



REM Group (Holdings) Limited
全達電器集團（控股）有限公司

(incorporated in the Cayman Islands with limited liability)
Stock code : 1750



2019
INTERIM REPORT

Contents

02	Corporate Information
03	Management Discussion and Analysis
11	Corporate Governance and Other Information
17	Condensed Consolidated Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income
18	Condensed Consolidated Statement of Financial Position
19	Condensed Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity
20	Condensed Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows
21	Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements

Corporate Information

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Executive Directors

Mr. Wan Man Keung (*Chairman*)
Mr. Leung Ka Wai (*Chief Executive Officer*)

Non-Executive Director

Mrs. Kan Wan Wai Yee Mavis

Independent Non-Executive Directors

Mr. Ng Chi Keung Alex
Mr. Cheng Sum Hing
Ms. Ng Ching Ying

BOARD COMMITTEES

Audit Committee

Ms. Ng Ching Ying (*Chairlady*)
Mrs. Kan Wan Wai Yee Mavis
Mr. Cheng Sum Hing

Remuneration Committee

Mr. Ng Chi Keung Alex (*Chairman*)
Mr. Wan Man Keung
Mr. Cheng Sum Hing

Nomination Committee

Mr. Cheng Sum Hing (*Chairman*)
Mr. Wan Man Keung
Mr. Ng Chi Keung Alex

AUTHORISED REPRESENTATIVES

Mr. Leung Ka Wai
Ms. Chow Chi Ling Janice

COMPANY SECRETARY

Ms. Chow Chi Ling Janice

AUDITORS

Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu

COMPLIANCE ADVISER

Ample Capital Limited

PRINCIPAL SHARE REGISTRAR AND TRANSFER OFFICE

Estera Trust (Cayman) Limited
PO Box 1350
Clifton House
75 Fort Street
Grand Cayman
KY1-1108
Cayman Islands

HONG KONG BRANCH SHARE REGISTRAR AND TRANSFER OFFICE

Tricor Investor Services Limited
Level 54, Hopewell Centre
183 Queen's Road East
Hong Kong

REGISTERED OFFICE

PO Box 1350
Clifton House
75 Fort Street
Grand Cayman
KY1-1108
Cayman Islands

HEADQUARTERS AND PRINCIPAL OFFICE OF BUSINESS

Unit B, 5/F
Wing Sing Commercial Centre
Nos. 12-16 Wing Lok Street
Hong Kong

COMPANY WEBSITE

<http://www.rem-group.com.hk>

Management Discussion and Analysis

The board (the “Board”) of directors (the “Directors”) of REM Group (Holdings) Limited (the “Company”) is pleased to announce the unaudited condensed consolidated interim results of the Company and its subsidiaries (collectively, the “Group”) for the six months ended 30 June 2019, together with the unaudited comparative figures for the corresponding six months period in 2018.

BUSINESS REVIEW AND MARKET PROSPECT

The Group is a renowned manufacturer and supplier of low-voltage electrical power distribution and control devices in Hong Kong, Macau and the People’s Republic of China (“PRC”). The Group’s business have evidently improved during the six months ended 30 June 2019, as a result of a significant rise in revenue from the PRC market which is mainly contributed by several projects in relation to two urban complex constructions which are commercial centers comprising of a shopping mall, commercial building and service apartments in Kunming and Wuhan, respectively. On the other hand, the revenue from Hong Kong and Macau has dropped as the Group allocated more resources towards the completion of jobs in the PRC which had tighter delivery schedules. The Directors anticipated that the proportion of revenue attributed from Hong Kong and Macau will increase extensively in the latter half of the year as the Kunming and Wuhan projects will be substantially completed while no new major PRC projects are expected to be commenced for the remainder of the year 2019.

The Group had successfully secured several major projects in the PRC since its listing on the Main Board of The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the “Stock Exchange”) on 11 May 2018 (the “Listing”) and it will continue to promote its business in order to further enhance its reputation and market share in the low-voltage electrical power distribution and control devices industry in the PRC.

FINANCIAL REVIEW

Revenue

The Group’s revenue increased significantly by approximately HK\$26.2 million, or approximately 31.0%, from approximately HK\$84.7 million for the six months ended 30 June 2018 to approximately HK\$110.9 million for the six months ended 30 June 2019. Such increase was mainly attributable to a substantial rise in sales to customers based in the PRC, where the projects in relation to the urban complex constructions in Kunming and Wuhan contributed approximately HK\$15.5 million and HK\$45.8 million, respectively, towards the Group’s total revenue for the period.

Cost of Sales

The Group’s cost of sales amounted to approximately HK\$82.9 million for the six months ended 30 June 2019, representing an increase of approximately 38.6% from HK\$59.8 million for the six months ended 30 June 2018. Cost of sales mainly comprised of costs of raw materials and staff costs, which accounted for approximately 77.7% and 10.5% respectively of the Group’s total cost of sales for the six months ended 30 June 2019 (six months ended 30 June 2018: approximately 80.7% and 13.0% respectively).

FINANCIAL REVIEW *(Continued)*

Gross Profit/Gross Profit Margin

The Group's gross profit increased by approximately 12.8%, from approximately HK\$24.9 million for the six months ended 30 June 2018 to approximately HK\$28.0 million for the six months ended 30 June 2019, as a result of a rise in sales for the period. The overall gross profit margin of the Group, on the other hand, decreased by approximately 4.1% from approximately 29.4% during the six months ended 30 June 2018 to approximately 25.3% during the six months ended 30 June 2019. The decrease of gross profit margin was mainly due to (i) a decrease in the revenue of Macau sales (which generally is able to generate higher gross profit margins than for Hong Kong or PRC sales) by approximately 67.8% from approximately HK\$10.1 million to approximately HK\$3.3 million, and (ii) an increase in subcontracting fee of approximately HK\$6.1 million from approximately HK\$0.7 million to approximately HK\$6.8 million as a result of the saturated production capacity of the factories which led to the subcontracting of more manufacturing and installation works to third parties during the period.

The Group has been setting up a new factory in Dongguan during the year 2019 in order to increase the production capacity to manage the growth of sales from the PRC market while maintaining the stream of revenue from the Hong Kong and Macau market. The new factory is expected to commence production operations in the second half of the year 2019, which would reduce the subcontracting costs considerably and thereby will have a positive impact on the gross profit margin of the Group in the future.

Other income, gains and losses

The Group's other income, gains and losses decreased by approximately 147.1%, from net income of approximately HK\$0.5 million for the six months ended 30 June 2018 to a net loss of approximately HK\$0.2 million for the six months ended 30 June 2019, which was mainly attributable to a net exchange loss of approximately HK\$0.6 million being recorded during the period.

Selling and distribution expenses

The Group's selling and distribution expenses increased by approximately 18.3% from approximately HK\$4.5 million during the six months ended 30 June 2018 to approximately HK\$5.3 million during the six months ended 30 June 2019 and such increase was mainly attributable to a rise in transportation expenses of approximately HK\$0.9 million.

Administrative and other expenses

The Group's administrative and other expenses decreased by approximately HK\$3.6 million, or approximately 23.4%, from approximately HK\$15.4 million for the six months ended 30 June 2018 to approximately HK\$11.8 million for the six months ended 30 June 2019. The decrease was mainly due to the drop in listing expenses of approximately HK\$5.8 million which had been fully recognised for the period ended 30 June 2018 upon the Listing, the effect of which was partially offset by the increase in professional fee of approximately HK\$1.2 million resulting from additional legal and compliance requirements for the Group after the Listing.

Finance costs

The Group's finance costs decreased by approximately 87.7% for the six months ended 30 June 2019 as compared with approximately HK\$0.3 million for the six months ended 30 June 2018. The decrease in finance costs was due to repayment of all bank loans during the period.

FINANCIAL REVIEW *(Continued)*

Income tax expense

The Group's income tax expense increased by approximately 46.7% from approximately HK\$2.5 million for the six months ended 30 June 2018 to approximately HK\$3.7 million for the six months ended 30 June 2019. This is due to a rise in taxable profit, the effects of which is amplified as the Group's taxable profits for the period are all chargeable to enterprise income tax in the PRC, which have a much higher tax rate than the profits tax charged in Hong Kong, whereas more than half of the taxable profits for the six months ended 30 June 2018 were generated from Hong Kong.

Profit for the period attributable to the owners of the Company

Profit for the period attributable to the owners of the Company increased by approximately HK\$4.2 million or approximately 156.7% from approximately HK\$2.7 million during the six months ended 30 June 2018 to approximately HK\$6.9 million during the six months ended 30 June 2019. Such increase was mainly due to the combined effects of (i) a rise in gross profits of approximately HK\$3.2 million, (ii) a drop in administrative and other expenses of approximately HK\$3.6 million, and (iii) an increase in profits tax of approximately HK\$1.2 million.

LIQUIDITY, FINANCIAL RESOURCES AND CAPITAL STRUCTURE

The Group has financed its operations primarily through cash inflows from operating activities and bank borrowings, as well as proceeds received from the Listing. As at 30 June 2019, the Group had cash and cash equivalents of approximately HK\$79.0 million (31 December 2018: approximately HK\$90.5 million) and had no bank borrowings (31 December 2018: approximately HK\$0.3 million).

As at 30 June 2019, the working capital (current assets less current liabilities) and total equity attributable to owners of the Group were approximately HK\$157.9 million (31 December 2018: approximately HK\$163.4 million) and approximately HK\$202.5 million (31 December 2018: approximately HK\$196.6 million).

Gearing ratio (total debt including amount due to a Director and bank loans/total equity) as at 30 June 2019 was nil (31 December 2018: approximately 0.1%) as the Group had repaid all bank borrowings during the six months ended 30 June 2019.

CURRENCY RISK

The Group has minimal exposure to foreign currency risk as most of its business transactions and assets and liabilities are principally denominated in the functional currencies of the relevant group entities. As such, the Group currently does not have any foreign currency hedging policy in respect of foreign currency transactions and assets and liabilities as the Group's risk in foreign exchange is insignificant. However, the Group will continue to monitor closely its exposure to currency movement and take proactive measures.

INTEREST RATE RISK

The Group is exposed to interest rate risk through the impact of rate changes on interest bearing financial assets and liabilities, mainly interest-bearing bank balances at variable interest rates. The interest rates of these bank deposits are determined by reference to the respective bank offer rate. The Group currently does not have an interest rate hedging policy. However, the management of the Group will consider hedging significant interest rate risk should the need arise.

SIGNIFICANT INVESTMENTS HELD, MATERIAL ACQUISITION OR DISPOSALS

There were no significant investments held, nor any material acquisitions or disposals during the six months ended 30 June 2019.

PLEDGE OF ASSETS

As at 30 June 2019, the Group's banking facilities were secured by corporate guarantees provided by the Company for unlimited amounts, which remains unchanged from 31 December 2018.

FUTURE PLAN FOR MATERIAL INVESTMENT AND CAPITAL ASSETS

Save as disclosed in this interim report and in the prospectus of the Company dated 27 April 2018 (the "Prospectus"), the Group does not have other plans for material investments and capital assets for the six months ended 30 June 2019 and up to the date of this interim report.

CAPITAL COMMITMENTS

The Group had no material capital commitments as at 30 June 2019 (31 December 2018: nil).

CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

The Group had no material contingent liabilities as at 30 June 2019 (31 December 2018: nil).

EVENTS AFTER THE REPORTING PERIOD

There have been no other material events occurring after the reporting period and up to the date of this interim report.

INTERIM DIVIDEND

The Board does not recommend the payment of an interim dividend to shareholders of the Company (the "Shareholders") for the six months ended 30 June 2019 (six months ended 30 June 2018: nil).

EMPLOYEES AND REMUNERATION POLICY

The Group had 243 full-time employees as at 30 June 2019 (31 December 2018: 225), among which 47 and 196 were stationed in Hong Kong and the PRC, respectively. Most of the Group's employees were factory workers in the PRC. The total staff costs (including fees, salaries and other allowance, and retirement benefit scheme contributions) for the six months ended 30 June 2019 were approximately HK\$14.8 million (six months ended 30 June 2018: approximately HK\$13.6 million). The remuneration policy and package of the Group's employees were periodically reviewed. Apart from retirement benefit scheme contributions, salaries increment and discretionary bonuses may be awarded to employees according to the assessment of individual performance. The remuneration policy in place as at 30 June 2019 was in line with the current legislation in the relevant jurisdictions, market conditions and performance of the staff and the Group.

USE OF PROCEEDS FROM THE LISTING

The shares of the Company (the “Shares”) have been listed on the Stock Exchange since 11 May 2018 (the “Listing Date”). Net proceeds from the Listing were approximately HK\$75.0 million (after deducting the underwriting commission and other listing expenses in connection to the Listing). Subsequent to the Listing, these proceeds will be used for the purposes in accordance with the future plans as disclosed in the Prospectus and as set out below:

Description	As disclosed in Prospectus (HK\$ million) (Note)	Percentage of net proceeds	Net proceeds from the Listing (HK\$ million)	Actual usage up to 30 June 2019 (HK\$ million)	Balance as at 30 June 2019 (HK\$ million)
Acquisition of a factory in the PRC (“New Factory”)	70.1	78.2%	58.6	2.7	55.9
Acquisition of machineries and equipment for the Dongguan Factory	15.9	17.7%	13.3	1.0	12.3
General working capital	3.7	4.1%	3.1	3.1	–
Total	89.7	100%	75.0	6.8	68.2

Note:

As set out in the Prospectus, approximately HK\$56.0 million will be utilised during the six months ended 31 December 2018, approximately HK\$25.7 million will be utilised during the six months ending 30 June 2019 and approximately HK\$4.3 million will be utilised during the six months ending 30 June 2020.

USE OF PROCEEDS FROM THE LISTING *(Continued)*

Comparison of business objectives with actual business progress and use of proceeds

As at 30 June 2019, there had not yet been any material business progress in respect of business objectives set out in the Prospectus. The unutilised proceeds of approximately HK\$68.2 million were placed with a licensed bank in Hong Kong.

Implementation plans as disclosed in the Prospectus	Scheduled activities for the period from 18 April 2018 to 30 June 2019 as disclosed in the Prospectus	Actual activities achieved for the period from 18 April 2018 to 30 June 2019
To acquire a factory in the Guangdong Province, the PRC	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - To search the suitable site for the New Factory - If applicable, to confirm the acquisition of the New Factory and commence the refurbishment - To complete the refurbishment - To acquire, install and perform testing of the first lot of machines and equipment - To commence the relocation of the existing factory in Guangzhou to the New Factory 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Contacted property agents to source for suitable factories for sale-principally about 11,000 sq.m. for industrial use in the Humen Town, Dongguan City, Guangdong Province, the PRC, which is to be located closer to the Dongguan factory - From the Listing Date up to 30 June 2019, the factories available were beyond the Group's budget and no suitable sites were available to be shortlisted - Explored other options, which resulted in the rental of a temporary factory in Humen Town for a term of 2 years - Entered into a consultancy services agreement for the design and the technical know-how of a new production line and busbar management system for the automatic assembling and installation of low-voltage switchboards to be stationed at the leased Humen Town factory, the layout and set up of the factory to accommodate for this new production line and the automation on copper storage, and the related training to be provided to the staff - Completed the drawings for the floorplan based on the advice from the consultant and commenced the refurbishment work on the temporary factory - Signed sales agreement to purchase the machines and equipment as advised by the consultant to build up the new production line and busbar management system for the automatic assembling and installation of low-voltage switchboards

USE OF PROCEEDS FROM THE LISTING *(Continued)*

Comparison of business objectives with actual business progress and use of proceeds *(Continued)*

Implementation plans as disclosed in the Prospectus	Scheduled activities for the period from 18 April 2018 to 30 June 2019 as disclosed in the Prospectus	Actual activities achieved for the period from 18 April 2018 to 30 June 2019
To acquire and replace machines and equipment in the Dongguan factory	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - To seek quotations of the machines and equipment to be acquired - To acquire and install the machines and equipment - To complete the installation, perform testing of the machines and equipment and commence production using the new machines and equipment 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Considered and enquired as to the different models of machines and equipment which are cheaper alternatives - Physically observed the functioning of the machines at site to consider the benefits, shortcomings and suitability of the targeted machines to the Dongguan factory for comparison with other alternatives - Decided on the models and obtained quotations from suppliers for a majority of the planned acquisitions - The new component of the machines and equipment to be acquired will serve the same purpose of enhancing the productivity but will lower the total investment cost and depreciation charge for the Dongguan factory - Completed the drawings for the floorplan for relocation of existing machineries and fitting of the new machineries and equipment and scheduled a new timeline for the acquisition of the new machineries and equipment and the relevant renovation works to the Dongguan factory - The new components of the machines and equipment will be gradually acquired and put into use in several stages so as to minimise the disruption to production of the Dongguan factory which is already operating near full capacity - Signed sales agreement to purchase part of the new components of the machines and equipment

USE OF PROCEEDS FROM THE LISTING *(Continued)*

Comparison of business objectives with actual business progress and use of proceeds *(Continued)*

Subsequent to the Listing, the Group has made a number of attempts to search for suitable factories for sale in the Humen Town for setting up a new factory. However, the level of prices of the available factories in Humen Town were continuously rising. In view of this, the Directors have started searching for suitable factories in other areas nearby the Group's existing Dongguan factory starting from 2019. Since the Directors expect that the Group may not be able to locate an appropriate factory unit in the immediate future. Alternatively, the Group had leased a factory in Humen Town first to cope with the job orders which the Group have secured after the Listing and also to further expand the Group's market share in the PRC so as to benefit from the growing low-voltage electrical power distribution and control devices market in the PRC. In the meantime, the Group would continue to search for suitable factories with reasonable price in Humen Town and elsewhere within the Guangdong Province.

The amounts of the proceeds actually used up as at the date of this interim report is as follows:

Description	Planned use of proceeds up to 30 June 2019 as disclosed in Prospectus (HK\$ million)	Actual usage up to the date of this interim report (HK\$ million)
Acquisition of a factory in the PRC:		
– Consideration of the New Factory and the related commission, deed tax, stamp duty and professional fees	37.4	–
– Acquisition of machineries and equipment	17.6	1.6
– Rental of temporary factory in Humen Town pending for acquisition of the New Factory and the related renovation and relocation expenses	–	0.5
– Consultancy fee for the design and the technical know-how of a new production line and busbar management system for the manufacturing of low-voltage switchboards	–	1.0
Acquisition of machineries and equipment for the Dongguan factory	13.3	1.4
Total	68.3	4.5

At the date of this interim report, the Directors do not anticipate any changes to the principal plan as to the use of proceeds.

Corporate Governance and Other Information

PURCHASE, SALE OR REDEMPTION OF THE COMPANY'S LISTED SECURITIES

During the six months ended 30 June 2019, neither the Company nor any of its subsidiaries had purchased, sold or redeemed any of the Company's listed securities.

MODEL CODE FOR SECURITIES TRANSACTIONS BY DIRECTORS

The Company has adopted the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Issuers (the "Model Code") as set out in Appendix 10 to the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on the Stock Exchange (the "Listing Rules") as its code of conduct regarding Directors' securities transactions. Specific enquires have been made to all Directors and the Directors have confirmed that they have complied with the required standard of dealings as set out in the Model Code throughout the six months ended 30 June 2019.

COMPLIANCE WITH THE CORPORATE GOVERNANCE CODE

It is the belief of the Board that good corporate governance plays a vital part in maintaining the success of the Company. The Group is committed to maintaining high standards of corporate governance to safeguard the interests of the Shareholders and to enhance corporate value accountability. The Company has complied with all the applicable code provisions of the Corporate Governance Code (the "CG Code") as set out in Appendix 14 to the Listing Rules throughout the six months ended 30 June 2019. The Company will continue to review the current corporate governance structure from time to time and shall make necessary changes when appropriate and report to Shareholders accordingly.

DIRECTORS' AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE'S INTERESTS AND SHORT POSITIONS IN SHARES, UNDERLYING SHARES AND DEBENTURES OF THE COMPANY AND ITS ASSOCIATED CORPORATIONS

As at 30 June 2019, the interests or short positions of the Directors or chief executives of the Company in the Shares, underlying Shares and debentures of the Company or its associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the Securities and Futures Ordinance ("SFO")) as recorded in the register required to be kept under section 352 of SFO, or as otherwise notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to the Model Code were as follows:

Long positions in the ordinary Shares

Name of Directors	Capacity/Nature of Interests	Total number of Shares and underlying Shares held (Note 1)	Approximate percentage of issued share capital
Mr. Leung Ka Wai ("Mr. KW Leung")	Interest held jointly with others; interest in a controlled corporation (Note 2)	1,350,000,000 (L)	75%
Mr. Wan Man Keung ("Mr. MK Wan")	Beneficiary and settlor of the WAN Union Trust; interest held jointly with others; interest in a controlled corporation (Note 2)	1,350,000,000 (L)	75%

DIRECTORS' AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE'S INTERESTS AND SHORT POSITIONS IN SHARES, UNDERLYING SHARES AND DEBENTURES OF THE COMPANY AND ITS ASSOCIATED CORPORATIONS *(Continued)*

Long positions in the ordinary Shares *(Continued)*

Notes:

1. The letter "L" denotes a person's "long position" (as defined under Part XV of the SFO) in such Shares.
2. Unique Best Limited ("Unique Best") is owned by WANs Limited, REM Enterprises Limited ("REM Enterprises") and REM Limited as to 85.14%, 13.33% and 1.53%, respectively. WANs Limited is wholly owned by WAN Union Limited ("WAN Union") (as trustee of the WAN Union Trust), while REM Enterprises is wholly owned by Mr. KW Leung and REM Limited is wholly owned by Mr. Yu Chi Kwan ("Mr. CK Yu"). The WAN Union Trust is a discretionary family trust established by Mr. MK Wan, Mr. Wun Chi Wai ("Mr. CW Wun") and Mr. Wun Chi Keung ("Mr. CK Wun") as settlors and WAN Union as trustee which holds the entire interest in WANs Limited on trust for the benefits of Mr. MK Wan, Mr. CW Wun and Mr. CK Wun, and their immediate family members. By virtue of the SFO, Mr. MK Wan and Mr. CW Wun, being the settlors and beneficiaries, and WAN Union, being the trustee, are deemed to be interested in the Shares in which WANs Limited is interested. Mr. MK Wan and Mr. CW Wun retain the control of the WAN Union Trust given the board of directors of WAN Union comprises solely Mr. MK Wan, Mr. CW Wun and Ms. Wun Tsz Ying (the daughter of Mr. CK Wun who was nominated by Mr. CK Wun). Further, Mr. MK Wan, Mr. CW Wun and Mr. KW Leung have confirmed that they are parties acting in concert and are therefore deemed to be interested in the Shares held by the others. Hence, Mr. MK Wan, Mr. CW Wun, Mr. KW Leung, WAN Union, WANs Limited and REM Enterprises are deemed to be interested in all the Shares held by Unique Best.

DIRECTORS' AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE'S INTERESTS AND SHORT POSITIONS IN SHARES, UNDERLYING SHARES AND DEBENTURES OF THE COMPANY AND ITS ASSOCIATED CORPORATIONS *(Continued)*

Long positions in the ordinary shares of associated corporations of the Company

Name of Directors	Capacity/Nature of Interests	Name of associated corporations	Total number of shares held (Note 1)	Approximate percentage of issued share capital
Mr. KW Leung	Interest held jointly with others; interest in a controlled corporation (Note 2)	Unique Best	20,000 (L)	100%
	Interest held jointly with others (Note 2)	WANs Limited	10,000 (L)	100%
	Beneficial owner (Note 2)	REM Enterprises	1 (L)	100%
Mr. MK Wan	Beneficiary and settlor of the WAN Union Trust; interest held jointly with others; interest in a controlled corporation (Note 2)	Unique Best	20,000 (L)	100%
	Beneficiary and settlor of the WAN Union Trust; interest held jointly with others (Note 2)	WANs Limited	10,000 (L)	100%
	Interest held jointly with others (Note 2)	REM Enterprises	1 (L)	100%

Notes:

- The letter "L" denotes a person's "long position" (as defined under Part XV of the SFO) in such shares.
- Unique Best is owned by WANs Limited, REM Enterprises and REM Limited as to 85.14%, 13.33% and 1.53%, respectively. WANs Limited is wholly owned by WAN Union (as trustee of the WAN Union Trust), while REM Enterprises is wholly owned by Mr. KW Leung and REM Limited is wholly owned by Mr. CK Yu. The WAN Union Trust is a discretionary family trust established by Mr. MK Wan, Mr. CW Wun and Mr. CK Wun as settlors and WAN Union as trustee which holds the entire interest in WANs Limited on trust for the benefits of Mr. MK Wan, Mr. CW Wun and Mr. CK Wun, and their immediate family members. By virtue of the SFO, Mr. MK Wan and Mr. CW Wun, being the settlors and beneficiaries, and WAN Union, being the trustee, are deemed to be interested in the Shares in which WANs Limited is interested. Mr. MK Wan and Mr. CW Wun retain the control of the WAN Union Trust given the board of directors of WAN Union comprises solely Mr. MK Wan, Mr. CW Wun and Ms. Wun Tsz Ying (the daughter of Mr. CK Wun who was nominated by Mr. CK Wun). Further, Mr. MK Wan, Mr. CW Wun and Mr. KW Leung have confirmed that they are parties acting in concert and are therefore deemed to be interested in the Shares held by the others. Hence, Mr. MK Wan, Mr. CW Wun, Mr. KW Leung, WAN Union, WANs Limited and REM Enterprises are deemed to be interested in all the Shares held by Unique Best.

DIRECTORS' AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE'S INTERESTS AND SHORT POSITIONS IN SHARES, UNDERLYING SHARES AND DEBENTURES OF THE COMPANY AND ITS ASSOCIATED CORPORATIONS *(Continued)*

Save as disclosed above, as at 30 June 2019, none of the Directors and chief executive of the Company had or was deemed to have any interests or short positions in the Shares, underlying Shares or debentures of the Company or its associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the SFO) as recorded in the register required to be kept under section 352 of the SFO, or as otherwise notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to the Model Code.

SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDERS' INTERESTS AND SHORT POSITIONS IN SHARES AND UNDERLYING SHARES

As at 30 June 2019, to the best knowledge of the Directors, the interests or short positions of the persons, other than the Directors or chief executive of the Company as disclosed above, in the Shares or underlying Shares as recorded in the register required to be kept by the Company under section 336 of the SFO were as follows:

Long positions in the Shares

Name of Shareholders	Capacity/Nature of Interests	Total number of Shares and underlying Shares held (Note 1)	Approximate percentage of issued share capital
Unique Best	Beneficial owner (Note 2)	1,350,000,000 (L)	75%
WANs Limited	Interest held jointly with others; interest in a controlled corporation (Note 2)	1,350,000,000 (L)	75%
REM Enterprises	Interest held jointly with others; interest in a controlled corporation (Note 2)	1,350,000,000 (L)	75%
WAN Union	Interest held jointly with others; interest in a controlled corporation (Note 2)	1,350,000,000 (L)	75%
Mr. CW Wun	Beneficiary and settlor of the WAN Union Trust; interest held jointly with others; interest in a controlled corporation (Note 2)	1,350,000,000 (L)	75%
Ms. Lam Yin	Interest of spouse (Note 3)	1,350,000,000 (L)	75%
Ms. Emi Que	Interest of spouse (Note 4)	1,350,000,000 (L)	75%
Ms. Huang Xiao Ying	Interest of spouse (Note 5)	1,350,000,000 (L)	75%

SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDERS' INTERESTS AND SHORT POSITIONS IN SHARES AND UNDERLYING SHARES *(Continued)*

Long positions in the Shares *(Continued)*

Notes:

1. The letter "L" denotes a person's "long position" (as defined under Part XV of the SFO) in such Shares.
2. Unique Best is owned by WANS Limited, REM Enterprises and REM Limited as to 85.14%, 13.33% and 1.53%, respectively. WANS Limited is wholly owned by WAN Union (as trustee of the WAN Union Trust), while REM Enterprises is wholly owned by Mr. KW Leung and REM Limited is wholly owned by Mr. CK Yu. The WAN Union Trust is a discretionary family trust established by Mr. MK Wan, Mr. CW Wun and Mr. CK Wun as settlors and WAN Union as trustee which holds the entire interest in WANS Limited on trust for the benefits of Mr. MK Wan, Mr. CW Wun and Mr. CK Wun, and their immediate family members. By virtue of the SFO, Mr. MK Wan and Mr. CW Wun, being the settlors and beneficiaries, and WAN Union, being the trustee, are deemed to be interested in the Shares in which WANS Limited is interested. Mr. MK Wan and Mr. CW Wun retain the control of the WAN Union Trust given the board of directors of WAN Union comprises solely Mr. MK Wan, Mr. CW Wun and Ms. Wun Tsz Ying (the daughter of Mr. CK Wun who was nominated by Mr. CK Wun). Further, Mr. MK Wan, Mr. CW Wun and Mr. KW Leung have confirmed that they are parties acting in concert and are therefore deemed to be interested in the Shares held by the others. Hence, Mr. MK Wan, Mr. CW Wun, Mr. KW Leung, WAN Union, WANS Limited and REM Enterprises are deemed to be interested in all the Shares held by Unique Best.
3. Ms. Lam Yin is the wife of Mr. MK Wan and is deemed to be interested in the Shares which are interested by Mr. MK Wan under the SFO.
4. Ms. Emi Que is the wife of Mr. CW Wun and is deemed to be interested in the Shares which are interested by Mr. CW Wun under the SFO.
5. Ms. Huang Xiao Ying is the wife of Mr. KW Leung and is deemed to be interested in the Shares which are interested by Mr. KW Leung under the SFO.

Save as disclosed herein, as at 30 June 2019, the Directors were not aware of any person (other than the Directors and chief executive of the Company) who had an interest and short position in Shares or underlying Shares as recorded in the register required to be kept by the Company under section 336 of the SFO.

DIRECTORS' INTERESTS IN COMPETING BUSINESS

During the six months ended 30 June 2019 and up to the date of this interim report, none of the Directors or their respective associates (as defined in the Listing Rules) had any interest in any business which were in competition or were likely to compete, either directly or indirectly with the Group's business which needs to be disclosed pursuant to Rule 8.10 of the Listing Rules.

SHARE OPTION SCHEME

The Company has adopted a share option scheme on 23 April 2018 (the "Share Option Scheme") as incentive or reward for contributions that the eligible participants have made or may make to the Group. The principal terms of the Share Option Scheme are summarised in the paragraph headed "Statutory and General Information – D. Share Option Scheme" in Appendix V to the Prospectus.

There were no share options outstanding under the Share Option Scheme nor were any share options granted, agreed to be granted, exercised, cancelled or lapsed under the Share Option Scheme since its adoption and up to the date of this interim report.

CHANGES IN DIRECTORS' AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE'S INFORMATION

Pursuant to rule 13.51B(1) of the Listing Rules, there are no changes in information of the Directors and the Company's chief executive during the six months ended 30 June 2019.

REVIEW BY AUDIT COMMITTEE

The Company established an audit committee (the "Audit Committee") with written terms of reference in compliance with rule 3.21 of the Listing Rules. The primary duties of the Audit Committee are, among other things, to review and supervise the financial reporting process, risk management and internal control system of the Group, oversee the audit process and select external auditors and assess their independence and qualifications. The Audit Committee consists of two independent non-executive Directors being Ms. Ng Ching Ying and Mr. Cheng Sum Hing, and one non-executive Director being Mrs. Kan Wan Wai Yee Mavis. The Audit Committee is chaired by Ms. Ng Ching Ying.

The Audit Committee has reviewed the unaudited consolidated interim results and the interim report of the Company for the six months ended 30 June 2019 and agreed to the accounting principles and practices adopted by the Company.

Condensed Consolidated Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income

For the six months ended 30 June 2019

	Notes	Six months ended 30 June	
		2019 HK\$'000 (unaudited)	2018 HK\$'000 (unaudited)
Revenue	3	110,946	84,698
Cost of sales		(82,917)	(59,839)
Gross profit		28,029	24,859
Other income, gains and losses	4	(219)	465
Selling and distribution expenses		(5,295)	(4,476)
Net impairment loss recognised on trade receivables and contract assets		(173)	–
Administrative and other expenses		(11,768)	(15,358)
Finance costs	5	(38)	(309)
Profit before taxation		10,536	5,181
Income tax expense	6	(3,686)	(2,512)
Profit for the period	7	6,850	2,669
Other comprehensive expense for the period:			
<i>Item that may be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss:</i>			
– Exchange differences arising on translation of foreign operations		(952)	(714)
Total comprehensive income for the period		5,898	1,955
Earnings per share			
– Basic	9	0.38 HK cents	0.17 HK cents

Condensed Consolidated Statement of Financial Position

At 30 June 2019

	Notes	30 June 2019 HK\$'000 (unaudited)	31 December 2018 HK\$'000 (audited)
Non-current assets			
Property, plant and equipment	10	21,555	19,888
Right-of-use assets	10	4,751	–
Prepaid lease payments		–	2,829
Rental deposits		258	125
Contract assets	11	19,993	11,569
		46,557	34,411
Current assets			
Inventories		38,529	27,011
Contract assets	11	15,582	10,776
Trade and other receivables	12	84,008	80,997
Prepaid lease payments		–	77
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss		503	449
Amounts due from directors		18	18
Short-term bank deposits with original maturity more than three months		4,854	8,580
Bank balances and cash		79,045	90,541
		222,539	218,449
Current liabilities			
Trade and other payables	13	55,251	49,867
Contract liabilities		1,636	1,397
Lease liabilities		876	–
Amount due to a director		–	3
Tax payable		6,882	3,516
Bank loan	14	–	271
		64,645	55,054
Net current assets		157,894	163,395
Total assets less current liabilities		204,451	197,806
Non-current liabilities			
Lease liabilities		1,213	–
Provision for long service payments		718	736
Deferred tax liabilities		–	448
		1,931	1,184
Net assets		202,520	196,622
Capital and reserves			
Share capital	15	18,000	18,000
Share premium and reserves		184,520	178,622
Total equity		202,520	196,622

Condensed Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity

For the six months ended 30 June 2019

	Share capital HK\$'000	Share premium HK\$'000	Capital reserve HK\$'000 (Note)	Translation reserve HK\$'000	Retained profits HK\$'000	Total HK\$'000
At 1 January 2018 (audited)	–	81,578	(80,018)	7,249	88,120	96,929
Profit for the period	–	–	–	–	2,669	2,669
Other comprehensive expense for the period	–	–	–	(714)	–	(714)
Total comprehensive (expense) income for the period	–	–	–	(714)	2,669	1,955
Capitalisation issue (Note 15)	14,400	(14,400)	–	–	–	–
Issue of shares (Note 15)	3,600	104,400	–	–	–	108,000
Expenses incurred in connection with issue of shares	–	(13,910)	–	–	–	(13,910)
At 30 June 2018 (unaudited)	18,000	157,668	(80,018)	6,535	90,789	192,974
At 1 January 2019 (audited)	18,000	157,668	(80,018)	2,695	98,277	196,622
Profit for the period	–	–	–	–	6,850	6,850
Other comprehensive expense for the period	–	–	–	(952)	–	(952)
Total comprehensive (expense) income for the period	–	–	–	(952)	6,850	5,898
At 30 June 2019 (unaudited)	18,000	157,668	(80,018)	1,743	105,127	202,520

Note:

The capital reserve represents the difference between the net assets value of REM Capital Limited (“REM Capital”) at the date of which it was acquired by the Company and the share capital of REM Capital pursuant to group reorganisation.

Condensed Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows

For the six months ended 30 June 2019

	Six months ended 30 June	
	2019 HK\$'000 (unaudited)	2018 HK\$'000 (unaudited)
Net cash used in operating activities	(11,672)	(27,668)
Investing activities		
Withdrawal of short-term bank deposits with original maturity more than three months	6,061	–
Interest received	232	42
Purchase of property, plant and equipment	(2,910)	(301)
Placement of short-term bank deposits with original maturity more than three months	(2,335)	–
Repayments from directors	–	4,171
Advances to directors	–	(2,186)
Repayments from related parties	–	287
Net cash from investing activities	1,048	2,013
Financing activities		
Repayments of bank loan	(271)	(2,113)
Repayment of lease liabilities	(256)	–
Interest paid	(38)	(309)
Repayment to a director	(3)	(970)
Proceeds from issue of shares	–	108,000
New bank loans raised	–	15,000
Expenses incurred in connection with issue of shares	–	(13,910)
Repayments to related parties	–	(8,987)
Net cash (used in) from financing activities	(568)	96,711
Net (decrease) increase in cash and cash equivalents	(11,192)	71,056
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of period	90,541	42,962
Effect of foreign exchange rate changes	(304)	(321)
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of period, represented by banks balances and cash	79,045	113,697

Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements

For the six months ended 30 June 2019

1. GENERAL AND BASIS OF PREPARATION

The Company was incorporated and registered as an exempted company with limited liability on 15 March 2017 under the Companies Law of the Cayman Islands and its shares were listed on the Stock Exchange on 11 May 2018. The address of the Company's registered office and the principal place of business are PO Box 1350, Clifton House, 75 Fort Street, Grand Cayman, KY1-1108, Cayman Islands and Unit B, 5th Floor, Wing Sing Commercial Centre, Nos. 12–16 Wing Lok Street, Hong Kong, respectively. The Company's immediate and ultimate holding company are Unique Best Limited and WAN Union Limited, respectively, which were companies incorporated in the British Virgin Islands.

The principal activity of the Company is investment holding and its subsidiaries are primarily engaged in sales and manufacturing of low-voltage electrical power distribution and control devices.

The condensed consolidated financial statements for the six months ended 30 June 2019 have been prepared in accordance with Hong Kong Accounting Standard 34 ("HKAS 34") "Interim Financial Reporting" issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants ("HKICPA") as well as with the applicable disclosure requirements of Appendix 16 to the Listing Rules.

The condensed consolidated financial statements are presented in Hong Kong dollars ("HK\$"), which is also the functional currency of the Company.

2. PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The condensed consolidated financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis except for certain financial instruments, which are measured at fair values.

Other than changes in accounting policies resulting from application of new and amendments to Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards ("HKFRSs"), the accounting policies and methods of computation used in the condensed consolidated financial statements for the six months ended 30 June 2019 are the same as those presented in the Group's annual financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2018.

Application of new and amendments to HKFRSs

In the current interim period, the Group has applied, for the first time, the following new and amendments to HKFRSs issued by the HKICPA which are mandatory effective for the annual period beginning on or after 1 January 2019 for the preparation of the Group's condensed consolidated financial statements:

HKFRS 16	Leases
HK(IFRIC) – Int 23	Uncertainty over Income Tax Treatments
Amendments to HKFRS 9	Prepayment Features with Negative Compensation
Amendments to HKAS 19	Plan Amendment, Curtailment or Settlement
Amendments to HKAS 28	Long-term Interests in Associates and Joint Ventures
Amendments to HKFRSs	Annual Improvements to HKFRSs 2015–2017 Cycle

Except as described below, the application of the new and amendments to HKFRSs in the current period has had no material impact on the Group's financial positions and performance for the current and prior periods and/or on the disclosures set out in these condensed consolidated financial statements.

Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements

For the six months ended 30 June 2019

2. PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES *(Continued)*

Application of new and amendments to HKFRSs *(Continued)*

2.1 *Impacts and changes in accounting policies of application on HKFRS 16 "Leases"*

The Group has applied HKFRS 16 for the first time in the current interim period. HKFRS 16 superseded HKAS 17 "Leases", and the related interpretations.

2.1.1 Key changes in accounting policies resulting from application of HKFRS 16

The Group applied the following accounting policies in accordance with the transition provisions of HKFRS 16.

Definition of a lease

A contract is, or contains, a lease if the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration.

For contracts entered into or modified on or after the date of initial application, the Group assesses whether a contract is or contains a lease based on the definition under HKFRS 16 at inception or modification date. Such contract will not be reassessed unless the terms and conditions of the contract are subsequently changed.

As a lessee

Short-term leases

The Group applies the short-term lease recognition exemption to leases of workshop that have a lease term of 12 months or less from the commencement date. Lease payments on short-term leases are recognised as expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

Right-of-use assets

Except for short-term leases, the Group recognises right-of-use assets at the commencement date of the lease (i.e. the date the underlying asset is available for use). Right-of-use assets are measured at cost, less any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses, and adjusted for any remeasurement of lease liabilities.

Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements

For the six months ended 30 June 2019

2. PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES *(Continued)*

Application of new and amendments to HKFRSs *(Continued)*

2.1 *Impacts and changes in accounting policies of application on HKFRS 16 "Leases" (Continued)*

2.1.1 Key changes in accounting policies resulting from application of HKFRS 16 *(Continued)*

As a lessee (Continued)

Right-of-use assets *(Continued)*

The cost of right-of-use asset includes:

- the amount of the initial measurement of the lease liability;
- any lease payments made at or before the commencement date, less any lease incentives received;
- any initial direct costs incurred by the Group; and
- an estimate of costs to be incurred by the Group in dismantling and removing the underlying assets, restoring the site on which it is located or restoring the underlying asset to the condition required by the terms and conditions of the lease.

Right-of-use assets in which the Group is reasonably certain to obtain ownership of the underlying leased assets at the end of the lease term is depreciated from commencement date to the end of the useful life. Otherwise, right-of-use assets are depreciated on a straight-line basis over the shorter of its estimated useful life and the lease term.

The Group presents right-of-use assets as a separate line item on the condensed consolidated statement of financial position.

Leasehold land and building

For payments of a property interest which includes both leasehold land and building elements, the entire property is presented as property, plant and equipment of the Group when the payments cannot be allocated reliably between the leasehold land and building elements.

Refundable rental deposits

Refundable rental deposits paid are accounted under HKFRS 9 "Financial Instruments" and initially measured at fair value. Adjustments to fair value at initial recognition are considered as additional lease payments and included in the cost of right-of-use assets.

Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements

For the six months ended 30 June 2019

2. PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES *(Continued)*

Application of new and amendments to HKFRSs *(Continued)*

2.1 *Impacts and changes in accounting policies of application on HKFRS 16 "Leases" (Continued)*

2.1.1 Key changes in accounting policies resulting from application of HKFRS 16 *(Continued)*

As a lessee (Continued)

Lease liabilities

At the commencement date of a lease, the Group recognises and measures the lease liability at the present value of lease payments that are unpaid at that date. In calculating the present value of lease payments, the Group uses the incremental borrowing rate at the lease commencement date if the interest rate implicit in the lease is not readily determinable.

The lease payments include:

- fixed payments (including in-substance fixed payments) less any lease incentives receivable;
- variable lease payments that depend on an index or a rate;
- amounts expected to be paid under residual value guarantees;
- the exercise price of a purchase option reasonably certain to be exercised by the Group; and
- payments of penalties for terminating a lease, if the lease term reflects the Group exercising the option to terminate.

After the commencement date, lease liabilities are adjusted by interest accretion and lease payments.

The Group remeasures lease liabilities (and makes a corresponding adjustment to the related right-of-use assets) whenever:

- the lease term has changed or there is a change in the assessment of exercise of a purchase option, in which case the related lease liability is remeasured by discounting the revised lease payments using a revised discount rate at the date of reassessment.
- the lease payments change due to changes in market rental rates following a market rent review in which cases the related lease liability is remeasured by discounting the revised lease payments using the initial discount rate.

Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements

For the six months ended 30 June 2019

2. PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Application of new and amendments to HKFRSs (Continued)

2.1 Impacts and changes in accounting policies of application on HKFRS 16 "Leases" (Continued)

2.1.1 Key changes in accounting policies resulting from application of HKFRS 16 (Continued)

As a lessee (Continued)

Lease modifications

The Group accounts for a lease modification as a separate lease if:

- the modification increases the scope of the lease by adding the right to use one or more underlying assets; and
- the consideration for the leases increases by an amount commensurate with the stand-alone price for the increase in scope and any appropriate adjustments to that stand-alone price to reflect the circumstances of the particular contract.

For a lease modification that is not accounted for as a separate lease, the Group remeasures the lease liability based on the lease term of the modified lease by discounting the revised lease payments using a revised discount rate at the effective date of the modification.

Taxation

For the purposes of measuring deferred tax for leasing transactions in which the Group recognises the right-of-use assets and the related lease liabilities, the Group first determines whether the tax deductions are attributable to the right-of-use assets or the lease liabilities.

For leasing transactions in which the tax deductions are attributable to the lease liabilities, the Group applies HKAS 12 "Income Taxes" requirements to right-of-use assets and lease liabilities separately. Temporary differences relating to right-of-use assets and lease liabilities are not recognised at initial recognition and over the lease terms due to application of the initial recognition exemption.

2.1.2 Transition and summary of effects arising from initial application of HKFRS 16

Definition of a lease

The Group has elected the practical expedient to apply HKFRS 16 to contracts that were previously identified as leases applying HKAS 17 and HK(IFRIC) – Int 4 "Determining whether an Arrangement contains a Lease" and not apply this standard to contracts that were not previously identified as containing a lease. Therefore, the Group has not reassessed contracts which already existed prior to the date of initial application.

For contracts entered into or modified on or after 1 January 2019, the Group applies the definition of a lease in accordance with the requirements set out in HKFRS 16 in assessing whether a contract contains a lease.

Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements

For the six months ended 30 June 2019

2. PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES *(Continued)*

Application of new and amendments to HKFRSs *(Continued)*

2.1 *Impacts and changes in accounting policies of application on HKFRS 16 "Leases" (Continued)*

2.1.2 Transition and summary of effects arising from initial application of HKFRS 16 *(Continued)*

As a lessee

The Group has applied HKFRS 16 retrospectively with the cumulative effect recognised at the date of initial application, 1 January 2019. Any difference at the date of initial application is recognised in the opening retained profits and comparative information has not been restated.

When applying the modified retrospective approach under HKFRS 16 at transition, the Group applied the following practical expedients to leases previously classified as operating leases under HKAS 17, on lease-by-lease basis, to the extent relevant to the respective lease contracts:

- i. elected not to recognise right-of-use assets and lease liabilities for leases with lease term ends within 12 months of the date of initial application; and
- ii. excluded initial direct costs from measuring the right-of-use assets at the date of initial application.

On transition, the Group has made the following adjustments upon application of HKFRS 16:

As at 1 January 2019, the Group recognised additional lease liabilities and right-of-use assets at amounts equal to the related lease liabilities adjusted by prepaid lease payments by applying HKFRS 16.C8(b)(ii) transaction.

When recognising the lease liabilities for leases previously classified as operating leases, the Group has applied incremental borrowing rates of the relevant group entities at the date of initial application. The weighted average incremental borrowing rate applied by the relevant group entities ranged from 4.36% to 4.75%.

Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements

For the six months ended 30 June 2019

2. PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Application of new and amendments to HKFRSs (Continued)

2.1 Impacts and changes in accounting policies of application on HKFRS 16 "Leases" (Continued)

2.1.2 Transition and summary of effects arising from initial application of HKFRS 16 (Continued)

As a lessee (Continued)

	At 1 January 2019 HK\$'000
Operating lease commitments disclosed as at 31 December 2018	1,128
Less: Recognition exemption – transitional practical expedients	(198)
	930
Lease liabilities discounted at relevant incremental borrowing rate relating to operating leases recognised upon application of HKFRS 16 as at 1 January 2019	872
Analysed as	
Current	560
Non-current	312
	872

The carrying amount of right-of-use assets as at 1 January 2019 comprises the following:

	Right-of-use assets HK\$'000
Right-of-use assets relating to operating leases recognised upon application of HKFRS 16	872
Reclassified from prepaid lease payments (Note)	2,906
	3,778
By class:	
Leasehold lands	2,906
Leasehold land and buildings	872
	3,778

Note:

Upfront payments for leasehold lands in the PRC were classified as prepaid lease payments as at 31 December 2018. Upon application of HKFRS 16, the current and non-current portion of prepaid lease payments amounting to HK\$77,000 and HK\$2,829,000 respectively were reclassified to right-of-use assets.

Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements

For the six months ended 30 June 2019

2. PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Application of new and amendments to HKFRSs (Continued)

2.1 Impacts and changes in accounting policies of application on HKFRS 16 "Leases" (Continued)

2.1.2 Transition and summary of effects arising from initial application of HKFRS 16 (Continued)

As a lessee (Continued)

The following adjustments were made to the amounts recognised in the condensed consolidated statement of financial position at 1 January 2019. Line items that were not affected by the changes have not been included.

	Carrying amounts previously reported at 31 December 2018 HK\$'000	Adjustments HK\$'000	Carrying amounts under HKFRS 16 at 1 January 2019 HK\$'000
Non-current Assets			
Right-of-use assets	–	3,778	3,778
Prepaid lease payments	2,829	(2,829)	–
Current Asset			
Prepaid lease payments	77	(77)	–
Current Liability			
Lease liabilities	–	560	560
Non-current liability			
Lease liabilities	–	312	312

Note:

For the purpose of reporting cash flows from operating activities under indirect method for the six months ended 30 June 2019, movements in working capital have been computed based on opening statement of financial position as at 1 January 2019 as disclosed above.

Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements

For the six months ended 30 June 2019

3. REVENUE AND SEGMENT INFORMATION

Revenue represents amounts received and receivable for the sales of low-voltage electrical power distribution and control devices, less discounts, if any, during the period.

The executive Directors, being the chief operating decision maker (the "CODM"), regularly review revenue analysis by product types, including primarily low-voltage switchboard, local motor control panel, motor control centre, electrical distribution board and control box and electrical parts and replacements, and by location of delivery to customers. The executive Directors considered the operating activities of sales of low-voltage electrical power distribution and control devices as a single operating segment. Other than revenue analysis, the CODM reviews the profit or loss for the period of the Group as a whole to make decisions about performance assessment and resource allocation. The operation of the Group constitutes one single operating segment under HKFRS 8 "Operating Segments" and accordingly, no separate segment information is prepared. No segment assets and liabilities are presented as the CODM does not regularly review segment assets and liabilities.

Entity-wide information

An analysis of the Group's revenue by products for the period is as follows:

	Six months ended 30 June	
	2019 HK\$'000 (unaudited)	2018 HK\$'000 (unaudited)
Low-voltage switchboard	37,098	50,276
Local motor control panel	54,236	22,575
Motor control centre	12,375	6,624
Electrical distribution board and control box	3,663	4,442
Electrical parts and replacements	3,574	781
	110,946	84,698

The Group sells all products directly to customers. Revenue is recognised when control of the goods has transferred, being when the goods have been delivered to the customers' specific location and customer acceptance has been obtained. The Directors considered that the Group's revenue is recognised at a point in time.

Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements

For the six months ended 30 June 2019

3. REVENUE AND SEGMENT INFORMATION *(Continued)*

Entity-wide information *(Continued)*

Revenue from external customers, based on location of delivery to customers is as follows:

	Six months ended 30 June	
	2019 HK\$'000 (unaudited)	2018 HK\$'000 (unaudited)
Revenue:		
Hong Kong	45,932	70,251
PRC	61,762	4,349
Macau	3,252	10,098
	110,946	84,698

An analysis of the Group's non-current assets other than rental deposits and contract assets is presented below based on their physical geographical location:

	At 30 June 2019 HK\$'000 (unaudited)	At 31 December 2018 HK\$'000 (audited)
	Hong Kong	5,418
PRC	20,888	18,961
	26,306	22,717

4. OTHER INCOME, GAINS AND LOSSES

	Six months ended 30 June	
	2019 HK\$'000 (Unaudited)	2018 HK\$'000 (Unaudited)
Net exchange (loss) gain	(630)	400
Interest income	232	42
Increase (decrease) in fair value of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss ("FVTPL")	54	(2)
Others	125	25
	(219)	465

Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements

For the six months ended 30 June 2019

5. FINANCE COSTS

	Six months ended 30 June	
	2019 HK\$'000 (Unaudited)	2018 HK\$'000 (Unaudited)
Interest expenses on bank loan	2	309
Interest expenses on lease liabilities	36	–
	38	309

6. INCOME TAX EXPENSE

	Six months ended 30 June	
	2019 HK\$'000 (unaudited)	2018 HK\$'000 (unaudited)
Current tax		
Hong Kong Profits Tax	–	1,096
PRC Enterprise Income Tax	4,134	1,420
Deferred tax	(448)	(4)
Income tax expense	3,686	2,512

On 21 March 2018, the Hong Kong Legislative Council passed the Inland Revenue (Amendment) (No. 7) Bill 2017 (the "Bill") which introduces the two-tiered profits tax rates regime. The Bill was signed into law on 28 March 2018 and was gazetted on the following day. The two-tier profits tax rate applies to years of assessment commencing on or after 1 April 2018.

Under the two-tiered profits tax rates regime, the first HK\$2 million of profits of qualifying corporation will be taxed at 8.25%, and profits above HK\$2 million will be taxed at 16.5%. The profits of group entities not qualifying for the two-tiered profits tax rates regime will continue to be taxed at the flat rate of 16.5% (six months ended 30 June 2018: 16.5%).

For both periods, the Hong Kong profits tax of the elected Hong Kong subsidiary is calculated at 8.25% on the first HK\$2 million of the estimated assessable profits and at 16.5% on the estimated assessable profits above HK\$2 million.

Under the Law of PRC on Enterprise Income Tax (the "EIT Law") and Implementation Regulations of the EIT Law, the Enterprise Income Tax rate of the Group's subsidiaries in the PRC is 25% for both periods.

Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements

For the six months ended 30 June 2019

7. PROFIT FOR THE PERIOD

	Six months ended 30 June	
	2019 HK\$'000 (unaudited)	2018 HK\$'000 (unaudited)
Profit for the period has been arrived at after charging:		
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment	1,235	982
Depreciation of right-of-use assets	460	–
Listing expenses (included in administrative and other expenses)	–	5,775

8. DIVIDENDS

The Directors do not recommend payment of any interim dividend for the six months ended 30 June 2019 (six months ended 30 June 2018: nil).

9. EARNINGS PER SHARE

The calculation of the basic earnings per share attributable to the owners of the Company is based on the following data:

	Six months ended 30 June	
	2019 HK\$'000 (unaudited)	2018 HK\$'000 (unaudited)
Earnings for the purpose of basic earnings per share	6,850	2,669

	Six months ended 30 June	
	2019 '000	2018 '000
Weighted average number of ordinary shares for the purpose of basic earnings per share	1,800,000	1,540,879

No diluted earnings per share is presented as there were no potential ordinary shares in issue during both periods.

Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements

For the six months ended 30 June 2019

10. MOVEMENTS IN PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT AND RIGHT-OF-USE ASSETS

During the current interim period, the Group acquired property, plant and equipment for a cash consideration of HK\$2,910,000 (six months ended 30 June 2018: HK\$301,000).

During the current interim period, the Group entered into a new lease agreement for the use of factory for 2 years. On lease commencement, the Group recognised HK\$1,473,000 of right-of-use asset and HK\$1,473,000 lease liability.

11. CONTRACT ASSETS

Contract assets represent the retention receivables amounting to HK\$27,519,000 (31 December 2018: HK\$22,345,000) net of allowance for credit losses of HK\$25,000 (31 December 2018: HK\$62,000) and unbilled revenue amounting to HK\$8,056,000 (31 December 2018: nil) net of allowance for credit losses of HK\$7,000 (31 December 2018: nil) as at 30 June 2019. Retention receivables are unsecured, interest-free and recoverable at the end of the defect liability period of individual contracts, ranging from 6 months to 2 years from the date of delivery of finished goods to customers. The retention receivables are transferred to trade receivables based on the expiry of the defect liability period. Unbilled revenue represented the Group's consideration for goods delivered to customers and not yet billed as the rights are conditional upon the issue of completion certificate by the customers. The unbilled revenue are transferred to trade receivables when the rights become unconditional, which is typically at the time the Group obtains the completion certificate issued by the customers.

The following is an analysis of contract assets at the end of the reporting period:

	At 30 June 2019 HK\$'000 (unaudited)	At 31 December 2018 HK\$'000 (audited)
Within one year	15,582	10,776
After one year	19,993	11,569
	35,575	22,345

Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements

For the six months ended 30 June 2019

12. TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES

	At 30 June 2019 HK\$'000 (unaudited)	At 31 December 2018 HK\$'000 (audited)
Trade receivables	75,437	73,908
Less: Allowance for credit losses	(753)	(550)
	74,684	73,358
Other receivables, prepayment and deposits	9,324	7,639
	84,008	80,997

The Group allows an average credit period of 30 to 75 days to its trade customers. A longer credit period may be granted to large or long established customer with good payment history. The following is an analysis of trade receivables by age, presented based on the invoice date at the end of the reporting period:

	At 30 June 2019 HK\$'000 (unaudited)	At 31 December 2018 HK\$'000 (audited)
0–30 days	44,963	44,430
31–60 days	12,364	16,531
61–90 days	7,225	6,811
91–180 days	2,606	2,494
181–365 days	5,454	2,702
Over 1 year	2,072	390
	74,684	73,358

Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements

For the six months ended 30 June 2019

13. TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES

The following is an analysis of trade and bill payables by age, presented based on the invoice date at the end of the reporting period:

	At 30 June 2019 HK\$'000 (unaudited)	At 31 December 2018 HK\$'000 (audited)
0–30 days	19,555	15,305
31–60 days	16,007	19,862
61–90 days	9,141	4,758
Over 90 days	7,591	4,516
	52,294	44,441

The other payables mainly consist of accrual of staff salaries and benefits.

14. BANK LOAN

During the current interim period, the Group had no new secured bank loan (six months ended 30 June 2018: HK\$15,000,000) and made the repayments of bank loan amounting to HK\$271,000 (six months ended 30 June 2018: HK\$2,113,000).

Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements

For the six months ended 30 June 2019

15. SHARE CAPITAL

	Number of shares '000	Amount HK\$'000
Ordinary shares of HK\$0.01 each		
Authorised:		
At 1 January 2018	38,000	380
Increase of authorised share capital	9,962,000	99,620
At 30 June 2018, 1 January 2019 and 30 June 2019	10,000,000	100,000
Issued and fully paid:		
At 1 January 2018	10	–
Capitalisation issue (Note (i))	1,439,990	14,400
Issue of shares on 11 May 2018 (Note (ii))	360,000	3,600
At 30 June 2018, 1 January 2019 and 30 June 2019	1,800,000	18,000

The Company was incorporated and registered as an exempted company in Cayman Islands on 15 March 2017 with an authorised share capital of HK\$380,000 divided into 38,000,000 shares of nominal value of HK\$0.01 each.

Pursuant to the issue of shares and the capitalisation issue approved by shareholders' written resolution dated 23 April 2018, the authorised share capital of the Company was increased from HK\$380,000 to HK\$100,000,000 divided into 10,000,000,000 shares by the issue of 9,962,000,000 shares of HK\$0.01 each.

Notes:

- (i) Pursuant to the shareholders' written resolution dated 23 April 2018, the Company issued 1,439,990,000 additional shares, credited as fully paid, to the then shareholders of the Company's shares on the register of members at the close of business on 23 April 2018, by way of capitalisation of HK\$14,399,900 crediting to the Company's share premium account.
- (ii) On 11 May 2018, in connection with the Listing, the Company issued 360,000,000 ordinary shares at a price of HK\$0.3 per share for a total of HK\$108,000,000 with issuance costs amounted to HK\$13,910,000 being charged to the Company's share premium account.

Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements

For the six months ended 30 June 2019

16. FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

The Group's financial assets at FVTPL are measured at fair value at the end of each reporting period. The following table gives information about how the fair values of these financial assets are determined (in particular, the valuation techniques and inputs used), as well as the level of the fair value hierarchy into which the fair value measurements are categorised (levels 1 to 3) based on the degree to which the inputs to the fair value measurements is observable.

- Level 1 fair value measurements are quoted prices (unadjusted) in active market for identical assets or liabilities;
- Level 2 fair value measurements are those derived from inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (i.e. as prices) or indirectly (i.e. derived from prices); and
- Level 3 fair value measurements are those derived from valuation techniques that include inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs).

Financial instruments	Fair value as at		Fair value hierarchy	Valuation techniques and key inputs
	30.6.2019 (Unaudited) HK'000	31.12.2018 (Audited) HK\$'000		
Financial assets at FVTPL – unlisted investments managed fund	503	449	Level 2	Quoted market price provided by a broker which is a financial institution (Note)

Note:

Quoted market price provided by a broker which is a financial institution and represents the net asset values of the respective funds, based on the quoted price of the underlying investments.

The Directors consider that the carrying amounts of other financial assets and financial liabilities recorded at amortised cost in the condensed consolidated financial statements approximate their fair values.

Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements

For the six months ended 30 June 2019

17. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Apart from balances disclosed elsewhere in these condensed consolidated financial statements during the period, the Group had the following transactions with related parties:

	Nature of transactions	Six months ended 30 June	
		2019 HK\$'000 (Unaudited)	2018 HK\$'000 (Unaudited)
Sales of goods	Note (i)	145	–
Rental expenses	Note (ii)	108	108

Notes:

- (i) The Group entered into transactions with Ready System (Macau) Limited, a related company under the control of Mr. MK Wan, the chairman and an executive Director, during the six months ended 30 June 2019.
- (ii) The Group entered into rental agreement with Mr. MK Wan for the use of a workshop.

Compensation of key management personnel

The remuneration of Directors and other members of key management personnel of the Group during the period is as follows:

	Six months ended 30 June	
	2019 HK\$'000 (unaudited)	2018 HK\$'000 (unaudited)
Director fees	–	–
Salaries and other allowance	553	446
Retirement benefit scheme contribution	18	11
	571	457

The remuneration of key management personnel is determined with regard to the performance of individuals and market trends.