ANNUAL REPORT 2018 二零一八年年報



(Stock Code 股份代號:373)

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董事會

狄亞法

主席兼非執行董事

李成輝

行政總裁兼執行董事

勞景祐

執行董事

麥伯雄

執行董事

李淑慧

非執行董事

白禮德

獨立非執行董事

Alan Stephen Jones

獨立非執行董事

楊麗琛

獨立非執行董事

執行委員會

審核委員會

Alan Stephen Jones *主席* 狄亞法 白禮德 楊麗琛

薪酬委員會

白禮德 *主席* 狄亞法 Alan Stephen Jones 楊麗琛

提名委員會

狄亞法 *主席* 白禮德 Alan Stephen Jones 楊麗琛

往來銀行

中國銀行(香港)有限公司 中信銀行(國際)有限公司 富邦銀行(香港)有限公司 華僑永亨銀行有限公司 大眾銀行(香港)有限公司 渣打銀行(香港)有限公司

註冊辦事處

香港

灣仔

告士打道138號 聯合鹿島大廈

22樓

電話 : 2519 2288

傳真 : 2598 5518 / 2598 0419

電郵 : webmaster@alliedgroup.com.hk

股份過戶登記處

香港中央證券登記有限公司香港 灣仔 皇后大道東183號 合和中心 17樓 1712-1716室

公司秘書

劉冬妮

核數師

德勤 • 關黃陳方會計師行

律師

胡百全律師事務所

股份代號

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網站

http://www.alliedgroup.com.hk http://www.irasia.com/listco/hk/alliedgroup/index.htm

62 主席報告

本人欣然向聯合集團有限公司(「本公司」)股東們提呈本公司及其附屬公司(統稱「本集團」)二零一八年年度業績。儘管二零一八年的財政及經濟環境艱困,本集團的核心經營分部繼續錄得理想表現,成績令人雀躍。

財務業績

截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度,本集團之收入為5,083.0百萬港元(二零一七年:4,540.7百萬港元)。於二零一八年,本公司股東應佔溢利為1,698.3百萬港元(二零一七年:3,235.9百萬港元),減少1.537.6百萬港元。每股盈利為9.66港元,相比二零一七年則為18.35港元。

股息

董事會已宣佈派發截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度之第二次中期股息每股2.35港元(代替末期股息)(二零一七年第二次中期股息(代替末期股息):每股2.35港元),將於二零一九年五月九日(星期四)或前後派付予於二零一九年四月十二日(星期五)名列本公司股東名冊內之本公司股東(「股東」),因此,二零一八年度之全年股息總額為每股2.5港元(二零一七年:每股2.5港元)。

暫停辦理股份過戶登記

(1) 釐定收取第二次中期股息的資格

為釐定收取截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度之第二次中期股息(代替末期股息)的資格,本公司由二零一九年四月十日(星期三)至二零一九年四月十二日(星期五)(包括首尾兩天)暫停辦理本公司股份過戶登記,在此期間本公司股份之轉讓手續將不予辦理。股東為符合獲享第二次中期股息(代替末期股息)資格,須於二零一九年四月九日(星期二)下午四時三十分前將所有過戶文件連同有關股票送交本公司之股份過戶登記處香港中央證券登記有限公司(地址為香港灣仔皇后大道東183號合和中心17樓1712-1716室)辦理股份過戶登記手續。

(2) 釐定出席本公司即將舉行之股東週年大會(「二零一九年股東週年大會」)並於會上投票的資格

二零一九年股東週年大會預訂於二零一九年五月二十四日(星期五)舉行。為釐定股東出席二零一九年股東週年大會並於會上投票的資格,本公司將由二零一九年五月二十日(星期一)至二零一九年五月二十四日(星期五)(包括首尾兩天)暫停辦理本公司股份過戶登記,在此期間本公司股份之轉讓手續將不予辦理。股東為符合資格出席二零一九年股東週年大會並於會上投票,須於二零一九年五月十七日(星期五)下午四時三十分前將所有過戶文件連同有關股票送交本公司之股份過戶登記處香港中央證券登記有限公司(地址為香港灣仔皇后大道東183號合和中心17樓1712-1716室)辦理股份過戶登記手續。

主席報告(續) 63

業務前景

緊隨本報告為行政總裁發表之「業務回顧」,以説明本集團對日後業務之展望。

致謝

我們二零一八年維持強勢表現。本集團預料二零一九年經濟及地緣政治問題仍將帶來眾多挑戰。但我 們相信,憑著審慎的策略,加上員工的專注、忠誠和專業精神,本集團當可運籌帷幄,迎接挑戰。

本人謹此代表本集團對我們的員工所作的努力致謝,並期望各位員工繼續支持本集團。本人謹此衷心感謝各董事、各專業顧問以及各位股東在這一年以來對本集團的支持。

主席

狄亞法

香港,二零一九年三月二十五日

業務回顧

簡介

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本公司乃一間控股投資公司,其既定政策乃專注運用其管理及財務資源於地產投資及發展、金融服務及護老服務之核心業務上。本公司主要透過其目前佔74.99%股權之聯合地產(香港)有限公司(「聯合地產」),以及透過聯合地產持有之聯營公司天安中國投資有限公司(「天安」)及天安之附屬公司亞證地產有限公司持有在香港及海外以及中國內地之地產投資及發展業務以及護老服務。本公司亦主要透過聯合地產擁有61.48%股權之新鴻基有限公司(「新鴻基」)及新鴻基實際持有58.18%股權之亞洲聯合財務有限公司(「亞洲聯合財務」)經營金融服務業務。本公司持有74.98%權益之附屬公司新工投資有限公司(「新工投資」)從事上市及非上市證券投資。聯合地產持有之聯營公司亞太資源有限公司(「亞太資源」)從事商品貿易、資源投資及主要投資及金融服務業務。

財務摘要

	二零一八年 百萬港元	二零一七年 百萬港元
收入	5,083.0	4,540.7
本公司股東應佔年度溢利	1,698.3	3,235.9
本公司股東應佔權益	26,232.6	25,069.4
本公司股東應佔權益回報率	6.5%	12.9%
每股盈利	9.66港元	18.35港元
	於二零一八年 十二月 三十一日	於二零一七年 十二月 三十一日
本公司股東應佔每股資產淨值	149.2港元	142.6港元
資本負債比率	41.8%	32.6%

業務回顧(續) 65

財務回顧

財務業績

本集團之年內收入為5,083.0百萬港元(二零一七年:4,540.7百萬港元)。增幅乃主要由於來自消費金融業務及貸款業務的利息收入增加以及樓宇服務的管理及服務費提高。

本公司股東應佔本年度溢利為1,698.3百萬港元(二零一七年:3,235.9百萬港元),減幅為1,537.6百萬港元。

本公司股東應佔溢利減少乃主要由以下各項的綜合影響:

- 一 聯營公司天安及亞太資源的貢獻減少;
- 新鴻基的消費金融業務及主要投資的溢利貢獻減少;及
- 重估投資物業的公平價值收益減少。

每股盈利

每股盈利為9.66港元(二零一七年:18.35港元)。

重大收購及出售事項

年內,新鴻基集團出售其兩間全資附屬公司SWAT Securitisation Fund及Maple Shade Limited,代價為312.9百萬港元。聯合地產集團向亞太資源礦業有限公司(亞太資源之全資附屬公司)出售其一間聯營公司Tanami Gold NL的38.09%權益,代價為119.8百萬港元。交易的進一步財務詳情載於綜合財務報表附計13。

財務資源、流動資金及股本結構

4.75%美元票據(「4.75%票據」)已於香港聯合交易所有限公司上市。於結算日,經扣除集團間持有之票據後,4.75%票據之面值為323.5百萬美元或相當於2,533.1百萬港元(二零一七年:323.5百萬美元或相當於2,529.1百萬港元)。

4.65%美元票據(「4.65%票據」)已於香港聯合交易所有限公司上市。於結算日,經扣除集團間持有之票據後,4.65%票據之面值為540.8百萬美元或相當於4,234.7百萬港元(二零一七年:540.8百萬美元或相當於4,228.0百萬港元)。

財務回顧(續)

財務資源、流動資金及股本結構(續)

於報告期末,本公司股東應佔權益為26,232.6百萬港元,較二零一七年增加1,163.2百萬港元或約4.6%。本集團之現金及銀行結餘狀況維持充裕,於二零一八年十二月三十一日之現金及銀行結餘約為6,002.6百萬港元(二零一七年:4,119.2百萬港元)。本集團之銀行及其他借貸及應付票據合共16,965.9百萬港元(二零一七年:12,283.5百萬港元),其中須按要求或於一年內償還之部分為8,310.5百萬港元(二零一七年:3,848.7百萬港元),餘下長期部分為8,655.4百萬港元(二零一七年:8,434.8百萬港元)。本集團之流動資金狀況反映為流動比率(流動資產/流動負債)為2.42倍(二零一七年:4.01倍)。本集團之資本負債比率(銀行及其他借貸淨額及應付票據/本公司股東應佔權益)為41.8%(二零一七年:32.6%)。

	二零一八年 百萬港元	二零一七年 百萬港元
銀行貸款償還期限如下:		
要求時償還或一年內	3,767.0	1,752.9
一年以上但不超過兩年	1,899.7	1,395.8
兩年以上但不超過五年	_	309.6
具有按要求償還條文之銀行貸款償還期限如下:		
一年內	3,300.8	1,018.0
一年以上但不超過兩年	56.0	14.0
兩年以上但不超過五年	446.0	
	9,469.5	4,490.3
其他借貸於五年後償還	62.1	35.0
人民幣票據償還期限為一年內 美元票據償還期限如下:	-	528.0
一年內	104.5	87.6
一年以上但不超過五年	6,693.6	6,694.4
港元票據償還期限為一年內	636.2	448.2
	7 404 0	7 750 0
	7,434.3	7,758.2
	16,965.9	12,283.5

業務回顧(續) 67

財務回顧(續)

財務資源、流動資金及股本結構(續)

除人民幣票據、美元票據以及港元票據外,本集團之大部分銀行及其他借貸均按浮動利率計息。本集團之借貸組合並無已知季節性因素。

本集團會不時審視銀行信貸額並會借入新銀行信貸或重續信貸額,以滿足本集團在資本承擔、投資及營運方面之資金需求。

分部資料

有關收入及損益之詳細分部資料列載於綜合財務報表附註6。

外幣匯兑波動風險

本集團需要就經常性營運活動以及現有及潛在投資活動而持有外匯結餘,此亦表示本集團會承受一定程度之匯率風險。然而,本集團將按需要密切監控所承擔之風險。

或然負債

有關或然負債之詳情載於綜合財務報表附註44。

資產抵押

有關資產抵押之詳情載於綜合財務報表附註47。

業務回顧

金融服務

投資及金融

- 新鴻基股東應佔溢利為1,183.8百萬港元(二零一七年:1,824.3百萬港元)。
- 新鴻基的主要投資分部(包括結構性融資業務)對其盈利作出除稅前貢獻360.6百萬港元(二零一七年:1,082.3百萬港元)。此分部的投資產品組合受二零一八年下半年的按市價虧損所影響。
- 新鴻基信貸有限公司年內錄得股東應佔年內溢利95.2百萬港元(二零一七年:29.4百萬港元)。
 其貸款組合由二零一七年末的21億港元達至二零一八年末的39億港元。

消費金融

- 亞洲聯合財務的年內股東應佔溢利為1,000.4百萬港元(二零一七年:1,162.6百萬港元),減少 162.2百萬港元。
- 年內,有見信貸環境疲弱,亞洲聯合財務於中國採取保守的貸款政策。透過引入嶄新的自動信貸評分系統、繼續發展網上平台及提高於中國的實體分行的效率,亞洲聯合財務專注建立更精簡及更有效的業務模型。
- 亞洲聯合財務於香港的業務,取得令人滿意的增長,貸款總賬按年增長19%,並維持穩健的盈利能力。
- 年末,綜合消費金融貸款總額結餘達104億港元,較二零一七年末增加6%。於二零一八年末, 亞洲聯合財務於15個中國城市及香港分別經營46間及49間分行。

業務回顧(續)

物業

香港

- 聯合地產的股東應佔溢利為2,343.4百萬港元(二零一七年:3,991.1百萬港元)。
- 聯合地產在其大部分來自香港物業的組合租金收入較二零一七年有輕微增加。
- 於二零一八年,計及新鴻基持有之投資物業,聯合地產之物業組合之價值增加淨額為756.5百萬港元,較二零一七年減少225.8百萬港元。
- 酒店分部繼續錄得平均房租及入住率增加,故貢獻增加。
- 聯合地產擁有50%權益之合營公司Allied Kajima Limited持有多項物業,包括聯合鹿島大廈、香港諾富特世紀酒店、Sofitel Philippine Plaza Hotel及灣仔謝斐道酒店重建,錄得溢利減少52%,主要由於其物業組合於本年度公平價值增幅減少所致。謝斐道酒店地盤的地基工程已完成及上蓋建築工程現正進行。
- 於二零一八年年底,聯合地產持有亞太資源約35.78%的權益。於二零一八年聯合地產應佔亞太 資源業績為虧損132.9百萬港元(二零一七年:溢利207.5百萬港元)。於亞太資源錄得虧損乃主 要由於其金融投資公平價值變動產生未變現虧損。

業務回顧(續)

物業(續)

中國內地

- 天安股東應佔溢利為1,251.2百萬港元(二零一七年:2,054.1百萬港元)。
- 天安溢利減少乃主要由於缺少二零一七年錄得的出售一間附屬公司所得的一次性收益1,634.0百萬港元。儘管並無由該出售帶來一次性收益,天安自其持續進行中之發展項目仍錄得重大銷售及貢獻。
- 租金收入較二零一七年上升9%,因陸續增加投資物業所致。
- 天安共有15個數碼城,分佈在12個城市。天安數碼城業務年內的整體貢獻上升。位於珠江三角 洲的數碼城作出大部分貢獻,天安將在其擁有充足的人力及營銷資源的該區域集中發展新的數 碼城及城市更新項目。
- 天安位於深圳龍崗華為新城片區的城市更新項目天安雲谷的第二期,正在建設當中,並預期於二零一九年竣工。
- 天安的上市附屬公司亞證地產有限公司錄得其股東應佔溢利112.7百萬港元(二零一七年:169.2 百萬港元)。

投資

新工投資

- 新工投資的股東應佔虧損淨額為43.6百萬港元(二零一七年:溢利166.7百萬港元)。
- 虧損淨額包括來自權益相關投資的虧損42.1百萬港元(二零一七年:溢利171.8百萬港元)及來自 債券投資的溢利貢獻20.6百萬港元(二零一七年:20.5百萬港元)。

僱員

於二零一八年十二月三十一日,本集團之總人數為4,337名(二零一七年:5,080名)。員工數目淨額減少,主要因為業務進一步遷移線上發展,導致亞洲聯合財務整合位於中國內地的分行。總僱員成本(包括董事酬金)金額為1,122.7百萬港元(二零一七年:1,102.7百萬港元)。本集團不時檢討薪酬福利。除支付薪金外,僱員尚有其他福利,包括僱員公積金供款計劃、醫療津貼及酌情花紅計劃。本集團深明持續專業教育及發展的重要性,定期為僱員安排合嫡課程並向報讀職業相關課程的僱員提供津貼。

主要風險

本集團採納全面風險管理框架。風險管理政策及程序會因應市況變動及本集團之業務策略而作出定期檢討及更新。本公司之審核委員會(或倘為新鴻基,則其風險管理委員會)審閱風險相關政策及詳細監察管理層已履行其職責,以建立就監察及控制由本集團業務活動、外部變動風險及監管環境所產生之主要風險所需的有效風險管理及內部監控系統,以及向董事會就以上的事項匯報。

金融風險

金融風險包括市場風險、信貸風險及流動資金風險。市場風險為投資價值因市場因素變動而改變的風險,其可細分為股本風險、利率風險及外匯風險等。信貸風險乃客戶或交易對手方不遵守承諾支付款項而引致損失的潛在風險。流動資金風險則為指定證券或資產未能及時在市場上買賣以變現溢利或防止損失的風險。金融風險管理之詳細論述於綜合財務報表附註42內概述。

營運風險

營運風險涉及因內部程序、人為、制度不足或失當或外在事件導致之可能損失。本集團透過建立健全內部監控、清晰界定職權範圍、恰當之職務分工與有效內部匯報制度及應變計劃,減少及控制營運風險。本集團的企業文化乃各級業務及營運管理層均在日常工作中,對所屬業務單位的營運風險充分了解及負責。獨立監控及檢討由內部審計團隊執行。內部審計團隊定期向相關之高級管理人員及審核委員會匯報。

相關法律及法規

本集團高度重視遵守規管旗下業務的法律及法規。作為香港一間上市公司,本公司須遵守香港聯交所上市規則。我們於香港之貸款業務受《放債人條例》規管。於中國經營借貸業務須遵照省政府根據中國銀行業監督管理委員會及中國人民銀行頒佈之《關於小額貸款公司試點的指導意見》公佈之地區指引,以及《關於規範整頓現金貸業務的通知》、《關於印發小額貸款公司網絡小額貸款業務風險專項整治實施方案的通知(網貸整治辦函[2017]56號)》及《關於做好P2P網絡借貸風險專項整治整改驗收工作的通知(網貸整治辦函[2017]57號)》。我們的租賃業務受《業主與租客(綜合)條例》規管。

72 業務回顧(續)

長期企業策略

本集團從事投資、結構性融資、消費金融、物業及相關業務、護老服務及其他投資業務。本集團之政 策採取以下長期策略:

- 1. 維持其核心業務之自然增長;
- 2. 在短期回報及長期資本增值之間取得平衡;及
- 3. 物色投資機會,協助增強及擴大其盈利基礎。

業務展望

在地緣政治問題及脱歐相關不確定因素等重大風險因素猶存的情況下,當前中美貿易戰的後續發展亦難以預料。該等因素將繼續對全球及地方經濟及投資者情緒施壓。

消費金融業務對諸如消費及失業等經濟狀況尤為敏感。亞洲聯合財務將會對影響該等狀況的因素保持敏鋭,並在尋求機遇的同時對其策略作出相應調整。

本地物業市場在過去幾個月內經歷降溫,此乃由中美貿易戰帶來的不確定因素及按揭利率略微上調所致。我們預期本地物業市場於二零一九年將保持穩定。

為調控高住房需求,監管機構持續對內地物業市場實施不同的政策。然而,於二零一九年一月,中國 央行決定下調銀行存款準備金率以刺激經濟,這或意味著態度有所軟化。我們對中國物業市場的長期 前景依然有信心。

在本集團穩健的財務狀況及多元化收入來源下,於充滿挑戰的二零一九年,董事會將繼續以審慎態度 落實本集團既定策略,讓本集團及其全體股東得益。

鳴謝

董事會謹此衷心感謝各員工於二零一八年度作出之努力及貢獻,並感謝各位股東對本集團一直以來的支持。

行政總裁

李成輝

香港,二零一九年三月二十五日

狄亞法

狄亞法先生,現年七十七歲,自二零零七年一月起擔任本公司主席,於一九九五年十二月獲委任為本公司之獨立非執行董事,並於二零零二年七月改任為本公司之非執行董事。狄先生亦為本公司一間附屬公司之董事。彼畢業於澳洲雪梨大學法律系,並取得澳洲新南威爾斯最高法院之律師資格,其後更取得大律師資格。彼現為非執業大律師。彼於企業及商業方面具豐富經驗,曾於澳洲、香港及各地多間上市公司擔任董事,並出任若干公司之董事會主席。彼亦為聯合地產(香港)有限公司(「聯合地產」)、亞太資源有限公司(「亞太資源」)及龍資源有限公司(「龍資源」)之主席及非執行董事,以及新工投資有限公司(「新工投資」)及Tian An Australia Limited(「Tian An Australia」)之非執行董事。彼亦為Tanami Gold NL(「Tanami Gold」)之非執行董事並於二零一八年十一月獲委任為非獨立主席。Tian An Australia及Tanami Gold均為於澳洲證券交易所上市之公司。

李成輝

李成輝先生,現年五十歲,自一九九八年一月起擔任本公司之行政總裁,於一九九二年七月獲委任為本公司之非執行董事,並於一九九三年十二月成為本公司之執行董事。除本文披露外,李先生亦為本公司一間附屬公司之董事。彼畢業於澳洲雪梨大學法律系,並取得榮譽學位。彼之前曾於麥堅時律師行及羅富齊父子(香港)有限公司工作。李先生為聯合地產之行政總裁及執行董事,天安中國投資有限公司(「天安」)之主席及非執行董事,以及亞太資源之非執行董事。彼亦為Mount Gibson Iron Limited (「Mount Gibson」)(一間於澳洲證券交易所上市之公司)之非執行主席。李先生曾為亞證地產有限公司(「亞證」)之主席及非執行董事。彼為本公司非執行董事李淑慧女士之胞兄。

勞景祐

勞景祐先生,現年五十八歲,於二零零零年五月獲委任為本公司之執行董事。勞先生亦為本公司若干附屬公司之董事。彼持有澳洲Macquarie University之應用財務碩士學位,並為特許公司秘書。彼曾於香港多間公司履任多項行政職位,包括於上市公司出任公司秘書。彼亦為天安及亞證之執行董事。

麥伯雄

麥伯雄先生,現年七十二歲,於二零零六年一月獲委任為本公司之執行董事。彼持有香港大學經濟學文學士榮譽學位及加拿大西安大略大學工商管理碩士學位。麥先生曾任新鴻基有限公司(「新鴻基」)之財務總監。於加入新鴻基前,麥先生曾為長江和記實業有限公司(前稱和記黃埔有限公司)之附屬公司屈臣氏有限公司之集團業務總監及財務總監。在此以前,彼曾出任加拿大帝國商業銀行於香港及中國之董事總經理,並曾於漢華實業銀行及花旗銀行出任高級行政人員,在銀行業及金融業務管理方面擁有豐富經驗。

李淑慧

李淑慧女士,現年四十八歲,於二零零零年五月獲委任為本公司之非執行董事。彼持有澳洲雪梨大學之經濟學士學位,並曾任投資分析員,於香港及亞太區證券業具廣泛經驗。彼為本公司行政總裁及執行董事李成輝先生之胞妹。

白禮德

白禮德先生,現年五十三歲,於一九九九年十二月獲委任為本公司之獨立非執行董事。彼於一九八八年畢業於英國愛塞特大學,取得法律榮譽學位,其後亦取得英格蘭及威爾斯、愛爾蘭共和國以及香港律師資格。彼在停止私人執業以發展其事業前,曾為國際律師事務所其禮律師行之合夥人,經常為本公司及其附屬公司提供法律服務及意見。白禮德先生現居於英格蘭,並為聯合地產及新鴻基之獨立非執行董事。

ALAN STEPHEN IONES

Alan Stephen Jones先生,現年七十五歲,於二零零六年一月獲委任為本公司之獨立非執行董事。彼為特許會計師,於管理、行政、會計、地產發展、停車場管理、金融及貿易業務方面具有豐富經驗,並曾參與多宗澳洲及國際上市公司成功進行之合併及收購活動。彼為聯合地產及新鴻基之獨立非執行董事。彼亦為Mount Gibson(一間於澳洲證券交易所上市之公司)之獨立非執行董事以及Air Change International Limited(一間於澳洲國家證券交易所有限公司上市之公司)之非執行主席。彼亦為Mulpha Australia Limited之非執行董事。

楊麗琛

楊麗琛女士,現年五十二歲,於二零一三年十一月獲委任為本公司之獨立非執行董事。彼畢業於澳洲 雪梨大學,取得法律及經濟學士學位,亦取得澳洲及英國之律師資格。彼現為香港執業律師,並為柯 伍陳律師事務所之顧問。楊女士亦為天安及亞證之獨立非執行董事。彼於二零一八年十二月獲委任為 中國醫療網絡有限公司之獨立非執行董事。

李志剛

李志剛先生,現年六十五歲,於一九九六年一月加盟本公司,自二零一八年七月退任集團財務總監之職務後出任本公司之顧問。李先生亦為本公司若干附屬公司之董事。李先生畢業於英國蘇格蘭的愛丁堡大學,持有理學士學位,並於愛丁堡的Heriot-Watt University取得會計深造文憑。彼為蘇格蘭特許會計師公會會員及香港會計師公會資深會員。彼於財務及會計方面具有豐富經驗。加盟本集團前,李先生曾任職於兩間大型核數師事務所及擔任多間香港上市公司之集團財務總監。李先生於二零一八年七月退任聯合地產財務總監之職務並調任為非執行董事。

干大鈞

王大鈞先生,現年五十四歲,於二零零七年九月起擔任本公司之投資總監。王先生亦為本公司若干附屬公司之董事。彼持有工商管理碩士學位,亦為香港會計師公會及特許公認會計師公會之資深會員,以及英國特許秘書及行政人員公會及香港特許秘書公會之資深會士。王先生曾任香港其他上市公司之財務總監。彼亦為聯合地產及新工投資之執行董事,以及為狄亞法先生於亞太資源、Tanami Gold、龍資源以及Tian An Australia之替任董事。Tanami Gold及Tian An Australia均為於澳洲證券交易所上市之公司。

林錦榮

林錦榮先生,現年五十二歲,自二零一八年七月起為本公司之署任集團財務總監。彼於一九九九年獲香港中文大學頒授工商管理學碩士學位,現為特許公認會計師公會資深會員及香港會計師公會會員。林先生於一九九二年加盟本集團前,曾於一間國際會計師行任職四年。林先生亦為聯合地產之署任財務總監。

本公司致力於切合實際之範圍內維持高水平之企業管治,以強調高透明度、問責性及獨立性為原則。 本公司董事會(「董事會」)相信優良之企業管治對本公司之成功及提升股東價值至為重要。

企業管治守則及企業管治報告

根據香港聯合交易所有限公司證券上市規則(「上市規則」)附錄十四所載之企業管治守則及企業管治報告(「企業管治守則」),董事會已審閱本公司之企業管治常規,並已採納多項經改進之程序,詳情載於本報告內。除下文解釋之若干已闡明原因之偏離行為外,於截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度,本公司已應用企業管治守則之原則及遵守適用之守則條文。董事會將至少每年檢討現行之常規一次,並在其認為需要時作出適當更改。

董事會

董事會目前共由八名董事(「董事」)組成,其中三名為執行董事、兩名為非執行董事(「非執行董事」)及 三名為獨立非執行董事(「獨立非執行董事」)。於年內及截至本報告日期止,董事會成員載列如下:

執行董事: 李成輝(行政總裁)

勞景祐 麥伯雄

李淑慧

獨立非執行董事: 白禮德

Alan Stephen Jones

楊麗琛

董事之履歷詳情載於第74頁至第76頁之董事及高級行政人員一覽內。除本公司行政總裁李成輝先生為本公司非執行董事李淑慧女士之朐兄外,董事會成員間概無家屬或其他重大關係。

董事會(續)

董事會程序

於年內,非執行董事(大部分為獨立非執行董事)為本公司及其附屬公司(統稱「本集團」)提供廣泛之專業知識及經驗。彼等積極參與董事會及委員會會議,對本集團之策略、表現及管理程序之事宜提供獨立判斷,並顧及本公司全體股東(「股東」)之利益。

於整年內及截至本報告日期為止,本公司有至少三名獨立非執行董事,佔董事會人數不少於三分之一。至少一名獨立非執行董事具備上市規則第3.10條所規定之適當專業資格、會計或相關財務管理專業知識。董事會已接獲每名獨立非執行董事有關其獨立性之年度確認書,並認為所有獨立非執行董事均具備上市規則第3.13條所載之指引下之獨立性。

董事會定期舉行會議,討論本集團之整體策略以及營運及財政表現,並審閱及批准本集團之全年及中期業績及其他須處理之個別事項。於年內,已舉行了五次董事會會議,而各董事於截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度內於董事會、薪酬委員會、審核委員會之會議及股東大會的個別出席記錄載列如下:

	出席/舉行會議之次數			
董事姓名	董事會	薪酬委員會	審核委員會	股東大會
執行董事:				
李成輝(行政總裁)	4/5			1/1
勞景祐	5/5			1/1
麥伯雄	5/5			1/1
非執行董事:				
狄亞法(主席)	5/5	1/1	2/2	1/1
李淑慧	5/5			0/1
獨立非執行董事:				
白禮德	5/5	1/1	2/2	1/1
Alan Stephen Jones	5/5	1/1	2/2	1/1
楊麗琛	4/5	1/1	2/2	1/1

董事會(續)

董事會程序(續)

經董事會決定或考慮之事宜主要包括本集團整體策略、全年營運預算、全年及中期業績、董事委任或重新委任之批准(按提名委員會之建議)、重大合約及交易、企業管治,以及其他重大政策及財務等事宜。董事會已將日常職責委派予行政管理人員,並由執行委員會(其具有特定書面職權範圍)指示/監督。董事會及本公司管理層之職能已分別確立並以書面列載,並不時由董事會作出檢討並更新,以確保其職能與現行規則及規例一致。

董事會定期會議的舉行日期於每年預先編定,以便更多董事出席會議。舉行董事會會議一般會給予全體董事至少十四天之通知,以便彼等皆有機會提出商討事項列入會議議程內。本公司的公司秘書(「公司秘書」)協助董事會主席編製會議議程,以及確保已遵守所有適用規則及規例。議程及隨附之董事會文件一般在擬舉行董事會定期會議(及就可行情況下,亦適用於其他董事會會議)前至少三天呈送予全體董事。每份董事會會議記錄之初稿於提交下一次董事會會議審批前,先供全體董事傳閱並提出意見。所有會議記錄均由公司秘書保存,並供任何董事於發出合理通知時,於任何合理時間內查閱。

根據董事會現行慣例,倘主要股東或董事在董事會將予考慮之事項中存有董事會認為屬重大之利益衝突,則有關事項會於正式召開之董事會會議上處理。本公司之組織章程細則(「組織章程細則」)亦規定,除當中所述之例外情況外,董事須就批准該名董事或其任何緊密聯繫人擁有重大利益之任何合約或安排之會議上就任何董事會決議案放棄投票,彼亦不會被計算於該等會議之法定人數內。

每位董事有權查閱董事會文件及相關資料,及可向公司秘書尋求意見及服務。董事會及各董事亦可個 別及獨立地接觸本公司之高級行政人員。董事將獲持續提供上市規則及其他適用監管規定之最新重大 發展之資料,以確保彼等遵守及秉持優秀企業管治常規。此外,書面程序已自二零零五年六月制定, 讓各董事在履行其職務時,可在適當之情況下尋求獨立專業意見,有關合理費用由本公司承擔。

董事會(續)

董事之持續專業發展

在持續專業發展方面,董事除出席會議及審閱由本公司管理層發出之文件及通函外,董事參與之活動包括如下:

參與持續專業發展活動

董事姓名	閲讀法規 更新	出席與 董事職責有關的 培訓/簡報會/ 座談會/研討會
執行董事 : 李成輝 <i>(行政總裁)</i> 勞景祐 麥伯雄	√ √ √	✓ ✓ ✓
非執行董事 : 狄亞法 <i>(主席)</i> 李淑慧	√ √	√ √
獨立非執行董事 : 白禮德 Alan Stephen Jones 楊麗琛	√ √ √	√ √ √

董事會成員多元化

本公司已於二零一三年十一月採納董事會成員多元化政策,載列有關董事會成員多元化之目標及原則,以在可行情況下達致本公司在董事會成員多元化方面取得平衡之策略目標。董事會所有委任將以用人唯才為原則,及按可計量目標考慮人選,並衡量本公司之業務及需要。

甄選人選將按一系列多元化標準為基準,包括但不限於性別、年齡、文化及教育背景、知識、專業經驗及技能。最終決定將按人選的長處及可為董事會提供的貢獻而定。

主席及行政總裁之角色

企業管治守則之守則條文A.2.1規定,主席及行政總裁之角色應有所區分,並不應由一人同時兼任。董事會主席狄亞法先生主要負責領導董事會,確保(i)所有重大政策事宜乃經董事會以即時及建設性方式討論;(ii)所有董事能妥善地獲得董事會會議上討論問題之通報;及(iii)所有董事能收到準確、適時及清晰之資料。行政總裁一職由本公司行政總裁李成輝先生擔任,彼負責本集團之日常業務管理。此等職位之職責已清晰區分且以書面形式載明,並於二零零五年六月經董事會批准及其後於二零一二年四月及二零一八年十一月(根據自二零一九年一月一日起生效的經修訂企業管治守則而作出相關修訂)更新。

董事之委任及重選

提名委員會之職權範圍包括訂明潾撰及推薦本公司董事候撰人程序及準則之提名方法。

每名新獲委任之董事將於首次委任時獲公司秘書發給一套入職資料。該套入職資料乃根據公司條例、 上市規則以及證券及期貨條例董事須遵守之職責及持續責任之全面、正式及按每名董事情況專門編製 之指引。此外,該套入職資料亦包括簡述本公司運作及業務之資料、本公司最新公佈之財務報告及董 事會採納之企業管治常規文件。董事將持續獲更新上市規則及其他適用之監管規定之任何重大發展, 以確保彼等遵守及維持良好之企業管治常規。

所有本公司之非執行董事(包括獨立非執行董事)已按特定任期獲委任,惟須根據組織章程細則之有關條文或任何其他適用法例之規定離任或退任,但可膺選連任。非執行董事(包括獨立非執行董事)之任期已從二零一九年一月一日起再續兩年。

根據組織章程細則,於本公司每屆股東週年大會(「股東週年大會」)上,三分之一當時在任之董事(或倘人數並非三之倍數,則最接近但不少於三分之一之數目)須輪值退任。此外,任何填補臨時空缺而獲董事會委任之董事僅可任職至本公司下屆股東大會為止,而獲委任為董事會新增之成員可任職至下屆股東週年大會為止,在該兩種情況下,該等董事應可於相關會議上膺選連任。每名董事須至少每三年輪值退任一次。

企業管治職能

董事會負責履行企業管治責任,並已於二零一二年四月就其企業管治職能採納書面職權範圍。

董事會在企業管治職能方面之責任包括:

- (i) 制定及檢討本公司之企業管治政策及常規;
- (ii) 檢討及監察董事及高級行政人員之培訓及持續專業發展;
- (iii) 檢討及監察本公司在遵守法律及監管規定方面之政策及常規;
- (iv) 制定、檢討及監察僱員及董事之操守準則及合規手冊(如有);及
- (v) 檢討本公司在遵守企業管治守則之情況及在企業管治報告內之披露。

於二零一八年及截至本報告日期為止,董事會已根據其職權範圍履行企業管治責任。

董事委員會

董事會已成立多個委員會,包括提名委員會、薪酬委員會、審核委員會及執行委員會,各委員會均以書面具體列明其職權範圍。委員會之所有會議記錄及決議案均由公司秘書保存,並提供副本予全體董事會成員傳閱,而各委員會須向董事會匯報其決定及建議(倘適用)。董事會會議之程序及安排(於本報告「董事會」一節內提述)按可行情況下亦已獲採納於委員會會議。

提名委員會

提名委員會自二零一二年三月成立,並由董事會主席擔任主席,且大部分成員為獨立非執行董事。目前,提名委員會由四位成員組成,包括非執行董事狄亞法先生(提名委員會主席)、獨立非執行董事白禮德先生、Alan Stephen Jones先生及楊麗琛女士。提名委員會獲提供充裕資源以履行其職務,並可按本公司之政策在有需要時尋求獨立專業意見。提名委員會之主要角色及職能已包含於其職權範圍內,該職權範圍已於香港聯合交易所有限公司(「聯交所」)及本公司網站內登載。

提名委員會(續)

提名委員會已於其職權範圍內制訂並載列提名政策(「提名政策」)。提名政策旨在確保董事會按照本公司業務而具備適當所需技巧、經驗及多樣的觀點與角度。為確保董事會組成人員的變動不會帶來不適當的干擾,本公司應設有正式、經審慎考慮並具透明度的董事甄選、委任及重新委任程序,並設定有秩序的董事繼任計劃(如認為有需要),包括定期檢討此類計劃。委任新董事(作為新增董事或填補所出現的臨時空缺)或重新委任任何董事乃經提名委員會推薦候選人後由董事會作出決定。

用於考慮候選人是否符合資格的標準,應視乎候選人是否能投入足夠時間及精神以處理本公司事務,並促進董事會成員多元化,使董事會能有效履行其職責。更多甄選標準及程序的詳情載於提名委員會職權範圍,該職權範圍已於聯交所及本公司網站內登載。

根據其職權範圍,提名委員會將於有需要時舉行會議,亦可透過傳閱文件方式處理事宜。於二零一八年,提名委員會並無舉行會議,提名委員會乃透過傳閱文件方式處理事宜。於二零一八年及截至本報告日期為止,提名委員會已履行之工作概述如下:

- (i) 檢討並建議董事會批准就重選退任董事提呈於二零一八年股東週年大會及二零一九年股東週年大會之決議案;
- (ii) 檢討董事會的架構、人數、組成及多元化,以及評核各獨立非執行董事的獨立性;
- (iii) 檢討並建議董事會批准經修訂提名委員會職權範圍(根據自二零一九年一月一日起生效的經修訂企業管治守則而作出相關修訂);及
- (iv) 檢討並建議董事會批准重續非執行董事(包括獨立非執行董事)從二零一九年一月一日起兩年之任期。

薪酬委員會

薪酬委員會已成立超過十年,目前由四名成員組成,包括獨立非執行董事白禮德先生(薪酬委員會主席)、Alan Stephen Jones先生及楊麗琛女士,以及非執行董事狄亞法先生。薪酬委員會獲提供充裕資源以履行其職務,並可按本公司之政策在有需要時尋求獨立專業意見。薪酬委員會之主要角色及職能已包含於其職權範圍內,該職權範圍已於聯交所及本公司網站內登載。

薪酬委會員之職權範圍乃遵照企業管治守則之守則條文B.1.2之規定,惟偏離守則條文-薪酬委員會僅會就執行董事(不包括高級行政人員)(而非守則條文所述之執行董事及高級行政人員)之薪酬待遇向董事會提出建議。上述偏離情況之理由概述如下:

- (i) 董事會認為薪酬委員會並不適宜評估高級行政人員之表現,而有關評估程序由執行董事執行將更 為有效;
- (ii) 執行董事必須負責監管高級行政人員,因而須有權力操控彼等之薪酬;及
- (iii) 執行董事並無理由向高級行政人員支付高於業界標準之薪酬,而按此方法釐定薪酬待遇可減省支出,將有利於股東。

根據其職權範圍,薪酬委員會每年須至少舉行一次會議。於二零一八年已舉行一次薪酬委員會會議,而各成員之出席情況載於本報告「董事會」一節內。

薪酬委員會(續)

除舉行薪酬委員會會議外,薪酬委員會亦於二零一八年內透過傳閱文件方式處理事宜。於二零一八年內及截至本報告日期為止,薪酬委員會已履行之工作概述如下:

- (i) 檢討董事薪酬之現時政策及架構;
- (ii) 檢討執行董事、集團財務總監及投資總監現時之薪酬待遇;
- (iii) 檢討非執行董事(包括獨立非執行董事)現時之薪酬;
- (iv) 檢討並建議董事會批准截至二零一七年十二月三十一日止年度執行董事、主席、集團財務總監及 投資總監之花紅及二零一八年薪酬之增幅;
- (v) 檢討並建議董事會批准更改向行政總裁提供作為住宿的居住地址、相關退租協議及相關租賃協議;
- (vi) 檢討並建議董事會批准本公司顧問(退任自集團財務總監一職)的薪酬;及
- (vii) 檢討並建議董事會上調非執行董事(包括獨立非執行董事)的服務費,以及重續該等董事的任期。

董事獲發之薪酬乃按彼等各自之僱傭合約或服務合約內之條款,在薪酬委員會向董事會提出建議並獲批准後而釐定。董事薪酬之詳情載於綜合財務報表附註10,而於中期期間及截至中期業績報告日期止之若干董事酬金之變更詳情亦已披露於本公司日期為二零一八年八月二十日之中期業績報告內。本集團薪酬政策之詳情亦已載於董事會報告第117頁之「薪酬政策」一節內。

審核委員會

審核委員會已成立超過十年,目前由四名非執行董事組成,其中三名為獨立非執行董事。為保持獨立性及客觀性,審核委員會由一名具備合適專業資格、會計或相關財務管理專業知識之獨立非執行董事擔任主席。審核委員會之現任成員為獨立非執行董事Alan Stephen Jones先生(審核委員會主席)、非執行董事狄亞法先生、獨立非執行董事白禮德先生及楊麗琛女士。審核委員會獲提供充裕資源以履行其職務,並可按本公司之政策在有需要時尋求獨立專業意見。審核委員會之主要角色及職能已包含於其職權範圍內,該職權範圍已於聯交所及本公司網站內登載。

審核委員會之職權範圍不時作出修訂,以遵守企業管治守則之守則條文C.3.3,惟就該守則條文在審核委員會之職責方面有所偏離:

- (i) 執行委聘外聘核數師提供非核數服務之政策;
- (ii) 確保管理層已履行其職責建立有效之風險管理及內部監控系統;及
- (iii) 確保內部與外聘核數師之工作得到協調,也須確保內部審計功能獲得足夠資源運作,並且在上市 公司中具有適當之地位。

董事會認為審核委員會應就委聘外聘核數師提供非核數服務之政策作出建議(而非守則條文所述之執行),理由如下:

- (i) 由董事會及其下設置之委員會制定政策及作出合適之建議乃屬恰當及合適;
- (ii) 由執行董事及管理層執行該政策及建議乃屬恰當及合適之機制;及
- (iii) 獨立非執行董事並不適宜執行日常之政策及跟進工作。

審核委員會(續)

此外,董事會認為審核委員會僅具備有效能力監察(而非守則條文所述之確保)管理層已履行其職責建立有效之風險管理及內部監控系統。由於上述事宜涉及日常監控及僱用全職之專業人員,因此審核委員會並無確保上述事宜得以執行之能力。審核委員會雖無法確保,但可推動內部和外聘核數師之工作得到協調。同樣,審核委員會無法確保,但可檢閱內部審計功能是否獲得足夠資源運作。

根據其職權範圍,審核委員會每年須至少舉行兩次會議。於二零一八年已舉行兩次審核委員會會議,而各成員之出席情況載於本報告「董事會」一節內。

除舉行審核委員會會議外,審核委員會亦於二零一八年內透過傳閱文件方式處理事宜。於二零一八年內及截至本報告日期為止,審核委員會已履行之工作概述如下:

- (i) 審閱及批准外聘核數師建議之審核範圍及費用;
- (ii) 審閱外聘核數師就有關本集團截至二零一七年十二月三十一日止年度之年終審核、截至二零一八年六月三十日止六個月之中期業績審閱及截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度之年終審核結果 之報告/獨立審閱報告及管理層之回應;
- (iii) 審閱及建議董事會批准截至二零一七年十二月三十一日止年度、截至二零一八年六月三十日止六 個月及截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度之財務報告及相關之管理層聲明函件及公佈;
- (iv) 審閱內部審計部(「內部審計部」)編製之本集團內部審計計劃;
- (v) 審閱及建議董事會批准就本集團會計、內部審計及財務匯報職能方面的資源、員工資歷及經驗以 及有關員工所接受的培訓課程及預算之更新報告;
- (vi) 審閱及建議董事會就關連人士交易政策及程序、識別及監察關連交易之程序、舉報者政策、內幕 消息披露政策、公司管理授權手冊以及風險管理、合規及內部監控程序之政策作年度檢討;及
- (vii) 審閱及建議董事會就本集團之風險管理及內部監控系統作年度檢討。

執行委員會

執行委員會自一九九三年一月成立,目前由兩名執行董事組成,包括李成輝先生(執行委員會主席)及勞景祐先生。執行委員會獲授予董事會所獲授予之關於本集團業務之所有一般管理及控制權,惟根據執行委員會之書面職權範圍須留待董事會決定及批准之事宜除外。繼本公司採納舉報者政策後,執行委員會之職權範圍已於二零零七年十一月作出修訂。

執行委員會於有需要時舉行會議,以討論本集團之營運事宜,亦可透過傳閱文件方式處理事宜。執行 委員會主要負責處理及監察日常管理事宜,並獲授權:

- (i) 制定及執行有關本集團商業活動、內部監控及行政之政策;及
- (ii) 在董事會確定之本集團整體策略範圍內,規劃及決定就本集團商業活動將予採納之策略。

公司秘書

劉冬妮女士為本公司公司秘書。全體董事均可要求公司秘書提供意見及服務。公司秘書就董事會管治事宜向主席匯報,負責確保董事會程序得以遵守,及促進董事之間及與股東和管理層之溝通。

劉女士為英國特許秘書及行政人員公會及香港特許秘書公會資深會員。於二零一八年,劉女士接受超過十五小時之相關專業培訓以更新其技能及知識。

董事及相關僱員進行證券交易之守則

本公司已採納上市規則附錄十所載之上市發行人董事進行證券交易的標準守則(「標準守則」),作為董事進行證券交易之行為守則。經本公司作出特定查詢後,全體董事已確認彼等一直遵守標準守則所載之規定標準。

本公司亦已採納標準守則作為相關僱員進行證券交易之守則,藉此對本公司或其附屬公司之若干僱員 (彼等被視為可能知悉有關本公司或其證券之內幕消息)就本公司之證券買賣作出規管。

問責及核數

財務報告

在會計部之協助下,董事確認彼等編製本集團綜合財務報表之責任。於編製截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度之綜合財務報表時,本公司已採納香港公認會計原則,並遵守香港會計師公會頒佈之香港財務報告準則(當中亦包括香港會計準則及詮釋)之規定以及香港公司條例。董事認為所選擇之會計政策適當並且貫徹應用,而所作判斷及估計審慎合理,亦已確保按持續經營基準編製綜合財務報表。

本公司外聘核數師德勤。關黃陳方會計師行之匯報責任載於第119頁至第129頁之獨立核數師報告。

風險管理及內部監控

董事會負責每年檢討本集團風險管理及內部監控系統之效能及涵蓋所有重要的監控,包括財務監控、 運作監控及合規監控。於二零一八年,董事會已透過審核委員會就本公司在會計、內部審計及財務匯 報職能方面的資源、員工資歷及經驗,以及有關員工所接受的培訓課程及預算是否足夠作出檢討。

本集團風險管理及內部監控系統旨在合理地(而非絕對地)保證無重大失實陳述或損失,同時管理(而非完全消除)系統失誤之風險,並協助本集團達致議定宗旨及目標。其對達致業務目標至為重要之風險管理擔任重要角色。此外,風險管理及內部監控亦為備存妥善之會計記錄提供準則,有助遵守有關法律及規例。

本集團設有辨認、評估及管理各項業務及活動之風險的系統及程序。有關業務單位及部門主管在內部 審計部的協調下各自完成責任聲明,藉以進行年度評估。管理層向執行委員會主席呈報檢討結果,及 由其轉呈審核委員會及董事會以檢討風險管理及內部監控系統之效能,並認為風險管理及內部監控系 統屬有效及足夠。

本公司之主要附屬公司均受獨立風險管理及內部監控系統管理。此等附屬公司已向本公司就遵循企業管治守則內之整體風險管理及內部監控系統規定作出適當之保證。

有關本集團面對各主要類別風險之管理政策及程序之論述,收錄於綜合財務報表附註42及業務回顧第71頁之「主要風險 |一節內。

問責及核數(續)

內部審計

內部審計主管向董事會主席及審核委員會匯報。內部審計部一般就本集團風險管理及內部監控系統是否足夠及有效作出分析及獨立評估。

審核委員會及董事會已審閱由內部審計部編製之本集團內部審計計劃。

內幕消息披露政策

董事會由二零一三年一月一日起就處理及發佈內幕消息的程序及內部監控採納內幕消息披露政策(「該政策」)。該政策載列本公司董事及本集團相關人員的指引及程序,以確保本集團按公平基準並及時向公眾發佈內幕消息。掌握潛在內幕消息及/或內幕消息的董事及相關人員需採取合理措施,確保制定妥善保障措施以防止洩露高度機密的內幕消息,並確保接收者明白自身有責任就消息保密。該政策須於情況有變動及於上市規則、證券及期貨條例第XIVA部及相關法定及監管規定不時出現變動時按需要作出更新及修訂。

外聘核數師之酬金

於年內,已支付予本集團外聘核數師之酬金載列如下:

向本集團提供之服務 	百萬港元
核數服務 非核數服務	8.2
一税項服務 一其他專業服務	1.1 0.7
總額	10.0

與股東之溝通

董事會深明與股東保持良好聯繫之重要性。有關本集團之資料乃按時透過多種正式途徑向股東傳達, 包括中期業績報告及年報、公佈及通函。該等刊發文件連同最近期之公司資料及消息亦已於本公司網 站內登載。

本公司股東週年大會乃董事會直接與股東聯繫之寶貴機會。主席積極參與並親自主持股東週年大會以 回應股東之任何查詢。審核委員會、薪酬委員會及提名委員會主席,或在該等主席缺席時由各自委員 會之另一名委員(或如該等委員未能出席,則彼等適當委任的代表)於股東週年大會上回答提問。任何 須予成立或根據上市規則成立之獨立董事委員會之主席(或倘並無委任該主席,則至少一名獨立董事委 員會成員)亦會出席任何就批准關連交易或須獲獨立股東批准之任何其他交易而舉行之股東大會,以回 答提問。

年內,本公司於二零一八年五月二十五日舉行二零一八年股東週年大會。董事於股東大會的出席記錄 載於本報告「董事會」一節內。

每項重大事項(包括重選银任董事)均於股東大會提呈獨立決議案。

就股東週年大會而言,股東通告將於大會舉行前至少足二十個營業日發送,而就所有其他股東大會而言,股東通告將於大會舉行前至少足十個營業日發送。以股數投票方式進行表決之詳細程序乃於大會開始時向股東解釋。主席會解答股東有關以股數投票方式表決之任何問題。股數投票結果將根據上市規則規定之方式刊發。

於遞交請求當日佔全體有權在股東大會上表決而總表決權最少百分之五之股東,可向本公司註冊辦事處(「註冊辦事處」)發送書面請求,要求董事召開股東特別大會(「股東特別大會」)。該書面請求必須註明將於股東特別大會上處理之事項之一般性質,且必須經提出該要求之一名或多名人士核實。此外,股東可根據公司條例及組織章程細則(如適用)向董事會提交書面形式之股東大會提案(「提案」)並送達註冊辦事處。提案須透過提呈決議案方法作出,內容須清楚及簡要地列明予以討論之提案且符合本公司之業務範疇。

董事會已於二零一二年四月制定一套股東通訊政策,並隨後於二零一五年十二月更新。股東可將其向 董事會提交之查詢以書面形式送達註冊辦事處,內容須註明查詢之性質及提出查詢之理由。此外,股 東亦可就任何有關其股權問題向本公司股份過戶登記處香港中央證券登記有限公司查詢。

股息政策

董事會已採納於二零一八年十一月三十日起生效的股息政策。本公司之股息政策旨在為其股東提供合理及可持續回報,同時維持財務狀況穩定,使本公司得以把握任何不時之投資及擴張機遇。

董事會可按年宣派或建議股息及/或宣派中期股息或特別股息。經考慮本公司及本集團營運業績、累計及未來盈利、資產負債、流動資金狀況、資本承諾要求及未來擴張計劃以及整體經濟狀況及可能影響本公司及本集團財務表現及狀況的外部因素後,董事會方可建議或宣派股息。此外,由於本公司為一間控股公司,董事會亦將考慮自其附屬公司及聯營公司收取的股息,原因是本公司派付股息的能力取決於自該等附屬公司及聯營公司收取的股息。

董事會將定期檢討股息政策並在必要時修訂及/或修改股息政策。

提升企業管治水平

提升企業管治水平並非只為應用及遵守聯交所之企業管治守則,亦為推動及建立道德與健全之企業文化。吾等將持續檢討並按經驗、監管變動及發展,於適當時候改善現行常規。本公司亦歡迎股東提供任何意見及建議以提高及改善本公司之透明度。

承董事會命

主席 狄亞法

香港,二零一九年三月二十五日

報告概覽

本報告披露本集團截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度之可持續發展政策及發展進程,乃根據香港聯合交易所有限公司為上市發行人所頒佈香港聯合交易所有限公司證券上市規則附錄二十七所載的《環境、社會及管治報告指引》(「環境、社會及管治指引」)而編製。本報告用作補充本年報另有披露之資料。

可持續發展原則及實務

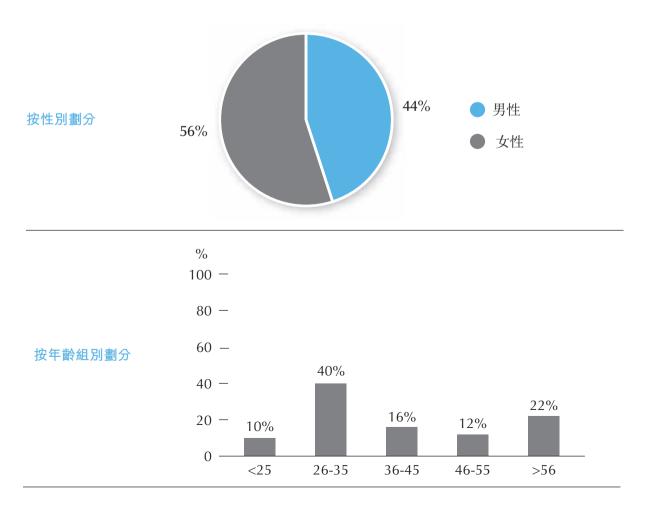
本集團的宗旨是要為股東創造長期的價值,我們明白到所作的選擇將對開展業務的社區產生影響。為確保留下正面的影響,我們已採納可持續發展政策,涵蓋環境及社會議題的原則。董事會為可持續發展事項提供全面管理及發展方向,同時各業務的管理層實施環境、社會及管治舉措。

1. 員工關係

本公司主要為控股投資公司,其附屬公司涉足房地產、融資及借貸、物業租賃、管理服務及長者護理服務。員工是我們最重要的資產,是推動本集團長期發展及可持續發展的動力。

員工分析(二零一八年)

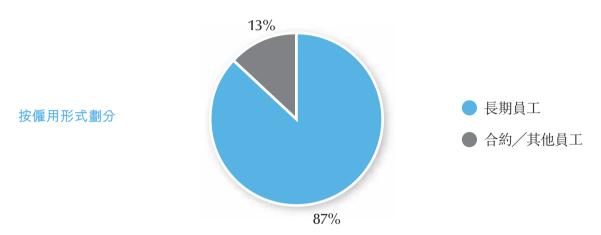
於二零一八年十二月三十一日的員工總數:4,337



可持續發展原則及實務(續)

1. 員工關係(續)

員工分析(二零一八年)(續)



1.1 福利、勞工準則及安全

我們致力為員工提供具備競爭力的薪酬及福利,並且我們的薪資福利(包括工作時數、假期和福利)超過相關法規的最低要求。本集團於全年組織多種員工聚會,如非現場會議、團隊建立活動、員工義務工作以及員工週年晚宴。

本集團致力為員工提供安全舒適之工作環境。由於我們之業務性質,工傷、職業健康問題及發生僱用童工的情況並非重大風險因素。

集團定期向員工提供促進工作與生活良好平衡的康健活動,例如壓力管理及育兒技巧。本集團亦贊助及組織集團內各公司團隊進行團隊運動及參與社區服務。本集團亦參與公益金、香港世界宣明會及樂施會舉辦的各項捐獻活動,例如綠識日、便服日、愛牙日、公益月餅、饑饉一餐及樂施米義賣大行動。刊發員工刊物分享本集團、行業及員工資訊,促進內部溝通。

人力資源及可持續發展相關獎項:

- 積金好僱主二零一四至二零一九年(新鴻基有限公司(「新鴻基」))
- 商界展關懷獎二零零五至二零一九年亞洲聯合財務有限公司(「亞洲聯合財務」);二零 一六至二零一九年(新鴻基);二零零九至二零一九年(保得物業管理有限公司)
- 友商有良嘉許計劃二零一六至二零一九年(亞洲聯合財務)
- 僱員再培訓局人才企業嘉許計劃二零一二至二零二零年(亞洲聯合財務);二零一八年(新鴻基)
- 社會資本動力獎二零一六至二零一九年(亞洲聯合財務)
- 香港企業公民標誌二零一六至二零一九年-企業組別(亞洲聯合財務)

1. 員工關係(續)

1.1 福利、勞工準則及安全(續)

- 香港企業公民標誌二零一六至二零一九年-義工隊組別(亞洲聯合財務)
- 青年企業家發展局-商校家長計劃長期義工服務獎(十年)二零一六至二零一八年(亞洲聯合財務)
- 家庭友善僱主獎勵計劃二零一七至二零一八年(亞洲聯合財務)
- Corporate Volunteer Long Service Award Five Years Plus-二零一八年(亞洲聯合財務)
- 環境局-戶外燈光約章頒獎典禮二零一六至二零一九年(亞洲聯合財務)
- 香港綠色機構認證-減廢證書二零一八至二零一九年(亞洲聯合財務);二零一七至二零 一九年(保得物業管理有限公司)
- 開心工作間二零一六至二零一九年(亞洲聯合財務)
- 好僱主約章二零一八至二零二零年(亞洲聯合財務)

1.2 關於僱傭及勞工實務方面的政策:

本集團關於僱傭方面之政策如下:

- 遵守相關法律及法規;
- 作為一個平等機會之僱主,我們在員工薪酬及解僱、招聘與晉升、工時與假期、平等機會、多元化、反歧視及其他待遇和福利方面實施公平的做法;
- 提供安全、健康及優質之工作場所,保護員工免受職業性危害;
- 一 提倡員工工作與生活的適當平衡;
- 投放資源於員工培訓及其專業發展,以提升員工履行工作職責所需之知識及技能;
- 與我們的員工公開對話,促進透明而雙向之溝通;及
- 無童工或強制勞工。

1. 員工關係(續)

1.2 關於僱傭及勞工實務方面的政策(續):

在香港,本集團聘用員工需受《僱傭條例》、《最低工資條例》及《僱員補償條例》所規限。在中國內地,員工聘用須遵守《中華人民共和國勞動法及勞動合同法》(「中華人民共和國勞動法及勞動合同法」)之規定。本集團並不知悉任何不遵守上述有關規定之情況。

1.3 發展及培訓

本集團致力於組織內建立持續學習文化,極力提倡為員工提供適合培訓,使他們擁有與工作相關之所需知識及技能,同時培養人才。管理層聯同外部培訓人員參與設計符合工作環境所需之培訓課程。培訓內容及專題均切合營運核心範疇。當中包括:

合規及監管——般合規、最新市場及監管資料、防貪、認識你的顧客/反洗黑錢、破產法例、資料私隱、放債人條例及證券及期貨條例。

管理技巧及個人發展一領導技巧、監管技巧、設立關鍵績效指標、溝通及人際技巧、創意思 考及解難技巧、團隊督導技巧、自我發展技巧。

工作技巧-語言技巧、電腦技能、追討欠款技巧、客戶服務技巧。

亞洲聯合財務設有全面的畢業生培訓計劃,培訓有才能之大學畢業生晉升成為未來的管理層。計劃為期25個月,培訓受訓畢業生有關消費金融行業之知識及技能。

除內部培訓外,亞洲聯合財務及新鴻基信貸亦為員工提供學習補貼,以於工餘時間增進知識。自二零一二年以來,亞洲聯合財務香港每年均獲僱員再培訓局授予「人才企業」榮譽。

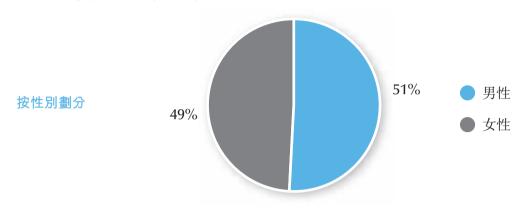
於酒店行業,由於人才乃我們最寶貴之資產,我們已制定有關人才挽留、成長及發展之策略,亦定期為他們提供培訓課程。

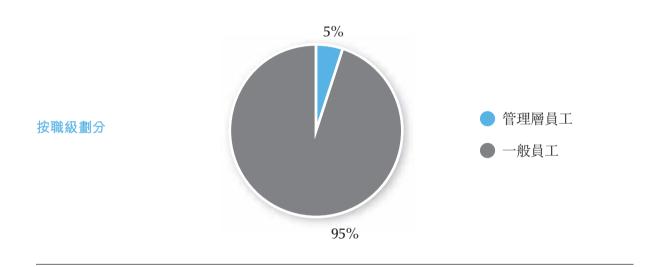
本集團的員工培訓總時數合計達58,424小時。

1. 員工關係(續)

1.3 發展及培訓(續)

培訓時數分析(二零一八年)





1. 員工關係(續)

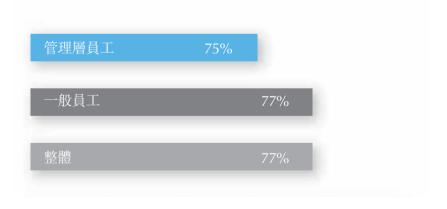
1.3 發展及培訓(續)

接受培訓員工百分比

按性別劃分

男性	62%	
女性		89%
整體	77	7%

按職級劃分



2. 產品責任

本集團於香港及中國內地為個人及企業提供貸款產品,其中包括新鴻基旗下主要投資分部向企業提供私人信貸、亞洲聯合財務之消費金融及小商戶貸款,以及新鴻基信貸有限公司(「新鴻基信貸」)之按揭貸款。

於香港,所有上述相關貸款業務根據《放債人條例》(「放債人條例」)持牌經營。而在中國內地,亞洲聯合財務按照省級政府根據中國銀行業監督管理委員會和中國人民銀行關於小額貸款公司試點的指導意見(「指導意見」)頒佈之地區指引,以及「關於規範整頓現金貸業務的通知」、「關於印發小額貸款公司網絡小額貸款業務風險專項整治實施方案的通知(網貸整治辦函[2017]56號)」及「關於做好P2P網絡借貸風險專項整治整改驗收工作的通知(網貸整治辦函[2017]57號)」等有關現金貸、網絡小額貸款及P2P網絡借貸的專項整治文件開展經營。年內未得悉有違反上述法律法規之情況。

於香港,放債人條例的重點在於借款人之權利及貸款人之營業手法。作為香港持牌放債人公會 (「放債人公會」)創會會員,亞洲聯合財務領導草擬放債行業之實務守則(「守則」)。訂立守則旨在 提供放債人公會全體成員應用,包括亞洲聯合財務及新鴻基信貸。該守則為市場慣例及標準之全 面框架,乃根據香港金融管理局向銀行發出之指引而制定,涵蓋多個業務範疇,如客戶關係、認 識你的客戶、反洗黑錢、信貸評估、收款及追收以及資料私隱等。亞洲聯合財務為放債人公會行 政委員會委員,領導工作小組定期檢討守則。守則於二零一八年九月獲修訂及更新。亞洲聯合財 務亦與公司註冊處(其審查放債人的發牌事宜)定期溝通,商討最佳常規及行業趨勢。

集團上下共有約450,000名客戶,44%來自亞洲聯合財務位於香港及中國內地之業務。作為香港的市場領袖,亞洲聯合財務舉辦大量廣告宣傳及推廣活動,並已制訂「客戶推薦」及獎分計劃等客戶關係計劃。客戶可透過分行網絡、電話申請以及在線工具(如E-cash循環備用現金、手機應用程式或微信程式(中國內地))使用亞洲聯合財務的貸款服務。亞洲聯合財務及新鴻基信貸一直以維護客戶資料私隱為首任。公司已制定並定期檢討政策及程序,以確保客戶的資料受到保障,防止他人未經授權或意外獲取、處理或刪除。公司已實施適當的安全保護措施,採取足夠的實體、電子及管理措施保護客戶的個人資料。此外,所有相關香港員工每年須完成個人資料私隱條例電子學習課程。年內,亦舉辦資訊科技安全意識課程,警惕員工網絡安全的重要性以及向員工提供保障業務客戶資料的預防措施。

由於消費金融及按揭貸款業務性質涉及追討欠款,監測及防範聲譽風險尤其重要。亞洲聯合財務及新鴻基信貸均已制定多項措施將風險減至最低,公司亦及時監察收款工作之結果及反應,設立電話專線回應客戶投訴及解決糾紛。為收款而聘用的外判代理獲嚴密監控。

3. 供應鏈管理

本集團之一般業務供應商包括資訊科技及通訊、物業、法律及其他商業服務供應商以及辦公用品供應商。本集團認為該等供應商不會對我們的業務構成重大社會風險,而採購決策乃根據供應商的定價、合摘程度以及一般聲譽而作出。

亞洲聯合財務及新鴻基信貸之業務方面,僅於經內部催收程序未能成功收回逾期債務後,方會聘用外判債務追收代理。截至二零一八年十二月三十一日,香港及中國內地之業務分別聘用22名及53名相關代理。亞洲聯合財務及新鴻基信貸均已制定明確政策及程序以挑選及監控債務追收代理。挑選代理的原則乃根據過往之良好實務紀錄及聲譽,並須遵守行為守則,接受基準測試、審核及輪換。由於亞洲聯合財務及新鴻基信貸並無出售應收賬款,故可一直控制整個債務追收過程。根據行為守則,代理不得:

- 一 外判或委託他人進行其於與亞洲聯合財務及新鴻基信貸所訂立之債務服務協議下的全部或任何部分職責;
- 一 違反相關法律及法規;及
- 参與任何有損亞洲聯合財務及新鴻基信貸之業務、誠信、聲譽或商譽之活動或行為。

為監察相關代理表現,本集團會定期與客戶及公眾進行意見調查及反饋。於二零一八年,有關追討欠款而收取的投訴數量極少,佔亞洲聯合財務及新鴻基信貸客戶不足0.01%。按管理層所知,我們了解此比例按行業標準而言屬極低水平。多年來,由於聲譽良好,亞洲聯合財務於香港按客戶人數計算(銀行除外)的市場份額持續具有領先地位。

4. 反貪污

本集團已設立舉報者政策,為僱員提供直接向高級管理層報告任何非法行為、貪污事件、逃避內 部監控、不正確或不當之財務或其他報告的渠道。本集團定期向僱員傳達此政策,亦發佈於電子 平台,以便僱員使用及進行報告。作為財務監控的一部分,財務部門亦會審核任何異常開支,偵 查任何違法行為。

香港全體相關員工需定期完成打擊洗黑錢及反恐資金籌集電子學習課程,公司亦定期為僱員舉辦廉政公署的反貪污研討會。

相關業務單位的內部審計部門亦將於持續檢討內部監控系統的過程中,審視涉及相關營運的該等政策及程序的執行。

5. 社區投資

我們致力為客戶精益求精,並透過鼓勵員工參與慈善及社會服務,承擔作為良好企業公民貢獻社 區的責任。

亞洲聯合財務多年來參與義工活動,服務社群,連續13年獲香港社會服務聯會授予「商界展關懷」 榮譽。亞洲聯合財務之義工隊自二零一五年以來一直參與社區服務項目,向低收入長者、獨居老 人、患有心臟病的兒童等弱勢社群獻上關心和關懷。於二零一八年十二月三十一日,亞洲聯合財 務共有78名義工成員,並於二零一八年共投入1,056小時參與多項社區活動。

二零一八年之主要活動包括以下各項:

- 保良局:銀齡老師學堂-新春DIY吊飾

- 香港家庭福利會:長者探訪及聚會

- 香港家庭福利會:復活蛋製作及兒童聚會

一 保良局:長者緩步跑

- 聖雅各福群會:長者探訪

- 聖雅各福群會:8公里挑戰賽2018

除慈善活動外,本集團亦透過本公司及高級管理人員參與行業組織、學校、商會及非政府組織, 積極參與社區事務。透過分享我們的知識及最佳實踐經驗,以對我們營運所在社區的長期發展作 出貢獻。

參與業界及其他非政府組織

本公司/高級管理層職務	組織
新鴻基	
委員	香港上市公司商會
公司會員	The Malaysian Chamber of Commerce(Hong Kong and Macau) Ltd.
公司會員	The Australian Chamber of Commerce in Hong Kong
公司會員	香港投資者關係協會
亞洲聯合財務	
創會會員、主席、行政委員會委員及秘書	香港持牌放債人公會
校董	香港中文大學新亞書院
總理	港澳台灣慈善基金會

年內,本集團的慈善捐款總額達約5.4百萬港元,惠及弱勢社群的教育、醫療及慈善服務。



6. 慈善基金

新鴻基慈善基金(「基金」)乃由新鴻基成立,作為新鴻基及其業務聯繫人士與合作夥伴的平台,藉以支援社區,特別是改善貧困階層生活。基金於香港獨立註冊,並由新鴻基捐助。

基金主要著眼於支援貧困、教育及環境領域。過去,新鴻基隨著香港及中國的迅速發展而興旺。展望未來,將繼續投入時間、資源及資金,發展更強大並具備可持續發展的香港。尤其是,熱心支持能培養出有影響力的未來領袖的機構,如道爾頓基金會及哈佛商學院等。

為配合新鴻基贊助的新鴻基Scallywag號的帆船運動,基金亦在二零一七至一八年沃爾沃環球帆船賽香港站中支持及為兒童舉辦了STEM主題的清潔海洋意識教育活動。基金亦致力在香港建立長遠的青少年帆船傳統,使來自較基層背景的本地青年可更容易接觸這項運動。這項運動可鍛鍊決心、紀律及團體合作,並提倡環保意識。香港帆船運動總會已推出試行計劃,探討不同的成本、架構及支援選項,所得結果及建議將構成未來計劃的基礎。

於酒店行業,我們亦提倡於組織內作出社區貢獻。於二零一八年,我們致力於透過奧比斯、聖雅各福群會、世界自然基金會香港分會、膳心連基金及智行基金會等非政府組織就各種計劃進行協調工作,提升了員工與社區之間的社會責任感。

7. 環境

本集團之可持續發展政策包括我們對環境議題之一貫方針。我們致力於:

- 遵守相關法律及法規並致力超越最低要求;
- 一 防止/盡量減少廢氣及溫室氣體排放、向水土排污、以及產生有害及無害廢棄物;
- 有效利用資源,包括能源、水及其他原材料;
- 一 盡量減少集團活動對環境及自然資源造成影響;及
- 一 邀請我們的員工、客戶及合作夥伴宣揚綠色營商常規,不斷重新評估我們的流程,以盡量減少對環境的影響。

7. 環境(續)

本報告並無載列就全部環境關鍵績效指標的披露資料,因為持份者參與的結論及管理層意見並不認為屬重大或相關。我們轉而討論本集團對減少環境影響的整體取向及努力。

7.1 排放物

本集團並無參與任何製造業活動。本集團直接產生之排放物僅限於中港兩地之行政人員代步 汽車(38架)及公司遊艇(8艘),僅供高層員工在當地出行以及作營銷及酬酢用途。因此,相對 於本集團之資產及員工的規模,此等排放量及使用量均微不足道。在偶爾出差期間所產生之 其他排放物基本上屬於「次要的」影響。

本集團之投資及金融業務主要於中港兩地當地辦公室及客戶服務分行或於網上進行。因應我們盡量減少廢氣及溫室氣體排放之政策,各市辦公室總部均設有視像會議設備,以減少直接會面需要,使差旅保持在最低水平。僅一小部分員工需要出差。在這方面並無適用於我們業務之相關法律及法規。

7.2 資源使用及環境影響

我們已採取一系列內部監控政策及程序,以提升資源消耗(包括能源、用水及其他紙張)的效益。本集團內約4,337名員工消耗合理水平的電力及紙張量,為有效利用該等資源,我們希望在發展業務時盡量減少對環境之影響。耗水量僅限於員工個人衛生用途,故與我們之業務無關。

自二零一三年六月起,本集團內部開始推廣及實施董事會文件電子系統,於節省紙張之同時,容許董事隨時隨地使用便攜式電子設備從網上獲取會議文件,提高董事會效率。

本公司已設立多年與股東溝通之電子渠道,容許股東選擇從網上收取年報、中期報告及通函等公司通訊,而非以郵寄方式收取印刷本。因此,我們之公司通訊印刷數量大幅減少,耗紙量亦因此降到最低。

7. 環境(續)

7.2 資源使用及環境影響(續)

我們向總部及分公司的全體員工發放了有關節能及減少用紙之環保指引。例如,提醒員工於 工作後、午休時間或在辦公室外工作的時間內,盡可能關閉燈源及設備。

於決定購置設備時,一貫以節能辦公設備為首選。於二零一八年,本集團之總用電量約為8.2 百萬千瓦時(二零一七年: 7.6百萬千瓦時)。

在香港,亞洲聯合財務參加環境局自二零一六年所發起的在午夜後關閉廣告及商店招牌的戶外照明「戶外燈光約章」(「約章」)。於二零一八年,新鴻基之合共27間分公司參與由午夜至上午七時正關閉外部照明而獲得「金獎」。本集團其中一間附屬公司保得物業管理有限公司多年來參加地球一小時活動(「活動」),鼓勵其管理下之單位及樓宇擁有人/租戶每年於活動晚上八時三十分關燈一小時。「約章」及「活動」之目的在於盡量減少燈光滋擾及能源浪費,並提高大眾環境保護意識。

在本集團內,已實施以下業務流程,以提升效率和減少用紙:

- 一 網上或手機貸款申請渠道
- 網本應用系統,例如亞洲聯合財務及新鴻基信貸之文檔管理系統
- 電子貸款賬單
- 一 辦公室設備及用品之回收計劃
- 內部電子行政管理及溝通平台

7. 環境(續)

7.2 資源使用及環境影響(續)

於物業及酒店業務中,我們經常會考慮環保選擇,並在可能或適當情況下於營運、建造及保養工程中實施。

該等選擇包括:

- 1. 於拆卸及新樓宇項目應用綠色建築環境評估法。
- 2. 用水冷式空調系統取代氣冷式空調系統,同時選用更有效之無油製冷機。
- 3. 升級樓宇管理系統,使之能更好地控制空氣處理機。
- 4. 進行能源審核。
- 5. 用LED燈取代非節能燈。
- 6. 將熱水系統之柴油鍋爐改為燃氣鍋爐和熱泵。
- 7. 於適當情況下使用虹吸式雙水位沖廁器。
- 8. 屋頂防水系統使用更經濟有效之方法以減少噪音、灰塵及瓦礫。
- 9. 選用空調裝置時,使用非氯氟烴類製冷劑。

在若干餐廳及部門內部推行紙張、塑料、玻璃瓶、食油及電子材料等材料之回收計劃。本公司亦透過參與環境保護署的《惜物 • 有計約章》推廣珍惜食物。

除上文詳述電力及紙張消耗外,本集團之業務對環境及天然資源並無直接影響。

重要性評估及持份者參與

上述環境及社會問題的重要性及相關性乃基於管理層看法以及持份者參與得出的結論而釐定。我們透過會議、活動及其他通訊及回饋渠道定期邀請關鍵持份者參與日常營運。本報告的披露僅包括重要及相關的層面及關鍵績效指標。

香港聯交所《環境、社會及管治報告指引》內容索引

指標 報告部分 A. 環境 層面A1:排放物 一般披露 披露陳沭 7 關鍵績效指標A1.1 排放物種類及相關排放數據 詳細披露並不相關 關鍵績效指標A1.2 溫室氣體總排放量及密度 詳細披露並不相關 關鍵績效指標A1.3 所產生有害廢棄物總量 詳細披露並不相關 關鍵績效指標A1.4 所產生無害廢棄物總量 詳細披露並不相關 關鍵績效指標A1.5 描述減低排放量的措施及所得成果 詳細披露並不相關 關鍵績效指標A1.6 描述處理有害及無害廢棄物的方法、減低產生量的 詳細披露並不相關 措施及所得成果 層面A2:資源使用 一般披露 披露陳沭 7 按類型劃分的直接及/或間接能源總耗量及密度 關鍵績效指標A2.1 7.2 關鍵績效指標A2.2 詳細披露並不相關 總耗水量及密度 關鍵績效指標A2.3 描述能源使用效益計劃及所得成果 詳細披露並不相關 關鍵績效指標A2.4 描述求取適用水源上可有任何問題,以及提升用水 詳細披露並不相關 效益計劃及所得成果 關鍵績效指標A2.5 製成品所用包裝材料的總量 詳細披露並不相關 層面A3:環境及天然資源 一般披露 披露陳述 7 關鍵績效指標A3.1 描述業務活動對環境及天然資源的重大影響及已採 7.2 取管理有關影響的行動 B. 社會 僱傭及勞工常規 層面B1:僱傭 一般披露 披露陳述 1 關鍵績效指標B1.1 按性別、僱傭類型、年齡組別及地區劃分的僱員 1 關鍵績效指標B1.2 按性別、年齡組別及地區劃分的僱員流失比率 1 層面B2:健康與安全 一般披露 披露陳述 1.1 關鍵績效指標B2.1 因工作關係而死亡的人數及比率 詳細披露並不相關 關鍵績效指標B2.2 因工傷損失工作日數 詳細披露並不相關 關鍵績效指標B2.3 描述所採納的職業健康與安全措施,以及相關執行 1.1

及監察方法

香港聯交所《環境、社會及管治報告指引》內容索引(續)

指標	i	報告部分
層面 B 3:發展及培訓		
一般披露	政策陳述	1.3
關鍵績效指標B3.1	按性別及僱員類別劃分的受訓僱員百分比	1.3
關鍵績效指標B3.2	按性別及僱員類別劃分,每名僱員完成受訓的平均 時數	1.3
層面B4:勞工準則		
一般披露	披露陳述	1.1及1.2
關鍵績效指標B4.1	描述檢討招聘慣例的措施以避免童工及強制勞工	詳細披露並不相關
關鍵績效指標B4.2	描述在發現違規情況時消除有關情況所採取的步驟	詳細披露並不相關
營運慣例		
層面B5:供應鏈管理	Th 195 11-1-1-1	2
一般披露	政策陳述	3
關鍵績效指標B5.1	按地區劃分的供應商數目	3
關鍵績效指標B5.2	描述有關聘用供應商的慣例、供應商數目及執行及 監察慣例的實施	3
層面B6:產品責任		
一般披露	披露陳述	2
關鍵績效指標B6.1	已售或已運送產品總數中因安全與健康理由而須回 收的百分比	不適用
關鍵績效指標B6.2	接獲關於產品及服務的投訴數目以及應對方法	2
關鍵績效指標B6.3	描述與維護及保障知識產權有關的慣例	詳細披露並不相關
關鍵績效指標B6.4	描述質量檢定過程及產品回收程序	不適用
關鍵績效指標B6.5	描述消費者資料保障及私隱政策,以及相關執行及 監察方法	2
層面B7:反貪污		
一般披露	披露陳述	4
關鍵績效指標B7.1	已審結的貪污訴訟案件的數目及訴訟結果	不適用
關鍵績效指標B7.2	描述防範措施及舉報程序,以及相關執行及監察 方法	4
社區		
層面B8:社區投資		
一般披露	政策陳述	5
關鍵績效指標B8.1	專注貢獻範疇	5
關鍵績效指標B8.2	在專注範疇所動用資源	5

108 董事會報告

本公司之董事會(「董事會」)同寅謹將本公司及其附屬公司(統稱「本集團」)截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度之年報及經審核綜合財務報表呈覽。

主要業務及業務審視

本公司乃一間投資控股公司,提供公司管理服務。其主要附屬公司、聯營公司及合營公司於二零一八年十二月三十一日之主要業務分別列於綜合財務報表附註52、53及54。本集團截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度之業務審視以及香港公司條例附表5規定之進一步討論與分析載於本年報第64頁至第73頁「業務回顧」一節、第91頁「企業管治報告」內「與股東之溝通」一節及第93頁至第107頁「環境、社會及管治報告」,有關討論亦構成本董事會報告之一部分。

業績及溢利分配

本集團之業績列於第130頁之綜合損益表及隨附之綜合財務報表附計內。

董事會已宣佈派發截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度之第二次中期股息每股2.35港元(代替末期股息)(二零一七年第二次中期股息(代替末期股息):每股2.35港元),將於二零一九年五月九日(星期四)或前後派付予於二零一九年四月十二日(星期五)名列本公司股東名冊內之本公司股東(「股東」),因此,二零一八年度之全年股息總額為每股2.5港元(二零一七年:每股2.5港元)。有關詳情列於綜合財務報表附註16。

投資物業

本集團投資物業於二零一八年十二月三十一日之重估價值為9,789.6百萬港元,而於二零一八年十二月三十一日持有之投資物業之公平價值增加淨額744.0百萬港元已計入綜合損益表內。

本集團投資物業於本年度之變動詳情列於綜合財務報表附註17。

物業、廠房及設備

本集團物業、廠房及設備於本年度之變動詳情列於綜合財務報表附註18。

於聯營公司之權益

年內,本集團於天安中國投資有限公司(「天安」)之權益保持48.66%。本集團在編製其截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度的綜合財務報表時,已根據香港財務報告準則第10號「綜合財務報表」之條文,考慮天安是否屬於附屬公司,並總結,基於事實及綜合財務報表附註23所述之情況,其不能單方面指示天安的相關活動,因此,本集團繼續將其於天安的權益入賬作為聯營公司。

物業

本集團於二零一八年十二月三十一日之主要物業資料列於第354頁至第360頁。

股本及已發行股份

本公司之股本於本年度之變動詳情列於綜合財務報表附註35。

債權證

於二零一八年十二月三十一日,本集團有如下已發行債權證:

- 一 根據總額2,000,000,000美元擔保中期票據發行計劃(「中期票據計劃」)發行的361,639,000美元按4.75%計息及於二零二一年五月到期的擔保票據於二零一六年六月一日上市(股份代號:5654)。該計劃的發行人為Sun Hung Kai & Co. (BVI) Limited(「SHK BVI」,其於英屬處女群島註冊成立,為新鴻基直接全資附屬公司)。
- 由SHK BVI根據中期票據計劃發行的550,000,000美元按4.65%計息及於二零二二年九月到期的擔保票據,其中400,000,000美元於二零一七年九月十一日上市,150,000,000美元於二零一七年九月十九日上市(股份代號:5267)。
- 由SHK BVI根據中期票據計劃於二零一八年二月五日發行的245,500,000港元於二零一九年二月到期的擔保票據。
- 一 於二零一八年六月,新鴻基全資附屬公司Sun Hung Kai (ECP) Limited (「SHK ECP」) 成立 1,000,000,000美元的商業票據計劃(「商業票據計劃」),於二零一八年十二月三十一日,SHK ECP 根據商業票據計劃已發行合共本金額382,000,000港元的商業票據(「商業票據」)。

年內,有關擔保票據及商業票據乃為本集團的一般企業用途而發行。有關上述已發行擔保票據及商業票據的進一步詳情,請參閱綜合財務報表附註39。除上文披露者外,年內本集團並無發行任何其他債權證。

股票掛鈎協議

本公司並無於本年度訂立或於本年度終結時存在股票掛鈎協議而將會或可導致本公司發行股份或規定本公司訂立任何將會或可導致本公司發行股份之協議。

董事

於本年度及截至本報告日期為止之本公司之董事(「董事」)如下:

執行董事:

李成輝

勞景祐

麥伯雄

非執行董事:

狄亞法

李淑慧

獨立非執行董事:

白禮德

Alan Stephen Jones

楊麗琛



董事(續)

根據本公司組織章程細則(「組織章程細則」)第105(A)條, 狄亞法先生、白禮德先生及Alan Stephen Jones先生將輪值退任,惟有資格並願膺選連任。

於本年度內出任本公司附屬公司董事會之全體董事名單可於本公司網站「企業管治 | 一節瀏覽。

董事之服務合約

擬於本公司之應屆股東週年大會(「股東週年大會」)上膺選連任之董事概無與本集團訂立本集團不可於 一年內毋須賠償(法定賠償除外)而可予以終止之未到期服務合約。

非執行董事之任期

所有非執行董事(包括獨立非執行董事(「獨立非執行董事」)) 均獲為期兩年的特定任期,任期將持續至二零二零年十二月三十一日,惟董事之離任或退任須受組織章程細則之有關條文或任何其他適用法例所規限。

董事之權益

於二零一八年十二月三十一日,根據證券及期貨條例(「證券及期貨條例」)第352條規定所存置之登記冊所載,董事李成輝先生及李淑慧女士於本公司及其相聯法團(釋義見證券及期貨條例第XV部)之股份或相關股份中持有以下權益:

董事姓名	公司名稱	擁有股份之 數目	佔已發行 股份總數之 概約百分比	權益性質
李成輝	本公司	131,729,301	74.95%	22,921股屬個人權益(以實益擁有人身份持有)及131,706,380股屬其他權益(附註1)
李淑慧	本公司	131,706,380	74.93%	其他權益(附註1)

附註:

- 1. 李成輝先生及李淑慧女士為間接持有本公司131,706,380股股份之Lee and Lee Trust(全權信託)之信託人。
- 2. 上述所有權益均屬好倉。

除上文所披露者外,於二零一八年十二月三十一日,本公司之各董事及最高行政人員概無於本公司或其任何相聯法團(釋義見證券及期貨條例第XV部)之任何股份、相關股份或債權證中擁有須記錄於根據證券及期貨條例第352條規定所存置之登記冊內,或根據香港聯合交易所有限公司(「聯交所」)證券上市規則(「上市規則」)附錄十所載之上市發行人董事進行證券交易的標準守則須另行知會本公司及聯交所之任何權益或淡倉。

董事在構成競爭業務中之權益

於本年度及截至本報告日期為止,根據上市規則,以下董事(獨立非執行董事除外)被視為於下列與本集團業務競爭或有可能的競爭業務中持有權益:

- (i) 狄亞法先生及李成輝先生為聯合地產(香港)有限公司(「聯合地產」)之董事,該公司透過其若干附屬公司及一間緊密聯繫人部分從事借貸業務,並部分參與投資及買賣資源和相關行業之證券及金融工具;
- (ii) 李成輝先生及李淑慧女士為Lee and Lee Trust之其中兩名信託人, Lee and Lee Trust被視為聯合地產、新鴻基有限公司(「新鴻基」)、新工投資有限公司(「新工投資」)、天安、亞證地產有限公司(「亞證地產」)、及亞太資源有限公司(「亞太資源」)各自之主要股東,該等公司透過彼等之附屬公司及/或緊密聯繫人部分從事下列業務:
 - 聯合地產透過一間附屬公司部分從事借貸業務;
 - 一聯合地產透過其若干附屬公司及一間緊密聯繫人部分參與投資及買賣資源和相關行業之證券及金融工具;
 - 新鴻基透過其若干附屬公司部分從事借貸及物業投資業務;
 - 新工投資透過其若干附屬公司部分參與證券買賣及金融工具投資業務;
 - 一 天安透過其若干附屬公司部分從事借貸、物業發展及投資以及物業管理業務;
 - 亞證地產透過其若干附屬公司部分從事物業投資及物業管理業務;及
 - 亞太資源透過其若干附屬公司部分從事借貸業務及部分參與投資及買賣資源和相關行業之上 市證券。
- (iii) 李成輝先生為Allied Kajima Limited之董事,該公司透過其若干附屬公司部分從事物業租賃及酒店相關業務;
- (iv) 李成輝先生為新鴻基一間非全資附屬公司之董事,該公司從事借貸業務;
- (v) 李成輝先生及勞景祐先生為天安之董事,該公司透過其若干附屬公司部分從事借貸、物業發展及 投資以及物業管理業務;
- (vi) 李成輝先生曾為亞證地產之董事(於二零一八年一月四日辭任),而勞景祐先生亦為亞證地產之董事,該公司透過其若干附屬公司部分從事物業投資及物業管理業務;

董事在構成競爭業務中之權益(續)

- (vii) 李成輝先生及狄亞法先生為亞太資源之董事,該公司透過其若干附屬公司部分從事借貸業務及部分參與投資及買賣資源和相關行業之上市證券;
- (viii)李成輝先生為Mount Gibson Iron Limited之董事,該公司透過其若干附屬公司部分參與投資及買賣資源和相關行業之上市證券;
- (ix) 狄亞法先生為新工投資之董事,該公司透過其若干附屬公司部分參與證券買賣及金融工具投資業務;及
- (x) 狄亞法先生為Tian An Australia Limited之非執行董事,該公司透過其若干附屬公司部分從事物業發展。

上述董事雖因彼等各自同時於其他公司出任董事一職或擁有股權而持有競爭性權益,彼等仍會履行其受信責任,以確保彼等於任何時候均以股東及本公司之整體最佳利益行事。故此,本集團得以按公平原則以獨立於該等公司業務之方式進行其本身之業務。

董事在交易、安排或合約中之權益

於本年度終結時或於本年度內任何時間,本公司或其任何附屬公司並無訂立董事或與董事關連之實體 直接或間接擁有重大權益之任何重要交易、安排或合約。以下所述僅供參考:

- (i) 李成輝先生(作為租戶)與本公司一間非全資附屬公司(作為業主)於二零一七年十一月二十九日訂立租賃協議,租期自二零一七年十一月十九日起生效,該租賃協議已於二零一八年二月十四日終止。於二零一八年一月一日至二零一八年二月十四日期間就此收取之租金總額0.5百萬港元對本集團業務而言屬不重大。
- (ii) (a)山稻置業有限公司(「山稻」,本公司之非全資附屬公司)(作為業主)與三泰集運有限公司(「三泰」,勞景祐先生可於股東大會行使超過50%投票權的公司)(作為租戶)訂立一份日期為二零一六年七月十二日之租賃協議,租期為二零一六年七月一日至二零一九年六月三十日;(b)山稻(作為業主)與中匯亞洲集團有限公司(「中匯」,勞景祐先生可於股東大會行使超過50%投票權的公司)(作為租戶)訂立一份日期為二零一六年十一月四日之租賃協議,租期為二零一六年四月一日至二零一九年三月三十一日;及(c)山稻(作為客戶)與三泰(作為服務供應商)訂立一份日期為二零一七年三月二十七日之物流及倉庫服務協議,有效期為二零一七年四月一日至二零一九年六月三十日。截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度就此收取的租金總額14.1百萬港元及所支付服務費總額0.4百萬港元對本集團業務而言屬不重大。

購買股份或債權證之安排

本公司或其任何附屬公司於本年度內概無參與任何安排,使董事能透過購入本公司或任何其他法人團體之股份或債權證而獲得利益。

管理合約

除僱傭合約外,於本年度概無訂立或存在其他有關本公司全部或任何重大部分業務之管理及/或行政合約。

獲准許的彌償條文

組織章程細則規定,本公司各董事或其他高級職員有權就履行其職務或其他有關方面蒙受或招致的所 有虧損或責任自本公司資產中獲得彌償。此外,本公司已就董事可能面對之有關法律行動安排適當的 董事及主要職員責任保險。

主要股東及其他人士之權益

盡董事所知,於二零一八年十二月三十一日,根據證券及期貨條例第336條規定所存置之登記冊所載持有本公司股份或相關股份權益之股東如下:

股東名稱	擁有股份之 數目	佔已發行 股份總數之 概約百分比	附註
Cashplus Management Limited(「Cashplus」)	55,861,688	31.78%	_
Zealous Developments Limited ($\lceil Zealous \rfloor$)	55,861,688	31.78%	1, 2
$Minty\ Hongkong\ Limited(\lceil Minty \rfloor)$	75,844,692	43.15%	_
Lee and Lee Trust	131,706,380	74.93%	3, 4
Dalton Investments LLC	10,569,938	6.01%	_

附註:

- 1. 該權益指Cashplus於55,861,688股股份中之相同權益。
- 2. Cashplus為Zealous之全資附屬公司,因此,Zealous被視作擁有Cashplus所持股份之權益。
- 3. Minty及Zealous由Lee and Lee Trust(全權信託)之信託人全資擁有。
- 4. 李成輝先生及李淑慧女士(彼等為董事)與李成煌先生均為Lee and Lee Trust(全權信託)之信託人,因此,彼等被視作擁有Minty及Zealous所持股份之權益。
- 5. 上述所有權益均屬好倉。

關連交易

1. 誠如本公司與聯合地產日期分別為二零一八年五月四日、二零一八年六月二十五日、二零一八年七月二十四日及二零一八年九月十七日之聯合公佈所披露,於二零一八年五月四日,Asia Financial Services Company Limited(「Asia Financial Services」)以新鴻基(本公司之間接非全資附屬公司)為受益人簽立承諾契據,有條件承諾簽立有關新鴻基於場外回購Asia Financial Services所持有之145,000,000股新鴻基股份(「新鴻基股份回購」)的回購合約(「回購合約」)。誠如新鴻基所告知及確認,就分別於二零一八年六月二十八日及二零一八年九月十二日向Asia Financial Services支付的二零一七年第二次中期股息每股0.14港元及二零一八年中期股息每股0.12港元作出調整後,每股新鴻基股份回購價由4.75港元調減為4.49港元。回購合約於二零一八年七月二十日訂立。新鴻基股份回購項下之全部條件已達成及新鴻基股份回購於二零一八年九月十七日完成。

新鴻基股份回購完成前,Asia Financial Services為新鴻基一名主要股東。故根據上市規則,Asia Financial Services為本公司之關連人士。因此,根據上市規則第14A章,新鴻基股份回購構成本公司一項關連交易。

2. 誠如本公司、聯合地產及新鴻基日期為二零一八年十月二十三日之聯合公佈所披露,於二零一八年十月二十三日,新鴻基信貸有限公司(「新鴻基信貸」)(作為貸款人)與王敏剛先生(「王先生」,為新鴻基當時之獨立非執行董事)(作為借款人)訂立貸款協議,據此,新鴻基信貸同意(其中包括)按貸款協議的條款及在其條件之規限下向王先生授出貸款融資,包括(i)為數10,000,000港元之短期貸款,年期為提取日期起計六個月,年利率為18%;(ii)為數115,000,000港元之分期貸款,年期為提取日期起計十二個月,第一期之年利率為19.625%,第二至十二期之年利率為7.625%;及(iii)為數30,000,000港元之有期貸款,年期為提取日期起計十二個月,年利率為7.625%(「貸款交易」)。

由於新鴻基信貸為新鴻基之間接非全資附屬公司,而新鴻基為聯合地產之間接非全資附屬公司, 而聯合地產為本公司之非全資附屬公司以及王先生為新鴻基當時之獨立非執行董事,故王先生為 本公司之關連人士,根據上市規則第14A章,貸款交易構成本公司一項關連交易。

持續關連交易

誠如本公司於二零一七年三月二十七日之公佈所披露,董事勞景祐先生於二零一六年十二月二十三日取得目標公司65%股權後,因有關目標公司間接持有中匯全部股權及三泰68%股權,故中匯及三泰各自成為本公司的關連人士(定義見上市規則)。故此本集團分別與三泰及中匯於其成為本公司關連人士前所訂立之以下租賃協議構成本公司的持續關連交易:

- (a) 山栢(作為業主)與三泰(作為租戶)於二零一六年七月十二日訂立一份租賃協議(「二零一六年租賃協議一」,經日期為二零一六年八月二十六日的附函補充),內容關於租賃聯合貨運中心之若干工業物業及停車位,由二零一六年七月一日至二零一九年六月三十日止(包括首尾兩日),為期三年,每月租金為1,156,960港元(工業物業,免租期為第十二、二十四及三十六個月)及10,800港元(停車位),包括管理費,但不包括差餉;及
- (b) 山栢(作為業主)與中匯(作為租戶)於二零一六年十一月四日訂立一份租賃協議(「二零一六年租賃協議二」),內容關於租賃聯合貨運中心之若干工業物業,由二零一六年四月一日至二零一九年三月三十一日止(包括首尾兩日),為期三年,每月租金為105,144港元(包括管理費,但不包括差餉)。

聯合貨運中心由山栢持有,作物業投資用途。相關租金乃由山栢與三泰/中匯參考當前市況及租賃物業附近類似物業之租金水平,經公平磋商後釐定。

此外,於二零一七年三月二十七日,山栢(作為客戶)與三泰(作為服務供應商)訂立物流及倉庫服務協議(「二零一七年服務協議」),據此,三泰同意於二零一七年四月一日至二零一九年六月三十日(包括首尾兩日)之二十七個月內向山栢提供物流及倉庫服務,服務費為每月36,000港元,乃參考當前市況及提供該等服務之成本而釐定。

持續關連交易(續)

截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止兩個財政年度各年及截至二零一九年六月三十日止六個月,二零一六年租賃協議一、二零一六年租賃協議二及二零一七年服務協議項下交易的年度上限載列如下。截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度的租金及服務費總額為14.549.888港元。

	截至	截至	截至
	二零一七年	二零一八年	二零一九年
	十二月三十一日	十二月三十一日	六月三十日
	止年度之	止年度之	止六個月之
	年度上限	年度上限	年度上限
	港元	港元	港元
二零一六年租賃協議一	12,856,160	12,856,160	6,428,080
二零一六年租賃協議二	1,261,728	1,261,728	315,432
二零一七年服務協議	324,000	432,000	216,000
總計	14,441,888	14,549,888	6,959,512

由於中匯及三泰成為本公司關連人士,因此根據上市規則第14A.31條,二零一六年租賃協議一、二零一六年租賃協議二及二零一七年服務協議項下擬進行之交易(統稱「現有持續關連交易」)構成本公司之持續關連交易,須遵守上市規則有關申報、年度審核及公佈規定,但獲豁免遵守獨立股東批准之規定。

根據上市規則第14A.55條,獨立非執行董事已審閱現有持續關連交易,並確認現有持續關連交易乃:

- (i) 於本集團之一般及日常業務中訂立;
- (ii) 按一般商業條款或更佳條款進行;及
- (iii) 根據有關交易之協議進行,條款公平合理,並且符合股東之整體利益。

根據上市規則第14A.56條規定,董事會委聘本公司核數師就上述現有持續關連交易進行審閱,且核數師已向董事會呈報其結論,確認上市規則第14A.56條所載的事官。

誠如本公司於二零一九年三月二十五日之公佈所披露,下列所有日期為二零一九年三月二十五日之協 議乃由:

- (i) 山栢與三泰簽訂(「租賃協議一」),以將二零一六年租賃協議一的租賃期由二零一九年七月一日起延長三個月至二零一九年九月三十日(包括首尾兩日),每月租金分別為1,156,960港元(有關工業物業)以及10,800港元(有關停車位),包括管理費,但不包括差餉;
- (ii) 山栢與中匯簽訂(「租賃協議二」),以將二零一六年租賃協議二之租賃期由二零一九年四月一日起延長六個月至二零一九年九月三十日(包括首尾兩日),每月租金為105,144港元(包括管理費,但不包括差餉);及

持續關連交易(續)

(iii) 山栢與三泰簽訂(「服務協議」),以將二零一七年服務協議的年期由二零一九年七月一日起延長三個月至二零一九年九月三十日(包括首尾兩日),服務費為每月36,000港元。

(其項下擬進行之交易統稱「重續持續關連交易」)

二零一六年租賃協議一、二零一六年租賃協議二及二零一七年服務協議訂明的所有其他條款及條件將保持十足效力及作用。

訂立租賃協議一、租賃協議二及服務協議後,本公司截至二零一九年十二月三十一日止年度的年度上限較日期為二零一七年三月二十七日之公告及二零一七年年報所披露者有所變更。根據上市規則第14A.54條,本集團須重新遵守上市規則第14A.53條以設定截至二零一九年十二月三十一日止年度有關現有持續關連交易及重續持續關連交易之年度上限總額如下:

	十二月三十一日止年度 之年度上限 港元
二零一六年租賃協議一	6,428,080
二零一六年租賃協議二	315,432
二零一七年服務協議	216,000
租賃協議一	3,503,280
租賃協議二	630,864
服務協議	108,000
總計	11,201,656

薪酬政策

董事及高級行政人員酬金及本集團五名最高薪酬人士之酬金詳情載於綜合財務報表附註10。

執行委員會按本集團僱員之功績、資歷及能力制訂本集團僱員之薪酬政策。

應付董事之薪酬將視乎薪酬委員會向董事會提供之建議獲批准後,按各自之僱傭合約或服務合約內之條款以及本公司經營業績、個人表現及比較市場統計數字而釐定。

截至二零一九年

118 董事會報告(續)

主要客戶及供應商

於本年度,本集團五大客戶應佔之總銷售,相當於本年度營業總額之30%以下。同時,本集團之五大供應商應佔之總採購,相當於本年度本集團總採購額之30%以下。

據董事所知,概無董事、彼等之緊密聯繫人或任何股東擁有超過本公司已發行股份總數之5%,並於本 集團之五大供應商及客戶中擁有任何實益權益。

購回、出售或贖回股份

本公司或其任何附屬公司概無於截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度內購回、出售或贖回本公司之任何股份。

捐款

本集團於本年度內之慈善捐款為5.4百萬港元。

企業管治

本公司致力維持高水平之企業管治常規。有關本公司所採納之企業管治常規之資料載於第77頁至第92 頁之企業管治報告內。

足夠之公眾持股量

於本報告日,按本公司可以得悉之公開資料所示及就董事所知悉,本公司已維持上市規則所規定之足 夠公眾持股量。

核數師

本公司將於股東週年大會上提呈決議案重新委聘德勤。關黃陳方會計師行連任本公司之核數師。

承董事會命

主席

狄亞法

香港, 二零一九年三月二十五日

Deloitte.

德勤

TO THE MEMBERS OF ALLIED GROUP LIMITED

(Incorporated in Hong Kong with limited liability)

OPINION

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of Allied Group Limited (the "Company") and its subsidiaries (collectively referred to as "the Group") set out on pages 130 to 352, which comprise the consolidated statement of financial position as at 31st December, 2018, and the consolidated statement of profit or loss and the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, consolidated statement of changes in equity and consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements give a true and fair view of the consolidated financial position of the Group as at 31st December, 2018, and of its consolidated financial performance and its consolidated cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards ("HKFRSs") issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants ("HKICPA") and have been properly prepared in compliance with the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

BASIS FOR OPINION

We conducted our audit in accordance with Hong Kong Standards on Auditing ("HKSAs") issued by the HKICPA. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with the HKICPA's Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants ("the Code"), and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

KEY AUDIT MATTERS

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the consolidated financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

致聯合集團有限公司各股東

(於香港註冊成立之有限公司)

意見

本核數師(以下簡稱「吾等」)已審核列載於第130頁至第352頁聯合集團有限公司(「貴公司」)及其附屬公司(統稱「貴集團」)的綜合財務報表,此綜合財務報表包括於二零一八年十二月三十一日的綜合財務狀況表與截至該日止年度的綜合損益表、綜合損益及其他全面收益表、綜合權益變動表及綜合現金流量表,以及綜合財務報表附註,包括主要會計政策概要。

吾等認為,綜合財務報表已根據香港會計師公會(「香港會計師公會」)頒佈的香港財務報告準則(「香港財務報告準則」)真實及公平地反映 貴集團於二零一八年十二月三十一日的綜合財務狀況及截至該日止年度的綜合財務表現及綜合現金流量,並已遵照香港公司條例妥為編製。

意見的基礎

吾等已根據香港會計師公會頒佈的香港審計準則(「香港審計準則」)進行審核。吾等就該等準則下承擔的責任在本報告「核數師就審核綜合財務報表須承擔的責任」部分中闡述。根據香港會計師公會的《專業會計師道德守則》(「守則」),吾等獨立於 貴集團,並已履行守則中的其他專業道德責任。吾等相信,吾等所獲得的審核憑證能充足及適當地為吾等的審核意見提供基礎。

關鍵審核事項

關鍵審核事項是根據吾等的專業判斷,認為對本期綜合財務報表的審核最為重要的事項。這 些事項是在吾等審核整體綜合財務報表及出具 意見時進行處理的。吾等不會對這些事項提供 單獨的意見。

關鍵審核事項(續)

Key audit matter 關鍵審核事項

How our audit addressed the key audit matter 吾等之審核如何處理關鍵審核事項

Valuation of investment properties situated in Hong Kong 香港投資物業之估值

We identified the valuation of investment properties situated in Hong Kong as a key audit matter due to the significance of the balance to the consolidated financial statements as a whole and level of judgment in determining their respective fair values.

Approximately 95% of the investment properties represent residential properties, car parking spaces, commercial properties and a godown located in Hong Kong. The carrying amount of investment properties situated in Hong Kong was HK\$9,266.7 million as at 31st December, 2018 with a resulting change in fair value of HK\$739.8 million recognised in the consolidated statement of profit or loss for the year then ended.

All of the Group's investment properties are held at fair value based on valuations performed by independent qualified professional valuers not connected with the Group (the "Valuers").

Details of the valuation methodology and key inputs used in the valuations are disclosed in note 17 to the consolidated financial statements. The valuations are dependent on certain key inputs that involve management judgment, including term yield, reversionary yield and reversionary rental for investment properties. A table showing the relationship of significant unobservable inputs to fair value is also disclosed in this note.

由於香港投資物業估值之結餘對綜合財務報表整體而 言屬重大,吾等將香港投資物業之估值以及於釐定彼 等各自公平價值時涉及之判斷水平視為關鍵審核事 項。

約95%之投資物業指位於香港之住宅物業、車位、商業物業及貨倉。該等香港投資物業於二零一八年十二月三十一日之賬面值為9,266.7百萬港元,公平價值變動739.8百萬港元乃於截至該日止年度的綜合損益表內確認。

貴集團之全部投資物業根據與 貴集團概無關連之獨立專業合資格估值師(「估值師」)進行之估值按公平價值持有。

有關估值所用估值方法及主要輸入數據詳情於綜合財務報表附註17內披露。估值取決於涉及管理層判斷之若干關鍵輸入數據(包括投資物業之年期收益率、復歸收益率及復歸租金)。載列重大不可觀察輸入數據與公平價值之關係之列表亦於本附註內披露。

Our procedures in relation to the valuation of investment properties situated in Hong Kong included:

- Evaluating the competence, capabilities and objectivity of the Valuers and an understanding of the valuation methodology, the performance of the property markets, significant assumptions adopted, critical judgment on key inputs and data used in the valuations;
- Assessing the reasonableness of the key inputs and source data used in the valuations by management and the Valuers by comparing them, on a sample basis, to publicly available information of similar comparable properties; and
- Re-performing the sensitivity analysis on the key inputs to evaluate the magnitude of their impacts on the fair values.

吾等就有關評估香港投資物業所執行之程序包括:

- 評估估值師之勝任能力、專業能力及客觀性並對估值方法、物業市場表現、所採用的假設、關鍵輸入數據與用作估值之數據作出的重要判斷進行了解;
- 以抽樣為基礎,通過與類似可資比較物業的公開資料進行比較,評估管理層與估值師於估值中所用關鍵輸入數據及原始數據的合理性;及
- 重新對關鍵輸入數據進行敏感度分析,以評估彼等 對公平價值之影響幅度。

關鍵審核事項(續)

Key audit matter 關鍵審核事項 How our audit addressed the key audit matter 吾等之審核如何處理關鍵審核事項

Impairment assessments of interests in associates – Tian An China Investments Company Limited ("TACI") and Sun Hung Kai Financial Group Limited ("SHKFGL")

於聯營公司天安中國投資有限公司(「天安」)及新鴻基金融集團有限公司(「新鴻基金融集團」)之權益之減值評估

We have identified the impairment assessments of interests in TACI and SHKFGL as a key audit matter due to the significance of the balance to the consolidated financial statements as a whole and level of judgment (as stated in note 4 to the consolidated financial statements) in determining the estimated recoverable amount of the relevant interests in the associates.

As at 31st December, 2018, the management conducted impairment assessments to ensure that the carrying amounts of the interests in TACI and SHKFGL are lower than their respective estimated recoverable amounts. The estimated recoverable amounts of TACI and SHKFGL have been determined with reference to their value in use and fair values less costs of disposal respectively, which are inherently subjective being dependent on the inputs that require management judgment and assumptions about the discounted future cash flows of the respective associates and the related discount rates.

As disclosed in note 23 to the consolidated financial statements, the carrying amounts of TACI and SHKFGL are HK\$10,979.4 million and HK\$1,131.0 million respectively. The management has concluded that there is no impairment in respect of the Group's interest in TACI as its value in use is higher than its carrying amount. A reversal of impairment loss on interest in SHKFGL of HK\$66.7 million was made as its fair value less costs of disposal is higher than its carrying amount in current year.

吾等確認於天安及新鴻基金融集團之權益之減值評估 為一項關鍵審核事項乃由於結餘對綜合財務報表整體 而言屬重大以及於釐定於聯營公司之相關權益之估計 可收回金額時涉及判斷水平(如綜合財務報表附註4所 述)。

於二零一八年十二月三十一日,管理層進行了減值評估,以確保於天安及新鴻基金融集團之權益之賬面值低於其各自之估計可收回金額。天安及新鴻基金融集團的估計可收回金額乃分別參考其使用價值及公平價值減出售成本釐定,帶有主觀性即取決於須管理層對相關聯營公司的折現未來現金流量及相關的貼現率作出判斷及假設的輸入數據。

誠如綜合財務報表附註23所披露,天安及新鴻基金融集團的賬面值分別為10,979.4百萬港元及1,131.0百萬港元。管理層的結論為 貴集團於天安之權益並無減值,原因是其使用價值高於其賬面值。於本年度已撥回新鴻基金融集團利息減值虧損66.7百萬港元,因其公平價值減出售成本高於其賬面值。

Our procedures in relation to the impairment assessments of interests in TACI and SHKFGL included:

- Obtaining an understanding of the process and testing the internal controls over the annual impairment assessment including the Group's assessment of indicators of impairment, preparation of the cash flow forecasts, setting of reasonable and supportable assumptions and inputs to the models used to estimate the recoverable amount;
- Evaluating the appropriateness of the valuation methodology and the models used, with the assistance of our internal valuation specialist, where appropriate;
- Evaluating the reasonableness of the inputs and assumptions used to determine the cash flow forecasts with reference to historical performance, economic and industry indicators, publicly available information and the Group's strategic plans; and
- Re-performing the underlying calculations used in the Group's assessment and performing sensitivity analysis of the inputs used.

吾等就有關於天安及新鴻基金融集團之權益之減值評估 所執行之程序包括:

- 了解進行年度減值評估的程序並對其內部監控進行 測試,包括 貴集團對減值指標的評估、現金流預 測的編製、合理及具支持性假設的設定及輸入模式 用於評估可收回金額的輸入數據;
- 在內部估值專家協助下(倘適用),評估所用估值方法及模型的適當性;
- 参考過往表現、經濟及行業指標、公開資料及 貴 集團戰略計劃評估釐定現金流預測所用的輸入數據 及假設的合理性;及
- 重新進行於 貴集團評估中所用的相關計算並對所用的輸入數據進行敏感度測試。

關鍵審核事項(續)

Key audit matter 關鍵審核事項 How our audit addressed the key audit matter 吾等之審核如何處理關鍵審核事項

Impairment of loans and advances to consumer finance customers, mortgage loans and term loans (loss allowance for expected credit losses ("ECL") upon application of HKFRS 9 "Financial Instruments" ("HKFRS 9")) 消費金融客戶貸款及墊款、按揭貸款以及有期貸款之減值(於採用香港財務報告準則第9號「金融工具」(「香港財務報告準則第9號」)後預期信貸虧損(「預期信貸虧損」)之虧損撥備)

We identified the impairment of loans and advances to consumer finance customers, mortgage loans and term loans as a key audit matter due to significant management judgment involved in identification and measurement of expected credit losses.

The key changes arising from the adoption of HKFRS 9 are that the Group's credit losses are now estimated based on an expected loss model rather than an incurred loss model.

As disclosed in notes 27, 28 and 30 to the consolidated financial statements, the Group has loans and advances to consumer finance customers of HK\$9,769.7 million, after recognising an impairment allowance of HK\$645.6 million, mortgage loans of HK\$3,854.2 million, after recognising an impairment allowance of HK\$9.7 million and term loans of HK\$4,467.7 million, after recognising an impairment allowance of HK\$167.2 million, as at 31st December 2018. As explained in note 2 to the consolidated financial statements, in current year, the Group adopted HKFRS 9 and recognised an additional impairment of HK\$114.1 million as at 1st January, 2018 in accordance with the transitional provisions of HKFRS 9.

吾等確認消費金融客戶貸款及墊款、按揭貸款以及有 期貸款估值為一項關鍵審核事項乃由於識別及計量預 期信貸虧損涉及重大管理層判斷

採納香港財務報告準則第9號導致之主要變動為 貴 集團之信貸虧損現時基於預期信貸模式(而非已產生 虧損模式)估計。

誠如綜合財務報表附註27、28及30所披露,於二零一八年十二月三十一日, 貴集團的消費金融客戶貸款及墊款經確認減值撥備645.6百萬港元後為9,769.7百萬港元、按揭貸款經確認減值撥備9.7百萬港元後為3,854.2百萬港元,而有期貸款經確認減值撥備167.2百萬港元後為4,467.7百萬港元。誠如綜合財務報表附註2所闡釋,於本年度, 貴集團採用香港財務報告準則第9號,並根據香港財務報告準則第9號的過度性條文於二零一八年一月一日確認額外減值114.1百萬港元。

Our procedures in relation to the impairment of loans and advances to consumer finance customers, mortgage loans and term loans included:

- Inquiring the management to understand the approach applied on ECL model of loans and advances to consumer finance customers, mortgage loans and term loans;
- Understanding key controls on how the management estimates impairment for loans and advances to consumer finance customers, mortgage loans and term loans;
- Testing the accuracy of the ECL adjustment made by the Group as at 1st January, 2018 on initial adoption of HKFRS 9;
- Testing the integrity of information used by management to develop the provision matrix on a sample basis, by comparing individual items in the analysis with the relevant loan agreements and other supporting documents;

吾等就有關消費金融客戶貸款及墊款、按揭貸款及有期 貸款之減值所執行之程序包括:

- 向管理層查詢以了解就貸款及消費金融客戶貸款及 墊款、按揭貸款及有期貸款的預期信貸虧損模式使 用的方法;
- 了解管理層估計消費金融客戶貸款及墊款、按揭貸 款及有期貸款的主要控制事項;
- 測試 貴集團於二零一八年一月一日初次採用香港 財務報告準則第9號時作出的預期信貸虧損調整的 準確性;
- 將分析中的個別項目與相關貸款協議及其他佐證文件作比較,藉此抽樣測試管理層制訂撥備矩陣時所用資料的完整性;

關鍵審核事項(續)

Key audit matter 關鍵審核事項 How our audit addressed the key audit matter 吾等之審核如何處理關鍵審核事項

Impairment of loans and advances to consumer finance customers, mortgage loans and term loans (loss allowance for expected credit losses ("ECL") upon application of HKFRS 9 "Financial Instruments" ("HKFRS 9")) (Cont'd) 消費金融客戶貸款及墊款、按揭貸款以及有期貸款之減值(於採用香港財務報告準則第9號「金融工具」(「香港財務報告準則第9號」)後預期信貸虧損(「預期信貸虧損」)之虧損撥備)(續)

The assessment of impairment for loans and advances to consumer finance customers, mortgage loans and term loans involves significant management judgments and estimates on the amount of expected credit loss at the reporting date.

At each reporting date, the management assesses whether there has been a significant increase in credit risk for exposures since initial recognition by comparing the risk of default occurring over the expected life between the reporting date and the date of initial recognition. The management considers reasonably supportable information that is relevant and available without undue cost or effort for this purpose. This includes quantitative and qualitative information and also, forward-looking analysis.

消費金融客戶貸款及墊款、按揭貸款及有期貸款的減 值評估涉及重大管理層判斷及有關結算日預期信貸虧 損金額的估計。

於各結算日,管理層評估信貸風險是否自初次確認以來大幅增加,方式為比較結算日及初次確認日期之間的預期年期內發生違約的風險。管理層就此考慮毋須 耗費過多成本或精力而可取得的相關合理可依據資料,包括定量及定性資料,亦包括前瞻性分析。

- Challenging management's basis and judgment in determining the appropriateness of management's grouping of loans and advances to consumer finance customers and mortgage loans into different categories in the provision matrix, the inputs and assumptions applied on the ECL model, including probability of default, loss given default, the Group's historical loss experience and forward-looking information, with the assistance of our internal specialist;
- Assessing the appropriateness of the inputs and assumptions applied on the ECL model of term loans, including probability of default, loss given default and forward-looking information, with the assistance of our internal specialist;
- Reviewing the Group's historical loss experience;
- Assessing the reasonableness and appropriateness
 of the management's judgment on staging criteria
 for determining if a significant increase in credit
 risk has occurred and the basis for classification of
 exposures into the 3 stages as required by HKFRS 9
 and examining loan exposures on a sample basis to
 evaluate if there has been timely identification and
 classification of loan exposures into the 3 stages as
 required by HKFRS 9;
- 在內部專家的協助下,質疑管理層於釐定其在撥備 矩陣中將消費金融客戶貸款及墊款及按揭貸款歸類 為不同類別、預期信貸虧損模式所用的輸入數據及 假設(包括違約概率、違約損失率、 貴集團過往虧 損經驗及前瞻性資料)是否合適時所用的基準及判 斷;
- 在內部專家的協助下,評估有期貸款預期信貸虧損模式所用的輸入數據及假設是否合適,包括違約概率、違約損失率及前瞻性資料;
- 審閱 貴集團過往的虧損經驗;
- 評估管理層就釐定信貸風險有否顯著增加的分階段標準所作的判斷及按香港財務報告準則第9號的規定將風險分類為三個階段的基準之合理性及合適性,並抽樣檢查貸款風險,以評估是否有按照香港財務報告準則第9號的規定,及時將貸款風險識別及分類為第三階段;

關鍵審核事項(續)

Key audit matter 關鍵審核事項 How our audit addressed the key audit matter 吾等之審核如何處理關鍵審核事項

Impairment of loans and advances to consumer finance customers, mortgage loans and term loans (loss allowance for expected credit losses ("ECL") upon application of HKFRS 9 "Financial Instruments" ("HKFRS 9")) (Cont'd) 消費金融客戶貸款及墊款、按揭貸款以及有期貸款之減值(於採用香港財務報告準則第9號「金融工具」(「香港財務報告準則第9號」)後預期信貸虧損(「預期信貸虧損」)之虧損撥備)(續)

In assessing the lifetime ECL on credit-impaired financial assets classified as stage 3, the Group performs the assessment based on the Group's historical credit loss experience, adjusted for factors specific to the borrowers, general economic conditions, the current conditions at the reporting date and forward-looking analysis. The Group also reviews the value of the collateral received from the customers in measuring impairment. The methodology and assumptions used for estimating the impairment amount are reviewed regularly to reduce any differences between loss estimates and actual loss experience.

評估分類為第三級的信貸減值金融資產的全期預期 信貸虧損時, 貴集團根據 貴集團的過往信貸虧 損經驗進行評估,並就借款人的特定因素、一般經 濟狀況、於結算日的當前狀況及前瞻性分析作出調 整。 貴集團於計量減值時亦審閱自客戶收取的抵押 品的價值。估計減值金額時所用的方法及假設定期予 以審閱,以減少虧損估計與實際虧損經驗之間的差 思。

- Testing the mathematical accuracy of the loss allowance for ECL:
- For loans and advances to consumer finance customers, mortgage loans and term loans classified at stage 3, we examined underlying documentation supporting the value of the collateral, if any, and the management's key estimations used in the individual impairment assessment for loans and advances to consumer finance customers, mortgage loans and term loans on a sample basis; and
- Evaluating the disclosures regarding the impairment measurement of loans and advances to consumer finance customers, mortgage loans and term loans in notes 27, 28, 30 and 42 to the consolidated financial statements.
- 測試預期信貸虧損之虧損撥備計算結果是否準確;
- 就分類為第三階段的消費金融客戶貸款及墊款、按 揭貸款及有期貸款而言,我們已抽樣檢查佐證抵押 品(如有)價值的相關文件,以及管理層就消費金融 客戶貸款及墊款、按揭貸款及有期貸款個別減值評 估所用的主要估計;及
- 評估附註27、28、30及42中有關消費金融客戶貸款及墊款、按揭貸款及有期貸款減值計量的披露。

關鍵審核事項(續)

Key audit matter 關鍵審核事項 How our audit addressed the key audit matter 吾等之審核如何處理關鍵審核事項

Valuation of financial instruments classified as level 3 under fair value hierarchy 分類為公平價值等級第三級之金融工具之估值

We identified the valuation of financial instruments classified as level 3 under the fair value hierarchy ("Level 3 financial instruments") as a key audit matter due to the degree of complexity involved in valuing the instruments and the significance of the judgments and estimates made by management. In particular, the determination of unobservable inputs is considerably more subjective given the lack of availability of market-based data.

Our procedures in relation to the valuation of level 3 financial instruments included:

- Obtaining an understanding of the valuation methodologies and the processes performed by the management with respect to the valuation of Level 3 financial instruments;
- For a sample of financial instruments, performing the following procedures, with the assistance of our internal valuation specialist, as appropriate:
 - Evaluating the appropriateness of the methodologies and valuation techniques used by management for Level 3 financial instruments; and
 - Assessing the reasonableness and relevance of key assumptions and inputs based on our industry knowledge;

吾等確認分類為公平價值等級第三級之金融工具(「第三級金融工具」)之估值為一項關鍵審核事項乃由於對該等工具進行估值涉及的複雜程度及管理層所作的重大判斷及估計。尤其是,由於缺少市場數據,決定不可觀察輸入數據相較而言極具主觀性。

吾等就有關第三級之金融工具之估值所執行之程序包括:

- 了解管理層就第三級金融工具之估值所執行之估值 方法及流程;
- 就金融工具樣本而言,在吾等之內部估值專家協助 下執行以下程序(視情況而定):
 - 評估管理層就第三級金融工具所採用的方法及 估值方法的適當性;及
 - 根據吾等之行業知識評估主要假設及輸入數據 的合理性及相關性;

關鍵審核事項(續)

Key audit matter 關鍵審核事項 How our audit addressed the key audit matter 吾等之審核如何處理關鍵審核事項

Valuation of financial instruments classified as level 3 under fair value hierarchy (Cont'd) 分類為公平價值等級第三級之金融工具之估值(續)

At 31st December, 2018, HK\$7,550.1 million of the Group's total financial assets (including financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income of HK\$21.6 million and financial assets at fair value through profit or loss of HK\$7,528.5 million) and HK\$22.9 million of the Group's total financial liabilities carried at fair value were classified as level 3 under the fair value hierarchy.

These include an unlisted put right for shares in an associate, unlisted overseas equity securities with a put right for shares and unlisted overseas investment funds with carrying amount at 31st December, 2018 of HK\$1,120.0 million, HK\$856.6 million and HK\$5,157.3 million, respectively.

於二零一八年十二月三十一日, 貴集團的總金融資產(包括透過其他全面收益按公平價值處理之金融資產21.6百萬港元及透過損益賬按公平價值處理之金融資產7,528.5百萬港元),及 貴集團按公平價值列賬的總金融負債22.9百萬港元分類為公平價值等級第三級。

其包括非上市之一間聯營公司股份認沽權、含股份認沽權之非上市海外股本證券及非上市海外投資基金,其於二零一八年十二月三十一日之賬面值分別為1,120.0百萬港元、856.6百萬港元及5,157.3百萬港元。

- In respect of unlisted put right for shares in an associate and unlisted overseas equity securities with a put right for shares, in addition to the above procedures, testing the mathematical accuracy of the valuation model, with the assistance of our internal valuation specialist; and
- In respect of the unlisted overseas investment funds, checking the net asset value against the financial information provided by fund managers or fund administrators, as appropriate.
- 就非上市之一間聯營公司股份認沽權及含股份認沽權之非上市海外股本證券而言,除以上程序外,在 吾等之內部估值專家協助下測試估值模式的計算精 確性;及
- 就非上市海外投資基金而言,將資產淨值與基金經 理或基金管理人(如適用)提供的財務資料進行核實。

OTHER INFORMATION

The directors of the Company are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the annual report, but does not include the consolidated financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the consolidated financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the consolidated financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the consolidated financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

RESPONSIBILITIES OF DIRECTORS AND THOSE CHARGED WITH GOVERNANCE FOR THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation of the consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with HKFRSs issued by the HKICPA and the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Group's financial reporting process.

其他信息

貴公司董事須對其他信息承擔責任。其他信息 包括年報中所包含的信息,但不包括綜合財務 報表及吾等就此發出的核數師報告。

吾等對綜合財務報表作出的意見並不涵蓋其他 信息,且吾等不對其他信息發表任何形式的鑒 證結論。

就審核綜合財務報表而言,吾等的責任是閱讀 其他信息,從而考慮其他信息是否與綜合財務 報表或吾等在審核過程中獲悉的信息存在重大 不符,或似乎存在重大錯誤陳述。基於吾等已 執行的工作,如果吾等認為其他信息存在重大 錯誤陳述,吾等須報告此事實。在這方面,吾 等沒有任何報告。

董事及治理層就綜合財務報表須承擔的責 任

貴公司董事須負責根據香港會計師公會頒佈的 香港財務報告準則及香港公司條例編製綜合財 務報表,以令綜合財務報表作出真實而公允的 反映,及落實其認為編製綜合財務報表所必要 的內部監控,以使綜合財務報表不存在由於欺 詐或錯誤而導致的重大錯誤陳述。

在編製綜合財務報表時,董事須負責評估 貴 集團持續經營的能力,並披露與持續經營有關 的事項(如適用),且除非董事有意將 貴集團 清盤或停止營運,或除此之外並無其他實際 可行的辦法,否則董事須採用持續經營會計基

治理層須負責監督 貴集團的財務報告過程。

AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE AUDIT OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion solely to you, as a body, in accordance with section 405 of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance, and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility towards or accept liability to any other person for the contents of this report. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with HKSAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with HKSAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the directors.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.

核數師就審核綜合財務報表須承擔的責任

吾等的目標乃對綜合財務報表整體是否不存在由於欺詐或錯誤而導致的重大錯誤陳述取得得,並出具包括吾等意見的核數師報告,並按照香港公司條例第405條僅向 閣下(作為整體)報告,除此之外本報告別無其他人士為會不會就本報告的內容向任何其他人士為高水平的人保證為高水平的人保證接照香港審計準則進行的審核或或能發現重大錯誤陳述。錯誤陳述可以由欺詐不可能以引起,如果合理預期其單獨或匯總起來表能誤引起,如果合理預期其單獨或匯總起來表能誤引起,如果合理預期其單獨或匯總起來表能誤引起,則有關的錯誤陳述可被視作重大。

在根據香港審計準則進行審核的過程中,吾等運用專業判斷,保持專業懷疑態度。吾等亦:

- 識別及評估由於欺詐或錯誤而導致綜合財務報表存在重大錯誤陳述的風險,設計及執行審核程序以應對該等風險,以及獲取充足及適當的審核憑證,作為吾等意見的基礎。由於欺詐可能涉及串謀、偽造、蓄意遺漏、虛假陳述,或凌駕於內部監控之上,因此未能發現因欺詐而導致的重大錯誤陳述的風險高於未能發現因錯誤而導致的重大錯誤陳述的風險。
- 了解與審核相關的內部監控,以設計在有關情況下屬適當的審核程序,但目的並非對 貴集團內部監控的有效性發表意見。
- 評估董事所採用會計政策的適當性以及作出會計估計及相關披露的合理性。
- 對董事採用持續經營會計基準的適當性作出結論,並根據所獲取的審核憑證,確定是否存在與事項或情況有關的重大不確定性,從而可能導致對 貴集團的持續經營能力產生重大疑慮。倘吾等認為存在重大不確定性,則有必要在核數師報告中提請使用者注意綜合財務報表中的相關披露。假若有關的披露不足,則修訂吾等的結論乃基於直至核數師報告日期止所取得的審核憑證。然而,未來事項情況可能導致 貴集團不能持續經營業務。

AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE AUDIT OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONT'D)

- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Group to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

The engagement partner on the audit resulting in the independent auditor's report is Sze Ching Yiu.

核數師就審核綜合財務報表須承擔的責任 (續)

- 評估綜合財務報表的整體列報方式、結構 及內容,包括披露,以及綜合財務報表是 否公平反映相關交易及事項。
- 就 貴集團內實體或業務活動的財務資料 獲取充足適當的審核憑證,以便對綜合財 務報表發表意見。吾等負責 貴集團審核 的方向、監督及執行。吾等為審核意見承 擔全部責任。

除其他事項外,吾等與治理層溝通審核的計劃 範圍及時間以及重大審核發現等,其中包括吾 等在審核中識別出內部監控的任何重大不足之 處。

吾等亦向治理層提交聲明,表明吾等已符合有 關獨立性的相關專業道德要求,並與彼等溝通 可能合理被認為會影響吾等獨立性的所有關係 及其他事項以及在適用的情況下相關的防範措 施。

從與治理層溝通的事項中,吾等確定該等對本期綜合財務報表的審核最為重要的事項,因而構成關鍵審核事項。吾等在核數師報告中闡釋該等事項,除非法律或規例不允許公開披露該等事項,或在極端罕見的情況下,合理預期倘於吾等之報告中註明某事項造成的負面後果超過產生的公眾利益,則吾等決定不應在報告中註明該事項。

出具本獨立核數師報告的審核項目合夥人為施清耀。

Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu *Certified Public Accountants*

Hong Kong 25th March, 2019 德勤 ● 關黃陳方會計師行 執業會計師

香港 二零一九年三月二十五日



for the year ended 31st December, 2018

綜合損益表

截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度

		Notes 附註	2018 二零一八年 HK\$ Million 百萬港元	2017 二零一七年 HK\$ Million 百萬港元
Revenue Interest income Other revenue	收入 利息收入 其他收入	5 & 6	4,175.9 907.1	3,697.3 843.4
Other income	其他收入		5,083.0 324.0	4,540.7 140.6
Total income	總收入		5,407.0	4,681.3
Cost of sales and other direct costs Brokerage and commission expenses Selling and marketing expenses Administrative expenses Changes in values of properties Net gain on financial assets and liabilities at fair value through profit or loss	銷售成本及其他直接成本 經紀費及佣金費用 銷售及市場推廣費用 行政費用 物業價值變動 透過損益賬 按公平價值處理之 金融資產及 負債收益淨額	7	(495.6) (50.5) (159.2) (1,441.0) 743.5	(365.6) (46.7) (145.6) (1,476.8) 978.3
Net exchange loss Net impairment losses on	匯兑虧損淨額 金融工具之減值		(9.7)	(102.4)
financial instruments Bad and doubtful debts Other operating expenses Finance costs Share of results of associates Share of results of joint ventures	虧損淨額 呆壞賬 其他經營費用 融資成本 應佔聯營公司業績 應佔合營公司業績	9 9 12	(908.4) - (123.3) (440.7) 498.4 336.2	(388.1) (287.5) (369.8) 1,276.3 659.4
Profit before taxation	除税前溢利	13	3,463.5	5,882.0
Taxation	税項	14	(254.1)	(331.2)
Profit for the year	本年度溢利		3,209.4	5,550.8
Attributable to: Owners of the Company Non-controlling interests	應佔方: 本公司股東 非控股權益		1,698.3 1,511.1 3,209.4	3,235.9 2,314.9 5,550.8
			HK\$ 港元	HK\$ 港元
Earnings per share	每股盈利	15		
Basic	基本		9.66	18.35
Diluted	攤薄		9.66	18.35

綜合損益及其他全面收益表 截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度

for the year ended	31st December,	2018
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		2018 二零一八年 HK\$ Million 百萬港元	2017 二零一七年 HK\$ Million 百萬港元
Profit for the year	本年度溢利	3,209.4	5,550.8
Other comprehensive (expenses) income:	其他全面(費用)收益:		
Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss: Investments in equity instruments at fair value through other	將不會重新分類至損益賬 之項目: 透過其他全面收益 按公平價值處理之		
comprehensive income – Net fair value changes during the year Share of other comprehensive (expenses)	權益工具投資 一本年度公平價值變動淨額 應佔聯營公司其他全面(費用)	(132.2)	-
income of associates Share of other comprehensive	收益 應佔合營公司其他全面	(216.1)	337.3
income of joint ventures	收益	1.6	0.2
		(346.7)	337.5
Items that may be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss: Available-for-sale financial assets	<i>其後可能重新分類至損益賬</i> <i>之項目:</i> 可供出售金融資產		
Net fair value changes during the yearReclassification adjustment to	一本年度公平價值變動淨額一於出售時重新分類調整至	-	(136.7)
profit or loss on disposal - Reclassification adjustment to	損益賬 一於減值時重新分類調整至	-	5.2
profit or loss on impairment	損益賬	_	176.2
		_	44.7
Investments in financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	透過其他全面收益 按公平價值處理之 金融資產投資		
 Net fair value changes during the year Reclassification adjustment to 	一本年度公平價值變動淨額 一於出售時重新分類調整至	(2.8)	-
profit or loss on disposal	損益賬	(3.0)	
		(5.8)	

截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度

		2018 二零一八年 HK\$ Million 百萬港元	2017 二零一七年 HK\$ Million 百萬港元
Exchange differences arising on translation of foreign operations Reclassification adjustment to profit or loss on deemed disposal of an	折算海外業務賬項而產生之 匯兑差額 於視作出售一間聯營公司時 重新分類調整至	(329.9)	465.6
associate	損益賬	2.1	-
Reclassification adjustment to profit or loss on disposal of an associate Reclassification adjustment to profit or	於出售一間聯營公司時 重新分類調整至損益賬 於出售合營公司時重新	(7.6)	-
loss on disposal of joint ventures Share of other comprehensive (expenses)	分類調整至損益賬 應佔聯營公司其他全面	2.8	-
income of associates	(費用)收益	(63.9)	70.8
Share of other comprehensive (expenses) income of joint ventures	應佔合營公司其他全面 (費用)收益	(5.9)	2.3
		(408.2)	583.4
Other comprehensive (expenses) income for the year, net of tax	本年度其他全面(費用)收益, 已扣除税項	(754.9)	920.9
Total comprehensive income for the year	本年度全面收益總額	2,454.5	6,471.7
Attributable to: Owners of the Company Non-controlling interests	應佔方: 本公司股東 非控股權益	1,330.6 1,123.9	3,700.8 2,770.9
		2,454.5	6,471.7

at 31st December, 2018

綜合財務狀況表於二零一八年十二月三十一日

			2018	2017
		N. 1	二零一八年	二零一七年
		Notes	HK\$ Million	HK\$ Million
		附註	百萬港元	百萬港元
	JL và = 1 \m - à-			
Non-current assets	非流動資產	17	0.700.6	0.040.1
Investment properties	投資物業	17	9,789.6	9,048.1
Property, plant and equipment	物業、廠房及設備	18	1,088.2	1,120.2
Prepaid land lease payments	預繳地價	19	4.0	4.4
Goodwill	商譽 無形資產	20	134.1	134.1
Intangible assets	無形質性 於聯營公司之權益	21	29.5	21.9
Interests in associates	於合營公司之權益	23 24	13,258.6 3,455.0	13,291.1 3,163.7
Interests in joint ventures Available-for-sale financial assets	可供出售金融資產	25	3,433.0	621.0
	透過其他全面收益按公平	23	_	021.0
Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	價值處理之金融資產	25	319.2	
Amounts due from associates	聯營公司欠款	31	276.4	284.8
Loans and advances to consumer	一年後到期之消費金融客	31	270.4	204.0
finance customers due after one year	戶貸款及墊款	27	2,618.9	2,322.8
Mortgage loans	按揭貸款	28	1,956.8	1,243.1
Deferred tax assets	遞延税項資產	29	730.3	649.6
Financial assets at fair value	透過損益賬按公平價值		70010	0.3.0
through profit or loss	處理之金融資產	25	6,593.1	5,067.2
Term loans, trade receivables,	有期貸款、應收貿易款		,	,
prepayments and other	項、預付款項及			
receivables	其他應收款項	30	98.4	505.8
			40,352.1	37,477.8
			,	
Current assets	流動資產			
Other inventories	其他存貨		0.3	0.2
Financial assets at fair value through	透過損益賬按公平價值			
profit or loss	處理之金融資產	25	5,091.1	7,081.5
Prepaid land lease payments	預繳地價	19	0.1	0.1
Loans and advances to consumer finance	一年內到期之消費金融			
customers due within one year	客戶貸款及墊款	27	7,150.8	6,840.8
Mortgage loans	按揭貸款	28	1,897.4	877.3
Term loans, trade receivables,	有期貸款、應收貿易項、			
prepayments and	預付款項及			
other receivables	其他應收款項	30	4,889.9	3,211.7
Amounts due from brokers	經紀欠款		516.5	728.7
Amounts due from associates	聯營公司欠款	31	288.5	233.8
Amounts due from joint ventures	合營公司欠款	31	9.8	9.1
Available-for-sale financial assets	可供出售金融資產	25	_	86.6
Tax recoverable	可收回税項		8.2	5.9
Short-term pledged bank deposits and	短期抵押銀行存款及	2.7	20.0	1.2
bank balances	銀行結餘 銀行存款	32 32	20.0 353.5	1.2 787.7
Bank deposits	現金及現金等價物	32	5,629.1	3,330.3
Cash and cash equivalents	<u> </u>	32	3,049.1	3,330.3
			25 055 2	22.104.0
			25,855.2	23,194.9



at 31st December, 2018

於二零一八年十二月三十一日

		Notes 附註	2018 二零一八年 HK\$ Million 百萬港元	2017 二零一七年 HK\$ Million 百萬港元
Current liabilities	流動負債			
Trade payables, other payables and	應付貿易款項、其他			
accruals	應付款項及應計款項	33	382.8	463.4
Financial assets sold under repurchase	回購協議下出售之 金融資產	34	1 216 5	1 071 0
agreements Financial liabilities at fair value through	透過損益賬按公平價值	34	1,216.5	1,071.0
profit or loss	處理之金融負債	25	425.3	166.0
Contract liabilities	合約負債	26	16.5	-
Amounts due to associates	欠聯營公司款項		7.4	7.4
Amounts due to joint ventures Tax payable	欠合營公司款項 應付税項		40.1 191.4	0.1 161.0
Bank and other borrowings due within	一年內到期之銀行及		131.1	101.0
one year	其他借貸	38	7,569.8	2,784.9
Notes/papers payable	應付票據	39	740.7	1,063.8
Provisions	撥備	40	105.6	71.1
			10,696.1	5,788.7
Net current assets	流動資產淨值		15,159.1	17,406.2
Total assets less current liabilities	總資產減流動負債		55,511.2	54,884.0

at 31st December, 2018

於二零一八年十二月三十一日

			2018 二零一八年	2017 二零一七年
		Notes	ー奏一八年 HK\$ Million	一令一七年 HK\$ Million
		附註	百萬港元	百萬港元
Capital and reserves	股本及儲備			
Share capital	股本	35	2,221.7	2,221.7
Reserves	儲備	37	24,010.9	22,847.7
Equity attributable to owners of the	本公司股東應佔			
Company	權益		26,232.6	25,069.4
	보 I로 E BB W I를 구기 됩니			
Shares held for employee ownership scheme	為僱員股份擁有計劃 持有股份		(29.7)	(7.6)
Employee share-based compensation	以股份支付之僱員酬金		(23.7)	(7.0)
reserve	儲備		10.5	5.1
Share of net assets of subsidiaries	應佔附屬公司淨資產		20,448.5	21,193.6
Non-controlling interests	非控股權益		20,429.3	21,191.1
Total equity	權益總額		46,661.9	46,260.5
• /				<u> </u>
Non-current liabilities	非流動負債			
Bank and other borrowings due after one year	一年後到期之銀行及 其他借貸	38	1,961.8	1,740.4
Notes/papers payable	應付票據	39	6,693.6	6,694.4
Deferred tax liabilities	遞延税項負債	29	189.0	185.4
Provisions	撥備	40	4.9	3.3
			8,849.3	8,623.5
			5,5.315	5,523.3
			55,511.2	54,884.0

The consolidated financial statements on pages 130 to 352 were approved and authorised for issue by the Board of Directors on 25th March, 2019, and are signed on its behalf by:

第130頁至第352頁之綜合財務報表經董事會 於二零一九年三月二十五日批准及授權刊發, 並由下列董事代表簽署:

Arthur George Dew 狄亞法 DIRECTOR 董事 Edwin Lo King Yau 勞景祐 DIRECTOR 董事

Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity

for the year ended 31st December, 2018

綜合權益變動表

截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度

Property Investment revaluation gave a faging that a faging the serve capital was a faging a faging was a faging a	Non-distributable Tanslation #供孫發 應送儲備 排除,例 HK\$ Million HK\$ Milli	Capital and other reserves 資本及 其他儲備 HK\$ Million 百萬港元	Accumulated			Shares held for employee	Employee share-based	Share of net		
F一月一日 2,221.7 244.4 (全海額 - 1.1 (本海額 - 1.1 (本海額 - 1.1 (本海額 - 1.1 (本海額			prons 累計溢利 HK\$ Million F 百萬港元	Dividend reserve 股息儲備 HK\$ Million 日萬港元	Total 總計 HK\$ Million 百萬港元	ownership scheme 為僱員股份 擁有計劃 持有股份 HK\$ Million 百萬港元	compensation reserve 以股份 支付之僱員 剛金儲備 HK\$ Million 百萬港元	assets of subsidiaries 應佔 附屬公司 淨資產 HK\$ Million 百萬港元	Total 總計 HK\$ Million 百萬港元	Total equity 權益總額 HKS Million 百萬港元
 「面吸蓋 兩注36) - 1.1 「益總額 - 1.1 「之儲備變動			18,997.3	327.1	21,758.3	(9.1)	4.8	19,357.6	19,353.3	41,111.6
		0.2	3,235.9	1 1	3,235.9	1 1	1 1	2,314.9	2,314.9	5,550.8
	400.7	0.7	3,235.9	1	3,700.8	1	1	2,770.9	2,770.9	6,471.7
	4.3	(118.2)	(4.3)	1	(118.2)	1	1	(39.4)	(39.4)	(157.6)
		1	60.1	ı	60.1	ı	ı	(256.3)	(256.3)	(196.2)
(強性) (現在) (現在) (現在) (現在) (現在) (現在) (現在) (現在	ı	74.9	1	ı	74.9	ı	ı	25.0	25.0	99.9
会 業績 名	1	1	(0.5)	1	(0.5)	1	1	0.5	0.5	1
	1	1	1	1	ı	ı	1	(73.5)	(73.5)	(73.5)
	ı	ı	1	ı	1	(4.8)	1	1	(4.8)	(4.8)
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	1	1	ı	1	ı	9	(6.3)	ı	ı	ı
						3	2			
	1	1	ı	1	1	1	9.9	1	9.9	9.9
正,以作三	ı	1	ı	1	1	1	1	(591.2)	(591.2)	(591.2)
宣派中期股息	1	1	(26.4)	26.4	1	1	1	1	1	1
己付股息	ı	1	1	(353.5)	(353.5)	ı	1	1	1	(353.5)
宣派第二次中期股息	1	1	(413.0)	413.0	ı	1	ı	1	1	1
由累計濫列轉撥至資本儲備 – – – – – – – – – – – – – – – – – – –	1	4.8	(4.8)	ı	ı	ı	ı	ı	1	ı
4公司轉回及註割稅份之 已付款項	'	1	(52.5)	1	(52.5)	1	1	1	1	(52.5)
於二零一七年十二月三十一日 2,221.7 245.5 238.9	110.1 55.2	(6.8)	21,791.8	413.0	25,069.4	(7.6)	5.1	21,193.6	21,191.1	46,260.5

Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity (Cont'd)

綜合權益變動表(續) 截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度

for the year ended 31st December, 2018

					Attributab	Attributable to owners of the Company 本公司股東應佔	Company					Non-controlling interests 非控股權益	ing interests {權益		
	'	Share capital 股本 田KS Million 百萬港元	Property revaluation reserve 幼業 重估儲備 HK\$ Million	Investment revaluation reserve 放資 重台儲備 HK\$ Million 百萬港元	Translation reserve 匯	Non- distributable reserve 非供派發 儲蓄 HKS Million 百萬港元	Capital and other reserves 漸本及 其估儲編 HK\$ Million	Accumulated profits 暴計發利 HK\$ Million 百萬港元	Dividend reserve 認會翻翻 HK\$ Million	Total 總計 所開ion 百萬港元	Shares hed for employee ownership scheme 為屬具聚份 擁有計劃 恭有計劃 林村設的 HK\$ Million 百萬港元	Employee share-based compensation reserve 以影份 支付之屬員 關金儲備 HK\$ Million 百萬港元	Share of net assets of subsidiaries masses of well with a special	Total # Willion HK\$ Million	Total equity 權益總額 HK\$ Million 百萬港元
At 31st December, 2017 Impact of initial application of HKRR 91 EUKER 15 (2004-2)	於二零一七年十二月三十一日 首次採用香港財務報告準則第9號 及香港財務報告準則第15號之 臺灣「服計2)	2,221.7	245.5	238.9	110.1	55.2	(6.8)	21,791.8	413.0	25,069.4	(7.6)	5.1	21,193.6	21,191.1	46,260.5
At 1st January, 2018	№ 1 Marz./ 	2,221.7	245.5	(13.4)	110.1	55.2	(6.8)	21,998.6	413.0	25,023.9	(7.6)	5.1	21,138.2	21,135.7	46,159.6
Profit for the year Other comprehensive expenses for the wazy note 34)	本年度溢利 本年度其他全面費用 (附注36)	1 !	ı 6	- (141)	- (9.79.3)	l i	ı 8	1,698.3	i i	1,698.3	1 1	1 !	1,511.1	1,511.1	3,209.4
Total comprehensive (expenses) income for the year	(MLL)20) 本年度全面(費用)收益總額	1	(0.5)	(94.1)	(272.3)	1	(0.8)	1,698.3	1	1,330.6		1	1,123.9	1,123.9	2,454.5
Share of reserve movements of associates	應佔聯營公司之儲備變動	ı	ı	1.7	1	ı	ı	(1.7)	ı	ı	ı	ı	1	ı	ı
I ransfer reserves to accumulated profits on disposal of an associate	出售一同哪會公司時田 儲備轉接至累計溢利 HK-10倍 - 開縣終公司時	1	ı	(1.5)	1	ı	3.1	(1.6)	ı	ı	ı	1	1	1	ı
Iranser reserves to accumulated proins on geenred disposal of an associate Acquisition of additional interest in a subsidiary	60F山岸一间哪宮公司時 由儲備轉撥至累計溢利 收購一間附屬公司之額外權益	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	2.0	(2.0)	1 1	. 5	1 1	1 1	_ (1.6)	_ (1.6)	(0.5)
Amounts pard for shares repurchased and cancelled by a subsidiary	一間附屬公司驛四及 註銷股份之已付款項 —間附屬八司→僱目职心	1	ı	ı	1	ı	ı	316.4	1	316.4		ı	(967.3)	(967.3)	(650.9)
scheme of a subsidiary Peccentrian of online settled share based parameter	内内爾人可之權具以仍 擁有計劃購買股份 強勁一開附屬八司之即權往值	1	1	1	1	1	ı	1	1	1	(24.8)	1	1	(24.8)	(24.8)
Nection of eduity-selled state-based payments of a subsidiary Verting of through a management of the company	雅。 「問的獨立可之以推动升 以股份為基礎付款 一問附屬八司之僱員职心	1	1	1	1	1	1	1		1	1	8.1	1	8.1	8.1
of a subsidiary	同的画ならん雇員のの 擁有計劃之歸屬股份	ı	ı	1	ı	ı	ı	ı	ı	ı	2.7	(2.7)	1 1	1 1	1 1
Dividend distribution to non-controlling interests	分派散息予非整敗權益 宫派由邮购自	1	1	1	1	1	1	- 0.6.4)	76.4	1	1	1	(844.7)	(844.7)	(844.7)
Dividend paid	日が下列以る。 日付股息						' '	(F.04)	(439.4)	(439.4)				' '	(439.4)
Second interim dividend declared Transfer from accumulated profite to capital recenues	宣派第二次中期股息由罗马哈利維格不容太除借	1	1	1	į i	1	1 =	(413.0)	413.0	1	1	1	į i	1	
וומוסים ווסוו מככמווממכת לנסוונס זס כמלומו נסכנינס	WHILL COLUMN TO A THEFT		i				=					ı			
At 31st December, 2018	於二零一八年十二月三十一日	2,221.7	245.0	(107.3)	(162.2)	55.2	(1.4)	23,568.6	413.0	26,232.6	(29.7)	10.5	20,448.5	20,429.3	46,661.9

綜合現金流量表

截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度

2018

2017

		二零一八年	二零一七年
		ー 令 一八年 HK\$ Million	一令 七年 HK\$ Million
		百萬港元	百萬港元
Operating activities	經營業務		
Profit for the year	本年度溢利	3,209.4	5,550.8
Tronctor the year	1 1 / Limit 1 4	3,20311	3,330.0
Adjustments for:	調整項目:		
Net impairment losses on financial	按攤銷成本計量之金融工具		
instruments at amortised cost	之減值虧損淨額	1,105.6	_
Finance costs	融資成本	440.7	369.8
Taxation	税項	254.1	331.2
Depreciation	折舊	78.9	80.9
Net exchange loss	匯	9.7	104.6
Expenses recognised for employee ownership	就新鴻基有限公司	5	
scheme of Sun Hung Kai & Co. Limited	(「新鴻基」)之僱員股份		
("SHK")	擁有計劃確認之費用	8.3	6.4
Amortisation of intangible assets	無形資產攤銷	1.9	1.8
Net loss on disposal/write-off of property,	出售/撇銷物業、廠房及	1.5	1.0
plant and equipment	設備之虧損淨額	1.1	1.5
Impairment loss recognised	確認酒店物業之	1.1	1.3
for hotel property	減值虧損	0.5	0.8
	出售合營公司之虧損	0.5	0.0
Loss on disposal of joint ventures	預繳地價攤銷	0.3	0.1
Amortisation of prepaid land lease payments Net increase in fair value of		0.2	0.1
	投資物業之公平價值	(744.0)	(070.1)
investment properties	增加淨額	(744.0)	(979.1)
Share of results of associates	應佔聯營公司業績	(498.4)	(1,276.3)
Share of results of joint ventures	應佔合營公司業績	(336.2)	(659.4)
Gain on disposal of subsidiaries	出售附屬公司之收益	(132.4)	-
Net impairment loss reversed on interests in	撥回於聯營公司之權益之	(02.0)	/102 E)
associates	減值虧損淨額	(93.0)	(103.5)
Net fair value gain on financial assets and	透過損益賬按公平價值處理		
liabilities at fair value	之金融資產及負債之	(= 4 · 5)	(4.000.0)
through profit or loss	公平價值收益淨額	(51.4)	(1,333.3)
Gain on disposal of an associate	出售一間聯營公司之收益	(36.8)	-
Gain on deemed disposal of an	視作出售一間聯營公司		
associate	之收益	(17.6)	-
Net realised gain on disposal of financial assets	出售透過其他全面收益按		
at fair value through other comprehensive	公平價值處理之金融資產		
income	之已變現收益淨額	(7.0)	-
Bad and doubtful debts	呆壞賬	-	388.1
Impairment loss on available-for-sale	可供出售金融資產之		
financial assets	減值虧損	-	176.2
Loss on redemption of notes payable	贖回應付票據之虧損	-	0.8
Net realised gain on disposal of	出售可供出售金融資產之		
available-for-sale financial assets	已變現收益淨額	_	(0.3)
Operating cash flows before movements in	未計營運資金變動前之		
working capital	經營業務現金流量	3,194.1	2,661.1

截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度

		2018	2017
		二零一八年	二零一七年
		HK\$ Million	HK\$ Million
		百萬港元	百萬港元
Net changes in financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value	透過損益賬按公平價值處理之 金融資產及金融負債		
through profit or loss Increase in loans and advances to consumer	變動淨額 消費金融客戶貸款及墊款及	1,576.5	(2,820.6)
finance customers and mortgage loans Decrease (increase) in amounts	按揭貸款增加 聯營公司欠款減少	(3,528.5)	(3,071.2)
due from associates	(增加)	25.6	(74.7)
Increase in term loans, trade receivables, prepayments and other receivables	有期貸款、應收貿易款項、預付 款項及其他應收款項增加	(1,176.9)	(532.2)
Decrease in amounts due from brokers (Increase) decrease in other inventories	經紀欠款減少 其他存貨(增加)減少	212.3 (0.1)	331.2 0.1
Increase in financial assets sold under	回購協議下出售之	(0.1)	0.1
repurchase agreements (Decrease) increase in trade payables,	金融資產增加應付貿易款項、其他應付款項	145.5	1,071.0
other payables and accruals	及應計款項(減少)增加	(0.9)	98.9
Decrease in contract liabilities	合約負債減少	(8.5)	-
Increase in provisions	撥備增加	15.4	11.7
Cash from (used in) operations	經營所產生(所用)之現金	454.5	(2,324.7)
Taxation paid	已付税項	(294.4)	(294.9)
Interest paid	已付利息	(330.3)	(311.9)
Net cash used in operating activities	經營業務所用之現金淨額	(170.2)	(2,931.5)
Investing activities	投資業務		
Proceeds from disposal of long-term financial assets designated as at fair value through	出售指定為透過損益賬按 公平價值處理之長期		
profit or loss	金融資產所得款項	621.9	90.2
Net fixed deposits with banks withdrawn	提取銀行定期存款淨額	391.9	539.9
Dividends received from associates	來自聯營公司之股息	232.2	264.1
Proceeds on disposal of associates Proceeds from disposal of financial assets	出售聯營公司所得款項 出售透過其他全面收益按	137.4	-
at fair value through other	公平價值處理之金融資產		
comprehensive income	所得款項	135.3	-
Amounts repaid by associates	聯營公司還款	118.9	44.0
Proceeds on disposal of subsidiaries Proceeds on disposal of joint ventures	出售附屬公司所得款項出售合營公司所得款項	70.0 3.2	_
Proceeds from disposal of property,	出售物業、廠房及	3.2	
plant and equipment	設備所得款項	0.5	0.3
Purchase of long-term financial assets designated	購入指定為透過損益賬按公平 價值處理之長期金融資產	(1,326.0)	(603.4)
as at fair value through profit or loss Amounts advanced to associates	製造の 単純 	(250.6)	(81.0)
Purchase of financial assets at fair value through	購入透過其他全面收益按公平	(20010)	(0110)
other comprehensive income	價值處理之金融資產	(102.5)	_
Capital injection to a joint venture	向一間合營公司注資	(72.1)	(69.7)
Purchase of property, plant and equipment Acquisition of additional interests in an associate	購入物業、廠房及設備 增購聯營公司權益	(66.1) (16.5)	(55.7)
Additions to investment properties	添置投資物業	(10.6)	(207.2)
Purchase of intangible assets	購入無形資產	(10.1)	_
Capital injection to associates	向聯營公司注資 山生司供山生会融资系所得	(0.7)	(128.0)
Proceeds from disposal of available-for-sale financial assets	出售可供出售金融資產所得款項	_	179.6
Purchase of available-for-sale financial assets	購入可供出售金融資產	_	(398.9)
Acquisition of associates	收購聯營公司	-	(9.9)
Amounts advanced to joint ventures	墊款予合營公司	-	(0.2)
Net cash used in investing activities	投資業務所用之現金淨額	(143.9)	(435.9)



綜合現金流量表(續)

截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度

		Note 附註	2018 二零一八年 HK\$ Million 百萬港元	2017 二零一七年 HK\$ Million 百萬港元
Financing activities	融資業務		10 100 0	1.005.5
New bank and other borrowings raised Proceeds from issue of notes/papers	籌集所得新造銀行及其他借貸 發行票據所得款項		19,100.9 795.1	1,695.5
Amount advanced from a joint venture	發行票據所得款項 一間合營公司墊款		40.0	4,694.6
Repayment of bank and other borrowings	償還銀行及其他借貸		(14,044.6)	(2,800.6)
Dividends by subsidiaries to non-controlling	附屬公司向非控股權益		(17,077.0)	(2,000.0)
interests	派付股息		(844.7)	(591.2)
Amounts paid for shares repurchased and	一間附屬公司購回及註銷股份之		(01117)	(331.2)
cancelled by a subsidiary	已付款項		(650.9)	(196.2)
Repayment of notes/papers	償還票據		(616.5)	(2,300.8)
Redemption of notes/papers	贖回票據		(567.7)	(60.5)
Dividends paid to equity shareholders	已付權益股東股息		(439.4)	(353.5)
Purchase of shares for employee ownership	就新鴻基僱員股份擁有			
scheme of SHK	計劃收購股份		(24.8)	(4.8)
Acquisition of additional interest in a subsidiary	收購一間附屬公司之額外權益 出售大公司(V屬公司		(0.5)	_
Disposal of notes held by subsidiaries of the	出售本公司附屬公司			2240
Company Amounts advanced from associates	持有之票據 聯營公司墊款		_	334.9 0.1
Repayment of capital contributions by	償還非控股權益		_	0.1
non-controlling interests	之注資		_	(66.9)
Amounts paid for shares repurchased and	本公司購回及註銷股份		_	(00.3)
cancelled by the Company	之已付款項		_	(52.5)
Repurchase of notes payable	回購應付票據		_	(37.7)
Net cash from financing activities	融資業務所得之現金淨額		2,746.9	260.4
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash	現金及現金等價物增加			
equivalents	(減少)淨額		2,432.8	(3,107.0)
Effect of foreign exchange rate changes	匯率變動之影響		(134.0)	141.2
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of	於年初之現金及			
the year	現金等價物		3,330.3	6,296.1
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year	於年末之現金及現金等價物	32	5,629.1	3,330.3

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

for the year ended 31st December, 2018

GENERAL

Allied Group Limited ("Company") is a public limited company incorporated in the Hong Kong Special Administrative Region ("Hong Kong") and its shares are listed on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited ("Stock Exchange"). The ultimate controlling party of the Company is the trustees of Lee and Lee Trust. The address of the principal place of business of the trustees of Lee and Lee Trust is 24/F, Allied Kajima Building, 138 Gloucester Road, Wanchai, Hong Kong. The address of the registered office and principal place of business of the Company is 22/F, Allied Kajima Building, 138 Gloucester Road, Wanchai, Hong Kong.

The consolidated financial statements of the Company and its subsidiaries ("Group") are presented in Hong Kong dollars ("HK\$"), which is the same as the functional currency of the Company.

The Company acts as an investment holding company and provides corporate management services. The principal activities of its principal subsidiaries, associates and joint venture are set out in notes 52, 53 and 54 respectively.

APPLICATION OF NEW AND AMENDMENTS TO HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRSs")

New and amendments to HKFRSs that are mandatorily effective for the current year

The Group has applied the following new and amendments to HKFRSs issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants ("HKICPA") for the first time in the current year:

HKFRS 9 **Financial Instruments**

Revenue from Contracts with Customers HKFRS 15

and the related Amendments

Foreign Currency Transactions and HK(IFRIC)-Int 22 Advance Consideration

Amendments to HKFRS 2 Classification and Measurement of

Share-based Payment Transactions

Amendments to HKFRS 4 Applying HKFRS 9 Financial

Instruments with HKFRS 4 Insurance

Contracts

Amendments to HKAS 28 As part of the Annual Improvements to

HKFRSs 2014-2016 Cycle

Amendments to HKAS 40 Transfers of Investment Property

綜合財務報表附註

截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度

一般資料

聯合集團有限公司(「本公司」)為一間在香 港特別行政區(「香港」) 註冊成立之公眾有 限公司,其股份在香港聯合交易所有限公 司(「聯交所」)上市。本公司之最終控制 方為Lee and Lee Trust之受託人, Lee and Lee Trust之受託人之主要營業地點之地址 為香港灣仔告士打道138號聯合鹿島大廈 24樓。本公司註冊辦事處及主要營業地點 地址為香港灣仔告士打道138號聯合鹿島 大廈22樓。

本公司及其附屬公司(「本集團」)之綜合財 務報表以港元(「港元」)呈列,與本公司之 功能貨幣相同。

本公司為一間投資控股公司及提供企業管 理服務,其主要附屬公司、聯營公司及合 營公司之主要業務活動分別載於附註52、 53及54。

採用新訂及經修訂的香港財務報告準 則(「香港財務報告準則 |)

於本年度強制生效的新訂及經修訂的香港 財務報告準則

本集團於本年度首次採用下列由香港會計 師公會(「香港會計師公會」)頒佈之新訂及 經修訂的香港財務報告準則:

香港財務報告準則 金融工具

第9號

來自客戶之合約收入及 香港財務報告準則

相關修訂 第15號

香港(國際財務報告 外幣交易及預付代價

詮釋委員會)-詮釋第22號

香港財務報告準則

第4號修訂本

以股份付款交易之分類

第2號修訂本 及計量

香港財務報告準則 香港財務報告準則第9號

> 「金融工具」與香港 財務報告準則第4號

「保險合約」一併採用

香港會計準則第28號 作為香港財務報告準則

二零一四年至二零

一六年週期年度改進

之一部分 香港會計準則第40號 轉讓投資物業

修訂本

修訂本

2. APPLICATION OF NEW AND AMENDMENTS TO HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRSs") (CONT'D)

New and amendments to HKFRSs that are mandatorily effective for the current year (Cont'd)

Except as described below, the application of the above new and amendments to HKFRSs in the current year has had no material impact on the Group's financial performance and positions for the current and prior years and/or on the disclosures set out in these consolidated financial statements.

The same accounting policies, presentation and methods of computation have been followed in these consolidated financial statements as were applied in the preparation of the Group's financial statements for the year ended 31st December, 2017.

The related amendments of initial application of HKFRS 9 and HKFRS 15

HKFRS 9 Financial Instruments and the related amendments

In the current year, the Group has applied HKFRS 9 Financial Instruments and the related consequential amendments to other HKFRSs. HKFRS 9 introduces new requirements for 1) the classification and measurement of financial assets and financial liabilities, 2) expected credit losses ("ECL") for financial assets, loan commitments and financial guarantee contracts and 3) general hedge accounting.

The Group has applied HKFRS 9 in accordance with the transition provisions set out in HKFRS 9, i.e. applied the classification and measurement requirements (including impairment) retrospectively to instruments that have not been derecognised as at 1st January, 2018 (date of initial application) and has not applied the requirements to instruments that have already been derecognised as at 1st January, 2018. The difference between carrying amounts as at 31st December, 2017 and the carrying amounts as at 1st January, 2018 are recognised in the opening accumulated profits and other components of equity, without restating comparative information.

Accordingly, certain comparative information may not be comparable as comparative information was prepared under HKAS 39 Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement.

Accounting policies resulting from application of HKFRS 9 are disclosed in note 3.

綜合財務報表附註(續) 截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度

採用新訂及經修訂的香港財務報告準則(「香港財務報告準則 |) (續)

於本年度強制生效的新訂及經修訂的香港 財務報告準則(續)

除下文所述者外,於本年度採用上述新訂及經修訂的香港財務報告準則對本集團本年度及過往年度財務表現及狀況及/或於該等綜合財務報表所載的披露資料無重大影響。

此等綜合財務報表採用與編製本集團截至 二零一七年十二月三十一日止年度之財務 報表相同之會計政策、呈列方式及計算方 法。

首次採用香港財務報告準則第9號及香港 財務報告準則第15號之相關修訂

香港財務報告準則第9號「金融工具」及相 關修訂

於本年度,本集團已採用香港財務報告準則第9號「金融工具」及其他香港財務報告準則之有關相關修訂。香港財務報告準則第9號引入1)金融資產及金融負債之分類及計量;2)金融資產、貸款承擔及財務擔保合約之預期信貸虧損(「預期信貸虧損」);及3)一般對沖會計之新規定。

本集團已根據香港財務報告準則第9號所載的過渡條文採用香港財務報告準則第9號,即是將分類及計量規定(包括減值)追溯採用於二零一八年一月一日(首次採用日期)尚未終止確認的工具,且並無將該等規定採用於於二零一八年一月一日已終止確認的工具。二零一七年十二月三十一日之賬面值與二零一八年一月一日之賬面值問的差額於期初累計溢利及其他權益組成部分中確認,並無重列比較資料。

因此,比較資料乃根據香港會計準則第39 號「金融工具:確認及計量」而編製,所以 若干比較資料可能無法比較。

採用香港財務報告準則第9號導致之會計 政策披露於附註3。

截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度

for the year ended 31st December, 2018

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採用新訂及經修訂的香港財務報告準則(「香港財務報告準則」)(續) 7

首次採用香港財務報告準則第9號及香港財務報告準則第15號之相關修訂 (續)

APPLICATION OF NEW AND AMENDMENTS TO HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRSs") (CONT'D)

The related amendments of initial application of HKFRS 9 and HKFRS 15

The table below illustrates the classification and measurement (including the measurement of ECL) of financial assets and financial liabilities and Summary of effects arising from initial application of HKFRS 9 other items subject to ECL under HKFRS initial application, 1st January, 2018.

☆ □	contr int 非控器 日K\$ M
/漢/ / <i>其於採用香港財務報告準則第9號產生的影響概要</i> 下表列示須遵守香港財務報告準則第9號及香港會計準則第39號項下之 融資產及金融負債及受預期信貸虧損之其他項目於首次採用日期(即二一八年一月一日)之分類及計量(包括預期信貸虧損之計量)。	Accumulated profits 樂學故利 Hrs Milion 日蘇北河
香計準則 目於首次: 貝之計量)	Investment revaluation reserve
的影響概9 號及香港 之其他項 期信貸虧排	Deferred lax assets 施稅均塡藥 HK\$ Million 田萬港記
<i>9號產生</i> 日 5年則第9 1音貸虧損, 19年7月 19年7日 19	Financial liabilities at FVTPL
:告準則第 對務報信 及受預期 分類及計量	Provisions wan HK\$ Million 百萬港元
·港財務報 1遵守香港 2融負債及 一日)之分	Financial liabilities measured at amorised cost 後繼鎖本計量之意發負債 HK\$ Million 百萬港元
大孩 一 一 一 八 年 一 月 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日	Financial assets measured at amortised cost (previously classified as loans and receivables) 按議論成本 計畫之金融 資產 化前 分類為質數 HK\$ Million 日本語 正常 Time Time Time Time Time Time Time Time
2種下曜一	Financial assets at MYOCI 透過其他全面 使越致公平 價值處理之 金融資產 HK\$ Million 可期活形
ncluding ities and date of	Financial assets at PTPL required by HKAS 39 格
25 9 rement (ii ial liabill 39 at the	Financial assets designated at PATPL
n of HKFI nd measu nd financ nd HKAS	Interests in associates
application of HKFRS 9 ication and measurement (including Il assets and financial liabilities and KFRS 9 and HKAS 39 at the date of	AB financial assets @ www.marchal assets @ www.marchal assets with the world will control of the world will be will b

Non-rolling terests 股權益 Million 萬港元

1	口海海口	口角体儿	口角格儿	日本語は	口海恒江	口海館儿	日本は	日海梅元	日海南江	口角体儿	17年度日	口角体儿	一一一一一
於二零一七年十二月三十一日 之期末結除,香港會計準則 第39號 首次採用香港財務報告準則 第9號產生的影響:	707.6	13,291.1	5,436.3	6,712.4		20,341.0	13,608.7	74.4	166.0	649.6	238.9	21,791.8	21,191.1
重新分類 自可供出售金融資產(a) 白地会为添過相決開始小巫	(207.6)	ı	I	276.4	426.3	I	1	I	(4.9)	I	(187.6)	187.6	I
日相 <i>化為2</i> 50世以重次524 價值處理之金融資產(b) 雇化聯卷外司重新分類	1	ı	(5,436.3)	5,436.3	1	ı	1	ı	1	ı	1	ı	1
5	I	I	1	1	1	1	ı	ı	1	ı	(64.7)	64.7	1
主外引 自可供出售金融資產分類為透過 損益賬按公平價值處理之 金融資產(a)	1	1	1	2.4	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1.8	9.0
規制信貸虧損機型現ト乙 減值(c)/(e) へ融を 年 ユ エ ま エ	ı	(5.4)	ı	ı	ı	(86.3)	ı	27.8	ı	28.2	ı	(28.9)	(62.4)
立限月 (月 ムチ里へ 修改(d)一	1	1	1	1	1	1	(8.3)	1	1	1	1	1.9	6.4
於二零一八年一月一日之 期初結餘	1	13,285.7	1	12,427.5	426.3	20,254.7	13,600.4	102.2	161.1	677.8	(13.4)	22,018.9	21,135.7

Share of reclassification adjustment from

associates (e) Remeasurement Financial assets at FVTPL classified from available-for-sale financial

From available-for-sale financial assets From financial assets designated at

application of HKFRS 9: Effect arising from initial

Reclassification

2017- HKAS 39 31st December,

તં



lon-substantial modification of mpairment under ECL model

financial liabilities (d)

Opening balance at 1st January, 2018

 APPLICATION OF NEW AND AMENDMENTS TO HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRSs") (CONT'D)

The related amendments of initial application of HKFRS 9 and HKFRS 15 (Cont'd)

Summary of effects arising from initial application of HKFRS 9 (Cont'd)

(a) Available-for-sale ("AFS") financial assets

From AFS financial assets to financial assets at
fair value through other comprehensive income
("FVTOCI")

The Group elected to present in other comprehensive income ("OCI") for the fair value changes of some of its equity investments previously classified as AFS financial assets, of which HK\$21.6 million related to unquoted equity investments previously measured at cost less impairment and HK\$297.0 million related to unquoted equity investments previously carried at fair value under HKAS 39, HK\$112.6 million related to debt securities and HK\$4.9 million related to embedded derivatives financial instruments previously classified as AFS financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss ("FVTPL") respectively. These investments are not held for trading and not expected to be sold in the foreseeable future. At the date of initial application of HKFRS 9, HK\$4.9 million of financial liabilities at FVTPL and AFS financial assets of HK\$431.2 million were reclassified to financial assets at FVTOCI, of which HK\$21.6 million related to unquoted equity investments previously measured at cost less impairment, HK\$297.0 million related to unquoted equity investments previously carried at fair value under HKAS 39 and HK\$112.6 million related to debt securities. In addition, impairment losses previously recognised of HK\$118.8 million attributable to owners of the Company were transferred from accumulated profits to investment revaluation reserve as at 1st January, 2018.

From AFS financial assets to financial assets at FVTPL

At the date of initial application of HKFRS 9, some of the Group's equity investments of HK\$276.4 million were reclassified from AFS financial assets to financial assets at FVTPL. The fair value gain of HK\$68.8 million attributable to owners of the Company as at 1st January, 2018 was transferred from investment revaluation reserve to accumulated profits.

In addition, there was a fair value gain of HK\$2.4 million arisen from remeasurement of equity securities reclassified to financial assets at FVTPL with corresponding adjustments credited to accumulated profit and non-controlling interests as at 1st January, 2018 of HK\$1.8 million and HK\$0.6 million respectively.

綜合財務報表附註(續) 截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度

採用新訂及經修訂的香港財務報告準則(「香港財務報告準則 |) (續)

首次採用香港財務報告準則第9號及香港 財務報告準則第15號之相關修訂(續)

首次採用香港財務報告準則第9號產生的 影響概要(續)

(a) 可供出售(「可供出售」)金融資產 由可供出售金融資產移至透過其他全 面收益按公平價值處理(「透過其他全 面收益按公平價值處理」)之金融資產

> 本集團選擇於其他全面收益(「其他全 面收益 |) 呈列其部分股本投資(先前 分類為可供出售金融資產)之公平價 值變動,根據香港會計準則第39號, 其中21.6百萬港元與先前按成本減減 值計量之未報價股本投資有關,以及 297.0百萬港元與先前按公平價值列 賬之未報價股本投資有關、112.6百 萬港元與債務證券有關及4.9百萬港 元與嵌入式衍生金融工具有關,其先 前分別分類為可供出售金融資產及透 過損益賬按公平價值處理(「透過損益 賬按公平價值處理」)之金融負債。該 等投資並非持作交易,亦不預期於可 見將來出售。於首次採用香港財務報 告準則第9號日期,4.9百萬港元之透 過損益賬按公平價值處理之金融負債 及431.2百萬港元之可供出售金融資 產重新分類至透過其他全面收益按公 平價值處理之金融資產,根據香港會 計準則第39號,當中21.6百萬港元與 先前按成本減減值計量之未報價股本 投資有關、297.0百萬港元與先前按 公平價值列賬之未報價股本投資有關 及112.6百萬港元與債務證券有關。 此外,於二零一八年一月一日,先前 確認之本公司股東應佔118.8百萬港 元減值虧損已由累計溢利轉移至投資 重估儲備。

> 由可供出售金融資產移至透過損益賬按公平價值處理之金融資產

於首次採用香港財務報告準則第9號日期,本集團之部分股本投資276.4 百萬港元由可供出售金融資產重新分類至透過損益賬按公平價值處理之金融資產。於二零一八年一月一日,本公司股東應佔公平價值收益68.8百萬港元已由投資重估儲備轉移至累計溢利。

此外,重新分類為透過損益賬按公平價值處理之金融資產之股本證券重新計量產生公平價值收益2.4百萬港元,相應調整1.8百萬港元及0.6百萬港元分別計入二零一八年一月一日之累計溢利及非控股權益。

APPLICATION OF NEW AND AMENDMENTS TO HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRSs") (CONT'D)

The related amendments of initial application of HKFRS 9 and HKFRS 15 (Cont'd)

Summary of effects arising from initial application of HKFRS 9 (Cont'd)

(b) Financial assets at FVTPL and/or designated at FVTPL

At the date of initial application, the Group no longer applied designation as measured at FVTPL for the convertible notes and the portfolio of financial assets categorised in FVTPL which is managed and its performance is evaluated on a fair value basis, as these financial assets are required to be measured at FVTPL under HKFRS 9. As a result, the fair value of these investments of HK\$5,436.3 million were reclassified from financial assets designated at FVTPL to financial assets at FVTPL. There was no impact on the amounts recognised in relation to other financial assets at FVTPL from the application of HKFRS 9.

Impairment under ECL model

Loss allowances for other financial assets at amortised cost comprising mainly of amounts due from associates, amounts due from joint ventures, loans and advances to consumer finance customers, mortgage loans, term loans, trade and other receivables, amounts due from brokers, shortterm pledged bank deposits and bank balances, bank deposits and cash and cash equivalents, are measured on 12-month ECL("12m ECL") basis and there had been no significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition, except for certain loans and advances to consumer finance customers, mortgage loans and term loans which are measured on lifetime ECL basis as for those credit risk had increased significantly since initial recognition. For undrawn loan commitments, an ECL of HK\$27.8 million which is included in provisions has been recognised.

As at 1st January, 2018, the additional credit loss allowance of HK\$114.1 million and deferred tax assets of HK\$28.2 million have been recognised against accumulated profits of HK\$26.6 million and non-controlling interests of HK\$59.3 million. The additional loss allowance is charged against the respective asset.

綜合財務報表附註(續)

截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度

採用新訂及經修訂的香港財務報告準 2. 則(「香港財務報告準則 |)(續)

首次採用香港財務報告準則第9號及香港 財務報告準則第15號之相關修訂(續)

首次採用香港財務報告準則第9號產生的 影響概要(續)

(b) 透過損益賬按公平價值處理及/或指 定為透過損益賬按公平價值處理之金 融資產

> 於首次採用日期,本集團不再就可換 股票據指定為透過損益賬按公平價值 處理,所管理的分類為透過損益賬按 公平價值處理之金融資產組合表現基 於公平價值評估,該等金融資產須根 據香港財務報告準則第9號透過損益 賬按公平價值處理。因此,5.436.3 百萬港元之該等投資由指定為透過損 益賬按公平價值處理之金融資產重新 分類至透過損益賬按公平價值處理之 金融資產。採用香港財務報告準則第 9號對就透過損益賬按公平價值處理 之其他金融資產所確認的相關金額概 無影響。

預期信貸虧損模型項下之減值 按攤銷成本列賬之其他金融資產虧損 撥備主要包括聯營公司欠款、合營公 司欠款、消費金融客戶貸款及墊款、 按揭貸款、有期貸款、貿易及其他應 收款項、經紀欠款、短期抵押銀行存 款及銀行結餘、銀行存款以及現金及 現金等價物乃按12個月預期信貸虧損 (「12個月預期信貸虧損」)基準計量, 而首次確認後信貸風險概無顯著增 加,惟按全期預期信貸虧損計量之若 干消費金融客戶貸款及墊款、按揭貸 款及有期貸款除外,原因是該等信貸 風險自首次確認後已大幅上升。就未 提用貸款承擔而言,計入準備之預期 信貸虧損27.8百萬港元已予確認。

> 於二零一八年一月一日,額外信貸虧 損撥備114.1百萬港元及遞延税項資 產28.2百萬港元已對照累計溢利26.6 百萬港元及非控股權益59.3百萬港元 確認。額外虧損撥備對照相應資產扣 除。

2. APPLICATION OF NEW AND AMENDMENTS TO HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRSs") (CONT'D)

The related amendments of initial application of HKFRS 9 and HKFRS 15 (Cont'd)

Summary of effects arising from initial application of HKFRS 9 (Cont'd)

(c) Impairment under ECL model (Cont'd)
All loss allowances for financial assets (including loans and advances to consumer finance customers, mortgage loans, term loans and payments on behalf of customers) and loan commitments as at 31st December, 2017 reconciled to the opening loss allowance as at 1st January, 2018 is as follows:

綜合財務報表附註(續)

截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度

採用新訂及經修訂的香港財務報告準則(「香港財務報告準則 |) (續)

首次採用香港財務報告準則第9號及香港 財務報告準則第15號之相關修訂(續)

首次採用香港財務報告準則第9號產生的影響概要(續)

(c) 預期信貸虧損模型項下之減值(續) 於二零一七年十二月三十一日之金 融資產(包括消費金融客戶貸款及墊 款、按揭貸款、有期貸款及代客戶付 款)及貸款承擔的全部虧損撥備與於 二零一八年一月一日之期初虧損撥備 之對賬如下:

Payments on

		Loans and advances to consumer finance customers 消費金融客戶 貸款及墊款 HK\$ Million 百萬港元	Loan commitments 貸款承擔 HK\$ Million 百萬港元	Mortgage loans 按揭貸款 HK\$ Million 百萬港元	Term loans 有期貸款 HK\$ Million 百萬港元	behalf of customers (included in trade receivables) 代客戶付款 (計入應收 貿易款項) HK\$ Million 百萬港元	Total 總計 HK\$ Million 百萬港元
At 31st December, 2017 - HKAS 39 Amounts remeasured through opening accumulated profits and non-controlling interests Amounts written off (Note)	於二零一七年 十二月三十一日 一香港會計準則第39號 透過期初累計溢利及 非控股權益重新計量之 金額 撇銷數額(附註)	663.3 77.5 (122.7)	27.8	5.0 0.2	87.3 8.6	6.6	762.2 114.1 (129.0)
At 1st January, 2018	於二零一八年一月一日	618.1	27.8	5.2	95.9	0.3	747.3

Note: Amounts written off resulted from the refinement of the writeoff policy on the initial application of HKFRS 9. 附註:撇銷數額產生自首次採用香港財務報告 準則第9號時撇銷政策之改進。

綜合財務報表附註(續) 截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度

APPLICATION OF NEW AND AMENDMENTS TO HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRSs") (CONT'D)

The related amendments of initial application of HKFRS 9 and HKFRS 15 (Cont'd)

Summary of effects arising from initial application of HKFRS 9 (Cont'd)

(d) Financial liabilities with non-substantial modification Under HKAS 39, the Group revised the effective interest rates for non-substantial modification with no gain or loss being recognised in profit or loss. At the date of initial application, the carrying amounts of financial liabilities previously modified were adjusted downward by HK\$8.3 million to reflect the change in accounting policies as stated in note 3, with corresponding adjustments credited to the accumulated profits and non-controlling interests as at 1st January, 2018 of HK\$1.9 million and HK\$6.4 million respectively.

(e) Interests in associates

The Group's share of adjustment arising from initial application of HKFRS 9 by associates led to a debit to investment revaluation reserve as at 1st January, 2018 by HK\$64.7 million with a corresponding credit to accumulated profits as at 1st January, 2018 by HK\$64.7 million.

In addition, the net effects arising from the initial application of HKFRS 9 resulted in a decrease in the carrying amounts of interests in associates of HK\$5.4 million with corresponding adjustments debited to accumulated profits and non-controlling interests as at 1st January, 2018 by HK\$2.3 million and HK\$3.1 million respectively.

2. 採用新訂及經修訂的香港財務報告準 則(「香港財務報告準則|)(續)

首次採用香港財務報告準則第9號及香港 財務報告準則第15號之相關修訂(續)

首次採用香港財務報告準則第9號產生的 影響概要(續)

(d) 非重大修改之金融負債

根據香港會計準則第39號,本集團就非重大修改修訂實際利率,概無於損益確認收益或虧損。於首次採用日期,先前經修改的金融負債賬面值下調8.3百萬港元,以反映會計政策變動(見附註3),相應調整1.9百萬港元及6.4百萬港元分別計入於二零一八年一月一日之累計溢利及非控股權益。

(e) 於聯營公司之權益

本集團應佔聯營公司首次採用香港財務報告準則第9號產生之調整,導致扣自於二零一八年一月一日之投資重估儲備64.7百萬港元,相應計入於二零一八年一月一日之累計溢利64.7百萬港元。

此外,首次採用香港財務報告準則第 9號產生的淨效應導致於聯營公司之 權益賬面值減少5.4百萬港元,相應 調整2.3百萬港元及3.1百萬港元分別 扣自於二零一八年一月一日之累計溢 利及非控股權益。

 APPLICATION OF NEW AND AMENDMENTS TO HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRSs") (CONT'D)

The related amendments of initial application of HKFRS 9 and HKFRS 15 (Cont'd)

HKFRS 15 Revenue from Contracts with Customers and related amendments

The Group has applied HKFRS 15 for the first time in the current year. HKFRS 15 superseded HKAS 18 Revenue, HKAS 11 Construction Contracts and the related interpretations. Under HKFRS 15, an entity is required to identify the performance obligations in the contract, determine the transaction price of the contract, allocate the transaction price to the performance obligations in the contract based on each performance obligation's standalone price, and recognise revenue when the performance obligations are satisfied. The Group has applied HKFRS 15 retrospectively with the cumulative effect of initially applying this Standard recognised at the date of initial application, 1st January, 2018. Any difference at the date of initial application is recognised in the opening accumulated profits (or other components of equity, as appropriate) and comparative information has not been restated. The Group has recognised the cumulative effect of HK\$20.3 million from initial application of HKFRS15 charged directly to accumulated profit with corresponding increase in contract liabilities of HK\$24.9 million, increase in tax recoverable of HK\$1.9 million, decrease in trade payables, other payables and accruals of HK\$1.2 million, decrease in tax payable of HK\$1.7 million and decrease in term loans, trade receivables, prepayments and other receivables of HK\$0.2 million at 1st January, 2018. Therefore, comparative information has not been restated. As allowed by HKFRS 15, the Group has applied the new requirements only to contracts that were not completed before 1st January, 2018. Apart from the adjustment of HK\$20.3 million to the opening accumulated profits and additional disclosures as shown in note 5, the application of HKFRS 15 in the current year has had no other material impact on the Group's financial performance and positions for the current and prior years.

綜合財務報表附註(續) 截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度

採用新訂及經修訂的香港財務報告準則(「香港財務報告準則 |)(續)

首次採用香港財務報告準則第9號及香港 財務報告準則第15號之相關修訂(續)

香港財務報告準則第15號「來自客戶之合 約收入」及相關修訂

本集團於本年度首次採用香港財務報告準 則第15號。香港財務報告準則第15號取 替香港會計準則第18號「收入」、香港會計 準則第11號「建築合約」及相關詮釋。根據 香港財務報告準則第15號,實體須確定合 約的履約責任、釐定合約的交易價格、按 各履約責任的單獨價格分配交易價格至合 約的履約責任,以及於達成履約責任時確 認收益。本集團追溯採用香港財務報告準 則第15號, 連同於首次採用日期(即二零 一八年一月一日) 時確認的首次採用該準 則的累計影響。首次採用日期的任何差額 於期初累計溢利(或權益的其他部分,倘 適用)確認,並無重列比較資料。本集團 已確認首次採用香港財務報告準則第15 號產生的累計影響20.3百萬港元,直接自 二零一八年一月一日之累計溢利中扣除, 相應導致合約負債增加24.9百萬港元、可 收回税項增加1.9百萬港元、應付貿易款 項、其他應付款項及應計款項減少1.2百 萬港元、應付税項減少1.7百萬港元及有 期貸款、應收貿易款項、預付款項及其他 應收款項減少0.2百萬港元。因而並無重 列比較資料。根據香港財務報告準則第15 號的規定,本集團僅就二零一八年一月一 日前尚未完成的合約採用新規定。除期初 累計溢利調整20.3百萬港元及於附註5所 載之額外披露外,本年度採用香港財務報 告準則第15號概無對本集團於本年度及過 往年度的財務表現及狀況造成其他重大影

截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度

APPLICATION OF NEW AND AMENDMENTS TO HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRSs") (CONT'D)

The related amendments of initial application of HKFRS 9 and HKFRS 15 (Cont'd)

As a result of the changes in the accounting policies above, the opening consolidated statement of financial position had to be restated. The following table shows the adjustments recognised for each individual line item.

採用新訂及經修訂的香港財務報告準則(「香港財務報告準則 |) (續)

首次採用香港財務報告準則第9號及香港 財務報告準則第15號之相關修訂(續)

由於上述會計政策之變動,期初綜合財務狀況表須予以重列。下表展示各列項目所作出之調整。

		At 31st December, 2017	HKFR 香港財務報告		HKFRS 15 香港財務報告 準則第15號	At 1st January, 2018
		Audited 於二零一七年 十二月三十一日 經審核 HK\$ Million 百萬港元	Reclassification 重新分類 HK\$ Million 百萬港元	Impairment allowances 重新計量/ 滅值撥備 HK\$ Million 百萬港元	Remeasurement 重新計量 HK\$ Million 百萬港元	Restated 於二零一八年 一月一日 經重列 HK\$ Million 百萬港元
Non-current assets Investment properties Property, plant and equipment Prepaid land lease payments Goodwill Intangible assets Interests in associates Interests in joint ventures Available-for-sale financial assets Financial assets at fair value through	非投物 额	9,048.1 1,120.2 4.4 134.1 21.9 13,291.1 3,163.7 621.0	- - - - - - (621.0)	(5.4)	- - - - - - -	9,048.1 1,120.2 4.4 134.1 21.9 13,285.7 3,163.7
other comprehensive income Amounts due from associates Loans and advances to consumer finance customers due after one year Mortgage loans Deferred tax assets	價值處理之金融資產 聯營公司欠款 一年後到期之消費金融 客戶貸款及墊款 按揭貸款 遞延稅項資產	284.8 2,322.8 1,243.1 649.6	344.3 - - - -	90.0 1.5 28.2	- - - -	344.3 284.8 2,412.8 1,244.6 677.8
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss Term loans, trade receivables, prepayments and other receivables	透過損益賬按公平價值 處理之金融資產 有期貸款、應收貿易款項、 預付款項及其他應收款項	5,067.2 505.8	276.4	2.4	-	5,346.0 505.8
		37,477.8	(0.3)	116.7	-	37,594.2
Current assets Other inventories Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss Prepaid land lease payments	流動資產 其他存貨 透過損益賬按公平價值 處理之金融資產 預繳地價	0.2 7,081.5 0.1	-	-	- - -	7,081.5 0.1
Loans and advances to consumer finance customers due within one year Mortgage loans Term loans, trade receivables,	一年內到期之消費金融 客戶貸款及墊款 按揭貸款 有期貸款、應收貿易款項、	6,840.8 877.3	- -	(167.5) (1.7)	-	6,673.3 875.6
prepayments and other receivables Amounts due from brokers Amounts due from associates Amount due from joint ventures Available-for-sale financial assets	預付款項及其他應收款項 經紀欠款 聯營公司欠款 合營公司欠款 可供出售金融資產	3,211.7 728.7 233.8 9.1 86.6	- - - (86.6)	(8.6) - - - -	(0.2) - - - -	3,202.9 728.7 233.8 9.1
Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income Tax recoverable Short-term pledged bank deposit Bank deposits Cash and cash equivalents	透過其他全面收益按公平價值 處理之金融資產 可收回稅項 短期銀行抵押存款 銀行存款 現金及現金等價物	- 5.9 1.2 787.7 3,330.3	82.0 - - - -	- - - -	- 1.9 - - -	82.0 7.8 1.2 787.7 3,330.3
		23,194.9	(4.6)	(177.8)	1.7	23,014.2

綜合財務報表附註(續) 截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度

2. APPLICATION OF NEW AND AMENDMENTS TO HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRSs") (CONT'D)

The related amendments of initial application of HKFRS 9 and HKFRS 15 (Cont'd)

2. 採用新訂及經修訂的香港財務報告準 則(「香港財務報告準則」)(續)

首次採用香港財務報告準則第9號及香港 財務報告準則第15號之相關修訂(續)

		At 31st December,	HKF 香港財務報行		HKFRS 15 香港財務報告 準則第15號	At 1st January,
		2017 Audited 於二零一七年 十二月三十一日 經審核 HK, Million 百萬港元	Reclassification 重新分類 HK\$ Million 百萬港元	Remeasurement/ Impairment allowances 重新計量/ 減值發備 HK\$ Million 百萬港元	Remeasurement 重新計量 HK\$ Million 百萬港元	2018 Restated 於二零一八年 一月一日 經重列 HK\$ Million 百萬港元
Current liabilities Trade payables, other payables and accruals	流動負債 應付貿易款項、其他 應付款項及應計款項	463.4	_	-	(1.2)	462.2
Financial assets sold under repurchase agreements	回購協議下出售之 金融資產 透過損益賬按公平價值處理之	1,071.0	-	-	-	1,071.0
Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss Contract liabilities	金融負債合約負債	166.0	(4.9)	-	- 24.9	161.1 24.9
Amounts due to associates Amounts due to joint ventures Tax payable	欠聯營公司款項 欠合營公司款項 應付稅項	7.4 0.1 161.0	- - -	- - -	- - (1.7)	7.4 0.1 159.3
Bank and other borrowings due within one year Notes payable	一年內到期之銀行及 其他借貸 應付票據	2,784.9 1,063.8	- -	- - 27.0	-	2,784.9 1,063.8
Provisions	撥備	<u>71.1</u> 5,788.7	(4.9)	27.8	22.0	98.9 5,833.6
Net current assets	流動資產淨值	17,406.2	0.3	(205.6)	(20.3)	17,180.6
Total assets less current liabilities	總資產減流動負債	54,884.0	-	(88.9)	(20.3)	54,774.8
Capital and reserves Share capital Reserves	股本及儲備 股本 儲備	2,221.7 22,847.7	- -	- (25.2)	- (20.3)	2,221.7 22,802.2
Equity attributable to owners of the Company	本公司股東應佔權益	25,069.4		(25.2)	(20.3)	25,023.9
Shares held for employee ownership scheme Employee share-based compensation reserve Share of net assets of subsidiaries	為僱員股份擁有計劃持有股份 以股份支付之僱員酬金儲備 應佔附屬公司淨資產	(7.6) 5.1 21,193.6	- - -	- - (55.4)	- - -	(7.6) 5.1 21,138.2
Non-controlling interests	非控股權益	21,191.1	-	(55.4)	-	21,135.7
Total equity	權益總額	46,260.5	-	(80.6)	(20.3)	46,159.6
Non-current liabilities Bank and other borrowings due after one year Notes payable Deferred tax liabilities Provisions	非流動負債 一年後到期之銀行及其他借貸 應付票據 遞延税項負債 撥備	1,740.4 6,694.4 185.4 3.3	- - - -	(8.3)	- - - -	1,740.4 6,686.1 185.4 3.3
		8,623.5	-	(8.3)	-	8,615.2
		54,884.0	_	(88.9)	(20.3)	54,774.8

APPLICATION OF NEW AND AMENDMENTS TO HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRSs") (CONT'D)

New and amendments to HKFRSs in issue but not yet

The Group has not early applied the following new and amendments to HKFRSs that have been issued but are not yet effective:

HKFRS 16 Leases1

HKFRS 17 Insurance Contracts³

HK(IFRIC)-Int 23 Uncertainty over Income Tax

Treatments1

Amendments to

Definition of a Business⁴

HKFRS 3 Amendments to HKFRS 9

Prepayment Features with Negative Compensation¹ Sale or Contribution of

Amendments to HKFRS 10 and HKAS 28

Assets between an Investor and its Associate or Joint Venture² Definition of Material⁵

Amendments to HKAS 1

and HKAS 8

Amendments to HKAS 19 Amendments to HKAS 28

Amendments to **HKFRSs**

Plan Amendment, Curtailment or Settlement¹ Long-term Interests in Associates and Joint Ventures¹ Annual Improvements to HKFRSs 2015-2017 Cycle¹

- Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1st January, 2019.
- Effective for annual periods beginning on or after a date to be determined.
- Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1st January, 2021.
- Effective for business combinations and asset acquisitions for which the acquisition date is on or after the beginning of the first annual period beginning on or after 1st January, 2020.
- Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1st January, 2020.

Except as described below, the directors of the Company do not anticipate that the application of the new and amendments to HKFRSs will have material impact on the consolidated financial statements.

採用新訂及經修訂的香港財務報告準 2. 則(「香港財務報告準則 |)(續)

已發行但尚未生效的新訂及經修訂的香港 財務報告準則

本集團並無提早採用以下已發行但尚未生 效的新訂及經修訂的香港財務報告準則:

香港財務報告準則 和賃1

第16號

香港財務報告準則

第17號

香港(國際財務報告 詮釋委員會) - 詮釋第23號

香港財務報告準則

第3號修訂本

香港財務報告準則 第9號修訂本 香港財務報告準則 第10號及香港會計 準則第28號修訂本

香港會計準則第1號 及香港會計準則

第8號修訂本 香港會計準則第19號 修訂本

香港會計準則第28號 修訂本

香港財務報告準則 修訂本

保險合約3

所得税處理的 不確定性1

業務之定義4

具有負補償之 預付款特性1

投資者與其聯營公司 或合營公司之 出售或注入資產2

重大性之定義5

計劃修訂、縮減或

結算1 於聯營公司及合營

公司的長期權益1 香港財務報告準則

二零一五年至 二零一七年週期 年度改進

- 於二零一九年一月一日或之後開始之年度期間
- 於待定日期或期後開始之年度期間生效
- 於二零二一年一月一日或之後開始之年度期間 生效。
- 就收購日期為二零二零年一月一日或之後開始 之首個年度期間或之後的業務合併及資產收購 生效。
- 於二零二零年一月一日或之後開始之年度期間

除下文所述者外,本公司董事預期採用新 訂及經修訂的香港財務報告準則對綜合財 務報表並無重大影響。

 APPLICATION OF NEW AND AMENDMENTS TO HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRSs") (CONT'D)

New and amendments to HKFRSs in issue but not yet effective (Cont'd)

HKFRS 16 - Leases

HKFRS 16 introduces a comprehensive model for the identification of lease arrangements and accounting treatments for both lessors and lessees. HKFRS 16 will supersede HKAS 17 Leases and the related interpretations when it becomes effective.

HKFRS 16 distinguishes lease and service contracts on the basis of whether an identified asset is controlled by a customer. In addition, HKFRS 16 requires sales and leaseback transactions to be determined based on the requirements of HKFRS 15 as to whether the transfer of the relevant asset should be accounted as a sale, HKFRS 16 also includes requirements relating to subleases and lease modifications.

Distinctions of operating leases and finance leases are removed for lessee accounting, and is replaced by a model where a right-of-use asset and a corresponding liability have to be recognised for all leases by lessees, except for short-term leases and leases of low value assets.

The right-of-use asset is initially measured at cost and subsequently measured at cost (subject to certain exceptions) less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses, adjusted for any remeasurement of the lease liability. The lease liability is initially measured at the present value of the lease payments that are not paid at that date. Subsequently, the lease liability is adjusted for interest and lease payments, as well as the impact of lease modifications, amongst others. For the classification of cash flows, the Group currently presents upfront prepaid lease payments as investing cash flows in relation to leasehold lands for owned use and those classified as investment properties while other operating lease payments are presented as operating cash flows. Upon application of HKFRS 16, lease payments in relation to lease liability will be allocated into a principal and an interest portion which will be presented as financing and operating cash flows respectively by the Group.

綜合財務報表附註(續) 截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度

採用新訂及經修訂的香港財務報告準則(「香港財務報告準則 |)(續)

已發行但尚未生效的新訂及經修訂的香港 財務報告準則(續)

香港財務報告準則第16號一租賃 香港財務報告準則第16號為識別租賃安 排,以及對出租人及承租人的會計處理方 法引入一個綜合模式。於香港財務報告準 則第16號生效後,其將取代香港會計準則 第17號「租賃」以及相關詮釋。

香港財務報告準則第16號基於是否存在由客戶控制的已識別資產,來區分租賃合約與服務合約。此外,香港財務報告準則第16號要求根據香港財務報告準則第15號之規定就釐定銷售及回租交易之相關資產轉讓是否予以計為銷售。香港財務報告準則第16號亦包括有關轉租及租賃修改之規定。

承租人的會計處理取消經營租賃與融資租 賃之間的區分,並由一個模式所取代,據 此承租人須就所有租賃確認使用權資產及 相應負債,惟短期租賃及低價值資產租賃 則除外。

使用權資產初始按成本計量並隨後按成本 (惟若干例外情況除外)減累計折舊及 虧損計量,就任何租賃負債重新計計會 動稅任何租賃負債重新計計的租赁負債 動稅的現值計量。隨後,租賃負債修 中包括)利息及租賃款項以及租賃負債修 中包括)利息及租賃款項以及租高等 影響作出調整。就現金流分類而言等 場面,分類而其他經營租賃付款呈列 現金流量。於採用香港財務報告準則 對現金流量。於採用香港財務報告準則 對現金流量。於採用香港財務報告準則 資別配至本金及利息部份並分別呈列為融 資及經營現金流量。

截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度

綜合財務報表附註(續)

APPLICATION OF NEW AND AMENDMENTS TO HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRSs") (CONT'D)

New and amendments to HKFRSs in issue but not yet effective (Cont'd)

HKFRS 16 – Leases (Cont'd)

Under HKAS 17, the Group has already recognised prepaid lease payments for leasehold lands where the Group is a lessee. The application of HKFRS 16 may result in potential changes in classification of these assets depending on whether the Group presents right-of-use assets separately or within the same line item at which the corresponding underlying assets would be presented if they were owned.

Other than certain requirements which are also applicable to lessor, HKFRS 16 substantially carries forward the lessor accounting requirements in HKAS 17, and continues to require a lessor to classify a lease either as an operating lease or a finance lease.

Furthermore, extensive disclosures are required by HKFRS 16.

As at 31st December, 2018, the Group has non-cancellable operating lease commitments of HK\$229.3 million as disclosed in note 45(a). A preliminary assessment indicates that these arrangements will meet the definition of a lease. Upon application of HKFRS 16, the Group will recognise a right-of-use asset and a corresponding liability in respect of all these leases unless they qualify for low value or short-term leases.

In addition, the Group currently considers refundable rental deposits paid of HK\$37.0 million and refundable rental deposits received of HK\$50.7 million as rights and obligations under leases to which HKAS 17 applies. Based on the definition of lease payments under HKFRS 16, such deposits are not payments relating to the right to use the underlying assets, accordingly, the carrying amounts of such deposits may be adjusted to amortised cost. Adjustments to refundable rental deposits paid would be considered as additional lease payments and included in the carrying amount of right-of-use assets. Adjustments to refundable rental deposits received would be considered as advance lease payments.

採用新訂及經修訂的香港財務報告準則(「香港財務報告準則 ()(續)

已發行但尚未生效的新訂及經修訂的香港 財務報告準則(續)

香港財務報告準則第16號-租賃(續) 根據香港會計準則第17號,本集團已就確認租賃土地(本集團作為承租人)預繳租賃款項。採用香港財務報告準則第16號可能導致該等資產的分類出現變動,視乎本集團是否單獨或於倘擁有資產時將予以呈列相應有關資產的同一項目內呈列使用權資產。

除同樣適用於出租人的若干規定外,香港 財務報告準則第16號大致轉承香港會計準 則第17號的出租人會計處理規定,並且繼 續要求出租人將其租賃分類為經營租賃或 融資租賃。

此外,香港財務報告準則第16號規定作出 詳盡之披露。

於二零一八年十二月三十一日,本集團擁有不可撤銷經營租賃承擔229.3百萬港元(見附註45(a)披露)。初步評估顯示,該等安排符合租賃定義。於採用香港財務報告準則第16號時,本集團將就所有該等租賃確認使用權資產及相應負債,除非其符合低價值或短期租賃。

此外,本集團現時認為已付可退回租賃按金37.0百萬港元及已收可退回租賃按金50.7百萬港元是租賃項下的權利及義財財第17號。按香港會計準則第17號。接養財務有關的定義,上述按金並非與使用相關資產權利有關的付款,因此,上述按金的賬面值可予調整至會的規為額外租賃付款,並計入使用權資整會的賬面值內。已收可退回租賃按金的調整會被視為預付租賃付款。

APPLICATION OF NEW AND AMENDMENTS TO HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRSs") (CONT'D)

New and amendments to HKFRSs in issue but not yet effective (Cont'd)

HKFRS 16 - Leases (Cont'd)

The application of new requirements may result in changes in measurement, presentation and disclosure as indicated above. The Group intends to elect the practical expedient to apply HKFRS 16 to contracts that were previously identified as leases applying HKAS 17 and HK(IFRIC)-Int 4 Determining whether an Arrangement contains a Lease and not apply this standard to contracts that were not previously identified as containing a lease applying HKAS 17 and HK(IFRIC)-Int 4. Therefore, the Group will not reassess whether the contracts are, or contain a lease which already existed prior to the date of initial application.

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of preparation

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with HKFRSs issued by the HKICPA. In addition, the consolidated financial statements include applicable disclosures required by the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on the Stock Exchange ("Listing Rules") and by the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance (Cap. 622).

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis, except for certain properties and financial instruments, which are measured at fair value, as explained in the significant accounting policies set out below.

Historical cost is generally based on the fair value of the consideration given in exchange for goods and services.

綜合財務報表附註(續) 截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度

採用新訂及經修訂的香港財務報告準則(「香港財務報告準則 |) (續)

已發行但尚未生效的新訂及經修訂的香港 財務報告準則(續)

香港財務報告準則第16號一租賃(續) 採用新規定可能導致上文所述的計量、呈列及披露有所變動。本集團擬選擇就將電 港財務報告準則第16號採用於先前採用香 港會計準則第17號及香港(國際財務報告 設置會)一詮釋第4號釐定「安排是 包含租賃」而識別為租賃的合約使用實際 權宜做法,且不將此準則應用於先前緊 權宜做法,且不將此準則應用於先前 關為租赁的合約使用有 大,且不將此準則應用於先前 對 報告詮釋委員會)一詮釋第4號識別為租赁的 台約是否為或是否 的合約是否為或是否 包含租賃。

3. 主要會計政策

編製基準

綜合財務報表乃根據香港會計師公會頒佈的香港財務報告準則編製。此外,綜合財務報表載列聯交所證券上市規則(「上市規則」)及香港公司條例(第622章)規定之適用披露內容。

綜合財務報表乃按歷史成本基準編製,惟 下列主要會計政策所説明按公平價值計量 的若干物業及金融工具除外。

歷史成本一般根據就交易貨品及服務所付 代價之公平價值。

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

Basis of preparation (Cont'd)

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. regardless of whether that price is directly observable or estimated using another valuation technique. In estimating the fair value of an asset or a liability, the Group takes into account the characteristics of the asset or liability if market participants would take those characteristics into account when pricing the asset or liability at the measurement date. Fair value for measurement and/or disclosure purposes in these consolidated financial statements is determined on such a basis, except for share-based payment transactions that are within the scope of HKFRS 2 Share-based Payment, leasing transactions that are within the scope of HKAS 17, and measurements that have some similarities to fair value but are not fair value, such as net realisable value in HKAS 2 Inventories or value in use in HKAS 36 Impairment of Assets.

A fair value measurement of a non-financial asset takes into account a market participant's ability to generate economic benefits by using the asset in its highest and best use or by selling it to another market participant that would use the asset in its highest and best use.

In addition, for financial reporting purposes, fair value measurements are categorised into level 1, 2 or 3 based on the degree to which the inputs to the fair value measurements are observable and the significance of the inputs to the fair value measurement in its entirety, which are described as follows:

- Level 1 fair value measurements are those derived from quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.
- Level 2 fair value measurements are those derived from input other than quoted prices included within level 1 that are observable for the assets or liabilities, either directly (i.e. as prices) or indirectly (i.e. derived from prices).
- Level 3 fair value measurements are those derived from valuation techniques that include input for the assets or liabilities that are not based on observable market data.

綜合財務報表附註(續) 截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度

3. 主要會計政策(續)

編製基準(續)

公平價值是指市場參與者之間在計量日進 行的有序交易中出售一項資產所收取的價 格或轉移一項負債所支付的價格,無論該 價格是直接觀察到的結果還是採用其他估 值方法作出的估計。在對資產或負債的公 平價值作出估計時,本集團考慮了市場參 與者在計量日為該資產或負債進行定價時 將會考慮的那些特徵。在本綜合財務報表 中計量和/或披露目的之公平價值均在此 基礎上予以確定,但香港財務報告準則第 2號「以股份付款」範圍內的以股份為基礎 的支付交易、香港會計準則第17號範圍內 的租賃交易、以及與公平價值類似但並非 公平價值的計量(例如,香港會計準則第2 號「存貨」中的可變現淨值或香港會計準則 第36號「資產減值」中的使用價值)除外。

非金融資產公平價值之計量乃經參考市場 參與者可從使用該資產得到之最高及最佳 效用,或把該資產售予另一可從使用該資 產得到最高及最佳效用之市場參與者所產 生之經濟效益。

此外,就財務呈報而言,公平價值計量根據公平價值計量之輸入數據之可觀察程度及輸入數據對公平價值計量整體而言之重要性分為第一、第二或第三級,現闡述如下:

- 第一級公平價值計量按相同的資產或 負債於活躍市場的報價(無調整)計 算。
- 第二級公平價值計量乃除第一級計入 之報價外,就資產或負債可直接(即 價格)或間接(即自價格衍生)觀察輸 入數據得出。
- 第三級公平價值計量乃計入並非根據 可觀察市場數據之資產或負債之估值 方法得出。

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

Basis of consolidation

The consolidated financial statements incorporate the financial statements of the Company and entities controlled by the Company and its subsidiaries. Control is achieved when the Company:

- has power over the investee;
- is exposed, or has rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the investee; and
- has the ability to use its power to affect its returns.

The Group reassesses whether or not it controls an investee if facts and circumstances indicate that there are changes to one or more of the three elements of control listed above.

When the Group has less than a majority of the voting rights of an investee, it has power over the investee when the voting rights are sufficient to give it the practical ability to direct the relevant activities of the investee unilaterally.

Income and expenses of subsidiaries acquired or disposed of during the year are included in consolidated profit or loss and other comprehensive income from the effective date of acquisition and up to the effective date of disposal, as appropriate.

Where necessary, adjustments are made to the financial statements of subsidiaries to bring their accounting policies in line with those used by other members of the Group.

All intra-group transactions, balances, income and expenses within the Group are eliminated on consolidation.

Non-controlling interests in subsidiaries are presented separately from the Group's equity therein. Profit or loss and each items of other comprehensive income are attributable to the owners of the Company and to the non-controlling interests. Total comprehensive income of subsidiaries is attributable to the owners of the Company and to the non-controlling interests even if this results in the non-controlling interest having a debit balance.

綜合財務報表附註(續) 截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度

3. 主要會計政策(續)

綜合基準

綜合財務報表包括本公司及受本公司控制 之公司及其附屬公司之財務報表。倘本公 司符合以下情況,則取得控制權:

- 有權控制被投資方;
- 因其參與被投資方業務而獲得或有權 獲得可變回報;及
- 一 有能力以其權力影響其回報。

倘事項及狀況顯示上文列示三項控制元素 之一項或多項有變,本集團會重新評估其 是否控制投資對象。

倘本集團於投資對象之投票權未能佔大多數,但只要投票權足以賦予本集團實際能力可單方面掌控投資對象之相關業務時,本公司即對投資對象擁有權力。

於年內所收購或出售的附屬公司,其收入 及費用均自收購生效日期起及截至出售生 效日期止(如適用)計入綜合損益及其他全 面收益。

如有需要,本集團會對附屬公司之財務報 表作出調整,使其會計政策與本集團其他 成員公司所採用者一致。

所有本集團內成員間交易、結餘、收入及 開支均於綜合賬目時全數對銷。

附屬公司之非控股權益與本集團所佔權益分開呈列。損益及其他全面收益的各部分歸屬於本公司股東及非控股權益。即使導致非控股權益出現虧絀結餘,附屬公司的全面收益總額仍歸屬於本公司股東及非控股權益。

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

Basis of consolidation (Cont'd)

Changes in the Group's ownership interests in existing subsidiaries

Changes in the Group's ownership interests in subsidiaries that do not result in the Group losing control over the subsidiaries are accounted for as equity transactions. The carrying amounts of the Group's relevant components of equity and the non-controlling interests are adjusted to reflect the changes in their relative interests in the subsidiaries.

Any difference between the amount by which the noncontrolling interests are adjusted and the fair value of the consideration paid or received is recognised directly in equity and attributed to owners of the Company.

When the Group loses control of a subsidiary, the assets and liabilities of that subsidiary and non-controlling interests (if any) are derecognised. A gain or loss is recognised in profit or loss and is calculated as the difference between (i) the aggregate of the fair value of the consideration received and the fair value of any retained interest and (ii) the carrying amount of the assets (including goodwill), and liabilities of the subsidiary attributable to the owners of the Company. All amounts previously recognised in other comprehensive income in relation to that subsidiary are accounted for as if the Group had directly disposed of the related assets or liabilities of the subsidiary (i.e. reclassified to profit or loss or transferred to another category of equity as specified/permitted by applicable HKFRSs). The fair value of any investment retained in the former subsidiary at the date when control is lost is regarded as the fair value on initial recognition for subsequent accounting under HKFRS 9/HKAS 39 or, when applicable, the cost on initial recognition of an investment in an associate or a joint venture.

Business combinations

Acquisitions of businesses are accounted for using the acquisition method. The consideration transferred in a business combination is measured at fair value, which is calculated as the sum of the acquisition-date fair values of the assets transferred by the Group, liabilities incurred by the Group to the former owners of the acquiree and the equity interests issued by the Group in exchange for control of the acquiree. Acquisition-related costs are generally recognised in profit or loss as incurred.

綜合財務報表附註(續) 截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度

3. 主要會計政策(續)

綜合基準(續)

本集團於現有附屬公司擁有權權益之變動

倘本集團於附屬公司之擁有權權益出現變動,但並無導致本集團失去對該等附屬公司之控制權,則入賬列作權益交易。本集團之相關權益部分與非控股權益之賬面值均予以調整,以反映彼等於附屬公司之相關權益之變動。

非控股權益之調整款額與已付或已收代價 之公平價值兩者間之任何差額,均直接於 權益確認並歸屬於本公司股東。

倘本集團失去一間附屬公司之控制權,則 該附屬公司之資產及負債以及非控股權益 (如有)會被終止確認。於損益內確認收益 或虧損, 並按(i)所收取代價之公平價值及 任何保留權益之公平價值之總額及(ii)本公 司股東應佔附屬公司之資產(包括商譽)及 負債之賬面值之差額計算。所有有關該附 屬公司過往於其他全面收益確認之款額, 將按猶如本集團已直接出售有關附屬公司 之相關資產或負債入賬(即按適用香港財 務報告準則之規定/許可重新分類至損益 或轉撥至另一個權益類別)。於失去控制 權當日於前附屬公司保留之任何投資之公 平價值將根據香港財務報告準則第9號/ 香港會計準則第39號於其後入賬時被列 作初步確認之公平價值,或(如適用)於初 步確認時於聯營公司或合營公司之投資成

業務合併

業務收購採用收購法列賬。業務合併中之 轉讓代價按公平價值計量,而公平價值乃 按於收購日本集團所轉讓之資產、本集團 向被收購公司原股東產生之負債及本集團 於交換被收購公司之控制權發行之股權之 公平價值之總額計算。收購相關費用一般 於產生時在損益賬確認。

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

Business combinations (Cont'd)

At the acquisition date, the identifiable assets acquired and the liabilities assumed are recognised at their fair value at the acquisition date, except that:

- deferred tax assets or liabilities and liabilities or assets related to employee benefit arrangements are recognised and measured in accordance with HKAS 12 Income Taxes and HKAS 19 Employee Benefits respectively;
- liabilities or equity instruments related to share-based payment transactions of the acquiree or the replacement of an acquiree's share-based payment transactions with share-based payment transactions of the Group are measured in accordance with HKFRS 2 at the acquisition date; and
- assets (or disposal groups) that are classified as held for sale in accordance with HKFRS 5 Non-current Assets Held for Sale and Discontinued Operations are measured in accordance with that Standard.

Goodwill is measured as the excess of the sum of the consideration transferred, the amount of any non-controlling interests in the acquiree, and the fair value of the acquirer's previously held equity interest in the acquiree (if any) over the net of the acquisition-date amounts of the identifiable assets acquired and the liabilities assumed. If, after assessment, the net of the acquisition-date amounts of the identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed exceeds the sum of the consideration transferred, the amount of any non-controlling interests in the acquiree and the fair value of the acquirer's previously held interest in the acquiree (if any), the excess is recognised immediately in profit or loss as a bargain purchase gain.

Non-controlling interests that are present ownership interests and entitle their holders to a proportionate share of the entity's net assets in the event of liquidation may be initially measured at the non-controlling interests' proportionate share of the recognised amounts of the acquiree's identifiable net assets or at fair value. The choice of measurement basis is made on a transaction-bytransaction basis. Other types of non-controlling interests are measured at their fair value or, when applicable, on the basis specified in another Standard.

綜合財務報表附註(續) 截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度

3. 主要會計政策(續)

業務合併(續)

所收購之可識別資產及所承擔之負債乃於 收購當日按公平價值確認,惟以下情況除 外:

- 遞延稅項資產或負債及與僱員福利安排有關之負債或資產分別按香港會計準則第12號「所得稅」及香港會計準則第19號「僱員福利」確認及計量;
- 與被收購公司以股份付款之交易有關或以本集團以股份付款之交易取代被收購公司以股份付款之交易有關之負債或權益工具,於收購當日按香港財務報告準則第2號計量;及
- 按照香港財務報告準則第5號「持作出售之非流動資產及已終止經營業務」 分類為持作出售之資產(或出售組別) 按照該準則計量。

商譽按所轉讓之代價、任何非控股權益於 被收購公司中所佔金額、及收購公司以往 持有之被收購公司股權之公平價值(如有) 之總和,減所收購可識別資產及所承擔負 債於收購當日之淨值後,所超出之差資 量。倘經過評估後,所收購可識別轉產 所承擔負債於收購當日之淨額高於轉配 代價,任何非控股權益於被收購公可 時公司股權之公平價值(如有)之總和,則差額 即時於損益賬內確認為議價收購收益。

屬現時擁有權權益且持有人有權於清盤時按比例分佔公司淨資產之非控股權益,可初步按非控股權益應佔被收購公司可識別淨資產之已確認金額比例或按公平價值計量。計量基準可按每項交易而選擇。其他種類之非控股權益乃按其公平價值或另一項準則規定之基準(如適用)計量。

綜合財務報表附註(續) 截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

Business combinations (Cont'd)

When the consideration transferred by the Group in a business combination includes assets or liabilities resulting from a contingent consideration arrangement, the contingent consideration is measured at its acquisition-date fair value and included as part of the consideration transferred in a business combination. Changes in the fair value of the contingent consideration that qualify as measurement period adjustments are adjusted retrospectively, with the corresponding adjustments made against goodwill or gain on bargain purchase. Measurement period adjustments are adjustments that arise from additional information obtained during the "measurement period" (which cannot exceed one year from the acquisition date) about facts and circumstances that existed at the acquisition date.

The subsequent accounting for changes in the fair value of the contingent consideration that do not qualify as measurement period adjustments depends on how the contingent consideration is classified. Contingent consideration that is classified as equity is not remeasured at subsequent reporting dates and its subsequent settlement is accounted for within equity. Contingent consideration that is classified as an asset or a liability is remeasured at subsequent reporting dates in accordance with HKFRS 9/HKAS 39, or HKAS 37 Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets, as appropriate, with the corresponding gain or loss being recognised in profit or loss

When a business combination is achieved in stages, the Group's previously held equity interest in the acquiree is remeasured to fair value at the acquisition date (i.e. the date when the Group obtains control), and the resulting gain or loss, if any, is recognised in profit or loss or other comprehensive income, as appropriate. Amounts arising from interests in the acquiree prior to the acquisition date that have previously been recognised in other comprehensive income and measured under HKFRS 9/HKAS 39 would be accounted for on the same basis as would be required if the Group had disposed directly of the previously held equity interest.

If the initial accounting for a business combination is incomplete by the end of the reporting period in which the combination occurs, the Group reports provisional amounts for the items for which the accounting is incomplete. Those provisional amounts are adjusted during the measurement period (see above), or additional assets or liabilities are recognised, to reflect new information obtained about facts and circumstances that existed as of the acquisition date that, if known, would have affected the amounts recognised as of that date.

3. 主要會計政策(續)

業務合併(續)

倘本集團於業務合併中轉讓之代價包括因或然代價安排而引致之資產或負債,則有關或然代價會按收購當日之公平價值計量,並會包括於業務合併中轉讓之代代價之一部分。倘合資格作出計量期調整之或然代價公平價值有變,則有關變動會作追溯調整,而商譽或議價收購收益亦會作出相應調整。計量期調整指因於「計量期間」(自收購日期起計不超過一年)內取得有關於收購當日已存在之事實及情況之額外資料而產生之調整。

其後是否將不合資格作出計量期調整之或 然代價公平價值之變動入賬,則視乎或然 代價之分類方式而定。被分類為權益之或 然代價不會於往後之結算日重新計量,而 其後償付之款項則於權益內入賬。被分類 為資產或負債之或然代價於往後之結算 日按照香港財務報告準則第9號/香港 會計準則第39號或香港會計準則第37號「撥 備、或然負債及或然資產」(視適用情況而 定)重新計量,相應之收益或虧損則於損 益賬內確認。

當業務合併以分階段完成,本集團以往所持被收購公司之股權會按收購當日(即本集團取得控制權當日)之公平價值重新計量,而所產生之收益或虧損(如有)則於損益賬或其他全面收益(如適用)內確認。就被收購公司權益在收購日期前於其他全面收益中所確認及根據香港財務報告準則第9號/香港會計準則第39號計量之數額會按猶如本集團直接出售先前所持有股權的相同基準入賬。

倘業務合併未能於進行合併之報告期結束 前完成初步入賬,則本集團會呈報未完成 入賬之項目之臨時金額。該等臨時金額會 於計量期(見上文)內,或確認額外資產或 負債時調整,以反映所取得有關於收購當 日已存在之事實及情況(如已知),並會影 響於當日確認之金額之新資料。

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

Interests in associates and joint ventures

An associate is an investment in which the Group has significant influence. Significant influence is the power to participate in the financial and operating policy decisions of the investee but is not control or joint control over those policies.

A joint venture is a joint arrangement whereby the parties that have joint control of the arrangement have rights to the net assets of the joint arrangement. Joint control is the contractually agreed sharing of control of an arrangement, which exists only when decisions about the relevant activities require unanimous consent of the parties sharing control.

The results and assets and liabilities of associates and joint ventures are incorporated in these consolidated financial statements using the equity method of accounting. Under the equity method, an investment in an associate or a joint venture is initially recognised in the consolidated statement of financial position at cost and adjusted thereafter to recognise the Group's share of the profit or loss and other comprehensive income of the associate or joint venture. Where necessary, adjustments are made to bring the accounting policies of associates and joint ventures in conformity with the Group. When the Group's share of losses of an associate or joint venture exceeds the Group's interest in that associate or joint venture (which includes any long-term interests that, in substance, form part of the Group's net investment in the associate or joint venture), the Group discontinues recognising its share of further losses. Additional losses are recognised only to the extent that the Group has incurred legal or constructive obligations or made payments on behalf of the associate or joint venture.

An investment in an associate or a joint venture is accounted for using the equity method from the date on which the investee becomes an associate or a joint venture. On acquisition of the investment in an associate or a joint venture, any excess of the cost of the investment over the Group's share of the net fair value of the identifiable assets and liabilities of the investee is recognised as goodwill which is included within the carrying amount of the investment. Any excess of the Group's share of the net fair value of the identifiable assets and liabilities over the cost of the investment, after reassessment, is recognised immediately in profit or loss in the period in which the investment is acquired.

綜合財務報表附註(續) 截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度

3. 主要會計政策(續)

於聯營公司及合營公司之權益

聯營公司指本集團可對其發揮重大影響力 之投資。重大影響力指有權參與被投資公 司財務及營運決策,但並非控制或共同控 制該等政策之權力。

合營公司指一項聯合安排,對安排擁有共同控制權之訂約方據此對聯合安排之資產淨值擁有權利。共同控制是指按照合約約定對某項安排所共有的控制,共同控制僅在當相關活動要求共同享有控制權之各方作出一致同意之決定時存在。

於被投資方成為聯營公司或合營公司當日,對聯營公司或合營公司之投資採用權益法入賬。於收購聯營公司或合營公司之投資採用權益法入賬。於收購聯營公司或合營公司之投資時,投資成本超過本集團應佔投資之明實之長面值。倘於重新評估後,本集團所佔可識別資產及負債之公平價值淨額之投資成本,則會於收購投資之期間即時在損益確認。

綜合財務報表附註(續) 截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

Interests in associates and joint ventures (Cont'd)

The Group assesses whether there is an objective evidence that the interest in an associate or a joint venture may be impaired. When any objective evidence exists, the entire carrying amount of the investment (including goodwill) is tested for impairment in accordance with HKAS 36 as a single asset by comparing its recoverable amount (higher of value in use and fair value less costs of disposal) with its carrying amount. Any impairment loss recognised forms part of the carrying amount of the investment. Any reversal of that impairment loss is recognised in accordance with HKAS 36 to the extent that the recoverable amount of the investment subsequently increases.

When the Group ceases to have significant influence over an associate or joint control over a joint venture, it is accounted for as a disposal of the entire interest in the investee with a resulting gain or loss being recognised in profit or loss. The Group discontinues the use of the equity method from the date when the investment ceases to be an associate or a joint venture, or when the investment is classified as held for sale. The difference between the carrying amount of the associate or joint venture at the date the equity method was discontinued, and the fair value of any retained interest and any proceeds from disposal is included in the determination of the gain or loss on disposal of the associate or joint venture. In addition, the Group accounts for all amounts previously recognised in other comprehensive income in relation to that associate or joint venture on the same basis as would be required if that associate or joint venture had directly disposed of the related assets or liabilities. Therefore, if a gain or loss previously recognised in other comprehensive income by that associate or joint venture would be reclassified to profit or loss on the disposal of the related assets or liabilities, the Group reclassifies the gain or loss from equity to profit or loss (as a reclassification adjustment) upon disposal/partial disposal of the relevant associate or joint venture.

Where the Group's interest in associate increases, whether directly or indirectly, the impact of the change should be accounted for as an incremental purchase of the associate and recognised at cost. When the Group's interest in an associate increase due to a decrease in the investee's issued shares, the difference between the Group's share of the net fair value of the investee's identifiable assets and liabilities before and after the change, is recognised directly in equity.

When the Group transacts with an associate or a joint venture of the Group, unrealised profits and losses are eliminated to the extent of the Group's interest in the relevant associate or joint venture.

3. 主要會計政策(續)

於聯營公司及合營公司之權益(續)

本集團評估是否有客觀證據表示聯營公司 或合營公司之權益已減值。如有任何客觀 證據存在,投資之全部賬面值(包括商譽) 會根據香港會計準則第36號作為一項獨立 資產,透過比較其可收回金額(使用價值 與公平價值減出售成本兩者間之較高者) 及其賬面值作減值測試。任何已確認之減 值虧損組成投資賬面值一部分。根據香港 會計準則第36號,任何減值虧損之撥回於 投資可收回金額其後增加時確認。

當本集團不再對聯營公司擁有重大影響力 或於合營公司擁有共同控制權時,則按出 售於該被投資公司的全部權益入賬,所產 生的收益或虧損於損益中確認。於投資不 再為聯營公司或合營公司,或投資被分類 為持作出售當日起,本集團停止使用權益 法。聯營公司或合營公司於終止使用權益 法當日之賬面值與任何保留權益之公平價 值及出售任何所得款項之間的差額, 乃計 入釐定出售聯營公司或合營公司之損益。 此外,倘該聯營公司或合營公司直接出售 相關資產或負債,則本集團可能需要按相 同基準計入有關該聯營公司或合營公司的 以往於其他全面收益確認的所有金額。因 此,倘聯營公司或合營公司以往於其他全 面收益確認的損益重新分類為出售相關資 產或負債的損益,則本集團將於出售/出 售部分相關聯營公司或合營公司時將收益 或虧損由權益重新分類至損益(列作重新 分類調整)。

倘本集團於聯營公司之權益增加(不論為直接或間接),有關變數之影響應入賬為聯營公司增額收購,並按成本確認。倘本集團於一間聯營公司之權益因被投資公司之已發行股份減少而增加,則本集團分佔該被投資公司可識別資產及負債之淨公平價值於變動前後之差額直接於權益內確認。

當本集團與本集團之聯營公司或合營公司 交易,將按本集團於相關聯營公司或合營 公司之權益對銷未變現損益。 162

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3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

Goodwill

Goodwill arising on acquisitions prior to 1st January, 2005

Goodwill arising on an acquisition of a subsidiary, an associate or a joint venture for which the agreement date is before 1st January, 2005 represents the excess of the cost of acquisition over the Group's interest in the fair value of the identifiable assets and liabilities of the relevant subsidiary, associate or joint venture at the date of acquisition.

For previously capitalised goodwill arising on acquisitions after 1st January, 2001, the Group has discontinued amortisation from 1st January, 2005 onwards, and such goodwill is tested for impairment annually, and whenever there is an indication that the cash generating unit to which the goodwill relates may be impaired.

Goodwill arising on acquisitions on or after 1st January, 2005

Goodwill arising on an acquisition of a subsidiary for which the agreement date is on or after 1st January, 2005 represents the excess of the cost of acquisition over the Group's interest in the fair value of the identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities of the relevant subsidiary at the date of acquisition. Such goodwill is carried at cost less accumulated impairment losses, if any.

Revenue recognition

Revenue from contracts with customers (upon application of HKFRS 15)

Under HKFRS 15, the Group recognises revenue when (or as) a performance obligation is satisfied, i.e. when "control" of the goods or services underlying the particular performance obligation is transferred to the customer.

A performance obligation represents a good or service (or a bundle of goods or services) that is distinct or a series of distinct goods or services that are substantially the same.

綜合財務報表附註(續) 截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度

3. 主要會計政策(續)

商譽

於二零零五年一月一日之前因收購產生之商譽

收購一間附屬公司、聯營公司或合營公司 (協議日期為於二零零五年一月一日之前) 產生之商譽,指收購成本超逾本集團於收 購當日應佔相關附屬公司、聯營公司或合 營公司之可識別資產及負債公平價值之權 益之差額。

對於二零零一年一月一日後因收購產生之原先已資本化商譽,本集團自二零零五年一月一日起不再繼續攤銷,而有關商譽每年及有跡象顯示商譽有關之現金產生單位有可能出現減值時進行減值測試。

於二零零五年一月一日或之後因收購產生之商譽

收購一間附屬公司(協議日期為於二零零五年一月一日或之後)產生之商譽,指收購成本超逾本集團於收購當日應佔相關附屬公司之可識別資產、負債及或然負債之公平價值之權益之差額。該等商譽乃按成本減累計減值虧損(如有)列賬。

收入確認

來自客戶之合約收入確認(採用香港財務 報告準則第15號後)

根據香港財務報告準則第15號,當(或於)滿足履約義務時,本集團確認收入,即於特定履約義務的相關商品或服務的控制權轉讓予客戶時確認。

履約義務指明確的商品或服務(或一組商品或服務)或一連串及大致相同並明確的商品或服務。

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

Revenue recognition (Cont'd)

Revenue from contracts with customers (upon application of HKFRS 15) (Cont'd)

Control is transferred over time and revenue is recognised over time by reference to the progress towards complete satisfaction of the relevant performance obligation if one of the following criteria is met:

- the customer simultaneously receives and consumes the benefits provided by the Group's performance as the Group performs;
- the Group's performance creates or enhances an asset that the customer controls as the Group performs; or
- the Group's performance does not create an asset with an alternative use to the Group and the Group has an enforceable right to payment for performance completed to date.

Otherwise, revenue is recognised at a point in time when the customer obtains control of the distinct good or service. The Group shall consider indicators of the transfer of control, which include, but are not limited to, the following:

- the Group has a present right to payment for the asset and a customer is presently obliged to pay for an asset;
- the Group has transferred physical possession of the asset and the customer has obtained physical possession of an asset;
- the customer has accepted the good or service; and
- other indicators of the transfer of control of the good or service to the customer.

Income from hotel operations, provision of property management services and elderly care services are recognised as a performance obligation satisfied over time as the customers simultaneously receive and consume the benefits provided by the Group's performance as the Group performs. Regarding hotel operations, the Group generally receives an advance payment in full before it provides services or receives settlement after it provides services. For the provision of property management services, the Group bills its customers in advance or in arrear according to the terms of the contract with customers. For elderly care services, the Group generally bills it customers in advance before it provides the relevant services to the customers.

綜合財務報表附註(續)

截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度

3. 主要會計政策(續)

收入確認(續)

來自客戶之合約收入確認(採用香港財務 報告準則第15號後)(續) 控制權隨時間轉移,而倘滿足以下其中一 項標準,則收入乃參照完全滿足相關履約 義務的進展情況而隨時間確認:

- 隨本集團履約,客戶同時取得並耗用本集團履約所提供的利益;
- 本集團之履約創建或強化一資產,該 資產於創建或強化之時即由客戶控 制;或
- 本集團的履約並未產生對本集團有替 代用途的資產,且本集團對迄今已完 成履約之款項具有可執行之權利。

否則,收入於客戶獲得明確的商品或服務 控制權的時間點確認。在判斷控制權是否 已轉移時,本集團會考慮下列跡象,包括 但不限於:

- 本集團就資產享有現時收款權,且客 戶現時有義務為該資產付款;
- 本集團已將該資產的實物轉移且客戶 已取得該資產的實物;
- 客戶已接受商品或服務;及
- 顯示商品或服務的控制權已轉移予客 戶的其他跡象。

來自酒店業務、提供物業管理服務及護老服務之收入隨時間確認為已履行之履約責任,因為客戶同時取得並耗用本集團履約所提供之利益。就酒店業務而言,本集團一般在提供服務前悉數收取預付款項或在提供服務後取得結付款項。就提供物業管理服務而言,本集團根據客戶合約條款預先或期末向客戶發出賬單。就護老服務而言,本集團一般在向客戶提供相關服務前預先向客戶發出賬單。

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3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

Revenue recognition (Cont'd)

Revenue from contracts with customers (upon application of HKFRS 15) (Cont'd)

Advisory fee income from providing specified financial advisory services is recognised at a point in time when the services for the transactions are completed under the terms of each engagement and the revenue can be measured reliably. Advisory fee income from provision of services under retainers is recognised over time based on contractual terms specified in the underlying agreements as the customer simultaneously receives and consumes benefits providing by the Group's performance as the Group performs and revenue can be measured reliably.

Service income is recognised at a point in time when the services for the transactions are completed under the terms of each engagement and the revenue can be measured reliably.

Commission based and other services are recognised at a point in time when the services for the transactions are completed under the term of each engagement and the revenue can be measured reliably.

Revenue recognition (Prior to 1st January, 2018)

Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable and represents amounts receivable for goods sold and services provided in the normal course of business, net of discounts and sales related taxes.

Revenue is recognised when the amount of revenue can be reliably measured; when it is probable that future economic benefits will flow to the Group and when specific criteria have been met for each of the Group's activities, as described below.

Rental income from properties under operating leases, including rentals invoiced in advance, is recognised on a straight-line basis over the terms of the relevant leases.

Income from the provision of services, including elderly care services, is recognised upon the provision of the relevant services or on a time apportionment basis over the terms of the service contracts.

Income from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership have been transferred to the buyer, provided that the Group maintains neither managerial involvement to the degree usually associated with ownership, nor effective control over the goods sold.

綜合財務報表附註(續)

截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度

3. 主要會計政策(續)

收入確認(續)

來自客戶之合約收入確認(採用香港財務報告準則第15號後)(續)

提供特定金融顧問服務之顧問費收入於根據各自委聘條款完成就交易提供之服務且收入能夠可靠計量之時間點確認。提供長期服務之有關顧問費收入在相關之協議有效合約期內確認,因為客戶同時可獲得及享用本集團履約所提供之利益,且收入亦能可靠地計量。

服務收入於根據各自委聘條款完成就交易 提供之服務且收入能夠可靠計量之時間點 確認。

佣金及其他服務於根據各自委聘條款完成 就交易提供的服務且收入能夠可靠計量之 時間點確認。

收入確認(二零一八年一月一日前) 收入按日常業務中已收及應收代價之公平 價值計算,指已售貨品及已提供服務之應 收款項,扣除折扣及相關銷售稅項。

當收入數額能可靠地計量、而未來經濟利益可能流入本集團,且符合以下本集團各業務的特定準則時,本集團便會確認收入。

經營租約之物業租金收入(包括提前開出 發票之租金)乃以直線法於相關租賃期內 確認。

提供服務(包括護老服務)之收入於提供相關服務時或於服務合約期內按已服務時間 之比例確認。

銷售貨品之收入於擁有權之重大風險及回 報均轉讓予買方時,且本集團既不能就其 擁有權參與管理及對售出貨品亦無有效控 制權時確認。

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

Revenue recognition (Cont'd)

Revenue recognition (Prior to 1st January, 2018) (Cont'd) Revenue from hotel operations is recognised when services are provided.

Interest income from financial assets is recognised on a time apportionment basis, taking into account the principal amounts outstanding and the effective interest rate applicable, which is the rate that discounts the estimated future cash flows through the expected life of the financial asset to that asset's net carrying amount on initial recognition.

Dividend income from investments is recognised when the owners' right to receive payment has been established.

Income from rendering financial guarantee services is recognised over the contractual period on a straight-line basis.

Other service fee income is recognised upon the provision of the relevant services or on a time apportionment basis over the contractual period of the guarantee or loan.

Leasing

Leases are classified as finance leases whenever the terms of the lease transfer substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership to the lessee. All other leases are classified as operating leases.

The Group as lessor

Rental income from operating leases is recognised in the profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the term of the relevant lease.

The Group as lessee

Operating lease payments are recognised as an expense on a straight-line basis over the term of the relevant lease. Benefits received and receivable as an incentive to enter into an operating lease are recognised as a reduction of rental expense over the lease term on a straight-line basis.

綜合財務報表附註(續)

截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度

3. 主要會計政策(續)

收入確認(續)

收入確認(二零一八年一月一日前)(續) 酒店業務收入於提供服務時確認。

金融資產之利息收入乃按時間攤分法,並參照尚未償還本金額及所適用之實際利率確認,而實際利率為於金融資產之預期可用年期將估計日後現金流量折現至該資產初始確認時之賬面淨值之比率。

來自投資之股息收入於股東收取付款之權利建立時確認。

提供財務擔保服務之收入按直線法於合約 期內確認。

其他服務費收入於提供相關服務時或於擔 保或貸款之合約期內按已服務時間之比例 確認。

租約

倘租賃之條款將擁有權之絕大部分風險及 回報轉予承租人,租約歸類為融資租約。 所有其他租約歸類為經營租約。

本集團作為出租人

經營租約之租金收入以直線法於相關租期 內於損益賬內確認。

本集團作為承租人

經營租約付款乃在相關租期內以直線法確認為費用。因訂立一項經營租約作為獎勵之已收及應收福利乃以直線法於租期內確認為租金開支減少。

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

Leasehold land and buildings

When the Group makes payments for a property interest which includes both leasehold land and building elements, the Group assesses the classification of each element as a finance or an operating lease separately based on the assessment as to whether substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership of each element have been transferred to the Group. Specifically, the entire consideration (including any lump-sum upfront payments) are allocated between the land and the building elements in proportion to the relative fair values of the leasehold interests in the land element and building element at initial recognition.

To the extent the allocation of the lease payments can be made reliably, interest in leasehold land that is accounted for as an operating lease is presented as "prepaid land lease payments" in the consolidated statement of financial position and is amortised over the lease term on a straight-line basis. When the lease payments cannot be allocated reliably between the leasehold land and building elements, the entire property is generally classified as if the leasehold land is under finance lease.

Foreign currencies

The individual financial statements of each group entity are presented in the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates (its functional currency). For the purpose of the consolidated financial statements, the results and financial position of each entity are expressed in Hong Kong dollars, which is the functional currency of the Company, and the presentation currency for the consolidated financial statements.

In preparing the financial statements of each individual group entity, transactions in currencies other than the functional currency of that entity (foreign currencies) are recognised at the rates of exchanges prevailing on the dates of the transactions. At the end of the reporting period, monetary items denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rates prevailing at that date. Nonmonetary items carried at fair value that are denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rates prevailing on the date when the fair value was determined. Nonmonetary items that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are not retranslated.

綜合財務報表附註(續) 截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度

3. 主要會計政策(續)

和賃土地及樓宇

倘本集團就物業權益作出之付款包括租賃 土地及樓宇元素時,本集團則會根據各項 元素的擁有權所附帶之絕大部分風險及回 報是否已轉讓予本集團,分別評估各元素 應分類為融資或經營租約。特別是於初始 確認時,整筆代價(包括任何一次性預付 款項)按租約內土地元素及樓宇元素之租 賃權益之相對公平價值,按比例分配到土 地及樓宇元素。

倘能可靠地分配租約付款時,列賬為經營租約的租賃土地權益於綜合財務狀況表呈列為「預繳地價」,並按直線法於租期內攤銷。倘租約付款未能於租賃土地及樓宇元素作可靠分配,則整項物業一般分類為融資租約租賃土地。

外幣

各個集團公司之個別財務報表乃以有關公司營運所在主要經濟環境之貨幣(其功能貨幣)呈列。就綜合財務報表而言,各公司之業績及財務狀況以本公司之功能貨幣港元呈列,而港元亦為綜合財務報表之呈列貨幣。

在編製各個別集團公司之財務報表時,以公司功能貨幣以外之貨幣(外幣)進行的交易按交易當日之匯率確認。於報告期末,以外幣計值之貨幣項目按該日適用之匯率重新換算。以外幣計值按公平價值列賬之非貨幣項目按釐定公平價值之日期的匯率重新換算。以外幣之歷史成本計值之非貨幣項目不會重新換算。

綜合財務報表附註(續) 截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

Foreign currencies (Cont'd)

Exchange differences arising on the settlement of monetary items, and on the retranslation of monetary items, are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they arise. Exchange differences arising on the retranslation of non-monetary items carried at fair value are included in profit or loss for the period except for differences arising on the retranslation of non-monetary items in respect of which gains and losses are recognised directly in equity, in which cases, the exchange differences are also recognised directly in equity.

For the purpose of presenting consolidated financial statements, the assets and liabilities of the Group's foreign operations are translated into the presentation currency of the Group (i.e. Hong Kong dollars) using exchange rates prevailing at the end of the reporting period. Income and expense items are translated at the average exchange rates for the year, unless exchange rates fluctuate significantly during the period, in which case, the exchange rates prevailing at the dates of transactions are used. Exchange differences arising, if any, are recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity (the translation reserve). Such translation differences are reclassified to profit or loss in the period in which the operation is disposed of.

Goodwill and fair value adjustments on identifiable asset acquired arising on an acquisition of a foreign operation are treated as assets and liabilities of that foreign operation and retranslated at the rate of exchange prevailing at the end of the reporting period. Exchange differences arising are recognised in the other comprehensive income.

3. 主要會計政策(續)

外幣(續)

結算貨幣項目及換算貨幣項目產生之匯兑 差額於產生期間之損益賬確認。重新換算 以公平價值列賬之非貨幣性項目產生之匯 兑差額計入該期間之損益賬內,惟重新換 算非貨幣性項目產生之差額,其盈虧直接 於權益確認,在此情況下,匯兑差額亦直 接於權益中確認。

就呈列綜合財務報表而言,本集團海外經營業務之資產及負債乃按報告期末之適用 匯率換算至本集團之呈列貨幣(即港元), 而收入及支出項目乃按該年之平均匯率進 行換算,除非匯率於該期間出現大幅波動 則作別論,於此情況下,則採用於交易當 日之匯率換算。所產生之匯兑差額(如有) 乃於其他全面收益確認,並於權益累計 (匯兑儲備)。有關匯兑差額於出售業務期 間重新分類至損益。

因收購海外業務產生之商譽及所收購可識 別資產之公平價值調整,乃視作海外業務 之資產及負債處理及按報告期末之現行匯 率重新換算。所產生之匯兑差額於其他全 面收益內確認。

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of qualifying assets, which are assets that necessarily take a substantial period of time to get ready for their intended use or sale, are added to the cost of those assets until such time as the assets are substantially ready for their intended use or sale.

Investment income earned on the temporary investment of specific borrowings pending their expenditure on qualifying assets is deducted from the borrowing costs eligible for capitalisation.

All other borrowing costs are recognised on a time apportionment basis, taking into account the principal and the effective interest rates. They are charged to profit or loss in the year in which they are incurred.

Employee benefits

Employee entitlements to annual leave are recognised when they accrue to employees. A provision is made for the estimated liability for annual leave as a result of services rendered by employees up to the end of the reporting period.

The contributions payable to the Group's retirement benefit schemes and the mandatory provident fund scheme are charged to the consolidated statement of profit or loss as an expense when employees have rendered service entitling them to the contribution.

The Group recognises a liability and an expense for bonuses and profit-sharing, where appropriate, based on approved formulas that take into consideration the profit attributable to the Group after certain adjustments. The Group recognises a provision where contractually obliged or where there is a past practice that has created a constructive obligation.

For shares of SHK ("Awarded Shares") granted under the employee ownership scheme of SHK, the fair value of the employee services received is determined by reference to the fair value of Awarded Shares granted at the grant date and is expensed on a straight-line basis over the vesting period, with a corresponding increase in equity (employee share-based compensation reserve). At the end of each reporting period, the Group revises its estimates of the number of Awarded Shares that are expected to ultimately vest. The impact of the revision of the estimates, if any, is recognised in profit or loss, with a corresponding adjustment to the employee share-based compensation reserve.

綜合財務報表附註(續) 截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度

3. 主要會計政策(續)

借貸成本

與收購、建造或生產合資格資產(即需用較長期間才可作擬定用途或銷售的資產) 直接有關之借貸成本加入至該等資產之成本,直至該等資產絕大部分已達致可作擬 定用途或銷售為止。

特定借貸於撥作合資格資產之支出前用作 短暫投資所賺取之投資收入,會從合資格 撥作資本之借貸成本中扣除。

所有其他借貸成本乃經計及本金與實際利率後,以時間攤分法確認,並於產生之年 度在損益賬扣除。

僱員福利

僱員應享年假之權益於僱員應享有時確 認。就因僱員提供服務而計至報告期末之 年假之估計負債作出撥備。

應付予本集團之退休福利計劃及強制性公積金計劃供款於僱員提供使其有權獲得供款之服務時作為開支在綜合損益表內扣除。

本集團按照認可計算方法就花紅及分攤溢 利確認負債及開支(如適用),該計算方法 已考慮本集團應佔溢利並作出若干調整。 於出現合約責任或過往慣例引致推定責任 時,本集團即確認撥備。

根據新鴻基僱員股份擁有計劃授出的新鴻基股份(「獎授股份」),所獲取僱員服務的公平價值參考於授出日期所授出獎授股份的公平價值釐定,並採用直線法於歸屬期內支銷,及於權益(以股份支付之僱員酬金儲備)增加相應數額。於每個報告期末,本集團調整對預期最終歸屬獎授股份數目的估計,調整估計所產生的影響(如有)在損益確認,及對以股份支付之僱員酬金儲備作出相應調整。

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

Taxation

Taxation represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from "profit before taxation" as reported in the consolidated statement of profit or loss because of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and items that are never taxable or deductible. The Group's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

Deferred tax is recognised on temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the consolidated financial statements and the corresponding tax base used in the computation of taxable profit. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all taxable temporary differences. Deferred tax assets are generally recognised for all deductible temporary difference to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which those deductible temporary differences can be utilised. Such assets and liabilities are not recognised if the temporary difference arises from goodwill or from the initial recognition (other than in a business combination) of other assets and liabilities in a transaction that affects neither the taxable profit nor the accounting profit.

Deferred tax liabilities are recognised for taxable temporary differences associated with investments in subsidiaries and interests in associates and joint ventures, except where the Group is able to control the reversal of the temporary difference and it is probable that the temporary difference will not reverse in the foreseeable future. Deferred tax assets arising from deductible temporary differences associated with such investments and interests are only recognised to the extent that it is probable that there will be sufficient taxable profits against which to utilise the benefits of the temporary differences and they are expected to reverse in the foreseeable future.

綜合財務報表附註(續) 截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度

3. 主要會計政策(續)

税項

税項指現時應付税項及遞延税項之總和。

現時應付税項乃按本年度應課税溢利計算。應課税溢利因其他年度的應課税之收入或可扣税之開支及毋須課税或不可扣税項目與綜合損益表中所報「除稅前溢利」不同。本集團之即期稅項負債乃按報告期末已頒佈或實際頒佈之稅率計算。

遞延稅項乃以綜合財務報表資產及負債賬面值與計算應課稅溢利所用相應稅基間之臨時差額確認。遞延稅項負債一般會就所有應課稅臨時差額確認。遞延稅項資產人與於有可能以可扣稅臨時差額抵銷部分之情況下,就該可抵銷部分之所有可扣稅臨時差額予以確認。若於一項交易中,因商譽或初始確認(不包括業應時)其他資產及負債而引致既不影響應課稅溢利亦不影響會計溢利之臨時差額,則不會確認該等資產及負債。

遞延稅項負債乃按於附屬公司之投資及聯營公司及合營公司之權益產生之應課稅臨時差額而確認,惟若本集團有能力控制臨時差額之撥回及臨時差額不會於可預見之未來撥回之情況除外。與有關投資及權益相關之可扣稅臨時差額產生之遞延稅項資產,僅在可能有足夠應課稅溢利以動用臨時差額利益及預期於可見將來撥回時確認。

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

Taxation (Cont'd)

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at the end of the reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period in which the liability is settled or the asset is realised, based on tax rate (and tax law) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

The measurement of deferred tax liabilities and assets reflects the tax consequences that would follow from the manner in which the Group expects, at the end of the reporting period, to recover or settle the carrying amounts of its assets and liabilities.

For the purposes of measuring deferred tax liabilities or deferred tax assets for investment properties that are measured using the fair value model, the carrying amounts of such properties are presumed to be recovered entirely through sale, unless the presumption is rebutted. The presumption is rebutted when the investment property is depreciable and is held within a business model whose objective is to consume substantially all of the economic benefits embodied in the investment property over time, rather than through sale.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities and when they relate to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority and the Group intends to settle its current tax assets and liabilities on a net basis.

Current and deferred tax are recognised in profit or loss, except when they relate to items that are recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, in which case, the current and deferred tax are also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively. Where current tax or deferred tax arises from the initial accounting for a business combination, the tax effect is included in the accounting for the business combination.

綜合財務報表附註(續) 載至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度

3. 主要會計政策(續)

税項(續)

遞延税項資產之賬面值於報告期末作檢 討,並在不再有可能會有足夠應課稅溢利 收回全部或部分資產價值時作調減。

遞延税項資產及負債乃按預期於償還負債 或變現資產之期間按報告期末已頒佈或實 際頒佈之税率(及稅法)計算。

遞延税項負債及資產之計算結果反映本集 團於報告期末預期就收回或償付資產及負 債賬面值可能引致之税務後果。

為使用公平價值模式計量之投資物業計算 遞延税項負債或遞延稅項資產時,該等物 業之賬面值乃推斷為完全透過銷售收回, 除非有關推斷被駁回。倘投資物業為可折 舊且其商業模式之目標為隨時間消耗大部 分含於該等投資物業經濟利益,而非透過 銷售獲利,有關推斷會被駁回。

倘有法定可行使權利將即期稅項資產及即 期稅項負債抵銷,且兩者與同一稅務機構 徵收之所得稅有關,而本集團擬按淨額基 準結算即期稅項資產及負債,則可抵銷遞 延稅項資產及負債。

即期及遞延税項於損益賬中確認,惟與於其他全面收益或直接於權益確認之項目相關者除外,於該情況下,即期及遞延税項亦分別於其他全面收益或直接於權益中確認。對業務合併進行初步會計處理中產生即期稅項或遞延稅項時,稅務影響納入業務合併會計處理。

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

Investment properties

Investment properties are properties held to earn rentals and/or for capital appreciation, is stated at its fair value at the end of the reporting period. Gains or losses arising from changes in the fair value of investment properties are included in profit or loss in the period in which they arise.

An investment property is derecognised upon disposal or when the investment property is permanently withdrawn from use and no future economic benefits are expected from its disposals. Any gain or loss arising on derecognition of the property (calculated as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset) is included in the profit or loss in the period in which the property is derecognised.

Transfers to, or from, investment property are made in the following circumstances:

- commencement of owner-occupation, for a transfer from investment property to owner-occupied property;
- end of owner-occupation, for a transfer from owneroccupied property to investment property; and
- commencement of an operating lease to another party, for a transfer from inventories to investment properties.

For a transfer from investment property carried at fair value to owner-occupied property or inventories, the property's deemed cost for subsequent accounting shall be its fair value at the date of changes in use.

For a transfer from owner-occupied property to investment property, the entity shall treat any difference at that date between the carrying amount of the property and its fair value in the same way as a revaluation surplus. The excess of the fair value of the property at the date of transfer over the carrying amount of the property is credited to other comprehensive income and accumulated in property revaluation reserve, except to the extent that it reverses a revaluation decrease of the same asset previously recognised as an expense, in which case the increase is credited to the consolidated statement of profit or loss to the extent of the decrease previously charged to consolidated statement of profit or loss. The excess of the carrying amount of the property at the date of transfer over the fair value of the property is recognised in consolidated statement of profit or loss to the extent it exceeds the balance, if any, on the revaluation reserve relating to a previously revaluation of the same asset. On subsequent disposal of the investment property, the revaluation surplus included in equity may be transferred to accumulated profits. The transfer from revaluation surplus to accumulated profits is not made through profit or loss.

綜合財務報表附註(續)

截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度

3. 主要會計政策(續)

投資物業

投資物業為持作用以賺取租金及/或資本 增值之物業,按其於報告期末之公平價值 列賬。因投資物業公平價值變動產生之收 益或虧損計入產生期間之損益。

投資物業於出售時或當投資物業被永久撤銷使用時及出售該資產預期不會產生任何日後經濟利益時終止確認。物業終止確認時產生之任何收益或虧損按該資產之出售所得款項淨額與資產賬面值間之差額計算,並於該物業終止確認之期間計入損益。

投資物業在下列情況下轉入或轉出:

- 對於投資物業轉入業主佔用物業,為 業主佔用開始時;
- 對於業主佔用物業轉入投資物業,為 業主佔用結束時;及
- 對於存貨轉入投資物業,為與另外一方之經營租約開始時。

對於按公平價值計值之投資物業轉入業主 佔用物業或存貨,對物業進行其後會計處 理之視作成本乃使用之變動日期之公平價 值。

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3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

Investment properties (Cont'd)

For a transfer from inventories to investment property that will be carried at fair value, any difference between the fair value of the property at that date and its previous carrying amount shall be recognised in profit or loss.

Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment including land and buildings held for use in the production or supply of goods or services, or for administrative purposes are stated at cost less subsequent accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses.

Depreciation is recognised so as to write off the cost of assets less their estimated residual value over their estimated useful lives, using the straight-line method. The estimated useful lives, residual values and depreciation method are reviewed at the end of each reporting period, with the effect of any changes in estimate accounted for on a prospective basis.

Depreciation is at the following rates per annum:

Hotel property shorter of the estimated useful life and the remaining lease

term of land

Leasehold land shorter of the estimated useful and buildings life and the remaining lease

term of land

Leasehold improvements 20%

Furniture, fixtures 10% to 50%

and equipment

Motor vehicles $16^2/_3\%$ to 20%

and vessels

An item of property, plant and equipment is derecognised upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected to arise from the continued use of the asset. Any gain or loss arising on the disposal of an item of property, plant and equipment is determined as the difference between the sales proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and is recognised in profit or loss.

When the nature of the lessee's property interest change from investment property to property, plant and equipment, the lessee shall continue to account for the lease as a finance lease.

綜合財務報表附註(續)

截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度

3. 主要會計政策(續)

投資物業(續)

對於存貨轉入按公平價值列賬之投資物 業,該日期物業公平價值與其之前賬面值 的任何差額將於損益賬中確認。

物業、廠房及設備

物業、廠房及設備(包括持作用於生產或 供應貨品及服務或作行政用途的土地及樓 宇)乃按成本減之後累計折舊及累計減值 虧損列賬。

折舊按估計可使用年期以直線法確認,以 撤銷其資產成本減其估計剩餘價值。估計 可使用年期、剩餘價值及折舊法於各報告 期末進行檢討。估計任何變動之影響按未 來適用基準入賬。

折舊按以下年率計算:

酒店物業 於估計可使用年期或

土地租約之剩餘

期限中之較短者

租賃土地及樓宇 於估計可使用年期或

土地租約之剩餘期限中之較短者

租賃樓宇裝修 20%

傢具、裝置及 10%至50%

設備

汽車及汽船 16% 至20%

物業、廠房及設備項目於出售或預計持續 使用該資產無經濟利益產生時終止確認。 出售物業、廠房及設備項目所產生的收益 或虧損按銷售所得款項及資產賬面值之差 額計算,並於損益確認。

當承租人之物業權益性質由投資物業轉變為物業、廠房及設備時,承租人將繼續將租約列為融資租約。

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

Prepaid land lease payments

The up-front prepayments made for the leasehold land and land use rights that are classified as operating leases are amortised in the consolidated statement of profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the period of the lease or when there is impairment, the impairment is expensed in profit or loss.

Intangible assets

Intangible assets acquired in a business combination Intangible assets acquired in a business combination are identified and recognised separately from goodwill where they satisfy the definition of an intangible asset and their fair values can be measured reliably. Such intangible assets are measured at their fair value at the acquisition date.

Intangible assets acquired separately

(i) Club memberships

They comprise the right to use the facilities of various clubs with the management considering that the club memberships do not have a finite useful life.

(ii) Computer software

Acquired computer software licenses are capitalised on the basis of the costs incurred to acquire and bring to use the specific software. These costs are amortised using the straight-line method.

Subsequent to initial recognition, intangible assets with finite useful lives are carried at costs less accumulated amortisation and any accumulated impairment losses. Amortisation for intangible assets with finite useful lives is provided on a straight-line basis over their estimated useful lives. Useful lives are also examined on an annual basis and adjustments where applicable are made on a prospective basis. Alternatively, intangible assets with indefinite lives are carried at cost less any accumulated impairment losses and are tested for impairment annually by comparing their recoverable amount with their carrying amount.

Gains or losses arising from derecognition of an intangible asset are measured at the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and are recognised in profit or loss when the asset is derecognised.

綜合財務報表附註(續)

截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度

3. 主要會計政策(續)

預繳地價

分類為經營租約之租賃土地及土地使用權 之前期預付款按直線法於租約期間在綜合 損益表內攤銷,如有任何減值,則會在損 益扣除。

無形資產

於業務合併中收購的無形資產

於業務合併中收購的無形資產若符合無形 資產定義及其公平價值能可靠計量之情況 下乃與商譽分開識別及確認。該等無形資 產按於收購日期的公平價值計量。

獨立收購無形資產

(i) 會所會籍

包括使用不同會所設施之權利資格且 管理層認為,會所會籍並不具有固定 可使用年期。

(ii) 電腦軟件

購入之電腦軟件許可權按購入軟件及 使其投入使用所涉及之成本進行資本 化。該等成本以直線法攤銷。

初始確認後,有固定可使用年期的無形資產按成本減累計攤銷及任何累計減值虧損列賬。有固定可使用年期的無形資產攤銷乃於預計可使用年期內按直線法撥備。可使用年期會每年檢討,並於適合時按未來適用基準調整。另一方面,無固定可使用年期的無形資產按成本減任何累計減值虧損列賬,並每年對可收回金額與賬面值進行比較以測試減值。

終止確認無形資產所產生之收益或虧損為 出售所得款項淨額與資產之賬面值之差 額,並於終止確認資產時於損益確認。 174

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

Impairment of tangible and intangible assets excluding financial assets

For the purposes of impairment testing, goodwill is allocated to each of the Group's cash-generating units (or group of cash-generating units) that is expected to benefit from the synergies of the combination, which represent the lowest level at which the goodwill is monitored for internal management purposes and not larger than an operating segment.

A cash-generating unit (or group of cash-generating units) to which goodwill has been allocated is tested for impairment annually or more frequently when there is indication that the unit may be impaired. For goodwill arising on an acquisition in a reporting period, the cashgenerating unit (or group of cash-generating units) to which goodwill has been allocated is tested for impairment before the end of that reporting period. If the recoverable amount is less than its carrying amount, the impairment loss is allocated first to reduce the carrying amount of any goodwill and then to the other assets on a pro-rata basis based on the carrying amount of each asset in the unit (or group of cash-generating units). Any impairment loss for goodwill is recognised directly in profit or loss. An impairment loss recognised for goodwill is not reversed in subsequent periods.

On disposal of the relevant cash-generating unit or any of the cash-generating unit within the group of cash-generating units, the attributable amount of goodwill is included in the determination of the amount of profit or loss on disposal. When the Group disposes of an operation within the cash-generating unit (or a cash-generating unit within a group of cash-generating units), the amount of goodwill disposed of is measured on the basis of the relative values of the operation (or the cash-generating unit) disposed of and the portion of the cash-generating unit (or the group of cash-generating units) retained.

綜合財務報表附註(續) 截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度

3. 主要會計政策(續)

有形及無形資產(不包括金融資產)減值

就減值測試而言,商譽會分配至預期可從 合併之協同效益中獲益之各本集團現金產 生單位(或各組現金產生單位),表示為內 部管理目的而監察商譽之最低級別且不大 於營運分部。

獲分配商譽之現金產生單位(或現金產生單位組別)會每年及於有跡象可能減值時更頻密作減值測試。就一個報告期間因收購而產生之商譽,獲分配商譽之現金產生單位組別)會於該報告期末前作減值測試。倘可收回金額低於單位販面值,減值虧損會首先分配至該單位以減低商譽之賬面值,然後再根據該單位(或現金產生單位組別)內各項資產之長何商譽之減值虧損會直接在損益內確認。所屬學之減值虧損會直接在損益內確認之減值虧損不會在往後期間屬已。

於出售相關現金產生單位或現金產生單位 組別中任何現金產生單位時,商譽的應佔 金額計入釐定的出售損益金額。當本集團 出售現金產生單位(或現金產生單位組別 中的一個現金產生單位)內的業務時,所 出售商譽金額按所出售業務(或現金產生 單位)與所保留現金產生單位(或現金產生 單位組別)部分的相對價值計量。

綜合財務報表附註(續)

截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度

SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

Impairment of tangible and intangible assets excluding financial assets (Cont'd)

Intangible assets (other than goodwill) that have indefinite useful lives are not subject to amortisation, and are tested at least annually for impairment and reviewed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable. Assets that are subject to depreciation and amortisation are reviewed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable. An impairment loss is recognised for the amount by which the asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less cost to sell and value in use. For the purpose of assessing impairment, assets are grouped at the lowest level for which there are separately identifiable cash flows (cash-generating units) if an impairment test cannot be performed for an individual asset. An impairment loss is recognised immediately as an expense. Where an impairment loss subsequently reverses, the carrying amount of the asset (or cash-generating unit) is increased to the revised estimate of its recoverable amount, but so that the increased carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset (or cash generating unit) in prior years. A reversal of an impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

Financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised when a group entity becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. All regular way purchases or sales of financial assets are recognised and derecognised on a trade date basis. Regular way purchases or sales are purchases or sales of financial assets that require delivery of assets within the time frame established by regulation or convention in the market place.

Financial assets and financial liabilities are initially measured at fair value except for trade receivables arising from contracts with customers which are initially measured in accordance with HKFRS 15 since 1st January, 2018. Transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of financial assets and financial liabilities (other than financial assets or financial liabilities at FVTPL) are added to or deducted from the fair value of the financial assets or financial liabilities, as appropriate, on initial recognition. Transaction costs directly attributable to the acquisition of financial assets or financial liabilities at FVTPL are recognised immediately in profit or loss.

主要會計政策(續) 3.

有形及無形資產(不包括金融資產)減值

無固定可使用年期之無形資產(商譽除外) 毋須攤銷,但須每年進行減值測試,且在 事件或情況轉變顯示賬面值可能無法收回 時,進行減值評估。須予以折舊及攤銷之 資產在事件或情況轉變顯示賬面值可能 無法收回時,進行減值評估。倘資產賬面 值高於可收回金額,其高於之金額則確認 為減值虧損。可收回金額為資產公平價值 減出售成本與使用價值兩者間之較高者。 就評估減值而言,倘若無法對個別資產進 行減值測試,則於存在可分開識別現金流 (現金產生單位)之最低水平上將資產集 合。減值虧損即時確認為開支。如其後撥 回減值虧損,資產(或現金產生單位)之賬 面值將增加至可收回金額之經修訂估計, 惟增加後之賬面值不得高於過往年度並無 就資產(或現金產生單位)確認減值虧損時 原應釐定之賬面值。減值虧損撥回即時於 損益確認。

具工癌金

當集團實體成為文據之合約條文之訂約方 時,則確認金融資產及金融負債。所有以 正常方式買賣的金融資產按交易日的基準 確認及終止確認。以正常方式買賣指於市 場規定或慣例設定之期限內進行資產交付 的金融資產買賣。

金融資產及金融負債初始按公平價值計 算,惟源自客戶合約的應收貿易款項除 外,其自二零一八年一月一日起根據香港 財務報告準則第15號初步計量。因收購 或發行金融資產或金融負債(透過損益賬 按公平價值處理之金融資產或金融負債除 外)而直接應佔之交易成本,於初始確認 時按適用情況加入或扣自該項金融資產或 金融負債之公平價值。因收購透過損益賬 按公平價值處理之金融資產或金融負債而 直接應佔之交易成本即時於損益賬確認。

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3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

Financial instruments (Cont'd)

The effective interest method is a method of calculating the amortised cost of a financial asset or financial liability and of allocating interest income and interest expense over the relevant period. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts and payments (including all fees and points paid or received that form an integral part of the effective interest rate, transaction costs and other premiums or discounts) through the expected life of the financial asset or financial liability, or, where appropriate, a shorter period, to the net carrying amount on initial recognition.

Interest/dividend income which are derived from the Group's ordinary course of business are presented as revenue.

Financial assets

Classification and subsequent measurement of financial assets (upon application of HKFRS 9 in accordance with transitions in note 2)

Financial assets that meet the following conditions are subsequently measured at amortised cost:

- the financial asset is held within a business model whose objective is to collect contractual cash flows; and
- the contractual terms give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

Financial assets that meet the following conditions are subsequently measured at FVTOCI:

- the financial asset is held within a business model whose objective is achieved by both collecting contractual cash flows and selling; and
- the contractual terms give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

綜合財務報表附註(續)

截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度

3. 主要會計政策(續)

金融工具(續)

實際利息法是計算金融資產或金融負債攤銷成本及分配於相關期間內利息收入及利息開支之方法。實際利率為於金融資產或金融負債的預期可使用年期(如適用)較短期間內可準確折現估計未來現金收入及支出(包括所支付或收取能構成整體實際利率的所有費用及基點、交易成本及其他溢價或折讓)至初始確認賬面淨值的利率。

自本集團日常業務過程所得之利息/股息 收入呈列為收入。

金融資產

金融資產的分類及其後計量(根據附註2的過渡條文採用香港財務報告準則第9號後)

符合以下條件的金融資產其後按攤銷成本 計量:

- 金融資產於目的為收取合約現金流量 為目的商業模式內而持有;及
- 合約條款於特定日期產生僅為支付本 金及未償還本金之利息的現金流量。

符合以下條件的金融資產其後透過其他全 面收益按公平價值處理:

- 金融資產於通過收取合約現金流量及 銷售為目的的商業模式內而持有;及
- 合約條款於特定日期產生之僅為支付本金及未償還本金利息的現金流量。

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

Financial instruments (Cont'd)

Financial assets (Cont'd)

Classification and subsequent measurement of financial assets (upon application of HKFRS 9 in accordance with transitions in note 2) (Cont'd)

All other financial assets are subsequently measured at FVTPL, except that at the date of initial application/initial recognition of a financial asset the Group may irrevocably elect to present subsequent changes in fair value of an equity investment in OCI if that equity investment is neither held for trading nor contingent consideration recognised by an acquirer in a business combination to which HKFRS 3 Business Combinations applies.

A financial asset is classified as held for trading if:

- it has been acquired principally for the purpose of selling in the near term; or
- on initial recognition it is a part of a portfolio of identified financial instruments that the Group manages together and has a recent actual pattern of short-term profit-taking; or
- it is a derivative that is not designated and effective as a hedging instrument.

In addition, the Group may irrevocably designate a financial asset that are required to be measured at the amortised cost or FVTOCI as measured at FVTPL if doing so eliminates or significantly reduces an accounting mismatch.

綜合財務報表附註(續)

截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度

3. 主要會計政策(續)

金融工具(續)

金融資產(續)

金融資產的分類及其後計量(根據附註2的 過渡條文採用香港財務報告準則第9號後) (續)

所有其他金融資產其後透過損益賬按公平價值計量,惟在首次採用/首次確認金融資產之日,倘該股本投資並非持作交易,亦非由於收購方在香港財務報告準則第3號「業務合併」所適用的業務合併中確認的或然代價,本集團可不可撤銷地選擇於其他全面收益呈列股本投資的其後公平價值變動。

倘符合下列條件,則將金融資產歸類為持 作交易:

- 所收購的金融資產主要用於短期內出售;或
- 於初始確認時,該金融工具是作為本 集團整合管理的已識別金融工具組合 的一部分,且有近期實現短線套利 模式;或
- 該金融資產為衍生工具,但非指定為 有效對沖工具。

此外,本集團可不可撤銷地指定須按攤銷 成本計量或透過其他全面收益按公平價值 處理的金融資產為透過損益賬按公平價值 處理(倘若此舉可消除或顯著減少會計錯 配)。

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

Financial instruments (Cont'd)

Financial assets (Cont'd)

Classification and subsequent measurement of financial assets (upon application of HKFRS 9 in accordance with transitions in note 2) (Cont'd)

(i) Amortised cost and interest income

Interest income is recognised using the effective interest method for financial assets measured subsequently at amortised cost and debt securities subsequently measured at FVTOCI. For financial instruments other than purchased or originated credit-impaired financial assets, interest income is calculated by applying the effective interest rate to the gross carrying amount of a financial asset, except for financial assets that have subsequently become creditimpaired (see below). For financial assets that have subsequently become credit-impaired, interest income is recognised by applying the effective interest rate to the amortised cost of the financial asset from the next reporting period. If the credit risk on the creditimpaired financial instrument improves so that the financial asset is no longer credit-impaired, interest income is recognised by applying the effective interest rate to the gross carrying amount of the financial asset from the beginning of the reporting period following the determination that the asset is no longer credit impaired.

(ii) Debt securities classified as at FVTOCI

Subsequent changes in the carrying amounts for debt securities classified as at FVTOCI as a result of interest income calculated using the effective interest method and foreign exchange gains and losses are recognised in profit or loss. Changes in fair value are recognised in OCI, except for the recognition in profit or loss of ELCs. When these debt securities are derecognised, the cumulative gains or losses previously recognised in OCI are reclassified to profit or loss.

綜合財務報表附註(續)

截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度

3. 主要會計政策(續)

金融工具(續)

金融資產(續)

金融資產的分類及其後計量(根據附註2的 過渡條文採用香港財務報告準則第9號後) (續)

(i) 攤銷成本及利息收入

(ii) 分類為透過其他全面收益按公平價值 處理之債務證券

因使用實際利率法計算利息收入及產生外幣匯兑收益及虧損而導致分類為透過其他全面收益按公平價值處理之債務證券之賬面值其後變動於損益確認。公平價值變動於其他全面收益確認,惟於預期信貸虧損於損益確認除外。當該等債務證券終止確認時,先前於其他全面收益確認之累計收益或虧損重新分類至損益。

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

Financial instruments (Cont'd)

Financial assets (Cont'd)

Classification and subsequent measurement of financial assets (upon application of HKFRS 9 in accordance with transitions in note 2) (Cont'd)

(iii) Equity instruments designated as at FVTOCI

Investments in equity instruments at FVTOCI are subsequently measured at fair value with gains and losses arising from changes in fair value recognised in OCI and accumulated in the investment revaluation reserve; and are not subject to impairment assessment. The cumulative gain or loss will not be reclassified to profit or loss on disposal of the equity investments, and will be transferred to accumulated profits.

Dividends from these investments in equity instruments are recognised in profit or loss when the Group's right to receive the dividends is established, unless the dividends clearly represent a recovery of part of the cost of the investment. Dividends are included in the "other revenue" line item in profit or loss.

(iv) Financial assets at FVTPL

Financial assets that do not meet the criteria for being measured at amortised cost or FVTOCI or designated as FVTOCI are measured at FVTPL.

Financial assets at FVTPL are measured at fair value at the end of each reporting period, with any fair value gains or losses recognised in profit or loss. The net gain or loss recognised in profit or loss excludes any dividend or interest earned on the financial asset and is included in the "net gain on financial assets and liabilities at fair value through profit or loss" line item.

綜合財務報表附註(續)

截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度

3. 主要會計政策(續)

金融工具(續)

金融資產(續)

金融資產的分類及其後計量(根據附註2的 過渡條文採用香港財務報告準則第9號後) (續)

(iii) 指定為透過其他全面收益按公平價值 處理之權益工具

指定為透過其他全面收益按公平價值 處理之權益工具的投資其後按公平價值 值計量,其公平價值變動產生的收益 及虧損於其他全面收益確認及於投資 重估儲備累計,且毋須進行減值評 估。累計收益或虧損於出售股本投資 時將不會重新分類至損益,並將轉撥 至累計溢利。

當本集團確立收取股息的權利時,該等權益工具投資的股息於損益中確認,除非股息明確代表收回部分投資成本。股息計入損益內「其他收入」的項目內。

(iv) 透過損益賬按公平價值處理之金融資 產

金融資產如不符合按攤銷成本計量或 透過其他全面收益按公平價值處理的 方式計量或指定為透過其他全面收益 按公平價值處理的條件,則透過損益 賬按公平價值處理的方式計量。

於各報告期末,透過損益賬按公平價值處理之金融資產按公平價值計量,而任何公平價值收益或虧損於損益確認。於損益確認的收益或虧損淨額不包括就金融資產所賺取的任何股息或利息,並計入損益內「透過損益賬按公平價值處理之金融資產及負債收益淨額」項目內。

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

Financial instruments (Cont'd)

Financial assets (Cont'd)

Impairment of financial assets (upon application of HKFRS 9 with transitions in accordance with note 2)

The Group recognises a loss allowance for ECL on financial assets which are subject to impairment under HKFRS 9 (including trade and other receivables, short-term pledged bank deposits and bank balances, bank deposits, cash and cash equivalents, loans and advances to consumer finance customers, mortgage loans, term loans, amounts due from brokers, amounts due from associates and amounts due from joint ventures), loan commitments and financial guarantee contracts.

The amount of ECL is updated at each reporting date to reflect changes in credit risk since initial recognition.

Lifetime ECL represents the ECL that will result from all possible default events over the expected life of the relevant instrument. In contrast, 12m ECL represents the portion of lifetime ECL that is expected to result from default events that are possible within 12 months after the reporting date. Assessment is done based on the Group's historical credit loss experience, adjusted for factors that are specific to the debtors, general economic conditions and an assessment of both the current conditions at the reporting date as well as the forecast of future conditions.

The Group measures the loss allowance equal to 12m ECL, unless when there has been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition, the Group recognises lifetime ECL. The assessment of whether lifetime ECL should be recognised is based on significant increases in the likelihood or risk of a default occurring since initial recognition.

綜合財務報表附註(續) 截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度

3. 主要會計政策(續)

金融工具(續)

金融資產(續)

金融資產減值(根據附註2的過渡條文採用 香港財務報告準則第9號後)

本集團就根據香港財務報告準則第9號面 臨減值的金融資產(包括貿易及其他應收 款項、短期抵押銀行存款及銀行結餘、 銀行存款、現金及現金等價物、消費金融 客戶貸款及墊款、按揭貸款、有期貸款、 經紀欠款及聯營公司欠款及合營企業欠 款)、貸款承擔及財務擔保合約的預期信 貸虧損確認虧損撥備。

預期信貸虧損金額於各結算日更新,以反 映自初始確認起的信貸風險變動。

全期預期信貸虧損指於相關工具預期年期內發生所有可能的違約事件而導致的預期信貸虧損。相反,12個月預期信貸虧損則指預期於結算日後十二個月內可能發生的違約事件而導致的部分全期預期信貸虧損。評估乃根據本集團過往信貸虧損經驗進行,並根據債務人特定因素、一般經濟狀況及於結算日對當前狀況及未來狀況預測的評估而作出調整。

本集團計量與12個月預期信貸虧損等額的虧損撥備,除非信貸風險自初始確認以來已大幅增加,則本集團確認全期預期信貸虧損。評估是否應確認全期預期信貸虧損,乃基於自初始確認起出現違約的可能性或風險是否大幅增加。

截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度

綜合財務報表附註(續)

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

Financial instruments (Cont'd)

Financial assets (Cont'd)

Impairment of financial assets (upon application of HKFRS 9 with transitions in accordance with note 2) (Cont'd)

(i) Significant increase in credit risk

In assessing whether the credit risk has increased significantly since initial recognition, the Group compares the risk of a default occurring on the financial instrument as at the reporting date with the risk of a default occurring on the financial instrument as at the date of initial recognition. In making this assessment, the Group considers both quantitative and qualitative information that is reasonably supportable, including historical experience and forward-looking information that is available without undue cost or effort.

In particular, the following information is taken into account when assessing whether credit risk has increased significantly:

- an actual or expected significant deterioration in the financial instrument's external (if available) or internal credit rating;
- significant deterioration in external market indicators of credit risk, e.g. a significant increase in the credit spread, the credit default swap prices for the debtor;
- existing or forecast adverse changes in (1) regulatory, economic or technological environments; (2) business or financial conditions that are expected to cause a significant decrease in the debtor's ability to meet its debt obligations;
- an actual or expected significant deterioration in the operating results of the debtor; or
- financial re-organisation/restructuring entered by the debtors.

Irrespective of the outcome of the above assessment, the Group presumes that the credit risk has increased significantly since initial recognition when contractual payments are more than 30 days past due, unless the Group has reasonably supportable information that demonstrates otherwise.

3. 主要會計政策(續)

金融工具(續)

金融資產(續)

金融資產減值(根據附註2的過渡條文採用 香港財務報告準則第9號後)(續)

(i) 信貸風險大幅增加

於評估信貸風險是否自初始確認以來已大幅增加時,本集團比較金融工具於結算日出現違約的風險與該金融工具於初始確認日期出現違約的風險。作此評估時,本集團均會考慮合理可作為依據的定量及定性資料,包括過往經驗及無需過多成本或精力即可獲得的前瞻性資料。

尤其是,評估信貸風險是否大幅增加 時會考慮下列資料:

- 金融工具外部(如有)或內部信貸 評級的實際或預期重大惡化;
- 信貸風險的外界市場指標的重大 惡化,例如信貸息差、債務人的 信貸違約掉期價大幅增加;
- 預期將導致債務人履行其債務責任的能力大幅下降的(1)監管、經濟或技術環境;(2)業務或財務狀況的現有或預測不利變動;
- 債務人經營業績的實際或預期重 大惡化;或
- 債務人進行財務重組/重整。

不論上述評估結果,本集團認為,當 合約付款逾期超過30日,則自初始確 認以來信貸風險已顯著增加,除非本 集團有合理可作為依據之資料證明。

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

Financial instruments (Cont'd)

Financial assets (Cont'd)

Impairment of financial assets (upon application of HKFRS 9 with transitions in accordance with note 2) (Cont'd)

(i) Significant increase in credit risk (Cont'd)

For loan commitments and financial guarantee contracts, the date that the Group becomes a party to the irrevocable commitment is considered to be the date of initial recognition for the purposes of assessing the financial instrument for impairment. In assessing whether there has been a significant increase in the credit risk since initial recognition of a loan commitment, the Group considers changes in the risk of a default occurring on the loan to which a loan commitment relates; for financial guarantee contracts, the Group considers the changes in the risk that the specified debtor will default on the contract.

The Group regularly monitors the effectiveness of the criteria used to identify whether there has been a significant increase in credit risk and revises them as appropriate to ensure that the criteria are capable of identifying significant increase in credit risk before the amount becomes past due.

(ii) Definition of default

For internal credit risk management, the Group considers an event of default occurs when information developed internally or obtained from external sources indicates that the debtor is unlikely to pay its creditors, including the Group, in full (without taking into account any collateral held by the Group).

Irrespective of the above, the Group considers that default has occurred when a financial asset is more than 90 days past due unless the Group has reasonably supportable information to demonstrate that a more lagging default criterion is more appropriate. In particular, the following qualitative indicators are taken into account in determining the risk of a default occurring:

- probable bankruptcy entered by the borrowers;
- death of the debtor; and
- disappearance of active market of the collateral or repossessed properties.

綜合財務報表附註(續) 截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度

3. 主要會計政策(續)

金融工具(續)

金融資產(續)

金融資產減值(根據附註2的過渡條文採用 香港財務報告準則第9號後)(續)

(i) 信貸風險大幅增加(續)

就貸款承擔及財務擔保合約而言,本 集團訂立不可撤銷承諾之日期被視為 評估金融工具減值之初始確認日期。 在評估自初始確認貸款承擔起信貸風 險是否大幅增加時,本集團考慮與貸 款承擔相關的貸款出現違約之風險變 動;就財務擔保合約而言,本集團考 慮指定債務人之違約風險變動。

本集團定期監控用於識別信貸風險是 否顯著增加的標準是否有效及適時修 訂該等標準,以確保有關標準能於款 項逾期前識別信貸風險的顯著增加。

(ii) 違約之定義

就內部信貸風險管理,本集團認為, 倘內部制定或自外部來源取得的資料 顯示債務人不可能悉數(不計及本集 團所持任何抵押品)償還其債權人(包 括本集團),則視作發生違約事件。

除上述者外,本集團認為,倘金融資產逾期超過90日,則違約已經發生,惟本集團擁有合理可作為依據資料顯示一項更滯後的違約標準更為合適,則另作別論。具體而言,於釐定發生違約的風險時,已考慮以下定性指標:

- 一 借款人可能破產;
- 債務人身故;及
- 抵押品或收回物業不再有活躍市場。

截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度

綜合財務報表附註(續)

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

Financial instruments (Cont'd)

Financial assets (Cont'd)

Impairment of financial assets (upon application of HKFRS 9 with transitions in accordance with note 2) (Cont'd)

(iii) Credit-impaired financial assets

A financial asset is credit-impaired when one or more events of default that have a detrimental impact on the estimated future cash flows of that financial asset have occurred. Evidence that a financial asset is credit-impaired includes observable data about the following events:

- (a) significant financial difficulty of the issuer or the borrower;
- (b) a breach of contract, such as a default or past due event;
- (c) the lenders of the borrower, for economic or contractual reasons relating to the borrower's financial difficulty, having granted to the borrower concessions that the lenders would not otherwise consider;
- (d) probable bankruptcy or other financial reorganisation entered by the debtor;
- (e) probable shortfall that expected cash inflows from the realisation of collateral is below the carrying amount of financial assets; or
- (f) the disappearance of an active market for that financial asset because of financial difficulties.

3. 主要會計政策(續)

金融工具(續)

金融資產(續)

金融資產減值(根據附註2的過渡條文採用 香港財務報告準則第9號後)(續)

(iii) 信貸減值金融資產

當發生一項或多項對金融資產估計未來現金流量有不利影響之違約事件時,金融資產出現信貸減值。金融資產信貸減值之證據包括以下可觀察事件:

- (a) 發行人或借款人陷入重大財務困 難;
- (b) 違反合約,如違約或逾期事件;
- (c) 借款人之放款人因與借款人出現 財務困難有關之經濟或合約理由 而給予借款人在一般情況下放款 人不予考慮之優惠條件;
- (d) 債務人有可能破產或進行其他財 務重組;
- (e) 變現抵押品的預期現金流入低於 金融資產的賬面值,從而可能造 成損失;或
- (f) 由於財務困難致使金融資產之活 躍市場消失。

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

Financial instruments (Cont'd)

Financial assets (Cont'd)

Impairment of financial assets (upon application of HKFRS 9 with transitions in accordance with note 2) (Cont'd)

(iv) Write-off policy

The Group writes off the gross carrying amount of a financial asset when there is information indicating that the counterparty is in severe financial difficulty and there is no realistic prospect of recovery, for example, when the counterparty has entered into bankruptcy proceedings. Financial assets written off may still be subject to enforcement activities under the Group's recovery procedures, taking into account legal advice where appropriate.

A write-off constitutes a derecognition event. Any subsequent recoveries will result in an impairment gain and is included in "Net impairment losses on financial instruments" in note 9.

For the year ended 31st December, 2018, the measurement of the expected credit loss under HKFRS 9 is included in "Net impairment losses on financial instruments" as presented in note 9. Prior period amount determined adopting the incurred loss model under HKAS 39 is not restated and presented as "Bad and doubtful debts" in note 9.

(v) Measurement and recognition of ECL

The measurement of ECL is a function of the probability of default, loss given default (i.e. the magnitude of the loss if there is a default) and the exposure at default. The assessment of the probability of default and loss given default is based on historical data adjusted by forward-looking information. Estimation of ECL reflects an unbiased and probability-weighted amount that is determined with the respective risks of default occurring as the weights.

Generally, the ECL is the difference between all contractual cash flows that are due to the Group in accordance with the contract and the cash flows that the Group expects to receive, discounted at the effective interest rate determined at initial recognition.

For a financial guarantee contract, the Group is required to make payments only in the event of a default by the debtor in accordance with the terms of the instrument that is guaranteed. Accordingly, the expected losses is the present value of the expected payments to reimburse the holder for a credit loss that it incurs less any amounts that the Group expects to receive from the holder, the debtor or any other party.

綜合財務報表附註(續)

截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度

3. 主要會計政策(續)

金融工具(續)

金融資產(續)

金融資產減值(根據附註2的過渡條文採用 香港財務報告準則第9號後)(續)

(iv) 撇銷政策

當有資料顯示對手方處於嚴重財務困難,且並無合理預期收回時(例如對手方進入破產程序),則本集團會撤銷金融資產的賬面總值。已撤銷的金融資產仍可能需要根據本集團的收回程序進行法律行動,惟需於適當時候聽取法律意見。

撤銷構成終止確認事件。任何其後的 收回將產生減值收益,並於附註9計 入「金融工具之減值虧損淨額」。

於截至二零一八年十二月三十一日 止年度,根據香港財務報告準則第9 號,預期信貸虧損之計量,乃納入附 註9呈列的「金融工具之減值虧損淨 額」。根據香港會計準則第39號採納 已產生虧損模型釐定的過往期間金 額,並無重列及於附註9呈列為「呆壞 賬」。

(v) 計量及確認預期信貸虧損

計量預期信貸虧損乃違約概率、違約 損失率程度(即倘發生違約的損失程 度)及違約風險的函數。違約概率及 違約損失率程度的評估根據經前瞻性 資料調整的歷史數據作出。預期信貸 虧損的估算反映以各自發生違約的風 險作加權的公正及概率加權金額。

一般而言,預期信貸虧損乃根據合約 應付本集團的所有合約現金流與本集 團預期將收取的所有現金流量間的差 額估計,並按初始確認時釐定的實際 利率貼現。

就財務擔保合約而言,由於根據擔保 工具條款,本集團僅須於債務人違約 時作出付款。預計損失為償還持有人 所產生信貸虧損的預計款項之現值減 本集團預計自持有人、債務人或任何 其他方收取的任何金額。

截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

Financial instruments (Cont'd)

Financial assets (Cont'd)

Impairment of financial assets (upon application of HKFRS 9 with transitions in accordance with note 2) (Cont'd)

Measurement and recognition of ECL (Cont'd) For undrawn loan commitments, the ECL is the present value of the difference between the contractual cash flows that are due to the Group if the holder of the loan commitments draws down the loan, and the cash flows that the Group expects to receive if the loan is drawn down.

For ECL on financial guarantee contracts or on loan commitments for which the effective interest rate cannot be determined, the Group will apply a discount rate that reflects the current market assessment of the time value of money and the risks that are specific to the cash flows but only if, and to the extent that, the risks are taken into account by adjusting the discount rate instead of adjusting the cash shortfalls being discounted.

Where ECL is measured on a collective basis or caters for cases where evidence at the individual instrument level may not yet be available, the financial instruments are grouped on the below basis:

- Nature of financial instruments (i.e. the Group's term loans, trade and other receivables, loans and advances to consumer finance customers and mortgage loans are each assessed as a separate group. Amounts due from brokers, amounts due from associates and amounts due from joint ventures are assessed for expected credit losses on an individual basis);
- Past-due status; and
- Nature, size and industry of debtors.

The grouping is regularly reviewed by management to ensure the constituents of each group continue to share similar credit risk characteristics in accordance with the internal credit risk categories as disclosed in note 42.

Interest income is calculated based on the gross carrying amount of the financial asset unless the financial asset is credit impaired, in which case interest income is calculated based on amortised cost of the financial asset.

主要會計政策(續) 3.

綜合財務報表附註(續)

金融工具(續)

金融資產(續)

金融資產減值(根據附註2的過渡條文採用 香港財務報告準則第9號後)(續)

計量及確認預期信貸虧損(續)

就未提用貸款承擔而言,預期信貸虧 損為貸款承擔持有人提取貸款時本集 團應付合約現金流與倘貸款被提取時 本集團預期所收取之現金流量的差額 現值。

就財務擔保合約或貸款承擔之預期信 貸虧損而言,由於實際利率無法釐 定,本集團將應用反映貨幣時間價值 及現金流特有風險的目前市場評估的 貼現率,惟僅在透過調整貼現率而非 調整貼現現金差額的方式計及風險的 情況下,方應用有關貼現率。

倘預期信貸虧損按集體基準計量或迎 合個別工具水平證據未必存在的情 況,則金融工具按以下基準進行分 組:

- 金融工具的性質(即本集團的有 期貸款、貿易及其他應收款項、 消費金融客戶貸款及墊款及按揭 貸款分別作為單獨組別評估。經 紀欠款、聯營公司欠款及合營公 司欠款按個別基準進行預期信貸 虧損評估);
- 逾期狀況;及
- 債務人的性質、規模及行業。

管理層根據附註42披露之內部信貸風 險類別定期檢討分組,以確保各組別 的組成成份繼續擁有類似的信貸風險 特徵。

利息收入乃按金融資產之賬面總值計 算,除非金融資產已經信貸減值,在 該情況下,利息收入乃按金融資產之 攤銷成本計算。

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

Financial instruments (Cont'd)

Financial assets (Cont'd)

Impairment of financial assets (upon application of HKFRS 9 with transitions in accordance with note 2) (Cont'd)

- (v) Measurement and recognition of ECL (Cont'd)

 For undrawn loan commitments, the loss allowances are the present value of the difference between:
 - (a) the contractual cash flows that are due to the Group if the holder of the loan commitment draws down the loan; and
 - (b) the cash flows that the Group expects to receive if the loan is drawn down.

Except for investments in debt securities that are measured at FVTOCI, loan commitments and financial guarantee contracts, the Group recognises an impairment gain or loss in profit or loss for all financial instruments by adjusting their carrying amount, with the exception of term loans, trade and other receivables, loans and advances to consumer finance customers and mortgage loans where the corresponding adjustment is recognised through a loss allowance account.

For investments in debt securities that are measured at FVTOCI, the loss allowance is recognised in OCI and accumulated in the investment revaluation reserve without reducing the carrying amount of these debt securities.

For loan commitments and financial guarantee contracts, the loss allowances are recognised as provisions.

綜合財務報表附註(續)

截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度

3. 主要會計政策(續)

金融工具(續)

金融資產(續)

金融資產減值(根據附註2的過渡條文採用 香港財務報告準則第9號後)(續)

- (v) 計量及確認預期信貸虧損(續) 就未提用貸款承擔而言,虧損撥備為 以下兩者之間的差額現值:
 - (a) 貸款承擔持有人提用貸款時本集 團應付合約現金流;及
 - (b) 倘貸款被提用本集團預期所收取 之現金流。

除透過其他全面收益按公平價值處理 計量之債務證券之投資、貸款承擔及 財務擔保合約外,本集團透過調整全 部金融工具之賬面值於損益確認其減 值收益或虧損,惟有期貸款、貿易及 其他應收款項、消費金融客戶貸款及 墊款及按揭貸款之相關調整乃透過虧 損撥備賬目確認。

就透過其他全面收益按公平價值處理 計量之債務證券之投資而言,虧損撥 備於其他全面收益確認,並於投資重 估儲備累計,而毋須削減該等債務證 券之賬面值。

就貸款承擔及財務擔保合約而言,虧 損撥備乃確認為撥備。

截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度

SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

Financial instruments (Cont'd)

Financial assets (Cont'd)

Impairment of financial assets (upon application of HKFRS 9 with transitions in accordance with note 2) (Cont'd)

(vi) Derecognition

The Group derecognises a financial asset only when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the asset expire, or when it transfers the financial asset and substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the asset. If the Group neither transfers nor retains substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership and continues to control the transferred asset, the Group recognises its retained interest in the asset and an associated liability for amounts it may have to pay. If the Group retains substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of a transferred financial asset, the Group continues to recognise the financial asset and also recognises a collateralised borrowing for the proceeds received.

On derecognition of a financial asset in its entirety, the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the sum of the consideration received and receivable and the cumulative gain or loss that had been recognised in OCI and accumulated in equity is recognised in profit or loss.

On derecognition of an investment in equity instrument which the Group has elected on initial recognition to measure at FVTOCI upon application of HKFRS 9, the cumulative gain or loss previously accumulated in the investment revaluation reserve is not reclassified to profit or loss, but is transferred to accumulated profits.

(vii) Fair value measurement principles

Fair values of quoted investments are based on quoted prices. For unlisted securities or financial assets without an active market, the Group establishes the fair value by using appropriate valuation techniques including the use of recent arm's length transactions, reference to other investments that are substantially the same, discounted cash flow analysis and option pricing models.

主要會計政策(續) 3.

綜合財務報表附註(續)

金融工具(續)

金融資產(續)

金融資產減值(根據附註2的過渡條文採用 香港財務報告準則第9號後)(續)

(vi) 終止確認

只有當資產現金流量的合約權利屆滿 時,或轉讓該金融資產及轉移其所有 權的絕大部分風險及回報時,本集團 方會終止確認金融資產。若本集團既 無轉移亦無保留已轉讓資產所有權的 絕大部分風險及回報, 並繼續控制所 轉讓資產,本集團將確認於該資產之 保留權益及可能須支付之相關負債。 若本集團仍保留已轉讓金融資產的所 有權的絕大部分風險及回報,則將繼 續確認該金融資產, 並就已收所得款 項確認有抵押借貸。

當終止確認整體金融資產時,該資產 賬面值、所收及應收代價以及於其他 全面收益內確認並在權益內累積的累 計收益或虧損之差額於損益中確認。

當終止確認本集團於採用香港財務報 告準則第9號後選擇於初次確認時以 透過其他全面收益按公平價值處理的 權益工具投資時,先前於投資重估儲 備內積存的累計收益或虧損不會重新 分類至損益,而是轉撥至累計溢利。

(vii) 公平價值計量原則

掛牌投資之公平價值以市場報價為 準。對於沒有活躍市場之非上市證券 或金融資產,本集團以適當之估值方 法確定其公平價值,包括採用近期之 正常交易, 參考其他大致相同之投 資、現金流量折現分析、及期權定價 模式等。

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

Financial instruments (Cont'd)

Financial assets (Cont'd)

Classification and subsequent measurement of financial assets (before application of HKFRS 9 on 1st January, 2018)

Financial assets are classified into the following specified categories: financial assets at FVTPL, held-to-maturity investments, AFS financial assets and loans and receivables. The classification depends on the nature and purpose of the financial assets and is determined at the time of initial recognition. All regular way purchases or sales of financial assets are recognised and derecognised on a trade date basis. Regular way purchases or sales are purchases or sales of financial assets that require delivery of assets within the time frame established by regulation or convention in the marketplace.

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss Financial assets are classified as at FVTPL when the financial assets is either held for trading or it is designated as at FVTPL.

A financial asset is classified as held for trading if:

- it has been acquired principally for the purpose of selling in the near term; or
- on initial recognition it is a part of a portfolio of identified financial instruments that the Group manages together and has a recent actual pattern of short-term profit-taking; or
- it is a derivative that is not designated and effective as a hedging instrument.

A financial asset other than a financial asset held for trading may be designated as at FVTPL upon initial recognition if:

- such designation eliminates or significantly reduces a measurement or recognition inconsistency that would otherwise arise; or
- the financial asset forms part of a group of financial assets or financial liabilities or both, which is managed and its performance is evaluated on a fair value basis, in accordance with the Group's documented risk management or investment strategy, and information about the grouping is provided internally on that basis; or
- it forms part of a contract containing one or more embedded derivatives, and HKAS 39 permits the entire combined contract (asset or liability) to be designated as at FVTPL.

Financial assets at FVTPL are stated at fair value, with any gains or losses arising on remeasurement recognised in profit or loss.

綜合財務報表附註(續)

截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度

3. 主要會計政策(續)

金融工具(續)

金融資產(續)

金融資產的分類及其後計量(於二零一八年一月一日採用香港財務報告準則第9號前)

金融資產歸類為以下各類別:透過損益賬按公平價值處理之金融資產、持有至到期之投資、可供出售金融資產及貸款及應收款項。分類視乎金融資產之性質及用途而定,並於首次確認時釐定。所有透過正常方式買賣金融資產按交易日期基準確認及終止確認。按正常方式買賣為按照市場規則或慣例所制定之時限內須交付資產之金融資產買賣。

透過損益賬按公平價值處理之金融資產 當金融資產為持作交易用途或指定為透過 損益賬按公平價值處理,則分類為透過損 益賬按公平價值處理之金融資產。

倘發生下列情況,則將金融資產歸類為持 作交易:

- 所收購的該金融資產主要用於在短期 內出售;或
- 於初始確認時,該金融資產是作為本 集團整合管理的已識別金融工具組合 的一部分,且有近期實現短線套利模 式;或
- 該金融資產為衍生工具,但非指定為 有效對沖工具。

倘發生下列情況,則持作交易用途之金融 資產除外之金融資產可於初始確認時指定 為透過損益賬按公平價值處理之金融資 產:

- 該指定消除或大幅減少可能另外產生 之計量或確認不一致;或
- 金融資產構成金融資產或金融負債或 兩者之組別之一部分,並根據本集團 之已定風險管理或投資策略按公平價 值基準管理及評估其表現,該組別之 資料按該基準內部提供;或
- 其構成包括一個或以上嵌入式衍生工 具之合約之一部分,香港會計準則第 39號允許全部合併合約(資產或負債) 指定為透過損益賬按公平價值處理。

透過損益賬按公平價值處理之金融資產按 公平價值列賬,而由重新計量產生之任何 收益或虧損透過損益賬確認。

截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度

綜合財務報表附註(續)

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

Financial instruments (Cont'd)

Financial assets (Cont'd)

Classification and subsequent measurement of financial assets (before application of HKFRS 9 on 1st January, 2018) (Cont'd)

Available-for-sale financial assets

AFS financial assets are non-derivatives that are either designated as available-for-sale or not classified as financial assets at FVTPL, held-to-maturity investments or loans and receivables.

Equity and debt securities held by the Group that are classified as AFS financial assets and are traded in an active market are measured at fair value at the end of each reporting period. Changes in the carrying amount of AFS monetary financial assets relating to interest income calculated using the effective interest method and dividends on AFS equity investments are recognised in profit or loss when the Group's right to receive the dividends is established. Other changes in the carrying amount of AFS financial assets are recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated under the heading of investment revaluation reserve. When the investment is disposed of or is determined to be impaired, the cumulative gain or loss previously accumulated in the investment revaluation reserve is reclassified to profit or loss (see the accounting policy in respect of impairment of financial assets below).

AFS equity investments that do not have a quoted market price in an active market and whose fair value cannot be reliably measured and derivatives that are linked to and must be settled by delivery of such unquoted equity instruments are measured at cost less any identified impairment losses at the end of each reporting period (see accounting policy on impairment of financial assets below).

Loans and receivables

Loans and receivables are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market. Subsequent to initial recognition, loans and receivables (including term loans, trade and other receivables, amounts due from brokers, amounts due from associates, amounts due from joint ventures, short-term pledged bank deposit, bank deposits, cash and cash equivalents, loans and advances to consumer finance customers and mortgage loans) are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less any impairment (see accounting policy on impairment of financial assets below).

3. 主要會計政策(續)

金融工具(續)

金融資產(續)

金融資產的分類及其後計量(於二零一八年一月一日採用香港財務報告準則第9號前)(續)

可供出售金融資產

可供出售金融資產為指定為可供出售或非 歸類為透過損益賬按公平價值處理之金融 資產、持有至到期之投資或貸款及應收款 項之非衍生工具。

於各報告期末,本集團持有分類為可供出售金融資產及於市場上交易活躍之股本及債務證券,乃按公平價值計量。有關算過售貨幣金融資產因以實際利息法計算內股息於本集團建立收取股息權和投資的股息於本集團建立收取股息權和投資抵益確認。可供出售金融資產販於損益確認。可供出售金融資產域出售或產量,先前於投資重估儲備確認之累積收益或虧損重新分類至損益賬(見下文金融資產減值之會計政策)。

對於沒有活躍市場所報之市價及公平價值 不能可靠計量之可供出售股本投資及與該 等權益工具關連且必須透過交付該類無報 價權益工具作結算之衍生工具,於各報告 期末,按成本減已確定減值虧損計量(見 下文金融資產減值之會計政策)。

貸款及應收款項

貸款及應收款項為並非於活躍市場報價而 具有固定或可釐定付款之非衍生金項(包 產。於初始確認後,貸款及應收款項(包 括有期貸款、貿易及其他應收款項、經紀 欠款、聯營公司欠款、合營公司欠款、經 期抵押銀行存款、銀行存款、現金及按短 等價物、消費金融客戶貸款及墊款及按 貸款)乃利用實際利息法按攤銷成本扣除 任何減值虧損計量(見下文金融資產減值 之會計政策)。

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

Financial instruments (Cont'd)

Financial assets (Cont'd)

Classification and subsequent measurement of financial assets (before application of HKFRS 9 on 1st January, 2018) (Cont'd)

Effective interest method

The effective interest method is a method of calculating the amortised cost of a financial asset and of allocating interest income over the relevant period. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts (including all fees and points paid or received that form an integral part of the effective interest rate, transaction costs and other premiums or discounts) through the expected life of the financial asset, or, where appropriate, a shorter period, to the net carrying amount on initial recognition. Interest income is recognised on an effective interest basis for debt securities.

Derecognition

The Group derecognises a financial asset only when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the asset expire, or when it transfers the financial asset and substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the asset. If the Group neither transfers nor retains substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership and continues to control the transferred asset, the Group recognises its retained interest in the asset and an associated liability for amounts it may have to pay. If the Group retains substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of a transferred financial asset, the Group continues to recognise the financial asset and also recognises a collateralised borrowing for the proceeds received.

On derecognition of a financial asset in its entirety, the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the sum of the consideration received and receivable and the cumulative gain or loss that had been recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity is recognised in profit or loss.

On derecognition of an investment in equity instrument which the Group has elected on initial recognition to measure at FVTOCI upon application of HKFRS 9, the cumulative gain or loss previous accumulated in the investment revaluation reserve is not reclassified to profit or loss, but is transferred to accumulated profits.

綜合財務報表附註(續) 截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度

3. 主要會計政策(續)

金融工具(續)

金融資產(續)

金融資產的分類及其後計量(於二零一八年一月一日採用香港財務報告準則第9號前)(續)

實際利息法

實際利息法為計算金融資產的攤銷成本以及於有關期間分配利息收入的方法。實際利率為於金融資產的預計可使用年期或(如適用)較短期間內可準確折現估計未來現金收入(包括所支付或收取能構成整體實際利率的所有費用及基點、交易成本及其他溢價或折讓)至初始確認賬面淨值的利率。債務證券按實際利率基準確認利息收入。

終止確認

只有當資產現金流量的合約權利屆滿時, 或轉讓該金融資產及轉移其所有權的絕 部分風險及回報時,本集團方會終止確留 等產。若本集團既無轉移亦無保留 轉讓資產所有權的絕大部分風險及回報認 該資產制所轉讓資產,本集團將確認 該資產之保留權益及可能須支付之相關的 債。若本集團仍保留已轉讓金融資產 有權的絕大部分風險及回報,則將繼續 有權的絕大部分風險及回報,則將繼認 打機 認該金融資產,並就已收所得款項確認有 抵押借貸。

當終止確認整體金融資產時,該資產賬面值、所收及應收代價以及於其他全面收益內確認並在權益內累積的累計收益或虧損之差額於損益中確認。

當終止確認本集團於採用香港財務報告準則第9號後選擇於初次確認時以透過其他全面收益按公平價值處理的權益工具投資時,先前於投資重估儲備內積存的累計收益或虧損不會重新分類至損益,而是轉撥至累計溢利。

截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度

綜合財務報表附註(續)

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

Financial instruments (Cont'd)

Financial assets (Cont'd)

Classification and subsequent measurement of financial assets (before application of HKFRS 9 on 1st January, 2018) (Cont'd)

Fair value measurement principles

Fair values of quoted investments are based on quoted prices. For unlisted securities or financial assets without an active market, the Group establishes the fair value by using appropriate valuation techniques including the use of recent arm's length transactions, reference to other investments that are substantially the same, discounted cash flow analysis and option pricing models.

Impairment of financial assets (before application of HKFRS 9 on 1st January, 2018)

The Group assesses at the end of each reporting period whether there is objective evidence that a financial asset or a group of financial assets other than those at FVTPL is impaired. In the case of equity securities classified as AFS, a significant or prolonged decline in the fair value of the securities below their cost is considered in determining whether the securities are impaired. If any such evidence exists for AFS financial assets, the cumulative loss (measured as the difference between the acquisition cost and the current fair value, less any impairment loss on that financial asset previously recognised in profit or loss) is removed from equity and recognised in profit or loss. Impairment losses recognised in profit or loss on equity investments are not reversed through profit or loss. Any increase in fair value subsequent to an impairment loss is recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated under the heading of investment revaluation reserve.

For all other financial assets, objective evidence of impairment could include:

- significant financial difficulty of the issuer or counterparty; or
- breach of contract, such as a default or delinquency in interest or principal payments; or
- it becoming probable that the borrower will enter bankruptcy or financial re-organisation; or
- disappearance of an active market for that financial asset because of financial difficulties.

3. 主要會計政策(續)

金融工具(續)

金融資產(續)

金融資產的分類及其後計量(於二零一八年一月一日採用香港財務報告準則第9號前)(續)

公平價值計量原則

掛牌投資之公平價值以市場報價為準。對於沒有活躍市場之非上市證券或金融資產,本集團以適當之估值方法確定其公平價值,包括採用近期之正常交易,參考其他大致相同之投資、現金流量折現分析、及期權定價模式等。

金融資產減值(於二零一八年一月一日採 用香港財務報告準則第9號前)

就所有其他金融資產而言,減值的客觀證 據可包括:

- 一 發行人或交易對手出現重大財政困難;或
- 違約,如欠繳或拖欠利息或本金付款;或
- 借款人有可能面臨破產或財務重組;
- 因財政困難,金融資產的活躍市場消失。

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

Financial instruments (Cont'd)

Financial assets (Cont'd)

Impairment of financial assets (before application of HKFRS 9 on 1st January, 2018) (Cont'd)

For financial assets carried at amortised cost, the amount of the impairment loss recognised is the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of the estimated future cash flows discounted at the financial asset's original effective interest rate. If, in a subsequent period, the amount of the impairment loss decreases and the decrease can be related objectively to an event occurring after the impairment was recognised, the previously recognised impairment loss is reversed through profit or loss to the extent that the carrying amount of the investment at the date the impairment is reversed does not exceed what the amortised cost would have been had the impairment not been recognised.

For financial assets carried at cost, the amount of the impairment loss is measured as the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of the estimated future cash flows discounted at the current market rate of return for a similar financial asset. Such impairment loss will not be reversed in subsequent periods. Each receivable that is individually significant is reviewed for indication of impairment at the end of each reporting period. Loans and receivables that are individually not significant and are assessed not to be impaired individually are reviewed at the end of each reporting period on a collective portfolio basis.

Impairment

Individual impairment allowance applies to term loans which are individually significant or have objective evidence of impairment. In assessing the individual impairment, management estimates the present value of future cash flows which are expected to be received, taking into account the borrower's financial situation and the net realisable value of the underlying collateral or guarantees in favour of the Group. Each impaired asset is assessed on its merits and the impairment allowance is measured as the difference between the loan's carrying amount and the present value of the estimated future cash flows discounted at the loan's original effective interest rate.

綜合財務報表附註(續)

截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度

3. 主要會計政策(續)

金融工具(續)

金融資產(續)

金融資產減值(於二零一八年一月一日採 用香港財務報告準則第9號前)(續)

就按攤銷成本列賬的金融資產而言,已確認減值虧損的金額為資產賬面值與估計未來現金流量按金融資產原來實際利率貼現的現值之間的差額。倘於往後期間減值虧損的金額減少,而該減少可客觀地與確認減值後發生的事件有關,則先前已確認的減值虧損透過損益撥回,惟該投資於減值撥回當日的賬面值不得超過假設尚未確認減值而應有的攤銷成本。

就按成本列賬的金融資產而言,減值虧損的金額按資產賬面值與估計未來現金流量按相若金融資產現行市場回報率貼現的現值之間的差額計量。有關減值虧損將不會於往後期間撥回。於各報告期末評估各個別計算時屬重大的應收款項有否減值。個別計算時不屬重大且被評估為不會作個別減值的貸款及應收款項會於各報告期末集體評估。

減值

個別減值撥備適用於個別為重大或有客觀減值證據的有期貸款。評估個別減值時, 管理層會考慮借款人的財務狀況、相關抵押品或給予集團擔保的可變現淨值,估計 預期可收回的未來現金流量現值。各項減值資產根據其存在價值估計,減值撥備按 貸款賬面值及以貸款原有實際利率折現的估計未來現金流量現值間之差額計算。

截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度

綜合財務報表附註(續)

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

Financial instruments (Cont'd)

Financial assets (Cont'd)

Impairment (Cont'd)

Collective impairment allowances cover credit losses inherent in portfolios of loans receivable and other accounts with similar economic and credit risk characteristics where objective evidence for individual impaired items cannot be identified. In assessing the collective impairment, management makes assumptions both to define the way the Group assesses inherent losses and to determine the required input parameters, based on historical loss experience and current economic conditions. Changes in the carrying amount of the allowance account are recognised in profit or loss.

Financial liabilities and equity instruments

Financial liabilities and equity instruments issued by a group entity are classified as either financial liabilities or as equity in accordance with the substance of the contractual arrangements and the definitions of a financial liability and an equity instrument.

All financial liabilities are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method or at FVTPL.

Effective interest method

The effective interest method is a method of calculating the amortised cost of a financial liability and of allocating interest expense over the relevant period. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash payments (including all fees and points paid or received that form an integral part of the effective interest rate, transaction costs and other premiums or discounts) through the expected life of the financial liability, or, where appropriate, a shorter period, to the net carrying amount on initial recognition. Interest expense is recognised on an effective interest basis (other than those financial liabilities classified as at FVTPL, of which the interest expense is included in net gains or losses.)

3. 主要會計政策(續)

金融工具(續)

金融資產(續)

減值(續)

集體減值撥備涵蓋具有相若經濟及信貸風險特性的應收貸款組合和其他賬戶的內在信貸虧損,而且並不能以客觀憑據識別個別項目的減值。評估集體減值時,管理層根據過往虧損紀錄和現時經濟狀況作出假設,以釐定本集團評估內在風險的方式及所需輸入參數。撥備賬賬面值之變動於損益內確認。

金融負債及權益工具

由集團實體發行之金融負債及權益工具乃 根據合同安排之性質以及金融負債及權益 工具之定義分類為金融負債或權益。

所有金融負債其後使用實際利息法按攤銷 成本計量或透過損益賬按公平價值處理。

實際利息法

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3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

Financial instruments (Cont'd)

Financial liabilities and equity instruments (Cont'd)
Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss
Financial liabilities are classified as at FVTPL when the financial liability is (i) contingent consideration of an acquirer in a business combination to which HKFRS 3 applies, (ii) held for trading or (iii) it is designated as at FVTPL

A financial liability is classified as held for trading if:

- it has been acquired principally for the purpose of repurchasing in the near term; or
- on initial recognition it is a part of a portfolio of identified financial instruments that the Group manages together and has a recent actual pattern of short-term profit-taking; or
- it is a derivative, except for a derivative that is a financial guarantee contract or a designated and effective hedging instrument.

A financial liability other than a financial liability held for trading or contingent consideration of an acquirer in a business combination may be designated as at FVTPL upon initial recognition if:

- such designation eliminates or significantly reduces a measurement or recognition inconsistency that would otherwise arise; or
- the financial liability forms part of a group of financial assets or financial liabilities or both, which is managed and its performance is evaluated on a fair value basis, in accordance with the Group's documented risk management or investment strategy, and information about the grouping is provided internally on that basis; or
- it forms part of a contract containing one or more embedded derivatives, and HKFRS 9/HKAS 39 permits the entire combined contract to be designated as at FVTPL.

綜合財務報表附註(續)

截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度

3. 主要會計政策(續)

金融工具(續)

金融負債及權益工具(續) 透過損益賬按公平價值處理之金融負債 當金融負債(i)為香港財務報告準則第3號 適用之業務合併中收購方之或然代價,(ii) 持作買賣或(iii)指定為透過損益賬按公平 價值處理,則分類為透過損益賬按公平價 值處理。

倘發生下列情況,則將金融負債歸類為持 作交易:

- 該金融負債主要用於在不久期限購回;或
- 該金融負債是於初始確認時作為本集 團整合管理的已識別金融工具組合的 一部分,且有近期實現短線套利模 式;或
- 該金融負債為衍生工具,惟不包括財務擔保合約或指定為有效對沖工具的 衍生工具。

倘發生下列情況,則持作交易用途之金融 負債或業務合併中收購方之或然代價除外 之金融負債可於初始確認時指定為透過損 益賬按公平價值處理之金融負債:

- 該指定消除或大幅減少可能另外產生 之計量或確認不一致;或
- 金融負債構成金融資產或金融負債或 兩者之組別之一部分,並根據本集團 之已定風險管理或投資策略按公平價 值基準管理及評估其表現,該組別之 資料按該基準內部提供;或
- 其構成包括一個或以上嵌入式衍生工 具之合約之一部分,香港財務報告準 則第9號/香港會計準則第39號允許 全部合併合約指定為透過損益賬按公 平價值處理。

綜合財務報表附註(續) 截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

Financial instruments (Cont'd)

Financial liabilities and equity instruments (Cont'd)
Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss
(Cont'd)

Upon application of HKFRS 9, for financial liabilities that are designated as at FVTPL, the amount of change in the fair value of the financial liability that is attributable to changes in the credit risk of that liability is recognised in other comprehensive income, unless the recognition of the effects of changes in the liability's credit risk in other comprehensive income would create or enlarge an accounting mismatch in profit or loss. Changes in fair value attributable to a financial liability's credit risk that are recognised in other comprehensive income are not subsequently reclassified to profit or loss; instead, they are transferred to accumulated profits upon derecognition of the financial liability.

Prior to application of HKFRS 9 on 1st January, 2018, financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss are measured at fair value, with changes in fair value recognised directly in the profit or loss in the period in which they arise. The net gain or loss recognised in profit or loss excludes any interest paid on the financial liabilities and is included in the "Net gain on financial assets and liabilities at fair value through profit or loss" line item in the consolidated statement of profit or loss.

Financial liabilities at amortised cost

Financial liabilities including bank and other borrowings, trade and other payables, financial assets sold under repurchase agreements, amounts due to associates, amounts due to joint ventures and notes/papers payable are subsequently measured at amortised cost, using the effective interest method.

3. 主要會計政策(續)

金融工具(續)

金融負債及權益工具(續)

透過損益賬按公平價值處理之金融負債(續)

採用香港財務報告準則第9號後,就指定為透過損益賬按公平價值處理之金融負債而言,因金融負債的信貸風險變動而造成的金融負債公平價值變動金額,於其他全面收益確認,除非於其他全面收益確認損亡。 值信貸風險變動的影響將造成或擴大損人險會計錯配則除外。因金融負債信貸風險變動的於響將造成或擴大風險。 個會計錯配則除外。因金融負債信質風險。 可造成的公平價值變動如於其他全面也於 不會重新分類至損益,而是於 終止確認金融負債時轉撥至累計溢利。

於二零一八年一月一日採用香港財務報告 準則第9號前,透過損益賬按公平價值處 理之金融負債按公平價值計量,而公平價 值之變動於產生期間直接於損益賬確認。 於損益賬確認之收益或虧損淨額不包括就 金融負債已支付之任何利息及計入綜合損 益表內「透過損益賬按公平價值處理之金 融資產及負債之收益淨額」一項。

按攤銷成本列賬之金融負債

金融負債(包括銀行及其他借款、貿易及 其他應付款項、回購協議下出售之金融資 產、欠聯營公司款項、欠合營公司款項及 應付票據)其後使用實際利息法按攤銷成 本計量。

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

Financial instruments (Cont'd)

Financial liabilities and equity instruments (Cont'd) Financial guarantee contracts

A financial guarantee contract is a contract that requires the issuer to make specified payments to reimburse the holder for a loss it incurs because a specified debtor fails to make payment when due in accordance with the original or modified terms of a debt instrument.

A financial guarantee issued for rendering financial guarantee service is initially measured at fair value as represented by the consideration received from the specified customers and the consideration received is recognised as revenue on straight-line basis over the guarantee period. Subsequent to initial recognition, the Group measures the financial guarantee at the higher of: (i) the amount of obligation under the contract, as determined in accordance with HKFRS 9 (since 1st January, 2018)/ HKAS 37 (before application of HKFRS 9 on 1st January, 2018); and (ii) the amount initially recognised less, where appropriate, cumulative amortisation recognised over the guarantee periods.

Financial assets sold under repurchase agreements

Financial assets sold under repurchase agreements continue to be recognised, which do not result in derecognition of the financial assets, and are recorded as "financial assets at FVTPL". Financial assets sold subject to agreements with a commitment to repurchase at a specific future date are not derecognised in the consolidated statement of financial position. The proceeds from selling such assets are presented as "financial assets sold under repurchase agreements" in the consolidated statement of financial position. Financial assets sold under repurchase agreements are initially measured at fair value and are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Other financial liabilities

Other financial liabilities including bank and other borrowings, notes/papers payable, trade and other payables, amounts due to associates and amounts due to joint ventures, which are recognised initially at fair value, are subsequently measured at amortised cost, using the effective interest method.

Financial liabilities are derecognised when the obligation specified in the relevant contract is discharged, cancelled or expires. The difference between the carrying amount of the financial liability derecognised and the consideration paid and payable is recognised in profit or loss.

綜合財務報表附註(續) 截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度

3. 主要會計政策(續)

金融工具(續)

金融負債及權益工具(續)

財務擔保合約

財務擔保合約乃規定發行人須支付特定款 項以補償持有人因特定債務人未能按照債 務工具之原有或經修訂條款於到期時支付 款項所蒙受損失之合約。

就提供財務擔保服務發出之財務擔保初步按從指定客戶收取之代價所代表的公平價值計量,該已收取代價按直線法於擔保期內確認為收入。初步確認後,本集團按下列最高者計量財務擔保:(i)於合約項下之責任,根據香港財務報告準則第9號(自二零一八年一月一日起)/香港會計準則第37號(於二零一八年一月一日採用香港財務報告準則第9號前)釐定之金額;及(ii)初始確認金額減(倘適用)擔保期間所確認累計攤銷。

回購協議下出售之金融資產

回購協議下出售之金融資產繼續予以確認,其不會導致終止確認金融資產,並按「透過損益賬按公平價值處理之金融資產」列賬。根據附帶於特定未來日子回購承諾的協議出售的金融資產不會於綜合財務狀況表內終止確認。銷售有關資產的所得款項於綜合財務狀況表內列作「回購協議下出售之金融資產」。回購協議下出售之金融資產初步按公平價值計量及其後使用實際利息法按攤銷成本計量。

其他金融負債

其他金融負債包括初始按公平價值確認之 銀行及其他借貸、應付票據、貿易及其他 應付款項、欠聯營公司款項及欠合營公司 款項,其後採用實際利息法按攤銷成本計 量。

金融負債於相關合約指定之責任獲解除、 取消或到期時終止確認。已終止確認之金 融負債之賬面值與已付或應付代價之差額 於損益賬確認。

截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度

綜合財務報表附註(續)

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

Financial instruments (Cont'd)

Financial liabilities and equity instruments (Cont'd)
Derecognition/non-substantial modification of financial liabilities

The Group derecognises financial liabilities when, and only when, the Group's obligations are discharged, cancelled or have expired. The difference between the carrying amount of the financial liability derecognised and the consideration paid and payable is recognised in profit or loss.

The Group accounts for an exchange with a lender of a financial liability with substantially different terms as an extinguishment of the original financial liability and the recognition of a new financial liability. A substantial modification of the terms of an existing financial liability or a part of it (whether or not attributable to the financial difficulty of the Group) is accounted for as an extinguishment of the original financial liability and the recognition of a new financial liability.

The Group considers that the terms are substantially different if the discounted present value of the cash flows under the new terms, including any fees paid net of any fees received and discounted using the original effective interest rate, is at least 10 per cent different from the discounted present value of the remaining cash flows of the original financial liability. Accordingly, such exchange of debt instruments or modification of terms is accounted for as an extinguishment, any costs or fees incurred are recognised as part of the gain or loss on the extinguishment. The exchange or modification is considered as non-substantial modification when such difference is less than 10 per cent.

Non-substantial modifications of financial liabilities (under HKFRS 9 since 1st January, 2018)

For non-substantial modifications of financial liabilities that do not result in derecognition, the carrying amount of the relevant financial liabilities will be calculated at the present value of the modified contractual cash flows discounted at the financial liabilities' original effective interest rate. Transaction costs or fees incurred are adjusted to the carrying amount of the modified financial liabilities and are amortised over the remaining term. Any adjustment to the carrying amount of the financial liability is recognised in profit or loss at the date of modification.

3. 主要會計政策(續)

金融工具(續)

金融負債及權益工具(續) 終止確認/金融負債之非重大修改

當且僅當本集團責任獲解除、取銷或到期時,本集團方終止確認金融負債。已終止確認金融負債賬面值與已付及應付代價之間的差額於損益賬確認。

倘與放貸人交換條款顯著不同的金融負債,本集團會入賬為原有金融負債之終止確認,並確認新的金融負債。現有金融負債或其部分條款的重大修改(不論是否由於本集團的財務困難),均會入賬終止確認,並確認新的金融負債。

本集團認為,倘根據新條款現金流量經折貼現值(包括任何已付費用減任何已收並使用原實際利率法貼現之任何費用)與原有金融負債剩餘現金流量經貼現現值相差至少10%以上,則有關條款屬重大差別。因此,該債務工具的交換或條款修訂入賬為終止確認,任何已產生的成本或費用確認為終止確認的收益或虧損的一部分。當差別少於10%時,該交換或修訂被視為非重大修訂。

金融負債之非重大修改(自二零一八年一月一日起根據香港財務報告準則第9號)有關不造成終止確認的金融負債之非重大修改,相關金融負債之賬面值以修訂合約現金流量之現值計算,按該金融負債之原始實際利率貼現。產生的交易成本或費用按經修改金融負債之賬面值調整於餘下期間攤銷。金融負債賬面值之任何調整於修改日期於損益賬中確認。

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

Financial instruments (Cont'd)

Financial liabilities and equity instruments (Cont'd) Equity instruments

An equity instrument is any contract that evidence a residual interest in the assets of an entity after deducting all of its liabilities. Equity instruments issued by the Company are recorded at the proceeds received, net of direct issue costs.

Repurchase of the Company's own equity instruments is recognised and deducted directly in equity. No gain or loss is recognised in profit or loss on the purchase, sale, issue or cancellation of the Company's own equity instruments.

Derivative financial instruments

Derivatives are initially recognised at fair value at the date when derivative contracts are entered into and are subsequently remeasured to their fair value at the end of the reporting period. The resulting gain or loss is recognised in profit or loss immediately unless the derivative is designated and effective as a hedging instrument, in which event the timing of the recognition in profit or loss depends on the nature of the hedge relationship.

Generally, multiple embedded derivatives in a single instrument that are separated from the host contracts are treated as a single compound embedded derivative unless those derivatives relate to different risk exposures and are readily separable and independent of each other.

Embedded derivatives (under HKFRS 9 since 1st January, 2018)

Derivatives embedded in hybrid contracts that contain financial asset hosts within the scope of HKFRS 9 are not separated. The entire hybrid contract is classified and subsequently measured in its entirety as either amortised cost or fair value as appropriate.

Derivatives embedded in non-derivative host contracts that are not financial assets within the scope of HKFRS 9 are treated as separate derivatives when they meet the definition of a derivative, their risks and characteristics are not closely related to those of the host contracts and the host contracts are not measured at FVTPL.

Embedded derivatives (before application of HKFRS 9 on 1st January, 2018)

Derivatives embedded in non-derivative host contracts are treated as separate derivatives when they meet the definition of a derivative, their risks and characteristics are not closely related to those of the host contracts and the host contracts are not measured at FVTPL.

綜合財務報表附註(續)

截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度

3. 主要會計政策(續)

金融工具(續)

金融負債及權益工具(續) 權益工具

權益工具指能證明於實體扣除其所有負債後之資產中擁有之剩餘權益之任何合約。本公司發行之權益工具按已收所得款項減直接發行成本而列賬。

購回本公司權益工具直接於權益確認及扣除。於購回、銷售、發行或註銷本公司權 益工具時並無於損益確認盈虧。

衍生金融工具

衍生工具於衍生工具合約訂立當日初步按 公平價值確認,其後於報告期末按公平價 值重新計量,因而產生之收益或虧損即時 於損益確認,除非該衍生工具被指定為有 效的對沖工具則作別論,在此情況下,其 在損益確認之時間將取決於對沖關係之性 質。

一般而言,於單一工具內獨立於主合約之 多項嵌入式衍生工具作為單一複合嵌入式 衍生工具處理,除非該等衍生工具涉及不 同風險,且各自可隨時分割及獨立。

嵌入式衍生工具(自二零一八年一月一日 起根據香港財務報告準則第9號)

嵌入混合合約(包含香港財務報告準則第 9號界定範圍內的主金融資產)的衍生工 具,不會視為單獨的衍生工具。整個混合 合約整體分類及其後按攤銷成本或公平價 值計量(如適用)。

當非衍生工具主合約(並非香港財務報告 準則第9號界定範圍內的金融資產)之嵌入 式衍生工具符合衍生工具之定義,其風險 及特徵與主合約之風險及特徵並無密切關 連,且主合約並非以透過損益賬按公平價 值處理計量時,該等衍生工具作為獨立衍 生工具處理。

嵌入式衍生工具(於二零一八年一月一日 採用香港財務報告準則第9號前)

倘非衍生產品主合約中之嵌入式衍生工具符合衍生工具之定義,而其風險及性質與主合約之風險及性質並無密切相關,且主合約不以透過損益賬按公平價值處理,則該嵌入式衍生工具作獨立之衍生工具處理。



3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

Provisions and contingent liabilities

Provisions are recognised when the Group has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of a past event, if it is probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation. Where the Group expects some or all of a provision to be reimbursed, the reimbursement is recognised as a separate asset but only when the reimbursement is virtually certain. The expense relating to any provision is presented in profit or loss net of any reimbursement.

A contingent liability is a possible obligation that arises from past events and whose existence will only be confirmed by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events not wholly within the control of the Group. It can also be a present obligation arising from past events that is not recognised because it is not probable that an outflow of economic resources will be required or the amount of obligation cannot be measured reliably.

A contingent liability is not recognised but is disclosed in the notes to the consolidated financial statements. When a change in the probability of an outflow occurs so that the outflow is probable, it will then be recognised as a provision.

Inventories

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost is calculated using the weighted average method.

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand, bank balances and short-term time deposits.

綜合財務報表附註(續)

截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度

3. 主要會計政策(續)

撥備及或然負債

倘本集團因過往事件現在須承擔法定或推 定責任,而解除有關責任將導致資源流 出,並能夠可靠估算責任金額,則會確認 撥備。倘本集團預期撥備將部分或全部獲 償付,而實際肯定可獲償付,則有關償付 確認為獨立資產。撥備相關開支於損益扣 除償付金額呈列。

或然負債指因過往事件而可能引起之責任,該等責任須視乎日後有否發生或不發生一項或多項並非本集團所能完全控制之事件方可確實。或然負債亦包括因過去事件引起,惟因未必有需要流出經濟資源或無法可靠計算該責任之數額而不予確認之現有責任。

或然負債不會確認,惟會於綜合財務報表 附註披露。倘資源流出之可能性有變而很 可能導致資源流出,則或然負債將確認為 撥備。

存貨

存貨按成本與可變現淨值兩者中較低者入 賬。成本乃採用加權平均法計算。

現金及現金等價物

現金及現金等價物包括手頭現金、銀行結 餘及短期定期存款。

4. KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION UNCERTAINTY

The key assumptions concerning the future, and other key sources of estimation uncertainty at the end of the reporting period that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year, are set out as follows.

Estimate of fair value of investment properties

At the end of the reporting period, investment properties are stated at fair value based on the valuation performed by independent professional valuers. In determining the fair value, the valuer has based on a method of valuation which involves certain estimates. In relying on the valuation report, the management has exercised their judgment and is satisfied that the assumptions used in valuation are reflective of the current market conditions.

Recoverable amount of associates

- (i) In determining the recoverable amount of Tian An China Investments Company Limited ("TACI"), a listed associate included in note 23 (Note (i)), management used appropriate assumptions to estimate the value in use based on discounted future cash flows of the associate. Where those assumptions and/or future cash flows are different from expected, impairment may arise.
- (ii) In determining the recoverable amount of APAC Resources Limited ("APAC"), a listed associate included in note 23 (Note (i)), management used the fair value less costs of disposal based on the market value of APAC's interest in its associates plus its other assets and liabilities, and assessed if any impairment may arise.
- (iii) SHK disposed of 70% interest in its wholly-owned subsidiary Sun Hung Kai Financial Group Limited ("SHKFGL") in June 2015 and classified the remaining 30% equity interest as an associate. The Group's interest in SHKFGL is tested for impairment whenever there is an impairment indicator. Determining whether the interest in the associate is impaired requires an estimation of the fair value less costs to sell or value in use on the basis of data available to the Group. The value in use calculation requires the Group to estimate the future cash flows expected to arise from the cashgenerating unit and a suitable discount rate in order to calculate the present value. Where the actual future cash flows are less than expected, or change in facts and circumstances which results in downward revision of future cash flows, a material impairment loss/further impairment loss may arise.

綜合財務報表附註(續) 截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度

4. 估計不確定因素之主要來源

於報告期末,就有關日後及其他估計不明 朗因素主要來源作出的主要假設存在重大 風險,導致下個財政年度內資產及負債的 賬面值出現重大調整,於下文有所述及。

投資物業之公平價值估計

於報告期末,投資物業按獨立專業估值師 所評估的公平價值列賬。估值師決定公平 價值時乃根據包含若干估計的估值方法進 行,管理層倚賴估值報告時已作出判斷及 信納估值所用的假設乃反映市場現況。

聯營公司之可收回金額

- (i) 在釐定於附註23(註解(i))所包括之一間上市聯營公司天安中國投資有限公司(「天安」)之可收回金額時,管理層利用恰當的假設按聯營公司之折現未來現金流對使用價值作出估計。該等假設及/或未來現金流與預期有所出入時,減值可能產生。
- (ii) 在釐定於附註23(註解(i))所包括之一間上市聯營公司亞太資源有限公司(「亞太資源」)之可收回金額時,管理層使用按亞太資源於其聯營公司之權益的市值加亞太資源其他資產及負債所得之公平價值減出售成本,及評估是否可能產生減值。
- (iii) 於二零一五年六月,新鴻基出售於其 全資附屬公司新鴻基金融集團有限公 司(「新鴻基金融集團」)之70%權益, 並將餘下30%股權分類作一間聯營 公司處理。本集團於新鴻基金融集團 的權益當出現減值跡象時進行減值測 試。在釐定於聯營公司之權益是否減 值時,須根據本集團可得到之資料對 公平價值減出售成本或使用價值作出 估計。使用價值計算要求本集團估計 現金產生單位預期將產生之未來現金 流量及計算現值之合適折現率。倘實 際未來現金流量少於預期或事實及情 況有變導致未來現金流量下調,則可 能會產生重大減值虧損/進一步減值 虧損。

綜合財務報表附註(續) 截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度

4. KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION UNCERTAINTY (CONT'D)

Impairment allowances on loans and advances to consumer finance customers and mortgage loans

The Group uses provision matrix to calculate ECL for the loans and advances to consumer finance customers and mortgage loans. The provision rates are based on aging of different consumer finance loan products and based on groupings of various debtors that have similar loss patterns. The provision matrix is based on the Group's historical default rates taking into consideration forward-looking information that is reasonably supportable and available without undue costs or effort. At every reporting date, the historical observed default rates are reassessed and changes in the forward-looking information are considered. Loans and advances to consumer finance customers and mortgage loans with significant balances and credit impaired are assessed for ECL individually.

The provision of ECL is sensitive to changes in estimates. The estimates would include the amount and timing of future cash flows, guarantee and collateral values when determining impairment allowances. These estimates are driven by a number of factors, changes in which can result in different levels of allowances. The Group considers reasonably supportable information that is relevant and available without undue cost or effort for this purpose. This includes quantitative and qualitative information and also, forward-looking analysis. Details of expected credit loss are set out in note 42(b). The information about the ECL and the Group's loans and advances to consumer finance customers and mortgage loans are disclosed in note 27 and note 28 respectively.

4. 估計不確定因素之主要來源(續)

消費金融客戶貸款及墊款按揭貸款之減值 撥備

本集團使用撥備矩陣計算消費金融客戶貸款及墊款及按揭貸款的預期信貸虧損賬額。撥備率乃基於不同消費金融貸款產品的分與有類似虧損模式的各種債務人分,級備矩陣基於本集團的歷史違約率的合與無需過多成本或精力即可獲得的。於各結算日,應到的歷史違約率會重新評估,並考實的歷史違約率會重新評估,並有實資數數。具有重大結餘和信貸款及墊款及按揭貸款會個別評估預期信貸虧損。

預期信貸虧損的撥備會受估計變動所影響。釐定減值撥備的估計包括未來現金流、保證及抵押品價值的金額及時間。該等估計受多項因素影響,其變動可造成不同撥備水平。本集團就此考慮相關及無需過多成本或精力即可獲得的合理可作依據的資料。這包括定量及定性資料,亦包括節性分析。預期信貸虧損的詳情載於附註42(b)。有關預期信貸虧損及本集團消費金融客戶貸款及墊款及按揭貸款的資料分別於附註27及附註28披露。

KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION UNCERTAINTY (CONT'D)

Impairment allowances on term loans

The ECL for term loans is based on the Group's historical default rates taking into consideration forward-looking information that is reasonably supportable and available without undue costs or effort. At every reporting date, the historical observed default rates are reassessed and changes in the forward-looking information are considered. Term loans with significant balances and credit impaired are assessed for ECL individually.

The provision of ECL is sensitive to changes in estimates. The estimates would include the amount and timing of future cash flows, guarantee and collateral values when determining impairment allowances. These estimates are driven by a number of factors, changes in which can result in different levels of allowances. The Group considers reasonably supportable information that is relevant and available without undue cost or effort for this purpose. This includes quantitative and qualitative information and also, forward-looking analysis. Details of expected credit loss are set out in note 42(b). The information about the ECL and the Group's term loans are disclosed in note 30.

Estimated impairment of goodwill and intangible assets with indefinite useful lives

The Group conducts tests for impairment of goodwill and intangible assets with indefinite useful lives annually in accordance with the relevant accounting standards. Determining whether the goodwill and the intangible assets are impaired requires an estimation of the fair value less costs to sell or value in use on the basis of data available to the Group. Where future cash flows are less than expected, an impairment loss may arise.

Deferred tax

Estimating the amount for recognition of deferred tax assets arising from tax losses and other deductible temporary differences requires a process that involves forecasting future years' taxable income and assessing the Group's ability to utilise tax benefits through future earnings. Where the actual future profits generated are more or less than expected, a recognition or reversal of the deferred tax assets may arise, which would be recognised in profit or loss for the period in which such a recognition or reversal takes place. While the current financial models indicate that the recognised tax losses and deductible temporary differences can be utilised in the future, any changes in assumptions, estimates and tax regulations can affect the recoverability of this deferred tax asset.

綜合財務報表附註(續) 截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度

4. 估計不確定因素之主要來源(續)

有期貸款之減值撥備

有期貸款的預期信貸虧損乃基於本集團的歷史違約率,並考慮到無需過多成本或精力即可獲得的合理可作依據的前瞻性資料。於各結算日,觀察到的歷史違約率會重新評估,並考慮前瞻性資料的變動。具有重大結餘和信貸減值的有期貸款會個別評估預期信貸虧損。

預期信貸虧損的撥備會受估計變動所影響。釐定減值撥備的估計包括未來現金流、保證及抵押品價值的金額及時間。該等估計受多項因素影響,其變動可造成不同撥備水平。本集團就此考慮相關及無需過多成本或精力即可獲得的合理可作依據的資料。這包括定量及定性資料,亦包括前瞻性分析。預期信貸虧損的詳情載於附註42(b)。有關預期信貸虧損及集團有期貸款的資料於附註30披露。

商譽及無固定可使用年期之無形資產之估 計減值

本集團根據相關會計準則,每年對商譽及 無固定可使用年期之無形資產進行減值測 試。在釐定商譽及無形資產是否減值時, 要求根據本集團可得到之資料對公平價值 減出售成本或使用價值作出估計。倘未 來現金流量低於預期,則可能產生減值虧 損。

搋延税項

估計因稅項虧損及其他可扣稅臨時差額產生之確認遞延稅項資產金額需要經過涉及預測未來數年之應課稅收入及評估之預測過未來盈利利用稅項利益之能力之。倘產生之實際未來溢利高於或可能產生遞延稅項資產確認或撥回,並將於確認或撥回發生之期間稅與一種認。倘現有財務模式顯示已確認稅預數可扣稅臨時性差額可於未來動用所數損及可扣稅臨時性差額可於未來動用所影響該遞延稅項資產之可收回性。

(1)

for the year ended 31st December, 2018

截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度

綜合財務報表附註(續)

4. KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION UNCERTAINTY (CONT'D)

Fair value of derivative and financial instruments

The Group selects appropriate valuation techniques for financial instruments not quoted in an active market. Tables regarding the valuation of material financial assets under level 3 in note 25 provides detailed information about the key assumptions used in the determination of the fair value of material financial instruments.

5. REVENUE

Revenue represents the amounts received and receivable that are derived from the provision of consumer finance, property rental, sale of properties, hotel operations and property management services, provision of consultancy and other services, interest and dividend income, income from advisory services, income from term loan financing and elderly care services. An analysis of the Group's revenue for the year is as follows:

4. 估計不確定因素之主要來源(續)

衍生工具及金融工具之公平價值

本集團對於活躍市場無報價的金融工具選 用適當的估值方法。附註25內有關第3層 之重大金融資產估值之表格載有釐定重大 金融工具公平價值之主要假設之詳情。

5. 收入

收入代表來自提供消費金融、物業租賃、 出售物業、酒店業務及物業管理服務、提 供顧問及其他服務、利息及股息收入、顧 問服務收入、有期貸款融資及護老服務收 入已收及應收之款項。以下為本集團年度 收入之分析:

2040

2017

		2018	2017
		二零一八年	二零一七年
		HK\$ Million	HK\$ Million
		百萬港元	百萬港元
Contracts with customers Hotel operations Management services Advisory and service income, commission income and others Elderly care services	客戶之合約 酒店業務 管理服務 顧問及服務收入、 佣金收入及其他 護老服務	70.8 308.4 171.7 92.0	64.0 264.3 182.2 79.4
		642.9	589.9
Interest income on loans and advances to consumer finance customers Interest income received from banks, term	消費金融客戶貸款及 墊款之利息收入 來自銀行、有期貸款及	3,388.5	3,074.8
loans and others	其他來源之利息收入	787.4	622.5
Property rental	物業租賃	228.7	222.7
Dividend income	股息收入	35.5	30.8
		2310	
		4,440.1	3,950.8
		5,083.0	4,540.7

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements (Cont'd)

for the year ended 31st December, 2018

5. REVENUE (CONT'D)

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Total revenue of HK\$5,083.0 million for the year ended 31st December, 2018 comprises HK\$4,373.4 million recognised at a point in time and HK\$709.6 million recognised overtime.

Certain advisory services contracts of the Group have terms of more than one year and the transaction prices of these contracts allocated to the remaining performance obligation (unsatisfied or partially satisfied) as at 31st December, 2018 and the expected timing of recognising revenue are as follows:

綜合財務報表附註(續) 截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度

5. 收入(續)

截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度之 總收入5,083.0百萬港元包括於某時間點 確認之4,373.4百萬港元及於一段時間確 認之709.6百萬港元。

本集團若干顧問服務合約之期限超過一年,而於二零一八年十二月三十一日分配至餘下履約責任(未履行或部分履行)之該等合約之交易價格及預期收入確認時間如下:

2018 二零一八年 HK\$ Million 百萬港元

Within one year More than one year but not more than two years 一年內 一年以上但不超過兩年 36.4 7.0

43.4

As at 31st December, 2018, for the Group's other contracts with customers with an original duration of one year or less and for contracts with customers with unsatisfied or partially unsatisfied performance obligations where the Group has the right to bill the customers an amount that corresponding to the values of the services provided to the customers, the transaction prices allocated to the unsatisfied performance obligations for these contracts with customers is not disclosed accordingly.

於二零一八年十二月三十一日,本集團就原本為期一年或以下之其他客戶合約及未履行或部分未履行履約責任而本集團有權就已向客戶提供服務之價值向其發出相應金額之賬單之客戶合約,就該等客戶合約分配至未履行履約責任之交易金額並無作出相應披露。

綜合財務報表附註(續)

for the year ended 31st December, 2018

截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度

5. REVENUE (CONT'D)

Revenue from contracts with customers are included in the segment revenue as follows:

5. 收入(續)

來自客戶之合約收入計入分部收入,列示如下:

		Investment and finance 投資及 金融 HK\$ Million 百萬港元	Consumer finance 消費金融 HK\$ Million 百萬港元	2018 二零一八年 Property development and investment 物業發展及 投資 HK\$ Million 百萬港元	Corporate and other operations 企業及 其他業務 HK\$ Million 百萬港元	Total 總額 HK\$ Million 百萬港元
Hotel operations Management services Advisory and service income,	酒店業務 管理服務 顧問及服務收入、	0.4	-	70.8 248.4	- 59.6	70.8 308.4
commission income and others Elderly care services	佣金收入及其他 護老服務	142.5	29.2	-	92.0	171.7 92.0
Revenue from contracts with customers	來自客戶之合約收入	142.9	29.2	319.2	151.6	642.9
				2017 二零一七年		
		Investment and finance 投資及 金融 HK\$ Million	Consumer finance 消費金融 HK\$ Million	Property development and investment 物業發展及 投資 HK\$ Million	Corporate and other operations 企業及 其他業務 HK\$ Million	Total 總額 HK\$ Million
		百萬港元	百萬港元	百萬港元	百萬港元	百萬港元
Hotel operations Management services Advisory and service income,	酒店業務 管理服務 顧問及服務收入、	0.3	-	64.0 204.9	- 59.1	64.0 264.3
commission income and others Elderly care services	佣金收入及其他 護老服務	137.7	44.5 -	-	- 79.4	182.2 79.4
Revenue from contracts with customers	來自客戶之合約收入	138.0	44.5	268.9	138.5	589.9

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for the year ended 31st December, 2018

6. SEGMENTAL INFORMATION

The operating business organised and managed in each segment represents a strategic business unit that offers different products and services for the purpose of resource allocation and assessment of segment performance by the Executive Directors of the Company. The Group has the following reportable and operating segments:

- Investment and finance investment and provision of mortgage loan, term loan financing.
- Consumer finance providing consumer loan finance products.
- Property development and investment development and sale of properties, property rental, provision of property management services and hotel operations managed by third parties.
- Corporate and other operations including corporate revenue and expenses, elderly care services and results of unallocated operations.

Inter-segment transactions have been entered into on terms agreed by the parties concerned.

Segment results represent the results earned by each strategic business unit without allocation of reversal of impairment loss on interests in associates, impairment loss on interest in an associate, finance costs, share of results of associates and share of results of joint ventures.

綜合財務報表附註(續) 截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度

6. 分部資料

各分部所組織及管理的業務營運,乃代表 提供不同產品及服務以供本公司執行董事 分配資源及評估分部表現的策略性業務單 位。本集團之可報告及營運分部如下:

- 投資及金融一投資及提供按揭貸款、 有期貸款融資。
- 一 消費金融-提供私人貸款財務產品。
- 物業發展及投資一發展及出售物業、 物業租賃、提供物業管理服務以及由 第三方管理之酒店業務。
- 企業及其他業務-包括企業收入及開 支、護老服務以及未分配業務業績。

分部間之交易乃按有關訂約各方所議定之 條款訂立。

分部業績指各策略性業務單位所賺取業績,並無分配撥回於聯營公司之權益之減值虧損、於一間聯營公司之權益之減值虧損、融資成本、應佔聯營公司業績及應佔合營公司業績。

綜合財務報表附註(續) 截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度

6. SEGMENTAL INFORMATION (CONT'D)

(i) Segment revenue and results

Analysis of the Group's revenue and results is as follows:

6. 分部資料(續)

(i) 分部收入及業績 本集團之收入及業績分析如下:

2018 二零一八年

				_零一八年		
				Property		
				development	Corporate	
		Investment		and	and other	
		and	Consumer	investment	operations	
		finance	finance	物業發展	企業及	Total
		投資及金融	消費金融	及投資	其他業務	總額
		HK\$ Million	HK\$ Million	HK\$ Million	HK\$ Million	HK\$ Million
		百萬港元	百萬港元	百萬港元	百萬港元	百萬港元
		口角化儿	日角化ル	口角尼儿	口角化儿	日角/尼儿
	Pl Non-tr- of					
Segment revenue	分部收入	987.3	3,422.1	544.3	226.3	5,180.0
Less: inter-segment revenue	減:分部間之收入	(5.0)	-	(20.0)	(72.0)	(97.0)
Segment revenue from external	來自外部客戶之					
customers	分部收入	982.3	3,422.1	524.3	154.3	5,083.0
			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
C	八 知 來 体	4.050.5	4 00 7 0	= 40.0	(00.0)	2.076.6
Segment results	分部業績	1,050.7	1,207.9	740.9	(22.9)	2,976.6
Reversal of impairment loss on	撥回於聯營公司之權益之					00.0
interests in associates	減值虧損					93.0
Finance costs	融資成本					(440.7)
Share of results of associates	應佔聯營公司業績					498.4
Share of results of joint ventures	應佔合營公司業績	3.8	-	332.4	-	336.2
Profit before taxation	除税前溢利					3,463.5
Taxation	税項					(254.1)
						(
Profit for the year	本年度溢利					3,209.4
From for the year	个十尺值们					3,403.4

Segment revenue

customers

Segment results

associate

Finance costs

Taxation

in an associate

Less: inter-segment revenue

Segment revenue from external

Impairment loss on interest in an

Share of results of associates

Profit before taxation

Profit for the year

Share of results of joint ventures

SEGMENTAL INFORMATION (CONT'D)

Segment revenue and results (Cont'd)

分部收入

減:分部間之收入

來自外部客戶之

分部收入

減值虧損

減值虧損

應佔聯營公司業績

應佔合營公司業績

融資成本

除税前溢利

本年度溢利

税項

於一間聯營公司之權益之

分部業績

綜合財務報表附註(續) 截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度

分部資料(續) 6.

(i) 分部收入及業績(續)

2017 二零一七年 Property development Corporate and other Investment and Consumer investment operations and 企業及 finance finance 物業發展 Total 消費金融 及投資 其他業務 總額 投資及金融 HK\$ Million HK\$ Million HK\$ Million HK\$ Million HK\$ Million 百萬港元 百萬港元 百萬港元 百萬港元 百萬港元 815.0 3,122.2 488.8 216.8 4,642.8 (6.3)(18.4)(77.4)(102.1)808.7 3,122.2 470.4 139.4 4,540.7 1,758.4 1,444.7 1,036.2 (26.7)4,212.6 Reversal of impairment loss on interest 撥回於一間聯營公司之權益之 107.6 (4.1)(369.8)1,276.3 (28.7)688.1 659.4

5,882.0

(331.2)

5,550.8

6. SEGMENTAL INFORMATION (CONT'D)

(ii) Segment assets and liabilities

綜合財務報表附註(續) 截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度

6. 分部資料(續)

(ii) 分部資產及負債

2018 二零一八年

		Investment and finance 投資及金融 HK\$ Million 百萬港元	Consumer finance 消費金融 HK\$ Million 百萬港元	Property development and investment 物業發展 及投資 HK\$ Million 百萬港元	Corporate and other operations 企業及 其他業務 HK\$ Million 百萬港元	Total 總額 HK\$ Million 百萬港元
Segment assets	分部資產	26,304.4	12,431.5	9,236.3	208.3	48,180.5
Interests in associates Interests in joint ventures Deferred tax assets Amounts due from associates	於聯營公司之權益 於合營公司之權益 遞延税項資產 聯營公司欠款	240.2	-	3,214.8	-	13,258.6 3,455.0 730.3 564.9
Amounts due from joint ventures Tax recoverable	一个一个一个一个一个一个一个一个一个一个一个一个一个一个一个一个一个一个一个	-	-	9.8	-	9.8
Total assets	資產總額					66,207.3
Segment liabilities Amounts due to associates	分部負債 欠聯營公司款項	1,797.7	5,560.1	96.6	22.8	7,477.2 7.4
Amounts due to joint ventures Tax payable Bank and other borrowings Notes payable Deferred tax liabilities	欠合營公司款項 應付税項 銀行及其他借貸 應付票據 遞延税項負債	-	-	40.1	-	40.1 191.4 4,206.0 7,434.3 189.0
Total liabilities	負債總額					19,545.4

6. SEGMENTAL INFORMATION (CONT'D)

(ii) Segment assets and liabilities (Cont'd)

綜合財務報表附註(續) 截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度

6. 分部資料(續)

(ii) 分部資產及負債(續)

2017 二零一七年

				_令一七年		
				Property		
				development	Corporate	
		Investment		and	and other	
		and	Consumer	investment	operations	
		finance	finance	物業發展	企業及	Total
		投資及金融	消費金融	及投資	其他業務	總額
		HK\$ Million				
		百萬港元	百萬港元	百萬港元	百萬港元	百萬港元
Segment assets	分部資產	21,794.3	12,291.7	8,693.6	255.1	43,034.7
Interests in associates	於聯營公司之權益	,	,	-,		13,291.1
Interests in joint ventures	於合營公司之權益	280.2	_	2,883.5	_	3,163.7
Deferred tax assets	遞延税項資產			,		649.6
Amounts due from associates	聯營公司欠款					518.6
Amounts due from joint ventures	合營公司欠款	_	_	9.1	_	9.1
Tax recoverable	可收回税項					5.9
Total assets	資產總額					60,672.7
Segment liabilities	分部負債	1,433.2	3,552.2	84.5	18.2	5,088.1
Amounts due to associates	欠聯營公司款項	1,133.2	3,332.2	01.3	10.2	7.4
Amounts due to joint ventures	欠合營公司款項	_	_	0.1	_	0.1
Tax payable	應付税項			0.1		161.0
Bank and other borrowings	銀行及其他借貸					1,212.0
Notes payable	應付票據					7,758.2
Deferred tax liabilities	遞延税項負債					185.4
S of of the manning	CONNE					
Total liabilities	負債總額					14,412.2
	21 01:00 00					

綜合財務報表附註(續)

for the year ended 31st December, 2018

截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度

6. SEGMENTAL INFORMATION (CONT'D)

(iii) The geographical information of revenue and noncurrent assets are disclosed as follows:

6. 分部資料(續)

(iii) 收入及非流動資產之地域資料披露如 下:

		2018 二零一八年 HK\$ Million 百萬港元	二零一七年 HK\$ Million 百萬港元
Revenue from external customers by location of operations Hong Kong Mainland China Others	按營運地點劃分的 外部客戶所得收入 香港 中國內地 其他	3,911.1 1,163.1 8.8	3,531.8 999.2 9.7
		5,083.0	4,540.7

No revenue arising from transactions with a single external customer amounted to 10% or more of the Group's revenue for the year.

年內,概無來自單一外部客戶之交易 收入佔本集團收入的10%或以上。

2018

2017

		二零一八年 HK\$ Million 百萬港元	二零一七年 HK\$ Million 百萬港元
Non-current assets other than financial assets and deferred tax assets by location of assets Hong Kong Mainland China Others	按資產位置劃分之 金融資產及遞延税項資產 以外的非流動資產 香港 中國內地 其他	26,413.3 626.5 719.2	25,282.8 599.8 900.9
		27,759.0	26,783.5

6. SEGMENTAL INFORMATION (CONT'D)

(iv) Other segment information

綜合財務報表附註(續) 截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度

6. 分部資料(續)

(iv) 其他分部資料

2018	
二零一八年	Ε

		- 4 // 1		
		Property		
	Corporate	development		
	and other	and		Investment
	operations	investment	Consumer	and
Total	企業及	物業發展	finance	finance
總額	其他業務	及投資	消費金融	投資及金融
HK\$ Million				
百萬港元	百萬港元	百萬港元	百萬港元	百萬港元
81.0	1.7	22.9	40.4	16.0
01.0	117	22.5	1011	10.0
0.5	_	0.5	_	_
744.0	-	558.9	(0.9)	186.0
908.4	0.1	(0.6)	833.6	75. 3
86.8	3.5	45.2	24.9	13.2

2017	
一零一七年	

		Property		
		development	Corporate	
Investment		and	and other	
and	Consumer	investment	operations	
finance	finance	物業發展	企業及	Total
投資及金融	消費金融	及投資	其他業務	總額
HK\$ Million				
百萬港元	百萬港元	百萬港元	百萬港元	百萬港元
14.6	43.3	23.1	1.8	82.8
-	-	0.8	-	0.8
176.2	-	-	-	176.2
119.0	1.4	858.7	-	979.1
90.1	297.3	0.6	0.1	388.1
44.3	13.2	238.2	3.0	298.7

Included in segment results/	計入分部業績/
segment assets	分部資產
Depreciation and amortisation	折舊及攤銷
Impairment losses on hotel property	確認酒店物業
recognised	之減值虧損
Net increase (decrease) in fair value of	投資物業之公平價值
investment properties	增加(減少)淨額
Net impairment losses (gains) on	金融工具之減值
financial instruments	虧損(收益)淨額
Capital expenditure	資本開支

計入分部業績/

折舊及攤銷

確認酒店物業

減值虧損 投資物業之公平價值

增加淨額

呆壞賬

資本開支

之減值虧損

可供出售金融資產之

分部資產

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		集					

Included in segment results/

Depreciation and amortisation

Impairment losses on hotel property

segment assets

recognised

Impairment losses on

AFS financial assets

Bad and doubtful debts

Capital expenditure

Net increase in fair value of investment properties

2017

2017

截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度

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綜合財務報表附註(續)

for the year ended 31st December, 2018

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7. CHANGES IN VALUES OF PROPERTIES

7. 物業價值變動

	二零一八年 HK\$ Million 百萬港元	二零一七年 HK\$ Million 百萬港元
Changes in values of properties comprise: 物業價值變動包括: Net increase in fair value of investment 投資物業之公平價值 增加淨額 Impairment loss recognised for hotel 確認酒店物業之	744.0	979.1
property 減值虧損	(0.5)	(0.8)
	743.5	978.3

The recognition of impairment loss was based on the lower of cost and value in use for hotel property. The value in use was determined based on independent professional valuations at 31st December, 2018.

確認減值虧損乃基於酒店物業之成本及使 用價值兩者中之較低者計算。使用價值乃 根據二零一八年十二月三十一日之獨立專 業估值釐定。

NET GAIN ON FINANCIAL ASSETS AND LIABILITIES AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT **OR LOSS**

The following is an analysis of the net gain on financial assets and liabilities at FVTPL:

透過損益賬按公平價值處理之金融資 產及負債收益淨額

透過損益賬按公平價值處理之金融資產及 負債收益淨額分析如下:

2018

		二零一八年 HK\$ Million 百萬港元	二零一七年 HK\$ Million 百萬港元
Net realised and unrealised (loss) gain on financial assets and liabilities Held for trading Financial assets at	金融資產及負債已變現及 未變現(虧損)收益淨額 持作交易用途 透過損益賬按公平價值	(345.1)	537.2
FVTPL	處理之金融資產	451.9	932.0
		106.8	1,469.2

9. 金融工具之減值虧損淨額/呆壞賬

9. NET IMPAIRMENT LOSSES ON FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS/BAD AND DOUBTFUL DEBTS

	2018 二零一八年 HK\$ Million 百萬港元	2017 二零一七年 HK\$ Million 百萬港元
Loans and advances to consumer 消費金融客戶貸款及 finance customers	1,025.0	-
Recoveries of amounts previously written off Bad and doubtful debts 記 中国先前撤銷的 款項 呆壞賬	(195.1)	277.3
	829.9	277.3
Mortgage loans 按揭貸款 Net impairment losses before recoveries Recoveries of amounts previously written off Bad and doubtful debts 按揭貸款 收回前的減值虧損淨額 已收回先前撇銷的 款項 呆壞賬	4.5 (0.7)	- - 3.2
	3.8	3.2
Term loans, trade and other receivables 其他應收款項 Net impairment losses before recoveries Recoveries of amounts previously written off Bad and doubtful debts 有期貸款、貿易及 其他應收款項 收回前的減值虧損淨額 已收回先前撤銷的 款項 呆壞賬	76.1 (1.4) – 74.7	- 107.6 107.6
	908.4	388.1

截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度

10. DIRECTORS', EMPLOYEES' AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT'S EMOLUMENTS

(a) The emoluments paid or payable to each of the eight (2017: eight) Directors were as follows:

10. 董事、僱員及高級管理層酬金

(a) 已付或應付八名(二零一七年:八名) 董事之酬金如下:

	2	01	8		
=	零	—	八	年	

Edwin Lo

Chairman

		行政總裁 李成輝 HK\$ Million 百萬港元	King Yau 勞景祐 HK\$ Million 百萬港元	Mak Pak Hung 麥伯雄 HK\$ Million 百萬港元	Total 總額 HK\$ Million 百萬港元
EVECUTIVE DIRECTORS	+ /- ** -				
EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS Directors' fee	執行董事 董事袍金				
Salaries/service fees and	薪金/服務費及	_	_	_	_
other benefits	其他福利	8.87	2.24	2.85	13.96
Bonus payments (Note)	花紅(註解)	62.81	6.51	1.28	70.60
Retirement benefits	退休福利計劃				
scheme contributions	供款	0.18	0.10	_	0.28
Sub-total	小計	71.86	8.85	4.13	84.84

Chief Executive

Lee Seng Hui

The executive directors' emoluments shown above were mainly for their services in connection with the management of the affairs of the Company and the Group.

上表所示執行董事之酬金主要為彼等就本公司及本集團管理事務之服務。

2018 二零一八年

Arthur George Dew 主席 狄亞法 HK\$ Million 百萬港元	Lee Su Hwei 李淑慧 HK\$ Million 百萬港元	Total 總額 HK\$ Million 百萬港元
0.08	-	0.08
1.92 2.57	- -	1.92 2.57
	_	
4.57	_	4.57

NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS Directors' fee Salaries/service fees and other benefits Bonus payments (Note) Retirement benefits scheme contributions	非執行董事 董事袍金 薪金/服務費及 其他福利 花紅(註解) 退休福利計劃 供款
Sub-total	小計

The non-executive directors' emoluments shown above were mainly for their services as directors of the Company or its subsidiaries.

上表所示非執行董事之酬金主要為彼 等作為本公司或其附屬公司董事之服 務。 216

for the year ended 31st December, 2018

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10. DIRECTORS', EMPLOYEES' AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT'S EMOLUMENTS (CONT'D)

- 10. 董事、僱員及高級管理層酬金(續)
- (a) The emoluments paid or payable to each of the eight (2017: eight) Directors were as follows: (Cont'd)
- (a) 已付或應付八名(二零一七年:八名) 董事之酬金如下:(續)

2018 二零一八年

		Alan Stephen Jones HK\$ Million 百萬港元	David Craig Bartlett 白禮德 HK\$ Million 百萬港元	Lisa Yang Lai Sum 楊麗琛 HK\$ Million 百萬港元	Total 總額 HK\$ Million 百萬港元
INDEPENDENT NON- EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS	獨立 非執行董事				
Directors' fee	董事袍金	0.02	0.02	_	0.04
Salaries/service fees and other benefits	薪金/服務費及 其他福利	0.78	0.38	0.11	1.27
Bonus payments	花紅	_	_	_	-
Retirement benefits scheme contributions	退休福利計劃 供款				
Sub-total	小計	0.80	0.40	0.11	1.31

The independent non-executive directors' emoluments shown above were mainly for their services as directors of the Company or its subsidiaries.

上表所示獨立非執行董事之酬金主要 為彼等作為本公司或其附屬公司董事 之服務。

> 2018 二零一八年 HK\$ Million 百萬港元

Total 總計 90.72

截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度

10. DIRECTORS', EMPLOYEES' AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT'S EMOLUMENTS (CONT'D)

10. 董事、僱員及高級管理層酬金(續)

(a) The emoluments paid or payable to each of the eight (2017: eight) Directors were as follows: (Cont'd)

(a) 已付或應付八名(二零一七年:八名) 董事之酬金如下:(續)

		2017 二零一七年			
		Chief Executive			
		Lee Seng Hui 行政總裁 李成輝	Edwin Lo King Yau 勞景祐	Mak Pak Hung 麥伯雄	Total 總額
		HK\$ Million 百萬港元	HK\$ Million 百萬港元	HK\$ Million 百萬港元	HK\$ Million 百萬港元
EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS Directors' fee Salaries/service fees and	執行董事 董事袍金 薪金/服務費及	-	-	-	-
other benefits	其他福利	10.19	2.16	2.72	15.07
Bonus payments (Note) Retirement benefits	花紅(註解) 退休福利計劃	61.60	6.42	1.16	69.18
scheme contributions	供款	0.14	0.11		0.25
Sub-total	小計	71.93	8.69	3.88	84.50

The executive directors' emoluments shown above were mainly for their services in connection with the management of the affairs of the Company and the Group.

上表所示執行董事之酬金主要為彼等 就本公司及本集團管理事務之服務。

> 2017 二零一七年

Chairman

		Arthur		
		George Dew		
		主席	Lee Su Hwei	Total
		狄亞法	李淑慧	總額
		HK\$ Million	HK\$ Million	HK\$ Million
		百萬港元	百萬港元	百萬港元
NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS	非執行董事			
Directors' fee	董事袍金	0.07	_	0.07
Salaries/service fees	薪金/服務費及			
and other benefits	其他福利	1.84	_	1.84
Bonus payments (Note)	花紅(註解)	2.55	_	2.55
Retirement benefits scheme	退休福利計劃			
contributions	供款		_	_
Sub-total	小計	4.46	-	4.46
			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	

The non-executive directors' emoluments shown above were mainly for their services as directors of the Company or its subsidiaries.

上表所示非執行董事之酬金主要為彼 等作為本公司或其附屬公司董事之服 務。

綜合財務報表附註(續)

截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度

10. DIRECTORS', EMPLOYEES' AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT'S EMOLUMENTS (CONT'D)

- 10. 董事、僱員及高級管理層酬金(續)
- (a) The emoluments paid or payable to each of the eight (2017: eight) Directors were as follows: (Cont'd)
- (a) 已付或應付八名(二零一七年:八名) 董事之酬金如下:(續)

		2017 二零一七年			
		Alan Stephen Jones HK\$ Million 百萬港元	David Craig Bartlett 白禮德 HK\$ Million 百萬港元	Lisa Yang Lai Sum 楊麗琛 HK\$ Million 百萬港元	Total 總額 HK\$ Million 百萬港元
INDEPENDENT NON- EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS	獨立 非執行董事				
Directors' fee Salaries/service fees and	董事袍金 薪金/服務費及	0.02	0.02	-	0.04
other benefits Bonus payments	其他福利 花紅	0.77	0.37	0.11	1.25
Retirement benefits scheme contributions	退休福利計劃供款		_	_	
Sub-total	小計	0.79	0.39	0.11	1.29

The independent non-executive directors' emoluments shown above were mainly for their services as directors of the Company or its subsidiaries.

上表所示獨立非執行董事之酬金主要 為彼等作為本公司或其附屬公司董事 之服務。

> 2017 二零一七年 HK\$ Million 百萬港元

Total 總計 90.25

Note: The amounts represented the actual discretionary bonus in respect of the preceding year approved and paid to respective directors during the year.

註解: 有關款項乃年內批准及已付相關董事去 年的實際酌情花紅金額。

截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度

綜合財務報表附註(續)

10. DIRECTORS', EMPLOYEES' AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT'S EMOLUMENTS (CONT'D)

The emoluments paid or payable to each of the eight (2017: eight) Directors were as follows: (Cont'd)

The Company provided management services to certain listed subsidiaries and associates and charged these companies management fees. The above emoluments include all amounts paid or payable to the Company's directors by the Company or the subsidiaries during 2018. However, it should be noted that the amounts above for Mr. Lee Seng Hui and Mr. Edwin Lo King Yau include the sums of HK\$39.52 million (2017: HK\$39.56 million) and HK\$5.31 million (2017: HK\$5.21 million) respectively that have been included in the 2018 management fee charged by the Company to a listed associate, TACI, for management services performed by Mr. Lee and Mr. Lo as directors of TACI and TACI has disclosed in its 2018 annual report the HK\$39.52 million (2017: HK\$39.56 million) and HK\$5.31 million (2017: HK\$5.21 million) as part of the emoluments of Mr. Lee and Mr. Lo respectively.

The service fee of each of the independent nonexecutive directors was increased by approximately 6% to 7% with effective from 1st January, 2019 as compared with 2018.

10. 董事、僱員及高級管理層酬金(續)

(a) 已付或應付八名(二零一七年:八名) 董事之酬金如下:(續)

本公司向若干上市附屬公司及聯營公 司提供管理服務,並向該等公司收取 管理費。上述酬金包括本公司或附屬 公司於二零一八年已付或應付本公司 董事之所有款項。然而,謹請注意, 上述有關李成輝先生及勞景祐先生 之款項包括金額分別為39.52百萬港 元(二零一七年:39.56百萬港元)及 5.31 百萬港元(二零一七年: 5.21 百 萬港元)之款項,該等款項已列入本 公司就李先生及勞先生擔任一間上市 聯營公司天安之董事履行管理服務而 向天安收取之二零一八年管理費內, 天安已將該39.52百萬港元(二零一七 年:39.56百萬港元)及5.31百萬港元 (二零一七年:5.21百萬港元)之款項 分別作為李先生及勞先生酬金之一部 分披露於其二零一八年年報內。

自二零一九年一月一日起,各獨立非 執行董事之服務費較二零一八年上升 約6%至7%。

截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度

綜合財務報表附註(續)

10. DIRECTORS', EMPLOYEES' AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT'S EMOLUMENTS (CONT'D)

(b) Employees' emoluments

The five highest paid individuals included two (2017: one) of the Directors, details of whose emoluments are set out in 10(a) above. The combined emoluments of the remaining three (2017: four) individuals are as follows:

10. 董事、僱員及高級管理層酬金(續)

(b) 僱員酬金

五名最高薪酬之人士包括兩名(二零一七年:一名)董事,其酬金詳情載於上文附註10(a)。其餘三名(二零一七年:四名)人士之酬金綜合如下:

2018

二零一八年

HK\$ Million

2017

25.3 81.0 1.3

107.6

二零一七年

HK\$ Million 百萬港元

		百萬港元
Salaries and other benefits Bonus payments Retirement benefit scheme contributions	薪金及其他福利 花紅 退休福利計劃供款	21.6 61.0 1.3
		83.9

57,500,001港元-58,000,000港元

The emoluments of the above employees who were not Directors of the Company, were within the following bands:

HK\$57,500,001 - HK\$58,000,000

上述僱員並非本公司董事,彼等酬金 介乎以下範圍:

> Number of employees 僱員人數

HK\$9,500,001 – HK\$10,000,000 HK\$13,000,001 – HK\$13,500,000 HK\$16,500,001 – HK\$17,000,000 HK\$20,500,001 – HK\$21,000,000 HK\$26,500,001 – HK\$27,000,000 HK\$46,500,001 – HK\$47,000,000 HK\$47,000,000

2018 二零一八年	2017 二零一七年
-	1
_	1
1	_
1	-
_	1
1	_
-	1
3	4

截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度

10. DIRECTORS', EMPLOYEES' AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT'S EMOLUMENTS (CONT'D)

(c) Senior management's emoluments

Of the senior management of the Group, eight (2017: eight) were the Directors of the Company whose emoluments are included in the disclosure above. The combined emoluments of the remaining three (2017: three) individuals are as follows:

Salaries and other benefits	薪金及其他褔利
Bonus payments	花紅
Retirement benefit scheme contributions	退休福利計劃供款

The emoluments of the above senior management who were not Directors of the Company, were within the following bands:

HK\$1,000,001 – HK\$1,500,000 HK\$2,500,001 – HK\$3,000,000 HK\$3,000,001 – HK\$3,500,000 HK\$4,500,001 – HK\$5,000,000 HK\$4,500,001 – HK\$5,000,000

10. 董事、僱員及高級管理層酬金(續)

(c) 高級管理層酬金

本集團高級管理層中有八名(二零一七年:八名)為本公司董事,彼等之酬金已披露於上文。其餘三名(二零一七年:三名)個別人士的酬金綜合如下:

2018	2017
二零一八年	二零一七年
HK\$ Million	HK\$ Million
百萬港元	百萬港元
5.0	5.9
3.4	3.1
0.2	0.3
8.6	9.3

上述高級管理層並非本公司之董事, 彼等酬金介乎以下範圍:

Number of employees 僱員人數

唯 良八数		
2018	2017	
二零一八年	二零一七年	
1	1	
1	-	
_	1	
1	1	
3	3	

11. INFORMATION ABOUT MATERIAL INTERESTS OF DIRECTORS IN TRANSACTIONS, ARRANGEMENTS OR CONTRACTS

No transactions, arrangements or contracts of significance to which the Company or any of its subsidiaries was a party and in which the Directors or an entity connected with the Directors had a material interest, whether directly or indirectly, subsisted at the end of the year or at any time during the year. For information only:

- (i) a tenancy agreement dated 29th November, 2017 for a term commencing from 19th November, 2017 entered into between Mr. Lee Seng Hui as the tenant and a non wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company as the landlord was terminated on 14th February, 2018. The total rental of HK\$0.5 million received therefrom during the period from 1st January, 2018 to 14th February, 2018 (2017: HK\$4.1 million received during the year ended 31st December, 2017) is considered insignificant in relation to the Group's business.
- (a) a tenancy agreement dated 12th July, 2016 was entered into between San Pack Properties Limited ("San Pack", a non wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company) as the landlord and San Tai Distribution Company Limited ("San Tai", a company of which Mr. Edwin Lo King Yau can exercise more than 50% of the voting rights at the general meetings) as the tenant for the period from 1st July, 2016 to 30th June, 2019; (b) a tenancy agreement dated 4th November, 2016 was entered into between San Pack as the landlord and China Pacific Group Limited ("China Pacific", a company of which Mr. Edwin Lo King Yau can exercise more than 50% of the voting rights at the general meetings) as the tenant for the period from 1st April, 2016 to 31st March, 2019; and (c) a logistics and warehouse services agreement dated 27th March, 2017 was entered into between San Pack as the client and San Tai as the service provider for the period from 1st April, 2017 to 30th June, 2019. The total rental of HK\$14.1 million (2017: HK\$14.1 million) received therefrom and the total service fee of HK\$0.4 million (2017: HK\$0.3 million) paid thereto during the year ended 31st December, 2018 are considered insignificant in relation to the Group's business.

綜合財務報表附註(續)

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11. 關於董事於交易、安排或合約中的重 大權益的資料

於本年度終結時或於本年度內任何時間, 本公司或其任何附屬公司並無訂立董事或 與董事有關連之實體直接或間接擁有重大 權益之任何重要交易、安排或合約。以下 所述僅供參考:

- (i) 李成輝先生(作為租戶)與本公司一間 非全資附屬公司(作為業主)於二零 一七年十一月二十九日訂立租賃協 議,租期自二零一七年十一月十九日 起生效,該租賃協議已於二零一八年 二月十四日終止。於二零一八年一月 一日至二零一八年二月十四日期間 就此收取之租金總額0.5百萬港元(二 零一七年:於截至二零一七年十二月 三十一日止年度收取4.1百萬港元)對 本集團務而言屬不重大。
- (a)山栢置業有限公司(「山栢」,本公 司之非全資附屬公司)(作為業主)與 三泰集運有限公司(「三泰」, 勞景祐 先生可於股東大會行使超過50%投 票權的公司)(作為租戶)訂立一份日 期為二零一六年七月十二日之租賃協 議,租期為二零一六年七月一日至二 零一九年六月三十日;(b)山栢(作為 業主)與中匯亞洲集團有限公司(「中 匯 | , 勞景祐先生可於股東大會行使 超過50%投票權的公司)(作為租戶) 訂立一份日期為二零一六年十一月四 日之租賃協議,租期為二零一六年 四月一日至二零一九年三月三十一 日;及(c)山栢(作為客戶)與三泰(作 為服務供應商)訂立一份日期為二零 一七年三月二十七日之物流及倉庫服 務協議,有效期為二零一七年四月一 日至二零一九年六月三十日。截至二 零一八年十二月三十一日止年度就此 收取的租金總額14.1百萬港元(二零 一七年:14.1百萬港元)及所支付服 務費總額0.4百萬港元(二零一七年: 0.3百萬港元)對本集團業務而言屬不 重大。

截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度

12. FINANCE COSTS

12. 融資成本

		2018 二零一八年 HK\$ Million 百萬港元	2017 二零一七年 HK\$ Million 百萬港元
Interest on the following liabilities: Bank borrowings Notes/papers payable	以下負債利息: 銀行借貸 應付票據	286.6 366.8	198.0 330.0
		653.4	528.0
Total finance costs included in: Cost of sales and other direct costs Finance costs	計入下列項目內之 融資成本總額: 銷售成本及其他直接成本 融資成本	212.7 440.7	158.2 369.8
		653.4	528.0

All finance costs were derived from financial liabilities not at fair value through profit or loss for both years.

該兩個年度所有融資成本乃來自並非透過 損益賬按公平價值處理之金融負債。

13. PROFIT BEFORE TAXATION

13. 除税前溢利

		2018 二零一八年 HK\$ Million	2017 二零一七年 HK\$ Million
		百萬港元	百萬港元
Profit before taxation has been arrived at after charging:	除税前溢利 已扣除:		
Auditors' remuneration	核數師薪酬	7.8	7.0
Amortisation of intangible assets – computer software Amortisation of prepaid land	無形資產攤銷 一電腦軟件 預繳地價	1.9	1.8
lease payments	攤銷 折舊	0.2 78.9	0.1
Depreciation Expenses recognised for employee	就新鴻基之僱員股份	78.9	80.9
ownership scheme of SHK Impairment loss on AFS financial assets measured at fair value (included in	擁有計劃確認之費用 以公平價值計量的可供 出售金融資產之減值虧損	8.3	6.4
other operating expenses) Impairment loss on interest in an associate (included in other	(計入其他經營費用) 於一間聯營公司之權益之 減值虧損(計入其他	_	176.2
operating expenses)	經營費用)	_	4.1
Loss on disposal of joint ventures (included in other operating	出售合營公司之 虧損(計入其他		
expenses)	經營費用)	0.5	-
Net loss on disposal/write-off of property, plant and equipment	出售/撇銷物業、廠房 及設備之虧損淨額	1.1	1.5
Retirement benefit scheme contributions	退休福利計劃供款	88.5	87.2
Staff costs (including Directors' emoluments but excluding contributions to retirement benefit schemes and expenses recognised for the employee	員工成本(包括董事 酬金但不包括退休 福利計劃供款及就 新鴻基之僱員股份 擁有計劃確認之		
ownership scheme of SHK)	費用)	1,034.2	1,015.5

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13. PROFIT BEFORE TAXATION (CONT'D)

綜合財務報表附註(續) 截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度

2018

2017

13. 除税前溢利(續)

		二零一八年 HK\$ Million 百萬港元	二零一七年 HK\$ Million 百萬港元
and after crediting:	並已計入:		
Dividend income from listed equity securities	上市股本證券股息 收入	33.1	30.8
Dividend income from unlisted equity securities Gain on deemed disposal of	非上市股本證券股息 收入 視作出售一間聯營公司	2.4	-
an associate (included in other income) Gain on disposal of subsidiaries	之收益(計入 其他收入) 出售附屬公司之	17.6	-
(included in other income) *** Gain on disposal of an associate	收益(計入其他收入)*** 出售一間聯營公司之	132.4	-
(included in other income) ** Net realised gain on disposal of AFS financial assets (included in	收益(計入其他收入)** 出售可供出售金融資產之 已變現收益淨額	36.8	-
other income) Net realised gain on disposal of financial assets	(計入其他收入) 出售透過其他全面收益 按公平價值處理之	_	0.3
at FVTOCI (included in other income)	金融資產之已變現 收益淨額(計入其他收入)	7.0	-
Rental income from investment properties under operating leases, net of outgoings	經營租約投資物業之 租金收入,扣除支出 26.8百萬港元		
of HK\$26.8 million (2017: HK\$26.6 million) Reversal of impairment loss on	(二零一七年: 26.6百萬港元) 撥回於聯營公司之	195.7	189.9
interests in associates (included in other income) *	權益之減值虧損 (計入其他收入)*	93.0	107.6

- * SHK disposed of 70% interest in its wholly-owned subsidiary SHKFGL in June 2015 and classified the remaining 30% equity interest as an associate. The recoverable amount was measured at fair value less cost of disposal of SHKFGL. The fair value was measured by discounted cash flow approach at the reporting date using a discount rate of 17.0% per annum. As part of the disposal, the Group was awarded a put right on the 30% equity interest of SHKFGL. This put right recorded a valuation gain during the year of HK\$67.0 million (2017: HK\$1.0 million) classified under net gain on financial assets and liabilities at FVTPL. A reversal of impairment loss on interest in SHKFGL amounting to HK\$66.7 million (2017: HK\$107.6 million) was included in the amount of reversal of impairment loss on interests in associates for the year ended 31st December, 2018.
- ** The Group disposed of its 38.09% interest in an associate, Tanami Gold NL, to APAC Resources Mining Limited (a wholly-owned subsidiary of APAC, an associate of the Group), on 5th June, 2018 for a consideration of HK\$119.8 million, resulting a gain of HK\$36.8 million recognised in the consolidated statement of profit or loss.
- * 於二零一五年六月,新鴻基出售其全資附屬公司新鴻基金融集團之70%權益,並將餘下30%股權分類作一間聯營公司處理。可收回金額以新鴻基金融集團的公平價值減出售成本計量。結算日公平價值以貼現率17.0%年率的折現現金流方法所計量。作為出售事項的一部分,本集團獲授予新鴻基金融集團的30%股權的認滿權。該認沽權於年內錄得估值收益67.0百萬港元(二零一七年:1.0百萬港元(,歸類於懷收益年,計入接回於聯營公司之權益之減值虧損金額包括接回於新鴻基金融集團之權益之減值虧損66.7百萬港元(二零一七年:107.6百萬港元)。
- ** 於二零一八年六月五日,本集團向亞太資源礦業有限公司(為本集團聯營公司亞太資源之全資附屬公司)出售一間聯營公司Tanami Gold NL的38.09%權益,代價為119.8百萬港元,產生收益36.8百萬港元,於綜合損益表內確認。

截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度

綜合財務報表附註(續)

13. PROFIT BEFORE TAXATION (CONT'D)

*** On 1st August, 2018, SHK group disposed of its wholly-owned subsidiary, SWAT Securitisation Fund. The details of SWAT Securitisation Fund at the date of disposal were as follows:

13. 除税前溢利(續)

*** 於二零一八年八月一日,新鴻基集團出售其全 資附屬公司SWAT Securitisation Fund。於出售 日期,SWAT Securitisation Fund的詳情如下:

		HK\$ Million 百萬港元
Consideration received: Total consideration received	已收代價 : 已收代價總額	55.0
		1st August, 2018 二零一八年 八月一日 HK\$ Million 百萬港元
Analysis of assets and liabilities over which control was lost: Net assets disposed of	已失去控制權的資產及負債之分析: 已出售資產淨值	
Gain on disposal of a subsidiary: Consideration received and receivable Net assets disposed of	出售一間附屬公司之收益: 已收及應收代價 已出售資產淨值	55.0
Gain on disposal	出售收益	55.0
Net cash inflow arising on disposal: Cash consideration	出售時產生之現金流入淨額 : 現金代價	55.0
On 17th December, 2018, SHK group disposed of its wholly- owned subsidiary, Maple Shade Limited. The details of Maple Shade Limited at the date of disposal were as follows:	於二零一八年十二月十七 其全資附屬公司Maple Sha 日期,Maple Shade Limite	ide Limited。於出售
		HK\$ Million 百萬港元
Consideration received: Cash received Deferred cash consideration	已收代價: 已收現金 遞延現金代價	15.0 242.9
Consideration received	已收代價	257.9
		17th December, 2018 二零一八年 十二月十七日 HK\$ Million 百萬港元
Analysis of assets and liabilities over which control was lost: Financial assets at FVTPL	已失去控制權的資產及負債之分析: 透過損益賬按公平價值處理之金融資產	180.5
Net assets disposed of	己出售資產淨值	180.5
Gain on disposal of a subsidiary: Consideration received and receivable Net assets disposed of	出售一間附屬公司之收益: 已收及應收代價 已出售資產淨值	257.9 (180.5)
Gain on disposal	出售收益	77.4
Net cash inflow arising on disposal: Cash consideration	出售時產生之現金流入淨額 : 現金代價	15.0

According to the sales and purchase agreement, the deferred consideration will be settled in cash by the purchaser on or before 30th April, 2019 and is included in "other receivables" per Note 30.

根據該銷售及購買協議,買方將於二零一九年四月三十日或之前以現金結清遞延代價,該遞延代價已計入附註30「其他應收款項」內。

綜合財務報表附註(續) 截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度

14. 税項

14. TAXATION

		2018 二零一八年 HK\$ Million 百萬港元	2017 二零一七年 HK\$ Million 百萬港元
The income tax charged (credited) comprises:	所得税支出(抵免) 包括:		
Current tax Hong Kong People's Republic of China ("PRC")	本期税項 香港 中華人民共和國(「中國」)	230.4	222.7
and other jurisdictions	及其他司法地區	118.3	52.9
(Over) under provision in prior years	過往年度(超額撥備)撥備不足	348.7 (13.7)	275.6 22.2
		335.0	297.8
Deferred tax Current year	遞延税項 本年度	(80.9)	33.4
		254.1	331.2

Hong Kong Profits Tax is calculated at the rate of 16.5% of the estimated assessable profits for both years.

PRC subsidiaries are subject to PRC Enterprise Income Tax at 25% for both years.

Taxation arising in other jurisdictions is calculated on the estimated assessable profits for the year at the rates of taxation prevailing in the countries in the relevant jurisdictions. 香港利得税於兩個年度均按估計應課税溢 利16.5%之税率計算。

於中國之附屬公司須繳付中國企業所得税,兩個年度稅率均為25%。

來自其他司法地區之税項按年內估計應課 税溢利以有關司法地區內各國之現行稅率 計算。

綜合財務報表附註(續)

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for the year ended 31st December, 2018

14. TAXATION (CONT'D)

The taxation for the year can be reconciled to the profit before taxation per the consolidated statement of profit or loss as follows:

14. 税項(續)

本年度税項與綜合損益表列示之除税前溢 利之對賬如下:

		2018	2017
		二零一八年	二零一七年
		HK\$ Million	HK\$ Million
		百萬港元	百萬港元
Profit before taxation	除税前溢利	3,463.5	5,882.0
Less: Share of results of associates	減:應佔聯營公司業績	(498.4)	(1,276.3)
Share of results of joint ventures	應佔合營公司業績	(336.2)	(659.4)
Profit attributable to the	本公司及附屬公司應佔		
Company and subsidiaries	溢利	2,628.9	3,946.3
Tax at Hong Kong Profits	以香港利得税税率16.5%		
Tax rate of 16.5%	(二零一七年:16.5%)		
(2017: 16.5%)	計算之税項	433.8	651.1
Countries subject to different tax rates	面對不同税率之國家	12.0	31.6
Tax effect of deductible temporary	未確認可扣税臨時差額之		
differences not recognised	税項影響	-	16.7
Tax effect of expenses that are not	不可用作扣税支出之		
deductible for tax purposes	税項影響	43.1	42.8
Tax effect of income that is	毋須課税收入之	(0.4.4.5)	(402.2)
not taxable for tax purposes Tax effect of tax losses	税項影響	(244.5)	(402.3)
not recognised	未確認税項虧損之 税項影響	43.2	12.4
Tax effect of utilisation of tax losses	動用之前未確認	43.2	12.4
previously not recognised	税項虧損之税項影響	(19.4)	(33.2)
Reversal of deferred tax on	接回之前已確認税項虧損	(13.4)	(33.2)
tax loss previously recognised	之遞延税項	_	(6.5)
Reversal of deferred tax on	撥回之前已確認可扣税		(/
deductible temporary difference	臨時差額之遞延		
previously recognised	税項	(0.4)	(0.2)
(Over) under provision in prior years	過往年度(超額撥備)撥備不足	(13.7)	22.2
Others	其他	-	(3.4)
Taxation for the year	本年度税項	254.1	331.2

Deferred tax recognised in other comprehensive income was immaterial in both years presented.

兩個呈列年內,於其他全面收益中確認之 遞延税項並不重大。

15. EARNINGS PER SHARE

The calculation of basic and diluted earnings per share attributable to owners of the Company is based on the following data:

綜合財務報表附註(續) 截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度

15. 每股盈利

本公司股東應佔每股基本及攤薄盈利乃根 據以下數據計算:

		2018 二零一八年 HK\$ Million 百萬港元	2017 二零一七年 HK\$ Million 百萬港元
Earnings Earnings for the purpose of basic earnings per share (profit attributable to owners of the Company) Adjustments to profit in respect of impact of contingently issuable shares under the employee ownership scheme of a subsidiary	盈利 就計算每股基本盈利之 盈利(本公司股東 應佔溢利) 就一間附屬公司之 僱員股份擁有計劃而 可能發行股份之 影響對溢利作出調整	1,698.3	3,235.9
Earnings for the purpose of diluted earnings per share	就計算每股攤薄盈利之 盈利	1,697.8	3,235.5
		Million shares 百萬股	Million shares 百萬股
Number of shares Weighted average number of shares in issue for the purpose of basic and diluted earnings per share	股份數 <u>目</u> 就計算每股基本及 攤薄盈利之已發行 股份加權平均數	175.8	176.3

綜合財務報表附註(續)

for the year ended 31st December, 2018

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16. DIVIDEND

16. 股息

截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度

		2018 二零一八年 HK\$ Million 百萬港元	2017 二零一七年 HK\$ Million 百萬港元
Dividend paid and declared Interim dividend paid of HK15 cents (2017: HK15 cents) per share Second interim dividend (in lieu of a final dividend) of HK\$2.35 per share declared subsequent to the end of the reporting period (2017: second interim dividend (in lieu of a final dividend) of	已付及已宣派股息 已付中期股息每股 15港仙(二零一七年: 每股15港仙) 於報告期末後宣派第二 次中期股息(代替末期 股息)每股2.35港元 (二零一七年:第二次 中期股息(代替末期股	26.4	26.4
HK\$2.35 per share)	息)每股2.35港元)	413.0	413.0
		439.4	439.4
Dividend recognised as distribution during the year 2017 second interim dividend (in lieu of a final dividend) of HK\$2.35 (2017: 2016 second interim dividend (in lieu of a final dividend) of HK\$1.85) per share 2018 interim dividend of HK15 cents (2017: HK15 cents) per share	年內確認分派 之股息 二零一七年第二次中期 股息(代替末期股息) 每股2.35港元 (二零一七年: 二零一六年第二次 中期股息(代替末期 股息)每股1.85港元) 二零一八年中期股息 每股15港仙 (二零一七年: 每股15港仙)	413.0 26.4	327.1
		439.4	353.5

The amount of the second interim dividend (in lieu of a final dividend) for the year ended 31st December, 2018 has been calculated by reference to 175,754,118 shares in issue at 25th March, 2019.

截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度第二次中期股息(代替末期股息)之金額,乃 參照於二零一九年三月二十五日已發行之 175,754,118股股份計算。

綜合財務報表附註(續) 截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度

17. INVESTMENT PROPERTIES

17. 投資物業

		Hong Kong 香港 HK\$ Million	PRC 中國 HK\$ Million	USA 美國 HK\$ Million	UK 英國 HK\$ Million	Total 總計 HK\$ Million
		百萬港元	百萬港元	百萬港元	百萬港元	百萬港元
Fair value	公平價值					
At 1st January, 2017	於二零一七年一月一日	7,478.3	49.5	265.9	_	7,793.7
Exchange adjustments Transferred from properties	匯兑調整 轉撥自待出售	-	3.7	2.0	18.3	24.0
held for sale	物業	44.1	-	-	_	44.1
Additions Increase (decrease) in fair value recognised in	増加 於損益確認之 公平價值	1.8	-	-	205.4	207.2
profit or loss	增加(減少)	992.1	1.4		(14.4)	979.1
At 31st December, 2017	於二零一七年十二月三十一日 匯兑調整	8,516.3	54.6	267.9	209.3	9,048.1
Exchange adjustments Additions	進兄嗣登 増加	10.6	(2.8)	0.7	(11.0)	(13.1) 10.6
Increase (decrease) in fair value recognised in	於損益確認之 公平價值增加					
profit or loss	(減少)	739.8	(0.9)	6.7	(1.6)	744.0
At 31st December, 2018	於二零一八年十二月三十一日	9,266.7	50.9	275.3	196.7	9,789.6
Unrealised gains or losses for the year included in profit or loss	年內計入損益 未變現收益 或虧損					
For 2018	二零一八年	739.8	(0.9)	6.7	(1.6)	744.0
For 2017	二零一七年	992.1	1.4	_	(14.4)	979.1
					, , , ,	

17. INVESTMENT PROPERTIES (CONT'D)

The fair values of the Group's investment properties on the dates of transfer, acquisition and at the reporting dates have been arrived at on the basis of a valuation carried out at these dates by Norton Appraisals Holdings Limited, Whitney & Associates and Savills (UK) Limited, firms of independent and qualified professional valuers not connected with the Group.

For properties located in Hong Kong, PRC and the United Kingdom ("UK"), the fair value was grouped under level 3 and was determined based on the investment approach, where the market rentals of all lettable units of the properties are assessed and discounted at the market yield expected by investors for this type of properties. The market rentals are assessed taking into account the current passing rents and the reversionary income potential of tenancies. For the properties which are currently vacant, the valuation was based on capitalisation of the hypothetical and reasonable market rents with a typical lease term or direct comparison approach. The discount rate is determined by reference to the yields derived from analysing the sales transactions of similar properties in Hong Kong, PRC and UK and adjusted to take into account the market expectation from property investors to reflect factors specific to the Group's investment properties.

For property located in the United States of America ("USA"), the fair value was grouped under level 3 and was determined based on the sales comparison approach – land analysis, where the market sales of the observable transactions in neighbourhood areas are assessed and adjusted to take into account the location, size, condition and physical characteristic of this investment property.

There has been no change from the valuation technique used in the prior year. In estimating the fair value of the properties, the highest and best use of the properties is their current use.

The following table gives information about how the fair values of these investment properties are determined (in particular, the valuation techniques and inputs used), as well as the fair value hierarchy into which the fair value measurements are categorised (levels 1 to 3) based on the degree to which the inputs to the fair value measurements are observable.

綜合財務報表附註(續) 截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度

17. 投資物業(續)

本集團投資物業於轉讓、收購日期及於結算日之公平價值已根據Norton Appraisals Holdings Limited、Whitney & Associates 及Savills (UK) Limited於該等日期進行之估值釐定,該等公司均為與本集團概無關連的獨立合資格專業估值師。

就位於美利堅合眾國(「美國」)之物業而言,公平價值乃歸納入在第三級下,並根據銷售比較法一土地分析釐定,據此,鄰近地區市場上出售之可觀察交易乃作評估並考慮該投資物業的位置、規模、條件及物理特性作出調整。

過往年度採用的估值方法並無變動。在估 計物業公平價值時,物業的最大及最佳用 途為其當前用途。

下表提供有關根據公平價值計量的輸入數據的可觀察程度如何釐定該等投資物業的公平價值(特別是所用的估值方法及輸入數據),以及公平價值計量所劃分之公平價值等級(第一至第三級)的資料。

綜合財務報表附註(續) 截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度

17. INVESTMENT PROPERTIES (CONT'D)

17. 投資物業(續)

Investment properties	3			
held by the Group in				Relationship of
the consolidated	Fair	Valuation		unobservable inputs
statement of	value	technique(s)		to fair value (Note)
financial position	hierarchy	and key input(s)		不可觀察輸入數據
於綜合財務狀況表之	公平價值	估值方法及	Significant unobservable input(s)	與公平價值之關係
本集團所持投資物業	等級	主要輸入數據	重大不可觀察輸入數據	(註解)

Residential properties Level 3 located in 第三級

Hong Kong 位於香港之住宅物業

Investment Approach 投資法

The key inputs are 主要輸入數據

(1) Term yield 年期收益率 Term yield, taking into account of yield generated by market average selling price and the market average rental from comparable properties and adjustment to reflect the conditions of the building, of 1.3% to 2.75% (2017: 1.5% to 3%).

年期收益率為1.3%至2.75%(二零一七 年:1.5%至3%),經考慮可資比較物 業之市場平均售價及市場平均租金產生 之收益率並作出調整以反映樓宇狀況。

The higher the term yield, the lower the fair value. 年期收益率越高, 公平價值越低。

(2) Reversionary yield 復歸收益率

Reversionary yield, taking into account of yield generated by market average selling price and the market average rental from comparable properties and adjustment to reflect the risk associated with the future rental, of 1.80% to 3.25% (2017: 1.75% to 3.25%).

復歸收益率為1.80%至3.25%(二零一七 年:1.75%至3.25%),經考慮可資比較 物業之市場平均售價及市場平均租金產 生之收益率並作出調整以反映未來租金 之相關風險。

The higher the reversionary yield, the lower the fair value. 復歸收益率越高, 公平價值越低。

等級

for the year ended 31st December, 2018 截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度

17. INVESTMENT PROPERTIES (CONT'D)

17. 投資物業(續)

綜合財務報表附註(續)

Investment properties held by the Group in the consolidated statement of financial position 於綜合財務狀況表之 本集團所持投資物業

Fair Valuation value hierarchy and key input(s) 公平價值

technique(s)

Significant unobservable input(s) 估值方法及 主要輸入數據 重大不可觀察輸入數據

Relationship of unobservable inputs to fair value (Note) 不可觀察輸入數據 與公平價值之關係 (註解)

Residential properties located in Hong Kong (Cont'd) 位於香港之住宅物業 (續)

The key inputs are (Cont'd) 主要輸入數據(續)

(3) Monthly term rental 每月租金

Monthly term rental for each unit is derived from the average of the rental as stated in the existing rental agreements with an average of HK\$23 to HK\$48 (2017: HK\$21 to HK\$47)/sq.ft./month. 各單位之每月租金按現有租約所列之租 金介乎每月每平方呎23港元至48港元 (二零一七年:21港元至47港元)之平 均數計算得出。

The higher the monthly term rental, the higher the fair value. 每月租金越高, 公平價值越高。

(4) Reversionary rental 復歸租金

Reversionary rental for each unit is compared with direct market comparables and taking into account of location and other individual factor, the range of average reversionary rental is from HK\$22 to HK\$49 (2017: HK\$20 to HK\$49) /sq.ft./month.

各單位之復歸租金與直接市場可資比較 租金相比,並經考慮物業地點及其他個 別因素,平均復歸租金之範圍介乎每 月每平方呎22港元至49港元(二零一七 年:20港元至49港元)。

The higher the reversionary rental, the higher the fair value. 復歸租金越高,

公平價值越高。

等級

for the year ended 31st December, 2018

綜合財務報表附註(續) 截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度

17. INVESTMENT PROPERTIES (CONT'D)

17. 投資物業(續)

Investment properties
held by the Group in
the consolidated
statement of
financial position
於綜合財務狀況表之
本集團所持投資物業

Fair **Valuation** technique(s) value hierarchy and key input(s) 公平價值 估值方法及 主要輸入數據

Significant unobservable input(s) 重大不可觀察輸入數據

Relationship of unobservable inputs to fair value (Note) 不可觀察輸入數據 與公平價值之關係 (註解)

Car parking spaces located in Hong Kong 位於香港之車位

Investment Approach Level 3 第三級 投資法

> The key inputs are 主要輸入數據

(1) Reversionary yield 復歸收益率

Reversionary vield, taking into account of yield generated by market average selling price and the market average rental from comparable properties and adjustment to reflect the risk associated with the future rental of 3.75% (2017: 4.5%).

復歸收益率為3.75%(二零一七年: 4.5%),經考慮可資比較物業之市場平 均售價及市場平均租金產生之收益率並 作出調整以反映未來租金之相關風險。

The higher the reversionary yield, the lower the fair value. 復歸收益率越高, 公平價值越低。

(2) Reversionary rental 復歸租金

Reversionary rental for each unit is compared with direct market comparables and taking into account of location and other individual factor, the average reversionary rental is HK\$2,200 復歸租金越高, (2017: HK\$2,200)/unit/month.

各單位之復歸租金與直接市場可資比較 租金相比, 並經考慮物業地點及其他個 別因素,平均復歸租金為每月每單位 2,220港元(二零一七年:2,200港元)。

The higher the reversionary rental, the higher the fair value. 公平價值越高。

截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度

綜合財務報表附註(續)

17. INVESTMENT PROPERTIES (CONT'D)

for the year ended 31st December, 2018

17. 投資物業(續)

Investment properties held by the Group in

the consolidated statement of financial position 於綜合財務狀況表之 本集團所持投資物業

Fair value

Valuation technique(s) hierarchy and key input(s) 公平價值 估值方法及

主要輸入數據

Significant unobservable input(s) 重大不可觀察輸入數據

Relationship of unobservable inputs to fair value (Note) 不可觀察輸入數據 與公平價值之關係 (註解)

Commercial properties located in Hong Kong 位於香港之商業 物業

Level 3 第三級

等級

Investment Approach 投資法

The key inputs are 主要輸入數據

(1) Term yield 年期收益率

(2) Reversionary

復歸收益率

yield

Term yield, taking into account of yield generated by market average selling price and the market average rental from comparable properties and adjustment to reflect the conditions of the building, of 2.00% to 2.75% (2017: 2.00% to 3.00%).

年期收益率為2.00%至2.75%(二零一七 年:2.00%至3.00%),經考慮可資比 較物業之市場平均售價及市場平均租金 產生之收益率並作出調整以反映樓宇狀 況。

Reversionary yield, taking into account of yield generated by market average selling price and the market average rental from comparable properties and

with the future rental, of 2.10% to 3.25% (2017: 2.50% to 3.50%).

adjustment to reflect the risk associated

復歸收益率為2.10%至3.25%(二零一七 年:2.50%至3.50%),經考慮可資比較 物業之市場平均售價及市場平均租金產 生之收益率並作出調整以反映未來租金 之相關風險。

The higher the term yield, the lower the fair value.

年期收益率越高, 公平價值越低。

The higher the reversionary yield, the lower the fair value.

復歸收益率越高, 公平價值越低。

綜合財務報表附註(續) 截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度

17. INVESTMENT PROPERTIES (CONT'D)

17. 投資物業(續)

			Relationship of
Fair	Valuation		unobservable inputs
value	technique(s)		to fair value (Note)
hierarchy	and key input(s)		不可觀察輸入數據
公平價值	估值方法及	Significant unobservable input(s)	與公平價值之關係
等級	主要輸入數據	重大不可觀察輸入數據	(註解)
h	alue nierarchy 公平價值	ralue technique(s) nierarchy and key input(s) 公平價值 估值方法及	Fair Valuation Falue technique(s) Filerarchy and key input(s)

Commercial properties located in Hong Kong (Cont'd) 位於香港之商業物業(續)

The key inputs are (Cont'd) 主要輸入數據(續)

- (3) Monthly term rental 每月租金
- Monthly term rental for each unit is derived from the average of the rental as stated in the existing rental agreements with an average of HK\$37 to HK\$80 (2017: HK\$35 to HK\$76)/sq.ft./month. 各單位之每月租金按現有租約所列之租金介乎每月每平方呎37港元至80港元 (二零一七年:35港元至76港元)之平均數計算得出。

The higher the monthly term rental, the higher the fair value. 每月租金越高,公平價值越高。

- (4) Reversionary rental 復歸租金
- Reversionary rental for each unit is compared with direct market comparables and taking into account of location and other individual factor, the range of average reversionary rental is from HK\$40 to HK\$87 (2017: HK\$35.7 to HK\$74)/sq.ft./moth.

各單位之復歸租金與直接市場可資比較租金相比,並經考慮物業地點及其他個別因素,平均復歸租金之範圍介乎每月每平方呎40港元至87港元(二零一七年:35.7港元至74港元)。

The higher the reversionary rental, the higher the fair value.
復歸租金越高,
公平價值越高。

截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度

綜合財務報表附註(續)

for the year ended 31st December, 2018

17. INVESTMENT PROPERTIES (CONT'D)

17. 投資物業(續)

Investment properties held by the Group in

the consolidated statement of financial position 於綜合財務狀況表之 本集團所持投資物業

Fair value

Valuation technique(s) hierarchy and key input(s) 公平價值 估值方法及

主要輸入數據

Significant unobservable input(s) 重大不可觀察輸入數據

Relationship of unobservable inputs to fair value (Note) 不可觀察輸入數據 與公平價值之關係

(註解)

Godown located in Hong Kong 位於香港之貨倉

Level 3 第三級

等級

Investment Approach 投資法

The key inputs are 主要輸入數據

(1) Term yield 年期收益率 Term yield, taking into account of yield generated by market average selling price and the market average rental from comparable properties and adjustment to reflect the conditions of the building, of 3.50% (2017: 3.50%). 年期收益率為3.50%(二零一七年: 3.50%),經考慮可資比較物業之市場 平均售價及市場平均租金產生之收益率 並作出調整以反映樓宇狀況。

The higher the term yield, the lower the fair value.

年期收益率越高, 公平價值越低。

(2) Reversionary yield 復歸收益率

Reversionary yield, taking into account of yield generated by market average selling price and the market average rental from comparable properties and adjustment to reflect the risk associated with the future rental, of 4.00% (2017: 4.00%).

復歸收益率為4.00%(二零一七年: 4.00%),經考慮可資比較物業之市場 平均售價及市場平均租金產生之收益率 並作出調整以反映未來租金之相關風 險。

The higher the reversionary yield, the lower the fair value.

復歸收益率越高, 公平價值越低。

綜合財務報表附註(續) 截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度

17. 投資物業(續)

17. INVESTMENT PROPERTIES (CONT'D)

Investment properties held by the Group in the consolidated statement of financial position 於綜合財務狀況表之 本集團所持投資物業

Fair value 公平價值 等級

Valuation technique(s) hierarchy and key input(s) 估值方法及 主要輸入數據

Significant unobservable input(s) 重大不可觀察輸入數據

Relationship of unobservable inputs to fair value (Note) 不可觀察輸入數據 與公平價值之關係 (註解)

Godown located in Hong Kong (Cont'd) 位於香港之貨倉(續)

The key inputs are (Cont'd) 主要輸入數據(續)

(3) Monthly term rental 每月租金

> with an average of HK\$7.5 (2017: HK\$7.5)/sq.ft./month. 各單位之每月租金按現有租約所列之平 均租金每月每平方呎7.5港元(二零一七 年:7.5港元)計算得出。

derived from the average of the rental as

stated in the existing rental agreements

Monthly term rental for each unit is

The higher the monthly term rental, the higher the fair value. 每月租金越高, 公平價值越高。

(4) Reversionary rental 復歸租金

Reversionary rental for each unit is compared with direct market comparables and taking into account of location and other individual factor, the average reversionary rental is HK\$8 (2017: HK\$7.6)/sq.ft./month.

各單位之復歸租金與直接市場可資比較 租金相比,並經考慮物業地點及其他個 別因素,平均復歸租金之每月每平方呎 為8港元(二零一七年:7.6港元)。

The higher the reversionary rental, the higher the fair value. 復歸租金越高,

公平價值越高。

綜合財務報表附註(續) 截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度

17. INVESTMENT PROPERTIES (CONT'D)

17. 投資物業(續)

Investment properties held by the Group in the consolidated statement of

Fair value 於綜合財務狀況表之

Valuation technique(s) hierarchy and key input(s) 公平價值 估值方法及

Significant unobservable input(s) 主要輸入數據 重大不可觀察輸入數據

Relationship of unobservable inputs to fair value (Note) 不可觀察輸入數據 與公平價值之關係 (註解)

Commercial

financial position

properties located in PRC

本集團所持投資物業

Level 3 第三級

等級

Investment Approach

投資法

位於中國之商業物業

The key inputs are 主要輸入數據

(1) Term yield 年期收益率 Term yield, taking into account of yield generated by market average selling price and the market average rental from comparable properties and adjustment to reflect the conditions of the building, of 6% (2017: 6%).

年期收益率為6%(二零一七年:6%),經 考慮可資比較物業之市場平均售價及市 場平均租金產生之收益率並作出調整以 反映樓宇狀況。

The higher the term yield, the lower the fair value. 年期收益率越高, 公平價值越低。

(2) Reversionary yield 復歸收益率

Reversionary yield, taking into account of yield generated by market average selling price and the market average rental from comparable properties and adjustment to reflect the risk associated with the future rental, of 6.75% (2017: 6.75%).

復歸收益率為6.75%(二零一七年: 6.75%),經考慮可資比較物業之市場 平均售價及市場平均租金產生之收益率 並作出調整以反映未來租金之相關風 險。

The higher the reversionary yield, the lower the fair value.

復歸收益率越高, 公平價值越低。

綜合財務報表附註(續) 截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度

17. INVESTMENT PROPERTIES (CONT'D)

17. 投資物業(續)

Investment properties	6			
held by the Group in				Relationship of
the consolidated	Fair	Valuation		unobservable inputs
statement of	value	technique(s)		to fair value (Note)
financial position	hierarchy	and key input(s)		不可觀察輸入數據
於綜合財務狀況表之	公平價值	估值方法及	Significant unobservable input(s)	與公平價值之關係
本集團所持投資物業	等級	主要輸入數據	重大不可觀察輸入數據	(註解)

得出。

Commercial properties located in PRC (Cont'd) 位於中國之商業物業 (續) The key inputs are (Cont'd) 主要輸入數據(續)

- (3) Monthly term rental 每月租金
- Monthly term rental for each unit is derived from the average of the rental as stated in the existing rental agreements with an average of RMB78.7 (2017: RMB111.9)/sq.m./month. 各單位之每月租金按現有租約所列之租金每月每平方米人民幣78.7元(二零一七年:人民幣111.9元)之平均數計算
- The higher the monthly term rental, the higher the fair value. 每月租金越高,公平價值越高。

- (4) Reversionary rental 復歸租金
- Reversionary rental for each unit is compared with direct market comparables and taking into account of location and other individual factor, the average reversionary rental is RMB102 (2017: RMB107.9)/sq.m./month.
- 各單位之復歸租金與直接市場可資比較租金相比,並經考慮物業地點及其他個別因素,平均復歸租金之每月每平方米為人民幣102元(二零一七年:人民幣107.9元)。

The higher the reversionary rental, the higher the fair value.

復歸租金越高, 公平價值越高。

綜合財務報表附註(續) 截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度

for the year ended 31st December, 2018

17. INVESTMENT PROPERTIES (CONT'D)

17. 投資物業(續)

Investment properties
held by the Group in
the consolidated
statement of
financial position

於綜合財務狀況表之

本集團所持投資物業

Fair **Valuation** value hierarchy and key input(s) 公平價值 估值方法及

technique(s)

主要輸入數據

Significant unobservable input(s) 重大不可觀察輸入數據

Relationship of unobservable inputs to fair value (Note) 不可觀察輸入數據 與公平價值之關係 (註解)

Industrial properties located in PRC 位於中國之工業物業 Level 3 第三級

等級

Investment Approach 投資法

The key inputs are 主要輸入數據

(1) Term yield 年期收益率 Term yield, taking into account of yield generated by market average selling price and the market average rental from comparable properties and adjustment to reflect the conditions of the building, of 4.25% (2017: 4.25%). 年期收益率為4.25%(二零一七年: 4.25%),經考慮可資比較物業之市場 平均售價及市場平均租金產生之收益率 並作出調整以反映樓宇狀況。

The higher the term yield, the lower the fair value.

年期收益率越高, 公平價值越低。

(2) Reversionary yield 復歸收益率

Reversionary yield, taking into account of yield generated by market average selling price and the market average rental from comparable properties and adjustment to reflect the risk associated with the future rental, of 4.75% (2017: 4.75%).

復歸收益率為4.75%(二零一七年: 4.75%),經考慮可資比較物業之市場 平均售價及市場平均租金產生之收益率 並作出調整以反映未來租金之相關風 險。

The higher the reversionary yield, the lower the fair value.

復歸收益率越高, 公平價值越低。

綜合財務報表附註(續) 截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度

17. INVESTMENT PROPERTIES (CONT'D)

17. 投資物業(續)

Investment properties held by the Group in the consolidated statement of financial position 於綜合財務狀況表之本集團所持投資物業	Fair value hierarchy	Valuation technique(s) and key input(s) 估值方法及 主要輸入數據	Significant unobservable input(s) 重大不可觀察輸入數據	Relationship of unobservable inputs to fair value (Note) 不可觀察輸入數據 與公平價值之關係 (註解)
Industrial properties located in PRC (Cont'd) 位於中國之工業物業		The key inputs are (Cont'd) 主要輸入數據(續)		
(續)		(3) Monthly term rental 毎月租金	Monthly term rental for each unit is derived from the average of the rental. The properties are vacant in both years. 各單位之每月租金為平均租金。該等物業於該兩個年度內均為空置。	The higher the monthly term rental, the higher the fair value. 每月租金越高,公平價值越高。
		(4) Reversionary rental 復歸租金	Reversionary rental for each unit is compared with direct market comparables and taking into account of location and other individual factor, the range of average reversionary rental is from RMB28 to RMB34 (2017: RMB28 to RMB35)/sq.m./month. 各單位之復歸租金與直接市場可資比較租金相比,並經考慮物業地點及其他個別因素,平均復歸租金之範圍介乎每月每平方米人民幣28元至人民幣34元(二零一七年:人民幣28元至人民幣35	The higher the reversionary rental, the higher the fair value. 復歸租金越高,公平價值越高。

元)。

綜合財務報表附註(續) 截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度

17. INVESTMENT PROPERTIES (CONT'D)

17. 投資物業(續)

Investment properties	S
held by the Group in	
the consolidated	
statement of	
financial position	

於綜合財務狀況表之 本集團所持投資物業

Fair value

等級

Level 3

第三級

Valuation technique(s) hierarchy and key input(s) 公平價值 估值方法及

主要輸入數據

Significant unobservable input(s) 重大不可觀察輸入數據

Relationship of unobservable inputs to fair value (Note) 不可觀察輸入數據 與公平價值之關係 (註解)

Freehold land located in USA 位於美國之永久業權 土地

Sales Comparison Approach – Land Analysis, based on market observable transactions of similar pieces of land and adjusts to reflect the location, size, conditions and physical characteristic of the freehold land. 銷售比較法一土地分 析,以相似土地之 市場可觀察交易為 基礎並作出調整以

反映永久業權土地 的位置、規模、條 件及物理特性。

Market observable price/acre of several pieces of similar lands ranging from US\$3,100 to US\$26,000 (2017: ranging from US\$7,463 to US\$38,287). 市場數塊相似土地之可觀察價格/英畝 介乎3,100美元至26,000美元 (二零一七年:介乎7,463美元 至38,287美元)。

The higher the market observable price/ acre, the higher the fair value. 市場可觀察價格/ 英畝越高, 公平價值越高。

綜合財務報表附註(續) 截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度

17. INVESTMENT PROPERTIES (CONT'D)

17. 投資物業(續)

Investment properties held by the Group in the consolidated statement of financial position 於綜合財務狀況表之

本集團所持投資物業

Fair value 公平價值

等級

Valuation technique(s) hierarchy and key input(s) 估值方法及

主要輸入數據

Significant unobservable input(s) 重大不可觀察輸入數據

Relationship of unobservable inputs to fair value (Note) 不可觀察輸入數據 與公平價值之關係 (註解)

Commercial properties Level 3 located in UK 第三級 位於英國之商業物業

Investment Approach 投資法

The key inputs are 主要輸入數據

(1) Term yield 年期收益率 Term yield, taking into account of yield generated by market average selling price and the market average rental from comparable properties and adjustment to reflect the conditions of the building, of 4.5% (2017: 5%). 年期收益率為4.5%(二零一七年:5%), 經考慮可資比較物業之市場平均售價及 市場平均租金產生之收益率並作出調整 以反映樓宇狀況。

The higher the term yield, the lower the fair value. 年期收益率越高, 公平價值越低。

(2) Reversionary yield 復歸收益率

Reversionary yield, taking into account of yield generated by market average selling price and the market average rental from comparable properties and adjustment to reflect the risk associated with the future rental, of 5.0% (2017: 5.59%).

復歸收益率為5.0%(二零一七年: 5.59%),經考慮可資比較物業之市場 平均售價及市場平均租金產生之收益率 並作出調整以反映未來租金之相關風 險。

The higher the reversionary yield, the lower the fair value. 復歸收益率越高,

公平價值越低。

綜合財務報表附註(續) 截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度

17. INVESTMENT PROPERTIES (CONT'D)

17. 投資物業(續)

Investment properties held by the Group in the consolidated statement of financial position 於綜合財務狀況表之 本集團所持投資物業	Fair value	Valuation technique(s) and key input(s) 估值方法及 主要輸入數據	Significant unobservable input(s) 重大不可觀察輸入數據	Relationship of unobservable inputs to fair value (Note) 不可觀察輸入數據與公平價值之關係(註解)
Commercial properties located in UK (Cont'd) 位於英國之商業物業 (續)	5	The key inputs are (Cont'd) 主要輸入數據(續) (3) Monthly term rental 每月租金	Monthly term rental is derived from the average of the rental as stated in the existing rental agreements with an average of GBP62,633 (2017: GBP71,251)/month. 每月租金為現有租賃協議所載平均租金,平均為每月62,633英鎊(二零一七年:71,251英鎊)。	The higher the monthly term rental, the higher the fair value. 每月租金越高,公平價值越高。

(4) Reversionary rental 復歸租金

Reversionary rental is compared with direct market comparables and taking into account of location and other individual factor, the average reversionary rental is GBP85,056 (2017: 復歸租金越高, GBP88,055)/month.

復歸租金與直接市場可資比較租金相 比, 並經考慮物業地點及其他個別因 素,平均復歸租金為每月85,056英鎊 (二零一七年:88,055英鎊)。

The higher the reversionary rental, the higher the fair value. 公平價值越高。

Note: Except for an investment property with carrying value of HK\$nil (2017: Nil), there is no indication that any slight change in the unobservable input would result in a significantly higher or lower fair value measurement.

There were no transfers into or out of level 3 during both years.

At the end of the reporting period, the carrying value of investment properties pledged as security of the Group's bank and other borrowings amounted to HK\$8,875.3 million (2017: HK\$7,745.7 million).

Details of the Group's investment properties and other assets being pledged to secure loans and general banking facilities are set out in note 47.

註解:除賬面值為零港元(二零一七年:零)之投資物 業外,概無跡象顯示不可觀察輸入數據的任 何較微變動將導致公平價值計量大幅增加或 減少。

兩年內,並無轉入或轉出第三級。

於報告期末,本集團就銀行及其他借貸而 抵押之投資物業之賬面值為8,875.3百萬 港元(二零一七年:7,745.7百萬港元)。

本集團就貸款及一般銀行信貸而抵押之投 資物業及其他資產之詳情載於附註47。

綜合財務報表附註(續) 截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度

18. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

18. 物業、廠房及設備

At 1st January, 2017 京二字一七年一月一日 608.5 591.8 192.7 233.7 100.5 1,727.2 1			Hotel property 酒店物業 HK\$ Million 百萬港元	Leasehold land and buildings 租賃土地 及樓宇 HK\$ Million 百萬港元	Leasehold improvements 租賃樓字裝修 HK\$ Million 百萬港元	Furniture, fixtures and equipment 傢俱、 裝置及設備 HK\$ Million 百萬港元	Motor vehicles and vessels 汽車及汽船 HK\$ Million 百萬港元	Total 總計 HK\$ Million 百萬港元
At 1st January, 2017	Cost	成本						
Additions 増加 ー 12.8 35.8 51.8 100.4 Disposals/write-off 出售/搬銷 ー ー 12.8 35.8 51.8 100.4 Disposals/write-off 出售/搬銷 ー ー 12.8 35.8 51.8 100.4 Disposals/write-off 出售/搬銷 ー ー 12.8 35.8 51.8 100.4 (6.6) (9.3) (19.3) At 31st December, 2017			608.5		192.7	233.7	100.5	1,727.2
Bisposals/write-off 出售/搬銷	· ,		-	23.5				
At 31st December, 2017 於二零一七年十二月三十一目 608.5 615.3 212.8 268.0 143.2 1,847.8 Exchange adjustments			-	-				
Exchange adjustments	Disposals/write-off	出售/撤銷			(3.4)	(6.6)	(9.3)	(19.3)
Exchange adjustments	At 31st December, 2017	於二零一七年十二月三十一日	608.5	615.3	212.8	268.0	143.2	1,847.8
出售/撤銷			-					
Accumulated depreciation and impairment			-	-		50.8	3.9	66.1
Accumulated depreciation and impairment	Disposals/write-off	出售/撤銷	-		(1.2)	(8.7)	(1.2)	(11.1)
Main Main	At 31st December, 2018	於二零一八年十二月三十一日	608.5	597.9	214.9	306.6	145.8	1,873.7
At 1st January, 2017 於二零一七年一月一日 265.7 67.5 146.5 123.8 45.8 649.3 Exchange adjustments 匯兒調整 - 2.5 8.2 3.3 0.1 14.1 Provided for the year 本年度撥備 7.5 15.9 21.6 22.9 13.0 80.9 Impairment loss recognised 確認減值虧損 0.8 0.8 Eliminated on disposals/write-off 於出售/撤銷時對銷 (3.4) (5.1) (9.0) (17.5) At 31st December, 2017 於二零一七年十二月三十一日 274.0 85.9 172.9 144.9 49.9 727.6 Exchange adjustments 匯兑調整 - (2.4) (6.9) (2.6) (0.1) (12.0) Provided for the year 本年度撥備 7.4 16.2 20.2 21.4 13.7 78.9 Impairment loss recognised 確認減值虧損 0.5 0.5 Eliminated on disposals/write-off 於出售/撤銷時對銷 - (1.2) (7.4) (0.9) (9.5) At 31st December, 2018 於二零一八年十二月三十一日 281.9 99.7 185.0 156.3 62.6 785.5								
Provided for the year Impairment loss recognised Impairment loss recognised Eliminated on disposals/write-off 本年度撥備 7.5 15.9 21.6 22.9 13.0 80.9 At 31st December, 2017 Exchange adjustments 於出售/撤銷時對銷 - - - - - - - 0.8 Exchange adjustments 匯兑調整 - - (3.4) (5.1) (9.0) (17.5) Provided for the year 歷兑調整 - (2.4) (6.9) (2.6) (0.1) (12.0) Provided for the year 本年度撥備 7.4 16.2 20.2 21.4 13.7 78.9 Impairment loss recognised 確認減值虧損 0.5 - - - - 0.5 Eliminated on disposals/write-off 於出售/撤銷時對銷 - - (1.2) (7.4) (0.9) (9.5) At 31st December, 2018 於二零一八年十二月三十一目 326.6 498.2 29.9 150.3 83.2 1,088.2	At 1st January, 2017		265.7				45.8	649.3
Impairment loss recognised 確認減值虧損			-					
Eliminated on disposals/write-off 於出售/撤銷時對銷 — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — —								
At 31st December, 2017 於二零一七年十二月三十一目 274.0 85.9 172.9 144.9 49.9 727.6 Exchange adjustments 匯兑調整 - (2.4) (6.9) (2.6) (0.1) (12.0) Provided for the year 本年度撥備 7.4 16.2 20.2 21.4 13.7 78.9 Impairment loss recognised 確認減值虧損 0.5 0.5 Eliminated on disposals/write-off 於出售/撤銷時對銷 - (1.2) (7.4) (0.9) (9.5) At 31st December, 2018 於二零一八年十二月三十一目 281.9 99.7 185.0 156.3 62.6 785.5 Carrying amounts			0.8					
Exchange adjustments 匯兑調整 - (2.4) (6.9) (2.6) (0.1) (12.0) Provided for the year 本年度撥備 7.4 16.2 20.2 21.4 13.7 78.9 Impairment loss recognised 確認減值虧損 0.5 - - - - 0.5 Eliminated on disposals/write-off 於出售/撤銷時對銷 - - (1.2) (7.4) (0.9) (9.5) At 31st December, 2018 於二零一八年十二月三十一目 281.9 99.7 185.0 156.3 62.6 785.5 Carrying amounts At 31st December, 2018 於二零一八年十二月三十一目 326.6 498.2 29.9 150.3 83.2 1,088.2	Lillilliated off disposals/write-off	以山百/顺州 阿到州			(3.4)	(3.1)	(9.0)	(17.3)
Exchange adjustments 匯兑調整 - (2.4) (6.9) (2.6) (0.1) (12.0) Provided for the year 本年度撥備 7.4 16.2 20.2 21.4 13.7 78.9 Impairment loss recognised 確認減值虧損 0.5 - - - - 0.5 Eliminated on disposals/write-off 於出售/撤銷時對銷 - - (1.2) (7.4) (0.9) (9.5) At 31st December, 2018 於二零一八年十二月三十一目 281.9 99.7 185.0 156.3 62.6 785.5 Carrying amounts At 31st December, 2018 於二零一八年十二月三十一目 326.6 498.2 29.9 150.3 83.2 1,088.2	At 31st December, 2017	於二零一七年十二月三十一日	274.0	85.9	172.9	144.9	49.9	727.6
Impairment loss recognised 確認減值虧損 0.5			-		(6.9)	(2.6)	(0.1)	(12.0)
Eliminated on disposals/write-off 於出售/撤銷時對銷 - - (1.2) (7.4) (0.9) (9.5) At 31st December, 2018 於二零一八年十二月三十一目 281.9 99.7 185.0 156.3 62.6 785.5 Carrying amounts At 31st December, 2018 於二零一八年十二月三十一目 326.6 498.2 29.9 150.3 83.2 1,088.2				16.2	20.2	21.4	13.7	
At 31st December, 2018 於二零一八年十二月三十一目 281.9 99.7 185.0 156.3 62.6 785.5 Carrying amounts At 31st December, 2018 賬面值 於二零一八年十二月三十一目 326.6 498.2 29.9 150.3 83.2 1,088.2			0.5	-				
Carrying amounts 賬面值 At 31st December, 2018 於二零一八年十二月三十一目 326.6 498.2 29.9 150.3 83.2 1,088.2	Eliminated on disposals/write-off	於出售/撤銷時對銷			(1.2)	(7.4)	(0.9)	(9.5)
At 31st December, 2018 於二零一八年十二月三十一目 326.6 498.2 29.9 150.3 83.2 1,088.2	At 31st December, 2018	於二零一八年十二月三十一日	281.9	99.7	185.0	156.3	62.6	785.5
At 31st December, 2017 於二零一七年十二月三十一目 334.5 529.4 39.9 123.1 93.3 1,120.2			326.6	498.2	29.9	150.3	83.2	1,088.2
	At 31st December, 2017	於二零一七年十二月三十一日	334.5	529.4	39.9	123.1	93.3	1,120.2

2017

for the year ended 31st December, 2018

截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度

18. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (CONT'D)

18. 物業、廠房及設備(續)

The carrying amounts of hotel property and leasehold land and buildings shown above comprise:

上述酒店物業及租賃土地及樓字之賬面值包括:

0040

二零一八年	二零一七年
HK\$ Million	HK\$ Million
百萬港元	百萬港元
553.2	568.0
271.6	295.9
824.8	863.9

Properties in Hong Kong 於香港之物業 Properties outside Hong Kong 香港境外之物業

At the end of reporting period, leasehold land and buildings with carrying value of HK\$20.7 million (2017: HK\$21.2 million) were pledged as security of the Group's bank and other borrowings.

於報告期末,本集團就銀行及其他借貸抵押賬面值為20.7百萬港元(二零一七年: 21.2百萬港元)之租賃土地及樓宇。

2010

2017

19. PREPAID LAND LEASE PAYMENTS

19. 預繳地價

The Group's prepaid land lease payments comprise:

本集團之預繳地價包括:

		2018 二零一八年 HK\$ Million 百萬港元	2017 二零一七年 HK\$ Million 百萬港元
Leasehold land outside Hong Kong	香港境外之租賃土地	4.1	4.5
Analysed for reporting purposes as: Non-current assets Current assets	為呈報目的所作之分析: 非流動資產 流動資產	4.0 0.1	4.4 0.1
		4.1	4.5

20. GOODWILL

20. 商譽

		2010	2017
		二零一八年	二零一七年
		HK \$ Million	HK\$ Million
		百萬港元	百萬港元
Cost	成本		
At 1st January and 31st December	於一月一日及十二月三十一日	134.1	134.1

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21. INTANGIBLE ASSETS

綜合財務報表附註(續)

截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度

21. 無形資產

		Computer software 電腦軟件 HK\$ Million 百萬港元	Club memberships 會所會籍 HK\$ Million 百萬港元	Total 總計 HK\$ Million 百萬港元
Cost At 1st January, 2017 Exchange adjustments	成本 於二零一七年一月一日 匯兑調整	17.3 1.3	9.4	26.7 1.3
At 31st December, 2017 Exchange adjustments Additions	於二零一七年十二月三十一日 匯兑調整 增加	18.6 (0.9) 0.1	9.4 - 10.0	28.0 (0.9) 10.1
At 31st December, 2018	於二零一八年十二月三十一日	17.8	19.4	37.2
Accumulated amortisation and impairment At 1st January, 2017 Exchange adjustments Amortisation charged for the year	累計攤銷及減值 於二零一七年一月一日 匯兑調整 本年度已扣除之攤銷	3.1 0.3 1.8	0.9 - -	4.0 0.3 1.8
At 31st December, 2017 Exchange adjustments Amortisation charged for the year	於二零一七年十二月三十一日 匯兑調整 本年度已扣除之攤銷	5.2 (0.3) 1.9	0.9 - -	6.1 (0.3) 1.9
At 31st December, 2018	於二零一八年十二月三十一日	6.8	0.9	7.7
Carrying amounts At 31st December, 2018	賬面值 於二零一八年十二月三十一日	11.0	18.5	29.5
At 31st December, 2017	於二零一七年十二月三十一日	13.4	8.5	21.9
Other than the club memberships, w useful lives, the intangible assets straight-line basis over the following p	are amortised on a	除會所會籍無於下列期間按	固定使用年期夕 直線法攤銷:	卜,無形資產
Computer software	3–5 years	電腦軟件		3至5年

ALLIED GROUP LIMITED 聯合集團有限公司

綜合財務報表附註(續) 截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度

22. IMPAIRMENT TESTING ON GOODWILL

22. 商譽之減值測試

For impairment testing, goodwill at 31st December, 2018 were allocated to the following cash generating units.

為進行減值測試,於二零一八年十二月 三十一日之商譽乃分配至以下現金產生單 位。

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		G000	
		商· 2018 二零一八年	警 2017 二零一七年
		HK\$ Million 百萬港元	HK\$ Million 百萬港元
Consumer finance segment United Asia Finance Limited ("UAF")	消費金融分部 亞洲聯合財務有限公司 (「亞洲聯合財務」)	5.9	5.9
SHK Finance Limited	新鴻基財務有限公司	2.7	2.7
		8.6	8.6
Investment and finance segment SHK SHK Hong Kong Industries Limited Yu Ming Investment Management Limited	投資及金融分部 新鴻基 新工投資有限公司 禹銘投資管理有限公司	104.9 9.6 1.2	104.9 9.6 1.2
		115.7	115.7
Corporate and other operations segment Cautious Base Limited ("Cautious Base")	企業及其他業務分部 Cautious Base Limited 「Cautious Base」)	9.8	9.8
·		134.1	134.1

The recoverable amounts of UAF and SHK Finance Limited under the consumer finance segment, SHK, SHK Hong Kong Industries Limited and Yu Ming Investment Management Limited under the investment and finance segment have been determined based on a value-in-use calculation. The calculation uses cash flow projection based on respective financial budgets approved by respective management covering a 1-year period at a discount rate of 11.0% (2017: 11.0%) per annum. The recoverable amounts of UAF, SHK Finance Limited, SHK, SHK Hong Kong Industries Limited and Yu Ming Investment Management Limited were determined to be in excess of its net carrying amounts.

司、新鴻基、新工投資有限公司及禹銘投資管理有限公司的可收回金額經確定為超過其各自之賬面淨值。 於企業及其他業務分部的Cautious Base的可收回金額乃根據使用價值釐定。該計算方法使用以Cautious Base管理層批准的五

年期財政預算按折現年率2.6%(二零一七年:3.3%)折讓為基準的現金流量預測。

可收回金額經確定為超過其賬面淨值。

於消費金融分部的亞洲聯合財務及新鴻基財務有限公司與於投資及金融分部的新

鴻基、新工投資有限公司及禹銘投資管

理有限公司的可收回金額均根據使用價值

釐定。該計算方法使用以各管理層批准的

一年期財政預算按折現年率11.0%(二零

一七年:11.0%)折讓為基準的現金流量

預測。亞洲聯合財務、新鴻基財務有限公

The recoverable amount of Cautious Base under the corporate and other operations segment has been determined based on a value-in-use calculation. The calculation uses cash flow projection based on respective financial budgets approved by Cautious Base management covering a 5-year period at a discount rate of 2.6% (2017: 3.3%) per annum. The recoverable amount was determined to be in excess of its net carrying amount.

管理層相信,上述任何假設可能出現的改 變不會使賬面值超出可收回金額。

Management believes that possible changes in any of the above assumptions would not cause the carrying amounts to exceed their recoverable amounts.



23. INTERESTS IN ASSOCIATES

綜合財務報表附註(續) 截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度

23. 於聯營公司之權益

		2018 二零一八年 HK\$ Million 百萬港元	2017 二零一七年 HK\$ Million 百萬港元
Listed securities (Note (i)) Unlisted shares (Note (ii))	上市證券(註解(i)) 非上市股份(註解(ii))	11,870.8 1,387.8	11,915.8 1,375.3
		13,258.6	13,291.1
		2018 二零一八年 HK\$ Million 百萬港元	2017 二零一七年 HK\$ Million 百萬港元
Note (i): Listed securities Cost of investment Share of post-acquisition reserves Less: impairment	註解(i): 上市證券 投資成本 應佔收購後儲備 減:減值	3,594.2 8,308.4 (1.9)	3,997.5 7,962.1 (13.9)
Elimination of unrealised profit	撤銷未變現溢利	11,900.7 (29.9)	11,945.7 (29.9)
		11,870.8	11,915.8
Market value of listed securities, at quoted price (Note)	上市證券市值, 按報價(註解)	3,389.0	4,503.5

Note:

As at 31st December, 2018, the market value of listed securities included in the market value of the interests in TACI of HK\$3,043.1 million (2017: HK\$4,033.0 million) and APAC of HK\$345.9 million (2017: HK\$339.8 million).

Management has reviewed the shortfall between the carrying amount of a Hong Kong listed associate, TACI, and the market value of TACI at the end of the reporting period. The management considers that the value in use based on discounted future cash flows of TACI is higher than the carrying amount and the market value of TACI, hence, no impairment needs to be recognised.

註解:

於二零一八年十二月三十一日,上市證券市值已包括於天安及亞太資源權益的市值3,043.1百萬港元(二零一七年:4,033.0百萬港元)及345.9百萬港元(二零一七年:339.8百萬港元)。

管理層已審閱一間於香港上市聯營公司天安的賬面值與天安於報告期末的市值之間的差額。管理層認為,按天安之折現未來現金流計算的使用價值較天安之賬面值及市值為高。因此,毋須確認減值。

23. INTERESTS IN ASSOCIATES (CONT'D)

During the year ended 31st December, 2017, the Group acquired an additional 0.9% of the total issued share capital of APAC from the market for a consideration of HK\$9.9 million and the Group's shareholding in APAC increased to 29.34% accordingly. On 16th November, 2017, APAC announced a cash offer to repurchase shares which was completed on 28th December, 2017. After completion of the share repurchase of APAC, the Group's shareholding in APAC increased from 29.34% to 33.92% and the difference between the Group's share of the net fair value of APAC's identifiable assets and liabilities before and after the change is recognised directly in equity.

The shareholdings in APAC increased from 33.92% at 31st December, 2017 to 35.78% at 31st December, 2018 as a result of the receipt of scrip dividends of 14,315,733 shares in APAC valued at HK\$16.3 million and acquisition of additional 6,680,000 shares in APAC from the market for a consideration of HK\$8.3 million during the year 2018.

Management has reviewed the shortfall between the carrying amount of APAC and the market value of APAC at the end of the reporting period. The management has compared the carrying amount of APAC to the fair value less costs of disposal of APAC, which was based on the market value of APAC's interest in its associates plus its other assets and liabilities, and concluded that there is no need to recognise an impairment allowance. The fair value less costs of disposal has been used by management in the impairment assessment of APAC as it reflects the underlying assets value of APAC.

綜合財務報表附註(續) 截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度

23. 於聯營公司之權益(續)

截至二零一七年十二月三十一日止年度,本集團以代價9.9百萬港元在市場購入亞太資源全部已發行股本的額外0.9%,據此,本集團於亞太資源之股權增至29.34%。於二零一七年十一月十六日,亞太資源宣佈現金要約以回購股份,已於二零一七年十二月二十八日完成。於完成亞太資源股份回購後,本集團於亞太資源及本集團應佔亞太資源可識別資產及負債淨公平價值於變動前後的差額直接於權益內確認。

於亞太資源之股權由二零一七年十二月三十一日的33.92%增至二零一八年十二月三十一日的35.78%,此乃由於二零一八年收取亞太資源以股代息14,315,733股,估值為16.3百萬港元,以及在市場購入亞太資源額外6,680,000股股份,代價為8.3百萬港元。

管理層已審閱亞太資源賬面值與亞太資源於報告期末的市值之間的差額。管理層已將亞太資源賬面值與按亞太資源於其聯營公司之權益的市值加亞太資源其他資產及負債所得之公平價值減出售成本進行比較,結論為毋須確認減值撥備。管理層已採納公平價值減出售成本作為對亞太資源相關資產的價值。

23. INTERESTS IN ASSOCIATES (CONT'D)

綜合財務報表附註(續)

截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度

23. 於聯營公司之權益(續)

		2018 二零一八年 HK\$ Million 百萬港元	2017 二零一七年 HK\$ Million 百萬港元
Note (ii): Unlisted shares	註解(ii): 非上市股份		
Cost of investment Share of post-acquisition reserves	投資成本 應佔收購後儲備	1,842.8 51.7	1,861.0 104.2
Less: impairment	減:減值	1,894.5 (506.7)	1,965.2 (589.9)
		1,387.8	1,375.3

Particulars of the Group's principal associates at 31st December, 2018 are set out in note 53.

Summarised consolidated financial information of material associates

The summarised consolidated financial information of the Group's material associates, TACI, APAC and SHKFGL, is set out below.

(i) TACI

Note (ii): Unlisted shares

The summarised consolidated financial information below represents amounts shown in TACI's consolidated financial statements prepared in accordance with HKFRSs. The results, assets and liabilities of TACI are accounted for using the equity method in these consolidated financial statements (Note).

Current assets	流動資產

非流物資產

流動負債 非流動負債

Non-current assets

Non-current liabilities

Current liabilities

本集團於二零一八年十二月三十一日之主 要聯營公司詳情載於附註53。

重大聯營公司之綜合財務資料概述

本集團重大聯營公司天安、亞太資源及新 鴻基金融集團之綜合財務資料概要載列於 下文。

天安

下文之綜合財務資料概要代表於天安 的綜合財務報表(根據香港財務報告 準則編製)中呈列之金額。天安之業 績、資產及負債乃使用權益法於本綜 合財務報表中入賬(註解)。

2018	2017
二零一八年	二零一七年
HK\$ Million	HK\$ Million
百萬港元	百萬港元
12,176.3	13,595.5
26,838.4	23,560.9
(7,560.7)	(6,096.3
(6,201.0)	(6,175.1

2017

2017

for the year ended 31st December, 2018

綜合財務報表附註(續) 截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度

23. INTERESTS IN ASSOCIATES (CONT'D)

23. 於聯營公司之權益(續)

Summarised consolidated financial information of material associates (Cont'd)

重大聯營公司之綜合財務資料概述(續)

2018

(i) TACI (Cont'd)

(i) 天安(續)

		二零一八年 HK\$ Million 百萬港元	二零一七年 HK\$ Million 百萬港元
Revenue	收入	3,291.7	1,112.9
Gain on disposal of subsidiaries	出售附屬公司之收益	_	1,634.0
Profit for the year	本年度溢利	1,258.1	2,092.1
Other comprehensive (expenses)	本年度其他全面(費用)		
income for the year	收益	(511.1)	673.4
Total comprehensive income for	本年度全面收益		
the year	總額	747.0	2,765.5
Dividends received from TACI	本年度收取天安的		
during the year	股息	146.7	238.3

Reconciliation of the above summarised consolidated financial information to the carrying amount of the interest in TACI recognised in the consolidated financial statements:

上述綜合財務資料概要與綜合財務報 表中所確認於天安權益之賬面值之對 賬:

2018

		二零一八年 HK\$ Million 百萬港元	二零一七年 HK\$ Million 百萬港元
Net assets attributable to owners of TACI	天安股東應佔 資產淨值	23,883.1	23,425.3
Proportion of the Group's ownership interest in TACI	本集團於天安之擁有權 權益比例	48.66%	48.66%
Share of net assets of TACI Goodwill Adjustment on acquisition of	應佔天安資產淨值 商譽 就收購天安額外權益	11,621.5 1.8	11,398.8 1.8
additional interest in TACI Unrealised profit adjustments	調整 未變現溢利調整	(614.0) (29.9)	(614.0) (29.9)
Carrying amount of the Group's interest in TACI	本集團於天安之權益之 賬面值	10,979.4	10,756.7

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for the year ended 31st December, 2018

23. INTERESTS IN ASSOCIATES (CONT'D)

Summarised consolidated financial information of material associates (Cont'd)

(i) TACI (Cont'd)

Note: The Group's 48.66% interest in TACI gives the Group 48.66% of the voting rights in TACI. As at 31st December, 2018, the board composition of TACI comprised five executive directors, two non-executive directors and four independent non-executive directors, totalling eleven directors. Of these directors, a non-executive director of TACI is also an executive director of each of the Company and Allied Properties (H.K.) Limited ("APL"), and an executive director of TACI is also an executive director of the Company. China Elite Holdings Limited ("China Elite", a wholly-owned subsidiary of APL that held the 48.66% interest in TACI) has resolved that whilst APL's direct or indirect shareholding in TACI is less than 50%, China Elite will not, without prior public notice required under applicable legislation, exercise its power as a shareholder of TACI to seek to appoint another director to the board of directors of TACI who is or has within the previous twelve months been an employee or a director of China Elite, its holding company or any subsidiary of its holding companies.

TACI's other three significant shareholders hold a total of 32.71% equity interest as at 31st December, 2018 and were independent third parties from the Group.

The Group has considered whether TACI is a subsidiary when preparing its consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31st December, 2018 in view of the provisions of HKFRS 10 Consolidated Financial Statements and has concluded that it does not have unilateral ability to direct the relevant activities of TACI based on the above facts and circumstances, and accordingly, the Group continues to account for TACI as an associate.

The principal activities of TACI are property investment and development in the PRC and are strategic to the Group's activities.

綜合財務報表附註(續)

截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度

23. 於聯營公司之權益(續)

重大聯營公司之綜合財務資料概述(續)

(i) 天安(續)

註解:本集團於天安之48.66%權益賦予本集團 於天安之48.66%投票權。於二零一八 年十二月三十一日,天安董事會由五名 執行董事、兩名非執行董事及四名獨立 非執行董事合共十一名董事組成。在該 等董事當中,一名天安非執行董事亦為 本公司與聯合地產(香港)有限公司(「聯 合地產」)各自的執行董事,而天安一 名執行董事亦為本公司的執行董事。 China Elite Holdings Limited(「China Elite」,聯合地產全資附屬公司,持有 天安之48.66%權益)議決,當聯合地產 於天安的直接或間接持股權少於50%, 則China Elite在未根據適用法例知會公 眾前,將不會行使其作為天安股東的權 力,尋求委任另一名董事加入天安董事 會,而該董事於先前十二個月擔任或曾 經擔任China Elite、其控股公司或其控 股公司任何附屬公司的僱員或董事。

> 於二零一八年十二月三十一日,天安 其他三名主要股東合共持有32.71%股 權,均為本集團之獨立第三方。

> 本集團編製其截至二零一八年十二月 三十一日止年度之綜合財務報表時已 根據香港財務報告準則第10號「綜合財 務報表」之條文考慮天安是否屬於附屬 公司,並基於上述事實及情況,認為其 沒有單方面之能力可指示天安的相關活 動,因此,本集團繼續將天安作為聯營 公司入賬。

> 天安之主要業務活動為於中國進行物業 投資及發展,對本集團業務有策略性影 響。

截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度

綜合財務報表附註(續)

23. INTERESTS IN ASSOCIATES (CONT'D)

Summarised consolidated financial information of material associates (Cont'd)

(ii) APAC

The summarised consolidated financial information below represents amounts shown in APAC's consolidated financial statements prepared in accordance with HKFRSs. The results, assets and liabilities of APAC are accounted for using the equity method in these consolidated financial statements.

23. 於聯營公司之權益(續)

重大聯營公司之綜合財務資料概述(續)

(ii) 亞太資源

下文之綜合財務資料概要代表於亞太 資源的綜合財務報表(根據香港財務 報告準則編製)中呈列之金額。亞太 資源之業績、資產及負債乃使用權益 法於本綜合財務報表中入賬。

2018

2017

		二零一八年 HK\$ Million 百萬港元	二零一七年 HK\$ Million 百萬港元
Current assets Non-current assets Current liabilities Non-current liabilities	流動資產 非流動資產 流動負債 非流動負債	1,055.5 1,851.1 (113.4)	1,718.5 1,678.3 (39.8) (44.5)
		2018 二零一八年 HK\$ Million 百萬港元	2017 二零一七年 HK\$ Million 百萬港元
Revenue (Loss) profit for the year Other comprehensive (expenses) income for the year	收入 本年度(虧損)溢利 本年度其他全面(費用) 收益	180.5 (335.1) (155.1)	124.3 698.3 224.1
Total comprehensive (expenses) income for the year Dividends received from APAC during the year	本年度全面(費用) 收益總額 本年度收取亞太資源的 股息	(490.2)	922.4

23. INTERESTS IN ASSOCIATES (CONT'D)

Summarised consolidated financial information of material associates (Cont'd)

(ii) APAC (Cont'd)

Reconciliation of the above summarised consolidated financial information to the carrying amount of the interest in APAC recognised in the consolidated financial statements:

綜合財務報表附註(續)

截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度

23. 於聯營公司之權益(續)

重大聯營公司之綜合財務資料概述(續)

(ii) 亞太資源(續)

上述綜合財務資料概要與於綜合財務 報表中所確認於亞太資源權益之賬面 值之對賬:

2018

2017

		二零一八年 HK\$ Million 百萬港元	二零一七年 HK\$ Million 百萬港元
Net assets attributable to owners of APAC	亞太資源股東 應佔資產淨值	2,793.2	3,312.5
Proportion of the Group's ownership interest in APAC	本集團於亞太資源之 擁有權權益比例	35.78%	33.92%
Share of net assets of APAC Adjustment on acquisition of	應佔亞太資源資產淨值 就收購亞太資源	999.4	1,123.6
additional interest in APAC Others	額外權益調整其他	(108.4)	(73.3)
Carrying amount of the Group's interest in APAC	本集團於亞太資源之 權益之賬面值	891.4	1,050.3

截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度

23. INTERESTS IN ASSOCIATES (CONT'D)

Summarised consolidated financial information of material associates (Cont'd)

(iii) SHKFGL

SHKFGL is accounted for using the equity method. The summarised consolidated financial information of the financial performance for the year and financial position at the reporting date represents the amounts included in the consolidated financial statements of SHKFGL prepared in accordance with HKFRSs and adjusted by fair value adjustments made at the time of reclassifying SHKFGL from a subsidiary to an associate.

23. 於聯營公司之權益(續)

重大聯營公司之綜合財務資料概述(續)

(iii) 新鴻基金融集團

新鴻基金融集團使用權益法入賬。綜合財務資料概要為包括在新鴻基金融 集團根據香港財務報告準則編製的綜 合財務報表內的全年財務表現及於結 算日之財務狀況,並包括於重新分類 新鴻基金融集團由附屬公司至聯營公 司時所作之公平價值調整。

2018

二零一八年

2017 二零一七年

Current assets Non-current assets	流動資產 非流動資產	HK\$ Million 百萬港元 12,572.9 1,095.6	HK\$ Million 百萬港元 11,995.9 1,827.7
Current liabilities Non-current liabilities	流動負債 非流動負債	(4,152.8) (6,085.3)	(5,805.9) (4,521.3)
		2018 二零一八年 HK\$ Million 百萬港元	2017 二零一七年 HK\$ Million 百萬港元
Revenue Profit for the year Other comprehensive (expenses) income	收入 本年度溢利 其他全面(費用) 收益	1,602.6 210.7 (2.8)	1,328.2 127.5 11.8
Total comprehensive income	全面收益總額	207.9	139.3

The reconciliation of the above summarised financial information to the carrying amount of the interest in SHKFGL is as follows:

上述財務資料概要與於新鴻基金融集團之權益賬面值之對賬如下:

		2018 二零一八年 HK\$ Million 百萬港元	2017 二零一七年 HK\$ Million 百萬港元
Adjusted net assets of SHKFGL	新鴻基金融集團之經調整 資產淨值	3,430.4	3,496.4
Group's effective interest	本集團之實際權益	30%	30%
Group's share of adjusted net assets Goodwill Impairment (note 13)	本集團應佔經調整資產淨值 商譽 減值(附註13)	1,029.2 607.7 (505.9)	1,048.9 607.7 (572.6)
Carrying amount of the Group's interest in SHKFGL	本集團於新鴻基金融集團 之權益賬面值	1,131.0	1,084.0

23. INTERESTS IN ASSOCIATES (CONT'D)

Aggregate financial information of associates that are not individually material

The aggregate financial information of associates that are not individually material is set out below.

綜合財務報表附註(續)

截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度

23. 於聯營公司之權益(續)

單獨不屬重大之聯營公司的財務資料總匯

單獨不屬重大之聯營公司的財務資料總匯 載列如下。

2018

2017

		二零一八年 HK\$ Million 百萬港元	二零一七年 HK\$ Million 百萬港元
The Group's share of (loss) profit for the year	本集團應佔本年度 (虧損)溢利	(40.8)	31.0
The Group's share of other comprehensive (expenses)	本集團應佔本年度 其他全面(費用)	(1010)	5.1.0
income for the year	收益 本集團應佔本年度	(5.4)	11.3
The Group's share of total comprehensive (expenses) income for the year	全面(費用)收益 總額	(46.2)	42.3
Aggregate carrying amount of the Group's interests in these associates	本集團於該等聯營公司之 權益之賬面總值	256.8	400.1

The Group has unrecognised share of losses of associates as follows:

本集團之未確認應佔聯營公司虧損如下:

		2018 二零一八年 HK\$ Million 百萬港元	2017 二零一七年 HK\$ Million 百萬港元
The unrecognised share of losses for the year Cumulative share of unrecognised	本年度未確認應佔 虧損 累計應佔未確認	(0.7)	(0.7)
losses	虧損	(26.7)	(26.0)

截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度

24. INTERESTS IN JOINT VENTURES

24. 於合營公司之權益

		2018 二零一八年	
		ー令 八十 HK\$ Million	• - •
		百萬港元	百萬港元
Unlisted shares	非上市股份	225	2.40.0
Cost of investment	投資成本 應佔收購後儲備	236.8	
Share of post-acquisition reserves	恶怕収票復補佣	3,251.7	2,948.2
		3,488.5	3,197.2
Elimination of unrealised profit	撇銷未變現溢利	(33.5	,
		3,455.0	3,163.7

Particulars of the Group's principal joint venture at 31st December, 2018 are set out in note 54.

Summarised consolidated financial information of material joint venture

The summarised consolidated financial information in respect of the Group's material joint venture, Allied Kajima Limited ("AKL"), is set out below. The summarised consolidated financial information represents amount shown in AKL's consolidated financial statements prepared in accordance with HKFRSs. The results, assets and liabilities of AKL are accounted for using the equity method in these consolidated financial statements.

本集團於二零一八年十二月三十一日的主要合營公司詳情載於附註54。

重大合營公司之綜合財務資料概述

本集團重大合營公司Allied Kajima Limited (「AKL」)的綜合財務資料概要載於下文。綜合財務資料概要代表於AKL的綜合財務報表(根據香港財務報告準則編製)中呈列之金額。AKL之業績、資產及負債乃使用權益法於本綜合財務報表中入賬。

2018

2017

		二零一八年 HK\$ Million 百萬港元	二零一七年 HK\$ Million 百萬港元
Current assets Non-current assets Current liabilities Non-current liabilities	流動資產 非流動資產 流動負債 非流動負債	381.2 6,849.0 (223.2) (510.5)	283.5 6,355.0 (292.2) (512.2)
The above assets include the following: Cash and cash equivalents	以上資產包括以下項目: 現金及現金等價物	218.0	180.8
		2018 二零一八年 HK\$ Million 百萬港元	2017 二零一七年 HK\$ Million 百萬港元
Revenue Profit for the year Other comprehensive (expenses) income for the year Total comprehensive income for the year	收入 本年度溢利 本年度其他全面(費用) 收益 本年度全面收益總額	716.2 664.8 (2.3) 662.5	692.1 1,376.2 0.7 1,376.9
The above profit for the year includes the following: Depreciation Interest income Interest expenses Taxation	上述本年度溢利包括 下列各項: 折舊 利息收入 利息費用 税項	64.4 1.0 3.8 40.5	57.1 0.3 9.3 39.3

24. INTERESTS IN JOINT VENTURES (CONT'D)

Summarised consolidated financial information of material joint venture (Cont'd)

Reconciliation of the above summarised consolidated financial information to the carrying amount of the interest in AKL recognised in the consolidated financial statements:

綜合財務報表附註(續)

截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度

24. 於合營公司之權益(續)

重大合營公司之綜合財務資料概述(續)

上述綜合財務資料概要與綜合財務報表中 所確認於AKL權益之賬面值之對賬:

2018

2017

		二零一八年 HK\$ Million 百萬港元	二零一七年 HK\$ Million 百萬港元
Net assets of AKL	AKL之資產淨值	6,496.5	5,834.1
Proportion of the Group's ownership interest in AKL	本集團於AKL之擁有權 權益比例	50%	50%
Share of net assets of AKL Goodwill Unrealised profit adjustments	應佔AKL資產淨值 商譽 未變現溢利調整	3,248.2 0.1 (33.5)	2,917.0 0.1 (33.5)
Carrying amount of the Group's interest in AKL	本集團於AKL權益之 賬面值	3,214.8	2,883.6

Aggregate financial information of joint ventures that are not individually material

The aggregate financial information of joint ventures that are not individually material is set out below.

單獨不屬重大之合營公司的財務資料總匯

單獨不屬重大之合營公司的財務資料總匯 載列如下。

	2018	2017
	二零一八年	二零一七年
	HK\$ Million	HK\$ Million
	百萬港元	百萬港元
The Group's share of profit (loss) 本集團應佔本年度溢利		
for the year (虧損)	3.8	(28.7)
The Group's share of other comprehensive 本集團應佔本年度其他		
(expenses) income for the year 全面(費用)收益	(3.2)	2.2
The Group's share of total comprehensive 本集團應佔本年度		
income (expenses) for the year 全面收益(費用)總額	0.6	(26.5)

25. FINANCIAL ASSETS AND LIABILITIES

The following tables provides an analysis of financial assets and liabilities of the Group that are at fair value (subsequent to initial application of HKFRS 9).

綜合財務報表附註(續)

截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度

25. 金融資產及負債

下表分析本集團以公平價值計量的金融資 產及負債(於採用香港財務報告準則第9號 首次確認後)。

2018 二零一八年

		Fair value 公平價值	
Total 總計 HK\$ Million 百萬港元	Level 3 第三級 HK\$ Million 百萬港元	Level 2 第二級 HK\$ Million 百萬港元	Level 1 第一級 HK\$ Million 百萬港元
日角/尼儿	日角尼儿	日角/12/1	日角/8儿
108.2	_	_	108.2
108.9	_	_	108.9
21.6	21.6	-	-
8.4	_	8.4	_
64.4	_	64.4	-
7.7		7.7	
319.2	21.6	80.5	217.1

Financial assets at fair value through o comprehensive income	ther
Equity securities listed in Hong Kong	:
residence of the form of the section	

Equity securities listed outside Hong Kong Unlisted overseas equity securities Debt securities Listed in Hong Kong

Listed in Hong Kong
Listed outside Hong Kong
Unlisted debt securities

Analysed for reporting purposes as non-current assets

透過其他全面收益按公平價值 處理之金融資產

香港上市之股本證券 香港以外地區上市之股本證券 非上市海外股本證券 債務證券 香港上市 香港以外地區上市 非上市債務證券

為呈報目的分析為 非流動資產 25. FINANCIAL ASSETS AND LIABILITIES (CONT'D)

for the year ended 31st December, 2018

綜合財務報表附註(續) 截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度

25. 金融資產及負債(續)

2018 二零一八年

			一 令	-八千	
			Fair value 公平價值		
		Level 1 第一級 HK\$ Million 百萬港元	Level 2 第二級 HK\$ Million 百萬港元	Level 3 第三級 HK\$ Million 百萬港元	Tota 總計 HK\$ Million 百萬港元
Financial assets at fair value through	透過損益賬按公平價值處理之				
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	た				
profit or loss				10.0	10.9
Equity linked notes	股本掛鈎票據	1 012 0	-	19.3	19.3
Equity securities listed in Hong Kong	香港上市之股本證券	1,012.8	-	-	1,012.8
Equity securities listed outside Hong Kong	香港以外地區上市之股本證券	964.2	-	-	964.2
Forward currency contract	遠期貨幣合約	-	44.2	-	44.2
Options and futures listed outside	香港以外地區上市之期權及				
Hong Kong	期貨	-	42.2	-	42.2
Unlisted put right for shares in an associate	非上市之一間聯營公司股份認沽權	-	-	1,120.0	1,120.0
Unlisted call option for club memberships	非上市之會所會籍認購期權	_	_	13.3	13.3
Unlisted call option for shares listed	香港以外地區上市股份之				
outside Hong Kong	非上市認購期權	_	_	0.4	0.4
Contracts for difference	差價合約	_	9.9	_	9.9
Unlisted bonds issued by unlisted companies		_	1,483.7	_	1,483.7
Listed bonds and notes issued by	上市公司發行之上市債券及	_	1,403.7	_	1,703.7
			252.5		252.5
listed companies	票據	-	253.5	-	253.5
Listed bonds and notes issued by	非上市公司發行之上市債券及				
unlisted companies	票據	-	38.3	-	38.3
Unlisted convertible preferred and ordinary	一間非上市公司發行之非上市				
shares issued by an unlisted company	可轉換優先股及普通股	-	56.3	-	56. 3
Unlisted preferred shares issued by an	一間非上市公司發行之非上市				
unlisted company	優先股	_	_	57.2	57.2
Unlisted convertible preferred shares	一間非上市公司發行之非上市				
issued by an unlisted company	可轉換優先股	_	93.0	_	93.0
Unlisted equity securities	非上市股本證券	_	_	212.9	212.9
Unlisted redeemable preferred shares issued	一間非上市公司發行之非上市				
by an unlisted company	可贖回優先股	_	64.6	_	64.6
Unlisted shares issued by unlisted companies		_	16.6	42.0	58.6
Unlisted convertible bonds issued by	非上市公司發行之非上市	_	10.0	72.0	30.0
				21.0	21.0
unlisted companies	可換股債券	-	-	21.0	21.0
Unlisted overseas equity securities with	含股份認沽權之非上市			0.00	0=6
a put right for shares	海外股本證券	-	-	856.6	856.6
Unlisted overseas equity security	非上市海外股本證券	-	76.4	-	76.4
Unlisted overseas investment funds	非上市海外投資基金	-	-	5,157.3	5,157.3
Unlisted trust issued by an unlisted company	一間非上市公司發行之非上市信託	-	-	28.5	28.5
		1,977.0	2,178.7	7,528.5	11,684.2
		,	,	,	-7
Analysed for reporting purposes as:	為呈報目的所作之分析:				
Non-current assets	非流動資產				6,593.1
Current assets	流動資產			-	5,091.1
					11,684.2
					.,

綜合財務報表附註(續) 截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度

25. 金融資產及負債(續)

Fair value

25. FINANCIAL ASSETS AND LIABILITIES (CONT'D) 25.

2018 二零一八年

			公平價值		
		Level 1 第一級 HK\$ Million 百萬港元	Level 2 第二級 HK\$ Million 百萬港元	Level 3 第三級 HK\$ Million 百萬港元	Total 總計 HK\$ Million 百萬港元
Financial liabilities at fair value through	透過損益賬按公平價值處理之				
profit or loss	金融負債				
Held for trading Futures and options unlisted in Hong Kong	持作交易用途 香港非上市期貨及期權	-	25.2	-	25.2
Futures and options listed outside Hong Kong	香港以外地區上市之期貨及 期權	_	3.0	_	3.0
Futures and options unlisted outside	香港以外地區之非上市期貨及				
Hong Kong	期權	-	32.9	-	32.9
Foreign currency contracts	貨幣期貨	-	10.4	-	10.4
Over the counter equity derivatives	場外股本衍生工具	_	_	22.9	22.9
Short position in equity securities	借股安排項下之股本證券				
under stock borrowing arrangement	淡倉	288.2	_	_	288.2
Contracts for difference	差價合約	_	42.7	-	42.7
Analysed for reporting purposes as	為呈報目的分析為				
Analysed for reporting purposes as current liabilities	流動負債	288.2	114.2	22.9	425.3

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for the year ended 31st December, 2018

25. FINANCIAL ASSETS AND LIABILITIES (CONT'D)

The following table provide analysis of financial assets and liabilities of the Group that are measured at cost less impairment and at fair value subsequent to initial recognition (before application of HKFRS 9 on 1st January, 2018).

綜合財務報表附註(續)

截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度

25. 金融資產及負債(續)

下表分析本集團以成本扣除減值及於首次 確認後以公平價值計量的金融資產及負債 (於二零一八年一月一日採用香港財務報 告準則第9號前)。

2017 - 零一七年

				二零一七年		
			Fair value 公平價值		Cost less	
		Level 1 第一級 HK\$ Million 百萬港元	Level 2 第二級 HK\$ Million 百萬港元	Level 3 第三級 HK\$ Million 百萬港元	impairment 成本扣除減值 HK\$ Million 百萬港元	Total 總計 HK\$ Million 百萬港元
Available-for-sale financial assets Equity securities listed in Hong Kong	可供出售金融資產 香港上市之股本證券	83.1	_	_	_	83.1
Equity securities listed outside Hong Kong	香港以外地區上市之 股本證券	213.8	_	_	_	213.8
Unlisted overseas equity securities	非上市海外股本證券		_	41.4	52.9	94.3
Unlisted overseas investment funds Debt securities	非上市海外投資基金 債務證券	-	173.3	-	30.5	203.8
Listed in Hong Kong	香港上市	_	8.7	_	_	8.7
Listed outside Hong Kong	香港以外地區上市	_	17.3	_	_	17.3
Unlisted debt securities	非上市債務證券		86.6	-	_	86.6
		296.9	285.9	41.4	83.4	707.6
Analysed for reporting purposes as:	為呈報目的分析為:					
Non-current assets Current assets	非流動資產 流動資產					621.0 86.6
						707.6

截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度

25. FINANCIAL ASSETS AND LIABILITIES (CONT'D)

25. 金融資產及負債(續)

2017 二零一七年

				一令一七千		
			Fair value 公平價值		Cost less	
		Level 1 第一級	Level 2 第二級	Level 3 第三級	impairment 成本扣除減值	Total 總計
		HK\$ Million 百萬港元				
profit or loss	透過損益賬按公平價值 處理之金融資產 持作交易投資					
Equity linked notes Equity securities listed in Hong Kong	股本掛鈎票據 香港上市之股本證券	- 1,185.8	-	33.5	-	33.5 1,185.8
Equity securities listed outside Hong Kong	香港以外地區上市之 股本證券	893.7	-	-	-	893.7
Exchange-traded funds listed in Hong Kong	香港上市之交易所 買賣基金	3.6	-	-	-	3.6
Over the counter equity derivatives Forward currency contract	場外股本衍生工具 遠期貨幣合約	-	15.2	0.7	-	0.7 15.2
Unlisted currency options Unlisted put right for shares in an associate	非上市貨幣期權 非上市之一間聯營公司 股份認沽權	-	3.1	1,053.0	-	3.1 1,053.0
Unlisted call option for club memberships	非上市之會所會籍認購期權	_	_	1,033.0	_	10.9
Unlisted call option for shares listed outside Hong Kong	香港以外地區上市股份之 非上市認購期權	_	_	10.9	_	10.9
Contracts for difference Unlisted bonds issued by	差價合約 上市公司發行之	-	8.6	-	-	8.6
listed companies Unlisted bonds issued by	非上市債券 非上市公司發行之	-	18.2	-	-	18.2
unlisted companies Listed bonds and notes issued	非上市債券 非上市公司發行之	-	1,000.9	-	-	1,000.9
by unlisted companies Listed bonds issued by listed	上市債券及票據 上市公司發行之	-	302.0	-	-	302.0
companies	上市債券		2,172.3	- 4 400 0		2,172.3
Investments decignated as at fair value	化宫为沃温铝光明增八亚属	2,083.1	3,520.3	1,109.0		6,712.4
Investments designated as at fair value through profit or loss Unlisted convertible preferred and ordinary shares issued by an	值處理之投資 一間非上市公司發行之 非上市可轉換優先股及		447.2			447.2
unlisted company Unlisted convertible preferred shares	普通股 一間非上市公司發行之	-	117.3	17.1	-	117.3
issued by an unlisted company Unlisted convertible bonds issued by unlisted companies	非上市可轉換優先股 非上市公司發行之 非上市可換股債券	-	_	17.1 21.0	-	17.1 21.0
Unlisted companies Unlisted overseas equity securities with a put right for shares	含股份認沽權之 非上市海外股本證券	_	_	811.5	_	811.5
Unlisted overseas investment funds	非上市海外投資基金		167.2	4,302.2		4,469.4
			284.5	5,151.8		5,436.3
		2,083.1	3,804.8	6,260.8	-	12,148.7
Analysed for reporting purposes as: Non-current assets Current assets	為呈報目的所作之分析: 非流動資產 流動資產				_	5,067.2 7,081.5
					:	12,148.7

綜合財務報表附註(續)

截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度

25. FINANCIAL ASSETS AND LIABILITIES (CONT'D)

25. 金融資產及負債(續)

2017 二零一七年

			二零一七年		
		Fair value 公平價值		Cost less	
	Level 1 第一級 HK\$ Million 百萬港元	Level 2 第二級 HK\$ Million 百萬港元	Level 3 第三級 HK\$ Million 百萬港元	impairment 成本扣除減值 HK\$ Million 百萬港元	Total 總計 HK\$ Million 百萬港元
透過損益賬按公平價值 處理之金融負債					
持作交易用途					
嵌入債券及票據之					
可提早贖回期權	-	4.9	-	-	4.9
	2.5	-	-	-	2.5
	-	52.8	-	-	52.8
	-	1.4	-	-	1.4
	-	-	8.8	-	8.8
借入股票	-	82.9	-	-	82.9
差價合約		12.7	-	_	12.7
為呈報目的分析為 流動負債	2.5	154.7	8.8	_	166.0
	處理之金融負債 持權 公司 法 是	第一級 HK\$ Million 百萬港元 透過損益脹按公平價值 處理之金融負債 持作交易用途 嵌入債券及票據之 可提早贖២厘上市之 期貨及期權 等港以外地期權 等幣期貨 非上市海行生工具 借人預合約 為呈報目的分析為	大平價值 大平價值 場一級 第二級 HK\$ Million 百萬港元 HK\$ Million 百萬港元 透過損益脹按公平價值 處理之金融負債 4.9 持作交易用途 嵌入債券及票據之 可提早贖回期權	Fair value 公平價值	Fair value 公平價值

25. FINANCIAL ASSETS AND LIABILITIES (CONT'D)

AFS financial assets were intended to be held for a continuing strategic or long-term purpose. Due to insufficient market information and a wide range of possible fair values as input to carry the fair value reliably, some of the unlisted equity investments were carried at cost less impairment.

On the basis of its analysis of the nature, characteristics and risks of the securities, the Group has determined that presenting them by nature and type of issuers is appropriate.

Fair values are grouped from level 1 to 3 based on the degree to which the fair values are observable.

Level 1 fair value measurements are those derived from quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.

Level 2 fair value measurements are those derived from input other than quoted prices included within level 1 that are observable for the assets or liabilities, either directly (i.e. as prices) or indirectly (i.e. derived from prices).

Level 3 fair value measurements are those derived from valuation techniques that include input for the assets or liabilities that are not based on observable market data.

In estimating the fair value, the Group uses marketobservable data to the extent it is available. Where level 1 inputs are not available, the Group engages external valuers to perform the valuation for certain complex or material financial assets and liabilities. The valuation working group works closely with the external valuers to establish the appropriate valuation techniques and inputs to the valuation model for those complex or material financial assets and liabilities. For those less complex or not material financial assets and liabilities, the Group establishes appropriate valuation techniques internally to perform the valuation. The valuation working group also analyses changes in fair value measurements from period to period. 綜合財務報表附註(續)

截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度

25. 金融資產及負債(續)

可供出售金融資產擬持作持續策略或長期 用途。由於沒有足夠市場資料及有大範圍 可能公平價值可作為輸入數據值從而可靠 地計算公平價值,部分非上市股本投資按 成本扣除減值列賬。

基於證券之性質、特點及風險分析,本集 團釐定以發行人性質及類別呈列實屬適 宜。

公平價值按其可觀察度分類為一至三級。

第一級公平價值計量按相同的資產或負債 於活躍市場的報價(無調整)計算。

第二級公平價值計量乃除第一級計入之報 價外,就資產或負債可直接(即價格)或問 接(即自價格衍生)觀察輸入數據得出。

第三級公平價值計量乃計入並非根據可觀 察市場數據之資產或負債之估值方法得 出。

在估計公平價值時,本集團使用其可獲取之可觀察市場數據。倘並無第一級輸入數據,本集團委聘外部估值師就若干複雜或重大金融資產及負債進行估值。估值工作小組與外部估值師緊密合作,為該等產及負債的估值模型建立合適之估值方法及輸入數據。就複雜程度,被低或並不重大之金融資產及負債而設定的。 本集團內部建立合適之估值技術以進價值計量之變動。

25. FINANCIAL ASSETS AND LIABILITIES (CONT'D)

As at 31st December, 2017, unlisted overseas investment funds included in AFS financial assets under level 2 are measured at fair value at the end of the reporting period. Based on the relevant agreements, the Group can require the relevant investment manager to redeem the units at net asset value by giving a written redemption notice. The fair value of the unlisted overseas investment funds are provided by the relevant investment managers.

Included in financial assets at FVTOCI (2017: AFS financial assets), there are debt securities under level 2, the debt element of which is recognised at fair value at date of initial recognition and subsequent measurement with fair value change at each reporting date recognised directly in equity until the instrument is sold. As at 31st December. 2018, the fair value of the debt element is approximately HK\$80.5 million (2017: HK\$112.6 million) which was calculated based on the present value of contractually determined stream of future cash flows discounted at the required yield, which was determined with reference to instruments of similar terms and similar credit risks. The effective interest rates of the debt element at 31st December, 2018 ranging from 3.68% to 15.70% (2017: ranging from 3.19% to 6.81%). The fair values of the debt element have been determined by a firm of independent professional valuers, Greater China Appraisal Limited ("GCA").

As at 31st December, 2017, the option element of debt securities under AFS financial assets was classified as "call options embedded in bonds and notes" under the financial assets or liabilities at FVTPL and grouped under level 2. This derivative element is recognised at fair value at initial recognition and subsequent measurement with fair value change at each reporting date recognised in profit or loss. Hull-White Term Structure Model is used for valuation of derivative element of certain perpetual bonds and guaranteed notes. Significant inputs into the model were mean reverting rate ranging from 0.00 to 0.01, default intensity ranging from 1.08% to 5.20% and short rate volatility of 0.01.

The fair values of bonds and notes under level 2 at the reporting date were derived from quoted prices from pricing services. Where level 2 inputs are not available, the Group engages external valuers to perform the valuation for certain complex or material financial assets and liabilities.

The fair values of level 3 financial assets and liabilities are mainly derived from valuation technique using an unobservable range of data. In estimating the fair value of a financial asset or a financial liability under level 3, the Group engages external valuers or establishes appropriate valuation techniques internally to perform the valuations which are reviewed by the relevant management of the group companies.

綜合財務報表附註(續) 截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度

25. 金融資產及負債(續)

於二零一七年十二月三十一日,計入可供出售金融資產中有第二級別非上市海外投資基金以報告期末之公平價值計量。根據相關之協議,本集團可發出一個書面的贖回通知要求相關投資經理以資產淨值贖回單位。非上市海外投資基金之公平價值由相關之投資經理提供。

計入透過其他全面收益按公平價值處理之 金融資產(二零一七年:可供出售金融資 產)中有第二級別債務證券,其債務部分 於初始確認日按公平價值確認及隨後按 每個結算日之公平價值變動計量直接於權 益中確認,直至該工具售出。於二零一八 年十二月三十一日, 債務部分之公平價值 約為80.5百萬港元(二零一七年:112.6百 萬港元),金額乃按所要求之收益率折現 根據合約釐定之未來現金流量之現值而 計算,要求之收益率乃參照相若條款及 類似信貸風險之工具釐定。債務部分於 二零一八年十二月三十一日之實際利率介乎3.68%至15.70%(二零一七年:介乎 3.19%至6.81%)。債務部分公平價值乃由 獨立專業估值師漢華評值有限公司(「漢華 評值|)釐定。

於二零一七年十二月三十一日,可供出售金融資產下的債務證券期權部份,乃分類為透過損益賬按公平價值處理之金融資產或負債之「嵌入債券及票據之可提早贈數權」並歸類為第二級。衍生工具部份於納始確認時按公平價值變動計量於損益中確認時按公平價值變動計量於損益中確認。對若干永續債券及擔保票據的衍生工具行值。該模型之重大輸入數據為均值回後率介乎0.00至0.01、違約強度介乎1.08%至5.20%及短期利率波動性0.01。

於結算日,屬第二級之債券及票據之公平 價值乃源自定價服務所報之價格。就若干 複雜或重大的金融資產及負債,當沒有第 二級輸入數據時,本集團委聘外部估值師 進行估值。

第三級金融資產及負債之公平價值主要來 自一系列不可觀察資料的估值方法。於估 計第三級金融資產或金融負債之公平價值 時,本集團委聘外部估值師或自行設立合 適之估值方法以進行估值,並由集團公司 之相關管理層審閱。

綜合財務報表附註(續)

截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度

25. FINANCIAL ASSETS AND LIABILITIES (CONT'D)

25. 金融資產及負債(續)

The following table provides further information regarding the valuation of material financial assets under level 3. 下表提供有關第三級重大金融資產估值之 進一步資料。

2018	
二零一八年	

			二零一八年		
	Valuation technique 估值方法	Unobservable inputs 不可觀察的輸入數據	Input values 輸入數據值	Fair value 公平價值 HK\$ Million 百萬港元	Sensitivity analysis 敏感度分析
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss 透過損益脹按公平價值處理之 金融資產					
Equity linked notes 股本掛約票據	Monte Carlo Simulation model 蒙地卡羅模擬模式	Equity growth rate 權益增長率 Volatility 波幅 Discount rate 折現率	-0.14-0.05% 2.79-7.74% 2.43%	19.3	An increase in equity growth rate would result in an increase in the fair value. 權益增長率上升將導致公平價值上升。 An increase in volatility would result in a decrease in the fair value. 波輻增加將導致公平價值下降。 An increase in discount rate would result in a decrease in the fair value. 折現率上升將導致公平價值下降。
Unlisted put right for shares in an associate 非上市之一間聯營公司股份認沽權	Option model 期權模型	Expected volatility 預計波幅 Equity growth rate 權益增長率 Estimated equity value 權益價值估值 Discount rate (for estimated equity value) 折現率 (就權益價值估值)	10.4% 1.4% HK\$1,131.0 million 1,131.0百萬港元 17%	1,120.0	An increase in volatility would result in an increase in the fair value. 波輻增加將導致公平價值上升。 An increase in equity growth rate would result in a decrease in the fair value. 權益增長率上升將導致公平價值下降。 An increase in estimated equity value would result in a decrease in fair value. 權益價值估值增加將導致公平價值下降。
Unlisted overseas equity securities with a put right for shares 含股份認沽權之非上市海外股本證券	Market approach and option model 市場法及期權模型	Expected volatility 預計波幅 Discount rate 折現率 Equity growth rate 權益增長率	4.7% 2.5% -0.9%	856.6	An increase in volatility would result in an increase in the fair value. 波幅增加將導致公平價值上升。 An increase in discount rate would result in a decrease in the fair value. 折現率上升將導致公平價值下降。 An increase in equity growth rate would result in a decrease in the fair value. 權益增長率上升將導致公平價值下降。

綜合財務報表附註(續)

截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度

25. FINANCIAL ASSETS AND LIABILITIES (CONT'D)

25. 金融資產及負債(續)

2018 二零一八年

			- ◆一八千		
	Valuation technique 估值方法	Unobservable inputs 不可觀察的輸入數據	Input values 輸入數據值	Fair value 公平價值 HK\$ Million 百萬港元	Sensitivity analysis 敏感度分析
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss (Cont'd) 透過損益賬按公平價值處理之 金融資產(續)					
Unlisted equity securities – funds 非上市股本證券-基金	Quoted market price, pricing multiple and Black-scholes model 市場所報之市價,價格倍數及柏力克 — 舒爾斯模型	Existing portfolio value 現有組合價值 Volatility 波幅 Return correlation 相關系數 Discount rate 折現率	USD5.34- 15.17 million 5.34-15.17 百萬美元 14.11-78.36% -0.03-1 2.57%	35.6	An increase in existing portfolio valu would result in an increase in the fair value. 現有組合價值增加將導致公平價值上升。 An increase in volatility would result a decrease in the fair value. 波幅增加將導致公平價值下降。 An increase in return correlation wou result in a decrease in the fair value 相關系數上升將導致公平價值下降。 An increase in discount rate woul result in a decrease in the fair value 折現率上升將導致公平價值下降。
	Net assets value* 資產淨值*	n/a 不適用	n/a 不適用	138.3	n/a 不適用
Unlisted equity securities — sub-participation 非上市股本證券—附屬參與	Discounted cash flow with credit exposure adjustment 信貨風險調整的 折現現金流量	Risk free rate 無風險比率 Implied credit spread 隱含的信用利差 Effective interest rate 實際利率 Probability of default 違約概率 Recovery rate 恢復率	2.60% 13.68% 16.28% 47.63% 38.31%	39.0	An increase in risk free rate woul result in a decrease in the fair value 無風險比率上升將導致公平價值 下降。 An increase in implied credit sprea would result in a decrease in the fa value. 隱含的信用利差增加將導致公平價值 下降。 An increase in effective interest ra would result in a decrease in the fa value. 實際利率上升將導致公平價值下降。 An increase in probability of defau would result in a decrease in the fa value. 建約概率上升將導致公平價值下降。An increase in recovery rate woul result in an increase in the fair value 恢復率上升將導致公平價值上升。
Unlisted overseas investment funds 非上市海外投資基金	Net asset value* 資產淨值*	n/a 不適用	n/a 不適用	5,157.3	n/a 不適用

綜合財務報表附註(續)

截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度

25. FINANCIAL ASSETS AND LIABILITIES (CONT'D)

25. 金融資產及負債(續)

2017

	Valuation technique 估值方法	Unobservable inputs 不可觀察的輸入數據	Input values 輸入數據值	Fair value 公平價值 HK\$ Million 百萬港元	Sensitivity analysis 敏感度分析		
Held for trading investments							
持作交易投資 Equity linked notes 股本掛鈎票據	Monte Carlo Simulation model 蒙地卡羅 模擬模式	Equity growth rate 權益增長率 Volatility 波幅 Discount rate 折現率	-0.44-0.86% 2.12-6.71% 1.23%	33.5	An increase in equity growth rate would result in an increase in the fair value. 權益增長率上升將導致公平價值上升。 An increase in volatility would result in a decrease in the fair value. 波幅增加將導致公平價值下降。 An increase in discount rate would result in a decrease in the fair value. 折現率上升將導致公平價值下降。		
Unlisted put right for shares in an associate 非上市之一間聯營公司股份 認沽權	Option model 期權模型	Expected volatility 預計波幅 Equity growth rate 權益增長率 Estimated equity value 權益價值估值 Discount rate (for estimated equity value) 折現率 (就權益價值估值)	8.9% 0.5% HK\$1,084.0 million 1,084.0百萬港元 16.6%	1,053.0	An increase in volatility would result in an increase in the fair value. 波幅增加將導致公平價值上升。 An increase in equity growth rate would result in a decrease in the fair value. 權益增長率上升將導致公平價值下降。 An increase in estimated equity value would result in a decrease in fair value. 權益價值估值增加將導致公平價值下降。		
Financial assets designated as at fair value through profit or loss 指定為透過損益脹按公平價值處理 之金融資產							
Unlisted overseas equity securities with a put right for shares	Market comparable approach and	Price to book ratio 市販比率	1.06x	811.5	An increase in volatility would result in an increase in the fair value.		
含股份認沽權之非上市海外股本 證券	option model 市場比較法	Expected volatility 預計波幅	5.1%		波幅增加將導致公平價值上升。 An increase in equity growth rate		
成力:	及 期權模型	Discount rate 折現率	2.1%		would result in a decrease in the fair value.		
		Equity growth rate 權益增長率	0.1%		權益增長率上升將導致公平價值 下降。		
Unlisted overseas investment funds 非上市海外投資基金	Net asset value* 資產淨值*	n/a 不適用	n/a 不適用	4,302.2	n/a 不適用		

The Group has determined that the reported net asset values represent fair value of the unlisted equity securities and unlisted overseas investment funds.

Except for unlisted overseas equity securities with a put right for a shares, there has been no change in the valuation technique during the year. During the year, the major subsidiary of CM International Holding Pte Ltd ("CMIG") was listed on The New York Stock Exchange. Therefore, a market approach was used instead of a market comparable approach for the valuation of this subsidiary of CMIG.

本集團釐定,呈報之資產淨值指非上市股本證 券及非上市海外投資基金之公平價值。

除含股份認沽權之非上市海外股本證券之 外,於本年度採用的估值方法沒有改變。 年內,CM International Holding Pte Ltd (「CMIG」)的主要附屬公司已於紐約證券 交易所上市。因此,對該CMIG之附屬公 司進行估值時使用市場法而非市場比較 法。

綜合財務報表附註(續) 截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度

25. FINANCIAL ASSETS AND LIABILITIES (CONT'D)

The reconciliation of financial assets and liabilities under level 3 fair value measurements is as follows:

25. 金融資產及負債(續)

第三級公平價值計量下之金融資產及負債 對賬如下:

2018

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		Balance at		Recognised g 已確認收	ains or losses 益或虧損			Balance at 31st December,	
		1st January,			Other			2018	Unrealised
		2018			comprehensive			於二零一八年	gain or loss
		於二零一八年			income			十二月	for the year
		一月一日	Transfer	Profit or loss	其他	Purchase	Disposal	三十一日	年內未變現
		之結餘	轉撥	損益	全面收益	購入	出售	之結餘	收益或虧損
		HK\$ Million	HK\$ Million	HK\$ Million	HK\$ Million	HK\$ Million	HK\$ Million	HK\$ Million	HK\$ Million
		百萬港元 ———	百萬港元	百萬港元	百萬港元	百萬港元	百萬港元	百萬港元	百萬港元
Financial assets at fair value through	透過其他全面收益按公平								
other comprehensive income	價值處理之金融資產								
Unlisted overseas equity securities	非上市海外股本證券	21.6	-	-	-	-	-	21.6	-
Financial assets at fair value through	透過損益賬按公平								
profit or loss	價值處理之金融資產								(1.1.5)
Equity linked notes	股本掛鈎票據	33.5	-	(11.1)	-	20.4	(23.5)	19.3	(11.0)
Over the counter equity derivatives	場外股本衍生工具	0.7	-	(0.7)	-	-	-	-	(0.7)
Unlisted put right for shares in an associate	非上市之一間聯營公司 股份認沽權	1.053.0		67.0				1 100 0	67.0
Unlisted call option for club memberships	成份認有權 非上市之會所會藉認購期權	1,053.0 10.9	-	2.4	-	-	-	1,120.0 13.3	2.4
Unlisted call option for shares listed outside	香港以外地區上市股份之	10.7	-	2.4	-	-	_	13,3	2.4
Hong Kong	非上市認購期權	10.9	_	(10.5)	_	_	_	0.4	(10.5)
Unlisted equity securities	非上市股本證券	64.2	173.3°	(10.3)	_	2.9	(17.2)	212.9	(9.9)
Unlisted preferred shares issued by	一間非上市公司發行之	0112	17010	(1013)		213	(17.12)	21217	(313)
an unlisted company	非上市優先股	17.1	3.9	3.8	_	53.4	(21.0)	57.2	(0.1)
Unlisted shares issued by	非上市公司發行之非上市						(,		(,
unlisted companies	股份	41.4	_	(1.9)	_	2.5	_	42.0	(1.9)
Unlisted convertible bonds issued by	非上市公司發行之非上市								
unlisted companies	可換股債券	21.0	-	-	-	-	-	21.0	-
Unlisted overseas equity securities with	含股份認沽權之非上市								
a put right for shares	海外股本證券	811.5	-	45.1	-	-	-	856.6	45.1
Unlisted overseas investment funds	非上市海外投資基金	4,302.2	(3.9)	443.4	-	1,047.8	(632.2)	5,157.3	302.8
Unlisted trust issued by an unlisted	一間非上市公司發行之								
company	非上市信託	-	-	(1.0)	-	29.5	-	28.5	(1.0)
Financial liabilities held for trading	持作交易用途之金融負債								
Over the counter equity derivatives	場外股本衍生工具	(8.8)	-	(14.1)	-	-	-	(22.9)	(14.1)

During the year ended 31st December, 2018, certain unlisted equity securities were reclassified from level 2 to level 3 as this better reflect the underlying investment portfolio of the investment. As at 31st December, 2018, fair value of those certain unlisted equity securities was HK\$138.3 (2017: HK\$173.3). The Group's policy is to recognise transfer between level 2 and level 3 as of the date of the event or change in circumstances that caused the transfer.

於截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度,若 干非上市股本證券已由第二級重新分類為第三 級,因如此可更佳地反映該項投資之相關投資 組合。於二零一八年十二月三十一日,該等若 干非上市股本證券的公平價值為138.3港元(二 零一七年:173.3港元)。本集團之政策是為於 導致第二級與第三級之間轉撥之事件或環境變 動日期確認轉撥。

截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度

25. FINANCIAL ASSETS AND LIABILITIES (CONT'D)

25. 金融資產及負債(續)

2017 二零一七年

					, -,			
		Balance at	Recognised g 已確認收				Balance at 31st December,	
		1st January,		Other			2017	Unrealised
		2017		comprehensive			於二零一七年	gain or loss
		於二零一七年		income			十二月	for the year
		一月一日	Profit or loss	其他	Purchase	Disposal	三十一日	年內未變現
		之結餘	損益	全面收益	購入	出售	之結餘	收益或虧損
		HK\$ Million	HK\$ Million	HK\$ Million	HK\$ Million	HK\$ Million	HK\$ Million	HK\$ Million
		百萬港元	百萬港元	百萬港元	百萬港元	百萬港元	百萬港元	百萬港元
		H P(10)0	H PATE /G	H 1416/6	H MIE/6	н Рагеле	н Рисус	H PATE/6
Available-for-sale financial assets	可供出售金融資產							
Unlisted overseas equity securities	非上市海外股本證券	42.2	-	(0.8)	-	-	41.4	-
Held for trading investments	持作交易投資							
Equity linked notes	股本掛鈎票據	17.7	(3.1)	-	87.2	(68.3)	33.5	(4.0)
Over the counter equity derivatives	場外股本衍生工具	0.4	0.3	-	-	-	0.7	0.3
Over the counter currency derivatives	場外貨幣衍生工具	0.1	(0.1)	-	-	-	-	(0.1)
Unlisted put right for shares in	非上市之一間聯營公司							
an associate	股份認沽權	1,052.0	1.0	-	-	-	1,053.0	1.0
Unlisted call option for club memberships	非上市之會所會藉認購期權	8.3	2.6	-	-	-	10.9	2.6
Unlisted call option for shares listed outside	香港以外地區上市股份之							
Hong Kong	非上市認購期權	12.4	(0.3)	-	-	(1.2)	10.9	(0.3)
Investments designated as at fair value	指定為按公平價值處理之投資							
Unlisted convertible preferred shares issued	一間非上市公司發行之							
by an unlisted company	非上市可轉換優先股	-	0.1	-	17.0	-	17.1	0.1
Unlisted convertible bonds issued by	非上市公司發行之非上市							
unlisted companies	可換股債券	3.9	0.1	-	17.0	-	21.0	0.1
Unlisted overseas equity securities with	含股份認沽權之非上市							
a put right for shares	海外股本證券	826.1	(14.6)	-	-	-	811.5	(14.6)
Unlisted overseas investment funds	非上市海外投資基金	2,871.6	922.7	-	666.5	(158.6)	4,302.2	900.5
Financial liabilities held for trading	持作交易用途之金融負債							
Over the counter equity derivatives	場外股本衍生工具	(2.9)	(5.9)	-	-	-	(8.8)	(5.9)
Over the counter currency derivatives	場外貨幣衍生工具	(1.9)	1.9	-	-	-	-	1.9

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for the year ended 31st December, 2018

截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度

綜合財務報表附註(續)

25. FINANCIAL ASSETS AND LIABILITIES (CONT'D)

end of the reporting period were as follows:

The carrying amounts of the Group's financial assets at the

25. 金融資產及負債(續)

本集團金融資產於報告期末之賬面值如下:

		2018 二零一八年 HK\$ Million 百萬港元	2017 二零一七年 HK\$ Million 百萬港元
	員益賬按公平價值處理之		
 − Held for trading investments 	融資產 寺作交易投資 香料提為無数公平傳傳	_	6,712.4
FVTPL	透過損益賬按公平價值 處理之投資	11,684.2	5,436.3
		11,684.2	12,148.7
cost (2017: loans and receivables) 成2 under non-current assets - Loans and advances to consumer finance customers (note 27) - Mortgage loans (note 28) - Amounts due from associates (note 31) - Term loans, trade and other receivables	高非流動資產之按攤銷 本計量之金融資產(二零 七年:貸款及應收款項) 肖費金融客戶貸款及 整款(附註27) 安揭貸款(附註28) 締營公司欠款(附註31) 与期貸款、貿易及 其他應收款項(附註30)	2,618.9 1,956.8 276.4 98.4	2,322.8 1,243.1 284.8 505.8
Financial assets measured at amortised cost (2017: loans and receivables) 成之 under current assets - Short-term pledged bank deposits and bank balances (note 32) - Bank deposits (note 32) - Cash and cash equivalents	為流動資產之按攤銷 本計量之金融資產(二零 七年:貸款及應收款項) 逗期抵押銀行存款 及銀行結餘(附註32) 银行存款(附註32) 見金及現金等價物 附註32)	20.0 353.5 5,629.1	1.2 787.7 3,330.3
(note 30) - Amounts due from brokers - Loans and advances to consumer finance customers (note 27) - Mortgage loans (note 28) - Amounts due from associates (note 31) - Amounts due from joint ventures	有期貸款、貿易及 其他應收款項(附註30) 至紀欠款 消費金融客戶貸款 及墊款(附註27) 安揭貸款(附註28) 營營公司欠款(附註31) 合營公司欠款 附註31)	4,867.8 516.5 7,150.8 1,897.4 288.5	3,175.6 728.7 6,840.8 877.3 233.8
		25,683.9	20,341.0
Financial assets at 透過其	出售金融資產 其他全面收益按公平 直處理之金融資產	319.2	707.6
		319.2	707.6
		37,687.3	33,197.3

綜合財務報表附註(續) 截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度

25. FINANCIAL ASSETS AND LIABILITIES (CONT'D)

NT'D) 25. 金融資產及負債(續)

The carrying amounts of the Group's financial liabilities at the end of the reporting period were as follows: 本集團金融負債於報告期末之賬面值如 下:

		2018 二零一八年	2017 二零一七年
		HK\$ Million	HK\$ Million
		百萬港元	百萬港元
Financial liabilities measured at amortised cost	按攤銷成本計量之金融負債		
Bank and other borrowings (note 38)Trade and other	一銀行及其他借貸(附註38) 一貿易及其他	9,531.6	4,525.3
payables (note 33) – Financial assets sold under repurchase	應付款項(附註33) 一回購協議下出售之金融	184.0	246.7
agreements (note 34)	資產(附註34)	1,216.5	1,071.0
 Amounts due to associates 	- 欠聯營公司款項	7.4	7.4
 Amounts due to joint ventures 	- 欠合營公司款項	40.1	0.1
Notes/papers payable (note 39)	-應付票據(附註39)	7,434.3	7,758.2
		18,413.9	13,608.7
Financial liabilities at FVTPI	透過損益賬按公平價值處理 之金融負債		
– Held for trading	一持作交易用途	425.3	166.0
		18,839.2	13,774.7

Transferred financial assets

The Group enters into transactions in the normal course of business by which it transfers recognised financial assets to third parties. In some cases these transfers may give rise to full derecognition of the financial assets concerned. In other cases where the Group has retained substantially all the risks and rewards of these assets, the Group continues to recognise the transferred assets.

The Group transfers financial assets that are not derecognised in their entirety primarily through the sale of debt securities with repurchase agreements.

Sales and repurchase agreements are transactions in which the Group sells a debt security and simultaneously agrees to repurchase it (or an asset that is substantially the same) at the agreed date and price. The repurchase prices are fixed and the Group is still exposed to substantially all the credit risks, market risks and rewards of those debt securities sold. These debt securities are not derecognised from the consolidated financial statements but regarded as "collateral" for the liabilities because the Group retains substantially all the risks and rewards of these debt securities. The proceeds received on the transfer are recognised as liabilities under "Financial assets sold under repurchase agreements".

已轉讓金融資產

本集團於正常業務過程中訂立交易,據此 將已確認金融資產轉讓予第三方。在若干 情況下,該等轉讓可能導致全面終止確認 有關金融資產。在其他情況下,倘本集團 保留該等資產的絕大部分風險及回報,則 本集團繼續確認已轉讓資產。

本集團主要透過出售附有回購協議的債務證券轉讓所有尚未終止確認的金融資產。

出售及回購協議為本集團出售一項證券並同時同意按協定日期及價格回購該債務證券或一項大致相同資產的交易。回購價格為固定,本集團仍須承受該等已出售債務證券的絕大部分信貸風險、市場風險及回報。由於本集團保留了該等債務證券不會大部分風險及回報,故該等債務證券不會於綜合財務報表內終止確認,但被視項於「回購協議下出售之金融資產」中確認為負債。

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25. FINANCIAL ASSETS AND LIABILITIES (CONT'D)

Transferred financial assets (Cont'd)

The following table sets out the carrying amounts of all financial assets transferred that are not derecognised in their entirety and associated liabilities.

Analysed by liabilities type 按負債類別分析

Financial assets sold under repurchase agreements (note 34)

回購協議下之出售之金融資產 (附註34)

Analysed by liabilities type 按負債類別分析

Financial assets sold under repurchase agreements (note 34)

回購協議下出售之金融資產 (附註34) 綜合財務報表附註(續)

截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度

25. 金融資產及負債(續)

已轉讓金融資產(續)

下表載列所有未終止確認的已轉讓金融資產及相關負債的賬面值。

At 31st December, 2018 於二零一八年十二月三十一日

	Carrying	
Carrying amount	amount	
of transferred	of associated	
assets	liabilities	
已轉讓資產之	相關負債	Net Position
賬面值	之賬面值	淨值
Financial assets		
at FVTPL		
透過損益賬		
按公平價值處理		
之金融資產		
HK\$ Million	HK\$ Million	HK\$ Million
百萬港元	百萬港元	百萬港元

1,483.7 1,216.5 267.2

At 31st December, 2017 於二零一七年十二月三十一日

	3 -/1-	~·- ·
	Carrying	
	amount	Carrying amount
	of associated	of transferred
	liabilities	assets
Net Position	相關負債	已轉讓資產之
淨值	之賬面值	賬面值
		Financial assets
		at FVTPL
		透過損益賬
		按公平價值處理
		之金融資產
HK\$ Million	HK\$ Million	HK\$ Million
百萬港元	百萬港元	百萬港元

1,280.2

1,071.0 209.2

25. FINANCIAL ASSETS AND LIABILITIES (CONT'D)

Financial assets and financial liabilities offsetting

The disclosures set out in the tables below include financial assets and financial liabilities that are subject to an enforceable master netting arrangement or similar agreement that covers similar financial instruments, irrespective of whether they are offset in the Group's consolidated statement of financial position.

The Group has entered certain derivative transactions that are covered by the International Swaps and Derivatives Association Master Agreements ("ISDA Agreements") signed with various banks. These derivative instruments are not offset in the consolidated statement of financial position as the ISDA Agreements are in place with a right of set off only in the event of default, insolvency or bankruptcy so that the Group currently has no legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts.

綜合財務報表附註(續)

截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度

25. 金融資產及負債(續)

抵銷金融資產及金融負債

下表所載披露包括金融資產及金融負債, 其為受可強制執行總淨額結算安排或涵蓋 類似金融工具的類似協議所規限,不論其 是否於本集團綜合財務狀況表內抵銷。

本集團已訂立若干衍生工具交易,其受與各家銀行簽訂的國際掉期及衍生工具主協議(「ISDA協議」)所涵蓋。由於ISDA協議訂明抵銷權只可於違約、無力償債或破產時行使,故本集團目前並無合法可強制執行權利抵銷已確認的金額,而該等衍生工具並無於綜合財務狀況表抵銷。

綜合財務報表附註(續) 截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度

25. FINANCIAL ASSETS AND LIABILITIES (CONT'D)

Financial assets and financial liabilities offsetting (Cont'd)

Financial assets and liabilities subject to offsetting, enforceable master netting arrangements and similar agreements:

25. 金融資產及負債(續)

抵銷金融資產及金融負債(續)

受抵銷、可強制執行總淨額結算安排及類似協議所規限的金融資產及負債如下:

Dolated amounts not offset in

		Gross amounts	Gross amounts set off in the consolidated	Net amounts presented in the consolidated	Related amoun consolidated state posit 並無於綜合 內抵銷的	ment of financial tion 財務狀況表	
		of recognised financial assets and liabilities 已確認金融資產及負債總額 HK\$ Million 百萬港元	statement of financial position 於綜合 財務狀况表內 抵銷總額 HK\$ Million 百萬港元	statement of financial position 於綜合 財務狀况表 呈列的淨額 HK\$ Million 百萬港元	Financial instruments 金融工具 HK\$ Million 百萬港元	Cash collateral received/ pledged 已收/已抵押 現金抵押 HK\$ Million 百萬港元	Net amount 淨額 HK\$ Million 百萬港元
At 31st December, 2018 Type of financial assets Financial assets at FVTPL Debt securities pledged as collateral for financial assets sold under repurchase agreements (note 34)	於二零一八年十二月三十一日 金融資產類型 透過損益賑按公平價值 處理之金融資產 作為回購協議下出售之 金融資產抵押的 債務證券(附註34)	1,438.9 1,483.7	(11.4)	1,427.5 1,483.7	(425.3) (1,216.5)	-	1,002.2 267.2
Type of financial liabilities Financial liabilities at FVTPL	金融負債類型 透過損益賬按公平價值 處理之金融負債	436.7	(11.4)	425.3	(425.3)	-	-
Financial assets sold under repurchase agreements	回購協議下出售之 金融資產	1,216.5		1,216.5	(1,216.5)	-	
At 31st December, 2017 Type of financial assets Financial assets at FVTPL	於二零一七年十二月三十一日 金融資產類型 透過損益賑按公平價值 處理之金融資產	2,538.9		2,538.9	(161.1)		2,377.8
Debt securities pledged as collateral for financial assets sold under repurchase agreements (note 34)	應性之並被貝里 作為回購協議下出售之 金融資產抵押的 債務證券(附註34)	1,280.2		1,280.2	(1,071.0)	-	209.2
Type of financial liabilities Financial liabilities at	金融負債類型 透過損益賬按公平價值						
FVTPL Financial assets sold under repurchase	透過損益取牧公十頁直 處理之金融負債 回購協議下出售之	161.1	-	161.1	(161.1)	-	-
agreements	四期前成下山台と金融資産	1,071.0	-	1,071.0	(1,071.0)	-	-

Further details on financial risk management of financial assets and liabilities are disclosed in note 42.

金融資產及負債之金融風險管理進一步詳 情載於附註42。

26. CONTRACT LIABILITIES

Revenue-related contract liabilities of HK\$16.5 million was recognised as at 31st December, 2018.

The timing of revenue recognition, progress billings to customers and payments received from customers would affect the amount of trade receivables, contract assets and contract liabilities recognised as at the reporting date on the consolidated statement of financial position.

The contract liabilities mainly relate to the advance consideration received from customers for providing financial advisory services.

Movement in the contract liabilities during the year ended 31st December, 2018 are as follows:

綜合財務報表附註(續)

截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度

26. 合約負債

16.5百萬港元的收入相關合約負債已於二 零一八年十二月三十一日確認。

收入確認時間、對客戶的進度發票及已收 客戶付款會影響於結算日在綜合財務狀況 表確認的應收貿易款項、合約資產及合約 負債金額。

合約負債主要涉及提供金融顧問服務之已 收客戶的預付代價。

截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度的 合約負債變動列載如下:

> 2018 二零一八年 HK\$ Million 百萬港元

Balance at 1st January
Revenue recognised that was included in
the contract liabilities at beginning of year
Increase due to cash received, excluding amount
recognised as revenue during the year

Balance at 31st December

於一月一日的結餘 於年初計入合約負債的 已確認收入 因已收現金增加,不包括於 年初已確認為收入的金額

於十二月三十一日的結餘

16.5

24.9

(18.9)

10.5

截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度

27. LOANS AND ADVANCES TO CONSUMER 27. 消費金融客戶貸款及墊款 FINANCE CUSTOMERS

		2018 二零一八年 HK\$ Million 百萬港元	2017 二零一七年 HK\$ Million 百萬港元
Loans and advances to consumer finance customers Hong Kong Mainland China Less: impairment allowance	消費金融客戶貸款 及墊款 香港 中國內地 減:減值撥備	7,803.4 2,611.9 (645.6)	6,544.2 3,282.7 (663.3)
Analysed for reporting purposes as: Non-current assets Current assets	為呈報目的所作之分析: 非流動資產 流動資產	9,769.7 2,618.9 7,150.8 9,769.7	9,163.6 2,322.8 6,840.8 9,163.6

Movements of impairment allowance during the year of 2017 were as follows:

二零一七年減值撥備之變動如下:

		2017 二零一七年 HK\$ Million 百萬港元
At 1st January Exchange adjustments Amounts written off Amounts recognised in profit or loss	於一月一日 匯兑調整 撤銷款項 於損益確認之款項	(906.3) (17.7) 700.8 (440.1)
At 31st December	於十二月三十一日	(663.3)

The information for 2018 is disclosed in note 42(b).

All the loans and advances bear interest at market interest rates.

The consumer finance division uses a provision matrix to calculate the impairment allowance for loans and advances to consumer finance customers. The provision rates are based on aging of different consumer financing loan products as groupings of various debtors that have similar loss patterns and different factors, including historical default rates and collectability, being adjusted by forward-looking information that is available without undue cost. In addition, loans and advances to consumer finance customers with significant balances are assessed for impairment individually based on historical credit information.

二零一八年的資料於附註42(b)披露。

所有貸款及墊款均按市場利率計息。

消費金融部門使用撥備矩陣計算消費金融客戶貸款及墊款的減值虧損。撥備率乃基於按具有類似虧損模式的各種債務人分組的不同消費金融貸款產品的賬齡及不同因素,包括過往違約率及可收回性,以及就無需過多成本即可獲得的前瞻性資料作調整。此外,具有重大結餘的消費金融客戶貸款及墊款會根據過往信貸資料個別評估減值。

綜合財務報表附註(續)

截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度

for the year ended 31st December, 2018

27. LOANS AND ADVANCES TO CONSUMER FINANCE CUSTOMERS (CONT'D)

As at 31st December, 2018, the aging analysis for the loans and advances to consumer finance customers that are past due is as follows:

27. 消費金融客戶貸款及墊款(續)

於二零一八年十二月三十一日,已逾期之 消費金融客戶貸款及墊款之賬齡分析如 下:

> 2018 二零一八年 HK\$ Million 百萬港元

Less than 31 days past due 31 to 60 days 61 to 90 days 91 to 180 days Over 180 days 逾期少於31日 31至60日 61至90日 91至180日 180日以上 528.6 50.4 11.9 48.2 109.2

748.3

2017 二零一七年 HK\$ Million

As at 31st December, 2017, the aging analysis for the loans and advances to consumer finance customers that are past due but not impaired is as follows:

於二零一七年十二月三十一日,已逾期但 無減值之消費金融客戶貸款及墊款之賬齡 分析如下:

百萬港元 Less than 31 days past due 逾期少於31日 538.7 31 to 60 days 31至60日 100.2 61 to 90 days 61至90日 52.9 91 to 180 days 91至180日 117.5 Over 180 days 180日以上 31.4

840.7

As at 31st December, 2018, loans and advances to consumer finance customers with aggregate carrying amount of HK\$748.3 million are past due. Out of the past due balances, HK\$157.4 million has been past due 90 days or more and is considered to be credit-impaired. The impairment provision has taken into account the credit quality of the underlying assets and the financial strength of the borrowers.

於二零一八年十二月三十一日,賬面值合 共748.3百萬港元的消費金融客戶貸款及 墊款已逾期。在已逾期的結餘中,157.4 百萬港元已逾期90日或以上,並視為已信 貸減值。減值撥備已計及相關資產的信貸 質素及借款人的財務實力。

27. LOANS AND ADVANCES TO CONSUMER FINANCE CUSTOMERS (CONT'D)

At the reporting date, loans and advances to consumer finance customers consisted of HK\$8,871.9 million unsecured (2017: HK\$8,881.3 million) and HK\$897.8 million secured (2017: HK\$282.3 million). The table below summarises its credit quality (gross balances net of impairment allowances) at the end of 2017:

綜合財務報表附註(續) 截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度

27. 消費金融客戶貸款及墊款(續)

於結算日,消費金融客戶貸款及墊款包括無抵押貸款8,871.9百萬港元(二零一七年:8,881.3百萬港元)及有抵押貸款897.8百萬港元(二零一七年:282.3百萬港元)。下表概述其於二零一七年末的信貸質素(總額扣除減值撥備):

2017 二零一七年 HK\$ Million 百萬港元

Credit quality

Neither past due nor individually impaired Past due but not impaired Individually impaired

信貸質素

並非逾期或個別減值 逾期但無減值 個別減值 8,266.4 840.7 56.5

9,163.6

The amount and type of collateral required depend on an assessment of the credit risk of the customer or counterparty.

As at 31st December, 2018, the gross carrying amount of loans and advances to consumer finance customers amounts to HK\$10,415.3 million (2017: HK\$9,826.9 million). The Group is entitled to sell or repledge collateral when there is default by the borrower. There has not been any significant changes in the quality of the collateral held for loans and advances to consumer finance customers.

The main types of collateral and credit enhancement obtained are as follows:

- for personal lending, charges over residential properties/commercial properties; and
- for commercial lending, corporate guarantees, charges over residential properties/commercial properties, charges over real estate properties, pledge of shares or debentures over the borrower's assets.

所需抵押款項及類別視乎客戶或交易對手 之信貸風險評估情況而定。

於二零一八年十二月三十一日,消費金融客戶貸款及墊款的賬面總值為10,415.3百萬港元(二零一七年:9,826.9百萬港元)。倘借款人違約,本集團有權出售或重新質押抵押品。就消費金融客戶貸款及墊款持有的抵押品質素並無重大變動。

所獲抵押品及信貸增強措拖的主要類別如下:

- 對於個人貸款,以住宅物業/商業物業抵押;及
- 對於商業貸款,以企業擔保、住宅物業/商業物業抵押、房地產物業抵押、股份抵押或借款人資產債券抵押。

綜合財務報表附註(續) 截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度

27. LOANS AND ADVANCES TO CONSUMER FINANCE CUSTOMERS (CONT'D)

In general, secured loans and advances are made to consumer finance customers with sufficient amount of collateral provided by them. Management requests additional collateral as appropriate in accordance with the underlying agreements, and monitors the market value of collateral during its review of the adequacy of the impairment allowance.

Estimates of the fair value of collateral are based on the valuation techniques commonly used for the corresponding assets at the time of borrowing.

It is the Group's policy to dispose of repossessed properties in an orderly fashion. The proceeds are used to reduce or repay the outstanding loan balances. In general, the Group does not retain repossessed properties for business purpose. As at 31st December, 2018, no repossessed properties were held by the Group (2017: Nil).

In respect of the secured loans and advances to customers with the carrying amount of HK\$183.5 million (2017: HK\$266.6 million), the fair value of collateral of such loans and advances can be objectively ascertained to cover the outstanding amount of loan balances based on quoted prices of collateral.

The carrying amounts of the loans and advances to consumer finance customers approximate their fair values.

27. 消費金融客戶貸款及墊款(續)

一般而言,有抵押貸款及墊款乃供給可提供充足抵押品之消費金融客戶。管理層會於適當時要求根據相關協議作出額外抵押,並於檢討減值撥備的充份性時監察抵押品的市值。

估計抵押品公平價值乃基於於借款時採用 以相應資產之常用估值方法而釐定。

本集團的政策是有序地變賣沒收物業。所得款項用作降低或償還未償還貸款結餘。一般而言,本集團不會保留沒收物業作商業用途。於二零一八年十二月三十一日,本集團並無持有沒收物業(二零一七年:無)。

向消費金融客戶提供的有抵押貸款及墊款(根據抵押品的報價,其抵押品的公平價值是可客觀確定為足夠償付未償還的貸款結餘)之賬面值為183.5百萬港元(二零一七年:266.6百萬港元)。

消費金融客戶貸款及墊款之賬面值與其公 平價值相若。 284

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28. MORTGAGE LOANS

綜合財務報表附註(續) 截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度

28. 按揭貸款

		2018 二零一八年 HK\$ Million 百萬港元	2017 二零一七年 HK\$ Million 百萬港元
Mortgage loans Hong Kong Less: impairment allowance	按揭貸款 香港 減:減值撥備	3,863.9 (9.7)	2,125.4 (5.0)
		3,854.2	2,120.4
Analysed for reporting purposes as: Non-current assets Current assets	為呈報目的所作之分析: 非流動資產 流動資產	1,956.8 1,897.4	1,243.1 877.3
		3,854.2	2,120.4

Movements of impairment allowance during the year of 2017 were as follows:

二零一七年減值撥備之變動如下:

		2017 二零一七年 HK\$ Million 百萬港元
At 1st January Amounts written off Amounts recognised in profit or loss	於一月一日 撇銷款項 於損益確認之款項	(3.2) 1.4 (3.2)
At 31st December	於十二月三十一日	(5.0)

The information for 2018 is disclosed in note 42(b).

The mortgage loans bear interest at market interest rates.

The mortgage loans have been reviewed by the mortgage loans division to assess impairment allowances which are based on an evaluation of collectability, aging analysis of accounts, fair value of collateral and on management's judgment, including the current creditworthiness and the past collection statistics of individual accounts and are adjusted for forward-looking information that is available without undue cost.

二零一八年的資料於附註42(b)披露。

按揭貸款按市場利率計息。

按揭貸款組已審閱按揭貸款,從而對減值 撥備進行評估,評估基礎為可收回性評 估、賬齡分析、抵押品公平價值及管理層 判斷,包括獨立客戶現時的信譽及過往收 款數據,並就無需過多成本即可取得的前 瞻性資料作調整。

for the year chaca 513t December, 2010

28. MORTGAGE LOANS (CONT'D)

As at 31st December, 2018, the aging analysis for the mortgage loans that are past due is as follows:

綜合財務報表附註(續)

截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度

28. 按揭貸款(續)

於二零一八年十二月三十一日,已逾期之 按揭貸款之賬齡分析如下:

> 2018 二零一八年 HK\$ Million 百萬港元

Less than 31 days past due 31 to 60 days 61 to 90 days 91 to 180 days Over 180 days 逾期少於31日 31至60日 61至90日 91至180日 180日以上 306.0 285.5 61.4 22.5 7.5

682.9

2017 二零一七年 HK\$ Million 百萬港元

237.4

As at 31st December, 2017, the aging analysis for the mortgage loans that are past due but not impaired is as follows:

於二零一七年十二月三十一日,已逾期但 無減值之按揭貸款之賬齡分析如下:

Less than 31 days past due 31 to 60 days 61 to 90 days 91 to 180 days Over 180 days 逾期少於31日 218.0 31至60日 6.5 61至90日 4.1 91至180日 8.3 180日以上 0.5

As at 31st December, 2018, mortgage loans with aggregate carrying amount of HK\$682.9 million are past due. Out of the past due balances, HK\$30.0 million has been past due 90 days or more and is considered to be credit-impaired. The impairment provision has taken into account the credit quality of the underlying assets and the financial strength

於二零一八年十二月三十一日,賬面值合 共682.9百萬港元的按揭貸款已逾期。在 已逾期的結餘中,30.0百萬港元已逾期90 日或以上,並視為已信貸減值。減值撥備 已計及相關資產的信貸質素及借款人的財 務實力。

of the borrowers.

28. MORTGAGE LOANS (CONT'D)

At the reporting date, mortgage loans consisted of HK\$175.1 million unsecured (2017: HK\$230.1 million) and HK\$3,679.1 million secured (2017: HK\$1,890.3 million). The table below summarises its credit quality (gross balances net of impairment allowances) at the end of 2017:

綜合財務報表附註(續) 截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度

28. 按揭貸款(續)

於結算日,按揭貸款包括無抵押貸款 175.1百萬港元(二零一七年:230.1百萬 港元)及有抵押貸款3,679.1百萬港元(二 零一七年:1,890.3百萬港元)。下表概述 二零一七年末其信貸質素(總額扣除減值 撥備):

> 2017 二零一七年 HK\$ Million 百萬港元

Credit quality

Neither past due nor individually impaired Past due but not impaired Individually impaired

信貸質素

並非逾期或個別減值 逾期但無減值 個別減值 1,827.5 237.4 55.5

2,120.4

The amount and type of collateral required depends on an assessment of the credit risk of the customer. The main types of collateral and credit enhancement obtained are mortgages over residential properties/commercial properties.

As at 31st December, 2018, the gross carrying amount of mortgage loans amounts to HK3,863.9 million (2017: HK\$2,125.4 million). The Group is entitled to sell or repledge collateral when there is a default by the borrower. There has not been any significant change in the quality of collateral held for mortgage loans.

In general, mortgage loans are granted on a secured basis with sufficient amount of collateral provided by the borrower. Management requests additional collateral as appropriate in accordance with the underlying agreements, and monitors the market value of collateral during its review of the adequacy of the impairment allowance.

Estimates of the fair value of collateral are based on valuation techniques commonly used for the corresponding assets at the time of borrowing.

It is the Group's policy to dispose of repossessed properties in an orderly fashion. The proceeds are used to reduce or repay the outstanding loan balances. In general, the Group does not retain repossessed properties for business purposes. At the end of the reporting period, the net realisable value of the repossessed properties held by mortgage loans division is HK\$7.9 million (2017: Nil).

所需抵押款項及類別視乎客戶之信貸風險 評估情況而定。所獲抵押品及信貸增強措 拖的主要類別為住宅物業/商業物業按 揭。

於二零一八年十二月三十一日,按揭貸款的賬面總值為3,863.9百萬港元(二零一七年:2,125.4百萬港元)。倘借款人違約,本集團有權出售或重新質押抵押品。就按揭貸款持有的抵押品質素並無重大變動。

一般而言,以抵押基準授出的按揭貸款是提供給具有足夠金額的抵押品客戶。管理層會於適當時要求根據相關協議作出額外抵押,並於檢討減值撥備的充份性時監察抵押品的市值。

估計抵押品公平價值乃基於於借款時採用 以相應資產之常用估值方法而釐定。

本集團的政策是有序地變賣沒收物業。所得款項用作降低或償還未償還貸款結餘。一般而言,本集團不會保留沒收物業作商業用途。於報告期末,按揭貸款部持有的沒收物業的可變現淨值為7.9百萬港元(二零一七年:無)。

28. MORTGAGE LOANS (CONT'D)

In respect of the secured mortgage loans to mortgage loan customers with the carrying amount of HK\$3,679.1 million (2017: HK\$1,890.3 million), the fair value of the collateral of such mortgage loans can be objectively ascertained to cover the outstanding amount of the loan balances based on quoted prices of collateral.

The unsecured mortgage loans include second mortgage loans in respect of which the Group are not entitled to a first charge of relevant mortgage properties. Management considers that the second mortgage loans are classified as unsecured loans due to the impediment in repossession of the mortgage properties and the practical difficulties to ascertain the residual collateral value after claim by first mortgagee.

The carrying amounts of the mortgage loans approximate their fair values.

The Group's mortgage loans carried an average interest rate of 8.50% (2017: 10.15%) per annum.

29. DEFERRED TAX

The following are the major deferred tax assets and liabilities of the Group recognised and movements thereon during the current and prior years:

綜合財務報表附註(續) 截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度

28. 按揭貸款(續)

向按揭貸款客戶提供的有抵押按揭貸款 (根據抵押品的報價,該等按揭貸款抵押 品的公平價值是可客觀確定為足夠償付未 償還的貸款結餘)之賬面值為3,679.1百萬 港元(二零一七年:1,890.3百萬港元)。

無抵押按揭貸款包括有二按貸款,本集團並無有關按揭物業第一押記之權利。由於收回按揭物業存有阻礙以及確定抵押品於承受第一押記抵押人索償後的剩餘價值存在實際困難,故管理層認為該等二按貸款是分類為無抵押。

按揭貸款之賬面值與其公平價值相若。

本集團按揭貸款之平均年利率為8.50% (二零一七年:10.15%)。

29. 遞延税項

本集團於本年度及過往年度中確認的主要 遞延税項資產及負債以及相關變動如下:

		Accelerated tax depreciation 加速 税務折舊 HK\$ Million 百萬港元	Revaluation of assets 資產重估 HK\$ Million 百萬港元	Provisions and impairment 撥備及減值 HK\$ Million 百萬港元	Unrealised gain 未變現收益 HK\$ Million 百萬港元	Undistributed earnings and others 未分派 盈利及其他 HK\$ Million 百萬港元	Tax losses 税項虧損 HK\$ Million 百萬港元	Total 總計 HK\$ Million 百萬港元
At 1st January, 2017 Exchange adjustments Recognised in profit or loss	於二零一七年一月一日 匯兑調整 於損益確認	253.1 - 8.9	41.2 0.7 (2.1)	(728.1) (41.9) 39.4	55.3 4.8 (4.0)	- (0.2)	(81.9) (0.8) (8.6)	(460.4) (37.2) 33.4
At 31st December, 2017 Impact on initial application of HKFRS 9	於二零一七年十二月三十一日 首次採用香港財務報告 準則第9號之影響	262.0	39.8	(730.6)	56.1	(0.2)	(91.3)	(464.2)
At 1st January, 2018 Exchange adjustments Recognised in profit or loss	於二零一八年一月一日 匯兑調整 於損益確認	262.0 - 16.1	39.8 (0.5)	(758.8) 36.0 (96.5)	56.1 (4.0) 3.1	(0.2)	(91.3) 0.5 (3.6)	(492.4) 32.0 (80.9)
At 31st December, 2018	於二零一八年十二月三十一日	278.1	39.3	(819.3)	55.2	(0.2)	(94.4)	(541.3)

29. DEFERRED TAX (CONT'D)

For reporting purposes, certain deferred tax assets and liabilities have been offset in the underlying subsidiaries. The following is the analysis of the deferred tax balances of the Group for financial reporting purposes:

At the end of the reporting period, the Group had unrecognised deductible temporary differences of HK\$5.0 million (2017: HK\$5.1 million) and estimated unused tax losses of HK\$2,020.6 million (2017: HK\$1,749.9 million) available to offset against future assessable profits. A deferred tax asset has been recognised in respect of HK\$546.2 million (2017: HK\$526.7 million) of such losses. No deferred tax asset has been recognised in respect of the remaining HK\$1,474.4 million (2017: HK\$1,223.2 million) of losses due to the unpredictability of future assessable profit streams. The unrecognised tax losses included a sum of HK\$7.3 million that will expire during 2019 to 2023 (2017: HK\$11.2 million will expire during 2018 to 2022).

Under the Law of PRC on Enterprise Income Tax, withholding tax is imposed on dividends declared in respect of profits earned by the PRC subsidiaries from 1st January, 2008 onwards. Deferred tax has not been provided for in the consolidated financial statements in respect of temporary differences attributable to accumulated profits of the PRC subsidiaries amounting to HK\$1,081.6 million at the end of the reporting period (2017: HK\$1,026.5 million). The taxable temporary differences have not been recognised as the Group is able to control the timing of the reversal of the temporary differences and it is probable that the temporary differences will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

There were no other significant temporary differences that are not recognised arising during the year or at the end of the reporting period.

綜合財務報表附註(續) 截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度

29. 遞延税項(續)

就報告目的而言,若干遞延税項資產及負 債已於相關附屬公司抵銷。以下為本集團 就財務報告所作的遞延税項結餘分析:

2018	2017
二零一八年	二零一七年
HK\$ Million	HK\$ Million
百萬港元	百萬港元
189.0	185.4
(730.3)	(649.6)
(541.3)	(464.2)

於報告期末,本集團之未確認可扣稅臨時差額為5.0百萬港元(二零一七年:5.1百萬港元)及可抵銷未來應課稅溢利之估計未動用稅項虧損2,020.6百萬港元(二零一七年:1,749.9百萬港元)。其中就546.2百萬港元(二零一七年:526.7百萬港元)之上述虧損確認遞延稅項資產。因未能定未來應課稅溢利流,故並無確認餘下1,474.4百萬港元(二零一七年:1,223.2百萬港元)虧損包括將於二零一九年至二零二三年內到期之款項7.3百萬港元(二零一七年:二零一八年至二零二二年內到期之款項11.2百萬港元)。

根據中國企業所得稅法,自二零零八年一月一日起,須就中國附屬公司所得溢利所宣派的股息繳納預扣稅。於報告期末,並無就中國附屬公司的累計溢利應佔臨時差額1,081.6百萬港元(二零一七年:1,026.5百萬港元)於綜合財務報表中計提遞延稅項撥備。由於本集團可控制撥回臨時差額之時間,而臨時差額可能將不會在可見將來撥回,因此並無確認應課稅臨時差額。

年內或於報告期末,並無其他未確認之重 大臨時差額。

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30. TERM LOANS, TRADE RECEIVABLES, PREPAYMENTS AND OTHER RECEIVABLES

30. 有期貸款、應收貿易款項、預付款項 及其他應收款項

		2018 二零一八年 HK\$ Million 百萬港元	2017 二零一七年 HK\$ Million 百萬港元
Secured term loans Unsecured term loans	有抵押有期貸款 無抵押有期貸款	3,033.7 1,601.2	2,223.4 1,322.2
Less: impairment allowance	減:減值撥備	4,634.9 (167.2)	3,545.6 (87.3)
		4,467.7	3,458.3
Trade receivables – accounts receivable from customers Less: impairment allowance	應收貿易款項-來自 客戶之應收款項 減:減值撥備	64.3 (0.5)	48.5 (1.1)
		63.8	47.4
Guarantee and consultancy fee receivables Payments on behalf of customers* Less: impairment allowance	應收擔保費及 顧問費 代客戶付款* 減:減值撥備	- - -	0.5 6.3 (6.6)
		-	0.2
Notes Less: impairment allowance	票據 減:減值撥備	19.6 (0.1)	_
		19.5	_
Other receivables Deposits Others Less: impairment allowance	其他應收款項 按金 其他 減:減值撥備	63.6 351.6 -	58.8 116.7 –
		415.2	175.5
Term loans, trade and other receivables at amortised cost Prepayments	按攤銷成本列賬之 有期貸款、貿易及 其他應收款項 預付款項	4,966.2 22.1	3,681.4 36.1
		4,988.3	3,717.5
Analysed for reporting purposes as: Non-current assets Current assets	為呈報目的所作之分析: 非流動資產 流動資產	98.4 4,889.9	505.8 3,211.7
		4,988.3	3,717.5

^{*} The Group has provided guarantees to guarantee the repayment of debts owed by the loan guarantee customers to their lenders. At 31st December, 2018, the outstanding guarantee amount was HK\$0.3 million (2017: HK\$19.2 million). Payments on behalf of customers represented payments made by the Group to reimburse the beneficiaries of the guarantees ("Holders") for losses the Holders incurred because the customers failed to make payments when due in accordance with the term of the corresponding debt instruments.



^{*} 本集團提供保證以保證貸款保證客戶償還所欠 其貸方之債務。於二零一八年十二月三十一 日,有關保證之結餘為0.3百萬港元(二零一七 年:19.2百萬港元)。代客戶付款指由於客戶 未能按照相應債務工具之期限於到期時支付款 項,本集團付款以向擔保之受益人(「持有人」) 償付持有人由此產生之損失。

30. TERM LOANS, TRADE RECEIVABLES, PREPAYMENTS AND OTHER RECEIVABLES (CONT'D)

It is the Group's policy to dispose of repossessed collateral in an orderly fashion.

As at 31st December, 2018, the gross carrying amount of secured term loans amounts to HK\$3,033.7 million (2017: HK\$2,223.4 million). The Group is entitled to sell or repledge collateral when there is default by the borrower. There has not been any significant changes in the quality of the collateral held for secured term loans.

The following is an aged analysis of trade and other receivables based on the date of invoice/contract note at the reporting date:

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30. 有期貸款、應收貿易款項、預付款項及其他應收款項(續)

本集團的政策是有序地變賣沒收抵押品。

於二零一八年十二月三十一日,有抵押有期貸款的賬面總值為3,033.7百萬港元(二零一七年:2,223.4百萬港元)。倘借款人違約,本集團有權出售或重新質押抵押品。就有抵押有期貸款持有的抵押品質素並無重大變動。

以下為於結算日之貿易及其他應收款項根 據發票/合約單據日期作出之賬齡分析:

		2018 二零一八年 HK\$ Million 百萬港元	2017 二零一七年 HK\$ Million 百萬港元
Less than 31 days 31 to 60 days 61 to 90 days 91 to 180 days Over 180 days	少於31日	314.7	27.7
	31至60日	16.6	10.6
	61至90日	7.6	6.5
	91至180日	4.0	4.0
	180日以上	0.9	0.8
Term loans, trade and other receivables without aging* Less: impairment allowances	並無賬齡之有期貸款以及	343.8	49.6
	貿易及其他應收款項*	4,790.2	3,726.8
	減:減值撥備	(167.8)	(95.0)
Term loans, trade and other receivables at amortised cost	按攤銷成本列賬之有期貸款、 貿易及其他應收款項	4,966.2	3,681.4

^{*} No aging analysis is disclosed for term loan financing, as, in the opinion of the management, the aging analysis does not give additional value in view of the nature of the term loan financing business.

管理層認為,鑒於有期貸款融資的業務性質, 賬齡分析意義不大,因此並無披露有期貸款融 資之賬齡分析。

截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度

30. TERM LOANS, TRADE RECEIVABLES, PREPAYMENTS AND OTHER RECEIVABLES (CONT'D)

30. 有期貸款、應收貿易款項、預付款項 及其他應收款項(續)

The gross amount of impaired receivables at the end of 2017 and the movement of impairment allowances during the year of 2017 were as follows:

於二零一七年末有減值應收款項總額及減 值撥備於二零一七年之變動如下:

		Term loans 有期貸款 HK\$ Million 百萬港元	Trade receivables 應收貿易款項 HK\$ Million 百萬港元	Other receivables 其他應收款項 HK\$ Million 百萬港元	Total 總計 HK\$ Million 百萬港元
At 31st December, 2017	於二零一七年十二月三十一日				
Gross amount of impaired receivables	有減值應收款項總額	125.1	2.9	6.8	134.8
Individually assessed impairment allowances	個別評估減值 撥備				
Balance brought forward	結存承上	(0.4)	(0.4)	(56.1)	(56.9)
Exchange adjustments	匯兑調整	-	-	(2.0)	(2.0)
Amounts written off	撇銷款項	-	-	71.5	71.5
Amounts recognised in profit or loss	於損益確認之款項	(86.9)	(0.7)	(20.0)	(107.6)
Balance carried forward	結存轉下	(87.3)	(1.1)	(6.6)	(95.0)
Net carrying amount of impaired receivables	有減值應收款項之 賬面淨值	37.8	1.8	0.2	39.8

As at 31st December, 2018, the aging analysis for trade and other receivables that are past due is as follows:

於二零一八年十二月三十一日,已逾期的 貿易及其他應收款項的賬齡分析如下:

> 2018 二零一八年 HK\$ Million 百萬港元

Less than 31 days	少於31日	19.0
31 to 60 days	31至60日	4.7
61 to 90 days	61至90日	5.7
91 to 180 days	91至180日	1.7
Over 180 days	180目以上	0.2
,		
		31.3

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Less than 31 days 31 to 60 days 61 to 90 days 91 to 180 days

30. TERM LOANS, TRADE RECEIVABLES, PREPAYMENTS AND OTHER RECEIVABLES (CONT'D)

As at 31st December, 2017, the aging analysis for trade and other receivables that are past due but not impaired is as follows:

綜合財務報表附註(續)

截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度

30. 有期貸款、應收貿易款項、預付款項及其他應收款項(續)

於二零一七年十二月三十一日,已逾期但 無減值之貿易及其他應收款項之賬齡分析 如下:

	2017
	二零一七年
	HK\$ Million
	百萬港元
少於31日	13.5
31至60日	5.3
61至90日	3.0
91至180日	0.4

amortised cost approximate their fair values.

Further details on financial risk management of term loans, trade and other receivables are disclosed in note 42.

The carrying amounts of the trade and other receivables at

按攤銷成本列賬之貿易及其他應收款項的 賬面值與其公平價值相若。

22.2

有期貸款、貿易及其他應收款項之金融風 險管理之進一步詳情載於附註42。

截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度

31. AMOUNTS DUE FROM ASSOCIATES AND JOINT VENTURES

31. 聯營公司及合營公司欠款

(i) Amounts due from associates

(i) 聯營公司欠款

		2018 二零一八年 HK\$ Million 百萬港元	2017 二零一七年 HK\$ Million 百萬港元
Advances Less: impairment allowance	墊款 減:減值撥備	582.0 (17.1)	535.7 (17.1)
		564.9	518.6
Analysed for reporting purposes as:	為呈報目的所作之分析:	0764	2040
Non-current assets Current assets	非流動資產 流動資產	276.4 288.5	284.8 233.8
		564.9	518.6

The details of impaired advances to associates during the year 2017 were as follows:

二零一七年聯營公司有減值墊款詳情 如下:

		2017 二零一七年 HK\$ Million 百萬港元
Gross amount of impaired advances to associates	聯營公司有減值墊款總額	17.3
Individually assessed impairment allowances At 1st January and 31st December	個別評估減值撥備 於一月一日及 於十二月三十一日	(17.1)
Net carrying amount of impaired advances to associates	聯營公司已減值墊款 賬面淨值	0.2

The information for 2018 is disclosed in note 42(b).

二零一八年的資料於附註42(b)披露。

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綜合財務報表附註(續)

截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度

31. 聯營公司及合營公司欠款(續)

31. AMOUNTS DUE FROM ASSOCIATES AND JOINT VENTURES (CONT'D)

(ii) Amounts due from joint ventures

(ii) 合營公司欠款

		2018 二零一八年 HK\$ Million 百萬港元	2017 二零一七年 HK\$ Million 百萬港元
Advances Less: impairment allowance	墊款 減:減值撥備	9.8	9.1
Analysed for reporting purposes as current assets	為呈報目的分析為 流動資產	9.8	9.1

Further details of amounts due from associates and joint ventures are disclosed in notes 42 and 48.

聯營公司及合營公司欠款之進一步詳情載 於附註42及48。

32. BANK DEPOSITS, CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS 32. 銀行存款、現金及現金等價物

		2018	2017
		二零一八年 HK\$ Million 百萬港元	二零一七年 HK\$ Million 百萬港元
Bank balances and cash Fixed deposits with banks with	銀行結餘及現金 於三個月內到期之	2,950.2	2,023.1
a term within 3 months	銀行定期存款	2,678.9	1,307.2
Cash and cash equivalents Short-term pledged bank deposits and	現金及現金等價物 短期抵押銀行存款及	5,629.1	3,330.3
bank balances	銀行結餘	20.0	1.2
Fixed deposits with banks with a term between 4 to 12 months	於四至十二個月內到期之 銀行定期存款	353.5	787.7
		6,002.6	4,119.2

The carrying amounts of bank deposits, cash and cash equivalents approximate their fair values.

Further details on financial risk management of bank deposits, cash and cash equivalents are disclosed in note 42.

銀行存款、現金及現金等價物之賬面值與 其公平價值相若。

銀行存款、現金及現金等價物之金融風險 管理之進一步詳情載於附註42。

截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度

33. TRADE PAYABLES, OTHER PAYABLES AND ACCRUALS

33. 應付貿易款項、其他應付款項及應計 款項

		2018	2017
		二零一八年	二零一七年
		HK\$ Million	HK\$ Million
		百萬港元	百萬港元
Accounts payable to customers	應付客戶款項	32.0	5.5
Deposit received	已收按金	52.1	2.0
Other accounts payable	其他應付款項	99.9	239.2
Trade and other payables at	按攤銷成本列賬之貿易及		
amortised cost	其他應付款項	184.0	246.7
Accrued staff costs and other accrued	應付員工成本及		
expenses	其他應計費用	198.8	216.7
		382.8	463.4

The following is an aged analysis of the trade payables, other payables and accruals based on the date of invoice/contract note at the reporting date:

以下為於結算日之應付貿易款項、其他應 付款項及應計款項根據發票/合約單據日 期作出之賬齡分析:

		2018 二零一八年	2017 二零一七年
		HK\$ Million 百萬港元	HK\$ Million 百萬港元
		T 13/6/0	
Less than 31 days/repayable on demand	少於31日/於要求時償還	66.3	46.7
, , ,	31至60日	11.2	8.8
61 to 90 days	61至90日	12.9	9.2
/	91至180日	1.3	-
Over 180 days	180日以上	0.7	0.1
Accrued staff costs, other accrued	並無賬齡之應付員工成本、	92.4	64.8
expenses and other payables without aging	其他應計費用及 其他應付款項	290.4	398.6
		382.8	463.4

The carrying amounts of the trade payables, other payables and accruals at amortised cost approximate their fair values.

按攤銷成本列賬之應付貿易款項、其他應 付款項及應計款項賬面值與其公平價值相 若。

綜合財務報表附註(續) 截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度

34. FINANCIAL ASSETS SOLD UNDER REPURCHASE AGREEMENTS

34. 回購協議下出售之金融資產

20182017二零一八年二零一七年HK\$ MillionHK\$ Million百萬港元百萬港元

Analysed by collateral type:
Debt instruments classified as:
Financial assets at
FVTPI

按抵押品類型分析: 債務工具分類為: 透過損益賬按公平價值 處理之金融資產

1,216.5 1,071.0

As at 31st December, 2018, debt instruments which are classified as financial assets at FVTPL with carrying amount of HK\$1,483.7 million (2017: HK\$1,280.2 million) were sold under repurchase agreements with other financial institutions. All repurchase agreements are due within 12 months from the end of the reporting period. Details of the arrangement are set out in note 25.

於二零一八年十二月三十一日,分類為透過損益賬按公平價值處理之金融資產之 賬面值為1,483.7百萬港元(二零一七年: 1,280.2百萬港元)之債務工具已根據與其 他財務機構之回購協議出售。所有回購協 議均於報告期末起計12個月內到期。該安 排詳情載於附註25。

35. SHARE CAPITAL

35. 股本

		Number of shares 股份數目	Value 價值 HK\$ Million 百萬港元
Issued and fully paid: At 1st January, 2017 Shares repurchased and cancelled	已發行及繳足: 於二零一七年一月一日 購回及註銷股份	176,820,118 (1,066,000)	2,221.7
At 31st December, 2017, 1st January, 2018 and 31st December, 2018	於二零一七年十二月三十一日、 二零一八年一月一日及 二零一八年十二月三十一日	175,754,118	2,221.7

During the year ended 31st December, 2017, the Company repurchased 1,066,000 shares of the Company through purchases on the Stock Exchange at an aggregate consideration of HK\$52.5 million. All the shares were cancelled after the repurchases.

截至二零一七年十二月三十一日止年度,本公司於聯交所購回1,066,000股自身股份,總代價為52.5百萬港元。所有股份已於購回後已註銷。

36. 其他全面(費用)收益之分析

36. ANALYSIS OF OTHER COMPREHENSIVE (EXPENSES) INCOME

		Att	ributable to own 本公司版		any	Non-controlling interests 非控股權益			
		Property revaluation reserve 物業 重估儲備 HK\$ Million 百萬港元	Investment revaluation reserve 投資 重估儲備 HK\$ Million 百萬港元	Translation reserve 匯兌儲備 HK\$ Million 百萬港元	Capital and other reserves 資本及 其他儲備 HK\$ Million 百萬港元	Share of net assets of subsidiaries 應佔附屬公司 淨資產 HK\$ Million 百萬港元	Total 總額 HK\$ Million 百萬港元		
For the year ended 31st December, 2018 Financial assets at fair value through	截至二零一八年十二月 三十一日止年度 透過其他全面收益按公平								
other comprehensive income Reclassification adjustment to profit or loss	價值處理之金融資產 於視作出售一間聯營公司時	-	(71.3)	-	-	(66.7)	(138.0)		
on deemed disposal of an associate Reclassification adjustment to profit or loss	重新分類調整至損益賬 於出售一間聯營公司時	-	-	1.6	-	0.5	2.1		
on disposal of an associate	重新分類調整至損益賬	-	-	(3.5)	(2.2)	(1.9)	(7.6)		
Reclassification adjustment to profit or loss on disposal of joint ventures	於出售合營公司時 重新分類調整至損益賬	-	1.3	_	_	1.5	2.8		
Exchange differences arising on translation 折算海外業務	折算海外業務賬項而產生 之匯兑差額	_	_	(81.6)	_	(248.3)	(329.9)		
Share of other comprehensive (expenses)	應佔聯營公司	應佔聯營公司	應佔聯營公司	(0.5)	(00 =)	, ,	0.0		
income of associates Share of other comprehensive (expenses)	其他全面(費用)收益 應佔合營公司	(0.5)	(22.7)	(186.8)	0.2	(70.2)	(280.0)		
income of joint ventures	其他全面(費用)收益	-	(1.4)	(2.0)	1.2	(2.1)	(4.3)		
		(0.5)	(94.1)	(272.3)	(0.8)	(387.2)	(754.9)		
For the year ended 31st December, 2017	截至二零一七年十二月 三十一日止年度								
Available-for-sale financial assets Exchange differences arising on translation of foreign operations Share of other comprehensive income of associates Share of other comprehensive income of joint ventures 可供出售金融資產 折算海外業務賬項而產生 之匯兑差額 應佔聯營公司其他 全面收益		-	38.5	-	-	6.2	44.7		
	-	-	120.2	-	345.4	465.6			
	全面收益	1.1	23.5	280.4	_	103.1	408.1		
	應佔合營公司其他	_	0.9	0.1	0.2	1.3	2.5		
		1.1	62.9	400.7	0.2	456.0	920.9		

37. RESERVES

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37. 儲備

		2018 二零一八年 HK\$ Million 百萬港元	2017 二零一七年 HK\$ Million 百萬港元
Property revaluation reserve Investment revaluation reserve Translation reserve Non-distributable reserve Capital and other reserves Accumulated profits Dividend reserve	物業重估儲備 投資重估儲備 匯兑儲備 非供派發儲備 資本及其他儲備 累計溢利 股息儲備	245.0 (107.3) (162.2) 55.2 (1.4) 23,568.6 413.0 24,010.9	245.5 238.9 110.1 55.2 (6.8) 21,791.8 413.0

38. BANK AND OTHER BORROWINGS

38. 銀行及其他借貸

	000 2013 200	1017	
		2018 二零一八年 HK\$ Million 百萬港元	2017 二零一七年 HK\$ Million 百萬港元
Bank loans Other borrowings	銀行貸款 其他借貸	9,469.5 62.1	4,490.3 35.0
		9,531.6	4,525.3
Analysed as: Secured Unsecured	列為: 有抵押 無抵押	3,137.3 6,394.3	990.0 3,535.3
		9,531.6	4,525.3
Bank loans are repayable as follows: On demand or within one year More than one year but not exceeding two years More than two years but not exceeding five years Bank loans with a repayment on demand clause are repayable as follows: Within one year	銀行貸款償還期限如下: 要求時償還或一年內 一年以上但不超過 兩年 兩年以上但不超過 五年 具有按要求償還條文之 銀行貸款償還期限如下: 一年內	3,767.0 1,899.7 - 3,300.8	1,752.9 1,395.8 309.6 1,018.0
More than one year but not exceeding two years More than two years but not exceeding five years	一年以上但不超過 兩年 兩年以上但不超過 五年	56.0 446.0	14.0
		9,469.5	4,490.3
Other borrowings are repayable over five years	其他借貸於五年後 償還	62.1	35.0
Less: Amount repayable within one year shown under current liabilities	減:須於一年內償還及 列於流動負債之款項	9,531.6 (7,569.8)	(2,784.9)
Amount due after one year	一年後到期之款項	1,961.8	1,740.4

38. BANK AND OTHER BORROWINGS (CONT'D)

The Group's bank loans and other borrowings that are denominated in currencies other than Hong Kong dollars are set out below:

British pound	英鎊
Renminbi	人民幣
US dollar	美元

Further details on financial risk management of bank and other borrowings are disclosed in note 42.

Details of the assets of the Group pledged to secure bank and other borrowings are set out in note 47.

The carrying amounts of the bank and other borrowings approximate their fair values.

綜合財務報表附註(續)

截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度

38. 銀行及其他借貸(續)

本集團以港元以外之貨幣列值之銀行貸款 及其他借貸列載如下:

2018	2017
二零一八年	二零一七年
HK\$ Million	HK\$ Million
百萬港元	百萬港元
126.6	137.0
114.1	_
72.7	206.5
313.4	343.5

銀行及其他借貸之金融風險管理之進一步 詳情載於附註42。

本集團為銀行及其他借貸抵押之資產詳情 載於附註47。

銀行及其他借貸之賬面值與其公平價值相 若。

39. NOTES/PAPERS PAYABLE

綜合財務報表附註(續) 截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度

39. 應付票據

	一彦 レ圧
	二零一七年 IK\$ Million
百萬港元	百萬港元
US dollar denominated notes ("US\$ Notes") 美元票據(「美元票據」) 4.75% US dollar denominated notes 於二零二一年五月到期之	
maturing in May 2021 4.75%美元票據 ("4.75% Notes") (「4.75%票據」) 2,509.0	2,501.7
4.65% US dollar denominated notes 於二零二二年九月到期之 maturing in September 2022 4.65%美元票據	2,301.7
("4.65% Notes") (「4.65%票據」) 4,289.1	4,280.3
UV delles deservingted geter/essess #二冊據	
HK dollar denominated notes/papers 港元票據 ("HK\$ Notes/Papers") (「港元票據」)	
HK dollar denominated notes/papers 港元票據 636.2	448.2
Renminbi denominated notes 人民幣票據	
Renminbi denominated notes 人民幣票據 6.9% Renminbi denominated notes 於二零一八年五月到期之	
maturing in May 2018 6.9%人民幣票據 –	528.0
7,434.3	7,758.2
Analysed for reporting purposes as: 為呈報目的所作之分析: Current liabilities 流動負債 740.7	1,063.8
Non-current liabilities 非流動負債 6,693.6	6,694.4
,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	
7,434.3	7,758.2

The US\$/HK\$ Notes were issued by Sun Hung Kai & Co. (BVI) Limited, a subsidiary of SHK, under a US\$2 billion guaranteed medium term note programme.

The HK\$ Notes/Papers were issued by Sun Hung Kai (ECP) Limited, a subsidiary of SHK, under a US\$1 billion guaranteed commercial paper programme.

新鴻基之附屬公司Sun Hung Kai & Co. (BVI) Limited根據20億美元擔保中期票據發行計劃發行了美元/港元票據。

新鴻基之附屬公司Sun Hung Kai (ECP) Limited根據10億美元擔保商業票據發行 計劃發行了港元票據。

39. NOTES/PAPERS PAYABLE (CONT'D)

The 4.75% Notes are listed on the Stock Exchange. The nominal value of the 4.75% Notes after eliminating the intra-group holdings was US\$323.5 million or equivalent to HK\$2,533.1 million (2017: US\$323.5 million or equivalent to HK\$2,529.1 million) at the reporting date. The fair value of the 4.75% Notes after eliminating the intra-group holdings based on the price quoted from pricing service at the reporting date was HK\$2,476.2 million (2017: HK\$2,627.2 million) which was categorised as level 2.

The 4.65% Notes are listed on the Stock Exchange. The nominal value of the 4.65% Notes after eliminating the intra-group holdings was US\$540.8 million or equivalent to HK\$4,234.7 million (2017: US\$540.8 million or equivalent to HK\$4,228.0 million) at the reporting date. The fair value of the 4.65% Notes after eliminating the intra-group holdings based on the price quoted from pricing service at the reporting date was HK\$4,291.1 million (2017: HK\$4,291.1 million) which was categorised as level 2.

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39. 應付票據(續)

4.75%票據已於聯交所上市。於結算日,經扣除集團間持有之票據後,4.75%票據之面值為323.5百萬美元或相當於2,533.1百萬港元(二零一七年:323.5百萬美元或相當於2,529.1百萬港元)。於結算日,經扣除集團間持有之票據後,根據定價服務所報價格,4.75%票據之公平價值為2,476.2百萬港元(二零一七年:2,627.2百萬港元),分類為第二級。

4.65%票據已於聯交所上市。於結算日,經扣除集團間持有之票據後,4.65%票據之面值為540.8百萬美元或相當於4,234.7百萬港元(二零一七年:540.8百萬美元或相當於4,228.0百萬港元)。於結算日,經扣除集團間持有之票據後,根據定價服務所報價格,4.65%票據之公平價值為4,291.1百萬港元(二零一七年:4,291.1百萬港元),分類為第二級。

綜合財務報表附註(續) 截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度

40. PROVISIONS

40. 撥備

		Employee benefits 僱員福利 HK\$ Million 百萬港元	Loan commitments 貸款承擔 HK\$ Million 百萬港元	Financial guarantee contracts 財務擔保合約 HK\$ Million 百萬港元	Others 其他 HK\$ Million 百萬港元	總計 HK\$ Million
At 1st January, 2017	於二零一七年一月一日	44.2	_	10.6	4.5	59.3
Exchange adjustments	正 正 是 記 正 是 記 表 是 是 是 是 是 是 是 是 是 是 是 是 是	-	_	0.7	(0.1	
Additional provisions for the year		55.3	_	-	0.2	
Amount written back	撥回金額	(0.2)	_	(1.3)	_	/a =\
Amount paid during the year	年內已付款項	(39.4)	_		-	(39.4)
Amount utilised during the year	年內已動用款項	(0.1)	_	_	-	(0.1)
At 31st December, 2017 Impact on initial application of HKFRS 9	於二零一七年 十二月三十一日 首次採用香港財務報告 準則第9號之影響	59.8	- 27.8	10.0	4.6	74.4 27.8
At 1st January, 2018	於二零一八年一月一日	59.8	27.8	10.0	4.6	
Exchange adjustments	匯兑調整	-	-	(0.1)	-	(0.1)
Additional provisions for the year		86.5	0.9	(9.6)	10.5	
Amount written back	撥回金額 年內已付款項	(71.1)	-	-	(8.8)	
Amount paid during the year	平闪匚刊队坦	(71.1)				(71.1)
At 31st December, 2018	於二零一八年 十二月三十一日	75.2	28.7	0.3	6.3	110.5
				HK\$	2018 一八年 Million 萬港元	2017 二零一七年 HK\$ Million 百萬港元
Analysed for reporting pu Current liabilities Non-current liabilities	rposes as: 為呈報 流動負 非流動	債	奸:		105.6 4.9	71.1 3.3
					110.5	74.4

41. CAPITAL RISK MANAGEMENT

The Group manages its capital to ensure that entities in the Group will be able to continue as going concerns while maximising the return to stakeholders through the optimisation of the debt and equity balance. The Group's overall strategy remains unchanged from prior year.

The capital structure of the Group consists of debts (which include bank and other borrowings and notes/papers payable) and equity attributable to owners of the Company comprising issued share capital and reserves.

41. 資本風險管理

本集團管理資本旨在透過優化債權平衡, 確保本集團屬下各公司能持續經營並給予 股東最高回報。本集團的整體策略與上年 度保持不變。

本集團的資本架構包括債務(包括銀行及 其他借貸及應付票據)及本公司股東應佔 權益(包括已發行股本及儲備)。

41. CAPITAL RISK MANAGEMENT (CONT'D)

Gearing ratio

The Group's management reviews the capital structure on an ongoing basis using gearing ratio, which is the net debt divided by equity. Net debt includes the Group's bank and other borrowings and notes/papers payable less short-term pledged bank deposits and bank balances, bank deposits and cash and cash equivalents. The equity comprises all components of the equity attributable to owners of the Company.

The gearing ratio at the end of the reporting period was as follows:

綜合財務報表附註(續)

截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度

41. 資本風險管理(續)

資本負債比率

本集團管理層運用資本負債比率(即債務 淨額除以權益)持續檢討資本架構。債務 淨額包括本集團的銀行及其他借貸及應付 票據減短期抵押銀行存款及銀行結餘、銀 行存款與現金及現金等價物。權益包括本 公司股東應佔權益之各個組成部分。

2018

2017

於報告期末之資本負債比率如下:

		二零一八年 HK\$ Million 百萬港元	二零一七年 HK\$ Million 百萬港元
Bank and other borrowings Notes/papers payable	銀行及其他借貸應付票據	9,531.6 7,434.3	4,525.3 7,758.2
Less: Short-term pledged bank deposits and	減:短期抵押銀行存款及	16,965.9	12,283.5
bank balances Bank deposits, cash and cash equivalents	銀行結餘 銀行存款、現金及 現金等價物	(5,982.6)	(4,118.0)
Net debt	債務淨額	10,963.3	8,164.3
Equity attributable to owners of the Company	本公司股東應佔權益	26,232.6	25,069.4
Gearing ratio	資本負債比率	41.8%	32.6%

42. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

Risk is inherent in the financial service business and sound risk management is a cornerstone of prudent and successful financial practice. The Group acknowledges that a balance must be achieved between risks control and business growth. The principal financial risks inherent in the Group's business are market risk (includes equity risk, interest rate risk and foreign exchange risk), credit risk and liquidity risk. The Group's risk management objective is to enhance shareholders' value while retaining exposure within acceptable thresholds. Risk management is managed and controlled through relevant group companies.

42. 金融風險管理

金融服務業本身存在風險,因此訂立一個妥善的風險管理制度,是企業審慎而成功的做法。本集團深信風險管理與業務增長兩者同樣重要。本集團的業務存在的主要金融風險為市場風險(包括股票風險、利資率風險及外匯風險)、信貸風險及流動資金風險。本集團的風險管理目標是將所面對力提高股東價值。風險管理乃透過相關集團公司管理及監控。

42. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (CONT'D)

The Group's risk management governance structure is designed to cover all business activities and to ensure all relevant risk classes are properly managed and controlled by relevant group companies. The Group has adopted a sound risk management and organisational structure equipped with comprehensive policies and procedures which are reviewed regularly and enhanced when necessary in response to changes in markets, the Group's operating environment and business strategies. The Group's relevant independent control functions play an important role in the provision of assurance to the relevant board of directors and senior management that a sound internal risk management mechanism is implemented, maintained and adhered to.

(a) Market Risk

(i) Equity Risk

There are many asset classes available for investment in the marketplace. One of the Group's key business undertakings is investing in equity and is concentrated in the investment and finance operating segment. Market risk arising from any equity investments is driven by the daily fluctuations in market prices or fair values. The ability to mitigate such risk depends on the availability of any hedging instruments and the diversification level of the investment portfolios undertaken by the segment. More importantly, the knowledge and experience of the trading staff of the segment managing the risk are also vital to ensure exposure is being properly hedged and rebalanced in the most timely manner. Proprietary trading across the segment is subject to limits approved by the senior management of the relevant group companies. Valuation of these instruments is measured on a "mark-to-market" and "mark-to-fair value" basis depending on whether they are listed or unlisted. Value at Risk ("VaR") and stress tests are employed in the assessment of risk. Meanwhile other non-VaR limits such as "maximum loss" and "position" limits are also set out to restrict excessive risk undertakings. VaR and stress tests are approaches which are widely used in the financial industry as tools to quantify risk by combining the size of a position and the extent of a potential market movement into a potential financial impact.

The Group's market-making and proprietary trading positions and their financial performance are reported daily to the relevant senior management of the group companies in the segment for review. Relevant internal audit also performs regular checks to ensure there is adequate compliance in accordance with the established market risk limits and guidelines.

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42. 金融風險管理(續)

本集團的風險管治架構旨在涵蓋所有業務活動,以確保所有有關風險類別已由相關集團公司妥為管理及監控。本集團已採納一個妥善的風險管理與組織架構,並附會完善的政策及程序,有關政策及程序的政策及程序,有關政策及程序會定期進行檢討,並在有需要時因應市圖經營環境及業務策略之變動而重與經濟人數。本集團的有關獨立監控職能擔任重保職務,向相關董事會及高級管理層確保保機制。

(a) 市場風險

(i) 股票風險

市場內有不少可供投資的資產類 別,而本集團所進行之主要業務 之一為股票投資並集中於投資及 金融業務分部。任何股票投資所 產生之市場風險皆因每日市價或 公平價值波動而起,緩和該等風 險的能力視乎有否預備任何對沖 工具及分部所擁有投資組合的分 散程度。更重要的是,分部進行 交易之員工必須擁有管理風險的 知識及經驗,確保風險在最適當 的時機下獲妥善對沖及重整。分 部之自營買賣活動須受有關集團 公司之高級管理層審批之限額限 制,並視乎該等工具為上市或非 上市按「市場價格」及「公平價格」 計算價值。評估風險時會使用風 險值(「風險值」)及壓力測試。同 時,亦設定其他非風險值限額如 「虧蝕上限 | 及 「持倉 | 限額以限制 所面對的超限風險。風險值及壓 力測試獲金融業廣泛使用,透過 結合持倉之規模及潛在市場變化 對財務產生之潛在影響,作為量 化風險的工具。

本集團所有營造市場活動及自營 買賣活動持倉狀況及財務表現, 均每日匯報予分部內集團公司之 相關高級管理層以供審閱。相關 內部審核部門亦會作出定期審 查,確保充分遵守既訂市場風險 限額及指引。

截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度

綜合財務報表附註(續)

42. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (CONT'D)

(a) Market Risk (Cont'd)

(i) Equity Risk (Cont'd)

The table below summarises the overall financial impact on the Group arising from market movements in global equity indices. The analysis is based on the assumption that equity indices move ±20% with all other variables being held constant and all equity instruments undertaken by the Group moving simultaneously. Declines in the indices are expressed as negatives.

42. 金融風險管理(續)

(a) 市場風險(續)

(i) 股票風險(續)

下表概述環球股市指數變動對本 集團的整體財務影響。該分析乃 假設股市指數上下波幅為20%, 所有其他變數保持不變,而本集 團的所有權益工具隨之變動。指 數下降以負數表示。

At 31st December, 2018 於二零一八年十二月三十一日 At 31st December, 2017 於二零一七年十二月三十一日

	pact on profit or the year		npact on other nts of equity	ity or loss for the year con			ial impact on other ponents of equity	
本年度損益賬		權益其他部分		本年度損益賬		權益其	其他部分	
之潛	在影響	之潛	在影響	之潛	在影響	之潛	之潛在影響	
20%	-20%	20%	-20%	20%	-20%	20%	-20%	
HK\$ Million	HK\$ Million	HK\$ Million	HK\$ Million	HK\$ Million	HK\$ Million	HK\$ Million	HK\$ Million	
百萬港元	百萬港元	百萬港元	百萬港元	百萬港元	百萬港元	百萬港元	百萬港元	
444.0	(437.9)	89.0	(89.0)	506.1	(459.7)	102.6	(102.6)	
1,481.7	(1,490.7)	36.2	(36.2)	1,291.4	(1,278.6)	80.4	(80.4)	

Local Index 本地指數 Overseas Index 海外指數

There is no material financial impact in the form of profit before taxation for the year for the Group arising from market movements in the global equity indices. Futures, options and knock-out options are hedged by other derivatives in view of the volatile markets and wide trading ranges.

環球股市指數變動對本集團本年 度的除税前溢利並無重大財務影 響。鑒於市場波動及交易範圍廣 泛,期貨、期權及限價期權以其 他衍生工具對沖。

42. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (CONT'D)

(a) Market Risk (Cont'd)

(ii) Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk of loss due to changes in interest rates. The Group's interest rate risk exposure arises predominantly from term financing in the investment and finance segment and loans and advances to consumer finance customers in consumer finance segment and bank and other borrowings. Interest spreads are managed with the objective of maximising spreads to ensure consistency with liquidity and funding obligations.

At 31st December, 2018, assuming that market interest rates moved by ±50 basis points (2017: ±50 basis points), the profit before taxation for the year for the Group would have been HK\$18.2 million lower or HK\$18.0 million higher respectively (2017: HK\$7.6 million lower or HK\$7.9 million higher respectively). Assets and liabilities bearing interest below 50 basis points are excluded from 50 basis points downward movement.

The exposures of the Group's financial assets (liabilities) bearing variable interest rate to cash flow interest rate risks and the earlier of their contractual repricing dates and contractual maturity dates are as follows:

綜合財務報表附註(續)

截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度

42. 金融風險管理(續)

(a) 市場風險(續)

(ii) 利率風險

利率風險為利率變動所引致虧損 之風險。本集團的利率風險主要 來自投資及金融分部之有期放款 以及消費金融分部之消費金融客 戶貸款及墊款以及銀行及其他借 貸。本集團管理息差,目的在於 盡量令息差符合資金之流動性及 需求。

於二零一八年十二月三十一日,倘市場利率之變動為加減50個點子(二零一七年:加減50個點子),則本集團於本年度的除税前溢利將分別下降18.2百萬港元或上升18.0百萬港元(二零一七年:分別下降7.6百萬港元或上升7.9百萬港元)。減少50個點子之變動不包括利率低於50個點子之資產及負債。

本集團按浮動利率計息的金融資產(負債)面對現金流利率風險, 而其合約重新定價日及合約到期 日中較早者如下:

		On demand or less than 3 months 按要求償還 或少於3個月 HK\$ Million 百萬港元	3 months to 1 year 3個月至1年 HK\$ Million 百萬港元	1 year to 5 years 1年至5年 HK\$ Million 百萬港元	Over 5 years 5年以上 HK\$ Million 百萬港元	Total 總計 HK\$ Million 百萬港元
At 31st December, 2018	於二零一八年十二月三十一日					
Amounts due from associates	聯營公司欠款	-	40.0	-	-	40.0
Loans and advances to consumer	消費金融客戶貸款及	400.4				100.1
finance customers	墊款	182.1	-	-	-	182.1
Mortgage loans	按揭貸款	1,644.9	-	-	-	1,644.9
Debt securities included in financial assets	計入透過其他全面收益按公平			. .		48.6
at FVTOCI	價值處理之金融資產之債務證券	2 200 0	-	7.9	7.7	15.6
Bank deposits, cash and cash equivalents	銀行存款、現金及現金等價物	3,309.0	(1.000.0)	(2.450.0)	-	3,309.0
Bank borrowings	銀行借貸	(5,261.5)	(1,820.9)	(2,459.0)		(9,541.4)
At 31st December, 2017	於二零一七年十二月三十一日					
Amounts due from associates	聯營公司欠款	_	35.0	_	_	35.0
Loans and advances to consumer finance	消費金融客戶貸款及					
customers	墊款	277.7	-	-	-	277.7
Mortgage loans	按揭貸款	362.5	-	-	-	362.5
Bank deposits, cash and cash equivalents	銀行存款、現金及現金等價物	1,636.2	-	-	-	1,636.2
Bank borrowings	銀行借貸	(4,011.4)	(346.9)	(140.0)	_	(4,498.3)

On domand

截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度

42. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (CONT'D)

(a) Market Risk (Cont'd)

(ii) Interest Rate Risk (Cont'd)

The exposures of the Group's financial assets (liabilities) bearing fixed interest rate to fair value interest rate risks and the earlier of their contractual repricing dates and contractual maturity dates are as follows:

42. 金融風險管理(續)

(a) 市場風險(續)

(ii) 利率風險(續)

本集團按固定利率計息的金融資產(負債)面對公平價值利率風險,而其合約重新定價日及合約到期日中較早者如下:

## At 31st December, 2018	Amounts due from associates Loans and advances to consumer finance customers Mortgage loans Debt securities included in financial assets at FVTOCI Bonds included in financial assets at FVTPL
Table	Amounts due from associates Loans and advances to consumer finance customers Mortgage loans Debt securities included in financial assets at FVTOCI Bonds included in financial assets at FVTPL
Amounts due from associates Loans and advances to consumer 指費金融客戶貸款 Cans and advances to consumer 指費金融客戶貸款 Cans and advances to consumer 指費金融客戶貸款 Cans and advances to consumer Kabe of the consumer Cans of the	Amounts due from associates Loans and advances to consumer finance customers Mortgage loans Debt securities included in financial assets at FVTOCI Bonds included in financial assets at FVTPL
Finance customers 及塾款	finance customers Mortgage loans Debt securities included in financial assets at FVTOCI Bonds included in financial assets at FVTPL
Mortgage loans 技場貸款	Mortgage loans Debt securities included in financial assets at FVTOCI Bonds included in financial assets at FVTPL
Debt securities included in financial assets at 按公平價值處理之 按公平價值處理之 按公平價值處理之 全	Debt securities included in financial assets at FVTOCI Bonds included in financial assets at FVTPL
Bonds included in	Bonds included in financial assets at FVTPL
Term loans 有期貸款 2,307.1 2,132.4 37.2 4 4 Notes included in trade	
Notes included in trade receivables, prepayments and other receivables 應收款項之票據	
Teceivables, prepayments and other receivables 應收款項之票據 場合 銀行存款、現金及 equivalents 現金等價物 1,540.9 353.5 755.6 2 2 32.6 Notes/papers payable 應付票據 (22.8) 32.6 「740.7」(6,693.6) (740.7)(6,693.6)(6,693.6)(6,693.6)(6,693.6)(6,693.6)(6,693.6)(6,693.6)(6,693.6)(6,693.6)(6,693.6)(6,693.6)(6,693.6)(6,693.6)(6,693.6)(6,693.6)(6,	
Bank deposits, cash and cash equivalents	receivables, prepayments and
equivalents 現金等價物 1,540.9 353.5 - - 755.6 2 Bank borrowings 銀行借貸 (22.8) - - - 32.6 Notes/papers payable 應付票據 - (740.7) (6,693.6) - - 07 At 31st December, 2017 十二月三十一日 +二月三十一日 - 46.0 -	
Bank borrowings	
Notes/papers payable 應付票據	
2017十二月三十一目Amounts due from associates聯營公司欠款-46.0Loans and advances to consumer finance customers及墊款2,591.34,135.42,076.482.8-8Mortgage loans按揭貸款311.6512.8932.11.4-1Debt securities included in AFS financial assets之債務證券-86.68.717.3-Bonds included in financial assets at價值處理之金融資產	
2017十二月三十一目Amounts due from associates聯營公司欠款-46.0Loans and advances to consumer finance customers及墊款2,591.34,135.42,076.482.8-8Mortgage loans按揭貸款311.6512.8932.11.4-1Debt securities included in AFS financial assets之債務證券-86.68.717.3-Bonds included in financial assets at價值處理之金融資產	
Amounts due from associates 聯營公司欠款 - 46.0	
Loans and advances to consumer finance customers 及墊款 2,591.3 4,135.4 2,076.4 82.8 - 8 Mortgage loans 按揭貸款 311.6 512.8 932.1 1.4 - 1 Debt securities included in AFS financial assets 之債務證券 - 86.6 8.7 17.3 - 8 Bonds included in financial assets at 價值處理之金融資產	
finance customers 及墊款 2,591.3 4,135.4 2,076.4 82.8 - 8 Mortgage loans 按揭貸款 311.6 512.8 932.1 1.4 - 1 Debt securities included in AFS 前入可供出售金融資產 2債務證券 - 86.6 8.7 17.3 - 8 Bonds included in 前入透過損益賬按公平 financial assets at 價值處理之金融資產	
Mortgage loans 技場貸款 311.6 512.8 932.1 1.4 - 1 Debt securities included in AFS 前入可供出售金融資產 financial assets 之債務證券 - 86.6 8.7 17.3 - Bonds included in 前入透過損益賬按公平 financial assets at 價值處理之金融資產	
Debt securities included in AFS 計入可供出售金融資產	
financial assets	
financial assets at	
	Bonds included in
EV/TDI	financial assets at
	FVTPL
	FVTPL Term loans
	FVTPL Term loans Short-term pledged bank deposits
	FVTPL Term loans Short-term pledged bank deposits and bank balances
	FVTPL Term loans Short-term pledged bank deposits and bank balances Bank deposits, cash and cash
	FVTPL Term loans Short-term pledged bank deposits and bank balances Bank deposits, cash and cash equivalents
Notes/papers payable 應付票據 - (1,063.9) (6,694.3) (7	FVTPL Term loans Short-term pledged bank deposits and bank balances Bank deposits, cash and cash

On demand

42. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (CONT'D)

(a) Market Risk (Cont'd)

(iii) Foreign Exchange Risk

Foreign exchange risk is the risk to earnings or capital arising from movements in foreign exchange rates.

The Group's foreign exchange risk primarily arises from currency exposures originating from proprietary trading positions, and loans and advances denominated in foreign currencies, mainly in Australian dollars, British pound, Japanese yen, Malaysian ringgit, New Taiwan dollars, Singapore dollars, Renminbi and Thai Baht. Foreign exchange risk is managed and monitored by senior management of the relevant group companies. The risk arises from open currency positions are subject to management approved limits and are monitored and reported daily.

At 31st December, 2018, assuming that the foreign exchange rates moved $\pm 5\%$ (2017: $\pm 5\%$) with all other variables held constant, the profit before taxation for the year for the Group would be HK\$74.3 million lower/higher (2017: HK\$35.7 million higher/lower).

(b) Credit Risk

Credit risk and impairment assessment

As at 31st December, 2018, the carrying amounts of financial assets at amortised cost, as disclosed in note 25 represent the maximum credit exposure. In addition, the Group is also exposed to credit risk arising from loan commitments and financial guarantee contracts as disclosed in notes 45(b) and 40. The maximum exposure to credit risk of the investment securities at FVTPL which are exposed to credit risk is their carrying amount, which amounts to HK\$2,033.8 million at 31st December, 2018 (2017: HK\$3,578.4 million), and is monitored by management according to their geographic locations and industries. The Group does not hold any collateral or other credit enhancements to cover its credit risks associated with its financial assets, loan commitments and financial guarantee contracts, except that the credit risks associated with term loans, loans and advances to consumer finance customers and mortgage loans, is mitigated because they are secured over properties and other securities.

綜合財務報表附註(續)

截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度

42. 金融風險管理(續)

(a) 市場風險(續)

(iii) 外匯風險

外匯風險乃外幣匯率變動對盈利 或資本造成之風險。

本集團之外匯風險主要來自自營 買活動持倉狀況及以外幣列 受資款及墊款,主要為澳元、 簽、日圓、馬來西亞林吉特及 台幣、新加坡元、人民幣及司 等。外匯風險由有關集團公司 新 級管理層作出管理及監察。 際未平倉合約產生之外匯風制, 受由管理層審批之限額限制。 須每日受其監控及向其匯報。

於二零一八年十二月三十一日,假設外幣匯率上下波幅為5%(二零一七年:上下波幅為5%),所有其他變數保持不變,則本集團於本年度之除稅前溢利將下降/上升74.3百萬港元(二零一七年:上升/下降35.7百萬港元)。

(b) 信貸風險

信貸風險及減值評估

於二零一八年十二月三十一日,附註 25所披露按攤銷成本列賬的金融資產 的賬面值代表最大信貸風險。此外, 本集團亦面臨附註45(b)及40所披露 來自貸款承擔及財務擔保合約的信貸 風險。面臨信貸風險的透過損益賬按 公平價值處理的投資證券所面臨的最 大信貸風險為其賬面值,於二零一八 年十二月三十一日為2,033.8百萬港 元(二零一七年:3,578.4百萬港元), 由管理層根據地理位置及行業進行監 察。本集團並無持有任何抵押品或其 他信貸增強措施,以保障與金融資 產、貸款承擔及財務保證合約相關的 信貸風險,惟與有期貸款、消費金融 客戶貸款及墊款及按揭貸款因以物業 及其他證券作抵押而有所緩和。

42. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (CONT'D)

(b) Credit Risk (Cont'd)

Credit risk and impairment assessment (Cont'd)
The Group manages and controls credit risk by setting limits on the amount of risk it is willing to accept for individual counterparties and by monitoring exposures in relation to such limits. The Group evaluates the credit risk for each loan application on the basis of the repayment abilities of the customers having regard to their financial position, employment status, past due record and credit reference checking result.

Credits are granted according to the hierarchy of approval authorities within the Group, including the front-line approval officers, central credit officers, credit committees and the boards of directors of the respective companies within the Group.

The Group has established a credit quality review process to provide early identification of possible changes in the creditworthiness of counterparties, including regular collateral revisions and interviews with customers to update the credit risk of customers. Credit review checking and approval processes are properly segregated to ensure effective internal control over credit risk and monitoring in the respective companies within the Group. Dedicated teams of operations staff independent from the credit approval authorities are assigned for recovery of overdue debts. The credit quality review process enables the Group to assess the potential loss as a result of the risk to which it is exposed and take appropriate corrective actions.

The Group adopts a prudent approach to credit risk management framework. Its credit policy is timely revised to align with the prevailing credit environment which is continuously affected by changes in business, economy, regulatory requirements, money market and social conditions.

Internal audit department and risk management department of respective companies within the Group periodically conducts internal control reviews and compliance checking over all aspects of credit processes to ensure that the established credit policies and procedures are complied with and sufficient controls are in place to mitigate credit risk.

The credit risks on bank balances are limited because the counterparties are banks/financial institutions with high credit ratings assigned by international creditrating agencies.

綜合財務報表附註(續)

截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度

42. 金融風險管理(續)

(b) 信貸風險(續)

信貸風險及減值評估(續)

本集團透過對其願意就個別交易對手 方接受的風險金額設置限額,並透過 監控與該等限額有關的風險來管理及 控制信貸風險。集團按客戶的還款能 力評估每項貸款申請的信貸風險,當 中考慮到其財務狀況、僱用狀況、過 往逾期記錄及信貸記錄查核結果。

信貸乃根據本集團內的審批機關層級 授出,包括本集團內各公司的前線審 批職員、中央信貸職員、信貸委員會 及董事會。

本集團審慎地訂立信貸風險管理框架,並不時修訂其信貸政策,以配合持續受業務、經濟、監管規定、貨幣市場及社會狀況影響的當前信貸環境。

本集團內各公司的內部審核部門及風 險管理部門定期就信貸程序的各方面 進行內部控制審閱及合規檢查,以確 保遵從已設立的信貸政策及程序及已 立足夠控制措施減低信貸風險。

銀行結餘的信貸風險有限,因為對手 方為獲國際信貸評級機構賦予高信貸 評級的銀行/財務機構。

42. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (CONT'D)

(b) Credit Risk (Cont'd)

Credit risk and impairment assessment (Cont'd) Other than the concentration of credit risk on liquid funds which are deposited with several banks with high credit ratings, the Group does not have any other significant concentration of credit risk. Loans and advances to consumer finance customers, mortgage loans and term loans consist of a large number of customers who are spread across diverse industries.

Concentration risk of loans and advances to consumer finance customers is managed by reference to individual customers. The aggregate credit exposure in relation to the ten largest outstanding consumer finance customers, including corporate entities and individuals, before taking into account any collateral held or other credit enhancements, at 31st December, 2018 was HK\$1,197.4 million (2017: HK\$343.6 million) of which 63.3% (2017: 32.5%) was secured by collateral.

Concentration risk of mortgage loans is managed by reference to individual mortgage finance customers. The aggregate credit exposure in relation to the ten largest outstanding mortgage finance customers, including corporate entities and individuals, before taking into account any collateral held or other credit enhancements, at 31st December, 2018 was HK\$1,032.4 million (2017: HK\$877.1 million) of which 100% (2017: 100%) was secured by collateral.

Concentration risk of term loans is managed by reference to individual term loan customers. The aggregate credit exposure in relation to the ten largest outstanding term loan customers, including corporate entities and individuals, before taking into account any collateral held or other credit enhancements, at 31st December, 2018 was HK\$3,554.4 million (2017: HK\$2,552.0 million) of which 77.0% (2017: 63.4%) was secured by collateral.

For investment in debt securities, basically only debt securities with credit ratings of C or above would be considered. The management considers the loss allowance provision for debt securities classified as financial assets at FVTOCI was not material and no ECLs were recognised on the debt securities classified as financial assets at FVTOCI during the year ended 31st December, 2018. There is no significant change in the historical default rates of debt securities based on which the expected credit loss rate is determined.

綜合財務報表附註(續)

截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度

42. 金融風險管理(續)

(b) 信貸風險(續)

信貸風險及減值評估(續) 除存放於高信貸評級的幾間銀行的流 動資金的信貸風險集中外,本集團並 無任何其他重大信貸風險集中。消費 金融客戶貸款及墊款、按揭貸款及有 期貸款包括來自各行各業的多名客 戶。

消費金融客戶貸款及墊款的集中風險 乃參考個別客戶予以管理。於二零 一八年十二月三十一日,計及任何持 有的抵押品及其他信貸增強措施前, 與十大尚未還款消費金融客戶(包括 公司實體及個別人士)有關的信貸風 險總值為1,197.4百萬港元(二零一七 年:343.6百萬港元),其中63.3%(二 零一七年:32.5%)由抵押品提供抵 押。

按揭貸款的集中風險乃參考個別按揭融資客戶予以管理。於二零一八年十二月三十一日,計及任何持有的抵押品及其他信貸增強措施前,與十大尚未還款按揭融資客戶(包括公司實體及個別人士)有關的信貸風險總值為1,032.4百萬港元(二零一七年:877.1百萬港元),其中100%(二零一七年:100%)由抵押品提供抵押。

有期貸款的集中風險乃參考個別有期貸款客戶予以管理。於二零一八年十二月三十一日,計及任何持有的抵押品及其他信貸增強措施前,與十大尚未還款有期貨款客戶(包括公司實體及個別人士)有關的信貸風險總值為3,554.4百萬港元(二零一七年:2,552.0百萬港元),其中77.0%(二零一七年:63.4%)由抵押品提供抵押。

就債務證券投資而言,基本上僅會 考慮信貸評級為C級或以上之債務 券。管理層認為,截至二零一人類 為 其他全面收益按公平價值處理之金融 資產之債務證券計提之虧損撥備並至 重大,故並無就分類為透過其他全面 收益按公平價值處理之金融資產之債 務證券確認預期信貸虧損。釐定預期 信貸虧損所依據之債務證券過往違約 率並無重大變動。

綜合財務報表附註(續) 截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度

42. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (CONT'D)

42. 金融風險管理(續)

(b) Credit Risk (Cont'd)

Credit risk and impairment assessment (Cont'd)
The Group's internal credit risk grading assessment for loans and advances to consumer finance customers and mortgage loans comprises the following categories:

(b) 信貸風險(續)

信貸風險及減值評估(續) 本集團對消費金融客戶貸款及墊款及 按揭貸款之內部信貸風險評級包括以 下類別:

Internal credit risk categories 內部 信貸風險類別	Description 描述	Loans and receivables at amortised cost 按攤銷成本列賬之 貸款及應收款項	Loan commitments/ financial guarantee contracts 貸款承擔/財務擔保合約
Low risk 低風險	The counterparty has a low risk of default and does not have any past-due amounts 對方的違約風險低, 並無任何逾期款項	12-month ECL 12個月預期信貸虧損	12-month ECL 12個月預期信貸虧損
Watch list 監察表	Debtor usually settles overdue balances settle after due date 債務人一般於到期後結清 逾期結餘	12-month ECL 12個月預期信貸虧損	12-month ECL 12個月預期信貸虧損
Doubtful 可疑	There have been significant increases in credit risk since initial recognition based on information from internally or external resources 基於內部或外部資料,信貸風險自初次確認後顯著增加	Lifetime ECL – not credit-impaired 全期預期信貸虧損 – 並無信貸減值	Lifetime ECL – not credit-impaired 全期預期信貸虧損 – 並無信貸減值
Loss 虧損	There is evidence indicating the asset is credit-impaired 有證據顯示資產已 信貸減值	Lifetime ECL – credit-impaired 全期預期信貸虧損一 信貸減值	Lifetime ECL – credit-impaired 全期預期信貸虧損 – 信貸減值
Write-off 撤銷	There is evidence indicating that the debtor is in severe financial difficulty and there is no realistic prospect of recovery of debts 有證據顯示債務人處於嚴重財政困難,且並無合理預期收回債務	Amount is written off against the allowance account 於撥備賬撇銷有關款項	N/A 不適用

42. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (CONT'D)

(b) Credit Risk (Cont'd)

Credit risk and impairment assessment (Cont'd) The Group takes into consideration forward-looking information that is available without undue cost or effort in its assessment of significant increase in credit risk as well as in its measurement of ECL. The Group employs experts who use external and internal information to generate a 'base case' scenario of future forecast of relevant economic variables along with a representative range of other possible forecast scenarios. The external information includes economic data and forecasts published by governmental bodies and monetary authorities.

The Group applies probabilities to the forecast scenarios identified. The base case scenario is the single most-likely outcome and consists of information used by the Group for strategic planning and budgeting. The Group has identified and documented key drivers of credit risk and credit losses for each portfolio of financial instruments and, using a statistical analysis of historical data, has estimated relationships between macro-economic variables and credit risk and credit losses. The Group has not changed in the estimation techniques or significant assumptions during the reporting period.

The tables below detail the credit risk exposures of the Group's financial assets including loans and advances to consumer finance customers, mortgage loans, term loans, notes, debt securities, amounts due from associates, amounts due from joint ventures, amounts due from brokers, short-term pledged bank deposits and bank balances, bank deposits, cash and cash equivalents, trade and other receivables, loan commitments, financial guarantee contracts and contingent liabilities, which are subject to ECL assessment:

Internal

綜合財務報表附註(續) 截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度

42. 金融風險管理(續)

(b) 信貸風險(續)

信貸風險及減值評估(續) 評估信貸風險顯著增加及計量預期信 貸虧損時,本集團考慮無需不必要的 成本或努力即可取得的前瞻性資料。 本集團聘請專家使用外部及內部資 料,得出相關經濟變量未來預測的 「基本方案 | 情景,以及其他具代表性 的可能預測情景。外部資料包括政府 機關及金融機構發佈的經濟數據及預 測。

本集團將概率應用於已識別的預測情 景。基本方案情景為最可能發生的單 一結果,包括本集團用於策略規劃及 預算的資料。本集團已識別及記錄各 金融工具組合的信貸風險及信貸虧損 推動因素,並使用歷史數據的統計分 析評估宏觀經濟變量與信貸風險及信 貸虧損之間的關係。於報告期內,本 集團並無改變評估方法或重大假設。

下表載列其須進行預期信貸虧損評估 的本集團金融資產(包括消費金融客 戶貸款及墊款、按揭貸款、有期貸 款、票據、債務證券、聯營公司欠 款、合營公司欠款、經紀欠款、短期 抵押銀行存款及銀行結餘、銀行存 款、現金及現金等價物、貿易及其他 應收款項、貸款承擔、財務擔保合約 及或然負債)的信貸風險詳情:

2018 二零一八年	credit risk categories Notes 內部信貸 12-month or lifetime ECL 附註 風險類別 12個月或全期預期信貸虧損		Gross carrying amount 賬面總值 HK\$ Million HK\$ Million 百萬港元 百萬港元		
Loans and receivables at amortised cost 按攤銷成本列賬之貸款及應收款項					
Loans and advances to consumer finance customers 消費金融客戶貸款及墊款	27	Low risk/ watch list 低風險/ 監察表	12-month ECL 12個月預期信貸虧損	9,912.9	
		Doubtful 可疑 Loss	Lifetime ECL (not credit-impaired) 全期預期信貸虧損(無信貸減值) Lifetime ECL (credit-impaired)	281.8	
		虧損	全期預期信貸虧損(信貸減值)	220.6	10,415.3*

截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度

42. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (CONT'D)

42. 金融風險管理(續)

(b) Credit Risk (Cont'd)

Credit risk and impairment assessment (Cont'd)

(b) 信貸風險(續)

信貸風險及減值評估(續)

2018 二零一八年	Notes 附註	Internal credit risk categories 內部信貸 風險類別	12-month or lifetime ECL 12個月或全期預期信貸虧損		ing amount 總值
				百萬港元	百萬港元
Loans and receivables at amortised cost (Cont'd) 按攤銷成本列賬之貸款及應收款項 (續)					
Mortgage loans 按揭貸款	28	Low risk/ watch list 低風險/ 監察表	12-month ECL 12個月預期信貸虧損	3,487.6	
		Doubtful 可疑 Loss	Lifetime ECL (not credit-impaired) 全期預期信貸虧損(並無信貸減值) Lifetime ECL (credit-impaired)	350.7	
		虧損	全期預期信貸虧損(信貸減值)	25.6	3,863.9*
Term loans 有期貸款	30	N/A 不適用 N/A	12-month ECL 12個月預期信貸虧損 Lifetime ECL (credit-impaired)	4,226.5	
		不適用	全期預期信貸虧損(信貸減值)	408.4	4,634.9*
Trade receivables 應收貿易款項	30	Low risk/ watch list 低風險/ 監察表	12-month ECL 12個月預期信貸虧損	64.3	64.3
Notes included in term loans, trade receivables, prepayments and other receivables 計入有期貸款、應收貿易款項、	30	N/A 不適用	12-month ECL 12個月預期信貸虧損		
預付款項及其他應收款項之票據				19.6	19.6
Debt securities included in financial assets at FVTOCI 計入透過其他全面收益按公平價值	25	N/A 不適用	12-month ECL 12個月預期信貸虧損		
處理之金融資產的債務證券				80.5	80.5
Amounts due from associates 聯營公司欠款	31	N/A 不適用 N/A	12-month ECL 12個月預期信貸虧損 Lifetime ECL (credit-impaired)	564.9	
		不適用	全期預期信貸虧損(信貸減值)	17.1	582.0

42. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (CONT'D)

(b) Credit Risk (Cont'd)

Credit risk and impairment assessment (Cont'd)

綜合財務報表附註(續) 截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度

42. 金融風險管理(續)

(b) 信貸風險(續)

信貸風險及減值評估(續)

2018 二零一八年		Internal credit risk categories Notes 內部信貸 12-month or lifetime ECL 附註 風險類別 12個月或全期預期信貸虧損		Gross carrying amount 賬面總值 HK\$ Million HK\$ Million		
_					百萬港元	百萬港元
	ns and receivables at amortised cost (Cont'd) 針銷成本列賬之貸款及應收款項(續)					
	ounts due from joint ventures §公司欠款	31	N/A 不適用	12-month ECL 12個月預期信貸虧損	9.8	9.8
	ounts due from brokers 己欠款		N/A 不適用	12-month ECL 12個月預期信貸虧損	516.5	516.5
b	rt-term pledged bank deposits and ank balances 用抵押銀行存款及銀行結餘	32	N/A 不適用	12-month ECL 12個月預期信貸虧損	20.0	20.0
	ık deposits 疗存款	32	N/A 不適用	12-month ECL 12個月預期信貸虧損	353.5	353.5
	h and cash equivalents 会及現金等價物	32	N/A 不適用	12-month ECL 12個月預期信貸虧損	5,617.4	5,617.4
	ner receivables 也應收款項	30	Low risk 低風險	12-month ECL 12個月預期信貸虧損	415.2	415.2

42. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (CONT'D)

for the year ended 31st December, 2018

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42. 金融風險管理(續)

(b) Credit Risk (Cont'd)

Credit risk and impairment assessment (Cont'd)

(b) 信貸風險(續) 信貸風險及減值評估(續)

2018 二零一八年	Notes 附註	Internal credit risk categories 內部信貨 風險類別	12-month or lifetime ECL 12個月或全期預期信貸虧損	賬面	ying amount 瓦總值 HK\$ Million 百萬港元
Other items 其他項目					
Loan commitments (Note 1) 貸款承擔(註解1)	45(b)	Low risk/ watch list 低風險/ 監察表	12-month ECL 12個月預期信貸虧損	1,330.0	
		Doubtful 可疑	Lifetime ECL (not credit-impaired) 全期預期信貸虧損(並無信貸減值)	11.4	1,341.4
Financial guarantee contracts (Note 2) 財務擔保合約(註解2)	40	Loss 虧損	Lifetime ECL (credit-impaired) 全期預期信貸虧損(信貸減值)	0.3	0.3
Contingent liabilities 或然負債	44	N/A 不適用	12-month ECL 12個月預期信貸虧損	107.0	107.0

^{*} The gross carrying amounts disclosed above include the relevant interest receivables.

* 上文披露的賬面總值包括相關應收利息 款項。

Notes:

- Loan commitments represent undrawn loan commitments to consumer finance customers and term loan customers granted by the Group under revolving loan facility arrangement.
- 2. The gross carrying amount of financial guarantee contracts represents the maximum amount the Group has guaranteed under the respective contracts.

註解:

- 貸款承擔指本集團根據循環貸款融資安 排向消費金融客戶及有期貸款客戶授出 的未提取貸款承擔。
- 2. 財務擔保合約賬面總值代表本集團根據 各自的合約已擔保的最大金額。

42. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (CONT'D)

(b) Credit Risk (Cont'd)

Credit risk and impairment assessment (Cont'd) The following tables show reconciliation of loss allowances that has been recognised for loans and advances to consumer finance customers, mortgage loans, term loans, notes and amounts due from associates.

Loans and advances to consumer finance customers

綜合財務報表附註(續)

截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度

42. 金融風險管理(續)

(b) 信貸風險(續)

Lifetime ECL

信貸風險及減值評估(續) 下表載列就消費金融客戶貸款及墊款、按揭貸款、有期貸款、票據及聯營公司欠款確認的虧損撥備的對賬。

消費金融客戶貸款及墊款

		12-month ECL 12個月預期 信貸虧損 HK\$ Million 百萬港元	(not credit- impaired) 全期預期 信貸虧損 (並無信貸 減值) HK\$ Million 百萬港元	Lifetime ECL (credit- impaired) 全期預期 信貸虧損 (信貸減值) HK\$ Million 百萬港元	Total 總計 HK\$ Million 百萬港元
As at 1st January, 2018	於二零一八年一月一日	382.4	148.5	87.2	618.1
Changes due to financial instruments recognised as at 1st January/during the year: Transfer from 12m ECL to	於在一月一日/年內因 確認金融工具 產生的變動: 由12個月預期信貸虧損				
lifetime ECL	轉撥至全期預期信貸虧損	(50.1)	50.1	-	-
Transfer from lifetime ECL to 12m ECL Transfer from 12m ECL to	由全期預期信貸虧損轉撥 至12個月預期信貸虧損 由12個月預期信貸虧損	9.0	(9.0)	-	-
credit-impaired Transfer from lifetime ECL to	轉撥至信貸減值	(7.1)	-	7.1	-
credit-impaired	由全期預期信貸虧損 轉撥至信貸減值	_	(559.4)	559.4	_
Remeasurement of ECL New financial assets	重新計量預期信貸虧損 已新增或購買的	29.0	610.3	396.8	1,036.1
originated or purchased	新金融資產	589.9	-	-	589.9
Repayment and derecognition	還款及終止確認	(543.3)	(54.6)	(3.1)	(601.0)
		27.4	37.4	960.2	1,025.0
Movement without impact on profit or loss:	不影響損益之 變動:				
Written off (Note)	撇銷(註解)	_	_	(983.9)	(983.9)
Exchange adjustments	匯兑調整	(9.2)	(4.1)	(0.3)	(13.6)
		(9.2)	(4.1)	(984.2)	(997.5)
As at 31st December,	於二零一八年				
2018	十二月三十一日	400.6	181.8	63.2	645.6

Note: Amount of HK\$983.9 million that were written off during the year are still subject to enforcement activities.

註解:於年內已撇銷的983.9百萬港元仍可能 需進行法律行動。

截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度

42. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (CONT'D)

(b) Credit Risk (Cont'd)

Credit risk and impairment assessment (Cont'd) Mortgage loans

42. 金融風險管理(續)

(b) 信貸風險(續)

信貸風險及減值評估(續) 按揭貸款

		12-month ECL 12個月預期 信貸虧損 HK\$ Million 百萬港元	Lifetime ECL (not credit- impaired) 全期預虧損 (並無減值) HK\$ Million 百萬港元	Lifetime ECL (credit- impaired) 全期預期 信貸虧損 (信貸減值) HK\$ Million 百萬港元	Total 總計 HK\$ Million 百萬港元
As at 1st January, 2018	於二零一八年一月一日	0.8	2.8	1.6	5.2
Changes due to financial instruments recognised as at 1st January/during the year: Transfer from 12m ECL to lifetime ECL Transfer from lifetime ECL to 12m ECL	於一月一日/年內因 確認金融工具產生的 變動: 由12個月預期信貸虧損轉撥 至全期預期信貸虧損 由全期預期信貸虧損轉撥 至12個月預期信貸虧損	(0.2)	0.2	-	-
Remeasurement of ECL New financial assets	重新計量預期信貸虧損 已新增或購買的	(1.8)	1.8	5.7	5.7
originated or purchased Repayment and derecognition	新金融資產還款及終止確認	1.8 (0.8)	(0.8)	- (1.4)	1.8 (3.0)
		(0.8)	1.0	4.3	4.5
As at 31st December, 2018	於二零一八年 十二月三十一日	_	3.8	5.9	9.7
Term loans			有期貸款		
		12-month ECL 12個月預期 信貸虧損 HK\$ Million 百萬港元	Lifetime ECL (not credit- impaired) 全期預期 信貨無減信值) HK\$ Million 百萬港元	Lifetime ECL (credit- impaired) 全期預期 信貸減值) HK\$ Million 百萬港元	Total 總計 HK\$ Million 百萬港元
As at 1st January, 2018	於二零一八年一月一日	9.0	_	86.9	95.9
Remeasurement of ECL Repayment and derecognition	重新計量預期信貸虧損 還款及終止確認	7.1 -	-	64.8 (0.6)	71.9 (0.6)
		7.1	-	64.2	71.3
As at 31st December, 2018	於二零一八年 十二月三十一日	16.1	-	151.1	167.2

42. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (CONT'D)

(b) Credit Risk (Cont'd)

Credit risk and impairment assessment (Cont'd) Notes

綜合財務報表附註(續) 截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度

42. 金融風險管理(續)

(b) 信貸風險(續)

信貸風險及減值評估(續) 票據

		12-month ECL 12個月預期 信貸虧損 HK\$ Million 百萬港元	Lifetime ECL (not credit- impaired) 全期預期 信貸虧損 (並無信貸 減值) HK\$ Million 百萬港元	Lifetime ECL (credit- impaired) 全期預期 信貸虧損 (信貸減值) HK\$ Million 百萬港元	Total 總計 HK\$ Million 百萬港元
As at 1st January, 2018	於二零一八年一月一日		_		
New financial assets originated or purchased	已新增或購買的 新金融資產	0.1	-		0.1
As at 31st December, 2018	於二零一八年 十二月三十一日	0.1	_	_	0.1

Amounts due from associates

聯營公司欠款

12-month ECL 12個月預期 信貸虧損 HK\$ Million 百萬港元	Lifetime ECL (not credit- impaired) 全期預期 信貸虧損 (並無信貸 減值) HK\$ Million 百萬港元	Lifetime ECL (credit- impaired) 全期預期 信貸虧損 (信貸減值) HK\$ Million 百萬港元	Total 總計 HK\$ Million 百萬港元
_	-	17.1	17.1
	_	17.1	17.1

As at 1st January, 2018 於二零一八年一月一日

Repayment and derecognition 還款及終止確認

綜合財務報表附註(續) 截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度

42. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (CONT'D)

(b) Credit Risk (Cont'd)

Credit risk and impairment assessment (Cont'd)
Changes in the loss allowance for loans and advances to consumer finance customers, mortgage loans, term loans, notes and amounts due from associates are mainly due to changes in expected credit loss rate at each stage and changes in gross carrying amounts of respective loans and receivables are as follows:

Loans and advances to consumer finance customers

42. 金融風險管理(續)

(b) 信貸風險(續)

信貸風險及減值評估(續) 消費金融客戶貸款及墊款、按揭貸 款、有期貸款、票據及聯營公司欠款 的虧損撥備變動主要由於各階段的預 期信貸虧損變動所致,各貸款及應收 款項的賬面總值變動如下:

消費金融客戶貸款及墊款

		12-month ECL 12個月預期 信貸虧損 HK\$ Million 百萬港元	Lifetime ECL (not credit- impaired) 全期預期 信貸虧損 (並無信貸 減值) HK\$ Million 百萬港元	Lifetime ECL (credit- impaired) 全期預期 信貸虧損 (信貸減值) HK\$ Million 百萬港元	Total 總計 HK\$ Million 百萬港元
Gross carrying amount as at 1st January, 2018	於二零一八年一月一日的 賬面總值	9,281.6	246.5	176.1	9,704.2
Changes due to financial instruments recognised as at 1st January/during the year: Transfer from 12m ECL to	於一月一日/年內因確認 金融工具產生的 變動: 由12個月預期信貸虧損轉撥				
lifetime ECL Transfer from lifetime ECL to	至全期預期信貸虧損由全期預期信貸虧損轉撥	(1,033.3)	1,033.3	-	-
12m ECL	至12個月預期信貸虧損	18.2	(18.2)	-	-
Transfer from 12m ECL to credit-impaired Transfer from lifetime ECL to	由12個月預期信貸虧損轉撥 至信貸減值 由全期預期信貸虧損轉撥	(194.5)	-	194.5	-
credit-impaired New financial assets	至信貸減值已新增或購買的	-	(879.1)	879.1	-
originated or purchased	新金融資產	13,724.6	_	_	13,724.6
Repayment and derecognition	還款及終止確認	(11,741.4)	(96.2)	(44.2)	(11,881.8)
Written off	撇銷	_	-	(983.9)	(983.9)
Exchange adjustments	匯兑調整	(142.3)	(4.5)	(1.0)	(147.8)
Gross carrying amount as at 31st December,	於二零一八年 十二月三十一日的				
2018	賬面總值	9,912.9	281.8	220.6	10,415.3

As at 31st December, 2018, loans and advances to consumer finance customers of HK\$90.4 million classified as lifetime ECL (credit-impaired) is covered by collateral.

於二零一八年十二月三十一日,分類 為全期預期信貸虧損(信貸減值)的消 費金融客戶貸款及墊款90.4百萬港元 受抵押品保障。

42. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (CONT'D)

(b) Credit Risk (Cont'd)

Credit risk and impairment assessment (Cont'd) Mortgage loans

綜合財務報表附註(續) 截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度

42. 金融風險管理(續)

(b) 信貸風險(續)

Lifetime ECL

信貸風險及減值評估(續) 按揭貸款

		12-month ECL 12個月預期 信貸虧損 HK\$ Million 百萬港元	(not credit- impaired) 全期預期 信貸虧損 (並無信貸 滅値) HK\$ Million 百萬港元	Lifetime ECL (credit- impaired) 全期預期 信貸虧損 (信貸減值) HK\$ Million 百萬港元	Total 總計 HK\$ Million 百萬港元
Gross carrying amount as at 1st January, 2018	於二零一八年一月一日的 賬面總值	2,048.5	68.0	8.9	2,125.4
Changes due to financial instruments recognised as at 1st January/during the year:	於一月一日/年內因確認 金融工具產生的 變動:				
Transfer from 12m ECL to lifetime ECL Transfer from lifetime ECL to	由12個月預期信貸虧損轉撥 至全期預期信貸虧損 由全期預期信貸虧損轉撥	(401.6)	401.6	-	-
12m ECL	至12個月預期信貸虧損	14.3	(14.3)	-	-
Transfer from lifetime ECL to credit-impaired New financial assets	由全期預期信貸虧損轉撥 至信貸減值 已新增或購買的	-	(29.1)	29.1	-
originated or purchased	新金融資產	3,340.8	-	-	3,340.8
Repayment and derecognition	還款及終止確認	(1,514.4)	(75.5)	(12.4)	(1,602.3)
Gross carrying amount as at	於二零一八年十二月				
31st December, 2018	三十一日的賬面總值	3,487.6	350.7	25.6	3,863.9

As at 31st December, 2018, mortgage loans of HK\$25.6 million classified as lifetime ECL (creditimpaired) is covered by collateral.

於二零一八年十二月三十一日,分類 為全期預期信貸虧損(信貸減值)的按 揭貸款25.6百萬港元受抵押品保障。

截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度

42. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (CONT'D)

(b) Credit Risk (Cont'd)

Credit risk and impairment assessment (Cont'd) Term loans

42. 金融風險管理(續)

(b) 信貸風險(續)

信貸風險及減值評估(續) 有期貸款

		12-month ECL 12個月預期 信貸虧損 HK\$ Million 百萬港元	Lifetime ECL (not credit- impaired) 全期解 信強無減值 (並無減值) HK\$ Million 百萬港元	Lifetime ECL (credit- impaired) 全期預期 信貸減值) HK\$ Million 百萬港元	Total 總計 HK\$ Million 百萬港元
Gross carrying amount as at 1st January, 2018	於二零一八年一月一日的 賬面總值	3,138.3	-	407.3	3,545.6
Changes due to financial instruments recognised as at 1st January/during the year: New financial assets originated or purchased	於一月一日/年內因確認 金融工具產生的 變動: 已新增或購買的 新金融資產	2,341.3	_	1.1	2,342.4
Repayment and derecognition	還款及終止確認	(1,253.1)	-	-	(1,253.1)
Gross carrying amount as at 31st December, 2018	於二零一八年 十二月三十一日的 賬面總值	4,226.5	-	408.4	4,634.9

As at 31st December, 2018, term loans of HK\$407.7 million classified as lifetime ECL (credit-impaired) is covered by collateral.

於二零一八年十二月三十一日,分類 為全期預期信貸虧損(信貸減值)的有 期貸款407.7百萬港元受抵押品保障。

Notes

票據

		12-month ECL 12個月預期 信貸虧損 HK\$ Million 百萬港元	Lifetime ECL (not credit- impaired) 全期預期 信貸無信值) HK\$ Million 百萬港元	Lifetime FCL (credit- impaired) 全期預期 信貸減值) HK\$ Million 百萬港元	Total 總計 HK\$ Million 百萬港元
Gross carrying amount as at 1st January, 2018	於二零一八年一月一日的 賬面總值	-	-	-	-
Changes due to financial instruments recognised as at 1st January/during the year:	於一月一日/年內因確認 金融工具產生的 變動:				
New financial assets originated or purchased	已新增或購買的 新金融資產	19.6	_	-	19.6
Gross carrying amount as at 31st December, 2018	於二零一八年 十二月三十一日的 賬面總值	19.6	_	_	19.6
2010	双 山	19.0			13.0

Gross carrying amount as at

1st January, 2018

New financial assets

Gross carrying amount as at 31st December,

Changes due to financial

instruments recognised as at

1st January/during the year:

originated or purchased

Repayment and derecognition

42. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (CONT'D)

(b) Credit Risk (Cont'd)

Credit risk and impairment assessment (Cont'd) Amounts due from associates

於二零一八年一月一

於一月一日/年內因

金融工具產生的

賬面總值

變動:

已新增或購買的

新金融資產

還款及終止確認

於二零一八年

賬面總值

十二月三十一日的

綜合財務報表附註(續) 截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度

42. 金融風險管理(續)

(b) 信貸風險(續)

Lifetime ECL

信貸風險及減值評估(續) 聯營公司欠款

	12-month ECL 12個月預期 信貸虧損 HK\$ Million 百萬港元	(not creditimpaired) 全期預期 信貸虧損 (並無信貸 減值) HK\$ Million 百萬港元	Lifetime ECL (credit- impaired) 全期預期 信貸虧損 (信貸減值) HK\$ Million 百萬港元	Total 總計 HK\$ Million 百萬港元
日的	518.6	_	17.1	535.7
確認				
	267.1 (220.8)	<u>-</u>		267.1 (220.8)
1	564.9	_	17.1	582.0

(c) Liquidity Risk

2018

The goal of liquidity management is to mitigate risk that a given security or asset cannot be traded quickly enough in the market to prevent a loss or make the required profit. Another goal is to enable the Group, even under adverse market conditions, to actively manage and match funds inflow against all maturing repayment obligations to achieve maximum harmony on cash flow management.

The Group manages its liquidity position to ensure a prudent and adequate liquidity ratio. This is achieved by a transparent and collective monitoring approach across the Group involving the management of the relevant group companies.

(c) 流動資金風險

流動資金管理的目標是減低指定證券 或資產未能及時在市場上買賣以防止 損失或賺取所需溢利的風險,並旨在 使本集團即使在不利的市場條件下亦 可就所有到期償還責任靈活管理及配 合資金流入,並達到現金流量管理之 高度和諧性。

本集團監管其流動資金狀況,確保有 審慎而充裕之流動資金比率。本集團 相關集團公司管理層以高透明度及集 體方式進行監察。

綜合財務報表附註(續)

for the year ended 31st December, 2018

截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度

42. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (CONT'D)

(c) Liquidity Risk (Cont'd)

The exposure of the Group's contractual undiscounted cash flow for financial liabilities and their contractual maturity dates are as follows:

42. 金融風險管理(續)

(c) 流動資金風險(續)

本集團之金融負債面對的合約未折現 現金流量風險及負債的依約到期日如 下:

		On demand or less than 90 days 按要求償還 或少於 90 日 HK\$ Million 百萬港元	91 days to 1 year 91 日至 1 年 HK\$ Million 百萬港元	1 year to 5 years 1 年至 5 年 HK\$ Million 百萬港元	Over 5 years 5 年以上 HK\$ Million 百萬港元	Total 總計 HK\$ Million 百萬港元
	· 於二零一八年十二月三十一日					
0	銀行及其他借貸+	7,452.8	211.1	2,018.9	-	9,682.8
accruals	應付貿易款項、其他應付 款項及應計款項 回購協議下之出售之	184.0	-	-	-	184.0
agreements	金融資産	1,216.5	_	_	_	1,216.5
Amounts due to associates	欠聯營公司款項	7.4	-	-	-	7.4
	欠合營公司款項	40.1	210.4	-	-	40.1
	應付票據 貸款承擔:	736.4 1,341.4	218.4	7,527.6	-	8,482.4 1,341.4
Guarantees*	保證*	0.2	0.1	_	_	0.3
Total	總計	10,978.8	429.6	9,546.5	-	20,954.9
1,21,D 2017	· ···································					
Bank and other borrowings+	於二零一七年十二月三十一日 銀行及其他借貸÷ 應付貿易款項、其他應付	2,370.3	520.0	1,753.4	-	4,643.7
accruals	款項及應計款項 回購協議下之出售之	246.7	-	-	-	246.7
agreements	金融資産	1,071.0	_	_	_	1,071.0
Amounts due to associates	欠聯營公司款項	7.4	-	-	-	7.4
	欠合營公司款項	0.1	-	-	-	0.1
	應付票據	98.3	1,218.7	7,779.9	-	9,096.9
Indemnities on banking facility made available to joint venture	就給予合營公司銀行 信貸額之彌償^	112.7	_	_	_	112.7
	貸款承擔:	1,282.4	-	_	_	1,282.4
	保證*	10.2	8.6	0.6	-	19.4
Total #	物計	5,199.1	1,747.3	9,533.9	_	16,480.3

- Bank and other borrowings with repayment on demand clause are classified as on demand in the above analysis although the demand clause has not been exercised.
- ^ The amount represents the maximum amount the Group could be required by the counterparty bank to indemnity for the loans drawn by a joint venture under a banking facility guaranteed by the Group. Based on the expectation at the end of the reporting period, the Group considers that it is remote for such contingent liabilities to be materialised.
- The amount represents the maximum undrawn loan commitments under the loan facilities arrangement and the Group could be required to provide loan disbursements upon demand from the consumer finance customers and term loan customers. Based on the expectation at the end of the reporting period, the Group considers that it is remote for such whole loan commitments to be fully drawn down in any significant respect.
- * The amounts included above for guarantees are the maximum amounts the Group could be required to settle under the arrangement for the full guaranteed amount if that amount is claimed by the counterparty to the guarantees.

- + 具有按要求償還條文之銀行及其他借貸 於上述分析中分類為按要求償還,然而 該條文尚未被行使。
- 以上數額指對方銀行或會就合營公司根據由本集團擔保之銀行信貸額提取之貸款要求本集團彌償之最高金額。按於報告期末之預期,本集團認為上述或然負債實現之機會極微。
- 以上數額指根據貸款融資協議尚未提取的貸款承擔及本集團應消費金融客戶及有期貸款客戶要求須提供貸款的最高金額。按於報告期末之預期,本集團認為於任何重大方面整筆貸款承擔獲悉數提取之機會極微。
- * 以上保證之數額為根據合約下合約另一 方可能向本集團索取全數保證之最大金 額。

activities.

綜合財務報表附註(續) 截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度

43. RECONCILIATION OF LIABILITIES ARISING FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES

The table below details changes in the Group's liabilities arising from financing activities, including both cash and non-cash changes. Liabilities arising from financing activities are those for which cash flows were, or future cash flows will be, classified in the Group's consolidated statement of cash flows as cash flows from financing

43. 融資業務產生之負債對賬

下表詳列本集團融資業務產生之負債變動 (包括現金及非現金變動)。融資業務產生 之負債指其現金流量或未來現金流量將分 類至本集團綜合現金流量表內的融資業務 所得現金流量。

		Bank and other borrowings Note 38 銀行及 其他借貸 附註38 HK\$ Million 百萬港元	Notes/papers payable Note 39 應付票據 附註39 HK\$ Million 百萬港元	Amounts due to associates 欠聯營 公司款項 HK\$ Million 百萬港元	Amounts due to joint ventures 欠合營 公司款項 HK\$ Million 百萬港元	Total 總計 HK\$ Million 百萬港元
At 31st December,	於二零一七年	4 505 0	T TTO 0		0.4	40 004 0
2017 Impact on initial application of	十二月三十一日 首次採用香港財務報告	4,525.3	7,758.2	7.4	0.1	12,291.0
HKFRS 9	準則第9號之影響	-	(8.3)	-	-	(8.3)
At 1st January, 2018	於二零一八年一月一日	4,525.3	7,749.9	7.4	0.1	12,282.7
Financing cash flow: Repayment of bank and other	融資現金流量: 償還銀行及其他					
borrowings New bank and other borrowings	借貸 籌集所得新造銀行	(14,044.6)	-	-	-	(14,044.6)
raised	及其他借貸	19,100.9	_	_	_	19,100.9
Proceeds from issue of notes/papers	發行票據所得款項	_	795.1	-	-	795.1
Redemption of notes/papers	贖回票據	-	(567.7)	-	-	(567.7)
Repayment of notes/papers Amount advanced	償還票據 一間合營公司	-	(616.5)	-	-	(616.5)
from a joint venture	墊款	_	_	_	40.0	40.0
Accrual interest	應付利息	241.0	375.1	_	-	616.1
Interest paid	已付利息	(157.0)	(350.1)	-	-	(507.1)
Effect on foreign exchange rate	匯率變動之					
changes	影響	(13.9)	48.5	-	-	34.6
Others	其他	(120.1)				(120.1)
At 31st December,	於二零一八年					
2018	十二月三十一日	9,531.6	7,434.3	7.4	40.1	17,013.4

截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度

43. RECONCILIATION OF LIABILITIES ARISING FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES (CONT'D)

43. 融資業務產生之負債對賬(續)

		Bank and other				
		borrowings	Notes/papers	Amounts	Amounts	
		Note 38	payable	due to	due to joint	
		銀行及	Note 39	associates	ventures	
		其他借貸	應付票據	欠聯營	欠合營	Total
		附註38	附註39	公司款項	公司款項	總計
		HK\$ Million	HK\$ Million	HK\$ Million	HK\$ Million	HK\$ Million
		百萬港元	百萬港元	百萬港元	百萬港元	百萬港元
At 1st language 2017	弘一 ∉, レ年, 日, □	F (1) 2	F 017 0	7.2	0.1	10 (27 5
At 1st January, 2017 Financing cash flow:	於二零一七年一月一日 融資現金流量:	5,612.3	5,017.8	7.3	0.1	10,637.5
Repayment of bank and other	做具况並加里· 償還銀行及其他					
borrowings	俱逐歌行及共他 借貸	(2,800.6)				(2,800.6)
New bank and other borrowings	籌集所得新造銀行及	(2,000.0)	_	_	_	(2,000.0)
raised	其他借貸	1,695.5	_	_	_	1,695.5
Proceeds from issue of notes	發行票據所得款項	1,055.5	4,694.6	_	_	4,694.6
Repurchase of notes	回購票據	_	(37.7)	_	_	(37.7)
Redemption of notes	贖回票據	_	(60.5)	_	_	(60.5)
Repayment of notes	償還票據	_	(2,300.8)	_	_	(2,300.8)
Disposal of notes held by	出售本公司附屬公司		(2/3 00.0)			(2/3 00.0)
subsidiaries of the Company	所持之票據	_	334.9	_	_	334.9
Amounts advanced from associates	聯營公司墊款	_	_	0.1	_	0.1
Accrual interest	應付利息	181.9	330.9	_	_	512.8
Interest paid	已付利息	(156.1)	(299.9)	_	_	(456.0)
Loss on redemption of notes	贖回票據之虧損		0.8	_	_	0.8
Effect on foreign exchange rate	匯率變動之					
changes	影響	13.7	78.1	_	_	91.8
Others	其他	(21.4)	_	_	_	(21.4)
At 31st December,	於二零一七年					
2017	十二月三十一日	4,525.3	7,758.2	7.4	0.1	12,291.0

44. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

44. 或然負債

At the end of the reporting period, the Group had guarantees as follows:

於報告期末,本集團作出之保證如下:

		2018 二零一八年 HK\$ Million 百萬港元	2017 二零一七年 HK\$ Million 百萬港元
Indemnities on banking facility made available to joint venture	對給予合營公司的銀行 信貸額之彌償		
At 1st January Exchange adjustments	於一月一日 匯兑調整	112.7 (5.7)	104.7 8.0
At 31st December	於十二月三十一日	107.0	112.7

45. COMMITMENTS

(a) Operating Lease Arrangements As lessee

4 = -7.46

45. 承擔

(a) 經營租約安排 作為承租人

綜合財務報表附註(續)

截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度

二零一八年	二零一七年
HK\$ Million	HK\$ Million
百萬港元	百萬港元
162.7	197.9
0.1	0.1
162.8	198.0

2018

2017

Minimum lease payments
under operating leases recognised
for the year
Land and buildings
Others

於本年度確認 有關經營租約之 最低租約款項 土地及樓宇 其他

At the end of the reporting period, the Group had commitments for future minimum lease payments under non-cancellable operating leases which fall due as follows:

於報告期末,本集團根據不可撤銷經 營租約而於下列期間到期支付之未來 承擔最低租約款項如下:

2017

	一八年	二零一七年	
Land and		Land and	
buildings	Others	buildings	Others
土地及樓宇	其他	土地及樓宇	其他
HK\$ Million	HK\$ Million	HK\$ Million	HK\$ Million
百萬港元	百萬港元	百萬港元	百萬港元
134.1	0.3	160.4	0.9
94.8	0.1	156.8	0.4
228.9	0.4	317.2	1.3

2018

Operating lease payments represent rental payable by the Group for its office premises and office equipment. Leases are generally negotiated for terms ranging from one to five years. The lease commitments include rental payable to an associate of HK\$1.2 million (2017: HK\$1.6 million) and a joint venture of HK\$46.0 million (2017: HK\$81.9 million).

經營租約付款指本集團就其辦公室物業及辦公室設備應付之租金。租約之年期一般議定為一至五年不等。租賃承擔包括應付一間聯營公司之租金1.2百萬港元(二零一七年:1.6百萬港元)及應付一間合營公司之租金46.0百萬港元(二零一七年:81.9百萬港元)。

截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度

45. COMMITMENTS (CONT'D)

(a) Operating Lease Arrangements (Cont'd)

As lessor

Property rental income earned during the year was HK\$227.2 million (2017: HK\$222.7 million). The property held has committed tenants with lease terms and rentals are fixed at one to five years.

At the end of the reporting period, the Group had contracted with tenants for the following future minimum lease payments:

45. 承擔(續)

(a) 經營租約安排(續)

作為出租人

年內賺取之物業租金收入為227.2百萬港元(二零一七年:222.7百萬港元)。所持有之物業已有租戶承諾租用,租賃期限及繳租期固定為一至五年。

於報告期末,本集團已就下列未來最 低租約款項與租戶訂立合約:

		二零一八年 HK\$ Million 百萬港元	二零一七年 HK\$ Million 百萬港元
Within one year In the second to fifth year inclusive	於一年內 第二至第五年(包括首尾兩年)	170.3 99.8	173.3 118.2
		270.1	291.5

The lease commitments include rental receivable from associates of HK\$1.2 million (2017: HK\$3.1 million) and a director of the Company of HK\$nil (2017: HK\$7.4 million).

租賃承擔包括應收聯營公司之租金 1.2百萬港元(二零一七年:3.1百萬 港元)及應收本公司一名董事之租金 零港元(二零一七年:7.4百萬港元)。

(b) Loan Commitments

2018	2017
二零一八年	二零一七年
HK\$ Million	HK\$ Million
百萬港元	百萬港元
1,341.4	1,282.4

Within one year 於一年內

(c) Other Commitments

(c) 其他承擔

(b) 貸款承擔

	二零一八年 HK\$ Million	二零一七年 HK\$ Million
ĺ	百萬港元	百萬港元
	20.5 485.4 19.5	344.6 2.0
	525.4	346.6

Capital commitments for financial	金融資產資本
assets	承擔
Capital commitments for funds	基金資本承擔
Other capital commitments	其他資本承擔
•	

46. EMPLOYEE BENEFITS

The Group operates defined contribution retirement benefit schemes for all qualifying employees in Hong Kong. The assets of the schemes are held separately from those of the Group under provident funds managed by independent trustees.

The retirement benefits cost charged to the consolidated statement of profit or loss represents contributions paid and payable to the fund by the Group at rates specified in the rules of the schemes. Where there are employees who leave the schemes prior to vesting fully in the contributions, in accordance with the terms of the schemes, the contributions payable by the Group are reduced by the amount of forfeited employer's contributions.

The scheme has been closed in December 2000 to new employees as a consequence of the Mandatory Provident Fund Schemes Ordinance introduced by the Hong Kong Government.

From 1st December, 2000 onwards, new staff in Hong Kong joining the Group are required to join the Mandatory Provident Fund Scheme ("MPF Scheme"). The Group is required to contribute 5% of the employees' salaries, while the employees are required to contribute 5% of their salaries to the MPF Scheme.

The employees of the Company's subsidiaries established in the PRC are members of state-managed retirement benefit schemes operated by the PRC government. These subsidiaries are required to contribute certain percentage of payroll costs to the retirement benefit schemes to fund the benefits. The only obligation of the Group with respect to the retirement benefit schemes is to make the specified contributions.

綜合財務報表附註(續) 截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度

46. 僱員福利

本集團為所有香港合資格僱員提供定額供 款退休福利計劃。該等計劃之資產與本集 團資產分開持有,獨立存於獨立信託公司 所管理之公積金。

自綜合損益表扣除之退休福利開支為本集 團按計劃規則所指定比率而已付及應付供 款。倘僱員於完全達到享用退休福利前退 出計劃,則根據計劃之條款,本集團應付 的供款將扣除沒收顧主供款之金額。

由於香港政府推行強制性公積金計劃條例,故此本集團於二零零零年十二月起不再為新僱員提供上述計劃。

自二零零年十二月一日起,凡於香港新加盟本集團之員工按規定均須加入強制性公積金計劃(「強積金計劃」)。本集團及僱員各自須向強積金計劃作出相當於僱員薪金5%之供款。

本公司在中國成立之附屬公司之僱員為中國政府管理之國家退休福利計劃之成員。 此等附屬公司需按工資成本若干百分比向 退休福利計劃作出供款,支持有關福利。 本集團就退休福利計劃之責任僅為作出指 定之供款。

46. EMPLOYEE BENEFITS (CONT'D)

Expenses recognised in profit or loss for the contributions to retirement benefit schemes for the current year amounted to HK\$88.5 million (2017: HK\$87.2 million). The amount of forfeited contributions utilised in the course of the year ended 31st December, 2018 was HK\$0.3 million (2017: HK\$0.2 million).

Under the employee ownership scheme of SHK ("EOS"), which was formally adopted by SHK on 18th December, 2007, selected employees or directors of SHK group (the "Selected Grantees") were awarded shares in SHK. Following management's recommendation of SHK, shares of SHK were granted to the Selected Grantees subject to various terms including, amongst other things, the vesting scale whereby awarded shares of SHK will vest and become unrestricted in various vesting periods. During the year, 3.2 million shares (2017: 1.2 million shares) of SHK were awarded to Selected Grantees under the EOS. The fair value of the services rendered (by reference to the market value of awarded shares at grant dates) as consideration of the shares awarded during the year was HK\$15.5 million (2017: HK\$6.1 million) which will be amortised to profit or loss during the vesting period. The amount expensed during the year in respect of shares awarded under the EOS was HK\$8.3 million (2017: HK\$6.4 million).

At the extraordinary general meeting of the Company held on 23rd July, 2012, it was resolved that a director's service agreement entered between SHK group and a director of SHK's subsidiary for a term of ten years be approved. Subject to the terms and conditions of the agreement, SHK group has granted the director of a subsidiary an option ("Option") to subscribe for or purchase up to 20% of the issued capital of a new company ("Newco") to be established to hold all equity interests in subsidiaries incorporated or to be incorporated in the PRC for money lending businesses in the PRC ("PRC Subsidiaries") at an exercise price which is determined based on the aggregate carrying amount of shareholders equity and shareholders loans proportional to the shareholding to be taken up by the director of a subsidiary at the time of exercise of the Option. Prior to the period before the Option becomes vested, the director of a subsidiary is also entitled a bonus calculated based on the performance of the PRC Subsidiaries. The transaction constituted a very substantial disposal and a connected transaction and its details were disclosed in the Company's circular dated 29th June, 2012.

綜合財務報表附註(續) 截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度

46. 僱員福利(續)

本年度就退休福利計劃供款在損益確認之費用為88.5百萬港元(二零一七年:87.2百萬港元)。於截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度內使用之被沒收供款額為0.3百萬港元(二零一七年:0.2百萬港元)。

根據新鴻基於二零零七年十二月十八日正 式採納之新鴻基僱員股份擁有計劃(「僱員 股份擁有計劃」),新鴻基集團之經選定僱 員或董事(「選定承授人」)獲授予新鴻基股 份。經新鴻基管理層推薦後,向選定承 授人授予新鴻基股份,惟須受各項條款所 限,包括歸屬規模,據此,所授予之新鴻 基股份將歸屬及在各個歸屬期間成為無限 制。年內,根據僱員股份擁有計劃分別向 選定承授人獎授3.2百萬股(二零一七年: 1.2百萬股)新鴻基股份。年內作為獎授股 份代價之所提供服務之公平價值(經參考 獎授股份於授出日期之市值)為15.5百萬 港元(二零一七年:6.1百萬港元),將於 歸屬期內於損益攤銷。年內根據僱員股份 擁有計劃獎勵之股份所支銷之金額為8.3 百萬港元(二零一七年:6.4百萬港元)。

本公司於二零一二年七月二十三日舉行股 東特別大會,議決批准新鴻基集團與新鴻 基一間附屬公司之董事訂立之董事服務協 議,為期十年。以協議之條款及條件為 限,新鴻基集團授予附屬公司之董事購股 權(「購股權」),按行使價認購或購買將成 立新公司(「新公司」)最多20%之已發行股 本,該新公司成立以持有於或將於中國註 冊成立從事放款業務的附屬公司(「中國附 屬公司」)之全部股權,行使價乃根據附屬 公司之董事行使購股權時將認購之股權比 例應佔之股東權益及股東貸款之賬面總值 釐定。於購股權歸屬前之期間,附屬公司 之董事亦有權獲得按中國附屬公司表現計 算所得之花紅。是項交易構成非常重大出 售事項及關連交易, 詳情披露於本公司二 零一二年六月二十九日之通函。

46. EMPLOYEE BENEFITS (CONT'D)

The fair value of the Option on grant date of 23rd July, 2012 was HK\$255.1 million which was calculated using the Black-Scholes pricing model and carried out by Norton Appraisals Limited, a firm of independent and qualified professional valuers not connected with the Group. The inputs into the model include an underlying asset value of PRC Subsidiaries as at the grant date of HK\$1,018.1 million, risk free rate of 2.74%, volatility of 39.25% and expected option life of 5 years. No share based payment expense is recognised in the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31st December, 2018 (2017: Nil) since one of the vesting conditions for the Option is the successful completion of the establishment of the Newco, the date of which, in the opinion of the management, could not vet be estimated with reasonable certainty.

47. PLEDGE OF ASSETS

At the end of the reporting period, certain of the Group's investment properties and land and buildings with an aggregate carrying value of HK\$8,896.0 million (2017: HK\$7,766.9 million), bank deposits and bank balances of HK\$20.0 million (2017: Nil) together with certain securities in respect of a listed subsidiary with investment cost of HK\$276.6 million (2017: HK\$276.6 million) were pledged to secure loans and general banking facilities to the extent of HK\$3,775.7 million (2017: HK\$2,291.5 million) granted to the Group. Facilities amounting to HK\$3,137.3 million (2017: HK\$990.0 million) were utilised at the end of the reporting period.

At the end of the reporting period, a bank deposit of HK\$nil (2017: HK\$1.2 million) was pledged to secure a guarantee issued to third parties by a bank in favour of a subsidiary to the extent of HK\$nil (2017: HK\$1.2 million).

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46. 僱員福利(續)

購股權之公平價值於授出日期二零一二年七月二十三日為255.1百萬港元,由與本集團並無關連之獨立合資格專業估值公司普敦國際評估有限公司以柏力克一舒斯定價模式計量。模式之輸入數據產也國附屬公司於授出日期之相關資產值1,018.1百萬港元、無風險利率2.74%、幅39.25%及預計購股權期限為五年度被幅39.25%及預計購股權期限為五年度並需分綜合財務報表確認股份結算開支(二零一七年:無),因為購股權其中一項歸屬條件是成功完成新公司之成立,而管理層條件是成功完成新公司之成立,而管理層認為完成成立之日期無法合理估計。

47. 資產抵押

於報告期末,本集團賬面總值8,896.0百萬港元(二零一七年:7,766.9百萬港元)之若干投資物業及土地及樓字、銀行存款及銀行結餘20.0百萬港元(二零一七年:無),連同一間上市附屬公司投資本276.6百萬港元(二零一七年:276.6百萬港元)之若干證券,已用作多達3,775.7百萬港元(二零一七年:2,291.5百萬港元)授予本集團之貸款及一般銀行信額為3,137.3百萬港元(二零一七年:990.0百萬港元)。

於報告期末,銀行存款零港元(二零一七年:1.2百萬港元)已用作銀行為一間附屬公司向第三方發出的多達零港元(二零一七年:1.2百萬港元)的擔保之抵押。

截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度

48. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS AND BALANCES

48. 有關連人士交易及結餘

During the year, the Group entered into following significant transactions with related parties.

年內,本集團與有關連人士訂立以下重大 交易。

(Income)/Expense

(a) Summary of transactions

(a) 交易概要

		(收入)	/支出
		2018	2017
		二零一八年	二零一七年
		HK\$ Million	HK\$ Million
		百萬港元	百萬港元
Associates	聯營公司		
Management services fee	管理服務費	(59.6)	(59.1)
Loan referral fee and participation	貸款推介費及參與費	, ,	` ,
fee income	收入	(21.6)	(36.7)
Interest income	利息收入	(5.7)	(2.4)
Management and service fees	管理及服務費	, ,	` ,
income	收入	(4.3)	(5.3)
Manager's fee	管理人費用	(2.7)	(2.6)
Rent, property management and	租金、物業管理及		
air-conditioning fee income	空調費收入	(2.1)	(1.4)
Interest expenses	利息費用	5.5	9.0
Service fees expenses	服務費用	4.5	5.0
Brokerage expenses	經紀費用	4.1	3.4
Rent and property management fee	租金及物業管理費	3.6	4.1
Insurance premiums paid	已付保險費	3.2	4.2
Consultancy fee received	已收取之諮詢費	_	(2.5)
Joint ventures	合營公司		
Administration, management,	行政、管理、諮詢及		
consultancy and agency fee income	代理費收入	(11.5)	(10.7)
Manager's fee	管理人費用	(1.3)	(1.3)
Rent, property management and	租金、物業管理及		0.0.4
air-conditioning fee	空調費	40.5	33.1
D'and and the Comme	* 4 日装市		
Director of the Company	本公司董事	(0.5)	(4.1)
Rental income	租金收入	(0.5)	(4.1)
Entities controlled by a director of	本公司董事控制之		
the Company	サムリ里寺		
Rental income	租金收入	(14.1)	(14.1)
Logistics and warehouse services fee	物流及倉庫服務費	0.4	0.3
220.2	DA DIBO - VIII / THIN AND SK		0.5

Note: Apart from the tenancy agreements and a logistics and warehouse services agreement entered into by a subsidiary of the Company with entities controlled by a director of the Company, none of the above related party transactions constitutes a discloseable connected transaction as defined in the Listing Rules.

註解:除本公司一間附屬公司與由本公司董事 控制之實體所訂立的租賃協議及物流及 倉庫服務協議外,上述有關連人士交易 概不構成上市規則所界定之須予披露關 連交易。

綜合財務報表附註(續) 截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度

48. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS AND BALANCES (CONT'D)

48. 有關連人士交易及結餘(續)

(b) Key management personnel compensation

(b) 主要管理層人員酬金

		2018 二零一八年 HK\$ Million 百萬港元	2017 二零一七年 HK\$ Million 百萬港元
Short-term benefits Post-employment benefits	短期福利 退休福利	144.7 0.9	155.0 0.9
		145.6	155.9

(c) At the end of the reporting period, the Group had the following material balances with related parties:

(c) 於報告期末,本集團與有關連人士有以下重大結餘:

		2018 二零一八年 HK\$ Million 百萬港元	2017 二零一七年 HK\$ Million 百萬港元
Associates Joint ventures Director of the Company Entities controlled by a director of	聯營公司 合營公司 本公司董事 本公司董事控制	568.3 (30.4) -	409.6 9.0 (0.9)
the Company	之實體	(1.4)	(2.6)
		536.5	415.1

截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度

48. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS AND BALANCES (CONT'D)

(c) At the end of the reporting period, the Group had the following material balances with related parties:

The above amounts are included in the consolidated statement of financial position of the Group in the following ways:

48. 有關連人士交易及結餘(續)

於報告期末,本集團與有關連人士有 (c) 以下重大結餘:(續)

上述金額乃以下列方式於本集團之綜 合財務狀況表內入賬:

2018

零一八年

2017

一七年

		Notes 註解	HK\$ Million 百萬港元	HK\$ Million 百萬港元
Term loans, trade receivables, prepayment and other receivables Amounts due from associates Amounts due from joint ventures Trade payables, other payables and accruals Amounts due to associates Amounts due to joint ventures Notes payable	有期貸款、應收貿易款項、 預預可 款項及其他應收 款質可可欠款 合營公司欠款 應付到及應計,其 在 數學 等 等 的 等 的 等 的 等 的 等 的 的 的 的 的 的 的 的 的	(i) (ii) (i) (ii)	11.9 564.9 9.8 (2.6) (7.4) (40.1) –	14.9 518.6 9.1 (3.5) (7.4) (0.1) (116.5)

Notes:

- As at 31st December, 2018, the amounts due from (to) associates are unsecured, non-interest bearing and repayable on demand, except for (i) an unsecured short-term loan to an associate of HK\$54.4 million, which bears interest at 7.65% per annum for the first month and 4.6% per annum thereafter and is due for repayment on 30th April, 2019; (ii) an unsecured short-term loan to an associate of HK\$40.0 million, which bears interest at 3% above HIBOR per annum and is due for repayment on 30th October, 2019; and (iii) an unsecured short-term loan to an associate of HK\$71.9 million, which bears interest at 3.8% per annum and is due from repayment on 21st June, 2019.
- As at 31st December, 2018, the amounts due from (to) joint ventures are unsecured, non-interest bearing and repayable on demand.
- (d) During the year, loans of HK\$250.1 million (2017: HK\$81.0 million) were advanced to associates and HK\$118.9 million (2017: HK\$44.0 million) were repaid by associates.
- (e) During the year, a non-interest bearing loan of HK\$40.0 million (2017: Nil) was advanced from a joint venture.
- During the year, HK\$64.6 million (2017: Nil) was paid to an associate for subscription of the unlisted redeemable preferred shares issued by it.
- During the year, sale proceeds of HK\$119.8 million (2017: Nil) was received from an associate for disposal of another associate to it.

註解:

- 於二零一八年十二月三十一日,該等欠 自(欠)聯營公司款項為無抵押、免息及 須於要求時償還,惟(i)授予一間聯營公 司的無抵押短期貸款54.4百萬港元,於 第一個月按7.65%的年利率計息及其後 按4.6%的年利率計息及須於二零一九年 四月三十日償還;(ii)授予一間聯營公司 的無抵押短期貸款40.0百萬港元,按香 港銀行同業拆息加3%的年利率計息及須 於二零一九年十月三十日償還;及(iii)授 予一間聯營公司的無抵押短期貸款71.9 百萬港元,按3.8%的年利率計息及須於 二零一九年六月二十一日償還除外
- 於二零一八年十二月三十一日,該等欠 自(欠)合營公司款項為無抵押、免息及 須於要求時償還。
- (d) 年內,已向聯營公司墊支貸款250.1 百萬港元(二零一七年:81.0百萬港 元)及獲聯營公司償還貸款118.9百萬 港元(二零一七年:44.0百萬港元)。
- (e) 年內,已從一間合營公司獲墊支40.0 百萬港元(二零一七年:無)之免息貸 款。
- 年內,已向一間聯營公司支付64.6百 萬港元(二零一七年:無)作為認購該 聯營公司發行之非上市可贖回優先 股。
- 年內,已從一間聯營公司收取119.8 百萬港元(二零一七年:無)銷售所得 款項作為向其出售另一間聯營公司。

截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度

49. STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION OF THE 49. 本公司之財務狀況表 COMPANY

		2018 二零一八年 HK\$ Million 百萬港元	2017 二零一七年 HK\$ Million 百萬港元
Non-current assets Property, plant and equipment Investments in subsidiaries Amounts due from subsidiaries	非流動資產 物業、廠房及設備 於附屬公司之投資 附屬公司欠款	4.4 1,421.8 2,272.2	2.5 1,356.6 2,415.1
		3,698.4	3,774.2
Current assets Trade receivables, prepayments and other receivables Amounts due from subsidiaries Cash and cash equivalents	流動資產 應收貿易款項、預付款項 及其他應收款項 附屬公司欠款 現金及現金等價物	20.4 573.0 136.9	25.9 572.8 199.4
		730.3	798.1
Current liabilities Trade payables, other payables and accruals Provisions	流動負債 應付貿易款項、其他應付款項 及應計款項 撥備	7.1 0.5	5.6 0.4
		7.6	6.0
Net current assets	流動資產淨值	722.7	792.1
Total assets less current liabilities	總資產減流動負債	4,421.1	4,566.3
Capital and reserves Share capital Reserves	股本及儲備 股本 儲備	2,221.7 1,395.7	2,221.7 1,441.9
Total equity	權益總額	3,617.4	3,663.6
Non-current liability Amount due to subsidiaries	非流動負債 欠附屬公司款項	803.7	902.7
		4,421.1	4,566.3

The Company's statement of financial position was approved and authorised for issue by the Board of Directors on 25th March, 2019, and is signed on its behalf by:

本公司財務狀況表經董事會於二零一九年 三月二十五日批准及授權刊發,並由下列 董事代表簽署:

Arthur George Dew 狄亞法 Director 董事 Edwin Lo King Yau 勞景祐 Director 董事



50. RESERVES OF THE COMPANY

綜合財務報表附註(續)

截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度

50. 本公司之儲備

		Accumulated profits 累計溢利 HK\$ Million 百萬港元	Dividend reserve 股息儲備 HK\$ Million 百萬港元	Total 總計 HK\$ Million 百萬港元
At 1st January, 2017	於二零一七年一月一日	1,004.9	327.1	1,332.0
2017 interim dividend	二零一七年中期股息	(26.4)	26.4	-
Dividend paid	已付股息	-	(353.5)	(353.5)
Second interim dividend declared	宣派第二次中期股息	(413.0)	413.0	_
Share repurchased and cancelled Profit and total comprehensive income	購回及註銷股份 本公司股東應佔溢利及	(52.5)	-	(52.5)
attributable to owners of the Company	全面收益總額	515.9	_	515.9
At 31st December, 2017	於二零一七年十二月三十一日	1,028.9	413.0	1,441.9
2018 interim dividend	二零一八年中期股息	(26.4)	26.4	_
Dividend paid	已付股息	-	(439.4)	(439.4)
Second interim dividend declared Profit and total comprehensive income	宣派第二次中期股息 本公司股東應佔溢利及	(413.0)	413.0	_
attributable to owners of the Company	全面收益總額	393.2	_	393.2
At 31st December, 2018	於二零一八年十二月三十一日	982.7	413.0	1,395.7

The Company's reserves available for distribution to owners of the Company at 31st December, 2018 are represented by accumulated profits and dividend reserve totalling HK\$1,395.7 million (2017: HK\$1,441.9 million).

於二零一八年十二月三十一日,本公司 可供派發予本公司股東之儲備以合共 1,395.7百萬港元(二零一七年:1,441.9百 萬港元)的累計溢利及股息儲備呈列。

51. INVESTMENTS IN SUBSIDIARIES

Details of non wholly-owned subsidiaries of the Group that have material non-controlling interests

The consolidated profit or loss allocated to non-controlling interests during the year and the accumulated non-controlling interests in the consolidated statement of financial position as at 31st December, 2018 are as follows:

綜合財務報表附註(續)

截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度

51. 於附屬公司之投資

本集團擁有重大非控股權益的非全資附屬 公司的詳情

年內,分配予非控股權益之綜合損益及於 二零一八年十二月三十一日之綜合財務狀 況表內累計之非控股權益如下:

	Protit (loss) a non-controll 分配予非控肦 (虧:	ing interests B權益之溢利	Accumulated non-controlling interests 累計 非控股權益		
	2018	2017	2018	2017	
	二零一八年 HK\$ Million 百萬港元	二零一七年 HK\$ Million 百萬港元	二零一八年 HK\$ Million 百萬港元	二零一七年 HK\$ Million 百萬港元	
聯合地產及其附屬公司 其他擁有非控股權益之	1,515.3	2,273.2	20,137.4	20,842.7	
附屬公司	(4.2)	41.7	292.0	348.4	
	1,511.1	2,314.9	20,429.4	21,191.1	

Other subsidiaries having non-controlling interests 其他擁有非控股權益之 附屬公司

APL and its subsidiaries

Summarised consolidated financial information of APL is set out below.

聯合地產的綜合財務資料概要載列如下。

		2018 二零一八年 HK\$ Million 百萬港元	2017 二零一七年 HK\$ Million 百萬港元
Current assets Non-current assets Current liabilities Non-current liabilities	流動資產 非流動資產 流動負債 非流動負債	24,109.2 43,673.7 (10,676.7) (9,225.4)	21,247.7 40,818.5 (5,769.2) (9,002.7)
Dividend distribution to non-controlling interests Revenue Profit for the year Other comprehensive (expenses) income for the year	分派股息予非控股 權益 收入 本年度溢利 本年度其他全面(費用) 收益	657.1 4,915.4 3,276.2 (746.6)	454.9 4,374.3 5,267.5 876.7

截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度

52. PARTICULARS OF PRINCIPAL SUBSIDIARIES

Particulars of the Company's principal subsidiaries at 31st December, 2018 which have their principal place of operations in Hong Kong are set out below:

52. 主要附屬公司資料

於二零一八年十二月三十一日,本公司主 要業務所在地位於香港之主要附屬公司資 料如下:

	Paid up				roportion of ownership interest 擁有權權益之比例		
Subsidiaries 附屬公司	issued ordinary share capital 繳足已發行 普通股本	the Co	d by mpany/ liaries 屬公司持有 2017 二零一七年	to the	outable Group 團應佔 2017 二零一七年	Principal activity 主要業務	
	HK\$ 港元	%	%	%	%		
Admiralty Eight Limited	1	100	100	46	43	Property holding 持有物業	
Admiralty Eleven Limited	1	100	100	46	43	Property holding 持有物業	
AG Capital Limited 聯合融資有限公司	2	100	100	100	100	Securities trading, money lending and business of consultancy 證券買賣、借貸及 顧問諮詢業務	
AG Investments Limited	50,000,000	100*	100*	100	100	Investment holding 投資控股	
Alaston Development Limited	US\$1 1美元	100	100	75	75	Property holding 持有物業	
Allied Capital Management Limited	2	100	100	100	100	Securities trading 證券買賣	
Allied Properties (H.K.) Limited ** 聯合地產(香港)有限公司**	4,250,524,762	14*	14*	75	75	Investment holding 投資控股	
		61	61				
Allied Properties Investments (1) Company Limited	US\$1 1美元	100	100	75	75	Investment holding 投資控股	
Allied Real Estate Agency Limited 聯合地產代理有限公司	2	100	100	75	75	Real estate agency 地產代理	
AP Administration Limited	2	100	100	75	75	Provision of management and consultancy services 提供管理及顧問服務	
AP Corporate Services Limited	2	100	100	75	75	Provision of corporate services 提供公司服務	

截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度

	Proportion of ownership interest Paid up 擁有權權益之比例					
Subsidiaries 附屬公司	issued ordinary share capital 繳足已發行 普通股本	the Co subside	d by mpany/ diaries 屬公司持有 2017 二零一七年	to the	utable Group 團應佔 2017 二零一七年	Principal activity 主要業務
	HK\$ 港元	%	%	%	%	
AP Development Limited 聯合地產發展有限公司	2	100	100	75	75	Investment holding 投資控股
AP Diamond Limited	US\$1 1美元	100	100	75	75	Property holding and investment holding 持有物業及投資控股
AP Emerald Limited	US\$1 1美元	100	100	75	75	Investment holding 投資控股
AP Finance Limited	2	100	100	75	75	Money lending 借貸
AP Property Management Limited	2	100	100	75	75	Building management 樓宇管理
Best Melody Development Limited 高韻發展有限公司	5,000	100	100	75	75	Property holding 持有物業
Capital Sharp Investment Limited 昌鍵投資有限公司	2	100	100	75	75	Investment holding 投資控股
Capscore Limited	2	100*	100*	100	100	Investment holding 投資控股
Charm Force Investment Limited 耀科投資有限公司	18,155,000	57	57	43	43	Investment holding 投資控股
Citiwealth Investment Limited 開鵬投資有限公司	2	100*	100*	100	100	Investment holding 投資控股
CMS Investments Limited	1	100	100	75	75	Investment holding 投資控股
Conrad Security Limited 港麗保安有限公司	1	100	100	75	75	Security and guarding services 保安及護衛服務
First Asian Holdings Limited 亞洲第一集團有限公司	2	100	100	27	25	Investment holding 投資控股

截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度

	Proportion of ownership interest Paid up 擁有權權益之比例					
Subsidiaries 附屬公司	issued ordinary share capital 繳足已發行 普通股本 HK\$ 港元	the Co subsi 本公司/附 2018	d by mpany/ diaries 場際公司持有 2017 二零一七年 %	to the	outable Group 團應佔 2017 二零一七年 %	Principal activity 主要業務
Florich Development Limited 景資發展有限公司	10,000	100	100	75	75	Investment holding 投資控股
Front Sail Limited 拓航有限公司	5,000	100	100	75	75	Property holding 持有物業
Gilmore Limited	2	100	100	75	75	Property holding 持有物業
Hillcrest Development Limited	20	100	100	75	75	Property holding 持有物業
Hi-Link Limited	200	100	100	75	75	Investment holding 投資控股
Hong Kong Dementia Services Limited 香港老年癡呆症服務有限公司	US\$1 1美元	100	100	75	75	Provision of elderly care services 提供護老服務
Integrated Custodian Limited	2	100	100	75	75	Property holding 持有物業
Itso Limited	2	100	100	46	43	Investment holding, financial services and securities trading 投資控股、金融服務及 證券買賣
Jaffe Development Limited	US\$1 1美元	100	100	75	75	Property holding 持有物業
Kalix Investment Limited	2	100	100	75	75	Property holding 持有物業
Long Rainbow Limited 大利標有限公司	2	100	100	75	75	Investment holding 投資控股

截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度

	Proportion of ownership interest Paid up 擁有權權益之比例 issued ordinary Held by					
Subsidiaries 附屬公司	share capital 繳足已發行 普通股本	the Co subside	mpany/ diaries ·屬公司持有 2017 二零一七年	to the	outable Group 團應佔 2017 二零一七年	Principal activity 主要業務
	HK\$ 港元	%	%	%	%	
Long Set Investments Limited 朗式投資有限公司	2	100	100	75	75	Investment holding 投資控股
LYNX Technology Limited 凌睿科技有限公司	1,000,000	100	100	75	75	Medical equipment and supplies distribution 醫療設備及供應品分銷
Mainford Investment Limited 銘福投資有限公司	1	100	100	75	75	Property holding 持有物業
Mightyton Limited	10,000	100	100	75	75	Property holding 持有物業
Oakfame Investment Limited 幹美投資有限公司	2	100	100	46	43	Investment holding 投資控股
Ontone Limited 安通建業有限公司	2	100	100	75	75	Hotel operations and property holding 酒店業務及持有物業
Pioneer Alliance Limited 興順隆有限公司	10,000	100*	100*	100	100	Investment holding 投資控股
Plentiwind Limited	15,000,002	100	100	46	43	Investment holding 投資控股
Polyking Services Limited 栢麗服務有限公司	2	100	100	75	75	Building maintenance and cleaning services 樓字保養及清潔服務
Protech Property Management Limited 保得物業管理有限公司	5,000	100	100	75	75	Building management and security guarding services 樓宇管理及護衛服務
Rank Crown Investment Limited 穎坤投資有限公司	2	100*	100*	100	100	Investment holding 投資控股
Rodril Investments Limited	1	100	100	46	43	Investment holding 投資控股
San Pack Properties Limited 山稻置業有限公司	10	100	100	75	75	Property holding 持有物業

截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度

	Paid up issued ordinary	P Hel	roportion of ov 擁有權權			
Subsidiaries 附屬公司	share capital 繳足已發行 普通股本	the Cor subsic 本公司/附	mpany/ liaries	Attrib to the 本集團	Group 團應佔	Principal activity 主要業務
	HK\$ 港元	2018 二零一八年 %	2017 二零一七年 %	2018 二零一八年 %	2017 二零一七年 %	
Scienter Investments Limited	20	100	100	46	43	Investment holding and provision of loan finance 投資控股及提供貸款融資
Senior Care Elderly Limited	US\$1 1美元	100	100	75	75	Provision of elderly care services 提供護老服務
Senior Care Limited 善頤護理有限公司	1,000	100	100	75	75	Provision of elderly care services 提供護老服務
Senior Care Nursing Home Limited 善頤護老有限公司	1,000	100	100	75	75	Provision of elderly care services 提供護老服務
SHK Bullion Company Limited	10,000	100	100	46	43	Investment holding 投資控股
SHK Commodities Limited	10,000	100	100	46	43	Investment portfolio 投資組合
SHK Finance Limited 新鴻基財務有限公司	150,000,000	100	100	27	25	Money lending 借貸
SHK Hong Kong Industries Limited** 新工投資有限公司**	918,978,271	75	75	75	75	Investment holding 投資控股
SHK International Limited	10,000	100	100	46	43	Investment holding 投資控股
SHK Investment Services Limited	1,000,000	100	100	46	43	Asset holding 資產投資
SHK Pearl River Delta Investment Company Limited 新鴻基珠江三角洲投資有限公司	Issued share capital: 已發行股本: 100,000,000 Paid up share capital: 繳足股本: 75,000,000.5	100	100	46	43	Provision of loan finance 提供貸款融資

截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度

	Paid up		roportion of ov 擁有權權			
Subsidiaries 附屬公司	issued ordinary share capital 繳足已發行 普通股本	the Co subsid	d by mpany/ diaries 場合の司持有 2017 二零一七年	to the	outable Group 團應佔 2017 二零一七年	Principal activity 主要業務
	HK\$ 港元	%	%	%	%	
SHK Securities Limited	20	100	100	46	43	Asset holding 資產投資
Sierra Joy Limited	2	100	100	75	75	Property holding 持有物業
Sunhill Investments Limited 陽山投資有限公司	2	100*	100*	100	100	Investment holding 投資控股
Sun Hung Kai & Co. Limited** 新鴻基有限公司**	8,731,004,462	57	57	46	43	Investment holding 投資控股
Sun Hung Kai Credit Limited 新鴻基信貸有限公司	800,000,000 (2017: 450,000,000) (二零一七年: 450,000,000)	100	100	42	40	Mortgage financing 按揭融資
Sun Hung Kai Fintech Capital Limited (formerly known as SHK Insurance Consultants Limited) (前稱新鴻基保險顧問有限公司)	3,000,000	100	100	46	43	Investment holding 投資控股
Sun Hung Kai Securities (Overseas) Limited 新鴻基證券(海外)有限公司	60,000	100	100	46	43	Investment holding 投資控股
Sun Hung Kai Strategic Capital Limited 新鴻基策略資本有限公司	2	100	100	46	43	Investment holding, securities trading and financial services 投資控股、證券買賣及金融服務
Sun Hung Kai Structured Finance Limited 新鴻基結構融資有限公司	137,500,000	100	100	46	43	Securities trading and provision of loan finance 證券買賣及提供貸款融資
Sun Hung Kai Venture Capital Limited	2	100	100	46	43	Investment holding 投資控股
Texgulf Limited	20	100	100	46	43	Property holding 持有物業

52. PARTICULARS OF PRINCIPAL SUBSIDIARIES 52. 主要附屬公司資料(續) (CONT'D)

	Paid up issued ordinary		roportion of ov 擁有權權			
Subsidiaries 附屬公司	share capital the (繳足已發行 sub		subsidiaries to 引/附屬公司持有 本		utable Group 團應佔 2017	Principal activity 主要業務
	HK\$ 港元	二零一八年	二零一七年 %	二零一八年	二零一七年 %	
The Hong Kong Equity Guarantee Corporation Limited	2	100	100	75	75	Investment holding 投資控股
Tung Wo Investment Company, Limited 同和投資有限公司	10,000	100	100	46	43	Investment holding 投資控股
United Asia Finance Limited 亞洲聯合財務有限公司	1,502,218,417.8	58	58	27	25	Consumer financing 消費金融
Universal Way Limited	2	100	100	75	75	Investment holding 投資控股
Wah Cheong Development Company, Limited 華昌建業有限公司	25,100,000	100	100	46	43	Investment holding 投資控股
Wineur Secretaries Limited 偉略秘書有限公司	2	100	100	46	43	Secretarial services 秘書服務
Yee Li Ko Investment Limited 億利高投資有限公司	58,330,000	100	100	46	43	Property holding 持有物業
Yu Ming Investment Management Limited 禹銘投資管理有限公司	10,000,000	100	100	100	100	Management and investment advisory services 管理及投資顧問服務

With the exception of Alaston Development Limited, Allied Properties Investments (1) Company Limited, AP Diamond Limited, AP Emerald Limited, Hong Kong Dementia Services Limited, Jaffe Development Limited and Senior Care Elderly Limited, which were incorporated in the British Virgin Islands, all the above subsidiaries were incorporated in Hong Kong.

除Alaston Development Limited、Allied Properties Investments (1) Company Limited、AP Diamond Limited、AP Emerald Limited、香港老年癡呆症服務有限公司、Jaffe Development Limited及 Senior Care Elderly Limited於英屬處女群島註冊成立外,以上所有附屬公司均在香港註冊成立。

綜合財務報表附註(續) 截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度

52. PARTICULARS OF PRINCIPAL SUBSIDIARIES (CONT'D)

Particulars of the Company's principal subsidiaries at 31st December, 2018 which were incorporated and have their principal place of operations outside Hong Kong are set out below:

52. 主要附屬公司資料(續)

於二零一八年十二月三十一日,本公司在 香港以外地點註冊成立及其主要業務所在 地亦在香港境外地區之主要附屬公司資料 如下:

	Place of	Proportion of ownership interest 擁有權權益之比例					
Subsidiaries 附屬公司	incorporation/ operation 註冊成立/ 業務所在地	Paid up issued ordinary share capital 繳足已發行普通股本	the Co subsid	d by mpany/ diaries 屬公司持有 2017 二零一七年 %	Attribu the C 本集團 2018 二零一八年 %	Group	Principal activity 主要業務
Abbey Dale Ventures Limited	British Virgin Islands 英屬處女群島	US \$ 1 1美元	100	100	46	43	Investment holding 投資控股
Allied Harbin Link Limited	British Virgin Islands 英屬處女群島	US\$1 1美元	100	100	100	100	Investment holding 投資控股
Allied Properties China Limited	Cayman Islands 開曼群島	US\$1,000 1,000美元	100	100	75	75	Investment holding 投資控股
Allied Properties Investments (3) Limited	Cayman Islands 開曼群島	US\$1,000 1,000美元	100	100	75	75	Investment holding 投資控股
Allied Properties Resources Limited	British Virgin Islands 英屬處女群島	US \$1 1美元	100	100	75	75	Investment holding 投資控股
Boneast Assets Limited	British Virgin Islands 英屬處女群島	US \$1 1美元	100	100	46	43	Investment holding 投資控股
Bronwood Holdings Limited	British Virgin Islands 英屬處女群島	US \$1 1美元	100	100	46	43	Investment holding 投資控股
Bright Clear Limited	British Virgin Islands 英屬處女群島	US \$1 1美元	100	100	100	100	Investment holding 投資控股
Champstar Investments Limited	British Virgin Islands 英屬處女群島	US\$1 1美元	100	100	46	43	Investment holding, securities trading and financial services 投資控股、證券買賣及 金融服務
Cautious Base Limited	British Virgin Islands 英屬處女群島	HK\$10,001 10,001港元	100	100	75	75	Investment holding 投資控股
Dagenham Investments Limited	British Virgin Islands 英屬處女群島	US \$1 1美元	100	100	46	43	Investment holding 投資控股
Fine Era Limited 佳紀有限公司	British Virgin Islands 英屬處女群島	US\$1 1美元	100	100	100	100	Investment holding 投資控股

截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度

52. PARTICULARS OF PRINCIPAL SUBSIDIARIES (CONT'D)

52. 主要附屬公司資料(續)

	Place of	n. 21 2		· 擁有權權	vnership interes 益之比例	t	
Subsidiaries 附屬公司	incorporation/ operation 註冊成立/ 業務所在地	Paid up issued ordinary share capital 繳足已發行普通股本	Held by the Company/ subsidiaries 本公司/附屬公司持有		the C	table to Group 團應佔	Principal activity 主要業務
			2018 二零一八年 %	2017 二零一七年 %	2018 二零一八年 %	2017 二零一七年 %	
Gilbrook Holdings Limited	British Virgin Islands 英屬處女群島	US\$1 1美元	100	75	75	75	Property holding 持有物業
Hing Yip Holdings Limited	British Virgin Islands 英屬處女群島	US\$1 1美元	-	-	-	-	Property holding 持有物業
Kenworld Corporation	Republic of Liberia 利比里亞共和國	US\$1 1美元	100	100	75	75	Investment holding 投資控股
Sun Hung Kai Global Opportunities Fund (formerly know as KIMA Pan Asia Offshore Fund)							Investment fund 投資基金
(前稱KIMA Pan Asia Offshore Fund – Management shares	1)	1,000 US\$1 shares	100	100	46	43	
管理股 - Participating shares		1,000股每股1美元 7,392.805	100	100	46	43	
參與股 - Class B6 participating shares		US\$0.001 shares 7,392.805股 每股0.001美元 182,612.1644	100	100	46	43	
B6類別參與股 - Class B3 participating shares B3類別參與股		(2017: 182,255.1444) US\$0.001 shares 182,612.1644股 (二零一七年: 182,255.1444股) 每股0.001美元 7,581.95 US\$0.001 shares	100	100	46	43	
		7,581.95股 每股0.001美元					
Lakewood Development Corporation	United States of America 美國	US\$1,000 1,000美元	100	100	75	75	Property holding 持有物業
LHY Limited	British Virgin Islands 英屬處女群島	US\$1 1美元	100	100	75	75	Investment holding 投資控股
Paignton Holdings Limited	British Virgin Islands 英屬處女群島	US\$1 1美元	100	100	46	43	Investment holding 投資控股
Razorway Limited	British Virgin Islands 英屬處女群島	US\$1 1美元	100	100	46	43	Investment holding 投資控股

截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度

52. 主要附屬公司資料(續)

52. PARTICULARS OF PRINCIPAL SUBSIDIARIES (CONT'D)

	Place of	Proportion of ownership interest 擁有權權益之比例					
Subsidiaries 附屬公司	incorporation/ operation 註冊成立/ 業務所在地	Paid up issued ordinary share capital 繳足已發行普通股本	Held by the Company/ subsidiaries 本公司/附屬公司持有		Attribu the C 本集團	iroup 國應佔	Principal activity 主要業務
			2018 二零一八年 %	2017 二零一七年 %	2018 二零一八年 %	2017 二零一七年 %	
Rossworth Global Limited	British Virgin Islands 英屬處女群島	US \$ 1 1美元	100	100	46	43	Investment holding 投資控股
Senior Care Holdings Limited	British Virgin Islands 英屬處女群島	US\$1 1美元	100	100	75	75	Investment holding 投資控股
Shipshape Investments Limited	British Virgin Islands 英屬處女群島	US\$1 1美元	100	100	46	43	Investment holding 投資控股
SHK Asian Opportunities Holdings Limited	Cayman Islands 開曼群島	US\$10,000 10,000美元	95	95	44	41	Investment holding 投資控股
SHK Asset Management Holding Limited	British Virgin Islands 英屬處女群島	US\$3,400,001 3,400,001美元	100	100	46	43	Investment holding 投資控股
Sun Hung Kai (China) Investment Management Company Limited 新鴻基(中國) 投資管理有限公司	People's Republic of China 中華人民共和國	RMB50,000,000 人民幣50,000,000元	100	100	46	43	Corporate marketing and investment consultancy 市場策劃及投資顧問
Sun Hung Kai (ECP) Limited	British Virgin Islands 英屬處女群島	US\$1 1美元	100	100	46	43	Financing 融資
Sun Hung Kai & Co. (BVI) Limited	British Virgin Islands 英屬處女群島	US\$1 1美元	100	100	46	43	Financing 融資
Sun Hung Kai & Co. (CP) Limited	British Virgin Islands 英屬處女群島	US\$1 1美元	100	100	46	43	Investment holding 投資控股
Sun Hung Kai Capital Limited	British Virgin Islands 英屬處女群島	US\$1 1美元	100	100	46	43	Investment holding 投資控股
Swan Islands Limited	British Virgin Islands 英屬處女群島	US\$503,000,001 503,000,001美元	100	100	46	43	Investment holding 投資控股
Swanwick Global Limited	British Virgin Islands 英屬處女群島	US\$1 1美元	100	100	46	43	Investment holding 投資控股
Treasure Rider Limited	Cayman Islands 開曼群島	US\$19,800 19,800美元	92	92	42	40	Investment holding 投資控股
UAF Holdings Limited	British Virgin Islands 英屬處女群島	US\$1 1美元	100	100	46	43	Investment holding 投資控股

截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度

52. PARTICULARS OF PRINCIPAL SUBSIDIARIES (CONT'D)

52. 主要附屬公司資料(續)

	Place of			t			
Subsidiaries 附屬公司	incorporation/ operation 註冊成立/ 業務所在地	Paid up issued ordinary share capital 繳足已發行普通股本	Hele the Cor subsic 本公司/附 2018 二零一八年 %	mpany/ liaries	the (table to Group 團應佔 2017 二零一七年 %	Principal activity 主要業務
Zeal Goal International Limited	British Virgin Islands 英屬處女群島	US\$1 1美元	100	100	46	43	Investment holding 投資控股
上海浦東新區亞聯財小額貸款 有限公司 United Asia Finance (Shanghai Pudong) Limited (a)	People's Republic of China 中華人民共和國	RMB200,000,000 人民幣200,000,000元	70	70	19	17	Money lending 借貸
大連保税區亞聯財小額貸款 有限公司 United Asia Finance (DaLian F.T.Z) Limited ®	People's Republic of China 中華人民共和國	US\$50,000,000 50,000,000美元	100	100	27	25	Money lending 借貸
大連亞聯財信息諮詢有限公司 United Asia Consultancy (Dalian) Limited ©	People's Republic of China 中華人民共和國	RMB1,000,000 人民幣1,000,000元	100	100	27	25	Financial consultancy 財務顧問
天津亞聯財小額貸款有限公司 United Asia Finance (Tianjin) Limited [®]	People's Republic of China 中華人民共和國	HK\$130,000,000 130,000,000港元	100	100	27	25	Money lending 借貸
北京亞聯財小額貸款有限公司 United Asia Finance (Beijing) Limited f (a)	People's Republic of China 中華人民共和國	RMB200,000,000 人民幣200,000,000元	80	80	21	20	Money lending 借貸
成都亞聯財小額貸款有限公司 United Asia Finance (Chengdu) Limited ⁽ⁱ⁾	People's Republic of China 中華人民共和國	HK\$230,000,000 230,000,000港元	100	100	27	25	Money lending 借貸
成都亞聯財經濟信息諮詢有限公司 United Asia Financial Consultancy (Chengdu) Limited ©	People's Republic of China 中華人民共和國	RMB1,000,000 人民幣1,000,000元	100	100	27	25	Financial consultancy 財務顧問
亞洲第一信息諮詢(深圳)有限公司 First Asian Financial Consultancy (Shenzhen) Limited [®]	People's Republic of China 中華人民共和國	RMB50,000,000 人民幣50,000,000元	100	100	27	25	Financial consultancy 財務顧問
亞聯財信息諮詢(上海)有限公司 United Asia Consultancy (Shanghai) Limited ©	People's Republic of China 中華人民共和國	RMB1,000,000 人民幣1,000,000元	70	70	19	17	Financial consultancy 財務顧問
亞聯財信息諮詢(深圳)有限公司 UA Financial Consultancy (Shenzhen) Limited ^(h)	People's Republic of China 中華人民共和國	RMB25,000,000 人民幣25,000,000元	100	100	27	25	Financial consultancy 財務顧問

截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度

52. PARTICULARS OF PRINCIPAL SUBSIDIARIES (CONT'D)

52. 主要附屬公司資料(續)

	Place of	n.i	Proportion of ownership interest 擁有權權益之比例 Paid up issued Held by						
Subsidiaries 附屬公司	incorporation/ operation 註冊成立/ 業務所在地	Paid up issued ordinary share capital 繳足已發行普通股本	the Co subsid	d by mpany/ diaries 屬公司持有 2017 二零一七年 %	the C	table to Group 風應佔 2017 二零一七年 %	Principal activity 主要業務		
武漢亞聯財小額貸款有限公司 United Asia Finance (Wuhan) Limited ^(b)	People's Republic of China 中華人民共和國	RMB300,000,000 人民幣300,000,000元	100	100	27	25	Money lending 借貸		
武漢亞聯財信息諮詢有限公司 United Asia Financial Consultancy (Wuhan) Limited ©	People's Republic of China 中華人民共和國	RMB1,000,000 人民幣1,000,000元	100	100	27	25	Financial consultancy 財務顧問		
青島市城陽區亞聯財小額貸款 有限公司 United Asia Finance (Qingdao) Limited ®	People's Republic of China 中華人民共和國	RMB300,000,000 人民幣300,000,000元	100	100	27	25	Money lending 借貸		
青島亞聯財信息諮詢有限公司 United Asia Financial Consultancy (Qingdao) Limited (c)	People's Republic of China 中華人民共和國	RMB1,000,000 人民幣1,000,000元	100	100	27	25	Financial consultancy 財務顧問		
南寧市亞聯財小額貸款有限公司 United Asia Finance (Nanning) Limited ®	People's Republic of China 中華人民共和國	RMB200,000,000 人民幣200,000,000元	100	100	27	25	Money lending 借貸		
南寧市亞聯財投資管理有限公司 United Asia Finance Investment Management (Nanning) Limited ©	People's Republic of China 中華人民共和國	RMB1,000,000 人民幣1,000,000元	100	100	27	25	Financial consultancy 財務顧問		
哈爾濱市亞聯財小額貸款有限公司 United Asia Finance (Harbin) Limited ^(b)	People's Republic of China 中華人民共和國	RMB200,000,000 人民幣200,000,000元	100	100	27	25	Money lending 借貸		
哈爾濱亞聯財信息諮詢有限公司 United Asia Financial Consultancy (Harbin) Limited ©	People's Republic of China 中華人民共和國	RMB1,000,000 人民幣1,000,000元	100	100	27	25	Financial consultancy 財務顧問		
重慶亞聯財小額貸款有限公司 United Asia Finance (Chongqing) Limited ®	People's Republic of China 中華人民共和國	US\$20,000,000 20,000,000美元	100	100	27	25	Money lending 借貸		
重慶亞聯財信息諮詢有限公司 United Asia Financial Consultancy (Chongqing) Limited ©	People's Republic of China 中華人民共和國	RMB1,000,000 人民幣1,000,000元	100	100	27	25	Financial consultancy 財務顧問		
深圳亞聯財小額貸款有限公司 United Asia Finance (Shenzhen) Limited ®	People's Republic of China 中華人民共和國	RMB600,000,000 人民幣600,000,000元	100	100	27	25	Money lending 借貸		

截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度

52. PARTICULARS OF PRINCIPAL SUBSIDIARIES (CONT'D)

52. 主要附屬公司資料(續)

	Place of			Proportion of ov 擁有權權	t		
Subsidiaries 附屬公司	incorporation/ Paid up issued operation ordinary share capital 業務所在地 繳足已發行普通股本	share capital	Helo the Cor subsid 本公司/附	mpany/ liaries	the (table to Group 團應佔	Principal activity 主要業務
			2018 二零一八年 %	2017 二零一七年 %	2018 二零一八年 %	2017 二零一七年 %	
雲南省亞聯財小額貸款有限公司 United Asia Finance (Yunnan) Limited ®	People's Republic of China 中華人民共和國	HK\$350,000,000 350,000,000港元	100	100	27	25	Money lending 借貸
雲南亞聯財經濟信息諮詢有限公司 UA Financial Consultancy (Yunnan) Limited ©	People's Republic of China 中華人民共和國	RMB1,000,000 人民幣1,000,000元	100	100	27	25	Financial consultancy 財務顧問
新聯財信息諮詢(深圳)有限公司 Xinliancai Consultancy (Shenzhen) Limited ©	People's Republic of China 中華人民共和國	RMB5,000,000 人民幣5,000,000元	100	100	27	25	Financial consultancy 財務顧問
新鴻基(天津)股權投資 基金管理有限公司 Sun Hung Kai (Tianjin) Equity Fund Management Company Limited ^(b)	People's Republic of China 中華人民共和國	RMB50,000,000 人民幣50,000,000元	100	100	46	43	Asset management 資產管理
新鴻基融資擔保(瀋陽)有限公司 Sun Hung Kai Financing Guarantee (Shenyang) Limited [®]	People's Republic of China 中華人民共和國	RMB300,000,000 人民幣300,000,000元	100	100	27	25	Loan guarantee 貸款擔保
福州亞聯財信息諮詢有限公司 United Asia Financial Consultancy (Fuzhou) Limited ©	People's Republic of China 中華人民共和國	RMB1,000,000 人民幣1,000,000元	100	100	27	25	Financial consultancy 財務顧問
福州市晉安區亞聯財小額貸款 有限公司 United Asia Finance (Fuzhou) Limited ^(h)	People's Republic of China 中華人民共和國	RMB200,000,000 人民幣200,000,000元	100	100	27	25	Money lending 借貸
濟南市亞聯財小額貸款有限公司 (前稱濱南市歷下區亞聯財 小額貸款有限公司) United Asia Finance (JiNan) Limited ¹⁶ (formerly known as濟南市歷下區亞 聯財小額貸款有限公司)		RMB300,000,000 人民幣300,000,000元	100	100	27	25	Money lending 借貸
瀋陽亞聯財卓越信息諮詢有限公司 Shenyang UAF Excellent Information Consulting Limited ^(c)	People's Republic of China 中華人民共和國	RMB1,000,000 人民幣1,000,000元	100	100	27	25	Financial consultancy 財務顧問

綜合財務報表附註(續) 截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度

52. PARTICULARS OF PRINCIPAL SUBSIDIARIES (CONT'D)

52. 主要附屬公司資料(續)

	Place of	Proportion of ownership interest 擁有權權益之比例						
Subsidiaries 附屬公司	incorporation/ operation 註冊成立/ 業務所在地	Paid up issued ordinary share capital 繳足已發行普通股本	the Co subsid 本公司/附	d by mpany/ liaries 屬公司持有	the C 本集團	國應佔	Principal activity 主要業務	
			2018 二零一八年 %	2017 二零一七年 %	2018 二零一八年 %	2017 二零一七年 %		
瀋陽金融商貿開發區亞聯財小額 貸款有限公司 United Asia Finance (Shenhe District Shenyang) Limited ®	People's Republic of China 中華人民共和國	RMB320,000,000 人民幣320,000,000元	100	100	27	25	Money lending 借貸	
壹融站信息技術(深圳)有限公司 (前稱深圳亞聯財信息技術 有限公司) Yirongzhan Fintech (Shenzhen) Limited ^(c) (formerly known as 深圳亞聯財信息技術有限公司)	People's Republic of China 中華人民共和國	RMB20,000,000 人民幣20,000,000元	100	100	27	25	Financial consultancy 財務顧問	
天津亞聯財商務信息諮詢有限公司 United Asia Financial Consultancy (Tianjin) Limited	People's Republic of China 中華人民共和國	-	100	100	27	25	Financial consultancy 財務顧問	

- * These shareholdings represent the proportion of ownership interest held directly by the Company.
- ** These subsidiaries are listed in Hong Kong and further details about them are available in their published accounts.
- (a) These companies are sino-foreign equity joint venture.
- (b) These companies are wholly-foreign owned enterprise.
- (c) These companies are wholly-domestic owned enterprise.

The names of People's Republic of China incorporated companies above are English translations.

The above tables list the subsidiaries of the Company which, in the opinion of the Directors, principally affected the results for the year or formed a substantial portion of the net assets of the Group. To give details of other subsidiaries would, in the opinion of the Directors, result in particulars of excessive length.

Save as disclosed in note 39 to the consolidated financial statements, none of the other subsidiaries had issued any debt securities at the end of the year.

- * 該等持股權即本公司直接持有擁有權權益之比 例。
- ** 該等附屬公司於香港上市,有關該等附屬公司 之其他詳情載於其公佈之賬目內。
- (a) 該等公司為中外合資企業。
- (b) 該等公司為外商獨資企業。
- (c) 該等公司為本地獨資企業。

上述中華人民共和國註冊成立公司名稱為英文譯名。

上表所列公司乃董事認為對本年度業績有 重大影響,或構成本集團淨資產主要部分 之本公司附屬公司。董事認為列出其他附 屬公司的詳情,會令資料過於冗長。

除綜合財務報表附註39披露外,其他附屬 公司於年末並無發行任何其他債務證券。

綜合財務報表附註(續) 截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度

53. PARTICULARS OF PRINCIPAL ASSOCIATES

for the year ended 31st December, 2018

53. 主要聯營公司資料

Particulars of the Group's principal associates at 31st December, 2018 are set out below:

於二零一八年十二月三十一日之本集團主 要聯營公司資料如下:

Associates	Place of incorporation/ operation 註冊成立/		interest and	of ownership voting rights 投票權之比例 Attrib to the	Principal activity	
聯營公司	業務所在地	附屬公 2018 二零一八年 %	司持有 2017 二零一七年 %		團應佔 2017 二零一七年 %	主要業務
APAC Resources Limited* 亞太資源有限公司*	Hong Kong 香港	36	34	27	25	Investment holding 投資控股
Oriental Cashmere Limited	British Virgin Islands 英屬處女群島	25	25	19	19	Manufacturing and trading of cashmere products 羊絨產品生產及貿易
Purple Link Investment Limited 紫聯投資有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	25	25	19	19	Investment in properties 投資於物業
Sun Hung Kai Financial Group Limited 新鴻基金融集團有限公司	British Virgin Islands/ Hong Kong 英屬處女群島/香港	30	30	14	13	Wealth management and brokerage business 財富管理及經紀業務
Tian An China Investments Company Limited* 天安中國投資有限公司*	Hong Kong 香港	49	49	36	36	Property development, property investment and property management 物業發展、物業投資及物業管理

^{*} These associates are listed in Hong Kong and further details are available in their published accounts.

The above table lists the associates of the Group which, in the opinion of the Directors, principally affected the results for the year or formed a substantial portion of the net assets of the Group. To give details of other associates would, in the opinion of the Directors, result in particulars of excessive length.

上表所列公司乃董事認為對本年度業績有 重大影響,或構成本集團淨資產主要部分 之本集團聯營公司。董事認為列出其他聯 營公司的詳情,會令資料過於冗長。

^{*} 該等聯營公司在香港上市,有關該等公司之進 一步詳情載於其公佈之賬目內。

截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度

綜合財務報表附註(續)

54. PARTICULARS OF PRINCIPAL JOINT VENTURE

Particulars of the Group's principal joint venture at 31st December, 2018 are set out below:

54. 主要合營公司資料

於二零一八年十二月三十一日之本集團主 要合營公司資料如下:

Joint ventures 合營公司	Form of business structure 業務架構形式	Place of incorporation/ operation 註冊成立/ 業務所在地	Proportion of ownership interest and voting rights 擁有權權益及投票權之比例 Held by Attributable subsidiary to the Group 附屬公司持有 本集團應佔				Principal activity 主要業務
			2018 二零一八年 %	2017 二零一七年 %	2018 二零一八年 %	2017 二零一七年 %	
Allied Kajima Limited	Incorporated 註冊成立	Hong Kong 香港	50	50	37	37	Property and investment holding 地產及投資控股

The above table lists the joint venture of the Group which, in the opinion of the Directors, principally affected the results for the year or formed a substantial portion of the net assets of the Group. To give details of other joint ventures would, in the opinion of the Directors, result in particulars of excessive length.

上表所列公司乃董事認為對本年度業績有 重大影響,或構成本集團淨資產主要部分 之本集團合營公司。董事認為列出其他合 營公司的詳情,會令資料過於冗長。

Financial year ended 31st December, 截至十二月三十一日止財政年度

			141-	75 1 11 715	以十反	
		2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
		二零一四年	二零一五年	二零一六年	二零一七年	二零一八年
		HK\$ Million	HK\$ Million	HK\$ Million	HK\$ Million	HK\$ Million
		百萬港元	百萬港元	百萬港元	百萬港元	百萬港元
Results	業績					
Results	未組					
Revenue *	收入*	5,766.3	5,604.4	4,101.9	4,540.7	5,083.0
Profit for the year	本年度溢利	3,237.2	5,978.8	5,081.2	5,550.8	3,209.4
Attributable to:	應佔方:					
Owners of the Company	本公司股東	1,655.7	2,983.2	3,263.2	3,235.9	1,698.3
Non-controlling interests	非控股權益	1,581.5	2,995.6	1,818.0	2,314.9	1,511.1
Hon controlling interests	// 1工/以 座皿		2,333.0	1,010.0	2,311.3	1,511.1
		3,237.2	5,978.8	5,081.2	5,550.8	3,209.4
					,	
Basic earnings per share	每股基本盈利	HK\$9.02	HK\$16.33	HK\$18.34	HK\$18.35	HK\$9.66
0 1		港元	港元	港元	港元	港元
		他儿	把几	re/u	re/u	/E/L
		他儿	他儿	1670	TE/U	/E/C
		他儿				7870
		他儿	A	t 31st December,		/8/0
			A 方	t 31st December, 令十二月三十一日		
		2014	A 方 2015	t 31st December, 		

^{*} Included revenue from both continuing and discontinued operations.

包括來自持續及已終止經營業務之收入。

Particulars of major properties held by the subsidiaries and joint ventures of the Group at 31st December, 2018 are as set out below:

本集團之附屬公司及合營公司於二零一八年 十二月三十一日所持主要物業資料如下:

Name/location 名稱/地點	Lease expiry 約滿年期	Type 類別	Gross floor area (S.M.) 建築面積 (平方米)	Effective % held by the Group 本集團實益 持有%	Stage of completion 完成階段
Hong Kong 香港					
Park Place 7 Tai Tam Reservoir Road Hong Kong 雅柏苑 香港 大潭水塘道7號	2056+	R	3,475	75.00	Existing 現有物業
Allied Cargo Centre 150-164 Texaco Road Tsuen Wan, New Territories 聯合貨運中心 新界荃灣 德士古道150-164號	2047	G	46,594	75.00	Existing 現有物業
60 Plantation Road, The Peak, Hong Kong 香港山頂 種植道60號	2066	R	639	75.00	Existing 現有物業
Orchid Court 38 Tung On Street	2049	R	791	75.00	Existing 現有物業
Mongkok, Kowloon 安蘭閣 九龍旺角 東安街38號		С	201	75.00	Existing 現有物業
The Redhill Peninsula 18 Pak Pat Shan Road	2056+	R	596	75.00	Existing 現有物業
Tai Tam, Hong Kong 紅山半島 香港大潭 白筆山道18號		СР	79****	75.00	Existing (Phase IV) 現有物業 (第四期)
China Online Centre 333 Lockhart Road Wanchai, Hong Kong 中國網絡中心 香港灣仔 駱克道333號	2026++	С	15,680	75.00	Existing 現有物業

Name/location 名稱/地點	Lease expiry 約滿年期	Type 類別	Gross floor area (S.M.) 建築面積 (平方米)	Effective % held by the Group 本集團實益 持有%	Stage of completion 完成階段
Hong Kong (Cont'd) 香港(續)					
St. George Apartments No. 81 Waterloo Road	2081	R	10,287	75.00	Existing 現有物業
Ho Man Tin, Kowloon 聖佐治大廈 九龍何文田 窩打老道81號		СР	69****	75.00	Existing 現有物業
Ibis Hong Kong North Point 138 Java Road North Point, Hong Kong 宜必思香港北角酒店 香港北角 渣華道138號	2083	Н	6,825	75.00	Existing 現有物業
No. 239 Jaffe Road and Nos. 10-12 Steward Road Wanchai, Hong Kong 香港灣仔 謝斐道239號及 史釗域道10至12號	2027++	Р	5,083	37.50*	Foundation works completed and superstructure works in progress** 地基工程已 竣工及上蓋 工程進行中**
241 & 243 Jaffe Road Wanchai, Hong Kong 香港灣仔 謝斐道241 & 243號	2027++	Р	2,149	37.50*	Foundation works completed and superstructure works in progress** 地基工程已 竣工及上蓋 工程進行中**
No. 9 Queen's Road Central Hong Kong 香港 皇后大道中9號	2854	С	1,277	75.00	Existing 現有物業
Allied Kajima Building 138 Gloucester Road Wanchai, Hong Kong 聯合鹿島大廈 香港灣仔 告士打道138號	2047	С	20,452	37.50*	Existing 現有物業



Name/location 名稱/地點	Lease expiry 約滿年期	Type 類別	Gross floor area (S.M.) 建築面積 (平方米)	Effective % held by the Group 本集團實益 持有%	Stage of completion 完成階段
Hong Kong (Cont'd) 香港(續)					
Novotel Century Hong Kong 238 Jaffe Road Wanchai, Hong Kong 香港諾富特世紀酒店 香港灣仔 謝斐道238號	2047	Н	27,364	37.50*	Existing 現有物業
Tregunter Tower 3 14 Tregunter Path Hong Kong 地利根德閣第3座 香港地利根德徑14號	2051	R	745	75.00	Existing 現有物業
Admiralty Centre 18 Harcourt Road Hong Kong 海富中心 香港 夏慤道18號	2053+	С	2,970*	46.08	Existing 現有物業
J Residence 60 Johnston Road Hong Kong 嘉薈軒 香港 莊士敦道60號	2054	R	50	75.00	Existing 現有物業

Name/location 名稱/地點	Lease expiry 約滿年期	Type 類別	Gross floor area (S.M.) 建築面積 (平方米)	Effective % held by the Group 本集團實益 持有%	Stage of completion 完成階段
Outside Hong Kong 香港境外					
FM 2100 Road and Diamond Head Boulevard Harris County Texas United States of America 美國德州	Freehold 永久業權	R	13,875,254**	75.00	Existing 現有物業
Cannongate House 62-64 Cannon Street London, United Kingdom 英國倫敦	Freehold 永久業權	С	1,885##	75.00	Existing 現有物業
Sofitel Philippine Plaza Manila Cultural Centre of the Philippines Complex Roxas Boulevard Pasay City Manila, Philippines 菲律賓馬尼拉	2041	Н	73,866	37.50*	Existing 現有物業
Shenzhen Tian An Cyber Park Futian District Shenzhen People's Republic of China 深圳天安數碼城 中華人民共和國 深圳 福田區	2052	I	3,812	26.81	Existing 現有物業
Tianjin Tian An Cyberpark Zhangjiawo, Xiqing District Tianjin People's Republic of China 天津天安數碼城 中華人民共和國 天津 西青區張家窩	2060	I	2,040	26.81	Existing 現有物業

Name/location 名稱/地點	Lease expiry 約滿年期	Type 類別	Gross floor area (S.M.) 建築面積 (平方米)	Effective % held by the Group 本集團實益 持有%	Stage of completion 完成階段
Outside Hong Kong (Cont'd) 香港境外(續)					
Optics Valley International Plaza N0.889 Luoyu Road East Lake High-Tech Development Zone, Wuhan People's Republic of China 光谷國際廣場 中華人民共和國 武漢東湖 高新技術開發區 珞喻路889號	2043	С	1,535	26.81	Existing 現有物業
The Shuncheng Office Wuhua District Kunming People's Republic of China 順城辦事處 中華人民共和國 昆明 五華區	2046	С	1,237	26.81	Existing 現有物業
Block 2 of No. 101 building Cuibai Road, Chunhuilu Street Dadukou District Chongqing People's Republic of China 中華人民共和國 重慶 大渡口區 春暉路街道 翠柏路101號2幢	2061	I	2,978	26.81	Existing 現有物業
Times Centre No. 160 Zhengyang Road Chengyang District Qingdao People's Republic of China 時代中心 中華人民共和國 青島 城陽區 正陽路160號	2046	С	1,317	26.81	Existing 現有物業

Name/location 名稱/地點	Lease expiry 約滿年期	Type 類別	Gross floor area (S.M.) 建築面積 (平方米)	Effective % held by the Group 本集團實益 持有%	Stage of completion 完成階段
Outside Hong Kong (Cont'd) 香港境外(續)					
No.43, Beizhan 1st Road Shenhe District Shenyang People's Republic of China 中華人民共和國 瀋陽 瀋河區 北站一路43號	2044	С	2,038	26.81	Existing 現有物業
Huaqiang Plaza Lixia District Jinan People's Republic of China 華強廣場 中華人民共和國 濟南 曆下區	2050	С	1,958	26.81	Existing 現有物業
SFC Sincere Centre No. 99 Wuyi Road Yuzhong District Chongqing People's Republic of China SFC協信中心 中華人民共和國 重慶 渝中區 五一路99號	2050	С	1,798	26.81	Existing 現有物業

Name/location 名稱/地點	Lease expiry 約滿年期	Type 類別	Gross floor area (S.M.) 建築面積 (平方米)	Effective % held by the Group 本集團實益 持有%	Stage of completion 完成階段
Outside Hong Kong (Cont'd) 香港境外(續)					
Sincere Centre No. 25 Fuqing Road Er Duan Chenghua District Chengdu People's Republic of China 協信中心 中華人民共和國 成都 成華區 府青路二段25號	2051	С	1,929	26.81	Existing 現有物業
Yaopeng Mingzhu Yunling Road Creative Industrial Park Dali City, Yunnan People's Republic of China 耀鵬明珠 中華人民共和國 雲南大理市 創新工業園區 雲嶺大道	2046	С	736	26.81	Existing 現有物業

 $\label{eq:commercial} \begin{tabular}{ll} Types of properties: & R-Residential, C-Commercial, G-Godown, H-Hotel, & I-Industrial, P-Property under construction, CP-Car & Industrial, CP-C$

Parking Spaces

Indicates properties held through a joint venture

Expected construction completion in 2020 With option to renew for a further term of 75 years

With option to renew for a further term of 99 years

Saleable area

Site area

222 Net internal area

Number of car parking spaces

物業類別: R-住宅,C-商業,G-貨倉,H-酒店,I-工業,P-在建物業,CP-車位

- 透過一間合營公司持有之物業
- 預期於二零二零年竣工 可續期七十五年 可續期九十九年

- # 銷售面積
- 地盤面積

註解:

- === 淨室內面積
- ==== 車位數目

