

(Incorporated in the Cayman Islands with limited liability) (Stock Code: 2005)



CORPORATE INFORMATION

STOCK CODE

EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

Mr. Qu Jiguang *(Chairman)* Mr. Wang Xianjun Mr. Su Xuejun

NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR

Mr. Feng Hao

INDEPENDENT NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

Mr. Wang Yibing Mr. Leung Chong Shun Mr. Chow Kwok Wai

COMPANY SECRETARY

Mr. Chow Hing Yeung

REGISTERED OFFICE

Cricket Square, Hutchins Drive P.O. Box 2681, Grand Cayman KY1-1111, Cayman Islands

HEAD OFFICE AND PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS IN HONG KONG

Rooms 4902-03, 49th Floor Central Plaza, 18 Harbour Road Wanchai, Hong Kong

AUTHORISED REPRESENTATIVES

Mr. Wang Xianjun Mr. Chow Hing Yeung

AUDIT COMMITTEE

Mr. Chow Kwok Wai (Chairman) Mr. Wang Yibing Mr. Leung Chong Shun

REMUNERATION COMMITTEE

Mr. Leung Chong Shun *(Chairman)* Mr. Wang Yibing Mr. Chow Kwok Wai

NOMINATION COMMITTEE

Mr. Wang Yibing *(Chairman)* Mr. Leung Chong Shun Mr. Chow Kwok Wai

PRINCIPAL SHARE REGISTRAR AND TRANSFER OFFICE

SMP Partners (Cayman) Limited Royal Bank House - 3rd Floor 24 Shedden Road P.O. Box 1586, Grand Cayman KY1-1110, Cayman Islands

HONG KONG BRANCH SHARE REGISTRAR AND TRANSFER OFFICE

Computershare Hong Kong Investor Services Limited 17M Floor, Hopewell Centre 183 Queen's Road East Wanchai, Hong Kong

PRINCIPAL BANKERS

Agricultural Bank of China Bank of China Bank of Communications Bank of Hebei BNP Paribas Hong Kong Branch China CITIC Bank China CITIC Bank International Hang Seng Bank Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation Industrial and Commercial Bank of China

LEGAL ADVISER TO THE COMPANY AS TO HONG KONG LAW

DLA Piper Hong Kong

AUDITOR KPMG

KPIVIG

WEBSITE http://www.ssygroup.com.hk

CHAIRMAN'S STATEMENT

On behalf of the board of directors (the "Board") of SSY Group Limited (the "Company"), I hereby present the unaudited interim results of the Company and its subsidiaries (together, the "Group") for the six months ended 30 June 2019.

I. RESULTS AND DIVIDEND DISTRIBUTION

During the first half of the year, the intravenous infusion solutions industry developed steadily after consolidation with no significant change in industry policy and product price compared to the corresponding period of last year. The Group took full advantage of its own scale, variety, quality, innovation and brand name, achieved growth in quality and quantity for its operational result, and continuously kept its leading position of development in the industry. The dynamics of product research & development and bulk pharmaceuticals projects emerged, which facilitated the Group's market influence and competitiveness to be further consolidated and reinforced.

During the first half of the year, the Group achieved a revenue of HK\$2,326 million (or approximately RMB2,008 million), representing an increase of 11.1% (or approximately 17.8% in RMB) compared to the corresponding period of last year, and the gross profit margin increased by 1 percentage point during the same period. The net profit was HK\$548 million (or approximately RMB473 million), representing an increase of 23.1% (or approximately 30.4% in RMB) compared to the corresponding period of last year.

The Directors resolved to pay an interim dividend of HK\$0.05 per share on 20 September 2019 to the shareholders named in the register of members of the Company on 9 September 2019, which represented a 25% increase compared to the corresponding period of last year. The total amount to be distributed is approximately HK\$152 million, representing an increase of 25.8% compared to the corresponding period of last year.

II. BUSINESS REVIEW

(I) Sales of Products

During the first half of 2019, we emphasised on the reinforcement of penetration rate in major provincial markets. We completed market development for over 100 new hospitals, focused on adjustments to product mix, improved the sales growth of therapeutic infusion solutions, and ensured that both production and sales of the Company's products were vigorous. We continued to be the Company with the fastest growth of production and sales volume in the intravenous infusion solutions industry. During the first half of the year, the sales volume of the intravenous infusion solutions, being the dominant products, reached approximately 780 million bottles/bags, representing an increase of approximately 8% compared to the corresponding period of last year, of which the proportion of therapeutic infusion solutions increased to 21.5%, representing an increase of 1.7 percentage points compared to the corresponding period of last year.

Ampoule products had a fast growth. During the first half of the year, the sales of ampoule products amounted to HK\$151 million, representing a growth of 312% compared to the corresponding period of last year.

In recent years, access to different markets by newly approved products has been gradually completed with sales promotion for such products being facilitated in different provinces. All-round evaluation that is necessary for market development has been actively conducted for such products, which paved the way for subsequent market access and medical insurance. Of those, the tendering/online tender of Moxifloxacin Sodium Chloride Injection has been completed in 12 provinces and has formed the sales in 16 provinces, achieving a sales of HK\$40,170,000 during the first half of 2019. With the progress of market access and development in hospitals in the second half of the year, there will be significant growth in sales and strong momentum in development. Arbidol capsules were listed in the National Medical Insurance Catalogue 2019 and will provide new impetus to the growth in the Company's results.

The export sales to foreign countries kept growing steadily with a growth of 13% in volume during the first half of the year as compared to corresponding period of last year. We completed the export registration procedures and obtained registration certificates for 20 product specifications, including Metronidazole and Sodium Chloride Injection, Ciprofloxacin Lactate Injection, 18AA Amino Acid Injection and Sodium Lactated Ringer's Injection, in 6 countries including Philippines, Bolivia, Uzbekistan and Jamaica, and increased 3 new countries for export.

In respect of medical materials, Jiangsu Best brought its own technological advantages into play in active response to the policy for examination and approval associated with pharmaceutical products. During the first half of the year, there were 4 sets of registration numbers obtained for medical materials of butyl rubber stopper. As far as the policy for national medical reform was concerned, a consistency evaluation for injection was conducted in active concert with the enterprises of pharmaceutical formulation. During the first half of the year, there were 10 types of injection submitted to Centre for Drug Evaluation for consistency evaluation from 4 companies in respect of rubber stopper products.

The Company was consecutively listed in Top 100 enterprises in China Pharmaceutical Industry in year 2017 and year 2018. The Company was ranked 96th in year 2017 and jumped up to 76th in year 2018, achieving an accelerated growth within the industry. The Company was recognized as the "Leading Enterprise in Internationalization of Formulation" for 3 consecutive years in the "2019 Award for Top 100 Internationalized Pharmaceutical Companies" event held by the China Chamber of Commerce for Import & Export of Medicines & Health Products.

(II) Research and Development of New Products

Technological innovation capabilities have been further enhanced, gradually forming a set of comprehensive, scientific and transparent systems for technical innovation. In the first half of year 2019, preparation works for reaccreditations of National Centre for Enterprise Technology, Model Enterprises for National Technology Innovation, National and Local Joint Laboratory and Workstation for Postdoctoral Scientific Research have been started. Application of China's Patent Award and Dominating Enterprise of National Intellectual Property have submitted to National Intellectual Property Administration, which was important for the Company to remain in "the front row of the national team" in terms of technology innovation competence and level.

Achievements from new innovations have been emerging. During the first half of the year, submissions for registration of 60 items were completed, of which 5 items obtained consistency evaluation and 4 items related to raw and auxiliary package assessment. The Company has obtained 14 approvals for production of generic drugs, of which Tirofiban Hydrochloride and Sodium Chloride Injection, a cardiovascular drug clinically used to treat acute coronary syndrome, was viewed as a theraputical drug of great potential in promoting for clinical use and thus a key product for the Company's performance development. Approval for peritoneal dialysis solution series, combining with the Company's existing hemodialysis product portfolio will bring the Company to the market of dialysis products with a nice room for market growth. Hydroxyethyl starch 130 sodium chloride injection will win a place in the blood volume and anaesthetic markets. Fluconazole tablet with its two specifications 50mg & 150mg passing consistency evaluation, of which that of 150mg specification being the first type passing consistency evaluation in the PRC, will bring better market potential into effect in future national product tendering.

(III) Development of Projects

To satisfy the market demand, the Company's newly-built high-valueadded infusion production line for large volume and specification such as hemofiltration solution and peritoneal dialysis solution, with GMP certification obtained in May and 20 million bags/year as designed capacity, has already been in production and operation.

By speeding up the construction of the Group's pharmaceutical R&D platform, pilot-run and industrialized ancillary projects, the main building as well as ancillary construction and structures have already been completed and are ready for use by the end of 2019.

The phase-one bulk pharmaceuticals project, which was invested and constructed in Bohai new district under Hebei Guangxiang Pharmaceutical Co., Ltd., has been completed and come into trial-run production. It was planned for an on-spot inspection for GMP certification in August 2019. Since the construction of the project, participation in international market competition and efficiency enhancement has been regarded as a foothold while advanced technological ideas such as bulk pharmaceutical synthesis, reduction, separation and extraction as well as artifices and new devices have been introduced and applied. Innovation and breakthrough, where competitive edges have been created, have been achieved in the key sessions such as quality risk control, ecological environmental protection and safety energy conservation, where the level of automation is leading in the PRC.

III. PROSPECTS FOR DEVELOPMENT

Looking ahead for the second half of the year, the global economy will be more complicated and dynamic. Facing numerous uncertain factors such as national medical payment system, "4+7" centralised procurement and trade conflicts, the Group will keep its composure, maintain its dominant products in the leading position of intravenous infusion solution market, expand the market share of therapeutic infusion solution products, actively release bulk pharmaceuticals' production capacity, enhance the utilisation rate of ampoule production lines, keep the progress of implementation of innovative drugs and consistency evaluations, improve continously the business and product mix as well as raise the expectation on earnings.

Regarding the research and development of new products, the Company will adhere to the new products development idea of "combining generic drugs and innovative drugs" with injection as the basis, reinforcing the Company's technological and product advantages in the intravenous infusion solutions industry of China. Besides, we will comprehensively promote the development of new products for therapeutic injections and focus on various fields including treatment of chronic disease, circulatory systems, emergency anaesthesia drugs, antipyretic and analgesic drugs as well as the new anti-infective therapy. We expect to obtain approximately 6 production approvals for injection and oral formulation in the second half of this year. The Group intends to gradually create a product series of high-end anti-infective intravenous infusion solutions focusing on Moxifloxacin Hydrochloride Sodium Chloride Injection as well as Levornidazole and Sodium Chloride Injection & Linezolid and Glucose Injection (type 2.1 innovative drug in China awaiting approval), and create a product series in the respiratory field including Bromhexine Hydrochloride Injection, Ambroxol Hydrochloride products and Doxofylline for Injection. Hemodialysis and peritoneal product series will form the Company's product portfolio in the field of kidney disease and dialysis. Through developing new microspheres, Liposomal High-end Injection, Lyophilized Powder Injection, Dualchamber Bag, Multi-chamber Bag and Aseptic Filling Injection, the Company gradually establishes its leading position in injections in terms of high-end drug delivery system and innovative packaging form. For the innovative drugs, there are nearly a hundred compounds under research. Among of which, the phase I clinical trial of type 1 anti-tumor new drug NP-01 will commence in January 2020. Currently, 3 highly active target compounds are selected from our selfdeveloped series of compound for treating pulmonary hypertension. Meanwhile, a preliminary animal experimentation of new type of anti-epileptic compound QO-83 indicates a good potential of drug-formation. For the development of AND-9 and EH-201 innovative drug under type 1 chemical drug and Miriplatin innovative drug under type 2 chemical drug, the pharmacodynamics study and safety assessment work have started as scheduled. We will complete the registration for the study on terbutaline spray and explore the market in the area of new respiratory formulations. Meanwhile, we will complete the development for registration of the WHO recommended oral rehydration salts III for children, and gradually entered the children's oral medication market. We will also put larger effort in the development of innovative drugs which are not yet meeting clinical need, in order to create the third growth pole for the Company's oral formulation.

Jiangsu Best will try its best to continue following up the progress of consistency evaluation for injections in the second half of the year, accelerate the submission of registration numbers for the pen syringe made of butyl rubber stopper and laminated rubber stopper, and strive to obtain the registration number for medical materials. The phase-one bulk pharmaceuticals project under Hebei Guangxiang Pharmaceutical Co., Ltd. will complete on-spot inspection for GMP certification in the second half of the year. While establishing domestic and international sales channels, we will speed up releasing production capacity, put a great effort in establishing quality and cost advantages, result in the mass production of bulk pharmaceuticals including caffeine, theophylline, aminophylline, metronidazole and nifedipine, and foster a growth pole for the Group's new development.

We are full of confidence on the future development of the Company. Leveraging on the competitive edges on our scale, quality and lean management in the industry, our development will definitely be strengthened further despite strong market competition. We are committed to bringing satisfactory return to our investors.

I would like to take this opportunity to express our gratitude to our investors and all staff of the Group for their support to the development of the Company.

> **Qu Jiguang** Chairman

Hong Kong, 26 August 2019

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Business Review

SSY Group Limited (the "Company") and its subsidiaries (together, the "Group") are principally engaged in the research, development, manufacturing and selling of a wide range of pharmaceutical products, which includes finished medicines of mainly intravenous infusion solution to hospitals and distributors, bulk pharmaceuticals and medical materials. The Group has manufacturing plants in Hebei Province and Jiangsu Province, the People's Republic of China (the "PRC"), and sells to customers mainly in the PRC.

For the six months ended 30 June 2019, the review on the Group's business performance and financial performance are contained in the Chairman's statement under section headed "BUSINESS REVIEW" and in this Management Discussion and Analysis under section headed "FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE REVIEW" respectively. The future development in the Group's business is discussed in the Chairman's statement under section headed "PROSPECTS FOR DEVELOPMENT".

PRINCIPLE RISKS AND UNCERTAINTIES

Save as any adverse change to the pharmaceutical industry environment and government policy uncertainty about intravenous infusion solution in the PRC which together would be regarded as principal risks and uncertainties, other risk issues had been evaluated by the Company as set out in the Chairman Statement.

COMPLIANCE WITH LAWS AND REGULATIONS

For the six months ended 30 June 2019, the Company was not aware of any non-compliance with any relevant laws and regulations that had a significant impact on it.

ENVIRONMENTAL POLICIES AND PERFORMANCE

As a pharmaceutical enterprise, the Group recognizes the importance of environmental sustainability and green manufacturing. The Group has set out policies to ensure its production to be in compliance with environmental requirements under the GMP standard and other relevant laws and regulations. For operating practices, the Group persistently adopted measures with low energy consumption and low pollution level, and encouraged its employees to put relevant environmental factors into consideration from time to time. Moreover, the Group has provided a green and eco-friendly working environment for its employees.

RELATIONSHIPS WITH EMPLOYEES, SUPPLIERS AND CUSTOMERS

The Group believes that employees are valuable assets. The Group provides competitive remuneration package to employees and is periodically reviewed with reference to industry practice. Apart from social insurance and in-house training programmes, other kinds of remuneration such as discretionary bonuses, share options and grant of shares may be awarded to employees according to the assessment of individual performance.

The Group also understands that it is important to maintain good relationship with its suppliers and customers to fulfil its immediate and long-term goals. The Group has been working continuously with its suppliers to improve the standard of raw materials, and aiming at delivering products with high quality to its customers. For the six months ended 30 June 2019, there was no material and significant dispute between the Group and its suppliers and/or customers.

FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE REVIEW REVENUE

	For the six months ended 30 June					
	20	19	201	8		
		Percentage		Percentage	Increase/	
	Revenue	of revenue	Revenue	of revenue	(decrease)	
	HK\$'000	%	HK\$'000	%	%	
Intravenous infusion solution						
and others	2,244,503	96.5	2,011,191	96.1	11.6	
(Including: Non-PVC soft bag &						
upright soft bag						
infusion solution	1,285,192	55.3	1,249,188	59.7	2.9	
PP plastic bottle						
infusion solution	422,733	18.1	399,252	19.1	5.9	
Glass bottle infusion						
solution	264,442	11.4	229,990	11.0	15.0	
Ampoule injection	150,739	6.5	36,586	1.7	312.0	
Others)	121,397	5.2	96,175	4.6	26.2	
Medical materials	81,326	3.5	81,575	3.9	(0.3)	
Total	2,325,829	100	2,092,766	100	11.1	

The Group's intravenous infusion solution products and ampoule injection products are mainly manufactured and sold by Shijiazhuang No. 4 Pharmaceutical Co., Ltd. ("Shijiazhuang No. 4 Pharma"), a wholly-owned subsidiary. There are different forms of packing in intravenous infusion products including Non-PVC Soft Bag, Upright Soft Bag, PP Plastic Bottle and Glass Bottle, while ampoule injection products are mainly small liquid injections in forms of glass and PP plastic. The Group's medical materials are mainly manufactured and sold by Jiangsu Best New Medical Material Co., Ltd. ("Jiangsu Best"), which was also a wholly-owned subsidiary in the Group.

Majority of the Group's sales are conducted in the PRC and are denominated in Renminbi ("RMB"), which depreciated by approximately 5.7% when translated into Hong Kong dollars ("HK\$") for the six months ended 30 June 2019 as compared with that for corresponding period of last year. Nevertheless, as a result of the increase in sales volumes of intravenous infusion solutions and ampoule injections, revenue of the Group for the six months ended 30 June 2019 increased by 11.1% from HK\$2,092,766,000 in corresponding period of last year to HK\$2,325,829,000. Among which, revenue from intravenous infusion solution accounted for HK\$1,972,367,000 (30 June 2018: HK\$1,878,430,000), representing an increase of 5.0% as compared with corresponding period of last year. Among which, revenue from Non-PVC Soft Bag and Upright Soft Bag Infusion Solution were HK\$955,051,000 and HK\$330,141,000 respectively, totalling HK\$1,285,192,000, an increase of 2.9% as compared with corresponding period of last year and accounted for 65.2% of revenue from intravenous infusion solution; revenue from PP Plastic Bottle Infusion Solution was HK\$422,733,000 an increase of 5.9% as compared with corresponding period of last year and accounted for 21.4% of revenue from intravenous infusion solution; revenue from Glass Bottle Infusion Solution was HK\$264,442,000, an increase of 15.0% as compared with corresponding period of last year and accounted for 13.4% of revenue from intravenous infusion solution. Revenue from ampoule injections accounted for HK\$150,739,000 (30 June 2018: HK\$36,586,000), representing a significant increase of 312.0% as compared with corresponding period of last year.

With the increasing demand in the high quality intravenous infusion solution products in the PRC, the Group will keep focusing its production in Non-PVC Soft Bag and Upright Soft Bag infusion solution as well as increasing the proportion of therapeutic infusion solution among its revenue. The Group will also keep expanding its production in ampoule injections to drive revenue growth.

Revenue from medical materials products contributed HK\$81,326,000 (30 June 2018: HK\$81,575,000) to the Group, representing a slight decrease of 0.3% as compared with corresponding period of last year.

COST OF SALES

The Group's cost of sales increased by 8.2% to HK\$835,573,000 for the six months ended 30 June 2019 as compared to the corresponding period last year of HK\$772,557,000. The cost of direct materials, direct labour and other costs represented approximately 60.3%, 13.8% and 25.9% of the total cost of sales respectively, while their comparative percentages for the corresponding period last year were 57.7%, 15.3% and 27.0% respectively.

GROSS PROFIT MARGIN

For the six months ended 30 June 2019, the Group recorded a total gross profit of HK\$1,490,256,000 (30 June 2018: HK\$1,320,209,000). Overall gross profit margin increased by 1.0 percentage point to 64.1% for the six months ended 30 June 2019 from 63.1% for the corresponding period last year. The increase of gross profit margin was mainly due to a better product mix from products with higher profit margins and the Group's continuous cost control measures.

OTHER NET INCOME

For the six months ended 30 June 2019, the Group's other net income increased to approximately HK\$8,742,000 (30 June 2018: HK\$5,120,000) which mainly represented government grants.

SELLING AND DISTRIBUTION COSTS

For the six months ended 30 June 2019, selling and distribution costs amounted to approximately HK\$651,777,000 (30 June 2018: HK\$629,609,000), which mainly consisted of transportation cost of approximately HK\$212,620,000 (30 June 2018: HK\$308,922,000), marketing service expenses of approximately HK\$263,178,000 (30 June 2018: HK\$167,130,000), advertising expenses of approximately HK\$116,919,000 (30 June 2018: HK\$84,179,000) as well as salary expenses for sales and marketing staff of approximately HK\$30,158,000 (30 June 2018: HK\$25,378,000).

Selling and distribution expenses increased by 3.5% for the six months ended 30 June 2019 as compared with corresponding period of last year. Such increase is mainly caused by increases in marketing service and advertising expenses due to the Group's continuous expansion in sales and product coverage.

GENERAL AND ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES

For the six months ended 30 June 2019, general and administrative expenses was approximately HK\$175,333,000 (30 June 2018: HK\$150,608,000) which mainly comprised of salaries expenses for administrative staff of approximately HK\$75,474,000 (30 June 2018: HK\$52,451,000) as well as depreciation and amortisation expenses of approximately HK\$43,349,000 (30 June 2018: HK\$44,933,000).

The increase of 16.4% in general and administrative expense as compared to that of the corresponding period last year was mainly due to the Group's overall expansion in operations of Shijiazhuang No.4 Pharma and more staff in preparation for the new bulk pharmaceuticals project.

PROFIT FROM OPERATIONS

For the six months ended 30 June 2019, the Group's profit from operations amounted to HK\$671,888,000, representing an increase of 23.3% as compared to HK\$545,112,000 of the corresponding period last year, with the operating profit margin (defined as profit from operations divided by total revenue) increased to 28.9% from 26.0% of the corresponding period last year.

FINANCE COSTS

The Group's finance costs decreased by 8.9% to HK\$24,894,000 for the six months ended 30 June 2019 (30 June 2018: HK\$27,323,000), which represented interest expenses of bank borrowings after interest capitalisation.

INCOME TAX

The Group believes that Shijiazhuang No. 4 Pharma, Jiangsu Best, Hebei Guolong Pharmaceutical Co., Ltd. and Hebei Hanlin Biotechnology Co., Ltd. were qualified as the High and New Technology Enterprise and thus subject to a 15% preferential income tax in the PRC for both 2019 and 2018. For the six months ended 30 June 2019, the income tax expense increased by 38.4% to HK\$105,709,000 (30 June 2018: HK\$76,385,000) mainly due to a higher profit before taxation of the Group and a withholding tax incurred by dividend distribution made out of the PRC subsidiary.

PROFIT ATTRIBUTABLE TO EQUITY SHAREHOLDERS

The profit attributable to equity shareholders of the Company for the six months ended 30 June 2019 increased by 23.1% to HK\$548,244,000 (30 June 2018: HK\$445,545,000), with net profit margin (defined as profit attributable to equity shareholders of the Company for the period divided by total revenue) increased to 23.6% from 21.3% of the corresponding period last year.

INTERIM DIVIDEND

The Directors resolved to pay on 20 September 2019 an interim dividend of HK5 cents per share (30 June 2018: HK4 cents per share) amounting to a total of approximately HK\$151,701,000 for the six months ended 30 June 2019 to the shareholders named in the register of members of the Company on 9 September 2019.

LIQUIDITY, FINANCIAL RESOURCES AND CAPITAL STRUCTURE

The Group primarily finances its working capital and other capital requirements by net cash generated from operating activities and resorts to external financing including both long-term and short-term bank borrowings from time to time in case the projected operating cash flow is insufficient to meet the capital requirements.

As at 30 June 2019, the Group's cash and cash equivalents aggregated to HK\$583,530,000 (31 December 2018: HK\$902,062,000), mostly were denominated in RMB.

As at 30 June 2019, the Group's bank borrowings amounted to HK\$1,573,568,000 (31 December 2018: HK\$1,494,502,000), comprising HK\$736,649,000 (31 December 2018: HK\$639,123,000) of borrowings denominated in RMB and HK\$836,919,000 (31 December 2018: HK\$855,379,000) in Hong Kong dollars. Except for a RMB79,000,000 bank borrowing which is repayable over 5 years, all of the Group's bank borrowings were repayable within 5 years, mostly bearing interest at floating rate. Please refer to note 10 to the financial statements for details of repayment, security and fulfilment of covenants.

Gearing ratio (defined as bank borrowings less cash and cash equivalents divided by total capital less non-controlling interests) increased from 12.3% as at 31 December 2018 to 17.5% as at 30 June 2019. Current ratio (defined as current assets divided by current liabilities) decreased from 2.22 as at 31 December 2018 to 2.03 as at 30 June 2019. For better cash management, the Group's fixed deposits as non-current assets significantly increased by 149.0% from HK\$114,129,000 as at 31 December 2018 to HK\$284,201,000 as at 30 June 2019, which were not classified as cash and cash equivalents in calculating gearing ratio and were not current assets in calculating current ratio.

As at 30 June 2019, the Group's total capital commitments outstanding but not provided for was HK\$340,395,000 (31 December 2018: HK\$505,649,000).

EMPLOYEES AND REMUNERATION POLICY

As its business operation keeps growing, the Group had a need to strengthen its workforce to approximately 4,000 employees as at 30 June 2019 (approximately 3,700 employees as at 30 June 2018), most of whom were based in the PRC. The number of workers employed by the Group varies from time to time depending on its needs. The remuneration policy of employees other than executive Directors and senior management is based on industry practice and is periodically reviewed by executive Directors or senior management. Apart from social insurance and in-house training programmes, other kinds of remuneration such as discretionary bonuses, share options under the Share Option Scheme and shares granted under the Restricted Share Award Scheme may be awarded to employees according to the assessment of individual performance.

The remuneration policy of executive Directors and senior management are reviewed and recommended for the Board's approval by the Remuneration Committee. In addition, share options may be granted under the Share Option Scheme and shares may be granted under the Restricted Share Award Scheme to the executive Directors and senior management. The remuneration package is reviewed with reference to the Board's corporate goals and objectives, prevailing market practice, duties and responsibilities of the individual executive Director or senor management and his/her contribution to the Group.

The total remuneration cost incurred by the Group for the six months ended 30 June 2019 was approximately HK\$221,000,000 (30 June 2018: HK\$195,689,000).

CHARGE ON ASSETS

As at 30 June 2019, the Group's right-of-use assets (previously presented as land use right) with carrying amount of HK\$71,866,000 (31 December 2018: HK\$72,984,000) and the Group's property, plant and equipment with carrying amount of HK\$26,660,000 (31 December 2018: HK\$28,273,000) were pledged as collateral for the Group's bank borrowings.

FOREIGN EXCHANGE RISK

Majority of the Group's businesses are operated in the PRC and are denominated in RMB. Except for the foreign currency translation risk arising from the translation into Hong Kong dollars for the financial statements of subsidiaries with the functional currencies of RMB, the Group does not expect any materially adverse effects of the exchange rate fluctuation. Hence, no financial instrument for hedging was employed. Nevertheless, the Group is closely monitoring the financial market and would consider appropriate measures if required.

As at the following dates, the exchange rates of converting Hong Kong dollars into RMB (as calculated in Hong Kong dollars) were:

1 January 2018	0.83591
30 June 2018	0.84310
1 January 2019	0.87620
30 June 2019	0.87966

MATERIAL ACQUISITIONS AND DISPOSALS

There was no material acquisition or disposal of subsidiaries or associates during the six months ended 30 June 2019.

CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

As at 30 June 2019, the Group did not have any significant contingent liabilities.

PURCHASE, SALE OR REDEMPTION OF SECURITIES

Neither the Company nor any of its subsidiaries has redeemed, purchased or sold any of the Company's listed securities for the six months ended 30 June 2019.

SHARE OPTION SCHEME

As approved by an ordinary resolution passed by the shareholders at the Extraordinary General Meeting held on 20 September 2012, the Board had terminated the old share option scheme adopted on 16 October 2005 and adopted the existing share option scheme ("Share Option Scheme").

Share Option Scheme is valid and remains in force for a period of 10 years from 20 September 2012 (the "Scheme Period") unless terminated earlier by shareholders in general meeting. The purpose of Share Option Scheme is to enable the Board to grant share options to the Eligible Person as defined in Share Option Scheme including, among others, the directors, employee or proposed employee, consultants or advisers of or to the Company or its subsidiaries or any entity in which the Group holds an equity interest, as incentives or rewards for their contribution or potential contribution to the development and growth of the Group. The provisions of Share Option Scheme comply with the requirements of Chapter 17 of the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on the Stock Exchange (the "Listing Rules").

Pursuant to Share Option Scheme, the offer for grant of options ("Offer") must be accepted within 30 days inclusive of the day on which such offer was made, with a payment of HK\$1.00 as consideration for the grant. The exercise price of the share option is to be determined by the Board provided always that it shall be at least the higher of (i) the closing price of the shares as stated in the daily quotations sheet issued by the Stock Exchange for the date of offer of grant, which must be a business day; and (ii) the average closing price of the shares as stated in the daily quotations sheets issued by the Stock Exchange for the five business days immediately preceding the date of offer of grant provided that the option price per share shall in no event be less than the nominal amount of one share. The share options are exercisable at any time during a period as the Board may determine in granting the share options but in any event shall not exceed 10 years from the date of Offer, subject to the terms and conditions of Share Option Scheme and any conditions of grant as may be stipulated by the Board.

The aggregate number of shares which may be issued upon exercise of all outstanding options granted and yet to be exercised under Share Option Scheme and any other schemes shall not exceed 30% of the issued share capital of the Company from time to time. The maximum number of shares issuable upon exercise of all options to be granted Share Option Scheme and any other schemes as from the commencement of the Scheme Period must not, in aggregate, exceed 10% of the shares in issue as at 20 September 2012 (the "Scheme Mandate Limit"). The Scheme Mandate Limit may be refreshed at any time by obtaining approval of the shareholders in general meeting provided that the new limit under the refreshed Scheme Mandate Limit must not exceed 10% of the issued share capital of the Company at the date of the shareholders' approval. The maximum number of shares issued and to be issued upon exercise of the options granted under Share Option Scheme and any other schemes to any of the Eligible Person (including cancelled, exercised and outstanding options) in any 12-month period up to the date of grant shall not exceed 1% of issued share capital of the Company unless shareholders' approval is obtained under the terms of Share Option Scheme.

On 19 October 2015, the Company granted a total of 122,000,000 share options to two executive directors of the Company and other management staff of the Group under Share Option Scheme, representing about 4.33% of the issued share capital as at the date immediately before share options were granted. The exercise price was HK\$1.98. The exercisable period was from 19 October 2015 to 18 October 2018. All of the share options have been exercised.

On 15 April 2016, the Company granted 122,000,000 share options to Mr. Qu Jiguang, the Chairman and the CEO of the Company, under Share Option Scheme, representing about 4.31% of the issued share capital as at the date immediately before share options were granted. The exercise price was HK\$2.58. The exercisable period was from 15 April 2016 to 14 April 2021. Such grant of share options was approved by the independent shareholders at the annual general meeting held on 27 May 2016. During the six months ended 30 June 2019, a total of 20,000,000 (year ended 31 December 2018: 70,000,000) share options were exercised by Mr. Qu Jiguang and, as a result, a total of 20,000,000 (year ended 31 December 2018: 70,000,000) ordinary shares of the Company was issued.

The refreshment of Scheme Mandate Limit was approved at the annual general meeting held on 27 May 2016. Upon such approval, the Directors were authorised to grant share options to subscribe up to 10% of the issued share capital as at the date of such approval. Pursuant to the Listing Rules and the Share Option Scheme, share options previously granted under the Share Option Scheme (including those outstanding, cancelled, lapsed in accordance with the Share Option Scheme or exercised share options) will not be counted for purpose of calculating the Scheme Mandate Limit as refreshed. The limit on the number of shares which may be issued upon exercise of all outstanding share options granted and yet to be exercised under the Share Option Scheme and any other schemes of the Company must not exceed 30% of the shares in issue from time to time. No share options may be granted under the Share Option Scheme and any other schemes of the Company if this will result in the limit being exceeded.

The movement of the total number of share options outstanding is shown as follows:

	Six months	Year ended
	ended	31 December
	30 June 2019	2018
Outstanding at the beginning of the period/year	52,000,000	194,368,000
Granted during the period/year	—	—
Exercised during the period/year	(20,000,000)	(142,368,000)
Lapsed during the period/year	_	—
Outstanding and exercisable at the end of the		
period/year	32,000,000	52,000,000

The details of share options movements during the six months ended 30 June 2019 are shown as follows:

				Number of share options			
Name of Director	Date of grant	Exercise price per share	Exercisable period	Outstanding at 1 Jan 2019	Granted during the period	Exercised during the period	Outstanding at 30 Jun 2019
Mr. Qu Jiguang	15 Apr 2016	HK\$2.58	15 Apr 2016 — 14 Apr 2021	52,000,000	_	(20,000,000)	32,000,000

As at 30 June 2019, the share options granted under Share Option Scheme and remained outstanding had an weighted average exercise price of approximately HK\$2.58 (31 December 2018: HK\$2.58) and a remaining contractual life of approximately 1.79 years (31 December 2018: 2.29 years). Assuming that all share options outstanding as at 30 June 2019 are exercised, the Company will receive proceeds of HK\$82,560,000.

RESTRICTED SHARE AWARD SCHEME

The Company has adopted the Restricted Share Award Scheme on 27 December 2018 (the "Adoption Date"), pursuant to which existing shares will be purchased by the trustee from the market out of cash contributed by the Group and be held on trust for the participants selected by the Board (the "Selected Participants") until such shares are vested in the relevant Selected Participants in accordance with the terms of the Restricted Share Award Scheme. The purpose and objective of the Restricted Share Award Scheme are to provide the Selected Participants with an opportunity to acquire a proprietary interest in the Company, to encourage and retain such individuals to work with the Company, and to provide additional incentive for them to achieve performance goals. The Restricted Share Award Scheme shall terminate upon the expiry of the period of 10 years from the Adoption Date.

The Board may, from time to time, at its absolute discretion determine the number of restricted Shares to be granted and select any participant to be a Selected Participant with such vesting conditions as it may deem appropriate under the Restricted Share Award Scheme. Participants of the Restricted Share Award Scheme include any individual being an executive director, employee, officer of the Company or any subsidiary. The maximum number of shares which the trustee may purchase with funds contributed by the Group amounts to 60,280,507 shares, representing 2% of the Company's issued share capital as at the Adoption Date. The maximum number of shares which may be granted to a Selected Participant at any one time or in aggregate may not exceed 1% of the issued share capital of the Company as at the Adoption Date, and the transactions involved shall be in compliance with the requirements of Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules if they fell under the definition of "connected transactions" in Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules.

Up to the date of this interim report, no shares have been purchased by the trustee and no shares have been awarded to any Selected Participants pursuant to the Restricted Share Award Scheme since the Adoption Date.

DIRECTORS

The Directors during the six months ended 30 June 2019 and up to the date of this Interim Report were:

Executive Directors

Mr. Qu Jiguang Mr. Wang Xianjun Mr. Su Xuejun

Non-executive Director Mr. Feng Hao

Independent Non-executive Directors

Mr. Wang Yibing Mr. Leung Chong Shun Mr. Chow Kwok Wai

DIRECTORS' SERVICE CONTRACTS

Each of the Directors has entered into a service agreement with the Company for an initial term of 3 years commencing from the appointment date renewable for successive terms of 3 years commencing from the day next after the expiry of the then current term of the appointment.

Save as disclosed above, none of the Directors has entered into a service contract with the Company which is not determinable by the Company within one year without payment of compensation other than statutory compensation.

CHANGES TO INFORMATION IN RESPECT OF DIRECTORS

In accordance with Rule 13.51B(1) of the Listing Rules, the changes to information required to be disclosed by Directors pursuant to paragraphs (a) to (e) and (g) of Rule 13.51(2) are set out below:

Mr. Chow Kwok Wai has resigned as a deputy general manager and the company secretary of Silver Grant International Holdings Group Limited (Stock Code: 171) with effect from 17 July 2019.

Other than the above disclosures, there is no other information required to be disclosed pursuant to Rule 13.51B(1) of the Listing Rules.

DIRECTORS' INTERESTS IN TRANSACTIONS, ARRANGEMENTS OR CONTRACTS

Save as disclosed in note 15 to the financial statements, no transaction, arrangement or contracts of significance in relation to the Group's business to which the Company or any of its subsidiaries was a party and in which a Director had a material interest, whether directly or indirectly, subsisted as at 30 June 2019 or at any time during the six months ended 30 June 2019.

DIRECTORS' INTERESTS IN COMPETING BUSINESS

Pursuant to Rule 8.10 of the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Listing Rules"), the interest of Directors of the Company in businesses which was likely to compete with the Group during the six months ended 30 June 2019 and as at 30 June 2019 were as follows:

Non-executive Director, Mr. Feng Hao (who was appointed on 24 November 2017), has been a deputy general manager and the secretary to the board of directors of Sichuan Kelun Pharmaceutical Co., Ltd. ("Sichuan Kelun", a substantial shareholder of the Company) since April 2014. Sichuan Kelun is engaged in the same industry of manufacturing and selling of intravenous infusion solution as the Group. Although some of the business conducted by Sichuan Kelun are similar to those conducted by the Group, most of them are of different kinds of products and/or at different locations. The Group has been operating independently of, and at the arm's length from, the businesses of Sichuan Kelun. Furthermore, all directors of the Company are reminded of their fiduciary duties to the Group and that they must, in the performance of their duties of directors, avoid actual and potential conflicts of interest and duty. There are three Independent non-executive Directors in the Board to ensure that the interests of the general shareholders are adequately represented. Therefore, the Board is of the view that the interests of the Group and of the shareholders as a whole are properly safeguarded.

Save as disclosed above, as at 30 June 2019 and up to the date of this Interim Report, none of the Directors are considered to be in businesses which compete or are likely to compete, either directly or indirectly, with the businesses of the Group.

DIRECTORS' AND CHIEF EXECUTIVES' INTERESTS IN THE SHARES

As at 30 June 2019, the interests of the Directors in the share capital of the Company and its associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the Securities and Futures Ordinance ("SFO")) as recorded in the register required to be kept by the Company pursuant to section 352 of the SFO, or as otherwise notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Issuers ("Model Code") as set out in Appendix 10 to the Listing Rules once the shares are listed, were as follows:

Name of Director	Capacity	Long/short position	Number of shares and underlying shares held	Approximate percentage of the issued share capital of the Company
Mr. Qu Jiguang	Beneficial owner (Note 1) Beneficial owner Interest in a controlled	Long Long	32,000,000 245,746,000	1.06% 8.10%
	corporation (Note 2)	Long	741,958,000	24.45%
Mr. Wang Xianjun	Beneficial owner	Long	24,416,000	0.80%
Mr. Su Xuejun	Beneficial owner	Long	24,416,000	0.80%

Notes:

- 1. These shares represent the underlying interest in shares of the Company pursuant to share options outstanding as at 30 June 2019 which were granted to Mr. Qu Jiguang on 15 April 2016 under the Share Option Scheme.
- 2. These shares were registered in the name of and beneficially owned by China Pharmaceutical Company Limited ("CPCL"). CPCL is held as to 72.93% by Mr. Qu Jiguang and as to 27.07% by other shareholders. By virtue of Part XV of the SFO, Mr. Qu Jiguang is deemed to be interested in the shares held by CPCL.

Save as disclosed above, as at 30 June 2019, none of the Directors or chief executives of the Company had an interest or short position in the shares, underlying shares or debentures of the Company or any of its associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the SFO) which were required (a) to be notified to the Company or the Stock Exchange pursuant to section 352 of the SFO, to be entered in the register referred to therein, or (b) pursuant to the Model Code to be notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange.

DIRECTORS' RIGHTS TO ACQUIRE SHARES AND DEBENTURES

Save as disclosed under the sections headed "Directors' and chief executives' interests in the shares" and "Share option scheme", at no time during the six months ended 30 June 2019 were rights to acquire benefits by means of the acquisition of shares or debentures of the Company granted to any Directors or their respective spouse or minor children, or were any such rights exercised by them; or was the Company or any of its subsidiaries a party to any arrangement to enable the Directors of the Company to acquire such rights in any other body corporate.

SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDERS' AND OTHER PERSON'S INTERESTS IN THE SHARES

As at 30 June 2019, the register of substantial shareholders required to be kept by the Company under section 336 of the SFO shows that the Company had been notified of the following interests, being 5% or more in the issued share capital and underlying shares of the Company.

Name of Shareholder	Capacity	Long/short position	Number of shares and underlying shares held	Approximate percentage of the issued share capital of the Company
Mr. Qu Jiguang	Beneficial owner (Note 1) Beneficial owner Interest in a controlled corporation (Note 2)	Long Long Long	32,000,000 245,746,000 741,958,000	1.06% 8.10% 24.45%
CPCL (Note 2)	Beneficial owner	Long	741,958,000	24.45%

Name of Shareholder	Capacity	Long/short position	Number of shares and underlying shares held	Approximate percentage of the issued share capital of the Company
Sichuan Kelun Pharmaceutical Co., Ltd (四川科	Interest in a controlled corporation (Note 3)	Long	446,852,000	14.73%
倫藥業股份 有限公司)	Beneficial owner	Long	131,232,000	4.32%
Kelun International Development Co., Ltd(科倫國 際發展有限公司) (Note 3)	Beneficial owner	Long	446,852,000	14.73%
UBS Group AG	Interest in a controlled corporation	Long	190,931,956	6.29%
	Person having a security interest in shares	Long	1,422,000	0.05%

Notes:

- 1. These shares represent the underlying interest in shares of the Company pursuant to share options outstanding as at 30 June 2019 which were granted to Mr. Qu Jiguang on 15 April 2016 under the Share Option Scheme.
- These shares were registered in the name of and beneficially owned by CPCL. CPCL is held as to 72.93% by Mr. Qu Jiguang and as to 27.07% by other shareholders. By virtue of Part XV of the SFO, Mr. Qu Jiguang is deemed to be interested in the shares held by CPCL.
- These shares were registered in the name of and beneficially owned by Kelun International Development Co., Ltd(科倫國際發展有限公司). Kelun International Development Co., Ltd(科 倫國際發展有限公司) is held as to 100% by Sichuan Kelun Pharmaceutical Co., Ltd(四川科倫 蔡業股份有限公司).

MODEL CODE FOR SECURITIES TRANSACTIONS BY DIRECTORS

The Company has adopted the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Issuers as set out in Appendix 10 to the Listing Rules (the "Model Code"). Having made specific enquiry with all Directors, the Directors confirmed that they had complied with the required standard set out in the Model Code during the six months ended 30 June 2019.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE PRACTICES

The Board is committed to maintaining a high standard of corporate governance. The Board believes that good corporate governance practices are essential for the growth of the Group and for safeguarding and maximizing shareholders' interests.

The Company has adopted the Corporate Governance Code (the "CG Code") contained in Appendix 14 of the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on the Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Listing Rules"). During the six months ended 30 June 2019, the Company has complied with all applicable provisions of CG Code with deviation from code provision A.2.1 as set out below.

Code provision A.2.1 of the CG Code stipulates that the roles of chairman and chief executive officer should be separate and should not be performed by the same individual.

The Board appointed Mr. Qu Jiguang as the Chairman, who was responsible for the leadership and effective running of the Board. Mr. Qu Jiguang has also assumed the role as the chief executive officer of the Company, who was delegated with the responsibilities to lead the management implementing the business strategies of the Group. The Company believes that vesting both roles in Mr. Qu Jiguang will allow for more effective planning and execution of business strategies. As all major decisions are made in consultation with members of the Board, the Company believes that there is adequate balance of power and authority in place.

INDEPENDENT REVIEW OF AUDITORS

The interim financial report for the six months ended 30 June 2019 is unaudited, but has been reviewed by KPMG, in accordance with Hong Kong Standard on Review Engagements 2410 "Review of Interim Financial Information Performed by the Independent Auditor of the Entity" issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants, whose unmodified review report is included in the interim report.

AUDIT COMMITTEE

The audit committee of the Company has reviewed the Group's interim report for the six months ended 30 June 2019.

CLOSURE OF REGISTER OF MEMBERS

The register of members of the Company will be closed from Tuesday, 10 September 2019 to Friday, 13 September 2019 (both days inclusive), during which period, no transfer of shares will be registered.

In order to qualify for the interim dividend, all transfer documents, accompanied by the relevant share certificate(s) must be lodged with the Company's branch share registrar and transfer office in Hong Kong, Computershare Hong Kong Investor Services Limited at Shops 1712-1716, 17th Floor, Hopewell Centre, 183 Queen's Road East, Wanchai, Hong Kong by no later than 4:30 p.m., Monday, 9 September 2019.

On behalf of the Board **Qu Jiguang** *Chairman*

Hong Kong, 26 August 2019



Review report to the board of directors of SSY Group Limited

(Incorporated in Cayman Islands with limited liability)

INTRODUCTION

We have reviewed the interim financial report set out on pages 32 to 66 which comprises the consolidated statement of financial position of SSY Group Limited (the "Company") as of 30 June 2019 and the related consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, the consolidated statement of changes in equity and condensed consolidated cash flow statement for the six months period then ended and explanatory notes. The Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited require the preparation of an interim financial report to be in compliance with the relevant provisions thereof and Hong Kong Accounting Standard 34, *Interim financial reporting*, issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants. The directors are responsible for the preparation and presentation of the interim financial report in accordance with Hong Kong Accounting Standard 34.

Our responsibility is to form a conclusion, based on our review, on the interim financial report and to report our conclusion solely to you, as a body, in accordance with our agreed terms of engagement, and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility towards or accept liability to any other person for the contents of this report.

SCOPE OF REVIEW

We conducted our review in accordance with Hong Kong Standard on Review Engagements 2410, *Review of interim financial information performed by the independent auditor of the entity*, issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants. A review of the interim financial report consists of making enquiries, primarily of persons responsible for financial and accounting matters, and applying analytical and other review procedures. A review is substantially less in scope than an audit conducted in accordance with Hong Kong Standards on Auditing and consequently does not enable us to obtain assurance that we would become aware of all significant matters that might be identified in an audit. Accordingly we do not express an audit opinion.

CONCLUSION

Based on our review, nothing has come to our attention that causes us to believe that the interim financial report as at 30 June 2019 is not prepared, in all material respects, in accordance with Hong Kong Accounting Standard 34, *Interim financial reporting*.

KPMG

Certified Public Accountants

8th Floor, Prince's Building 10 Chater Road Central, Hong Kong

26 August 2019

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

for the six months ended 30 June 2019 (unaudited) (Expressed in Hong Kong dollars)

		Six months ended 30 Jun			
		2019	2018 (Note)		
	Note	HK\$′000	HK\$'000		
Revenue Cost of sales	4	2,325,829 (835,573)	2,092,766 (772,557)		
Gross profit		1,490,256	1,320,209		
Other net income Selling and distribution costs General and administrative expenses		8,742 (651,777) (175,333)	5,120 (629,609) (150,608)		
Profit from operations		671,888	545,112		
Finance income Finance costs		9,331 (24,894)	5,288 (27,323)		
Finance costs — net	5(a)	(15,563)	(22,035)		
Profit before taxation	5	656,325	523,077		
Income tax	6	(105,709)	(76,385)		
Profit for the period		550,616	446,692		
Other comprehensive income for the period, net of nil tax Items that may be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss: Exchange differences on translation to					
presentation currency		(31,576)	(57,692)		
Other comprehensive income for the period		(31,576)	(57,692)		
Total comprehensive income for the period		519,040	389,000		

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

for the six months ended 30 June 2019 (unaudited) (Expressed in Hong Kong dollars)

	Six months ended 30 June		
	2019	2018	
Note	HK\$'000	(Note) HK\$'000	
Profit attributable to:	E49 244		
Equity shareholders of the Company Non-controlling interests	548,244 2,372	445,545 1,147	
····· ································	_,	.,	
Profit for the period	550,616	446,692	
Tedal communication in come addition to black			
Total comprehensive income attributable to: Equity shareholders of the Company	517,650	392,674	
Non-controlling interests	1,390	(3,674)	
	540.040	200.000	
Total comprehensive income for the period	519,040	389,000	
Earnings per share 7			
Basic	HK\$0.1817	HK\$0.1497	
Diluted	HK\$0.1799	HK\$0.1468	

Note:

The Group has initially applied HKFRS 16 at 1 January 2019 using the modified retrospective approach. Under this approach, comparative information is not restated. See note 3.

The notes on pages 40 to 66 form part of this interim financial report. Details of dividends payable to equity shareholders of the Company are set out in note 12(a).

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

at 30 June 2019 (unaudited) (Expressed in Hong Kong dollars)

		At 30 June 2019			ember 2018 ote)
	Note	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Non-current assets Property, plant and equipment Land use rights Right-of-use assets Intangible assets Deferred tax assets Fixed deposits	8 3, 8 3, 8 8		3,103,745 		2,879,018 272,004
			4,174,994		3,773,346
Current assets Inventories Trade and bills receivables Prepayments, deposits and other receivables Pledged bank deposits and time deposits Cash and cash equivalents	9	446,237 1,649,849 245,779 206,364 583,530		422,504 1,271,424 216,081 252,671 902,062	
		3,131,759		3,064,742	
Assets held for sale		42,340		42,657	
		3,174,099		3,107,399	
Current liabilities Borrowings Trade payables Contract liabilities Lease liabilities Accruals and other payables Income tax payable	10 11 3(d)	656,838 175,375 18,826 3,402 663,916 43,117		448,383 148,505 32,659 720,031 49,375	
		1,561,474		1,398,953	
Net current assets			1,612,625		1,708,446
Total assets less current liabilities			5,787,619		5,481,792

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

at 30 June 2019 (unaudited) (Expressed in Hong Kong dollars)

		At 30 June 2019		2019 At 31 December 20 (Note)	
	Note	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Non-current liabilities Borrowings	10	916,730		1,046,119	
Lease liabilities Deferred tax liabilities Deferred revenue	3(d)	1,567 17,214 41,031		17,974 39,453	
			976,542		1,103,546
NET ASSETS			4,811,077		4,378,246
CAPITAL AND RESERVES	12				
Share capital Reserves			67,488 4,587,997		67,088 4,171,344
Total equity attributable to					
equity shareholders of the Company Non-controlling interests			4,655,485 155,592		4,238,432 139,814
TOTAL EQUITY			4,811,077		4,378,246

Note:

The Group has initially applied HKFRS 16 at 1 January 2019 using the modified retrospective approach. Under this approach, comparative information is not restated. See note 3.

Approved and authorised for issue by the board of directors on 26 August 2019.

Qu Jiguang Director Wang Xianjun Director

The notes on pages 40 to 66 form part of this interim financial report.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

for the six months ended 30 June 2019 (unaudited)

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars)

		Attributable to equity shareholders of the Company									
	Note	Share capital HK\$'000	Share premium HK\$'000	Capital reserve HK\$'000	Statutory reserve HK\$'000	Share- based payment reserve HK\$'000	Currency translation differences HK\$'000	Retained earnings HK\$'000	Total HK\$'000	Non- controlling interests HK\$'000	Total equity HK\$'000
Balance at 1 January 2018		64,241	375,830	176,819	231,875	50,076	1,656	2,574,861	3,475,358	11,384	3,486,742
Changes in equity for the six months ended 30 June 2018:											
Profit for the period Other comprehensive income		-	-		_	-	(52,871)	445,545 —	445,545 (52,871)	1,147 (4,821)	446,692 (57,692)
Total comprehensive income		-	-	-	-	-	(52,871)	445,545	392,674	(3,674)	389,000
Capital contribution from non-controlling interests Dividends paid to equity shareholders of		-	-	267	-	-	-	-	267	107,610	107,877
the Company Shares issued under share option scheme	12(a) 12(b)	2,847	(120,561) 359,677	_	-	(38,636)			(120,561) 323,888		(120,561) 323,888
Balance at 30 June 2018 and 1 July 2018		67,088	614,946	177,086	231,875	11,440	(51,215)	3,020,406	4,071,626	115,320	4,186,946
Changes in equity for the six months ended 31 December 2018:											
Profit for the period Other comprehensive income		_	-	_	_	-	(179,301)	466,229 —	466,229 (179,301)	1,698 (3,686)	467,927 (182,987)
Total comprehensive income		-	-	-	-	-	(179,301)	466,229	286,928	(1,988)	284,940
Capital contribution from non-controlling interests Dividends paid to equity shareholders of		-	_	439	-	-	-	-	439	26,482	26,921
the Company Transfer to statutory reserve	12(a)	-	-	_	8,272	_		(120,561) (8,272)	(120,561)	-	(120,561)
Balance at 31 December 2018 (Note)		67,088	614,946	177,525	240,147	11,440	(230,516)	3,357,802	4,238,432	139,814	4,378,246

Note:

The Group has initially applied HKFRS 16 at 1 January 2019 using the modified retrospective approach. Under this approach, comparative information is not restated. See note 3.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

for the six months ended 30 June 2019 (unaudited)

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars)

		Attributable to equity shareholders of the Company									
	Note	Share capital HK\$'000	Share premium HK\$'000	Capital reserve HK\$'000	Statutory reserve HK\$'000	Share- based payment reserve HK\$'000	Currency translation differences HK\$'000	Retained earnings HK\$'000	Total HK\$'000	Non- controlling interests HK\$'000	Total equity HK\$'000
Balance at 1 January 2019		67,088	614,946	177,525	240,147	11,440	(230,516)	3,357,802	4,238,432	139,814	4,378,246
Changes in equity for the six months ended 30 June 2019:											
Profit for the period Other comprehensive income		-	-	-	-	-	(30,594)	548,244 —	548,244 (30,594)	2,372 (982)	550,616 (31,576)
Total comprehensive income							(30,594)	548,244	517,650	1,390	519,040
Capital contribution from non-controlling interests Dividends paid to equity shareholders of		-	-	(1,496)	_	-	-	_	(1,496)	14,388	12,892
the Company Shares issued under share option scheme	12(a) 12(b)	 400	(91,138) 55,600	-	_	(4,400)	-	(59,563)	(150,701) 51,600	-	(150,701) 51,600
Balance at 30 June 2019		67,488	579,408	176,029	240,147	7,040	(261,110)	3,846,483	4,655,485	155,592	4,811,077

The notes on pages 40 to 66 form part of this interim financial report.

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED CASH FLOW STATEMENT

for the six months ended 30 June 2019 (unaudited) (Expressed in Hong Kong dollars)

	Six months ended 30 June		
	2019	2018	
		(Note)	
Note	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	
Operating activities			
Cash generated from operations	277,947	616,654	
Interest paid	(24,359)	(24,712)	
Income tax paid	(108,416)	(89,254)	
	(100,410)	(05,254)	
Net cash generated from operating activities	145,172	502,688	
Net cash generated from operating activities	145,172	502,000	
Investing activities			
investing activities			
Purchase of property, plant and equipment	(388,906)	(219,640)	
Purchase of intangible assets	(18,417)	(17,457)	
Proceeds from disposals of property, plant and			
equipment	_	3,147	
Deposit received in relation to proposed disposal			
of property, plant and equipment	—	124,030	
Increase in fixed deposits and time deposits	(47,096)	(24,544)	
Other cash flows arising from investing activities	11,164	28,833	
Net cash used in investing activities	(443,255)	(105,631)	

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED CASH FLOW STATEMENT

for the six months ended 30 June 2019 (unaudited) (Expressed in Hong Kong dollars)

	Six months ended 30 June		
	2019	2018	
		(Note)	
Note	HK\$'000	HK\$′000	
Financing activities			
Proceeds from exercise of share options 12(b)	51,600	323,888	
Capital element of lease rentals paid	(1,654)		
Interest element of lease rentals paid	(146)	_	
Proceeds from borrowings	480,033	111,372	
Repayments of borrowings	(398,128)	(791,297)	
Dividends paid to equity shareholders of the			
Company 12(a)	(150,701)	(120,561)	
Proceeds from capital contribution from non-			
controlling interests	12,892	107,877	
Net such as a first star star statistics	(5.404)		
Net cash used in financing activities	(6,104)	(368,721)	
Net (decrease)/increase in cash and cash		20.226	
equivalents	(304,187)	28,336	
Cash and cash equivalents at 1 January	902,062	687,319	
	,		
Effect of foreign exchanges rates changes	(14,345)	(23,932)	
Cash and cash equivalents at 30 June	583,530	691,723	

Note:

The Group has initially applied HKFRS 16 at 1 January 2019 using the modified retrospective approach. Under this approach, comparative information is not restated. See note 3.

The notes on pages 40 to 66 form part of this interim financial report.

NOTES TO THE UNAUDITED INTERIM FINANCIAL REPORT

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated)

1 GENERAL INFORMATION

SSY Group Limited (the "Company") and its subsidiaries (together, the "Group") are engaged in the research, development, manufacturing and selling of a wide range of finished medicines, bulk pharmaceutical products and medical materials. The Group has manufacturing plants in Hebei Province and Jiangsu Province, the People's Republic of China (the "PRC"), and sells to customers mainly in the PRC.

The Company is an exempted company with limited liability established under the Companies Law, Cap.22 (Law 3 of 1961, as combined and revised) of Cayman Islands. The address of the Company's registered office is Cricket Square, Hutchins Drive, P.O. Box 2681, Grand Cayman KY1-1111, Cayman Islands.

The Company's shares have been listed on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange") since 20 December 2005.

2 BASIS OF PREPARATION

This interim financial report has been prepared in accordance with the applicable disclosure provisions of the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on the Stock Exchange, including compliance with Hong Kong Accounting Standard ("HKAS") 34, *Interim financial reporting*, issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants ("HKICPA"). It was authorised for issue on 26 August 2019.

The interim financial report has been prepared in accordance with the same accounting policies adopted in the 2018 annual financial statements, except for the accounting policy changes that are expected to be reflected in the 2019 annual financial statements. Details of any changes in accounting policies are set out in note 3.

The preparation of an interim financial report in conformity with HKAS 34 requires management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of policies and reported amounts of assets and liabilities, income and expenses on a year to date basis. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

2 BASIS OF PREPARATION (continued)

The interim financial report contains condensed consolidated financial statements and selected explanatory notes. The notes include an explanation of events and transactions that are significant to an understanding of the changes in financial position and performance of the Group since the 2018 annual financial statements. The condensed consolidated interim financial statements and notes thereon do not include all of the information required for full set of financial statements prepared in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards ("HKFRSs").

The interim financial report is unaudited, but has been reviewed by KPMG in accordance with Hong Kong Standard on Review Engagements 2410, *Review of interim financial information performed by the independent auditor of the entity*, issued by the HKICPA. KPMG's independent review report to the Board of Directors is included on pages 30 to 31.

The financial information relating to the financial year ended 31 December 2018 that is included in the interim financial report as comparative information does not constitute the Company's annual consolidated financial statements for that financial year but is derived from those financial statements. The Company's annual consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2018 are available from the Company's registered office. The auditors have expressed an unqualified opinion on those financial statements in their report dated 13 March 2019.

3 CHANGES IN ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The HKICPA has issued a new HKFRS, HKFRS 16, *Leases*, and a number of amendments to HKFRSs that are first effective for the current accounting period of the Group.

Except for HKFRS 16, *Leases*, none of the developments have had a material effect on how the Group's results and financial position for the current or prior periods have been prepared or presented in this interim financial report. The Group has not applied any new standard or interpretation that is not yet effective for the current accounting period.

3 CHANGES IN ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued) HKFRS 16, Leases

HKFRS 16 replaces HKAS 17, *Leases*, and the related interpretations, HK(IFRIC) 4, *Determining whether an arrangement contains a lease*, *HK(SIC)* 15, *Operating leases – incentives*, and HK(SIC) 27, *Evaluating the substance of transactions involving the legal form of a lease*. It introduces a single accounting model for lessees, which requires a lessee to recognise a right-of-use asset and a lease liability for all leases, except for leases that have a lease term of 12 months or less ("short-term leases") and leases of low value assets. The lessor accounting requirements are brought forward from HKAS 17 substantially unchanged.

The Group has initially applied HKFRS 16 as from 1 January 2019. The Group has elected to use the modified retrospective approach. Comparative information has not been restated and continues to be reported under HKAS 17. The Group has performed an assessment on the impact of the adoption of IFRS 16 and concluded that no adjustment to the opening balance of equity at 1 January 2019 was recognised.

Further details of the nature and effect of the changes to previous accounting policies and the transition options applied are set out below:

(a) Changes in the accounting policies

(i) New definition of a lease

The change in the definition of a lease mainly relates to the concept of control. HKFRS 16 defines a lease on the basis of whether a customer controls the use of an identified asset for a period of time, which may be determined by a defined amount of use. Control is conveyed where the customer has both the right to direct the use of the identified asset and to obtain substantially all of the economic benefits from that use.

The Group applies the new definition of a lease in HKFRS 16 only to contracts that were entered into or changed on or after 1 January 2019. For contracts entered into before 1 January 2019, the Group has used the transitional practical expedient to grandfather the previous assessment of which existing arrangements are or contain leases.

Accordingly, contracts that were previously assessed as leases under HKAS 17 continue to be accounted for as leases under HKFRS 16 and contracts previously assessed as non-lease service arrangements continue to be accounted for as executory contracts.

HKFRS 16, Leases (continued)

(a) Changes in the accounting policies (continued)

(ii) Lessee accounting

HKFRS 16 eliminates the requirement for a lessee to classify leases as either operating leases or finance leases, as was previously required by HKAS 17. Instead, the Group is required to capitalise all leases when it is the lessee, including leases previously classified as operating leases under HKAS 17, other than those short-term leases and leases of low-value assets.

Where the contract contains lease component(s) and non-lease component(s), the Group has elected not to separate non-lease components and accounts for each lease component and any associated non-lease components as a single lease component for all leases.

When the Group enters into a lease in respect of a low-value asset, the Group decides whether to capitalise the lease on a lease-by-lease basis. For the Group, low-value assets are typically laptops or office furniture. The lease payments associated with those leases which are not capitalised are recognised as an expense on a systematic basis over the lease term.

Where the lease is capitalised, the lease liability is initially recognised at the present value of the lease payments payable over the lease term, discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease or, if that rate cannot be readily determined, using a relevant incremental borrowing rate. After initial recognition, the lease liability is measured at amortised cost and interest expense is calculated using the effective interest method. Variable lease payments that do not depend on an index or rate are not included in the measurement of the lease liability and hence are charged to profit or loss in the accounting period in which they are incurred.

The right-of-use asset recognised when a lease is capitalised is initially measured at cost, which comprises the initial amount of the lease liability plus any lease payments made at or before the commencement date, and any initial direct costs incurred. Where applicable, the cost of the right-of-use assets also includes an estimate of costs to dismantle and remove the underlying asset or to restore the underlying asset or the site on which it is located, discounted to their present value, less any lease incentives received.

HKFRS 16, Leases (continued)

(a) Changes in the accounting policies (continued)

(ii) Lessee accounting (continued)

The right-of-use asset is subsequently stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses.

The lease liability is remeasured when there is a change in future lease payments arising from a change in an index or rate, or there is a change in the Group's estimate of the amount expected to be payable under a residual value guarantee, or there is a change arising from the reassessment of whether the Group will be reasonably certain to exercise a purchase, extension or termination option. When the lease liability is remeasured in this way, a corresponding adjustment is made to the carrying amount of the right-of-use asset, or is recorded in profit or loss if the carrying amount of the right-of-use asset has been reduced to zero.

(b) Critical accounting judgements and sources of estimation uncertainty in applying the above accounting policies Determining the lease term

As explained in the above accounting policies, the lease liability is initially recognised at the present value of the lease payments payable over the lease term. In determining the lease term at the commencement date for leases that include renewal options exercisable by the Group, the Group evaluates the likelihood of exercising the renewal options taking into account all relevant facts and circumstances that create an economic incentive for the Group to exercise the option, including favourable terms, leasehold improvements undertaken and the importance of that underlying asset to the Group's operation. The lease term is reassessed when there is a significant event or significant change in circumstance that is within the Group's control. Any increase or decrease in the lease term would affect the amount of lease liabilities and right-of-use assets recognised in future years.

HKFRS 16, Leases (continued)

(c) Transitional impact

At the date of transition to HKFRS 16 (i.e. 1 January 2019), the Group determined the length of the remaining lease terms and measured the lease liabilities for the leases previously classified as operating leases at the present value of the remaining lease payments, discounted using the relevant incremental borrowing rates at 1 January 2019. The weighted average of the incremental borrowing rates used for determination of the present value of the remaining lease payments was 4.76%.

To ease the transition to HKFRS 16, the Group applied the following recognition exemption and practical expedients at the date of initial application of HKFRS 16:

- the Group elected not to apply the requirements of HKFRS 16 in respect of the recognition of lease liabilities and right-of-use assets to leases for which the remaining lease term ends within 12 months from the date of initial application of HKFRS 16, i.e. where the lease term ends on or before 31 December 2019;
- when measuring the lease liabilities at the date of initial application of HKFRS 16, the Group applied a single discount rate to a portfolio of leases with reasonably similar characteristics (such as leases with a similar remaining lease term for a similar class of underlying asset in a similar economic environment); and
- (iii) when measuring the right-of-use assets at the date of initial application of HKFRS 16, the Group relied on the previous assessment for onerous contract provisions as at 31 December 2018 as an alternative to performing an impairment review.

HKFRS 16, Leases (continued)

(c) Transitional impact (continued)

The following table reconciles the operating lease commitments as disclosed in note 14(b) as at 31 December 2018 to the opening balance for lease liabilities recognised as at 1 January 2019:

	1 January 2019 <i>HK\$'000</i>
Operating lease commitments at 31 December 2018 Less: commitments relating to leases exempt from capitalisation:	7,774
 short-term leases and other leases with remaining lease term ending on or before 31 December 2019 	(709)
	7,065
Less: total future interest expenses	(406)
Present value of remaining lease payments, discounted using the incremental borrowing rate at 1 January 2019 and total lease liabilities recognised at 1 January 2019	6,659

The right-of-use assets in relation to leases previously classified as operating leases have been recognised at an amount equal to the amount recognised for the remaining lease liabilities, adjusted by the amount of any prepaid or accrued lease payments relating to that lease recognised in the statement of financial position at 31 December 2018.

As at 31 December 2018, the Group did not have any leases classified as finance leases. There is no impact on the opening balance of equity.

The Group presents right-of-use assets that do not meet the definition of investment property and lease liabilities separately in the statement of financial position.

HKFRS 16, Leases (continued)

(c) Transitional impact (continued)

The following table summarises the impacts of the adoption of HKFRS 16 on the Group's consolidated statement of financial position:

	Carrying amount at 31 December 2018 HK\$'000	Capitalisation of operating lease contracts HK\$'000	Carrying amount at 1 January 2019 HK\$'000
Line items in the consolidated statement of financial position impacted by the adoption of HKFRS 16:			
Land use rights	272,004	(272,004)	_
Right-of-use assets	_	278,663	278,663
Total non-current assets	3,773,346	6,659	3,780,005
Lease liabilities (current)	_	3,332	3,332
Current liabilities	1,398,953	3,332	1,402,285
Net current assets	1,708,446	(3,332)	1,705,114
Total assets less current liabilities	5,481,792	3,327	5,485,119
Lease liabilities (non-current)	_	3,327	3,327
Total non-current liabilities	1,103,546	3,327	1,106,873
Net assets	4,378,246	_	4,378,246

HKFRS 16, Leases (continued)

(c) Transitional impact (continued)

The analysis of the net book value of the Group's right-of-use assets by class of underlying asset at the end of the reporting period and at the date of transition to HKFRS 16 is as follows:

	At 30 June 2019 <i>HK\$'000</i>	At 1 January 2019 <i>HK\$'000</i>
Included in "Right-of-use assets": Properties leased for own use, carried at depreciated cost Land use rights, carried at depreciated cost	4,991 267,814	6,659 272,004
	272,805	278,663

HKFRS 16, Leases (continued)

(d) Lease liabilities

The remaining contractual maturities of the Group's lease liabilities at the end of the reporting period and at the date of transition to HKFRS 16 are as follows:

	At 30 June 2019		At 1 January 2019	
	Present		Present	
	value		value	
	of the	Total	of the	Total
	minimum	minimum	minimum	minimum
	lease	lease	lease	lease
	payments	payments	payments	payments
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Within 1 year	3,402	3,581	3,332	3,585
After 1 year but within				
2 years	1,103	1,169	2,408	2,519
After 2 years but within		• • • •	, , ,	,
5 years	464	479	919	961
	1,567	1,648	3,327	3,480
	4,969		6,659	
Less: total future interest				
expenses		(260)		(406)
Present value of lease				
liabilities		4,969		6,659

HKFRS 16, Leases (continued)

(e) Impact on the financial result and cash flows of the Group

After the initial recognition of right-of-use assets and lease liabilities as at 1 January 2019, the Group as a lessee is required to recognise interest expense accrued on the outstanding balance of the lease liability, and the depreciation of the right-of-use asset, instead of the previous policy of recognising rental expenses incurred under operating leases on a straight-line basis over the lease term. There is no significant difference on the reported profit from operations in the Group's consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income as compared to the results if HKAS 17 had been applied during the year.

In the cash flow statement, the Group as a lessee is required to split rentals paid under capitalised leases into their capital element and interest element. These elements are classified as financing cash outflows, similar to how leases previously classified as finance leases under HKAS 17 were treated, rather than as operating cash outflows, as was the case for operating leases under HKAS 17. Although total cash flows are unaffected, the adoption of HKFRS 16 therefore results in a change in presentation of cash flows within the cash flow statement.

The following tables may give an indication of the estimated impact of adoption of HKFRS 16 on the Group's financial result and cash flows for the six months ended 30 June 2019, by adjusting the amounts reported under HKFRS 16 in these interim financial statements to compute estimates of the hypothetical amounts that would have been recognised under HKAS 17 if this superseded standard had continued to apply to 2019 instead of HKFRS 16, and by comparing these hypothetical amounts for 2019 with the actual 2018 corresponding amounts which were prepared under HKAS 17.

HKFRS 16, Leases (continued)

(e) Impact on the financial result and cash flows of the Group (continued)

		:	2019		2018
			Deduct:		
			Estimated		
			amounts		
		Add back:	related to	Hypothetical	Compared to
	Amounts	HKFRS 16	operating lease	amounts for	amounts
	reported	depreciation	as if under	2019 as	reported for
	under	and interest	HKAS 17	if under	2018 under
	HKFRS 16	expense	(note 1)	HKAS 17	HKAS 17
	(A)	(B)	(C)	(D=A+B-C)	
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Financial result for the six months ended 30 June 2019 impacted by the adoption of HKFRS 16:					
Profit from operations	671,888	1,665	(1,800)	671,753	545,112
Finance costs — net	(15,563)	146	-	(15,417)	(22,035)
Profit before taxation	656,325	1,811	(1,800)	656,336	523,077
Profit for the period	550,616	1,811	(1,800)	550,627	446,692

HKFRS 16, Leases (continued)

(e) Impact on the financial result and cash flows of the Group (continued)

		2019 Estimated amounts related		2018
	Amounts reported under HKFRS 16 (A) <i>HK\$'000</i>	to operating leases as if under HKAS 17 (notes 1 & 2) (B) HK\$'000	Hypothetical amounts for 2019 as if under HKAS 17 (C=A+B) HK\$'000	Compared to amounts reported under HKAS 17 <i>HK\$'000</i>
Line items in the condensed consolidated cash flow statement for the six months ended 30 June 2019 impacted by the adoption of HKFRS 16:				
Cash generated from operations	277,947	(1,800)	276,147	616,654
Net cash generated from operating activities	145,172	(1,800)	143,372	502,688
Capital element of lease rentals paid	(1,654)	1,654	-	_
Interest element of lease rentals paid	(146)	146	-	_
Net cash used in financing activities	(6,104)	1,800	(4,304)	(368,721)

- Note 1: The "estimated amounts related to operating leases" is an estimate of the amounts of the cash flows in 2019 that relate to leases which would have been classified as operating leases, if HKAS 17 had still applied in 2019. This estimate assumes that there were no difference between rentals and cash flows and that all of the new leases entered into in 2019 would have been classified as operating leases under HKAS 17, if HKAS 17 had still applied in 2019. Any potential net tax effect is ignored.
- Note 2: In this impact table these cash outflows are reclassified from financing to operating in order to compute hypothetical amounts of net cash generated from operating activities and net cash used in financing activities as if HKAS 17 still applied.

4 REVENUE AND SEGMENT REPORTING

The Group manages its businesses by divisions, which are organised by a mixture of both business lines (products and services) and geography. In a manner consistent with the way in which information is reported internally to the Group's most senior executive management for the purposes of resource allocation and performance assessment, the Group has identified two reportable segments, namely intravenous infusion solution and others and medical materials. No operating segments have been aggregated to form the following reportable segments.

(a) Disaggregation of revenue

Disaggregation of revenue from contracts with customers by major products or service lines and geographical location of customers is as follows:

	Six months ended 30 June		
	2019	2018	
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	
Revenue from contracts with customers within the scope of HKFRS 15 Disaggregation by major products or service lines			
— Sales of pharmaceutical products	2,234,361	2,001,654	
- Sales of medical materials	81,326	81,575	
— Services income	4,521	7,133	
 Sales of raw materials and by-products 	5,621	2,229	
	2,325,829	2,092,591	
Revenue from other sources			
— Rental income		175	
	2,325,829	2,092,766	
Disaggregated by geographical location of customers			
 The PRC (place of domicile) Other countries 	2,251,646	2,028,532	
	74,183	64,234	
	2,325,829	2,092,766	

Disaggregation of revenue from contracts with customers by the timing of revenue recognition is disclosed in note 4(b).

4 **REVENUE AND SEGMENT REPORTING** (continued)

(b) Information about profit or loss, assets and liabilities

Disaggregation of revenue from contracts with customers by timing of revenue recognition, as well as information regarding the Group's reportable segments as provided to the Group's most senior executive management for the purposes of resource allocation and assessment of segment performance for the period is set out below:

		Six months end	ded 30 June 2019)
	Intravenous			
	infusion			
	solution	Medical		
	and others	materials	Unallocated	Total
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Disaggregated by timing of				
revenue recognition				
Point in time	2,239,982	81,326	—	2,321,308
Over time	4,521			4,521
Revenue from external				
customers	2,244,503	81,326	_	2,325,829
Inter-segment revenue	6,668	84,421	_	91,089
Reportable segment				
revenue	2,251,171	165,747	_	2,416,918
Operating profit or loss/				
segment results	674,439	13,932	(16,483)	671,888
Finance income	9,217	67	47	9,331
Finance costs	(12,443)	(462)	(11,989)	(24,894)
Dusfit/(lass) hafava				
Profit/(loss) before	674 242	42 527	(20.425)	656 225
income tax	671,213	13,537	(28,425)	656,325
Income tax	(102,279)	(3,430)		(105,709)
Reportable segment profit/				
(loss) for the period	568,934	10,107	(28,425)	550,616
	500,934	10,107	(20,423)	550,010

4 **REVENUE AND SEGMENT REPORTING** (continued)

(b) Information about profit or loss, assets and liabilities (continued)

	Six ı	months ended i	30 June 2018 <i>(No</i>	te)
	Intravenous infusion solution	Medical		
	and others	materials	Unallocated	Total
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Disaggregated by timing of				
revenue recognition				
Point in time	2,003,883	81,575	_	2,085,458
Over time	7,308		_	7,308
Revenue from external				
customers	2,011,191	81,575	_	2,092,766
Inter-segment revenue	11,763	84,076	_	95,839
Reportable segment				
revenue	2,022,954	165,651	—	2,188,605
Operating profit or loss/				
segment results	552,635	12,354	(19,877)	545,112
Finance income	5,157	131	—	5,288
Finance costs	(15,634)	(805)	(10,884)	(27,323)
Profit/(loss) before				
income tax	542,158	11,680	(30,761)	523,077
Income tax	(73,347)	(3,038)	_	(76,385)
Reportable segment profit/				
(loss) for the period	468,811	8,642	(30,761)	446,692

4 **REVENUE AND SEGMENT REPORTING** (continued)

(b) Information about profit or loss, assets and liabilities (continued)

	At 30 June 2019			
	Intravenous infusion solution	Medical		
	and others HK\$'000	materials HK\$'000	Unallocated <i>HK\$'000</i>	Total <i>HK\$'000</i>
Reportable segment assets Reportable segment	6,943,795	350,865	54,433	7,349,093
liabilities	1,716,883	24,083	797,050	2,538,016

At 31 December 2018 (Note)

	Intravenous			
	infusion			
	solution	Medical		
	and others	materials	Unallocated	Total
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Reportable segment assets	6,460,123	364,666	55,956	6,880,745
Reportable segment liabilities	1,645,444	59,772	797,283	2,502,499

Note:

The Group has initially applied HKFRS 16 at 1 January 2019 using the modified retrospective approach. Under this approach, comparative information is not restated. See note 3.

5 PROFIT BEFORE TAXATION

Profit before taxation is arrived at after (crediting)/charging:

(a) Finance income and costs

	Six months ended 30 June	
	2019	2018
		(Note)
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Finance income:		
— Interest income on bank deposits	(8,943)	(4,533)
— Net foreign exchange gain	(388)	(755)
Finance income	(9,331)	(5,288)
Finance costs:		
— Interest expense of borrowings	31,106	27,323
Less: Interest expense capitalised into qualifying assets*	(6,212)	
qualitying assets	(0,212)	
Finance costs	24,894	27,323
Finance costs — net	15,563	22,035

* During the six months ended 30 June 2019, the borrowing costs have been capitalised at a rate of 4.9% per annum.

5 **PROFIT BEFORE TAXATION** (continued)

(b) Other items

	Six months ended 30 June	
	2019	2018 (Note)
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Research and development costs	67.000	
(other than amortisation costs) Less: Costs capitalised into intangible assets	67,322 (16,028)	63,056 (16,895)
	51,294	46,161
Gain on disposal of property, plant and		
equipment	(474)	(1,902)
Government grants Depreciation charges	(6,158)	(3,218)
- owned property, plant and equipment	125,699	131,204
— right-of-use assets	4,844	—
Amortisation of land use rights	—	3,781
Amortisation of intangible assets	8,386	9,542

Note:

The Group has initially applied HKFRS 16 at 1 January 2019 using the modified retrospective approach. Under this approach, comparative information is not restated. See note 3.

6 INCOME TAX

	Six months ended 30 June	
	2019	2018
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Current tax — PRC corporate income tax ("CIT")	106,302	81,466
Deferred taxation	(593)	(5,081)
	105,709	76,385

6 INCOME TAX (continued)

Shijiazhuang No. 4 Pharmaceutical Co., Ltd. ("Shijiazhuang No.4"), Jiangsu Best New Medical Material Co., Ltd. ("Jiangsu Best"), Hebei Guolong Pharmaceutical Co., Ltd. and Hebei Hanlin Biotechnology Co., Ltd. have been certified as High and New Technology Enterprises ("HNTE") in 2018, 2017, 2017 and 2018, respectively. According to the tax incentives rules of the CIT Law of the People's Republic of China (the "CIT Law") for High and New Technology Enterprises, these entities are subject to preferential income tax rate of 15% for three years. The additional deduction of research and development expenditures have been increased from 50% to 75%, effective from 2018 to 2020, according to a new tax incentives policy promulgated by the State Tax Bureau of the PRC in September 2018.

All other subsidiaries of the Company established and operated in the PRC are subject to the PRC CIT at an applicable rate of 25%.

The CIT Law and its relevant regulations also impose a withholding tax at 10% on the foreign investors with respect to dividend distributions made out of the PRC entities from earnings accumulated from 1 January 2008, unless the foreign investors meet certain requirements specified in the relevant tax regulations in the PRC and accordingly are entitled to a preferential rate of 5%. Deferred tax liabilities have been provided for in this regard based on the expected dividends to be distributed from the Group's PRC subsidiaries in the foreseeable future in respect of the profits generated since 1 January 2008.

Taxation for other entities of the Group is charged at their respective applicable income tax rates ruling in the relevant jurisdictions.

7 EARNINGS PER SHARE

(a) Basic earnings per share

The calculation of basic earnings per share is based on the profit attributable to ordinary equity shareholders of the Company of HK\$548,244,000 for the six months ended 30 June 2019 (six months ended 30 June 2018: HK\$445,545,000) and the weighted average of 3,017,561,000 ordinary shares (six months ended 30 June 2018: 2,976,562,000 ordinary shares) in issue during the interim period.

7 EARNINGS PER SHARE (continued)

(b) Diluted earnings per share

The calculation of diluted earnings per share is based on the profit attributable to equity shareholders of the Company of HK\$548,244,000 for the six months ended 30 June 2019 (six months ended 30 June 2018: HK\$445,545,000) and the weighted average number of 3,048,315,000 ordinary shares for the six months ended 30 June 2019 (six months ended 30 June 2018: 3,034,140,000 ordinary shares) after adjusting for the effects of dilutive potential ordinary shares under the Company's share option scheme, calculated as follows:

Weighted average number of ordinary shares (diluted)

	Six months ended 30 June	
	2019	2018
	<i>'000</i>	<i>'000</i>
Weighted average number of ordinary shares at		
30 June (basic)	3,017,561	2,976,562
Effect of deemed issue of shares under the		
Company's share option scheme	30,754	57,578
Weighted average number of ordinary shares at		
30 June (diluted)	3,048,315	3,034,140

8 RIGHT-OF-USE ASSETS, PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT AND INTANGIBLE ASSETS

(a) Right-of-use assets

As discussed in note 3, the Group has initially applied HKFRS 16 using the modified retrospective method and adjusted the opening balances at 1 January 2019 to recognise right-of-use assets relating to leases which were previously classified as operating leases under HKAS 17. Further details on the net book value of the Group's right-of-use assets by class of underlying asset are set out in note 3.

During the six months ended 30 June 2019, there is no addition to right-of-use assets.

8 **RIGHT-OF-USE ASSETS, PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT AND INTANGIBLE ASSETS** (continued)

(b) Acquisition and disposal of owned assets

During the six months ended 30 June 2019, the Group acquired items of property, plant and equipment and internally generated research and development costs with costs of HK\$370,984,000 and HK\$16,028,000 respectively (six months ended 30 June 2018: HK\$241,569,000 and HK\$16,895,000 respectively).

Items of plant and equipment with a carrying amount of HK\$5,201,000 were disposed of during the six months ended 30 June 2019 (six months ended 30 June 2018: HK\$2,355,000), resulting in a gain on disposal of HK\$474,000 (six months ended 30 June 2018: HK\$1,902,000).

(c) As at 30 June 2019, the Group's right-of-use assets (previously presented as land use rights at 31 December 2018) and property, plant and equipment with carrying amount of HK\$71,866,000 (31 December 2018: HK\$72,984,000) and HK\$26,660,000 (31 December 2018: HK\$28,273,000) were pledged as collateral for the Group's bank borrowings (note 10).

9 TRADE AND BILLS RECEIVABLES

As of the end of the reporting period, the ageing analysis of trade debtors and bills receivables, based on the invoice date (or date of revenue recognition, if earlier) and net of loss allowance, is as follows:

	30 June 2019 <i>HK\$'000</i>	31 December 2018 <i>HK\$'000</i>
Within 3 months 4 to 6 months 7 to 12 months 1 to 2 years <i>Less:</i> Loss allowance	1,224,275 305,900 123,531 2,006 (5,863)	986,536 225,455 65,260 61 (5,888)
	1,649,849	1,271,424

9 TRADE AND BILLS RECEIVABLES (continued)

As at 30 June 2019, bills receivable of HK\$214,567,000 (31 December 2018: HK\$99,518,000) represent short-term bank acceptance notes receivable that entitle the Group to receive the full face amount from the banks at maturity, which generally ranges from 3 to 12 months from the date of issuance. Historically, the Group had experienced no credit losses on bills receivable. The Group from time to time endorses bills receivable to suppliers in order to settle payables.

As at 30 June 2019, the Group endorsed certain bank acceptance bills to suppliers for settling payables of the same amount on a full recourse basis. The Group has derecognised these bills receivable and payables to suppliers in their entirety. These derecognised bank acceptance bills had a maturity date of less than twelve months from the end of the reporting period. In the opinion of the directors, the Group has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of these bills and has discharged its obligation of the payables to its suppliers, and the Group has limited exposure in respect of the settlement obligation of these bills receivable under the relevant PRC rules and regulations, should the issuing banks fail to settle the bills on maturity date. The Group considered the issuing banks of these bills are of good credit quality and non-settlement of these bills by the issuing banks on maturity is not probable. As at 30 June 2019, the Group's maximum exposure to loss and undiscounted cash outflow, which is same as the amount payable by the Group to suppliers in respect of the endorsed bills, should the issuing banks fail to settle the bills on maturity date, amounted to approximately HK\$464 million (31 December 2018: HK\$544 million). Bills receivable were therefore derecognised.

10 BORROWINGS

As of the end of the reporting period, the borrowings were repayable as follows:

	30 June 2019 <i>HK\$'000</i>	31 December 2018 <i>HK\$'000</i>
Within 1 year or on demand	656,838	448,383
After 1 year but within 2 years After 2 years but within 5 years After 5 years	628,440 198,483 89,807	810,904 223,802 11,413
	916,730	1,046,119
	1,573,568	1,494,502

10 BORROWINGS (continued)

As of the end of the reporting period, the borrowings were secured as follows:

	30 June 2019 <i>HK\$'000</i>	31 December 2018 <i>HK\$'000</i>
Bank borrowings		
— secured	323,989	275,051
— unsecured	1,249,579	1,219,451
	1,573,568	1,494,502

As at 30 June 2019, certain of the Group's borrowings were secured by the Group's rightof-use assets (previously presented as land use rights at 31 December 2018) with carrying amount of HK\$71,866,000 (31 December 2018: HK\$72,984,000) and property, plant and equipment with carrying amount of HK\$26,660,000 (31 December 2018: HK\$28,273,000).

The Group's drawn down bank facilities of HK\$1,123,064,000 (31 December 2018: HK\$1,065,433,000) is subject to the fulfilment of covenants relating to certain specific performance requirements on the Group. If the Group were to breach the covenants, drawn down would become payable on demand. The Group regularly monitors its compliance with covenants. As at 30 June 2019, none of the covenants relating to drawn down facilities had been breached.

11 TRADE PAYABLES

As of the end of the reporting period, the ageing analysis of trade payables, based on the invoice date, is as follows:

	30 June 2019 <i>HK\$'000</i>	31 December 2018 <i>HK\$'000</i>
	111,5 000	111(\$ 000
Within 3 months	153,656	141,222
4 to 6 months	18,130	5,157
7 to 12 months	2,331	1,088
1 to 3 years	579	433
More than 3 years	679	605
	175,375	148,505

12 CAPITAL, RESERVES AND DIVIDENDS

(a) Dividends

(i) Dividends payable to equity shareholders attributable to the interim period

	Six months ended 30 June	
	2019	2018
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Interim dividend declared and paid after		
the interim period, of HK5.0 cents per		
share (30 June 2018: HK4.0 cents per		
share)	151,701	120,561

The interim dividend has not been recognised as a liability at the end of the reporting period.

(ii) Dividends payable to equity shareholders attributable to the previous financial year, approved and paid during the interim period

	Six months ended 30 June	
	2019	2018
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Final dividend proposed after the end of		
the reporting period of HK5.0 cents		
per share (30 June 2018: HK4.0 cents		
per share)	150,701	120,561

(b) Equity settled share-based transactions

During the six months ended 30 June 2019, a total of 20,000,000 share options were exercised by one director of the Company, with exercise price of HK\$2.58 at a total consideration of HK\$51,600,000. As at 30 June 2019, the total number of share options outstanding and exercisable was 32,000,000 (31 December 2018: 52,000,000).

During the six months ended 30 June 2018, a total of 142,368,000 share options were exercised by three directors of the Company and two management staffs, with exercise prices of HK\$1.98 or HK\$2.58 at a total consideration of HK\$323,888,000.

12 CAPITAL, RESERVES AND DIVIDENDS (continued)

(c) Capital management

The Group has initially applied HKFRS 16 using the modified retrospective approach. Under this approach, the Group recognises right-of-use assets and corresponding lease liabilities for almost all leases previously accounted for as operating leases as from 1 January 2019. The adoption of HKFRS 16 does not have a material impact on the Group's total debt and gearing ratio and the Group's capital management policies.

13 FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENT OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

The three-level fair value hierarchy of financial instruments as defined in HKFRS 13, *Fair value measurement*. The level into which a fair value measurement is classified is determined with reference to the observability and significance of the inputs used in the valuation technique as follows:

- Level 1 valuations: Fair value measured using only Level 1 inputs i.e. unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities at the measurement date
- Level 2 valuations: Fair value measured using Level 2 inputs i.e. observable inputs which fail to meet Level 1, and not using significant unobservable inputs. Unobservable inputs are inputs for which market data are not available
- Level 3 valuations: Fair value measured using significant unobservable inputs

As at 30 June 2019, the Group did not have any assets or liabilities that were measured at fair value.

The carrying values of the Group's financial instruments carried at cost or amortised cost were not materially different from their fair values as at 30 June 2019.

For the six months ended 30 June 2019, there were no significant changes in the business or economic circumstances that affect the fair value of the Group's financial instruments. Moreover, there were no significant reclassifications of financial instruments.

14 COMMITMENTS

(a) Capital commitments outstanding not provided for in the interim financial report

	30 June	31 December
	2019	2018
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Contracted for	84,971	220,399
Authorised but not contracted for	255,424	285,250
	340,395	505,649

14 COMMITMENTS (continued)

(b) At 31 December 2018, the total future minimum lease payments under noncancellable operating leases were payable as follows:

	Properties HK\$'000
Within 1 year After 1 year but within 5 years	3,640 4,134
	7,774

The Group is the lessee in respect of a number of properties which were previously classified as operating leases under HKAS 17. The Group has initially applied HKFRS 16 using the modified retrospective approach. Under this approach, the Group adjusted the opening balances at 1 January 2019 to recognise lease liabilities relating to these leases (see note 3). From 1 January 2019 onwards, future lease payments are recognised as lease liabilities in the statement of financial position in accordance with the policies set out in note 3.

15 MATERIAL RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

(a) Key management personnel remuneration

2019 2018 HK\$'000 HK\$'000	Six months ended 30 June	
HK\$'000 HK\$'000	2019 2018	
	HK\$'000 HK\$'000	

(b) Other material related party transactions

Sichuan Kelun Pharmaceutical Co., Ltd. ("Sichuan Kelun") has been regarded as having significant influence over the Company since 24 November 2017 and thus Sichuan Kelun and its subsidiaries (together as "Kelun Group") are related parties of the Company. In addition, the entities controlled by the ultimate controlling shareholder of Sichuan Kelun are also related parties of the Company.

During the six months ended 30 June 2019, the Group: (i) purchased materials and received services totalling RMB10,656,000 (equivalent to HK\$12,338,000) (2018: RMB7,745,000 (equivalent to HK\$9,506,000)) from the above related parties; and (ii) sold goods totalling RMB14,511,000 (equivalent to HK\$16,804,000) (2018: RMB14,504,000 (equivalent to HK\$17,803,000)) to the above related parties.

16 COMPARATIVE FIGURES

The Group has initially applied HKFRS 16 at 1 January 2019 using the modified retrospective method. Under this approach, comparative information is not restated. Further details of the changes in accounting policies are disclosed in note 3.