Website: www.wingon.hk



WING ON COMPANY INTERNATIONAL LIMITED

永安國際有限公司

(Incorporated in Bermuda with limited liability)
(Stock code: 289)

INTERIM REPORT 2019

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CORPORATE INFORMATION

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

The Board of Directors as now constituted is listed below:

Executive Directors

Mr. Karl C. Kwok, BBS, MH (Chairman)

Mr. Lester Kwok, J.P. (Deputy Chairman and Chief Executive Officer)

Mr. Mark Kwok

Non-executive Director

Dr. Bill Kwok, J.P.

Independent Non-executive Directors

Miss Maria Tam Wai Chu, GBM, GBS, J.P.

Mr. Iain Ferguson Bruce, CA, FCPA, FHKIoD, FHKSI

Mr. Leung Wing Ning

Mr. Nicholas James Debnam

AUDIT COMMITTEE

Mr. Iain Ferguson Bruce (Chairman)

Miss Maria Tam Wai Chu

Mr. Leung Wing Ning

Mr. Nicholas James Debnam

REMUNERATION COMMITTEE

Mr. Leung Wing Ning (Chairman)

Mr. Karl C. Kwok

Mr. Nicholas James Debnam

NOMINATION COMMITTEE

Mr. Leung Wing Ning (Chairman)

Mr. Karl C. Kwok

Mr. Nicholas James Debnam

CORPORATE INFORMATION

(Continued)

AUDITOR

KPMG Certified Public Accountants 8th Floor, Prince's Building, 10 Chater Road, Central, Hong Kong.

SECRETARY

Mr. Sin Kar Tim 7th Floor, Wing On Centre, 211 Des Voeux Road Central, Hong Kong.

REGISTERED OFFICE

Victoria Place, 5th Floor, 31 Victoria Street, Hamilton HM 10, Bermuda.

PRINCIPAL OFFICE

7th Floor, Wing On Centre, 211 Des Voeux Road Central, Hong Kong. Website: www.wingon.hk

SHARE REGISTRARS

Tricor Progressive Limited Level 54, Hopewell Centre, 183 Queen's Road East, Hong Kong.

MUFG Fund Services (Bermuda) Limited 4th floor North, Cedar House, 41 Cedar Avenue, Hamilton HM 12, Bermuda.

INTERIM RESULTS AND DIVIDEND

For the six months ended 30 June 2019, the Group's revenue was HK\$704.4 million (2018: HK\$756.6 million), a decrease of 6.9% due mainly to the decrease in department stores revenue.

Profit attributable to shareholders for the first half of 2019 was HK\$575.8 million (2018: HK\$804.4 million), a decrease of 28.4% due primarily to the decrease in net valuation gain on investment properties as compared to the corresponding period. Excluding this non-cash item and related deferred tax thereon, the Group's underlying profit attributable to shareholders increased by 37.8% to HK\$311.9 million (2018: HK\$226.4 million). The increase was attributable mainly to the gain recorded from the Group's investments in securities as opposed to the loss recorded in the same period last year.

Earnings per share decreased by 28.4% to 196.1 HK cents (2018: 273.7 HK cents) per share. Excluding the net valuation gain on investment properties net of related deferred tax thereon, underlying earnings per share for the period increased by 37.7% to 106.2 HK cents (2018: 77.1 HK cents) per share.

The directors have decided to pay an interim dividend of 38 HK cents (2018: 28 HK cents) per share, absorbing a total amount of HK\$111,516,000 (2018: HK\$82,288,000). The interim dividend will be paid on 23 October 2019 to shareholders whose names appear on the Register of Members of the Company on 14 October 2019. The Register of Members will be closed from 8 October 2019 to 14 October 2019, both dates inclusive, during which period no share transfer will be accepted.

To qualify for the interim dividend, share transfers to be dealt with must be lodged with the Company's Share Registrars, Tricor Progressive Limited, Level 54, Hopewell Centre, 183 Queen's Road East, Hong Kong before 4:00 p.m. on Friday, 4 October 2019.

LIQUIDITY AND FINANCIAL RESOURCES

Overall Financial Position

Shareholders' equity at 30 June 2019 was HK\$19,517.8 million, an increase of 2.3% as compared to that at 31 December 2018. With cash and listed marketable securities at 30 June 2019 of about HK\$3,590.9 million as well as available banking facilities, the Group has sufficient liquidity to meet its current commitments and working capital requirements.

Borrowings and Charges on Group Assets

At 30 June 2019, the Group's total borrowings amounted to HK\$121.5 million, a decrease of about HK\$18.2 million as compared to that at 31 December 2018 due to partial mortgage loan repayments and exchange differences. The Group's total borrowings of HK\$121.5 million relate to a mortgage loan for Australian investment properties. The bulk of the borrowings will be repayable by the end of 2020. Certain assets, comprising principally property interests with a book value of HK\$3,248.9 million, have been pledged to banks as collateral security for banking facilities granted to the extent of HK\$121.5 million. In view of the existing strong cash position, the Group does not anticipate any liquidity problems.

(Continued)

LIQUIDITY AND FINANCIAL RESOURCES (Continued)

Gearing Ratio

The gearing ratio, which is computed from the total borrowings of the Group divided by shareholders' equity of the Group at 30 June 2019, was 0.6% as compared with 0.7% at 31 December 2018.

Funding and Treasury Policies

The Group adopts a prudent funding and treasury policy. To minimise exposure to foreign exchange fluctuations, the Group's borrowings in Australia for its Melbourne investment properties are denominated in Australian dollars. Hence, the foreign exchange exposure is limited to the net investments in overseas subsidiaries of approximately HK\$2,886.1 million at 30 June 2019 (at 31 December 2018: HK\$2,851.2 million).

The Group's borrowings are on a floating rate basis. For overseas borrowings, when appropriate and at times of interest rate uncertainty or volatility, hedging instruments including swaps and forwards may be used to assist in the Group's management of interest rate exposure. The Group's cash and bank balances are mainly denominated in Hong Kong dollar, United States dollar and Australian dollar.

Capital Commitments and Contingent Liabilities

At 30 June 2019, the total amount of the Group's capital expenditure commitments was HK\$28.3 million (at 31 December 2018: HK\$27.4 million). As at 30 June 2019, the Group had no contingent liability (at 31 December 2018: HK\$ nil).

HALF YEAR BUSINESS REVIEW

Department Store Operations

The Group's department stores business, which serves mainly local customers in Hong Kong, continued to be difficult in the period under review. The unseasonably warm weather in January and February has adversely affected the sales of winter clothing items and winter electrical goods in the first quarter. During the second quarter, the fragile consumer sentiment amid uncertain local market conditions and the mass demonstrations since June continued to impact the department stores' sales although the sales decline was moderate in the second quarter with the launch of extra promotional events. For the six months ended 30 June 2019, the Group's department stores achieved a revenue of HK\$459.6 million, a decrease of 11.9% when compared to HK\$521.9 million achieved in 2018. Overall, the department stores operating profit for the first half of 2019 decreased by 45.7% to HK\$31.2 million (2018: HK\$57.5 million), due mainly to the decrease in revenue and thus gross profit.

(Continued)

HALF YEAR BUSINESS REVIEW (Continued)

Property Investments

The Group's property investment income increased by 12.8% to HK\$254.5 million (2018: HK\$225.7 million) for the six months ended 30 June 2019. Income from the Group's commercial investment properties in Hong Kong increased by 5.9% to HK\$182.6 million (2018: HK\$172.4 million) which was attributable to the increase in occupancy of Wing On Kowloon Centre and the higher rental rates achieved from lease renewals of Wing On Centre during the period under review. The overall occupancy of the Group's commercial investment properties in Hong Kong increased to about 99% (2018: 95%) during the period under review. Income from the Group's commercial office properties in Melbourne increased by 41.3% to HK\$68.8 million (2018: HK\$48.7 million) during the period under review. Net income in terms of Australian dollar currency increased by 53.5%, which was primarily attributable to higher rental rates achieved upon renewal of leases, the refund of certain land tax in respect of prior years, and decrease in statutory charges. The Group's Melbourne properties were fully let (2018: 96%) throughout the period under review.

Interest in an Associate

For the six months ended 30 June 2019, the Group recorded a share of loss after tax from the associate's automobile dealership interest in the People's Republic of China of HK\$5.8 million (2018: share of profit after tax of HK\$4.4 million). Overall, the Group recorded a share of profit from the associate of HK\$5.8 million (2018: HK\$8.4 million) for the six months ended 30 June 2019.

Others

During the period under review, the Group's investments in securities recorded a gain of HK\$73.8 million (2018: a loss of HK\$14.5 million). However, the Group recorded a net foreign exchange loss of HK\$4.6 million (2018: a net gain of HK\$5.0 million) from its holdings of foreign currencies.

STAFF

As at 30 June 2019, the Group had a total staff of 659 (at 30 June 2018: 697). The Group's remuneration policies, bonus schemes, Mandatory Provident Fund Schemes, etc., have not changed materially from the information disclosed in the 2018 Annual Report.

(Continued)

OUTLOOK FOR THE REMAINDER OF 2019

The outlook for the Group's department stores business in the second half of the year is expected to be difficult and challenging due to mounting social unrest in Hong Kong. However, with the financial strength of the Group and a loyal customer base, the Group and its retail team are dedicated to continue to provide its customers with the best service and quality merchandise. The Group's investment properties in Hong Kong and Australia will continue to provide stable rental income for the Group.

Karl C. Kwok Chairman

Hong Kong, 29 August 2019

INDEPENDENT REVIEW REPORT TO THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS OF WING ON COMPANY INTERNATIONAL LIMITED

(Incorporated in Bermuda with limited liability)

INTRODUCTION

We have reviewed the interim financial report set out on pages 8 to 44 which comprises the consolidated statement of financial position of Wing On Company International Limited (the "Company") as of 30 June 2019 and the related consolidated statement of profit or loss, consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, consolidated statement of changes in equity and condensed consolidated statement of cash flows for the six month period then ended and explanatory notes. The Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited require the preparation of an interim financial report to be in compliance with the relevant provisions thereof and Hong Kong Accounting Standard ("HKAS") 34, Interim financial reporting, issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants ("HKICPA"). The directors are responsible for the preparation and presentation of the interim financial report in accordance with HKAS 34.

Our responsibility is to form a conclusion, based on our review, on the interim financial report and to report our conclusion solely to you, as a body, in accordance with our agreed terms of engagement, and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility towards or accept liability to any other person for the contents of this report.

SCOPE OF REVIEW

We conducted our review in accordance with Hong Kong Standard on Review Engagements 2410, Review of interim financial information performed by the independent auditor of the entity, issued by the HKICPA. A review of the interim financial report consists of making enquiries, primarily of persons responsible for financial and accounting matters, and applying analytical and other review procedures. A review is substantially less in scope than an audit conducted in accordance with Hong Kong Standards on Auditing and consequently does not enable us to obtain assurance that we would become aware of all significant matters that might be identified in an audit. Accordingly we do not express an audit opinion.

CONCLUSION

Based on our review, nothing has come to our attention that causes us to believe that the interim financial report as at 30 June 2019 is not prepared, in all material respects, in accordance with HKAS 34, Interim financial reporting.

KPMG

Certified Public Accountants 8th Floor, Prince's Building 10 Chater Road Central, Hong Kong

29 August 2019

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS

For the six months ended 30 June 2019 – unaudited (Expressed in Hong Kong dollars)

			ended 30 June		
		2019	2018		
	Note	\$'000	\$'000		
Revenue	3(a)	704,374	756,610		
Other revenue	4	48,025	40,694		
Other net gain/(loss)	4	58,188	(21,134)		
Cost of department store sales	5(d)	(217,596)	(249,949)		
Cost of property leasing activities	5(c)	(34,148)	(51,813)		
Other operating expenses		(198,223)	(206,151)		
Profit from operations		360,620	268,257		
Finance costs	5(a)	(2,613)	(2,683)		
		358,007	265,574		
Net valuation gain on investment properties	8(b)	266,731	577,116		
		624,738	842,690		
Share of profit of an associate	9	5,837	8,438		
Profit before taxation	5	630,575	851,128		
Income tax	6	(54,470)	(46,222)		
Profit for the period		576,105	804,906		
Attributable to:					
Shareholders of the Company		575,767	804,404		
Non-controlling interests		338	502		
Profit for the period		576,105	804,906		
Basic and diluted earnings per share	7(a)	196.1 cents	273.7 cents		

The Group has initially applied HKFRS 16 at 1 January 2019 using the modified retrospective approach. Under this approach, comparative information is not restated (see note 2).

The notes on pages 16 to 44 form part of this interim financial report. Details of dividends payable to shareholders of the Company are set out in note 13(a).

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

For the six months ended 30 June 2019 – unaudited (Expressed in Hong Kong dollars)

	Six months ended 30 June				
	201	19	201	18	
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	
Profit for the period		576,105		804,906	
Other comprehensive income for the period (after tax and reclassification adjustments):					
Item that will not be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss:					
 other investments at fair value through other comprehensive income 		3,060		1,682	
Items that may be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss:					
Foreign currency translation adjustments: - exchange differences on translation of financial statements of overseas subsidiaries - share of exchange differences on	(14,830)		(124,476)		
translation of financial statements of an overseas associate	172		(2,539)		
		(14,658)		(127,015)	
Other comprehensive income for the period		(11,598)		(125,333)	
Total comprehensive income for the period		564,507		679,573	
Attributable to:					
Shareholders of the Company Non-controlling interests		564,243 264		678,953 620	
Total comprehensive income for the period		564,507		679,573	

The Group has initially applied HKFRS 16 at 1 January 2019 using the modified retrospective approach. Under this approach, comparative information is not restated (see note 2).

The notes on pages 16 to 44 form part of this interim financial report.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

At 30 June 2019 – unaudited (Expressed in Hong Kong dollars)

	Note	At 30 June 2019 \$'000	At 31 December 2018 \$'000
Non-current assets			
Investment properties	8	16,069,778	15,828,721
Other property, plant and equipment	2,8	408,197	381,653
		16,477,975	16,210,374
Interest in an associate	9	313,194	307,185
Other investments		146,217	143,157
Deferred tax assets		2,004	11,609
		16,939,390	16,672,325
Current assets			
Trading securities		805,259	704,746
Inventories		116,873	116,515
Debtors, deposits and prepayments	10	88,378	69,559
Amounts due from fellow subsidiaries		6,358	3,209
Other bank deposits	11	16,036 3,001,013	74,819 2,827,500
Cash and cash equivalents	11	3,001,013	2,827,300
		4,033,917	3,796,348
Current liabilities			
Creditors and accrued charges	12	441,840	409,188
Contract liabilities		17,805	18,137
Secured bank loan		35,016	35,196
Lease liabilities	2(c)	27,144	2.514
Amounts due to fellow subsidiaries		3,955 43,963	3,514
Current tax payable		45,905	24,494
		569,723	490,529
Net current assets		3,464,194	3,305,819
Total assets less current liabilities carried forward		20 403 584	19,978,144
		23,103,501	

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

At 30 June 2019 – unaudited (Continued) (Expressed in Hong Kong dollars)

		At 30 June	At 31 December
		2019	2018
	Note	\$'000	\$'000
Total assets less current liabilities brought forward		20,403,584	19,978,144
Non-current liabilities			
Secured bank loan		86,447	104,487
Lease liabilities	2(c)	13,697	_
Deferred tax liabilities		752,730	760,550
		852,874	865,037
NET ASSETS		<u>19,550,710</u>	<u>19,113,107</u>
Capital and reserves			
Share capital	13(b)	29,346	29,360
Reserves		19,488,436	19,051,083
Total equity attributable to shareholders			
of the Company		19,517,782	19,080,443
Non-controlling interests		32,928	32,664
TOTAL EQUITY		19,550,710	19,113,107

The Group has initially applied HKFRS 16 at 1 January 2019 using the modified retrospective approach. Under this approach, comparative information is not restated (see note 2).

The notes on pages 16 to 44 form part of this interim financial report.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

For the six months ended 30 June 2019 – unaudited (Expressed in Hong Kong dollars)

		Attributable to shareholders of the Company									
	-	Share capital	Land and building revaluation reserve	Investment revaluation reserve	Exchange reserve	Contributed surplus	General reserve fund	Retained earnings (Note)	Total	Non- controlling interests	Total equity
	Note	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
Balance at 1 January 2019	-	29,360	271,037	131,379	(274,235)	754,347	1,541	18,167,014	19,080,443	32,664	19,113,107
Changes in equity for the six months ended 30 June 2019:											
Profit for the period		-	-	-	-	-	-	575,767	575,767	338	576,105
Other comprehensive income for the period	_			3,060	(14,584)				(11,524)	(74)	(11,598)
Total comprehensive income for the period		-	-	3,060	(14,584)	-	-	575,767	564,243	264	564,507
Purchase of own shares – par value paid – premium and transaction	13(b)	(14)	-	-	-	-	-	-	(14)	-	(14)
costs paid		-	-	-	-	-	-	(3,635)	(3,635)	-	(3,635)
Share of the general reserve fund of an associate: transfer to the general											
reserve fund		-	-	-	-	-	162	(162)	-	-	-
Dividends approved and paid in respect of the previous year	13(a)(ii)_							(123,255)	(123,255)		(123,255)
		(14)	-	3,060	(14,584)	_	162	448,715	437,339	264	437,603

Balance at 30 June 2019

134,439 (288,819) 754,347

29,346 271,037

<u>1,703</u> <u>18,615,729</u> <u>19,517,782</u>

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITYFor the six months ended 30 June 2019 – unaudited

For the six months ended 30 June 2019 – unaudited (Continued)
(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars)

Attributable to shareholders of the Company

		Attributable to shareholders of the Company									
		Share capital	Land and building revaluation reserve	Investment revaluation reserve	Exchange reserve	Contributed surplus	General reserve fund	Retained earnings (Note)	Total	Non- controlling interests	Total equity
	Note	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
Balance at 31 December 2017		29,389	271,037	15,140	335	754,347	1,051	16,759,284	17,830,583	31,350	17,861,933
Impact on initial application of HKFRS 9				120,067					120,067		120,067
Adjusted balance at 1 January 2018		29,389	271,037	135,207	335	754,347	1,051	16,759,284	17,950,650	31,350	17,982,000
Changes in equity for the six months ended 30 June 2018:											
Profit for the period		-	-	-	-	-	-	804,404	804,404	502	804,906
Other comprehensive income for the period				1,682	(127,133)				(125,451)	118	(125,333)
Total comprehensive income for the period		-	-	1,682	(127,133)	-	-	804,404	678,953	620	679,573
Share of the general reserve fund of an associate: transfer to the general reserve fund		-	-	-	-	-	508	(508)	-	-	-
Dividends approved and paid in respect of the previous year	13(a)(ii)							(199,842)	(199,842)		(199,842)
			-	1,682	(127,133)		508	604,054	479,111	620	479,731
Balance at 30 June 2018		29,389	271,037	136,889	(126,798)	754,347	1,559	17,363,338	18,429,761	31,970	18,461,731

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

For the six months ended 30 June 2019 – unaudited (Continued)
(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars)

	Attributable to share		
ınd			
inσ	Investment	General	Non-

		Share capital	Land and building revaluation reserve	Investment revaluation reserve	Exchange reserve	Contributed surplus	General reserve fund	Retained earnings (Note)	Total	Non- controlling interests	Total equity
	Note	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
Balance at 1 July 2018		29,389	271,037	136,889	(126,798)	754,347	1,559	17,363,338	18,429,761	31,970	18,461,731
Changes in equity for the six months ended 31 December 2018:											
Profit for the period		-	-	-	-	-	-	893,277	893,277	754	894,031
Other comprehensive income for the period				(5,510)	(147,437)				(152,947)	(60)	(153,007)
Total comprehensive income for the period		-	-	(5,510)	(147,437)	-	-	893,277	740,330	694	741,024
Purchase of own shares – par value paid – premium and transaction		(29)	-	-	-	-	-	-	(29)	-	(29)
costs paid		-	-	-	-	-	-	(7,341)	(7,341)	-	(7,341)
Share of the general reserve fund of an associate: transfer from the general											
reserve fund		-	-	-	-	-	(18)	18	-	-	-
Dividends declared and paid in respect of the current year	13(a)(i)							(82,278)	(82,278)		(82,278)
		(29)		(5,510)	(147,437)		(18)	803,676	650,682	694	651,376
Balance at 31 December 2018		29,360	<u>271,037</u>	<u>131,379</u>	(274,235)	<u>754,347</u>	1,541	<u>18,167,014</u>	19,080,443	32,664	<u>19,113,107</u>

Note:

Retained earnings attributable to the shareholders of the Company as at 30 June 2019 include the aggregate net valuation gain relating to investment properties after deferred tax of \$13,330,980,000 (at 31 December 2018: \$13,067,139,000).

The Group has initially applied HKFRS 16 at 1 January 2019 using the modified retrospective approach. Under this approach, comparative information is not restated (see note 2).

The notes on pages 16 to 44 form part of this interim financial report.

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

For the six months ended 30 June 2019 – unaudited (Expressed in Hong Kong dollars)

Note	Six months 6 2019 \$'000	ended 30 June 2018 \$'000
	Ψ 000	\$ 000
Operating activities		
Cash generated from operations	278,319	110,504
Tax paid	(29,605)	(21,179)
Net cash generated from operating activities	248,714	89,325
Investing activities		
Payment for the purchase of investment properties		
and other property, plant and equipment	(6,439)	
Decrease in other bank deposits Other cash flows arising from investing activities	58,783 42,837	
Other easi flows arising from investing activities		
Net cash generated from investing activities	95,181	97,026
Financing activities		
Capital element of lease payments	(13,351)	_
Interest element of lease payments	(601)	_
Dividends paid to shareholders of the Company 13(a)(ii)		(199,842)
Other cash flows arising from financing activities	(23,375)	(21,911)
Net cash used in financing activities	(160,582)	(221,753)
Net increase/(decrease) in cash and		
cash equivalents	183,313	(35,402)
Cash and cash equivalents at 1 January	2,827,500	2,941,473
Effect of foreign exchange rate changes	(9,800)	(4,693)
Cash and cash equivalents at 30 June 11	3,001,013	2,901,378

The Group has initially applied HKFRS 16 at 1 January 2019 using the modified retrospective approach. Under this approach, comparative information is not restated (see note 2).

The notes on pages 16 to 44 form part of this interim financial report.

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise stated)

1. Basis of preparation

This interim financial report has been prepared in accordance with the applicable disclosure provisions of the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited ("Stock Exchange"), including compliance with Hong Kong Accounting Standard ("HKAS") 34, Interim financial reporting, issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants ("HKICPA"). It was authorised for issue on 29 August 2019.

The interim financial report has been prepared in accordance with the same accounting policies adopted in the 2018 annual financial statements, except for the accounting policy changes that are expected to be reflected in the 2019 annual financial statements. Details of any changes in accounting policies are set out in note 2.

The preparation of an interim financial report in conformity with HKAS 34 requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of policies and reported amounts of assets and liabilities, income and expenses on a year to date basis. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

This interim financial report contains condensed consolidated financial statements and selected explanatory notes. The notes include an explanation of events and transactions that are significant to an understanding of the changes in financial position and performance of the Group since the 2018 annual financial statements. The condensed consolidated interim financial statements and notes thereon do not include all of the information required for a full set of financial statements prepared in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards ("HKFRSs").

The interim financial report is unaudited, but has been reviewed by KPMG in accordance with Hong Kong Standard on Review Engagements 2410, Review of interim financial information performed by the independent auditor of the entity, issued by the HKICPA. KPMG's independent review report to the Board of Directors is included on page 7. In addition, this interim financial report has been reviewed by the Company's Audit Committee.

The financial information relating to the financial year ended 31 December 2018 that is included in the interim financial report as comparative information does not constitute the Company's statutory annual consolidated financial statements for that financial year but is derived from those financial statements. Statutory financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2018 are available from the Stock Exchange's website. The auditors have expressed an unqualified opinion on those financial statements in their independent auditor's report dated 28 March 2019.

(Continued)

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise stated)

2. Changes in accounting policies

The HKICPA has issued a new HKFRS, HKFRS 16, Leases, and a number of amendments to HKFRSs that are first effective for the current accounting period of the Group.

Except for HKFRS 16, none of the developments have had a material effect on how the Group's results and financial position for the current or prior periods have been prepared or presented in this interim financial report. The Group has not applied any new standard or interpretation that is not yet effective for the current accounting period.

HKFRS 16, Leases

HKFRS 16 replaces HKAS 17, Leases, and the related interpretations, HK(IFRIC) 4, Determining whether an arrangement contains a lease, HK(SIC) 15, Operating leases – incentives, and HK(SIC) 27, Evaluating the substance of transactions involving the legal form of a lease. It introduces a single accounting model for lessees, which requires a lessee to recognise a right-of-use asset and a lease liability for all leases, except for leases that have a lease term of 12 months or less ("short-term leases") and leases of low-value assets. The lessor accounting requirements are brought forward from HKAS 17 substantially unchanged.

The Group has initially applied HKFRS 16 as from 1 January 2019. The Group has elected to use the modified retrospective approach and has therefore recognised the cumulative effect of initial application as an adjustment to the opening balance of equity at 1 January 2019. Comparative information has not been restated and continues to be reported under HKAS 17.

(Continued)

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise stated)

2. Changes in accounting policies (Continued)

Further details of the nature and effect of the changes to previous accounting policies and the transition options applied are set out below:

(a) Changes in the accounting policies

(i) New definition of a lease

The change in the definition of a lease mainly relates to the concept of control. HKFRS 16 defines a lease on the basis of whether a customer controls the use of an identified asset for a period of time, which may be determined by a defined amount of use. Control is conveyed where the customer has both the right to direct the use of the identified asset and to obtain substantially all of the economic benefits from that use.

The Group applies the new definition of a lease in HKFRS 16 only to contracts that were entered into or changed on or after 1 January 2019. For contracts entered into before 1 January 2019, the Group has used the transitional practical expedient to grandfather the previous assessment of which existing arrangements are or contain leases.

Accordingly, contracts that were previously assessed as leases under HKAS 17 continue to be accounted for as leases under HKFRS 16 and contracts previously assessed as non-lease service arrangements continue to be accounted for as executory contracts.

(ii) Lessee accounting

HKFRS 16 eliminates the requirement for a lessee to classify leases as either operating leases or finance leases, as was previously required by HKAS 17. Instead, the Group is required to capitalise all leases when it is the lessee, including leases previously classified as operating leases under HKAS 17, other than those short-term leases and leases of low-value assets. As far as the Group is concerned, these newly capitalised leases are primarily in relation to other property, plant and equipment as disclosed in note 15(b).

Where the lease is capitalised, the lease liability is initially recognised at the present value of the lease payments payable over the lease term, discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease or, if that rate cannot be readily determined, using a relevant incremental borrowing rate. After initial recognition, the lease liability is measured at amortised cost and interest expense is calculated using the effective interest method. Variable lease payments that do not depend on an index or rate are not included in the measurement of the lease liability and hence are charged to profit or loss in the accounting period in which they are incurred.

(Continued)

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise stated)

2. Changes in accounting policies (Continued)

(a) Changes in the accounting policies (Continued)

(ii) Lessee accounting (Continued)

The right-of-use asset recognised when a lease is capitalised is initially measured at cost, which comprises the initial amount of the lease liability plus any lease payments made at or before the commencement date, and any initial direct costs incurred. Where applicable, the cost of the right-of-use asset also includes an estimate of costs to dismantle and remove the underlying asset or to restore the underlying asset or the site on which it is located, discounted to their present value, less any lease incentives received.

The right-of-use asset is subsequently stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses, except for right-of-use assets that meet the definition of investment property are carried at fair value.

(iii) Leasehold investment properties

Under HKFRS 16, the Group is required to account for all leasehold properties as investment properties when these properties are held to earn rental income and/or for capital appreciation ("leasehold investment properties"). The adoption of HKFRS 16 does not have an impact on the Group's financial statements as the Group previously elected to apply HKAS 40, Investment properties, to account for all of its leasehold properties that were held for investment purposes as at 31 December 2018. Consequentially, these leasehold investment properties continue to be carried at fair value.

(Continued)

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise stated)

2. Changes in accounting policies (Continued)

(b) Transitional impact

At the date of transition to HKFRS 16 (i.e. 1 January 2019), the Group determined the length of the remaining lease terms and measured the lease liabilities for the leases previously classified as operating leases at the present value of the remaining lease payments, discounted using the relevant incremental borrowing rates at 1 January 2019. The weighted average of the incremental borrowing rates used for determination of the present value of the remaining lease payments was 2.7%.

To ease the transition to HKFRS 16, the Group applied the following recognition exemption and practical expedients at the date of initial application of HKFRS 16:

- (i) when measuring the lease liabilities at the date of initial application of HKFRS 16, the Group applied a single discount rate to a portfolio of leases with reasonably similar characteristics (such as leases with a similar remaining lease term for a similar class of underlying asset in a similar economic environment); and
- (ii) when measuring the right-of-use assets at the date of initial application of HKFRS 16, the Group relied on the previous assessment for onerous contract provisions as at 31 December 2018 as an alternative to performing an impairment review.

The following table reconciles the operating lease commitments as disclosed in note 15(b) as at 31 December 2018 to the opening balance for lease liabilities recognised as at 1 January 2019:

Ψ 000
50,636
1,058
51,694
(1,294)
50,400

\$'000

(Continued)

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise stated)

2. Changes in accounting policies (Continued)

(b) Transitional impact (Continued)

The right-of-use assets in relation to leases previously classified as operating leases have been recognised at an amount equal to the amount recognised for the remaining lease liabilities, adjusted by the amount of any prepaid or accrued lease payments relating to that lease recognised in the consolidated statement of financial position at 31 December 2018.

The Group presents right-of-use assets that do not meet the definition of investment property in "other property, plant and equipment" and presents lease liabilities separately in the consolidated statement of financial position.

The following table summarises the impacts of the adoption of HKFRS 16 on the Group's consolidated statement of financial position:

	Carrying amount at 31 December 2018 \$'000	Capitalisation of operating lease contracts \$'000	Carrying amount at 1 January 2019 \$'000
Line items in the consolidated statement of financial position impacted by the adoption of HKFRS 16:			
Other property, plant and equipment	381,653	50,400	432,053
Total non-current assets	16,672,325	50,400	16,722,725
Lease liabilities (current)	_	25,303	25,303
Current liabilities	490,529	25,303	515,832
Net current assets	3,305,819	(25,303)	3,280,516
Total assets less current liabilities	19,978,144	25,097	20,003,241
Lease liabilities (non-current)	-	25,097	25,097
Total non-current liabilities	865,037	25,097	890,134
Net assets	19,113,107	_	19,113,107

(Continued)

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise stated)

2. Changes in accounting policies (Continued)

(b) Transitional impact (Continued)

The analysis of the net book value of the Group's right-of-use assets by class of underlying asset at the end of the reporting period and at the date of transition to HKFRS 16 is as follows:

	At	At
	30 June	1 January
	2019	2019
	\$'000	\$'000
Included in "Other property, plant and equipment":		
Land and buildings, carried at depreciated cost	39,931	49,427
Plant and equipment, carried at depreciated cost	649	973
Ownership interests in leasehold investment	40,580	50,400
properties, carried at fair value	12,609,045	12,350,872
	12,649,625	12,401,272

(c) Lease liabilities

The remaining contractual maturities of the Group's lease liabilities at the end of the reporting period and at the date of transition to HKFRS 16 are as follows:

	At 30 June 2019 Present		At 1 Janu Present	uary 2019
	value of the minimum lease payments \$'000	Total minimum lease payments \$'000	value of the minimum lease payments \$'000	Total minimum lease payments \$'000
Within one year After one year but within two years	27,144 13,697	27,837 13,774	25,303 25,097	26,289 25,405
	40,841	41,611	50,400	51,694
Less: total future interest expenses		(770)		(1,294)
Present value of lease liabilities		40,841		50,400

(Continued)

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise stated)

3. Revenue and segment reporting

(a) Revenue

The principal activities of the Group are the operation of department stores and property investment.

The Group's revenue comprised the invoiced value of goods sold to customers less returns, net income from concession sales and consignment sales and income from property investment and disaggregation of revenue by category is analysed as follows:

	Six months ended 30 Jun 2019 201	
	\$'000	\$'000
Under the scope of HKFRS 15, Revenue from contracts with customers:		
Department stores		
– Sales of goods	309,561	363,948
 Net income from concession sales 	114,347	120,869
 Net income from consignment sales 	35,673	37,100
	459,581	521,917
Property investment - Building management fees and other rental related income	31,273	31,181
Under the scope of HKFRS 16/HKAS 17, Leases:		
Property investment		
- Gross rentals from investment properties	213,520	203,512
	704,374	756,610

(Continued)

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise stated)

3. Revenue and segment reporting (Continued)

(b) Segment reporting

The Group manages its business by two divisions, namely department stores and property investment. In a manner consistent with the way in which information is reported internally to the Group's most senior executive management for the purposes of resource allocation and performance assessment, the Group has identified the following two reportable segments. No operating segments have been aggregated to form the following reportable segments.

- Department stores: this segment operates department stores in Hong Kong.
- Property investment: this segment leases commercial premises to generate rental income. Currently the Group's investment property portfolio is located in Hong Kong, Australia and the United States of America ("USA").

(i) Segment results, assets and liabilities

For the purposes of assessing segment performance and allocating resources between segments, the Group's senior executive management monitors the results, assets and liabilities attributable to each reportable segment on the following bases:

- Segment assets include all tangible and current assets with the exception of interest in an associate, investments in financial assets, current tax recoverable, deferred tax assets and other corporate assets. Segment liabilities include trade and other creditors, accrued charges, contract liabilities, lease liabilities and bank borrowings managed directly by the segments.
- Revenue and expenses are allocated to the reportable segments with reference to revenue generated by those segments and the expenses incurred by those segments or which otherwise arise from the depreciation or amortisation of assets attributable to those segments.

The measure used for reporting segment profit is profit before interest income, finance costs and income tax.

In addition to receiving segment information concerning segment profit, management is provided with segment information concerning revenue (including inter-segment revenue), finance costs on bank borrowings and lease liabilities managed directly by the segments, depreciation, amortisation and impairment losses and additions to non-current segment assets used by the segments in their operations.

(Continued)

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise stated)

3. Revenue and segment reporting (Continued)

(b) Segment reporting (Continued)

(i) Segment results, assets and liabilities (Continued)

Information regarding the Group's reportable segments as provided to the Group's most senior executive management for the purposes of resource allocation and assessment of segment performance for the periods is set out below.

	_	Department stores Property investment Six months ended 30 June Six months ended 30 June				otal ended 30 June
	2019	2018	2019 2018		2019 2018	
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
Revenue from external customers	459,581	521,917	244,793	234,693	704,374	756,610
Inter-segment revenue			59,352	58,259	59,352	58,259
Reportable segment revenue	459,581	521,917	304,145	292,952	763,726	814,869
Reportable segment profit	31,247	57,487	254,473	225,690	285,720	283,177
	Departn	nent stores	Property	investment	T	otal
	Departn At	nent stores	Property At	investment At	To At	otal At
	-					
	At	At	At	At	At	At
	At 30 June	At 31 December	At 30 June	At 31 December	At 30 June	At 31 December
Reportable segment assets	At 30 June 2019	At 31 December 2018	At 30 June 2019	At 31 December 2018	At 30 June 2019	At 31 December 2018
Reportable segment assets Additions to non-current segment assets during the period/year	At 30 June 2019 \$'000	At 31 December 2018 \$'000	At 30 June 2019 \$'000	At 31 December 2018 \$'000	At 30 June 2019 \$'000	At 31 December 2018 \$'000

(Continued)

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise stated)

3. Revenue and segment reporting (Continued)

(b) Segment reporting (Continued)

(ii) Reconciliations of reportable segment profit, assets and liabilities

	Six months ended 30 June		
	2019	2018	
	\$'000	\$'000	
Profit			
Reportable segment profit	285,720	283,177	
Other revenue	48,025	40,694	
Other net gain/(loss)	58,188	(21,134)	
Finance costs	(2,613)	(2,683)	
Net valuation gain on investment properties	266,731	577,116	
Share of profit of an associate	5,837	8,438	
Unallocated head office and corporate			
expenses	(31,313)	(34,480)	
Consolidated profit before taxation	630,575	851,128	

(Continued)

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise stated)

3. Revenue and segment reporting (Continued)

(b) Segment reporting (Continued)

(ii) Reconciliations of reportable segment profit, assets and liabilities (Continued)

	At 30 June 2019 \$'000	At 31 December 2018 \$'000
Assets		
Reportable segment assets Elimination of inter-segment receivables	16,664,971 (4,868)	16,389,326 (4,811)
Interest in an associate Other investments Deferred tax assets Trading securities Unallocated head office and corporate assets	16,660,103 313,194 146,217 2,004 805,259 3,046,530	16,384,515 307,185 143,157 11,609 704,746
Consolidated total assets	20,973,307	20,468,673
Liabilities		
Reportable segment liabilities Elimination of inter-segment payables	573,948 (4,868)	519,367 (4,811)
Current tax payable Deferred tax liabilities Unallocated head office and corporate liabilities	569,080 43,963 752,730 56,824	514,556 24,494 760,550 55,966
Consolidated total liabilities	1,422,597	1,355,566

(Continued)

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise stated)

4. Other revenue and other net gain/(loss)

	Six months ended 30 June 2019 2018	
	\$'000	\$'000
Other revenue		
Interest income from bank deposits	32,475	25,150
Interest income from investments in securities	1,670	_
Dividend income from investments in securities	10,638	12,407
Compensation received on early termination of leases	161	414
Others	3,081	2,723
	48,025	40,694
Other net gain/(loss)		
Net gain/(loss) on remeasurement to fair value of		
trading securities	32,712	(36,381)
 derivative financial instruments 	30	89
Net gain on disposal of		
 trading securities 	24,442	5,464
 derivative financial instruments 	5,647	4,699
Net foreign exchange (loss)/gain	(4,590)	5,026
Net loss on disposal of plant and equipment	(53)	(31)
	58,188	(21,134)

(Continued)

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise stated)

5. Profit before taxation

Profit before taxation is arrived at after charging/(crediting):

		Six months er 2019 \$'000	nded 30 June 2018 \$'000
(a)	Finance costs		
	Interest on bank loan Interest on lease liabilities	2,012 601	2,683
	interest on rease natifices		2 692
(b)	Staff costs (excluding directors' remuneration)	2,613	2,683
(D)	Staff costs (excluding directors Temuneration)		
	Contributions to defined contribution		
	retirement plans	5,953	5,978
	Salaries, wages and other benefits	103,359	107,240
		109,312	113,218
(c)	Rentals received and receivable from investment properties		
	Gross income from property investment	(244,793)	(234,693)
	Less: direct outgoings	34,148	51,813
		(210,645)	(182,880)
(d)	Other items		
	Depreciation and amortisation		
	- owned assets	18,673	18,202
	lease incentives	12,601	12,695
	right-of-use assets	13,611	_
	Impairment losses of trade and other debtors		(22)
	written back Operating lease charges under HKAS 17	_	(22)
	- minimum lease payments for hire of		
	land and buildings	_	13,579
	- contingent rentals for hire of		
	land and buildings	_	27
	Cost of inventories sold	217,596	<u>249,949</u>

(Continued)

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise stated)

6. Income tax in the consolidated statement of profit or loss

	Six months ended 30 June 2019 2018	
	\$'000	
Current tax - Hong Kong Profits Tax		
Provision for the period	32,934	34,397
Current tax – Overseas		
Provision for the period	16,223	3,617
Deferred tax		
Origination and reversal of temporary differences		
 changes in fair value of investment properties 	2,931	· · ·
 other temporary differences 	2,382	9,065
	5,313	8,208
Total income tax expense	54,470	46,222

The provision for Hong Kong Profits Tax is calculated at 16.5% (2018: 16.5%) of the estimated assessable profits for the six months ended 30 June 2019, except for one subsidiary of the Group which is a qualifying corporation under the two-tiered Profits Tax rate regime. For this subsidiary, the first \$2 million of assessable profits are taxed at 8.25% and the remaining assessable profits are taxed at 16.5%.

Taxation for overseas subsidiaries is charged similarly at the appropriate current rates of taxation ruling in the relevant countries.

(Continued)

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise stated)

7. Basic and diluted earnings per share

(a) The calculation of basic earnings per share is based on the consolidated profit attributable to shareholders of the Company for the six months ended 30 June 2019 of \$575,767,000 (six months ended 30 June 2018: \$804,404,000) divided by the weighted average of 293,536,000 shares (2018: 293,885,000 shares) in issue during the interim period.

There were no outstanding potential shares throughout the periods presented.

(b) Adjusted basic earnings per share excluding the net valuation gain on investment properties net of related deferred tax thereon

For the purpose of assessing the underlying performance of the Group, the management is of the view that the profit for the period should be adjusted for the net valuation gain on investment properties net of related deferred tax thereon in arriving at the "underlying profit attributable to shareholders of the Company".

(Continued)

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise stated)

7. Basic and diluted earnings per share (Continued)

(b) Adjusted basic earnings per share excluding the net valuation gain on investment properties net of related deferred tax thereon (Continued)

The difference between the underlying profit attributable to shareholders of the Company and profit attributable to shareholders of the Company as shown in the consolidated statement of profit or loss for the period is reconciled as follows:

	Six months ended 30 June			
	2019		2018	
		Amount per share		Amount per share
	\$'000	cents	\$'000	cents
Profit attributable to shareholders of the Company as shown in the consolidated statement of profit or loss	575,767	196.1	804,404	273.7
•	,		,	
Adjustments: Less: Net valuation gain on investment properties	(266,731)	(90.9)	(577,116)	(196.3)
Add/(less): Increase/(decrease) in deferred tax liabilities in relation to the net valuation gain on				
investment properties	2,931	1.0	(857)	(0.3)
	311,967	106.2	226,431	77.1
Less: Valuation loss on investment property net of related deferred tax attributable to noncontrolling interests	(41)	_	(14)	_
Underlying profit attributable to shareholders of the	211 026	106.2	226 417	77 1
Company	311,926	106.2	226,417	<u>77.1</u>

(Continued)

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise stated)

8. Investment properties and other property, plant and equipment

(a) Right-of-use assets

As discussed in note 2, the Group has initially applied HKFRS 16 using the modified retrospective method and adjusted the opening balances at 1 January 2019 to recognise right-of-use assets relating to leases which were previously classified as operating leases under HKAS 17. Further details on the net book value of the Group's right-of-use assets by class of underlying asset are set out in note 2(b).

(b) Valuation

Investment properties were revalued as at 30 June 2019 by the directors with reference to the market updates from firms of independent surveyors to update the professional valuations that were carried out as at 31 December 2018. As a result of the update, net valuation gain of \$266,731,000 (six months ended 30 June 2018: \$577,116,000) and debit of deferred tax of \$2,931,000 (six months ended 30 June 2018: credit of deferred tax of \$857,000) thereon have been included in the consolidated statement of profit or loss.

(c) The Group's total future minimum lease payments under non-cancellable operating leases are receivable as follows:

	At	At
	30 June	31 December
	2019	2018
	\$'000	\$'000
Within one year	414,731	408,659
After one year but within five years	658,628	688,358
After five years	195,005	199,565
	1,268,364	1,296,582

(Continued)

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise stated)

9. Interest in an associate

	At 30 June 2019 \$'000	At 31 December 2018 \$'000
Unlisted shares		
Share of net assets other than intangible assets Share of intangible assets of an associate	306,169 7,025	300,012 7,173
Interest in an associate	313,194	307,185

On 2 October 2014, the associate of the Group sold its entire issued and outstanding shares of a subsidiary ("the disposal group") to a third party. The disposal group was engaged in automobile dealerships and related business in the USA.

A portion of the consideration amounting to US\$33,454,000 was paid into an escrow account during 2014. Such consideration would be transferred to the associate after 1 July 2016, after deducting any successful claims made under warranties provided in the sale and purchase agreement.

Up to 30 June 2019, the associate received payments from this escrow account leaving a balance of US\$6,188,000 (at 31 December 2018: US\$6,179,000) still held in the escrow account pending agreement of the claims made under warranties.

A provision of US\$4,170,000 had been recognised in the associate's financial statements as at 31 December 2018 and 30 June 2019. Up to 30 June 2019, the remaining unresolved claims have not been agreed with the buyer. No new potential claims were made by the buyer during the six months ended 30 June 2019.

The Group is not in a position to assess the full potential liability of the claims made with certainty but based on discussions with legal counsel, believes that the Group's share of the provision held for the remaining unresolved claims of US\$2,085,000 (\$16,265,000) which has been reflected in the Group's share of net assets is appropriate in light of the current circumstances.

(Continued)

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise stated)

10. Debtors, deposits and prepayments

	At 30 June 2019 \$'000	At 31 December 2018 \$'000
Trade and other debtors, net of loss allowance Deposits and prepayments	37,990 50,388	32,154 37,405
Deposits and prepayments	88,378	69,559

All debtors, deposits and prepayments of the Group, apart from certain rental deposits and prepayments totalling \$17,226,000 (at 31 December 2018: \$19,281,000), are expected to be recovered or recognised as an expense within one year.

At the end of the reporting period, the ageing analysis of trade and other debtors (net of loss allowance), based on the due date, is as follows:

	At 30 June 2019 \$'000	At 31 December 2018 \$'000
Current or less than one month past due	37,868	31,920
One to three months past due More than three months but less than	36	151
twelve months past due	82	75
More than twelve months past due	4	8
	37,990	32,154

Credit period granted to customers is generally 30 days from the date of billing.

(Continued)

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise stated)

11. Cash and cash equivalents

	At 30 June 2019 \$'000	At 31 December 2018 \$'000
Cash at bank and in hand Bank deposits	607,976 2,393,037	520,562 2,306,938
	3,001,013	2,827,500

12. Creditors and accrued charges

At the end of the reporting period, the ageing analysis of trade and other creditors, based on the due date, is as follows:

	At	At
	30 June	31 December
	2019	2018
	\$'000	\$'000
Amounts not yet due	344,036	297,231
On demand or less than one month overdue	58,481	69,516
One to three months overdue	3,817	7,088
Three to twelve months overdue	2,472	142
More than twelve months overdue	1,202	1,712
Trade and other creditors	410,008	375,689
Accrued charges	31,832	33,499
	441,840	409,188

All creditors and accrued charges of the Group, apart from certain rental deposits received and accrued charges totalling \$59,970,000 (at 31 December 2018: \$59,240,000), are expected to be settled or recognised as income within one year or are repayable on demand.

Credit period granted to the Group is generally between 30 days and 90 days from the date of billing.

(Continued)

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise stated)

13. Capital, reserves and dividends

(a) Dividends

(i) Dividends payable to shareholders of the Company attributable to the interim period:

	Six months ended 30 June		
	2019	2018	
	\$'000	\$'000	
Interim dividend:			
 declared after the interim period 	111,516	82,288	
 attributable to shares purchased 			
in September 2018		(10)	
Interim dividend payable after			
the interim period of 38 cents			
(2018: 28 cents) per share	111,516	82,278	

The interim dividend declared after the end of the reporting period has not been recognised as a liability at the end of the reporting period.

(ii) Dividends payable to shareholders of the Company attributable to the previous financial year, approved and paid during the interim period:

	Six months ended 30 June		
	2019	2018	
	\$'000	\$'000	
Final dividend in respect of the			
financial year ended 31 December			
2018/31 December 2017			
 approved during the interim period 	123,313	199,842	
 attributable to shares purchased 			
in January and May 2019	(58)	_	
•			
Final dividend paid during the interim			
period of 42 cents (2017: 68 cents)			
per share	123,255	199,842	

(Continued)

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise stated)

13. Capital, reserves and dividends (Continued)

(b) Purchase of own shares

(i) Shares purchased and cancelled

During the six months ended 30 June 2019, the Company purchased its own shares on the Stock Exchange and cancelled the shares as follows:

Month/year	Number of shares purchased	Aggregate price paid \$'000	Highest price paid per share \$	Lowest price paid per share \$
January 2019 May 2019	46,000 93,000	1,168 2,469	25.45 26.85	25.10 26.40
	139,000	3,637		

Pursuant to section 42A of the Bermuda Companies Act 1981, the above purchased shares were cancelled upon purchase and the issued share capital of the Company was reduced by the nominal value of these shares of \$14,000 accordingly. The premium and transaction costs paid on the purchase of the shares of \$3,623,000 and \$12,000 respectively were charged against retained earnings.

The Company did not purchase its own shares during the six months ended 30 June 2018.

(ii) The holders of shares are entitled to receive dividends as declared from time to time and are entitled to one vote per share at meetings of the Company. All shares rank equally with regard to the Company's residual assets.

14. Fair value measurement of financial instruments

(a) Financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value

(i) Fair value hierarchy

The following tables present the fair value of the Group's financial instruments measured at the end of the reporting period on a recurring basis, categorised into the three-level fair value hierarchy as defined in HKFRS 13, Fair value measurement. The level into which a fair value measurement is classified is determined with reference to the observability and significance of the inputs used in the valuation technique as follows:

(Continued)

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise stated)

14. Fair value measurement of financial instruments (Continued)

(a) Financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value (Continued)

- (i) Fair value hierarchy (Continued)
 - Level 1 valuations: Fair value measured using only Level 1 inputs
 i.e. unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets
 or liabilities at the measurement date.
 - Level 2 valuations: Fair value measured using Level 2 inputs
 i.e. observable inputs which fail to meet Level 1, and not using
 significant unobservable inputs. Unobservable inputs are inputs for
 which market data are not available.
 - Level 3 valuations: Fair value measured using significant unobservable inputs.

			measuremei 019 categoris			Fair value 31 December	measurement 2018 catego	
	Fair value at 30 June 2019 \$`000	Level 1 \$'000	Level 2 \$'000	Level 3 \$'000	Fair value at 31 December 2018 \$'000	Level 1 \$'000	Level 2 \$'000	Level 3 \$'000
Recurring fair value measurements								
Assets Other investments Trading securities	146,217 805,259	- 567,035	- 238,224	146,217 -	143,157 704,746	- 497,159	- 207,587	143,157

During the six months ended 30 June 2019, there were no transfers of financial instruments between different levels (2018: Nil). The Group's policy is to recognise transfers between levels of fair value hierarchy as at the end of the reporting period in which they occur.

(ii) Valuation techniques and inputs used in Level 2 fair value measurements

The trading securities in Level 2 represent investment funds. The fair value of these investment funds is determined by reference to quoted price in an active market of the listed securities comprising the fund portfolio being valued, adjusted for factors unique to the funds being valued.

(Continued)

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise stated)

14. Fair value measurement of financial instruments (Continued)

(a) Financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value (Continued)

(iii) Information about Level 3 fair value measurements

	Valuation techniques	Significant unobservable inputs	Range
Other investments	Adjusted net assets	Discount for lack of marketability	40% (2018: 40%)
		Minority discount	15% (2018: 15%)
		Control premium	10% (2018: 10%)

The fair value of other investments is determined using the net assets value adjusted for lack of marketability discount and minority discount and the quoted price in an active market of a listed equity instrument adjusted for control premium. The fair value is negatively correlated to the discount for lack of marketability and minority discount and positively correlated to the control premium.

At 30 June 2019, it is estimated that an increase/decrease of 3% in each of the unobservable inputs, with all other variables held constant, would have increased/decreased the Group's other comprehensive income as follows:

		Six months en	ded 30 June
		2019	2018
	Increase/	Effect on	Effect on
	(decrease) in	other	other
	unobservable	comprehensive	comprehensive
	inputs	income	income
	%	\$'000	\$'000
Discount for lack of marketability	3	(6,549)	(6,663)
	(3)	6,549	6,625
Minority discount	3	(4,611)	(4,725)
	(3)	4,608	4,684
Control premium	3	1,102	1,254
	(3)	(1,140)	(1,292)

(Continued)

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise stated)

14. Fair value measurement of financial instruments (Continued)

(a) Financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value (Continued)

(iii) Information about Level 3 fair value measurements (Continued)

The movement during the period in the balance of Level 3 fair value measurements is as follows:

	Unlisted equity securities \$'000
At 1 January 2019 Credited to other comprehensive income during the period	143,157 3,060
At 30 June 2019	146,217
At 1 January 2018 Credited to other comprehensive income during the period	146,985 1,682
At 30 June 2018 and 1 July 2018 Debited to other comprehensive income during the period	148,667 (5,510)
At 31 December 2018	143,157

Any gains or losses arising from the remeasurement of the Group's unlisted equity securities held for long-term strategic purposes are recognised in the investment revaluation reserve (non-recycling) in other comprehensive income. Upon disposal of the equity securities, the amount accumulated in other comprehensive income is transferred directly to retained earnings.

(b) Fair value of financial assets and liabilities carried at other than fair value

The carrying amounts of the Group's financial instruments carried at cost or amortised cost are not materially different from their fair values as at 30 June 2019 and 31 December 2018.

(Continued)

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise stated)

15. Commitments

(a) Capital commitments outstanding at 30 June 2019 not provided for in the interim financial report

	At 30 June 2019 \$'000	At 31 December 2018 \$'000
Authorised and contracted for Authorised and not contracted for	27,998 283	27,101 318
	28,281	27,419

(b) At 31 December 2018, the total future minimum lease payments under noncancellable operating leases were payable as follows:

	At 31 December 2018
	\$'000
Within one year	25,561
After one year but within five years	25,075
	50,636

The Group is the lessee in respect of a number of properties and items of plant and equipment held under leases which were previously classified as operating leases under HKAS 17. The Group has initially applied HKFRS 16 using the modified retrospective approach. Under this approach, the Group adjusted the opening balances at 1 January 2019 to recognise lease liabilities relating to these leases (see note 2). From 1 January 2019 onwards, future lease payments are recognised as lease liabilities in the consolidated statement of financial position in accordance with the policies set out in note 2.

(Continued)

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise stated)

16. Material related party transactions

(a) Key management personnel remuneration

Remuneration for key management personnel of the Group for the six months ended 30 June 2019 was as follows:

	Six months ended 30 June		
	2019	2018	
	\$'000	\$'000	
Salaries and other short-term employee benefits Contributions to defined contribution	20,124	27,772	
retirement plans	523	504	
	20,647	28,276	

(b) Recurring transactions

Fellow subsidiaries represent subsidiaries of Wing On International Holdings Limited, the Company's immediate holding company. Material related party transactions are as follows:

- (i) A fellow subsidiary rents retail premises to a subsidiary of the Group. Lease payments and management fees payable to this fellow subsidiary amounted to \$14,489,000 (2018: \$14,490,000) during the period. The amount due from the fellow subsidiary as at 30 June 2019 amounted to \$2,412,000 (at 31 December 2018: \$2,412,000).
- (ii) A subsidiary of the Group rents office premises to a fellow subsidiary. Rental and management fees receivable from this fellow subsidiary amounted to \$2,831,000 (2018: \$2,831,000) during the period. The amount due to the fellow subsidiary as at 30 June 2019 amounted to \$1,366,000 (at 31 December 2018: \$1,366,000).
- (iii) A fellow subsidiary, engaged in securities trading, deals in securities for certain subsidiaries of the Group. Commission of \$238,000 (2018: \$203,000) was payable to this fellow subsidiary during the period. The amount due from the fellow subsidiary as at 30 June 2019 amounted to \$3,946,000 (at 31 December 2018: \$797,000).

(Continued)

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise stated)

16. Material related party transactions (Continued)

(b) Recurring transactions (Continued)

(iv) A subsidiary of the Group provides building and tenancy management services to a fellow subsidiary. Building and tenancy management fees receivable from this fellow subsidiary amounted to \$456,000 (2018: \$456,000) during the period. The amount due to the fellow subsidiary as at 30 June 2019 amounted to \$2,589,000 (at 31 December 2018: \$2,148,000).

The directors of the Group are of the opinion that the above transactions were carried out at pre-determined amounts in accordance with terms mutually agreed by the Group and the respective companies.

17. Approval of the interim financial report

The interim financial report was approved by the Board of Directors on 29 August 2019.

18. Comparative figures

The Group has initially applied HKFRS 16 at 1 January 2019 using the modified retrospective method. Under this approach, comparative information is not restated. Further details of the changes in accounting policies are disclosed in note 2.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

The Company has complied with the applicable code provisions in the Corporate Governance Code as set out in Appendix 14 of the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Listing Rules") throughout the six months ended 30 June 2019.

DIRECTORS' SECURITIES TRANSACTIONS

The Company has adopted the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Issuers as set out in Appendix 10 to the Listing Rules (the "Model Code") as its code of conduct regarding directors' securities transactions. The Company has made specific enquiries of all directors and all directors have confirmed that they have complied with the required standard set out in the Model Code during the six months ended 30 June 2019.

DIRECTORS' INTERESTS IN SHARES

As at 30 June 2019, the interests and short positions of the directors in the shares, underlying shares and debentures of the Company or its associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the Securities and Futures Ordinance ("SFO")) as recorded in the register required to be kept under section 352 of the SFO were as follows:

(a) The Company

	Number of ordinary shares held Personal Corporate				l	Total
Name of Director	interests (held as beneficial owner)	Family interests (interests of spouse)	interests (interests of controlled corporation)	Other interests		interests as a % of the issued voting shares
Karl C. Kwok	480,620	_	_	_	480,620	0.164
Lester Kwok	649,050	_	_	_	649,050	0.221
Bill Kwok	958,298	295,000	255,000 (Note 1)	-	1,508,298	0.514
Mark Kwok	556,910	-	10,000 (Note 2)	_	566,910	0.193
Leung Wing Ning Nicholas James	10,000	_	_	-	10,000	0.003
Debnam	15,000	_	_	-	15,000	0.005

Notes:

- 1. Dr. Bill Kwok is entitled to control not less than one-third of the voting power at general meetings of a private company which beneficially owns 255,000 ordinary shares in the Company.
- 2. Mr. Mark Kwok is entitled to control not less than one-third of the voting power at general meetings of a private company which beneficially owns 10,000 ordinary shares in the Company.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

(Continued)

DIRECTORS' INTERESTS IN SHARES (Continued)

(b) Kee Wai Investment Company (BVI) Limited

		Number of ordinary shares held				
	Personal		Corporate			Total
	interests	Family	interests			interests
	(held as	interests	(interests of			as a %
N CD'	beneficial	(interests	controlled	Other		of the issued
Name of Director	owner)	of spouse)	corporation)	interests	interests	voting shares
Karl C. Kwok	14,250	_	_	_	14,250	25
Lester Kwok	14,250	_	-	_	14,250	25
Bill Kwok	14,250	_	-	_	14,250	25
Mark Kwok	14,250	_	_	_	14,250	25

Note: The above directors together control 100% of the voting rights in Kee Wai Investment Company (BVI) Limited.

(c) The Wing On Fire & Marine (2011) Limited

		Number of ordinary shares held				
Name of Director	Personal interests (held as beneficial owner)	Family interests (interests of spouse)	Corporate interests (interests of controlled corporation)	Other interests	Total interests	Total interests as a % of the issued voting shares
Karl C. Kwok	324	_	_	_	324	0.017
Lester Kwok	216	_	_	_	216	0.012
Bill Kwok	216	_	_	_	216	0.012
Mark Kwok	216	_	_	_	216	0.012

In addition to the above, certain directors hold shares in a subsidiary on trust and as nominee for its intermediary holding company.

Save as disclosed herein, none of the directors nor the chief executive of the Company has any interests or short positions in any shares, underlying shares and debentures of the Company or any associated corporation (as defined above) which are required to be notified to the Company and The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange") pursuant to section 347 of the SFO or which are required, pursuant to section 352 of the SFO, to be entered in the register referred to therein, or which are required to be notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Companies.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

(Continued)

SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDERS

As at 30 June 2019, according to the information available to the Company, the following companies were interested in 5% or more of the issued share capital of the Company as recorded in the register required to be kept under section 336 of the SFO:

Nam	e	•	Total interests as a % of the issued voting shares
(i)	Wing On International Holdings Limited	180,545,138	61.522
(ii)	Wing On Corporate Management (BVI) Limited	180,545,138	61.522
(iii)	Kee Wai Investment Company (BVI) Limited	180,545,138	61.522

Note: For the avoidance of doubt and double counting, it should be noted that duplication occurs in respect of all of the above-stated shareholdings to the extent that the shareholdings stated against party (i) above are entirely duplicated in the relevant shareholdings stated against party (ii) above, with the same duplication of the shareholdings in respect of (ii) in (iii). All of the above named parties are deemed to be interested in the relevant shareholdings under the SFO.

PURCHASE, SALE OR REDEMPTION OF THE COMPANY'S SHARES

Details of the purchase of own shares by the Company during the period are set out in Note 13(b) to the interim financial report. The purchases were made for the purpose of enhancing the net asset value per share and earnings per share of the Company.

Save as disclosed in Note 13(b) to the interim financial report, neither the Company nor any of its subsidiaries purchased, sold or redeemed any of the Company's listed shares during the period.