



華隆金控有限公司

HUA LONG JIN KONG COMPANY LIMITED

(Incorporated in Bermuda with limited liability 於百慕達註冊成立之有限公司)

Stock Code 股份代號 :1682

INTERIM REPORT 中期報告
2018/19

Content

2	Corporate Information
3-9	Management Discussion and Analysis
10-16	Other Disclosures
17	Report on Review of Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements
18	Condensed Consolidated Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income
19	Condensed Consolidated Statement of Financial Position
20	Condensed Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity
21	Condensed Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows
22-32	Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements
33-34	Glossary

Corporate Information

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Executive Directors

Mr. Zhi Hua (*Chairman*)
Mr. Lam Kai Yeung (*Chief Executive Officer*)
Mr. Ma Jun (*Chief Operation Officer*)

Independent Non-Executive Directors

Mr. Li Hui
Mr. Chau On Ta Yuen
Dr. Lam Lee G.

Non-Executive Director

Mr. Chan Kin

AUDIT COMMITTEE

Dr. Lam Lee G. (*Chairman*)
Mr. Li Hui
Mr. Chau On Ta Yuen

REMUNERATION COMMITTEE

Mr. Chau On Ta Yuen (*Chairman*)
Mr. Zhi Hua
Dr. Lam Lee G.

NOMINATION COMMITTEE

Mr. Zhi Hua (*Chairman*)
Mr. Chau On Ta Yuen
Dr. Lam Lee G.

COMPANY SECRETARY

Mr. Lam Kai Yeung

AUTHORISED REPRESENTATIVES*

Mr. Zhi Hua
Mr. Lam Kai Yeung

LEGAL ADVISERS AS TO HONG KONG LAW

Paul Hastings
Chungs Lawyers

AUDITOR

Pan-China (H.K.) CPA Limited

PRINCIPAL BANKERS

Bank of China (Hong Kong) Limited

PRINCIPAL SHARE REGISTRAR AND TRANSFER OFFICE

MUFG Fund Services (Bermuda) Limited
The Belvedere Building
69 Pitts Bay Road
Pembroke HM 08
Bermuda

HONG KONG BRANCH SHARE REGISTRAR AND TRANSFER OFFICE

Tricor Secretaries Limited
Level 22, Hopewell Centre
183 Queen's Road East, Hong Kong

REGISTERED OFFICE

Clarendon House 2
Church Street
Hamilton HM 11
Bermuda

HEAD OFFICE AND PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS

25th & 26th Floor
No. 238 Des Voeux Road Central, Hong Kong

STOCK CODE

1682

COMPANY WEBSITE

<http://www.1682hk.com>

Management Discussion and Analysis

The Board is pleased to announce the unaudited consolidated results of the Group for the six months ended 30 September 2018 (the "Period").

BUSINESS REVIEW

The Group is principally engaged in (i) the garment sourcing management business; and (ii) provision of financial services which include, among others, asset management, finance lease, pawn and money lending business.

(I) Garment Sourcing Management Business

Over the past several years, all businesses around the world have experienced unprecedented drastic change from technology advancements and geopolitical volatility. Companies in a wide spectrum of industries had to create new business models and reshape themselves. Traditionally, the main types of customers for the Group's garment sourcing management business were brand owners/operators, outlets, department stores and supermarket chains. In the past few years, as the consumption pattern changed, consumers would spend more of their income on mobile electronics, personal services and rentals, while their expenditure on garments and accessories dropped significantly. In addition, online sales also severely hit the traditional retail industry. The proliferation of e-commerce and the price competition as intensified by both pure digital players and fully vertical retailers put our industry on the brink of considerable change. In a moment when garment consumption has slack in most markets around the world, the fast growth of digital and vertical retailers marked a corresponding loss of market share for other channels and numerous other companies. Meanwhile, global investment had slowed down and trade flows became sluggish. The operating performance of garment customers in the United States and Canada continued to deteriorate, as reflected mainly by the general decline of same-store sales, the general decrease or even loss of net profits, and the high gearing ratio, which led to the decline of net assets and operating difficulties. Some of them even had to shut down their large retail stores, realize their real assets and plunged into liquidity crisis. As affected by such, the Group also suffered a serious business setback. In order to prevent the sales receivables, which have already been shrinking, from turning into bad debts, it is necessary to change the composition of the customers.

The Group has implemented strategies to expand its geographical coverage for garment sourcing management business, in particular in the PRC where the spending power is increasingly stronger. By conducting diversified garment sourcing management business in more geographical locations, the Group has reduced the proportion of business revenue generated from Canada and the United States, which once were the Group's main export destinations. At the same time, the Group continued to expand its network of suppliers to include more diversified garment products so as to broaden its product base.

Management Discussion and Analysis (Continued)

(II) Provision of Financial Services

The Board of the Company, from time to time, reviews its existing operations and explores other business opportunities with a view to diversify the Group's business. The Group has commenced a new business segment of financial services which includes asset management, finance lease, pawn and money lending business. Currently, with the continuous advancement of technological innovation, fintech companies have rapidly developed themselves as important players in financial sector.

Against this backdrop, the Group gathered our efforts to accelerate our strategic layout in mainland China market, further enriching the Group's product offerings and improving its financial service system, in a bid to promptly enhance the Group's business scale and seize the domestic market. The Board considers that the demand for financial services is significant and the industry is vibrant in China and Hong Kong. The Board is of the view that the new business activities will provide a good opportunity for the Group to diversify its revenue stream, which is expected to benefit the Company and its shareholders as a whole. The Group has completed the acquisition of the entire equity interests of a company principally engaged in financial leasing business, purchasing lease assets from domestic and overseas markets and lease transaction consultation and guarantee in the PRC and is taking active steps for the application of pawnbroker licence in the PRC.

During the period under review, revenue amounted to approximately HK\$110,944,000, among which: revenue from the garment sourcing management business amounted to approximately HK\$109,951,000, representing an increase of approximately 47.01% (2017: approximately HK\$74,791,000); Gross profit margin was approximately 5.52%, representing a decrease of approximately 3.91% (2017: approximately 9.43%); revenue from the money lending business amounted to approximately HK\$993,000 (2017: nil). Other income amounted to approximately HK\$262,000, representing an increase of approximately 745.16% (2017: approximately HK\$31,000), which was mainly attributable to the rental income and cargo claims. Other gains amounted to approximately HK\$4,927,000, representing an increase of approximately 48.09% (2017: approximately HK\$3,327,000), which was mainly attributable to the gain on disposal of subsidiaries. Selling and distribution costs amounted to approximately HK\$912,000 (2017: nil), and such incurrence was mainly due to the subsidiaries started business in the PRC. Administrative expenses amounted to approximately HK\$7,254,000 (2017: approximately HK\$7,306,000). Total comprehensive income for the period attributable to the owners of the Company amounted to approximately HK\$4,429,000, representing an increase of approximately 42.96% (2017: approximately HK\$3,098,000).

Management Discussion and Analysis (Continued)

With the booming of the Fintech market, the Group sees the opportunities and intends to become one of the pioneers entering into the P2P Financing industry. The Directors consider that the P2P Financing Information Business would provide an opportunity for the Group to explore the possibility of the P2P Financing industry as well as to deepen the reach of the Group in the financial services business segment. The Directors are of the view that P2P Financing Information Business is a business with growth potential, and as Internet securities continue to improve in recent years, financial products transacted over the Internet will continue to gain popularity due to the convenience and privacy it provides.

On 4 October 2018 (after trading hours), Linglong (Hangzhou) Asset Management Co., Ltd.* (玲隆(杭州)資產管理有限公司) (the "WFOE"), an indirect wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company entered into the VIE Agreements with Hangzhou Huazhiying Investment Management Co., Ltd.* (杭州華之贏投資管理有限公司) (the "OPCO") and the persons with the PRC nationality who hold the entire equity interest of the OPCO (the "PRC Equity Owners"). Through the VIE Agreements, the WFOE will have effective control over the finance and operation of the OPCO and will enjoy the entire economic interests and benefits generated by the OPCO. Upon the entry of the VIE Agreements, the financial results of the OPCO will be consolidated into the consolidated financial statements of the Group and the OPCO will become a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company. The purpose of the Group to adopt the VIE Structure is to enable the Group to provide the profitable internet information service* (經營性互聯網信息服務) indirectly through the OPCO, thereby deepening the Group's access to the business segment of financial services as well as widening the Group's customer base to cover the P2P Financing customers in the PRC. However, due to the foreign ownership restrictions under the PRC Laws as outlined above, the Group was not able to engage in the profitable internet information service directly without first adopting the VIE Structure.

Management Discussion and Analysis (Continued)

PROSPECTS

Looking forward, the Group will endeavor to raise the level of operations for the two principal businesses with the goal to boost the Group's performance to a new height.

As to the garment sourcing management business, the global economy is not stable due to the trade war between the PRC and the United States of America, The Group will continue to implement strategies to expand its geographical coverage for garment sourcing management business, in particular in the PRC where the spending power is increasingly stronger.

As to the provision of financial services business, The Group will continue to deepen the business segment of financial services, especially the P2P business. Since early 2018, the PRC regulators have started to clamp down the scams and risky behaviors in the consumer financing market and tighten the control over P2P financing business by implementing certain financial deleveraging measures, leading to a decrease in fund supply and increase in financing cost. According to the statistical data released by the National Committee of Experts on the Internet Financial Security Technology (國家互聯網金融安全技術專家委員會), the number of P2P platforms in the PRC decreased by 685 to 2,835 as at 30 June 2018 when compared to that as at 31 December 2017. We concur with the views of the Directors that the aforementioned regulatory trend does not signify an overall collapse in the P2P industry in the PRC, and P2P platforms with sound business practices and effective risk control system can actually benefit from the new regulatory environment which brings greater clarity and certainty to the market supervision and contributes to a more positive and benign development of the P2P financing industry. The elimination of risky and defective P2P platforms will improve the overall image of the consumer financing industry and enhance the confidence of both P2P borrowers and lenders

Given the increasing credit needs of Chinese individuals and enterprise, coupled with the ineffectiveness and low penetration of traditional financial institutions serving these needs, the Directors believe that there is still great demands and considerable potential in the P2P financing market in the PRC in the foreseeable future, and the P2P platforms which survive the regulatory crisis will be able to embrace more business opportunities. According to the statistical data released by a P2P platform information website, namely Wangdai Zhijia* (網貸之家), the transaction amount of P2P platform increased by approximately 36% from approximately RMB2,064 billion in 2016 to approximately RMB2,805 billion in 2017, which was followed by a decrease by approximately 21% from approximately RMB1,395 billion in the first half of 2017 to RMB1,100 billion in the first half of 2018. As noted from the aforementioned statistical data and advised by the management of the Company, although there existed a decrease in the transaction amount in the first half of 2018 as compared to that of 2017, which was mainly attributable to the recent series of tightened regulatory actions, we believe that there is room for the OPCO Group to achieve growth in its business in future given the recent market demand of P2P financing is substantially larger than the existing operation scale of the OPCO Group.

Management Discussion and Analysis (Continued)

FINANCIAL REVIEW

Liquidity and Financial Resources

As at 30 September 2018, the Group had total assets of approximately HK\$154,655,000 (at 31 March 2018: approximately HK\$263,575,000) (including bank balances and cash of approximately HK\$18,300,000 (at 31 March 2018: approximately HK\$76,146,000)) which were financed by current liabilities of approximately HK\$31,863,000 (at 31 March 2018: approximately HK\$145,407,000), long-term liability of approximately HK\$311,000 (at 31 March 2018: approximately HK\$368,000) and shareholders' equity of approximately HK\$122,481,000 (at 31 March 2018: approximately HK\$117,800,000).

The Group generally services its debts primarily through cash generated from its operations. As at 30 September 2018, the liquidity ratio, represented by a ratio between current assets over current liabilities, was 4.81:1 (at 31 March 2018: 1.80:1), the gearing ratio of the Group, defined as the ratio between total debts over total assets, was 1:4.81 (at 31 March 2018: 1:1.81). The controlling shareholder of the Group, Rosy Lane International Limited, has promised to provide all necessary financial support to the Group. The Group also approach other strategic investors to invest in the Company to cope with the financial needs of the Company. Therefore, the Directors believe that the Group has sufficient fund for developing its existing business.

Foreign Exchange and Risk Management

The Group's working capital is mainly financed through internally generated cash flows and recent placement of new shares in October and December 2017 as general working capital. The management of the Group regularly monitors the funding requirements of the Group to support its operations and its development plans. Most of the Group's cash balances were deposits in US\$, HK\$ and RMB in major global financial institutions and most of the Group's monetary assets, revenues, monetary liabilities and payments were held in US\$, HK\$ and RMB.

Foreign exchange risks arising from sales and purchases transactions in different currencies can be managed by the Group through the use of foreign exchange hedge contracts. Pursuant to the Group's current policy, foreign exchange hedge contracts or any other financial derivative contracts may be entered into by the Group for hedging purpose. The Group had not entered into any financial derivative contracts throughout the Period and had no outstanding financial derivative contracts as at 30 September 2018 and as at the date of this report.

Management Discussion and Analysis (Continued)

Capital Expenditure and Commitments

During the Period, the Group did not have any material investment in property, plant and equipment.

As at 30 September 2018, the Group had no commitment (as at 31 March 2018: Nil) in respect of acquisition of new machineries and no significant capital commitments.

As at the date of this report, the Group had no plan for any material investment or capital assets.

Charges on Assets

As at 30 September 2018, the Group had no pledged assets (at 31 March 2018: Nil).

Contingent Liabilities

The Group did not have any contingent liabilities as at 30 September 2018 (at 31 March 2018: Nil).

Events after Reporting Period

On 4 October 2018 (after trading hours), Linglong (Hangzhou) Asset Management Co., Ltd.* (玲隆(杭州)資產管理有限公司) (the “WFOE”), an indirect wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company entered into the VIE Agreements with Hangzhou Huazhiying Investment Management Co., Ltd.* (杭州華之贏投資管理有限公司) (the “OPCO”) and the persons with the PRC nationality who hold the entire equity interest of the OPCO (the “PRC Equity Owners”). Through the VIE Agreements, the WFOE will have effective control over the finance and operation of the OPCO and will enjoy the entire economic interests and benefits generated by the OPCO. Upon the entry of the VIE Agreements, the financial results of the OPCO will be consolidated into the consolidated financial statements of the Group and the OPCO will become a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company. Each of the PRC Equity Owners and the OPCO is a connected person of the Company pursuant to Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules. Accordingly, the transactions contemplated under the VIE Agreements constitute connected transactions and continuing connected transactions of the Company. As the highest applicable percentage ratio (as defined under the Listing Rules) in respect of the transactions contemplated under the VIE Agreements is exceeds 5%, the transactions contemplated under the VIE Agreements are subject to the announcement, shareholders’ approval, reporting and annual review requirements under Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules.

Management Discussion and Analysis (Continued)

A circular containing, among other things, (i) details about the VIE Structure, (ii) a letter of recommendation from the Independent Board Committee to the Independent Shareholders, (iii) a letter of advice from the independent financial adviser to the Independent Board Committee and the Independent Shareholders, and (iv) the notice convening the extraordinary general meeting (the “SGM”) have been despatched to the Shareholders on 20 November 2018. The Company will convene the SGM regarding of the VIE transaction on 10 December 2018.

For the details, please refer to the announcements of the Company dated 4 October 2018 the circular of the Company dated 20 November 2018.

Save as disclosed above, there was no other important events affecting the Group since 30 September 2018 and up to the date of this report.

Significant investments held, material acquisitions and disposals

Save as disclosed above in this report, the Group had no significant investments held or material acquisitions and disposals of subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures during the six months ended 30 September 2018.

Employee Information

As at 30 September 2018, the Group employed approximately 17 employees (excluding the Directors). The Group offers its employees competitive remuneration schemes which are generally structured with reference to market terms and individual qualifications. Salaries and wages are normally reviewed annually based on performance appraisals and other relevant factors. In addition, bonuses are normally paid to those eligible based on the Group's and the individual's performance. The Group incurred staff costs (excluding Directors' remuneration) of approximately HK\$1,941,000 for the six months ended 30 September 2018. The Group encourages its staffs to attend training courses which can achieve self-improvement and enhance their skill and knowledge.

The Company maintains the Share Option Scheme, pursuant to which share options may be granted to selected eligible participants including employees of the Group, with a view to providing those eligible participants with appropriate incentive to contribute to the success of the Group.

As at 30 September 2018, there were a total of 22,068,000 outstanding share options under the Company's share option scheme. During the period, no share options were granted, exercised, cancelled or lapsed under the share option scheme.

Other Disclosures

INTERIM DIVIDEND

The Board has resolved not to declare any final dividend for the six months ended 30 September 2018 (for the six months ended 30 September 2017: Nil).

DIRECTORS' AND CHIEF EXECUTIVES' INTERESTS AND SHORT POSITIONS IN SHARES, UNDERLYING SHARES AND DEBENTURES

As at 30 September 2018, the interests and short positions of the Directors or chief executive of the Company in the Shares, underlying shares and debentures of the Company and its associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the SFO) (i) which were required to be notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to Divisions 7 and 8 of Part XV of the SFO (including interests and short positions in which they were taken or deemed to have under such provisions of the SFO); or (ii) which were required, pursuant to section 352 of the SFO, to be recorded in the register referred to therein; or (iii) which were required to be notified to the Group and the Stock Exchange pursuant to the Model Code were as follows:

Name of director	Capacity in which interests are held	Number of shares held and class of securities <i>(Note 1)</i>	Number of shares held under equity derivatives	Approximate percentage of shareholding
Mr. Zhi Hua	Interest of controlled corporation	322,409,404 (L) <i>(note 2)</i>		49.15%*
Mr. Lam Kai Yeung	Beneficial owner		5,192,000 (L) <i>(note 3)</i>	0.79%*
Mr. Ma Jun	Beneficial owner		1,000,000 (L) <i>(note 4)</i>	0.15%*

* The percentage has been calculated based on 655,927,000 issued Shares as at 30 September 2018.

notes:

1. The letter "L" denotes the Directors' long position in the Shares.
2. These 322,409,404 shares are owned by Rosy Lane International Limited, a company incorporated in the British Virgin Islands and the entire issued share capital of which is beneficially owned by Mr. Zhi Hua. Mr. Zhi Hua is deemed to be interested in such Shares held by Rosy Lane International Limited under the SFO.

Other Disclosures (Continued)

3. *It represents 5,192,000 share options granted on 16 January 2018 pursuant to the Share Option Scheme on 2 June 2010 and are exercisable at the price of HK\$0.854 per share, and a ten years validity period from 16 January 2018.*
4. *It represents 1,000,000 share options granted on 16 January 2018 pursuant to the Share Option Scheme on 2 June 2010 and are exercisable at the price of HK\$0.854 per share, and a ten years validity period from 16 January 2018.*

Save as disclosed above in this report, as at 30 September 2018, none of the Directors nor the chief executive of the Group had any interests or short positions in the Shares and underlying shares of the Group or its associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the SFO) (i) which were required to be notified to the Group and the Stock Exchange pursuant to the Divisions 7 and 8 of Part XV of the SFO (including the interests and short positions in which they were taken or deemed to have under such provisions of the SFO); or (ii) which were required, pursuant to section 352 of the SFO, to be entered in the register referred to therein; or (iii) which were required, pursuant to the Model Code, to be notified to the Group and the Stock Exchange.

SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDERS' AND OTHER PERSONS' INTERESTS AND SHORT POSITIONS IN SHARES AND UNDERLYING SHARES

As at 30 September 2018, according to the register kept by the Company pursuant to section 336 of the SFO and so far as is known to, or can be ascertained after reasonable enquiry by the Directors, the following persons (other than Directors and chief executive of the Company) had interests or short positions in the Shares and/or underlying shares of the Company which would fall to be disclosed to the Company under the provisions of Divisions 2 and 3 of Part XV of the SFO:

Name of Shareholder	Capacity	Number of shares held and class of securities <i>(Note 1)</i>	Approximate percentage of shareholding
Rosy Lane International Limited	Beneficial owner	322,409,404 (L) <i>(note 2)</i>	49.15%*
Mr. Ng Leung Ho	Beneficial owner	103,950,000 Shares (L) <i>(note 3)</i>	15.85%*
Mr. Ng Tsze Lun	Beneficial owner	50,173,000 Shares (L)	7.65%*
Ms. Yau Yuk Chun Carole	Interest of spouse	50,173,000 Shares (L) <i>(note 4)</i>	7.65%*

* *The percentage has been calculated based on 655,927,000 issued Shares as at 30 September 2018.*

Other Disclosures (Continued)

notes:

1. The letter "L" denotes the individual's or the corporation's long position in the Shares.
2. Rosy Lane International Limited is a company incorporated in the British Virgin Islands and the entire issued share capital of which is beneficially owned by Mr. Zhi Hua.
3. Apart from 103,950,000 Shares of the Company, there are also 322,326,500 Shares of the Company charged to Mr. Ng Leung Ho under a share charge as security for a loan from Bloom Dragon Finance Limited. Bloom Dragon Finance Limited is owned as to 50% by Mr. Ng Chi Lung and 50% by Good Fellow Group Limited. Good Fellow Group Limited is owned as to 99.99% by Hillbrow Securities Limited.
4. Ms. Yau Yuk Chun Carole is the wife of Mr. Ng Tsze Lun. Under the SFO, Ms. Yau Yuk Chun Carole is deemed to be interested in the same number of shares in which Mr. Ng Tsze Lun is interested.

Save as disclosed above, as at 30 September 2018, there was no other person who was recorded in the register of the Group as having interests or short positions in the Shares or underlying shares of the Group which would fall to be disclosed to the Group under the provisions of Divisions 2 and 3 of Part XV of the SFO, or who will be, directly or indirectly, interested in 10% or more of the nominal value of any class of share capital carrying rights to vote in all the circumstances at general meetings of members of the Group other than the Group, or which were required, pursuant to section 336 of the SFO, to be entered in the register referred to therein.

SHARE OPTION SCHEME

The Company conditionally adopted the Share Option Scheme on 2 June 2010 which became effective upon the Company's shares were listed on the Stock Exchange on 5 October 2010. The purpose of the Share Option Scheme is to provide incentives and rewards to eligible participants, including eligible Directors, eligible employees and any other eligible persons, for their contributions to the Group. The Share Option Scheme will remain in force for a period of ten years from the date of its adoption.

Subject to the terms and conditions of the Share Option Scheme, the total number of Shares Options which may be issued upon the exercise of all options granted under the Share Option Scheme and any other share option schemes of the Company shall be re-set at 10% of the Shares in issue as at the date of the approval of the limit as "refreshed". The annual general meeting held on 28 September 2018 approved the refreshment of the scheme limit under the Share Option Scheme of the Company. No share options were granted, exercised, cancelled or lapsed during the Period and as at the date of this report.

Other Disclosures (Continued)

Details of the share options of the Company granted, exercised, lapsed and cancelled during the Period were as follows:

Name of Grantee	Date of grant	Exercise Price (HK\$)	Exercise period	Vesting period	Number of options			
					Outstanding at 31 March 2018	Exercised during the Period	Lapsed/ cancelled during the Period	Outstanding at 30 September 2018
Directors								
Mr. Lam Kai Yeung	16/01/2018	0.854 per share	16/01/2018-15/01/2028	16/01/2018-15/01/2028	5,192,000	-	-	5,192,000
Mr. Ma Jun	16/01/2018	0.854 per share	16/01/2018-15/01/2028	16/01/2018-15/01/2028	1,000,000	-	-	1,000,000
Others								
Other participants in aggregate	16/01/2018	0.854 per share	16/01/2018-15/01/2028	16/01/2018-15/01/2028	15,876,000	-	-	15,876,000

PURCHASE, REDEMPTION OR SALE OF LISTED SECURITIES OF THE COMPANY

Neither the Group nor any of its subsidiaries had purchased, redeemed or sold any of the Group's listed securities during the Period.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE CODE

The Company had complied with all the code provisions ("Code Provisions") under the Corporate Governance Code throughout the Period.

AUDIT COMMITTEE AND REVIEW OF FINANCIAL INFORMATION

The Audit Committee currently comprises three independent non-executive Directors, namely Dr. Lam Lee G. (chairman), Mr. Li Hui and Mr. Chau On Ta Yuen. It was established by the Board on 8 September 2010 and its duties are clearly defined in its revised written terms of reference which have been prepared and adopted according to the Code Provisions. The revised terms of reference of Audit Committee can be found in the websites of the Stock Exchange and the Company.

Other Disclosures (Continued)

The Audit Committee provides an important link between the Board and the Company's external auditor in matters coming within the scope of the Group's audit. It also reviews the interim results of the Company prior to recommending them to the Board for approval, the effectiveness of the external and internal audit and of internal controls and risk evaluation.

The Audit Committee has reviewed, with the Group's external auditor, the unaudited interim financial statements of the Group for the six months ended 30 September 2018 including the accounting principles and practices adopted by the Group and this interim report.

In addition, the external auditor of the Group has reviewed the unaudited interim results for the six months ended 30 September 2018 in accordance with Hong Kong Standard on Review Engagements 2410 "Review of Interim Financial Information Performed by the Independent Auditor of the Entity" issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants.

NOMINATION COMMITTEE

The Nomination Committee currently comprises one executive Director, namely Mr. Zhi Hua (chairman) and two independent non-executive Directors, namely Mr. Chau On Ta Yuen and Dr. Lam Lee G. It was established on 19 March 2012 and its duties are clearly defined in its revised written terms of reference which have been prepared and adopted according to the Code Provisions. The revised terms of reference of Nomination Committee can be found in the websites of the Stock Exchange and the Company.

REMUNERATION COMMITTEE

The Remuneration Committee currently comprises two independent non-executive Directors, namely Mr. Chau On Ta Yuen (chairman) and Dr. Lam Lee G. and one executive Director, namely Mr. Zhi Hua. It was established by the Board on 8 September 2010 and its duties are clearly defined in its revised written terms of reference which have been prepared and adopted according to the Code Provisions. The revised terms of reference of Remuneration Committee can be found in the websites of the Stock Exchange and the Company.

COMPLIANCE WITH MODEL CODE FOR SECURITIES TRANSACTIONS BY DIRECTORS OF LISTED ISSUERS

The Company has established a code of conduct regarding Directors' securities transactions on terms no less exacting than the required standard set out in the Model Code. Having made specific enquiries with the Directors, all Directors confirmed that they had complied with the required standard set out in the Model Code during the Period.

Other Disclosures (Continued)

COMPLIANCE WITH LAWS AND REGULATIONS

The Group's business is mainly conducted by subsidiaries of the Group in Hong Kong, the United States and the PRC, and the Group itself is listed on the Stock Exchange. To the best of our knowledge and save for disclosed below, during the Period, there was no material breach of or non-compliance by the Group with the applicable laws and regulations that have a significant impact on the business and operation of the Group.

CHANGE IN INFORMATION OF DIRECTORS

Upon specific enquiry by the Group and following confirmations from the Directors, save as set out below, there is no change in the information of the Directors required to be disclosed pursuant to Rule 13.51B(1) of the Listing Rules.

Dr. Lam Lee G. (“Dr. Lam”)

Save as disclosed on the annual report 2018 of the Company, Dr. Lam was appointed as an independent non-executive director of Hsin Chong Group Holdings Limited (新昌集團控股有限公司) (stock code: 404) and Mingfa Group (International) Company Limited (明發集團(國際)有限公司) (stock code: 846) on 17 May 2018 and 1 September 2018, respectively, the companies listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange. He was appointed as an independent non-executive director of China Medical (International) Group Co., Ltd. (中國醫療(國際)集團有限公司) (stock code: 5IB) on 14 May 2018, a company is listed on the Singapore Stock Exchange.

He resigned as an independent non-executive director of Vietnam Equity Holding (stock code: 3MS) on 28 February 2018, the company's shares are listed on the Stuttgart Stock Exchange; resigned as an independent non-executive director of Thomson Medical Group Limited (Formerly known as “Rowsley Limited”) (stock code: A50) on 25 April 2018, the shares of which are listed on the Singapore Stock Exchange; resigned as independent non-executive director of Xi'an Haitiantian Holdings Company Limited (西安海天天實業股份有限公司) (Formerly known as “Xi'an Haitian Antenna Holdings Co., Ltd.”) (stock code: 8227) on 23 July 2018, the shares of which are listed on GEM of the Stock Exchange.

Mr. Lam Kai Yeung (“Mr. Lam”)

Save as disclosed on the annual report 2018 of the Company, Mr. Lam was re-designated from an independent non-executive director to an executive director of Sunway International Holdings Limited (stock code: 58) on 31 July 2018, a company listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange.

Other Disclosures (Continued)

APPRECIATION

In closing, on behalf of the Board, I would like to take this opportunity to express my sincere thanks and gratitude to our management team and employees for their commitments, hard work and loyalty to the Group during the Period.

I would also like to extend my deepest thanks to our customers, bankers, business partners and Shareholders for their continual support.

On behalf of the Board

Hua Long Jin Kong Company Limited

Zhi Hua

Chairman

Hong Kong, 29 November 2018

Report on Review of Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements

TO THE MEMBERS OF HUA LONG JIN KONG COMPANY LIMITED

華隆金控有限公司

(incorporated in Bermuda with limited liability)

INTRODUCTION

We have reviewed the interim financial information set out on pages 18 to 32, which comprise the condensed consolidated statement of financial position of Hua Long Jin Kong Company Limited (the “Company”) and its subsidiaries (collectively referred to as the “Group”) as at September 30, 2018 and the related condensed consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, condensed consolidated statement of changes in equity and condensed consolidated statement of cash flows for the six-month period then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory notes. The Main Board Listing Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited require the preparation of a report on interim financial information to be in compliance with the relevant provisions thereof and Hong Kong Accounting Standard 34 “Interim Financial Reporting” (“HKAS 34”) issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants (“HKICPA”). The directors of the Group are responsible for the preparation and presentation of this interim financial information in accordance with HKAS 34. Our responsibility is to express a conclusion on this interim financial information based on our review, and to report our conclusion solely to you, as a body, in accordance with our agreed terms of engagement, and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility towards or accept liability to any other person for the contents of this report.

SCOPE OF REVIEW

We conducted our review in accordance with Hong Kong Standard on Review Engagements 2410 “Review of Interim Financial Information Performed by the Independent Auditor of the Entity” issued by the HKICPA. A review of interim financial information consists of making inquiries, primarily of persons responsible for financial and accounting matters, and applying analytical and other review procedures. A review is substantially less in scope than an audit conducted in accordance with Hong Kong Standards on Auditing and consequently does not enable us to obtain assurance that we would become aware of all significant matters that might be identified in an audit. Accordingly, we do not express an audit opinion.

CONCLUSION

Based on our review, nothing has come to our attention that causes us to believe that the interim financial information is not prepared, in all material respects, in accordance with HKAS 34.

PAN-CHINA (H.K.) CPA LIMITED

Certified Public Accountants

Hong Kong, 29 November 2018

Chan Kin Wai

Practising Certificate Number P05342

Condensed Consolidated Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income

For the six months ended 30 September 2018

	NOTES	For the six months ended 30 September	
		2018 HK\$'000 (unaudited)	2017 HK\$'000 (unaudited)
Revenue	3	110,944	74,791
Cost of sales		(103,879)	(67,740)
Gross profit		7,065	7,051
Other income		262	31
Other gains	4	4,927	3,327
Selling and distribution costs		(912)	–
Administrative expenses		(7,254)	(7,306)
Finance costs		(12)	(5)
Profit before tax		4,076	3,098
Income tax expense	5	–	–
Profit for the period			
attributable to owners of the Company	6	4,076	3,098
Other comprehensive income, net of income tax			
Items that may be subsequently reclassified to profit or loss:			
Exchange differences arising on translation of overseas operations		350	–
Release of translation reserve upon disposal of subsidiaries		3	–
Other comprehensive income for the period		353	–
Total comprehensive income for the period attributable to owners of the Company		4,429	3,098
Earnings per share	8		
Basic (HK cents)		0.62	0.60
Diluted (HK cents)		0.62	0.60

Condensed Consolidated Statement of Financial Position

As at 30 September 2018

	NOTES	30 September 2018 HK\$'000 (unaudited)	31 March 2018 HK\$'000 (audited)
Non-current asset			
Property, plant and equipment	9	1,381	1,500
Current assets			
Inventories		563	119,060
Trade receivables	10	4,551	36,961
Short-term loan and loan interest receivables	11	32,817	8,362
Deposits, prepayments and other receivables		88,629	21,078
Amount due from a former subsidiary		8,414	–
Tax recoverable		–	468
Bank balances and cash		18,300	76,146
		153,274	262,075
Current liabilities			
Trade payables	12	3,032	139,518
Other payables and accruals		27,519	4,310
Tax payable		1,200	1,467
Obligation under finance lease		112	112
		31,863	145,407
Net current assets		121,411	116,668
Total assets less current liabilities		122,792	118,168
Non-current liabilities			
Obligation under finance lease		311	368
Net assets		122,481	117,800
Capital and reserves			
Share capital	13	6,559	6,559
Reserves		115,922	111,241
Total equity		122,481	117,800

Condensed Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity

For the six months ended 30 September 2018

	Attributable to owners of the Company						
	Share capital HK\$'000	Share premium HK\$'000	Special reserve HK\$'000 (note i)	Share option reserve HK\$'000	Foreign currency translation reserve HK\$'000	Accumulated losses HK\$'000	Total HK\$'000
At 1 April 2017 (audited)	5,198	–	18,787	–	(3)	(18,102)	5,880
Profit and total comprehensive income for the period	–	–	–	–	–	3,098	3,098
At 30 September 2017 (unaudited)	5,198	–	18,787	–	(3)	(15,004)	8,978
At 1 April 2018 (audited)	6,559	101,350	18,787	185	1,026	(10,107)	117,800
Impact on initial application of HKFRS 9 (note 2(i))	–	–	–	–	–	(185)	(185)
Restated balance at 1 April 2018	6,559	101,350	18,787	185	1,026	(10,292)	117,615
Profit for the period	–	–	–	–	–	4,076	4,076
Recognition of equity-settled share-based payments	–	–	–	437	–	–	437
Other comprehensive income for the year	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Exchange differences arising on translation of overseas operations	–	–	–	–	350	–	350
Release of translation reserve upon disposal of subsidiaries	–	–	–	–	3	–	3
At 30 September 2018 (unaudited)	6,559	101,350	18,787	622	1,379	(6,216)	122,481

note (i): The special reserve represents (a) the reserve arising from a previous group reorganisation; and (b) cancellation of share premium, less special dividend of HK\$374,239,000, in prior years.

Condensed Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows

For the six months ended 30 September 2018

	For the six months ended 30 September	
	2018 HK\$'000 (unaudited)	2017 HK\$'000 (unaudited)
Net cash (used in) generated from operating activities	(57,852)	226
Net cash used in investing activities:		
Interest received	32	28
Purchase of property, plant and equipment	(125)	(814)
	(93)	(786)
Net cash (used in) generated from financing activities:		
Advance from a director	–	5,554
Payment of lease liabilities	(69)	(18)
	(69)	5,536
Net (decrease) increase in cash and cash equivalents	(58,014)	4,976
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the period	76,146	2,509
Exchange alignment	168	–
Cash and cash equivalents at end of the period, represented by bank balances and cash	18,300	7,485

During the six months ended 30 September 2017, the Group offset its trade deposit with its balances due to former immediate holding company and former directors.

Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements

For the six months ended 30 September 2018

1. BASIS OF PREPARATION

The condensed consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Hong Kong Accounting Standard (“HKAS”) 34 “Interim Financial Reporting” issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants (the “HKICPA”) as well as with the applicable disclosure requirements of Appendix 16 to the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the “Stock Exchange”).

2. PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The condensed consolidated financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis. Historical cost is generally based on the fair value of the consideration given in exchange goods.

Except described below, the accounting policies and methods of computation used in these condensed consolidated financial statements for the six months ended 30 September 2018 are the same as those followed in the preparation of the Group’s annual financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2018.

Application of new and revised Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards (“HKFRSs”)

In the current interim period, the Group has applied the following new and revised HKFRSs issued by the HKICPA for the first time in current period:

HKFRS 9	Financials Instruments
HKFRS 15	Revenue from Contracts with Customers and the related Amendments
HK(IFRIC) – Int 22	Foreign Currency Transactions and Advance Consideration
Amendments to HKFRS 2	Classification and Measurement of Share-based Payment Transactions
Amendments to HKFRS 4	Applying HKFRS 9 Financial Instruments with HKFRS 4 Insurance Contracts
Amendments to HKAS 28	As part of the Annual Improvements to HKFRSs 2014 – 2016 Cycle
Amendments to HKAS 40	Transfers of Investment Property

The application of the above amendments to HKFRSs, except for HKFRS 9, has no material effect on the amounts reported in the condensed consolidated financial statements and/or disclosures set out in the condensed consolidated financial statements.

Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

For the six months ended 30 September 2018

2. PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

HKFRS 9 Financial Instruments

HKFRS 9 replaces HKAS 39 Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement for annual periods beginning on or after 1 April 2018, bringing together all three aspects of the accounting for financial instruments: (1) classification and measurement; (2) impairment; and (3) hedge accounting. The adoption of HKFRS 9 from 1 April 2018 has resulted in changes in accounting policies of the Group and the amounts recognised in the interim condensed consolidated financial statements.

(i) Classification and measurement of financial instruments

The following tables summarise the impact of transition to HKFRS 9 on accumulated losses at 1 April 2018:

Accumulated losses	HK\$'000
Accumulated losses as at 31 March 2018 (audited)	(10,107)
Recognition of expected credit loss on trade receivables	(143)
Recognition of expected credit loss on short-term loan and loan interest receivables	(42)
Restated balance as at 1 April 2018 (unaudited)	(10,292)

Under HKFRS 9, except for certain trade receivables (that the trade receivables do not contain a significant financing component in accordance with HKFRS 15), an entity shall, at initial recognition, measure a financial asset at its fair value plus, in the case of a financial asset not at fair value through profit or loss ("FVTPL"), transaction costs. A financial asset is classified as: (i) financial assets at amortised cost; (ii) financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income ("FVTOCI"); or (iii) financial assets at FVTPL. The classification of financial assets under HKFRS 9 is generally based on two criteria: (i) the business model under which the financial asset is managed; and (ii) its contractual cash flow characteristics (the "solely payments of principal and interest" criterion, also known as "SPPI criterion"). Under HKFRS 9, embedded derivatives are no longer required to be separated from a host financial asset. Instead, the hybrid financial instrument is assessed as a whole for the classification.

Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

For the six months ended 30 September 2018

2. PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

HKFRS 9 Financial Instruments (Continued)

(i) Classification and measurement of financial instruments (Continued)

The following table summarises the original measurement categories under HKAS 39 and the new measurement categories under HKFRS 9 for each class of the Group's financial assets as at 1 April 2018:

Financial assets	Original classification under HKAS 39	New classification under HKFRS 9	Carrying amounts	Carrying amounts
			as at 31 March 2018 under HKAS 39 HK\$'000	as at 1 April 2018 under HKFRS 9 HK\$'000
Trade receivables	Loans and receivables	Amortised cost	36,961	36,818
Deposits and other receivables	Loans and receivables	Amortised cost	20,053	20,053
Short-term loan and loan interest receivables	Loans and receivables	Amortised cost	8,362	8,320
Bank balances and cash	Loans and receivables	Amortised cost	76,146	76,146

(ii) Impairment of financial assets

HKFRS 9 replaces the "incurred loss" model in HKAS 39 with the Expected Credit Loss ("ECL") model. The ECL model requires an ongoing measurement of credit risk associated with a financial asset and therefore recognizes ECLs earlier than under the "incurred loss" accounting model in HKAS 39.

HKFRS 9 requires the Group to recognise ECL for financial assets at amortised costs (including trade receivables, deposits and other receivables, short-term loan and loan interest receivables, and bank balances and cash). Cash and cash equivalents are subject to ECL model but the impairment is immaterial for the current period.

Financial assets measured at fair value, including equity securities measured at FVTPL and equity securities designated at FVTOCI, are not subject to the ECL assessment.

Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

For the six months ended 30 September 2018

2. PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

HKFRS 9 Financial Instruments (Continued)

(ii) Impairment of financial assets (Continued)

Measurement of ECLs

ECLs are based on the difference between the contractual cash flows due in accordance with the contract and all the cash flows that the Group expects to receive. The shortfall is then discounted at an approximation to the assets' original effective interest rate.

The Group has elected to measure loss allowances for trade and other receivables using HKFRS 9 simplified approach and has calculated ECLs based on lifetime ECLs. The Group has established a provision matrix that is based on the Group's historical credit loss experience, adjusted for forward-looking factors specific to the debtors and the economic environment.

For short-term loan and loan interest receivables, as the contractual maturity dates are within 12 months or less, the 12-month ECLs equal to the lifetime ECLs.

For financial assets subject to ECL impairment, the carrying amounts in accordance with HKAS 39 have been remeasured upon transition to HKFRS 9 on 1 April 2018. The reconciliation of the carrying amounts in accordance with HKAS 39 and HKFRS 9 is as follows:

	HKAS 39 carrying amounts as at 31 March 2018 HK\$'000	Remeasurement (ECL allowance) HK\$'000	HKFRS 9 carrying amounts as at 1 April 2018 HK\$'000
Trade receivables	36,961	(143)	36,818
Deposits and other receivables	20,053	–	20,053
Short-term loan and loan interest receivables	8,362	(42)	8,320
Bank balances and cash	76,146	–	76,146

The Group has not applied the new or revised HKFRSs that have been issued but are not yet effective for the accounting period of these financial statements. The Group has already commenced an assessment of the impact of these new or revised HKFRSs but is not yet in a position to state whether these new or revised HKFRSs would have a significant impact on its results of operation and financial position.

Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

For the six months ended 30 September 2018

3. SEGMENT INFORMATION

Information reported internally to the directors of the Group (chief operating decision maker) for the purpose of resource allocation and assessment of segment performance focuses on types of goods or services delivered or provided.

Specifically, the Group's reportable and operating segments under HKFRS 8 are as follows:

- garment sourcing
- provision of finance

Segment revenues reported below represents revenue generated from external customers. There were no intersegment sales for both years.

Segment result represents the profit/(loss) generated by each segment without allocation of corporate income and central administration costs including directors' emoluments, share based payment, finance costs and income tax expense. This is the measure reported to the chief operating decision maker for the purposes of resource allocation and assessment of segment performance.

For the six months ended 30 September 2017, other than revenue analysis by customers, the chief operating decision maker assesses the operating performance of the Group as a whole as the Group is primarily engaged in garment sourcing. No other discrete information is provided to the chief operating decision maker. Accordingly, no further segment information is presented for the six months ended 30 September 2017.

Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

For the six months ended 30 September 2018

3. SEGMENT INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

Segment revenues and results

The following is an analysis of the Group's turnover and results by reportable and operating segments:

For the six months ended 30 September 2018

	Garment sourcing HK\$'000	Provision of finance HK\$'000	Total HK\$'000
Revenue	109,951	993	110,944
Segment results	3,865	554	4,419
Unallocated other gains			4,885
Unallocated administrative and other expenses			(5,216)
Profit from operations			4,088
Finance costs			(12)
Profit before tax			4,076

4. OTHER GAINS

		For the six months ended 30 September	
	NOTES	2018 HK\$'000	2017 HK\$'000
Net foreign exchange gain		42	2
Gain on disposal of subsidiaries	14	4,885	–
Waive of directors' remuneration for			
– Current period		–	1,283
– Prior years		–	2,042
		4,927	3,327

5. INCOME TAX EXPENSE

No provision for income tax expense is made for both periods since there was no assessable profits for both periods.

There is no significant unprovided deferred taxation for the reporting periods or at the end of the reporting periods.

Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

For the six months ended 30 September 2018

8. EARNINGS PER SHARE (CONTINUED)

Diluted earnings per share for the six months ended 30 September 2018 is equal to the basic earnings per share because the exercise prices of the Company's share options were higher than the average market price for the period and is therefore considered as anti-dilutive.

For the six months ended 30 September 2017, diluted loss per share was same as basic loss per share as there were no potential dilutive ordinary shares outstanding during the period.

9. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

During the six months ended 30 September 2018, the Group had:

- (i) spent approximately HK\$125,000 (2017: HK\$1,368,000) on additions to property, plant and equipment; and
- (ii) not disposed any (2017: Nil) property, plant and equipment.

As at 30 September 2018, the Group had property, plant and equipment of approximately HK\$508,000 (at 31 March 2018: HK\$554,000) which was held under finance lease.

10. TRADE RECEIVABLES

The Group allows its trade customers a credit period of 30 to 150 days.

The following is an aged analysis of trade receivables, presented based on the invoice date at the end of each reporting period:

	30 September 2018 HK\$'000	31 March 2018 HK\$'000
0 – 30 days	3,697	28,332
31 – 60 days	854	1,665
61 – 90 days	–	3,743
91 – 120 days	–	78
Over 120 days	–	3,143
	4,551	36,961

Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

For the six months ended 30 September 2018

11. SHORT-TERM LOAN AND LOAN INTEREST RECEIVABLES

	30 September 2018 HK\$'000	31 March 2018 HK\$'000
Short-term loan receivables-unsecured		
– Principal	32,930	8,300
– Interest	302	62
Less: Allowance for ECLs on short-term loans and loan interest receivables	(415)	–
	32,817	8,362

The short-term loan receivables as at 30 September 2018 were unsecured, interest-bearing at 12% to 18% per annum and repayable within next twelve months. Short term loan receivables were guaranteed by independent third parties.

12. TRADE PAYABLES

The following is an aged analysis of trade payables presented based on the invoice date at the end of each reporting period:

	30 September 2018 HK\$'000	31 March 2018 HK\$'000
0 – 30 days	3,032	139,494
31 – 60 days	–	24
	3,032	139,518

Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

For the six months ended 30 September 2018

13. SHARE CAPITAL

	Number of shares	Amount HK\$'000
Ordinary shares of HK\$0.01 each		
Authorised:		
At 1 April 2017	900,000,000	9,000
Increase in authorised capital (note i)	9,100,000,000	91,000
As at 31 March 2018 and 30 September 2018	10,000,000,000	100,000
Issued and fully paid:		
At 1 April 2017	519,777,000	5,198
Issue of shares pursuant to placement of shares (note ii)	32,200,000	322
Subscription of news shares (note iii)	103,950,000	1,039
As at 31 March 2018 and 30 September 2018	655,927,000	6,559

All shares rank pari passu in all respects.

notes:

- (i) On 13 November 2017, the authorised share capital of the Company was increased from HK\$9,000,000 to HK\$100,000,000 by the creation of the additional 9,100,000,000 new shares of HK\$0.01 each. These new shares ranked pari passu in all respects with the existing shares.
- (ii) On 13 October 2017, the Company issued a total of 32,200,000 new shares as a result of the placing. Net proceeds of approximately HK\$29,400,000 were raised. Details of the placing are set out in the announcement of the Company dated 20 September 2017 and 13 October 2017.
- (iii) On 30 November 2017, the Company entered into a subscription agreement with an independent third party for the placing and subscription of 103,950,000 new ordinary shares of the Company at a subscription price of HK\$0.7 per share. Net proceeds of approximately HK\$72,520,000 were raised. The subscription was completed on 29 December 2017. Details of the subscription are set out in the Company's announcement dated 30 November 2017, 21 December 2017 and 29 December 2017 respectively.

Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

For the six months ended 30 September 2018

14. DISPOSAL OF SUBSIDIARIES

During the six months ended 30 September 2018, the Group disposed of Best Keen International Limited, together with its subsidiaries (the "Disposal Group"), which carried out garment sourcing operation.

Analysis of assets and liabilities over which control was lost

Disposal Group

	HK\$'000
Current assets	
Trade receivables	3,500
Other receivables	47
Bank balances	79
	3,626
Current liabilities	
Other payables	(20)
Amount due to Hua Long Jin Kong Company Limited	(8,494)
	(8,514)
Net liabilities disposed of	(4,888)
Release of translation reserve upon disposal of subsidiaries	3
Consideration received	–
Gain on disposal	4,885

15. EVENTS AFTER THE END OF THE REPORTING PERIOD

The significant events took place subsequent to the end of the reporting period are as below:

Reference are made to the announcement and the circular of the Company dated 4 October 2018 and 20 November 2018 respectively. Terms used hereinafter shall have the same meaning as defined in the above announcements and circular.

On 4 October 2018, the WFOE entered into the VIE Agreements with the OPCO and the PRC Equity Owners. Through the VIE Agreements, the WFOE will have effective control over the finance and operation of the OPCO and will enjoy the entire economic interests and benefits generated by the OPCO. Upon the entry of the VIE Agreements, the financial results of the OPCO will be consolidated into the consolidated financial statements of the Group and the OPCO will be a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company.

Details of the VIE Agreements are set out in the announcement and circular of the Company dated 4 October 2018 and 20 November 2018 respectively.

Save as disclosed above, there were no other significant events took place subsequent to the end of the reporting period.

Glossary

Abbreviation	Definition
2018 AGM	annual general meeting of the Company held on 28 September 2018
Audit Committee	audit committee of the Group established by the Board on 8 September 2010 with written terms of reference, as amended from time to time
Board	the board of Directors
Bye-Law(s)	the bye-laws of the Group, as amended from time to time
Company	Hua Long Jin Kong Company Limited, a company incorporated in Bermuda with limited liability and the Shares of which are listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange
Corporate Governance Code	Corporate Governance Code as set out in Appendix 14 to the Listing Rules
Director(s)	the director(s) of the Group
Group	the Group and its subsidiaries from time to time
HK\$	Hong Kong dollars, the lawful currency of Hong Kong
Listing Rules	the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on the Stock Exchange
Model Code	Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Issuers as set out in Appendix 10 to the Listing Rules
Nomination Committee	nomination committee of the Group established by the Board on 19 March 2012 with written terms of reference, as amended from time to time

Glossary (Continued)

Abbreviation	Definition
Remuneration Committee	remuneration committee of the Group established by the Board on 8 September 2010 with written terms of reference, as amended from time to time
SFO	the Securities and Futures Ordinance (Chapter 571 of the Laws of Hong Kong), as amended, supplemented or otherwise modified from time to time
Share(s)	ordinary share(s) of HK\$0.01 each in the share capital of the Company
Share Option Scheme	share option scheme conditionally adopted by the Company on 2 June 2010 which became effective upon the Shares were listed on the Stock Exchange on 5 October 2010
Shareholder(s)	holder(s) of the Share(s) in issue
Stock Exchange	The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited
US\$	United States dollars, the lawful currency of the United States of America
%	per cent



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