

CHAODA MODERN AGRICULTURE (HOLDINGS) LIMITED

(Incorporated in the Cayman Islands with limited liability)
(Stock Code: 682)





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Chaoda Modern Agriculture (Holdings) Limited Interim Report 2019/2020

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The consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income of the Group for the six months ended 31 December 2019 and the consolidated statement of financial position of the Group as at 31 December 2019, together with the explanatory notes, are unaudited and condensed, which have been reviewed by the Company's Audit Committee and the Company's auditors, Elite Partners CPA Limited.

Condensed Consolidated Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income For the six months ended 31 December 2019 — Unaudited

Civ	months	andad	21	December
SIX	momms	enaea	וכ	December

	Notes	2019 RMB'000	2018 RMB'000
Revenue	3	37,956	42,714
Cost of sales		(25,026)	(28,455)
Cross mustit		42.020	14 250
Gross profit		12,930	14,259
Other revenues		7,641	6,900
Selling and distribution expenses		(6,006)	(6,542)
General and administrative expenses		(27,111)	(29,080)
Other operating expenses		(209)	(49)
Loss from operations		(12,755)	(14,512)
Finance costs	5(a)	(337)	(14)
Share of results of associates	<i>3</i> (u)	(1)	(19)
Loss on deregistration of an associate		(285)	_
Loss before income tax	5	(13,378)	(14,545)
Income tax expense	6	_	_
Lors for the period		(13,378)	(14 545)
Loss for the period		(13,378)	(14,545)
Other comprehensive income, including			
reclassification adjustments and net of income tax			
Items that may be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss:			
Exchange gain on translation of financial statements of			
foreign operations		948	2,493
Other comprehensive income for the period,	_	0.40	2.402
including reclassification adjustments and net of income tax	(948	2,493
Total comprehensive expense for the period		(12,430)	(12,052)

Condensed Consolidated Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income (continued) For the six months ended 31 December 2019 — Unaudited

		Six months ended 31 December	
		2019	2018
	Notes	RMB'000	RMB'000
Loss for the period attributable to:			
Owners of the Company		(13,136)	(15,889)
Non-controlling interests		(242)	1,344
		(13,378)	(14,545)
Total comprehensive expense for			
the period attributable to:			
Owners of the Company		(11,904)	(12,773)
Non-controlling interests		(526)	721
		(12,430)	(12,052)
Loss per share for loss attributable to the owners of			
the Company during the period			
— Basic	8(a)	RMB(0.004)	RMB(0.005)
— Diluted	8(b)	RMB(0.004)	RMB(0.005)

Condensed Consolidated Statement of Financial Position

As at 31 December 2019 — Unaudited

		31 December 2019	30 June 2019
	Notes	RMB'000	RMB'000 (Audited)
ASSETS AND LIABILITIES			
Non-current assets			
Property, plant and equipment	9	39,782	40,378
Investment properties		73,731	75,792
Prepaid premium for land leases	10	_	26,305
Interests in associates	11	_	5,450
Right-of-use assets		37,017	
		150,530	147,925
Current assets	10		4.100
Prepaid premium for land leases	10 12	42 500	4,180
Trade receivables		12,589	14,669
Other receivables, deposits and prepayments Bank balances and cash	13	58,421	6,545
Bank Dalances and Cash		79,994	132,681
		151,004	158,075
Current liabilities			
Trade payables	14	1,981	2,072
Other payables and accruals		34,094	35,343
Lease liabilities		3,175	
		39,250	37,415
		33,230	37,413
Net current assets		111,754	120,660
Total assets less current liabilities		262,284	268,585
rotal assets less turrent liduilities		202,204	200,363
Non-current liabilities			
Lease liabilities		5,410	
Net assets		256,874	268,585

Condensed Consolidated Statement of Financial Position (continued)

As at 31 December 2019 — Unaudited

Notes	31 December 2019 RMB'000	30 June 2019 RMB'000 (Audited)
EQUITY		
Equity attributable to the owners of the Company		
Share capital 15	333,149	333,149
Reserves	(77,508)	(66,323)
	255,641	266,826
Non-controlling interests	1,233	1,759
Total equity	256,874	268,585

Condensed Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows

For the six months ended 31 December 2019 — Unaudited

Civ	months	andad	21	Docon	hor
SIX	months	enaea	31	Decen	ıber

	2019	2018
	RMB'000	RMB'000
Net cash used in operating activities	(55,027)	(1,441)
Net cash generated from/(used in) investing activities	3,386	(7)
Net cash used in financing activities	(1,828)	_
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents	(53,469)	(1,448)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the period	115,681	155,884
Effect of foreign exchange rate changes, net	782	2,100
Cash and cash equivalents at end of the period	62,994	156,536

Condensed Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity For the six months ended 31 December 2019 — Unaudited

_	Attributable to the owners of the Company										
				Employee share-based	Capital					Non-	
	Share	Share	Capital	compensation	redemption	Exchange	Statutory	Accumulated		controlling	
	capital	premium	reserve	reserve	reserve	reserve	reserves	losses	Total	interests	Total
	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
Six months ended 31 December 2018											
At 1 July 2018	333,149	5,969,570	94,894	171,864	5,247	(227,203)	681,370	(6,712,330)	316,561	1,131	317,692
Employee share option benefits	_		_	1,797	_		_	_	1,797		1,797
Transactions with owners	_	_	_	1,797	_	_	_	_	1,797	_	1,797
Loss for the period	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	(15,889)	(15,889)	1,344	(14,545)
Other comprehensive (expense)/ income for the period											
— Currency translation differences	_	_	_		_	3,116	_	_	3,116	(623)	2,493
Total comprehensive											
(expense)/income for the period	_					3,116		(15,889)	(12,773)	721	(12,052)
Lapse of share options	_	_	_	(368)	_	_	_	368	_	_	
At 31 December 2018 (Unaudited)	333,149	5,969,570	94,894	173,293	5,247	(224,087)	681,370	(6,727,851)	305,585	1,852	307,437

Condensed Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity (continued) For the six months ended 31 December 2019 — Unaudited

		Attributable to the owners of the Company									
				Employee							
				share-based	Capital					Non-	
	Share	Share	Capital o	ompensation	redemption	Exchange	Statutory	Accumulated		controlling	
	capital	premium	reserve	reserve	reserve	reserve	reserves	losses	Total	interests	Total
	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
Six months ended 31 December 2019											
At 1 July 2019	333,149	5,969,570	94,894	169,501	5,247	(224,325)	681,370	(6,762,580)	266,826	1,759	268,585
Employee share option benefits	_	_	_	719	_	_	_	_	719	_	719
Transactions with owners	_	_	_	719	_	_	-	_	719	_	719
Loss for the period	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	(13,136)	(13,136)	(242)	(13,378)
Other comprehensive (expense)/											
income for the period											
— Currency translation differences	_	_	_	_	_	1,232	-	_	1,232	(284)	948
Total comprehensive											
(expense)/income for the period	_	_	-	-	_	1,232	-	(13,136)	(11,904)	(526)	(12,430)
At 31 December 2019 (Unaudited)	333,149	5,969,570	94,894	170,220	5,247	(223,093)	681,370	(6,775,716)	255,641	1,233	256,874

Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements

For the six months ended 31 December 2019 — Unaudited

1. BASIS OF PREPARATION

The unaudited condensed consolidated interim financial statements of Chaoda Modern Agriculture (Holdings) Limited (the "Company") and its subsidiaries (collectively, the "Group") for the six months ended 31 December 2019 (the "Interim Financial Report") have been prepared in accordance with Hong Kong Accounting Standard 34 "Interim Financial Reporting" issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants (the "HKICPA") and the applicable disclosure requirements of the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited.

The Interim Financial Report does not include all the information and disclosures required in the annual financial statements, and should be read in conjunction with the Group's annual financial statements for the year ended 30 June 2019 (the "2019 Annual Financial Statements").

The Interim Financial Report has been prepared in accordance with the same accounting policies adopted in the 2019 Annual Financial Statements, except for the adoption of the new, amended or revised Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards ("HKFRSs") (which collectively include all applicable individual Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standard ("HKFRS"), Hong Kong Accounting Standard ("HKAS") and Interpretation issued by the HKICPA) as disclosed in Note 2 to the Interim Financial Report.

The Interim Financial Report is unaudited but has been reviewed by Elite Partners CPA Limited in accordance with Hong Kong Standard on Review Engagements 2410 "Review of Interim Financial Information Performed by the Independent Auditor of the Entity" issued by the HKICPA.

2. APPLICATION OF NEW AND AMENDMENTS TO HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRSs")

New and Amendments to HKFRSs that are mandatorily effective for the current year

The Group has applied the following new and amendments to HKFRSs issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants ("HKICPA") for the first time in the current year:

HKFRS 16 Leases

HK(IFRIC)-Int 23 Uncertainty over Income Tax Treatments

Amendments to HKFRS 9 Prepayment Features with Negative Compensation
Amendments to HKAS 19 Plan Amendment, Curtailment or Settlement

Amendments to HKAS 28 Long-term Interests in Associates and Joint Ventures
Amendments to HKFRSs Annual Improvements to HKFRSs 2015-2017 Cycle

Except as described below, the application of the new and amendments to HKFRSs in the current period has had no material impact on the Group's financial performance and positions for the current and prior periods and/or on the disclosures set out in these consolidated financial statements.

Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

For the six months ended 31 December 2019 — Unaudited

2. APPLICATION OF NEW AND AMENDMENTS TO HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRSs") (Continued)

Impacts and changes in accounting policies of application on HKFRS 16 Leases

The Group has applied HKFRS 16 for the first time in the current interim period. HKFRS 16 superseded HKAS 17 Leases ("HKAS 17"), and the related interpretations.

Key changes in accounting policies resulting from application of HKFRS 16

The Group applied the following accounting policies in accordance with the transition provisions of HKFRS 16.

Definition of a lease

A contract is, or contains, a lease if the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration.

For contracts entered into or modified on or after the date of initial application, the Group assesses whether a contract is or contains a lease based on the definition under HKFRS 16 at inception or modification date.

Such contract will not be reassessed unless the terms and conditions of the contract are subsequently changed.

As a lessee

Allocation of consideration to components of a contract

For a contract that contains a lease component and one or more additional lease or non-lease components, the Group allocates the consideration in the contract to each lease component on the basis of the relative stand-alone price of the lease component and the aggregate stand-alone price of the non-lease components.

Non-lease components are separated from lease component on the basis of their relative stand-alone prices.

Short-term leases and leases of low-value assets

The Group applies the short-term lease recognition exemption to leases of office premises that have a lease term of 12 months or less from the commencement date and do not contain a purchase option. It also applies the recognition exemption for lease of low-value assets.

Lease payments on short-term leases and leases of low-value assets are recognised as expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

For the six months ended 31 December 2019 — Unaudited

2. APPLICATION OF NEW AND AMENDMENTS TO HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRSs") (Continued)

Impacts and changes in accounting policies of application on HKFRS 16 Leases (Continued)

Right-of-use assets

Except for short-term leases and leases of low value assets, the Group recognises right-of-use assets at the commencement date of the lease (i.e. the date the underlying asset is available for use). Except for those that are classified as investment properties and measured under fair value model, right-of-use assets are measured at cost, less any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses, and adjusted for any remeasurement of lease liabilities.

The cost of right-of-use asset includes:

- the amount of the initial measurement of the lease liability;
- any lease payments made at or before the commencement date, less any lease incentives received;
- any initial direct costs incurred by the Group; and
- an estimate of costs to be incurred by the Group in dismantling and removing the underlying assets, restoring the site on which it is located or restoring the underlying asset to the condition required by the terms and conditions of the lease, unless those costs are incurred to produce inventories.

Right-of-use assets in which the Group is reasonably certain to obtain ownership of the underlying leased assets at the end of the lease term is depreciated from commencement date to the end of the useful life. Otherwise, right-of-use assets are depreciated on a straight-line basis over the shorter of its estimated useful life and the lease term.

The Group presents right-of-use assets that do not meet the definition of investment property as a separate line item on the consolidated statement of financial position. The right-of-use assets that meet the definition of investment property are presented within "investment properties".

Leasehold land and building

For payments of a property interest which includes both leasehold land and building elements, the entire property is presented as property, plant and equipment of the Group when the payments cannot be allocated reliably between the leasehold land and building elements, except for those that are classified and accounted for as investment properties.

Refundable rental deposits

Refundable rental deposits paid are accounted under HKFRS 9 Financial Instruments ("HKFRS 9") and initially measured at fair value. Adjustments to fair value at initial recognition are considered as additional lease payments and included in the cost of right-of-use assets.

Lease liabilities

At the commencement date of a lease, the Group recognises and measures the lease liability at the present value of lease payments that are unpaid at that date. In calculating the present value of lease payments, the Group uses the incremental borrowing rate at the lease commencement date if the interest rate implicit in the lease is not readily determinable.

Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

For the six months ended 31 December 2019 — Unaudited

2. APPLICATION OF NEW AND AMENDMENTS TO HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRSs") (Continued)

Impacts and changes in accounting policies of application on HKFRS 16 Leases (Continued)

Lease liabilities (Continued)

The lease payments include:

- fixed payments (including in-substance fixed payments) less any lease incentives receivable;
- variable lease payments that depend on an index or a rate;
- amounts expected to be paid under residual value guarantees;
- the exercise price of a purchase option reasonably certain to be exercised by the Group; and
- payments of penalties for terminating a lease, if the lease term reflects the Group exercising the option to terminate.

After the commencement date, lease liabilities are adjusted by interest accretion and lease payments.

The Group remeasures lease liabilities (and makes a corresponding adjustment to the related right-of-use assets) whenever:

- the lease term has changed or there is a change in the assessment of exercise of a purchase option, in which case the related lease liability is remeasured by discounting the revised lease payments using a revised discount rate at the date of reassessment.
- the lease payments change due to changes in which cases the related lease liability is remeasured by discounting the revised lease payments using the initial discount rate.

Lease modifications

The Group accounts for a lease modification as a separate lease if:

- the modification increases the scope of the lease by adding the right to use one or more underlying assets; and
- the consideration for the leases increases by an amount commensurate with the stand-alone price for the increase in scope and any appropriate adjustments to that stand-alone price to reflect the circumstances of the particular contract.

For a lease modification that is not accounted for as a separate lease, the Group remeasures the lease liability based on the lease term of the modified lease by discounting the revised lease payments using a revised discount rate at the effective date of the modification.

Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

For the six months ended 31 December 2019 — Unaudited

2. APPLICATION OF NEW AND AMENDMENTS TO HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRSs") (Continued)

Impacts and changes in accounting policies of application on HKFRS 16 Leases (Continued)

Taxation

For the purposes of measuring deferred tax for leasing transactions in which the Group recognises the right-of-use assets and the related lease liabilities, the Group first determines whether the tax deductions are attributable to the right-of-use assets or the lease liabilities.

For leasing transactions in which the tax deductions are attributable to the lease liabilities, the Group applies HKAS 12 Income Taxes requirements to right-of-use assets and lease liabilities separately. Temporary differences relating to right-of-use assets and lease liabilities are not recognised at initial recognition and over the lease terms due to application of the initial recognition exemption.

As a lessor

Allocation of consideration to components of a contract

Effective on 1 July 2019, the Group applies HKFRS 15 Revenue from Contracts with Customers ("HKFRS 15") to allocate consideration in a contract to lease and non-lease components. Non-lease components are separated from lease component on the basis of their relative stand-alone selling prices.

Refundable rental deposits

Refundable rental deposits received are accounted under HKFRS 9 and initially measured at fair value. Adjustments to fair value at initial recognition are considered as additional lease payments from lessees.

Lease modification

The Group accounts for a modification to an operating lease as a new lease from the effective date of the modification, considering any prepaid or accrued lease payments relating to the original lease as part of the lease payments for the new lease.

Transition and summary of effects arising from initial application of HKFRS 16

Definition of a lease

The Group has elected the practical expedient to apply HKFRS 16 to contracts that were previously identified as leases applying HKAS 17 and HK(IFRIC)-Int 4 Determining whether an Arrangement contains a Lease and not apply this standards to contracts that were not previously identified as containing a lease. Therefore, the Group has not reassessed contracts which already existed prior to the date of initial application.

For contracts entered into or modified on or after 1 July 2019, the Group applies the definition of a lease in accordance with the requirements set out in HKFRS 16 in assessing whether a contract contains a lease.

Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

For the six months ended 31 December 2019 — Unaudited

2. APPLICATION OF NEW AND AMENDMENTS TO HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRSs") (Continued)

Impacts and changes in accounting policies of application on HKFRS 16 Leases (Continued)

As a lessee

The Group has applied HKFRS 16 retrospectively with the cumulative effect recognised at the date of initial application, 1 July 2019. Any difference at the date of initial application is recognised in the opening retained profits and comparative information has not been restated.

When applying the modified retrospective approach under HKFRS 16 at transition, the Group applied the following practical expedients to leases previously classified as operating leases under HKAS 17, on lease-by-lease basis, to the extent relevant to the respective lease contracts:

- i. relied on the assessment of whether leases are onerous by applying HKAS 37 Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets as an alternative of impairment review;
- ii. elected not to recognise right-of-use assets and lease liabilities for leases with lease term ends within 12 months of the date of initial application; and
- iii. used hindsight based on facts and circumstances as at date of initial application in determining the lease term for the Group's leases with extension and termination options.

On transition, the Group has made the following adjustments upon application of HKFRS 16:

The Group recognised lease liabilities of approximately RMB8,443,000 and right-of-use assets of approximately RMB39,123,000 at 1 July 2019.

When recognising the lease liabilities for leases previously classified as operating leases, the Group has applied incremental borrowing rates of the relevant group entities at the date of initial application. The weighted average lessee's incremental borrowing rate applied is 7.10%.

Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

For the six months ended 31 December 2019 — Unaudited

2. APPLICATION OF NEW AND AMENDMENTS TO HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRSs") (Continued)

Impacts and changes in accounting policies of application on HKFRS 16 Leases (Continued)

As a lessee (Continued)

		RMB'000
Operating lease commitments disclosed as at 30 June 2019		9,979
Less: Recognition exemption — short-term leases		(610)
		9,369
Lease liabilities discounted at relevant incremental borrowing rates		7.10%
Lease liabilities at 1 July 2019		8,443
Analyzad as		
Analysed as Current		1,243
Non-current		7,200
		8,443
he carrying amount of right-of-use assets as at 1 July 2019 comprises the followir	ng: Note	RMB'000
		RMB′000
Right-of-use assets relating to operating leases recognised upon application of		
Right-of-use assets relating to operating leases recognised upon application of HKFRS 16	Note	8,440
Right-of-use assets relating to operating leases recognised upon application of HKFRS 16 Reclassified from prepaid lease payments and land use rights	Note (a)	8,440 30,485
Right-of-use assets relating to operating leases recognised upon application of HKFRS 16	Note	8,440
Right-of-use assets relating to operating leases recognised upon application of HKFRS 16 Reclassified from prepaid lease payments and land use rights	Note (a)	8,440 30,485
Right-of-use assets relating to operating leases recognised upon application of HKFRS 16 Reclassified from prepaid lease payments and land use rights Adjustments on rental deposits at 1 July 2019	Note (a)	8,440 30,485 198
Right-of-use assets relating to operating leases recognised upon application of HKFRS 16 Reclassified from prepaid lease payments and land use rights Adjustments on rental deposits at 1 July 2019 By class	Note (a)	8,440 30,485 198
Right-of-use assets relating to operating leases recognised upon application of HKFRS 16 Reclassified from prepaid lease payments and land use rights Adjustments on rental deposits at 1 July 2019 By class Long term prepaid rental	Note (a)	8,440 30,485 198 39,123
Right-of-use assets relating to operating leases recognised upon application of HKFRS 16 Reclassified from prepaid lease payments and land use rights Adjustments on rental deposits at 1 July 2019 By class	Note (a)	8,440 30,485 198
Right-of-use assets relating to operating leases recognised upon application of HKFRS 16 Reclassified from prepaid lease payments and land use rights Adjustments on rental deposits at 1 July 2019 By class Long term prepaid rental Land use rights	Note (a)	8,440 30,485 198 39,123 — 30,485

Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

For the six months ended 31 December 2019 — Unaudited

2. APPLICATION OF NEW AND AMENDMENTS TO HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRSs") (Continued)

Impacts and changes in accounting policies of application on HKFRS 16 Leases (Continued)

As a lessee (Continued)

Notes:

- (a) Upfront payments for leasehold lands in the PRC were classified as prepaid lease payments as at 30 June 2019. Upon application of HKFRS 16, the current and non-current portion of prepaid lease payments amounting to approximately RMB4,180,000 and RMB26,305,000 respectively were reclassified to right-of-use assets.
- (b) Before the application of HKFRS 16, the Group considered refundable rental deposits paid as rights and obligations under leases to which HKAS 17 applied. Based on the definition of lease payments under HKFRS 16, such deposits are not payments relating to the right to use of the underlying assets and were adjusted to reflect the discounting effect at transition. Accordingly, approximately RMB198,000 was adjusted to refundable rental deposits paid and right-of-use assets.

As a lessor

In accordance with the transitional provisions in HKFRS 16, the Group is not required to make any adjustment on transition for leases in which the Group is a lessor but account for these leases in accordance with HKFRS 16 from the date of initial application and comparative information has not been restated.

Upon application of HKFRS 16, new lease contracts entered into but commence after the date of initial application relating to the same underlying assets under existing lease contracts are accounted as if the existing leases are modified as at 1 July 2019. The application has had no impact on the Group's consolidated statement of financial position at 1 July 2019. However, effective 1 July 2019, lease payments relating to the revised lease term after modification are recognised as income on straight-line basis over the extended lease term.

Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

For the six months ended 31 December 2019 — Unaudited

2. APPLICATION OF NEW AND AMENDMENTS TO HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRSs") (Continued)

Impacts and changes in accounting policies of application on HKFRS 16 Leases (Continued)

The following adjustments were made to the amounts recognised in the consolidated statement of financial position at 1 July 2019. Line items that were not affected by the changes have not been included.

	Carrying amount previously reported at 30 June 2019 RMB'000	Adjustments RMB'000	Carrying amount under HKFRS 16 at 1 July 2019 RMB'000
Non-current assets			
Prepaid premium for land leases	26,305	(26,305)	_
Right-of-use assets	_	39,123	39,123
Current assets			
Prepaid premium for land leases	4,180	(4,180)	_
Other receivables, deposits and			
prepayments	6,545	(198)	6,347
Current liabilities			
Other payables and accruals	35,343	(3)	35,340
Lease liabilities		1,243	1,243
Lease habilities		1,2 13	1,2 13
Non-current liabilities			
Lease liabilities	_	7,200	7,200

Note: For the purpose of reporting cash flows from operating activities under indirect method for the six months ended 31 December 2019, movements in working capital have been computed based on opening statement of financial position as at 1 July 2019 as disclosed above.

New and amendments to HKFRSs in issue but not yet effective

HKFRS 17 Insurance Contracts¹ Amendments to HKFRS 3 Definition of Business² Amendments to HKFRS 10 and HKAS 28 Sale or Contribution of

Amendments to HKFRS 10 and HKAS 28 Sale or Contribution of Assets between an Investor and its

Associate or Joint Venture³

Amendments to HKAS 1 and HKAS 8 Definition of Material⁴

Amendments to HKFRS 9, HKAS 39 and HKFRS 7 Interest Rate Benchmark Reform⁴

¹ Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2021.

Effective for annual periods beginning on or after a date to be determined.

Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2020.

The directors of the Company consider that the application of all new and amendments to HKFRSs and HKASs is unlikely to have a material impact on the Group's financial position and performance as well as disclosure in foreseeable future.

² Effective for business combinations and asset acquisitions for which the acquisition date is on or after the beginning of the first annual period beginning on or after 1 January 2020.

Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

For the six months ended 31 December 2019 — Unaudited

3. REVENUE

The principal activities of the Group are the sales of crops.

Revenue represents the sales value of crop supplied to customers, net of returns and discounts. Revenue from sale of crop is recognised at a point in time.

4. SEGMENT INFORMATION

The Group identifies operating segments and prepares segment information based on the regular internal financial information reported to the executive directors for their decisions about resources allocation to the Group's business components and for their review of the performance of those components. The business components in the internal financial information reported to the executive directors are determined following the Group's major operations.

The Group's operating business are organised and managed separately according to the nature of products, which each segment representing a strategic business segment that offers different products in the People's Republic of China ("PRC") market. However, the Group's executive directors considered that over 90% of the Group's revenue, operating results and assets during the six months ended 31 December 2019 and 2018 were mainly derived from its growing and sales of crops. Consequently, no operating segment analysis is presented.

The Company is an investment holding company and the principal place of the Group's operation is in the PRC. For the purpose of segment information disclosures under HKFRS 8, the Group regarded the PRC (excluding Hong Kong) as its country of domicile.

The Group's revenue from external customers by geographical location of customers is detailed below:

	Six months ended 31 December	
	2019 RMB'000	2018 RMB'000
	KIVID 000	KIVID 000
The PRC (country of domicile)	_	_
Hong Kong	37,895	42,654
Other	61	60
	37,956	42,714

Over 90% of the Group's non-current assets are principally attributable to the PRC, being the single geographical region.

Revenue from customers of the current period contributing over 10% of the Group's total revenue are as follows:

	Six months ended 31 December	
	2019 RMB'000	2018 RMB'000
	11112 000	
Customer A	5,226	4,839
Customer B	4,145	N/A*

^{*} The corresponding revenue does not contribute over 10% of the total revenue of the Group in the respective year.

Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

For the six months ended 31 December 2019 — Unaudited

5. LOSS BEFORE INCOME TAX

Loss before income tax is arrived at after charging/(crediting):

(a) Finance costs

Six	months	ended	31	December
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	2019 RMB′000	2018 RMB'000
Bank and finance charges Lease liabilities	24 313	14
	337	14

(b) Staff costs (including directors' remuneration)

Six months ended 31 December

	2019 RMB'000	2018 RMB'000
Salaries, wages and other benefits	9,306	11,159
Employee share option benefits	719	1,797
Retirement benefit costs	1,118	1,566
	11,143	14,522

(c) Other items

Six months ended 31 December

	2019 RMB'000	2018 RMB'000
Interest income Amortisation of prepaid premium for land leases,	(1,320)	(420)
net of amount capitalised	_	2,091
Cost of inventories sold	25,026	28,455
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment,		
net of amount capitalised	2,231	3,293
Depreciation of investment properties	2,061	2,061
Operating lease expense in respect of land and buildings	_	2,579
Expense related to short-term leases	610	_

Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

For the six months ended 31 December 2019 — Unaudited

6. INCOME TAX EXPENSE

(a) No provision for the PRC enterprise income tax has been made in the condensed consolidated financial statements for six months ended 31 December 2019 and 2018 as the PRC companies within the Group either has no assessable profits arising from the PRC or exempt from the enterprise income tax.

According to the PRC tax law and its interpretation rules (the "PRC Tax Law"), enterprises that engage in qualifying agricultural business are eligible for certain tax benefits, including full enterprise income tax exemption or half reduction of enterprise income tax on profits derived from such business. Fujian Chaoda Modern Agriculture Group Company Limited, the Company's principal subsidiary, and other PRC subsidiaries engaged in qualifying agricultural business, which include the growing and sales of crops and the breeding and sales of livestock, are entitled to full exemption of the enterprise income tax.

The enterprise income tax rate of other PRC subsidiaries of the Company not engaged in qualifying agricultural business is 25% for the six months ended 31 December 2019 and 2018.

(b) No provision for Hong Kong profits tax has been made as the Company and its subsidiaries operating in Hong Kong either do not derive material estimated assessable profits or have unused tax losses brought forward to offset against the current period's estimated assessable profits for the six months ended 31 December 2019 and 2018.

7. DIVIDENDS

The Directors do not recommend the payment of interim dividend for the six months ended 31 December 2019 (Six months ended 31 December 2018: Nil).

8. LOSS PER SHARE

(a) Basic loss per share

The calculation of basic loss per share is based on the loss attributable to the owners of the Company of approximately RMB13,136,000 (Six months ended 31 December 2018: approximately RMB15,889,000) and the weighted average number of approximately 3,295,582,000 (Six months ended 31 December 2018: approximately 3,295,582,000) ordinary shares in issue during the period.

(b) Diluted loss per share

The calculation of diluted loss per share is based on the loss attributable to the owners of the Company of approximately RMB13,136,000 (Six months ended 31 December 2018: approximately RMB15,889,000) and the weighted average number of approximately 3,295,582,000 (Six months ended 31 December 2018: approximately 3,295,582,000) ordinary shares. The computation of diluted loss per share does not assume the conversion of the Company's share options outstanding since their exercise would result in a decrease in loss per share for the six months ended 31 December 2019 and 2018.

Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

For the six months ended 31 December 2019 — Unaudited

9. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

	31 December 2019 RMB'000	30 June 2019 RMB'000
Net book value as at 1 July 2019/1 July 2018	40,378	39,986
Additions	1,624	11,421
Write off/Disposals	_	(5,217)
Depreciation charges	(2,231)	(5,855)
Exchange realignment	11	43
Net book value as at 31 December 2019/30 June 2019	39,782	40,378

10. PREPAID PREMIUM FOR LAND LEASES

	Long-term prepaid rentals RMB'000	Land use rights RMB'000	Total RMB'000
Cost			
At 1 July 2018	398,635	125,635	524,270
Exchange realignment	(954)	_	(954)
At 30 June 2019 and 1 July 2019	397,681	125,635	523,316
Transfer to right-of-use assets upon HKFRS 16	(397,681)	(125,635)	(523,316)
At 31 December 2019			
Accumulated amortisation and impairment loss			
At 1 July 2018	398,635	90,969	489,604
Amortisation for the year	(0.7.1)	4,181	4,181
Exchange realignment	(954)		(954)
At 30 June 2019 and 1 July 2019	397,681	95,150	492,831
Transfer to right-of-use assets upon HKFRS 16	(397,681)	(95,150)	(492,831)
At 31 December 2019	_	_	_
Net carrying value At 31 December 2019	_	_	_
At 30 June 2019		30,485	30,485

Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

For the six months ended 31 December 2019 — Unaudited

10. PREPAID PREMIUM FOR LAND LEASES (Continued)

	31 December 2019 RMB'000	30 June 2019 RMB'000
Non-current portion	_	26,305
Current portion	_	4,180
Net carrying value	_	30,485

The Group's interests in long-term prepaid rentals and land use rights represent the prepaid operating leases payments and their net carrying values are analysed as follows:

	31 December 2019	30 June 2019
	RMB'000	RMB'000
Outside Hong Kong held on: — Leases of over 50 years — Leases of between 10 to 50 years	_	— 30,485
	_	30,485

Note:

As at 30 June 2019, prepaid premium for land lease represent land use rights held by the Group, which are located in the PRC.

11. INTERESTS IN ASSOCIATES

	31 December 2019	30 June 2019
	RMB'000	RMB'000
Share of net assets	_	5,450

Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

For the six months ended 31 December 2019 — Unaudited

12. TRADE RECEIVABLES

The Group's trading terms for its local wholesale and retail sales are mainly cash on delivery whereas local sales to institutional customers and export trading companies are mainly on credit. The credit period is generally for a period from one month to three months depending on the customers' credit worthiness.

Ageing analysis of trade receivables (net of allowance for doubtful debts) is as follows:

	31 December 2019 RMB'000	30 June 2019 RMB'000
0-1 month	7,725	7,030
1-3 months	4,301	6,686
Over 3 months	563	953
	12,589	14,669

13. OTHER RECEIVABLES, DEPOSITS AND PREPAYMENTS

As at 31 December 2019, included in the Group's other receivables, deposits and prepayments was a fixed-rate short-term receivables of approximately RMB51,000,000 due from third parties. The effective interest rate was 4.35% per annum. This short-term receivable is denominated in RMB, repayable within one year and guaranteed by Mr. Kwok Ho, a director of the Company.

14. TRADE PAYABLES

Ageing analysis of trade payables is as follows:

	31 December 2019 RMB'000	30 June 2019 RMB'000
0-1 month	1,917	2,009
1-3 months	_	_
Over 3 months	64	63
	1,981	2,072

Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

For the six months ended 31 December 2019 — Unaudited

15. SHARE CAPITAL

Authorised ordinary shares of HK\$0.1 each

	No. of shares ('000)	HK\$'000	RMB'000
At 1 July 2018, 30 June 2019 and			
31 December 2019	5,000,000	500,000	527,515
Issued and fully paid ordinary shares			
	No. of shares ('000)	HK\$'000	RMB'000
At 1 July 2018, 30 June 2019 and			

16. COMMITMENTS

(a) Capital commitments

At the end of the reporting period, the Group did not have any material capital commitments.

(b) Operating lease commitments and arrangements

As lessor

At the end of the reporting period, the Group had total future minimum lease receivables, in respect of land and buildings, under non-cancellable operating leases with its tenants falling due as follows:

	31 December 2019 RMB'000	30 June 2019 RMB'000
Within one year In the second to fifth years, inclusive After five years	14,450 28,662 15,687	9,110 11,149 8,215
Total	58,799	28,474

17. APPROVAL OF INTERIM FINANCIAL REPORT

The Interim Financial Report was approved by the board of Directors on 28 February 2020.

FINANCIAL REVIEW

During the current financial period under review, the Group recorded a revenue of RMB38 million, representing a drop of approximately 11% as compared to RMB43 million for the same period ended last year. The drop in revenue was mainly due to the social unrest in Hong Kong had an immediate adverse impact on the economy and the vegetable wholesale and logistics' business. The Group achieved gross profit of RMB13 million, while gross profit RMB14 million in the same period ended last year.

During the financial period under review, selling and distribution expenses decreased from RMB7 million to RMB6 million as a result of the drop in revenue. General and administrative expenses decreased by 7% to RMB27 million.

As a result of the above, during the financial period under review, the loss from operations of the Group amounted to RMB13 million (2018: RMB15 million) as well as loss for the period attributable to owners of the Company amounted to RMB13 million (2018: RMB16 million).

BUSINESS OVERVIEW

Agriculture is a strategic industry that reassure the public and is the foundation of the national economy. At the beginning of 2020, the Central Committee of the Communist Party of China and the State Council released the 2020 "Number One Document", seventeen consecutive years in focusing on the agricultural industry, and clarified that the two major missions in 2020 are "Concentrating efforts to complete the battle against poverty" and "Supplement the outstanding shortcomings of comprehensively well-off Agriculture, Rural Areas, and Rural People", and proposed a series of policy initiatives.

The document points out that 2020 is the year to achieve the goal of building a well-off society in an all-round way, and it is the year to end the war to overcome poverty. The Central Committee of the Communist Party of China believes that in order to complete the above two goals and missions, the last bastion of poverty alleviation must be overcome, and the outstanding shortcomings of comprehensively well-off Agriculture, Rural Areas, and Rural People must be supplemented.

The document also confirms to concentrate the efforts on completing the two major missions of winning the battle against poverty and supplement the outstanding shortcomings of comprehensively well-off Agriculture, Rural Areas, and Rural People, continue to stabilize agricultural production, ensuring supply and increasing farmers' income, promoting the development of high-quality agriculture, maintaining a harmonious and stable rural society, improving the sense of gain, happiness, and security of the rural people and public, ensuring a successful conclusion on the battle against poverty, and ensuring that the rural areas build a well-off society simultaneously and comprehensively.

In order to support sustainable agricultural development, reduce ecological damage, and ensure food safety; green production, innovative production and technology production which has been advocated in the past, will continue to be firmly promoted in the future. Adopting the above principles, following the laws of nature, protecting environment, will effectively achieve economic, ecological and social benefits.

Chaoda as the national level leading enterprise in green and modern agriculture, we had leveraged the professional team to improve innovative capability and scientific strength. Strived to adhere the green development concept, promoting green production, and attaching great importance to soil protection and rural ecological environment, so to improve the supply level and quality of agricultural products.

COMPANY OUTLOOK

In December 2019, with the consent of the State Council, the Ministry of Agriculture and Rural Affairs, the National Development and Reform Commission, the Ministry of Finance, and the Ministry of Commerce jointly issued the "Guiding opinions on the implementation of the "Internet +" agricultural products from villages and towns project" to the governments of provinces, autonomous regions, municipalities directly under the Central Government and relevant departments of the State Council. The "Internet +" agricultural product out of village and city project is a major decision and deployment made by the Central Committee of the Communist Party of China and the State Council to solve the problem of "difficult selling" and achieve high quality and good prices of agricultural products to drive farmers' income, as an important part of the construction of digital agriculture and rural areas, it is also a major change in realizing agricultural modernization and rural rejuvenation.

"Internet + Agriculture" will carry out in-depth transformation of all links in the agricultural industrial chain such as production, distribution, operation, financial services, and personnel training, optimize the agricultural supply side, and improve the efficiency and quality of agricultural operations. Agriculture will transform and upgrade to informatization and intelligence. Through the application of advanced technologies such as internet, cloud technology, sensing systems, the Internet of Things, and agricultural big data, it will promote extensive and inefficient agricultural production methods, and gradually realize smart agriculture, precision agriculture, and efficient agriculture.

Chaoda's new business model, which has been studied and tested in the past few years, is highly consistent with national policies. Looking back on the financial period under review, Chaoda has continued to work hard on the main line of agricultural supply-side structural reform, combining agricultural supply-side structural reform with poverty alleviation and rural revitalization, and striving to practice a new partnership management mechanism in which smallholder farmers and modern agriculture are closely linked. Combining agricultural supply-side structural reform with military-civilian integration, actively exploring new models of military logistical support for military-civilian integration; combining agricultural supply-side structural reform with food safety, and focusing on building a new, traceable food safety management system.

During the financial period under review, the two pilot contracts in Jiangsu Province operate smoothly in general. The Group has collected feedback from all participants, including farmers, cooperatives, agricultural enterprises, etc. and will implement and improve the "Chaoda system" under Chaoda's new business operation model. The Company plans to find new pilots continue to test and promote new business operation models in the second half of the year to Fujian, Jiangsu, Gansu, Shaanxi, Hainan and other provinces. Although the new outbreak of severe respiratory disease associated with Novel Coronavirus in China in early 2020 will have a great impact on the Company's original plan, the Company insist on grasping the epidemic prevention and control in one hand, advancing the project on the other hand, and strive to achieve strong confidence, stable production, guarantee supply, and keep safety.

2020 is the year of decisive battle against poverty, and also the key year for the Group to make all-out efforts to accelerate its deployment and achieve leapfrog development. Chaoda puts forward the proposal: "One heart one mind, firm consciousness of decisive victory; work together in the same direction, gather a strong and cohesive force; share responsibility all together, promote the spirit of hard work. Strive to reach the goal in the shortest time and live up to the good times, contribute youth and strength, work together in 2020 to fully complete the Group's missions."

LIQUIDITY AND FINANCIAL RESOURCES

As at 31 December 2019, cash and cash equivalents of the Group amounted to RMB80 million (30 June 2019: RMB133 million). In addition, the Group has no secured banking facilities (30 June 2019: Nil).

As at 31 December 2019, the total equity of the Group (including non-controlling interests) amounted to RMB257 million (30 June 2019: RMB269 million). Since the Group did not have any outstanding bank loans or long term debts due to third party as at 31 December 2019 and 30 June 2019, the debt to equity ratio (bank loans over total equity) of the Group was nil. The current ratio (dividing total current assets by total current liabilities) was approximately 4 times (30 June 2019: 4 times).

EXPOSURE TO FLUCTUATIONS IN EXCHANGE RATE

The Group's operating transactions were primarily denominated in Renminbi. During the financial period under review, the Group was not exposed to material risk in respect of fluctuations in Renminbi exchange rates. The Group will continue to closely monitor the risk and adopt appropriate measure should the needs arise.

During the financial period under review, the Group did not take part in any derivatives activities and did not enter into any hedging activities in respect of foreign exchange risk.

SIGNIFICANT INVESTMENTS

During the financial period under review, the Group did not have any significant investments.

MATERIAL ACQUISITIONS AND/OR DISPOSALS OF SUBSIDIARIES AND ASSOCIATES

During the financial period under review, the Group did not carry out any material acquisitions and/or disposals in respect of subsidiaries and associates.

CHARGE ON ASSETS

As at 31 December 2019 and 30 June 2019, the Group did not charge any of its assets to any bank or other financial institutions.

CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

The Group did not have any material contingent liabilities as at 31 December 2019 and 30 June 2019.

CAPITAL STRUCTURE

The capital structure of the Company includes issued share capital and reserves.

As at 31 December 2019, the Company has issued ordinary share capital of 3,295,582,491 shares. There was no change in the issued share capital of the Company during the financial period under review.

HUMAN RESOURCES

As at 31 December 2019, the Group employed 175 employees.

According to the Group's current remuneration policy, promotions and salary increments are based on objective factors like employees' job positions, work performance, qualifications and experience, and also by reference to the actual condition of the human resources market. In addition to basic salaries, the Group also distributes discretionary bonuses and/or other incentives based on the results of internal appraisal. Besides, the Group provides employees with other benefits such as pension, insurance, education, subsidies and training programs. In order to motivate the employees and enhance their sense of belonging so that they will support the Group's strategies, eligible employees are granted share options entitling them to subscribe for the Company's shares.

DIRECTORS' INTERESTS IN SECURITIES

As at 31 December 2019, the interests and short position of the directors of the Company in the shares, underlying shares and debentures of the Company or any of its associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the Securities and Futures Ordinance (the "SFO")) as recorded in the register required to be kept under Section 352 of the SFO or otherwise as notified to the Company and The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange") pursuant to the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Issuers (the "Model Code") as set out in the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on the Stock Exchange (the "Listing Rules") were as follows:

Long positions in shares of the Company

Name of director	Nature of interests	Number of shares held	Total	Percentage of issued share capital recorded in the register
Mr. Kwok Ho	Personal interests Corporate interests (Note)	2,028,000 643,064,644	645,092,644	19.57%

Note: Held through Kailey Investment Ltd. which is wholly owned by Mr. Kwok Ho.

Long positions in underlying shares of the Company

					_	Number of share options				
Name of		Exercisable period		Exercise price	Balance as at	During the financial period under review		Balance as at		
directors	Grant date	Starting		Ending	HK\$	01/07/2019	Granted	Lapsed	31/12/2019	
Mr. Kuang Qiao	26/11/2010	26/11/2010	to	25/11/2020	6.430	2,000,000	_	_	2,000,000	
3 ()	13/07/2016	13/07/2016	to	12/07/2026	0.187	2,000,000	_	_	2,000,000	
		13/07/2017	to	12/07/2026	0.187	2,000,000	_	_	2,000,000	
		13/07/2018	to	12/07/2026	0.187	2,000,000	_	_	2,000,000	
		13/07/2019	to	12/07/2026	0.187	2,000,000	_	_	2,000,000	
		13/07/2020	to	12/07/2026	0.187	2,000,000	_	_	2,000,000	
Mr. Yang Gang	26/11/2010	26/11/2010	to	25/11/2020	6.430	200,000	_	_	200,000	
	13/07/2016	13/07/2016	to	12/07/2026	0.187	800,000	_	_	800,000	
		13/07/2017	to	12/07/2026	0.187	800,000	_	_	800,000	
		13/07/2018	to	12/07/2026	0.187	800,000	_	_	800,000	
		13/07/2019	to	12/07/2026	0.187	800,000	_	_	800,000	
		13/07/2020	to	12/07/2026	0.187	800,000	_	_	800,000	

							Number of share options				
Name of		Exercisable period		Exercise price	Balance as at	During the period unde		Balance as at			
directors	Grant date	Starting		Ending	HK\$	01/07/2019	Granted	Lapsed	31/12/2019		
Mr. Ip Chi Ming	26/11/2010	26/11/2010	to	25/11/2020	6.430	2,000,000	_	_	2,000,000		
	13/07/2016	13/07/2016	to	12/07/2026	0.187	1,200,000	_	_	1,200,000		
		13/07/2017	to	12/07/2026	0.187	1,200,000	_	_	1,200,000		
		13/07/2018	to	12/07/2026	0.187	1,200,000	_	_	1,200,000		
		13/07/2019	to	12/07/2026	0.187	1,200,000	_	_	1,200,000		
		13/07/2020	to	12/07/2026	0.187	1,200,000	_	_	1,200,000		
Mr. Fung Chi Kin	26/11/2010	26/11/2010	to	25/11/2020	6.430	750,000	_	_	750,000		
	13/07/2016	13/07/2016	to	12/07/2026	0.187	600,000	_	_	600,000		
		13/07/2017	to	12/07/2026	0.187	600,000	_	_	600,000		
		13/07/2018	to	12/07/2026	0.187	600,000	_	_	600,000		
		13/07/2019	to	12/07/2026	0.187	600,000	_	_	600,000		
		13/07/2020	to	12/07/2026	0.187	600,000	_	_	600,000		
Mr. Tam Ching Ho	26/11/2010	26/11/2010	to	25/11/2020	6.430	750,000	_	_	750,000		
J	13/07/2016	13/07/2016	to	12/07/2026	0.187	600,000	_	_	600,000		
		13/07/2017	to	12/07/2026	0.187	600,000	_	_	600,000		
		13/07/2018	to	12/07/2026	0.187	600,000	_	_	600,000		
		13/07/2019	to	12/07/2026	0.187	600,000	_	_	600,000		
		13/07/2020	to	12/07/2026	0.187	600,000	_	_	600,000		
Professor											
Lin Shun Quan	13/07/2016	13/07/2016	to	12/07/2026	0.187	100,000	_	_	100,000		
`		13/07/2017	to	12/07/2026	0.187	100,000	_	_	100,000		
		13/07/2018	to	12/07/2026	0.187	100,000	_	_	100,000		
		13/07/2019	to	12/07/2026	0.187	100,000	_	_	100,000		
		13/07/2020	to	12/07/2026	0.187	100,000	_	_	100,000		
Chan Yik Pun	13/07/2016	13/07/2016	to	12/07/2026	0.187	400,000	_	_	400,000		
		13/07/2017	to	12/07/2026	0.187	400,000	_	_	400,000		
		13/07/2018	to	12/07/2026	0.187	400,000	_	_	400,000		
		13/07/2019	to	12/07/2026	0.187	400,000	_	_	400,000		
		13/07/2020	to	12/07/2026	0.187	400,000	_	_	400,000		

Save as disclosed above, as at 31 December 2019, none of the directors and chief executives of the Company nor their associates had or was deemed to have any interests or short positions in the shares, underlying shares and debentures of the Company or any of its associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the SFO) which has been recorded in the register maintained by the Company under Section 352 of the SFO or which has been notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to the Model Code.

Other than as stated above, at no time during the financial period under review, the Company, or any of its subsidiaries was a party to any arrangement to enable the directors of the Company, their respective spouses or children under 18 years of age, to acquire benefits by means of the acquisition of shares in, or debentures of the Company or any other body corporate.

SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDERS' INTERESTS IN SECURITIES

As at 31 December 2019, the following parties (not being directors or chief executives of the Company) were directly or indirectly interested in 5% or more of the issued share capital and underlying shares of the Company as recorded in the register required to be kept under Section 336 of the SFO:

Name of substantial shareholder	Capacity	Long/short position	Number of shares and underlying shares held	Total number of shares and underlying shares held	Percentage of issued share capital recorded in the register
Kailey Investment Ltd. (Note)	Beneficial owner	Long	643,064,644	643,064,644	19.51%

Note: Kailey Investment Ltd. is a company incorporated in the British Virgin Islands with limited liability, the entire issued share capital of which is beneficially and wholly owned by Mr. Kwok Ho.

SHARE OPTION SCHEME

The 2002 Share Option Scheme

The share option scheme (the "2002 Share Option Scheme") adopted by the Company on 19 June 2002 (the "Adoption Date") was expired at the tenth anniversary of the Adoption Date on 18 June 2012. No further share options could be granted under the 2002 Share Option Scheme consequent upon its expiration. The 2002 Share Option Scheme will remain in force to the extent necessary to give effect to the exercise of the options previously granted thereunder. Subject to the exercise periods, all share options granted before the expiration of the 2002 Share Option Scheme and yet to be exercised remain valid.

During the financial period under review, details of the movements of the outstanding share options granted under the 2002 Share Option Scheme are set out below:

					Nur	nber of share opti	ons
		Exercisable	e period	Exercise price	Balance as at	Lapsed during the financial period under	Balance as at
Category of participants	Grant date	Starting	Ending	HK\$	01/07/2019	review	31/12/2019
Directors Mr. Kuang Qiao	26/11/2010	26/11/2010 to	25/11/2020	6.430	2,000,000	_	2,000,000
Mr. Yang Gang	26/11/2010	26/11/2010 to	25/11/2020	6.430	200,000	_	200,000
Mr. lp Chi Ming	26/11/2010	26/11/2010 to	25/11/2020	6.430	2,000,000	_	2,000,000
Mr. Fung Chi Kin	26/11/2010	26/11/2010 to	25/11/2020	6.430	750,000	_	750,000
Mr. Tam Ching Ho	26/11/2010	26/11/2010 to	25/11/2020	6.430	750,000	_	750,000
Employees							
in aggregate	26/11/2010	26/11/2010 to	25/11/2020	6.430	53,025,000	_	53,025,000
	26/11/2010	26/11/2011 to	25/11/2020	6.430	25,000	_	25,000
	26/11/2010	26/11/2012 to	25/11/2020	6.430	25,000	_	25,000
	26/11/2010	26/11/2013 to	25/11/2020	6.430	25,000	_	25,000
Other Participants							
in aggregate	26/11/2010	26/11/2010 to	25/11/2020	6.430	2,500,000		2,500,000
Total					61,300,000	_	61,300,000

The 2015 Share Option Scheme

Pursuant to an ordinary resolution passed by shareholders of the Company at the annual general meeting of the Company held on 17 December 2015 (the "Adoption Date of the 2015 Share Option Scheme"), a new share option scheme (the "2015 Share Option Scheme") was adopted.

During the financial period under review, details of the movements of the share options under the 2015 Share Option Scheme are set out below:

							Number of share options			
Category of		Exercisable period			Exercise price	Balance as at	During the financial period under review		Balance as at	
participants	Grant date	Starting		Ending	HK\$	01/07/2019	Exercised	Lapsed	31/12/2019	
Directors										
Mr. Kuang Qiao	13/07/2016	13/07/2016	to	12/07/2026	0.187	2,000,000	_	_	2,000,000	
		13/07/2017	to	12/07/2026	0.187	2,000,000	_	_	2,000,000	
		13/07/2018	to	12/07/2026	0.187	2,000,000	_	_	2,000,000	
		13/07/2019	to	12/07/2026	0.187	2,000,000	_	_	2,000,000	
		13/07/2020	to	12/07/2026	0.187	2,000,000	_	_	2,000,000	
Mr. Yang Gang	13/07/2016	13/07/2016	to	12/07/2026	0.187	800,000	_	_	800,000	
		13/07/2017	to	12/07/2026	0.187	800,000	_	_	800,000	
		13/07/2018	to	12/07/2026	0.187	800,000	_	_	800,000	
		13/07/2019	to	12/07/2026	0.187	800,000	_	_	800,000	
		13/07/2020	to	12/07/2026	0.187	800,000	_	_	800,000	
Mr. lp Chi Ming	13/07/2016	13/07/2016	to	12/07/2026	0.187	1,200,000	_	_	1,200,000	
		13/07/2017	to	12/07/2026	0.187	1,200,000	_	_	1,200,000	
		13/07/2018	to	12/07/2026	0.187	1,200,000	_	_	1,200,000	
		13/07/2019	to	12/07/2026	0.187	1,200,000	_	_	1,200,000	
		13/07/2020	to	12/07/2026	0.187	1,200,000	_	_	1,200,000	
Mr. Fung Chi Kin	13/07/2016	13/07/2016	to	12/07/2026	0.187	600,000	_	_	600,000	
		13/07/2017	to	12/07/2026	0.187	600,000	_	_	600,000	
		13/07/2018	to	12/07/2026	0.187	600,000	_	_	600,000	
		13/07/2019	to	12/07/2026	0.187	600,000	_	_	600,000	
		13/07/2020	to	12/07/2026	0.187	600,000	_	_	600,000	

							Number of sh	are options	
					Exercise		During the financial		
Category of		Exercisable period			price	Balance as at	period under review		Balance as at
participants	Grant date	Starting		Ending	HK\$	01/07/2019	Exercised	Lapsed	31/12/2019
Mr. Tam Ching Ho	13/07/2016	13/07/2016	to	12/07/2026	0.187	600,000	_	_	600,000
IVII. Talli Clilig Ho	13/07/2010	13/07/2017	to	12/07/2026	0.187	600,000	_	_	600,000
		13/07/2017	to	12/07/2026	0.187	600,000	_	_	600,000
		13/07/2019	to	12/07/2026	0.187	600,000	_	_	600,000
		13/07/2020	to	12/07/2026	0.187	600,000	_	_	600,000
Professor									
Lin Shun Quan	13/07/2016	13/07/2016	to	12/07/2026	0.187	100,000	_	_	100,000
		13/07/2017	to	12/07/2026	0.187	100,000	_	_	100,000
		13/07/2018	to	12/07/2026	0.187	100,000	_	_	100,000
		13/07/2019	to	12/07/2026	0.187	100,000	_	_	100,000
		13/07/2020	to	12/07/2026	0.187	100,000	_	_	100,000
Mr. Chan Yik Pun	13/07/2016	13/07/2016	to	12/07/2026	0.187	400,000	_	_	400,000
		13/07/2017	to	12/07/2026	0.187	400,000	_	_	400,000
		13/07/2018	to	12/07/2026	0.187	400,000	_	_	400,000
		13/07/2019	to	12/07/2026	0.187	400,000	_	_	400,000
		13/07/2020	to	12/07/2026	0.187	400,000	_	_	400,000
Employees									
in aggregate	13/07/2016	13/07/2016	to	12/07/2026	0.187	35,616,000	_	_	35,616,000
		13/07/2017	to	12/07/2026	0.187	35,616,000	_	_	35,616,000
		13/07/2018	to	12/07/2026	0.187	35,616,000	_	_	35,616,000
		13/07/2019	to	12/07/2026	0.187	35,616,000	_	_	35,616,000
		13/07/2020	to	12/07/2026	0.187	35,616,000	_	_	35,616,000
Other Participant									
in aggregate	13/07/2016	13/07/2016	to	12/07/2026	0.187	8,800,000	_	_	8,800,000
		13/07/2017	to	12/07/2026	0.187	8,800,000	_	_	8,800,000
		13/07/2018	to	12/07/2026	0.187	8,800,000	_	_	8,800,000
		13/07/2019	to	12/07/2026	0.187	8,800,000	_	_	8,800,000
		13/07/2020	to	12/07/2026	0.187	8,800,000		_	8,800,000
Total						250,580,000	_	_	250,580,000

PURCHASE, SALE OR REDEMPTION OF LISTED SECURITIES

During the six months ended 31 December 2019, neither the Company nor any of its subsidiaries purchased, sold or redeemed any of the Company's listed securities.

AUDIT COMMITTEE

All members of the Audit Committee are independent non-executive directors, including Mr. Tam Ching Ho (the Chairman), Mr. Fung Chi Kin and Mr. Chan Yik Pun. They possess appropriate professional qualifications, accounting or related financial management expertise as required under the Listing Rules.

The Audit Committee has reviewed the Interim Financial Report.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

The Board recognises that good corporate governance will not only safeguard the interests and assets of the Company and deliver long-term return to our shareholders, but will also lay a good foundation for sustainable growth of the Company. During the six months ended 31 December 2019, the Company has complied with the applicable code provisions set out in the Corporate Governance Code (the "CG Code") contained in Appendix 14 to the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Listing Rules"), except for the deviation stated below:

Code provision A.2.1 of the CG Code

Under code provision A.2.1 of the CG Code, the roles of chairman and chief executive should be separate and should not be performed by the same individual. Mr. Kwok Ho held and is currently performing both the roles of Chairman and Chief Executive Officer of the Company. The Board considers that Mr. Kwok, as the founder of the Group, has profound knowledge and expertise in agricultural business. Under the present structure, the Group can enjoy the benefit of strong and consistent leadership in the development and execution of the Group's business strategies in the most efficient and effective manner. The Board will review and assess such arrangement from time to time to keep a balance of power and authority.

Code provision E.1.2 of the CG Code

Under code provision E.1.2 of the CG Code, the chairman of the board should attend the annual general meeting. Mr. KWOK Ho, the chairman of the Board, was absent from the annual general meeting held on 19 December 2019 due to the business engagement. Mr. KUANG Qiao, an executive Director and the elected chairman of that meeting, was available to answer questions in that meeting.

The Board will constantly review the corporate governance policies of the Company and adopt such practices and procedures as considered by it to be appropriate and in the overall interests of the Company and our shareholders as a whole from time to time.

CHANGES IN DIRECTORS' INFORMATION

Pursuant to Rule 13.51B(1) of the Listing Rules, since the date of the Company's latest published 2018/2019 Annual Report and up to the date of this report, the changes in the Directors' information are set out below:

- (a) The monthly salary paid or payable by the Company to Mr. Kwok Ho was changed from HK\$85,000 to HK\$50,000 with effect from 1 November 2019.
- (b) The monthly director's fee paid or payable by the Company to Mr. Ip Chi Ming was changed from HK\$70,000 to HK\$50,000 with effect from 1 November 2019.
- (c) The monthly director's fee paid or payable by the Company to Mr. Fung Chi Kin was changed from HK\$28,000 to HK\$18,000 with effect from 1 February 2020.
- (d) The monthly director's fee paid or payable by the Company to Mr. Tam Ching Ho was changed from HK\$28,000 to HK\$20,000 with effect from 1 February 2020.

Save as disclosed above, there is no other change in information of the Directors required to be disclosed pursuant to Rule 13.51B(1) of the Listing Rules.

MODEL CODE FOR SECURITIES TRANSACTIONS

The Company has adopted the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Issuers (the "Model Code") set out in Appendix 10 to the Listing Rules as its code of conduct regarding securities transactions by the Directors. All Directors, after specific enquiries by the Company, confirmed that they had complied with the required standard set out in the Model Code throughout the six months ended 31 December 2019.

On behalf of the Board **Kwok Ho** *Chairman*

Hong Kong, 28 February 2020