



INTERIM REPORT 2019

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This document in both English and Chinese is now available in printed form and on the website of the Company at http://www.nanyangholdingslimited.com.

GROUP FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

	Unaudit	ed	
	Six months ended 30 June		
	2019	2018	Variance
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	
Revenue and other income/(losses)	162,052	108,359	50%
Profit attributable to equity holders of			
the Company	138,139	287,395	(52%)
Profit attributable to equity holders of the Company after deducting: - changes in fair value of investment			
properties and related tax effects	(16,497)	(217,284)	(92%)
_	121,642	70,111	73%
Earnings per share	HK\$4.01	HK\$8.22	(51%)
Earnings per share – after deducting the changes in fair			
value of investment properties and related tax effects	HK\$3.53	HK\$2.01	76%

The Board of Directors of Nanyang Holdings Limited ("the Company") announces that the unaudited Group results for the six months ended 30 June 2019 showed a profit after taxation of HK\$138.1 million (2018: profit of HK\$287.4 million). The decline is mainly due to a much smaller increase in the fair value gain of the investment properties. The current period's profit comprises mainly the dividend receivable from The Shanghai Commercial & Savings Bank, Ltd., in respect of its 2018 earnings, of approximately HK\$64.6 million (after netting 21% withholding tax), fair value gain from investment portfolios of approximately HK\$34.1 million and the change in fair value of investment properties (including those owned by joint ventures) which resulted in a net gain of HK\$16.5 million (2018: HK\$217.3 million). However, if excluding the net effect of revaluing the investment properties at fair value, the half year would have shown an increase in profit after taxation to HK\$121.6 million (2018: profit of HK\$70.1 million), mainly due to gain in the investment portfolios in the first half. Total earnings per share were HK\$4.01 (2018: HK\$8.22). However, if the net effect of revaluing the investment properties at fair value had been excluded, earnings per share would have been HK\$3.53 (2018: HK\$2.01).

Business Review and Prospects

Real Estate

Hong Kong

Rental rates at the 290,000 sq.ft. of industrial/office space the Group holds at Nanyang Plaza, in Kwun Tong, continued to improve. Presently, it is 96.7% leased. The slowing economy, trade issues between the U.S. and China and recent social turmoil in the city may affect future leasing activities and rentals.

Shanghai

The Group's 65% investment in Shanghai, Shanghai Sung Nan Textile Co. Ltd., continues to report satisfactory results. Its total leasable area of 28,142 sq.m. is fully rented to third parties. The sluggish economy affected business of the anchor tenant, a Taiwan listed wedding banquet company, who leased approximately 75.3% or approximately 21,202 sq.m. of the total space. The tenant asked for a rental reduction which would affect earnings.

Shenzhen

Earnings at the joint venture, Southern Textile Company Limited, of which the Group owns 45%, is steady. The total leasable floor area of approximately 18,400 sq.m. is fully leased to third parties. However, the current slowing economy has a dampening effect on occupancy and rental rates.

Financial Investments

Since the beginning of 2019, equity markets rebounded. However, the continued trade tension between the U.S. and China and the uncertainty created by U.K.'s exit from the European Union created volatility. The prospect of lower U.S. interest rates helped and stabilized the markets somewhat.

For the six months ended 30 June 2019, financial assets at fair value through profit or loss, classified as current assets, was HK\$348.9 million, which represented approximately 6.3% of the total assets of the Group. The investment accounts, including cash held by the portfolios, increased by 9.45%. These are well diversified and comprise over 400 individual holdings. The Group recorded net realised and unrealised fair value gains of HK\$34.1 million and investment income of HK\$2.3 million. As at 30 June 2019, equities comprised approximately 71% (of which U.S. 42.2%; European 16.9%; Japanese 6.9%; Asia ex-Japan 22.3% and Emerging Markets 11.7%), bonds 16.4% (of which U.S. 69.5%; European 9.1%; Emerging Markets 16.5% and others 4.9%); commodities 1.1% and cash 11.5%. The investment portfolios increased by 7.21% up to 22 August 2019, a decline from the 30 June 2019 results due to the market turmoil in August.

Business Review and Prospects (Continued)

Financial Investments (Continued)

The outlook for the rest of the year is expected to be challenging. Interest rates in the U.S. and in many other countries are expected to fall but geopolitical issues could have a serious impact on many major markets. Global trade tensions especially between the U.S. and China as the U.S. could impose further tariffs on US\$300 billion of goods imported to the U.S. from China, the nature and impact of the U.K.'s departure from the European Union and continued social unrest here in Hong Kong since July 2019 have caused tremendous volatility in the markets.

The Group's investment in a licensed bank in Taiwan, The Shanghai Commercial & Savings Bank, Ltd. ("SCSB"), represents approximately 4% of the total issued share capital of SCSB. It has been classified under non-current assets as financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income and there is no intention to dispose the investment within 12 months of this report date. SCSB continued to perform well. SCSB acquired 84.89% of Cambodia's AMK Microfinance Institution PLC, which is one of the largest deposit taking financial institution in the country. On 19 October 2018, SCSB shares were successfully listed on the Taiwan Stock Exchange at NT\$32.28 per share. Then, on 21 December 2018, SCSB became one of the Taiwan 50 Index constituent shares and, subsequently, in early March 2019, it was included as a constituent stock in the MSCI Taiwan Index (EWT). SCSB's share price increased approximately 39.8% during the first half of 2019, (from NT\$40.2 per share as at the beginning of 1 January 2019 to NT\$56.2 per share as at 30 June 2019). The change in fair value of approximately HK\$631.7 million was recorded in the other comprehensive income.

Presently SCSB has 72 branches in Taiwan, one each in Hong Kong, Vietnam and Singapore. They also have three representative offices, one each in Jakarta, Indonesia, Bangkok, Thailand and Phnom Penh, Cambodia. SCSB also holds a 57.6% interest in Shanghai Commercial Bank Limited ("SCB") in Hong Kong. SCB has 44 branches in Hong Kong, three in China and four branches overseas. The audited net profit attributable to owners of SCSB for the six months ended 30 June 2019 was approximately NT\$7,584.3 million (2018 same period: audited net profit of approximately NT\$6,649.7 million), representing an increase of 14%. Total audited equity attributable to owners of SCSB at 30 June 2019 was approximately NT\$133,777.9 million (31/12/2018: approximately NT\$131,155.9 million audited), an increase of 2%. (These figures were extracted from SCSB's website at http://www.scsb.com.tw.) The Board continues to view this as a sound and long term investment.

On 20 August 2019, SCSB announced the SCSB Share Offer, pursuant to which a total number of 380,000,000 new SCSB Shares will be offered for subscription at the subscription price of NT\$36 each (equivalent to approximately HK\$9). 285,000,000 new SCSB Shares, representing 75% of the total number of new SCSB Shares to be issued under the SCSB Share Offer, will be offered to the eligible shareholders of SCSB on the basis of 81.2478402 new SCSB Shares for every 1,000 SCSB Shares held. The Group, currently holding 164,225,246 SCSB Shares, intends to participate and take up its full entitlement of 13,342,945 new SCSB Shares. Based on the subscription price of NT\$36 per new SCSB Share (equivalent to approximately HK\$9), the aggregate consideration payable by the Group will be approximately NT\$480 million (equivalent to approximately HK\$120 million). This transaction will be funded by the Group's existing funds and working capital and is subjected to independent shareholders' approval at a Special General Meeting. The SCSB share price as at 27 August 2019 was NT\$49.65.

Financial Position

The Group's investment properties with an aggregate value of HK\$2,411 million (31/12/2018: HK\$2,387 million) have been mortgaged to a bank to secure general banking facilities. As at 30 June 2019 and 31 December 2018, no bank facilities were utilized. The Group borrowed approximately Euro 1.0 million (approximately HK\$9 million as at 30 June 2019) collatorized by a portion of the investment portfolio, to hedge its Euro exposure.

Purchase, Sale or Redemption of Shares

Neither the Company nor any of its subsidiaries has purchased, sold or redeemed any shares of the Company during the period.

Directors' and Chief Executives' Interests and Short Positions in Shares, Underlying Shares and Debentures

As at 30 June 2019, the interests and short positions of the Directors and chief executive in the shares, underlying shares and debentures of the Company or any associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the Securities and Futures Ordinance (the "SFO")), as recorded in the register required to be kept under Section 352 of the SFO and so far as is known to the Directors, or as otherwise notified to the Company and The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited pursuant to the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Issuers (the "Model Code") as set out in Appendix 10 to the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Listing Rules") were as follows:

Shares of HK\$0.10 each of the Company

Name	Personal interests	Family interests	Corporate interests	Total	% of issued share capital
Hung Ching Yung	10,701,944	30,000	5,500,000 (Note)	16,231,944	47.08%
Lincoln C. K. Yung	2,240,000	10,000	_	2,250,000	6.52%
Rudolf Bischof	150,000	-	_	150,000	0.43%
John Con-sing Yung	33,000	37,000	_	70,000	0.20%

Note: As stated below, Mr. Hung Ching Yung is taken to be interested in the same 5,500,000 shares owned by a substantial shareholder, Tankard Shipping Co. Inc., pursuant to the SFO.

During the period, the Company has not granted to any Directors, chief executive or their respective spouses or children under 18 years of age any rights to subscribe for shares of the Company and its associated corporations.

At no time during the period was the Company, its subsidiaries or its associated corporations a party to any arrangements to enable the Directors or chief executive or any of their spouses or children under 18 years of age to acquire benefits by means of the acquisition of shares in, or debentures of, the Company or any of its associated corporations.

Interests and Short Positions of Substantial Shareholders in Shares and Underlying Shares

As at 30 June 2019, the Register of Substantial Shareholders' Interests and Short Positions maintained under Section 336 of the SFO shows that the following party, other than the Directors as disclosed above, was interested in 5 per cent or more of the issued share capital of the Company:

Number of % of issued shares share capital

Tankard Shipping Co. Inc.

5,500,000 (Note)

15.95%

Note: Mr. Hung Ching Yung is taken to be interested in the same 5,500,000 shares owned by Tankard Shipping Co. Inc. pursuant to the SFO.

Employees

The Group employed 13 employees as at 30 June 2019 (2018:13). Remuneration is determined by reference to the qualifications and experience of the staff concerned. Salaries and discretionary bonuses are reviewed annually. The Group also provides other benefits including medical cover and provident fund.

Corporate Governance

None of the Directors of the Company is aware of any information that would reasonably indicate that the Company is not, or was not for any part of the six months ended 30 June 2019, in compliance with the code provisions of the Corporate Governance Code and Corporate Governance Report as set out in Appendix 14 of the Listing Rules.

Code for Dealing in Company's Securities by Directors

The Company has adopted the Model Code as set out in Appendix 10 of the Listing Rules. Having made specific enquiry of all Directors, the Company's Directors confirmed that they have complied with the required standard as set out in the Model Code throughout the six months ended 30 June 2019.

Audit Committee and Review of Results

The Audit Committee of the Company has reviewed with management the accounting principles and practices adopted by the Group and discussed auditing, internal controls, risk management and financial reporting matters including a review of the unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements for the six months ended 30 June 2019 with the management. The unaudited interim financial statements of the Group for the six months ended 30 June 2019 have been reviewed by the Group's external auditor, PricewaterhouseCoopers, in accordance with Hong Kong Standard on Review Engagements 2410 "Review of Interim Financial Information Performed by the Independent Auditors of the Entity" issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants.

UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED INCOME STATEMENT

FOR THE SIX MONTHS ENDED 30 JUNE 2019

Six months ended 30 J		ed 30 June
Note	2019	2018
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
6	127,982	119,016
6 -	34,070	(10,657)
6	162,052	108,359
-	(8,096)	(8,074)
	153,956	100,285
	*	(19,370)
	(463)	(167)
-	18,571	220,391
7	150,617	301,139
8	605	661
8	(129)	(36)
-	5,545	4,098
	156,638	305,862
9 -	(18,499)	(18,467)
	138,139	287,395
10	HK\$4.01	HK\$8.22
	6 6 6 7 8 8	Note 2019 HK\$'000 6 127,982 6 34,070 6 162,052 (8,096) 153,956 (21,447) (463) 18,571 7 150,617 8 605 8 (129) 5,545 156,638 9 (18,499)

UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

FOR THE SIX MONTHS ENDED 30 JUNE 2019

	Six months ended 30 June		
	2019	2018	
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	
Profit for the period	138,139	287,395	
Other comprehensive income			
Items that may be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss			
Share of other comprehensive income of			
joint ventures accounted for under equity method	(129)	(1,452)	
Currency translation differences	(4,597)		
Items that may not be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss			
Fair value gains on financial assets at fair value			
through other comprehensive income	631,691	83,408	
Other comprehensive income for the period,			
net of tax	626,965	89,629	
Total comprehensive income for the period			
attributable to equity holders of the Company	765,104	377,024	

UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET AS AT 30 JUNE 2019

	Note	30 June 2019 HK\$'000	31 December 2018 HK\$'000
ASSETS			
Non-current assets Property, plant and equipment Right-of-use assets Investment properties Investments in joint ventures Prepayment Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income Non-current financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	12 3(c) 13 15 14	251 12,984 2,580,830 114,426 710 2,301,951 4,395 5,015,547	296 2,553,230 109,007 9,739 1,674,111 4,300 4,350,683
Current assets Trade and other receivables Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss Current income tax recoverable Cash and bank balances - Pledged bank deposits - Cash and cash equivalents	15 16	92,296 348,873 - 10,553 112,676 564,398	9,352 294,607 441 13,353 164,620 482,373
Total assets		5,579,945	4,833,056
EQUITY			
Capital and reserves attributable to the Company's equity holders Share capital Other reserves Retained profits	17	3,448 2,098,887 3,362,457	3,448 1,471,922 3,272,585
Total equity		5,464,792	4,747,955
Non-current liabilities Lease liabilities Deferred income tax liabilities Other non-current liability	3(c) 18	7,843 24,404 1,153 33,400	25,213 25,213
Current liabilities Trade and other payables Current income tax liabilities Short-term borrowing Lease liabilities	19 20 3(c)	49,217 18,834 8,987 4,715 81,753	50,846 - 9,042 - 59,888
Total liabilities		115,153	85,101
Total equity and liabilities		5,579,945	4,833,056

UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE SIX MONTHS ENDED 30 JUNE 2019

	Six months ended 30 June 2019 Attributable to equity holders of the Company			
	Share capital HK\$'000	Other reserves	Retained profits HK\$'000	Total equity
Balance at 1 January 2019	3,448	1,471,922	3,272,585	4,747,955
Profit for the period Other comprehensive income for the period		626,965	138,139	138,139
Total comprehensive income for the period		626,965	138,139	765,104
Transactions with owners, recognised directly in equity: Dividends relating to 2018 paid in June 2019 (Note 11)			(48,267)	(48,267)
Balance at 30 June 2019	3,448	2,098,887	3,362,457	5,464,792
	Attributal Share	x months ende ble to equity h Other reserves HK\$'000	olders of the C Retained	Company Total equity
Balance at 1 January 2018	3,507	1,232,980	3,017,091	4,253,578
Profit for the period Other comprehensive income for the period		89,629	287,395	287,395 89,629
Total comprehensive income for the period	_	89,629	287,395	377,024
Transactions with owners, recognised directly in equity: Dividends relating to 2017 paid in				
June 2018 (Note 11) Shares repurchased and cancelled	(17)		(47,122) (9,029)	(47,122) (9,029)
	(17)	17	(56,151)	(56,151)
Balance at 30 June 2018	3,490	1,322,626	3,248,335	4,574,451

UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

FOR THE SIX MONTHS ENDED 30 JUNE 2019

	Six months ended 30 June		
	2019	2018	
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	
Cash flows used in operating activities	(5,652)	(26,278)	
Net cash inflows from investing activities	605	661	
Cash flows from financing activities			
Dividends paid	(48,267)	(47,122)	
Repayment of bank loans	(55)	(205)	
Principal elements of lease payments	(1,135)	_	
Decrease in pledged bank deposits	2,800	10,603	
Other cash outflows from financing activities, net	(34)	(9,066)	
Net cash outflows from financing activities	(46,691)	(45,790)	
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents	(51,738)	(71,407)	
Cash and cash equivalents at 1 January	164,620	172,148	
Currency translation difference	(206)	432	
Cash and cash equivalents at 30 June	112,676	101,173	
Analysis of cash and cash equivalents			
Cash and bank balances	112,676	101,173	

NOTES TO THE CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL INFORMATION

1 General information

Nanyang Holdings Limited ("the Company") is a limited liability company incorporated in Bermuda. The address of its office in Hong Kong is Room 1808 St George's Building, 2 Ice House Street, Central, Hong Kong.

The Company is listed on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited.

The Company and its subsidiaries (together "the Group") are engaged in property investment and investment holding and trading.

This condensed consolidated interim financial information ("Interim Financial Information") is presented in thousands of Hong Kong dollars (HK\$'000), unless otherwise stated. This Interim Financial Information has been approved for issue by the Board of Directors on 28 August 2019.

2 Basis of preparation

This Interim Financial Information for the six months ended 30 June 2019 has been prepared in accordance with Hong Kong Accounting Standard ("HKAS") 34 "Interim Financial Reporting" issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants.

This Interim Financial Information should be read in conjunction with the 2018 annual financial statements, which have been prepared in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards ("HKFRS").

3 Significant accounting policies

The significant accounting policies and methods of computation used in the preparation of the Interim Financial Information are consistent with those used in the 2018 annual financial statements, except for the adoption of the new standard, interpretation and amendments to standards effective for the year ending 31 December 2019.

(a) New standard, interpretation and amendments to standards effective in current accounting period

During the period ended 30 June 2019, the Group has adopted the following new standard, interpretation and amendments to standards which are mandatory for accounting periods beginning on 1 January 2019:

HKAS 19 (Amendments) Plan amendment, curtailment or settlement

HKAS 28 (Amendments) Long-term Interests in Associates and Joint Ventures

HKFRS 16 Lease

HKFRS 9 (Amendments) Prepayment Features with Negative Compensation

and Modification of Financial Liabilities

HK(IFRIC) – Int 23 Uncertainty over Income Tax Treatments

Annual Improvements Annual Improvements to HKFRSs 2015–2017 Cycle

The impact of the adoption of HKFRS 16 is disclosed in Note 3(c) below. The adoption of other new standard, interpretation and amendments to standards does not have any significant change to the accounting policies or any significant effect on the results and financial position of the Group.

3 Significant accounting policies (Continued)

(b) New standard, interpretation and amendments to standards that are not yet effective and have not been early adopted by the Group

The following new standard, interpretation and amendments to standards have been published which are mandatory for the Group's accounting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2020 or later periods but have not been early adopted by the Group:

HKAS 1 and 8 (Amendments)

HKFRS 17

HKFRS 3 (Amendments)

HKFRS 10 and HKAS 28

(Amendments)

Conceptual Framework for
Financial Reporting 2018

Definition of Material (1)

Insurance Contracts (2)

Definition of a Business (1)

Sale or Contribution of Assets between an

Investor and its Associate or Joint Venture (3)

Revised Conceptual Framework for Financial

Reporting (1)

- (1) Effective for accounting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2020
- (2) Effective for accounting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2021
- (3) Effective date is to be determined

The Group has already commenced an assessment of the impact of the above new standard, interpretation and amendments to standards but is not yet in a position to state whether they would have a significant impact to its results of operations and financial position.

(c) Changes in accounting policy

The Group has adopted HKFRS 16 retrospectively from 1 January 2019, but has not restated comparatives for the 2018 reporting period, as permitted under the specific transitional provisions in the standard. In applying HKFRS 16 for the first time, the Group has applied the practical expedient permitted by the standard to account for operating leases of properties with a remaining lease term of less than 12 months as at 1 January 2019 as short-term leases and therefore no adjustment was made to the opening balance sheet on 1 January 2019.

A reconciliation of the operating lease commitments disclosed as at 31 December 2018 to the lease liabilities recognised as at 1 January 2019 is set out below.

	2019 HK\$'000
Operating lease commitments disclosed as at 31 December 2018 Less: short-term leases recognised on a straight-line basis as	455
expense	(455)
Lease liability recognised as at 1 January 2019	_

From 1 January 2019, property leases are recognised as a right-of-use asset and a corresponding lease liability at the date at which the leased asset is available for use by the Group.

On adoption of HKFRS 16, the Group recognised lease liabilities in relation to leases which had previously been classified as 'operating leases' under the principles of HKAS 17 'Leases'. These liabilities were measured at the present value of the remaining lease payments, discounted using the lessee's incremental borrowing rate as at the lease commencement date.

3 Significant accounting policies (Continued)

(c) Changes in accounting policy (Continued)

Lease payments include fixed payments less any lease incentive receivable. Each lease payment is allocated between the liability and finance cost. The finance cost is charged to consolidated income statement over the lease period so as to produce a constant periodic rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability for each period.

The associated right-of-use assets were measured at the amount equal to the lease liability plus any initial direct costs and restoration costs, and adjusted by the amount of any prepaid or accrued lease payments relating to that lease recognised in the consolidated balance sheet. The right-of-use asset is depreciated over the shorter of the asset's useful life and the lease term on a straight-line basis.

Payments associated with short-term leases are recognised on a straight-line basis as an expense in the consolidated income statement.

In the condensed consolidated statement of cash flows, cash payment for the principal portion of the lease liabilities are classified as financing activities and cash payments for the interest portion of the lease liabilities are classified as required for interest paid.

4 Financial risk management

The Group's investment activities expose it to various types of risk which are associated with the financial instruments and markets in which it invests. The types of financial risk to which the Group is exposed are market risk (including equity price risk, foreign currency risk and interest rate risk), credit and counterparty risk and liquidity risk. The Group's overall risk management programme focuses on the unpredictability of financial markets and seeks to minimise the potential adverse effects it may have on the Group's financial performance.

The condensed consolidated interim financial information does not include all financial risk management information and disclosures required in the annual financial statements, and should be read in conjunction with the Group's annual financial statements as at 31 December 2018.

There have been no changes in any risk management policies since the year end.

Fair value estimation

The table below analyses financial instruments carried at fair value, by level of the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value. Such inputs are categorised into three levels within a fair value hierarchy as follows:

- Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (level 1).
- Inputs other than quoted prices included within level 1 that are observable for the assets or liabilities, either directly (that is, as prices) or indirectly (that is, derived from prices) (level 2).
- Inputs for the assets or liabilities that are not based on observable market data (that is, unobservable inputs) (level 3).

4 Financial risk management (Continued)

Fair value estimation (Continued)

The following table presents the Group's assets and liabilities that are measured at fair value at 30 June 2019. See Note 13 for disclosures of the investment properties that are measured at fair value.

	Level 1 HK\$'000	Level 2 HK\$'000	Level 3 HK\$'000	Total HK\$'000
Assets				
Non-current financial assets at fair value through profit or				
loss	_	_	4,395	4,395
Current financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	200,020	21,617	127,236	348,873
Financial assets at fair value	,	,	,	,
through other comprehensive income	2,301,951			2,301,951
Total assets	2,501,971	21,617	131,631	2,655,219

The following table presents the Group's assets and liabilities that are measured at fair value at 31 December 2018.

	Level 1 HK\$'000	Level 2 HK\$'000	Level 3 HK\$'000	Total HK\$'000
Assets Non-current financial assets at				
fair value through profit or loss	_	_	4,300	4,300
Current financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	182,303	22,685	89,619	294,607
Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive	, , , , , ,	,		,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
income	1,674,111			1,674,111
Total assets	1,856,414	22,685	93,919	1,973,018

The fair value of financial instruments traded in active markets is based on quoted market prices at the balance sheet date. A market is regarded as active if quoted prices are readily and regularly available from an exchange, dealer, broker, industry group, pricing service or regulatory agency, and those prices represent actual and regularly occurring market transactions on an arm's length basis. The quoted market price used for financial assets held by the Group is the current bid price. These instruments are included in level 1.

The fair value of financial instruments that are not traded in an active market (for example, over-the-counter derivatives) is determined by using valuation techniques. These valuation techniques maximise the use of observable market data where it is available and rely as little as possible on entity specific estimates. If all significant inputs required to fair value an instrument are observable, the instrument is included in level 2.

If one or more of the significant inputs is not based on observable market data, the instrument is included in level 3.

There were no transfers between any level during the period.

5 Estimate

The preparation of interim financial information requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, income and expense. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

In preparing this condensed consolidated interim financial information, the significant judgements made by management in applying the Group's accounting policies and the key sources of estimation uncertainty were the same as those that applied to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2018.

6 Revenue and other income/(losses) and segment information

Revenue mainly comprises rental income, investment income from financial assets at fair value through profit or loss and dividend income from financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income. Other income/(losses) represents net realised and unrealised gains/(losses) on financial assets at fair value through profit or loss. Revenue and other income/(losses) recognised during the period comprises the following:

	Six months ended 30 June	
	2019	2018
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Revenue		
Gross rental income from investment properties	37,752	35,969
Investment income from financial assets at		
fair value through profit or loss	2,287	2,394
Dividend income from financial assets at fair value	•	
through other comprehensive income	81,718	75,054
Management fee income from investment	•	
properties	5,968	5,419
Other	257	180
	127,982	119,016
Other income/(losses)		
Net realised and unrealised gains/(losses) on		
financial assets at fair value through profit or		
loss	34,070	(10,657)
Revenue and other income/(losses)	162,052	108,359
Revenue and other income/(iosses)	102,052	100,339

The Group is organised on a worldwide basis into two main business segments:

Real estate – investment in and leasing of industrial/office premises

Financial investments – holding and trading of investment securities

There are no sales or other transactions between the business segments.

6 Revenue and other income/(losses) and segment information (Continued)

The segment results for the six months ended 30 June 2019 are as follows:

	Real estate HK\$'000	Financial investments HK\$'000	Total HK\$'000
Revenue and other income/(losses)	43,720	118,332	162,052
Segment result	35,174	115,443	150,617
Finance income Finance expense Share of profits of joint ventures	5,545	-	605 (129) 5,545
Profit before income tax Income tax expense			156,638 (18,499)
Profit attributable to equity holders of the Company			138,139
Other items Depreciation of property, plant and equipment	(33)	(12)	(45)
Fair value gain on investment properties	18,571		18,571

Note: Right-of-use assets are managed on a central basis and depreciation of right-of-use assets of HK\$1,855,000 was recognised for the six months ended 30 June 2019.

The segment results for the six months ended 30 June 2018 are as follows:

	Real estate HK\$'000	Financial investments HK\$'000	Total HK\$'000
Revenue and other income/(losses)	41,388	66,971	108,359
Segment result	237,185	63,954	301,139
Finance income Finance expense Share of profits of joint ventures	4,098	_	661 (36) 4,098
Profit before income tax Income tax expense			305,862 (18,467)
Profit attributable to equity holders of the Company			287,395
Other items Depreciation of property, plant and equipment	(55)	(12)	(67)
Fair value gain on investment properties	220,391	_	220,391

6 Revenue and other income/(losses) and segment information (Continued)

Reportable segments' assets and liabilities are reconciled to total assets and liabilities below. Segment assets exclude investments in joint ventures and right-of-use assets and segment liabilities exclude deferred income tax liabilities, lease liabilities, short-term borrowing and other non-current liability which are managed on a central basis.

The segment assets and liabilities as at 30 June 2019 are as follows:

	Real estate HK\$'000	Financial investments HK\$'000	Total HK\$'000
Segment assets	2,567,941	2,884,594	5,452,535
Right-of-use assets Investments in joint ventures	114,426	_	12,984 114,426
		-	5,579,945
Segment liabilities Unallocated liabilities	46,844	21,207	68,051 47,102
		_	115,153
The segment assets and liabilities as	at 31 December 20	018 are as follows:	
	Real estate HK\$'000	Financial investments HK\$'000	Total HK\$'000
Segment assets	2,553,630	2,170,419	4,724,049
Investments in joint ventures	109,007		109,007
		_	4,833,056
Segment liabilities Unallocated liabilities	47,808	3,038	50,846 34,255
		_	85,101

6 Revenue and other income/(losses) and segment information (Continued)

The Company is incorporated in Bermuda and is domiciled in Hong Kong. The Group's revenue and other income/(losses) from Hong Kong and from other countries for the period ended 30 June is analysed as follows:

	Six months ended 30 June	
	2019	2018
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Hong Kong	51,095	39,228
United States of America	10,700	(1,042)
Europe	16,095	(3,095)
Taiwan	81,718	75,054
Other countries	2,444	(1,786)
	162,052	108,359

At 30 June 2019, the total of non-current assets other than financial instruments located/operated in Hong Kong and in Mainland China are as follows:

	30 June	31 December
	2019	2018
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Hong Kong	2,594,619	2,563,096
Mainland China	114,582	109,176
	2,709,201	2,672,272

7 Operating profit

Operating profit is stated after charging the following:

	Six months ended 30 June	
	2019	2018
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment	45	67
Depreciation of right-of-use assets	1,855	_
Short-term lease expenses (2018: Operating leases		
payments on land and buildings)	403	1,936
Employee benefit expense (including directors'		
emoluments)	14,499	13,862
Management fee expense in respect of investment		
properties	5,583	5,395

8 Finance income/(expense)

	Six months ended 30 June	
	2019	2018
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Finance income		
Net exchange gain on financing activities	63	272
Bank interest income	542	389
	605	661
Finance expense		
Interest expense on short-term borrowing	(34)	(36)
Interest expense on lease liabilities	(95)	
	(129)	(36)

9 Income tax expense

Hong Kong profits tax has been provided at 16.5% (2018: 16.5%) of the estimated assessable profits for the period. Withholding tax on dividends receivable from overseas investments including joint ventures has been calculated at the rates of taxation prevailing in the countries in which the investees operate.

	Six months ended 30 June	
	2019	
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Current income tax		
 Hong Kong profits tax 	2,148	2,245
 Withholding tax 	17,160	15,763
Deferred income tax	(809)	459
	18,499	18,467

10 Earnings per share

Basic earnings per share is calculated by dividing the profit attributable to equity holders of the Company by the weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue during the period.

	Six months ended 30 June	
	2019	2018
Earnings (HK\$'000)		
Profit attributable to equity holders of the Company	138,139	287,395
•		
Number of shares (thousands)		
Weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue	34,477	34,945
Ε(ΗΙΖΦ)		
Earnings per share (HK\$)		
Basic and diluted (Note)	4.01	8.22

Note: The Company has no dilutive potential ordinary shares and diluted earnings per share are equal to basic earnings per share.

11 Dividends

	Six months ended 30 June	
	2019 HK\$'000	2018 HK\$'000
2018 final dividend paid of HK\$0.70 (2018: 2017 final dividend paid of HK\$0.70) per share	24,133	24,434
2018 special dividend paid of HK\$0.70 (2018: 2017 special dividend paid of HK\$0.65) per share	24,134	22,688
	48,267	47,122

The Directors have not declared an interim dividend for the six months ended 30 June 2019 (2018: Nil).

12 Property, plant and equipment

		30 June 2019 HK\$'000	31 December 2018 HK\$'000
	Property, plant and equipment	251	296
	Movement during the period is set out below:		
		Six months en 2019 HK\$'000	ded 30 June 2018 HK\$'000
	Net book amount as at 1 January Depreciation	296 (45)	421 (67)
	Net book amount as at 30 June	251	354
13	Investment properties		
		30 June 2019 HK\$'000	31 December 2018 HK\$'000
	Investment properties	2,580,830	2,553,230
	Movement during the period is set out below:		
		Six months en 2019 HK\$'000	ded 30 June 2018 HK\$'000
	At fair value Balance at 1 January Additions Fair value changes	2,553,230 9,029 18,571	2,269,120 8,109 220,391
	Balance at 30 June	2,580,830	2,497,620

The Group's investment properties with an aggregate carrying value of HK\$2,411,000,000 (31 December 2018: HK\$2,387,000,000) have been mortgaged to a bank to secure general banking facilities. As at 30 June 2019 and 31 December 2018, no bank facilities were utilised.

13 Investment properties (Continued)

Valuation processes of the Group

The basis of the valuation of investment properties is fair value being the amount for which the property could be exchanged between willing parties in an arm's length transaction, based on current prices in an active market for similar properties in the same location and condition and subject to similar leases. The investment properties were revalued by Prudential Surveyors (Hong Kong) Limited, an independent qualified valuer not related to the Group, who holds a recognised relevant professional qualification and has recent experience in the locations and segments of the investment properties valued, at 30 June 2019. For all investment properties, their current use equates to the highest and best use.

The Group's finance department reviews the valuations performed by the independent valuer for financial reporting purposes. This department reports directly to the senior management. Discussions of valuation processes and results are held between the management and valuer at least once every six months, in line with the Group's interim and annual reporting dates.

At each financial reporting dates the finance department:

- Verifies all major inputs to the independent valuation report;
- Assesses property valuations movements when compared to the prior period valuation report;
- Holds discussions with the independent valuer.

Valuation techniques

Fair value measurements using significant unobservable inputs

Fair values of completed industrial and commercial properties in Hong Kong are generally derived using direct comparison method. Direct comparison method is based on comparing the property to be valued directly with other comparable properties, which have recently transacted. However, given the heterogeneous nature of real estate properties, appropriate adjustments are usually required to allow for any qualitative differences that may affect the price likely to be achieved by the property under consideration

As at 30 June 2019, all investment properties are included in level 3 fair value hierarchy.

There were no change to the valuation techniques during the period and there were no transfers between fair value hierarchies during the period.

13 Investment properties (Continued)

Valuation techniques (Continued)

Significant inputs used to determine fair value

Information about fair value measurements using significant unobservable inputs for the Group's principal investment properties

Fair value					Relationship of
Descriptions	30 June 2019 HK\$'000	31 December 2018 HK\$'000	Valuation techniques	Unobservable inputs	unobservable inputs of fair value
Commercial	2,465,230	2,440,630	Direct comparison	Average unit rate – HK\$7,229 – HK\$14,586 per square feet (31 December 2018: HK\$7,290 – HK\$14,424 per square feet) Carpark: HK\$1,531,000 – HK\$2,067,000 per unit (31 December 2018: HK\$1,331,000 – HK\$1,797,000 per unit)	The higher the unit price, the higher the fair value
Industrial	115,600	112,600	Direct comparison	Average unit rate – HK\$2,739 per square feet (31 December 2018: HK\$2,671 per square feet) Carpark: HK\$544,000 – HK\$652,000 per unit (31 December 2018: HK\$485,000 – HK\$583,000 per unit)	The higher the unit price, the higher the fair value
	2,580,830	2,553,230			

14 Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income

The financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income are primarily the Group's investment in The Shanghai Commercial & Savings Bank, Ltd. ("SCSB"), a licensed bank in Taiwan and whose shares are listed on the Taiwan Stock Exchange, representing approximately 4% of the total issued share capital of SCSB, which is stated at fair value.

15 Prepayment, trade and other receivables

	30 June	31 December
	2019	2018
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Non-current asset		
Prepayment	710	9,739
Current assets		
Trade receivables (Note a)	688	206
Other receivables, prepayments and deposits	8,389	7,627
Dividend receivables	81,718	_
Amounts due from joint ventures (Note b)	1,501	1,519
	92,296	9,352
Total prepayment, trade and other receivables	93,006	19,091

Notes:

(a) The Group does not grant any credit period to its customers. At 30 June 2019, the aging analysis of the trade receivables were as follows:

	30 June	31 December
	2019	2018
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Within 30 days	688	206

⁽b) The amounts due from joint ventures are unsecured, interest-free and repayable on demand.

16 Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

The Group's financial assets at fair value through profit or loss with an aggregate carrying value of HK\$135,584,000 (31 December 2018: HK\$118,032,000) together with the bank deposit of HK\$10,553,000 (31 December 2018: HK\$13,353,000) have been pledged to the short-term borrowing.

17 Share capital

	Number of Shares	Amount HK\$'000
Ordinary share, issued and fully paid:		
At 1 January 2019 and 30 June 2019	34,476,738	3,448
At 1 January 2018 Shares repurchased and cancelled	35,066,238 (167,500)	3,507 (17)
At 30 June 2018	34,898,738	3,490

During the period ended 30 June 2018, the Company repurchased a total of 167,500 of its own shares through purchases on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited. The repurchased shares were subsequently cancelled. The aggregate price of HK\$9,029,250 paid was charged against retained profits and the nominal value of the shares repurchased of HK\$16,750 was transferred to the capital redemption reserve.

18 Deferred income tax

Deferred income tax is calculated in full on temporary differences under the liability method.

	30 June 2019 HK\$'000	31 December 2018 HK\$'000
Deferred income tax liabilities – to be settled after more than 12 months	(24,404)	(25,213)
The net movement on the deferred income tax account	t is as follows:	
	2019 HK\$'000	2018 HK\$'000
Balance at 1 January Credited/(charged) to the consolidated income	(25,213)	(22,960)
statement (Note 9)	809	(459)
Balance at 30 June	(24,404)	(23,419)

The movement in deferred tax assets and liabilities, without taking into consideration the offsetting of balances within the same tax authority during the period is as follows:

Deferred income tax liabilities in respect of accelerated tax depreciation:

	Six months ended 30 June	
	2019	2018
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Balance at 1 January Credited/(charged) to the consolidated income	(25,213)	(23,088)
statement	809	(459)
Balance at 30 June	(24,404)	(23,547)
Deferred income tax assets in respect of tax losses:		
	Six months ended 30 June	
	2019	2018
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Balance at 1 January and 30 June		128

Deferred income tax assets are recognised for tax losses carried forwards to the extent that the realisation of the related tax benefit through future taxable profit is probable. The Group did not recognise deferred income tax assets of HK\$318,000 (31 December 2018: HK\$259,000) in respect of tax losses amounting to HK\$1,928,000 (31 December 2018: HK\$1,567,000). These tax losses have no expiry date.

19 Trade and other payables

		30 June 2019 HK\$'000	31 December 2018 HK\$'000
	Trade payables Rental and management fee deposits Other payables and accruals	3,594 19,007 26,616	3,304 18,973 28,569
		49,217	50,846
	At 30 June 2019, the aging analysis of trade payables w	vere as follows:	
		30 June 2019 HK\$'000	31 December 2018 HK\$'000
	Within 30 days	3,594	3,304
20	Short-term borrowing		
		30 June 2019 HK\$'000	31 December 2018 HK\$'000
	Secured borrowing from a financial institution (Note)	8,987	9,042

Notes:

- (a) The borrowing had an effective interest rate of 0.75% per annum at 30 June 2019 (31 December 2018: 0.75% per annum).
- (b) The carrying amount of the borrowing approximated its fair value due to short-term maturity and is denominated in Euro.
- (c) At 30 June 2019 and 31 December 2018, the borrowing was secured by one or more of the following:
 - (i) pledge of financial assets at fair value through profit and loss (Note 16);
 - (ii) pledge of bank deposits.

21 Related party transactions

In addition to the related party information and transactions disclosed elsewhere in the condensed consolidated interim financial information, the following is a summary of significant related party transactions entered into the ordinary course of business between the Group and its related parties during the period.

(a) Key management compensation

	Six months ended 30 June	
	2019	2018
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Salaries and other employee benefits	10,819	10,327
Post-employment benefits	36	36
	10,855	10,363
(b) Related party balances		
	30 June	31 December
	2019	2018
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Amounts due from joint ventures	1,501	1,519

22 Events occurring after the reporting period

On 20 August 2019, The Shanghai Commercial & Savings Bank, Ltd. ("SCSB") announced the SCSB Share Offer, pursuant to which a total number of 380,000,000 new SCSB Shares will be offered for subscription at the subscription price of NT\$36 each (equivalent to approximately HK\$9). 285,000,000 new SCSB Shares, representing 75% of the total number of new SCSB Shares to be issued under the SCSB Share Offer, will be offered to the eligible shareholders of SCSB on the basis of 81.2478402 new SCSB Shares for every 1,000 SCSB Shares held. The Group, currently holding 164,225,246 SCSB Shares, intends to participate and take up its full entitlement of 13,342,945 new SCSB Shares. Based on the subscription price of NT\$36 per new SCSB Share (equivalent to approximately HK\$9), the aggregate consideration payable by the Group will be approximately NT\$480 million (equivalent to approximately HK\$120 million). This transaction will be funded by the Group's existing funds and working capital and is subjected to independent shareholders' approval at a Special General Meeting. Details of the Proposed SCSB Share Subscription is set out in the Company's announcement dated 21 August 2019.

On behalf of the Board

Rudolf Bischof

Chairman

Hong Kong, 28 August 2019