INDEPENDENT NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS (Continued)

Ms. Gao Min

Ms. Gao, aged 43, was appointed as an independent non-executive Director in November 2012. She is also a member of the audit committee, nomination committee and remuneration committee of the Company respectively. Ms. Gao is the executive director of a private consulting corporation in China and a partner of a private asset management company in China. She was a partner of BDO China Shu Lun Pan Certified Public Accountants LLP ("BDO"). She graduated from Shanghai University of Finance and Economics with a major in investment management and holds a master's degree in business administration from Fudan University. Prior to joining BDO, Ms. Gao was an audit manager of Shenzhen Dahua CPAs and the chief financial officer of a private corporation in China. She has over 10 years of professional experience in public accounting. She is a member of The Chinese Institute of Certified Public Accountants. Ms. Gao is proficient in financial management, auditing and consulting for public corporations in China.

獨立非執行董事(續)

高敏女士

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

企業管治報告

The Board of the Company recognizes the importance of maintaining high standards of corporate governance to enhance the long-term benefits and interests of the Shareholders and to strengthen the Group's performance. The Board considers that by adhering well-established standards of corporate governance principles and practices, the Company will continue to be proactive toward its business development and response to its needs in an efficient and effective manner, and hence enrich the value of the Shareholders and stakeholders.

本公司董事會深知維持高水準企業管治對提高股東的長期利益及權益以及增強本集團表現的重要性。董事會認為,透過秉承完善的企業管治原則及常規標準,本公司將一直對其業務發展持積極態度,高效及有效地回應所需,從而充實股東及持份者的價值。

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE PRACTICES

The Company strives to uphold recognized corporate governance practices. Throughout the year ended 30 June 2018, the Company has complied with the code provisions ("Code Provisions") of the Corporate Governance Code (the "CG Code") as set out in Appendix 14 to the Listing Rules, except for certain deviations specified with considered reason as explained below.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

(a) Principal Responsibilities of the Board

The Board is primarily responsible for the management and leadership of the Group. It monitors the Company and the Group as a whole with a view to direct and promote the long-term strategies and healthy development of the Group.

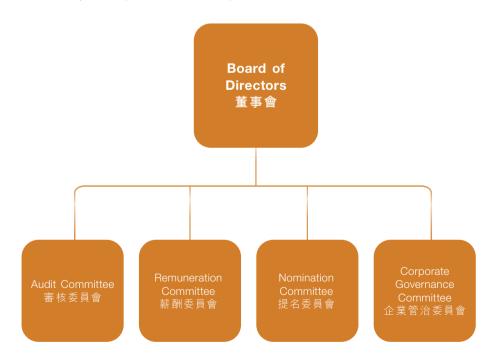
企業管治常規

本公司致力遵循公認的企業管治常規。本公司於截至二零一八年六月三十日止年度整年內一直遵守上市規則附錄十四載列的企業管治守則(「企業管治守則」)之守則條文(「守則條文」),惟下文所載已闡述原因的若干偏離者除外。

董事會

(a) 董事會的主要職責

董事會主要負責本集團之管理及領導。 其全面監察本公司及本集團的事務,從 而指導及促進本集團的長期策略及穩 健發展。



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BOARD OF DIRECTORS (Continued)

(a) Principal Responsibilities of the Board (Continued)

During the year, the Board conducted the following:

- reviewed the performance of the Group and formulated business objectives and strategies;
- ii. reviewed and monitored the internal controls of the Group, and enhanced the Group's internal control policies. The internal control policies of the operating business units of the Group real estate, factoring, wine and restaurant businesses were updated respectively;
- approved financial statements and public announcements;
 and
- iv. reviewed and approved the connected transactions of the Company and established an independent board committee under the requirements of the Listing Rules.

(b) Board Composition

The Board currently comprises seven Directors, of which three are executive Directors and four are INEDs. During the year ended 30 June 2018 and up to the date of this report, the composition of the Board is as follows:

Executive Directors

Mr. Pan Sutong (Chairman) Professor Huang Xiaojian

Mr. Zhou Xiaojun

Ms. Hou Qin (resigned on 23 November 2017)

Independent Non-executive Directors

Hon. Shek Lai Him Abraham (GBS, JP)

Ms. Hui Wai Man, Shirley

Mr. Tang Yiu Wing

Ms. Gao Min

The responsibility of the executive Directors to oversee and monitor the operations of the Group and to implement the strategies and policies set by the Board are supported by the decentralized departmental management and expertise talents.

The Board composition is balanced with knowledge, skills, experience and expertise of the Directors which are appropriate for the requirements of the Company's businesses. Further details on the review of the composition of the Board in terms of diversity are set out in the section headed "Nomination Committee" below.

董事會(續)

(a) 董事會的主要職責(續)

於本年度,董事會已進行下列各項工作:

- i. 檢討本集團表現及規劃業務目標 及策略;
- ii. 檢討及監察本集團之內部監控, 及加強本集團之內部監控政策。 本集團的營運業務單位 一 房地 產、保理、酒品及餐廳業務之內 部監控政策已分別作出更新;
- iii. 審批財務報表及公告;及
- iv. 審議及批准本公司的關連交易, 並根據上市規則規定成立一個獨 立董事委員會。

(b) 董事會的組成

董事會現由七位董事組成,當中三位為 執行董事及四位為獨立非執行董事。 截至二零一八年六月三十日止年度直至 本報告日期止,董事會的組成如下:

執行董事

潘蘇通先生(主席) 黃孝建教授 周曉軍先生 侯琴女士(於二零一七年 十一月二十三日辭任)

獨立非執行董事

石禮謙議員(GBS, JP) 許惠敏女士 鄧耀榮先生 高敏女士

執行董事審視及監控本集團營運的職 責以及董事會所制定策略及政策的執 行由不同部門之管理人員及專業人才 提供支援。

董事會結構平衡,具備董事之知識、技術、經驗及專業知識,切合本公司業務所需。有關就多元化而言董事會組成的檢討,詳情載列於下文「提名委員會」一節。

BOARD OF DIRECTORS (Continued)

(b) Board Composition (Continued)

The Directors possess managerial, accounting and legal professional qualifications with sound experiences in diversified businesses. There are no relationships (including financial, business, family or other material or relevant relationships) among members of the Board. Directors' biographical details are set out in the section headed "Directors' Profiles" of this annual report.

(c) Chairman and Chief Executive Officer

Mr. Pan Sutong is the Chairman of the Board and executive Director who has a pivotal role to the Board in piloting and formulating the business strategies and directives.

The Company has not appointed any chief executive. The daily operation and management of the Company is monitored by the executive Directors as well as the senior management. The Board considers the present structure is more suitable for the Company because it can promote the efficient formulation and implementation of the Company's strategies.

(d) Independent Non-executive Directors

The Company values the INEDs as they serve the Board with independent opinions and objective views, in particular, on issues of strategies, policies, performance and internal control of the Company.

Throughout the year under review, the Company has complied with Rules 3.10(1) and 3.10A of the Listing Rules of having the number of INEDs representing at least one-third or above of the Board. One of the INEDs has the appropriate professional qualifications in accounting or related management expertise as required by Rule 3.10(2), while another INED possesses professional finance and accounting qualifications in the PRC. The Company has complied the Listing Rule requirements under Rule 3.10(2).

The Company has received from each of the INEDs a written annual confirmation of independence pursuant to Rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules. Independence of each of the INEDs has been assessed and reviewed by the Nomination Committee and the Board continues to consider each of them independent in accordance with the Listing Rules.

董事會(續)

(b) 董事會的組成(續)

董事來自不同界別,經驗豐富,分別擁有管理、會計及法律等專業資歷。董事會各成員之間不存在任何關係(包括財務、業務、家族或其他重大或相關關係)。董事之履歷詳情載於本年報「董事履歷」一節。

(c) 主席及行政總裁

潘蘇通先生為董事會主席兼執行董事, 對董事會具領航及制定業務策略及指 令的關鍵角色。

本公司並無委任任何行政總裁。本公司 之日常營運及管理由執行董事及高級管 理層監控。董事會認為,由於目前架構 能夠提升本公司策略規劃及實施之效 率,因而較適合本公司。

(d) 獨立非執行董事

本公司重視獨立非執行董事,此乃由於 彼等為董事會提供獨立意見及客觀見 解,尤其是有關本公司之策略、政策、 表現及內部監控方面之事宜。

於整個回顧年度內,本公司已遵守上市規則第3.10(1)及3.10A條擁有指定數目的獨立非執行董事,佔董事會至少三份內數。其中一名獨立非執行董事具備第3.10(2)條規定的適當會另一名獨立非執行董事則擁有中國國等等多期,不 務及會計資格。本公司已遵守第3.10(2)條的上市規則之規定。

本公司已接獲每位獨立非執行董事就 上市規則第3.13條規定所發出之年度獨 立性確認書。提名委員會已遵照上市 規則評估及審核各獨立非執行董事之 獨立性,而董事會依然認為彼等各自均 為獨立。

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BOARD OF DIRECTORS (Continued)

(d) Independent Non-executive Directors (Continued)

Paragraph A.4.1 of the Code Provisions stipulated that non-executive directors should be appointed for a specific term, subject to re-election. The INEDs are not appointed for a specific term but are subject to retirement by rotation at least once every three years at the Company's annual general meeting in accordance with the provisions of the Bye-laws. The Board believes that such practice would offer stability at the Board level whilst independence is safeguarded by the statutory provisions by way of rotation, retirement and re-election subject to the Shareholders' approval. Thus, the Board considers that such provisions are sufficient to meet the underlying objectives of the relevant provisions of the CG Code.

For INED who has served the Company for more than nine years, his/her further appointment would be subject to a separate resolution to be approved by the Shareholders at the general meeting. The reasons of the Board believes he/she is still independent and should be re-elected are set forth in the paper accompanying the notice of general meeting in accordance with paragraph A.4.3 of the Code Provisions. The re-election of two INEDs with their term of tenure for over nine years were duly passed by the Shareholders at the annual general meeting of the Company held in 2017.

(e) Directors' Continuous Professional Development

Being aware of the importance of exercising the duties and responsibilities with care, skill and diligence, the Directors are supported by updates on the development and changes on the applicable rules and regulation pertinent to enable them in obtaining the necessary understanding of the business and operations of the Company and the Group. During the year, relevant updates had been provided to the Directors by the Company on the developments or changes affecting their obligations in terms of professional, regulatory and compliance, e.g. updates on corporate governance compliances, enforcement guidelines and regulatory updates issued by the regulatory authorities in Hong Kong etc. on a regular basis.

In addition, the Board members who possess professional qualifications underwent continuous professional development governed by the applicable professional bodies in Hong Kong and overseas. The training records of the Directors have been reviewed by the Corporate Governance Committee.

All Directors are encouraged to take up suitable training and induction programmes as arranged and funded by the Company in order to enhance their knowledge on directors' roles, functions and duties in listed company perspectives.

董事會(續)

(d) 獨立非執行董事(續)

(e) 董事的持續專業發展

此外,擁有專業資格的董事會成員已參加由香港及海外適用專業機構監管的 持續專業發展。董事培訓記錄已由企 業管治委員會審閱。

本公司鼓勵全體董事修讀本公司安排及 資助的相關培訓課程及就職計劃,以 上市公司的角度提高彼等對董事的角 色、職能及職責的知識。

BOARD MEETINGS

During the year ended 30 June 2018, the Board held five full Board meetings and additional Board meetings are held as and when necessary.

The attendance of the Directors at the full Board meetings are as follows:

董事會會議

於截至二零一八年六月三十日止年度內,董 事會舉行五次全體董事會會議,並於必要時 舉行額外董事會會議。

董事出席全體董事會會議的出席率載列如下:

		No. of meetings attended/ No. of meetings during the year (Directors' tenure) 出席會議次數/本年度 (於董事任內)會議次數
Executive Directors Mr. Pan Sutong (Chairman) Professor Huang Xiaojian Mr. Zhou Xiaojun Ms. Hou Qin#	執行董事 潘蘇通先生 <i>(主席)</i> 黃孝建教授 周曉軍先生 侯琴女士#	2/5 5/5 4/5 2/2
Independent Non-executive Directors Hon. Shek Lai Him Abraham Ms. Hui Wai Man, Shirley Mr. Tang Yiu Wing Ms. Gao Min	獨立非執行董事 石禮謙議員 許惠敏女士 鄧耀榮先生 高敏女士	5/5 5/5 4/5 5/5

^{*} Resigned as executive Director on 23 November 2017.

於二零一七年十一月二十三日辭任執行董事。

BOARD COMMITTEES

The Board has established the following committees with defined and written terms of reference:

- Audit Committee
- Remuneration Committee
- Nomination Committee
- Corporate Governance Committee

The terms of reference of each Board committee have been approved by the Board covering the duties, powers and authority which are in compliance with the Listing Rules, and taking into account of the specific business needs and requirements of the Company. The Board committees are accountable to the Board and will report their outcomes, opinions, findings and recommendations arrived at the committee meetings to the Board.

In addition to the above committees, during the year under review, an independent board committee of the Company, comprising all the INEDs, had been established by the Board in accordance with the Listing Rules requirement.

董事委員會

董事會已成立下列委員會,各有明確及書面 職權範圍:

- 審核委員會
- 薪酬委員會
- 提名委員會
- 企業管治委員會

各董事委員會的職權範圍涵蓋職責、權力及 授權,已獲董事會批准,符合上市規則,並 經參考本公司的特定業務需要及要求。董事 委員會須向董事會負責,並向董事會匯報於 委員會會議達成的結果、意見、調查結果及 建議。

除上述委員會外,於回顧年度內,董事會已 根據上市規則的規定,成立本公司之獨立董 事委員會(由所有獨立非執行董事組成)。

Audit Committee

The primary responsibilities of the Audit Committee are assisting the Board in fulfilling its audit duties through the review and supervision of the Company's relationship with the external auditor, reviewing the financial information, overseeing the financial reporting system of the Company, and reviewing the risk management and internal control procedures of the Group.

The terms of reference of the Audit Committee are in compliance with the Code Provisions. They are available on the websites of the Company and the Stock Exchange.

The Audit Committee currently consists of the following Directors:

Ms. Hui Wai Man, Shirley (Chairman of Audit Committee) Independent Non-executive Director

Mr. Tang Yiu Wing Independent Non-executive Director

Ms. Gao Min Independent Non-executive Director

During the year, the Audit Committee held two meetings with the external auditor of the Company to discuss issues they considered necessary. The following is a summary of the major tasks carried out by the Audit Committee during the year ended 30 June 2018:

- reviewed with the external auditor over the audit plan and the nature and scope of audit before the commencement of the audit work;
- reviewed the enhanced internal control policies for the Group's anti-money laundering policy ("AML Policy"), and for the operating business units of the Group — real estate, factoring, wine and restaurant businesses respectively;
- reviewed and recommended to the Board for approval of the Group's annual results for the year ended 30 June 2017 and the interim results for the six months ended 31 December 2017 with focuses on the compliance with the applicable accounting standards, the Listing Rules and other requirements, and the internal control system;
- reviewed the independence of the external auditor and recommended to the Board on the re-appointment of the external auditor; and
- approved the audit and non-audit services fees and the terms
 of engagement of the external auditor.

董事委員會(續)

審核委員會

審核委員會主要負責透過檢討及監察本公司 與外聘核數師之關係,協助董事會履行其審 核職責、審閱財務資料、監督本公司的財務 匯報制度,以及審閱本集團的風險管理及內 部監控程序。

審核委員會的職權範圍符合守則條文。該等職權範圍可於本公司及聯交所網站瀏覽。

審核委員會目前由下列董事組成:

許惠敏女士(審核委員會主席) 獨立非執行董事

鄧耀榮先生 *獨立非執行董事*

高敏女士 *獨立非執行董事*

於本年度,審核委員會與本公司外聘核數師 曾舉行兩次會議,討論彼等認為必須的事 宜。審核委員會於截至二零一八年六月三十 日止年度已進行的主要工作概要如下:

- 於開始審核工作前與外聘核數師審閱 審核計劃,以及審核性質與範圍;
- 分別審閱本集團反洗黑錢政策(「反洗 黑錢政策」),以及本集團的業務營運單 位一房地產、保理、酒品及餐廳業務 的加強內部監控政策;
- 審閱本集團截至二零一七年六月三十日 止年度的全年業績及截至二零一七年十 二月三十一日止六個月的中期業績,尤 其集中在適用會計準則、上市規則及其 他規定方面的合規性,以及內部監控 系統,並向董事會建議以供批准:
- 審核外聘核數師的獨立性及建議董事 會續聘外聘核數師;及
- 批准外聘核數師之審核及非審核服務 費以及聘用條款。

Remuneration Committee

The Remuneration Committee is responsible for making recommendations to the Board on the policy and structure of the Company for the remuneration of the Directors and senior management and to review and approve performance-based remuneration by reference to corporate goals and objectives resolved by the Board from time to time. The Remuneration Committee reports to the Board on the outcomes of their meetings.

The terms of reference of the Remuneration Committee are based on outlines under the Code Provisions. They are available on the websites of the Company and the Stock Exchange.

The Remuneration Committee currently comprises of the following Directors:

Mr. Tang Yiu Wing (Chairman of Remuneration Committee) Independent Non-executive Director

Ms. Hui Wai Man, Shirley Independent Non-executive Director

Ms. Gao Min Independent Non-executive Director

The major works performed by the Remuneration Committee during the year included the review of the existing remuneration policy and structure for all the Directors and recommended to the Board on their remuneration packages.

No Directors participated in decision making for his/her own remuneration. The details of the Directors' emoluments for the year ended 30 June 2018 are set out in note 9 to the financial statements.

董事委員會(續)

薪酬委員會

薪酬委員會的職責為就本公司董事及高級管理層的薪酬政策及架構,向董事會提出建議,並參考董事會不時議決的公司宗旨及目標,檢討及批准按表現釐訂的薪酬。薪酬委員會須向董事會匯報其於會議的調查結果。

薪酬委員會的職權範圍乃根據守則條文項下 的提綱而釐定。該等職權範圍可於本公司及 聯交所網站瀏覽。

薪酬委員會目前由下列董事組成:

鄧耀榮先生(薪酬委員會主席) 獨立非執行董事

許惠敏女士 *獨立非執行董事*

高敏女士 *獨立非執行董事*

薪酬委員會於本年度已進行的主要工作包括 檢討全體董事的現行薪酬政策及架構,並就 彼等的薪酬組合向董事會提出建議。

概無董事參與決定其本身薪酬。有關截至二零一八年六月三十日止年度的董事酬金詳情載列於財務報表附註9。

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Nomination Committee

The principal responsibilities of the Nomination Committee are to review the structure, size and diversity of the Board based on a range of perspectives with reference to professional qualifications, regional and industry experience, educational and cultural background, skills, industry knowledge and reputation, gender, ethnicity, language skills and length of service. In addition, the committee also makes recommendations to the Board relating to the appointment or reappointment of Directors and their succession planning.

The terms of reference of the Nomination Committee are in compliance with the Code Provisions. The terms of reference are available on the websites of the Company and the Stock Exchange.

The Nomination Committee currently comprises of the following Directors:

Hon. Shek Lai Him Abraham (Chairman of Nomination Committee) Independent Non-executive Director

Mr. Pan Sutong
Chairman of the Board and Executive Director

Ms. Hui Wai Man, Shirley
Independent Non-executive Director

Ms. Gao Min Independent Non-executive Director

Below is a summary of the major works performed by the Nomination Committee during the year under review:

- reviewed the structure, size and composition of the Board, including diversity, based on a range of perspectives with reference to the Company's business model and requirements such as gender, age, ethnicity, education background and professional expertise, industry experience, skills and knowledge and length of service with the Company; and
- assessed the independence of each of the INEDs.

The Nomination Committee considered that the current composition of the Board is well-balanced with a diversity suitable for the immediate business objectives of the Board. The diversity of the Board reflects a mix of experienced and professional individuals in the management of the internal affairs and operations of the Group. The Board has been provided with such valuable contribution and profound experiences, which are useful for the decision-making of the Board and the formulation and implementation of the business strategies. As such, the Company has complied with the paragraph A.5.6 of the CG Code in maintaining the Board diversity at an optimal level.

董事委員會(續)

提名委員會

提名委員會主要負責檢討董事會的架構、規模及多元化,經參考專業資格、地區及行業經驗、教育及文化背景、技術、行業知識及聲譽、性別、種族、語言技巧及服務年期而從多方面進行檢討。此外,就有關董事會提出任或再委任及彼等的繼任規劃向董事會提出推薦建議。

提名委員會的職權範圍符合守則條文。職權範圍可於本公司及聯交所網站瀏覽。

提名委員會目前由下列董事組成:

石禮謙議員(提名委員會主席) 獨立非執行董事

潘蘇通先生 *董事會主席兼執行董事*

許惠敏女士 *獨立非執行董事*

高敏女士 *獨立非執行董事*

下文為提名委員會於回顧年度已進行的主要工作概要:

- 檢討董事會的結構、人數及組成(包括 多元化),經參考本公司的業務模式及 要求,例如性別、年齡、種族、教育背 景及專業知識、行業經驗、技術及知 識以及於本公司的服務年期,從多方面 進行審視;及
- 評核各獨立非執行董事之獨立性。

提名委員會認為董事會的目前組成均衡,且 具備多元化,適合董事會現時業務目標。董事 會多元化反映本集團的內部事宜及經營營 營工 群具備經驗及專業的人士管理。董事會受 於此等人士的寶貴貢獻及深厚的行業經驗 對董事會作出決策以及制定及實施業務文 非常有用。因此,本公司已遵從守則條本 A.5.6段,將董事會多元化維持於最佳水平。

Corporate Governance Committee

Being delegated by the Board with the powers and authority, the primary role of the Corporate Governance Committee is to ensure due compliance by the Company the corporate governance functions under paragraph D.3.1 of the Code Provisions.

The Corporate Governance Committee has adopted the terms of reference as outlined under the Code Provisions. These terms of reference are available on the websites of the Company and the Stock Exchange.

The composition of the Corporate Governance Committee during the vear and up to the date of this report are as follows:

Mr. Pan Sutong (Chairman of Corporate Governance Committee) Chairman of the Board and Executive Director

Mr. Zhou Xiaojun Executive Director

During the year, the Corporate Governance Committee has performed 於本年內,企業管治委員會已進行下列工作: the following tasks:

- reviewed the policies and practices of the Company on corporate governance aspects pursuant to the Listing Rule requirements:
- reviewed and monitored the policies and practices of the ii. Company on compliance with legal and regulatory requirements:
- iii. reviewed and monitored the Company's code of conduct in securities transactions by the Directors and employees of the Group:
- iv. reviewed and monitored the training and continuous professional development of the Directors; and
- reviewed the compliance by the Company with the CG Code in v. this Corporate Governance Report.

董事委員會(續)

企業管治委員會

企業管治委員會獲董事會授予權力及授權, 其主要職責為確保本公司妥為遵守守則條文 第D.3.1段項下的企業管治職能。

企業管治委員會已採納守則條文項下提綱的 職權範圍。有關職權範圍可於本公司及聯交 所網站瀏覽。

於本年度及直至本報告日期,企業管治委員 會由下列董事組成:

潘蘇誦先牛(企業管治委員會主席) 董事會丰席兼執行董事

周曉軍先生 執行董事

- 根據上市規則的規定,檢討本公司之企 業管治政策及常規;
- 檢討及監察本公司政策及常規在遵守 法律及監管規定的情況;
- 檢討及監察董事及本集團僱員進行證 券交易有否違反本公司的操守守則;
- 檢討及監察董事的培訓及持續專業發 展;及
- 檢討本公司於本企業管治報告內遵守 企業管治守則的情況。

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Independent Board Committee

An independent board committee of the Company, comprising all the INEDs, had been formed under the requirements of the Listing Rules regarding certain connected transactions of the Company. Opinions of the independent board committee had been expressed in their letter which was included in the circular of the Company dated 25 June 2018.

The independent board committee followed the same principles, procedures and arrangements as that of the Board and were provided with sufficient resources to discharge their duties. Save as disclosed, no other board committee of the Company had been formed in accordance with the Listing Rules during the year under review.

BOARD COMMITTEE MEETINGS

During the year, the attendance of the Audit Committee, Remuneration Committee, Nomination Committee and Corporate Governance Committee are as follows:

董事委員會(續)

獨立董事委員會

本公司已根據上市規則的規定就本公司若干關連交易成立一個獨立董事委員會,由全體獨立非執行董事組成。獨立董事委員會於其函件內表達之意見已載於本公司日期為二零一八年六月二十五日之通函內。

獨立董事委員會與董事會遵照相同原則、程序及安排,並獲提供充足資源以履行彼等之責任。除披露者外,於回顧年度內,本公司並無根據上市規則成立其他董事委員會。

董事委員會會議

於本年度內,審核委員會、薪酬委員會、提 名委員會及企業管治委員會會議的出席率載 列如下:

		No. of meetings attended/No. of meetings during the year 出席會議次數/本年度會議次數 Corporate				
			Audit Committee	Remuneration Committee	Nomination Committee	Governance Committee 企業管治
			審核委員會	薪酬委員會	提名委員會	近来自加 委員會
Executive Directors Mr. Pan Sutong (Chairman) Professor Huang Xiaojian Mr. Zhou Xiaojun Ms. Hou Qin#	執行董事 潘蘇通先生(主席) 黃孝建教授 周曉軍先生 侯琴女士#		N/A不適用 N/A不適用 N/A不適用 N/A不適用	N/A不適用 N/A不適用 N/A不適用 N/A不適用	0/1 N/A不適用 N/A不適用 N/A不適用	1/1 N/A不適用 1/1 N/A不適用
Independent Non-executive Directors Hon. Shek Lai Him Abraham Ms. Hui Wai Man, Shirley Mr. Tang Yiu Wing Ms. Gao Min	獨立非執行董事 石禮謙議員 許惠敏女士 鄧耀榮先生 高敏女士		N/A不適用 3/3 3/3 3/3 3/3	N/A不適用 1/1 1/1 1/1	1/1 1/1 N/A不適用 1/1	N/A不適用 N/A不適用 N/A不適用 N/A不適用

^{*} Resigned as executive Director on 23 November 2017.

[#] 於二零一七年十一月二十三日辭任執行董事。

ACCOUNTABILITY AND AUDIT

(a) Financial Reporting

The Directors acknowledge their responsibility to prepare the financial statements for each financial period which give a true and fair view of the financial affairs of the Group. The Directors also ensure that the financial statements of the Group are prepared in accordance with the statutory requirements and applicable accounting standards on a going concern basis. The Board ensures that the publication of the financial statements of the Group is in a timely manner.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, the Directors consider that the consolidated financial statements of the Group are properly prepared on a going concern basis and appropriate accounting policies and standards have been consistently applied. The Directors have also made judgments and estimates that are prudent and reasonable in the preparation of the consolidated financial statements.

During the year, all members of the Board have been provided with monthly financial and operational updates which include the information of the Group's performance, position and prospects pursuant to paragraph C.1.2 of the Code Provisions.

(b) Internal Control and Risk Management

The Board is responsible for the Group's risk management and internal control systems. It reviewed the effectiveness of the risk management and internal control systems of the Group and considered the systems are effective and adequate for the year under review. The Board also ensure that the systems can assist the monitoring of the core operations of the Group and the external environment in respect of strategic risk, financial risk, operational risks and compliance risk. The principles of the risk management and internal control systems are to mitigate the Company's risk exposures in order to safeguard the shareholders' stake. The systems are designed to manage rather than eliminate the risk of failures to achieve business objectives, and can only provide reasonable and not absolute assurance against material misstatement or loss.

The Board is responsible for determining the business strategies and objectives of the Company, and to evaluate and review the nature and extent of risks associated in the performance of these strategies and objectives.

問責及核數

(a) 財務匯報

董事確認其須負責編製各財務期間之財務報表,且該等財務報表須真重財務報表須完。 公平地反映本集團之財務報表已按 亦須確保本集團之財務報表已按持 經營基準按照法定要求及適用會計準 則編製。董事會確保適時公佈本集團 的財務報表。

在編製綜合財務報表時,董事認為本 集團之綜合財務報表是按持續經營基 準妥善編製,並且已貫徹採用適當會 計政策及準則。董事在編製綜合財務 報表時亦已作出審慎合理之判斷和估 計。

於本年內,董事會全體成員已按守則條 文第C.1.2段獲提供每月財務及經營最 新資料,當中包括有關本集團表現、狀 況及前景的資料。

(b) 內部監控及風險管理

董事會負責釐定本公司業務策略及目標,以及評估及檢討與該等業務策略及目標表現相關的性質及風險程度。

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ACCOUNTABILITY AND AUDIT (Continued)

(b) Internal Control and Risk Management (Continued)

The Company established the holistic risk management and internal control systems. It requires each operating business unit to formulate its own risk management and internal control systems based on its own business objectives and local business environments, and to provide periodic updates for the Board's review and approval on a regular basis. The Board oversees the management in the design, implementation and monitoring of the risk management and internal control systems in achieving the Group's strategies and objectives.

The internal control systems have been designed to safeguard the assets of the Group, maintain proper accounting records, and ensure the execution of business decisions with appropriate authority and compliance of the relevant laws and regulations.

The management has carried out periodic review of the procedures and the implementation of the internal control systems, including areas covered accounting, business and legal compliance. The scope of review was discussed and agreed by the Audit Committee. In addition to the periodic review, the management will conduct any special review as required.

During the year, the Group's internal control policies have been enhanced with regard to the AML Policy. The internal control policies for the operating business units of the Group — real estate, factoring, wine and restaurant business were updated respectively.

The Company has a Continuous Disclosure Compliance Policy to ensure the handling and dissemination of inside information are being kept confidential until the disclosure is properly made. Further details on the policy are set out in the section headed "Inside Information" below.

The internal audit function is assigned to the finance departments of the respective business units of the Group and the review on the adequacy and effectiveness of the risk management and internal control systems for the business units are conducted by the Board on an annual basis. The Board is also responsible for reviewing and considering the adequacy of resources, staff qualifications and experience, training programmes and budget of the Group's accounting and financial reporting function annually. For the year under review, the Board considered that the Company's risk management and internal control systems were adequate and effective.

問責及核數(續)

(b) 內部監控及風險管理(續)

本公司設立了全面的風險管理及內部監控系統。其要求各營運業務環位根, 其本身的業務目標及地方業務環境境 其本身的風險管理及內部監控系統 並定期提供定期更新以供董事會檢討 及批准。董事會監督管理層對本集團 策略及目標的風險管理及內部監控系 統的設計、實施及監察。

內部監控系統之設計乃為保障本集團 之資產、維持妥善之會計記錄、確保 以適當權力進行業務決策,以及符合有 關法律及規例之規定。

管理層已對內部監控系統之程序及實施進行定期檢討,涵蓋會計、業務及法律合規方面。檢討範圍經由審核委員會討論及協定。除定期檢討外,管理層將按需要進行任何特定檢討。

於本年度內,本集團已加強有關反洗黑 錢政策的內部監控政策。本集團營運 業務單位(房地產、保理、酒品及餐廳 業務)之內部監控政策已分別更新。

本公司設有持續披露合規政策以確保內幕消息的處理及發佈在直至妥善作出披露前保持保密。有關政策之進一步詳情載列於下文「內幕消息」一節。

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR

Ernst & Young was reappointed as the independent auditor of the Company at the annual general meeting of the Company held in 2017. It is the auditor's responsibility to form an independent opinion, based on their audit, on those financial statements and to report their opinion solely to the Company and for no other purpose.

The statement of the independent auditor of the Company about their reporting responsibilities on the consolidated financial statements is set out in the section headed "Independent Auditor's Report" of this annual report.

During the year, the fees for the audit and non-audit services provided by the Company's independent auditor are as follows:

獨立核數師

於二零一七年舉行的本公司股東週年大會上, 安永會計師事務所獲續聘為本公司獨立核數師。核數師之責任是根據其審計對該等財務 報表發表獨立意見,並僅向本公司報告,不 作任何其他用途。

本公司獨立核數師對綜合財務報表所作出之 申報責任聲明,載於本年報[獨立核數師報告]一節。

於本年內,本公司獨立核數師提供之審計及 非審計服務費用如下:

	2018 二零一八年 (HK'000) (千港元)	2017 二零一七年 (HK'000) (千港元)
Audit services 審計服務 - annual financial statements - 年度財務報表 - major transaction - 主要交易 Non-audit services 非審計服務	4,207 1,600 534	3,860 — 1,564
	6,341	5,424

MODEL CODE FOR DIRECTORS' SECURITIES TRANSACTIONS

The Company has adopted its own Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors and Employees (the "Corporate Model Code"), which are on terms no less exacting than the required standards set out in the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Issuers in Appendix 10 to the Listing Rules. The Directors are reminded to comply their obligations under the Corporate Model Code regularly. Employees who are likely in possession of unpublished inside information of the Company are also subject to the Corporate Model Code.

Upon specific enquiry by the Company, all Directors confirmed that they have complied with the required standards set out in Corporate Model Code throughout the year ended 30 June 2018. There is no incident of noncompliance by the Company during the year under review.

董事進行證券交易之標準守則

本公司已採納其自身之董事及僱員進行證券 交易之標準守則(「企業標準守則」),該等條款 不比上市規則附錄十所載上市發行人董事進 行證券交易之標準守則所規定的標準寬鬆。 本公司亦定期提醒各董事遵守於企業標準守 則下之責任。可能擁有尚未公開之本公司 幕消息之僱員亦須遵守企業標準守則。

經本公司作出特定查詢後,所有董事均已確認,彼等於截至二零一八年六月三十日止年度內一直遵守企業標準守則所載之規定準則。 於回顧年度內,本公司並無不遵守守則之事宜。

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SHAREHOLDERS' RIGHTS AND COMMUNICATIONS WITH SHAREHOLDERS

The Company endeavours to establish a number of formal communication channels with the Shareholders to furnish the timely and precise information of the Group as soon as practicable.

(a) Shareholders to Convene a General Meeting

Shareholders may request the Company to convene a general meeting according to the provisions of the Bye-Laws. In accordance with the Bye-laws, special general meetings of the Company shall be convened on requisition, as provided by the Bermuda Companies Act, and in default, may be convened by the requisitionists. A copy of the Bye-Laws is published on the websites of the Company and the Stock Exchange.

There was no change in the Bye-laws for the year ended 30 June 2018.

(b) Shareholders to Put Forward Proposals at a General Meeting

The Company has adopted a set of procedures for putting forward proposals by the Shareholders at the general meetings. Shareholders who wish to put forward their proposals at a general meeting of the Company must possess the following qualifications:

- (a) holding at least 5% of the total number of shares of the Company as at the date of submitting the proposal. Collective number of shares can be from a single person or multiple Shareholders; and
- (b) holding shares of the Company at the proportion as stated in (a) above for a period of 12 consecutive months commencing from the date of first acquisition until the date of proposal.

The proposals must be made in writing. Each proposal shall (i) state the objects of the proposal, (ii) be signed by the proposer(s), and (iii) be posted and deposited at the Company's principal place of business in Hong Kong for the attention of the Company Secretary.

股東權利及與股東溝通

本公司致力建立多種正式溝通渠道,在切實可行之情況下儘快向股東提供適時準確之本 集團資料。

(a) 股東召開股東大會

根據公司細則之條文,股東可要求本公司召開股東大會。根據公司細則,誠如百慕達公司法之規定,本公司股東特別大會須應呈請召開,如未能召開,呈請人可自行召開大會。公司細則之副本刊載於本公司及聯交所網站。

截至二零一八年六月三十日止年度,公司細則並無任何變動。

(b) 股東於股東大會提呈建議

本公司已採納一系列規定股東於股東 大會上提呈建議之程序。擬於本公司 股東大會上提呈建議之股東,須具備 以下資格:

- (a) 於提呈建議當日持有本公司股份 總數之至少5%。股份之總數可來 自單一人士或多位股東;及
- (b) 自首次購股當日起至提呈建議當日止連續十二個月期間內,按上 文第(a)條所述之比例持有本公司 股份。

建議須以書面形式作出。各建議應(i)列明有關建議之目的:(ii)經由呈請人簽署及(iii)郵寄及送交本公司之香港主要營業地點,註明本公司公司秘書收。

SHAREHOLDERS' RIGHTS AND COMMUNICATIONS WITH SHAREHOLDERS

(Continued)

(b) Shareholders to Put Forward Proposals at a General Meeting (Continued)

The Board shall review and examine each proposal proposed by the Shareholder(s) who possess(es) the qualifications as stated above (the "Proposal"). The factors to be considered by the Board including but not limited to the following:

- (i) the scope of the Shareholder's right;
- (ii) notice period required to be given to the Shareholders if the Board considers that it is appropriate to put forward the Proposal at a general meeting; and
- (iii) any other factor(s) which the Board may consider fit or appropriate to be relevant for consideration.

If the Board is of the view that it is appropriate to put forward the Proposal at a general meeting and there is sufficient time to give not less than eleven business days' written notice to the Shareholders prior to the nearest general meeting ("Nearest General Meeting"), the Board will include the Proposal in the agenda of the Nearest General Meeting of the Company so as to give the Shareholders at least ten business days' notice to consider the Proposal in accordance with Rule 13.73 of the Listing Rules.

Should the Board considers that it is appropriate to put forward the Proposal at a general meeting but there is not sufficient time to give not less than eleven business days' written notice to the Shareholders prior to the Nearest General Meeting, the Board shall have the discretion to include such Proposal in the agenda of a general meeting immediately next to the Nearest General Meeting so as to give the Shareholders at least ten business days' notice to consider the Proposal in accordance with Rule 13.73 of the Listing Rules.

In the event that the Board considers that it is not appropriate to put forward the Proposal at a general meeting, the Board will direct the Company Secretary to advise the proposer(s) of the outcome accordingly.

股東權利及與股東溝通(續)

(b) 股東於股東大會提呈建議(續)

董事會將審閱及檢閱具備上述資格之股東提出之各項建議(「建議」)。董事會考慮之因素包括但不限於以下各項:

- (i) 股東權利之範圍;
- (ii) 倘董事會認為適宜於股東大會 上提呈建議,須給予股東之通知 期;及
- (iii) 董事會認為合適或適宜納入考慮 之任何其他因素。

倘董事會認為適宜於股東大會上提呈建議並於最近期股東大會(「最近期股東大會(「最近期股東大會」)前有足夠時間(不少於,董事)向股東發出書面通知,董事會將有關建議納入本公司最近期股東大會之議程,並根據上市規則第13.73條提前至少十個營業日向股東發出通知,以供其考慮有關建議。

倘董事會認為不適宜於股東大會上提 呈建議,董事會將指示公司秘書將有 關結果通知呈請人。

SHAREHOLDERS' RIGHTS AND COMMUNICATIONS WITH SHAREHOLDERS

(Continued)

(c) Procedures for Proposing a Person for Election (c) 提名人士選作為董事之程序 as a Director

Please refer to the "Procedures for Shareholders to Nominate Candidate for Election as Director" under the section headed "Nomination Committee" of the Company's website.

(d) Shareholders Communication Policy

The Company has established the Shareholders Communication Policy in 2012 to ensure that effective communication between the Shareholders and the Board is maintained at all times.

The Shareholders Communication Policy stipulated that any information of the Company shall be communicated to Shareholders by way of interim reports, annual reports, circulars, the general meetings of the Company as well as press releases and all corporate communications published on the Company's website. Furthermore, Shareholders may at any time request for such information of the Company to such extent as may be permissible and publicly available.

Shareholders should direct their enquiries on their shareholdings to the Company's branch share registrar, Tricor Secretaries Limited. Shareholders may send their enquiries in writing which require the Board's attention to the Company Secretary at the principal place of business of the Company in Hong Kong.

SHAREHOLDERS' MEETINGS

Communication with Shareholders is one of the priorities in the corporate governance practices of the Company. In exchanging communication with Shareholders, the Company has internally set up the Shareholders Communication Policy as aforementioned to streamline the policy and procedures whilst externally conduct general meetings of the Company to have direct sharing of information with Shareholders.

The Company held an annual general meeting on 22 November 2017 (the "2017 AGM"). The Board members including the chairmen of the Audit Committee, Remuneration Committee, Nomination Committee and Corporate Governance Committee, or failing which the other member of the Board committees, and the external auditors had attended the 2017 AGM to answer questions at the meeting.

股東權利及與股東溝涌(續)

請參閱本公司網站「提名委員會|一節項 下的「股東提名人選作為董事之程序」。

(d) 股東溝通政策

本公司已於二零一二年制訂股東溝通政 策,以確保股東及董事會得以隨時保 持有效溝通。

股東溝通政策訂明任何本公司之資訊 須透過中期報告、年度報告、通函、本 公司股東大會以及於本公司網站刊載 之新聞稿及所有企業通訊傳達予股東。 此外,在有關本公司資訊乃屬許可及可 予公開之情況下,股東可隨時要求索取 該等資訊。

股東有關其持股之諮詢,請寄至本公司 之股份過戶登記分處卓佳秘書商務有 限公司。股東可將需要董事會注意之 查詢事宜以書面方式寄至本公司之香港 主要營業地點,註明公司秘書收啟。

股東大會

與股東溝通乃本公司企業管治常規之首要工 作之一。為與股東溝通,本公司於內部設立 上述股東溝通政策,以精簡政策及程序,同 時於外部透過本公司股東大會直接與股東分 享資訊。

本公司於二零一七年十一月二十二日舉行股 東週年大會(「二零一七年股東週年大會」)。 董事會成員(包括審核委員會、薪酬委員會、 提名委員會及企業管治委員會主席(如無主 席,則董事委員會之其他成員))及外聘核數 師均有出席二零一七年股東週年大會,於會 **上回答提問。**

SHAREHOLDERS' MEETINGS (Continued)

股東大會(續)

During the year, the attendance record of the Directors at the general meeting of the Company is as follows:

於本年度內,董事出席本公司股東大會之情 況如下:

		No. of meeting attended/ No. of meeting during the year (Directors' tenure) 出席會議次數/ 本年度會議次數(於董事任內)
Executive Directors Mr. Pan Sutong (Chairman) Professor Huang Xiaojian Mr. Zhou Xiaojun Ms. Hou Qin#	執行董事 潘蘇通先生 <i>(主席)</i> 黃孝建教授 周曉軍先生 侯琴女士#	1/1 1/1 0/1 1/1
Independent Non-executive Directors Hon. Shek Lai Him Abraham Ms. Hui Wai Man, Shirley Mr. Tang Yiu Wing Ms. Gao Min	獨立非執行董事 石禮謙議員 許惠敏女士 鄧耀榮先生 高敏女士	1/1 1/1 1/1 1/1

^{*} Resigned as executive Director on 23 November 2017.

於二零一七年十一月二十三日辭任執行董事。

COMPANY SECRETARY

During the year, the Company Secretary of the Company has been the full time employee of the Company and possessed the day-to-day knowledge of the Company's affairs. She reports to the Chairman of the Board. She has duly complied with the relevant professional training requirement under Rule 3.29 of the Listing Rules.

INSIDE INFORMATION

The Company has set up the Continuous Disclosure Compliance Policy (the "Disclosure Policy") with respect to the Inside Information regime under the Securities and Futures Ordinance. The purpose of the Disclosure Policy is to ensure that the Company shall be in strict compliance with the disclosure obligation of inside information in a manner that provides equal, timely and effective access by the public.

The Company acknowledges its obligations under Chapter 13 of the Listing Rules and the principles of inside information as set forth in the Securities and Futures Ordinance. The Disclosure Policy stipulated the administration and logistics in the assessment, approval and dissemination of inside information of the Company, and the roles and responsibilities of the Directors, the senior management and employees of the Group in the handling and disclosure of any inside information of the Company. The Disclosure Policy has streamlined the dissemination of inside information in a tactful, quick and responsive manner so as to observe the strict confidentiality of the inside information prior to any formal disclosure to the public.

公司秘書

年內,本公司公司秘書為本公司全職僱員,並熟悉本公司之日常事務運作。彼向董事會主席匯報。彼已妥為遵守上市規則第3.29條之相關專業培訓規定。

內幕消息

因應證券及期貨條例項下內幕消息制度的頒佈,本公司已建立持續披露合規政策(「披露政策」)。披露政策之目的旨在確保本公司嚴格遵守內幕消息之披露責任,以公平、適時及有效之方式讓公眾獲取有關消息。

本公司知悉其於上市規則第13章以及證券及期貨條例所載之內幕消息原則項下之責任內 被露政策訂明評估、批准及散佈本公司內 消息之行政及後勤總務,以及本集團董事公 高級管理層及僱員於處理及披露任何本 高級管理層及僱員於處理及披露政策旨之 內幕消息時之角色及責任。披露政策自之 委婉、快捷及積極之方式精簡內幕消息於 所以確保內幕消息於正式向公眾披露前絕 對保密。

環境、社會及管治報告

The Group strives towards the sustainable development and the corporate social responsibility as to harmonize and bring about the strategic development of the Group to the public benefits. We emphasize that the environmental and social governance of the Group should be sustainable so as to nourish the stakeholder value in the long term.

The scope of this report focused on the environmental and social governance of the core businesses of the Group during the year ended 30 June 2018. It covered the sustainability performance of the entities in the Group's operations.

This report is prepared in accordance with the Environmental, Social and Governance Reporting Guide as set out in Appendix 27 to the Listing Rules.

本集團致力追求可持續發展及企業社會責任,以使本集團實現策略發展並使其與公眾利益協調一致。我們強調,本集團的環境及社會管治須能可持續發展,且長遠而言可提升持份者的價值。

本報告範圍集中在本集團核心業務於截至 二零一八年六月三十日止年度的環境及社會 管治,涵蓋實體於本集團業務中的可持續表 現。

本報告乃根據上市規則附錄二十七所載之環 境、社會及管治報告指引編製。

1. ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT

Environmental Policy

We are committed to entwine the concept of sustainable development in the improvement of the overall performance of the Group. The Group's core business operations are committed to build a greener future in merit of the society and environment altogether.

To conform with the energy conservation and emission-reducing strategy of the Group, green measures are introduced in offices to create a smart green and eco-friendly working environment for the staff. Since 2013 the corporate guidelines on energy saving and carbon reduction as well as energy efficient practices have been implemented, which aims to reduce the wastages and to consume the energy efficiently throughout the Group.

1. 環境管理

環境政策

我們致力在改進本集團整體表現的同時緊貼可持續發展的概念。本集團的核心業務營運致力建設綠色未來,以 使社會及環境一同得益。

因應本集團節能減排的策略,本集團 在辦公室實施環保措施,為員工營造智 能綠色及環保的工作環境。自二零一三 年起,本集團已實施節能減碳指引及能 源效益措施,旨在令本集團減廢及更 有效使用能源。

環境、社會及管治報告

1. ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT (Continued) 1. 環境管理(續)

Real Estate Business

(a) Property Investment

The Group's investment property, Goldin Financial Global Centre ("GFGC") featured on green building design and management in providing an innovative and sustainable environment. Below are some of the sustainable measures adopted at GFGC:

房地產業務

(a) 物業投資

本集團之投資物業高銀金融國際中心(「GFGC」)以綠色建築設計及管理為特色,提供創新及可持續性環境。以下為GFGC採取的若干可持續措施:

(A) Design and Architecture 設計與建築

- 1. Use of natural resources 天然資源的利用
 - highly articulated facades and textured curtain walls which enhance interiors lighting by the natural sky glow
 玻璃幕牆具織紋狀飾面,幕牆系統靠向天空傾斜,可透過自然的天空輝光增強室內照明
 - low-E/double glazed curtain wall which protects against solar heat 低輻射/雙層玻璃幕牆阻隔太陽熱力
 - renewable energy from PV panels on the roof which offsets 0.8% of the estimated annual building energy consumption 天台的光伏板提供可再生能源以抵消預計每年建築能耗0.8%
 - water recycling by harvesting of rainwater which reduces consumption of fresh water 透過收集雨水實現用水的循環利用,以減少用水消耗

2. Use of public utilities 公用資源的利用

- leakage management for water-consuming equipments, dual flush sensor installed at toilets, use of water conservation devices target to an estimated annual saving in water consumption of 50%
 對耗水設備進行漏水管理,廁所安裝雙沖水傳感器,使用節水裝置以實現每年預計節約用水50%
- use of cooling tower bleed off water for flushing purpose to save water resources
 利用冷卻塔排水沖廁以節約水資源
- awarded IAQ Certification (Public Areas) Excellent Class, Charter on External Lighting and Wastewi\$e
 獲授室內空氣質素核定(公共區域)卓越級、戶外照明約章及明智減廢標誌

3. Energy consumption by the building 大廈能源的消耗

- in compliance of Building Energy Codes (BEC 2012) with 80% of the total rated power of appliances and equipment that are Energy Star labelled 遵守《建築物能源效益守則》(2012年版),所有額定功率電器及設備中80%貼有「能源之星」標誌
- efficient switching of lift system to match with latest building occupancy rate 高效更換升降機系統以符合最新樓宇入住率
- major energy saving measures by the use of demand control lighting system and ventilation system, motion and daylight sensor, exhaust air energy recovery etc. that lead to an estimated annual energy saving at the office and carpark zones of over 30% and 40% respectively 主要節能措施包括使用監測系統以控制照明及通風系統、移動及日光感測器、廢氣能量回收等,估計每年可在辦公室及停車場區域分別節省超過30%及40%的能源

環境、社會及管治報告

1. ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT (Continued) 1. 環境管理(續)

Real Estate Business (Continued)

房地產業務(續)

(a) Property Investment (Continued)

(a) 物業投資(續)

(A) Design and Architecture (Continued) 設計與建築(續)

- 4. Waste management 廢物管理
 - effluent discharge targets to reduce 50% of the annual sewage consumption 廢水排放目標為每年減少50%的污水消耗量
 - recycling bins for the collection of recyclables 設置回收箱以收集可循環利用廢物

5. Indoor air quality 室內空氣質素

- hybrid ventilation system and Co₂-based demand controlled ventilation for comfortable indoor environment
 採用混合通風系統及二氧化碳監測系統以控制通風,營造舒適室內環境
- supply temperature reset for common area air side system during off-office hour 於非辦公時間重置公共區域供風端出風溫度
- no blocking of air vents and ducts, maintain good ventilation during air-conditioning with sufficient fresh air supply 不阻塞通風口及管道,並於使用空調期間提供充足新鮮空氣,保持良好通風

(B) Building Management and Maintenance 樓宇管理及維修

- 1. Stakeholders' engagement 持份者的參與
 - provide alcohol-based handrub at reception desk for visitors' health and safety 前台提供酒精搓手液,以保障訪客的健康及安全
 - stop the use of hand towels at male and female washrooms to prevent common communicable diseases
 男女洗手間停止使用手巾以預防常見傳染疾病
 - arrange fire drill for staff and tenants on annual basis 每年為員工及租戶進行消防演練

2. Environmental protection 環境保護

- provide photo-degradable and environmental-friendly wet umbrella bag at building entrances on rainy day 於雨天在大樓入口處提供光降解性環保雨傘袋
- provide parking spaces for low emitting vehicles and electric car charging facilities 提供低排放車輛停車位及電動汽車充電設施
- encourage suppliers to improve their logistics strategies for reducing carbon emissions during delivery 鼓勵供應商改善物流策略以減少付運過程中的碳排放

1. ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT (Continued) 1. 環境管理(續)

Real Estate Business (Continued)

(a) Property Investment (Continued)

In February 2018, GFGC was accredited the Final Platinum rating with an overall score of 81 marks under BEAM Plus of the Hong Kong Green Building Council.

房地產業務(續)

(a) 物業投資(續)

於二零一八年二月,GFGC獲香港 綠色建築議會「綠建環評」整體得 分81分認可為最終鉑金級。

GFGC achieved Credits in Final Platinum rating under BEAM Plus GFGC 獲得「綠建環評 | 最終鉑金評級分數



During the year, GFGC has also been awarded as follows:

於本年度,GFGC亦獲頒授以下 獎項:

- Silver Award of the "Best Innovative Green Building" at the MIPIM Asia Awards 2017; and MIPIM Asia大獎2017之「最佳創新綠色建築」銀獎;及
- Gold Award in the large-scale non-domestic properties below six years of age (with a gross floor area of 20,000 square metres or above) of the "Best Landscape Award for Private Property Development 2018" by the Leisure and Cultural Services Department of Hong Kong. 香港康樂及文化事務署頒授的「2018最佳園林大獎 私人物業」金獎,組別為樓齡6年以下大型非住宅物業組(總樓面面積20,000平方米或以上)。

Save as aforesaid, GFGC is named as one of the key Green Buildings in the Green Map launched by the Energizing Kowloon East Office. GFGC also attained the Platinum rating under the Leadership in Energy and Environmental Design (LEED) program of the U.S. Green Building Council.

除上文所述,GFGC獲譽為起動 九龍東辦事處所推動的綠色建 築地圖的主要環保建築之一。 GFGC亦榮獲美國綠建築協會頒 發的領先能源與環境設計(LEED) 的白金評級。

環境、社會及管治報告

1. ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT (Continued) 1. 環境管理(續)

Real Estate Business (Continued)

房地產業務(續)

(b) Property Development

(b) 物業發展

Key measures for environmental management of the property development projects of the Group

本集團物業發展項目環境管理的 主要措施

1. Environmental protection work 環境保護工作

- obtained the licences/notification on water and air pollution control 取得水及空氣污染管制牌照/通知
- registered as the waste producer and for the waste disposal 登記為廢物產生者及有關廢物處置
- obtained the Construction Noise Permit for the use of powered mechanical equipment for the carrying out of construction work 取得建築噪音許可證以就進行建築工程而使用機動設備

2. Efficient use of resources 有效使用資源

The Group advocates the use of sustainable resources through the below measures: 本集團提倡以下列方式使用可持續資源:

- ensure proper storage and site practices to minimize the potential damage or contamination of construction materials 確保妥善儲存及施工方法以減低建築材料的潛在損害或污染
- save paper and recycle waste paper 節約紙張及回收廢紙

環境、社會及管治報告

ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT (Continued) 1. 環境管理(續) 1.

Real Estate Business (Continued)

房地產業務(續)

Property Development (Continued)

(b) 物業發展(續)

Key measures for environmental management of the property development projects of the Group (Continued)

本集團物業發展項目環境管理的 主要措施(續)

3. Policies on minimizing the impact on the environment and natural resources 減低對環境及自然資源影響的政策

The Group implements policies and quidelines to minimize the impacts on the environment and natural resources through:

本集團實施政策及指引以減低對環境及自然資源造成的影響:

- green construction to implement environmental management plan and waste management plan, reduce air quality, noise and site effluent impacts 綠色建築以實施環境管理計劃及廢料管理計劃,減低對空氣質素、噪音及地盤排放的影響
- use of metal hoarding to minimize the use of temporary wood 使用金屬圍板以盡量減少使用暫用木材
- all vehicles carrying waste are properly fitted with side and tail boards and with tarpaulin covered

所有運載廢物的車輛的側及尾板得到妥善配備,並用防水布覆蓋

- providing sufficient waste disposal points and regular collection of waste 提供足夠的廢物處理點和定期收集垃圾
- segregating and sorting different types of waste into different containers, skips or stockpiles to enhance reuse or recycling of materials and their proper disposal 把不同類型的廢物分離和分類至不同的容器、箕斗或庫存,以提高再利用或回收的材料, 並妥善處置
- excavated materials are properly treated (re-use/disposed of) according to specified procedure 按照規定程序適當的處理出土材料(再利用/處置)
- training is provided to workers on waste management procedures 為減廢管理程序的工人提供培訓
- utilization of silenced equipment 利用消音設備
- dusty materials covered/sprayed with water 覆蓋/以水噴灑易生塵埃物料
- wheel washing facilities provided 提供車輪清洗設施

環境、社會及管治報告

1. ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT (Continued) 1.

Wine and Related Businesses

The production and viticulture of the Group's overseas vineyards are governed by the local rules and regulation.

Our French châteaux strive to the implementation of sustainable practices such the air pollution, water and sewage control, and efficient use of resources in their operations. A Hazard Analysis and Critical Control Point (HACCP) system has been developed for food safety to control and comply with the health and safety conditions.

In 2012, the International Organisation of Vine and Wine had recommended to the member states the guide for the implementation of the HACCP system in order to facilitate the wine-making process. Guidance of the HACCP system covered the viticulture, risk identification and relevant practice codes on the preventive measures to be taken etc.

The Napa County, US, adopted the Napa Valley Agricultural Preserve and the Winery Definition Ordinance, respectively, to preserve land for the vineyards. To support the long-term environmental improvements and sustainable agriculture, the Fish Friendly Farming/Napa Green Program is a certification program directed by the California Land Stewardship Institute, a Napa-based non-profit organization, for agricultural properties managed to restore fish and wildlife habitat and improve water quality.

Our vineyard in Napa completed a farm conservation plan and the certification process was conducted in June 2018. The SLOAN ESTATE has been certified under the Fish Friendly Farming/Napa Green (Certified Land) for environmentally beneficial practices and habitat restoration. A few sustainable practices in use at the vineyard are highlighted as follows:

1. 環境管理(續)

* 作 围 海 从 芬 共 国 奶 火 玄

酒品及相關業務

本集團海外葡萄園的生產及葡萄種植 受當地法規所規管。

本集團的法國酒莊一直致力在營運業務上施行可持續措施,如與空氣污染、用水與排污監控和有效利用資源有關的措施。我們已就食品安全訂立一套危害分析重要管制點(HACCP)系統,藉此監控及遵從健康與安全的條件。

早於二零一二年,國際葡萄與葡萄酒組織已向成員國建議施行HACCP系統指引,促進釀酒過程。HACCP系統指引涵蓋葡萄種植、風險辨別以及將予採取預防措施的相關實務守則等等。

美國納帕縣分別採納納帕山谷農業保育條例及酒莊定義條例,以保留葡萄園用地。為了支持長期的環境改善及可持續農業,由California Land Stewardship Institute (加州土地管理學會*)(一個位於納帕的非牟利組織)負責推行之認證計劃Fish Friendly Farming/Napa Green Program (魚類保育養殖/納帕綠色環保計劃*),旨在恢復魚類及野生動物的棲息地並改善水質。

本集團的納帕葡萄園設立了一項農場養護計劃,認證程序於二零一八年六月進行。SLOAN ESTATE因從事有效環保及棲息地恢復工作而獲Fish Friendly Farming/Napa Green (Certified Land) (魚類保育養殖/納帕綠色環保(土地認證)*)認證。葡萄園採用的一些可持續做法如下:

- Cover crops are planted in the vineyard and tilled in spring to add additional nitrogen to the soil in order to reduce the amount of fertilizer required 葡萄園種植覆土作物,並於春天耕種,以補充泥土氮元素,減少所需肥料量
- Vines are pruned to reduce the amount of water needed for irrigation 修剪葡萄藤以減少灌溉水量
- Grape skins are composted and used as fertilizer in the estate gardens 以葡萄皮堆肥並用作花園的肥料
- Winery procedures and estate watering practices have been adjusted to ensure lower water consumption 釀酒程序及酒莊灌溉方法已做調整,確保較低的用水量
- Our winery has met the energy usage benchmarks for its own size, and to embark on a LED lighting replacement programme to further reduce energy consumption 酒廠已達致自身規模的能源使用基準,並將著手進行一項LED照明更換計劃,以進一步降低能源消耗
- All packaging materials are recycled. Cans and bottles used by employees are also recycled. Plastic
 water bottle usage is reduced by placing water coolers in the work zones for employees
 所有包裝材料均可回收。僱員使用的金屬罐及瓶子亦可回收利用。員工工作區域已放置飲水機,藉
 以減少塑料水瓶的使用

中文譯本

^{*} Chinese transliteration

2. SOCIAL GOVERNANCE

Employment Policy and Management

The Group has established the human resources management policy and system, and set up standard procedures on staff benefits and practices covering employee salaries and benefits, recruitment and promotion, transfer at workplace, management of resignation and termination, working hours, rest day, pay leave and holidays etc. The Goldin Group is an equal opportunity employer without any discrimination in the selection of staff or in the pay level regardless of race, religion, sex, age and nationality.

The Group complies with the employment laws and regulations in Hong Kong, e.g. Employment Ordinance, Employees' Compensation Ordinance, Personal Data (Privacy) Ordinance and Mandatory Provident Fund Schemes. As the principal business operations of the Group span across the PRC, US and France, we further abide by the relevant local employment laws and policy regulations.

Employee Health and Safety

The Group is devoted to strike the balance on statutory and contractual obligations in respect of the employee health and safety. Benefits of leave and compensation and the group medical insurance are in place for all employees.

We target to enforce all reasonably practicable measures into the operation and maintenance of a safety working environment, and to provide safety training and equipment for employees in our business activities. Our restaurant business undergoes preemployment medical check-ups for prospective employees in the post related to food handling. The employment would take effective only upon the medical results reported those fit to work.

Our restaurant unit carries out the good hygiene practices based on the 5 simple and effective keys advocated by the World Health Organization (WHO) to ensure food safety and hygiene:

- Choose choose safe raw materials
- Clean keep hands and utensils clean
- Separate separate raw and cooked food
- Cook cook thoroughly
- Safe temperature keep food at safe temperature

2. 社會管治

僱傭政策及管理

本集團已建立人力資源管理政策及系統,並制定員工福利之標準程序及涵蓋 僱員薪金及福利、聘用及晉升、休息田 辭任與終止聘任管理、工時、休息日 帶薪假期及公眾假期的慣例。高銀 團乃平等機會僱主,在挑選僱員或釐別 薪酬水平時不會因種族、地區、性別、 年齡及國籍而作出歧視行為。

本集團遵守香港僱傭法律及法規,如僱傭條例、僱員補償條例、個人資料(私隱)條例及強制性公積金計劃。由於本集團之主要業務營運橫跨中國、美國及法國,我們亦遵守相關當地僱傭法律及政策規例。

僱員健康及安全

在僱員健康及安全方面,本集團致力 在法定及合約責任中取得平衡。全體 僱員均享有假期及補償福利以及集團 醫療保險。

我們致力在安全工作環境的運作及維護中執行所有合理可行措施,並在業務活動中為僱員提供安全培訓及設備。我們的餐廳業務對職位涉及食物處理的準僱員進行入職前驗身,驗身報告顯示合格,方可受聘。

根據世界衛生組織推廣的五個簡單而 有效的要點,本集團餐廳部採取良好 衛生措施,確保食物安全及衛生:

- 精明選擇 選擇安全的原材料
- 保持清潔 保持雙手及用具 清潔
- 生熟分開 分開生熟食物
- 煮熟食物 徹底煮熟食物
- 安全溫度 把食物存放於安全 溫度

Guidance on the reporting of infectious diseases, smoking policy, fire safety and handling of suspicious items are given to the frontline operation to reduce any possible work hazards.

向前線營運人員發出有關報告傳染病、 吸煙政策、消防安全及處理可疑個案 的指引,以減少潛在工作危險。

2. SOCIAL GOVERNANCE (Continued)

Employee Development and Training

The Group encourages the staff to participate in on-going professional development training. Furthermore, employees would be shortlisted for appropriate off-the-job vocational training as to update, improve and strengthen their knowledge and skills for discharging duties at work. Our restaurant business continued to nominate employees to attend food and environmental hygiene courses. Different training programs would be provided to enhance the staff's knowledge, attitude, skills and abilities at all levels for our restaurant operations.

Interest group training aimed to enhance on-the-job expertise knowledge and/or nurture a work-life balanced lifestyle are organized for the Group's workforce on voluntary basis. During the year, the courses/workshop on "Introduction to Wine Appreciation — basic art of wine tasting", "Soap Pop Workshop — experience handmade floral soap in environmental-friendly lifestyle", "Tea Arts & Etiquette Workshop — Chinese tea ceremony, etiquette and tasting" were held for the Group's employees.

Labour Standards

We respect human rights and oppose to the abuse of child labour or forced labour in our businesses.

There is no use of child labour or forced labour in the Group during the year under review.

Anti-corruption

We adopted the staff policies to uphold the fair operating practices of the Group in terms of the data security use in electronic mail, declaration for conflict of interests, encourage reporting of anti-corruption as well as soliciting and accepting monetary offers in day-to-day business operations.

The Group pledges to comply with the Prevention of Bribery Ordinance in Hong Kong. It may be an offence for the staff to solicit or accept an advantage, including any gift, loan, fee, reward, office, employment, contract, service and favour in any form, in connection with their work without the permission of the Company. Apart from this, employees are prohibited to solicit or receive in their work of any gift or money valued over a fixed limit from clients, suppliers or any person associated with the Company's business unless and except on normal business courtesies in reasonable manner.

2. 社會管治(續)

僱員發展及培訓

興趣小組培訓乃本集團旨在增強在職專業知識及/或培養工作生活平衡的生活方式而組織,員工可依願參加。本年度內,本集團員工已舉辦/葡萄酒品鑑入門 - 品酒藝術入門」、「花香手工皂工作坊 - 鮮花肥皂環保手作體驗」及「茶藝與禮儀工作坊 - 中國茶藝、禮儀及細味」等課程/工作坊。

勞工準則

我們尊重人權,反對於業務中濫用童 工或強逼勞工。

於回顧年度,本集團並無聘用童工或強 逼勞工。

反貪污

我們採納員工政策維護本集團公平營運方式,包括於日常業務中安全使用電子郵件的數據、申報利益衝突、鼓勵匯報反貪,以及索取及接受金錢報酬。

2. SOCIAL GOVERNANCE (Continued)

Anti-corruption (Continued)

The anti-money laundering and terrorist financing policies are also in force for the factoring and wine businesses of the Group. The rules and procedures are focal on KYC documentary requirement, risk assessment, on-going monitoring and transaction monitoring. The Group continued to review and update the policies with reference to the requirements of Hong Kong Monetary Authority and the business developments of the Group respectively.

Corporate Citizen

The Group is committed to embolden and support the public by way of social participation and contribution as part of its strategic development, and to nurture the corporate culture and practices of corporate citizen in the daily work life throughout the Group. We focus to inspire our human resources towards the employee relations and social welfare concerns. To sustain our corporate social responsibility, we would embrace the human capital into the social management strategies, which is a part of the strategic development of Goldin Group.

During the year, we continually enrolled in selected community programmes that would benefit both the community and the Group's stakeholders. We also continued the initiatives in cultivating the concept of corporate citizen.

Community Care

We had continued the community care activities during the year. Our Goldineers visited the non-profit nursery school for children and care centres for elderly, and brought fun to them with gifts, games and crafts.

We pursue to promote the green awareness and personal hygiene of our employees and again supported the "Hong Kong No Air Con Night 2017" and "Love Teeth Day 2017" campaigns.

We continued to join the fundraising programmes of the local charitable organizations like the "Mooncakes for Charity", "Dress Casual Day" and "Skip Lunch Day" of The Community Chest.

Workplace Quality

To promote the work-life balance for our staff, we continued the second series of staff welfare activities. Our "Refreshing Delights for All" activity supplements a seasonal warmth to each of our staff — the delights of gelato and fresh fruit box which beats down the summer heat, Hong Kong-style egg waffles recalling a taste of traditional streetside snacks, afternoon tea time in sipping Hong Kong-style milk tea/coffee with egg tarts, and the soothing Cantonese soup in autumn.

2. 社會管治(續)

反貪污(續)

本集團保理及酒品業務實施反洗黑錢及反恐怖分子籌資政策。規定及程序主要針對KYC文件要求、風險評估、持續監控及交易監控。本集團分別參考香港金融管理局的要求及本集團的業務發展,持續檢討及更新有關政策。

企業公民

於本年度,我們持續參與有利於社會及 本集團持份者的精選社區活動。我們 亦繼續積極培養企業公民觀念。

關愛社會

年內,我們繼續投入關愛社會活動。 我們的「高銀義工隊」拜訪了非牟利幼 兒學校及長者護理中心,並獻上禮物、 遊戲及手工活動,為他們帶來歡樂。

我們努力提升員工的綠色生活意識和個人衛生,再度支持「香港無冷氣夜2017」及「公益愛牙日2017」活動。

我們繼續加入本地慈善組織的籌款活動,例如公益金組織的「公益月餅」、「公益金便服日」及公益行善「折」食日。

工作環境質素

為了促進員工的工作與生活的平衡,我們繼續開展第二輪員工福利活動。「滋味放送」活動為每一位員工增添四季業意一不僅有消暑的意大利雪糕及新鮮水果餐盒,傳統懷舊街頭小食的港式雞蛋仔,更有細品港式奶茶/咖啡配蛋撻的下午茶時光,以及入秋時節沁人心脾的廣式老火靚湯。

REPORT OF DIRECTORS

董事會報告

The board of directors of Goldin Financial Holdings Limited is pleased to present the report of the Directors and the audited consolidated financial statements of the Group for the year ended 30 June 2018.

高銀金融(集團)有限公司董事會欣然提呈本 集團截至二零一八年六月三十日止年度之董 事會報告及經審計綜合財務報表。

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES

The Company is an investment holding company. The principal activities of the subsidiaries are engaged in the provision of factoring services, financial investment, winery and wine related business, property development and investment, publication and operation of restaurants. The activities of the principal subsidiaries of the Company are set out in note 1 to the financial statements. Further discussion and analysis of these activities as required by Schedule 5 to the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance, including a discussion of the principal risks and uncertainties facing the Group and an indication of likely future developments in the Group's business, can be found in the sections headed "Chairman's Statement" and "Management Discussion and Analysis" of this annual report. This discussion forms part of this report of the Directors.

The environmental and social matters of the Group for the year ended 30 June 2018 are set out in the Environmental, Social and Governance Report of this annual report.

RESULTS AND DIVIDENDS

The Group's profit for the year ended 30 June 2018 and the Group's financial position at that date are set out in the financial statements on pages 75 to 176 of this annual report.

The Board does not recommend the payment of a dividend for the year (2017: Nil).

SHARE CAPITAL AND SHARE OPTIONS

Details of movements in the share capital and share options of the Company during the year are set out in notes 31 and 32, respectively, to the financial statements.

DISTRIBUTABLE RESERVES

As at 30 June 2018, the Company had no reserves available for distribution (2017: Nil).

FINANCIAL SUMMARY

A summary of the results, assets, liabilities and non-controlling interests of the Group for the past five financial years is set out on page 178 of this annual report.

主要業務

本公司為投資控股公司。附屬公司之主要業務為從事提供保理服務、金融投資、出版, 酒品相關業務、物業發展及投資、出版,務 及餐廳營運。本公司主要附屬公司條例附屬公司 於財務報表附註1。根據香港公司條例附分 所規定,有關該等業務之進一步討論及不確 (包括有關本集團所面臨主要風險及確 因素之討論,及本集團業務未來可能及 個素之討論及分析」兩節查閱。此討論構成本 事會報告之一部份。

本集團截至二零一八年六月三十日止年度的 環境及社會事宜載於本年報「環境、社會及管 治報告」。

業績及股息

本集團截至二零一八年六月三十日止年度之 溢利及本集團當日財務狀況載於本年報第75 至176頁之財務報表。

董事會不建議派發本年度股息(二零一七年: 無)。

股本及購股權

於本年度本公司之股本及購股權變動詳情分別載於財務報表附註31及32。

可分配儲備

於二零一八年六月三十日,本公司並無可供分配之儲備(二零一七年:無)。

財務概要

本集團過去五個財政年度之業績、資產、負債及非控股權益之概要載於本年報第178頁。

DIRECTORS

The Directors during the year and up to the date of this report are as follows:

Executive Directors

Mr. Pan Sutong (Chairman) Professor Huang Xiaojian

Mr. Zhou Xiaoiun

Ms. Hou Qin (resigned on 23 November 2017)

Independent Non-executive Directors

Hon. Shek Lai Him Abraham (GBS, JP)

Ms. Hui Wai Man. Shirlev

Mr. Tang Yiu Wing

Ms. Gao Min

In accordance with Bye-law 99 of the Bye-laws, Professor Huang Xiaojian, Mr. Zhou Xiaojun and Ms. Gao Min shall retire by rotation and, being eligible, offer themselves for re-election at the forthcoming annual general meeting.

The Directors, including the INEDs, are subject to retirement by rotation and re-election at the annual general meeting of the Company in accordance with the provisions of the Bye-laws.

None of the Directors proposed for re-election at the forthcoming annual general meeting has an unexpired service contract which is not determinable by the Company or its subsidiaries within one year without payment of compensation (other than statutory compensation).

The biographical details of the Directors are set out in the section headed "Directors' Profiles" of this annual report.

Directors' Remuneration

The Directors' fees are subject to Shareholders' approval at general 董事袍金須待股東於股東大會上批准後,方 meetings. Other emoluments are determined by the Board with 可作實。其他酬金由董事會經參考董事之職 reference to the Directors' duties, responsibilities and performance 務、責任及表現,以及本集團業績後釐定。 and the results of the Group.

董事

於本年度及截至本報告日期在任董事如下:

執行董事

潘蘇通先生(主席) 黄孝建教授 周曉軍先生 侯琴女士(於二零一七年十一月 二十三日辭任)

獨立非執行董事

石禮謙議員(GBS, JP) 許惠敏女士 鄧耀榮先生 高敏女士

根據公司細則第99條,黃孝建教授、周曉軍 先生及高敏女士將輪值告退,惟彼等符合資 格並願意於應屆股東週年大會上膺選連任。

董事(包括獨立非執行董事)須根據公司細則 條文,於本公司之股東週年大會上輪值告退 及膺選連任。

於應屆股東週年大會上候選連任之董事,概 無訂立本公司或其任何附屬公司不可於一年 內終止而毋須支付賠償(法定賠償除外)之未 到期服務合約。

董事簡歷載於本年報「董事履歷」一節。

金幅電量

DIRECTORS' AND CHIEF EXECUTIVES' INTERESTS AND SHORT POSITIONS IN SHARES, UNDERLYING SHARES AND **DEBENTURES**

As at 30 June 2018, the interests and short positions of the Directors and chief executives of the Company in the Shares, underlying Shares and debentures of the Company or any of its associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the Securities and Futures Ordinance), as recorded in the register required to be kept 據證券及期貨條例第352條須予存置之登記 by the Company under Section 352 of the Securities and Futures Ordinance, or as otherwise required to be notified to the Company

and the Hong Kong Stock Exchange pursuant to the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Issuers (the "Model

董事及最高行政人員之股份、 相關股份及債券之權益及淡倉

於二零一八年六月三十日,本公司董事及最 高行政人員於本公司或其任何相聯法團(定 義見證券及期貨條例第XV部)之股份、相關 股份及債券中擁有下列記錄登記於本公司根 冊,或根據上市規則所載上市發行人董事進 行證券交易之標準守則(「標準守則」)須知會 本公司及香港聯交所之權益及淡倉:

Long positions in the Shares and underlying Shares 本公司股份及相關股份之好倉 of the Company

Code") contained in the Listing Rules, are as follows:

			Shares held 设份數目					
Name of Directors		Notes	Personal interests	Corporate interests	Number of underlying Shares	Total (Long Position)	% of the total issued Shares*	
	董事姓名		附註	個人權益	法團權益	相關股份數目	總計(好倉)	股份總數之 百分比*
	Mr. Pan Sutong ("Mr. Pan") Professor Huang Xiaojian Mr. Zhou Xiaojun	潘蘇通先生(「潘先生」) 黃孝建教授 周曉軍先生	1 2 2	225,163,000 — —	4,714,821,634 — —	- 3,000,000 2,000,000	4,939,984,634 3,000,000 2,000,000	70.67% 0.04% 0.03%

The percentage has been calculated based on 6,990,651,992 Shares in issue as at 30 June 2018.

百分比乃根據於二零一八年六月三十日已發行 的6.990.651.992股股份計算。

Notes:

- The 4,714,821,634 Shares held by Mr. Pan through controlled corporations included:
 - Goldin Real Estate Financial Holdings Limited ("Goldin Real Estate Financial Holdings") is deemed to be interested in 4,670,505,634 Shares, of which as to 4,473,545,636 Shares held by Goldin Global Holdings Limited and as to 196,959,998 Shares held by Goldin Equities Limited respectively. Both Goldin Global Holdings Limited and Goldin Equities Limited are indirect wholly-owned subsidiaries of Goldin Real Estate Financial Holdings. Goldin Real Estate Financial Holdings is wholly owned by Mr. Pan.
 - 44,316,000 Shares held by Clear Jade International Limited which is wholly owned by Mr. Pan.
- 2. The underlying Shares are the share options granted by the Company to the respective Directors, details of which are disclosed in the section headed "Share Option Schemes" below.

附註:

- 潘先生透過受控制法團持有之4,714,821,634股 股份包括:
 - 高銀金融地產控股有限公司(「高銀金融 地產控股」)被視為於4,670,505,634股 股份中擁有權益,當中4,473,545,636股 及196,959,998股股份分別由高銀環球 控股有限公司及高銀(證券)有限公司持 有。高銀環球控股有限公司及高銀(證 券)有限公司均為高銀金融地產控股之 間接全資附屬公司。高銀金融地產控股 由潘先生全資擁有。
 - 晴翠國際有限公司持有之44,316,000股 股份,該公司乃由潘先生全資擁有。
- 相關股份為本公司授予各董事之購股權,其詳 情於下文「購股權計劃」一節披露。

DIRECTORS' AND CHIEF EXECUTIVES' INTERESTS AND SHORT POSITIONS IN SHARES, UNDERLYING SHARES AND DEBENTURES (Continued)

Save as disclosed above, so far as was known to the Directors, as at 30 June 2018, none of the Directors or chief executives of the Company had, pursuant to Divisions 7 and 8 of the Part XV of the Securities and Futures Ordinance, nor were they taken or deemed to have under such provisions of the Securities and Futures Ordinance, any interests or short positions in any shares, underlying shares or interest in debentures of the Company or any of its associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the Securities and Futures Ordinance) which were required to be notified to the Company and the Hong Kong Stock Exchange, or any interests which were required, pursuant to Section 352 of the Securities and Futures Ordinance, to be entered into the register referred to therein, or any interests which were required, pursuant to the Model Code, to be notified to the Company and the Hong Kong Stock Exchange.

SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDERS' INTERESTS AND SHORT POSITIONS IN SHARES AND UNDERLYING SHARES

As at 30 June 2018, the register of substantial shareholders maintained under Section 336 of the Securities and Futures Ordinance shows that the Company had been notified of the following substantial shareholders' interests and short positions, representing 5% or more of the Company's issued share capital:

* The percentage has been calculated based on 6,990,651,992 Shares in *

issue as at 30 June 2018.

董事及最高行政人員之股份、 相關股份及債券之權益及淡倉 (續)

除上文所披露者外,就董事所知,於二零一八年六月三十日,概無本公司之董事或第77政人員根據證券及期貨條例第XV部第7及8分部或根據該等證券及期貨條例之條文被當作或被視為於本公司或其任何相聯法團(第長證券及期貨條例第XV部)之任何股份可養見證券及期貨條例第XV部)之任何股份司養見證券及期貨條例第352條須登記於該條文則須至會本公司及香港聯交所之任何權益。

主要股東於股份及相關股份之權益及淡倉

於二零一八年六月三十日,根據證券及期貨條例第336條存置之主要股東名冊顯示,本公司已獲知會下列主要股東擁有之權益及淡倉佔本公司已發行股本5%或以上:

Name of shareholders	Notes	Capacity	Number of Shares held	Total (Long Position)	% of the total issued Shares* 已發行 股份總數之
股東姓名/名稱	附註	身份	所持股份數目	總計(好倉)	百分比*
Goldin Global Holdings Limited 高銀環球控股有限公司	1	Beneficial owner 實益擁有人	4,473,545,636	4,473,545,636	63.99%
Mr. Pan Sutong 潘蘇通先生	2	Interests held as beneficial owner and through controlled corporations 作為實益擁有人及透過	4,939,984,634	4,939,984,634	70.67%
		受控制法團持有的權益			

百分比乃根據於二零一八年六月三十日已發行 的6,990,651,992股股份計算。

SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDERS' INTERESTS AND SHORT POSITIONS IN SHARES AND UNDERLYING SHARES (Continued)

Notes:

- Goldin Global Holdings Limited is a wholly-owned subsidiary of Goldin Investment Holdings Limited, which is, in turn, a 100%-owned subsidiary of Goldin Real Estate Financial Holdings. Goldin Real Estate Financial Holdings is wholly owned by Mr. Pan.
- 2. The 4,714,821,634 Shares held by Mr. Pan through controlled corporations are as follows:
 - (i) Goldin Real Estate Financial Holdings is deemed to be interested in a total of 4,670,505,634 Shares, as to which 4,473,545,636 Shares held by Goldin Global Holdings Limited (as disclosed in Note 1 above) and 196,959,998 Shares held by Goldin Equities Limited respectively.

Goldin Equities Limited is wholly owned by Goldin Investment Advisers Limited, which is, in turn, a 100%-owned subsidiary of Goldin Financial Investment Limited. Goldin Financial Investment Limited is wholly owned by Goldin Investment Holdings Limited, which is, in turn, a wholly-owned subsidiary of Goldin Real Estate Financial Holdings.

44,316,000 Shares held by Clear Jade International Limited which is wholly owned by Mr. Pan.

Save as disclosed above, as at 30 June 2018, the Company had not been notified by any person (other than a Director or chief executive of the Company or their respective close associates) of any interest and short position in the Shares and underlying Shares which were required to be recorded in the register kept under Section 336 of the Securities and Futures Ordinance.

SHARE OPTION SCHEMES

The Company has a share option scheme (the "2013 Scheme") which was adopted at the annual general meeting of the Company held on 21 November 2013, and the share option scheme (the "2004 Scheme") of the Company adopted in 2004 was terminated henceforth. Share options granted under the 2004 Scheme prior to its termination remained in force until they lapsed in accordance with the terms of the 2004 Scheme. Further details of the 2004 Scheme and the 2013 Scheme are set out in note 32 to the financial statements.

董事及最高行政人員之股份、相關股份及債券之權益及淡倉

附註:

- 高銀環球控股有限公司為高銀投資控股有限公司之全資附屬公司,而高銀投資控股有限公司 為高銀金融地產控股之全資附屬公司。高銀金融地產控股乃由潘先生全資擁有。
- 潘先生透過受控制法團持有之4,714,821,634股股份如下:
 - (i) 高銀金融地產控股被視為於合共 4,670,505,634股股份中擁有權益,當中 4,473,545,636股及196,959,998股股份 分別由高銀環球控股有限公司(上文附 註1所披露者)及高銀(證券)有限公司持 有。

高銀(證券)有限公司由高銀投資顧問有限公司全資擁有,而高銀投資顧問有限公司為高銀金融投資有限公司之全資附屬公司。高銀金融投資有限公司由高銀投資控股有限公司会資擁有,而高銀投資控股有限公司為高銀金融地產控股之全資附屬公司。

(ii) 晴翠國際有限公司持有之44,316,000股股份,該公司乃由潘先生全資擁有。

除上文所披露者外,於二零一八年六月三十日,本公司並無獲任何人士(本公司董事或最高行政人員或彼等各自之緊密聯繫人除外)知會有關須登記於根據證券及期貨條例第336條存置之登記冊內之股份及相關股份之任何權益及淡倉。

購股權計劃

本公司於二零一三年十一月二十一日舉行之本公司股東週年大會上採納購股權計劃(「二零一三年計劃」),而本公司於二零零四年計劃」)因而終於上。二零零四年計劃項下授出之購股權於終止前仍然生效,直至彼等根據二零零四年計劃之條款失效為止。有關二零零四年計劃之進一步詳情載於財務報表附計32。

SHARE OPTION SCHEMES (Continued)

2004 Scheme

The 2004 Scheme was adopted by the Company on 28 January 2004 for a period of ten years. The 2004 Scheme was terminated upon the adoption of the 2013 Scheme by the Shareholders at the annual general meeting in 2013, such that no further share options may thereafter be offered under the 2004 Scheme. The share options granted (to the extent not already exercised) prior to such termination shall continue to be valid and exercisable in accordance with the terms of the 2004 Scheme. As at 30 June 2018, the outstanding share options under the 2004 Scheme entitling the option holders to subscribe for an aggregate of 24,650,000 Shares, representing approximately 0.4% of the total issued Shares.

Details of movements in the share options granted under the 2004 Scheme during the year ended 30 June 2018 are set out below:

購股權計劃(續)

二零零四年計劃

本公司於二零零四年一月二十八日採納二零零四年計劃,為期十年。二零零四年計劃於東在二零一三年股東週年大會上採納二零可股東週年大會上採納二零可股東週年計劃予以授出。於終止前續不可表別,所不可以推進之情況下)應繼續不可,可認購合其24,650,000股股份,佔已發行股份總數約0.4%。

根據二零零四年計劃授出的購股權於截至二 零一八年六月三十日止年度之變動詳情載列 如下:

			Number of share options 購股權數目						
Name or category of participants	Date of grant	Exercise price per Share	As at 1 July 2017	Reclassified from "Director" to "Employees and others in aggregate" 由「董事」重新	Granted during the year	Lapsed during the year	Exercised during the year	As at 30 June 2018	Exercisable period
參與人姓名或類別	授出日期	每股股份 行使價 (HK\$) (港元)	於二零一七年 七月一日	分類為「僱員及 其他(合共)」	於本年度 已授出	於本年度 已失效	於本年度 已行使	於二零一八年 六月三十日	行使期
Director 董事									
Ms. Hou Qin	22/07/2009	0.654	1,000,000	(1,000,000)	_	_	_	_	22/01/2010 — 21/07/2019
侯琴女士	22/07/2009	0.654	1,000,000	(1,000,000)	-	-	-		22/01/2011 — 21/07/2019
	22/07/2009	0.654	1,000,000	(1,000,000)	_		_		22/01/2012 — 21/07/2019
			3,000,000	(3,000,000)	-	-	-	-	
	00/07/0000	0.054	0.000.000					0.000.000	00/07/0000 04/07/0040
Employees and others in aggregate	22/07/2009 22/07/2009	0.654 0.654	3,000,000	1,000,000	_	_	_		22/07/2009 — 21/07/2019 22/01/2010 — 21/07/2019
(including directors of	22/07/2009	0.654	_	1,000,000	_	_	_	, ,	22/01/2010 — 21/07/2019
certain subsidiaries)	22/07/2009	0.654	2,000,000	1,000,000	_	-	_	, ,	22/01/2012 — 21/07/2019
僱員及其他(合共)(包括若干	23/07/2009	0.652	5,205,000	-	-	(210,000)	_	-,,	23/01/2010 — 22/07/2019
附屬公司董事)	23/07/2009	0.652	5,205,000	-	-	(210,000)	-	, ,	23/01/2011 - 22/07/2019
	23/07/2009	0.652	6,940,000	_	_	(280,000)		6,660,000	23/01/2012 — 22/07/2019
			22,350,000	3,000,000	-	(700,000)	-	24,650,000	
	TOTAL 總計		25,350,000	-	_	(700,000)	_	24,650,000	

Note: Ms. Hou Qin resigned as Director and remains her other offices within the Group. Therefore, the outstanding share options held by Ms. Hou upon her resignation were reclassified from the category of "Director" to "Employees and others in aggregate".

附註: 侯琴女士辭任董事惟留任彼於本集團的其他 職務。因此,侯女士於彼辭任後所持有的尚 未行使購股權由「董事」類別重新分類為「僱 員及其他(合共)」。

SHARE OPTION SCHEMES (Continued)

2013 Scheme

The 2013 Scheme was adopted by the Shareholders on 21 November 2013 for a period of ten years. The purpose of the 2013 Scheme is to provide incentives or rewards to the participants thereunder for their contribution to the Group and motivate them to strive for future development and expansion of the Group; to strengthen the relationship between the Group and its employees and executives; and to enable the Group to recruit and retain high-calibre employees and executives and attract human resources that are valuable to the Group and any entity in which the Group holds an equity interest ("Invested Entity").

The total number of Shares which may be issued upon exercise of all share options to be granted under the 2013 Scheme and any other share option schemes of the Company must not in aggregate exceed 10% of the Shares in issue as at the date of adoption of the 2013 Scheme, being 697,499,199 Shares. The Company may seek approval of the Shareholders in a general meeting to refresh such 10% limit provided that the total number of Shares which may be issued upon exercise of all share options to be granted under the 2013 Scheme and any other share option schemes of the Company must not exceed 10% of the Shares in issue as at the date of approving the limit as refreshed. The maximum number of Shares to be issued upon exercise of all outstanding share options granted under the 2013 Scheme and any other share option schemes of the Company must not in aggregate exceed 30% of the Shares in issue from time to time. As at 30 June 2018, the outstanding share options granted under the 2013 Scheme entitling the option holders to subscribe for an aggregate of 123,900,000 Shares, representing approximately 1.8% of the total issued Shares.

Pursuant to the terms of the 2013 Scheme, the Board has the discretion to set a minimum period for which a share option to be held before the exercise of the subscription rights attaching thereto. This discretion, coupled with the power of the Board to impose any performance target as it considers appropriate before any share option can be exercised, enable the Group to provide the incentives to the participants to use their best endeavours in facilitating the growth and development of the Group.

Participants of the 2013 Scheme are required to pay HK\$1 for each grant of share option upon acceptance of the grant. The maximum entitlement of each participant in any 12-month period (including both exercised and outstanding share options) shall not exceed 1% of the issued share capital of the Company.

The exercise price of the share options is determined by the Directors and should be at least the higher of (i) the closing price of the Shares as stated in the Stock Exchange's daily quotation sheet on the date of grant, which must be a trading day; (ii) the average closing price of the Shares as stated in the Stock Exchange's daily quotation sheet for the five trading days immediately preceding the date of grant; and (iii) the nominal value of the Shares. Any Share allotted and issued on the exercise of share options under the 2013 Scheme will rank pari passu with other Shares in issue on the date of allotment.

購股權計劃(續)

二零一三年計劃

二零一三年計劃由股東於二零一三年十一月 二十一日採納,為期十年。二零一三年計劃 之目的為鼓勵或獎勵參與者為本集團作出之 貢獻,促使彼等致力於本集團之未來發展及 擴張;鞏固本集團與僱員及行政人員之關係; 及令本集團能夠招攬及保留優秀僱員及行政 人員,並吸引對本集團及任何本集團持有任 何股本權益之任何實體(「接受投資實體」)具 有價值之人力資源。

行使所有根據二零一三年計劃及本公司任何 其他購股權計劃將予授出之購股權後可予發 行之股份總數合共不得超過採納二零一三年 計劃當日之已發行股份之10% (即697,499,199 股股份)。本公司可於股東大會上尋求股東批 准更新該10%之上限,惟行使所有根據二零 一三年計劃及本公司任何其他購股權計劃將 予授出之購股權後可予發行之股份總數不得 超過批准更新上限當日之已發行股份之10%。 行使所有根據二零一三年計劃及本公司任何 其他購股權計劃授出之尚未行使購股權後將 予發行之最高股份數目合共不得超過不時已 發行股份之30%。於二零一八年六月三十日, 根據二零一三年計劃購股權計劃授出之尚未 行使購股權,賦予購股權持有人權利,可認 購合共123.900.000股股份,佔已發行股份總 數約1.8%。

根據二零一三年計劃之條款,董事會酌情就將於行使購股權附有之認購權前持有之購股權設定最短期限。此酌情權,再加上董事會有權於任何購股權可獲行使前於其認為合適的時間施加任何表現目標,讓本集團得以鼓勵參與者,以使彼等盡力促進本集團成長及發展。

二零一三年計劃參與者在接納獲授之購股權時須支付1港元。各參與者於任何十二個月期間之最高權益(包括已行使及尚未行使購股權)不得超過本公司已發行股本之1%。

購股權之行使價由董事釐定,並至少須為下列各項之較高者:(i)授出當日(須為交易日)聯交所每日報價表所報股份之收市價;(ii)緊接授出當日前五個交易日聯交所每日報價表所報股份之平均收市價;及(iii)股份面值。任何因行使二零一三年計劃項下之購股權而已配發及發行之股份將與配發當日之其他已發行股份具有同等地位。

SHARE OPTION SCHEMES (Continued)

購股權計劃(續)

2013 Scheme (Continued)

二零一三年計劃(續)

Details of movements in the share options granted under the 2013 Scheme during the year ended 30 June 2018 are set out below.

根據二零一三年計劃授出的購股權於截至二 零一八年六月三十日止年度之變動詳情載列 如下:

			Number of share options 購股權數目						
Name or category of participants	Date of grant	Exercise price per Share	As at 1 July 2017	Reclassified from "Directors" to "Employees and others in aggregate" 由「董事」重新	Granted during the year	Lapsed during the year	Exercised during the year	As at 30 June 2018	Exercisable period
參與人姓名或類別	授出日期	每股股份 行使價 (HK\$) (港元)	於二零一七年 七月一日	分類為「僱員及 其他(合共)」	於本年度 已授出	於本年度 已失效	於本年度 已行使	於二零一八年 六月三十日	行使期
Directors 董事									
■争 Professor Huang Xiaojian 黄孝建教授	18/07/2014 18/07/2014 18/07/2014	3.098 3.098 3.098	900,000 900,000 1,200,000	-	- - -	- - -	- - -	900,000	18/07/2015 — 17/07/2024 18/07/2016 — 17/07/2024 18/07/2017 — 17/07/2024
Zhou Xiaojun 周曉軍先生	18/07/2014 18/07/2014 18/07/2014	3.098 3.098 3.098	600,000 600,000 800,000	- - -	- - -	- - -	=======================================	600,000	18/07/2015 — 17/07/2024 18/07/2016 — 17/07/2024 18/07/2017 — 17/07/2024
Ms. Hou Qin 侯琴女士	18/07/2014 18/07/2014 18/07/2014	3.098 3.098 3.098	900,000 900,000 1,200,000	(900,000) (900,000) (1,200,000)	- - -	- - -	=	- - -	18/07/2016 — 17/07/2024
			8,000,000	(3,000,000)	_	-	-	5,000,000	
Associate of a Director and substantial shareholder of the Company 本公司董事及主要股東之聯繫人士									
Ms. Pan Jenny Jing Pan Jenny Jing女士	18/07/2014 18/07/2014 18/07/2014	3.098 3.098 3.098	450,000 450,000 600,000		- - -	_ 	_ 	450,000	18/07/2015 — 17/07/2024 18/07/2016 — 17/07/2024 18/07/2017 — 17/07/2024
			1,500,000	_	-	-	-	1,500,000	
Employees and others in aggregate (including directors of certain subsidiaries) 僱員及其他(合共)(包括若干附屬公司董事)	18/07/2014 18/07/2014 18/07/2014	3.098 3.098 3.098	36,675,000 38,025,000 50,700,000	900,000 900,000 1,200,000	- - -	(2,985,000) (3,435,000) (4,580,000)	- - -	35,490,000	18/07/2015 — 17/07/2024 18/07/2016 — 17/07/2024 18/07/2017 — 17/07/2024
			125,400,000	3,000,000	-	(11,000,000)	-	117,400,000	
	TOTAL 總計		134,900,000	-	-	(11,000,000)	-	123,900,000	

Notes:

- 附註:
- (1) The share options granted on 18 July 2014 (the "Date of Grant") are subject to a vesting period of 3 years starting from the 1st anniversary and becoming fully vested on the 3rd anniversary of the Date of Grant, and only exercisable upon vested and subject to the satisfactory performance/contribution of the grantees as may be determined by the Board.
- (1) 於二零一四年七月十八日(「授出日期」)授出之 購股權的歸屬期為三年,由授出日期第一週年 開始及於第三週年完全歸屬,並僅在其獲歸屬 後方可予行使,且承授人的表現/貢獻須獲董 事會信納。
- (2) Ms. Hou Qin resigned as Director and remains her other offices within the Group. Therefore, the outstanding share options held by Ms. Hou upon her resignation were reclassified from the category of "Directors" to "Employees and others in aggregate".
- 2) 侯琴女士辭任董事惟留任彼於本集團的其他職務。因此,侯女士於彼辭任後所持有的尚未行使購股權由「董事」類別重新分類為「僱員及其他(合共)」。

DIRECTORS' INTERESTS IN COMPETING BUSINESS

During the year and up to the date of this report, to the best knowledge of the Directors, Goldin Financial Global Square Limited, a related company in which Mr. Pan has controlling beneficial interest, held a land site that is being redeveloped into building(s) for non-residential purposes excluding, among others, hotel, petrol filling station and residential care home, and with a total gross floor area of not less than 22,464 square metres and not exceeding 37,440 square metres located in Kowloon Bay, Hong Kong.

Save as disclosed, none of the Directors and their respective close associates were considered to have any interests in the businesses which compete or were likely to compete, either directly or indirectly, with the businesses of the Group under Rule 8.10(2) of the Listing Rules.

MANAGEMENT CONTRACTS

(1) Pursuant to the project management agreement dated 31 October 2011, as supplemented by the agreement dated 27 February 2015, entered into between Smart Edge Limited ("Smart Edge"), an indirect 60%-owned subsidiary of the Company, and Goldin Properties (Construction Management) Limited ("GPCM"), an indirect wholly-owned subsidiary of Goldin Properties, whereby GPCM shall provide project management services for the construction and development of the Group's investment property located in Hong Kong for the period from 1 November 2011 until the date of settlement of the final account in respect of the project which was expected to be a date not later than the end of June 2018. The agreement (as supplemented) may be terminated by either party, subject to not less than two months, written notice.

On 29 December 2015, Smart Edge and GPCM entered into another project management agreement in respect of the appointment of GPCM to manage the office and restaurant renovation works in the said investment property of the Group for the period from 1 November 2015 until the date of settlement of the final account which was expected to be not later than the end of September 2017.

董事於競爭性業務的權益

於年內及截至本報告日期,就董事所深知, 高銀環球廣場有限公司(一間潘先生擁有控 股實益權益的相關公司)持有一幅位於香港 九龍灣總建築面積22,464平方米至37,440平 方米的用地,而該用地正被重新發展為非住 宅用途建築(除(其中包括)酒店、油站及院舍 外)。

除披露者外,董事及彼等各自之緊密聯繫人士概無被視為於直接或間接與本集團業務構成競爭或可能構成競爭之業務擁有上市規則第8.10(2)條項下的任何權益。

管理合約

(1) 根據賜譽有限公司(「賜譽」)(本公司擁有 60%權益之間接附屬公司)與銀物 (建築工程管理)有限公司(「高銀物業」) 高銀地產之間接全資附屬公司)所之 日期為二零一一年十一三零一日二年 管理協議(經日, 一年十一月一日起至該項目之零 及開發提供項目管理服類之零 及開發提供項目之 為本集團位於香港的投資,由 是一年十一月一日起至該項 。該協議(經補充)可由 法付日期(預計不遲於二等一款 時間, 所以上期間。該協議(經補充)可 一方終止,惟須作出至少兩個月之書 通知。

> 於二零一五年十二月二十九日,賜譽與 高銀物業就委任高銀物業管理本集團上 述投資物業之辦公室及餐廳裝修工程訂 立另一份項目管理協議,由二零一五年 十一月一日起至最後賬款結付日期(預 計不遲於二零一七年九月底)止期間。

MANAGEMENT CONTRACTS (Continued)

On 19 October 2017, Gold Topmont Limited ("Gold Topmont"), an indirect 60%-owned subsidiary of the Company, and Goldin Project Management Limited ("Goldin Project Management"), an indirect wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company, entered into a project management agreement (the "PM Agreement") in relation to the appointment of Goldin Project Management as project manager for Gold Topmont's property development located at Kowloon Inland Lot No.11257, Sheung Shing Street, Ho Man Tin, Hong Kong (the "Sheung Shing Street Project"). The term of the PM Agreement commenced from 1 October 2017 to the settlement date of the final account in respect of the Sheung Shing Street Project which was expected to be a date not later than the end of December 2021.

During the year, the fees of HK\$975,000 and HK\$6,618,000 were charged by GPCM and Goldin Project Management, respectively, under the project management agreements.

SPECIFIC PERFORMANCE OBLIGATIONS ON 控股股東之強制履約責任 CONTROLLING SHAREHOLDER

As at 30 June 2018, the Group has obtained banking facilities with certain banks with specific performance obligations on the controlling shareholder:

- (1) Gold Brilliant Investment Limited, an indirect 50.1%-owned subsidiary of the Company, entered into a term loan facility agreement of up to approximately HK\$3,146.2 million which requires Mr. Pan to remain the chairman of the Company and a Director throughout the term of the loan agreement.
- Gold Topmont entered into a four-year term loan facility agreement of up to HK\$7,191 million which requires Mr. Pan to retain his control over the Company and remains as Chairman of the Board and a Director throughout the term of the loan agreement.

MAJOR CUSTOMERS AND SUPPLIERS

For the year ended 30 June 2018, the aggregate amount of revenue attributable to the Group's five largest customers represented approximately 58% of the Group's revenue for the year. The aggregate amount of revenue for the year attributable to the Group's largest customer for the year was approximately 19%. Purchases from the Group's five largest suppliers accounted for approximately 67% of the Group's total purchases for the year and purchases from the largest supplier included therein amounted to approximately 37%.

To the best knowledge of the Directors, none of the Directors and their respective close associates or any Shareholder holding more than 5% of the total issued Shares of the Company, has any interest in any of these major customers and suppliers.

管理合約(續)

於二零一十年十月十九日,金鋑有限公 司(「金鋑」)(本公司擁有60%權益之間 接附屬公司)與高銀項目管理有限公司 (「高銀項目管理」)(本公司之間接全資附 屬公司)訂立一份項目管理協議(「該項 目管理協議」),內容有關委任高銀項目 管理為金鋑位於香港何文田常盛街九 龍內地段第11257號物業發展(「常盛街 項目」)之項目管理人。該項目管理協議 自二零一七年十月一日起有效至常盛街 項目之最後賬款結付日期(預計不遲於 二零二一年十二月底)。

於本年度,根據項目管理協議,高銀物業 及高銀項目管理已分別收取975,000港元及 6,618,000港元的費用。

於二零一八年六月三十日,本集團已從若干 銀行獲得銀行融資,附帶向控股股東實施之 強制履約責任:

- 高鉎投資有限公司(本公司擁有50.1%權 益之間接附屬公司)訂立一份定期貸款 融資協議,最高金額約為3,146,200,000 港元,當中要求潘先生於貸款協議期 間繼續擔任本公司主席及董事。
- 金鋑訂立一份四年期貸款融資協議, 最高金額為7,191,000,000港元,當中要 求潘先生於貸款協議期間繼續控制本 公司及繼續擔任董事會主席及董事。

主要客戶及供應商

截至二零一八年六月三十日止年度,本集團五 大客戶合計應佔本集團年內營業額之約58%。 於年內,本集團最大客戶佔年內本集團總營 業額約19%。來自本集團五大供應商之採購 額佔本集團年度採購總額約67%,其中包括 約佔37%的對最大供應商之採購額。

就董事所知,董事及彼等各自之緊密聯繫人 士或任何持有本公司已發行股份總數5%以上 之股東概無於任何該等主要客戶及供應商中 擁有任何權益。

CONNECTED TRANSACTIONS

(1) On 19 October 2017, Gold Topmont and Goldin Project Management entered into the PM Agreement whereby Gold Topmont has appointed Goldin Project Management to provide project management services for the Sheung Shing Street Project commencing from 1 October 2017 to the settlement date of the final account in respect of the Sheung Shing Street Project which was expected to be a date not later than the end of December 2021.

Pursuant to the PM Agreement, Gold Topmont shall pay Goldin Project Management a fee in the maximum amount of HK\$37.5 million in the following manner:

- a lump sum fee of HK\$18.75 million upon signing of the PM Agreement; and
- (ii) a monthly fee of HK\$367,648 capped to a total amount of HK\$18.75 million for the period from 1 October 2017 to the date of issuance of the Certificate of Compliance (which is expected to be a date not later than the end of December 2021).

Gold Topmont is wholly owned by Gold Favour Investments Limited ("Gold Favour"), a company beneficially held as to 60% by the Company and as to 40% by Mr. Pan respectively. Mr. Pan, being the Chairman of the Board, an executive Director and a controlling shareholder of the Company, is a connected person of the Company under the Listing Rules. Thus, each of Gold Favour and Gold Topmont is a connected subsidiary of the Company under Rule 14A.16(1) and hence a connected person of the Company under Rule 14A.07(5) of the Listing Rules respectively.

As all the applicable percentage ratios calculated in respect of the project management fee exceed 0.1% but are less than 5%, the transactions contemplated under the PM Agreement are subject to reporting and announcement requirements but are exempt from the independent shareholders' approval requirements pursuant to the Listing Rules.

While the Group has the necessary resources and capability in the provision of project management services, the PM Agreement would enhance the income stream of the Group and represent a good opportunity for the Group to utilize its expertise for the provision of project management services in the property market which is beneficial to the development of the Group.

Details of the PM Agreement are set out in the announcement of the Company dated 19 October 2017.

關連交易

(1) 於二零一七年十月十九日,金鋑及高銀項目管理訂立該項目管理協議,據此,金鋑委聘高銀項目管理為常盛街項目提供項目管理服務,由二零一七年十月一日起至常盛街項目之最後賬款結付日期(預計不遲於二零二一年十二月底)止期間。

根據該項目管理協議,金鋑須付予高銀項目管理一項最高值為37,500,000港元的費用,並須以以下形式結付:

- (i) 於簽署該項目管理協議時之一筆 過費用18,750,000港元;及
- (ii) 由二零一七年十月一日起至合約 完成證明書日期止期間(預計不 遲於二零二一年十二月底)之每月 費用367,648港元,總額上限為 18,750,000港元。

金鋑為金惠投資有限公司(「金惠」)(本公司及潘先生分別實益擁有60%及40%權益之公司)全資擁有。根據上市規則,潘先生(為董事會主席、本公司執行董事及控股股東)為本公司之一名關連人士。因此,根據上市規則第14A.16(1)條及14A.07(5)條規定,金惠及金鋑分別均為本公司之關聯附屬公司及關聯人士。

基於有關項目管理費用所計的全部百分 比比率均超過0.1%但不少於5%,根據 該項目管理協議項下擬進行的交易須 遵守申報及公告規定,但可豁免根據 上市規則的獨立股東批准規定。

本集團擁有提供項目管理服務的必要 資源及能力,該項目管理協議可加強本 集團的收入來源,並代表着本集團的 良好機遇,充分利用其於物業市場提 供項目管理服務的專業知識,有利本集 團的發展。

該項目管理協議之詳情載於本公司日期為二零一七年十月十九日之公告。

CONNECTED TRANSACTIONS (Continued)

- (2) (a) On 9 April 2018, the Company, as vendor, entered into the following agreements:
 - a conditional sale and purchase agreement (together with the supplemental agreement dated 23 April 2018, the "GF Disposal Agreement") with Sense Brilliant Limited ("GF Purchaser") and Mr. Pan, as purchaser and purchaser's quarantor respectively, whereby the Company conditionally agreed to sell and GF Purchaser conditionally agreed to purchase (i) the entire issued share capital of Gold Faith Global Limited ("GF Disposal Company"), a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company, and (ii) the shareholder's loan owing or payable to the Company by GF Disposal Company and its subsidiaries, being Gold Favour and Gold Topmont, as at completion of the GF Disposal Agreement at the consideration of approximately HK\$6,400 million (subject to potential adjustments): and
 - a conditional sale and purchase agreement (together (ii) with the supplemental agreement dated 23 April 2018, the "RR Disposal Agreement") with Glamorous Smart Limited ("RR Purchaser") and Mr. Pan, as purchaser and purchaser's guarantor respectively, whereby the Company conditionally agreed to sell and RR Purchaser conditionally agreed to purchase (i) the 60% equity interests in Rich Region Holdings Limited ("RR Disposal Company"), a 60%-owned subsidiary of the Company, and (ii) the shareholder's loan owing or payable to the Company by RR Disposal Company and its subsidiary as at completion of the RR Disposal Agreement at the consideration of approximately HK\$6,003 million (subject to potential adjustments).

The GF Disposal Agreement and the RR Disposal Agreement collectively refers to as the "Disposal Agreements".

關連交易(續)

- 2) (a) 於二零一八年四月九日,本公司 (作為賣方)訂立以下協議:
 - 與 Sense Brilliant Limited (GF買方)及潘先生(分別作 為買方及買方擔保人)訂立 有條件買賣協議(連同日期 為二零一八年四月二十三日 之補充協議,統稱「GF出售 協議1),據此,本公司有條 件同意出售而GF買方有條件 同意購買(i)本公司全資附屬 公司金信環球有限公司(「GF 出售公司」)之全部已發行股 本;及(ii)於完成GF出售協議 時,由GF出售公司及其附 屬公司(即金惠及金鋑)結欠 或應付本公司之股東貸款。 代價為約6.400.000.000港 元(視乎潛在調整);及
 - 與Glamorous Smart Limited (「RR買方」)及潘先生(分別 作為買方及買方擔保人)訂 立有條件買賣協議(連同日 期為二零一八年四月二十 三日之補充協議,統稱「RR 出售協議」),據此,本公司 有條件同意出售而RR買方 有條件同意購買(i)本公司 擁有附屬公司Rich Region Holdings Limited (「RR出售 公司」)60%之股權;及(ii)於 完成RR出售協議時,由RR 出售公司及其附屬公司結欠 或應付本公司之股東貸款。 代價為約6,003,000,000港 元(視乎潛在調整)。

GF出售協議及RR出售協議統稱為 「該等出售協議」。

CONNECTED TRANSACTIONS (Continued)

(2) (Continued)

(b) On 23 April 2018, the Company, as purchaser, entered into a conditional sale and purchase agreement (the "GE Acquisition Agreement") with Mr. Pan, as vendor, whereby the Company conditionally agreed to purchase and Mr. Pan conditionally agreed to sell (i) the entire issued share capital of Goal Eagle Limited ("GE Target Company"), a company wholly owned by Mr. Pan, and (ii) the shareholder's loan owing or payable to Mr. Pan by GE Target Company as at completion of the GE Acquisition Agreement at the consideration of approximately HK\$5,608 million (subject to potential adjustments).

Completion of the GE Acquisition Agreement is conditional upon completion of the Disposal Agreements.

Further details of the Disposal Agreements and the GE Acquisition Agreement are disclosed in the circular of the Company dated 25 June 2018.

As GF Purchaser and RR Purchaser are both ultimately beneficially and wholly owned by Mr. Pan, each of GF Purchaser and RR Purchaser is an associate of Mr. Pan and accordingly a connected person of the Company under the Listing Rules.

The Disposal Agreements were entered into by the Company with the same party or parties connected with one another within a 12-month period, the entering into of the GF Disposal Agreement and the RR Disposal Agreement should be aggregated as if they were one transaction pursuant to Rule 14A.81 of the Listing Rules. Given the highest applicable percentage ratio in respect of the Disposal Agreements, when considered on an aggregate basis, exceeds 25% but is below 75% and thus the Disposal Agreements constituted (i) a non-exempt connected transaction of the Company under Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules; and (ii) a major transaction of the Company under Chapter 14 of the Listing Rules, and is subject to the reporting, announcement and independent shareholders' approval requirements pursuant to the Listing Rules.

The highest applicable percentage ratio calculated in respect of the GE Acquisition Agreement exceeds 25 but is below 100%, the entering into of the GE Acquisition Agreement constituted (i) a major transaction of the Company under Chapter 14 of the Listing Rules; and (ii) a non-exempt connected transaction of the Company under Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules, and is subject to the reporting, announcement and independent shareholders' approval requirements in pursuance to the Listing Rules.

關連交易(續)

(2) (續)

(b) 於二零一八年四月二十三日,本公司(作為買方)與潘先生(作為賣方) 訂立有條件買賣協議(「GE收購協 議」),據此,本公司有條件同意 購買而潘先生有條件同意出售(i) 潘先生全資擁有公司Goal Eagle Limited(「GE目標公司」)之全部已 發行股本;及(ii)於完成GE收購協 議完成時,由GE目標公司結欠或 應付潘先生之股東貸款。代價為 約5,608,000,000港元(視乎潛在 調整)。

> GE收購協議須待完成該等出售協 議後,方告完成。

該等出售協議及GE收購協議的進一步 詳情載於本公司日期為二零一八年六月 二十五日之通函內。

由於GF買方及RR買方均由潘先生最終 實益及全資擁有,故GF買方及RR買方 各自為潘先生的聯繫人,因此根據上市 規則為本公司的關連人士。

計算有關GE收購協議的最高適用百分比率超過25%但低於100%,故訂立GE收購協議構成:(i)上市規則第14章項下本公司的主要交易;及(ii)上市規則第14A章項下本公司的非豁免關連交易,並須遵守上市規則項下有關申報、公告及獨立股東批准之規定。

CONNECTED TRANSACTIONS (Continued)

(2) (Continued)

The GF Disposal Company currently held the 60% interests indirectly in the Sheung Shing Street Project. The Company currently held the 60% equity interests in RR Disposal Company, which in turn held 83.5% interests in the property development project located at the Ho Man Tin Station known as the Ho Man Tin Package One Development Project. The GE Target Company currently held the 40% interests in Goldin Financial Global Centre, the investment property of the Group at Kowloon Bay, Hong Kong.

The disposals of the GF Disposal Company and the RR Disposal Company would allow the Group to realise some of its property investments in the recent heating-up property market in Hong Kong. The acquisition of the GE Target Company would allow the Group to increase its ownership to 100% of the investment property of the Group, and to consolidate the rental and property management revenues, represented all the segment revenue of the Group for the year ended 30 June 2017. Besides, the transactions contemplated under the Disposal Agreements and the GE Acquisition Agreement could all-to-all enable the Group to focus and re-allocate its resources to, among others, the development and/or expansion of its existing businesses, and for exploring new investment opportunities. The Group would also benefited from the increasing rental income from its investment property, and the improvement of its gearing and cash position.

The Disposal Agreements and the GE Acquisition Agreement together with the transactions contemplated thereunder were duly approved by the independent Shareholders at the special general meeting of the Company held on 12 July 2018.

On 9 April 2018, the Company, as vendor, entered into a conditional sale and purchase agreement (the "CM Disposal Agreement") with Eternal Polaris Limited ("CM Purchaser") and Mr. Pan, as purchaser and purchaser's guarantor respectively, whereby the Company conditionally agreed to sell and CM Purchaser conditionally agreed to purchase (i) the entire issued share capital of Cheng Mei Holdings Limited ("CM Company"), a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company, and (ii) the shareholder's loan owing or payable to the Company by CM Company and its subsidiary as at completion of the CM Disposal Agreement at the consideration of approximately HK\$8,513 million. On 23 April 2018, the parties to the CM Disposal Agreement entered into a termination agreement whereby they agreed to irrevocably and unconditionally terminate the CM Disposal Agreement with immediate effect without any liability or compensation.

Details of the CM Disposal Agreement are set out in the announcement of the Company dated 24 April 2018.

關連交易(續)

(2) (續)

GF出售公司現時間接持有常盛街項目60%權益。本公司現時持有RR出售公司60%股權,而後者持有位於何文田站的物業發展項目(何文田站第一期物業發展項目)83.5%權益。GE目標公司現時持有高銀金融國際中心(本集團位於香港九龍灣之投資物業)40%權益。

該等出售協議及GE收購協議,連同據 此擬進行之交易於二零一八年七月十二 日舉行之本公司股東特別大會上獲獨立 股東通過。

CM出售議之詳情載於本公司日期為二零一八年四月二十四日之公告內。

CONTINUING CONNECTED TRANSACTIONS 持續關連交易

- (1) On 27 February 2017, Smart Edge as landlord and Goldin Real Estate Financial Group (Hong Kong) Limited ("Goldin Real Estate Financial") as tenant entered into a lease whereby Smart Edge agreed to let and Goldin Real Estate Financial agreed to take the portions of the 25th, 26th and 27th floors of Goldin Financial Global Centre for office purpose for a term of three years commencing from 31 October 2016 at a monthly rental of approximately HK\$4.1 million (exclusive of management fee and rates), and together with two options to renew for a further term of three years each (the "Office Premises Lease").
- (2) On 27 February 2017, Smart Edge as landlord and Goldin Dining Group Limited ("Goldin Dining"), an indirect wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company, as tenant entered into a lease whereby Smart Edge agreed to let and Goldin Dining agreed to take the portions of the basement 1, ground, the 1st and 2nd floors of Goldin Financial Global Centre for the operation of restaurants for a term of three years commencing from 1 December 2016 at a monthly rental of approximately HK\$2.4 million plus turnover rent of 5% of the monthly revenue from the business operated by Goldin Dining on the leased premises (exclusive of management fee and rates), and together with two options to renew for a further term of three years each (the "Goldin Dining Lease").

Smart Edge, being the landlord under the Office Premises Lease and the Goldin Dining Lease (together, the "Leases"), is indirectly owned as to 60% by the Company and as to 40% by Mr. Pan respectively. Thus, Smart Edge is a connected person of the Company under the Listing Rules.

Goldin Real Estate Financial is beneficially owned by Mr. Pan and therefore is an associate of a connected person of the Company pursuant to the Listing Rules. Accordingly, the entering into of each of the Office Premises Lease and the Goldin Dining Lease constituted continuing connected transactions of the Company under Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules.

Goldin Financial Global Centre is held by the Group as investment for rental purpose. The Leases will enable the Group to utilize its property efficiently by maintaining a stable occupancy rate and securing long-term tenants.

- (1) 於二零一七年二月二十七日,賜譽(作為業主)與高銀金融地產集團(香港)有限公司(「高銀金融地產」)(作為租戶)訂立租約,據此,賜譽同意出租,及高。金融地產同意租用高銀金融國際中立25、26及27樓之部分地方作辦公室用途,自二零一六年十月三十一日起為明三年,月租金約為4,100,000港元(不包括管理費及差餉),並具有兩次續期三滿後每次續期三年(「辦公室物業租約」)。
- (2) 於二零一七年二月二十七日,賜譽(作為業主)與本公司之間接全資附屬公園 Goldin Dining Group Limited (「高銀譽 飲」)(作為租戶)訂立租約,據此,高 思國際中心地庫1樓、地下、自二零一次 樓之部分地方作餐館用途,自二零約 整之3,400,000港元,另加相等於高銀餐 於租賃物業所經營業務之每月營額,於租賃物業所經營業務之每月營額,並具有兩次續租權可於租期屆滿後每次續期三年(「高銀餐飲租約」)。

賜譽(作為辦公室物業租約及高銀餐飲租約 (統稱「該等租約」)的業主)為由本公司及潘先 生分別間接擁有60%及40%權益,故根據上 市規則,賜譽為本公司之關連人士。

高銀金融地產為由潘先生實益擁有之公司,故根據上市規則,為本公司關連人士之聯繫人。因此,根據上市規則第14A章,訂立辦公室物業租約及高銀餐飲租約各自構成本公司之持續關連交易。

高銀金融國際中心由本集團持作投資用途並 收取租金。該等租約將讓本集團能夠有效地 運用其物業,維持穩定佔用率及確保長期租 戶。

CONTINUING CONNECTED TRANSACTIONS 持續關連交易(續)

(Continued)

The annual caps in respect of the transactions contemplated under the Leases are set out as below:

該等租約項下擬進行之交易之年度上限載列 如下:

	For the eight months ended 30 June 2017 於截至二零一七年六月三十日 止八個月	For the year ended 30 June 2018 於截至二零一八年 八年 上年度	2019 於截至 二零一九年 六月三十日 止年度 (HK\$'000)	For the five months ending 30 November 2019 於截至二零一九年十一月三十日止五個月(HK\$*1000)
Annual caps under: 以下項目項下之年度上限: - Office Premises Lease — 辦公室物業租約 - Goldin Dining Lease — 高銀餐飲租約 TOTAL 總計	(千港元) 34,964 22,905 57,869	(千港元) 52,238 47,968 100,206	52,238 48,374 100,612	17,413 20,156 37,569

During the year ended 30 June 2018, the rent, rates, property management fee and air-conditioning charge received/receivable under the Office Premises Lease amounted to approximately HK\$51,461,000. The rent, rate, property management fee and air-conditioning charge paid/payable under the Goldin Dining Lease for the year amounted to approximately HK\$35,836,000.

The continuing connected transactions of the Group mentioned above have been reviewed by the INEDs who have confirmed that the transactions were entered into:

- (a) in the ordinary and usual course of business of the Group;
- (b) on normal commercial terms; and
- (c) in accordance with the relevant agreements governing the transactions on terms that are fair and reasonable and in the interests of the Shareholders as a whole.

Messrs. Ernst & Young, the Company's auditor, was engaged to report on the above continuing connected transactions in accordance with the Hong Kong Standard on Assurance Engagements 3000 (Revised) Assurance Engagements Other Than Audits or Reviews of Historical Financial Information and with reference to Practice Note 740 Auditor's Letter on Continuing Connected Transactions under the Hong Kong Listing Rules issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants. In accordance with Rule 14A.56 of the Listing Rules, Ernst & Young have issued their unqualified letter containing their findings and conclusions in respect of the continuing connected transactions disclosed above by the Group and a copy of the auditor's letter has been provided by the Company to the Hong Kong Stock Exchange.

於截至二零一八年六月三十日止年度,辦公室物業租約的已收/應收租金、差餉、物業管理費用及冷氣費用約為51,461,000港元。高銀餐飲租約的已付/應付年內租金、差餉、物業管理費用及冷氣費用約為35,836,000港元。

獨立非執行董事已審閱上述的本集團持續關連交易,並確認該等交易均:

- (a) 於本集團日常及一般業務過程;
- (b) 按一般商業條款;及
- (c) 根據規管交易之相關協議及按公平合理且符合股東整體利益之條款訂立。

RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Details of the related party transactions undertaken by the Group in the normal course of business are set out in note 40 to the financial statements. Those related party transactions which constituted connected transactions or continuing connected transactions under the Listing Rules have complied with Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules.

DIRECTORS' INTERESTS IN TRANSACTIONS, ARRANGEMENTS OR CONTRACTS

During the year, the Group had transactions with related companies in which the Directors have beneficial interests, details of which are set out in note 40 to the financial statements.

Save as disclosed above and in the sections headed "Connected Transactions" and "Continuing Connected Transactions" in this report, no transactions, arrangements or contracts of significance in which the Company or its subsidiaries was a party and in which a Director had a material interest, whether directly or indirectly, subsisted at the end of the year or at any time during the year.

DIRECTORS AND OFFICERS LIABILITY INSURANCE

The Company has arranged for appropriate Directors and Officers Liability Insurance coverage on Directors' and officers' liabilities in respect of legal actions against the Directors and senior management of the Company arising from corporate activities.

CHANGE IN INFORMATION OF THE DIRECTORS

Pursuant to Rule 13.51(B)(1) of the Listing Rules, the change in information required to be disclosed by the Directors are as below:

- (a) Mr. Tang Yiu Wing resigned as an independent non-executive director of KSL Holdings Limited, a company listed on the GEM Board of the Hong Kong Stock Exchange, on 21 May 2018.
- (b) Hon. Shek Lai Him Abraham was appointed an independent non-executive director of CSI Properties Limited, a company listed on the Main Board of the Hong Kong Stock Exchange, on 20 July 2018.

關連人士交易

本集團於日常業務過程中進行的關連人士交易詳情載於財務報表附註40。根據上市規則構成關連交易或持續關連交易的各項關連人士交易已遵守上市規則第14A章。

董事於交易、協議或合約之權 益

於本年度內,本集團曾與董事擁有實益權益 的關連公司進行交易,詳情載於財務報表附 註40。

除上文及本報告「關連交易」及「持續關連交易」兩節所披露者外,本公司或其附屬公司或董事概無於年終或年內任何時間仍然存續之重要交易、協議或合約直接或間接擁有重大權益。

董事與高級管理人員責任保險

本公司已安排適當的董事與高級管理人員保險,涵蓋董事及本公司高級管理層就參加企業活動而產生的法律訴訟責任。

董事資料變動

根據上市規則第13.51(B)(1)條,董事須予披露 之資料變動如下:

- (a) 鄧耀榮先生於二零一八年五月二十一日 辭任KSL Holdings Limited (為於香港聯 交所GEM上市之公司)之獨立非執行董 事。
- (b) 石禮謙議員於二零一八年七月二十日獲 資本策略地產有限公司(為於香港聯交 所主板上市之公司)委任為獨立非執行 董事。

PURCHASE, SALE OR REDEMPTION OF THE 購入、出售或贖回本公司上市證 **COMPANY'S LISTED SECURITIES**

During the year, neither the Company nor any of its subsidiaries has purchased, sold or redeemed any of the Company's listed securities.

PRE-EMPTIVE RIGHTS

There are no provisions for pre-emptive rights under the Bye-laws or the laws of Bermuda which would oblige the Company to offer new Shares on a pro rata basis to existing Shareholders.

HUMAN RESOURCES

As at 30 June 2018, the Group employed a total of 323 employees (as at 30 June 2017: 325). Total staff costs were approximately HK\$141.6 million (2017: approximately HK\$120.1 million). The remuneration policy and package of the Group's employees are structured in accordance to market terms and statutory requirements where appropriate. In addition, the Group also provides other staff benefits such as medical insurance, mandatory provident fund and share options to motivate and reward employees at all levels in order to achieve the Group's business performance targets.

SUFFICIENCY OF PUBLIC FLOAT

Based on information that is publicly available to the Company and within the knowledge of the Directors, the Company has maintained a sufficient public float under the Listing Rules throughout the year ended 30 June 2018 and up to the date of this report.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

Throughout the year ended 30 June 2018, the Company has complied with the code provisions of the Corporate Governance Code, except for certain deviations specified with considered reason. Please refer to the Corporate Governance Report of this annual report for details.

AUDIT COMMITTEE

The audit committee of the Company currently comprises Messrs. Hui Wai Man, Shirley, Tang Yiu Wing and Gao Min who are independent non-executive Directors and their principal duties include the review and supervision of the Company's financial reporting process and relationship with the Company's external independent auditors, and review of the risk management and internal control procedures of the Group.

The audited financial statements for the year ended 30 June 2018 have been reviewed by the audit committee.

於年內,本公司或其任何附屬公司概無購入、 出售或贖回仟何本公司上市證券。

優先購股權

公司細則或百慕達法例概無訂定使本公司必 須按比例向現有股東發售新股份之優先購買 權之條文。

人力資源

於二零一八年六月三十日,本集團合共僱有 323名僱員(於二零一七年六月三十日:325 名)。總員工成本約為141.600,000港元(二零 一七年:約120,100,000港元)。本集團之僱員 薪酬政策及組合乃根據市況及適用之法定規 則制訂。此外,本集團亦為其僱員提供其他 員工福利,例如醫療保險、強制性公積金及 購股權等,以激勵及獎勵全體僱員達致本集 團之業務表現指標。

足夠公眾持股量

根據本公司所得之公開資料及據董事所知, 於截至二零一八年六月三十日止年度整年及 截至本報告日期,本公司一直維持上市規則 內訂明之公眾持股量。

企業管治

於截至二零一八年六月三十日止年度整年,本 公司已遵守企業管治守則之守則條文,惟許 明考慮理由之若干偏離者除外。有關詳情, 請參閱本年報企業管治報告。

審核委員會

本公司審核委員會目前由獨立非執行董事許 惠敏女士、鄧耀榮先生及高敏女士組成。 彼等之主要職責包括檢討及監督本公司之財 務報告流程、與本公司外聘獨立核數師之關 係,以及檢討本集團的風險管理及內部控制 程序。

審核委員會已審閱截至二零一八年六月三十 日止年度之經審計財務報表。

REPORT OF DIRECTORS

董事會報告

AUDITOR

Messrs. Ernst & Young will retire as auditor of the Company and, being eligible, will offer themselves for re-appointment at the forthcoming annual general meeting of the Company.

On behalf of the Board

核數師

安永會計師事務所將退任本公司核數師,惟 符合資格並願意於本公司應屆股東週年大會 上重選連任。

代表董事會

Pan Sutong Chairman

Hong Kong, 18 September 2018

主席 潘蘇通

香港,二零一八年九月十八日

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

獨立核數師報告



To the shareholders of Goldin Financial Holdings Limited (Incorporated in Bermuda with limited liability)

OPINION

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of Goldin Financial Holdings Limited (the "Company") and its subsidiaries (the "Group") set out on pages 75 to 176, which comprise the consolidated statement of financial position as at 30 June 2018, and the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, the consolidated statement of changes in equity and the consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements give a true and fair view of the consolidated financial position of the Group as at 30 June 2018, and of its consolidated financial performance and its consolidated cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards ("HKFRSs") issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants ("HKICPA") and have been properly prepared in compliance with the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

BASIS FOR OPINION

We conducted our audit in accordance with Hong Kong Standards on Auditing ("HKSAs") issued by the HKICPA. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's responsibilities* for the audit of the consolidated financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with the HKICPA's Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (the "Code"), and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

KEY AUDIT MATTERS

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgement, were of most significance in our audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the consolidated financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters. For each matter below, our description of how our audit addressed the matter is provided in that context.

致高銀金融(集團)有限公司股東(於百慕達註冊成立之有限公司)

意見

我們已審計列載於第75至176頁的高銀金融(集團)有限公司(以下簡稱「貴公司」)及其附屬公司(以下統稱「貴集團」)的綜合財務報表,此綜合財務報表包括於二零一八年六月三十日的綜合財務狀況報表與截至該日止年度之綜合損益及其他全面收入報表、綜合權益變動表和綜合現金流量表,以及綜合財務報表附註,包括主要會計政策概要。

我們認為,該等綜合財務報表已根據香港會計師公會(以下簡稱「香港會計師公會」)頒佈的《香港財務報告準則》(以下簡稱「香港財務報告準則」)真實而公允地反映了 貴集團於二零一八年六月三十日的綜合財務狀況及截至該日止年度的綜合財務表現及綜合現金流量,並已遵照香港《公司條例》的披露規定妥為擬備。

意見的基礎

我們已根據香港會計師公會頒佈的《香港審計準則》(以下簡稱「香港審計準則」)進行審計。我們在該等準則下承擔的責任已在本報告「核數師就審計綜合財務報表須承擔計師任」部分中作進一步闡述。根據香港會計師道德守則》(以下簡稱「守則」),我們獨立於 貴集團,並已履行明則中的其他專業道德責任。我們相信,我們的獲得的審計憑證能充足及適當地為我們的審計意見提供基礎。

關鍵審計事項

關鍵審計事項是根據我們的專業判斷,認為對本期綜合財務報表的審計最為重要的事項。這些事項是在對綜合財務報表整體進行審計並形成意見的背景下進行處理的,我們不對這些事項提供單獨的意見。我們對下述每一事項在審計中是如何應對的描述也以此為背景。

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

獨立核數師報告

We have fulfilled the responsibilities described in the Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the consolidated financial statements section of our report, including in relation to these matters. Accordingly, our audit included the performance of procedures designed to respond to our assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements. The results of 我們執行審計程序的結果,包括應對下述關 our audit procedures, including the procedures performed to address the matters below, provide the basis for our audit opinion on the accompanying consolidated financial statements.

我們已履行了本報告「核數師就審計綜合財務 報表須承擔的責任/部分闡述的責任,包括與 這些關鍵審計事項相關的責任。相應地,我 們的審計工作包括執行為應對評估的綜合財 務報表的重大錯報風險而設計的審計程序。 鍵審計事項所執行的程序,為綜合財務報表 發表審計意見提供了基礎。

Key audit matters 關鍵審計事項

Valuation of an investment property 投資物業估值

How our audit addressed the key audit matters 我們進行審計時如何處理關鍵審計事項

Kong for rental earning purpose. Such investment property investment property included the following: is measured at fair value at the end of each reporting period 我們評估投資物業估值的審計程序包括下列各項: and the carrying amount of the investment property as at 30 June 2018 amounted to HK\$17,200 million.

貴集團持有位於香港的投資物業以賺取租金。該投資物 業以各報告期間末的公平值計量,而投資物業於二零一八 年六月三十日的公平值為17,200,000,000港元。

Significant estimation is required to determine the fair value of the investment property, which reflects market conditions • at the end of the reporting period. The Group engaged an external valuer to perform the valuation of the investment property as at 30 June 2018 and in the absence of current prices in an active market for similar properties, the external valuer considered information from a variety of sources such as estimated rental value of the property and made • assumptions about reversionary yield.

釐定投資物業之公平值時需要作出重大估計,其反映報告 期末的市況。 貴集團於二零一八年六月三十日聘請外聘 估值師對投資物業進行估值,倘類似物業並無活躍市場 之現行價格,則外聘估值師會考慮從多個途徑蒐集資料, 例如估計物業租賃價值及就復歸收益率作出假設。

The accounting policies and disclosures in relation to the valuation of the investment property are included in notes 3. 4 and 14 to the consolidated financial statements. 有關投資物業估值之會計政策及披露資料載於綜合財務 報表附註3、4及14。

The Group holds an investment property situated in Hong Our audit procedures to assess the valuation of the

- obtained and reviewed the valuation report prepared by the external valuer engaged by the Group:
 - 取得並覆核由 貴集團委聘的外聘估值師所編製 的估值報告;
- assessed the external valuer's qualifications, experience and expertise and considered its objectivity and independence;
 - 評估外聘估值師的資歷、經驗及專業知識,並考 慮他們的客觀性及獨立性;
- involved our internal valuation specialists to assist us to assess the valuation methodology applied and the key estimates and assumptions adopted in the valuation:
 - 要求內部估值專家協助我們評估所用估值方法以 及估值中所採納的關鍵估計及假設;
- compared property-related data used as inputs for the valuation with underlying documentation, such as lease agreements; and
 - 將用作估值輸入數據之相關物業數據與相關文件 (如租賃協議)進行比較;及
- assessed the adequacy of the disclosures of the valuation of the investment property in the consolidated financial statements.
 - 評估於綜合財務報表投資物業之估值披露是否充 足。

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Key audit matters (Continued)

關鍵審計事項(續)

Recoverability of trade receivables 應收貿易賬款的可收回性

How our audit addressed the key audit matters (Continued)

我們谁行審計時如何處理關鍵審計事項(續)

As at 30 June 2018, the Group had trade receivables. Our audit procedures in relation to the recoverability of of approximately HK\$3,990 million, which represented approximately 21% of the Group's net assets.

於二零一八年六月三十日, 貴集團的應收貿易賬款為約項: 3,990,000,000港元,佔 貴集團資產淨值約21%。

Significant management judgement is required to assess the recoverability of trade receivables. Management assessed the recoverability of trade receivables by reviewing customers' aging profile, credit history and status of subsequent settlement, and determine whether an impairment provision is required.

在評估應收貿易賬款的可收回性時需要由管理層作出重大 判斷。管理層透過審查客戶的賬齡、信用記錄及後續付款 情況評估應收貿易賬款的可收回性,並決定是否需要作出 減值撥備。

Disclosures in relation to the trade receivables are included in notes 3, 4 and 21 to the consolidated financial statements.

有關應收貿易賬款的披露資料載於綜合財務報表附許3、 4及21。

trade receivables included the following:

我們有關應收貿易賬款可收回性的審計程序包括下列各

- verified the balances of trade receivables by requesting and receiving confirmations from the Group's customers on a sampling basis; 通過向 貴集團客戶抽樣索取和取得確認函,核 實應收貿易賬款的結餘;
- tested the aging of trade receivable balances at year end on a sampling basis; and 抽樣測試年結應收貿易賬款的賬齡;及
- assessed the recoverability of material or aged trade receivables through our discussion with management, review of payment history, and comparing the outstanding amounts as at year end against subsequent settlements.

通過與管理層討論、審閱付款記錄及將年末未收 回款項與年末日後付款情況進行對比,評估重大 或長賬齡應收貿易賬款的可收回性。

OTHER INFORMATION INCLUDED IN THE ANNUAL REPORT

The directors of the Company are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Annual Report, other than the consolidated financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the consolidated financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the consolidated financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the consolidated financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

刊載於年度報告內其他信息

董事須對其他信息負責。其他信息包括刊載 於年度報告內的信息,但不包括綜合財務報 表及我們的核數師報告。

我們對綜合財務報表的意見並不涵蓋其他信 息,我們亦不對該等其他信息發表任何形式 的鑒證結論。

結合我們對綜合財務報表的審計,我們的責 任是閱覽其他信息,在此過程中,考慮其他 信息是否與綜合財務報表或我們在審計過程 中所瞭解的情況存在重大抵觸或者似乎存在 重大錯報的情況。基於我們已執行的工作, 如果我們認為其他信息存在重大錯報,我們 需要報告該事實。在這方面,我們沒有任何 報告。

RESPONSIBILITIES OF THE DIRECTORS FOR THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation of the consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with HKFRSs issued by the HKICPA and the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, the directors of the Company are responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors of the Company either intend to liquidate the Group or to cease operations or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

The directors of the Company are assisted by the Audit Committee in discharging their responsibilities for overseeing the Group's financial reporting process.

AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE AUDIT OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Our report is made solely to you, as a body, in accordance with section 90 of the Bermuda Companies Act 1981, and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility towards or accept liability to any other person for the contents of this report.

Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with HKSAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

董事就綜合財務報表須承擔之 責任

董事須負責根據香港會計師公會頒佈的香港財務報告準則及香港公司條例的披露規定擬備真實而公允的綜合財務報表,並對其認為為使綜合財務報表的擬備不存在由於欺詐或錯誤而導致的重大錯報所需的內部控制負責。

在擬備綜合財務報表時,董事負責評估 貴 集團持續經營之能力,並在適用情況下披露 與持續經營有關的事項,以及使用持續經營 為會計基礎,除非董事有意將 貴集團清盤 或停止經營,或別無其他實際替代方案。

審核委員會協助董事履行監督 貴集團財務 報告過程。

核數師就審計綜合財務報表須 承擔的責任

我們的目標,是對綜合財務報表整體是否不存在由於欺詐或錯誤而導致的重大錯報取得合理保證,並出具包括我們意見的核數師報告。我們的報告依據百慕達《公司法1981》第90條僅對全體股東編製,除此之外,本報告並無其他用途。我們不會就核數師報告的內容向任何其他人士負上或承擔任何責任。

合理保證是高水平的保證,但不能保證按照 香港審計準則進行的審計,在某一重大錯報 存在時總能發現。錯誤可以由欺詐或錯誤引 起,如果合理預期它們單獨或匯總起來可能 影響綜合財務報表使用者依賴綜合財務報表 所作出的經濟決定,則有關的錯報可被視作 重大。

AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE AUDIT OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

As part of an audit in accordance with HKSAs, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the directors.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Group to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

核數師就審計綜合財務報表須 承擔的責任(續)

在根據香港審計準則進行審計之過程中,我 們運用專業判斷,保持專業懷疑態度。我們 亦:

- 識別和評估由於欺詐或錯誤而導致綜 合財務報表存在重大錯報的風風險、險 計及執行審計程序以應對這一 以及獲取充足和適當之審對計憑可 為我們意見的基礎。由於欺詐可能 及串謀、偽造、蓄意遺漏、虚假陳述, 或凌駕於內部控制之上,母此人 現因欺詐而導致的重大錯 的風險。
- 瞭解與審計相關之內部控制,以及設計適當之審計程序,但目的並非對 貴集團內部控制的有效性發表意見。
- 評價董事所採用會計政策的恰當性及 作出會計估計和相關披露的合理性。
- 評估綜合財務報表的整體列報方式、 結構和內容,包括披露,以及綜合財 務報表是否公平地反映交易和事項。
- 就 貴集團內實體或業務活動的財務 信息獲取充足、適當之審計憑證,以便 對綜合財務報表發表意見。我們負責 貴集團審計的方向、監督和執行。我 們為審計意見承擔全部責任。

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

獨立核數師報告

AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE AUDIT OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

We communicate with the Audit Committee regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide the Audit Committee with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with the Audit Committee, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

The engagement partner on the audit resulting in this independent auditor's report is Mr. WONG Cheuk Keung.

核數師就審計綜合財務報表須 承擔的責任(續)

除了其他事項外,我們與審核委員會溝通了 計劃的審計範圍、時間安排,重大審計發現 等,包括我們在審計中識別出內部控制的任 何重大缺陷。

我們還向審核委員會提交聲明,說明我們已 符合有關獨立性的相關專業道德要求,並與 他們溝通有可能合理地被認為會影響我們獨 立性的所有關係及其他事宜,以及在適用的 情況下,相關的防範措施。

從與審核委員會溝通的事項中,我們確定哪 些事項對本期綜合財務報表的審計為重要 因而構成關鍵審計事項。我們在核數師報 中描述這些事項,除非法律法規不允許公開 披露這些事項,或在極端罕見的情況下, 提合理預期在我們報告中溝通某事項造成 負面後果超過產生的公眾利益,我們決定不 應在報告中溝通該事項。

出具本獨立核數師報告的審計項目合夥人為 黃卓强先生。

Ernst & Young
Certified Public Accountants

22/F CITIC Tower 1 Tim Mei Avenue Central, Hong Kong

18 September 2018

安永會計師事務所 執業會計師

香港中環 添美道1號 中信大廈22樓

二零一八年九月十八日

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME 綜合損益及其他全面收入報表

Year ended 30 June 2018 截至二零一八年六月三十日止年度

			2018 二零一八年	2017 二零一七年
		Notes	— ▼ 八十 HK\$'000	— ₹ L + HK\$'000
		附註	千港元	千港元
D	火火 光长 宁王	0	700.040	700 007
Revenue	營業額	6	793,342	760,087
Cost of sales	銷售成本		(264,688)	(231,119)
Gross profit	毛利		528,654	528,968
·			ŕ	·
Other income and gains Change in fair value of an investment	其他收入及收益 投資物業之公平值變動	6	79,887	8,292
property		14	1,864,470	2,321,708
Selling and distribution expenses	銷售及分銷開支		(7,454)	(17,485)
Administrative expenses Finance costs	行政開支 財務費用	8	(300,504) (335,484)	(418,592) (71,724)
	71 37 5 2 7 3		(000,101)	(, ,,, = ,)
PROFIT BEFORE TAX	除税前溢利	7	1,829,569	2,351,167
Income tax expense	所得税開支	11	(58,010)	(32,794)
PROFIT FOR THE YEAR	年內溢利		1,771,559	2,318,373
	1 1 3 / 2002 3		.,,	
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME/ (LOSS)	其他全面收入/(虧損)			
Other comprehensive income/(loss) to be reclassified to profit or loss in subsequent periods:	其後期間可能重新分類至 損益賬之其他全面 收入/(虧損):			
Exchange differences: Exchange differences on translation of foreign operations Reclassification adjustments for a foreign operation disposed of during	匯 兑差額: 換算海外業務所產生之 匯 兑差額 年內已出售海外業務之 重新分類調整		97,771	(66,408)
the year	里利刀規削筐	35	_	36,159
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME/ (LOSS) FOR THE YEAR	年內其他全面 收入/(虧損)		97,771	(30,249)
				, ,
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR	年內全面收入總額		1,869,330	2,288,124
TON THE TEAN			1,009,000	2,200,124

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CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME 綜合損益及其他全面收入報表

Year ended 30 June 2018 截至二零一八年六月三十日止年度

	Note 附註	2018 二零一八年 HK\$'000 千港元	2017 二零一七年 HK\$'000 千港元
Profit for the year attributable to: Owners of the Company Non-controlling interests	以下人士應佔年內溢利: 本公司擁有人 非控股權益	1,202,264 569,295	1,419,573 898,800
		1,771,559	2,318,373
Total comprehensive income attributable to: Owners of the Company Non-controlling interests	以下人士應佔全面收入 總額: 本公司擁有人 非控股權益	1,300,035 569,295	1,389,324 898,800
		1,869,330	2,288,124
EARNINGS PER SHARE ATTRIBUTABLE TO OWNERS OF THE COMPANY	本公司擁有人應佔每股 溢利 12		
Basic	基本	HK17.20 cents 17.20港仙	HK20.31 cents 20.31港仙
Diluted	攤薄	HK17.09 cents 17.09港仙	HK20.19 cents 20.19港仙

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

綜合財務狀況報表

30 June 2018 二零一八年六月三十日

		Notes 附註	2018 二零一八年 HK\$'000 千港元	2017 二零一七年 HK\$'000 千港元
NON-CURRENT ASSETS Property, plant and equipment Investment property Prepaid land lease payments Deferred tax assets Intangible assets Vines Deposits	非流動資產 物業、機器及設備 投資物業 預付土地租賃款項 遞延税項資產 無形資產 葡萄樹 按金	13 14 15 30 16 17 20	2,015,681 17,200,000 47,171 — 113,416 13,671 1,098	2,018,419 15,300,000 47,127 15,155 96,279 13,535 5,414
Total non-current assets	非流動資產總值		19,391,037	17,495,929
CURRENT ASSETS Inventories Properties under development Prepayments, deposits and other receivables Trade receivables Due from a related company Cash and bank balances	流動資產 存貨 發展中物業 預付款項、按金及其他應 收賬款 應收貿易賬款 應收一間關連公司款項 現金及銀行結餘	18 19 20 21 22 23	189,488 13,876,461 46,354 3,989,967 753 277,529	339,545 13,138,517 23,901 4,386,039 1,910 488,689
Total current assets	流動資產總值		18,380,552	18,378,601
CURRENT LIABILITIES Trade payables Accruals, other payables and receipts in advance Due to related companies Due to non-controlling shareholders Due to the immediate holding company Tax payable Interest-bearing bank and other borrowings Loan from a non-controlling shareholder	流動負債 應付貿易賬款 應計負債、其他應付款及 預收款項 應付關連公司款項 應付非控股公 應付直接控股公 應付稅項 計息銀行及其他借貸 由一名非控股股 由世提供之貸款	24 25 26 26 26 27 27	416,149 651,504 25,717 95,648 45,324 99,616 13,353,149 518,296	589,286 679,499 1,192,857 121,796 570,435 82,306 3,144,118
Total current liabilities	流動負債總額		15,205,403	6,380,297
NET CURRENT ASSETS	流動資產淨值		3,175,149	11,998,304
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES	資產總值減流動負債		22,566,186	29,494,233

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

綜合財務狀況報表

30 June 2018 二零一八年六月三十日

		Notes 附註	2018 二零一八年 HK\$'000 千港元	2017 二零一七年 HK\$'000 千港元
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES	非流動負債			
Rental deposits	租金按金	25	38,178	_
Interest-bearing bank and	計息銀行及其他借貸			
other borrowings	由一間關連公司提供之	27	3,546,413	11,194,595
Loan from a related company	田一 间 關 建 公 可 捉 供 之 貸款	29	37,877	517,605
Loan from a non-controlling shareholder	由一名非控股股東提供之	20	01,011	017,000
9	貸款	28	_	518,296
Deferred tax liabilities	遞延税項負債	30	21,228	20,656
Total non-current liabilities	非流動負債總額		3,643,696	12,251,152
Net assets	資產淨值		18,922,490	17,243,081
FOURTY	네 가			
EQUITY Equity attributable to owners of the	權益 本公司擁有人應佔權益			
Company	个 厶 印 雅 行 八 芯 口 惟 皿			
Share capital	股本	31	699,065	699,065
Reserves	儲備	33	12,606,588	11,305,216
NI III III I	1F +th 00 +th >4	0.4	13,305,653	12,004,281
Non-controlling interests	非控股權益	34	5,616,837	5,238,800
Total equity	總權益		18,922,490	17,243,081

Pan Sutong 潘蘇通 Director 董事 Zhou Xiaojun 周曉軍 Director 董事

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

綜合權益變動表

Year ended 30 June 2018 截至二零一八年六月三十日止年度

		·	Share	Share	Statutory							
			capital 股本	premium account 股份 溢價賬	surplus reserve 法定 盈餘儲備	Other reserve 其他儲備	Exchange translation reserve 外匯換算 儲備	Share option reserve 購股權 儲備	Retained profits 保留溢利	Total 總計	Non- controlling interests 非控股權益	Total equity 總權益
		Notes 附註	HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元 (note 33(a)) (附註33(a))	HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元
At 1 July 2016 游	於二零一六年七月一日		698,965	6,361,692	-	(33,461)	(300,473)	167,735	3,592,370	10,486,828	3,957,810	14,444,638
Other comprehensive income/(loss) 年 for the year:	年內溢利 年內其他全面 收入/(虧損):		-	-	-	-	-	-	1,419,573	1,419,573	898,800	2,318,373
Exchange differences related to foreign operations Release upon disposal	換算海外業務所產生 之匯兑差額 出售附屬公司時轉撥		-	-	-	-	(66,408)	-	-	(66,408)	-	(66,408
of subsidiaries		35	_	_			36,159	_	_	36,159		36,159
for the year	年內全面收入/(虧損) 總額 現作部分出售附屬公司 而未失去控制權		-	-	-	-	(30,249)	-	1,419,573	1,389,324	898,800	2,288,124
in control			-	-	-	3,157	-	-	-	3,157	(3,157)	-
controlling shareholder	空股股東的視作出資一名非控股股東的出資	36(a)(iii)	-	-	-	-	-	-	95,661	95,661	-	95,661
non-controlling shareholder Issue of shares upon exercise	行使購股權時發行股份		-	-	-	_	-	-	-	-	385,347	385,347
of share options, net of expenses Equity-settled share option 權	(扣除開支) 灌益支付購股權安排	31	100	843	-	-	-	(293)	-	650	-	650
arrangements Transfer of share option reserve upon in lapse of share options	於購股權失效後轉移 購股權儲備	32	_	-	-	_	_	28,661 (2,026)	2,026	28,661	_	28,661
At 30 June 2017	於二零一七年 二十二十二		000 005	0.000.505*		(00.004)*	(000 700)*	104.077*	E 400 000*	10.004.004	F 000 000	17.040.004
	六月三十日		699,065		_*	(30,304)*	(330,722)*			12,004,281	5,238,800	17,243,081
At 1 July 2017 京	於二零一七年七月一日		699,065	6,362,535*	_*	(30,304)*	(330,722)*	194,077*	5,109,630*	12,004,281	5,238,800	17,243,081
	年內溢利 年內其他全面收入:		-	-	-	-	-	-	1,202,264	1,202,264	569,295	1,771,559
Exchange differences related to foreign operations	換算海外業務所產生 之匯兑差額		-	_		_	97,771	-	-	97,771	_	97,771
Total comprehensive income 年 for the year	年內全面收入總額		_		_		97,771	_	1,202,264	1,300,035	569,295	1,869,330
	句一名非控股股東 返還資本		_	_	_	_	-	_		-	(191,258)	(191,258
Equity-settled share option arrangements 權	權益支付購股權安排	32	-	-	-	-	-	1,337	-	1,337	_	1,337
lapse of share options	於購股權失效後 轉移購股權儲備 轉撥至法定盈餘儲備		-	-	_ 20,655	-	_	(14,158) —	14,158 (20,655)	-	-	-
	於二零一八年六月三十日		699,065	6,362,535*	20,655*	(30,304)*	(232,951)*	181,256*		13,305,653	5,616,837	18,922,490

^{*} These reserve accounts comprise the consolidated reserves of * HK\$12,606,588,000 (2017: HK\$11,305,216,000) in the consolidated statement of financial position.

該等儲備賬包括綜合財務狀況報表中之綜合 儲備12,606,588,000港元(二零一七年: 11,305,216,000港元)。

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

綜合現金流量表

Year ended 30 June 2018 截至二零一八年六月三十日止年度

		Notes 附註	2018 二零一八年 HK\$'000 千港元	2017 二零一七年 HK\$'000 千港元
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	來自經營業務之現金流量			
Profit before tax	除税前溢利		1,829,569	2,351,167
Adjustments for:	就下列各項作出調整:		,,	,, -
Interest income	利息收入	6	(68)	(32)
Depreciation	折舊	7	67,106	84,565
Recognition of prepaid land lease	確認預付土地租賃款項		ŕ	•
payments		7	1,343	2,345
Amortisation of intangible assets	無形資產攤銷	7	917	910
Finance costs	財務費用	8	335,484	71,724
Loss/(gain) on disposal of items of	出售物業、機器及			·
property, plant and equipment, net	設備項目虧損/			
	(收益)淨額	7	18	(2)
Write-off of items of property, plant and	撇銷物業、機器及			
equipment	設備項目	7	_	2
Gain on disposal of subsidiaries	出售附屬公司收益	6	_	(5,036)
Change in fair value of an investment	投資物業之公平值變動			
property		14	(1,864,470)	(2,321,708)
Non-cash lease incentive	非現金租賃獎勵	14	(32,530)	_
Amortisation of lease incentive	租賃獎勵攤銷	14	8,563	_
Amortisation of initial direct cost	初步直接成本攤銷	14	509	_
Changes in fair value of vines	葡萄樹之公平值變動	17	1,588	(2,610)
Equity-settled share option expense	權益支付購股權開支	32	1,337	28,661
Decrees in inventories	+163+J		349,366	209,986
Decrease in inventories	存貨減少		159,870	148,575
Increase in properties under development			(224,465)	(6,298,959)
Decrease in trade receivables	應收貿易賬款減少		500,459	110,734
Increase in prepayments, deposits and other receivables Decrease in an amount due from a related	預付款項、按金及其他 應收賬款增加 確收一問關連公司		(22,241)	(10,683)
company	款項減少		1,157	_
Decrease in trade payables	應付貿易賬款減少		(225,004)	(30,788)
Increase/(decrease) in accruals, other	應計負債、其他		(220,004)	(50,750)
payables and receipts in advance	應付款及預收款項			
payables and receipts in advance	增加/(減少)		12,111	(200,119)
	,		,	(11, 10)
Cash from/(used in) operations	來自/(用於)經營現金		551,253	(6,071,254)
Income tax paid	已付所得税		(25,631)	(26,733)
Net cash flows from/(used in) operating	來自/(用於)經營業務之		(20,001)	(=0,100)
activities	現金流量淨額		525,622	(6,097,987)
	70 1/10 1 J H/		,	(0,001,001)

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

綜合現金流量表

Year ended 30 June 2018 截至二零一八年六月三十日止年度

		lotes 附註	2018 二零一八年 HK\$'000 千港元	2017 二零一七年 HK\$'000 千港元
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES	來自投資活動之現金流量			
Increase in an investment property Purchase of items of plant and equipment Purchase of intangible assets Disposal of subsidiaries	投資物業增加 購買機器及設備項目 購買無形資產 出售附屬公司	35	(22,826) (8,581) (17,200)	(149,322) (65,619) — (94)
Proceeds from disposal of items of property, plant and equipment Additions to vines, net Interest received	出售物業、機器及設備 項目所得款項 添置葡萄樹淨額 已收利息	17	157 (5,125) 68	148 (4,998) 32
Net cash flows used in investing activities	用於投資活動之 現金流量淨額		(53,507)	(219,853)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING	來自融資活動之現金流量			
ACTIVITIES Interest and other finance charges paid Increase/(decrease) in an amount due to	已付利息及其他融資費用 應付直接控股公司款項		(726,396)	(549,399)
the immediate holding company Decrease in amounts due to related	增加/(減少) 應付關連公司款項減少		(525,111)	570,435
companies Increase/(decrease) in amounts due to	應付非控股股東款項		(1,167,410)	(106,895)
non-controlling shareholders Proceeds from bank and other borrowings Repayment of bank and other borrowings Loan from/(repayment of loan to)			(26,148) 10,835,578 (8,371,600)	121,796 14,673,405 (9,421,529)
a related company Capital contribution from/(return of capital to) a non-controlling shareholder	供之貸款 一名非控股股東的出資/ (向一名非控股股東		(481,061)	528,900
Loan from a non-controlling shareholder	返還資本) 由一名非控股股東 提供之貸款		(191,258)	385,347 518,296
Proceeds from issue of shares Share issue expenses	發行股份所得款項 股份發行支出	31 31	Ξ	654 (4)
Net cash flows from/(used in) financing activities	來自/(用於)融資活動之現 金流量淨額		(653,406)	6,721,006
NET INCREASE/(DECREASE) IN	現金及現金等值增加/			
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of	(減少)淨額 年初現金及現金等值		(181,291)	403,166
year Effect of foreign exchange rate changes, net	匯率變動淨影響		488,689 (29,869)	84,854 669
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT END OF YEAR	年末現金及現金等值		277,529	488,689
ANALYSIS OF BALANCES OF CASH	現金及現金等值結存分析			
AND CASH EQUIVALENTS Cash and bank balances	現金及銀行結餘		277,529	488,689

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財務報表附註

30 June 2018 二零一八年六月三十日

1. CORPORATE AND GROUP INFORMATION

Goldin Financial Holdings Limited (the "Company") is a limited liability company incorporated in Bermuda. The principal place of business of the Company is located at 25/F, Goldin Financial Global Centre, 17 Kai Cheung Road, Kowloon Bay, Hong Kong.

The Company is a subsidiary of Goldin Global Holdings Limited which is incorporated in the British Virgin Islands ("BVI"). In the opinion of the directors, the Company's ultimate holding company is Goldin Real Estate Financial Holdings Limited, a company incorporated in the BVI.

The principal activity of the Company is investment holding. The principal activities of the Company's subsidiaries during the year consisted of the provision of factoring services, financial investment, winery and wine related business, property development and investment, publication and operation of restaurants.

Information about subsidiaries

Particulars of the Company's principal subsidiaries are as follows:

1. 公司及集團資料

高銀金融(集團)有限公司(「本公司」)是一間於百慕達註冊成立之有限責任公司。本公司主要營業地點為香港九龍灣啟祥道17號高銀金融國際中心25樓。

本公司為高銀環球控股有限公司(於英屬處女群島(「英屬處女群島」)註冊成立)之附屬公司。董事認為,本公司之最終控股公司為高銀金融地產控股有限公司(於英屬處女群島註冊成立之公司)。

本公司之主要業務為投資控股。本公司 附屬公司年內之主要經營業務包括提 供保理服務、金融投資、酒品及酒品 相關業務、物業發展及投資、出版刊 物以及餐廳營運。

有關附屬公司之資料

本公司之主要附屬公司詳情如下:

Name	Place of incorporation/ registration and operations 註冊成立/	Issued ordinary/ registered share capital 已發行普通股/	Percentage attributabl Comp	le to the	Principal activities
名稱	註冊及經營地點	註冊股本	本公司應佔M Direct 直接	役權百分比 Indirect 間接	主要業務
Cheng Mei Holdings Limited* 成美控股有限公司*	BVI 英屬處女群島	United States dollar ("US\$")1 Ordinary 1美元普通股	100	-	Investment holding 投資控股
Country Lofty Limited* 國崴有限公司*	BVI 英屬處女群島	US\$1 Ordinary 1美元普通股	-	100	Investment holding 投資控股
Dynasty Select Limited 金紀酒品精選有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	HK\$1 Ordinary 1港元普通股	-	100	Trading of wines 酒品貿易
Eagle Dynasty Investment Limited 溢國投資有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	HK\$1 Ordinary 1港元普通股	-	100	Investment holding 投資控股
GFGC Real Estate Agency Limited	Hong Kong 香港	HK\$1 Ordinary 1港元普通股	-	100	Provision of real estate agency service 提供房地產代理服務
Gold Brilliant Investment Limited ("Gold Brilliant") 高鉎投資有限公司(「高鉎」)	Hong Kong 香港	HK\$200 Ordinary 200港元普通股	_	50.1	Property development 物業開發

2 GOLDIN FINANCIAL HOLDINGS LIMITED

財務報表附註

30 June 2018 二零一八年六月三十日

1. CORPORATE AND GROUP INFORMATION (Continued)

1. 公司及集團資料(續)

Information about subsidiaries (Continued)

有關附屬公司之資料(續)

Name	Place of incorporation/ registration and operations 註冊成立/	Issued ordinary/ registered share capital 已發行普通股/	red attributable to the ital Company		Principal activities
名稱	註冊及經營地點	註冊股本	本公司應佔股 Direct 直接	t權百分比 Indirect 間接	主要業務
Gold Depot Holdings Limited* 金庫控股有限公司*	BVI 英屬處女群島	US\$1 Ordinary 1美元普通股	100	-	Investment holding 投資控股
Gold Faith Global Limited* ("Gold Faith") 金信環球有限公司* (「金信」)	BVI 英屬處女群島	US\$1 Ordinary 1美元普通股	100	-	Investment holding 投資控股
Gold Favour Investments Limited* ("Gold Favour") 金惠投資有限公司* (「金惠」)	BVI 英屬處女群島	US\$10 Ordinary 10美元普通股	-	60	Investment holding 投資控股
Gold Podium Limited* 金台有限公司*	BVI 英屬處女群島	US\$1 Ordinary 1美元普通股	100	-	Investment holding 投資控股
Gold Topmont Limited ("Gold Topmont") 金鋑有限公司(「金鋑」)	Hong Kong 香港	HK\$1 Ordinary 1港元普通股	-	60	Property development 物業發展
Goldcourt International Limited* 金閣國際有限公司*	BVI 英屬處女群島	US\$1 Ordinary 1美元普通股	-	100	Investment holding 投資控股
Golden Ascend Global Limited* 金陛環球有限公司*	BVI 英屬處女群島	US\$1 Ordinary 1美元普通股	100	-	Investment holding 投資控股
Goldin Dining Group Limited	Hong Kong 香港	HK\$1 Ordinary 1港元普通股	-	100	Operation of restaurants 經營餐廳
Goldin Factoring (China) Development Limited* 高銀保理(中國)發展有限公司*	BVI 英屬處女群島	US\$1 Ordinary 1美元普通股	-	100	Investment holding 投資控股
Goldin Factoring Financing Limited 高銀保理(融資)有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	HK\$1 Ordinary 1港元普通股	-	100	Money lending service 放債服務
Goldin Factoring Holdings Limited* 高銀保理(集團)有限公司*	BVI 英屬處女群島	US\$1 Ordinary 1美元普通股	100	-	Investment holding 投資控股
Goldin Factoring Limited 高銀金融保理發展有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	HK\$500,000,000 Ordinary 500,000,000港元 普通股	-	100	Provision of factoring services 提供保理服務
Goldin Factoring, Inc.*	United States of America ("US") 美利堅合眾國 (「美國」)	US\$10 Ordinary 10美元普通股	-	100	Provision of factoring services 提供保理服務

財務報表附註

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1. CORPORATE AND GROUP INFORMATION (Continued)

1. 公司及集團資料(續)

Information about subsidiaries (Continued)

有關附屬公司之資料(續)

Name	Place of incorporation/registration and operations 註冊成立/	Issued ordinary/ registered share capital 已發行普通股/	Percentage attributable Compa	to the	Principal activities
名稱	註冊及經營地點	註冊股本	本公司應佔股 Direct 直接	權百分比 Indirect 間接	主要業務
Goldin Investment I, Inc.*	US 美國	US\$0.01 Ordinary 0.01美元普通股	-	100	Property investment 物業投資
Goldin Investment II, Inc.*	US 美國	US\$0.01 Ordinary 0.01美元普通股	-	100	Operation of a vineyard 經營葡萄園
Goldin Investment III, Inc.*	US 美國	US\$0.01 Ordinary 0.01美元普通股	-	100	Property investment 物業投資
Goldin Logistics (Hong Kong) Limited 高銀物流(香港)有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	HK\$1 Ordinary 1港元普通股	-	100	Investment holding 投資控股
Goldin Logistics Holdings Limited* 高銀物流控股有限公司*	BVI 英屬處女群島	US\$50,000 Ordinary 50,000美元普通股	-	100	Investment holding 投資控股
Goldin Project Management Limited 高銀項目管理有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	HK\$1 Ordinary 1港元普通股	-	100	Provision of project management service 提供項目管理服務
Goldlock International Limited* 金樂國際有限公司*	BVI 英屬處女群島	US\$1 Ordinary 1美元普通股	100	-	Investment holding 投資控股
LPM Communications Limited	Hong Kong 香港	HK\$1 Ordinary 1港元普通股	-	100	Publishing and trading of wines 出版及酒品貿易
Matsunichi Goldbase Global Administration Limited* 松日金基環球行政有限公司*	BVI 英屬處女群島	US\$1 Ordinary 1美元普通股	100	-	Investment holding 投資控股
Matsunichi Goldbase Limited 松日金基行政發展有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	HK\$1 Ordinary 1港元普通股	_	100	Provision of administrative services 提供行政服務
Matsunichi Goldbase Management Limited* 松日金基管理有限公司*	BVI 英屬處女群島	US\$1 Ordinary 1美元普通股	-	100	Financial investment 金融投資

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1. CORPORATE AND GROUP INFORMATION (Continued)

1. 公司及集團資料(續)

Information about subsidiaries (Continued)

有關附屬公司之資料(續)

Name	Place of incorporation/registration and operations 註冊成立/	Issued ordinary/ registered share capital 已發行普通股/	Percentage attributable Compa	to the	Principal activities
名稱	註冊及經營地點	註冊股本			主要業務
Mighty Prosper Limited* 力鼎有限公司*	BVI 英屬處女群島	US\$1 Ordinary 1美元普通股	-	100	Investment holding 投資控股
Rich Region Holdings Limited* ("Rich Region")	BVI 英屬處女群島	US\$10 Ordinary 10美元普通股	60	-	Investment holding 投資控股
SAS Le Bon Pasteur	France 法國	Euro 16,848 Ordinary 16,848歐元普通股	-	100	Operation of vineyards 經營葡萄園
Smart Edge Limited ("Smart Edge") 賜譽有限公司(「賜譽」)	Hong Kong 香港	HK\$100 Ordinary 100港元普通股	-	60	Property development and investment 物業發展及投資
Wealth Front Investments Limited* 富領投資有限公司*	BVI 英屬處女群島	US\$1 Ordinary 1美元普通股	100	-	Investment holding 投資控股
高銀保理(中國)發展有限公司*®	People's Republic of China ("PRC") 中華人民共和國 (「中國」)	US\$300,405,000** 300,405,000美元**	-	100	Provision of factoring services 提供保理服務
裕金酒業(廣州)有限公司*◎	PRC 中國	US\$18,059,915** 18,059,915美元**	_	100	Trading of wines and provision of storage service 酒品貿易及提供貯存服務
高銀紅酒業(深圳)有限公司*◎	PRC 中國	US\$1,700,000** 1,700,000美元**	_	100	Trading of wines 酒品貿易

^{*} The statutory/separate financial statements of these subsidiaries are not audited by Ernst & Young, Hong Kong or another member firm of the Ernst & Young global network.

^{**} The amounts stated represent the paid-up capital.

These subsidiaries are registered as wholly-foreign-owned enterprises under the law of the PRC.

^{*} 該等附屬公司之法定/獨立財務報表並非由香港安永會計師事務所或其他安 永全球網絡成員公司審計。

^{**} 所列金額代表繳足股本。

[◎] 該等附屬公司根據中國法律註冊為外商 獨資企業。

財務報表附註

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1. CORPORATE AND GROUP INFORMATION (Continued)

Information about subsidiaries (Continued)

As at 30 June 2018 and 2017, the entire issued share capital of Smart Edge and Gold Topmont were pledged to secure bank loan facilities granted to the Group (notes 27(b), 27(c) and 27(f)).

Details of subsidiaries disposed of during the prior years are included in note 35 to the financial statements.

The above table lists the subsidiaries of the Company which, in the opinion of the directors, principally affected the results for the year or formed a substantial portion of the net assets of the Group. To give details of other subsidiaries would, in the opinion of the directors, result in particulars of excessive length.

2.1 BASIS OF PREPARATION

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards ("HKFRSs") (which include all Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards, Hong Kong Accounting Standards ("HKASs") and Interpretations) issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants ("HKICPA"), accounting principles generally accepted in Hong Kong and the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance. They have been prepared under the historical cost convention, except for an investment property and vines, which have been measured at fair value. These financial statements are presented in Hong Kong dollars ("HK\$") and all values are rounded to the nearest thousand except when otherwise indicated.

Basis of consolidation

The consolidated financial statements include the financial statements of the Company and its subsidiaries (collectively referred to as the "Group") for the year ended 30 June 2018. A subsidiary is an entity (including a structured entity), directly or indirectly, controlled by the Company. Control is achieved when the Group is exposed, or has rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the investee and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the investee (i.e., existing rights that give the Group the current ability to direct the relevant activities of the investee).

1. 公司及集團資料(續)

有關附屬公司之資料(續)

於二零一八年及二零一七年六月三十日, 賜譽及金鋑之全部已發行股本已質押 作為授予本集團之銀行貸款融資之抵 押(附註27(b)、27(c)及27(f))。

有關先前年度出售附屬公司的詳情已載於財務報表附註35。

上述表格所列本公司附屬公司乃董事認 為主要影響本集團年度業績或構成資 產淨值的主要部份。董事認為詳列其 他附屬公司會導致資料過於冗長。

2.1 編製基準

綜合基準

財務報表附註

30 June 2018 二零一八年六月三十日

2.1 BASIS OF PREPARATION (Continued)

Basis of consolidation (Continued)

When the Company has, directly or indirectly, less than a majority of the voting or similar rights of an investee, the Group considers all relevant facts and circumstances in assessing whether it has power over an investee, including:

- (a) the contractual arrangement with the other vote holders of the investee;
- (b) rights arising from other contractual arrangements; and
- (c) the Group's voting rights and potential voting rights.

The financial statements of the subsidiaries are prepared for the same reporting period as the Company, using consistent accounting policies. The results of subsidiaries are consolidated from the date on which the Group obtains control, and continue to be consolidated until the date that such control ceases.

Profit or loss and each component of other comprehensive income are attributed to the owners of the parent of the Group and to the non-controlling interests, even if this results in the non-controlling interests having a deficit balance. All intra-group assets and liabilities, equity, income, expenses and cash flows relating to transactions between members of the Group are eliminated in full on consolidation.

The Group reassesses whether or not it controls an investee if facts and circumstances indicate that there are changes to one or more of the three elements of control described above. A change in the ownership interest of a subsidiary, without a loss of control, is accounted for as an equity transaction.

If the Group loses control over a subsidiary, it derecognises (i) the assets (including goodwill) and liabilities of the subsidiary, (ii) the carrying amount of any non-controlling interest and (iii) the cumulative translation differences recorded in equity; and recognises (i) the fair value of the consideration received, (ii) the fair value of any investment retained and (iii) any resulting surplus or deficit in profit or loss. The Group's share of components previously recognised in other comprehensive income is reclassified to profit or loss or retained profits, as appropriate, on the same basis as would be required if the Group had directly disposed of the related assets or liabilities.

2.1 編製基準(續)

綜合基準(續)

倘本公司直接或間接擁有之投資對象 投票權或類似權利不及大半,則評估本 公司對投資對象是否擁有權力時,本集 團會考慮所有相關事實及情況,包括:

- (a) 與該投資對象其他投票權持有人 之合約安排;
- (b) 根據其他合約安排所享有之權利; 及
- (c) 本集團之投票權及潛在投票權。

附屬公司之財務報表乃採用與本公司 一致之報告期間和會計政策編製。附 屬公司業績自本集團獲得控制權之日 起綜合入賬,並持續綜合入賬,直至 該控制權終止。

損益及其他全面收入之各組成部分乃 歸屬於本集團母公司擁有人及非控股 權益,即使此舉引致非控股權益錄得 虧損結餘。關於本集團成員公司間令 易之所有集團內公司間的資產及負債、 權益、收入、開支及現金流量均於綜合 入賬時悉數抵銷。

倘有事實及情況顯示上述三項控制元素中一項或多項元素的變動,本集團會重新評估其是否對投資對象擁有控制權。附屬公司的所有權益出現變動(並無失去控制權情況下)作為一項權益交易入賬。

倘本集團失去附屬公司之控制權,則 會終止確認(i)該附屬公司之資產(包括 商曆)及負債;(ii)任何非控股權差之 重值;及(iii)計入權益之累計匯(ii)已收代價之公平值;(ii)其因而產差 留投資之公平值;及(iii)其因而產生 損益之盈餘或虧蝕。先前已於分 損益之確認之本集團 設本集團已直接出售相關資產在 設本 情況下重新分類至損益或保 到

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2.2 CHANGES IN ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND DISCLOSURES

The Group has adopted the following new and revised HKFRSs for the first time for the current year's financial statements.

Amendments to HKAS 7

Disclosure Initiative

Recognition of Deferred Tax

Amendments to HKAS 12

Assets for Unrealised Losses Disclosure of Interests in Other Entities: Clarification of the Scope of HKFRS 12

Amendments to HKFRS 12 included in Annual Improvements to HKFRSs 2014-2016 Cycle

None of the above amendments to HKFRSs has had a significant financial effect on these financial statements. Disclosure has been made in note 36(b) to the financial statements upon the adoption of amendments to HKAS 7, which require an entity to provide disclosures that enable users of financial statements to evaluate changes in liabilities arising from financing activities, including both changes arising from cash flows and non-cash changes.

2.3 ISSUED BUT NOT YET EFFECTIVE HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING **STANDARDS**

The Group has not applied the following new and revised HKFRSs, that have been issued but are not yet effective, in these financial statements.

Amendments to HKFRS 2 Classification and

> Measurement of Sharebased Payment

Transactions¹ Amendments to HKFRS 4

Applying HKFRS 9 Financial Instruments with HKFRS 4 Insurance Contracts1

Associate or Joint Venture4

HKFRS 9 Financial Instruments¹

Amendments to HKFRS 9 Prepayment Features with

Negative Compensation² Amendments to HKFRS 10 Sale or Contribution of Assets between an Investor and its

and HKAS 28 (2011)

2.2 會計政策及披露變動

本集團首次於本年度財務報表採納下 列新訂及經修訂香港財務報告準則。

香港會計準則 第7號修訂本

香港財務報告

香港會計準則 第12號修訂本

準則第12號 修訂本(包含

在二零一四年至 二零一六年週期

的年度改進)

披露計劃

就未變現虧損確認 遞延税項資產 披露於其他實體的 權益:香港財務 報告準則

第12號範圍之 澄清

上述香港財務報告準則之修訂對該等財 務報表並無重大財務影響。財務報表 已於採納香港會計準則第7號之修訂後 於附註36(b)作出披露。香港會計準則 第7號之修訂要求實體提供披露資料, 使財務報表使用者可評估融資活動產 生之負債變動(包括現金流量變動及非 現金變動)。

2.3 已頒佈但尚未生效之香港 財務報告準則

本集團並未於此等財務報表中採納以 下已頒佈但尚未生效之新訂及經修訂 香港財務報告準則及新詮釋。

香港財務報告準則 以股份支付款項之 交易之分類及 第2號修訂本

計量1

香港財務報告準則 採用香港財務報告 第4號修訂本 準則第4號保險

合約時一併應用 香港財務報告 準則第9號 金融工具1

香港財務報告準則 金融工具1 第9號

香港財務報告準則 具有負補償之預付 第9號修訂本 款項特點2

香港財務報告準則 投資者與其聯營公 司或合營企業 第10號及 香港會計準則 之間的資產出售 第28號 或注資4

(二零一一年) 修訂本

財務報表附註

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2.3 ISSUED BUT NOT YET EFFECTIVE HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS (Continued)

HKFRS 15 Revenue from Contracts with

Customers¹

Amendments to HKFRS 15 Clarifications to HKFRS 15

Revenue from Contracts with

Customers1

HKFRS 16 Leases²

HKFRS 17 Insurance Contracts³

Plan Amendment, Curtailment Amendments to HKAS 19

or Settlement²

Amendments to HKAS 28 Long-term Interests in

Associates and Joint

Ventures²

Amendments to HKAS 40 Transfers of Investment

Property1

HK(IFRIC)-Int 22 Foreign Currency Transactions

and Advance Consideration¹

HK(IFRIC)-Int 23 Uncertainty over Income Tax

Treatments²

Annual Improvements Amendments to HKFRS 1 and

2014-2016 Cycle HKAS 281

Annual Improvements Amendments to a number of

2015-2017 Cycle HKFRSs²

Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2018

Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2019

Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2021

No mandatory effective date yet determined but available for adoption

2.3 已頒佈但尚未生效之香港 財務報告準則(續)

香港財務報告準則 客戶合約收益1 第15號

香港財務報告準則 澄清香港財務報告 第15號修訂本 準則第15號客戶

合約收益1

香港財務報告準則 租賃2

第16號

香港財務報告準則 保險合約3

第17號

香港會計準則 計劃、縮減或 結算2

第19號修訂本 香港會計準則 於聯營公司及 第28號修訂本

合營公司之 長遠權益2

香港會計準則 轉讓投資物業1

第40號修訂本

香港(國際財務 外幣交易及 報告詮釋委員 預付代價1

第22號

香港(國際財務 所得税處理之 報告詮釋委員 不確定性2

會)一 詮釋 第23號

二零一四年至

香港財務報告準則 二零一六年週期 第1號及香港 的年度改進 會計準則

第28號之修訂1 二零一五年至 多項香港財務報告 二零一十年调期 準則之修訂2

的年度改進

於二零一八年一月一日或之後開始之年 度期間牛效

於二零一九年一月一日或之後開始之年 度期間生效

於二零二一年一月一日或之後開始之年 度期間生效

非強制生效且尚未確定但可供採納

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2.3 ISSUED BUT NOT YET EFFECTIVE HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS (Continued)

Further information about those HKFRSs that are expected to be applicable to the Group is described below. The actual impacts upon adoption could be different to those below, depending on additional reasonable and supportable information being made available to the Group at the time of applying the standards and the transitional provisions and policy options finally adopted.

The HKICPA issued amendments to HKFRS 2 in August 2016 that address three main areas: the effects of vesting conditions on the measurement of a cash-settled share-based payment transaction; the classification of a share-based payment transaction with net settlement features for withholding a certain amount in order to meet the employee's tax obligation associated with the share-based payment; and accounting where a modification to the terms and conditions of a sharebased payment transaction changes its classification from cash-settled to equity-settled. The amendments clarify that the approach used to account for vesting conditions when measuring equity-settled share-based payments also applies to cash-settled share-based payments. The amendments introduce an exception so that a share-based payment transaction with net share settlement features for withholding a certain amount in order to meet the employee's tax obligation is classified in its entirety as an equity-settled share-based payment transaction when certain conditions are met. Furthermore, the amendments clarify that if the terms and conditions of a cash-settled sharebased payment transaction are modified, with the result that it becomes an equity-settled share-based payment transaction, the transaction is accounted for as an equity-settled transaction from the date of the modification. The Group expects to adopt the amendments from 1 July 2018. The amendments are not expected to have any significant impact on the Group's financial statements.

2.3 已頒佈但尚未生效之香港 財務報告準則(續)

預期將適用於本集團的該等香港財務報告準則的進一步資料如下。採納後的實際影響可能與下文所列者有所出入,這視乎應用有關準則時本集團可得的額外合理及可靠資料,以及最終採納的過渡條文及政策選擇而定。

香港會計師公會於二零一六年八月發佈 了對香港財務報告準則第2號修訂本, 涉及三個主要領域:歸屬條件對現金結 算的股份支付款項交易計量的影響;對 具有淨額結算特徵的股份支付款項交 易扣除一定數額以達致僱員與股份支 付款項有關的納税義務的分類;以及對 股份支付款項交易中條款和條件的修 改導致其分類從現金結算變更為權益 結算的會計處理。修訂澄清,在衡量 以權益結算的股份支付款項時用於計 算歸屬條件的方法也適用於現金結算 的股份支付款項。修訂還引進了一項例 外規定,在滿足某些條件下,將股份支 付款項交易中因扣除一定數額以滿足 僱員的納税義務而具有淨額結算特徵 的股份支付款項交易,可完全分類為 權益結算的股份支付交易進行會計處 理。此外,修訂澄清,如果現金結算 的股份支付款項交易的條款和條件修 改後變更為以權益結算的股份支付交 易,則該交易自修改之日起作為權益結 算的交易進行會計處理。本集團預期於 二零一八年七月一日起採用該等修訂。 預期該等修訂不會對本集團的財務報 表產牛重大影響。

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2.3 ISSUED BUT NOT YET EFFECTIVE HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS (Continued)

In September 2014, the HKICPA issued the final version of HKFRS 9, bringing together all phases of the financial instruments project to replace HKAS 39 and all previous versions of HKFRS 9. The standard introduces new requirements for classification and measurement, impairment and hedge accounting. The Group will adopt HKFRS 9 from 1 July 2018. The Group will not restate comparative information and will recognise any transition adjustments against the opening balance of equity at 1 July 2018. During 2018, the Group has performed a detailed assessment of the impact of the adoption of HKFRS 9. The expected impacts relate to the impairment requirements are summarised as follows:

HKFRS 9 requires an impairment on debt instruments recorded at amortised cost or at fair value through other comprehensive income, lease receivables, loan commitments and financial guarantee contracts that are not accounted for at fair value through profit or loss under HKFRS 9, to be recorded based on an expected credit loss model either on a twelve-month basis or a lifetime basis. The Group will apply the simplified approach and record lifetime expected losses that are estimated based on the present values of all cash shortfalls over the remaining life of all of its trade receivables. Furthermore, the Group will apply the general approach and record twelve-month expected credit losses that are estimated based on the possible default events on its other receivables within the next twelve months.

In general, the directors of the Company anticipate the application of the expected loss model of HKFRS 9 will result in earlier provision of credit losses which are not yet incurred in relation to the Group's financial assets measured at amortised costs and other items that subject to the impairment provisions upon application of HKFRS 9 by the Group.

Based on the assessment by the directors of the Company, if the expected credit loss model were to be applied by the Group, the accumulated amount of impairment loss to be recognised by the Group as at 1 July 2018 would be slightly increased as compared to the accumulated amount recognised under HKAS 39 mainly attributable to expected credit losses provision on trade receivables and other receivables. However, such further impairment recognised under the expected credit loss model would not have any significant impact on the Group's financial statements.

2.3 已頒佈但尚未生效之香港 財務報告準則(續)

總體上,本公司董事預期應用香港財務報告準則第9號的預期虧損模型將導致本集團於應用香港財務報告準則第9號後,就本集團按攤銷成本計量之金融資產以及其他須作出減值撥備的項目之尚未產生的信貸虧損提前撥備。

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2.3 ISSUED BUT NOT YET EFFECTIVE HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS (Continued)

HKFRS 15, issued in July 2014, establishes a new five-step model to account for revenue arising from contracts with customers. Under HKFRS 15, revenue is recognised at an amount that reflects the consideration to which an entity expects to be entitled in exchange for transferring goods or services to a customer. The principles in HKFRS 15 provide a more structured approach for measuring and recognising revenue. The standard also introduces extensive qualitative and quantitative disclosure requirements, including disaggregation of total revenue, information about performance obligations, changes in contract asset and liability account balances between periods and key judgements and estimates. The standard will supersede all current revenue recognition requirements under HKFRSs. Either a full retrospective application or a modified retrospective adoption is required on the initial application of the standard. In June 2016, the HKICPA issued amendments to HKFRS 15 to address the implementation issues on identifying performance obligations, application guidance on principal versus agent and licences of intellectual property, and transition. The amendments are also intended to help ensure a more consistent application when entities adopt HKFRS 15 and decrease the cost and complexity of applying the standard. The Group plans to adopt the transitional provisions in HKFRS 15 to recognise the cumulative effect of initial adoption as an adjustment to the opening balance of retained earnings at 1 July 2018. In addition, the Group plans to apply the new requirements only to contracts that are not completed before 1 July 2018.

The directors of the Company have assessed the impact on the application of HKFRS 15 in the future may result in more disclosures, however, the directors of the Company do not anticipate that the application of HKFRS 15 will have a material impact on the timing and amounts of revenue recognised in the respective reporting periods.

2.3 已頒佈但尚未生效之香港 財務報告準則(續)

香港財務報告準則第15號發佈於二零一 四年七月,建立一個新的五步模式,將 應用於客戶合約收益。根據香港財務 報告準則第15號,收入按能反映實體預 期就交換向客戶轉移商品或服務而有 權獲得之代價金額確認。香港財務報 告準則第15號之原則為計量及確認收 入提供更加結構化之方法。該準則亦 引入廣泛之定性及定量披露規定,包 括分拆收入總額,關於履行責任、不同 期間之間合約資產及負債賬目結餘之變 動以及主要判斷及估計之資料。該準 則將取代香港財務報告準則項下所有 現時收入確認之規定。在首次應用該 準則時須作出全面的追溯應用或修訂 後的追溯採納。於二零一六年六月,香 港會計師公會頒佈香港財務報告準則 第15號修訂本,以處理識別履約責任、 主事人與代理人之應用指引及知識產 權許可以及過渡之實施問題。該等修 訂亦擬協助確保實體於採納香港財務 報告準則第15號時能更一致地應用及 降低應用有關準則之成本及複雜程度。 本集團計劃採納香港財務報告準則第 15號的過渡性條文確認首次採納的累 計影響,作為就二零一八年七月一日的 保留溢利期初結餘作出的調整。此外, 本集團計劃僅對於二零一八年七月一日 前尚未完成的合約應用新規定。

本公司董事已對日後應用香港財務報告準則第15號的影響進行評估,或會產生更多披露。然而,本公司董事並不預期應用香港財務報告準則第15號將會對相關報告期間所確認收益的時間及金額產生重大影響。

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2.3 ISSUED BUT NOT YET EFFECTIVE HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS (Continued)

HKFRS 16, issued in May 2016, replaces HKAS 17 Leases, HK(IFRIC)-Int 4 Determining whether an Arrangement contains a Lease, HK(SIC)-Int 15 Operating Leases - Incentives and HK(SIC)-Int 27 Evaluating the Substance of Transactions Involving the Legal Form of a Lease. The standard sets out the principles for the recognition, measurement, presentation and disclosure of leases and requires lessees to recognise assets and liabilities for most leases. The standard includes two recognition exemptions for lessees - leases of low-value assets and short-term leases. At the commencement date of a lease, a lessee will recognise a liability to make lease payments (i.e., the lease liability) and an asset representing the right to use the underlying asset during the lease term (i.e., the right-ofuse asset). The right-of-use asset is subsequently measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and any impairment losses unless the right-of-use asset meets the definition of investment property in HKAS 40, or relates to a class of property, plant and equipment to which the revaluation model is applied. The lease liability is subsequently increased to reflect the interest on the lease liability and reduced for the lease payments. Lessees will be required to separately recognise the interest expense on the lease liability and the depreciation expense on the rightof-use asset. Lessees will also be required to remeasure the lease liability upon the occurrence of certain events, such as change in the lease term and change in future lease payments resulting from a change in an index or rate used to determine those payments. Lessees will generally recognise the amount of the remeasurement of the lease liability as an adjustment to the right-of-use asset. Lessor accounting under HKFRS 16 is substantially unchanged from the accounting under HKAS 17. Lessors will continue to classify all leases using the same classification principle as in HKAS 17 and distinguish between operating leases and finance leases. HKFRS 16 requires lessees and lessors to make more extensive disclosures than under HKAS 17. Lessees can choose to apply the standard using either a full retrospective or a modified retrospective approach. The Group expects to adopt HKFRS 16 from 1 July 2019.

2.3 已頒佈但尚未生效之香港 財務報告準則(續)

香港財務報告準則第16號發佈於二零一 六年五月,取代了香港會計準則17號租 賃、香港(國際財務報告詮釋委員會) - 詮釋第4號確定一項安排是否包含一 項租賃、香港(準則詮釋委員會) - 詮 釋第15號經營和賃 - 獎勵及香港(準則 詮釋委員會) - 詮釋第27號*評估法律* 形式為租賃之交易實質。該準則規定了 和 賃確認、計量、呈報和披露的原則, 並要求承租人除低價值資產租賃和短 期租賃兩類可選擇豁免確認租賃資產 和負債的情形外,均應確認租賃資產 和負債。在租賃開始日期,承租人將支 付租金的義務(即租賃責任)確認為-項負債,並確認一項資產代表在租賃 期內使用相關資產的權利(即使用權資 產)。除該使用權資產符合香港會計準 則第40號投資物業的規定或有關應用 重估模型的物業、廠房及設備類別外, 使用權資產應採用成本減累計折舊和 任何減值虧損進行後續計量。租賃負 債的後續增減變動將分別反映租賃負 債利息和租賃款項的支付。承租人需 要單獨確認租賃負債的利息費用和使 用權資產的折舊費用。承租人還需要 在若干事件發生時重新計算租賃負債, 例如租賃期限的變化以及由於用於確 定這些租金的指數或利率的變化而導 致未來租賃付款的變化。承租人通常 會將租賃負債的重新計量金額視為對 使用權資產的調整。香港財務報告準 則第16號下出租人的會計處理與香港 會計準則第17號的會計處理實質上沒 有改變。出租人將繼續使用與香港會 計準則第17號相同的分類原則對所有租 賃進行分類,並區分經營租賃和融資 租賃。相比香港會計準則第17號,香港 財務報告準則第16號要求承租人及出 租人作出更大量披露。承租人可選擇 以全面追溯應用或修訂式追溯應用法 採納該準則。本集團預期將自二零一九 年七月一日起採納香港財務報告準則 第16號。

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2.3 ISSUED BUT NOT YET EFFECTIVE HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS (Continued)

The Group is currently assessing the impact of HKFRS 16 upon adoption and is considering whether it will choose to take advantage of the practical expedients available and which transition approach and reliefs will be adopted. As disclosed in note 38(b) to the financial statements, at 30 June 2018, the Group had future minimum lease payments under non-cancellable operating leases in aggregate of HK\$9,209,000. Upon adoption of HKFRS 16, certain amounts included therein may need to be recognised as new right-of-use assets and lease liabilities. Further analysis, however, will be needed to determine the amount of new rights of use assets and lease liabilities to be recognised, including, but not limited to, any amounts relating to leases of low-value assets and short term leases, other practical expedients and reliefs chosen, and new leases entered into before the date of adoption.

Amendments to HKAS 40, issued in April 2017, clarify when an entity should transfer property, including property under construction or development, into or out of investment property. The amendments state that a change in use occurs when the property meets, or ceases to meet, the definition of investment property and there is evidence of the change in use. A mere change in management's intentions for the use of a property does not provide evidence of a change in use. The amendments should be applied prospectively to the changes in use that occur on or after the beginning of the annual reporting period in which the entity first applies the amendments. An entity should reassess the classification of property held at the date that it first applies the amendments and, if applicable, reclassify property to reflect the conditions that exist at that date. Retrospective application is only permitted if it is possible without the use of hindsight. The Group expects to adopt the amendments prospectively from 1 July 2018. The amendments are not expected to have any significant impact on the Group's financial statements.

2.3 已頒佈但尚未生效之香港財務報告準則(續)

發佈於二零一十年四月的香港會計準則 第40號修訂本澄清實體應將物業(包括 建設中或發展中物業)轉撥至或轉撥自 投資物業的時間。該等修訂指明,物 業的用途發生變動需要其符合或不再 符合投資物業的定義且有證據證明用 途發生變動。單憑管理層對物業用途 的意向產生變動不足以證明其用途有 所變動。預期該等修訂適用於實體首 次採納該等修訂的年度報告期間開始 時或之後發生的物業用途變動。實體 須於其首次採納該等修訂當日評估所 持物業的分類,並(倘適用)將有關物業 重新分類,以反映該日的實際情況。倘 毋須採納事後確認,方可採納追溯應 用。本集團預期將自二零一八年十月一 日起採納該等修訂。該等修訂預期不 會對本集團的財務報表產生任何重大 影響。

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3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Subsidiaries

A subsidiary is an entity (including a structured entity), directly or indirectly, controlled by the Company. Control is achieved when the Company is exposed, or has rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the investee and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the investee (i.e., existing rights that give the Company the current ability to direct the relevant activities of the investee).

When the Company has, directly or indirectly, less than a majority of the voting or similar rights of an investee, the Company considers all relevant facts and circumstances in assessing whether it has power over an investee, including:

- (a) the contractual arrangement with the other vote holders of the investee:
- (b) rights arising from other contractual arrangements; and
- (c) the Company's voting rights and potential voting rights.

The results of subsidiaries are included in the Company's statement of profit or loss to the extent of dividends received and receivable. The Company's investments in subsidiaries that are not classified as held for sale in accordance with HKFRS 5 Non-current Assets Held for Sale and Discontinued Operations are stated at cost less any impairment losses.

Interests in joint operations

A joint operation is a joint arrangement whereby the parties that have joint control of the arrangement have rights to the assets, and obligations for the liabilities, relating to the arrangement. Joint control is the contractually agreed sharing of control of an arrangement, which exists only when decisions about the relevant activities require the unanimous consent of the parties sharing control.

3. 主要會計政策概要

附屬公司

附屬公司指本公司對其直接或間接有控制權的實體(包括結構性實體)。當對為可能透過其參與承擔或享有投資對對會回報的風險或權利,並能夠向投資對象使用其權力影響回報金額(即現有權利可使本公司能於現時指揮投對象的相關活動),即代表達致控制權。

當本公司直接或間接擁有投資對象少於大多數的投票權或類似權利,本公司 於評估其對投資對象是否擁有權力時 會考慮所有相關事實及情況,包括:

- (a) 與投資對象的其他投票權持有人 訂立的合約安排;
- (b) 其他合約安排所產生的權利;及
- (c) 本公司的投票權及潛在投票權。

附屬公司業績按已收及應收之股息列入本公司損益表。按香港財務報告準則第5號持作出售之非流動資產及終止經營業務而未獲分類為持作出售之本公司於附屬公司之投資按成本扣除任何減值虧損列賬。

於合營業務之權益

合營業務乃擁有共同控制權之各方享有 與該安排相關之資產權利及負債義務 之共同安排。共同控制乃按照安排約 定對某項安排所共有之控制,共同控制 僅在當相關活動要求共同享有控制權 之各方作出一致同意之決定時存在。

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3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Interests in joint operations (Continued)

The Group recognises in relation to its interest in a joint operation:

- its assets, including its share of any assets held jointly;
- its liabilities, including its share of any liabilities incurred jointly;
- its revenue from the sale of its share of the output arising from the joint operation;
- its share of the revenue from the sale of the output by the joint operation; and
- its expenses, including its share of any expenses incurred jointly.

The assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses relating to the Group's interest in a joint operation are accounted for in accordance with the HKFRSs applicable to the particular assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses.

Business combinations

Business combinations are accounted for using the acquisition method. The consideration transferred is measured at the acquisition date fair value which is the sum of the acquisition date fair values of assets transferred by the Group, liabilities assumed by the Group to the former owners of the acquiree and the equity interests issued by the Group in exchange for control of the acquiree. For each business combination, the Group elects whether to measure the non-controlling interests in the acquiree that are present ownership interests and entitle their holders to a proportionate share of net assets in the event of liquidation at fair value or at the proportionate share of the acquiree's identifiable net assets. All other components of non-controlling interests are measured at fair value. Acquisition-related costs are expensed as incurred.

When the Group acquires a business, it assesses the financial assets and liabilities assumed for appropriate classification and designation in accordance with the contractual terms, economic circumstances and pertinent conditions as at the acquisition date. This includes the separation of embedded derivatives in host contracts of the acquiree.

3. 主要會計政策概要(續)

於合營業務之權益(續)

本集團確認與其於合營業務權益相關之:

- 資產,包括其應佔共同持有之任何資產;
- 負債,包括其應佔共同承擔之任何負債;
- 銷售應佔於合營業務產生中獲得 之收益;
- 應佔於合營業務產生之銷售收益;及
- 支出,包括其應佔共同發生之任何支出。

本集團根據適用於相關資產、負債、收益及支出之香港財務報告準則,計算與其於合營業務權益之相關資產、負債、收益及支出。

業務合併

當本集團收購一項業務時,須根據合約條款、於收購日期之經濟環境及相關條件,評估將承接之金融資產及負債,以作出適合之分類及指定用途,其中包括將被收購方主合約中之嵌入式衍生工具進行分離。

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3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Business combinations (Continued)

If the business combination is achieved in stages, the previously held equity interest is remeasured at its acquisition date fair value and any resulting gain or loss is recognised in profit or loss.

Any contingent consideration to be transferred by the acquirer is recognised at fair value at the acquisition date. Contingent consideration classified as an asset or liability is measured at fair value with changes in fair value recognised in profit or loss. Contingent consideration that is classified as equity is not remeasured and subsequent settlement is accounted for within equity.

Fair value measurement

The Group measures its investment property and vines at fair value at the end of each reporting period. Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The fair value measurement is based on the presumption that the transaction to sell the asset or transfer the liability takes place either in the principal market for the asset or liability, or in the absence of a principal market, in the most advantageous market for the asset or liability. The principal or the most advantageous market must be accessible by the Group. The fair value of an asset or a liability is measured using the assumptions that market participants would use when pricing the asset or liability, assuming that market participants act in their economic best interest.

A fair value measurement of a non-financial asset takes into account a market participant's ability to generate economic benefits by using the asset in its highest and best use or by selling it to another market participant that would use the asset in its highest and best use.

The Group uses valuation techniques that are appropriate in the circumstances and for which sufficient data are available to measure fair value, maximising the use of relevant observable inputs and minimising the use of unobservable inputs.

3. 主要會計政策概要(續)

業務合併(續)

倘業務合併分階段進行,先前持有之 股本權益按收購日期之公平值重新計 量,所產生之任何收益或虧損於損益 賬確認。

由收購方轉讓之任何或然代價將於收 購日期按公平值確認。分類為資產或 負債之或然代價乃按公平值計量,公 平值變動則於損益中確認。分類為權 益之或然代價不予重新計量,其後結算 一概於權益內入賬。

公平值計量

非金融資產之公平值計量在會計及市場參與者將資產用於最高增值及最佳用途或售予會將資產用於最高增值及 最佳用途之另一名市場參與者而創造經濟利益之能力。

本集團針對不同情況使用不同估值方法,確保有足夠數據計量公平值,並 盡量利用相關可觀察輸入數據,減少 使用不可觀察輸入數據。

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3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Fair value measurement (Continued)

All assets and liabilities for which fair value is measured or disclosed in the financial statements are categorised within the fair value hierarchy, described as follows, based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole:

- Level 1 based on quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities
- Level 2 based on valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is observable, either directly or indirectly
- Level 3 based on valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is unobservable

For assets and liabilities that are recognised in the financial statements on a recurring basis, the Group determines whether transfers have occurred between levels in the hierarchy by reassessing categorisation (based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole) at the end of each reporting period.

Impairment of non-financial assets

Where an indication of impairment exists, or when annual impairment testing for an asset is required (other than inventories, vines, financial assets, an investment property and properties under development), the asset's recoverable amount is estimated. An asset's recoverable amount is the higher of the asset's or cash-generating unit's value in use and its fair value less costs of disposal, and is determined for an individual asset, unless the asset does not generate cash inflows that are largely independent of those from other assets or groups of assets, in which case the recoverable amount is determined for the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs.

An impairment loss is recognised only if the carrying amount of an asset exceeds its recoverable amount. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset. An impairment loss is charged to profit or loss in the period in which it arises in those expense categories consistent with the function of the impaired asset.

3. 主要會計政策概要(續)

公平值計量(續)

公平值於財務報表確認或披露之所有 資產及負債,均基於對計量公平值整 體而言屬重要之最低層輸入數據按下 述公平值層級分類:

- 第1級 按同等資產或負債於活躍市場之報價(未經調整)計算
- 第2級 按估值方法計算(計量公平 值之重要最低層輸入數據 可直接或間接觀察)
- 第3級 按估值方法計算(計量公平 值之重要最低層輸入數據 不可觀察)

對於按經常性基準於財務報表確認之資產及負債,本集團於各報告期末重新評估分類(基於對計量公平值整體而言屬重大之最低層輸入數據),確定有否在不同層級之間轉移。

非金融資產減值

倘存在減值跡象,或需對葡萄樹、行年度減值測試(存貨、新葡萄樹、外項貨展中物業。全人投資物業及可發展中物額。全人投資產之可收回金或現金。全人使用價值與其公平值別資產出釐至之使用價值者,並按個別資產基別資產所產生之其中較高者,並按個別資產基別資產所產至之,在此情況下將獨立於入一個之現金產生單位釐定可收回金額。

減值虧損只有在一項資產之賬面值超過其可收回金額時方會確認。在估計使用價值時,利用税前折現率(反映貨幣時間價值之目前市場估值及資產特定風險)將預計未來現金流折現至現值。減值虧損於其產生期間在損益賬內中減值資產功能一致之該等開支類別中扣除。

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3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Impairment of non-financial assets (Continued)

An assessment is made at the end of each reporting period as to whether there is an indication that previously recognised impairment losses may no longer exist or may have decreased. If such an indication exists, the recoverable amount is estimated. A previously recognised impairment loss of an asset other than goodwill is reversed only if there has been a change in the estimates used to determine the recoverable amount of that asset, but not to an amount higher than the carrying amount that would have been determined (net of any depreciation/amortisation) had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset in prior years. A reversal of such an impairment loss is credited to profit or loss in the period in which it arises.

Related parties

A party is considered to be related to the Group if:

- (a) the party is a person or a close member of that person's family and that person
 - (i) has control or joint control over the Group;
 - (ii) has significant influence over the Group; or
 - (iii) is a member of the key management personnel of the Group or of a parent of the Group;

or

- (b) the party is an entity where any of the following conditions applies:
 - the entity and the Group are members of the same group;
 - (ii) one entity is an associate or joint venture of the other entity (or of a parent, subsidiary or fellow subsidiary of the other entity);
 - (iii) the entity and the Group are joint ventures of the same third party;
 - (iv) one entity is a joint venture of a third entity and the other entity is an associate of the third entity;

3. 主要會計政策概要(續)

非金融資產減值(續)

關連人士

若出現以下情況,有關人士會被視為與 本集團有關連:

- (a) 該有關人士為任何人士或其家族 之親密成員,而該人士
 - (i) 控制或共同控制本集團;
 - (ii) 對本集團有重大影響;或
 - (iii) 為本集團或其母公司主要管 理層成員;

或

- (b) 有關人士為符合下列任何條件之 實體:
 - (i) 該實體與本集團屬同一集團 之成員公司;
 - (ii) 某實體為另一實體(或另一實體之母公司、附屬公司或同系附屬公司)之聯營公司或合營企業;
 - (iii) 該實體與本集團為同一第三 方之合營企業;
 - (iv) 某實體為第三方實體之合營 企業,而另一實體為第三方 實體之聯營公司;

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3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Related parties (Continued)

- (b) (Continued)
 - the entity is a post-employment benefit plan for the benefit of employees of either the Group or an entity related to the Group;
 - (vi) the entity is controlled or jointly controlled by a person identified in (a);
 - (vii) a person identified in (a)(i) has significant influence over the entity or is a member of the key management personnel of the entity (or of a parent of the entity); and
 - (viii) the entity, or any member of a group of which it is a part, provides key management personnel services to the Group or to the parent of the Group.

Property, plant and equipment and depreciation

Property, plant and equipment are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and any impairment losses. The cost of an item of property, plant and equipment comprises its purchase price and any directly attributable costs of bringing the asset to its working condition and location for its intended use.

Expenditure incurred after items of property, plant and equipment have been put into operation, such as repairs and maintenance, is normally charged to profit or loss in the period in which it is incurred. In situations where the recognition criteria are satisfied, the expenditure for a major inspection is capitalised in the carrying amount of the asset as a replacement. Where significant parts of property, plant and equipment are required to be replaced at intervals, the Group recognises such parts as individual assets with specific useful lives and depreciates them accordingly.

3. 主要會計政策概要(續)

關連人士(續)

- (b) (續)
 - (v) 該實體為本集團或與本集 團有關連之實體就僱員利益 設立之離職後福利計劃:
 - (vi) 該實體受(a)所定義人士控制 或共同控制;
 - (vii) 於(a)(i)所定義人士對該實體 有重大影響力或屬該實體 (或該實體之母公司)之主要 管理層成員:及
 - (viii) 該實體或任何集團成員為本 集團或本集團之母集團提供 主要管理層成員。

物業、機器及設備及折舊

物業、機器及設備乃以成本值減累計 折舊及任何減值虧損入賬。物業、機 器及設備項目之成本值包括其購買價及 促使資產達至其擬定用途之營運狀況 及地點之任何直接應佔成本。

物業、機器及設備項目開始運作後產生之支出(例如維修及保養)通常於產生開支期間於損益中扣除於。。資本產品的人類,大型檢查費用將於資本與所有產數,到作重置及設備需要,則與大部分數,機有特別,與會於一個別資產,並據此計算折舊。

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3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Property, plant and equipment and depreciation (Continued)

Depreciation is calculated on the straight-line basis to write off the cost of each item of property, plant and equipment to its residual value over the following estimated useful life. The principal annual rates used for this purpose are as follows:

Freehold land	Not depreciated
Leasehold land	Over the remaining lease terms
Buildings	Over the remaining lease terms
	or 2% to 10%
Plant, machinery, equipment	14% to 33%
and winery equipment	
Furniture and fixtures	18% to 33%
Computer equipment	18% to 33%
Motor vehicles	18% to 20%
Leasehold improvements	Over the remaining lease terms
	or five vears

Where parts of an item of property, plant and equipment have different useful lives, the cost of that item is allocated on a reasonable basis among the parts and each part is depreciated separately. Residual values, useful lives and the depreciation method are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at least at each financial year end.

An item of property, plant and equipment including any significant part initially recognised is derecognised upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected from its use or disposal. Any gain or loss on disposal or retirement recognised in profit or loss in the year the asset is derecognised is the difference between the net sales proceeds and the carrying amount of the relevant asset.

3. 主要會計政策概要(續)

物業、機器及設備及折舊(續)

折舊乃按各項物業、機器及設備之以下 估計可用年期以直線法計算,以撇銷 其成本至剩餘價值。就此所採用之主 要年率如下:

永久業權土地 租賃土地	不予折舊 餘下租期
樓宇	餘下租期或
	2%至10%
廠房、機器、	14%至33%
設備及酒品設備	
傢俬及裝置	18%至33%
電腦設備	18%至33%
汽車	18%至20%
租賃物業裝修	餘下租期或5年

倘一項物業、機器及設備項目之有關部分存在不同可用年期,則該項目之成本值將按合理基準在有關部分內分配,而每部分則作獨立折舊處理。剩餘價值、可用年期及折舊方法將至少在每個財政年度結算日進行檢討及調整(如適用)。

物業、機器及設備項目包括任何已首次確認之重要部分在出售或在預計其時 用或出售不會帶來未來經濟利益時終 止確認。於資產終止確認的年度於損 益中確認之資產出售或棄用之收益 虧損為有關資產之出售所得款項淨額 與賬面值之差額。

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3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Investment property

Investment property is an interest in land and buildings (including the leasehold interest under an operating lease for a property which would otherwise meet the definition of an investment property) held to earn rental income and/or for capital appreciation, rather than for use in the production or supply of goods or services or for administrative purposes; or for sale in the ordinary course of business. Such property is measured initially at cost, including transaction costs. Subsequent to initial recognition, such investment property is stated at fair value, which reflects market conditions at the end of the reporting period.

Gains or losses arising from changes in the fair value of an investment property are included in profit or loss in the year in which they arise.

Any gains or losses on the retirement or disposal of an investment property are recognised in profit or loss in the year of the retirement or disposal.

Non-current assets and disposal groups held for sale

Non-current assets and disposal groups are classified as held for sale if their carrying amounts will be recovered principally through a sales transaction rather than through continuing use. For this to be the case, the asset or disposal group must be available for immediate sale in its present condition subject only to terms that are usual and customary for the sale of such assets or disposal groups and its sale must be highly probable. All assets and liabilities of a subsidiary classified as a disposal group are reclassified as held for sale regardless of whether the Group retains a non-controlling interest in its former subsidiary after the sale.

Non-current assets and disposal groups (other than investment properties and financial assets) classified as held for sale are measured at the lower of their carrying amounts and fair values less costs to sell. Property, plant and equipment and intangible assets classified as held for sale are not depreciated or amortised.

3. 主要會計政策概要(續)

投資物業

投資物業公平值變動所產生之收益或虧損計入所產生年度之損益。

棄用或出售投資物業時產生之任何盈虧乃於棄用或出售年度於損益中確認。

持作出售之非流動資產及出售 集團

分類為持作出售之非流動資產及出售 集團(不包括投資物業及金融資產)乃 按其賬面值及公平值兩者中之較低者 減出售成本計量。分類為持作出售之 物業、機器及設備,以及無形資產不予 折舊或攤銷。

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3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Intangible assets (other than goodwill)

Intangible assets acquired separately are measured on initial recognition at cost. The cost of intangible assets acquired in a business combination is the fair value at the date of acquisition. The useful lives of intangible assets are assessed to be either finite or indefinite. Intangible assets with finite lives are subsequently amortised over the economic useful life and assessed for impairment whenever there is an indication that the intangible asset may be impaired. The amortisation period and the amortisation method for an intangible asset with a finite useful life are reviewed at least at each financial year end.

Intangible assets with indefinite useful lives are tested for impairment annually either individually or at the cash-generating unit level. Such intangible assets are not amortised. The useful life of an intangible asset with an indefinite useful life is reviewed annually to determine whether the indefinite useful life assessment continues to be supportable. If not, the change in the useful life assessment from indefinite to finite is accounted for on a prospective basis.

Winery permit

Winery permit is assessed to have an indefinite useful life and is measured at cost less any accumulated impairment losses.

Trademarks

Trademarks acquired are assessed to have indefinite useful lives and are measured at cost less any accumulated impairment losses.

Golf club membership

Golf club membership is assessed to have an indefinite useful life and is measured at cost less any accumulated impairment losses.

Customer list

Purchased customer list is stated at cost less any impairment losses and is amortised on the straight-line basis over its estimated useful life of 10 years.

3. 主要會計政策概要(續)

無形資產(商譽除外)

具無限可使用年期之無形資產按個別 或現金產生單位之水平每年進行減值 測試。該等無形資產並不予以攤銷。 無限可使用年期之無形資產之可使用 年期會每年檢討,以釐定是否仍然 合評估為無限可使用年期。倘不適用 則可使用年期之評估自此由 期更改為按有限年期計量。

酒品許可證

酒品許可證獲評估為具有無限可使用 年期,並按成本減任何累計減值虧損 計量。

商標

所收購的商標獲評估為具有無限可使 用年期,並按成本減任何累計減值虧 損計量。

高爾夫球會籍

高爾夫球會籍獲評估為具有無限可使 用年期,並按成本減任何累計減值虧 損計量。

客戶名單

所購買客戶名單按成本減任何減值虧 損列賬,並按其估計可使用年期十年以 直線法攤銷。

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3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT **ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)**

Operating leases

Leases where substantially all the rewards and risks of ownership of assets remain with the lessor are accounted for as operating leases. Where the Group is the lessor, assets leased by the Group operating leases are included in non-current assets, and rentals receivable under the operating leases are credited to the profit or loss on the straight-line basis over the lease terms. Where the Group is the lessee, rentals payable under the operating leases net of any incentives received from the lessor are charged to profit net of any incentives received from the lessor or loss on the straight-line basis over the lease terms.

Prepaid land lease payments under operating leases are initially stated at cost and subsequently recognised on the straight-line basis over the lease terms.

Vines

Vines are biological assets and are measured at initial recognition and at each financial year end date at their fair values less costs to sell. The fair values of vines are determined either with reference to a valuation performed by an external valuer, or market prices in the neighbouring regions as determined by the directors. Gains or losses arising from changes in the fair values of vines less costs to sell are recognised in profit or loss in the year in which they arise.

Investments and other financial assets

Initial recognition and measurement

Financial assets are classified, at initial recognition, as loans and receivables. When financial assets are recognised initially, they are measured at fair value, plus transaction costs that are attributable to the acquisition of the financial assets.

All regular way purchases and sales of financial assets are recognised on the trade date, that is, the date that the Group commits to purchase or sell the asset. Regular way purchases or sales are purchases or sales of financial assets that require delivery of assets within the period generally established by regulation or convention in the marketplace.

The Group's financial assets include cash and cash balances, amount due from a related company, trade receivables and deposits and other receivables.

3. 主要會計政策概要(續)

經營租約

經營租約乃指資產擁有權絕大部分回 報與風險仍歸屬於出租人之租約。若 本集團為出租人,則本集團根據經營租 約租賃之資產計入非流動資產,而經 營租約項下應收之租金於租期內按直 線法計入損益賬。若本集團為承租人, 則經營租約下之應付租金(扣除自出租 人收取之任何獎勵金額)於租期內按直 線法從溢利(扣除自出租人收取之任何 獎勵金額)或虧損中扣減。

經營租約項下預付土地租賃付款初步 按成本列賬及隨後於租期內按直線法 確認。

葡萄樹

葡萄樹乃生物資產,於首次確認時及於 各財政年度結算日按其公平值減出售 成本計量。葡萄樹之公平值乃參照外 部估值師進行之估值或董事所釐定鄰 近地區之市場定價而釐定。葡萄樹公 平值變動減銷售成本產生之損益於其 產生年度之損益確認。

投資及其他金融資產

首次確認及計量

金融資產於初始確認時可分類為貸款 及應收款項。金融資產於首次確認時 按公平值計量,另加收購金融資產應 佔之交易成本。

所有正常途徑之金融資產購買及出售均 於交易日確認,即本集團購買或出售資 產當日。以正常途徑購買或出售是指, 須於市場規定或慣例一般訂立之期間 內交付資產之金融資產購買或出售。

本集團的金融資產包括現金及現金結 餘、應收一間關連公司款項、應收貿易 賬款以及按金及其他應收款項。

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3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Investments and other financial assets (Continued)

Subsequent measurement of loans and receivables

Loans and receivables are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market. After initial measurement, such assets are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method less any allowance for impairment. Amortised cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and includes fees or costs that are an integral part of the effective interest rate. The effective interest rate amortisation is included in profit or loss. The loss arising from impairment is recognised in profit or loss in finance costs for loans and in other expenses for receivables.

Derecognition of financial assets

A financial asset (or, where applicable, a part of a financial asset or part of a group of similar financial assets) is primarily derecognised (i.e., removed from the Group's consolidated statement of financial position) when:

- the rights to receive cash flows from the asset have expired; or
- the Group has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from the asset, or has assumed an obligation to pay the received cash flows in full without material delay to a third party under a "pass-through" arrangement; and either (a) the Group has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, or (b) the Group has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, but has transferred control of the asset.

When the Group has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from an asset or has entered into a pass-through arrangement, it evaluates if and to what extent it has retained the risk and rewards of ownership of the asset. When it has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset nor transferred control of the asset, the Group continues to recognise the transferred asset to the extent of the Group's continuing involvement. In that case, the Group also recognises an associated liability. The transferred asset and the associated liability are measured on a basis that reflects the rights and obligations that the Group has retained.

3. 主要會計政策概要(續)

投資及其他金融資產(續)

貸款及應收款項之其後計量

終止確認金融資產

金融資產(或(如適用)一項金融資產之一部分或一組同類金融資產之一部分) 主要在下列情況下將終止確認(即自本 集團綜合財務狀況報表移除):

- 收取資產所得現金流量之權利已經屆滿;或
- 本集團已轉讓其收取資產所得現金流量之權利,或根據一項「轉付」安排,在未有嚴重延緩之情況下,已承擔將所收取現金流量量數支付予第三方之責任:及(a) 數支付予第三方之責極之絕大學國民國報,或(b)本集團已轉讓該項資產之絕大資產之經,但已轉讓該項資產之控制權。

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3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Derecognition of financial assets (Continued)

Continuing involvement that takes the form of a guarantee over the transferred asset is measured at the lower of the original carrying amount of the asset and the maximum amount of consideration that the Group could be required to repay.

Impairment of financial assets

The Group assesses at the end of each reporting period whether there is objective evidence that a financial asset or a group of financial assets is impaired. An impairment exists if one or more events that occurred after the initial recognition of the asset have an impact on the estimated future cash flows of the financial asset or the group of financial assets that can be reliably estimated. Evidence of impairment may include indications that a debtor or a group of debtors is experiencing significant financial difficulty, default or delinquency in interest or principal payments, the probability that they will enter bankruptcy or other financial reorganisation and observable data indicating that there is a measurable decrease in the estimated future cash flows, such as changes in arrears or economic conditions that correlate with defaults.

Financial assets carried at amortised cost

For financial assets carried at amortised cost, the Group first assesses whether impairment exists individually for financial assets that are individually significant, or collectively for financial assets that are not individually significant. If the Group determines that no objective evidence of impairment exists for an individually assessed financial asset, whether significant or not, it includes the asset in a group of financial assets with similar credit risk characteristics and collectively assesses them for impairment. Assets that are individually assessed for impairment and for which an impairment loss is, or continues to be, recognised are not included in a collective assessment of impairment.

The amount of any impairment loss identified is measured as the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows (excluding future credit losses that have not yet been incurred). The present value of the estimated future cash flows is discounted at the financial asset's original effective interest rate (i.e., the effective interest rate computed at initial recognition).

3. 主要會計政策概要(續)

終止確認金融資產(續)

以擔保的形式持續參與已轉移資產,乃 按資產原賬面值及本集團可能被要求 償還的最高代價金額的較低者計量。

金融資產減值

以攤銷成本列賬之金融資產

任何已識別減值虧損金額按資產賬面值及估計未來現金流量之現值之差額計量(不包括尚未產生之未來信貸虧損)。估計未來現金流量現值按該項金融資產之初始實際利率(即首次確認時所計算之實際利率)進行折現。

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3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Impairment of financial assets (Continued)

Financial assets carried at amortised cost (Continued)

The carrying amount of the asset is reduced through the use of an allowance account and the loss is recognised in profit or loss. Interest income continues to be accrued on the reduced carrying amount using the rate of interest used to discount the future cash flows for the purpose of measuring the impairment loss. Loans and receivables together with any associated allowance are written off when there is no realistic prospect of future recovery and all collateral has been realised or has been transferred to the Group.

If, in a subsequent period, the amount of the estimated impairment loss increases or decreases because of an event occurring after the impairment was recognised, the previously recognised impairment loss is increased or reduced by adjusting the allowance amount. If a write-off is later recovered, the recovery is credited to profit or loss.

Financial liabilities

Initial recognition and measurement

Financial liabilities are classified, at initial recognition, as loans and borrowings, as appropriate.

All financial liabilities are recognised initially at fair value and, in case of loans and borrowings, net of directly attributable transaction costs.

The Group's financial liabilities include trade payables, accruals and other payables, amounts due to non-controlling shareholders, the immediate holding company and related companies, interest-bearing bank and other borrowings, and loans from a related company and a non-controlling shareholder.

Subsequent measurement of loans and borrowings

After initial recognition, interest-bearing loans and borrowings are subsequently measured at amortised cost, using the effective interest rate method unless the effect of discounting would be immaterial, in which case they are stated at cost. Gains and losses are recognised in profit or loss when the liabilities are derecognised as well as through the effective interest rate amortisation process.

Amortised cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and fees or costs that are an integral part of the effective interest rate. The effective interest rate amortisation is included in finance costs in profit or loss.

3. 主要會計政策概要(續)

金融資產減值(續)

以攤銷成本列賬之金融資產(續)

資產賬面值透過使用一個撥備賬戶進行扣減,而虧損則於損益賬內確認以為計算減值虧損,利息收入會繼續以以,利率累計。若日後收回不可實現,且所有抵押品已變現或已轉至本集團所有抵銷該貸款及應收款項連同任何相關撥備。

倘於其後期間,由於減值確認後發生之事件,估計減值虧損金額增加或減少,過往確認之減值虧損會因調整撥備賬而增減。倘撇銷之款項可收回,則收回之款項會計入損益賬。

金融負債

首次確認及計量

金融負債於首次確認時分類為貸款及借貸(如適用)。

所有金融負債首次按公平值確認,而就 貸款及借貸而言則扣除直接應佔之交 易成本。

本集團之金融負債包括應付貿易賬款、 應計負債及其他應付款、應付非控股 股東、直接控股公司及關連公司款項、 計息銀行及其他借貸以及由一間關連公 司及一名非控股股東提供之貸款。

貸款及借貸其後計量

首次確認後,計息貸款及借貸其後會以實際利率法按攤銷成本計量,惟倘折現效果並不重大,則會按成本列賬。當負債終止確認及已透過實際利率法攤銷時,收益及虧損會於損益賬中確認。

攤銷成本之計算已計及任何收購折扣 或溢價,包括屬於實際利率一部分之費 用或成本。實際利率攤銷會計入損益 賬之財務費用內。

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3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Derecognition of financial liabilities

A financial liability is derecognised when the obligation under the liability is discharged or cancelled, or expires.

When an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as a derecognition of the original liability and a recognition of a new liability, and the difference between the respective carrying amounts is recognised in profit or loss.

Offsetting of financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the statement of financial position if there is a currently enforceable legal right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, or to realise the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously.

Inventories

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost is determined on a specific identification basis, and in the case of work in progress and finished goods, comprises direct materials, direct labour and an appropriate portion of overheads. Net realisable value is based on estimated selling prices less any further costs expected to be incurred to disposal.

Properties under development

Properties under development intended for sale are classified as current assets and stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Costs comprise the cost of land, development expenditure, other directly attributable costs and borrowing costs capitalised during the development period. Net realisable value is based on estimated selling prices by management on an individual property basis less any estimated costs to be incurred to completion and costs to be incurred in selling the property.

Once the construction or developments of these properties are completed, these properties are reclassified to the appropriate category of assets.

3. 主要會計政策概要(續)

終止確認金融負債

金融負債於負債責任解除、取消或屆滿時終止確認。

如現有金融負債被另一項由同一借貸 人提供而條款絕大部分不同之負債所 取代,或現有負債之條款被大幅修訂, 則有關取替或修訂會被視為終止確認 原有負債及確認新負債,而相關賬面值 之差額於損益賬內確認。

抵銷金融工具

僅在有現有合法權力抵銷確認金額及 有意按淨額基準結算,或計劃同時變 現資產及償還負債之情況下,金融資 產及金融負債方可抵銷,淨額會呈報在 財務狀況報表內。

存貨

存貨按成本值及可變現淨值兩者間之較低者列賬。成本按特定成本之基準釐定,如屬在製品及製成品,則包括直接物料、直接工資及適當比例之經常性開支。可變現淨值則基於估計出售價格減去任何預計出售將產生之成本而釐定。

發展中物業

擬出售之發展中物業分類為流動資產。 並按成本及可變現淨值之較低者入其他成本包括土地成本、發展開支、其他他 接歸屬成本及於開發期間資本化是 質成本。可變現淨值乃根據管理 於獨立物業基準作出之估計度 所落成將予產生之估計成本及。 業將予產生之成本而計算得出。

倘完成該等物業之建設或發展,該等 物業將重新分類至資產之合適類別。

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3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Cash and cash equivalents

For the purpose of the consolidated statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and demand deposits, and short term highly liquid investments that are readily convertible into known amounts of cash, are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value, and have a short maturity of generally within three months when acquired, less bank overdrafts which are repayable on demand and form an integral part of the Group's cash management.

For the purpose of the consolidated statement of financial position, cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and at banks, including term deposits, and assets similar in nature to cash, which are not restricted as to use.

Provisions

A provision is recognised when a present obligation (legal or constructive) has arisen as a result of a past event and it is probable that a future outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation, provided that a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

When the effect of discounting is material, the amount recognised for a provision is the present value at the end of the reporting period of the future expenditures expected to be required to settle the obligation. The increase in the discounted present value amount arising from the passage of time is included in finance costs in profit or loss.

Income tax

Income tax comprises current and deferred tax. Income tax relating to items recognised outside profit or loss is recognised outside profit or loss, either in other comprehensive income or directly in equity.

Current tax assets and liabilities are measured at the amount expected to be recovered from or paid to the taxation authorities, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period, taking into consideration interpretations and practices prevailing in the countries in which the Group operates.

Deferred tax is provided, using the liability method, on all temporary differences at the end of the reporting period between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts for financial reporting purposes.

3. 主要會計政策概要(續)

現金及現金等值

編製綜合現金流量表所用之現金及現金等值,包括手頭現金和活期存款,假以及可隨時兑換成已知金額現金、價值變動風險極低且自購入時一般為期三個月減應要求償還之銀行透支及屬於本集團現金管理一部分之短期高流動性投資。

就綜合財務狀況報表而言,現金及現金等值包括用途不受限制之手頭現金及銀行現金,包括定期存款及性質等同現金之資產。

撥備

倘由於過往事件引致目前出現債務(法定或推定),而該等債務可能導致日後資源流出以清償債務,並能夠可靠估計負債金額時,撥備會被確認。

倘折現影響屬重大,就撥備而確認之 金額為預期清償債務所需未來開支於 報告期末之現值。因時間過去而引致 之折現現值之增加會計入損益賬之財 務費用內。

所得税

所得税包括本期及遞延税項。與並非 於損益賬確認之項目有關之所得税不 會於損益確認,而會在其他全面收入 或直接於權益中確認。

本期税項資產及負債按預期獲稅務機構退回或向稅務機構支付之款項計算。 計算乃基於報告期末已實行或已實際執行之稅率(及稅法),亦考慮本集團經營所在國家現行之詮釋及慣例。

遞延税項於報告期末按負債法就資產 及負債税基與財務報告所示賬面值之 所有暫時差額撥備。

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3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Income tax (Continued)

Deferred tax liabilities are recognised for all taxable temporary differences, except:

- when the deferred tax liability arises from the initial recognition of goodwill or an asset or liability in a transaction that is not a business combination and, at the time of the transaction, affects neither the accounting profit nor taxable profit or loss; and
- in respect of taxable temporary differences associated with investments in subsidiaries, when the timing of the reversal of the temporary differences can be controlled and it is probable that the temporary differences will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

Deferred tax assets are recognised for all deductible temporary differences, the carryforward of unused tax credits and any unused tax losses. Deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which the deductible temporary differences, the carryforward of unused tax credits and unused tax losses can be utilised, except:

- when the deferred tax asset relating to the deductible temporary differences arises from the initial recognition of an asset or liability in a transaction that is not a business combination and, at the time of the transaction, affects neither the accounting profit nor taxable profit or loss; and
- in respect of deductible temporary differences associated with investments in subsidiaries, deferred tax assets are only recognised to the extent that it is probable that the temporary differences will reverse in the foreseeable future and taxable profit will be available against which the temporary differences can be utilised.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at the end of each reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available to allow all or part of the deferred tax asset to be utilised. Unrecognised deferred tax assets are reassessed at the end of each reporting period and are recognised to the extent that it has become probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available to allow all or part of the deferred tax asset to be recovered.

3. 主要會計政策概要(續)

所得税(續)

除下列情況外,遞延税項負債會就所 有應課税暫時差額進行確認:

- 倘遞延税項負債因首次確認商譽或非業務合併交易之資產或負債而產生,且於交易時不會影響會計溢利或應課税溢利或虧損;及
- 就於附屬公司之投資相關應課税 暫時差額而言,暫時差額之撥回 時間可控制,且於可見未來應不 會撥回暫時差額。

遞延税項資產於所有應課税暫時性差 異、未動用稅務抵免及任何未動用稅 預虧損結轉中確認。倘可能有應課稅 益利可供抵銷應課稅暫時性差異、未 動用稅務抵免及未動用稅項虧損結轉 可動用時,則會確認遞延稅項資產, 惟下列情況除外:

- 倘遞延税項資產有關首次確認非業務合併交易之資產或負債所產生之應課税暫時性差異,且於交易當時不影響會計溢利或應課稅溢利或虧損;及
- 就於附屬公司之投資相關之應課 税暫時性差異而言,遞延稅項資 產僅於可見未來可能撥回暫時差 額,且有應課稅溢利以供抵銷可 動用暫時差額時確認。

遞延税項資產賬面值於各報告期末檢討,並扣減至不再有足夠應課稅溢資抵銷全部或部分將動用遞延稅項資產為止。相反,如有足夠應課稅溢利以供抵銷全部或部分將收回遞延稅項資產,則會於各報告期末重新評估未確認之遞延稅項資產並進行確認。

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3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Income tax (Continued)

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply to the period when the asset is realised or the liability is settled, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

Deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities are offset if and only if the Group has a legally enforceable right to set off current tax assets and current tax liabilities and the deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities relate to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority on either the same taxable entity or different taxable entities which intend either to settle current tax liabilities and assets on a net basis, or to realise the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously, in each future period in which significant amounts of deferred tax liabilities or assets are expected to be settled or recovered.

Government grants

Government grants are recognised at their fair values where there is reasonable assurance that the grant will be received and all attaching conditions will be complied with. When the grant relates to an expense item, it is recognised as income on a systematic basis over the periods that the costs, which it is intended to compensate, are expensed.

Revenue recognition

Revenue is recognised when it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Group and when the revenue can be measured reliably, on the following bases:

- handling fee income from factoring services, when the relevant services have been rendered;
- (b) revenues from the sale of goods or en primeur, when the significant risks and rewards of ownership have been transferred to the buyer, provided that the Group maintains neither managerial involvement to the degree usually associated with ownership, nor effective control over the goods sold;
- revenues from sale of magazines, on the date of delivery, net of allowances for unsold copies which may be returned;

3. 主要會計政策概要(續)

所得税(續)

遞延税項資產及負債按預期適用於變現資產或清償負債期間之稅率,且基於報告期末已生效或實際生效之稅率(及稅法)計算。

政府補助

倘能合理確定將可收取政府補助並符合所有附帶條件,則按公平值確認政府補助。倘補助與開支項目有關,則會有系統地在擬補貼的成本支銷期間確認補助為收入。

收入確認

倘經濟利益可能流向本集團,而收入能 可靠計量,則按以下基準確認收入:

- (a) 提供有關保理服務所得之手續費 收入;
- (b) 銷售貨品或期酒所得營業額,乃 於擁有權之重大風險及回報均轉 予買家及本集團對該等項目已沒 有任何保留一般視為與擁有權相 關之管理權或對已售貨品之有效 控制權後方可確認;
- (c) 於交付日期之銷售雜誌所得收入 (扣除可能退貨之未出售雜誌之撥 備);

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3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Revenue recognition (Continued)

- advertising income, upon the publication of the edition in which the relevant advertisement is placed;
- (e) property management and storage fee income, on a time proportion basis over the lease terms when the relevant services have been rendered:
- (f) rental income, on a time proportion basis over the lease terms;
- (g) revenue from restaurant operations, when the catering services have been provided to customers; and
- (h) interest income, on an accrual basis using the effective interest method by applying the rate that exactly discounts the estimated future cash receipts over the expected life of the financial instrument or a shorter period, where appropriate, to the net carrying amount of the financial asset.

Share-based payment transactions

The Company operates share option schemes for the purpose of providing incentives and rewards to eligible participants including directors of the Company, employees of the Group and others providing similar services, who contribute to the success of the Group's operations. Employees (including directors) of the Group receive remuneration in the form of share-based payments, whereby employees render services as consideration for equity instruments ("equity-settled transactions").

The cost of equity-settled transactions with eligible participants is measured by reference to the fair value at the date at which they are granted. The fair value is determined by an external valuer using a binomial model.

The cost of equity-settled transactions is recognised in employee benefit expense, together with a corresponding increase in equity, over the period in which the performance and/or service conditions are fulfilled. The cumulative expense recognised for equity-settled transactions at the end of each reporting period until the vesting date reflects the extent to which the vesting period has expired and the Group's best estimate of the number of equity instruments that will ultimately vest. The charge or credit to profit or loss for a period represents the movement in the cumulative expense recognised as at the beginning and end of that period.

3. 主要會計政策概要(續)

收入確認(續)

- (d) 於相關廣告所投放之版面刊發時 之廣告營業額;
- (e) 提供有關服務所得之物業管理及 貯存費收入,按租期之時間比例 基準計算;
- (f) 租金收入,按租期以時間比例確認;
- (g) 向顧客提供餐飲服務後的餐廳營 運收入;及
- (h) 對於利息收入,以實際利息法按應計基準利用折現金融工具預計可用年期或更短期間(如適用)之估計未來現金流至金融資產賬面淨值之利率確認。

以股份支付款項之交易

本公司實施購股權計劃,以為本集團業務作出貢獻之合資格參與者(包括本公司董事、本集團僱員及其他提供類似服務的人士)提供激勵及獎勵。本集團僱員(包括董事)透過以股份支付款項之形式取得薪酬,據此僱員提供服務作為權益工具之對價(「權益結算交易」)。

合資格參與者之權益結算交易成本乃參 考交易授出當日之公平值計量。公平值 由外部估值師採用二項式模型確定。

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3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Share-based payment transactions (Continued)

Service and non-market performance conditions are not taken into account when determining the grant date fair value of awards, but the likelihood of the conditions being met is assessed as part of the Group's best estimate of the number of equity instruments that will ultimately vest. Market performance conditions are reflected within the grant date fair value. Any other conditions attached to an award, but without an associated service requirement, are considered to be nonvesting conditions. Non-vesting conditions are reflected in the fair value of an award and lead to an immediate expensing of an award unless there are also service and/or performance conditions.

For awards that do not ultimately vest because non-market performance and/or service conditions have not been met, no expense is recognised. Where awards include a market or non-vesting condition, the transactions are treated as vesting irrespective of whether the market or non-vesting condition is satisfied, provided that all other performance and/or service conditions are satisfied.

Where the terms of an equity-settled award are modified, as a minimum an expense is recognised as if the terms had not been modified, if the original terms of the award are met. In addition, an expense is recognised for any modification that increases the total fair value of the share-based payments, or is otherwise beneficial to the employee as measured at the date of modification.

Where an equity-settled award is cancelled, it is treated as if it had vested on the date of cancellation, and any expense not yet recognised for the award is recognised immediately. This includes any award where non-vesting conditions within the control of either the Group or the employee are not met. However, if a new award is substituted for the cancelled award, and is designated as a replacement award on the date that it is granted, the cancelled and new awards are treated as if they were a modification of the original award, as described in the previous paragraph.

The dilutive effect of outstanding options is reflected as additional share dilution in the computation of earnings per share.

3. 主要會計政策概要(續)

以股份支付款項之交易(續)

因非市場績效及/或服務條件未能達成而最終無賦予之獎勵並不確認為支出。凡獎勵包含市場或非賦予條件,無論市場條件或非賦予條件獲履行與否,而所有其他績效及/或服務條件均獲履行,則交易仍被視為一項賦予。

當權益結算獎勵條款作出修訂,若均符合初始獎勵條款,則至少按照條款未有修訂之情況確認開支。此外,倘任何修訂會導致以股份支付款項之交易之總公平值增加,或於修訂當日計算時對僱員有利,便會確認開支。

倘權益結算獎勵被取消,則視作已於 取消日期歸屬處理,而該獎勵之任何結 未確認開支則會立立。這包包括任何 有未達成在本集團或僱員控制範 之非歸屬條件之獎勵。然而,如有 對取代已取消的獎勵,並授 對被指定為替代獎勵,則已取消 的 數關被視為對初始獎勵的修訂(如前 段所述)。

尚未行使購股權之攤薄作用會於每股盈利計算中反映為額外股份攤薄。

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3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Other employee benefits

Retirement benefits schemes

The Group operates a defined contribution Mandatory Provident Fund retirement benefits scheme (the "MPF Scheme") under the Mandatory Provident Fund Schemes Ordinance for those employees who are eligible to participate in the MPF Scheme. Contributions are made based on a percentage of the employees' basic salaries and are charged to profit or loss as they become payable in accordance with the rules of the MPF Scheme. The assets of the MPF Scheme are held separately from those of the Group in an independently administered fund. The Group's employer contributions vest fully with the employees when contributed into the MPF Scheme.

The employees of the Group's subsidiaries which operate in Mainland China are required to participate in a central pension scheme operated by the local municipal government (the "Mainland Scheme"). The subsidiaries are required to contribute a percentage of the basic salaries of its employees to the Mainland Scheme to fund their retirement benefits obligations of all existing and future retired employees of the subsidiaries. The only obligation of the Group with respect to the Mainland Scheme is to pay the ongoing required contributions under the Mainland Scheme mentioned above. Contributions under the Mainland Scheme are charged to profit or loss as incurred as they become payable in accordance with the rules of the central pension scheme.

Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of qualifying assets, i.e., assets that necessarily take a substantial period of time to get ready for their intended use or sale, are capitalised as part of the cost of those assets. The reversionary yield of such borrowing costs ceases when the assets are substantially ready for their intended use or sale. Investment income earned on the temporary investment of specific borrowings pending their expenditure on qualifying assets is deducted from the borrowing costs capitalised. All other borrowing costs are expensed in the period in which they are incurred. Borrowing costs consist of interest and other costs that an entity incurs in connection with the borrowing of funds.

3. 主要會計政策概要(續)

其他僱員福利

退休福利計劃

本集團根據《強制性公積金計劃條例》 設有界定供款強制性公積金退休福 計劃(「強積金計劃」),對象為合積金 計劃(「強積金計劃」),。 最為強積金計劃之僱員 基條例,供款乃根據僱員基本付產金 基一百分比作出,並於到期應資產 基版獨立管理之基金,與本供款於 資強 分開持有。本集團之僱主供款於僱員 金計劃作出供款時全數歸屬於僱員

借貸成本

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3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Foreign currencies

These financial statements are presented in Hong Kong dollars, which is the Company's functional currency. Each entity in the Group determines its own functional currency and items included in the financial statements of each entity are measured using that functional currency. Foreign currency transactions recorded by the entities in the Group are initially recorded using their respective functional currency rates prevailing at the dates of the transactions. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the functional currency rates of exchange ruling at the end of the reporting period. Differences arising on settlement or translation of monetary items are recognised in profit or loss.

Non-monetary items that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rates at the dates of the initial transactions. Non-monetary items measured at fair value in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rates at the date when the fair value was measured. The gain or loss arising on translation of a non-monetary item measured at fair value is treated in line with the recognition of the gain or loss on change in fair value of the item (i.e., translation differences on the items whose fair value gain or loss is recognised in other comprehensive income or profit or loss, respectively).

The functional currencies of certain overseas subsidiaries are currencies other than the Hong Kong dollar. As at the end of the reporting period, the assets and liabilities of these entities are translated into Hong Kong dollars at the exchange rates prevailing at the end of the reporting period and their profit or loss are translated into Hong Kong dollars at the weighted average exchange rates for the year.

The resulting exchange differences are recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in the exchange translation reserve. On disposal of a foreign operation, the component of other comprehensive income relating to that particular foreign operation is recognised in profit or loss.

Any goodwill arising on the acquisition of a foreign operation and any fair value adjustments to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities arising on acquisition are treated as assets and liabilities of the foreign operation and translated at the closing rate.

For the purpose of the consolidated statement of cash flows, cash flows of overseas subsidiaries are translated into Hong Kong dollars at the exchange rates ruling at the dates of the cash flows. Frequently recurring cash flows of overseas subsidiaries which arise throughout the year are translated into Hong Kong dollars at the weighted average exchange rates for the year.

3. 主要會計政策概要(續)

外幣

此等財務報表均以本公司之功能貨幣港 元呈列。本集團旗下各公司有各自之功 能貨幣,各公司財務報表項目以功能貨幣 幣計算。本集團旗下各公司記錄之外幣 交易首先按交易日期各自之主要功能貨 幣匯率記錄。以外幣計值之貨幣資產 及負債於報告期末按主要功能貨產 率換算。貨幣項目之結算或匯兑差額 於損益賬確認。

按歷史成本列賬以外幣計值之非貨幣項目以原來交易日期之匯率換算項目以原來交易日期之匯率換幣公平值列賬以外幣計值之非貨幣。項目產生之收益或虧損損強確以項目產生之收益或虧損損強。方式處理(即於其他全面收入差額,以於其他全面收入或損益確認)。

若干海外附屬公司之功能貨幣並非港元。於報告期末,該等公司之資產及負債按報告末之主要匯率換算成港幣, 而其損益賬按該年度之加權平均匯率 換算成港元。

所產生之換算差額於其他全面收入中確認並累計入外匯換算儲備。如出售 一項外國業務,則與該特定外國業務 相關之其他全面收入部分會於損益賬 內確認。

收購外國業務所產生之任何商譽及收 購所產生的資產及負債賬面值之任何 公平值調整均被視為外國業務之資產 及負債並按收市匯率換算。

編製綜合現金流量表時,海外附屬公司之現金流會按現金流量日期之主要 匯率換算成港元。海外附屬公司於年內產生之持續現金流按該年之加權平均匯率換算成港元。

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4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS AND ESTIMATES

The preparation of the Group's financial statements requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of revenues, expenses, assets and liabilities, and their accompanying disclosures, and the disclosure of contingent liabilities. Uncertainty about these assumptions and estimates could result in outcomes that could require a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of the assets or liabilities affected in the future.

Judgements

In the process of applying the Group's accounting policies, management has made the following judgements, apart from those involving estimations, which have the most significant effect on the amounts recognised in the financial statements:

Operating lease commitments - Group as lessor

The Group has entered into commercial property leases on its investment property. The Group has determined, based on an evaluation of the terms and conditions of the arrangements, that it retains all the significant risks and rewards of ownership of these properties which are leased out on operating leases.

Classification between investment properties and owneroccupied properties

The Group determines whether a property qualifies as an investment property, and has developed criteria in making that judgement. Investment property is a property held to earn rentals or for capital appreciation or both. Therefore, the Group considers whether a property generates cash flows largely independently of the other assets held by the Group. Some properties comprise a portion that is held to earn rentals or for capital appreciation and another portion that is held for use in the production or supply of goods or services or for administrative purposes. If these portions could be sold separately or leased out separately under a finance lease, the Group accounts for these portions separately. If the portions could not be sold separately, the property is an investment property only if an insignificant portion is held for use in the production or supply of goods or services or for administrative purposes. Judgement is made on an individual property basis to determine whether ancillary services are so significant that a property does not qualify as an investment property.

4. 重大會計判斷及估計

編製本集團財務報表時,管理層須作出 可影響收支、資產及負債之呈報數額, 及其相關披露以及或然負債披露資料 之判斷、估計及假設。該等假設及估計 之不確定因素可能導致日後須大幅調 整受影響資產或負債之賬面值。

判斷

於應用本集團會計政策過程中,管理層 作出以下判斷,除該等涉及的估計外, 該等判斷對財務報表內之已確認金額 具有最重大影響:

經營租賃承諾 - 本集團作為出租人

本集團就旗下的投資物業訂立商業物業租賃。本集團認為,根據對有關安排的條款及條件的評估,本集團保留了透過經營租賃出租的該等物業的所有權的所有重大風險和回報。

投資物業和自用物業的劃分

本集團判斷物業是否符合投資物業的 條件,並已制定出此類判斷的標準。投 資物業指為賺取租金或資本升值或同 時為這兩個目的而持有的物業。因此, 本集團考慮一項物業產生的現金流是 否大部分獨立於本集團持有的其他資 產。若干物業的一部分是為賺取租金 或資本升值而持有,而另一部分是為用 於生產或提供商品或服務或行政用途 而持有。倘該等部分可以分開出售或 按融資租賃分開出租,則本集團對該 等部分分開進行會計處理。如果該等 部分不能分開出售,則只有在為用於生 產或提供商品或服務或行政用途而持 有的部分不重大的情况下,該物業才是 投資物業。本集團對各項物業作判斷, 決定配套服務是否重要以使物業並不 符合投資物業的資格。

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4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS AND ESTIMATES (Continued)

Estimation uncertainty

The key assumptions concerning the future and other key sources of estimation uncertainty at the end of the reporting period, that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year, are described below.

Estimation of fair value of investment property

Investment property was revalued at each reporting date during the year based on the appraised market value provided by independent professional valuers. Such valuations were based on certain assumptions, which are subject to uncertainty and might materially differ from the actual results. In making the estimation, the Group considers information from current prices/rental value in an active market for similar properties and uses assumptions that are mainly based on market conditions existing at each reporting date.

Impairment of trade receivables

The policy for provision for impairment of trade receivables of the Group is based on the evaluation of collectibility and ageing analysis of accounts and on management's estimation. A considerable amount of estimation is required in assessing the ultimate realisation of these receivables, including the current creditworthiness and the past collection history of each debtor. If the financial conditions of debtors were to deteriorate, resulting in an impairment of their ability to make payments, additional allowances may be required. Details of trade receivables are set out in note 21 to the financial statements.

Impairment of non-financial non-current assets (other than goodwill)

The Group assesses whether there are any indicators of impairment of all non-financial non-current assets at the end of each reporting period. Indefinite life intangible assets are tested for impairment annually and at other times when such an indicator exists. Other non-financial assets are tested for impairment when there are indicators that the carrying amounts may not be recoverable. An impairment exists when the carrying value of an asset or a cash-generating unit exceeds its recoverable amount, which is the higher of its fair value less costs of disposal and its value in use. The calculation of the fair value less costs of disposal is based on available data from binding sales transactions in an arm's length transaction of similar assets or observable market prices less incremental costs for disposing of the asset. When value in use is calculated to assess for impairment, management applies assumptions to prepare cash flow forecast, i.e., discount rate, growth rate for the asset or cash-generating unit to calculate the present value of those cash flows.

4. 重大會計判斷及估計(續)

估計之不確定因素

有關未來之主要假設及於報告期末之 其他主要估計不確定因素來源均涉及 重大風險,可導致下個財政年度內之資 產及負債賬面值作出重大調整,有關 假設及因素於下文敘述。

投資物業公平價值的估計

投資物業於年內各報告日期由獨立專業合格估值師按市場價值基準重估等有關估值乃根據若干假設作出,實際結果大為不同。於作出估計時,本集團考歷活躍市場上類似物業之現行價格/租值資料,並運用主要根據各報告日期之當前市況作出之假設。

應收貿易賬款減值

非金融非流動資產減值(商譽除外)

本集團會於各報告期末評估所有非金 融非流動資產有否出現任何減值跡象。 無固定年期的無形資產每年進行減值 測試, 並於出現減值跡象時另行測試。 當出現賬面值或不可被收回的跡象時, 則對其他非金融資產進行減值測試。 當資產賬面值或現金產生單位高於其 可收回金額時,則出現減值。可收回 金額為公平值減去出售成本與其使用 價值之較高者。公平值減去出售成本 乃根據來自類似資產或可觀察市價減 出售資產增量成本之公平交易之有約 束力銷售交易之可用數據計算。管理層 計算使用價值以評估減值時,會應用 假設編製現金流量預測,即資產折讓 率、增長率或現金產生單位,以計算該 等現金流量之現值。

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5. OPERATING SEGMENT INFORMATION

For management purposes, the Group is organised into business units based on their services and products, and has four reportable operating segments as follows:

- the property segment engages in property development and investment;
- (b) the winery and wine related segment engages in trading of wines, wine storage, operation of vineyards, operation of restaurants and publication of a wine magazine;
- (c) the factoring segment engages in the provision of factoring services; and
- (d) the financial investments segment engages in securities and derivative investment and trading and investment in financial instruments.

Management monitors the results of the Group's operating segments separately for the purpose of making decisions about resource allocation and performance assessment. Segment performance is evaluated based on reportable segment profit/ (loss), which is a measure of adjusted profit/(loss) before tax. The adjusted profit/(loss) before tax is measured consistently with the Group's profit before tax except that interest income on bank balances, corporate sundry income, finance costs, as well as corporate administrative expenses are excluded from such measurement.

Segment assets exclude deferred tax assets, cash and bank balances, and other unallocated head office and corporate assets as these assets are managed on a group basis.

Segment liabilities exclude tax payable, deferred tax liabilities and other unallocated head office and corporate liabilities as these liabilities are managed on a group basis.

Intersegment sales and transfers are transacted with reference to the selling prices used for sales made to third parties at the then prevailing market prices.

5. 營運分部資料

就管理目的而言,本集團按其服務及產品劃分業務單位,並有以下四個可予呈報之營運分部:

- (a) 物業分部從事物業發展及投資;
- (b) 酒品及酒品相關分部從事酒品貿易、酒品貯存、經營葡萄園、經營餐廳及出版酒品雜誌;
- (c) 保理分部提供保理服務;及
- (d) 金融投資分部從事證券及衍生工 具投資和買賣,以及投資於金融 工具。

管理層分開監察本集團營運分部之業績,以就資源分配及表現評估整計之。分部表現乃根據經門語整分的所述利/(虧損)而計算之可予呈調整分部。 溢利/(虧損)來作出評估團之於部 税前溢利/(虧損)與本集團之利愈 税前計量一致,惟銀行結餘之利愈 入企業雜項收入、財務費用及企業行 政開支不在此計量之內。

分部資產不包括遞延税項資產、現金 及銀行結餘,以及其他未分配之總部 及企業資產,原因是該等資產乃於集 團層面統一管理。

分部負債不包括應付税項、遞延税項 負債及其他未分配之總部及企業負債, 原因是該等負債乃於集團層面統一管 理。

分部間銷售及轉讓乃參考按當時普遍市價向第三方銷售之售價進行交易。

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5. OPERATING SEGMENT INFORMATION 5. 營運分部資料(續)

(Continued)

Year ended 30 June 2018

截至二零一八年六月三十日止年 度

		Property 物業 HK\$'000 千港元	Winery and wine related 酒品及 酒品相關 HK\$*000 千港元	Factoring 保理 HK\$'000 千港元	Financial investments 金融投資 HK\$'000 千港元	Eliminations 抵銷 HK\$'000 千港元	Consolidated 綜合 HK\$'000 千港元
Segment revenue: Sales to external customers Intersegment sales	分部營業額 : 銷售予外界客戶 分部間銷售	84,639 34,373	548,028 —	160,675 —	Ξ	_ (34,373)	793,342 —
Total	總計	119,012	548,028	160,675	-	(34,373)	793,342
Segment results: Reconciliation Unallocated other income Corporate administrative expenses Finance costs	分部業績: 對應 未分配之其他收入 企業行政開支 財務費用	1,891,896	154,289	140,088	(1,317)	(34,373)	2,150,583 74,330 (59,860) (335,484)
Profit before tax	除税前溢利						1,829,569
Segment assets Reconciliation Corporate and unallocated assets	分部資產 對賬 企業及未分配資產	31,262,425	2,620,266	3,588,525	14	-	37,471,230 300,359
Total assets	資產總值						37,771,589
Segment liabilities Reconciliation Corporate and unallocated liabilities	分部負債 <i>對賬</i> 企業及未分配負債	17,802,642	340,669	412,860	-	-	18,556,171 292,928
Total liabilities	負債總額						18,849,099
Other segment information: Depreciation Unallocated	其他分部資料 : 折舊 未分配	16,084	55,008	313	-	-	71,405 560
							71,965
Amortisation of intangible assets	無形資產攤銷	-	917	-	-	-	917
Amortisation of prepaid land lease payments	預付土地租賃款項攤銷	-	1,343	-		_	1,343
Additions to property, plant and equipment Unallocated	添置物業、機器及設備 未分配	13,308	3,885	580	-	-	17,773 192
							17,965
Increase in fair value of an investment property	投資物業之公平值增加	1,864,470	_	-	_	-	1,864,470
Additions to vines, net	添置葡萄樹淨額	-	5,125	_	_	-	5,125

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5. OPERATING SEGMENT INFORMATION 5. 營運分部資料(續)

(Continued)

Year ended 30 June 2017

截至二零一七年六月三十日止年 度

Price Pri			Property 物業 HK\$'000 千港元	Winery and wine related 酒品及 酒品相關 HK\$'000 千港元	Factoring 保理 HK\$'000 千港元	Financial investments 金融投資 HK\$'000 千港元	Eliminations 抵銷 HK\$'000 千港元	Consolidated 綜合 HK\$'000 干港元
Segment results: 分部業績: 2,312,462 168,265 77,936 (1,719) (18,638) 2,538 Reconciliation 対所 対所 大分配之其他收入 Corporate administrative expenses Finance costs 全行使限文 財務費用 168,265 77,936 (1,719) (18,638) 2,538 Segment assets Finance costs 分部資産 企業以未分配資産 28,609,367 2,841,414 3,910,856 14 - 35,361 Segment assets Reconciliation 分額費産 企業以未分配資産 15,808,198 1,511,195 625,124 - - - 17,944 Reconciliation Corporate and unallocated liabilities 分部負債 分類資産 企業以未分配負債 15,808,198 1,511,195 625,124 - - - 17,944 Reconciliation Corporate and unallocated liabilities 負債機額 15,808,198 1,511,195 625,124 - - - 17,944 Reconciliation Distribution 負債機額 15,808,198 1,511,195 625,124 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - <td>Sales to external customers</td> <td>銷售予外界客戶</td> <td></td> <td>550,779 —</td> <td>187,168 —</td> <td><u>-</u></td> <td>_ (18,638)</td> <td>760,087 —</td>	Sales to external customers	銷售予外界客戶		550,779 —	187,168 —	<u>-</u>	_ (18,638)	760,087 —
### Paconcilitation 対象 大分配之其他收入	Total	總計	40,778	550,779	187,168	-	(18,638)	760,087
Segment assets 分部資產 28,609,367 2,841,414 3,910,856 14 — 35,361 Reconciliation 對概 512 Total assets 資產總值 35,874 Segment liabilities 分部負債 15,808,198 1,511,195 625,124 — — 17,944 Reconciliation 對原 686 Corporate and unallocated liabilities 企業及未分配負債 686 Total liabilities 負債總額 18,631 Other segment information: 其他分部資料: 折舊 未分配 9,902 78,476 328 — — — 88 Amortisation of intangible assets 無形資產攤銷 — 910 — — — — Amortisation of prepaid land lease payments 預付土地租賃款項攤銷 — 910 — — — — 2 Additions to property, plant and equipment 添置物業、機器及設備 equipment — 2,345 — — — — 2 — — 28 Additions to property, plant and equipment 未分配 74,316 3,749 881 — — — — 78	Reconciliation Unallocated other income Corporate administrative expenses	<i>對賬</i> 未分配之其他收入 企業行政開支	2,312,462	168,265	77,936	(1,719)	(18,638)	2,538,306 32 (115,447) (71,724)
Reconciliation 對概 企業及未分配資產 512 Total assets 資產總值 35,874 Segment liabilities Reconcilitation 分部負債 15,808,198 1,511,195 625,124 - - 17,944 Total liabilities 負債總額 18,631 Other segment information: Depreciation 其他分部資料: 折舊 9,902 78,476 328 - - 88 Amortisation of intangible assets 無形資產攤銷 - 910 - - - - Amortisation of prepaid land lease payments 預付土地租賃款項攤銷 - 2,345 - - - 2 Additions to property, plant and equipment Unallocated 未分配 74,316 3,749 881 - - 78 Unallocated 未分配	Profit before tax	除税前溢利						2,351,167
Segment liabilities 分部負債 15,808,198 1,511,195 625,124 — — 17,944 Corporate and unallocated liabilities 企業及未分配負債 686 Total liabilities 負債總額 18,631 Other segment information: 其他分部資料: Depreciation Unallocated 折舊 9,902 78,476 328 — — 88 Amortisation of intangible assets 無形資產攤銷 — 910 — — — — Amortisation of prepaid land lease payments 預付土地租賃款項攤銷 — 2,345 — — — 2 Additions to property, plant and equipment Unallocated 添置物業、機器及設備 equipment Applicated 74,316 3,749 881 — — 78	Reconciliation	對賬	28,609,367	2,841,414	3,910,856	14	-	35,361,651 512,879
Reconcilitation Corporate and unallocated liabilities 對應 企業及未分配負債 Total liabilities 負債總額 18,631 Other segment information: Depreciation Unallocated 其他分部資料: 大育舊 9,902 78,476 328 - - 88 Amortisation of intangible assets 無形資產攤銷 - 910 - - - - Amortisation of prepaid land lease payments 預付土地租賃款項攤銷 payments - 2,345 - - - 2 Additions to property, plant and equipment unallocated 添置物業、機器及設備 equipment than and equip	Total assets	資產總值						35,874,530
Other segment information: 其他分部資料: Depreciation Unallocated 折舊	Reconciliation	對賬	15,808,198	1,511,195	625,124	-	_	17,944,517 686,932
Depreciation 折舊 9,902 78,476 328 88	Total liabilities	負債總額						18,631,449
Amortisation of intangible assets 無形資產攤銷	Depreciation	折舊	9,902	78,476	328	-	-	88,706 656
Amortisation of prepaid land lease 預付土地租賃款項攤銷 payments								89,362
payments - 2,345 2 Additions to property, plant and 家置物業、機器及設備 equipment 74,316 3,749 881 78 Unallocated 未分配	Amortisation of intangible assets	無形資產攤銷	_	910	_	_		910
equipment 74,316 3,749 881 78 Unallocated 未分配	· · ·	預付土地租賃款項攤銷	_	2,345	_	_		2,345
78	equipment		74,316	3,749	881	-	-	78,946 41
-								78,987
Increase in fair value of an 投資物業之公平值增加 investment property 2,321,708 2,321		投資物業之公平值增加	2,321,708	_	_	-	-	2,321,708
Additions to vines, net 添置葡萄樹淨額 - 4,998 4	Additions to vines, net	添置葡萄樹淨額	_	4,998	_	_	-	4,998

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5. 營運分部資料(續) 5. OPERATING SEGMENT INFORMATION

(Continued)

Geographical information

Revenue from external customers

地區資料

(a) 源自外界客戶之營業額

	2018 二零一八年 HK\$'000 千港元	2017 二零一七年 HK\$'000 千港元
Hong Kong 香港 Mainland China 中國內地 United States 美國 France 法國	207,707 566,761 14,450 4,424	336,169 403,541 16,534 3,843
	793,342	760,087

The revenue information above is based on the locations of the customers.

上述營業額資料乃以客戶所在地 為基準。

2017

2018

Non-current assets (b)

非流動資產

		二零一八年 HK\$ '000 千港元	二零一七年 HK\$'000 千港元
Hong Kong Mainland China United States France	香港 中國內地 美國 法國	17,282,241 1,669,412 319,822 119,562	15,372,816 1,662,203 328,418 117,337
		19,391,037	17,480,774

The non-current asset information above is based on the locations of the assets and excludes deferred tax assets.

上述非流動資產資料乃以資產所 在地為基準且不包括遞延税項資 產。

Information about major customers

During the year ended 30 June 2018, revenue of HK\$148,907,000 (2017: HK\$169,778,000) was derived from one customer (2017: one customer) in the factoring segment, and revenue of HK\$95,283,000 and HK\$84,396,000 (2017: HK\$189,853,000 and HK\$89,206,000) was derived from two customers (2017: two customers) in the winery and wine related segment.

主要客戶之資料

截至二零一八年六月三十日止年度,保 理分部的一名客戶(二零一七年:一名 客戶) 帶來營業額148,907,000港元(二 零一七年:169,778,000港元),而酒品 及酒品相關分部的兩名客戶(二零一十 年: 兩名客戶) 則帶來營業額95,283,000 港元及84,396,000港元(二零一七年: 189,853,000港元及89,206,000港元)。

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6. REVENUE, OTHER INCOME AND GAINS 6. 營業額、其他收入及收益

Revenue represents the aggregate of the value of services rendered; the net invoiced value of goods sold, after allowances for returns and discounts; and rental income received and receivable from an investment property during the year.

An analysis of revenue, and other income and gains is as follows:

營業額指所提供服務之價值總額:扣除 退貨及折扣之已售出貨物發票價值淨 額:及年內自投資物業已收及應收的租 金收入。

營業額與其他收入及收益分析如下:

		2018 二零一八年 HK\$'000 千港元	2017 二零一七年 HK\$'000 千港元
Revenue Sales of wine Handling fee income and interest income from factoring services Rental income Restaurant operations Storage fee income Property management fee income Publishing	營業額 酒路 酒店保理服務之手續費 收入及利息收入 租金廳營運 貯存費 實費收入 物業管理費用收入 出版	468,207 160,675 69,515 62,364 17,457 15,124	510,812 187,168 18,928 30,815 9,004 3,212 148
		793,342	760,087
Other income Bank interest income Government grant Others	其他收入 銀行利息收入 政府補貼 其他	68 3,696 1,862	32 — 3,222
		5,626	3,254
Other gains Gain on disposal of items of property, plant and equipment Gain on disposal of subsidiaries (note 35) Foreign exchange differences, net	其他收益 出售物業、機器及設備 項目之收益 出售附屬公司收益(附註35) 匯兑差額(淨值)	_ _ 74,261	2 5,036 —
		74,261	5,038
		79,887	8,292

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7. PROFIT BEFORE TAX

7. 除税前溢利

The Group's profit before tax is arrived at after charging/ (crediting):

本集團除稅前溢利乃經扣除/(計入)下 列項目後釐定:

	2018 二零一八年 HK\$'000 千港元	2017 二零一七年 HK\$'000 千港元
Cost of inventories sold** Cost of services provided** 已售存貨成本** 已提供服務成本**	194,575 —	177,020 25,629
Direct operating expenses arising from a rental-earning investment property** Depreciation of property, plant and	70,113	28,470
equipment (note 13) (附註13) Less: Amount included in inventory 減:計入存貨開支之金額	71,965	89,362
overheads	(4,859)	(4,797)
	67,106	84,565
Amortisation of intangible assets (note 16) 無形資產攤銷(附註16) Recognition of prepaid land lease payments 確認預付土地租賃款項	917	910
Recognition of prepaid land lease payments 確認預付土地租賃款項 (note 15) (附註15) Employee benefit expenses (including 值其和開支(包括董事酬金 directors' remuneration (note 9)): (附註9)):	1,343	2,345
Wages and salaries 工資及薪金	135,435	111,926
Equity-settled share option expense 權益支付購股權開支 Retirement benefits scheme contributions* 退休福利計劃供款*	271 5,879	5,829 2,317
Less: Amount capitalised 減:資本化金額	(17,391)	2,517
	124,194	120,072
Facility cotalled above cotain assessed to albeit 白甘州人次校益的老儿山立		
Equity-settled share option expense to other 向其他合資格參與者作出之 eligible participants 權益支付購股權開支	1,066	22,832
Minimum lease payments under operating 樓宇經營租約項下之		
leases in respect of buildings 最低租金 Auditor's remuneration 核數師酬金	16,110 4,207	12,981 3,860
Loss/(gain) on disposal of items of property, 出售物業、機器及設備項目之	4,207	3,000
plant and equipment, net 虧損/(收益)淨額	18	(2)
Write-off of items of property, plant and 撇銷物業、機器及設備項目 equipment	_	2
Foreign exchange differences, net	(74,261)	78,637

^{*} At 30 June 2018, the Group had no forfeited contributions available to reduce its contributions to the retirement benefits schemes in future years (2017: Nil).

^{**} These items are included in the "Cost of sales" on the face of the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income.

於二零一八年六月三十日,本集團並無可供扣減日後年度退休福利計劃供款之已沒收供款(二零一七年:無)。

^{**} 該等項目計入綜合損益及其他全面收入 報表「銷售成本」內。

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30 June 2018 二零一八年六月三十日

8. FINANCE COSTS

8. 財務費用

An analysis of finance costs is as follows:

財務費用分析如下:

	2018 二零一八年 HK\$'000 千港元	2017 二零一七年 HK\$'000 千港元
Interest on bank and other borrowings 銀行及其他借貸之利息 Less: Interest capitalised 滅:資本化利息	601,981 (477,733)	405,171 (333,447)
Finance costs on early redemption of bank 提前贖回銀行借貸之財務開支 borrowings	124,248 211,236	71,724
Donowings	335,484	71,724

9. DIRECTORS' REMUNERATION

9. 董事酬金

Directors' remuneration for the year, disclosed pursuant to the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on the Stock Exchange (the "Listing Rules"), section 383(1)(a), (b), (c) and (f) of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance and Part 2 of the Companies (Disclosure of Information about Benefits of Directors) Regulation, is as follows:

年內董事之酬金根據聯交所證券上市規則(「上市規則」)及香港公司條例第383(1)(a)、(b)、(c)及(f)條以及公司(披露董事利益資料)條例第2部分披露如下:

	2018 二零一八年 HK\$'000 千港元	2017 二零一七年 HK\$'000 千港元
Fees 泡金	880	755
Other emoluments: 其他酬金: Salaries, allowances and benefits in kind Equity-settled share option expense Retirement benefits scheme contributions 其他酬金: 薪金、津貼及實物福利 權益支付購股權開支 退休福利計劃供款	7,510 87 26	8,481 1,863 36
	7,623	10,380
	8,503	11,135

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9. DIRECTORS' REMUNERATION (Continued)

In prior years, certain directors were granted share options, in respect of their services to the Group under the share option schemes of the Company, further details of which are set out in note 32 to the financial statements. The fair value of such options, which is recognised in profit or loss over the vesting period, was determined as at the date of grant and the amount included in the financial statements for the current year is included in the above directors' remuneration disclosures.

(a) Independent non-executive directors

The fees paid to independent non-executive directors during the year were as follows:

9. 董事酬金(續)

於過往年度,若干董事就彼等於本集團之服務根據購股權計劃獲授予購股權,進一步詳情載於財務報表附註32。該等購股權之公平值(於歸屬期透過損益確認)乃於授出日期釐定,而財務報表所載的本年度金額列入上述董事酬金之披露。

(a) 獨立非執行董事

年內已付獨立非執行董事之袍金 如下:

		2018 二零一八年 HK\$'000 千港元	2017 二零一七年 HK\$'000 千港元
Ms. Hui Wai Man, Shirley Mr. Tang Yiu Wing Ms. Gao Min Hon. Shek Lai Him Abraham	許惠敏女士 鄧耀榮先生 高敏女士 石禮謙議員	240 200 200 240	240 200 200 115
		880	755

There were no other emoluments payable to the independent non-executive directors during the year ended 30 June 2018 (2017: Nil).

於截至二零一八年六月三十日止年度,並無應付獨立非執行董事之其他酬金(二零一七年:無)。

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9. DIRECTORS' REMUNERATION (Continued) 9.

9. 董事酬金(續)

(b) Executive directors

(b) 執行董事

		Fees 袍金 HK\$'000 千港元	Salaries, allowances and benefits in kind 薪金、津貼及 實物福利 HK\$'000	Equity- settled share option expense 權益支付 購股權開支 HK\$'000 千港元	Retirement benefits scheme contributions 退休福利 計劃供款 HK\$'000 千港元	Total remuneration 總酬金 HK\$'000 千港元
Year ended 30 June 2018	截至二零一八年 六月三十日止年度					
Executive directors:	執行董事:					
Mr. Pan Sutong ("Mr. Pan")	潘蘇通先生					
,	(「潘先生」)	_	4,800	_	_	4,800
Ms. Hou Qin*	侯琴女士*	_	584	34	8	626
Mr. Zhou Xiaojun	周曉軍先生	_	600	19	-	619
Mr. Huang Xiaojian	黄孝建先生	-	1,526	34	18	1,578
		-	7,510	87	26	7,623
Year ended 30 June 2017	截至二零一七年 六月三十日止年度					
Executive directors:	執行董事:					
Mr. Pan	潘先生	-	4,800	_	_	4,800
Ms. Hou Qin*	侯琴女士*	_	1,555	727	18	2,300
Mr. Zhou Xiaojun	周曉軍先生	_	600	409	_	1,009
Mr. Huang Xiaojian	黃孝建先生	_	1,526	727	18	2,271
		_	8,481	1,863	36	10,380

Resigned as an executive director on 23 November 2017

There was no arrangement under which a director waived or agreed to waive any remuneration during the year ended 30 June 2018 (2017: Nil).

於截至二零一八年六月三十日止年度, 並無任何董事放棄或同意放棄任何酬 金之安排(二零一七年:無)。

於二零一七年十一月二十三日辭 任執行董事

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10. FIVE HIGHEST PAID EMPLOYEES

highest paid employees for the year are as follows:

The five highest paid employees during the year ended 30 June 2018 included two (2017: three) directors, details of whose remuneration are set out in note 9 above. Details of the remuneration of the remaining three (2017: two) non-director,

10. 五位最高薪僱員

截至二零一八年六月三十日止年度五位 最高薪僱員中,兩位(二零一七年:三 位)為董事,彼等之酬金詳情載於上文 附註9。年內,其餘三位(二零一七年: 兩位)最高薪非董事僱員之薪金詳情如 下:

	2018 二零一八年 HK\$'000 千港元	2017 二零一七年 HK\$'000 千港元
Salaries, allowances and benefits in kind Equity-settled share option expense 權益支付購股權開支 Retirement benefits scheme contributions 退休福利計劃供款	8,801 14 54	4,840 847 32
	8,869	5,719

The number of non-director, highest paid employees whose remuneration fell within the following bands is as follows:

薪金處於下列範圍之最高薪非董事僱 員人數如下:

Number of employees 僱員人數

		2018 二零一八年	2017 二零一七年
HK\$2,000,001 to HK\$2,500,000	2,000,001港元至2,500,000港元	1	1
HK\$2,500,001 to HK\$3,000,000	2,500,001港元至3,000,000港元	1	-
HK\$3,500,001 to HK\$4,000,000	3,500,001港元至4,000,000港元	1	1

In prior years, share options were granted to the non-director, highest paid employees in respect of their services to the Group, further details of which are included in the disclosures in note 32 to the financial statements. The fair value of such options, which is recognised in profit or loss over the vesting period, was determined as at the date of grant and the amount included in the financial statements for the current year is included in the above non-director, highest paid employees' remuneration disclosures.

於過往年度,最高薪非董事僱員就彼等於本集團之服務獲授予購股權,進一步詳情於財務報表附註32披露。該等購股權之公平值(於歸屬期透過損益確認)乃於授出日期釐定,而財務報表所載之本年度金額列入上述最高薪非董事僱員薪酬之披露。

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11. INCOME TAX EXPENSE

Hong Kong profits tax has been provided at the rate of 16.5% (2017: 16.5%) on the estimated assessable profits arising in Hong Kong during the year ended 30 June 2018. Taxes on profits assessable elsewhere have been calculated at the rates of tax prevailing in the jurisdictions in which the Group operates.

11. 所得税開支

於截至二零一八年六月三十日止年度於香港產生之估計應課税溢利已按税率16.5%(二零一七年:16.5%)就香港利得稅撥備。其他地方應課稅溢利之稅款已按本集團經營所在司法管轄區之現行稅率計算。

		2018 二零一八年 HK\$'000 千港元	2017 二零一七年 HK\$'000 千港元
Current — Hong Kong	本期一香港	45.050	00.010
Charge for the year Overprovision in prior years	年度開支 過往年度超額撥備	15,658 (30)	36,819 (1,810)
Current — Elsewhere Charge for the year	本期一其他地方 年度開支	27,227	19,936
Overprovision in prior years Deferred (note 30)	過往年度超額撥備 遞延(附註30)	_	(6,996)
Charge/(credit) for the year	年度開支/(抵免)	15,155	(15,155)
Tax charge for the year	年度税項開支	58,010	32,794

A reconciliation of the tax applicable to profit before tax at the statutory rates for the jurisdictions in which the Company and the majority of its subsidiaries are domiciled to the tax expense at the effective tax rate is as follows:

適用於按本公司及其大部分附屬公司所在司法權區之法定稅率計算之除稅前 溢利與按實際稅率計算之稅項支出之 稅項對賬如下:

		2018 二零一八年 HK\$'000 千港元	2017 二零一七年 HK\$'000 千港元
Profit before tax	除税前溢利	1,829,569	2,351,167
Tax at the statutory tax rates Income not subject to tax Expenses not deductible for tax Tax losses for the year not recognised Tax losses utilised from previous period Overprovision in prior years Adjustments in respect of deferred tax of previous periods Others	按照法定税率之税項 毋須課税收入 不可認之稅開支 未確認之過稅項虧損 已動用之過往期間稅項虧損 過往年度超額撥備 就過往期間遞延稅項之調整 其他	314,073 (318,761) 3,462 84,762 (25,633) (30) —	396,868 (384,139) 24,306 37,193 (19,547) (8,806) (12,791) (290)
Tax charge at the Group's effective rate	按本集團實際税率之税項開支	58,010	32,794

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12. EARNINGS PER SHARE ATTRIBUTABLE 12. 本公司擁有人應佔每股溢利 TO OWNERS OF THE COMPANY

The calculation of the basic earnings per share amounts is based on the profit for the year attributable to owners of the Company and the weighted average number of ordinary shares of 6,990,652,000 in issue during the year ended 30 June 2018 (2017: 6,989,792,000).

The calculation of the diluted earnings per share amounts is based on the profit for the year attributable to owners of the Company, and the weighted average number of ordinary shares used in the calculation is the weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue during the year, which was used in the basic earnings per share calculation, plus the weighted average number of ordinary shares assumed to have been issued at no consideration on the deemed exercise of all dilutive potential ordinary shares into ordinary shares.

The calculations of basic and diluted earnings per share are based on:

每股基本盈利金額乃根據本公司擁有 人應佔年度溢利以及截至二零一八年 六月三十日止年度已發行普通股加權 平均數6.990.652.000股(二零一十年: 6,989,792,000股)計算。

每股攤薄盈利金額乃根據本公司擁有 人應佔年度溢利計算,而計算時所採用 之普通股加權平均數乃年內已發行普 通股加權平均數(與計算每股基本盈利 所使用者相同),加上普通股加權平均 數乃假設已於所有潛在攤薄普通股被 視為行使為普通股時按零代價發行。

每股基本及攤薄盈利之計算乃基於:

	2018 二零一八年 HK\$'000 千港元	2017 二零一七年 HK\$'000 千港元
Earnings Profit attributable to owners of the Company, 用於計算每股基本盈利之used in the basic earnings per share calculation A 和 本公司擁有人應佔溢利	1,202,264	1,419,573

Number of shares 股份數目

	13/ 1/3	20.0
	2018 二零一八年	2017 二零一七年
Shares Weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue during the year used in the basic earnings per share calculation Wb 用於計算每股基本盈利之 年度已發行普通股 加權平均數	6,990,652,000	6,989,792,000
Effect of dilution — weighted average mumber of ordinary shares: 加權平均數: 財政權	43,818,000	41,136,000
Weighted average number of ordinary shares 用於計算每股攤薄盈利之 in issue during the year used in the diluted earnings per share calculation	7,034,470,000	7,030,928,000

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13. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT 13. 物業、機器及設備

		Freehold land 永久業權 土地 HK\$'000 千港元	Buildings 樓宇 HK\$'000 千港元	Plant, machinery, equipment and winement machine and winement machinery, machinery, equipment equipment e	Furniture and fixtures 傢俬及裝置 HK\$'000 千港元	Computer equipment 電腦設備 HK\$*000 千港元	Motor vehicles 汽車 HK\$'000 千港元	Leasehold improvements 租賃物業裝修 HK\$'000 千港元	Total 總計 HK\$'000 千港元
	P. I								
Cost: At 1 July 2016	成本: 於二零一六年 七月一日	154,829	3,148,719	9,474	30,052	5,116	4,056	25,448	3,377,694
Additions Disposals	添置 出售	_	_	44,600 (1,097)	31,735	648	_	2,004	78,987 (1,097)
Disposal of subsidiaries (note 35)	出售附屬公司 (附註35)	_	(1,216,090)	_	(4)	_	_	_	(1,216,094)
Write-off	撇銷	_	_	-	(6,700)	(34)	-	(12,204)	(18,938)
Exchange realignment	正兑調整 ————————————————————————————————————	3,464	(39,521)	141	60	(8)	(17)	(173)	(36,054)
At 30 June 2017 and 1 July 2017	於二零一七年 六月三十日及 二零一七年 七月一日	158,293	1,893,108	53,118	55,143	5,722	4,039	15,075	2,184,498
Additions Disposals	添置 出售	_	85 —	2,411 (1,205)	7,148 (88)	361 (64)	4	7,956 —	17,965 (1,357)
Write-off	撇銷	_	_	-	-	`-	_	(91)	(91)
Exchange realignment	正兑調整 ————————————————————————————————————	2,903	49,949	116	222	12	113	392	53,707
At 30 June 2018	於二零一八年 六月三十日	161,196	1,943,142	54,440	62,425	6,031	4,156	23,332	2,254,722
Accumulated depreciation: At 1 July 2016 Provided during the year Disposals	累計折舊: 於二零一六年 七月一日 年度撥備 出售	- - -	69,486 70,818 —	5,560 7,606 (951)	22,513 7,306 —	2,458 1,621 —	2,184 347 —	20,243 1,664 —	122,444 89,362 (951)
Disposal of subsidiaries (note 35)	出售附屬公司 (附註35)	_	(26,520)	_	(2)	_	_	_	(26,522)
Write-off	撇銷	-		-	(6,698)	(34)	_	(12,204)	(18,936)
Exchange realignment	正 正 正 正 正 正 正 … … … … … … … … … … … … …	_	646	89	65	(6)	(18)	(94)	682
At 30 June 2017 and 1 July 2017	於二零一七年 六月三十日及 二零一七年 七月一日	_	114,430	12,304	23,184	4,039	2,513	9,609	166,079
Provided during the year	年度撥備	-	46,798	10,809	9,587	1,363	365	3,043	71,965
Disposals Write-off	出售 撇銷	_	_	(1,054) —	(65) —	(63)	_	(91)	(1,182) (91)
Exchange realignment	匯兑調整	-	1,716	64	166	10	65	249	2,270
At 30 June 2018	於二零一八年 六月三十日	-	162,944	22,123	32,872	5,349	2,943	12,810	239,041
Net book value: At 30 June 2018	賬面淨值: 於二零一八年 六月三十日	161,196	1,780,198	32,317	29,553	682	1,213	10,522	2,015,681
At 30 June 2017	於二零一七年 六月三十日	158,293	1,778,678	40,814	31,959	1,683	1,526	5,466	2,018,419

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13. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT 13. 物業、機器及設備(續)

(Continued)

At 30 June 2018, certain of the Group's buildings with a net carrying amount of HK\$1,616,470,000 (2017: HK\$1,608,222,000) were pledged for a banking facility granted to the Group with an aggregate amount of RMB1.8 billion (equivalent to approximately HK\$2.1 billion). Such facility was not utilised by the Group as at 30 June 2018 and 2017.

於二零一八年六月三十日,本集團將若 干賬面淨值為1.616.470.000港元(二零 一十年: 1.608.222.000港元) 之樓字予 以質押,作為一項授予本集團之銀行 信貸之擔保,總額為人民幣18億元(相 等於約21億港元)。本集團並無於二零 一八年及二零一七年六月三十日動用該 筆信貸。

14. INVESTMENT PROPERTY

14. 投資物業

		HK\$'000 千港元
Carrying amount at 1 July 2016 Additions Change in fair value	於二零一六年七月一日之賬面值 添置 公平值變動	12,500,000 478,292 2,321,708
Carrying amount at 30 June 2017 and 1 July 2017 Non-cash lease incentive Initial direct costs Amortisation of lease incentive Amortisation of initial direct costs Change in fair value	於二零一七年六月三十日及 二零一七年七月一日之賬面值 非現金租賃獎勵 初始直接費用 租賃獎勵攤銷 初始直接費用攤銷 公平值變動	15,300,000 32,530 12,072 (8,563) (509) 1,864,470
Carrying amount at 30 June 2018	於二零一八年六月三十日之賬面值	17,200,000

The Group's investment property is situated in Hong Kong.

At 30 June 2018, the Group's investment property was revalued by B.I. Appraisals Limited (2017: Vigers Appraisal and Consulting Limited), an independent firm of professionally qualified valuers, on an open market, existing use basis.

At 30 June 2018, the Group's investment property with a carrying value of HK\$17,200,000,000 (2017: HK\$15,300,000,000) was pledged to secure loan facilities granted to the Group (note 27).

On a semi-annual basis, the Group engages external, independent and professionally qualified valuers to determine the fair value of the Group's investment property.

The Group's property manager and the chief financial officer have discussions with the valuers on the valuation assumptions and valuation results when the valuation is performed.

本集團的投資物業位於香港。

於二零一八年六月三十日,本集團之投 資物業由獨立合資格專業估值師保柏 國際評估有限公司(二零一七年:威格 斯資產評估顧問有限公司)按當前用途 基準於公開市場進行重估。

於二零一八年六月三十日,本集團已將 賬面值為17,200,000,000港元(二零一七 年:15,300,000,000港元)之投資物業予 以抵押,以為授予本集團之貸款融資 提供擔保(附註27)。

本集團每半年委聘外部獨立專業合資 格估值師釐定本集團投資物業之公平 值。

本集團之物業經理及首席財務官已於 進行估值時與估值師就估值假設及估 值結果進行磋商。

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14. INVESTMENT PROPERTY (Continued)

公平值架構

14. 投資物業(續)

Fair value hierarchy

For the year ended 30 June 2018 and 2017, the fair value measurements of the investment property of the Group were categorised within level 3 of the fair value hierarchy.

The following table illustrates the fair value measurement of the Group's investment property:

截至二零一八年及二零一七年六月三十 日止年度,本集團之投資物業公平值計 量分類至公平值架構中第3級。

下表説明本集團投資物業之公平值計 量:

> Fair value measurement using significant unobservable inputs (Level 3)

以重大不可觀察輸入數據進行 之公平值計量(第3級)

2018 二零一八年 HK\$'000 千港元	2017 二零一七年 HK\$'000 千港元

Recurring fair value measurement for:

Commercial property

以下項目之經常性公平值

計量: 商業物業

17,200,000

15,300,000

During the year, there were no transfers of fair value measurement between Level 1 and Level 2 and no transfers into or out of Level 3 (2017: Nil).

年內,第1級與第2級之間並無公平值計 量轉移,第3級亦無公平值計量轉入或 轉出(二零一七年:無)。

Significant unobservable Range or weighted

Below is a summary of the valuation techniques used and the key inputs to the valuation of the Group's investment property.

本集團投資物業所用估值方法及估值 主要輸入數據概述如下。

Valuation	techniques
估值方法	•

inputs 重大不可觀察輸入數據 average 範圍或加權平均值

2018

二零一八年

商業物業

Commercial property Income method, more

specifically a term and

收入法,具體為年期及復歸

reversion analysis

Term yield

2.10% Reversionary yield Estimated rental value

(per square foot and

per month)

定期收益 復歸收益 估計租值

(每平方呎及每月)

2.20% Retail portion:

HK\$32.00 - HK\$70.00 Office portion: HK\$35.00

2.10% 2.20%

零售部分: 32.00港元-70.00港元 辦公室部分:35.00港元

2017

二零一七年

商業物業

Commercial property

Income method, more specifically a term and reversion analysis, and direct comparison

method

分析

收入法,具體為年期及復歸

Term yield Reversionary yield

Unit selling price (per square

foot)

2.50% - 3.25%2.50%

Retail portion: HK\$26,000 Office portion: HK\$17,800

定期收益 分析,以及直接比較法

復歸收益 單位售價(每平方呎) 2.50% - 3.25%2.50%

零售部分:26,000港元 辦公室部分:17,800港元

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14. INVESTMENT PROPERTY (Continued)

Income method and direct comparison method

The valuation of completed investment property was based on the income method by capitalisation of net rental income derived from the existing tenancies with allowance for the reversionary rental income potential of the property and the direct comparison method which was based on price information of comparable properties of similar size, character and location and carefully weighted against all the respective advantages and disadvantages of each of the comparable properties in order to arrive at the fair value.

A significant increase/(decrease) in the price per square foot or estimated rental value per square foot per month in isolation would result in a significant higher/(lower) in the fair value of the investment property. A significant increase/(decrease) in the reversionary yield in isolation would result in a significant lower/ (higher) in the fair value of the investment property.

Generally, a change in the assumption made for the price per square foot or estimated rental value per square foot per month is accompanied by an opposite change in the reversionary yield.

14. 投資物業(續)

收入法及直接比較法

每平方呎價格或每月每平方呎估計租值 單獨大幅增加/(減少)會導致投資物業 公平值大幅增加/(減少)。復歸收益單 獨大幅增加/(減少)會導致投資物業公 平值大幅減少/(增加)。

一般而言,對每平方呎價格或每月每平 方呎估計租值作出的假設出現變動會 使復歸收益出現反向變動。

15. PREPAID LAND LEASE PAYMENTS

15. 預付土地租賃款項

		2018 二零一八年 HK\$'000 千港元	2017 二零一七年 HK\$'000 千港元
Carrying amount at 1 July Disposal of subsidiaries (note 35) Recognised during the year Exchange realignment	於七月一日之賬面值 出售附屬公司(附註35) 年內確認 匯兑調整	48,413 — (1,343) 1,424	100,878 (48,681) (2,345) (1,439)
Carrying amount at 30 June Current portion included in prepayments, deposits and other receivables	於六月三十日之賬面值 計入預付款項、按金及其他應 收款項之流動部分	48,494 (1,323)	48,413 (1,286)
Non-current portion	非流動部分	47,171	47,127

At 30 June 2018, the Group's prepaid land lease payments with a net carrying amount of HK\$48,494,000 (2017: HK\$48,413,000) were pledged for a banking facility granted to the Group with an aggregate amount of RMB1.8 billion (equivalent of approximately HK\$2.1 billion). Such facility was not utilised by the Group as at 30 June 2018 and 2017.

於二零一八年六月三十日,本集團將賬面淨值48,494,000港元(二零一七年:48,413,000港元)之預付土地租賃款項予以質押,作為合共為人民幣18億元(相等於約21億港元)銀行信貸之擔保。本集團並無於二零一八年及二零一七年六月三十日動用該筆信貸。

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16. INTANGIBLE ASSETS

16. 無形資產

		Winery permit 酒品許可證 HK\$'000 千港元	Trademarks 商標 HK\$'000 千港元	Customer list 客戶名單 HK\$'000 千港元	Club membership 會所會籍 HK\$'000 千港元	Total 總計 HK\$'000 千港元
Cost:	成本值:					
At 1 July 2016	於二零一六年 _ 七月一日	7,759	83,864	9,090	_	100,713
Exchange realignment	匯兑調整	47	951	55		1,053
At 30 June 2017 and 1 July 2017	於二零一七年 六月三十日及					
Addition	二零一七年七月一日 添置	7,806 —	84,815 —	9,145 —	- 17,200	101,766 17,200
Exchange realignment	匯 兑 調 整	40	798	46		884
At 30 June 2018	於二零一八年 六月三十日	7,846	85,613	9,191	17,200	119,850
Accumulated amortisation: At 1 July 2016	累計攤銷: 於二零一六年			4.5.45		4.545
Provided during the year Exchange realignment	七月一日 年度撥備 匯兑調整	_ _ _	_ _ _	4,545 910 32	_ _ _	4,545 910 32
At 30 June 2017 and 1 July 2017	於二零一七年 六月三十日及 二零一七年七月一日			5,487		5,487
Provided during the year Exchange realignment	二令	=	=	917 30	Ξ	917 30
At 30 June 2018	於二零一八年 六月三十日	-	-	6,434	-	6,434
Net carrying value: At 30 June 2018	賬面淨值: 於二零一八年 六月三十日	7,846	85,613	2,757	17,200	113,416
At 30 June 2017	於二零一七年 六月三十日	7,806	84,815	3,658	-	96,279

As at 30 June 2018, the Group's winery permit, trademarks and club membership with carrying amounts of HK\$7,846,000 (2017: HK\$7,806,000), HK\$85,613,000 (2017: HK\$84,815,000) and HK\$17,200,000 (2017: Nil), respectively, are considered by the management of the Company as having indefinite useful lives and will not be amortised until their useful lives are determined to be finite upon reassessment annually by management. The directors of the Company are of the opinion that the upkeep of the winery permit, the trademarks and the club membership are at minimal costs and there were no foreseeable limit to the periods over which these intangibles may be used to generate cash flows to the Group. Accordingly, these intangibles are tested for impairment annually and whenever there is an indication that they may be impaired.

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16. INTANGIBLE ASSETS (Continued)

As at 30 June 2018, the carrying values of intangible assets represented a winery permit, trademarks and a customer list of a vineyard in the US of HK\$79,865,000 (2017: HK\$80,376,000) and trademarks of three vineyards in France of HK\$16,351,000 (2017: HK\$15,903,000). For the purpose of annual impairment testing, intangible assets have been allocated to two cashgenerating units, being the US winery cash-generating unit and the French winery cash-generating unit. The carrying amounts of intangible assets as at 30 June 2018 and 2017 allocated to these units are as follows:

16. 無形資產(續)

於二零一八年六月三十日,無形資產之 賬面值指79,865,000港元(二零一七年 80,376,000港元)之酒品許可證、商 及美國酒莊客戶名單及16,351,000港元 (二零一七年:15,903,000港元)之三個 法國酒莊商標。為進行年度減值測試后 無形資產已被分配至兩個現金產法單位,即美國酒品現金產生單位。於二零一八年及二 零一七年六月三十日,分配至此等單位 之無形資產賬面值如下:

	2018 二零一八年 HK\$'000 千港元	2017 二零一七年 HK\$'000 千港元
US winery cash-generating unit 美國酒品現金產生單位 French winey cash-generating unit 法國酒品現金產生單位	79,865 16,351	80,376 15,903
	96,216	96,279

Impairment test

The carrying amount of the US winery cash-generating unit was determined based on a value in use calculation using cash flow projections based on a financial budget covering a 5-year period at a growth rate approved by senior management and cash flows beyond the 5-year period extrapolated using a growth rate of 2% (2017: 2%). The discount rate applied to the cash flow projections was 13% (2017: 11%).

The carrying amount of the French winery cash-generating unit was determined based on a value in use calculation using cash flow projections based on a financial budget covering a 5-year period at a growth rate approved by senior management and cash flows beyond the 5-year period extrapolated using a growth rate of 2% (2017: 2%). The discount rate applied to the cash flow projections was 12% (2017: 11%).

Assumptions were used in the value in use calculation of the US and French winery cash-generating units. The following describes each key assumption on which management has based its cash flow projections to undertake impairment testing of the intangible assets.

Discount rate — The discount rate used is before tax and reflects specific risks relating to the winery cash-generating units.

減值測試

美國酒品現金產生單位之賬面值乃按使用價值基準釐定。使用價值則按高級管理層批准涵蓋五年期間之財政預算運用現金流量增長率預測計算,超出五年期間之現金流量則按增長率2%(二零一七年:2%)推算。適用於現金流量預測之折讓率為13%(二零一七年:11%)。

法國酒品現金產生單位之賬面值乃按 使用價值基準釐定。使用價值則按高 級管理層批准涵蓋五年期間之財政預 算運用現金流量增長率預測計算,超 出五年期間之現金流量則按增長率2% (二零一七年:2%)推算。適用於現金流 量預測之折讓率為12% (二零一七年: 11%)。

計算美國及法國酒品現金產生單位之 使用價值時應用假設。管理層為進行 無形資產減值測試而制定現金流量預 測所依據之各項主要假設如下。

折讓率 — 折讓率乃剔除税務影響,並 反映與酒品現金產生單位相關之特定 風險。

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16. INTANGIBLE ASSETS (Continued)

Impairment test (Continued)

Raw material price inflation — The basis used to determine the value assigned to raw material inflation is made reference to the forecasted inflation indices during the budget year from where the raw material is sourced.

Budgeted gross margins — The basis used to determine the value assigned to the budgeted gross margins is the average gross margins achieved in the year immediately before the budget year, increased for expected efficiency improvement, and expected market development.

Selling price — The basis used to determine the price is made reference to the forecasted inflation indices of the budget year and the historical increment level.

16. 無形資產(續)

減值測試(續)

原料價格通脹 — 用於釐定原料價值通 脹之基準乃經參考原料採購地於預算 年內之預測通脹指數。

預算毛利率 — 用於釐定預算毛利率價值之基準,乃為緊接預算年度之前一年所取得之平均毛利率,因預期之效率提升及預期之市場發展而增加。

銷售價格 — 用於釐定價格之基準為預 算年度之預測通脹指數及歷史增幅水 平。

17. VINES

17. 葡萄樹

	2018 二零一八年 HK\$'000 千港元	2017 二零一七年 HK\$'000 千港元
At beginning of the year, at fair value Exchange realignment Decrease due to harvest Additions during the year Gains/(losses) arising from change in fair value attributable to physical changes 所產生之收益/(虧損)	13,535 118 (3,519) 5,125 (1,588)	11,775 143 (5,991) 4,998 2,610
At end of the year, at fair value 於年末,按公平值	13,671	13,535

During the year ended 30 June 2018, the Group harvested approximately 58,520 kilograms (2017: 116,000 kilograms) of grapes. The directors measured the fair value less costs to sell of vines at harvest based on market prices as at or close to the harvest dates.

On an annual basis, the Group engages external, independent and professionally qualified valuers, Cushman & Wakefield Western Inc., to determine the fair value of the Group's vines.

The Group's finance team has discussed with the valuers on the valuation assumptions and valuation results when the valuation is performed.

於截至二零一八年六月三十日止年度,本集團有葡萄收成約58,520公斤(二零一七年:116,000公斤)。董事根據於或接近採收日期的市價計量採收時扣除銷售成本的葡萄公平值。

按年度基準,本集團委聘外部、獨立及專業合資格估值師Cushman & Wakefield Western Inc.釐定本集團葡萄樹之公平值。

本集團之財務團隊於進行估值時與估值師就估值假設及估值結果進行討論。

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17. VINES (Continued)

Fair value hierarchy

The following table illustrates the fair value measurement hierarchy of the Group's vines:

17. 葡萄樹(續)

公平值架構

下表説明本集團葡萄樹之公平值計量架構:

Fair value measurement using significant unobservable inputs (Level 3)

以重大不可觀察輸入數據進行 之公平值計量(第**3**級)

		2018 二零一八年 HK\$'000 千港元	2017 二零一七年 HK\$'000 千港元
Recurring fair value measurement for: Vines	以下項目之經常性公平值 計量: 葡萄樹	13,671	13,535

During the year, there were no transfers of fair value measurement between Level 1 and Level 2 and no transfers into or out of Level 3 (2017: Nil).

Below is a summary of the valuation techniques used and the key inputs to the valuation of vines.

於年內,第1級與第2級之間並無公平值計量轉移,第3級亦無公平值計量轉入或轉出(二零一七年:無)。

葡萄樹所用估值方法及估值主要輸入 數據概述如下。

	Valuation technique 估值方法	Significant unobservable inputs 重大不可觀察輸入數據	2018 二零一八年	2017 二零一七年
Vines 葡萄樹	Residual approach 葡萄樹剩餘法	Value of vineyards (per acre) 葡萄園之價值(每英畝)	HK\$3,727,000 3,727,000港元	HK\$3,708,000 3,708,000港元
		Estimated trellis, irrigation and land preparation costs (per acre) 估計格子、灌溉及整地成本(每英畝)	HK\$314,000 314,000港元	HK\$312,000 312,000港元
		Value of plantable land (per acre)可耕作土地之價值(每英畝)	HK\$2,550,000 2,550,000港元	HK\$2,537,000 2,537,000港元

The residual approach

Under the residual approach, fair value is estimated on the basis of the fair value of vineyards by reference to comparable market sale transactions and deducting costs of various components, such as fair value of plantable land, costs of trellis, irrigation and land preparation costs that will be required to derive the fair value of vines.

剩餘法

根據剩餘法,公平值按葡萄園之公平 值並經參考可比較市場銷售交易及減 去各部分成本(包括釐定葡萄樹公平值 所需之可耕作土地之公平值、格子、灌 溉及整地成本)進行估計。

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17. VINES (Continued)

The residual approach (Continued)

The key inputs were the value of vineyards, estimated trellis, irrigation and land preparation costs and value of plantable land. A significant increase/(decrease) in the value of vineyards in isolation would result in a significant increase/(decrease) in the fair value of the vines; and a significant increase/(decrease) in the estimated trellis, irrigation and land preparation costs and the value of plantable land in isolation would result in a significant (decrease)/increase in the fair value of the vines.

18. INVENTORIES

17. 葡萄樹(續)

剩餘法(續)

主要輸入數據為葡萄園之價值、估計格子、灌溉及整地成本以及可耕作土地之價值,如葡萄園之價值單獨大幅增加/(減少),將導致葡萄樹公平值大大幅增加/(減少),將導致葡萄樹公平值大幅增加/(減少),將導致葡萄樹公平值大幅(減少)/增加。

18. 存貨

	2018 二零一八年 HK\$'000 千港元	2017 二零一七年 HK\$'000 千港元
Work in progress 在製品 Finished goods 製成品	45,826 143,662	44,622 294,923
	189,488	339,545

19. PROPERTIES UNDER DEVELOPMENT

19. 發展中物業

	2018 二零一八年 HK\$'000 千港元	2017 二零一七年 HK\$'000 千港元
Carrying amount at 1 July 於七月一日之賬面值 Additions during the year 年內添置	13,138,517 737,944	6,520,983 6,617,534
Carrying amount at 30 June 於六月三十日之賬面值	13,876,461	13,138,517

At 30 June 2018, the Group's properties under development with a net carrying amount of approximately HK\$7,249,602,000 (2017: HK\$6,755,714,000) were pledged to secure banking facilities granted to the Group (note 27).

As at 30 June 2018 and 2017, all of the properties under development are expected to be completed within normal operating cycle, recovered after more than twelve months from the end of the reporting period and included under current assets.

於二零一八年六月三十日,本集團已抵押賬面淨值約7,249,602,000港元(二零一七年:6,755,714,000港元)之發展中物業,作為授予本集團之銀行信貸之擔保(附註27)。

於二零一八年及二零一七年六月三十日, 預期所有發展中物業將於正常經營週 期內竣工、於自報告期末起超過十二個 月後收回並計入流動資產。

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	2018 二零一八年 HK\$'000 千港元	2017 二零一七年 HK\$'000 千港元
Prepayments 預付款項 Deposits and other receivables 按金及其他應收賬款	3,942 43,510	4,359 24,956
Less: Non-current portion 減:非流動部分	47,452 (1,098)	29,315 (5,414)
Current portion 流動部分	46,354	23,901

None of the above assets is either past due or impaired and the financial assets included in the above balances relate to receivables for which there was no recent history of default. 上述資產概無逾期或減值,計入上述結餘之金融資產乃關於近期並無拖欠記錄之應收賬款。

21. TRADE RECEIVABLES

21. 應收貿易賬款

		2018 二零一八年 HK\$'000 千港元	2017 二零一七年 HK\$'000 千港元
Trade receivables	應收貿易賬款	3,989,967	4,386,039

The Group's trade receivables arise from the provision of factoring services, wine trading, operation of restaurants, leasing of investment property and provision of property management services. The credit period granted to each customer is generally for a period of 120 to 150 days for factoring services and for a period of 14 to 60 days for wine trading. The Group normally requires its customers to make payment of monthly charges in advance in relation to the leasing of its investment property and provision of property management services. The Group generally grants a rent-free period ranged from two to six months to the lessees of the Group's investment property.

Each customer has a maximum credit limit. The Group seeks to maintain strict control over its outstanding receivables. Overdue balances are regularly reviewed by senior management. There is a significant concentration of credit risk as approximately 84% (2017: 83%) of the Group's trade receivables are due from three (2017: three) debtors.

每位客戶均設有最高信貸上限。本集團尋求對其未償還應收貿易賬款維持嚴格控制。高級管理層會定期檢討逾期結餘。由於約84%(二零一七年:83%)之本集團應收貿易賬款均來自三位(二零一七年:三位)債務人,故存在重大信貸風險集中問題。

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21. TRADE RECEIVABLES (Continued)

Trade receivables are non-interest-bearing, except for trade receivables from factoring services of HK\$3,022,207,000 (2017: HK\$3,280,020,000) which bear interest at 4.35% per annum (2017: 4.35% per annum). The Group does not hold any collateral or other credit enhancements over its trade receivables.

An aged analysis of the trade receivables as at the end of the reporting period, based on the invoice date, is as follows:

21. 應收貿易賬款(續)

除來自保理服務3,022,207,000港元(二零一七年:3,280,020,000港元)之應收貿易賬款按年利率4.35厘(二零一七年:按年利率4.35厘)計息外,應收貿易賬款均不計息。本集團並無就其應收貿易賬款持有任何抵押品或其他信貸提升措施。

基於發票日期之報告期末應收貿易賬款之賬齡分析如下:

		2018 二零一八年 HK\$'000 千港元	2017 二零一七年 HK\$'000 千港元
Less than 121 days 121 to 150 days 151 to 180 days 181 to 365 days Over 1 year	少於121天 121至150天 151至180天 181至365天 超過一年	2,286,503 1,015,838 502,865 180,539 4,222	3,246,963 996,986 4,694 133,766 3,630
		3,989,967	4,386,039

The aged analysis of the trade receivables that are not individually nor collectively considered to be impaired is as follows:

未被視為個別或整體已減值之應收貿易賬款賬齡分析如下:

		2018 二零一八年 HK\$'000 千港元	2017 二零一七年 HK\$'000 千港元
Neither past due nor impaired Less than 30 days past due 30 to 60 days past due 61 to 120 days past due More than 120 days past due	未逾期未減值 逾期不足30天 逾期30至60天 逾期61至120天 逾期超過120天	2,650,987 643,863 503,023 4,307 187,787	2,687,768 444,177 963,220 142,697 148,177
		3,989,967	4,386,039

Receivables that were neither past due nor impaired relate to customers for whom there was no recent history of default.

Receivables that were past due but not impaired relate to independent customers that have a good track record with the Group. The directors of the Company are of the opinion that no provision for impairment was necessary in respect of these balances as there had not been a significant change in credit quality and the balances are still considered to be fully recoverable.

未逾期未減值之應收貿易賬款乃關於 近期無拖欠記錄之客戶。

已逾期但未減值之應收貿易賬款乃與本集團擁有良好往績之獨立客戶有關。本公司董事認為無須就有關結餘作出減值撥備,因為信貸質素並無重大變動且有關結餘仍被視為可悉數收回。

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21. TRADE RECEIVABLES (Continued)

As at 30 June 2018, included in the Group's trade receivables are amounts due from Mr. Pan and companies controlled by Mr. Pan aggregating to HK\$18,067,000 (2017: HK\$17,716,000). These receivables are repayable on credit terms similar to those offered to the major customers of the Group.

22. DUE FROM A RELATED COMPANY

Particulars of the amount due from a related party, disclosed pursuant to section 383(1)(d) of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance and Part 3 of the Companies (Disclosure of Information about Benefits of Directors) Regulation, are as follows:

21. 應收貿易賬款(續)

於二零一八年六月三十日,本集團應收貿易賬款包括應收潘先生及潘先生控制之公司的款項合共18,067,000港元(二零一七年:17,716,000港元)。該等應收貿易賬款須於與本集團給予主要客戶之相若信貸期內償還。

22. 應收一間關連公司款項

根據香港公司條例第383(1)(d)條及公司(披露董事利益資料)規則第三部分,應收一間關連公司款項之詳情如下:

		Maximum amount outstanding	30 June	Maximum amount outstanding	
	30 June	during the	and 1 July	during the	1 July
Name	2018	year	2017	prior year	2016
			二零一七年		
	二零一八年	年內未償還之	六月三十日	過往年度未償	二零一六年
名稱	六月三十日	最高金額	及七月一日	還之最高金額	七月一日
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元_
Goldin Equities Limited* 高銀(證券)有限公司*	753	2,524	1,910	1,952	1,910

^{*} Mr. Pan, the controlling shareholder of the Company, is also the controlling shareholder of Goldin Equities Limited.

The amount due from a related party is unsecured, interest-free and has no fixed terms of repayment.

* 本公司控股股東潘先生亦為高銀(證券) 有限公司之控股股東。

應收一名關連人士之款項為無抵押、免息及無固定還款期。

23. CASH AND BANK BALANCES

At the end of the reporting period, cash and bank balances of the Group denominated in Renminbi ("RMB") amounted to approximately HK\$5,633,000 (2017: HK\$47,819,000). RMB is not freely convertible into other currencies, however, under Mainland China's Foreign Exchange Control Regulations and Administration of Settlement, Sale and Payment of Foreign Exchange Regulations, the Group is permitted to exchange RMB for other currencies through banks authorised to conduct foreign exchange business.

Cash at banks earns interest at floating rates based on daily bank deposit rates. Short term time deposits are made for varying periods of between one day and three months depending on the immediate cash requirements of the Group, and earn interest at the respective short term time deposit rates. The bank balances are deposited with creditworthy banks with no recent history of default.

23. 現金及銀行結餘

於報告期末,本集團以人民幣(「人民幣」)計值之現金及銀行結餘金年 約達5,633,000港元(二零一七年 47,819,000港元)。人民幣不能自由 換為其他貨幣。然而,根據中國內地之 《外匯管理條例》及《結匯、售匯及付匯 管理規定》,本集團獲准透過獲授權經 營外匯業務之銀行將人民幣兑換為其 他貨幣。

銀行現金存款按照活期銀行存款之每日利率以浮息賺取利息。短期定期存款之年期不一,介乎一日至三個月,取決於本集團之即時現金需求,並按照各自之短期定期存款利率賺取利息。銀行結餘及存款存入信譽良好且近期無拖欠記錄之銀行。

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24. TRADE PAYABLES

24. 應付貿易賬款

An aged analysis of the trade payables as at the end of the reporting period, based on the invoice date, is as follows:

基於發票日期之應付貿易賬款於報告期末之賬齡分析如下:

		2018 二零一八年 HK\$'000 千港元	2017 二零一七年 HK\$'000 千港元
Less than 121 days 121 to 150 days 151 to 180 days 181 to 365 days Over 1 year	少於121天 121至150天 151至180天 181至365天 超過1年	256,993 106,181 52,546 60 369	442,042 146,422 — 822 —
		416,149	589,286

Trade payables are non-interest-bearing and have credit periods ranging from 14 days to 150 days (2017: 14 days to 150 days).

應付貿易賬款為免息及擁有介乎14天至150天之信貸期(二零一七年:14天至150天)。

25. ACCRUALS, OTHER PAYABLES AND RECEIPTS IN ADVANCE

25. 應計負債、其他應付款及預收款項

	2018 二零一八年 HK\$'000 千港元	2017 二零一七年 HK\$'000 千港元
Accruals Other payables Accruals and payables of construction costs Receipts in advance 應計負債 其他應付款 應計負債及應付發 預收款項	59,465 131,123 建築費 486,701 12,393	79,043 102,264 488,797 9,395
	689,682	679,499
Less: Rental deposits classified as non-current liabilities 減:分類為非流動 租金按金	負債之 (38,178)	
Current portion 流動部分	651,504	679,499

Other payables are non-interest-bearing and have an average credit term of three months.

其他應付款為不計息,平均信貸期為三個月。

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26. DUE TO RELATED COMPANIES, NON-CONTROLLING SHAREHOLDERS AND THE IMMEDIATE HOLDING COMPANY

26. 應付關連公司、非控股股東及直接控股公司款項

		2018 二零一八年 HK\$'000 千港元	2017 二零一七年 HK\$'000 千港元
Due to related companies Due to non-controlling shareholders Due to the immediate holding company	應付關連公司款項 (a)	25,717	1,192,857
	應付非控股股東款項 (b)	95,648	121,796
	應付直接控股公司款項 (c)	45,324	570,435

- (a) The balance comprised amounts due to companies controlled by Mr. Pan and included: (i) HK\$8,938,000 (2017: HK\$10,009,000) which is unsecured, interest-free and has no fixed terms of repayment; (ii) HK\$601,000 (2017: HK\$14,810,000) which is unsecured, interest-free and repayable on 31 August 2018; and (iii) HK\$16,178,000 (2017: 1,168,038,000) which is unsecured, interest-free and repayable on demand.
- (b) The amounts due to non-controlling shareholders, which are also beneficially owned by Mr. Pan, of HK\$95,648,000 (2017: HK\$121,796,000) are unsecured, interest-free and have no fixed terms of repayment.
- (c) The amount due to the immediate holding company is unsecured, interest-free and has no fixed term of repayment.
- (a) 結餘包括應付潘先生所控制之公司款項,並包括:(i)無抵押、免息且無固定還款期的8,938,000港元(二零一七年:10,009,000港元);(ii)無抵押、免息及須於二零一八年八月三十一日償還的601,000港元(二零一七年:14,810,000港元);及(iii)無抵押、免息且按要求償還的16,178,000港元(二零一七年:1,168,038,000港元)。
- (b) 應付非控股股東(其亦由潘先生實益擁有)款項95,648,000港元(二零一七年:121,796,000港元)為無抵押、免息且並無固定還款期。
- (c) 應付直接控股公司款項為無抵 押、免息且並無固定還款期。

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27. INTEREST-BEARING BANK AND OTHER 27. 計息銀行及其他借貸 **BORROWINGS**

		_	2018 零一八年			2017 二零一七年		
		Contractual interest rate 合約利率	Maturity 到期日	HK\$'000 千港元	Contractual interest rate 合約利率	Maturity 到期日	HK\$'000 千港元	
Current Secured bank loan (note d)	流動 有抵押銀行貸款(附註d)	HIBOR + 2.6% 香港銀行 同業拆息+2.6%	2018 二零一八年	3,146,185	HIBOR + 2.6% 香港銀行 同業拆息+2.6%	2018 二零一八年	3,142,185	
Unsecured bank overdrafts (note a)	無抵押銀行透支(附註a)	EURIBOR + 3.5% 歐洲銀行 同業拆息+3.5%	On demand 按要求	696	EURIBOR + 3.5% 歐洲銀行 同業拆息+3.5%	On demand 按要求	1,068	
Unsecured bank loans (note e)	無抵押銀行貸款(附註e)	2.55% - 4.6%	2018-2019 二零一八年至 二零一九年	175	2.35% - 4.6%	2017-2019 二零一七年至 二零一九年	865	
Secured other loan (note f)	已抵押其他貸款(附註f)	8%	2018 二零一八年	10,206,093	-	-	-	
				13,353,149			3,144,118	
Non-current Secured bank loan (note b)	非流動 有抵押銀行貸款(附註b)	-	-	-	HIBOR + 2.6% 香港銀行 同業拆息+2.6%	2020-2022 二零二零年至 二零二二年	7,979,281	
Secured bank loan (note c)	有抵押銀行貸款(附註c)	HIBOR + 2.2% 香港銀行 同業拆息+2.2%	2021 二零二一年	3,546,327	HIBOR + 2.2% 香港銀行 同業拆息+2.2%	2021 二零二一年	3,215,060	
Unsecured bank loans (note e)	無抵押銀行貸款(附註e)	2.55% - 4.6%	2019 二零一九年	86	2.35% - 4.6%	2017-2019 二零一七年至 二零一九年	254	
				3,546,413			11,194,595	
				16,899,562			14,338,713	
Analysed into: Bank loans repayable: Within one year or on demand In the second year In the third to fifth years, inclusive	於以下期間分析為: 須償還之銀行貸款: 於一年內或按要求 於第二年 於第三年至第五年 (包括首尾兩年)			3,147,056 86 3,546,327			3,144,118 59,419 11,135,176	
				6,693,469			14,338,713	
Other loan repayable: Within one year or on demand	須償還之其他貸款: 於一年內或按要求			10,206,093			_	
				16,899,562			14,338,713	

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27. INTEREST-BEARING BANK AND OTHER 27. 計息銀行及其他借貸(續) BORROWINGS (Continued)

Notes:

- (a) The overdraft facilities as at 30 June 2018 and 30 June 2017 were denominated in Euros.
- (b) As at 30 June 2017, the bank facility in the amount of HK\$8,500,000,000 was granted by a bank to a 60%-owned subsidiary, Smart Edge, which holds the Group's investment property. Mr. Pan is beneficially interested in the remaining 40% of the issued share capital of Smart Edge.

As at 30 June 2017, the bank facility was secured by, among other things, the following:

- (i) a mortgage over the entire share capital of Smart Edge;
- (ii) a pledge over the investment property with an aggregate carrying value of HK\$15,300,000,000 at 30 June 2017 (note 14) and all financial benefits relating to the leases and sales of the investment property, together with the bank accounts used for the collection of the related receivables;
- (iii) a corporate guarantee given by the Company for an amount up to 60% of the outstanding bank borrowing; and
- (iv) a personal guarantee given by Mr. Pan for an amount up to 40% of the outstanding bank borrowing.

The above securities were all released during the year upon the repayment of all outstanding loan in full.

(c) The bank facility in the amount of HK\$7,191,000,000 was granted by a bank to a 60%-owned subsidiary, Gold Topmont, which holds certain properties under development. Mr. Pan is beneficially interested in the remaining 40% of the issued share capital of Gold Topmont.

The bank facility is secured by, among other things, the following:

- (i) a mortgage over the entire share capital of Gold Topmont;
- (ii) a pledge over the properties under development with an aggregate carrying value of HK\$7,249,602,000 (2017: HK\$6,755,714,000) (note 19);
- (iii) a corporate guarantee given by the Company for an amount up to 60% of the outstanding bank borrowing; and
- (iv) a personal guarantee given by Mr. Pan for an amount up to 40% of the outstanding bank borrowing.

附註:

- (a) 於二零一八年六月三十日及二零一七年 六月三十日,透支信貸以歐元計值。
- (b) 於二零一七年六月三十日, 8,500,000,000港元之銀行信貸由一間銀 行授予一間擁有60%權益之附屬公司賜 譽,其持有本集團之投資物業。潘先生 實益擁有賜譽之餘下40%已發行股本。

於二零一七年六月三十日,該銀行信貸 通過以(其中包括)下列各項作抵押:

- (i) 賜譽全部股本之按揭;
- (ii) 於二零一七年六月三十日,賬面 總值為15,300,000,000港元之投 資物業(附註14)及所有有關投資 物業租賃及銷售的財務收益,連 同用以收取有關應收款項的銀行 賬戶之抵押:
- (iii) 本公司提供之企業擔保,金額最 高達未清償銀行借貸之60%;及
- (iv) 潘先生提供之個人擔保,金額最高達未清償銀行借貸之40%。

上述抵押均於年內於所有未償還貸款悉 數償還後已獲解除。

(c) 7,191,000,000港元之銀行信貸由一間銀行授予一間擁有60%權益之附屬公司金鋑,其持有若干發展中物業。潘先生實益擁有金鋑之餘下40%已發行股本。

該銀行信貸以(其中包括)下列各項作抵 畑:

- (i) 金鋑全部股本之按揭;
- (ii) 賬面總值為7,249,602,000港元 (二零一七年:6,755,714,000港元)之發展中物業(附註19)之抵 地:
- (iii) 本公司提供之企業擔保,金額最 高達未清償銀行借貸之60%;及
- (iv) 潘先生提供之個人擔保,金額最高達未清償銀行借貸之40%。

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27. INTEREST-BEARING BANK AND OTHER 27. 計息銀行及其他借貸(續) BORROWINGS (Continued)

Notes: (Continued)

(d) The bank facility in the amount of HK\$3,146,185,000 (2017: 3,146,185,000) was granted by a bank to a 50.1%-owned subsidiary, Gold Brilliant, which holds certain properties under development. Mr. Pan is beneficially interested in the 49.9% (2017: 33.4%) of the issued share capital of Gold Brilliant.

The bank facility is secured by, among other things, the following:

- a pledge over the investment property with an aggregate carrying value of HK\$15,300,000,000 at 30 June 2017 (note 14), which was released on 25 June 2018;
- (ii) a corporate guarantee given by the Company for an amount up to 50.1% of the outstanding bank borrowing; and
- (iii) a personal guarantee given by Mr. Pan for an amount up to 33.4% of the outstanding bank borrowing.
- (e) The carrying amounts of bank borrowings as at 30 June 2018 and 2017 were denominated in Euros.
- (f) The other loan facility in the amount of HK\$10,230,000,000 was granted by an independent third party to a 60%-owned subsidiary, Smart Edge, which holds the Group's investment property. Mr. Pan is beneficially interested in the remaining 40% of the issued share capital of Smart Edge.

The other loan facility is secured by, among other things, the following:

- (i) a mortgage over the entire share capital of Smart Edge;
- (ii) floating charge over all the assets of Smart Edge (note 34);
- (iii) a pledge over the investment property with an aggregate carrying value of HK\$17,200,000,000 (note 14) and all financial benefits relating to the leases;
- (iv) a corporate guarantee given by the Company for an amount up to 60% of the outstanding other borrowing; and
- (v) a personal guarantee given by Mr. Pan for an amount up to 40% of the outstanding other borrowing.

28. LOAN FROM A NON-CONTROLLING SHAREHOLDER

As at 30 June 2018, the balance is unsecured, non-interest bearing and repayable on demand. As at 30 June 2017, the balance was unsecured, non-interest bearing and was not repayable within one year.

附註:(續)

(d) 3,146,185,000港元之銀行信貸(二零一七年:3,146,185,000港元)由一間銀行授予一間擁有50.1%權益之附屬公司高鉎,其持有若干發展中物業。潘先生實益擁有高鉎之49.9%(二零一七年:33.4%)已發行股本。

該銀行信貸以(其中包括)下列各項作抵押:

- (i) 於二零一七年六月三十日,賬面 總值為15,300,000,000港元之投 資物業(附註14)之抵押・(其已 於二零一八年六月二十五日獲解 除):
- (ii) 本公司提供之企業擔保,金額最高達未清償銀行借貸之50.1%;及
- (iii) 潘先生提供之個人擔保,金額最高達未清償銀行借貸之33.4%。
- (e) 於二零一八年及二零一七年六月三十日, 銀行借貸之賬面值以歐元計值。
- (f) 金額為10,230,000,000港元之其他貸款 融資乃由一名獨立第三方向擁有60%權 益之附屬公司賜譽(其持有本集團之投 資物業)授出。潘先生實益擁有賜譽之 餘下40%已發行股本。

其他貸款融資以下列各項(其中包括)作 抵押:

- (i) 賜譽全部股本之按揭;
- (ii) 賜譽全部資產之浮動押記(附註 34):
- (iii) 賬面總值為17,200,000,000港元 之投資物業(附註14)及所有有關 租賃的財務收益之抵押:
- (iv) 本公司提供之企業擔保,金額最高達未清償其他借貸之60%;及
- (v) 潘先生提供之個人擔保,金額最 高達未清償其他借貸之40%。

28. 由一名非控股股東提供之貸款

於二零一八年六月三十日,結餘為無抵押、免息且按要求償還。於二零一七年六月三十日,結餘為無抵押、免息且毋須於一年內償還。

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29. LOAN FROM A RELATED COMPANY

The balance represented a loan drawn from a loan facility (the "Facility") granted by a company wholly-owned by Mr. Pan. The loan is unsecured, bears interest at 8.5% per annum payable semi-annually, and is not repayable before 31 December 2019. The total loan facility under the Facility is US\$500 million (equivalent to approximately HK\$3,923 million) (2017: US\$500 million (equivalent to HK\$3,875 million)) and as at 30 June 2018, the amount unutilised is approximately HK\$3,885 million (2017: HK\$3,357 million).

30. DEFERRED TAX

The movements in deferred tax liabilities and assets during the year are as follows:

Deferred tax liabilities

29. 由一間關連公司提供之貸款

結餘指自潘先生全資擁有的一間公司提供之貸款融資(「融資」)提收的貸款。該貸款並無抵押、須按年利率8.5厘計息(須每半年繳付)及毋須於二零一九年十二月三十一日前償還。融資項下的貸款融資總額為500,000,000美元(相等於約3,923,000,000港元)(二零一七年:500,000,000美元(相等於3,875,000,000港元)),而於二零一八年六月三十日,未動用金額約為3,885,000,000港元(二零一七年:3,357,000,000港元)。

30. 遞延税項

年內之遞延税項負債及資產變動如下:

遞延税項負債

		Fair value adjustments arising from acquisition of	
	depreciation	a subsidiary 收購一間附屬	Total
	超出相關折舊	公司導致之公	總計
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000 千港元
	1 /0 /0	17070	17070
於二零一六年	067	10.607	10.074
年內列支損益	307	19,607	19,974
Σ	56,685	_	56,685
進兄調整	_	682	682
於二零一七年 六月三十月及			
二零一七年七月一日	57,052	20,289	77,341
年內列支損益	19 500	_	18,509
匯兑調整	10,509	572	572
於二零一八年 六月三十日	75,561	20,861	96,422
	七月一日 年內列支損益 匯兑調整 於二零一七年 六月三十日及 二零一七年七月一日 年內列支損益 匯兑調整 於二零一八年	allowance in excess of related depreciation 超出相關折舊之折舊免税額 HK\$'000 千港元 於二零一六年七月一日年內列支損益 367 年內列支損益 56,685 匯兑調整 - 於二零一七年六月三十日及二零一七年七月一日年內列支損益 57,052 作內列支損益 18,509 應兑調整 - 於二零一八年 -	allowance in excess of related depreciation of related depreciation adjustments arising from acquisition of a subsidiary w 購一間附屬 公司導致之公平值調整 HK\$'000 干港元 於二零一六年 七月一日 年內列支損益 367 19,607 千港元 於二零一七年 六月三十日及 二零一七年七月一日 年內列支損益 56,685 — 682 於二零一七年 六月三十日及 二零一七年七月一日 年內列支損益 57,052 20,289 广 管

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30. DEFERRED TAX (Continued)

30. 遞延税項(續)

Deferred tax assets

遞延税項資產

Losses available for offsetting against future taxable profit 可用於抵銷未來 應課税溢利之 虧損 HK\$'000 千港元

At 1 July 2016 Credited to profit or loss during the year	於二零一六年七月一日 年內計入損益	- 71,840
At 30 June 2017 and 1 July 2017	於二零一七年六月三十日及 二零一七年十月一日	71.040
Credited to profit or loss during the year	年内計入損益	71,840 3,354
At 30 June 2018	於二零一八年六月三十日	75,194

For presentation purposes, certain deferred tax assets and liabilities have been offset in the consolidated statement of financial position. The following is an analysis of the deferred tax balances of the Group for financial reporting purposes:

為作呈列用途,若干遞延税項資產及 負債已於綜合財務狀況報表被抵銷。 本集團遞延税項結餘分析如下,供財 務申報之用:

	2018 二零一八年 HK\$'000 千港元	2017 二零一七年 HK\$'000 千港元
Net deferred tax assets recognised in the consolidated statement of financial position Net deferred tax liabilities recognised in the consolidated statement of financial	-	15,155
position	(21,228)	(20,656)
	(21,228)	(5,501)

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30. DEFERRED TAX (Continued)

Deferred tax assets (Continued)

The Group has tax losses arising in Hong Kong of HK\$1,646,380,000 (2017: HK\$1,146,291,000) that are available indefinitely for offsetting against future taxable profits of the companies in which the losses arose. These tax losses as at 30 June 2018 and 30 June 2017 are subject to approval of the Hong Kong Inland Revenue Department. The Group also has tax losses arising from overseas operations of HK\$125,827,000 (2017: HK\$124,262,000), subject to approval of the relevant tax bureaus, that are available for offsetting against future taxable profits of the companies in which the losses arose. Deferred tax assets have been recognised in respect of tax losses of HK\$455,724,000 as at 30 June 2018 (2017; HK\$435,395,000). Deferred tax assets have not been recognised in respect of tax losses of HK\$1,316,483,000 as at 30 June 2018 (2017: HK\$835,158,000), as it is not considered probable that there would be sufficient future taxable profits to utilise such amount.

Pursuant to the PRC Corporate Income Tax Law, a 10% withholding tax is levied on dividends declared to foreign investors from the foreign investment enterprises established in Mainland China. The requirement is effective from 1 January 2008 and applies to earnings after 31 December 2007. A lower withholding tax rate may be applied if there is a tax treaty between Mainland China and the jurisdiction of the foreign investors. For the Group, the applicable rate is 10%. The Group is therefore liable to withholding taxes on dividends distributed by the subsidiaries established in Mainland China in respect of earnings generated from 1 January 2008.

At 30 June 2018 and 2017, no deferred tax has been recognised for withholding taxes payable on the unremitted earnings of the Group's subsidiaries established in Mainland China that are subject to withholding taxes. In the opinion of the directors, it is not probable that these subsidiaries will distribute such earnings in the foreseeable future. The aggregate amount of temporary differences associated with an investment in a subsidiary in Mainland China for which deferred tax liabilities have not been recognised totalled HK\$581,124,000 as at 30 June 2018 (2017: HK\$492,295,000).

30. 遞延税項(續)

遞延税項資產(續)

本集團於香港產生之税項虧損 1,646,380,000港 元(二零一七年: 1,146,291,000港元),可無限期用於抵 銷出現虧損公司之未來應課税溢利。於 二零一八年六月三十日及二零一七年六 月三十日之該等税項虧損須經香港政 府税務局批准。本集團亦自海外業務 產生税項虧損125,827,000港元(二零一 七年:124.262.000港元),可用於抵銷 出現虧損公司之未來應課税溢利,惟 須經相關税務局批准。於二零一八年六 月三十日,已就税項虧損確認遞延税 項資產455.724.000港元(二零一十年: 435,395,000港元)。於二零一八年六月 三十日並無就税項虧損1.316.483.000港 元(二零一七年:835,158,000港元)確認 遞延税項資產,此乃由於考慮到不大可 能出現足夠未來税項溢利以動用該等 金額。

於二零一八年及二零一七年六月三十日,概無就在中國內地成立應繳納預扣稅應繳至可之未匯付盈利。 之本集團附屬公司之未匯付預項。董認任何遞與稅項司見未來,該等附屬公司於分派此等盈利。於二零一八所附屬公司所有一方,有關投資中國內地一家陷時之司且尚未確認遞延稅項負債之零一七年:492,295,000港元)。

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31. SHARE CAPITAL

31. 股本

Ordinary shares

普通股

		2018 二零一八年 HK\$'000 千港元	2017 二零一七年 HK\$'000 千港元
Authorised: 11,000,000,000 ordinary shares of HK\$0.10 each	法定: 11,000,000,000股每股面值 0.10港元之普通股	1,100,000	1,100,000
Issued and fully paid: 6,990,651,992 (2017: 6,990,651,992) ordinary shares of HK\$0.10 each	已發行及繳足股款: 6,990,651,992股(二零一七 年:6,990,651,992股)每 股面值0.10港元之普通股	699,065	699,065

Movements in the Company's issued share capital are as follows:

本公司已發行股本之變動如下:

			Number of shares in	Share	Share premium	
			issue	capital	account 股份	Total
		Note 附註	已發行股份數目	股本 HK\$'000 千港元	溢價賬 HK\$'000 千港元	總計 HK\$'000 千港元
At 1 July 2016	於二零一六年七月 一日		6,989,651,992	698,965	6,361,692	7,060,657
Issue of shares upon exercise of share options, net of expenses	行使購股權時發行 股份,扣除開支	(a)	1,000,000	100	550	650
Release of reserve upon exercise of share options	行使購股權時自儲 備轉撥	(a)	-	_	293	293
At 30 June 2017, 1 July 2017 and 30 June 2018	於二零一七年六月 三十日及二零一 七年七月一日及 二零- 二零-		0.000.054.000	000 005	0.000 505	7,004,000
	三十日		6,990,651,992	699,065	6,362,535	7,061,600

Note:

(a) During the year ended 30 June 2017, the subscription rights attaching to 1,000,000 share options were exercised at the subscription price of HK\$0.654 per share, resulting in the issue of 1,000,000 shares of HK\$0.10 each. The gross cash consideration amounted to HK\$654,000 and the related issue expense was HK\$4,000. A share option reserve of HK\$293,000 was released to the share premium account.

Share options

Details of the Company's share option schemes and the share options issued under the schemes are included in note 32 to the financial statements.

附註:

(a) 於截至二零一七年六月三十日止年度, 1,000,000份購股權附帶之認購權乃按 認購價每股0.654港元行使,導致發 行1,000,000股每股面值0.10港元之股 份。總現金代價為654,000港元,而相 關發行開支為4,000港元。購股權儲備 293,000港元乃撥入股份溢價賬。

購股權

本公司購股權計劃及根據該等計劃所發行購股權之詳情載於財務報表附註32。

財務報表附註

30 June 2018 二零一八年六月三十日

32. SHARE OPTION SCHEMES

The Company operates share option schemes for the purpose of providing incentives and rewards to eligible participants thereunder for their contribution to the Group and/or enabling the Group to recruit and retain high-calibre employees and attract human resources that are valuable to the Group and any entity in which the Group holds an equity interest ("Invested Entity"). Eligible participants of the schemes include the Company's directors, employees and other eligible participants providing similar services, suppliers of goods or services, customers, shareholders, business partners and professional advisers of the Company or any Invested Entities. A share option scheme became effective on 29 January 2004 and was terminated on 21 November 2013 (the "2004 Scheme"). A new share option scheme was adopted and became effective on 21 November 2013 (the "2013 Scheme"). Unless otherwise cancelled or amended, the 2013 Scheme will remain in force for ten years from the effective date.

The maximum number of shares which could be issued upon exercise of all share options to be granted under the 2004 Scheme and the 2013 Scheme (collectively the "Schemes") was 332,090,952 and 697,499,199, respectively, being an amount equivalent, upon their exercise, to 10% of the shares in issue of the Company on the date on which the shareholders of the Company approving the respective schemes. Any further grant of share options in excess of this limit is subject to shareholders' approval in a general meeting. The maximum number of shares issuable under the share options to each eligible participant under the Schemes within any 12-month period, is limited to 1% of the shares of the Company in issue at any time.

Share options granted to a director, chief executive or the controlling shareholder of the Company, or to any of their associates, are subject to approval in advance by the independent non-executive directors. In addition, any share options granted to the controlling shareholder or an independent non-executive director of the Company, or to any of their associates, in excess of 0.1% of the shares of the Company in issue at any time or with an aggregate value (based on the price of the Company's share at the date of the grant) in excess of HK\$5 million, within any 12-month period, are subject to shareholders' approval in advance in a general meeting. The offer of a grant of share option may be accepted within 28 days from the date of the offer, upon payment of a nominal consideration of HK\$1 in total by the grantee.

32. 購股權計劃

本公司設有購股權計劃,旨在鼓勵及獎 勵合資格參與者為本集團作出之貢獻 及/或令本集團能夠招攬及保留優秀僱 員,並吸引對本集團及本集團持有任何 股本權益之任何實體(「接受投資實體」) 具有價值之人力資源。該等計劃之合 資格參與者包括本公司或任何接受投 資 實 體 之 董 事 、 僱 員 及 其 他 提 供 類 似 服務的合資格參與者、貨品或服務供 應商、客戶、股東、業務合作夥伴及專 業顧問。購股權計劃於二零零四年一月 二十九日生效,並於二零一三年十一月 二十一日終止(「二零零四年計劃」)。一 項新購股權計劃已於二零一三年十一月 二十一日獲採納及生效(「二零一三年計 劃」)。除非被取消或修訂,二零一三年 計劃由生效日期起十年內有效。

因行使根據二零零四年計劃及二零一三年計劃(統稱「該等計劃」)授出之內有購股權而可能發行之最高股份數目分別為332,090,952股及697,499,199股,(於國司股東批准各自計劃當日已發行股份之1%。進一步授出超過本限制之,於公之10%。進一步授出超過本限制之,於任何十二個月期間,按照購股權可,發行予該等計劃各合資格參與者之最行股份之1%為限。

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32. SHARE OPTION SCHEMES (Continued)

The exercise price of the share options is determinable by the directors, but may not be less than the highest of (i) the Stock Exchange closing price of the Company's shares on the date of the offer of the share options; (ii) the average Stock Exchange closing price of the Company's shares for the five trading days immediately preceding the date of the offer; and (iii) the nominal value of a share of the Company.

Share options do not confer the rights on the holders to dividends or to vote at shareholders' meetings.

2004 Scheme

Under the 2004 Scheme, options were granted to eligible participants and there were outstanding (but not yet exercised) options to subscribe for a total of 24,650,000 shares as at 30 June 2018, representing approximately 0.4% of the issued share capital as at that date. Following the termination of the 2004 Scheme in November 2013, no further options may be granted under the 2004 Scheme. The outstanding options granted under the 2004 Scheme shall continue to be valid and subject to the provisions of the 2004 Scheme and Chapter 17 of the Listing Rules.

The following share options were outstanding during the year:

32. 購股權計劃(續)

購股權之行使價可由董事釐定,但不得少於(i)本公司股份於購股權建議日期在聯交所之收市價:(ii)本公司股份於緊接建議日期前五個交易日在聯交所之平均收市價:及(iii)本公司股份之面值三者中之最高者。

購股權並無賦予持有人收取股息或在 股東會議上投票之權利。

二零零四年計劃

以下購股權於年內尚未行使:

	2018		2017	
	二零	一八年	二零一七年	
	Weighted		Weighted	
	average		average	
	exercise		exercise	
	price per	Number	price per	Number
	share	of options	share	of options
	每 股 加 權 平		每股加權平	
	均行使價	購股權數目	均行使價	購股權數目
	HK\$	'000	HK\$	'000
	港元	千份	港元	千份
At beginning of the year 於年初	0.653	25,350	0.653	26,350
Exercised during the year 於年內行使	_	· –	0.654	(1,000)
Lapsed during the year 於年內失效	0.652	(700)	_	
At end of the year 於年末	0.653	24,650	0.653	25,350

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32. SHARE OPTION SCHEMES (Continued)

32. 購股權計劃(續)

2004 Scheme (Continued)

二零零四年計劃(續)

The exercise prices and exercise periods of the share options outstanding as at the end of the reporting period are as follows:

於報告期末尚未行使之購股權之行使 價及行使期如下:

30 June 2018

二零一八年六月三十日

Exercise period 行使期	Exercise price per share* 每股行使價* HK\$ 港元	Number of options 購股權數目 '000 千份
22/07/2009 — 21/07/2019 22/01/2010 — 21/07/2019 23/01/2010 — 22/07/2019 22/01/2011 — 21/07/2019 23/01/2011 — 22/07/2019 22/01/2012 — 21/07/2019 23/01/2012 — 22/07/2019	0.654 0.654 0.652 0.654 0.652 0.654 0.652	3,000 1,000 4,995 1,000 4,995 3,000 6,660
		24,650

30 June 2017

二零一七年六月三十日

Number of options 購股權數目 '000 千份	Exercise price per share* 每股行使價* HK\$ 港元	Exercise period 行使期
3,000	0.654	22/07/2009 — 21/07/2019
1,000	0.654	22/01/2010 — 21/07/2019
5,205	0.652	23/01/2010 — 22/07/2019
1,000	0.654	22/01/2011 — 21/07/2019
5,205	0.652	23/01/2011 — 22/07/2019
3,000	0.654	22/01/2012 — 21/07/2019
6,940	0.652	23/01/2012 — 22/07/2019
25,350		

The vesting period of the share options is from the date of grant until the commencement of the exercise period.

* The exercise price of the share options is subject to adjustment in case of rights or bonus issues, or other similar changes in the Company's share capital.

During the year ended 30 June 2017, 1,000,000 share options were exercised which resulted in the issue of 1,000,000 ordinary shares of the Company and new share capital of HK\$100,000 and share premium of HK\$554,000 (before issue expenses), as further detailed in note 31 to the financial statements.

該等購股權之歸屬期為授出日期起至 行使期開始時。

* 如本公司進行供股或紅利發行或其股本 出現其他類似變動,購股權行使價須予 調整。

於截至二零一七年六月三十日止年度有1,000,000份購股權獲行使,導致本公司發行1,000,000股普通股,並產生新股本100,000港元及股份溢價554,000港元(未扣除發行開支),進一步詳情載於財務報表附註31。

財務報表附註

30 June 2018 二零一八年六月三十日

32. SHARE OPTION SCHEMES (Continued)

2013 Scheme

Under the 2013 Scheme, options were granted to eligible participants and there were outstanding (but not yet exercised) options to subscribe for a total of 123,900,000 shares as at 30 June 2018, representing approximately 1.8% of the issued share capital as at that date.

The following share options were outstanding during the year:

32. 購股權計劃(續)

二零一三年計劃

根據二零一三年計劃,購股權已授予合資格參與者,而於二零一八年六月三十日,發行在外(但尚未行使)之購股權可認購合共123,900,000股股份,佔該日之已發行股本約1.8%。

以下購股權於年內尚未行使:

)18 一八年	2017 二零一七年	
	— ₹ Weighted	7 ()	— ₹ Weighted	L 1
	average		average	
	exercise		exercise	
	price per	Number	price per	Number
	share	of options	share	of options
	每股加權平		每股加權平	
	均行使價	購股權數目	均行使價	購股權數目
	HK\$	'000	HK\$	'000
	港元	千份	港元	千份
At beginning of the year 於年初	3.098	134,900	3.098	136,530
Lapsed during the year 於年內失效	3.098	(11,000)	3.098	(1,630)
At end of the year 於年末	3.098	123,900	3.098	134,900

The exercise prices and exercise periods of the share options outstanding as at the end of the reporting period are as follows:

於報告期末尚未行使之購股權之行使 價及行使期如下:

30 June 2018

二零一八年六月三十日

Number of options 購股權數目 '000 千份	Exercise price per share* 每股行使價* HK\$ 港元	Exercise period 行使期
36,540 37,440 49,920	3.098 3.098 3.098	18/07/2015 — 17/07/2024 18/07/2016 — 17/07/2024 18/07/2017 — 17/07/2024
123,900		

財務報表附註

30 June 2018 二零一八年六月三十日

32. SHARE OPTION SCHEMES (Continued)

32. 購股權計劃(續)

2013 Scheme (Continued)

二零一三年計劃(續)

30 June 2017

二零一七年六月三十日

Number of options 購股權數目 '000 千份	Exercise price per share* 每股行使價* HK\$ 港元	Exercise period 行使期
39,056 41,076 54,768	3.098 3.098 3.098	18/07/2015 — 17/07/2024 18/07/2016 — 17/07/2024 18/07/2017 — 17/07/2024
134,900	0.000	1.5.5.7.2611 117617.2621

The vesting period of the share options is from the date of grant until the commencement of the exercise period.

* The exercise price of the share options is subject to adjustment in the case of rights or bonus issues, or other similar changes in the Company's share capital.

The fair value of the equity-settled share options granted on 18 July 2014 was estimated by Jones Lang LaSalle Corporate Appraisal and Advisory Limited, an independent firm of professionally qualified valuers, using the binomial option pricing model, taking into account the terms and conditions upon which the options were granted. The fair value of the equity-settled share options granted was HK\$194,451,000, of which the Group recognised a share option expense of HK\$1,337,000 (2017: HK\$28,661,000) during the year ended 30 June 2018. The following table lists the inputs to the model used:

Grant date 18 July 2014
Dividend yield (%) N/A
Expected volatility (%) 48.25
Risk-free interest rate (%) 2.565
Expected life of options (year) 10
Weighted average share price (HK\$ per share) 3.05

The expected life of the options is based on the historical data over the past three years and is not necessarily indicative of the exercise patterns that may occur.

The expected volatility reflects the assumption that the historical volatility is indicative of future trends, which may also not necessarily be the actual outcome.

No other feature of the options granted was incorporated into the measurement of fair value. 該等購股權之歸屬期為授出日期起至 行使期開始時。

* 如本公司進行供股或紅利發行或其股本 出現其他類似變動,購股權行使價須予 調整。

二零一四年 授出日期 七月十八日 股息收益(%) 不適用 預計波幅(%) 48.25 無風險利率(%) 2.565 購股權預期年期(年) 10 加權平均股價(每股港元) 3.05

購股權預期年期乃根據過往三年之歷 史數據計算,因此未必代表可能出現 之行使模式。

預計波幅反映歷史波幅代表未來趨勢 之假設,亦未必為實際結果。

計量公平值時並未納入所授購股權之其他特徵。

財務報表附註

30 June 2018 二零一八年六月三十日

32. SHARE OPTION SCHEMES (Continued)

2013 Scheme (Continued)

At the end of the reporting period, the Company had 24,650,000 and 123,900,000 share options outstanding under the 2004 Scheme and 2013 Scheme, respectively. The exercise in full of the remaining share options would, under the present capital structure of the Company, result in the issue of 148,550,000 additional ordinary shares of the Company and additional share capital of HK\$14,855,000 and share premium of HK\$385,075,000 (before issue expenses).

At the date of approval of these financial statements, the Company had 24,650,000 share options and 120,900,000 share options outstanding under the 2004 Scheme and 2013 Scheme, respectively, which represented approximately 2.1% of the Company's shares in issue as at that date.

33. RESERVES

The amounts of the Group's reserves and the movements therein for the current and prior years are presented in the consolidated statement of changes in equity.

Statutory surplus reserve

Transfers from retained profits to the statutory surplus reserve were made in accordance with the relevant PRC rules and regulations and the articles of association of the Company's subsidiaries established in the PRC.

For the entities concerned, the statutory surplus reserve can be used to cover previous years' losses, if any, and may be converted into capital in proportion to equity holders' existing equity holdings, provided that the balance after such conversion is not less than 25% of their registered capital.

32. 購股權計劃(續)

二零一三年計劃(續)

於報告期末,本公司根據二零零四年計劃及二零一三年計劃分別擁有24,650,000份及123,900,000份尚未行使之購股權。悉數行使餘下購股權將導致本公司在現有股本架構下額外發行148,550,000股本公司普通股及額外股本為14,855,000港元及股份溢價為385,075,000港元(扣除發行開支前)。

於批准此等財務報表日期,本公司根據二零零四年計劃及二零一三年計劃分別擁有24,650,000份及120,900,000份尚未行使之購股權,其佔本公司於該日已發行股份約2.1%。

33. 儲備

本集團於本期及過往年度之儲備金額及其變動呈列於綜合權益變動表內。

法定盈餘儲備

自保留溢利轉撥至法定盈餘儲備乃根據中國相關規則和法規以及本公司在中國所成立附屬公司的公司章程細則作出。

就所涉及的實體而言,法定盈餘儲備可用作彌補過往年度虧損(如有),並可按股東的現有股權比例轉換成股本,前提是有關轉換後結餘不低於實體註冊股本的25%。

財務報表附註

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34. PARTLY-OWNED SUBSIDIARIES WITH MATERIAL NON-CONTROLLING INTERESTS

34. 有重大非控股權益之非全 資附屬公司

Details of the Group's subsidiaries that have material non-controlling interests are set out below:

有重大非控股權益之本集團附屬公司 詳情載列如下:

Smart Edge

賜譽

	2018 二零一八年	2017 二零一七年
Percentage of equity interest held by non-controlling interests	40%	40%
	2018 二零一八年 HK\$'000 千港元	2017 二零一七年 HK\$'000 千港元
Profit for the year attributable to 非控股權益應佔年內溢利 non-controlling interests	613,300	928,184
Accumulated balances of non-controlling 於報告日期之非控股權益累計 interests at the reporting date 結餘	5,308,037	4,885,994

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30 June 2018 二零一八年六月三十日

34. PARTLY-OWNED SUBSIDIARIES WITH MATERIAL NON-CONTROLLING INTERESTS (Continued)

Smart Edge (Continued) 賜譽(續)

The following tables illustrate the summarised financial information of the above subsidiary, Smart Edge. The amounts disclosed are before any inter-company eliminations:

下表説明上述附屬公司賜譽之財務資料概要。所披露之金額為任何公司間 對銷前之金額:

34. 有重大非控股權益之非全

資附屬公司(續)

	2018 二零一八年 HK\$'000 千港元	2017 二零一七年 HK\$'000 千港元
Revenue 收益 Other income 其他收入 Change in fair value of an investment property Total expenses Profit for the year Total comprehensive income for the year 年內全面收	152,380 192,044 乙公平值變動 1,852,199 (663,373) 1,533,250 7益總額 1,533,250	57,121 202,818 2,321,708 (261,187) 2,320,460 2,320,460
receivables 款項 Trade receivables 應收貿易賜 Due from the Group 應收本集團	75,797 按金及其他應收 36,966 表款 84,317 国款項 1,042,678 强公司提供之貸款 5,286,303	77,027 104,167 50,184 157,202 5,038,089 1,063
	6,545,450	5,427,732
Non-current assets (note) 非流動資產 Plant and equipment 機器及設備 Investment property 投資物業 Deferred tax assets Deposits 按金	f 61,655 17,200,000	64,414 15,300,000 15,155 5,414
	17,262,613	15,384,983
Current liabilities 流動負債 Non-current liabilities 非流動負債	(10,499,793) (38,178)	(520,038) (8,077,689)
Net cash flows used in investing activities 用於投資活	動之現金流量淨額 (974,566) 動之現金流量淨額 (28,135) 動之現金流量淨額 1,021,027	(43,491) (1,869,791) 1,857,277
Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash 現金及現金 equivalents	等值增加/(減少) 18,326	(56,005)

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34. PARTLY-OWNED SUBSIDIARIES WITH MATERIAL NON-CONTROLLING INTERESTS (Continued)

Smart Edge (Continued)

Note:

As at 30 June 2018, an interest-bearing other loan granted to Smart Edge (note 27(f)) was secured by floating charges over all the assets of Smart Edge.

Gold Favour

Details of Gold Favour (a 60%-owned subsidiary which holds 100% equity interests in Gold Topmont) and its subsidiary (collectively, the "Gold Favour Group") that have material non-controlling interests are set out below:

34. 有重大非控股權益之非全 資附屬公司(續)

賜譽(續)

附註:

於二零一八年六月三十日,授予賜譽的計息其 他貸款(附註27(f))由賜譽的全部資產作浮動押 記。

金惠

有重大非控股權益之金惠(本集團擁有60%權益的附屬公司,其擁有金鋑100%股本權益)及其附屬公司(統稱「金惠集團」)詳情載列如下:

	2018 二零一八年	2017 二零一七年
Percentage of equity interest held by non-controlling interests	40%	40%
	2018 二零一八年 HK\$'000 千港元	2017 二零一七年 HK\$'000 千港元
Loss for the year attributable to 非控股權益應佔年內虧損 non-controlling interests	(6,822)	(3,266)
Accumulated balances of non-controlling 於報告日期之非控股權益累計 interests at the reporting date 結餘	(13,239)	(6,417)

The following table illustrates the summarised financial information of the Gold Favour Group. The amounts disclosed are before any inter-company eliminations:

下表説明金惠集團之財務資料概要。 所披露之金額為任何公司間對銷前之 金額:

		Year ended 30 June 2018 截至 二零一八年 六月三十日 止年度 HK\$'000 千港元	Period from 29 December 2016 to 30 June 2017 由二零一六年 十二月二十九日 至二零一七年 六月三十日 止期間 HK\$'000 千港元
Revenue Total expenses Loss for the year Total comprehensive loss for the year	收益 總開支 年內虧損 年內全面虧損總額	_ (17,054) (17,054) (17,054)	(8,164) (8,164) (8,164)

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34. PARTLY-OWNED SUBSIDIARIES WITH MATERIAL NON-CONTROLLING INTERESTS (Continued)

34. 有重大非控股權益之非全 資附屬公司(續)

Gold Favour (Continued)

金惠(續)

		2018 二零一八年 HK\$'000 千港元	2017 二零一七年 HK\$'000 千港元
Current assets Current liabilities Non-current liabilities	流動資產	7,328,897	6,838,443
	流動負債	(3,815,667)	(3,639,426)
	非流動負債	(3,546,327)	(3,215,060)
Net cash flows used in operating activities	用於經營活動之現金流量淨額	(226,095)	(30,424)
Net cash flows from financing activities	來自融資活動之現金流量淨額	218,198	38,069
Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	現金及現金等值增加/(減少) 淨額	(7,897)	7,645

Rich Region Rich Region

Details of Rich Region (a 60%-owned subsidiary which holds 83.5% equity interests in Gold Brilliant) and its subsidiaries (collectively, the "Rich Region Group") that have material non-controlling interests are set out below:

有重大非控股權益之Rich Region (本集團擁有60%權益的附屬公司,其擁有高 鉎83.5%股本權益)及其附屬公司(統稱 「Rich Region集團」)詳情載列如下:

	2018 二零一八年	2017 二零一七年
Percentage of equity interest held by non-controlling interests 非控股權益持有之股 百分比	设本權益 40%	40%
	2018 二零一八年 HK\$'000 千港元	2017 二零一七年 HK\$'000 千港元
Loss for the year attributable to 非控股權益應佔年內 non-controlling interests	可虧損 (37,183)	(26,118)
Accumulated balances of non-controlling 於報告日期之非控股 interests at the reporting date 累計結餘	· 權益 322,039	359,223

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34. PARTLY-OWNED SUBSIDIARIES WITH MATERIAL NON-CONTROLLING INTERESTS (Continued)

Rich Region (Continued)

The following table illustrates the summarised financial information of the Rich Region Group. The amounts disclosed are before any inter-company eliminations:

34. 有重大非控股權益之非全 資附屬公司(續)

Rich Region (續)

下表説明Rich Region集團之財務資料概要。所披露之金額為任何公司間對銷前之金額:

		Year ended 30 June 2018 截至 二零一八十年 六月三十年度 HK\$'000 千港元	Period from 21 December 2016 to 30 June 2017 由二零一六年 十二月二十一日 至二零一七年 六月三十日 止期間 HK\$'000 千港元
Total expenses Loss for the year Total comprehensive loss for the year	收益 總開支 年內虧損 年內全面虧損總額 非控股權益應佔虧損	- (82,543) (82,543) (82,543) (4,166)	(61,490) (61,490) (61,490) (2,538)
		2018 二零一八年 HK\$'000 千港元	2017 二零一七年 HK\$'000 千港元
Current assets Current liabilities Non-current liabilities	流動資產 流動負債 非流動負債	6,520,200 (5,705,046) —	6,346,412 (4,923,714) (518,296)
Non-controlling interests	非控股權益	(6,704)	(2,538)
Net cash flows from/(used in) operating activities Net cash flows from/(used in) financing activities	來自/(用於)經營活動之 現金流量淨額 來自/(用於)融資活動之 現金流量淨額	25,738 (9,405)	(6,340,749) 6,340,919
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	現金及現金等值增加淨額	16,333	170

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35. DISPOSAL OF SUBSIDIARIES

35. 出售附屬公司

Year ended 30 June 2017

On 30 June 2017, the Group disposed of its 100% equity interest of Treasure Channel Holdings Limited, a company incorporated in the BVI, (the "Tianjin Target Company") together with an amount due from the Tianjin Target Company to Mr. Pan for an aggregate consideration of HK\$734,192,000.

截至二零一七年六月三十日止年 度

於二零一七年六月三十日,本集團出售其於英屬處女群島註冊成立公司 Treasure Channel Holdings Limited (「天津目標公司」)的全部股本權益連同天津目標公司應付潘先生的款項,代價合共為734,192,000港元。

2017

			2017
		Notes 附註	二零一七年 HK\$'000 千港元
	山佐次文河佐。		
Net assets disposed of: Property, plant and equipment	出售資產淨值: 物業、機器及設備	13	1,189,572
Prepaid lease payments	預付土地租賃款項	15	48,681
Prepayments and other receivables	預付款項及其他應收款項	10	563
Cash and bank balances	現金及銀行結餘		94
Accruals and other payables	應計費用及其他應付款		(534,000)
Due to related companies	應付關連公司款項		(11,913)
			000 007
Delegas of evaluation recover	松同小医协管		692,997
Release of exchange translation reserve	撥回外匯換算儲備		36,159
			729,156
Gain on disposal of subsidiaries	出售附屬公司收益	6	5,036
Satisfied by:	支付方式:		
Due to the controlling shareholder	應付控股股東款項		734,192
An analysis of the cash flows in respect of subsidiaries is as follows:	the disposal of 就出售所	屬公司之現金	流量分析如下:
			HK\$'000 千港元
Cash and bank balances disposed of	已出售現金及銀行結餘		94
Net outflows of cash and cash equivalents in	出售附屬公司之現金及現金等	值之	

流出淨額

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respect of the disposal of subsidiaries

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36. NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

(a) Major non-cash transactions

- As at 30 June 2017, construction costs of the investment property of HK\$86,136,000 were accrued for. These items had no cash flow impact during the year ended 30 June 2017.
- During the year ended 30 June 2017, the (ii) consideration receivable of HK\$734,192,000 arising from the disposal of a 100% equity interest in the Tianjin Target Company was settled by an amount due to the controlling shareholder of HK\$734,192,000 (note 26(b)).
- During the year ended 30 June 2017, a loan from a related company of HK\$95.661,000 was waived and recognised in equity as contribution from the controlling shareholder.

(b) Change in liability arising from financing (b) 融資活動產生負債之變動 activities

(a) 重大非現金交易

36. 綜合現金流量表附許

- 於二零一七年六月三十日, 已就該等項目累計之投資 物業建築成本86,136,000港 元。截至二零一七年六月三 十日止年度,此等項目並無 現金流量影響。
- 截至二零一七年六月三十日 止年度,因出售天津目標公 司100%股權而應收之代價 734,192,000港元透過應付 控股股東款項734,192,000 港元結付(附註26(b))。
- (iii) 截至二零一七年六月三十日 **止年度**,由一間關連公司提 供之貸款95,661,000港元獲 豁免,並於權益中確認為控 股股東注資。

		Interest-			Amount	
		bearing	Amount		due to the	
		bank and	due to non-	Loan from	immediate	Amount due
		other	controlling	a related	holding	to related
		borrowings	shareholders	company	company	companies
		計息銀行及	應付非控股	應收一間關連	應付直接控股	應付關連
		其他借貸	股東款項	公司貸款	公司款項	公司款項
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
At 1 July 2017	於二零一七年					
	七月一日	14,338,713	121,796	517,605	570,435	1,192,857
Changes from financing	融資現金流量變動					
cash flows		2,463,978	(26,148)	(481,061)	(525,111)	(1,167,410)
Amortisation of loan	貸款促成費攤銷					
procurement fee		96,973	_	_	_	_
Effect of foreign exchange	匯率變動淨影響	,				
rate changes, net		(102)	_	1,333	_	270
				,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		
At 30 June 2018	於二零一八年					
At 50 Julie 2010	六月三十日	16,899,562	95,648	37,877	45,324	25,717
	///]_	10,099,302	95,046	31,011	45,524	25,717

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37. JOINT OPERATION

During the year ended 30 June 2017, the Group entered into a development agreement (the "Development Agreement") with MTR Corporation Limited ("MTRC"), in the form of a joint operation, for the development of a residential project at Ho Man Tin Station. Pursuant to the Development Agreement, the Group is responsible for the property development and sales of the project at its sole expense. The Group undertakes to pay all the development costs, such as land premium, construction costs and professional fees, etc., and agreed to share the surplus proceeds (as defined and calculated in the manner set out in the Development Agreement) with MTRC arising from the sales of the properties of the project upon completion at an agreed ratio of 65% (the Group) and 35% (MTRC).

The aggregate amount of assets, liabilities, income and expenses recognised in the consolidated financial statements in relation to interests in joint operation attributable to the Group are as follows:

37. 合營業務

就本集團應佔合營業務權益於綜合財 務報表確認的資產、負債、收入及開 支總額如下:

	2018 二零一八年 HK\$'000 千港元	2017 二零一七年 HK\$'000 千港元
Current assets流動資產Properties under development發展中物業Other current assets其他流動資產	6,626,859 16,503	6,382,803 170
	6,643,362	6,382,973
Non-current liabilities 非流動負債 Current liabilities 流動負債	— (3,688,813)	(518,296) (3,155,085)
	(3,688,813)	(3,673,381)
Income 收入 Expenses 開支	_ (562)	(1,494)

Mr. Pan has provided a guarantee to MTRC in respect of the Group's obligations under the Development Agreement.

潘先生已同意就本集團於發展協議項下之責任向港鐵作出擔保。

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38. OPERATING LEASE COMMITMENTS

38. 經營租約承擔

(a) As lessor

The Group leases its investment property (note 14 to the financial statements) under operating lease arrangements, with leases negotiated for terms ranging from two to four years. The terms of the leases generally also grants a rentfree period ranged from two to six months to the lessees and require the tenants to pay security deposits.

At the end of the reporting period, the Group had total future minimum lease receivables under non-cancellable operating leases with its tenants falling due as follows:

(a) 作為出租人

本集團根據經營租約安排出租其 投資物業(財務報表附註14),租 賃年期經磋商為介乎兩至四年。 租約條款一般亦向承租人授予兩 至六個月的免租期,及規定租戶 須支付抵押按金。

於報告期末,本集團根據與租戶 的不可撤銷經營租約之未來最低 應收租金總額到期日如下:

	2018 二零一八年 HK\$'000 千港元	2017 二零一七年 HK\$'000 千港元
Within one year — 年內 — 一年內 In the second to fifth years, inclusive 第二至第五年	155,764	40,713
(包括首尾兩年)	263,429	58,803
	419,193	99,516

(b) As lessee

The Group leases certain of its office properties and staff quarters under operating lease arrangements. Leases for properties are negotiated for terms ranging from one to three years (2017: one to three years).

At the end of the reporting period, the Group had total future minimum lease payments under non-cancellable operating leases falling due as follows:

(b) 作為承租人

本集團根據經營租約安排租入若 干寫字樓物業及員工宿舍。為該 等物業租約磋商之年期為一至三 年(二零一七年:一至三年)。

於報告期末,本集團根據不可撤 銷經營租約之未來最低租金總額 到期日如下:

	2018 二零一八年 HK\$'000 千港元	2017 二零一七年 HK\$'000 千港元
Within one year — 年序 In the second to fifth years, inclusive 第二3	5,563 至第五年	4,741
(包	括首尾兩年) 3,646	6,444
	9,209	11,185

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39. COMMITMENTS

39. 承擔

In addition to the operating lease commitments detailed in note 38(b) above, the Group had the following capital commitments at the end of the reporting period:

除於上文附註38(b)詳述之經營租約承擔外,本集團於報告期末有以下資本承擔:

	2018 二零一八年 HK\$'000 千港元	2017 二零一七年 HK\$'000 千港元
Contracted, but not provided for: 已訂約但未計提: Properties under development 發展中物業	2,684,297	2,547,156

40. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

40. 關連人士交易

(a) In addition to the transactions and balances detailed elsewhere in these financial statements, the Group had the following transactions with related parties during the year:

(a) 除財務報表其他章節詳述之交易 及結餘外,本集團於年內與關連 人士進行以下交易:

		Notes 附註	2018 二零一八年 HK\$'000 千港元	2017 二零一七年 HK\$'000 千港元
Transactions with companies controlled by the Company's controlling shareholder	與本公司控股股東控制 之公司之交易:			
Sales of wines	酒品銷售	(i)	140	644
Financial advisory fees charged	已付財務顧問費用	(ii)	600	520
Project management fees	已付項目管理費用#	(11)	000	020
charged#		(iii)	975	2,632
Property management fee	物業管理費收入*	"		
income*	40 /T III	(iv)	2,177	2,301
Rental income*	租賃收入*	(iv)	13,286	14,042
Rental expenses	租賃開支	(iv)	66	541
Interest expense#	利息開支#	(v)	9,626	13,663
Sales of food and beverage	食品及飲料銷售	(vi)	3,970	3,891

Notes:

- The sales of wines were made at selling prices mutually agreed with the related companies.
- (ii) The transactions were conducted in accordance with respective contractual terms.
- (iii) The project management fees were charged in accordance with the project management agreements entered into between the Group and a related company.

附註:

- (i) 酒品銷售乃根據與關連公司共同 協定的價格作出。
- (ii) 該等交易乃根據各自之合約條款 進行。
- (iii) 項目管理費用乃根據本集團與一 間關連公司訂立的項目管理協議 收取。

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40. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

(Continued)

(a) (Continued)

Notes: (Continued)

- (iv) The property management fee income, rental income and rental expenses were charged in accordance with the respective tenancy agreements.
- (v) The interest expense was charged at a rate of 8.5% per annum on the principal amount (note 29).
- (vi) The sales of food and beverage were made at prices with reference to the sales to third party customers.
- * These related party transactions also constituted continuing connected transactions as defined in Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules.
- * These related party transactions also constituted connected transactions as defined in Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules.
- (b) On 23 April 2018, the Company entered into a sale and purchase agreement (the "GE Acquisition Agreement") with Mr. Pan, the controlling shareholder and chairman of the Company, and pursuant to which the Company conditionally agreed to purchase from Mr. Pan 100% equity interest in Goal Eagle Limited (the "GE Target Company") and the related shareholder loan due to Mr. Pan at an aggregate cash consideration of HK\$5,608 million (the "GE Acquisition").

Pursuant to the GE Acquisition Agreement, completion of the GE Acquisition is conditional upon, inter alia, the completion of (i) the disposal of Gold Faith (the "GF Disposal") and (ii) the disposal of Rich Region (the "RR Disposal") as further discussed in (c) below.

Further details of the GE Acquisition are set out in the Company's circular dated 25 June 2018.

(c) In April 2018, the Company entered into two sale and purchase agreements with the companies which are beneficially and wholly-owned by Mr. Pan (the "Purchasers") for the GF Disposal (the "GF Disposal Agreement") and the RR Disposal (the "RR Disposal Agreement"), respectively.

Pursuant to the GF Disposal Agreement, the Company conditionally agreed to dispose of its 100% equity interest in Gold Faith, and the related shareholder loan at an aggregate cash consideration of HK\$6,400 million.

40. 關連人士交易(續)

(a) (續)

附註:(續)

- (iv) 物業管理費收入、租金收入及租金開支乃根據各租賃協議收取。
- (v) 利息開支乃按本金額以年利率 8.5%收取(附註29)。
- (vi) 食品及飲料銷售乃按照經參考向 第三方客戶的銷售之價格作出。
- * 該等關連人士交易亦構成上市規 則第14A章所界定之持續關連交 息。
- * 該等關連人士交易亦構成上市規則第14A章所界定之關連交易。
- (b) 於二零一八年四月二十三日,本公司與本公司控股股東兼主席潘先生訂立一項買賣協議(「GE收購協議」),據此本公司有條件同意購買潘先生於Goal Eagle Limited(「GE目標公司」)100%股權及應付潘先生之相關股東貸款,總現金代價為5,608,000,000港元(「GE收購事項」)。

根據GE收購協議,GE收購事項 須待以下各項達成後方告完成, 其中包括完成(i)出售金信(「GF出售 事項」)及(ii)出售Rich Region(「RR 出售事項」),詳述見下文(c)。

有關GE收購事項之進一步詳情 載於本公司日期為二零一八年六 月二十五日之通函。

(c) 於二零一八年四月,本公司與潘先 生實益及全資擁有之公司(「買方」) 分別就GF出售事項及RR出售事 項訂立兩項買賣協議(分別為「GF 出售協議」及「RR出售協議」)。

根據GF出售協議,本公司有條件同意出售其於金信之100%股權及相關股東貸款,總現金代價為6,400,000,000,000港元。

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40. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

(Continued)

(c) (Continued)

Pursuant to the RR Disposal Agreement, the Company conditionally agreed to dispose of its 60% equity interest in Rich Region and the related shareholder loan at an aggregate cash consideration of HK\$6,003 million.

The completion of the GF Disposal and the RR Disposal are conditional upon the fulfilment of all conditions precedent set out in the GF Disposal Agreement and the RR Disposal Agreement. As at the date of approval of these consolidated financial statements, the GF Disposal and the RR Disposal have not been completed.

Further details of the GF Disposal and the RR Disposal are set out in the Company's circular dated 25 June 2018.

(d) Compensation of key management personnel of the Group:

40. 關連人士交易(續)

(c) (續)

根據RR出售協議,本公司有條件同意出售其於Rich Region之60%股權及相關股東貸款,總現金代價為6,003,000,000港元。

GF出售事項及RR出售事項須待 GF出售協議及RR出售協議所載之 全部先決條件達成後方告完成。 於批准此等綜合財務報表日期, GF出售事項及RR出售事項尚未 完成。

有關GF出售事項及RR出售事項之 進一步詳情載於本公司日期為二 零一八年六月二十五日之通函。

(d) 本集團主要管理人員薪酬:

		2018 二零一八年 HK\$'000 千港元	2017 二零一七年 HK\$'000 千港元
Short term employee benefits Equity-settled share option expense	短期僱員福利 權益支付購股權開支	8,416 87	9,272 1,863
Total compensation paid to key management personnel	支付主要管理人員之薪酬總額	8,503	11,135

Key management personnel of the Group are its directors. Further details of directors' emoluments are included in note 9 to the financial statements.

本集團之主要管理人員為其董事。董事酬金之進一步詳情載於 財務報表附註9。

41. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS BY CATEGORY

All financial assets and liabilities of the Group as at 30 June 2018 and 2017 are loans and receivables and financial liabilities stated at amortised cost, respectively.

41. 按類別劃分之金融工具

本集團於二零一八年及二零一七年六月 三十日的所有金融資產及負債分別為貸 款及應收款項及按攤銷成本列賬的金 融負債。

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42. FAIR VALUE HIERARCHY OF FINANCIAL 42. 金融工具公平值架構 INSTRUMENTS

Management has assessed that the fair values of cash and bank balances, trade receivables, trade payables, financial assets included in prepayments, deposits and other receivables, financial liabilities included in accruals, other payables and receipts in advance, the current portion of interest-bearing bank and other borrowings, and balances with the immediate holding company, related companies and non-controlling shareholders approximate their carrying amounts largely due to the short term maturities of these instruments.

The Group's finance department is responsible for determining the policies and procedures for the fair value measurement of financial instruments. The finance manager reports directly to the chief financial officer and the audit committee. At each reporting date, the finance department analyses the movements in the values of financial instruments and determines the major inputs applied in the valuation. The valuation is reviewed and approved by the chief financial officer. The valuation process and results are discussed with the audit committee twice a year for interim and annual financial reporting.

The fair values of the financial assets and liabilities are included at the amount at which the instrument could be exchanged in a current transaction between willing parties, other than in a forced or liquidation sale. The following methods and assumptions were used to estimate the fair values:

The fair values of the non-current portion of interest-bearing bank and other borrowings and loans from a related company have been calculated by discounting the expected future cash flows using rates currently available for instruments with similar terms, credit risk and remaining maturity. The Group's own non-performance risk for bank borrowings as at 30 June 2018 was assessed to be insignificant. The fair values approximated their carrying values as at 30 June 2018.

管理層認為現金及銀行結餘、應收貿易 賬款、應付貿易賬款、計入預項項 按金及其他應收款項之金融預資收 大應計負債、計息銀行及其他借關 之金融分以及與直接控股公司 動政非控股股東之結餘之 是與與東之結餘等工具之 期限較短所致。

本集團之財務部負責釐定金融工具公 平值計量之政策及程序。財務經 接向首席財務官及審核委員會報告日期,財務部分析金融工工 值變動,並釐定估值所用主要輸工人。 債 據。估值由首席財務官審閱及批准 值 過程及結果由審核委員會 期及年度財務申報進行兩次討論。

金融資產及負債之公平值乃按該工具可由自願雙方在現有交易(強制或清盤銷售除外)中交易之金額釐定。下列方法及假設乃用作估計公平值:

計息銀行及其他借貸之非流動部分以及由一間關連公司提供之貸款之公平值按現時適用於具有類似條款、信貸風險及剩餘年期之工具之利率折現預期未來現金流量計算。於二零一八年六月三十日,本集團本身銀行借貸之不履約風險被評定為並不重大。於二零一八年六月三十日,公平值與其賬面值相若。

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財務報表附註

30 June 2018 二零一八年六月三十日

43. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES

The Group's principal financial instruments comprise financial funds of interest-bearing bank and other borrowings, and operating funds of trade payables. The main purpose of these financial instruments is to raise finance for the Group's operations. The Group has various other financial assets and liabilities such as, cash and bank balances, trade receivables, balances with the immediate holding company, related companies and non-controlling shareholders, and loans from a related company and a non-controlling shareholder which arise directly from its operations.

The main risks arising from the Group's financial instruments are interest rate risk, foreign currency risk, credit risk, and liquidity risk. The board of directors reviews and agrees policies for managing each of these risks and they are summarised below.

Interest rate risk

The Group's exposure to the risk of changes in market interest rates relates primarily to its long term borrowings at a floating interest rate. The Group has not used any interest rate swaps to hedge its interest rate risk.

At present, the Group does not intend to seek to hedge its exposure to interest rate fluctuations. However, the Group will constantly review the economic situation and its interest rate risk profile, and will consider appropriate hedging measures in the future as may be necessary.

As at 30 June 2018, if interest rates had been 50 basis points higher/lower and all other variables were held constant, the Group's operating results before tax for the year would decrease/increase by approximately HK\$33,466,000 (2017: HK\$71,688,000). This is mainly attributed to the Group's exposure to the interest rates on its variable-rate bank borrowings.

The Group does not have any significant exposure to the risk of changes in market interest rates in relation to bank balances as these mainly represent demand deposits in banks.

43. 財務風險管理目標及政策

本集團金融工具所產生之主要風險為 利率風險、外幣風險、信貸風險及流 動資金風險。董事會就管理上述各項 風險檢討及商定政策,其內容概述如 下。

利率風險

本集團面對之市場利率變動風險主要 有關其浮息長期借貸。本集團並無使 用任何利率掉期對沖其利率風險。

目前,本集團不擬尋求對沖其所面臨之利率波動風險。然而,本集團將持續審視經濟狀況及其利率風險狀況,並在未來有需要時將考慮採取適當對沖措施。

於二零一八年六月三十日,倘利率上升/下降50個基點而其他所有變項保持不變,則本集團年內之除稅前經營業績將減少/增加約33,466,000港元(二零一七年:71,688,000港元)。這主要是由於本集團因其浮息銀行借貸而面臨之利率風險所致。

本集團並無任何有關銀行結餘之重大 市場利率變動風險,因其主要為銀行 活期存款。

財務報表附註

30 June 2018 二零一八年六月三十日

43. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (Continued)

Foreign currency risk

The Group's business operations are principally in Hong Kong, the PRC, the US and France. The majority of the business transactions are denominated in the local currencies and there were only insignificant balances of financial assets and liabilities that were denominated in foreign currencies as at 30 June 2018. Hence, the Group is not exposed to significant foreign exchange risk.

The Group has not used any financial instruments to hedge against currency risk. However, management monitors foreign exchange exposure and will consider hedging significant foreign currency exposure should the need arise.

The Group constantly reviews the economic situation and its foreign currency risk profile, and considers implementing appropriate hedging measures in future if the need arises.

Credit risk

The Group trades only with recognised and creditworthy third parties. It is the Group's policy that all customers who wish to trade on credit terms are subject to credit verification procedures. In addition, receivable balances are monitored on an ongoing basis and the Group's exposure to bad debts is not significant. The Group reviews the recoverable amount of each individual trade debtor at the end of the reporting period to ensure that adequate impairment losses are made for irrecoverable amounts.

The credit risk of the Group's other financial assets, which comprise cash and bank balances and deposits and other receivables arises from default of the counterparty, with a maximum exposure equal to the carrying amounts of these instruments.

Since the Group trades only with recognised and creditworthy third parties, there is no requirement for collateral.

Further quantitative data in respect of the Group's exposure to credit risk arising from trade receivables are disclosed in note 21 to the financial statements.

43. 財務風險管理目標及政策

外幣風險

本集團的業務營運主要位於香港、中國、美國及法國。業務交易大多數以當地貨幣計值,於二零一八年六月三十日,僅有結餘不重大的金融資產及負債以外幣計值。因此,本集團並不承受重大外幣風險。

本集團並無使用任何金融工具對沖外 幣風險。然而,管理層會監察外匯風 險,並在有需要時將考慮對沖重大外 幣風險。

本集團持續審視經濟狀況及其外幣風 險狀況,在未來有必要時,將考慮實施 適當對沖措施。

信貸風險

本集團僅與經認可且信譽良好之第三方交易。按照本集團之政策,需對所有希望採用信用條款交易之客戶進行信用 核實。另外,應收結餘之情況受持 監察,因此本集團之壞賬風險不大。 集團會於報告期末檢討各項貿易金額 之可收回金額,以確保就不可收回金額 計提足夠減值虧損撥備。

本集團其他金融資產(包括現金及銀行結餘以及按金及其他應收款項)之信貸 風險源自交易對方違約,最大風險相 當於這些工具之賬面值。

由於本集團僅與經認可且信譽良好之第三方交易,因此無需抵押品。

有關本集團因應收貿易賬款而面對之 信貸風險之進一步定量資料於財務報 表附註21披露。

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財務報表附註

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43. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (Continued)

Liquidity risk

The Group's objective is to ensure adequate funds to meet commitments associated with its financial liabilities. Cash flows are closely monitored on an ongoing basis. The Group will raise funds either through the financial markets or from the realisation of its assets if required.

The Group's objective is to maintain a balance between continuity of funding and flexibility through the use of the Group's available cash.

The maturity profile of the Group's financial liabilities as at the end of the reporting period, based on the contractual undiscounted payments, is as follows:

43. 財務風險管理目標及政策

流動資金風險

本集團之目標為確保取得足夠資金滿足有關其金融負債之承擔。現金流量之情況受持續密切監察。如有需要,本集團將透過金融市場或變現資產籌集資金。

本集團之目標為透過使用本集團之可用 現金在資金持續性與靈活性之間維持 平衡。

於報告期末,根據合約未貼現付款,本 集團之金融負債到期狀況如下:

30 June 2018

二零一八年六月三十日

		On demand 應要求 HK\$'000 千港元	Less than 3 months 少於3個月 HK\$'000 千港元	3 to 12 months 3至12個月 HK\$'000 千港元	1 to 5 years 1至5年 HK\$'000 千港元	Over 5 years 逾5年 HK\$'000 千港元	Total 總計 HK\$'000 千港元
Trade payables Financial liabilities included in accruals, other payables and receipts in	應付貿易賬款 計入應計負債、其他應付款及預 收款項之金融負債	260,958	2,922	152,269	-	-	416,149
advance		379,236	259,875	-	38,178	-	677,289
Due to the immediate holding company	應付直接控股公司款項	45,324	-	-	-	-	45,324
Due to related companies	應付關連公司款項	25,717	-	-	-	-	25,717
Due to non-controlling shareholders	應付非控股股東款項	95,648	-	-	-	-	95,648
Loan from a related company Loan from a non-controlling	由一間關連公司提供之貸款 由一名非控股股東提供之貸款	-	-	-	38,708	-	38,708
shareholder Interest-bearing bank and other borrowings:	計息銀行及其他借貸:	518,296	-	-	-	_	518,296
Fixed rate	固定利率	_	204,068	10,420,739	88	_	10,624,895
Variable rate	浮動利率	696	3,210,314	121,242	3,936,092		7,268,344
		1,325,875	3,677,179	10,694,250	4,013,066	_	19,710,370

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43. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (Continued)

Liquidity risk (Continued)

30 June 2017

43. 財務風險管理目標及政策

流動資金風險(續)

二零一七年六月三十日

		On demand 應要求 HK\$'000 千港元	Less than 3 months 少於3個月 HK\$'000 千港元	3 to 12 months 3至12個月 HK\$'000 千港元	1 to 5 years 1至5年 HK\$'000 千港元	Over 5 years 逾5年 HK\$'000 千港元	Total 總計 HK\$'000 千港元
Trade payables	應付貿易賬款	148,184	61,793	379,309	_	_	589,286
Financial liabilities included in accruals, other payables and receipts in	計入應計負債、其他應付款及預收款項之金融負債	. 10,10	0.,.00	0.0,000			000,200
advance		100,922	278,492	290,690	_	_	670,104
Due to the immediate holding company	應付直接控股公司款項	570,435	_	_	-	-	570,435
Due to related companies	應付關連公司款項	1,192,857	_	_	_	_	1,192,857
Due to non-controlling shareholders	應付非控股股東款項	121,796	_	-	-	-	121,796
Loan from a related company	由一間關連公司提供之貸款	_	_	-	517,605	-	517,605
Loan from a non-controlling	由一名非控股股東提供之貸款						
shareholder		_	_	_	518,296	_	518,296
Interest-bearing bank borrowings:	計息銀行借貸:						
Fixed rate	固定利率	_	33	859	269	-	1,161
Variable rate	浮動利率	1,068	115,025	3,465,582	12,661,406	_	16,243,081
		2,135,262	455,343	4,136,440	13,697,576	_	20,424,621

Capital management

The primary objectives of the Group's capital management are to safeguard the Group's ability to continue as a going concern and to maintain healthy capital ratios in order to support its business and maximise shareholders' value.

The Group manages its capital structure and makes adjustments to it in light of changes in the economic conditions and the risk characteristics of the underlying assets. To maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Group may adjust the dividend payment to shareholders, return capital to shareholders or issue new shares. No changes were made in the objectives, policies or processes for managing capital during the years ended 30 June 2018 and 30 June 2017.

資金管理

本集團管理資金之主要目標為確保本 集團持續經營之能力及維持穩健之資 本比率,以支持其業務及使股東價值 最大化。

本集團根據經濟狀況變動及相關資產 之風險特徵管理其資本架構及作出調整。為維持或調整資本架構,本集團或 會調整付予股東之股息、將股本退還 股東或發行新股份。於截至二零一八年 六月三十日及二零一七年六月三十日止 年度,管理資金之目標、政策或過程並 無改變。

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財務報表附註

30 June 2018 二零一八年六月三十日

43. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (Continued)

Liquidity risk (Continued)

Capital management (Continued)

The Group monitors capital on the basis of the debt-to-total assets ratio, which is calculated as total borrowings divided by total assets. The debt-to-total assets ratio as at the end of the reporting period was as follows:

43. 財務風險管理目標及政策

流動資金風險(續)

資金管理(續)

本集團根據債項與資產總值比率(按借貸總額除以資產總值計算)監察資本。 於報告期末之債項與資產總值比率如下:

		2018 二零一八年 HK\$'000 千港元	2017 二零一七年 HK\$'000 千港元
Interest-bearing bank and other borrowings Loan from a related company Loan from a non-controlling shareholder	計息銀行及其他借貸 由一間關連公司提供之貸款 由一名非控股股東提供之貸款	16,899,562 37,877 518,296	14,338,713 517,605 518,296
Total debt	債項總額	17,455,735	15,374,614
Total assets Debt-to-total assets ratio	資產總值 	37,771,589 46.2%	35,874,530

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財務報表附註

30 June 2018 二零一八年六月三十日

44. STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION 44. 本公司財務狀況表 OF THE COMPANY

Information about the statement of financial position of the Company at the end of the reporting period is as follows:

本公司於報告期末之財務狀況表之資 料載列如下:

		2018 二零一八年 HK\$'000 千港元	2017 二零一七年 HK\$'000 千港元
NON-CURRENT ASSETS Plant and equipment Intangible asset Interests in subsidiaries	非流動資產 機器及設備 無形資產 附屬公司權益	– 17,200 6,758,520	_ _ 7,668,332
Total non-current assets	非流動資產總值	6,775,720	7,668,332
CURRENT ASSETS Prepayments and other receivables Cash and bank balances	流動資產 預付款項及其他應收款項 現金及銀行結餘	4,881 215,618	4,839 405,785
Total current assets	流動資產總值	220,499	410,624
CURRENT LIABILITIES Accruals and other payables Due to the immediate holding company Due to a related company	流動負債 應計負債及其他應付款 應付直接控股公司款項 應付一間關連公司款項	8,634 45,324 1,201	9,075 570,435 14,811
Total current liabilities	流動負債總額	55,159	594,321
NET CURRENT ASSETS/ (LIABILITIES)	流動資產淨值/ (負債)淨額	165,340	(183,697)
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES	資產總值減 流動負債	6,941,060	7,484,635
NON-CURRENT LIABILITY Loan from a related company	非流動負債 由一間關連公司提供之貸款	37,877	517,605
Net assets	資產淨值	6,903,183	6,967,030
EQUITY Issued capital Reserves (note)	權益 已發行資本 儲備(附註)	699,065 6,204,118	699,065 6,267,965
Total equity	總權益	6,903,183	6,967,030

財務報表附許

30 June 2018 二零一八年六月三十日

44. STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION OF THE COMPANY (Continued)

44. 本公司財務狀況表(續)

Note:

附註:

A summary of the Company's reserves is as follows:

本公司儲備摘要如下:

		Share premium account 股份溢價賬 HK\$'000 千港元	Share option reserve 購股權儲備 HK\$'000 千港元	Accumulated losses 累計虧損 HK\$'000 千港元	Total 總計 HK\$'000 千港元
At 1 July 2016 Loss for the year and total comprehensive loss	於二零一六年七月一日 年內虧損及年內全面虧損總額	6,361,692	167,735	(338,532)	6,190,895
for the year Deemed contribution from the controlling shareholder	控股股東的視作出資	_	_	(47,802) 95,661	(47,802) 95,661
Issue of shares upon exercise of share options, net of expenses	行使購股權時發行股份(扣除開支)	843	(293)	90,001	550
Equity-settled share option arrangements Transfer of share option reserve upon lapse of	權益支付購股權安排 於購股權失效後轉撥購股權儲備	-	28,661	- 0.000	28,661
share options		_	(2,026)	2,026	_
At 30 June 2017 and 1 July 2017 Loss for the year and total comprehensive loss	於二零一七年六月三十日及 二零一七年七月一日 年內虧損及年內全面虧損總額	6,362,535	194,077	(288,647)	6,267,965
for the year Equity-settled share option arrangements	權益支付購股權安排	-	_ 1,337	(65,184) —	(65,184) 1,337
Transfer of share option reserve upon lapse of share options	於購股權失效後轉撥購股權儲備	-	(14,158)	14,158	_
At 30 June 2018	於二零一八年六月三十日	6,362,535	181,256	(339,673)	6,204,118

The share option reserve comprises the fair value of share options granted which are yet to be exercised, as further explained in the accounting policy for share-based payment transactions in note 3 to the financial statements. The amount will either be transferred to the share premium account when the related options are exercised, or be transferred to accumulated losses should the related options expire or be forfeited.

購股權儲備包括已授出但尚未行使購股權之公平值,進一步詳情載於財務報表附註3以股份支付款項之交易之會計政策。有關金額將於行使相關購股權後轉撥至股份溢價賬,或倘相關購股權到期或作癈,則轉撥至累計虧損。

45. APPROVAL OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the board of directors on 18 September 2018.

45. 財務報表之批准

財務報表已於二零一八年九月十八日獲董事會批准並授權刊發。

PARTICULARS OF PROPERTIES HELD

持有物業詳情

Details of the Group's properties held as at 30 June 2018 are as 於二零一八年六月三十日,本集團持有物業 follows: 之詳情如下:

(1) Investment Property

(1) 投資物業

Location 地點	Use 用途	Approximate gross floor area 概約樓面面積	Lease term 租期	Group's interest 本集團之權益
Goldin Financial Global Centre, 17 Kai Cheung Road, Kowloon Bay, Hong Kong 香港九龍灣啟祥道17號 高銀金融國際中心	Commercial/Office 商業/寫字樓	79,200 sq. m. 79,200平方米	Medium 中期	60%

(2) Properties under Development

(2) 發展中物業

Location	Use	Approximate site area	Approximate gross floor area 概約	Group's interest 本集團	Stage of development/ completion	Anticipated completion date 預期
地點	用途	概約地盤面積	樓面面積	之權益	開發/竣工階段	竣工日期
A site at Sheung Shing Street, Ho Man Tin, Kowloon known as Kowloon Inland Lot No.11257 位於九龍何文田常盛街 之土地 (即九龍內地段第11257號)	Residential 住宅	9,074 sq. m. 9,074平方米	54,444 sq. m. 54,444平方米	60%	Under construction 在建	2021 二零二一年
Ho Man Tin Station Package One Property Development at the northern portion of the lot located in Ho Man Tin, Kowloon known as Kowloon Inland Lot No.11264 位於九龍何文田地段之 北面用地的何文田站第一期 物業發展項目 (即九龍內地段第11264號)	Residential 住宅	41,400 sq. m. 41,400平方米	69,000 sq. m. 69,000平方米	50.1%	Under construction 在建	2022 二零二二年

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FIVE-YEAR FINANCIAL SUMMARY

五年財務概要

	Year ended 30 June 截至六月三十日止年度				
	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
RESULTS 業績	二零一八年 HK\$'000 千港元	二零一七年 HK\$'000 千港元	二零一六年 HK\$'000 千港元	二零一五年 HK\$'000 千港元	二零一四年 HK\$'000 千港元
Turnover 營業額	793,342	760,087	624,486	573,776	401,526
Profit attributable to: 以下人士應佔溢利:					
Owners of the Company 本公司擁有人 Non-controlling interests 非控股權益	1,202,264 569,295	1,419,573 898,800	893,232 611,512	1,214,043 800,967	733,826 386,284
Profit for the year 年內溢利	1,771,559	2,318,373	1,504,744	2,015,010	1,120,110
			As at 30 June 於六月三十日		
ACCETO LIABILITIES AND	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
ASSETS, LIABILITIES AND NON-CONTROLLING INTERESTS 資產、負債與非控股權益	二零一八年 HK\$'000 千港元	二零一七年 HK\$'000 千港元	二零一六年 HK\$'000 千港元	二零一五年 HK\$'000 千港元	二零一四年 HK\$'000 千港元
Total assets 資產總值 Total liabilities 負債總值	37,771,589 (18,849,099)	35,874,530 (18,631,449)	27,960,189 (13,515,551)	16,646,823 (3,493,077)	12,267,651 (1,235,491)
Non-controlling interests 非控股權益	(5,616,837)	(5,238,800)	(3,957,810)	(3,346,298)	(2,545,331)

13,305,653 12,004,281 10,486,828

9,807,448

8,486,829

GLOSSARY

詞彙

In this annual report, unless the context states otherwise, the following expressions have the following meanings:

在本年報中,除文義另有所指外,下列詞語 具有以下涵義:

"associate(s)" has the meaning ascribed to it under the Listing Rules

"Bermuda Companies Act" the Companies Act 1981 of Bermuda (as amended)

"Board" the board of Directors

[董事會] 董事會

"Bye-laws" the bye-laws of the Company

「公司細則」 本公司之公司細則

"close associate(s)" has the meaning ascribed to it under the Listing Rules

"Company" or "Goldin Financial" Goldin Financial Holdings Limited, a company incorporated in Bermuda with

limited liability, the shares of which are listed on the Main Board of the Hong

Kong Stock Exchange (Stock Code: 530)

「本公司」或「高銀金融」 高銀金融(集團)有限公司,一間於百慕達註冊成立之有限公司,其股份在香

港聯交所主板上市(股份代號:530)

"controlling shareholder(s)" has the meaning ascribed to it under the Listing Rules

"Director(s)" the director(s) of the Company

「董事」
本公司董事

"Euro" Euro, the lawful currency of the European Union

[歐元] 歐元,歐盟之法定貨幣

"Goldin Properties" Goldin Properties Holdings Limited, which was listed on the Main Board of the

Hong Kong Stock Exchange and had been withdrawn from listing in August

2017

「高銀地產」 高銀地產控股有限公司,其曾於香港聯交所主板上市,並於二零一七年八月

撤銷上市地位

"Goldin Properties Group" Goldin Properties and its subsidiaries

「高銀地產集團」 高銀地產及其附屬公司

"Group" the Company and its subsidiaries

「本集團」 本公司及其附屬公司

"HK\$" or "Hong Kong dollar" Hong Kong dollars, the lawful currency of Hong Kong

[港元] 港元,香港之法定貨幣

"Hong Kong" the Hong Kong Special Administrative Region of the PRC

「香港」 中國香港特別行政區

"Hong Kong Companies Ordinance" Companies Ordinance (Chapter 622 of the Laws of Hong Kong)

「香港公司條例」 公司條例(香港法例第622章)

GLOSSARY

詞彙

"INED(s)" the independent non-executive director(s) of the Company

「獨立非執行董事」 本公司獨立非執行董事

the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on the Hong Kong Stock "Listing Rules"

Exchange

「上市規則」 香港聯交所證券上市規則

"PRC" or "China" or "Mainland China" the People's Republic of China (for the purpose of this annual report, excluding

Hong Kong, the Macau Special Administrative Region of the PRC and Taiwan)

中華人民共和國(就本年報而言,不包括香港、中國澳門特別行政區及台灣) 「中國」或「中國內地」

"RMB" Renminbi, the lawful currency of the PRC

「人民幣」 人民幣,中國之法定貨幣

"Securities and Futures Ordinance"

「證券及期貨條例」

Securities and Futures Ordinance (Chapter 571 of the Laws of Hong Kong)

證券及期貨條例(香港法例第571章)

"Share(s)" ordinary share(s) of HK\$0.10 each in the share capital of the Company

本公司股本中每股面值0.10港元之普通股份 「股份」

"Shareholders" shareholders of the Company

「股東」 本公司股東

"Stock Exchange" or "Hong Kong

Stock Exchange"

The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited

「聯交所」或「香港聯交所」 香港聯合交易所有限公司

"US\$" or "US dollar" United States dollars, the lawful currency of the United States of America

「美元」 美元,美利堅合眾國法定貨幣

"%" per cent [%] 百分比



GOLDIN FINANCIAL HOLDINGS LIMITED 高銀金融(集團)有限公司*

(Stock Code 股份代號:530)

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