

## 華章科技控股有限公司 Huazhang Technology Holding Limited

(Incorporated in Cayman Islands with limited liability) Stock code: 1673



#### **CORPORATE INFORMATION**

#### **DIRECTORS**

#### **Executive directors**

Mr. Zhu Gen Rong (Chairman)

Mr. Wang Ai Yan (Chief Executive Officer)

Mr. LIU Chuan Jiang

Mr. Jin Hao

#### Independent Non-executive directors

Mr. Dai Tian Zhu

Mr. Kong Chi Mo

Mr. Heng, Keith Kai Neng

#### **AUDIT COMMITTEE**

Mr. Kong Chi Mo (Chairman)

Mr. Dai Tian Zhu

Mr. Heng, Keith Kai Neng

#### **REMUNERATION COMMITTEE**

Mr. Heng, Keith Kai Neng (Chairman)

Mr. Kong Chi Mo

Mr. Dai Tian Zhu

#### NOMINATION COMMITTEE

Mr. Dai Tian Zhu (Chairman)

Mr. Zhu Gen Rong

Mr. Kong Chi Mo

Mr. Heng, Keith Kai Neng

#### **COMPANY SECRETARY**

Mr. Chan So Kuen

#### **COMPLIANCE OFFICER**

Mr. Jin Hao

#### **CORPORATE INFORMATION** (Continued)

#### **AUTHORIZED REPRESENTATIVES**

Mr. Zhu Gen Rong Mr. Chan So Kuen

#### **LEGAL ADVISOR**

As to Hong Kong Law Stevenson, Wong & Co.

#### **AUDITORS**

PricewaterhouseCoopers

#### **REGISTERED ADDRESS**

Cricket Square Hutchins Drive PO Box 2681 Grand Cayman, KY1-1111 Cayman Islands

#### HEAD OFFICE AND PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS IN PRC

1360 Zhenhua Road No.2 Industrial Area Tongxiang Economic & Technical Development Zone Tongxiang, Zhejiang Province PRC

#### PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS IN HONG KONG

Room 805A, 8/F Tower 1, South Seas Centre 75 Mody Road, Tsim Sha Tsui Kowloon Hong Kong

#### PRINCIPAL SHARE REGISTRAR AND TRANSFER OFFICE

Conyers Trust Company (Cayman) Limited Cricket Square Hutchins Drive PO Box 2681 Grand Cayman, KY1-1111 Cayman Islands

## **CORPORATE INFORMATION** (Continued)

#### **BRANCH SHARE REGISTRAR AND TRANSFER OFFICE**

Tricor Investor Services Limited Level 54, Hopewell Centre 183 Queen's Road East Hong Kong

#### **STOCK CODE**

1673

#### **WEBSITE**

www.hzeg.com



## **FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS**

For the six months ended
31 December

	31 December			
	2019	2018	Change	
	RMB	RMB	%	
Revenue	237,130,960	427,778,117	(44.6)	
Gross profit	56,537,885	59,057,728	(4.3)	
Gross profit margin	23.8%	13.8%	10.0	
Loss for the period	(35,785,017)	(35,943,825)	(0.4)	
Net loss margin	(15.1)%	(8.4)%	(6.7)	
Loss attributable to owners of the				
parent	(36,364,900)	(35,478,472)	2.5	
Losses per share attributable to the				
ordinary equity holders				
of the parent (RMB cents per				
share)				
– basic	(4.96)	(4.91)		
– diluted	(4.96)	(4.91)		

The Board resolved not to declare any interim dividend for the six months ended 31 December 2019.



#### MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

The board (the "Board") of directors (the "Directors") of Huazhang Technology Holding Limited (the "Company") is pleased to present the unaudited condensed consolidated results of the Company and its subsidiaries (together, the "Group") for the six months ended 31 December 2019, together with the unaudited comparative figures for the corresponding period in 2018.

#### **INDUSTRY REVIEW**

Looking back to the second half of 2019, China's economy has faced unprecedented challenges. Hindered by the unresolved Sino-US trade conflicts, along with the complex and changing domestic and international economic situations, the economic growth in China has been slowed down. In 2019, China's GDP recorded a growth rate of 6.1%, hitting its record low since 1990. The paper manufacturing industry kick-started its previous booming cycle during the second half of 2016; yet, its performance started sliding since mid-2018, with many domestic paper manufacturing enterprises even slowed down their investment pace in fixed assets in view of narrowing profits later in 2019. Since the second half of 2019, the declining import of waste paper has, however, driven the upward growth of the industry, in return not only the profits seized by industrial paper enterprises have seen a recovery, but also the industry itself. As reported by the National Bureau of Statistics, in 2019, the production of machine-made papers and cardboards in China grew 3.5% year-on-year to 125.15 million tonnes, which was also a rebound from the 2018 decline.

Despite the lingering downward pressure on the Chinese economy and the paper manufacturing industry, top-notch paper manufacturing enterprises in the industry have accelerated their planning efforts for their capacity layout in overseas markets. In the meantime, the robust economic development in Southeast Asia has propelled the growth in paper demand. Take Vietnam as an example, with the "Comprehensive and Progressive Agreement for Trans-Pacific Partnership" ("CPTPP") being taken into effect in Vietnam in January 2019, the country then officially signed the "EU-Vietnam Free Trade Agreement" ("EVFTA") and "EU-Vietnam Investment Protection Agreement" ("EVIPA") with the European Union in June of the same year. The signing and commencement of these free trade agreements are expected to ignite the expansion of the Vietnamese enterprises' export markets, which in turn will further boost the demand for papers and cardboards, and draw in fixed asset investments. Since the entire paper manufacturing market in Southeast Asia is still at the initial stage of development, we expect to still see a certain demand and growth in paper machines and equipment.

#### **BUSINESS REVIEW**

The Group's business segments can be classified as four types:

Industrial products – including industrial automation systems and headboxes

Project contracting services – including design services, project management services and installation services

Environmental products – including sludge treatment products, wastewater treatment products and refuse derived fuel products ("RDF products")

Supporting services – including after-sales services, machine running services, warehouse and logistic services, supply chain services and renovation services

Affected by the downward pressure on the Chinese economy and paper manufacturing industry, the performances of the Group have been significant affected. Although the gross profit margin was improved from 13.8% for the six months ended 31 December 2018 to 23.8% for the six months ended 31 December 2019, the Group still recorded a turnover and a loss of approximately RMB237.1 million and approximately RMB35.8 million respectively, representing a decrease of approximately 44.6% and approximately 0.4% respectively as compared with the same period in 2018.

During the period under review, the Group has (1) continued its efforts in actively exploring the overseas markets, in particular the Southeast Asian market, in response to the strategy of the "Belt and Road" initiative; (2) expanded new business and launched new products; and (3) enhanced internal management. For the six months ended 31 December 2019:

Successful commencement of operation of the turnkey project with high value

After 24 months of efforts, the Group completed the turnkey project of Anhui Linping Paper in December 2019. The project was related to the contracted construction of a production line for two high-ended wrapping paper machines of the same specification by Anhui Linping Paper. The paper machines have a net paper width of 5600 millimeters, with a designed speed of 900 meters/minute. The turnkey contract had a value of RMB350.0 million, with a total production capacity of 500,000 tonnes. The smooth ignition of one of these 5600 paper machines of the project marks the success of Huazhang Technology to have its turnkey project commissioned, which is an individual project with the highest order value since the commencement of its paper machine turnkey business. For such project involving the two paper machines of Linping Paper, Huazhang Technology provided a comprehensive solution for slurry and paper manufacturing, with the utilization of key components and services such as the headboxes and fully automation systems manufactured by the Group. The success of the project has provided highly valuable experience to improve the full-time all-encompassing services of paper manufacturing enterprises in the future.

Reputation among the industry draws in projects from major clients

With the completion of the first entire paper machine production line transformation project in the last financial year, the Group has created a positive ripple in the market. During this period, the Group successfully obtained the entire paper machine production line project of Sun Paper, with a contract value of approximately RMB23.9 million. The Group believes that its experience and technologies will both guarantee it to achieve continuous breakthrough and competitiveness in the market.

During the period under review, the Group participated the "2019 China Specialty Papers Conference, the 14th Annual Meeting of Specialty Papers Commission, and China International Specialty Papers Expo" as well as the "2019 China International Paper Technology Exhibition", allowing it to exchange ideas and establish good relationships with the domestic paper-making equipment industry peers. With a well-established reputation planted among the industry together with its extensive customer network, the Group will continue to snatch up projects of excellent quality.

#### Steady business growth under the "Belt and Road" initiative

In the overseas markets, the Group had undertaken the project that was signed with a Vietnamese customer last year with a value of US\$19.0 million (approximately RMB130.9 million). At present, the progress of the project is satisfactory. With part of the infrastructure facilities still being under construction, it is expected that the Group will successively provide machinery, equipment and installation services during the current financial year. The Group expected that the completion of the Vietnamese project will facilitate the promotion of the products and services of the Group in the Southeast Asian market. In addition, the overseas business division of the Group actively explored the overseas markets, especially for the headbox business.

#### **FUTURE PROSPECTS**

Upholding the vision and principles of "Integrating Together, Creating Together, Benefiting Together", the Group will persist in playing the role of providing all-encompassing services to maximize the interests by sharing, creating together and working together for win-win situation. The Group will proactively drive its corporate affairs and business to leap forward, in order to maintain its competitiveness and mitigate the impact from the industry downturn cycle.

Looking ahead to 2020, the epidemic is expected to put pressure on China's macro-economy in the short term, not to mention many uncertainties in the Sino-US trade negotiations still remain. The risk of macro-economic downturn will affect the production and sales of the paper manufacturing industry to a certain extent and also hamper the fixed asset investments of the industry. On the other hand, the progressive emergence of the Southeast Asian paper manufacturing industry has attracted domestic and foreign paper enterprises to set foot in the region by building factories, with enormous potential in the overseas markets. As a leading paper-making equipment supplier in China, the Group will step up its efforts in innovation as well as in research and development, so that more elements of Chinese creativity can be incorporated in the products being made in China. The Group will also maintain its existing business development while actively explore its overseas businesses.

#### **FINANCIAL REVIEW**

#### Revenue and gross profit margin

Revenue decreased by approximately 44.6% from approximately RMB427.8 million for the six months ended 31 December 2018 to approximately RMB237.1 million for the six months ended 31 December 2019. Gross profit margin increased from approximately 13.8% for the six months ended 31 December 2018 to approximately 23.8% for the six months ended 31 December 2019.

#### (i) Industrial products

Revenue from sales of industrial products decreased significantly by approximately 60.3% from approximately RMB135.5 million for the six months ended 31 December 2018 to approximately RMB53.8 million for the six months ended 31 December 2019. Such decrease was primarily attributable to decrease in demand on industrial automation system from the supporting service. The sales of industrial automation systems decreased by approximately RMB101.3 million to RMB29.2 million for the six months ended 31 December 2019 as compared with for the six months ended 31 December 2018. However, the gross profit margin of industrial products increased from approximately 26.4% for the six months ended 31 December 2018 to approximately 34.3% for the six months ended 31 December 2019. Such increase was attributable to the Group reduced its profit margin in industrial products to support the supporting services for the six months ended 31 December 2018 as no such strategy was implemented for the six months ended 31 December 2019.

#### (ii) Project contracting services

Revenue from project contracting services increased significantly by approximately 104.4% from approximately RMB58.3 million for the six months ended 31 December 2018 to approximately RMB119.1 million for the six months ended 31 December 2019. Such increase was mainly due to a mega project was completed for the six months ended 31 December 2019, which contributed a revenue of approximately RMB102.2 million. The gross profit margin of project contracting services increased from approximately 13.6% for the six months ended 31 December 2018 to approximately 17.5% for the six months ended 31 December 2019.

#### (iii) Environmental business

Revenue from sales of environmental business increased significantly by approximately 51.2% from approximately RMB23.0 million for the six months ended 31 December 2018 to approximately RMB34.8 million for the six months ended 31 December 2019. Such increase was primarily due to an increase in revenue from wastewater treatment business of approximately RMB19.3 million for the six months ended 31 December 2019 after the Group strengthened the promotion and adjusted the sales strategies. As a result, the gross profit margin of environmental business increased from approximately 22.8% for the six months ended 31 December 2018 to approximately 30.2% for the six months ended 31 December 2019.

#### (iv) Supporting services

Revenue from the provision of supporting services decreased significantly by approximately 86.0% from approximately RMB211.0 million for the six months ended 31 December 2018 to approximately RMB29.5 million for the six months ended 31 December 2019. The revenue from the provision of support services decreased significantly mainly due to the Group provided a new service in relation to the transformation work of an entire paper machine production line for the six months ended 31 December 2018, such service was generated a revenue of RMB159.8 million as no such service was incurred for the six months ended 31 December 2019. The gross profit margin for the provision of supporting services increased significantly from approximately 4.8% for the six months ended 31 December 2018 to approximately 22.7% for the six months ended 31 December 2019. The gross profit margin increased due to the gross profit margin of the new service in 2018 was low.

#### Selling and distribution expenses

The selling and distribution expenses decreased by approximately 14.3% from approximately RMB7.6 million for the six months ended 31 December 2018 to approximately RMB6.5 million for the six months ended 31 December 2019, accounting for approximately 1.8% and approximately 2.7% of the Group's revenue for the six months ended 31 December 2018 and 2019 respectively. Decrease in selling and distribution expenses was primarily attributing to decrease in traveling expenses and transportation costs as compared with same period of 2018.

#### Administrative expenses

The administrative expenses increased by approximately 21.1% from approximately RMB27.1 million for the six months ended 31 December 2018 to approximately RMB32.8 million for the six months ended 31 December 2019, accounting for approximately 6.3% and approximately 13.8% of the Group's revenue for the six months ended 31 December 2018 and 2019 respectively. Increase in administrative expenses is mainly attributable to the Group invested amounts of approximately RMB8.5 million for the preparation work of the waste recycling and treatment project, such as hiring a project team and holding a global conference for the project, for the six months ended 31 December 2019 as no such project for the six months ended 31 December 2018.

#### Research and development expenses

The research and development expenses increased by approximately 9.4% from approximately RMB10.4 million for the six months ended 31 December 2018 to approximately RMB11.3 million for the six months ended 31 December 2019, accounting for approximately 2.4% and approximately 4.8% of the Group's revenue for the six months ended 31 December 2018 and 2019 respectively. The Group has continued to invest in research and development activities about the internet of things and the next generation of the headboxes, the Group aimed to improve and enhance the technology and quality of the paper equipment to international standards.

#### Net impairment (losses)/written back on financial assets

Net impairment (losses)/written back on financial assets changed from a written back of approximately RMB1.8 million for the six months ended 31 December 2018 to a losses of approximately RMB48.7 million for the six months ended 31 December 2019. Such change was primarily due to several customers have difficulties, such as suspension or liquidities issues. As a result, the customers cannot repay the receivables timely in such an economic environment. The management of the Group has actively monitored the settlement of the receivables and made prudent assessments and made an impairment loss on financial assets of approximately RMB48.7 million. The Group will take more actions, such as negotiation with the customers for the repayment and even legal action, to reduce the loss.

#### Other income and gains/(losses), net

Other income and gains/(losses), net changed from a loss of approximately RMB44.8 million for the six months ended 31 December 2018 to a gain of approximately RMB13.3 million for the six months ended 31 December 2019. For the six months ended 31 December 2019, the Group recorded interest incomes from customers for late payments and amortised financial income from the project contracting services with aggregated amounts of approximately RMB10.8 million, as compared with the six months ended 31 December 2018, the Group recorded non-recurring expenditure in relation to change in fair value of contingent consideration from acquisition of headbox business of approximately RMB28.6 million and impairment of goodwill from acquisition of the logistic business of approximately RMB21.6 million.

#### Finance costs - net

The finance costs – net increased by approximately 40.2% from RMB3.0 million for the six months ended 31 December 2018 to approximately RMB4.2 million for the six months ended 31 December 2019, primarily attributing to a decrease in interest income of approximately RMB6.3 million and an increase in interest on loans of approximately RMB1.2 million for the six months ended 31 December 2019, which offsetting by a decrease in interest on convertible bonds of approximately RMB6.5 million for the six months ended 31 December 2019.

#### Income tax expense

The income tax expense decreased by approximately 48.4% from approximately RMB4.0 million for the six months ended 31 December 2018 to approximately RMB2.1 million for the six months ended 31 December 2019. The decrease was mainly attributable to decrease in operating profits of the Group for the six months ended 31 December 2019.

The effective tax rates of the Group decreased from approximately -12.5% for the six months ended 31 December 2018 to approximately -6.1% for the six months ended 31 December 2019.

#### Loss for the period and net loss margin

The loss for the period remain stable at approximately RMB35.9 million and RMB35.8 million for the six months ended 31 December 2018 and 2019. The net loss margin increased from approximately -8.4% for the six months ended 31 December 2018 to approximately -15.1% for the six months ended 31 December 2019, primarily due to a decrease in turnover for the six months ended 31 December 2019.

#### Loss for the period attributable to owners of the parent

The loss for the period attributable to owners of the parent remain stable at approximately RMB35.5 million and RMB36.4 million for the six months ended 31 December 2018 and 2019.

#### LIQUIDITY AND FINANCIAL RESOURCES

The Group maintained a healthy liquidity position during the period under review. The Group was principally financed by internal resources interest-bearing loans and convertible bonds. As at 31 December 2019, the Group had cash and cash equivalents balance amounting to approximately RMB27.4 million (30 June 2019: approximately RMB24.2 million) and interest-bearing loans amounting to approximately RMB73.5 million (30 June 2019: RMB54.8 million).

#### Convertible Bonds

On 29 March 2017, the Company issued convertible bonds in principal amount of HK\$100.0 million (equivalent to approximately RMB88.8 million) ("Convertible Bonds").

Pursuant to the bond subscription agreement, the Convertible Bonds are:

- (a) convertible at the option of the bond holders into ordinary shares of the Company at HK\$2.50 (subject to adjustment) at any time on or after 29 April 2017 up to the close of business on the 30th day prior to the maturity date; and
- (b) the maturity date is 29 March 2019 and it is subject to the Company's discretion to extend one additional year;

The net proceeds from the Convertible Bonds amounted to approximately HK\$99.5 million (the "Net Proceeds"). As at 30 June 2018, the Net Proceeds, after deducting all relevant costs and expenses, had been fully utilised as to approximately HK\$79.6 million for the Group's new intergraded solution projects and as to approximately HK\$19.9 million for the Group's general working capital, respectively.

On 25 March 2019, the Company received a notice from the investor requesting to extend the maturity date of the Convertible Bonds for 6 months after the maturity date, i.e., to 29 September 2019 under the same terms and conditions of the Convertible Bonds (the "First Extension"). On 21 May 2019, the First Extension has been approved by extraordinary general meeting in the form of an ordinary resolution.

On 29 September 2019, the Company executed a supplemental deed to further extend the maturity date of the Convertible Bonds to 28 September 2020 under the same terms and conditions of the Convertible Bonds (the "Second Extension") and Convertible Bonds holder has an option to extend the maturity date for one additional year. On 20 December 2019, the Second Extension has been approved at the extraordinary general meeting in the form of an ordinary resolution. For more details, please refer to the related announcements of the Company dated 29 September 2019 and the related circular of the Company dated 3 December 2019.

No Convertible Bonds has been converted into ordinary shares during the period.

# SIGNIFICANT INVESTMENTS HELD, MATERIAL ACQUISITIONS AND DISPOSALS

The Group had no significant investments held and disposals during the six months ended 31 December 2019.

#### Borrowings and charges of assets

As at 31 December 2019, the Group's borrowings were approximately RMB73.5 million (30 June 2019: RMB54.8 million) which will be repayable within 1 year. Such loans were all denominated in RMB, and bear an interest range of 4.35% to 10.0% per annum (30 June 2019: all denominated in RMB, and bear an interest range of 5.31% to 7.2% per annum).

As at 31 December 2019, the Group's Convertible Bonds was approximately RMB87.1 million (30 June 2019: RMB85.5 million) which will mature on 28 September 2020 and the interest is 5.0% per annum.

As at 31 December 2019, the banking facilities granted by the bank was secured by property, plant and equipment, investment properties and prepaid land lease payments of the Group amounting to approximately RMB65.0 million and RMB113.0 million and RMB77.9 million respectively (30 June 2019: approximately RMB63.4 million and RMB115.9 million and RMB78.8 million respectively).



#### Trade and other receivables

Trade and bills receivables increased by approximately RMB156.9 million from approximately RMB494.0 million as at 30 June 2019 to approximately RMB650.9 million as at 31 December 2019, primarily due to some contracting projects were completed for the six months ended 31 December 2019. Due to overall downward economic environment, several customers had financial difficulties and delayed the settlement of the receivables, as a results, the Group increased to make impairment loss on trade receivables and other receivables. The provision for impairment of trade receivables and other receivables were increased by approximately RMB27.4 million and RMB20.7 million, respectively, for the six months ended 31 December 2019. The Group will strengthen customer credit risk management to guard against the increased in bad debt provision, and will take legal action if necessary.

#### **CONTINGENT LIABILITIES**

As at 31 December 2019, the Group had no material contingent liabilities.

#### **FOREIGN CURRENCY RISK**

The Group's principal business is located in the PRC and its transactions are settled in RMB. Most of its assets and liabilities are denominated in RMB, except for certain payables to professional parties and administrative expenses in Hong Kong office that are denominated in Hong Kong dollars.

The RMB is not freely convertible. There is a risk that the Chinese government may take actions affecting exchange rates which may have a material adverse effect on the Group's net assets, earnings and any dividends it declares if such dividend is to be exchanged or converted into foreign exchange. The Group has not entered into any hedging transactions to manage the potential fluctuation in foreign currencies. The Group does not consider that it has any significant exposure to the risk of fluctuation in the exchange rate between HK\$, US\$ and RMB.

#### **EMPLOYEE AND REMUNERATION POLICIES**

As at 31 December 2019, the Group had 336 employees (30 June 2019: 314 employees), including the Directors. Total staff costs (including Directors' emoluments) for the six months ended 31 December 2019 were approximately RMB29.9 million, as comparable to approximately RMB30.3 million for the six months ended 31 December 2018. The remuneration of employees is determined based on job nature and market conditions, combined with increment on performance appraisal and year-end bonus which are designed to stimulate and award employee's individual performance. During the period, the Group continued its commitment to employees' training and development programme.

#### **DISCLOSURE OF INTEREST**

# INTERESTS AND SHORT POSITIONS OF DIRECTORS AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE IN SHARES, UNDERLYING SHARES AND DEBENTURES OF THE COMPANY OR ITS ASSOCIATED CORPORATION

As at 31 December 2019, the interests and short positions of the Directors and chief executive of the Company in the shares, underlying shares and debentures of the Company or its associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the Securities and Future Ordinance (the "SFO")) which will have to be notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange") under Divisions 7 and 9 of Part XV of the SFO (including interests or short positions which they are taken or deemed to have under such provisions of the SFO) or which will be required, pursuant to section 352 of the SFO, to be entered in the register as referred to therein, or pursuant to the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Issuers (the "Model Code") required to be notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange, are as follows:

#### Long positions in the shares

Name of director	Company/name of associated company	Natural of interest	Number of securities	Share Options	Approximate percentage of shareholding
Mr. Zhu Gen Rong	The Company	Interest of a controlled corporation	414,658,000 shares (Note 1)	-	- 56.50%
		Beneficial owner	1,760,000 shares (Note 2)		0.24%
		Interest of people acting in concert	354,000 shares (Note 1)		0.05%
	Florescent Holdings Limited	Interest of a controlled corporation	7,790 shares (Note 3)		77.90%
	Lian Shun Limited	Beneficial interest	5,705,500 shares (Note 4)		61.31%
Mr. Wang Ai Yan (Note 4)	The Company	Interest of a controlled corporation	414,658,000 shares (Note 5)	-	- 56.50%
		Beneficial owner	354,000 shares (Note 6)		0.05%
		Interest of people acting in concert	1,760,000 shares (Note 5)		0.24%
	Florescent Holdings Limited	Interest of a controlled corporation	7,790 shares (Note 3)		77.90%
	Lian Shun Limited	Beneficial interest	1,930,000 shares (Note 4)		20.74%

Name of director	Company/name of associated company	Natural of interest	Number of securities	Share Options	Approximate percentage of shareholding
Mr. Liu Chuan Jiang (Note 4)	The Company	Interest of a controlled corporation	414,658,00 shares (Note 7)	-	56.50%
		Interest of people acting	1,760,000 shares (Note 7)		0.24%
		in concert	354,000 shares (Note 7)		0.05%
	Florescent Holdings Limited	Interest of a controlled corporation	7,790 shares (Note 3)		77.90%
	Lian Shun Limited	Beneficial interest	1,670,000 shares (Note 4)		17.95%
M. Jin Hao	-	Beneficial interest	-	450,000	0.06%

#### Notes:

- The shares are registered in the name of Florescent Holdings Limited, a company owned as to 77.90% by Lian Shun Limited, which in turn is owned as to 61.31% by Mr. Zhu Gen Rong. Mr. Zhu is deemed to be interested in the Shares held by Florescent Holdings Limited. He is also deemed to be interested in the Shares held in the personal name of Mr. Wang Ai Yan.
- 2. The 1,760,000 shares which Mr. Zhu Gen Rong is interested in as beneficial owner.
- 3. Florescent Holdings Limited is owned as to 77.90% by Lian Shun Limited and as to 22.10% by Qunyu Limited.
- 4. Lian Shun Limited is owned as to 61.31% by Mr. Zhu Gen Rong, as to 20.74% by Mr. Wang Ai Yan and as to 17.95% by Mr. Liu Chuan Jiang.
- The shares are registered in the name of Florescent Holdings Limited, a company owned as to 77.90% by Lian Shun Limited, which in turn is owned as to 20.74% by Mr. Wang Ai Yan. Mr. Wang is regarded as one of the parties acting in concert with Mr. Zhu Gen Rong under the Takeovers Code and is deemed to be interested in the Shares held by Florescent Holdings Limited. He is also deemed to be interested in 1,760,000 shares held in the personal name of Mr. Zhu Gen Rong.
- 6. The 354,000 shares which Mr. Wang Ai Yan is interested in as beneficial owner.
- 7. The shares are registered in the name of Florescent Holdings Limited, a company owned as to 77.90% by Lian Shun Limited, which in turn is owned as to 17.95% by Mr. Liu Chuan Jiang. Mr. Liu is regarded as one of the parties acting in concert with Mr. Zhu Gen Rong and Mr. Wang Ai Yan under the Takeovers Code and is deemed to be interested in the Shares held by Florescent Holdings Limited. He is also deemed to be interested in 1,760,000 shares and 354,000 shares held in the personal name of Mr. Zhu Gen Rong and Mr. Wang Ai Yan, respectively.

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#### **DISCLOSURE OF INTEREST** (Continued)

Save as disclosed above, as at 31 December 2019, none of the Directors of the Company had any interest or short position in the shares, underlying shares or debentures of the Company or any of its associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the SFO) which will have to be notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange under Divisions 7 and 8 of Part XV of the SFO (including interests or short positions which he is taken or deemed to have under such provisions of the SFO) or which will be required, pursuant to Section 352 of the SFO, to be entered in the register referred to therein, or which will be required pursuant to the Model Code to be notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange.

# INTERESTS AND SHORT POSITIONS OF SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDERS IN SHARES, UNDERLYING SHARES AND DEBENTURES OF THE COMPANY OR ITS ASSOCIATED CORPORATION

As at 31 December 2019, so far as the Directors are aware, the interests and short positions owned by the following persons or institutions (other than the Directors and chief executive of the Company) in the shares and underlying shares of the Company which are required to be notified to the Company under Divisions 2 and 3 of Part XV of the SFO or which are required to be recorded in the register of the Company required to be kept under section 336 of the SFO are as follows:



## Long positions in the shares

Name of Substantial Shareholders	Capacity/Natural of interest	Number of Shares directly or indirectly held	Approximate percentage of shareholding
Florescent Holdings Limited	Beneficial owner	414,658,000	56.50%
Lian Shun Limited	Interest of a controlled corporation	414,658,000 (Note 1)	56.50%
Mr. Zhu Gen Rong	Interest of a controlled corporation/Beneficial owner, person acting in concert	416,772,000 (Note 2)	56.79%
Mr. Wang Ai Yan	Interest of a controlled corporation/Beneficial owner, person acting in concert	416,772,000 (Note 3)	56.79%
Mr. Liu Chuan Jiang	Interest of a controlled corporation/person acting in concert	416,772,000 (Note 4)	56.79%
Ms. Zhu Ling Yun	Person acting in concert	416,772,000 (Note 5)	56.79%
Mr. Fang Hui	Interest of a controlled corporation	47,440,000 (Note 6)	6.46%
Creation Best International Limited	Beneficial owner	40,000,000 (Note 6)	5.45%
Li Chao Wang	Interest of a controlled corporation	60,335,294 (Note 7)	8.22%
Rosy Ease Limited	Interest of a controlled corporation	60,335,294 (Note 7)	8.22%
Swift Fortune Holdings Limited	Beneficial owner	60,335,294 (Note 7)	8.22%
Gain Channel Limited	Interest of a controlled corporation	60,335,294 (Note 7)	8.22%
Song Min	Interest of spouse	60,335,294 (Note 8)	8.22%
F & L Holding (HK) Limited	Contract of transfer	170,000,000 (Note 9)	23.17%

#### Notes:

1. The shares are registered in the name of Florescent Holdings Limited, a company owned as to 77.90% by Lian Shun Limited. Under the SFO, Lian Shun Limited is deemed to be interested in the shares held by Florescent Holdings Limited.

- Florescent Holdings Limited is owned as to 77.90% by Lian Shun Limited, which in turn is owned
  as to 61.31% by Mr. Zhu Gen Rong. Under the SFO, Mr. Zhu is deemed to be interested in
  the shares held by Florescent Holdings Limited and include 1,760,000 shares which Mr. Zhu is
  interested in as beneficial owner and include 354,000 shares which Mr. Wang is interested in as
  beneficial owner.
- 3. Florescent Holdings Limited is owned as to 77.90% by Lian Shun Limited, which in turn is owned as to 20.74% by Mr. Wang Ai Yan. Mr. Wang is regarded as one of the parties acting in concert with Mr. Zhu Gen Rong under the Takeovers Code and is therefore deemed to be interested in the shares held by Florescent Holdings Limited and Mr. Zhu.
- 4. Florescent Holdings Limited is owned as to 77.90% by Lian Shun Limited, which in turn is owned as to 17.95% by Mr. Liu Chuan Jiang. Mr. Liu is regarded as one of the parties acting in concert with Mr. Zhu Gen Rong under the Takeovers Code and is therefore deemed to be interested in the shares held by Florescent Holdings Limited, held by Mr. Zhu and Mr. Wang Ai Yan.
- 5. The announcement as dated 8 November 2015 (the "Announcement") in relation the Share Transfer (i.e. disposal of 7.52% interests in Lian Shun, one of the Controlling Shareholders of the Company, by Ms. Zhu to Mr. Zhu) and the deed of termination of the acting-in-concert arrangement among Mr. Zhu, Mr. Wang, Mr. Liu and Ms. Zhu (the "Termination Deed"). As the Company has not yet obtained confirmation from the Executive that it can be accepted that they are no longer acting in concert pursuant to note 3 to the definition of 'acting in concert' of the Takeovers Code. Therefore, Mr. Zhu, Mr. Wang, Mr. Liu and Ms. Zhu will continue to be deemed to be interested in the Shares held by each of the other parties under SFO.
- 6. These 47,440,000 Shares consist of 40,000,000 Shares in which Creation Best International Limited is interested and 7,440,000 Shares in which Mr. Fang Hui is interested. Creation Best International Limited is owned as to 100.00% by Mr. Fang Hui. Under the SFO, Mr. Fang is deemed to be interested in the shares held by Creation Best International Limited.
- Swift Fortune Holdings Limited is owned as to 100.00% by Rosy Ease Limited, a wholly owned subsidiary of Gain Channel Limited, which in turn is owned as to 74.21% by Mr. Li Chao Wang. Under SFO, Mr. Li is deemed to be interested in the shares held by Swift Fortune Holdings Limited.
- 8. Ms. Song Min is the wife of Mr. Li Chao Wang and is deemed to be interested in the Shares which are interested in by Mr. Li Chao Wang under the SFO.
- According to a framework agreement dated 11 January 2019, Florescent Holdings Limited has agreed to transfer 170,000,000 shares to F&L Holding (HK) Limited at nil consideration in the future for the purpose of the establishment of a share award scheme.

Save as disclosed above, as at 31 December 2019, the Directors are not aware of any interests or short positions owned by any persons (other than the Directors or chief executive of the Company) in the shares or underlying shares of the Company which are required to be disclosed under Divisions 2 and 3 of Part XV of the SFO or which are required to be recorded in the register of the Company required to be kept under Section 336 of the SFO.

#### **DIRECTORS' RIGHTS TO ACQUIRE SHARES AND DEBENTURES**

At no time during the period were rights to acquire benefits by means of the acquisition of shares in or debentures of the Company granted to any Directors or their respective spouses or children under 18 years of age, or were any such rights exercised by them; or was the Company or any of its subsidiaries a party to any arrangement to enable the Directors or their respective spouse or minor children to acquire such rights in any other body corporate.

#### **DIRECTORS' INTERESTS IN COMPETING BUSINESS**

During the six months ended 31 December 2019 and up to the date of this report, none of the Directors or any of their respective associates, had engaged in any business that competes or may compete with the business of the Group, or has any other conflict of interest with the Group.



#### OTHER INFORMATION

#### PURCHASE, SALE OR REDEMPTION OF LISTED SECURITIES

For the six months ended 31 December 2019 and up to the date of this report, neither the Company nor any of its subsidiaries has purchased, sold or redeemed any of the Company's listed securities.

#### Use of Proceeds from the Listing by way of Placing

From the listing date to 31 December 2019, the proceeds from the listing by way of placing were used as follows:

	Use of			
	proceeds in			
	the same			
	manner and			
	proportion as			
	shown in the	Actual use of		
	prospectus	proceeds from		
	from the	the listing		Expected
	listing date to	date to		timeline of
	31 December	31 December	Unused	full utiligate
	2019	2019	proceeds	of the balance
	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	
Increase production capacity	23,521	18,299	5,222	2020
Cost saving construction	15,709	_	15,709	2020
Continuous product development and				
innovation	5,208	5,208	_	
Increase market awareness and image of				
the Group	3,385	2,057	1,328	2020
Improve the current information				
management system	260	260		
	48,083	25,824	22,259	

The unused net proceeds have been placed as interest bearing deposits with licensed bank in Hong Kong and the PRC.

The Directors will constantly evaluate the business targets of the Group and adjust their plans according to the ever-changing market conditions, so as to ensure the growth of Group's business.

# PLACING OF NEW SHARES AND SUBSCRIPTION OF NEW SHARES UNDER GENERAL MANDATE

On 22 December 2017, the Company and the Joint Placing Agents entered into a Placing Agreement about placing a maximum of 14,000,000 ordinary shares (the "Placing Shares") of the Company at a placing price of HK\$3.60 per share. At the same day, the Company and Fortune Ever Holdings Limited entered into the Subscription Agreement in relation to the issue of 18,056,000 Ordinary Shares to the Subscriber at the Subscription Price of HK\$3.6 per share.

On 11 January 2018, a total of 13,882,000 Placing Shares (with aggregate nominal value of HK\$138,820) and a total of 18,056,000 subscription shares (with aggregate nominal value of HK\$180,560) have been successfully placed by the joint placing agents to two placees, Mr. Li Hongxin (李洪信) and Mr. Li Gueihua (黎桂華), and allotted to the subscriber, Fortune Ever Holdings Limited, respectively, at the share price of HK\$3.6 per share pursuant to the terms and conditions of the placing agreement and subscription agreement.

The placing and subscription price of HK\$3.60 per share (exclusive of stamp duty, brokerage (if any), Stock Exchange trading fees and SFC transaction levy) represents:

- (i) a discount of approximately 4.8% to the closing price of HK\$3.78 per share as quoted on the Stock Exchange on 22 December 2017, being the date of the placing and subscription agreement; and
- (ii) a discount of approximately 5.0% to the average closing price of approximately HK\$3.79 per Share as quoted on the Stock Exchange for the five consecutive trading days prior to the date of the placing and subscription agreement.

The subscription price of HK\$3.60 per share is the same as the placing price.

Taking into account the Company's expenses for the placing and the subscription, the net price is approximately HK\$3.56 per share.

The Directors consider that the placing and the subscription would be a good opportunity to raise additional funds to strengthen its financial position and to broaden its shareholder base.

The gross proceeds and net proceeds from the Placing are approximately HK\$50.0 million and approximately HK\$48.6 million respectively while the gross proceeds and net proceeds from the Subscription are approximately HK\$65.0 million and approximately HK\$65.0 million respectively. The total net proceeds of approximately HK\$113.6 million from the Placing and the Subscription are intended to be used: (i) approximately 10.0% for general working capital; (ii) approximately 50.0% for the repayment of debts including that arising from the acquisition of the entire share capital in Fu An 777 Logistics Limited as disclosed in the announcement of the Company dated 15 November 2017; and (iii) approximately 40.0% for potential acquisitions of the Group including but not limited to those disclosed in the announcements of the Company dated on 31 May 2017 and 2 October 2017.

None of the placees or the subscriber has become a substantial shareholder (as defined under the Listing Rules) as a result of the placing or the subscription.

As at 30 July 2019, the Company has resolved to reallocate all unutilised proceeds originally allocated for the potential acquisitions in the sum of approximately RMB37.8 million as general working capital. The Company considers that the reallocation and change in the use of proceeds would allow the Company to utilise the idle cash in a more efficient and flexible manner, which is in the interest of the Company and its shareholders as a whole.

Save for the aforementioned changes, there is no other change in the use of proceeds from the placing and the subscription.

For more details on reallocation and change in use of proceeds, please refer to the table below and the announcement dated 30 July 2019.



#### Change in use of proceeds and reallocation

An analysis of the utilisation of the net proceeds and the change of the use of the unutilized net proceeds are summarised as follows:

	Original into of net proof the placing subscri HK\$'000	eeds from and the	Reallocation of unutilised net proceeds as at 30 July 2019 RMB'000	Revised use of net proceeds from the placing and the subscription RMB'000	Actual use of net proceeds as at 31 December 2019 RMB'000	Unutilised net proceeds as at 31 December 2019 RMB'000
General working capital:  - Purchase raw material for the supporting services Repayment of loan Potential acquisitions	11,360 56,800 45,440	9,456 47,280 37,823	37,823 - (37,823)	47,279 47,280 –	(47,279) (47,280) –	- - -
	113,600	94,559	_	94,559	(94,559)	

#### Notes:

(1) The net proceeds from the Placing and the Subscription were converted from Hong Kong dollars into Renminbi at an exchange rate of HK\$1 to RMB0.8324 with reference to exchange rate quoted by Bank of China at www.boc.cn on 11 January 2018.

The net proceeds from the placing and the subscription amounted to approximately RMB 94.6 million (the "Net Proceeds from the P & S"). As at 31 December 2019, the Net Proceeds from the P & S, after deducting all relevant costs and expenses, had been fully utilised as to approximately RMB47.3 million for the Group's – purchase raw material for the supporting services and as to approximately RMB47.3 million for the Group's repayment of loan, respectively.

#### **SHARE OPTION SCHEME**

The Company adopted a share option scheme (the "Share Option Scheme") on 6 May 2013 and effective on the 16 May 2013.

During the period under review, no option has been granted.

As at 15 January 2019, a total of 19,000,000 share options have been granted to a Director and certain employees of the Group under the Share Option Scheme. The following table discloses the share options granted under the Share Option Scheme:—

Name or category of participants	Exercise price	Number of share option	Approximate percentage of shareholding as at 31 December 2019
Executive directors:			
Jin Hao	HK\$4.04	450,000	0.06%
Other Employees	HK\$4.04	18,550,000	2.53%
In aggregate		19,000,000	2.59%

Validity period of the Share Options:

The Share Options shall be vested and are exercisable in the following manners:

#### A. 9,000,000 Share Options

- (1) 3,000,000 Share Options to be vested from 15 January 2020 to 14 January 2021 (both dates inclusive) and are exercisable from 15 January 2021 to 14 January 2031 (both dates inclusive);
- (2) 3,000,000 Share Options to be vested from 15 January 2021 to 14 January 2022 (both dates inclusive) and are exercisable from 15 January 2022 to 14 January 2032 (both dates inclusive);
- (3) 3,000,000 Share Options to be vested from 15 January 2022 to 14 January 2023 (both dates inclusive) and are exercisable from 15 January 2023 to 14 January 2033 (both dates inclusive); and

#### B. 10,000,000 Share Options

10,000,000 Share Options to be vested from 15 January 2020 to 14 January 2023 (both dates inclusive) and are exercisable within 10 years commencing from the date of vesting;

provided always that the Grantee shall remain as a Director, or an employee of the Group at the time of the exercise of the Share Options and satisfy certain performance criteria.

The closing price of the shares immediately before the date on which the options were granted was HK\$3.76 per share.

If all such share options is exercised, there would be a dilution effect on the shareholdings of our shareholders of approximately 2.59% as at 31 December 2019.

During the period under review, there has been no movement of options granted under the Share Option Scheme.

The details of the grant of share options such as exercise periods are disclosed in the announcement of the Company dated on 15 January 2019 and this report.

As at the date of this report, no share option is exercised, cancelled or lapsed.

#### SHARE AWARD SCHEME

The Company conditionally adopted the share award scheme (the "Share Award Scheme") on 11 January 2019. The purposes of the Share Award Scheme are to attract talents who might be able to assist in the development of the waste recycling and treatment project. Florescent Holdings Limited and the Company entered into a agreement setting out, amongst others, the conditions and other terms in relation to the gift over the gift shares (consisting of 170 million Shares) at nil consideration to the trustee of the Share Award Scheme to be established by the Company.

More details and the principal terms of the Share Award Scheme are disclosed in the announcement of the Company dated on 11 January 2019.

As at the date of this report, no share award is granted and exercised.

#### **CORPORATE GOVERNANCE PRACTICES**

The Board and the management of the Company are committed to establishing good corporate governance practices and procedures. The maintenance of high standard of business ethics and corporate governance practices has always been one of the Group's goals. The Company believes that good corporate governance provides a framework that is essential for effective management, successful business growth and a healthy corporate culture, thereby leading to the enhancement of shareholders' value.

Continuous efforts are made to review and enhance the Group's risk management, internal controls and procedures in light of changes in regulations and developments in best practices. To us, maintaining high standards of corporate governance practices is not just complying with the provisions but also the intent of the regulations to enhance corporate performance and accountability.

The Board is pleased to report compliance with the code provisions of the Corporate Governance Code (the "CG Code") as set out in Appendix 14 to The Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited ("the Listing Rules") for the six months ended 31 December 2019

#### MODEL CODE FOR SECURITIES TRANSACTIONS BY DIRECTORS

The Company has adopted the Model Code as set out in Appendix 10 to the Listing Rules. The Company has made specific enquiry of all directors regarding any non-compliance with the Model Code for the six months ended 31 December 2019 and they all confirmed that they have fully complied with the required standard set out in the Model Code.

#### INTERIM DIVIDEND

The Board resolved not to declare any interim dividend for the six months ended 31 December 2019 (six months ended 31 December 2018: Nil).

#### **AUDIT COMMITTEE**

The audit committee was established on 6 May 2013. The audit committee consists of three independent non-executive Directors namely, Mr. Kong Chi Mo, Mr. Dai Tian Zhu and Mr. Heng, Keith Kai Neng. The audit committee is chaired by Mr. Kong Chi Mo.

The audit committee of the Company has discussed with the management and external auditors the accounting principles and policies adopted by the Group, and has reviewed the Group's unaudited interim condensed consolidated financial statements for the six months ended 31 December 2019.

By order of the Board

Huazhang Technology Holding Limited

Zhu Gen Rong

Chairman

Zhejiang Province, the PRC, 28 February 2020



#### REPORT ON REVIEW OF INTERIM FINANCIAL INFORMATION



## To the Board of Directors of Huazhang Technology Holding Limited

(incorporated in the Cayman Islands with limited liability)

#### Introduction

We have reviewed the interim financial information set out on pages 31 to 76, which comprises the interim condensed consolidated statement of financial position of Huazhang Technology Holding Limited (the "Company") and its subsidiaries (together, the "Group") as at 31 December 2019 and the interim condensed consolidated statement of profit or loss, the interim condensed consolidated statement of comprehensive income, the interim condensed consolidated statement of changes in equity and the interim condensed consolidated statement of cash flows for the six-month period then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory notes. The Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited require the preparation of a report on interim financial information to be in compliance with the relevant provisions thereof and Hong Kong Accounting Standard 34 "Interim Financial Reporting" issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants. The directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation and presentation of this interim financial information in accordance with Hong Kong Accounting Standard 34 "Interim Financial Reporting". Our responsibility is to express a conclusion on this interim financial information based on our review and to report our conclusion solely to you, as a body, in accordance with our agreed terms of engagement and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility towards or accept liability to any other person for the contents of this report.

### **Scope of Review**

We conducted our review in accordance with Hong Kong Standard on Review Engagements 2410, "Review of Interim Financial Information Performed by the Independent Auditor of the Entity" issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants. A review of interim financial information consists of making inquiries, primarily of persons responsible for financial and accounting matters, and applying analytical and other review procedures. A review is substantially less in scope than an audit conducted in accordance with Hong Kong Standards on Auditing and consequently does not enable us to obtain assurance that we would become aware of all significant matters that might be identified in an audit. Accordingly, we do not express an audit opinion.

## REPORT ON REVIEW OF INTERIM FINANCIAL INFORMATION (Continued)

#### Conclusion

Based on our review, nothing has come to our attention that causes us to believe that the interim financial information of the Group is not prepared, in all material respects, in accordance with Hong Kong Accounting Standard 34 "Interim Financial Reporting".

#### **PricewaterhouseCoopers**

Certified Public Accountants

Hong Kong, 28 February 2020



## **CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS**

## For the six months ended 31 December

Notes	2019 Unaudited <i>RMB</i>	2018 Unaudited <i>RMB</i>
Revenue 7 Cost of sales	237,130,960 (180,593,075)	427,778,117 (368,720,389)
Gross profit	56,537,885	59,057,728
Selling and distribution expenses Administrative expenses Research and development expenses Net impairment (losses)/written back on	(6,482,552) (32,793,003) (11,345,246)	(7,560,607) (27,085,208) (10,366,284)
financial assets Other income and gains/(losses), net 8	(48,718,154) 13,257,759	1,768,915 (44,780,566)
Operating loss	(29,543,311)	(28,966,022)
Finance income Finance costs	221,095 (4,401,178)	6,562,441 (9,544,766)
Finance costs – net 10	(4,180,083)	(2,982,325)
Loss before income tax 9	(33,723,394)	(31,948,347)
Income tax expense 11	(2,061,623)	(3,995,478)
Loss for the period	(35,785,017)	(35,943,825)
Loss is attributable to:  – Owners of the parent  – Non-controlling interests	(36,364,900) 579,883	(35,478,472) (465,353)
	(35,785,017)	(35,943,825)
Losses per share attributable to the ordinary equity holders of the parent  - Basic losses per share (RMB cents)  13	(4.96)	(4.91)
- Basic losses per share (RMB cents) 13  - Diluted losses per share (RMB cents) 13	(4.96)	(4.91)

## CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

		For the six months ended 31 December		
		2019	2018	
Not	tes	Unaudited <i>RMB</i>	Unaudited <i>RMB</i>	
Loss for the period		(35,785,017)	(35,943,825)	
Other comprehensive loss				
Items that may be reclassified to profit or loss  Exchange differences on translation of				
foreign operations		(1,460,964)	(2,954,710)	
Other comprehensive loss for the period, net of tax		(1,460,964)	(2,954,710)	
Total comprehensive loss for the period		(37,245,981)	(38,898,535)	
Total comprehensive loss for the period is attributable to:				
– Owners of the parent		(37,825,864)	(38,433,182)	
– Non-controlling interests		579,883	(465,353)	
		(37,245,981)	(38,898,535)	

The notes on pages 37 to 76 are an integral part of these condensed consolidated interim financial statements.

## CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

Notes ASSETS	31 December 2019 Unaudited <i>RMB</i>	30 June 2019 Audited <i>RMB</i>
Non-current assets		
Property, plant and equipment 14	82,629,509	81,993,507
Investment properties 15	112,952,727	115,929,946
Prepaid land lease payments 16(i)	77,943,719	78,799,512
Right-of-use assets 4.1	5,955,610	_
Goodwill 17	39,934,884	39,934,884
Other intangible assets 16(ii)	13,441,505	14,557,893
Deferred tax assets	11,014,112	8,353,095
Trade and other receivables 19(i)	157,713,947	7,075,588
Prepayments 19(iii)	189,373	195,903
Total non-current assets	501,775,386	346,840,328
Current assets		
Inventories 18	102,722,784	86,875,342
Trade and other receivables 19(i)	583,421,105	606,753,581
Prepayments 19(iii)	65,941,325	79,861,762
Financial assets at fair value through other		
comprehensive income	20,645,856	28,760,512
Pledged deposits 20	30,742,230	29,976,599
Contract assets 19(ii)	24,245,323	82,261,590
Cash and cash equivalents 20	27,377,545	24,196,754
Total current assets	855,096,168	938,686,140
Total assets	1,356,871,554	1,285,526,468
	1	
LIABILITIES		
Non-current liabilities	1	
Deferred tax liabilities	6,473,400	6,847,232
Deferred income 23	24,862,500	25,537,500
Lease liabilities 4.1	4,670,580	_
Total non-current liabilities	36,006,480	32,384,732

## **CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION** (Continued)

Notes	31 December 2019 Unaudited <i>RMB</i>	30 June 2019 Audited <i>RMB</i>
Current liabilities		
Trade and other payables 21	341,498,774	305,179,522
Contract liabilities	190,048,188	141,166,067
Interest-bearing loans 22	73,484,086	54,785,664
Income tax payable	10,169,454	11,911,209
Lease liabilities 4.1	1,142,445	-
Convertible bonds 24	87,123,161	85,525,913
Total current liabilities	703,466,108	598,568,375
Total liabilities	739,472,588	630,953,107
Net assets	617,398,966	654,573,361
,		
EQUITY		
Share capital 25	6,203,955	6,203,955
Share premium 25	509,708,723	509,708,723
Equity component of convertible bonds 24	35,161,248	23,609,589
Other reserves 26	66,989,255	78,411,838
(Accumulated deficits)/retained earnings	(461,134)	37,422,220
Carital and assessed attributable to the assessed		
Capital and reserves attributable to the owners of the parent	617,602,047	655,356,325
Non-controlling interests	(203,081)	(782,964)
gg	(200,001)	(.52,501)
Total equity	617,398,966	654,573,361
		/

The notes on pages 37 to 76 are an integral part of these condensed consolidated interim financial statements.

## CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

	Unaudited  Attributable to the owners of the parent							
	Share capital RMB	Share premium RMB	Equity component of convertible bonds RMB	Other reserves	Retained earnings/ (accumulated deficits) RMB	Total RMB	Non- controlling interests RMB	Total equity RMB
Balance at 30 June 2019	6,203,955	509,708,723	23,609,589	78,411,838	37,422,220	655,356,325	(782,964)	654,573,361
(Loss)/profit for the period Other comprehensive income/	-	-	-	-	(36,364,900)	(36,364,900)	579,883	(35,785,017)
(loss)	_	-	380,818	(1,841,782)	-	(1,460,964)	-	(1,460,964)
Total comprehensive income/ (loss) for the period		-	380,818	(1,841,782)	(36,364,900)	(37,825,864)	579,883	(37,245,981)
Extinguishment of convertible bonds (Note 24)	-	-	11,170,841	(11,170,841)	-	-	-	-
Employee share option (Note 26)	-	-	-	71,586	-	71,586	-	71,586
Profit appropriation to statutory reserves	-	-	-	1,518,454	(1,518,454)	-	-	_
	-	_	11,170,841	(9,580,801)	(1,518,454)	71,586	_	71,586
Balance at 31 December 2019	6,203,955	509,708,723	35,161,248	66,989,255	(461,134)	617,602,047	(203,081)	617,398,966
Balance at 30 June 2018 as originally presented Change in accounting policy	6,107,141	491,227,935 -	23,609,589	73,713,139 -	171,129,174 (2,028,005)	765,786,978 (2,028,005)	815,994 -	766,602,972 (2,028,005)
Restated balance at 1 July 2018	6,107,141	491,227,935	23,609,589	73,713,139	169,101,169	763,758,973	815,994	764,574,967
Loss for the period Other comprehensive loss				- (2,954,710)	(35,478,472) -	(35,478,472) (2,954,710)	(465,353) -	(35,943,825) (2,954,710)
Total comprehensive loss for the period			1	(2,954,710)	(35,478,472)	(38,433,182)	(465,353)	(38,898,535)
Dividends paid (Note 12) Shares repurchased (Note 25)	(2,198)	(18,994,497) (743,103)			7//-	(18,994,497) (745,301)	-	(18,994,497) (745,301)
Profit appropriation to statutory reserves	./-	1		2,293,647	(2,293,647)	_	-	-
	(2,198)	(19,737,600)		2,293,647	(2,293,647)	(19,739,798)	-	(19,739,798)
Balance at 31 December 2018	6,104,943	471,490,335	23,609,589	73,052,076	131,329,050	705,585,993	350,641	705,936,634

The notes on pages 37 to 76 are an integral part of these condensed consolidated interim financial statements.

# **CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS**

	For the six months ended 31 December		
Notes Notes Notes	2019 Unaudited <i>RMB</i>	2018 Unaudited <i>RMB</i>	
Cash flows from operating activities Cash (used in)/generated from operations Income tax paid	(4,789,746) (6,838,227)	22,835,175 (4,586,244)	
Net cash (outflow)/inflow from operating activities	(11,627,973)	18,248,931	
Cash flows from investing activities Purchase of property, plant and equipment Proceeds from disposals of property, plant and	(4,952,810)	(1,551,676)	
equipment Purchase of other intangible assets Purchase of land use right	12,200 (64,102) -	161,000 (1,395,963) (7,459,436)	
Interest received	155,055	6,456,214	
Net cash outflow from investing activities	(4,849,657)	(3,789,861)	
Cash flows from financing activities Proceeds from interest – bearing loans Repayment of interest – bearing loans 22 Proceeds from interest – free loan from a	33,030,000 (15,013,000)	19,133,800 (3,400,000)	
related party  Dividends paid to the owners of the Company	6,000,000	(18,994,497)	
Interest paid Repurchase of shares	(3,488,881)	(2,116,012) (745,301)	
Principal elements of lease payments	(816,542)		
Net cash inflow/(outflow) from financing activities	19,711,577	(6,122,010)	
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	3,233,947	8,337,060	
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the period 20 Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and	24,196,754	72,880,335	
cash equivalent	(53,156)	(314,902)	
Cash and cash equivalents at end of the period 20	27,377,545	80,902,493	

The notes on pages 37 to 76 are an integral part of these condensed consolidated interim financial statements.

For the six months ended 31 December 2019

#### 1 General information

Huazhang Technology Holding Limited (the "Company") was incorporated on 26 June 2012 in the Cayman Islands as an exempted company with limited liability under the Companies Law, Cap. 22 (Law 3 of 1961, as consolidated and revised) of the Cayman Islands. The address of its registered office is Cricket Square, Hutchins Drive, P.O. Box 2681, Grand Cayman KY1-1111, Cayman Islands.

The Company is an investment holding company. The Company and its subsidiaries (together, the "Group") are principally engaged in the research and development, manufacture and sale of industrial products, project contracting services, environmental products and the provision of supporting services in the People's Republic of China (the "PRC").

This condensed consolidated interim financial statements are presented in Renminbi Yuan ("RMB"), unless otherwise stated. These condensed consolidated interim financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the Company's Board of Directors (the "Board") on 28 February 2020.

These condensed consolidated interim financial statements have not been audited

## 2 Basis of preparation

These condensed consolidated interim financial statements for the six months ended 31 December 2019 have been prepared in accordance with Hong Kong Accounting Standard ("HKAS") 34, 'Interim financial reporting'. The condensed consolidated interim financial statements should be read in conjunction with the annual financial statements of the Company for the year ended 30 June 2019, which have been prepared in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards ("HKFRSs") except for the adoption of new and amended standards as disclosed in Note 3.



For the six months ended 31 December 2019

#### 3 Significant accounting policies

Except as described below, the accounting policies applied are consistent with those of the annual financial statements for the year ended 30 June 2019, as described in those annual financial statements.

#### 3.1 New and amended standards adopted by the Group

The Group has applied the following standards and amendments for the first time for their annual reporting period commencing 1 July 2019:

HKFRS 16	Leases
HK (IFRIC) 23	Uncertainty over income tax treatments
HKFRS 9 (Amendments)	Prepayment features with negative compensation
HKAS 19 (Amendments)	Plan amendment, curtailment or settlement
HKAS 28 (Amendments)	Long-term interests in associates and joint
	ventures
Annual Improvements to	Amendments to HKFRS 3, HKFRS 11, HKAS 12
HKFRS Standards 2015-	and HKAS 23
2017 Cvcle	

The Group had to change its accounting policies as a result of adopting HKFRS 16. Please refer to Note 4 for details. The other amendments listed above did not have any significant impact on the amounts recognised in prior periods and are not expected to significantly affect the current or future periods.



For the six months ended 31 December 2019

# 3.2 New standards, amendments and interpretations not yet adopted by the Group

Certain new accounting standards, amendments and interpretations to existing standards have been published that are not mandatory for the financial year beginning 1 July 2019 and relevant to the Group and have not been early adopted by the Group.

Standards, amendments and interpretations	Key requirements	Effective for annual periods beginning on or after
Amendments to HKAS 1 and HKAS 8	Definition of Material	1 January 2020
Amendments to HKFRS 3	Definition of a Business	1 January 2020
Revised Conceptual Framework	Revised Conceptual Framework for Financial Reporting	1 January 2020
HKFRS 17	Insurance Contracts	1 January 2021
Amendments to HKFRS 10 and HKAS 28	Sale or Contribution of Assets between an Investor and its Associate or Joint venture	To be determined

The Directors are in the process of assessing the possible impact on the future adoption of the new and revised HKFRSs, but are not yet in a position to reasonably estimate their impact on the Group's condensed consolidated interim financial statements.

For the six months ended 31 December 2019

## 4 Changes in accounting policies

This note explains the impact of the adoption of HKFRS 16 Leases on the Group's interim financial statements and also discloses the new accounting policies that have been applied from 1 July 2019, where they are different to those applied in prior periods.

As indicated in Note 3.1 above, the Group has adopted HKFRS 16 from 1 July 2019, but has not restated comparatives for last reporting period, as permitted under the simplified transition approach in the standard. The reclassifications and the adjustments arising from the new leasing rules are therefore recognised in the opening balance sheet on 1 July 2019. The new accounting policies are disclosed in Note 4.2.

#### 4.1 Adjustments recognised on adoption of HKFRS 16

On adoption of HKFRS 16, the Group recognised lease liabilities in relation to leases which had previously been classified as 'operating leases' under the principles of HKAS 17 Leases. These liabilities were measured at the present value of the remaining lease payments, discounted using the lessee's incremental borrowing rate as of 1 July 2019. The weighted average discount rate applied to the lease liabilities on 1 July 2019 was 6.22%.

## (i) Practical expedients applied

In applying HKFRS 16 for the first time, the Group has used the following practical expedients permitted by the standard:

- applying a single discount rate to a portfolio of leases with reasonably similar characteristics
- relying on previous assessments on whether leases are onerous as an alternative to performing an impairment review – there were no onerous contracts as at 1 July 2019
- accounting for operating leases with a remaining lease term of less than 12 months as at 1 July 2019 as short-term leases
- excluding initial direct costs for the measurement of the right-ofuse asset at the date of initial application, and
- using hindsight in determining the lease term where the contract contains options to extend or terminate the lease.

For the six months ended 31 December 2019

#### 4.1 Adjustments recognized on adoption of HKFRS 16 (Continued)

The Group has also elected not to reassess whether a contract is, or contains a lease at the date of initial application. Instead, for contracts entered into before the transition date the Group relied on its assessment made applying HKAS 17 and Interpretation 4 Determining whether an Arrangement contains a Lease.

		leasurement		

	RMB
Operating lease commitments disclosed as at 30 June 2019	1,162,053
Discounted using the lessee's incremental borrowing rate at the date of initial	
application  Less: Short-term leases not recognised as a	1,129,382
liability	(960,504)
Add: Adjustments as a result of a different treatment of extension and termination	
options	5,724,783
Lease liabilities recognised as at 1 July 2019	5,893,661
Of which are:	
Current lease liabilities	1,048,351
Non-current lease liabilities	4,845,310
	5,893,661

For the six months ended 31 December 2019

#### 4.1 Adjustments recognized on adoption of HKFRS 16 (Continued)

#### (iii) Measurement of right-of-use assets

The right-of-use assets were measured at the amount equal to the lease liability, adjusted by the amount of any prepaid or accrued lease payments relating to that lease recognised in the balance sheet as at 30 June 2019.

The recognised right-of-use assets relate to the following type of assets:

	31 December 2019	1 July 2019
	RMB	RMB
Property, plant and equipment		
– buildings	5,955,610	5,928,661

- (iv) Adjustments recognised in the balance sheet on 1 July 2019

  The change in accounting policy affected the following items in the
  - Right-of-use assets increase by RMB5,928,661
  - Prepayments decrease by RMB35,000

balance sheet on 1 July 2019:

- Lease liabilities (current portion) increase by RMB1,048,351
- Lease liabilities (non-current portion) increase by RMB4,845,310

There was no impact on retained earnings on 1 July 2019.

#### (v) Lessor accounting

The Group did not need to make any adjustments to the accounting for assets held as lessor under operating leases as a result of the adoption of HKFRS 16.

#### 4.2 HKFRS 16 – Accounting policies applied from 1 July 2019

As explained in Note 4.1 above, the Group has changed its accounting policy for leases where the Group is the lessee with effect from 1 July 2019. The new policy is described below and the impact of the change is set out in Note 4.1.

The Group leases various offices. Rental contracts are typically made for fixed periods but may have extension options as described below. Lease terms are negotiated on an individual basis and contain a wide range of different terms and conditions. The lease agreements do not impose any covenants, but leased assets may not be used as security for borrowing purposes.

For the six months ended 31 December 2019

### **4.2 HKFRS 16 – Accounting policies applied from 1 July 2019** (Continued)

For the year ended 30 June 2019 and before, leases in which a significant portion of the risks and rewards of ownership were not transferred to the Group as lessee were classified as operating leases. Payments made under operating leases (net of any incentives received from the lessor) were charged to profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the period of the lease.

From 1 July 2019, leases are recognised as a right-of-use asset and a corresponding liability at the date at which the leased asset is available for use by the Group.

Assets and liabilities arising from a lease are initially measured on a present value basis. Lease liabilities include the net present value of fixed payments (including in-substance fixed payments), less any lease incentives receivable.

Lease payments to be made under reasonably certain extension options are also included in the measurement of the liability. The lease payments are discounted using the incremental borrowing rate of the Group which the Group would have to pay to borrow the funds necessary to obtain an asset of similar value to the right-of-use asset in a similar economic environment with similar terms, security and conditions.

To determine the incremental borrowing rate, the Group uses recent third-party financing received by the individual lessee as a starting point, adjusted to reflect changes in financing conditions since third party financing was received.

Lease payments are allocated between principal and finance cost. The finance cost is charged to profit or loss over the lease period so as to produce a constant periodic rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability for each period.

Right-of-use assets are measured at cost comprising the amount of the initial measurement of lease liability and any lease payments made at or before the commencement date less any lease incentives received. Right-of-use assets are depreciated over the shorter of the asset's useful life and the lease term on a straight-line basis to allocate their cost to their residual values over their estimated lease period.

For the six months ended 31 December 2019

#### **4.2 HKFRS 16 – Accounting policies applied from 1 July 2019** (Continued)

Payments associated with short-term leases and leases of low-value assets are recognised on a straight-line basis as an expense in profit or loss. Short-term leases are leases with a lease term of 12 months or less. Low-value assets comprises small offices and motor vehicles whose lease terms are also within 12 months.

Extension options are included in the offices leases across the Group. These terms are used to maximise operational flexibility in terms of managing contracts. The majority of extension options held are exercisable only by the Group and not by the respective lessor. None of the extension option was exercised during the six months ended 31 December 2019.

In determining the lease term, the Group considers all facts and circumstances that create an economic incentive to exercise an extension option. Extension options are only included in the lease term if the lease is reasonably certain to be extended.

Lease income from operating leases where the Group is a lessor is recognised in income on a straight-line basis over the lease term (Note 6). Initial direct costs incurred in obtaining an operating lease are added to the carrying amount of the underlying asset and recognised as expense over the lease term on the same basis as lease income. The respective leased assets are included in the balance sheet based on their nature. The Group did not need to make any adjustments to the accounting for assets held as lessor as a result of adopting the new leasing standard.

#### 5 Estimate

The preparation of condensed consolidated interim financial statements require management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, income and expense. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

In preparing these condensed consolidated interim financial statements, the significant judgements made by management in applying the Group's accounting policies and the key sources of estimation uncertainty were the same as those that applied to the annual financial statements for the year ended 30 June 2019.

For the six months ended 31 December 2019

#### 6 Financial risk management

#### 6.1 Financial risk factors

The Group's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks: market risk (including foreign exchange risk, cash flow interest rate risk and fair value interest rate risk), credit risk and liquidity risk. The Group's overall risk management programme focus on the unpredictability of the financial markets and seeks to minimise potential adverse effects on the Group's financial performance.

The interim condensed consolidated financial information do not include all financial risk management information and disclosures required in the annual financial statements, and should be read in conjunction with the Group's annual financial statements as at 30 June 2019.

There have been no significant changes in any risk management policies since the last year end.

### 7 Segment information

For management purposes, the Group is organised into business units based on their products and services and has four reportable operating segments as follows:

- industrial products;
- project contracting services;
- environmental products; and
- supporting services.

Management monitors the results of the Group's operating segments separately for the purpose of making decisions about resources allocation and performance assessment. Segment performance is evaluated based on reportable segment profit/(loss), which is a measure of adjusted profit/(loss) before tax. The adjusted profit/(loss) before tax is measured consistently with the Group's profit/(loss) before tax except that common administrative expenses, other income and gains/(losses), net, finance costs-net and income tax expense are excluded from such measurement.

Segment assets include all assets of the Group except deferred tax assets, pledged deposits, cash and cash equivalents, certain prepayments and investment properties, as these assets are managed on a group basis.

Segment liabilities include all liabilities of the Group except convertible bonds, income tax payable and certain other payables, as these liabilities are managed on a group basis.

For the six months ended 31 December 2019

The segment results for the six months ended 31 December 2019

			Unaudited		
		Project			
	Industrial	contracting	Environmental	Supporting	
	products	services	products	services	Total
	RMB	RMB	RMB	RMB	RMB
Segment revenue from external					
customers	53,770,848	119,061,671	34,799,255	29,499,186	237,130,960
Timing of revenue recognition					
At a point in time	53,770,848	-	11,553,763	29,499,186	94,823,797
Over time	-	119,061,671	23,245,492	-	142,307,163
Segment cost of sales	(35,337,789)	(98,177,745)	(24,280,784)	(22,796,757)	(180,593,075)
Segment gross profit	18,433,059	20,883,926	10,518,471	6,702,429	56,537,885
Segment results	4,831,209	(6,686,990)	3,403,010	(25,647,807)	(24,100,578)
Common administrative					
expenses					(18,700,492)
Other income and gains/(losses),					
net					13,257,759
Finance costs – net					(4,180,083)
Loss before income tax					(33,723,394)
Income tax expense					(2,061,623)
					· / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / /
Loss for the period					(35,785,017)
Loss for the period		_			(33,703,017)

For the six months ended 31 December 2019

Other segment information:

	Unaudited					
		Project				
	Industrial products RMB	contracting services RMB	Environmental products RMB	Supporting services RMB	<b>Unallocated</b> RMB	<b>Total</b> RMB
Capital expenditure  Depreciation of property, plant	4,108,183	11,947	100,315	96,467	-	4,316,912
and equipment (Note 9)  Amortisation of prepaid land	730,172	12,691	833,218	2,024,394	-	3,600,475
lease payments (Note 9)  Depreciation of investment	53,240	-	70,640	668,210	63,703	855,793
properties (Vote 9) Amortisation of other	-	-	-	2,821,848	155,371	2,977,219
intangible assets (Note 9)  Depreciation of right-of-use	1,023,925	-	-	156,565	-	1,180,490
assets	-	-	-	_	541,527	541,527

The segment assets and liabilities as at 31 December 2019 are as follows:

	Unaudited						
	Industrial	Project contracting	Environmental	Supporting			
	products	services	products	services	Unallocated	Total	
	RMB	RMB	RMB	RMB	RMB	RMB	
Segment assets	209,629,537	593,221,841	93,281,360	385,891,873	74,846,943	1,356,871,554	
Segment liabilities	165,532,139	215,453,221	80,877,491	179,888,751	97,720,986	739,472,588	

For the six months ended 31 December 2019

# The segment results for the six months ended 31 December 2018

			Unaudited		
		Project			
	Industrial	contracting	Environmental	Supporting	
	products	services	products	services	Tota
	RMB	RMB	RMB	RMB	RME
Segment revenue from external					
customers	135,531,167	58,256,233	23,021,634	210,969,083	427,778,117
Timing of revenue recognition					
At a point in time	135,531,167	-	19,062,379	210,969,083	365,562,629
Over time	-	58,256,233	3,959,255	-	62,215,488
Segment cost of sales	(99,685,921)	(50,346,032)	(17,777,838)	(200,910,598)	(368,720,389
Segment gross profit	35,845,246	7,910,201	5,243,796	10,058,485	59,057,728
Segment results	22,065,242	5,312,922	(2,399,310)	(18,731,776)	6,247,078
Common administrative expenses					(11,989,125
Other income and gains/(losses), net					(23,223,975
Finance costs – net					(2,982,325
Loss before income tax					(31,948,347
Income tax expense					(3,995,478
Loss for the period					(35,943,825

For the six months ended 31 December 2019 Other segment information:

	Unaudited					
		Project				
	Industrial	contracting	Environmental	Supporting		
	products	services	products	services	Unallocated	Total
	RMB	RMB	RMB	RMB	RMB	RMB
Capital expenditure	131,231	27,241	14,319	7,459,436	3,343,284	10,975,511
Depreciation of property, plant						
and equipment (Note 9)	764,109	9,068	1,023,564	-	3,218,041	5,014,782
Amortisation of prepaid land						
lease payments (Note 9)	188,677	-	250,334	-	225,751	664,762
Depreciation of investment						
properties (Note 9)	-	-	-	1,900,010	155,371	2,055,381
Amortisation of other intangible						
assets (Note 9)	-	-	-	5,882	1,023,924	1,029,806

The segment assets and liabilities as at 30 June 2019 are as follows:

		Audited						
	Industrial	Project contracting	Environmental	Supporting				
	products	services	products	services	Unallocated	Total		
	RMB	RMB	RMB	RMB	RMB	RMB		
Segment assets	212,327,398	490,983,666	70,422,522	443,391,478	68,401,404	1,285,526,468		
	N. T.		M.					
Segment liabilities	121,413,440	201,993,421	59,759,940	149,700,093	98,086,213	630,953,107		

For the six months ended 31 December 2019

# 8 Other income and gains/(losses), net

# For the six months ended 31 December

	2019 Unaudited <i>RMB</i>	2018 Unaudited <i>RMB</i>
Interest income from customer delaying on		
payment	6,987,641	_
Interest income recognised from project	2.075.240	
contracting services	3,875,310	
Government grants	1,526,231	1,341,847
Rental income	353,101	179,917
Tax refund	308,775	599,512
Interest income from loan to a customer	196,232	_
Gain on scrap steel sale	10,469	158,255
Lawsuit	_	2,298,000
Change in fair value of contingent		
consideration	_	(28,569,128)
Impairment of goodwill (Note 17)	_	(21,556,591)
Others	_	767,622
	13,257,759	(44,780,566)



For the six months ended 31 December 2019

## 9 Loss before income tax

The Group's loss before income tax is arrived at after charging/(crediting):

# For the six months ended 31 December

	2019 Unaudited <i>RMB</i>	2018 Unaudited <i>RMB</i>
Raw materials used	161,371,484	353,001,670
Net impairment losses/(written back) on		
financial assets	48,718,154	(1,768,915)
Employee benefit expenses	29,925,604	30,348,155
Change in inventory of finished goods and		
work in progress (Note 18)	5,576,961	4,420,396
Professional service fees	5,518,696	1,106,819
Depreciation of property, plant and		
equipment (Note 14)	3,600,475	5,014,782
Depreciation of investment properties (Note		
15)	2,977,219	2,055,381
Addition/(reversal) of provision for write-		
down of inventories (Note 18)	1,206,219	(248,818)
Amortisation of other intangible assets (Note		
16(ii))	1,180,490	1,029,806
Amortisation of prepaid land lease payments		
(Note 16(i))	855,793	664,762
Depreciation of right-of-use assets	541,527	-
Change in fair value of contingent		
consideration	_	28,569,128
Impairment of goodwill (Note 17)	-	21,556,591

For the six months ended 31 December 2019

#### 10 Finance costs – net

# For the six months ended 31 December

	31 December		
	2019	2018	
	Unaudited	Unaudited	
	RMB	RMB	
Finance costs			
Interest on convertible bonds (Note 24)	(2,269,249)	(8,859,998)	
Interest on loans (Note 22)	(1,929,095)	(684,768)	
Interest paid/payable for lease liabilities	(167,430)	_	
Others	(35,404)		
	(4,401,178)	(9,544,766)	
Finance income			
Interest income	155,055	6,456,214	
Exchange gains, net	66,040	106,227	
	221,095	6,562,441	
Finance costs – net	(4,180,083)	(2,982,325)	

# 11 Income tax expense

# For the six months ended 31 December

	2019 Unaudited <i>RMB</i>	2018 Unaudited <i>RMB</i>
	5,096,472 (3,034,849)	4,987,463 (991,985)
1	2,061,623	3,995,478

Current income tax
PRC enterprise income tax (iii)
Deferred income tax

Income tax expense

For the six months ended 31 December 2019

#### (i) Cayman Islands profits tax

The Company is not subject to profits tax in the Cayman Islands.

#### (ii) Hong Kong profits tax

No Hong Kong profits tax has been provided for the six months ended 31 December 2019 (six months ended 31 December 2018: nil), as the Group had no taxable profits earned in Hong Kong during the period.

#### (iii) PRC enterprise income tax ("EIT")

EIT is provided on the assessable income of entities within the Group incorporated in the PRC. Pursuant to the PRC Enterprise Income Tax Law (the "New EIT Law"), the EIT of companies established in the PRC is unified at 25%, effective from 1 January 2008.

Zhejiang Huazhang Technology Limited ("Zhejiang Huazhang")'s applicable EIT rate is 25% according to the New EIT Law. Under the relevant regulations of the New EIT Law, Zhejiang Huazhang had obtained the qualification of High and New Technology Enterprise in the calendar year of 2017 with a validation period of three years. The applicable EIT rate of Zhejiang Huazhang is 15% from 2017 till 2019. Thus the applicable income tax rate for Zhejiang Huazhang was 15% for the six months period ended 31 December 2019 (six months period ended 31 December 2018: 15%).

#### 12 Dividends

No dividends (six months ended 31 December 2018: 3.0 HK cents per share) was paid during the six months ended 31 December 2019 (six months ended 31 December 2018: RMB18,994,497).

On 28 February 2020, the Board resolved not to declare any interim dividend for the six months ended 31 December 2019 (six months ended 31 December 2018: nil).

# 13 Earnings per share

The calculation of the basic earnings per share amount is based on the loss for the period attributable to ordinary equity holders of the parent, and the weighted average number of ordinary shares of 733,857,225 (2018: 722,712,959) which represents the shares in issue during the period (2018: adjustment has been made to the basic earnings per share amount presented in respect of the impact of shares that were issuable as part of the consideration for the business acquisition on 25 September 2017).

For the six months ended 31 December 2019

The diluted earnings per share is same as the basic earnings per share for the six months ended 31 December 2019 and 2018 as any potential ordinary shares and the impact of the convertible bonds outstanding would have anti-dilutive effect.

Basic Earnings Loss attributable to ordinary equity holders of the parent  Number of shares Weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue and potential ordinary shares siruling the period Weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue and potential ordinary shares issued as the denominator in calculating basic earnings per share during the period  Diluted Earnings Loss attributable to ordinary equity holders of the parent  Number of shares Weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue during the period  Diluted Earnings Loss attributable to ordinary equity holders of the parent  Number of shares Weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue during the period  Adjustment for contingent shares  Weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue and potential ordinary shares in issue and potential ordinary shares in issue and potential ordinary shares issued as the denominator in calculating diluted earnings per share during the period  733,857,225  722,666,653  722,666,653  722,666,653  722,666,653  722,666,653  722,712,959		For the six months ended 31 December		
Earnings Loss attributable to ordinary equity holders of the parent  Number of shares Weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue during the period Adjustment for contingent shares  Weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue and potential ordinary shares issued as the denominator in calculating basic earnings per share during the period  Diluted Earnings Loss attributable to ordinary equity holders of the parent  Number of shares  Weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue during the period  Adjustment for contingent shares  Weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue during the period  Adjustment for contingent shares  Weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue and potential ordinary share in issue and pot		Unaudited	Unaudited	
Weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue during the period Adjustment for contingent shares  Weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue and potential ordinary shares issued as the denominator in calculating basic earnings per share during the period  Basic losses per share (RMB cents)  Tiluted Earnings Loss attributable to ordinary equity holders of the parent  Number of shares Weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue during the period Adjustment for contingent shares  Weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue and potential ordinary shares in issue and potential ordinary shares is issued as the denominator in calculating diluted earnings per share during the period  733,857,225  722,666,653  722,712,959	Earnings Loss attributable to ordinary equity holders	(36,364,900)	(35,478,472)	
shares in issue and potential ordinary shares issued as the denominator in calculating basic earnings per share during the period  Basic losses per share (RMB cents)  Diluted Earnings Loss attributable to ordinary equity holders of the parent  Number of shares Weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue during the period Adjustment for contingent shares  Weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue and potential ordinary shares in issue and potential ordinary shares issued as the denominator in calculating diluted earnings per share during the period  733,857,225  722,712,959  733,857,225  722,666,653  722,666,653  722,666,653  722,712,959	Weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue during the period	733,857,225 –		
Diluted Earnings Loss attributable to ordinary equity holders of the parent  Number of shares Weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue during the period Adjustment for contingent shares  Weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue and potential ordinary shares in issue and potential ordinary shares issued as the denominator in calculating diluted earnings per share during the period  733,857,225  722,666,653  - 46,306	shares in issue and potential ordinary shares issued as the denominator in calculating basic earnings per share	733,857,225	722,712,959	
Earnings Loss attributable to ordinary equity holders of the parent  Number of shares Weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue during the period Adjustment for contingent shares  Weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue and potential ordinary shares in issue and potential ordinary shares issued as the denominator in calculating diluted earnings per share during the period  (36,364,900)  (35,478,472)  722,666,653  - 46,306	Basic losses per share (RMB cents)	(4.96)	(4.91)	
of the parent (36,364,900) (35,478,472)  Number of shares Weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue during the period Adjustment for contingent shares  Weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue and potential ordinary shares issued as the denominator in calculating diluted earnings per share during the period (35,478,472)  722,666,653  722,666,653  722,712,959	Earnings			
Weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue during the period Adjustment for contingent shares  Weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue and potential ordinary shares issued as the denominator in calculating diluted earnings per share during the period  733,857,225  722,666,653  46,306		(36,364,900)	(35,478,472)	
shares in issue and potential ordinary shares issued as the denominator in calculating diluted earnings per share during the period 733,857,225 722,712,959	Weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue during the period	733,857,225 –		
	shares in issue and potential ordinary shares issued as the denominator in calculating diluted earnings per share			
Diluted losses per share (RMB cents) (4.96) (4.91)				

For the six months ended 31 December 2019

# 14 Property, plant and equipment

	Buildings Unaudited RMB	Machinery and vehicles Unaudited RMB	Furniture, fittings and equipment Unaudited RMB	Construction in progress Unaudited RMB	Total Unaudited RMB
Six months ended 31  December 2019					
Opening net book amount as at 1 July 2019	63,350,891	15,101,372	1,692,333	1,848,911	81,993,507
Additions	-	94,828	169,357	3,988,625	4,252,810
Disposals	_	_	(16,333)	_	(16,333)
Internal transfer	5,837,536	-	-	(5,837,536)	_
Depreciation charge (Note 9)	(2,430,326)	(971,144)	(199,005)	_	(3,600,475)
Closing net book amount					
as at 31 December 2019	66,758,101	14,225,056	1,646,352	-	82,629,509
	66,758,101	14,225,056	1,646,352	-	82,629,509
2019 Six months ended 31 December 2018	<b>66,758,101</b> 181,801,787	<b>14,225,056 16,339,637</b>	<b>1,646,352</b>	_	<b>82,629,509</b> 199,586,539
Six months ended 31 December 2018 Opening net book amount as at 1 July 2018 Additions		16,339,637 24,722		- 657,906	199,586,539 2,120,112
Six months ended 31 December 2018 Opening net book amount as at 1 July 2018 Additions Disposals	181,801,787	16,339,637 24,722 (193,032)	1,445,115	- 657,906 -	199,586,539 2,120,112 (193,032)
2019  Six months ended 31  December 2018  Opening net book amount as at 1 July 2018  Additions  Disposals Internal Transfer	181,801,787 - (58,716,152)	16,339,637 24,722 (193,032)	1,445,115 1,437,484 - -	- 657,906 - -	199,586,539 2,120,112 (193,032) (58,716,152)
Six months ended 31 December 2018 Opening net book amount as at 1 July 2018 Additions Disposals	181,801,787	16,339,637 24,722 (193,032)	1,445,115	- 657,906 - -	199,586,539 2,120,112 (193,032)
2019  Six months ended 31  December 2018  Opening net book amount as at 1 July 2018  Additions  Disposals Internal Transfer	181,801,787 - (58,716,152)	16,339,637 24,722 (193,032)	1,445,115 1,437,484 - -	- 657,906 - - -	199,586,539 2,120,112 (193,032) (58,716,152)

For the six months ended 31 December 2019

# 15 Investment properties

	Investment properties Unaudited RMB
Six months ended 31 December 2019	
Opening net book amount as at 1 July 2019	115,929,946
Depreciation charge (Note 9)	(2,977,219)
Closing net book amount as at 31 December 2019	112,952,727
Six months ended 31 December 2018	
Opening net book amount as at 1 July 2018	5,989,795
Transfer from property, plant and equipment (Note 14)	58,716,152
Transfer from prepaid land lease payments (Note 16(i))	32,272,718
Depreciation charge (Note 9)	(2,055,381)
Closing net book amount as at 31 December 2018	94,923,284

# 16 Prepaid land lease payments and other intangible assets

## (i) Prepaid land lease payments

# Six months ended 31 December

	31 December	
	2019	2018
	Unaudited	Unaudited
	RMB	RMB
Opening net book amount	78,799,512	73,337,828
Additions	_	7,459,436
Internal transfer	_	(32,272,718)
Amortisation charge (Note 9)	(855,793)	(664,762)
		A
Closing net book amount	77,943,719	47,859,784
Less: Prepaid land lease payments –		
current portion	_	(1,441,361)
Prepaid land lease payments –		
non-current portion	77,943,719	46,418,423

For the six months ended 31 December 2019

# (ii) Other intangible assets

	Patents Unaudited RMB	Software Unaudited RMB	Total Unaudited RMB
Six months ended 31 December 2019			
Opening net book amount as at 1 July 2019 Additions	12,799,062	1,758,831	14,557,893
Amortisation charge (Note 9)	(1,023,924)	64,102 (156,566)	64,102 (1,180,490)
Closing net book amount as at 31 December 2019	11,775,138	1,666,367	13,441,505
Six months ended 31  December 2018			
Opening net book amount as at 1 July 2018 Additions	14,846,912	- 1,395,963	14,846,912 1,395,963
Amortisation charge (Note 9)	(1,023,924)	(5,882)	(1,029,806)
Closing net book amount			
as at 31 December 2018	13,822,988	1,390,081	15,213,069

For the six months ended 31 December 2019

#### 17 Goodwill

	Headbox business Unaudited RMB	Logistics and warehousing services Unaudited RMB	Others Unaudited RMB	Total Unaudited RMB
Six months ended 31 December 2019				
Opening net book amount as at 1 July 2019	36,155,379	3,183,135	596,370	39,934,884
Closing net book amount as at 31 December 2019	36,155,379	3,183,135	596,370	39,934,884
Six months ended 31 December 2018 Opening net book amount as at				
1 July 2018 Impairment charge (Note 8)	36,155,379 	108,247,008 (21,556,591)	596,370 –	144,998,757 (21,556,591)
Closing net book amount as	36,155,379	86,690,417	596,370	123,442,166
at 31 Determiner 2010	30,133,373	00,030,417	330,310	125,742,100

Goodwill of the Group mainly arose from the acquisition of Hangzhou Haorong Technology Co., Ltd. and Hangzhou MCN Paper Tech Co., Ltd. (together, the "MCN Group") and Fu An 777 Logistics Limited ("777 Logistics", together with its subsidiaries, collectively known as the "777 Logistic Group") in 2017.

Goodwill is allocated to the cash generating unit ("CGU") of headbox business under the business segment of industrial products and the CGU of logistics and warehousing services under the business segment of supporting services for impairment test.

For the six months ended 31 December 2019

The following table sets out the key assumptions for the CGUs that have significant goodwill allocated to them:

	Headbox business	Logistics and warehousing services
31 December 2019 Sales (% annual growth rate) Budgeted gross margin (%) Long term growth rate (%) Pre-tax discount rate (%)	4%-5% 33%-34% 3% 18.1%	8%-94% 51%-85% 3% 16%
30 June 2019 Sales (% annual growth rate) Budgeted gross margin (%) Long term growth rate (%) Pre-tax discount rate (%)	4%-5% 33%-34% 3% 16.7%	8%-94% 51%-85% 3% 16%

These assumptions have been used for the analysis of CGU within the operating segment.

Sales is the average annual growth rate over the five-year forecast period. It is based on past performance and management's expectations of market development.

Gross margin is the average margin as a percentage of revenue over the five-year forecast period. It is based on the current sales margin levels and sales mix, with adjustments made to reflect the expected future price rises in rubber, a key raw material, which management does not expect to be able to pass on to customers through price increases.

The long term growth rates used are consistent with the forecasts included in industry reports. The discount rates used are pre-tax and reflect specific risks relating to the relevant operating segment.

As at 31 December 2019, no impairment charge arose in the aforesaid CGUs (30 June 2019: impairment charge of RMB105,063,873 arose in the logistics and warehousing services CGU).

For the six months ended 31 December 2019

#### 18 Inventories

	As at 31 December 2019	As at 30 June 2019
	Unaudited <i>RMB</i>	Audited <i>RMB</i>
Raw materials Work in progress	62,574,041 32,458,144	39,943,419 36,711,019
Finished goods	17,686,798	19,010,884
	112,718,983	95,665,322
Less: Provision	(9,996,199)	(8,789,980)
	102,722,784	86,875,342

As at 31 December 2019, raw materials and finished goods with a cost of RMB10,160,087 and RMB2,697,019 were considered as obsolete (30 June 2019: RMB8,413,863 and RMB2,697,019) and a provision of RMB7,299,180 and RMB2,697,019 (30 June 2019: RMB6,092,961 and RMB2,697,019) to write down to their net realisable value was made against these raw materials and finished goods respectively.



For the six months ended 31 December 2019

# 19 Trade and other receivables, contract assets and prepayments

## (i) Trade and other receivables

	As at 31 December 2019 Unaudited <i>RMB</i>	As at 30 June 2019 Audited <i>RMB</i>
Warranty receivables (a) Other trade receivables (b)	13,246,821 683,397,346	19,906,655 493,389,612
Less: provision for impairment of trade receivables (c)	696,644,167 (66,962,756)	513,296,267
Trade receivables – net Bills receivable	629,681,411 21,233,358	473,757,350 20,218,173
Trade and bills receivables	650,914,769	493,975,523
Payment on behalf of a customer Deductible input value added tax Loan deposit to an independent third	87,766,161 9,593,534	91,449,840 9,669,086
party Loan to a customer Other receivables – guarantee	8,958,000 5,040,386 3,597,443	8,796,600 7,228,531 3,247,643
Other receivables due from a related party (Note 28(c)(i)) Others	22,428 1,897,047	23,612 5,419,728
Less: provision for impairment of	116,874,999	125,835,040
other receivables (c)	(26,654,716)	(5,981,394)
Other receivables – net	90,220,283	119,853,646
Total trade and other receivables Less: trade receivables – non-current	741,135,052	613,829,169
portion	(157,713,947)	(7,075,588)
	583,421,105	606,753,581

# **NOTES TO THE CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS** (Continued) For the six months ended 31 December 2019

(a) The warranty receivables represent approximately 5% to 10% of the contract value of the sales of the Group which will be collected upon the expiry of the warranty period (which is usually for a period of 18 months from the date of delivery or 12 months after on-site testing, whichever is earlier).

The ageing analysis of the warranty receivables based on the date that the Group was entitled to collect the revenue is as follows:

	As at 31	
	December	As at 30 June
	2019	2019
	Unaudited	Audited
	RMB	RMB
Warranty receivables		
1 year to 2 years	2,525,448	6,138,336
Over 2 years	10,721,373	13,768,319
	13,246,821	19,906,655

(b) The ageing analysis of the other trade receivables based on the date that the Group was entitled to collect the revenue is as follows:

	As at 31	
	December	As at 30 June
	2019	2019
	Unaudited	Audited
	RMB	RMB
Other trade receivables		
Up to 3 months	277,609,931	208,786,984
3 months to 6 months	122,386,479	3,524,681
6 months to 1 year	21,387,885	3,775,227
1 year to 2 years	173,764,285	230,500,138
Over 2 years	88,248,766	46,802,582
· ·	683,397,346	493,389,612

# ${\bf NOTES\ TO\ THE\ CONDENSED\ CONSOLIDATED\ INTERIM\ FINANCIAL\ STATEMENTS\ (\it Continued\ )}$

For the six months ended 31 December 2019

(c) As at 31 December 2019, provisions amounting to RMB29,504,075 (30 June 2019: RMB 11,898,699) and RMB 20,513,607 (30 June 2019: nil) were made on certain trade receivables and other receivables respectively given that certain customers were in significant financial difficulty and had defaulted in scheduled payments and there was significant uncertainty of recovering these trade and other receivables.

#### (ii) Contract assets

Contract assets
Less: provision for impairment of contract assets

### (iii) Prepayments

	December	As at 30 June
	2019	2019
	Unaudited	Audited
	RMB	RMB
	65,296,697	79,921,802
	834,001	135,863
	66,130,698	80,057,665
it /		
	(189,373)	(195,903)

65,941,325

As at 31

Prepayments for procurement Others

Total prepayments
Less: prepayments – non-current portion

79,861,762

For the six months ended 31 December 2019

# 20 Cash and cash equivalents and pledged deposits

	As at 31 December 2019 Unaudited <i>RMB</i>	As at 30 June 2019 Audited <i>RMB</i>
Cash at bank and on hand Less: pledged deposits	58,119,775 (30,742,230)	54,173,353 (29,976,599)
Cash and cash equivalents	27,377,545	24,196,754

The pledged deposits represent cash set aside as deposits for issuance of trade facilities such as bills payable and bank guarantee.

# 21 Trade and other payables

Trade payables Bills payable	As at 31 December 2019 Unaudited <i>RMB</i> 133,897,578 85,139,425	As at 30 June 2019 Audited <i>RMB</i> 129,178,810 110,852,396
Trade and bills payables	219,037,003	240,031,206
Deposits for project contracting services Other taxes payables Amount due to suppliers on a customer's	51,708,139 29,551,009	32,501,508
behalf Accruals Amounts due to related parties (Note 28(c)	13,758,244 6,029,734	13,775,461 5,694,078
(ii)) Payables for property, plant and equipment Employee benefit payables	6,000,000 5,787,991 3,507,253	49,500 6,487,991 3,185,326
Provision for warranty expenses Others	815,363 5,304,038	484,577 2,969,875
Other payables	122,461,771	65,148,316
Total trade and other payables	341,498,774	305,179,522

For the six months ended 31 December 2019

The ageing analysis of the trade payables is as follows:

As at	
31 December	As at 30 June
2019	2019
Unaudited	Audited
RMB	RMB
83,401,933	85,129,189
20,771,515	23,254,725
19,383,125	5,631,296
3,698,840	6,264,575
6,642,165	8,899,025
133,897,578	129,178,810
	31 December 2019 Unaudited <i>RMB</i> 83,401,933 20,771,515 19,383,125 3,698,840 6,642,165

Up to 3 months 3 months to 6 months 6 months to 1 year 1 year to 2 years Over 2 years

# 22 Interest – bearing loans

Loan from a non-controlling shareholder (Note 28(c)(ii)) Bank borrowings Other borrowings

As at 30 June
2019
Audited
RMB
642,151
23,000,000
31,143,513
54.785.664

For the six months ended 31 December 2019

Movement in interest – bearing loans is analysed as follows:

	Loan from a non- controlling shareholder Unaudited RMB	Loans from bank Unaudited RMB	Loans from independent third parties Unaudited RMB	Total Unaudited RMB
Six months ended 31 December 2019 Opening net book amount as at 1 July 2019 Additions Accrual of interest (Note 10) Repayment	642,151 - 18,000 -	23,000,000 33,000,000 1,247,673 (6,247,673)	31,143,513 30,000 663,422 (10,013,000)	54,785,664 33,030,000 1,929,095 (16,260,673)
Closing net book amount as at 31 December 2019	660,151	51,000,000	21,823,935	73,484,086
Six months ended 31 December 2018 Opening net book amount as at 1 July 2018 Additions Repayment Reclassification to interest	1,000,000	5,000,000 -	20,857,880 14,133,800 (3,400,000)	(3,400,000)
payable		* * =	(1,077,880)	(1,077,880)
Closing net book amount as at 31 December 2018	1,000,000	5,000,000	30,513,800	36,513,800

As at 31 December 2019, the Group's borrowings are all denominated in RMB.

As at 31 December 2019, the loan from a non-controlling shareholder bears interest at a rate of 7.2% per annum (30 June 2019: 7.2% per annum).

As at 31 December 2019, the Group's loans from bank bear interest at an average rate of 5.18% per annum (30 June 2019: 5.31% per annum) and of which RMB 3,000,000 were secured by property, plant and equipment of the Group amounting to approximately RMB1,724,986 and the remaining balances were borrowed by using banking facilities.

For the six months ended 31 December 2019

As at 31 December 2019, the Group's loans from independent third parties bear interest at an average rate of 6.44% per annum (30 June 2019: 6.95%).

As at 31 December 2019, the Group had the following unutilised banking facilities:

As at	
31 December	As at 30 June
2019	2019
Unaudited	Audited
RMB	RMB
219,439,300	230,343,735
(162,827,900)	(118,247,624)
56,611,400	112,096,111

Authorised banking facilities – expiring within one year
Less: utilised banking facilities

As at 31 December 2019, the banking facilities granted by the bank were secured by property, plant and equipment, investment properties and prepaid land lease payments of the Group amounting to approximately RMB65,033,115, RMB112,952,727 and RMB77,943,719, respectively (30 June 2019: RMB63,350,891, RMB115,929,946 and RMB78,799,512, respectively).

#### 23 Deferred income

As at	
31 December	As at 30 June
2019	2019
Unaudited	Audited
RMB	RMB
24,862,500	25,537,500

Government grant

For the six months ended 31 December 2019

#### 24 Convertible bonds

On 29 March 2017, the Company issued convertible bonds in principal amount of HK\$100,000,000 (equivalent to RMB88,780,000) (the "Convertible Bonds").

Pursuant to the bond subscription agreement, the Convertible Bonds are:

- (a) convertible at the option of the bond holders into ordinary shares of the Company at HK\$2.50 per share (subject to adjustment) at any time on or after 29 April 2017 up to the close of business on the 30th day prior to the maturity date:
- the maturity date is 29 March 2019 and it is at the Company's discretion to extend one additional year;

The Convertible Bonds bear interest at a rate of 5% per annum payable semi-annually in arrears on 28 September and 28 March.

The fair value of the liability component was estimated at the issuance date using an equivalent market interest rate for a similar bond without a conversion option. The residual amount is assigned as the equity component and is included in shareholders' equity.

The proceeds from the issuance of Convertible Bonds of HK\$100,000,000 have been split into liability and equity components on 29 March 2017 (the issuance date). On the issuance date, the fair value of the liability component of the Convertible Bonds is estimated by discounting the expected future cash flows using an equivalent market interest rate for a similar bond without conversion option with consideration of the Group's own non-performance risk. And it will be measured on the amortised cost basis until extinguished on conversion or redemption. The remaining proceeds are allocated to the equity component of Convertible Bonds. Transaction costs are apportioned between liability and equity components of the Convertible Bonds based on the allocation of proceeds to the liability and equity components on the issuance date.

There is no movement in the number of the Convertible Bonds during the period.

The fair value of the liability and equity components are determined based on the valuations performed by Duff and Phelps, an independent firm of professional valuers, using binomial model.

For the six months ended 31 December 2019

On 25 March 2019, the Company received a notice from the investor requesting to extend the maturity date of the Convertible Bonds for 6 months after the maturity date, i.e. extend to 29 September 2019 under the same terms and conditions of the Convertible Bonds (the "First Extension"). The Company agreed to the First Extension and accounted for the First Extension as a modification of the existing financial liability with the change in present value of the liability component, which represents the difference between carrying amount of liability component before the First Extension and discounted new cash flows under new terms using original effective interest rate, recognised in the statement of profit or loss.

On 29 September 2019, a supplemental deed in relation to the Convertible Bonds was executed by the Company to extend the maturity date to 28 September 2020 (the "Second Extension"), The Company accounted for the Second Extension as a derecognition of the existing financial liability and the recognition of a new financial liability with a gain recognised on extinguishment, being the fair value of consideration given to extinguish the financial liability and its previous carrying amount.

	Liability component of Convertible Bonds Unaudited RMB	Equity component of Convertible Bonds Unaudited RMB	Total Unaudited RMB
At 1 July 2019 Interest expense (Note 10)	85,525,913 7,018,479	23,609,589	109,135,502 7,018,479
Interest paid Extinguishment (Note 10, 26)	(2,241,208) (4,749,230)		(2,241,208) 6,421,611
Currency translation differences	1,569,207	380,818	1,950,025
At 31 December 2019	87,123,161	35,161,248	122,284,409
At 1 July 2018	75,710,498	23,609,589	99,320,087
Interest expense (Note 10)	8,859,998		8,859,998
Interest paid	(2,194,458)	<u> </u>	(2,194,458)
Currency translation differences	2,959,831		2,959,831
At 31 December 2018	85,335,869	23,609,589	108,945,458

For the six months ended 31 December 2019

## 25 Share capital and premium

		31 Dece Unau	As at ember 2019 idited RMB	As at 30 June 2019 Audited RMB
Issued and fully paid: 733,857,225 (30 June 2019: 73 ordinary shares	33,857,225)	6,20	3,955	6,203,955
	Number of issued shares	Ordinary shares Unaudited RMB	Share premium Unaudited	Total Unaudited
At 1 July 2019 and 31 December 2019	733,857,225	6,203,955	509,708,723	515,912,678
At 1 July 2018 Shares repurchased Dividends (i)	722,865,001 (256,000) —	6,107,141 (2,198) –	491,227,935 (743,103 (18,994,497	(745,301)
At 31 December 2018	722,609,001	6,104,943	471,490,335	477,595,278

(i) During the six months ended 31 December 2018, the Company distributed 3.0 HK cents per share, amounting to a total dividend of RMB18,994,497 based on the number of issued shares outstanding at relevant time to qualifying shareholders.

Pursuant to Section 34 of the Cayman Companies Law (2003 Revision) and the Articles of Association of the Company, share premium of the Company is available for distribution to shareholders subject to a solvency test on the Company and the provision of the Articles of Association of the Company.

For the six months ended 31 December 2019

#### **26** Other reserves

	Reorganisation reserve Unaudited RMB	Merger reserve Unaudited RMB	Statutory reserves Unaudited RMB	Translation reserves Unaudited RMB	Employee Share Option Scheme (i) Unaudited RMB	Fair Value Reserve Unaudited RMB	Total Unaudited RMB
At 1 July 2019 Translation differences Appropriation to statutory	2,335,540	33,028,254	29,145,970 -	9,502,114 (1,841,782)	4,399,960 -	-	78,411,838 (1,841,782)
reserves	-	-	1,518,454	-	-	-	1,518,454
Share options	-	-	-	-	71,586	-	71,586
Extinguishment of convertible bonds	-	-	-	-	-	(11,170,841)	(11,170,841)
At 31 December 2019	2,335,540	33,028,254	30,664,424	7,660,332	4,471,546	(11,170,841)	66,989,255
At 1 July 2018	2,335,540	33,028,254	25,736,128	12,613,217	_	-	73,713,139
Translation differences	-	-	-	(2,954,710)	-	-	(2,954,710)
Appropriation to statutory reserves	<i>_</i>	-	2,293,647	-	-	-	2,293,647
At 31 December 2018	2,335,540	33,028,254	28,029,775	9,658,507	_	-	73,052,076

(i) As approved by the Company's board meetings on 15 January 2019, a total of 19,000,000 share options were granted to selected directors and employees as follows. The Group has no legal or constructive obligation to repurchase or settle the options in cash.

For the six months ended 31 December 2019

#### **Employee Share Option Scheme**

Share options outstanding at the end of period have the following expiry date and exercise prices:

Date of grant	Number of share options in an aggregate	Exercises price HKD/ share	Exercisable period
15 January 2019	3,000,000	4.04	Note 1
15 January 2019	3,000,000	4.04	Note 2
15 January 2019	13,000,000	4.04	Note 3

Note 1: The share options are exercisable in different periods from Jan 2019 to Jan 2021, and with different vesting requirements.

Note 2: The share options are exercisable in different periods from Jan 2019 to Jan 2022, and with different vesting requirements.

Note 3: The share options are exercisable in different periods from Jan 2019 to Jan 2023, and with different vesting requirements.

There was no movement of share options outstanding during the six months ended 31 December 2019.



For the six months ended 31 December 2019

#### 27 Commitments

#### (a) As lessor

The future minimum lease receivables under non-cancellable operating leases as at 31 December 2019 and 30 June 2019 are summarised as follows:

As at	
31 December	As at 30 June
2019	2019
Unaudited	Audited
RMB	RMB
6,515,548	1,623,675
283,886	603,743
6,799,434	2,227,418

No later than 1 year Later than 1 year and no later than 5 years

#### (b) As lessee

The Group leases various offices and motor vehicles under non-cancellable operating leases expiring within six months to three years. The leases have varying terms, escalation clauses and renewal rights. On renewal, the terms of the leases are renegotiated.

From 1 July 2019, the Group has recognised right-of-use assets for these leases, except for short-term and low-value leases, see Note 4 for further information.

The minimum lease payments under operating leases as at 31 December 2019 and 30 June 2019 are summarised as follows:

As at	
31 December	As at 30 June
2019	2019
Unaudited	Audited
RMB	RMB
65,580	1,027,053
_	135,000
65,580	1,162,053
	2019 Unaudited <i>RMB</i> 65,580

For the six months ended 31 December 2019

### 28 Related-party transactions

The following is a summary of the significant transactions carried out between the Group and its related parties in the ordinary course of business during the six months ended 31 December 2019 and 2018 and balances arising from related party transactions as at 31 December 2019 and 30 June 2019.

#### (a) Name and relationship with related parties

Name of related parties Relationships

Mr. Zhu Gen Rong	One of the controlling shareholders, chairman of	
("Mr. Zhu") (i)	the Company, executive Director	
Mr. Wang Ai Yan	One of the controlling shareholders, executive	
("Mr. Wang") (i)	Director	
Mr. Liu Chuan Jiang	One of the controlling shareholders, executive	
("Mr. Liu") (i)	Director	
Mr. Zhu Gen yi	Brother of Mr. Zhu	
Mr. Jin Hao	Executive Director	
Mr. He Min Jun	Non-controlling shareholders of Wukong, one of	
	the subsidiaries under the Group	

(i) Mr. Zhu, Mr. Wang, and Mr. Liu are bound to act in concert by contracts and collectively are regarded as the 'Controlling Shareholders' of the Group.

In addition to the transactions detailed elsewhere in these financial statements, the Group had the following transactions with related parties during the period.



For the six months ended 31 December 2019

#### (b) Transactions with related parties

#### Six months ended 31 December

2019	2018
Unaudited	Unaudited
<i>RMB</i>	<i>RMB</i>
1,921,968	1,878,197
224,202	221,071
–	277,644
2,146,170	2,376,912

#### Key management compensation

- Salaries
- Other benefits
- Bonus

#### (c) Balances with related parties

(i) Due from related party (Note 19):

	As at
As at 30 June	31 December
2019	2019
Audited	Unaudited
RMB	RMB
23,612	22,428

Mr. Zhu Genyi

– Included in other receivables

The receivables from related party as at 31 December 2019 and 30 June 2019 arose mainly from the ordinary course of businesses.

The receivables are unsecured, non-interest bearing and are repayable on demand. There are no provisions made against receivables from related party.

For the six months ended 31 December 2019

(ii) Due to related party:

	As at	
	31 December	As at 30 June
	2019	2019
	Unaudited	Audited
	RMB	RMB
oan from Mr. Zhu (Note 21) oan from a non-controlling	6,000,000	-
shareholder (Note 22)	660,151	642,151
Mr. Jin Hao (Note 21)	-	25,500
Mr. Wang (Note 21)	-	24,000

The loan from Mr. Zhu was borrowed in September 2019, unsecured, non-interest bearing and is repayable in December 2020.

The loan from Mr. He Min Jun, the non-controlling shareholder of Wukong, one of the subsidiaries of the Group, was borrowed in April 2016 with an interest rate of 7.2% per annum (30 June 2019: 7.2% per annum) and is repayable on demand.

