

Contents 目録

2	Corporate Information	公司資料
4	Condensed Consolidated Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income	簡明綜合損益及其他全面收益表
5	Condensed Consolidated Statement of Financial Position	簡明綜合財務狀況表
7	Condensed Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity	簡明綜合權益變動表
8	Condensed Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows	簡明綜合現金流量表
9	Notes to Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Information	簡明綜合中期財務資料附註
41	Management Discussion and Analysis	管理層討論與分析
51	Other Information	其他資料
P O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O	APRINALS BYTHE BYT	

Corporate Information

公司資料

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Executive Directors:

Lau Pong Sing (Chairman) Chan Kit Mui. Lina

Non-executive Director:

Lu Tao

Independent Non-executive Directors:

Ho Chung Tai, Raymond Siu Chak Yu Li Ping Chi

AUDIT COMMITTEE

Li Ping Chi (Chairman) Ho Chung Tai, Raymond Siu Chak Yu

REMUNERATION COMMITTEE

Siu Chak Yu (Chairman) Li Ping Chi Lau Pong Sing

NOMINATION COMMITTEE

Lau Pong Sing (Chairman) Siu Chak Yu Li Pina Chi

RISK MANAGEMENT COMMITTEE

Lau Pong Sing (Chairman) Chan Kit Mui, Lina Wong Cheuk Man

AUTHORISED REPRESENTATIVES

Lau Pong Sing Wong Cheuk Man

COMPANY SECRETARY

Wong Cheuk Man (HKICPA, ACCA)

COMPLIANCE ADVISER

Ballas Capital Limited Unit 1802, 18/F. 1 Duddell Street, Central, Hong Kong

Note: Ballas Capital Limited ceased to be the compliance adviser of the Company on 25 July 2018, being the date on which the Company complies with rule 13.46 of the Listing Rules in respect of its financial results for the first full financial year commencing after the date of its initial listing.

董事會

執行董事:

劉邦成(主席) 陳潔梅

非執行董事:

呂濤

獨立非執行董事:

何鍾泰 蕭澤宇 李炳志

審核委員會

李炳志(主席) 何鍾泰 蕭澤宇

薪酬委員會

蕭澤宇(主席) 李炳志 劉邦成

提名委員會

劉邦成(主席) 蕭澤宇 李炳志

風險管理委員會

劉邦成(主席) 陳潔梅 干卓敏

授權代表

劉邦成 王卓敏

公司秘書

王卓敏(HKICPA、ACCA)

合規顧問

博思融資有限公司 香港 中環都爹利街1號 18樓1802室

附註: 博思融資有限公司於2018年7月25日(即本公 司就其首次上市日期起計首個完整財政年度的 財務業績遵守上市規則第13.46條當日)不再為 本公司合規顧問。

Corporate Information

公司資料

AUDITOR

Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu Certified Public Accountants 35th Floor. One Pacific Place 88 Queensway Hong Kong

LEGAL ADVISER

As to Hong Kong Law

Deacons 5th Floor, Alexandra House 18 Chater Road, Central Hong Kong

PRINCIPAL BANKER

Bank of China (Hong Kong) Limited The Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation Limited

PRINCIPAL SHARE REGISTRAR AND TRANSFER OFFICE

Conyers Trust Company (Cayman) Limited Cricket Square, Hutchins Drive P.O. Box 2681 Grand Cayman KY1-1111 Cayman Islands

HONG KONG BRANCH SHARE REGISTRAR AND TRANSFER OFFICE

Computershare Hong Kong Investor Services Limited Shops 1712-1716, 17th Floor, Hopewell Centre 183 Queen's Road East, Wanchai Hong Kong

REGISTERED OFFICE

Cricket Square, Hutchins Drive P.O. Box 2681 Grand Cayman KY1-1111 Cayman Islands

HEAD OFFICE AND PRINCIPAL PLACE OF **BUSINESS IN HONG KONG**

Unit 15, 19th Floor Concordia Plaza 1 Science Museum Road Tsim Sha Tsui East Kowloon Hong Kong

STOCK CODE

1496

COMPANY WEBSITE

www.aprentalshk.com

核數師

德勤 • 關黃陳方會計師行 執業會計師 香港 金鐘道88號 太古廣場一座35樓

法律顧問

有關香港法律

的近律師行 香港 中環遮打道18號 歷山大廈5樓

主要往來銀行

中國銀行(香港)有限公司 香港上海滙豐銀行有限公司

股份登記過戶總辦事處

Conyers Trust Company (Cayman) Limited Cricket Square, Hutchins Drive P.O. Box 2681 Grand Cavman KY1-1111 Cayman Islands

香港股份登記過戶辦事處分處

香港中央證券登記有限公司 香港 灣仔皇后大道東183號 合和中心17樓1712至1716號舖

註冊辦事處

Cricket Square, Hutchins Drive P.O. Box 2681 Grand Cayman KY1-1111 Cayman Islands

總辦事處及香港主要營業地點

香港 九龍 尖沙咀東 科學館道1號 康宏廣場 19樓15室

股份代號

1496

公司網址

www.aprentalshk.com

Condensed Consolidated Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income 簡明綜合損益及其他全面收益表

Six months ended 30 September

		oix months chaca do deptember		
			截至9月30日	日止六個月
			2018	2017
			2018年	2017年
		Notes	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		附註	千港元	千港元
			(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)
			(未經審核)	(未經審核)
Revenue	收益	3A		
		υ Α	EG 116	70,000
Leasing income of machinery	出租機械收入		56,116	72,989
Sale of machinery and parts	機械及零件銷售		2,622	28,122
Operating service income	操作服務收入		6,090	12,845
Other service income	其他服務收入		4,994	5,822
Total Revenue	總收益		69,822	119,778
Cost of sales and services	銷售及服務成本		(57,356)	(91,166)
Gross profit	毛利		12,466	28,612
Other income	其他收入	4	2,903	1,576
Other gains and losses	其他收益及虧損	5	3,180	5,598
Administrative expenses	行政開支		(17,691)	(18,603)
Finance costs	融資成本	6	(354)	(563)
Profit before tax	除税前溢利		504	16,620
		7		
Income tax expense	所得税開支 	7	(233)	(3,207)
Other comprehensive expense for the period	本期間其他全面開支			
Item that may be reclassified	其後可重新分類至損益的項目:			
subsequently to profit or loss:	<u> </u>			
Exchange differences arising on	換算海外業務產生的			
translation of foreign operations	匯兑差額		(76)	
Profit and total comprehensive	溢利及全面收益總額			
income		8	195	13,413
Earnings per share	每股盈利			
Basic (HK cents)	- 基本(港仙)	9	0.02	1.55

Condensed Consolidated Statement of Financial Position 簡明綜合財務狀況表

			As at	As at
			30 September	31 March
			2018	2018
			於	於
			2018年	2018年
			9月30日	3月31日
		Notes	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		附註	千港元	千港元
			(Unaudited)	(Audited)
			(未經審核)	(經審核)
Non-current Assets	非流動資產			
Property, plant and equipment	物業、廠房及設備	11	203,974	197,853
Deposit placed for a life insurance policy	壽險保單存款		2,683	2,656
Deposit placed for a life insurance policy	时冰水丰门冰		2,000	2,000
			206,657	200,509
			,,,,,,,	
Current Assets	流動資產			
Inventories	存貨		11,588	7,168
Trade receivables, deposits and	貿易應收款項、按金及			
prepayments	預付款項	12	46,164	64,232
Pledged bank deposit	已抵押銀行存款	13	360	360
Bank deposits with original maturity	原到期日少於三個月的			
less than three months	銀行存款	13	26,000	21,000
Bank balances and cash	銀行結餘及現金	13	30,207	40,397
			114,319	133,157
Current Liabilities	流動負債			
Trade and other payables	貿易及其他應付款項	14 & 2.1.2	37,315	37,910
Contract liabilities	合約負債	2.1.2	510	_
Tax liabilities	税項負債		2,612	2,733
Borrowings — due within one year	借款 - 一年內到期	15	10,198	19,439
-				
			50,635	60,082
Not Current Accets	法		00.004	70.075
Net Current Assets	流動資產淨值		63,684	73,075
Total Assets less Current Liabilities	總資產減流動負債		270,341	273,584
				<u> </u>

Condensed Consolidated Statement of Financial Position 簡明綜合財務狀況表

			As at	As at
			30 September	31 March
			2018	2018
			於	於
			2018年	2018年
			9月30日	3月31日
		Notes	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		附註	千港元	千港元
			(Unaudited)	(Audited)
			(未經審核)	(經審核)
Non-current Liabilities	非流動負債			
Deferred tax liabilities	遞延税項負債		26,996	26,769
Borrowings — due after one year	借款 — —年後到期	15	-	641
			26,996	27,410
Net Assets	資產淨值		243,345	246,174
Capital and Reserves	資本及儲備			
Issued capital	已發行股本	16	864	864
Reserves	儲備		242,481	245,310
Total Equity	總權益		243,345	246,174

Condensed Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity 簡明綜合權益變動表

For the period ended 30 September 2018 截至2018年9月30日止期間

		Issued capital 已發行股本 HK\$*000 千港元	Share premium 股份溢價 HK\$'000 千港元	Merger reserve 合併儲備 HK\$'000 千港元 (Note (i)) (附註(j))	Legal reserve 法定儲備 HK\$'000 千港元 (Note (ii)) (附註(ii))	Translation reserve 匯兑儲備 HK\$'000 千港元	Retained profits 保留溢利 HK\$'000 千港元	Total 總計 HK\$'000 千港元
At 1 April 2018 (audited)	於2018年4月1日(經審核)	864	232,345	(102,443)	12	(50)	115,446	246,174
Profit for the period Exchange differences arising on translation of foreign operations	期內溢利 換算海外業務產生的 匯兇差額	-	-	-	-	- (76)	271	271 (76)
Total comprehensive (expense) income for the period Dividend recognised as distribution (Note 10)	期內全面(開支)收益總額 確認為分派的股息 (附註10)	-	-	-	-	(76)	271 (3,024)	195
At 30 September 2018 (unaudited)	於2018年9月30日 (未經審核)	864	232,345	(102,443)	12	(126)	112,693	243,345
At 1 April 2017 (audited) Profit and total comprehensive income for the period	於2017年4月1日(經審核) 期內溢利及全面收益總額	864	232,345	(102,443)	12	(5)	102,659 13,413	233,432 13,413
Dividend recognised as distribution (Note 10) Movement in the period	確認為分派的股息 (附註10) 期內變動	- -	-	- -	- -	- 5	(2,419)	(2,419)
At 30 September 2017 (unaudited)	於2017年9月30日 (未經審核)	864	232,345	(102,443)	12	-	113,653	244,431

Notes:

- Merger reserve represents the difference between the amount of share capital and share premium of the Company issued, and the issued share capital of AP Rentals Limited exchanged in connection with the group reorganisation on 21 July 2015.
- In accordance with the Article 377 of the Commercial Code of Macau Special Administrative Region, the subsidiary registered in Macau is required to transfer part of its profits of each accounting period of not less than 25% as legal reserve, until it reaches an amount equal to half of the capital.

附註:

- 合併儲備指本公司已發行股本金額及股份溢價與 因2015年7月21日集團重組而交換亞積邦租賃 有限公司已發行股本之差額。
- 根據澳門特別行政區商法典第377條,於澳門註 冊的附屬公司須將其各會計期間不少於25%的 溢利轉撥至法定儲備,直至達到相等於其資本一 半的金額。

Condensed Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows 簡明綜合現金流量表

For the six months ended 30 September 截至9月30日止六個月

Six months	ended 30) Septembe	r
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截至9月30日止六個月					
2018	2017				
2018年	2017年				
HK\$'000	HK\$'000				
千港元	千港元				
(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)				
(未經審核)	(未經審核)				

		千港元 (Unaudited) (未經審核)	千港元 (Unaudited) (未經審核)
Net cash from operating activities	經營業務所得現金淨額	35,216	42,750
Investing activities	投資活動		
Purchase of and deposit paid for property,	購買及支付物業、廠房及	(07.444)	(00,000)
plant and equipment Proceeds from disposal (purchase) of	設備按金 出售(購買)存款憑證所得款項	(37,414)	(63,923)
certificate of deposit		-	6,047
Proceeds from disposal of property,	出售物業、廠房及設備所得款項		
plant and equipment Release of bank deposit with original maturity	釋出原到期日超過三個月的	10,207	20,938
over three months	銀行存款	_	10,038
Release of pledged bank deposit	釋出已抵押銀行存款	-	2,000
Other investing cash flows	其他投資現金流量	_	59
Interest received	已收利息	135	
Net cash used in investing activities	投資活動所用現金淨額	(27,072)	(24,841)
Financing activities	融資活動		
Interest paid	已付利息	(354)	_
New borrowings raised Repayment of borrowings	新增借款 償還借款	(0.990)	4,313 (11,001)
Dividend paid	已付股息	(9,882) (3,024)	(2,419)
Other financing cash flows	其他融資現金流量	-	(592)
Net cash (used in) from financing activities	融資活動(所用)所得現金淨額	(13,260)	(9,699)
Net (decrease)/increase in cash and	現金及現金等價物(減少)/		
cash equivalents	增加淨額	(5,116)	8,210
Cash and cash equivalents at	期初現金及現金等價物	64 207	11.060
beginning of the period		61,397	44,960
Effect of foreign exchange rate changes	外匯匯率變動之影響	(74)	
Cash and cash equivalents at end of	期末現金及現金等價物	E6 007	FO 170
the period		56,207	53,170
Analysis of the balances of cash and cash equivalents	現金及現金等價物結餘分析		
Bank deposits with original maturity less than	原到期日少於三個月的銀行存款		
three months Bank balances and cash	銀行結餘及現金	26,000 30,207	53,170
	>>√ 3 INH N/1/V√. \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \		
		56,207	53,170

For the six months ended 30 September 2018 截至2018年9月30日止六個月

BASIS OF PREPARATION

This condensed consolidated interim financial information for the six months ended 30 September 2018 has been prepared in accordance with the applicable disclosure requirements set out in Appendix 16 to the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities (the "Listing Rules") on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited and with Hong Kong Accounting Standard ("HKAS") 34 Interim financial reporting issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants ("HKICPA"). The condensed consolidated interim financial information should be read in conjunction with the annual financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2018, which have been prepared in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards ("HKFRSs").

PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Except as described below, the accounting policies and methods of computation used in the condensed consolidated financial statements for the six months ended 30 September 2018 are the same as those followed in the preparation of the Group's annual consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2018.

編製基準

截至2018年9月30日 | 广六個月之簡明綜合 中期財務資料乃按照香港聯合交易所有限 公司證券上市規則(「上市規則」)附錄16所 載之適用披露規定及香港會計師公會(「香 港會計師公會」)頒佈之香港會計準則(「香 港會計準則」)第34號「中期財務報告」而 編製。簡明綜合中期財務資料應與按照香 港財務報告準則(「香港財務報告準則」)編 製之截至2018年3月31日止年度之年度財 務報表一併閱讀。

主要會計政策

除下文所述外,截至2018年9月30日止六 個月之簡明綜合財務報表所採用會計政策 及計算方法與編製本集團截至2018年3月 31日止年度之年度綜合財務報表所遵循者 相同。

For the six months ended 30 September 2018 截至2018年9月30日止六個月

PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

Application of new and amendments to **HKFRSs**

In the current interim period, the Group has applied, for the first time, the following new and amendments to HKFRSs issued by the HKICPA which are mandatorily effective for the annual period beginning on or after 1 January 2018 for the preparation of the Group's condensed consolidated financial statements:

HKFRS 9 Financial Instruments

HKFRS 15 Revenue from Contracts with

Customers and the related

Amendments

HK(IFRIC)-Int 22 Foreign Currency Transactions and

Advance Consideration

Amendments to HKFRS 2 Classification and Measurement of

Share-based Payment Transactions

Amendments to HKFRS 4 Applying HKFRS 9 Financial

Instruments with HKFRS 4

Insurance Contracts

Amendments to HKAS 28 As part of the Annual Improvements

to HKFRSs 2014-2016 Cycle

Amendments to HKAS 40 Transfers of Investment Property

The new and amendments to HKFRSs have been applied in accordance with the relevant transition provisions in the respective standards and amendments which results in changes in accounting policies, amounts reported and/or disclosures as described below.

2. 主要會計政策(續)

應用新訂及經修訂香港財務報 告準則

本集團於本中期期間首次應用香港會計師 公會頒佈之與編製本集團簡明綜合財務報 表相關之以下新訂及經修訂之香港財務報 告準則(其自2018年1月1日或之後開始的 年度期間強制生效):

香港財務報告準則 金融工具

第9號

香港財務報告準則 客戶合同收益及其相關修訂

第15號

香港(國際財務報告外幣交易及預付代價

詮釋委員會)-詮釋第22號

香港財務報告準則 以股份支付交易之分類及

第2號之修訂

香港財務報告準則 應用香港財務報告準則

第4號之修訂 第9號「金融工具」及

香港財務報告準則第4號

「保險合約」

香港會計準則 作為香港財務報告準則之

年度改進(2014-2016年 第28號之修訂

週期)的一部分

投資物業轉讓 香港會計準則

第40號之修訂

新訂及經修訂香港財務報告準則已根據個 別準則及修訂的相關過渡條文應用,導致 下文所述的會計政策、申報金額及/或披 露變動。

For the six months ended 30 September 2018 截至2018年9月30日止六個月

2. PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

2.1 Impacts and changes in accounting policies of application on HKFRS 15 Revenue from Contracts with Customers

The Group has applied HKFRS 15 for the first time in the current interim period. HKFRS 15 superseded HKAS 18 *Revenue*, HKAS 11 *Construction Contracts* and the related interpretations. HKFRS 15 applies to all contracts with customers except for leases within the scope of HKAS 17 *Leases*.

The Group has applied HKFRS 15 retrospectively with the cumulative effect of initially applying this standard recognised at the date of initial application, 1 April 2018. Any difference at the date of initial application is recognised in the opening retained profits and comparative information has not been restated. Furthermore, in accordance with the transition provisions in HKFRS 15, the Group has elected to apply the standard retrospectively only to contracts that are not completed at 1 April 2018. Accordingly, certain comparative information may not be comparable as comparative information was prepared under HKAS 18 *Revenue* and the related interpretations.

2. 主要會計政策(續)

2.1 應用香港財務報告準則第 15號「客戶合同收益」對會 計政策的影響及變動

於本中期期間,本集團已首次應用香港財務報告準則第15號。香港財務報告準則第15號已取代香港會計準則第18號「收益」、香港會計準則第11號「建築合同」及相關詮釋。香港財務報告準則第15號應用於所有的客戶合同,惟屬於香港會計準則第17號「租賃」範圍內的租賃除外。

本集團已追溯應用香港財務報告準則第15號,而首次應用該準則的累積影響已於首次應用日期2018年4月1日確認。初始應用日期的任何差額於期初保留溢利確認,及並無重列比較資料。此外,根據香港財務報告準則第15號的過渡條文,本集團選擇僅就於2018年4月1日尚未完成的合約追溯應用該準則。由於比較資料乃根據香港會計準則第18號「收益」以及相關詮釋編製,因此,若干比較資料可能無法比較。

For the six months ended 30 September 2018 截至2018年9月30日止六個月

PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

- 2.1 Impacts and changes in accounting policies of application on HKFRS 15 Revenue from Contracts with Customers (Continued)
 - 2.1.1 Key changes in accounting policies resulting from application of HKFRS 15

HKFRS 15 introduces a 5-step approach when recognising revenue:

- Step 1: Identify the contract(s) with a customer
- Step 2: Identify the performance obligations in the contract
- Step 3: Determine the transaction price
- Step 4: Allocate the transaction price to the performance obligations in the contract
- Step 5: Recognise revenue when (or as) the Group satisfies a performance obligation

Under HKFRS 15, the Group recognises revenue when (or as) a performance obligation is satisfied, i.e. when "control" of the goods or services underlying the particular performance obligation is transferred to the customer.

A performance obligation represents a good and service (or a bundle of goods or services) that is distinct or a series of distinct goods or services that are substantially the same.

2. 主要會計政策(續)

- 2.1 應用香港財務報告準則第 15號「客戶合同收益 | 對會 計政策的影響及變動(續)
 - 2.1.1 應用香港財務報告準則第15號 對會計政策造成的主要變動 香港財務報告準則第15號引入 確認收益之5個步驟:
 - 第1步:識別與一名客戶 之合同
 - 第2步:識別合同內之履 約義務
 - 第3步: 釐定交易價格
 - 第4步:將交易價格分配 至合同內之履約義務
 - 第5步:當本集團完成履 約義務時(或就此)確認 收益

根據香港財務報告準則第15 號,本集團於完成履約義務時 (或就此)(即於與特定履約義務 相關之貨品或服務之「控制權」 轉讓予客戶時)確認收益。

履約義務指一項明確的貨品及 服務(或一批貨品或服務)或一 系列大致相同的明確貨品或服 務。

For the six months ended 30 September 2018 截至2018年9月30日止六個月

2. PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

2.1 Impacts and changes in accounting policies of application on HKFRS 15 Revenue from Contracts with Customers (Continued)

2.1.1 Key changes in accounting policies resulting from application of HKFRS 15 (Continued)

Control is transferred over time and revenue is recognised over time by reference to the progress towards complete satisfaction of the relevant performance obligation if one of the following criteria is met:

- the customer simultaneously receives and consumes the benefits provided by the Group's performance as the Group performs;
- the Group's performance creates and enhances an asset that the customer controls as the Group performs; or
- the Group's performance does not create an asset with an alternative use to the Group and the Group has an enforceable right to payment for performance completed to date.

Otherwise, revenue is recognised at a point in time when the customer obtains control of the distinct good or service.

A contract liability represents the Group's obligation to transfer goods or services to a customer for which the Group has received consideration from the customer.

The Group recognises revenue from:

- (i) Rental income (under HKAS 17);
- (ii) Sale of machinery and parts (under HKAS 18); and
- (iii) Operating and other service income (under HKAS 18).

2. 主要會計政策(續)

- 2.1 應用香港財務報告準則第 15號「客戶合同收益」對會 計政策的影響及變動(續)
 - 2.1.1 應用香港財務報告準則第15號 對會計政策造成的主要變動(續) 倘符合以下其中一項條件,則 控制權為隨時間轉移,而收益 則參考相關履約義務的完成進 度隨時間確認:
 - 客戶於本集團履約時同時收取及消耗本集團履約所提供的利益;
 - 本集團的履約創建及增 強客戶於本集團履約時 控制的資產;或
 - 本集團的履約未創建對本集團具有替代用途的資產,而本集團有強制執行權收取至今已履約部分的款項。

否則,收益於客戶獲得明確商 品或服務控制權時確認。

合約負債指本集團因已自客戶 收取代價,而須向客戶轉讓貨 品或服務之責任。

本集團確認來自以下之收益:

- (i) 香港會計準則第17號項 下列報的租金收入;
- (ii) 香港會計準則第18號項 下列報的機械及零件銷售;及
- (iii) 香港會計準則第18號項 下列報的操作及其他服 務收入。

For the six months ended 30 September 2018 截至2018年9月30日止六個月

PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

2.1 Impacts and changes in accounting policies of application on HKFRS 15 Revenue from Contracts with Customers (Continued)

2.1.2 Summary of effects arising from initial application of HKFRS 15

The following tables summaries the impacts of applying HKFRS 15 on the Group's condensed consolidated statement of financial position as at 1 April 2018 for each of the line items affected. Line items that were not affected by the changes have not been included.

主要會計政策(續)

2.1 應用香港財務報告準則第 15號「客戶合同收益 | 對會 計政策的影響及變動(續)

2.1.2 首次應用香港財務報告準則第 15號產生的影響概述

就受影響的各個項目而言,下 表概述了應用香港財務報告準 則第15號對本集團於2018年4 月1日簡明綜合財務狀況表的 影響。概無呈列不受變動影響 之項目。

		Carrying		Carrying
		amounts		amounts
		previously		under
		reported at		HKFRS 15 at
		31 March 2018	Reclassification	1 April 2018
				根據香港
				財務報告準則
		先前於		第 15 號於
		2018年		2018年
		3月31日		4月1日
		呈報的賬面值	重新分類	的賬面值
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元
Current liabilities	流動負債			
Trade and other payables	貿易及其他應付款項			
(Note 14)	(附註 14)	1,890	(1,315)	575
Contract liabilities (Note)	合同負債(附註)	_	1,315	1,315

Note:

As at 1 April 2018, deposits received from customers comprise deposits from rental service, sale of machinery and sale of parts. According to HKFRS 15, we have restated the amount and reclassify the deposits from sale of machinery and parts to contract liabilities.

附註:

於2018年4月1日,來自客 戶的按金包括租用服務、銷 售機械及銷售零件的按金。 根據香港財務報告準則第15 號,我們已重列金額,並重 新分類來自銷售機械及零件 的按金至合同負債。

For the six months ended 30 September 2018 截至2018年9月30日止六個月

2. PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

2.1 Impacts and changes in accounting policies of application on HKFRS 15 Revenue from Contracts with Customers (Continued)

2.1.2 Summary of effects arising from initial application of HKFRS 15 (Continued)

The following table summarises the impacts of applying HKFRS 15 on the Group's condensed consolidated statement of financial position as at 30 September 2018 for each of the line items affected. Line items that were not affected by the changes have not been included.

2. 主要會計政策(續)

- 2.1 應用香港財務報告準則第 15號「客戶合同收益」對會 計政策的影響及變動(續)
 - 2.1.2 首次應用香港財務報告準則第 15號產生的影響概述(續)

下表概述應用香港財務報告準 則第15號對本集團於2018年9 月30日的簡明綜合財務狀況表 中各受影響項目的影響。概無 呈列不受變動影響之項目。

		As reported	Reclassification	Amounts without application of HKFRS 15 未應用香港 財務報告準則
		呈報金額	重新分類	第15號的金額
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元
Current liabilities	流動負債			
Trade and other payables	貿易及其他應付款項			
(Note 14)	(附註14)	685	510	1,195
Contract liabilities	合同負債	510	(510)	_

For the six months ended 30 September 2018 截至2018年9月30日止六個月

PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

2.2 Impacts and changes in accounting policies of application on HKFRS 9 Financial Instruments

During the current interim period, the Group has applied HKFRS 9 Financial Instruments and the related consequential amendments to other HKFRSs. HKFRS 9 introduces new requirements for (1) the classification and measurement of financial assets and financial liabilities, (2) expected credit losses ("ECL") for financial assets and (3) general hedge accounting.

The Group has applied HKFRS 9 in accordance with the transition provisions set out in HKFRS 9, i.e. applied the classification and measurement requirements (including impairment) retrospectively to instruments that have not been derecognised as at 1 April 2018 (date of initial application) and has not applied the requirements to instruments that have already been derecognised as at 1 April 2018. The difference between carrying amounts as at 31 March 2018 and the carrying amounts as at 1 April 2018, if any are recognised in the opening accumulated losses and other components of equity, without restating comparative information.

Accordingly, certain comparative information may not be comparable as comparative information was prepared under HKAS 39 Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement.

主要會計政策(續)

2.2 應用香港財務報告準則第9 號「金融工具」對會計政策 的影響及變動

於本中期期間,本集團應用香港財務 報告準則第9號「金融工具」及因此 對其他香港財務報告準則做出的相關 修訂。香港財務報告準則第9號引入 (1)就金融資產及金融負債之分類及 計量、(2)金融資產之預期信貸虧損 (「預期信貸虧損」)及(3)一般對沖會 計法的新規定。

本集團已按香港財務報告準則第9號 所載的過渡條文應用香港財務報告準 則第9號,即對並無於2018年4月1 日(首次應用日期)終止確認的工具 追溯應用分類及計量規定(包括減 值),而並無對已於2018年4月1日 終止確認的工具應用有關規定。於 2018年3月31日的賬面金額與於 2018年4月1日的賬面金額之間的差 額(如有)於期初累計虧損及權益的 其他部分確認, 毋須重列比較資料。

由於比較資料乃按照香港會計準則第 39號「金融工具:確認及計量」編製, 因此,若干比較資料可能無法比較。

For the six months ended 30 September 2018 截至2018年9月30日止六個月

2. PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

2.2 Impacts and changes in accounting policies of application on HKFRS 9 Financial Instruments

2.2.1 Key changes in accounting policies resulting from application of HKFRS 9

Classification and measurement of financial assets
Trade receivables arising from contracts with
customers are initially measured in accordance with
HKFRS 15.

All recognised financial assets that are within the scope of HKFRS 9 are subsequently measured at amortised cost or fair value.

Debt instruments that meet the following conditions are subsequently measured at amortised cost:

- the financial asset is held within a business model whose objective is to hold financial assets in order to collect contractual cash flows; and
- the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

2. 主要會計政策(續)

2.2 應用香港財務報告準則第9 號「金融工具」對會計政策 的影響及變動

2.2.1 應用香港財務報告準則第9號 引致的會計政策主要變動

金融資產的分類及計量 因客戶合約而產生的貿易應收 賬款初步按香港財務報告準則 第15號計量。

所有符合香港財務報告準則第 9號範圍的已確認金融資產其 後按攤銷成本或公允值計量。

達成以下條件的債務工具其後 乃按攤銷成本計量:

- 以收取合約現金流量為 目的而持有金融資產的 經營模式下持有的金融 資產:及
- 金融資產的合約條款於 指定日期產生的現金流 量僅為支付本金及未償 還本金的利息。

For the six months ended 30 September 2018 截至2018年9月30日止六個月

PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

- 2.2 Impacts and changes in accounting policies of application on HKFRS 9 Financial Instruments (Continued)
 - 2.2.1 Key changes in accounting policies resulting from application of HKFRS 9 (Continued)

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss ("FVTPL")

Financial assets that do not meet the criteria for being measured at amortised cost or fair value through other comprehensive income ("FVTOCI") or designated as FVTOCI are measured at FVTPL.

Financial assets at FVTPL are measured at fair value at the end of each reporting period, with any fair value gains or losses recognised in profit or loss. The net gain or loss recognised in profit or loss excludes any dividend or interest earned on the financial asset and is included in the "other gains and losses" line item.

The directors of the Company reviewed and assessed the Group's financial assets as at 1 April 2018 based on the facts and circumstances that existed at that date.

2. 主要會計政策(續)

- 2.2 應用香港財務報告準則第9 號「金融工具」對會計政策 的影響及變動(續)
 - 2.2.1 應用香港財務報告準則第9號 引致的會計政策主要變動(續) 通過損益按公允值列賬(「通過 損益按公允值列賬」)之金融資

不符合按攤銷成本或按公允值 計入其他全面收益(「按公允值 計入其他全面收益」)或指定為 按公允值計入其他全面收益計 量準則的金融資產按通過損益 按公允值列賬計量。

通過損益按公允值列賬之金融 資產,在各報告期末以公允值 計量,如有任何公允值收益或 虧損,則在損益中確認。在損 益中確認的收益或虧損淨額不 包括就金融資產獲得的任何股 息或利息,並計入「其他收益 及虧損」項下。

本公司董事根據於2018年4月 1日已存在的事實和情況,審 閱及評估本集團於該日的金融 資產。

For the six months ended 30 September 2018 截至2018年9月30日止六個月

2. PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

2.2 Impacts and changes in accounting policies of application on HKFRS 9 Financial Instruments (Continued)

2.2.1 Key changes in accounting policies resulting from application of HKFRS 9 (Continued)

Impairment under ECL model

The Group recognises a loss allowance for ECL on financial assets which are subject to impairment under HKFRS 9 (including other receivables, loan receivables, pledged bank deposits, and bank balances and cash). The amount of ECL is updated at each reporting date to reflect changes in credit risk since initial recognition.

Lifetime ECL represents the ECL that will result from all possible default events over the expected life of the relevant instrument. In contrast, 12-month ECL ("12m ECL") represents the portion of lifetime ECL that is expected to result from default events that are possible within 12 months after the reporting date. Assessment are done based on the Group's historical credit loss experience, adjusted for factors that are specific to the debtors, general economic conditions and an assessment of both the current conditions at the reporting date as well as the forecast of future conditions.

For all instruments, the Group measures the loss allowance equal to 12m ECL, unless when there has been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition, the Group recognises lifetime ECL. The assessment of whether lifetime ECL should be recognised is based on significant increases in the likelihood or risk of a default occurring since initial recognition.

2. 主要會計政策(續)

- 2.2 應用香港財務報告準則第9 號「金融工具」對會計政策 的影響及變動(續)
 - 2.2.1 應用香港財務報告準則第9號 引致的會計政策主要變動(續)

預期信貸虧損模型下的減值 本集團就須根據香港財務報告 準則第9號計提減值的金應 貸款、已抵押銀行存款及應 貸款、已抵押銀行存款及虧 行及現金)的預期信貸虧損 確認虧損撥備。預期信貸虧損 金額於各報告日期更新,以來的 變動。

就所有工具而言,本集團計量 虧損撥備等於12個月預期信貸 虧損,除非自初始確認以來售 貸風險已有顯著增加,本集團 則會確認全期預期信貸虧損仍基於自初始確認以期 虧損乃基於自初始確認以來 整損乃基於自初始確認以來 生違約之可能性或風險的顯著 增加而定。

For the six months ended 30 September 2018 截至2018年9月30日止六個月

PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

2.2 Impacts and changes in accounting policies of application on HKFRS 9 Financial Instruments (Continued)

2.2.1 Key changes in accounting policies resulting from application of HKFRS 9 (Continued)

Significant increase in credit risk

In assessing whether the credit risk has increased significantly since initial recognition, the Group compares the risk of a default occurring on the financial instrument as at the reporting date with the risk of a default occurring on the financial instrument as at the date of initial recognition. In making this assessment, the Group considers both quantitative and qualitative information that is reasonable and supportable, including historical experience and forward-looking information that is available without undue cost or effort.

In particular, the following information is taken into account when assessing whether credit risk has increased significantly:

- an actual or expected significant deterioration in the financial instrument's external (if available) or internal credit rating;
- existing or forecast adverse changes in business, financial or economic conditions that are expected to cause a significant decrease in the debtor's ability to meet its debt obligations;
- an actual or expected significant deterioration in the operating results of the debtor; and
- an actual or expected significant adverse change in the regulatory, economic or technological environment of the debtor that results in a significant decrease in the debtor's ability to meet its debt obligations.

主要會計政策(續)

2.2 應用香港財務報告準則第9 號「金融工具」對會計政策 的影響及變動(續)

2.2.1 應用香港財務報告準則第9號 引致的會計政策主要變動(續)

信貸風險顯著增加

於評估自初步確認以來信用風 險是否大幅增加時,本集團將 於報告日期金融工具發生的違 約風險與初始確認日期金融工 具發生的違約風險進行比較。 於進行該評估時,本集團考慮 合理且有理據的定量和定性資 料,包括毋須付出不必要的成 本或努力即可獲得的歷史經驗 及前瞻性資料。

特別是,在評估信貸風險是否 顯著增加時會考慮以下資料:

- 金融工具的外部(如有) 或內部信貸評級的實際 或預期顯著惡化;
- 預計會造成債務人償還 債務能力大幅下降的業 務、財務或經濟狀況的 現有或預期不利變化;
- 債務人營運業績的實際 或預期大幅惡化;及
- 導致債務人償還債務能 力大幅下降的債務人監 管、經濟或科技環境的 實際或預期重大不利變 化。

For the six months ended 30 September 2018 截至2018年9月30日止六個月

PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

2.2 Impacts and changes in accounting policies of application on HKFRS 9 Financial Instruments (Continued)

2.2.1 Key changes in accounting policies resulting from application of HKFRS 9 (Continued)

Significant increase in credit risk (Continued)

Irrespective of the outcome of the above assessment, the Group presumes that the credit risk has increased significantly since initial recognition when contractual payments are more than 30 days past due, unless the Group has reasonable and supportable information that demonstrates otherwise.

The Group considers that default has occurred when the instrument is more than 90 days past due unless the Group has reasonable and supportable information to demonstrate that a more lagging default criterion is more appropriate.

Measurement and recognition of ECL

The measurement of ECL is a function of the probability of default, loss given default (i.e. the magnitude of the loss if there is a default) and the exposure at default. The assessment of the probability of default and loss given default is based on historical data adjusted by forward-looking information.

Generally, the ECL is estimated as the difference between all contractual cash flows that are due to the Group in accordance with the contract and all the cash flows that the Group expects to receive, discounted at the effective interest rate determined at initial recognition. For a lease receivable, the cash flows used for determining the ECL is consistent with the cash flows used in measuring the lease receivable in accordance with HKAS 17 Leases.

主要會計政策(續)

- 2.2 應用香港財務報告準則第9 號「金融工具 | 對會計政策 的影響及變動(續)
 - 2.2.1 應用香港財務報告準則第9號 引致的會計政策主要變動(續)

信貸風險顯著增加(續)

不論上述評估的結果如何,當 合約付款逾期超過30天,本集 團則假定自初始確認以來信貸 風險已大幅增加,除非本集團 有合理及有理據的資料證明則 另作別論。

本集團認為,當工具逾期超過 90日時即已發生違約,除非本 集團有合理及有理據的資料顯 示更滯後之違約準則更為適合 則作別論。

計量及確認預期信貸虧損

計量預期信貸虧損為違約概 率、違約損失率程度(即倘發 生違約之損失幅度)及違約風 險之函數。違約概率及違約損 失率程度之評估乃根據經前瞻 性資料調整的歷史數據作出。

一般而言,預期信貸虧損估計 為根據合約應付本集團之所有 合約現金流量與本集團預期將 收取之所有現金流量間之差 額,並按初始確認時釐定之實 際利率貼現。就應收租賃而 言,用於釐定預期信貸虧損的 現金流量與根據香港會計準則 第17號「租賃」計量應收租賃 所用之現金流量貫徹一致。

For the six months ended 30 September 2018 截至2018年9月30日止六個月

PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

2.2 Impacts and changes in accounting policies of application on HKFRS 9 Financial Instruments (Continued)

2.2.1 Key changes in accounting policies resulting from application of HKFRS 9 (Continued)

Measurement and recognition of ECL (Continued) Interest income is calculated based on the gross carrying amount of the financial asset unless the financial asset is credit impaired, in which case, interest income is calculated based on amortised cost of the financial asset.

The Group recognises an impairment gain or loss in profit or loss for all financial instruments by adjusting their carrying amount.

As at 1 April 2018, the directors of the Company reviewed and assessed the Group's existing financial assets for impairment using reasonable and supportable information that is available without undue cost or effort in accordance with the requirements of HKFRS 9. No impairment allowance was recognised as at 1 April 2018.

Except as described above, the application of other amendments to HKFRSs in the current interim period has had no material effect on the amounts reported and/or disclosures set out in these condensed consolidated financial statements.

主要會計政策(續)

- 2.2 應用香港財務報告準則第9 號「金融工具」對會計政策 的影響及變動(續)
 - 2.2.1 應用香港財務報告準則第9號 引致的會計政策主要變動(續) 計量及確認預期信貸虧損(續) 利息收入乃按金融資產之賬面 總值計算,除非該金融資產出 現信貸減值,在此情況下,利 息收入按金融資產之攤銷成本 計算。

本集團透過調整所有金融工具 的賬面值於損益中確認其減值 收益或減值虧損。

於2018年4月1日,本公司董 事按照香港財務報告準則第9 號的規定使用毋須花費不必要 成本或努力即可獲取的合理及 有理據的資料審閱及評估本集 團現有金融資產減值。於2018 年4月1日,概無確認減值撥備。

除上述者外,於本中期期間應 用香港財務報告準則之其他修 訂對載列於該等簡明綜合財務 報表之申報金額及/或披露概 無重大影響。

For the six months ended 30 September 2018 截至2018年9月30日止六個月

3A. REVENUE

The Group's revenue represents the net amounts received or receivable for machinery leased, goods sold and services provided in the normal course of business, net of discounts and returns.

An analysis of the Group's revenue is as follows:

3A. 收益

本集團的收益為於正常業務過程中出租機 械、出售貨品及提供服務的已收或應收款 項淨額(扣除折扣及退貨)。

本集團的收益分析如下:

		Trading	Leasing	
		買賣	租賃	
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	
		千港元	千港元	
		(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)	
		(未經審核)	(未經審核)	
Leasing income of machinery	出租機械收入	_	56,116	
Sales of machinery and parts	機械及零件銷售	2,622	-	
Operating service income	操作服務收入	2,022	6,090	
Other service income	其他服務收入	16	4,978	
Total	總計	2,638	67,184	
- Iour		2,000		
Geographical Markets	地理市場			
Hong Kong	香港	2,368	61,382	
Macau	澳門	270	5,802	
Total	總計	2,638	67,184	
Timing of revenue recognition	收益確認時間			
A point in time	即時確認	2,622	_	
Over time	隨時間確認	16	11,068	
Leasing income of machinery	出租機械收入	_	56,116	
			<u> </u>	
Total	總計	2,638	67,184	

For management purpose, the Group is organised based on its business activities. The Group determines its operating segments based on these business activities that are regularly reviewed by the chief operating decision maker, i.e. the executive directors of the Company, for the purpose of resources allocation and performance assessment.

為管理目的,本集團按其業務活動組織。 本集團按此等業務活動釐定其營運分部, 由首席營運決策者(即本公司執行董事)定 期審閱,以分配資源及評估表現。

For the six months ended 30 September 2018 截至2018年9月30日止六個月

3B. SEGMENT INFORMATION

Specifically, the Group's reportable and operating segments under HKFRS 8 Operating Segments are as follows:

Leasing Leasing of machinery, and related operating and other services

Sales of machinery and parts, and related Trading operating and other services

Segment information about these reportable and operating segments is presented below:

Segment revenue and results

For the six months ended 30 September 2018 (Unaudited)

3B. 分部資料

具體而言,本集團根據香港財務報告準則 第8號「經營分部」的可呈報及經營分部如 下:

機械租賃以及相關經營及其 租賃 他服務

機械及零件銷售以及相關經 買賣 營及其他服務

有關此等可呈報及經營分部的分部資料於 下文呈列:

分部收益及業績

截至2018年9月30日止六個月(未經審核)

		Leasing 租賃 HK\$'000 千港元	Trading 買賣 HK\$'000 千港元	Total 總計 HK\$'000 千港元
Revenue Segment revenue from external customers	收益 來自外部客戶的分部收益	67,184	2,638	69,822
Results Segment results	業績 分部業績	13,891	720	14,611
Unallocated income Unallocated expenses	未分配收入 未分配開支			145 (14,252)
Consolidated profit before tax of the Group	本集團的綜合除税前溢利			504

For the six months ended 30 September 2018 截至2018年9月30日止六個月

3B. SEGMENT INFORMATION (Continued) Segment revenue and results (Continued)

For the six months ended 30 September 2017 (Unaudited)

3B. 分部資料(續) 分部收益及業績(續)

截至2017年9月30日止六個月(未經審核)

		Leasing	Trading	Total
		租賃	買賣	總計
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元
Revenue	收益			
Segment revenue from	來自外部客戶的分部收益			
external customers		91,524	28,254	119,778
Results	業績			
Segment results	分部業績	27,255	5,173	32,428
Unallocated income	未分配收入			138
Unallocated expenses	未分配開支			(15,946)
Consolidated profit before	本集團的綜合除稅前溢利			
tax of the Group				16,620

Segment results represent the profit earned by each segment without allocation of interest income, sundry income, corporate income and central administration expenses. This is the measure reported to the chief operating decision maker for the purposes of resource allocation and performance assessment.

No segment assets and liabilities are presented as the information is not regularly reported to the chief operating decision maker for the purpose of resource allocation and assessment of performance.

分部業績為各分部所賺取的溢利(惟利息收 入、雜項收入、公司收入及中央行政開支 不予分配)。此為呈報予首席營運決策者的 計量,以分配資源及評估表現。

分部資產及負債概無呈報,原因是該等資 料並非定期呈報予首席營運決策者作資源 分配及表現評估。

For the six months ended 30 September 2018 截至2018年9月30日止六個月

3B.	SEGMENT	INFORMATION	(Continued)
	- · ·	and the second second	

Other segment information

For the six months ended 30 September 2018 (Unaudited)

3B. 分部資料(續) 其他分部資料

截至2018年9月30日止六個月(未經審核)

		Leasing 租賃 HK\$'000 千港元	Trading 買賣 HK\$'000 千港元	Unallocated 未分配 HK\$'000 千港元	Total 總計 HK\$'000 千港元
Amounts included in the measure of segment results:	包括於分部業績計量的金額:				
Reversal of allowance for doubtful debts	已確認呆賬撥備撥回 淨額				
recognised, net	/ 学 (供	(162)	_	_	(162)
Depreciation of property,	物業、廠房及設備折舊				
plant and equipment Gain on disposal of property, plant and	出售物業、廠房及 設備收益	23,150	1	940	24,091
property, plant and	以用水皿				(2.000)
equipment		(3,008)			(3,008)
equipment For the six months ende	ed 30 September 2017		截至2017	- 年 9 月30日止六個	
	ed 30 September 2017		截至 2017 Trading	- 年9月30日止六低 Unallocated	
	ed 30 September 2017	(Unaudited) Leasing 租賃	Trading 買賣	Unallocated 未分配	固月(未經審核) Total 總計
	ed 30 September 2017	(Unaudited) Leasing 租賃 HK\$'000	Trading 買賣 HK\$'000	Unallocated 未分配 HK\$'000	固月(未經審核) Total 總計 HK\$'000
	ed 30 September 2017	(Unaudited) Leasing 租賃	Trading 買賣	Unallocated 未分配	固月(未經審核) Total 總計
For the six months ende Amounts included in the measure of	ed 30 September 2017 包括於分部業績計量 的金額:	(Unaudited) Leasing 租賃 HK\$'000	Trading 買賣 HK\$'000	Unallocated 未分配 HK\$'000	固月(未經審核) Total 總計 HK\$'000
For the six months ende	包括於分部業績計量	(Unaudited) Leasing 租賃 HK\$'000	Trading 買賣 HK\$'000	Unallocated 未分配 HK\$'000	固月(未經審核) Total 總計 HK\$'000
Amounts included in the measure of segment results: Allowance for doubtful debts recognised, net Depreciation of property,	包括於分部業績計量的金額:	(Unaudited) Leasing 租賃 HK\$'000 千港元	Trading 買賣 HK\$'000	Unallocated 未分配 HK\$'000	個月(未經審核) Total 總計 HK\$'000 千港元
Amounts included in the measure of segment results: Allowance for doubtful debts recognised, net	包括於分部業績計量 的金額: 已確認呆賬撥備淨額	(Unaudited) Leasing 租賃 HK\$'000 千港元	Trading 買賣 HK\$'000	Unallocated 未分配 HK\$'000	個月(未經審核) Total 總計 HK\$'000 千港元

For the six months ended 30 September 2018 截至2018年9月30日止六個月

4. OTHER INCOME

4. 其他收入

		Six months ended 30 September	
		截至9月30日	日止六個月
		2018	2017
		2018年	2017年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
		(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)
		(未經審核)	(未經審核)
Interest income from	利息收入來自		
bank deposits	- 銀行存款	135	54
- investment in certificate of deposit	- 存款憑證投資	_	5
- deposit placed for a life insurance	- 壽險保單存款		
policy		27	48
Storage income	倉存收入	833	884
Sundry income	雜項收入	1,908	585
		2,903	1,576

5. OTHER GAINS AND LOSSES

5. 其他收益及虧損

Six months ended 30 September

	on months offaca de deptember	
	截至9月30	日止六個月
	2018	2017
	2018年	2017年
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
	千港元	千港元
	(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)
	(未經審核)	(未經審核)
Reversal of/(allowance) for doubtful debts 已確認呆賬撥回/(撥備)淨額 recognised, net	162	(435)
Exchange gain/(loss), net	10	(497)
Gain on disposal of property, plant and 出售物業、廠房及設備收益		
equipment	3,008	6,530
	3,180	5,598

For the six months ended 30 September 2018 截至2018年9月30日止六個月

6. FINANCE COSTS

6. 融資成本

Six mont	hs (ended	30	Sep	tember

		截至9月30日	截至9月30日止六個月	
		2018	2017	
		2018年	2017年	
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	
		千港元	千港元	
		(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)	
		(未經審核)	(未經審核)	
Interest on borrowings	借款之利息	354	562	
Interest on finance leases	融資租賃利息	-	1	
		354	563	

7. INCOME TAX EXPENSE

7. 所得税開支

Six months ended 30 September

		截至9月3	截至9月30日止六個月	
		2018	2017	
		2018年	2017年	
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	
		千港元	千港元	
		(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)	
		(未經審核)	(未經審核)	
Current tax	當期税項			
Hong Kong Profits Tax	香港利得税	-	2,079	
Macau Complementary Income Tax	澳門所得補充税	6	210	
		6	2,289	
Deferred taxation	遞延税項	227	918	
		233	3,207	

For the six months ended 30 September 2018 截至2018年9月30日止六個月

INCOME TAX EXPENSE (Continued)

Hong Kong Profits Tax is calculated at 16.5% of the estimated assessable profits for both periods. However, the two-tiered profits tax rates regime is implemented from 1 April 2018 onwards. The profits tax rate for the first HK\$2 million of profits of corporations is lower to 8.25 per cent. Profits above that amount is subject to the tax rate of 16.5 per cent.

For the subsidiary registered in Macau, Macau Complementary Income Tax is calculated at 12% of the estimated assessable profit exceeding MOP600,000 for both periods.

PROFIT AND TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE **INCOME**

所得税開支(續)

香港利得税按該兩個期間之估計應課税溢 利的16.5%計算。然而,利得税兩級制自 2018年4月1日起實施。企業首2百萬港元 溢利的利得税税率下調至8.25百分比。超 過上述金額的溢利則按税率16.5百分比繳

就於澳門註冊的附屬公司而言,澳門所得 補充税按該兩個期間超過600,000澳門元 之估計應課税溢利的12%計算。

溢利及全面收益總額

Six months ended 30 September

截至9月30日止六個月

0017

		2018	2017
		2018 年	2017年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
		(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)
		(未經審核)	(未經審核)
5 6	1-50 T T-1-T D /// // N/ J D		
Profit and total comprehensive income	扣除下列項目後的溢利及		
has been arrived at after charging:	全面收益總額:		
Directors' emoluments	董事酬金	3,210	3,207
Other staff costs:	其他員工成本:		
 Salaries, allowances and 	- 薪酬、津貼及其他福利		
other benefits		17,805	23,270
 Retirement benefits scheme 	- 退休福利計劃供款		
contributions		746	965
		18,551	24,235
T	(6 R T # L	04 704	07.440
Total staff costs	總員工成本	21,761	27,442
A coditate of a consequence of the co	1-) #L 0.T #III . O.	000	050
Auditor's remuneration	核數師酬金	908	852
Cost of inventories recognised as expenses	確認作開支的存貨成本	957	20,408
Depreciation of property, plant and	物業、廠房及設備折舊		
equipment		24,091	25,133
Operating lease rentals in respect of	租賃處所的經營租賃租金		
rented premises		2,359	2,419

For the six months ended 30 September 2018 截至2018年9月30日止六個月

EARNINGS PER SHARE

The calculation of the basic earnings per share attributable to the owners of the Company is based on the following data:

每股盈利 9.

本公司擁有人應佔每股基本盈利乃基於下 列數據計算:

Six months ended 30 September

我不**0** 日 **00** 日 上 子 伊 日

		截至 9 月30日止六個月	
		2018	2017
		2018年	2017年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Earnings for the purpose of basic	用於計算每股基本盈利的盈利		
earnings per share		195	13,413
		Number	Number
		of shares	of shares
		股份數目	股份數目
Weighted average number of ordinary	用於計算每股基本盈利的		
shares for the purpose of basic	普通股加權平均數		
earnings per share		864,000,000	864,000,000

No diluted earnings per share are presented for both periods as there were no potential ordinary shares in issue.

Note:

The calculation of the basic earnings per share for the both periods were based on the profit attributable to the owners of the Company using the weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue during both periods.

10. DIVIDEND

A final dividend in respect of the year ended 31 March 2018 of HK0.35 cent per share of HK\$3,024,000 in total was approved at the annual general meeting and paid during the current interim period (six months ended 30 September 2017: HK\$2,419,200).

概無呈列該兩個期間的每股攤薄盈利,原 因是並無潛在已發行普通股。

附註:

該兩個期間的每股基本盈利乃按本公司擁有人應 佔溢利及該兩個期間已發行普通股加權平均數計 算。

10. 股息

截至2018年3月31日止年度的末期股息每 股0.35港仙(合共3,024,000港元)於股東 週年大會獲批准及於本中期期間派付(截至 2017年9月30日止六個月: 2,419,200港 元)。

For the six months ended 30 September 2018 截至2018年9月30日止六個月

11. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT 11. 物業、廠房及設備

			Furniture				
	Plant and	Office	and	Leasehold	Motor		
	machinery	equipment	fixture	improvement	vehicles	Tools	Total
			傢俱及	租賃權益			
	廠房及機械	辦公室設備	固定裝置	改進	汽車	工具	總計
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
截至2018年9月30日							
於2018年4月1日	190,086	1,248	116	1,172	4,753	478	197,853
添置	37,235	113	_	_	· -	66	37,414
折舊	(22,500)	(239)	(1)	(273)	(951)	(128)	(24,092)
出售/撇銷	(7,199)	-	-	-	-	-	(7,199)
匯兑調整	-	-	(2)	-	-	-	(2)
賬面值							
於2018年9月30日	197,622	1,122	113	899	3,802	416	203,974
截至2017年9月30日							
	184,033	1,177	3	1,960	4,977	613	192,763
添置	60,919	116	92	16	2,752	28	63,923
折舊	(23,051)	(186)	(22)	(470)	(1,281)	(123)	(25,133)
出售/撇銷	(14,408)	-	_	-	-	_	(14,408)
賬面值							
賬面值 (未經審核)							
	添置 折舊 出售/撤銷 匯兑調整 賬面值 (未經審核) 於2018年9月30日 截至2017年9月30日 止六個月 賬面值(經審核) 於2017年4月1日 添置 折舊		大きな (大經審核) から2018年9月30日 上六個月 振面値 (法經審核) から2018年9月30日 197,622 1,122 截至2017年9月30日 上六個月 服面値 (經審核) から2018年4月1日 190,086 1,248 次置 37,235 113 折舊 (22,500) (239) 上生 が当 (7,199) - 歴 が 197,622 1,122	Plant and machinery equipment fixture 像俱及	Plant and Office and Leasehold machinery equipment fixture improvement 係俱及 租賃権益 放進 円水等'000 円本等'000 円本等'000 円本等'000 円本等'000 円本等'000 円本等'000 円本等'000 円本等'000 円本等'000 円本等'000	Plant and Office and Leasehold Motor machinery equipment fixture improvement vehicles 像貝及 租賃権益 海車 大車 HK\$'000 HK\$	Plant and Office and Leasehold Motor machinery equipment fixture improvement vehicles Tools 係長及 租賃権益 改進 汽車 工具 日本 日本 日本 日本 日本 日本 日本 日

For the six months ended 30 September 2018 截至2018年9月30日止六個月

12. TRADE RECEIVABLES, DEPOSITS AND **PREPAYMENTS**

12. 貿易應收款項、按金及預付款

		As at	As at
		30 September	31 March
		2018	2018
		於2018年	於2018年
		9月30日	3月31日
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
		(Unaudited)	(Audited)
		(未經審核)	(經審核)
Trade receivables	貿易應收款項	47,215	66,918
Less: Allowance for doubtful debts	減:呆賬撥備	(4,295)	(5,534)
		42,920	61,384
Deposits and prepayments	按金及預付款項	3,244	2,848
		46,164	64,232

The Group allows an average credit period of 0 to 75 days to its trade customers. Before accepting any new customer, the Group makes enquiries to assess the potential customer's credit quality and defines credit limits by customer. Limits attributed to customers are reviewed annually. Trade receivables that are neither past due nor impaired are due from creditworthy customers.

As at 30 September 2018, included in trade receivables are Nil (31 March 2018: approximately HK\$119,000), approximately HK\$3,306,000 (31 March 2018: approximately HK\$2,320,000) and HK\$300,000 (31 March 2018: approximately HK\$790,000) receivables from a shareholder, a subsidiary of a shareholder of the Company and a related company respectively.

本集團授予其貿易客戶的平均信貸期為0 至75日。於接納任何新客戶前,本集團作 出查詢以評估潛在客戶的信貸質素,並按 客戶界定信貸限額。客戶所得的限額每年 均會審閱。未逾期或減值的貿易應收款項 均來自信用良好的客戶。

於2018年9月30日,貿易應收款項包括應 收一名股東、本公司一名股東的附屬公司 及一間關聯公司的款項分別為零(2018年3 月31日:約119,000港元)、約3,306,000 港元(2018年3月31日:約2,320,000港元) 及300,000港 元(2018年3月31日: 約 790,000港元)。

For the six months ended 30 September 2018 截至2018年9月30日止六個月

12. TRADE RECEIVABLES, DEPOSITS AND PREPAYMENTS (Continued)

The following is an aged analysis of trade receivables, net of allowance, presented based on the invoice date at the end of each reporting period:

12. 貿易應收款項、按金及預付款 項(續)

以下為各報告期末按發票日期呈列的貿易 應收款項(扣除撥備)的賬齡分析:

		As at	As at
		30 September	31 March
		2018	2018
		於 2018 年	於2018年
		9月30日	3月31日
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
		(Unaudited)	(Audited)
		(未經審核)	(經審核)
Within 30 days	30日內	16,075	12,638
31 to 60 days	31至60日	5,157	18,246
61 to 90 days	61至90日	5,964	7,776
91 to 180 days	91至180日	7,482	13,230
Over 180 days	超過180日	8,242	9,494
		42,920	61,384

For the six months ended 30 September 2018 截至2018年9月30日止六個月

13. PLEDGED BANK DEPOSIT/BANK DEPOSITS WITH ORIGINAL MATURITY LESS THAN THREE MONTHS/BANK BALANCES AND CASH

At 30 September 2018, the bank deposits with original maturity less than three months carry fixed interest ranging 2.05% to 2.15% per annum (31 March 2018: ranging 0.79% to 1.00% per annum).

At 30 September 2018, pledged bank deposit carries fixed interest at 0.05% per annum (31 March 2018: 0.01% per annum).

14. TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES

13. 已抵押銀行存款/原到期日少 於三個月的銀行存款/銀行結 餘及現金

於2018年9月30日,原到期日少於三個月 的銀行存款按固定年利率介乎2.05%至 2.15%計息(2018年3月31日:每年介乎 0.79%至1.00%)。

於2018年9月30日,已抵押銀行存款按固 定年利率0.05%計息(2018年3月31日: 每年0.01%)。

14. 貿易及其他應付款項

		As at	As at
		30 September	31 March
		2018	2018
		於 2018 年	於2018年
		9月30日	3月31日
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
		(Unaudited)	(Audited)
		(未經審核)	(經審核)
Trade payables	貿易應付款項	21,818	19,008
Accrued expenses	累計開支	11,434	9,885
Other payables	其他應付款項	3,378	7,127
Deposits received	已收按金	685	1,890
		37,315	37,910

For the six months ended 30 September 2018 截至2018年9月30日止六個月

14. TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES (Continued)

The following is an aged analysis of trade payables presented based on the invoice date at the end of each reporting period:

14. 貿易及其他應付款項(續)

以下為各報告期末按發票日期呈列的貿易 應付款項的賬齡分析:

		As at	As at
		30 September	31 March
		2018	2018
		於 2018 年	於2018年
		9月30日	3月31日
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
		(Unaudited)	(Audited)
		(未經審核)	(經審核)
Within 30 days	30日內	4,377	3,379
31 to 60 days	31至60日	5,147	7,420
61 to 90 days	61至90日	5,634	2,915
91 to 180 days	91至180日	4,834	3,055
Over 180 days	超過180日	1,826	2,239
		21,818	19,008

The credit period on trade payables is ranging from 0 to 180 days.

貿易應付款項的信貸期介乎0至180日不等。

15. BORROWINGS

15. 借款

		As at	As at
		30 September	31 March
		2018	2018
		於 2018 年	於2018年
		9月30日	3月31日
		(Unaudited)	(Audited)
		(未經審核)	(經審核)
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Secured borrowings	有抵押借款	8,855	17,974
Unsecured borrowings	無抵押借款	1,343	2,106
		10,198	20,080

For the six months ended 30 September 2018 截至2018年9月30日止六個月

15. BORROWINGS (Continued)

15. 借款(續)

		As at 30 September 2018 於2018年 9月30日 (Unaudited) (未經審核) HK\$'000 千港元	As at 31 March 2018 於2018年 3月31日 (Audited) (經審核) HK\$'000 千港元
Carrying amounts of borrowings that do not contain a repayable on demand clause and are repayable based on the scheduled repayment dates set out in the loan agreements:	無包含可隨時要求償還條款並須 按載列於貸款協議的預定償還 日期還款的借款之賬面值:		
Within one year More than one year but not exceeding two years	一年內 多於一年,但不多於兩年	1,343	1,465
		1,343	2,106
Carrying amounts of borrowings that contain a repayable on demand clause (shown under current liabilities) and the maturity analysis based on the scheduled repayment dates set out in the loan agreements are:	包含可隨時要求償還條款的借款 (按流動負債所示)之賬面值及 按載列於貸款協議的預定償還 日期所作的到期日分析為:		
Within one year	一年內	6,377	9,893
More than one year but not exceeding two years	多於一年,但不多於兩年	2,478	8,081
		8,855	17,974
		10,198	20,080
Less: Amounts due within one year shown under current liabilities	減:流動負債所示一年內到期款項	(10,198)	(19,439)
Amounts shown under non-current liabilities	非流動負債所示的款項	-	641

The fixed-rate and variable-rate borrowings at 30 September 2018 carry interest ranging from 1.98% to 3.35% per annum (31 March 2018: 1.92% to 2.85% per annum).

於2018年9月30日,固定利率及浮動利率 借款的所帶利息每年為1.98%至3.35% (2018年3月31日:每年為1.92%至2.85%)。

For the six months ended 30 September 2018 截至2018年9月30日止六個月

16. ISSUED CAPITAL

16. 已發行股本

Number of shares 股份數目

Share capital 股本

HK\$'000

千港元

Ordinary shares of HK\$0.001 each 每股面值0.001港元的普通股

Authorised: 法定:

At 1 April 2016, 於2016年4月1日、 31 March 2017, 2017年3月31日、 31 March 2018 and 2018年3月31日及 2018年9月30日 30 September 2018

10.000.000.000 10.000

At 1 April 2016 於2016年4月1日 27,378,000 Issue of shares upon capitalisation (Note i) 資本化發行時發行股份(附註i) Issue of shares pursuant to the initial 根據首次公開發售發行股份 public offering (Note ii) (附註ii) 151,200,000

685,422,000

151

27

686

At 31 March 2017, 於2017年3月31日、 31 March 2018 and 2018年3月31日及

30 September 2018 2018年9月30日

864,000,000

864

Notes:

- On 8 April 2016, 685,422,000 ordinary shares of HK\$0.001 each were issued at par to the shareholders whose names were on the register of members of the Company as at the close of business on 17 March 2016 for capitalisation of approximately HK\$686,000 standing to the credit of the share premium account of the Company.
- On 8 April 2016, 151,200,000 ordinary shares of HK\$0.001 each were issued at a price of HK\$0.75 by way of initial public offering. On the same date, the Company's shares were listed on the Stock Exchange.

附註:

- 於2016年4月8日,685,422,000股每股 面值0.001港元的普通股按面值發行予於 2016年3月17日營業時間結束時名列本 公司股東名冊的股東,藉以將本公司股份 溢價賬內進賬金額約686,000港元撥充資 本。
- 於2016年4月8日,151,200,000股每股 面值0.001港元的普通股透過首次公開發 售按0.75港元發行。同日,本公司股份於 聯交所上市。

For the six months ended 30 September 2018 截至2018年9月30日止六個月

17. RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES

During the two periods, the Group entered into the following transactions with related parties in which some directors have beneficial interests:

17. 關聯方披露

於兩個期間,本集團與若干董事擁有實益 權益的關聯方訂立下列交易:

		Six months ended 30 September 2018			Six months ended 30 September 2017		
		截至2018年9月30日止六個月			截至2017年9月30日止六個月		
		Related			Related		
		company			companies		
		in which			in which		
		Mr. Lau			Mr. Lau		
		Pong Sing			Pong Sing		
		has		Subsidiary	has		Subsidiary
		beneficial	A	of a	beneficial	А	of a
		interest	shareholder	shareholder	interest	shareholder	shareholder
		劉邦成先生			劉邦成先生		
		擁有實益			擁有實益		
		權益的		一名股東的	權益的		一名股東的
		關聯公司	一名股東	附屬公司	關聯公司	一名股東	附屬公司
		Unaudited	Unaudited	Unaudited	Unaudited	Unaudited	Unaudited
		(未經審核)	(未經審核)	(未經審核)	(未經審核)	(未經審核)	(未經審核)
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
Commission Income	佣金收入	-	-	1,668	-	-	-
Sundry Income	雜項收入	-	-	-	-	1	220
Hiring expense	僱傭費用	-	-	12,975	-	-	19,577
Leasing income of machinery	機械出租收入	65	-	882	-	-	722
Purchases	購貨	111	572	457	20	-	309
Purchases of property,	購置物業、廠房						
plant and machinery	及機械	-	364	-	-	-	1,716
Expenses recharged from	收回開支	-	-	200	-	-	120
Sales of parts	零件銷售	-	-	412	1	438	333
Other service income	其他服務收入	58	-	-	624	14	15
Storage income	儲存收入	-	-	833	-	-	884
Transportation income	運輸收入	11	-	100	-	1	84

Balance with related parties are disclosed in the consolidated statements of financial position and related notes.

關聯方結餘於綜合財務狀況報表及相關附 註披露。

For the six months ended 30 September 2018 截至2018年9月30日止六個月

18. OPERATING LEASE COMMITMENTS

The Group as lessee

At the end of the period, the Group had contracted for the following future minimum lease payments under non-cancellable operating leases which fall due as follows:

18. 經營租賃承擔 本集團為承租人

期末,本集團根據不可撤銷經營租賃已訂 約於下列期間屆滿時的未來最低租金:

		As at	As at
		30 September	31 March
		2018	2018
		於2018年	於2018年
		9月30日	3月31日
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
		(Unaudited)	(Audited)
		(未經審核)	(經審核)
Within one year	一年內	2,424	3,179
In the second to fifth years inclusive	第二至第五年(包括首尾兩年)	149	863
Total	總計	2,573	4,042

Operating lease payments represent rentals payable by the Group for certain of its office premises and staff quarters. Leases are negotiated for a period of one to five years (31 March 2018: one to five years) and rentals are fixed at the time of entering the respective leases.

經營租金為本集團就其若干辦公室及員工 宿舍應付的租金。協定租賃平均為一至五 年(2018年3月31日:一至五年),而租金 於訂立各租賃時釐定。

For the six months ended 30 September 2018 截至2018年9月30日止六個月

18. OPERATING LEASE COMMITMENTS

(Continued)

The Group as lessor

Income earned from leasing of machinery during the period is approximately HK\$56,116,000 (31 March 2018: approximately HK\$144,383,000). Leases are negotiated on a monthly basis.

At the end of the period, the Group had contracted with customers for the following future minimum lease payments:

18. 經營租賃承擔(續)

本集團為出租人

期內,透過出租機械所獲的收入約 為56,116,000港元(2018年3月31日:約 144,383,000港元)。租賃協定按月計算。

於報告期末,本集團與客戶訂約之未來最 低租金如下:

As at	As at
30 September	31 March
2018	2018
於 2018 年	於2018年
9月30日	3月31日
HK\$'000	HK\$'000
千港元	千港元
(Unaudited)	(Audited)
(未經審核)	(經審核)
405	794

19. CAPITAL COMMITMENTS

Within one year

19. 資本承擔

		As at	As at
		30 September	31 March
		2018	2018
		於2018年	於2018年
		9月30日	3月31日
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
		(Unaudited)	(Audited)
		(未經審核)	(經審核)
Capital expenditure in respect of acquisition of property, plant and equipment contracted but not provided for in the consolidated	就收購已訂約物業、廠房及設備 (惟未於綜合財務報表計提)的 資本開支		
financial statements		8,398	1,455

一年內

管理層討論與分析

GROUP OVERVIEW

The Group strives to serve our valuable customers better with the provision of the equipment rental-related solutions and value-added services. For the six months ended 30 September 2018 ("1H2019"), the Group recorded decline in trading income and a decrease in leasing income due to the completion of the Express Rail Hong Kong section ("Express Rail HK") and the Hong Kong-Zhuhai-Macao Bridge Hong Kong Boundary Crossing Facilities ("HZMB"). Furthermore, the spike of trade war between the US and China has inevitably led to poor economic and business sentiments, and thus would definitely affect the decision in making any investment. The business of the Group in Macau also recorded a small decline while the business of the Group in Singapore has just begun.

However, the Group has always had our strategies for striving long term success. As such, in 1H2019, the Group has invested on new, advanced and specific machines, including generators and articulated boom lifts, amounting to approximately HK\$37.2 million. On the other hand, we continued our disposal of under-performed and aged machines with their cost at book amounting to approximately HK\$18.2 million. Such measures will definitely improve our competitiveness in the market and can enable the Group to provide more value-adds to our customers. As a result, the Group needs not be heavily involved in the price war in the rental market. We should always be a solution-provider.

For 1H2019, the Group recorded revenue of approximately HK\$69.8 million, representing a decrease of approximately 41.7% as compared to that of approximately HK\$119.8 million for the six months ended 30 September 2017 ("1H2018"). For 1H2019, the Group recorded gross profit of approximately HK\$12.5 million, representing a decrease of approximately 56.3% as compared to that of approximately HK\$28.6 million for 1H2018. The gross profit margin for 1H2019 was approximately 17.9% (1H2018: approximately 23.9%), representing a decrease of approximately 6 percentage points as compared to that for 1H2018. Please refer to the section headed "Financial Review" of this report for further details of the Group's performance in 1H2019.

集團概覽

本集團致力誘過提供設備出租相關解決方案及增 值服務,為寶貴客戶提供更優質服務。截至2018 年9月30日止六個月(「2019年上半年」),由於 完成高鐵香港段(「高鐵香港」)及港珠澳大橋香港 口岸人工島(「港珠澳大橋」),故本集團貿易收入 減少,且租賃收入亦有所減少。此外,中美貿易 戰爭,矛盾加劇,必然導致經濟及營商氣氛不 振,因此無疑影響作出任何投資的決定。本集團 於澳門的業務亦錄得小幅回落,而本集團於新加 坡的業務則處於起步階段。

然而,本集團亦一直採取策略,致力取得長期成 功。為此,於2019年上半年,本集團已投資新穎 的特製先進機械,包括發電機及曲臂式高空工作 台,價值約37.2百萬港元。另一方面,我們繼續 出售賬面原值約18.2百萬港元表現欠佳及陳舊的 機械。有關措施將無疑改善我們於市場的競爭 力,且使本集團得以向客戶提供更多增值服務。 因此,本集團毋須全力參與租賃市場的價格戰。 我們應一直作為解決方案供應商。

於2019年上半年,本集團錄得收益約69.8百萬 港元,較截至2017年9月30日止六個月(「2018 年上半年」)約119.8百萬港元減少約41.7%。 2019年上半年,本集團錄得毛利約12.5百萬港 元,較2018年上半年的毛利約28.6百萬港元下 降約56.3%。2019年上半年的毛利率約為17.9% (2018年上半年:約23.9%),較2018年上半年 的毛利率下降約6個百分點。有關本集團於2019 年上半年表現的進一步詳情,請參閱本報告 [財 務回顧|一節。

管理層討論與分析

GROUP OVERVIEW (Continued)

Net profit attributable to owners of the Company decreased by approximately 98.5% from approximately HK\$13.4 million in 1H2018 to approximately HK\$0.2 million in 1H2019. This was primarily due to (i) decrease in sales of machinery and parts in Hong Kong; (ii) decrease in operating service income; (iii) decrease in gain on disposal of equipment; and (iv) decrease in leasing income of machinery and other service income. In short, the Group has recorded a decrease in net profit in its businesses in Hong Kong and Macau.

Basic earnings per share attributable to owners of the Company for 1H2019 was HK0.02 cent (1H2018: HK1.55 cent).

BUSINESS OVERVIEW

During 1H2019, the overall market sentiment of the construction industry is deteriorating in Hong Kong. The main reasons were that the Express Rail HK and HZMB were approaching the completion stage, which heavily affected the Group's performance on rental business. Despite the fact that other key projects, namely Central Kowloon Route, the Kai Tak Sports Park, Third Runway of the Hong Kong International Airport (the "Third Runway") and the Tseung Kwan O-Lam Tin Tunnel (the "TKO-LT Tunnel") have been launched, the demands for rental equipment have not increased materially and thus could not fill back the decrease in rental income caused by the return of rental machines from the Express Rail HK and the HZMB projects. Even worse, problems of the Shatin to Central Link have affected its progress and thus also affected the demands on machines. For the trading business, the further interest hikes in the US and Hong Kong during 1H2019 and the spike of the trade war between the US and China have threatened the global economy. As a result, the economy sentiments in Hong Kong are deteriorating, which inevitably hit our trading business. Nevertheless, for our business in Hong Kong, we believe that we should have touched the bottom and an improvement is expected in the latter months of the year.

For the business in Macau, we still recorded a slight decrease in total revenue in 1H2019. For the business in Singapore, we have just started to make some rental business so as to test the market and so only a negative result could be reported in 1H2019.

集團概覽(續)

本公司擁有人應佔純利從2018年上半年約13.4 百萬港元下降約98.5%至2019年上半年約0.2百 萬港元,主要由於(i)香港的機械及零件銷售額減 少;(ii)操作服務收入減少;(iii)出售設備的收益減 少;及(iv)機械的租賃收入及其他服務收入減少。 簡而言之, 本集團就香港及澳門業務錄得純利減

2019年上半年的本公司擁有人應佔每股基本盈利 為0.02港仙(2018年上半年:1.55港仙)。

業務概覽

於2019年上半年,香港建築業的整體市場氣氛 每況愈下。主要原因為高鐵香港及港珠澳大橋已 接近完工階段,嚴重影響本集團出租業務的表 現。儘管已展開其他主要項目(即中九龍幹線、 啟德體育園、香港國際機場第三條跑道(「**三跑**」) 及將軍澳 一 藍田隧道(「將軍澳藍田隧道」)),對 租用設備的需求並無大幅增加,因此無法填補高 鐵香港及港珠澳大橋退還租用機械所產生的租用 收入減少。再者,沙田至中環綫的問題已影響其 進度,亦隨之影響對機械的需求。就貿易業務而 言,於2019年上半年美國及香港進一步加息及 中美貿易戰摩擦加劇已威脅全球經濟。因此,香 港的經濟氣氛每況愈下,必然對我們的貿易業務 造成打擊。然而,就我們於香港的業務而言,我 們相信我們已處於谷底,預期於年底前數個月內 有所改善。

就澳門業務而言,我們於2019年上半年的總收 益仍錄得輕微減少。就新加坡業務而言,我們剛 開展部分出租業務,以測試市場,因此僅可於 2019年上半年報告負面結果。

管理層討論與分析

OUTLOOK

The Group expects the Hong Kong market to remain as the Group's major market. Despite the fact that most of the Ten Major Infrastructure Projects have been completed, the HKSAR government still keeps up its investment in Hong Kong for sustaining a long term growth. Recently, our HKSAR Chief Executive has also delivered the Chief Executive's 2018 Policy Address (the "2018 Policy Address") to the public. She has expressed clearly that continuous investment in infrastructure in Hong Kong is essential for leading the growth of Hong Kong, In the 2018 Policy Address, the concept of "Lantau" Tomorrow" has definitely demonstrated the intention and the long term direction of the HKSAR government. Land reclamation would be one of the key methods for increasing land supply for the continuous development of Hong Kong in the coming decades. Obviously, the size of investment might be a key point for debate but land reclamation should be inevitable in the near future and it is only the size of reclamation that should be discussed. Basically, reclamation work has begun on Lantau Island, such as the Tung Chung new town extension work. As such, the Group is enthusiastic over the continuous development of the infrastructure in Hong Kong and its speed and strength should be fast and strong. The Group would be well-prepared to support and invest for the growth of Hong Kong if Hong Kong is strengthening its competitiveness by making appropriate investment on its infrastructure.

In the coming months, the Group believes that more demands on machines would be generated from existing key projects like the Third Runway, Tung Chung new town extension, the Kai Tak Sports Park and the Kowloon Central Route, and the Group is expected to be benefited from that in the coming months and our revenue lines in Hong Kong should then be improved gradually. For our business in Macau, the Group has provided more types of equipment for Macau's market and we expect that this can gradually improve our performance in Macau in long run.

展望

本集團預期香港仍為本集團的主要市場。儘管十 大主要基建項目大多已完工,惟香港特區政府仍 繼續對香港投資,保持長期發展。近期香港特區 政府行政長官亦已向公眾發表行政長官2018年 施政報告(「2018年施政報告」)。彼清晰闡明,對 香港基建持續投資就帶領香港發展而言必不可 少。在2018年施政報告內,「明日大嶼」的概念 無疑展示香港特區政府的意向及長遠目標。填海 將為其中一個為香港未來幾十年持續發展並增加 土地供應的方法。投資規模顯然將會是辯論重 點,然而,填海於不久將來乃無可避免,因此應 進行討論的僅是填海規模。基本上,填海工程已 於大嶼山展開,例如東涌新市鎮擴展工程。因 此,本集團對於香港基建持續發展充滿熱忱,發 展速度及力度將為迅速而強勁。倘香港透過作出 合適基建投資,增強其競爭力,本集團將作好準 備,並為香港發展給予支持及作出投資。

於未來幾個月,本集團相信,現有主要項目(例 如三跑、東涌新市鎮擴展、啟德體育園及中九龍 幹線)將為機械帶來更多需求,且本集團預期於 未來幾個月得益,而我們於香港的收益業務將隨 之逐漸改善。對於澳門的業務而言,本集團已為 澳門市場提供多種設備,預期可長期逐步改善我 們於澳門的表現。

管理層討論與分析

FINANCIAL REVIEW

Revenue

For 1H2019, the Group recorded a decrease in revenue of approximately HK\$50.0 million, with the total revenue amounting to approximately HK\$69.8 million for 1H2019, representing a decrease of approximately 41.7% as compared to that of approximately HK\$119.8 million for 1H2018. The decrease in revenue mainly resulted from the decrease in all segments of business of the Group.

(i) Rental income of machinery

During the period under review, the Group's rental income from rental services, which involved the rental of construction. electrical and mechanical engineering and event and entertainment equipment in Hong Kong, Macau and Singapore, decreased to approximately HK\$56.1 million compared to that of approximately HK\$73.0 million in 1H2018.

As mentioned above, the Group's rental business in Hong Kong and Macau continued to decline in 1H2019 due to the reasons mentioned in the section headed "Business Review" above.

Rental income from rental services accounted for approximately 80.4% of the Group's total revenue for 1H2019 (1H2018: approximately 60.9%). The increase of the above percentage was led by the decline in the sales of machinery and parts in 1H2019.

Operating service income (ii)

The Group offers equipment operating services in Hong Kong by providing equipment operators to operate the equipment at the job sites of its customers. For 1H2019, revenue from equipment operating services decreased by approximately 52.3% to approximately HK\$6.1 million (1H2018: approximately HK\$12.8 million), and accounted for approximately 8.7% of the Group's total revenue for 1H2019 (1H2018: approximately 10.7%). The decrease in operating service income for 1H2019 was attributable to the shrinking in demand for operators by sizable construction companies in Hong Kong upon the completion of various key projects in Hong Kong.

財務回顧 收益

2019年上半年,本集團的收益減少約50.0百萬 港元,2019年上半年的總收益約為69.8百萬港 元,較2018年上半年約119.8百萬港元下降約 41.7%。收益減少的主要原因為本集團業務所有 分部收益減少所致。

機械的和金收入 (i)

於回顧期間,本集團來自出租服務(涉及在 香港、澳門及新加坡出租建築、機電工程 及活動及娛樂設備)的租金收入減少至約 56.1 百萬港元,而於2018年上半年則約為 73.0 百萬港元。

如上所述,本集團於香港及澳門的出租業 務於2019年上半年持續倒退,有關原因提 述於 | 文「業務回顧 | 一節。

來自出租服務的租金收入佔本集團2019年 上半年總收益約80.4%(2018年上半年: 約60.9%)。上述百分比升幅乃由於在2019 年上半年機械及零件銷售下跌所致。

(ii) 操作服務收入

本集團在香港提供設備操作服務,派遣設 備操作員到客戶工地操作設備。2019年上 半年,設備操作服務的收益減少約52.3% 至約6.1百萬港元(2018年上半年:約12.8 百萬港元)及佔本集團2019年上半年總收 益約8.7%(2018年上半年:約10.7%)。 2019年上半年操作服務的收益減少乃由於 完成香港多項主要項目後,香港大型建築 公司對操作員的需求減少。

管理層討論與分析

FINANCIAL REVIEW (Continued)

Revenue (Continued)

(iii) Other service income

The Group's other service income, which arises from rental arrangements including repair, maintenance and technical support services during the rental period, recorded a decrease and amounted to approximately HK\$5.0 million for 1H2019 (1H2018: approximately HK\$5.8 million). The Group's other service income accounted for approximately 7.2% of the Group's total revenue for 1H2019 (1H2018: approximately 4.9%).

(iv) Sales of machinery and spare parts

Due to the poor economic sentiment globally, the demand for construction equipment declined. The revenue from sales of machinery and spare parts decreased significantly by approximately 90.7% from approximately HK\$28.1 million in 1H2018 to approximately HK\$2.6 million for 1H2019, which accounted for approximately 3.8% of the Group's total revenue for 1H2019 (1H2018: approximately 23.5%).

Cost of Sales

The Group's cost of sales amounted to approximately HK\$57.4 million for 1H2019, representing a period-on-period decrease of approximately 37.1% (1H2018: approximately HK\$91.2 million). Cost of sales mainly comprised machinery hiring expenses, staff costs for the Group's equipment operators, technicians and truck drivers, costs for machinery and parts for trading and depreciation, which together accounted for approximately 87.9% of the Group's total cost of sales in 1H2019.

Among the four major items under cost of sales, the Group recorded a decrease of approximately 30.6% in machinery hiring expenses during the period under review, since more owned fleet were rented out to the customers and the decrease in the demand for machines. Staff costs decreased by approximately 31.5% due to decrease in the demand for the Group's operators by the market, which led to the decrease in number of operators required. Depreciation decreased by approximately 3.6% period-on-period mainly due to decrease in the investment on machinery while the Group continued the disposal of aged and under-performed machines in 1H2019. Costs for machinery and parts decreased by approximately 95.3% due to the decrease in machinery sale in 1H2019.

財務回顧(續) 收益(續)

(iii) 其他服務收入

本集團的其他服務收入(來自出租安排,包括於出租期間的維修、保養及技術支援服務)錄得減少,於2019年上半年約為5.0百萬港元(2018年上半年:約5.8百萬港元)。本集團的其他服務收入佔本集團2019年上半年總收益約7.2%(2018年上半年:約4.9%)。

(iv) 機械及零件銷售

由於全球經濟情緒不佳,對建築設備的需求減少。來自銷售機械及零件的收益由2018年上半年約28.1百萬港元大幅下降約90.7%至2019年上半年約2.6百萬港元,佔本集團2019年上半年總收益約3.8%(2018年上半年:約23.5%)。

銷售成本

本集團於2019年上半年的銷售成本約為57.4百萬港元,同比下降約37.1%(2018年上半年:約91.2百萬港元)。銷售成本主要包括機械租用成本、本集團設備操作員、技術人員及卡車司機的員工成本、可供購買機械及零件成本以及折舊,合共佔本集團於2019年上半年總銷售成本約87.9%。

在銷售成本項下四個主要項目中,本集團於回顧期內的機械租用開支減少約30.6%,歸因於向客戶出租更多自有機組及對機械的需求減少。員工成本減少約31.5%,原因是市場對本集團操作員的需求減少,令所須操作員數目減少。折舊同比減少約3.6%,主要由於2019年上半年對機械的投資減少,而本集團繼續出售陳舊及表現欠佳機械。機械及零件成本減少約95.3%,乃由於2019年上半年的機械銷售減少所致。

管理層討論與分析

FINANCIAL REVIEW (Continued) Gross Profit and Gross Profit Margin

The Group's overall gross profit decreased by approximately 56.4% from approximately HK28.6 million for 1H2018 to approximately HK\$12.5 million for 1H2019 and the Group's gross profit margin recorded a decline to approximately 17.9% for 1H2019 (1H2018: approximately 23.9%). The decrease in gross profit margin was due to the decrease in rental income for machines and decrease in revenue from sales of machinery while only a slight decrease in depreciation was recorded in 1H2019. At a result, the percentage of the depreciation to the revenue increased to approximately 33.4% for 1H2019 (1H2018: approximately 20.2%).

Other Income

The Group recorded other income amounting to approximately HK\$2.9 million in 1H2019 (1H2018: approximately HK\$1.6 million), which represented an increase of approximately 84.2% from 1H2018. The increase was due to an increase in sundry income of approximately HK\$1.3 million in 1H2019 when compared to 1H2018. The increase was contributed by the increase in commission income of the Group in 1H2019.

Other Gains and Losses

Other gains and losses amounted to approximately HK\$3.2 million in 1H2019 (1H2018: approximately HK\$5.6 million), representing a decrease of approximately 42.9% over 1H2018.

Due to poor demand for the construction equipment in Hong Kong, including used equipment, the proceeds generated from the disposal of plant were reduced and a gain on disposal of plant and equipment of approximately HK\$3.0 million was recorded in 1H2019 (1H2018: approximately HK\$6.5 million). However, the Group recorded an exchange gain of approximately HK\$0.01 million in 1H2019 while it was an exchange loss of approximately HK\$0.5 million in 1H2018. The Group also recorded a reversal of doubtful debts recognised, net, of approximately HK\$0.2 million in 1H2019 while it was an allowance for doubtful debts recognized, net, of approximately HK\$0.4 million in 1H2018.

財務回顧(續) 毛利及毛利率

本集團的整體毛利從2018年上半年約28.6百萬 港元減少約56.4%至2019年上半年約12.5百萬 港元。本集團於2019年上半年的毛利率減少至 約17.9%(2018年上半年:約23.9%)。毛利率減 少乃由於2019年上半年的機械租金收入減少, 且來自銷售機械的收益減少,同時僅錄得折舊輕 微減少。因此,於2019年上半年的收益折舊百 分比增加至約33.4%(2018年上半年:約 20.2%) •

其他收入

本集團於2019年上半年錄得其他收入約2.9百萬 港元(2018年上半年:約1.6百萬港元),較2018 年上半年增加約84.2%。有關增幅乃由於2019年 上半年的雜項收入較2018年上半年增加約1.3百 萬港元。增幅乃由於本集團於2019年上半年的 佣金收入增加所致。

其他收益及虧損

2019年上半年的其他收益及虧損約為3.2百萬港 元(2018年上半年:約5.6百萬港元),較2018年 上半年減少約42.9%。

由於香港對建築設備(包括二手設備)的需求減 弱,於2019年上半年出售廠房所得款項減少, 而出售廠房及設備的收益約為3.0百萬港元(2018 年上半年:約6.5百萬港元)。然而,本集團於 2019年上半年錄得匯兑收益約0.01百萬港元, 而2018年上半年則錄得匯兑虧損約0.5百萬港元。 本集團亦於2019年上半年錄得已確認呆賬撥回 淨額約0.2百萬港元,而2018年上半年則錄得已 確認呆賬撥備淨額約0.4百萬港元。

管理層討論與分析

FINANCIAL REVIEW (Continued) Administrative Expenses

For 1H2019, administrative expenses amounted to approximately HK\$17.7 million (1H2018: approximately HK\$18.6 million), representing a decrease of approximately 4.8% over 1H2018. The decrease in administrative expenses was mainly due to decrease in staff costs, compliance fee, professional fees and system improvement expenses.

Finance Cost

Finance costs comprised interest on the Group's borrowings, which amounted to approximately HK\$0.4 million for 1H2019 (1H2018: approximately HK\$0.6 million). The decrease was attributable to the repayment of loans, resulting in savings of interest expenses during the period under review.

Profit and Total Comprehensive Income for 1H2019

The Group recorded profit attributable to owners of the Company of approximately HK\$0.2 million for 1H2019 (1H2018: approximately HK\$13.4 million), representing a profit margin of approximately 0.3% (1H2018: approximately 11.2%). The decrease in profit attributable to owners of the Company in 1H2019 was mainly due to the decrease in all revenue lines while the depreciation under the cost of sales did not decrease materially, as explained above.

Capital Expenditure

The Group's capital expenditures in 1H2019 primarily comprised expenditures on machinery and office equipment, amounting to a total of approximately HK\$37.4 million (year ended 31 March 2018: approximately HK\$80.3 million). The vast majority of the capital expenditures were used to fund the expansion of the Group's owned rental fleet of machinery, which accounted for approximately 99.5% of the total capital expenditure for 1H2019.

財務回顧(續) 行政開支

2019年上半年,行政開支約為17.7百萬港元 (2018年上半年:約18.6百萬港元),較2018年 上半年減少約4.8%。行政開支減少主要由於員 工成本、合規開支、專業費用及系統改良開支減

融資成本

融資成本包括本集團借款的利息,2019年上半年 約為0.4百萬港元(2018年上半年:約0.6百萬港 元)。融資成本減少是由於償還貸款而致回顧期 間節省利息開支。

2019年上半年溢利及全面收益總額

本集團於2019年上半年錄得本公司擁有人應佔 溢利約0.2百萬港元(2018年上半年:約13.4百 萬港元),利潤率約0.3%(2018年上半年:約 11.2%)。2019年上半年本公司擁有人應佔溢利 減少,主要由於上文所述所有收益業務減少而銷 售成本下的折舊並無大幅減少。

資本支出

本集團於2019年上半年資本支出主要包括機械 及辦公室設備的支出,合共約為37.4百萬港元(截 至2018年3月31日止年度:約80.3百萬港元)。 資本支出大部份用於撥付本集團自置出租機械機 組的擴張,佔2019年上半年總資本支出約 99.5% •

管理層討論與分析

FINANCIAL REVIEW (Continued)

Liquidity and Financial Resources Review

The Group financed its operations through a combination of cash flow from operations and borrowings. As at 30 September 2018, the Group had bank balances and cash equivalents of approximately HK\$56.2 million (as at 31 March 2018: approximately HK\$61.4 million) that were mainly denominated in Hong Kong Dollars, Japanese Yen, Macau Pataca ("MOP"), Singapore Dollars and United States Dollars, and had borrowings of approximately HK\$10.2 million (as at 31 March 2018: approximately HK\$20.1 million) that were mainly denominated in Hong Kong Dollars and in Japanese Yen.

As at 30 September 2018, the Group had banking facilities of approximately HK\$49.2 million (as at 31 March 2018: approximately HK\$58.1 million), of which approximately HK\$8.4 million (as at 31 March 2018: approximately HK\$17.3 million) had been drawn down, and approximately HK\$40.8 million (as at 31 March 2018: approximately HK\$40.8 million) were unutilised.

As at 30 September 2018, the gearing ratio of the Group was nil (as at 31 March 2018: nil), which was calculated based on the net debt divided by total equity. Net debt is defined as the sum of the borrowings, bank overdraft and obligations under finance leases, minus the cash and cash equivalents.

Going forward, the Group expects to fund its future operations and expansion plans primarily with cash generated from operations and borrowings.

Foreign Exchange Risk

Certain transactions of the Group are denominated in currencies which are different from the functional currencies of the Group, namely, Hong Kong Dollars, and therefore the Group is exposed to foreign exchange risk. Payments made by the Group for the settlement of its purchases from suppliers are generally denominated in Hong Kong Dollars, Japanese Yen, Singapore Dollars and United States Dollars. Payments received by the Group from its customers are mainly denominated in Hong Kong Dollars, MOP, Singapore Dollars and United States Dollars.

The Group does not have a foreign currency hedging policy. However, the Group will continue to monitor closely its exposure to currency movement and take proactive measures.

財務回顧(續)

流動資金及財務資源回顧

本集團透過來自經營活動的現金流量及借貸撥付其營運。於2018年9月30日,本集團有銀行結餘及現金等價物約56.2百萬港元(於2018年3月31日:約61.4百萬港元)主要以港元、日圓、澳門元(「澳門元」)、新加坡元及美元計值,以及有借款約10.2百萬港元(於2018年3月31日:約20.1百萬港元)主要以港元及日圓計值。

於2018年9月30日,本集團有銀行融資約49.2 百萬港元(於2018年3月31日:約58.1百萬港元),其中約8.4百萬港元(於2018年3月31日:約17.3百萬港元)已提取,約40.8百萬港元(於2018年3月31日:約40.8百萬港元)未動用。

於2018年9月30日,本集團的資本負債比率為零(於2018年3月31日:零),乃按債務淨額除以權益總額計算得出。債務淨額定義為借款、銀行透支及融資租賃責任的總和減現金及現金等價物。

展望未來,本集團預期主要以來自經營活動的現金及借款撥付其未來營運及擴展計劃。

外匯風險

本集團若干交易用以計值的貨幣有別於本集團的功能貨幣(即港元),因此,本集團面臨外匯風險。本集團用以結算其向供應商購貨的付款一般以港元、日圓、新加坡元及美元計值。本集團自客戶收取的付款主要以港元、澳門元、新加坡元及美元計值。

本集團並無外匯對沖政策。然而,本集團將繼續 密切監察其面對的貨幣變動風險及採取積極措施。

管理層討論與分析

FINANCIAL REVIEW (Continued)

Contingent Liabilities

As at 30 September 2018, the Group had no material contingent liabilities (as at 31 March 2018: Nil).

Material Acquisitions and Disposals of Subsidiaries and Associated Companies

There were no material acquisitions or disposals of subsidiaries or associates during 1H2019.

Significant Investments

As at 30 September 2018, the Group did not have any significant investments.

Capital Commitments

As at 30 September 2018, the Group had capital commitments of approximately HK\$8.4 million (as at 31 March 2018: approximately HK\$1.5 million) to acquire plant and equipment for the Group.

Pledge of Assets

As at 30 September 2018, deposit placed for a life insurance policy of approximately HK\$2.7 million (as at 31 March 2018: approximately HK\$2.7 million), plant and machinery of approximately HK\$14.4 million as at 30 September 2018 (as at 31 March 2018: approximately HK\$25.0 million), and bank deposits of approximately HK\$0.4 million (as at 31 March 2018: approximately HK\$0.4 million) have been pledged to secure the Group's borrowings of approximately HK\$8.9 million (as at 31 March 2018: approximately HK\$18.0 million).

Segmental Information

Segmental information is presented for the Group as disclosed in note 3A and 3B to the condensed consolidated interim financial information above.

財務回顧(續) 或然負債

於2018年9月30日,本集團並無重大或然負債(於2018年3月31日:無)。

附屬公司及聯營公司的重大收購及 出售

於2019年上半年,本集團並無附屬公司或聯營公司的重大收購或出售。

重大投資

於2018年9月30日,本集團並無任何重大投資。

資本承擔

於2018年9月30日,本集團有資本承擔約8.4百萬港元(於2018年3月31日:約1.5百萬港元)以 為本集團收購廠房及設備。

資產質押

於2018年9月30日,就壽險保單投放的存款約2.7 百萬港元(於2018年3月31日:約2.7百萬港元)、 於2018年9月30日約14.4百萬港元(於2018年3 月31日:約25.0百萬港元)的廠房及機械及約0.4 百萬港元(於2018年3月31日:約0.4百萬港元) 的銀行存款已抵押,用作本集團借款約8.9百萬 港元(於2018年3月31日:約18.0百萬港元)的 擔保。

分部資料

本集團呈列的分部資料於上文簡明綜合中期財務 資料附註3A及3B披露。

管理層討論與分析

FINANCIAL REVIEW (Continued)

Human Resources and Employees' Remuneration

As at 30 September 2018, the Group had 118 employees (as at 31 March 2018: 132 employees), of which 108 employees were in Hong Kong (as at 31 March 2018: 124 employees), 5 employees were in Macau (as at 31 March 2018: 5 employees) and 5 employees were in Singapore (as at 31 March 2018: 3 employees). Employees' remuneration packages are determined with reference to the market information and individual performance and will be reviewed on a regular basis. The remuneration policy will be reviewed by the Board from time to time. In addition to basic remuneration, the Group also provides medical insurance, makes contributions to provident funds and provides other benefits to the employees. The total staff cost including remuneration, other benefits and contributions to retirement schemes for the directors of the Company and other staff of the Group for 1H2019 amounted to approximately HK\$21.8 million (1H2018: approximately HK\$27.4 million). The decrease in staff cost was mainly due to the decrease in headcount of operators and drivers due to decrease of the demand of the market.

The Group's technical staff attend seminars jointly conducted by manufacturers and the Group to acquire product knowledge to ensure they are equipped with the necessary skills and knowledge to perform their duties. Such seminars include training regarding the equipment structures, operational features, operator safety training and equipment repair. In addition to the training jointly conducted by manufacturers and the Group, the Group's technical staff also attend external training courses and obtain relevant certificates.

Share Option Scheme

To attract and retain the most suitable personnel for development of the Group, the Group has adopted the share option scheme (the "Scheme") on 17 March 2016. Share options may be granted to eligible employees of the Group as a long-term incentive. From the date of the adoption of the Scheme and up to 30 September 2018, no share option has been granted or agreed to be granted under the Scheme.

財務回顧(續) 人力資源及僱員薪酬

於2018年9月30日,本集團有118名僱員(於 2018年3月31日: 132名僱員), 其中108名僱 員位於香港(於2018年3月31日:124名僱員)、 5名僱員位於澳門(於2018年3月31日:5名僱員) 及5名僱員位於新加坡(於2018年3月31日:3 名僱員)。僱員薪酬待遇是參考市場資料及個人 表現而釐定,將定期檢討。董事會不時檢討薪酬 政策。 在基本薪酬之外,本集團亦提供醫療保 險、向公積金供款及為僱員提供其他福利。2019 年上半年的總員工成本(包括薪酬、其他福利及 為本公司董事及本集團其他員工的退休計劃供款) 約為21.8百萬港元(2018年上半年:約27.4百萬 港元)。員工成本減少主要由於市場需求減少而 減少操作員人手及司機所致。

本集團的技術員工參加由生產商及本集團聯合舉 辦的研討會,以獲得產品知識,確保彼等具備必 要技能及知識履行職責。有關研討會包括設備結 構的訓練、操作特點、操作員安全訓練及設備維 修。除生產商與本集團聯合舉辦的訓練外,本集 團的技術員工亦參加外部訓練課程,取得相關證 書。

購股權計劃

為吸引及留聘最合適的人員發展本集團,本集團 於2016年3月17日採納購股權計劃(「計劃」)。 購股權可授予本集團合資格僱員作為長期激勵。 自計劃採納日期起至2018年9月30日,並無購 股權根據計劃授出或同意授出。

其他資料

DIRECTORS' INTERESTS AND SHORT POSITIONS IN SHARES. UNDERLYING SHARES AND DEBENTURES

As at 30 September 2018, the interests or short positions of the Directors in the shares, underlying shares and debentures of the Company and any of its associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the Securities and Future Ordinance (the "SFO")), which were required to be notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to Divisions 7 and 8 of Part XV of the SFO (including interests and short positions which the directors and chief executive were deemed or taken to have under such provisions of the SFO) or which were required, pursuant to section 352 of the SFO, to be recorded in the register therein, or were required to be notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Issuers contained in Appendix 10 of the Listing Rules (the "Model Code") are as follows:

董事於股份、相關股份及債券中的 權益及淡倉

於2018年9月30日,董事於本公司及其任何相 聯法團(定義見證券及期貨條例(「證券及期貨條 例」)第XV部)擁有的股份、相關股份及債券中根 據證券及期貨條例第XV部第7及8分部須知會本 公司及聯交所的權益或淡倉(包括根據證券及期 貨條例該等條文視為或當作由董事及最高行政人 員擁有的權益及淡倉),或根據證券及期貨條例 第352條須記錄於該條所述的登記冊的權益或淡 倉,或根據上市規則附錄10所載《上市發行人董 事進行證券交易的標準守則》(「標準守則」) 須知 會本公司及聯交所的權益或淡倉如下:

Interests in Shares of the Company

於本公司股份之權益

		Number of Ordinary Shares	Approximate Percentage of
Name of Director	Nature of Interest	of the Company	Shareholding
董事姓名	權益性質	本公司普通股數目	概約持股百分比
Mr. Lau Pong Sing (Note 1, 2)	Interest in a controlled corporation	363,528,000 (L)	42.08%
劉邦成先生(附註1、2)	受控法團權益		
	Interest of spouse	284,471,352 (L)	32.92%
	配偶權益		
Ms. Chan Kit Mui, Lina (Note 3, 4)	Interest in a controlled corporation	284,471,352 (L)	32.92%
陳潔梅女士(附註3、4)	受控法團權益		
	Interest of spouse	363,528,000 (L)	42.08%
	配偶權益		

Note 1: The Company was directly owned as to approximately 42.08% by New Club House International Holdings Limited ("New Club House"). By virtue of his 100% shareholding in New Club House, Mr. Lau Pong Sing ("Mr. Lau") is deemed to be interested in the same number of shares of the Company held by New Club House.

Note 2: Mr. Lau is the spouse of Ms. Chan Kit Mui, Lina ("Ms. Chan"). Under the SFO, Mr. Lau is deemed to be interested in the same number of shares of the Company in which Ms. Chan is interested.

附註1:本公司由New Club House International Holdings Limited(「New Club House」)直接擁有約42.08% 權益。劉邦成先生(「劉先生」)因擁有New Club House的100%股權而被視為於New Club House所持本公司股份中擁有同等權益。

附註2:劉先生為陳潔梅女士(「陳女士」)的配偶。根據 證券及期貨條例,劉先生被視為於陳女士持有 的本公司股份中擁有同等權益。

其他資料

DIRECTORS' INTERESTS AND SHORT POSITIONS IN SHARES, UNDERLYING SHARES AND DEBENTURES (Continued)

Note 3: The Company was directly owned as to approximately 32.92% by Great Club House Holdings Limited ("Great Club House"). By virtue of her 100% shareholding in Great Club House, Ms. Chan is deemed to be interested in the same number of shares of the Company held by Great Club House.

Note 4: Ms. Chan is the spouse of Mr. Lau. Under the SFO, Ms. Chan is deemed to be interested in the same number of shares of the Company in which Mr. Lau is interested.

(L): Long Position

SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDERS' INTERESTS AND SHORT POSITIONS IN SHARES AND **UNDERLYING SHARES**

As at 30 September 2018, so far as the directors are aware, the following persons (other than the directors or chief executive of the Company), were directly or indirectly, interested in 5% or more of the shares or short positions in the shares and the underlying shares of the Company, which are required to be disclosed under provisions of Divisions 2 and 3 of Part XV of the SFO, or which will be required, pursuant to Section 336 of the SFO, to be entered in the register referred to therein, were as follows:

董事於股份、相關股份及債券中的 權益及淡倉(續)

附註3:本公司由Great Club House Holdings Limited (「Great Club House」) 直接擁有約32.92%權 益。陳女士因擁有Great Club House的100% 股權而被視為於Great Club House所持本公司 股份中擁有同等權益。

附註4:陳女士為劉先生的配偶。根據證券及期貨條 例,陳女士被視為於劉先生持有的本公司股份 中擁有同等權益。

(L): 好倉

重大股東於股份及相關股份中的權 益及淡倉

於2018年9月30日,據董事所知,以下人士(本 公司董事或最高行政人員除外)直接或間接擁有 本公司5%或以上的股份或本公司股份及相關股 份中根據證券及期貨條例第XV部第2及3分部條 文須作出披露之淡倉或根據證券及期貨條例第 336條須存置之登記冊所記錄之淡倉如下:

		Total	
		Number of	
		Ordinary Shares	Approximate
		of the Company	Percentage of
Name of Shareholders	Nature of Interest	Held	Shareholding
		所持本公司	
股東名稱	權益性質	普通股總數	概約持股百分比
New Club House ¹ (Note 1)	Beneficial interest	363,528,000 (L)	42.08%
New Club House¹(附註1)	實益權益		
Great Club House ² (Note 2)	Beneficial interest	284,471,352 (L)	32.92%
Great Club House ² (附註2)	實益權益		
Kanamoto Japan ³ (Note 3)	Beneficial interest	64,800,648 (L)	7.50%
金本日本3(附註3)	實益權益		

其他資料

SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDERS' INTERESTS AND SHORT POSITIONS IN SHARES AND **UNDERLYING SHARES** (Continued)

Note 1: New Club House is directly wholly-owned by Mr. Lau Pong Sing. It is a controlling shareholder holding 363,528,000 shares of our

Note 2: Great Club House is directly wholly-owned by Ms. Chan Kit Mui, Lina. It is a controlling shareholder holding 284,471,352 shares of our Company.

Note 3: Kanamoto Japan is a shareholder holding 64,800,648 shares of our Company.

(L): Long position

- 1 "New Club House": New Club House International Holdings Limited, a company incorporated in the British Virgin Islands with limited liability on 8 June 2015.
- 2 "Great Club House": Great Club House Holdings Limited, a company incorporated in the British Virgin Islands with limited liability on 8 June
- "Kanamoto Japan": Kanamoto Co., Ltd.* (株式会社カナモト), a 3 company incorporated in Japan on 24 September 1937.

重大股東於股份及相關股份中的權 益及淡倉(續)

附註1: New Club House由劉邦成先生直接全資擁有。 其為持有本公司363,528,000股股份的控股股 東。

附註2: Great Club House由陳潔梅女士直接全資擁有。 其為持有本公司284,471,352股股份的控股股

附註3:金本日本為持有本公司64,800,648股股份的股

(L): 好倉

- New Club House : New Club House International Holdings Limited,一家於2015年6月8日在英屬 處女群島註冊成立的有限責任公司。
- 「Great Club House」: Great Club House Holdings Limited,一家於2015年6月8日在英屬處女群島 註冊成立的有限責任公司。
- 「金本日本」: Kanamoto Co., Ltd.*(株式会社力 ナモト),一家於1937年9月24日在日本註冊成 立的公司。

其他資料

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE PRACTICES

The Company recognises the importance of corporate transparency and accountability. The Company is committed in achieving a high standard of corporate governance and leading the Group to attain better results and improve its corporate image with effective corporate governance procedures.

In 1H2019, the Company has complied with the applicable code provisions of the Corporate Governance Code (the "CG Code") as set out in Appendix 14 of the Listing Rules, save and except for the deviation from code provision A.2.1. The Board Diversity Policy is published on the website of the Company for public information.

Code provision A.2.1 of the CG Code provides, among other things, that the roles of chairman and chief executive officer should be separate and should not be performed by the same individual. The roles of chairman and chief executive officer of the Company are both performed by Mr. Lau Pong Sing. The Board believes that vesting of the roles of both chairman and chief executive officer in the same individual provides the Company with strong and consistent leadership, efficient usage of resources and allows for effective planning, formulation and implementation of the Company's business strategies which will enable the Company to sustain the development of its business efficiently.

Corporate governance practices of the Company in 1H2019 are in line with those practices set out in the Corporate Governance Report in the Company's annual report for the year ended 31 March 2018.

COMPLIANCE WITH THE MODEL CODE FOR **SECURITIES TRANSACTIONS**

The Company has adopted The Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Issuers (the "Model Code") set out in Appendix 10 to the Listing Rules as its own code of conduct regarding securities transactions by the directors of the Company. The Company has made specific enquiries to all directors of the Company regarding any non-compliance with the Model Code. All the directors of the Company confirmed that they have complied with the required standard set out in the Model Code in 1H2019.

企業管治常規

本公司深明企業透明度及問責制度的重要性。本 公司於致力達致高水平的企業管治同時,亦透過 有效的企業管治程序帶領本集團取得更好的業績 及提升企業形象。

於2019年上半年,本公司一直遵守上市規則附 錄14所載企業管治守則(「企業管治守則」)的適 用守則條文,惟偏離守則條文第A.2.1條的情況 除外。董事會成員多元化政策登載於本公司網站 供公眾查閱。

企業管治守則之守則條文第A.2.1條規定,(其中 包括)主席與行政總裁的職位應分開及不應由同 一人士擔任。本公司主席及行政總裁的職務均由 劉邦成先生兼任。董事會相信,由同一人士兼任 主席及行政總裁的職務可強勢及貫徹領導本公 司,以及有效運用資源,並容許有效地計劃、制 訂及推行本公司的業務策略, 使本公司能繼續有 效率地發展業務。

本公司於2019年上半年的企業管治常規符合本 公司截至2018年3月31日止年度年報中企業管 治報告所載的常規。

遵守證券交易標準守則

本公司已採納上市規則附錄10所載的上市發行人 董事進行證券交易的標準守則(「標準守則」)作為 本公司董事進行證券交易的行為守則。本公司已 就有否違反標準守則向本公司全體董事作出具體 查詢。本公司全體董事確認,彼等於2019年上 半年已遵守標準守則所訂的標準。

其他資料

USE OF NET PROCEEDS FROM IPO

The Company's shares have been listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange since 8 April 2016. The net proceeds from the IPO of the Company (after deducing underwriting fee and relevant expenses) were approximately HK\$81.8 million. The following table sets forth the status of the use of proceeds from the IPO as at 30 September 2018:

首次公開發售所得款項淨額用途

本公司股份自2016年4月8日起在聯交所主板上 市。本公司首次公開發售所得款項淨額(扣除包 銷費及相關開支後)約為81.8百萬港元。下表載 列於2018年9月30日的首次公開發售所得款項 使用情況:

			Utilised up to	Unutilised as at
		Net proceeds	30 September	30 September
		from IPO	2018	2018
			直至2018年	於2018年
		首次公開發售	9月30日	9月30日
		所得款項淨額	已動用款項	未動用款項
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元
Investment in rental equipment	出租設備投資	58,242	58,242	-
Development of GPS equipment	發展全球衛星定位設備			
monitoring system	監察系統	8,507	_	8,507
Investment in transportation	運輸設備的投資			
equipment		5,808	4,039	1,769
Improvement of facility	就本集團設備保養			
for maintenance of the	改善設施			
Group's equipment		3,517	373	3,144
General working capital	一般營運資金	5,726	5,726	
		81,800	68,380	13,420
		01,000	00,000	10,720

The unutilised amounts of the net proceeds from the IPO will be applied in such manner consistent with that mentioned in the prospectus of the Company dated 24 March 2016.

首次公開發售所得款項淨額的未動用款項將按本 公司日期為2016年3月24日的招股章程所述方 式應用。

其他資料

Purchase, Sale or Redemption of the Company's **Listed Securities**

In 1H2019, neither the Company nor any of its subsidiaries purchased, sold or redeemed any of the listed securities of the Company.

Review by Audit Committee

The unaudited interim results of the Group for 1H2019 and the corresponding accounting principles and practices adopted by the Group have been reviewed by the audit committee of the Company.

Interim Dividend

The Board does not recommend the payment of an interim dividend for the year ending 31 March 2019.

By Order of the Board

Lau Pong Sing

Chairman and Executive Director Hong Kong, 29 November 2018

購買、出售或贖回本公司的上市 證券

於2019年上半年,本公司或其任何附屬公司概 無購買、出售或贖回本公司任何上市證券。

經審核委員會審閱

本公司審核委員會已審閱本集團2019年上半年 的未經審核中期業績及本集團採用的相關會計原 則及慣例。

中期股息

董事會不建議就截至2019年3月31日止年度派 付中期股息。

承董事會命

劉邦成

主席兼執行董事 香港,2018年11月29日



AP RENTALS HOLDINGS LIMITED 亞積邦租賃控股有限公司*

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