

VALUE TAIWAN ETF (Stock code: 3060)

A Sub-Fund of Value ETFs Trust

2019 ANNUAL REPORT

For the year ended 31 March 2019

Sensible Asset Management Hong Kong Limited

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In the event of inconsistency, the English text of this Annual Report shall prevail over the Chinese text. This report shall not constitute an offer to sell or a solicitation of an offer to buy shares in any of the funds. Subscriptions are to be made only on the basis of the information contained in the prospectus, as supplemented by the latest semi-annual and annual reports.

A Sub-Fund of Value ETFs Trust (A Hong Kong Umbrella Unit Trust)

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A Sub-Fund of Value ETFs Trust (A Hong Kong Umbrella Unit Trust)

GENERAL INFORMATION

Investment Manager

Sensible Asset Management Hong Kong Limited 43rd Floor, The Center 99 Queen's Road Central Hong Kong

Sub-investment Manager

Value Partners Hong Kong Limited 43rd Floor, The Center 99 Queen's Road Central Hong Kong

Directors of the Investment Manager

Mr. So Chun Ki Louis
Dr. Au King Lun
Mr. Quah Kung Beng David
(appointed on 2 May 2018)
Mr. Cheung Kin Yan

(appointed on 13 March 2019) Mr. Roger Anthony Hepper

(resigned on 13 March 2019)

Mr. Mak Ling Kai

(resigned on 17 January 2019)

Trustee and Registrar

HSBC Institutional Trust Services (Asia) Limited 1 Queen's Road Central Hong Kong

Legal Advisor

Simmons & Simmons 13th Floor, One Pacific Place 88 Queensway Hong Kong

Auditors

Ernst & Young 22/F, CITIC Tower 1 Tim Mei Avenue Central Hong Kong

Information available from:

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General information (Continued)

Recent awards and achievements

Corporate awards (ETF)

- Benchmark Fund of the Year Awards 2017, Hong Kong
 House Award (ETF) Commodity ETF (Outstanding Achiever) for Sensible
 Asset Management
 - Benchmark
- 2016 Value Partners

ETF and Indexing Awards 2016 - Best ETF Launch

- Asia Asset Management & ETFI Asia
- Value Partners

ETF and Indexing Awards 2016 - Best Commodity ETF

- Asia Asset Management & ETFI Asia
- Value Partners

ETF and Indexing Awards 2016 - Best Smart Beta ETF

- Asia Asset Management & ETFI Asia

Value Taiwan ETF

- 2015 Top Fund Awards 2015 (Hong Kong)
 Taiwan Large-Cap Equity Outstanding Performer (ETF)
 - Bloomberg Businessweek, Chinese edition
 - Fund of the Year Awards 2015
 Best-in-class Taiwan Equity (ETF)
 - Benchmark Magazine
- Fund of the Year Awards 2014

Top Fund 100 - Taiwan Equity (ETF) - Best-in-class

- Benchmark Magazine

A Sub-Fund of Value ETFs Trust (A Hong Kong Umbrella Unit Trust)

MANAGER'S REPORT

Value Taiwan ETF ("the Sub-Fund") is an index-tracking exchange traded fund whose units are listed and traded on the Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited ("SEHK"). The Sub-Fund aims to provide investment results that, before fees and expenses, closely correspond to the performance of the FTSE Value-Stocks Taiwan Index ("the Index") by holding a portfolio of the constituent stocks of the Index. The Index comprises 49 value stocks amongst Taiwanese companies' shares listed on The Taiwan Stock Exchange Corporation and GreTai Securities Market, which is a market regulated and supervised by the Taiwan Financial Supervisory Commission.

As at 29 March 2019, the Net Asset Value ("NAV") per unit of the Sub-Fund was TWD168.32, and 750,000 units were outstanding. The total size of the Sub-Fund was approximately TWD126.2 million.

A summary of the performance of the Index and the Sub-Fund is given below.

	From 1 April 2018 to 29 March 2019		Since inception
FTSE Value-Stocks Taiwan Index	+7.6%	+8.5%	+109.1%
Value Taiwan ETF	+2.5%	+7.6%	+60.0%

The difference in performance between the FTSE Value-Stocks Taiwan Index and the Value Taiwan ETF is mainly attributed to fees and expenses, and security misweightings. The historical tracking error for the NAV of the Fund against the FTSE Value-Stocks Taiwan Index was at 43 basis points on an annualized basis since its inception on 23 May 2012.

Sensible Asset Management Hong Kong Limited

19 July 2019

All performance figures are sourced from HSBC Institutional Trust Services (Asia) Limited and Bloomberg, in TWD, NAV to NAV with dividends reinvested, as at 29 March 2019. Performance data is net of all fees.

Investors should note that investment involve risk. The price of units may go down as well as up and past performance is not indicative of future results.

A Sub-Fund of Value ETFs Trust (A Hong Kong Umbrella Unit Trust)

STATEMENT OF RESPONSIBILITIES OF THE MANAGER AND THE TRUSTEE

Manager's responsibilities

The Manager of Value Taiwan ETF is required by the Code on Unit Trusts and Mutual Funds established by the Hong Kong Securities and Futures Commission (the "SFC Code") and the Trust Deed dated 21 March 2012 (the "Trust Deed"), to prepare financial statements for each annual accounting period which give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Sub-Fund at the end of that period and of the transactions for the period then ended. In preparing these financial statements, the Manager is required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and estimates that are prudent and reasonable; and
- prepare the financial statements on the basis that the Sub-Fund will continue in operation unless it is inappropriate to presume this.

The Manager is also required to manage the Sub-Fund in accordance with the Trust Deed and take reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

Trustee's responsibilities

The Trustee of the Sub-Fund is required to:

- ensure that the Sub-Fund is managed by the Manager in accordance with the Trust Deed and that the investment and borrowing powers are complied with;
- satisfy itself that sufficient accounting and other records have been maintained;
- safeguard the property of the Sub-Fund and rights attaching thereto; and
- report to the unitholders for each annual accounting period on the conduct of the Manager in the management of the Sub-Fund.

A Sub-Fund of Value ETFs Trust (A Hong Kong Umbrella Unit Trust)

TRUSTEE'S REPORT TO THE UNITHOLDERS OF VALUE ETFS TRUST - VALUE TAIWAN ETF

We hereby confirm that, in our opinion, the Manager has in all material respects, managed Value Taiwan ETF in accordance with the provisions of the Trust Deed dated 21 March 2012 for the year ended 31 March 2019.

For and on behalf of HSBC Institutional Trust Services (Asia) Limited

Trustee 19 July 2019

A Sub-Fund of Value ETFs Trust (A Hong Kong Umbrella Unit Trust)

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE UNITHOLDERS OF VALUE ETFS TRUST - VALUE TAIWAN ETF

Report on the audit of the financial statements

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Value Taiwan ETF (a sub-fund of Value ETFs (the "Trust") and referred to as the "Sub-Fund") set out on pages 12 to 39, which comprise the statement of financial position as at 31 March 2019, and the statement of comprehensive income, the statement of changes in equity and the statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Sub-Fund as at 31 March 2019, and of its financial performance and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRSs") issued by the International Accounting Standards Board ("IASB").

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing ("ISAs"). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the Sub-Fund in accordance with the Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (the "Code") issued by Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountant, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Key audit matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgement, were of most significance in our audit of the financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters. For each matter below, our description of how our audit addressed the matter is provided in that context.

We have fulfilled the responsibilities described in the *Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements* section of our report, including in relation to these matters. Accordingly, our audit included the performance of procedures designed to respond to our assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements. The results of our audit procedures, including the procedures performed to address the matters below, provide the basis for our audit opinion on the accompanying financial statements.

A Sub-Fund of Value ETFs Trust (A Hong Kong Umbrella Unit Trust)

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE UNITHOLDERS OF VALUE ETFS TRUST - VALUE TAIWAN ETF (Continued)

Report on the audit of the financial statements (Continued)

Key audit matters (Continued)

Key audit matter

How our audit addressed the key audit matter

Existence and valuation of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

The financial assets at fair value through profit or loss included in the statement of financial position of the Sub-Fund were listed shares in the Taiwan Stock Exchange Corporation and GreTai Securities Market at 31 March 2019, which represented over 90% of the net asset value of the Sub-Fund. There were 49 constituent listed shares in the Sub-Fund. These financial assets were kept by a custodian and measured at fair value as set out in Notes 2 and 10 to the financial statements.

We obtained independent confirmation from the custodian of the entire investment portfolio held at 31 March 2019, and agreed the quantity held to the accounting records. We tested the design and operating effectiveness of controls for the valuation of financial instruments. In addition, we independently checked the valuation of the financial assets at fair value through profit or loss that are quoted in active markets against third party vendor sources at 31 March 2019.

We reviewed the financial statement disclosures regarding fair value hierarchy as set out in Note 10 to the financial statements.

Other information included in the Annual Report

The Trustee and the Manager are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Annual Report, other than the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

A Sub-Fund of Value ETFs Trust (A Hong Kong Umbrella Unit Trust)

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE UNITHOLDERS OF VALUE ETFs TRUST - VALUE TAIWAN ETF (Continued)

Report on the audit of the financial statements (Continued)

Responsibilities of the Trustee and the Manager for the financial statements

The Trustee and the Manager of the Sub-Fund are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with IFRSs issued by the IASB, and for such internal control as the Trustee and the Manager determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the Trustee and the Manager of the Sub-Fund are responsible for assessing the Sub-Fund's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Trustee and the Manager either intend to liquidate the Sub-Fund or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

In addition, the Trustee and the Manager of the Sub-Fund are required to ensure that the financial statements have been properly prepared in accordance with the relevant disclosure provisions of the Trust Deed and the relevant disclosure provisions of Appendix E of the Code on Unit Trusts and Mutual Funds (the "SFC Code") issued by the Hong Kong Securities and Futures Commission.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Our report is made solely to you, as a body, in accordance with our agreed terms of engagement, and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility towards or accept liability to any other person for the contents of this report.

Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements. In addition, we are required to assess whether the financial statements of the Sub-Fund have been properly prepared, in all material respects, in accordance with the relevant provisions of the Trust Deed and the relevant disclosure provisions of Appendix E of the SFC Code.

A Sub-Fund of Value ETFs Trust (A Hong Kong Umbrella Unit Trust)

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE UNITHOLDERS OF VALUE ETFs TRUST - VALUE TAIWAN ETF (Continued)

Report on the audit of the financial statements (Continued)

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements (Continued)

As part of an audit in accordance with ISAs, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due
 to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain
 audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk
 of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting
 from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations,
 or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
 procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing
 an opinion on the effectiveness of the Sub-Fund's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the Trustee and the Manager.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the Trustee's and the Manager's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Sub-Fund's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Sub-Fund to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including
 the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions
 and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with the Trustee and the Manager regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide the Trustee and the Manager with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

A Sub-Fund of Value ETFs Trust (A Hong Kong Umbrella Unit Trust)

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE UNITHOLDERS OF VALUE ETFs TRUST - VALUE TAIWAN ETF (Continued)

Report on the audit of the financial statements (Continued)

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements (Continued)

From the matters communicated with the Trustee and the Manager, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

Report on matters under the relevant provisions of the Trust Deed and the relevant disclosure provisions of Appendix E of the SFC Code

In our opinion, the financial statements have been properly prepared, in all material respects, in accordance with the relevant disclosure provisions of the Trust Deed and the relevant disclosure provisions of Appendix E of the SFC Code.

The engagement partner on the audit resulting in this independent auditor's report is Ms. Christine Lin.

Ernst & Young
Certified Public Accountants
22/F, CITIC Tower
1 Tim Mei Avenue
Central
Hong Kong

19 July 2019

A Sub-Fund of Value ETFs Trust (A Hong Kong Umbrella Unit Trust)

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

AS AT 31 MARCH 2019

ASSETS	Notes	2019 TWD	2018 TWD
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss Prepayments and other receivables	4, 10	125,534,156 46,917	222,275,014 42,287
Cash and cash equivalents	4, 7(c)	1,703,163	1,358,981
TOTAL ASSETS		127,284,236	223,676,282
LIABILITIES Audit fees payable Management fees payable Trustee and registrar fees payable Other payables	7(a) 7(b)	339,968 272,685 10,133 417,952	321,422 498,580 18,120 1,096,949
TOTAL LIABILITIES		1,040,738	1,935,071
TOTAL EQUITY		126,243,498	221,741,211
Represented by: Net assets attributable to unitholders		126,243,498	221,741,211
Net asset value per unit based on 750,000 (2018: 1,350,000) units outstanding	8	168.3247	164.2527

Approved and authorised for issue by the Manager and the Trustee on 19 July 2019.

Signed by:

Sensible Asset Management Hong Kong Limited, Manager

HSBC Institutional Trust Services (Asia) Limited, *Trustee*

A Sub-Fund of Value ETFs Trust (A Hong Kong Umbrella Unit Trust)

STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2019

	Notes	2019 TWD	2018 TWD
Dividend income		5,816,757	9,168,238
Interest income		95	8
Net gains from financial assets at fair value			
through profit or loss	5	4,605,579	21,045,489
Net foreign exchange (losses)/gains		(70,128)	49,514
Other income		323,815	
Net investment income		10,676,118	30,263,249
Management fees	7(a)	898,162	1,477,307
Trustee and registrar fees	7(b)	128,308	211,044
Transaction fees		768,833	497,221
Sub-custodian fees		131,969	148,153
Auditor's remuneration		353,195	229,966
Legal and Professional fees		418,682	276,161
Bank charges	7(c)	1,280	1,309
Information services fees		935,091	902,391
Other operating expenses		1,285,151	1,015,533
Operating expenses		4,920,671	4,759,085
Profit before taxation		5,755,447	25,504,164
Withholding tax	6	(1,328,920)	(1,978,453)
Profit after taxation and total			
comprehensive income for the year		4,426,527	23,525,711

A Sub-Fund of Value ETFs Trust (A Hong Kong Umbrella Unit Trust)

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2019

	Note	2019 TWD	2018 TWD
BALANCE AT THE BEGINNING OF THE YEAR		221,741,211	198,215,500
Redemption of redeemable units	8	(99,924,240)	
Net decrease from unit transactions		(99,924,240)	-
TOTAL TRANSACTIONS WITH UNITHOLDERS		(99,924,240)	
PROFIT AFTER TAXATION AND TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR		4,426,527	23,525,711
BALANCE AT THE END OF THE YEAR		126,243,498	221,741,211

A Sub-Fund of Value ETFs Trust (A Hong Kong Umbrella Unit Trust)

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2019

	Note	2019 TWD	2018 <i>TWD</i> (restated)
OPERATING ACTIVITIES			,
Dividends received		5,816,757	9,168,238
Interest income received		93	12
Proceeds from sale of investments		198,278,511	108,662,047
Purchase of investments		(96,932,074)	(111,355,306)
Operating expenses paid		(5,565,945)	(3,910,503)
Withholding tax paid		(1,328,920)	(1,978,453)
CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		100,268,422	586,035
FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
Payments on redemption of redeemable units		(99,924,240)	
CASH FLOWS USED IN FINANCING ACTIVITIES		(99,924,240)	
NET INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		344,182	586,035
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE BEGINNING OF THE YEAR		1,358,981	772,946
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE END OF THE YEAR		1,703,163	1,358,981
ANALYSIS OF BALANCES OF CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS			
Cash at bank	7(c)	1,703,163	1,358,981

A Sub-Fund of Value ETFs Trust (A Hong Kong Umbrella Unit Trust)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1. GENERAL

Value ETFs Trust (the "Trust") is an open ended umbrella unit trust established under the laws of Hong Kong pursuant to a Trust Deed dated 21 March 2012 (the "Trust Deed").

The Trust is able to issue redeemable units in various sub-funds and as at 31 March 2019, the Value Japan ETF, Value Korea ETF and Value Taiwan ETF have been launched. The Value Japan ETF, Value Korea ETF and Value Taiwan ETF commenced operations on 22 May 2012, 23 May 2012 and 23 May 2012, respectively.

The accompanying financial statements have been prepared for the Value ETFs Trust -Value Taiwan ETF (the "Sub-Fund"). The financial statements of Value Korea ETF and Value Japan ETF have been prepared individually and consequently are not included in these financial statements.

The Sub-Fund is authorised by the Hong Kong Securities and Futures Commission (the "SFC") under Section 104(1) of the Hong Kong Securities and Futures Ordinance ("HKSFO"), and is governed by the Hong Kong Code on Unit Trusts and Mutual Funds (the "SFC Code"). The Sub-Fund is also listed on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange") (a subsidiary of the Hong Kong Exchanges and Clearing Limited).

The investment objective of the Sub-Fund is to provide investment results that, before fees and expenses, closely correspond to the performance of the FTSE Value-Stocks Taiwan Index (the "Index").

In seeking to achieve the Sub-Fund's investment objective, Sensible Asset Management Hong Kong Limited (the "Manager") will primarily use a replication strategy through investing directly in securities included in the Index in substantially the same weightings in which they are included in the Index. The Manager may also invest in financial derivative instruments linked to the performance of the securities included in the Index, the Index and/or (after considering various factors such as transaction costs, availability, liquidity and degree of correlation with the Index) another index that collectively has an investment profile similar to the profile of the Index.

The Manager may also use a representative sampling strategy, which means that the Sub-Fund will invest directly in a representative sample of securities that collectively has an investment profile that aims to reflect the profile of the Index. The securities constituting the representative sample may or may not themselves be constituents of the Index. The Sub-Fund may also invest in financial derivative instruments linked to the performance of a representative sample of securities that collectively has an investment profile that aims to reflect the profile of the Index and/or (after considering various factors such as transaction costs, availability, liquidity and degree of correlation with the Index) another index that collectively has an investment profile similar to the profile of the Index.

The Sub-Fund may also use financial derivative instruments limited to listed or over-the-counter futures contracts, options and warrants related to the Index and the securities included in the Index for hedging or non-hedging purposes. Non-hedging purposes include cost reduction and investment purposes.

A Sub-Fund of Value ETFs Trust (A Hong Kong Umbrella Unit Trust)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(a) Statement of compliance

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRSs") as issued by the International Accounting Standard Board ("IASB"), and interpretations issued by the International Financial Reporting Interpretations Committee of the IASB and the relevant disclosure provisions of the Trust Deed and the relevant disclosure provisions of in Appendix E of the SFC Code. A summary of the significant accounting policies adopted by the Sub-Fund is set out below.

The IASB has issued certain new and revised IFRSs that are available for early adoption for the current accounting period of the Sub-Fund.

The Sub-Fund has not applied any amendments and new standards that are not yet effective for the current accounting period (see Note 14).

(b) Basis of preparation

The functional currency of the financial statements is the Taiwan dollar ("TWD") reflecting the fact that most of the transactions are denominated in TWD.

The financial statements are prepared under the historical cost convention, except for financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss. These financial statements are presented in TWD.

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with IFRSs requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of policies and the reported amounts recognised in the financial statements and disclosure of contingent liabilities. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and various other factors that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances, the results of which form the basis of making the judgements about carrying values of financial position that are not readily apparent from other sources. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised if the revision affects only that period, or in the period of the revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods.

(c) Foreign currency translation

Transactions in foreign currencies are translated at foreign currency exchange rate ruling at the date of transaction. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated to TWD at the foreign currency closing exchange rate ruling at the end of the reporting period. Foreign currency exchange differences arising on translation and realised gains and losses on disposals or settlements of monetary assets and liabilities are recognised in profit or loss.

A Sub-Fund of Value ETFs Trust (A Hong Kong Umbrella Unit Trust)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(c) Foreign currency translation (Continued)

Non-monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies that are measured at fair value are translated to TWD at the foreign currency exchange rates ruling at the dates that the values were determined. Foreign currency exchange differences relating to trading investments are included in gains and losses on investments. All other foreign currency exchange differences relating to monetary items, including cash and cash equivalents are presented separately in the statement of comprehensive income.

(d) Financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss

In the current period, the Sub-Fund has adopted IFRS 9 Financial Instruments. See note 13 for an explanation of the impact. Comparative figures for the year ended 31 March 2018 have not been restated. Therefore, financial instruments in the comparative period are still accounted for in accordance with IAS 39 Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement.

(iA) Classification – Policy effective from 1 April 2018 (IFRS 9)

In accordance with IFRS 9, the Sub-Fund classifies its financial assets and financial liabilities at initial recognition into the categories of financial assets and financial liabilities discussed below. In applying that classification, a financial asset or financial liability is considered to be held for trading if:

- It is acquired or incurred principally for the purpose of selling or repurchasing it in the near term; or
- On initial recognition, it is part of a portfolio of identified financial instruments that are managed together and for which, there is evidence of a recent actual pattern of short-term profit-taking; or
- (iii) It is a derivative (except for a derivative that is a financial guarantee contract or a designated and effective hedging instrument).

Financial assets

The Sub-Fund classifies its financial assets as subsequently measured at amortised cost or measured at fair value through profit or loss on the basis of both:

- The entity's business model for managing the financial assets; and
- The contractual cash flow characteristics of the financial asset.

Financial assets measured at amortised cost

A debt instrument is measured at amortised cost if it is held within a business model whose objective is to hold financial assets in order to collect contractual cash flows and its contractual terms give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding. The Sub-Fund includes in this category short-term non-financing receivables including accrued income and other receivables.

A Sub-Fund of Value ETFs Trust (A Hong Kong Umbrella Unit Trust)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

- (d) Financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss (Continued)
- (iA) Classification Policy effective from 1 April 2018 (IFRS 9) (Continued)

Financial assets (Continued)

Financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss (FVPL)

A financial asset is measured at fair value through profit or loss if:

- (i) Its contractual terms do not give rise to cash flows on specified dates that are solely payments of principal and interest (SPPI) on the principal amount outstanding; or
- (ii) It is not held within a business model whose objective is either to collect contractual cash flows, or to both collect contractual cash flows and sell; or
- (iii) At initial recognition, it is irrevocably designated as measured at FVPL when doing so eliminates or significantly reduces a measurement or recognition inconsistency that would otherwise arise from measuring assets or liabilities or recognising the gains and losses on them on different bases.

The Sub-Fund includes in this category:

 Instruments held for trading; this category includes equity instruments which are acquired principally for the purpose of generating a profit from short-term fluctuations in price.

Financial liabilities

Financial liabilities measured at fair value through profit or loss (FVPL)

A financial liability is measured at FVPL if it meets the definition of held for trading.

Financial liabilities measured at amortised cost

This category includes all financial liabilities, other than those measured at fair value through profit or loss. The Sub-Fund includes in this category other short-term payables.

(iB) Classification – Policy effective before 1 April 2018 (IAS 39)

The Sub-Fund designates all its equity securities into the financial assets at fair value through profit or loss category. The category of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss comprises financial instruments held for trading and financial instruments designated at fair value through profit or loss upon initial recognition.

All of the Sub-Fund's investments are designated as financial assets at fair value through profit or loss. These investments are managed, evaluated and reported internally on a fair value basis upon initial recognition.

Financial assets that are classified as loans and receivables include prepayments and other receivables.

Financial liabilities that are not designated at fair value through profit or loss include accounts payables.

A Sub-Fund of Value ETFs Trust (A Hong Kong Umbrella Unit Trust)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

- (d) Financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss (Continued)
- (ii) Recognition

The Sub-Fund recognises financial assets and financial liabilities on the date it becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

A regular way purchase of financial assets is recognised using trade date accounting. From this date, any gains and losses arising from changes in fair value of the financial assets or financial liabilities are recorded.

Financial liabilities are not recognised unless one of the parties has performed its obligations under the contract or the contract is a derivative contract not exempted from the scope of International Accounting Standard 39 ("IAS 39").

(iii) Measurement

Financial instruments are measured initially at fair value (transaction price). Transaction costs on financial instruments designated at fair value through profit or loss are expensed immediately, while those on other financial instruments are amortised.

Subsequent to initial recognition, all financial instruments are measured at fair value with changes in the fair value recognised in profit or loss.

Financial assets classified as loans and receivables are carried at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method, less impairment losses, if any.

Financial liabilities are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate.

A Sub-Fund of Value ETFs Trust (A Hong Kong Umbrella Unit Trust)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

- (d) Financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss (Continued)
- (iv) Fair value measurement principles

The Sub-Fund measures its equity investments at fair value at the end of each reporting period. Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The fair value measurement is based on their quoted market price at the end of the reporting period without any deduction for estimated future selling cost. The Sub-Fund utilises the last traded price for both listed financial assets and liabilities.

The Sub-Funds uses valuation techniques that are appropriate in the circumstances and for which sufficient data are available to measure fair value, maximising the use of relevant observable inputs and minimising the use of unobservable inputs.

All assets and liabilities for which fair value is measured or disclosed in the financial statements are categorised within the fair value hierarchy, described as follows, based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole:

- Level 1 based on quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities
- Level 2 based on valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is observable, either directly or indirectly
- Level 3 based on valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is unobservable

For assets and liabilities that are recognised in the financial statements on a recurring basis, the Sub-Fund determines whether transfers have occurred between levels in the hierarchy by reassessing categorisation (based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole) at the end of each reporting period.

(v) Derecognition

The Sub-Fund derecognises a financial asset when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the financial asset expire or it transfers the financial asset and the transfer qualifies for derecognition in accordance with IAS 39.

The Sub-Fund uses the weighted average method to determine realised gains and losses on derecognition.

A financial liability is derecognised when the obligation specified in the contract is discharged, cancelled or expired.

A Sub-Fund of Value ETFs Trust (A Hong Kong Umbrella Unit Trust)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

- (e) Impairment of financial assets
- (i) Policy effective from 1 April 2018 (IFRS 9)

The Sub-Fund holds only receivables with no financing component and which have maturities of less than 12 months at amortised cost and, as such, has chosen to apply an approach similar to the simplified approach for expected credit losses ("ECLs") under IFRS 9 to all its trade receivables. Therefore the Sub-Fund does not track changes in credit risk, but instead recognises a loss allowance based on lifetime ECLs at each reporting date.

The Sub-Fund's approach to ECLs reflects a probability-weighted outcome, the time value of money and reasonable and supportable information that is available without undue cost or effort at the reporting date about past events, current conditions and forecasts of future economic conditions.

(ii) Policy effective before 1 April 2018 (IAS 39)

Financial assets that are stated at cost or amortised cost are reviewed at each of the end of the reporting period to determine whether there is objective evidence of impairment. If any such indication exists, an impairment loss is recognised in profit or loss as the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows discounted at the financial asset's original effective interest rate.

If in a subsequent period the amount of an impairment loss recognised on a financial asset carried at amortised cost decrease and the decrease can be linked objectively to an event occurring after the write-down, the write-down is reversed through profit or loss.

(f) Cash and cash equivalents

Cash comprises current deposits with banks. Cash equivalents are short-term highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to know amounts of cash, are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value, and are held for the purpose of meeting short-term cash commitments rather than for investment or other purposes.

For the purpose of the statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents consist of cash and cash equivalents as defined above, net of outstanding bank overdrafts where applicable.

A Sub-Fund of Value ETFs Trust (A Hong Kong Umbrella Unit Trust)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(g) Income

Interest income is recognised in profit or loss on a time-proportionate basis using the effective interest method.

Dividend income relating to exchange-traded equity securities is recognised in profit or loss on the exdividend date. In some cases, the Sub-Fund may choose to receive dividends in the form of additional shares rather than cash. In such cases, the Sub-Fund recognises the dividend income for the amount of the cash dividend alternative with the corresponding debit treated as an additional investment.

(h) Expenses

All expenses, including management fees and trustee and registrar fees, are recognised in profit or loss on an accrual basis.

(i) Foreign exchange gains and losses

Foreign exchange gains and losses on financial instruments designated at fair value through profit or loss are recognised together with other changes in the fair value. Included in the statement of comprehensive income line item, net foreign exchange (losses)/gains which are foreign exchange gains and losses on monetary financial assets and financial liabilities other than those classified as designated at fair value through profit or loss.

(j) Taxation

No provision for Hong Kong Profits Tax has been made in the financial statements as the income of the Sub-Fund is exempt from taxation under Section 26A(1A) of the Hong Kong Inland Revenue Ordinance

In some jurisdictions, investment income and capital gains are subject to withholding tax deducted at the source of the income. The Sub-Fund presents the withholding tax separately from the gross investment income in the statement of comprehensive income. For the purpose of the statement of cash flows, cash inflows from investments are presented net of withholding taxes, when applicable.

A Sub-Fund of Value ETFs Trust (A Hong Kong Umbrella Unit Trust)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(k) Redeemable units

The Sub-Fund classifies financial instruments issued as financial liabilities or equity instruments in accordance with the substance of the contractual terms of the instruments.

The Sub-Fund has only one class of redeemable units in issue and they are the most subordinate class of financial instrument in the Sub-Fund. The redeemable units provide unitholders with the right to require redemption for cash at a value proportionate to the unitholder's share in the Sub-Fund's net assets at each redemption date and also in the event of the Sub-Fund's liquidation.

A puttable financial instrument that includes a contractual obligation for the Sub-Fund to repurchase or redeem that instrument for cash or another financial asset is classified as equity if it meets all of the following conditions:

- it entitles the holder to a pro rata share of the Sub-Fund's net assets in the event of the Sub-Fund's liquidation;
- it is in the class of instruments that is subordinate to all other classes of instruments:
- all financial instruments in the class of instruments that is subordinate to all other classes of instruments have identical features;
- apart from the contractual obligation for the Sub-Fund to repurchase or redeem the instrument for cash or another financial asset, the instrument does not include any other features that would require classification as a liability; and
- the total expected cash flows attributable to the instrument over its life are based substantially
 on profit or loss, the change in the recognised net assets or the change in the fair value of the
 recognised and unrecognised net assets of the Sub-Fund over the life of the instrument.

In addition to the redeemable units having all the above features, the Sub-Fund must have no other financial instrument or contract that has:

- (a) total cash flows based substantially on the profit or loss, the change in the recognised net assets or the change in the fair value of the recognised and unrecognised net assets of the Sub-Fund; and
- (b) the effect of substantially restricting or fixing the residual return to the redeemable unitholders.

The Sub-Fund's redeemable units meet these conditions and are classified as equity.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(k) Redeemable units (Continued)

Incremental costs directly attributable to the issue or redemption of redeemable units are recognised directly in equity as a deduction from the proceeds or part of the acquisition cost.

Repurchase of redeemable units

When redeemable units recognised as equity are redeemed, the amount paid on the redemption of the units is presented as a deduction from total equity.

(I) Related parties

A party is considered to be related to the Sub-Fund if:

- (a) the party is a person or a close member of that person's family and that person
 - (i) has control or joint control over the Sub-Fund;
 - (ii) has significant influence over the Sub-Fund; or
 - (iii) is a member of the key management personnel of the Sub-Fund or of a parent of the Sub-Fund;

or

- (b) the party is an entity where any of the following conditions applies:
 - (i) the entity and the Sub-Fund are members of the same group:
 - (ii) one entity is an associate or joint venture of the other entity (or of a parent, subsidiary or fellow subsidiary of the other entity);
 - (iii) the entity and the Sub-Fund are joint ventures of the same third party;
 - (iv) one entity is a joint venture of a third entity and the other entity is an associate of the third entity:
 - (v) the entity is a post-employment benefit plan for the benefit of employees of either the Sub-Fund or an entity related to the Sub-Fund;
 - (vi) the entity is controlled or jointly controlled by a person identified in (a):
 - (vii) a person identified in (a)(i) has significant influence over the entity or is a member of the key management personnel of the entity (or of a parent of the entity); and
 - (viii) the entity, or any member of a group of which it is a part, provides key management personnel services to the Sub-Fund or to the parent of the Sub-Fund.

A Sub-Fund of Value ETFs Trust (A Hong Kong Umbrella Unit Trust)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(m) Segment reporting

An operating segment is a component of the Sub-Fund that engages in business activities from which it may earn revenues and incur expenses, including revenues and expenses that relates to transactions with any of the Sub-Fund's other components, whose operating results are reviewed regularly by the chief operating decision maker to make decisions about resources allocated to the segment and assess its performance, and for which discrete financial information is available. Segment results that are reported to the chief operating decision maker include items directly attributable to a segment as well as those that can be allocated on a reasonable basis. The chief operating decision maker of the Sub-Fund is identified as the Manager.

(n) Distributions to unitholders

Distributions are at the discretion of the Sub-Fund. A distribution to the Sub-Fund's unitholders is accounted for as a deduction from net assets attributable to unitholders. A proposed distribution is recognised as a liability in the year in which it is approved by the Manager.

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS AND ESTIMATES

The preparation of the Sub-Fund's financial statements requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts recognised in the financial statements and disclosure of contingent liabilities. However, uncertainty about these assumptions and estimates could result in outcomes that could require a material adjustment to the carrying amount of the asset or liability affected in future periods.

Judgements

In the process of applying the Sub-Fund's accounting policies, management has made the following judgements, which have the most significant effect on the amounts recognised in the financial statements:

Going concern

The Sub-Fund's management has made an assessment of the Sub-Fund ability to continue as a going concern and is satisfied that the Sub-Fund has the resources to continue in business for the foreseeable future. Furthermore, management is not aware of any material uncertainties that may cast significant doubt upon the Sub-Fund's ability to continue as a going concern. Therefore, the financial statements continue to be prepared on the going concern basis.

4. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

The investment objective of the Sub-Fund is to provide investment results that, before fees and expenses, closely correspond to the performance of the Index.

The Sub-Fund invests in listed securities and it is exposed to market risk (which includes foreign exchange risk, price risk and interest rate risk), credit risk, liquidity risk and concentration risk arising from the financial instruments held.

A Sub-Fund of Value ETFs Trust (A Hong Kong Umbrella Unit Trust)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

4. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

The Sub-Fund's overall financial risk management program focuses on the analysis, evaluation and management of financial risks and seeks to minimise potential adverse effects on the Sub-Fund's financial performance.

The risks and respective risk management policies employed by the Sub-Fund to manage these risks are discussed below.

- (a) Market risk
- (i) Foreign exchange risk

Currency risk is the risk that the value of financial instruments will fluctuate due to changes in foreign exchange rates. The Sub-Fund's overall currency positions are monitored on a daily basis by the Manager.

As at 31 March 2019 and 2018, the Sub-Fund was not exposed to significant foreign currency risk. The majority of assets and liabilities are denominated in TWD, which is the functional currency of the Sub-Fund.

(ii) Price risk

Market price risk is the risk that the value of a financial instrument will fluctuate as a result of changes in market prices. Those changes may be caused by factors specific to the individual instrument or factors affecting all instruments in the market.

The Sub-Fund may trade in financial instruments, taking positions in traded and over-the-counter instruments, including derivatives, to take advantage of market movements.

All securities investments present a risk of loss of capital. The Manager makes investments in accordance with the provisions and specific limits as stated in the Trust Deed. The Sub-Fund's overall market positions are monitored on a daily basis by the Manager.

As at 31 March 2019 and 2018, the Sub-Fund's overall market exposures and estimated market sensitivity were as follows:

	Percenta	age change		imated impact n net assets
	2019	2018	2019 TWD	2018 TWD
FTSE Value-Stocks Taiwan Index	+/-20%	+/-20%	+/-25,128,899	+/-44,462,230

(iii) Interest rate risk

The majority of the Sub-Fund's financial assets and liabilities are non-interest-bearing. As a result, the Sub-Fund is not subject to significant risk due to fluctuations in the prevailing levels of market interest rates.

A Sub-Fund of Value ETFs Trust (A Hong Kong Umbrella Unit Trust)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

4. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

(b) Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or counterparty will be unable or unwilling to meet a commitment that it has entered into with the Sub-Fund. Potential credit risk to the Sub-Fund principally relates to financial assets at fair value through profit or loss, cash and cash equivalents and other receivables.

The Sub-Fund limits its exposure to credit risk by transacting the majority of its securities and contractual commitment activities with broker-dealers, banks and regulated exchanges with high credit ratings or good reputation, and that the Manager considers to be well established. All transactions in listed securities are settled/paid for upon delivery using approved and reputable brokers. The risk of default is considered minimal since delivery of securities sold is only made when the broker has received payment. In a purchase, payment is made when the securities have been received by the broker. If either party fails to meet its obligation, the trade will fail. Accordingly, there is no significant concentration of credit risk.

The table below shows the major counterparties at the end of the reporting period. The credit ratings are issued by Standard & Poor's:

Credit rating				
Counterparty	2019	2018	2019 TWD	2018 TWD
Bank A Custodian A	AA- AA-	AA- AA-	1,703,163 125,534,156	1,358,981 222,275,014

(c) Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that an enterprise will encounter difficulty in settling a liability or selling a financial asset quickly at close to its fair value. The Manager monitors the liquidity of the Sub-Fund by conducting liquidity testing on the investment portfolio on a monthly and ad-hoc basis.

The Sub-Fund's equity investments are considered to be readily realisable under normal market conditions as they are all publicly traded.

The Sub-Fund is exposed to daily cash redemption of units. The Manager considered that there is no significant liquidity risk on redemption of units. The contractual maturity of all other liabilities is less than one year.

A Sub-Fund of Value ETFs Trust (A Hong Kong Umbrella Unit Trust)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

4. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

(d) Concentration risk

The SFC Code allows the Sub-Fund to invest in constituent securities issued by a single issuer for more than 10% of the Sub-Fund's net asset value provided that:

- the investment is limited to any constituent securities that each accounts for more than 10% of the weighting of the index and;
- (b) the Sub-Fund's holding of any such constituent securities may not exceed their respective weightings in the index, except where weightings are exceeded as a result of changes in the composition of the indices and the excess is only transitional and temporary in nature.

The Sub-Fund did not have any index securities that accounted for more than 10% of their respective net asset value as at 31 March 2019 and 2018.

5. NET GAINS FROM FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT OR LOSS

	2019 TWD	2018 TWD
Net realised gains Change in unrealised gains/losses	35,517,621 (30,912,042)	17,630,105 3,415,384
	4,605,579	21,045,489

A Sub-Fund of Value ETFs Trust (A Hong Kong Umbrella Unit Trust)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

6. TAXATION

No provision for Hong Kong Profits Tax has been made in the financial statements as the income of the Sub-Fund is exempt from taxation under Section 26A(1A) of the Hong Kong Inland Revenue Ordinance.

Certain dividends received by the Sub-Fund are subject to withholding tax imposed in the country of origin. Dividend income is recorded gross of these taxes and the withholding tax is recognised in profit or loss as incurred.

	2019 TWD	2018 TWD
Withholding tax on cash dividends Withholding tax on non-cash dividends	1,205,065 123,855	1,826,593 151,860
	1,328,920	1,978,453

7. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS/TRANSACTIONS WITH THE TRUSTEE, THE MANAGER AND THEIR CONNECTED PERSONS

In addition to the transactions and balances disclosed elsewhere in these financial statements, the Sub-Fund entered into the following material related party transactions for the year. All such transactions were entered into in the ordinary course of business and on normal commercial terms.

(a) Management fees

The Sub-Fund appointed the Manager, an investment management company incorporated in Hong Kong, to implement the investment strategy as specified in the Trust Deed. The Manager is entitled to receive management fees of 0.70% per annum of the net asset value of the Sub-Fund. The fees are accrued daily and calculated as at each dealing day and payable monthly in arrears.

Management fees of TWD898,162 (2018: TWD1,477,307) was charged to profit or loss during the year. Included in liabilities as at 31 March 2019 were management fees payable of TWD272,685 (2018: TWD498,580).

A Sub-Fund of Value ETFs Trust (A Hong Kong Umbrella Unit Trust)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

7. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS/TRANSACTIONS WITH THE TRUSTEE, THE MANAGER AND THEIR CONNECTED PERSONS (Continued)

(b) Trustee and registrar fees

The Sub-Fund appointed the Trustee, a registered trust company incorporated in Hong Kong, to implement the responsibilities as specified in the Trust Deed. HSBC Institutional Trust Services (Asia) Limited (the "Trustee") is entitled to receive trustee and registrar fees accrued daily and calculated as at each dealing day and payable monthly in arrears, which are determined based on the daily net asset value of the Sub-Fund as below:

Trustee and registrar fees per annum

shown as % of net asset value

Net asset value

First HK\$800 million (approximately TWD 3,143 million*)	0.10%
Next HK\$800 million (approximately TWD 3,143 million*)	0.08%
Next HK\$800 million (approximately TWD 3,143 million*)	0.07%
Thereafter	0.06%

For the period from 1 April 2018 to 31 March 2019, the minimum fee of HK\$39,000 (approximately TWD153,000*) was waived (2018: HK\$39,000 per month).

Trustee and registrar fees of TWD128,308 (2018: TWD211,044) were charged to profit or loss during the year. Included in liabilities as at 31 March 2019 are trustee and registrar fees payable of TWD10,133 (2018: TWD18,120).

(c) Transactions/balances with the group company of the Trustee

The Sub-Fund maintains an interest-bearing bank account with Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation Limited, which is an intermediate holding company of the Trustee. Information relating to the bank account is set out below:

	2019 TWD	2018 TWD
Cash and cash equivalents	1,703,163	1,358,981
Bank charges	1,280	1,309

^{*} Based on exchange rates as at 31 March 2019

A Sub-Fund of Value ETFs Trust (A Hong Kong Umbrella Unit Trust)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

7. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS/TRANSACTIONS WITH THE TRUSTEE, THE MANAGER AND THEIR CONNECTED PERSONS (Continued)

(d) Manager's and its related parties' holding in the Sub-Fund

Units held by the related parties of the Manager and the Sub-investment Manager as at 31 March 2019 and 31 March 2018 are listed out below:

	Number of units	
	2019	2018
Dato' Seri Cheah Cheng Hye ⁱ Value Partners Limited ⁱⁱ	150,800 300,000	150,800 300,000

i Dato' Seri Cheah Cheng Hye is a director of the Sub-investment Manager

(e) Creation and redemption of the Sub-Fund

The Manager and the Trustee entered into a participating agreement with participating dealers to effect applications for creation and redemption of the Sub-Fund. The holding in the Sub-Fund by related party of the Trustee and Custodian for the year ended 31 March 2019 and 2018 were as follows:

2019	Units	Units	Units	Total
	outstanding at	subscribed/	redeemed/	units at
	1 April 2018	transferred in	transferred out	31 March 2019
Bank A	150,000			150,000
2018	Units	Units	Units	Total
	outstanding at	subscribed/	redeemed/	units at
	1 April 2017	transferred in	transferred out	31 March 2018
Bank A	150,000			150,000

ii Value Partners Limited is a fellow subsidiary of the Manager

A Sub-Fund of Value ETFs Trust (A Hong Kong Umbrella Unit Trust)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

8. REDEEMABLE UNITS IN ISSUE

	Number of units	
	2019	2018
At the beginning of the year Redemption of redeemable units	1,350,000 (600,000)	1,350,000
At the end of the year	750,000	1,350,000

The rights attaching to each unit are as follows:

The holders of the units have the right to receive notice of, attend and vote at meetings of the Sub-Fund, and are entitled to receive all dividends declared and paid by the Sub-Fund.

Any distributable profits of the Sub-Fund may be accumulated or distributed by the Manager, in its absolute discretion. Where distributions are made, the distributable amounts are allocated rateably among the unitholders of the relevant class in accordance with the number of units of the relevant class held by the unitholders respectively on the final record date.

The Sub-Fund does not have any externally imposed capital requirements.

In accordance with the Trust Deed, the net assets of the Sub-Fund are computed at last traded prices of the underlying financial instruments for the purpose of calculating redemption amounts of the redeemable units.

9 DISTRIBUTIONS TO UNITHOLDERS

9. DISTRIBUTIONS TO UNITITOLIDERS		
	2019	2018
	TWD	TWD
Amount available for distribution brought forward	30,834,433	23,644,648
Dividend income	5,816,757	9,168,238
Withholding tax	(1,328,920)	(1,978,453)
	4,487,837	7,189,785
Distributions to unitholders		<u>-</u>
Amount available for distribution carried forward	35,322,270	30,834,433

The Sub-Fund did not make any distribution during the year ended 31 March 2019 (2018: Nil).

A Sub-Fund of Value ETFs Trust (A Hong Kong Umbrella Unit Trust)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

10. FAIR VALUE INFORMATION

The Sub-Fund's financial instruments are carried at fair value on the statement of financial position. Usually the fair value of the financial instruments can be reliably determined within a reasonable range of estimates. For certain other financial instruments, including amounts due from/to brokers, accounts receivables, accounts payables and accrued expenses, the carrying amounts approximate fair value due to the immediate or short-term nature of these financial instruments.

(a) Financial instruments carried at fair value

The following tables presents the carrying value of financial instruments measured at fair value at the end of the reporting period across the three levels of the fair value hierarchy defined in IFRS 13, with the fair value of the financial instruments categorised in its entirety based on the lowest level of input that is significant to that fair value measurement. The levels are defined in Note 2(d)(iv) to the financial statements.

	TWD	TWD
Level 1		
Listed equity securities	125,534,156	222,275,014

2019

2018

During the year ended 31 March 2019 and 2018, there were no transfers between Level 1, Level 2 or Level 3 of the fair value hierarchy. As at 31 March 2019, there were no Level 2 and Level 3 investments.(2018: Nil).

(b) Financial instruments carried at other than fair value

The carrying amounts of all the Sub-Fund's financial assets and financial liabilities at the end of the reporting period approximated to their fair values.

11. SEGMENT REPORTING

The Manager makes strategic resource allocation and assesses performance on behalf of the Sub-Fund and has determined the operating segments based on the reports reviewed which are used to make strategic decisions.

The Manager considers that the Sub-Fund has a single operating segment which is investing in a diversified portfolio of equity securities with the objective as stated in the investment objective and policies of the Sub-Fund.

The segment information provided to the Manager is the same as that disclosed in the statement of comprehensive income and the statement of financial position.

The Sub-Fund is established and domiciled in Hong Kong. The majority of the Sub-Fund's investment income was derived from its investments domiciled in Taiwan for the year ended 31 March 2019 and 2018.

The Sub-Fund has no assets classified as non-current as at 31 March 2019 (2018: Nil).

A Sub-Fund of Value ETFs Trust (A Hong Kong Umbrella Unit Trust)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

12. SOFT COMMISSION ARRANGEMENTS

The Manager and/or any company associated with it and its delegates may enter into soft dollars/ commission sharing arrangements with brokers through which brokerage transactions are entered on behalf of clients under management. The Manager may receive, and are entitled to retain, research products and services (known as soft dollar benefits) which are of demonstrable benefit to the Sub-Fund (as may be permitted under applicable rules and regulations) from brokers and other persons through whom investment transactions are carried out (the "brokers"). Soft dollars may be received from them provided that the quality of transaction execution is consistent with best execution standards and brokerage rates are not in excess of the customary full-service brokerage rates.

Such soft dollar benefits may include research and advisory services; economic and political analysis; portfolio analysis, including valuation and performance measurement; market analysis, data and quotation services and software incidental to the above goods and services; clearing and custodian services and investment related publications. For the avoidance of doubt, soft dollar benefits do not include travel, accommodation, entertainment, general administrative goods and services, general office equipment or premises, membership fees, employee salaries or direct money payments.

The Manager will consider many judgemental factors deemed relevant in determining whether a broker will provide best execution. In general, investment orders will be allocated to brokers based on the range and overall quality of services offered by the broker. The core factors in determining the quality of services are the execution performance and capability of the broker. Other factors, such as the quality and quantity of research and investment ideas offered, access to potential investee companies and commission rate charges, would also be taken into consideration. Soft dollar benefits received from brokers should not be a determinant factor on allocating orders among brokers. The Manager has implemented policies and procedures to ensure that transactions executed with brokers pursuant to a soft dollar commission sharing arrangement are conducted in the best execution standard. Soft dollars benefits received by the Manager are used to facilitate in the Manager's investment management process, such benefits assist the Manager in fulfilling its overall duty to clients and may be used in servicing any or all of the Manager's client accounts over which the Manager exercises investment discretion. The Manager does not usually attempt to allocate/ attribute the soft dollar benefits to individual client account, as goods and services obtained may be beneficial to all clients in general, including those client accounts that do not generate credit to acquire the soft dollar benefits.

A Sub-Fund of Value ETFs Trust (A Hong Kong Umbrella Unit Trust)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

13. CHANGES IN ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND DISCLOSURES

The Sub-Fund applied, for the first time, certain standards and amendments, which are effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 April 2018.

The nature and the impact of each new standard and amendment is described below:

IFRS 9 Financial Instruments

The Sub-Fund adopted IFRS 9 Financial Instruments on 1 April 2018. IFRS 9 replaces IAS 39 Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement and introduces new requirements for classification and measurement, impairment and hedge accounting. IFRS 9 is not applicable to items that have already been derecognised at 1 April 2018, the date of initial application.

(a) Classification and measurement

The Sub-Fund has assessed the classification of financial instruments as at the date of initial application and has applied such classification retrospectively. Based on that assessment:

- All financial assets previously held at fair value continue to be measured at fair value.
- Equity instruments, are acquired for the purpose of generating short-term profit. Therefore, they meet the held-for-trading criteria and are required to be measured at FVPL.
- Financial assets previously classified as loans and receivables are held to collect contractual
 cash flows and give rise to cash flows representing solely payments of principal and interest.
 Thus, such instruments continue to be measured at amortised cost under IFRS 9.
- The classification of financial liabilities under IFRS 9 remains broadly the same as under IAS 39. The main impact on measurement from the classification of liabilities under IFRS 9 relates to the element of gains or losses for financial liabilities designated as at FVPL attributable to changes in credit risk. IFRS 9 requires that such element be recognised in other comprehensive income (OCI), unless this treatment creates or enlarges an accounting mismatch in profit or loss, in which case, all gains and losses on that liability (including the effects of changes in credit risk) should be presented in profit or loss. The Sub-Fund has not designated any financial liabilities at FVPL. Therefore, this requirement has not had any impact on the Sub-Fund.

A Sub-Fund of Value ETFs Trust (A Hong Kong Umbrella Unit Trust)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

13. CHANGES IN ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND DISCLOSURES (Continued)

IFRS 9 Financial Instruments (Continued)

(b) Impairment

IFRS 9 requires the Sub-Fund to record expected credit losses ("ECLs") on all of its debt securities, loans and trade receivables, either on a 12-month or lifetime basis. Given the limited exposure of the Sub-fund to credit risk, this amendment has not had a material impact on the financial statements. The Sub-Fund only holds trade receivables with no financing component and that have maturities of less than 12 months at amortised cost. Therefore, it has adopted an approach similar to the simplified approach to ECLs.

(c) Hedge accounting

The Sub-Fund has not applied hedge accounting under IAS 39 nor will it apply hedge accounting under IFRS 9.

Impact of adoption of IFRS 9

The classification and measurement requirements of IFRS 9 have been adopted retrospectively as of the date of initial application on 1 April 2018. However, the Sub-Fund has chosen to take advantage of the option not to restate comparatives. Therefore, the 2017 figures are presented and measured under IAS 39. The following table shows the original measurement categories in accordance with IAS 39 and the new measurement categories under IFRS 9 for the Sub-Fund's financial assets and financial liabilities as at 1 April 2018:

Financial assets

1 April 2018	IAS 39 classification	IAS 39 measurement TWD	IFRS 9 classification	IFRS 9 measurement TWD
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	Held for trading at fair value through profit or loss	222,275,014	Fair value through profit or loss	222,275,014
Prepayments and other receivables	Loans and receivables	42,287	Amortised cost	42,287
Cash and cash equivalents	Loans and receivables	1,358,981	Amortised cost	1,358,981

A Sub-Fund of Value ETFs Trust (A Hong Kong Umbrella Unit Trust)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

13. CHANGES IN ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND DISCLOSURES (Continued)

IFRS 9 Financial Instruments (Continued)

Impact of adoption of IFRS 9 (Continued)

Financial liabilities

1 April 2018	IAS 39 classification	IAS 39 measurement TWD	IFRS 9 classification	IFRS 9 measurement TWD
Audit fees payable	Other financial liabilities	321,422	Amortised cost	321,422
Management fees payable	Other financial liabilities	498,580	Amortised cost	498,580
Trustee and registrar fees payable	Other financial liabilities	18,120	Amortised cost	18,120
Other payables	Other financial liabilities	1,096,949	Amortised cost	1,096,949

In line with the characteristics of the Sub-Fund's financial instruments as well as its approach to their management, the Sub-Fund neither revoked nor made any new designations on the date of initial application. IFRS 9 has not resulted in changes in the carrying amount of the Sub-Fund's financial instruments due to changes in measurement categories. All financial assets that were classified as fair value through profit or loss under IAS 39 are still classified as fair value through profit or loss under IFRS 9. All financial assets that were classified as loans and receivables and continue to be measured at amortised cost.

In addition, the application of the ECL model under IFRS 9 has not significantly changed the carrying amounts of the Sub-Fund's amortised cost financial assets. The carrying amounts of amortised cost instruments continued to approximate these instruments' fair values on the date of transition after transitioning to IFRS 9.

IFRS 15 Revenue from contracts with customers

The Sub-Fund adopted IFRS 15 Revenue from contracts with customers on 1 April 2018. IFRS 15 replaces IAS 18 Revenue and establishes a five-step model to account for revenue arising from contracts with customers. In addition, guidance on interest and dividend income have been moved from IAS 18 to IFRS 9 without significant changes to the requirements. Therefore, there was no impact of adopting IFRS 15 for the Sub-Fund.

A Sub-Fund of Value ETFs Trust (A Hong Kong Umbrella Unit Trust)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

14. STANDARDS ISSUED BUT NOT YET EFFECTIVE

The Sub-Fund has not early applied any of the new and revised IFRSs that have been issued but are not yet effective for the accounting year ended 31 March 2019, in these financial statements.

15. APPROVAL OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the Manager and the Trustee on 19 July 2019.

A Sub-Fund of Value ETFs Trust (A Hong Kong Umbrella Unit Trust)

INVESTMENT PORTFOLIO (UNAUDITED)

AS AT 31 MARCH 2019

			% of
	Holdings	Fair value TWD	net assets
FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT OR LOSS		2	
Listed Equity Securities			
Taiwan			
ASE Technology Holding Co Ltd	70,885	4,784,738	3.79
AU Optronics Corp.	189,095	2,146,228	1.70
Cathay Financial Holding Co Ltd	165,650	7,445,968	5.90
Chicony Electronics Co Ltd	12,610	904,137	0.72
China Development Financial Holding Corp	298,515	3,074,704	2.44
Compeq Manufacturing Co Ltd	23,570	558,609	0.44
CTCI Corp	14,795	710,160	0.56
E Ink Holdings Inc	19,120	659,640	0.52
Elite Material Co Ltd	6,060	645,390	0.51
Feng Hsin Steel Co Ltd	9,970	602,188	0.48
First Financial Holding Co Ltd	204,350	4,311,785	3.42
Flexium Interconnect Inc	6,215	576,752	0.46
Formosa Chemicals & Fibre Corp	71,940	8,057,280	6.38
Formosa Petrochemical Corp	29,325	3,387,038	2.68
Formosa Plastics Corp	102,325	11,204,587	8.88
Formosa Taffeta Co Ltd	21,915	806,472	0.64
Foxconn Technology Co Ltd	23,710	1,458,165	1.16
Fubon Financial Holding Co Ltd	154,365	7,100,790	5.62
General Interface Solution Holding Ltd	4,300	494,500	0.39
Grand Pacific Petrochemical Corp	18,590	445,230	0.35
Hua Nan Financial Holdings Co Ltd	184,690	3,582,986	2.84
International CSRC Investment Holdings Co	15,360	642,048	0.51
King's Town Bank	20,820	666,240	0.53
Lien Hwa Industrial Corp	16,285	547,990	0.43
Mega Financial Holding Co Ltd	228,755	6,416,578	5.08
Merry Electronics Co Ltd	4,033	681,577	0.54
Micro-Star International Co Ltd	14,710	1,272,415	1.01
Nan Ya Plastics Corp	118,640	9,360,696	7.41
Nanya Technology Corp	17,600	1,080,640	0.86
Novatek Microelectronics Corp	12,295	2,434,410	1.93
Parade Technologies Ltd	1,445	747,065	0.59
Phison Electronics Corp	3,430	1,035,860	0.82
Pou Chen Corp	57,015	2,140,913	1.70
Powertech Technology Inc	15,140	1,102,192	0.87

A Sub-Fund of Value ETFs Trust (A Hong Kong Umbrella Unit Trust)

INVESTMENT PORTFOLIO (UNAUDITED)(Continued)

AS AT 31 MARCH 2019

AS AT ST MARCH 2019			٠, ٠
	Holdings	Fair value TWD	% of net assets
FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT OR LOSS (continued)			
Listed Equity Securities (continued)			
Taiwan (continued)			
Radiant Opto-Electronics Corp	9,495	936,207	0.74
Runtex Industries Limited	9,039	731,255	0.58
Simplo Technology Co Ltd	3,715	1,010,480	0.80
SinoPac Financial Holdings Co Ltd	225,350	2,568,990	2.03
Taichung Commercial Bank Co Ltd	51,366	585,572	0.46
Taishin Financial Holding Co Ltd	212,620	2,987,311	2.37
Taiwan Cement Corp	96,895	3,996,919	3.17
Taiwan Semiconductor Manufacturing Co Ltd	48,805	11,981,628	9.50
Taiwan Union Technology Corp	4,820	535,020	0.42
TECO Electric & Machinery Co Ltd	38,855	815,955	0.65
Tripod Technology Corp	10,600	1,054,700	0.84
Walsin Technology Corporation	66,460	1,173,019	0.93
Winbond Lihwa Corp	63,220	932,495	0.74
Yuanta Financial Holding Co Ltd	240,560	4,221,828	3.33
Zhen Ding Technology Holding Ltd	9,580	916,806	0.72
Total financial assets at fair value			
through profit or loss		125,534,156	99.44
Cash and cash equivalents		1,703,163	1.35
Other net liabilities		(993,821)	(0.79)
Total net assets		126,243,498	100.00
Total investments, at cost		119,737,874	

A Sub-Fund of Value ETFs Trust (A Hong Kong Umbrella Unit Trust)

STATEMENT OF MOVEMENTS IN PORTFOLIO HOLDINGS (UNAUDITED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2019

	% of net assets	
	2019	2018
FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT OR LOSS		
Listed Equity Securities Taiwan	99.44	100.24
Total financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	99.44	100.24
Cash and cash equivalents Other net liabilities	1.35 (0.79)	0.61 (0.85)
Total net assets	100.00	100.00

A Sub-Fund of Value ETFs Trust (A Hong Kong Umbrella Unit Trust)

PERFORMANCE RECORD (UNAUDITED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2019

Net asset value

	Net asset value per unit <i>TWD</i>	Net asset value
As at 31 March 2019 As at 31 March 2018 As at 31 March 2017	168.3247 164.2527 146.8263	126,243,498 221,741,211 198,215,500
Highest and lowest net asset value per unit		
	Highest net asset value per unit TWD	Lowest net asset valueper unit <i>TWD</i>
Year ended 31 March 2019 Year ended 31 March 2018	180.3780 167.9610	150.7321 144.3760