

China Renewable Energy Investment Limited 中國再生能源投資有限公司

(Incorporated in the Cayman Islands with limited liability) (於開曼群島註冊成立之有限公司)

Stock Code 股份代號: 987





PROJECT IN CHINA 在中國之項目

7

Nanxun, Zhejiang 浙江南潯





China Renewable Energy Investment Limited Annual Report 2018 中國再生能源投資有限公司 二零一八年年報

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CORPORATE INFORMATION 公司資料

DIRECTORS

Executive Directors

Mr. OEI Kang, Eric *(Chairman and Chief Executive Officer)* Mr. LEUNG Wing Sum, Samuel *(Chief Financial Officer)* Mr. WONG Jake Leong, Sammy

Independent Non-executive Directors

Mr. YU Hon To, David Mr. TIAN Yuchuan Mr. ZHANG Songyi

AUDITOR PricewaterhouseCoopers

PRINCIPAL BANKERS

Bank of Communications Co., Ltd. China Construction Bank Corporation China Merchants Bank Co., Ltd. Dah Sing Bank, Limited Industrial and Commercial Bank of China Limited Shanghai Pudong Development Bank Co., Ltd

COMPANY SECRETARY

Mr. LAI Kam Kuen, Ricky

REGISTERED OFFICE

Cricket Square, Hutchins Drive P.O. Box 2681 Grand Cayman KY1-1111 Cayman Islands

HEAD OFFICE AND PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS IN HONG KONG

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董事

<mark>執行董事</mark> 黃剛先生*(主席兼行政總裁)* 梁榮森先生*(首席財務官)* 黃植良先生

獨立非執行董事 俞漢度先生 田玉川先生 張頌義先生

核數師 羅兵咸永道會計師事務所

主要往來銀行

交通銀行股份有限公司 中國建設銀行股份有限公司 招商銀行股份有限公司 大新銀行有限公司 中國工商銀行股份有限公司 上海浦東發展銀行股份有限公司

公司秘書

賴錦權先生

註冊辦事處

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CORPORATE INFORMATION 公司資料

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BRANCH SHARE REGISTRAR AND TRANSFER AGENT IN HONG KONG

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股份代號 987

CHAIRMAN'S STATEMENT 主席報告書

Business review

China's economy began to slow down in 2018, with GDP rising 6.6% for the year, the slowest since 1990. Despite the slower growth, China's wind power industry continues to grow as the government seeks cleaner sources of energy. While total power consumption increased by 8.5%, wind power generation capacity increased by 12 % and solar power generation capacity increased by 34%.

During 2018, China continued to implement favourable policies for China's renewable energy sector as it targets non-fossil fuels to account for 15% of energy consumption by 2020 and 20% by 2030. In July 2018, China's State Council announced a new "2018-2020 Three-year Action Plan for Winning the Blue Sky War". This plan expands pollution controls to 82 cities across China. To achieve the government's goals, renewable energy and natural gas will be emphasized over polluting coal power.

In December 2018, the National Development and Reform Commission announced a plan to launch a renewable energy quota system. The system will assign certain renewable energy consumption targets for each region. Companies covered by the plan will receive renewable energy certificates when they buy renewable energy and will be forced to buy additional certificates if they fail to reach their targets.

Even without the latest measures, nationwide wind power utilization hours are increasing as curtailment rates have been dropping from 17% in 2016 to 12% in 2017 and 6% in 2018. Solar power curtailment has declined from 7% in 2017 to 3% in 2018. Curtailment has been declining as previous measures have proven effective. Among those earlier measures: construction of new transmission lines; restriction on new projects in the heavily curtailed Northern provinces; and requirements for provinces to reach certain minimum utilization rates.

China Renewable Energy Investment Limited ("CRE" or the "Company", and with its subsidiaries, collectively, the "Group") is benefitting from all these developments. The overall curtailment rate at its wind farms has dropped from 10% in 2016 to 9% in 2017 and 7% in 2018. In 2018, the Group's wind farms generated an average of 2,064 utilization hours, similar to the national average.

業務回顧

中國經濟於二零一八年開始放緩,全年GDP增長6.6%,為一九九零年以來最低的增幅。儘管增長放緩,但由於政府追求更清潔的能源來源,中國的風力發電行業持續增長。正當總用電量增長8.5%,風力發電裝機容量增長12%及太陽能發電裝機容量增長34%。

於二零一八年,中國繼續對中國可再生能源領 域實施優惠政策,其目標是於二零二零年前非 化石燃料佔能源消耗比例達至15%,於二零三 零年前佔比達至20%。於二零一八年七月,中 國國務院出台一項「打贏藍天保衛戰三年行動 計劃(二零一八年至二零二零年)」的新政策。 該計劃將污染防控擴展至中國82個城市。為實 現政府的目標,可再生能源及天然氣的受重視 程度將超過污染嚴重的煤炭發電。

於二零一八年十二月,國家發展和改革委員會 宣佈出台可再生能源配額制計劃。該制度將為 各地區分配若干可再生能源消耗目標。該計劃 涵蓋的公司在購買可再生能源時將獲得可再生 能源證書,倘彼等未達到目標,將被強制購買 額外的證書。

即使沒有最新措施,全國的風力發電利用時數 仍不斷增加,原因為限電率由二零一六年的 17%下降至二零一七年的12%及二零一八年的 6%。太陽能發電限電率由二零一七年的7%下 降至二零一八年的3%。限電率持續下降,證 明以往的措施行之有效。該等早期措施包括: 興建新的輸電線路;在限電嚴重的北方省份限 制新增項目;及要求各省份達至一定程度的最 低利用率。

中國再生能源投資有限公司(「中國再生能源」 或「本公司」,建同其附屬公司統稱「本集團」) 受益於所有該等發展。旗下風力發電場的整體 限電率已由二零一六年的10%下降至二零一七 年的9%及二零一八年的7%。於二零一八年, 本集團風力發電場的平均利用時數達至2,064 小時,與全國平均水平相若。

CHAIRMAN'S STATEMENT 主席報告書

Business review (continued)

The Group recorded revenue of HK\$149.5 million, an increase of 14% compared to 2017. Gross profit increased 14% to HK\$51.9 million. Profits from the Group's associate companies were relatively stable. However, the Group was adversely affected by a HK\$4.2 million exchange loss due to a 5.1% depreciation of the Renminbi ("RMB"). As a result, net profit attributable to equity holders of the Group rose only 3% to HK\$62.3 million or basic earnings of HK2.54 cents per share. The Group had total assets of HK\$2,525.4 million as of 31 December 2018 and its cash position remained healthy, with cash in the bank of HK\$207.6 million. Net asset value per share, defined as total equity of the Group divided by total number of ordinary shares in issue, was HK68.9 cents.

Prospects

With the new policies, curtailment is expected to continue declining, and the government should easily reach its target curtailment rate of 5% by 2020. This should have a positive impact on CRE's wind farms for the next couple of years.

In addition, the Group's available capacity is expected to increase sharply this year, with the completion of its 74 Mega-Watt ("MW") Songxian wind farm in Henan province. Construction has been delayed by a couple of months but is expected to be completed by the first half of 2019. So far, about half of the turbines have been connected to the grid and are generating power. Upon completion, the project will increase CRE's net capacity by approximately 21%.

The Group has also received approval from the Luoyang Development and Reform Commission to construct an additional 40 MW of wind power at Songxian. The Group is now waiting to get the grid interconnection approval.

In May 2018, there was concern over China's plans to cut tariff subsidies for future wind and solar power projects by allocating new projects through a new bidding process that would put renewable energy in direct competition with coal-fired power plants. However, the industry is benefiting from lower investment costs, which is now average RMB7,300-7,500/Kilo-Watt ("KW"), a sharp decrease compared to the RMB9,400/KW average in 2009. Investment costs are expected to continue dropping over the next couple of years, and if it reaches RMB6,500/KW, it would put wind costs at parity with coalfired power plants. At this point, demand for wind power is expected to increase, even without tariff subsidies.



業務回顧(續)

本集團錄得149,500,000港元收益,較二零 一七年增加14%。毛利增加14%至51,900,000 港元。來自本集團聯營公司的溢利相對穩定。 然而,由於人民幣(「人民幣」)貶值5.1%,本集 團受到4,200,000港元匯兑虧損的負面影響。因 此,本集團權益持有人應佔純利僅增加3%至 62,300,000港元或每股基本盈利2.54港仙。本 集團於二零一八年十二月三十一日擁有資產總 值2,525,400,000港元,其現金狀況維持穩健, 銀行存款為207,600,000港元。每股資產淨值 (按本集團權益總額除以已發行普通股總數計 算)為68.9港仙。

展望

隨著新政策的實施,預期限電率將繼續下降, 且政府於二零二零年前達至其目標限電率5% 並無難度。這對中國再生能源的風力發電場於 未來數年的表現有正面影響。

此外,隨著於河南省的74兆瓦(「兆瓦」)嵩縣風 力發電場完工,本集團的可用裝機容量預期於 本年度急劇增加。雖然施工已推遲數月,但預 期將於二零一九年上半年完成。迄今為止,約 一半的風機已併網發電。當全面完工,該項目 將使中國再生能源的淨裝機容量增加約21%。

本集團亦已獲洛陽市發展和改革委員會批准在 嵩縣再興建一座40兆瓦的風力發電場。本集團 現正等待電網接入審批。

於二零一八年五月,中國計劃通過新招標程序 分配新項目,以削減未來風力及太陽能發電項 目的電費補貼,引發關注,該計劃將使可再生 能源與燃煤電廠直接競爭。然而,風電行業受 惠於較低的投資成本,目前平均投資成本為人 民幣7,300元至7,500元/千瓦(「千瓦」),較二 零零九年的平均投資成本人民幣9,400元/千 瓦大幅下降。預期投資成本於未來數年將繼續 下降,倘若投資成本達至人民幣6,500元/千 瓦,風力發電成本將與燃煤發電成本持平。此 時,即使並無電費補貼,預期風力發電需求亦 會增加。

CHAIRMAN'S STATEMENT 主席報告書

Prospects (continued)

The Group has a wind power pipeline of over 1.1 Giga-Watt in Inner Mongolia. The Group has not tapped into this pipeline given high curtailment in the region. But over the long term, as curtailment and investment costs decline, the pipeline will eventually become more attractive for the Group.

The Group is also currently exploring investment in distributed solar projects in China, where we believe we have a competitive advantage given our parent company, HKC (Holdings) Limited, is a real estate developer. In 2018, the Group recorded its first full year of revenues from its first 4 Mega-Watt-peak distributed rooftop solar project in the Nanxun district of Huzhou City in Zhejiang Province.

The Group is also exploring investing in distributed solar projects in its hometown, Hong Kong. Under the city's Scheme of Control Agreement signed by the government and the city's two utilities in 2018, the Feed-in-tariff rates are set at an attractive rate of HK\$5/kilo-Watt-hour ("kWh") for systems up to 10 KW; HK\$4/kWh for systems larger than 10 KW and up to 200 KW; and HK\$3/kWh for systems larger than 200 KW and up to 1 MW. Given these attractive rates, the Group is looking for appropriate business models to enter into this market.

Acknowledgements

On behalf of the Board, I would like to express my greatest thanks to all our business partners, employees, management and shareholders for the dedication and support you have shown for CRE throughout the year under review.

OEI Kang, Eric *Chairman and Chief Executive Officer*

Hong Kong, 20 March 2019

展望(續)

本集團於內蒙古擁有逾1.1吉瓦的風電儲備。鑒 於該地區限電嚴重,本集團並未動用該儲備。 但從長遠來看,隨著限電及投資成本下降,該 儲備將最終對本集團更具吸引力。

本集團目前亦探索於中國投資分佈式太陽能項 目,鑒於本集團母公司香港建設(控股)有限公 司為房地產發展商,本集團相信本集團在該領 域具備競爭優勢。於二零一八年,本集團於浙 江省湖州市南潯區首個4兆瓦峰分佈式屋頂太 陽能發電項目中錄得首個全年收益。

本集團亦於香港本土探索投資分佈式太陽能 項目。根據政府與香港兩家電力公司於二零 一八年簽訂的管制計劃協議,就10千瓦以下的 系統而言,上網電價費率定為具吸引力的5港 元/千瓦時(「千瓦時」);就10千瓦至200千瓦 的系統而言,定為4港元/千瓦時;及就大於 200千瓦且低於1兆瓦的系統而言,定為3港 元/千瓦時。鑒於該等具吸引力的費率,本集 團正尋求合適的業務模式以進入該市場。

致謝

本人謹藉此代表董事會,向於回顧年度內一直 竭誠努力及鼎力支持中國再生能源之所有業務 夥伴、員工、管理人員及股東,致以衷心謝 意。

黃剛

主席兼行政總裁

香港,二零一九年三月二十日

中國再生能源投資有限公司 二零一八年年報 7

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS 管理層討論及分析

FINANCIAL REVIEW

For the year ended 31 December 2018, China Renewable Energy Investment Limited ("CRE" or the "Company", and with its subsidiaries, collectively, the "Group") recorded HK\$149.5 million in turnover. Although wind resources were at similar levels as in 2017, lower overall curtailment and new contributions from the Group's distributed solar project has led to a 14% increase in revenue as compared to last year's HK\$131.3 million. With continued effort in controlling operational costs, the gross profit for the period increased 14% to HK\$51.9 million (2017: HK\$45.7 million).

Wind conditions of the Group's wind farms operating under the associates were similar to last year. As a result, the net profit contribution from the associates of HK\$69.0 million was similar to last year's HK\$67.6 million.

While revenue and gross profit increased in 2018, the Group was adversely affected by a 5.1% depreciation in the Renminbi ("RMB"), resulting in a HK\$4.2 million exchange loss. As a result, for the year ended 31 December 2018, net profit after tax attributable to the equity holders of the Group was only 3% higher compared to the previous year at HK\$62.3 million or basic earnings of HK2.54 cents per share. For the same period in 2017, net profit after tax attributable to the equity holders of the Group was HK\$60.3 million or basic earnings of HK2.56 cents per share. The slight decrease in basic earnings per share was a result of a larger share base due to the exercise of bonus warrants.

Liquidity and Financial Resources

As at 31 December 2018, the Group's total bank borrowings was HK\$506.0 million as compared to HK\$440.3 million in 2017. The difference was mainly due to the net effect of the drawdown of a bank loan for the Henan Songxian 74 Mega-Watt ("MW") wind project ("Songxian Phase I Wind Farm"), repayment of principal for existing project loans, drawdown of a new revolving corporate bank loan facility and currency exchange differences.

The bank borrowings include project loans and a revolving corporate bank loan facility. Project loans were interest-bearing RMB bank loans to finance the Group's wind farm projects in the People's Republic of China ("China"), with interest rates based on the People's Bank of China rates. The revolving corporate bank loan facility was an interest-bearing HKD bank loan, with interest rate based on the Hong Kong Interbank Offered Rate. The maturity dates for the Group's outstanding bank borrowings were as follows: HK\$122.5 million is repayable within one year, HK\$280.8 million repayable within two to five years and HK\$102.7 million repayable after five years.

財務回顧

截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度,中 國再生能源投資有限公司(「中國再生能源」或 「本公司」,連同其附屬公司統稱「本集團」)錄 得149,500,000港元之營業收益。儘管風力資 源與二零一七年的水平相若,但整體限電減 少及來自本集團分佈式太陽能項目的新貢獻, 令收益較去年的131,300,000港元增加14%。 通過持續實施運營成本控制措施,本期間毛 利增加14%至51,900,000港元(二零一七年: 45,700,000港元)。

本集團在聯營公司旗下營運的風力發電場之風 力狀況與去年相若。因此,來自聯營公司之純 利為69,000,000港元,與去年的67,600,000港 元相若。

儘管收益及毛利於二零一八年增加,但本集團 受人民幣(「人民幣」)貶值5.1%的負面影響, 產生匯兑虧損4,200,000港元。因此,截至二 零一八年十二月三十一日止年度,本集團權益 持有人應佔除税後純利僅較去年增長3%,為 62,300,000港元或每股基本盈利2.54港仙。於 二零一七年同期,本集團權益持有人應佔除税 後純利為60,300,000港元或每股基本盈利2.56 港仙。每股基本盈利輕微減少乃由於行使紅利 認股權證而導致股份基數增加所致。

流動資金及財務資源

於二零一八年十二月三十一日,本集團之銀行 借款總額為506,000,000港元,而於二零一七 年則為440,300,000港元。差額主要由於就河 南嵩縣74兆瓦(「兆瓦」)風力發電項目(「嵩縣一 期風力發電場」)動用銀行貸款、償還現有項目 貸款本金、動用新的循環企業銀行貸款融資及 匯兑差額之綜合影響所致。

銀行借款包括項目貸款及循環企業銀行貸款融 資。項目貸款為按中國人民銀行利率計息的計 息人民幣銀行貸款,為本集團位於中華人民共 和國(「中國」)之風力發電場項目提供資金。循 環企業銀行貸款融資為按香港銀行同業拆息計 息的計息港元銀行貸款。本集團未償還銀行借 款之到期日如下:122,500,000港元須於一年內 償還,280,800,000港元須於二至五年內償還 及102,700,000港元須於五年後償還。

FINANCIAL REVIEW (continued) Liquidity and Financial Resources (continued)

As at 31 December 2018, the Group had restricted cash of HK\$2.4 million. Unrestricted bank deposits and cash were HK\$205.2 million as compared to HK\$300.1 million in 2017. Such decrease was mainly due to repayment of a shareholder loan of HK\$25.0 million to Creator Holdings Limited and repayment of project bank loans of HK\$85.4 million.

As the majority of the bank borrowings and all incomes are in RMB, no hedging is required. The Group did not use any financial instruments for financial hedging purposes during the period under review.

Details of Charges in Group Assets

The Group's subsidiaries have charged their assets including wind power equipment, prepaid land lease payments and trade receivables, worth approximately RMB1,002.8 million (equivalent to HK\$1,141.8 million) as security for the bank borrowings as at 31 December 2018. Assets, worth approximately RMB786.9 million (equivalent to HK\$943.9 million), were charged as at 31 December 2017. The difference was due to the depreciation of assets, fluctuation of the RMB currency and a higher pledge on construction in progress for the Songxian Phase I Wind Farm.

Gearing Ratio

As at 31 December 2018, the Group's net gearing ratio, defined as the total borrowings plus the amount due to a shareholder, less unrestricted bank deposits and cash, divided by total equity, was 29% as compared to 21% as at 31 December 2017.

Contingent Liabilities

The Group did not have any contingent liabilities as at 31 December 2018 (Nil as at 31 December 2017).

財務回顧(續) 流動資金及財務資源(續)

於二零一八年十二月三十一日,本集團之受限 制現金為2,400,000港元。不受限制銀行存款及 現金為205,200,000港元,而二零一七年則為 300,100,000港元。有關減幅乃主要由於償還 創達集團有限公司之股東貸款25,000,000港元 及償還項目銀行貸款85,400,000港元所致。

由於大部分銀行借款及所有收益均以人民幣計 值,故無須作出對沖。於回顧期內,本集團並 無利用任何金融工具作財務對沖用途。

本集團資產抵押詳情

於二零一八年十二月三十一日,本集團附屬 公司將價值約人民幣1,002,800,000元(相當於 1,141,800,000港元)之資產進行抵押,當中包 括風力發電設備、預付土地租賃款及應收賬 款,用作擔保銀行借款。而於二零一七年十二 月三十一日,用作抵押之資產價值約人民幣 786,900,000元(相當於943,900,000港元)。該 差額乃由於資產折舊、人民幣匯率波動及嵩縣 一期風力發電場之在建工程抵押增加所致。

資本負債比率

於二零一八年十二月三十一日,本集團之淨 資本負債比率為29%,而二零一七年十二月 三十一日則為21%。資本負債比率為借款總 額,加應付一名股東款項,減不受限制銀行存 款及現金後,再除以權益總額。

或然負債

於二零一八年十二月三十一日,本集團並無任 何或然負債(於二零一七年十二月三十一日: 無)。

BUSINESS REVIEW

While China's economy is slowing down, total power consumption in China continues to grow, reaching 6,844,900 Giga-Watt-hours ("GWh"), representing an increase of 8.5% as compared to 2017. However, wind and solar power generation capacity grew even more. An aggregate total of 184 Giga-Watt ("GW") wind power capacity and 174 GW solar power capacity were installed, increasing by 12% and 34% respectively as compared to 2017. Total wind power output was 366,000GWh, an increase of around 20% compared to 2017, accounting for 5.2% of total power generation across the country. Total solar power output was 177,500GWh, an increase of around 50% compared to 2017, accounting for 2.5% of total power generation across the country.

The Group has seven wind farms and one distributed solar project under operation with a total gross power generating capacity of 664 MW. Adhering to the general principle of making progress and optimization in a steady way, we have continually improved the operations of our existing wind farms, reducing costs and curtailment. As a result, our operational wind farms were able to achieve higher levels of power generation and utilization hours, dispatching a total of 1,362.2 GWh as compared to 1,325.2 GWh in 2017. The average utilization hours of our wind portfolio reached 2,064 hours (2,010 hours in 2017), similar to the national average.

We continue to make progress on the development and construction of new projects. Songxian Phase I Wind Farm is under construction and about half of the project is now connected to the grid. Construction costs of the project are under control, and quality and safety standards have been met. The project will be commissioned by stages starting from early 2019. Completion of the project will increase the Group's total gross power generating capacity by 11% to 738 MW.



業務回顧

儘管中國經濟有所放緩,但中國的總用電量繼續增長,達至6,844,900吉瓦時(「吉瓦時」),較 二零一七年增長8.5%。然而,風力及太陽能發 電裝機容量之增幅更大。已安裝的風力及太陽 能發電總裝機容量分別達至184吉瓦(「吉瓦」) 及174吉瓦,較二零一七年分別增加12%及 34%。總風電輸出為366,000吉瓦時,較二零 一七年增加約20%,佔全國總發電量5.2%。 總太陽能發電輸出為177,500吉瓦時,較二零 一七年增加約50%,佔全國總發電量2.5%。

本集團擁有七個風力發電場及一個分佈式太陽 能發電項目正在營運,總發電裝機容量合計為 664兆瓦。我們堅持穩中求進,逐步優化的基 本原則,持續改進現有風力發電場的營運,減 少成本及限電。因此,我們營運中的風力發電 場能實現更高的發電水平及利用時數,輸出合 共1,362.2吉瓦時,而二零一七年則為1,325.2 吉瓦時。我們風電項目整體的平均利用時數達 2,064小時(二零一七年為2,010小時),與全國 平均水平相若。

我們在新項目的開發及建設上持續取得重大突 破。嵩縣一期風力發電場正在建設中,約有一 半規模現已接駁至電網。該項目的建設成本控 制良好,並符合質量及安全標準。該項目將自 二零一九年初開始分階段完工投運。該項目完 成建設後將使本集團的總發電裝機容量增加 11%至738兆瓦。

BUSINESS REVIEW (continued)

In addition, the Group obtained approval from the National Development and Reform Commission ("NDRC") for an additional phase two of the Songxian project ("Songxian Phase II Wind Farm"). Preparation for this 40 MW wind farm is underway and construction preparation is under planning. Construction is expected to begin in late 2019 or early 2020 and operations to begin in early 2021. After the completion and full operation of the Songxian Phase II Wind Farm, the Group's total gross power generating capacity is expected to increase by an additional 5% to 778 MW.

Mudanjiang and Muling Wind Farms

Mudanjiang and Muling wind farms, located in Heilongjiang province, have a total of 59.5 MW of wind power capacity. The wind farms started commercial operation in the fourth quarter of 2007. The Group holds majority stakes of 86% and 86.7% respectively. Power dispatch in 2018 was approximately 76.9GWh, which was equivalent to 1,293 utilization hours. Although wind resources were similar to last year, curtailment was reduced significantly due to various implemented policies; therefore, performance was better compared to last year's dispatch of 72.3GWh (equivalent to 1,215 utilization hours).

Siziwang Qi Phase I & II Wind Farms

Siziwang Qi Phase I & II wind farms have a total of 99 MW of wind power capacity and are wholly-owned by the Group. They are located 16 kilometres north of Wulanhua under Siziwang Qi of Western Inner Mongolia. Commercial operation of Phase I and II started in January 2011 and January 2015 respectively. The wind farms are the first two phases of a strategic 1,000 MW wind farm base for the Group. In 2018, Siziwang Qi Phase I & II wind farms dispatched power of approximately 191.4GWh, which was equivalent to 1,933 utilization hours. Although wind resources were slightly less than last year, performance was actually significantly higher than last year's dispatch of 166.2 GWH (equivalent to 1,679 utilization hours). The improvement was due to an enhancement in our operation and maintenance strategy, resulting in higher power generation and reduced curtailment.

業務回顧(續)

此外,本集團新啟動的嵩縣項目二期(「嵩縣二 期風力發電場」)已獲國家發展和改革委員會 (「國家發改委」)核准。該40兆瓦風力發電場的 籌備工作正在進行中,而施工準備工作正在規 劃中,預期將於二零一九年末或二零二零年初 開始施工,並於二零二一年初開始營運。當嵩 縣二期風力發電場建成並全面營運後,本集團 的總發電裝機容量預計將再增加5%至778兆 瓦。

牡丹江及穆棱風力發電場

牡丹江及穆棱風力發電場位於黑龍江省,擁有 合共59.5兆瓦風力發電裝機容量,於二零零七 年第四季開始投運。本集團為主要股東,分別 持有86%及86.7%股本權益。二零一八年之發 電量約達76.9吉瓦時,相當於1,293利用小時。 儘管風力資源與去年相若,但限電因各種政策 實施而大幅減少。因此,發電量較去年的72.3 吉瓦時(相當於1,215利用小時)有所提升。

四子王旗一期及二期風力發電場

BUSINESS REVIEW (continued) Danjinghe Wind Farm

The Group has a 40% effective equity interest in the 200 MW Danjinghe wind farm located in Hebei. The majority and controlling shareholder is the wind power division of China Energy Conservation and Environmental Protection Group ("CECEP"), which holds 60%. The entire wind farm commenced commercial operation in September 2010. The power dispatched in 2018 was approximately 420.2GWh, which was equivalent to 2,101 utilization hours. As this project was obtained through the national tendering process, the wind farm enjoyed minimal curtailment. As wind resources were slightly better than last year, together with improved operational efficiencies, the performance was slightly better compared to last year's dispatch of 415.3GWh (equivalent to 2,076 utilization hours).

Changma Wind Farm

Changma wind farm, located in Gansu province, is a joint venture with CECEP. The Group has a 40% effective interest in the project company. The 201MW wind farm started commercial operation in November 2010. As this project was also obtained through the national tendering process, the wind farm enjoyed minimal curtailment. The power dispatched in 2018 was approximately 458.6 GWh, which was equivalent to 2,282 utilization hours. As wind resources were slightly better than last year, together with improved operational efficiencies, the performance was better compared to last year's dispatch of 445.2GWh (equivalent to 2,215 utilization hours).

Lunaobao Wind Farm

Lunaobao wind farm is a joint venture with CECEP and is adjacent to the Danjinghe wind farm. The Group has a 30% effective equity interest. The wind farm capacity is 100.5MW and started commercial operation in February 2011. Unlike Danjinghe, Lunaobao was not obtained through the national tendering process, hence it does not enjoy low curtailment. The power dispatched in 2018 was approximately 215.1GWh, which was equivalent to 2,141 utilization hours. Although wind resources were similar to last year, slightly higher curtailment resulted in lower power dispatch compared to last year's dispatch of 226.2GWh (equivalent to 2,251 utilization hours).



業務回顧(續) 單晶河風力發電場

本集團擁有位於河北的200兆瓦單晶河風力發 電場之40%實際權益。其主要及控股股東為 中國節能環保集團公司(「中節能」)之風力資源 分部,持有60%權益。整體風力發電場於二 零一零年九月開始商業營運。於二零一八年, 發電量約為420.2 吉瓦時,相當於2,101利用 小時。由於此項目透過國家招標獲得,該風力 發電場享有近乎零限電。由於風力資源較去年 輕微增加,加上營運效率改善,發電量較去年 的415.3 吉瓦時(相當於2,076利用小時)有所提 升。

昌馬風力發電場

昌馬風力發電場位於甘肅省,為中節能之合 營項目。本集團擁有該項目公司40%實際權 益。此201兆瓦風力發電場於二零一零年十一 月開始商業營運。由於此項目同樣透過國家 招標獲得,故該風力發電場享有低程度限電。 於二零一八年,發電量約為458.6吉瓦時,相 當於2,282利用小時。由於風力資源較去年輕 微增加,加上營運效率改善,發電量較去年的 445.2吉瓦時(相當於2,215利用小時)有所提 升。

綠腦包風力發電場

緣腦包風力發電場為與中節能之合營項目,毗 鄰單晶河風力發電場。本集團擁有其30%實 際權益。該風力發電場的裝機容量為100.5兆 瓦,並於二零一一年二月開始商業營運。有別 於單晶河,緣腦包項目並非透過國家招標獲 得,故並不享有低限電待遇。於二零一八年, 發電量約為215.1吉瓦時,相當於2,141利用小 時。儘管風力資源與去年相若,但由於限電輕 微增加,發電量較去年的226.2吉瓦時(相當於 2,251利用小時)有所減少。

BUSINESS REVIEW (continued) Nanxun Distributed Solar Project

Nanxun distributed solar project is located in Nanxun district of Huzhou city in Zhejiang province, and is the Group's first wholly-owned distributed rooftop solar project. The 4 Mega-Watt-peak ("MWp") distributed solar project was installed over 60,000 square meters of rooftops on Nanxun International Building Materials City, a commercial complex owned by CRE's parent company, HKC (Holdings) Limited. Power generated is sold to Nanxun International Building Materials City and any excess power is sold to the local grid company. The project started commercial operation in March 2018. The power dispatched in 2018 was approximately 3.8GWh, which was equivalent to 953 utilization hours.

BUSINESS MODEL & RISKS MANAGEMENT

CRE's main business is acting as an investor-operator in China's renewable energy sector, in which we secure, develop, construct and operate power stations in order to provide reliable electricity to customers. As one of the main external investors in China's renewable energy sector, the Group is well positioned to contribute to the government's plan for a low-carbon economy.

Our Group strategy "**Grow** · **Advance** · **Sustain**" guides our operations and development going forward. All investment opportunities are thoroughly evaluated by the Executive Committee and the Board based on a combination of project economic, environmental and social benefits. We plan to continue to develop renewable energy projects and to look for **growth** investment opportunities in new technologies. In CRE, every kilo-Watt-hour ("kWh") energy output counts. We therefore strive to innovate and **advance** in all aspects of our business and operations to continuously enhance our profitability with an ultimate goal to create **sustainable** value and to increase return for shareholders.

Risk management is the responsibility of everyone within the Group; risk is inherent in our business and the market in which it operates. Rather than being a standalone process, risk management is integrated into our daily business process, from project level day-to-day operation to corporate level strategy development and investment decisions.

業務回顧(續) 南潯分佈式太陽能項目

南潯分佈式太陽能項目位於浙江省湖州市南潯 區,其為本集團首個全資擁有的分佈式屋頂太 陽能項目。於中國再生能源母公司香港建設 (控股)有限公司擁有的商業綜合大樓南潯國際 建材城逾60,000平方米的屋頂上,安裝4兆瓦 峰(「兆瓦峰」)的分佈式太陽能項目。發電量售 予南潯國際建材城,而任何超出部分售予當地 電網公司。該項目於二零一八年三月開始商業 營運。於二零一八年,發電量約為3.8吉瓦時, 相當於953利用小時。

商業模式及風險管理

中國再生能源之主要業務為在中國境內擔當可 再生能源領域之投資者及運營商,負責維護、 開發、建設及運營發電場,為客戶提供穩定的 電力。作為在中國境內可再生能源領域的主要 外來投資者之一,本集團具備優勢,為政府之 低碳經濟計劃作出貢獻。

本集團的策略「壯大•開拓•恒久」引領我們未 來的營運及發展。所有投資機遇,均由執行委 員會及董事會按項目在經濟、環境及社會裨益 等各方面,進行詳細綜合評估。我們計劃持續 發展可再生能源項目,並尋找可壯大的新技術 投資機遇。在中國再生能源,我們重視所生產 的每千瓦時(「千瓦時」)電力。因此,我們致力 在業務及營運各方面進行創新及開拓,繼續改 善我們的盈利能力,締造恆久價值目標,為所 有股東提高回報。

風險管理為本集團內所有人之責任,風險存在 於業務及運營所在之市場內。風險管理並非單 一獨立過程,而須融入日常業務過程中,包括 從項目層面的日常運營上,以至企業層面的策 略制定及至投資決策上。

BUSINESS MODEL & RISKS MANAGEMENT (continued)

Through a bottom up approach, we identify and review existing and emerging risks semi-annually. Identified risks are then monitored and discussed at the Group level. The risk management process is overseen by the Executive Committee and the Board as an element of our strong corporate governance. Within CRE, all risks factors are classified under 6 different categories, (i) Policy and Regulations, (ii) Legal and Compliance, (iii) Safety, Health and Environmental, (iv) Financial, (v) Operational and (vi) Reputational; and are evaluated through assessing their consequences and likelihood. With a continuous and proactive approach to risk management, the Group is committed to identifying material risks and then to managing these so that they can be understood, minimised, mitigated or avoided.

OUTLOOK

During 2018, the NDRC and National Energy Administration ("NEA") issued the "Renewable Energy Consumption Action Plan 2018-2020". The plan calls for a renewable energy quota system which will set renewable energy consumption targets for each region, with the goal of reducing curtailment by 2020. In addition, NEA continues to encourage new technologies and management strategies and to improve the transmission networks. Operational procedures have also been improved in order to increase the utilization rate of renewable energy. With environmental protection now equivalent in importance to economic growth, wind and solar power consumption is expected to continue increasing.

However, the renewable energy industry continues to face challenges such as increased competition and delays in the tariff subsidies settlement. However, environmental protection policies will become stronger and the government is more carefully managing the growth of the industry. And the government is making progress in settling tariff subsidies. With lower expected investment costs, lower curtailment, and improved operational efficiencies, wind farm utilization rates and investment returns are expected to improve.



商業模式及風險管理(續)

我們通過自下而上之方式,每半年識別及檢查 現有及新增風險,已認定之風險將在整個集團 層面上進行監察及討論。風險管理過程作為加 強企業管治之基本部分,須受到執行委員會及 董事會之監督。中國再生能源將所有風險因素 分為六大類:(i)政策及法規,(ii)法律及合規, (iii)安全、健康及環境,(iv)財務,(v)營運以及 (vi)聲譽,就其後果及可能性進行評估。本集團 通過持續積極之風險管理方式,致力於識別重 大風險,並進行處理,以便能了解、減少、降 低或避免該等風險。

前景

於二零一八年,國家發改委及國家能源局 (「國家能源局」)頒佈「清潔能源消納行動計劃 (2018-2020年)」。該計劃要求制定可再生能源 配額系統,為各個地區制定可再生能源消耗目 標,力爭在二零二零年減少限電。此外,國家 能源局繼續鼓勵新技術及管理策略,並完善傳 輸網絡。為提高可再生能源的利用率,營運程 序亦日益完善。隨著環境保護的關注程度與經 濟增長同步提升,預期風能及太陽能的消耗將 持續增加。

然而,可再生能源行業繼續面對競爭加劇及電 費補貼回收滯後等挑戰,但是環境保護政策力 度將加強,並且政府將更為審慎管理行業發 展。同時,政府正積極解決電費補貼問題。隨 著預期投資成本降低、限電減少及營運效率提 升,預計風力發電場使用率及投資回報將提 升。

OUTLOOK (continued)

Facing the challenges and opportunities, the Group continues to proactively respond. We continue to adhere to our principle of investing only in top quality renewable energy projects, focusing on those projects with high potential return and in regions not subject to curtailment. For our existing wind farms, every kWh energy output counts, as outlined in our strategy. The Group's wind power projects in Heilongjiang and Inner Mongolia will explore participating in the pilot electricity market trading scheme. This is expected to help increase power dispatch, reduce curtailment and increase overall profitability of these projects.

On the development front, Songxian Phase II Wind Farm 40 MW has been successfully approved by NDRC. Initial planning is underway. Construction will be targeted to start in late 2019 or early 2020 and commercial operation is expected to commence around early 2021. After completion and full operation of the phase two project, the Group's total gross power generating capacity will increase by 5% to 778 MW. At the same time, we have been actively looking into acquiring and developing other wind and solar power projects in China, and possibly overseas.

CRE has full confidence in our growth prospects. The renewable energy business is one that rewards expertise, patience, commitment and innovation. With our Songxian Phase I Wind Farm to be fully commissioned in 2019 and Songxian Phase II Wind Farm to be commissioned in coming years, the Group expects earnings to continue improving. The Group has been focusing on increasing profitability instead of blind pursuit of expansion. We will continue to work diligently, develop our businesses efficiently and steadily, and will consider strategic alliances, with an aim to create sustainable, stable and increasing returns for shareholders as we work towards a smarter and cleaner tomorrow.

前景(續)

面對挑戰與機遇,本集團繼續積極應對。我們 繼續秉承僅投資最優質可再生能源項目的原 則,集中投放在高潛在回報及不受區域限電的 項目上。就現有的風力發電場而言,誠如本集 團的策略所述,我們重視所生產的每千瓦時電 力。本集團於黑龍江及內蒙古的風力發電項目 將探討參與試行的電力市場化交易計劃。預期 此舉將有助增加發電量、降低限電及提升項目 整體盈利能力。

在發展方面,嵩縣二期風力發電場40兆瓦項目 已成功獲國家發改委核準,正進行初步規劃。 計劃將於二零一九年末或二零二零年初開始施 工,並預計於二零二一年初開始商業營運。在 該二期項目完工及全面營運後,本集團的總發 電裝機容量將增加5%至778兆瓦。同時,本集 團一直於中國及至海外積極物色機會收購及開 發其他風能及太陽能發電項目。

中國再生能源對我們的發展前景充滿信心。專 業、忍耐、投入及創新是可再生能源業界的成 功原素。憑藉我們將於二零一九年全面投運的 嵩縣一期風力發電場及將於未來數年投運的嵩 縣二期風力發電場,本集團盈利將有望持續增 長。本集團一直專注於盈利能力的提升,而非 盲目追求擴張。我們將繼續努力,高效穩妥地 開拓業務,並將考慮作出戰略性聯盟,旨在為 股東創造可持續、穩定及不斷增加的回報,為 邁向更智能化、更潔淨的明天而努力。

OUTLOOK (continued) Employees

As at the end of December 2018, the Group's operations in Hong Kong and Mainland China employed a total of 89 employees. Our core requirement is to ensure that we attract, retain and deploy employees with the capabilities needed to secure, develop, construct and operate our assets. In 2018, we have strengthened our resources and capabilities through a combination of external recruitment and internal transfers of staff. These have enabled us to enhance performance through common standards and processes in safety, project management and asset management. The Group has also appointed technical consultants on contract terms when deemed necessary for the development of new projects and for operation of existing projects. All employees are remunerated according to the nature of their jobs, their individual performances, the Group's overall performance, and the prevailing marketing conditions.

Environmental, Social and Governance Issues

As one of the earliest investors in China's renewable energy sector since 2006, the Group has been heavily involved in environmental protection and support for the low carbon development of China. CRE strives to continuously improve and evolve in the renewable energy sector to adapt to the changing expectations of our stakeholders while balancing the needs of our shareholders, environment and the communities we operate in.

The Group has over 664 MW of operating wind farms and a distributed solar project in Hebei, Heilongjiang, Gansu, Inner Mongolia and Zhejiang provinces. Most of our projects are located in remote northern regions. They greatly benefit the economic development of the local area through investment, by reducing local pollution and carbon emissions, and by contributing to the local community through the hiring of local staff who are given fair market-based remuneration packages. In 2018, CRE's operating assets complied with all local environmental related regulatory requirements. With a total electricity generation of 1,362.2GWh, we have reduced approximately 443,000 tons of coal consumption and 1,054,000 tons of carbon emission. For our Songxian Phase I Wind Farm which is still under construction in 2019, we will closely monitor the environmental performance of the construction sites through regular measurements, site supervision, and on-site audits by both CRE internal staff and independent parties.



前景(續) 僱員

於二零一八年十二月底,本集團就香港及中國 大陸之業務,聘用合共89名僱員。吸引、挽留 及部署具有適當能力的僱員,以獲取、開發、 建設及營運我們的資產,是我們的核心需求。 於二零一八年,我們透過外部招聘及內部調任 方式,改善及加強人力資源及能力。透過就安 全、項目管理及資產管理等設定標準及流程, 確保績效提高。本集團亦在其認為必要的情況 下,以合約形式委任技術顧問,以發展新項目 及運作現有項目。所有僱員的薪酬均根據其工 作性質、個人表現、本集團整體業績及當時市 況釐定。

環境、社會及管治事宜

從二零零六年開始作為在中國最早投資可再生 能源領域的主要投資者之一,本集團一直積極 參與環境保護及支持中國的低碳發展。中國再 生能源致力於可再生能源領域的不斷改進與發 展,回應利益持份者不斷改變的期望,同時平 衡股東、環境及運營所在社區三者間之需求。

本集團於河北、黑龍江、甘肅、內蒙古及浙江 等省份營運超過664兆瓦的風力發電場及分佈 式太陽能項目。大部分項目均位於偏遠的北部 地區,投資非常有利於當地經濟發展。透過減 少當地污染及碳排放,並按照公平的市場薪 酬僱用當地員工,貢獻當地社區。於二零一八 年,中國再生能源的運營資產符合當地所有環 境相關監管條例。我們的總發電量為1,362.2吉 瓦時,煤炭消耗量因而減少約443,000噸,碳 排放量減少約1,054,000噸。就我們於二零一九 年仍在建設中的嵩縣一期風力發電場而言, 我們將委派中國再生能源的內部員工及獨立人 士,進行定期測量、現場監督及實地審核,密 切監察建築工地符合環保要求。

OUTLOOK (continued)

Environmental, Social and Governance Issues (continued)

We place importance on creating positive relationships with stakeholders through understanding and addressing their expectations. As one of the main foreign investors in China's renewable energy industry, we continue to maintain close contacts with our stakeholders, including but not limited to the Government (e.g. the NDRC and NEA at both national and provincial level), local authorities (e.g. environmental and land bureau) and State Grid Corporation through various meetings to facilitate their understanding of our business, operations and development direction.

The Group will continue to support the low carbon development in China though investing in various renewable energy projects. At the same time, we will explore other means to further contribute to the communities we operate in as the Group grows larger and more profitable.

前景(續) 環境・社會及管治事宜(續)

我們重視與利益持份者建立良好關係,致力了 解及回應他們的期望。作為中國可再生能源行 業的主要境外投資者之一,我們繼續與利益持 份者(包括但不限於政府(如國家及省級發改 委及國家能源局)、地方當局(如環境及土地 局)及國家電網公司)透過各種會議保持緊密 聯繫,讓他們了解我們的業務、營運及發展方 向。

本集團將透過投資各種可再生能源項目,繼續 支持中國的低碳發展。同時,隨著本集團實力 及盈利增強,本集團將尋求透過其他方式為運 營所在社區作出更多貢獻。

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DIRECTORS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT 董事及高級管理層

Mr. OEl Kang, Eric

(Executive Director, Chairman & Chief Executive Officer)

Mr. OEI Kang, Eric, aged 48, has been appointed as Executive Director, Chairman and Chief Executive Officer of the Company since 10 April 2008. He also holds several directorships in other members of the Group and the chairman of the Executive Committee of the Company. Mr. OEI was appointed as a member of the Nomination Committee and Remuneration Committee of the Company on 20 March 2019. He was educated in the USA and obtained a Bachelor's Degree in Economics (with a minor in Electrical Engineering), and a Master's Degree in Business Administration. Earlier in his career, he worked with Peregrine Securities Ltd. and PCCW Limited in Hong Kong, the LG Group in Seoul and McKinsey & Co. in Los Angeles, USA. Mr. OEI is currently an Executive Director and Chief Executive Officer of HKC (Holdings) Limited ("HKC", together with its subsidiaries, the "HKC Group"), the shares of which are listed on the Main Board of The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange") and the controlling shareholder of the Company. He is also a director of certain subsidiaries of HKC. Mr. OEI is also the director and the shareholder of Claudio Holdings Limited, the controlling shareholder of HKC.

Mr. LEUNG Wing Sum, Samuel

(Executive Director and Chief Financial Officer)

Mr. LEUNG Wing Sum, Samuel, aged 55 has been appointed as Executive Director and Chief Financial Officer of the Company since 1 December 2008. He joined the Group in April 2008 as Qualified Accountant of the Company. He also holds several directorships in other members of the Group and is a member of the Executive Committee of the Company. Mr. LEUNG has been appointed as Executive Director of HKC since 1 September 2015. He is currently the Chief Financial Officer of HKC and also a director of certain subsidiaries of HKC. Mr. LEUNG is a certified practising accountant of CPA Australia. Mr. LEUNG obtained a Master's Degree in Business from RMIT University of Australia. He has over 20 years' experience in auditing and finance management with an international audit firm and other major conglomerates in Hong Kong. Prior to joining the Group, Mr. LEUNG was a director of internal control and risk management of HKC.

<mark>黃剛先生</mark> *(執行董事 ⋅ 主席兼行政總裁)*

黄剛先生,四十八歲,自二零零八年四月十日 起出任本公司執行董事、主席兼行政總裁職 務,彼亦於本集團其他成員公司出任董事職務 並為本公司執行委員會之主席。黃先生於二零 一九年三月二十日被委任為本公司提名委員會 及薪酬委員會之成員。彼於美國升學,持有經 濟學學士學位(副修電機工程),以及持有工商 管理碩士學位。彼曾任職於百富勤證券有限公 司、香港電訊盈科有限公司、首爾LG Group 及美國洛杉磯McKinsey & Co.。黃先生現時 為股份於香港聯合交易所有限公司(「聯交所」) 主板上市之香港建設(控股)有限公司(「香港建 設」, 連同其附屬公司統稱「香港建設集團」) (本公司之控股股東)之執行董事兼行政總裁, 彼同時亦為香港建設之若干附屬公司的董事。 黃先生亦為Claudio Holdings Limited(香港建設 之控股股東)之董事及股東。

梁榮森先生

(執行董事兼首席財務官)

梁榮森先生,五十五歲,自二零零八年十二月 一日起出任本公司執行董事兼首席財務官職 務,彼於二零零八年四月加入本集團為本公司 合資格會計師,彼亦於本集團其他成員公司出 任董事職務並為本公司執行委員會之成員。梁 先生自二零一五年九月一日起出任香港建設之 就行董事。彼現時亦為香港建設之首席財務官 及香港建設之若干附屬公司的董事。梁先生取 澳洲RMIT大學之商業碩士學位,並於一家國際 核數師事務所及香港其他主要大型企業累積逾 二十年核數及財務管理經驗。梁先生於加入本 集團前,為香港建設之內部監控及風險管理總 監。

DIRECTORS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT 董事及高級管理層

Mr. WONG Jake Leong, Sammy

(Executive Director)

Mr. WONG Jake Leong, Sammy, aged 58, has been appointed as Executive Director of the Company since 1 January 2014. He has been instrumental in raising funds for the Group. Mr. WONG is the Investor Relations Director of the Group, and is currently serving as a member of the Executive Committee of the Company. He is also a Director of certain subsidiaries of the Group. Since 2007, Mr. WONG has joined HKC, and is an Executive Director of HKC. He also serves as a Director of certain subsidiaries of the HKC Group.

Mr. WONG received a Bachelor's degree in the geophysical sciences from the University of Chicago and an MBA from the Yale School of Management. Before Yale, he worked as a petroleum geologist at Sohio Petroleum. After Yale, Mr. WONG became an investment banker at Kidder, Peabody in New York, where he was involved in project finance. He moved to Hong Kong with Bear Stearns, and was involved in a variety of corporate finance activities, including some of the first H share IPOs out of China. Mr. WONG then worked in equity research at Societe Generale where he was in charge of the research efforts in Shanghai; and later as vice President and head of China Research at Credit Suisse in Hong Kong. Before joining HKC, Mr. WONG served as a Chief Financial Officer for DVN (Holdings) Limited (now known as "Frontier Services Group Limited"), where he was involved in fund raising and introducing strategic investors to the company.

黃植良先生 (執行董事)

黃植良先生,五十八歲,自二零一四年一月一 日起出任本公司執行董事,彼於本集團負責籌 集資金。黃先生為本集團投資者關係總監,並 為本公司執行委員會成員,彼亦於本集團若干 成員公司出任董事職務。黃先生自二零零七年 起加入香港建設,現任香港建設之執行董事。 彼亦為香港建設集團若干成員公司之董事。

黃先生持有芝加哥大學地質物理科學學士及 耶魯大學管理學院工商管理碩士學位。在入 讀耶魯大學前,彼作為石油地質學家任職於 Sohio Petroleum。在耶魯大學畢業後,黃先 生任職於紐約投資銀行Kidder, Peabody,參與 項目融資。彼移居香港後加入Bear Stearns, 參與各種企業融資活動,包括部份中國以外H 股首次公開發行。黃先生及後在上海Societe Generale證券分析部負責研究工作,以及後來 在香港Credit Suisse出任中國研究副總裁及主 管。在加入香港建設前,黃先生曾擔任天地數 碼(控股)有限公司(現稱為「先豐服務集團有限 公司」)財務總監,並參與集資及引進策略性投 資者。

DIRECTORS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT 董事及高級管理層

Mr. YU Hon To, David

(Independent Non-executive Director)

Mr. YU Hon To, David, aged 70, has been appointed as Independent Non-executive Director of the Company since 10 April 2008. He is also a member of the Audit Committee, Nomination Committee and Remuneration Committee of the Company. Mr. YU is a fellow member of the Institute of Chartered Accountants in England and Wales and an associate member of the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants. He has extensive experience in the fields of auditing, corporate finance, financial investigation and corporate management. He was formerly a partner of an international accounting firm.

Mr. YU is currently an independent non-executive director of the following companies listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange, namely China Resources Gas Group Limited (stock code: 1193), Haier Electronics Group Co., Ltd. (stock code: 1169), Keck Seng Investments (Hong Kong) Limited (stock code: 184), Media Chinese International Limited (which is also listed in Malaysia; Hong Kong stock code: 685, Malaysia stock code: 5090), MS Group Holdings Limited (Stock Code: 1451), One Media Group Limited (stock code: 426) and Playmates Holdings Limited (stock code: 635). Mr. YU is also an independent non-executive director of New Century Asset Management Limited, the manager of New Century Real Estate Investment Trust (stock code: 1275), a company listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange.

Mr. YU was an independent non-executive director of Bracell Limited (formerly known as "Sateri Holdings Limited") (stock code: 1768), Great China Holdings Limited (stock code: 141) and Synergis Holdings Limited (stock code: 2340) (companies listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange) within the last three years.



俞漢度先生 *(獨立非執行董事)*

俞漢度先生,七十歲,自二零零八年四月十日 起獲委任為本公司獨立非執行董事。彼同時亦 為本公司審核委員會、提名委員會及薪酬委員 會之成員。俞先生為英格蘭及威爾斯特許會計 師公會之資深會員及香港會計師公會會員。彼 於審計界、企業融資、財務調查以及企業管理 方面擁有豐富經驗,彼亦曾為一間國際會計師 行之合夥人。

俞先生目前出任下列公司(該等公司均於聯交 所主板上市)之獨立非執行董事,包括華潤燃 氣控股有限公司(股份代號:1193)、海爾電器 集團有限公司(股份代號:1169)、激成投資(香 港)有限公司(股份代號:184)、世界華文媒體 有限公司(此公司亦於馬來西亞上市:香港股 份代號:685,馬來西亞股份代號:5090)、萬 成集團股份有限公司(股份代號:1451)、萬華 媒體集團有限公司(股份代號:1451)、萬華 媒體集團有限公司(股份代號:1451)、萬華 媒體集團有限公司(股份代號:1451)、萬華 媒體集團有限公司(股份代號:1451)之萬 重 有限公司(股份代號:635)。俞先生亦出任開元 資產管理有限公司(開元產業投資信託基金(為 聯交所主板上市公司,股份代號:1275)之管理 人)之獨立非執行董事。

俞先生於過去三年內亦曾任Bracell Limited(前 稱「賽得利控股有限公司」)(股份代號:1768)、 大中華集團有限公司(股份代號:141)及新昌管 理集團有限公司(股份代號:2340)(現稱為「昇 捷控股有限公司」)(該等公司於聯交所主板上 市)之獨立非執行董事。

DIRECTORS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT 董事及高級管理層

Mr. TIAN Yuchuan

(Independent Non-executive Director)

Mr. TIAN Yuchuan, aged 54, has been appointed as Independent Non-executive Director of the Company since 23 April 2013. He is also a member of the Audit Committee, Nomination Committee and Remuneration Committee of the Company. Mr. TIAN is the President of SITE Centers Capital Management LLC (formerly known as "DDR Capital Management LLC"). He holds a Bachelor of Arts Degree from Beijing Foreign Studies University. Mr. TIAN also obtained an executive education program certificate from Cheung Kong Graduate School of Management in 2009 and completed a program in leadership and public policy at University of Oxford in 2012. He has over 33 years of experience in multinational business, corporate management, international equity investment and corporate finance. Mr. TIAN was the executive director and chief executive officer of CITIC Dameng Holdings Limited (stock code: 1091), a company listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange. He also held senior positions in several subsidiaries of CITIC Group between 1986 and 2004. Mr. TIAN was employed as the Senior Vice President, Corporate Strategy and Development and served as a director of some subsidiaries of HKC between April 2006 to March 2008.

Mr. ZHANG Songyi

(Independent Non-executive Director)

Mr. ZHANG Songyi, aged 63, has been appointed as Independent Non-executive Director of the Company since 1 January 2016. He is also a member of the Audit Committee, Nomination Committee and Remuneration Committee of the Company. He obtained a Juris Doctor degree from Yale University in 1985. Mr. ZHANG currently serves in senior management and advisory capacities in several companies, including acting as the chairman of Mandra Capital and a director of SINA Corporation and Athenex, Inc., companies listed on the NASDAQ Stock Market. Mr. ZHANG is currently an independent non-executive director of China Longyuan Power Group Corporation Limited, the shares of which are listed on the main board of the Stock Exchange. He is also a non-executive director of Jimu Group Limited, the shares of which are listed on the GEM of the Stock Exchange. Mr. ZHANG was previously an Independent Non-executive Director of the Company from April 2008 to April 2013.

田玉川先生 (獨立非執行董事)

田玉川先生,五十四歲,自二零一三年四月 二十三日起獲委任為本公司獨立非執行董事。 彼亦為本公司審核委員會、提名委員會及薪酬 委員會之成員。田先生現任SITE Centers資本 管理公司(前稱「DDR資本管理公司」)的總裁。 彼持有北京外國語大學文學士學位。田先生並 於二零零九年由長江商學院取得高層管理教育 証書及於二零一二年於牛津大學完成領導力和 公共政策課程。彼在跨國公司業務、企業管 理、國際股本投資及企業融資等方面具有超過 三十三年經驗。田先生曾為中信大錳控股有限 公司(聯交所主板上市公司;股份代號:1091) 之執行董事兼行政總裁。於一九八六年至二零 零四年期間,彼在中信集團旗下多家附屬公司 出任多個高級管理職位。於二零零六年四月至 二零零八年三月期間,田先生受聘為香港建設 高級副總裁(企業策略及發展),並出任該公司 旗下若干附屬公司之董事。

張頌義先生

(獨立非執行董事)

張頌義先生,六十三歲,自二零一六年一月一日起獲委任為本公司獨立非執行董事。彼亦為本公司審核委員會、提名委員會及薪酬委員會之成員。彼於一九八五年取得耶魯大學法學博士學位。張先生現於多家公司擔任高級管理層及顧問的職務,其中包括擔任Mandra Capital的主席及兩家於納斯達克證券市場上市的公司新浪公司(SINA Corporation)及Athenex, Inc.的董事。張先生目前為股份於聯交所主板上市的龍源電力集團股份有限公司的獨立非執行董事。彼亦為股份於聯交所GEM上市的積木集團有限公司的非執行董事。張先生自二零零八年四月至二零一三年四月曾擔任本公司獨立非執行董事。

Corporate Governance Practices

China Renewable Energy Investment Limited (the "Company", and with its subsidiaries, collectively, the "Group") is committed to good corporate governance principles and practices and its board of directors (the "Directors" or the "Board") recognises that it is essential to safeguard the interests of shareholders, customers and employees and uphold accountability, transparency and responsibility of the Company.

The Company has applied the principles and complied with the code provisions and certain recommended best practices set out in the Corporate Governance Code (the "CG Code"), contained in Appendix 14 to the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities (the "Listing Rules") on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange") during the year ended 31 December 2018, save for the deviations with considered reasons as explained in the following relevant paragraphs.

Board of Directors Board Composition

The Company has at all time during the year ended 31 December 2018 maintained a balanced board with strong independent element. The Board currently comprises six Directors with three Executive Directors and three Independent Non-executive Directors. Each Director possesses expertise and experience and provides checks and balances for safeguarding the interests of the Group and the shareholders as a whole. In addition, the Company had maintained three Independent Non-executive Directors which formed at least one-third of the full Board. Biographical details of the Directors and their relationships, where applicable, are set out in pages 17 to 20 of this Annual Report.

During the year, the Board at all times met the requirements of the Listing Rules relating to the appointment of at least three Independent Non-executive Directors with at least one Independent Nonexecutive Director possessing appropriate professional qualifications, or accounting or related financial management expertise. The independence of the Independent Non-executive Directors was assessed in accordance with the applicable Listing Rules. Each of the Independent Non-executive Directors has provided to the Company an annual confirmation of independence pursuant to Rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules. The Company considers that all of them are independent.



企業管治常規

中國再生能源投資有限公司(「本公司」,連同 其附屬公司統稱為「本集團」)致力達致良好 之企業管治原則及常規,而其董事會(「董事」 或「董事會」)明白,有關原則及常規對保障股 東、客戶及僱員之利益以及維持本公司問責 性、透明度及責任方面攸關重要。

於截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度,本 公司一直採納香港聯合交易所有限公司(「聯交 所」)證券上市規則(「上市規則」)附錄十四所載 企業管治守則(「企管守則」)之原則,並遵守其 守則條文及若干建議最佳常規,惟若干具有合 理理由之偏離情況除外,有關詳情載於下文相 關段落。

董事會 董事會之組成

本公司於截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年 度全年維持各方面平衡且高度獨立之董事會。 董事會目前由六名董事組成,當中包括三名執 行董事及三名獨立非執行董事。各董事均具備 專業知識及經驗,可收相互制衡之效,以保障 本集團及股東整體利益。此外,本公司維持三 名獨立非執行董事,人數佔整個董事會最少三 分之一。董事之履歷詳情及彼等之關係(如適 用)載於本年報第17頁至第20頁。

董事會於整個年度均符合上市規則之規定,委 任最少三名獨立非執行董事,當中最少一名獨 立非執行董事必須具備適當的專業資格,或具 備適當的會計或相關的財務管理專長。本公司 根據適用上市規則評估獨立非執行董事之獨立 性。本公司已接獲各獨立非執行董事根據上市 規則第3.13條發出之年度獨立性確認書。本公 司認為,彼等均為獨立人士。

Board of Directors (continued) **Chairman and Chief Executive Officer**

According to the Code Provision A.2.1 of the CG Code, the roles of chairman and chief executive officer ("CEO") should be separate and performed by different individuals. Under the current organisation structure of the Company, the functions of CEO are performed by the Chairman, Mr. OEI Kang, Eric, with support from the other Executive Directors. The Board considers that this structure will not impair the balance of power and authority between the Board and the management of the Company, and has been effective in discharging its responsibilities satisfactorily and facilitating the Company's operation and business development. The Board will review the structure from time to time to ensure it continues to meet the principle and will consider segregation of the roles of chairman and CEO if and when appropriate.

Responsibilities of Directors

The Board is responsible for the leadership and control of the Group and is collectively responsible for promoting the success of the Group by directing and supervising the Group's affairs and formulating business strategies with a view to maximising its financial performance and shareholders' value.

The Board has delegated various responsibilities and powers to the Board committees to assist it in efficiently implementing those functions specified in written terms of reference.

Decisions relating to the long-term objectives and viability of the Company, and any acquisitions or disposal of transactions and investments of any kind with value exceeding the authority of the Executive Committee set out in its terms of reference or the threshold for discloseable transactions for the Company as defined in the Listing Rules from time to time are reserved for the Board; whereas decisions on matters set out in the terms of reference of the Executive Committee and those not specifically reserved for the Board are delegated to the Executive Committee and management, as applicable.

Directors are provided with sufficient resources to seek independent professional advice in performing their duties at the Company's expense and are encouraged to consult with the Company's senior management independently. The management provides monthly management accounts of the Group to the Directors to apprise them of the Group's latest performance and financial position.

董事會(續) 主席及行政總裁

根據企管守則項下守則條文第A.2.1條,主席及 行政總裁(「行政總裁」)的角色應有區分,且由 不同人士擔任。根據本公司目前之組織架構, 行政總裁之職能由主席黃剛先生履行,並由其 他執行董事提供支援。董事會認為,此架構將 不會削弱董事會與本公司管理層之權力及職權 平衡,且能有效妥善地履行責任,及促進本公 司之營運及業務發展。董事會將不時檢討該架 構以確保繼續符合原則,並考慮於適當時候分 開主席及行政總裁之角色。

董事責任

董事會負責本集團之領導及監控工作,透過統 管及監督本集團事務及制定業務策略,提升財 務表現及股東價值,共同負責推動本集團邁向 成功。

董事會向其轄下委員會委以重任及授予權力, 以助其有效實施書面職權範圍內訂明之有關職 能。

關於本公司長遠目標及經營能力之決策,及任 何收購或出售交易,及任何類別投資,而其價 值超出執行委員會職權範圍所載權力,或上市 規則不時界定本公司須予披露交易上限者,概 由董事會處理;而關於執行委員會職權範圍所 載事項的決策,及該等毋須特別交由董事會處 理之事項,則由執行委員會及管理層(視適用 情況而定)處理。

董事獲提供充足資源,以尋求獨立專業意見, 從而履行彼等之職務,費用由本公司承擔。彼 等亦可獨立諮詢本公司高級管理層。管理層會 向董事提交本集團每月管理賬目,以便董事評 估本集團最近期表現及財務狀況。



Board of Directors (continued) **Responsibilities of Directors** (continued)

Directors are requested to disclose to the Company at the time of his appointment and in a timely manner for any change, the number and nature of offices held in public companies or organisations and other significant commitments. Such changes will be updated and published in the annual and interim reports as appropriate.

The Company has arranged appropriate liability insurance to indemnify the Group's Directors for their liabilities arising out of corporate activities. The insurance coverage is reviewed on an annual basis.

Nomination, Appointment and Re-election of Directors

All new appointment of Directors and nomination of Directors proposed for re-election at the annual general meeting are first considered by the Nomination Committee. The Nomination Committee will assess the candidate or incumbent on criteria such as integrity, experience, skill and ability to commit time and effort to carry out the duties and responsibilities. Having due regard for the benefits of diversity of the Board, the Nomination Committee will then be put recommendations to the Board for decision. Details of the role and function as well as a summary of the work performed by the Nomination Committee are set out under the heading of "Nomination Committee" below.

In accordance with the articles of association of the Company (the "Articles of Association"), the nearest to but not less than one-third of the Directors shall retire from office by rotation but are eligible for reelection by shareholders at the annual general meeting provided that every Director is subject to retirement by rotation at least once every three years. New appointments to the Board are also subject to reelection by shareholders at the next following annual general meeting (in the case of an addition to the Board) or at the next following general meeting (in the case of filing a casual vacancy).

All Independent Non-executive Directors of the Company were appointed with no specific term, but are subject to the aforesaid rotation requirement in the Articles of Association, accomplishing the same purpose as being appointed for a specific term pursuant to Code Provision A.4.1 of the CG Code. The rotating Directors who are subject to retirement and re-election at 2019 annual general meeting are set out on page 51 of this Annual Report.

董事會(續) 董事責任(續)

董事須於獲委任時向本公司披露彼等於公眾公 司或組織所擔任職位數目及性質以及其他重大 承擔,如有任何變動,須適時向本公司披露。 有關變動將在適當時間在年報及中期報告內更 新及刊載。

本公司已安排適當責任保險,以彌償本集團董 事因企業事務產生之責任。本公司每年檢討保 險範圍。

提名、委任及重選董事

所有新委任之董事及於股東週年大會候任重選 之董事提名均先經由提名委員會初步考慮。提 名委員會將按品格、經驗、技能以及就履行職 務及職責付出時間及努力的能力等標準評估候 選人或在任人。經適當考慮董事會成員多元化 之利益,提名委員會之建議將於其後提交董事 會以作決定。提名委員會之角色及職能以及所 履行工作之概要載於下文「提名委員會」一節。

根據本公司之組織章程細則(「組織章程細 則」),最接近但不少於三分之一的董事須於股 東週年大會輪值退任,惟彼等符合資格可於股 東週年大會上獲股東重選連任,每名董事須 至少每三年輪值退任一次。董事會之新委任董 事亦須於下一屆股東週年大會(倘出任董事會 新增成員)或於下一屆股東大會(倘填補臨時空 缺)由股東重選連任。

本公司全體獨立非執行董事均無固定任期,惟 須遵守上述組織章程細則之輪值退任規定,以 達致企管守則項下守則條文第A.4.1條按固定任 期委任的相同目的。須於二零一九年股東週年 大會輪值退任及重選連任之董事載於本年報第 51頁。

Board of Directors (continued) **Meetings of the Board and Board Committees**

The Directors meet from time to time to discuss and exchange ideas on the affairs of the Company. The Board has set up various Board Committees, among others, the Audit Committee, the Nomination Committee, the Remuneration Committee and the Executive Committee for overseeing particular aspects of the Group's affairs. The terms of reference of the Audit Committee, the Nomination Committee and the Remuneration Committee are available on both the websites of the Company and the Stock Exchange.

During the year, the following meetings of the Board, the Audit Committee, the Nomination Committee and the Remuneration Committee were held and the attendance of the individual Directors at these meetings is set out in the table below:

董事會(續) 董事會及董事委員會會議

董事不時舉行會議,以討論本公司事務及交換 意見。董事會已成立多個董事委員會,其中包 括審核委員會、提名委員會、薪酬委員會及執 行委員會,以監察本集團各項事務之特定範 疇。審核委員會、提名委員會及薪酬委員會之 職權範圍可於本公司及聯交所網站查閱。

年內,董事會、審核委員會、提名委員會及薪 酬委員會曾舉行下列會議,各董事於該等會議 之出席情況載於下表:

| Name of Directors 董事姓名 | Number of meetings attended/ Number of meetings eligible to attend 出席會議數目/合資格出席會議數目 | | | |
|--|---|--|------------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| | Board 董事會 | Audit Committee 審核委員會 | Remuneration Committee 薪酬委員會 | Nomination Committee 提名委員會 |
| Executive Directors 執行董事 Mr. OEI Kang, Eric 黃剛先生 | 4/4 | 2/2 ^{(Note} 附註) | 1/1 (Note 附註) | 1/1 (Note 附註) |
| Mr. LEUNG Wing Sum, Samuel 梁榮森先生 Mr. WONG Jake Leong, Sammy 黃植良先生 | 4/4 4/4 | 2/2 ^(Note 附註) 2/2 ^(Note 附註) | , N/A不適用 N/A不適用 | , N/A不適用 N/A不適用 |
| Independent Non-executive Directors 獨立非執行董事 Mr. YU Hon To, David 俞漢度先生 | 4/4 | 4/4 | 1/1 | 1/1 |
| Mr. TIAN Yuchuan 田玉川先生 Mr. ZHANG Songyi 張頌義先生 | 4/4 2/4 | 4/4 1/4 | 1/1 0/1 | 1/1 0/1 |

Note: The Executive Directors attended the relevant meetings as invitees.

附註: 執行董事以受邀請人身份出席有關會議。



Board of Directors (continued) **Meetings of the Board and Board Committees** (continued)

Notices of not less than fourteen days are given for all regular board meetings to provide all Directors with an opportunity to attend and include matters in the agenda for a regular meeting. For committee meetings, reasonable notice is generally given. The agenda and accompanying board papers are dispatched to the Directors or committee members at least three days before the meetings to ensure that they have sufficient time to review the papers and be adequately prepared for the meetings. When Directors or committee members are unable to attend a meeting, they are advised of the matters to be discussed and given an opportunity to make their views known to the Chairman and CEO prior to the meeting.

Minutes of the board meetings and committee meetings are recorded in sufficient detail on the matters considered by the Board and the committees and the decisions reached, including any concerns raised by the Directors. Draft minutes of each board meeting and committee meeting are sent to the Directors for comments within a reasonable time after the date of the meeting. All Directors have access to the Company Secretary, who is responsible for ensuring that the board procedures are complied with and advising the Board on compliance matters.

The Chairman and CEO acknowledged the significance of promoting a culture of openness and debate among the Board members. To facilitate the effective contribution of Independent Non-executive Directors, the Chairman and CEO held a meeting with Independent Non-executive Directors without the other Executive Directors present in June 2018.

董事會(續) 董事會及董事委員會會議(續)

本公司就所有定期舉行之董事會會議發出不少 於十四日的通知,以向全體董事提供機會騰空 出席及提出商討事項列入定期會議議程。就委 員會會議而言,一般將會作出合理通知。本公 司於舉行會議前最少三日向董事或委員會成員 送交議程及隨附之會議文件,以確保彼等具有 充足時間檢閱該等文件,並就會議作充分準 備。倘董事或委員會成員未能出席會議,彼等 將於會議舉行前得悉將予討論之事項,以使彼 等獲得機會向主席兼行政總裁發表意見。

董事會及委員會會議之會議記錄均充分載列董 事會及委員會所考慮事項之詳情及所達致的決 定,包括董事提出之任何疑慮。各董事會及委 員會會議之會議記錄草擬本於會議舉行日期後 一段合理時間內送交董事,以供董事表達意 見。全體董事均可與公司秘書聯繫,公司秘書 須負責確保已遵守董事會程序,並就合規事宜 向董事會提供意見。

主席兼行政總裁深明在董事會成員之間提倡公開、積極討論的文化之重要性。為促進獨立非執行董事作出有效貢獻,主席兼行政總裁曾於 二零一八年六月與獨立非執行董事及在其他執 行董事避席的情況下進行會議。

Remuneration Committee

The Company has established a Remuneration Committee with written terms of reference. The Remuneration Committee, chaired by an Independent Non-executive Director, comprises four members namely Mr. YU Hon To, David, Mr. TIAN Yuchuan and Mr. ZHANG Songyi, who are Independent Non-executive Directors and Mr. OEI Kang, Eric, who is the Chairman and CEO and was appointed as a member on 20 March 2019.

The Remuneration Committee is responsible for making recommendations to the Board on the Company's remuneration policy and structure for Directors and senior management, and reviewing their remuneration packages. In arriving at its recommendations, the Remuneration Committee will consult with the Chairman and CEO whenever it thinks fit and take into consideration factors such as the remuneration paid by comparable companies, skill, knowledge, time commitment and responsibilities of Directors. The Remuneration Committee has the responsibility, powers and discretion to determine, with delegated responsibility, the remuneration packages of individual Executive Directors and senior management.

During the year under review, the Remuneration Committee held one meeting to review, inter alia, the remuneration policy and structure of Directors including those retired and re-elected at the 2018 annual general meeting of the Company and approve the year-end bonus and salary increment of the Executive Directors. No Director was involved in deciding his own remuneration. The attendance records of each member at the meeting of the Remuneration Committee are set out on page 24. Details of the Directors' and senior management's remuneration for the year are set out in Note 32 to the consolidated financial statements.

薪酬委員會

本公司已成立薪酬委員會,並制訂其書面職權 範圍。薪酬委員會由一名獨立非執行董事擔任 主席,包括四名成員,分別為獨立非執行董事 俞漢度先生、田玉川先生及張頌義先生,以及 主席兼行政總裁黃剛先生,彼於二零一九年三 月二十日獲委任為成員。

薪酬委員會負責就本公司董事及高級管理層之 薪酬政策及結構,向董事會作出推薦建議,以 及檢討彼等之薪酬待遇。於達致其建議時,薪 酬委員會將於其認為合適時諮詢主席兼行政總 裁,並考慮可比較公司所支付之薪酬、董事之 技術、知識、所付出時間及職責等因素。薪酬 委員會具有責任、權力及酌情權,並獲轉授責 任,釐定個別執行董事及高級管理層之薪酬待 遇。

於回顧年內,薪酬委員會曾舉行一次會議,以 檢討(其中包括)董事之薪酬政策及結構,當中 包括於本公司二零一八年股東週年大會退任及 重選連任之董事,以及批准執行董事之年終花 紅及薪酬加幅。概無董事參與釐定本身之薪 酬。各薪酬委員會成員於委員會會議之出席記 錄載於第24頁。年內董事及高級管理層之薪酬 詳情載於綜合財務報表附註32。



Nomination Committee

The Company has established a Nomination Committee with written terms of reference. The Nomination Committee, chaired by an Independent Non-executive Director, comprises four members namely Mr. YU Hon To, David, Mr. TIAN Yuchuan and Mr. ZHANG Songyi, who are Independent Non-executive Directors and Mr. OEI Kang, Eric, who is the Chairman and CEO and was appointed as a member on 20 March 2019. The Nomination Committee held one meeting during the year, and the attendance details of each member are set out on page 24.

The Nomination Committee is responsible for reviewing the structure, size and composition of the Board at least annually, identifying suitable candidates for directorship, assessing the independence of Independent Non-executive Directors, and making recommendations to the Board on any proposed changes to the Board to complement the Company's corporate strategy.

During the year, the work performed by the Nomination Committee includes the following:

- reviewing the structure, size and composition of the Board;
- reviewing the structure of board committees;
- assessing the independence of Independent Non-executive Directors and sufficient number of independent directors to maintain a balanced board;
- making recommendation to the Board relating to the reappointment of the retiring Directors; and
- reviewing the progress report from the management in relation to the Board Diversity Policy.

The Company had provided the Nomination Committee sufficient resources to perform its duties. Where necessary, the Nomination Committee could seek independent professional advice, at the Company's expense, to perform its responsibilities.

提名委員會

本公司已成立提名委員會,並制訂其書面職權 範圍。提名委員會由一名獨立非執行董事擔任 主席,包括四名成員,分別為獨立非執行董事 俞漢度先生、田玉川先生及張頌義先生,以及 主席兼行政總裁黃剛先生,彼於二零一九年三 月二十日獲委任為成員。提名委員會於年內曾 舉行一次會議,各成員之出席詳情載於第24 頁。

提名委員會負責至少每年檢討董事會架構、人 數及組成:物色適合擔任董事之候選人:評估 獨立非執行董事之獨立性;以及就任何為配合 本公司之企業策略而擬對董事會作出的變動提 出建議。

年內,提名委員會進行之工作包括以下各項:

- 檢討董事會架構、人數及組成;
- 檢討董事委員會架構;
- 評估獨立非執行董事之獨立性及獨立董 事人數是否足夠,以維持各方面平衡的 董事會;
- 就續聘退任董事向董事會提出建議;及
- 檢討管理層就董事會多元化政策發出之 進度報告。

本公司已向提名委員會提供充足資源,以履行 其職責。提名委員會可在需要時尋求獨立專業 意見,以履行職責,費用由本公司承擔。

Nomination Committee (continued) Board Diversity Policy

The Board adopted a board diversity policy (the "Board Diversity Policy") on 8 July 2013.

Below is the summary of the Board Diversity Policy:

The Company recognises and embraces the benefits of having a diverse Board, and sees increasing diversity at Board level as an essential element in maintaining a competitive advantage. All appointments of the members of the Board are made on merit, in the context of the skills and experience the Board as a whole requires to be effective. In designing the Board composition, the Company is committed to equality of opportunity in all aspects and does not discriminate on the grounds, including but not limited to, ethnicity, gender, age, cultural and religious background.

The Nomination Committee discussed and agreed the measurable objectives for achieving diversity on the Board and recommended them to the Board for adoption. During the year, the Committee reviewed the existing composition of the Board and received and accepted the progress report from the management in relation to identified business skills and experience required and their ranking and the action plan for recruiting new Board member. It also monitored the review of the Company's recruitment process to reinforce its commitment to the principle of equal opportunity.

提名委員會(續) 董事會多元化政策

本公司已於二零一三年七月八日採納董事會多 元化政策(「董事會多元化政策」)。

董事會多元化政策之概要如下:

本公司了解及認同具有多元化董事會的裨益, 並視在董事會層面的多元化為維持競爭優勢的 重要元素。董事會成員的所有委任均配合董事 會整體運作所需要的技能及經驗水平而作出。 於制訂董事會之組成時,本公司致力於所有方 面做到機會平等,並不會因(包括但不限於)種 族、性別、年齡、文化及宗教背景而有所區 別。

提名委員會已作出討論及協定為達致董事會多 元化的所有可計量目標,並向董事會建議有關 目標以供採納。年內,委員會審閲現有董事會 之組成,並接受及採納了管理層提交的有關識 別業務技能、所需經驗、排名情況及招募新董 事會成員之行動計劃之進度報告。委員會亦監 察本公司招聘過程之審查,以加強其對平等機 會原則之決心。



Audit Committee

The Company has established an Audit Committee with written terms of reference which have been updated from time to time to align with the code provisions set out in the CG Code. The Audit Committee, chaired by an Independent Non-executive Director, comprises three members namely Mr. YU Hon To, David, Mr. TIAN Yuchuan and Mr. ZHANG Songyi, all of whom are Independent Non-executive Directors.

The principal responsibilities of the Audit Committee are to, inter alia, review and supervise the Group's financial reporting process, internal control and risk management procedures, as well as oversee the adequacy of the accounting and financial reporting resources. While recognised corporate governance is the collective responsibility of all Directors, the Board has delegated the corporate governance functions to the members of Audit Committee who are in an objective and independent position to oversee the corporate governance compliance.

During the year under review, the Audit Committee held two meetings together with senior management and external auditor and two private meetings with the external auditor without the management's presence. The attendance details of each member are set out on page 24. The major work performed by the Audit Committee during the year included reviewing interim and annual financial statements, internal audit reports on the internal control and risk management matters, the Company's policies and practices on corporate governance as well as reviewing and recommending re-appointment of external auditor.

The Company has adopted a whistleblowing guideline for employees to raise concerns, in confidence, with the designated executive who is accountable to the Audit Committee about possible improprieties in financial reporting, unlawful activities, or activities violating the Group's Code of Conduct and Business Ethics or otherwise amounting to serious improper conduct and to ensure protection from possible retaliation against any of our employees who has reported concerns in good faith.

審核委員會

本公司已成立審核委員會,並制訂其書面職權 範圍。職權範圍不時更新,貫徹企管守則所載 守則條文。審核委員會由一名獨立非執行董事 擔任主席,包括三名成員,分別為俞漢度先 生、田玉川先生及張頌義先生,彼等均為獨立 非執行董事。

審核委員會之主要職責為(其中包括)檢討及監 察本集團財務匯報程序、內部監控及風險管理 程序以及監察會計及財務匯報資源是否足夠。 雖然達致認可企業管治水平為全體董事之共同 責任,董事會已將企業管治職能轉授予審核委 員會成員,彼等能以客觀獨立身分,監察有否 遵循企業管治守則。

於回顧年內,審核委員會與高級管理層及外聘 核數師曾舉行兩次會議,更在管理層避席情況 下,與外聘核數師舉行兩次私人會議。各成員 之出席詳情載於第24頁。審核委員會年內進行 之主要工作包括審閱中期及年度財務報表、內 部監控及風險管理事宜之內部審核報告、本公 司之企業管治政策與常規,並檢討外聘核數師 之續聘及就此作出建議。

本公司已採納舉報指引,以供僱員保密地向對 審核委員會負責之指定主管舉報財務匯報中可 能存在的不當財務報告事宜、非法活動或違反 本集團商業道德與行為守則或其他嚴重不當行 為的活動,同時確保善意進行舉報的員工免受 可能的報復。

Executive Committee

The Company has established an Executive Committee with the key initiatives to manage the Group's business activities, and oversee the operating performance and financial position of the Group and all strategic business units. The Executive Committee comprises all Executive Directors of the Company and chaired by Mr. OEI Kang, Eric.

During the year under review, the Executive Committee met regularly to review the performance of various business units of the Group, coordinate overall resources, made financial and operation decisions delegated by the Board, review and develop investment strategy and policies of the Company and make relevant recommendations to the Board.

Delegation by the Board

The management, consisting of the Executive Directors and executives of the Company, is delegated with responsibilities for implementing the strategy and direction as adopted by the Board from time to time, and conducting the day-to-day operations of the Group. Executive Directors and executives meet regularly to review the performance of the businesses of various business units of the Group as a whole, coordinate overall resources and make financial and operation decisions. The Board also gives clear directions as to their powers of management including circumstances where management should report back, and will review the delegation arrangements on a periodic basis to ensure that they remain appropriate to the needs of the Group.

Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors

The Company has adopted the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Issuers set out in Appendix 10 to the Listing Rules (the "Model Code") as its own code of conduct regarding Directors' securities transactions. Having made specific enquiries, the Company has obtained confirmation from all Directors that they have complied with the required standards set out in the Model Code during the year ended 31 December 2018.

The Company has also adopted a code for dealing in the Company's securities by relevant employees, who are likely to be in possession of unpublished inside information in relation to the securities of the Group, on no less exacting terms than the Model Code.

執行委員會

本公司已成立執行委員會,主要目的為管理本 集團之業務活動、監管本集團營運表現及財務 狀況以及所有策略業務單位。執行委員會由本 公司全體執行董事組成並由黃剛先生擔任主 席。

回顧年內,執行委員會定期會面,以檢討本集 團各業務單位之表現,並統籌整體資源,及按 董事會授權作出財務及營運決策、覆審並制定 本公司之投資策略及政策並向董事會提出相關 建議。

董事會之授權

管理層(包括執行董事及本公司行政人員)獲授 權負責執行董事會不時採納之策略及方針,及 履行本集團日常營運。執行董事與行政人員定 期會面,審閱本集團各業務單位之整體表現、 協調整體資源安排以及作出財務及營運決策。 董事會亦就管理權力提供清晰指引,包括管理 層須作出匯報之情況,並定期檢討授權安排, 以確保該等安排符合本集團需求。

董事進行證券交易的標準守則

本公司已採納上市規則附錄十所載上市發行人 董事進行證券交易的標準守則(「標準守則」), 作為其本身有關董事進行證券交易之操守守 則。經作出具體查詢後,本公司已獲全體董事 確認,彼等於截至二零一八年十二月三十一日 止年度一直遵守標準守則載列之規定標準。

本公司亦已採納相關僱員買賣本公司證券之守 則,該等僱員可能擁有有關本集團證券之未公 佈內幕消息。有關守則條款不會較標準守則寬 鬆。



Directors' Responsibility for the Financial Statements

The Directors acknowledge their responsibility for preparing the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2018 which give a true and fair view of the affairs of the Company and the Group and of the Group's results and cash flows. In preparing the financial statements, the Directors have adopted generally accepted accounting standards in Hong Kong and suitable accounting policies and applied them consistently, made judgements and estimates that are prudent, fair and reasonable and prepared the financial statements on a going concern basis.

The statement of the Company's auditor about their reporting responsibilities on the financial statements of the Company is set out in the Independent Auditor's Report on pages 63 to 69.

Auditors' Remuneration

For the year ended 31 December 2018, the fees in respect of audit and non-audit services provided to the Group by the auditor amounted to approximately HK\$1.5 million and HK\$0.4 million respectively. The non-audit services consist of interim results review.

董事就財務報表須承擔之責任

董事知悉彼等須負責編製截至二零一八年十二 月三十一日止年度之財務報表,以真實及公平 地反映本公司及本集團之業務狀況以及本集團 之業績及現金流量。編製財務報表時,董事已 採納並持續應用香港公認會計準則及適當之會 計政策,作出審慎、公平及合理之判斷及評 估,並按持續經營基準編製財務報表。

本公司核數師就彼等對本公司財務報表之申報 責任聲明載於第63頁至第69頁之獨立核數師報 告。

核數師酬金

截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度,有關 核數師向本集團提供審核及非審核服務之費用 分別約為1,500,000港元及400,000港元。非審 核服務涉及中期業績審閲服務。

Directors' Training

For the year ended 31 December 2018, all Directors have participated in continuous professional development to develop and refresh their knowledge and skills. The training programmes included seminars and courses, reviewed the updated laws, rules and regulations and materials on topics relevant to the director's duties and responsibilities. A summary of training received by Directors during the year ended 31 December 2018 according to the records provided by the Directors is as follows:

董事培訓

於截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度, 全 體董事已參與持續專業發展,以發展並更新知 識及技能。培訓計劃包括研討會及課程、檢閱 最新法律、規則及規例以及題材關於董事職務 及職責之資料。根據董事提供之培訓記錄, 董 事於截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度曾 接受之培訓概要如下:

| | Training on corporate governance, | | |
|------------------------------|--|--|--|
| Name of Directors | regulatory development and other relevant topics | | |
| 董事姓名 | 企業管治、監管發展及其他相關主題之培訓 | | |
| Executive Directors 執行董事 | | | |

| Mr. OEI Kang, Eric 黃剛先生 | ✓ | |
|---|--------------|--|
| Mr. LEUNG Wing Sum, Samuel 梁榮森先生 | ✓ | |
| Mr. WONG Jake Leong, Sammy 黃植良先生 | ✓ | |
| | | |
| Independent Non-executive Directors 獨立非執行董事 | | |
| Mr. YU Hon To, David 俞漢度先生 | 1 | |
| Mr. TIAN Yuchuan 田玉川先生 | 1 | |
| | | |
| Mr. ZHANG Songyi 張頌義先生 | \checkmark | |

The Company continuously updates Directors on the latest developments in the statutory and regulatory regime and the business environment to facilitate the discharge of their responsibilities. In addition, the Directors are regularly encouraged to enroll in a wide range of professional development courses and seminars regarding the Listing Rules and other regulatory requirements to enhance their awareness of good corporate governance practices. 本公司持續向董事提供最新資料,以便彼等瞭 解法律及監管制度以及營商環境之最新發展, 藉此履行職責。此外,本公司鼓勵董事定期參 加關於上市規則及其他監管規定之各種專業發 展課程及研討會,以提高彼等對良好企業管治 常規之認知。



Risk Management and Internal Control

The Board is responsible for the Group's risk management and internal control systems and reviewing their effectiveness, while management is charged with the responsibility to design, implement and monitor the risk management and internal control systems to manage risks and compliance.

Risk Management Model

風險管理及內部監控

董事會負責監察本集團之風險管理及內部監控 系統,並檢討其成效,而管理層則負責設計、 執行及監察風險管理及內部監控系統以管理風 險及規管事宜。

風險管理模式



As the first line of defense, operational management is responsible for maintaining effective internal controls and for executing risk and control procedures on day-to-day operation. Management of Head Office establishes various risk management and compliance functions to provide direction on the importance of risk management and monitor the first line of defense controls. The Internal Audit and Risk Management ("IARM") Department reviews and provides independent assurance on the effectiveness of risk management and internal control systems of the Group. 作為第一道防線,營運管理層負責維持內部監 控之效用及執行日常營運之風險及監控程序。 總部管理層建立多種風險管理及合規職能,就 風險管理之重要性發出指示及監察第一道防 線。內部審計及風險管理部(「內審部」)評審本 集團風險管理及內部監控系統之效用並就此提 供獨立意見。

Risk Management and Internal Control (continued) **Internal Control Framework**

The Group has in place an integrated internal control framework that is consistent with the COSO (Committee of Sponsoring Organisations of the Treadway Commission) framework as illustrated below:

風險管理及內部監控(續) 內部監控框架

本集團已設立與COSO (Committee of Sponsoring Organisations of the Treadway Commission)框架 一致之綜合內部監控架構,詳見如下:

Control Environment

監控環境

- Set the right tone of the Group influencing control consciousness and risk awareness of the staff. 確立本集團正確的管治基調,以強化僱員的監控意識及風險認知。
- Factors include integrity, ethical values, competence, delegation of authority and responsibility. 涵蓋個人操守、道德價值、勝任能力、授權及責任範圍等因素。
- Foundation for all other components of internal control. 作為所有其他內部監控組成部分的基礎。

Risk Assessment

風險評估

• Identification, evaluation and analysis of the key risks underlying the achievement of the Group's objectives, including the risks relating to the changing regulatory and operating environment; conducted regularly, forming the basis for determining control activities.

定期識別,評估及分析與達致本集團目標相關的主要風險(包括有關監管及經營環境變化的風險),並以此作為制 定監控活動的基礎。

Control Activities

監控活動

- Policies and procedures for ensuring management directives are carried out and necessary actions are taken to address the risks that may hinder the achievement of the Group's objectives.
 制定政策及程序,確保管理層之指示得以執行以及採取必要行動處理或會影響本集團達致目標之風險。
- Control activities include authorisations, approvals, verifications, performance reviews, segregation of duties, asset security, access control, documentation and records.

監控活動包括授權、審批、核實、績效檢討、職責劃分、資產保護、存取控制、文件存檔及記錄等。

Information and Communication

資訊及通訊

- Pertinent information is identified, captured and provided to the right person in a timely manner. 適時識別、擷取及向適當人士提供相關資料。
- Channels of communication across the Group and with external parties are established. 建立本集團各部門之間以及與外界人士之溝通渠道。
- Channels of communication exist for people to report suspected malpractices or improprieties relating to the Group.

就舉報涉嫌與本集團事務有關的違規事件或不當行為設立溝通渠道。

Monitoring

監察

- Combination of ongoing and separate evaluations of control system's performance. 持續及個別評估監控系統的績效。
- Management and supervisory activities.
 管理及監察工作。
- Internal audit activities.
 - 內部審計工作。



Risk Management and Internal Control (continued) **Control Environment**

The actions of management and its demonstrated commitment to maintaining a high standard of corporate governance practices within the Group are transparent to all. The Group strives to conduct all business affairs based on good business ethics and accountability. We have in place a formal Code of Conduct & Business Ethics that is communicated to all staff members. We aim to build risk awareness and control responsibility into our culture and regard them as the foundation of our risk management and internal control systems.

The risk management and internal control systems are designed to monitor the Group's ability to achieve its business objectives; and can provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance against material misstatement or loss.

We maintain an effective internal audit function, the IARM Department, whose main features include:

- (i) independence from operational management;
- (ii) fully empowered auditors with access to all data and every operation of the Group;
- (iii) adequate resources and well qualified and capable staff;
- (iv) risk-based auditing, concentrating on areas with significant risks or where significant changes have been made.

Risk Management

Management has an ongoing process to identify and evaluate the significant risks facing the Group and to prioritise resources to manage those that arise. Mitigation strategies and plans with respect to each key risk identified are developed and implemented with regular review and update, which include establishing or enhancing internal controls.

Heads of the departments, projects and business units regularly review and analyse the key risks associated with achieving the objectives of their particular departments, activities and businesses to provide reasonable assurance that internal controls are both embedded and effective within their areas of accountability.

風險管理及內部監控(續) 監控環境

管理層之行為及其致力確保本集團維持高水平 企業管治之決心是有跡可尋,透明度極高的。 本集團致力按良好商業道德操守及問責制進行 所有業務事宜,並已訂立正式的商業道德與行 為守則,且已知會全體員工。本集團旨在於企 業文化內建立風險意識及監控責任,並視之為 其風險管理及內部監控系統之基礎。

風險管理及內部監控系統是為了監控本集團可 達致的業務目標而設,其對於重大錯誤陳述或 損失,只能提供合理而非絕對之保證。

本集團維持有效內部審計職能(即內審部),其 主要特色包括:

- (i) 獨立於營運管理;
- (ii) 全面賦予審計人員權利,可查閱本集團 所有數據及營運資料;
- (iii) 具備充足資源,以及資歷深厚且能幹之 員工;
- (iv) 推行以風險為本的審計工作,集中處理 具重大風險或曾作出重大變動之範疇。

風險管理

管理層持續識別及評估本集團所面對之主要風險,及優化資源配置以管理已產生之主要風險。本集團已就各項已識別之主要風險,制定 並執行緩和策略及計劃,並定期檢討及更新, 當中包括建立或加強內部監控措施。

各部門、項目及業務單位之主管均定期檢討及 分析與達致其部門、活動及業務目標相關之主 要風險,並合理地確保各內部監控措施在其職 責範疇內持續有效地運作。

Risk Management and Internal Control (continued) **Control Processes**

The Board maintains sound and effective risk management and internal control systems through the following:

- (i) The Board reviews the Group's strategic plans and objectives on an annual basis.
- (ii) An organisational structure with defined lines of responsibility and delegation of authority is devised.
- (iii) Systems and procedures are in place to identify and evaluate risks on an ongoing basis. Senior executives review the risk assessment process and monitor the effectiveness of the Group's risk management and internal control systems.
- (iv) Appropriate policies and key control activities are maintained with regular review on their effectiveness.
- (v) Financial performance is analysed against budget with variances being accounted for and appropriate actions taken to rectify deficiencies.
- (vi) Senior executives ensure compliance with relevant laws, regulations, standards and ordinances, including Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards, the Listing Rules and the Companies Ordinance, under their responsibility.
- (vii) The IARM Department reports directly to the Audit Committee and the CEO, and carries out independent reviews on the adequacy and effectiveness of the Group's risk management and internal control systems in accordance with its annual audit plan approved by the Audit Committee. Key audit findings and implementation progress of internal control recommendations are regularly reported to the Board through the Audit Committee. Head of the IARM Department also serves as the contact person under the Whistleblowing Guideline of the Company.

風險管理及內部監控(續) 監控程序

董事會透過下列程序,維持行之有效的風險管 理及內部監控系統:

- (i) 董事會每年檢討本集團的策略計劃及目標。
- (ii) 制定具清晰職責及授權範圍之組織架構。
- (iii) 建立制度及程序,持續識別及評估風險。高級行政人員負責檢討風險評估程序及監察本集團風險管理及內部監控系統之效能。
- (iv) 持續執行合適的政策及主要監控活動, 並定期檢討其成效。
- (v) 將財務表現與預算作比較分析,考慮當 中差異,並採取適當行動以補救不足之 處。
- (vi) 高級行政人員負責確保其職責範疇內的 相關法律、法規、準則及條例均獲遵 守,包括香港財務報告準則、上市規則 及公司條例。
- (vii) 內審部直接向審核委員會及行政總裁匯 報。其根據已獲審核委員會審批之年度 審核計劃,對本集團風險管理及內部監 控系統之足夠性及效能進行獨立審核, 並透過審核委員會定期向董事會匯報重 要審核結果及內部監控建議之執行情 況。根據本公司之舉報指引,內審部之 主管亦擔任舉報聯絡人。



Risk Management and Internal Control (continued) **Review of Internal Control Effectiveness**

The Executive Directors of the Company conduct reviews of the effectiveness of the Group's risk management and internal control systems, and submit to the Audit Committee a certification of compliance for effectiveness and efficiency of operations, reliability of financial reporting, and compliance with applicable laws and regulations bi-annually. The scope of this review covers the adequacy of resources, staff qualifications and experience, training programmes and budget of the Group's accounting, internal audit and financial reporting functions.

The Audit Committee regularly reviews the audit findings and implementation progress of internal control recommendations, and opinion of the IARM Department on the performance of risk management and internal control systems of the Group. External auditor also reports on any control issues identified in the course of their audit work.

Taking the above into consideration, the Audit Committee reviews the effectiveness of the Group's risk management and internal control systems at least once each year and reports to the Board on such reviews.

The Board has, through the Audit Committee, reviewed and considered the Group's risk management and internal control systems effective and adequate for the year ended 31 December 2018. No significant areas of concern that might affect the operational, financial, and compliance controls and risk management function of the Group were identified.

風險管理及內部監控(續) 檢討內部監控效能

本公司之執行董事每年兩度就本集團風險管理 及內部監控系統之效能進行檢討,評估有關營 運效益及效率、財務匯報的可靠性及適用的法 律及法規之遵從情況,並就此向審核委員會呈 交合規證明書。是項檢討之範圍涵蓋本集團在 會計、內部審計及財務匯報職能方面的資源、 員工資歷及經驗是否足夠,以及培訓課程及預 算是否充足。

審核委員會定期檢閱內審部的審核結果及內部 監控建議之執行情況,以及內審部對本集團風 險管理及內部監控系統表現之意見。外聘核數 師亦會匯報其工作中識別之任何監控問題。

審核委員會在計及上述因素後,至少每年檢討 本集團風險管理及內部監控系統效能一次,並 就有關檢討結果向董事會匯報。

董事會已透過審核委員會檢討本集團之風險管 理及內部監控系統,並認為就截至二零一八年 十二月三十一日止年度而言,本集團之風險管 理及內部監控系統屬有效及足夠。概無發現任 何可能影響本集團營運、財務及合規監控以及 風險管理職能之相關重大事項。

Risk Management and Internal Control (continued) **Inside Information**

With respect to procedures and internal controls for the handling and dissemination of inside information, the Company:

- (i) is aware of the obligations under the Securities and Futures Ordinance, the applicable Listing Rules and other statutory regulations with regard to the timely and proper disclosure of inside information, announcements and financial disclosures and authorises their publication as required.
- (ii) has adopted and implemented its Inside Information Disclosure Policy.
- (iii) has in place a Code for Securities Dealing for governing the securities transactions of those employees who, because of their positions, are likely to have access to confidential or inside information.
- (iv) identifies and authorises members of the Group's senior management to act as the Company's spokespersons and respond to external enquiries.

Company Secretary

The Company Secretary reports to the Chairman and CEO on Board or committee matters. He is an employee of HKC (Holdings) Limited ("HKC"), the holding company of the Company, who serves both the Company and HKC. All Directors have direct access to the advice and services of the Company Secretary for the ongoing discharge of their duties and responsibilities. For the financial year ended 31 December 2018, the Company Secretary took more than 15 hours of relevant professional training organised by the Stock Exchange and various professional bodies.

Constitutional Documents of the Company

The Company has published its updated and consolidated version of Memorandum and Articles of Association at the websites of the Stock Exchange and the Company. During the year, there was no alteration on the constitutional documents of the Company.

風險管理及內部監控(續) 內幕消息

就處理及發佈內幕消息之程序及內部監控方 面,本公司:

- (i) 知悉根據證券及期貨條例、相關上市規 則及其他監管規定,有關適時妥善披露 內幕消息、公佈及財務披露資料的義 務,並在需要時授權刊發。
- (ii) 已採納及實施其內幕消息披露政策。
- (iii) 已訂立買賣證券守則,旨在規管因工作 關係而可能取得機密或內幕消息之員工 的證券交易。
- (iv) 已選定本集團高級管理層成員,並授權 彼等擔任本公司發言人,以回應外界提 問。

公司秘書

公司秘書向主席兼行政總裁匯報關於董事會或 委員會之事宜。公司秘書受聘於本公司之控股 公司香港建設(控股)有限公司(「香港建設」), 同時為本公司及香港建設服務。全體董事可直 接聯繫公司秘書徵求意見及服務,以便持續履 行彼等之職務及職責。於截至二零一八年十二 月三十一日止財政年度,公司秘書參加了超過 15小時由聯交所及多個專業機構舉辦之相關專 業培訓。

本公司組織章程文件

本公司已於聯交所及本公司網站刊載本公司之 組織章程大綱及章程細則之最新綜合版本。年 內,並無對本公司之組織章程文件作出任何修 改。



General Meeting

The last annual general meeting of the Company was held on 29 May 2018 (the "2018 AGM"). The Chairman and CEO chaired the 2018 AGM. The external auditor attended the 2018 AGM to answer questions about the conduct of the audit, the preparation and content of the auditor's report, the accounting policies and auditor independence.

The attendance record of the individual Directors at the 2018 AGM is set out in the table below:

Name of Directors 董事姓名

Executive Directors 執行董事

Mr. OEI Kang, Eric 黃剛先生 Mr. LEUNG Wing Sum, Samuel 梁榮森先生 Mr. WONG Jake Leong, Sammy 黃植良先生

Independent Non-executive Directors 獨立非執行董事

Mr. YU Hon To, David 俞漢度先生 Mr. TIAN Yuchuan 田玉川先生 Mr. ZHANG Songyi 張頌義先生

Note: Independent Non-executive Directors are required to attend general meetings pursuant to code provision A.6.7 of the CG Code. All Independent Non-executive Directors were encouraged to attend the general meeting to inter-face with shareholders of the Company but some of them were not in a position to attend the 2018 AGM due to overseas commitment and prearranged business engagements.

附註: 獨立非執行董事須根據企管守則項下守則條文第 A.6.7條出席股東大會。本公司鼓勵全體獨立非執行 董事出席股東大會,以便與本公司股東會面,惟部分 獨立非執行董事因海外事務及預先安排之商務要約而 未能出席二零一八年股東週年大會。

股東大會

本公司上一屆股東週年大會於二零一八年五月 二十九日舉行(「二零一八年股東週年大會」)。 主席兼行政總裁擔任二零一八年股東週年大會 主席。外聘核數師亦出席二零一八年股東週年 大會,以解答有關核數、核數師報告之編製及 內容、會計政策及核數師獨立性之提問。

各董事於二零一八年股東週年大會之出席記錄 載列如下:

2018 AGM Attended 出席二零一八年股東週年大會

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Shareholders' Rights

i. Procedures for shareholders to convene an extraordinary general meeting and put forward proposals at general meetings

Shareholders can put forward their proposals at an extraordinary general meeting. Procedures for the shareholders of the Company to convene an extraordinary general meeting is provided for under Article 58 of the Articles of Association.

Under Article 58 of the Articles of Association, any member(s) holding not less than one-tenth of the paid up capital of the Company shall have the right, by written requisition to the Board or the Company Secretary, to require an extraordinary general meeting to be called by the Board for the transaction of any business specified in such requisition ("Requisitionists"). The written request must state the resolution, preferably accompanied by a statement of not more than one thousand words with respect to the matter referred to in the proposed resolution for the Company's reference and consideration, signed by the all Requisitionists concerned.

The written request must be deposited at the head office of the Company at 9/F., Tower 1, South Seas Centre, 75 Mody Road, Tsimshatsui East, Kowloon, Hong Kong, for the attention of the Company Secretary.

The request will be verified with the Company's branch share registrar and transfer agent in Hong Kong (the "Branch Share Registrars"). Upon the Branch Share Registrars' confirmation that the request is proper and in order, the Company will convene an extraordinary general meeting within two months after the deposit of such requisition, and will serve sufficient notice in accordance with the statutory and regulatory requirements to all members of the Company.

ii. Procedures for election of directors of the Company

The procedures for the shareholders of the Company to propose a person for election as a Director are available and accessible on the Company's website at www.cre987.com.

股東權益

i. 股東召開股東特別大會並於股東大會 提呈建議之程序

股東可於股東特別大會提呈彼等之建 議。組織章程細則第58條列明關於本公 司股東召開股東特別大會之程序。

根據組織章程細則第58條,任何持有 本公司實繳股本不少於十分之一之股 東,有權透過向董事會或公司秘書提出 書面請求,以要求董事會召開股東特別 大會,藉此處理該請求列明之事項(「呈 請人」)。由所有相關呈請人簽署之書面 呈請必須列明決議案,最好附有不多於 一千字有關提呈之決議案所述事宜之陳 述書,以供本公司參考及考慮。

書面呈請必須提交本公司之總辦事處, 地址為香港九龍尖沙咀東麼地道75號南 洋中心一期九樓,並註明收件人為公司 秘書。

本公司之香港股份過戶登記分處(「股份 過戶分處」)將會查核呈請。於股份過戶 分處確認呈請為妥當及符合程序後,本 公司將於收到呈請後兩個月內召開股東 特別大會,並根據法定及監管規定向本 公司全體股東發出充足通知。

ii. 推選本公司董事之程序

本公司股東建議推選任何人士出任董事 之程序可於本公司網站www.cre987.com 查閱。



Communication with Shareholders

The Board believes regular and timely communication with shareholders forms part of the Group's effort to help our shareholders understand our business better. Copies of the annual reports and interim reports of the Company are distributed to its shareholders in accordance with statutory and regulatory requirements and also to interested parties recorded in the Company's mailing lists. The publications of the Company, including financial reports, circulars and announcements, are also available on the Company's website at www.cre987.com.

The Company acknowledges that general meetings are good communication channel with the shareholders. At the general meeting, each substantially separate issue is considered by a separate resolution, including election of individual directors, and the poll procedures are clearly explained. The Chairman and CEO, other members of the Board, the Chairmen of the relevant Board Committees and the external auditor of the Company attended the annual general meeting to interface with, and answer questions from the shareholders of the Company.

Shareholders can send their enquiry to the Board by the following ways:

| Post : | 9/F., Tower 1, South Seas Centre, 75 Mody Road, Tsimshatsui East, Kowloon, Hong Kong | 郵寄 | : | 香港九龍尖沙咀東 南洋中心一期九樓 |
|----------|---|----|---|----------------------|
| E-mail : | info@cre987.com | 電郵 | : | info@cre987.com |
| Fax : | (852) 2722 1323 | 傳真 | : | (852) 2722 1323 |

與股東之溝通

董事會相信,定期及適時與股東溝通為本集 團致力協助股東更深入了解本集團業務之重 要一環。本公司根據法例及監管規定,向股 東及名列本公司郵寄名單中之有關人士寄發 本公司年報及中期報告。本公司之刊物(包 括財務報告、通函及公佈),亦於本公司網站 www.cre987.com可供查閱。

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本公司明白股東大會為與股東溝通之良好渠 道。於股東大會上,各重大個別事項均以獨立 決議案方式考慮,包括推選個別董事,本公司 亦會清楚解釋按股數投票表決之程序。主席兼 行政總裁、董事會其他成員、相關董事委員會 主席以及本公司外聘核數師均出席股東週年大 會,與本公司股東會面並回答股東提問。

股東可透過以下途徑向董事會提出諮詢:

- 東麼地道75號 蛗
- n
- (852) 2722 1323

China Renewable Energy Investment Limited (the "Company" or "CRE", and with its subsidiaries, collectively, the "Group") is pleased to present its annual Environmental, Social and Governance Report (the "ESG Report") with disclosure reference made to the Environmental, Social and Governance Reporting Guide (the "ESG Reporting Guide") as contained in Appendix 27 to the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities (the "Listing Rules") on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange"). The ESG Report covers the financial year ended 31 December 2018.

This ESG Report describes the Group's environmental, social and governance management approach, strategy, priorities and objectives. It explains how the Group complies with the "comply or explain" provisions of the ESG Reporting Guide. This ESG Report covers the Group's governance on the Environmental and Social aspect. The corporate governance aspect is addressed in more details in the Corporate Governance Report.

As one of the earliest investors in China's renewable energy sector since 2006, the Group has been heavily involved in environmental protection and in reducing carbon emissions in China. CRE strives to continuously improve and evolve in the renewable energy sector in order to adapt to the changing expectations of our stakeholders while balancing the needs of our shareholders, the environment and the communities we operate in. 中國再生能源投資有限公司(「本公司」或「中 國再生能源」,建同其附屬公司,統稱「本集 團」)欣然提呈其年度環境、社會及管治報告 (「環境、社會及管治報告」),乃參考香港聯合 交易所有限公司(「聯交所」)證券上市規則(「上 市規則」)附錄二十七所載「環境、社會及管治 報告指引」(「環境、社會及管治報告指引」)所 披露。本環境、社會及管治報告涵蓋截至二零 一八年十二月三十一日止財政年度。

本環境、社會及管治報告列示本集團的環境、 社會及管治管理方法、策略、優先次序及目 標,説明本集團如何遵守環境、社會及管治報 告指引中「不遵守就解釋」原則。本環境、社會 及管治報告涵蓋本集團有關環境及社會範疇的 管治。有關企業管治範疇的詳情載於企業管治 報告。

從二零零六年開始作為在中國最早投資可再生 能源領域的投資者之一,本集團一直積極參與 環境保護及減少中國的碳排放。中國再生能源 致力於可再生能源領域的不斷改進與發展,回 應權益人不斷改變的期望,同時平衡股東、環 境及運營所在社區三者間之需求。



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ENVIRONMENTAL, SOCIAL AND GOVERNANCE REPORT 環境、社會及管治報告

ENVIRONMENTAL EMISSIONS AND USE OF RESOURCES

The Group has seven wind farms and one distributed solar project under operation with a total gross power generating capacity of 664 Mega-Watt in Hebei, Heilongjiang, Gansu, Inner Mongolia and Zhejiang provinces. Most of our projects are located in remote northern regions, which greatly benefit the economic development of the local area through investment, by reducing local pollution and carbon emissions, and by contributing to the local community through the hiring of local staff who are given fair market based remuneration packages. In 2018, CRE's operating assets complied with all local environmental related regulatory requirements. With a total electricity generation of 1,362.2 Giga-Watt-hours ("GWh") (2017: 1,325.2 GWh), we have reduced approximately 443,000 tons (2017: 431,000 tons) of coal consumption and 1,054,000 tons (2017: 1,025,000 tons) of carbon emission. For our Songxian Phase I Wind Farm which is still under construction in 2019, we will closely monitor the environmental performance of the construction sites through regular measurements, site supervision, and on-site audits by both CRE internal staff and independent parties.

We place importance on creating positive relationships with stakeholders through understanding and addressing their expectations. As one of the main foreign investors in China's renewable energy industry, we continue to maintain close contacts with our stakeholders, including but not limited to the Government (e.g. the Development and Reform Commission and the Energy Administration at both national and provincial level), local authorities (e.g. environmental and land bureau) and the State Grid Corporation through various meetings to facilitate their understanding of our business, operations and development direction.

環境 排放物及資源使用

本集團於河北、黑龍江、甘肅、內蒙古及浙江 等省份營運七座風力發電場及一個分佈式太 陽能發電項目,總發電裝機容量合計為664兆 瓦。大部分項目均位於偏遠的北部地區,投資 非常有利於當地經濟發展。透過減少當地污染 及碳排放,並按照公平的市場薪酬僱用當地員 工,貢獻當地社區。於二零一八年,中國再生 能源的運營資產符合當地所有環境相關監管 條例。我們的總發電量為1,362.2吉瓦時(「吉 瓦時」)(二零一七年:1,325.2吉瓦時),煤炭 消耗量因而減少約443,000噸(二零一七年: 431,000噸),碳排放量減少約1,054,000噸(二 零一七年:1,025,000噸)。就我們於二零一九 年仍在建設中的嵩縣一期風力發電場而言, 我們將委派中國再生能源的內部員工及獨立人 士,進行定期測量、現場監督及實地審核,密 切監察建築工地符合環保要求。

我們重視與權益人建立良好關係,致力了解及 回應他們的期望。作為中國可再生能源行業的 主要境外投資者之一,我們繼續與權益人(包 括但不限於政府(如國家及省級發展和改革委 員會及能源局)、地方當局(如環境及土地局) 及國家電網公司)透過各種會議保持緊密聯 繫,讓他們了解我們的業務、營運及發展方 向。

ENVIRONMENTAL (continued) EMISSIONS AND USE OF RESOURCES (continued)

The Group will continue to support the low carbon development in China though investing in various renewable energy projects. At the same time, we will explore other means to further contribute to the communities we operate in as the Group grows larger and more profitable.

The Group does not generate any hazardous waste and water consumption is minimal.

The Group applies the following energy saving measures in the workplace:

- Lights and electrical appliances in living area or workplace must be turned off when not in use.
- Staff is reminded to switch off lights and air-conditioning in the meeting room and the computer at the workstation when it is not in use.
- The room temperature is maintained at 25°C to save energy.
- Video and telephone conferencing instead of face-to-face meetings are arranged where possible.
- The Group encourages employees to reduce the use of paper by assessing the necessity of printing, by encouraging duplex printing where appropriate, and by reusing the blank side of single-side printed paper.

Under the KPIs A1.1 to A1.6 of the ESG Reporting Guide, the Company is required to disclose the data on emissions, greenhouse gas emissions, total hazardous waste, total nonhazardous waste and description of measures to mitigate emissions and reduce hazardous and nonhazardous waste.

Also, under the KPIs A2.1 to A2.5 of the ESG Reporting Guide, the Company is required to disclose the data on the energy consumption and water consumption and the description of energy use efficiency initiatives, water efficiency initiatives and total packaging material used.

環境*(續)* 排放物及資源使用(*續)*

本集團將透過投資各種可再生能源項目,繼續 支持中國的低碳發展。同時,隨著本集團實力 及盈利能力增強,本集團將尋求透過其他方式 為運營所在社區作出更多貢獻。

本集團並無產生任何有害廢棄物,且耗水量極 少。

本集團在工作場所採用以下節能措施:

- 生活區域或工作場合的照明及電器設備 在不使用時必須關閉。
- 提醒員工在不使用時關閉會議室的燈光
 及空調以及工作站的電腦。
- 室溫應維持在25℃,以節約能源。
- 盡可能安排視頻及電話會議,而非面對 面會議。
- 本集團鼓勵員工透過評估打印的必要性 來減少紙張消耗量,並鼓勵員工酌情使 用雙面打印功能及重複使用單面打印紙。

根據《環境、社會及管治報告指引》的關鍵績效 指標A1.1至A1.6,本公司須披露有關排放物、 溫室氣體排放、有害廢棄物總量、無害廢棄物 總量的數據並描述減低排放量及減少有害及無 害廢棄物的措施。

另外,根據《環境、社會及管治報告指引》的關 鍵績效指標A2.1至A2.5,本公司須披露有關能 源消耗量及耗水量的數據並描述能源使用效益 計劃、用水效益計劃及所用包裝材料的總量。



ENVIRONMENTAL (continued) EMISSIONS AND USE OF RESOURCES (continued)

Further, under the KPI A3.1 of the ESG Reporting Guide, the Company is required to disclose the description of the significant impacts of activities on the environment and natural resources and the actions taken to manage them.

As the principal activity of the Company is renewable energy business (including wind power and distributed solar energy generation business), the Company viewed that the KPIs A1.1 to A1.6, KPIs A2.1 to A2.5 and KPI A3.1 of the ESG Reporting Guide are not material to the principal activities of the Company and have not disclosed in this report.

SOCIAL

The Group regards people as its most important asset. Over the years, the Group has put considerable effort to provide a safe and healthy staff environment for its employees. The Group offers a comprehensive and competitive package of benefits to attract and retain talent.

EMPLOYMENT

The Group has adopted an "Employee Handbook" which sets out the practices and policies of human resources. The Employee Handbook is in compliance with the Labor law of the People's Republic of China (the "PRC"), Labour Contract Law, the Hong Kong employment laws and other relevant laws and regulations. The Employee Handbook covers areas such as compensation and dismissal, recruitment and promotion, working hours, rest periods, diversity, and other policies for the benefit of the employees of the Company.

The Group is an equal opportunity employer and does not discriminate on the basis of personal characteristics. Regardless of race, color, descent, ethnic background, ethnic origin, gender, age, nationality, disability, veteran status, citizenship and religion, all job applicants and current employees enjoy equal opportunities and fair treatment. The Group values the input and contributions made by employees of all backgrounds.

During the year ended 31 December 2018, the Group has complied with all the relevant rules and regulations in relation to employment.

環境(續) 排放物及資源使用(續)

此外,根據《環境、社會及管治報告指引》的關鍵績效指標A3.1,本公司須披露業務活動對環境及天然資源的重大影響及已採取管理有關影響的行動。

由於本公司主要從事可再生能源業務(包括風 能及分佈式太陽能發電業務),本公司認為《環 境、社會及管治報告指引》的關鍵績效指標 A1.1至A1.6、關鍵績效指標A2.1至A2.5及關鍵 績效指標A3.1對本公司主要業務而言並無重大 影響,故在本報告中不予以披露。

社會

本集團將人才視為其最寶貴的資產。多年來, 本集團一直竭力為僱員提供安全及健康的就業 環境。本集團提供全面及具競爭力的福利待 遇,以吸引及挽留人才。

僱傭

本集團已採納「僱員手冊」,當中載列人力資源 常規及政策。該僱員手冊符合中華人民共和國 (「中國」)勞動法、勞動合同法、香港僱傭法例 以及其他相關法律法規。僱員手冊涵蓋賠償與 解僱、招募與晉升、工時、休息時間、多元化 以及有關本公司僱員福利的其他政策等領域。

本集團乃提供平等機會的僱主,不會歧視個人 特徵。無論種族、膚色、血統、種族背景、種 族起源、性別、年齡、國籍、殘疾、退伍軍人 身份、公民資格及宗教如何,所有工作申請人 及現有僱員享有平等機會及公平待遇。本集團 珍視背景各異的僱員的加入及彼等作出的貢 獻。

截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度,本集 團已遵守所有與僱傭相關的規則及規例。

SOCIAL (continued) HEALTH AND SAFETY

The Group is committed to providing a safe, effective and congenial work environment. Adequate arrangements, training and guidelines are implemented to ensure the working environment is healthy and safe. Different safety-related initiatives and measures have been rolled out in the Company's operations. Risk assessments are also conducted to identify risks in special working environments, while detailed safety instructions have been formulated and communicated to workers, including both employees and contractors as part of their safety training sessions and pre-work risk assessment. Safety officers are appointed to coordinate and communicate safety-related matters to all workers on site.

The Company offers its employees comprehensive health care coverage and also provides medical insurance coverage.

DEVELOPMENT AND TRAINING

The Group encourages employees to attend training and development programs to strengthen their job skills, to enhance their professionalism, to improve their operational efficiency and productivity, and to develop their potential and other talents. In addition, the Group encourages and assists employees to further develop their technical or professional standards knowledge by sponsoring them for professional membership. All applications for membership fee reimbursement will be considered depending on their degree of importance to the employee's job and their relevance to the operational requirements of the employee's department. Continuous professional development training for directors and senior management are required and the Group encourages them to attend training programs organised by various professional bodies.

LABOUR STANDARDS

The Group's employment practices has strictly complied with the Labor Contract law of PRC, the Hong Kong employment laws and other relevant laws and regulations to avoid child or forced labour and other potential irregularities. During recruitment, all job applicants are required to complete a job application form and declare that all personal data provided (including age and personal particulars) are true and correct. The Group undertakes a detailed job reference check, if needed.

社會(續) 健康與安全

本集團承諾提供安全、有效及理想的工作環 境。本集團已作出適當的安排、培訓及指引, 以確保工作環境健康安全。已在公司的業務營 運中推出不同的安全計劃及措施。亦會進行風 險評估,以識別特殊操作環境中的風險,同時 制定詳細的安全指引,傳達予所有員工(包括 僱員及承包商),作為其其中一個安全培訓課 程及工作前風險評估。已委派安全主任協調及 向現場所有員工傳達安全相關事項。

本公司為其員工提供全面的醫療保障計劃,並 提供醫療保險。

發展及培訓

本集團鼓勵僱員參加培訓及發展計劃,以提升 僱員的工作技能,更新專業水平,提高經營效 率及生產力,以及開發僱員的潛能及天賦。此 外,本集團透過提供資助專業資格,鼓勵及協 助僱員進一步學習技術或專業水平知識。所有 專業協會年費資助申請均將根據其對僱員工作 的重要程度及與僱員部門的營運要求的相關度 而審議。向董事及高級管理層提供持續專業發 展培訓寘屬必要,且本集團鼓勵彼等參加由各 類專業機構組織的培訓課程。

勞工準則

本集團的僱傭常規嚴格遵守中國勞動合同法、 香港僱傭法例及其他相關法律法規,以避免童 工或強制勞工或其他潛在的違法行為。於招聘 期間,所有工作申請人均須填寫工作申請表且 聲明提供的所有個人資料(包括年齡及個人詳 情)均屬真實、準確。本集團將開展詳細的工 作證明材料核查(如需)。



SOCIAL (continued) SUPPLY CHAIN MANAGEMENT

The Group is committed to ensuring that its supply chain management is socially responsible. The Group has adopted procurement procedures and practices to identify eligible bidders through a detailed assessment of prospective bidders. Factors considered include company size, qualifications, financial strength, previous track record and whether various safety, environmental and quality related internal systems and qualifications (e.g. ISO) are in place. Qualified parties are then allowed to participate in the procurement process. Suppliers are chosen based on the supplier's ability to guarantee satisfactory product quantity and quality, price and ability to deliver services on time. The Group closely monitors supplier's performance and provides feedback where necessary.

PRODUCT RESPONSIBILITY

Maintaining high quality and standards are crucial to the Group's sustainable development. Reliability, safety, and quality of our energy generation are crucial to the Group's success. Therefore, maintaining high availability and operating our wind and solar assets efficiently to maximize our energy generation are the Group's major priorities.

During the construction of wind and distributed solar project, the main equipment procured such as wind turbines and solar panels are required to have completed all necessary testing and qualifications certification in accordance with national standards. At the same time, the Group has undertaken production control and quality assurance examination of the procured equipment to make sure of its product quality so as to protect the interests of shareholders and customers.

The Group puts considerable effort in dealing with the core issues that make us competitive as a renewable energy operator, including safety, health, environmental and quality standards, and operation & maintenance capability. The Group continuously reviews its construction to ensure it is consistent with the original project design. With regard to the quality of construction and health and safety standards, the Group strictly adheres to national and local standards and the respective codes for construction inspection and acceptance.

社會(續) 供應鏈管理

本集團致力於確保其供應鏈管理對社會負責。 本集團採取採購流程及常規,透過對擬投標方 進行詳細評估,確定其是否具備投標資格。所 考慮因素包括公司規模、資格、財政實力、以 往項目紀錄及各種安全、環境及質量相關內部 系統及資格(如ISO)是否已準備就緒。隨後, 合資格者獲准參與採購流程。供應商甄選以其 保證令人滿意的產品數量及質量的能力、價格 以及準時交付服務的能力為基準。本集團嚴密 監控供應商的表現,並於必要時作出反饋。

產品責任

維持高質量及高標準對本集團的可持續發展至 關重要,而能源生產的可靠性、安全性及質量 是本集團取得成功的關鍵。因此,維持高可用 性及高效經營風力及太陽能資產,盡量提高能 源生產量,是本集團的主要優先任務。

於風力發電及分佈式太陽能項目建設期間,採 購的主要設備(如風力發電機及太陽能電池板) 已根據國家標準完成所有必要的測試及資格認 證。同時,本集團已對所採購的設備進行生產 監控及質量保證檢查,以確保產品質量,從而 保障股東及客戶的利益。

本集團一直致力於提升核心要素,以鞏固我們 作為可再生能源運營商的競爭力。該等核心要 素包括安全、健康、環境及質量標準以及運營 及維護能力。本集團持續監察其建設工程,以 確保與原始項目設計保持一致。就建築質量、 健康及安全標準而言,本集團嚴格遵守國家及 地方標準以及各項施工驗收規範。

SOCIAL (continued) ANTI-CORRUPTION

The Group has issued the "Code of Conduct & Business Ethics" (the "Code") to all the directors and employees of the Group. The Code sets out the principles to guide the directors and employees of the Group to conduct business affairs in accordance with the highest business ethical standards. The Group strives to preserve honesty, fairness and impartiality. In accordance with the "Whistle-blowing Guideline", all employees can report for investigation any suspected bribery, extortion, fraudulent and money laundering cases. Once confirmed, it will be reported to the police or other regulatory bodies for prosecution. The Group has also issued a "Policy on Advantages Handling" with regard to guidelines for soliciting, accepting or offering advantages and gifts by the directors and employees. The Policy also provides guidelines for the avoidance of any potential conflicts of interest or breaches of any local laws, rules or regulations.

The Group strictly complied with the aforesaid principle, relevant laws, rules and regulations throughout the year ended 31 December 2018.

COMMUNITY INVESTMENT

The Group is committed to participating in the community where we operate with an aim to improve the community's wellbeing. Through the hiring of locals using market compatible remuneration packages, the Group is able to share its operational returns with the local community and to contribute back to the society.

The Group will explore other means to contribute more to the environment and society once the Group achieves higher profitability. To create shared values with the community and stakeholders, the Company will continue to consider ESG factors in selecting future investment projects.

社會(續) 反貪污

本集團已向本集團所有董事及僱員發佈商業道 德與行為守則(「守則」)。守則載有指引本集團 董事及僱員根據最高商業道德標準進行所有業 務的原則,秉持誠實、公平及公正的理念。根 據「舉報指引」,所有僱員均可舉報任何涉嫌行 賄、敲詐、欺詐及洗錢行為,以供調查。一旦 被證實,將向警方或其他監管機構舉報,供其 檢控。本集團亦已發佈「利益處理規定」,作為 董事及僱員申請、接受或提供利益及禮物的相 關指引,避免任何潛在利益衝突或違反當地任 何適用法律、法規或規例。

於截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度,本 集團嚴格遵守上述原則、相關法律、法規及規 例。

社區投資

本集團致力於參與經營所在社區事務,以改善社區福利。通過採用與市場相符的薪酬待遇僱 用當地人員,本集團與當地社區居民分享經營 成果,回饋社會。

待本集團實現更高的盈利能力後,本集團將尋 求向環境及社會作出更多貢獻的其他方式。為 與社區及權益人創造共享價值,本公司於日後 選擇投資項目時將繼續考慮環境、社會及管治 因素。

The directors (the "Directors" or the "Board") of China Renewable Energy Investment Limited (the "Company") have pleasure in presenting to shareholders of the Company (the "Shareholders") their report together with the audited financial statements of the Company and its subsidiaries (collectively, the "Group") for the year ended 31 December 2018.

Principal Activities and Geographical Analysis of Operations

The Company is an investment holding company. The principal activity of the Group is renewable energy business. The activities of its principal subsidiaries and associated companies are set out in pages 151 to 154 of the consolidated financial statements. An analysis of the Group's performance for the year ended 31 December 2018 by geographical and business segments is set out in Note 5 to the consolidated financial statements.

Results and Appropriations

The results of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2018 are set out in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income on pages 70 to 71.

The Board has recommended the payment of a final dividend of HK0.4 cents (2017: HK0.4 cents) per ordinary share for the year ended 31 December 2018 to Shareholders whose names appear on the register of members of the Company on Friday, 31 May 2019. Subject to the approval of Shareholders at the forthcoming annual general meeting of the Company which will be held on Monday, 20 May 2019 (the "2019 AGM"), the final dividend will be paid on Friday, 14 June 2019.

Business Review Business Risk

As a long term investor-operator in the renewable energy sector, the Group is subject to Chinese government supportive policies, climate, economy and other execution risks.

Foreign Exchange Risk

Most of the Group's assets are denominated in Renminbi. The Group conducts a majority of its business operations in the People's Republic of China (the "PRC"). The major portion of revenue, expenses and debts are denominated in Renminbi. Fluctuations in the exchange rates of Renminbi would have limited impact on the Group's operations.



中國再生能源投資有限公司(「本公司」)董事 (「董事」或「董事會」)欣然向本公司股東(「股 東」)提呈本公司及其附屬公司(統稱「本集團」) 截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度之報告 書及經審核財務報表。

主要業務及營業地區分析

本公司為投資控股公司。本集團主要從事可再 生能源業務。旗下主要附屬公司及聯營公司之 業務載於綜合財務報表第151頁至第154頁。截 至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度,本集團 按地域及業務分部劃分之業績分析載於綜合財 務報表附註5。

業績及分派

本集團截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年 度之業績載於第70頁至第71頁綜合全面損益 報表。

董事會建議向於二零一九年五月三十一日(星 期五)名列本公司股東名冊的股東派發截至二 零一八年十二月三十一日止年度的末期股息每 股普通股0.4港仙(二零一七年:0.4港仙)。待 股東在即將於二零一九年五月二十日(星期一) 舉行之本公司應屆股東週年大會(「二零一九年 股東週年大會」)上批准後,末期股息將於二零 一九年六月十四日(星期五)派發。

業務回顧 業務風險

未防風險

作為可再生能源領域的長遠投資者兼營運商, 本集團須承擔中國政府支持政策、氣候、經濟 及其他執行風險。

外匯風險

本集團的大部分資產以人民幣計值。本集團主 要業務是在中華人民共和國(「中國」)境內經 營。大部分收入、開支及債務均以人民幣計 值。人民幣匯率的波動對本集團經營的影響十 分有限。

Business Review (continued) **Compliance with the relevant laws and regulations**

The Group has complied with the relevant laws and regulations during the year.

Relationships with Employees, Customers and Suppliers

The Group has a good relationship with its customers which are the grid companies. Through regular communication channels, the Group ensures the electricity dispatched can be invoiced. For the suppliers, they are mainly the maintenance providers, they provide services to our wind farms to ensure the safety systems and the wind farms are operating reliably.

Please also refer to pages 9 to 12 for business review on the Group's operation and wind farms.

Property, Plant and Equipment

Details of movements in the property, plant and equipment of the Group during the year are set out in Note 13 to the consolidated financial statements.

Share Capital

Details of movements in the share capital of the Company during the year are set out in Note 21 to the consolidated financial statements.

Pre-emptive Rights

There is no provision for pre-emptive rights under the articles of association of the Company ("Articles of Association") and there is no restriction against such rights under the laws of the Cayman Islands.

Reserves

Details of movements in the reserves of the Group and the Company during the year are set out in Note 22 and Note 31 respectively to the consolidated financial statements.

Distributable Reserves

Distributable reserves of the Company as at 31 December 2018, calculated in accordance with the Companies Law of the Cayman Islands (as revised), amounted to HK\$1,063.9 million (2017: HK\$1,089.9 million).

業務回顧(續) 遵守相關法律及法規 本集團於本年度內已遵守相關法律及法規。

與僱員、客戶及供應商的關係

本集團與客戶(電網公司)維持良好關係,透過 定期溝通渠道,本集團確保電力調度可獲開具 發票。就供應商而言,彼等主要為維護供應 商,彼等為我們的風力場提供服務,以確保安 全系統及風力場可靠運行。

有關本集團營運及風力場之業務回顧,亦請參 閱第9頁至第12頁。

物業、機器及設備

年內,本集團之物業、機器及設備變動詳情載 於綜合財務報表附註13。

股本

年內,本公司之股本之變動詳情載於綜合財務 報表附註21。

優先認股權

本公司之組織章程細則(「組織章程細則」)並無 有關優先認股權之條文,而開曼群島法例亦無 對優先認股權有所限制。

儲備

年內,本集團及本公司之儲備變動詳情分別載 於綜合財務報表附註22及附註31。

可供分派儲備

按照開曼群島公司法(經修訂)計算,本公 司於二零一八年十二月三十一日之可供分 派儲備為1,063,900,000港元(二零一七年: 1,089,900,000港元)。

Five-year Financial Summary

A summary of the results and of the assets and liabilities of the Group for the last five financial years is set out on pages 155 to 156.

Donations

During the year, the Group made no charitable and other donations (2017: Nil).

Directors

The Directors during the year and up to the date of this report were:

Executive Directors

Mr. OEI Kang, Eric *(Chairman and Chief Executive Officer)* Mr. LEUNG Wing Sum, Samuel *(Chief Financial Officer)* Mr. WONG Jake Leong, Sammy

Independent Non-executive Directors

Mr. YU Hon To, David Mr. TIAN Yuchuan Mr. ZHANG Songyi

At 2019 AGM, Mr. WONG Jake Leong, Sammy and Mr. ZHANG Songyi will retire from office by rotation in accordance with Article 85 of the Articles of Association and being eligible, will offer themselves for reelection to serve for another term.

The Company has received from each Independent Non-executive Director an annual confirmation of his independence pursuant to Rule 3.13 of the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities (the "Listing Rules") on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange") and the Company considers all of them to be independent.

Directors' Service Contracts

No Director proposed for re-election at the 2019 AGM has a service contract with the Company or any of its subsidiaries which is not determinable by the Group within one year without payment of compensation (other than statutory compensation).



五年財務概要

本集團過去五個財政年度之業績以及資產及負 債概要載於第155頁至第156頁。

捐款

年內,本集團並無作出慈善及其他捐款(二零 一七年:無)。

董事

年內及截至本報告書刊發日期之董事如下:

執行董事

黃剛先生(*主席兼行政總裁)* 梁榮森先生(*首席財務官)* 黃植良先生

獨立非執行董事

俞漢度先生 田玉川先生 張頌義先生

於二零一九年股東週年大會上,黃植良先生及 張頌義先生將根據組織章程細則第85條之規 定輪值告退,惟彼等符合資格,並願意膺選連 任。

本公司已接獲各獨立非執行董事根據香港聯合 交易所有限公司(「聯交所」)證券上市規則(「上 市規則」)第3.13條就其獨立身份發出之年度確 認書,本公司認為全體獨立非執行董事均為獨 立人士。

董事服務合約

概無擬於二零一九年股東週年大會膺選連任之 董事與本公司或其任何附屬公司訂立本集團不 可於一年內予以終止而毋須賠償之服務合約 (法定賠償除外)。

Share Option Schemes

The Company's existing share option scheme was adopted on 27 May 2008 (the "CRE Option Scheme"). Particulars of the CRE Option Scheme are set out below:

(a) Purpose

The principal purposes are to recruit and retain high calibre Eligible Persons (as defined below) and attract human resources that are valuable to the Group or any entity in which any member of the Group holds an equity interest ("Invested Entity" or "Invested Entities"), to recognise the significant contributions of the Eligible Persons to the growth of the Group or Invested Entities by rewarding them with opportunities to obtain ownership interest in the Company and to further motivate and give incentives to these Eligible Persons to continue to contribute to the long term success and prosperity of the Group or Invested Entities.

(b) Eligible Persons

Any employee (whether full time or part time), senior executive or officer, manager, director (including executive, non-executive and independent non-executive director) or consultant of any members of the Group or any Invested Entity who, in the sole discretion of the Board, have contributed or will contribute to the growth and development of the Group or any Invested Entity.

- (c) Maximum number of shares available for issue The CRE Option Scheme has been expired on 27 May 2018.
- (d) Maximum entitlement of each Eligible Person The total number of shares of the Company issued and to be issued upon exercise of options (whether exercised or outstanding) granted in any 12-month period to:
 - each Eligible Person must not exceed 1% of the shares of the Company in issue; and
 - a substantial shareholder or an independent non-executive director of the Company must not exceed 0.1% of the shares of the Company in issue and not exceed HK\$5 million in aggregate value.

購股權計劃

本公司於二零零八年五月二十七日採納現有購 股權計劃(「中國再生能源購股權計劃」)。中國 再生能源購股權計劃之詳情載列如下:

(a) 目的

- 主要目的為招聘及留聘優秀之合資格人 士(定義見下文),以及吸引對本集團或 旗下任何成員公司持有股本權益之任何 實體(「投資實體」)而言屬有價值之人力 資源,透過提供機會予合資格人士,讓 彼等可取得本公司之擁有權權益,藉以 表揚彼等對本集團或投資實體之增長所 作出之重大貢獻,並進一步鼓勵及獎勵 該等合資格人士繼續為本集團或投資實 體之長遠成功及昌盛發展作出貢獻。
- (b) 合資格人士 董事會全權酌情認為曾經或將會對本集 團或任何投資實體之增長及發展有所貢 獻之本集團旗下任何成員公司或任何投 資實體之任何僱員(不論全職或兼職)、 高級行政人員或主要人員、經理、董事 (包括執行董事、非執行董事及獨立非執 行董事)或顧問。
- (c) 可供發行股份之最高數目 中國再生能源購股權計劃已於二零一八 年五月二十七日屆滿。
- (d) 各合資格人士可獲授權益上限 於任何十二個月期間,行使已授出購股 權(不論已獲行使或尚未行使)時已發行 及將向下列人士發行之本公司股份總數:
 - (i) 每名合資格人士不得超過本公司已 發行股份1%;及
 - (ii) 本公司每名主要股東或獨立非執行 董事不得超過本公司已發行股份0.1%及總值不得超過5,000,000港 元。

Share Option Schemes (continued)

(e) Period within which the shares must be taken up under an option
An option must be exercised within ten years from the

An option must be exercised within ten years from the date on which it is granted or such shorter period as the Board may specify at the time of grant.

- (f) Minimum period, if any, for which an option must be held At the time of the grant of an option, the Board must specify the minimum period(s), if any, for which an option must be held before it can be exercised.
- (g) Period open for acceptance of an option and amount payable upon acceptance

An offer of the grant of an option shall remain open for acceptance for a period of ten business days from the date of offer and a consideration of HK\$1.0 must be paid upon acceptance.

- (h) Basis of determining the subscription price of an option The exercise price must be at least the higher of (i) the closing price of the shares as stated in the Stock Exchange's daily quotations sheet on the date of grant; (ii) the average closing prices of the shares as stated in the Stock Exchange's daily quotation sheets for the five business days immediately preceding the date of grant; and (iii) the nominal value of a share.
- (i) Remaining life CRE Option Scheme has a life of ten years and has been expired on 27 May 2018.

No share option is outstanding under the CRE Option Scheme as at 27 May 2018.

No share option was granted, exercised, cancelled nor lapsed during the year ended 31 December 2018 under the CRE Option Scheme.



購股權計劃(續)

(e) 必須行使購股權認購股份之期限

承授人必須於購股權授出日期起計十年 或董事會可能於授出時指明之較短期間 內行使購股權。

- (f) 購股權必須持有之最短期限(如有) 於授出購股權時,董事會須訂明購股權 行使之前必須持有之最短期限(如有)。
- (g) 接納購股權之期限以及接納時應付之金額

授出購股權之要約將自要約日期起計十 個營業日期間內供接納,接納時須支付 1.0港元代價。

- (h) 釐定購股權認購價之基準 行使價須最少為以下較高者(i)股份於授出 日期在聯交所每日報價表所列收市價;(ii) 股份緊接授出日期前五個營業日在聯交 所每日報價表所列平均收市價;及(iii)股 份面值。
- (i) 餘下年期 中國再生能源購股權計劃之有效期為期 十年及已於二零一八年五月二十七日屆 滿。
- 於二零一八年五月二十七日,中國再生能源購 股權計劃項下概無尚未行使購股權。
- 於截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度,概 無任何購股權根據中國再生能源購股權計劃獲 授出、行使、註銷或已失效。

Directors' Interests in Securities

At 31 December 2018, the interests and short positions of the Directors and chief executive of the Company in the shares, underlying shares and debentures of the Company or any of its associated corporation (within the meaning of Part XV of the Securities and Futures Ordinance (the "SFO")) as recorded in the register required to be kept under section 352 of the SFO or as otherwise notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Issuers (the "Model Code") set out in Appendix 10 to the Listing Rules adopted by the Company were as follows:

(i) Long positions in the shares and underlying shares of the Company:

董事於證券之權益

於二零一八年十二月三十一日,各董事及本公司主要行政人員於本公司或其任何相聯法團 (定義見證券及期貨條例(「證券及期貨條例」) 第XV部)之股份、相關股份及債券中擁有並已 記錄於本公司根據證券及期貨條例第352條規 定須予存置之登記冊之權益及淡倉,或已根 據本公司所採納載於上市規則附錄十有關上市 發行人董事進行證券交易的標準守則(「標準守 則」)之規定知會本公司及聯交所之權益及淡倉 如下:

(i) 於本公司股份及相關股份之好倉:

| Name of Director | Nature of interest | Number of shares and underlying shares of the Company | Approximate percentage of existing issued share capital of the Company 佔本公司 |
|----------------------------|-----------------------|---|--|
| 董事姓名 | 權益性質 | 本公司股份及 相關股份數目 | 現有已發行股本 概約百分比 |
| Mr. OEI Kang, Eric 黃剛先生 | Corporate 公司 | 1,826,026,9371 | 72.862 |
| | Joint 共同 | 41,661,439 ² | 1.662 |

Notes:

- 1. Since as at 31 December 2018, HKC (Holdings) Limited ("HKC") was held as to (i) approximately 65.551% by Claudio Holdings Limited ("Claudio") (via its wholly-owned subsidiaries, Creator Holdings Limited ("Creator") and Genesis Capital Group Limited ("Genesis")), a company wholly-owned by Mr. OEI Kang, Eric; and (ii) approximately 3.265% by Great Nation International Limited (via its wholly-owned subsidiary, Genesis Ventures Limited ("Genesis Ventures")), a company owned as to 50% by Mr. OEI Kang, Eric and as to the remaining 50% by his wife, Mrs. OEI Valonia Lau. As thus, Mr. OEI Kang, Eric is deemed to be interested in the same parcel of shares of the Company in which HKC is interested. The corporate interest of Mr. OEI Kang, Eric includes (i) an interest in 1,395,682,050 shares of the Company held by HKC; (ii) an interest in 154,278,990 shares of the Company held by Creator; and (iii) an interest in 276,065,897 shares of the Company held by Genesis.
- 2. The joint interest of Mr. OEI Kang, Eric represents an interest in 41,661,439 shares of the Company jointly held with his wife, Mrs. OEI Valonia Lau.

- 附註:
- 於二零一八年十二月三十一日,由於香港建 1. 設(控股)有限公司(「香港建設」)由(i)Claudio Holdings Limited(「Claudio」)持有約65.551% (透過其全資附屬公司創達集團有限公司(「創 達」)及華創集團有限公司(「華創」)),而 Claudio由黃剛先生全資擁有;及(ii)偉邦國際 有限公司持有約3.265%(透過其全資附屬公 司華創創業投資有限公司(「華創創業」)),而 **偉邦由黃剛先生擁有50%權益,餘下50%權** 益則由彼之妻子劉慧女士擁有。黃剛先生被 視為於香港建設擁有權益之同一批本公司股 份中擁有權益。黃剛先生之公司權益包括(i)香 港建設所持之1,395,682,050股本公司股份權 益;(ii)創達所持之154,278,990股本公司股份 權益;及(iii)華創所持之276,065,897股本公司 股份權益。
- 黃剛先生之共同權益指由彼與彼之妻子劉慧 女士共同持有之41,661,439股本公司股份權 益。



Directors' Interests in Securities (continued)

(ii) Long positions in the shares and underlying shares of associated corporation of the Company:

董事於證券之權益(續)

(ii) 於本公司相聯法團股份及相關股份之 好倉:

| Name of associated corporation | Name of Directors | Nature of interest | | Number of shares and underlying shares of e associated corporation | Approximate percentage of existing issued share capital of the associated corporation 佔相聯法團 |
|--------------------------------------|--|-----------------------|-----|---|---|
| 相聯法團名稱 | 董事姓名 | 權益性質 | | 法團之股份及 相關股份數目 | 現有已發行股本 概約百分比 |
| HKC (Holdings) Limited | Mr. OEI Kang, Eric 黃剛先生 | Corporate 公司 | | 363,924,938 ¹ | 68.816 |
| 香港建設(控股) 有限公司 | | Joint 共同 | | 11,154,987² | 2.109 |
| | Mr. WONG Jake Leong, Sammy 黃植良先生 | Personal 個人 | | 5,145,000 ³ | 0.973 |
| Notes: | | | 附註: | | |
| 203,445,407 sh shares of HKC | interest of Mr. OEI Kang, Eric represents (in hares of HKC held by Creator; (ii) an interest held by Genesis; and (iii) an interest in 17,26 enesis Ventures. | in 143,212,531 | 1. | 203,445,407股香港 持之143,212,531股 | 權 益 指 (i) 創 達 所 持 之 建設股份權益 : (ii) 華創所 香港建設股份權益 : 及(iii) ,267,000股香港建設股份 |
| | st of Mr. OEI Kang, Eric represents an interes ointly held with his wife, Mrs. OEI Valonia Lau | | 2. | | 益指彼與彼之妻子劉慧女 54,987股香港建設股份權 |
| | nterest of Mr. WONG Jake Leong, Sammy 5,000 shares of HKC. | represents an | 3. | 黃植良先生之個人 建設股份權益。 | · 霍益指於5,145,000股香港 |

Save as disclosed above, at no time during the year was the Company, its subsidiaries, its fellow subsidiaries, its parent company or its other associated corporations a party to any arrangement to enable the Directors and chief executives of the Company (including their spouse and children under 18 years of age) to hold any interests or short positions in the shares or underlying shares in, or debentures of, the Company or its specified undertakings or other associated corporation.

除上文披露者外,於本年度內任何時間,本公 司、本公司之附屬公司、同系附屬公司、母公 司或其他相聯法團概無訂立任何安排,致使董 事及本公司主要行政人員(包括彼等之配偶及 18歲以下之子女)於本公司、本公司指明企業 或其他相聯法團之股份、相關股份或債券中擁 有任何權益或淡倉。

Directors' Right to Acquire Shares or Debentures

Save as disclosed under the heading "Directors' Interests in Securities" above, at no time during the year was the Company or any of its subsidiaries a party to any arrangement that enabled the Directors or any of their spouses or children under the age of 18 to acquire benefits by means of the acquisition of shares in, or debentures of, the Company or any other body corporate.

Directors' Interests in Competing Businesses

None of the Directors or their respective associate(s) was interested in any business which competes or is likely to compete, either directly or indirectly, with the business of the Group during the year.

Directors' and Controlling Shareholders' Interests in Contracts of Significance

Save as disclosed in Note 23 "Bank borrowings" and Note 28 "Related party transactions" to the consolidated financial statements, the transactions with HKC and its subsidiaries and in which Mr. OEI Kang, Eric was interested, no contract of significance to which the Company or any of its subsidiaries was a party and in which a Director had a material interest, whether directly or indirectly, subsisted at the end of the year or at any time during the year.

董事購買股份或債券之權利

除上文「董事於證券之權益」一節披露者外,於 年內任何時間,本公司或其任何附屬公司概無 訂立任何安排,致使董事或彼等各自之配偶或 18歲以下之子女可藉購入本公司或任何其他法 人團體之股份或債券而獲益。

董事在競爭業務之權益

年內概無董事或彼等各自之聯繫人士於與本集 團的業務直接或間接構成或可能構成競爭之任 何業務中擁有權益。

董事及控股股東於重大合約之權益

除綜合財務報表附註23「銀行借款」及附註28 「關聯方交易」所披露者,與香港建設及其附屬 公司以及黃剛先生於其中擁有權益之交易外, 本公司或其任何附屬公司概無訂立任何董事於 其中直接或間接擁有重大權益,而於年度結束 時或於本年度內任何時間存續的重大合約。



Substantial Shareholders' Interests in Securities

As at 31 December 2018, the following persons (other than a Director or chief executive of the Company) had interests or short positions in the shares and underlying shares of the Company as recorded in the register required to be kept under section 336 of the SFO:

Long positions in the shares and underlying shares of the Company

主要股東於證券之權益

於二零一八年十二月三十一日,以下人士(董 事或本公司主要行政人員除外)於本公司之股 份及相關股份中擁有須登記於證券及期貨條例 第336條規定須予存置之登記冊之權益或淡倉:

於本公司股份及相關股份之好倉

| Name | Nature of interest | Number of shares and underlying shares of the Company 本公司之股份 | Approximate percentage of the existing issued share capital of the Company 佔本公司現有 已發行股本 |
|---|---------------------------|---|--|
| 姓名/名稱 | 權益性質 | 及相關股份數目 | 概約百分比 |
| Mrs. OEI Valonia Lau 劉慧女士 | Family 家族 | 1,826,026,937 ¹ | 72.862 |
| | Joint 共同 | 41,661,439 ² | 1.662 |
| Claudio Holdings Limited | Corporate 公司 | 1,826,026,937 ³ | 72.862 |
| HKC (Holdings) Limited 香港建設(控股)有限公司 | Beneficial owner 實益擁有人 | 1,395,682,0504 | 55.690 |
| Genesis Capital Group Limited 華創集團有限公司 | Beneficial owner 實益擁有人 | 276,065,8975 | 11.016 |
| Creator Holdings Limited 創達集團有限公司 | Beneficial owner 實益擁有人 | 154,278,990 ⁶ | 6.156 |

Substantial Shareholders' Interests in Securities *(continued)*

Long positions in the shares and underlying shares of the Company (continued)

Notes:

- Mrs. OEI Valonia Lau is deemed to be interested in the same parcel of shares of the Company in which Mr. OEI Kang, Eric is taken to be interested (as detailed in "Directors' Interests in Securities" section above).
- 2. The joint interest of Mrs. OEI Valonia Lau represents an interest in 41,661,439 shares of the Company jointly held with Mr. OEI Kang, Eric.
- 3. Claudio is beneficially interested in 65.551% of the issued share capital of HKC (via its wholly-owned subsidiaries, Creator and Genesis) and thus, is deemed to be interested in the same parcel of shares of the Company in which HKC is interested. In addition, as Creator and Genesis are wholly-owned subsidiaries of Claudio, and thus, Claudio is deemed to be interested in the same parcel of shares of the Company in which Creator and Genesis are interested.
- 4. The beneficial interest of HKC includes an interest in 1,395,682,050 shares of the Company.
- The beneficial interest of Genesis includes an interest in 276,065,897 shares of the Company.
- The beneficial interest of Creator includes an interest in 154,278,990 shares of the Company.

Save as disclosed above, at 31 December 2018, the Company had not been notified by any person, other than Directors and chief executive of the Company, who had interests or short positions in the shares and underlying shares of the Company which are required to record in the register required to be kept by the Company under section 336 of Part XV of the SFO.

主要股東於證券之權益(續)

於本公司股份及相關股份之好倉(續)

附註:

- 劉慧女士被視為於黃剛先生被當作擁有權益之同一批 本公司股份中擁有權益(詳情參見上文「董事於證券之 權益」一節)。
- 劉慧女士之共同權益指彼與黃剛先生共同持有之 41,661,439股本公司股份權益。
- Claudio實益擁有香港建設已發行股本之65.551%權 益(透過其全資附屬公司創達及華創),因此被視為於 香港建設擁有權益之同一批本公司股份中擁有權益。 此外,由於創達及華創為Claudio之全資附屬公司, 因此,Claudio被視為於創達及華創擁有權益之同一 批本公司股份中擁有權益。
- 香港建設之實益權益包括1,395,682,050股本公司股份權益。
- 5. 華創之實益權益包括276,065,897股本公司股份權益。
- 6. 創達之實益權益包括154,278,990股本公司股份權益。

除上文披露者外,於二零一八年十二月三十一 日,本公司並無獲任何人士(董事及本公司主 要行政人員除外)知會,表示彼於本公司之股 份及相關股份中擁有須登記於本公司根據證券 及期貨條例第XV部第336條之規定須予存置之 登記冊內之權益或淡倉。



Use of proceeds from exercise of bonus warrants

On 19 May 2017, the Company issued 471,274,368 warrants (Warrant Code: 1677) on the basis of one bonus warrant for every 5 existing shares of the Company held by the shareholders of the Company (the "Bonus Warrant(s)"). Each Bonus Warrant entitles its holder to subscribe for one new ordinary share of HK\$0.01 each in the share capital of the Company ("new Shares") at a subscription price of HK\$0.230 (subject to adjustment) at any time during 19 May 2017 to 18 May 2018. Details of issuance of Bonus Warrants were disclosed in the announcements dated 14 March 2017, 28 April 2017 and 18 May 2017 (the "Announcements").

The listing of the Bonus Warrants had been withdrawn from the Stock Exchange after 4:00 p.m. on Friday, 18 May 2018 and there were 321,488,747 Bonus Warrants remained outstanding. Details of the expiry and withdrawal of the listing of Bonus Warrants were disclosed in the announcement dated 16 April 2018 and the circular in relation thereof dated 19 April 2018.

From the date of issue of Bonus Warrants to 31 December 2018, 149,785,621 new Shares were issued upon the exercise of 149,785,621 Bonus Warrants by the shareholders of the Company. The total subscription monies received amount to approximately HK\$34.5 million have been used for financing the construction and operation of the wind farm project in Songxian in accordance with the intended uses as disclosed in the Circular.

Purchase, Sale or Redemption of the Company's Listed Securities

Neither the Company nor any of its subsidiaries purchased, sold or redeemed any of the Company's listed securities during the year ended 31 December 2018.

行使紅利認股權證之所得款項用途

於二零一七年五月十九日,本公司按本公司股 東每持有五股本公司現有股份獲發一份紅利認 股權證的基準發行471,274,368份認股權證(認 股權證代號:1677)(「紅利認股權證」)。每份 紅利認股權證賦予其持有人於二零一七年五月 十九日至二零一八年五月十八日期間內任何時 間以認購價0.230港元(可予調整)認購本公司 股本中一股每股面值0.01港元的新普通股(「新 股份」)。發行紅利認股權證之詳情於日期分別 為二零一七年三月十四日、二零一七年四月 二十八日及二零一七年五月十八日之公佈(「該 等公佈」)以及日期為二零一七年四月十三日之 相關通函(「該通函」)中披露。

紅利認股權證之上市地位已於二零一八年五 月十八日(星期五)下午四時正以後自聯交所 撤銷,而321,488,747份紅利認股權證仍未行 使。有關紅利認股權證屆滿及撤銷紅利認股權 證之上市地位的詳情於日期為二零一八年四月 十六日之公佈及日期為二零一八年四月十九日 之有關通函中披露。

由發行紅利認股權證日期至二零一八年十二月 三十一日,於本公司股東行使149,785,621份 紅利認股權證後,已發行149,785,621股新股 份。所收取的認購款項總額約34,500,000港 元,已根據該通函所披露之擬定用途用作於嵩 縣的風力發電場項目的興建及經營撥資。

購買、出售或贖回本公司上市證券

於截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度,本 公司或其任何附屬公司概無購買、出售或贖回 本公司任何上市證券。

Management Contract

Apart from those disclosed under the heading "Related Party Transactions" in Note 28 to the consolidated financial statements, no contracts concerning the management and administration of the whole or any substantial part of the business of the Company were entered into or existed during the year.

Major Customers and Suppliers

The percentages of the Group's purchases and sales for the year attributable to its major suppliers and customers are as follows:

Purchases

| The largest supplier | |
|-------------------------------------|--|
| Five largest suppliers in aggregate | |

Sales

During the year, the Group had three customers only and the percentages of the Group's sales attributable to the major customers are as follows:

| The largest customer | 64% |
|-------------------------|-----|
| The remaining customers | 36% |

None of the Directors, any of their associates, or Shareholders (which to the knowledge of the Directors, own more than 5% of the Company's issued share capital) had any interest in the Group's customers and suppliers noted above.

Corporate Governance

The Company's corporate governance practices are set out in the Corporate Governance Report on pages 21 to 41.

Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors

The Company has adopted the Model Code as its own code of conduct regarding Directors' securities transactions. Specified employees who are likely to be in possession of unpublished inside information of the Group are also subject to compliance with guidelines on no less exacting terms than the Model Code. A Code for Securities Dealings by Employees has also been adopted in this regard.

管理合約

除綜合財務報表附註28「關聯方交易」一節披露 者外,本公司於年內並無訂立或訂有任何有關 本公司全部或任何重大部份業務之管理及行政 合約。

主要客戶及供應商

年內,本集團主要供應商及客戶應佔本集團採 購額及銷售額之百分比如下:

採購額

10% 29%

| 最大供應商 | 10% |
|---------|-----|
| 五大供應商合計 | 29% |

銷售額

年內,本集團僅有三名客戶,主要客戶應佔本 集團銷售額之百分比如下:

| 6 | 最大客戶 | 64% |
|---|------|-----|
| 0 | 餘下客戶 | 36% |

董事、彼等之任何聯繫人士或股東(據董事所 知擁有本公司已發行股本超過5%者)概無於上 述本集團客戶及供應商中擁有任何權益。

企業管治

本公司之企業管治常規載於第21頁至第41頁之 企業管治報告。

董事進行證券交易的標準守則

本公司已採納標準守則作為董事進行證券交易 之操守守則。可能擁有本集團尚未公佈內幕消 息之特定僱員,亦須遵守不會較標準守則寬鬆 之指引。本公司亦已就此採納僱員買賣證券之 守則。

Retirement Benefits Schemes

Information on the Group's retirement benefits schemes is set out in Note 9 to the consolidated financial statements.

Sufficiency of Public Float

Based on the information that is publicly available to the Company and within the knowledge of the Directors, as at the date of this report, there is sufficient public float of more than 25% of the Company's issued shares as required under the Listing Rules.

Permitted Indemnity Provisions

Pursuant to the Articles of Association, every Director and other officers of the Company shall be indemnified and secured harmless out of the assets and profits of the Company from and against all actions, costs, charges, losses, damages and expenses which he/she may incur or sustain in or about the execution of the duties of his/her office or otherwise in relation thereto, provided that the indemnity shall not extend to any matter in respect of any fraud or dishonesty which may attach to any of said persons. The Company has arranged appropriate liability insurance to indemnify the Group's Directors for their liabilities arising out of corporate activities. The insurance coverage is reviewed on an annual basis.

Review of the Annual Report by Audit Committee

The audit committee of the Company currently comprises three independent non-executive Directors with written terms of reference in accordance with the requirements of the Listing Rules, and reports to the Board.

The audit committee has reviewed the audited consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2018.

Auditor

The consolidated financial statements for the year have been audited by Messrs. PricewaterhouseCoopers who retire and, being eligible, offer themselves for re-appointment. A resolution for the re-appointment of Messrs. PricewaterhouseCoopers as auditor of the Company is to be proposed at the 2019 AGM.



退休福利計劃

本集團之退休福利計劃資料載於綜合財務報表 附註9。

足夠公眾持股量

根據本公司取得之公開資料,以及就董事所 知,於本報告書刊發日期,本公司維持足夠公 眾持股量,即根據上市規則所規定本公司已發 行股份25%以上由公眾人士持有。

獲准許彌償條文

根據組織章程細則,本公司各董事及其他行政 人員於履行其職責或相關職責時可能招致或蒙 受之所有訴訟、費用、收費、損失、損害及開 支,可從本公司資產及溢利中獲得彌償保證及 確保免受任何損害,惟彌償保證不得延伸至與 任何上述人士有關之欺詐或不誠實事項。本公 司已安排適當責任保險,以彌償本集團董事因 企業事務產生之責任。本公司每年檢討保險範 圍。

審核委員會審閲年報

本公司之審核委員會目前由三名獨立非執行董 事組成,本公司已根據上市規則之規定制訂其 書面職權範圍。審核委員會須向董事會匯報。

審核委員會已審閱截至二零一八年十二月 三十一日止年度之經審核綜合財務報表。

核數師

本年度之綜合財務報表已由羅兵咸永道會計師 事務所審核。羅兵咸永道會計師事務所任滿告 退,並符合資格及願意獲續聘。本公司將於二 零一九年股東週年大會上提呈有關續聘羅兵咸 永道會計師事務所為本公司核數師之決議案。

Update on Directors' Information

Pursuant to Rule 13.51B(1) of the Listing Rules, change in the information of the Directors since the date of the 2018 Interim Report is set out below:

Mr. OEI Kang, Eric

(Executive Director, Chairman & Chief Executive Officer)

Mr. OEI was appointed as a member of the Nomination Committee and Remuneration Committee of the Company with effect from 20 March 2019.

On behalf of the Board

China Renewable Energy Investment Limited OEI Kang, Eric Chairman and Chief Executive Officer

HONG KONG, 20 MARCH 2019

董事資料更新

根據上市規則第13.51B(1)條,董事資料自二零 一八年中期報告日期以來之變動如下:

黃剛先生

(執行董事、主席兼行政總裁)

黃先生自二零一九年三月二十日起獲委任為本 公司提名委員會及薪酬委員會成員。

代表董事會

中國再生能源投資有限公司 主席兼行政總裁 黃剛

香港,二零一九年三月二十日



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

TO THE SHAREHOLDERS OF CHINA RENEWABLE ENERGY INVESTMENT LIMITED

(incorporated in Cayman Islands with limited liability)

Opinion

What we have audited

The consolidated financial statements of China Renewable Energy Investment Limited (the "Company") and its subsidiaries (the "Group") set out on pages 70 to 154 which comprise:

- the consolidated balance sheet as at 31 December 2018;
- the consolidated statement of comprehensive income for the year then ended;
- the consolidated statement of changes in equity for the year then ended;
- the consolidated cash flow statement for the year then ended; and
- the notes to the consolidated financial statements, which include a summary of significant accounting policies.

Our opinion

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements give a true and fair view of the consolidated financial position of the Group as at 31 December 2018, and of its consolidated financial performance and its consolidated cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards ("HKFRSs") issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants ("HKICPA") and have been properly prepared in compliance with the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

羅兵咸永道

獨立核數師報告

致中國再生能源投資有限公司股東

(於開曼群島註冊成立的有限公司)

意見 我們已審計的內容

中國再生能源投資有限公司(以下簡稱「貴公司」)及其附屬公司(以下統稱「貴集團」)列載於 第70至154頁的綜合財務報表,包括:

- 於二零一八年十二月三十一日的綜合資 產負債表;
- 截至該日止年度的綜合全面損益報表;
- 截至該日止年度的綜合權益變動表;
- 截至該日止年度的綜合現金流量表;及
- 综合財務報表附註,包括主要會計政策 概要。

我們的意見

我們認為,該等綜合財務報表已根據香港會計 師公會(「香港會計師公會」)頒佈的《香港財務 報告準則》(「香港財務報告準則」)真實而中肯 地反映了 貴集團於二零一八年十二月三十一 日的綜合財務狀況及其截至該日止年度的綜合 財務表現及綜合現金流量,並已遵照香港《公 司條例》的披露規定妥為擬備。

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Hong Kong Standards on Auditing ("HKSAs") issued by the HKICPA. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements section of our report.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Independence

We are independent of the Group in accordance with the HKICPA's Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants ("the Code"), and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code.

Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgement, were of most significance in our audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the consolidated financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

Key audit matters identified in our audit are summarised as follows:

 Impairment assessment of property, plant and equipment, intangible assets and prepaid land lease payments related to power plants in the Mainland China.

意見的基礎

我們已根據香港會計師公會頒佈的《香港審計 準則》(「香港審計準則」)進行審計。我們在該 等準則下承擔的責任已在本報告「核數師就審 計綜合財務報表承擔的責任」部分中作進一步 闡述。

我們相信,我們所獲得的審計憑證能充足及適 當地為我們的審計意見提供基礎。

獨立性

根據香港會計師公會頒佈的《專業會計師道德 守則》(以下簡稱「守則」),我們獨立於 貴集 團,並已履行守則中的其他專業道德責任。

關鍵審計事項

關鍵審計事項是根據我們的專業判斷,認為對 本期綜合財務報表的審計最為重要的事項。這 些事項是在我們審計整體綜合財務報表及出具 意見時進行處理的。我們不會對這些事項提供 單獨的意見。

我們在審計中識別的關鍵審計事項概述如下:

一 就與中國大陸發電廠相關的物業、機器
 及設備、無形資產以及預付土地租賃款
 項進行減值評估。

Key Audit Matters (continued)

Key Audit MatterHow our audit addressed the Key Audit Matter關鍵審計事項我們的審計如何處理關鍵審計事項

Impairment assessment of property, plant and equipment, intangible assets and prepaid land lease payments related to power plants in the Mainland China

中國大陸的發電廠相關的物業、機器及設備、無形資產以 及預付土地租賃款進行減值評估

Refer to note 2.9 and 4a to the consolidated financial statements 請參閱綜合財務表附註2.9及4a

As at 31 December 2018, the Group's non-current assets principally comprised property, plant and equipment, intangible assets and prepaid land lease payments related to power plants in the Mainland China.

於二零一八年十二月三十一日, 貴集團的非流動資產主 要包括中國大陸的發電廠相關的物業、機器及設備、無形 資產及預付土地租賃款。

Management assessed whether there was any impairment of the carrying values of property, plant and equipment, intangible assets and prepaid land lease payments by calculating the recoverable amount under value-in-use method. The impairment assessment requires management to exercise significant management judgement and estimates, among other things, estimating correspondingly tariff rates, future sales volume and discount rate.

管理層通過採用使用價值方法計量可回收金額,評估物 業、機器及設備、無形資產以及預付土地租賃款的賬面值 是否存在任何減值。減值評估要求管理層作出重大管理判 斷和估計,其中包括估計相應電費、未來銷量及貼現率。

關鍵審計事項(續)

Our procedures in relation to management's impairment assessment of property, plant and equipment, intangible assets and prepaid land lease payments related to relevant power plants in the Mainland China included:

就管理層對中國大陸的發電廠相關的物業、機器及設備、無 形資產以及預付土地租賃款進行減值評估之相關審計程序包 括:

- Assessed the impairment assessment methodology used by the management to estimate value in use; 就管理層在估算使用價值時採用的評估方法進行評估;
- Assessed the reasonableness of the key assumptions based on our knowledge of the relevant business and industry and with the involvement of our valuations specialists;
 基於我們對相關業務和行業的了解及我們的估值專家 的參與,就關鍵假設之合理性進行評估;
- Reconciled input data to supporting evidence, such as approved budgets and considered the reasonableness of these budgets; 將輸入數據與支持性證據(如已批准的預算)進行調 節,並斟酌此預算的合理性;
- Evaluated the management's sensitivity analysis to assess the potential impact of reasonable possible downside changes in the key assumptions.
 就管理層作出的敏感性分析進行評估,以評估關鍵假 設中合理可能的不利變化之潛在影響。

We found the assumptions made by management in relation to the value in use assessment to be supportable based on available evidence.

根據現有證據,我們發現,管理層對使用價值評估方面所作 出的假設合理支持。

The significant inputs have been appropriately disclosed in note 4a.

此項重要輸入數據已在附註4a中合理披露。

Other Information

The directors of the Company are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises all of the information included in the annual report other than the consolidated financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the consolidated financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the consolidated financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the consolidated financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of Directors and Those Charged with Governance for the Consolidated Financial Statements

The directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation of the consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with HKFRSs issued by the HKICPA and that comply with the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Group's financial reporting process.

其他信息

貴公司董事須對其他信息負責。其他信息包括 年報內的所有信息,但不包括綜合財務報表及 我們的核數師報告。

我們對綜合財務報表的意見並不涵蓋其他信 息,我們亦不對該等其他信息發表任何形式的 鑒證結論。

結合我們對綜合財務報表的審計,我們的責任 是閱讀其他信息,在此過程中,考慮其他信息 是否與綜合財務報表或我們在審計過程中所了 解的情況存在重大抵觸或者似乎存在重大錯誤 陳述的情況。

基於我們已執行的工作,如果我們認為其他信 息存在重大錯誤陳述,我們需要報告該事實。 在這方面,我們沒有任何報告。

董事及治理層就綜合財務報表須承擔的 責任

貴公司董事須負責根據香港會計師公會頒佈的 《香港財務報告準則》及遵照香港《公司條例》的 披露規定擬備真實而中肯的綜合財務報表,並 對其認為為使綜合財務報表的擬備不存在由於 欺詐或錯誤而導致的重大錯誤陳述所需的內部 控制負責。

在擬備綜合財務報表時,董事負責評估 貴集 團持續經營的能力,並在適用情況下披露與持 續經營有關的事項,以及使用持續經營為會計 基礎,除非董事有意將 貴集團清盤或停止經 營,或別無其他實際的替代方案。

治理層須負責監督 貴集團的財務報告過程。

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. We report our opinion solely to you, as a body, and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility towards or accept liability to any other person for the contents of this report. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with HKSAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with HKSAs, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the directors.

核數師就審計綜合財務報表承擔的 責任

我們的目標,是對綜合財務報表整體是否不存 在由於欺詐或錯誤而導致的重大錯誤陳述取得 合理保證,並出具包括我們意見的核數師報 告。我們僅向閣下(作為整體)報告我們的意 見,除此之外本報告別無其他目的。我們不會 就本報告的內容向任何其他人士負上或承擔任 何責任。合理保證是高水平的保證,但不能保 證按照《香港審計準則》進行的審計,在某一重 大錯誤陳述存在時總能發現。錯誤陳述可以由 欺詐或錯誤引起,如果合理預期它們單獨或滙 總起來可能影響綜合財務報表使用者依賴綜合 財務報表所作出的經濟決定,則有關的錯誤陳 述可被視作重大。

在根據《香港審計準則》進行審計的過程中,我 們運用了專業判斷,保持了專業懷疑態度。我 們亦:

- 識別和評估由於欺詐或錯誤而導致綜合 財務報表存在重大錯誤陳述的風險,設 計及執行審計程序以應對這些風險,以 及獲取充足和適當的審計憑證,作為我 們意見的基礎。由於欺詐可能涉及串 謀、偽造、蓄意遺漏、虛假陳述,或凌 駕於內部控制之上,因此未能發現因欺 詐而導致的重大錯誤陳述的風險高於未 能發現因錯誤而導致的重大錯誤陳述的 風險。
- 了解與審計相關的內部控制,以設計適 當的審計程序,但目的並非對 貴集團 內部控制的有效性發表意見。
- 評價董事所採用會計政策的恰當性及作 出會計估計和相關披露的合理性。

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

- Conclude on the appropriateness of the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Group to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

核數師就審計綜合財務報表承擔的 責任(續)

- 對董事採用持續經營會計基礎的恰當性 作出結論。根據所獲取的審計憑證,確 定是否存在與事項或情況有關的重大不 確定性,從而可能導致對 貴集團的持 續經營能力產生重大疑慮。如果我們認 為存在重大不確定性,則有必要在核數 師報告中提請使用者注意綜合財務報表 中的相關披露。假若有關的披露不足, 則我們應當發表非無保留意見。我們的 結論是基於核數師報告日止所取得的審 計憑證。然而,未來事項或情況可能導 致 貴集團不能持續經營。
- 評價綜合財務報表的整體列報方式、結構和內容,包括披露,以及綜合財務報表是否中肯反映交易和事項。
- 就 貴集團內實體或業務活動的財務信 息獲取充足、適當的審計憑證,以便對 綜合財務報表發表意見。我們負責 貴 集團審計的方向、監督和執行。我們為 審計意見承擔全部責任。

除其他事項外,我們與治理層溝通了計劃的審 計範圍、時間安排、重大審計發現等,包括我 們在審計中識別出內部控制的任何重大缺陷。

我們還向治理層提交聲明,説明我們已符合有 關獨立性的相關專業道德要求,並與他們溝通 有可能合理地被認為會影響我們獨立性的所有 關係和其他事項,以及在適用的情況下,相關 的防範措施。

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

The engagement partner on the audit resulting in this independent auditor's report is Pong Fei Ho.

核數師就審計綜合財務報表承擔的 責任(續)

從與治理層溝通的事項中,我們確定哪些事項 對本期綜合財務報表的審計最為重要,因而構 成關鍵審計事項。我們在核數師報告中描述這 些事項,除非法律法規不允許公開披露這些事 項,或在極端罕見的情況下,如果合理預期在 我們報告中溝通某事項造成的負面後果超過產 生的公眾利益,我們決定不應在報告中溝通該 事項。

出具本獨立核數師報告的審計項目合夥人是龐 飛浩。

羅兵咸永道會計師事務所 執業會計師

香港,二零一九年三月二十日

PricewaterhouseCoopers

Certified Public Accountants

Hong Kong, 20 March, 2019

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME 综合全面損益報表

For the year ended 31 December 2018 截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度

| | | | 2018 二零一八年 | 2017 二零一七年 |
|--|--|------------|------------------------|-----------------|
| | | Note 附註 | HK\$′000 千港元 | HK\$'000 千港元 |
| Revenue | 收益 | 5 | 149,496 | 131,343 |
| Cost of sales | 銷售成本 | 6 | (97,643) | (85,661) |
| Gross profit | 毛利 | | 51,853 | 45,682 |
| Other income | 其他收入 | 5 | 6,586 | 12,319 |
| Administrative expenses | 行政費用 | 6 | (29,670) | (25,325) |
| Operating profit | 經營溢利 | | 28,769 | 32,676 |
| Finance income | 財務收入 | 7 | 3,183 | 2,545 |
| Finance costs | 融資成本 | 7 | (28,693) | (32,487) |
| Finance costs – net | 融資成本-淨額 | 7 | (25,510) | (29,942) |
| Share of profits less losses of | 應佔聯營公司溢利減虧損 | | | |
| associates | | 17 | 69,007 | 67,580 |
| Profit before income tax | 所得税前溢利 | | 72,266 | 70,314 |
| Income tax expense | 所得税支出 | 10 | (9,313) | (9,364) |
| Profit for the year | 本年度溢利 | | 62,953 | 60,950 |
| Other comprehensive (loss)/income Items that may be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss Currency translation differences of | 其他全面(虧損)/收入 可於其後重新分類至損益之 項目 本公司及其附屬公司之 | | | |
| the Company and its subsidiaries Currency translation differences of | 本公司及兵附屬公司之 匪兑換算差額 聯營公司之匯兑換算差額 | | (45,124) | 55,279 |
| associates | | | (46,403) | 68,637 |
| Other comprehensive (loss)/income | 本年度其他全面(虧損)/收入, | | | |
| for the year, net of tax | 扣除税項 | | (91,527) | 123,916 |
| Total comprehensive (loss)/income | 本年度全面(虧損)/收入總額 | | (29 574) | 194 966 |
| for the year | | | (28,574) | 184,866 |
| Profit attributable to: | 以下應佔溢利: | | | |
| Equity holders of the Company Non-controlling interests | 本公司權益持有人 非控股權益 | | 62,254 699 | 60,330 620 |
| | | | 62,953 | 60,950 |
| | | | | |

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME 综合全面損益報表

For the year ended 31 December 2018 截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度

| | | Note 附註 | 2018 二零一八年 HK\$′000 千港元 | 2017 二零一七年 HK\$'000 千港元 |
|--|--------------------------------|------------|--|----------------------------------|
| Total comprehensive (loss)/income attributable to: | 以下應佔全面(虧損)/收入 總額: | | | |
| Equity holders of the Company | 本公司權益持有人 | | (29,346) | 184,413 |
| Non-controlling interests | 非控股權益 | | 772 | 453 |
| | | | (28,574) | 184,866 |
| Earnings per share attributable to equity holders of the Company for the year (expressed in HK cents per share) | 本年度本公司權益持有人應佔 每股盈利(每股以港仙列示) | | | |
| Basic earnings per share | 每股基本盈利 | 11(a) | 2.54 | 2.56 |
| Diluted earnings per share | 每股攤薄盈利 | 11(b) | 2.54 | 2.54 |

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET 综合資產負債表

As at 31 December 2018 於二零一八年十二月三十一日

| | | Note 附註 | 2018 二零一八年 HK\$′000 千港元 | 2017 二零一七年 HK\$'000 千港元 |
|---|---------------------------|------------|--|----------------------------------|
| ASSETS | 資產 | | | |
| Non-current assets | 非流動資產 | | | |
| Property, plant and equipment | 物業、機器及設備 | 13 | 825,547 | 911,598 |
| Construction in progress | 在建工程 | 14 | 321,004 | 36,089 |
| Prepaid land lease payments | 預付土地租賃款 | 15 | 10,257 | 11,925 |
| Intangible assets | 無形資產 | 16 | 4,614 | 5,392 |
| Prepayments and other receivables | 預付款及其他應收款 | 18 | 59,749 | 166,411 |
| Interests in associates | 於聯營公司之權益 | 17 | 884,894 | 931,364 |
| Total non-current assets | 非流動資產總額 | | 2,106,065 | 2,062,779 |
| Current assets | 流動資產 | | | |
| Inventories | 存貨 | | 6,728 | 9,050 |
| Trade and other receivables | 應收賬款及其他應收款 | 18 | 204,986 | 117,730 |
| Restricted cash | 受限制現金 | 20 | 2,391 | - |
| Short-term bank deposits | 短期銀行存款 | 19 | 43,656 | - |
| Cash and cash equivalents | 現金及現金等價物 | 20 | 161,585 | 300,060 |
| Total current assets | 流動資產總額 | | 419,346 | 426,840 |
| Total assets | 資產總額 | | 2,525,411 | 2,489,619 |
| EQUITY Capital and reserves attributable to equity holders of the Company | 權益 本公司權益持有人應佔資本及 儲備 | | | |
| Share capital | 股本 | 21 | 25,062 | 23,647 |
| Reserves | 儲備 | 22 | 1,703,504 | 1,721,779 |
| Equity attributable to equity holders of the Company | 本公司權益持有人應佔權益 | | 1,728,566 | 1,745,426 |
| Non-controlling interests | 非控股權益 | | (1,297) | (2,069) |
| Total equity | 權益總額 | | 1,727,269 | 1,743,357 |

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET

综合資產負債表

As at 31 December 2018 於二零一八年十二月三十一日

| | | | 2018 二零一八年 | |
|------------------------------------|------------|------------|------------------------|-----------------|
| | | Note 附註 | HK\$′000 千港元 | HK\$'000 千港元 |
| LIABILITIES | 負債 | | | |
| Non-current liabilities | 非流動負債 | | | |
| Bank borrowings | 銀行借款 | 23 | 383,450 | 351,335 |
| Deferred income tax liabilities | 遞延所得税負債 | 25 | 31,270 | 32,772 |
| Total non-current liabilities | 非流動負債總額 | | 414,720 | 384,107 |
| Current liabilities | 流動負債 | | | |
| Trade and other payables | 應付賬款及其他應付款 | 26 | 63,207 | 46,958 |
| Current portion of bank borrowings | 銀行借款即期部分 | 23 | 122,510 | 88,931 |
| Amount due to a shareholder | 應付一名股東款項 | 24 | 197,511 | 226,169 |
| Current income tax liabilities | 即期所得税負債 | | 194 | 97 |
| Total current liabilities | 流動負債總額 | | 383,422 | 362,155 |
| Total liabilities | 負債總額 | | 798,142 | 746,262 |
| Total equity and liabilities | 權益及負債總額 | | 2,525,411 | 2,489,619 |

OEl Kang, Eric 黃剛 Director 董事

LEUNG Wing Sum, Samuel 梁榮森 Director 董事

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY 综合權益變動表

For the year ended 31 December 2018 截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度

| | | Attributable to equity holders of the Company 本公司權益持有人應佔 | | | | | | |
|---|-------------------------------------|---|---|--|---|---------------------------------------|--|--|
| | | Share capital 股本 HK\$'000 千港元 | Share premium 股份溢價 HK\$'000 千港元 | Exchange reserve 匯兑儲備 HK\$'000 千港元 | Retained earnings 保留盈利 HK\$'000 千港元 | Total 總額 HK\$'000 千港元 | Non- controlling interests 非控股權益 HK\$'000 千港元 | Total equity 權益總額 HK\$'000 千港元 |
| Balance at 1 January 2017 | 於二零一七年一月一日之結餘 | 23,564 | 892,905 | (57,685) | 707,409 | 1,566,193 | (2,522) | 1,563,671 |
| Profit for the year Other comprehensive income: Currency translation differences of | 本年度溢利 其他全面收入: 本公司及其附屬公司之 | - | - | - | 60,330 | 60,330 | 620 | 60,950 |
| the Company and its subsidiaries Currency translation | 匯兑換算差額 聯營公司之匯兑換算差額 | - | - | 55,446 | - | 55,446 | (167) | 55,279 |
| differences of associates | | - | - | 68,637 | - | 68,637 | - | 68,637 |
| Total comprehensive income | 全面收入總額 | | | 124,083 | 60,330 | 184,413 | 453 | 184,866 |
| Transactions with owners Dividend paid Exercise of warrants | 與擁有人進行之交易 已付股息 行使認股權證 | - 83 | - 1,831 | - | (7,094) _ | (7,094) 1,914 | - | (7,094) 1,914 |
| Balance at 31 December 2017 | 於二零一七年十二月三十一日 之結餘 | 23,647 | 894,736 | 66,398 | 760,645 | 1,745,426 | (2,069) | 1,743,357 |
| Balance at 1 January 2018 | 於二零一八年一月一日之結餘 | 23,647 | 894,736 | 66,398 | 760,645 | 1,745,426 | (2,069) | 1,743,357 |
| Profit for the year Other comprehensive income: | 本年度溢利 其他全面收入: | - | - | - | 62,254 | 62,254 | 699 | 62,953 |
| Currency translation differences of the Company and its subsidiaries Currency translation | 本公司及其附屬公司之 匯兑換算差額 聯營公司之匯兑換算差額 | - | - | (45,197) | - | (45,197) | 73 | (45,124) |
| differences of associates | ининселиличи | - | - | (46,403) | - | (46,403) | - | (46,403) |
| Total comprehensive income | 全面收入總額 | - | - | (91,600) | 62,254 | (29,346) | 772 | (28,574) |
| Transactions with owners Dividend paid Exercise of warrants | 與擁有人進行之交易 已付股息 行使認股權證 | - 1,415 | - 31,120 | - | (20,049) _ | (20,049) 32,535 | - | (20,049) 32,535 |
| Balance at 31 December 2018 | 於二零一八年十二月三十一日 之結餘 | 25,062 | 925,856 | (25,202) | 802,850 | 1,728,566 | (1,297) | 1,727,269 |

CONSOLIDATED CASH FLOW STATEMENT 综合現金流量表

For the year ended 31 December 2018 截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度

| | | Note 附註 | 2018 二零一八年 HK\$′000 千港元 | 2017 二零一七年 HK\$'000 千港元 |
|--|---|------------|---|--|
| Cash flows from operating activities Cash generated from operations Mainland China taxation paid | 經營活動之現金流量 經營所得現金 已付中國大陸税項 | 29 | 56,996 (5,843) | 162,249 (9,285) |
| Net cash generated from operating activities | 經營活動所得現金淨額 | | 51,153 | 152,964 |
| Cash flows from investing activities Interest received Additions to prepayments Purchase of property, plant and equipment Purchase of construction in progress Purchase of intangible assets | 投資活動之現金流量 已收利息 添置預付款 購入物業、機器及設備 購入在建工程 購入無形資產 | | 3,045 (257) (11,497) (184,684) (210) | 2,626 (156,476) (23,069) (28,862) (42) |
| Proceeds from non-current prepayment Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment Dividend received from associated company | | | (210) 1,188 - 7,278 | (42) - 55 - |
| Increase in restricted cash (Increase)/decrease in short-term bank deposits | 受限制現金增加 短期銀行存款(增加)/減少 | | (2,391) (43,656) | - 13,475 |
| Net cash used in investing activities | 投資活動所用現金淨額 | | (231,184) | (192,293) |
| Cash flows from financing activities Proceeds from exercise of share warrants (Decrease)/increase in amount due to | 融資活動之現金流量 行使股份認股權證之所得款項 應付股東款項(減少)/增加 | | 32,535 | 1,914 |
| a shareholder Drawdown of bank borrowings Repayment of bank borrowings Interest paid Dividend paid | 提取銀行借款 償還銀行借款 已付利息 已付股息 | | (25,000) 181,340 (85,379) (40,121) (20,049) | 220,000 28,290 (89,088) (26,855) (7,094) |
| Net cash generated from financing activities | 融資活動所得現金淨額 | | 43,326 | 127,167 |
| Net (decrease)/increase in cash and cash equivalents Cash and cash equivalents at 1 January Effect of foreign exchange rate changes | | | (136,705) 300,060 (1,770) | 87,838 200,704 11,518 |
| Cash and cash equivalents at 31 December | 於十二月三十一日之現金及 現金等價物 | | 161,585 | 300,060 |

1 General information

China Renewable Energy Investment Limited (the "Company" or "CRE") is an exempted company incorporated in the Cayman Islands with limited liability. The address of the registered office is Cricket Square, Hutchins Drive, P.O. Box 2681, Grand Cayman KY1-1111, Cayman Islands.

The Company and its subsidiaries (collectively the "Group") are principally engaged in renewable energy business. The Group has operations mainly in the People's Republic of China (the "PRC").

The shares of the Company are listed on the Main Board of The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited ("the Stock Exchange"). The ultimate holding company is Claudio Holdings Limited, a company incorporated in the British Virgin Islands.

These consolidated financial statements are presented in thousands of units of Hong Kong dollars (HK\$ thousand or HK\$'000), unless otherwise stated. These consolidated financial statements were approved for issue by the board of directors of the Company (the "Board") on 20 March 2019.

2 Summary of significant accounting policies

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these consolidated financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented unless otherwise stated.

一般資料

1

中國再生能源投資有限公司(「本公司」或 「中國再生能源」)為於開曼群島註冊成立 之獲豁免有限公司,其註冊辦事處地址 為 Cricket Square, Hutchins Drive, P.O. Box 2681, Grand Cayman KY1–1111, Cayman Islands。

本公司及其附屬公司(統稱「本集團」)主 要從事可再生能源業務。本集團之業務 主要位於中華人民共和國(「中國」)。

本公司股份於香港聯合交易所有限公司 (「聯交所」)主板上市。於英屬處女群島 註冊成立之Claudio Holdings Limited為本 公司最終控股公司。

除另有指明外,本綜合財務報表以千港 元(「千港元」)為單位呈列。本公司董事 會(「董事會」)已於二零一九年三月二十 日批准刊發本綜合財務報表。

2 主要會計政策概要

編製綜合財務報表所採用之主要會計政 策載列如下。除另有説明外,此等政策 已於所有呈報年度內貫徹應用。

2 Summary of significant accounting policies (continued) 2.1 Basis of preparation

The consolidated financial statements of CRE have been prepared in accordance with all applicable Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards ("HKFRS") and disclosure requirements of Hong Kong Companies Ordinance. They have been prepared under the historical cost convention.

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with HKFRS requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise its judgement in the process of applying the Group's accounting policies. The areas involving a higher degree of judgement or complexity, or areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to the consolidated financial statements, are disclosed in Note 4.

(a) New standards, amendments to standards and interpretations adopted by the Group

| Amendments to HKAS 40 | Transfers of Investment Property |
|--|---|
| Amendments to HKFRS 2 Amendments to HKFRS 4 | Classification and Measurement of Share-based Payment Transactions Applying HKFRS 9 Financial Instruments with HKFRS 4 Insurance Contracts |
| HKFRS 9 | Financial Instruments |
| HKFRS 15 | Revenue from Contracts with Customers |
| Amendments to HKFRS 15 | Clarifications to HKFRS 15 |
| Annual Improvements to HKFRSs | Annual Improvements to HKFRSs 2014-2016 Cycle |
| HK(IFRIC)- Interpretation 22 | Foreign Currency Transactions and Advance Consideration |

2 主要會計政策概要(續)2.1 編製基準

中國再生能源之綜合財務報表乃根 據所有適用之香港財務報告準則 (「香港財務報告準則」)及香港公司 條例披露規定編製。該等綜合財務 報表按歷史成本慣例編製。

編製符合香港財務報告準則之財務 報表時,須採用若干重大會計估 計。管理層亦須在應用本集團會計 政策的過程中作出判斷。涉及較多 判斷或較複雜的範疇,或假設及估 計對綜合財務報表有重大影響的範 疇於附註4披露。

(a) 本集團採納之新準則、準則 修訂及詮釋

投資物業之轉讓 香港會計準則 第40號之修訂 香港財務報告準則 以股份支付交易之 第2號之修訂 分類及計量 香港財務報告準則 應用香港財務報告準則 第4號之修訂 第9號金融工具與 香港財務報告準則 第4號保險合約 香港財務報告準則 金融工具 第9號 香港財務報告準則 客戶合約收入 第15號 香港財務報告準則 香港財務報告準則 第15號之修訂 第15號之澄清 香港財務報告準則 香港財務報告準則 年度改進 二零一四年至 二零一六年週期之 年度改進 香港(國際財務報告 外幣交易及預收預付對價 詮釋委員會) - 詮釋第22號

2 Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

2.1 Basis of preparation (continued)

- (a) New standards, amendments to standards and interpretations adopted by the Group (continued)
 - (i) HKFRS 9 Financial Instruments Impact of adoption

HKFRS 9 replaces the whole of HKAS 39 which addresses the classification, measurement and derecognition of financial assets and financial liabilities, introduces new rules for hedge accounting and a new impairment model for financial assets.

All of the Group's financial assets and financial liabilities were carried at amortised costs without significant impairment on the former, the implementation of HKFRS 9 does not result in any significant impact on the Group's financial position and results of operations.

Impairment

The Group's financial assets classified at amortised cost, including trade and other receivables are subject to the new expected credit loss model for impairment assessment. The adoption of the new impairment model as at 1 January 2018 has not resulted in any material impact on the carrying amount of the Group's financial assets.

2 主要會計政策概要(續)

(i)

2.1 編製基準(續)

- (a) 本集團採納之新準則、準則 修訂及詮釋(續)
 - 香港財務報告準則 第9號「金融工具」-採納的影響 香港財務報告準則第9 號取代了所有香港會計 準則第39號針對金融資 產及金融負債之分類、 計量及終止確認,並引 入對沖會計法的新規則 及金融資產之新減值模 式。

本集團所有金融資產及 金融負債均按攤銷成本 入賬,前者並無承受 大減值,實施香港財勞 報告準則第9號不會對 本集績造成任何重大影 響。

減值

2 Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

2.1 Basis of preparation (continued)

- (a) New standards, amendments to standards and interpretations adopted by the Group (continued)
 - (ii) HKFRS 15 Revenue from Contracts with Customers — Impact of adoption

HKFRS 15 replaces HKAS 18 which covers contracts for goods and services. The Group has adopted HKFRS 15 Revenue from Contracts with Customers from 1 January 2018. The Group has elected to apply the modified retrospective approach by adjusting opening retained earnings when it adopted HKFRS 15 effective on 1 January 2018 without restatement of prior periods.

Revenue from sales of electricity is recognised at the point in time of transfer of ownership. As a result, the adoption of HKFRS 15 does not have any impact on the Group's revenue recognition and therefore adjustments of the Group's opening retained earnings to reflect the adoption of HKFRS 15 is not required.

Other than HKFRS 9 and HKFRS 15, the adoption of these amendments to standards and interpretations does not have any significant impact on the Group.

2 主要會計政策概要(續)

(ii)

2.1 編製基準(續)

(a) 本集團採納之新準則、準則 修訂及詮釋(續)

> 香港財務報告準則第15 號「客戶合約收入」-採 納的影響 香港財務報告準則第15 號取代了香港會計準則 第18號(涵蓋貨品及服 務合約)。本集團已自 二零一八年一月一日起 採納香港財務報告準 則第15號「客戶合約收 入」。本集團採納於二 零一八年一月一日生效 之香港財務報告準則第 15號時,己選擇採用經 修訂之追溯方法調整期 初保留盈利而毋須重列 過往期間的數字。

電力銷售的收益於轉 擁有權時獲確認。因 推則第15號對本集則第15號對本集 則第15號並無任調 之收益確集團毋須 調 初保留盈利以反映其 期 初香港財務報告準則 第15號。

除香港財務報告準則第9號 及香港財務報告準則第15號 外,採納該等準則修訂及詮 釋並不會對本集團造成任何 重大影響。

2 Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

2.1 Basis of preparation (continued)

(b) New standards, amendments to standards and interpretations have been issued but are not effective for the financial year beginning on 1 January 2018 and have not been early adopted The following standards, amendments to standards and interpretations have been published and are mandatory for the Group's accounting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2019 or later periods, but the Group has not early adopted them:

主要會計政策概要(續) 2

2.1 編製基準(續)

(b) 於二零一八年一月一日開始 之財政年度已頒佈但尚未生 效且亦無提早採納之新準 則、準則修訂及詮釋 以下為已頒佈且必須在二零 一九年一月一日或以後開始 之本集團會計期間或較後期 間強制應用,惟本集團並無 提早採納之準則、準則修訂 及詮釋:

> Effective for accounting periods beginning on or after 於下列日期 或之後開始之 會計期間生效

| Amendments to HKAS 19 | Plan Amendment, Curtailment or Settlement | 1 January 2019 |
|--|--|-----------------|
| 香港會計準則第19號之修訂 | 計劃修訂、縮減或結清 | 二零一九年一月一日 |
| Amendments to HKAS 28 | Long-term Interests in Associates and Joint Ventures | 1 January 2019 |
| 香港會計準則第28號之修訂 | 於聯營公司及合營企業之長期權益 | 二零一九年一月一日 |
| Amendments to HKFRS 9 | Prepayment Features with Negative Compensation | 1 January 2019 |
| 香港財務報告準則第9號之修訂 | 具有負補償的提前還款特性 | 二零一九年一月一日 |
| HKFRS 16 | Leases | 1 January 2019 |
| 香港財務報告準則第16號 | 租賃 | 二零一九年一月一日 |
| HKFRS 17 | Insurance Contracts | 1 January 2021 |
| 香港財務報告準則第17號 | 保險合約 | 二零二一年一月一日 |
| Annual Improvements to HKFRSs | Annual Improvements to HKFRSs 2015-2017 Cycle | 1 January 2019 |
| 香港財務報告準則年度改進 | 香港財務報告準則二零一五年至二零一七年 週期之年度改進 | 二零一九年一月一日 |
| HK(IFRIC)-Interpretation 23 | Uncertainty over Income Tax Treatments | 1 January 2019 |
| 香港(國際財務報告詮釋委員會) 一詮釋第23號 | 所得税處理之不確定性 | 二零一九年一月一日 |
| Conceptual Framework for Financial Reporting 2018 | Revised Conceptual Framework for Financial Reporting | 1 January 2020 |
| 財務報告二零一八年之概念框架 | 財務報告之經修訂概念框架 | 二零二零年一月一日 |
| Amendments to HKFRS 10 and HKAS 28 | Sale or Contribution of Assets between an Investor and its Associate or Joint Venture | To be announced |
| 香港財務報告準則第10號及 香港會計準則第28號之修訂 | 投資者與其聯營公司或合營企業之間之 資產出售或注資 | 待公佈 |
| | | |

2 Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

2.1 Basis of preparation (continued)

(b) New standards, amendments to standards and interpretations have been issued but are not effective for the financial year beginning on 1 January 2018 and have not been early adopted (continued)

The Group has not early adopted the new standards, amendments to standards and interpretations, which have been issued but are not effective for the financial year beginning on 1 January 2018. Further information about those new standards, amendments to standards and interpretations that are not yet effective but are expected to be applicable to the Group is set out below:

HKFRS 16 Leases

HKFRS 16 was issued in January 2016. It will result in almost all leases being recognised on the balance sheet, as the distinction between operating and finance leases is removed. Under the new standard, an asset (the right to use the leased item) and a financial liability to pay rentals are recognised. The only exceptions are short-term and low-value leases.

The accounting for lessors will not significantly change.

The standard will affect primarily the accounting for the Group's operating leases. As at the reporting date, the Group has non-cancellable operating lease commitments of HK\$8.6 million. Based on the current assessment, it is estimated that the change in accounting for the Group's operating leases will not result in a significant impact on the Group's financial statements.

HKFRS 16 is mandatory for the first annual reporting period beginning on or after 1 January 2019. The Group intends to apply the simplified transition approach and will not restate comparative amounts for the year prior to first adoption. The Group has not early adopted HKFRS 16 for the year ended 31 December 2018.

2 主要會計政策概要(續)2.1 編製基準(續)

(b) 於二零一八年一月一日開始 之財政年度已頒佈但尚未生 效且亦無提早採納之新準 則、準則修訂及詮釋(續)

> 本集團並無提早採納已頒佈 但於二零一八年一月一日開 始之財政年度尚未生效之新 準則、準則修訂及詮釋。有 關該等尚未生效但預期適用 於本集團的新準則、準則修 訂及詮釋的進一步資料載列 如下:

> 香港財務報告準則第16號「租 賃」

> 香港財務報告準則第16號於 二零一六年一月頒佈,其將 導致差不多所有租賃在資產 負債表內確認,此乃由於經 營與融資租賃的劃分已被刪 除。根據新準則,資產(該租 定金融負債被確認。唯一豁 免為短期及低價值租賃。

> 對承租人之會計處理將不會 有重大改變。

> 此準則將主要影響本集團經 營租賃之會計處理。於報告 日期,本集團有不可撤銷的 經營租賃承擔8,600,000港 元。根據目前的評估,估計 本集團經營租賃的會計處理 的變更將不會對本集團財務 報表造成重大影響。

2 Summary of significant accounting policies (continued) 2.1 Basis of preparation (continued)

(b) New standards, amendments to standards and interpretations have been issued but are not effective for the financial year beginning on 1 January 2018 and have not been early adopted (continued)

There are no other standards that are not yet effective and that would be expected to have a material impact on the entity in the current or future reporting periods and on foreseeable future transactions.

2.2 Consolidation

The consolidated financial statements include the financial statements of the Company and all its subsidiaries made up to 31 December.

(a) Subsidiaries

A subsidiary is an entity (including a structured entity) over which the Group has control. The Group controls an entity when the Group is exposed to, or has rights to, variable returns from its involvement with the entity and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the entity. Subsidiaries are consolidated from the date on which control is transferred to the Group. They are deconsolidated from the date that control ceases.

The Group uses the acquisition method of accounting to account for business combinations. The consideration transferred for the acquisition of a subsidiary is the fair values of the assets transferred, the liabilities incurred to the former owners of the acquiree and the equity interests issued by the Group. The consideration transferred includes the fair value of any asset or liability resulting from a contingent consideration arrangement. Acquisition-related costs are expensed as incurred. Identifiable assets acquired and liabilities and contingent liabilities assumed in a business combination are measured initially at their fair values at the acquisition date.

The Group recognises any non-controlling interest in the acquiree on an acquisition-by-acquisition basis. Non-controlling interests in the acquiree that are present ownership interests and entitle their holders to a proportionate share of the entity's net assets in the event of liquidation are measured at either fair value or the present ownership interests' proportionate share in the recognised amounts of the acquiree's identifiable net assets. All other components of non-controlling interests are measured at their acquisition date fair value, unless another measurement basis is required by HKFRS.

2 主要會計政策概要(續)

- 2.1 編製基準(續)
 - (b) 於二零一八年一月一日開始 之財政年度已頒佈但尚未生 效且亦無提早採納之新準 則、準則修訂及詮釋(續)

概無其他尚未生效的準則預 期會對實體現時或未來之報 告期間及可預見未來之交易 產生重大影響。

2.2 綜合基準

綜合財務報表包括本公司及其所有 附屬公司截至十二月三十一日止之 財務報表。

(a) 附屬公司 附屬公司為本集團可對其行 使控制權之實體(包括結構實 體)。當本集團從參與某實體 之業務獲得或有權獲得可變回 報,及有能力藉對實體行使其 權力而影響其回報,則本集團 控制該實體。自附屬公司之控 制權轉移到本集團之日期開始 合併,並於本集團失去控制權 之日時終止合併。

2 Summary of significant accounting policies (continued) 2.2 Consolidation (continued)

(a) Subsidiaries (continued)

The excess of the consideration transferred, the amount of any non-controlling interest in the acquiree and the acquisition-date fair value of any previous equity interest in the acquiree over the fair value of the identifiable net assets acquired is recorded as goodwill. If this is less than the fair value of the net assets of the subsidiary acquired in the case of a bargain purchase, the difference is recognised directly in profit or loss.

In the Company's balance sheet, investments in subsidiaries are accounted for at cost less impairment. Cost includes direct attributable costs of investment. It is adjusted to reflect changes in consideration arising from contingent consideration amendments. The results of subsidiaries are accounted for by the Company on the basis of dividend received and receivable.

Impairment testing of the investments in subsidiaries is required upon receiving dividends from these investments if the dividend exceeds the total comprehensive income of the subsidiary in the period the dividend is declared or if the carrying amount of the investment in the separate financial statements exceeds the carrying amount in the consolidated financial statements of the investee's net assets including goodwill.

Inter-company transactions, balances and unrealised gains on transactions between group companies are eliminated. Unrealised losses are also eliminated unless the transaction provides evidence of an impairment of the transferred asset. Accounting policies of subsidiaries have been changed where necessary to ensure consistency with the policies adopted by the Group.

2 主要會計政策概要(續)

- 2.2 綜合基準(續)
 - (a) 附屬公司(續) 所轉讓代價、於被收購方非 控股權益之金額以及於被收 購方任何早前股本權益之收 購日期公平值,超出所收購 可識別資產淨值之公平值, 會入賬列作商譽。倘屬優惠 價購買,少於所收購附屬公 司資產淨值之公平值者,則 差額直接於損益表內確認。

在本公司之資產負債表,於 附屬公司之投資按成本扣除 減值列賬,成本包括投資 度低投資成本,並調整成 本以反映或然代價修訂所產 生之代價變動。附屬公司之 業績由本公司按已收及應收 股息入賬。

倘自於附屬公司之投資收取 之股息超出宣派股息期間該 附屬公司之全面收入總額, 或倘個別財務報表之投資 面值超出綜合財務報表所示 被投資公司之資產淨值(包括 商譽)之賬面值,則須對該等 附屬公司之投資進行減值測 試。

2 Summary of significant accounting policies (continued) 2.2 Consolidation (continued)

(b) Changes in ownership interests in subsidiaries without change of control

Transactions with non-controlling interests that do not result in a loss of control are accounted for as equity transactions – that is, as transactions with the owners of the subsidiary in their capacity as owners. The difference between fair value of any consideration paid and the relevant share acquired of the carrying value of net assets of the subsidiary is recorded in equity. Gains or losses on disposals to non-controlling interests are also recorded in equity.

(c) Disposal of subsidiaries

When the Group ceases to have control, any retained interest in the entity is remeasured to its fair value at the date when control is lost, with the change in carrying amount recognised in profit or loss. The fair value is the initial carrying amount for the purposes of subsequently accounting for the retained interest as an associate, joint venture or financial asset. In addition, any amounts previously recognised in other comprehensive income in respect of that entity are accounted for as if the Group had directly disposed of the related assets or liabilities. This may mean that amounts previously recognised in other comprehensive income are reclassified to profit or loss.

2 主要會計政策概要(續)

- 2.2 綜合基準(續)
 - (b) 不導致控制權變動的附屬公司擁有權權益變動並無導致失去控制權的與非控股權益進行的交易入賬作為權益交易一即與作為持有人的附屬公司持有人進行的交易。任何已付代價的公平值與所收購附屬公司資產淨值賬面值的相關應佔部分的差額於權益入賬。向非控股權益出售的收益或虧損亦於權益入賬。
 - 出售附屬公司 (c) 當本集團停止擁有控制權 時,任何於該實體之保留權 益按於失去控制權當日之公 平值重新計量,賬面值之變 動於損益表確認。該保留權 益往後會以聯營公司、聯合 企業或金融資產作會計處 理,此公平值會作為其初始 賬面值。此外,以往就該實 體在其他全面收入中確認之 任何金額將視作本集團已直 接出售相關資產或負債而處 理。此意味著,以往在其他 全面收入中確認之金額將重 新分類至損益表。

2 Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

2.2 Consolidation (continued)

(d) Associates

Associates are all entities over which the Group has significant influence but not control, generally accompanying a shareholding of between 20% and 50% of the voting rights. Investments in associates are accounted for using the equity method of accounting. Under the equity method, the investment is initially recognised at cost, and the carrying amount is increased or decreased to recognise the investor's share of the profit or loss of the investee after the date of acquisition. The Group's investment in associates include goodwill identified on acquisition. Upon the acquisition of the ownership interest in an associate, any difference between the cost of the associate and the Group's share of the net fair value of the associate's identifiable assets and liabilities is accounted for as goodwill.

If the ownership interest in an associate is reduced but significant influence is retained, only a proportionate share of the amounts previously recognised in other comprehensive income are reclassified to profit or loss where appropriate.

The Group's share of its associates' post-acquisition profits or losses is recognised in profit or loss, and its share of post-acquisition movements in other comprehensive income is recognised in other comprehensive income with a corresponding adjustment to the carrying amount of the investment. When the Group's share of losses in an associate equals or exceeds its interest in the associate, including any other unsecured receivables, the Group does not recognise further losses, unless it has incurred legal or constructive obligations or made payments on behalf of the associate.

2 主要會計政策概要(續)

2.2 綜合基準(續)

(d) 聯營公司

聯營公司為本集團對其有重 大影響力但無控制權之所有 實體,一般附帶有20%至 50%表決權之股權。於聯營 公司之投資以權益會計法入 脹。根據權益法,投資初始 按成本值確認,並增加或減 少賬面值,以確認投資者應 佔被投資者於收購日期後之 損益。本集團於聯營公司之 投資包括收購時已識別之商 譽。於收購聯營公司之所有 權權益時,聯營公司成本與 本集團應佔聯營公司可識別 資產及負債之公平值淨額之 差額確認為商譽。

若於聯營公司之擁有權權益 減少,惟仍然保留重大影響 力,則在適當情況下,僅將 以往在其他全面收入中確認 之金額在適當情況下按比例 重新分類至損益表。

2 Summary of significant accounting policies (continued) 2.2 Consolidation (continued)

(d) Associates (continued)

The Group determines at each reporting date whether there is any objective evidence that the investment in the associate is impaired. If this is the case, the Group calculates the amount of impairment as the difference between the recoverable amount of the associate and its carrying value and recognises the amount adjacent to "share of profits less losses of associates" in the income statement.

Unrealised gains on transactions between the Group and its associates are eliminated to the extent of the Group's interests in the associates. Unrealised losses are also eliminated unless the transaction provides evidence of an impairment of the asset transferred. Accounting policies of associates have been changed where necessary to ensure consistency with the policies adopted by the Group.

Dilution gains and losses arising in investments in associates are recognised in profit or loss.

Gains and losses on disposals are determined by comparing the proceeds with the carrying amount and are recognised within other income or other and general expenses in profit or loss.

2.3 Segment reporting

Operating segments are reported in a manner consistent with the internal reporting provided to the chief operating decision-maker ("CODM"). The CODM, who is responsible for allocating resources and assessing performance of the operating segments, has been identified as the Group's most senior executive management that makes strategic decisions.

2 主要會計政策概要(續)

- 2.2 綜合基準(續)
 - (d) 聯營公司(續) 本集團在每個報告日期釐定 是否有客觀證據證明聯營公 司投資已減值。如投資已減 值,本集團計算減值,數額 為聯營公司可收回數額與其 賬面值的差額,並在損益表 中確認於「應佔聯營公司溢利 減虧損」旁。

本集團與其聯營公司之間交 易的未變現收益按本集團於 聯營公司權益的數額示所 讓資產有所減值,否則未 夏虧損亦會對銷。聯營公司 之會計政策於有需要時 改,以確保與本集團所採納 之會計政策一致。

投資於聯營公司所產生之攤 薄收益及虧損於損益內確認。

出售盈虧按所得款與賬面值 的差額釐定,並在損益內的 其他收入或其他及一般費用 中確認。

2.3 分部報告

經營分部按照公司內部向主要經營 決策人(「主要經營決策人」)提供報 告之一貫方式予以呈報。主要經營 決策人負責分配資源及評估經營分 部表現,已識別為作出策略決定之 本集團最高級行政管理層。

2 Summary of significant accounting policies (continued) 2.4 Foreign currency translation

(a) Functional and presentation currency Items included in the financial statements of each of the Group's entities are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates ("the functional currency"). The Group's functional currency is Renminbi and the Group's presentation currency is Hong Kong dollars to facilitate analysis of the financial information of the Group, which is listed in Hong Kong.

(b) Transactions and balances

Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using the exchange rates prevailing at the dates of the transactions or valuation where items are remeasured. Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions and from the translation at yearend exchange rates of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are recognised in the profit or loss.

(c) Group companies

The results and financial position of all the group entities (none of which has the currency of a hyperinflationary economy) that have a functional currency different from the presentation currency are translated into the presentation currency as follows:

- assets and liabilities for each balance sheet presented are translated at the closing rate at the date of that balance sheet;
- (ii) income and expenses for each statement of comprehensive income are translated at average exchange rates (unless this average is not a reasonable approximation of the cumulative effect of the rates prevailing on the transaction dates, in which case income and expenses are translated at the dates of the transactions); and

2 主要會計政策概要(續)

- 2.4 外幣換算
 - (a) 功能及呈報貨幣 計入本集團各實體財務報表 之項目乃採用實體經營業務 所在主要經濟環境之貨幣計 算(「功能貨幣」)。本集團之 功能貨幣為人民幣,而本集 團之呈報貨幣為港元,以方 便分析於香港上市之本集團 之財務資料。
 - (b) 交易及結餘 外幣交易均按交易或估值(如 有關項目需重新計量)當日之 現行匯率換算為功能貨幣。 因該等交易結算及按年結日 之匯率換算以外幣計值之貨 幣資產及負債而產生之匯兑 損益,均於損益表確認。
 - (c) 集團公司 集團旗下所有實體如有與呈 報貨幣不一致之功能貨幣(其 中並無任何公司持有通脹嚴 重之經濟體系之貨幣),其業 績及財務狀況均按以下方法 兑換為呈報貨幣:
 - (i) 每項資產負債表之資產 及負債均按照該資產負 債表結算日之收市匯率 換算為呈報貨幣;
 - (ii) 每項全面損益表之收入及開支均按照平均匯率換算為呈報貨幣(但若此平均匯率未能合理地反映各交易日之匯率所帶來之累計影響,則按照各交易日之匯率換算此等收入及開支);及

2 Summary of significant accounting policies (continued) 2.4 Foreign currency translation (continued)

- (c) Group companies (continued)
 - (iii) all resulting exchange differences are recognised in other comprehensive income. Goodwill and fair value adjustments arising on the acquisition of a foreign entity are treated as assets and liabilities of the foreign entity and translated at the closing rate. Cumulative exchange differences arising are recognised in other comprehensive income.
- (d) Disposal of foreign operation and partial disposal On the disposal of a foreign operation (that is, a disposal of the Group's entire interest in a foreign operation, or a disposal involving loss of control over a subsidiary that includes a foreign operation, or a disposal involving loss of significant influence over an associate that includes a foreign operation), all of the currency translation differences accumulated in equity in respect of that operation attributable to the equity holders of the Company are reclassified to profit or loss.

In the case of a partial disposal that does not result in the Group losing control over a subsidiary that includes a foreign operation, the proportionate share of accumulated currency translation differences are re-attributed to non-controlling interests and are not recognised in profit or loss. For all other partial disposals (that is, reductions in the Group's ownership interest in associates that do not result in the Group losing significant influence) the proportionate share of the accumulated currency translation difference is reclassified to profit or loss.

2 主要會計政策概要(續)

- 2.4 外幣換算(續)
 - (c) 集團公司(續)
 - (iii) 所產生之所有匯兑差額 均於其他全面收入中確 認。因收購海外公司而 產生之商譽及公平值調 整,均視作該海外公司 之資產及負債處理,並 以收市匯率換算。累計 所產生之匯兑差額在其 他全面收入中確認。
 - (d) 出售海外業務及部分出售 於出售海外業務(即出售本集 團於海外業務之全部權益、 或涉及失去對一間具有海外 業務的附屬公司之控制權之 出售、或涉及失去對一間具 有海外業務的聯營公司之重 大影響力之出售)時,就本公 司權益持有人應佔該業務而 於權益內累計之所有匯兑換 算差額重新分類至損益表。

2 Summary of significant accounting policies (continued) 2.5 Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment, comprising leasehold improvements, plant and machinery, motor vehicles and furniture, fixtures and equipment are stated at historical cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses. Historical cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to the acquisition of the items.

Depreciation of property, plant and equipment is calculated using the straight-line method, to write off their cost less the residual values over their estimated useful lives or remaining useful lives for those second-hand assets and the estimated useful lives are as follows:

| Electricity utility plants | Shorter of the remaining operation period or 20 years |
|------------------------------|---|
| Other plant and machinery | 5 years |
| Паститету | |
| Leasehold | Shorter of the remaining lease |
| improvements | period or 5 years |
| Furniture, fixtures and | 3-5 years |
| equipment | |
| Motor vehicles | 3-5 years |

The assets' residual values and useful lives are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at each balance sheet date.

Subsequent costs are included in the carrying amount of the asset or recognised as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Group and the cost of item can be measured reliably. The carrying amount of the replaced part is derecognised. All other repairs and maintenance are charged in profit or loss during the financial period in which they are incurred.

An asset's carrying amount is written down immediately to its recoverable amount if the asset's carrying amount is greater than its estimated recoverable amount (Note 2.9).

Gains and losses on disposals are determined by comparing the proceeds with the carrying amount and are recognised within other income or other and general expenses in profit or loss.

2 主要會計政策概要(續)

2.5 物業、機器及設備

物業、機器及設備包括租賃物業裝 修、廠房及機器、汽車以及傢俬、 裝置及設備,按以往成本減累計折 舊及累計減值虧損列賬。歷史成本 包括直接因收購有關項目而動用之 開支。

物業、機器及設備使用直線法計算 折舊,於估計可使用年期或二手資 產之剩餘可使用年期內撇減其成 本。有關估計可使用年期載列如 下:

| 發電廠 | 餘下營業期或二十年 |
|--------|-----------|
| | (以較短者為準) |
| 其他機器及 | 五年 |
| 設備 | |
| 租賃物業裝修 | 餘下租賃年期或五年 |
| | (以較短者為準) |
| 傢俬、裝置及 | 三至五年 |
| 設備 | |
| 汽車 | 三至五年 |

每個結算日均會檢討資產之餘值及 可使用年期,如有需要會作出調 整。

其後成本僅於與該項目有關的未來 經濟利益很有可能流入本集團及項 目成本能夠可靠計量時,方計入資 產賬面值或確認為一項獨立資產 (視適用情況而定)。已置換部件之 賬面值會剔除確認。所有其他維修 及保養費用於產生財政期間在損益 表扣除。

當資產之賬面值超過預計可收回款 額時,資產賬面值即時撇減至其可 收回款額(附註2.9)。

出售盈虧按比較所得款項與賬面值 釐定,並於損益表內其他收入或其 他及一般費用確認。

2 Summary of significant accounting policies (continued) 2.6 Construction in progress

Costs directly attributable to the construction of property, plant and equipment including borrowing costs during the construction period are capitalised as the costs of the assets, which are classified as construction in progress. On completion, the construction in progress is transferred to property, plant and equipment at cost less accumulated impairment losses. No depreciation is provided on construction in progress until such items as the relevant assets are completed and available for intended use.

2.7 Prepaid land lease payments

Prepaid land lease payments represent prepayments for leasehold land held under operating leases, which are stated at cost and subsequently are amortised in profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the period of the lease or when there is impairment, the impairment is expensed in profit or loss.

2.8 Intangible assets

(a) Concession right

Concession right acquired in a business combination is recognised at fair value at the acquisition date. The concession right has a finite useful life and is carried at cost less accumulated amortisation and impairment. Amortisation is calculated using the straight-line method over its concession right period of shorter of the remaining operation period or 20 years.

(b) Computer software

Computer software separately acquired is shown at historical cost. Computer software acquired in a business combination is recognised at fair value at the acquisition date. Amortisation is calculated using the straight-line method to allocate the cost of computer software over its estimated useful live of 2-5 years.

2 主要會計政策概要(續)

2.6 在建工程

於建築期間與物業、機器及設備之 建造相關之直接成本(包括借貸成 本),會資本化作為資產成本,並 分類為在建工程。在建工程於完工 後轉撥至物業、機器及設備,按成 本值減累計減值虧損列賬。不會對 在建工程計算折舊,直至有關資產 已完成並可作擬定用途為止。

2.7 預付土地租賃款

預付土地租賃款即根據經營租賃持 有之租賃土地之預付款項,按成本 值列賬,其後須於租期以直線法在 損益表攤銷,或倘出現減值,減值 會在損益表中支銷。

2.8 無形資產

- (a) 特許權 於業務合併過程中獲得之特 許權按收購當日之公平值確 認。特許權之使用年期有 限,按成本值減累計攤銷及 減值列賬。攤銷於特許權期 間按餘下營業期或二十年(以 較短者為準)以直線法計算。
- (b) 電腦軟件 獨立收購之電腦軟件按歷史 成本列賬。於業務合併過程 中獲得之電腦軟件按收購當 日之公平值確認。電腦軟件 之攤銷以直線法分配電腦軟 件之成本至其估計可使用年 期二至五年計算。

2 Summary of significant accounting policies (continued) 2.9 Impairment of non-financial assets

Assets are reviewed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable. An impairment loss is recognised for the amount by which the asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less costs to sell and value in use. For the purposes of assessing impairment, assets are grouped at the lowest levels for which there are separately identifiable cash flows (cash-generating units). Assets other than goodwill that suffered impairment are reviewed for possible reversal of the impairment at each reporting date.

2.10 Investments and other financial assets

(a) Classification

From 1 January 2018, the Group classifies its financial assets as financial assets measured at amortised cost.

The classification depends on the entity's business model for managing the financial assets and the contractual terms of the cash flows.

(b) Recognition and derecognition

Regular way purchases and sales of financial assets are recognised on trade-date, the date on which the group commits to purchase or sell the asset. Financial assets are derecognised when the rights to receive cash flows from the financial assets have expired or have been transferred and the group has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership.

主要會計政策概要(續) 2.9 非金融資產之減值

當有事件或情況變動顯示可能無法 收回資產賬面值時,便會進行資產 減值檢討。資產賬面值高出其可收 回金額之數會確認為減值虧損。可 收回金額指資產之公平值減出售成 本或使用價值(以較高者為準)。於 評核減值時,資產按可分開識別現 金流量(即現金產生單位)最小單位 進行分組。倘商譽以外之資產出現 減值,則於每個呈報日期檢討撥回 減值之可能性。

2.10 投資及其他金融資產

(a) 分類 自二零一八年一月一日起, 本集團將金融資產分類為以 攤銷成本計量的金融資產。

> 該分類取決於實體管理金融 資產的業務模式以及該資產 之現金流量合同條款。

(b) 確認和終止確認 常規方式購買及出售的金融 資產於交易日確認。交易日 是指本集團承諾購買或出售 資產的日期。當收取金融資 產現金流量的權利已到期或 已轉讓,且本集團已經轉移 了金融資產所有權上幾乎所 有的風險和報酬,金融資產 即終止確認。

2 Summary of significant accounting policies (continued) 2.10 Investments and other financial assets (continued)

(c) Measurement

At initial recognition, the Group measures a financial asset at its fair value plus, in the case of a financial asset not at fair value through profit or loss (FVPL), transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition of the financial asset.

The Group subsequently measures all financial assets at amortised cost. Dividends from such investments continue to be recognised in profit or loss as other income when the Group's rights to receive payments is established.

(d) Impairment

From 1 January 2018, the Group applies the simplified approach on assessing the expected credit losses associated with trade receivables as permitted by HKFRS 9, which requires expected lifetime losses to be recognised from initial recognition of the receivables, see Note 18 for further details.

(e) Accounting policies applied until 31 December 2017

The Group has applied HKFRS 9 retrospectively, but has elected not to restate comparative information. As a result, the comparative information provided continues to be accounted for in accordance with the Group's previous accounting policy.

Until 31 December 2017, the Group classifies its financial assets in the following categories: loans and receivables. The classification depends on the purpose for which the financial assets were acquired. Management determines the classification of its financial assets at initial recognition.

2 主要會計政策概要(續) 2.10 投資及其他金融資產(續)

(c) 計量 對於不被分類為以公平值計 量且其變動計入損益的金融 資產,本集團以其公平值加 上可直接歸屬於獲得該項金 融資產的交易費用進行初始 確認。

> 本集團隨後按攤銷成本計量 所有金融資產。本集團收取 付款之權利確立時,有關投 資之股息繼續於損益表中確 認為其他收入。

- (d) 減值
 - 自二零一八年一月一日起, 本集團採用香港財務報告準 則第9號允許的簡化方法, 就應收賬款計量預期信用損 失。該準則規定於初始確認 時計量應收賬款整個存續期 的預期信用損失,詳見附註 18。
- (e) 截至二零一七年十二月 三十一日前採用的會計政策 本集團已追溯應用香港財務 報告準則第9號,但選擇不重 述比較數據。因此,本集團 將繼續按照之前的會計政策 對提供的比較資料進行會計 處理。

截至二零一七年十二月 三十一日,本集團將其金融 資產劃分為以下計量類別: 貸款及應收款。分類視乎收 購金融資產的目的而定。管 理層於初始確認時決定其金 融資產的分類。

2 Summary of significant accounting policies (continued) 2.10 Investments and other financial assets (continued)

(e) Accounting policies applied until 31 December 2017 (continued)

Loans and receivables

Loans and receivables are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market. They are included in current assets, except for the amounts that are settled or expected to be settled more than twelve months after the balance sheet date. These are classified as non-current assets. The Group's loans and receivables comprises "trade and other receivables", "cash and cash equivalents", "short-term bank deposits" and "restricted cash" in the consolidated balance sheet.

Regular way purchases and sales of financial assets are recognised on the trade-date – the date on which the Group commits to purchase or sell the asset. Financial assets are derecognised when the rights to receive cash flows from the investments have expired or have been transferred and the Group has transferred substantially all risks and rewards of ownership. Loans and receivables are subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

主要會計政策概要(續) 2.10 投資及其他金融資產(續)

2

(e) 截至二零一七年十二月 三十一日前採用的會計政策 (續) 貸款及應收款 貸款及應收款為附帶固定或 待定付款且並無在活躍市場 報價之非衍生金融資產。此 等項目包括在流動資產內, 但預期將於結算日起計超過 12個月結算的數額,則分類 為非流動資產。本集團之貸 款及應收款已包括在綜合資 產負債表中「應收賬款及其他 應收款 |、「現金及現金等價 物」、「短期銀行存款」及「受 限制現金 |。

> 一般買賣金融資產乃於買賣 日期(即本集團承諾買賣有關 資產當日)確認入賬。金融 資產於收取投資現金流量的 權利屆滿或已經轉讓且本集 團已轉讓有權絕大部分風險 和回報時,解除確認金融資 產。貸款及應收款其後使用 實際利率法按攤銷成本列賬。

2 Summary of significant accounting policies (continued) 2.11 Financial guarantee policy

Financial guarantee contracts are contracts that require the issuer to make specified payments to reimburse the holder for a loss it incurs because a specified debtor fails to make payments when due, in accordance with the terms of a debt instrument. Such financial guarantees are given to banks, financial institutions and other bodies on behalf of subsidiaries or associates to secure loans, overdrafts and other banking facilities.

Financial guarantees are initially recognised in the financial statements at fair value on the date the guarantee was given. Subsequent to initial recognition, the Group's liabilities under such guarantees are measured at the higher of the initial amount, less amortisation of fees recognised and the best estimate of the amount required to settle the guarantee. These estimates are determined based on experience of similar transactions and history of past losses, supplemented by management's judgement. The fee income earned is recognised on a straight-line basis over the life of the guarantee. Any increase in the liability relating to guarantees is reported in the profit or loss within other operating expenses.

2.12 Inventories

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost is determined using the first-in, first-out (FIFO) method. Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less applicable variable selling expenses.

2.13 Trade receivables

Trade receivables are amounts due from customers for goods sold or services performed in the ordinary course of business. They are generally due for settlement within 30 days.

Trade receivables are recognised initially at the amount of consideration that is unconditional unless they contain significant financing components, when they are recognised at fair value. The Group holds the trade receivables with the objective to collect the contractual cash flows and therefore measures them subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method. See Note 18 for further information about the Group's accounting for trade receivables and Note 3.1 for a description of the Group's impairment policies.

2 主要會計政策概要(續)2.11 財務擔保政策

財務擔保合約是指發行人須就某指 定債務人未能根據債務工具的條款 支付到期債務時須向合約持有人支 付指定款項以償付其損失的合約。 該等財務擔保乃代表附屬公司或聯 營公司授予銀行、金融機構及其他 團體以擔保其貸款、透支及其他銀 行信貸。

財務擔保初步按擔保提供之日的公 平值於財務報表中確認。初步確認 後,本集團於該項擔保下的負債 初始金額減已確認的費用攤銷,與 償付擔保債務所需金額的最佳估計 的較高者計量。該等估計乃根據類 似交易經驗及過往虧損歷史並輔以 管理層的判斷而釐定。所賺取的費 用收入按直線法於擔保期間內確 認。有關擔保責任的任何增加匯報 於損益表確認為其他營運開支。

2.12 存貨

存貨按成本與可變現淨值之較低者 列賬。成本以先進先出法釐定。可 變現淨值為在日常業務過程中之估 計銷售價減適用之變動銷售費用。

2.13 應收賬款

應收賬款為在日常經營活動中就商 品銷售或服務執行而應收客戶的款 項。應收賬款通常於30日內結算。

應收賬款按無條件獲得的對價金額 進行初始確認,但當其包含重大融 資成分時,按公平值進行初始確 認。本集團持有應收賬款的目的是 收取合同現金流量,因此後續使用 實際利率法按攤銷成本計量應收賬 款。關於本集團應收賬款會計處理 的更多信息,請參見附註18。關 於本集團的減值政策,請參見附註 3.1。

2 Summary of significant accounting policies (continued) 2.14 Trade and other payables

Trade and other payables are initially measured at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

2.15 Cash and cash equivalents

In the consolidated cash flow statement, cash and cash equivalents include cash in hand, deposits held at call with banks and other short-term highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less.

2.16 Share capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Incremental costs directly attributable to the issue of new shares or options are shown in equity as a deduction, net of tax, from the proceeds.

2.17 Current and deferred income tax

The tax expense for the period comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in the profit or loss, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity. In this case, the tax is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, respectively.

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of the tax laws enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date in the countries where the Company's subsidiaries and associates operate and generate taxable income. Management periodically evaluates positions taken in tax returns with respect to situations in which applicable tax regulation is subject to interpretation. It establishes provisions where appropriate on the basis of amounts expected to be paid to the tax authorities.

主要會計政策概要(續) 2.14 應付賬款及其他應付款

應付賬款及其他應付款初始按公平 值確認,其後以實際利率法按攤銷 成本計量。

2.15 現金及現金等價物

在綜合現金流量表中,現金及現金 等價物包括手頭現金、銀行通知存 款及其他原到期日為三個月或以下 之短期高流通性投資。

2.16 股本

普通股分類為權益。發行新股份或 購股權之直接應佔遞增成本,於權 益中列為所得款項之扣減項目(扣 除税項)。

2.17 當期及遞延所得税

期內税項開支指當期及遞延税項。 税項於損益表確認,惟如其與在其 他全面收入中確認或直接在權益確 認之項目有關則除外。在此情況 下,税項亦分別在其他全面收入中 確認或直接在權益中確認。

當期所得税開支以本公司附屬公司 及聯營公司經營及產生應課税收入 之國家在結算日已頒佈或實質頒佈 之税務法例計算。管理層定期就適 用並有待詮釋之税務法例評估報税 情況,並在適用情況下按預期向税 務機構支付之税款設定撥備。

2 Summary of significant accounting policies (continued) 2.17 Current and deferred income tax (continued)

Deferred income tax is recognised, using the liability method, on temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the consolidated financial statements. However, deferred tax liabilities are not recognised if they arise from the initial recognition of goodwill, the deferred income tax is not accounted for if it arises from initial recognition of an asset or liability in a transaction other than a business combination that at the time of the transaction affects neither accounting nor taxable profit or loss. Deferred income tax is determined using tax rates (and laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date and are expected to apply when the related deferred income tax asset is realised or the deferred income tax liability is settled.

Deferred income tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the temporary differences can be utilised.

Deferred income tax is provided on temporary differences arising on investments in subsidiaries and associates, except for deferred tax liability where the timing of the reversal of the temporary difference is controlled by the Group and it is probable that the temporary difference will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

Deferred income tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to offset current tax assets against current tax liabilities and when the deferred income taxes assets and liabilities relate to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority on either the taxable entity or different taxable entities where there is an intention to settle the balances on a net basis.

主要會計政策概要(續) 2.17 當期及遞延所得税(續)

2

遞延所得税就資產及負債之税基與 綜合財務報表所示賬面值之間的暫 時差異,以負債法作出確認。然 而,倘遞延税項負債乃由初始確認 商譽而產生,將不予確認。若遞延 所得税來自在交易(不包括企業合 併)中對資產或負債之初始確認而 在交易時並無影響會計及應課税盈 虧,將不會入賬。於非業務合併的 交易中初次確認資產或負債而產生 遞延所得税,而交易當時並無影響 會計處理及應課税溢利或虧損,則 不會將遞延所得税入賬。遞延所得 税按結算日前已頒佈或實際頒佈, 並預期於相關遞延所得税資產變現 或遞延所得税負債結算時應用之税 率(及法例)釐定。

遞延所得税資產於未來有可能取得 應課税溢利而令致暫時差異得以抵 銷時確認。

遞延所得税乃就附屬公司及聯營公 司投資產生之暫時差異而撥備,惟 本集團可以控制暫時差異之撥回時 間,且暫時差異在可預見將來不大 可能撥回之遞延税項負債則除外。

當有可依法強制執行權利,以將當 期税項資產抵銷當期税項負債,且 遞延所得税資產及負債乃與同一税 務機關向同一應課税實體或不同應 課税實體徵收之所得税有關,及有 意按淨額基準結清餘額,則遞延所 得税資產及負債乃予以抵銷。

2 Summary of significant accounting policies (continued) 2.18 Borrowings

Borrowings are recognised initially at fair value, net of transaction costs incurred. Borrowings are subsequently stated at amortised cost; any difference between the proceeds (net of transaction costs) and the redemption value is recognised in the profit or loss over the period of the borrowings using the effective interest method.

Fees paid on the establishment of loan facilities are recognised as transaction costs of the loan to the extent that it is probable that some or all of the facility will be drawn down. In this case, the fee is deferred until the draw-down occurs. To the extent there is no evidence that it is probable that some or all of the facility will be drawn down, the fee is capitalised as a prepayment for liquidity services and amortised over the period of the facility to which it relates.

Borrowings are classified as current liabilities unless the Group has an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least 12 months after the balance sheet date.

2.19 Borrowing costs

General and specific borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of qualifying assets, which are assets that necessarily take a substantial period of time to get ready for their intended use or sale, are added to the cost of those assets, until such time as the assets are substantially ready for their intended use or sale.

Investment income earned on the temporary investment of specific borrowings pending their expenditure on qualifying assets is deducted from the borrowing costs eligible for capitalisation.

All other borrowing costs are expensed in the period in which they are incurred.

Borrowing costs incurred for the construction of any qualifying asset are capitalised during the period of time that is required to complete and prepare the asset for its intended use. Other borrowing costs are expensed.

2 主要會計政策概要(續)2.18 借款

借款初始按公平值扣除已產生交易 成本後確認。借款其後按攤銷成本 列賬,所得款項(扣除交易成本)與 贖回價值之任何差額於借款期內以 實際利率法於損益表內確認。

設立貸款融資所支付費用將於部分 或全部融資有可能被提取之情況下 確認為貸款之交易成本。於此情況 下,費用將會遞延直至提取貸款為 止。倘若無證據顯示部分或全部融 資有被提取之可能,費用將撥充資 本作為流動資金之預付款項,並於 融資之相關期間內攤銷。

除非本集團有權無條件將負債之結 算遞延至結算日期後最少十二個 月,否則借款分類為流動負債。

2.19 借款成本

可直接歸屬且需經較長時間的預備 方能達至預定可使用或出售狀態之 合資格資產收購、建設或生產的一 般及特定借款成本,計入該等資產 之成本,直至達至其預定可使用或 出售狀態為止。

在特定借款撥作合資格資產支出前 之暫時投資所賺取之投資收入,須 自合資格資本化之借款成本中扣 除。

所有其他借款成本於其產生期間支 銷。

就興建任何合資格資產產生的借款 成本,於資產須完成備妥作擬定用 途期間資本化。其他借款成本予以 支銷。

2 Summary of significant accounting policies (continued) 2.20 Employee benefits

(a) Employee leave entitlements

Employee entitlements to annual leave and long service leave are recognised when they accrue to employees. A provision is made for the estimated liability for annual leave and long service leave as a result of services rendered by employees up to the balance sheet date.

Employee entitlements to sick leave and maternity leave are not recognised until the time of leave.

(b) Defined contribution plans

The Group participates in a mandatory provident fund scheme ("MPF") and employee pension schemes established by municipal government in the PRC for the eligible employees in Hong Kong and the PRC respectively.

The Group's and the employees' contributions to the MPF comply with the related statutory requirements. The Group has no further payment obligations once the contributions have been paid. The Group's contributions to the MPF are expensed as incurred and are not reduced by contributions forfeited by those employees who leave MPF prior to vesting fully in the contributions. Prepaid contributions are recognised as an asset to the extent that a cash refund or a reduction in the future payments is available. The assets of MPF are held separately from those of the Group in independently administered funds.

The Group's contribution to the employee pension schemes in the PRC is at a percentage in compliance with the requirements of respective municipal governments.

2 主要會計政策概要(續)2.20 僱員福利

- (a) 僱員應享假期
 - 僱員應享之年假及長期服務 休假乃於僱員有權享有時確 認。本公司將會就因僱員截 至結算日之服務而產生之年 假及長期服務休假之估計負 債作出撥備。

僱員應享病假及產假於僱員 放假時方會確認。

(b) 定額供款計劃 本集團分別為了香港及中國 之合資格僱員而參與強制性 公積金計劃(「強積金」)及由 中國市政府設立之僱員退休 金計劃。

> 本集團就中國僱員退休金計 劃作出之供款乃根據相關市 政府規定之百分比作出。

2 Summary of significant accounting policies (continued) 2.20 Employee benefits (continued)

(c) Termination benefits

Termination benefits are payable when employment is terminated by the Group before the normal retirement date, or whenever an employee accepts voluntary redundancy in exchange for these benefits. The Group recognises termination benefits at the earlier of the following dates: (a) when the Group can no longer withdraw the offer of those benefits; and (b) when the entity recognises costs for a restructuring that is within the scope of HKAS 37 and involves the payment of termination benefits. In the case of an offer made to encourage voluntary redundancy, the termination benefits are measured based on the number of employees expected to accept the offer. Benefits falling due more than 12 months after the end of the reporting period are discounted to their present value.

2.21 Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the Group has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of past events, it is probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation, and a reliable estimate of the amount can be made. In respect of the potential obligations to dismantle the wind farms at the end of their useful lives, the Group would assess the obligations continuously based on the latest changes in the laws and regulations and make provision when the recognition criteria are met.

Where there are a number of similar obligations, the likelihood that an outflow will be required in settlement is determined by considering the class of obligations as a whole. A provision is recognised even if the likelihood of an outflow with respect to any one item included in the same class of obligations may be small.

Provisions are measured at the present value of the expenditures expected to be required to settle the obligation using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the obligation. The increase in the provision due to passage of time is recognised as interest expense.

2 主要會計政策概要(續) 2.20 僱員福利(續)

(c) 終止服務福利 終止服務福利在本集團於正 常退休日期前終止僱用僱 員,或當僱員接受自願離職 以換取此等福利時支付。本 集團在以下較早日期發生時 確認終止服務福利:(a)當本集 團不再能夠撤回此等福利要 約時;及(b)當主體確認的重 組成本屬於香港會計準則第 37號的範圍內並涉及支付終 止服務福利時。在鼓勵僱員 自願離職要約的情況下,終 IL服務福利按預期接受要約 的僱員數目計算。在報告期 末後超過十二個月支付的福 利應貼現為現值。

2.21 撥備

當本集團因已發生之事件而產生現 有的法律或推定責任,並很有可能 需要流出資源以償付責任,且能可 靠地估計有關金額時,便會確認撥 備。鑒於風電場於其使用年期末時 的潛在拆卸責任,本集團將按法律 及規定的最新改動,持續評估責任 及於達到確認標準後作出撥備。

當有多項類似責任時,於清償責任 時需要流出資金之可能性,乃根據 責任之類別整體考慮。即使在同一 責任類別內任何一個項目流出資金 之可能性極低,仍會確認撥備。

撥備按預期履行責任所需開支之現 值計算,而上述金額按可反映金錢 之時間價值及責任特定風險之現有 市場評估的税前貼現率計算。撥備 隨時間流逝而增加之金額確認為利 息支出。

2 Summary of significant accounting policies (continued) 2.22 Revenue recognition

Revenue comprises the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for the provision of services in the ordinary course of the Group's activities. Revenue is shown net of value-added tax within the Group and after eliminating sales within the Group.

The Group recognises revenue when the amount of revenue can be reliably measured, it is probable that future economic benefits will flow to the entity and specific criteria have been met for each of the Group's activities as described below. The amount of revenue is not considered to be reliably measurable until all contingencies relating to the sale have been resolved. The Group bases its estimates on historical results, taking into consideration the type of customer, the type of transaction and the specifics of each arrangement.

Revenue from renewable energy refers to power dispatched during commercial operation. Revenue from sales of electricity is recognised at a point of time when it is transferred to the customers. Commercial operation starts upon obtaining a Power Purchase Agreement, safety certificate from the State Electricity Regulatory Commission ("SERC") or Provincial Grid Authority, and 240 hours commissioning. Revenue attributable to the sales of electricity generated during construction and testing period is not included in the electricity sales revenue, but is offset against the cost of property, plant and equipment.

2 主要會計政策概要(續)2.22 收益確認

收益指本集團在日常業務過程中提 供服務的已收或應收代價公平值。 收益在扣除集團內之增值税後,並 與集團內之銷售額對銷後呈列。

當收益金額能夠可靠計量、未來經 濟利益很有可能流入有關實體,而 本集團每項活動均符合下文所述之 具體條件時,本集團便會確認收 益。除非與銷售有關的所有或然事 項均已解決,否則收益金額不會被 視為能夠可靠計量。本集團會根據 其往績並考慮客戶類別、交易種類 和每項安排的特點作出估計。

來自可再生能源之收益指商業營運 期間輸送的電量。來自電力銷售之 收益按電力輸送予客戶時確認。於 獲得購電協議、國家電力監管委員 會(「電監會」)或省電網管理局發出 之安全證書及進行240小時試運行 後,方會開始商業營運。興建及測 試期間的電力銷售的收益不計入電 力銷售收益,但與物業、機器及設 備成本抵銷。

2 Summary of significant accounting policies (continued) 2.23 Operating leases as lessee

Leases in which a significant portion of the risks and rewards of ownership are retained by the lessor are classified as operating leases. Payments made under operating leases (net of any incentives received from the lessor) are charged to the profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the period of the lease.

2.24 Contingent liabilities

A contingent liability is a possible obligation that arises from past events and whose existence will only be confirmed by the occurrence of one or more uncertain future events not wholly within the control of the Group. It can also be a present obligation arising from past events that is not recognised because it is not probable that outflow of economic resources will be required or the amount of obligation cannot be measured reliably.

A contingent liability is not recognised but is disclosed in the notes to the consolidated financial statements. When a change in the probability of an outflow occurs so that the outflow is probable, it will then be recognised as a provision.

2.25 Dividend distribution

Dividend distribution to the Company's shareholders is recognised as a liability in the Group's and the Company's financial statements in the period in which the dividends are approved.

2.26 Interest income

Interest income is calculated by applying the effective interest rate to the gross carrying amount of a financial asset except for financial assets that subsequently become creditimpaired. For credit-impaired financial assets, the effective interest rate is applied to the net carrying amount of the financial asset (after deduction of the loss allowance).

主要會計政策概要(續) 2.23 經營租賃(作為承租人)

2

出租者保留資產擁有權之絕大部分 風險及回報之租賃,均歸類為經營 租賃。根據經營租賃支付之款項 (在扣除自出租者收取之任何優惠 後)於租賃期內以直線法在損益表 扣除。

2.24 或然負債

或然負債指因為已發生之事件而可 能引起之責任,而其存在只能就集 團控制範圍以外之一宗或多宗不確 定未來事件發生或不發生之情況下 確認。或然負債亦可能是因為已發 生之事件引致之現有責任,但由於 不可能導致經濟資源流出,或責任 金額未能可靠計量而不作確認者。

或然負債不會被確認,但會在綜合 財務報表附註中披露。倘若資源流 出之可能性改變導致可能出現資源 流出,則將或然負債確認為撥備。

2.25 派付股息

向本公司股東派付之股息於批准派 付股息之期間在本集團及本公司之 財務報表中確認為負債。

2.26 利息收入

利息收入按實際利率乘以金融資產 賬面總額計算,後續會發生信用減 值的金融資產除外。發生信用減值 的金融資產的利息收入,按實際利 率乘以金融資產賬面價值減去損失 撥備後的淨額計算。

3 Financial risk management

3.1 Financial risk factors

The Group's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks: market risk (including foreign exchange risk and interest rate risk), credit risk and liquidity risk. The Group's major financial instruments include trade and other receivables, restricted cash, short-term bank deposits, cash and cash equivalents, trade and other payables, bank borrowings and amount due to a shareholder. Details of these financial instruments are disclosed in the respective notes.

It is the policy of the Group not to enter into derivative transactions for speculative purposes.

The Board focuses on the unpredictability of financial markets and seeks to minimise potential adverse effects on the Group's financial performance. The Board reviews and agrees policies for managing each of these risks and they are summarised below:

(a) Market risk

(i) Foreign exchange risk

The Group operates mainly in Hong Kong and Mainland China and is exposed to foreign exchange risk arising from future commercial transactions and monetary assets and liabilities that are denominated in a currency that is not the Group's functional currency.

The Group currently does not have any foreign currency hedging policy. However, the management of the Group monitors the foreign exchange exposure closely and will consider hedging significant foreign currency exposure should the need arise.

As at 31 December 2018, if US dollars and Hong Kong dollars had strengthened/weakened by 5% against Renminbi respectively, with all other variables held constant, the Group's profit before tax would have been HK\$6.1 million lower/higher respectively (2017: HK\$0.9 million lower/higher).

3 財務風險管理

3.1 財務風險因素

本集團業務令本集團面對多項財務 風險:市場風險(包括外匯風險及 利率風險)、信貸風險及流動資金 風險。本集團之主要金融工具包括 應收賬款及其他應收款、受限制現 金、短期銀行存款、現金及現金等 價物、應付賬款及其他應付款、銀 行借款及應付股東款項。此等金融 工具之詳情於各附註披露。

本集團之政策為不會就投機進行衍 生交易。

董事會專注於金融市場難以預測的 一面,力求減低其對本集團財務表 現之潛在負面影響。董事會就管理 各項風險進行檢討及議定政策,現 概述如下:

(a) 市場風險 (i) *外*匯

外匯風險 本集團主要於香港及中 國大陸經營業務,故面 對外匯風險。外匯風險 來自未來商業交易及以 本集團功能貨幣以外貨 幣列值之貨幣資產及負 債。

本集團現時並無任何外 匯對沖政策。然而,本 集團管理層密切監察外 匯風險,並於有需要 時考慮對沖重大外匯風 險。

於二零一八年十二月 三十一日,倘美元及 港元兑人民幣分別升 值/貶值5%,而所有 其他變動因素維前別 之税前國之税前 4,100,000港元(二零 一七年:減少/增加 900,000港元)。

3 Financial risk management (Continued)

3.1 Financial risk factors (Continued)

- (a) Market risk (Continued)
 - (ii) Interest rate risk

The Group's main interest rate risk arises from bank borrowings and amount due to a shareholder with variable rates, which expose the Group to cash flow interest rate risk. The Group's results and operating cash flows are dependent on changes in market interest rates.

The Group does not use any derivative contracts to hedge its exposure to interest rate risk. However, management will consider hedging significant interest rate exposures should the need arise.

As at 31 December 2018, if interest rates had been 100 (2017: 100) basis points higher/lower and all other variables were held constant, the Group's profit before income tax would have decreased/increased by HK\$4.0 million (2017: HK\$5.1 million).

(b) Credit risk

The Group is exposed to credit risk in its shortterm bank deposits, restricted cash, cash and cash equivalents, prepayments and trade and other receivables, and financial guarantee provided for a credit facility granted to an associate.

The carrying amounts of short-term bank deposits, restricted cash, cash and cash equivalents and trade and other receivables represent the Group's maximum exposure to credit risk in relation to its financial assets.

(i) Risk Management

To manage the credit risk associated with short-term bank deposits, restricted cash, cash and cash equivalents, most of the deposits are placed with certain state-owned banks in the PRC which are high-credit-quality financial institutions and banks with high credit rankings in Hong Kong.

3 財務風險管理(續)

3.1 財務風險因素(續)

- (a) 市場風險(續)
 - (ii) *利率風險*

本集團之主要利率風險 源於針算之應因 項,導致本集團 現金流量利率風險。 引率變動對本集風險。 場利率變動對本集員 及經營現金流量有 影響。

本集團並無使用任何衍 生合約對沖其面對之利 率風險。然而,管理層 將於有需要時考慮對沖 重大利率風險。

於二零一八年十二月 三十一日,倘利率增 加/減少100個點子(二 零一七年:100個), 而所有其他變動因素維 持不變,本集團之所得 税前溢利應減少/增 加4,000,000港元(二零 一七年:5,100,000港元)。

(b) 信貸風險 本集團之短期銀行存款、受限制現金、現金及現金等價 物、預付款項及應收賬款及 其他應收款,及就授予一間 聯營公司的信貸融資擔保令 本集團面對信貸風險。

> 短期銀行存款、受限制現 金、現金及現金等價物以及 應收賬款及其他應收款之賬 面值,指本集團就其金融資 產面對之最高信貸風險。

(i) <u>風險管理</u>
 為管理短期銀行存款、
 受限制現金、現金及現金等價物之相關信貸風險,大部分存款存放於若干中國國有銀行,即高信貸質素之金融機構,以及於香港獲高信貸評級之銀行。

3 Financial risk management (Continued)

3.1 Financial risk factors (Continued)

(b) Credit risk (Continued)

(i)

Risk Management (Continued) To manage the credit risk associated with trade and other receivables, the Group adopts risk control measures to assess the credit quality, to determine credit limits and approve credit of customers, taking into account their financial position and past experience. The Group has monitoring procedures to ensure that follow-up action is taken to recover overdue debts.

The Group is exposed to significant concentration of credit risk in terms of electricity sales as most of the Group's sales of electricity were made to state-owned provincial power grid companies. The Group normally does not require collateral from trade debtors. It normally grants credit terms of 30 days to these power grid companies. However, part of the trade receivables, including those held through associates, due from the power grid companies relate to government subsidy which are subject to the government allocation of the tariff surcharge for renewable energy. Based on past experience and industry practice, these tariff premiums are generally paid in 6 to 12 months from the date of the sales recognition, though it may take longer to get paid in some circumstances where the government needs more time to allocate the tariff subsidies. Ageing analysis of the Group's trade receivables is disclosed in Note 18. Management makes periodic collective assessment as well as individual assessment of the recoverability of trade and other receivables based on historical payment records, the length of the overdue period, the financial strength of the debtors and whether there are any disputes with the relevant debtors.

3 財務風險管理(續)

3.1 財務風險因素(續)

- (b) 信貸風險(*續*)
 - (i) <u>風險管理(續)</u> 為管理應收賬款及其他 應收款之相關信貸風 險,本集團已採納風險 監控措施,經考慮客戶 之財務狀況及過往經驗 後,評估彼等之信貸額 人,評估彼等之信貸額及批出 信貸額。本集團已制定 監察程序,以確保採取 跟進行動收回逾期債 務。

本集團於電力銷售方面 面臨高度集中的信貸風 險,原因為本集團電力 大部分售予國有省級電 網公司。本集團一般不 會就應收賬款要求收取 抵押品。本集團一般向 電網公司批出為期30日 之信貸期。然而,部分 應收電網公司之應收賬 款(包括聯營公司之應 收賬款)與政府補助有 關,受限於政府就可再 生能源電費附加費之分 配。根據過往經驗及行 規,此等電費溢價一般 於確認銷售之日起計6 至12個月內支付,惟在 若干情況下當政府需要 較長時間分配電費補貼 時,可能耗費較長時間 收回款項。本集團應收 賬款之賬齡分析於附註 18披露。管理層定期對 應收賬款及其他應收款 之可收回程度進行整體 及個別評核,有關評核 乃根據過往付款記錄、 逾期長短、債務人之財 政實力及與有關債務人 是否有任何糾紛等基準 而作出。

3 Financial risk management (Continued)

3.1 Financial risk factors (Continued)

- (b) Credit risk (Continued)
 - Impairment of financial asset
 While short-term deposits, restricted cash and cash and cash equivalents are also subject to impairment requirements of HKFRS 9, the identified impairment loss was immaterial.

Trade receivables

The Group applies the HKFRS 9 simplified approach to measuring expected credit losses which uses a lifetime expected loss allowance for all trade receivables.

To measure the expected credit losses, trade receivables have been grouped based on shared credit risk characteristics and the days past due. The Group has therefore concluded that the expected loss rates for trade receivables are a reasonable approximation.

The expected loss rates are based on the payment profiles of customers and the corresponding historical credit losses experienced within this period. The historical loss rates are adjusted to reflect current and forward-looking information on the inflation rate and the economic environment of the PRC.

3 財務風險管理(續)

3.1 財務風險因素(續)

- (b) 信貸風險(*續*)
 - (ii) 金融資產之減值 短期銀行存款、受限制 現金及現金及現金等價 物亦需遵循香港財務報 告準則第9號的減值要 求,但已確認的減值虧 損並不重大。

應收賬款

本集團採用香港財務報 告準則第9號允許的簡 化方法計量預期信用損 失,即對所有應收賬款 確認整個存續期的預期 損失撥備。

為計量預期信用損失, 本集團按照相同的信用 風險特徵和逾期天數對 應收賬款進行分類。本 集團因此認為應收賬款 的預期信用損失率估算 合理。

預期信用損失率評估乃 根據本集團客戶的付款 情況及期內歷史信用 調整之經驗進行。本集 調整中國大陸通 長本 之經 濟環境等當前和前瞻 性資訊。

3 Financial risk management (Continued)

3.1 Financial risk factors (Continued)

(b) Credit risk (Continued)

 (ii) Impairment of financial asset (Continued) Trade receivables (Continued)
 On that basis, the provision for impairment of trade receivables as at 31 December 2018 and 1 January 2018 (on adoption of HKFRS 9) was determined by aged group:

3 財務風險管理(續)

3.1 財務風險因素(續)

 (b) 信貸風險(續)
 (ii) 金融資產之減值(續) 應收賬款(續) 據此,於二零一八年 十二月三十一日及二零 一八年一月一日(香港 財務報告準則第9號採 納日)應收賬款的減值 撥備乃按賬齡組別釐 定:

| | | 31 December 2018 二零一八年 十二月三十一日 HK\$'000 千港元 | 1 January 2018 二零一八年 一月一日 HK\$'000 千港元 |
|-----------------------|-------------|---|--|
| Not yet due | 未逾期 | 24,898 | 15,029 |
| Past due for: | 已逾期: | | |
| Less than 30 days | 少於30日 | 6,656 | 2,147 |
| More than 30 days and | 超過30日但於60日內 | | |
| within 60 days | | 6,424 | - |
| More than 60 days and | 超過60日但於90日內 | | |
| within 90 days | | 3,093 | - |
| More than 90 days | 超過90日 | 20,176 | - |
| | | 61,247 | 17,176 |

(c) Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Group is unable to meet its current obligations when they fall due. The Group measures and monitors its liquidity through the maintenance of prudent ratios regarding the liquidity structure of the overall assets, liabilities, loans and commitments of the Group. The Group also maintains a conservative level of liquid assets to ensure the availability of sufficient cash flows to meet any unexpected and material cash requirements in the course of ordinary business.

During the year, the Group complied with all externally imposed loan covenant requirements to which it is subject to. (c) 流動資金風險 流動資金風險為本集團未能 於即期債務到期時履行責任 之風險。本集團會透過維持 流動資金架構(包括本集團 的整體資產、負債、貸款及 承擔)於審慎的比率,計量及 監察其流動資金情況。本集 團亦維持流動資產於穩健水 平,以確保具備充裕現金流 量,足以應付日常業務過程 中任何未能預測及重大的現 金需要。

> 本年度內,本集團遵循所有 有關外部借貸合同的要求。

3 Financial risk management (Continued)

3.1 Financial risk factors (Continued)

(d) Liquidity risk (Continued)

The following table details the Group's contractual maturity for its financial liabilities at the balance sheet date. The table has been drawn up with reference to the undiscounted cash flows of financial liabilities based on the earliest date on which the Group is required to pay. Except for bank borrowings, balances due within 12 months equal their carrying balances as the impact of discounting is not significant.

3 財務風險管理(續)

3.1 財務風險因素(續)

(d) 流動資金風險(續) 下表詳列本集團於結算日金 融負債之合約到期日。下表 參考金融負債之未貼現現金 流量及本集團須償還有關款 項之最早日期而編製。除銀 行借款外,由於貼現影響不 大,故於十二個月內到期之 結餘相等於其賬面值。

| | | Less than 1 year 一年內 HK\$'000 千港元 | Between 1 and 2 years 一至二年 HK\$'000 千港元 | Between 2 and 5 years 二至五年 HK\$'000 千港元 | Over 5 years 五年以上 HK\$'000 千港元 | Total 總計 HK\$'000 千港元 |
|--------------------------|-------------------|---|--|---|--|---------------------------------------|
| At 31 December 2018 | 於二零一八年十二月 三十一日 | | | | | |
| Bank borrowings | 銀行借款 | 147,097 | 116,982 | 217,550 | 115,144 | 596,773 |
| Trade and other payables | 應付賬款及其他應付款 | 63,207 | - | - | - | 63,207 |
| Amount due to | 應付一名股東款項 | | | | | |
| a shareholder | | 197,511 | - | - | - | 197,511 |
| Financial guarantee | 財務擔保 | 81,979 | - | - | - | 81,979 |
| At 31 December 2017 | 於二零一七年十二月 三十一日 | | | | | |
| Bank borrowings | 銀行借款 | 111,282 | 120,640 | 221,718 | 57,432 | 511,072 |
| Trade and other payables | 應付賬款及其他應付款 | 46,958 | - | - | - | 46,958 |
| Amount due to | 應付一名股東款項 | | | | | |
| a shareholder | | 226,169 | - | - | - | 226,169 |
| Financial guarantee | 財務擔保 | 100,758 | - | - | - | 100,758 |

3 Financial risk management (Continued) 3.2 Capital risk management

The Group's objectives when managing capital are to safeguard the Group's ability to continue as a going concern in order to provide returns for shareholders and benefits for other stakeholders and to maintain an optimal capital structure to reduce the cost of capital.

The Group monitors capital by reviewing the capital structure. The capital structure of the Group consists of debt and equity attributable to equity holders of the Company, as shown in the consolidated balance sheet. The Group considers the cost and the risk associated with the capital. In order to maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Group may adjust the amount of dividends paid to shareholders, issue new shares or conduct shares buy-back.

The Group maintains its gearing ratio within the reasonable range according to the Group's strategy.

The gearing ratios as at 31 December 2018 and 2017 were as follows:

3 財務風險管理(續) 3.2 資本風險管理

本集團管理資本之宗旨為保障本集 團持續經營業務之能力,務求為股 東提供回報及為其他股東權益持有 人帶來利益,並維持最佳的資本架 構從而減低資金成本。

本集團透過檢討資本架構監控資本。誠如綜合資產負債表所示,本 集團之資本架構包括債務及本公司 權益持有人應佔權益。本集團會考 慮資金成本及資金相關風險。為維 持或調整資本架構,本集團或會調 整向股東支付之股息金額、發行新 股份或進行股份購回。

本集團根據其策略,將本集團資本 負債比率維持於合理範圍內。

於二零一八年及二零一七年十二月 三十一日之資本負債比率如下:

| | | 2018 二零一八年 HK\$′000 千港元 | 2017 二零一七年 HK\$'000 千港元 |
|---|-------------------|--|----------------------------------|
| Current portion of bank borrowings Bank borrowings | 銀行借款即期部分 銀行借款 | 122,510 383,450 | 88,931 351,335 |
| Amount due to a shareholder | 應付一名股東款項 | 197,511 | 226,169 |
| Total borrowings Less: Unrestricted cash and | 借款總額 減:不受限制現金及 | 703,471 | 666,435 |
| bank deposits | 銀行存款 | (205,241) | (300,060) |
| Net debt position | 債務淨額狀況 | 498,230 | 366,375 |
| Total equity | 權益總額 | 1,727,269 | 1,743,357 |
| Gearing ratio | 資本負債比率 | 28.8% | 21.0% |

3 Financial risk management (Continued) **3.3 Fair value estimation**

The Group has no assets and liabilities that are measured at fair value at 31 December 2018 and 2017.

The carrying values of trade and other receivables, bank deposits, cash and cash equivalents, trade and other payables approximate their fair values due to their short maturities. The carrying values of variable rate borrowings approximate their fair values as the impact of discounting using the relevant rate is not significant.

4 Critical accounting estimates and judgements

Estimates and judgements are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

The Group makes estimates and assumptions concerning the future. The resulting accounting estimates will, by definition, seldom equal the related actual results. The estimates and assumptions that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year are discussed below.

3 財務風險管理(續)

3.3 公平值估計 於二零一八年及二零一七年十二月 三十一日本集團並無按公平值計量 之資產及負債。

> 應收賬款及其他應收款、銀行存 款、現金及現金等價物以及應付賬 款及其他應付款之賬面值與其公平 值相若,乃由於其短期到期之性質 所致。浮息借款之賬面值與其公平 值相若,乃由於使用相關利率折現 的影響並不重大。

4 重大會計估算及判斷

本集團持續根據過往經驗及其他因素(包 括在有關情況下合理預期之未來事件)評 估已作出之估算及判斷。

本集團作出有關未來之估算及假設。顧 名思義,所作之會計估算與相關實際結 果會存在差距。下文載列極有可能導致 下一個財政年度之資產及負債賬面值作 出重大調整之估算及假設。

4 Critical accounting estimates and judgements (Continued)

(a) Impairment assessment of property, plant and equipment, intangible assets and prepaid land lease payments related to power plants in the Mainland China

The Group tests whether property, plant and equipment, intangible assets, prepaid land lease payments and interests in associates engaged in the renewable energy businesses ("Renewable Energy Projects") have suffered any impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable in accordance with the relevant accounting policies. The Group reviews certain indicators of potential impairment such as operating performance, actual electricity dispatched, tariff of electricity and other general market conditions.

If an indication of impairment is identified, the need for recognising an impairment loss is assessed by comparing the carrying amount of the assets, to the higher of (i) the fair value less cost to sell, and (ii) the value-in-use of the cashgenerating units. The value-in-use of the cash-generating units represents estimated future cash flows from the continuous use of the assets, and requires complex assumptions and estimates such as future electricity dispatched, tariff of electricity and discount rates. The discount rates used to discount the estimated future cash flows are based on the relevant industry sector risk premium and the gearing ratio.

4 重大會計估算及判斷(續)

(a) 與中國大陸發電廠有關之物 業、機器及設備、無形資產及 預付土地租賃款之減值評估

> 當有事件或情況變動顯示可能無法 收回賬面值時,本集團便會按照相 關會計政策測試物業、機器及設 備、無形資產、預付土地租賃款及 於從事可再生能源業務(「可再生能 源項目」)之聯營公司之權益有否出 現任何減值。本集團會審閱若干潛 在減值指標,例如:營運表現、實 際輸電量、電費以及其他一般市場 狀況。

> 倘有減值跡象,確認減值虧損之 需要乃透過比較資產賬面值與下 列各項之較高者:(i)公平值減出售 成本,及(ii)現金產生單位之使用價值指持 續使用資產產生之估計未來現金流 量,本集團須就此作出複雜假設及 估計,包括未來輸電量、電費及貼 現率等。用以貼現估計未來現金流 量之貼現率乃基於相關行業風險溢 價及資本負債比率釐定。

4 Critical accounting estimates and judgements (Continued)

(a) Impairment assessment of property, plant and equipment, intangible assets and prepaid land lease payments related to power plants in the Mainland China (Continued)

During the year, the Group has performed impairment assessment on the Renewable Energy Projects. The valuein-use calculation was based on the key assumptions, including (i) average annual tariff increment at approximately 2% (2017: 2%) based on management's expectation on market development and general inflation, and (ii) Projection of volume of electricity dispatched based on the operational feasibility reports and historical performances. The pretax discount rates applied to the cash flow projections are 11.69% – 12.27% per annum (2017: 11.43%-11.84%).

Based on the impairment assessment, the recoverable amounts of cash-generating units are higher than their respective carrying amounts.

Judgement is required in the area of impairment. If there is a significant adverse change in the key assumptions, it may be necessary to have an impairment charge to the income statement.

With all other variables held constant, if there is an average annual tariff reduction at 1% (2017: 1%) throughout the operating period, the recoverable amount would be less than the carrying amount by HK\$2.6 million (2017: HK\$5.3 million). Similarly, with all other variables held constant, if the volume of electricity dispatched is 10% (2017: 10%) less than management expectation, the recoverable amount would be less than the carrying amount by HK\$20.8 million (2017: HK\$24.7 million).

4 重大會計估算及判斷(續)

(a) 與中國大陸發電廠有關之物 業、機器及設備、無形資產及 預付土地租賃款之減值評估(續)

> 本年度內,本集團已就可再生能源 項目作出減值評估。使用價值計算 乃基於數項主要假設而作出,包 括:(i)基於管理層對市場發展及整 體通脹之預期,平均每年約有2% (二零一七年:2%)之電費增幅; 及(ii)根據營運可行性報告及過往表 現之基準估計之輸電量。適用於現 金流量預測之税前貼現率為每年 11.69%至12.27%(二零一七年: 11.43%至11.84%)。

> 根據減值評估,現金產生單位之可 收回金額高於其各自賬面值。

> 減值範疇須作出判斷。倘關鍵假設 發生重大不利變動,損益表可能需 要扣除減值開支。

> 在所有其他變數維持不變之情況 下,倘於營運年期內每年平均電費 減少1%(二零一七年:1%),可收 回金額將少於賬面值2,600,000港 元(二零一七年:5,300,000港元)。 同樣地,在所有其他變數維持不變 之情況下,倘輸電量較管理層預期 少10%(二零一七年:10%),可收 回金額將少於賬面值20,800,000港 元(二零一七年:24,700,000港元)。

4 Critical accounting estimates and judgements (Continued)

(b) Useful lives and residual value of property, plant and equipment

Management of the Company and its subsidiaries determine the estimated useful lives, residual value and related depreciation charges for its property, plant and equipment. This estimate is based on projected wear and tear incurred during power generation. This could change significantly as a result of technical renovations on power generators. Management will adjust the estimated useful lives where useful lives vary with previously estimated useful lives. It is reasonably possible, based on existing knowledge, that outcomes within the next financial year that are different from current assumptions could require material adjustments to the carrying amount of property, plant and equipment.

(c) Income taxes

The Group is subject to income taxes in Hong Kong and the PRC. Significant judgement is required in determining the provision for income taxes. There are many transactions and calculations for which ultimate tax determination is uncertain during the ordinary course of business. The Group recognises liabilities for potential tax exposures based on estimates of whether additional taxes will be due. Where the final tax outcome of these matters is different from the amounts that were initially recorded, such differences will affect the income tax and deferred tax provision in the period in which such determination is made.

(d) Impairment of financial assets

The loss allowances for financial assets are based on assumptions about risk of default and expected loss rates. The Group uses judgement in making these assumptions and selecting the inputs to the impairment calculation, based on the Group's past history, existing market conditions as well as forward looking estimates at the end of each reporting period. Details of the key assumptions and inputs used are disclosed in Note 3.

- 4 重大會計估算及判斷(續)
 - (b) 物業、機器及設備之可使用年期 及剩餘價值

本公司及其附屬公司之管理層釐定 物業、機器及設備之估計可使用年 期、剩餘價值及相關折舊支出。此 估計乃基於發電期間產生之預測磨 損而作出。此可能會因發電機之預測磨 損而作出。此可能會因發電機之預測磨 指新而發生重大變動。若可使用 年期與原先估計者不同,則管理層 將調整估計可使用年期。據現時所 知,若下一個財政年度之結果有別 於現時假設,則有合理可能需要對 物業、機器及設備之賬面值作出重 大調整。

(c) 所得税

本集團須於香港及中國繳納所得 税。在釐定所得税撥備時,須作出 重大判斷。於日常業務過程中,有 許多交易及計算之最終税項未能準 確釐定。本集團根據有否額外税項 到期之估計而就可能須繳納之税項 確認負債。若該等事項之最終税項 結果與最初記錄之金額不同,有關 差額將影響釐定最終税項期間內之 所得税及遞延税項撥備。

(d) 金融資產之減值

金融資產之虧損撥備乃根據有關違約風險及預期損失率的假設作出。 本集團於作出該等假設及選擇減值 計算的輸入數據時已根據本集團過 往歷史、現行市況及於各報告期末 的前瞻性估計作出判斷。主要假設 及使用輸入數據之詳情於附註3披 露。

收益及其他收入

本年內確認之各主要收益及其他收入類

5

NOTESTOTHE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 综合財務報表附註

The amount of each significant category of revenue and other

Revenue and other income

5

| ncome recognised during the year is as follows: | | 別之金額如下: | |
|---|-------|----------|----------|
| | | 2018 | 2017 |
| | | 二零一八年 | 二零一七年 |
| | | HK\$′000 | HK\$'000 |
| | | 千港元 | 千港元 |
| Revenue | 收益 | | |
| Sales of electricity | 電力銷售 | 149,496 | 131,343 |
| Other income | 其他收入 | | |
| Value-added tax refund | 增值税退税 | 6,516 | 6,514 |
| Others | 其他 | 70 | 5,805 |
| | | 6,586 | 12,319 |

Sales of electricity were all generated by the wind power plants and a distributed solar project of the Group. The Group has a single reportable segment which is renewable energy segment. As the Group does not have significant material operations outside the PRC, no geographic segment information is presented.

For the year ended 31 December 2018, the Group's revenue for reportable segment from external customers of HK\$149.5 million (2017: HK\$131.3 million) is only attributable to the China market.

For the year ended 31 December 2018, the Group has two customers with revenue exceeding 10% of the Group's total revenue (2017: two customers). Revenues from the customers amounted to HK\$95.7 million and HK\$49.5 million (2017: HK\$85.0 million and HK\$46.3 million) respectively.

電力銷售均來自本集團之風力發電站及 分佈式太陽能項目。本集團擁有一個可 呈報分部,即可再生能源分部。因本集 團在中國境外並無重大營運,故毋需呈 列地理分部資料。

截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年 度,本集團來自外界客戶之可呈報分部 收益為149,500,000港元(二零一七年: 131,300,000港元),僅來自中國市場。

截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年 度,本集團有兩名客戶(二零一七年: 兩名客戶)所佔收益超逾本集團總收益 之10%。來自該等客戶之收益分別為 95,700,000港元及49,500,000港元(二零 一七年:85,000,000港元及46,300,000港 元)。

6 Expenses by nature

6 按性質劃分之開支

| | | 2018 二零一八年 HK\$′000 千港元 | 2017 二零一七年 HK\$'000 千港元 |
|---|-----------------|--|----------------------------------|
| Auditor's remuneration | 核數師酬金 | | |
| – Audit services | 一審核服務 | 1,531 | 1,494 |
| – Non-audit services | 一非審核服務 | 410 | 615 |
| Amortisation of prepaid land lease | 預付土地租賃款攤銷(附註15) | | |
| payments (Note 15) | | 1,109 | 1,074 |
| Amortisation of intangible assets (Note 16) | 無形資產攤銷(附註16) | 734 | 435 |
| Depreciation of property, plant and | 物業、機器及設備折舊 | | |
| equipment (Note 13) | (附註13) | 74,897 | 70,068 |
| Net exchange loss | 匯兑虧損淨額 | 4,151 | 715 |
| Employee benefit expenses | 僱員福利開支(包括董事酬金) | | |
| (including directors' emoluments) (Note 9) | (附註9) | 19,377 | 17,987 |
| Operating lease rental | 經營租賃租金 | 1,617 | 1,285 |
| Repair and maintenance expenses | 維修及保養開支 | 5,111 | 2,287 |
| Corporate expenses | 企業開支 | 972 | 1,081 |
| Legal and professional fees | 法律及專業費用 | 788 | 1,427 |
| Management service fee | 管理服務費 | 1,106 | 1,106 |
| Other expenses | 其他開支 | 15,510 | 11,412 |
| Total cost of sales and | 銷售成本及行政費用總額 | | |
| administrative expenses | | 127,313 | 110,986 |

7 Finance income and costs

7 財務收入及融資成本

| | | 2018 二零一八年 HK\$′000 千港元 | 2017 二零一七年 HK\$'000 千港元 |
|--|----------------------------|--|----------------------------------|
| Finance costs: | 融資成本: | | |
| interest expenses on bank borrowings interest expenses on amount due to | -銀行借款之利息開支 -應付一名股東款項之利息 | (26,590) | (26,738) |
| a shareholder (Note 28) | 開支(附註28) | (9,870) | (6,169) |
| | | (36,460) | (32,907) |
| Less: amounts capitalised (Note) | 減:已資本化之金額(附註) | 7,767 | 420 |
| | | (28,693) | (32,487) |
| Finance income: | 財務收入: | | |
| - interest income on bank deposits | 一銀行存款利息收入 | 3,183 | 2,545 |
| Finance costs – net | 融資成本-淨額 | (25,510) | (29,942) |
| Note: | 附註: | | |

The capitalisation rate used to determine the amount of borrowing costs to be capitalised is the weighted average interest rate applicable to the entity's general borrowings during the year, in this case 4.84% (2017: 4.05%).

用於釐定將予資本化的借款成本金額的資本化利率為 年內該實體一般借款適用的加權平均利率,本年度為 4.84%(二零一七年:4.05%)。

8 Five highest paid individuals

8 五名最高酬金人士

The five individuals whose emoluments were the highest in the Group for the year include three directors (2017: two) whose emoluments are reflected in the analysis presented in Note 32. The emoluments payable to the remaining two (2017: three) individuals during the year are as follows:

本年度,本集團五名最高薪人士包括三 名(二零一七年:兩名)董事,彼等之酬 金已於附註32呈列之分析中反映。本年 度內應付餘下兩名(二零一七年:三名) 個別人士之酬金如下:

| | | 2018 二零一八年 HK\$′000 千港元 | 2017 二零一七年 HK \$ '000 千港元 |
|--|---|--|---|
| Basic salaries, housing allowances, other allowances and benefits in kind Bonuses Retirement scheme contributions | 基本薪金、住房津貼、 其他津貼及實物利益 花紅 退休計劃供款 | 1,475 236 130 | 2,727 467 148 |
| | | 1,841 | 3,342 |

The emoluments fell within the following bands:

酬金等級分析如下:

| | | No of individuals 人數 | |
|--|---|-------------------------|---------------|
| | | 2018 二零一八年 | 2017 二零一七年 |
| Emoluments band (in HK dollar) HK\$nil – HK\$1,000,000 HK\$1,000,001 – HK2,000,000 | 酬金級別(港元) 零港元至1,000,000港元 1,000,001港元至 | 1 | 1 |
| | 2,000,000港元 | 1 | 2 |

9 Employee benefit expenses

9 僱員褔利開支

| | | 2018 二零一八年 HK\$′000 千港元 | 2017 二零一七年 HK\$'000 千港元 |
|---|---|--|----------------------------------|
| Wages, salaries and other benefits (Reversal)/provision for unused annual leave Pension costs – defined contribution plan | 工資、薪金及其他福利 未使用年假之(撥回)/撥備 退休金成本-定額供款計劃 | 17,025 (64) | 15,763 119 |
| (Note a) | (附註a) | 2,416 | 2,105 |
| | | 19,377 | 17,987 |

Notes:

附註 :

- (a) The Group's contribution to the employee pension scheme in the PRC is at a percentage in compliance with the requirements of respective municipal governments. The Group also participates in the MPF scheme under the Hong Kong Mandatory Provident Fund Schemes Ordinance for employees employed under the jurisdiction of the Hong Kong Employment Ordinance. The MPF scheme is a defined contribution retirement scheme administered by independent trustees. Under the MPF scheme, the employer and its employees are each required to make contributions to the scheme at 5% of the employee's relevant income, subject to a cap of monthly relevant income of HK\$30,000 with effect from 1 June 2014 (HK\$25,000 before 1 June 2014). Contributions to the scheme vest immediately.
- (b) Contributions totaling HK\$28,000 (2017: HK\$27,000) were payable under the
 (b) 於二零一八年十二月三
 MPF scheme at 31 December 2018.
 (b) 計劃須予支付之供款
- (a) 本集團向中國僱員退休金計劃作出之供款乃 按照相關市政府規定之百分率作出。本集團 亦根據香港強制性公積金計劃條例為受香港 僱傭條例管轄之僱員提供強積金計劃。強積 金計劃是由獨立信託人管理之定額供款退休 計劃。根據強積金計劃,僱主及僱員均須按 照僱員相關收入之5%向計劃作出供款,惟每 月之相關收入上限為30,000港元(自二零一四 年六月一日生效)(二零一四年六月一日之前 為25,000港元)。向計劃作出之供款即時歸 屬。
- (b) 於二零一八年十二月三十一日,根據強積金 計劃須予支付之供款合共28,000港元(二零 一七年:27,000港元)。

10 Income tax expense

10 所得税支出

No provision for Hong Kong profits tax has been made as the Group has no assessable profit for the years ended 31 December 2018 and 2017. Mainland China income tax includes corporate income tax which has been provided on the estimated assessable profits of subsidiaries operating in the Mainland China at a rate of 25% (2017: 25%). Withholding tax was provided for undistributed profits of certain subsidiaries and associates in the PRC at a rate of 5% or 10% (2017: 5% or 10%).

由於本集團截至二零一八年及二零一七 年十二月三十一日止年度並無應課税溢 利,故並無就香港利得税作出撥備。中 國大陸所得税(包括企業所得税)按照中 國大陸經營附屬公司之估計應課税溢 利,按25%(二零一七年:25%)之税率 作出撥備。預扣税按照若干中國附屬公 司及聯營公司之未分派溢利,按5%或 10%(二零一七年:5%或10%)之税率作 出撥備。

| | | 2018 二零一八年 HK\$′000 千港元 | 2017 二零一七年 HK\$'000 千港元 |
|---|------------------------------------|--|----------------------------------|
| Current income tax Withholding tax on dividends Deferred income tax credit, net (Note 25) | 即期所得税 有關股息之預扣税 遞延所得税淨額(附註25) | (1,703) (7,850) 240 | (1,082) (9,201) 919 |
| Income tax expense | 所得税支出 | (9,313) | (9,364) |

Note:

附註:

The share of income tax expense of associates amounting to HK20.5 million (2017: HK19.7 million) is included in the Group's share of profits less losses of associates.

應佔聯營公司之所得税支出為20,500,000港元(二零 一七年:19,700,000港元)乃計入本集團之應佔聯營 公司溢利減虧損。

10 Income tax expense (continued)

10 所得税支出(續)

The tax on the Group's profit before income tax differs from the theoretical amount that would arise using the taxation rate of the PRC as follows:

本集團所得税前溢利之税項,與採用中 國大陸之税率計算所得之理論税項之差 額如下:

| | | 2018 二零一八年 HK\$′000 千港元 | 2017 二零一七年 HK\$'000 千港元 |
|--|--------------------|--|----------------------------------|
| Profit before income tax | 所得税前溢利 | 72,266 | 70,314 |
| Less: Share of profits less losses of associates | 減:應佔聯營公司之 溢利減虧損 | (69,007) | (67,580) |
| | | 3,259 | 2,734 |
| Tax calculated at the tax rate, 25% | 按25%(二零一七年:25%)之 | | |
| (2017: 25%) | 税率計算之税項 | (815) | (684) |
| Effect of different tax rates | 不同税率之影響 | 2,544 | 1,879 |
| Expenses not deductible for taxation purpose | 不可扣税之開支 | (3,377) | (2,977) |
| Income not subject to tax | 毋須課税之收入 | 578 | 529 |
| Utilisation of previously unrecognised | 動用以往未確認之税項虧損 | | |
| tax losses | | 1,175 | 1,922 |
| Withholding tax on dividends and undistributed | 聯營公司及附屬公司之有關 | | |
| profits of associates and subsidiaries | 股息之預扣税和未分配利潤 | (9,418) | (10,033) |
| Income tax expense | 所得税支出 | (9,313) | (9,364) |

11 Earnings per share

11 每股盈利

(a) 基本

(a) Basic

Basic earnings per share is calculated by dividing the profit attributable to equity holders of the Company by the weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue during the year.

每股基本盈利乃根據本公司權益持 有人應佔溢利除以年內已發行普通 股之加權平均數計算。

| | | 2018 二零一八年 | 2017 二零一七年 |
|--|-----------------------|----------------------|---------------|
| Profit attributable to equity holders of the Company (HK\$ thousand) | 本公司權益持有人應佔溢利 (千港元) | 62,254 | 60,330 |
| Weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue (thousand) | 已發行普通股之加權平均數 (千股) | 2,450,873 | 2,359,216 |
| Basic earnings per share (HK cents per share) | 每股基本盈利(每股港仙) | 2.54 | 2.56 |

(b) Diluted

Diluted earnings per share is calculated by adjusting the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding to assume conversion of all dilutive potential ordinary shares. In 2018 and 2017, the warrants are assumed to have been converted into ordinary shares. The number of shares calculated as below is compared with the number of shares that would have been issued assuming the exercise of warrants.

(b) 攤薄

每股攤薄盈利乃透過調整未行使普 通股之加權平均數,以假設所有攤 薄潛在普通股均已獲兑換而計算。 於二零一八年及二零一七年,認股 權證假設已兑換為普通股。下文將 計算所得之股份數目與假設認股權 證獲行使而可能發行之股份數目進 行比較。

2018

2017

| | | 二零一八年 | 二零一七年 |
|--|--|-----------|-----------|
| Profit attributable to equity holders of the Company (HK\$ thousand) | 本公司權益持有人應佔溢利 (千港元) | 62,254 | 60,330 |
| Weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue (thousand) Adjustment for: – Assumed conversion of warrants | 已發行普通股之加權平均數 (千股) 就以下各項調整: -假設認股權證獲兑換 | 2,450,873 | 2,359,216 |
| (thousand) | (千份) | 1,207 | 11,647 |
| Weighted average number of ordinary shares for diluted earnings per share | 用於計算每股攤薄盈利之普通 股加權平均數(千股) | | |
| (thousand) | | 2,452,080 | 2,370,863 |
| Diluted earnings per share | 每股攤薄盈利(每股港仙) | | |
| (HK cents per share) | | 2.54 | 2.54 |

12 Dividends

12 股息

| | | 2018 二零一八年 HK\$′000 千港元 | 2017 二零一七年 HK\$'000 千港元 |
|---|---|--|----------------------------------|
| Interim dividend paid, of HK0.4 cents (2017: HK0.3 cents) per ordinary share | 已派發中期股息, 每股普通股0.4港仙 (二零一七年:0.3港仙) | 10,025 | 7,094 |
| Final dividend proposed, of HK0.4 cents (2017: HK0.4 cents) per ordinary share | 擬派發末期股息, 每股普通股0.4港仙 (二零一七年:0.4港仙) | 10,025 | 9,459 |

On 20 March 2019, a final dividend of HK0.4 cents per ordinary share payable in cash in respect of the year ended 31 December 2018 is proposed by the Board and the amounts are not accounted for until they are approved by the shareholders at the forthcoming annual general meeting of the Company. As the proposed final dividend is declared after the balance sheet date, such dividend is not recognised as liability as at 31 December 2018.

On 23 August 2018, the Board has declared an interim dividend of HK0.4 cents per ordinary share payable in cash, total of HK\$10.0 million was paid in September 2018.

For the year ended 31 December 2017, a final dividend of HK0.4 cents per ordinary share payable in cash, total of HK\$10.0 million was paid in June 2018.

於二零一九年三月二十日,董事會建議 派發截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止 年度末期股息,每股普通股為現金0.4 港仙,須待股東於本公司應屆股東週年 大會上批准。由於擬派發之末期股息是 在資產負債表日後宣派,故不列作二零 一八年十二月三十一日的負債。

於二零一八年八月二十三日,董事會宣 派中期股息,派發現金每股普通股0.4 港仙,合計10,000,000港元,已於二零 一八年九月支付。

截至二零一七年十二月三十一日止年 度,派發現金每股普通股0.4港仙之末期 股息,合計10,000,000港元,已於二零 一八年六月支付。

13 Property, plant and equipment

13 物業、機器及設備

| | | Electricity utility plant and others | Furniture, fixtures and equipment 傢俬、裝置及 | Motor vehicles | Total |
|--|--|--|---|----------------------------------|--|
| | | 發電廠及其他 HK\$'000 千港元 | 設備 HK\$'000 千港元 | 汽車 HK\$'000 千港元 | 總計 HK\$'000 千港元 |
| At 1 January 2017 Cost Accumulated depreciation and | 於二零一七年一月一日 成本 累計折舊及減值 | 1,268,186 | 1,060 | 1,040 | 1,270,286 |
| impairment | 赤町 Jī 自 <i>仄</i> /残臣 | (357,741) | (765) | (927) | (359,433) |
| Net book amount | 賬面淨值 | 910,445 | 295 | 113 | 910,853 |
| Year ended 31 December 2017 Opening net book amount Currency translation differences Additions Transfer from construction in | 截至二零一七年十二月 三十一日止年度 年初賬面淨值 匯兑換算差額 添置 轉自在建工程 | 910,445 68,789 504 | 295 31 305 | 113 20 295 | 910,853 68,840 1,104 |
| Disposal Depreciation | ^{持日11} 建工社 出售 折舊 | 873 (69,926) | 8 (12) (94) | _ _ (48) | 881 (12) (70,068) |
| Closing net book amount | 年終賬面淨值 | 910,685 | 533 | 380 | 911,598 |
| At 31 December 2017 | 於二零一七年十二月 三十一日 | | | | |
| Cost Accumulated depreciation and | □□□□ 成本 累計折舊及減值 | 1,369,592 | 1,445 | 1,010 | 1,372,047 |
| impairment | 昨天河住 | (458,907) | (912) | (630) | (460,449) |
| Net book amount | 賬面淨值 | 910,685 | 533 | 380 | 911,598 |
| Year ended 31 December 2018 Opening net book amount Currency translation differences Additions Transfer from construction in progress Depreciation | 截至二零一八年十二月 三十一日止年度 年初賬面淨值 匯兑換算差額 添置 轉自在建工程 折舊 | 910,685 (44,319) 7,174 24,938 (74,488) | 533 (49) 793 _ (240) | 380 (26) 335 _ (169) | 911,598 (44,394) 8,302 24,938 (74,897) |
| Closing net book amount | 年終賬面值 | 823,990 | 1,037 | 520 | 825,547 |
| At 31 December 2018 | 於二零一八年十二月 三十一日 | | | | |
| Cost Accumulated depreciation and impairment | 成本 累計折舊及減值 | 1,331,039 (507,049) | 2,093 (1,056) | 1,263 (743) | 1,334,395 (508,848) |
| Net book amount | 賬面淨值 | 823,990 | 1,037 | 520 | 825,547 |

Certain bank borrowings are secured by certain of the Group's property, plant and equipment with carrying values of HK\$789.6 million (2017: HK\$900.8 million) (Note 23).

若干銀行借款乃由本集團賬面值 789,600,000港元(二零一七年: 900,800,000港元)之若干物業、機器及 設備作抵押(附註23)。

14 Construction in progress

14 在建工程

| | | Total 總計 HK\$'000 |
|---|---------------|--------------------------------|
| | | 千港元 |
| At 1 January 2017 | 於二零一七年一月一日 | 7,319 |
| Currency translation differences | 匯兑換算差額 | 1,735 |
| Additions | 添置 | 29,282 |
| Transfer to intangible asset | 轉撥至無形資產 | (1,366) |
| Transfer to property, plant and equipment | 轉撥至物業、廠房及設備 | (881) |
| At 31 December 2017 | 於二零一七年十二月三十一日 | 36,089 |
| At 1 January 2018 | 於二零一八年一月一日 | 36,089 |
| Currency translation differences | 匯兑換算差額 | (14,224) |
| Additions | 添置 | 324,077 |
| Transfer to property, plant and equipment | 轉撥至物業、廠房及設備 | (24,938) |
| At 31 December 2018 | 於二零一八年十二月三十一日 | 321,004 |

15 Prepaid land lease payments

15 預付土地租賃款

| | | Total 總計 HK\$'000 千港元 |
|---|----------------------------|---------------------------------------|
| At 1 January 2017 Currency translation differences Amortisation | 於二零一七年一月一日 匯兑換算差額 攤銷 | 12,089 910 (1,074) |
| At 31 December 2017 | 於二零一七年十二月三十一日 | 11,925 |
| At 1 January 2018 Currency translation differences Amortisation | 於二零一八年一月一日 匯兑換算差額 攤銷 | 11,925 (559) (1,109) |
| At 31 December 2018 | 於二零一八年十二月三十一日 | 10,257 |

Certain bank borrowings are secured by certain of the Group's prepaid land lease payments with carrying values of HK\$7.2 million (2017: HK\$8.5 million) (Note 23).

若干銀行借款乃由本集團賬面值 7,200,000港元(二零一七年:8,500,000 港元)之若干預付土地租賃款作抵押(附 註23)。

16 Intangible assets

16 無形資產

| | | Computer software 電腦軟件 HK\$'000 千港元 | Concession right 特許權 HK\$'000 千港元 | Total 總計 HK\$'000 千港元 |
|--|---------------------------------------|---|--|---------------------------------------|
| At 1 January 2017 Cost Accumulated amortisation and | 於二零一七年一月一日 成本 累計攤銷及折舊 | 753 | 182,544 | 183,297 |
| impairment | | (556) | (178,684) | (179,240) |
| Net book amount | 賬面淨值 | 197 | 3,860 | 4,057 |
| Year ended 31 December 2017 | 截至二零一七年十二月三十一日止 年度 | | | |
| Opening net book amount | 年初賬面淨值 | 197 | 3,860 | 4,057 |
| Currency translation differences | 匯兑換算差額 | 72 | 290 | 362 |
| Additions | 添置 | 42 | - | 42 |
| Transfer from construction in progress Amortisation | 轉自在建工程 攤銷 | 1,366 (68) | (367) | 1,366 (435) |
| Amonisation |) | (80) | (307) | (435) |
| Closing net book amount | 年終賬面淨值 | 1,609 | 3,783 | 5,392 |
| At 31 December 2017 Cost Accumulated amortisation and | 於二零ー七年十二月三十一日 成本 累計攤銷及減值 | 2,251 | 196,979 | 199,230 |
| impairment | | (642) | (193,196) | (193,838) |
| Net book amount | 賬面淨值 | 1,609 | 3,783 | 5,392 |
| Year ended 31 December 2018 | 截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止 年度 | | | |
| Opening net book amount | 年初賬面淨值 | 1,609 | 3,783 | 5,392 |
| Currency translation differences | 匯兑換算差額 | (78) | (176) | (254) |
| Additions | 添置 | 210 | - | 210 |
| Amortisation | 攤銷 | (354) | (380) | (734) |
| Closing net book amount | 年終賬面淨值 | 1,387 | 3,227 | 4,614 |
| At 31 December 2018 | 於二零一八年十二月三十一日 | | | |
| Cost | 成本 | 2,355 | 186,978 | 189,333 |
| Accumulated amortisation and impairment | 累計攤銷及減值 | (968) | (183,751) | (184,719) |
| | | | | |

17 Interests in associates

17 於聯營公司之權益

| | | 2018 二零一八年 HK\$′000 千港元 | 2017 二零一七年 HK\$'000 千港元 |
|-----------------------------|-----------|--|----------------------------------|
| Group's share of net assets | 本集團應佔資產淨值 | 884,894 | 931,364 |

The following financial information, after making adjustments to conform with the Group's significant accounting policies, represents the Group's aggregate share of assets, liabilities, revenue and results of associates, all of which are unlisted, and is summarised as below:

下列財務資料(經調整以與本集團主要會 計政策一致)乃本集團合共應佔聯營公司 (全部均為非上市公司)之資產、負債、 收益及業績,現概述如下:

| | | 2018 二零一八年 HK\$′000 千港元 | 2017 二零一七年 HK\$'000 千港元 |
|-----------------------|----------|--|----------------------------------|
| Assets Liabilities | 資產 負債 | 1,420,289 (535,395) | 1,546,092 (614,728) |
| Net assets | 資產淨值 | 884,894 | 931,364 |
| Revenue | 收益 | 213,811 | 205,620 |
| Profit for the year | 本年度溢利 | 69,007 | 67,580 |

Particulars of the associates are set out on page 154.

聯營公司之詳情載於第154頁。

17 Interests in associates (Continued)

Set out below are the summarised financial information for the associates of the Group.

Summarised income statement

For the year ended 31 December

17 於聯營公司之權益(續)

下列載有本集團聯營公司之財務資料概 述。

損益表概述

截至十二月三十一日止年度

| | | CECIC HKC V Company 中節能港建風 | Limited | Company | CECIC HKE Wind Power Company Limited 中節能港能風力發電(張北) | | CECIC HKC (Gansu) Wind Power Company Limited 中節能港建(甘肅) | | imited Power Company Limited Total | | tal |
|--|----------------------|----------------------------------|----------|----------|--|----------|--|-----------|------------------------------------|--|-----|
| | | 有限的 | 公司 | 有限 | 公司 | 風力發電 | 有限公司 | 總 | 計 | | |
| | | 2018 | 2017 | 2018 | 2017 | 2018 | 2017 | 2018 | 2017 | | |
| | | 二零一八年 | 二零一七年 | 二零一八年 | 二零一七年 | 二零一八年 | 二零一七年 | 二零一八年 | 二零一七年 | | |
| | | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 | | |
| | | 千港元 | 千港元 | 千港元 | 千港元 | 千港元 | 千港元 | 千港元 | 千港元 | | |
| Revenue | 收益 | 214,300 | 204,107 | 108,739 | 110,741 | 238,674 | 226,887 | 561,713 | 541,735 | | |
| Other (expense)/income | 其他(開支)/收入 | (52,948) | (38,889) | 542 | (17,007) | (24,288) | (9,706) | (76,694) | (65,602) | | |
| Depreciation and | 折舊及攤銷 | | | | | | | | | | |
| amortisation | | (80,646) | (78,060) | (47,598) | (46,053) | (83,440) | (80,255) | (211,684) | (204,368) | | |
| Finance costs – net | 融資成本-淨額 | (17,162) | (21,141) | (13,300) | (15,335) | (19,009) | (20,580) | (49,471) | (57,056) | | |
| Current income tax expense | 當期所得税支出 | (22,377) | (22,830) | (11,883) | (7,918) | (19,873) | (20,437) | (54,133) | (51,185) | | |
| Deferred income tax credit | 遞延所得税抵免 | 6,775 | 6,561 | - | - | 5,137 | 4,975 | 11,912 | 11,536 | | |
| Profit for the year Other comprehensive | 本年度溢利 其他全面(虧損)/收入 | 47,942 | 49,748 | 36,500 | 24,428 | 97,201 | 100,884 | 181,643 | 175,060 | | |
| (loss)/income | 共心主画(順)/ 私八 | (49,910) | 73,751 | (21,513) | 30,456 | (49,963) | 74,999 | (121,386) | 179,206 | | |
| Total comprehensive | 全面(虧損)/收入總額 | | | | | | | | | | |
| (loss)/income | | (1,968) | 123,499 | 14,987 | 54,884 | 47,238 | 175,883 | 60,257 | 354,266 | | |
| Dividends declared by | 聯營公司宣派之股息 | | | | | | | | | | |
| associates | | (25,981) | (27,257) | (6,693) | (7,450) | (36,400) | (48,257) | (69,074) | (82,964) | | |

17 Interests in associates (Continued) Summarised balance sheet

As at 31 December

17 於聯營公司之權益(續) 資產負債表概述

於十二月三十一日

| | | Company 中節能港建風 | CECIC HKC Wind Power Company Limited 中節能港建風力發電(張北) | | Company Limited Power Company 中節能港能風力發電(張北) 中節能港發展 | | CECIC HKC (Gansu) Wind Power Company Limited 中節能港建(甘肅) | | tal |
|-------------------------|-------|-------------------|--|----------|--|-----------|--|-----------|-----------|
| | | 有限 | 公司 | 有限 | 公司 | 風力發電 | 有限公司 | 總 | Ħ |
| | | 2018 | 2017 | 2018 | 2017 | 2018 | 2017 | 2018 | 2017 |
| | | 二零一八年 | 二零一七年 | 二零一八年 | 二零一七年 | 二零一八年 | 二零一七年 | 二零一八年 | 二零一七年 |
| | | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 |
| | | 千港元 | 千港元 | 千港元 | 千港元 | 千港元 | 千港元 | 千港元 | 千港元 |
| Non-current assets | 非流動資產 | 1,231,063 | 1,396,968 | 611,126 | 685,885 | 1,261,361 | 1,430,438 | 3,103,550 | 3,513,291 |
| Current assets | 流動資產 | 279,667 | 251,133 | 106,266 | 119,021 | 240,586 | 183,011 | 626,519 | 553,165 |
| Total assets | 資產總值 | 1,510,730 | 1,648,101 | 717,392 | 804,906 | 1,501,947 | 1,613,449 | 3,730,069 | 4,066,456 |
| Non-current liabilities | 非流動負債 | 73,485 | 84,257 | 227,720 | 287,880 | 55,478 | 63,632 | 356,683 | 435,769 |
| Current liabilities | 流動負債 | 504,055 | 563,734 | 81,706 | 101,736 | 473,399 | 532,986 | 1,059,160 | 1,198,456 |
| Total liabilities | | 577,540 | 647,991 | 309,426 | 389,616 | 528,877 | 596,618 | 1,415,843 | 1,634,225 |
| Net assets | 資產淨值 | 933,190 | 1,000,110 | 407,966 | 415,290 | 973,070 | 1,016,831 | 2,314,226 | 2,432,231 |

17 Interests in associates (Continued) Summarised balance sheet (Continued)

The information above reflects the amounts presented in the financial statements of the associates adjusted for any fair value adjustments made at the time of acquisition.

Reconciliation of the summarised financial information presented to the carrying amount of the Group's interests in its associates:

17 於聯營公司之權益(續) 資產負債表概述(續)

上述資料反映聯營公司於財務報表之呈 列金額,按購買當時作出之任何公平值 調整而調整。

本集團於其聯營公司權益賬面值呈列之 財務資料概述對賬:

| | | CECIC HKC V Company 中節能港建風; 有限; | Limited 力發電(張北) | CECIC HKE Wind Power Company Limited 中節能港能風力發電(張北) 有限公司 | | CECIC HKC (Gansu) Wind Power Company Limited 中節能港建(甘肅) 風力發電有限公司 | | Tot | |
|---------------------------|--------------------------|--|---------------------------|--|----------|--|-----------|------------|---------------------|
| | | 2018 | 2017 | 2018 | 2017 | 2018 | 2017 | 2018 | 2017 |
| | | 二零一八年 | 二零一七年 | 二零一八年 | 二零一七年 | 二零一八年 | 二零一七年 | 二零一八年 | 二零一七年 |
| | | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 |
| | | 千港元 | 千港元 | 千港元 | 千港元 | 千港元 | 千港元 | 千港元 | 千港元 |
| At 1 January | 於一月一日 | | | | | | | | |
| Opening net assets | 年初資產淨值 | 1,000,110 | 944,757 | 415,290 | 385,241 | 1,016,831 | 961,589 | 2,432,231 | 2,291,587 |
| Profit for the year | 本年度溢利 | 47,942 | 49,748 | 36,500 | 24,428 | 97,201 | 100,884 | 181,643 | 175,060 |
| Other comprehensive | 其他全面(虧損)/收入 | | | | | | | | |
| (loss)/income | | (49,910) | 73,751 | (21,513) | 30,456 | (49,963) | 74,999 | (121,386) | 179,206 |
| Dividends | 股息 | (64,952) | (68,146) | (22,311) | (24,835) | (90,999) | (120,641) | (178,262) | (213,622) |
| At 31 December | 於十二月三十一日 | | | | | | | | |
| Closing net assets | 年終資產淨值 | 933,190 | 1,000,110 | 407,966 | 415,290 | 973,070 | 1,016,831 | 2,314,226 | 2,432,231 |
| Reporting entities' share | 申報分享權益之百分比 | | | | | | | | |
| in % | | 40% | 40% | 30% | 30% | 40% | 40% | N/A不適用 | N/A不適用 |
| Group's interests in | 集團於聯營公司之權益 | 1070 | 1070 | | 0070 | 1070 | 1070 | 10711 (27) | 19/11/ <u>2</u> /13 |
| associates | 水西松 16日 4 円 た 推 皿 | 373,276 | 400,044 | 122,390 | 124,588 | 389,228 | 406,732 | 884,894 | 931,364 |

| Prepayments, trade and othe | 18 預付款、應收賬款及其他應收款 | | | | |
|-----------------------------------|--------------------------|------------|--|----------------------------------|--|
| | | Note 附註 | 2018 二零一八年 HK\$′000 千港元 | 2017 二零一七年 HK\$'000 千港元 | |
| Non-current | 非流動 | | | | |
| Prepayments | 預付款 | (b) | 16,654 | 155,001 | |
| Other receivables | 其他應收款 | (c) | 43,095 | 11,410 | |
| | | | 59,749 | 166,411 | |
| Current | 流動 | | | | |
| Trade receivables | 應收賬款 | (a) | 61,247 | 17,176 | |
| Prepayments and other receivables | 預付款及其他應收款 | (c) | 143,739 | 100,554 | |
| | | | 204,986 | 117,730 | |
| | | | 264,735 | 284,141 | |

| 18 | | payments, trade and other rece ntinued) s: | 18 | 預付款、應收賬款及 (續) ^{附註:} | 其他應收款 | |
|----|-----|--|--|---|--|-------------------------------------|
| | (a) | The ageing analysis of trade receivables by the Gro policy at year end was as follows: | up's revenue recognition | | (a) 於年末,按本集團收益码 賬款賬齡分析如下: | 霍認政策劃分之應 收 |
| | | | | | 2018 二零一八年 HK\$'000 千港元 | 2017 二零一七年 HK\$'000 千港元 |
| | | Less than 30 days More than 30 days and within 60 days More than 60 days and within 90 days More than 90 days | 少於30日 超過30日但於60日內 超過60日但於90日內 超過90日 | | 25,711 6,326 6,371 22,839 | 17,176 - - - |
| | | | | | 61,247 | 17,176 |
| | | The ageing analysis of trade receivables by invoice date at year end was as follows: (Note i) | | | 於年末,按發票日期劃分 析如下:(附註i) | 分之應收賬款賬齡分 |
| | | | | | 2018 二零一八年 HK\$'000 千港元 | 2017 二零一七年 HK\$'000 千港元 |
| | | Less than 30 days More than 30 days and within 60 days More than 60 days and within 90 days More than 90 days | 少於30日 超過30日但於60日內 超過60日但於90日內 超過90日 | | 24,898 6,656 6,424 23,269 | 15,029 2,147 – – |
| | | | | | 61,247 | 17,176 |
| | | Note i: | | | 附註 i: | |
| | | The Group allows a credit period of 30 days to its trade customers. Based on the credit history of the customers, it is expected that the amounts will be received eventually. They are related to a number of independent customers for which there is no recent history of default. The Group does not hold any collateral in relation to these receivables. | | | 本集團向其貿易客戶提 期。根據客戶之信貸記 終將會收回。該等款項 之若干獨立客戶有關。2 等應收賬款有關之任何抵 | 录,預期該等款項最 與近期並無拖欠記錄 本集團並無持有與該 |

| (Cc | Prepayments, trade and other receivables (Continued) Notes: (Continued) | | 18 | (續) | 寸款、應收賬款及 身) <i>∶ (績)</i> | 其他應收款 |
|-----|--|--|----|-----|---|----------------------------------|
| (b) | | of HK\$16.7 million (2017: HK\$154.0 equipment for the relevant construction | | (b) | 結餘包括就相關建築工 場設備之16,700,000港元 154,000,000港元)預付款。 | (二零一七年: |
| (c) | HK\$49.4 million (2017: HK\$18.4 mil | put value-added taxation recoverable of lion) arising from purchase of property, aceivables from associates of HK\$125.5 | | (c) | 計入其他應收款為可提 49,400,000港元(二零一- 港元),乃源自購買物業、 收聯營公司股息125,500,0 年:78,500,000港元)。 | ヒ年:18,400,000 機器及設備,及應 |
| (d) | The carrying amount of the Group's p is denominated in the following curre | repayments, trade and other receivables encies: | | (d) | 本集團預付款、應收賬款】 面值以下列貨幣計值: | 及其他應收款之賬 |
| | | | | | 2018 二零一八年 HK\$′000 千港元 | 2017 二零一七年 HK\$'000 千港元 |
| | Hong Kong dollars Renminbi Singapore dollars | 港元 人民幣 新加坡元 | | | 469 264,181 85 | 384 283,669 88 |
| | | | | | 264,735 | 284,141 |
| (e) | | eivables do not contain impaired assets. sk at the reporting date is the carrying | | (e) | 所有預付款、應收賬款及 1 含減值資產。於報告日期(| |

The maximum exposure to credit risk at the reporting date is the carrying value of each class of receivables mentioned above.

A bank borrowing is secured by certain of the Group's trade receivables with carrying values of HK\$25.6 million (2017: HK\$4.4 million) (Note 23).

為上述各類別應收款之賬面值。 銀行借款乃由本集團賬面值25,600,000港元 (二零一七年:4,400,000港元)之若干應收賬

款作抵押(附註23)。

19 Short-term bank deposits

19 短期銀行存款

As at 31 December 2018, the short-term bank deposits with original maturities of more than three months are denominated in Hong Kong dollars. The interest rate on the deposits is 2.69%. As at 31 December 2017, there were no short-term bank deposits with original maturities of more than three months.

20 Cash and cash equivalents

20 現金及現金等價物

個月的短期銀行存款。

於二零一八年十二月三十一日,原到期

日超過三個月的短期銀行存款以港元計

值,存款利率為2.69%。於二零一七年

十二月三十一日,概無原到期日超過三

| | 2018 二零一八年 HK\$′000 千港元 | 2017 二零一七年 HK\$'000 千港元 |
|------------|---|--|
| 到期日少於三個月的 | 99,729 64.247 | 132,357 |
| | 163,976 | 300,060 |
| :受限制現金(附註) | (2,391) 161,585 | - 300,060 |
| | 行及手頭現金 到期日少於三個月的 銀行存款 : 受限制現金(<i>附註</i>) | 二零一八年 HK\$'000 千港元 行及手頭現金 99,729 到期日少於三個月的 銀行存款 64,247 163,976 : 受限制現金(<i>附註</i>) (2,391) |

Note:

附註:

The amount represents cash at bank of RMB2.1 million due to ongoing construction work of Songxian. The balance is subject to regulatory restrictions and not available for general use before the completion of the construction which is expected to be in 2019.

該金額指銀行現金人民幣2,100,000元,乃由於嵩縣 的在建建設工程。該結餘受監管限制且於二零一九年 預期完成該建設工程前不可用作一般用途。

20 Cash and cash equivalents (Continued)

20 現金及現金等價物(續)

| | | 2018 二零一八年 HK\$′000 千港元 | 2017 二零一七年 HK\$'000 千港元 |
|---|---|--|----------------------------------|
| Cash and cash equivalents and restricted cash (a) Placed in banks in the PRC: – denominated in Renminbi – denominated in Hong Kong dollars – denominated in US dollars | 現金及現金等價物及 受限制現金 (a)存放於中國各銀行: 一以人民幣計值 一以港元計值 一以美元計值 | 52,197 36,786 1,828 | 90,052 36,820 2,602 |
| (b) Placed in banks in Hong Kong: – denominated in Hong Kong dollars – denominated in Renminbi – denominated in Singapore dollars | (b) 存放於香港各銀行: 一以港元計值 一以人民幣計值 一以新加坡元計值 | 63,805 9,208 – | 170,024 416 2 |
| (c) Cash in hand | (c) 手頭現金 | 152 163,976 | 144 300,060 |

The effective interest rates at the balance sheet date were as follows:

於結算日之實際利率如下:

| | = | 2018 二零一八年 | | 2017 零一七年 |
|---|------------------------------------|----------------------|--------------------|--------------|
| | HK\$ 港元 | RMB 人民幣 | HK \$ 港元 | RMB 人民幣 |
| Bank deposits with original 原到期日少於三個月 maturities of less than 銀行存款 three months | 的 2.40%– 2.68% | 3.04% | 1.05%– 1.81% | _ |

The maximum exposure to credit risk at the reporting date is the carrying value of the cash and bank balances stated above.

Significant restrictions

Cash and cash equivalents of HK\$90.8 million (2017: HK\$129.5 million) are held in the Mainland China and are subject to local exchange control regulations, under which the balances could not be exported freely out of the Mainland China. The repatriation of fund out from the Mainland China is possibly conducted by way of dividends or other means as complied to the regulations.

於報告日,最高之信貸風險為上文所述 現金及銀行結餘之賬面值。

重大限制

於中國大陸持有的現金及現金等價 物 90,800,000 港元(二零一七年: 129,500,000港元)須遵循當地外匯管制 規定,據此,該等結餘不得自由匯出中 國大陸。資金可透過股息或其他遵守規 定的方式調離中國大陸。

21 Share capital

21 股本

| | | Ordinary sh HK\$0.01(每股面值0.01港 Number of | each |
|---|---|--|------------------------|
| | | shares 股份數目 | HK\$′000 千港元 |
| Issued and fully paid: At 1 January 2017 Exercise of warrants <i>(Note)</i> | 已發行及繳足: 於二零一七年一月一日 行使認股權證 <i>(附註)</i> | 2,356,371,843 8,320,601 | 23,564 83 |
| At 31 December 2017 | 於二零一七年十二月三十一日 | 2,364,692,444 | 23,647 |
| At 1 January 2018 Exercise of warrants <i>(Note)</i> | 於二零一八年一月一日 行使認股權證 <i>(附註)</i> | 2,364,692,444 141,465,020 | 23,647 1,415 |
| At 31 December 2018 | 於二零一八年十二月三十一日 | 2,506,157,464 | 25,062 |

Note:

On 19 May 2017, the Company issued 471,274,368 bonus warrants (Warrant Code: 1677) on the basis of one bonus warrant for every five existing shares of the Company held by the shareholders ("Bonus Warrants 1677"). The holders of Bonus Warrants 1677 are entitled to subscribe at any time during 19 May 2017 to 18 May 2018 for fully paid shares at a subscription price of HK\$0.230 per share (subject to adjustment). For the year ended 31 December 2018, 141,465,020 (2017: 8,320,601) new ordinary shares of HK\$0.01 each were issued upon the exercise of 141,465,020 (2017: 8,320,601) units of Bonus Warrants 1677. The outstanding bonus warrants were lapsed on 18 May 2018.

附註:

於二零一七年五月十九日,本公司根據股東持有的每 五股現有股份可獲發一份紅利認股權證(認股權證代 號:1677)之基準發行471,274,368份紅利認股權證 (「紅利認股權證1677」)。紅利認股權證1677持有人 有權於二零一七年五月十九日至二零一八年五月十八 日期間任何時間以認購價每股股份0.230港元(可予調 整)認購繳足股份。截至二零一八年十二月三十一日 止年度,141,465,020股(二零一七年:8,320,601股) 每股面值0.01港元之新普通股於141,465,020份(二零 一七年:8,320,601份)紅利認股權證1677獲行使時 發行。尚未行使之紅利認股權證已於二零一八年五月 十八日失效。

| | | Share premium 股份溢價 HK\$'000 千港元 | Exchange reserve 匯兑儲備 HK\$'000 千港元 | Retained earnings 保留盈利 HK\$'000 千港元 | Total 總計 HK\$'000 千港元 |
|---|-------------------------|---|---|---|---------------------------------------|
| Balance at 1 January 2017 Currency translation differences | 於二零一七年一月一日之結餘 匯兑換算差額 | 892,905 | (57,685) | 707,409 | 1,542,629 |
| – subsidiaries | 一附屬公司 | _ | 55,446 | _ | 55,446 |
| – associates | 一聯營公司 | _ | 68,637 | - | 68,637 |
| Dividend paid | 已付股息 | - | - | (7,094) | (7,094) |
| Exercise of warrants | 行使認股權證 | 1,831 | - | - | 1,831 |
| Profit for the year | 本年度溢利 | _ | - | 60,330 | 60,330 |
| Balance at 31 December 2017 | 於二零一七年十二月三十一日 | | | | |
| | 之結餘 | 894,736 | 66,398 | 760,645 | 1,721,779 |
| Balance at 1 January 2018 Currency translation differences | 於二零一八年一月一日之結餘 匯兑換算差額 | 894,736 | 66,398 | 760,645 | 1,721,779 |
| – subsidiaries | 一附屬公司 | _ | (45,197) | _ | (45,197) |
| - associates | 一聯營公司 | _ | (46,403) | _ | (46,403) |
| Dividend paid | 已付股息 | _ | - | (20,049) | (20,049) |
| Exercise of warrants | 行使認股權證 | 31,120 | _ | _ | 31,120 |
| Profit for the year | 本年度溢利 | - | - | 62,254 | 62,254 |
| Balance at 31 December 2018 | 於二零一八年十二月三十一日 | | | | |
| | 之結餘 | 925,856 | (25,202) | 802,850 | 1,703,504 |

23 Bank borrowings

23 銀行借款

22 儲備

| | | 2018 二零一八年 HK\$′000 千港元 | 2017 二零一七年 HK\$'000 千港元 |
|------------------------|-----------|--|----------------------------------|
| Non-current Current | 非流動 流動 | 383,450 122,510 | 351,335 88,931 |
| | | 505,960 | 440,266 |

Amounts of HK\$181 million (2017: HK\$259 million) of bank borrowings issued at variable rates are secured and guaranteed by fellow subsidiaries.

為數181,000,000港元(二零一七年: 259,000,000港元)按浮動利率發行之銀 行借款已予抵押,並由同系附屬公司作 擔保。

23 Bank borrowings (Continued)

Notes:

(a) The maturity of bank borrowings at the balance sheet date is as follows:

23 銀行借款(續)

附註:

(b)

(a) 於結算日銀行借款之到期日如下:

| | | 2018 二零一八年 HK\$'000 千港元 | 2017 二零一七年 HK\$'000 千港元 |
|----------------------------|---------|--|----------------------------------|
| Within one year | 一年內 | 122,510 | 88,931 |
| In the second year | 第二年 | 97,510 | 102,761 |
| In the third to fifth year | 第三年至第五年 | 183,224 | 197,157 |
| After the fifth year | 五年後 | 102,716 | 51,417 |
| | | 505,960 | 440,266 |

(b) The carrying amounts of the borrowings are denominated in the following currencies: 借款之賬面值按下列貨幣計值:

| | | | 2018 二零一八年 HK\$′000 千港元 | 2017 二零一七年 HK\$'000 千港元 |
|---------------------------------|---|-----|---|----------------------------------|
| Hong Kong dollars Renminbi | 港元 人民幣 | | 25,000 480,960 | - 440,266 |
| | | | 505,960 | 440,266 |
| | e rate bank borrowings at the balance The effective interest rate for fixed rate ate was 6.30% (2017: 6.30%). | (C) | 可變利率銀行借款於結算 4.67厘(二零一七年:4.90厘 借款於結算日之實際利率為 年:6.30厘)。 | 固定利率銀行 |
| | ertain property, plant and equipment, e receivables of the Group (Notes 13, 15 | (d) | 銀行借款乃以本集團若干 備、預付土地租賃款及應收 13、15及18)。 | |
| | acilities mainly for project development s at 31 December 2018 (2017: HK\$509 | (e) | 於二零一八年十二月三十- 提取借款融資額為299,00 一七年:509,000,000港元) 展。 | 0,000港元(二) |
| | borrowings as at 31 December 2018 nillion). The carrying amounts of the ate their fair values. | (f) | 於二零一八年十二月三十- 行借款之公平值為129,00 一七年:157,000,000港元) 賬面值與其公平值相若。 | 0,000港元(二 |
| | vings to interest rate changes and the γ (whichever is earlier) at the end of the | (g) | 於報告期末本集團借款面 險,合約重新定價日期或到 準)如下: | |
| | | | 2018 二零一八年 HK\$′000 千港元 | 2017 二零一七年 HK\$'000 千港元 |
| 6 months or less 6-12 months | 六個月或以下 六至十二個月 | | 297,108 90,519 | 157,836 129,546 |

387,627

287,382

| 24 | Amount due to a shareholder The amount due to a shareholder is unsecured, interest bearing at 3.5% per annum over one-month Hong Kong Interbank Offered Rate on outstanding amount and was repayable on demand. The balance is denominated in Hong Kong dollars. | 24 | 應付一名股東款項 應付一名股東款項為無抵押,以一個月 香港銀行同業拆息加3.5厘年利率計息(按 未償還款項),並須按要求償還。餘額以 港元計值。 | |
|----|--|----|--|----------------------------------|
| 25 | Deferred income tax liabilities The analysis of deferred income tax liabilities is as follows: | 25 | 遞延所得税負債 遞延所得税負債分析如下 2018 二零一八年 HK\$′000 千港元 | 2017 二零一七年 HK\$'000 千港元 |
| | Deferred tax liabilities: 遞延税項負債: – To be recovered after more than 12 months 一將於十二個月後 – To be recovered within 12 months 一將於十二個月內 | | 24,369 6,901 31,270 | 24,630 8,142 32,772 |

25 Deferred income tax liabilities (Continued)

The movements in deferred income tax liabilities during the year are as follows:

25 遞延所得税負債(續)

本年度內,遞延所得税負債之變動如下:

| | | Fair value adjustment arising from business | Withholding | |
|---|--------------------------------------|--|-------------------------------|------------------------------|
| | | combinations 源自業務合併之 | tax | Total |
| | | 公平值調整 HK\$′000 千港元 | 預扣税 HK\$'000 千港元 | 總計 HK\$'000 千港元 |
| At 1 January 2017 Currency translation differences Credited to the profit or loss | 於二零一七年一月一日 匯兑換算差額 在損益表計入(附註10) | (1,232) (42) | (30,286) (2,131) | (31,518) (2,173) |
| (Note 10) | | 305 | 614 | 919 |
| At 31 December 2017 | 於二零一七年十二月三十一日 | (969) | (31,803) | (32,772) |
| At 1 January 2018 Currency translation differences Credited/(charged) to | 於二零一八年一月一日 匯兑換算差額 在損益表計入/(支銷) | (969) 8 | (31,803) 1,254 | (32,772) 1,262 |
| the profit or loss (Note 10) | (附註10) | 315 | (75) | 240 |
| At 31 December 2018 | 於二零一八年十二月三十一日 | (646) | (30,624) | (31,270) |

The Group did not recognise deferred income tax assets of HK\$19.2 million (2017: HK\$21.6 million) in respect of losses amounting to HK\$78.7 million (2017: HK\$89.2 million) that can be carried forward against future taxable income. These tax losses have no expiry dates except tax losses of HK\$76.0 million (2017: HK\$86.4 million) which will expire at various dates up to 2023 (2017: 2022).

本集團並無就虧損78,700,000港元(二 零一七年:89,200,000港元)確認遞延 所得税資產19,200,000港元(二零一七 年:21,600,000港元)用以結轉抵銷日 後應課税收入。該等税項虧損並無應用 限期,惟76,000,000港元(二零一七年: 86,400,000港元)之税項虧損則將於截至 二零二三年(二零一七年:二零二二年) 止之不同日期屆滿。

26 Trade and other payables

26 應付賬款及其他應付款

| | | 2018 二零一八年 HK\$′000 千港元 | 2017 二零一七年 HK\$'000 千港元 |
|--|-----------------------|--|----------------------------------|
| Trade payables Payables for acquisition and construction of | 應付賬款 有關購置及建設物業、機器及 | 513 | 552 |
| property, plant and equipment | 設備之應付款 | 48,355 | 30,232 |
| Other payables and accruals | 其他應付款及應計費用 | 14,339 | 16,174 |
| | | 63,207 | 46,958 |

The ageing analysis of trade payables by invoice date at year end was as follows:

於年末,按發票日期劃分之應付賬款賬 齡分析如下:

| | | 2018 二零一八年 HK\$′000 千港元 | 2017 二零一七年 HK \$ '000 千港元 |
|---|-------------------|--|---|
| Less than 12 months 12 months and more | 少於十二個月 十二個月及以上 | 441 72 | 53 499 |
| | | 513 | 552 |

The carrying amounts of the Group's trade and other payables are denominated in the following currencies:

本集團之應付賬款及其他應付款之賬面 值按以下貨幣列值:

| | | 2018 二零一八年 HK\$′000 千港元 | 2017 二零一七年 HK\$'000 千港元 |
|--|-------------------|--|----------------------------------|
| Hong Kong dollars Renminbi Singapore dollars | 港元 人民幣 新加坡元 | 2,397 60,787 23 | 2,427 44,485 46 |
| | | 63,207 | 46,958 |

| 27 Commitments | |
|----------------|--|
|----------------|--|

27 承擔

| (a) | Capital commitments Capital expenditure at the balance shee incurred was as follows: | et date but not yet | (a) | [■] 資本承擔 於結算日已承擔但尚未產生之資本 開支如下: | |
|-----|--|--------------------------|-----|---|----------------------------------|
| | | | | 2018 二零一八年 HK\$′000 千港元 | 2017 二零一七年 HK\$'000 千港元 |
| | Contracted but not provided for capital expenditure in respect of renewable energy projects | 已訂約但未就有關可再生 項目之資本開支撥備 | 能源 | 283,431 | 503,166 |
| | | | | · · · | · · · |
| (b) | Commitments under operating leases(b)The aggregate future minimum lease payments under non- cancellable operating leases in respect of land and buildings were as follows: | | (b) | 在經營租賃項下之承擔 根據有關土地及樓宇之不可撤銷經 營租賃在未來應付之最低租金總額 如下: | |
| | | | | 2018 二零一八年 HK\$′000 千港元 | 2017 二零一七年 HK\$'000 千港元 |
| | No later than 1 year | 一年內 | | 1,218 | 429 |
| | Later than 1 year and | 一年後但五年內 | | | |
| | no later than 5 years Later than 5 years | 五年後 | | 1,432 5,902 | 250 |
| | | | | 8,552 | 679 |

28 Related party transactions

The Group entered into transactions with the following related parties for the years ended 31 December 2018 and 2017, in addition to those disclosed elsewhere in the consolidated financial statements.

- (a) Administrative services fee, which includes the office overhead, and reimbursement of cost of internal audit, legal and information technology department of HK\$1.1 million (2017: HK\$1.1 million) was paid to the HKC. The fee was charged based on the terms mutually agreed.
- (b) Office rental of HK\$0.6 million (2017: HK\$0.6 million) was paid to the HKC. Besides, rooftop rental of HK\$0.4 million (2017: Nil) was paid to the Huzhou Nanxun International Building Market Center Company Limited, which is a subsidiary under HKC. The fee was charged based on the terms mutually agreed.
- (c) During the year, interest expenses on amount due to a shareholder amounted to HK\$9.9 million (2017: HK\$6.2 million) with an outstanding interest expense payables of HK\$2.5 million as at 31 December 2018 (2017: HK\$6.2 million).

On 23 January 2017, the Company entered into a loan facility agreement with Creator Holdings Limited (a company indirectly wholly-owned by Mr. OEI Kang, Eric), under which the Company might borrow up to HK\$300 million until 31 December 2018. The terms of the loan are set out in Note 24 to the consolidated financial statements.

The above related party transactions are continuing connected transactions exempt from the reporting, annual review, announcement and independent shareholders' approval requirements pursuant to Rule 14A.33 of the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities (the "Listing Rules") on the Stock Exchange.

28 關聯方交易 截至二零一八年及二零一七年十二月 三十一日止年度,除綜合財務報表其他 章節所披露外,本集團曾與下列關聯方 訂立之交易。

- (a) 向香港建設支付行政服務費用, 包括辦公室經常開支,以及償付 內部審計、法律及資訊科技部門 成本1,100,000港元(二零一七年: 1,100,000港元)。其費用是根據雙 方共同議定之條款而收取。
- (b) 向香港建設支付辦公室租金600,000 港元(二零一七年:600,000港元)。 此外,向香港建設旗下附屬公司湖 州南潯國際建材城有限公司支付屋 頂租金400,000港元(二零一七年: 零)。其費用是根據雙方共同議定 之條款而收取。
- (c) 於本年度,就應付一名股東款項利息開支為9,900,000港元(二零一七年:6,200,000港元)。其中於二零一八年十二月三十一日應付之利息開支為2,500,000港元(二零一七年:6,200,000港元)。

於二零一七年一月二十三日,本 公司與創達集團有限公司(該公司 由黃剛先生間接全資擁有)訂立貸 款融資協議,直至二零一八年十二 月三十一日,本公司可借入最多 300,000,000港元。貸款之條款載 於綜合財務報表附註24。

上述關聯方交易根據聯交所證券上市規則(「上市規則」)第14A.33條為可獲豁免 遵守有關申報、年度審核、公佈及獨立 股東批准規定之持續關連交易。

| 28 | Rel (d) | elated party transactions (Continued)) Key management compensation Key management solely represents directors of the Company. The compensation paid or payable to key management is shown as below: | | | 關 略 (d) | 冷方交易(續) 主要管理人員之報酬 主要管理人員僅指本公司董事。已 付或應付主要管理人員之報酬載列 如下: | |
|----|---|---|------------------------------|-------------------------------|---|---|---|
| | | | | | | 2018 二零一八年 HK\$'000 千港元 | 2017 二零一七年 HK \$ '000 千港元 |
| | | Directors' fees Salaries and other benefits Pension cost – defined contribution | 董事袍金 薪金及其他福利 退休金成本-定額(| 共款計劃 | | 765 2,702 | 765 2,619 |
| | | scheme | | | | 54 | 54 |
| | | | | | | 3,521 | 3,438 |
| | (e) | As at 31 December 2018, the Group provided guarantee to a counter party in respect of a credit facility granted to an associate of HK\$82.0 million (2017: HK\$100.8 million). | | (e) | 於二零一八年十二月三十一日,本 集團就一間聯營公司獲授之信貸融 資向對應方提供擔保82,000,000港 元(二零一七年:100,800,000港 元)。 | | |
| | (f) | During the year ended 31 December 2018, an aggregate of 120 million new shares were issued to HKC upon the exercise of warrants, at the subscription price of HK\$0.23 with the total gross proceeds of HK\$27.6 million. (f) 截至二零一八年十二 止年度,香港建設 0.23港元行使認股權 120,000,000股新股付 為27,600,000港元。 | | と按認購價每股 灌證,合共兑換 &份,款項總額 | | | |
| | The transactions did not constitute a connected transaction as defined in Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules. | | | | 交易並不構成上市規 關連交易。 | 则第14A章所界 | |

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 综合財務報表附註

29 Notes to consolidated cash flow statement

(a) Reconciliation of profit before income tax to cash generated from operations

29 綜合現金流量表附註

(a) 所得税前溢利與經營所得現金 之對賬

| | | 2018 二零一八年 HK\$′000 千港元 | 2017 二零一七年 HK\$'000 千港元 |
|---|--------------|--|----------------------------------|
| Profit before income tax | 所得税前溢利 | 72,266 | 70,314 |
| Finance costs | 融資成本 | 28,693 | 32,487 |
| Finance income | 財務收入 | (3,183) | (2,545) |
| Depreciation and amortisation | 折舊及攤銷 | 76,740 | 71,577 |
| Gain on disposal of property, | 出售物業、機器及設備 | | |
| plant and equipment | 所得收益 | - | (43) |
| Share of profits less losses of | 應佔聯營公司溢利減虧損 | | |
| associates | | (69,007) | (67,580) |
| Operating profit before working capital | 營運資金變動前之經營溢利 | | |
| changes | | 105,509 | 104,210 |
| Decrease/(increase) in inventories | 存貨減少/(增加) | 1,863 | (2,589) |
| (Increase)/decrease in trade and other | 應收賬款及其他應收款 | | |
| receivables | (增加)/減少 | (71,634) | 62,828 |
| Increase/(decrease) in trade and other | 應付賬款及其他應付款 | | |
| payables | 增加/(減少) | 21,258 | (2,200) |
| Cash generated from operations | 經營所得現金 | 56,996 | 162,249 |

NOTESTOTHE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 綜合財務報表附註

29 Notes to consolidated cash flow statement

(Continued)

- (b) Reconciliation of liabilities arising from financing (b) 融資活動產生的負債對賬 activities
- 29 綜合現金流量表附註(續)

| | | | from financing ac 融資活動所得負債 Amount | tivities |
|--|-------------------------|-------------------------|---|----------------|
| | | Bank | due to a | |
| | | borrowings | shareholder 應付一名 | Total |
| | | 銀行貸款 HK\$'000 | 股東款項 HK\$′000 | 總計 HK\$'000 |
| | | 千港元 | 千港元 | 千港元 |
| As at 1 January 2018 Cash (inflows)/outflows – principal, net | 於二零一八年一月一日 現金(流入)/流出 | (440,266) | (226,169) | (666,435) |
| | 一本金,淨額 | (95,961) | 25,000 | (70,961) |
| Cash outflows – interest payment | 現金流出-利息付款 | - | 13,528 | 13,528 |
| Capitalisation and amortisation of | 銀行信貸費用的資本化 | | | |
| upfront fee for bank facility fee, net | 和攤銷,淨額 | 6,704 | - | 6,704 |
| Foreign exchange adjustments | 匯率變動調整 | 23,563 | - | 23,563 |
| Accrued interest expenses | 利息支出計提 | - | (9,870) | (9,870) |
| As at 31 December 2018 | 於二零一八年 | | | |
| | 十二月三十一日 | (505,960) | (197,511) | (703,471) |
| As at 1 January 2017 Cash outflows/(inflows) | 於二零一七年一月一日 現金流出/(流入) | (465,432) | _ | (465,432) |
| – principal, net | 一本金,淨額 | 60,798 | (220,000) | (159,202) |
| Capitalisation and amortisation of upfront fee for bank facility fee, net | 銀行信貸費用的資本化 和攤銷,淨額 | 730 | _ | 730 |
| Foreign exchange adjustments | 匯率變動調整 | (36,362) | _ | (36,362) |
| Accrued interest expenses | 利息支出計提 | - | (6,169) | (6,169) |
| As at 31 December 2017 | 於二零一七年 | | | |
| | 十二月三十一日 | (440,266) | (226,169) | (666,435) |

NOTESTOTHE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 綜合財務報表附註

30 Financial instruments by category 30 按類別劃分之金融工具

| | | Financial assets at amortised cost 按攤銷成本計量之 金融資產 HK\$'000 千港元 |
|---|---|--|
| Assets as per consolidated balance sheet 31 December 2017 Trade and other receivables (Note 18) Cash and cash equivalents (Note 20) | 按綜合資產負債表所示資產 二零一七年十二月三十一日 應收賬款及其他應收款(附註18) 現金及現金等價物(附註20) | 129,140 300,060 |
| Total | 總計 | 429,200 |
| 31 December 2018 Trade and other receivables (Note 18) Restricted cash (Note 20) Short-term bank deposits (Note 19) Cash and cash equivalents (Note 20) | 二零一八年十二月三十一日 應收賬款及其他應收款(附註18) 受限制現金(附註20) 短期銀行存款(附註19) 現金及現金等價物(附註20) | 248,081 2,391 43,656 161,585 |
| Total | 總計 | 455,713 |
| | | |
| | | Financial liabilities at amortised cost 按攤銷成本計量之 金融負債 HK\$'000 千港元 |
| Liabilities as per consolidated balance sheet 31 December 2017 Bank borrowings (Note 23) Trade and other payables (Note 26) Amount due to a shareholder (Note 24) | 按綜合資產負債表所示負債 二零一七年十二月三十一日 銀行借款(附註23) 應付賬款及其他應付款(附註26) 應付一名股東款項(附註24) | at amortised cost 按攤銷成本計量之 金融負債 HK\$'000 |
| 31 December 2017 Bank borrowings (Note 23) Trade and other payables (Note 26) | 二零一七年十二月三十一日 銀行借款(附註23) 應付賬款及其他應付款(附註26) | at amortised cost 按攤銷成本計量之 金融負債 HK\$'000 千港元 440,266 46,958 |
| 31 December 2017 Bank borrowings (Note 23) Trade and other payables (Note 26) Amount due to a shareholder (Note 24) | 二零一七年十二月三十一日 銀行借款(附註23) 應付賬款及其他應付款(附註26) 應付一名股東款項(附註24) | at amortised cost 按攤銷成本計量之 金融負債 HK\$'000 干港元 440,266 46,958 226,169 |

NOTESTOTHE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 综合財務報表附註

31 Balance sheet and reserve movement of the Company

31 本公司資產負債表及儲備變動

本公司資產負債表

Balance sheet of the Company

| | | Note 附註 | 2018 二零一八年 HK\$′000 千港元 | 2017 二零一七年 HK\$'000 千港元 |
|---|--|------------|--|----------------------------------|
| ASSETS Non-current asset Interests in subsidiaries | 資產 非流動資產 於附屬公司之權益 | | 10,915 | 11,499 |
| Current assets Other receivables Amounts due from subsidiaries Cash and cash equivalents | 流動資產 其他應收款 應收附屬公司款項 現金及現金等價物 | | 395 1,430,569 116,262 | 307 1,407,580 169,121 |
| Total current assets | 流動資產總額 | | 1,547,226 | 1,577,008 |
| Total assets | 資產總額 | | 1,558,141 | 1,588,507 |
| EQUITY Capital and reserves attributable to equity holders of the Company Share capital | 權益 本公司權益持有人 應佔資本及儲備 股本 | | 25,062 | 23,647 |
| Reserves | 儲備 | а | 1,063,927 | 1,089,919 |
| Total equity | 權益總額 | | 1,088,989 | 1,113,566 |
| LIABILITIES Current liabilities Amounts due to subsidiaries Amount due to a shareholder Other payables Bank borrowings | 負債 流動負債 應付附屬公司款項 應付一名股東款項 其他應付款 銀行借款 | | 245,200 197,511 1,441 25,000 | 247,442 226,169 1,330 – |
| Total current liabilities | 流動負債總額 | | 469,152 | 474,941 |
| Total equity and liabilities | 權益及負債總額 | | 1,558,141 | 1,588,507 |

OEI Kang, Eric 黃剛 Director 董事 **LEUNG Wing Sum, Samuel** 梁榮森 *Director* 董事

NOTESTOTHE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 综合財務報表附註

31 Balance sheet and reserve movement of the Company (Continued)

31 本公司資產負債表及儲備變動(續)

Note (a) Reserves movement of the Company

附註(a)本公司儲備變動

| | | | | Other | | |
|----------------------------------|---------------|----------|----------|----------|----------|-----------|
| | | Share | Exchange | reserve | Retained | |
| | | premium | reserve | (Note) | earnings | Total |
| | | | | 其他儲備 | | |
| | | 股份溢價 | 匯兑儲備 | (附註) | 保留盈利 | 緫額 |
| | | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 |
| | | 千港元 | 千港元 | 千港元 | 千港元 | 千港元 |
| Balance at 1 January 2017 | 於二零一七年一月一日之 | | | | | |
| , | 結餘 | 892,905 | (48,022) | 98,709 | 151,491 | 1,095,083 |
| Currency translation differences | 匯兑換算差額 | - | 91,563 | _ | _ | 91,563 |
| Dividend paid | 已付股息 | _ | - | _ | (7,094) | (7,094 |
| Exercise of warrants | 行使認股權證 | 1,831 | _ | _ | _ | 1,831 |
| Profit for the year | 本年度溢利 | - | - | - | (91,464) | (91,464 |
| Balance at 31 December 2017 | 於二零一七年十二月三十一日 | | | | | |
| | 之結餘 | 894,736 | 43,541 | 98,709 | 52,933 | 1,089,919 |
| Balance at 1 January 2018 | 於二零一八年一月一日之結餘 | 894,736 | 43,541 | 98,709 | 52,933 | 1,089,919 |
| Currency translation differences | 匯兑換算差額 | - | (59,052) | - | - | (59,052 |
| Dividend paid | 已付股息 | _ | - | - | (20,049) | (20,049 |
| Exercise of warrants | 行使認股權證 | 31,120 | - | - | - | 31,120 |
| Profit for the year | 本年度溢利 | - | - | - | 21,989 | 21,989 |
| Balance at 31 December 2018 | 於二零一八年十二月三十一日 | | | | | |
| | 之結餘 | 925,856 | (15,511) | 98,709 | 54,873 | 1,063,927 |

Note: The other reserve of the Company related to an acquisition prior to 1 January 2001 and continues to be held in reserves.

附註:本公司之其他儲備與二零零一年一月一日前 之一項收購事項有關,並繼續留在儲備中。

NOTESTOTHE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 综合財務報表附註

32 Benefits and interests of directors and chief executive officer

32 董事及行政總裁之福利及權益

The remuneration of every director and the chief executive office is set out below:

For the year ended 31 December 2018

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截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度
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各董事及行政總裁的薪酬如下:

| | | | | | Employer's contribution to a retirement | |
|------------------------|-----|----------|-----------------------|----------------------|---|----------|
| | | | | Discretionary | benefit | |
| Name of Director | | Fees | Salaries [#] | bonuses [#] | scheme # 退休金計劃之 | Total |
| 董事姓名 | | 袍金 | 薪金# | 酌情花紅# | 僱主供款# | 總計 |
| | | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 |
| | | 千港元 | 千港元 | 千港元 | 千港元 | 千港元 |
| OEI Kang, Eric* | 黃剛* | 75 | 1,139 | 133 | 18 | 1,365 |
| LEUNG Wing Sum, Samuel | 梁榮森 | 75 | 647 | 76 | 18 | 816 |
| WONG Jake Leong, Sammy | 黃植良 | 75 | 633 | 74 | 18 | 800 |
| YU Hon To, David | 俞漢度 | 180 | - | - | - | 180 |
| TIAN Yuchuan | 田玉川 | 180 | - | - | - | 180 |
| ZHANG Songyi | 張頌義 | 180 | - | - | - | 180 |
| | | 765 | 2,419 | 283 | 54 | 3,521 |

NOTESTOTHE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 综合財務報表附註

32 Benefits and interests of directors and chief

executive officer (Continued)

32 董事及行政總裁之福利及權益(續)

截至二零一七年十二月三十一日止年度

Easthe week control 21 Descent and 20

For the year ended 31 December 2017

Employer's contribution to a retirement Discretionary benefit Name of Director Fees Salaries# bonuses# scheme# Total 退休金計劃之 僱主供款# 董事姓名 袍金 薪金# 酌情花紅# 總計 HK\$'000 HK\$'000 HK\$'000 HK\$'000 HK\$'000 千港元 千港元 千港元 千港元 千港元 OEI Kang, Eric* 黃剛* 94 75 1,128 18 1,315 LEUNG Wing Sum, Samuel 梁榮森 75 633 85 18 811 WONG Jake Leong, Sammy 黃植良 75 627 52 772 18 YU Hon To. David 俞漢度 180 _ _ _ 180 **TIAN Yuchuan** 田玉川 180 180 _ _ _ ZHANG Songyi 張頌義 180 180 _ _ _ 2 388 765 231 54 3 4 3 8

* Mr. OEI Kang, Eric is the chief executive officer of the Group

The amounts represented emoluments in respect of services provided in connection with the management of the affairs of the Company or its subsidiaries undertaking.

During the year, no housing allowance, other benefits and remunerations in respect of accepting office as director were paid to or receivable by the directors in respect of their services as directors (2017: same). During the year, no emoluments were paid or receivable by the directors in respect of director's other services in connection with the management of the affairs of the Company or its subsidiary undertaking (2017: same). 黃剛先生為本集團之行政總裁

*

其金額代表在與管理本公司或其附屬公司的 事務有關連情況下提供服務的薪酬。

本年度內,概無董事就擔任董事職務獲 支付或應收住房津貼、其他福利及酬金 (二零一七年:情況相同)。本年度內, 概無董事就其管理本公司或其附屬公司 事務而提供之其他服務獲支付或應收酬 金(二零一七年:情況相同)。

NOTESTOTHE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 综合財務報表附註

32 Benefits and interests of directors and chief executive officer (*Continued*)

(A) Directors' retirement benefits

During the year, no retirement benefits were paid to or receivable by the directors in respect of their services as directors of the Company and its subsidiaries or other services in connection with the management of the affairs of the Company or its subsidiary undertaking (2017: same).

(B) Directors' termination benefits

During the year, no payments or benefits in respect of termination of directors' services were paid or made, directly or indirectly, to the directors; nor are any payable (2017: Nil).

(C) Consideration provided to third parties for making available directors' services

During the year, no consideration was provided to or receivable by third parties for making available directors' services (2017: Nil).

(D) Information about loans, quasi-loans and other dealings in favour of directors, controlled bodies corporate by and connected entities with such directors

During the year, there are no loans, quasi-loans or other dealings in favour of the directors, their controlled bodies corporate and connected entities (2017: Nil).

(E) Directors' material interests in transactions, arrangements or contracts

Save as disclosed in Note 23 "Bank borrowings" and Note 28 "Related party transactions" to the consolidated financial statements, the transactions with HKC and its subsidiaries and in which Mr. OEI Kang, Eric was interested, no significant transactions, arrangements and contracts in relation to the Group's business to which the Company was a party and in which a director of the Company had a material interest, whether directly or indirectly, subsisted at the end of the year or at any time during the year. 32 董事及行政總裁之福利及權益(續)

(A) 董事退休福利

本年度內,概無董事就擔任本公司 及其附屬公司董事或就管理本公司 或其附屬公司事務而提供之其他 服務獲支付或應收退休福利(二零 一七年:情況相同)。

(B) 董事離職福利

本年度內,概無就終止董事服務而 直接或間接向董事支付或作出任何 付款或福利;亦無任何應付款項 (二零一七年:無)。

- (C) 就獲取董事服務而向第三方支 付之代價 本年度內,概無就獲取董事服務而 已付第三方或第三方應收之代價 (二零一七年:無)。
- (D) 有關以董事、董事之受控制法 團及關連實體為受益人之貸 款、準貸款及其他交易之資料

本年度內,概無以董事、董事之受 控制法團及關連實體為受益人之貸 款、準貸款或其他交易(二零一七 年:無)。

(E) 董事於交易、安排或合約中之 重大權益

除綜合財務報表附註23「銀行借款」 及附註28「關聯方交易」所披露者, 與香港建設及其附屬公司以及黃剛 先生於其中擁有權益之交易外,本 公司並無就本集團業務本公司董事 於其中直接或間接擁有重大權益, 而於本年度結束時或於本年度內任 何時間存續的重大交易、安排及合 約。

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 综合財務報表附註

33 Principal subsidiaries and associates

Listed below are the subsidiaries and associates which, in the opinion of the directors, principally affect the result and/or net assets of the Group.

33 主要附屬公司及聯營公司

下表載列董事認為對本集團業績及/或 資產淨值構成主要影響之附屬公司及聯 營公司。

| Name 名稱 | Place of incorporation/ operation and kind of legal entity Principal activities 註冊成立/經營地點及 法律實體類型 主要業務 | | Issued share capital/ Paid up registered capital 已發行股本/ 實繳註冊資本 | Percentage of equity/ Paid up registered capital held 所持權益/ | |
|---|---|-------------------------------|---|--|------|
| Subsidiaries 附屬公司 | | | | | |
| China Renewable Energy (Nanxun) Limited 中國再生能源(南潯)有限公司 | Hong Kong/PRC 香港/中國 | Investment holding 投資控股 | HK \$ 1 1港元 | 100% | 100% |
| China Renewable Energy (Services) Limited | Hong Kong | Human resources management | HK\$1 | 100% | 100% |
| 中國再生能源(管理)有限公司 | 香港 | 人力資源管理 | 1港元 | | |
| China Renewable Energy (Songxian) Limited* | Hong Kong/PRC | Investment holding | HK\$1 | 100% | 100% |
| 中國再生能源(嵩縣)有限公司+ | 香港/中國 | 投資控股 | 1港元 | | |
| HKC (Linyi) Holdings Limited⁺ 香港建設(臨沂)控股有限公司⁺ | Hong Kong/PRC 香港/中國 | Investment holding 投資控股 | HK \$1 1港元 | 100% | 100% |
| HKE (Da He) Holdings Limited* 香港新能源(大河)控股有限公司+ | Hong Kong/PRC 香港/中國 | Investment holding 投資控股 | HK \$ 1 1港元 | 100% | 100% |
| HKE (Danjinghe) Wind Power Limited+ 香港新能源(單晶河)風能有限公司+ | Hong Kong/PRC 香港/中國 | Investment holding 投資控股 | HK \$ 4 4港元 | 100% | 100% |
| HKE (Gansu) Wind Power Limited⁺ 香港新能源(甘肅)風能有限公司⁺ | Hong Kong/PRC 香港/中國 | Investment holding 投資控股 | HK \$ 1 1港元 | 100% | 100% |
| Hong Kong New Energy (Si Zi Wang Qi) Wind Power Limited* | Hong Kong/PRC | Investment holding | HK\$2 | 100% | 100% |
| 香港新能源(四子王旗)風能有限公司+ | 香港/中國 | 投資控股 | 2港元 | | |

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 综合財務報表附註

33 Principal subsidiaries and associates (Continued) **33** 主要附屬公司及聯營公司(續)

| Name 名稱 | Place ofincorporation/ operation andkind of legal entityPrincipal activities註冊成立/經營地點及法律實體類型主要業務 | | Issued share capital/ Paid up registered capital 已發行股本/ 實繳註冊資本 | Percentage of equity/ Paid up registered capital held 所持權益/ 實繳註冊資本百分比 2018 2017 二零一八年 二零一七年 | |
|---|---|---|---|---|------|
| Subsidiaries 附屬公司 | | | | | |
| Hong Kong New Energy (Si Zi Wang Qi II) Wind Power Limited+ | Hong Kong/PRC | Investment holding | HK\$1,000 | 100% | 100% |
| 香港新能源(四子王旗二期)風能有限公司+ | 香港/中國 | 投資控股 | 1,000港元 | | |
| Sinoriver International (Wind Power) Limited* | Hong Kong/PRC | Investment holding | HK\$20 | 100% | 100% |
| 中川國際(風電)有限公司· | 香港/中國 | 投資控股 | 20港元 | | |
| HKE (BVI) Limited* 香港新能源(BVI)有限公司+ | British Virgin Islands 英屬處女群島 | Investment holding 投資控股 | US \$ 1 1美元 | 100% | 100% |
| HKE (Wind Power) Holdings Limited 香港新能源(風電)控股有限公司 | British Virgin Islands 英屬處女群島 | Investment holding 投資控股 | US\$1 1美元 | 100% | 100% |
| HKE Danjinghe (BVI) Wind Power Limited⁺ 香港新能源單晶河(BVI)風能有限公司⁺ | British Virgin Islands 英屬處女群島 | Investment holding 投資控股 | US\$1,000 1,000美元 | 100% | 100% |
| Sinoriver International Limited* | British Virgin Islands/ PRC | Investment holding | US\$1 | 100% | 100% |
| 中川國際有限公司+ | ₩₩₩₩₩₩₩₩₩₩₩₩₩₩₩₩₩₩₩₩₩₩₩₩₩₩₩₩₩₩₩₩₩₩₩₩ | 投資控股 | 1美元 | | |
| APC Wind Power Pte Limited* | Singapore 新加坡 | Investment holding 投資控股 | SGD10 10新加坡元 | 100% | 100% |
| Asia Wind Power (Mudanjiang) Company Ltd.+ 亞洲風力發電(牡丹江)有限公司+ | PRC/ Sino-foreign equity joint venture 中國/中外合資企業 | Wind power project in Heilongjiang, the PRC 於中國黑龍江之風力發 電項目 | HK\$100,000,000 100,000,000港元 | 86% | 86% |

NOTESTOTHE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 综合財務報表附註

33 Principal subsidiaries and associates (Continued) **33** 主要附屬公司及聯營公司(續)

| Name 名稱 | Place of incorporation/ operation and kind of legal entity Principal activities 註冊成立/經營地點及 法律實體類型 主要業務 | | Issued share capital/ Paid up registered capital 已發行股本/ 實繳註冊資本 | Percentage Paid up re capital 所持權 實繳註冊資 2018 二零一八年 | gistered held 益/ |
|---|---|--|---|--|------------------------|
| Subsidiaries 附屬公司 | | | | | |
| Hong Kong Wind Power (Muling) Co. Ltd.+ | PRC/ Sino-foreign equity joint venture | Wind power project in Heilongjiang, the PRC | HK\$150,100,000 | 86.68% | 86.68% |
| 香港風力發電(穆棱)有限公司⁺ | 中國/中外合資企業 | 於中國黑龍江之風力發 電項目 | , 150,100,000港元 | | |
| 港建新能源四子王旗風能有限公司+ | PRC wholly foreign- owned enterprise | Wind power project in Siziwang Qi, Inner Mongolia, the PRC | RMB166,480,000 | 100% | 100% |
| | 中國外商獨資企業 | 0 | 人民幣166,480,000元 | | |
| 港能新能源四子王旗風能有限公司+ | PRC wholly foreign- owned enterprise | Wind power project in Siziwang Qi, Inner Mongolia, the PRC | RMB172,526,500 | 100% | 100% |
| | 中國外商獨資企業 | • | 人民幣172,526,500元 | | |
| Songxian HKE Wind Power Limited+ | PRC wholly foreign- owned enterprise | Wind power project in Songxian, Henan, the PRC | RMB174,000,000 | 100% | 100% |
| 嵩縣港能風電有限公司⁺ | 中國外商獨資企業 | 於中國河南嵩縣之風力 發電項目 | 人民幣174,000,000元 | | |
| Huzhou HKE Energy Limited⁺ | PRC wholly foreign- owned enterprise | Distributed solar project in Nanxun, Zhejiang, the PRC | RMB15,000,000 | 100% | 100% |
| 湖州港能新能源有限公司+ | 中國外商獨資企業 | 於中國浙江南潯之分佈 式太陽能項目 | 人民幣15,000,000元 | | |

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 综合財務報表附註

33 Principal subsidiaries and associates (Continued) **33** 主要附屬公司及聯營公司(續)

| Name 名稱 | Place of incorporation/ operation and kind of legal entity | | Issued share capital/ Paid up registered capital 已發行股本/ 實繳註冊資本 | Percentage of equity/ Paid up registered capital held 所持權益/ 實繳註冊資本百分比 2018 2017 二零一八年 二零一十年 | |
|---|---|---|---|---|-----|
| Associates 聯營公司 | | | | | |
| 「「「「「」」 「「」 「」 「」 「」 「」 「」 「」 「」 「」 「」 「 | | | | | |
| CECIC HKC (Gansu) Wind Power Company Limited ^{+#} | PRC/ Sino-foreign equity joint venture | Wind power project in Changma, Gansu, the PRC | RMB589,620,000 | 40% | 40% |
| 中節能港建(甘肅)風力發電有限公司+# | 中國/中外合資企業 | 於中國甘肅昌馬之風力 發電項目 | 人民幣589,620,000元 | | |
| CECIC HKC Wind Power Company Limited ^{+#} | PRC/ Sino-foreign equity joint venture | Wind power project in Danjinghe, Hebei, the PRC | RMB545,640,000 | 40% | 40% |
| 中節能港建風力發電(張北)有限公司+# | 中國/中外合資企業 | 於中國河北單晶河之風 力發電項目 | 人民幣545,640,000元 | | |
| CECIC HKE Wind Power Company Limited ^{+#} | PRC/ Sino-foreign equity joint venture | Wind power project in Lunaobao, Hebei, the PRC | RMB323,260,000 | 30% | 30% |
| 中節能港能風力發電(張北)有限公司+# | 中國/中外合資企業 | 於中國河北綠腦包之風 力發電項目 | 人民幣323,260,000元 | | |

 **
 Interest held by subsidiaries
 *
 權益由附屬公司持有

 **
 Unofficial English transliterations or translations for identification purpose only.
 *
 非正式英文字譯或翻譯,僅供識別。

FIVE-YEAR FINANCIAL SUMMARY 五年財務概要

| | | 2018 二零一八年 HK\$′000 千港元 | 2017 二零一七年 HK\$'000 千港元 | 2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000 千港元 | 2015 二零一五年 HK\$'000 千港元 | 2014 二零一四年 HK\$'000 千港元 |
|---|-------------------------------------|--|----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| Consolidated statement of comprehensive income | 綜合全面損益報表 | | | | | |
| Revenue | 收益 | 149,496 | 131,343 | 130,998 | 132,919 | 97,334 |
| Profit before income tax | 所得税前溢利 | 72,266 | 70,314 | 64,980 | 45,021 | 14,883 |
| Income tax expense | 所得税支出 | (9,313) | (9,364) | (6,834) | (5,669) | (1,922) |
| | | 62,953 | 60,950 | 58,146 | 39,352 | 12,961 |
| Profit for the year | 本年度溢利 | 62.953 | 60,950 | 58,146 | 39,352 | 12,961 |
| Non-controlling interests | 非控股權益 | (699) | (620) | 2,952 | 1,102 | 1,501 |
| Profit attributable to equity holders of | 本公司權益持有人 應佔溢利 | | | | | |
| the Company | | 62,254 | 60,330 | 61,098 | 40,454 | 14,462 |
| Consolidated balance sheet Net current assets Non-current assets Non-current liabilities | 綜合資產負債表 流動資產淨值 非流動資產 非流動負債 | 35,924 2,106,065 (414,720) | 64,685 2,062,779 (384,107) | 147,590 1,830,617 (414,536) | 106,346 2,005,566 (504,946) | 194,337 2,188,493 (623,970) |
| Net assets including non- controlling interests | 資產淨值包括 非控股權益 | 1,727,269 | 1,743,357 | 1,563,671 | 1,606,966 | 1,758,860 |

FIVE-YEAR FINANCIAL SUMMARY 五年財務概要

| | | 2018 二零一八年 HK\$′000 千港元 | 2017 二零一七年 HK\$'000 千港元 | 2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000 千港元 | 2015 二零一五年 HK\$'000 千港元 | 2014 二零一四年 HK\$'000 千港元 |
|--|---------------------|--|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| Share capital Reserves Non-controlling interests | 股本 儲備 非控股權益 | 25,062 1,703,504 (1,297) | 23,647 1,721,779 (2,069) | 23,564 1,542,629 (2,522) | 23,564 1,583,123 279 | 26,564 1,730,951 1,345 |
| Total equity | 權益總額 | 1,727,269 | 1,743,357 | 1,563,671 | 1,606,966 | 1,758,860 |
| Earnings per share – basic (HK cents) | 每股盈利 一基本(港仙) | 2.54 | 2.56 | 2.59 | 1.72 | 0.61 |
| Dividend per share – attributable to the year (HK cents) | 每股股息 一本年度應佔(港仙) | 0.4 | 0.3 | 0.4 | Nil無 | Nil無 |
| Return on total equity (Note) | 權益總額回報率(<i>附註)</i> | 3.64% | 3.50% | 3.72% | 2.45% | 0.74% |

Note:

附註:

Return on total equity represents the current year's profit/loss for the year expressed as a percentage of the closing total equity for the year concerned.

權益總額回報率為本年度溢利/虧損相對有關本年度年終權 益總額之百分比。

China Renewable Energy Investment Limited 中國再生能源投資有限公司

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