



Unity Investments Holdings Limited
合一投資 控股有限公司

(Incorporated in the Cayman Islands with limited liability)
(於開曼群島註冊成立之有限公司)

Stock Code 股份代號: 913

ANNUAL REPORT

2018

年 報

Contents

目 錄

	Page 頁次
Corporate Information 公司資料	2
Executive Director's Statement & Management Discussion and Analysis 執行董事報告及管理層討論及分析	4
Biographical Details of Directors 董事個人履歷	15
Directors' Report 董事會報告	18
Corporate Governance Report 企業管治報告	26
Environmental, Social and Governance Report 環境、社會及管治報告	48
Independent Auditor's Report 獨立核數師報告	58
Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income 綜合全面收益表	66
Consolidated Statement of Financial Position 綜合財務狀況表	68
Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows 綜合現金流量報表	70
Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity 綜合股東權益變動表	71
Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements 綜合財務報表附註	72
Financial Summary 財務概要	156

Corporate Information

公司資料

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Executive Director

SHUM Kit Lan Anita

Non-executive Director

HU Xiaoting

Independent Non-executive Directors

HUNG Cho Sing

CHAN Yik Pun

CHUNG Fai Chun

AUDIT COMMITTEE

CHAN Yik Pun (*Chairman*)

HUNG Cho Sing

CHUNG Fai Chun

REMUNERATION COMMITTEE

HUNG Cho Sing (*Chairman*)

CHAN Yik Pun

CHUNG Fai Chun

NOMINATION COMMITTEE

HUNG Cho Sing (*Chairman*)

CHAN Yik Pun

CHUNG Fai Chun

COMPANY SECRETARY

ONG King Keung

PRINCIPAL BANKERS

The Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation Limited

Chong Hing Bank Limited

CUSTODIAN

Chong Hing Bank Limited

董事會

執行董事

沈潔蘭

非執行董事

胡曉婷

獨立非執行董事

洪祖星

陳奕斌

鍾輝珍

審計委員會

陳奕斌 (*主席*)

洪祖星

鍾輝珍

薪酬委員會

洪祖星 (*主席*)

陳奕斌

鍾輝珍

提名委員會

洪祖星 (*主席*)

陳奕斌

鍾輝珍

公司秘書

王競強

主要往來銀行

香港上海滙豐銀行有限公司

創興銀行有限公司

代管人

創興銀行有限公司

Corporate Information

公司資料

INVESTMENT MANAGER

China Everbright Securities (HK) Limited
24/F, Lee Garden One
33 Hysan Avenue
Causeway Bay
Hong Kong

AUDITOR

Elite Partners CPA Limited
Certified Public Accountants
10/F, 8 Observatory Road
Tsim Sha Tsui
Kowloon, Hong Kong

REGISTERED OFFICE

Cricket Square
Hutchins Drive
P.O. Box 2681
Grand Cayman KY1-1111
Cayman Islands

PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS IN HONG KONG

19/F, Yat Chau Building
262 Des Voeux Road Central
Hong Kong

HONG KONG SHARE REGISTRAR AND TRANSFER OFFICE

Tricor Tengis Limited
Level 22
Hopewell Centre
183 Queen's Road East
Hong Kong

STOCK CODE

913

COMPANY WEBSITE

www.unity913.com
www.irasia.com/listco/hk/unity/index.htm

投資經理

中國光大證券(香港)有限公司
香港
銅鑼灣
希慎道33號
利園一期24樓

核數師

開元信德會計師事務所有限公司
執業會計師
香港九龍
尖沙咀
天文臺道8號10樓

註冊辦事處

Cricket Square
Hutchins Drive
P.O. Box 2681
Grand Cayman KY1-1111
Cayman Islands

香港主要營業地點

香港
德輔道中262號
一洲大廈19樓

香港股份過戶登記處

卓佳登捷時有限公司
香港
皇后大道東183號
合和中心
22樓

股份代號

913

公司網址

www.unity913.com
www.irasia.com/listco/hk/unity/index.htm

Executive Director's Statement & Management Discussion and Analysis

執行董事報告及管理層討論及分析

On behalf of the board of directors (the “**Board**”) of Unity Investments Holdings Limited (the “**Company**”), I hereby present the audited results of the Company and its subsidiaries (collectively referred to as the “**Group**”) for the year ended 31 December 2018 (the “**Year**”).

FINAL RESULTS AND FINAL DIVIDEND

The Group's audited consolidated net loss attributable to shareholders was approximately HK\$123.3 million for the Year which was mainly attributable to the changes in fair value of equity investments at fair value through profit or loss, while the loss from the sale of listed investments held for trading and changes in fair value of listed equity investments classified as investment held for tradings were the principal factors to the corresponding loss amount of approximately HK\$613.3 million for the year ended 31 December 2017. Loss per share for the Year was approximately HK\$0.07 (2017: HK\$0.34).

The Board does not recommend the payment of a final dividend for the Year (2017: Nil).

BUSINESS REVIEW

The Company is an investment company and the Company's shares are listed on the Main Board of The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the “**Stock Exchange**”) since 27 October 1999, pursuant to Chapter 21 of the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on the Stock Exchange (the “**Listing Rules**”). During the Year, the Group remains principally engaged in listed investments in Hong Kong and in unlisted companies.

Given continuous volatile market conditions, the listed investments of the Group during the Year has suffered. The listed equity investments has posted net realised loss of approximately HK\$15.4 million (2017: HK\$169.8 million) and unrealised loss of approximately HK\$40.9 million (2017: HK\$428.1 million). During the Year, the Board remained focus on listed equity in Hong Kong. The Company is cautious in identifying any investment opportunities to achieve medium-term or long-term capital appreciation.

本人謹代表合一投資控股有限公司(「本公司」)董事會(「董事會」)提呈本公司及其附屬公司(統稱「本集團」)截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度(「本年度」)之經審核業績。

全年業績及末期股息

本集團本年度之股東應佔經審核綜合虧損淨額約為港幣123,300,000元，主要由於透過損益按公允值列賬之股本投資公允值變動所致，而出售持作買賣上市投資之虧損及分類為持作買賣投資之上市股本投資之公允值變動為導致截至二零一七年十二月三十一日止年度相應虧損約港幣613,300,000元的主要因素。本年度每股虧損約為港幣0.07元(二零一七年：港幣0.34元)。

董事會不推薦就本年度派付末期股息(二零一七年：無)。

業務回顧

本公司為投資公司，其股份根據香港聯合交易所有限公司(「聯交所」)證券上市規則(「上市規則」)第21章自一九九九年十月二十七日起在聯交所主板上市。於本年度，本集團仍然主要在香港從事上市投資及投資非上市公司。

鑒於市況持續不穩定，本集團持作買賣之上市投資於本年度受挫。上市股本投資錄得已變現虧損淨額約港幣15,400,000元(二零一七年：港幣169,800,000元)，及未變現虧損約港幣40,900,000元(二零一七年：港幣428,100,000元)。於本年度內，董事會繼續專注於在香港之上市權益。本公司在物色任何投資機會時維持審慎態度，從而達致中線或長線資本增值。

Executive Director's Statement & Management Discussion and Analysis

執行董事報告及管理層討論及分析

In order to keep reasonable spread of the Group's investments, the Board will maintain a diversified investment portfolio to cover a wide range of business sectors, including, but not limited to, companies engaged in sectors such as finance, consumer goods and services, media, construction, mining, etc.

All the investments of the Group as at 31 December 2018 are equity investments as follows:

為了合理地分散本集團的投資，董事會將維持多元化投資組合，以涵蓋更廣泛行業，其中包括（但不限於）從事金融業、消費產品及服務業、媒體、建築及採礦業等的公司。

本集團於二零一八年十二月三十一日之所有投資均屬以下股本投資：

		Market value	Approximate percentage of the Group's consolidated net asset value
		市值	佔本集團綜合資產淨值概約百分比
		HK\$'000	
		港幣千元	
Listed investments	上市投資	181,251	54.1%
Unlisted investments	非上市投資	148,545	44.3%
		329,796	

In connection with unlisted investments, the Group principally held three unlisted equity investment projects with attractive potentials. These three investee companies are Keen Champ Investments Limited ("**Keen Champ**"), Peak Zone Group Limited ("**Peak Zone**") and Pure Power Holdings Limited ("**Pure Power**").

The principal business of Keen Champ Group is holding operating rights and forestry management of forest trees. Peak Zone Group principally engages in the electronic commerce industry specializing on the provision of integrated application, which can be deployed by its customers on a modular or selective basis, offering flexibility in budget and choice. Pure Power Group is running natural resources exploration and exploitation business in America.

就非上市投資而言，本集團主要持有三項具有吸引潛力的非上市股本投資項目。該三家被投資公司為建冠投資有限公司（「**建冠**」）、Peak Zone Group Limited（「**Peak Zone**」）及 Pure Power Holdings Limited（「**Pure Power**」）。

建冠集團的主要業務為林木的持有經營權及林地管理。Peak Zone集團主要從事電子商務業，專注於提供整合的應用程式，其可由其客戶按模塊或選擇作出部署，提供預算及選擇的靈活性。Pure Power集團於美國經營天然資源的勘探和開採業務。

Executive Director's Statement & Management Discussion and Analysis

執行董事報告及管理層討論及分析

Based on the valuation reports, the valuation of the Group's stake in Peak Zone, Keen Champ and Pure Power as at 31 December 2018 were approximately HK\$42.8 million, HK\$66.0 million and HK\$72.5 million. Accordingly, there were decreases in the corresponding investments of approximately HK\$9.2 million, HK\$28.1 million and HK\$21.4 million during the Year.

The Group neither acquired nor disposed of any unlisted investments during the Year.

Top Ten Investments

In respect of the Company's top ten investments as detailed in note 13 to the consolidated financial statements, set out below are further details on these investment:

Pure Power Holdings Limited ("Pure Power")

Pure Power group is running natural resources exploration and exploitation business in America. For the financial year ended 31 December, 2018, the unaudited consolidated net loss attributable to equity holders of Pure Power was approximately US\$377,000. The loss was due to operation with sizeable scale is yet to commence. In view of the significance of petroleum with limited supply, the Company expects that Pure Power group will bring a positive return to the Group when the petroleum exploration of Pure Power commences.

Keen Champ Investments Limited ("Keen Champ")

The principal business of Keen Champ group is holding operating rights and forestry management of forest trees. For the financial year ended 31 December 2018, the unaudited consolidated net loss attributable to equity holders of Keen Champ was approximately HK\$1.0 million. The loss was due to operation with sizeable scale is yet to commence. Taking global growth in lumber consumption in these few years into account, the Company believes Keen Champ will bring a positive return to the Group when its scale operation commences.

根據估值報告，於二零一八年十二月三十一日，本集團於Peak Zone、建冠及Pure Power之股份的估值分別為約港幣42,800,000元、港幣66,000,000元及港幣72,500,000元。因此，於本年度，相應投資分別減少約港幣9,200,000元、港幣28,100,000元及港幣21,400,000元。

於本年度，本集團並未收購或出售任何非上市投資。

十大投資

就綜合財務報表附註13所詳述的本公司十大投資而言，下文載列有關該等投資的進一步詳情：

Pure Power Holdings Limited (「Pure Power」)

Pure Power集團於美國經營天然資源的勘探和開採業務。截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止財政年度，Pure Power權益持有人應佔未經審核綜合虧損淨額為約377,000美元。虧損乃由於尚未開始大規模經營。鑒於石油大量供應有限，本公司預期Pure Power開始石油勘探時，Pure Power集團將為本集團帶來正回報。

建冠投資有限公司(「建冠」)

建冠集團的主要業務為林木的持有經營權及林地管理。截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止財政年度，建冠權益持有人應佔未經審核綜合虧損淨額為約港幣1,000,000元。虧損乃由於尚未開始大規模經營。考慮到全球近幾年的木材消耗增長，本公司認為建冠開始規模經營時將為本集團帶來正回報。

Executive Director's Statement & Management Discussion and Analysis

執行董事報告及管理層討論及分析

Peak Zone Group Limited (“Peak Zone”)

Peak Zone group principally engages in the electronic commerce industry specializing on the provision of integrated application, which can be deployed by its customers on a modular or selective basis, offering flexibility in budget and choice. For the financial year ended 31 December, 2018, the unaudited consolidated net profit attributable to equity holders of Peak Zone was approximately HK\$2.5 million. Peak Zone group is beginning to develop its business in Eastern China area and continuing the development of related and advanced systems to provide more comprehensive services to increase its revenue. The Company expects that the Peak Zone group is still with a high business growth potential.

In addition to three unlisted investments above, the Group held seven significant unlisted equity investments, which are WLS Holdings Limited (“WLS”), China Kingstone Mining Holdings Limited (“China Kingstone”), China e-Wallet Payment Group Limited (“China e-Wallet”), China National Culture Group Limited (“CNC”), KPM Holdings Limited (“KPM HLDS”), China Properties Investment Holdings Limited (“CHINA PPT INV”) and SEEC Media Group Limited (“SEEC MEDIA”).

WLS is principally engaged in the scaffolding and fitting out services, management contracting services and other services for construction and buildings work, money lending business, securities brokerage and margin financing and securities investment business. For the year ended 30 April 2018, the audited consolidated loss attributable to owners of WLS was HK\$109,788,000. As WLS is one of the leading scaffolding sub-contractors in the industry, the management of WLS are confident about securing more contracts which based on the HKSAR's land supply and residential units forecast in the coming year. The Company believes the WLS's business strategy is in line with the overall direction of the government's strategic development plans for property construction, infrastructure investment and financial market development, and profit will be generated in medium terms.

Peak Zone Group Limited (「Peak Zone」)

Peak Zone 集團主要從事電子商務業，專注於提供整合的應用程式，其可由其客戶按模塊或選擇作出部署，提供預算及選擇的靈活性。截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止財政年度，Peak Zone 權益持有人應佔未經審核綜合純利為約港幣2,500,000元。Peak Zone 集團開始於華東地區發展業務及繼續開發相關先進系統，以提供更全面服務，增加其收益。本公司預期Peak Zone 集團仍具有巨大的業務增長潛力。

除上述三項非上市投資外，本集團持有七項重大非上市股本投資，分別為滙隆控股有限公司（「滙隆控股」）、中國金石礦業控股有限公司（「中國金石」）、中國錢包支付集團有限公司（「中國錢包」）、中國國家文化產業集團有限公司（「中國國家文化產業」）、吉輝控股有限公司（「吉輝控股」）、中國置業投資控股有限公司（「中國置業投資」）及財訊傳媒集團有限公司（「財訊傳媒」）。

滙隆控股主要從事提供建築及建造工程棚架搭建及精裝修服務、管理合約服務及其他服務之業務、借貸業務、證券經紀及孖展融資以及證券投資業務。截至二零一八年四月三十日止年度，滙隆控股擁有人應佔經審核綜合虧損為港幣109,788,000元。滙隆控股作為該行業一家領先的棚架分包商，根據香港特別行政區的土地供應及來年住宅單位預測，滙隆控股管理層對取得更多合同充滿信心。本公司認為，滙隆控股的業務策略符合政府在物業建設、基建投資及金融市場發展方面策略發展規劃的總體指導方針，將於中期內產生溢利。

Executive Director's Statement & Management Discussion and Analysis

執行董事報告及管理層討論及分析

China Kingstone is principally engaged in the production and sale of marble and marble related products, mainly in China. For the year ended 31 December 2018, the audited consolidated loss attributable to owners of China Kingstone was RMB19.3 million. With the fierce competition in the PRC construction material market, the marble stone business of the China Kingstone is facing a great challenge and uncertainty in the forthcoming years. The management of the Company has been closely monitoring the development environment of the industry and China Kingstone, and will make appropriate investment/divestment decisions when appropriate.

China e-Wallet is principally engaged in the provision of biometric and RFID products and solution services. For the financial year ended 31 December 2018, the audited consolidated loss attributable to owners of China e-Wallet was approximately HK\$46.8 million. The management of China e-Wallet believe that the business of "Internet and Mobile's Application and Related Accessories" as a key growth area, is in-line with the rapid growth of the mobile and gaming industry and will utilise its existing technical knowledge and programmers to diversify its income stream. The Company believes that the China e-Wallet's revenue in the past three years reflects the rapid growth of the mobile and gaming industry and China e-Wallet's growth will continue in short to medium term.

CNC is principally engaged in the properties investment, money lending and financial services. For the year ended 31 March 2018, the audited consolidated loss attributable to owners of CNC was approximately HK\$358.7 million. The management of CNC intended to generate long-term returns to its shareholders by a number of plans such as continued development of advertising and e-commerce related businesses and expansion of advertising and e-commerce related business through acquisition and/or co-operation. The Company believes that CNC group will continue to develop steadily in the advertising industry in the future and cooperate with the development of new businesses to increase the investment value of shareholders.

中國金石主要於中國從事大理石及大理石相關產品的生產及銷售。截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度，中國金石擁有人應佔經審核綜合虧損人民幣19,300,000元。由於中國建材市場競爭激烈，中國金石的大理石業務在未來數年面臨巨大挑戰及不確定因素。本公司管理層已密切監控該行業及中國金石的發展環境並將適時作出適當的投資／撤回投資決定。

中國錢包主要從事提供生物識別及射頻識別(RFID)產品及解決方案服務。截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止財政年度，中國錢包擁有人應佔經審核綜合虧損為約港幣46,800,000元。中國錢包管理層認為，以「互聯網及手機應用程式及相關配件」業務為主要增長區塊，順應移動及遊戲行業的快速發展，並將利用其現有技術知識及項目多元化其收入流。本公司認為，中國錢包過往三年的收益反映移動及遊戲行業的快速發展及中國錢包於中短期內將繼續增長。

中國國家文化產業主要從事房地產投資、放債及融資業務。截至二零一八年三月三十一日止年度，中國國家文化產業擁有人應佔經審核綜合虧損為約港幣358,700,000元。中國國家文化產業管理層計劃透過多項計劃為其股東帶來長期回報，如持續發展廣告及電子商務相關業務以及透過收購及／或合作擴展廣告及電子商務相關業務。本公司認為，中國國家文化產業集團未來將繼續於廣告行業穩步發展及合作發展新業務，以提升股東投資價值。

Executive Director's Statement & Management Discussion and Analysis

執行董事報告及管理層討論及分析

KPM HLDS is principally engaged in the design, fabrication, installation and maintenance of signage and related products. For the financial year ended 31 December 2018, the audited consolidated earnings attributable to equity holders of KPM HLDS was approximately Singapore dollar ("S\$") 884,000. The management of KPM HLDS expected the KPM HLDS Group will face significant challenges in 2019. Due to fierce competition in bidding prices and higher material costs, both revenue and gross profit of the local construction market are expected to decrease compared to year 2018. However, the Company will closely monitor KPM HLDS to assess its potential and valuation.

CHINA PPT INV is principally engaged in properties investment, the provision of financial services and money lending. For the financial year ended 31 March 2018, the audited consolidated loss attributable to equity holders of CHINA PPT INV was approximately HK\$569.5 million. The CHINA PPT INV group will remain focused on its existing businesses in properties investment, financial services and money lending business which will enhance the revenue stream of the Group. Although the economic environment in Mainland China is uncertain, the Company still believes that the CHINA PPT INV's properties investment business is one of the best industries in Mainland China.

吉輝控股主要從事設計、製作、安裝及維護標牌及相關產品。截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止財政年度，吉輝控股之權益持有人應佔經審核綜合盈利為約884,000新加坡元（「新加坡元」）。吉輝控股管理層預期二零一九年吉輝控股集團將面臨重大挑戰。由於投標價格競爭激烈及材料成本上漲，本地建築市場的收益及毛利預期將較二零一八年減少。然而，本公司將密切監控吉輝控股以評估其潛力及估值。

中國置業投資主要從事物業投資、提供金融服務及放債業務。截至二零一八年三月三十一日止財政年度，中國置業投資之權益持有人應佔經審核綜合虧損為約港幣569,500,000元。中國置業投資集團將繼續專注於其物業投資、金融服務及放債業務的現有業務，而此將加強本集團的收益流。儘管中國內地經濟環境不明朗，本公司仍認為，中國置業投資的物業投資業務為中國內地的最佳行業之一。

Executive Director's Statement & Management Discussion and Analysis

執行董事報告及管理層討論及分析

SEEC MEDIA is principally engaged in the provision of advertising agency services and distribution of books and magazines in the People's Republic of China (the "PRC") and securities broking business, money lending business and provision of e-commerce platform services and sales of related goods in Hong Kong. For the financial year ended 31 December 2018, the audited consolidated loss attributable to equity holders of SEEC MEDIA was approximately HK\$125.1 million. The management of SEEC MEDIA expected that the equity fund raising market and the financial activities in Hong Kong will remain stable in long-term. The SEEC MEDIA group will continue its effort to develop and strengthen its own financial business and the SEEC MEDIA group's business of advertising and sales of books and magazines may face shrinkage in their contributions to the SEEC MEDIA group's future revenue and profitability in view of the difficult operating environment for print media business in the PRC. The management of the Company will keep monitoring the business environment of the industry in order to make appropriate investment decisions.

FINANCIAL REVIEW

Liquidity, Financial Resource and Gearing Ratio

The Group's asset portfolio was mainly financed by internally generated cash resources and fund raising activities. As at 31 December 2018, net current assets of the Group amounted to approximately HK\$154.0 million (2017: HK\$212.7 million) with cash and bank balances of approximately HK\$0.5 million (2017: HK\$1.3 million). The consolidated net asset value per share of the Company as at 31 December 2018 was HK\$0.18 (2017: HK\$0.25). The consolidated net asset value per share as at 31 December 2018 is calculated based on the net assets of the Group of approximately HK\$335.3 million (2017: HK\$458.8 million) and 1,862,316,806 ordinary shares of the Company at par value of HK\$0.10 each in issue as at that date (2017: 1,862,316,806 shares).

財訊傳媒主要於中華人民共和國（「中國」）從事提供廣告代理服務及銷售書籍及雜誌以及於香港從事證券經紀業務、放債業務及提供電子商務平台服務及銷售相關產品。截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止財政年度，財訊傳媒之權益持有人應佔經審核綜合虧損為約港幣125,100,000元。財訊傳媒管理層預期香港股本集資市場及金融業務將長期持續暢旺。財訊傳媒集團將繼續致力發展及強化其自有金融業務及鑒於中國平面媒體業務艱難的經營環境，財訊傳媒集團廣告以及銷售書籍及雜誌之業務對財訊傳媒集團的未來收益及盈利能力的貢獻可能會減少。本公司管理層將密切監控該行業的營商環境以作出適當的投資決定。

財務回顧

流動資金、財務資源及資本負債比率

本集團之資產組合主要以內部產生現金資源及集資活動撥付資金。於二零一八年十二月三十一日，本集團流動資產淨值約為港幣154,000,000元（二零一七年：港幣212,700,000元），現金及銀行結存約為港幣500,000元（二零一七年：港幣1,300,000元）。於二零一八年十二月三十一日，本公司每股綜合資產淨值為港幣0.18元（二零一七年：港幣0.25元）。於二零一八年十二月三十一日之每股綜合資產淨值按本集團資產淨值約港幣335,300,000元（二零一七年：港幣458,800,000元）及本公司於該日已發行之1,862,316,806股每股面值港幣0.10元之普通股計算（二零一七年：1,862,316,806股股份）。

Executive Director's Statement & Management Discussion and Analysis

執行董事報告及管理層討論及分析

As at 31 December 2018, the Company had no outstanding bank borrowing (2017: Nil). The gearing ratio of the Group was 7.9% as at 31 December 2018 (2017: 7.7%), which is calculated based on the Group's total liabilities divided by its total assets. Taking into account of the amount of liquid assets in hand and available short-term or margin loan facilities, the Group has sufficient financial resources to meet its ongoing operational requirements.

Charge of Assets and Margin Facilities

As at 31 December 2018 and 2017, margin facilities from several regulated securities brokers were granted to the Group which were secured by the Group's listed investments. As at 31 December 2018 and 2017, the Group had not utilised against these facilities.

PROSPECTS

At long last, the Federal Reserve in mid-December 2015 raised interest rates and kicked off what is expected to be the first in a series of hikes that will likely extend into 2016 and beyond, bringing rates above their near-zero threshold for the first time since 2008. Gradually, the federal funds rate increased to 2.25% to 2.50% currently. Economic activity is seen expanding at a solid pace, albeit somewhat slower than in 2018, and the job market is expected to remain strong. Recent declines in energy prices will likely push headline inflation further below the FOMC longer-run goal of 2% for a time, Fed Chair Powell said in his Semiannual Monetary Policy Report to the Congress. Fed Chair added that over the past few months some crosscurrents and conflicting signals were observed. Financial markets became more volatile and financial conditions are now less supportive of growth. Growth has slowed in some major foreign economies, particularly China and Europe. And uncertainty is elevated around several unresolved government policy issues, including Brexit and ongoing trade negotiations. The Fed held the target range for the federal funds rate at 2.25-2.5% on 30 January 2019.

於二零一八年十二月三十一日，本公司並無尚未償還之銀行借款（二零一七年：無）。於二零一八年十二月三十一日，本集團資本負債比率為7.9%（二零一七年：7.7%），乃按本集團總負債除以其總資產為計算基準。考慮現有流動資產及可動用之短期或保證金貸款額度後，本集團有足夠財務資源應付其持續經營之需求。

資產抵押及保證金信貸

於二零一八年及二零一七年十二月三十一日，多名受規管證券經紀向本集團授出保證金信貸，而該等信貸乃以本集團之上市投資作擔保。於二零一八年及二零一七年十二月三十一日，本集團並無動用該等信貸。

前景

於二零一五年十二月中旬，美聯儲終於加息，自二零零八年來首度將息口由近乎零利率上調，揭開市場所預期直至二零一六年甚至之後的一連串加息行動之序幕。聯邦基金利率則逐漸上升到現在的2.25%至2.50%。經濟活動有見穩步增長，儘管相比二零一八年有所放緩，預計就業市場仍然強勁。美聯儲主席鮑威爾在向國會提交的半年度貨幣政策報告中表示，近期能源價格的下跌將有可能令總體通脹率進一步低於聯邦公開市場委員會長期目標2%的水平。美聯儲主席進一步表示，於過往數個月，出現部分橫流及矛盾訊號。金融市場愈發動蕩，而目前金融狀況對增長的支持削弱。部分主要海外經濟體，特別是中國及歐洲的增長放緩。不確定因素因部分尚未解決的政府政策問題（包括英國退歐及正在進行的貿易談判）加劇。美聯儲於二零一九年一月三十日將聯邦基金利率的目標範圍維持在2.25-2.5%。

Executive Director's Statement & Management Discussion and Analysis

執行董事報告及管理層討論及分析

However, the Federal Reserve, in its meeting in March 2019, has signalled it will refrain from raising interest rates for the rest of the year in the face of waning economic momentum in the US and other areas, cementing a sharp, dovish shift in monetary policy led by Fed Chair Powell.

At the end of a two-day meeting in Washington, US monetary policymakers decided unanimously to keep the target range for the Federal Funds rate between 2.25 per cent and 2.5 per cent, where it has been since December, as widely expected by economists.

Whereas late last year the median interest rate forecast of Fed officials implied two additional rises in 2019, it now implies none, as US central bankers downgraded their expectations for US economic growth this year to 2.1 per cent from 2.3 per cent in December.

The outcome of the meeting suggested Fed officials have grown increasingly sceptical of the economy's ability to sustain the nearly 3 per cent growth rate achieved last year while it benefited from the Trump administration's tax cut-driven fiscal stimulus. The decision to hold rates steady for the foreseeable future also exposed their lingering – and possibly rising – concerns about risks associated with the UK's withdrawal from the European Union (“EU”) and the US-China trade dispute.

According to the European Commission, economic activity in the EU and the euro area moderated last year on the back of a combination of internal and external factors. While a moderation of growth was already in the cards, the slowdown in the second half of 2018 turned out to be more pronounced than expected. Growth in the euro area slipped to 0.2% in the last two quarters of 2018 and the latest high frequency data suggest that this weak momentum continued in January 2019. Over the next two years, the economy is expected to continue growing but at a slower pace.

然而，美聯儲於二零一九年三月的會議上表示，在美國及其他地區經濟增長勢頭減弱的情況下，其將不會在今年剩餘時間內加息，鞏固了由美聯儲主席鮑威爾領導的貨幣政策急劇的鴿派轉變。

正如經濟學家普遍預期，於華盛頓舉行的為期兩天的會議結束時，美國貨幣政策制定者一致決定將聯邦基金利率的目標範圍維持在自去年十二月以來的2.25%至2.5%之間。

去年年底，美聯儲官員對利率的中位數預測暗示二零一九年有兩次加息，而隨著美國央行官員將今年對美國經濟增長的預期由去年十二月的2.3%下調至2.1%，現在則暗示不會加息。

會議結果表明，美聯儲官員越來越懷疑經濟能否維持去年因受益於特朗普政府減稅推動的財政刺激措施而實現的近3%的增長率。於可預見未來維持利率不變的決定亦暴露了彼等對英國脫離歐盟（「歐盟」）及美中貿易爭端相關風險的擔憂—且擔憂可能會加劇。

據歐洲委員會表示，歐盟及歐元區的經濟活動去年因內部及外部因素的綜合影響而有所放緩。儘管增長已呈現缺乏動力，但二零一八年下半年的放緩較預期更為明顯。於二零一八年最後兩季度，歐元區的增長率下滑至0.2%，而最新的高頻數據顯示，二零一九年一月延續上述疲弱勢頭。未來兩年，預計經濟將繼續增長但增速較緩慢。

Executive Director's Statement & Management Discussion and Analysis

執行董事報告及管理層討論及分析

After nine successive years of growth, the economy of Germany, the biggest economy in Europe, is facing trade conflicts between the United States and both China and the EU as well as weakening economic activity in the euro zone.

IHS Markit's flash composite Purchasing Managers' Index measuring activity in services and manufacturing, which together account for more than two-thirds of the economy, fell to 51.5 in March 2019, its lowest reading since June 2013. The fall was mainly driven by the weakest activity in manufacturing since August 2012. That sub-index fell to 44.7, remaining below the 50.0 mark separating growth from contraction for a third straight month.

Based on the PRC's statistics bureau, China's economy grew 6.6 percent in 2018. Certain analysts have made gloomy forecasts that economic growth in China will slow to less than 6.5% in the coming year, the slowest since official data began more than two decades ago.

In view of more uncertainties appeared in the global investment markets in late 2018 and early 2019, the Board will continue to monitor the market dynamics and adopt a conservative approach on investment, so as to further enhance value for the Shareholders.

經過連續九年的增長，歐洲最大經濟體德國的經濟正面臨美國與中國及歐盟之間的貿易衝突以及歐元區經濟活動的疲軟。

IHS Markit閃存綜合採購經理人指數衡量服務業及製造業的活動情況（佔經濟總量的三分之二以上），於二零一九年三月下降至51.5，為二零一三年六月以來的最低水平。下跌乃主要由於製造業活動為二零一二年八月以來最疲弱水平。該分類指數跌至44.7，連續第三個月低於分隔增長與收縮的50.0大關。

根據中國統計局的數據，中國經濟於二零一八年錄得6.6%增長。部分分析師已作出令人沮喪的預測，即中國經濟未來一年的增長將放緩至低於6.5%，為官方數據自二十多年前開始以來的最低水平。

鑒於二零一八年年底及二零一九年年初全球投資市場的不確定因素增加，董事會將繼續監察市場動態並採取保守的投資方式，以進一步提升股東價值。

Executive Director's Statement & Management Discussion and Analysis

執行董事報告及管理層討論及分析

EMPLOYEE AND REMUNERATION POLICY

As at 31 December 2018, the Group had 7 employees (2017: 7), including directors of the Company. They are remunerated based on their performance, working experience and prevailing market standards. Employee benefits include medical insurance coverage, a defined contribution Mandatory Provident Fund retirement benefits scheme under the Hong Kong Mandatory Provident Fund Schemes Ordinance and share option scheme. There has been no significant change in the Group's remuneration policy.

Comprehensive disclosure of directors' emoluments pursuant to section 383 of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance is set out in note 9(a) to the consolidated financial statements.

APPRECIATION

On behalf of the Board, I would like to take this opportunity to express our appreciation to the staff and management team of the Group for their contribution during the Year and also to give our sincere gratitude to our shareholders for their continuous support.

By order of the Board

Unity Investments Holdings Limited

合一投資控股有限公司

SHUM Kit Lan Anita

Executive Director

Hong Kong

28 March 2019

僱員及薪酬政策

於二零一八年十二月三十一日，本集團共有7名僱員（二零一七年：7名）（包括本公司董事）。彼等之薪酬按照其表現、工作經驗及現行市場標準釐定。僱員福利包括醫療保險、根據香港強制性公積金計劃條例提供之界定供款強積金退休福利計劃及購股權計劃。本集團之薪酬政策並無重大變動。

董事酬金已根據香港公司條例第383條於綜合財務報表附註9(a)作全面披露。

致謝

本人謹代表董事會藉此機會就本集團之員工及管理層於本年度作出之貢獻向彼等深表謝意，並衷心感謝股東對本集團給予鼎力支持。

承董事會命

Unity Investments Holdings Limited

合一投資控股有限公司

執行董事

沈潔蘭

香港

二零一九年三月二十八日

Biographical Details of Directors

董事個人履歷

EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR

Ms. Shum Kit Lan Anita, aged 57, is a director and a responsible officer of Chariot Capital Management Limited. She is currently a licensed person to carry out type 9 (asset management) regulated activities under the Securities and Futures Ordinance. Ms. Shum has a wealth of working experience in securities advisory, corporate finance, corporate management and fund management. Ms. Shum was appointed as an executive director (“**Director**”) of Unity Investments Holdings Limited in November 2014.

NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR

Ms. HU Xiaoting, aged 39, holds a Master degree in Finance from Dongbei University of Finance and Economics. She has over 10 years’ solid experience in finance industry in the PRC. Ms. HU was appointed as a non-executive Director in June 2017.

執行董事

沈潔蘭女士，現年57歲，現為Chariot Capital Management Limited之董事兼負責人員。彼現為持牌可從事證券及期貨條例項下之第9類（提供資產管理）受規管活動之人士。沈女士於證券顧問、企業融資、企業管理及資金管理方面擁有寶貴工作經驗。沈女士於二零一四年十一月獲委任為合一投資控股有限公司之執行董事（「**董事**」）。

非執行董事

胡曉婷女士，39歲，持有東北財經大學金融學碩士學位。彼於中國金融行業擁有逾10年豐富經驗。胡女士於二零一七年六月獲委任為非執行董事。

Biographical Details of Directors

董事個人履歷

INDEPENDENT NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

Mr. Hung Cho Sing, aged 78, has over 30 years of experience in the film distribution industry and founded Delon International Film Corporation in 1970. Mr. HUNG has been the chairman of Hong Kong, Kowloon and New Territories Motion Picture Industry Association Limited since 1991 and was the chairman of Hong Kong Film Awards Association Limited from 1993 to 1995. Mr. Hung was appointed by the Hong Kong Special Administrative Region (“HKSAR”) Government as a member of the Hong Kong Film Development Council from 2007 to 31 March 2013. Mr. Hung was also appointed as a consultant of the China Film Association since 2013. Mr. Hung is also a member of HKSAR Election Committee and a vice chairman of the Cultural Profession Committee of the Guangdong, Hong Kong and Macau Cooperation Promotion Council (廣東省粵港澳合作促進會文化專業委員會副主任委員). Mr. Hung was awarded the Bronze Bauhinia Star (BBS) by the HKSAR Government in 2005 in recognition of his contribution to the Hong Kong Film industry. Mr. Hung has been appointed by the HKSAR Government as a non-official member of the Working Group on Manufacturing Industries, Innovative Technology, and Cultural and Creative Industries under the Economic Development Commission since 17 January 2013. He has been the vice chairman of Film Association of Guangdong, China since November 2016. Mr. Hung was appointed as independent non-executive Director in October 2014. Mr. Hung is currently an executive director of Universe International Holdings Limited (stock code: 1046) and an executive director of EJE (Hong Kong) Holdings Limited (stock code: 8101, formerly Jia Meng Holdings Limited). He is also an independent non-executive director of Enerchina Holdings Limited (stock code: 622), Sunrise (China) Technology Group Limited (stock code: 8226), Miko International Holdings Limited (stock code: 1247) and China Star Entertainment Limited (stock code: 326). Mr. Hung was an independent non-executive director of each of Mascotte Holdings Limited (now known as HengTen Networks Group Limited) from January 2013 to October 2015 and Freeman FinTech Corporation Limited (stock code: 279) from January 2013 to January 2017. All these companies are listed on either the main board or the GEM of the Stock Exchange.

獨立非執行董事

洪祖星先生，現年78歲，擁有逾30年電影發行經驗，於一九七零年創立狄龍國際電影企業公司。自一九九一年起，洪先生一直擔任香港影業協會有限公司理事長，並曾於一九九三年至一九九五年期間擔任香港電影金像獎協會有限公司之主席。於二零零七年至二零一三年三月三十一日期間，洪先生獲香港特別行政區（「香港特區」）政府委任為香港電影發展局成員。自二零一三年起，洪先生亦獲委任為中國電影家協會顧問。洪先生亦為香港特區選舉委員會委員，以及廣東省粵港澳合作促進會文化專業委員會副主任委員。香港特區政府為表揚洪先生對香港電影業之貢獻，於二零零五年向彼頒發銅紫荊星章(BBS)。洪先生於二零一三年一月十七日獲香港特區政府委任為經濟發展委員會轄下製造、高新科技及文化創意產業工作小組之非正式成員。彼自二零一六年十一月擔任中國廣東省電影家協會副主席。洪先生於二零一四年十月獲委任為獨立非執行董事。洪先生現時為寰宇娛樂文化集團有限公司(股份代號：1046)及壹家壹品(香港)控股有限公司(股份代號：8101，前稱家夢控股有限公司)之執行董事。彼亦為威華達控股有限公司(股份代號622)、中昱科技集團有限公司(股份代號：8226)、米格國際控股有限公司(股份代號：1247)及中國星集團有限公司(股份代號：326)之獨立非執行董事。洪先生於二零一三年一月至二零一五年十月曾任馬斯葛集團有限公司(現稱為恒騰網絡集團有限公司)之獨立非執行董事及於二零一三年一月至二零一七年一月曾任民眾金融科技控股有限公司(股份代號：279)之獨立非執行董事。所有該等公司均於聯交所主板或GEM上市。

Biographical Details of Directors

董事個人履歷

Mr. Chan Yik Pun, aged 37, holds a Bachelor Degree of Business (Major in Accounting) awarded by Monash University in 2004. Mr. Chan is a member of the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants. Mr. Chan has over 10 years of experience in accounting and auditing field. Mr. Chan was appointed as independent non-executive Director in October 2014. He was appointed as an independent non-executive director of Chaoda Modern Agriculture (Holdings) Limited (stock code: 682) in January 2015.

Ms. Chung Fai Chun, aged 53, is currently a deputy general manager of a watchcase factory. She has over 18 years' ample experience in the watchcase production industry, and has a wealth of experience in marketing, business operation and management. Ms. Chung was appointed as independent non-executive Director in December 2014.

陳奕斌先生，現年37歲，持有莫納殊大學於二零零四年頒發之商學士學位（主修會計）。陳先生為香港會計師公會會員。陳先生於會計及核數事務方面擁有逾10年經驗。陳先生於二零一四年十月獲委任為獨立非執行董事。彼於二零一五年一月獲委任為超大現代農業（控股）有限公司（股份代號：682）之獨立非執行董事。

鍾輝珍女士，現年53歲，現為一家錶殼工廠之副總經理。彼於錶殼生產行業擁有逾18年之豐富經驗，並在市場推廣、業務營運及管理方面擁有豐富經驗。鍾女士於二零一四年十二月獲委任為獨立非執行董事。

Directors' Report

董事會報告

The directors (the “**Directors**”) of Unity Investments Holdings Limited (the “**Company**”) herein present their report and the audited financial statements of the Company and its subsidiaries (collectively referred to as the “**Group**”) for the year ended 31 December 2018 (the “**Year**”).

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES

The principal activities of the Group are investment holding. During the Year, the Group was principally engaged in listed investments in Hong Kong, main stock markets around the world, and also in unlisted companies.

The segment information of the Group for the Year is set out in note 5 to the consolidated financial statements.

RESULTS AND DIVIDEND

The Group's loss for the Year and the state of affairs of the Company and the Group as at 31 December 2018 are set out in the consolidated financial statements on pages 66 to 67, 154 and 68 to 69, respectively.

No interim dividend was paid by the Company during the Year (2017: Nil) and the Board does not recommend the payment of a final dividend for the Year (2017: Nil).

BUSINESS REVIEW

Fair review of the Company's business and likely future development

Please refer to “Executive Director's Statement & Management Discussion & Analysis” on pages 4 to 14.

Principal risks and uncertainties

Please refer to note 26 to the consolidated financial statements.

Environmental Protection

The Group has taken an initiative to promote employees' awareness of environmental protection and the need to achieve efficient utilisation of resources through launching paper recycling and setting auto power saving mode on the Company's computers in offices.

合一投資控股有限公司(「本公司」)之董事(「董事」)謹此提呈彼等之報告連同本公司及其附屬公司(統稱「本集團」)截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度(「本年度」)之經審核財務報表。

主要業務

本集團之主要業務為投資控股。於本年度，本集團之主要業務為投資於香港及全球主要股票市場之上市投資，亦有投資於非上市公司。

本集團於本年度之分部資料載於綜合財務報表附註5。

業績及股息

本集團於本年度之虧損以及本公司及本集團於二零一八年十二月三十一日之事務狀況分別載於第66至67、154及68至69頁之綜合財務報表。

本公司於本年度內並無派付中期股息(二零一七年：無)，而董事會亦不建議就本年度派付末期股息(二零一七年：無)。

業務回顧

本公司業務的中肯回顧及可能未來發展

請參閱第4至14頁「執行董事報告及管理層討論及分析」一節。

主要風險及不確定因素

請參閱綜合財務報表附註26。

環境保護

本集團已採取措施提高僱員的環境保護意識，同時透過實施紙張回收及在本公司辦公室電腦設置節能模式，提升資源利用效率。

Directors' Report

董事會報告

Compliance with laws and regulations

The Group's principal activities are investments in listed or unlisted financial instruments in Hong Kong and elsewhere. The Company has to invest in accordance with the restrictions stated in its articles of association. Meanwhile, the Company is a company listed in Hong Kong. The Group also has to comply with the Listing Rules. During the year ended 31 December 2018 and up to the date of this report and to the best of the Directors' knowledge and belief, the Group has complied with the relevant laws and regulations in Hong Kong and other jurisdictions as far as its investments are concerned.

Company's key relationships with its employees

The Group has provided employees with opportunities to advance their career. The Group's policy is to encourage employees to take part in professional examinations, seminars and training courses related to their roles and duties through leave grants. Competitive remuneration is also offered to employees and their performance is reviewed on an annual basis reflecting each employee's contributions to the Group.

FINANCIAL SUMMARY

A summary of the published results, assets and liabilities of the Group for the last five financial years, as extracted from the audited financial statements, is set out on page 156. This summary does not form part of the audited financial statements.

SHARE CAPITAL

Details of the movements during the Year in share capital of the Company are set out in note 19 to the consolidated financial statements.

RESERVES

Details of movements in the reserves of the Company during the Year are set out in note 28 to the consolidated financial statements.

遵守法律法規

本集團主要業務為投資於香港及其他地區之上市或非上市金融工具。本公司須根據其組織章程細則明載之規限進行投資。同時，本公司為香港上市公司。本集團亦須遵守上市規則。於截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度及截至本報告日期，就董事所深知及確信，本集團已遵守香港及有關其投資之其他司法權區之相關法律法規。

本公司與其僱員之間的主要關係

本集團為僱員提供良好的職業晉升機會。本集團透過提供休假鼓勵僱員參與有關彼等自身職位及職責之專業測評、研討會及培訓課程。本集團亦向僱員提供具競爭力薪酬，並每年對彼等之表現進行評估以反映各位僱員對本集團作出之貢獻。

財務概要

本集團過去五個財政年度之已公佈業績、資產及負債概要（摘錄自經審核財務報表）載列於第156頁。本概要並不構成經審核財務報表之一部分。

股本

本公司股本於本年度之變動詳情載於綜合財務報表附註19。

儲備

本公司儲備於本年度之變動詳情載於綜合財務報表附註28。

Directors' Report

董事會報告

DIRECTORS AND DIRECTORS' SERVICE CONTRACT

The directors of the Company during the Year and up to the date of this annual report are as follows:

Executive Director:

Ms. SHUM Kit Lan Anita

Non-executive Director:

Ms. HU Xiaoting

Independent Non-executive Directors:

Mr. HUNG Cho Sing

Mr. CHAN Yik Pun

Ms. CHUNG Fai Chun

In accordance with Article 157 of the articles of association of the Company, Ms. SHUM Kit Lan Anita and Ms. CHUNG Fai Chun shall retire from office at the forthcoming annual general meeting and, being eligible, offer themselves for re-election.

None of the Directors who are proposed for re-election at the forthcoming annual general meeting has a service contract with the Company which is not determinable by the Company within one year without payment of compensation, other than statutory compensation.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

A report on the principal corporate governance practices adopted by the Company is set out on pages 26 to 47.

EMOLUMENTS OF DIRECTORS AND THE FIVE HIGHEST-PAID EMPLOYEES

Particulars of the emoluments of the Directors and the five highest-paid employees of the Group during the Year are set out in notes 9(a) and 9(b) to the consolidated financial statements respectively.

董事及董事服務合約

於本年度內及直至本年報日期，本公司之董事如下：

執行董事：

沈潔蘭女士

非執行董事：

胡曉婷女士

獨立非執行董事：

洪祖星先生

陳奕斌先生

鍾輝珍女士

按照本公司之組織章程細則第157條規定，沈潔蘭女士及鍾輝珍女士須於即將舉行之股東週年大會上輪席告退，並符合資格且願意膺選連任。

有意於即將舉行之股東週年大會上膺選連任之董事，概無與本公司訂立本公司不可於一年內不作賠償（法定賠償除外）而終止之服務合約。

企業管治

有關本公司所採納之主要企業管治常規之報告載於第26至47頁。

董事及五名最高薪酬僱員之酬金

於本年度內，本集團之董事及五名最高薪酬僱員之酬金詳情分別載於綜合財務報表附註9(a)及9(b)。

Directors' Report

董事會報告

DIRECTORS' AND CHIEF EXECUTIVES' INTEREST AND SHORT POSITIONS IN SHARES, UNDERLYING SHARES AND DEBENTURES OF THE COMPANY

As at 31 December 2018, none of the Directors or the chief executive of the Company had or were deemed to have any Discloseable Interests or Short Position in the shares, underlying shares and debentures of the Company or any of its associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the Securities and Futures Ordinance (“SFO”)) which were notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to Divisions 7 and 8 of Part XV of the SFO (including interests or short positions which they are taken or deemed to have under such provisions of the SFO), or which were required, pursuant to Section 352 of the SFO, to be entered in the register referred to therein, or which were required to be notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Companies contained in the Listing Rules (collectively “Discloseable Interests or Short Positions”).

DIRECTORS' RIGHT TO ACQUIRE SHARES OR DEBENTURES

Save as disclosed in note 20 to the consolidated financial statements headed “Share Option Scheme”, at no time during the Year was the Company or any of its subsidiaries a party to any arrangements to enable the Directors to acquire benefits by means of the acquisition of shares in, or debt securities (including debentures) of, the Company or any other body corporate, neither the Directors nor any of their spouses or children under age of eighteen, had any right to subscribe for the securities or debt securities of the Company or had exercised any such rights.

DIRECTORS' INTERESTS IN TRANSACTIONS, ARRANGEMENT OR CONTRACTS OF SIGNIFICANCE

No transaction, arrangement or contract of significance in relation to the Group's business to which the Company or any of its subsidiaries was a party to and in which Directors had a material interest in, whether directly or indirectly, subsisted at the end of the Year or at any time during the Year.

董事及主要行政人員於本公司之股份、相關股份及債券之權益及淡倉

於二零一八年十二月三十一日，並無本公司任何董事或主要行政人員在本公司或其任何相聯法團（定義見證券及期貨條例（「證券及期貨條例」）第XV部）的股份、相關股份及債券中擁有或被視為擁有根據證券及期貨條例第XV部第7及第8分部須知會本公司及聯交所的任何須予披露權益或淡倉（包括根據證券及期貨條例有關規定被當作或視為擁有的權益或淡倉），或根據證券及期貨條例第352條須登記在該條所述的登記冊內的任何須予披露權益或淡倉，或根據上市規則所載上市公司董事進行證券交易的標準守則須知會本公司及聯交所的任何須予披露權益或淡倉（統稱「須予披露權益或淡倉」）。

董事收購股份或債券之權利

除綜合財務報表附註20「購股權計劃」所披露者外，於本年度內任何時間，本公司或其任何附屬公司概無參與訂立任何使董事可藉收購本公司或任何其他法團之股份或債務證券（包括債券）而獲益之安排，而董事或任何彼等之配偶或未滿十八歲子女概無權亦無行使權利認購本公司之證券或債務證券。

董事於重大交易、安排及合約之權益

本公司或其任何附屬公司概無於本年度結束時或本年度內任何時間訂立與本集團業務有關且董事直接或間接擁有當中重大權益之重大交易、安排或合約。

Directors' Report

董事會報告

DIRECTORS' INTERESTS IN COMPETING BUSINESS

As at the date of this report, none of the Directors and their respective associates had any interest in a business which causes or may cause a significant competition with the business of the Group and any other conflict of interests which any such person has or may have with the Group.

PERMITTED INDEMNITY PROVISION

Pursuant to the Company's articles of association and subject to the provisions of the statutes, every Director or other officer of the Company shall be entitled to be indemnified out of the assets of the Company against all losses or liabilities which he may sustain or incur in or about the execution of the duties of his office or otherwise in relation thereto, and no Director or other officer shall be liable for any loss, damages or misfortune which may happen to or be incurred by the Company in the execution of the duties of his office or in relation thereto, provided that the Company's articles of association shall only have effect in so far as its provisions are not avoided by the Companies Law of Cayman Islands. The Company has maintained Directors and officers liability insurance during the Year.

EQUITY-LINKED AGREEMENTS

Other than the share option scheme of the Company as detailed in note 20 to the consolidated financial statements, no equity-linked agreements that will or may result in the Company issuing shares or that require the Company to enter into any agreements that will or may result in the Company issuing shares were entered into by the Company during the year or subsisted at the end of the Year.

董事於競爭業務之權益

於本報告日期，概無董事及彼等各自之聯繫人於對本集團業務構成或可能構成重大競爭之業務中擁有任何權益，任何該等人士亦無與本集團有或可能有任何其他利益衝突。

獲准彌償條文

根據本公司之組織章程細則及符合成文法條文之情況下，本公司各董事或其他高級職員就有關彼等履行職務或在其他有關情況所蒙受或產生之所有損失或責任，有權由本公司資產中撥付彌償，而各董事或其他高級職員概無須就其於執行職務或進行與此有關之其他事宜時本公司出現或招致之任何損失、損害賠償或不幸情況負責，惟本公司之組織章程細則僅在其條文並無違反開曼群島公司法之情況下生效。本公司於本年度已為董事及高級職員投保責任保險。

股權掛鈎協議

除於綜合財務報表附註20詳述之本公司購股權計劃外，本公司於本年度並無訂立，於本年度末亦無存續將或可能導致本公司發行股份或須本公司訂立將或可能導致本公司發行股份之任何協議之股權掛鈎協議。

Directors' Report

董事會報告

DISCLOSURE OF DIRECTORS' INFORMATION UNDER RULE 13.51B OF THE LISTING RULES

Mr. HUNG Cho Sing was re-designated from an executive director to a non-executive director of Universe Entertainment and Culture Group Company Limited (stock code: 1046), the shares of which are listed on the Stock Exchange, with effect from 1 February 2019.

MANAGEMENT CONTRACTS

The Company has not entered into any contract with any individual, firm or corporate entity to manage or regulate the whole of any substantial part of the Company's business.

SHARE OPTION SCHEME

Details of existing share option scheme adopted by the Company on 30 April 2013 are set out in note 20 to the consolidated financial statements.

RETIREMENT SCHEME

The Group provides a defined contribution Mandatory Provident Fund retirement benefits scheme (the "MPF Scheme") under the Hong Kong Mandatory Provident Fund Schemes Ordinance to all staff. Under the MPF Scheme, employer and employees are each required to make mandatory contributions to the MPF Scheme and contributions to the MPF Scheme vested immediately.

PURCHASE, SALE OR REDEMPTION OF THE COMPANY'S SHARE

During the Year, neither the Company nor any of its subsidiaries had purchased, sold or redeemed any of the listed securities of the Company.

根據上市規則第13.51B條披露董事資料

洪祖星先生由寰宇娛樂文化集團有限公司（股份代號：1046，其股份於聯交所上市）的執行董事調任為非執行董事，自二零一九年二月一日起生效。

管理合約

本公司概無與任何個人、機構或公司實體訂立任何合約以管理或規管本公司整體或任何重要部分業務。

購股權計劃

本公司於二零一三年四月三十日所採納之現有購股權計劃詳情載於綜合財務報表附註20。

退休計劃

本集團根據香港強制性公積金計劃條例為全體員工提供界定供款強積金退休福利計劃（「強積金計劃」）。根據強積金計劃，僱主及僱員各自須向強積金計劃作出強制供款，而向強積金計劃作出之供款即時歸屬。

購買、出售或贖回本公司股份

於本年度內，本公司或其任何附屬公司概無購買、出售或贖回本公司之任何上市證券。

Directors' Report

董事會報告

INTERESTS AND SHORT POSITIONS OF SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDERS DISCLOSEABLE UNDER THE SFO

As at 31 December 2018, there was no person who had any interest or short position in the Shares or underlying shares of the Company which would fall to be disclosed to the Company under the provisions of Divisions 2 and 3 of Part XV of the SFO, or which were recorded in the register required to be kept by the Company under Section 336 of the SFO, or as otherwise notified to the Company and the Hong Kong Stock Exchange.

RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS AND CONNECTED TRANSACTIONS

Save as disclosed in note 25 to the consolidated financial statements, the Group had no material transactions with its related parties during the Year.

The Directors conducted review of the related party transactions of the Group during the Year and were not aware any transaction requiring disclosure of connected transactions in accordance with the requirements of the Listing Rules.

PRE-EMPTIVE RIGHTS

There is no provision for pre-emptive rights under the articles of association of the Company although there are no restrictions against such rights under the laws in the Cayman Islands.

SUFFICIENCY OF PUBLIC FLOAT

Based on information that is publicly available to the Company and within the knowledge of the Directors, as at the date of this annual report, the Company has maintained a sufficient public float in compliance with Rule 8.08 of the Listing Rules.

根據證券及期貨條例之須予披露主要股東權益及淡倉

於二零一八年十二月三十一日，並無人士於本公司股份或相關股份中擁有根據證券及期貨條例第XV部第2及3分部條文須向本公司披露，或須記錄於本公司根據證券及期貨條例第336條規定存置之登記冊或須另行知會本公司及香港聯交所之任何權益或淡倉。

關聯方交易及關連交易

除綜合財務報表附註25所披露者外，本集團於本年度概無與其關聯方進行重大交易。

董事已對本集團於本年度之關聯方交易進行審閱，且並不知悉任何根據上市規則規定須作關連交易披露的交易。

優先購買權

儘管開曼群島法律並無有關優先購買權之限制，本公司之組織章程細則並無優先購買權之規定。

公眾持股量之足夠程度

根據本公司可取得之公開資料及就董事所知，於本年報日期，本公司維持充足公眾持股量以符合上市規則第8.08條之規定。

Directors' Report

董事會報告

AUDIT COMMITTEE

The audit committee of the Company (the “**Audit Committee**”) as at the date of this report comprises all independent non-executive directors, namely Mr. CHAN Yik Pun, Mr. HUNG Cho Sing and Ms. CHUNG Fai Chun. Mr. CHAN Yik Pun is the chairman of the Audit Committee.

The Audit Committee, along with management, has reviewed accounting principles and practices adopted by the Group and also discussed matters such as internal controls, risk management, audit and financial reporting, including a review of the audited consolidated financial statements, for the financial year ended 31 December 2018.

AUDITOR

Elite Partners CPA Limited will retire and, being eligible, offer themselves for re-appointment. A resolution for the re-appointment of Elite Partners CPA Limited as auditor of the Company is to be proposed at the forthcoming annual general meeting.

On behalf of the Board

Unity Investments Holdings Limited

合一投資控股有限公司

SHUM Kit Lan Anita

Executive Director

Hong Kong

28 March 2019

審計委員會

於本報告日期，本公司審計委員會（「**審計委員會**」）由所有獨立非執行董事，即陳奕斌先生、洪祖星先生及鍾輝珍女士組成。陳奕斌先生為審計委員會主席。

審計委員會連同管理層已審閱本集團採納之會計原則及慣例，且已討論內部控制、風險管理、審核及財務呈報等事項，包括審閱截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止財政年度之經審核綜合財務報表。

核數師

開元信德會計師事務所有限公司將退任並符合資格且願意獲續聘。續聘開元信德會計師事務所有限公司為本公司核數師之決議案將提呈應屆股東週年大會。

代表董事會

Unity Investments Holdings Limited

合一投資控股有限公司

執行董事

沈潔蘭

香港

二零一九年三月二十八日

Corporate Governance Report

企業管治報告

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE PRACTICES

The Board of the Company is dedicated to an ongoing enhancement of effective and efficient corporate governance standards. The Board believes that high corporate governance standards are essential in providing framework for the Company to safeguard the interests of the shareholders and to enhance corporate value and accountability. The Company has applied the principles set out in the Corporate Governance Code (the “CG Code”) contained in Appendix 14 of the Listing Rules.

For the Year, the Company has complied with all code provisions set out in the CG Code, except for code provisions A.2.1 and A.4.1, details of which will be explained below.

Based on Code provision A.2.1, the roles of chairman and chief executive should be separate and should not be performed by the same individual. The division of responsibilities between the chairman and chief executive should be clearly established and set out in writing. The Company has no Chairman and Chief Executive Officer since the resignation of Mr. NG Chi Hoi on 1 August 2016. The Board’s current significant decisions are made in Board meetings. Every Board member has the rights and responsibility to propose Board meetings to discuss significant issues he/she concerns, and has the power to make the decisions among other Board members.

Code provision A.4.1 requires that non-executive directors should be appointed for a specific term and subject to re-election. Ms. HU Xiaoting, the non-executive Director, has no specific term of appointment but she is subject to retirement by rotation in accordance with the Company’s articles of association. As such, the Company considers that sufficient measures have been taken to serve the purpose of this code provision.

企業管治常規

本公司董事會致力持續推行有效及高效率之企業管治標準。董事會相信，高水平之企業管治標準乃本公司保障股東利益及提升企業價值及問責性之關鍵。本公司已採用上市規則附錄14所載之企業管治守則（「企業管治守則」）之原則。

本公司已於本年度遵守企業管治守則所載之所有守則條文，惟守則條文第A.2.1條及A.4.1條除外，有關詳情於下文闡述。

根據守則條文第A.2.1條，主席與行政總裁之角色應予區分，且不應由同一人擔任。主席及行政總裁之職責分工應以書面清晰界定。自吳志凱先生於二零一六年八月一日辭任後，本公司並無主席及行政總裁。董事會現時重大決策均於董事會會議作出。每名董事會成員均有權利及責任建議召開董事會會議以討論重大關注事項，並有權與其他董事會成員作出決策。

守則條文第A.4.1條要求，非執行董事應以指定任期委任並須重選連任。非執行董事胡曉婷女士之委任並無特定任期，但須根據本公司組織章程細則輪席告退。因此，本公司認為已採取足夠措施以符合本守則條文之目的。

Corporate Governance Report

企業管治報告

The practice of the corporate governance of the Company will be reviewed and updated from time to time in order to comply with the requirements of the Listing Rules.

DIRECTORS' SECURITIES TRANSACTIONS

The Company has adopted the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Issuers (the “**Model Code**”) as set out in Appendix 10 of the Listing Rules as the code of conduct regarding securities transactions by the directors of the Company. Upon specific enquiry by the Company, all Directors have confirmed that they have complied with the required standards as set out in the Model Code for the Year.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Board Composition

As at the date of this annual report, the Board comprises an executive Director, namely Ms. SHUM Kit Lan Anita; a non-executive Director, namely Ms. HU Xiaoting; and three independent non-executive Directors (“**INED(s)**”), namely Mr. HUNG Cho Sing, Mr. CHAN Yik Pun and Ms. CHUNG Fai Chun. None of the Directors are, in any respect, related to each other in any circumstances. Mr. CHAN Yik Pun has appropriate professional accounting experience and expertise. The Board membership is covered by recognised professional accounting and experienced personnel so as to bring in valuable contribution and professional advice for the development of the Company. None of Directors has a service contract with the Company or any of its subsidiaries which is not determinable by the Group within one year without payment of compensation other than statutory compensation. Biographical details of each of Director are set out on pages 15 to 17.

本公司將不時檢討及更新企業管治常規，以符合上市規則之規定。

董事進行證券交易

本公司已採納上市規則附錄10所載上市發行人董事進行證券交易的標準守則（「**標準守則**」）作為本公司董事進行證券交易之行為守則。經本公司作出特定查詢後，全體董事已確認彼等於本年度已遵守標準守則所載之規定準則。

董事會

董事會組成

於本年報日期，董事會之成員包括一名執行董事沈潔蘭女士、一名非執行董事胡曉婷女士；以及三名獨立非執行董事（「**獨立非執行董事**」）洪祖星先生、陳奕斌先生及鍾輝珍女士。各董事在任何情況下於任何方面與其他董事概無關連。陳奕斌先生具備適當之專業會計經驗及知識。董事會成員包括擁有獲認可專業會計及豐富經驗之人士，為本公司之發展作出寶貴貢獻及專業意見。董事概無與本公司或其任何附屬公司訂立任何於一年內不作補償（法定補償除外）則不可由本集團終止之服務合約。各董事的履歷詳情載於第15至17頁。

Corporate Governance Report

企業管治報告

Independent Non-executive Directors

Throughout the year ended 31 December 2018, the Board, at all times, has met the requirements of the Listing Rules relating to the appointment of at least three INEDs representing at least one-third of the Board and at least one of whom has appropriate professional qualifications, or accounting or related financial management expertise.

The Board has received written annual confirmation from each of the INEDs in respect of his/her independence in accordance with Rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules. The Board considers all INEDs are independent under the definition of the Listing Rules.

All INEDs were appointed for a fixed terms of three years from the date of appointment, subject to retirement by rotation and re-election at general meeting of the Company in accordance with the articles of association of the Company.

Responsibility, Accountabilities and Contributions of the Board

The Board's responsibilities is not limited to formulating corporate strategies and setting up of business development plans, but to also monitor and supervise the performance of management and review the effectiveness of internal controls including the scope of financial, operational, compliance, risk management, as well as preparing and approving financial statements of the Group. Directors, collectively and individually, are aware of their responsibilities to shareholders, for the manner in which Company business and affairs are managed and operated. All Directors, including INEDs, have brought a wide spectrum of valuable business experience, knowledge and professionalism to the Board for its efficient and effective functioning.

獨立非執行董事

於截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止整個年度，董事會一直遵守上市規則有關委任最少三名獨立非執行董事（相當於最少佔董事會三分之一），及其中至少一名具有適當專業資格或會計或相關財務管理專業知識之規定。

董事會已接獲各獨立非執行董事根據上市規則第3.13條就其獨立性發出之年度書面確認書。董事會認為，全體獨立非執行董事根據上市規則定義均為獨立。

所有獨立非執行董事均按固定任期委任，自委任日期起計為期三年，惟須根據本公司組織章程細則於本公司股東大會上輪值退任及重選。

董事會之責任、問責制及貢獻

董事會之責任並不限於擬定企業策略及制訂業務發展計劃，亦包括監察及監督管理層之表現及審閱內部監控（當中包括財務、營運、合規及風險管理等方面）之成效，以及編製及批准本集團之財務報表。董事共同及個別知悉須就本公司業務及事務之管理及經營對股東負責。全體董事（包括獨立非執行董事）均為董事會帶來多種領域之寶貴業務經驗、知識及專長，使其高效及有效地運作。

Corporate Governance Report

企業管治報告

All Directors have full and timely access to all the information of the Company as well as the service and advice from the company secretary and management of the Company. The Directors may, upon request, seek independent professional advice in appropriate circumstances, at the Company's expenses for discharging their duties to the Company.

All Directors have grave concern, sufficient time and attention to all significant issues and affairs of the Group. Day-to-day management, administration and operation of the Group are delegated to the executive board members. Executive Board meetings are convened when necessary to deal with day-to-day matters that require the Board's prompt decision, and therefore it is usually that only executive Directors would attend. Each executive Director has accumulated sufficient and valuable experience to hold his/her position in order to ensure that his/her fiduciary duties can be carried out in an effective and efficient manner. The Board has established three board committees, namely Audit Committee, Remuneration Committee and Nomination Committee (collectively the "**Board Committees**") for overseeing particular Company's affairs.

The composition and functions of each committee are described below. These committees have specific functions and authority to examine issues and report to the Board with their recommendations (if appropriate) for the decision of the Board.

全體董事均可全面並及時獲得本公司所有資料以及要求本公司公司秘書及管理層提供服務及意見。董事可於要求時在適當情況下尋求獨立專業意見，以向本公司履行其職責，費用由本公司承擔。

全體董事已密切關注本集團之所有重大事宜及事務，並投放足夠時間及精力處理有關事宜及事務。本集團之日常管理、行政及營運工作由董事會執行成員處理。董事會於必要時召開執行董事會會議，以處理須董事會及時作出決定之日常事務，因此有關會議一般只有執行董事出席。各執行董事均具備出任董事所需之豐富而寶貴經驗，確保實質有效地履行其受信責任。董事會亦已成立三個董事委員會，即審計委員會、薪酬委員會及提名委員會（統稱「**董事委員會**」），負責監察本公司之特定事務。

各委員會之成員組合及職能載於下文。各委員會具有特定職能及權限以查核各項事項，並須向董事會作出匯報及提供建議（如適用），以供董事會作出決定。

Corporate Governance Report

企業管治報告

Meeting Records

The number of Board Meetings, Committee Meetings and General Meetings attended by each Director during the Year is set out in the following table. Figure in brackets indicates maximum number of meetings in the Year in which the individual was a Board Member or Committee Member (as the case may be).

會議記錄

於本年度內，各董事出席董事會會議、委員會會議及股東大會之次數載於下表。括號內之數字指本年度內有關人士擔任董事會成員或委員會成員（視屬何情況而定）期間所舉行之最多會議次數。

Name of Director	董事姓名	Number of meetings attended/held				General meetings
		Board	Audit Committee	Remuneration Committee	Nomination Committee	
		董事會	審計委員會	薪酬委員會	提名委員會	股東大會
Executive Director						
Ms. SHUM Kit Lan Anita	沈潔蘭女士	10/(10)	N/A 不適用	N/A 不適用	N/A 不適用	1/(1)
Non-executive Director						
Ms. HU Xiaoting	胡曉婷女士	9/(10)	N/A 不適用	N/A 不適用	N/A 不適用	0/(1)
Independent non-executive Directors						
Mr. HUNG Cho Sing	洪祖星先生	10/(10)	2/(2)	2/(2)	1/(1)	1/(1)
Mr. CHAN Yik Pun	陳奕斌先生	10/(10)	2/(2)	2/(2)	1/(1)	1/(1)
Ms. CHUNG Fai Chun	鍾輝珍女士	9/(10)	1/(2)	1/(2)	0/(1)	0/(1)

Corporate Governance Report

企業管治報告

Continuous Professional Development of Directors

All Directors, including the INEDs, should keep abreast of their responsibilities as Directors and the Company's business and activities. The company secretary continuously update all Directors on the latest developments regarding Listing Rules and other applicable regulatory requirements to ensure compliance of the same by all Directors. All Directors are also encouraged to attend relevant training courses and seminars that may require keeping abreast with the latest changes in laws, regulations and the business environment.

Pursuant to Code provision A.6.5, Directors should participate in continuous professional development to develop and refresh their knowledge and skills. This is to ensure that their contribution to the Board remains informed and relevant. During the Year, all Directors have participated in appropriate continuous professional development activities either by attending training courses or by reading materials relevant to the Company's business or to the Directors' duties and responsibilities. The Company has received from each Director a confirmation of their participation in continuous professional development by attending training course or reading relevant materials on the topics related to corporate governance and regulations.

Board Diversity Policy

The Board has adopted a Board Diversity Policy to achieve board diversity through the consideration of a number of factors and measurable objectives, including but not limited to gender, age, cultural background, educational background, skills, knowledge and professional experience. All Board appointments will be based on merit, and candidates will be measured against objective criteria, with due regard for the benefits of diversity on the Board. The Nomination Committee has the delegated responsibilities to monitor the implementation and review the Board Diversity Policy and report to the Board.

董事之持續專業發展

全體董事(包括獨立非執行董事)須時刻了解彼等作為董事之職責以及本公司之業務及活動。公司秘書持續提供有關上市規則及其他適用監管規定之最新發展情況予全體董事,以確保全體董事遵守該等規則及規定。本公司亦鼓勵所有董事參加可能需要了解法律、法規及營商環境最新變動之相關培訓課程及研討會。

根據守則條文第A.6.5條,董事應持續參與專業發展以發展及更新其知識及技能。有關規定旨在確保各董事在知情情況下對董事會作出切合需要的貢獻。於本年度,所有董事均已透過參加培訓課程或閱讀與本公司之業務或董事之職責及責任有關之資料參與適當的持續專業發展活動。本公司已接獲各董事之確認書,確認彼等已透過參加培訓課程或閱讀有關企業管治及規例之資料參與持續專業發展。

董事會多元化政策

董事會已採納董事會多元化政策,以透過考慮多種因素及可計量目標實現董事會多元化,包括但不限於性別、年齡、文化背景、教育背景、技能、知識及專業經驗。董事會所有委任均以用人唯才為原則,並在考慮人選時以客觀條件充分顧及董事會成員多元化之裨益。提名委員會獲轉授責任監督實施及檢討董事會多元化政策並向董事會報告。

Corporate Governance Report

企業管治報告

Measurable Objectives

Selection of candidates will be based on the Company's Nomination Policy and will take into account this Policy. The ultimate decision will be based on merit and contribution that the selected candidates will bring to the Board, having due regard to the benefits of diversity on the Board and also the needs of the Board without focusing on a single diversity aspect.

The Board would ensure that appropriate balance of gender diversity is achieved with reference to stakeholders' expectation and international and local practices. The Board also aspires to having an appropriate proportion of directors who have direct experience in the Group's core markets, with different ethnic backgrounds, and reflecting the Group's strategy.

As at the date of this report, the Board comprises five directors. Three of them are women. Two of the female directors is non-executive Directors (including INED), thereby promoting critical review and control of the management process.

CHAIRMAN AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE

Based on provision Code A.2.1, the roles of chairman and chief executive should be separate and should not be performed by the same individual. The division of responsibilities between the chairman and chief executive should be clearly established and set out in writing. The Board's current significant decisions are made in Board meetings. Every Board member has the rights and responsibility to propose Board meetings to discuss significant issues he/she concerns, and has the power to make the decisions among other Board members.

可計量目標

甄別董事人選將會根據本公司的提名政策進行，並同時會考慮本政策。最終決定將根據相關人選的長處及其可為董事會作出的貢獻而定，當中會考慮對董事會多元化的裨益以及董事會的需要，不會只側重單一的多元化層面。

董事會將因應持份者的期望及參考國際和本地的慣例確保董事會達致性別多元化的適當平衡。董事會亦力求董事組合中有適當比例的成員具備本集團核心市場的直接經驗，同時具有不同種族背景並反映本集團的策略。

於本報告日期，董事會包括五名董事。其中三名為女性。其中兩名女性董事為非執行董事（包括獨立非執行董事），從而有助於嚴格檢討及控制管理程序。

主席及行政總裁

根據守則條文第A.2.1條，主席與行政總裁之角色應有所區分且不應由一人兼任。主席與行政總裁之職責分工須明確區分，並以書面形式訂明。董事會目前重大決定於董事會會議作出。各董事會成員均有權利及責任建議召開董事會會議以討論重大關注事項，並有權與其他董事會成員作出決定。

Corporate Governance Report

企業管治報告

BOARD COMMITTEES

The Board has established three committees: the Audit Committee, Remuneration Committee and Nomination Committee, with specific responsibilities as set out in their respective terms of reference.

Audit Committee

The Audit Committee of the Company was established in January 2003. As at the date of this annual report, the Audit Committee comprises all INEDs, namely Mr. CHAN Yik Pun, Mr. HUNG Cho Sing and Ms. CHUNG Fai Chun. Mr. CHAN Yik Pun is the chairman of the Audit Committee.

The primary duties of the Audit Committee include but are not limited to the following:

- to consider and review the appointment, resignation and removal of external auditor and their fees and supervision on whether any non-auditing services has been provided by external auditor and giving of advice to the Board on employment of auditor
- to liaise with the Board and discuss with the external auditor about issues of significance during the audit of the Group
- to review the interim and annual results of the Group
- to review the report from the external auditor in relation to continuing connected transactions
- to discuss and monitor with management on the effectiveness of the Company's financial reporting system, and risk management and internal control systems

The terms of reference of the Audit Committee is adopted on 16 March 2012 and updated on 31 December 2015, which is consistent with the CG Code and is published on the website of the Company and The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange"). The Audit Committee is provided with sufficient resources to discharge its duties and has access to independent professional advice if considers necessary.

董事委員會

董事會已成立三個委員會：審計委員會、薪酬委員會及提名委員會，並已分別訂明職權範圍，具體載列其責任。

審計委員會

本公司之審計委員會於二零零三年一月成立。於本年報日期，審計委員會由全體獨立非執行董事陳奕斌先生、洪祖星先生及鍾輝珍女士組成。陳奕斌先生為審計委員會之主席。

審計委員會之主要職責包括但不限於下列各項：

- 考慮及檢討外聘核數師之委任、辭任及罷免及其薪酬，監督外聘核數師所提供之任何非審核服務，並就核數師之聘用向董事會發表意見
- 與董事會聯繫，並於進行本集團之審核工作期間與外聘核數師討論重大事宜
- 審閱本集團之中期及年度業績
- 省覽外聘核數師有關持續關連交易之報告
- 與管理層討論及監控本公司財務申報系統以及風險管理及內部監控系統之效果

審計委員會之職責範圍已於二零一二年三月十六日採納及於二零一五年十二月三十一日更新，並符合企業管治守則條文並於本公司及香港聯合交易所有限公司（「聯交所」）網站刊發。審計委員會獲提供充分資源以履行其職責，並可於有需要時取得獨立專業意見。

Corporate Governance Report

企業管治報告

Code provision C3.3 of the CG Code stipulates that members of the Audit Committee should meet at least twice a year with the Company's auditor regarding review of the Group's financial information including the financial statements and annual report and half-year report. During the year ended 31 December 2018, there were two meetings, included in which two meetings were held between the Audit Committee and the Company's auditor to review and discuss the Company's annual report for the year ended 31 December 2017 and the interim report for the six months ended 30 June 2018. The Audit Committee has reviewed the related results announcements and reports of the Group and has submitted the same to the Board for approval. Members of the Audit Committee were of the opinion that the preparation of such two sets of financial statements and related results announcements were in compliance with the applicable accounting standards, the Listing Rules and legal requirements in relation to financial reporting. Number of attendance of the Audit Committee meetings are disclosed under the section headed "Meeting Records" above.

Remuneration Committee

The Remuneration Committee of the Company was established in September 2005 with specific written terms of reference, which was updated and adopted on 16 March 2012 to comply with the CG Code. The Remuneration Committee has the delegated responsibility to determine the remuneration packages of individual executive Directors and senior management. The Remuneration Committee also has the responsibility to make recommendations to the Board on the remuneration of non-executive Directors. The specific terms of reference of the Remuneration Committee is available on the website of the Company and the Stock Exchange.

As at the date of this annual report, the Remuneration Committee comprises all INEDs, namely Mr. HUNG Cho Sing, Mr. CHAN Yik Pun and Ms. CHUNG Fai Chun. Mr. HUNG Cho Sing is the chairman of the Remuneration Committee. The Remuneration Committee is provided with sufficient resources to discharge its duties. Two meetings were held during the Year to review the remuneration package of existing Directors. No Director, or any of his/her associates, and executive is involved in deciding his/her own remuneration. Number of attendance of the Remuneration Committee meetings are disclosed under the section headed "Meeting Records" above.

企業管治守則之守則條文第C3.3條規定審計委員會成員應就審閱本集團之財務資料(包括財務報表及年報以及中期報告)每年至少與本公司核數師舉行兩次會議。於截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度舉行兩次會議,其中包括,審計委員會與本公司核數師舉行兩次會議以審閱及討論本公司截至二零一七年十二月三十一日止年度之年報及截至二零一八年六月三十日止六個月之中期報告。審計委員會已審閱本集團有關的業績公佈及報告並已提交董事會以供批准。審計委員會成員認為該兩份財務報表及相關業績公佈已根據適用會計準則、上市規則及有關財務申報之法律規定編製。審計委員會會議之出席次數已於上文「會議記錄」一節披露。

薪酬委員會

本公司之薪酬委員會於二零零五年九月成立,並已根據企業管治守則更新及於二零一二年三月十六日採納有關之具體書面職責範圍。薪酬委員會獲董事會轉授責任,釐定個別執行董事及高級管理人員的薪酬待遇。薪酬委員會亦負責就非執行董事的薪酬事宜向董事會提出建議。薪酬委員會之具體權責範圍登載於本公司及聯交所之網站上。

於本年報日期,薪酬委員會由全體獨立非執行董事即洪祖星先生、陳奕斌先生及鍾輝珍女士組成。洪祖星先生為薪酬委員會之主席。薪酬委員會獲提供充分資源履行其職責。薪酬委員會於本年度曾舉行兩次會議,以檢討現有董事之薪酬待遇。概無董事或彼之任何聯繫人及行政人員參與有關其本身薪酬之決定。薪酬委員會會議之出席次數已於上文「會議記錄」一節披露。

Corporate Governance Report

企業管治報告

Nomination Committee

The Nomination Committee was established in March 2012 with terms of reference to deal with the nomination of the Director, which includes reviewing the structure, size and composition of the Board and to recommend matters in relation to appointments or re-appointments of Directors. This is to ensure that the composition of the Board meets the requirements of the Listing Rules and that the Board is capable to fulfill its obligations in terms of fiduciary duties and can act in the best interest of the members of the Company. The Nomination Committee is provided with sufficient resources enabling it to discharge its duties. The specific terms of reference of the Nomination Committee is available on the website of the Company and the Stock Exchange.

As at the date of this annual report, the Nomination Committee comprises all INEDs, namely Mr. HUNG Cho Sing, Mr. CHAN Yik Pun and Ms. CHUNG Fai Chun. Mr. HUNG Cho Sing is the chairman of the Nomination Committee. Two meetings were held during the year ended 31 December 2018 to review the composition of the Board and rotation of retiring Directors at the annual general meeting; and to take up the delegated responsibilities from the Board to review the Board Diversity Policy as approved by the Board. Number of attendance of the Nomination Committee meetings are disclosed under the section headed "Meeting Records" above.

提名委員會

具有職權範圍的提名委員會於二零一二年三月成立，以處理董事提名事宜，其中包括檢討董事會之架構、規模及組成，以及就有關董事委任或重新委任之事宜提供建議。此乃確保董事會之成員組合符合上市規則之規定，亦同時確保董事會有能力達成其受信責任之義務，以符合本公司股東最佳利益之方針行事。提名委員會獲提供足夠資源履行其職責。提名委員會之具體權責範圍登載於本公司及聯交所之網站上。

於本年報日期，提名委員會由全體獨立非執行董事，即洪祖星先生、陳奕斌先生及鍾輝珍女士組成。洪祖星先生為提名委員會之主席。提名委員會於截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度曾舉行兩次會議，以檢討董事會之組成及退任董事於股東週年大會之輪席退任情況及接受董事會轉授責任，負責檢討經董事會批准之董事會多元化政策。提名委員會會議之出席次數已於上文「會議記錄」一節披露。

Corporate Governance Report

企業管治報告

Nomination Policy

The Board has adopted the following policy for the nomination of directors (the “**Nomination Policy**”).

Selection Criteria

In determining the suitability of a candidate, the Nomination Committee and the Board shall consider the potential contributions a candidate can bring to the Board in terms of qualifications, skills, experience, independence and gender diversity. The Nomination Committee and the Board shall consider the following selection criteria, which are not meant to be exhaustive:

- the candidate’s personal ethics, reputation, character and integrity;
- the candidate’s qualifications, skills, knowledge, business judgment and experience that are relevant to the operations of the Group;
- the diversity perspectives set out in the Board Diversity Policy of the Company (as amended from time to time);
- the candidate’s availability including time commitment to discharge his or her responsibility as a Director, including being able to devote sufficient time to attend Board meetings, participate in induction, trainings and other board and Company associated activities (In the case of a candidate who will be nominated as an independent non-executive Director will be holding his or her seventh (or more) listed company directorship, the Nomination Committee should consider the reasons given by the candidate for being able to devote sufficient time to discharge his or her responsibility as an independent non-executive Director.);

提名政策

董事會就提名董事採納以下政策（「**提名政策**」）。

甄選標準

在決定候選人是否適合時，提名委員會及董事會須考慮候選人在資歷、才能、經驗、獨立性及性別多元化方面可為董事會帶來的潛在貢獻。提名委員會及董事會須考慮下述並非詳盡無遺列出的甄選標準：

- 候選人的個人道德、聲譽、品格和誠信；
- 候選人與本集團營運相關的專業資格、技能、知識、業務判斷力和經驗；
- 本公司董事會成員多元化政策（經不時修訂）中所訂明的多元化觀點；
- 候選人就履行其董事職責能投入的時間，包括能投入足夠時間出席董事會會議、入職引介、培訓及其他與董事會及本公司相關之活動（如果將被提名為獨立非執行董事的候選人將擔任第七家（或以上）上市公司董事職務，提名委員會應考慮候選人提供的理由以顯示彼能夠投入足夠時間履行其作為獨立非執行董事的董事職責。）；

Corporate Governance Report

企業管治報告

- the candidate for the position of an independent non-executive Director must comply with the independence criteria as prescribed under the Listing Rules (as amended from time to time);
 - the current size and composition of the Board, the needs of the Board and the respective committees of the Company;
 - the succession planning of members of the Board to ensure the leadership continuity and smooth functioning of the Group; and
 - any other factors that the Nomination Committee and/or the Board may consider appropriate.
- 獨立非執行董事的候選人必須符合（經不時修訂）上市規則所載之獨立性標準；
 - 董事會現時的規模和組成、董事會及本公司各委員會的需要；
 - 確保本集團領導連續性及平穩運作的董事會成員繼任規劃；及
 - 提名委員會及／或董事會認為適合的任何其他因素。

The Nomination Committee and the Board shall ensure that the composition of the Board is in conformity with the laws of the Cayman Islands, the Listing Rules and all other applicable laws and regulations.

提名委員會和董事會應確保董事會的組成符合開曼群島法例、上市規則和所有其他適用法律法規。

Nomination Procedures

The recruitment, identification, evaluation, recommendation, nomination, selection and new appointment or re-appointment of each proposed Director shall be assessed and considered by the Nomination Committee and the Board against the Selection Criteria as set out in this Policy. In the context of appointment of any proposed candidate to the Board:

提名程序

招聘、物色、評估、推薦、提名、甄選及新委任或重新委任各建議董事均應由提名委員會及董事會根據本政策中載列的甄選標準進行評估及考慮。就委任任何董事會建議候選人而言：

- the Nomination Committee may take such measures that it considers appropriate in connection with its identification and evaluation of candidates, including, amongst others, considering referrals from the Directors, shareholders, management, advisors of the Company;
- 提名委員會可採取其認為合適的措施以物色及評估候選人，包括但不限於考慮董事、本公司股東、管理層及顧問的推薦；

Corporate Governance Report

企業管治報告

- the Nomination Committee shall identify and ascertain the character, qualification, knowledge and experience of the candidate and undertake adequate due diligence in respect of such candidate; and
 - the Nomination Committee shall make recommendations by submitting the candidate's personal profile to the Board for its consideration.
- 提名委員會須辨識並確定候選人的品格、資格、知識和經驗，並就該候選人進行充分的盡職審查；及
 - 提名委員會須提供建議，將候選人的個人簡介交予董事會考慮。

In the context of re-appointment of any existing member of the Board, the Nomination Committee shall make recommendations to the Board for its consideration and recommendation for the candidate to stand for re-election at general meeting.

就重新委任任何現有董事會成員而言，提名委員會須提交建議供董事會考慮及推薦候選人在股東大會上參與重選。

For each proposed new appointment or re-appointment of a Director, the Nomination Committee shall obtain all applicable declarations and undertaking as required under the laws of the Cayman Islands and the Listing Rules.

就每擬委任董事的新委任或重新委任而言，提名委員會應根據開曼群島法例及上市規則取得所有適用的聲明和承諾。

In the case of a nomination for the position of an independent non-executive Director, the Nomination Committee shall ensure that the concerned candidate meets the independence criteria as prescribed under the Listing Rules.

在提名獨立非執行董事的情況下，提名委員會須確保該相關候選人符合上市規則所載之獨立性標準。

The Board shall have the final decision on all matters relating to the recommendation of candidates to stand for election (and re-election) at a general meeting.

對推薦候選人於股東大會上參選（及重選）的所有事宜，董事會擁有最終決定權。

The ultimate responsibility for the selection and appointment of Directors rests with the entire Board.

甄選及委任董事的最終責任由董事會全體負責。

Corporate Governance Report

企業管治報告

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE FUNCTION

No corporate governance committee has been established and the Board is responsible for performing corporate governance functions. This includes developing and reviewing Company's policies, practices on corporate governance, training and continuous professional development of Directors and senior management, and the Company's policies and practices on compliance with legal and regulatory requirements etc. During the year ended 31 December 2018, the Board has reviewed the Company's policies and practices on corporate governance.

RISK MANAGEMENT AND INTERNAL CONTROL

The Board is responsible for overseeing the Group's system of risk management and internal controls and for reviewing their effectiveness to safeguard the shareholders' investment and the assets of the Group. These risk management and internal control systems are designed to manage risks rather than eliminate risk of failure to achieve business objective, and can only provide reasonable and not absolute assurance against material misstatement or loss; and to ensure the reliability of financial information for both internal use and external publication and to provide reasonable assurance against material statement or loss and achievement of the Group's objective.

Main features of the risk management and internal control systems

To ensure the efficient and effective operation of the business and operations, relevant internal control procedures have been set up for safeguarding assets against unauthorized use or disposition, controlling over capital expenditure, maintaining proper accounting records and ensuring the reliability of financial information used for business and publication. These procedures are monitored and reviewed from time to time and updated where necessary.

企業管治職能

由於並無成立企業管治委員會，因此由董事會負責執行企業管治職能。此乃包括制定及檢討本公司企業管治之政策及常規、為董事及高級管理層提供培訓及持續專業發展及確保本公司之政策及常規符合法律及監管規定等。於截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度，董事會已檢討本公司有關企業管治之政策及常規。

風險管理及內部監控

董事會負責監察本集團風險管理及內部監控系統及檢討保障股東投資及本集團資產是否行之有效。該等風險管理及內部監控系統旨在管理而非消除未能達成業務目標之風險，且僅就不會存在嚴重誤報或損失提供合理而非絕對之保證；及確保供內部使用及對外發佈之財務資料之可靠程度，並提供合理之保證，以防出現嚴重誤報或損失之情況，及確定達致本集團之目標。

風險管理及內部監控系統之主要特性

為確保業務及營運能高效有效經營，相關內部監控程序已獲設立，以保障資產不被擅自挪用或處置、控制資本開支、妥為保存會計賬目及確保業務及出版所用財務資料的可靠性。該等程序會不時獲監察及檢討，並會適時獲更新。

Corporate Governance Report

企業管治報告

The processes used to identify, evaluate and manage significant risks by the Group are summarised as follows:

Risk Identification

- Identifies risks that may potentially affect the key processes of the Group's business and operations.

Risk Assessment

- Assesses the risks identified by using the assessment criteria developed by the management; and
- Considers the impact on the business and the likelihood of their occurrence.

Risk Response

- Prioritizes the risks by comparing the results of the risk assessment; and
- Determines the risk management strategies and internal control processes to prevent, avoid or mitigate the risks.

Risk Monitoring and Reporting

- Performs ongoing and periodic monitoring of the risk and ensures that appropriate internal control processes are in place;
- Revises the risk management strategies and internal control processes in case of any significant change of situation; and
- Report the results of risk monitoring to the management and the Board regularly.

本集團識別、評估及管理重大風險所用的過程概述如下：

識別風險

- 識別可能對本集團業務及經營的主要過程有潛在影響的風險。

評估風險

- 利用管理層開發的評估準則評估已識別風險；及
- 考慮對業務的影響及出現有關風險的可能性。

回應風險

- 透過比較風險評估的結果為風險排列優先次序；及
- 釐定風險管理策略及內部監控過程，以預防、避免或減輕該等風險。

監察及匯報風險

- 持續及定期監察風險，並確保已設有合適的內部監控過程；
- 倘情況出現任何重大變化，則修訂風險管理策略及內部監控過程；及
- 定期向管理層及董事會匯報監察風險的結果。

Corporate Governance Report

企業管治報告

The management has carried out periodic review of the procedures and the implementation of the risk management and internal control (“**RM and IC**”) systems, including areas covered accounting, business and legal compliance.

The Board has in place an internal audit function within the Group as required under code provision C.2.5 of the Corporate Governance Code. To further strengthen the internal control of the Group, the Company has engaged an independent professional adviser (the “**Internal Control Adviser**”) to perform independent appraisal of the adequacy and effectiveness of the Group’s RM and IC systems. The Internal Control Adviser has conducted an annual review of and made recommendations to improve the effectiveness of the Group’s RM and IC systems (the “**RM and IC Review**”).

During the year ended 31 December, 2018, the Audit Committee, with the assistance of the Internal Control Adviser, reviewed the effectiveness of the Group’s RM and IC Systems in various aspects including revenue and receipt cycle, cash management and treasury cycle. The Internal Control Adviser carried out the RM and IC Review on the above cycles and executed the RM and IC Review which involves the following tasks:

1. Conducting interviews with relevant management and staff members relating to the risk management and internal controls
2. Conducting walk-through relating to the RM and IC Review

管理層已對該等程序以及風險管理及內部監控（「**風險管理及內部監控**」）系統的實施進行定期檢討，範圍涵蓋會計、業務及法律合規等方面。

根據企業管治守則之守則條文第C.2.5條，董事會設立本集團之內部審計職能。為進一步加強本集團的內部監控，本公司已委聘一名獨立專業顧問（「**內部監控顧問**」）對本集團的風險管理及內部監控系統是否足夠及有效進行獨立評估。內部監控顧問已對本集團的風險管理及內部監控系統的有效性進行年度檢討並提出改進建議（「**風險管理及內部監控檢討**」）。

截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度，審計委員會已在內部監控顧問的協助下檢討本集團風險管理及內部監控系統於各方面的有效性，包括收益及收款循環、現金管理及庫務循環。內部監控顧問已對上述循環進行風險管理及內部監控檢討，並執行涉及以下任務的風險管理及內部監控檢討：

1. 就風險管理及內部監控訪問相關管理層及員工
2. 就風險管理及內部監控檢討實施穿行測試

Corporate Governance Report

企業管治報告

- | | |
|---|----------------------------------|
| 3. Reviewing relevant documentation relating to the RM and IC Review | 3. 就風險管理及內部監控檢討審閱相關文件 |
| 4. Identifying significant deficiencies in the design of the risk management and internal controls | 4. 識別風險管理及內部監控的重大設計缺陷 |
| 5. Communicate the significant findings with the management so as to confirm the factual accuracy of the findings | 5. 與管理層就主要檢討結果進行溝通，以確定有關結果是否實事求是 |

After the RM and IC Review, the management provided an action plan so as to mitigate those identified deficiencies in a timely manner. All internal control findings would be followed up closely to ensure that the action plan is implemented accordingly.

於風險管理及內部監控檢討後，管理層已提供一套行動方案以及時減輕該等已識別的缺陷。所有內部監控結果均會獲密切跟進，以確保行動方案獲相應實施。

During the year ended 31 December 2018, the Board was satisfied that the Group's RM and IC processes are adequate to meet the needs of the Group in its current business environment and that nothing has come to its attention to cause the Board to believe the Group's RM and IC Systems are inadequate. Moreover, the existing RM and IC Systems are effective and adequate, and will continue to be reviewed, added on or updated to provide for changes in the operating environment.

截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度，董事會信納，本集團的風險管理及內部監控過程足以應付本集團於其目前營商環境中的需求，且概無注意到任何事項令其相信本集團的風險管理及內部監控系統不足。此外，現有風險管理及內部監控系統為有效及充足，並將持續獲檢討、補充或更新以應對營運環境的變動。

DISCLOSURE OF INSIDE INFORMATION

The Company has adopted a policy on disclosure of Inside Information in respect of procedures and internal control for the handling and dissemination of inside information in a timely manner pursuant to Rule 17.19 of the Listing Rules and the Inside Information Provision under Part XIVA of the Securities and Futures Ordinance.

內幕消息披露

本公司就根據上市規則第17.19條及證券及期貨條例第XIVA部項下內部消息條文及時處理及公佈內部消息的程序及內部控制而採納一項內幕消息披露政策。

Corporate Governance Report

企業管治報告

DIRECTORS' AND AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITY FOR FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The Directors acknowledge their responsibilities for the preparation of the Group's financial statements in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants, as well as the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance. They believe that such financial statements give a true and fair view of the Group's affairs and its results. The Directors confirm, to the best of their knowledge, information and belief, and having made all reasonable enquiries, that they are not aware of any material uncertainties relating to events or conditions that may cause significant doubt upon the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. The Board therefore continues to adopt the going concern approach in preparing the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2018.

The reporting responsibilities of the Directors and the external auditor of the Company, Elite Partners CPA Limited, on the consolidated financial statements of the Company for the year ended 31 December 2018 are set out in the Independent Auditor's Report on pages 58 to 65.

AUDITOR'S REMUNERATION

During the financial year ended 31 December 2018, the fee paid/payable to Elite Partners CPA Limited in respect of audit and non-audit services were HK\$450,000 (2017: HK\$430,000) and HK\$nil (2017: HK\$nil), respectively.

董事及核數師編製財務報表之責任

董事確認彼等有責任根據香港會計師公會頒佈之香港財務報告準則及香港公司條例之披露規定編製本集團之財務報表。彼等相信該等財務報表真實、公平地反映了本集團之事務及其業績。董事確認，就彼等作出一切合理查詢後所深知、盡悉及確信，彼等並不知悉任何重大不明朗事件或狀況而可能導致對本公司之持續經營能力造成重大疑慮。因此，董事會繼續採用持續經營法編製截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度之財務報表。

董事及本公司外聘核數師開元信德會計師事務所有限公司就本公司截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度之綜合財務報表之申報責任載於第58至65頁之獨立核數師報告。

核數師薪酬

截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止財政年度，就審核及非審核服務已付／應付開元信德會計師事務所有限公司之費用分別為港幣450,000元（二零一七年：港幣430,000元）及港幣零元（二零一七年：港幣零元）。

Corporate Governance Report

企業管治報告

COMPANY SECRETARY

Mr. ONG King Keung, who is an associate director of an external service provider, reports to the executive director of the Company and assists the Board in functioning effectively and efficiently. He has taken no less than 15 hours of relevant professional training during the year ended 31 December 2018.

SHAREHOLDERS' RIGHTS

Convening Extraordinary General Meeting and Putting Forward Proposals at General Meetings

Pursuant to Article 89 of the articles of association of the Company, extraordinary general meeting(s) shall be convened on the written requisition of (i) any two or more members of the Company; or (ii) any one member of the Company which is a recognised clearing house (or its nominee) deposited at the principal office of the Company in Hong Kong (19/F, Yat Chau Building, 262 Des Voeux Road Central, Hong Kong or, in the event the Company ceases to have such a principal office, the registered office (Cricket Square, Hutchins Drive, P.O. Box 2681, Grand Cayman KY1-1111, Cayman Islands) specifying the objects of the meeting and signed by the requisitionist(s), provided that such requisitionist(s) held as at the date of deposit of the requisition not less than one-tenth of the paid up capital of the Company, which carries the right of voting at general meetings of the Company. If the Board does not proceed duly to convene the meeting within 21 days from the date of deposit of the requisition, the requisitionist(s) themselves or any of them representing more than one-half of the total voting rights of all of them, may convene the general meeting in the same manner, as nearly as possible, in which these meetings may be convened by the Board provided that any meeting so convened shall not be held after the expiration of three months from the date of deposit of the requisition. All reasonable expenses incurred by the requisitionist(s) as a result of the failure of the Board shall be reimbursed to them by the Company.

公司秘書

王競強先生（為外部服務提供商的助理總監）向本公司執行董事報告並協助董事會有效運作。於截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度，彼已接受不少於15個小時之相關專業培訓。

股東權利

召開股東特別大會及於股東大會上提出建議

根據本公司組織章程細則第89條，(i)本公司任何兩名或以上股東；或(ii)本公司之任何一名為認可結算所（或其代名人）的股東可書面要求召開股東特別大會，彼等須在本公司於香港的主要辦事處（香港德輔道中262號一洲大廈19樓）或（倘若本公司不再設立該主要辦事處）註冊辦事處（Cricket Square, Hutchins Drive, P.O. Box 2681, Grand Cayman KY1-1111, Cayman Islands）遞交書面要求，列明召開該股東大會的目的並由呈請人簽署，惟該等呈請人須於遞交要求日期持有不少於附帶在本公司股東大會上投票權的本公司已繳股本十分之一。倘在提交要求日起21日內董事會並無召開會議，呈請人或彼等中持有一半總投票權以上的人士可按盡可能相同方式召開股東大會，猶如董事會召開大會一樣，惟須在提交要求當日起三個月內召開上述會議。呈請人因董事會未有召開大會而產生的一切合理開支將由本公司向彼等作出彌償。

Corporate Governance Report

企業管治報告

Procedures for Shareholders to Propose a Person for Election as a Director

Pursuant to Article 161 of the articles of association of the Company, no person other than a Director retiring at the meeting shall, unless recommended by the Directors for election, be eligible for election as a Director at any general meeting, unless a notice is signed by a member (other than the person to be proposed) who is duly qualified to attend and vote at the meeting. Such notice is given with his intention to propose such person for election as well as a notice signed by the person to be proposed of his willingness to be elected shall have been lodged at the head office (19/F, Yat Chau Building, 262 Des Voeux Road Central, Hong Kong) or at the registration office (Tricor Tengis Limited at Level 22, Hopewell Centre, 183 Queen's Road East, Hong Kong). This must be provided at the minimum length of the period, during which such notice(s) are given, shall be at least seven days and that the period for lodgment of such notice(s) shall commence no earlier than the day after the despatch of the notice of general meeting appointed for such election and end no later than seven days prior to the date of such general meeting. Details of the procedures for nomination of Directors for election are available on the Company's website (www.unity913.com).

Enquiries to the Board

Shareholders who have enquiries about shareholders' rights or have enquiries to the Board may write to the Company Secretary of the Company at the principal place of business in Hong Kong at 19/F, Yat Chau Building, 262 Des Voeux Road Central, Hong Kong. The Company will not normally deal with verbal or anonymous enquiries. For the avoidance of doubt, the shareholder(s) must provide their full name, contact details and identification in order for the Company to reply.

股東提名他人參選董事的程序

根據本公司組織章程細則第161條，除在大會上退任的董事外，並無任何人士（除非獲董事推薦選舉）合資格在任何股東大會上獲選為董事，除非由正式合資格出席及在會上投票的股東（獲提名的人士除外）簽署一份通知，表示有意提名有關人士出選，而該人士亦簽署一份通知表示其願意出選，而該通知應遞交至本公司總辦事處（香港德輔道中262號一洲大廈19樓）或登記辦事處（卓佳登捷時有限公司，地址為香港皇后大道東183號合和中心22樓）則除外，惟發出該等通知的限期最少為七天，而遞交該等通知的限期的開始日期不得早於指定進行有關選舉的股東大會的通告發出後翌日，而屆滿日期不得遲於該股東大會日期之前七天。有關提名董事參選之程序詳情，可於本公司網站 (www.unity913.com) 索閱。

向董事會提問

股東如對股東權利有任何疑問或向董事會查詢，可致函香港主要營業地點之本公司公司秘書，地址為香港德輔道中262號一洲大廈19樓。一般而言，本公司不會處理口頭或匿名的查詢。為免生疑問，股東須提供彼等全名、聯絡詳情及身份，以便本公司可回覆。

Corporate Governance Report

企業管治報告

INVESTOR RELATIONS

Communication with Shareholders and Investors

The Board established a Shareholders' Communication Policy setting out the principles of the Company in relation to its communication with the shareholders and investors, with the objective of ensuring effective and timely dissemination of information to shareholders.

Dividend Policy

According to the dividend policy adopted by the Company, in deciding whether to propose a dividend and in determining the dividend amount, the Board shall take into account the following factors:

- the Group's future operations and earnings;
- the Group's capital requirements and surplus;
- the general financial conditions of the Group;
- contractual restrictions on payment of dividends; and
- any other factors that the Board consider relevant.

The declaration and payment of dividends by the Company shall be determined at the sole discretion of the Board and shall be subject to any restrictions under the Companies Law of the Cayman Islands and the Articles of Association of the Company. The dividend policy of the Company will continue to be reviewed from time to time and there can be no assurance that dividends will be proposed or declared in any particular amount for any given period.

投資者關係

與股東及投資者溝通

董事會已制訂股東通信政策，當中載列本公司有關其與股東及投資者溝通之原則，旨在確保有效、及時地向股東傳達資訊。

股息政策

根據本公司採納之股息政策，董事會於建議宣派股息及釐定股息金額時須考慮以下因素：

- 本集團的未來營運及盈利；
- 本集團的資金需求及盈餘；
- 本集團的整體財務狀況；
- 於派付股息上的合約限制；及
- 董事會認為相關的任何其他因素。

本公司的股息宣派及派付須由董事會全權酌情決定，亦須遵守開曼群島公司法及本公司的組織章程細則。股息政策將繼續不時予以檢討，且概不保證將在任何特定期間建議或宣派任何特定金額的股息。

Corporate Governance Report

企業管治報告

The Board aims to ensure that its shareholders and investors are well informed of key business imperatives in a timely and accurate manner. Extensive information about the Company's activities was provided in its annual report, interim report, announcements, and circulars which are made available on the website of the Stock Exchange and the Company (www.unity913.com). Printed copies of annual report, interim report, circular, notice of meetings and proxy forms will also be sent to the shareholders of the Company in a timely manner as required under the Listing Rules.

Constitutional Documents of the Company

During the year ended 31 December 2018, the Company has not made any changes to its Memorandum and Articles of Association of the Company. An updated version of the Company's Amended and Restated Memorandum and Articles of Association is available on the website of the Stock Exchange and the Company (www.unity913.com).

董事會有意確保股東及投資者以及時及準確之方式充分了解本公司之重大業務事項。本公司之年度報告、中期報告、公告及通函提供大量與本公司業務有關之資料，而上述資料可於聯交所及本公司網站(www.unity913.com)查閱。年度報告、中期報告、通函、會議通告及代表委任表格之影印本亦將按上市規則之規定及時發送予本公司股東。

本公司組織章程文件

截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度，本公司尚未就本公司之組織章程大綱及細則作任何更改。本公司經修訂及經重列組織章程大綱及細則之更新版本可於聯交所及本公司網站(www.unity913.com)查閱。

Environmental, Social and Governance Report

環境、社會及管治報告

ABOUT THIS ESG REPORT

The Group is delighted to present its Environmental, Social and Governance (“ESG”) Report (the “ESG Report”) for the Year. The Group adheres to the principles of materiality, quantitative, balance and consistency to report on the environmental and social policies.

This ESG Report has been prepared in accordance with the “Environmental, Social and Governance Reporting Guide” as set out in Appendix 27 to the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the “Listing Rules”). For the governance section, please refer to the “Corporate Governance Report” section of this annual report.

Unless otherwise specified, the Year is defined as the period from 1 January 2018 to 31 December 2018. The scope of this ESG Report covers all of our Hong Kong operation.

RELATIONSHIP WITH STAKEHOLDERS

The Group believes stakeholder’ participation helps to build consensus through bring together a diverse range of stakeholders to share needs, information and ideas, thus harmonize the objectives of individual groups to reach common societal goal. During the Year, the Group maintained different communication channels for different stakeholders so as to identify material ESG issues, such as organizing annual general meetings and other shareholder meetings regularly, maintaining corporate website, publicating annual or interim reports and other information, etc. The Group provide all stakeholders will full opportunities to share their views, needs and concerns on our performance and any feedback on this Report for further improvement. Should you have any comments or suggestions, please contact us by email to investors@unity913.com.

關於本ESG報告

本集團欣然呈列其於本年度之環境、社會及管治（「ESG」）報告（「ESG報告」）。本集團遵照重要性、量化、平衡及一致性的原則呈報環境及社會政策。

此ESG報告乃根據香港聯合交易所有限公司證券上市規則（「上市規則」）附錄二十七所載的「環境、社會及管治報告指引」編製。有關管治章節，請參閱本年報「企業管治報告」一節。

除另有訂明者外，本年度乃界定為自二零一八年一月一日起至二零一八年十二月三十一日止期間。ESG報告範圍涵蓋我們所有香港經營業務。

與持份者的關係

本集團相信，持份者的參與可讓多元化的持份者凝聚在一起，交流所需、所知及所想，繼而達成共識，平衡個體目標以達致群體共同目標。於本年度內，本集團採取多種渠道與各持份者進行溝通以確定重大ESG問題，包括定期召開股東週年大會和其他股東大會、維護公司網站、公佈年度或中期報告及其他信息等。本集團為全體持份者提供充足機會，以供彼等就我們的表現發表意見、需求及關注以及提出任何有關本報告之反饋意見，以臻至善。如有任何意見或建議，請發送電子郵件至 investors@unity913.com 與我們聯繫。

Environmental, Social and Governance Report

環境、社會及管治報告

SUSTAINABILITY STRATEGY

The Group regard sustainability as a core strategy in Company development for the long term. Hence, the Group devote great deal of efforts in fulfilling corporate and social responsibility to the community in which the Group operate. To show our ESG consideration, the Board has established a risk management policy to identify, assess and report ESG-related risk. By referencing the risk assessment result, our management has determined risk management strategies and implemented relevant internal control measures to minimize the impact from those identified risk. Those strategies and measures are to be monitored by the management to ensure the effectiveness. In addition, our audit committee will continue to review such system regarding to the changes in the operating environment.

STAKEHOLDERS ENGAGEMENTS

The Group always places emphasis on the advice and needs of its stakeholders, the Company has invited its stakeholders to conduct an online survey to explore and analyze their major concerns. With reference to the stakeholders' opinions result from the survey and management assessment, the Group identified "Investment Decision Making", "Privacy Protection", "Employment Relationship" as issues of the highest importance to its stakeholders and the Group. This review has helped the Group to prioritise its corresponding sustainability issues and highlight the material and relevant aspects so as to align them with stakeholders' expectations.

可持續發展策略

本集團將可持續發展視為本公司長期發展的核心戰略。因此，本集團投入大量精力履行對本集團經營所在社區的企業和社會責任。為展示我們對ESG的考量，董事會已制定一項風險管理政策以識別、評估及呈報ESG相關風險。經參考風險評估結果，管理層已制定風險管理策略並實施相關內部控制措施，以將該等已發現風險的影響減至最低。管理層將監督該等策略及措施的落實，以確保其發揮有效作用。此外，我們的審核委員會將持續因應經營環境的變化檢討該等系統。

持份者參與

本集團一直重視持份者的意見及需求。本公司已邀請持份者參與網上調查，以發現及分析彼等之主要關注問題。經參考調查所得之持份者意見及管理層評估，本集團已確定「投資決策制定」、「隱私保護」、「僱傭關係」為本集團持份者最關心的問題。此項檢討有助本集團確定其相關可持續發展問題的優先次序，並專注於重要及相關方面以滿足持份者的期望。

Environmental, Social and Governance Report

環境、社會及管治報告

SOCIAL RESPONSIBILITY

Commitment to our people

Human resources are considered as one of the most important assets for an investment company. To maintain the business operations and sustainability, staff's professional expertise and market knowledge are vital to the success of the Group. Thus, the Group strive to effectively attract, develop and retain talents through providing a favourable working environment.

Employment

As a caring and responsible employer, the Group is in strict compliance with Employment Ordinance (Cap. 57 of the Laws of Hong Kong), Mandatory Provident Fund ("MPF") Schemes Ordinance (Cap. 485 of the Laws of Hong Kong) and Minimum Wage Ordinance (Cap. 608 of the Laws of Hong Kong) as well as the Employee's Compensation Ordinance (Cap. 282 of the Laws of Hong Kong). Our employment contract sets out the standard working hours, paid leaves, rest periods, and dismissal policy to safeguard the rights of our staff. All employees of the Group are entitled to have sick leave, injury leave or maternity leave in accordance with the Labour Legislation of Hong Kong. During the Year, the Group was not aware of any non-compliance with related laws and regulations relating to compensation and dismissal, recruitment and promotion, working hours, rest periods, equal opportunity, diversity, anti-discrimination, other benefits and welfare.

社會責任

對員工的承諾

人力資源被視為一間投資公司最寶貴的資產之一。為了維持業務經營及實現可持續發展，員工的專業技能及市場知識對本集團的成功至關重要。因此，本集團致力透過提供理想的工作環境，有效吸納、培養及留聘人才。

僱傭

作為一個關懷員工的負責任僱主，本集團嚴格遵守《僱傭條例》（香港法例第57章）、《強制性公積金計劃條例》（「強積金」），香港法例第485章）、《最低工資條例》（香港法例第608章）及《僱員補償條例》（香港法例第282章）。我們的僱傭合約規定了標準工時、帶薪休假、休息時間和解僱政策，從而保障我們員工的權益。本集團根據香港《勞工法例》為全體僱員提供病假、工傷假及產假。於本年度內，本集團並無知悉任何違反與補償和解聘、招聘和晉升、工時、休息時間、平等機會、多樣性、反歧視、其他待遇和福利相關的法律及規例之情況。

Environmental, Social and Governance Report

環境、社會及管治報告

The Group is dedicated to create a equal and fair working atmosphere, in which equal opportunities for our staff in recruitment, promotion, compensation and benefits are provided. The remuneration is determined with reference to the individual qualification, work performance, working experience and prevailing salary levels in the market. In addition to basic salaries, the Group provide fringe benefits as below:

- Five-day working week;
- Medical insurance coverage;
- MPF retirement benefits; and
- Share option scheme

Labour standards

The Group is dedicated to adhere to the labor laws and standards locally, such as Employment of Children Regulations and Employment of Young Persons (Industry) Regulations under the Employment Ordinance of Hong Kong and the Employees' Compensation Ordinance (Chapter 282 of the Laws of Hong Kong). The Group would not tolerate any child labor and forced labor. Through the process of recruitment, the Group ensure that all of its new hires are of legal minimum age for employment, and that all discriminatory requirements are avoided.

During the Year, the Group was not aware of any significant non-compliance incidents regarding child labor, forced labor or other employment-related issues.

本集團致力於創造一個平等公正的工作環境，在招聘、晉升、報酬及福利方面為員工提供平等的機會。薪酬乃參照個人資歷、工作表現、工作經驗及市場薪金水平釐定。除基本薪金外，本集團還提供以下附帶福利：

- 五天工作周；
- 醫療保險；
- 強積金退休福利；及
- 購股權計劃

勞工準則

本集團致力於遵守本地勞工法律及準則，如香港《僱傭條例》下的《僱用兒童規例》及《僱用青年（工業）規例》以及《僱員補償條例》（香港法例第282章）。本集團不容忍任何童工及強制勞工情況。通過招聘程序，本集團確保其所有新聘員工均達到法定最低就業年齡，並避免一切歧視性要求。

於本年度內，本集團並無知悉任何有關童工、強制勞工或其他僱傭相關問題的重大不合規事件。

Environmental, Social and Governance Report

環境、社會及管治報告

Health and safety

The Group promise to provide a health and safe working environment to its employees. The Group has adopted the following key measures to prevent work injury, enhance employees' awareness of occupational health and safety and to promote safety working culture.



健康與安全

本集團承諾向其僱員提供健康安全的工作環境。本集團已採取以下關鍵措施避免工傷事件，提高僱員的職業健康與安全意識以及推廣安全工作文化。

With the above measures in place, no case in relation to work-related injuries or fatalities was reported during the Year and the Group was not aware of any non-compliance with the Occupational Safety and Health Ordinance (Chapter 509 of the Laws of Hong Kong) and other relevant rules and regulation relating to occupational health and safety.

通過採取上述措施，於本年度內並無獲報告與工作相關的致命或工傷事故，且本集團並無知悉任何違反《職業安全及健康條例》（香港法例第509章）以及其他與職業安全及健康相關的規則及法規的情況。

Development and training

All Directors and employees are encouraged to attend training and development programs held by external parties to continuously develop their job skills and professionalism, as well as to build a talent workforce. To refresh with update knowledge, the company secretary continuously update all Directors on the latest developments regarding Listing Rules and other applicable regulatory requirements to ensure compliance of the same by all Directors.

發展及培訓

我們鼓勵全體董事及僱員參加外部機構舉辦的培訓及發展計劃，以不斷發展其工作技能及專業水平，並建立人才團隊。為了解最新資訊，公司秘書持續向全體董事提供有關上市規則及其他適用監管規定的最新發展，以確保全體董事遵守該等規定。

Environmental, Social and Governance Report

環境、社會及管治報告

Responsible to our stakeholders

In return for the support from our shareholders, the Group committed to make our investment decision in a responsible, prudent and profitable manner. Whenever potential investment opportunities arises, comprehensive and precise assessment is performed by our investment team to mitigate investment risk.

Furthermore, the Group pay closer attention to the safeguard on the privacy and confidentiality of personal information of its employees, business partners and identified individuals. All confidential data is collected and handled carefully to prevent unauthorized or inadvertently data leakage. The data usage is limited only to the relevant contract terms. During the Year, the Group was not aware of any material non-compliance with the Personal Data (Privacy) Ordinance (Cap. 486 of the Laws of Hong Kong) and other applicable local laws for data privacy.

Due to the business nature, the Group considered that the policies on health and safety, advertising and labelling relating to products and services are not relevant and would not disclosed in this ESG Report.

Supply chain management

Owing to our business nature, our supply chain is relatively simple and mainly comprise of legal and consulting service, securities brokers, other professional service and miscellaneous suppliers. Our suppliers should comply with all relevant local and national laws and regulations in relation to unethical behaviour, environmental protection and other prohibited business practices. The Group consider mostly on the their business size and reputation when selecting suppliers. If a supplier is found to be inconsistent with our policy or contractual requirements, the Group will terminate future cooperation until the non-compliance has been properly mitigated. During the Year, the Group were not aware of any key suppliers having significant non-compliance incidents or negative impact on business ethics, environmental protection, human rights and labour practices.

向持份者負責

為回報持份者的支持，本集團承諾以負責任、審慎及可盈利的方式作出投資決策。於任何潛在投資機會出現時，我們的投資團隊均會開展全面精確的評估以降低投資風險。

此外，本集團密切關注保障僱員、業務夥伴及特定人士的個人資料私隱及機密。所有機密數據均謹慎收集及處理，以避免擅自使用或疏忽導致數據洩漏。使用的數據僅限於符合相關合約條款用途的數據。於本年度內，本集團並無知悉任何嚴重違反《個人資料(私隱)條例》(香港法例第486章)及其他有關數據隱私的本地適用法律的事件。

由於業務性質使然，本集團認為，與產品及服務相關之健康及安全、廣告及標籤政策之間並無關連，因此不會披露於本 ESG 報告內。

供應鏈管理

由我們的業務性質所致，我們的供應鏈較為簡單，主要包括提供法律及諮詢服務、證券經紀、其他專業服務及各種雜項服務的供應商。我們的供應商應遵守一切與不道德行為、環保及其他非法商業行為相關的地方及國家法律及規例。本集團通常會根據其業務規模及聲譽來選擇供應商。倘供應商被發現違反我們的政策或合約規定，本集團將終止日後的合作，直至違規情況有所改善為止。於本年度內，本集團並無知悉任何主要供應商出現嚴重違規事件或對商業道德、環保、人權及勞動慣例等方面造成的負面影響。

Environmental, Social and Governance Report

環境、社會及管治報告

Anti-corruption

The Group adopt our zero-tolerance policy for misconduct and strictly prohibited corruption, bribery or any form of fraud to be occurred during the business operation. Should there be any proven misconduct case, disciplinary actions would be taken with no hesitation.

Furthermore, our director had attended seminar related to anti-money laundering and counter-terrorist financing in order to better managing the relevant issues. During the Year, there is no legal case concerning corruption brought against the Group or its employees.

ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION

The Group recognizes the importance of good environmental management and sustainable development, so the Group has all along been in strict compliance of the environmental protection laws and standards related to the place of our operation – Hong Kong. The Group is committed to become an eco-friendly corporation that helps to reduce the impacts of its operations on the environment.

Emission

The Group's operations is office based with limited energy and water consumption, so the direct impact to the environment is limited. The major greenhouse gas ("GHG") emission is related to electricity consumption through the use of lights, air-conditioners and office equipment.

Our emission data is not feasible to be disclosed since our operations reside in leased office premises of which electricity supply, water supply and discharge are solely controlled by the landlord and respective building management, electricity and water consumption data could not be obtained.

反貪污

本集團對不當行為採取零容忍政策，並嚴禁於業務經營過程中出現腐敗、賄賂或任何形式的欺詐行為。倘發生任何經證實的不當行為案件，我們將毫不猶豫地採取懲戒措施。

此外，為更好地管理相關事宜，我們的董事已參加有關打擊洗錢及恐怖分子資金籌集的研討會。於本年度內，並無出現針對本集團或其僱員提出的貪污腐敗相關法律案件。

環保

本集團明白良好的環境管理及可持續發展的重要性，因此本集團一直嚴格遵守與其經營所在地－香港有關的環保法律及準則。本集團致力成為生態友好型企業，並減少其運營對環境造成的影響。

排放

本集團的業務於辦公室內進行，能耗及用水量有限，因此對環境的直接影響亦有限。主要溫室氣體（「溫室氣體」）的排放量與使用電燈、空調及辦公設備的電力消耗有關。

由於我們於租用的辦公室物業進行經營，該等物業的電力供應、供水及排放均完全由業主及各大廈物業管理控制，我們無法獲得電力消耗及用水數據，因此無法就我們的排放數據作出披露。

Environmental, Social and Governance Report

環境、社會及管治報告

Use of resources

The Group has always been implementing the principle of rational use of resources through energy saving and efficiency means. Once the Group discover any leaks, cracks or damages of water pipes, we would notify the building management immediately to ensure repair work is done in a timely manner.

In office, the Group maintain the room temperature at an energy-efficient and comfortable level, which is between 24-26 degree Celsius. Whenever feasible, the Group will deploy natural light and use energy-saving lightings or electrical appliances with energy efficient labels in preferred. Besides, computer is to sleep mode instead of using a screen saver while not in use. With the above measures, the Group believed that the energy consumption, water consumption and GHG would be reduced.

The Group will continue to look for opportunities to further reduce emissions and wastes on an ongoing basis in order to minimize the Group's impacts the environment and natural resources.

Waste management

In our daily operations, general refuse mainly consist of paper, aluminum cans and plastic bottles. The Group do not use any packing material for the operation and nor involve in production of hazardous waste. The Group estimated that the amount of non-hazardous waste is less than 0.1 tonnes (2017: less than 0.1 tonnes) for the Year.

Responding to waste separation, the Group disposed rechargeable batteries in designated collection boxes and separate different kinds of used paper products, such as waste papers, letters and envelopes for recycling purpose.

資源使用

本集團始終貫徹節能高效的資源合理利用原則。一旦本集團發現水管出現任何洩漏、裂縫或損壞，將立即通知大廈物業管理，確保及時進行維修工作。

本集團將辦公室的室溫保持在節能舒適的水平（即24°C和26°C之間）。於可行情況下，本集團將善用自然光及安裝節能燈具或優先選購貼有節能標籤的電子用品。此外，無需使用電腦時，將電腦設為睡眠狀態而不是使用屏幕保護程序。通過實施上述措施，本集團相信將減少能耗、用水及溫室氣體排放。

本集團將繼續物色機遇，以持續進一步減少排放物及廢棄物，務求將本集團對環境及天然資源之影響減至最低。

廢棄物管理

在我們的日常運營中，一般廢棄物主要包括紙張、鋁罐及塑料瓶等。本集團的業務並不使用任何包裝材料，亦不產生有害廢棄物。於本年度，本集團估計產生少於0.1噸（二零一七年：少於0.1噸）的非有害廢棄物。

為響應垃圾分類行動，本集團將可充電式電池棄置於指定回收箱，並將各種已使用紙製品（如廢紙、信件及信封等）進行分類以循環利用。

Environmental, Social and Governance Report

環境、社會及管治報告

“4R Principles”

During operation, the Group strives to reduce the environmental impact with a particular focus on conserving resources. The Group advocate 4R principles, namely Reduce, Reuse, Replace and Recycle. We believed that the waste would be reduced by applying 4R Principles accordingly.

「4R原則」

於營運過程中，本集團致力減少對環境的影響及重點關注資源節約。本集團提倡4R原則，即減少使用(Reduce)、重複使用(Reuse)、代替(Replace)及循環利用(Recycle)。因此，我們認為，應用4R原則將減少廢物。

Reduce 減少使用

Encourage double-side photocopying and printing

Switch off unnecessary lighting and energy consumption equipment while not in use

鼓勵雙面影印及打印

關閉非必要照明及非使用中之能源消耗設備

Reuse 重複使用

Reuse single-sided paper

Reuse pen shafts with ink refills instead of disposing them after usage

重複使用單面紙張

補充筆芯及重複使用筆桿，而非在使用後丟棄筆桿

Replace 代替

Use electronic communication such as emails instead of letters or faxes

Conduct video conferencing or utilize other telecommunication means instead of arranging overseas business trips to reduce carbon footprints from flights, if possible

使用電子通訊，如以電子郵件代替信件或傳真

如可行，以視訊會議或採用其他電子通訊方式代替到海外出差，以減少因飛行而產生的碳足跡

Recycle 循環利用

Recycle waste papers which do not contain any confidential information into new, usable papers by shipped its to paper mill or scrap paper company

除任何包含機密資料的廢紙外，所有廢紙均被送往造紙廠或廢紙公司，以循環再造為新的可用紙張

Environmental, Social and Governance Report

環境、社會及管治報告

Caring our community

The Group care for the development of the society and aims to promote a harmonious relationship between the Group and the community. The Group encourage our employees to participate in charity activities and to make contribution by money donation or volunteering services.

關心我們的社區

本集團關心社會的發展，並致力於促進本集團與社區的和諧關係。本集團鼓勵僱員參與慈善活動，並通過捐款或志願服務作出貢獻。

Independent Auditor's Report

獨立核數師報告



To the members of
Unity Investments Holdings Limited
(incorporated in the Cayman Islands with limited liability)

OPINION

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of Unity Investments Holdings Limited (the “**Company**”) and its subsidiaries (together the “**Group**”) set out on pages 66 to 155, which comprise the consolidated statement of financial position as at 31 December 2018, and the consolidated statement of comprehensive income, the consolidated statement of changes in equity and the consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements give a true and fair view of the consolidated financial position of the Group as at 31 December 2018, and of its consolidated financial performance and its consolidated cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards (“**HKFRSs**”) issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants (“**HKICPA**”) and have been properly prepared in compliance with the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

致合一投資控股有限公司
(於開曼群島註冊成立之有限公司)
股東

意見

本核數師已審核第66頁至第155頁所載合一投資控股有限公司(「**貴公司**」)及其附屬公司(以下統稱「**貴集團**」)之綜合財務報表，包括於二零一八年十二月三十一日之綜合財務狀況表、截至該日止年度之綜合全面收益表、綜合股東權益變動表及綜合現金流量報表，以及綜合財務報表附註(包括主要會計政策概要)。

本核數師認為，綜合財務報表已根據香港會計師公會(「**香港會計師公會**」)頒佈的香港財務報告準則(「**香港財務報告準則**」)真實而公平地反映 貴集團於二零一八年十二月三十一日的綜合財務狀況以及截至該日止年度的綜合財務表現及綜合現金流量，並已遵照香港公司條例的披露規定妥為編製。

Independent Auditor's Report

獨立核數師報告

BASIS FOR OPINION

We conducted our audit in accordance with Hong Kong Standards on Auditing (“**HKSAs**”) issued by the HKICPA. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the “Auditor’s Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements” section of our report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with the HKICPA’s “Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants” (the “**Code**”), and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

KEY AUDIT MATTERS

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2018. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the consolidated financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

i) Fair value measurement of equity investment at fair value through profit or loss

Key audit matter

As at 31 December 2018, the Group had equity investment at fair value through profit or loss (“**FVPL**”) that mainly comprise of investments in unlisted equity securities which were measured at fair value, with the aggregate fair value of approximately HK\$181,251,000.

意見基準

本核數師已根據香港會計師公會頒佈之香港核數準則（「**香港核數準則**」）進行審核工作。本核數師於該等準則項下之責任在本報告中「核數師就審核綜合財務報表須承擔的責任」一節進一步詳述。根據香港會計師公會頒佈之專業會計師道德守則（「**守則**」），本核數師乃獨立於 貴集團，並已按照守則履行其他道德責任。本核數師相信，本核數師所取得之審核憑證就提出審核意見而言屬充分恰當。

關鍵審核事項

關鍵審核事項是根據本核數師的專業判斷，認為對截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度綜合財務報表的審核最為重要的事項。該等事項是在本核數師審核整體綜合財務報表及出具本核數師的意見時進行處理的，且本核數師不會對該等事項提供單獨的意見。

i) 透過損益按公允值列賬之股本投資之公允值計量

關鍵審核事項

於二零一八年十二月三十一日， 貴集團之透過損益按公允值列賬（「**透過損益按公允值**」）之股本投資主要包括按公允值計量非上市股本證券投資（公允值合計約為港幣181,251,000元）。

Independent Auditor's Report

獨立核數師報告

KEY AUDIT MATTERS (Continued)

i) Fair value measurement of equity investment at fair value through profit or loss (Continued)

Key audit matter (Continued)

Given that the investments were unlisted equity investments with no direct observable data in determining the fair values of the investments at the end of the reporting date, various valuation techniques had been adopted by the Group to determine the fair values of the investments.

Since the estimation of the fair values of such unlisted equity investments is complex and highly subjective and require significant management judgement, we had identified the fair value measurement as key audit matters.

How the matter was addressed in our audit:

We obtained valuation reports from an independent valuer engaged by the Group (the "Valuer") to assist the management of the Company in estimating the fair value measurement of such unlisted equity investments at the end of the reporting period.

We discussed with management of the Group how the fair values of the unlisted equity investments as at the end of the reporting period were determined.

We discussed with the Valuer and the management of the Group the appropriateness of the methodologies and assumptions being used in arriving at the fair values of the unlisted equity investments based on our knowledge and understanding of the investments as well as the information available to us.

關鍵審核事項 (續)

i) 透過損益按公允值列賬之股本投資之公允值計量 (續)

關鍵審核事項 (續)

鑒於該等投資為於報告期末並無直接可觀察數據釐定該等投資之公允值之非上市股本投資，故 貴集團已採用多項估值技術釐定該等投資之公允值。

由於估計該等非上市股本投資之公允值複雜且高度主觀，且需管理層作出重大判斷，故本核數師已將公允值計量確定為一項關鍵審核事項。

吾等的審計如何處理該事項：

本核數師自 貴集團委聘之獨立估值師（「估值師」）獲取估值報告，以協助 貴公司管理層於報告期末對該等非上市股本投資進行估計公允值計量。

本核數師與 貴集團管理層討論如何釐定非上市股本投資於報告期結束時的公允值。

本核數師根據對有關投資的知識及了解以及所掌握的資料，與估值師及 貴集團管理層討論達致非上市股本投資公允值時所採用之方法及假設的適當性。

Independent Auditor's Report

獨立核數師報告

OTHER INFORMATION

The directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the annual report, but does not include the consolidated financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the consolidated financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the consolidated financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the consolidated financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

RESPONSIBILITIES OF DIRECTORS AND THOSE CHARGED WITH GOVERNANCE FOR THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The directors are responsible for the preparation of the consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with HKFRSs issued by the HKICPA and the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

其他資料

董事須對其他資料負責。其他資料包括年報所載資料，惟不包括綜合財務報表及本核數師就此發出的核數師報告。

本核數師對綜合財務報表的意見並不涵蓋其他資料，本核數師亦不會就其發表任何形式的鑒證結論。

就審核綜合財務報表而言，本核數師的責任是閱讀其他資料，及在此過程中，考慮其他資料是否與綜合財務報表或本核數師在審核過程中所瞭解的情況有重大不符，或者似乎有重大錯誤陳述。基於本核數師已執行的工作，如果本核數師認為其他資料有重大錯誤陳述，本核數師需要報告有關事實。就此而言，本核數師無需報告任何事項。

董事及管理層就綜合財務報表須承擔的責任

董事負責根據香港會計師公會頒佈的香港財務報告準則及香港公司條例的披露規定，編製表達真實且公平意見的綜合財務報表，以及維持董事認為必要的有關內部控制，以確保編製綜合財務報表時不存在由於欺詐或錯誤而導致的重大錯誤陳述。

Independent Auditor's Report

獨立核數師報告

RESPONSIBILITIES OF DIRECTORS AND THOSE CHARGED WITH GOVERNANCE FOR THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS *(Continued)*

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Group's financial reporting process.

AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE AUDIT OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. This report is made solely to you, as a body, in accordance with our agreed terms of engagement, and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility towards or accept liability to any other person for the contents of this report. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with HKSAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

董事及管理層就綜合財務報表須承擔的責任 (續)

在編製綜合財務報表時，董事負責評估 貴集團持續經營的能力，並在適用情況下披露與持續經營有關的事項，以及使用持續經營為會計基礎，除非董事有意將 貴集團清盤或停止經營，或別無其他實際的替代方案。

管理層負責監督 貴集團的財務報告流程。

核數師就審核綜合財務報表須承擔的責任

本核數師的目標，是對整體綜合財務報表是否不存在由於欺詐或錯誤而導致的任何重大錯誤陳述取得合理保證，並出具包括本核數師意見的核數師報告。本核數師根據委聘的協定條款僅向 閣下（作為整體）報告，除此之外本報告別無其他目的。本核數師不會就本報告的內容向任何其他人士負上或承擔任何責任。合理保證是高水平的保證，但不能保證按香港核數準則進行的審核總能發現重大錯誤陳述。錯誤陳述可以由欺詐或錯誤引起，如果按合理預期而錯誤陳述個別或匯總起來可能影響綜合財務報表使用者所作出的經濟決定，則有關的錯誤陳述可被視作重大。

Independent Auditor's Report

獨立核數師報告

AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE AUDIT OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

As part of an audit in accordance with HKSAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the directors.

核數師就審核綜合財務報表須承擔的責任 (續)

在根據香港核數準則進行審核的過程中，本核數師運用了專業判斷，保持了專業懷疑態度。本核數師亦：

- 識別及評估由於欺詐或錯誤而導致綜合財務報表存在重大錯誤陳述的風險，設計及執行審核程序以應對該等風險，以及取得充足及適當的審核憑證，作為吾等意見的基礎。由於欺詐可能涉及串謀、偽造、蓄意遺漏、虛假陳述，或凌駕於內部控制之上，因此未能發現因欺詐而導致的重大錯誤陳述的風險較因錯誤而導致的重大錯誤陳述的風險為高。
- 了解與審核相關的內部控制，以設計適當的審核程序，但目的並非對貴集團內部控制的有效性發表意見。
- 評價董事所採用會計政策的合適性及作出會計估計及相關披露資料的合理性。

Independent Auditor's Report

獨立核數師報告

AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE AUDIT OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

- Conclude on the appropriateness of the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Group to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

核數師就審核綜合財務報表須承擔的責任 (續)

- 對董事採用持續經營會計基礎的恰當性作出結論，並根據所得的審核憑證，決定是否存在與事件或情況有關的重大不確定性，而可能對 貴集團持續經營的能力構成重大疑慮。如果本核數師認為存在重大不確定性，則有必要在核數師報告中提請使用者關注綜合財務報表中的相關披露資料，假若有關披露資料不足，則本核數師須出具非無保留意見的核數師報告。本核數師的結論是基於截至核數師報告日止所取得的審核憑證。然而，未來事件或情況可能導致 貴集團不能繼續持續經營。
- 評價綜合財務報表的整體列報方式、結構及內容，包括披露資料，以及綜合財務報表是否公允反映相關交易及事項。
- 就 貴集團實體或業務活動的財務資料獲取充分、適當的審核憑證，以對綜合財務報表發表意見。本核數師負責指導、監督及執行集團審核。本核數師對審核意見承擔全部責任。

Independent Auditor's Report

獨立核數師報告

AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE AUDIT OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

The engagement partner on the audit resulting in this independent auditor's report is Siu Edmund with Practising Certificate number P05333.

Elite Partners CPA Limited
Certified Public Accountants

10/F., 8 Observatory Road
Tsim Sha Tsui, Kowloon
Hong Kong
28 March 2019

核數師就審核綜合財務報表須承擔的責任 (續)

本核數師就(其中包括)計劃之審核範圍及時間以及重大審核發現(包括我們在審核過程中識別之內部監控的任何重大缺陷)與管理層進行溝通。

本核數師亦向管理層提交聲明,表明本核數師已符合有關獨立性之相關專業道德要求,並與彼等溝通可能合理被認為會影響本核數師獨立性之所有關係及其他事項,以及(倘適用)相關防範措施。

從與管理層溝通之事項中,本核數師釐定對本期綜合財務報表之審核最為重要之事項,因而構成關鍵審核事項。本核數師於核數師報告中描述該等事項,除非法律或法規禁止公開披露該等事項,或在極端罕見之情況下,倘合理預期在本核數師之報告中溝通某事項造成之不利後果超過產生之公眾利益,本核數師會釐定不應在報告中溝通該事項。

出具本獨立核數師報告之審核項目合伙人為蕭俊文(執業證書編號:P05333)。

開元信德會計師事務所有限公司
執業會計師

香港
九龍尖沙咀
天文臺道8號10樓
二零一九年三月二十八日

Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income

綜合全面收益表

For the year ended 31 December 2018

截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度

			2018 二零一八年	2017 二零一七年
		Notes 附註	HK\$'000 港幣千元	HK\$'000 港幣千元
Gross proceeds from disposal of trading securities	出售交易證券的所得款項總額		27,099	74,358
Loss from the sale of equity investments at fair value through profit or loss	出售透過損益按公允值列賬之股本投資之虧損		(15,402)	-
Loss from the sale of listed investments held for trading	出售持作買賣上市投資之虧損		-	(169,837)
Revenue	收益	4	46	5
Changes in fair value of equity investments at fair value through profit or loss	透過損益按公允值列賬之股本投資之公允值變動		(99,619)	-
Changes in fair value of listed equity investments classified as investments held for trading	分類為持作買賣投資之上市股本投資之公允值變動		-	(420,750)
Changes in fair value of unlisted convertible bonds designated as financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	指定為透過損益按公允值列賬之金融資產之非上市可換股債券之公允值變動		-	(2,400)
Impairment of listed equity investments classified as available-for-sale investments	分類為可供銷售投資之上市股本投資之減值		-	(7,317)
Impairment of unlisted equity investments classified as available-for-sale investments	分類為可供銷售投資之非上市股本投資之減值		-	(9,064)
Realised gain on disposal of unlisted equity investments classified as available-for-sale investments	出售分類為可供銷售投資之非上市股本投資之已變現收益		-	5,000
Impairment of financial assets at amortised costs, net	按攤銷成本列賬之金融資產之減值淨額		195	-
Other operating expenses	其他經營開支		(6,347)	(5,762)
Finance costs	融資成本	6	(2,143)	(3,209)

Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income

綜合全面收益表

For the year ended 31 December 2018

截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度

			2018 二零一八年 HK\$'000 港幣千元	2017 二零一七年 HK\$'000 港幣千元
		Notes 附註		
Loss before tax	除稅前虧損	6	(123,270)	(613,334)
Income tax	所得稅	7	-	-
Loss for the year attributable to equity holders of the Company	本公司權益持有人 應佔年內虧損		(123,270)	(613,334)
Other comprehensive loss	其他全面虧損			
<i>Items that are or may be reclassified to profit or loss:</i>	<i>已經或可能重新分類至 損益之項目：</i>			
Changes in fair value of available-for-sale investments	可供銷售投資之公允值變動		-	(61,898)
Reclassification upon disposal of available-for-sale investment	出售可供銷售投資時重新分類		-	(5,000)
Reclassification upon impairment of available-for-sale investment	可供銷售投資減值時重新分類		-	16,381
Other comprehensive loss for the year	年內其他全面虧損		-	(50,517)
Total comprehensive loss for the year attributable to equity holders of the Company	本公司權益持有人 應佔年內全面虧損總額		(123,270)	(663,851)
			HK\$ 港幣	HK\$ 港幣
Loss per share – Basic and Diluted	每股虧損 – 基本及攤薄	8	(0.07)	(0.34)

Consolidated Statement of Financial Position

綜合財務狀況表

As at 31 December 2018

於二零一八年十二月三十一日

			2018 二零一八年 HK\$'000 港幣千元	2017 二零一七年 HK\$'000 港幣千元
		Notes 附註		
Non-current assets	非流動資產			
Available-for-sale investments	可供銷售投資	11	–	246,092
Equity investments at fair value through profit or loss	透過損益按公允價值列賬之股本投資	12	181,251	–
			181,251	246,092
Current assets	流動資產			
Equity investments at fair value through profit or loss	透過損益按公允價值列賬之股本投資	12	148,545	–
Financial assets held for trading	持作買賣之金融資產	12	–	172,301
Deposits and prepayments	按金及預付款		581	577
Due from securities brokers	應收證券經紀款項	14	10,466	30,770
Other receivable	其他應收款項	15	22,854	46,250
Bank balances and cash	銀行結存及現金		456	1,295
			182,902	251,193
Current liabilities	流動負債			
Due to securities brokers	結欠證券經紀之款項	16	18,311	16,834
Other payables and accruals	其他應付款及應計費用		551	831
Loan payables	應付貸款	17	–	10,175
Bond payables	應付債券	18	10,000	10,684
			28,862	38,524
Net current assets	流動資產淨值		154,040	212,669
Total assets less current liabilities	資產總值減流動負債		335,291	458,761
NET ASSETS	資產淨值		335,291	458,761

Consolidated Statement of Financial Position

綜合財務狀況表

As at 31 December 2018

於二零一八年十二月三十一日

		Notes 附註	2018 二零一八年 HK\$'000 港幣千元	2017 二零一七年 HK\$'000 港幣千元
Capital and reserves	股本及儲備			
Share capital	股本	19	186,232	186,232
Reserves	儲備		149,059	272,529
TOTAL EQUITY	總權益		335,291	458,761
			HK\$ 港幣	HK\$ 港幣
Net asset value per share	每股資產淨值	21	0.18	0.25

Approved and authorised for issue by the Board of Directors on 28 March 2019.

已經由董事會於二零一九年三月二十八日批准及授權刊發。

SHUM Kit Lan Anita

沈潔蘭

Director

董事

HU Xiaoting

胡曉婷

Director

董事

Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows

綜合現金流量報表

For the year ended 31 December 2018

截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度

		Notes 附註	2018 二零一八年 HK\$'000 港幣千元	2017 二零一七年 HK\$'000 港幣千元
OPERATING ACTIVITIES				
Cash generated from (used in) operations	經營業務 營運所得(所用)現金	24	12,117	(35,689)
Interest paid	已付利息		(3,002)	(3,097)
Net cash generated from (used in) operating activities	經營業務所得(所用) 現金淨額		9,115	(38,786)
INVESTING ACTIVITIES				
Proceeds from/deposits received for disposal of available-for-sale investments	投資業務 出售可供銷售投資 所得款項/ 所得按金		-	25,000
Dividends received	所得股息		45	-
Interest received	所得利息		1	5
Net cash generated from investing activities	投資業務所得 現金淨額		46	25,005
FINANCING ACTIVITIES				
Proceeds from issuance of shares	融資活動 發行股份所得款項		-	11,600
Share issue expenses	股份發行開支		-	(290)
Decrease in loan payables	應付貸款減少		(10,000)	(51,000)
Net cash used in financing activities	融資活動所用 現金淨額		(10,000)	(39,690)
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents	現金及現金等價物之 減少淨額		(839)	(53,471)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year	年初之現金及現金等 價物		1,295	54,766
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year represented by bank balances and cash	於年末之現金及現金 等價物(全數為銀 行結存及現金)		456	1,295

Consolidated Statement of Changes In Equity

綜合股東權益變動表

For the year ended 31 December 2018

截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度

		Attributable to equity holders of the Company 本公司權益持有人應佔						
		Share capital	Share premium	Investment revaluation reserve	Share option reserve	Accumulated loss	Total reserve	Total
		股本	股份溢價	投資重估儲備	購股權儲備	累計虧損	儲備合計	合計
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		港幣千元	港幣千元	港幣千元	港幣千元	港幣千元	港幣千元	港幣千元
At 1 January 2018	於二零一八年一月一日	186,232	1,051,569	32,958	110	(812,108)	272,529	458,761
Reclassification of investment revaluation reserve under HKFRS 9	根據香港財務報告準則第9號重新分類投資重估儲備	-	-	(32,958)	-	32,367	(591)	(591)
At 1 January 2018 (Restated)	於二零一八年一月一日(經重列)	186,232	1,051,569	-	110	(779,741)	271,938	458,170
Loss and other comprehensive loss for the year	年內虧損及其他全面虧損	-	-	-	-	(123,270)	(123,270)	(123,270)
Total comprehensive loss for the year	年內全面虧損總額	-	-	-	-	(123,270)	(123,270)	(123,270)
<i>Contributions and distributions</i>		<i>注資及分派</i>						
Grant of share options	授出購股權	-	-	-	391	-	391	391
Total transactions with owners	與擁有人交易總額	-	-	-	391	-	391	391
At 31 December 2018	於二零一八年十二月三十一日	186,232	1,051,569	-	501	(903,011)	149,059	335,291

		Attributable to equity holders of the Company 本公司權益持有人應佔						
		Share capital	Share premium	Investment revaluation reserve	Share option reserve	Accumulated loss	Total reserve	Total
		股本	股份溢價	投資重估儲備	購股權儲備	累計虧損	儲備合計	合計
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		港幣千元	港幣千元	港幣千元	港幣千元	港幣千元	港幣千元	港幣千元
At 1 January 2017	於二零一七年一月一日	174,632	1,051,859	83,475	-	(198,774)	936,560	1,111,192
Loss for the year	年內虧損	-	-	-	-	(613,334)	(613,334)	(613,334)
Changes in fair value of available-for-sale investments	可供銷售投資之公允值變動	-	-	(61,898)	-	-	(61,898)	(61,898)
Reclassification upon disposal of available-for-sale investments	出售可供銷售投資時重新分類	-	-	(5,000)	-	-	(5,000)	(5,000)
Reclassification upon impairment of available-for-sale investments	可供銷售投資減值時重新分類	-	-	16,381	-	-	16,381	16,381
Other comprehensive loss for the year	年內其他全面虧損	-	-	(50,517)	-	-	(50,517)	(50,517)
Total comprehensive loss for the year	年內全面虧損總額	-	-	(50,517)	-	(613,334)	(663,851)	(663,851)
<i>Contributions and distributions</i>		<i>注資及分派</i>						
Issue of shares under placing	根據配售發行股份	11,600	-	-	-	-	-	11,600
Share issue expenses	股份發行開支	-	(290)	-	-	-	(290)	(290)
Grant of share options	授出購股權	-	-	-	110	-	110	110
Total transactions with owners	與擁有人交易總額	11,600	(290)	-	110	-	(180)	11,420
At 31 December 2017	於二零一七年十二月三十一日	186,232	1,051,569	32,958	110	(812,108)	272,529	458,761

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2018

截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度

1. GENERAL INFORMATION

Unity Investments Holdings Limited was incorporated in the Cayman Islands with limited liability and its shares are listed on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the “**Stock Exchange**”). The principal activity of the Company is investment holding and principal activities of its subsidiaries are detailed in note 10 to the consolidated financial statements.

2. PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of preparation

These consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards (“**HKFRSs**”), which collective term includes all applicable individual Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards, Hong Kong Accounting Standards (“**HKASs**”) and Interpretations issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants (“**HKICPA**”), accounting principles generally accepted in Hong Kong and the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance. In addition, the consolidated financial statements also comply with applicable disclosures required by the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the “**Listing Rules**”).

These consolidated financial statements have been prepared on a basis consistent with the accounting policies adopted in the 2017 consolidated financial statements except for the adoption of the following new/revised HKFRSs that are relevant to the Group and effective from the current year.

1. 一般資料

合一投資控股有限公司於開曼群島註冊成立為有限責任公司，其股份在香港聯合交易所有限公司（「**聯交所**」）上市。本公司之主要業務為投資控股及其附屬公司之主要業務在綜合財務報表附註10詳述。

2. 主要會計政策

編製基準

此等綜合財務報表乃根據香港財務報告準則（「**香港財務報告準則**」）（該詞泛指香港會計師公會（「**香港會計師公會**」）已頒佈之所有適用個別香港財務報告準則、香港會計準則（「**香港會計準則**」）及詮釋）、香港公認會計原則及香港公司條例之披露要求而編製。此外，此等綜合財務報表亦遵守香港聯合交易所有限公司證券上市規則（「**上市規則**」）適用披露規定。

除採納以下與本集團相關且由本年度起生效之新訂／經修訂香港財務報告準則外，編製此等綜合財務報表之基準與二零一七年綜合財務報表所採納之會計政策一致。

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2018

截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度

2. PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Basis of preparation (Continued)

The amendments relevant to the Group include the followings.

HKFRS 9 Financial Instruments

In the current year, the Group has adopted HKFRS 9 “Financial Instruments”, which becomes effective for accounting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2018. The Group applied the transition provisions set out in HKFRS 9 to adjust the retained profits or other reserves as at 1 January 2018, without restating comparative information retrospectively, for any adjustments to the carrying amounts of financial assets and financial liabilities resulting from the adoption of HKFRS 9. The principal effects resulting from the application of HKFRS 9 on the Group’s assets or liabilities are summarised below.

Classification and measurement of financial assets and financial liabilities

HKFRS 9 “Financial Instruments” introduces a new classification and measurement approach for financial assets that reflects the business model in which assets are managed and their cash flow characteristics, and the new requirements on accounting for financial liabilities that are designated at fair value through profit or loss.

2. 主要會計政策 (續)

編製基準 (續)

與本集團有關之修訂包括以下各項。

香港財務報告準則第9號金融工具

本集團於年內已採納於二零一八年一月一日或以後會計期間開始生效之香港財務報告準則第9號「金融工具」。本集團採納香港財務報告準則第9號所載之過渡性條文，以調整於二零一八年一月一日的保留溢利或其他儲備，而無須就採納香港財務報告準則第9號導致對金融資產及金融負債賬面值作出之任何調整而追溯重述比較資料。採納香港財務報告準則第9號對本集團資產或負債之主要影響概述如下。

金融資產與金融負債之分類及計量

香港財務報告準則第9號「金融工具」為金融資產引入一項新分類及計量方法，以反映管理資產之業務模式及其現金流特徵，並對指定為透過損益按公允值列賬之金融負債之會計處理方法提出新規定。

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2018

截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度

2. PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Basis of preparation (Continued)

HKFRS 9 Financial Instruments (Continued)

Classification and measurement of financial assets and financial liabilities (Continued)

The change in the classification of financial assets under HKFRS 9 at the date of initial application on 1 January 2018 is that available-for-sale investments of approximately HK\$246,092,000 as at 31 December 2017 were classified as equity investments at fair value through profit or loss of HK\$246,092,000 as comparative figures in the consolidated statement of financial position. Based on the Group's financial instruments policies, the equity securities classified as available-for-sale investments qualified for designation as measured at financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income under HKFRS 9, however, the Group does not elect the option for designating these securities to be measured at financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income and measures these securities at fair value with subsequent fair value gains or losses to be recognised in profit or loss. Upon initial application of HKFRS 9, investments revaluation reserve related to these available-for-sale investments currently accumulated in equity of HK\$32,958,000 were transferred to accumulated loss at 1 January 2018.

2. 主要會計政策 (續)

編製基準 (續)

香港財務報告準則第9號金融工具 (續)

金融資產與金融負債之分類及計量 (續)

根據於二零一八年一月一日首次應用之香港財務報告準則第9號，金融資產分類變動為於二零一七年十二月三十一日可供銷售投資約港幣246,092,000元分類為透過損益按公允值列賬之股本投資港幣246,092,000元並作為比較數字列於綜合財務狀況表內。根據本集團之金融工具政策，分類為可供銷售投資之股本證券合資格指定為香港財務報告準則第9號項下透過其他全面收益按公允值列賬之金融資產計量。然而，本集團未選擇指定該等證券以透過其他全面收益按公允值列賬之金融資產計量，而該等證券按公允值計量，其後公允值增益或虧損將於損益確認。於首次應用香港財務報告準則第9號時，目前於權益累計與該等可供銷售投資有關之投資重估儲備港幣32,958,000元將於二零一八年一月一日轉撥至累計虧損。

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2018

截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度

2. PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Basis of preparation (Continued)

HKFRS 9 Financial Instruments (Continued)

Classification and measurement of financial assets and financial liabilities (Continued)

The following table summarises the original measurement categories under HKAS 39 and the new measurement categories under HKFRS 9 for each class of the Group's financial assets as at 1 January 2018:

2. 主要會計政策 (續)

編製基準 (續)

香港財務報告準則第9號金融工具 (續)

金融資產與金融負債之分類及計量 (續)

下表概述於二零一八年一月一日本集團金融資產各類別於香港會計準則第39號項下之原計量類別及於香港財務報告準則第9號項下之新計量類別：

Measurement category under HKAS 39	於香港會計準則第39號項下之計量類別	Measurement category and carrying amount under HKFRS 9 於香港財務報告準則第9號項下之計量類別及賬面值			
		Carrying amount under HKAS 39 根據香港會計準則第39號之賬面值 HK\$'000 港幣千元	Amortised cost 攤銷成本 HK\$'000 港幣千元	Equity investment at fair value through profit or loss 透過損益按公允值列賬之股本投資 HK\$'000 港幣千元	Current assets 流動資產 Equity investment at fair value through profit or loss 透過損益按公允值列賬之股本投資 HK\$'000 港幣千元
Available-for-sale financial assets	可供銷售金融資產				
Listed equity securities (note i)	上市股本證券 (附註i)	6,098	–	–	6,098
Unlisted equity securities (note ii)	非上市股本證券 (附註ii)	239,994	–	239,994	–
Loans and receivables (note iii)	貸款及應收款 (附註iii)				
Deposits and prepayments	按金及預付款	577	577	–	–
Due from securities brokers	應收證券經紀款項	30,770	30,770	–	–
Other receivables (note 2)	其他應收款 (附註2)	46,250	46,659	–	–
Bank balances and cash	銀行結存及現金	1,295	1,295	–	–
Financial assets at FVPL	透過損益按公允值列賬之金融資產				
Listed equity securities held for trading (note iii)	持作買賣之上市股本投資 (附註iii)	172,301	–	–	172,301
		497,285	78,301	239,994	178,399

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2018

截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度

2. PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Basis of preparation (Continued)

HKFRS 9 Financial Instruments (Continued)

Classification and measurement of financial assets and financial liabilities (Continued)

- (i) The listed equity securities that were previously classified as available-for-sale financial assets amounted to approximately HK\$6,098,000 are now classified as equity investment at fair value through profit or loss of the current assets since, at the date of initial application, these investments were not designated to be designated as equity investments at fair value through other comprehensive income.
- (ii) The unlisted equity securities that were previously classified as available-for-sale financial assets amounted to approximately HK\$239,994,000 are now classified as equity investment at fair value through profit or loss of the non-current assets since, at the date of initial application, these investments were not designated as equity investments at fair value through other comprehensive income.

Related fair value gain of approximately HK\$32,958,000 as at 1 January 2018 were transferred from investment revaluation reserves to accumulated loss on 1 January 2018.

- (iii) The listed equity securities that were previously classified as financial assets held for trading amounted to approximately HK\$172,301,000 continue to be classified as fair value through profit or loss because they are held for trading.

2. 主要會計政策 (續)

編製基準 (續)

香港財務報告準則第9號金融工具 (續)

金融資產與金融負債之分類及計量 (續)

- (i) 過往分類為可供銷售金融資產之上市股本證券約港幣6,098,000元目前分類為流動資產透過損益按公允值列賬之股本投資，原因為自初步應用日期起，該等投資並未指定為指定透過其他全面收益按公允值列賬之股本投資。
- (ii) 過往分類為可供銷售金融資產之非上市股本證券約港幣239,994,000元目前分類為非流動資產透過損益按公允值列賬之股本投資，原因為自初步應用日期起，該等投資並未指定為指定透過其他全面收益按公允值列賬之股本投資。

於二零一八年一月一日相關公允值收益約港幣32,958,000元已於二零一八年一月一日自投資重估儲備轉撥至累計虧損。

- (iii) 過往分類為持作買賣金融資產之上市股本證券約港幣172,301,000元因彼等為持作買賣而持續分類為透過損益按公允值列賬。

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2018

截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度

2. PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Basis of preparation (Continued)

HKFRS 9 Financial Instruments (Continued)

Impairment of financial assets

HKFRS 9 replaces the “incurred loss” impairment model in HKAS 39 with a forward-looking “expected credit loss” model. The Group applies simplified approach to recognise lifetime expected losses for all debtors and other receivables, and expected losses for investments in securities.

The following tables summarised the impact, of transition to HKFRS 9 on the opening balance of reserves, accumulated loss as of 1 January 2018 as follows:

2. 主要會計政策 (續)

編製基準 (續)

香港財務報告準則第9號金融工具 (續)

金融資產減值

香港財務報告準則第9號以前瞻性的「預期信貸損失」模式，取代香港會計準則第39號「已產生虧損」減值模式。本集團採用簡化方法確認所有應收賬款及其他應收款之全期預期虧損及於證券投資之預期虧損。

下表概述向香港財務報告準則第9號過渡對於二零一八年一月一日的期初儲備結餘及累計虧損的影響：

		Investment revaluation reserve 投資重估儲備 HK\$'000 港幣千元	Accumulated loss 累計虧損 HK\$'000 港幣千元
As at 31 December 2017	於二零一七年 十二月三十一日	32,958	(812,108)
Increase in expected credit losses (“ECLs”) in other receivable	其他應收款項預期 信貸虧損(「預期信貸 虧損」)增加	-	(591)
Reclassification of investment revaluation reserve under HKFRS 9	根據香港財務報告 準則第9號重新分類 投資重估儲備	(32,958)	32,958
Restated as at 1 January 2018	於二零一八年一月一日 經重列	-	(779,741)

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2018

截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度

2. PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Basis of preparation (Continued)

HKFRS 9 Financial Instruments (Continued)

Impairment of financial assets (Continued)

The following table shows the effects of transition to HKFRS 9 on the carrying amounts of financial assets under HKAS 39 based on the measurement category under HKFRS 9 on 1 January 2018.

2. 主要會計政策 (續)

編製基準 (續)

香港財務報告準則第9號金融工具 (續)

金融資產減值 (續)

下表列載二零一八年一月一日向香港財務報告準則第9號過渡對香港會計準則第39號下金融資產按香港財務報告準則第9號計量類別的賬面值的影響。

	Carrying amount under HKAS 39 as at 31 December 2017 於二零一七年十二月三十一日 香港會計準則第39號下的賬面值 HK\$'000 港幣千元	Remeasurement on transition to HKFRS 9 於過渡至香港財務報告準則第9號後重新計量 HK\$'000 港幣千元	Carrying amount under HKFRS 9 as at 1 January 2018 於二零一八年一月一日 香港財務報告準則第9號下的賬面值 HK\$'000 港幣千元
Amortised cost			
Other receivable	46,250	(591)	45,659

Basis of measurement

The measurement basis used in the preparation of these consolidated financial statements is historical cost, except for financial assets at fair value through profit or loss, which are measured at fair value, as explained in the accounting policies.

計量基準

編製此等綜合財務報表所採用之計量基準為歷史成本，惟透過損益按公允值列賬之金融資產則如會計政策所闡釋按公允值計量。

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2018

截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度

2. PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Basis of consolidation

The consolidated financial statements comprise the financial statements of the Company and all of its subsidiaries as at 31 December each year. The financial statements of the subsidiaries are prepared for the same reporting year as that of the Company using consistent accounting policies.

All intra-group balances, transactions, income and expenses and profits and losses resulting from intra-group transactions are eliminated in full. The results of subsidiaries are consolidated from the date on which the Group obtains control and continue to be consolidated until the date that such control ceases.

Subsidiaries

A subsidiary is an entity that is controlled by the Group. The Group controls an entity when it is exposed, or has rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the entity and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the entity. The Group reassesses whether it controls an investee if facts and circumstances indicate that there are changes to one or more of the elements of control.

In the Company's statement of financial position, investments in subsidiaries are stated at cost less impairment losses. The carrying amount of the investments is reduced to its recoverable amount on an individual basis, if it is higher than the recoverable amount. The results of subsidiaries are accounted for by the Company on the basis of dividends received and receivable.

2. 主要會計政策 (續)

綜合基準

綜合財務報表包括本公司及其所有附屬公司截至每年十二月三十一日之財務報表。附屬公司之財務報表按與本公司於同一報告年度一致之會計政策編製。

所有集團內部結存、交易、收入及開支及因集團內部交易產生之溢利及虧損已全數對銷。附屬公司之業績自本集團取得控制權之日起綜合計算，直至失去控制權之日為止。

附屬公司

附屬公司為本集團所控制之實體。倘本集團對參與實體業務所得之可變動回報承擔風險或享有權利，並有能力透過其對該實體之權力影響該等回報，則本集團對該實體有控制權。倘有事實及情況顯示其中一項或多項控制權因素出現變動，則本集團會重新評估是否仍然控制所投資公司。

於本公司之財務狀況表中，本公司於附屬公司之投資乃以成本扣除減值虧損列賬。倘有關投資之賬面值高於可收回價值，則會按個別基準扣減至其可收回價值。本公司將附屬公司之業績入賬為已收及應收股息。

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2018

截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度

2. PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Financial instruments

Financial assets (policies under HKFRS 9 applicable from 1 January 2018)

Recognition and derecognition

Financial assets are recognised when and only when the Group becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instruments and on a trade date basis.

A financial asset is derecognised when and only when (i) the Group's contractual rights to future cash flows from the financial asset expire or (ii) the Group transfers the financial asset and either (a) it transfers substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset, or (b) it neither transfers nor retains substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset but it does not retain control of the financial asset.

If the Group retains substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of a transferred financial asset, the Group continues to recognise the financial asset and also recognises a collateralised borrowing for the proceeds received.

If the Group neither transfers nor retains substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership and continues to control the transferred asset, the Group recognises the financial asset to the extent of its continuing involvement and an associated liability for amounts it may have to pay.

2. 主要會計政策 (續)

金融工具

金融資產 (自二零一八年一月一日起應用香港財務報告準則第9號項下之政策)

確認及終止確認

金融資產於且僅於本集團成為工具合約條文之訂約方時按交易日基準確認。

金融資產於且僅於以下情況下終止確認：(i)本集團對金融資產產生之未來現金流之合約權利屆滿時或(ii)本集團轉讓金融資產及(a)本集團已轉移金融資產擁有權之絕大部分風險及回報；或(b)本集團既無轉移亦無保留該項金融資產擁有權之絕大部分風險及回報，但並無保留該項金融資產之控制權時。

倘本集團保留所轉讓金融資產擁有權之絕大部分風險及回報，本集團繼續確認金融資產並就已接獲所得款項確認抵押借款。

倘本集團概無轉讓或保留擁有權之絕大部分風險及回報，並繼續控制所轉讓資產，則本集團以其持續參與程度為限確認金融資產及其可能須支付相關負債之金額。

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2018

截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度

2. PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Financial instruments (Continued)

Financial assets (policies under HKFRS 9 applicable from 1 January 2018) (Continued)

Classification and measurement

Financial assets (except for trade receivables without a significant financing component) are initially recognised at their fair value plus, in the case of financial assets not carried at FVPL, transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition of the financial assets. Such trade receivables are initially measured at their transaction price.

On initial recognition, a financial asset is classified as (i) measured at amortised cost; (ii) debt investment measured at fair value through other comprehensive income (“Mandatory FVOCI”); (iii) equity investment measured at fair value through other comprehensive income (“Designated FVOCI”); or (iv) measured at fair value through profit or loss (“FVPL”).

The classification of financial assets at initial recognition depends on the Group’s business model for managing the financial assets and the financial asset’s contractual cash flow characteristics. Financial assets are not reclassified subsequent to their initial recognition unless the Group changes its business model for managing them, in which case all affected financial assets are reclassified on the first day of the first annual reporting period following the change in the business model (the “reclassification date”).

2. 主要會計政策 (續)

金融工具 (續)

金融資產 (自二零一八年一月一日起應用香港財務報告準則第9號項下之政策) (續)

分類及計量

金融資產 (不包括並無重大融資部分之貿易應收款項) 初步按公允值確認，而倘金融資產或金融負債並非透過損益按公允值列賬，則加上收購金融資產直接應佔之交易成本。有關貿易應收款項初步按交易價計量。

於首次確認時，金融資產分類為(i) 按攤銷成本列賬；(ii) 透過其他全面收益按公允值列賬之債務投資（「強制性透過其他全面收益按公允值列賬」）；(iii) 透過其他全面收益按公允值列賬之股本投資（「指定透過其他全面收益按公允值列賬」）；或(iv) 透過損益按公允值列賬（「透過損益按公允值」）。

金融資產於首次確認之分類取決於本集團管理金融資產之業務模式及金融資產合約現金流量特徵而定。金融資產於彼等首次確認後不予重新分類，除非本集團改變其管理業務模式，而在此情況下所有受影響之金融資產於業務模式變動後首個年度報告期間之首日（「重新分類日期」）進行重新分類。

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2018

截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度

2. PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Financial instruments (Continued)

Financial assets (policies under HKFRS 9 applicable from 1 January 2018) (Continued)

Classification and measurement (Continued)

1) Financial assets measured at amortised cost

A financial asset is measured at amortised cost if it meets both of the following conditions and is not designated as at FVPL:

- (i) it is held within a business model whose objective is to hold financial assets in order to collect contractual cash flows; and
- (ii) its contractual terms give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

Financial assets at amortised cost are subsequently measured using the effective interest rate method and are subject to impairment. Gains and losses arising from impairment, derecognition or through the amortisation process are recognised in profit or loss.

2. 主要會計政策 (續)

金融工具 (續)

金融資產 (自二零一八年一月一日起應用香港財務報告準則第9號項下之政策) (續)

分類及計量 (續)

1) 按攤銷成本計量之金融資產

當金融資產同時符合以下條件，且並無指定為透過損益按公允價值列賬，則該金融資產按攤銷成本計量：

- (i) 該金融資產由一個旨在通過持有金融資產收取合約現金流量之業務模式所持有；及
- (ii) 該金融資產之合約條款使於特定日期產生現金流量僅為支付本金及未償還本金利息。

按攤銷成本列賬之金融資產其後使用實際利率法計量並計提減值。減值、終止確認或透過攤銷過程中產生之收益及虧損乃於損益中確認。

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2018

截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度

2. PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Financial instruments (Continued)

Financial assets (policies under HKFRS 9 applicable from 1 January 2018) (Continued)

2) Mandatory FVOCI

A financial asset is measured at Mandatory FVOCI if both of the following conditions are met and is not designated as at FVPL:

- (i) it is held within a business model whose objective is to hold financial assets in order to collect contractual cash flows and for sale; and
- (ii) its contractual terms give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

The financial asset is subsequently measured at fair value. Interest calculated using the effective interest method, impairment gains or losses and foreign exchange gains and losses are recognised in profit or loss. Other gains or losses are recognised in other comprehensive income until the financial asset is derecognised. When the financial asset is derecognised, the cumulative gain or loss previously recognised in other comprehensive income is reclassified to profit or loss as a reclassification adjustment.

2. 主要會計政策 (續)

金融工具 (續)

金融資產 (自二零一八年一月一日起應用香港財務報告準則第9號項下之政策) (續)

2) 強制性透過其他全面收益按公允值列賬

當金融資產同時符合以下條件，且並無指定為透過損益按公允值列賬，則該金融資產按強制性透過其他全面收益按公允值列賬：

- (i) 該金融資產由一個旨在通過持有金融資產收取合約現金流量及出售之業務模式所持有；及
- (ii) 該金融資產之合約條款使於特定日期產生現金流量僅為支付本金及未償還本金利息。

金融資產其後按公允值計量。使用實際利率法計算之利息、減值收益或虧損以及外匯收益及虧損於損益確認。其他收益或虧損於其他全面收益確認直至金融資產終止確認。當金融資產終止確認時，過往於其他全面收益確認之累計收益或虧損重新分類至損益作為重新分類調整。

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2018

截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度

2. PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Financial instruments (Continued)

Financial assets (policies under HKFRS 9 applicable from 1 January 2018) (Continued)

3) Designated FVOCI

Upon initial recognition, the Group may make an irrevocable election to present subsequent changes in the fair value of an investment in an equity instrument that is neither held for trading nor contingent consideration recognised by an acquirer in a business combination to which HKFRS 3 applies in other comprehensive income. The classification is determined on an instrument-by-instrument basis.

These equity investments are subsequently measured at fair value and are not subject to impairment. Dividends are recognised in profit or loss unless the dividend clearly represents a recovery of part of the cost of the investment. Other gains or losses are recognised in other comprehensive income and shall not be subsequently reclassified to profit or loss.

4) Financial assets at FVPL

These investments include financial assets held for trading, financial assets designated upon initial recognition as at FVPL, and financial assets resulting from a contingent consideration arrangement in a business combination to which HKFRS 3 applies. They are carried at fair value, with any resultant gain and loss recognised in profit or loss, which does not include any dividend or interest earned on the financial assets. Dividend or interest income is presented separately from fair value gain or loss.

2. 主要會計政策 (續)

金融工具 (續)

金融資產 (自二零一八年一月一日起應用香港財務報告準則第9號項下之政策) (續)

3) 指定透過其他全面收益按公允價值列賬

於初步確認後，本集團作出不可撤銷選擇，於其他全面收益呈列既非持作買賣亦非收購方於香港財務報告準則第3號適用之業務合併中確認之或然代價之權益工具投資之公允價值其後變動。分類按個別工具基準釐定。

該等股本投資其後按公允價值列賬，且毋須計提減值。股息於損益確認，除非股息明顯屬於收回投資成本之一部分。其他收益或虧損於其他全面收益中確認，且其後毋須重新分類至損益。

4) 透過損益按公允價值列賬之金融資產

該等投資包括持作買賣金融資產、於首次確認時指定為透過損益按公允價值列賬之金融資產及香港財務報告準則第3號適用之業務合併中或然代價安排所導致之金融資產。彼等按公允價值列賬，任何產生之收益及虧損於損益確認，其不包括金融資產賺取之任何股息或利息。股息或利息收入乃與公允價值收益或虧損區分以單獨呈列。

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2018

截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度

2. PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Financial instruments (Continued)

Financial assets (policies under HKFRS 9 applicable from 1 January 2018) (Continued)

4) Financial assets at FVPL (Continued)

A financial asset is classified as held for trading if it is:

- (i) acquired principally for the purpose of selling it in the near term;
- (ii) part of a portfolio of identified financial instruments that are managed together and for which there is evidence of a recent actual pattern of short-term profit-taking on initial recognition; or
- (iii) a derivative that is not a financial guarantee contract or not a designated and effective hedging instrument.

Derivatives embedded in a hybrid contract in which a host is an asset within the scope of HKFRS 9 are not separated from the host. Instead, the entire hybrid contract is assessed for classification.

Financial assets are designated at initial recognition as at FVPL only if doing so eliminates or significantly reduces a measurement or recognition inconsistency that would otherwise arise from measuring assets or liabilities or recognising the gains or losses on them on different bases.

2. 主要會計政策 (續)

金融工具 (續)

金融資產 (自二零一八年一月一日起應用香港財務報告準則第9號項下之政策) (續)

4) 透過損益按公允值列賬之金融資產 (續)

金融資產如屬以下各項，則分類為持作買賣：

- (i) 收購目的主要為於短期內出售；
- (ii) 屬於受集中管理的已識別金融工具組合的一部分，且有跡象顯示其於初始確認時近期確實出現短期獲利模式；或
- (iii) 並非財務擔保合約或並非指定有效對沖工具的衍生工具。

嵌入混合合約（其主合約為香港財務報告準則第9號範圍內的資產）中的衍生工具不得與主合約分別計量。相反，混合合約乃以整項作分類評估。

金融資產僅在於初始確認時指定透過損益按公允值列賬可消除或顯著減少按不同基準計量資產或負債或確認其收益或虧損所產生的計量或確認不一致情況時，方可如此指定。

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2018

截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度

2. PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Financial instruments (Continued)

Impairment of financial assets

The Group recognises loss allowances for expected credit losses (“ECL”) on financial assets that are measured at amortised cost, to which the impairment requirements apply in accordance with HKFRS 9. The Group measures a loss allowance for a financial asset at an amount equal to the lifetime ECL if the credit risk on that financial asset has increased significantly since initial recognition. If the credit risk on a financial asset has not increased significantly since initial recognition, the Group measures the loss allowance for that financial asset at an amount equal to 12-month ECL.

Measurement of ECL

ECL is a probability-weighted estimate of credit losses (i.e. the present value of all cash shortfalls) over the expected life of the financial instrument. A cash shortfall is the difference between the cash flows that are due to an entity in accordance with the contract and the cash flows that the entity expects to receive.

For financial assets, a credit loss is the present value of the difference between the contractual cash flows that are due to an entity under the contract and the cash flows that the entity expects to receive.

Lifetime ECL represents the ECL that will result from all possible default events over the expected life of a financial instrument while 12-month ECL represents the portion of lifetime ECL that is expected to result from default events on a financial instrument that are possible within 12 months after the reporting date.

2. 主要會計政策 (續)

金融工具 (續)

金融資產減值

本集團就香港財務報告準則第9號項下減值規定適用之按攤銷成本計量之金融資產預期信貸虧損(「預期信貸虧損」)確認虧損撥備。倘金融資產信貸風險自首次確認以來出現顯著增幅，本集團按相等於全期預期信貸虧損之金額計量該金融資產虧損撥備。倘金融資產信貸風險自首次確認以來並無出現顯著增幅，本集團按相等於12個月預期信貸虧損之金額計量該金融資產虧損撥備。

預期信貸虧損計量

預期信貸虧損乃於金融工具預期年期內有關信貸虧損(即所有現金短缺之現值)的概率加權估計。現金短缺即根據合約應付實體的現金流量與實體預期收到的現金流量之間的差額。

就金融資產而言，信貸虧損為實體根據合約應收的合約現金流量與實體預計收取的現金流量之間的差異的現值。

全期預期信貸虧損指於金融工具的預期年期內所有可能的違約事件將產生之預期信貸虧損。相反，12個月預期信貸虧損指預期於報告日期後12個月內可能發生的金融工具違約事件將導致之部分全期預期信貸虧損。

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2018

截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度

2. PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Financial instruments (Continued)

Impairment of financial assets (Continued)

Definition of default

The Group considers the following as constituting an event of default for internal credit risk management purposes as historical experience indicates that the Group may not receive the outstanding contractual amounts in full if the financial instrument that meets any of the following criteria.

- (i) information developed internally or obtained from external sources indicates that the debtor is unlikely to pay its creditors, including the Group, in full (without taking into account any collaterals held by the Group); or
- (ii) there is a breach of financial covenants by the counterparty.

Assessment of significant increase in credit risk

In assessing whether the credit risk on a financial instrument has increased significantly since initial recognition, the Group compares the risk of a default occurring on the financial instrument as at the reporting date with the risk of a default occurring on the financial instrument as at the date of initial recognition. In making this assessment, the Group considers both quantitative and qualitative information that is reasonable and supportable, including historical experience and forward-looking information that is available without undue cost or effort. Irrespective of the outcome of the above assessment, the Group presumes that the credit risk on a financial instrument has increased significantly since initial recognition when contractual payments are more than 30 days past due.

2. 主要會計政策 (續)

金融工具 (續)

金融資產減值 (續)

違約之定義

本集團認為以下情況就內部信貸風險管理目的而言構成違約事件，原因為過往經驗表明，倘金融工具符合以下任何標準，則本集團可能不會悉數收取未償還合約金額：

- (i) 內部產生或獲取自外部來源之資料顯示，債務人不太可能向債權人（包括本集團）全額還款（不考慮本集團持有之任何抵押品）；或
- (ii) 交易對手違反財務契諾。

評估信貸風險顯著增加

於評估金融工具自初始確認後之信貸風險是否顯著增加時，本集團將於報告日期金融工具發生之違約風險與首次確認日期金融工具發生之違約風險進行比較。在進行該評估時，本集團會考慮合理且可支持的定量和定性資料，包括歷史經驗及毋須付出不必要的成本或努力而可得之前瞻性資料。不論上述評估之結果如何，本集團認為，當合約付款逾期超過三十天，則金融工具自首次確認以來之信貸風險已顯著增加。

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2018

截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度

2. PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Financial instruments (Continued)

Impairment of financial assets (Continued)

Assessment of significant increase in credit risk (Continued)

Notwithstanding the foregoing, the Group assumes that the credit risk on a financial instrument has not increased significantly since initial recognition if the financial instrument is determined to have low credit risk at the reporting date.

Low credit risk

A financial instrument is determined to have low credit risk if:

- (i) it has a low risk of default;
- (ii) the borrower has a strong capacity to meet its contractual cash flow obligations in the near term; and
- (iii) adverse changes in economic and business conditions in the longer term may, but will not necessarily, reduce the ability of the borrower to fulfil its contractual cash flow obligations.

2. 主要會計政策 (續)

金融工具 (續)

金融資產減值 (續)

評估信貸風險顯著增加 (續)

儘管如上文所述，本集團假設倘於報告日期金融工具釐定為具有低信貸風險，則金融工具的信貸風險自首次確認以來並無顯著增加。

低信貸風險

倘存在以下情況，則金融工具釐定為具有低信貸風險：

- (i) 其違約風險較低；
- (ii) 借款人在短期內有強勁能力履行其合約現金流量之責任；及
- (iii) 經濟及商業條件之長遠不利變動可能但不一定會降低借款人履行合約現金流量責任之能力。

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2018

截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度

2. PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Financial instruments (Continued)

Impairment of financial assets (Continued)

Low credit risk (Continued)

A financial asset is credit-impaired when one or more events that have a detrimental impact on the estimated future cash flows of that financial asset have occurred. Evidence that a financial asset is credit-impaired include observable data about the following events:

- (a) significant financial difficulty of the issuer or the borrower.
- (b) a breach of contract, such as a default or past due event.
- (c) the lender(s) of the borrower, for economic or contractual reasons relating to the borrower's financial difficulty, having granted to the borrower a concession(s) that the lender(s) would not otherwise consider.
- (d) it is becoming probable that the borrower will enter bankruptcy or other financial reorganisation.
- (e) the disappearance of an active market for that financial asset because of financial difficulties.
- (f) the purchase or origination of a financial asset at a deep discount that reflects the incurred credit losses.

2. 主要會計政策 (續)

金融工具 (續)

金融資產減值 (續)

低信貸風險 (續)

倘發生一件或多件事件對金融資產的估計未來現金流量造成不利影響，則金融資產被視為信貸減值。金融資產信貸減值的證據包括有關以下事件的可觀察數據：

- (a) 發行人或借款人遭遇重大財務困難。
- (b) 違反合約，如拖欠或逾期。
- (c) 借款人的貸款人因有關借款人財務困難的經濟或合約理由而向借款人批出貸款人不會另行考慮的優惠。
- (d) 借款人將可能陷入破產或其他財務重組。
- (e) 該金融資產的活躍市場因財務困難而消失。
- (f) 以可反映已產生信貸虧損之大幅折扣購買或產生一項金融資產。

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2018

截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度

2. PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Financial instruments (Continued)

Impairment of financial assets (Continued)

Write-off

The Group writes off a financial asset when the Group has no reasonable expectations of recovering the contractual cash flows on a financial asset in its entirety or a portion thereof. The Group has a policy of writing off the gross carrying amount based on historical experience of recoveries of similar assets. The Group expects no significant recovery from the amount written off. However, financial assets that are written off could still be subject to enforcement activities under the Group's procedures for recovery of amounts due, taking into account legal advice if appropriate. Any subsequent recovery is recognised in profit or loss.

2. 主要會計政策 (續)

金融工具 (續)

金融資產減值 (續)

撇銷

當本集團並無合理預期收回全部或部分金融資產合約現金流量，則會撇銷金融資產。本集團撇銷總賬面值之政策乃以收回類似資產之過往經驗為依據。本集團預期並無來自己撇銷金額之重大收回。然而，經計及法律意見（如適用），已撇銷之金融資產仍可能受限於本集團收回到期款項程序下之強制執行活動。任何後續收回乃於損益中確認。

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2018

截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度

2. PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Financial instruments (policies under HKAS 39 applicable before 1 January 2018)

Recognition and derecognition

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised when and only when the Group becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instruments and on a trade date basis.

A financial asset is derecognised when and only when (i) the Group's contractual rights to future cash flows from the financial asset expire or (ii) the Group transfers the financial asset and either (a) the Group transfers substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset, or (b) the Group neither transfers nor retains substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset but it does not retain control of the financial asset.

A financial liability is derecognised when and only when the liability is extinguished, that is, when the obligation specified in the relevant contract is discharged, cancelled or expires.

Classification and measurement

Financial assets or financial liabilities are initially recognised at their fair value plus, in the case of financial assets or financial liabilities not carried at fair value through profit or loss, transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of the financial assets or financial liabilities.

2. 主要會計政策 (續)

金融工具 (於二零一八年一月一日前適用之香港會計準則第39號項下之政策)

確認及終止確認

金融資產及金融負債乃於及僅於本集團成為該工具之合約條文之其中一方時及按交易日予以確認。

當及僅於(i)本集團在金融資產之未來現金流之合約權利到期或(ii)本集團轉讓金融資產(而(a)本集團轉讓金融資產所有權之幾乎所有風險及回報時,或(b)本集團並無轉讓或保留金融資產所有權之幾乎所有風險及回報但不再保留金融資產之控制權時),金融資產將被終止確認。

金融負債於及僅於負債不復存在時(即於相關合約內指明之責任獲解除、撤銷或到期時)終止確認。

分類及計量

金融資產或金融負債初步按公允值確認,倘金融資產或金融負債並未按公允值計入損益,則加上收購或發行金融資產或金融負債之直接應佔交易成本。

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2018

截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度

2. PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Financial instruments (policies under HKAS 39 applicable before 1 January 2018) (Continued)

Classification and measurement (Continued)

(1) *Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss*

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss include financial assets held for trading and financial assets designated upon initial recognition as at fair value through profit or loss and financial assets resulting from a contingent consideration arrangement in business combination to which HKFRS 3 applied. They are carried at fair value, with any resultant gain and loss recognised in profit or loss, which includes any dividend or interest earned on the financial assets.

Financial assets are classified as held for trading if they are (i) acquired principally for the purpose of selling in the near future; (ii) part of a portfolio of identified financial instruments that the Group manages together and has a recent actual pattern of short-term profit-taking; or (iii) derivatives that are not financial guarantee contracts or designated and effective hedging instruments.

2. 主要會計政策 (續)

金融工具 (於二零一八年一月一日前適用之香港會計準則第39號項下之政策) (續)

分類及計量 (續)

(1) *透過損益按公允值列賬之金融資產*

透過損益按公允值列賬之金融資產包括持作買賣之金融資產及於首次確認時指定為透過損益按公允值列賬之金融資產以及香港財務報告準則第3號適用之業務合併中或有代價安排產生的金融資產。有關資產按公允值列賬，由此產生之任何收益及虧損均在損益中確認，包括於金融資產賺取之任何股息或利息。

倘金融資產(i)購入主要目的為於短期內出售；(ii)屬於本集團集中管理之已確認金融工具組合之一部分，並於近期實際有短期獲利模式；或(iii)屬於並非金融擔保合約或指定及有效對沖工具之衍生工具，則會分類為持作買賣。

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2018

截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度

2. PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Financial instruments (policies under HKAS 39 applicable before 1 January 2018) (Continued)

Classification and measurement (Continued)

(1) Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss (Continued)

Financial assets are designated at initial recognition as at fair value through profit or loss if (i) the designation eliminates or significantly reduces the inconsistent treatment that would otherwise arise from measuring the assets or liabilities or recognising gains or losses on a different basis; or (ii) they are part of a group of financial assets and/or financial liabilities that are managed and their performance evaluated on a fair value basis, in accordance with a documented risk management strategy; or (iii) it forms part of a contract containing one or more embedded derivatives, and HKAS 39 permits the entire combined contract (asset or liability) to be designated as at fair value through profit or loss except where the embedded derivative does not significantly modify the cash flow or it is clear that separation of the embedded derivative is prohibited.

2. 主要會計政策 (續)

金融工具 (於二零一八年一月一日前適用之香港會計準則第39號項下之政策) (續)

分類及計量 (續)

(1) 透過損益按公允值列賬之金融資產 (續)

倘(i)在初次確認時將金融資產指定為透過損益按公允值列賬會消除或明顯減少因以不同基準計量資產或負債或確認盈虧而可能產生之不一致會計處理；或(ii)根據明文訂立之風險管理策略，金融資產及／或金融負債屬於一組受管理且按公允值評估其表現之金融資產及／或金融負債之一部份；或(iii)其構成包含一項或多項內含衍生工具的合約的一部分，而香港會計準則第39號允許將整個混合合約（資產或負債）指定為透過損益按公允值列賬，惟倘該內含衍生工具不會令現金流量有重大變動或明顯禁止分開內含衍生工具則除外。

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2018

截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度

2. PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued) Financial instruments (policies under HKAS 39 applicable before 1 January 2018) (Continued)

Classification and measurement (Continued)

(2) Loans and receivables

Loans and receivables including bank balances and cash, other receivables and due from securities brokers are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market and are not held for trading. They are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, except where receivables are interest-free loans and without any fixed repayment term or the effect of discounting would be insignificant. In such case, the receivables are stated at cost less impairment loss. Amortised cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition over the year to maturity. Gains and losses arising from derecognition, impairment or through the amortisation process are recognised in profit or loss.

2. 主要會計政策 (續) 金融工具 (於二零一八年一月一日 前適用之香港會計準則第39號項下 之政策) (續) 分類及計量 (續)

(2) 貸款及應收款

貸款及應收款 (包括銀行結存及現金、其他應收款及應收證券經紀款項) 指並無於活躍市場報價且並非為買賣而持有，並具有固定或可釐定付款金額之非衍生金融資產。貸款及應收款以實際利率法按攤銷成本計量，惟倘應收款為免息貸款及無固定還款期或其折現影響並不重大則除外。在此情況下，應收款按成本扣除減值虧損列賬。攤銷成本的計算已考慮到期年間的任何收購折讓或溢價。因終止確認、減值或透過攤銷程序所產生之盈虧於損益中確認。

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2018

截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度

2. PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Financial instruments (policies under HKAS 39 applicable before 1 January 2018) (Continued)

Classification and measurement (Continued)

(3) Available-for-sale financial assets

Available-for-sale financial assets are non-derivative financial assets that are either designated at this category or not classified in any of the other categories of financial assets. They are measured at fair value with changes in value recognised in investment revaluation reserve which is a separate component of equity until the assets are sold, collected or otherwise disposed of, or until the assets are determined to be impaired, at which time the cumulative gain or loss previously reported in other comprehensive income shall be reclassified to profit or loss as a reclassification adjustment.

(4) Financial liabilities

The Group's financial liabilities include other payables, loan payables, bond payables and due to securities brokers. All financial liabilities are recognised initially at their fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost, using effective interest method, unless the effect of discounting would be insignificant, in which case they are stated at cost.

2. 主要會計政策 (續)

金融工具 (於二零一八年一月一日前適用之香港會計準則第39號項下之政策) (續)

分類及計量 (續)

(3) 可供銷售金融資產

可供銷售金融資產乃指定為此類別或不屬於任何其他金融資產類別之非衍生金融資產。可供銷售金融資產乃按公允值計量，而價值之變動於投資重估儲備中確認，乃權益之獨立部分，直至資產被出售、收回或另行處置為止，或直至資產被釐定為出現減值為止，屆時，之前在其他全面收入中呈報之累計盈虧將重新分類至損益中，以作為重新分類調整。

(4) 金融負債

本集團之金融負債包括其他應付款、應付貸款、應付債券及應付證券經紀人款項。所有金融負債最初按其公允值確認，其後以實際利率法按攤銷成本計量，惟倘折現之影響並不重大，金融負債則按成本列賬。

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2018

截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度

2. PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued) Financial instruments (policies under HKAS 39 applicable before 1 January 2018) (Continued)

Impairment of financial assets

At the end of each reporting period, the Group assesses whether there is objective evidence that financial assets, other than those at fair value through profit or loss, are impaired. The impairment loss of financial assets carried at amortised cost is measured as the difference between the assets' carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flow discounted at the financial asset's original effective interest rate. Such impairment loss is reversed in subsequent periods through profit or loss when an increase in the asset's recoverable amount can be related objectively to an event occurring after the impairment was recognised, subject to a restriction that the carrying amount of the asset at the date the impairment is reversed does not exceed what the amortised cost would have been had the impairment not been recognised.

For available-for-sale financial asset, a significant or prolonged decline in the fair value of the security below its cost is considered to be objective evidence of impairment.

When an available-for-sale financial asset is impaired, a cumulative loss comprising the difference between its acquisition cost (net of any principal repayment and amortisation) and current fair value, less any previously recognised impairment loss in profit or loss, is reclassified from investment to profit or loss as a reclassification adjustment. Impairment losses recognised in profit or loss in respect of available-for-sale equity instrument are not reversed through profit or loss. Any subsequent increase in fair value of available-for-sale equity instrument after recognition of impairment loss is recognised in other comprehensive income under the breaching of investment revaluation reserve. Reversal of impairment loss of available-for-sale debt instruments are reversed through profit or loss, if the increase in fair value of the instrument can be objectively related to an event occurring after the impairment loss was recognised in profit or loss.

2. 主要會計政策 (續)

金融工具 (於二零一八年一月一日前適用之香港會計準則第39號項下之政策) (續)

金融資產減值

本集團於各報告期結束時評估有否客觀證據顯示金融資產 (透過損益按公允值列賬之金融資產除外) 出現減值。按攤銷成本列賬之金融資產之減值虧損，乃按資產賬面值與按金融資產原實際利率折現之估計未來現金流現值兩者間之差異計量。倘資產之可收回金額增幅可客觀地與於確認減值後所發生之事件相關連，則減值虧損會於隨後期間於損益中撥回，惟減值撥回當日之資產賬面值不得超過未有確認減值之攤銷成本。

就可供銷售金融資產而言，證券公允值大幅或者持續降低於其成本將被認為減值客觀證據。

倘一項可供銷售金融資產出現減值，則包括其收購成本 (扣除任何本金還款及攤銷) 與其現行公允值之差額在內的累計虧損，經扣減以往於損益中確認之任何減值虧損後，會由投資重新分類至損益中並按重新分類調整。就可供銷售權益工具於損益確認之減值虧損不會透過損益撥回。可供銷售權益工具之公允值於確認減值虧損後之任何其後升值於其他全面收益中確認為投資重估儲備撥備。倘可供銷售債務工具之公允值增幅可客觀地與於損益中確認減值虧損後所發生之事件相關連，則有關工具之減值虧損會於損益中撥回。

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2018

截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度

2. PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Financial instruments (policies under HKAS 39 applicable before 1 January 2018) (Continued)

Impairment of financial assets (Continued)

For all other financial assets, objective evidence of impairment could include:

- Significant financial difficulty of the issuer or counterparty; or
- Breach of contract, such as default or delinquency in interest or principal payments; or
- It becoming probable that the borrower will enter bankruptcy or financial re-organisation; or
- The disappearance of an active market for that financial asset because of financial difficulties.

Cash equivalents

For the purpose of consolidated statement of cash flows, cash equivalents represent short-term highly liquid investments which are readily convertible into known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

2. 主要會計政策 (續)

金融工具 (於二零一八年一月一日前適用之香港會計準則第39號項下之政策) (續)

金融資產減值 (續)

就所有其他金融資產而言，減值之客觀證據可包括：

- 發行人或對手方遇到嚴重財政困難；或
- 違約，例如逾期或拖欠利息或本金還款；或
- 借款人有可能破產或進行財務重組；或
- 金融資產之活躍市場因財政困難而不再存在。

現金等價物

就綜合現金流量報表而言，現金等價物指可隨時兌換為已知現金金額及無重大價值變動風險之短期高流通性投資。

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2018

截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度

2. PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Revenue recognition

Revenue is recognised when it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Group and when the revenue and costs, if applicable, can be measured reliably and on the following bases.

Dividend income from investments is recognised when the Group's rights to receive payment have been established.

Interest income from financial assets is accrued on a time basis, by reference to the principal outstanding and at the effective interest rate applicable.

Segment reporting

Operating segments, and the amounts of each segment item reported in the financial statements, are identified from the financial information provided regularly to the Group's most senior executive management for the purposes of allocating resources to, and assessing the performance of, the Group's various lines of business and geographical locations.

Individually material operating segments are not aggregated for financial reporting purposes unless the segments have similar economic characteristics and are similar in respect of the nature of products and services, the nature of production processes, the type or class of customers, the methods used to distribute the products or provide the services, and the nature of the regulatory environment. Operating segments which are not individually material may be aggregated if they share a majority of these criteria.

2. 主要會計政策 (續)

收益確認

當經濟利益有可能將流向本集團，而收益及成本（如適用）可按以下基準可靠計量，則收益會予以確認。

來自投資之股息收入於確立本集團之收款權利時予以確認。

金融資產之利息收入按時間基準，參考尚未償還之本金以及適用之實際利率予以累計。

分部呈報

經營分部及財務報表所呈報之各分部項目金額，乃根據就分配資源予本集團各業務及地區分部及評估其表現而定期提供予本集團最高層行政管理人員之財務資料而確定。

就財務呈報而言，除非分部具備類似經濟特徵及在產品及服務性質、生產工序性質、客戶類型或類別、用作分配產品或提供服務之方法及監管環境之性質方面類似，否則各重大經營分部不會進行合併計算。個別非重大經營分部，如果符合上述大部分標準，則可進行合併計算。

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2018

截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度

2. PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Foreign currency translation

Items included in the financial statements of each of the Group's entities are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates (the "functional currency"). The consolidated financial statements are presented in the currency of Hong Kong dollars, which is the Company's functional currency.

Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using the exchange rates prevailing at the date of the transactions. Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions and from the translation at year-end exchange rates of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are recognised in profit or loss.

Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of a qualifying asset is capitalised as part of cost of that asset. All other borrowing costs are recognised as an expense in the period in which they are incurred.

Leases

Leases are classified as finance leases whenever the terms of the lease transfer substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership to the lessee. All other leases are classified as operating leases.

Rentals payable under operating leases are charged to profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the term of the relevant lease.

2. 主要會計政策 (續)

外幣換算

計入本集團各實體財務報表之項目均以該實體業務所在之主要經濟環境之貨幣(「功能貨幣」)計算。綜合財務報表乃以港幣呈列，港幣為本公司之功能貨幣。

外幣交易按交易日期當時之匯率換算為功能貨幣。因結算此等交易及按年終匯率換算以外幣計值之貨幣資產及負債而產生之外匯盈虧於損益中確認。

借款成本

收購、興建或製造合資格資產直接應佔之借款成本乃作為該項資產部份成本予以撥充資本。所有其他借款成本於其產生期間確認為開支。

租約

如租約之條款將絕大部分擁有權風險及回報轉讓予承租人，該項租約分類為融資租約。所有其他租約分類為經營租約。

根據經營租約應付之租金按有關租約年期以直線法在損益中扣除。

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2018

截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度

2. PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Employee benefits

Short term employee benefits

Salaries, annual bonuses, paid annual leave, contributions to defined contribution retirement plans and the cost of non-monetary benefits are accrued in the year in which the associated services are rendered by employees. Where payment or settlement is deferred and the effect would be material, these amounts are stated at their present values.

Defined contribution plans

The Group operates a defined contribution Mandatory Provident Fund retirement benefits scheme (the “MPF Scheme”) under the Mandatory Provident Fund Schemes Ordinance for all of its eligible employees. Contributions are made based on a percentage of the employees’ basic salaries and are charged to profit or loss as they become payable in accordance with the rules of the MPF Scheme. The obligations for contributions to defined contribution retirement scheme are recognised as an expense in profit or loss as incurred. The assets of the MPF Scheme are held separately from those of the Group in an independent administered fund.

2. 主要會計政策 (續)

僱員福利

短期僱員福利

薪金、年度獎金、帶薪年度假期、界定退休供款計劃之供款及非貨幣福利成本在僱員提供相關服務之年度內計提。倘延遲付款或結算之影響重大，則該等款項按彼等之現值列賬。

界定供款計劃

本集團根據強制性公積金計劃條例，為全體合資格僱員設立一項界定供款強制性公積金退休福利計劃（「強積金計劃」）。有關供款乃按照強積金計劃之規則，根據僱員基本薪金之某個百分比計算，並於須繳付時於損益表支銷。界定供款退休計劃之供款責任於產生時在損益中確認為開支。強積金計劃之資產以獨立管理基金形式與本集團之資產分開處理。

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2018

截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度

2. PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Share-based payment transactions

Equity-settled transactions

The Group's employees, including directors, receive remuneration in the form of share-based payment transactions, whereby the employees rendered services in exchange for shares or rights over shares. The cost of such transactions with employees is measured by reference to the fair value of the equity instruments at the grant date. The fair value of share options granted to employees is recognised as an employee cost with a corresponding increase in a reserve within equity. The fair value is determined using the binomial option pricing model, taking into account any market conditions and non-vesting conditions.

The cost of equity-settled transactions is recognised, together with a corresponding increase in equity, over the period in which the vesting conditions are to be fulfilled, ending on the date on which the entitlement of relevant employees to the award is no longer conditional on the satisfaction of any non-market vesting conditions ("vesting date"). During the vesting period, the number of share options that is expected to vest ultimately is reviewed. Any adjustment to the cumulative fair value recognised in prior periods is charged/credited to profit or loss for the year of review, with a corresponding adjustment to the reserve within equity.

When the share options are forfeited after the vesting date or are still not exercised at the expiry date, the amount previously recognised in share options reserve will be transferred to accumulated losses.

2. 主要會計政策 (續)

以股份為基礎之付款交易

權益結算交易

本集團之僱員(包括董事)按以股份為基礎之付款交易形式收取薪酬。據此，僱員提供服務以換取股份或有關股份之權利。與僱員進行之該等交易成本乃按授出日期權益工具之公允值計量。授予僱員之購股權之公允值確認為僱員成本，而儲備之相應增加則於權益確認。公允值以二項式期權定價模型釐定，並計及任何市況及非歸屬條件。

權益結算交易成本連同權益之相應增加於達成歸屬條件之期間確認，直至有關僱員享有獎勵不再以達成任何非市場歸屬條件為條件之日(「歸屬日期」)為止。本公司於歸屬期內審閱預期最終歸屬之購股權數目。已於以往期間確認之累計公允值之任何調整於審閱當年於損益扣除/計入，並於權益內對儲備作出相應之調整。

當購股權於歸屬日期後被沒收或於到期日期仍未行使時，早前於購股權儲備確認的金額將轉入累計虧損。

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2018

截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度

2. PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Share-based payment transactions (Continued)

Equity-settled transactions (Continued)

Equity-settled share-based payment transactions with parties other than employees are measured at fair value of the goods or services received, except where the fair value cannot be reliably estimated, in which case they are measured at the fair value of the equity instruments granted. In all cases, the fair value is measured at the date the Group obtains the goods or the counterparty renders the services.

Taxation

The charge for current income tax is based on the results for the year as adjusted for items that are non-assessable or disallowed. It is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

Deferred tax is provided, using the liability method, on all temporary differences at the end of the reporting period between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the consolidated financial statements. However, any deferred tax arising from initial recognition of goodwill; or other asset or liability in a transaction other than a business combination that at the time of the transaction affects neither the accounting profit nor taxable profit or loss is not recognised.

The deferred tax liabilities and assets are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply to the period when the asset is recovered or the liability is settled, based on tax rates and tax laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the end of the reporting period.

2. 主要會計政策 (續)

以股份為基礎之付款交易 (續)

權益結算交易 (續)

與僱員以外人士之間的以權益結算以股份為基礎之付款交易，按所收到貨物或服務之公允值計量，除非公允值無法可靠估計，在此情況下，則按已授出權益工具之公允值計量。在各情況下，公允值於本集團取得貨物或對手方提供服務之日計量。

稅項

即期所得稅支出乃根據本年度業績就免課稅或不可扣減項目作調整，並按於報告期結束時已實施或大致實施之稅率計算。

遞延稅項乃採用負債法，就資產與負債之稅基與其於綜合財務報表賬面值兩者於報告期結束時之所有暫時性差異作出撥備。然而，倘在交易中首次確認商譽；或其他資產或負債所產生之任何遞延稅項（業務合併者除外），於交易時並無影響會計溢利或應課稅溢利或虧損，則不會確認遞延稅項。

遞延稅項負債及資產根據於報告期間結束時已實施或大致實施之稅率及稅務法例，按預計適用於收回資產或負債償還期間之稅率計量。

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2018

截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度

2. PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Taxation (Continued)

Deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the deductible temporary differences, tax losses and credits can be utilised.

Deferred tax is provided on temporary differences arising on investment in subsidiaries except where the timing of the reversal of the temporary differences is controlled by the Group and it is probable that the temporary difference will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

Related parties/connected parties

A related party is a person or entity that is related to the Group.

- (a) A person or a close member of that person's family is related to the Group if that person:
- (i) has control or joint control over the Group;
 - (ii) has significant influence over the Group; or
 - (iii) is a member of the key management personnel of the Group.

2. 主要會計政策 (續)

稅項 (續)

遞延稅項資產乃根據有可能獲得之未來應課稅溢利可與可扣除臨時差異、稅務虧損及信貸抵免互相抵銷時予以確認。

遞延稅項乃就於附屬公司之投資所產生之暫時性差異而計提撥備，惟本集團所控制暫時性差異之撥回時間及暫時性差異可能於可預見將來不會撥回則除外。

關聯方／關連人士

關聯方為與本集團有關連之個人或實體。

- (a) 倘屬以下人士，則該人士或該人士之近親與本集團有關連：
- (i) 控制或共同控制本集團；
 - (ii) 對本集團有重大影響；或
 - (iii) 為本集團之主要管理層成員。

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2018

截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度

2. PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Related parties/connected parties (Continued)

(b) An entity is related to the Group if any of the following conditions applies:

- (i) The entity and the Group are members of the same group (which means that each parent, subsidiary and fellow subsidiary is related to the others).
- (ii) One entity is an associate or joint venture of the other entity (or an associate or joint venture of a member of a group of which the other entity is a member).
- (iii) Both entities are joint ventures of the same third party.
- (iv) One entity is a joint venture of a third entity and the other entity is an associate of the third entity.
- (v) The entity is a post-employment benefit plan for the benefit of employees of either the Group or an entity related to the Group. If the Group is itself such a plan, the sponsoring employers are also related to the Group.
- (vi) The entity is controlled or jointly controlled by a person identified in (a).

2. 主要會計政策 (續)

關聯方／關連人士 (續)

(b) 倘符合下列任何條件，則該實體與本集團有關連：

- (i) 該實體與本集團屬同一集團之成員公司（即各母公司、附屬公司及同系附屬公司彼此間有關連）。
- (ii) 一間實體為另一實體之聯營公司或合營企業（或另一實體為成員公司之集團旗下成員公司之聯營公司或合營企業）。
- (iii) 兩間實體均為同一第三方之合營企業。
- (iv) 一間實體為第三方實體之合營企業，而另一實體為該第三方實體之聯營公司。
- (v) 實體為本集團或與本集團有關連之實體就僱員利益設立之離職福利計劃。倘本集團本身屬有關計劃，提供資助之僱主亦與本集團有關連。
- (vi) 實體受(a)內所識別人土控制或共同控制。

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2018

截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度

2. PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Related parties/connected parties (Continued)

(b) An entity is related to the Group if any of the following conditions applies: (Continued)

(vii) A person identified in (a)(i) has significant influence over the entity or is a member of the key management personnel of the entity (or of a parent of the entity).

(viii) The entity, or any member of a group of which it is a part, provides key management personnel services to the Group or to the parent of the Group.

Close members of the family of a person are those family members who may be expected to influence, or be influenced by, that person in their dealings with the entity and include:

- (a) that person's children and spouse or domestic partner;
- (b) children of that person's spouse or domestic partner; and
- (c) dependents of that person or that person's spouse or domestic partner.

In the definition of a related party, an associate includes subsidiaries of the associate and a joint venture includes subsidiaries of the joint venture.

In addition, transactions with connected parties as defined under the Listing Rules are disclosed in the Directors' Report of this annual report.

2. 主要會計政策 (續)

關聯方／關連人士 (續)

(b) 倘符合下列任何條件，則該實體與本集團有關連：(續)

(vii) (a)(i)內所識別人士對實體有重大影響力或屬該實體(或該實體之母公司)之主要管理層成員。

(viii) 該實體或其所屬集團之任何成員公司向本集團或本集團母公司提供主要管理人員服務。

一名人士之近親家庭成員指預期在與實體之交易中可影響該人士或受該人士影響之家庭成員，包括：

- (a) 該名人士之子女及配偶或家庭夥伴；
- (b) 該名人士之配偶或家庭夥伴之子女；及
- (c) 該名人士或該名人士之配偶或家庭夥伴之受養人。

於關聯方之定義中，聯繫人包括聯繫人之附屬公司，而合營企業包括合營企業之附屬公司。

此外，與關連人士(根據上市規則界定)之交易於本年報之董事會報告內披露。

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2018

截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度

2. PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Critical accounting estimates and judgement

Estimates and assumptions concerning the future and judgements are made by the management in the preparation of the consolidated financial statements. They affect the application of the Group's accounting policies, reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income and expenses, and disclosures made. They are assessed on an on-going basis and are based on experience and relevant factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances. Where appropriate, revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period of revision and future periods, in case the revision also affects future periods.

Fair value of unlisted equity investments

The fair value of unlisted equity investments have been valued based on the expected cash flows discounted at current rates applicable for items with similar terms and risk characteristics. These valuations require the Group to make estimates about expected future cash flows, credit risk, volatility and discount rates, and hence they are subject to uncertainty. The fair value of the unlisted equity investments at 31 December 2018 was HK\$181,251,000 (2017: HK\$239,994,000). Further details are included in notes 11 and 12 to the financial statements respectively.

Impairment of investments in subsidiaries and receivables

The Group assesses annually if investment in subsidiaries has suffered any impairment in accordance with HKAS 36 and follows the guidance of HKFRS 9 in determining whether amounts due from these entities are impaired. Details of the approach are stated in the respective accounting policies. The assessment requires an estimation of future cash flows, including expected dividends, from the assets and the selection of appropriate discount rates. Future changes in financial performance and position of these entities would affect the estimation of impairment loss and cause the adjustments of their carrying amounts.

2. 主要會計政策 (續)

重要會計估計及判斷

管理層於編製綜合財務報表時作出有關未來之估計及假設以及判斷。其影響本集團會計政策之應用、資產、負債、收入及開支之報告金額以及作出之披露。其按持續基準並根據經驗及相關要素(包括對相信在有關於屬合理之未來事件的預期)評估。倘適用,對會計估計之修訂於修訂期間及未來期間確認,在此情況下,修訂亦影響未來期間。

非上市股本投資之公允值

非上市股本投資之公允值基於按適用於類似條款及風險特點項目的現時比率折現的預期現金流計量。該等評估要求本集團就預期未來現金流量、信貸風險、波動及折現率作出估計,因此具有不確定性。於二零一八年十二月三十一日,非上市股本投資之公允值為港幣181,251,000元(二零一七年:港幣239,994,000元)。進一步詳情分別載於財務報表附註11及12。

於附屬公司之投資及應收款減值

本集團每年根據香港會計準則第36號評估於附屬公司之投資有否出現任何減值,並遵循香港財務報告準則第9號之指引釐定應收該等實體之款項有否出現減值。有關會計法之詳情載於各項會計政策內。評估須運用對資產未來現金流(包括預期股息)之估計及挑選合適折現率。該等實體於日後之財務表現及狀況變動將影響減值虧損之估計,並須調整其賬面值。

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2018

截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度

3. FUTURE CHANGES IN HKFRSS

At the date of authorisation of these consolidated financial statements, the HKICPA has issued the following new/revised HKFRSS that are not yet effective for the current year, which the Group has not early adopted.

HKFRS 16	<i>Leases</i> ¹
HKFRS 17	<i>Insurance Contracts</i> ²
HK(IFRIC)-Int 23	<i>Uncertainty over Income Tax Treatments</i> ¹
Amendments to HKFRS 3	<i>Definition of Business</i> ⁴
Amendments to HKFRS 10 and HKAS 28	<i>Sale or Contribution of Assets between an Investor and its Associate or Joint Venture</i> ³
Amendments to HKAS 1 and HKAS 8	<i>Definition of Material</i> ⁴
Amendments to HKAS 19	<i>Plan Amendment, Curtailment or Settlement</i> ¹
Amendments to HKAS 28	<i>Long-term Interests in Associates and Joint Ventures</i> ¹
Amendments to HKFRSs	<i>Annual Improvements to HKFRSs 2015-2017 Cycle</i> ¹

¹ Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2019.

² Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2021.

³ Effective for annual periods beginning on or after a date to be determined.

⁴ Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2020

3. 香港財務報告準則未來變動

於授權刊發此等綜合財務報表之日，本集團並無提早採用香港會計師公會已頒佈但於本年度尚未生效之下列新訂／經修訂香港財務報告準則。

香港財務報告準則第16號	<i>租賃</i> ¹
香港財務報告準則第17號	<i>保險合約</i> ²
香港（國際財務報告詮釋委員會）－詮釋第23號	<i>所得稅處理的不確定性</i> ¹
香港財務報告準則第3號（修訂本）	<i>業務定義</i> ⁴
香港財務報告準則第10號及香港會計準則第28號（修訂本）	<i>投資者與其聯營公司或合營企業之間的資產出售或投入</i> ³
香港會計準則第1號及香港會計準則第8號（修訂本）	<i>重大定義</i> ⁴
香港會計準則第19號（修訂本）	<i>計劃修訂、縮減或結算</i> ¹
香港會計準則第28號（修訂本）	<i>於聯營公司及合營企業的長期權益</i> ¹
香港財務報告準則（修訂本）	<i>香港財務報告準則二零一五年至二零一七年週期的年度改進</i> ¹

¹ 於二零一九年一月一日或之後開始之年度期間生效。

² 於二零二一年一月一日或之後開始之年度期間生效。

³ 於待定日期或之後開始之年度期間生效。

⁴ 於二零二零年一月一日或之後開始之年度期間生效

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2018

截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度

3. FUTURE CHANGES IN HKFRS (Continued)

Except for the new and amendments to HKFRSs mentioned below, the directors of the Company anticipate that the application of all other new and amendments to HKFRSs will have no material impact on the consolidated financial statements in the foreseeable future.

HKFRS 16 Leases

HKFRS 16 introduces a comprehensive model for the identification of lease arrangements and accounting treatments for both lessors and lessees. HKFRS 16 will supersede HKAS 17 Leases and the related interpretations when it becomes effective.

HKFRS 16 distinguishes lease and service contracts on the basis of whether an identified asset is controlled by a customer. In addition, HKFRS 16 requires sales and leaseback transactions to be determined based on the requirements of HKFRS 15 as to whether the transfer of the relevant asset should be accounted as a sale.

HKFRS 16 also includes requirements relating to subleases and lease modifications. Distinctions of operating leases and finance leases are removed for lessee accounting, and is replaced by a model where a right-of-use asset and a corresponding liability have to be recognised for all leases by lessees, except for short-term leases and leases of low value assets.

3. 香港財務報告準則未來變動 (續)

除下文所述之新訂及經修訂香港財務報告準則外，本公司董事預期應用所有其他新訂及經修訂香港財務報告準則於可預見未來將不會對綜合財務報表產生重大影響。

香港財務報告準則第16號「租賃」

香港財務報告準則第16號為租賃安排之識別以及出租人及承租人的會計處理引入一套全面的模式。香港財務報告準則第16號生效時將取替香港會計準則第17號「租賃」及相關詮釋。

香港財務報告準則第16號根據所識別資產是否由客戶控制以區分租賃及服務合約。此外，香港財務報告準則第16號規定銷售及回租交易將根據香港財務報告準則第15號之規定釐定有關資產轉讓是否應作為銷售入賬。

香港財務報告準則第16號亦包括有關分租及租賃修訂之規定。除短期租賃及低值資產的租賃外，經營租賃及融資租賃的差異自承租人會計處理中移除，並由承租人須就所有租賃確認使用權資產及相應負債的模式所取代。

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2018

截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度

3. FUTURE CHANGES IN HKFRS (Continued) HKFRS 16 Leases (Continued)

The right-of-use asset is initially measured at cost and subsequently measured at cost (subject to certain exceptions) less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses, adjusted for any remeasurement of the lease liability. The lease liability is initially measured at the present value of the lease payments that are not paid at that date. Subsequently, the lease liability is adjusted for interest and lease payments, as well as the impact of lease modifications, amongst others. For the classification of cash flows, the Group currently presents upfront prepaid lease payments as investing cash flows in relation to leasehold lands for owned use and those classified as investment properties while other operating lease payments are presented as operating cash flows. Upon application of HKFRS 16, lease payments in relation to lease liability will be allocated into a principal and an interest portion which will be presented as financing cash flows by the Group.

Under HKAS 17, the Group has already recognised an asset and a related finance lease liability for finance lease arrangement and prepaid lease payments for leasehold lands where the Group is a lessee. The application of HKFRS 16 may result in potential changes in classification of these assets depending on whether the Group presents right-of-use assets separately or within the same line item at which the corresponding underlying assets would be presented if they were owned.

3. 香港財務報告準則未來變動 (續) 香港財務報告準則第16號「租賃」 (續)

使用權資產初步按成本計量，隨後以成本（惟若干例外情況除外）減累計折舊及減值虧損計量，並就租賃負債的任何重新計量作出調整。租賃負債初步按租賃付款（非當日支付）的現值計量。其後，租賃負債就（其中包括）利息及租賃付款以及租賃修訂的影響作出調整。就現金流量分類而言，本集團現時將有關自用及分類為投資物業的租賃土地的前期預付租賃付款呈列為投資現金流量，而其他經營租賃付款則呈列為經營現金流量。於應用香港財務報告準則第16號時，有關租賃負債的租賃付款將分配至本金及利息部分，並將由本集團呈列為融資現金流量。

根據香港會計準則第17號，本集團已就融資租賃安排及租賃土地（本集團為承租人）的預付租賃付款確認資產及相關融資租賃負債。應用香港財務報告準則第16號可能導致該等資產的分類發生潛在變動，其分類視乎本集團是否將使用權資產單獨呈列或於相應有關資產（倘擁有）的同一項目內呈列。

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2018

截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度

3. FUTURE CHANGES IN HKFRS (Continued) HKFRS 16 Leases (Continued)

Other than certain requirements which are also applicable to lessor, HKFRS 16 substantially carries forward the lessor accounting requirements in HKAS 17, and continues to require a lessor to classify a lease either as an operating lease or a finance lease.

Furthermore, extensive disclosures are required by HKFRS 16.

As at 31 December 2018, the Group has non-cancellable operating lease commitments of HK\$129,000 as disclosed in note 6. A preliminary assessment indicates that these arrangements will meet the definition of a lease. Upon application of HKFRS 16, the Group will recognise a right-of-use asset and a corresponding liability in respect of all these leases unless they qualify for low value or short-term leases.

In addition, the Group currently considers refundable rental deposits paid of approximately HK\$26,000 as rights and obligations under leases to which HKAS 17 applies. Based on the definition of lease payments under HKFRS 16, such deposits are not payments relating to the right to use the underlying assets, accordingly, the carrying amounts of such deposits may be adjusted to amortised cost. Adjustments to refundable rental deposits paid would be considered as additional lease payments and included in the carrying amount of right-of-use assets.

3. 香港財務報告準則未來變動(續) 香港財務報告準則第16號「租賃」 (續)

除亦適用於出租人的若干規定外，香港財務報告準則第16號大致轉承了香港會計準則第17號的出租人會計處理方法的規定，並繼續要求出租人將其租賃分類為經營租賃或融資租賃。

此外，香港財務報告準則第16號要求作出更詳盡的披露。

於二零一八年十二月三十一日，本集團的不可撤銷經營租賃承擔為港幣129,000元（如附註6所披露）。初步評估顯示，該等安排符合租賃定義。於應用香港財務報告準則第16號後，本集團將就所有該等租賃確認使用權資產及相應負債，惟低值或短期租賃除外。

此外，本集團目前認為已付可退回租賃按金約港幣26,000元乃租賃項下的權利及義務，香港會計準則第17號對其適用。根據香港財務報告準則第16號租賃款項的定義，上述按金並非與使用相關資產權利有關的款項，因此，上述按金的賬面值可予調整至攤銷成本。已付可退回租賃按金的調整將被視為額外租賃款項且計入使用權資產的賬面值內。

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2018

截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度

3. FUTURE CHANGES IN HKFRS (Continued) HKFRS 16 Leases (Continued)

The application of new requirements may result in changes in measurement, presentation and disclosure as indicated above. The Group intends to elect the practical expedient to apply HKFRS 16 to contracts that were previously identified as leases applying HKAS 17 and HK(IFRIC)-Int 4 Determining whether an Arrangement contains a Lease and not apply this standard to contracts that were not previously identified as containing a lease applying HKAS 17 and HK(IFRIC)-Int 4. Therefore, the Group will not reassess whether the contracts are, or contain a lease which already existed prior to the date of initial application. Furthermore, the Group intends to elect the modified retrospective approach for the application of HKFRS 16 as lessee and will recognise the cumulative effect of initial application to opening retained profits without restating comparative information.

3. 香港財務報告準則未來變動 (續) 香港財務報告準則第16號「租賃」 (續)

應用新規定可能令上文所述的計量、呈列及披露產生變動。本集團擬選用可行及適宜之方法，就先前應用香港會計準則第17號及香港（國際財務報告詮釋委員會）－詮釋第4號釐定安排是否包括租賃識別為租賃的合約應用香港財務報告準則第16號，而對於先前應用香港會計準則第17號及香港（國際財務報告詮釋委員會）－詮釋第4號並非識別為包括租賃的合約，則不應用該準則。因此，本集團不會重新評估合約是否為或包括於初次應用日期前已存在的租賃。此外，本集團（作為承租人）擬選擇經修訂追溯法應用香港財務報告準則第16號，並將確認初次應用對期初保留溢利的累計影響，而並無重列比較資料。

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2018

截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度

4. REVENUE

The Group is principally engaged in the investment in listed and unlisted companies. Revenue recognised during the year are as follows:

4. 收益

本集團主要業務為投資上市及非上市公司。本年度已確認之收益如下：

		2018 二零一八年 HK\$'000 港幣千元	2017 二零一七年 HK\$'000 港幣千元
Revenue	收益		
Interest income	利息收入	1	5
Dividend income from listed equity investments as FVPL	分類為透過損益按公允值列賬之上市股本投資之股息收入	45	–
		46	5

5. SEGMENT INFORMATION

For the purpose of internal reporting, the Group only has one business segment, namely, investments in listed and unlisted securities. Business segment information, which is the Group's primary basis of segment reporting, is not required as the Group's revenue, contribution to operating profit, assets and liabilities are attributable to this only segment.

Geographical information

The geographical location from which the Group derives revenue is based on the location of the markets of the respective investments; and geographical location of the specified non-current assets is based on the physical location of the asset. However, all of the Group's revenue and non-current assets are principally attributable to Hong Kong. Consequently, no geographical information represented.

5. 分部資料

就內部呈報而言，本集團僅有一個業務分部，即上市及非上市證券之投資。由於本集團之收益、經營溢利之貢獻、資產及負債均來自於此單一分部，故毋須提供業務分部資料（乃本集團分部呈報之主要基準）。

地區資料

本集團賺取收益之地域分區乃以各自投資所處市場為基準；而特定非流動資產之地域分區乃以資產實物所處地區為基準。然而，本集團全部收益及非流動資產主要位於香港。因此，並無呈列地區資料。

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2018

截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度

6. LOSS BEFORE TAX

6. 除稅前虧損

		2018 二零一八年 HK\$'000 港幣千元	2017 二零一七年 HK\$'000 港幣千元
This is stated after charging (crediting):	經扣除(計入):		
Finance costs	融資成本		
Interest on margin financing	孖展融資利息	1,477	1,023
Interest on loan payables	應付貸款利息	150	1,586
Interest on bond payables	應付債券利息	516	600
		2,143	3,209
Staff costs	員工成本		
Employee benefits expense, excluding directors' remuneration	僱員福利開支, 董事酬金除外	416	529
Contributions to defined contribution plans	界定供款計劃供款	20	26
		436	555
Other items	其他項目		
Auditor's remuneration	核數師酬金	450	430
Operating leases in respect of: office premises	有關下列各項之 經營租約: 辦公室物業	 129	 52
Disclosures pursuant to Rule 21.12(1)(c) of the Listing Rules	根據上市規則 第21.12(1)(c)條披露		
Realised loss on disposal of listed investments	出售上市投資之 已變現虧損 (i)	15,402	169,837
Realised gain on disposal of unlisted investments	出售非上市投資之 已變現收益	-	(5,000)
Unrealised loss on listed investments	上市投資之未變現虧損 (ii)	40,876	428,067
Unrealised loss on unlisted investments	非上市投資之 未變現虧損	58,743	56,981

Notes:

- (i) The amounts are calculated based on the sales proceeds less cost of those listed investments.
- (ii) The amounts represented changes in fair value of unrealised investments during the year and cumulative change in fair value of realised investments.

附註:

- (i) 該等金額乃根據銷售所得款項減相關上市投資之成本計算。
- (ii) 該等金額指年內未變現投資之公允值變動及已變現投資之公允值之累計變動。

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2018

截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度

7. TAXATION

No provision for Hong Kong Profits Tax was made by the Group as the Group did not derive any assessable profits in Hong Kong for the year ended 31 December 2018 and 2017.

Reconciliation of tax expense

		2018 二零一八年 HK\$'000 港幣千元	2017 二零一七年 HK\$'000 港幣千元
Loss before tax	除稅前虧損	(123,270)	(613,334)
Income tax at applicable tax rate of 16.5% (2017: 16.5%)	按適用稅率16.5% (二零一七年: 16.5%) 計算之所得稅	(20,340)	(101,200)
Tax exempt revenue	稅項豁免收益	(40)	(826)
Non-deductible expenses	不可扣減開支	10,848	4,409
Tax loss not recognised	未確認稅項虧損	2,787	28,193
Unrecognised deductible temporary difference	未確認可扣稅 臨時差異	6,745	69,424
Tax credit for the year	年內稅項抵免	-	-

7. 稅項

由於截至二零一八年及二零一七年十二月三十一日止年度本集團並無於香港賺取應課稅溢利，故本集團並無就香港利得稅作出撥備。

稅項開支對賬

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2018

截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度

8. LOSS PER SHARE

The calculation of basic loss per share is based on the Group's loss attributable to the equity holders of the Company of HK\$123,270,000 (2017: HK\$613,334,000) and the weighted average number of 1,862,316,806 (2017: 1,808,289,409) ordinary shares in issue during the year.

As exercise of share options of the Company would result in a decrease in loss per share, diluted loss per share is the same as basic loss per share in year ended 31 December 2018 and 2017.

9. DIRECTORS' AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT'S EMOLUMENTS

(a) Directors' emoluments

The aggregate amount of emoluments received or receivable by the Company's directors were as follows:

8. 每股虧損

每股基本虧損乃根據年內本公司權益持有人應佔本集團虧損港幣123,270,000元(二零一七年:港幣613,334,000元)及已發行普通股之加權平均數1,862,316,806股(二零一七年:1,808,289,409股)計算。

截至二零一八年及二零一七年十二月三十一日止年度,由於行使本公司購股權會導致每股虧損減少,故每股攤薄虧損與每股基本虧損相同。

9. 董事及高級管理人員酬金

(a) 董事酬金

本公司董事已收或應收之酬金總額如下:

		2018 二零一八年				
		Salaries, allowances and benefits in kind	Retirement scheme contributions	Share-based payment expenses	Total	
		薪金、津貼及 實物利益	退休計劃 供款	以股份為基準 之付款開支	合計	
		HK\$'000 港幣千元	HK\$'000 港幣千元	HK\$'000 港幣千元	HK\$'000 港幣千元	
Executive director	執行董事					
Shum Kit Lan Anita	沈潔蘭	-	840	18	-	858
Non-executive director	非執行董事					
Hu Xiaoting	胡曉婷	180	-	-	-	180
Independent non-executive directors	獨立非執行董事					
Chan Yik Pun	陳奕斌	120	-	-	-	120
Chung Fai Chun	鍾輝珍	120	-	-	-	120
Hung Cho Sing	洪祖星	120	-	-	-	120
		540	840	18	-	1,398

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2018

截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度

9. DIRECTORS' AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT'S EMOLUMENTS (Continued)

(a) Directors' emoluments (Continued)

9. 董事及高級管理人員酬金 (續)

(a) 董事酬金 (續)

		2017 二零一七年				
		Directors' fees	Salaries, allowances and benefits in kind	Retirement scheme contributions	Share-based payment expenses	Total
		薪金、津貼及實物利益	薪金、津貼及實物利益	退休計劃供款	以股份為基準之付款開支	合計
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		港幣千元	港幣千元	港幣千元	港幣千元	港幣千元
Executive director	執行董事					
Shum Kit Lan Anita	沈潔蘭	-	480	18	-	498
Non-executive director	非執行董事					
Hu Xiaoting (appointed on 7 June 2017)	胡曉婷 (於二零一七年六月七日獲委任)	102	-	-	30	132
Independent non-executive directors	獨立非執行董事					
Chan Yik Pun	陳奕斌	120	-	-	-	120
Chung Fai Chun	鍾輝珍	120	-	-	-	120
Hung Cho Sing	洪祖星	120	-	-	-	120
		462	480	18	30	990

Note: All executive directors and independent non-executive directors of the Company are the key management personnel, also related parties, of the Company. During the year, no other transactions with related parties have taken place (2017: Nil).

Salaries, allowance and benefit in kind paid or payable to the executive directors are generally emoluments paid or payable in respect of those persons' services in connection with the management of the affairs of the Company and its subsidiaries.

附註：本公司所有執行董事及獨立非執行董事均為主要管理人員，亦為本公司關聯方。年內，並無與關聯方進行其他交易（二零一七年：無）。

已付或應付予執行董事之薪金、津貼及實物利益一般為就彼等提供有關本公司及其附屬公司之事務管理的個人服務而已付或應付之酬金。

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2018

截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度

9. DIRECTORS' AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT'S EMOLUMENTS (Continued)

(a) Directors' emoluments (Continued)

Note: (Continued)

Directors' fee paid to the non-executive and independent non-executive directors are for their services as directors of the Company.

There were no arrangements under which a director waived or agreed to waive any emoluments for the year (2017: Nil). In addition, no emoluments were paid by the Group to any of the directors as an inducement to join, or upon joining the Group or as a compensation for loss of office for the year (2017: Nil).

(b) Individuals with highest emoluments

Of the five individuals with highest emoluments of the Group, three (2017: three) are directors whose emoluments are disclosed in note 9(a) to the consolidated financial statements. The aggregate of the emoluments in respect of the other two (2017: two) individuals is as follows:

	2018 二零一八年 HK\$'000 港幣千元	2017 二零一七年 HK\$'000 港幣千元
Salaries and other emoluments 薪金及其他薪酬	416	529
Retirement scheme contributions 退休計劃供款	20	26
	436	555

9. 董事及高級管理人員酬金 (續)

(a) 董事酬金 (續)

附註：(續)

支付予非執行董事及獨立非執行董事之董事袍金乃就彼等擔任本公司董事而提供之服務支付。

年內，董事概無根據任何安排放棄或同意放棄領取酬金(二零一七年：無)。此外，年內，本集團概無向任何董事支付酬金作為加入本集團，或加入本集團後之獎賞或作為離職補償(二零一七年：無)。

(b) 最高薪酬人士

本集團五名最高薪酬人士中，三名(二零一七年：三名)為董事，其薪酬於綜合財務報表附註9(a)披露。其餘兩名(二零一七年：兩名)人士之薪酬總額如下：

	2018 二零一八年 HK\$'000 港幣千元	2017 二零一七年 HK\$'000 港幣千元
Salaries and other emoluments 薪金及其他薪酬	416	529
Retirement scheme contributions 退休計劃供款	20	26
	436	555

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2018

截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度

9. DIRECTORS' AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT'S EMOLUMENTS (Continued)

(b) Individuals with highest emoluments (Continued)

The emoluments were within the following band:

	Number of employee 僱員人數	
	2018 二零一八年	2017 二零一七年
HK\$Nil to HK\$1,000,000 港幣零元至港幣 1,000,000元	2	2

(c) Share options granted to the directors of the Company

Under the existing share option scheme approved by the shareholders of the Company on 30 April 2013 (the "2013 Option Scheme"), the Board may grant options to those participants who, in its sole discretion, have contributed to or will contribute to the Group. During the year, no share options were granted to a non-executive director (2017: 16,000,000). Details of the 2013 Option Scheme are disclosed in note 20 to the consolidated financial statements.

9. 董事及高級管理人員酬金 (續)

(b) 最高薪酬人士 (續)

彼等之薪酬介乎以下範圍：

	Number of employee 僱員人數	
	2018 二零一八年	2017 二零一七年
	2	2

(c) 授予本公司董事之購股權

根據本公司股東於二零一三年四月三十日批准之現有購股權計劃(「二零一三年購股權計劃」)，董事會可向其全權酌情認為曾經或將會對本集團作出貢獻之參與者授出購股權。年內，未向非執行董事授出購股權(二零一七年：16,000,000份)。二零一三年購股權計劃之詳情於綜合財務報表附註20披露。

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2018

截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度

10. SUBSIDIARIES

The following is a list of the details of the subsidiaries directly and indirectly held by the Company at 31 December 2018 and 2017:

10. 附屬公司

下列為於二零一八年及二零一七年十二月三十一日本公司直接及間接持有之附屬公司詳情：

Name of subsidiary 附屬公司名稱	Principal place of business and place of incorporation 主要營業地點及 註冊成立地點	Particulars of issued share capital 已發行股本詳情	Proportion of nominal value of issued capital held by the Company 本公司所持已發行 股本面值之比例		Principal activities 主要業務
			Directly 直接	Indirectly 間接	
Anchor Talent Limited	The British Virgin Islands	1 ordinary share of US\$1 each	100%	-	Investment holding
Anchor Talent Limited	英屬處女群島	1股每股面值1美元之普通股	100%	-	投資控股
Excellent Top (H.K.) Limited	Hong Kong	1 ordinary share with no par value	-	100%	Dormant
兆達(香港)有限公司	香港	1股並無面值之普通股	-	100%	暫無營業
Gufalore Investments Limited	The British Virgin Islands	1 ordinary share of US\$1 each	100%	-	Investment holding
Gufalore Investments Limited	英屬處女群島	1股每股面值1美元之普通股	100%	-	投資控股
Ninotre Investment Limited	The British Virgin Islands	1 ordinary share of US\$1 each	-	100%	Investment holding
Ninotre Investment Limited	英屬處女群島	1股每股面值1美元之普通股	-	100%	投資控股
Pacific Kingdom International Limited	The British Virgin Islands	1 ordinary share of US\$1 each	100%	-	Investment holding
Pacific Kingdom International Limited	英屬處女群島	1股每股面值1美元之普通股	100%	-	投資控股
Visionary Limited*	The Cayman Islands	1 ordinary share of US\$1 each	-	-	Dormant
Visionary Limited*	開曼群島	1股每股面值1美元之普通股	-	-	暫無營業
Whiterock Holdings Limited	The British Virgin Islands	1 ordinary share of US\$1 each	-	100%	Investment holding
Whiterock Holdings Limited	英屬處女群島	1股每股面值1美元之普通股	-	100%	投資控股

* the wholly owned subsidiary had been struck off during the year.

* 全資附屬公司已於年內除名。

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2018

截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度

11. AVAILABLE-FOR-SALE INVESTMENTS

11. 可供銷售投資

		2018 二零一八年 HK\$'000 港幣千元	2017 二零一七年 HK\$'000 港幣千元
Equity investments, at fair value	股權投資，按公允值		
Listed in Hong Kong	在香港上市	–	6,098
Equity investments, at fair value	股權投資，按公允值		
Unlisted outside Hong Kong	香港境外非上市	–	239,994
Total	合計	–	246,092

As at 31 December 2017, the carrying amount of the Group's interest in the shares or underlying shares in the following Hong Kong listed companies is included in the ten largest investments of the Group.

於二零一七年十二月三十一日，本集團於以下香港上市公司之股份或相關股份中之權益之賬面值已計入本集團十大投資。

Name	Place of incorporation	Principal activities	Class of shares held/ Particulars of issued share capital	Proportion of nominal value of issued capital held by the Group 本集團所持 已發行股本 面值之比例
名稱	註冊成立地點	主要業務	所持股份類別/ 已發行股本詳情	
SunCorp Technologies Limited	Bermuda	Design and sales of telephones and related products, processing and trading of used computer-related components	Ordinary share of HK\$0.0003 each	1.60%
新確科技有限公司	百慕達	電話及相關產品之設計及銷售以及提供二手電腦相關組件之加工及貿易	普通股每股面值港幣0.0003元	1.60%

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2018

截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度

11. INVESTMENT IN EQUITY INSTRUMENTS

(Continued)

Available-for-sale investments at the end of the reporting period (Continued)

(a) (Continued)

11. 權益工具投資 (續)

於報告期末可供銷售投資 (續)

(a) (續)

	2018 二零一八年 HK\$'000 港幣千元	2017 二零一七年 HK\$'000 港幣千元
Market value of equity securities listed in Hong Kong 於香港上市股本證券之市值	-	6,098

Under HKAS 39, the Group's available-for-sale equity securities listed in Hong Kong were determined to be impaired on the basis of that there had been a significant or prolonged decline in their respective fair value below their costs. Aggregate impairment losses of HK\$7,317,000 were recognised in profit or loss in 2017.

Upon adoption of HKFRS 9, the Company had designated investments in listed securities originally classified as available-for-sale investments to equity investments at fair value through profit or loss after the transition to HKFRS 9 on 1 January 2018. The result of assessment and impact are detailed in note 2.

根據香港會計準則第39號，本集團可供銷售之於香港上市股本證券被釐定為出現減值，原因為其各自公允值大幅或長期低於成本值。於二零一七年，合併減值虧損港幣7,317,000元於損益確認。

於採納香港財務報告準則第9號後，本公司於二零一八年一月一日過渡至香港財務報告準則第9號後，將原分類為可供出售投資之上市證券投資指定為透過損益按公允值列賬之股本投資。評估結果及影響詳述於附註2。

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2018

截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度

12. EQUITY INVESTMENTS AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT OR LOSS

12. 透過損益按公允值列賬之股本投資

		2018 二零一八年 HK\$'000 港幣千元	2017 二零一七年 HK\$'000 港幣千元
Current	流動		
Listed equity investments in Hong Kong	在香港上市之 股本投資	148,545	–
Non-current	非流動		
Unlisted equity investment outside Hong Kong	在香港境外之 非上市股本投資	181,251	–

Listed equity investments represent the Group's investments in listed equity securities that are held for trading, and designated by the Group as at fair value through profit or loss after the transition to HKFRS 9.

Upon adoption of HKFRS 9, the Company had designated investments in listed securities originally classified as financial assets held for trading to equity investments at fair value through profit or loss. The result of assessment and impact are detailed in note 2.

As at 31 December 2018, the net fair value loss in respect of the Group's Hong Kong listed investments recognised in profit or loss amounted to approximately HK\$40,876,000, and a net loss of approximately HK\$15,402,000 was recognised upon disposal of the listed equity investments for the year.

上市股本投資指本集團於持作買賣上市股本證券之投資，於過渡至香港財務報告準則第9號後由本集團指定為透過損益按公允值列賬。

於採納香港財務報告準則第9號後，本公司將原分類為持作買賣金融資產之上市證券投資指定為透過損益按公允值列賬之股本投資。評估結果及影響詳述於附註2。

於二零一八年十二月三十一日，本集團於損益確認之香港上市投資之公允值虧損淨額約為港幣40,876,000元，及於年內出售上市股本投資後確認虧損淨額約港幣15,402,000元。

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2018

截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度

12. EQUITY INVESTMENTS AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT OR LOSS (Continued)

The unlisted equity securities represent investments in private entities which are included in the ten largest investments of the Group as at 31 December 2018. Details are as follows:

12. 透過損益按公允值列賬之股本投資 (續)

非上市股本證券包括於二零一八年十二月三十一日列入本集團十大投資的於私人實體之投資。詳情如下：

	Notes 附註	2018 二零一八年		2017 二零一七年	
		Effective shareholding interest 實際股權	Fair value 公允值 HK\$'000 港幣千元	Effective shareholding interest 實際股權	Fair value 公允值 HK\$'000 港幣千元
Pure Power Holdings Limited	(i),(iv)	24.33%	72,493	24.33%	93,938
Pure Power Holdings Limited					
Keen Champ Investments Limited	(ii),(iv)	16.08%	66,001	16.00%	94,120
建冠投資有限公司					
Peak Zone Group Limited	(iii),(iv)	29.90%	42,757	29.90%	51,936
Peak Zone Group Limited					

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2018

截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度

12. EQUITY INVESTMENTS AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT OR LOSS (Continued)

Movement of during the year (Continued)

Notes:

- (i) Pure Power Holdings Limited (“**Pure Power**”) is a private company and incorporated in the British Virgin Islands. The principal activity of Pure Power is investment holding and the principal activities of its subsidiary are the exploration and exploitation of natural resources in the United States of America.
- (ii) Keen Champ Investments Limited (“**Keen Champ**”) is a private company and incorporated in the British Virgin Islands. The principal activity of Keen Champ is investment holding and the principal activities of its subsidiaries are holding of a bundle of forest trees in the People’s Republic of China.
- (iii) Peak Zone Group Limited (“**Peak Zone**”) is a private company and incorporated in the British Virgin Islands. The principal activity of Peak Zone is investment holding and its subsidiaries are engaged in the electronic commerce industry specialising in the provision of integrated application.
- (iv) At the end of the reporting period, the Group held more than 20% of the effective shareholding interest in these companies. The investments in these companies are not accounted for as associates as the Group had no significant influence over these companies. In accordance with the relevant agreement signed between the Group and these investee companies as well as the other shareholders of the investee companies, the Group does not have the right to participate in its policy-making processes, to appoint directors nor management and to interchange of managerial personnel.

12. 透過損益按公允值列賬之股本投資 (續)

年內變動 (續)

附註:

- (i) Pure Power Holdings Limited (「**Pure Power**」) 為於英屬處女群島註冊成立之私營公司，主要業務為投資控股，而其附屬公司的主要業務為於美利堅合眾國勘探及開採天然資源。
- (ii) 建冠投資有限公司 (「**建冠**」) 為於英屬處女群島註冊成立之私營公司，其主要業務為投資控股，而其附屬公司的主要業務為持有位於中華人民共和國之林木叢。
- (iii) Peak Zone Group Limited (「**Peak Zone**」) 為於英屬處女群島註冊成立之私營公司，Peak Zone 主要業務為投資控股，而其附屬公司從事電子商務業，專門提供綜合應用。
- (iv) 於報告期結束時，本集團於該等公司持有超過20% 實際股權。由於本集團對該等公司並無重大影響力，故於該等公司之投資並無作為聯營公司入賬。根據本集團與該等所投資公司及所投資公司其他股東簽訂之協議，本集團並無權參與其決策過程，委任董事或管理層及置換管理人員。

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2018

截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度

13. INVESTMENTS PORTFOLIO

Pursuant to the requirements stipulated in Rule 21.12 of the Listing Rules, the Group discloses its ten largest investments and all individual investments with value exceeding 5% of the Group's gross assets at the end of the reporting period with brief description of the investee companies as follows:

Top ten investments 2018

Notes 附註	Name of investee company 所投資公司名稱	Number of shares held 所持股份數目	Effective shareholding interest 實際股權	Acquisition cost 收購成本 HK\$'000 港幣千元	Carrying amount as at 31 December 2018	Accumulated unrealised holding gain (loss) arising on revaluation 重估時產生之累計未變現持股收益(虧損) HK\$'000 港幣千元	Dividend received/receivable during the year 年內已收/應收股息 HK\$'000 港幣千元	Classification of financial assets 金融資產分類
					於二零一八年十二月三十一日之賬面值 HK\$'000 港幣千元			
(i)	Pure Power Holdings Limited Pure Power Holdings Limited	2,068	24.33%	188,000	72,493	(115,507)	-	Non-current equity instruments FVPL 透過損益按公允價值列賬之非流動股本工具
(ii)	Keen Champ Investments Limited 建冠投資有限公司	16	16.00%	128,000	66,001	(61,999)	-	Non-current equity instruments FVPL 透過損益按公允價值列賬之非流動股本工具
(iii)	Peak Zone Group Limited Peak Zone Group Limited	2,990	29.90%	90,000	42,757	(47,243)	-	Non-current equity instruments FVPL 透過損益按公允價值列賬之非流動股本工具
(iv)	WLS Holdings Ltd. 滙隆控股有限公司	693,720,000	4.83%	29,920	33,299	(15,215)	-	Current equity instruments FVPL 透過損益按公允價值列賬之流動股本工具
(v)	China Kingstone Mining Holdings Limited 中國金石礦業控股有限公司	304,966,082	10.77%	88,814	32,631	(56,182)	-	Current equity instruments FVPL 透過損益按公允價值列賬之流動股本工具
(vi)	China e-Wallet Payment Group Limited 中國錢包支付集團有限公司	101,970,371	3.72%	32,385	19,680	(20,194)	-	Current equity instruments FVPL 透過損益按公允價值列賬之流動股本工具
(vii)	China National Culture Group Limited 中國國家文化產業集團有限公司	485,000,000	4.94%	48,500	7,760	(40,740)	-	Current equity instruments FVPL 透過損益按公允價值列賬之流動股本工具
(viii)	KPM Holding Limited 吉輝控股有限公司	158,780,000	4.96%	56,665	7,145	(45,268)	-	Current equity instruments FVPL 透過損益按公允價值列賬之流動股本工具
(ix)	China Properties Investment Holdings Limited 中國置業投資控股有限公司	234,990,000	4.84%	82,230	5,875	(65,796)	-	Current equity instruments FVPL 透過損益按公允價值列賬之流動股本工具
(x)	SEEC Media Group Limited 財訊傳媒集團有限公司	291,460,000	4.57%	77,900	5,538	(60,696)	-	Current equity instruments FVPL 透過損益按公允價值列賬之流動股本工具

As at 31 December 2018, the Group's top ten investments have been listed above.

13. 投資組合

根據上市規則第21.12條之規定，本集團披露其十大投資及於報告期間結束時價值超過本集團總資產5%之所有個別投資，有關所投資公司簡述如下：

十大投資 二零一八年

於二零一八年十二月三十一日，本集團持有之十大投資乃已於上文列出。

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2018

截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度

13. INVESTMENTS PORTFOLIO (Continued)

Top ten investments (Continued)

2017

13. 投資組合 (續)

十大投資 (續)

二零一七年

Notes 附註	Name of investee company 所投資公司名稱	Number of shares held 所持股份數目	Effective shareholding interest 實際股權	Acquisition cost 收購成本 HK\$'000 港幣千元	Carrying amount as at 31 December 2017	Accumulated impairment on investments 投資之 累計減值	Accumulated unrealised holding gain (loss) arising on revaluation 重估時產生之 累計未變現 持股收益 (虧損) HK\$'000 港幣千元	Dividend received/ receivable during the year 年內已收/ 應收股息 HK\$'000 港幣千元	Classification of financial assets 金融資產類別
					於二零一七年 十二月三十一日 之賬面值 HK\$'000 港幣千元				
(i) (i)	Pure Power Holdings Limited Pure Power Holdings Limited	2,068	24.33%	188,000	93,938	(105,500)	(94,062)	-	Available-for-sale 可供銷售
(ii) (ii)	Keen Champ Investments Limited 建冠投資有限公司	16	16.00%	128,000	94,120	(55,400)	(33,880)	-	Available-for-sale 可供銷售
(iii) (iii)	Peak Zone Group Limited Peak Zone Group Limited	2,990	29.90%	90,000	51,936	(38,064)	(38,064)	-	Available-for-sale 可供銷售
(iv) (iv)	China e-Wallet Payment Group Limited (formerly known as "RCG Holdings Limited") 中國錢包支付集團有限公司 (前稱「宏霸數碼集團(控股) 有限公司」)	75,140,371	2.74%	32,385	29,305	-	(3,080)	-	Held for trading 持作買賣
(v) (v)	China Kingstone Mining Holdings Limited 中國金石礦業控股有限公司	304,966,082	10.77%	88,814	20,738	-	(68,076)	-	Held for trading 持作買賣
(vi) (vi)	KPM Holding Limited 吉耀控股有限公司	158,780,000	4.96%	52,413	16,037	-	(36,376)	-	Held for trading 持作買賣
(vii) (vii)	WLS Holdings Limited 滙隆控股有限公司	353,460,000	2.77%	29,920	13,785	-	(16,135)	-	Held for trading 持作買賣
(viii) (viii)	China National Culture Group Limited 中國國家文化產業集團有限公司	485,000,000	4.94%	48,500	10,185	-	(38,315)	-	Held for trading 持作買賣
(ix) (ix)	Asia Grocery Distribution Limited 亞洲雜貨有限公司	8,660,000	0.75%	2,409	9,786	-	7,377	-	Held for trading 持作買賣
(x) (x)	Differ Group Holding Company Limited 鼎豐集團控股有限公司	16,000,000	0.38%	14,358	9,760	-	(4,598)	-	Held for trading 持作買賣

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2018

截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度

13. INVESTMENTS PORTFOLIO (Continued)

Top ten investments (Continued)

Notes:

- (i) The place of incorporation and the principal activities of Pure Power are detailed in note 12(i) of these financial statements. For the financial year ended 31 December, 2018, the unaudited consolidated net loss attributable to equity holders of Pure Power was US\$377,000. As at 31 December, 2018, its unaudited consolidated net asset attributable to the equity holders was US\$47,575,000. The fair value was arrived by the Directors with reference to the valuation conducted by an independent professional valuer.
- (ii) The place of incorporation and the principal activities of Keen Champ are detailed in note 12(ii) of these financial statements. For the financial year ended 31 December 2018, the unaudited consolidated net loss attributable to equity holders of Keen Champ was HK\$1,013,000. As at 31 December, 2018, its unaudited consolidated net liabilities attributable to the equity holders was HK\$12,670,000.
- (iii) The place of incorporation and the principal activities of Peak Zone are detailed in note 12(iii) of these financial statements. For the financial year ended 31 December, 2018, the unaudited consolidated net profit attributable to equity holders of Peak Zone was HK\$2,455,000. As at 31 December 2016, its unaudited consolidated net assets attributable to the equity holders was HK\$10,090,000. As at 31 December 2018, the recoverable amount of Peak Zone has been assessed by the Directors by reference to transactions after the end of the reporting period.

13. 投資組合 (續)

十大投資 (續)

附註：

- (i) Pure Power 的註冊成立地點及主要業務已於此等財務報表附註 12(i) 詳述。截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止財政年度，Pure Power 權益持有人應佔未經審核綜合虧損淨額為 377,000 美元。於二零一八年十二月三十一日，其權益持有人應佔未經審核綜合資產淨值為 47,575,000 美元。公允值已由董事經參考獨立專業估值師進行之估值後達致。
- (ii) 建冠的註冊成立地點及主要業務已於此等財務報表附註 12(ii) 詳述。截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止財政年度，建冠權益持有人應佔未經審核綜合虧損淨額為港幣 1,013,000 元。於二零一八年十二月三十一日，其權益持有人應佔未經審核綜合負債淨額為港幣 12,670,000 元。
- (iii) Peak Zone 的註冊成立地點及主要業務已於此等財務報表附註 12(iii) 詳述。截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止財政年度，Peak Zone 權益持有人應佔未經審核綜合純利為港幣 2,455,000 元。於二零一六年十二月三十一日，其權益持有人應佔未經審核綜合資產淨值為港幣 10,090,000 元。於二零一八年十二月三十一日，董事已參考報告期間結束後的交易評估 Peak Zone 的可收回金額。

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2018

截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度

13. INVESTMENTS PORTFOLIO (Continued)

Top ten investments (Continued)

Notes: (Continued)

- (iv) WLS Holdings Limited (“WLS”) is incorporated in the Cayman Islands as an exempted company and continued in Bermuda with limited liability and its shares are listed on Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (Stock code: 8021). WLS is principally engaged in the scaffolding and fitting out services, management contracting services and other services for construction and buildings work, money lending business, securities brokerage and margin financing and securities investment business. For the year ended 30 April 2018, the audited consolidated loss attributable to owners of WLS was HK\$109,788,000 with basic and diluted loss per share of HK\$0.848 cents. As at 30 April 2018, its audited consolidated net assets attributable to the owners was HK\$727,256,000.
- (v) China Kingstone Mining Holdings Limited (“China Kingstone”) is incorporated in Cayman Islands and continued in Bermuda with limited liability and its shares are listed on Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (Stock code: 1380). China Kingstone is principally engaged in the production and sale of marble and marble related products, mainly in China. For the year ended 31 December 2018, the audited consolidated loss attributable to owners of China Kingstone was RMB\$19,270,000 with basic and diluted loss per share of RMB0.7 cents. As 31 December 2018, its audited consolidated net assets attributable to the owners was RMB401,228,000.

13. 投資組合 (續)

十大投資 (續)

附註: (續)

- (iv) 滙隆控股有限公司(「滙隆控股」)於開曼群島註冊成立為一間獲豁免並於百慕達存續之有限公司,其股份於香港聯合交易所有限公司上市(股份代號:8021)。滙隆控股主要從事提供建築及建造工程棚架搭建及精裝修服務、管理合約服務及其他服務之業務、借貸業務、證券經紀及孖展融資以及證券投資業務。截至二零一八年四月三十日止年度,滙隆控股擁有人應佔經審核綜合虧損為港幣109,788,000元,每股基本及攤薄虧損為港幣0.848港仙。於二零一八年四月三十日,其擁有人應佔經審核綜合資產淨值為港幣727,256,000元。
- (v) 中國金石礦業控股有限公司(「中國金石」)為於開曼群島註冊成立並於百慕達存續之有限公司,而其股份於香港聯合交易所有限公司上市(股份代號:1380)。中國金石主要於中國從事大理石及大理石相關產品的生產及銷售。截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度,中國金石擁有人應佔經審核綜合虧損人民幣19,270,000元,每股基本及攤薄虧損為人民幣0.7分。於二零一八年十二月三十一日,其擁有人應佔經審核綜合資產淨值為人民幣401,228,000元。

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2018

截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度

13. INVESTMENTS PORTFOLIO (Continued)

Top ten investments (Continued)

Notes: (Continued)

- (vi) China e-Wallet Payment Group Limited (“China e-Wallet”) (formerly known as “RCG Holdings Limited”) was incorporated in Bermuda and the shares of which are listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange (stock code: 802). China e-Wallet is principally engaged in the provision of biometric and RFID products and solution services. For the financial year ended 31 December 2018, the audited consolidated loss attributable to owners of China e-Wallet was HK\$46,754,000 with basic and diluted loss per share of HK1.70 cents. As at 31 December 2018, its audited consolidated net assets attributable to the owners was HK\$512,809,000.
- (vii) China National Culture Group Limited (“CNC”) incorporated in the Cayman Islands with limited liability and its shares are listed on Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (Stock code: 745). CNC is principally engaged in the properties investment, money lending and financial services. For the year ended 31 March 2018, the audited consolidated loss attributable to owners of CNC was HK\$358,673,000 with basic and diluted loss per share of HK\$3.65 cents. As at 31 March 2018, its audited consolidated net assets attributable to the owners was HK\$292,679,000.

13. 投資組合 (續)

十大投資 (續)

附註: (續)

- (vi) 中國錢包支付集團有限公司(「中國錢包」, 前稱「宏霸數碼集團」(控股)有限公司)於百慕達註冊成立, 其股份於聯交所主板上市(股份代號: 802)。中國錢包主要從事提供生物識別及射頻識別(RFID)產品及解決方案服務。截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止財政年度, 中國錢包擁有人應佔經審核綜合虧損為港幣46,754,000元, 每股基本及攤薄虧損為港幣1.70仙。於二零一八年十二月三十一日, 其擁有人應佔經審核綜合資產淨值為港幣512,809,000元。
- (vii) 中國國家文化產業集團有限公司(「中國國家文化產業」)為於開曼群島註冊成立之有限公司, 而其股份於香港聯合交易所有限公司上市(股份代號: 745)。中國國家文化產業主要從事房地產投資、放債及融資業務。截至二零一八年三月三十一日止年度, 中國國家文化產業擁有人應佔經審核綜合虧損為港幣358,673,000元, 每股基本及攤薄虧損為港幣3.65仙。於二零一八年三月三十一日, 其擁有人應佔經審核綜合資產淨值為港幣292,679,000元。

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2018

截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度

13. INVESTMENTS PORTFOLIO (Continued)

Top ten investments (Continued)

Notes: (Continued)

- (viii) KPM Holdings Limited ("KPM HLDS") incorporated in the Cayman Islands with limited liability and its shares are listed on the Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (Stock code: 8027). It is principally engaged in the design, fabrication, installation and maintenance of signage and related products. For the financial year ended 31 December 2018, the audited consolidated earnings attributable to equity holders of KPM HLDS was Singapore dollar ("S\$") 884,396 with basis and diluted earnings per share both of S\$0.028 cents. As at 31 December 2018, its audited consolidated net assets attributable to the equity holder was S\$14,695,416.
- (ix) China Properties Investment Holdings Limited ("CHINA PPT INV") incorporated and domiciled in Bermuda with limited liability and its shares are listed on the Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (Stock code: 736). It is principally engaged in properties investment, the provision of financial services and money lending. For the financial year ended 31 March 2018, the audited consolidated loss attributable to equity holders of CHINA PPT INV was HK\$569,456,000 with basis and diluted loss per share both of HK\$11.72 cents. As at 31 March 2018, its audited consolidated net assets attributable to the equity holder was HK\$782,519,000.
- (x) SEEC Media Group Limited ("SEEC MEDIA") incorporated in the Cayman Islands and continued in Bermuda with limited liability and its shares are listed on the Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (Stock code: 205). It is principally engaged in the provision of advertising agency services and distribution of books and magazines in the People's Republic of China ("PRC") and securities broking business, money lending business and provision of e-commerce platform services and sales of related goods in Hong Kong. For the financial year ended 31 December 2018, the audited consolidated loss attributable to equity holders of SEEC MEDIA was HK\$125,077,000 with basis and diluted loss per share both of HK\$1.96 cents. As at 31 December 2018, its audited consolidated net assets attributable to the equity holder was HK\$499,584,000.

13. 投資組合 (續)

十大投資 (續)

附註: (續)

- (viii) 吉輝控股有限公司(「吉輝控股」)於開曼群島註冊成立為有限責任公司，而其股份於香港聯合交易所有限公司上市(股份代號:8027)。吉輝控股主要從事設計、製作、安裝及維護標牌及相關產品。截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止財政年度，吉輝控股之權益持有人應佔經審核綜合盈利為884,396新加坡元(「新加坡元」)，而其每股基本及攤薄盈利均為0.028新加坡分。於二零一八年十二月三十一日，其權益持有人應佔經審核綜合資產淨值為14,695,416新加坡元。
- (ix) 中國置業投資控股有限公司(「中國置業投資」)乃於百慕達註冊成立及遷冊的有限公司，而其股份於香港聯合交易所有限公司上市(股份代號:736)。中國置業投資主要從事物業投資、提供金融服務及放貸業務。截至二零一八年三月三十一日止財政年度，中國置業投資之權益持有人應佔經審核綜合虧損為港幣569,456,000元，而其每股基本及攤薄虧損均為11.72港仙。於二零一八年三月三十一日，其權益持有人應佔經審核綜合資產淨值為港幣782,519,000元。
- (x) 財訊傳媒集團有限公司(「財訊傳媒」)為於開曼群島註冊成立並於百慕達續存之有限公司，其股份於香港聯合交易所有限公司上市(股份代號:205)。財訊傳媒主要於中華人民共和國(「中國」)從事提供廣告代理服務及銷售書籍及雜誌以及於香港從事證券經紀業務、放債業務及提供電子商務平台服務及銷售相關產品。截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止財政年度，財訊傳媒之權益持有人應佔經審核綜合虧損為港幣125,077,000元，每股基本及攤薄虧損均為港幣1.96仙。於二零一八年十二月三十一日，其權益持有人應佔經審核綜合資產淨值為港幣499,584,000元。

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2018

截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度

14. DUE FROM SECURITIES BROKERS

Amounts due from securities brokers represent deposits placed with securities brokers for the trading of listed investments which are repayable on demand and interest-free.

14. 應收證券經紀款項

應收證券經紀款項屬於證券經紀上市投資買賣之按金，並須按要求償還及免息。

15. OTHER RECEIVABLE

15. 其他應收款項

		2018 二零一八年 HK\$'000 港幣千元	2017 二零一七年 HK\$'000 港幣千元
Other receivable	其他應收款項	23,250	46,250
Loss allowance	虧損撥備	(396)	-
		22,854	46,250

The movements in the loss allowance for ECL of other receivables are as follows:

其他應收款項之預期信貸虧損之虧損撥備變動如下：

		2018 二零一八年 HK\$'000 港幣千元	2017 二零一七年 HK\$'000 港幣千元
At the beginning of the year	於年初	-	-
Effect of adoption of HKFRS 9	採納香港財務報告準則第9號之影響	591	-
At the beginning of the year (restate)	於年初(經重列)	591	-
Impairment losses, net	減值虧損淨額	(195)	-
At the end of the year	於年末	396	-

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2018

截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度

15. OTHER RECEIVABLE (Continued)

At the end of the reporting period, the receivable of approximately HK\$22,854,000 (2017: HK\$46,250,000) represent the remaining consideration regarding the disposal of an unlisted equity investment in prior years.

16. DUE TO SECURITIES BROKERS

Amounts due to securities brokers represent margin loans arising from the trading of listed investments which are repayable on demand. No ageing analysis is disclosed in respect of due to securities brokers. In the opinion of the directors of the Company, an ageing analysis does not give additional value in view of the Group's business nature.

17. LOAN PAYABLES

At beginning of the reporting period	於報告期初
Repayment	還款
Interest expense	利息開支
Interest paid	已付利息
At end of the reporting period	於報告期結束時

Loan payables from independent third parties are unsecured, bear interest at 6% (2017: 6%) per annum, and repayable within one year.

15. 其他應收款項(續)

於報告期末，應收款項約港幣22,854,000元(二零一七年：港幣46,250,000元)指有關過往年度出售非上市股本投資之剩餘代價。

16. 結欠證券經紀之款項

結欠證券經紀之款項屬買賣上市投資時所產生的保證金貸款，有關貸款乃按要求償還。結欠證券經紀之應付賬款之賬齡分析並未披露於此。本公司董事認為，就本集團業務性質而言，賬齡分析並無額外價值。

17. 應付貸款

	2018 二零一八年 HK\$'000 港幣千元	2017 二零一七年 HK\$'000 港幣千元
At beginning of the reporting period	10,175	61,663
Repayment	(10,000)	(51,000)
Interest expense	150	1,586
Interest paid	(325)	(2,074)
At end of the reporting period	-	10,175

獨立第三方之應付貸款為無抵押、按年利率6%(二零一七年：6%)計息並須於一年內償還。

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2018

截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度

18. BOND PAYABLES

18. 應付債券

		2018 二零一八年 HK\$'000 港幣千元	2017 二零一七年 HK\$'000 港幣千元
At beginning of the reporting period	於報告期初	10,684	10,084
Interest expense	利息開支	516	600
Interest paid	已付利息	(1,200)	-
At end of the reporting period	於報告期結束時	10,000	10,684

During the year ended 31 December 2016, the Company issued bonds to an independent third party with an aggregate principal amount of HK\$10,000,000 at 6% coupon rate per annum with a maturity date on 11 November 2018, the second anniversary of the date of issue of the bonds. Related interest payables were also included with the bonds payable in the consolidated statement of financial position. The proceeds from issuance of bonds are used for investment opportunity and general working capital of the Group.

截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度，本公司向一名獨立第三方發行本金總額為港幣10,000,000元、年票息率為6%及於二零一八年十一月十一日（發行債券當日起計滿兩週年）到期之債券。相關應付利息亦已連同應付債券計入綜合財務狀況表。發行債券之所得款項用於本集團之投資機遇及一般營運資金。

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2018

截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度

19. SHARE CAPITAL

19. 股本

		Number of ordinary shares of HK\$0.1 each 每股面值港幣0.1元 之普通股數目 '000 千股	Nominal Value 面值 HK\$'000 港幣千元
Authorised:	法定：		
As at 1 January 2017, 31 December 2017, 1 January 2018 and 31 December 2018	於二零一七年一月一日、 二零一七年十二月三十一日、 二零一八年一月一日及 二零一八年十二月三十一日	20,000,000	2,000,000
Issued and fully paid:	已發行及繳足：		
As at 1 January 2017	於二零一七年一月一日	1,746,317	174,632
Issue of shares by placing	透過配售發行股份	116,000	11,600
		<i>Note 附註</i>	
As at 31 December 2017, 1 January 2018 and 31 December 2018	於二零一七年十二月三十一日、 二零一八年一月一日及 二零一八年十二月三十一日	1,862,317	186,232

Note:

On 2 June 2017 (after trading hours), the Company and China Sky Securities Limited (the "Placing Agent") entered into a placing agreement pursuant to which the Placing Agent agreed to place, on a best endeavour basis, to not less than six independent placees for up to 116,000,000 new shares at a price of HK\$0.10 per placing share. The placing shares rank pari passu in all respect with the then existing shares of the Company. The placing was completed and 116,000,000 new shares were issued and allotted on 20 June 2017.

附註：

於二零一七年六月二日(交易時段後)，本公司與中天證券有限公司(「配售代理」)訂立配售協議，據此，配售代理同意按最大努力基準向不少於六名獨立承配人按每股配售股份港幣0.10元之價格配發最多116,000,000股新股份。配售股份在各方面均與本公司當時現有股份享有同等權益。配售已於二零一七年六月二十日完成並發行及配發116,000,000股新股份。

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2018

截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度

20. SHARE OPTION SCHEME

The existing share option scheme of the Company was approved and adopted by shareholders' resolution at the annual general meeting held on 30 April 2013 (the "**Option Scheme**"), unless otherwise cancelled or amended subject to resolution passed at general meeting of the Company the Option Scheme will remain in force for ten years from 30 April 2013. As at 31 December 2018, the remaining life of the Option Scheme was approximately 4 years and 4 months.

The purpose of the Option Scheme is to reward the participants who have contributed or will contribute to the Group and to encourage the participants to work towards enhancing the value of the Company and its shares for the benefit of the Company and its shareholders as a whole. Under the Option Scheme, the Board of the Company may grant options to those participants who, in its sole discretion, have contributed to or will contribute to the Group.

Eligible participants (the "**Participants**") of the Option Scheme include any directors of the Company (including executive directors, non-executive directors and independent non-executive directors of the Company) and employees of the Group, any directors or employees of a company or entity in which the Group has invested in and any advisors (professional or otherwise), consultants, distributors, contractors, suppliers, agents, customers, business partners, joint venture business partners, promoters, any directors or employees of any service providers of any members of the Group.

20. 購股權計劃

本公司之現有購股權計劃已於二零一三年四月三十日舉行之股東週年大會上經股東決議案批准及採納(「**購股權計劃**」)，除非另行於本公司股東大會上通過決議案註銷或修訂，否則購股權計劃將自二零一三年四月三十日起計十年內一直有效。於二零一八年十二月三十一日，購股權計劃的剩餘年期約為4年零4個月。

購股權計劃旨在獎勵曾經或將會對本集團作出貢獻之參與者及鼓勵參與者以本公司及其股東之整體利益為目標，努力提升本公司及其股份之價值。根據購股權計劃，本公司董事會可全權決定向曾經或將會對本集團作出貢獻之參與者授出購股權。

購股權計劃之合資格參與者(「**參與者**」)包括本公司任何董事(包括本公司執行董事、非執行董事及獨立非執行董事)及本集團僱員、本集團所投資公司或實體之任何董事或僱員，以及本集團任何成員公司之任何顧問(無論專業與否)、諮詢人士、分銷商、承包商、供應商、代理人、顧客、業務夥伴、合營業務夥伴、發起人以及任何服務供應商之任何董事或僱員。

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2018

截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度

20. SHARE OPTION SCHEME (Continued)

Without prior separate approval from the Company's shareholders, (i) the total number of shares which may be issued upon exercise of all options to be granted under the Option Scheme and any other share option scheme of the Company must not exceed 10% of the shares of the Company as at the date of the shareholders' approval of the option limit; and (ii) the maximum number of shares issued and to be issued upon exercise of the options granted to each Participant under the Option Scheme (including both exercised and outstanding options) in any 12-month period shall not (when aggregated with any shares of the Company subject to options granted during such period under any other share option scheme(s) of the Company) exceed 1% of the shares of the Company in issue for any time being.

Any grant of options to any directors, chief executive or substantive shareholders (as such terms as defined in the Listing Rules) of the Company, or any of their respective associates under the Option Scheme or any other share option scheme of the Company or any of its subsidiaries shall be subject to the prior approval of the independent non-executive directors or shareholders of the Company as the case may be. Without prior separate approval from the Company's shareholders, the maximum number of shares issued and to be issued in respect of which options granted and may be granted to a substantial shareholder or an independent non-executive director of the Company in the 12-month period up to and including the date of such grant shall not (i) exceed 0.1% of the shares of the Company in issue on the date of such grant; and (ii) have an aggregate value, based on the closing price of the shares of the Company as stated in the daily quotations sheets issued by the Stock Exchange on the date of grant, in excess of HK\$5 million.

20. 購股權計劃 (續)

在未另行獲本公司股東事先批准之情況下，(i) 因行使根據購股權計劃及本公司之任何其他購股權計劃將予授出之全部購股權而可能發行之股份總數不得超過於股東批准購股權限額當日之本公司股份之10%；及(ii) 於任何12個月期間因行使各參與者根據購股權計劃獲授之購股權（包括已行使及未行使購股權）而已發行及將予發行之最高股份數目（在與根據本公司之任何其他購股權計劃於該期間授出之購股權所涉及之本公司任何股份合計後）於任何時候均不得超過本公司已發行股份之1%。

根據購股權計劃或本公司或其任何附屬公司之任何其他購股權計劃向本公司之任何董事、主要行政人員或主要股東（該等詞彙之定義見上市規則）或彼等各自之任何聯繫人授出任何購股權須獲本公司之獨立非執行董事或股東（視情況而定）事先批准。在未另行獲本公司股東事先批准之情況下，截至及包括該授出日期止12個月期間因本公司主要股東或獨立非執行董事獲授及可能獲授之購股權而已發行及將予發行之最高股份數目(i) 不得超過本公司於該授出日期之已發行股份之0.1%；及(ii) 按本公司股份於該授出日期在聯交所每日報價表所列之本公司股份收市價所計算得出之價值總額不得超過港幣5,000,000元。

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2018

截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度

20. SHARE OPTION SCHEME (Continued)

Under the Option Scheme, the options granted may be accepted by the participants concerned for a period of twenty-eight days from the date of such offer. An option shall be regarded as having been accepted when the Company receives from the Participant the duplicate of the offer letter duly signed by the Participant together with a remittance in favour of the Company of HK\$1 as consideration for the grant of option. Options may be exercised in accordance with the terms of the Option Scheme at any time not exceeding a period of ten years from the date on which the share option is granted. The subscription price for the shares on the exercise of an option under the Option Scheme shall be determined by the Board in its absolute discretion but in any event shall not be less than the highest of: (i) the closing price of the Company's share as stated in the daily quotation sheets issued by the Stock Exchange on the date of grant which must be a business day; (ii) the average closing price of the Company's share as stated in the daily quotation sheets issued by the Stock Exchange for the five business days immediately preceding the date of grant; and (iii) the nominal value of the Company's share.

20. 購股權計劃 (續)

根據購股權計劃，相關參與者可自授出日期起計二十八日期間內接納授出之購股權。於本公司自參與者接獲經參與者正式簽署之接納邀請函件副本連同就授出購股權向本公司支付之代價港幣1元時，購股權會被視作已被接納。購股權可自其授出日期起十年期間內隨時根據購股權計劃之條款行使。因根據購股權計劃行使購股權而發行之股份之認購價由董事會全權酌情釐定，惟無論如何不得低於下列之最高者：(i)本公司股份於授出日期（其須為營業日）在聯交所每日報價表所列之收市價；(ii)本公司股份於緊接授出日期前五個營業日於聯交所每日報價表上所列之平均收市價；及(iii)本公司股份之面值。

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2018

截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度

20. SHARE OPTION SCHEME (Continued)

Details of share options granted

20. 購股權計劃 (續)

授出購股權詳情

Date of grant 授出日期		Number of share options 購股權數目	Vesting date 歸屬日期	Exercise price 行使價	Exercisable period 行使期間
Options granted to an employee of the Company*: On 2 June 2017 (after trading hours)	向本公司僱員* 授出購股權: 於二零一七年 六月二日 (交易時段後)	16,000,000	2 June 2017 二零一七年 六月二日	HK\$0.1 港幣0.1元	2 years 兩年
Options granted to consultants of the Company: On 2 June 2017 (after trading hours)	向本公司顧問 授出購股權: 於二零一七年 六月二日 (交易時段後)	42,000,000	2 June 2017 二零一七年 六月二日	HK\$0.1 港幣0.1元	2 years 兩年
On 8 May 2018 (after trading hours)	於二零一八年 五月八日 (交易時段後)	154,600,000	8 May 2018 二零一八年 五月八日	HK\$0.1 港幣0.1元	2 years 兩年
Total share options granted	授出總購股權	212,600,000			

The closing price of the Company's shares on 8 May 2018 and 2 June 2017 were HK\$0.054 and HK\$0.095 per share, respectively.

本公司股份於二零一八年五月八日及二零一七年六月二日之收市價分別為每股港幣0.054元及每股港幣0.095元。

* The grantee is Ms. HU Xiaoting, who was appointed as a non-executive director of the Company with effect from 7 June 2017.

* 承授人為胡曉婷女士，彼獲委任為本公司非執行董事，由二零一七年六月七日起生效。

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2018

截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度

20. SHARE OPTION SCHEME (Continued)

The movement of share options granted and weighted average exercise prices of share options

		Number of options 購股權數目	
		2018 二零一八年	2017 二零一七年
Outstanding at the beginning of the year	年初未行使	58,000,000	—
Granted during the year	年內授出	154,600,000	58,000,000
Outstanding at the end of the year	年末未行使	212,600,000	58,000,000
Exercisable at the end of the year	年末可行使	212,600,000	58,000,000

The share options outstanding at 31 December 2018 have exercise prices of HK\$0.1 per option (2017: HK\$0.1) and a weighted average remaining contractual life of 1.34 years (2017: 1.42 years).

For share options granted during the year ended 31 December 2018 and 2017, the share options were measured at fair value at grant date with reference to a valuation report prepared by International Valuation Limited, calculated using Binomial Option Pricing model with the following key assumptions:

Share price	股價	2018 二零一八年	2017 二零一七年
Exercise price	行使價	HK\$0.1 港幣0.1元	HK\$0.1 港幣0.1元
Expected volatility (Note below)	預期波幅(以下附註)	76%	72%
Expected option life	預計購股權年期	2 years 兩年	2 years 兩年
Expected dividends	預計股息	—	—
Risk-free interest rate (per annum)	無風險年利率	1.809%	0.652%
Fair value of a share option at grant date	於授出日期購股權公允值	HK\$0.002528 港幣0.002528元	HK\$0.001892 港幣0.001892元

20. 購股權計劃(續)

授出購股權變動及購股權加權平均行使價

		Number of options 購股權數目	
		2018 二零一八年	2017 二零一七年
Outstanding at the beginning of the year	年初未行使	58,000,000	—
Granted during the year	年內授出	154,600,000	58,000,000
Outstanding at the end of the year	年末未行使	212,600,000	58,000,000
Exercisable at the end of the year	年末可行使	212,600,000	58,000,000

於二零一八年十二月三十一日未行使購股權的行使價為每份購股權港幣0.1元(二零一七年:港幣0.1元),加權平均剩餘合約年期為1.34年(二零一七年:1.42年)。

有關截至二零一八年及二零一七年十二月三十一日止年度授出的購股權,購股權參考國際評估有限公司編製的評估報告於授出日期按公允值計量,根據下列主要假設採用二項式期權定價模式計算:

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2018

截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度

20. SHARE OPTION SCHEME (Continued)

The expected volatility is based on the historic volatility (calculated based on the weighted average remaining life of the share options), adjusted for any expected changes to future volatility based on publicly available information.

The Group recognised a total expense of approximately HK\$391,000 for the year ended 31 December 2018 (2017: HK\$110,000) in relation to share options granted by the Company.

There were 186,231,680 (2017: 174,631,680) shares, representing approximately 10.00% (2017: 9.38%) of total issued share capital of the Company, available for issue under the Option Scheme as at the date of this Annual Report.

21. NET ASSET VALUE PER SHARE

Net asset value per share is calculated by dividing the net assets included in the consolidated statement of financial position of approximately HK\$335,291,000 (2017: approximately HK\$458,761,000) by the number of shares in issue at 31 December 2018, being 1,862,316,806 (2017: 1,862,316,806).

In the course of preparation of this annual report, the value of the Group's unlisted investments decreased by net amount of approximately HK\$58.7 million, which was made with reference to independent valuation reports. As these valuation reports were obtained by the Company after 15 January 2019, the date of the Company's announcement titled "Net Asset Value" (the "**NAV Announcement**"), the net asset value per share of the Company as at 31 December 2018 decreased from HK\$0.212 as stated in the NAV Announcement to HK\$0.18 as stated in this annual report.

20. 購股權計劃 (續)

預期波幅乃按歷史波幅(按購股權加權平均餘下年期計算)計算,經公開可得資料中對未來波幅的任何預期變動調整。

截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度,本集團就本公司獲授之購股權確認總開支約港幣391,000元(二零一七年:港幣110,000元)。

於本年報日期,共有186,231,680股(二零一七年:174,631,680股)股份,佔本公司已發行股本總額約10.00%(二零一七年:9.38%),可根據購股權計劃予以發行。

21. 每股資產淨值

每股資產淨值以綜合財務狀況表所載的資產淨值約港幣335,291,000元(二零一七年:約港幣458,761,000元)除以於二零一八年十二月三十一日的已發行股份數目1,862,316,806股(二零一七年:1,862,316,806股)計算得出。

於編製本年報的過程中,經參考獨立估值報告,本集團非上市投資之價值減少淨額約港幣58,700,000元。由於本公司於二零一九年一月十五日(本公司標題為「資產淨值」之公佈(「**資產淨值公佈**」)刊發日期)後方取得該等估值報告,本公司於二零一八年十二月三十一日之每股資產淨值由資產淨值公佈內所述之港幣0.212元降至本年報所述之港幣0.18元。

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2018

截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度

22. CHARGE OF ASSETS AND MARGIN FACILITIES

As at 31 December 2018 and 2017, margin facilities from several regulated securities brokers were granted to the Group which were secured by the Group's listed equity investment at FVPL. As at 31 December 2018 and 2017, the Group had not utilised against these facilities.

22. 資產抵押及保證金信貸

於二零一八年及二零一七年十二月三十一日，多名受規管證券經紀向本集團授出保證金信貸，而該等信貸乃以本集團之透過損益按公允值列賬之上市股本投資作擔保。於二零一八年及二零一七年十二月三十一日，本集團並無動用任何信貸額。

23. DEFERRED TAXATION

Unrecognised deferred tax assets arising from

23. 遞延稅項

因以下各項而產生之未確認遞延稅項資產

		2018 二零一八年 HK\$'000 港幣千元	2017 二零一七年 HK\$'000 港幣千元
Deductible temporary differences from changes in fair value of listed equity investments classified as held for trading	分類為持作買賣之上市股本投資公允值變動產生之可扣除臨時差異	–	85,805
Deductible temporary differences from changes in fair value of current equity investments at fair value through profit or loss	透過損益按公允值列賬之流動股本投資公允值變動產生之可扣除臨時差異	94,591	–
Tax losses	稅務虧損	72,785	69,998
At 31 December	於十二月三十一日	167,376	155,803

Neither the tax losses nor the deductible temporary differences expire under current tax legislation. Deferred tax assets have not been recognised due to the unpredictability of future profit streams.

Recognised deferred tax liabilities and unrecognised deferred tax assets are not offset as there is no legally enforceable right to offset current tax assets against current tax liabilities.

根據現行稅務規例，稅務虧損及可扣除臨時差異並未屆滿。由於未來溢利流不可預測，故並無確認遞延稅項資產。

由於概無合法可強制執行權利可將流動稅項資產與流動稅項負債對銷，故並無將已確認遞延稅項負債與未確認遞延稅項資產對銷。

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2018

截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度

24. CASH USED IN OPERATIONS

24. 營運所用現金

		2018 二零一八年 HK\$'000 港幣千元	2017 二零一七年 HK\$'000 港幣千元
Loss before tax	除稅前虧損	(123,270)	(613,334)
Changes in fair value of listed equity investments held for trading	持作買賣之上市股本投資之公允值變動	-	420,750
Changes in fair value of unlisted convertible bonds designated as financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	指定為透過損益按公允值列賬之金融資產之非上市可換股債券之公允值變動	-	2,400
Impairment of listed equity investment as available-for-sale investments	可供銷售投資上市股本投資之減值	-	7,317
Impairment of unlisted equity investments classified as available-for-sale investments	分類為可供銷售投資之非上市股本投資之減值	-	9,064
Realised gain on disposal of unlisted equity investments classified as available-for-sale investments	出售分類為可供銷售投資之非上市股本投資之已變現收益	-	(5,000)
Impairment of equity investment at fair value through profit or loss	透過損益按公允值列賬之股本投資之減值	99,619	-
Reversal of impairment of other receivables	撥回其他應收款項減值	(195)	-
Interest income	利息收入	(1)	(5)
Interest expenses	利息開支	2,143	3,209
Dividend income	股息收入	(45)	-
Share-based payment expenses	以股份為基準之付款開支	391	110
Change in working capital:	營運資金變動：		
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	透過損益按公允值列賬之金融資產	(11,022)	91,809
Deposits and prepayments and due from securities brokers	按金及預付款及應收證券經紀款項	43,300	32,297
Other payables and accruals and due to securities broker	其他應付款及應計費用以及結欠證券經紀之款項	1,197	15,694
Cash generated from (used in) operations	營運所得(所用)現金	12,117	(35,689)

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2018

截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度

25. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

In addition to the transactions/information disclosed elsewhere in these consolidated financial statements, during the year, the Group had the following transaction with China Everbright Securities (HK) Limited, the investment manager of the Company, which provides investment management service to the Group.

25. 關聯方交易

除於此等綜合財務報表內其他章節所披露之交易／資料外，於本年度，本集團與中國光大證券（香港）有限公司（本公司之投資經理，向本集團提供投資管理服務）有以下交易。

Related party relationship 關聯方關係	Nature of transaction 交易性質	2018 二零一八年 HK\$'000 港幣千元	2017 二零一七年 HK\$'000 港幣千元
Investment manager of the Company 本公司之投資經理	Investment management service fee 投資管理服務費	600	600

26. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES

The Group's major financial instruments include bank balances and cash, equity investments, deposits, loan payables, bond payables, due from/to securities broker and other payables. Details of these financial instruments are disclosed in the respective notes. The risks associated with these financial instruments and the policies applied by the Group to mitigate these risks are set out below. Management monitors these exposures to ensure appropriate measures are implemented in a timely and effective manner.

26. 金融風險管理目標及政策

本集團之主要金融工具包括銀行結存及現金、股本投資、按金、應付貸款、應付債券、應收／結欠證券經紀之款項及其他應付款。該等金融工具之詳情於各自之附註披露。與該等金融工具有關之風險及本集團所應用以減輕該等風險之政策載列如下。管理層監察該等風險，以確保及時有效地實施合適措施。

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2018

截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度

26. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (Continued)

Financial risk factors

Price risk

As set out in notes 11 and 12 to the consolidated financial statements, certain of the Group's equity investments at fair value through profit or loss listed in the stock market are measured at fair value at the end of each reporting period. Therefore, the Group's investments in equity securities are exposed to equity price risk. The management manages exposure to the risk centrally by monitoring the change of market prices of the equity from time to time, and by maintaining a portfolio of investments with different profiles in Hong Kong. The sensitivity analysis has been determined based on the exposure to equity price risk. At the reporting date, if the fair value of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss had been 5% higher/lower while all other variables were held constant, the Group's net loss would decrease/increase by approximately HK\$7,427,000 (2017: profit increase/decrease by approximately HK\$8,615,000).

26. 金融風險管理目標及政策(續)

金融風險因素

價格風險

誠如綜合財務報表附註11及12所載，本集團之若干透過損益按公允值列賬並於股市上市之股本投資按各報告期間結束時之公允值計量。因此，本集團於股本證券之投資須承擔股本價格風險。管理層藉著不時監察股本的市價變動及於香港維持具有不同風險之投資組合集中管理該等風險。敏感度分析乃根據股本價格風險作出。於報告日期，倘透過損益按公允值列賬之金融資產之公允值增加／減少5%，而所有其他變數維持不變，則本集團之虧損淨額將減少／增加約港幣7,427,000元（二零一七年：溢利增加／減少約港幣8,615,000元）。

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2018

截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度

26. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (Continued)

Financial risk factors (Continued)

Price risk (continued)

As at 31 December 2017, if the fair value of available-for-sale investments that are listed and measured at fair value had been 5% higher/lower with all other variables remain unchanged, the Group's equity will increase/decrease by approximately HK\$305,000. The sensitivity analysis is performed on the assumption that none of the Group's available-for-sale investments would be considered impaired as a result of the decrease in the relevant stock market index or other relevant risk variable and all other variables remain constant.

Credit risk

The Group is exposed to credit risk for all financial assets that a counterparty in a transaction may default on settlement, including bank balances, other receivables and due from securities brokers. The maximum exposure equals to the carrying amount of these financial assets. The Group does not provide any guarantees which would expose the Group to credit risk.

The Group's bank balances are placed with credit-worthy banks in Hong Kong. The securities brokers are leading and reputable and are assessed as having low credit risk. The Group has not suffered any significant losses arising from the non-performance by these brokers in the past and the management does not expect this position to change in the future.

26. 金融風險管理目標及政策 (續)

金融風險因素 (續)

價格風險 (續)

於二零一七年十二月三十一日，倘上市及按公允值計量之可供銷售投資之公允值增加／減少5%，而所有其他變數維持不變，本集團之權益增加／減少約港幣305,000元。敏感度分析乃假設概無本集團之可供銷售投資因相關股市指數下降或其他相關風險變數而被視作減值及所有其他變數維持不變所進行。

信貸風險

本集團之所有金融資產因其對手方於交易結算時有可能發生違約情況而承受信貸風險，包括銀行結存、其他應收款項及應收證券經紀款項。最高風險相等於該等金融資產之賬面值。本集團並無提供任何擔保，致使本集團面臨信貸風險。

本集團之銀行結存存放於香港信譽良好之銀行。證券經紀為領導及有信譽且被評估為信貸風險較低。本集團並無面對任何由於該等經紀過去之不履約而引起的重大虧損，而管理層並不預期該情況於未來有所變動。

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2018

截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度

26. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (Continued)

Financial risk factors (Continued)

Liquidity risk

The Group's objective is to maintain a balance between continuity of funding and flexibility through the use of loans, bonds and utilisation of margin facilities of securities brokers. The Group will keep reviewing its financial needs from time to time to determine the timing of obtaining various borrowings or carrying out fund raising activities.

As at 31 December 2018, the remaining undiscounted contractual maturity profile of the Group's non-derivative financial liabilities at the end of the reporting period, based on the earliest date on which the Group is required to settle at the end of the reporting period, based on the remaining contractual maturities, is summarised below.

		On demand	Less than 3 months	3-12 months	1-5 years	Total	Carrying amount
		按要求	少於三個月	十二個月	一至五年	合計	賬面值
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		港幣千元	港幣千元	港幣千元	港幣千元	港幣千元	港幣千元
At 31 December 2018	於二零一八年十二月三十一日						
Due to securities broker	結欠證券經紀之款項	18,311	-	-	-	18,311	18,311
Other payables and accruals	其他應付款及應計費用	551	-	-	-	551	551
Bond payables	應付債券	10,000	-	-	-	10,000	10,000
		28,862	-	-	-	28,862	28,862
At 31 December 2017	於二零一七年十二月三十一日						
Due to securities broker	結欠證券經紀之款項	16,834	-	-	-	16,834	16,834
Other payables and accruals	其他應付款及應計費用	831	-	-	-	831	831
Loan payables	應付貸款	-	10,300	-	-	10,300	10,175
Bond payables	應付債券	600	-	10,600	-	11,200	10,684
		18,265	10,300	10,600	-	39,165	38,524

26. 金融風險管理目標及政策 (續)

金融風險因素 (續)

流動資金風險

本集團之目標為透過利用貸款、債券及動用證券經紀提供之保證金信貸，在資金持續性與靈活性之間取得平衡。本集團將不時檢討其財務需要，以決定取得各種借款或進行集資活動之時機。

於二零一八年十二月三十一日，本集團於報告期結束時基於本集團須於報告期結束時結清非衍生金融負債之最早日期之餘下未貼現合約到期組合按餘下合約到期情況概述如下。

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2018

截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度

26. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (Continued)

Financial risk factors (Continued)

Capital management

The objectives of the Group's capital management are to safeguard the entity's ability to continue as a going concern and to provide returns for shareholders. The Group manages its capital structure and makes adjustments, including payment of dividend to shareholders, return capital to shareholders, issue new shares or sell assets to reduce debts. No changes were made in the objectives during the years ended 31 December 2018 and 2017.

Pursuant to the provision of articles of association of the Company, the Company may exercise its borrowing power to borrow up to an aggregate principal amount for the time being remaining discharged of all money borrowed by the Group not exceeding 50% of the net asset value. The Group monitors capital on the basis of debt-to-adjusted capital ratio, which is net debt divided by adjusted capital. The debt-to-adjusted capital ratios at the end of the financial period were as follows:

26. 金融風險管理目標及政策(續)

金融風險因素(續)

資本管理

本集團資本管理之目標為保障實體可持續經營並提供回報予股東。本集團管理並調整資本架構，包括向股東支付股息、退還股東資本、發行新股份或出售資產以減少債務。於截至二零一八年及二零一七年十二月三十一日止年度，有關目標並無變更。

根據本公司組織章程細則之條文，本公司可行使其借款權力，借入本金總額（即本集團當時所有未償還借款）最多不超過資產淨值之50%。本集團按債務對經調整資本比率（即債務淨額除以經調整資本）監控資本。於財務期間結束之債務對經調整資本比率如下：

		2018 二零一八年 HK\$'000 港幣千元	2017 二零一七年 HK\$'000 港幣千元
Loan payables	應付貸款	-	10,175
Bond payables	應付債券	10,000	10,684
Due to securities broker	結欠證券經紀之款項	18,311	16,834
Less: Due from securities brokers	減：應收證券經紀款項	(10,466)	(30,770)
Less: Bank balances and cash	減：銀行結存及現金	(456)	(1,295)
Net debts (receivable)	債務淨額（應收）	17,389	5,628
Total equity	總權益	335,291	458,761
Net of unrealised reserves	未變現儲備淨額	-	-
Adjusted capital	經調整資本	335,291	458,761
Debt-to-adjusted capital ratio	債務對經調整資本比率	5.19%	1.23%

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2018

截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度

27. FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS

The following presents the Group's financial instruments measured at fair value at the end of the reporting period across the three levels of the fair value hierarchy as defined in HKFRS 13, Fair Value Measurement, with the fair value measurement categorised in its entirety based on the lowest level input that is significant to the entire measurement. The levels of inputs are defined as follows:

- Level 1 (highest level): quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the Group can access at the measurement date;
- Level 2: inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly;
- Level 3 (lowest level): unobservable inputs for the asset or liability.

(a) Assets measured at fair value 2018

	The Group 本集團			
	Level 1 第一層 HK\$'000 港幣千元	Level 2 第二層 HK\$'000 港幣千元	Level 3 第三層 HK\$'000 港幣千元	Total 合計 HK\$'000 港幣千元
Equity investment at fair value through profit or loss	透過損益按公允值列賬之股本投資			
Listed equity investments	148,545	-	-	148,545
Unlisted equity investments	-	-	181,251	181,251
	148,545	-	181,251	329,796

27. 公允值計量

下文呈列以報告期結束時跨越按香港財務報告準則第13號：公允值計量界定之三層公允值級別劃分以公允值計量之本集團金融工具，而計量之公允值乃完全根據對全部計量屬重要之最低層輸入因素分類。輸入因素層級界定如下：

- 第一層（最高層）：本集團於計量日期能夠獲得之相同資產或負債於活躍市場之報價（未經調整）；
- 第二層：資產或負債可直接或間接被觀察之輸入因素（不包括第一層內之報價）；
- 第三層（最低層）：資產或負債之不可觀察輸入因素。

(a) 以公允值計量之資產 二零一八年

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2018

截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度

27. FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS (Continued)

(a) Assets measured at fair value (Continued)

2017

		The Group 本集團			Total 合計
		Level 1 第一層	Level 2 第二層	Level 3 第三層	
		HK\$'000 港幣千元	HK\$'000 港幣千元	HK\$'000 港幣千元	HK\$'000 港幣千元
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	透過損益按公允值列賬之金融資產				
Listed equity investments	上市股本投資	172,301	-	-	172,301
Available-for-sale investments	可供銷售投資				
Listed equity investments	上市股本投資	6,098	-	-	6,098
Unlisted equity investments	非上市股本投資	-	-	239,994	239,994
		6,098	-	239,994	246,092
		178,399	-	239,994	418,393

During the years ended 31 December 2018 and 2017, there were no other transfers between Level 1 and Level 2 fair value measurements, and no transfers into and out of Level 3 fair value measurements.

截至二零一八年及二零一七年十二月三十一日止年度，概無第一層及第二層公允值計量之間的其他轉移，及概無第三層公允值計量之轉入及轉出。

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2018

截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度

27. FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS (Continued)

(a) Assets measured at fair value (Continued)

Movement in Level 3 fair value measurements

Fair value measurement at the end of the reporting period:

27. 公允值計量 (續)

(a) 以公允值計量之資產 (續)

第三層公允值計量之變動

於報告期結束時之公允值計量：

		2018 二零一八年
		Equity investments at fair value through profit or loss 透過損益按 公允值列賬之 股本投資 HK\$'000 港幣千元
At beginning of the reporting period	於報告期初	239,994
Change in fair value	公允值變動	(58,743)
At end of the reporting period	於報告期結束時	181,251
Change in unrealised gains or losses for the year included in profit or loss for assets held at the end of the reporting period	報告期結束時就所持資產計入損益之年內未變現收益或虧損變動	(58,743)

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2018

截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度

27. FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS (Continued)

(a) Assets measured at fair value (Continued)

Movement in Level 3 fair value measurements (Continued)

27. 公允值計量 (續)

(a) 以公允值計量之資產 (續) 第三層公允值計量之變動 (續)

		2017 二零一七年	
		Financial assets designated at fair value through profit or loss 指定為透過損益 按公允值列賬 之金融資產 HK\$'000 港幣千元	Available- for-sale financial assets 可供銷售 金融資產 HK\$'000 港幣千元
At beginning of the reporting period	於報告期初	26,000	294,575
Conversion	轉換	(26,000)	-
Total gains or losses in profit or loss/other comprehensive income	損益之收益或 虧損總額/ 其他全面收益	-	(45,517)
Impairment loss	減值虧損	-	(9,064)
At end of the reporting period	於報告期結束時	-	239,994
Change in unrealised gains or losses for the year included in profit or loss for assets held at the end of the reporting period	報告期結束時就所持 資產計入損益 之年內未變現收益 或虧損變動	-	(9,064)

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2018

截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度

27. FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS (Continued)

(a) **Assets measured at fair value (Continued)**
Quantitative information of the significant unobservable inputs and description of valuation technique used in Level 3 fair value measurement

The quantitative information of the significant unobservable inputs and description of valuation techniques used in Level 3 fair value measurement, including the description of the sensitivity to changes in unobservable inputs for recurring Level 3 fair value measurements, are as follows:

Financial assets	31 December 2018 二零一八年 十二月 三十一日 HK\$'000 港幣千元	31 December 2017 二零一七年 十二月 三十一日 HK\$'000 港幣千元	Valuation technique(s) 估值技術	Significant unobservable input(s)	Relationship of unobservable inputs to fair value
Unlisted equity securities	181,251	239,994	Discounted cash flow with future cash flows that are estimated based on expected recoverable amounts, discounted at rates that reflect management's best estimation of the expected risk level	Expected future cash flows Discount rates that correspond to the expected risk level	The higher the future cash flow, the higher the fair value The lower the discount rate, the higher the fair value
非上市股本證券	181,251	239,994	未來現金流量之現金流貼現將根據預期可收回金額估計，按反映管理層對預期風險水平之最可觀估計的利率貼現	預期未來現金流 符合預期風險水平之貼現率	未來現金流量越高，公允值越高 貼現率越低，公允值越高

27. 公允值計量 (續)

(a) **以公允值計量之資產 (續)**
重大不可觀察輸入數據之定量信息及於第三層公允值計量所用之估值技術說明

重大不可觀察輸入數據之定量信息及於第三層公允值計量所用之估值技術說明(包括有關經常性第三層公允值計量之不可觀察輸入數據變動之敏感度描述)如下:

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2018

截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度

27. FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS (Continued)

(a) Assets measured at fair value (Continued)

Valuation processes of the Group

The management of the Group reviews the estimation of fair value of the unlisted equity securities that are not traded in stock markets which are categorised into level 3 of the fair value hierarchy. Fair values of these unlisted securities are determined with reference to the valuation reports prepared by independent professional qualified valuers on an annual basis. Discussion of the valuation process and results with the Directors and Audit Committee is held twice a year, for the Group's interim and annual reporting.

27. 公允值計量 (續)

(a) 以公允值計量之資產 (續)

本集團之估值過程

本集團管理層審閱並無於股市買賣之非上市股本證券之公允值估算，乃分類於第三層公允值層級。該等非上市證券之公允值乃經參考由獨立專業合資格估值師按年度基準編製的估值報告釐定。本集團每年就估值過程及結果與董事及審計委員會進行兩次討論，以供進行本集團之中期及年度申報。

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2018

截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度

28. STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

28. 財務狀況表

		2018 二零一八年 HK\$'000 港幣千元	2017 二零一七年 HK\$'000 港幣千元
Non-current assets	非流動資產		
Interests in subsidiaries	於附屬公司之權益	345,306	478,956
Current assets	流動資產		
Deposits and prepayments	按金及預付款	325	321
Bank balances and cash	銀行結存及現金	211	1,178
		536	1,499
Current liabilities	流動負債		
Due to subsidiaries	應付附屬公司款項	3,442	3,449
Other payables and accruals	其他應付款及應計費用	531	831
Loan payables	應付貸款	–	10,175
Bond payables	應付債券	10,000	10,684
		13,973	25,139
Net current liabilities	流動負債淨額	(13,437)	(23,640)
Total assets less current liabilities	資產總值減流動負債	331,869	455,316
NET ASSETS	資產淨值	331,869	455,316
Capital and reserves	股本及儲備		
Share capital	股本	186,232	186,232
Reserves	儲備	145,637	269,084
		<i>Note</i>	
		<i>附註</i>	
TOTAL EQUITY	總權益	331,869	455,316

Approved and authorised for issue by the Board of Directors on 28 March 2019.

已經由董事會於二零一九年三月二十八日批准及授權刊發。

SHUM Kit Lan Anita
沈潔蘭
Director
董事

HU Xiaoting
胡曉婷
Director
董事

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2018

截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度

28. STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION (Continued)

Note:

MOVEMENT OF RESERVE

		Share Premium 股份溢價 HK\$'000 港幣千元	Share option reserve 購股權儲備 HK\$'000 港幣千元	Accumulated losses 累計虧損 HK\$'000 港幣千元	Total 總計 HK\$'000 港幣千元
At 1 January 2018	於二零一八年一月一日	1,051,569	110	(782,595)	269,084
Grant of share option	授出購股權	-	391	-	391
Loss and total comprehensive loss for the year	年內虧損及全面虧損總額	-	-	(123,838)	(123,838)
At 31 December 2018	於二零一八年 十二月三十一日	1,051,569	501	(906,433)	145,637
At 1 January 2017	於二零一七年一月一日	1,051,859	-	(143,835)	908,024
Share issue expenses	股份發行開支	(290)	-	-	(290)
Grant of share option	授出購股權	-	110	-	110
Loss and total comprehensive loss for the year	年內虧損及全面虧損總額	-	-	(638,760)	(638,760)
At 31 December 2017	於二零一七年 十二月三十一日	1,051,569	110	(782,595)	269,084

Under the Companies Law of the Cayman Islands, the share premium, subject to a solvency test and the Company's memorandum and article of association, is distributable to the shareholders. The Company had a distributable reserve of HK\$145,637,000 as at 31 December 2018 (2017: HK\$269,084,000).

28. 財務狀況表 (續)

附註：

儲備變動

		Share Premium 股份溢價 HK\$'000 港幣千元	Share option reserve 購股權儲備 HK\$'000 港幣千元	Accumulated losses 累計虧損 HK\$'000 港幣千元	Total 總計 HK\$'000 港幣千元
At 1 January 2018	於二零一八年一月一日	1,051,569	110	(782,595)	269,084
Grant of share option	授出購股權	-	391	-	391
Loss and total comprehensive loss for the year	年內虧損及全面虧損總額	-	-	(123,838)	(123,838)
At 31 December 2018	於二零一八年 十二月三十一日	1,051,569	501	(906,433)	145,637
At 1 January 2017	於二零一七年一月一日	1,051,859	-	(143,835)	908,024
Share issue expenses	股份發行開支	(290)	-	-	(290)
Grant of share option	授出購股權	-	110	-	110
Loss and total comprehensive loss for the year	年內虧損及全面虧損總額	-	-	(638,760)	(638,760)
At 31 December 2017	於二零一七年 十二月三十一日	1,051,569	110	(782,595)	269,084

根據開曼群島公司法，在通過償付能力測試及本公司組織章程大綱及細則規限下，股份溢價可供分派予股東。本公司於二零一八年十二月三十一日之可供分派儲備為港幣145,637,000元（二零一七年：港幣269,084,000元）。

Financial Summary

財務概要

		2018 二零一八年 HK\$'000 港幣千元	2017 二零一七年 HK\$'000 港幣千元	2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000 港幣千元	2015 二零一五年 HK\$'000 港幣千元	2014 二零一四年 HK\$'000 港幣千元
Results	業績					
(Loss) gain from the sale of listed investments at fair value through profit or loss	出售透過損益按公允值列賬之上市投資之(虧損)收益	(15,402)	(169,837)	30,466	(12,975)	141,959
(Loss) profit before tax	除稅前(虧損)溢利	(123,270)	(613,334)	(401,883)	145,733	267,908
Income tax	所得稅	-	-	33,047	(33,047)	-
(Loss) profit attributable to equity holders of the Company	本公司權益持有人應佔(虧損)溢利	(123,270)	(613,334)	(368,836)	112,686	267,908
Assets and liabilities	資產及負債					
Total assets	資產總值	364,153	497,285	1,208,660	1,077,441	586,680
Total liabilities	負債總額	(28,862)	(38,524)	(97,468)	(34,010)	(916)
Total equity	總權益	335,291	458,761	1,111,192	1,043,431	585,764



This annual report is printed on environmentally friendly paper
本年報採用環保紙印製



Unity Investments Holdings Limited

合一投資 控股有限公司

www.unity913.com