



北大资源 PKU RESOURCES

(Incorporated in Bermuda with limited liability)
(於百慕達註冊成立之有限公司)
Stock Code 股份代號: 00618

INTERIM REPORT 中期報告

2019

科創產業服務商

PKU RESOURCES

北大資源(控股)有限公司

PEKING UNIVERSITY RESOURCES (HOLDINGS) COMPANY LIMITED



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Corporate Information

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Executive directors

Mr Cheung Shuen Lung (*Chairman*)

Mr Zeng Gang (*President*)

Ms Sun Min

Mr Ma Jian Bin

Ms Liao Hang

Mr Zheng Fu Shuang

Independent non-executive directors

Mr Li Fat Chung

Ms Wong Lam Kit Yee

Mr Chan Chung Kik, Lewis

COMMITTEES

Audit Committee

Mr Li Fat Chung (*Chairman*)

Ms Wong Lam Kit Yee

Mr Chan Chung Kik, Lewis

Remuneration Committee

Mr Li Fat Chung (*Chairman*)

Mr Cheung Shuen Lung

Ms Wong Lam Kit Yee

Nomination Committee

Mr Cheung Shuen Lung (*Chairman*)

Ms Wong Lam Kit Yee

Mr Chan Chung Kik, Lewis

COMPANY SECRETARY

Ms Cheang Yee Wah Eva

AUTHORISED REPRESENTATIVES

Mr Cheung Shuen Lung

Mr Zeng Gang

AUDITORS

Ernst & Young

Certified Public Accountants

LEGAL ADVISER

Clifford Chance LLP

PRINCIPAL BANKERS

Bank of Beijing

Bank of Communications

Huaxia Bank

Ping An Bank

DBS Bank (Hong Kong) Limited

Industrial and Commercial Bank of China (Asia) Limited

REGISTERED OFFICE

Victoria Place, 5th Floor

31 Victoria Street

Hamilton HM 10

Bermuda

HEAD OFFICE AND PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS IN HONG KONG

Unit 1408, 14th Floor

Cable TV Tower

9 Hoi Shing Road

Tsuen Wan

New Territories

Hong Kong

SHARE REGISTRARS AND TRANSFER OFFICE

Principal registrar and transfer office

MUFG Fund Services (Bermuda) Limited

4th floor North

Cedar House

41 Cedar Avenue

Hamilton HM 12

Bermuda

Hong Kong branch share registrar and transfer office

Tricor Tengis Limited

Level 54, Hopewell Centre

183 Queen's Road East

Hong Kong

LISTING INFORMATION

Main board of The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited

Stock code: 00618

Board Lot: 2,000 shares

COMPANY WEBSITE

www.pku-resources.com

Chairman's Statement

Dear shareholders,

During the first half of 2019, the overall economy of China sustained a stable and positive development, recording 6.3% GDP year-on-year growth. Major macroeconomic indicators were operating within a reasonable range along with continuous optimization and adjustment of economic structure. In the real estate sector, under the general requirement of "houses are for living, not for speculation", central and local governments gradually introduced more intensive control measures and continued to push forward the adjustment of industrial structure with city-specific policies based on the principle of "one policy for one city". Regarding financing, the upgraded financial regulations in the real estate industry have resulted in tightening financing channels on both supply and demand sides, further increasing the difficulties in and the cost of financing. At the cost level, with the increasing expenses such as labour costs, material costs and service fees, the operating costs further increased. Under the keynote of "emphasis on stability", in the first half of the year, the transaction volume in the first-tier cities of China increased with a larger downward price adjustment; the second-tier cities demonstrated a stabilising trend in terms of both transaction volume and price despite the uneven market growth; and the increase in transaction volume and price in the third- and fourth-tier cities has slowed down. In general, the real estate market has stabilized under the control measures as expected.

In response to such drastic changes in and effects of the macro-economic and industry policies during the first half of the year, under the guidance of its corporate development strategies, the Board of the Company upheld the key development concept of "promoting refinement for production, learning and research" (精益規模化、服務產學研) in an effort to establishing an "integrated development platform for production, learning, research and innovation". Under the dual-driver of "quality + resources" and "innovation + capital", the Group pushed forward the development of its three core businesses, namely industry (industry operation), city (supporting facilities) and innovation (innovative business). It also promoted the implementation of the unique development model of industry, city and innovation with a view to expediting the Group's strategic transformation towards a "technology and innovation services provider".

During the reporting period, the Group recorded accumulated contracted sales of RMB5.076 billion. Revenue of the Group amounted to RMB8,587.1 million, representing an increase of 24.6% as compared to the corresponding period of 2018. Profit for the period was RMB426.7 million, representing an increase of over 20.6% as compared to the corresponding period of 2018.

FOCUSED ON THE NEW MODEL OF "INDUSTRY, CITY AND INNOVATION" WITH REFRESHED GROWTH DRIVERS

In order to further promote the implementation of the "industry, city and innovation" model, the Group put dedicated efforts to consolidate the academic resources of Medicine and Management in Peking University and made continuous attempts to combine the leading technological resources from various companies including Alibaba, Haier Group and Inspur Group by fully leveraging the advantage offered by the background of its shareholders, thereby strengthening its resource integration and further building its service capability with a view to creating new drivers for the development with concerted efforts.

At the industry operating end, the Group adhered to the national development strategy for urban renewal and industrial upgrade. With the mission of acting as a "resource connector", the Group focused on the two core themes of "Technology +" and "Health +" to establish the core industry IP of PKU Resources. For "Technology +", the Group intended to establish an international new town for smart home industry in Chengdu, encompassing design, research and development, production and manufacturing, product display and intelligent application. For "Health +", the Group will gradually invite community healthcare institutions to station in the Group's properties in the future in order to deliver convenient, professional, comprehensive and quality health management services to residents of the communities, which will in turn improve the quality of both our properties and services.

Chairman's Statement

At the urban-supporting facilities end, the Group remained committed to its aspiration to be the “defender of quality” by strengthening its products and services. It has adopted a prudent and sound investment strategy with a focus on the core city clusters, aiming to establish demonstrative benchmark projects that can create quality living environment for the public. Since the beginning of the first half of the year, the Group has successively acquired a number of quality land parcels in regions such as Jinghai, Tianjin and Yuxi, Yunan, which will be the major cities where the Group will implement its policies and create values, and hence contribute to regional development through its quality products.

At the innovative service end, based on its innovative models and concepts, the Group consolidated external resources in terms of capital, innovation and talent and established two innovation centers and maker space. Looking forward, it will rely more on industrial funds to establish a platform for the Group's innovation and entrepreneurship services so as to expedite the growth of related enterprises and facilitate the transformation of their technological achievements.

PROMOTING LIGHT-ASSETS MODEL AND ENHANCING DEVELOPMENT POTENTIAL

Under Strategy 2.0, the Group further shifted its development model away from “asset-heavy” to “seek proper balance between asset-light and asset-heavy” and actively expanded its business in the land market by adhering to the key development strategy of focusing on “projects with minority interests” and “entrusted construction projects”. In the first half of the year, the Group acquired entrusted construction and development project in Zunyi under the light-assets model. Moreover, the Group cooperated with the local governments and enterprises in Chongqing, Dongguan, Chengdu and Kunming to explore cooperative opportunities regarding light-assets.

Through the model of “seeking the proper balance between asset-light and asset-heavy”, the Group has optimized its capital structure, enhanced the ROE level, and was provided with strong support for operating projects in a more flexible manner. Meanwhile, such model also further fostered a closer cooperation relationship between the Group and external resources by delivering the Group's brand influence and technical capacity, which has in turn enhanced the strategic development potential of the Group.

IMPROVING OPERATION AND MANAGEMENT LEVEL AND OPTIMIZING CORPORATE EFFICIENCY

The Group regards year 2019 as the “year of lean management”. Since the beginning of the first half of the year, the Group has stepped up its efforts in complying with the regulatory requirements of “establishing standards, strengthening synergic effect, enhancing efficiencies, managing changes, setting supporting mechanisms and focusing on achievements” through the establishment of large-scale operational and management platform. By implementing various measures, such as improving organizational structure, optimizing mechanism and reinforcing synergic effect, the Group made continuous efforts in shortening project duration, improving the on-schedule milestone achievement rate and delivery rate, as well as reducing costs and enhancing efficiencies, thereby enhancing both efficiency and quality of the Group's operation.

Chairman's Statement

ACTIVE PARTICIPATION IN PUBLIC WELFARE WORK AND COMMITMENT TO SOCIAL RESPONSIBILITY

The Group seeks to create value for shareholders, employees and customers, etc. while actively participating in public welfare work and undertaking social responsibility with a view to realizing corporate social values. In order to carry out its charity works in a more professional manner with a more extensive coverage, looking forward, the Group will also establish a charity foundation, which is planned to initiate public welfare activities in aspects such as education sponsorship, rural revitalization, architectural heritage conservation, caring and well-being, green environmental protection and art life. Looking forward, the Group will continue to make active efforts to participate in public welfare work and undertake both corporate and civic responsibility, striving to make greater contribution to the social development through practical actions.

BUSINESS PROSPECT FOR THE SECOND HALF OF THE YEAR

The Board believes that the central government will maintain the keynote of “emphasis on stability” for the real estate market in the second half of the year with more stringent regulatory policies and tightened capital measures. The city-specific policies and category-based regulations will further intensify market segmentation. Meanwhile, the real estate industry has gradually shifted from the traditional business model of “focusing on scale and quantity and increment of single product” to the new model of “focusing on quality and stock of multiple industries with the application of intelligent technology”, which is an inevitable trend for industrial transformation and development.

The Group will take actions in response to the current development trend and adjust its operational strategies flexibly according to the direction of national policies and the development trend of the real estate industry. In the second half of 2019, under the consistent guidance of its development strategies, the Group will continue to enrich the strategy of “One Body, Two Wings and Three Cores” through practice and promote the synergic development and efficient implementation of measures relating to its “industry, city and innovation” businesses. It will also strive to optimize stock assets and facilitate city development and industrial upgrade, at the same time driving the quality development of the Group by adhering to the innovative development model of “seeking the proper balance between asset-light and asset-heavy”.

On behalf of the Board of the Company, I would like to take this chance to pay my gratitude to the shareholders of the Group for their strong support and all employees for their hard work. Meanwhile, I also anticipate the Group to maintain a rapid and healthy development trend to create return to its shareholders, customers and the society.

Cheung Shuen Lung

Chairman

27 August 2019

Management Discussion and Analysis

MARKET REVIEW

In the first half of 2019, China was facing more unfavorable factors and uncertainties from external political and economic environment with slowdown of global economic growth, tightened liquidity, growing trend of deglobalization and intensified trade friction. Under such complex international environment, the People's Republic of China adopted the response strategy of "making progress with steady growth" and proposed the development requirements of "steady growth in employment, financial, foreign trade, foreign capital, investment and expectation". In the first half of the year, the year-on-year GDP growth was 6.3% and major macroeconomic indicators were operating within a reasonable range, achieving steady growth as expected.

In the real estate industry, more than 250 real estate controlling measures have been issued nationwide in the first half of 2019, approximately 50 of which were issued in June alone, demonstrating more frequent introduction of controlling measures as compared to prior years with the measures covering various aspects such as market regulation, talent introduction, land and financing. Moreover, central and local governments have implemented the policy of "houses are for living, not for speculation", reflecting high consistency and synergy in terms of policy implementation.

Against the backdrop of stringent control measures, the real estate industry placed emphasis on stability during the first half of the year. At the market data level, the sales area of commodity housing from January to June 2019 amounted to 757.86 million square meters, representing a year-on-year decrease of 1.8%, which was down by 3.1 percentage points as compared to the growth rate for the full year of 2018. While the sales of commodity housing amounted to RMB7.0698 trillion, representing a year-on-year growth of 5.6%, which was down by 6.6 percentage points as compared to the growth rate for the full year of 2018. At the financial support level, the financial channels on both demand and supply sides were tightening and the capital inflow of the real estate sector was shrinking. Overall, the growth of real estate market has slowed down during the first half of the year and is expected to become more rational, maintaining a stable and positive development as a whole.

OVERALL PERFORMANCE

The Group reported a profit for the six months ended 30 June 2019 of approximately RMB426.7 million (six months ended 30 June 2018: RMB353.7 million). The Group's revenue for the current interim period has increased by 24.6% to approximately RMB8,587.1 million (six months ended 30 June 2018: RMB6,893.1 million) as a result of increase in area of properties sold in property development business. The Group's gross profit has increased by 70.0% to approximately RMB1,565.7 million (six months ended 30 June 2018: RMB921.2 million). The gross profit margin increased from last interim period's 13.4% to current interim period's 18.2% due to increase in proportion of property development business with higher gross profit margin. Total selling and distribution expenses and administrative expenses for the current interim period have increased by 12.9% to approximately RMB449.2 million (six months ended 30 June 2018: RMB398.0 million).

The improvement in the Group's operating results was mainly due to the net results of:

- a. an increase in gross profit by 70.0% to approximately RMB1,565.7 million (six months ended 30 June 2018: RMB921.2 million) as a result of increase in proportion of property development business with higher profit margin;
- b. an increase in selling and distribution expenses and administrative expenses by 12.9% to approximately RMB449.2 million (six months ended 30 June 2018: RMB398.0 million) attributable to the expansion of the property development business;
- c. a decrease in finance costs by 31.7% to RMB58.4 million (six months ended 30 June 2018: RMB85.5 million) as a result of decrease in bank borrowings of those subsidiaries with their property development projects completed during the current interim period; and
- d. an increase in income tax expenses by RMB611.3 million to approximately RMB741.3 million (six months ended 30 June 2018: RMB130.1 million) as a result of increase in corporate income tax and land appreciation tax in the PRC during the current interim period.

Management Discussion and Analysis

Due to the impact of shareholding structure of subsidiaries which recognised the completion of projects during the current interim period, the profit attributable to the owners of the parents and non-controlling interests of the Group for the six months ended 30 June 2019 are approximately RMB129.1 million (six months ended 30 June 2018: RMB205.9 million) and RMB297.6 million (six months ended 30 June 2018: RMB147.9 million) respectively.

Basic and diluted earnings per share attributable to equity holders of the Company for the current interim period were RMB2.01 cents (six months ended 30 June 2018: RMB3.21 cents).

OPERATING REVIEW

Real Estate Business

Property Development

The turnover of the property development business of the Group for the current interim period increased by 32.4% to approximately RMB4,644.9 million (six months ended 30 June 2018: RMB3,508.4 million). The segment results recorded a profit of approximately RMB1,197.6 million (six months ended 30 June 2018: RMB533.8 million). The significant improvement of segment turnover and segment results was primarily attributable to the substantial increase in areas of properties sold and sustained improvement of gross profit margin as compared to the corresponding period of last year.

During the first half of 2019, the Group focused on major regions and attempted to expand into the prime cities adjacent to its targeted cities. During the first six months of the year, the Group won the bid for certain land parcels with a site area of approximately 544 mu (approximately 362,666.66 square meters) at a total consideration of approximately RMB2.784 billion. On 15 February 2019, Kaifeng Boyuan Property Development Co., Limited* (開封博元房地產開發有限公司) and Kaifeng Boming Property Development Co., Limited* (開封博明房地產開發有限公司), both being indirect wholly-owned subsidiaries of the Company, won the bid for the land use rights to the land offered for sale in Kaifeng with a site area of approximately 190,000 square meters at a total consideration of RMB1,424,056,500 (equivalent to approximately HK\$1.653 billion). On 17 May 2019, Peking University Resources Group Investment Company Limited* (北大資源集團投資有限公司), an indirect wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company, won the bid for the land use rights to the state-owned construction land offered for sale in Tianjin with a site area of approximately 40,900 square meters at a total consideration of RMB172.1 million (equivalent to approximately HK\$200.2 million). On 21 May 2019, Chongqing Yingfeng Property Co., Ltd.* (重慶盈豐地產有限公司), an indirect wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company, won the bid for the land use rights to three parcels of state-owned construction land offered for sale in Yuxi with a site area of approximately 131,758 square meters at a total consideration of RMB1,188,400,000 (equivalent to approximately HK\$1.382 billion).

As at 30 June 2019, the Group had a total of 37 property development projects in 18 cities across Mainland China. The total gross floor area (the "GFA") of the land reserves of the Group amounted to approximately 7,514,521 square meters.

The Group will further focus on the regional property development while expanding the reserve of asset-light projects including but not limited to projects with minority interests and entrusted development and construction projects. In the second half of the year, the Group will identify opportunities to expand into cities and suburbs with great potential for development, large population and solid industry foundation to drive the development of asset-light operating model.

Contracted Sales

In the first half of 2019, the Group promoted its property development business as scheduled. As at 30 June 2019, there were 26 projects of 4,222,939.48 square meters under construction. During the period from January to June 2019, the Group had 29 projects on sale. Contracted sales of properties and contracted GFA amounted to approximately RMB5.076 billion and 494,484.24 square meters, respectively, with an average selling price of RMB10,265 per square meters. Contracted sales were mainly from property projects including Ezhou Lianhujincheng, Tianjin Yuecheng and Yuefu, Foshan Boya Binjiang and Chengdu Yannan International.

Management Discussion and Analysis

Project List

At 30 June 2019

City	Name of project	Planned GFA (sq. m.)
Tianjin	PKU Resources • Yuefu	271,382
	PKU Resources • Yuecheng	437,632
	Tuanbo Project	67,640
Qingdao	PKU Resources Square	140,690
Kaifeng	PKU Resources • Wei Ming Mansion	323,596
	PKU Resources • Block C, Wei Ming Mansion (Kaifeng 39 mu)	79,410
	PKU Resources • Zijing Mansion (Kaifeng 285 mu project)	533,914
Kunshan	PKU Resources • Jiujinyihe	725,848
	PKU Resources • Yihetianyue (Qian Deng Project)	207,816
Ezhou	PKU Resources • Lianhu Jincheng	735,381
Wuhan	PKU Resources • Shanshuinianhua	234,482
	Founder International Finance Building (Zhongbei Road Project)	204,822
Changsha	PKU Resources • Time	132,352
	PKU Resources • Ideal Home	189,639
Zhuzhou	PKU Resources • Emerald Park	536,462
Chengdu	PKU Resources • Yannan International	540,273
	PKU Resources • Xishanyue	72,752
	PKU Resources • Yihe Yajun	286,351
	PKU Resources • Park 1898	218,384
	PKU Resources • Yihe Emerald Mansion	216,759
	Boya Life Plaza (Xinchuan Science & Technology Park 35 mu Project)	140,826
Chongqing	PKU Resources • Jiangshan Mingmen	671,572
	PKU Resources • Zijing Manshion (Chayuan 155 mu)	209,337
	PKU Resources • Yannan	704,534
	PKU Resources • Boya	517,671
	PKU Resources • Yuelai	397,059
Foshan	PKU Resources • Boya Binjiang	934,317
Dongguan	Gongguan 1898 (Zhangmutou Project)	31,277
	Park 1898 (Huangjiang Project)	188,403
Guiyang	PKU Resources • Dream City	1,066,118
	Quanhu Project	108,237
	Duyun Project	346,586
Kunming	PKU Resources • Botai City	425,530
Yuxi	Yuxi Project	482,490
Hangzhou	PKU Resources • Wei Ming Mansion	193,884
Xining	Boya Financial Plaza	417,311
Yichang	Chang Jiang International Cultural Plaza	174,167

Property Investment

The turnover of property investment business decreased by 22.7% to approximately RMB12.3 million (six months ended 30 June 2018: RMB16.0 million). The segment results recorded a profit of approximately RMB5.6 million (six months ended 30 June 2018: RMB9.6 million). The decrease in segment revenue and segment results was mainly attributed to the decrease in rented floor area during the current interim period.

Management Discussion and Analysis

Distribution Business

Distribution of Information Products

The distribution business of the Group recorded a turnover of approximately RMB3,929.9 million representing an increase of 16.7% as compared to last interim period (six months ended 30 June 2018: RMB3,368.7 million). The segment results recorded a loss of RMB7.1 million (six months ended 30 June 2018: profit of RMB38.2 million). The decline in segment results was due to decline in gross profit margin as a result of intense market competition.

The distribution business of the Group is mainly focused on the distribution of information products such as servers, printers, switches, networking products, storage devices, workstations, optical screen products, video conference host, conference controller, codec, UPS power supply and notebook computer of a number of internationally famed and branded information product manufacturers such as HP, H3C, CommScope, Brocade, Microsoft, Corning, Avaya and Dell. The increase in turnover during the current interim period was mainly attributable to launch of new products of existing and new product lines during the current interim period.

As the business environment in the PRC is becoming more competitive and the unfavorable factors arising from the macro-control policies, the management of the Group will continuously refine its product structure to avoid product overlapping and minimise market risk. The Group will focus on the distribution of information products with better trading terms and exploring the more profitable value-added service business.

PROSPECTS

The Group is dedicated to a medium to long term development plan of maintaining a satisfactory growth in results and fulfilling its objective to enhance shareholders' value and will continue to seek outstanding and profitable investment opportunities that are in line with the Group's development strategy.

Real Estate Business

In the second half of 2019, real estate business is expected to be further challenged by more stringent control policies. Financial channels are expected to be further tightened and the uncertainties in the development environment will linger.

As such, the Group will strive to adopt the development model of "seeking the proper balance between asset-light and asset-heavy" in a more flexible manner with a view to increasing the proportion of asset-light business in the overall business. It will also perform in-depth analysis of asset structure, strive to optimize the stock assets and the financial structure to prevent operational risks, at the same time improving its quality and efficiency on a continuous basis by enhancing its business capabilities and performance in aspects such as product, management and service.

In connection with city-industry integration, the Group will adhere to the development strategy of "One Body, Two Wings and Three Cores" and expand the scope and depth of resource integration through both vertical and horizontal development with a focus on its core businesses of "industry, city and innovation". The Group will push ahead with the development of regional markets in core city clusters, striving to become the key driver for their city development and industrial upgrade.

Distribution Business

The distribution business will continuously refine its product structure to avoid product overlapping and minimise market risks. The Group will focus on the distribution of information products with better trading terms and explore more profitable value-added service business. Moreover, the management will also place stronger emphasis on operating cash flow management, put stringent control over working capital including trade receivables and payables and strengthen inventory and cost management. The Group will continue to seek cooperation with other international information products suppliers and identify investment opportunities.

Management Discussion and Analysis

EMPLOYEES

The Group has developed human resources policies and procedures based on the performance and merits of its employees. The Group ensures that the pay level of its employees is competitive and employees are rewarded on a performance related basis within the general framework of the Group's salary and bonus systems. The Group provides on-the-job training to its employees in addition to retirement benefit schemes and medical insurance. The Group operates share option scheme for the purpose of providing incentives and rewards to eligible directors and employees of the Group who contribute to the success of the Group's operations. The Group had not granted any share options to its eligible directors and employees during the current interim period. The Group has approximately 1,258 employees as at 30 June 2019 (31 December 2018: 1,458).

FINANCIAL REVIEW

Liquidity, financial resources and capital commitments

During the current interim period, the Group generally financed its operations with internally generated resources and banking facilities provided by its principal bankers in Hong Kong and the PRC. As at 30 June 2019, the Group had approximately RMB16,755.4 million interest-bearing bank and other borrowings (31 December 2018: RMB15,232.0 million), of which approximately RMB190.0 million (31 December 2018: RMB395.0 million) were floating interest bearing and RMB16,565.4 million (31 December 2018: RMB14,837.0 million) were fixed interest bearing. The borrowings, which were subject to little seasonality, consisted of mainly bank loans, trust receipt loans and loans from Peking Founder. Interest-bearing bank and other borrowings are denominated in Renminbi ("RMB"), of which RMB14,092.0 million (31 December 2018: RMB10,140.0 million) were repayable within one year and RMB2,663.5 million (31 December 2018: RMB5,092.0 million) were repayable within two to five years. The Group's banking facilities were secured by corporate guarantee given by the Company, Peking Founder and PKU Resources, and certain of the properties under development, properties held for sale and bank deposits.

As at 30 June 2019, the Group recorded total assets of approximately RMB48,379.6 million (31 December 2018: RMB42,661.2 million) which were financed by liabilities of approximately RMB45,053.6 million (31 December 2018: RMB39,656.5 million), non-controlling interests of approximately RMB633.8 million (31 December 2018: RMB336.2 million) and equity attributable to owners of the parent of approximately RMB2,692.2 million (31 December 2018: RMB2,668.5 million). The increase in equity was attributable to profit for the current interim period.

The Group's net asset value per share as at 30 June 2019 was RMB0.52 (31 December 2018: RMB0.47). The increase in net asset value per share was attributable to profit for the current interim period.

The Group had total cash and cash equivalents and restricted cash of approximately RMB6,956.9 million as at 30 June 2019 (31 December 2018: RMB5,477.2 million). As at 30 June 2019, the Group's gearing ratio, measured on the basis of total borrowings as a percentage of total equity, was 5.0 (31 December 2018: 5.1) while the Group's current ratio was 1.12 (31 December 2018: 1.21).

As at 30 June 2019, the capital commitments for contracted, but not provided for, properties under development were approximately RMB7,317.1 million (31 December 2018: RMB14,348.8 million).

Treasury policies

The Group adopts conservative treasury policies and controls tightly over its cash and risk management. The Group's cash and cash equivalents are held mainly in Hong Kong Dollars ("HK\$"), RMB and U.S. dollars. Surplus cash is generally placed in short term deposits denominated in HK\$, RMB and U.S. dollars.

Management Discussion and Analysis

Exposure to fluctuations in exchange rates and related hedges

The Group operates mainly in Mainland China and Hong Kong. For the operations in Mainland China, most of its revenues and expense are measured in RMB. For the operations in Hong Kong, most of the transactions are denominated in HK\$ and U.S. dollars. The values of RMB against the U.S. dollar and other currencies may fluctuate and are affected by, among other things, changes in the PRC's political and economic conditions. The conversion of foreign currencies into RMB is subject to the rules and regulations of the foreign exchange controls promulgated by the Chinese government. The Group has minimal exposure to exchange rate fluctuation. No financial instrument was used for hedging purposes.

Future plans for material investments or capital assets

The Group did not have any concrete future plans for material investments or capital assets as at 30 June 2019 (31 December 2018: Nil). However, the Group always seeks for new investment opportunities in the real estate business and distribution business to broaden the revenue and profit potential of the Group and enhance shareholders' value in long term.

Material acquisitions and disposals of subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures

The Group had no material acquisitions or disposals of subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures for the six months ended 30 June 2019.

Charges on assets

As at 30 June 2019, the Group's properties under development of approximately RMB12,094.9 million, properties held for sale of approximately RMB1,430.7 million and bank deposits of approximately RMB1,694.5 million were pledged to banks to secure general banking facilities granted, as deposits for construction of the relevant properties and as guarantees deposits for certain mortgage loans granted by banks to purchasers of the Group's properties.

Contingent liabilities

As at 30 June 2019, the Group had contingent liabilities relating to guarantees in respect of mortgage facilities granted by certain banks to certain purchasers of the Group's properties amounting to approximately RMB5,632.1 million (31 December 2018: RMB5,369.4 million). This represented the guarantees in respect of mortgages granted by banks relating to the mortgage loans arranged for purchasers of the Group's properties. Pursuant to the terms of the guarantees, upon default in mortgage payments by these purchasers, the Group is responsible to repay the outstanding mortgage principals together with the accrued interest and penalty owed by the defaulting purchasers and the Group is entitled (but not limited to) to take over the legal titles and possession of the related properties. The Group's guarantee period starts from the date of grant of the relevant mortgage loans and ends upon issuance of real estate ownership certificates which are generally available within one to two years after the purchasers take possession of the relevant properties. The fair value of the guarantees is not significant and the directors of the Company consider that in case of default in payments, the net realisable value of the related properties will be sufficient to cover the repayment of the outstanding mortgage principals together with the accrued interests and penalties and therefore no provision has been made for the guarantees in the interim condensed consolidated financial information as at 30 June 2019 (31 December 2018: Nil).

INTERIM DIVIDEND

The Board does not recommend the payment of any interim dividend for the six months ended 30 June 2019 (six months ended 30 June 2018: Nil).

* For identification purposes only

INTERIM RESULTS

The board of directors (the “Board”) of Peking University Resources (Holdings) Company Limited (the “Company”) is pleased to present the unaudited interim condensed consolidated financial information of the Company and its subsidiaries (collectively the “Group”) for the six months ended 30 June 2019, together with the comparative figures for the corresponding period in 2018. This interim condensed consolidated financial information has not been audited, but has been reviewed by the audit committee of the Company.

INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS

For the six months ended 30 June 2019

	Notes	2019 RMB'000 (Unaudited)	2018 RMB'000 (Unaudited)
REVENUE	5	8,587,144	6,893,064
Cost of sales		(7,021,437)	(5,971,843)
Gross profit		1,565,707	921,221
Other income and gains	6	128,720	54,453
Selling and distribution expenses		(194,056)	(187,337)
Administrative expenses		(255,097)	(210,647)
Other expenses and losses, net		(18,083)	(6,630)
Finance costs	7	(58,364)	(85,495)
Share of losses of associates		(846)	(1,782)
PROFIT BEFORE TAX	8	1,167,981	483,783
Income tax expense	9	(741,318)	(130,067)
PROFIT FOR THE PERIOD		426,663	353,716
Attributable to:			
Owners of the parent		129,076	205,863
Non-controlling interests		297,587	147,853
		426,663	353,716
EARNINGS PER SHARE ATTRIBUTABLE TO ORDINARY EQUITY HOLDERS OF THE PARENT	10		
Basic and diluted		RMB2.01 cents	RMB3.21 cents

Interim Condensed Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income

For the six months ended 30 June 2019

	2019 RMB'000 (Unaudited)	2018 RMB'000 (Unaudited)
PROFIT FOR THE PERIOD	426,663	353,716
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME/(LOSS)		
Other comprehensive income/(loss) to be reclassified to profit or loss in subsequent periods:		
Exchange differences on translation of foreign operations	(6,490)	1,916
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME/(LOSS) FOR THE PERIOD, NET OF TAX	(6,490)	1,916
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE PERIOD	420,173	355,632
Attributable to:		
Owners of the parent	122,572	207,758
Non-controlling interests	297,601	147,874
	420,173	355,632

Interim Condensed Consolidated Statement of Financial Position

30 June 2019

	Notes	30 June 2019 RMB'000 (Unaudited)	31 December 2018 RMB'000 (Audited)
NON-CURRENT ASSETS			
Property, plant and equipment	11	93,231	89,907
Investment properties		750,851	750,851
Right-of-use assets		23,231	–
Prepaid land lease payments		–	11,217
Goodwill		–	–
Other intangible assets		7,764	7,849
Investment in associates		5,802	6,648
Deferred tax assets		328,733	231,574
Other non-current assets		50,000	50,000
Total non-current assets		1,259,612	1,148,046
CURRENT ASSETS			
Properties under development		26,982,893	23,278,793
Properties held for sale		7,258,795	7,960,058
Inventories		717,199	532,635
Trade and bills receivables	12	1,330,080	1,193,440
Prepayments, other receivables and other assets		2,902,131	2,269,555
Prepaid tax		656,715	487,085
Other current assets		315,219	314,450
Restricted cash		1,694,519	1,574,545
Cash and cash equivalents		5,262,410	3,902,631
Total current assets		47,119,961	41,513,192
CURRENT LIABILITIES			
Trade and bills payables	13	4,398,664	4,294,818
Other payables and accruals		21,856,742	18,500,596
Dividend payable		98,928	–
Interest-bearing bank and other borrowings		14,091,969	10,140,002
Tax payable		1,688,794	1,375,860
Lease liabilities		6,845	–
Provision		116,391	116,308
Total current liabilities		42,258,333	34,427,584
NET CURRENT ASSETS		4,861,628	7,085,608
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES		6,121,240	8,233,654

Interim Condensed Consolidated Statement of Financial Position

30 June 2019

	30 June 2019 RMB'000 (Unaudited)	31 December 2018 RMB'000 (Audited)
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES	6,121,240	8,233,654
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES		
Interest-bearing bank and other borrowings	2,663,480	5,091,990
Lease liabilities	6,524	–
Deferred tax liabilities	125,301	136,974
Total non-current liabilities	2,795,305	5,228,964
Net assets	3,325,935	3,004,690
EQUITY		
Equity attributable to owners of the parent		
Issued capital	545,335	545,335
Reserves	2,146,815	2,123,171
	2,692,150	2,668,506
Non-controlling interests	633,785	336,184
Total equity	3,325,935	3,004,690

Interim Condensed Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity

For the six months ended 30 June 2019

	Attributable to owners of the parent										
	Issued capital	Share premium	Contributed surplus	Merger reserve	Non-controlling interests reserve	Exchange fluctuation reserve	General reserve	Accumulated losses	Total	Non-controlling interests	Total equity
	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
	(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)
At 1 January 2019 (unaudited)	545,335	2,182,454	551,764	(238,675)	(134,812)	(89,267)	310,828	(459,121)	2,668,506	336,184	3,004,690
Profit for the period	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	129,076	129,076	297,587	426,663
Other comprehensive income for the period:											
Exchange differences on translation of foreign operations	-	-	-	-	-	(6,504)	-	-	(6,504)	14	(6,490)
Total comprehensive income for the period	-	-	-	-	-	(6,504)	-	129,076	122,572	297,601	420,173
Reduction of share premium	-	(2,182,196)	2,182,196	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Transfer of contributed surplus to set off against accumulated losses	-	-	(1,337,733)	-	-	-	-	1,337,733	-	-	-
Final 2018 dividend declared	-	-	(98,928)	-	-	-	-	-	(98,928)	-	(98,928)
At 30 June 2019 (unaudited)	545,335	258*	1,297,299*	(238,675)*	(134,812)*	(95,771)*	310,828*	1,007,688*	2,692,150	633,785	3,325,935

* These reserve accounts comprise the consolidated reserves of RMB2,146,815,000 (31 December 2018: RMB2,123,171,000) in the interim condensed consolidated statement of financial position.

Interim Condensed Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity

For the six months ended 30 June 2018

	Attributable to owners of the parent										Total equity RMB'000 (Unaudited)
	Issued capital RMB'000 (Unaudited)	Share premium account RMB'000 (Unaudited)	Contributed surplus RMB'000 (Unaudited)	Merger reserve RMB'000 (Unaudited)	Non-controlling interests reserve RMB'000 (Unaudited)	Exchange fluctuation reserve RMB'000 (Unaudited)	General reserve RMB'000 (Unaudited)	Accumulated losses RMB'000 (Unaudited)	Total RMB'000 (Unaudited)	Non-controlling interests RMB'000 (Unaudited)	
At 1 January 2018 (audited)	545,335	2,182,454	551,764	(238,675)	(134,812)	(65,215)	157,494	(1,022,097)	1,976,248	249,263	2,225,511
Profit for the period	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	205,863	205,863	147,853	353,716
Other comprehensive income for the period:											
Exchange differences on translation of foreign operations	-	-	-	-	-	1,895	-	-	1,895	21	1,916
Total comprehensive income for the period	-	-	-	-	-	1,895	-	205,863	207,758	147,874	355,632
Transfer from retained profits	-	-	-	-	-	-	17,732	(17,732)	-	-	-
At 30 June 2018 (unaudited)	545,335	2,182,454	551,764	(238,675)	(134,812)	(63,320)	175,226	(833,966)	2,184,006	397,137	2,581,143

Interim Condensed Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows

For the six months ended 30 June 2019

	Notes	2019 RMB'000 (Unaudited)	2018 RMB'000 (Unaudited)
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
Profit before tax		1,167,981	483,783
Adjustments for:			
Finance costs	7	58,364	85,495
Share of loss of associates		846	1,782
Interest income	6	(87,774)	(24,142)
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment		5,905	7,172
Depreciation of right-of-use assets		3,724	196
Loss on disposal of items of property, plant and equipment	8	27	5,663
Amortisation of other intangible assets		893	1,454
Impairment of trade receivables	8	5,841	967
Impairment for financial assets included in prepayments, other receivables and other assets	8	11,764	–
Provision for obsolete inventories	8	30,196	10,714
Impairment of properties under development, net	8	10,083	8,650
Reversal of impairment of properties held for sale, net	8	(42,240)	(13,154)
		1,165,610	568,580
Decrease/(increase) in properties under development		(3,379,149)	2,621,434
Decrease/(increase) in properties held for sale		2,199,740	(3,458,837)
Increase in inventories		(214,760)	(118,161)
Increase in trade and bills receivables		(142,481)	(61,058)
Increase in prepayments, other receivables and other assets		(644,645)	(678,668)
Increase in assets held for sale		(769)	(592,856)
Increase/(decrease) in trade and bills payables		103,846	(276,258)
Increase in other payables and accruals		2,179,331	4,701,482
Increase in provision		83	–
Effect of foreign exchange rate changes, net		(6,512)	1,870
Cash from operations		1,260,294	2,707,528
Interest received		15,128	24,142
Interest paid		(599,089)	(1,068,773)
Mainland China corporate income tax paid		(631,557)	(278,173)
Mainland China land appreciation tax paid		(75,289)	(172,063)
Net cash flows from/(used in) operating activities		(30,513)	1,212,661

Interim Condensed Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows

For the six months ended 30 June 2019

	2019 RMB'000 (Unaudited)	2018 RMB'000 (Unaudited)
Net cash flows from/(used in) operating activities	(30,513)	1,212,661
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Purchases of items of property, plant and equipment	(9,327)	(4,093)
Purchases of intangible assets	(808)	(106)
Proceeds from disposal of items of property, plant and equipment	71	1,485
Advances of loans to related parties	–	(1,745,755)
Decrease/(increase) in restricted cash	(119,974)	483,459
Net cash flows used in investing activities	(130,038)	(1,265,010)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
New bank and other borrowings	9,096,525	18,646,306
Repayment of bank and other borrowings	(7,573,068)	(20,095,723)
Principal portion lease payments	(3,149)	–
Net cash flows from/(used in) financing activities	1,520,308	(1,449,417)
NET INCREASE/(DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	1,359,757	(1,501,766)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	3,902,631	3,835,855
Effect of foreign exchange rate changes, net	22	52
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT END OF PERIOD	5,262,410	2,334,141
ANALYSIS OF BALANCES OF CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		
Cash and bank balances	5,262,410	2,334,141
Cash and cash equivalents as stated in the interim condensed consolidated statement of financial position and interim condensed consolidated statement of cash flows	5,262,410	2,334,141

Notes to the Interim Condensed Consolidated Financial Information

30 June 2019

1. CORPORATE INFORMATION

Peking University Resources (Holdings) Company Limited (the "Company") is a limited liability company incorporated in Bermuda. The head office and principal place of business of the Company are located at Unit 1408, 14th Floor, Cable TV Tower, 9 Hoi Shing Road, Tsuen Wan, New Territories, Hong Kong.

During the period, the Company and its subsidiaries (collectively referred to as the "Group") were involved in the following principal activities:

- distribution of information products
- property development
- property investment

As at 30 June 2019, the Company was owned as to approximately 60.01% by Founder Information (Hong Kong) Limited ("Founder Information") which was in turn owned effectively as to approximately 81.64% by 北大方正集團有限公司 (Peking University Founder Group Company Limited*) ("Peking Founder"). In the opinion of the directors, the ultimate holding company is 北大資產經營有限公司 (Peking University Asset Management Company Limited*) ("PKU Asset Management"), which is established in the People's Republic of China (the "PRC").

* For identification purposes only

2. BASIS OF PREPARATION

The interim condensed consolidated financial information for the six months ended 30 June 2019 has been prepared in accordance with Hong Kong Accounting Standards ("HKAS") 34 *Interim Financial Reporting*. The interim condensed consolidated financial information does not include all the information and disclosures required in the annual financial statements, and should be read in conjunction with the Group's annual consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2018.

3. CHANGES IN ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND DISCLOSURES

The accounting policies adopted in the preparation of the interim condensed consolidated financial information are consistent with those applied in the preparation of the Group's annual consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2018, except for the adoption of the new and revised Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards ("HKFRSs") effective as of 1 January 2019.

Amendments to HKFRS 9	<i>Prepayment Features with Negative Compensation</i>
HKFRS 16	<i>Leases</i>
Amendments to HKAS 19	<i>Plan Amendment, Curtailment or Settlement</i>
Amendments to HKAS 28	<i>Long-term Interests in Associates and Joint Ventures</i>
HK(IFRIC)-Int 23	<i>Uncertainty over Income Tax Treatments</i>
<i>Annual Improvements</i> <i>2015–2017 Cycle</i>	Amendments to HKFRS 3, HKFRS 11, HKAS 12 and HKAS 23

Notes to the Interim Condensed Consolidated Financial Information

30 June 2019

3. CHANGES IN ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND DISCLOSURES (CONTINUED)

Other than as explained below regarding the impact of HKFRS 16 *Leases*, Amendments to HKAS 28 *Long-term Interests in Associates and Joint Ventures* and HK(IFRIC)-Int 23 *Uncertainty over Income Tax Treatments*, the new and revised standards are not relevant to the preparation of the Group's interim condensed consolidated financial information. The nature and impact of the new and revised HKFRSs are described below:

- (a) HKFRS 16 replaces HKAS 17 *Leases*, HK(IFRIC)-Int 4 *Determining whether an Arrangement contains a Lease*, HK(SIC)-Int 15 *Operating Leases – Incentives* and HK(SIC)-Int 27 *Evaluating the Substance of Transactions Involving the Legal Form of a Lease*. The standard sets out the principles for the recognition, measurement, presentation and disclosure of leases and requires lessees to account for all leases under a single on-balance sheet model. Lessor accounting under HKFRS 16 is substantially unchanged from HKAS 17. Lessors will continue to classify leases as either operating or finance leases using similar principles as in HKAS 17. Therefore, HKFRS 16 did not have any financial impact on leases where the Group is the lessor.

The Group adopted HKFRS 16 using the modified retrospective method of adoption with the date of initial application of 1 January 2019. Under this method, the standard is applied retrospectively with the cumulative effect of initial adoption as an adjustment to the opening balance of retained earnings at 1 January 2019, and the comparative information for 2018 was not restated and continues to be reported under HKAS 17.

New definition of a lease

Under HKFRS 16, a contract is, or contains a lease if the contract conveys a right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration. Control is conveyed where the customer has both the right to obtain substantially all of the economic benefits from use of the identified asset and the right to direct the use of the identified asset. The Group elected to use the transition practical expedient allowing the standard to be applied only to contracts that were previously identified as leases applying HKAS 17 and HK(IFRIC)-Int 4 at the date of initial application. Contracts that were not identified as leases under HKAS 17 and HK(IFRIC)-Int 4 were not reassessed. Therefore, the definition of a lease under HKFRS 16 has been applied only to contracts entered into or changed on or after 1 January 2019.

At inception or on reassessment of a contract that contains a lease component, the Group allocates the consideration in the contract to each lease and non-lease component on the basis of their standard-alone prices. A practical expedient is available to a lessee, which the Group has adopted, not to separate non-lease components and to account for the lease and the associated non-lease components (e.g., property management services for leases of properties) as a single lease component.

Notes to the Interim Condensed Consolidated Financial Information

30 June 2019

3. CHANGES IN ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND DISCLOSURES (CONTINUED)

(a) (continued)

As a lessee – Leases previously classified as operating leases

Nature of the effect of adoption of HKFRS 16

The Group has lease contracts for various items of property, vehicles and other equipment. As a lessee, the Group previously classified leases as either finance leases or operating leases based on the assessment of whether the lease transferred substantially all the rewards and risks of ownership of assets to the Group. Under HKFRS 16, the Group applies a single approach to recognise and measure right-of-use assets and lease liabilities for all leases, except for two elective exemptions for leases of low value assets (elected on a lease by lease basis) and short-term leases (elected by class of underlying asset). The Group has elected not to recognise right-of-use assets and lease liabilities for (i) leases of low-value assets (e.g., copy machines); and (ii) leases, that at the commencement date, have a lease term of 12 months or less. Instead, the Group recognises the lease payments associated with those leases as an expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

Impacts on transition

Lease liabilities at 1 January 2019 were recognised based on the present value of the remaining lease payments, discounted using the incremental borrowing rate at 1 January 2019. The right-of-use assets were measured at the amount of the lease liability, adjusted by the amount of any prepaid or accrued lease payments relating to the lease recognised in the statement of financial position immediately before 1 January 2019. All these assets were assessed for any impairment based on HKAS 36 on that date. The Group elected to present the right-of-use assets separately in the statement of financial position.

For the leasehold land and buildings (that were held to earn rental income and/or for capital appreciation) previously included in investment properties and measured at fair value, the Group has continued to include them as investment properties at 1 January 2019. They continue to be measured at fair value applying HKAS 40.

The Group has used the following elective practical expedients when applying HKFRS 16 at 1 January 2019:

- Applied the short-term lease exemptions to leases with a lease term that ends within 12 months from the date of initial application
- Used hindsight in determining the lease term where the contract contains options to extend/terminate the lease

Notes to the Interim Condensed Consolidated Financial Information

30 June 2019

3. CHANGES IN ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND DISCLOSURES (CONTINUED)

(a) (continued)

As a lessee – Leases previously classified as operating leases (continued)

Impacts on transition (continued)

The impacts arising from the adoption of HKFRS 16 as at 1 January 2019 are as follows:

	Increase/ (decrease) RMB'000 (Unaudited)
Assets	
Increase in right-of-use assets	24,690
Decrease in prepaid land lease payments	(11,217)
Decrease in prepayments, other receivables and other assets	(305)
Increase in total assets	13,168
Liabilities	
Increase in lease liabilities	13,168
Increase in total liabilities	13,168

The lease liabilities as at 1 January 2019 reconciled to the operating lease commitments as at 31 December 2018 is as follows:

	RMB'000 (Unaudited)
Operating lease commitments as at 31 December 2018	27,870
Weighted average incremental borrowing rate as at 1 January 2019	7.54%
Discounted operating lease commitments as at 1 January 2019	25,998
Less: Commitments relating to short-term leases and those leases with a remaining lease term ending on or before 31 December 2019	12,830
Lease liabilities as at 1 January 2019	13,168

Notes to the Interim Condensed Consolidated Financial Information

30 June 2019

3. CHANGES IN ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND DISCLOSURES (CONTINUED)

(a) (continued)

Summary of new accounting policies

The accounting policy for leases as disclosed in the annual financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2018 is replaced with the following new accounting policies upon adoption of HKFRS 16 from 1 January 2019:

Right-of-use assets

Right-of-use assets are recognised at the commencement date of the lease. Right-of-use assets are measured at cost, less any accumulated depreciation and any impairment losses, and adjusted for any remeasurement of lease liabilities. When the right-of-use assets relate to interests in leasehold land held as inventories, they are subsequently measured at the lower of cost and net realisable value in accordance with the Group's policy for "inventories". The cost of right-of-use assets includes the amount of lease liabilities recognised, initial direct costs incurred, and lease payments made at or before the commencement date less any lease incentives received. Unless the Group is reasonably certain to obtain ownership of the leased asset at the end of the lease term, the recognised right-of-use assets are depreciated on a straight-line basis over the shorter of the estimated useful life and the lease term. When a right-of-use asset meets the definition of investment property, it is included in investment properties. The corresponding right-of-use asset is initially measured at cost, and subsequently measured at fair value, in accordance with the Group's policy for 'investment properties'.

Lease liabilities

Lease liabilities are recognised at the commencement date of the lease at the present value of lease payments to be made over the lease term. The lease payments include fixed payments (including in-substance fixed payments) less any lease incentives receivable, variable lease payments that depend on an index or a rate, and amounts expected to be paid under residual value guarantees. The lease payments also include the exercise price of a purchase option reasonably certain to be exercised by the Group and payments of penalties for termination of a lease, if the lease term reflects the Group exercising the option to terminate. The variable lease payments that do not depend on an index or a rate are recognised as an expense in the period in which the event or condition that triggers the payment occurs.

In calculating the present value of lease payments, the Group uses the incremental borrowing rate at the lease commencement date if the interest rate implicit in the lease is not readily determinable. After the commencement date, the amount of lease liabilities is increased to reflect the accretion of interest and reduced for the lease payments made. In addition, the carrying amount of lease liabilities is remeasured if there is a modification, a change in future lease payments arising from change in an index or rate, a change in the lease term, a change in the in-substance fixed lease payments or a change in assessment to purchase the underlying asset.

Notes to the Interim Condensed Consolidated Financial Information

30 June 2019

3. CHANGES IN ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND DISCLOSURES (CONTINUED)

(a) (continued)

Significant judgement in determining the lease term of contracts with renewal options

The Group determines the lease term as the non-cancellable term of the lease, together with any periods covered by an option to extend the lease if it is reasonably certain to be exercised, or any periods covered by an option to terminate the lease, if it is reasonably certain not to be exercised.

Amounts recognised in the interim condensed consolidated statement of financial position and profit or loss

The carrying amounts of the Group's right-of-use assets and lease liabilities, and the movement during the period are as follows:

	Right-of-use assets			Lease liabilities RMB'000
	Buildings RMB'000	Land use rights RMB'000	Total RMB'000	
As at 1 January 2019	13,168	11,522	24,690	13,168
Additions	2,265	–	2,265	2,265
Depreciation charge	(3,528)	(196)	(3,724)	–
Interest expense	–	–	–	1,085
Payments	–	–	–	(3,149)
As at 30 June 2019	11,905	11,326	23,231	13,369

- (b) Amendments to HKAS 28 clarify that the scope exclusion of HKFRS 9 only includes interests in an associate or joint venture to which the equity method is applied and does not include long-term interests that in substance form part of the net investment in the associate or joint venture, to which the equity method has not been applied. Therefore, an entity applies HKFRS 9, rather than HKAS 28, including the impairment requirements under HKFRS 9, in accounting for such long-term interests. HKAS 28 is then applied to the net investment, which includes the long-term interests, only in the context of recognising losses of an associate or joint venture and impairment of the net investment in the associate or joint venture. The Group assessed its business model for its long-term interests in associates upon adoption of the amendments on 1 January 2019 and concluded that the long-term interests in associates continue to be measured at amortised cost in accordance with HKFRS 9. Accordingly, the amendments did not have any impact on the Group's interim condensed consolidated financial information.

Notes to the Interim Condensed Consolidated Financial Information

30 June 2019

3. CHANGES IN ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND DISCLOSURES (CONTINUED)

- (c) HK(IFRIC)-Int 23 addresses the accounting for income taxes (current and deferred) when tax treatments involve uncertainty that affects the application of HKAS 12 (often referred to as “uncertain tax positions”). The interpretation does not apply to taxes or levies outside the scope of HKAS 12, nor does it specifically include requirements relating to interest and penalties associated with uncertain tax treatments. The interpretation specifically addresses (i) whether an entity considers uncertain tax treatments separately; (ii) the assumptions an entity makes about the examination of tax treatments by taxation authorities; (iii) how an entity determines taxable profits or tax losses, tax bases, unused tax losses, unused tax credits and tax rates; and (iv) how an entity considers changes in facts and circumstances. Upon adoption of the interpretation, the Group considered whether it has any uncertain tax positions arising from the transfer pricing on its intergroup sales. Based on the Group’s tax compliance and transfer pricing study, the Group determined that it is probable that its transfer pricing policy will be accepted by the tax authorities. Accordingly, the interpretation did not have any significant impact on the Group’s interim condensed consolidated financial information.

4. OPERATING SEGMENT INFORMATION

For management purposes, the Group is organised into business units based on their products and services and has three reportable operating segments as follows:

- (a) the distribution of information products segment sells information products;
- (b) the property development segment sells properties; and
- (c) the property investment segment leases and subleases properties.

Management monitors the results of the Group’s operating segments separately for the purpose of making decisions about resource allocation and performance assessment. Segment performance is evaluated based on reportable segment profit/loss, which is a measure of adjusted profit before tax. The adjusted profit before tax is measured consistently with the Group’s profit before tax except that interest income, finance costs as well as head office and corporate expenses are excluded from such measurement.

Segment assets exclude restricted cash, cash and cash equivalents, prepaid tax, deferred tax assets and other unallocated head office and corporate assets as these assets are managed on a group basis.

Segment liabilities exclude interest-bearing bank and other borrowings, tax payable, deferred tax liabilities and other unallocated head office and corporate liabilities as these liabilities are managed on a group basis.

Notes to the Interim Condensed Consolidated Financial Information

30 June 2019

4. OPERATING SEGMENT INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

Six months ended 30 June 2019

	Distribution of information products RMB'000 (Unaudited)	Property development RMB'000 (Unaudited)	Property investment RMB'000 (Unaudited)	Total RMB'000 (Unaudited)
Segment revenue (note 5)				
Sales to external customers	3,929,899	4,644,914	12,331	8,587,144
Other revenue	5,239	35,707	–	40,946
	3,935,138	4,680,621	12,331	8,628,090
Segment results	(7,143)	1,197,585	5,577	1,196,019
<i>Reconciliation:</i>				
Interest income				87,774
Corporate and unallocated expenses				(57,448)
Finance costs				(58,364)
Profit before tax				1,167,981

Six months ended 30 June 2018

	Distribution of information products RMB'000 (Unaudited)	Property development RMB'000 (Unaudited)	Property investment RMB'000 (Unaudited)	Total RMB'000 (Unaudited)
Segment revenue (note 5)				
Sales to external customers	3,368,670	3,508,438	15,956	6,893,064
Segment results	38,213	533,784	9,554	581,551
<i>Reconciliation:</i>				
Interest income				24,142
Corporate and unallocated expenses				(36,415)
Finance costs				(85,495)
Profit before tax				483,783

Notes to the Interim Condensed Consolidated Financial Information

30 June 2019

4. OPERATING SEGMENT INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

The following table presents the asset and liability information of the Group's operating segments as at 30 June 2019 and 31 December 2018, respectively.

	Distribution of information products RMB'000	Property development RMB'000	Property investment RMB'000	Total RMB'000
Segment assets				
30 June 2019 (Unaudited)	7,004,845	37,336,847	175,684	44,517,376
<i>Reconciliation:</i>				
Elimination of intersegment receivables				(4,077,028)
Corporate and other unallocated assets				7,939,225
Total assets (Unaudited)				48,379,573
31 December 2018 (Audited)	3,949,062	33,871,442	618,450	38,438,954
<i>Reconciliation:</i>				
Elimination of intersegment receivables				(1,973,551)
Corporate and other unallocated assets				6,195,835
Total assets (Audited)				42,661,238
Segment liabilities				
30 June 2019 (Unaudited)	1,999,790	28,237,305	324,027	30,561,122
<i>Reconciliation:</i>				
Elimination of intersegment payables				(4,077,028)
Corporate and other unallocated liabilities				18,569,544
Total liabilities (Unaudited)				45,053,638
31 December 2018 (Audited)	1,849,377	22,765,097	270,799	24,885,273
<i>Reconciliation:</i>				
Elimination of intersegment payables				(1,973,551)
Corporate and other unallocated liabilities				16,744,826
Total liabilities (Audited)				39,656,548

Notes to the Interim Condensed Consolidated Financial Information

30 June 2019

4. OPERATING SEGMENT INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

Geographic information

Revenue from external customers

	Distribution of information products RMB'000 (Unaudited)	Property development RMB'000 (Unaudited)	Property investment RMB'000 (Unaudited)	Total RMB'000 (Unaudited)
For the year ended 30 June 2019				
Mainland China	3,894,025	4,644,914	11,092	8,550,031
Hong Kong	35,874	–	1,239	37,113
	3,929,899	4,644,914	12,331	8,587,144
For the year ended 30 June 2018				
Mainland China	3,297,296	3,508,438	15,180	6,820,914
Hong Kong	71,374	–	776	72,150
	3,368,670	3,508,438	15,956	6,893,064

5. REVENUE

An analysis of revenue is as follows:

	For the six months ended 30 June	
	2019 RMB'000 (Unaudited)	2018 RMB'000 (Unaudited)
<i>Revenue from contracts with customers</i>		
Sales of goods	3,929,899	3,368,670
Sales of properties	4,644,914	3,508,438
	8,574,813	6,877,108
<i>Revenue from other sources</i>		
Gross rental income	12,331	15,956
	8,587,144	6,893,064

Notes to the Interim Condensed Consolidated Financial Information

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6. OTHER INCOME AND GAINS

	For the six months ended 30 June	
	2019 RMB'000 (Unaudited)	2018 RMB'000 (Unaudited)
Other income		
Interest income	87,774	24,142
Management and consultancy service fee income	26,756	25,555
Government grants*	1,580	–
Others	10,074	4,282
	126,184	53,979
Gains		
Foreign exchange differences, net	2,536	474
	128,720	54,453

* Various government grants have been received for investments in certain regions in Mainland China. There are no unfulfilled conditions or contingencies relating to these grants.

7. FINANCE COSTS

	For the six months ended 30 June	
	2019 RMB'000 (Unaudited)	2018 RMB'000 (Unaudited)
Interest on bank and other loans	744,670	696,338
Interest on loans from related companies [#]	490,173	89,705
Interest expense arising from revenue contracts	607,681	433,072
Interest expense arising from lease contracts	1,085	–
Interest on discounted bills	6,027	7,992
Total interest expenses	1,849,636	1,227,107
Less: Interest capitalised	(1,791,272)	(1,141,612)
	58,364	85,495

[#] The related companies included Peking Founder and certain of its subsidiaries and associates namely, PKU Founder Group Finance Co., Ltd. ("Founder Finance"), Founder Group (Hong Kong) Limited ("Founder HK") and 方正國際商業保理有限公司 (Founder International Factoring Co., Ltd.*) ("Founder Factoring"), as well as 北大資源集團有限公司 (Peking University Resources Group Co., Ltd.*) ("PKU Resources"), a fellow subsidiary of Peking Founder.

* For identification purposes only

Notes to the Interim Condensed Consolidated Financial Information

30 June 2019

8. PROFIT BEFORE TAX

The Group's profit before tax is arrived at after charging/(crediting):

	For the six months ended 30 June	
	2019 RMB'000 (Unaudited)	2018 RMB'000 (Unaudited)
Cost of inventories sold	3,790,589	3,275,808
Cost of properties sold	3,232,809	2,689,825
Provision against inventories	30,196	10,714
Impairment of properties under development, net	10,083	8,650
Reversal of impairment of properties held for sale, net	(42,240)	(13,154)
Cost of sales	7,021,437	5,971,843
Depreciation and amortisation	10,522	8,822
Impairment of financial assets:		
Impairment of trade receivables*	5,841	967
Impairment of financial assets included in prepayments, other receivables and other assets*	11,764	–
Loss on disposal of items of property, plant and equipment*	27	5,663
Claim provision*	451	–

* These items are included in "Other expenses and losses, net" in the interim condensed consolidated statement of profit or loss.

9. INCOME TAX

	For the six months ended 30 June	
	2019 RMB'000 (Unaudited)	2018 RMB'000 (Unaudited)
Current – Hong Kong		
Charge for the period	–	561
Current – Mainland China		
Charge for the period	441,626	91,396
PRC LAT	408,524	77,066
Deferred	850,150 (108,832)	169,023 (38,956)
Total tax recognised for the period	741,318	130,067

Notes to the Interim Condensed Consolidated Financial Information

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9. INCOME TAX (CONTINUED)

Hong Kong profits tax

No provision for Hong Kong profits tax has been made as the Group did not generate any assessable profits arising in Hong Kong during the period. Hong Kong profits tax has been provided at the rate of 16.5% on the estimated assessable profits arising in Hong Kong in previous period.

PRC corporate income tax

PRC corporate income tax has been provided at the rate of 25% (2018: 25%) on the taxable profits of the Group's PRC subsidiaries.

PRC land appreciation tax ("LAT")

According to the requirements of the Provisional Regulations of the PRC on LAT (中華人民共和國土地增值稅暫行條例) effective from 1 January 1994 and the Detailed Implementation Rules on the Provisional Regulations of the PRC on LAT (中華人民共和國土地增值稅暫行條例實施細則) effective from 27 January 1995, all gains arising from a transfer of real estate property in Mainland China effective from 1 January 1994 are subject to LAT at progressive rates ranging from 30% to 60% on the appreciation of land value, being the proceeds from the sale of properties less deductible expenditures including borrowing costs and all property development expenditures.

10. EARNINGS PER SHARE ATTRIBUTABLE TO ORDINARY EQUITY HOLDERS OF THE PARENT

The calculation of basic earnings per share amount is based on the profit for the period attributable to ordinary equity holders of the parent of RMB129,076,000 (six months ended 30 June 2018: RMB205,863,000), and the weighted average number of ordinary shares of 6,416,155,647 (six months ended 30 June 2018: 6,416,155,647) in issue during the period.

The Group had no potentially dilutive ordinary shares in issue during the period (six months ended 30 June 2018: Nil).

11. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

During the six months ended 30 June 2019, the Group acquired items of property, plant and equipment at a total cost of RMB9,327,000 (six months ended 30 June 2018: RMB4,093,000), and disposed of items of property, plant and equipment with a total net carrying amount of RMB98,000 (six months ended 30 June 2018: RMB5,297,000).

During the six months ended 30 June 2019, there was no transferred items of property, plant and equipment from properties under development (six months ended 30 June 2018: RMB1,731,000).

Notes to the Interim Condensed Consolidated Financial Information

30 June 2019

12. TRADE AND BILLS RECEIVABLES

	30 June 2019 RMB'000 (Unaudited)	31 December 2018 RMB'000 (Audited)
Trade receivables	1,347,047	1,158,581
Bills receivable	59,612	105,597
	1,406,659	1,264,178
Impairment	(76,579)	(70,738)
	1,330,080	1,193,440

The Group's trading terms with its customers are mainly on credit, except for new customers, where payment in advance is normally required. Trade and bills receivables are settled in accordance with the terms of the respective contracts. Each customer has a maximum credit limit. The Group seeks to maintain strict control over its outstanding receivables. Overdue balances are reviewed regularly by senior management. In view of the aforementioned and the fact that the Group's trade receivables relate to a large number of diversified customers, there is no significant concentration of credit risk. The Group does not hold any collateral or other credit enhancements over its trade and bills receivables balances. Trade and bills receivables are non-interest-bearing.

An ageing analysis of the trade receivables as at the end of the reporting period, based on the invoice date and/or bills receipt date and net of loss allowance, is as follows:

	30 June 2019 RMB'000 (Unaudited)	31 December 2018 RMB'000 (Audited)
Within 6 months	1,256,804	1,117,683
7 to 12 months	23,090	19,920
13 to 24 months	26,721	38,394
Over 24 months	23,465	17,443
	1,330,080	1,193,440

As at 30 June 2019, included in the Group's trade and bills receivables are amounts due from fellow subsidiaries of approximately RMB79,508,000 (31 December 2018: RMB60,997,000), which are repayable on credit terms similar to those offered to the major customers of the Group.

Notes to the Interim Condensed Consolidated Financial Information

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13. TRADE AND BILLS PAYABLES

	30 June 2019 RMB'000 (Unaudited)	31 December 2018 RMB'000 (Audited)
Trade payables	4,200,858	4,091,999
Bills payable	197,806	202,819
	4,398,664	4,294,818

An ageing analysis of the Group's trade and bills payables as at the end of the reporting period, based on the invoice date or bills issuance date, is as follows:

	30 June 2019 RMB'000 (Unaudited)	31 December 2018 RMB'000 (Audited)
Within 6 months	4,125,809	4,171,701
Over 6 months	272,855	123,117
	4,398,664	4,294,818

The trade payables are non-interest-bearing and are normally settled on terms of 45 to 90 days.

As at 30 June 2019, included in the Group's trade and bills payables are amounts due to fellow subsidiaries of approximately RMB52,954,000 (31 December 2018: RMB15,048,000), which are repayable on credit terms similar to those offered by the Group to their major suppliers.

Notes to the Interim Condensed Consolidated Financial Information

30 June 2019

14. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

As at 30 June 2019, the Group had contingent liabilities relating to guarantees in respect of mortgage facilities granted by certain banks to certain purchasers of the Group's properties amounting to approximately RMB5,632,107,000 (31 December 2018: RMB5,369,400,000). This represented the guarantees in respect of mortgages granted by banks relating to the mortgage loans arranged for purchasers of the Group's properties. Pursuant to the terms of the guarantees, upon default in mortgage payments by these purchasers, the Group is responsible to repay the outstanding mortgage principals together with the accrued interest and penalty owed by the defaulting purchasers and the Group is entitled (but not limited to) to take over the legal titles and possession of the related properties. The Group's guarantee period starts from the date of grant of the relevant mortgage loans and ends upon issuance of real estate ownership certificates which are generally available within one to two years after the purchasers take possession of the relevant properties.

The fair value of the guarantees is not significant and the directors of the Company consider that in case of default in payments, the net realisable value of the related properties will be sufficient to cover the repayment of the outstanding mortgage principals together with the accrued interests and penalties and therefore no provision has been made for the guarantees in the interim condensed consolidated financial information as at 30 June 2019 (31 December 2018: Nil).

15. OPERATING LEASE ARRANGEMENTS

(a) As lessor

The Group leases its investment properties under operating lease arrangements, with leases negotiated for terms ranging from two to twenty years. The terms of the leases generally also require the tenants to pay security deposits and provide for periodic rent adjustments according to the then prevailing market conditions.

At the end of the reporting period, the Group had total future minimum lease receivables under non-cancellable operating leases with its tenants falling due as follows:

	30 June 2019 RMB'000 (Unaudited)	31 December 2018 RMB'000 (Audited)
Within one year	46,821	43,686
In the second to fifth years, inclusive	106,154	118,976
After five years	108,534	100,578
	261,509	263,240

Notes to the Interim Condensed Consolidated Financial Information

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15. OPERATING LEASE ARRANGEMENTS (CONTINUED)

(b) As lessee

The Group leases certain of its office properties under operating lease arrangements, with leases negotiated for terms ranging from one to five years.

At the end of the reporting period, the Group had total future minimum lease payments under non-cancellable operating leases falling due as follows:

	30 June 2019 RMB'000 (Unaudited)	31 December 2018 RMB'000 (Audited)
Within one year	12,280	15,027
In the second to fifth years, inclusive	6,238	5,001
	18,518	20,028

16. COMMITMENTS

In addition to the operating lease commitments detailed in note 15(b) above, the Group had the following capital commitments at the end of the reporting period:

	30 June 2019 RMB'000 (Unaudited)	31 December 2018 RMB'000 (Audited)
Contracted, but not provided for: Properties under development	7,317,126	14,348,800

Notes to the Interim Condensed Consolidated Financial Information

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17. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Transactions and balances with related parties

- (a) In addition to the related party transactions and balances disclosed elsewhere in this interim condensed consolidated financial information, the Group had the following material transactions and balances with related parties during the period:

	Notes	For the six months ended 30 June	
		2019 RMB'000 (Unaudited)	2018 RMB'000 (Unaudited)
Transactions with fellow subsidiaries:			
Sales of goods	(i)	2,507	316
Purchases of goods	(i)	8,963	5,779
Service fee income	(i)	26,724	25,555
Rental income	(i)	–	668
Rental expense	(i)	4,565	5,441
Service fee expenses	(i)	8,452	17,268
Interest income	(ii)	438	877
Interest expenses	(iii)	10,498	6,267
Transactions with intermediate holding companies:			
Interest expenses	(iv)	479,675	70,045
Transactions with an associate:			
Interest income	(ii)	475	–

Notes:

- (i) These transactions were carried out in accordance with the terms and conditions mutually agreed by the parties involved.
- (ii) The interest income was attributable to deposits placed at and/or loans to Founder Finance and an associate, namely Guiyang Quanhu Shangcheng Real Estate Development Co., Ltd., which charged interest at rates ranging from 0.455% to 10.68% (30 June 2018: 0.455% and 1.495%).
- (iii) The interest expenses were attributable to loans from Founder Factoring and Founder Finance, which bear interest at rates ranging from 6.53% to 8.5% (30 June 2018: 4% to 7.8%).
- (iv) The interest expenses were attributable to loans from Peking Founder and PKU Resources, which bear interest at rates ranging from 6.5% to 20% (30 June 2018: 4.48% to 12%).

Notes to the Interim Condensed Consolidated Financial Information

30 June 2019

17. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS (CONTINUED)

Transactions and balances with related parties (continued)

- (b) Included in the Group's interest-bearing bank and other borrowings are loans from Peking Founder, Founder Factoring and Founder Finance, aggregating to RMB1,224,430,000 (31 December 2018: RMB1,092,790,000), which are unsecured, interest-bearing at rates ranging from 6.5% to 8.5% (31 December 2018: 6.5% to 8.5%) and are repayable on demand, except for the loans from Peking Founder amounting to RMB800,000,000 at 31 December 2018 which were not repayable within one year.
- (c) Included in the Group's other receivables are amounts due from an intermediate holding company, an associate and fellow subsidiaries and aggregating to RMB578,260,000 (31 December 2018: RMB226,737,000), which are unsecured, interest-free and are repayable on demand, except for amounts due from certain fellow subsidiaries and an associate aggregating to RMB35,754,000 (31 December 2018: RMB12,250,000) which are interest-bearing at a rate of 10.5% (31 December 2018: 10.5%).
- (d) Included in the Group's other payables are amounts due to the immediate holding company, intermediate holding companies and fellow subsidiaries aggregating to RMB1,322,247,000 (31 December 2018: RMB1,344,961,000), which are unsecured, interest-free and are repayable on demand, except for amounts due to an intermediate holding company amounting to RMB1,007,462,000 (31 December 2018: RMB156,652,000) which bears interest at rates ranging from 8% to 20% (31 December 2018: 7.5% to 20%).
- (e) Included in the Group's cash and cash equivalents are deposits of RMB1,217,812,000 (31 December 2018: RMB995,755,000) placed with Founder Finance, a financial institution approved by the People's Bank of China ("PBOC"). The interest rates for these deposits were the prevailing savings rates offered by the PBOC.

Compensation of key management personnel of the Group

	For the six months ended 30 June	
	2019 RMB'000 (Unaudited)	2018 RMB'000 (Unaudited)
Short term employee benefits	5,434	1,814
Post-employment benefit	62	46
Salaries, allowances and benefits in kind	2,666	3,560
Total compensation paid to key management personnel	8,162	5,420

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18. FAIR VALUE AND FAIR VALUE HIERARCHY OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

The carrying amounts and fair values of the Group's financial instruments, other than those with carrying amounts that reasonably approximate to fair values, are as follows:

	Carrying amounts		Fair values	
	30 June 2019 RMB'000 (Unaudited)	31 December 2018 RMB'000 (Audited)	30 June 2019 RMB'000 (Unaudited)	31 December 2018 RMB'000 (Audited)
Financial assets				
Other non-current assets	50,000	50,000	50,000	50,000
Bills receivable	51,647	105,597	51,647	105,597
	101,647	155,597	101,647	155,597

Management has assessed that the fair values of cash and cash equivalents, restricted cash, trade receivables, trade and bills payables, financial assets included in prepayments, other receivables and other assets, financial liabilities included in other payables and accruals and interest-bearing bank and other borrowings approximate to their carrying amounts largely due to the short term maturities or long term maturities with floating interest rates of these instruments.

The Group's management is responsible for determining the policies and procedures for the fair value measurement of financial instruments. At each reporting date, the management analyses the movements in the values of financial instruments and determines the major inputs applied in the valuation.

The fair values of the financial assets and liabilities are included at the amount at which the instrument could be exchanged in a current transaction between willing parties, other than in a forced or liquidation sale.

The following methods and assumptions were used to estimate the fair values:

The fair value of other non-current assets and bills receivable have been calculated by discounting the expected future cash flows using rates currently available for instruments with similar terms, credit risk and remaining maturities. The Group's own non-performance risk for other non-current assets and bills receivable as at 30 June 2019 was assessed to be insignificant.

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18. FAIR VALUE AND FAIR VALUE HIERARCHY OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONTINUED)

Fair value hierarchy

The following table illustrates the fair value measurement hierarchy of the Group's financial instruments:

Assets measured at fair values:

As at 30 June 2019

	Fair value measurement using			Total RMB'000
	Quoted prices in active markets (Level 1) RMB'000	Significant observable inputs (Level 2) RMB'000	Significant unobservable inputs (Level 3) RMB'000	
Other non-current assets	–	50,000	–	50,000
Bills receivable	–	51,647	–	51,647
	–	101,647	–	101,647

As at 31 December 2018

	Fair value measurement using			Total RMB'000
	Quoted prices in active markets (Level 1) RMB'000	Significant observable inputs (Level 2) RMB'000	Significant unobservable inputs (Level 3) RMB'000	
Other non-current assets	–	50,000	–	50,000
Bills receivable	–	105,597	–	105,597
	–	155,597	–	155,597

The Group did not have any financial liabilities measured at fair value as at 30 June 2019 and 31 December 2018.

During the period, there were no transfers of fair value measurements between Level 1 and Level 2 and no transfers into or out of Level 3 for both financial assets and financial liabilities (six months ended 30 June 2018: Nil).

19. APPROVAL OF THE INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL INFORMATION

The interim condensed consolidated financial information was approved and authorised for issue by the board of directors on 27 August 2019.

Other Information

DIRECTORS' INTERESTS AND SHORT POSITIONS IN SHARES, UNDERLYING SHARES AND DEBENTURES

As at 30 June 2019, the interests and short positions of the directors in the share capital, underlying shares and debentures of the Company or its associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the Securities and Futures Ordinance (the "SFO")), as recorded in the register required to be kept by the Company pursuant to Section 352 of the SFO, or as otherwise notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange") pursuant to the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Issuers (the "Model Code"), were as follows:

Long positions in ordinary shares of the Company:

Name of director	Number of ordinary shares held, capacity and nature of interest		Total	Percentage of the Company's issued share capital
	Directly beneficially owned	Through controlled corporation (Note)		
Mr Zheng Fu Shuang	200,019,000	584,984,000	785,003,000	12.23

Note: Mr Zheng Fu Shuang is interested in the 584,984,000 shares of the Company, through Starry Nation Limited, a company which is ultimately beneficially owned by Mr Zheng Fu Shuang.

Short positions in ordinary shares of the Company:

Name of director	Number of ordinary shares held, capacity and nature of interest		Percentage of the Company's issued share capital
	Through controlled corporation		
Mr Zheng Fu Shuang (Note)		100,000,000	1.56

Note: Mr Zheng Fu Shuang is interested in these shares through Starry Nation Limited, a company which is ultimately beneficially owned by Mr Zheng Fu Shuang.

Save as disclosed above, as at 30 June 2019, none of the directors had registered an interest or short position in the shares, underlying shares or debentures of the Company or any of its associated corporations that was required to be recorded pursuant to Section 352 of the SFO, or as otherwise notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to the Model Code.

Other Information

SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDERS' AND OTHER PERSONS' INTERESTS IN SHARES AND UNDERLYING SHARES

As at 30 June 2019, the following interests of 5% or more of the issued share capital of the Company were recorded in the register of interests required to be kept by the Company pursuant to Section 336 of the SFO:

Long positions:

Name	Notes	Capacity and nature of interest	Long positions		Short positions	
			Number of ordinary shares held	Percentage of the Company's issued share capital	Number of ordinary shares held	Percentage of the Company's issued share capital
北大資產經營有限公司 (Peking University Asset Management Company Limited*)	1	Through a controlled corporation	3,950,134,407	61.57	-	-
北大資源集團有限公司 (Peking University Resources Group Co., Ltd.*) ("PKU Resources Group")	2	Through a controlled corporation	3,950,134,407	61.57	-	-
北大資源集團控股有限公司 (Peking University Resources Group Holdings Co., Ltd.*)	3	Through a controlled corporation	3,950,134,407	61.57	-	-
北大資源集團城市開發有限公司 (前稱北大資源地產集團有限公司) (Peking University Resources Group City Development Company Limited*) (Formerly known as Peking University Resources Property Group Company Limited)	4	Through a controlled corporation	3,950,134,407	61.57	-	-
北大方正集團有限公司 (Peking University Founder Group Company Limited*) ("Peking Founder")	5	Through a controlled corporation	3,950,134,407	61.57	-	-
Founder Information (Hong Kong) Limited ("Founder Information")	6	Directly beneficially owned	3,850,134,407	60.01	-	-
		Through a controlled corporation	100,000,000	1.56	-	-
Mr Zheng Fu Shuang	7	Through a controlled corporation	785,003,000	12.23	100,000,000	1.56
Shine Crest Group Limited	8	Through a controlled corporation	584,984,000	9.12	100,000,000	1.56
Starry Nation Limited		Directly beneficially owned	584,984,000	9.12	100,000,000	1.56
Rongtong Fund Management Co., Ltd.	9	Through a controlled corporation	575,076,000	8.94	-	-
Rongtong Ronghai No. 10 SNIA QDII		Directly beneficially owned	575,076,000	8.94	-	-

* For identification purposes only

Other Information

SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDERS' AND OTHER PERSONS' INTERESTS IN SHARES AND UNDERLYING SHARES (CONTINUED)

Notes:

1. Peking University Asset Management Company Limited is deemed to be interested in the 3,950,134,407 shares of the Company under the SFO by virtue of its interest in PKU Resources Group.
2. PKU Resources Group is deemed to be interested in the 3,950,134,407 shares of the Company under the SFO by virtue of its interest in Peking University Resources Group Holdings Co., Ltd..
3. Peking University Resources Group Holdings Co., Ltd. is deemed to be interested in the 3,950,134,407 shares of the Company under the SFO by virtue of its interest in Peking University Resources Group City Development Company Limited.
4. Peking University Resources Group City Development Company Limited is deemed to be interested in the 3,950,134,407 shares of the Company under the SFO by virtue of its interest in Founder Information.
5. Peking Founder is deemed to be interested in the 3,950,134,407 shares of the Company under the SFO by virtue of its interest in Founder Information.
6. Founder Information is interested in the 3,950,134,407 shares of the Company, out of which 100,000,000 shares are charged to Fountain Luck Holdings Limited, which is indirectly wholly owned by Founder Information, by Starry Nation Limited.
7. Mr Zheng Fu Shuang is interested in 785,003,000 shares of the Company, out of which 200,019,000 shares are held directly by Mr Zheng Fu Shuang and 584,984,000 shares are held through Starry Nation Limited. The 100,000,000 shares of the Company held by Starry Nation Limited are charged to Fountain Luck Holdings Limited, which is indirectly wholly owned by Founder Information, and are classified as a short position of Starry Nation Limited under the SFO.
8. Shine Crest Group Limited is deemed to be interested in the 584,984,000 shares of the Company under the SFO by virtue of its interest in Starry Nation Limited.
9. Rongtong Fund Management Co., Ltd. is deemed to be interested in 575,076,000 shares of the Company under the SFO by virtue of its interest in Rongtong Ronghai No. 10 SNIA QDII.

Save as disclosed above, as at 30 June 2019, no person, other than the directors of the Company, whose interests are set out in the section "Directors' interests and short positions in shares, underlying shares and debentures" above, had registered an interest or short position in the shares or underlying shares of the Company that was required to be recorded pursuant to Section 336 of the SFO.

PURCHASE, REDEMPTION OR SALE OF LISTED SECURITIES

Neither the Company nor any of its subsidiaries has purchased, redeemed or sold any of its listed securities during the six months ended 30 June 2019.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

The Company has complied with all code provisions of the Corporate Governance Code contained in Appendix 14 to the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Listing Rules") throughout the six months ended 30 June 2019.

Other Information

MODEL CODE FOR SECURITIES TRANSACTIONS BY DIRECTORS OF LISTED ISSUER

The Company has adopted a model code of conduct regarding securities transactions by directors of the Company on terms no less exacting than the required standard as set out in the Model Code as set out in Appendix 10 of the Listing Rules. Having made specific enquiry by the Company, all directors have confirmed that they have complied with the Model Code regarding directors' securities transactions throughout the accounting period covered by the interim report.

AUDIT COMMITTEE

The audit committee of the Company has reviewed the Group's interim condensed consolidated financial information for the six months ended 30 June 2019, including the accounting principles adopted by the Group, with the Company's management.

CHANGES IN INFORMATION OF DIRECTOR(S)

Pursuant to Rule 13.51B(1) of the Listing Rules, there is no other information required to be disclosed or no changes in information of director(s) of the Company subsequent to the date of the 2018 annual report of the Company.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

As at the date of this report, the board of directors of the Company comprises executive directors of Mr Cheung Shuen Lung (Chairman), Mr Zeng Gang (President), Ms Sun Min, Mr Ma Jian Bin, Ms Liao Hang and Mr Zheng Fu Shuang, and the independent non-executive directors of Mr Li Fat Chung, Ms Wong Lam Kit Yee and Mr Chan Chung Kik, Lewis.

By Order of the Board
PEKING UNIVERSITY RESOURCES (HOLDINGS) COMPANY LIMITED
Cheung Shuen Lung
Chairman

Hong Kong
27 August 2019

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