

TIAN AN CHINA INVESTMENTS COMPANY LIMITED

(Stock Code 股份代號: 28)

2019 Annual Report 年報

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## 公司資料 CORPORATE INFORMATION

### 董事會

#### 執行董事

宋增彬,*副主席* 李成偉,*董事總經理* 馬申,*副總裁* 勞景祐 杜燦生

#### 非執行董事

李成輝,*主席* 鄭慕智

#### 獨立非執行董事

鄭鑄輝 金惠志 魏華生 楊麗琛

## 執行委員會

李成偉,*主席* 馬申 勞景祐 杜燦生 鄒志忠

#### 審核委員會

魏華生,*主席* 鄭鑄輝 鄭慕智 金惠志 楊麗琛

## 薪酬委員會

鄭鑄輝,*主席* 金惠志 魏華生 楊麗琛

#### 提名委員會

楊麗琛,*主席* 鄭鑄輝 金惠志 魏華生 勞景祐

#### **BOARD OF DIRECTORS**

#### **Executive Directors**

Song Zengbin, Deputy Chairman
Patrick Lee Seng Wei, Managing Director
Ma Sun, Deputy Managing Director
Edwin Lo King Yau
Tao Tsan Sang

#### **Non-Executive Directors**

Lee Seng Hui, *Chairman* Moses Cheng Mo Chi

#### **Independent Non-Executive Directors**

Francis J. Chang Chu Fai Jin Hui Zhi Ngai Wah Sang Lisa Yang Lai Sum

#### **EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE**

Patrick Lee Seng Wei, Chairman Ma Sun Edwin Lo King Yau Tao Tsan Sang Chew Chee Choong

#### **AUDIT COMMITTEE**

Ngai Wah Sang, Chairman Francis J. Chang Chu Fai Moses Cheng Mo Chi Jin Hui Zhi Lisa Yang Lai Sum

### **REMUNERATION COMMITTEE**

Francis J. Chang Chu Fai, *Chairman* Jin Hui Zhi Ngai Wah Sang Lisa Yang Lai Sum

#### NOMINATION COMMITTEE

Lisa Yang Lai Sum, Chairman Francis J. Chang Chu Fai Jin Hui Zhi Ngai Wah Sang Edwin Lo King Yau

#### 公司資料

## CORPORATE INFORMATION

### 往來銀行

#### 香港

中國銀行(香港)有限公司東亞銀行有限公司中信銀行(國際)有限公司香港上海滙豐銀行有限公司渣打銀行(香港)有限公司華僑永亨銀行有限公司

#### 中國內地

中國銀行股份有限公司 交通銀行股份有限公司 東亞銀行(中國)有限公司 中國建設銀行股份有限公司 招商銀行股份有限公司 中國工商銀行股份有限公司 平安銀行股份有限公司 華僑永亨銀行(中國)有限公司

### 註冊辦事處

香港灣仔告士打道138號聯合鹿島大廈22樓電話: 2533 3233 傳真: 2845 3034

電郵: info@tiananchina.com

### 股份過戶登記處

卓佳秘書商務有限公司 香港 皇后大道東183號 合和中心54樓

#### 公司秘書

容綺媚

#### 核數師

德勤 • 關黃陳方會計師行

### 律師

胡百全律師事務所

#### 股份代號

28

#### 網站

http://www.tiananchina.com http://www.irasia.com/listco/hk/tiananchina/ index.htm

## **BANKERS**

#### **Hong Kong**

Bank of China (Hong Kong) Limited The Bank of East Asia, Limited China CITIC Bank International Limited The Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation Limited Standard Chartered Bank (Hong Kong) Limited OCBC Wing Hang Bank Limited

#### **Mainland China**

Bank of China Limited
Bank of Communications Co., Ltd.
The Bank of East Asia (China) Limited
China Construction Bank Corporation
China Merchants Bank Co., Ltd.
Industrial and Commercial Bank of China Limited
Ping An Bank Co., Ltd.
OCBC Wing Hang Bank (China) Limited

#### **REGISTERED OFFICE**

22nd Floor, Allied Kajima Building 138 Gloucester Road, Wanchai, Hong Kong

Tel. : 2533 3233 Fax : 2845 3034

E-mail: info@tiananchina.com

#### **SHARE REGISTRAR**

Tricor Secretaries Limited Level 54, Hopewell Centre 183 Queen's Road East Hong Kong

### **COMPANY SECRETARY**

Cindy Yung Yee Mei

#### **AUDITOR**

Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu

#### **SOLICITOR**

P.C. Woo & Co.

#### **STOCK CODE**

28

#### **WEBSITES**

http://www.tiananchina.com http://www.irasia.com/listco/hk/tiananchina/ index.htm

## 董 事 總 經 理 報 告 MANAGING DIRECTOR'S STATEMENT

本人欣然宣佈二零一九年之全年業績。

I am pleased to present to you the annual results for 2019.

### 財務業績

本集團截至二零一九年十二月三十一日止年度之收入為2,221.9百萬港元(二零一八年:3,291.7百萬港元),較去年減少33%。本公司股東應佔溢利為1,345.9百萬港元(二零一八年:1,251.2百萬港元),較二零一八年增加8%。

本公司股東應佔溢利截至二零一九年十二月 三十一日止年度較去年略高。若干重大項目如 下:

- 應佔合營企業業績增加546.5百萬港元
- 收入減少1,069.8百萬港元導致毛利減少384.4百萬港元,而税項也因此減少260.7百萬港元。收入減少是由於在本年度期間附屬公司最近已竣工的發展項目沒有銷售確認,造成已竣工物業銷售確認減少
- 本集團投資物業及轉撥至投資物業之公允 價值收益減少82.1百萬港元

每股盈利為0.89港元(二零一八年:0.83港元),於二零一九年年底,本公司股東應佔每股賬面資產淨值為16.16港元(二零一八年:15.85港元)。

#### 股息

本公司之董事會(「董事會」)已宣佈派發截至二零一九年十二月三十一日止年度之中期股息每股20港仙(代替末期股息)(二零一八年中期股息(代替末期股息):每股20港仙),並將於二零二零年四月二十八日(星期二)或前後派付予於二零二零年四月十四日(星期二)名列本公司股東名冊內之本公司股東(「股東」)。

#### **FINANCIAL RESULTS**

The revenue of the Group for the year ended 31st December, 2019 was HK\$2,221.9 million (2018: HK\$3,291.7 million), a decrease of 33% compared to the year before. The profit attributable to owners of the Company amounted to HK\$1,345.9 million (2018: HK\$1,251.2 million), representing an increase of 8% from 2018.

The profit attributable to owners of the Company for the year ended 31st December, 2019 is higher than last year. Some material items are as follows:

- an increase in the share of results of joint ventures of HK\$546.5 million
- a decrease in turnover of HK\$1,069.8 million resulting in a
  decrease in gross profit of HK\$384.4 million and hence decrease
  in taxation of HK\$260.7 million. The decrease in turnover
  was caused by a decrease in recognised sales for completed
  properties as there is no recognised sales for the newly completed
  subsidiaries' development projects during the year
- a decrease in fair value gains in respect of the Group's investment properties and transfer to investment properties of HK\$82.1 million

Earnings per share amounted to HK\$0.89 (2018: HK\$0.83), while the net asset value per share attributable to owners of the Company was HK\$16.16 at the end of 2019 (2018: HK\$15.85).

#### **DIVIDEND**

The board of directors of the Company ("Board") has declared an interim dividend of HK20 cents per share (in lieu of a final dividend) for the year ended 31st December, 2019 (2018 interim dividend (in lieu of a final dividend): HK20 cents per share) payable on or around Tuesday, 28th April, 2020 to the shareholders of the Company ("Shareholders") whose names appear on the register of members of the Company on Tuesday, 14th April, 2020.

## MANAGING DIRECTOR'S STATEMENT

#### 暫停辦理股份過戶登記

## (1) 釐定收取中期股息(代替末期股息)的 資格

為釐定收取截至二零一九年十二月三十一日此年度之中期股息(代替末期股息)的資格,本公司將由二零二零年四月九日(星期四)至二零二零年四月十四日(星期二)(包括首尾兩天)暫停辦理本公司股份之轉讓手續將不予辦理。股東為符合獲享中期股息(代替末期股息)資格,須於二零二零年四月八至中連同有關股票送交本公司之股份過戶登記處卓佳秘書商務有限公司(地址為香港皇后大道東183號合和中心54樓)辦理股份過戶登記手續。

## (2) 釐定出席本公司即將舉行之股東週年 大會(「二零二零年股東週年大會」)並 於會上投票的資格

#### **CLOSURE OF REGISTER OF MEMBERS**

## (1) For determining the entitlement to the interim dividend (in lieu of a final dividend)

For determining the entitlement to the interim dividend (in lieu of a final dividend) for the year ended 31st December, 2019, the register of members of the Company will be closed from Thursday, 9th April, 2020 to Tuesday, 14th April, 2020 (both days inclusive), during which period no transfer of shares of the Company will be registered. In order for a Shareholder to qualify for the interim dividend (in lieu of a final dividend), all transfer forms accompanied by the relevant share certificates must be lodged with the Company's share registrar, Tricor Secretaries Limited of Level 54, Hopewell Centre, 183 Queen's Road East, Hong Kong for registration not later than 4:30 p.m. on Wednesday, 8th April, 2020.

# (2) For determining the entitlement to attend and vote at the forthcoming annual general meeting of the Company ("2020 AGM")

The 2020 AGM is scheduled to be held on Monday, 1st June, 2020. For determining the entitlement to attend and vote at the 2020 AGM, the register of members of the Company will be closed from Wednesday, 27th May, 2020 to Monday, 1st June, 2020 (both days inclusive), during which period no transfer of shares of the Company will be registered. In order for a Shareholder to be eligible to attend and vote at the 2020 AGM, all transfer forms accompanied by the relevant share certificates must be lodged with the Company's share registrar, Tricor Secretaries Limited of Level 54, Hopewell Centre, 183 Queen's Road East, Hong Kong for registration not later than 4:30 p.m. on Tuesday, 26th May, 2020.

## MANAGING DIRECTOR'S STATEMENT

#### 業務回顧

本集團主要經營範圍包括:在中華人民共和國 內地開發住宅、別墅、辦公樓及商用物業,物 業投資及物業管理,以及在香港之物業投資及 物業管理。

以下為本集團於二零一九年之成績概述:

- (1) 本集團二零一九年之總應佔已登記銷售 (包括來自合營企業的銷售及發展中物業 的預售)為184,400平方米(二零一八年: 218,200平方米),減少15%。已竣工總應 佔樓面面積(「樓面面積」)約487,600平方 米(二零一八年:371,100平方米),較去 年增加31%。二零一九年,在建總應佔樓 面面積於年末約947,800平方米(二零一八 年:1,036,100平方米),較去年同期減少 9%。
- (2) 租金收入較二零一八年上升2%。
- (3) 數碼城:本集團於12個城市裡總共有16個數碼城。本集團數碼城部份的整體貢獻上升,位於珠江三角洲的數碼城作出大部份貢獻,本集團將在擁有充足的人力及營銷資源的區域集中發展新的數碼城及城市更新項目。
- (4) 天安位於深圳龍崗華為新城片區的城市 更新項目天安雲谷第二期一批及二批, 於二零一九年已竣工樓面面積約456,100 平方米,而第二期剩餘部份樓面面積約 143,300平方米已於二零二零年三月竣工。
- (5) 截至二零一九年十二月三十一日止年度, 亞證地產有限公司錄得股東應佔溢利58.0 百萬港元(二零一八年:112.7百萬港元)。

#### **BUSINESS REVIEW**

The Group is engaged principally in the development of apartments, villas, office buildings and commercial properties, property investment and property management on the mainland in the People's Republic of China, as well as property investment and property management in Hong Kong.

An outline of our achievements in 2019 is described below:

- (1) Total attributable registered sales (including sales from joint ventures and pre-sales of properties under construction) of the Group amounted to 184,400 m² in 2019 (2018: 218,200 m²), a decrease of 15%. A total attributable gross floor area ("GFA") of approximately 487,600 m² (2018: 371,100 m²) was completed, an increase of 31% from last year. For 2019, a total attributable GFA of approximately 947,800 m² (2018: 1,036,100 m²) was under construction at the year end, representing a 9% decrease over the last year.
- (2) Rental income was up by 2% as compared with 2018.
- (3) Cyberpark: There are a total of 16 cyberparks over 12 cities. The overall contribution of our Cyberpark unit has increased. Those on the Pearl River Delta have been contributing most and we will concentrate on developing new cyberparks and urban renewal projects in this region where we have ample manpower and marketing resources.
- (4) Phase 2 Part 1 and Part 2 of Tian An's urban renewal project, Tian An Cloud Park, in Huawei New City Area in the Longgang District of Shenzhen, with GFA of approximately 456,100 m<sup>2</sup> was completed in 2019 and the remaining part of Phase 2 with GFA of approximately 143,300 m<sup>2</sup> was completed in March 2020.
- (5) For the year ended 31st December, 2019, Asiasec Properties Limited reported a profit of HK\$58.0 million (2018: HK\$112.7 million) attributable to its shareholders.

## MANAGING DIRECTOR'S STATEMENT

### 二零二零年之計劃

#### 二零二零年目標如下:

- (1) 本集團將繼續透過收購和出售以調整土地 儲備質素及出售本集團的產品來平衡短期 回報的需求及長期資本增值。
- (2) 本集團將在必要時調整產品和價格及建設的速度,以利於產品在適時的環境中出售。
- (3) 本集團希望適當地增加項目的貸款而不是 過度利用股本,從而提升股本回報。
- (4) 本集團將審視現行管理及成本結構,從而 盡可能改善效益及降低支出。

#### 長遠的企業策略

- (1) 本集團將保留若干發展物業作投資,相信 該等物業投資將提供租金流入的增長及相 應的資本增值。
- (2) 本集團將集中力量發展數碼城及城市更新項目,並相信該等產品受政府及當地市場歡迎。

#### 業務展望

於二零二零年初,新型冠狀病毒(二零一九年新型冠狀病毒)散佈世界各地。二零二零年一月,中國中央銀行將存款準備金比率下調 0.50%。此外,於二零二零年三月,美國聯邦儲備局宣佈量化寬鬆及下調利率。此等有助減輕中國以及世界經濟壓力。由於二零一九年新型冠狀病毒爆發,短期內中國及香港房地產市場預計將疲軟。本集團預計中國及香港房地產市場將在二零二零年下半年穩定。本集團對中國內地及香港房地產市場之長期前景仍具信心。

#### **PLANS FOR 2020**

Objectives for 2020 are as follows:

- (1) We will continue to adjust the quality of our landbank through acquisitions and disposals and sale of our end products to balance the demands of short term returns and long term capital appreciation.
- (2) We will adjust our products and pricing as well as the speed of construction where necessary to assist the sale of our products in the current environment.
- (3) We hope to responsibly gear up our projects rather than overutilising equity in order to increase our return on equity.
- (4) We will review our management and cost structure so as to improve efficiency and reduce expenses where possible.

#### LONG TERM CORPORATE STRATEGIES

- (1) The Group will retain certain development properties for investment where we believe these properties will provide increasing rental streams and corresponding increases in capital value.
- (2) We will concentrate our effort on developing our cyberpark and urban renewal units where we believe our products are welcomed by the government and the local market.

### **BUSINESS OUTLOOK**

In the beginning of 2020, the novel coronavirus (COVID-19) has spread throughout countries across the world. In January 2020, the China's central bank had cut the reserve requirement ratio by 0.50%. In addition, in March 2020, the US Federal Reserve also announced quantitative easing (QE) and cut interest rates. These help to relieve the pressure on the economy of China and the World. Due to the outbreak of COVID-19, in short term, the property markets in China and Hong Kong are expected to be weak. We expect the property markets in China and Hong Kong will be stabilised in the second half of 2020. We remain confident of the long term prospects of the property market in mainland China and Hong Kong.

## MANAGING DIRECTOR'S STATEMENT

## 致謝

## 本人謹此衷心感謝各董事及員工於過去一年值 得表揚之努力及對本集團之貢獻,並感謝各股 東的諒解及支持,以及客戶之信任。

## **APPRECIATION**

I would like to take this opportunity to thank my fellow Directors and the staff for their diligence and contributions to the Group in the past year, to the Shareholders for their understanding and support, and to the customers for their trust.

*董事總經理* 李成偉

香港,二零二零年四月六日

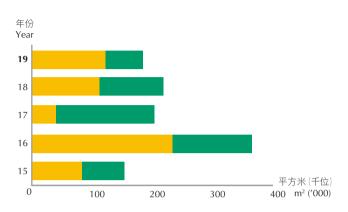
Patrick Lee Seng Wei

Managing Director

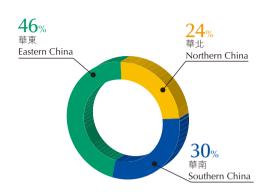
Hong Kong, 6th April, 2020

## MANAGING DIRECTOR'S STATEMENT

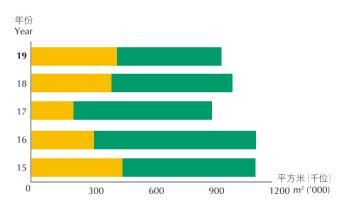




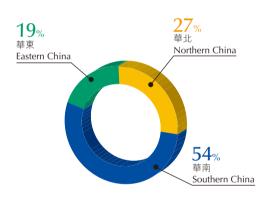
## 2019年銷售樓面面積之地區分佈 GFA Sold by Region in 2019



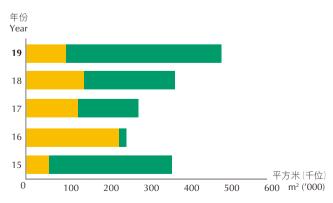
## 在建物業樓面面積 Properties Under Construction in terms of GFA



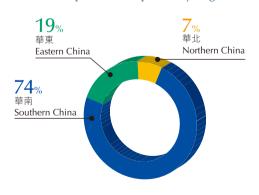
2019年在建物業樓面面積之地區分佈 GFA of Properties Under Construction by Region in 2019



建成樓面面積 Properties Completed in terms of GFA



## 2019年建成樓面面積之地區分佈 GFA of Properties Completed by Region in 2019



■ 住宅 Residential ■ 商業 Commercial

## 管理層討論及分析 MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

#### 經營回顧

#### 1. 收益來源

在中華人民共和國(「中國」)的物業發展、物業 投資、聯營公司及合營企業投資之營運收益為 本集團收入之主要來源。其明細如下:

### (1) 物業發展

本集團物業發展收入(包括附屬公司,但不包 括聯營公司及合營企業)由二零一八年2,627.2 百萬港元下降至1,543.1百萬港元。年內銷售的 項目主要有常州天安別墅(二期)、惠州惠陽天 安瓏城(二期)及上海天安豪園(一期)。

#### (2) 物業投資

於本年度期間,本集團租金收入由502.8百萬 港元增加至513.8百萬港元,升幅約2.2%。

#### (3) 聯營公司及合營企業投資

#### 2019 千港元 HK\$'000 HK\$'000 溢利貢獻: Contribution to profit: 應佔聯營公司溢利 Share of profit of associates 6,410 55,688 應佔合營企業溢利 Share of profit of joint ventures 925,304 378,774 931,714 434,462

#### **OPERATIONAL REVIEW**

#### 1. INCOME SOURCES

Income derived from operations in property development, property investment, associate and joint venture investments in the People's Republic of China ("PRC") constituted the most significant source of revenue to the Group. An analysis is as follows:

### (1) Property developments

Revenue derived from property development of the Group (including subsidiaries but excluding associates and joint ventures) decreased from HK\$2,627.2 million to HK\$1,543.1 million compared with 2018. Projects offered for sale during the year mainly consisted of Changzhou Tian An Villa (Phase 2), Huizhou Huiyang Tian An Sun Life City (Phase 2) and Shanghai Tian An Place (Phase 1).

#### (2) Property investments

During the year, the rental income of the Group increased from HK\$502.8 million to HK\$513.8 million, representing an increase of approximately 2.2%.

2018

千港元

#### (3) Associate and joint venture investments

## MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

## 2. 主要銷售

截至二零一九年十二月三十一日止年度,本集 團的銷售活動(包括來自合營企業的銷售及發 展中物業的預售)主要集中在以下項目:

## 2. MAJOR SALES

For the year ended 31st December, 2019, the Group's sales activities (including sales from joint ventures and pre-sales of properties under development) were concentrated principally on the following projects:

> 應佔 銷售樓面面積 Attributable **Gross Floor**

				Area sold
項目	Project	用途	Use	平方米 <b>m</b> ²
深圳天安雲谷(二期)	Shenzhen Tian An Cloud Park (Phase 2)	商業	Commercial	8,000
深圳天安龍崗數碼城 (四期二批)	Shenzhen Tian An Longgang Cyber Park (Phase 4 Part 2)	商業	Commercial	1,500
東莞天安數碼城(五期及六期)	Dongguan Tian An Cyber Park (Phases 5 and 6)	商業	Commercial	7,600
東莞鳳崗天安數碼城 (一期及二期)	Dongguan Fenggang Tian An Cyber Park (Phases 1 and 2)	商業	Commercial	13,200
佛山天安南海數碼城天安中心 (一期至三期)	Foshan Tian An Nanhai Cyber Park Tian An Centre (Phases 1 to 3)	商業	Commercial	9,600
惠州惠陽天安瓏城 (二期)	Huizhou Huiyang Tian An Sun Life City (Phase 2)	住宅	Residential	15,500
上海天安豪園(一期)	Shanghai Tian An Place (Phase 1)	住宅	Residential	42,900
無錫天安智慧城(一期)	Wuxi Tian An Intelligent Park (Phase 1)	商業	Commercial	1,100
常州天安別墅(二期)	Changzhou Tian An Villa (Phase 2)	住宅	Residential	5,000
常州天安數碼城	Changzhou Tian An Cyber Park	商業/	Commercial/	4,300
(一期及二期)	(Phases 1 and 2)	住宅	Residential	
江陰天安數碼城	Jiangyin Tian An Cyber Park	商業/	Commercial/	6,100
(一期)	(Phase 1)	住宅	Residential	
重慶天安數碼城	Chongqing Tian An Cyber Park	商業/	Commercial/	16,800
(一期、二期及五期)	(Phases 1, 2 and 5)	住宅	Residential	
長春天安第一城(四期)	Changchun Tian An City One (Phase 4)	住宅	Residential	2,700
天津天安象嶼智慧城	Tianjin Tian An Xiangyu Smart City	商業/	Commercial/	14,800
(一期及二期)	(Phases 1 and 2) (Formerly known as	住宅	Residential	
(前稱天津天安智慧港)	Tianjin Tian An Intelligent Port)			
天津天安數碼城	Tianjin Tian An Cyber Park	商業/	Commercial/	4,300
(一期及五期)	(Phases 1 and 5)	住宅	Residential	
青島天安數碼城	Qingdao Tian An Cyber Park	商業/	Commercial/	22,100
(一期)	(Phase 1)	住宅	Residential	
其他項目	Other projects	住宅	Residential	8,900

184,400

## MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

#### 3. 土地組合

本集團擁有約9,005,300平方米總樓面面積 (「樓面面積」)的土地儲備(本集團應佔總樓面 面積約5,770,500平方米,包括已竣工投資物 業約925,800平方米和發展中及待發展物業約 4,844,700平方米),主要位於深圳、東莞、廣 州、佛山、惠州、上海、無錫、常州、江陰、 南京、南通、湖州、重慶、大連、長春、天 津、青島、香港、澳洲及英國。

於二零一九年十二月三十一日,本集團主要土 地組合如下:

#### (1) 發展中及待發展物業

#### 3. LAND PORTFOLIO

The Group currently has a landbank of total gross floor area ("GFA") of approximately 9,005,300 m² (total GFA attributable to the Group is approximately 5,770,500 m², consisting of approximately 925,800 m² of completed investment properties and approximately 4,844,700 m² of properties under development and for development), located mainly in Shenzhen, Dongguan, Guangzhou, Foshan, Huizhou, Shanghai, Wuxi, Changzhou, Jiangyin, Nanjing, Nantong, Huzhou, Chongqing, Dalian, Changchun, Tianjin, Qingdao, Hong Kong, Australia and United Kingdom.

As at 31st December, 2019, the Group's land portfolio principally consisted of the following:

本集團應佔

本集團應佔

### (1) Properties under development and for development

				樓面面積 GFA
		商業	住宅	attributable
		Commercial	Residential	to the Group
地區	Region	平方米 <b>m</b> ²	平方米 m²	平方米 m²
華南	Southern China	504,700	593,100	1,097,800
華東	Eastern China	1,216,100	516,000	1,732,100
華北	Northern China	506,700	346,500	853,200
澳洲	Australia	61,600	1,100,000	1,161,600
總計	Total	2,289,100	2,555,600	4,844,700

#### (2) 已竣工投資物業

## (2) Completed investment properties

				樓面面積 GFA
地區	Region	商業 Commercial 平方米 m²	住宅 Residential 平方米 m²	attributable to the Group 平方米 m²
	Kegion	十刀 / III-	<b>十刀水 III-</b>	<b>ー                                    </b>
華南	Southern China	28,600	232,800	261,400
華東	Eastern China	75,000	394,800	469,800
華北	Northern China	23,600	124,100	147,700
香港	Hong Kong	2,900	38,000	40,900
英國	United Kingdom		6,000	6,000
總計	Total	130,100	795,700	925,800

## MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

#### 財務回顧

#### 資金流動狀況及融資

本集團一貫致力維持穩健且財政資源平衡分配之流動資金。於二零一九年十二月三十一日,本集團之總銀行結餘及現金儲備約3,546.6百萬港元(二零一八年:2,846.0百萬港元),為本集團之日常運作提供足夠營運資金。

於二零一九年十二月三十一日,本集團之總借款約6,715.3百萬港元(二零一八年:5,681.0百萬港元),包括流動負債2,828.2百萬港元(二零一八年:2,278.8百萬港元)及非流動負債3,887.1百萬港元(二零一八年:3,402.2百萬港元)。本集團之資產負債率(負債淨額除以權益總額)為12%(二零一八年:11%)。借款主要為待發展物業及發展中物業提供所需資金。融資成本增加主要是借款增加所致。

本集團之未償還借款中約56%將於兩年內到期。由於本集團之大部份投資及營運乃在中國進行,故大部份銀行借款以人民幣計算及歸還。本集團附息借款中約74%為定息借款,餘下者則為浮息借款。

為了保持靈活及充足的現金流以收購具潛質的 土地儲備及加快發展項目的工程建設,本集團 打算取得價格條款合理的合適銀行貸款。管理 層會持續監察資產負債率及在有需要時借入新 的外部貸款。

#### 外滙波動風險

本集團需要就經常性營運活動以及現有及潛在 投資活動而持有外匯結餘,此表示本集團會承 受合理的匯兑風險;然而,本集團將按需要密 切監控所承擔之風險。

#### **FINANCIAL REVIEW**

### **Liquidity and Financing**

The Group always maintains its liquidity at a healthy level with a balanced portfolio of financial resources. As at 31st December, 2019, the total bank balances and cash reserves of the Group were approximately HK\$3,546.6 million (2018: HK\$2,846.0 million), providing sufficient working capital for the daily operations of the Group.

As at 31st December, 2019, the total borrowings of the Group amounted to approximately HK\$6,715.3 million (2018: HK\$5,681.0 million), including current liabilities of HK\$2,828.2 million (2018: HK\$2,278.8 million) and non-current liabilities of HK\$3,887.1 million (2018: HK\$3,402.2 million). The gearing ratio (net debt over total equity) of the Group was 12% (2018: 11%). The borrowings were mainly used to finance the properties for development and properties under construction. Increase in finance costs is mainly due to the increase in borrowings.

Approximately 56% of the Group's outstanding borrowings will mature within 2 years. Since most of the investments and operation of the Group are carried out in the PRC, most of the bank borrowings are denominated in Renminbi which will be repaid in the same currency. Around 74% of the Group's interest bearing borrowings bear interest at fixed rates while the remainders are at floating rates.

Due to maintaining flexible and sufficient cashflow for acquiring the potential quality landbank and accelerating construction works for our development projects, the Group intends to obtain proper bank borrowings with reasonable pricing terms. The management continuously monitors its gearing ratio and raises new external borrowings when necessary.

### **Risk of Foreign Exchange Fluctuation**

The Group is required to maintain foreign currency exposure to cater for its recurring operating activities and present and potential investment activities, meaning it will be subject to reasonable exchange rate exposure. However, the Group will closely monitor this risk exposure as required.

## MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

#### 資產抵押

於二零一九年十二月三十一日,銀行存款約604.3百萬港元、物業、廠房及設備、發展物業及投資物業賬面總值分別約54.5百萬港元、2,355.4百萬港元及9,749.5百萬港元已作抵押,以便為本集團及一間合營企業取得銀行信貸,並為物業買家取得按揭貸款及為發展項目的公用服務供應及政府機關提供擔保。

### 或有負債

由本集團之合營企業持有而賬面值約88.6百萬 港元的兩項待發展物業以及由本公司之一間附 屬公司持有而賬面值約37.9百萬港元的一項待 發展物業正被當地機關進行閒置土地調查。該 等由合營企業及附屬公司持有之土地擁有若干 張土地使用證。除了部份土地作為整個項目餘 下發展外,超過一半該等的土地發展已告完成 或正在開發。此外,由本集團之另一間合營企 業持有,賬面值約433.0百萬港元之待發展物 業已被當地機關分類為閒置土地。一期發展之 建造工程於本年度完成,而二期發展已於本年 度展開。於報告期末後,由本公司之另一間附 屬公司持有而賬面值約12.4百萬港元的部份待 發展物業已被當地機關分類為閒置土地。由該 附屬公司持有的該塊土地已分階段進行發展, 除了若干期數作為整個項目餘下發展外,大約 一半的土地發展已告完成。本集團現正積極防 止該等正進行閒置土地調查的土地發展可能被 分類為閒置土地,並採取補救措施以防止該等 土地被分類為閒置土地的起訴,包括與當地機 關商討發展方案之可行性。根據法律意見,本 集團已對有關問題作出評估,並認為閒置土地 被充公不會發生。根據董事的意見,由以上的 調查引起經濟損失的可能性並不高。

#### **Pledge on Assets**

As at 31st December, 2019, bank deposits of approximately HK\$604.3 million, aggregate carrying values of property, plant and equipment, development properties and investment properties of approximately HK\$54.5 million, HK\$2,355.4 million and HK\$9,749.5 million respectively, were pledged for banking facilities granted to the Group and a joint venture, mortgage loans granted to property purchasers and guarantees in respect of utility supplies and government authorities for the development works.

#### **Contingent Liabilities**

Two pieces of properties for development that are held by joint ventures of the Group with carrying value of approximately HK\$88.6 million and a property for development that is held by a subsidiary of the Company with carrying value of approximately HK\$37.9 million are under idle land investigation by the local authorities. These pieces of lands owned by the joint ventures and the subsidiary were held under several land use right certificates. The development of more than half of the pieces of lands were either completed or under development, except for the portions which are retained for the remaining development of the whole projects. Further, property for development that is held by another joint venture of the Group with carrying value of approximately HK\$433.0 million had been identified as idle land by the local authority. The construction works for the first phase of development has been completed this year while the second phase of development has started during the year. Subsequent to the end of the reporting period, a portion of property for development that is held by another subsidiary of the Company with carrying value of approximately HK\$12.4 million had been identified as idle land by the local authority. The land owned by the subsidiary has been developed by several phases and approximately half of them were completed, except some phases which retained for the remaining development of the whole projects. The Group is currently working diligently to prevent the possible classification as idle land for those under idle land investigation and taking remedy action to prevent from prosecution for those had been identified as idle land, including negotiating the feasibility of development plans with local authorities. Based on legal advices, the Group has assessed the issue and considers that the idle land confiscation can be reversed. In the opinion of the Directors, the economic outflows caused by above cases are not probable.

## MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

於二零一九年十二月三十一日,本集團就物業買家獲授之按揭貸款及合營企業獲授或已使用之銀行信貸而向銀行及就物業發展項目而向公用服務供應及政府機關提供約651.9百萬港元之擔保。本集團提供之所有擔保乃應銀行要求,並根據一般商業條款而作出。本集團涉及的法律行動可能產生或有負債約429.0百萬港元。本集團已評估該等索償及取得法律意見,並認為在現階段評估可能的責任範圍為時尚早或無需作出額外撥備。

#### 項目回顧

#### 1. 主要物業發展

#### 華南區

#### 深圳天安數碼城 (50%)

數碼城位於深圳市中心區,毗鄰深圳高爾夫俱樂部,此大型項目佔地約273,500平方米,總樓面面積約787,700平方米,是一個集產業大廈、辦公及商業大樓、科技大廈、高尚住宅及多功能會所於一體的「城市產業綜合體」。

可供出租的商業樓面面積為49,230平方米,包括深圳數碼時代大廈、深圳天安創新科技廣場(一期及二期)及深圳福田天安科技創業園大廈等餘下樓面。

深圳天安數碼城已將其成功模式拓展至其他城市,包括深圳龍崗、東莞、廣州番禺、佛山南海、常州、江陰、重慶、天津及青島,並藉此發展成為集團公司。

為配合產業升級轉型和深圳城市更新,深圳天 安數碼城計劃對園區進行升級及改造,改造後 園區之總樓面面積將會增加。 As at 31st December, 2019, guarantees given to banks in respect of mortgage loans granted to property purchasers and bank facilities granted to or utilised by the joint ventures as well as guarantees granted in respect of utility supplies and government authorities for the property development works amounted to approximately HK\$651.9 million. All the guarantees provided by the Group were requested by banks and under normal commercial terms. Legal actions were taken against the Group resulting in possible contingent liabilities of approximately HK\$429.0 million. The Group has assessed the claims and obtained legal advices, and considers that either it is too early to assess the range of possible liability at this stage or no additional provision is required to be made.

#### **PROJECT REVIEW**

#### 1. MAJOR PROPERTY DEVELOPMENTS

#### Southern China

#### Shenzhen Tian An Cyber Park (50%)

Located at the heart of Shenzhen and adjacent to Shenzhen Golf Club, this large-scale project occupies a site area of approximately 273,500 m² with a total GFA of approximately 787,700 m². The Cyber Park consists of industrial buildings, office and commercial buildings, cyber technology buildings, deluxe residential apartments and multifunction clubhouse in an "Urban Industrial Complex".

The lettable commercial GFA is 49,230 m², including remaining areas of Shenzhen Cyber Times Building, Shenzhen Tian An Innovation Science and Technology Plaza (Phases 1 and 2) and Shenzhen Futian Tian An Hi-Tech Venture Park.

Shenzhen Tian An Cyber Park has expanded its successful pattern to other cities, including Shenzhen Longgang, Dongguan, Guangzhou Panyu, Foshan Nanhai, Changzhou, Jiangyin, Chongqing, Tianjin and Qingdao, so as to develop into a group company.

For accomplishing the upgrade industries transformation and urban renewal of Shenzhen, Shenzhen Tian An Cyber Park plans to have area upgrade and redevelopment. The total GFA of the Park will increase accordingly.

## MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

#### 深圳天安雲谷 (50%)

該項目是位於深圳龍崗華為新城片區內的「城市更新示範項目」,深圳天安雲谷將佔地約760,000平方米,而規劃總樓面面積約2,800,000平方米。項目擬構建為集產業研發、商業、住宅及公寓的新興產業與現代都市綜合體小區。二期一批及二批總樓面面積約456,100平方米已於二零一九年竣工。二期三批工程樓面面積約143,300平方米已於二零二零年三月竣工。

#### 深圳天安龍崗數碼城 (50%)

位於深圳市龍崗區的核心區域,該項目佔地約118,856平方米,總樓面面積約453,100平方米,該項目採用深圳天安數碼城模式開發。四期三批及四批工程總樓面面積約139,400平方米預計分別於二零二一年及二零二二年竣工。

#### 東莞天安數碼城 (39%)

該項目位於東莞新城市中心區-南城區,繼二零一二年購入旁邊地塊後,現佔地約278,987平方米,總樓面面積約823,200平方米。該項目擬建綜合商務園,內有科技產業大廈、商務及生活配套。七期工程樓面面積約90,000平方米預計在二零二一年竣工。

#### 東莞鳳崗天安數碼城 (45.05%)

位於東莞鳳崗鎮,該項目佔地約172,796平方米,總樓面面積約524,700平方米。該項目擬建綜合商務/工業配套。二期一批及三批總樓面面積約231,600平方米已於二零一九年竣工。三期工程樓面面積約180,400平方米預計於二零二一年竣工。

#### **Shenzhen Tian An Cloud Park (50%)**

This project is a "Model project of urban renewal" and located in Huawei New City Area, Longgang District, Shenzhen. Shenzhen Tian An Cloud Park will have a site area of approximately 760,000 m² and plan to have a total GFA of approximately 2,800,000 m². The project is planned to be developed into a combination of new technology and a modern city complex, including industrial R&D, commercial, residential and apartments properties. Phase 2 Parts 1 and 2 with a total GFA of approximately 456,100 m² were completed in 2019. Construction work of Phase 2 Part 3 with a GFA of approximately 143,300 m² was completed in March 2020.

#### Shenzhen Tian An Longgang Cyber Park (50%)

Located in the core area of Longgang in Shenzhen, this project has a site area of approximately 118,856 m² and a total GFA of approximately 453,100 m². The model of Shenzhen Tian An Cyber Park is used to develop this project. Construction works of Phase 4 Parts 3 and 4 with a total GFA of approximately 139,400 m² are expected to be completed in 2021 and 2022 respectively.

#### Dongguan Tian An Cyber Park (39%)

Situated right at the new city central area – Nancheng District of Dongguan. Upon acquiring the land nearby the project in 2012, it covers land area of approximately 278,987 m² with a total GFA of approximately 823,200 m². The project is planned to be developed into an integrated business park with comprehensive science and technology buildings, commercial and residential composite. Construction work of Phase 7 with a GFA of approximately 90,000 m² is expected to be completed in 2021.

#### Dongguan Fenggang Tian An Cyber Park (45.05%)

Located in Fenggang Town of Dongguan, this project has a site area of approximately 172,796  $\text{m}^2$  and a total GFA of approximately 524,700  $\text{m}^2$ . The project is planned to be developed into a comprehensive commercial/industrial composite. Phase 2 Parts 1 and 3 with a total GFA of approximately 231,600  $\text{m}^2$  were completed in 2019. Construction work of Phase 3 with a GFA of approximately 180,400  $\text{m}^2$  is expected to be completed in 2021.

## MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

#### 東莞酷派天安雲谷產業園 (25%)

位於東莞松山湖,佔地約98,148平方米,總樓面面積約176,700平方米。該項目擬建綜合商業/工業配套。一期一批樓面面積約84,800平方米已於二零一九年竣工。一期二批工程樓面面積約91,900平方米預計於二零二一年竣工。

#### 東莞天安中堂智能生態小鎮 (27.03%)

位於東莞市中堂鎮,佔地約49,765平方米,總樓面面積約149,300平方米。該項目擬以智慧互聯、生態高效為理念建造一個智能生態小鎮。

## 廣州天安番禺節能科技園 (50%)

位於廣州市番禺中心城區,整個大型項目佔地約513,088平方米,總樓面面積約712,500平方米。節能科技園發展包括工業/辦公大樓、科技產業大廈、高級住宅及多功能會所。九期工程樓面面積約48,600平方米預計於二零二一年竣工。

#### 佛山天安南海數碼城 (50%)

位於南海桂城區,繼二零一二年購入旁邊地塊後,現佔地約165,252平方米,總樓面面積約479,300平方米。項目以深圳天安數碼城相近模式開發,計劃興建包括酒店/辦公大樓之商業區。佛山天安南海數碼城天安中心三期一批樓面面積約11,800平方米已於二零一九年竣工。佛山天安南海數碼城天安中心三期二批工程樓面面積約81,600平方米預計於二零二零年竣工。

#### 惠州惠陽天安瓏城 (100%)

位於惠州惠陽之淡水河兩岸,該項目佔地約321,447平方米,總樓面面積約783,000平方米,項目擬建商住綜合物業。由於當地政府已為地塊周邊作規劃調整,致令項目開發總體規劃亦需作相應調整。三期工程樓面面積約165,600平方米預計於二零二零年竣工。

#### Dongguan Coolpad Tian An Cloud Park (25%)

Located in Songshan Lake of Dongguan, with a site area of approximately 98,148 m² and a total GFA of approximately 176,700 m². The project is planned to be developed into a comprehensive commercial/industrial composite. Phase 1 Part 1 with a GFA of approximately 84,800 m² was completed in 2019. Construction work of Phase 1 Part 2 with a GFA of approximately 91,900 m² is expected to be completed in 2021.

## Dongguan Tian An Zhongtang ECO Town (27.03%)

Located in Zhongtang Town of Dongguan, with a site area of approximately 49,765 m<sup>2</sup> and a total GFA of approximately 149,300 m<sup>2</sup>. The project is planned to be developed into an intelligent ecological town with a concept of intelligent interconnection and ecological efficiency.

#### Guangzhou Tian An Panyu Hi-Tech Ecological Park (50%)

Located in the central district of Panyu in Guangzhou, this large-scale project has a site area of approximately 513,088 m² and a total GFA of approximately 712,500 m². The park development consists of industrial/office buildings, science and technology buildings, high-class residential buildings and multi-function clubhouse. Construction work of Phase 9 with a GFA of approximately 48,600 m² is expected to be completed in 2021.

#### Foshan Tian An Nanhai Cyber Park (50%)

Located in Guicheng District of Nanhai. Upon acquiring the land nearby the project in 2012, it covers site area of approximately 165,252 m² and a total GFA of approximately 479,300 m². This project is developing with the similar pattern as Shenzhen Tian An Cyber Park and planned to be developed into a business district with hotel/office buildings. Foshan Tian An Nanhai Cyber Park Tian An Centre Phase 3 Part 1 with a GFA of approximately 11,800 m² was completed in 2019. Construction work of Foshan Tian An Nanhai Cyber Park Tian An Centre Phase 3 Part 2 with a GFA of approximately 81,600 m² is expected to be completed in 2020.

#### Huizhou Huiyang Tian An Sun Life City (100%)

Located in Huiyang of Huizhou and lying by both sides of Danshui River, this project has a site area of approximately 321,447 m² and a total GFA of approximately 783,000 m². The project is planned to be developed into a comprehensive commercial/residential composite. Since the local government had modified the surrounding planning of the land, the master planning for property development had been modified accordingly. Construction work of Phase 3 with a GFA of approximately 165,600 m² is expected to be completed in 2020.

## MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

#### 華東區

#### 上海天安豪園 (99.99%)

該項目位於東方及國際人士喜好聚居的金虹橋板塊,鄰近地鐵九號線中轉站入口。項目將發展為高尚住宅社區,佔地約339,083平方米,總樓面面積約494,400平方米。一期工程樓面面積約159,400平方米已竣工。

#### 天安千樹 (100%)

該項目位於上海普陀區,沿蘇州河邊長達 1,100米,佔地約58,930平方米。項目已重新 規劃為綜合性的商業和娛樂中心。設計方案已 審批。西塊工程樓面面積約62,700平方米預計 於二零二零年竣工。

#### 上海松江天安金谷 (30%)

該項目位於上海松江工業區,佔地約185,590 平方米,總樓面面積約296,900平方米。該項 目擬建工業園區。一期工程樓面面積約91,800 平方米預計於二零二零年竣工。

#### 無錫天安智慧城 (100%)

該項目位於無錫市新區,佔地約118,330平方 米,總樓面面積約236,700平方米,項目擬建 綜合商務園,內有科技產業大廈,商務及生活 配套。一期一批樓面面積約107,200平方米已 竣工並正進行租售。

#### 常州天安別墅 (100%)

該項目位於常州政府重點規劃發展的武進區, 是常州最大的純獨幢別墅小區之一,地域優越,佔地約473,082平方米。二期三批工程樓 面面積約23,800平方米預計於二零二零年竣工。

#### Eastern China

#### Shanghai Tian An Place (99.99%)

This project is situated at the Golden Hongqiao District where the oriental and international residents like to reside and adjacent to the entrance of the transit station of Subway No. 9. The project will be developed to a deluxe residential district with a site area of approximately 339,083 m² and a total GFA of approximately 494,400 m². Construction work of Phase 1 with a GFA of approximately 159,400 m² was completed.

## Tian An 1000 Trees (100%)

Located in the Putuo District of Shanghai, this project is to be built along the 1,100 m bank of Suzhou River with a site area of approximately 58,930 m<sup>2</sup>. This project has been re-planned as a commercial and entertainment complex. Design planning has been approved. Construction work of Western Phase with a GFA of approximately 62,700 m<sup>2</sup> is expected to be completed in 2020.

#### Shanghai Songjiang Tian An Jingu (30%)

This project is located in Shanghai Songjiang Industrial Zone, with a site area of approximately 185,590 m<sup>2</sup>, and a total GFA of approximately 296,900 m<sup>2</sup>. The project is planned to be developed into an industrial district. Construction work of Phase 1 with a GFA of approximately 91,800 m<sup>2</sup> is expected to be completed in 2020.

#### Wuxi Tian An Intelligent Park (100%)

This project is located in Wuxi New District with a site area of approximately 118,330 m² and a total GFA of approximately 236,700 m². The project is planned to be developed into an integrated business park with comprehensive science and technology buildings, commercial and residential composite. Phase 1 Part 1 with a GFA of approximately 107,200 m² was completed and under leasing and sales.

#### Changzhou Tian An Villa (100%)

This project is located in the Wujin District, the planning and development focus of the Changzhou government. With a favorable location, it is one of the largest deluxe villa districts in Changzhou. The project occupies a site of approximately 473,082 m<sup>2</sup>. Construction work of Phase 2 Part 3 with a GFA of approximately 23,800 m<sup>2</sup> is expected to be completed in 2020.

## MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

#### 常州天安數碼城 (50%)

該項目位於常州武進高新技術產業開發區,佔地約203,061平方米,總樓面面積約526,500平方米,項目擬建科技產業大廈,商務及生活配套。二期一批商業樓面面積約58,900平方米已於二零一九年竣工。

#### 江陰天安數碼城 (50%)

該項目位於江蘇江陰市經濟開發區內,佔地約 173,204平方米,總樓面面積約363,700平方 米,項目擬建綜合商務園,內有科技產業大 廈,商務及生活配套。二期樓面面積約31,900 平方米已於二零一九年竣工。三期及四期工程 總樓面面積約80,900平方米預計分別於二零二 零年及二零二一年竣工。

#### 南京天安數碼城 (100%)

該項目位於南京白下高新技術產業園內,佔地約93,160平方米,總樓面面積約210,100平方米,項目擬建綜合商務園,內有科技產業大廈、商務及生活配套。三期樓面面積約25,100平方米已於二零一九年竣工。

#### 南京長江會 (60%)

該項目位於南京市中心新街口,佔地約8,359 平方米。一期樓面面積約19,200平方米及二期 仍在規劃及設計階段,項目擬建為商業大樓。 一期工程樓面面積約19,200平方米預計於二零 二零年竣工。

#### 南通天安數碼城 (100%)

該項目位於南通港閘經濟開發區,佔地約 160,367平方米,總樓面面積約398,200平方 米,項目擬建綜合商務園,內有科技產業大廈 及商務配套。一期二批樓面面積約24,300平方 米已於二零一九年竣工。

#### Changzhou Tian An Cyber Park (50%)

This project is located in Changzhou Wujin Hi-Tech Industrial Zone, with a site area of approximately 203,061 m<sup>2</sup> and a total GFA of approximately 526,500 m<sup>2</sup>. The project is planned to be developed into a comprehensive science and technology buildings, commercial and residential composite. Phase 2 Part 1 with a commercial GFA of approximately 58,900 m<sup>2</sup> was completed in 2019.

#### Jiangyin Tian An Cyber Park (50%)

This project is located in Jiangyin Economic Development Zone, Jiangsu, with a site area of approximately 173,204 m² and a total GFA of approximately 363,700 m². The project is planned to be developed into an integrated business park with comprehensive science and technology buildings, commercial and residential composite. Phase 2 with a GFA of approximately 31,900 m² was completed in 2019. Construction works of Phases 3 and 4 with a total GFA of approximately 80,900 m² are expected to be completed in 2020 and 2021 respectively.

#### Nanjing Tian An Cyber Park (100%)

This project is located in Nanjing Baixia Hi-Technology Industrial Development Area, with a site area of approximately 93,160 m² and a total GFA of approximately 210,100 m². The project is planned to be developed into an integrated business park with comprehensive science and technology buildings, commercial and residential composite. Phase 3 with a GFA of approximately 25,100 m² was completed in 2019.

### Nanjing La Vita (60%)

This project is located at Xinjiekou of Nanjing central district, with a site area of approximately 8,359 m². Phase 1 with a GFA of approximately 19,200 m² and Phase 2 is still under the planning and design stage. The project is planned to be developed into a commercial building. Construction work of Phase 1 with a GFA of approximately 19,200 m² is expected to be completed in 2020.

### Nantong Tian An Cyber Park (100%)

This project is located in Nantong Gangzha Economic Development Zone, with a site area of approximately 160,367 m² and a total GFA of approximately 398,200 m². The project is planned to be developed into an integrated business park with comprehensive science and technology buildings and commercial composite. Phase 1 Part 2 with a GFA of approximately 24,300 m² was completed in 2019.

## MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

#### 湖州德清天安雲谷(30%)

位於湖州市德清區,佔地約204,336平方米,總樓面面積約459,800平方米。該項目擬建綜合商業/住宅/教育配套。

#### 重慶天安數碼城 (50%)

重慶天安數碼城位於重慶市大渡口區商業中心 圈地帶,佔地約357,768平方米,總樓面面積 約894,900平方米,項目擬建綜合商務園,內 有科技產業大廈,商務及生活配套。五期工程 樓面面積約31,500平方米預計於二零二零年竣 工。

### 華北區

#### 大連天安海景花園 (60%)

該高級住宅發展項目位於大連經濟及技術開發 區內。一期及二期總樓面面積約85,800平方米 已竣工。三期總體規劃仍待審批。

#### 長春天安第一城 (100%)

該高級住宅項目位於長春市高新技術產業開發區內,佔地約414,192平方米,項目總樓面面積約408,400平方米,將分期開發。四期三批工程樓面面積約57,500平方米預計於二零二一年竣工。

## 天津天安象嶼智慧城 (50%) (前稱天津天安智慧港)

該項目位於天津市東麗區,佔地約581,907平方米,總樓面面積約1,319,300平方米,項目為包含甲級寫字樓、創新科技園、商務及生活配套於一體的城市新興產業綜合體。一期住宅樓面面積約60,800平方米已於二零一九年竣工。二期工程住宅樓面面積約63,900平方米預計於二零二一年竣工。

#### Huzhou Deqing Tian An Cloud Park (30%)

Located in Deqing District of Huzhou, with a site area of approximately 204,336 m<sup>2</sup> and a total GFA of approximately 459,800 m<sup>2</sup>. The project is planned to be developed into a comprehensive commercial/residential/educational composite.

#### Chongqing Tian An Cyber Park (50%)

Chongqing Tian An Cyber Park is located in commercial centre area of Dadukou District, Chongqing, with a site area of approximately 357,768 m² and a total GFA of approximately 894,900 m². The project is planned to be developed into an integrated business park with comprehensive science and technology buildings, commercial and residential composite. Construction work of Phase 5 with a GFA of approximately 31,500 m² is expected to be completed in 2020.

#### Northern China

#### Dalian Tian An Seaview Garden (60%)

This project for high-class residential development is located in Dalian Economic & Technical Development Zone. Phases 1 and 2 with a total GFA of approximately 85,800 m² have been completed. Master plan for Phase 3 is waiting for approval.

#### Changchun Tian An City One (100%)

This high-class residential project is situated within the Changchun High-Tech Industrial Development Zone. Erected on a site of approximately 414,192 m², the project with a total GFA of approximately 408,400 m² is being developed by stages. Construction work of Phase 4 Part 3 with a GFA of approximately 57,500 m² is expected to be completed in 2021.

## Tianjin Tian An Xiangyu Smart City (50%) (Formerly known as Tianjin Tian An Intelligent Port)

This project is located in Dongli District, Tianjin, with a site area of approximately 581,907 m² and a total GFA of approximately 1,319,300 m². The project is planned to be developed into an urban integrated business complex with Grade A office buildings, comprehensive science and technology park, commercial and residential composite. Phase 1 with a residential GFA of approximately 60,800 m² was completed in 2019. Construction work for Phase 2 with a residential GFA of approximately 63,900 m² is expected to be completed in 2021.

## MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

#### 天津天安數碼城 (50%)

該項目位於天津市西青區張家窩工業區內,佔地約312,279平方米,總樓面面積約513,000平方米,項目擬建綜合商務園,內有科技產業大廈,商務及生活配套。二期、五期及六期工程總樓面面積約239,100平方米預計分別於二零二零年及二零二一年竣工。

#### 青島天安數碼城 (50%)

該項目位於青島市城陽區,佔地約313,466平方米,總樓面面積約522,900平方米,項目為包含甲級寫字樓、創新科技園、商務及生活配套於一體的城市新興產業綜合體。一期二批於A地塊總樓面面積約5,700平方米已於二零一九年竣工。一期三批於A地塊及二期於B地塊工程總樓面面積約90,300平方米預計於二零二零年竣工。

#### 澳洲

## 西澳洲Point Grey地塊 (76.70%)

該 地 塊 位 於 西 澳 洲 Point Grey , 佔 地 約 2,751,864平方米,總樓面面積約1,442,000平方米。第一階段的發展申請已獲審批。項目亦已取得聯邦和州政府就碼頭和陸地發展的雙邊批准,而目前正在尋求州政府對碼頭前期工程開始開發的批准。州政府已批准延長期限以實現實質性的項目啟動。

### 新南威爾斯恩菲爾德地塊 (76.70%)

該地塊位於新南威爾斯州悉尼恩菲爾德,佔地約12,619平方米,總樓面面積約10,600平方米。該地塊轉化為住宅的申請已獲批准。項目擬建71棟聯排別墅,並已提交申請。

#### 新南威爾斯Lennox地塊 (70%)

該地塊位於新南威爾斯州悉尼帕拉瑪塔,佔地約7,048平方米,總樓面面積約67,900平方米。該項目擬建約425棟住宅公寓連同商業/零售空間及停車位。

#### Tianjin Tian An Cyber Park (50%)

This project is located in Zhangjiawo Industrial Zone, Xiqing District, Tianjin, with a site area of approximately 312,279 m² and a total GFA of approximately 513,000 m². The project is planned to be developed into an integrated business park with comprehensive science and technology buildings, commercial and residential composite. Construction works of Phases 2, 5 and 6 with a total GFA of approximately 239,100 m² are expected to be completed in 2020, 2020 and 2021 respectively.

#### Qingdao Tian An Cyber Park (50%)

This project is located in Chengyang District, Qingdao, with a site area of approximately 313,466 m² and a total GFA of approximately 522,900 m². The project is planned to be developed into an urban integrated business complex with Grade A office buildings, comprehensive science and technology park, commercial and residential composite. Phase 1 Part 2 at site A with a total GFA of approximately 5,700 m² was completed in 2019. Construction work of Phase 1 Part 3 at site A and Phase 2 at site B with a total GFA of approximately 90,300 m² is expected to be completed in 2020.

#### Australia

#### Western Australia Point Grey Site (76.70%)

This site is located in Western Australia, Point Grey, with a site area of approximately 2,751,864 m² and a total GFA of approximately 1,442,000 m². The development application for stage 1 has been approved. The project has also obtained the Commonwealth & State Government bilateral approvals for the marina and terrestrial developments and is currently seeking development approval to commence the marina early works. The State Government has now granted an extention to the time limit to achieve substantial commencement.

### New South Wales Enfield Site (76.70%)

This site is located in Enfield, Sydney, New South Wales, with a site area of approximately 12,619  $m^2$  and a total GFA of approximately 10,600  $m^2$ . The application of redevelopment the site into residential accommodation has been approved. The project is planned to be developed 71 townhouses on the site and the application has been submitted.

#### New South Wales Lennox Site (70%)

This site is located in Parramatta, Sydney, New South Wales, with a site area of approximately 7,048 m<sup>2</sup> and a total GFA of approximately 67,900 m<sup>2</sup>. The project is planned to be developed of approximately 425 residential apartments together with commercial/retail space and car-parking.

## MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

### 2. 主要物業投資

#### 上海天安中心 (98%/100%)

該辦公大樓坐落於上海市南京西路與人民廣場中心商務區,鄰近地鐵一、二號線中轉入口,為一座三十層高的甲級商業大樓,總樓面面積48,910平方米,已售出18,320平方米,自用樓面1,620平方米,餘下的28,970平方米已轉為投資物業,租戶多為跨國大企業。出租率逾75%。

### 上海西庭網球俱樂部和公寓 (100%)

該項目位於上海閔行區,毗鄰虹橋國際機場、 虹橋交通樞紐和六所國際學校。物業包括(1) 68,660平方米之262個住宅單位:(2)10,600 平方米之會所及附屬設施:(3)2,510平方米之 116個停車位;及(4)980平方米之218個貯物 室。項目以租賃為主,主要租戶為跨國公司外 籍高級管理人員。

#### 南京天安國際大廈(100%)

該項目位於南京市中心新街口,是南京市最繁華的購物區,與地鐵站相連,商場樓面面積66,400平方米已全部出租予一家百貨公司。辦公大樓樓面面積約10,700平方米已轉為投資物業。

#### 北京天安豪園 (100%)

該高尚住宅項目位於北京朝陽區朝陽公園西側,鄰近使館區,項目總樓面面積約42,100平方米,約一半總單位數量已出售,餘下單位作出租用途。

#### 大連天安國際大廈 (100%)

該甲級辦公樓位於大連市中山路中心商務區,面對勝利廣場,總樓面面積為67,210平方米,樓高五十二層,曾經為大連最高的標誌性建築物。已售出樓面面積14,790平方米及餘下的樓面面積已轉為投資物業。

## 2. MAJOR PROPERTY INVESTMENTS

#### Shanghai Tian An Centre (98%/100%)

The office building is situated at the hub of Shanghai central business district of Nanjing Road West and People's Square, adjacent to the entrances to the transit platforms of Subway Nos. 1 and 2. It is a 30-storey Grade A commercial building with a total GFA of 48,910 m². 18,320 m² were sold, 1,620 m² were self-occupied and the remaining GFA of 28,970 m² have been transferred to property investment. Most of the tenants are multinational companies. The occupancy rate is more than 75%.

#### Shanghai Racquet Club & Apartments (100%)

This project is located in the Minhang District, Shanghai, and adjacent to the Hongqiao International Airport, Hongqiao Transport Hub and 6 International Schools. The properties include (1) 262 apartments with 68,660 m²; (2) a clubhouse with 10,600 m² and ancillary facilities; (3) 116 car parking spaces with 2,510 m²; and (4) 218 storage rooms with 980 m². This project is a leased property. Most of the tenants are overseas top management from multinational companies.

#### Nanjing Tian An International Building (100%)

The project is located at Xinjiekou of Nanjing central district, the most flourishing shopping district in Nanjing City. The building links up to the subway station. The shopping arcades with a GFA of 66,400 m² have been leased to a department store. The office building with a GFA of approximately 10,700 m² have been transferred to property investment.

#### **Beijing Park Apartments (100%)**

This premium residential project is located at the Beijing Chaoyang District to the west of Chaoyang Park and adjacent to the Embassy area. The project has a total GFA of approximately 42,100 m<sup>2</sup>. Around half of the total number of units have been sold and the remaining units kept for leasing purpose.

#### Dalian Tian An International Tower (100%)

This Grade A office building is situated in the Zhongshan Road central business district and faces the Victory Square in Dalian City. The total GFA is 67,210 m². This 52-storey building has ever been the tallest landmark building of Dalian. The GFA of 14,790 m² were sold and the remaining GFA have been transferred to property investment.

## MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

#### 港晶中心 (74.96%/59.97%/29.99%)

位於九龍尖沙咀東部,九龍核心位置,樓面面積約13,700平方米之購物商場及樓面面積約2,340平方米之車庫,平均出租率錄得99%之投資物業及其租賃收入理想。

#### 港灣工貿中心及海灣工貿中心 (24.99%)

兩幢工貿中心位於鴨脷洲,總工業及貨倉樓面面積約93,630平方米及133個停車位,平均出租率錄得56%。隨著港鐵之南港島線通車後,該區更為四通八達。

#### 帝后商業中心 (37.48%)

位於香港島主要區域一灣仔,其總零售及辦公室面積約2,550平方米,平均出租率錄得93%。

#### 華順工業中心 (37.48%)

位於油塘之工業中心,總工業樓面面積約 12,470平方米及10個停車位,平均出租率錄得 89%。

#### 紅山半島 (24.99%)

位於香港南區大潭灣及龜背灣之圓形半島,包含別墅及公寓。餘下39個洋房於二零二零年正在被分批推出市場出售及出租。

#### 3. 其他投資

#### 東莞長安高爾夫球鄉村俱樂部 (75%)

該項目佔地約999,990平方米,擁有一個27洞高爾夫球場、練習場、會所、會員休息室及其他舒適設施。該高爾夫球場現正在運作中。會所現正進行更新改造,預計於二零二零年下半年完工。

#### 倫敦南廣場酒店 (100%)

位於英國倫敦3/4南廣場區,該物業已出租予 South Place Hotel Limited,物業包括80間豪 華客房及設施分佈於地下室,地下及7個樓層 內,淨內部面積約6,050平方米。

#### Harbour Crystal Centre (74.96%/59.97%/29.99%)

Located at Tsimshatsui East, the heart of Kowloon, the shopping arcade with a GFA of approximately 13,700 m<sup>2</sup> and car parking spaces with a GFA of approximately 2,340 m<sup>2</sup> as investment properties recorded an average occupancy of 99% and the performance of the rental income was satisfactory.

#### Harbour Industrial Centre and Oceanic Industrial Centre (24.99%)

The two industrial buildings with a total industrial and godown GFA of approximately 93,630 m<sup>2</sup> and 133 car parking spaces located at Ap Lei Chau recorded an average occupancy of 56%. With the opening of South Island Line of MTR, the region becomes more accessible.

#### Queen's Centre (37.48%)

Located at Wanchai, a prime district of Hong Kong Island, the total retail and office spaces of approximately 2,550 m<sup>2</sup> recorded an average occupancy of 93%.

#### Wah Shun Industrial Centre (37.48%)

An industrial building located at Yau Tong with a total industrial GFA of approximately 12,470 m<sup>2</sup> and 10 car parking spaces recorded an average occupancy of 89%.

#### The Redhill Peninsula (24.99%)

It was built at a round-shaped peninsula situated in Southern District of Hong Kong towards Tai Tam Harbour and Turtle Cove comprising of townhouses and apartments. The remaining 39 houses are being launched for both sale and leasing in batches in the year of 2020.

#### 3. OTHER INVESTMENTS

### Dongguan Long Island Golf & Country Club (75%)

It was built on a site area of approximately 999,990 m² having a 27-hole golf, driving range, club houses, members' lodge and other amenity facilities. The golf course is currently in operation. The club house is under renovation and is expected to be completed in the second half of 2020.

#### **South Place Hotel London (100%)**

Situated at 3/4 South Place, London, the United Kingdom. The property leased to South Place Hotel Limited comprises an 80 bedroom luxury boutique hotel with ancillary facilities arranged over basement, ground and seven upper floors with a total net internal area of approximately 6,050 m<sup>2</sup>.

## 物業發展資料 PARTICULARS OF PROPERTY DEVELOPMENT

項目名稱 Project Name	<b>地盤面積</b> Site Area 平方米m²	用途 Use	可建樓面面積 Buildable Gross Floor Area 平方米m²	項目進度 Project Progress	已完成 樓面面積 Completed Gross Floor Area 平方米m²	在建工程 樓面面積 Gross Floor Area under Construction 平方米m²	集團 所佔權益 Interest Held by the Group
深圳天安雲谷 深圳市,龍崗區,坂田 Shenzhen Tian An Cloud Park Bantian, Longgang District, Shenzhen	138,161	商業 Commercial 宿舍 Dormitory	883,100	分期施工階段 Phased Construction	769,800 100,400	113,300	50% 50%
bandan, Longgang District, Sherizhen		Domitory	1,013,500	Stage	870,200	30,000 143,300	30 /0
深圳天安龍崗數碼城 深圳市,龍崗區,黃閣北路 Shenzhen Tian An Longgang Cyber Park Huangge Road North, Longgang District, Shenzhen	118,856	商業 Commercial	453,100	分期施工階段 Phased Construction Stage	313,700	139,400	50%
東莞天安數碼城 東莞市·南城區·黃金路1號 Dongguan Tian An Cyber Park No. 1, Huangjin Road,	278,987	商業 Commercial 住宅 Residential	739,100 84,100	分期施工階段 Phased Construction Stage	418,300	90,000	39% 39%
Nancheng District, Dongguan			823,200	e Have — miken	502,400	90,000	
東莞鳳崗天安數碼城 東莞市・鳳崗鎮・雁田村 Dongguan Fenggang Tian An Cyber Park Yan Tian Village, Fenggang Town, Dongguan	172,796	商業 Commercial	524,700	分期施工階段 Phased · Construction Stage	344,300	180,400	45.05%
東莞酷派天安雲谷產業園 東莞市·松山湖北部工業城工業南路北側 Dongguan Coolpad Tian An Cloud Park North of South Industrial Road, Songshan Lake North Industrial City, Dongguan	98,148	商業 Commercial	176,700	分期施工階段 Phased - Construction Stage	84,800	91,900	25%
東莞天安中堂智能生態小鎮 東莞市・中堂鎮・槎滘村 Dongguan Tian An Zhongtang ECO Town Chajiao Village, Zhongtang Town, Dongguan	49,765	商業 Commercial	149,300	規劃及 設計階段 Planning & Design Stage		-	27.03%
廣州天安番禺節能科技園 廣州市,番禺區,迎賓路730號 Guangzhou Tian An Panyu	513,088	商業 Commercial 住宅	667,200	分期施工階段 Phased Construction	571,500	48,600	50%
Hi-Tech Ecological Park No. 730, Yingbin Road,		Residential	45,300	Stage	45,300		50%
Panyu District, Guangzhou			712,500		616,800	48,600	

## 物業發展資料

## PARTICULARS OF PROPERTY DEVELOPMENT

項目名稱 Project Name	<b>地盤面積</b> Site Area 平方米m²	用途 Use	可建樓面面積 Buildable Gross Floor Area 平方米m²	項目進度 Project Progress	已完成 樓面面積 Completed Gross Floor Area 平方米m²	在建工程 樓面面積 Gross Floor Area under Construction 平方米m²	集團 所佔權益 Interest Held by the Group
佛山天安南海數碼城 佛山市,南海區,簡平路1號 Foshan Tian An Nanhai Cyber Park No. 1, Jianping Road, Nanhai District, Foshan	165,252	商業 Commercial :	479,300	分期施工階段 Phased Construction Stage	397,700	81,600	50%
惠州惠陽天安瓏城 惠州市·惠陽區·淡水鎮 <b>Huizhou Huiyang Tian An Sun Life City</b> Danshui Town, Huiyang District, Huizhou	321,447	商業及住宅 Commercial & Residential	783,000	分期施工階段 Phased Construction Stage	184,800	165,600	100%
上海天安豪園 上海市,閔行區,漕寶路, 七寶鎮52號地塊 <b>Shanghai Tian An Place</b> Lot No. 52, Qibao Town, Caobao Road, Minhang District, Shanghai	339,083	住宅 Residential 附屬及商業 Ancillary & Commercial	421,800 72,600 494,400	分期施工階段 Phased Construction Stage	140,600 18,800 159,400	- - -	99.99% 99.99%
天安千樹 上海市,普陀區,昌化路 <b>Tian An 1000 Trees</b> Changhua Road, Putuo District, Shanghai	58,930	商業 Commercial	176,900	分期施工階段 Phased Construction Stage	-	62,700	100%
上海天安花園 上海市・錦綉路1028號 <b>Shanghai Central Garden</b> No. 1028, Jinxiu Road, Shanghai	4,203	附屬及商業 Ancillary & Commercial	500	施工階段 Construction Stage	-	500	100%
上海松江天安金谷 上海市・松江區・松江工業區 <b>Shanghai Songjiang Tian An Jingu</b> Songjiang Industrial Zone, Songjiang District, Shanghai	185,590	商業 Commercial •	296,900	分期施工階段 Phased Construction Stage		91,800	30%
無錫天安智慧城 無錫市·無錫新區·菱湖大道228號 <b>Wuxi Tian An Intelligent Park</b> No. 228, Linghu Road, Wuxi New District, Wuxi	118,330	商業 Commercial •	236,700	分期施工階段 Phased Construction Stage	107,200	-	100%
常州天安別墅 常州市,武進區,鳳苑路2號 <b>Changzhou Tian An Villa</b> No. 2, Fengyuan Road, Wujin District, Changzhou	473,082	住宅 Residential	137,900	分期施工階段 Phased Construction Stage	93,000	23,800	100%
常州天安數碼城 常州市,武進高新技術產業開發區, 武南路588號 <b>Changzhou Tian An Cyber Park</b> No. 588, Wunan Road, Wujin Hi-Tech Industrial Zone, Changzhou	203,061	商業 Commercial 住宅 Residential	338,800 187,700 526,500	分期施工階段 Phased Construction Stage	223,200 187,700 410,900	- - -	50% 50%

## 物業發展資料

## PARTICULARS OF PROPERTY DEVELOPMENT

項目名稱 Project Name	<b>地盤面積</b> Site Area 平方米m²	用途 Use	可建樓面面積 Buildable Gross Floor Area 平方米m²	項目進度 Project Progress	已完成 樓面面積 Completed Gross Floor Area 平方米m²	在建工程 樓面面積 Gross Floor Area under Construction 平方米m²	集團 所佔權益 Interest Held by the Group
<b>江陰天安數碼城</b> 江陰市·長山大道55號 <b>Jiangyin Tian An Cyber Park</b> No. 55, Changshan Road, Jiangyin	173,204	商業 Commercial 住宅 Residential	228,700	分期施工階段 Phased Construction Stage	81,100	42,300	50% 50%
No. 33, Changshan Road, Jiangyin		Residential	363,700	- Stage	96,400	38,600 80,900	30 /6
南京天安數碼城 南京市·光華路 Nanjing Tian An Cyber Park Guanghua Road, Nanjing	93,160	商業 Commercial	210,100	号期施工階段 Phased Construction Stage	111,700	-	100%
南京長江會 南京市・玄武區・長江路 <b>Nanjing La Vita</b> Changjiang Road, Xuanwu District, Nanjing	8,359	商業 Commercial	19,200	分期施工階段 Phased - Construction Stage		19,200	60%
南通天安數碼城 南通市·永通路東側·長平路南側 Nantong Tian An Cyber Park South of Changping Road and East of Yongtong Road, Nantong	160,367	商業 Commercial	398,200	分期施工階段 Phased - Construction Stage	114,000	_	100%
湖州德清天安雲谷 湖州市·德清區·乾元鎮·金鴉山村 <b>Huzhou Deqing Tian An Cloud Park</b> Jin E Shan Village, Qianyuan Town, Deqing District, Huzhou	204,336	商業 Commercial 住宅 Residential	263,200 196,600 459,800	規劃及 設計階段 Planning & Design Stage	- - -	- -	30% 30%
重慶天安數碼城 重慶市,大渡口區,春暉路 <b>Chongqing Tian An Cyber Park</b> Chunhui Road, Dadukou District, Chongqing	357,768	商業 Commercial 住宅 Residential	586,100 308,800 894,900	ラ期施工階段 Phased Construction Stage	262,800 85,600 348,400	31,500	50% 50%
大連天安海景花園 大連市・經濟及技術開發區,遼河西路 Dalian Tian An Seaview Garden Liaohe Road West, Economic & Technical Development Zone, Dalian	58,652	住宅 Residential	101,300	● 分期施工階段 Phased ■ Construction Stage	85,800	-	60%
長春天安第一城 長春市,硅谷大街661號 <b>Changchun Tian An City One</b> No. 661, Guigu Street, Changchun	414,192	商業及住宅 Commercial & Residential	408,400	分期施工階段 Phased - Construction Stage	350,900	57,500	100%

## 物業發展資料

New South Wales

## PARTICULARS OF PROPERTY DEVELOPMENT

項目名稱 Project Name	<b>地盤面積</b> Site Area 平方米m²	用途 Use	可建樓面面積 Buildable Gross Floor Area 平方米m²	項目進度 Project Progress	已完成 樓面面積 Completed Gross Floor Area 平方米m²	在建工程 樓面面積 Gross Floor Area under Construction 平方米m²	集團 所佔權益 Interest Held by the Group
天津天安象嶼智慧城		商業		分期施工階段			
( <b>前稱天津天安智慧港)</b> 天津市,東麗區,津漢公路2號橋	581,907	Commercial 住宅	934,100	Phased Construction	185,800	-	50%
Tianjin Tian An Xiangyu Smart City (Formerly known as Tianjin Tian An		Residential	385,200	Stage	60,800	63,900	50%
Intelligent Port) Jinhan Gonglu No.2 Bridge, Dongli District, Tianjin			1,319,300		246,600	63,900	
<b>天津天安數碼城</b> 天津市,西青區,天安路1號	312,279	商業 Commercial	215,900	分期施工階段 Phased	175,100	40,800	50%
<b>Tianjin Tian An Cyber Park</b> No. 1 Tianan Road, Xiqing District, Tianjin		住宅 Residential	297,100	Construction Stage	98,800	198,300	50%
			513,000		273,900	239,100	
青島天安數碼城 青島市,城陽區,春陽路88號 Qingdao Tian An Cyber Park	313,466	商業 Commercial 住宅	328,000	分期施工階段 Phased Construction	103,600	90,300	50%
No. 88, Chunyang Road,		Residential	194,900	Stage	158,500		50%
Chengyang District, Qingdao			522,900		262,100	90,300	
西澳洲 Point Grey 地塊 西澳洲、Point Grey、Carrabungup Road 地段號138、139、672和1132	2,751,864	住宅 Residential 附屬及商業	1,372,000	規劃及 設計階段 Planning &	-	-	76.70%
Western Australia Point Grey Site Lots 138, 139, 672 & 1132,		Ancillary & Commercial	70,000	Design Štage	-		76.70%
Carrabungup Road, Point Grey, Western Australia			1,442,000	•	-	-	
新南威爾斯恩菲爾德地塊 新南威爾斯州,悉尼,恩菲爾德, Mitchell Street 4號	12,619	住宅 Residential	10,600	規劃及 設計階段 . Planning &	-	_	76.70%
New South Wales Enfield Site 4 Mitchell Street, Enfield, Sydney, New South Wales				Design Štage			
新南威爾斯 Lennox地塊 新南威爾斯州,悉尼·帕拉瑪塔, 教堂街331A-339號及菲利普街12-14號 New South Wales Lennox site 12-14 Phillip Street and 331A-339 Church Street, Parramatta, Sydney, New South Wales	7,048	商業及住宅 Commercial & Residential	67,900	規劃及 設計階段 Planning & Design Stage	_	-	70%

附註:上表根據二零一九年十二月三十一日之資料編製。 Note: The above table is based on information as of 31st December, 2019.

## 發展中物業資料 PARTICULARS OF PROPERTIES UNDER CONSTRUCTION

項目名稱 Project Name	<b>樓面面積</b> Gross Floor Area 平方米m <sup>2</sup>	集團所佔權益 Interest Held by the Group	集團應佔樓面面積 Gross Floor Area Attributable to the Group 平方米m²	預計完工年份 Estimated Completion Year
深圳天安雲谷(二期三批) Shenzhen Tian An Cloud Park (Phase 2 Part 3)	143,300	50%	71,600	2020
深圳天安龍崗數碼城(四期三批及四批) Shenzhen Tian An Longgang Cyber Park (Phase 4 Parts 3 and 4)	139,400	50%	69,700	2021 & 2022
東莞天安數碼城(七期) Dongguan Tian An Cyber Park (Phase 7)	90,000	39%	35,100	2021
東莞鳳崗天安數碼城(三期) Dongguan Fenggang Tian An Cyber Park (Phase 3)	180,400	45.05%	81,200	2021
東莞酷派天安雲谷產業園(一期二批) Dongguan Coolpad Tian An Cloud Park (Phase 1 Part 2)	91,900	25%	23,000	2021
廣州天安番禺節能科技園(九期) Guangzhou Tian An Panyu Hi-Tech Ecological Park (Phase 9)	48,600	50%	24,300	2021
佛山天安南海數碼城天安中心(三期二批) Foshan Tian An Nanhai Cyber Park Tian An Centre (Phase 3 Part 2)	81,600	50%	40,800	2020
惠州惠陽天安瓏城(三期) Huizhou Huiyang Tian An Sun Life City (Phase 3)	165,600	100%	165,600	2020
天安千樹(西塊) Tian An 1000 Trees (Western Phase)	62,700	100%	62,700	2020
上海天安花園(三期) Shanghai Central Garden (Phase 3)	500	100%	500	2020
上海松江天安金谷(一期) Shanghai Songjiang Tian An Jingu (Phase 1)	91,800	30%	27,500	2020
常州天安別墅(二期三批) Changzhou Tian An Villa (Phase 2 Part 3)	23,800	100%	23,800	2020
江陰天安數碼城(三期及四期) Jiangyin Tian An Cyber Park (Phases 3 and 4)	80,900	50%	40,500	2020 & 2021
南京長江會(一期) Nanjing La Vita (Phase 1)	19,200	60%	11,500	2020
重慶天安數碼城(五期) Chongqing Tian An Cyber Park (Phase 5)	31,500	50%	15,700	2020
長春天安第一城(四期三批) Changchun Tian An City One (Phase 4 Part 3)	57,500	100%	57,500	2021
天津天安象嶼智慧城(二期)(前稱天津天安智慧港) Tianjin Tian An Xiangyu Smart City (Phase 2) (Formerly known as Tianjin Tian An Intelligent Port)	63,900	50%	32,000	2021
天津天安數碼城(二期、五期及六期) Tianjin Tian An Cyber Park (Phases 2, 5 and 6)	239,100	50%	119,600	2020 & 2021
青島天安數碼城(一期三批及二期) Qingdao Tian An Cyber Park (Phase 1 Part 3 and Phase 2)	90,300	50%	45,200	2020
總數: Total:	1,702,000		947,800	-

## 物業及酒店投資資料 PARTICULARS OF PROPERTY AND HOTEL INVESTMENTS

## 1. 物業 PROPERTY

物業名稱 Property Name	物業 樓面面積 Gross Floor Area of Property 平方米m²	車庫 樓面面積 Gross Floor Area of Car Parking Space 平方米m²	集團 所佔權益 Interest Held by the Group	集團應佔 樓面面積 Gross Floor Area Attributable to the Group 平方米m²	用途 Use
深圳天安數碼城 Shenzhen Tian An Cyber Park - 深圳天安創新科技廣場一期 Shenzhen Tian An Innovation Science and Technology Plaza, Phase 1	10,540	-	50%	5,270	商業及辦公樓 Commercial and office
– 深圳天安創新科技廣場二期 Shenzhen Tian An Innovation Science and Technology Plaza, Phase 2	4,400	-	50%	2,200	商業及辦公樓 Commercial and office
– 深圳數碼時代大廈 Shenzhen Cyber Times Building	20,530	-	50%	10,260	商業及辦公樓 Commercial and office
- 深圳福田天安科技創業園大廈 Shenzhen Futian Tian An Hi-Tech Venture Park	13,760	-	50%	6,880	商業及辦公樓 Commercial and office
深圳數碼時代大廈 Shenzhen Cyber Times Building	890	-	100%	890	辦公樓 Office
深圳天安國際大廈 Shenzhen Tian An International Building	850	-	100%	850	辦公樓 Office
深圳俊安苑 Shenzhen Jun An Garden	2,190	-	100%	2,190	住宅 Residential
深圳天安瓏園 Shenzhen Tian An Park Place	22,210	-	100%	22,210	住宅 Residential
深圳天安雲谷 Shenzhen Tian An Cloud Park	133,130	-	50%	66,570	商業及辦公樓 Commercial and office
深圳天安雲谷 Shenzhen Tian An Cloud Park	2,910	-	50%	1,460	住宅 Residential
深圳天安龍崗數碼城 Shenzhen Tian An Longgang Cyber Park	3,300	-	100%	3,300	商業 Commercial
深圳天安龍崗數碼城 Shenzhen Tian An Longgang Cyber Park	34,950	-	50%	17,480	商業及辦公樓 Commercial and office
深圳西麗高爾夫球場內聚寧山莊 Shenzhen Juning Villa, Xili Golf Course	170	-	74.96%	130	住宅 Residential
東莞天安數碼城 Dongguan Tian An Cyber Park	30,490	-	39%	11,890	商業 Commercial
東莞天安數碼城 Dongguan Tian An Cyber Park	500	-	39%	200	住宅 Residential

## PARTICULARS OF PROPERTY AND HOTEL INVESTMENTS

物業名稱 Property Name	物業 樓面面積 Gross Floor Area of Property 平方米m²	車庫 樓面面積 Gross Floor Area of Car Parking Space 平方米m²	集團 所佔權益 Interest Held by the Group	集團應佔 樓面面積 Gross Floor Area Attributable to the Group 平方米m²	用途 Use
東莞鳳崗天安數碼城 Dongguan Fenggang Tian An Cyber Park	5,250	-	45.05%	2,370	商業 Commercial
東莞酷派天安雲谷產業園 Dongguan Coolpad Tian An Cloud Park	12,490	-	25%	3,120	商業 Commercial
廣州天安番禺節能科技園 Guangzhou Tian An Panyu Hi-Tech Ecological Park	123,910	-	50%	61,950	商業 Commercial
廣州天安番禺節能科技園 Guangzhou Tian An Panyu Hi-Tech Ecological Park	4,720	-	50%	2,360	住宅 Residential
佛山天安南海數碼城 Foshan Tian An Nanhai Cyber Park	27,230	-	50%	13,620	商業 Commercial
惠州惠陽天安瓏城 Huizhou Huiyang Tian An Sun Life City	26,160	-	100%	26,160	商業 Commercial
上海天安豪園 Shanghai Tian An Place	1,570	-	99.99%	1,570	商業 Commercial
上海天安中心 Shanghai Tian An Centre	22,350	-	98%	21,900	商業及辦公樓 Commercial and office
上海天安中心 Shanghai Tian An Centre	6,620	-	100%	6,620	辦公樓 Office
上海西庭網球俱樂部和公寓 Shanghai Racquet Club & Apartments	68,660	-	100%	68,660	住宅 Residential
上海河濱豪園 Shanghai The Riverside	1,520	-	99%	1,500	商業 Commercial
上海明苑別墅 Shanghai Elegant Garden	2,800	-	100%	2,800	住宅 Residential
無錫天安大廈 Wuxi Tian An Building	1,420	-	95%	1,350	辦公樓 Office
無錫紅山半島 Wuxi Redhill Peninsula	2,830	-	95%	2,690	商業 Commercial
無錫天安智慧城 Wuxi Tian An Intelligent Park	80,590	-	100%	80,590	商業 Commercial
常州新城市花園 Changzhou New City Garden	9,090	-	100%	9,090	商業 Commercial
常州天安數碼城 Changzhou Tian An Cyber Park	45,420	-	50%	22,710	商業 Commercial
江陰天安數碼城 Jiangyin Tian An Cyber Park	26,820	-	50%	13,410	商業 Commercial

## PARTICULARS OF PROPERTY AND HOTEL INVESTMENTS

物業名稱 Property Name	物業 樓面面積 Gross Floor Area of Property 平方米m²	車庫 樓面面積 Gross Floor Area of Car Parking Space 平方米m²	集團 所佔權益 Interest Held by the Group	集團應佔 樓面面積 Gross Floor Area Attributable to the Group 平方米m²	用途 Use
江陰天安數碼城 Jiangyin Tian An Cyber Park	5,800	-	50%	2,900	住宅 Residential
南京天安國際大廈 Nanjing Tian An International Building	77,100	-	100%	77,100	商業及辦公樓 Commercial and office
南京天安數碼城 Nanjing Tian An Cyber Park	68,080	-	100%	68,080	商業 Commercial
南通新海通大廈 Nantong Sun Hai Tung Building	1,450	-	100%	1,450	辦公樓 Office
南通錦綉苑 Nantong Jin Xiu Court	1,300	-	100%	1,300	商業 Commercial
南通天安花園 Nantong Tian An Garden	6,120	-	100%	6,120	商業 Commercial
南通天安數碼城 Nantong Tian An Cyber Park	64,270	-	100%	64,270	商業 Commercial
重慶天安數碼城 Chongqing Tian An Cyber Park	30,110	-	50%	15,060	商業 Commercial
重慶天安數碼城 Chongqing Tian An Cyber Park	1,280	-	50%	640	住宅 Residential
北京天安豪園 Beijing Park Apartments	22,170	-	100%	22,170	住宅 Residential
北京清境明湖 Beijing Lakeside Garden	560	-	100%	560	住宅 Residential
北京銀泰中心 Beijing Yintai Center	270	-	74.96%	200	住宅 Residential
北京王府井世紀廣場 Beijing Wangfujing Century Square	260	-	74.96%	190	商業 Commercial
大連天安國際大廈 Dalian Tian An International Tower	52,420	-	100%	52,420	辦公樓 Office
大連天安海景花園 Dalian Tian An Seaview Garden	290	-	60%	170	住宅 Residential
長春天安第一城 Changchun Tian An City One	21,210	-	100%	21,210	商業 Commercial
天津天安象嶼智慧城(前稱天津天安智慧港) Tianjin Tian An Xiangyu Smart City (Formerly known as Tianjin Tian An Intelligent Port)	25,540	-	50%	12,770	商業 Commercial

## PARTICULARS OF PROPERTY AND HOTEL INVESTMENTS

物業名稱 Property Name	物業 樓面面積 Gross Floor Area of Property 平方米m²	車庫 樓面面積 Gross Floor Area of Car Parking Space 平方米m²	集團 所佔權益 Interest Held by the Group	集團應佔 樓面面積 Gross Floor Area Attributable to the Group 平方米m²	用途 Use
天津天安數碼城 Tianjin Tian An Cyber Park	42,950	-	50%	21,480	商業 Commercial
青島天安數碼城 Qingdao Tian An Cyber Park	32,140	-	50%	16,070	商業 Commercial
青島天安數碼城 Qingdao Tian An Cyber Park	980	-	50%	490	住宅 Residential
香港港晶中心 Hong Kong Harbour Crystal Centre	12,880	-	59.97%	7,720	商業 Commercial
香港港晶中心 Hong Kong Harbour Crystal Centre	830	-	29.99%	250	商業 Commercial
香港港灣工貿中心 Hong Kong Harbour Industrial Centre	24,720	-	24.99%	6,180	工業 Industrial
香港海灣工貿中心 Hong Kong Oceanic Industrial Centre	68,910	-	24.99%	17,220	工業 Industrial
香港帝后商業中心 Hong Kong Queen's Centre	2,550	-	37.48%	960	商業 Commercial
香港華順工大廈 Hong Kong Wah Shun Industrial Building	12,470	-	37.48%	4,670	工業 Industrial
香港紅山半島 Hong Kong Redhill Peninsula	10,100	-	24.99%	2,520	住宅 Residential
香港億京中心 Hong Kong Billion Centre	1,280	-	74.96%	960	商業 Commercial
香港天晉 Hong Kong The Wings	210	-	74.96%	160	住宅 Residential
香港懿薈 Hong Kong Forfar	220	-	74.96%	160	住宅 Residential
香港海怡半島 Hong Kong South Horizons	100	-	74.96%	80	住宅 Residential
倫敦南廣場酒店 South Place Hotel London	6,050	_	100%	6,050	酒店 Hotel
	1,344,890	_		925,830	

## PARTICULARS OF PROPERTY AND HOTEL INVESTMENTS

物業名稱 Property Name	物業 樓面面積 Gross Floor Area of Property 平方米m²	車庫 樓面面積 Gross Floor Area of Car Parking Space 平方米m²	集團 所佔權益 Interest Held by the Group	集團應佔 樓面面積 Gross Floor Area Attributable to the Group 平方米m²	用途 Use
上海天安中心-車庫 Shanghai Tian An Centre, Car Parking Space	-	7,780	98%	7,620	車庫 Car Parking Space
上海天安中心-車庫 Shanghai Tian An Centre, Car Parking Space	-	330	100%	330	車庫 Car Parking Space
上海天安花園-車庫 Shanghai Central Garden, Car Parking Space	-	2,410	100%	2,410	車庫 Car Parking Space
上海西庭網球俱樂部和公寓-車庫 Shanghai Racquet Club & Apartments, Car Parking Space	-	2,510	100%	2,510	車庫 Car Parking Space
上海西庭網球俱樂部和公寓-會所 Shanghai Racquet Club & Apartments, Clubhouse	10,600	-	100%	10,600	會所 Clubhouse
無錫天安曼哈頓-會所 Wuxi Tian An Manhattan, Clubhouse	3,670	-	100%	3,670	會所 Clubhouse
香港港晶中心-車庫 Hong Kong Harbour Crystal Centre, Car Parking Space	_	2,340	74.96%	1,760	車庫 Car Parking Space
	14,270	15,370		28,900	

附註: 上表根據二零一九年十二月三十一日之資料編製。 Note: The above table is based on information as of 31st December, 2019.

## 企業管治報告 CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

本公司致力於切合實際之範圍內維持高水平之企業管治,以強調高透明度、問責性及獨立性為原則。本公司董事會(「董事會」)相信優良之企業管治對本公司之成功及提升股東價值至為重要。

### 企業管治守則及企業管治報告

根據香港聯合交易所有限公司證券上市規則 (「上市規則」)附錄十四所載之企業管治守則及 企業管治報告(「企業管治守則」),董事會已審 閱本公司之企業管治常規,並已採納多項經改 進之程序,詳情載於本報告內。除下文解釋之 若干已闡明原因之偏離行為外,於截至二零 一九年十二月三十一日止年度,本公司已應用 企業管治守則之原則及遵守適用之守則條文。 董事會將至少每年檢討現行之常規一次,並在 其認為需要時作出適當更改。 The Company is committed to maintaining a high standard of corporate governance within a sensible framework with an emphasis on the principles of transparency, accountability and independence. The board of directors of the Company ("Board") believes that good corporate governance is essential to the success of the Company and to the enhancement of shareholders' value.

## CORPORATE GOVERNANCE CODE AND CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

In the light of the Corporate Governance Code and Corporate Governance Report ("CG Code") contained in Appendix 14 of the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited ("Listing Rules"), the Board has reviewed the corporate governance practices of the Company with the adoption of the various enhanced procedures which are detailed in this report. The Company has applied the principles of, and complied with, the applicable code provisions of the CG Code during the year ended 31st December, 2019, except for certain deviations as specified with considered reasons for such deviations as explained below. The Board will review the current practices at least annually, and make appropriate changes if considered necessary.

## 企業管治報告

## CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

### 董事會

董事會目前共由十一名董事(「董事」)組成,其 中五名為執行董事、兩名為非執行董事及四名 為獨立非執行董事(「獨立非執行董事」)。於年 內及截至本報告日期止,董事會成員載列如 下:

#### 執行董事:

宋增彬(*副主席*) 李成偉(*董事總經理*) 馬申(*副總裁*) 勞景祐 杜燦生

### 非執行董事:

李成輝(主席) 鄭慕智

#### 獨立非執行董事:

鄭鑄輝 金惠志 魏華生 楊麗琛

董事之履歷詳情載於董事會報告第76頁至第 81頁之「董事及高級管理人員之個人資料」一節 內。除董事會主席李成輝先生為本公司董事總 經理李成偉先生之堂弟外,董事會成員之間並 無存有家屬或其他重大關係。

#### THE BOARD

The Board currently comprises eleven directors ("Directors") in total, with five Executive Directors, two Non-Executive Directors and four Independent Non-Executive Directors ("INEDs"). The composition of the Board during the year and up to the date of this report is set out as follows:

#### **Executive Directors:**

Song Zengbin (Deputy Chairman)
Patrick Lee Seng Wei (Managing Director)
Ma Sun (Deputy Managing Director)
Edwin Lo King Yau
Tao Tsan Sang

#### **Non-Executive Directors:**

Lee Seng Hui (Chairman) Moses Cheng Mo Chi

#### **INEDs:**

Francis J. Chang Chu Fai Jin Hui Zhi Ngai Wah Sang Lisa Yang Lai Sum

The brief biographical details of the Directors are set out in the "Biographical Details of Directors and Senior Management" section in the Directors' Report on pages 76 to 81. Other than that Mr. Lee Seng Hui, the Chairman of the Board, is a cousin of Mr. Patrick Lee Seng Wei, the Managing Director of the Company, there are no family or other material relationships among members of the Board.

## CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

## 董事會(續)

## 董事會程序

於年內,非執行董事(大部份為獨立非執行董事)為本公司及其附屬公司(統稱「本集團」)提供廣泛之專業知識及經驗。彼等積極參與董事會及委員會會議,對本集團之策略、表現及管理程序之事宜提供獨立判斷,並顧及本公司全體股東(「股東」)之利益。

於整年內及截至本報告日期止,本公司有四名獨立非執行董事,佔董事會人數不少於三分之一。根據上市規則第3.10條之規定,至少一名獨立非執行董事具備適當之專業資格或會計或相關財務管理專業知識。董事會已接獲每名獨立非執行董事有關其獨立性之年度確認書,並認為所有獨立非執行董事均具備上市規則第3.13條所載之指引下之獨立性。

董事會定期召開會議,討論本集團之整體策略 以及營運及財政表現,並審閱及批准本集團之 全年及中期業績及其他須處理之個別事項。於 年內,已舉行四次董事會會議,各董事於截至 二零一九年十二月三十一日止年度內於董事 會、薪酬委員會、審核委員會會議及股東大會 之個別出席記錄載列如下:

#### THE BOARD (CONTINUED)

#### **Board Process**

During the year, the Non-Executive Directors (a majority of whom are independent) provided the Company and its subsidiaries (collectively "Group") with a wide range of expertise and experience. Their active participation in the Board and committee meetings brought independent judgement on issues relating to the Group's strategy, performance and management process, taking into account the interests of all shareholders of the Company ("Shareholders").

Throughout the year and up to the date of this report, the Company has had four INEDs representing not less than one-third of the Board. At least one of the INEDs has the appropriate professional qualifications or accounting or related financial management expertise under Rule 3.10 of the Listing Rules. The Board has received from each INED an annual confirmation of his/her independence and considers that all the INEDs are independent under the guidelines set out in Rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules.

The Board meets regularly to discuss the overall strategy as well as the operation and financial performance of the Group, and to review and approve the Group's annual and interim results and other ad hoc matters which need to be dealt with. During the year, four Board meetings were held and the individual attendance records of each Director at the meetings of the Board, Remuneration Committee, Audit Committee and general meeting during the year ended 31st December, 2019 are set out below:

## CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

## 董事會(續)

#### THE BOARD (CONTINUED)

## 董事會程序(續)

#### **Board Process** (continued)

		1	出席/ 舉行會議之次數 Number of meetings attended/held		
		董事會	薪酬委員會 Remuneration	審核委員會 Audit	股東大會 General
董事姓名	Name of Directors	Board	Committee	Committee	Meeting
執行董事:	Executive Directors:				
宋增彬 <i>(副主席)</i>	Song Zengbin (Deputy Chairman)	3/4			0/1
李成偉 <i>(董事總經理)</i>	Patrick Lee Seng Wei (Managing Director)	4/4			0/1
馬申(副總裁)	Ma Sun (Deputy Managing Director)	3/4			0/1
勞景祐	Edwin Lo King Yau	4/4			1/1
杜燦生	Tao Tsan Sang	4/4			1/1
非執行董事:	Non-Executive Directors:				
李成輝(主席)	Lee Seng Hui (Chairman)	4/4			1/1
鄭慕智	Moses Cheng Mo Chi	4/4		2/2	0/1
獨立非執行董事:	INEDs:				
鄭鑄輝	Francis J. Chang Chu Fai	4/4	1/1	2/2	0/1
金惠志	Jin Hui Zhi	4/4	1/1	2/2	0/1
魏華生	Ngai Wah Sang	4/4	1/1	2/2	0/1
楊麗琛	Lisa Yang Lai Sum	4/4	1/1	2/2	1/1

經董事會決定或考慮之事宜主要包括本集團整體策略、全年營運預算、全年及中期業績、董事委任或重新委任之批准(按提名委員會之建議)、重大合約及交易、企業管治,以及其他重大政策及財務等事宜。董事會已將日常職責委派予行政管理人員,並由執行委員會(其具有特定書面職權範圍)指示/監督。董事會及有特定書面職權範圍)指示/監督。董事面及本公司管理層之職能已分別確立並以書面列載,並不時由董事會作出檢討及更新,以確保其職能與現行規則及規例一致。

The Board has reserved for its decision or consideration matters covering mainly the Group's overall strategy, annual operating budget, annual and interim results, approval of Directors' appointment or re-appointment (based on the recommendations made by the Nomination Committee), material contracts and transactions, corporate governance as well as other significant policy and financial matters. The Board has delegated the day-to-day responsibility to the executive management under the instruction/ supervision of the Executive Committee which has its specific written terms of reference. The respective functions of the Board and management of the Company have been formalised and set out in writing and will be reviewed and updated by the Board from time to time to ensure that they are consistent with the existing rules and regulations.

## CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

## 董事會(續)

## 董事會程序(續)

根據董事會現行慣例,倘主要股東或董事在董事會將予考慮之事項中存有董事會認為屬重大之利益衝突,則有關事項會於正式召開之董事會會議上處理。本公司之組織章程細則(「組織章程細則」)亦規定,除當中所述之例外情況外,董事須就批准該名董事或其任何緊密聯繫人擁有重大利益之任何合約或安排之會議上就任何董事會決議案放棄投票,彼亦不會被計算於該等會議之法定人數內。

每名董事有權查閱董事會文件及相關資料,及可向公司秘書尋求意見及服務。董事會及各董事亦可個別及獨立地接觸本公司之高級管理人員。董事將獲持續提供上市規則及其他適用監管規定之最新重大發展之資料,以確保彼等遵守及秉持優秀企業管治常規。此外,書面程序已於二零零五年六月制定,讓各董事在履行其職務時,可在適當之情況下尋求獨立專業意見,有關合理費用由本公司承擔。

#### THE BOARD (CONTINUED)

## **Board Process** (continued)

Regular Board meetings each year are scheduled in advance to facilitate maximum attendance of Directors. At least 14 days' notice of a Board meeting is normally given to all Directors who are given an opportunity to include matters for discussion in the agenda. The company secretary of the Company ("Company Secretary") assists the Chairman of the Board in preparing the agenda for meetings and ensures that all applicable rules and regulations are complied with. The agenda and the accompanying Board papers are normally sent to all Directors at least 3 days before the intended date of a regular Board meeting (and so far as practicable for such other Board meetings). Draft minutes of each Board meeting are circulated to all Directors for their comment before being tabled at the following Board meeting for approval. All minutes are kept by the Company Secretary and are open for inspection at any reasonable time on reasonable notice by any Director.

According to the current Board practice, if a substantial Shareholder or a Director has a conflict of interest in a matter to be considered by the Board which the Board has determined to be material, the matter will be dealt with by the Board at a duly convened Board meeting. The articles of association of the Company ("Articles of Association") also stipulate that save for the exceptions as provided therein, a Director shall abstain from voting on any Board resolution and not be counted in the quorum at meetings for approving any contract or arrangement in which such Director or any of his/her close associates has a material interest.

Every Director is entitled to have access to Board papers and related materials and has access to the advice and services of the Company Secretary. The Board and each Director also have separate and independent access to the Company's senior management. Directors will be continuously updated on the major development of the Listing Rules and other applicable regulatory requirements to ensure compliance and upkeep of good corporate governance practices. In addition, a written procedure has been established since June 2005 to enable the Directors, in discharge of their duties, to seek independent professional advice in appropriate circumstances at a reasonable cost to be borne by the Company.

# **CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT**

## 董事會(續)

## 董事之持續專業發展

在持續專業發展方面,董事除出席會議及審閱 由本公司管理層發出之文件及通函外,董事參 與之活動包括如下:

## THE BOARD (CONTINUED)

## **Directors' Continuous Professional Development**

For continuous professional development, in addition to Directors' attendance at meetings and review of papers and circulars sent by the management of the Company, Directors participated in the activities including the following:

董事姓名	Name of Directors	Pro 閱讀法規更新 Reading Regulatory Updates	參與持續專業發展活動 Participation in Continuous Professional Development Activities 出席與董事責任有關 之培訓/簡佈會/ 講座/會議 Attending trainings/ briefings/seminars/ 場地考察 conference relevant to Site Visit Directors' duties		
執行董事:	Executive Directors:				
宋增彬(副主席)	Song Zengbin (Deputy Chairman)	<b>✓</b>		<b>✓</b>	
李成偉 <i>(董事總經理)</i>	Patrick Lee Seng Wei (Managing Director)	<b>✓</b>		<b>✓</b>	
馬申(副總裁)	Ma Sun (Deputy Managing Director)	<b>√</b>	✓	<b>✓</b>	
勞景祐	Edwin Lo King Yau	<b>√</b>		<b>✓</b>	
杜燦生	Tao Tsan Sang	<b>✓</b>		<b>✓</b>	
非執行董事:	Non-Executive Directors:				
李成輝(主席)	Lee Seng Hui (Chairman)	✓		✓	
鄭慕智	Moses Cheng Mo Chi	✓		✓	
獨立非執行董事:	INEDs:				
鄭鑄輝	Francis J. Chang Chu Fai	✓	✓	✓	
金惠志	Jin Hui Zhi	✓		✓	
魏華生	Ngai Wah Sang	✓		✓	
楊麗琛	Lisa Yang Lai Sum	✓	✓	✓	

## CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

## 董事會(續)

## 董事會成員多元化

本公司已於二零一三年十二月採納董事會成員 多元化政策,且已載列有關董事會成員多元化 之目標及原則,以在可行情況下達致本公司在 董事會成員多元化方面取得平衡之策略目標。 董事會所有委任將以用人唯才為原則,及按可 計量目標考慮人選,並衡量本公司之業務及需 要。

甄選人選將按一系列多元化標準為基準,包括 但不限於性別、年齡、文化及教育背景、知 識、專業經驗及技能。最終決定將按人選的長 處及可為董事會提供的貢獻而定。

## 主席及行政總裁之角色

企業管治守則之守則條文A.2.1規定,主席及行政總裁(「行政總裁」)之角色應有所區分,並不應由一人同時兼任。董事會主席李成輝先生主要負責領導董事會,確保(i)所有重大政策事會以即時及建設性方式討論:(ii)所有董事能妥善地獲得董事會會議上討論問題之時。行政總裁一職由本公司董事總經理李成偉先生擔任,彼負責本集團之日常業務管理。此等職位之職責已清晰區分且以書面形式其後於二零一二年四月及二零一九年一月更新。

#### THE BOARD (CONTINUED)

## **Board Diversity**

The Company has adopted the board diversity policy in December 2013 which sets out the objectives and principles regarding board diversity for the purpose of achieving the Company's strategic objectives of balanced diversity at the Board as far as practicable. Board appointments will be based on merit and candidates will be considered against measurable objectives, taking into account the Company's business and needs.

Selection of candidates will be based on a range of diversity criteria, including but not limited to gender, age, cultural and educational background, knowledge, professional experience and skills. The ultimate decision will be based on merit and the contribution that the selected candidates may bring to the Board.

#### **ROLES OF CHAIRMAN AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE**

Code provision A.2.1 of the CG Code stipulates that the roles of chairman and chief executive ("CE") should be separate and should not be performed by the same individual. Mr. Lee Seng Hui, being the Chairman of the Board, is primarily responsible for the leadership of the Board, ensuring that (i) all significant policy issues are discussed by the Board in a timely and constructive manner; (ii) all Directors are properly briefed on issues arising at Board meetings; and (iii) the Directors receive accurate, timely and clear information. The functions of the CE are performed by Mr. Patrick Lee Seng Wei, the Managing Director of the Company, who is responsible for the day-to-day management of the Group's business. Their responsibilities are clearly segregated and have been set out in writing and approved by the Board in June 2005, and subsequently updated in April 2012 and January 2019.

## CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

#### 董事之委任及重撰

提名委員會之職權範圍包括訂明遴選及推薦本 公司董事候選人程序及準則之提名方法。

每名新獲委任之董事將於首次委任時獲公司秘書發給一套入職資料。該套入職資料乃根據公司條例、上市規則以及證券及期貨條例董事須遵守之職責及持續責任之全面、正式及按每名董事情況專門編製之指引。此外,該套入職資料亦包括簡述本公司運作及業務之資料,本營利。 對京包括簡述本公司運作及業務之資料,本營利。 對京包括簡述本公司運作及業務之資料,本營利。 對京包括簡述本公司運作及業務之資料,本營利。 對京包括簡述本公司運作及業務之資料,本營利。 對京包括簡述本公司運作及業務之資料,本營利。 對京人主管規定之任何重大發展,以確保彼等遵守及維持良好之企業管治常規。

所有本公司之非執行董事(包括獨立非執行董事)已按特定任期獲委任,惟須根據組織章程細則之有關條文或任何其他適用法例之規定離任或退任,但可膺選連任。非執行董事(包括獨立非執行董事)之任期已從二零一九年一月一日起再續兩年。

根據組織章程細則,於本公司每屆股東週年大會(「股東週年大會」)上,三分之一當時在任之董事(或倘人數並非三之倍數,則最接近但不少於三分之一之數目)須輪值退任。此外,任何填補臨時空缺而獲董事會委任之董事僅可任職至本公司下屆股東大會為止,而獲委任為董事會新增之成員可任職至下屆股東週年大會為上,在該兩種情況下,該等董事應可於相關會議上膺選連任。每名董事須至少每三年輪值退任一次。

#### APPOINTMENT AND RE-ELECTION OF DIRECTORS

The terms of reference of the Nomination Committee include the nomination procedure specifying the process and criteria for the selection and recommendation of candidates for directorship of the Company.

Every newly appointed Director will receive an induction package from the Company Secretary on the first occasion of his/her appointment. This induction package is a comprehensive, formal and tailored induction on the responsibilities and on-going obligations to be observed by a director pursuant to the Companies Ordinance, Listing Rules and Securities and Futures Ordinance. In addition, this induction package includes materials briefly describing the operations and business of the Company, the latest published financial reports of the Company and the documentation for the corporate governance practices adopted by the Board. Directors will be continuously updated on any major developments of the Listing Rules and other applicable regulatory requirements to ensure compliance and upkeep of good corporate governance practices.

All Non-Executive Directors (including INEDs) of the Company were appointed for a specific term, but subject to the relevant provisions of the Articles of Association or any other applicable laws whereby the Directors shall vacate or retire from their office but eligible for re-election. The term of appointment of the Non-Executive Directors (including INEDs) has been renewed for further two years commenced from 1st January, 2019.

According to the Articles of Association, at each annual general meeting of the Company ("AGM"), one-third of the Directors for the time being (or, if their number is not a multiple of three, the number nearest to but not less than one-third) shall retire from office by rotation. Further, any Director appointed by the Board to fill a casual vacancy shall hold office only until the next following general meeting of the Company whilst for those appointed as an addition to the Board shall hold office until the next following AGM and in both cases, those Directors shall then be eligible for re-election at the relevant meeting. Every Director shall be subject to retirement by rotation at least once every three years.

## CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

#### 企業管治職能

董事會負責履行企業管治責任,並已於二零 一二年四月就其企業管治職能採納書面職權範 圍。

董事會在企業管治職能方面之責任包括:

- (i) 制定及檢討本公司之企業管治政策及常規;
- (ii) 檢討及監察董事及高級管理人員之培訓及 持續專業發展;
- (iii) 檢討及監察本公司在遵守法律及監管規定 方面之政策及常規;
- (iv) 制定、檢討及監察僱員及董事之操守準則 及合規手冊(如有);及
- (v) 檢討本公司在遵守企業管治守則之情況及 在企業管治報告內之披露。

於二零一九年及截至本報告日期止,董事會已 根據其職權範圍履行企業管治責任。

## 董事委員會

董事會已成立多個委員會,包括提名委員會、薪酬委員會、審核委員會及執行委員會,各委員會均以書面具體列明其職權範圍。委員會之所有會議記錄及決議案均由公司秘書保存,並提供副本予全體董事會成員傳閱,而各委員會須向董事會滙報其決定及建議(倘適用)。董事會會議之程序及安排(於本報告「董事會」一節內提述)按可行情況下亦已獲採納於委員會會議。

#### **CORPORATE GOVERNANCE FUNCTION**

The Board is responsible for performing corporate governance duties and has adopted the written terms of reference on its corporate governance functions in April 2012.

The duties of the Board in respect of the corporate governance functions include:

- (i) developing and reviewing the Company's policies and practices on corporate governance;
- (ii) reviewing and monitoring the training and continuous professional development of Directors and senior management;
- (iii) reviewing and monitoring the Company's policies and practices on compliance with legal and regulatory requirements;
- (iv) developing, reviewing and monitoring the code of conduct and compliance manual (if any) applicable to employees and Directors; and
- (v) reviewing the Company's compliance with the CG Code and disclosure in the Corporate Governance Report.

In 2019 and up to the date of this report, the Board has performed the corporate governance duties in accordance with its terms of reference.

#### **BOARD COMMITTEES**

The Board has established various committees, including a Nomination Committee, a Remuneration Committee, an Audit Committee and an Executive Committee, each of which has its specific written terms of reference. Copies of minutes of all meetings and resolutions of the committees, which are kept by the Company Secretary, are circulated to all Board members and the committees are required to report back to the Board on their decisions and recommendations where appropriate. The procedures and arrangements for a Board meeting, as mentioned in the section headed "The Board" of this report, have been adopted for the committee meetings so far as practicable.

## CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

## 董事委員會(續)

## 提名委員會

提名委員會已於二零一二年三月成立,並由一名獨立非執行董事擔任主席,且大部份成員為獨立非執行董事。目前,提名委員會由五名成員組成,包括獨立非執行董事楊麗琛女士(提名委員會主席)、鄭鑄輝先生、金惠志先生生及執行董事勞景祐先生。提名委員會主先生及執行董事勞景祐先生。提名委本先生及執行董事勞景祐先生。提名本公司之政策在有需要時尋求獨立專業意見。提範司之政策在有需要時尋求獨立專業意見。提範司之政策在有需要時尋求獨立專業意見。提範司之政策在有需要時尋求獨立專業意見。提範司之政策在有需要時尋求獨立專業意見。提記,該職權範圍已於香港聯合交易所有限公司網站內登載。

提名委員會已於其職權範圍內制訂並載列提名 政策(「提名政策」)。提名政策旨在確保董事會 按照本公司業務而具備適當所需技能、經驗及 多樣的觀點與角度。為確保董事會組成人設有 變動不會帶來不適當的干擾,本公司應設有有 式、經審慎考慮並具透明度的董事甄選、委任 及重新委任程序,並設定有秩序的董事繼任計 劃(如認為有需要),包括定期檢討此類計劃的 委任新董事(作為新增董事或填補所出現的 時空缺)或重新委任任何董事乃經提名委員會 推薦候選人後由董事會作出決定。

用於考慮候選人是否符合資格的標準,應視乎候選人是否能投入足夠時間及精神以處理本公司事務,並促進董事會成員多元化,使董事會能有效履行其職責。更多甄選標準及程序的詳情載於提名委員會職權範圍,該職權範圍已於聯交所及本公司網站內登載。

## **BOARD COMMITTEES** (CONTINUED)

#### **Nomination Committee**

The Nomination Committee has been established since March 2012 and is chaired by an INED and comprises a majority of INEDs. Currently, the Nomination Committee consists of five members, including Ms. Lisa Yang Lai Sum (Chairman of the Nomination Committee), Messrs. Francis J. Chang Chu Fai, Jin Hui Zhi and Ngai Wah Sang, all being the INEDs, and Mr. Edwin Lo King Yau, being an Executive Director. The Nomination Committee is provided with sufficient resources to discharge its duties and has access to independent professional advice according to the Company's policy if considered necessary. The major roles and functions of the Nomination Committee are included in its terms of reference, which are available on the websites of The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited ("Stock Exchange") and the Company.

The Nomination Committee has formulated and set out the nomination policy ("Nomination Policy") in its terms of reference. The objective of the Nomination Policy is to ensure that the Board has a balance of skills, experience and diversity of perspectives appropriate to the requirements of the Company's business. To ensure changes to the Board composition can be managed without undue disruption, a formal, considered and transparent procedure is in place for selection, appointment and re-appointment of Directors, as well as plans in place for orderly succession (if considered necessary), including periodical review of such plans. The appointment of a new Director (to be an additional Director or fill a casual vacancy as and when it arises) or any re-appointment of Directors is a matter for decision by the Board upon the recommendation of the proposed candidate by the Nomination Committee.

The criteria to be applied in considering whether a candidate is qualified shall be his or her ability to devote sufficient time and attention to the affairs of the Company and contribute to the diversity of the Board as well as the effective carrying out by the Board of the responsibilities. Further details of the selection criteria and the procedure are set out in the terms of reference of the Nomination Committee which are available on the websites of the Stock Exchange and the Company.

## CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

## 董事委員會(續)

## 提名委員會(續)

根據其職權範圍,提名委員會應於有需要時召開會議,亦可透過傳閱文件方式處理事宜。於二零一九年,提名委員會並無召開會議,提名委員會乃透過傳閱文件方式處理事宜。於二零一九年及截至本報告日期止,提名委員會已履行之工作概述如下:

- (i) 檢討及建議董事會批准就重選退任董事提 呈於二零一九年股東週年大會及二零二零 年股東週年大會之決議案;
- (ii) 檢討董事會的架構、人數、組成及多元 化,以及評核各獨立非執行董事的獨立 性;及
- (iii) 檢討及建議董事會批准延長董事總經理於 僱傭合約之退休年齡。

#### **BOARD COMMITTEES** (CONTINUED)

#### **Nomination Committee** (continued)

The Nomination Committee will meet as and when necessary in accordance with its terms of reference and may also deal with matters by way of circulation. In 2019, no Nomination Committee meeting was held while the Nomination Committee dealt with matters by way of circulation. In 2019 and up to the date of this report, the Nomination Committee performed the works as summarised below:

- reviewed and recommended for the Board's approval the proposed resolutions for re-election of the retiring Directors at 2019 AGM and 2020 AGM;
- (ii) reviewed the structure, size, composition and diversity of the Board and assessed the independence of each INED; and
- (iii) reviewed and recommended for the Board's approval the extension of the retirement age under the employment contract of the Managing Director.

## CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

## 董事委員會(續)

## 薪酬委員會

薪酬委員會已於二零零五年六月成立及目前由四名成員組成,包括獨立非執行董事鄭鑄輝先生(薪酬委員會主席)、金惠志先生、魏華生先生及楊麗琛女士。薪酬委員會獲提供充裕資源以履行其職務,並可按本公司之政策在有需要時尋求獨立專業意見。薪酬委員會之主要角色及職能已包含於其職權範圍內,該職權範圍已於聯交所及本公司網站內登載。

薪酬委員會之職權範圍乃遵照企業管治守則之 守則條文B.1.2之規定,惟就守則條文之偏離情 況而言,薪酬委員會僅會就執行董事(不包括 高級管理人員)(而非守則條文所述之執行董事 及高級管理人員)之薪酬待遇向董事會提出建 議。上述偏離情況之理由概述如下:

- (i) 董事會認為薪酬委員會並不適宜評估高級 管理人員之表現,而有關評估程序由執行 董事執行將更為有效;
- (ii) 執行董事必須負責監管高級管理人員,因 而須有權力操控彼等之薪酬;及
- (iii) 執行董事並無理由向高級管理人員支付高於業界標準之薪酬,而按此方法釐定薪酬 待遇可減省支出,將有利於股東。

根據其職權範圍,薪酬委員會每年須至少召開一次會議。於二零一九年已舉行一次薪酬委員會會議,而各成員之出席情況載於本報告「董事會」一節內。

#### **BOARD COMMITTEES** (CONTINUED)

#### **Remuneration Committee**

The Remuneration Committee has been established since June 2005 and currently consists of four members, including Messrs. Francis J. Chang Chu Fai (Chairman of the Remuneration Committee), Jin Hui Zhi, Ngai Wah Sang and Ms. Lisa Yang Lai Sum, all being the INEDs. The Remuneration Committee is provided with sufficient resources to discharge its duties and has access to independent professional advice according to the Company's policy if considered necessary. The major roles and functions of the Remuneration Committee are included in its terms of reference, which are available on the websites of the Stock Exchange and the Company.

The terms of reference of the Remuneration Committee are in compliance with the code provision B.1.2 of the CG Code, but with a deviation from the code provision that the Remuneration Committee shall make recommendations to the Board on the remuneration packages of the Executive Directors only and not senior management (as opposed to executive directors and senior management under the code provision). The reasons for the above deviation are summarised as below:

- (i) the Board believes that the Remuneration Committee is not properly in a position to evaluate the performance of senior management and that this evaluation process is more effectively carried out by the Executive Directors;
- (ii) the Executive Directors must be in a position to supervise and control senior management and thus must be able to control their compensation; and
- (iii) there is no reason for Executive Directors to pay senior management more than industry standards and thus Shareholders will benefit by reducing costs in the fixing of such compensation packages.

The Remuneration Committee shall meet at least once a year in accordance with its terms of reference. One Remuneration Committee meeting was held in 2019 and the attendance of each member is set out in the section headed "The Board" of this report.

## CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

## 董事委員會(續)

## 薪酬委員會(續)

除舉行薪酬委員會會議外,薪酬委員會亦於二零一九年內透過傳閱文件方式處理事宜。於二零一九年內及截至本報告日期止,薪酬委員會已履行之工作概述如下:

- (i) 檢討及建議董事會批准現有之董事薪酬政 策及架構;
- (ii) 檢討截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年 度全體執行董事及非執行董事(包括獨立非 執行董事)之薪酬待遇;
- (iii) 檢討及建議董事會批准截至二零一八年 十二月三十一日止年度之花紅,及於二零 一九年執行董事薪酬之增幅;及
- (iv) 檢討及建議董事會批准二零一九年之董事 袍金。

每名董事將有權獲取董事袍金。就董事之額外職責及服務而應付予彼等之額外薪酬(包括獨立非執行董事之服務費),將按彼等之僱傭合約或服務合約各自之合約條款而釐定,惟須經薪酬委員會建議及獲董事會批准。董事薪酬之詳情載於綜合財務報表附註11,而於中期期間及截至中期業績報告日期止之若干董事酬金之變更詳情亦已披露於本公司日期為二零一九年八月十六日之中期業績報告內。本集團薪酬政策之詳情亦已載於董事會報告第96頁之「僱員及培訓」一節內。

#### **BOARD COMMITTEES** (CONTINUED)

#### **Remuneration Committee** (continued)

In addition to the Remuneration Committee meeting, the Remuneration Committee also dealt with matters by way of circulation during 2019. In 2019 and up to the date of this report, the Remuneration Committee performed the works as summarised below:

- (i) reviewed and recommended for the Board's approval the existing policy and structure for the remuneration of Directors;
- (ii) reviewed the remuneration packages of all the Executive and Non-Executive Directors (including the INEDs) for the year ended 31st December, 2018;
- (iii) reviewed and recommended for the Board's approval the bonus for the year ended 31st December, 2018 and the increment in salary for the year 2019 of the Executive Directors; and
- (iv) reviewed and recommended for the Board's approval the Directors' fee for the year 2019.

Each Director will be entitled to a Director's fee. Further remuneration payable to Directors (including any service fees of the INEDs) for their additional responsibilities and services will depend on their respective contractual terms under their employment contracts or service contracts as approved by the Board on the recommendation of the Remuneration Committee. Details of the Directors' remuneration are set out in note 11 to the consolidated financial statements whereas detailed changes in the emoluments of certain Directors during the interim period and up to the date of the Interim Report were also disclosed in the Interim Report of the Company dated 16th August, 2019. Details of the remuneration policy of the Group are also set out in the "Employee and Training" section contained in the Directors' Report on page 96.

## CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

## 董事委員會(續)

## 審核委員會

審核委員會自一九九九年十一月成立,目前由五名非執行董事組成,其中四名為獨立非執行董事組成,其中四名為獨立非執行董事。為保持獨立性及客觀性,審核委員會由名具備合適專業資格或會計或相關財務管理專業知識之獨立非執行董事擔任主席。審員會之現任成員為魏華生先生(審核委員會之現任成員為魏華生先生(審核委員會之是大學、鄭慕智博士、金惠志先生及楊麗琛女士。審核委員會獲提供充裕資票要長人,於麗琛女士。審核委員會之主要角色及職能已包含於其職權範圍內,該職權範圍已於聯交所及本公司網站內登載。

審核委員會之職權範圍不時作出修訂,以遵守 企業管治守則之守則條文C.3.3,惟就該守則條 文在審核委員會之職責方面有所偏離:

- (i) 執行委聘外聘核數師提供非核數服務之政 策:
- (ii) 確保管理層已履行其職責建立有效之風險 管理及內部監控系統;及
- (iii) 確保內部與外聘核數師之工作得到協調, 也須確保內部審計功能獲得足夠資源運 作,並且在上市公司中具有適當之地位。

董事會認為審核委員會應就委聘外聘核數師提供非核數服務之政策作出建議(而非守則條文所述之執行),理由如下:

- (i) 由董事會及其下設置之委員會制定政策及 作出合適之建議乃屬恰當及合適;
- (ii) 由執行董事及管理層執行該政策及建議乃 屬恰當及合適之機制;及
- (iii) 獨立非執行董事並不適宜執行日常之政策 及跟進工作。

## **BOARD COMMITTEES** (CONTINUED)

#### **Audit Committee**

The Audit Committee has been established since November 1999 and currently consists of five Non-Executive Directors, four of whom are INEDs. To retain independence and objectivity, the Audit Committee is chaired by an INED with appropriate professional qualifications or accounting or related financial management expertise. The current members of the Audit Committee are Mr. Ngai Wah Sang (Chairman of the Audit Committee), Mr. Francis J. Chang Chu Fai, Dr. Moses Cheng Mo Chi, Mr. Jin Hui Zhi and Ms. Lisa Yang Lai Sum. The Audit Committee is provided with sufficient resources to discharge its duties and has access to independent professional advice according to the Company's policy if considered necessary. The major roles and functions of the Audit Committee are included in its terms of reference, which are available on the websites of the Stock Exchange and the Company.

The terms of reference of the Audit Committee are revised from time to time to comply with the code provision C.3.3 of the CG Code, but with deviations from the code provision of the audit committee's responsibility to:

- (i) implement policy on the engagement of the external auditors to supply non-audit services;
- (ii) ensure the management has performed its duty to have effective risk management and internal control systems; and
- (iii) ensure co-ordination between the internal and external auditors, and ensure that the internal audit function is adequately resourced and has appropriate standing within the listed company.

The Board considers that the Audit Committee shall recommend (as opposed to implement under the code provision) the policy on the engagement of the external auditors to supply non-audit services for the following reasons:

- (i) it is proper and appropriate for the Board and its committees to develop policy and make appropriate recommendations;
- (ii) the proper and appropriate mechanism for implementation of such policy and recommendations is through the Executive Directors and management; and
- (iii) INEDs are not in an effective position to implement policy and follow up the same on a day-to-day basis.

## CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

#### 董事委員會(續)

## 審核委員會(續)

此外,董事會認為審核委員會僅具備有效能力 監察(而非守則條文所述之確保)管理層已履行 其職責建立有效之風險管理及內部監控系統。 由於上述事宜涉及日常監控及僱用全職之專業 人員,因此審核委員會並無確保上述事宜得以 執行之能力。審核委員會雖無法確保,但可推 動內部和外聘核數師之工作得到協調。同樣, 審核委員會無法確保,但可檢查內部審計功能 是否獲得足夠資源運作。

根據其職權範圍,審核委員會每年須至少召開兩次會議。於二零一九年已舉行兩次審核委員會會議,而各成員之出席情況載於本報告「董事會」一節內。

除舉行審核委員會會議外,審核委員會亦於二 零一九年內透過傳閱文件方式處理事宜。於二 零一九年內及截至本報告日期止,審核委員會 已履行之工作概述如下:

- (i) 審閱及批准外聘核數師建議之本集團截至 二零一九年六月三十日止六個月之中期業 績審閱(「二零一九年中期審閱」)及截至二 零一九年十二月三十一日止年度之年終審 核(「二零一九年年終審核」)之核數範圍及 費用:
- (ii) 審閱外聘核數師就有關截至二零一八年 十二月三十一日止年度之年終審核、二零 一九年中期審閱及二零一九年年終審核之 獨立審閱報告/審核完成報告/審核進度 報告及管理層之回應;
- (iii) 審閱及建議董事會批准截至二零一八年 十二月三十一日止年度、截至二零一九年 六月三十日止六個月及截至二零一九年 十二月三十一日止年度之財務報告及相關 之管理層聲明函件及公佈;

#### **BOARD COMMITTEES** (CONTINUED)

## Audit Committee (continued)

Further, the Board considers that the Audit Committee only possesses the effective ability to scrutinise (as opposed to ensure under the code provision) whether management has performed its duty to have effective risk management and internal control systems. The Audit Committee is not equipped to ensure that the same is in place as this would involve day-to-day supervision and the employment of permanent experts. The Audit Committee is not in a position either to ensure co-ordination between the internal and external auditors but it can promote the same. Similarly, the Audit Committee is not in a position to ensure that the internal audit function is adequately resourced but it can check whether it is adequately resourced.

The Audit Committee shall meet at least twice a year in accordance with its terms of reference. Two Audit Committee meetings were held in 2019 and the attendance of each member is set out in the section headed "The Board" of this report.

In addition to the Audit Committee meetings, the Audit Committee also dealt with matters by way of circulation during 2019. In 2019 and up to the date of this report, the Audit Committee performed the works as summarised below:

- (i) reviewed and approved the audit scope and fees proposed by the external auditor in respect of the interim results review for the six months ended 30th June, 2019 ("2019 Interim Review") and the final audit for the year ended 31st December, 2019 ("2019 Final Audit") of the Group;
- (ii) reviewed the independent review report/audit completion reports/audit progress report from the external auditor and the management's response in relation to the final audit for the year ended 31st December, 2018, 2019 Interim Review and 2019 Final Audit;
- (iii) reviewed and recommended for the Board's approval the financial reports for the year ended 31st December, 2018, for the six months ended 30th June, 2019 and for the year ended 31st December, 2019 together with the relevant management representation letters and announcements;

## CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

## 董事委員會(續)

## 審核委員會(續)

- (iv) 審閱由本集團內部審計功能(「內部審計功能)編製之內部審計計劃及內部審計審閱報告:
- (v) 審閱及建議董事會批准就本集團會計、 內部審計及財務匯報職能方面的資源、 員工資歷及經驗以及有關員工所接受的培訓課程及預算之更新報告:
- (vi) 審閱及建議董事會就舉報者政策、識別及 監察關連交易的程序、有關連人士交易之 政策及程序、內幕消息披露政策及風險管 理、合規及內部監控程序之政策作年度檢 討:
- (vii) 審閱及建議董事會就本集團之風險管理及 內部監控系統作年度檢討;及
- (viii) 審閱及建議董事會批准經修訂舉報者政策。

## 執行委員會

執行委員會於二零零四年二月成立,目前由五名成員組成,包括執行董事李成偉先生(執行委員會主席)、馬申先生、勞景祐先生及杜燦生先生,以及集團營運總監鄒志忠先生。執行委員會獲授予董事會所獲授予之關於本集團業務之所有一般管理及控制權,惟根據執行委員會之書面職權範圍須留待董事會決定及批准之事宜除外。繼本公司採納舉報者政策後,執行委員會之職權範圍已於二零零八年三月作出修訂,及其後於二零一八年十二月作出更新。

## **BOARD COMMITTEES** (CONTINUED)

#### **Audit Committee** (continued)

- (iv) reviewed the internal audit plan and internal audit review reports prepared by the Internal Audit Function of the Group ("IA Function");
- (v) reviewed and recommended for the Board's approval the updated reports on substantiation of the resources, qualifications and experience of staff of the Group's accounting, internal audit and financial reporting functions, and their training programmes and budget;
- (vi) reviewed and recommended for the Board's annual review the Whistle Blower Policy, Procedures for the Identification and Monitoring of Connected Transactions, Related Party Transaction Policies and Procedures, Policy on the Disclosure of Inside Information and Policy on Risk Management, Compliance and Internal Control Procedures;
- (vii) reviewed and recommended for the Board's annual review the Group's risk management and internal control systems; and
- (viii) reviewed and recommended for the Board's approval the revised Whistle Blower Policy.

#### **Executive Committee**

The Executive Committee has been established since February 2004 and currently consists of five members, including Messrs. Patrick Lee Seng Wei (Chairman of the Executive Committee), Ma Sun, Edwin Lo King Yau and Tao Tsan Sang, all being Executive Directors, and Mr. Chew Chee Choong, being the Group Chief Operating Officer. The Executive Committee is vested with all the general powers of management and control of the activities of the Group as are vested in the Board, save for those matters which are reserved for the Board's decision and approval pursuant to the written terms of reference of the Executive Committee. The terms of reference of the Executive Committee were revised in March 2008 following the adoption of the Whistle Blower Policy by the Company, and subsequently updated in December 2018.

## CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

## 董事委員會(續)

## 執行委員會(續)

執行委員會於有需要時召開會議,以討論本集 團之營運事宜,亦可透過傳閱文件方式處理事 宜。執行委員會主要負責處理及監察日常管理 事宜,並獲授權:

- (i) 制定及執行有關本集團商業活動、內部監 控及行政之政策;及
- (ii) 在董事會確定之本集團整體策略範圍內, 規劃及決定就本集團商業活動將予採納之 策略。

#### 公司秘書

容綺媚女士為本公司之公司秘書。全體董事均 可要求公司秘書提供意見及服務。公司秘書就 董事會管治事宜向主席匯報,並負責確保遵守 董事會程序,及促進董事之間及與股東及管理 層之溝通。

容女士為The Chartered Governance Institute (前稱英國特許秘書及行政人員公會)及香港特許秘書公會會員。於年內,容女士接受了超過十五小時之相關專業培訓以更新其技能及知識。

#### 董事及相關僱員進行證券交易之守則

本公司已採納上市規則附錄十所載之《上市發行人董事進行證券交易的標準守則》(「標準守則」),作為董事進行證券交易之行為守則。經本公司作出特定查詢後,全體董事已確認彼等一直遵守標準守則所載之規定標準。

本公司亦已採納標準守則作為相關僱員進行證券交易之守則,藉此對本公司或其附屬公司之若干僱員(彼等被視為可能知悉有關本公司或其證券之內幕消息)就本公司之證券買賣作出規管。

#### **BOARD COMMITTEES** (CONTINUED)

#### **Executive Committee** (continued)

The Executive Committee will meet as and when necessary to discuss the operating affairs of the Group and may also deal with matters by way of circulation. The Executive Committee is mainly responsible for undertaking and supervising the day-to-day management and is empowered:

- (i) to formulate and implement policies for the business activities, internal control and administration of the Group; and
- (ii) to plan and decide on strategies to be adopted for the business activities of the Group within the overall strategy of the Group as determined by the Board.

#### **COMPANY SECRETARY**

Ms. Cindy Yung Yee Mei is the Company Secretary of the Company. All Directors have access to the advice and services of the Company Secretary. The Company Secretary reports to the Chairman on board governance matters, and is responsible for ensuring that Board procedures are followed and for facilitating communications among Directors as well as with the Shareholders and management.

Ms. Yung is an associate of The Chartered Governance Institute (formerly known as The Institute of Chartered Secretaries and Administrators) and The Hong Kong Institute of Chartered Secretaries. During the year, Ms. Yung undertook over 15 hours of relevant professional training to update her skills and knowledge.

# CODES FOR SECURITIES TRANSACTIONS BY DIRECTORS AND RELEVANT EMPLOYEES

The Company has adopted the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Issuers ("Model Code") as set out in Appendix 10 of the Listing Rules as its code of conduct regarding securities transactions by the Directors. All Directors have confirmed, following a specific enquiry by the Company, that they have complied with the required standard as set out in the Model Code.

The Company has also adopted the Model Code as the Code for Securities Transactions by Relevant Employees to regulate dealings in the securities of the Company by certain employees of the Company or any of its subsidiaries who are considered to be likely in possession of inside information in relation to the Company or its securities.

## CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

## 問責及核數

#### 財務報告

於財務部之協助下,董事確認彼等編製本集團綜合財務報表之責任。於編製截至二零一九年十二月三十一日止年度之綜合財務報表時,本公司已採納香港公認會計原則,並遵守香港會計師公會頒佈之香港財務報告準則(當中亦包括香港會計準則及詮釋)之規定以及香港公司條例之披露規定。董事認為所選擇之會計政管領之披露規定。董事認為所選擇之會計審慎會立並且貫徹應用,而所作判斷及估計審慎合理,亦確保按持續經營基準編製綜合財務報表。

本公司外聘核數師德勤 • 關黃陳方會計師行之 匯報責任載於獨立核數師報告第98頁至第105 頁。

#### 風險管理及內部監控

董事會負責每年檢討本集團風險管理及內部監控系統之效能,以涵蓋所有重要的監控層面,包括財務監控、運作監控及合規監控。於二零一九年,董事會已透過審核委員會就本公司在會計、內部審計及財務匯報職能方面的資源、員工資歷及經驗,以及有關員工所接受的培訓課程及預算是否足夠作出檢討。

本集團風險管理及內部監控系統旨在合理地 (而非絕對地)保證無重大失實陳述或損失,同 時管理(但並非完全消除)系統失誤之風險,並 協助本集團達致議定宗旨及目標。其對達致業 務目標至為重要之風險管理擔任重要角色。此 外,風險管理及內部監控亦為備存妥善之會計 記錄提供準則,有助遵守有關法律及規例。

#### **ACCOUNTABILITY AND AUDIT**

## **Financial Reporting**

The Directors acknowledge their responsibility for preparing, with the support from the Finance Department, the consolidated financial statements of the Group. In preparing the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31st December, 2019, the accounting principles generally accepted in Hong Kong have been adopted and the requirements of the Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards (which also include Hong Kong Accounting Standards and Interpretations) issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants and the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance were complied with. The Directors believe that they have selected suitable accounting policies and applied them consistently, and made judgements and estimates that are prudent and reasonable and have ensured that the consolidated financial statements are prepared on a going concern basis.

The reporting responsibilities of the Company's external auditor, Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu, are set out in the Independent Auditor's Report on pages 98 to 105.

#### **Risk Management and Internal Control**

The Board has the responsibility to review annually the effectiveness of the Group's risk management and internal control systems covering all material controls, including financial, operational and compliance controls. In 2019, the Board, through the Audit Committee, had reviewed the adequacy of resources, qualifications and experience of staff of the Company's accounting, internal audit and financial reporting functions, and their training programmes and budget.

The Group's risk management and internal control systems are designed to provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance against material misstatement or loss; to manage rather than completely eliminate the risk of system failure; and to assist in the achievement of the Group's agreed objectives and goals. They have a key role in the management of risks that are significant to the fulfilment of business objectives. In addition, they should provide a basis for the maintenance of proper accounting records and assist in the compliance with relevant laws and regulations.

## CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

## 問責及核數(續)

#### 風險管理及內部監控(續)

本集團亦已建立系統及程序以識別、評估及管理不同業務活動之風險。年度評估工作由相關業務單位及部門主管透過填寫彼等各自之責任聲明書執行,並由內部審計功能協調。調查結果及發現匯報執行委員會主席並由其提呈審核委員會及董事會以檢討風險管理及內部監控系統之有效性,該系統屬有效及充份。

有關本集團面對各主要類別風險之管理政策及程序之論述,收錄於綜合財務報表附註48b及董事會報告第71頁及第72頁之「主要風險及不確定性一節內。

#### 內部審計

內部審計功能之主管向董事會主席及審核委員 會匯報。內部審計功能一般就本集團風險管理 及內部監控系統之充份性及有效性作出分析及 獨立評估。

由內部審計功能編製之內部審計計劃及內部審計審閱報告已提交審核委員會及董事會審閱。

#### 內幕消息披露政策

## **ACCOUNTABILITY AND AUDIT** (CONTINUED)

#### **Risk Management and Internal Control** (continued)

Systems and procedures are put in place to identify, evaluate and manage the risks of different businesses and activities. The annual assessment is performed through the completion by the relevant business units and department heads of their respective responsibility statements as co-ordinated by the IA Function. The result and findings are reported to the Chairman of Executive Committee who puts forward the same to the Audit Committee and the Board for review on the effectiveness of the risk management and internal control systems, which have been considered effective and adequate.

A discussion of the policies and procedures on the management of each of the major types of risk which the Group is facing is included in note 48b to the consolidated financial statements and under the "Principal Risks and Uncertainties" section contained in the Directors' Report on pages 71 and 72.

#### **Internal Audit**

The Head of IA Function reports to the Chairman of the Board and the Audit Committee. The IA Function generally carries out the analysis and independent appraisal of the adequacy and effectiveness of the Group's risk management and internal control systems.

The internal audit plan and internal audit review reports were prepared by the IA Function and issued to the Audit Committee and the Board for review.

## **Policy on Disclosure of Inside Information**

The Board has adopted the Policy on the Disclosure of Inside Information ("Policy") effective on 1st January, 2013 with respect to the procedures and internal controls for the handling and dissemination of inside information. The Policy sets out guidelines and procedures to the Directors and relevant officers of the Group to ensure inside information of the Group is to be disseminated to the public on an equal basis and in timely manner. Directors and relevant officers in possession of potential inside information and/or inside information are required to take reasonable measures to ensure that proper safeguards are in place to preserve strict confidentiality of inside information and to ensure that its recipients recognise their obligations to maintain the information confidential. The Policy shall be updated and revised as and when necessary in light of changes in circumstances and changes in the Listing Rules, Part XIVA of the Securities and Futures Ordinance and relevant statutory and regulatory requirements from time to time.

## CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

## 問責及核數(續)

#### 外聘核數師之酬金

於年內,已支付予本集團外聘核數師之酬金載 列如下:

#### **ACCOUNTABILITY AND AUDIT (CONTINUED)**

#### **External Auditor's Remuneration**

During the year, the remuneration paid to the Group's external auditor is set out as follows:

向本集團提供之服務	Services rendered for the Group	千港元 HK\$′000
核數服務	Audit services	5,040
非核數服務(包括審閱遵守職業退休計劃條例 及審閱中期業績、持續關連交易及營運 資金預測)	Non-audit services (including review of compliance of Occupational Retirement Scheme Ordinance and review of interim results, continuing connected transactions	1.450
	and working capital forecast)	1,158
總計	Total	6,198

#### 與股東之溝通

董事會深明與股東保持良好聯繫之重要性。有關本集團之資料乃按時透過多種正式途徑向股東傳達,包括中期業績報告及年報、公佈及通函。該等刊發文件連同最近期之公司資料及消息亦已於本公司網站內登載。

本公司股東週年大會乃董事會直接與股東聯繫之寶貴機會。主席積極參與並親自主持股東軍年大會以回應股東之任何查詢。審核委員會主席,或在該等主席,或在該等主席,或在該等主席,與個人不會上回答提問。任何須予成立或根據上市規則成立之獨立董事委員會之主席(或明於上市規則成立之獨立董事委員會之主席(或明本數學,則至少一名獨立董事委員會」。 並無委任該主席,則至少一名獨立董事委員會 並無委任該主席,則至少一名獨立董事委員會 立股東批准之任何其他交易而召開之股東大會,以回答提問。

#### **COMMUNICATION WITH SHAREHOLDERS**

The Board recognises the importance of good communication with Shareholders. Information in relation to the Group is disseminated to Shareholders in a timely manner through a number of formal channels, which include interim and annual reports, announcements and circulars. Such published documents together with the latest corporate information and news are also made available on the website of the Company.

The Company's AGM is a valuable forum for the Board to communicate directly with Shareholders. The Chairman actively participates at the AGM and personally chairs the meeting to answer any questions from Shareholders. The chairmen of the Audit Committee, Remuneration Committee and Nomination Committee or in their absence, another member of the respective committees or failing that their respective duly appointed delegate, are also available to answer questions at the AGM. The chairman of any independent board committee formed as necessary or pursuant to the Listing Rules (or if no such chairman is appointed, at least a member of the independent board committee) should also be available to answer questions at any general meeting of Shareholders to approve a connected transaction or any other transaction that is subject to independent Shareholders' approval.

## CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

## 與股東之溝通(續)

於年內,二零一九年股東週年大會於二零一九 年五月二十二日舉行。董事出席二零一九股東 週年大會之出席記錄載於本報告「董事會」一節 內。

每項重大事項(包括重選退任董事)均於股東大 會提呈獨立決議案。

就股東週年大會而言,股東通告將於大會舉行 前至少足二十個營業日發送,而就所有其他股 東大會而言,股東通告將於大會舉行前至少足 十個營業日發送。以股數投票方式進行表決之 詳細程序乃於大會開始時向股東解釋。主席會 解答股東有關以股數投票方式表決之任何問 題。股數投票結果將根據上市規則規定之方式 刊發。

於遞交請求當日佔全體有權在股東大會上表決而總表決權最少百分之五之股東,可向本公,註冊辦事處(「註冊辦事處」)發送書面請求,要求董事召開股東特別大會(「股東特別大會上處主事項之一般性質,且必須經提出的數學,與東特別的會上處之名或多名人士核實。此外,股東可根據公司是與東大會提案(「提案」)並送達註冊辦沒處。提案須透過提呈決議案方法作出,內合本公司之業務範疇。

董事會已於二零一二年四月制定一套股東通訊政策及其後於二零一五年十二月作出更新。股東可將其向董事會提交之查詢以書面形式送達註冊辦事處,內容須註明查詢之性質及提出查詢之理由。此外,股東亦可就任何有關其股權問題向本公司股份過戶登記處卓佳秘書商務有限公司查詢。

#### **COMMUNICATION WITH SHAREHOLDERS** (CONTINUED)

During the year, the 2019 AGM was held on 22nd May, 2019. The attendance record of the Directors at the 2019 AGM is set out in the section headed "The Board" of this report.

Separate resolutions are proposed at the general meetings for each substantial issue, including the re-election of retiring Directors.

The notice to Shareholders is to be sent in the case of AGM at least 20 clear business days before the meeting and to be sent at least 10 clear business days in case of all other general meetings. An explanation of the detailed procedures of conducting a poll is provided to the Shareholders at the commencement of the meeting. The Chairman answers questions from Shareholders regarding voting by way of a poll. The poll results are published in the manner prescribed under the requirements of the Listing Rules.

Shareholder(s) representing at least 5% of the total voting rights of all Shareholders having a right to vote at general meetings as at the date of deposit of the requisition can request the Directors to convene an extraordinary general meeting ("EGM") by sending a written request to the registered office of the Company ("Registered Office"). Such requisition must state the general nature of the business to be dealt with at the EGM and must be authenticated by the person or persons making it. Besides, Shareholders may make a proposal ("Proposal") at a Shareholders' meeting by submitting it in written form to the Board at the Registered Office in accordance with the Companies Ordinance and the Articles of Association where applicable. The Proposal shall be in the form of a proposed resolution, which shall clearly and concisely set out the Proposal for discussion and be relevant to the Company's business scope.

The Board has established a shareholders' communication policy in April 2012, and subsequently updated in December 2015. A Shareholder may serve an enquiry to the Board at the Registered Office for the attention of the Board in written form, which shall state the nature of the enquiry and the reason for making the enquiry. In addition, Shareholders can contact Tricor Secretaries Limited, the share registrar of the Company, for any questions about their shareholdings.

## CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

#### 股息政策

董事會已採納於二零一九年一月一日起生效的 股息政策。本公司之股息政策旨在為其股東提 供合理及可持續回報,同時維持財務狀況穩 定,使本公司得以把握任何不時之投資及擴張 機遇。

董事會可按年宣派或建議股息及/或宣派中期股息或特別股息。經考慮本公司及本集團營運業績、累計及未來盈利、資產負債、流動資金 狀況、資本承諾要求及未來擴張計劃以及整體經濟狀況及可能影響本公司及本集團財務表宣 股息。此外,由於本公司為一間控股公司及合營公司與自該等附屬公司、聯營公司及合營企業收取的股息。

董事會將定期檢討股息政策並在必要時修訂 及/或修改股息政策。

#### 提升企業管治水平

提升企業管治水平並非只為應用及遵守聯交所 之企業管治守則,亦為推動及建立道德與健全 之企業文化。吾等將持續檢討並按經驗、監管 變動及發展,於適當時候改善現行常規。本公 司亦歡迎股東提供任何意見及建議以提高及改 善本公司之透明度。

承董事會命

*主席* 李成輝

香港,二零二零年四月六日

#### **DIVIDEND POLICY**

The Board has adopted the Dividend Policy effective on 1st January, 2019. The Company's Dividend Policy aims at providing reasonable and sustainable returns to its Shareholders whilst maintaining a position of financial stability which allows the Company to take advantage of any investment and expansion opportunities that may arise from time to time.

The Board may declare or propose dividends on an annual basis and/ or may declare interim dividends or special dividends. Proposal or declaration of dividends by the Board is subject to consideration of the Company's and the Group's operating results, accumulated and future earnings, gearing, liquidity position, capital commitment requirement and future expansion plan as well as general economic conditions and external factors that may have impact on the financial performance and position of the Company and the Group. In addition, as the Company is a holding company, the Board will also consider the dividends received from its subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures as the ability to pay dividends by the Company is dependent on the dividends received from those subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures.

The Board will regularly review the dividend policy and will amend and/or modify the dividend policy if necessary.

#### CORPORATE GOVERNANCE ENHANCEMENT

Enhancing corporate governance is not simply a matter of applying and complying with the CG Code of the Stock Exchange but also about promoting and developing an ethical and healthy corporate culture. We will continue to review and, where appropriate, improve our current practices on the basis of our experience, regulatory changes and developments. Any views and suggestions from our Shareholders to promote and improve our transparency are also welcome.

On behalf of the Board

Lee Seng Hui

Chairman

Hong Kong, 6th April, 2020

## 方針及策略

天安中國投資有限公司(「本公司」)秉承為股東提供長期、可持續之價值創造的信念。我們深明作出之選擇將對業務所在的社區帶來影響,及我們應該使有關影響屬正面的。本公司採納可持續發展政策,該政策涵蓋我們於僱傭及勞工措施、商業誠信、環境及社區等領域之原則。我們亦會致力將該等原則作為我們實踐及管治的一部份,致力為社會及環境之可持續性發展作出貢獻。

本公司之董事會(「董事會」)對本公司有關環境、社會及管治(「環境、社會及管治」)議題方面之策略及報告有全面責任,並已檢討本集團的風險管理及內部監控系統之效能,以識別、評估及管理各項業務及活動的風險,包括環境、社會及管治的相關風險。根據本公司高級管理層、附屬公司的相關管理層及外聘核數師的評估,董事會認為有關系統有效且足夠。

本報告概述截至二零一九年十二月三十一日止年度對本集團及其持份者重要之環境、社會及管治議題之可持續發展舉措及已選定的關鍵績效指標(「關鍵績效指標」)。本報告用作補充本年報內其他部份所披露之資料,並已於二零二零年三月二十五日獲董事會批准。

#### 報告範圍

所涉範疇及層面乃根據香港聯合交易所有限公司(「聯交所」)證券上市規則附錄二十七所載之 「環境、社會及管治報告指引」(「環境、社會及 管治指引」)而編製。

#### APPROACH AND STRATEGY

Tian An China Investments Company Limited ("Company") believes in delivering long term, sustainable value creation to our shareholders. In doing so, we recognise that the choices we make will have an impact on the communities in which we carry on our business and we should make such impact a positive one. The Company has adopted a Sustainability Policy which covers our principles in the area of employment and labour practices, business integrity, the environment and the community and we shall endeavour to embrace these principles as part of our practice and governance to contribute to the sustainable development of society and the environment.

The board of directors of the Company ("Board") has overall responsibility for the Company's strategy and reporting in respect of Environmental, Social and Governance ("ESG") issues and has reviewed the effectiveness of the Group's risk management and internal control systems, which are put in place to identify, evaluate and manage the risks of different businesses and activities, including the ESG-related risks. Based upon the assessments made by the Company's senior management, subsidiaries' respective management and the external auditors, the Board considered that such systems are effective and adequate.

This report outlines the Group's sustainability initiatives and selected Key Performance Indicators ("KPI") that are material to the Group and its stakeholders on ESG issues for the year ended 31st December, 2019. This report supplements information disclosed elsewhere in this annual report, and was approved by the Board on 25th March, 2020.

#### **REPORTING SCOPE**

The subject areas and aspects are presented based on the "Environmental, Social and Governance Reporting Guide" ("ESG Guide") as set out in Appendix 27 of the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited ("Stock Exchange").

## 環境、社會及管治報告

## **ENVIRONMENTAL, SOCIAL AND GOVERNANCE REPORT**

## 重要性評估及持份者參與

根據環境、社會及管治指引各項於可持續發展 範圍內之環境及社會議題中,以下為被認為對 本集團重大及相關之議題清單。優先次序乃根 據管理層意見及持份者參與之結論來設定。 們定期透過會議、活動以及其他溝通及反饋渠 道讓主要持份者參與日常營運。經抽樣調查不 同部門員工及項目經理以了解他們對環境、 會及管治各層面之相關性及重要性之具體觀 點。根據管理層評估及調查結果,本報告披露 之相關層面及關鍵績效指標載列如下:

#### 重大相關議題

供應鏈管理(層面B5)一般披露,關鍵績效指標 B5.2

產品責任(層面B6)一般披露,關鍵績效指標 B6.4、B6.5

反貪污(層面B7)一般披露,關鍵績效指標B7.2

#### 其他相關議題

排放物(層面A1)一般披露,關鍵績效指標 A1.1、A1.5、A1.6

資源使用(層面A2)一般披露,關鍵績效指標A2.1、A2.3

環境及天然資源(層面A3)一般披露,關鍵績效 指標A3.1

僱傭(層面B1)一般披露,關鍵績效指標B1.1 健康與安全(層面B2)一般披露

發展及培訓(層面B3)一般披露,關鍵績效指標B3.1、B3.2

勞工準則(層面B4)一般披露

社區投資(層面B8)一般披露,關鍵績效指標B8.1、B8.2

上文未提及之所有其他關鍵績效指標層面被認 為無需披露。

以下環境、社會及管治議題乃根據聯交所環境、社會及管治指引之條文分類呈列。

# MATERIALITY ASSESSMENT AND STAKEHOLDER ENGAGEMENT

Amongst various environmental and social issues based on the ESG Guide within the scope of sustainability, the below are the list of issues that are considered to be material and relevant to the Group. The priorities are set based on management's view as well as conclusions from stakeholders' engagement. We regularly engage key stakeholders in daily operations through meetings, events and other communications and feedback channels. A survey was conducted with a sampling of staff selected from various departments and project managers to understand their specific views on the relevance and materiality of various ESG aspects. Based on management's assessment as well as the survey results, the aspects and KPIs relevant for this report's disclosure are set out as follows:

#### Material and relevant issues

Supply chain management (Aspect B5) general disclosure, KPI B5.2

Product responsibility (Aspect B6) general disclosure, KPI B6.4, B6.5

Anti-corruption (Aspect B7) general disclosure, KPI B7.2

#### Other relevant issues

Emissions (Aspect A1) general disclosure, KPI A1.1, A1.5, A1.6

Use of resources (Aspect A2) general disclosure, KPI A2.1, A2.3

The environment and natural resources (Aspect A3) general disclosure, KPI A3.1

Employment (Aspect B1) general disclosure, KPI B1.1

Health and safety (Aspect B2) general disclosure

Development and training (Aspect B3) general disclosure, KPI B3.1, B3.2

Labour standards (Aspect B4) general disclosure

Community investment (Aspect B8) general disclosure, KPI B8.1, B8.2

All other aspects of KPI not mentioned above were concluded to be not relevant for disclosure.

The following ESG issues are presented based on the classification of provisions by the Stock Exchange's ESG Guide.

## A. 環境議題

本集團之可持續發展政策包括我們針對環 境議題之一貫方針。我們致力於:

- 遵守相關法律及法規,並以超越最低 要求為目標;
- 阻止/減少廢氣及溫室氣體排放、水及土地之排污,以及有害及無害廢棄物之產生;
- 有效使用資源,包括能源、水及其他原材料;
- 減低本集團之業務對環境及天然資源 造成之影響;及
- 讓我們的員工、客戶及合作夥伴參與 以推廣環境可持續發展之商業常規, 並持續重新評估我們的程序以減低對 環境之影響。

根據持份者參與之結論及管理層意見,本報告並無包括所有環境的關鍵績效指標之披露,因該等披露被認為非重大或非相關。相反,我們已就一般做法及工作方面作出討論,以減少本集團在不同範疇的環境足跡。

#### A. ENVIRONMENTAL ISSUES

The Group's Sustainability Policy encompasses our general approach towards environmental issues. We endeavour to:

- observe relevant laws and regulations and aim to go beyond minimum requirements;
- prevent/minimise air and greenhouse gas emissions, discharges into water and land, and generation of hazardous and non-hazardous waste;
- make efficient use of resources, including energy, water and other raw materials;
- minimise the impact of the Group's activities on the environment and natural resources; and
- engage our staff, customers and partners to promote environmentally sustainable business practices and constantly re-assess our processes to minimise environmental impact.

The Group's principal business activities are the development of apartments, villas, office buildings and commercial properties, property investment and property management in Mainland China, as well as property investment and property management in Hong Kong. The construction-related works for our property development projects are outsourced to independent contractors who are subject to various relevant environmental laws and regulations, including those relating to air and greenhouse gas emissions, discharges into water and land, generation of hazardous and non-hazardous waste, efficient use of energy, water and other raw materials, noise pollution control, air pollution control, water pollution control, sewage drainage system and waste treatment. We work closely with our contractors to achieve creative, elegant and green designs while being compatible and sensitive to our environmental and social responsibilities.

This report does not include the disclosure of all the environmental KPIs as they are not considered material or relevant as a conclusion of our stakeholders' engagement as well as management's view. Instead, we have discussed our general approach and effort to reduce the Group's environmental footprint in various aspects.

## A. 環境議題(續)

#### 排放物(層面A1)

本集團並不涉及任何製造業活動及直接參與建築工程。本集團直接產生之排放物僅限於香港及中國內地之76(二零一八年:75)輛行政人員汽車。該等車輛僅供高級員工之本地差旅及招待所需。因此,相對於本集團之資產及員工規模,此排放量及使用量均微不足道。

除了聘請之承包商(彼等受其環境數據及管理所規管)產生之排放物、有害及無害廢棄物,由我們直接業務所產生之其他排放物大多屬「次級」基準,因差旅不頻繁,以及辦公室營運亦絕少產生有害及無害廢棄物。

就物業發展業務而言,我們遵守相關國家 及地區法律和法規,如《中華人民共和國環境保護法》、《中華人民共和國環境空氣質量標 價法》、《中華人民共和國環境空氣質量標準》 等。本集團嚴格監管及監督我們的承包 以超越相關法律及法規之最低要求,避免 在我們的項目中產生違規行為。於二零 一九年,本公司就上述環境層面並無重大 違反相關法律及法規。

物業投資及物業管理業務主要於中國內地及香港之項目辦事處營運。為配合我們減少廢氣及溫室氣體排放之政策,大多數城市之辦事處均配備視像會議設施,以減少直接會面之需求,並盡可能減少業務差旅。僅有一少部份之僱員出差。概無有關此層面之相關法律及法規適用於我們之業務。

## A. ENVIRONMENTAL ISSUES (CONTINUED)

## **Emissions (Aspect A1)**

The Group is not involved in any manufacturing activities and direct participating in construction works. Emissions produced directly by the Group only related to the 76 (2018: 75) executive passenger vehicles in Hong Kong and Mainland China. These are used for senior staff's local travel only as well as for entertainment. It is therefore that the scale and usage are immaterial given the size of the Group's assets and staff.

Except for the emissions, hazardous and non-hazardous wastes generated by our engaged contractors, which will be subject to their own environmental statistics and management, the other emissions produced by our direct businesses are mostly on a "second degree" basis as incurred during occasional business travels which is infrequent and the hazardous and non-hazardous wastes are also very rarely produced by our office operations.

For the property development business, we keep track of the relevant national and regional laws and regulations, such as the Environmental Protection Law of the People's Republic of China, the Law of the People's Republic of China on Environmental Impact Assessment, the Ambient Air Quality Standards of the People's Republic of China, the Environmental Quality Standard for Noise of the People's Republic of China, etc. The Group strictly monitors and supervises our contractors to go beyond the minimum requirements of the relevant laws and regulations and avoid the violation made in our projects. During 2019, the Company has no material violation of the relevant laws and regulations in relation to above environmental aspects.

The activities of the property investment and property management businesses are mostly carried out locally in project offices in Mainland China and Hong Kong. In line with our policy to minimise air and greenhouse gas emissions, the offices in most cities are equipped with video conferencing facilities to minimise the need for face to face meetings and keep business travelling to a minimum. Only a small percentage of employees travel for business is noted. There are no relevant laws and regulations applicable to our business on this aspect.

## A. 環境議題(續)

## 資源使用(層面A2)及 環境及天然資源(層面A3)

我們已採取一系列的內部監控政策及程序 以提高資源消耗(包括能源、水及紙張)的 效益。由於本集團擁有1,427(二零一八 年:1,429)名員工,我們消耗大量電力及 紙張,為有效使用該等資源,我們期望發 展業務時盡量減少對環境之影響。耗水量 主要有關員工或其個人衛生之消耗,故於 我們之業務並不重大。

有關節能及減少用紙之環境保護指引已在總辦事處及項目辦事處供全體員工傳閱。例如,提醒員工於下班、午膳或外出辦公時間及於任何可能之地方隨手關燈及關掉設備。於決定購置設備時,以節能辦公室設備為首選。於二零一九年,本集團之總用電量約28.5(二零一八年:32.4)百萬千瓦時。

自二零一四年十二月起,本集團內部開始 推廣及實施董事會文件電子系統,於節約 用紙之同時,容許本公司董事隨時隨地使 用便攜式電子裝置從網上獲取會議文件, 以提高董事會效率。

本集團內已實施以下業務流程,以提升效率及減少用紙:

- 電子銀行結單;
- 一 辦公室設備及用品之回收計劃;及
- 一 內部電子行政管理及溝通平台。

## A. ENVIRONMENTAL ISSUES (CONTINUED)

## Use of Resources (Aspect A2) and The Environment and Natural Resources (Aspect A3)

We have adopted a series of internal control policies and procedures to enhance the efficiency in consumption of resources including energy, water and paper. With 1,427 (2018: 1,429) staff across the Group, we consume considerable amounts of electricity and paper and with the efficient use of such, we hope to minimise our impact on the environment whilst we grow our businesses. Water consumption is not material to our business as it relates mainly to the personal consumption of our staff or for their personal hygiene.

Environmental protection guidelines in relation to energy savings and reduction in paper consumption are circulated to all staff at head office and project offices. For instance, staff are reminded to switch off lights and equipment after work, during lunch break or during the time working outside the office and wherever possible. Energy efficient office equipment is always preferred in making purchase decisions. During 2019, the Group's total electricity consumption was approximately 28.5 (2018: 32.4) million kWh.

Since December 2014, electronic board paper systems have been promoted and implemented throughout the Group, allowing our directors of the Company to access meeting papers online anytime, anywhere with the use of portable electronic devices, improving Board efficiency whilst saving papers.

Throughout the Group, the following business processes were implemented to improve efficiency and to reduce paper usage:

- electronic bank statements;
- recycling schemes of office equipments and supplies; and
- internal electronic administration and communication platform.

## A. 環境議題(續)

## 資源使用(層面A2)及 環境及天然資源(層面A3) (續)

就物業發展業務而言,本集團通過嚴格控制承包商實施多項環境保護管理措施,以 鼓勵及實施綠色設計。承包商須遵守有關 法律及法規及須:

- 定期對施工場地灑水,減少灰塵;
- 進出工地時清洗汽車及貨車;
- 安裝臨時噪音屏障及嚴格遵守營業時間;
- 建造廢水收集管道及水池以收集家居及建築廢水以確保有害廢水妥善排放;
- 分隔可回收及不可回收建築廢物,及 確保該等廢物得到妥善處理;及
- 要求使用節能系統及設施,如太陽能電池板、LED燈、電子感應器系統、雙層玻璃窗、具備隔熱材料及自然採光概念之外牆等,以符合我們綠色設計的理念。

## A. ENVIRONMENTAL ISSUES (CONTINUED)

## Use of Resources (Aspect A2) and The Environment and Natural Resources (Aspect A3) (continued)

For the property development business, the Group encourages and implements the green design by strictly control the contractors to implement various environmental protection management measures. The contractors are requested to comply with the relevant laws and regulations and are required to:

- sprinkle the construction sites regularly to reduce the dust raising;
- wash the cars and trucks when entry in and out the sites;
- install temporary noise barriers and strictly follow operation hours;
- build waste water collection pipes and pools to collect household and construction waste water and ensure that hazardous waste water is properly discharged;
- separate recyclable and non-recyclable construction wastes and ensure they are properly treated; and
- request to use energy saving systems and facilities, such as solar panel, LED light, electric sensor system, double layer glass window, external wall with thermal insulating material and natural lighting concept, etc, in order to meet our green design idea.

## A. 環境議題(續)

# 資源使用(層面A2)及 環境及天然資源(層面A3)

(續

就物業投資及物業管理業務而言,環保方 案於營運及維修工作中經常獲考慮及於可 能/適當時實施。

#### 該等方案包括:

- 在屋頂使用太陽能電池板,以產生潔 淨能源支援運作;
- 安裝感應器,在不使用時自動關掉照明及空調;
- 用LED燈代替耗能燈;
- 使用較佳隔熱效果之雙層玻璃窗,以減少能源消耗;
- 一 視乎情況使用再生水進行廁所沖洗;
- 在當眼位置放置回收箱,以鼓勵我們 的員工及客戶之廢物分類意識;及
- 定期檢查照明、空調及水管系統,防止天然資源之流失。

除上述者外,本集團之業務對環境及天然 資源並無直接影響。

## A. ENVIRONMENTAL ISSUES (CONTINUED)

# Use of Resources (Aspect A2) and The Environment and Natural Resources (Aspect A3) (continued)

For the property investment and property management businesses, eco-friendly options are often considered and where possible/appropriate are implemented in operations and maintenance works.

#### These include:

- use of solar panels on the roof top to generate clean energy in supporting operation;
- install sensors to turn off lighting and air-conditioning automatically when not in use;
- replace energy wasting lights with LED lights;
- use of double layer glass window for better thermosinsulating effects to reduce energy consumption;
- use of reclaimed water for toilet flushing where appropriate;
- place the recycling bins in the prominent place to encourage waste separation awareness amongst our staff and customers; and
- check the lighting, air-conditioning and water pipe systems regularly to prevent the lost of natural resources.

Except for the abovementioned, the Group's business has no direct impact on the environment and natural resources.

## B. 社會議題

## 僱傭、健康與安全及勞工準則 (層面B1、B2、B4)

本公司主要為投資控股公司,其附屬公司 經營範圍涉及在中國內地開發住宅、別 墅、辨公樓及商用物業,物業投資及物業 管理,以及在香港之物業投資及物業管 理。人才為我們最重要資產,以推動本公 司之長期發展及可持續發展。本集團之僱 傭政策如下:

- 遵守相關法律及法規;
- 作為平等機會僱主,在薪酬及解僱、 招聘及晉升、工作時數、假期、平等 機會、多元化、反歧視,以及其他員 工待遇及福利方面實施公平措施;
- 為僱員提供安全、健康及優質的工作環境,保障彼等免受職業性危害;
- 提倡員工良好工作生活平衡;
- 投資於員工之培訓及專業發展,以提 升彼等履行工作職責之知識及技能;
- 保持與員工公開對話,促進具透明度 之雙向溝通;及
- 防止童工及強制勞工。

#### **B. SOCIAL ISSUES**

# Employment, Health and Safety and Labour Standards (Aspects B1, B2, B4)

The Company is substantially an investment holding company and with subsidiaries involve in the development of apartments, villas, office buildings and commercial properties, property investment and property management in Mainland China, as well as property investment and property management in Hong Kong. Our people are our most important assets that drive the long term development and sustainability of the Company. The Group's policy on employment is as follows:

- observing relevant laws and regulations;
- being an equal-opportunity employer, implementing fair practices relating to compensation and dismissal, recruitment and promotion, working hours, rest periods, equal opportunity, diversity, anti-discrimination, and other benefits and welfare for our staff;
- providing a safe, healthy and quality workplace and protecting employees from occupational hazards;
- promoting a good work-life balance for staff;
- investing in training and professional development of our staff for the purpose of improving their knowledge and skills for discharging duties at work;
- maintaining an open dialogue with our staff, facilitating a transparent two-way communication; and
- preventing child and forced labour.

## B. 社會議題(續)

## 僱傭、健康與安全及勞工準則 (層面B1、B2、B4)(續)

本集團於中國內地之員工僱傭受《中華人民 共和國勞動法》及《中華人民共和國勞動合 同法》規限。而於香港之員工僱傭則受《僱 傭條例》、《最低工資條例》及《僱員補償條 例》規限。本集團並不知悉存在違反上述相 關法規之情況。

我們之薪酬及福利(包括工作時數、假期及福利)需較業界之其他同業有競爭力,且普遍超過相關法規規定之最低要求。鑒於我們之業務性質、工傷、職業健康問題及發生僱用童工的情況並非重大風險因素。

有關本集團人力資源之進一步資料亦於董事會報告第96頁之「僱員及培訓」一節內詳述。

本集團致力為員工提供安全舒適之工作環境。再者,我們亦定期向員工提供促進良好工作生活平衡等福利計劃。

於二零一九年十二月三十一日,本集團於中國內地、香港及澳洲共聘用1,427(二零一八年:1,429)名員工。

#### 員工數目分類

#### B. SOCIAL ISSUES (CONTINUED)

# Employment, Health and Safety and Labour Standards (Aspects B1, B2, B4) (continued)

In Mainland China, staff employment is subject to the Labour Law of the People's Republic of China and the Labour Contract Law of the People's Republic of China. In Hong Kong, the Group's employment of staff is subject to the Employment Ordinance, the Minimum Wage Ordinance, as well as the Employee's Compensation Ordinance. The Group has no known noncompliance with the above relevant regulations.

Our compensation and benefits (including working hours, rest periods, welfare) need to be competitive with other peers in the similar sectors and in general exceeds the minimum as required by the relevant regulations. Owing to the nature of our businesses, work related injuries, occupational health issues and the incurrence of child labour are not significant risk factors.

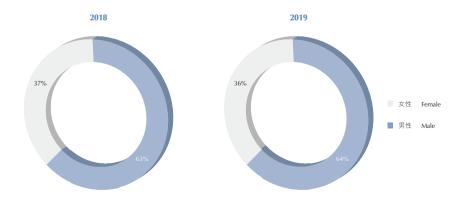
Further information on the Group's human resources is also detailed in the section headed "Employee and Training" contained in the Directors' Report on page 96.

The Group endeavours to provide a safe and pleasant working environment for our staff. On top of this, well-being programs such as those promoting a good work-life balance are regularly offered to staff.

As at 31st December, 2019, the Group employs a total of 1,427 (2018: 1,429) staff in Mainland China, Hong Kong and Australia.

#### Number of staff breakdown

按性別劃分 By Gender



# 環境、社會及管治報告

# **ENVIRONMENTAL, SOCIAL AND GOVERNANCE REPORT**

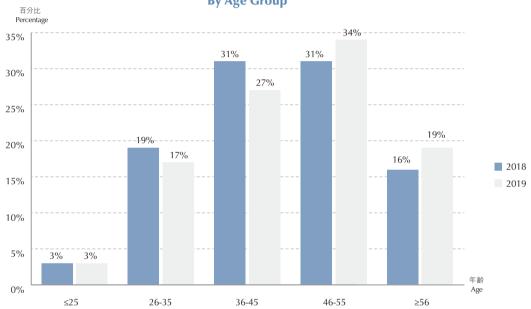
## B. 社會議題(續)

僱傭、健康與安全及勞工準則 (層面B1、B2、B4)(續)

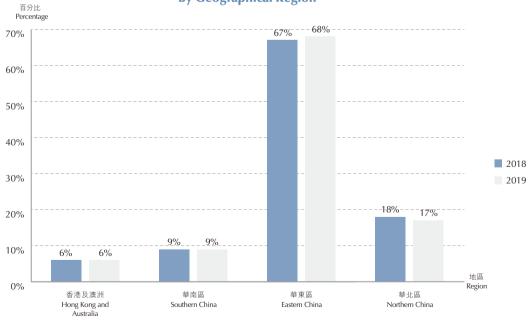
## **B. SOCIAL ISSUES** (CONTINUED)

Employment, Health and Safety and Labour Standards (Aspects B1, B2, B4) (continued)





按地區劃分 By Geographical Region



## B. 社會議題(續)

## 發展及培訓(層面B3)

除內部培訓外,本集團亦為員工提供學習資助,供其於工餘時間增進知識。於二零一九年,本集團員工培訓總共達5,000(二零一八年:3,661)小時。

#### 培訓時數分類

#### B. SOCIAL ISSUES (CONTINUED)

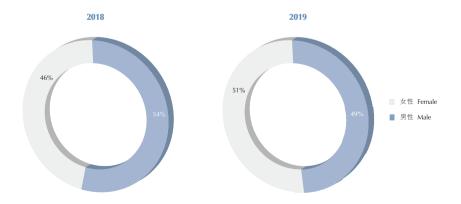
## **Development and Training (Aspect B3)**

The Group is committed to fostering a culture of continuous learning in our organisation. Heavy emphasis is placed on staff training which is tailored to equip our workforce with the necessary knowledge and skills relevant for their work, as well as to build our talent pool. Management is involved, together with professional trainers, in designing training programmes to meet the demands of the workplace. Training content and topics are set to cover the key aspects of our operations. Management development initiatives currently include courses on the second language training, prevention of bribery, bankruptcy laws, data privacy, technical skills, debt collection skills, product knowledge, computer skills, customer service techniques, communication and complaints handling. Workshops for managerial and supervisory staff are provided and are intended to enhance our employees' career development. There are also workshops specifically for managerial staff on career development, team building and people management skills.

On top of internal training, the Group also provides a study subsidy for staff to advance their education outside of office works. During 2019, staff training across the Group amounted to 5,000 (2018: 3,661) hours in total.

## Training hours breakdown

按性別劃分 By Gender



#### B. 社會議題(續)

#### 發展及培訓(層面B3)(續)

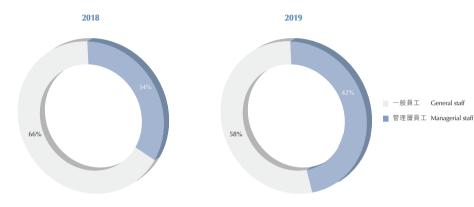
培訓時數分類(續)

#### **B. SOCIAL ISSUES** (CONTINUED)

## **Development and Training (Aspect B3)** (continued)

Training hours breakdown (continued)

按等級劃分 By Grade



## 供應鏈管理(層面B5)

本集團之主要業務供應商包括設計師、承包商、建築商、建築材料供應商、銷售及租賃代理、服務供應商、資訊科技及通訊、法律及其他業務服務供應商以及辦公室用品供應商。彼等之價格、適用性及信譽乃聘請及採購決策之主要因素。

本集團僅聘請在相關範疇及建築工程水準方面具備相關資格之本地承包商。至致被請進行建築工地項目招標,而我們在紹標時過程中進行評估及篩選。我們有明確界定選擇合適承包商及供應商之政策,通過經費內方數。 透其註冊許可證、資格水平、相關經驗及我們的項目規模。該等承包商及供應商力供應商及供應商及供應商力,通過級及我們的項目規模。該等承包商及供應商力,基於良好往績記錄、信譽而被精心挑選,並須進行基準測試、審核及輪換。

#### **Supply Chain Management (Aspect B5)**

The Group's main business suppliers include designers, contractors, constructors, construction material suppliers, sales and leasing agents, services providers, providers of information technology and communication, legal and other business services as well as vendors for office supplies. Their prices, suitability and reputation are the main factors in engagement and procurement decision making.

The Group only engages local contractors with possession of relevant qualification in relevant aspect and level of the construction works. At least three independent potential contractors and suppliers would make or be invited to make the tender for site projects and we conduct tendering procedures on the assessment and selection. We have well defined policies on selecting of suitable contractors and suppliers by checking their registered licenses, qualification level, relevant experience and our project size. Those contractors and suppliers are selected carefully based on track record of good practices, reputation and are subject to benchmarking, audits and rotation.

## B. 社會議題(續)

#### 供應鏈管理(層面B5)(續)

#### 產品責任(層面B6)

就中國內地之物業發展業務而言,我們的項目遵循省及中央政府公佈物業質量之相關指引、法律及法規。我們的項目工程師定期檢查建築材料及建築工程以確保建築商嚴格遵守相關國家法律及法規,建設具合理質素及安全之建築,並達致可接受之可靠水平。於二零一九年,並未發現不符合上述法律或法規之情況。

就物業租賃及管理服務而言,本集團加強 設施及設備,以提高服務質素。我們致力 與客戶保持密切關係及使客戶滿意。

由於物業發展業務之性質涉及高價格產品,信譽風險監測及預防措施至為重要。我們已採取多項措施,盡量減低風險。物業質量之結果及反應作及時的監控。集團提供全面售後服務,包括處理客戶。於保修責任期內,我們將缺漏事項轉定不發,以跟進買了承包的工程部門或承包商,以跟進買了承包商亦誠如上文所述須受嚴格監督。

## **B. SOCIAL ISSUES** (CONTINUED)

## **Supply Chain Management (Aspect B5)** (continued)

In order to ensure the quality of the construction works, products and services supply, our construction as well as products and services supply contracts typically contain warranties for quality and completion time. The contractors are also responsible to supervise and monitor the construction works seriously. Our engineering department regulates and monitors the cost control and construction progress closely during construction with periodic on-site inspection and stringent quality control procedures. The suppliers are required to be evaluated and screened by the Group based on established procedures for the quality of products and services as prescribed by the contracts. We also set out provisions to the contractors and suppliers for occupational safety, good environmental practices and social responsibility and ensure they have no violation of the relevant laws and regulations of Mainland China.

#### **Product Responsibility (Aspect B6)**

For the property development business in Mainland China, our projects follow the relevant guidelines, laws and regulations on property quality announced by the provincial and Central governments. Our project engineers regularly inspect the building materials and construction works so as to ensure the constructors strictly abide by the relevant national laws and regulations to construct reasonable quality and safety building and meet the acceptable reliability level. During 2019, there were no known cases of non-compliance with the above laws or regulations.

For the property rental and management services, the Group enhances our facilities and equipment to improve service quality. We endeavour to maintain a close relationship with our customers and pursue customers' satisfaction.

Owing to the nature of the property development business where a high price product is involved, reputational risk monitoring and preventions are of utmost importance. We have various measures in place to minimise risks. Results and response to property quality are monitored on a timely basis. The Group provides comprehensive after-sale services including handling customer complaints and supervising the repair and ongoing maintenance of the properties developed. During the defect liability period, we forward the defect to our engineering department or contractors to follow up all the substandard works reported by the purchasers. Contractors engaged for construction are tightly monitored as discussed above.

## B. 社會議題(續)

## 產品責任(層面B6)(續)

就物業租賃及管理服務業務而言,我們每個項目之物業管理處均設有接待處。我們密切關注客戶之不滿,並將投訴轉交相關部門跟進。於二零一九年,投訴率低且大部份投訴人接受或對我們的答覆表示滿意。本集團竭力及時回應租戶提出之問題及投訴。

就於中國內地及香港為物業買家及租戶提供服務而言,我們高度重視保護客戶資料私隱。我們已制定了措施和明確指引,以確保客戶的相關資料得到保障,防止他人未經授權或意外獲取、處理或刪除,並透過當實體、電子及管理措施實施適當當級別的安全保障以保護及保障客戶個人各級別的安全保障以保護及保障客戶個人客戶資料保密及闡明處理客戶資料之適當程序。

#### 反貪污(層面B7)

本集團已設立舉報者政策,以便僱員直接 向高級管理層報告任何不法行為、任何貪 污事件、逃避內部監控、不正確或不妥當 之財務或其他報告事宜。本集團定期向僱 員傳達此政策及載於本集團員工手冊內, 方便僱員輕鬆查閱及提醒員工舉報意識。 於二零一九年,並未發現不符合上述法律 或法規之情況。

#### **B. SOCIAL ISSUES** (CONTINUED)

## **Product Responsibility (Aspect B6)** (continued)

For the business of property rental and management services, we have a reception desk in property management office for each project. We pay close attention to the customer dissatisfaction and forward the complaint to relevant departments for follow-up. During 2019, the complaint rate is low and most of the complainants accepted or were satisfied with our replies. The Group put the best effort to response instantly to the problem and complaint submitted by the tenant.

Servicing the property purchaser and tenant in Mainland China and Hong Kong, we place a very high priority to uphold the customer data privacy. Measures and clear guidelines are in place to ensure customer's relevant data are protected against unauthorised or accidental access, processing or erasure. Appropriate levels of security protection were implemented by appropriate physical, electronic and managerial measures to safeguard and secure customer's personal data. In addition, our Employee Manual requires employees to keep confidential of the information which includes customer information and states the proper procedures of handling customer data.

#### **Anti-corruption (Aspect B7)**

A Whistle Blower Policy has been established to facilitate employees' direct reporting of any unlawful conduct, any incident of corruption, avoidance of internal controls, incorrect or improper financial or other reporting to senior management. This policy is either circulated to employees periodically or included in the Employee Manual of the Group to facilitate employees' easy access and refresh employees' awareness of reporting. During 2019, there were no known cases of non-compliance with the above laws or regulations.

## B. 社會議題(續)

## 社區投資(層面B8)

我們致力為客戶精益求精,並透過鼓勵員 工參與慈善及社會服務,承擔良好企業公 民為社區作出貢獻之責任。

在香港,我們於二零一九年一月參與百萬 行、二零一九年六月參與了「饑饉一餐」以 及於二零一九年九月參與了慈善月餅活 動。該等志願活動錄得積極主動的參與。 我們期望透過義工活動幫助社區內的弱勢 社群,如低收入長者、獨居長者、兒童教 育、環境保育等,向彼等獻出我們的關懷 及關注。

我們於二零一九年合共捐出14,000港元(二零一八年:1,151,000港元)予慈善機構。

## **B. SOCIAL ISSUES** (CONTINUED)

## **Community Investment (Aspect B8)**

We strive to excel for our customers and undertake the responsibility of a good corporate citizen contributing to the community by encouraging our staff to enroll in charity and social services.

In Hong Kong, we participated in Walk for Millions in January 2019, Skip-A-Meal in June 2019 and Mooncakes for Charity in September 2019. The volunteering activities were recorded proactive participation. We hope that through the volunteer activities, we can help the underprivileged in the community, like low-income senior citizens, senior citizens living alone, children education, environmental conservation, etc, by offering our care and concern.

Total donations of HK\$14,000 (2018: HK\$1,151,000) were paid to charitable institutions during 2019.

# 董事會報告 DIRECTORS' REPORT

本公司之董事會(「董事會」)同寅謹將本公司及 其附屬公司(統稱「本集團」)截至二零一九年 十二月三十一日止年度之年報及經審核綜合財 務報表呈覽。

#### 主要業務

本公司乃一間投資控股公司,其主要附屬公司、聯營公司及合營企業於二零一九年十二月三十一日之主要業務及詳情分別列於綜合財務報表附註50、51及52。

本集團於年內之收入主要來自中華人民共和國 (「中國」)之業務。本集團截至二零一九年十二 月三十一日止年度之收入及除稅前之溢利貢獻 按主要業務列於綜合財務報表附註6。

#### 業務審視

本集團業務的詳細回顧載列於董事總經理報告 (「董事總經理報告」)第6頁內。自財政年度末 後發生並影響本集團的重要事項資料於綜合財 務報表附註54「報告期後事項」第(ii)項中提供。 本公司業務的未來發展載列於董事總經理報告 第7頁。於年內以財務關鍵表現指標對本集團 表現作出的分析於董事總經理報告及管理層討 論及分析第4頁至第15頁提供。

#### 主要風險及不確定性

本集團採納全面風險管理框架。風險管理政策 及程序會因應市況變動及本集團之業務策略而 作出定期檢討及更新。本公司之審核委員會 (「審核委員會」)審閱風險相關政策及詳細監察 管理層已履行其職責,以建立就監察及控制由 本集團業務活動、外部變動風險及監管環境所 產生之主要風險所需的有效風險管理及內部監 控系統,以及向董事會就以上的事項匯報。 The board of directors of the Company ("Board") presents its annual report and the audited consolidated financial statements of the Company and its subsidiaries (collectively "Group") for the year ended 31st December, 2019.

#### PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES

The Company acts as an investment holding company. The principal activities and details of its principal subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures as at 31st December, 2019 are set out in notes 50, 51 and 52 to the consolidated financial statements respectively.

The Group's revenue for the year was derived mainly from activities carried out in the People's Republic of China ("PRC"). The breakdown by principal activities of the Group's revenue and the contribution to profit before taxation for the year ended 31st December, 2019 is set out in note 6 to the consolidated financial statements.

#### **BUSINESS REVIEW**

Detailed review of the Group's business is set out in the Managing Director's Statement ("MDS") on page 6. Particulars of important events affecting the Group that have occurred since the end of the financial year are provided in item (ii) of note 54 "Events after the Reporting Period" to the consolidated financial statements. Future development of the Company's business is set out in the MDS on page 7. An analysis of the Group's performance during the year using financial key performance indicators is provided in the MDS and Management Discussion and Analysis on pages 4 to 15.

#### **Principal Risks and Uncertainties**

The Group adopts a comprehensive risk management framework. Risk management policies and procedures are regularly reviewed and updated to react to changes in market conditions and the Group's business strategy. The audit committee of the Company ("Audit Committee") reviews risk-related policies and scrutinises that management has performed its duty to have effective risk management and internal control systems necessary for monitoring and controlling major risks arising from the Group's business activities, changing external risks and the regulatory environment, and reports to the Board on the above.

## 業務審視(續)

## 主要風險及不確定性(續)

#### 財務風險

財務風險包括市場風險、信貸風險及流動性風險。市場風險涉及投資價值因市場因素變動而改變,其可細分為利率風險、外幣風險及其他價格風險等。信貸風險乃客戶或交易方不遵守承諾支付款項而引致損失的風險。流動性風險則涉及指定抵押品或資產未能迅速在市場上買賣以防止損失或賺取所需溢利的風險。財務風險管理之詳細論述於綜合財務報表附註48b「財務風險管理目標及政策」內概述。

#### 營運風險

營運風險涉及因內部程序、人為、制度之不足或失當或外在事件導致之可能損失。本集團透過建立健全內部監控、清晰界定職權範圍、恰當之職務分工與有效內部匯報制度及應變計劃,減少及控制營運風險。本集團的企業文化乃各級業務及營運管理層均在日常工作中,對所屬業務單位的營運風險充分了解及負責。獨立監控及檢討由本集團內部審計功能執行,並定期向董事會主席及審核委員會匯報。

#### 不確定性

於回顧年度,本集團的業務及盈利能力的增長 受中國宏觀經濟狀況的波動性及不確定性影響。政策修改、利率改變、準備金率變動、供 求不平衡、房價指數及整體經濟狀況可能引致 本集團之業務、財務狀況及業績重大調整。

## **BUSINESS REVIEW** (CONTINUED)

## **Principal Risks and Uncertainties** (continued)

## Financial Risk

Financial risk includes market risk, credit risk and liquidity risk. Market risk concerns that the value of an investment will change due to movements in market factors and which can be further divided into interest rate risk, foreign currency risk and other price risk. Credit risk is the risk of losses arising from clients or counterparties failing to make payments as contracted. Liquidity risk concerns that a given security or asset cannot be traded readily in the market to prevent a loss or make the required profit. Further discussion on financial risk management is outlined in note 48b "Financial Risk Management Objective and Policies" to the consolidated financial statements.

#### Operational Risk

Operational risk is concerned with possible losses caused by inadequate or failed internal processes, people, systems or external events. Operational risk is mitigated and controlled through establishing robust internal controls, setting out clear lines of responsibility, proper segregation of duties and effective internal reporting and contingency planning. It is our corporate culture that the business and operating line management are fully aware of, and responsible for, managing the operational risks of their business units on a day-to-day basis. Independent monitoring and reviews are conducted by the Internal Audit Function of the Group which reports regularly to the Chairman of the Board and the Audit Committee.

#### **Uncertainties**

The Group's business and profitability growth in the year under review are affected by the volatility and uncertainty of macroeconomic conditions in China. The policy change, interest rate change, reserve requirement ratio change, demand-supply imbalance, house price indexes and the overall economic conditions may induce a material adjustment on the Group's business, financial position and results.

## 業務審視(續)

## 環境政策及表現

本集團致力維持其經營所在環境及社區之長期可持續性。本集團以對環境負責之方式行事,盡力遵守由當地政府訂立有關開發及管理房地產之環境保護法律及法規。本集團符合建築方面的噪音污染控制、空氣污染控制、污水排放系統及建築廢料處理的準則及標準,以及鼓勵本集團項目進行綠化。

本集團亦致力締造成一間環保企業。本集團之 目標為減低其經營業務對環境之影響。本集團 之環保政策包括減少耗用紙張及電力、減少廢 物及鼓勵使用電子通訊及儲存方式。

有關本集團對環境議題之進一步資料亦詳述於「環境、社會及管治報告」第56頁至第70頁內。

#### 遵守法律及法規

就董事會及管理層所知,本集團已於各重要方面遵守對本集團業務及經營產生重大影響之相關法律及法規。於年內,本集團概無嚴重違反或不遵守適用法律及法規。

#### 業績及股息

本集團之業績列於綜合損益表第106頁及隨附 之綜合財務報表附註內。

董事會已宣佈派發截至二零一九年十二月三十一日止年度之中期股息每股20港仙(代替末期股息)(二零一八年中期股息(代替末期股息):每股20港仙),並將於二零二零年四月二十八日(星期二)或前後派付予於二零二零年四月十四日(星期二)名列本公司股東名冊內之本公司股東(「股東」)。有關詳情列於綜合財務報表附註14。

## **BUSINESS REVIEW** (CONTINUED)

#### **Environmental Policies and Performance**

The Group is committed to the long term sustainability of the environment and communities in which it operates. Acting in an environmentally responsible manner, the Group endeavours to comply with the laws and regulations regarding environmental protection legislated by the local government for developing and managing the properties. The Group meets the criteria and standard of noise pollution control, air pollution control, sewage drainage system and construction waste treatment for construction as well as encourages to make green in our projects.

The Group is also committed to building an eco-friendly corporation. It is the Group's aim to reduce the impacts of its operations on the environment. The environmental policies of the Group include minimising consumption of paper and electricity, reducing waste and promoting the use of electronic communication and storage.

Further information on the Group's environmental issues also detailed in the "Environmental, Social and Governance Report" on pages 56 to 70.

#### **Compliance with Laws and Regulations**

As far as the Board and management are aware, the Group has complied in material respects with the relevant laws and regulations that have a significant impact on the business and operation of the Group. During the year, there was no material breach of or noncompliance with the applicable laws and regulations by the Group.

#### **RESULTS AND DIVIDENDS**

The results of the Group are set out in the consolidated statement of profit or loss on page 106 and in the accompanying notes to the consolidated financial statements.

The Board has declared an interim dividend of HK20 cents per share (in lieu of a final dividend) for the year ended 31st December, 2019 (2018 interim dividend (in lieu of a final dividend): HK20 cents per share) payable on or around Tuesday, 28th April, 2020 to the shareholders of the Company ("Shareholders") whose names appear on the register of members of the Company on Tuesday, 14th April, 2020. Details are set out in note 14 to the consolidated financial statements.

## 投資物業

於年內,本集團收購投資物業總值約335,000港元,而若干已竣工物業存貨價值為208,559,000港元轉為投資物業。本集團重估其所有投資物業截至年結日之價值,因重新估價而引致之盈餘為348,363,000港元,並已於綜合損益表內確認。

上述事項及本集團投資物業於年內其他變動之 詳情列於綜合財務報表附註17。

## 物業、廠房及設備

於年內,本集團購入之物業、廠房及設備總值約8,009,000港元。

上述事項及本集團物業、廠房及設備於年內其 他變動之詳情列於綜合財務報表附註15。

## 物業

本集團於二零一九年十二月三十一日之主要物 業資料列於第24頁至第33頁。

## 股本及已發行股份

本公司之股本於年內之變動詳情列於綜合財務 報表附註37。

## 債權證

於年內,本集團並無發行任何債權證。

#### 股票掛鈎協議

於年內或本年度結束時,本公司並無訂立股票 掛鈎協議而將或可能導致本公司發行股份或規 定本公司訂立任何將或可能導致本公司發行股 份之協議。

#### **INVESTMENT PROPERTIES**

During the year, the Group acquired investment properties totalling approximately HK\$335,000 in value and certain inventories of completed properties to a value of HK\$208,559,000 were transferred to investment properties. The Group revalued all of its investment properties as at the year end date. The surplus arising on the revaluation amounted to HK\$348,363,000 and has been recognised in the consolidated statement of profit or loss.

Details of these and other movements in the investment properties of the Group during the year are set out in note 17 to the consolidated financial statements.

## PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

During the year, the Group acquired property, plant and equipment totalling approximately HK\$8,009,000.

Details of these and other movements in property, plant and equipment of the Group during the year are set out in note 15 to the consolidated financial statements.

#### **PROPERTIES**

Particulars of major properties of the Group as at 31st December, 2019 are set out on pages 24 to 33.

#### SHARE CAPITAL AND SHARES ISSUED

Details of movement in the share capital of the Company during the year are set out in note 37 to the consolidated financial statements.

## **DEBENTURES**

The Group has not issued any debentures during the year.

#### **EQUITY-LINKED AGREEMENTS**

No equity-linked agreements that will or may result in the Company issuing shares or that require the Company to enter into any agreements that will or may result in the Company issuing shares were entered into by the Company during the year or subsisted at the end of the year.

## 借款

須於一年內償還或應要求下償還之銀行貸款及 其他借款歸納於流動負債內。有關附息及免息 借款之還款詳情分別列於綜合財務報表附註35 及36。

## 董事

於年內及截至本報告日期止之本公司之董事 (「董事」)如下:

*執行董事:* 宋增彬

李成偉

馬申

勞景祐 杜燦生

非執行董事:

李成輝 鄭慕智

獨立非執行董事:

鄭鑄輝

金惠志 魏華生 楊麗琛

根據本公司組織章程細則(「組織章程細則」) 第105(A)條,勞景祐先生、鄭慕智博士、 鄭鑄輝先生及魏華生先生將輪值退任,惟有 資格並願膺選連任。

於年內出任本公司附屬公司董事會的全體董事 名單可於本公司網站「企業管治」一節瀏覽。

#### **BORROWINGS**

Bank loans and other borrowings which are repayable within one year or on demand are classified as current liabilities. Repayment analysis of interest-bearing and interest-free borrowings are set out in notes 35 and 36 to the consolidated financial statements respectively.

#### **DIRECTORS**

The directors of the Company ("Directors") during the year and up to the date of this report were:

Executive Directors:

Song Zengbin

Patrick Lee Seng Wei

Ma Sun

Edwin Lo King Yau Tao Tsan Sang

Non-Executive Directors:

Lee Seng Hui

Moses Cheng Mo Chi

Independent Non-Executive Directors:

Francis J. Chang Chu Fai

Jin Hui Zhi Ngai Wah Sang Lisa Yang Lai Sum

In accordance with Article 105(A) of the articles of association of the Company ("Articles of Association"), Mr. Edwin Lo King Yau, Dr. Moses Cheng Mo Chi, Messrs. Francis J. Chang Chu Fai and Ngai Wah Sang shall retire from office by rotation and, being eligible, offer themselves for re-election.

A list of names of all the directors who have served on the boards of the Company's subsidiaries during the year are available on the website of the Company under the "Corporate Governance" section.

## 董事及高級管理人員之個人資料

#### 執行董事

宋增彬,現年六十五歲,於二零零八年六月獲委任為本公司之副主席及非執行董事,並於二零一零年四月改任為本公司之執行董事。彼亦為本公司若干附屬公司之董事。宋先生畢業於大連理工大學土木工程系,持有工程學碩士學位,並為一名國家註冊建造師。彼具有超過四十年工程及管理經驗,曾於設計院、多間大型國營公司及政府部門擔任高級職位,宋先生並由二零零三年起獲大連理工大學邀請為兼職教授。

李成偉,現年六十八歲,於一九九六年六月獲委任為本公司之執行董事,並分別於二零零四年二月及二零零五年十二月出任為本公司之主席及代理董事總經理。彼於二零零七年四月不再出任主席,並由本公司之代理董事總經理理。 任為董事總經理。彼亦為本公司若干附屬別已董事。彼為一名建築師,曾任職於澳洲日BM,其後在馬來西亞及香港參與地產發展工作超過三十年,彼於物業發展具豐富經驗。李先生為本公司之非全資附屬公司亞證地產有限公司主席李成輝先生之堂兄。

馬申,現年七十九歲,於二零零三年四月獲委任為本公司之執行董事,並於二零零九年四月獲委任為本公司新增之副總裁,負責統籌本公司之數碼城項目之投資及開發。馬先生於一九八四年加入新鴻基證券有限公司(現稱光大新鴻基有限公司),一九八五年轉調本集團。彼亦為本公司若干附屬公司之董事。除持有機電工程學士學位外,彼擁有豐富機電工程經驗及超過三十年的中國商貿、金融投資及物業發展經驗。

## BIOGRAPHICAL DETAILS OF DIRECTORS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT

#### **Executive Directors**

Song Zengbin, aged 65, was appointed the Deputy Chairman and a Non-Executive Director of the Company in June 2008 and was redesignated as an Executive Director of the Company in April 2010. He is also a director of certain subsidiaries of the Company. Mr. Song graduated from the Civil Engineering Department of Dalian University of Technology with a Master's Degree in Engineering and is a state registered construction engineer. He has more than forty years of experience in the fields of engineering and management by serving in various senior roles in a design institute, several large state companies and municipal government. Mr. Song has also been invited as a guest professor for Dalian University of Technology since 2003.

Patrick Lee Seng Wei, aged 68, was appointed an Executive Director of the Company in June 1996 and became the Chairman and the Acting Managing Director of the Company in February 2004 and December 2005 respectively. He relinquished his role as the Chairman and was re-designated from the Acting Managing Director to the Managing Director of the Company in April 2007. He is also a director of certain subsidiaries of the Company. Being an architect, he worked for IBM Australia before becoming involved in property development in Malaysia and Hong Kong more than thirty years ago. He has extensive experience in the property field. Mr. Lee is the chairman and an executive director of Asiasec Properties Limited ("ASL"), a non wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company. He is a cousin of Mr. Lee Seng Hui (the Chairman of the Company).

Ma Sun, aged 79, was appointed an Executive Director of the Company in April 2003 and became an additional Deputy Managing Director of the Company responsible for organising the investment and development of the cyberpark projects of the Company in April 2009. Mr. Ma joined Sun Hung Kai Securities Limited (now known as Everbright Sun Hung Kai Company Limited) in 1984 and was then transferred to the Group in 1985. He is also a director of certain subsidiaries of the Company. Besides holding a Bachelor's Degree in Electrical Engineering, he has extensive experience in electrical engineering and over thirty years of experience in China commercial business, financial investment and property development.

## 董事及高級管理人員之個人資料(續)

## 執行董事(續)

勞景祐,現年五十九歲,於一九九九年八月獲委任為本公司之執行董事。彼亦為本公司若干附屬公司之董事。勞先生持有澳洲Macquarie University之應用財務碩士學位,亦為特許秘書及Chartered Governance Professional。彼曾於香港多間公司履任多項行政職位,包括於上市公司出任公司秘書。勞先生亦為本公司之主要股東聯合集團有限公司(「聯合集團」)及本公司之非全資附屬公司亞證地產之執行董事。

杜燦生,現年五十五歲,於二零零九年十月獲委任為本公司之執行董事,並於二零一九年七月由本公司之財務總監改任為財務董事。彼於一九九四年五月加入本公司。杜先生持有香港理工大學之工商管理碩士學位,亦為香港會計師公會會員及英國特許管理會計師公會會員。彼具有豐富之會計、財務管理及中國商業經驗。杜先生為本公司之非全資附屬公司亞證地產之執行董事。

## 非執行董事

李成輝,現年五十一歲,於二零零七年四月獲委任為本公司之主席及非執行董事。彼亦為本公司若干附屬公司之董事。李先生畢業於澳門雪梨大學法律系,並取得榮譽學位。彼之前曾於麥堅時律師行及羅富齊父子(香港)有限公司之主要股東聯合地產(香港)有限公司之行政總裁及執行董事以及Mount Gibson Iron Limited (「Mount Gibson」)之非執行董事以及Mount Gibson為澳洲證券交易所之上市公司。李先生曾為本公司之非全資附屬公司亞證地產之主席及非執行董事。彼為本公司董事總經理李成偉先生之堂弟及本公司之集團營運總監鄒志忠先生之姐夫。

# BIOGRAPHICAL DETAILS OF DIRECTORS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

#### **Executive Directors** (continued)

Edwin Lo King Yau, aged 59, was appointed an Executive Director of the Company in August 1999. He is also a director of certain subsidiaries of the Company. Mr. Lo holds a Master's Degree in Applied Finance from Macquarie University, Australia and is a Chartered Secretary and a Chartered Governance Professional. He had served various executive roles in several companies in Hong Kong including as company secretary for public listed companies. Mr. Lo is also an executive director of each of Allied Group Limited ("AGL"), a substantial shareholder of the Company, and ASL, a non wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company.

Tao Tsan Sang, aged 55, was appointed an Executive Director of the Company in October 2009 and was re-designated from the Financial Controller to the Finance Director of the Company in July 2019. He is also a director of certain subsidiaries of the Company. He joined the Company in May 1994. Mr. Tao holds a Master's Degree in Business Administration from The Hong Kong Polytechnic University and is an associate of the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants and The Chartered Institute of Management Accountants. He has extensive experience in accounting, financial management and China business field. Mr. Tao is an executive director of ASL, a non whollyowned subsidiary of the Company.

## **Non-Executive Directors**

Lee Seng Hui, aged 51, was appointed the Chairman and a Non-Executive Director of the Company in April 2007. He is also a director of certain subsidiaries of the Company. Mr. Lee graduated from the Law School of the University of Sydney with Honours. Previously, he worked with Baker & McKenzie and N M Rothschild & Sons (Hong Kong) Limited. Mr. Lee is also the chief executive and an executive director of each of AGL and Allied Properties (H.K.) Limited, both are substantial shareholders of the Company. He is a non-executive director of APAC Resources Limited ("APAC Resources") and the nonexecutive chairman of Mount Gibson Iron Limited ("Mount Gibson"). Mount Gibson is a company listed on the Australian Securities Exchange. Mr. Lee was previously the chairman and non-executive director of ASL, a non wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company. He is a cousin of Mr. Patrick Lee Seng Wei (the Managing Director of the Company) and the brother-in-law of Mr. Chew Chee Choong (the Group Chief Operating Officer of the Company).

## 董事及高級管理人員之個人資料(續)

## 非執行董事(續)

鄭慕智, 現年七十歲, 於一九九七年五月獲委 任為本公司之獨立非執行董事,並於二零零四 年九月改任為本公司之非執行董事。彼乃執業 事務律師及自一九九四年至二零一五年間出任 香港胡百全律師事務所之首席合夥人,現為該 所之顧問律師。鄭博士現為保險業監管局主 席。彼亦為金融領導委員會之委員以及航空發 展與機場三跑道系統諮詢委員會之成員。鄭博 士為香港董事學會之創會主席,現任該會榮譽 會長及榮譽主席。彼曾擔任香港立法局議員、 香港聯合交易所有限公司主板及GEM上市委 員會主席,以及香港財務匯報局薪酬委員會成 員。彼亦曾擔任教育統籌委員會、免費幼稚 園教育委員會、前任行政長官及政治委任官員 離職後工作諮詢委員會、離職公務員就業申 請諮詢委員會之主席。彼亦於多間於香港上市 公司出任獨立非執行董事及非執行董事,包 括中國移動有限公司、華潤啤酒(控股)有限公 司、粵海投資有限公司、嘉華國際集團有限公 司、廖創興企業有限公司、香港中華煤氣有限 公司及港華燃氣有限公司。彼曾為ARA Asset Management Limited(為一間曾於新加坡上市 之公司)之獨立非執行董事及開達集團有限公 司之非執行董事。

## 獨立非執行董事

鄭鑄輝,現年六十五歲,於二零零四年九月獲委任為本公司之獨立非執行董事。彼於一九七六年取得加拿大蒙特利爾孔科爾迪亞大學之商學學士學位,並於一九七七年畢業於加拿大多倫多約克大學,取得工商管理碩士學位。彼擁有逾四十二年銀行、企業融資、投資及企業管理之經驗,曾出任金融機構多個行政職位,並於多間上市公司擔任董事。鄭先生現時為昱豐顧問有限公司之董事總經理及亞太資源之獨立非執行董事。

# BIOGRAPHICAL DETAILS OF DIRECTORS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

#### **Non-Executive Directors** (continued)

Moses Cheng Mo Chi, aged 70, was appointed an Independent Non-Executive Director of the Company in May 1997 and was redesignated as a Non-Executive Director of the Company in September 2004. He is a practising solicitor and the consultant of P. C. Woo & Co., a Hong Kong firm of solicitors after serving as its Senior Partner from 1994 to 2015. Dr. Cheng is currently the chairman of the Insurance Authority. He is also a member of the Financial Leaders Forum and the Aviation Development and Three-runway System Advisory Committee. Dr. Cheng was the founding chairman of the Hong Kong Institute of Directors of which he is now the Honorary President and Chairman Emeritus. He was a member of the Legislative Council of Hong Kong and the chairman of the Main Board Listing Committee and the GEM Listing Committee of The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited and a remuneration committee member of the Financial Reporting Council in Hong Kong. He was also the chairman of the Education Commission, the Free Kindergarten Education Committee, the Advisory Committee on Post-office Employment for former Chief Executives and Politically Appointment Officials, the Advisory Committee on Post-service Employment on Civil Servants. He also serves on the boards of various listed companies in Hong Kong as independent non-executive director and non-executive director, including China Mobile Limited, China Resources Beer (Holdings) Company Limited, Guangdong Investment Limited, K. Wah International Holdings Limited, Liu Chong Hing Investment Limited, The Hong Kong and China Gas Company Limited and Towngas China Company Limited. He was previously an independent non-executive director of ARA Asset Management Limited (which was formerly listed in Singapore) and a non-executive director of Kader Holdings Company Limited.

#### **Independent Non-Executive Directors**

Francis Johnson Chang Chu Fai, aged 65, was appointed an Independent Non-Executive Director of the Company in September 2004. He holds a Bachelor's Degree in Commerce from Concordia University in Montreal, Canada since 1976 and a Master's Degree in Business Administration from York University in Toronto, Canada since 1977. He has over forty-two years of experience in banking, corporate finance, investment and management and has held various executive positions at financial institutions and directorships of listed companies. Mr. Chang is currently the managing director of Ceres Consultancy Limited and an independent non-executive director of APAC Resources.

## 董事及高級管理人員之個人資料(續)

## 獨立非執行董事(續)

金惠志,現年六十歲,於二零一零年四月獲委任為本公司之獨立非執行董事。彼持有工商管理碩士學位。彼具有豐富營商經驗。金先生現為上海皓程投資有限公司(「上海皓程」)之董事長及上海青年企業家協會之副會長。上海皓程為一間主要投資在生物工程、環境節能保護和醫療衛生三大行業的公司。金先生亦曾任共青團上海市委青工部主任科員、研究室主任科員、副主任,常委及青工部部長。

魏華生,現年六十一歲,於二零零四年九月獲委任為本公司之獨立非執行董事。彼持有英國倫敦大學之理學士學位,亦分別為澳洲特許會計師公會及香港會計師公會資深會員。彼在核數、會計、財務管理以及處理業務發展及投資方面擁有豐富經驗,並曾任職香港及海外多間國際會計師事務所及上市公司。魏先生現時為瑞年國際有限公司之獨立非執行董事。

楊麗琛,現年五十三歲,於一九九九年十一月獲委任為本公司之獨立非執行董事,並於二零零四年九月改任為本公司之非執行董事。彼於二零零七年七月由本公司之非執行董事改任為獨立非執行董事。彼畢業於澳洲雪梨大學,取得法律及經濟學士學位,亦取得澳洲及英國之律師資格。彼現為香港執業律師,並為柯伍陳律師事務所之顧問。楊女士亦為本公司之主要股東聯合集團、非全資附屬公司亞證地產,以及中國醫療網絡有限公司之獨立非執行董事。

# BIOGRAPHICAL DETAILS OF DIRECTORS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

## **Independent Non-Executive Directors** (continued)

Jin Hui Zhi, aged 60, was appointed an Independent Non-Executive Director of the Company in April 2010. He holds a Master's Degree in Business Administration. He has extensive experience in the business market. Mr. Jin is currently the chairman of Shanghai Horizon Investment Co. Ltd. ("Shanghai Horizon") and the deputy president of the Youth Entrepreneur Association of Shanghai. Shanghai Horizon is a company principally engaged in the investment of three major industries, namely bio-engineering, environmental protection and energy-saving and medical. Mr. Jin was formerly chief member of Youth Work Ministry, chief member and deputy director of Research Department, member of Standing Committee and minister of Youth Work Ministry of China Communist Youth League Shanghai Committee.

Ngai Wah Sang, aged 61, was appointed an Independent Non-Executive Director of the Company in September 2004. He holds a Bachelor's Degree in Science from the University of London in United Kingdom and is a fellow of The Institute of Chartered Accountants in Australia and the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants in Hong Kong respectively. He has broad experience in auditing, accounting, financial management and dealing with business development and investments and previously worked for international accounting firms and listed companies in Hong Kong and overseas. Mr. Ngai is currently an independent non-executive director of Real Nutriceutical Group Limited.

Lisa Yang Lai Sum, aged 53, was appointed an Independent Non-Executive Director of the Company in November 1999 and was redesignated as a Non-Executive Director of the Company in September 2004. She was re-designated from a Non-Executive Director to an Independent Non-Executive Director of the Company in July 2007. She graduated from the University of Sydney with a Bachelor's Degree in Law and Economics and is also qualified as a solicitor in Australia and England. She is a practising solicitor in Hong Kong and a consultant of ONC Lawyers. Ms. Yang is also an independent non-executive director of each of AGL, a substantial shareholder of the Company, ASL, a non wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company, and China Medical & HealthCare Group Limited.

## 董事及高級管理人員之個人資料(續)

#### 高級管理人員

**鄒志忠**,現年四十八歲,自二零一九年一月起出任集團營運總監及本公司執行委員會成員。 彼於二零零五年十月加入本集團並曾任本集團 總經理。鄒先生亦為本公司若干附屬公司之董 事。彼具有超過二十年房地產建築建設及發展 經驗。鄒先生為本公司主席李成輝先生之舅 弟。

**胡愛民**,現年七十一歲,本集團之特別項目董事。彼於二零一零年四月加入本集團,及於二零一零年四月至二零一二年九月曾任本公司之副主席及執行董事。彼亦為本公司若干附屬公司之董事。胡先生畢業於中國湖南大學,持有管理學碩士學位。彼於行政管理、企業管理及人力資源方面擁有超過四十年經驗。

廖建新,現年四十九歲,自二零一九年七月起出任集團財務總監,於一九九九年六月加入本集團。彼亦為本公司若干附屬公司之董事。廖先生持有香港城市大學之會計學學士學位。彼為香港會計師公會會員、英國特許公認會計師公會資深會員、香港特許秘書公會及The Chartered Governance Institute(前稱英國特許秘書及行政人員公會)會員。加盟本集團前,廖先生曾於一間國際會計師行任職六年。彼具有豐富之會計、財務管理及中國商業經驗。

陳賽芳,現年六十八歲,本集團華南地區總經理,於二零零四年四月加入本集團。彼亦為本公司若干附屬公司之董事。陳女士於財經金融專業畢業,一直在內地及香港省一級機構及上市公司工作四十多年。從事金融、投資、項目及公司管理工作,有豐富的工作經歷及經驗。

# BIOGRAPHICAL DETAILS OF DIRECTORS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

## **Senior Management**

Chew Chee Choong, aged 48, is the Group Chief Operating Officer and a member of Executive Committee of the Company since January 2019. He joined the Group in October 2005 and was previously the General Manager of the Group. Mr. Chew is also a director of certain subsidiaries of the Company. He has over twenty years of experience in the fields of property construction and development. Mr. Chew is the brother-in-law of Mr. Lee Seng Hui (the Chairman of the Company).

**Hu Aimin,** aged 71, is the Director – Special Projects of the Group. He joined the Group in April 2010 and was previously Deputy Chairman and an Executive Director of the Company from April 2010 to September 2012. He is also a director of certain subsidiaries of the Company. Mr. Hu graduated from the Hunan University of China with a Master's Degree in Management. He has over forty years of experience in administrative management, corporate governance and human resources management.

Liu Kin Sun, aged 49, is the Group Financial Controller since July 2019. He joined the Group in June 1999. He is also a director of certain subsidiaries of the Company. Mr. Liu holds a Bachelor's Degree in Accountancy from City University of Hong Kong. He is an associate of the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants, a fellow of the Association of Chartered Certified Accountants, an associate of The Hong Kong Institute of Chartered Secretaries and The Chartered Governance Institute (formerly known as The Institute of Chartered Secretaries and Administrators). Prior to joining the Group, Mr. Liu had worked in an international accounting firm for six years. He has extensive experience in accounting, financial management and China business field.

Chen Saifang, aged 68, is the General Manager of the Southern China Region. She joined the Group in April 2004. She is also a director of certain subsidiaries of the Company. Ms. Chen was graduated with specialization in finance. She worked at the provincial level institutions and listed companies in the mainland and Hong Kong for more than forty years. She has extensive exposure and working experience in finance, investment, project and corporate management.

## 董事及高級管理人員之個人資料(續)

## 高級管理人員(續)

宋珠峰,現年五十九歲,本集團合約部總經理,於二零零三年十二月加入本集團。彼亦為本公司若干附屬公司之董事。宋先生畢業於北京清華大學土木工程系,持有工程學學士學位。彼具有超過三十年工程管理及房地產發展經驗。

周志敏,現年五十九歲,本集團物業管理部總經理,於一九九八年四月加入本集團,彼亦為本公司若干附屬公司之董事。周先生畢業於德國曼海姆大學,持有國際經濟關係碩士學位。彼具有超過二十年房地產發展及物業管理經驗。

## 董事之服務合約

擬於本公司之應屆股東週年大會(「股東週年大會」)上膺選連任之董事概無與本集團訂立本集團不可於一年內毋須賠償(法定賠償除外)而可予以終止之未到期服務合約。

## 非執行董事之任期

所有非執行董事(包括獨立非執行董事(「獨立 非執行董事」))均獲為期兩年的指定任期,任 期將持續至二零二零年十二月三十一日,惟董 事之離任或退任須受組織章程細則之有關條文 或任何其他適用法例所規限。

# BIOGRAPHICAL DETAILS OF DIRECTORS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

## **Senior Management** (continued)

**Song Zhu Feng,** aged 59, is the General Manager of the Contracts Department of the Group. He joined the Group in December 2003. He is also a director of certain subsidiaries of the Company. Mr. Song graduated from The Civil Engineering Department of Tsing Hua University in Beijing with a Bachelor's Degree in Engineering. He has over thirty years of experience in the fields of engineering and property development.

**Zhou Zhimin,** aged 59, is the General Manager of the Property Management Department of the Group. He joined the Group in April 1998. He is also a director of certain subsidiaries of the Company. Mr. Zhou graduated from the University of Mannheim in Germany with a Licentiate's Degree in International Economic Relations. He has over twenty years of experience in the fields of real estate development and property management.

### **DIRECTORS' SERVICE CONTRACTS**

None of the Directors proposed for re-election at the forthcoming annual general meeting of the Company ("AGM") has an unexpired service contract with the Group which is not determinable by the Group within one year without payment of compensation, other than statutory compensation.

## TERMS OF OFFICE FOR THE NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

All the Non-Executive Directors (including the Independent Non-Executive Directors ("INEDs")) were appointed for a specific term of two years which shall continue until 31st December, 2020 but subject to the relevant provisions of the Articles of Association or any other applicable laws whereby the Directors shall vacate or retire from their office.

## 董事之權益

於二零一九年十二月三十一日,根據證券及期 貨條例(「證券及期貨條例」)第352條規定所存 置之登記冊所載,董事李成輝先生及馬申先生 於本公司之股份及相關股份中擁有以下權益:

## **DIRECTORS' INTERESTS**

As at 31st December, 2019, Messrs. Lee Seng Hui and Ma Sun, Directors, had the following interests in the shares and underlying shares of the Company as recorded in the register required to be kept under Section 352 of the Securities and Futures Ordinance ("SFO"):

董事姓名 Name of Directors	公司名稱 Name of companies	擁有股份及 相關股份之數目 Number of shares and underlying shares interested	佔已發行股份 總數之概約百分比 Approximate % of the total number of issued shares	權益性質 Nature of interests
李成輝 Lee Seng Hui	本公司 the Company	733,269,096 <i>(附註1)</i> (Note 1)	48.86%	其他權益 Other interests
	亞證地產有限公司 (「亞證地產」) Asiasec Properties Limited ("ASL")	930,376,898 <i>(附註2)</i> (Note 2)	74.96%	其他權益 Other interests
馬申 Ma Sun	本公司 the Company	47,945	0.003%	個人權益 Personal interests (以實益擁有人身份持有) (held as beneficial owner)
	亞證地產 ASL	6,232	0.001%	個人權益 Personal interests (以實益擁有人身份持有) (held as beneficial owner)

#### 附註:

- 1. 李成輝先生連同李淑慧女士及李成煌先生均為Lee and Lee Trust(全權信託)之信託人。Lee and Lee Trust控制聯合集團有限公司(「聯合集團」)已發行股份總數約74.95%(包括李成輝先生之個人權益),故被視作擁有聯合集團於本公司股份中之權益,而聯合集團則被視作透過其擁有74.99%權益之附屬公司聯合地產(香港)有限公司(「聯合地產」)於本公司股份中擁有權益。
- 2. 基於李成輝先生於本公司之權益,彼被視作擁有 亞證地產(為本公司之非全資附屬公司而因此為本 公司之相聯法團(釋義見證券及期貨條例第XV部)) 之股份權益。
- 3. 上述所有權益均屬好倉。

#### Notes:

- 1. Mr. Lee Seng Hui together with Ms. Lee Su Hwei and Mr. Lee Seng Huang are the trustees of Lee and Lee Trust, being a discretionary trust. The Lee and Lee Trust controlled approximately 74.95% of the total number of issued shares of Allied Group Limited ("AGL") (inclusive of Mr. Lee Seng Hui's personal interests) and was therefore deemed to be interested in the shares of the Company in which AGL was interested through Allied Properties (H.K.) Limited ("APL"), its 74.99%-owned subsidiary.
- Mr. Lee Seng Hui, by virtue of his interests in the Company, was deemed to be interested in the shares of ASL, a non wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company and therefore an associated corporation of the Company within the meaning of Part XV of the SFO.
- 3. All interests stated above represent long positions.

## 董事之權益(續)

除上文所披露者外,於二零一九年十二月三十一日,本公司之各董事及最高行政人員概無於本公司或其任何相聯法團(釋義見證券及期貨條例第XV部)之任何股份、相關股份或債權證中擁有須記錄於根據證券及期貨條例第352條規定所存置之登記冊,或根據香港聯合交易所有限公司證券上市規則(「上市規則」)附錄十所載之上市發行人董事進行證券交易的標準守則須另行知會本公司及香港聯合交易所有限公司(「聯交所」)之任何權益或淡倉。

## 董事在構成競爭業務中之利益

於年內及截至本報告日期止,根據上市規則, 以下董事(獨立非執行董事除外)被視為於下列 與本集團業務競爭或有可能的競爭業務中持有 權益:

- 李成偉先生、勞景祐先生及杜燦生先生為 亞證地產之董事,該公司透過其若干附屬 公司部份從事借貸、物業投資及物業管理 之業務;
- 2. 李成輝先生為聯合地產之董事,該公司透 過其若干附屬公司部份從事借貸、物業發 展與投資及物業管理之業務;
- 李成輝先生為新鴻基有限公司(「新鴻基」) 之非全資附屬公司之董事,該公司從事借 貸之業務;
- 4. 李成輝先生為亞太資源之董事,該公司透 過其附屬公司部份從事借貸之業務;
- 5. 李成輝先生及勞景祐先生為聯合集團之董事,該公司透過其若干附屬公司部份從事借貸、物業發展與投資及物業管理之業務。勞景祐先生為聯合集團之附屬公司聯合融資有限公司之董事,該公司部份從事借貸之業務;及

## **DIRECTORS' INTERESTS** (CONTINUED)

Save as disclosed above, as at 31st December, 2019, none of the Directors and chief executive of the Company had any interests or short positions in any shares, underlying shares or debentures of the Company or any of its associated corporations, within the meaning of Part XV of the SFO, as recorded in the register required to be kept under Section 352 of the SFO or as otherwise notified to the Company and The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited ("Stock Exchange") pursuant to the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Issuers as set out in Appendix 10 of the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited ("Listing Rules").

#### **DIRECTORS' INTERESTS IN COMPETING BUSINESSES**

During the year and up to the date of this report, the following Directors (not being the INEDs) are considered to have interests in the businesses listed below which compete or are likely to compete with the businesses of the Group pursuant to the Listing Rules as set out below:

- Messrs. Patrick Lee Seng Wei, Edwin Lo King Yau and Tao Tsan Sang are directors of ASL which, through certain of its subsidiaries, is partly engaged in the businesses of money lending, property investment and property management;
- 2. Mr. Lee Seng Hui is a director of APL which, through certain of its subsidiaries, is partly engaged in the businesses of money lending, property development and investment and property management;
- 3. Mr. Lee Seng Hui is a director of a non wholly-owned subsidiary of Sun Hung Kai & Co. Limited ("SHK") which is engaged in the business of money lending;
- 4. Mr. Lee Seng Hui is a director of APAC Resources which, through its subsidiary, is partly engaged in the business of money lending;
- 5. Messrs. Lee Seng Hui and Edwin Lo King Yau are directors of AGL which, through certain of its subsidiaries, is partly engaged in the businesses of money lending, property development and investment and property management. Mr. Edwin Lo King Yau is a director of AG Capital Limited (a subsidiary of AGL) which is partly engaged in the business of money lending; and

## 董事在構成競爭業務中之利益(續)

6. 李成輝先生為Lee and Lee Trust之信託人之一,Lee and Lee Trust被視為聯合集團、聯合地產、新鴻基、亞太資源及亞證地產各自之主要股東。聯合集團、聯合地產及新鴻基透過彼等之附屬公司部份從事借貸、物業發展與投資及物業管理之業務。亞太資源透過其附屬公司部份從事借貸之業務。亞證地產透過其若干附屬公司部份從事借貸、物業投資及物業管理之業務。

上述董事雖因彼等各自同時於其他公司出任董事一職或持有股權而持有競爭性權益,彼等仍會履行其受信責任,以確保彼等於任何時間均以股東及本公司之整體最佳利益行事。故此,本集團得以按公平原則以獨立於該等公司業務之方式進行其本身之業務。

## 董事在交易、安排或合約中之權益

於本年度結束時或於年內任何時間,本公司或 其任何附屬公司並無訂立董事或與董事關連之 實體直接或間接擁有重大權益之任何重要交 易、安排或合約。

## 購買股份或債權證之安排

本公司或其任何附屬公司於年內概無參與任何 安排,使董事能透過購入本公司或其他任何法 人團體之股份或債權證而獲得利益。

## 管理合約

除僱傭合約及於「持續關連交易」一節第88頁至第93頁詳細披露有關行政服務及管理服務分攤之協議外,本公司於年內概無訂立或存在其他有關本公司全部或任何重大部份業務之管理及/或行政合約。

## **DIRECTORS' INTERESTS IN COMPETING BUSINESSES**

(CONTINUED)

6. Mr. Lee Seng Hui is one of the trustees of Lee and Lee Trust which is a deemed substantial shareholder of each of AGL, APL, SHK, APAC Resources and ASL. AGL, APL and SHK through their subsidiaries, are partly engaged in the businesses of money lending, property development and investment and property management. APAC Resources, through its subsidiary, is partly engaged in the business of money lending. ASL, through certain of its subsidiaries, is partly engaged in the businesses of money lending, property investment and property management.

Although the above-mentioned Directors have competing interests in other companies by virtue of their respective common directorship or shareholding, they will fulfil their fiduciary duties in order to ensure that they will act in the best interests of the Shareholders and the Company as a whole at all times. Hence, the Group is capable of carrying on its businesses independently of, and at arm's length from, the businesses of such companies.

# DIRECTORS' INTERESTS IN TRANSACTIONS, ARRANGEMENTS OR CONTRACTS

No transactions, arrangements or contracts of significance to which the Company or any of its subsidiaries was a party and in which the Directors or an entity connected with the Directors had a material interest, whether directly or indirectly, subsisted at the end of the year or at any time during the year.

# ARRANGEMENTS TO PURCHASE SHARES OR DEBENTURES

At no time during the year was the Company or any of its subsidiaries a party to any arrangements to enable the Directors to acquire benefits by means of the acquisition of shares in, or debentures of, the Company or any other body corporate.

## **MANAGEMENT CONTRACTS**

Save for employment contracts and the agreements relating to the sharing of administrative services and management services as detailed in the section headed "Continuing Connected Transactions" on pages 88 to 93, no other contracts, relating to the management and/or administration of the whole or any substantial part of the business of the Company were entered into or subsisted during the year.

## 獲准許的彌償條文

組織章程細則規定,本公司各董事或其他高級 職員有權就履行其職務或在其他有關方面蒙受或招致的所有虧損或責任自本公司資產中獲得 彌償。此外,本公司已就董事可能面對之有關 法律行動安排適當的董事及主要職員責任保 險。

## 主要股東及其他人士之權益

就董事所知,於二零一九年十二月三十一日, 根據證券及期貨條例第336條規定所存置之登 記冊所載,擁有本公司股份或相關股份權益之 股東如下:

## PERMITTED INDEMNITY PROVISION

The Articles of Association provides that every Director or other officer of the Company shall be entitled to be indemnified out of the assets of the Company against all losses or liabilities which he/she may sustain or incur in or about the execution of the duties of his/her office or otherwise in relation thereto. In addition, the Company has maintained appropriate directors and officers liability insurance in respect of relevant legal actions against the Directors.

# SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDERS' AND OTHER PERSONS' INTERESTS

To the best of Directors' knowledge, as at 31st December, 2019, the following Shareholders had interests in the shares or underlying shares of the Company as recorded in the register required to be kept under Section 336 of the SFO:

	擁有股份及相關股份之數目 Number of shares and underlying shares interested				
股東名稱 Name of Shareholders	個人權益 (以實益擁有人 身份持有) Personal Interests (held as beneficial owner)	法團權益 (受控法團 之權益) Corporate Interests (interest of controlled corporation)	其他權益 Other Interests	權益總額 Total Interests	佔已發行 股份總數之 概約百分比 Approximate% of the total number of issued shares
聯合地產(香港)有限公司(「聯合地產」) Allied Properties (H.K.) Limited ("APL")	-	733,269,096 <i>(附註1)</i> (Note 1)	-	733,269,096 <i>(附註2)</i> (Note 2)	48.86%
聯合集團有限公司(「聯合集團」) Allied Group Limited ("AGL")	-	733,269,096 <i>(附註3)</i> (Note 3)	-	733,269,096 <i>(附註2)</i> (Note 2)	48.86%
Lee and Lee Trust	-	733,269,096 <i>(附註4)</i> (Note 4)	-	733,269,096 <i>(附註2)</i> (Note 2)	48.86%
Penta Investment Advisers Limited	-	-	284,451,570 (以投資管理人 身份持有) (held as investment manager)	284,451,570 <i>(附註5)</i> (Note 5)	18.96%

## 主要股東及其他人士之權益(續)

# SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDERS' AND OTHER PERSONS' INTERESTS (CONTINUED)

	擁有股份及相關股份之數目 Number of shares and underlying shares interested				
股東名稱 Name of Shareholders	個人權益 (以實益擁有人 身份持有) Personal Interests (held as beneficial owner)	法團權益 (受控法團 之權益) Corporate Interests (interest of controlled corporation)	其他權益 Other Interests	權益總額 Total Interests	佔已發行 股份總數之 概約百分比 Approximate% of the total number of issued shares
Vigor Online Offshore Limited ("Vigor Online")	121,920,000	-	-	121,920,000	8.12%
China Spirit Limited ("China Spirit")	-	121,920,000	-	121,920,000 <i>(附註6)</i> (Note 6)	8.12%
莊舜而 Chong Sok Un	-	123,920,000	-	123,920,000 <i>(附註7)</i> (Note 7)	8.26%
SKK Special Situation Fund ("SKK")	99,420,400	_	-	99,420,400	6.63%
Argyle Street Management Limited ("Argyle Street Management")	-	-	99,420,400 (以投資管理人 身份持有) (held as investment manager)	99,420,400 (附註8) (Note 8)	6.63%
Argyle Street Management Holdings Limited ("Argyle Street Holdings")	-	99,420,400	-	99,420,400 <i>(附註9)</i> (Note 9)	6.63%
陳健 Chan Kin	-	99,420,400	-	99,420,400 <i>(附註10)</i> (Note 10)	6.63%

## 主要股東及其他人士之權益(續)

#### 附註:

- 有關權益由Fine Class Holdings Limited之全資附屬公司China Elite Holdings Limited (「China Elite」)持有,而前者則為聯合地產之全資附屬公司,故聯合地產被視作擁有China Elite所持有之股份之權益。
- 此數字指聯合地產持有之同一批733,269,096股股份。
- 3. 聯合集團擁有聯合地產已發行股份總數約 74.99%,故被視作擁有聯合地產所持有之股份之權益。
- 4. 董事李成輝先生連同李淑慧女士及李成煌先生均 為Lee and Lee Trust(全權信托)之信托人。Lee and Lee Trust控制聯合集團已發行股份總數約74.95% (包括李成輝先生之個人權益),故被視作擁有聯合 集團所持有之股份之權益。
- 5. 該等權益包括(i) 265,896,570股股份之權益:及(ii) 相當於18,555,000股本公司相關股份之本公司非上 市以現金結算之衍生工具之權益。
- 6. China Spirit擁有Vigor Online全部已發行股本,故被視作擁有Vigor Online所持有之股份之權益。
- 7. 有關權益包括(i)由China Spirit持有之121,920,000 股股份:及(ii)由 Diamond Success Limited (「Diamond Success」)持有之2,000,000股股份。莊舜而女士分別擁有Diamond Success及China Spirit全部已發行股本,故被視作擁有Diamond Success及China Spirit所持有之股份之權益。
- 8. 根據Argyle Street Management提供之資料,Argyle Street Management擁有SKK全部已發行之有投票權股本,故被視作擁有SKK所持有之股份之權益。
- 9. Argyle Street Holdings擁有Argyle Street Management 全部已發行股本,故被視作擁有Argyle Street Management所持有之股份之權益。
- 陳健先生擁有Argyle Street Holdings已發行股本約 50.94%權益·故被視作擁有Argyle Street Holdings 所持有之股份之權益。
- 11. 於二零一九年十二月三十一日,上述所有根據證券 及期貨條例第336條規定所存置之登記冊所載之權 益皆屬好倉。

# SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDERS' AND OTHER PERSONS' INTERESTS (CONTINUED)

#### Notes:

- The interest was held by China Elite Holdings Limited ("China Elite"), a whollyowned subsidiary of Fine Class Holdings Limited which in turn was a whollyowned subsidiary of APL. APL was therefore deemed to have an interest in the shares in which China Elite was interested.
- 2. The figure refers to the same interests of APL in 733,269,096 shares.
- AGL owned approximately 74.99% of the total number of issued shares of APL and was therefore deemed to have an interest in the shares in which APL was interested.
- 4. Mr. Lee Seng Hui, a Director, together with Ms. Lee Su Hwei and Mr. Lee Seng Huang are the trustees of Lee and Lee Trust, being a discretionary trust. The Lee and Lee Trust controlled approximately 74.95% of the total number of issued shares of AGL (inclusive of Mr. Lee Seng Hui's personal interests) and was therefore deemed to have an interest in the shares in which AGL was interested.
- 5. These include (i) an interest in 265,896,570 shares; and (ii) an interest in unlisted cash settled derivatives of the Company equivalent to 18,555,000 underlying shares of the Company.
- China Spirit owned the entire issued share capital of Vigor Online and was therefore deemed to have an interest in the shares in which Vigor Online was interested.
- 7. The interests include (i) 121,920,000 shares held by China Spirit; and (ii) 2,000,000 shares held by Diamond Success Limited ("Diamond Success"). Ms. Chong Sok Un owned the entire issued share capital of Diamond Success and China Spirit respectively and was therefore deemed to have an interest in the shares in which Diamond Success and China Spirit were interested.
- Based on the information provided by Argyle Street Management, Argyle Street
  Management owned the entire issued voting share capital of SKK and was
  therefore deemed to have an interest in the shares in which SKK was interested.
- Argyle Street Holdings owned the entire issued share capital of Argyle Street Management and was therefore deemed to have an interest in the shares in which Argyle Street Management was interested.
- 10. Mr. Chan Kin owned approximately 50.94% interests in the issued share capital of Argyle Street Holdings and was therefore deemed to have an interest in the shares in which Argyle Street Holdings was interested.
- 11. All interests stated above as at 31st December, 2019 represent long positions as recorded in the register required to be kept under Section 336 of the SFO.

## 持續關連交易

1. 誠如本公司日期為二零一七年二月七日之 公佈及本公司二零一八年年報所披露,本 公司與聯合集團於二零一七年二月七日訂 立行政服務及管理服務分攤協議(「二零 一七年天安服務協議」),據此,本公司同 意支付聯合集團向本集團提供之(i)行政服 務(包括公司秘書服務、提供註冊辦事處 地址、水電供應服務、電話(包括國際長 途電話服務)及互聯網、影印、郵遞、速 遞、送遞及有關本集團日常行政及營運之 其他配套服務)(「行政服務」)及(ii)管理服 務(包括聯合集團之高級管理層及選定的僱 員向本集團提供之管理、顧問、策略、內 部審核、管理資訊系統顧問及業務建議服 務)(「管理服務」)所產生之實際成本,由二 零一十年一月一日起至二零一九年十二月 三十一日上為期三年。

李成輝先生作為本公司之主席兼非執行董事、提供管理服務之管理人員及全權信託 Lee and Lee Trust(連同其個人權益,於二零一九年十二月三十一日控制聯合集團已發行股份總數約74.95%)之信託人之一,被視作於二零一七年天安服務協議中擁有利益。勞景祐先生作為本公司之執行董事及提供管理服務之管理人員,被視作於二零一七年天安服務協議中擁有利益。

於截至二零一九年十二月三十一日止年度,本集團根據二零一七年天安服務協議就聯合集團提供之管理服務已付之成本之總金額為51,555,000港元。

#### CONTINUING CONNECTED TRANSACTIONS

1. As disclosed in the announcement of the Company dated 7th February, 2017 and the 2018 Annual Report of the Company, the Company entered into a sharing of administrative services and management services agreement ("2017 TACI Services Agreement") with AGL on 7th February, 2017, pursuant to which the Company agreed to reimburse AGL the actual costs incurred in respect of (i) the administrative services, including the corporate secretarial services, provision of registered office address, utilities services including water, electricity, telephone (including international telephone services) and internet, photocopying, postal, courier, delivery and other services ancillary to the day-to-day administration and operation of the Group provided by AGL ("Administrative Services") and (ii) the management services, including the management, consultancy, strategic, internal audit, management information system consultancy and business advice services provided by the senior management and the selected staff of AGL to the Group ("Management Services") for a period of three years commenced from 1st January, 2017 to 31st December, 2019.

Mr. Lee Seng Hui, by being the Chairman and a Non-Executive Director of the Company, a member of the management staff providing the Management Services and also one of the trustees of Lee and Lee Trust, being a discretionary trust which, together with his personal interests, controlled approximately 74.95% of the total number of issued shares of AGL as at 31st December, 2019, is deemed to be interested in the 2017 TACI Services Agreement. Mr. Edwin Lo King Yau, by being an Executive Director of the Company and a member of the management staff providing the Management Services, is deemed to be interested in the 2017 TACI Services Agreement.

The aggregate amount of the costs paid by the Group in respect of the Management Services provided by AGL under the 2017 TACI Services Agreement for the year ended 31st December, 2019 was HK\$51,555,000.

## 持續關連交易(續)

2. 誠如本公司日期為二零一八年九月二十八日之公佈及本公司二零一八年年報所披露,於二零一八年九月二十八日,大連天安國際大廈有限公司(本公司之間接全資附屬公司)(作為出租人)與大連保税區亞聯財小額貸款有限公司(「大連亞聯財」)(新鴻基之間接非全資附屬公司)(作為承租人),就重訂租賃位於中國遼寧省大連市中山區中山路88號大連天安國際大廈之辦公室物業,訂立租賃合同(「二零一八年租賃合同V」),租期由二零一八年七月一日起至二零一九年六月三十日止,每月代價為人民幣212,239.34元。

於二零一八年租賃合同V到期後,上述訂約方於二零一九年五月三十日訂立租賃合同(「獲豁免二零一九年租賃合同V」)以進一步重訂二零一八年租賃合同V,租期由二零一九年七月一日起至二零二零年六月三十日止。獲豁免二零一九年租賃合同V項下之交易根據上市規則第14A.76(1)條可獲豁免任何披露責任。

於截至二零一九年十二月三十一日止年度,二零一八年租賃合同V之已付代價(包括租金及管理費)為人民幣1,273,436.04元。

## **CONTINUING CONNECTED TRANSACTIONS** (CONTINUED)

2. As disclosed in the announcement of the Company dated 28th September, 2018 and the 2018 Annual Report of the Company, on 28th September, 2018, Dalian Tian An Tower Co., Ltd., an indirect wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company, as lessor, entered into a leasing agreement ("2018 Leasing Agreement V") with United Asia Finance (Free Trade Zone Dalian) Limited ("Dalian UAF"), an indirect non wholly-owned subsidiary of SHK, as lessee to renew the leasing of office premises in Dalian Tian An International Building, No. 88 Zhongshan Road, Zhongshan District, Dalian, Liaoning Province, PRC for a term commenced from 1st July, 2018 to 30th June, 2019 at the monthly consideration of RMB212,239.34.

After the expiry of the 2018 Leasing Agreement V, the same parties entered into a leasing agreement ("Exempted 2019 Leasing Agreement V") on 30th May, 2019 to further renew the 2018 Leasing Agreement V for a term commenced from 1st July, 2019 to 30th June, 2020. The transaction contemplated under the Exempted 2019 Leasing Agreement V is exempt from any disclosure obligations under Rule 14A.76(1) of the Listing Rules.

The consideration paid, which included rental and management fee, under the 2018 Leasing Agreement V for the year ended 31st December, 2019 was RMB1,273,436.04.

## 持續關連交易(續)

3. 誠如本公司日期為二零一七年三月三十一 日及二零一九年五月二十日之公佈及本公 司二零一八年年報所披露(如適用),於二 零一七年三月三十一日,(i)本公司(作為 租戶)與AP Administration Limited(「AP Administration」)(為聯合地產之全資附屬 公司)(作為業主)訂立分租協議(「二零一七 年分租協議I」);(ii)本公司(作為租戶)與 聯合集團(作為業主)訂立分租協議(「二零 一十年分租協議III);及(iii)亞證地產(本 公司之非全資附屬公司)(作為租戶)與AP Administration(作為業主)訂立分租協議 (「二零一七年分租協議III」, 連同二零一七 年分租協議I及二零一七年分租協議II,統 稱「該等二零一七年分租協議」)。根據二 零一十年分租協議L. AP Administration同 意將一所位於香港灣仔告士打道138號聯 合鹿島大廈之辦公室物業(「聯合鹿島大 厦」)之一部份分租予本公司,租期由二 零一七年四月一日起至二零一九年三月 三十一日止,每月代價分別為29,100港 元(由二零一十年四月一日起至二零一十 年五月三十一日止)及33,400港元(由二 零一七年六月一日起至二零一九年三月 三十一日止)。根據二零一七年分租協議 Ⅱ,聯合集團同意將一所位於聯合鹿島大廈 之辦公室物業之若干部份分租予本公司, 租期由二零一七年四月一日起至二零一九 年三月三十一日止,每月代價為215,400 港元。根據二零一七年分租協議III, AP Administration同意將一所位於聯合鹿島 大廈之另一辦公室物業之一部份分租予亞 證地產,租期由二零一七年六月一日起至 二零一九年三月三十一日止,每月代價為 122,200港元。

於二零一九年五月二十日,該等二零一七年分租協議已獲重訂。重訂該等二零一七年分租協議構成關連交易,詳情載於下一節[關連交易]內。

## **CONTINUING CONNECTED TRANSACTIONS** (CONTINUED)

As disclosed in the announcements of the Company dated 31st March, 2017 and 20th May, 2019 and the 2018 Annual Report of the Company (where applicable), on 31st March, 2017, (i) the Company as tenant entered into a sub-tenancy agreement ("2017 Sub-Tenancy Agreement I") with AP Administration Limited ("AP Administration"), a wholly-owned subsidiary of APL, as landlord; (ii) the Company as tenant entered into a sub-tenancy agreement ("2017 Sub-Tenancy Agreement II") with AGL as landlord; and (iii) ASL, a non wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company, as tenant entered into a sub-tenancy agreement ("2017 Sub-Tenancy Agreement III", together with 2017 Sub-Tenancy Agreement I and 2017 Sub-Tenancy Agreement II, "2017 Sub-Tenancy Agreements") with AP Administration as landlord. Pursuant to the 2017 Sub-Tenancy Agreement I, AP Administration agreed to sublet to the Company a portion of office premises in Allied Kajima Building, 138 Gloucester Road, Wanchai, Hong Kong ("AKB") for a term commenced from 1st April, 2017 to 31st March, 2019 at the monthly consideration of HK\$29,100 (from 1st April, 2017 to 31st May, 2017) and HK\$33,400 (from 1st June, 2017 to 31st March, 2019) respectively. Pursuant to the 2017 Sub-Tenancy Agreement II, AGL agreed to sublet to the Company certain portions of office premises in AKB for a term commenced from 1st April, 2017 to 31st March, 2019 at the monthly consideration of HK\$215,400. Pursuant to the 2017 Sub-Tenancy Agreement III, AP Administration agreed to sublet to ASL a portion of another office premises in AKB for a term commenced from 1st June, 2017 to 31st March, 2019 at the monthly consideration of HK\$122,200.

On 20th May, 2019, the 2017 Sub-Tenancy Agreements were renewed. The renewal of the 2017 Sub-Tenancy Agreements constitute connected transactions and the details are set out in the next section under "Connected Transactions".

## 持續關連交易(續)

二零一七年分租協議I、二零一七年分租協議II及二零一七年分租協議III於截至二零一九年十二月三十一日止年度已付之代價(包括租金、管理費及空調費用)分別為100,200港元、646,200港元及366,600港元。於截至二零一九年十二月三十一日止年度,根據該等二零一七年分租協議已付之代價總金額為1,113,000港元。

聯合集團為聯合地產(本公司之主要股東(定義 見上市規則))之控股公司而因此為聯合地產之 聯繫人。大連亞聯財為新鴻基之附屬公司,而 新鴻基為聯合地產之附屬公司而因此為聯合地 產之聯繫人。AP Administration為聯合地產之 附屬公司而因此為聯合地產之聯繫人。因此, 聯合集團、大連亞聯財及AP Administration皆 被視為本公司之關連人士。故此,根據上市規 則第14A.31條,訂立二零一七年天安服務協 議、二零一八年租賃合同V、該等二零一七年 分租協議及其項下之交易構成本公司之持續關 連交易。惟根據上市規則第14A.73(8)及14A.98 條,二零一十年天安服務協議項下之分攤行政 服務之交易獲全面豁免。而二零一八年租賃合 同V及該等二零一七年分租協議項下之交易, 乃根據上市規則須遵守有關申報、年度審核及 公佈之規定,但獲豁免遵守獨立股東批准之規 定。至於有關二零一七年天安服務協議項下之 分攤管理服務之交易,根據上市規則須遵守有 關申報、年度審核、公佈及獨立股東批准之規 定。

#### **CONTINUING CONNECTED TRANSACTIONS** (CONTINUED)

The considerations paid, which included rental, management and air-conditioning charges, under the 2017 Sub-Tenancy Agreement I, 2017 Sub-Tenancy Agreement II and 2017 Sub-Tenancy Agreement III for the year ended 31st December, 2019 were HK\$100,200, HK\$646,200 and HK\$366,600 respectively. The aggregate consideration paid under the 2017 Sub-Tenancy Agreements for the year ended 31st December, 2019 was HK\$1,113,000.

AGL is the holding company and hence an associate of APL (which is a substantial shareholder (as defined in the Listing Rules) of the Company). Dalian UAF is a subsidiary of SHK, which in turn is a subsidiary of APL, and hence an associate of APL. AP Administration is a subsidiary of APL and hence an associate of APL. Therefore, AGL, Dalian UAF and AP Administration are regarded as connected persons of the Company. Accordingly, the entering into of the 2017 TACI Services Agreement, the 2018 Leasing Agreement V, the 2017 Sub-Tenancy Agreements and the transactions contemplated thereunder constituted continuing connected transactions for the Company under Rule 14A.31 of the Listing Rules. The transaction regarding the sharing of the Administrative Services under the 2017 TACI Services Agreement is fully exempt under Rules 14A.73(8) and 14A.98 of the Listing Rules. The transactions contemplated under the 2018 Leasing Agreement V and the 2017 Sub-Tenancy Agreements are subject to the reporting, annual review and announcement requirements but are exempt from the independent shareholders' approval requirements under the Listing Rules. Whereas, the transaction regarding the sharing of the Management Services under the 2017 TACI Services Agreement is subject to the reporting, annual review, announcement and independent shareholders' approval requirements under the Listing Rules.

## 持續關連交易(續)

根據上市規則第14A.55條,獨立非執行董事已 審閱有關(i)二零一七年天安服務協議項下之分 攤管理服務之持續關連交易;及(ii)二零一八年 租賃合同V及該等二零一七年分租協議項下之 持續關連交易,並確認該等交易乃:

- (i) 於本集團之一般及日常業務範圍內訂立;
- (ii) 按照一般商務條款或更佳條款進行;及
- (iii) 各自根據有關交易的協議進行,條款公平 合理,並且符合股東的整體利益。

本公司核數師已獲聘用根據香港鑒證業務準則第3000號(經修訂)「非審核或審閱過往財務資料之鑒證工作」及參考香港會計師公會發出的實務説明第740條「關於香港(上市規則)所述持續關連交易的核數師函件」及就有關二零一七年天安服務協議項下之分攤管理服務之持續關連交易、二零一八年租賃合同V及該等二零一七年分租協議項下之持續關連交易作出報告。核數師已出具一份無保留函件,確認其並無察覺任何事項須根據上市規則第14A.56條提請董事會注意。該份核數師函件之副本已經本公司提交聯交所。

## **CONTINUING CONNECTED TRANSACTIONS** (CONTINUED)

Pursuant to Rule 14A.55 of the Listing Rules, the INEDs have reviewed the continuing connected transactions regarding (i) the sharing of the Management Services under the 2017 TACI Services Agreement; and (ii) the transactions contemplated under the 2018 Leasing Agreement V and the 2017 Sub-Tenancy Agreements, and have confirmed that the transactions were entered into:

- (i) in the ordinary and usual course of business of the Group;
- (ii) on normal commercial terms or better; and
- (iii) according to the respective agreements governing the transactions on terms that were fair and reasonable and in the interests of the Shareholders as a whole.

The Company's auditor was engaged to report on the continuing connected transaction regarding the sharing of the Management Services under the 2017 TACI Services Agreement and the continuing connected transactions contemplated under the 2018 Leasing Agreement V and the 2017 Sub-Tenancy Agreements in accordance with Hong Kong Standard on Assurance Engagements 3000 (Revised) "Assurance Engagements Other Than Audits or Reviews of Historical Financial Information" and with reference to Practice Note 740 "Auditor's Letter on Continuing Connected Transactions under the Hong Kong Listing Rules" issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants. The auditor has issued its unqualified letter confirming that nothing has come to its attention that cause it to bring to the attention of the Board pursuant to Rule 14A.56 of the Listing Rules. A copy of the auditor's letter has been provided by the Company to the Stock Exchange.

## 持續關連交易(續)

## 報告期後事項

誠如本公司日期為二零二零年一月二日之公佈所披露,於二零二零年一月二日,(i)本公司與聯合集團訂立行政服務及管理服務分攤協議(「二零二零年天安服務協議」);及(ii)亞證地產與聯合集團訂立內部審核及管理資訊系統服務協議(「二零二零年亞證地產協議」)。

根據二零二零年天安服務協議,本公司同意重訂及延長二零一七年天安服務協議之年期,由二零二零年一月一日起至二零二二年十二月三十一日止為期三年,及就行政服務及管理服務所產生之成本償付聯合集團。於截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止三個財政年度有關管理服務之年度上限將分別為63,000,000港元、69,300,000港元及76,300,000港元。

根據二零二零年亞證地產協議,亞證地產同意 重訂及延長與聯合集團訂立的協議年期,由 二零二零年一月一日起至二零二二年十二月 三十一日止為期三年,及就聯合集團向亞證地 產及其附屬公司提供內部審核及管理資訊系統 服務所產生之成本償付聯合集團。於截至二零 二二年十二月三十一日止三個財政年度之年度 上限將分別為360,000港元、396,000港元及 436,000港元。

根據上市規則第14A.71條之規定,於年度日期 之後的持續關連交易詳情將載於本公司下一份 刊發之年報及財務報表內。

## **CONTINUING CONNECTED TRANSACTIONS** (CONTINUED)

## **Event after the reporting period**

As disclosed in the announcement of the Company dated 2nd January, 2020, on 2nd January, 2020, (i) the Company entered into a sharing of administrative services and management services agreement ("2020 TACI Services Agreement") with AGL; and (ii) ASL entered into an internal audit services and management information system services agreement ("2020 ASL Services Agreement") with AGL.

Pursuant to the 2020 TACI Services Agreement, the Company agreed to renew and extend the terms of the 2017 TACI Services Agreement for a period of three years commencing from 1st January, 2020 and expiring on 31st December, 2022 and to reimburse AGL the costs incurred in respect of the Administrative Services and the Management Services. The relevant annual cap in respect of the Management Services for each of the three financial years ending 31st December, 2022 shall be HK\$63,000,000, HK\$69,300,000 and HK\$76,300,000.

Pursuant to the 2020 ASL Services Agreement, ASL agreed to renew and extend the terms of an agreement entered into with AGL for a period of three years commencing from 1st January, 2020 and expiring on 31st December, 2022 and to reimburse AGL the costs incurred in respect of the provision of the internal audit services and the management information system services by AGL to ASL and its subsidiaries. The relevant annual cap for each of the three financial years ending 31st December, 2022 shall be HK\$360,000, HK\$396,000 and HK\$436,000.

In accordance with the requirements of Rule 14A.71 of the Listing Rules, details of the continuing connected transactions subsequent to the year-end date will be included in the next published annual report and financial statements of the Company.

## 關連交易

- 1. 誠如本公司日期為二零一九年五月二十 日之公佈所披露,於二零一九年五月 二十日,(i)本公司(作為租戶)與AP Administration(作為業主)訂立分租協議 (「二零一九年分租協議I」);(ii)本公司(作 為租戶)與聯合集團(作為業主)訂立分租協 議(「二零一九年分租協議II」);(iii)亞證地 產(作為租戶)與AP Administration(作為業 主)訂立分租協議(「二零一九年分租協議 Ⅲ1),以分別重訂二零一十年分租協議1、 二零一七年分租協議II及二零一七年分租協 議Ⅲ,租期由二零一九年四月一日起至二 零二一年三月三十一日止;及(iv)亞證地產 (作為租戶)與聯合集團(作為業主)訂立分 租協議(「二零一九年分租協議IV」, 連同上 述於二零一九年訂立的分租協議統稱[該等 二零一九年分租協議」),據此,聯合集團 同意將聯合鹿島大廈之辦公室物業之一部 份分租予亞證地產,租期由二零一九年四 月一日起至二零二一年三月三十一日止。 本集團按該等二零一九年分租協議作出的 租金付款屬資本性質,且於該等二零一九 年分租協議生效日期被視為本集團收購之 資產。根據香港財務報告準則第16號,該 等二零一九年分租協議項下之租賃物業被 確認為使用權資產,而根據該等二零一九 年分租協議確認聯合鹿島大廈(由聯合地產 之合營企業作為總業主擁有100%權益)為 使用權資產的總值為7,789,100港元。
- 2. 誠如本公司日期為二零一九年十一月七日 之公佈所披露,Kirshman Limited(「認購 人」)(亞證地產之直接全資附屬公司)已由 Sun Hung Kai & Co. (BVI) Limited(「發行 人」)(新鴻基之全資附屬公司)確認,認購 人獲發來自總發行本金額為350百萬美元 之第一批票據(即發行人之擔保5.75%中期 票據發行計劃之一部份)下10百萬美元之 分配金額(「認購事項」)。

#### **CONNECTED TRANSACTIONS**

- As disclosed in the announcement of the Company dated 20th May, 2019, on 20th May, 2019, (i) the Company as tenant entered into a sub-tenancy agreement ("2019 Sub-Tenancy Agreement I") with AP Administration as landlord; (ii) the Company as tenant entered into a sub-tenancy agreement ("2019 Sub-Tenancy Agreement II") with AGL as landlord; (iii) ASL as tenant entered into a sub-tenancy agreement ("2019 Sub-Tenancy Agreement III") with AP Administration as landlord to renew the 2017 Sub-Tenancy Agreement I, 2017 Sub-Tenancy Agreement II and 2017 Sub-Tenancy Agreement III respectively for a term commenced from 1st April, 2019 to 31st March, 2021; and (iv) ASL as tenant entered into a sub-tenancy agreement ("2019 Sub-Tenancy Agreement IV", together with the aforesaid sub-tenancy agreements entered in 2019, "2019 Sub-Tenancy Agreements") with AGL as landlord, pursuant to which AGL agreed to sublet to ASL a portion of office premises in AKB for a term commenced from 1st April, 2019 to 31st March, 2021. The rental payment made by the Group under the 2019 Sub-tenancy Agreements was capital in nature, and was regarded as an acquisition of assets of the Group at the commencement date of the 2019 Sub-Tenancy Agreements. Pursuant to Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standard 16, a property leased under the 2019 Sub-Tenancy Agreements would be recognised as right-of-use assets, in which the aggregate value for recognising AKB, which is owned as to 100% by the head landlord, being a joint venture of APL, as right-of-use assets pursuant to the 2019 Sub-Tenancy Agreements would be HK\$7,789,100.
- 2. As disclosed in the announcement of the Company dated 7th November, 2019, Kirshman Limited ("Subscriber"), a direct wholly-owned subsidiary of ASL, has been confirmed by Sun Hung Kai & Co. (BVI) Limited ("Issuer"), a wholly-owned subsidiary of SHK, on the allocation amount of US\$10 million to the Subscriber out of the total issue of the principal amount of the first tranche note of US\$350 million, being part of the guaranteed 5.75% medium term note programme of the Issuer ("Subscription").

## 關連交易(續)

由於聯合地產為本公司之主要股東,而聯合集團為聯合地產之控股公司而因此為聯合地產之 聯繫人,及AP Administration及新鴻基(包括發行人)均為聯合地產之附屬公司,聯合集團、AP Administration及發行人屬本公司之關連人士(定義見上市規則)。因此,該等二零一九年分租協議及認購事項項下之交易構成本公司之關連交易。就該等二零一九年分租協議及認購事項項下各自之交易而言,由於本公司之適用百分比率(定義見上市規則)超過0.1%但低於5%,根據上市規則,訂立該等二零一九年分租協議及認購事項僅須遵守申報及公佈規定,惟獲豁免遵守通函及股東批准規定。

## 其他資料

#### 提供予聯屬公司之財務資助

由於本集團於二零一九年十二月三十一日提供予聯屬公司之財務資助連同給予備用信貸之擔保合計總值超逾上市規則第14.07(1)條規定之資產率8%,本集團須遵守上市規則第13.22條之規定。該等聯屬公司於二零一九年十二月三十一日之未經審核合併財務狀況表概述如下(如合適,已按本集團會計政策作出調整):

#### **CONNECTED TRANSACTIONS** (CONTINUED)

As APL is a substantial shareholder of the Company and AGL is the holding company and hence an associate of APL, and both AP Administration and SHK (including the Issuer) are subsidiaries of APL, AGL, AP Administration and the Issuer are connected persons of the Company within the meaning of the Listing Rules. As a result, the transactions contemplated under the 2019 Sub-Tenancy Agreements and the Subscription constitute connected transactions of the Company. As the applicable percentage ratio(s) (as defined in the Listing Rules) for the Company in respect of the transactions contemplated under each of the 2019 Sub-Tenancy Agreements and the Subscription exceed 0.1% but are less than 5%, the entering into of the 2019 Sub-Tenancy Agreements and the Subscription are only subject to the reporting and announcement requirements but exempt from the circular and the shareholders' approval requirements under the Listing Rules.

#### OTHER INFORMATION

## Financial assistance to affiliated companies

Since that the financial assistance by the Group to affiliated companies and guarantees given by the Group for facilities granted to affiliated companies together in aggregate exceeded 8% under the assets ratio defined under Rule 14.07(1) of the Listing Rules continued to exist as at 31st December, 2019, the Group is required to comply with Rule 13.22 of the Listing Rules. The following is a summary of unaudited combined statements of financial position of those affiliated companies prepared from their financial statements as at 31st December, 2019 and adjusted, where appropriate, to conform with the Group's accounting policies:

		千港元 HK\$'000
非流動資產	Non-current assets	18,997,476
流動資產	Current assets	30,897,836
流動負債	Current liabilities	(15,782,990)
非流動負債	Non-current liabilities	(20,117,511)
非控股權益	Non-controlling interests	(157,687)
資產淨值	Net assets	13,837,124
本集團應佔資產淨值	Net assets attributable to the Group	5,775,909

## 僱員及培訓

於二零一九年十二月三十一日,本集團(包括其附屬公司,但不包括聯營公司及合營企業)聘用1,427(二零一八年十二月三十一日:1,429)名員工。本集團確保薪酬制度與市場相若,並按僱員表現發放薪金及花紅獎勵。本集團深明持續專業教育及發展的重要性,定期為僱員安排合適課程並向報讀職業相關課程的僱員提供津貼。

於二零一九年十二月三十一日,本集團管理人 員之簡介如下:

#### **EMPLOYEE AND TRAINING**

As at 31st December, 2019, the Group including its subsidiaries but excluding associates and joint ventures, employed 1,427 (31st December, 2018: 1,429) persons. The Group maintains a policy of paying competitive remuneration packages and employees are also rewarded on performance related basis including salary and bonus. The Group recognises the importance of continuing professional education and development, and appropriate courses are arranged on a periodical basis as well as subsidies are granted to employees who take job-related courses.

The profile of the Group's management staff as at 31st December, 2019 is listed below:

地區 Region	認可專業人士 Qualified Professionals	大學畢業生 University Graduates	55歲或以下 Age 55 or Below	55歲以上 Age Over 55
香港	29 (81%)	32 (89%)	23 (64%)	13 (36%)
Hong Kong 華北	24 (86%)	27 (96%)	24 (86%)	4 (14%)
Northern China 華東 Fastern China	74 (64%)	82 (71%)	103 (90%)	12 (10%)
華南 Southern China	18 (78%)	20 (87%)	22 (96%)	1 (4%)

附註:括弧內數字為管理人員於各地區之百分比。

鑑於優質員工乃本集團不可或缺之無形資產, 於年內透過組織培訓課程,致力維持前線員工 的市場觸覺及後勤員工的成本意識。主要管理 人員的酬金詳見綜合財務報表附註11、12和 46。

#### 主要客戶及供應商

於年內,本集團最大五位客戶之銷售總額及本 集團最大五位供應商之採購總額分別佔本集團 銷售總額及採購總額約5%及28%。

據董事所知,持有本公司已發行股份總數5%以上的董事、彼等之緊密聯繫人或任何股東並無於本集團最大五位供應商及客戶擁有任何實益權益。

Note: The numbers in bracket show the percentage of management staff in the region.

Quality staff has always been the Group's indispensable intangible asset. Training programmes were organised during the year to ensure that both the market sensitivity of the front line people and the cost consciousness of the back office staff were well maintained. The emoluments of key management personnel can be seen by reference to notes 11, 12 and 46 to the consolidated financial statements.

## **MAJOR CUSTOMERS AND SUPPLIERS**

During the year, the aggregate sales attributable to the Group's five largest customers and the aggregate purchases attributable to the Group's five largest suppliers were approximately 5% and 28% of the Group's sales and purchases respectively.

None of the Directors, their close associates or any shareholders, which to the knowledge of the Directors owned more than 5% of the Company's total number of issued shares, had a beneficial interest in any of the Group's five largest suppliers and customers.

## 購回、出售或贖回股份

除下文所披露本公司於聯交所購回其本身之股份外,本公司或其任何附屬公司概無於截至二零一九年十二月三十一日止年度內購回、出售或贖回本公司之任何股份。

## **PURCHASE, SALE OR REDEMPTION OF SHARES**

Save for the Company's purchase of its own shares on the Stock Exchange as disclosed below, neither the Company nor any of its subsidiaries had purchased, sold or redeemed any of the Company's shares during the year ended 31st December, 2019.

月份 Month	回購股份數目 Number of shares repurchased	每股購買價 Purchase price per share 港元 HK\$	已付代價總額 (未計入開支前) Aggregate consideration paid (before expenses) 港元 HK\$
十二月 December	6,122,000	3.45	21,120,900

## 捐款

本集團於本年度內之慈善捐款為14,000港元。

#### 企業管治

本公司致力維持高水平之企業管治常規。有關本公司所採納之企業管治常規之資料載於企業管治報告第34頁至第55頁。

## 足夠之公眾持股量

於本報告日,按本公司可以得悉之公開資料所 示及就董事所知,本公司已維持上市規則所規 定之足夠公眾持股量。

## 核數師

本公司將於股東週年大會上提呈決議案重新委 聘德勤 ● 關黃陳方會計師行連任本公司之核數 師。

承董事會命

## *主席* 李成輝

香港,二零二零年四月六日

#### **DONATIONS**

The Group made charitable donations of HK\$14,000 during the year.

#### **CORPORATE GOVERNANCE**

The Company is committed to maintaining a high standard of corporate governance practices. Information on the corporate governance practices adopted by the Company is set out in the Corporate Governance Report on pages 34 to 55.

## **SUFFICIENCY OF PUBLIC FLOAT**

Based on the information that is publicly available to the Company and within the knowledge of the Directors, as at the date of this report, the Company has maintained sufficient public float as required under the Listing Rules.

## **AUDITOR**

A resolution will be submitted to the AGM to re-appoint Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu as the auditor of the Company.

On behalf of the Board

## Lee Seng Hui

Chairman

Hong Kong, 6th April, 2020

# 獨立核數師報告 INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

# **Deloitte**

# 德勤

#### 致:天安中國投資有限公司各股東

(於香港註冊成立之有限公司)

## 意見

我們已審計列載於第106頁至283頁的天安中國 投資有限公司(「貴公司」)及其附屬公司(統稱 「貴集團」)之綜合財務報表。綜合財務報表包 括二零一九年十二月三十一日之綜合財務狀況 表,以及截至該日止年度之綜合損益表、綜合 損益及其他全面收益表、綜合權益變動表及綜 合現金流動表,以及綜合財務報表附註,包括 主要會計政策摘要。

我們認為,該等綜合財務報表已根據由香港會計師公會(「香港會計師公會」)頒佈之香港財務報告準則(「香港財務報告準則」)真實而中肯地反映了 貴集團於二零一九年十二月三十一日之綜合財政狀況及於截至該日止年度之綜合財務表現及綜合現金流量,並已按照香港公司條例妥善編製。

## 意見的基礎

我們已根據香港會計師公會頒布的香港審計準則(「香港審計準則」)進行審計。我們在該等準則下承擔的責任已在本報告「核數師就審核綜合財務報表須承擔的責任」部分中作進一步闡述。根據香港會計師公會頒布的專業會計師道德守則(「守則」),我們獨立於 貴集團,並已履行守則中其他專業道德責任。我們相信,我們所獲得的審計憑證能充足及適當地為我們的審計意見提供基礎。

# TO THE MEMBERS OF TIAN AN CHINA INVESTMENTS COMPANY LIMITED

(incorporated in Hong Kong with limited liability)

#### **OPINION**

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of Tian An China Investments Company Limited (the "Company") and its subsidiaries (collectively referred to as the "Group") set out on pages 106 to 283, which comprise the consolidated statement of financial position as at 31st December, 2019, and the consolidated statement of profit or loss, consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, consolidated statement of changes in equity and consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements give a true and fair view of the consolidated financial position of the Group as at 31st December, 2019, and of its consolidated financial performance and its consolidated cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards ("HKFRSs") issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants ("HKICPA") and have been properly prepared in compliance with the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

## **BASIS FOR OPINION**

We conducted our audit in accordance with Hong Kong Standards on Auditing ("HKSAs") issued by the HKICPA. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with the HKICPA's Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (the "Code"), and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

## INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT (CONTINUED)

## 關鍵審核事項

關鍵審核事項是根據我們的專業判斷,認為對本期綜合財務報表的審計最為重要的事項。這 些事項是在我們審計整體綜合財務報表及出具 意見時進行處理的。我們不會對這些事項提供 單獨的意見。

#### 關鍵審核事項

**Key Auditor Matter** 

#### **KEY AUDIT MATTERS**

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the consolidated financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

## 我們於審核中處理關鍵審核事項之方法

How our audit addressed the key audit matter

待發展物業、發展中物業存貨以及已竣工物業存貨之估值 Valuation of properties for development, inventories of properties under development and inventories of completed properties

我們將 貴集團之待發展物業(「待發展物業」)、發展中物業存貨(「發展中物業」)及已竣工物業存貨(「供銷售物業」)的估值確定為關鍵審核事項,因為釐定待發展物業之可收回金額及發展中物業及供銷售物業之可變現淨值(「可變現淨值」)涉及重大判斷。於二零一九年十二月三十一日,貴集團擁有待發展物業4,016,593,000港元、發展中物業2,229,928,000港元及供銷售物業2,608,674,000港元(統稱「物業」),上述物業均位於中華人民共和國(「中國」)、香港及澳洲。

We identified the valuation of the Group's properties for development ("PFD"), inventories of properties under development ("PUD") and inventories of completed properties ("PFS") as a key audit matter due to the significant judgments involved in the determination of the recoverable amount of PFD and the net realisable value ("NRV") of PUD and PFS. As at 31st December, 2019, the Group had PFD of HK\$4,016,593,000, PUD of HK\$2,229,928,000 and PFS of HK\$2,608,674,000 (collectively referred to the "Properties"), all of which are situated in the People's Republic of China (the "PRC"), Hong Kong and Australia.

我們有關管理層評估待發展物業、發展中物業及供銷售物 業之估值之評估程序包括:

Our procedures in relation to evaluating management's assessment of the valuation of PFD, PUD and PFS included:

- 評估評估師之勝任力、能力及客觀性;
- Evaluating the competence, capabilities and objectivity of the Valuers;
- 透過比較實體特定資料及市場數據,評估估值方法及 重要參數(包括物業市價、發展總值、開發商之溢利 及管理層及評估師採納之貼現率)之合理性;
- Evaluating the reasonableness of the valuation techniques and the significant inputs including properties market price, gross development value, developer's profit and discount rate adopted by management and the Valuers by comparing to entity-specific information and market data;
- 通過比較完成待發展物業及發展中物業之估計未來成本與 貴集團類似物業之實際開發成本,抽樣評估該成本之合理性;及
- Evaluating the reasonableness of the estimated future cost to completion of PFD and PUD, on a sample basis, by comparing them to actual development costs of similar properties of the Group; and

## INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT (CONTINUED)

## 關鍵審核事項(續)

## **KEY AUDIT MATTERS** (CONTINUED)

關鍵審核事項 Key Auditor Matter 我們於審核中處理關鍵審核事項之方法 How our audit addressed the key audit matter

待發展物業、發展中物業存貨以及已竣工物業存貨之估值 (續)

Valuation of properties for development, inventories of properties under development and inventories of completed properties (continued)

管理層根據獨立合資格專業評估師(「評估師」)進行之估值 釐定待發展物業之可收回金額及發展中物業之可變現淨 值。估值依賴於涉及管理層判斷之若干重要參數,包括發 展總值、開發商之溢利及貼現率。此外,管理層參考 貴 集團已竣工項目之實際開發成本估計完成待發展物業及發 展中物業之未來成本。

Management determined the recoverable amount of PFD and the NRV of PUD based on valuations performed by independent and qualified professional valuers (the "Valuers"). The valuations are dependent on certain significant inputs that involve management's judgments, including gross development value, developer's profit and discount rate. In addition, management estimated future cost to completion of PFD and PUD with reference to the actual development cost of the Group's completed projects.

管理層考慮若干因素,包括在中國、香港及澳洲之相同項目之類似物業類型或類似物業所得之近期價格,經參考供銷售物業之估計市價釐定供銷售物業之可變現淨值。

Management determined the NRV of PFS with reference to the estimated market prices of PFS, which takes into account a number of factors including recent prices achieved for similar property types in the same project or by similar properties in the PRC, Hong Kong and Australia.

基於管理層之評估,截至二零一九年十二月三十一日止年度,供銷售物業之減值1,801,000港元以及待發展物業之減價虧損42,368,000港元於損益中確認。

Based on management's assessment, the write-down of PFS of HK\$1,801,000 and impairment loss on PFD of HK\$42,368,000 were recognised in profit or loss for the year ended 31st December, 2019.

- 通過參考相同項目或可資比較物業所得之近期市價評估管理層所用供銷售物業之估計售價之適用性,包括根據我們對 貴集團業務及中國、香港與澳洲房地產市場之理解,評估管理層所用之可資比較物業之適用性。
- Assessing the appropriateness of the estimated selling prices of PFS used by management with reference to recent market prices achieved in the same projects or by comparable properties, including an evaluation of the appropriateness of the comparable properties used by management based on our knowledge of the Group's businesses and the real estate markets in the PRC, Hong Kong and Australia.

## INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT (CONTINUED)

#### 關鍵審核事項(續)

## **KEY AUDIT MATTERS** (CONTINUED)

#### 關鍵審核事項

**Key Auditor Matter** 

我們於審核中處理關鍵審核事項之方法 How our audit addressed the key audit matter

#### 投資物業之估值

#### Valuation of investment properties

我們將投資物業之估值確認為關鍵審核事項,原因為其結 餘在綜合財務報表整體而言之重要性連同釐定公允價值涉 及重要判斷。

We identified the valuation of investment properties as a key audit matter due to the significance of the balance to the consolidated financial statements as a whole, combined with the significant judgments associated with determining the fair value.

誠如綜合財務報表附註17所披露, 貴集團之投資物業指位於中國、香港及英國之辦公樓、停車場、住宅單位及酒店,於二零一九年十二月三十一日之公允價值為12,380,751,000港元。

As disclosed in note 17 to the consolidated financial statements, the Group's investment properties which represent office buildings, car parking spaces, residential units and hotel located in the PRC, Hong Kong and the United Kingdom were carried at fair value of HK\$12,380,751,000 as at 31st December, 2019.

貴集團之所有投資物業乃參考評估師進行之估值按公允價值釐定。估值方法、估值所用之重要假設及主要參數之詳情於綜合財務報表附註17披露。估值依賴於涉及管理層判斷之若干重要假設及主要參數,包括租期收益率、復歸收益率、個別單位之市場單位租金、市場單位銷售價格、發展商之溢利及風險率、貼現率、增長率及估算租金。

All of the Group's investment properties are measured at fair value with reference to the valuations performed by the Valuers. Details of the valuation techniques, significant assumptions and key inputs used in the valuations are disclosed in note 17 to the consolidated financial statements. The valuations are dependent on certain significant assumptions and key inputs that involve management's judgments, including term yield, reversionary yield, market unit rent of individual unit, market unit sales rate, developer's profit and risk rate, discount rate, growth rate and estimated rent.

我們有關評估投資物業之估值之程序包括:

Our procedures in relation to evaluating the valuation of investment properties included:

- 評估評估師之勝任力、能力及客觀性;
- Evaluating the competence, capabilities and objectivity of the Valuers;
- 理解評估師之估值過程及方法,物業市場之表現、估值所採納之重要假設、估值所用之關鍵判斷領域及主要參數;
- Understanding the Valuers' valuation process and methodologies, the performance of the property markets, significant assumptions adopted, critical judgmental areas and key inputs used in the valuations;
- 評估行業規範之方法及假設之合理性;及
- Evaluating the reasonableness of the methodologies and assumptions to industry norms; and
- 透過比較實體特定之資料及市場數據,評估管理層及 評估師所採納之主要參數之合理性。
- Assessing the reasonableness of the key inputs adopted by management and the Valuers by comparing them, on a sample basis, to entityspecific information and market data.

## **INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT (CONTINUED)**

## 其他信息

貴公司董事(「董事」)對其他資料負責。其他資料包括年報所載的資料,惟不包括綜合財務報表及其相關的核數師報告。

我們對綜合財務報表的意見並不涵蓋其他資料,我們亦不對其他資料發表任何形式的鑑證 結論。

就我們審計綜合財務報表而言,我們的責任為 閱讀其他資料,從而考慮其他資料是否與綜合 財務報表或我們在審計過程中獲悉的資料存在 重大不符,或是否存在重大錯誤陳述。倘我們 基於已進行的工作認為其他資料出現重大錯誤 陳述,我們須報告有關事實。就此,我們毋須 作出報告。

## 董事及管治層就綜合財務報表須承擔 的責任

董事須負責根據由香港會計師公會頒佈之香港 財務報告準則及香港公司條例編製真實而中肯 的綜合財務報表,並對其認為使綜合財務報表 的編製不存在由欺詐或錯誤而導致重大錯誤陳 述所需的內部控制負責。

於編製綜合財務報表時,董事負責評估 貴集 團持續經營的能力,並在適當情況下披露與持 續經營能力有關的事宜,除非董事有意將 貴 集團清盤或停止經營,或除此之外並無其他實 際可行的方法,否則須採用以持續經營為基礎 會計法。

管治層須負責監督 貴集團的財務報告過程。

#### **OTHER INFORMATION**

The directors of the Company ("Directors") are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the annual report, but does not include the consolidated financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the consolidated financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the consolidated financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the consolidated financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

# RESPONSIBILITIES OF DIRECTORS AND THOSE CHARGED WITH GOVERNANCE FOR THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The Directors are responsible for the preparation of the consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with HKFRSs issued by the HKICPA and the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance, and for such internal control as the Directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, the Directors are responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Directors either intend to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Group's financial reporting process.

## INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT (CONTINUED)

## 核數師就審核綜合財務報表須承擔的 責任

我們的目標是根據香港公司條例第405條對綜合財務報表整體是否不存在由於欺詐或錯誤而導致的重大錯誤陳述取得合理保證,並出具載有我們意見的核數師報告。我們不會就本報告的內容向任何其他人士負上或承擔任何責任。合理保證是高水平的保證,但不能保證按照查內理保證是高水平的保證,但不能保證按照大工時總能發現。錯誤陳述可以由欺詐或錯誤內起,如果合理預期它們單獨或滙總起來可能影響綜合財務報表使用者依賴財務報表所作出的經濟決定,則有關的錯誤陳述可被視作重大。

在根據香港審計準則進行審計的過程中,我 們運用了專業判斷,保持專業懷疑態度。我 們亦:

- 識別及評估由於欺詐或錯誤而導致綜合財務報表存在重大錯誤陳述的風險、設計及執行審計程序以應對該等風險,以及獲取充足和適當的審計憑證,作為我們意見的基礎。由於欺詐可能涉及串謀、偽造、蓄意遺漏、虚假陳述或凌駕內部控制的情況,因此未能發現因欺詐而導致的重大錯誤陳述的風險高於未能發現因錯誤而導致的重大錯誤陳述的風險。
- 了解與審計相關的內部控制,以設計適當 的審核程序,惟並非旨在對 貴集團內部 控制的有效性發表意見。
- 評估董事所採用會計政策的恰當性及作出 會計估計和相關披露的合理性。

# AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE AUDIT OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion solely to you, as a body, in accordance with section 405 of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance, and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility towards or accept liability to any other person for the contents of this report. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with HKSAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with HKSAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the
  consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error,
  design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks,
  and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate
  to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a
  material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one
  resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery,
  intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of
  internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the Directors.

## **INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT (CONTINUED)**

## 核數師就審核綜合財務報表須承擔的 責任(續)

## 對董事採用持續經營會計基礎的恰當性作 出結論,並根據所獲取的審核憑證,確定 是否存在與事項或情況有關的重大不確定 性,從而可能導致對 貴集團的持續經營 能力產生重大疑慮。倘我們認為存在重大 不確定性,則有必要在核數師報告中提請 使用者注意綜合財務報表中的相關披露。 倘有關披露不足,則我們應出具非無保留 意見。我們的結論乃基於截至核數師報告 日期止所取得的審核憑證。然而,未來事 項或情況可能導致 貴集團無法持續經營。

- 評價綜合財務報表的整體列報方式、結構 和內容,包括披露,以及綜合財務報表是 否中肯反映相關交易和事項。
- 就 貴集團內實體或業務活動的財務信息 獲取充足、適當的審核憑證,以便對綜合 財務報表發表意見。我們負責集團審核的 方向、監督和執行。我們為審計意見承擔 全部責任。

除其他事項外,我們與治理層溝通了計劃的審 計範圍、時間安排、重大審計發現等,包括我 們在審計中識別出內部監控的任何重大缺陷。

我們還向治理層提交聲明,説明我們已符合有 關獨立性的相關專業道德要求,並與他們溝通 有可能合理地被認為會影響我們獨立性的所有 關係和其他事項,以及在適用的情況下,相關 的防範措施。

## AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE AUDIT OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(CONTINUED)

- Conclude on the appropriateness of the Directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Group to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

## INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT (CONTINUED)

## 核數師就審核綜合財務報表須承擔的 責任(續)

從與治理層溝通的事項中,我們確定那些事項 對本期綜合財務報表的審計最為重要,因而構 成關鍵審計事項。我們在核數師報告中描述這 些事項,除非法律法規不允許公開披露這些事 項,或在極端罕見的情況下,如果合理預期在 我們報告中溝通某事項造成的負面後果超過產 生的公眾利益,我們決定不應在報告中溝通該 事項。

出具本獨立核數師報告的審核項目合夥人為 姜道蔚。

# AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE AUDIT OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

The engagement partner on the audit resulting in the independent auditor's report is Keung To Wai, David.

德勤 • 關黃陳方會計師行

執業會計師

香港,二零二零年四月六日

**DELOITTE TOUCHE TOHMATSU** 

Certified Public Accountants

Hong Kong, 6th April, 2020

## 綜合損益表

## CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS

截至二零一九年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31st December, 2019

行政費用 Administrative e 其他營運費用 Other operating	istribution expenses xpenses	2,221,904 (1,223,628) 998,276 311,563 (50,946) (343,774)	3,291,719 (1,909,020) 1,382,699 320,912 (54,060)
毛利 Gross profit Ather income an information of the income an information of the income and information of the information of the income and information of the infor	istribution expenses xpenses expenses	998,276 311,563 (50,946) (343,774)	1,382,699 320,912
其他收入及收益 Other income at marketing and d Marketing and d Administrative e 其他營運費用 Other operating	istribution expenses xpenses expenses	311,563 (50,946) (343,774)	320,912
其他收入及收益Other income at市場及分銷費用Marketing and d行政費用Administrative e其他營運費用Other operating	istribution expenses xpenses expenses	311,563 (50,946) (343,774)	320,912
市場及分銷費用 Marketing and d 行政費用 Administrative e 其他營運費用 Other operating	istribution expenses xpenses expenses	(50,946) (343,774)	
行政費用 Administrative e 其他營運費用 Other operating	xpenses expenses	(343,774)	(54 060)
其他營運費用 Other operating	expenses		
1 0		(10 003)	(342,400)
│透過損益按公允價值處理 Net increase (de	crease) in fair value	(10,802)	(19,791)
	sets at fair value		
淨增加(減少) through profit		70,435	(68,246)
	crease) in fair value		
	rities at fair value		
淨增加(減少) through profit		12,850	(29,597)
	losses on loans receivable	(277,419)	(741)
已竣工物業存貨轉撥至 Fair value gain o			
	completed properties		
收益 to investment		101,743	229,137
投資物業公允價值之 Increase in fair v	alue of investment		
增加 properties	17	246,620	201,283
已竣工物業存貨之 Write-down of in	nventories of completed		
減值 properties		(1,801)	(4,014)
待發展物業 Impairment loss	on properties for		
減值虧損 development	18	(42,368)	_
待發展物業 Amortisation of	properties for		
攤銷 development		(55,724)	(26,111)
融資成本 Finance costs	8	(186,030)	(155,964)
應佔聯營公司溢利 Share of profit o		6,410	55,688
應佔合營企業溢利 Share of profit of	joint ventures	925,304	378,774
除税前溢利 Profit before tax		1,704,337	1,867,569
税項 Taxation	9	(348,765)	(609,458)
本年度溢利 Profit for the year	r 10	1,355,572	1,258,111
本年度溢利應佔方: Profit for the year	r attributable to:		
本公司股東 Owners of the		1,345,942	1,251,202
非控股權益 Non-controlling Non-con		9,630	6,909
		1,355,572	1,258,111
		港元	港元
		HK\$	HK\$
每股盈利 Earnings per sha	re 13		
基本 Basic		0.89	0.83

## 綜合損益及其他全面收益表 CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

截至二零一九年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31st December, 2019

		2019 千港元 HK\$'000	2018 千港元 HK\$′000
本年度溢利	Profit for the year	1,355,572	1,258,111
其他全面(費用)收益	Other comprehensive (expense) income		
不會重新分類至損益的 項目:	Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss:		
換日: 換算為呈列貨幣所產生 之滙兑差異	Exchange differences arising on translation to presentation currency	(456,601)	(314,492)
應佔聯營公司及合營企業 之其他全面費用	Share of other comprehensive expense of associates and joint ventures	(142,182)	(64,920)
透過其他全面收益按 公允價值處理之股本	Net change in fair value of equity instruments at fair value through other comprehensive	(66 700)	(66,626)
工具公允價值之淨變動 透過其他全面收益按 公允價值處理之股本	income Deferred tax effect on change in fair value of an equity instrument at fair value	(66,720)	(66,636)
工具公允價值之變動之遞延稅項的影響	through other comprehensive income	1,210	3,603
於轉撥至投資物業時 之物業及預付租賃款	Surplus on revaluation of properties and prepaid lease payments upon transfer		
重估盈餘 於轉撥至投資物業時 之物業重估之遞延	to investment properties  Deferred tax effect on revaluation of properties upon transfer to	_	4,210
税項的影響	investment properties	-	(6,039)
		(664,293)	(444,274)
隨後可能重新分類至	Items that may be reclassified subsequently to		
損益的項目: 換算海外業務所產生之	profit or loss: Exchange differences arising on translation of		
滙兑差異 其他	foreign operations Others	2,174 423	(67,605) 763
		2,597	(66,842)
本年度其他全面費用	Other comprehensive expense for the year	(661,696)	(511,116)
本年度全面收益總額	Total comprehensive income for the year	693,876	746,995
本年度全面收益(費用)總額 應佔方:	Total comprehensive income (expense) for the year attributable to:		
本公司股東 非控股權益	Owners of the Company Non-controlling interests	688,546 5,330	759,152 (12,157)
		693,876	746,995

# 綜合財務狀況表 CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

於二零一九年十二月三十一日 At 31st December, 2019

			2019	2018
		附註	千港元	千港元
		NOTES	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
非流動資產	Non-current assets	4=	224.5	004040
物業、廠房及設備	Property, plant and equipment	15	204,679	234,312
使用權資產	Right-of-use assets	16	38,548	_
投資物業	Investment properties	17	12,380,751	13,622,280
待發展物業	Properties for development	18	4,016,593	3,818,333
收購待發展物業之 	Deposits for acquisition of properties			
按金	for development		189,367	193,245
土地使用權之預付租賃款	Prepaid lease payments on land use rights	19	-	39,212
其他資產-物業權益	Other assets – properties interests		16,168	17,225
於聯營公司之權益	Interests in associates	20	2,891,108	2,891,331
於合營企業之權益	Interests in joint ventures	21	6,526,622	5,304,245
應收貸款	Loans receivable	29	318,846	264,305
透過損益按公允價值處理之	Financial assets at fair value through			
金融資產	profit or loss	22	173,267	114,790
透過其他全面收益按公允	Equity instruments at fair value through			
價值處理之股本工具	other comprehensive income	23	354,996	211,698
俱樂部會籍	Club memberships		4,261	10,500
遞延税項資產	Deferred tax assets	40	311,393	116,962
			27,426,599	26,838,438
<b>计</b> 毛/// <del>文</del>				
流動資產	Current assets	2.4		
物業存貨	Inventories of properties	24	2 222 222	4 707 600
一發展中	– under development		2,229,928	1,797,689
一已竣工	– completed	0.5	2,608,674	3,993,950
其他存貨	Other inventories	25	1,461	415
聯營公司欠款	Amounts due from associates	26	92,792	202,792
合營企業欠款	Amounts due from joint ventures	27	1,047,977	1,333,437
非控股權益	Amounts due from non-controlling			
欠款	interests	28	17,778	18,391
應收貸款	Loans receivable	29	1,089,269	1,369,144
交易及其他應收賬款、	Trade and other receivables, deposits			
按金及預付款	and prepayments	30	556,885	331,494
土地使用權之預付租賃款	Prepaid lease payments on land use rights	19	-	892
透過損益按公允價值處理之	Financial assets at fair value through			
金融資產	profit or loss	22	32,968	229,885
透過損益按公允價值處理之	Equity securities at fair value through			
股本證券	profit or loss	31	56,973	49,390
預繳税項	Prepaid tax		8,911	2,791
用作抵押之銀行存款	Pledged bank deposits	47	604,298	552,663
銀行結存及現金	Bank balances and cash		2,942,277	2,293,386
			11,290,191	12,176,319
分類為待售資產	Assets classified as held for sale	32	2,332,834	
			13,623,025	12,176,319

綜合財務狀況表(續)

# CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION (CONTINUED)

於二零一九年十二月三十一日 At 31st December, 2019

		附註 NOTES	2019 千港元 HK\$′000	2018 千港元 HK\$′000
<b>运</b> 新名 <i>集</i>	Current liabilities			
<b>流動負債</b> 交易及其他應付賬款	Trade and other payables	33	2,242,469	1,859,071
会約負債	Contract liabilities	34	1,081,448	1,039,071
税項負債	Tax liabilities	34	1,478,223	1,431,416
附息借款	Interest-bearing borrowings	35	1,438,604	1,328,035
免息借款	Interest-free borrowings	36	1,389,614	950,768
一	interest-free borrowings	30	1,303,014	330,700
			<b>7</b> (20 2 <b>5</b> 0	7.560.710
<b>四八新为</b> 社佳次文之	Challiforn and the design and		7,630,358	7,560,710
與分類為待售資產之	Liabilities associated with assets	2.2	1.070.600	
相關負債	classified as held for sale	32	1,078,688	
			8,709,046	7,560,710
流動資產淨值	Net current assets		4,913,979	4,615,609
總資產減流動負債	Total assets less current liabilities		32,340,578	31,454,047
股本及儲備	Capital and reserves			
股本	Share capital	37	3,788,814	3,788,814
儲備	Reserves	38	20,462,162	20,094,264
本公司股東應佔之	Equity attributable to owners of			
權益	the Company		24,250,976	23,883,078
非控股權益	Non-controlling interests		1,344,195	1,369,933
權益總額	Total equity		25,595,171	25,253,011

# CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION (CONTINUED)

於二零一九年十二月三十一日 At 31st December, 2019

		附註 NOTES	2019 千港元 HK\$'000	2018 千港元 HK\$′000
非流動負債	Non-current liabilities			
附息借款	Interest-bearing borrowings	35	3,887,081	3,402,238
一名租戶之遞延租金收入	Deferred rental income from a tenant	39	15,982	24,800
租戶之租金按金	Rental deposits from tenants		21,312	22,145
遞延税項負債	Deferred tax liabilities	40	2,821,032	2,751,853
			6,745,407	6,201,036
			32,340,578	31,454,047

刊載於第106頁至第283頁之綜合財務報表已 於二零二零年四月六日經董事會通過及授權刊 發,並由下列董事代表簽署: The consolidated financial statements on pages 106 to 283 were approved and authorised for issue by the Board of Directors on 6th April, 2020 and are signed on its behalf by:

Patrick Lee Seng Wei 李成偉 Director 董事 Edwin Lo King Yau 勞景祐 Director 董事

# 綜合權益變動表

# CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

截至二零一九年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31st December, 2019

> 本公司股東應佔 Attributable to owners of the Company

		Attributable to owners of the Company								
		股本 Share capital 千港元 HK\$'000	特殊 資本儲備 Special capital reserve 千港元 HK\$'000	匯兑 浮動儲備 Exchange translation reserve 千港元 HK\$'000	重估儲備 Revaluation reserves 千港元 HK\$'000 (附註1) (note 38) (Note i)	其他儲備 Other reserves 千港元 HK\$'000	累計溢利 Retained earnings 千港元 HK\$'000	總計 Total 千港元 HK\$'000	非控股權益 Non- controlling interests 千港元 HK\$'000	權益總額 Total equity 千港元 HK\$'000
於二零一八年一月一日 (原呈列) 會計政策變動的影響	At 1st January, 2018 (originally stated) Effect on changes in accounting policies	3,788,814	1,417,669	952,217 –	61,387 (77,903)	(329,167)	17,534,360 77,903	23,425,280	1,459,760 -	24,885,040
於二零一八年一月一日(重列)	At 1st January, 2018 (restated)	3,788,814	1,417,669	952,217	(16,516)	(329,167)	17,612,263	23,425,280	1,459,760	24,885,040
換算為呈列貨幣所產生之 匯兑差異 換算海外業務所產生之	Exchange differences arising on translation to presentation currency Exchange differences arising on	-	-	(297,565)	-	-	-	(297,565)	(16,927)	(314,492)
滙兑差異 應佔聯營公司及合營企業之	translation of foreign operations Share of other comprehensive expense of	-	=	(67,605)	-	-	-	(67,605)	-	(67,605)
其他全面費用 透過其他全面收益按公允價值 處理之股本工具公允價值	associates and joint ventures  Net change in fair value of equity instruments at fair value	-	-	(64,920)	-	-	-	(64,920)	-	(64,920)
之淨變動 透過其他全面收益按公允 價值處理之股本工具 公允價值之變動之 遞延稅項的影響	through other comprehensive income Deferred tax effect on change in fair value of an equity instrument at fair value through other comprehensive income	-	-	-	(64,955)	-	-	(64,955)	(1,681)	(66,636)
<ul><li></li></ul>	Surplus on revaluation of properties and prepaid lease payments upon transfer to investment properties	-	_	-	3,156	-	-	3,156	1,054	4,210
於轉撥至投資物業時之 物業重估之遞延税項 的影響 其他	Deferred tax effect on revaluation of properties upon transfer to investment properties  Others	-	-	-	(4,527)	- 763	-	(4,527) 763	(1,512)	(6,039) 763
本年度溢利	Profit for the year				-	703	1,251,202	1,251,202	6,909	1,258,111
本年度全面(費用)收益總額	Total comprehensive (expense) income for the year	_	_	(430,090)	(62,723)	763	1,251,202	759,152	(12,157)	746,995
於出售透過其他全面收益 按公允價值處理之股本 工具時轉發重估儲備至	Transfer of revaluation reserves to retained earnings upon disposal of equity instrument at fair value									
累計溢利 股息分配	through other comprehensive income Dividend recognised as distribution	-	-	-	4,601	-	(4,601)	-	-	-
<i>(附註14)</i> 股息分派予 非控股權益	(note 14) Dividend distributed to non-controlling interests	-	-	-	-	-	(301,354)	(301,354)	(77,670)	(301,354) (77,670)
於二零一八年十二月三十一日	At 31st December, 2018	3,788,814	1,417,669	522,127	(74,638)	(328,404)	18,557,510	23,883,078	1,369,933	25,253,011

# 綜合權益變動表(續)

# CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY (CONTINUED)

截至二零一九年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31st December, 2019

		本公司股東應佔 Attributable to owners of the Company								
		股本 Share capital 千港元 HK\$'000	特殊 資本儲備 Special capital reserve 千港元 HK\$'000	匯兑 浮動儲備 Exchange translation reserve 千港元 HK\$'000	重估儲備 Revaluation reserves 千港元 HK\$'000 (附註38) (附註1) (note 38) (Note i)	其他儲備 Other reserves 千港元 HK\$'000	累計溢利 Retained earnings 千港元 HK\$'000	總計 Total 千港元 HK\$'000	非控股權益 Non- controlling interests 千港元 HK\$'000	權益總額 Total equity 千港元 HK\$'000
於二零一八年十二月三十一日	At 31st December, 2018	3,788,814	1,417,669	522,127	(74,638)	(328,404)	18,557,510	23,883,078	1,369,933	25,253,011
換算為呈列貨幣所產生之 匯兑差異 換算海外業務所產生之 滙兑差異	Exchange differences arising on translation to presentation currency Exchange differences arising on translation of foreign operations	-	-	(453,602) 2,174	-	-	-	(453,602) 2,174	(2,999)	(456,601) 2,174
應佔聯營公司及合營企業之 其他全面費用 透過其他全面收益按公允價值 處理之股本工具公允價值之	Share of other comprehensive expense of associates and joint ventures Net change in fair value of equity instruments at fair value through	-	-	(142,182)	-	-	-	(142,182)	-	(142,182)
ルサイン (大学 )	other comprehensive income  Deferred tax effect on change in fair value of an equity instrument at fair value through other	-	-	-	(65,419)	-	-	(65,419)	(1,301)	(66,720)
變動之遞延稅項的影響	comprehensive income	_	_	_	1,210	_	_	1,210	_	1,210
其他	Others	-	-	-	-	423	-	423	-	423
本年度溢利	Profit for the year	-	_	_	_	-	1,345,942	1,345,942	9,630	1,355,572
本年度全面(費用)收益總額	Total comprehensive (expense) income for the year	-		(593,610)	(64,209)	423	1,345,942	688,546	5,330	693,876
應佔合營企業之其他儲備 一間附屬公司自願清盤時的轉撥	Share of other reserve of joint venture Transfer on voluntary liquidation	-	-	-	-	1,827	-	1,827	-	1,827
<i>(附註ii)</i> 一間合營企業自願清盤時的轉撥	of a subsidiary (Note ii) Transfer on voluntary liquidation	-	-	(35,059)	-	-	35,059	-	-	-
( <i>附註iii</i> ) of a joint venture (Note iii) 股息分配 Dividend recognised as distribution	of a joint venture (Note iii)	-	-	(5,310)	-	-	5,310	-	-	-
(附註14)	(note 14)	-	-	-	-	-	(301,354)	(301,354)	-	(301,354)
股息分派予非控股權益 股份回購 <i>(附註37)</i>	Dividend distributed to non-controlling interests Repurchase of shares (note 37)	-	-	-	_	-	(21,121)	(21,121)	(31,068)	(31,068) (21,121)
於二零一九年十二月三十一日	At 31st December, 2019	3,788,814	1,417,669	(111,852)	(138,847)	(326,154)	19,621,346	24,250,976	1,344,195	25,595,171

#### 附註:

- (i) 於二零一九年一月一日及二零一九年十二月三十一日,本集團重估儲備包括透過其他全面收益按公允價值處理之股本工具公允價值調整所產生之投資重估儲備,以及於轉撥至投資物業時物業重估所產生之物業重估儲備。
- (ii) 於截至二零一九年十二月三十一日止年度內,一間 於中華人民共和國(「中國」)註冊成立且不活躍之附 屬公司已自願清盤。其匯兑浮動儲備35,059,000港 元已轉撥至累計溢利。
- (iii) 於截至二零一九年十二月三十一日止年度內,一間於中國註冊成立且不活躍之合營企業已自願清盤。 其匯兑浮動儲備5,310,000港元已轉撥至累計溢利。

#### Notes:

- i) Revaluation reserves of the Group as at 1st January, 2019 and 31st December, 2019 comprise the investment revaluation reserve arising from the fair value adjustment on equity instruments at fair value through other comprehensive income and property revaluation reserve arising from revaluation of properties upon transfer to investment properties.
- ii) During the year ended 31st December, 2019, a subsidiary, which was established in the People's Republic of China ("PRC") and was inactive, was voluntarily liquidated. Exchange translation reserve of HK\$35,059,000 was released to retained earnings.
- (iii) During the year ended 31st December, 2019, a joint venture, which was established in the PRC and was inactive, was voluntarily liquidated. Exchange translation reserve of HK\$5,310,000 was released to retained earnings.

# 綜合現金流動表 CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

截至二零一九年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31st December, 2019

		2019 千港元 HK\$'000	2018 千港元 HK\$′000
營運業務	OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
除税前溢利	Profit before tax	1,704,337	1,867,569
調整:	Adjustments for:	1,1 0 1,001	.,,.
其他收入及收益	Other income and gains		
一股息收入	– Dividend income	(6,281)	(3,767)
一銀行存款及應收貸款	<ul> <li>Interest income on bank deposits and</li> </ul>	(1)	(= / /
利息收入	loans receivable	(220,078)	(273,035)
一來自合營企業之利息收入	<ul> <li>Interest income from joint ventures</li> </ul>	(25,975)	(8,008)
透過損益按公允價值處理之	Net (increase) decrease in fair value of	` , ,	. , , ,
金融資產之公允價值淨	financial assets at fair value through		
(增加)減少	profit or loss	(70,435)	68,246
透過損益按公允價值處理之	Net (increase) decrease in fair value of	(	,
股本證券之公允價值淨	equity securities at fair value through		
(增加)減少	profit or loss	(12,850)	29,597
一名租戶之遞延租金收入	Deferred rental income from a tenant	(7,991)	(8,267)
已竣工物業存貨轉撥至	Fair value gain on transfer of inventories of	(1/331)	(0/201)
投資物業之公允價值	completed properties to investment		
收益	properties	(101,743)	(229,137)
投資物業公允價值之增加	Increase in fair value of investment properties	(246,620)	(201,283)
已竣工物業存貨之減值	Write-down of inventories of completed properties	1,801	4,014
待發展物業之減值虧損	Impairment loss on properties for development	42,368	-
於過往年度已註銷的應收	Recovery of receivable written off	12/000	
賬款之撥回	in prior years	(21,774)	_
應收貸款淨減值虧損	Net impairment losses on loans receivable	277,419	_
應佔聯營公司溢利	Share of profit of associates	(6,410)	(55,688)
應佔合營企業溢利	Share of profit of joint ventures	(925,304)	(378,774)
融資成本	Finance costs	186,030	155,964
折舊及攤銷	Depreciation and amortisation	71,840	47,272
一間合營企業清盤之收益	Gain on liquidation of a joint venture	(29)	_
出售及註銷物業、廠房及設備之	Loss (gain) on disposal and write-off of property,	(-3-7)	
虧損(收益)	plant and equipment	167	(78)
營運資金變動前之	Operating cash inflows before movements		
營運現金流入	in working capital	638,472	1,014,625
物業存貨減少	Decrease in inventories of properties	116,118	904,598
待發展物業及收購待發展	Increase in properties for development and deposits for	(600.004)	(2.274.000)
物業之按金增加	acquisition of properties for development	(698,924)	(2,271,092)
其他存貨(增加)減少	(Increase) decrease in other inventories	(1,046)	1,537
交易及其他應收賬款、	(Increase) decrease in trade and other receivables,	()	
按金及預付款(增加)減少	deposits and prepayments	(207,011)	145,121
透過損益按公允價值處理之	Decrease in equity securities at fair value		
股本證券減少	through profit or loss	5,558	1,739
受規管之銀行存款(增加)減少	(Increase) decrease in restricted bank deposits	(91,388)	470,112
交易及其他應付賬款增加	Increase in trade and other payables	663,639	358,094
合約負債減少	Decrease in contract liabilities	(822,786)	(442,460)
租戶之租金按金(減少)增加	(Decrease) increase in rental deposits from tenants	(95)	6,579
(田外)本有燃黑光及今田人	Cook (used in) from analysisms	(207.462)	100.053
(用於)來自營運業務之現金	Cash (used in) from operations	(397,463)	188,853
已付中國企業所得稅、土地增值稅	PRC Enterprise Income Tax, Land Appreciation Tax ("LAT"),		
(「土地増值税」)、海外税項及	overseas tax and Hong Kong Profits Tax	(4.40, 070)	(102.771)
香港所得税	paid	(143,079)	(103,771)
中國企業所得税退税	PRC Enterprise Income Tax refunded	1,504	397
(用於)來自營運業務之現金淨值	NET CASH (USED IN) FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	(539,038)	85,479
(/1)が / 小日百年木切と先业が旧	THE CAST (COLD III) I ROM OF ERATING ACTIVITIES	(333,030)	03,773

# 綜合現金流動表(續)

# CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS (CONTINUED) 截至二零一九年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31st December, 2019

		2010	2010
	T/1)	2019	2018
	附註	千港元	千港元
	NOTE	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
投資業務	INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
已收利息	Interest received	234,779	248,511
已收來自合營企業的股息	Dividends received from joint ventures	323,234	245,708
已收來自透過其他全面收益按公允	Dividends received from equity instruments at fair		
價值處理之股本工具的股息	value through other comprehensive income	3,408	2,101
已收來自透過損益按公允價值處理	Dividends received from financial assets		
之金融資產的股息	at fair value through profit or loss	699	657
購買物業、廠房及設備	Purchase of property, plant and equipment	(8,009)	(5,073)
出售物業、廠房及	Proceeds on disposal of property,		
設備所得	plant and equipment	62	476
購買投資物業	Purchase of investment properties	(335)	(4,016)
出售投資物業扣除	Proceeds from disposal of investment properties,		
增值税所得	net of value added tax	7,341	12,548
收購一間合營企業	Acquisition of a joint venture	_	(1,495,701)
購買透過損益按公允價值處理之	Purchase of financial assets at fair value through		
金融資產	profit or loss	(23,130)	(396,855)
購買透過其他全面收益按公允	Purchase of equity instruments at fair value through	(32)	(===,===,
價值處理之股本工具	other comprehensive income	(204,441)	(42,134)
來自透過其他全面收益按公允	Proceeds from return of capital of	(=0:):::)	(12)101)
價值處理之股本工具的資本	an equity instrument at fair value through		
返還所得	other comprehensive income	_	28,919
來自透過損益按公允價值處理	Proceeds from return of capital of financial assets at		20,313
之金融資產的資本返還所得	fair value through profit or loss	222,222	_
來自一間合營企業清盤的款項	Receipt from liquidation of a joint venture	10,420	_
合營企業借款	Advances to joint ventures	(690,153)	(441,933)
合營企業還款	Repayment from joint ventures	85,510	61,182
聯營公司還款	Repayment from associates	110,000	121,454
歸還貸款	Loans repaid	744,251	265,678
給予貸款	Loans advanced	(795,892)	(1,112,476)
用作抵押之銀行存款之提取	Withdrawal of pledged bank deposits	1,986	179,075
用作抵押之銀行存款之存入	Placement of pledged bank deposits	(53,789)	(550,000)
加1月317之蚁门, 1730人。1770	Tracement of predged bank deposits	(33,703)	(550,000)
用於投資業務之現金淨值	NET CASH USED IN INVESTING ACTIVITIES	(31,837)	(2,881,879)
融資業務	FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
支付股份回購	Payment on repurchase of shares 37	(21,121)	_
已付利息	Interest paid	(245,903)	(203,961)
已付股息	Dividend paid	(301,354)	(301,354)
已付予非控股權益股息	Dividends paid to non-controlling interests	(31,068)	(77,670)
新借銀行及其他貸款	New bank and other loans raised	3,341,890	1,557,395
歸還銀行及其他貸款	Repayment of bank and other loans	(1,959,288)	(1,087,483)
來自聯營公司借款	Advances from associates	9,820	6,128
來自合營企業借款	Advances from joint ventures	496,362	932,111
歸還合營企業借款	Repayment to joint ventures	(35,531)	(3,128)
四水口舌止木旧州	repayment to joint ventures	(33,331)	(5,120)
來自融資業務之現金淨值	NET CASH FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES	1,253,807	822,038
小日間長木加た元並伊且	THE CAST I ROM THANKEN OF ACTIVITIES	1,233,007	022,030

# 綜合現金流動表(續)

# CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS (CONTINUED)

截至二零一九年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31st December, 2019

		2019	2018
		千港元	千港元
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
現金及現金等值項目 增加(減少)淨額	NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	682,932	(1,974,362)
於一月一日之現金及 現金等值項目	CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT 1ST JANUARY	2,175,526	4,194,781
外匯兑換率改變之影響	Effect of foreign exchange rate changes	(40,393)	(44,893)
於十二月三十一日之 現金及現金等值項目	CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT 31ST DECEMBER	2,818,065	2,175,526
現金及現金等值 項目結存分析	ANALYSIS OF THE BALANCES OF CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		
銀行結存及現金	Bank balances and cash	2,942,277	2,293,386
減:受規管之銀行存款(附註)	Less: restricted bank deposits (Note)	(209,248)	(117,860)
包含在分類為待售資產中之	Bank balances and cash included in	2,733,029	2,175,526
銀行結存及現金	assets classified as held for sale	85,036	-
		,	
		2,818,065	2,175,526

附註:受規管銀行存款包括在銀行結存及現金,該類銀行結存只能用於指定的物業發展項目或由法院監管。

Note: The restricted bank deposits are included in bank balances and cash which can only be applied in the designated property development projects or held in the custody of the court.

# 綜合財務報表附註 NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

截至二零一九年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31st December, 2019

#### 1. 概括

天安中國投資有限公司(「本公司」)為一間在香港註冊成立之公眾有限公司,其股份在香港聯合交易所有限公司(「聯交所」)上市。本公司註冊辦事處地址亦即是主要營業地點於本年報「公司資料」一節中披露。

本公司及其附屬公司(統稱「本集團」)主要從事物業發展及投資,提供物業管理及投資控股。本公司之功能貨幣為人民幣(「人民幣」),因本集團之大部份業務均在中國經營。綜合財務報表以香港貨幣(「港元」)呈列,這與本公司的功能貨幣有所不同。考慮到本公司之上市地方,本公司之董事(「董事」)認為港元乃是最合適之呈列貨幣。

### 2. 應用香港財務報告準則(「香港財務 報告準則」)之新訂及修訂本

#### 於本年度強制生效之香港財務報告準則 之新訂及修訂本

於本年度,本集團已首次應用下列由香港會計師公會(「香港會計師公會」)頒佈之香港財務報告準則之新訂及修訂本:

香港財務報告準則第16號 租賃

香港(國際財務報告詮釋 所得税處理之不確定性

委員會)-詮釋第23號

香港財務報告準則 具有負補償之預付款

第9號修訂本 特點

香港會計準則 計劃之修訂、縮減或

第19號修訂本 結算

香港會計準則 於聯營公司及合營企業之

第28號修訂本 長期權益

香港財務報告準則 香港財務報告準則二零一五年

修訂本 至二零一七年週期年度改進

#### 1. GENERAL

Tian An China Investments Company Limited ("Company") is a public limited company incorporated in Hong Kong and its securities are listed on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited ("Stock Exchange"). The address of the registered office which is also principal place of business of the Company is disclosed in the "Corporate Information" section of the annual report.

The principal activities of the Company and its subsidiaries (collectively referred to as the "Group") are property development and investment, provision of property management and investment holding. The functional currency of the Company is Renminbi ("RMB") as the Group conducts most of its operations in the PRC. The consolidated financial statements are presented in the currency of Hong Kong ("Hong Kong Dollars") which is different from the functional currency of the Company, as the directors of the Company ("Directors") consider that Hong Kong Dollars is the most appropriate presentation currency in view of its place of listing.

# 2. APPLICATION OF NEW AND AMENDMENTS TO HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRSs")

New and amendments to HKFRSs that are mandatorily effective for the current year

The Group has applied the following new and amendments to HKFRSs issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants ("HKICPA") for the first time in the current year:

HKFRS 16 Leases

Amendments to HKFRSs

HK(IFRIC)-Int 23 Uncertainty over Income

Tax Treatments

Amendments to HKFRS 9 Prepayment Features with

**Negative Compensation** 

Amendments to HKAS 19 Plan Amendment,

Curtailment or Settlement

Amendments to HKAS 28 Long-term Interests in

Associates and Joint Ventures

Annual Improvements to

HKFRSs 2015-2017 Cycle

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

截至二零一九年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31st December, 2019

# 2. 應用香港財務報告準則(「香港財務 報告準則」)之新訂及修訂本(續)

# 於本年度強制生效之香港財務報告準則之新訂及修訂本(續)

除下所述者外,本年度應用香港財務報告準則 之新訂及修訂本對本集團於本年度及過往年度 之財務表現及狀況及/或載於該等綜合財務報 表之披露並無重大影響。

#### 2.1 香港財務報告準則第16號租賃

本集團已於本年度首次應用香港財務報告準則 第16號。香港財務報告準則第16號取代香港會 計準則第17號「租賃 | 及相關詮釋。

#### 租賃之定義

本集團已選用權宜方案,對過往應用香港會計準則第17號及香港(國際財務報告詮釋委員會) 詮釋第4號「釐定一項安排是否包含租賃」而識別為租賃之合約應用香港財務報告準則第16號,而對過往並非識別為包含租賃的合約則不會應用此準則。因此,本集團並無重新評估在首次應用日之前已經存在之合約。

就於二零一九年一月一日或之後訂立或修改之 合約,本集團按照香港財務報告準則第16號所 載規定應用租賃之定義去評估一項合約是否包 含租賃。

# 2. APPLICATION OF NEW AND AMENDMENTS TO HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRSs") (CONTINUED)

# New and amendments to HKFRSs that are mandatorily effective for the current year (continued)

Except as described below, the application of the new and amendments to HKFRSs in the current year has had no material impact on the Group's financial performance and positions for the current and prior years and/or on the disclosures set out in these consolidated financial statements.

#### 2.1 HKFRS 16 Leases

The Group has applied HKFRS 16 for the first time in the current year. HKFRS 16 superseded HKAS 17 "Leases", and the related interpretations.

#### Definition of a lease

The Group has elected the practical expedient to apply HKFRS 16 to contracts that were previously identified as leases applying HKAS 17 and HK(IFRIC)-Int 4 "Determining whether an Arrangement contains a Lease" and not apply this standard to contracts that were not previously identified as containing a lease. Therefore, the Group has not reassessed contracts which already existed prior to the date of initial application.

For contracts entered into or modified on or after 1st January, 2019, the Group applies the definition of a lease in accordance with the requirements set out in HKFRS 16 in assessing whether a contract contains a lease.

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

截至二零一九年十二月三十一日止年度

For the year ended 31st December, 2019

## 2. 應用香港財務報告準則(「香港財務 報告準則」)之新訂及修訂本(續)

# 2. APPLICATION OF NEW AND AMENDMENTS TO HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRSs") (CONTINUED)

#### 2.1 香港財務報告準則第16號租賃(續)

#### 2.1 HKFRS 16 Leases (continued)

#### 作為承租人

## 本集團已追溯應用香港財務報告準則第16號並 於二零一九年一月一日首次應用日確認累計影 響。首次應用日之任何差額於期初累計溢利中 確認而比較資料並無重列。

當於過渡期根據香港財務報告準則第16號應用修改追溯方法時,本集團對過往根據香港會計準則第17號分類為經營租賃之租賃以逐項租賃之基礎上在各自的租賃合約相關範圍內應用權宜方案(即選擇就租賃期於首次應用日起12個月內結束的租賃不確認使用權資產和租賃負債)。

於過渡期,當應用香港財務報告準則第16號時 並無確認租賃負債。

#### As a lessee

The Group has applied HKFRS 16 retrospectively with the cumulative effect recognised at the date of initial application, 1st January, 2019. Any difference at the date of initial application is recognised in the opening retained earnings and comparative information has not been restated.

When applying the modified retrospective approach under HKFRS 16 at transition, the Group applied the practical expedient of electing not to recognise right-of-use assets and lease liabilities for leases with lease terms ending within twelve months of the date of initial application, to leases previously classified as operating leases under HKAS 17, on lease-by-lease basis, to the extent relevant to the respective lease contracts.

On transition, no lease liability is recognised upon application of HKFRS 16.

於二零一九年 一月一日 As at 1st January, 2019 千港元 HK\$'000

於二零一八年十二月三十一日	Operating lease commitments disclosed as	
披露之經營租賃承擔	at 31st December, 2018	1,915
<i>減:</i> 確認豁免-短期租賃	Less: Recognition exemption – short-term leases	(1,915)

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# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

截至二零一九年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31st December, 2019

# 2. 應用香港財務報告準則(「香港財務 報告準則」)之新訂及修訂本(續)

# 2. APPLICATION OF NEW AND AMENDMENTS TO HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRSs") (CONTINUED)

#### 2.1 香港財務報告準則第16號租賃(續)

#### 2.1 HKFRS 16 Leases (continued)

### 作為承租人(續)

As a lessee (continued)

於二零一九年一月一日之使用權資產賬面值包 括以下: The carrying amount of right-of-use assets as at 1st January, 2019 comprises the followings:

		附註 Notes	使用權資產 Right-of- use assets 千港元 HK\$'000	待發展物業 Properties for development 千港元 HK\$'000
與應用香港財務報告準則 第16號確認之經營租賃 有關的使用權資產: 從土地使用權之預付	Right-of-use assets relating to operating leases recognised upon application of HKFRS 16:  Reclassified from prepaid lease			
租賃款中重新分類 包含在待發展	payments on land use rights Amount included in properties	(i)	40,104	- 2.242.424
物業中的金額	for development	(ii)		3,342,421
			40,104	3,342,421
按類別:	By class:			
租賃土地	Leasehold lands		40,104	3,342,421

#### 附註:

- (i) 於中國之租賃土地之預付款於二零一八年十二月 三十一日分類為土地使用權之預付租賃款。當應用 香港財務報告準則第16號時,土地使用權之預付租 賃款之流動及非流動部份金額分別為892,000港元 及39,212,000港元已重新分類至使用權資產。
- (ii) 於中國之租賃土地之款項及直接成本於二零一八年十二月三十一日分類為待發展物業。當應用香港財務報告準則第16號時,待發展物業金額為3,342,421,000港元被視為使用權資產並包含在待發展物業中。

#### Notes:

- Upfront payments for leasehold lands in the PRC were classified as prepaid lease payments on land use rights as at 31st December, 2018. Upon application of HKFRS 16, the current and non-current portions of prepaid lease payments on land use rights amounting to HK\$892,000 and HK\$39,212,000 respectively were reclassified to right-of-use assets.
- (ii) Payments for leasehold lands and directly attributable costs in the PRC were classified as properties for development as at 31st December, 2018. Upon application of HKFRS 16, properties for development amounting to HK\$3,342,421,000 were considered as right-of-use assets and included in properties for development.

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

截至二零一九年十二月三十一日止年度

For the year ended 31st December, 2019

# 2. 應用香港財務報告準則(「香港財務 報告準則」)之新訂及修訂本(續)

# 2. APPLICATION OF NEW AND AMENDMENTS TO HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRSs") (CONTINUED)

#### 2.1 香港財務報告準則第16號租賃(續)

#### 2.1 HKFRS 16 Leases (continued)

#### 作為出租人

按照香港財務報告準則第16號的過渡條文,本集團毋須就本集團作為出租人之租賃過渡作出任何調整,惟須就該等租賃於首次應用日起按照香港財務報告準則第16號入賬,而比較資料並無重列。

- (a) 於應用香港財務報告準則第16號後,與現有租賃合約下相同相關資產有關的已訂立但於首次應用日後開始的新租賃合約按猶如現有租賃於二零一九年一月一日修訂的方式入賬。有關應用對本集團於二零一九年一月一日的綜合財務狀況表概無影響。然而,於二零一九年一月一日生效時,有關經修訂後之修訂租賃期的租賃款項於延長的租賃期內按直線法確認為收入。
- (b) 在應用香港財務報告準則第16號前,已收取的可退回租金按金被視為應用香港會計準則第17號的租賃下的權利及義務。根據香港財務報告準則第16號租賃款項的定義,該等按金並非與使用權資產相關的款項,並已調整以反映於過渡期貼現的影響。該影響對本集團本年度之綜合財務報表並無重大影響。
- (c) 於二零一九年一月一日生效時,本集團已 應用香港財務報告準則第15號以分配合約 代價予各自租賃及非租賃部分。此分配基 礎變動對本集團本年度之綜合財務報表並 無重大影響。

#### As a lessor

In accordance with the transitional provisions in HKFRS 16, the Group is not required to make any adjustment on transition for leases in which the Group is a lessor but accounts for these leases in accordance with HKFRS 16 from the date of initial application and comparative information has not been restated.

- (a) Upon application of HKFRS 16, new lease contracts entered into but commence after the date of initial application relating to the same underlying assets under existing lease contracts are accounted as if the existing leases are modified as at 1st January, 2019. The application has had no impact on the Group's consolidated statement of financial position as at 1st January, 2019. However, effective on 1st January, 2019, lease payments relating to the revised lease term after modification are recognised as income on straight-line basis over the extended lease term.
- (b) Before application of HKFRS 16, refundable rental deposits received were considered as rights and obligations under leases to which HKAS 17 applied. Based on the definition of lease payments under HKFRS 16, such deposits are not payments relating to the right-of-use assets and were adjusted to reflect the discounting effect at transition. The effect has no material impact on the consolidated financial statements of the Group for the current year.
- (c) Effective on 1st January, 2019, the Group has applied HKFRS 15 to allocate consideration in the contract to each lease and nonlease components. The change in allocation basis has had no material impact on the consolidated financial statements of the Group for the current year.

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

截至二零一九年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31st December, 2019

# 2. 應用香港財務報告準則(「香港財務 報告準則」)之新訂及修訂本(續)

# 2. APPLICATION OF NEW AND AMENDMENTS TO HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRSs") (CONTINUED)

#### 2.1 香港財務報告準則第16號租賃(續)

#### **2.1 HKFRS 16 Leases** (continued)

#### 作為出租人(續)

#### As a lessor(continued)

以下為對於二零一九年一月一日之綜合財務狀 況表中確認之金額作出之調整。未包含未受變 動影響的項目。 The following adjustments were made to the amounts recognised in the consolidated statement of financial position as at 1st January, 2019. Line items that were not affected by the changes have not been included.

		早前於 二零一八年 十二月三十一日 所呈報之賬面值 Carrying amounts previously reported as at 31st December,	調整	根據 香港財務報告 準則第16號 於二零一九年 一月一日之 賬面值 Carrying amounts under HKFRS 16 as at 1st January,
		<b>2018</b> 千港元	Adjustments 千港元	<b>2019</b> 千港元
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
<b>非流動資產</b> 土地使用權之 預付租賃款	Non-current assets Prepaid lease payments on land use rights	39,212	(39,212)	-
使用權資產	Right-of-use assets	-	40,104	40,104
流動資產 土地使用權之 預付租賃款	Current assets Prepaid lease payments on land use rights	892	(892)	

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

截至二零一九年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31st December, 2019

- 2. 應用香港財務報告準則(「香港財務 報告準則」)之新訂及修訂本(續)
- 2. APPLICATION OF NEW AND AMENDMENTS TO HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRSs") (CONTINUED)
- 2.2 應用香港財務報告準則的其他新訂及 修訂本的會計政策變動及影響
- 2.2 Impacts and changes in accounting policies of application of other new and amendments to HKFRSs

#### 香港(國際財務報告詮釋委員會)-詮釋第 23號所得稅處理之不確定性

#### HK(IFRIC)-Int 23 Uncertainty over Income Tax Treatments

香港(國際財務報告詮釋委員會)一詮釋第23號 闡述在所得稅處理存在不確定性時如何釐定會 計稅務狀況。該詮釋要求本集團釐定不確定的 稅務狀況是單獨評估或是以集團進行評估,並 評估稅務機關是否有可能接受個別集團實體在 其各自的所得稅申報中使用或擬使用不確定的 稅務處理。倘接受,即期和遞延稅項的釐定與 所得稅申報中的稅務處理一致。倘相關稅務機 關不太可能接受不確定的稅務處理,則使用最 可能金額或預期價值以反映各項不確定性的影 響。 HK(IFRIC)-Int 23 sets out how to determine the accounting tax position when there is uncertainty over income tax treatments. The interpretation requires the Group to determine whether uncertain tax positions are assessed separately or as a group and assess whether it is probable that a tax authority will accept an uncertain tax treatment used, or proposed to be used, by individual group entities in their respective income tax filings. If it is probable, the current and deferred taxes are determined consistently with the tax treatment in the income tax filings. If it is not probable that the relevant taxation authority will accept an uncertain tax treatment, the effect of each uncertainty is reflected by using either the most likely amount or the expected value.

The application of HK(IFRIC)-Int 23 in the current year has had no material effect on the amounts reported and/or disclosures set out in these consolidated financial statements.

## 香港財務報告準則第9號修訂本具有負補 償之預付款特點

# Amendments to HKFRS 9 Prepayment Features with Negative Compensation

修訂本闡明為了評估預付款特點是否符合僅為 支付本金及未償還本金的利息(「僅為支付本金 及未償還本金的利息」)的條件,行使選擇權的 一方無論任何原因可以支付或收取預付款的合 理補償,即具有負補償的預付款特點不會自動 使僅為支付本金及未償還本金的利息失效。 The amendments clarify that for the purpose of assessing whether a prepayment feature meets the condition of representing solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding ("SPPI"), the party exercising the option may pay or receive reasonable compensation for the prepayment irrespective of the reason i.e. prepayment features with negative compensation do not automatically fail SPPI.

於本年度應用此等修訂本對該等綜合財務報表上所呈報之金額及/或所載之披露並無重大影響。

The application of the amendments in the current year has had no material effect on the amounts reported and/or disclosures set out in these consolidated financial statements.

### NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

截至二零一九年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31st December, 2019

- 2. 應用香港財務報告準則(「香港財務 報告準則」)之新訂及修訂本(續)
- 2.2 應用香港財務報告準則的其他新訂及 修訂本的會計政策變動及影響(續)

#### 香港會計準則第28號修訂本於聯營公司及 合營企業之長期權益

該等修訂本闡明一間實體對一間聯營公司或合營企業之長期權益(權益法不適用且構成被投資方的淨投資的一部分)應用香港財務報告準則第9號金融工具(「香港財務報告準則第9號」)(包括減值規定)。此外,在將香港財務報告準則第9號應用於長期權益時,一間實體並未考慮根據香港會計準則第28號規定對其賬面值作出的調整(即分配被投資方的虧損或根據香港會計準則第28號進行減值評估所產生對長期權益賬面值的調整。)。

於二零一九年十二月三十一日,合營企業欠款 1,397,287,000港元已被視為長期權益,其實 質上構成本集團對相關合營企業淨投資的一部 分。然而,由於本集團現有會計政策與該修正 本所闡明的規定一致,所以於本年度應用該 等修訂本對該等綜合財務報表上所呈報之金額 及/或所載之披露並無影響。

# 香港財務報告準則修訂本香港財務報告準則二零一五年至二零一七年週期年度改進

年度改進方案修改了以下四個標準。

#### 香港會計準則第12號所得税

本集團根據其最初確認產生可分配利潤的交易 於損益、其他全面收益或權益來確認股息所產 生的所得稅。不管已分配利潤和未分配利潤是 否適用不同稅率,均以此確認。

- 2. APPLICATION OF NEW AND AMENDMENTS TO HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRSs") (CONTINUED)
- 2.2 Impacts and changes in accounting policies of application of other new and amendments to HKFRSs (continued)

# Amendments to HKAS 28 Long-term Interests in Associates and Joint Ventures

The amendments clarify that an entity applies HKFRS 9 Financial Instruments ("HKFRS 9"), including the impairment requirements, to long-term interests in an associate or joint venture to which the equity method is not applied that form part of the net investment in the investee. Furthermore, in applying HKFRS 9 to long-term interests, an entity does not take into account adjustments to their carrying amount required by HKAS 28 (i.e. adjustments to the carrying amount of long-term interests arising from the allocation of losses of the investee or assessment of impairment in accordance with HKAS 28).

As at 31 December 2019, amounts due from joint ventures of HK\$1,397,287,000 are considered as long-term interests that, in substance form part of the Group's net investments in the relevant joint ventures. However, the application of the amendments in the current year has had no impact on the amounts reported and/ or disclosures set out in these consolidated financial statements as the Group's existing accounting policies are consistent with the requirements clarified by the amendments.

# Amendments to HKFRSs Annual Improvements to HKFRSs 2015-2017 Cycle

The annual improvement packages amended the following four standards.

#### HKAS 12 Income Taxes

The Group recognises the income tax consequences of dividends in profit or loss, other comprehensive income or equity according to where the Group originally recognised the transactions that generated the distributable profits. This is the case irrespective of whether different tax rates apply to distributed and undistributed profits.

### NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

截至二零一九年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31st December, 2019

- 2. 應用香港財務報告準則(「香港財務 報告準則」)之新訂及修訂本(續)
- 2.2 應用香港財務報告準則的其他新訂及 修訂本的會計政策變動及影響(續)

### 香港會計準則第23號借貸成本

在相關資產達到預期用途或出售狀態後,任何 特定借款仍未償還,則在計算一般借款的資本 化率時,該借款將成為本集團一般借款資金的 一部分。

#### 香港財務報告準則第3號業務合併

當本集團獲得對一個共同經營的業務的控制權時,本集團適用於分階段實現的業務合併的規定,包括以公允價值重新計量其先前在共同經營中持有的權益。需要重新計量之先前持有的權益包括與共同經營有關的任何未確認的資產、負債和商譽。

#### 香港財務報告準則第11號合營安排

當本集團對先前參與但不具有共同控制權的共 同經營業務獲得共同控制權時,本集團不重新 計量其先前在共同經營中持有的權益。

於本年度應用香港財務報告準則修訂本香港財務報告準則二零一五年至二零一七年週期年度 改進對該等綜合財務報表上所呈報之金額及/ 或所載之披露並無重大影響。

- 2. APPLICATION OF NEW AND AMENDMENTS TO HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRSs") (CONTINUED)
- 2.2 Impacts and changes in accounting policies of application of other new and amendments to HKFRSs (continued)

#### **HKAS 23 Borrowing Costs**

For any specific borrowing that remains outstanding after the related qualifying asset is ready for its intended use or sale, that borrowing becomes part of the funds that the Group borrows generally when calculating the capitalisation rate on general borrowings.

#### **HKFRS 3 Business Combinations**

When the Group obtains control of a business that is a joint operation, the Group applies the requirements for a business combination achieved in stages, including remeasuring its previously held interest in the joint operation at fair value. The previously held interest to be remeasured includes any unrecognised assets, liabilities and goodwill relating to the joint operation.

#### **HKFRS 11 Joint Arrangements**

When the Group obtains joint control of a joint operation in which the Group previously participated in but did not have joint control, the Group does not remeasure its previously held interest in the joint operation.

The application of Amendments to HKFRSs Annual Improvements to HKFRSs 2015-2017 Cycle in the current year has had no material effect on the amounts reported and/or disclosures set out in these consolidated financial statements.

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

截至二零一九年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31st December, 2019

- 2. 應用香港財務報告準則(「香港財務 報告準則」)之新訂及修訂本(續)
- 2. APPLICATION OF NEW AND AMENDMENTS TO HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING **STANDARDS ("HKFRSs")** (CONTINUED)
- 2.2 應用香港財務報告準則的其他新訂及 修訂本的會計政策變動及影響(續)
- 2.2 Impacts and changes in accounting policies of application of other new and amendments to HKFRSs (continued)

#### 已頒布但尚未生效的香港財務報告準則 新訂及修訂本

# New and amendments to HKFRSs in issue but not yet effective

本集團並無提早應用以下已頒布但尚未生效的 香港財務報告準則新訂及修訂本:

The Group has not early applied the following new and amendments to HKFRSs that have been issued but are not yet effective:

香港財務報告準則第17號 保險合約1 香港財務報告準則第3號 業務的定義2

修訂本

香港財務報告準則第10號 投資者與其聯營公司 及香港會計準則第28號 或合營企業之間的 修訂本 資產銷售或注資3

香港會計準則第1號及香港 會計準則第8號修訂本

重大性的定義4

香港財務報告準則第9號、 利率基准改革4

香港會計準則第39號以及 香港財務報告準則第7號 修訂本

HKFRS 17 Insurance Contracts<sup>1</sup> Amendments to Definition of a Business<sup>2</sup>

HKFRS 3

Amendments to HKFRS 10 Sale or Contribution of Assets between and HKAS 28 an Investor and its Associate or Joint

Venture<sup>3</sup>

Amendments to HKAS 1

Definition of Material<sup>4</sup>

and HKAS 8

Amendments to HKFRS 9. Interest Rate Benchmark Reform<sup>4</sup> HKAS 39 and HKFRS 7

- 於二零二一年一月一日或之後開始之年度期間生效
- 適用於收購日期為於二零二零年一月一日或之後開 始的首個年度期間開始當日或之後進行的業務合併 及資產收購
- 於將釐定的日期或之後開始的年度期間生效
- 於二零二零年一月一日或之後開始之年度期間生效

除上述香港財務報告準則新訂及修訂本外,經 修訂的財務報告概念框架已於二零一八年頒 佈。其相關修訂本「香港財務報告準則標準之 概念框架的引用之修訂本」將於二零二零年一 月一日或之後開始的年度期間生效。

除下文所述之香港財務報告準則新訂及修訂本 外,董事預期應用所有其他香港財務報告準則 新訂及修訂本於可見將來將不會對綜合財務報 表造成重大影響。

- Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1st January, 2021
- Effective for business combinations and asset acquisitions for which the acquisition date is on or after the beginning of the first annual period beginning on or after 1st January, 2020
- Effective for annual periods beginning on or after a date to be determined
- Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1st January, 2020

In addition to the above new and amendments to HKFRSs, a revised Conceptual Framework for Financial Reporting was issued in 2018. Its consequential amendments, the "Amendments to References to the Conceptual Framework in HKFRS Standards", will be effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1st January, 2020.

Except for the new and amendments to HKFRSs mentioned below, the Directors anticipate that the application of all other new and amendments to HKFRSs will have no material impact on the consolidated financial statements in the foreseeable future.

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

截至二零一九年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31st December, 2019

- 2. 應用香港財務報告準則(「香港財務 報告準則」)之新訂及修訂本(續)
- 2. APPLICATION OF NEW AND AMENDMENTS TO HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRSs") (CONTINUED)
- 2.2 應用香港財務報告準則的其他新訂及 修訂本的會計政策變動及影響(續)
- 2.2 Impacts and changes in accounting policies of application of other new and amendments to HKFRSs (continued)

已頒布但尚未生效的香港財務報告準則新訂及修訂本(續)

New and amendments to HKFRSs in issue but not yet effective (continued)

## 香港財務報告準則第3號修訂本業務的定義

#### Amendments to HKFRS 3 Definition of a Business

#### 該等修訂本:

The amendments:

- 新增非強制的集中度測試,允許對所收購的一系列活動及資產是否不屬於業務進行簡化評估。選擇是否進行非強制的集中度測試可以視乎每筆交易來決定;
- add an optional concentration test that permits a simplified assessment of whether an acquired set of activities and assets is not a business. The election on whether to apply the optional concentration test is available on transaction-by-transaction basis;
- 澄清所收購的一系統活動及資產必須至少包括一項投入及一項實質過程而兩者必須對創造產出的能力有重大貢獻即可視為一項業務;及
- clarify that to be considered a business, an acquired set of activities and assets must include, at a minimum, an input and a substantive process that together significantly contribute to the ability to create outputs; and
- 透過著重為客戶提供的貨物和服務以及排除降低成本能力的考慮來收窄一項業務及產出的定義。
- narrow the definitions of a business and of outputs by focusing on goods and services provided to customers and by removing the reference to an ability to reduce costs.

該等修訂本前瞻性應用於收購日期為於二零二零年一月一日或之後開始的首個年度報告期間當日或之後進行的所有業務合併及資產收購,並允許提早應用。

The amendments are applied prospectively to all business combinations and asset acquisitions for which the acquisition date is on or after the first annual reporting period beginning on or after 1st January, 2020, with early application permitted.

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

截至二零一九年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31st December, 2019

- 2. 應用香港財務報告準則(「香港財務 報告準則」)之新訂及修訂本(續)
- 2. APPLICATION OF NEW AND AMENDMENTS TO HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRSs") (CONTINUED)
- 2.2 應用香港財務報告準則的其他新訂及 修訂本的會計政策變動及影響(續)

2.2 Impacts and changes in accounting policies of application of other new and amendments to HKFRSs (continued)

已頒布但尚未生效的香港財務報告準則 新訂及修訂本(續) New and amendments to HKFRSs in issue but not yet effective (continued)

香港會計準則第1號及香港會計準則第8號修訂 本重大性的定義

Amendments to HKAS 1 and HKAS 8 Definition of Material

該等修訂本透過載入作出重大性判斷時的額外 指引及解釋,對重大性的定義進行改進。尤 其,該等修訂本: The amendments provide refinements to the definition of material by including additional guidance and explanations in making materiality judgments. In particular, the amendments:

- 包含「掩蓋」重大資料的概念,其與遺漏或 誤報資料有類似影響;
- include the concept of "obscuring" material information in which the effect is similar to omitting or misstating the information;
- 就影響使用者重要性的範圍以「可合理預期 影響」取代「可影響」;及
- replace threshold for materiality influencing users from "could influence" to "could reasonably be expected to influence"; and
- 包含使用用語「主要使用者」,而非僅指「使用者」(在決定於綜合財務報表披露何等資料時被視為過於廣義)。
- include the use of the phrase "primary users" rather than simply referring to "users" which was considered too broad when deciding what information to disclose in the consolidated financial statements.

該等修訂本與各香港財務報告準則的定義一致,並將在本集團於二零二零年一月一日開始的年度期間強制生效。應用該等修訂本預期並不會對本集團的財務狀況及表現造成重大影響,惟可能影響於綜合財務報表中的呈列及披露。

The amendments also align the definition across all HKFRSs and will be mandatorily effective for the Group's annual period beginning on 1st January, 2020. The application of the amendments is not expected to have significant impact on the financial position and performance of the Group but may affect the presentation and disclosures in the consolidated financial statements.

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

截至二零一九年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31st December, 2019

- 2. 應用香港財務報告準則(「香港財務 報告準則」)之新訂及修訂本(續)
- 2.2 應用香港財務報告準則的其他新訂及 修訂本的會計政策變動及影響(續)

已頒布但尚未生效的香港財務報告準則新訂及修訂本(續)

二零一八年財務報告概念框架(「新框架」)以及 香港財務報告準則標準之概念框架的引用之修 訂本

#### 該新框架:

- 重新引入管理及審慎此等術語;
- 引入著重權利的新資產定義以及可能較所 取代的定義範圍更廣的新負債定義,惟不 會改變負債與股本工具之間的區別;
- 討論歷史成本及現值計量,並就如何為某 一資產或負債選擇計量基準提供額外指引;
- 指出財務表現主要計量標準為損益,且僅 於特殊情況下方會使用其他全面收益,且 僅於資產或負債現值變動所產生的收入或 費用;及
- 討論不確定性、取消確認、會計單位、報告實體及合併財務報表。

相應修訂本已作出,致使有關若干香港財務報告準則中的引用已更新至符合新框架,惟部分香港財務報告準則仍參考該框架的先前版本。該等修訂本於二零二零年一月一日或之後開始的年度期間生效,並允許提早應用。除仍參考該框架先前版本的特定準則外,本集團將於其生效日期按新框架決定會計政策,尤其是會計準則下未有論述的交易、事件或條件。

董事預計,如果發生此類交易、事件或條件, 該等修訂本的應用可能會對本集團未來期間的 綜合財務報表產生影響。

- 2. APPLICATION OF NEW AND AMENDMENTS TO HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRSs") (CONTINUED)
- 2.2 Impacts and changes in accounting policies of application of other new and amendments to HKFRSs (continued)

New and amendments to HKFRSs in issue but not yet effective (continued)

Conceptual Framework for Financial Reporting 2018 (the "New Framework") and the Amendments to References to the Conceptual Framework in HKFRS Standards

The New Framework:

- reintroduces the terms stewardship and prudence;
- introduces a new asset definition that focuses on rights and a new liability definition that is likely to be broader than the definition it replaces, but does not change the distinction between a liability and an equity instrument;
- discusses historical cost and current value measures, and provides additional guidance on how to select a measurement basis for a particular asset or liability;
- states that the primary measure of financial performance is profit or loss, and that only in exceptional circumstances other comprehensive income will be used and only for income or expenses that arise from a change in the current value of an asset or liability; and
- discusses uncertainty, derecognition, unit of account, the reporting entity and combined financial statements.

Consequential amendments have been made so that references in certain HKFRSs have been updated to the New Framework, whilst some HKFRSs are still referred to the previous versions of the framework. These amendments are effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1st January, 2020, with earlier application permitted. Other than specific standards which still refer to the previous versions of the framework, the Group will rely on the New Framework on its effective date in determining the accounting policies especially for transactions, events or conditions that are not otherwise dealt with under the accounting standards.

The Directors anticipate that the application of these amendments may have an impact on the Group's consolidated financial statements in future periods should such transactions, events or conditions arise.

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

截至二零一九年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31st December, 2019

#### 3. 重要會計政策

綜合財務報表乃根據香港會計師公會頒佈之香港財務報告準則而編製。此外,綜合財務報表包括聯交所證券上市規則(「上市規則」)及香港公司條例規定之適用披露。

綜合財務報表乃根據歷史成本基準編製,誠如 以下會計政策所闡釋,惟若干物業及金融工具 則在每一個報告期末按公允價值計量。

歷史成本一般按交換貨物和服務所付代價之公 允價值。

非金融資產的公允價值計量乃經計及一名市場 參與者透過使用其資產的最高及最佳用途或透 過將資產出售予將使用其最高及最佳用途的另 一名市場參與者而能夠產生經濟利益的能力。

#### 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with HKFRSs issued by the HKICPA. In addition, the consolidated financial statements include applicable disclosures required by the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on the Stock Exchange ("Listing Rules") and by the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis except for certain properties and financial instruments, that are measured at fair values at the end of each reporting period, as explained in the accounting policies set out below.

Historical cost is generally based on the fair value of consideration given in exchange for goods and services.

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date, regardless of whether that price is directly observable or estimated using another valuation technique. In estimating the fair value of an asset or a liability, the Group takes into account the characteristics of the asset or liability if market participants would take those characteristics into account when pricing the asset or liability at the measurement date. Fair value for measurement and/or disclosure purposes in these consolidated financial statements is determined on such a basis, except for sharebased payment transactions that are within the scope of HKFRS 2 "Share-based Payment", leasing transactions that are accounted for in accordance with HKFRS 16 (since 1st January, 2019) or HKAS 17 (before application of HKFRS 16), and measurements that have some similarities to fair value but are not fair value, such as net realisable value in HKAS 2 "Inventories" or value in use in HKAS 36 "Impairment of Assets".

A fair value measurement of a non-financial asset takes into account a market participant's ability to generate economic benefits by using the asset in its highest and best use or by selling it to another market participant that would use the asset in its highest and best use.

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

截至二零一九年十二月三十一日止年度

For the year ended 31st December, 2019

# 3. 重要會計政策(續)

就按公允價值交易的投資物業以及若干透過其他全面收益按公允價值處理(「透過其他全面收益按公允價值處理」)之股本證券和透過損益按公允價值處理(「透過損益按公允價值處理」)之金融資產以及於隨後期間計量公允價值時使用不可觀測得到的參數之估值方法而言,估值方法會予以校準以使估值方法結果與交易價相等。

此外,就財務報告目的而言,公允價值計量根據公允價值計量的參數可觀測得到的程度以及有關參數對公允價值計量整體的重要性,分類為第一級、第二級或第三級,現描述如下:

- 第一級參數為同等資產或負債在活躍市場 上所報(不經調整)而實體在計量當日可以 取得的價格;
- 第二級參數為可以直接或間接觀測得到, 但不包括於第一級的報價內的資產或負債 參數;及
- 第三級參數為資產或負債中屬不可觀測得 到的參數。

#### 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

For investment properties and certain equity securities at fair value through other comprehensive income ("FVTOCI") and financial assets at fair value through profit or loss ("FVTPL") which are transacted at fair value and a valuation technique that uses unobservable inputs is to be used to measure fair value in subsequent periods, the valuation technique is calibrated so that the results of the valuation technique equal the transaction price.

In addition, for financial reporting purposes, fair value measurements are categorised into Level 1, 2 or 3 based on the degree to which the inputs to the fair value measurements are observable and the significance of the inputs to the fair value measurement in its entirety, which are described as follows:

- Level 1 inputs are quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the entity can access at the measurement date;
- Level 2 inputs are inputs, other than quoted prices included within Level 1, that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly; and
- Level 3 inputs are unobservable inputs for the asset or liability.

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

截至二零一九年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31st December, 2019

#### 3. 重要會計政策(續)

#### 主要會計政策載列如下:

#### 物業存貨

供銷售之已竣工物業存貨及供銷售之發展中物業存貨均以成本值及可變現淨值之較低者入賬。成本包括土地成本、發展費用、其他應佔成本及已資本化之借貸成本。可變現淨值乃按管理階層根據現行市場環境而作出之估計而釐定。當改變用途(以經營租賃開始作為證明),物業存貨以公允價值轉撥至投資物業,賬面值與於轉撥日之公允價值之差額直接於損益內確認。

#### 待發展物業

包含在待發展物業中租賃土地的使用權資產以成本值扣除累計攤銷及任何已確定之減值虧損列賬。成本包含購買土地使用權之代價及使該租賃土地達到適合物業開發所需之狀態的其他直接成本。購買土地使用權之代價指持作將來發展之租賃土地。使該租賃土地達到適合物業開發所需之狀態的直接成本乃資本化為待發展物業之成本。

待發展物業攤銷乃以直線法按有關租賃期確認 於損益內。

永久持有土地不會計提折舊並以成本值或可變 現淨值之較低者入賬。

#### 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

The principal accounting policies are set out below:

#### **Inventories of properties**

Inventory of completed properties held for sale and inventories of properties under development for sale are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost comprises the cost of land, development expenditure, other attributable costs and borrowing costs capitalised. Net realisable value is determined by reference to the management estimates based on prevailing market conditions. Inventories of properties are transferred to investment properties at fair value when there is a change in use, evidenced by commencement of an operating lease. The difference between the carrying amount and the fair value at the date of transfer is recognised directly in profit or loss.

#### **Properties for development**

Right-of-use assets for leasehold lands included in properties for development is stated at cost less accumulated amortisation and any identified impairment loss. Cost comprises the consideration for acquisition of land use rights and other costs are directly attributable to bringing the leasehold land to the condition necessary for it to be capable of development of the properties. The consideration for acquisition of land use rights represent leasehold land held for future development. The costs that are directly attributable to bringing the leasehold land to the condition necessary for it to be capable of development of the properties are capitalised as costs of properties for development.

Amortisation of properties for development are recognised in profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the term of the relevant lease.

Freehold lands are not depreciated and are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value.

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

截至二零一九年十二月三十一日止年度

For the year ended 31st December, 2019

#### 3. 重要會計政策(續)

#### 投資物業

投資物業指為賺取租金及/或資本增值或兩者 兼備而持有之物業。投資物業包括持有但未確 定未來用途之土地,其被視為持作資本增值用 途。

投資物業首次確認時按成本(包括所有有關的直接支出)計量。於首次確認後,投資物業按其公允價值計量。為賺取租金或資本增值而根據經營租賃持有的本集團所有物業權益都被分類及記賬為投資物業及按公允價值模式計量。投資物業之公允價值變動所產生之收益或虧損計入其發生期間之損益。

在建投資物業產生的建築成本資本化為在建投 資物業的部分賬面值。

當投資物業開始作自用證明用途改變,投資物業將會轉撥至物業、廠房及設備。當投資物業開始建設為供銷售物業證明用途改變,投資物業將會轉撥至發展中物業。關於按公允價值列賬的投資物業轉撥至自用物業,該物業用於隨後入賬之認定成本乃參考其於用途改變之日的公允價值而定。

當證明物業存貨開始經營租賃予另外一方時, 物業存貨轉撥至投資物業。於轉撥日的公允價 值與賬面值的差額於損益確認。

投資物業於出售時或當投資物業永久地不再使 用或當出售該投資物業預期不會產生任何未來 經濟利益時取消確認。取消確認物業所產生之 任何收益或虧損(按該資產之出售所得款項淨 額及賬面值之差額計算)於該項目取消確認之 年度計入綜合損益表。

#### 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### **Investment properties**

Investment properties are properties which are held to earn rentals and/or for capital appreciation or both. Investment properties include land held for undetermined future use, which is regarded as held for capital appreciation purpose.

Investment properties are initially measured at cost, including any directly attributable expenditure. Subsequent to initial recognition, investment properties are measured at their fair value. All of the Group's property interests held under operating leases to earn rentals or for capital appreciation purposes are classified and accounted for as investment properties and are measured using the fair value model. Gains or losses arising from changes in the fair value of investment properties are included in profit or loss for the period in which they arise.

Construction costs incurred for investment properties under construction are capitalised as part of the carrying amount of the investment properties under construction.

Transfer from investment property to property, plant and equipment will be made when there is a change in use, evidenced by commencement of owner occupation. Transfer from investment property to property under development will be made where there is a change in use, evidence by the commencement of construction for property for sale. For a transfer from investment property carried at fair value to owner-occupied property, the property's deemed cost for subsequent accounting are determined by reference to its fair value at the date of change in use.

Inventory of properties is transferred to investment property when it is evidenced by the inception of an operating lease to another party. The difference between the fair value and the carrying amount at the date of transfer is recognised in profit or loss.

An investment property is derecognised upon disposal or when the investment property is permanently withdrawn from use or no future economic benefits are expected from its disposals. Any gain or loss arising on derecognition of the property, calculated as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset, is included in the consolidated statement of profit or loss in the year in which the item is derecognised.

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

截至二零一九年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31st December, 2019

#### 3. 重要會計政策(續)

#### 税項

所得税支出乃指本期應付税項加上遞延税項之 總額。

現時應付税項乃按本年度應課税溢利計算。應 課税溢利與綜合損益表所報之除稅前溢利不 同,此乃由於前者不包括在其他年度應課税或 可扣減收入或開支,以及從未課税或可扣減之 項目。本集團之即期税項負債乃按報告期未已 頒佈或實質頒佈之稅率計算。

遞延税項按綜合財務報表中資產及負債賬面值與計算應課税溢利所用相應税基間之暫時差異確認。所有暫時應課税差異一般都會確認為延稅項負債。遞延稅項資產一般按所有可扣減暫時差異確認,但前提是可能有應課稅溢到可供抵銷可扣減暫時差異。但倘若有關暫時差異是由最初確認(非業務合併)既不影響應課稅為上,則不會確認該等遞延資產和負債。再者,最初確認商譽而產生的暫時差異不會被確認為遞延稅項負債。

遞延税項負債乃按因於附屬公司及聯營公司之 投資及於合營企業之權益而引致之應課稅暫時 差異而確認,惟若本集團可控制暫時差異之逆 轉,以及暫時差異可能不會於可見將來逆轉者 除外。與該等投資及權益相關的可扣減暫時差 異所產生的遞延税項資產,僅在按可能出現可 利用暫時差異扣稅之足夠應課稅溢利時,並預 期於可見將來回撥時確認。

遞延税項資產之賬面值會於各報告期末審核, 並調低至再無可能有足夠應課税溢利足以撥回 全部或部分資產。

遞延税項資產及負債乃以預期於償付負債或變現資產之期間應用之稅率,根據於報告期末已頒佈或實質上已頒佈之稅率(及稅法)計算。

#### 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### **Taxation**

Income tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from profit before tax as reported in the consolidated statement of profit or loss because income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and items that are never taxable or deductible. The Group's liability for current tax is calculated to use tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

Deferred tax is recognised on temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the consolidated financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all taxable temporary differences. Deferred tax assets are generally recognised for all deductible temporary differences to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which those deductible temporary differences can be utilised. Such deferred tax assets and liabilities are not recognised if the temporary difference arises from the initial recognition (other than in a business combination) of other assets and liabilities in a transaction that affects neither the taxable profit nor the accounting profit. In addition, deferred tax liabilities are not recognised if the temporary difference arises from the initial recognition of goodwill.

Deferred tax liabilities are recognised for taxable temporary differences associated with investments in subsidiaries and associates, and interests in joint ventures, except where the Group is able to control the reversal of the temporary difference and it is probable that the temporary difference will not reverse in the foreseeable future. Deferred tax assets arising from deductible temporary differences associated with such investments and interests are only recognised to the extent that it is probable that there will be sufficient taxable profits against which to utilise the benefits of the temporary differences and they are expected to reverse in the foreseeable future.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at the end of each reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period in which the liability is settled or the asset is realised, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

截至二零一九年十二月三十一日止年度

For the year ended 31st December, 2019

#### 3. 重要會計政策(續)

#### 税項(續)

遞延稅項負債及資產之計量反映本集團預期於報告期末將出現的稅務後果,以收回或清償資 產及負債之賬面值。

就計量以公允價值模式計量的投資物業的遞延 税項負債或遞延税項資產而言,除非假定被推 翻,否則有關物業的賬面值被假定為可通過出 售全數收回。倘有關投資物業為可折舊而其相 關業務模式的目的乃隨著時間,通過使用而非 出售消耗該投資物業內所包含的絕大部分經濟 利益,則有關假定被駁回。

就計量本集團確認了使用權資產及相關租賃負 債的租賃交易之遞延税項而言,本集團首先釐 定税項扣減是否歸屬於使用權資產或租賃負 債。

就税項扣減歸屬於租賃負債之租賃交易而言, 本集團對租賃交易整體應用香港會計準則第12 號所得税之規定。有關使用權資產及租賃負債 之暫時差異按淨額估算。使用權資產的折舊超 過租賃負債本金部份之租賃款項,因而產生可 扣減暫時差異淨額。

在具有法定強制執行權利將即期税項資產與即期稅項負債抵銷,且與同一稅務機關徵收的所得稅有關,且本集團打算以淨額結算其即期稅項資產和負債時,遞延稅項資產和負債可予以抵銷。

即期及遞延稅項於損益確認,惟當其與於其他全面收益確認或直接於權益確認之項目有關時,在此情況下,即期及遞延稅項亦會分別於其他全面收益或直接於權益確認。倘即期稅項或遞延稅項於業務合併的最初會計處理時產生,則稅務影響乃計入業務合併的會計處理內。

#### 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### **Taxation** (continued)

The measurement of deferred tax liabilities and assets reflects the tax consequences that would follow from the manner in which the Group expects, at the end of the reporting period, to recover or settle the carrying amount of its assets and liabilities.

For the purposes of measuring deferred tax liabilities or deferred tax assets for investment properties that are measured using the fair value model, the carrying amounts of such properties are presumed to be recovered entirely through sale, unless the presumption is rebutted. The presumption is rebutted when the investment property is depreciable and is held within a business model whose objective is to consume substantially all of the economic benefits embodied in the investment property over time, rather than through sale.

For the purposes of measuring deferred tax for leasing transactions in which the Group recognises the right-of-use assets and the related lease liabilities, the Group first determines whether the tax deductions are attributable to the right-of-use assets or the lease liabilities.

For leasing transactions in which the tax deductions are attributable to the lease liabilities, the Group applies HKAS 12 Income Taxes requirements to the leasing transaction as a whole. Temporary differences relating to right-of-use assets and lease liabilities are assessed on a net basis. Excess of depreciation on right-of-use assets over the lease payments for the principal portion of lease liabilities resulting in net deductible temporary differences.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities and when they relate to income taxes levied to the same taxable entity by the same taxation authority and the Group intends to settle its current tax assets and liabilities on a net basis.

Current and deferred tax is recognised to profit or loss, except when it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, in which case the current and deferred tax are also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively. Where current tax or deferred tax arises from the initial accounting for a business combination, the tax effect is included in the accounting for the business combination.

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

截至二零一九年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31st December, 2019

#### 3. 重要會計政策(續)

#### 減值虧損

於各報告期末,本集團審閱其有限使用年期有 形資產之賬面值,以確定有否任何跡象顯示該 等資產蒙受減值虧損。倘存在任何有關跡象, 則會估計資產之可收回金額,以確定減值虧損 (如有)的程度。

有形資產的可收回金額個別估計,倘無法估計個別資產的可收回金額,則本集團將估計資產所屬現金產生單位之可收回金額。倘可識別合理一致的分配基準,公司資產亦會被分配至個別現金產生單位,否則會被分配至可識別合理一致的分配基準之最小現金產生單位組別中。

可收回金額為公允價值減出售成本與使用價值 之較高者。評估使用價值時,估計未來現金流 量按税前貼現率貼現至其現值。該貼現率反映 現時市場對貨幣時間值及未調整未來現金流量 估計之資產特定風險的評估。

倘估計資產(或現金產生單位)的可收回金額低於其賬面值,則資產(或現金產生單位)賬面值扣減至其可收回金額。資產的賬面值不得扣減至低於其公允價值減出售成本(如可計量)、使用價值(如可確定)及零的最高者。否則,本應分配給該資產的減值虧損金額按比例分配給該單位的其他資產。減值虧損即時於損益確認。

倘某項減值虧損隨後撥回,則資產賬面值須增至其可收回金額經修訂後的估值,惟增加後之 賬面值不得超過假設該項資產(或現金產生單位)於過往年度未有確認減值虧損而會釐定的 賬面值。減值虧損撥回即時於損益確認。

#### 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### **Impairment losses**

At the end of each reporting period, the Group reviews the carrying amounts of its tangible assets with finite useful lives to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have suffered an impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss (if any).

The recoverable amount of tangible assets are estimated individually, when it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount individually, the Group estimates the recoverable amount of the cashgenerating unit to which the asset belongs. When a reasonable and consistent basis of allocation can be identified, corporate assets are also allocated to individual cash-generating units, or otherwise they are allocated to the smallest group of cash-generating units for which a reasonable and consistent allocation basis can be identified.

Recoverable amount is the higher of fair value less costs of disposal and value in use. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset for which the estimates of future cash flows have not been adjusted.

If the recoverable amount of an asset (or a cash-generating unit) is estimated to be less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of the asset (or a cash-generating unit) is reduced to its recoverable amount. The carrying amount of an asset is not reduced below the highest of its fair value less costs of disposal (if measurable), its value in use (if determinable) and zero. The amount of the impairment loss that would otherwise have been allocated to the asset is allocated pro rata to the other assets of the unit. An impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

Where an impairment loss subsequently reverses, the carrying amount of the asset is increased to the revised estimate of its recoverable amount, but so that the increased carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset (or cash-generating unit) in prior years. A reversal of an impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

截至二零一九年十二月三十一日止年度

For the year ended 31st December, 2019

#### 3. 重要會計政策(續)

#### 來自客戶合約的收入

本集團於(或就此)完成履約責任時確認收入, 即於特定履約責任相關的貨品或服務的「控制權」轉移予客戶時。

履約責任指明確的貨品或服務(或一籃子貨品 或服務)或一系列明確而大致相約的貨品或服 務。

倘若符合以下其中一個條件,控制權隨時間轉 移而收入按照完成相關履約責任的進度隨時間 確認:

- 客戶同時收到並消耗本集團執行履約時所帶來的利益;
- 本集團執行履約時所創建或提升客戶所控制的資產;或
- 本集團履約時沒有創建對本集團有其他用 途的資產,而本集團就迄今已完成的履約 擁有可強制執行的收款權利。

否則,收入在客戶取得對明確貨品或服務的控 制權的時間點確認。

合約負債指本集團有責任將貨品或服務轉移至 客戶,而本集團已從客戶收到代價(或代價金 額到期)。

#### 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### Revenue from contracts with customers

The Group recognises revenue when (or as) a performance obligation is satisfied, i.e. when "control" of the goods or services underlying the particular performance obligation is transferred to the customer.

A performance obligation represents a good or service (or a bundle of goods or services) that is distinct or a series of distinct goods or services that are substantially the same.

Control is transferred over time and revenue is recognised over time by reference to the progress towards complete satisfaction of the relevant performance obligation if one of the following criteria is met:

- the customer simultaneously receives and consumes the benefits provided by the Group's performance as the Group performs;
- the Group's performance creates or enhances an asset that the customer controls as the Group performs; or
- the Group's performance does not create an asset with an alternative use to the Group and the Group has an enforceable right to payment for performance completed to date.

Otherwise, revenue is recognised at a point in time when the customer obtains control of the distinct good or service.

A contract liability represents the Group's obligation to transfer goods or services to a customer for which the Group has received consideration (or an amount of consideration is due) from the customer.

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

截至二零一九年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31st December, 2019

#### 3. 重要會計政策(續)

#### 來自客戶合約的收入(續)

#### 隨時間確認收入:完成履約責任的進度之 計量

完成履約責任的進度是根據產出法來計量的, 即根據迄今為止轉移予客戶的貨物或服務相對 於合同中承諾的剩餘貨物或服務的價值作直接 計量來確認收入,最能描述本集團轉移商品或 服務控制權的行為。

作為權宜方案,如果本集團有權獲得與本集團 對迄今為止已完成的履約價值直接對應的金額 之代價,則本集團按本集團有權開具發票的金額來確認收入。

#### 重要的融資部份之存在

在釐定交易價時,如約定的付款時間(明示或暗示)提供客戶或本集團重大的融資利益以轉移貨品或服務至客戶,本集團就貨幣時間值的影響而調整承諾代價的金額。在那種情況下,合約包含重要的融資部份。無論融資承諾是在合約中明確規定或由合約各方約定的付款條款暗示,重要的融資部份可能存在。

就相關貨品或服務的付款與轉移之間少於一年 的合約,本集團採用可行的權宜之計就任何重 要的融資部份不調整之交易價。

#### 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### **Revenue from contracts with customers** (continued)

# Over time revenue recognition: measurement of progress towards complete satisfaction of a performance obligation

The progress towards complete satisfaction of a performance obligation is measured based on output method, which is to recognise revenue on the basis of direct measurements of the value of the goods or services transferred to the customer to date relative to the remaining goods or services promised under the contract, that best depict the Group's performance in transferring control of goods or services.

As a practical expedient, if the Group has a right to consideration in an amount that corresponds directly with the value of the Group's performance completed to date, the Group recognises revenue in the amount to which the Group has the right to invoice.

#### Existence of significant financing component

In determining the transaction price, the Group adjusts the promised amount of consideration for the effects of the time value of money if the timing of payments agreed (either explicitly or implicitly) provides the customer or the Group with a significant benefit of financing the transfer of goods or services to the customer. In those circumstances, the contract contains a significant financing component. A significant financing component may exist regardless of whether the promise of financing is explicitly stated in the contract or implied by the payment terms agreed to by the parties to the contract.

For contracts where the period between payment and transfer of the associated goods or services is less than one year, the Group applies the practical expedient of not adjusting the transaction price for any significant financing component.

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

截至二零一九年十二月三十一日止年度

For the year ended 31st December, 2019

#### 3. 重要會計政策(續)

#### 綜合賬目編製準則

綜合財務報表包括本公司及由本公司控制之實 體及其附屬公司之財務報表。本公司於下列情 況下可取得控制權:

- 對被投資方行使權力;
- 自參與被投資方的業務獲得或有權獲得可 變回報;及
- 有能力使用其權力影響其回報金額。

倘有事實及情況顯示上述三項控制因素中之一 項或多項出現變化,本集團將重新評估其是否 對被投資方擁有控制權。

對一間附屬公司的合併,乃由本集團對該附屬公司擁有控制權時開始,並於本集團失去對該附屬公司的控制權時終止。尤其是對於年內所收購或出售的一間附屬公司,其收入及開支將由本集團獲得控制權日期起直至本集團終止控制權當日止計入綜合損益表。

損益以及其他全面收益之各部分歸屬於本公司 股東及非控股權益。附屬公司之全面收益總額 歸屬於本公司股東及非控股權益,即使此舉會 導致非控股權益產生負數。

如有需要,附屬公司之財務報表會作出調整, 以使其會計政策與本集團會計政策一致。

有關本集團成員之間的所有集團內資產及負債、權益、收入、費用及現金流量均於綜合賬目時全面對銷。

附屬公司的非控股權益與本集團在其中的權益 分開呈列,即代表當前所有權權益使其持有人 有權在清盤時按比例分配相關附屬公司的資產 淨值。

#### 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### **Basis of consolidation**

The consolidated financial statements incorporate the financial statements of the Company and entities controlled by the Company and its subsidiaries. Control is achieved when the Company:

- has power over the investee;
- is exposed, or has rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the investee; and
- has the ability to use its power to affect its returns.

The Group reassesses whether or not it controls an investee if facts and circumstances indicate that there are changes to one or more of the three elements of control listed above.

Consolidation of a subsidiary begins when the Group obtains control over the subsidiary and ceases when the Group loses control of the subsidiary. Specifically, income and expenses of a subsidiary acquired or disposed of during the year are included in the consolidated statement of profit or loss from the date the Group gains control until the date when the Group ceases to control the subsidiary.

Profit or loss and each item of other comprehensive income are attributed to the owners of the Company and to the non-controlling interests. Total comprehensive income of subsidiaries is attributed to the owners of the Company and to the non-controlling interests even if this results in the non-controlling interests are having a deficit balance.

Where necessary, adjustments are made to the financial statements of subsidiaries to bring their accounting policies in line with the Group's accounting policies.

All intragroup assets and liabilities, equity, income, expenses and cash flows relating to transactions between members of the Group are eliminated in full on consolidation.

Non-controlling interests in subsidiaries are presented separately from the Group's equity therein, which represent present ownership interests entitling their holders to a proportionate share of net assets of the relevant subsidiaries upon liquidation.

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

截至二零一九年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31st December, 2019

#### 3. 重要會計政策(續)

#### 於聯營公司及合營企業之權益

聯營公司乃指本集團對其有重大影響力之實體。重大影響力是指參與被投資方的財務及營運政策決策的權力,但並不是控制或共同控制 該等政策。

合營企業指一項合營安排,對該安排擁有共同 控制權之各方據此對合營安排之資產淨值擁有 權利。共同控制權是指按照合約約定對某項安 排所共同享有的控制權,共同控制僅在當相關 活動要求共同享有控制權之各方作出一致同意 之決定時存在。

聯營公司及合營企業之業績及資產與負債以權 益法計入綜合財務報表。用作權益會計法的聯 營公司及合營企業的財務報表就於類似情況下 的類似交易及事件採用與本集團一致的會計政 策而編製。根據權益法,於聯營公司或合營企 業之投資最初按成本於綜合財務狀況表確認, 並於其後就確認本集團應佔該聯營公司或合營 企業之損益及其他全面收益而作出調整。聯營 公司/合營企業的資產淨值變化不計入除損益 和其他全面收益以外,除非該變化導致本集團 持有之擁有權權益有變動。當本集團應佔聯營 公司或合營企業之虧損超出本集團於該聯營公 司或合營企業之權益時(包括實質上成為本集 團於該聯營公司或合營企業的淨投資一部分之 任何長期權益),本集團停止確認其所佔之進 一步虧損。僅於本集團已產生法律或推定責 任,或已代表該聯營公司或合營企業支付款項 之情況下,方會進一步確認虧損。

#### 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### Interests in associates and joint ventures

An associate is an entity over which the Group has significant influence. Significant influence is the power to participate in the financial and operating policy decisions of the investee but is not control or joint control over those policies.

A joint venture is a joint arrangement whereby the parties that have joint control of the arrangement have rights to the net assets of the joint arrangement. Joint control is the contractually agreed sharing of control of an arrangement, which exists only when decisions about the relevant activities require unanimous consent of the parties sharing control.

The results and assets and liabilities of associates and joint ventures are incorporated in these consolidated financial statements using the equity method of accounting. The financial statements of associates and joint ventures used for equity accounting purposes are prepared using uniform accounting policies as those of the Group for like transactions and events in similar circumstances. Under the equity method, an investment in an associate or a joint venture is initially recognised in the consolidated statement of financial position at cost and adjusted thereafter to recognise the Group's share of the profit or loss and other comprehensive income of the associate or joint venture. Changes in net assets of the associate/joint venture other than profit or loss and other comprehensive income are not accounted for unless such changes resulted in changes in ownership interest held by the Group. When the Group's share of losses of an associate or joint venture exceeds the Group's interest in that associate or joint venture (which includes any long-term interests that, in substance, form part of the Group's net investment in the associate or joint venture), the Group discontinues recognising its share of further losses. Additional losses are recognised only to the extent that the Group has incurred legal or constructive obligations or made payments on behalf of the associate or joint venture.

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

截至二零一九年十二月三十一日止年度

For the year ended 31st December, 2019

#### 3. 重要會計政策(續)

#### 於聯營公司及合營企業之權益(續)

於聯營公司或合營企業之投資由被投資方成為聯營公司或合營企業當日起以權益法入賬。在 收購於聯營公司或合營企業之投資時,投資成 本超過本集團應佔被投資方可識別資產及負債的公允價值淨值的部份確認為商譽,並計入投資的賬面值中。經重估後,本集團應佔可識別資產及負債的公允價值淨值超過投資成本的部份,會在收購投資當期內即時於損益中確認。

#### 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### **Interests in associates and joint ventures** (continued)

An investment in an associate or a joint venture is accounted for using the equity method from the date on which the investee becomes an associate or a joint venture. On acquisition of the investment in an associate or a joint venture, any excess of the cost of the investment over the Group's share of the net fair value of the identifiable assets and liabilities of the investee is recognised as goodwill, which is included within the carrying amount of the investment. Any excess of the Group's share of the net fair value of the identifiable assets and liabilities over the cost of the investment, after reassessment, is recognised immediately in profit or loss in the period in which the investment is acquired.

The Group assesses whether there is an objective evidence that the interest in an associate or a joint venture may be impaired. When any objective evidence exists, the entire carrying amount of the investment (including goodwill) is tested for impairment in accordance with HKAS 36 "Impairment of Assets" as a single asset by comparing its recoverable amount (higher of value in use and fair value less costs of disposal) with its carrying amount. Any impairment loss recognised is not allocated to any asset, including goodwill, that forms part of the carrying amount of the investment. Any reversal of that impairment loss is recognised in accordance with HKAS 36 to the extent that the recoverable amount of the investment subsequently increases.

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

截至二零一九年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31st December, 2019

#### 3. 重要會計政策(續)

#### 於聯營公司及合營企業之權益(續)

倘本集團停止對一間聯營公司擁有重大影響力 或對一間合營企業擁有共同控制權,則視為出 售於被投資方的全部權益,由此產生的收益或 虧損於損益確認。倘若本集團於前聯營公司或 合營企業保留權益而該保留權益屬香港財務報 告準則第9號範圍內的金融資產,本集團按該 日公允價值計量保留權益,而公允價值視為其 於初始確認時的公允價值。聯營公司或合營企 業於終止使用權益法當日的賬面值與任何保留 權益的公允價值加任何出售聯營公司或合營企 業相關權益時所得款項之間的差額,計入出售 聯營公司或合營企業收益或虧損的釐定過程。 此外,本集團計入所有先前就該聯營公司或合 營企業於其他全面收益中確認的金額所用基 準,與在該聯營公司或合營企業直接售出時規 定須用的基準相同。故此,若該聯營公司或合 營企業先前於其他全面收益中確認的收益或虧 損會在有關資產或負債出售時重新分類至損益 中,則本集團會在出售/部份出售有關的聯營 公司或合營企業時將該收益或虧損由權益重新 分類至損益(列作重新分類調整)。

若本集團於聯營公司的投資變成於合營企業的 投資或者於合營企業的投資會變成於聯營公司 的投資,本集團會繼續使用權益法。在此等擁 有權權益變動中,毋須對公允價值進行重新計 量。

當本集團減少其在聯營公司或合營企業的擁有權權益,但本集團繼續使用權益法時,本集團會將早前就該擁有權權益減少在其他全面收益中確認的收益或虧損部分重新分類至損益,前提為該筆收益或虧損在有關資產或負債出售時重新分類至損益。

#### 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### **Interests in associates and joint ventures** (continued)

When the Group ceases to have significant influence over an associate or joint control over a joint venture, it is accounted for as a disposal of the entire interest in the investee with a resulting gain or loss being recognised in profit or loss. When the Group retains an interest in the former associate or joint venture and the retained interest is a financial asset within the scope of HKFRS 9, the Group measures the retained interest at fair value at that date and the fair value is regarded as its fair value on initial recognition. The difference between the carrying amount of the associate or joint venture at the date the equity method was discontinued, and the fair value of any retained interest and any proceeds from disposing the relevant interest in the associate or joint venture is included in the determination of the gain or loss on disposal of the associate or joint venture. In addition, the Group accounts for all amounts previously recognised in other comprehensive income in relation to that associate or joint venture on the same basis as would be required if that associate or joint venture had directly disposed of the related assets or liabilities. Therefore, if a gain or loss previously recognised in other comprehensive income by that associate or joint venture would be reclassified to profit or loss on the disposal of the related assets or liabilities, the Group reclassifies the gain or loss from equity to profit or loss (as a reclassification adjustment) upon disposal/partial disposal of the relevant associate or joint venture.

The Group continues to use the equity method when an investment in an associate becomes an investment in a joint venture or an investment in a joint venture becomes an investment in an associate. There is no remeasurement to fair value upon such changes in ownership interests.

When the Group reduces its ownership interest in an associate or a joint venture but the Group continues to use the equity method, the Group reclassifies to profit or loss the proportion of the gain or loss that had previously been recognised in other comprehensive income relating to that reduction in ownership interest if that gain or loss would be reclassified to profit or loss on the disposal of the related assets or liabilities.

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

截至二零一九年十二月三十一日止年度

For the year ended 31st December, 2019

#### 3. 重要會計政策(續)

#### 於聯營公司及合營企業之權益(續)

當一間集團實體與本集團聯營公司或合營企業 進行交易時,與聯營公司或合營企業進行交易 所產生之溢利或虧損僅在與本集團無關的聯營 公司或合營企業的權益範圍內於本集團之綜合 財務報表確認。

#### 待售非流動資產

倘非流動資產及出售組別之賬面值將主要透過出售交易(而非透過繼續使用)收回,則分類為待售。僅於資產(或出售組別)可以其現況供即時出售,而出售條款僅屬出售該資產(或出售組別)之一般慣常條款,且極有可能出售時,此條件方視為達成。管理層必須承諾進行出售,即應預期於分類日期起計一年內合資格確認為已完成出售。

當本集團承諾進行涉及失去附屬公司控制權之 出售計劃,倘符合上述條件,該附屬公司之所 有資產及負債均分類為待售,而不論本集團會 否於出售後保留相關附屬公司之非控股權益。

分類為待售非流動資產(及出售組別)按其先前 賬面值與公允價值減出售成本兩者中之較低者 計量,並繼續按相關部分所載之會計政策計 量。

#### 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### Interests in associates and joint ventures (continued)

When a group entity transacts with an associate or a joint venture of the Group, profits and losses resulting from the transactions with the associate or joint venture are recognised in the Group's consolidated financial statements only to the extent of interests in the associate or joint venture that are not related to the Group.

#### Non-current assets held for sale

Non-current assets and disposal groups are classified as held for sale if their carrying amount will be recovered principally through a sale transaction rather than through continuing use. This condition is regarded as met only when the asset (or disposal group) is available for immediate sale in its present condition subject only to terms that are usual and customary for sales of such asset (or disposal group) and its sale is highly probable. Management must be committed to the sale, which should be expected to qualify for recognition as a completed sale within one year from the date of classification.

When the Group is committed to a sale plan involving loss of control of a subsidiary, all of the assets and liabilities of that subsidiary are classified as held for sale when the criteria described above are met, regardless of whether the Group will retain a non-controlling interest in the relevant subsidiary after the sale.

Non-current assets (and disposal groups) classified as held for sale are measured at the lower of their previous carrying amount and fair value less costs to sell which continue to be measured in accordance with the accounting policies as set out in respective sections.

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

截至二零一九年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31st December, 2019

#### 3. 重要會計政策(續)

#### 金融工具

當某集團實體成為工具合約條文之訂約方時, 金融資產及金融負債便會確認。所有透過正常 方式買賣的金融資產根據交易日期確認和終止 確認。透過正常方式買賣為按照市場規則或慣 例所制定之時限內須交付資產的金融資產買 賣。

除按照香港財務報告準則第15號首次計量的來自客戶合約所產生的交易應收賬款外,金融資產及金融負債按公允價值首次計量。因收購或發行金融資產及金融負債而直接產生之交易成本(透過損益按公允價值處理之金融資產或金融負債除外)於首次確認時按情況加入或從該金融資產或金融負債之公允價值中扣除。因收購透過損益按公允價值處理之金融資產或金融負債而直接產生之交易成本即時於損益內確認。

實際利率法是計算金融資產或金融負債的攤銷成本以及在相關期間內分攤利息收入和利息支出的一種方法。實際利率是指在金融資產或金融負債之預計年期或適用的較短期間內,準確折現估計未來現金收入及支出(包括構成實際利率不可或缺部份的所有已支付或已收到的費用和積分、交易成本以及其他溢價或折扣)至該金融資產或金融負債於首次確認時之賬面淨值的利率。

#### 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### **Financial instruments**

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised when a group entity becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. All regular way purchases or sales of financial assets are recognised and derecognised on a trade date basis. Regular way purchases or sales are purchases or sales of financial assets that require delivery of assets within the time frame established by regulation or convention in the market place.

Financial assets and financial liabilities are initially measured at fair value except for trade receivables arising from contracts with customers which are initially measured in accordance with HKFRS 15. Transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of financial assets and financial liabilities (other than financial assets or financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss) are added to or deducted from the fair value of the financial assets or financial liabilities, as appropriate, on initial recognition. Transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition of financial assets or financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss are recognised immediately in profit or loss.

The effective interest method is a method of calculating the amortised cost of a financial asset or financial liability and of allocating interest income and interest expense over the relevant period. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts and payments (including all fees and points paid or received that form an integral part of the effective interest rate, transaction costs and other premiums or discounts) through the expected life of the financial asset or financial liability, or, where appropriate, a shorter period, to the net carrying amount on initial recognition.

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

截至二零一九年十二月三十一日止年度

For the year ended 31st December, 2019

# 3. 重要會計政策(續)

## 金融工具(續)

#### 金融資產

#### 金融資產之分類及隨後計量

符合下列條件的金融資產隨後按攤銷成本計量:

- 金融資產旨在為收取合約現金流量的業務 模式中而持有;及
- 合約條款規定於特定日期的現金流量僅為 支付本金及未償還本金的利息。

符合下列條件的金融資產隨後透過其他全面收益按公允價值處理計量:

- 金融資產旨在為收取合約現金流量及出售 的業務模式中而持有;及
- 合約條款規定於特定日期的現金流量僅為 支付本金及未償還本金的利息。

所有其他金融資產隨後透過損益按公允價值計量,除非於金融資產的首次應用香港財務報告準則第9號或首次確認之日,如果該股本投資並非持作買賣亦非由收購者在香港財務報告準則第3號「業務合併」適用的業務合併所確認的或有代價,本集團可以不可撤銷地選擇於其他全面收益內呈列股本投資的隨後公允價值變動。

#### 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

# Financial instruments (continued)

#### Financial assets

#### Classification and subsequent measurement of financial assets

Financial assets that meet the following conditions are subsequently measured at amortised cost:

- the financial asset is held within a business model whose objective is to collect contractual cash flows; and
- the contractual terms give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

Financial assets that meet the following conditions are subsequently measured at EVTOCI:

- the financial asset is held within a business model whose objective is achieved by both selling and collecting contractual cash flows; and
- the contractual terms give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

All other financial assets are subsequently measured at FVTPL, except that at the date of initial application of HKFRS 9 or initial recognition of a financial asset the Group may irrevocably elect to present subsequent changes in fair value of an equity investment in other comprehensive income if that equity investment is neither held for trading nor contingent consideration recognised by an acquirer in a business combination to which HKFRS 3 "Business Combinations" applies.

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

截至二零一九年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31st December, 2019

# 3. 重要會計政策(續)

#### 金融工具(續)

#### 金融資產(續)

#### 金融資產之分類及隨後計量(續)

#### 金融資產分類為持作買賣的條件為:

- 購入該資產的主要目的為於近期內出售;
- 在最初確認時,該資產是作為本集團整合 管理已識別的金融工具組合的一部分,並 具有近期實現的短期套利模式;或
- 該資產是一種非指定為有效對沖工具的衍生工具。

此外,本集團可以不可撤銷地指定一項須以攤銷成本或透過其他全面收益按公允價值處理計量的金融資產以透過損益按公允價值處理計量,如此舉可以消除或顯著減少會計配比不當。

#### (i) 攤銷成本及利息收入

就以攤銷成本作隨後計量的金融資產以及以透過其他全面收益按公允價值處理作隨後計量的 債務工具/應收賬款,採用實際利率法確認利息收入。利息收入的計算是將實際利率應用於金融資產的賬面總值,隨後發生信貸減值的金融資產除外(見下文)。對於隨後發生信貸減值的金融資產的攤銷成本來確認利息收入等數分金融資產的攤銷成本來確認利息收入善數資產不再發生信貸減值,在確定該資產不再發生信貸減值,在確定該資產不再發生信貸減值後,從報告期初開始,將到率應用於該金融資產的賬面總值來確認利息收入。

#### 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### Financial instruments (continued)

#### **Financial assets** (continued)

# Classification and subsequent measurement of financial assets (continued)

A financial asset is held for trading if:

- it has been acquired principally for the purpose of selling in the near term;
- on initial recognition it is a part of a portfolio of identified financial instruments that the Group manages together and has a recent actual pattern of short-term profit-taking; or
- it is a derivative that is not designated and effective as a hedging instrument.

In addition, the Group may irrevocably designate a financial asset that are required to be measured at the amortised cost or FVTOCI as measured at FVTPL if doing so eliminates or significantly reduces an accounting mismatch.

#### (i) Amortised cost and interest income

Interest income is recognised using the effective interest method for financial assets measured subsequently at amortised cost and debt instruments/receivables subsequently measured at FVTOCI. Interest income is calculated by applying the effective interest rate to the gross carrying amount of a financial asset, except for financial assets that have subsequently become credit-impaired (see below). For financial assets that have subsequently become credit-impaired, interest income is recognised by applying the effective interest rate to the amortised cost of the financial asset from the next reporting period. If the credit risk on the credit-impaired financial instrument improves so that the financial asset is no longer credit-impaired, interest income is recognised by applying the effective interest rate to the gross carrying amount of the financial asset from the beginning of the reporting period following the determination that the asset is no longer credit-impaired.

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

截至二零一九年十二月三十一日止年度

For the year ended 31st December, 2019

# 3. 重要會計政策(續)

金融工具(續)

金融資產(續)

金融資產之分類及隨後計量(續)

(ii) 指定透過其他全面收益按公允價值處理之 股本工具

透過其他全面收益按公允價值處理之股本工具 投資隨後以公允價值計量而公允價值變動所產 生的收益及虧損確認於其他全面收益(「其他全 面收益」)以及累計於重估儲備;並不須作減值 評估。其累計收益或虧損於出售股本投資時將 不會重新分類至損益。

該等股本工具投資的股息在本集團確定有權收 取股息時於損益確認,除非股息顯然是收回部 份投資成本。股息計入在損益之「其他收入及 收益」項目中。

#### (iii) 透過損益按公允價值處理之金融資產

不符合按攤銷成本或透過其他全面收益按公允 價值處理或指定透過其他全面收益按公允價值 計量之標準的金融資產以透過損益按公允價值 計量。

透過損益按公允價值處理之金融資產在每個報告期末按公允價值計量,而任何公允價值收益或虧損於損益確認。於損益確認的淨收益或虧損不包括該金融資產所賺取的任何股息或利息,並計入在「透過損益按公允價值處理之金融資產之公允價值淨增加(減少)」及「透過損益按公允價值處理之股本證券之公允價值淨增加(減少)」項目中。

# 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Financial instruments (continued)

Financial assets (continued)

Classification and subsequent measurement of financial assets (continued)

(ii) Equity instruments designated as at FVTOCI

Investments in equity instruments at FVTOCI are subsequently measured at fair value with gains and losses arising from changes in fair value recognised in other comprehensive income ("OCI") and accumulated in the revaluation reserve; and are not subject to impairment assessment. The cumulative gain or loss will not be reclassified to profit or loss on disposal of the equity investments.

Dividends from these investments in equity instruments are recognised in profit or loss when the Group's right to receive the dividends is established, unless the dividends clearly represent a recovery of part of the cost of the investment. Dividends are included in the "other income and gains" line item in profit or loss.

(iii) Financial assets at FVTPL

Financial assets that do not meet the criteria for being measured at amortised cost or FVTOCI or designated as FVTOCI are measured at FVTPL.

Financial assets at FVTPL are measured at fair value at the end of each reporting period, with any fair value gains or losses recognised in profit or loss. The net gain or loss recognised in profit or loss excludes any dividend or interest earned on the financial asset and is included in the "net increase (decrease) in fair value of financial assets at FVTPL" and "net increase (decrease) in fair value of equity securities at FVTPL" line items.

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

截至二零一九年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31st December, 2019

# 3. 重要會計政策(續)

#### 金融工具(續)

# 金融資產(續)

#### 金融資產之減值及財務擔保合同

本集團須對根據香港財務報告準則第9號作減值的金融資產(包括交易及其他應收賬款、合營企業/聯營公司/非控股權益欠款、用作抵押之銀行存款、銀行結存及應收貸款)以及其他項目(財務擔保合同)以預期信貸虧損(「預期信貸虧損」)模式進行減值評估。預期信貸虧損的金額在各報告日期更新以反映自首次確認後信貸風險的變化。

終身預期信貸虧損指在相關工具的預計年期內所有可能的違約事件所導致的預期信貸虧損。相反,12個月的預期信貸虧損(「12個月的預期信貸虧損」)指預計由報告日期後12個月內可能的違約事件所導致的終身預期信貸虧損之一部分。根據本集團的歷史信貸虧損經驗進行評估,並就債務人特有的因素、一般經濟狀況以及對報告日期當前狀況及對未來狀況預測的評估而作出調整。

本集團一直確認交易應收賬款的終身預期信貸 虧損。該等資產的預期信貸虧損就具有重大餘 額的債務人單獨評估及/或使用具有適當分組 的撥備矩陣進行集體評估。

就所有其他工具,本集團所計量的虧損撥備相 等於12個月的預期信貸虧損,除非自首次確認 後信貸風險已大幅增加而本集團確認終身預期 信貸虧損。對應否確認終身預期信貸虧損的評 估是基於自首次確認後發生違約的可能性或風 險大幅增加。

#### (i) 信貸風險大幅增加

在評估自首次確認後信貸風險是否大幅增加時,本集團將於報告日金融工具發生違約的風險與於首次確認日金融工具發生違約的風險與於首次確認日金融工具發生違約的風險進行比較。在進行此評估時,本集團考慮合理且可靠的定量和定性資料,包括無需過多的成本或努力即可獲得的歷史經驗以及前瞻性資料。

#### 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### Financial instruments (continued)

#### **Financial assets** (continued)

#### Impairment of financial assets and financial guarantee contracts

The Group performs impairment assessment under expected credit loss ("ECL") model on financial assets (including trade and other receivables, amounts due from joint ventures/associates/noncontrolling interests, pledged bank deposits, bank balances and loans receivable) and other items (financial guarantee contracts) which are subject to impairment under HKFRS 9. The amount of ECL is updated at each reporting date to reflect changes in credit risk since initial recognition.

Lifetime ECL represents the ECL that will result from all possible default events over the expected life of the relevant instrument. In contrast, 12-month ECL ("12m ECL") represents the portion of lifetime ECL that is expected to result from default events that are possible within 12 months after the reporting date. Assessment are done based on the Group's historical credit loss experience, adjusted for factors that are specific to the debtors, general economic conditions and an assessment of both the current conditions at the reporting date as well as the forecast of future conditions.

The Group always recognises lifetime ECL for trade receivables. The ECL on these assets are assessed individually for debtors with significant balances and/or collectively using a provision matrix with appropriate groupings.

For all other instruments, the Group measures the loss allowance equal to 12m ECL, unless when there has been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition, the Group recognises lifetime ECL. The assessment of whether lifetime ECL should be recognised is based on significant increases in the likelihood or risk of a default occurring since initial recognition.

#### (i) Significant increase in credit risk

In assessing whether the credit risk has increased significantly since initial recognition, the Group compares the risk of a default occurring on the financial instrument as at the reporting date with the risk of a default occurring on the financial instrument as at the date of initial recognition. In making this assessment, the Group considers both quantitative and qualitative information that is reasonable and supportable, including historical experience and forward-looking information that is available without undue cost or effort.

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

截至二零一九年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31st December, 2019

# 3. 重要會計政策(續)

#### 金融工具(續)

#### 金融資產(續)

#### 金融資產之減值及財務擔保合同(續)

## (i) 信貸風險大幅增加(續)

尤其是,在評估信貸風險是否已大幅增加時,以下資料會被考慮:

- 金融工具的外部(如有)或內部信貸評級實際或預期大幅惡化;
- 信貸風險外部市場指標大幅惡化,例如信貸息差、債務人的信貸違約掉期價格大幅增加;
- 現有或預測的業務、財務或經濟狀況的不 利變化預計會導致債務人履行其債務責任 能力大幅下降;
- 債務人的經營業績實際或預期大幅惡化;及
- 債務人的監管、經濟或技術環境中實際或 預期的重大不利變化導致債務人履行其債 務責任能力大幅下降。

無論上述評估的結果如何,當合約付款逾期超 過30天時,本集團均假設自首次確認後信貸風 險已大幅增加,除非本集團有合理且可靠的資 料證明並非如此。

#### 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

# Financial instruments (continued)

#### Financial assets (continued)

# Impairment of financial assets and financial guarantee contracts (continued)

(i) Significant increase in credit risk (continued)

In particular, the following information is taken into account when assessing whether credit risk has increased significantly:

- an actual or expected significant deterioration in the financial instrument's external (if available) or internal credit rating;
- significant deterioration in external market indicators of credit risk, e.g. a significant increase in the credit spread, the credit default swap prices for the debtor;
- existing or forecast adverse changes in business, financial or economic conditions that are expected to cause a significant decrease in the debtor's ability to meet its debt obligations;
- an actual or expected significant deterioration in the operating results of the debtor; and
- an actual or expected significant adverse change in the regulatory, economic, or technological environment of the debtor that results in a significant decrease in the debtor's ability to meet its debt obligations.

Irrespective of the outcome of the above assessment, the Group presumes that the credit risk has increased significantly since initial recognition when contractual payments are more than 30 days past due, unless the Group has reasonable and supportable information that demonstrates otherwise.

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

截至二零一九年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31st December, 2019

# 3. 重要會計政策(續)

## 金融工具(續)

#### 金融資產(續)

#### 金融資產之減值及財務擔保合同(續)

## (i) 信貸風險大幅增加(續)

儘管如此,若債務工具的信貸風險在報告日確定為低,本集團假設該債務工具的信貸風險自首次確認後並無大幅增加。債務工具的信貸風險確定為低若(i)其違約風險低;(ii)借款人有能力在短期內履行其合約現金流量責任以及(iii)長遠經濟及業務狀況的不利變化可能但未必會減低借款人履行其合約現金流量責任的能力。若債務工具的內部或外部信貸評級根據全球理解的定義為「投資級別」,本集團認為該債務工具的信貸風險為低。

就財務擔保合同,本集團成為不可撤銷承諾的 一方之日即視為首次確認日以評估金融工具減 值。評估自首次確認財務擔保合同後信貸風險 是否已大幅增加時,本集團考慮特定債務人違 約風險的變化。

本集團定期監測用於識別信貸風險是否大幅增加的標準之效用並適當修改該等標準以確保該等標準能夠在該款項逾期之前識別信貸風險大幅增加。

#### 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

# Financial instruments (continued)

#### Financial assets (continued)

# Impairment of financial assets and financial guarantee contracts (continued)

#### (i) Significant increase in credit risk (continued)

Despite the aforegoing, the Group assumes that the credit risk on a debt instrument has not increased significantly since initial recognition if the debt instrument is determined to have low credit risk at the reporting date. A debt instrument is determined to have low credit risk if (i) it has a low risk of default; (ii) the borrower has a strong capacity to meet its contractual cash flow obligations in the near term and (iii) adverse changes in economic and business conditions in the longer term may, but will not necessarily, reduce the ability of the borrower to fulfil its contractual cash flow obligations. The Group considers a debt instrument to have low credit risk when it has an internal or external credit rating of 'investment grade' as per globally understood definitions.

For financial guarantee contracts, the date that the Group becomes a party to the irrevocable commitment is considered to be the date of initial recognition for the purposes of assessing the financial instrument for impairment. In assessing whether there has been a significant increase in the credit risk since initial recognition of financial guarantee contracts, the Group considers the changes in the risk that the specified debtor will default on the contract.

The Group regularly monitors the effectiveness of the criteria used to identify whether there has been a significant increase in credit risk and revises them as appropriate to ensure that the criteria are capable of identifying significant increase in credit risk before the amount becomes past due.

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

截至二零一九年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31st December, 2019

# 3. 重要會計政策(續)

#### 金融工具(續)

#### 金融資產(續)

#### 金融資產之減值及財務擔保合同(續)

#### (ii) 違約的定義

就內部信貸風險管理而言,本集團認為當內部 出現的或從外部來源獲得的資料表明債務人不 大可能全額支付其債權人(包括本集團)時,即 發生違約事件(不考慮本集團持有的任何抵押 品)。

無論上述情況如何,當金融資產逾期超過90天時,本集團認為違約已發生,除非本集團有合理且可靠的資料證明更滯後的違約標準更為合滴。

#### (iii) 信貸減值的金融資產

當一個或多個事件對該金融資產的預計未來現 金流量產生不利影響時,該金融資產即為信貸 減值。證明金融資產信貸減值包括以下事件的 可觀察數據:

- (a) 發行人或借款人的重大財務困難;
- (b) 違約,如違約或逾期事件;
- (c) 基於經濟或合約原因體恤借款人財務困難,借款人的貸款人已向借款人授予一項貸款人不會另行考慮的特許權;
- (d) 借款人有可能破產或進行其他財務重組; 或
- (e) 由於財務困難,該金融資產活躍市場消失。

#### 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

# Financial instruments (continued)

#### **Financial assets** (continued)

# Impairment of financial assets and financial guarantee contracts (continued)

#### (ii) Definition of default

For internal credit risk management, the Group considers an event of default occurs when information developed internally or obtained from external sources indicates that the debtor is unlikely to pay its creditors, including the Group, in full (without taking into account any collaterals held by the Group).

Irrespective of the above, the Group considers that default has occurred when a financial asset is more than 90 days past due unless the Group has reasonable and supportable information to demonstrate that a more lagging default criterion is more appropriate.

#### (iii) Credit-impaired financial assets

A financial asset is credit-impaired when one or more events that have a detrimental impact on the estimated future cash flows of that financial asset have occurred. Evidence that a financial asset is credit-impaired includes observable data about the following events:

- (a) significant financial difficulty of the issuer or the borrower;
- (b) a breach of contract, such as a default or past due event;
- (c) the lender(s) of the borrower, for economic or contractual reasons relating to the borrower's financial difficulty, having granted to the borrower a concession(s) that the lender(s) would not otherwise consider;
- (d) it is becoming probable that the borrower will enter bankruptcy or other financial reorganisation; or
- (e) the disappearance of an active market for that financial asset because of financial difficulties.

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

截至二零一九年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31st December, 2019

# 3. 重要會計政策(續)

# 金融工具(續)

#### 金融資產(續)

#### 金融資產之減值及財務擔保合同(續)

#### (iv) 計銷政策

當有資料顯示交易對方面臨嚴重財務困難且沒有實際復蘇的前景時,例如,當交易對方已被清算或已進入破產程序時,本集團註銷金融資產。已註銷的金融資產仍可能受到本集團追回程序(考慮到法律意見(如適用))之強制執行活動的制約。註銷構成取消確認事件。任何隨後追回款項均於損益確認。

#### (v) 預期信貸虧損的計量及確認

預期信貸虧損的計量是違約可能性、違約所造成的虧損(即違約時的虧損幅度)以及違約風險的函數。評估違約可能性及違約所造成的虧損是根據前瞻性資料調整的歷史數據。預期信貸虧損的估計反映一個無偏頗和概率加權的金額,即根據各個發生違約風險加權而確定的。

一般而言,預期信貸虧損是根據合約應付予本 集團的所有合約現金流量與本集團預期收取的 所有現金流量之間的差額,並按首次確認時釐 定的實際利率貼現。

就財務擔保合同,本集團只須根據所擔保的工 具之條款於債務人違約的情況下作出支付。因 此,預期虧損為預期支付予持有人以補償所產 生的信貸虧損減本集團預期從持有人、債務人 或任何其他人士收取的任何款項之現值。

# 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### **Financial instruments** (continued)

#### **Financial assets** (continued)

# Impairment of financial assets and financial guarantee contracts (continued)

#### (iv) Write-off policy

The Group writes off a financial asset when there is information indicating that the counterparty is in severe financial difficulty and there is no realistic prospect of recovery, for example, when the counterparty has been placed under liquidation or has entered into bankruptcy proceedings. Financial assets written off may still be subject to enforcement activities under the Group's recovery procedures, taking into account legal advice where appropriate. A write-off constitutes a derecognition event. Any subsequent recoveries are recognised in profit or loss.

#### (v) Measurement and recognition of ECL

The measurement of ECL is a function of the probability of default, loss given default (i.e. the magnitude of the loss if there is a default) and the exposure at default. The assessment of the probability of default and loss given default is based on historical data adjusted by forward-looking information. Estimation of ECL reflects an unbiased and probability-weighted amount that is determined with the respective risks of default occurring as the weights.

Generally, the ECL is the difference between all contractual cash flows that are due to the Group in accordance with the contract and the cash flows that the Group expects to receive, discounted at the effective interest rate determined at initial recognition.

For a financial guarantee contract, the Group is required to make payments only in the event of a default by the debtor in accordance with the terms of the instrument that is guaranteed. Accordingly, the expected losses is the present value of the expected payments to reimburse the holder for a credit loss that it incurs less any amounts that the Group expects to receive from the holder, the debtor or any other party.

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

截至二零一九年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31st December, 2019

# 3. 重要會計政策(續)

## 金融工具(續)

#### 金融資產(續)

#### 金融資產之減值及財務擔保合同(續)

#### (v) 預期信貸虧損的計量及確認(續)

就未能釐定財務擔保合同的預期信貸虧損之實際利率,本集團會採用貼現率,該貼現率反映當前市場對貨幣時間值及現金流量特定風險的評估,但僅限於考慮透過調整貼現率而非調整貼現現金短缺的風險。

如果預期信貸虧損是在集體基礎上進行計量 的,或是針對個別工具級別的證據可能尚未能 提供的情況下,金融工具按以下基礎進行分 組:

- 金融工具的性質;
- 逾期狀況;
- 債務人的性質、規模和行業;及
- 外部信貸評級(如有)。

管理層定期審查分組,以確保每個組別的構成 部分繼續具有類似的信貸風險特徵。

利息收入按金融資產的賬面總值計算,除非該 金融資產有信貸減值情況,利息收入則按金融 資產的攤銷成本計算。

就財務擔保合同,虧損撥備是根據香港財務報告準則第9號而釐定的虧損撥備金額及首次確認的金額減擔保期間已確認的累計收入(如適用)之中較高者來確認。

# 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

# Financial instruments (continued)

#### Financial assets (continued)

# Impairment of financial assets and financial guarantee contracts (continued)

(v) Measurement and recognition of ECL (continued)

For ECL on financial guarantee contracts for which the effective interest rate cannot be determined, the Group will apply a discount rate that reflects the current market assessment of the time value of money and the risks that are specific to the cash flows but only if, and to the extent that, the risks are taken into account by adjusting the discount rate instead of adjusting the cash shortfalls being discounted.

Where ECL is measured on a collective basis or cater for cases where evidence at the individual instrument level may not yet be available, the financial instruments are grouped on the following basis:

- Nature of financial instruments;
- Past-due status;
- Nature, size and industry of debtors; and
- External credit ratings where available.

The grouping is regularly reviewed by management to ensure the constituents of each group continue to share similar credit risk characteristics.

Interest income is calculated based on the gross carrying amount of the financial asset unless the financial asset is credit-impaired, in which case interest income is calculated based on amortised cost of the financial asset.

For financial guarantee contracts, the loss allowances are recognised at the higher of the amount of the loss allowance determined in accordance with HKFRS 9; and the amount initially recognised less, where appropriate, cumulative amount of income recognised over the guarantee period.

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

截至二零一九年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31st December, 2019

# 3. 重要會計政策(續)

#### 金融工具(續)

#### 金融資產(續)

#### 金融資產之減值及財務擔保合同(續)

#### (v) 預期信貸虧損的計量及確認(續)

除財務擔保合同外,本集團就所有金融工具的 減值溢利及虧損於損益內確認,並調整其賬面 值,除了交易應收賬款之相應調整透過於虧損 撥備確認。

# 取消確認之金融資產

僅當資產現金流量的合約權利屆滿時,本集團 會取消確認該金融資產。當取消確認按攤銷成 本計量的金融資產時,該資產的賬面值與已收 及應收代價的總額之間的差額於損益內確認。

當取消確認分類為透過其他全面收益按公允價值處理的債務工具投資時,其先前累計於重估儲備之累計收益或虧損會重新分類至損益。

當取消確認本集團於首次確認時已選擇以透過 其他全面收益按公允價值計量的股本工具投資 時,其先前累計於重估儲備的累計收益或虧損 不會重新分類至損益,但會轉撥至累計溢利。

#### 金融負債及股本工具

#### 分類為債務或股本

債務及股本工具乃根據所簽訂合約安排的性質 與金融負債及股本工具的定義分類為金融負債 或股本。

#### 股本工具

股本工具乃證明本集團於扣減所有其負債後的 資產中擁有剩餘權益的任何合約。本公司所發 行的股本工具按已收所得款項減直接發行成本 淨值確認。

# 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

# Financial instruments (continued)

# Financial assets (continued)

# 

#### (v) Measurement and recognition of ECL (continued)

Other than financial guarantee contracts, the Group recognises an impairment gain or loss in profit or loss for all financial instruments by adjusting their carrying amount, with the exception of trade receivables where the corresponding adjustment is recognised through a loss allowance account.

## Derecognition of financial assets

The Group derecognises a financial asset only when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the asset expire. On derecognition of a financial asset measured at amortised cost, the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the sum of the consideration received and receivable is recognised in profit or loss.

On derecognition of an investment in a debt instrument classified as at FVTOCI, the cumulative gain or loss previously accumulated in the revaluation reserves is reclassified to profit or loss.

On derecognition of an investment in equity instrument which the Group has elected on initial recognition to measure at FVTOCI, the cumulative gain or loss previously accumulated in the revaluation reserves is not reclassified to profit or loss, but is transferred to retained earnings.

#### Financial liabilities and equity instruments

#### Classification as debt or equity

Debt and equity instruments are classified as either financial liabilities or as equity in accordance with the substance of the contractual arrangements and the definitions of a financial liability and an equity instrument.

#### **Equity instruments**

An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the Group after deducting all of its liabilities. Equity instruments issued by the Company are recognised at the proceeds received, net of direct issue costs.

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

截至二零一九年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31st December, 2019

# 3. 重要會計政策(續)

# 金融工具(續)

## 金融負債及股本工具(續)

#### 股本工具(續)

本公司回購其股本工具直接於權益中確認及扣除。購買、出售、發行或註銷本公司股本工具 的收益或虧損不計入損益。

#### 按攤銷成本計量之金融負債

所有金融負債(包括附息及免息的借款、交易 及其他應付賬款)隨後採用實際利率法按攤銷 成本計量。

#### 財務擔保合同

財務擔保合同是因指定債務人未能按債務工具 之原有或經修改條款如期付款時,發行者需支 付指定金額給持有人以補償其所遭受損失之 合約。

本集團已發行之財務擔保合同按公允價值首次 計量,及(如非指定透過損益按公允價值處理) 隨後按以下兩者中之較高者計量:

- (i) 按照香港財務報告準則第9號釐定之合約責任金額;及
- (ii) 首次確認之金額減去(如適用)在擔保期內 確認之累計攤銷。

#### 取消確認之金融負債

僅當本集團的責任被解除、取消或逾期,本集 團才取消確認金融負債。取消確認之金融負債 的賬面值與已付及應付的代價之間的差異計入 損益中。

# 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

# Financial instruments (continued)

#### Financial liabilities and equity instruments (continued)

#### **Equity instruments** (continued)

Repurchase of the Company's own equity instruments is recognised and deducted directly in equity. No gain or loss is recognised in profit or loss on the purchase, sale, issue or cancellation of the Company's own equity instruments.

#### Financial liabilities at amortised cost

All financial liabilities that include interest-bearing and interest-free borrowings, trade and other payables are subsequently measured at amortised cost, using the effective interest method.

#### Financial guarantee contracts

A financial guarantee contract is a contract that requires the issuer to make specified payments to reimburse the holder for a loss it incurs because a specified debtor fails to make payment when due in accordance with the original or modified terms of a debt instrument.

Financial guarantee contracts issued by the Group are initially measured at their fair values and, if not designated as at FVTPL, are subsequently measured at the higher of:

- (i) the amount of obligation under the contract, as determined in accordance with HKFRS 9; and
- (ii) the amount initially recognised less, where appropriate, cumulative amortisation recognised over the guarantee period.

#### Derecognition of financial liabilities

The Group derecognises financial liabilities when, and only when, the Group's obligations are discharged, cancelled or have expired. The difference between the carrying amount of the financial liability derecognised and the consideration paid and payable is recognised in profit or loss.

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

截至二零一九年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31st December, 2019

## 3. 重要會計政策(續)

## 物業、廠房及設備

物業、廠房及設備於財務狀況表以成本值扣除 隨後累計折舊及累計減值虧損列賬(如有)。

轉撥自投資物業之土地及樓宇乃按視作成本 (相等於改變用途當日的公允價值)列賬。已轉 撥之物業在其未到期的租賃期內折舊。

物業、廠房及設備項目之折舊按其估計可使用 年期以直線法按下列年率確認,以撇銷其成本 值減殘值:

自有物業 按租賃土地之未到期的

租賃期或四十年,

以較短者為準

裝修 20% - 30%或按租賃土地的

租賃期,以較短者為準

**傢**俬、裝置及 20% − 33%

設備以及汽車

#### 租賃土地及樓宇的擁有權權益

當本集團為物業權益付款(當中包括租賃土地 和樓宇部分),整筆代價按在首次確認時相對 公允價值,按比例分配到租賃土地及樓宇部 分。

#### 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

# Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment are stated in the statement of financial position at cost less subsequent accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses, if any.

Land and buildings transferred from investment properties are stated at deemed cost equal to its fair value at the date of change in use. The transferred properties are depreciated over their unexpired lease term.

Depreciation is recognised to write off the cost of items of property, plant and equipment less their residual value over their estimated useful lives, using the straight-line method, at the following rates per annum:

the leasehold land or 40 years,

whichever is shorter

Leasehold improvements 20% – 30% or over the lease term

of the leasehold land, whichever is shorter

Furniture, fixtures and 20% – 33%

equipment and motor vehicles

# Ownership interest in leasehold land and buildings

When the Group makes payments for a property interest which includes both leasehold land and building elements, the entire consideration are allocated between the leasehold land and the building elements in proportion to the relative fair values at initial recognition.

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

截至二零一九年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31st December, 2019

#### 3. 重要會計政策(續)

## 物業、廠房及設備(續)

#### 租賃土地及樓宇的擁有權權益(續)

若有關付款能可靠地分配,租賃土地權益在綜合財務狀況報表呈列為「使用權資產」(當應用香港財務報告準則第16號時)或「土地使用權之預付租賃款」(在應用香港財務報告準則第16號之前),並按直線法在租赁期內攤銷,除非該等在公允價值模式下分類和列賬為投資物業。當租賃款項無法可靠地在租賃土地及樓宇部分之間分配,整個物業一般分類為物業、廠房及設備。

若有一項物業因用途改變(證明不再作自用)而成為投資物業,該項目(包括相關香港財務報告準則第16號下的租賃土地或香港會計準則第17號下的預付租賃款項)於轉撥日之賬面值與公允價值之間的任何差額於其他全面收益內確認並累計於物業重估儲備。當隨後出售或報廢物業,其相關之重估儲備將會直接轉撥至累計溢利。

折舊按其估計可使用年期以直線法確認,以撇 銷資產(除永久持有土地及在建物業外)成本值 減其殘值。估計可使用年期、殘值以及折舊方 法會於每個報告期末審閱,任何估計上的改變 所帶來之影響以未來適用法入賬。

一項物業、廠房及設備於出售時或當繼續使用 該資產預期不會產生任何未來經濟利益時取消 確認。出售或報廢該項物業、廠房及設備所產 生之任何收益或虧損按該資產之出售所得及賬 面值之間的差額釐定,並於損益內確認。

#### 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

## **Property, plant and equipment** (continued)

#### Ownership interest in leasehold land and buildings (continued)

To the extent the allocation of the relevant payments can be made reliably, interest in leasehold land is presented as "right-of-use assets" (upon application of HKFRS 16) or "prepaid lease payments on land use rights" (before application of HKFRS 16) in the consolidated statement of financial position and is amortised over the lease term on a straight-line basis except for those that are classified and accounted for as investment properties under the fair value model. When the lease payments cannot be allocated reliably between the leasehold land and building elements, the entire property is generally classified as property, plant and equipment.

If a property becomes an investment property because its use has changed as evidenced by end of owner-occupation, any difference between the carrying amount and the fair value of that item (including the relevant leasehold land under HKFRS 16 or prepaid lease payments under HKAS 17) at the date of transfer is recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in property revaluation reserve. On the subsequent sale or retirement of the property, the relevant revaluation reserve will be transferred directly to retained earnings.

Depreciation is recognised so as to write off the cost of assets other than freehold land and properties under construction less their residual values over their estimated useful lives, using the straight-line method. The estimated useful lives, residual values and depreciation method are reviewed at the end of each reporting period, with the effect of any changes in estimate accounted for on a prospective basis.

An item of property, plant and equipment is derecognised upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected to arise from the continued use of the asset. Any gain or loss arising on the disposal or retirement of an item of property, plant and equipment is determined as the difference between the sales proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and is recognised in profit or loss.

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

截至二零一九年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31st December, 2019

# 3. 重要會計政策(續)

#### 租賃

# 租賃之定義(根據附註2中的過渡條文應用 香港財務報告準則第16號)

當合約傳達以控制使用一項已識別資產一段期間的權利來換取代價,則該合約乃(或包含)一項租賃。

於首次應用日或之後訂立或修改或業務合併所產生之合約,本集團根據香港財務報告準則第16號之定義於訂立或修改日或收購日(如適用)評估一份合約是否(或包含)一項租賃。除非合約之條款及條件其後改變,此合約將不會被重新評估。

## 本集團作為承租人(根據附註2中的過渡條 文應用香港財務報告準則第16號)

#### 分配代價至合約的組成部分

就一份合約包含一項租賃部分及一項或多項額 外租賃或非租賃部分,本集團將合約代價按租 賃部分的相關獨立價格及非租賃部分的加總獨 立價格分配予各自租賃部分。

作為權宜方案,當本集團合理預期於綜合財務 報表之影響將不會跟組合內之個別租賃有重大 差別時,類似性質的租賃乃按組合基準入賬。

#### 短期租賃及低價值資產租賃

本集團對租賃期自開始日期計12個月或更短者 且並無包含購買權之物業的租賃應用短期租賃 確認豁免。同時就低價值資產租賃也應用該確 認豁免。短期租賃及低價值資產租賃之租賃款 項於租賃期內按直線法確認為費用。

## 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### Leases

# Definition of a lease (upon application of HKFRS 16 in accordance with transitions in note 2)

A contract is, or contains, a lease if the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration.

For contracts entered into or modified or arising from business combinations on or after the date of initial application, the Group assesses whether a contract is or contains a lease based on the definition under HKFRS 16 at inception, modification date or acquisition date, as appropriate. Such contract will not be reassessed unless the terms and conditions of the contract are subsequently changed.

# The Group as a lessee (upon application of HKFRS 16 in accordance with transitions in note 2)

#### Allocation of consideration to components of a contract

For a contract that contains a lease component and one or more additional lease or non-lease components, the Group allocates the consideration in the contract to each lease component on the basis of the relative stand-alone price of the lease component and the aggregate stand-alone price of the non-lease components.

As a practical expedient, leases with similar characteristics are accounted on a portfolio basis when the Group reasonably expects that the effect on the consolidated financial statements would not differ materially from individual leases within the portfolio.

#### Short-term leases and leases of low-value assets

The Group applies the short-term lease recognition exemption to leases of properties that have a lease term of twelve months or less from the commencement date and do not contain a purchase option. It also applies the recognition exemption for leases of low-value assets. Lease payments on short-term leases and leases of low-value assets are recognised as expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

截至二零一九年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31st December, 2019

# 3. 重要會計政策(續)

#### 租賃(續)

本集團作為承租人(根據附註2中的過渡條 文應用香港財務報告準則第16號)(續)

#### 使用權資產

使用權資產成本包括:

- 租賃負債最初計量金額;
- 於開始日或之前支付之任何租賃款項,減 去任何已收租賃獎勵;
- 本集團涉及之任何最初直接成本;及
- 本集團涉及拆卸及遷移相關資產、恢復相關資產所在地點或恢復相關資產按租賃條款及條件要求之狀況之估計成本。

使用權資產以成本減去任何累計折舊及減值虧 損計量,並就租賃負債的任何重新計量作出調 整。

本集團合理確定於租賃期完結時可獲得相關租 賃資產擁有權之使用權資產從開始日至可使用 年期完結計算折舊。除此之外,使用權資產按 其估計可使用年期及租賃年期較短者,以直線 法計算折舊。

本集團將不符合存貨及投資物業定義的使用權 資產於綜合財務狀況表呈列為一項單獨項目。 符合存貨定義的使用權資產分別在「待發展物 業」及「物業存貸」(發展中物業及已竣工物業) 中呈列。

#### 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Leases (continued)

The Group as a lessee (upon application of HKFRS 16 in accordance with transitions in note 2) (continued)

#### Right-of-use assets

The cost of right-of-use asset includes:

- the amount of the initial measurement of the lease liability;
- any lease payments made at or before the commencement date, less any lease incentives received;
- any initial direct costs incurred by the Group; and
- an estimate of costs to be incurred by the Group in dismantling and removing the underlying assets, restoring the site on which it is located or restoring the underlying asset to the condition required by the terms and conditions of the lease.

Right-of-use assets are measured at cost, less any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses, and adjusted for any remeasurement of lease liabilities.

Right-of-use assets in which the Group is reasonably certain to obtain ownership of the underlying leased assets at the end of the lease term are depreciated from commencement date to the end of their useful lifes. Otherwise, right-of-use assets are depreciated on a straight-line basis over the shorter of their estimated useful lifes and the lease terms.

The Group presents right-of-use assets that do not meet the definition of inventory and investment properties as a separate line item on the consolidated statement of financial position. Right-of-use assets that meet the definition of inventory are presented within "properties for development" and "inventories of properties (properties under development and completed properties)" respectively.

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

截至二零一九年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31st December, 2019

# 3. 重要會計政策(續)

#### 租賃(續)

# 本集團作為承租人(根據附註2中的過渡條 文應用香港財務報告準則第16號)(續)

#### 可退回租金按金

已付之可退回租金按金根據香港財務報告準則第9號「金融工具」入賬及最初以公允價值計量。對最初確認公允價值的調整視為額外租賃款項及包括在使用權資產成本內。

#### 租賃負債

於一項租賃開始日期,本集團按其租賃款項 (非當日支付)之現值確認及計量租賃負債。於 計算租賃款項的現值時,倘租賃中隱含的利率 不易確定,則本集團採用租賃開始日期的遞增 借貸利率。

## 租賃款項包括:

- 固定款項(包括實質固定款項),扣除任何 應收的租賃激勵;
- 取決於指數或比率的浮動租賃款項,於租 賃開始日採用該指數或比率作首次計量;
- 本集團根據餘值擔保預計應付的金額;
- 購買選擇權的行權價,前提是本集團合理 確定將行使該選擇權;以及
- 終止租賃的罰款金額,前提是租賃期反映 出本集團將行使終止租賃選擇權。

在租賃開始日期之後,租賃負債會就利息增加 及租賃款項進行調整。

倘出現以下情況,本集團重新計量租賃負債 (並就相關使用權資產作出相應調整):

租賃期有變動或行使購買權的評估發生變化,在此情況下,相關租賃負債以重新評估日的經修訂貼現率貼現經修訂租賃款項作重新計量。

# 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### **Leases** (continued)

The Group as a lessee (upon application of HKFRS 16 in accordance with transitions in note 2) (continued)

#### Refundable rental deposits

Refundable rental deposits paid are accounted under HKFRS 9 "Financial Instruments" and initially measured at fair value. Adjustments to fair value at initial recognition are considered as additional lease payments and included in the cost of right-of-use assets.

#### **Lease liabilities**

At the commencement date of a lease, the Group recognises and measures the lease liability at the present value of lease payments that are unpaid at that date. In calculating the present value of lease payments, the Group uses the incremental borrowing rate at the lease commencement date if the interest rate implicit in the lease is not readily determinable.

The lease payments include:

- fixed payments (including in-substance fixed payments) less any lease incentives receivable;
- variable lease payments that depend on an index or a rate, initially measured using the index or rate as at the commencement date:
- amounts expected to be payable by the Group under residual value guarantees;
- the exercise price of a purchase option if the Group is reasonably certain to exercise the option; and
- payments of penalties for terminating a lease, if the lease term reflects the Group exercising an option to terminate the lease.

After the commencement date, lease liabilities are adjusted by interest accretion and lease payments.

The Group remeasures lease liabilities (and makes a corresponding adjustment to the related right-of-use assets) whenever:

the lease term has changed or there is a change in the assessment
of exercise of a purchase option, in which case the related lease
liability is remeasured by discounting the revised lease payments
using a revised discount rate at the date of reassessment.

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

截至二零一九年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31st December, 2019

# 3. 重要會計政策(續)

#### 租賃(續)

本集團作為承租人(根據附註2中的過渡條 文應用香港財務報告準則第16號)(續)

#### 租賃修訂

本集團於以下情況會將租賃修訂作為一項單獨 租賃入賬:

- 該項修訂通過增加使用一項或多項相關資產之權利來擴大租賃範圍;及
- 上調租賃之代價,增加之金額相當於所擴 大範圍對應之單獨價格以及為反映特定合 約之情況而對單獨價格作出之任何適當調 整。

就並無作為一項單獨租賃入賬之租賃修訂而言,本集團按租賃修訂中的租賃期透過使用於修訂生效日期之經修訂的貼現率來貼現經修訂的租賃款項以重新計量租賃負債。

本集團就租賃負債的重新計量對相關使用權資產作出相應調整。當該修訂合約包含一項租賃部分及一項或多項額外租賃或非租賃部分,本集團將該修訂合約代價按租賃部分的相關獨立價格及非租賃部分的加總獨立價格分配予各自租賃部分。

## 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### Leases (continued)

The Group as a lessee (upon application of HKFRS 16 in accordance with transitions in note 2) (continued)

#### Lease modification

The Group accounts for a lease modification as a separate lease if:

- the modification increases the scope of the lease by adding the right to use one or more underlying assets; and
- the consideration for the leases increases by an amount commensurate with the stand-alone price for the increase in scope and any appropriate adjustments to that stand-alone price to reflect the circumstances of the particular contract.

For a lease modification that is not accounted for as a separate lease, the Group remeasures the lease liability based on the lease term of the modified lease by discounting the revised lease payments using a revised discount rate at the effective date of the modification.

The Group accounts for the remeasurement of lease liabilities by making corresponding adjustments to the relevant right-of-use asset. When the modified contract contains a lease component and one or more additional lease or non-lease components, the Group allocates the consideration in the modified contract to each lease component on the basis of the relative stand-alone price of the lease component and the aggregate stand-alone price of the non-lease components.

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

截至二零一九年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31st December, 2019

# 3. 重要會計政策(續)

#### 租賃(續)

# 本集團作為承租人(二零一九年一月一日 之前)

倘租賃條款將擁有權之絕大部份風險和回報轉 移給承租人時,該租賃則分類為融資租賃。所 有其他租賃則分類為經營租賃。

經營租賃款項(包括收購經營租賃土地的費用)按直線法於有關租賃期內確認為費用。訂立經營租賃時已收及應收作為獎勵之利益,按直線法於租賃期內確認為租金費用減少。於經營租賃所產生的或有租金於產生期間內確認為費用。

#### 本集團作為出租人

來自經營租賃之租金收入按直線法於有關租賃 期內於損益確認。商討及安排經營租賃產生的 初始直接費用計入該租賃資產的賬面值中,而 該等費用按直線法於租賃期內確認為費用,以 公允價值模式計量的投資物業除外。

## 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### Leases (continued)

## The Group as a lessee (prior to 1st January, 2019)

Leases are classified as finance leases whenever the terms of the lease transfer substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership to the lessee. All other leases are classified as operating leases.

Operating lease payments, including the cost of acquiring land held under operating leases, are recognised as an expense on a straight-line basis over the term of the relevant lease. Benefits received and receivable as an incentive to enter into an operating lease are recognised as a reduction of rental expense over the lease term on a straight-line basis. Contingent rentals arising under operating leases are recognised as an expense in the period in which they are incurred.

#### The Group as lessor

Rental income from operating leases is recognised in profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the term of the relevant lease. Initial direct costs incurred in negotiating and arranging an operating lease are added to the carrying amount of the leased asset, and such costs are recognised as an expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term except for investment properties measured under fair value model.

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

截至二零一九年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31st December, 2019

# 3. 重要會計政策(續)

#### 租賃(續)

# 本集團作為出租人(根據附註2中的過渡條 文應用香港財務報告準則第16號)

#### 分配代價至合約的組成部分

如合約包含租賃及非租賃部分,本集團應用香港財務報告準則第15號去分配合約代價予租賃及非租賃部分。非租賃部分按其相關獨立銷售價格從租賃部分區分出來。

#### 可退回租金按金

已收取的可退回租賃按金根據香港財務報告準則第9號入賬,並按公允價值作最初計量。對最初確認公允價值的調整視為來自承租人的額外租賃款項。

#### 租賃修訂

由租賃修訂生效日期起,本集團將經營租賃修 訂列作為新租賃入賬,即與原有租賃相關的任 何預付或應計租賃款項視作新租賃的部分租賃 款項。

## 借貸成本

因購買、建造或生產合資格資產(即需要一段較長時期作準備以作既定用途或銷售之資產)而直接產生的借貸成本會被加入為該等資產成本內,直至該等資產可大致上用作既定用途或出售為止。

於二零一九年一月一日起生效,在相關資產達 到預期用途或出售狀態後,任何特定借款仍未 償還,則在計算一般借款的資本化率時,包含 在一般借款資金中。

所有其他借貸成本均於發生期間計入損益。

## 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### **Leases** (continued)

# The Group as a lessor (upon application of HKFRS 16 in accordance with transitions in note 2)

#### Allocation of consideration to components of a contract

When a contract includes both leases and non-lease components, the Group applies HKFRS 15 to allocate consideration in a contract to lease and non-lease components. Non-lease components are separated from lease component on the basis of their relative standalone selling prices.

#### Refundable rental deposits

Refundable rental deposits received are accounted for under HKFRS 9 and initially measured at fair value. Adjustments to fair value at initial recognition are considered as additional lease payments from lessees.

#### Lease modification

The Group accounts for a modification to an operating lease as a new lease from the effective date of the modification, considering any prepaid or accrued lease payments relating to the original lease as part of the lease payments for the new lease.

#### **Borrowing costs**

Borrowing costs are directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of qualified assets, which are assets that necessarily take a substantial period of time to get ready for their intended use or sale, are added to the cost of those assets until such time as the assets are substantially ready for their intended use or sale.

Effective from 1st January, 2019, any specific borrowing that remain outstanding after the related asset is ready for its intended use or sale is included in the general borrowing pool for calculation of capitalisation rate on general borrowings.

All other borrowing costs are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they are incurred.

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

截至二零一九年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31st December, 2019

# 3. 重要會計政策(續)

#### 外幣

於編製各個別集團實體之財務報表時,以該實體功能貨幣以外之貨幣(外幣)進行之交易按交易當日之適用匯率確認。於報告期末,以外幣為列值之貨幣項目均按當日之適用匯率重新換算。按公允價值列賬並以外幣列值之非貨幣項目乃按於公允價值釐定當日之適用匯率重新換算。按外幣歷史成本計量之非貨幣項目不會重新換算。

貨幣項目結算及貨幣項目的重新換算所產生之 匯兑差異均於發生期間於損益內確認,除與用 於未來生產使用的在建資產相關的外幣借款的 匯兑差異,當其被視為對該等外幣借款的利息 成本的調整時,計入該等資產的成本。

就呈列綜合財務報表而言,本集團實體之資產 及負債乃按於報告期末之適用匯率換算為本集 團之呈列貨幣(即港元),而其收入及費用乃按 該年度之平均匯率進行換算,除非匯率於該期 間內出現大幅波動則作別論,於此情況下,則 採用交易當日之適用匯率。所產生之匯兑差異 (如有)乃確認於其他全面收益並累計於權益 內之匯兑浮動儲備(視乎情況歸屬於非控股權 益)。

# 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### **Foreign currencies**

In preparing the financial statements of each individual group entity, transactions in currencies other than the functional currency of that entity (foreign currencies) are recognised at the rates of exchanges prevailing on the dates of the transactions. At the end of the reporting period, monetary items denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rates prevailing at that date. Non-monetary items carried at fair value that are denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rates prevailing on the date when the fair value was determined. Non-monetary items that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are not retranslated.

Exchange differences arising on settlement of monetary items, and on the retranslation of monetary items, are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they arise except for exchange differences on foreign currency borrowings relating to assets under construction for future productive use, which are included in the cost of those assets when they are regarded as an adjustment to interest costs on those foreign currency borrowings.

For the purposes of presenting the consolidated financial statements, the assets and liabilities of the Group's entities are translated into the Group presentation currency (i.e. Hong Kong Dollars) at the rate of exchange prevailing at the end of the reporting period, and their income and expenses are translated at the average exchange rates for the year, unless exchange rates fluctuate significantly during the period, in which case, the exchange rates prevailing at the dates of transaction are used. Exchange differences arising, if any, are recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity under the heading of exchange translation reserve (attributed to non-controlling interests as appropriate).

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

截至二零一九年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31st December, 2019

# 3. 重要會計政策(續)

#### 外幣(續)

倘出售海外業務(即出售本集團所持海外業務的全部權益,或出售涉及失去對持有海外業務之附屬公司的控制權、出售涉及失去對持有海外業務之合營企業的共同控制權或出售涉及失去對持有海外業務之聯營公司的重大影響力),則本公司股東應佔該業務相關所有累計於權益的匯兑差異重新分類至損益。

與重新換算本集團之人民幣資產淨值至本集團 呈列貨幣(即港元)相關的匯兑差異直接於其他 全面收益中確認以及累計於匯兑浮動儲備中。 該累計於匯兑浮動儲備中的匯兑差異隨後不會 重新分類至損益。

#### 退休福利費用

向定額供款退休福利計劃、國家監管退休福利 計劃及強制性公積金計劃的供款於僱員提供有 權享有供款之服務時確認為費用。

#### 政府資助

政府資助在本集團合理確定將會滿足有關該項 政府資助所附條件且該項政府資助預計將會收 到之時才會進行確認。

政府資助於本集團確認該等資助擬補償之有關 成本為開支之期間內按有系統化的基準於損益 內確認。

# 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

## Foreign currencies (continued)

On the disposal of a foreign operation (i.e. a disposal of the Group's entire interest in a foreign operation, or a disposal involving loss of control over a subsidiary that includes a foreign operation, a disposal involving loss of joint control over a joint venture that includes a foreign operation, or a disposal involving loss of significant influence over an associate that includes a foreign operation), all of the exchange differences accumulated in equity in respect of that operation which are attributable to the owners of the Company are reclassified to profit or loss.

Exchange differences relating to the retranslation of the Group's net assets in RMB to the Group's presentation currency (i.e. Hong Kong Dollars) are recognised directly in other comprehensive income and accumulated in exchange translation reserve. Such exchange differences accumulated in the exchange translation reserve are not reclassified to profit or loss subsequently.

#### **Retirement benefit costs**

Payments to defined contribution retirement benefit plans, statemanaged retirement benefit schemes and the Mandatory Provident Fund Scheme are recognised as an expense when employees have rendered service entitling them to the contributions.

#### **Government grants**

Government grants are not recognised until there is reasonable assurance that the Group will comply with the conditions attaching to them and that the grants will be received.

Government grants are recognised in profit or loss on a systematic basis over the periods in which the Group recognises as expenses, the related costs for which the grants are intended to compensate.

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

截至二零一九年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31st December, 2019

# **4.** 重要會計判斷及不確定性估計之主要來源

於應用本集團之會計政策(如附註3所述)時,董事須對未能透過其他來源確定之資產及負債之賬面值作出判斷、估計及假設。所作出之估計及相關假設乃以過往經驗及其他被視為相關之因素為基準。實際結果可能與該等估計有異。

估計及相關假設乃以持續基準被審閱。倘會計估計之修訂僅影響該修訂之期間,則於該期間確認,或倘修訂會影響目前及未來期間,則會於修訂及未來期間確認。

#### 應用本集團會計政策之重要判斷

以下為董事於應用本集團會計政策過程中所作 出而對於綜合財務報表確認之金額具有最重大 影響之重要判斷(涉及估計者除外(見下文))。

#### 投資物業的遞延税項

# 4. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS AND KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION UNCERTAINTY

In the application of the Group's accounting policies, which are described in note 3, the Directors are required to make judgements, estimates and assumptions about the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered to be relevant. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised if the revision affects only that period, or in the period of the revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods.

# Critical judgements in applying the Group's accounting policies

The following are the critical judgements, apart from those involving estimations (see below), that the Directors have made in the process of applying the entity's accounting policies and that have the most significant effect on the amounts recognised in the consolidated financial statements.

### Deferred taxation on investment properties

For the purposes of measuring deferred tax arising from investment properties that are measured using the fair value model, the Directors have reviewed the investment property portfolios of the Group and its associates and joint ventures and concluded that investment properties held by the Group and its associates and joint ventures are not held under a business model whose objective is to consume substantially all of the economic benefits embodied in the investment properties over time, rather than through sale. Therefore, in determining the deferred taxation on investment properties of the Group and its associates and joint ventures, the Directors have determined that the "sales" presumption that the carrying amounts of investment properties measured using the fair value model are recovered entirely through sale is not rebutted. As a result, the Group has recognised the deferred taxes on changes in fair value of investment properties as the Group is subject to income taxes and LAT on the fair value changes of the investment properties on disposal.

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

截至二零一九年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31st December, 2019

# **4.** 重要會計判斷及不確定性估計之主要來源(續)

# 4. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS AND KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION UNCERTAINTY

(CONTINUED)

#### 不確定性估計之主要來源

# 以下為對於未來的主要假設及於報告期末之其 他不確定性估計之主要來源,而這些假設很大 可能導致於下一個財政年度內資產及負債賬面 值發生重大調整的風險。

# 於某個時間點的已竣工物業銷售之收入 確認

根據香港財務報告準則第15號,當本集團履約時沒有創建對本集團有其他用途的資產,且本集團對迄今為止已完成的履約有可強制執行的收款權利時,該資產的控制權會隨著時間的推移而轉移。在確定本集團與客戶的合約是不 為本集團創建可強制執行的收款權利時,需要作出重大判斷。本集團已考慮適用於這些相關合約的相關當地法律。根據本集團管理層的評估,相關銷售合約的條款並未為本集團創建可強制執行的收款權利。因此,物業銷售被視為是在某個時間點履行的履約責任。

#### 待發展物業及物業存貨之估值

待發展物業4,016,593,000港元(二零一八年:3,818,333,000港元)以成本值扣除累計攤銷及任何已確定之減值虧損(就租賃土地)或成本值及可變現淨值之較低者(就永久持有土地)列賬,而物業存貨4,838,602,000港元(二零一八年:5,791,639,000港元)乃按成本及可變現淨值的較低者入賬。管理層根據獨立合資格專業評估師(「評估師」)進行之估值,釐定待發展物業之可收回金額及發展中物業存貨之可變現淨值。估值依賴於涉及管理層判斷之若干重要參數,包括發展總值、開發商之溢利及貼現率。此外,管理層參考本集團已竣工項目之實際開發成本估計完成待發展物業及發展中物業存貨之未來成本。

## **Key sources of estimation uncertainty**

The following are the key assumptions concerning the future, and other key sources of estimation uncertainty at the end of the reporting period, that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year.

# Revenue recognition from sales of properties at a point in time

Under HKFRS 15, control of the asset is transferred over time when the Group's performance does not create an asset with an alternative use to the Group and the Group has an enforceable right to payment for performance completed to date. Significant judgment is required in determining whether the terms of the Group's contracts with customers relate to creation of an enforceable right to payment for the Group. The Group has considered the relevant local laws that apply to those relevant contracts. Based on the assessment of the Group's management, the terms of the relevant sales contracts do not create an enforceable right to payment for the Group. Accordingly, the sales of properties is considered to be performance obligation satisfied at a point in time.

# Valuation of properties for development and inventories of properties

Properties for development of HK\$4,016,593,000 (2018: HK\$3,818,333,000) are stated at cost less accumulated amortisation and any identified impairment loss (for leasehold lands) or the lower of cost and net realisable value (for freehold lands), while inventories of properties of HK\$4,838,602,000 (2018: HK\$5,791,639,000) are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. The management determined the recoverable amounts of properties for development and the net realisable value of inventories of properties under development based on valuations performed by the independent and qualified professional valuers (the "Valuer"). The valuations are dependent on certain significant inputs that involve the management's judgments, including gross development value, developer's profit and discount rate. Besides, the management estimated future cost to completion of properties for development and inventories of properties under development with reference to the actual development cost of the Group's completed projects.

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

截至二零一九年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31st December, 2019

# 4. 重要會計判斷及不確定性估計之主要來源(續)

# 4. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS AND KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION UNCERTAINTY (CONTINUED)

#### 不確定性估計之主要來源(續)

## 待發展物業及物業存貨之估值(續)

管理層考慮若干因素,包括在中國、香港及澳 洲之相同項目之類似物業類型或類似物業之近 期價格,並參考已竣工物業存貨之估計市價來 釐定已竣工物業存貨之可變現淨值。

基於管理層之評估,截至二零一九年十二月三十一日止年度,待發展物業之減值虧損42,368,000港元(二零一八年:無)以及已竣工物業存貨之減值1,801,000港元(二零一八年:4,014,000港元)於損益確認。

#### 公允價值計量及估值過程

就財務報告目的而言,若干本集團之資產按公 允價值計量。董事需決定公允價值計量之適當 估值方法及參數。

於估計一項資產的公允價值時,本集團使用可供參考的市場可觀察數據。倘並無第一級參數,本集團委聘評估師進行估值。董事與評估師緊密合作,為模型建立適當估值方法及參數。

本集團使用包含並非基於可觀察市場數據的參 數之估值方法來估計若干類型金融工具的公允 價值。

當釐定投資物業的公允價值時,涉及重要判斷 的假設及主要參數(包括租期收益率、復歸收 益率及市場單位租金)已被採用。

附註17及48c提供有關於釐定不同資產公允價值時所使用的估值方法、參數及主要假設的詳細資料。

# **Key sources of estimation uncertainty** (continued)

# Valuation of properties for development and inventories of properties (continued)

The management determined the net realisable value of inventories of completed properties with reference to the estimated market prices of inventories of completed properties, which takes into account a number of factors including recent prices achieved for similar property types in the same project or by similar properties in the PRC, Hong Kong and Australia.

Based on the management's assessment, the impairment loss on properties for development of HK\$42,368,000 (2018: nil) and the write-down of inventories of completed properties of HK\$1,801,000 (2018: HK\$4,014,000) were recognised in profit or loss for the year ended 31st December, 2019.

#### Fair value measurements and valuation processes

Some of the Group's assets are measured at fair value for financial reporting purposes. The Directors have to determine the appropriate valuation techniques and inputs for fair value measurements.

In estimating the fair value of an asset, the Group uses marketobservable data to the extent it is available. Where Level 1 inputs are not available, the Group engages Valuer to perform the valuation. The Directors work closely with the Valuer to establish the appropriate valuation techniques and inputs to the model.

The Group uses valuation techniques that include inputs that are not based on observable market data to estimate the fair value of certain types of financial instruments.

When determining the fair values of investment properties, assumptions and key inputs that involve significant judgements, including term yield, reversionary yield and market unit rent, are adopted.

Notes 17 and 48c provides detailed information about the valuation techniques, inputs and key assumptions used in the determination of the fair value of various assets.

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

截至二零一九年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31st December, 2019

# **4.** 重要會計判斷及不確定性估計之主要來源(續)

# 4. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS AND KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION UNCERTAINTY (CONTINUED)

#### 不確定性估計之主要來源(續)

#### **Key sources of estimation uncertainty** (continued)

#### 土地增值税

# Land appreciation tax

中國土地增值税乃就土地價值的增值額,即物業銷售所得減可扣減開支(包括出售費用、借貸成本及所有物業發展開支)按介乎30%至60%的遞增稅率徵收。

PRC LAT is levied at progressive rates ranging from 30% to 60% on the appreciation of land value, being the proceeds of sales of properties less deductible expenditures including sales charges, borrowing costs and all property development expenditures.

本集團須支付中國的土地增值税。若干主要城市之地方稅務局已公佈有關執行的細節,然而,本集團尚未與這些中國主要城市之地方稅務局落實發展項目之土地增值稅的計算及付款方法。因此,須作出重大判斷以釐定土地增值額及其相關稅項。本集團根據管理層對稅務規則的理解作出的最佳估計,確認該等負債。最終稅務結果可能與最初記錄的金額不同,而有關差異將於有關執行細節落實期間影響所得稅撥備。

The Group is subject to LAT in the PRC. The details of implementation have been announced by local tax bureaux in certain major cities, however, the Group has not finalised its LAT calculation and payments of the development projects with local tax bureaux in those cities in the PRC. Accordingly, significant judgements are required in determining the amount of land appreciation and its related taxes. The Group recognises these liabilities based on the management's best estimates according to the understanding of the tax rules. Where the final tax outcome of these matters is different from the amounts that were initially recorded, such differences will impact the income tax provisions in the period in which such determination is made.

#### 應收貸款之預期信貸虧損撥備

#### Provision of ECL for loans receivable

本集團根據各個別貸款的違約可能性及違約所 造成的虧損來釐定應收貸款的預期信貸虧損, 因為其各自具有不同的虧損模式。 The Group determines the ECL for loans receivable based on probability of default and loss given default for each individual loan as each of them have different loss patterns.

在釐定預期信貸虧損時,本集團委聘評估師考慮各借款人及其擔保人的背景、其貸款還款紀錄及無需過多的成本或努力即可獲得的合理且可靠的前瞻性資料從而進行預期信貸虧損的計算。董事與評估師緊密合作以釐定適當的違約率及既定違約率下的虧損。在各報告日期,違約可能性及違約所造成的虧損會重新評估並考慮前瞻性資料的變化。

In determining the ECL, the Group engages the Valuer to perform the calculation of ECL taking into account on each of the borrower and their guarantor's background, repayment history of their loans and forward-looking information that is reasonable and supportable available without undue costs or effort. The Directors work closely with the Valuer to determine the appropriate default rate and loss given default rate. At every reporting date, the probability of default and loss given default are reassessed and changes in the forward-looking information are considered.

預期信貸虧損撥備對估計的變動敏感。有關應 收貸款的預期信貸虧損之資料於附註48b中披 露。 The provision of ECL is sensitive to changes in estimates. Information about the ECL for loans receivable is disclosed in note 48b.

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

截至二零一九年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31st December, 2019

# 5. 收入

# (i) 收入分類

#### 5. REVENUE

# (i) Disaggregation of revenue

		2019 千港元 HK\$′000	2018 千港元 HK\$′000
·	nt in time completed properties	1,543,083	2,627,241
隨時間Over time物業管理Property其他營運Other op	management	134,779 30,234	128,400 33,290
貨品及服務收入 Revenue Leases	from goods and services	1,708,096 513,808	2,788,931 502,788
		2,221,904	3,291,719

# (ii) 客戶合約的履約責任

發展供待售之物業的收入於客戶取得已竣工物 業的控制權(即在交付買賣協議中所列明之已 竣工物業)的時間點確認。

在達到以上收入確認條件之前,已收物業銷售 按金於綜合財務狀況表之流動負債內呈列為合 約負債。

物業管理費用收入按照完成相關履約責任的進度隨時間確認,因為客戶同時收到並消耗本集 團執行履約時所帶來的利益。

# (ii) Performance obligations for contracts with customers

Revenue from properties developed for sale is recognised at a point in time when the customer obtains the control of the completed properties, which is the completed property stated in the sale and purchase agreement being delivered.

Deposits received from sales of properties prior to meeting the above criteria for revenue recognition are presented as contract liabilities in the consolidated statement of financial position under current liabilities.

Property management fee income is recognised over time by reference to the progress towards complete satisfaction of the relevant performance obligation, as the customer simultaneously receives and consumes the benefits provided by the Group's performance as the Group performs.

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

截至二零一九年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31st December, 2019

# 5. 收入(續)

# (iii) 將交易價分配至客戶合約的餘下履約 青任

根據物業銷售合同分配至餘下履約責任(未履行或部分未履行)的交易價以及預計確認收入的時間如下:

# **5. REVENUE** (CONTINUED)

# (iii) Transaction price allocated to the remaining performance obligation for contracts with customers

The transaction price allocated to the remaining performance obligations (unsatisfied or partially unsatisfied) regarding contracts for sales of properties and the expected timing of recognising revenue are as follows:

	2019	2018
	千港元	千港元
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
一年內 Within one year	1,235,474	2,046,552
多於一年但不超過 More than one year but not		
兩年 more than two years	29,044	16,625
多於兩年 More than two years	4,385	5,315
	1,268,903	2,068,492

物業管理服務的合約有不同的年期,本集團對所提供的服務每月發出固定金額的帳單。本集團選擇採用可行的權宜之計,就本集團有權出具發票之金額確認收入。根據香港財務報告準則第15號規定,分配至該等未履行合約的交易價不予以披露。

Contracts for the property management services have various year terms in which the Group bills fixed amount for each month of service provided. The Group elected to apply the practical expedient by recognising revenue in the amount to which the Group has right to invoice. As permitted under HKFRS 15, the transaction price allocated to these unsatisfied contracts is not disclosed.

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

截至二零一九年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31st December, 2019

# 5. 收入(續)

# 5. REVENUE (CONTINUED)

# (iv) 租賃

#### (iv) Leases

		2019
		千港元
		HK\$'000
就物業之經營租賃: 固定或取決於一項指標或 一項比率的租賃款項 不取決於一項指標或一項 比率的浮動租賃款項	For operating leases of properties:  Lease payments that are fixed or depend on an index or a rate  Variable lease payments that do not depend on	477,252
L 学 的 / 子 助 性 貝 承 均	an index or a rate	36,556
		513,808

# 6. 分部資料

#### 6. SEGMENT INFORMATION

The Group's revenue for the year was derived mainly from activities carried out and located in the PRC and Hong Kong. The Group's basis of organisation is determined based on three main operations: property development, property investment and other operations that comprises mainly property management. Similarly, the Group's reportable and operating segments, reported to the Executive Directors of the Company, the chief operating decision maker, for the purposes of resource allocation and performance assessment, also focused on these three main operations. For the property investment segment, it includes business activities of a listed property investment subsidiary. No reportable and operating segments of the listed property investment subsidiary are separately presented as its results, assets and liabilities are prepared and reviewed together with the Group's other property investment activities for the internal performance assessment purposes.

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

截至二零一九年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31st December, 2019

# 6. 分部資料(續)

本集團於本年度之收入及資產主要來自在中國 及香港所經營之業務。本集團之分部收入、業 績、資產及負債按可呈報及經營分部分析如 下:

# **6. SEGMENT INFORMATION** (CONTINUED)

The Group's revenue for the year and assets are derived mainly from activities carried out and located in the PRC and Hong Kong. An analysis of the Group's segment revenue, results, assets and liabilities by reportable and operating segment is as follows:

		物業發展 Property development 千港元 HK\$'000	物業投資 Property investment 千港元 HK\$'000	其他營運 Other operations 千港元 HK\$'000	合併 Consolidated 千港元 HK\$'000
截至二零一九年十二月 三十一日止年度	For the year ended 31st December, 2019				
<b>分部收入</b> 對外銷售	SEGMENT REVENUE External sales	1,543,083	513,808	165,013	2,221,904
業績 分部溢利(虧損) 其他收入及收益 未能分攤之企業費用 融資成本 應佔聯營公司(虧損)溢利 應佔合營企業溢利	RESULTS  Segment profit (loss)  Other income and gains  Unallocated corporate expenses  Finance costs  Share of (loss) profit of associates  Share of profit of joint ventures	397,406 (2,557) 602,687	8,967 207,254	(10,819) - 115,363	999,940 311,563 (352,850) (186,030) 6,410 925,304
除税前溢利	Profit before tax				1,704,337
於二零一九年 十二月三十一日	As at 31st December, 2019				
資產 分部資產 於聯營公司之權益 於合營企業之權益 聯營公司欠款 合營企業欠款 未能分攤之企業資產	ASSETS  Segment assets Interests in associates Interests in joint ventures Amounts due from associates Amounts due from joint ventures Unallocated corporate assets	10,354,836 200,428 2,660,461 2,563 948,295	13,937,015 2,690,680 3,626,006 90,229	34,387 - 240,155 - 99,682	24,326,238 2,891,108 6,526,622 92,792 1,047,977 6,164,887
合併總資產	Consolidated total assets				41,049,624
<b>負債</b> 分部負債 未能分攤之企業負債	<b>LIABILITIES</b> Segment liabilities Unallocated corporate liabilities	5,446,267	2,414,657	165,221	8,026,145 7,428,308
合併總負債	Consolidated total liabilities				15,454,453

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) 截至二零一九年十二月三十一日止年度

For the year ended 31st December, 2019

# 6. 分部資料(續)

# **6. SEGMENT INFORMATION** (CONTINUED)

Property development investment 元表元 HK\$'000			物業發展	物業投資	其他營運	
T港元 HK\$'000 HK\$'00			<b>Property</b>	Property	Other	合併
RK\$'000   RK			development	investment	operations	Consolidated
載至二零一九年 十二月三十一日止年度  其他資料  OTHER INFORMATION  包括於分部溢利或  虧損或分部資產 計量之金額:  非流動資產之購置  外性質物業之允價值 收益 投資物業之允價值 地 出題 知来存貨之 域值  是竣工物業存貨之 域值 是竣工物業存貨之 域值 是竣工物業存貨之 強加  と政工物業存貨之 域值 是竣工物業存貨之 域值 是竣工物業存貨之 域值 是砂工物業存貨之 域值 是砂工物業存貨之 域值 是砂工物業存貨之 域值 是砂工物業存貨也 培加  と砂工物業存貨之 域值 是砂工物業存貨之 域值 是砂工物業存貨也 培加  と砂工物業存貨之 域值 定数工物業存貨也 特別  と砂工物業存貨力 域值 と砂工物業存貨力 域值 と砂工物業存貨力 域值 定数工物業存貨力 域值 定数工物業存貨力 域值 定数工物業存貨力 域值 定数工物業存貨力 域值 定数工物業存貨值 定数工物業存貨位 定数工物業存货之 域值 定数工物業存货力 成值 定数工物業存货力 成值 定数工物業存货力 成值 定数工物業存货力 成值 定数工物業存货力 以下invertification and amortisation 自力 (1,664			千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
其他資料 OTHER INFORMATION  包括於分部溢利或 Amounts included in the measure of segment profit or loss or segment assets: 非流動資産之購置 Addition to non-current assets Depreciation and amortisation Loss on disposal and write-off 设置 Wite-disposal continuent or inventories of completed properties to investment properties			HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
包括於分部溢利或						
新貨或分部資産 計量之金額:  非流動資産之購置 Addition to non-current assets	其他資料	OTHER INFORMATION				
所舊及攤銷 Depreciation and amortisation 出售和註銷物業、廠房及	虧損或分部資產	of segment profit or loss or				
出售和註銷物業、廠房及	非流動資產之購置	Addition to non-current assets	701,763	2,269	3,236	707,268
設備之虧損 of property, plant and equipment 已竣工物業存貨轉撥至 投資物業之公允價值 收益 properties to investment properties 増加 properties	折舊及攤銷	Depreciation and amortisation	61,664	7,154	3,022	71,840
設備之虧損 of property, plant and equipment 已竣工物業存貨轉撥至 投資物業之公允價值 收益 properties to investment properties 増加 properties	出售和註銷物業、廠房及	Loss on disposal and write-off				
已竣工物業存貨轉撥至 投資物業之公允價值 收益Fair value gain on transfer of inventories of completed properties to investment properties- 101,743- 101,743投資物業公允價值之 增加Increase in fair value of investment properties- 246,620- 246,620已竣工物業存貨之 減值Write-down of inventories of completed properties 1,801透過損益按公允價值處理 之股本證券之公允價值 淨增加Net increase in fair value of equity securities at fair value through profit or loss 12,85012,850透過損益按公允價值處理 之金融資產之公允價值 淨增加Net increase in fair value of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss 70,43570,435待發展物業之減值Impairment loss on properties for		of property, plant and equipment	100	64	3	167
投資物業公允價值之	已竣工物業存貨轉撥至 投資物業之公允價值	inventories of completed	_	101 743	_	101 743
增加 properties — 246,620 — 246,620 已竣工物業存貨之 Write-down of inventories of completed properties				101,7 43		101,7 43
減値 completed properties 1,801 1,801 透過損益按公允價值處理			_	246,620	_	246,620
透過損益按公允價值處理 Net increase in fair value of equity securities at fair value through profit or loss — — 12,850 12,850 透過損益按公允價值處理 之金融資產之公允價值 financial assets at fair value for financial assets at fair value through profit or loss — — 70,435 70,435 待發展物業之減值	已竣工物業存貨之	Write-down of inventories of				
之股本證券之公允價值 securities at fair value through	減值	completed properties	1,801	-	_	1,801
透過損益按公允價值處理 Net increase in fair value of 之金融資產之公允價值 financial assets at fair value financial asset fi	之股本證券之公允價值	securities at fair value through				
之金融資產之公允價值 financial assets at fair value 淨增加 through profit or loss – 70,435 70,435 待發展物業之減值 Impairment loss on properties for		•	_	-	12,850	12,850
淨增加through profit or loss70,435待發展物業之減值Impairment loss on properties for						
待發展物業之減值 Impairment loss on properties for						
		Ü ,	_	_	70,435	70,435
盾担 development 42,368 42,368			40.260			40.260
	<b>断惧</b>	gevelopment	42,368		_	42,368

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

截至二零一九年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31st December, 2019

# 6. 分部資料(續)

# **6. SEGMENT INFORMATION** (CONTINUED)

		物業發展 Property development 千港元 HK\$'000	物業投資 Property investment 千港元 HK\$'000	其他營運 Other operations 千港元 HK\$'000	合併 Consolidated 千港元 HK\$′000
截至二零一八年十二月 三十一日止年度	For the year ended 31st December, 2018				
<b>分部收入</b> 對外銷售	SEGMENT REVENUE External sales	2,627,241	502,788	161,690	3,291,719
業績 分部溢利(虧損) 其他收入及收益 未能分攤之企業費用 融資成本 應佔聯營公司(虧損)	RESULTS Segment profit (loss) Other income and gains Unallocated corporate expenses Finance costs Share of (loss) profit of	861,912	682,936	(7,414)	1,537,434 320,912 (269,275) (155,964)
溢利 應佔合營企業溢利	associates Share of profit of joint ventures	(589) 186,949	56,277 167,673	- 24,152	55,688 378,774
除税前溢利	Profit before tax	·		·	1,867,569
於二零一八年 十二月三十一日	As at 31st December, 2018				
資產 分部資產 於聯營公司之權益 於合營企業之權益 聯營公司欠款 合營企業欠款 未能分攤之企業資產	ASSETS  Segment assets Interests in associates Interests in joint ventures Amounts due from associates Amounts due from joint ventures Unallocated corporate assets	9,998,416 209,618 2,284,224 2,563 1,264,933	13,796,057 2,681,713 2,827,431 200,229	47,582 - 192,590 - 68,504	23,842,055 2,891,331 5,304,245 202,792 1,333,437 5,440,897
合併總資產	Consolidated total assets				39,014,757
<b>負債</b> 分部負債 未能分攤之企業負債	LIABILITIES  Segment liabilities  Unallocated corporate liabilities	4,603,578	2,404,756	108,316	7,116,650 6,645,096
合併總負債	Consolidated total liabilities				13,761,746

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

截至二零一九年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31st December, 2019

# 6. 分部資料(續)

# **6. SEGMENT INFORMATION** (CONTINUED)

物業發展 物業投資 其他營運

		Property	Property	Other	合併
		development	investment	operations	Consolidated
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
截至二零一八年十二月 三十一日止年度	For the year ended 31st December, 2018				
其他資料	OTHER INFORMATION				

包括於分部溢利或 虧損或分部資產	Amounts included in the measure of segment profit or loss or				
計量之金額:	segment assets:				
非流動資產之購置	Addition to non-current assets	2,313,345	5,873	1,227	2,320,445
折舊及攤銷	Depreciation and amortisation	31,515	12,555	3,202	47,272
出售和註銷物業、 廠房及設備之虧損	Loss (gain) on disposal and write- off of property, plant and				
(收益)	equipment	10	(110)	22	(78)
已竣工物業存貨轉撥至 投資物業之公允價值 收益	Fair value gain on transfer of inventories of completed properties to investment				
	properties	_	229,137	_	229,137
投資物業公允價值之	Increase in fair value of investment				
增加	properties	_	201,283	_	201,283
已竣工物業存貨之	Write-down of inventories of				
減值	completed properties	4,014	_	-	4,014
透過損益按公允價值處理 之股本證券之公允價值	Net decrease in fair value of equity securities at fair value through				
淨減少	profit or loss	_	_	29,597	29,597
透過損益按公允價值處理	Net decrease in fair value of				
之金融資產之公允價值	financial assets at fair value				
淨減少	through profit or loss	_	_	68,246	68,246

可呈報及經營分部的會計政策與於附註3所述的本集團會計政策一致。分部溢利(虧損)指每個分部賺取的溢利(產生的虧損),當中並無分攤其他收入及收益、融資成本、應佔聯營公司及合營企業溢利(虧損)及未能分攤之企業費用。此乃匯報予本公司執行董事就資源分配及評估表現為目的之計量。

The accounting policies of the reportable and operating segments are the same as the Group's accounting policies described in note 3. Segment profit (loss) represents the profit earned by (loss from) each segment without allocation of other income and gains, finance costs, share of profit (loss) of associates and joint ventures and unallocated corporate expenses. This is the measure reported to the Executive Directors of the Company for the purposes of resource allocation and performance assessment.

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

截至二零一九年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31st December, 2019

# 6. 分部資料(續)

#### 地區資料

本集團來自對外客戶之收入的地區分析按照提供服務或交付貨品的地區位置及非流動資產賬面值資料(不包括應收貸款及其他金融工具、俱樂部會籍及遞延税項資產)按照該等資產的地區位置,詳情如下:

# **6. SEGMENT INFORMATION** (CONTINUED)

# **Geographical information**

A geographical analysis of the Group's revenue from external customers based on the geographical location where the services were provided or the goods were delivered, and information about the carrying amount of non-current assets excluding loans receivable and other financial instruments, club memberships and deferred tax assets by the geographical location of the assets are detailed as follows:

		Revenu	對外客戶收入 Revenue from external customers		非流動資產賬面值 Carrying amounts of non-current assets	
		2019	2018	2019	2018	
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	
中國	The PRC	2,131,584	3,196,388	20,474,868	20,916,978	
香港	Hong Kong	53,351	56,327	4,024,197	4,008,078	
英國	United Kingdom	28,609	26,881	745,695	718,200	
澳洲	Australia	8,360	12,123	1,019,076	476,927	
		2,221,904	3,291,719	26,263,836	26,120,183	

#### 主要客戶之資料

於這兩個年度,本集團未有與單一對外客戶交易之收入達本集團收入10%或以上。

#### Information about major customers

No revenue from transaction with a single external customer is amounted to 10% or more of the Group's revenue for both years.

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

截至二零一九年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31st December, 2019

# 7. 其他收入及收益

# 7. OTHER INCOME AND GAINS

	2019	2018
	千港元	千港元
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
股息收入 Dividend incom	ne	
-非上市股份 — unlisted share	2,223	2,111
─上市股份 — listed shares	4,058	1,656
銀行存款利息收入 Interest income	on bank deposits 50,153	51,195
應收貸款利息 Interest income	from loans	
收入 receivable	169,925	221,840
來自合營企業之利息收入 Interest income	from joint ventures 25,975	8,008
於過往年度已註銷的 Recovery of rec	eivable	
應收賬款之撥回 written off in	prior years 21,774	_
補貼收入 Subsidy income	_	103
其他收入 Other income	37,455	35,999
	311,563	320,912

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) 截至二零一九年十二月三十一日止年度

For the year ended 31st December, 2019

# 8. 融資成本

# 8. FINANCE COSTS

		2019	2018
		千港元	千港元
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
利息付予:	Interest on:		
銀行貸款	Bank loans	232,955	203,095
其他貸款	Other loans	8,205	2,907
貸款安排費	Loans arrangement fee	3,409	259
		244,569	206,261
<i>減:</i> 資本化於	Less: amount capitalised		
發展中物業	on properties under		
金額	development	(58,539)	(50,297)
		186,030	155,964
9. 税項	9. TAXATION		
J. DU X	J. TAAATION		
		2019	2018
		2013	2010

		2019	2018
		千港元	千港元
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
支出包括:	The charge comprises:		
本期税項	Current tax		
一香港利得税 	– Hong Kong Profits Tax	3,995	10,676
一海外税項	<ul><li>Hong Rong Fronts Tax</li><li>Overseas Tax</li></ul>	3,993	3,423
一中國企業所得稅	<ul><li>– Overseas Tax</li><li>– PRC Enterprise Income Tax</li></ul>	104,546	265,983
一十國正案所特代 一土地增值税	– FRC Enterprise income Tax – LAT	111,587	160,867
上地有巨饥	- LAI	111,307	100,007
		222 422	440.040
		220,128	440,949
過往年度(超額撥備)	(Over) under provision in prior		
撥備不足	years		
一香港利得税	<ul> <li>Hong Kong Profits Tax</li> </ul>	4	50
一海外税項	<ul><li>Overseas Tax</li></ul>	(6,495)	(1,196)
	<ul> <li>PRC Enterprise Income Tax</li> </ul>	(1,932)	2,993
		(8,423)	1,847
		211,705	442,796
遞延税項(附註40)	Deferred tax (note 40)	137,060	166,662
		348,765	609,458
		,	·

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

截至二零一九年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31st December, 2019

# 9. 税項(續)

於二零一八年三月二十一日,香港立法會通過2017年税務(修訂)(第7號)條例法案(「法案」),實施兩級制利得税率制度。該法案於二零一八年三月二十八日簽訂成為法律,並於次日刊憲成為法例。在兩級制利得税率制度下,符合資格的集團實體的首200萬港元的利潤將按16.5%徵稅。不符合兩級制利得稅率制度資格的集團實體的利潤將繼續以16.5%的統一稅率100萬港元的估計應評稅利潤按8.25%計算而超過200萬港元的估計應評稅利潤將按16.5%徵稅。

根據中國企業所得税法和企業所得税法實施條例,於這兩個年度內,適用於中國附屬公司的 税率為25%。

海外税項是按有關國家現行的適當税率徵收。

土地增值税之撥備乃按相關中國税法及條例所 訂之規定計算,土地增值税根據增值額及若干 允許扣除額按遞增率計提。

按照財政部及國家稅務總局之聯合通知財稅2008 1號,自二零零八年一月一日以來,於中國成立之附屬公司所產生溢利分派予非居民投資者之股息須繳納中國企業所得稅並根據中國企業所得稅法第3及27條關於外國投資企業及外國企業及其實施細則第91條關於外國投資企業及外國企業由中國實體預扣。未分派盈利之遞延稅項支出31,314,000港元及47,884,000港元已分別記入截至二零一九年及二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度之綜合損益表內。

#### 9. TAXATION (CONTINUED)

On 21st March, 2018, the Hong Kong Legislative Council passed The Inland Revenue (Amendment) (No. 7) Bill 2017 ("Bill") which introduced the two-tiered profits tax rates regime. The Bill was signed into law on 28th March, 2018 and was gazetted on the following day. Under the two-tiered profits tax rates regime, the first HK\$2 million of profits of the qualifying group entity will be taxed at 8.25%, and profits above HK\$2 million will be taxed at 16.5%. The profits of group entities not qualifying for the two-tiered profits tax rates regime will continue to be taxed at a flat rate of 16.5%. Accordingly, starting from the current year, the Hong Kong Profits Tax is calculated at 8.25% on the first HK\$2 million of the estimated assessable profits and at 16.5% on the estimated assessable profits above HK\$2 million.

Under the Laws of the PRC on Enterprise Income Tax Law and Implementation Regulation of the Enterprise Income Tax Law, the tax rate applicable to the PRC subsidiaries is 25% for both years.

Overseas Tax is charged at the appropriate current rates of taxation ruling in the relevant countries.

The provision for LAT is calculated according to the requirements set forth in the relevant PRC tax laws and regulations. LAT has been provided at ranges of progressive rates of the appreciation value, with certain allowable deductions.

According to a joint circular of the Ministry of Finance and State Administration of Taxation – Cai Shui 2008 No. 1, dividend distributed out of the profits generated by its subsidiaries incorporated in the PRC to "non-residential" investors since 1st January, 2008 shall be subject to the PRC Enterprise Income Tax and withheld by the PRC entity pursuant to Articles 3 and 27 of the Income Tax Law Concerning Foreign Investment Enterprises and Foreign Enterprises and Article 91 of the Detailed Rules for the Implementation of the Income Tax Law for Enterprises with Foreign Investment Enterprises and Foreign Enterprises. Deferred tax charge of HK\$31,314,000 and HK\$47,884,000 on the undistributed earnings have been recognised in the consolidated statement of profit or loss for the years ended 31st December, 2019 and 2018 respectively.

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

截至二零一九年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31st December, 2019

## 9. 税項(續)

## 9. TAXATION (CONTINUED)

本年度税項支出與綜合損益表內溢利之對照 如下: The tax charge for the year can be reconciled to the profit per the consolidated statement of profit or loss as follows:

		2019 千港元 HK\$′000	2018 千港元 HK\$′000
除税前溢利	Profit before tax	1,704,337	1,867,569
按國內所得税税率25%	Tax at the domestic income tax		
計算之税項(附註)	rate of 25% (Note)	426,084	466,892
應佔聯營公司及合營企業	Tax effect of share of profit of		
溢利之税項影響	associates and joint ventures	(232,929)	(108,616)
不可扣税開支之	Tax effect of expenses not		
税項影響	deductible for tax purpose	15,912	22,026
非課税收入之	Tax effect of income		
税項影響	not taxable for tax purpose	(17,505)	(27,018)
未確認税項虧損及其他	Tax effect of tax losses and		
可扣減暫時差異之	other deductible temporary		
税項影響	differences not recognised	96,788	71,064
動用過往未確認税項	Tax effect of utilisation of taxes		
虧損及其他可扣減	losses and other deductible		
暫時差異之	temporary differences		
税項影響	previously not recognised	(68,885)	(40,275)
附屬公司不同税率之	Effect of different tax rates of		
影響	subsidiaries	(18,110)	(13,083)
未分派盈利之	Withholding tax on undistributed		
預提稅	earnings	31,314	47,884
土地增值税之影響	Effect of LAT	124,286	188,480
過往年度(超額撥備)	(Over) under provision in	,	,
撥備不足	prior years	(8,423)	1,847
其他	Others	233	257
本年度税項支出	Tax charge for the year	348,765	609,458

附註:本集團所使用之國內税率乃本集團主要經營地點之稅率(即中國企業所得稅稅率)。

Note: The domestic tax rate (PRC Enterprise Income Tax rate) in the jurisdiction where the operation of the Group is substantially based is used.

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

截至二零一九年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31st December, 2019

## 10.本年度溢利

## **10.PROFIT FOR THE YEAR**

		2019	2018
		千港元 HK\$'000	千港元 HK\$′000
		11114 000	ΤΗΨ 000
本年度溢利	Profit for the year has been		
已扣除	arrived at after charging		
(計入):	(crediting):		
物業、廠房及設備	Depreciation of property, plant		
折舊	and equipment	16,202	21,612
<i>減:</i> 資本化於	Less: amount capitalised		
發展中物業	in properties under		
金額	development	(1,288)	(2,050)
		14,914	19,562
折舊/攤銷:	Depreciation/amortisation of:	14,514	13,302
其他資產	Other assets – properties		
一物業權益	interests	494	500
待發展物業	Properties for development		
(附註i)	(Note i)	55,724	26,111
使用權資產	Right-of-use assets	708	-
土地使用權之 預付租賃款	Prepaid lease payments on land use rights		1 000
[ ] [ ] [ ] [ ] [ ] [ ] [ ] [ ] [ ] [ ]	land use rights		1,099
折舊和攤銷	Total depreciation and		
總額	amortisation	71,840	47,272
員工費用(包括董事酬金)	Staff costs (including Directors'		
(附註ii)	emoluments) (Note ii)	242 417	220 207
一薪金及其他費用 一退休福利費用	<ul><li>Salaries and other costs</li><li>Retirement benefits costs</li></ul>	242,417 30,451	239,397 31,406
一減:資本化於	<ul><li>Less: amount capitalised in</li></ul>	30,431	31,400
發展中物業	properties under		
金額	development	(19,394)	(16,704)
員工費用總額	Total staff costs	253,474	254,099
7.— 7.1 J NO. H.V.	. 5 (4) 5 (4) 5 (5)	233,174	23 1,033
來自投資物業之	Gross rental income from		
租金收入總額	investment properties	(513,808)	(502,788)
減:於年內產生	Less: direct operating expenses	, , ,	. , -,
租金收入之	from investment properties		
投資物業的	that generated rental		
直接營運費用	income during the year	115,245	111,183
		(398,563)	(391,605)
		(200,000)	

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

截至二零一九年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31st December, 2019

## 10. 本年度溢利(續)

## **10.PROFIT FOR THE YEAR** (CONTINUED)

		2019 千港元 HK\$′000	2018 千港元 HK\$′000
I > AL ATTU A			
核數師酬金	Auditor's remuneration	7,057	7,827
存貨之成本作費用	Cost of inventories recognised as		
處理	expenses	925,518	1,632,504
淨匯兑虧損	Net exchange loss	7,527	4,620
城鎮土地使用税(包含於	Urban land use tax included in		
其他營運費用)	other operating expenses	3,275	3,443
出售及註銷物業、	Loss (gain) on disposal and write-		
廠房及設備之	off of property, plant and		
虧損(收益)	equipment	167	(78)
關於土地及樓宇之	Short-term lease payment/		
短期租賃款項/	operating lease charges in		
經營租賃費用	respect of land and buildings	7,606	8,401

#### 附註:

- (i) 待發展物業攤銷以直線法按有關土地租賃期確認於 損益內。
- (ii) 員工費用並不包括於附註11及附註46(a)所披露的管理費分攤予若干董事及非本公司之董事或員工之管理層人員。

#### Notes:

- (i) Amortisation of properties for development is recognised in profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the term of the relevant land leases.
- (ii) The staff costs do not include the apportionment of management fee as disclosed in note 11 and note 46(a) for certain Directors as well as management personnel who are not Directors or staff of the Company.

61,597

## 綜合財務報表附註(續)

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

截至二零一九年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31st December, 2019

## 11. 董事酬金

總額

Total

#### 11. DIRECTORS' EMOLUMENTS

已付或應付予十一位(二零一八年:十二位)董 事之酬金如下: The emoluments paid or payable to each of the eleven (2018: twelve) Directors were as follows:

		董事袍金 Directors' fees 千港元 HK\$'000	薪金/服務費 及其他福利 Salaries/ service fees and other benefits 千港元 HK\$'000	2019 與業績 有關之獎金 Performance related incentive payments 千港元 HK\$'000 (附註i) (Note i)	退休福利 計劃供款 Retirement benefits scheme contributions 千港元 HK\$'000	總計 Total 千港元 HK\$'000
<b>執行董事</b> 宋增彬 李成偉	Executive Directors Song Zengbin Patrick Lee Seng Wei	10 20	2,160 3,424	769 3,615	- - -	2,939 7,059
馬申	Ma Sun	10	3,589	2,555	318	6,472
勞景祐	Edwin Lo King Yau	20	1,388	3,905	64	5,377
杜燦生	Tao Tsan Sang	20	2,184	2,714	202	5,120
				40 ==0	584	26,967
上述顯示之執行董 團事務之服務。	事酬金關於彼等管理本公司及本集				bove were for the	ir services in
	事酬金關於彼等管理本公司及本集  Non-Executive Directors Lee Seng Hui Moses Cheng Mo Chi	The Executive D	Directors' emolu	ments shown al	bove were for the	ir services in
<ul><li>團事務之服務。</li><li>非執行董事</li><li>李成輝</li></ul>	Non-Executive Directors Lee Seng Hui	The Executive E connection with	Directors' emolu the managemen	ments shown al	bove were for the the Company and	ir services in the Group.
團事務之服務。 非執行董事 李成輝 鄭慕智	Non-Executive Directors Lee Seng Hui Moses Cheng Mo Chi  董事酬金關於彼等作為本公司及	The Executive E connection with  10 10	Directors' emolu the managemen 4,765 – 4,765 ve Directors' em	ments shown all tof the affairs of 29,205 29,205 columents shown	bove were for the the Company and 104 –	34,084 10
團事務之服務。 非執行董事 李成輝 鄭慕智 上述顯示之非執行 或其附屬公司之董	Non-Executive Directors Lee Seng Hui Moses Cheng Mo Chi  董事酬金關於彼等作為本公司及 事之服務。  Independent Non-Executive	The Executive E connection with  10 10 20  The Non-Executi	Directors' emolu the managemen 4,765 – 4,765 ve Directors' em	ments shown all tof the affairs of 29,205 29,205 columents shown	bove were for the the Company and 104 - 104	34,084 10
團事務之服務。 非執行董事 李成輝 鄭慕智  上述顯示之非執行 或其附屬公司之董 獨立非執行 董事 鄭鑄輝(附註ii)	Non-Executive Directors Lee Seng Hui Moses Cheng Mo Chi  董事酬金關於彼等作為本公司及 事之服務。  Independent Non-Executive Directors Francis J. Chang Chu Fai (Note ii)	The Executive E connection with  10 10 20  The Non-Executi	Directors' emolu the managemen 4,765 – 4,765 ve Directors' em	ments shown all tof the affairs of 29,205 29,205 columents shown	bove were for the the Company and 104 - 104	34,084 10
團事務之服務。 非執行董事 李成輝 鄭慕智  上述顯顯示之非執行 董期 獨立非執行 董事 鄭鑄輝(附註ii) 金惠志(附註ii)	Non-Executive Directors Lee Seng Hui Moses Cheng Mo Chi  董事酬金關於彼等作為本公司及 事之服務。  Independent Non-Executive Directors Francis J. Chang Chu Fai (Note ii) Jin Hui Zhi (Note ii)	The Executive E connection with  10 10 20  The Non-Executi directors of the C	Directors' emolu the managemen  4,765  4,765  ve Directors' em Company and/or  92 92	ments shown all tof the affairs of 29,205 29,205 columents shown	bove were for the the Company and 104 - 104	34,084 10 34,094 eir services as
團事務之服務。  非執行董事 李鄭慕智  上或其顯示之非執行 董事 鄭鑄惠志(附註ii) 金魏華生(附註ii)	Non-Executive Directors Lee Seng Hui Moses Cheng Mo Chi  董事酬金關於彼等作為本公司及 事之服務。  Independent Non-Executive Directors Francis J. Chang Chu Fai (Note ii) Jin Hui Zhi (Note ii) Ngai Wah Sang (Note ii)	The Executive E connection with  10 10 20  The Non-Executi directors of the C  10 10 10	Directors' emolu the managemen  4,765  4,765  ve Directors' em Company and/or  92 92 92 118	ments shown all tof the affairs of 29,205 29,205 columents shown	bove were for the the Company and 104 - 104	34,084 10 34,094 eir services as
團事務之服務。 非執行董事 李成輝 鄭慕智  上述顯示之非執行 或其附屬公司之 獨立非執行 董事 鄭鑄輝(附註ii)	Non-Executive Directors Lee Seng Hui Moses Cheng Mo Chi  董事酬金關於彼等作為本公司及 事之服務。  Independent Non-Executive Directors Francis J. Chang Chu Fai (Note ii) Jin Hui Zhi (Note ii)	The Executive E connection with  10 10 20  The Non-Executi directors of the C	Directors' emolu the managemen  4,765  4,765  ve Directors' em Company and/or  92 92	ments shown all tof the affairs of 29,205 29,205 columents shown	bove were for the the Company and 104 - 104	34,084 10 34,094 eir services as

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

截至二零一九年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31st December, 2019

## 11. 董事酬金(續)

## 11. DIRECTORS' EMOLUMENTS (CONTINUED)

		董事袍金 Directors' fees 千港元 HK\$'000	薪金/服務費及其他福利 Salaries/ service fees and other benefits 千港元 HK\$'000	2018 與業績 有關之獎金 Performance related incentive payments 千港元 HK\$'000 (附註i) (Note i)	退休福利 計劃供款 Retirement benefits scheme contributions 千港元 HK\$'000	總計 Total 千港元 HK\$′000
執行董事	Executive Directors					
宋増彬	Song Zengbin	10	2,160	420	_	2,590
李成偉	Patrick Lee Seng Wei	20	3,346	3,723	_	7,089
馬申	Ma Sun	10	3,589	2,688	318	6,605
勞景祐	Edwin Lo King Yau	20	1,346	3,904	62	5,332
杜燦生	Tao Tsan Sang	20	2,106	2,495	194	4,815
李樹賢(附註iii)	Lee Shu Yin (Note iii)		88	220	2	310
		80	12,635	13,450	576	26,741
上进题子之劫写著						
上述顯示之執行董 團事務之服務。 非執行董事 李成輝 鄭慕智	事酬金關於彼等管理本公司及本集  Non-Executive Directors Lee Seng Hui Moses Cheng Mo Chi			ments shown al t of the affairs of 34,544 –	the Company and	
團事務之服務。 <b>非執行董事</b> 李成輝	Non-Executive Directors Lee Seng Hui	connection with	the managemen	t of the affairs of	the Company and	39,531
團事務之服務。  非執行董事 李成輝 鄭慕智  上述顯示之非執行 或其附屬公司之董	Non-Executive Directors Lee Seng Hui Moses Cheng Mo Chi  董事酬金關於彼等作為本公司及  事之服務。	connection with  10 10 20	4,878 4,878 4,878 ve Directors' em	34,544 - 34,544 oluments shown	the Company and	39,531 10 39,541
團事務之服務。  非執行董事 李成輝 鄭慕智  上述顯示之非執行 或其附屬公司之董 獨立非執行	Non-Executive Directors Lee Seng Hui Moses Cheng Mo Chi  董事酬金關於彼等作為本公司及 事之服務。  Independent Non-Executive	connection with  10 10 20  The Non-Executi	4,878 4,878 4,878 ve Directors' em	34,544 - 34,544 oluments shown	the Company and 99 - 99	39,531 10 39,541
團事務之服務。  非執行董事 李成輝 鄭慕智  上述顯示之非執行 或其附屬公司之董  獨立非執行 董事	Non-Executive Directors Lee Seng Hui Moses Cheng Mo Chi  董事酬金關於彼等作為本公司及 事之服務。  Independent Non-Executive Directors	connection with  10 10 20  The Non-Executi directors of the C	4,878 - 4,878 ve Directors' em Company and/or	34,544 - 34,544 oluments shown	the Company and 99 - 99	39,531 10 39,541 eir services as
團事務之服務。 非執行董事 李成輝 鄭慕智  上述顯示之非執行 或其附屬公司之  獨立非執行 董事 鄭鑄輝(附註ii)	Non-Executive Directors Lee Seng Hui Moses Cheng Mo Chi  董事酬金關於彼等作為本公司及 事之服務。  Independent Non-Executive	connection with  10 10 20  The Non-Executi	4,878 4,878 4,878 ve Directors' em	34,544 - 34,544 oluments shown	the Company and 99 - 99	39,531 10 39,541
團事務之服務。  非執行董事 李成輝 鄭慕智  上述顯示之非執行 或其附屬公司之  獨立非執行 董事 鄭鑄輝(附註ii) 金惠志(附註ii)	Non-Executive Directors Lee Seng Hui Moses Cheng Mo Chi  董事酬金關於彼等作為本公司及 事之服務。  Independent Non-Executive Directors Francis J. Chang Chu Fai (Note ii) Jin Hui Zhi (Note ii)	connection with  10 10 20  The Non-Executi directors of the C	4,878 4,878 4,878 ve Directors' em Company and/or 86 86	34,544 - 34,544 oluments shown	the Company and 99 - 99	39,531 10 39,541 eir services as
團事務之服務。 非執行董事 李成輝 鄭慕智  上述顯示之非執行 或其附屬公司之  獨立非執行 董事 鄭鑄輝(附註ii)	Non-Executive Directors Lee Seng Hui Moses Cheng Mo Chi  董事酬金關於彼等作為本公司及 事之服務。  Independent Non-Executive Directors Francis J. Chang Chu Fai (Note ii)	connection with  10 10 20  The Non-Executi directors of the C	4,878 - 4,878 ve Directors' em Company and/or	34,544 - 34,544 oluments shown	the Company and 99 - 99	39,531 10 39,541 eir services as
團事務之服務。 非執行董事 李成輝 鄭慕智 上述類示之非執行 董事 鄭鑄輝(附註ii) 金惠志(附註ii) 魏華生(附註ii)	Non-Executive Directors Lee Seng Hui Moses Cheng Mo Chi  董事酬金關於彼等作為本公司及 事之服務。  Independent Non-Executive Directors Francis J. Chang Chu Fai (Note ii) Jin Hui Zhi (Note ii) Ngai Wah Sang (Note iii)	connection with  10 10 20  The Non-Executi directors of the C  10 10 10 10	4,878 4,878 4,878 ve Directors' em Company and/or 86 86 111	34,544 - 34,544 oluments shown	the Company and 99 - 99	39,531 10 39,541 eir services as
團事務之服務。 非執行董事 李鄭慕智 上述與斯爾屬公司之事 五十十十十十十十十十十十十十十十十十十十十十十十十十十十十十十十十十十十十	Non-Executive Directors Lee Seng Hui Moses Cheng Mo Chi  董事酬金關於彼等作為本公司及 事之服務。  Independent Non-Executive Directors Francis J. Chang Chu Fai (Note ii) Jin Hui Zhi (Note ii) Ngai Wah Sang (Note iii)	connection with  10 10 20  The Non-Executi directors of the C  10 10 20 50	4,878 4,878 4,878 ve Directors' em Company and/or  86 86 111 172 455	34,544  34,544  oluments shown its subsidiaries.  Directors' emol	the Company and 99  99  above were for the	39,531 10 39,541 eir services as 96 96 121 192 505

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

截至二零一九年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31st December, 2019

#### 11. 董事酬金(續)

#### 附註:

- (i) 該款項指於該年度內已批准及支付予相關董事之有關前一年度實際酌情獎金。
- (ii) 獨立非執行董事鄭鑄輝先生、金惠志先生、魏華生 先生及楊麗琛女士之服務費於二零一九年修訂。
- (iii) 李樹賢先生於二零一八年一月四日辭任。

李成偉先生履行本公司行政總裁之職責,及於 以上披露之酬金包括其作為行政總裁提供服務 之酬金。

於截至二零一九年十二月三十一日及截至二零 一八年十二月三十一日止年度,並無董事放棄 任何酬金。

若干董事從一家擁有本公司重大實益權益之公司收取酬金。該公司向本集團提供管理服務,並向本集團就該等董事及其他並非本公司董事之管理層人員所提供服務收取管理費用,該管理費用已包括在附註46(a)所披露之管理費用中。上述之管理費乃按管理層人員於本集團事務所付出之時間計算,並可分配至上述董事。總分配金額為39,431,000港元(二零一八年:44,833,000港元),並已包括在上表內。

#### 11. DIRECTORS' EMOLUMENTS (CONTINUED)

#### Notes:

- (i) The amounts represent the actual discretionary bonus in respect of the preceding year approved and paid to respective Directors during the year.
- (ii) The service fees of the Independent Non-Executive Directors, namely Mr. Francis J. Chang Chu Fai, Mr. Jin Hui Zhi, Mr. Ngai Wah Sang and Ms. Lisa Yang Lai Sum are revised in 2019.
- (iii) Mr. Lee Shu Yin resigned on 4th January, 2018.

Mr. Patrick Lee Seng Wei performs the function of the chief executive of the Company and his emoluments disclosed above include those for services rendered by him as the chief executive.

None of the Directors waived any emoluments in the years ended 31st December, 2019 and 31st December, 2018.

Certain Directors received remuneration from a company which has significant beneficial interests in the Company. Such company provided management services to the Group and charged the Group a management fee, which is included in the management fee as disclosed in note 46(a), for services provided by these Directors as well as other management personnel who were not Directors of the Company. The above-mentioned management fee is calculated by reference to the time devoted by the management personnel on the affairs of the Group and can be apportioned to the Directors mentioned above. The total of such apportioned amounts, which has been included in the above table, is HK\$39,431,000 (2018: HK\$44,833,000).

僱員酬金

#### 綜合財務報表附註(續)

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

截至二零一九年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31st December, 2019

#### 12. 僱員及高級管理人員酬金

# 本集團五位最高酬金人士,當中三位(二零一八年:四位)為本集團董事(包括本集團行政總裁),其酬金已包括於上述附註11中。其餘

兩位(二零一八年:一位)人士的酬金如下:

## 12.EMPLOYEES' AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT'S EMOLUMENTS

#### **Employees' emoluments**

Of the five individuals with the highest emoluments in the Group, three (2018: four) were Directors including the chief executive of the Group, whose emoluments are included in note 11 above. The emoluments of the remaining two (2018: one) individuals were as follows:

		2019 千港元 HK\$'000	2018 千港元 HK\$′000
薪金及其他福利	Salaries and other benefits	4,824	2,124
與業績有關之	Performance related incentive		
獎金	payments	7,579	3,115
退休福利計劃	Retirement benefits scheme		
供款	contributions	108	90
		12,511	5,329

該等人士之酬金分佈如下:

The emoluments of the individuals were within the following bands:

		2019 僱員數目	2018 僱員數目
		Number of	ルロ Number of
		employees	employees
		,	1 /
5,000,001港元至5,500,000港元	HK\$5,000,001 to HK\$5,500,000	_	1
6,000,001港元至6,500,000港元	HK\$6,000,001 to HK\$6,500,000	2	_

本集團的薪酬制度基於市場上的現行薪酬水平 以及各集團公司和個別員工的表現釐定。於兩 個年度期間,本集團並無向五位最高酬金人士 支付任何作為加入本集團時或加入本集團後的 誘因之酬金。 The remuneration policies of the Group are based on the prevailing remuneration level in the market and the performance of respective group companies and individual employees. During both years, no emoluments were paid by the Group to the five highest paid individuals as an inducement to join or upon joining the Group.

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

截至二零一九年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31st December, 2019

## 12. 僱員及高級管理人員酬金(續)

## 12.EMPLOYEES' AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT'S EMOLUMENTS (CONTINUED)

#### 高級管理人員酬金

本集團之十七位(二零一八年:十七位)高級管理人員,當中十一位(二零一八年:十二位)為董事,彼等之酬金已包括於上述附註11中。截至二零一九年十二月三十一日止年度,其餘六位(二零一八年:五位)人士之酬金如下:

#### Senior management's emoluments

Of the seventeen (2018: seventeen) senior management of the Group, eleven (2018: twelve) were the Directors whose emoluments are included in note 11 above. The emoluments of the remaining six (2018: five) for the year ended 31st December, 2019 were as follows:

		2019 千港元 HK\$'000	2018 千港元 HK\$′000
薪金及其他福利	Salaries and other benefits	8,574	5,402
與業績有關之	Performance related incentive		
獎金	payments	9,326	4,758
退休福利計劃	Retirement benefits scheme		
供款	contributions	393	275
		18,293	10,435

該等人士之酬金分佈如下:

Their emoluments were within the following bands:

		2019 僱員數目 Number of	2018 僱員數目 Number of
		employees	employees
1,000,000港元或以下	HK\$1,000,000 or below	1	1
1,000,001港元至1,500,000港元	HK\$1,000,001 to HK\$1,500,000	2	1
1,500,001港元至2,000,000港元 5,000,001港元至5,500,000港元	HK\$1,500,001 to HK\$2,000,000 HK\$5,000,001 to HK\$5,500,000	1 -	1
6,000,001港元至6,500,000港元	HK\$6,000,001 to HK\$6,500,000	2	-

高級管理人員成員之履歷於本年報「董事及高級管理人員之個人資料」一節內披露。

The biographies of members of the senior management are disclosed in the section headed "Biographical Details of Directors and Senior Management" in this annual report.

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

截至二零一九年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31st December, 2019

## 13. 每股盈利

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#### 13. EARNINGS PER SHARE

本公司股東應佔之每股基本盈利乃按下列數據 計算: The calculation of the basic earnings per share attributable to the owners of the Company is based on the following:

		2019 千港元 HK\$′000	2018 千港元 HK\$′000
盈利	Earnings		
用以計算每股基本 盈利之盈利 (本公司股東應佔 本年度溢利)	Earnings for the purpose of basic earnings per share (profit for the year attributable to owners of the Company)	1,345,942	1,251,202
		2010	2212
		<b>2019</b> 千位	2018 千位
		′000	′000
股數	Number of shares		
用以計算每股基本 盈利之本年度 已發行普通股 加權平均數目	Weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue during the year for the purpose of basic earnings per share	1,506,384	1,506,769

於二零一九年度及二零一八年度,並沒有呈列 每股攤薄盈利,因為於二零一九年度及二零 一八年度內並沒有發行在外的潛在普通股。 No diluted earnings per share for both 2019 and 2018 were presented as there were no potential ordinary shares in issue for both 2019 and 2018.

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

截至二零一九年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31st December, 2019

## 14. 股息

#### 14. DIVIDEND

		2019 千港元 HK\$′000	2018 千港元 HK\$′000
於年度內確認分派之 股息: 就二零一八年度已付中期股息 (代替末期股息) (二零一八年:就二零一七年度)	Dividend recognised as distributions during the year: Interim dividend (in lieu of final dividend) paid in respect of 2018 (2018: in respect of 2017)	301,354	301,354
已宣佈派發中期股息 每股20港仙 (二零一八年:20港仙)	Interim dividend declared of HK20 cents (2018: HK20 cents) per share	300,129	301,354

於報告期末後,董事會宣佈派發截至二零一九年十二月三十一日止財政年度之中期股息(代替末期股息)每股20港仙(二零一八年:20港仙)。

Subsequent to the end of the reporting period, the interim dividend (in lieu of final dividend) of HK20 cents (2018: HK20 cents) per share in respect of the financial year ended 31st December, 2019 has been declared by the Board.

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

截至二零一九年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31st December, 2019

## 15.物業、廠房及設備

## 15. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

		在香港及中國之中期租約 自有物業 Owned properties in Hong Kong and the PRC on medium- term lease 千港元 HK\$'000	裝修、傢俬、 裝置及設備 Leasehold improvements, furniture, fixtures and equipment 千港元 HK\$'000	汽車 Motor vehicles 千港元 HK\$'000	總計 <b>Total</b> 千港元 HK\$'000
成本值	COST				
於二零一八年一月一日	At 1st January, 2018	219,639	187,549	40,684	447,872
正 正 注 注 注 注 注 注 注 注 注 注 注 注 注	Exchange adjustments	(4,680)	(2,537)	(839)	(8,056)
購置	Additions	(4,000)	1,879	3,194	5,073
轉撥至投資物業	Transfer to investment properties	(3,267)	-	-	(3,267)
出售及註銷	Disposals and write-off	(5/257)	(1,192)	(2,474)	(3,666)
				.,,,	
於二零一八年十二月三十一日	At 31st December, 2018	211,692	185,699	40,565	437,956
<b>進</b> 兑調整	Exchange adjustments	(6,589)	(3,591)	(1,033)	(11,213)
購置	Additions	(0,303)	5,029	2,980	8,009
重新分類為待售	Reclassified as held for sale	(16,616)	(13,440)	(1,332)	(31,388)
出售及註銷	Disposals and write-off	-	(1,394)	(1,142)	(2,536)
			(3)-2-37	(-)	(,,
於二零一九年十二月三十一日	At 31st December, 2019	188,487	172,303	40,038	400,828
折舊	DEPRECIATION				
於二零一八年一月一日	At 1st January, 2018	34,792	124,156	30,053	189,001
	Exchange adjustments	(749)	(1,941)	(535)	(3,225)
本年度計提	Provided for the year	4,550	13,425	3,637	21,612
轉撥至投資物業	Transfer to investment properties	(476)	13,423	5,057	(476)
於出售及註銷時撇除	Eliminated on disposals and write-off	(47 0)	(1,024)	(2,244)	(3,268)
2人日日公社到11阿尔尔	za.co on anposans and mile on		(1/02 1/	(2/2 /	(5/255)
於二零一八年十二月三十一日	At 31st December, 2018	38,117	134,616	30,911	203,644
<b>匯</b> 兑調整	Exchange adjustments	(1,302)	(3,312)	(776)	(5,390)
本年度計提	Provided for the year	4,457	8,272	3,473	16,202
重新分類為待售	Reclassified as held for sale	(2,482)	(12,590)	(928)	(16,000)
於出售及註銷時撇除	Eliminated on disposals and write-off	(2,102)	(1,270)	(1,037)	(2,307)
2人日日次社到11周17	za.co on anposans and mile on		(1/27 0/	(1,007)	(2/307)
於二零一九年十二月三十一日	At 31st December, 2019	38,790	125,716	31,643	196,149
服面值 於二零一九年十二月三十一日	CARRYING VALUES At 31st December, 2019	149,697	46,587	8,395	204,679
於二零一八年十二月三十一日	At 31st December, 2018	173,575	51,083	9,654	234,312

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

截至二零一九年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31st December, 2019

## 16. 使用權資產

#### **16. RIGHT-OF-USE ASSETS**

		租賃土地 Leasehold lands 千港元 HK\$'000
<b>於二零一九年一月一日</b> 賬面值	At as 1st January, 2019 Carrying amount	40,104
<b>於二零一九年十二月三十一日</b> 賬面值	At as 31st December, 2019 Carrying amount	38,548
<b>截至二零一九年十二月三十一日止年度</b> 折舊費用 資本化於發展中物業	For the year ended 31st December, 2019 Depreciation charge Capitalised in properties under development	889 (181)
於二零一九年十二月三十一日	At 31st December, 2019	708
		2019 千港元 HK\$′000
與短期租賃及其他租賃期於香港財務報告準則 第16號首次應用日起十二個月內結束的租賃 相關之費用	Expense relating to short-term leases and other leases with terms end within twelve months of the date of initial application of HKFRS 16	7,606
租賃的現金流出總值	Total cash outflow for leases	7,606

本集團在中國擁有數棟辦公大樓。本集團為該 等物業權益(包括相關租賃土地)的註冊擁有 人。購買該等物業權益的款項已一次性預付。 僅當所支付的款項能夠可靠地分配時,該等自 有物業的租賃土地部分才會單獨呈列。 The Group owns several office buildings in the PRC. The Group is the registered owner of these property interests, including the underlying leasehold lands. Lump sum payments were made upfront to acquire these property interests. The leasehold land components of these owned properties are presented separately only if the payments made can be allocated reliably.

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

截至二零一九年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31st December, 2019

#### 17. 投資物業

本集團以經營租賃方式出租各類住宅、辦公室、商用物業和零售商舖,按月收取租金,而只有承租人有權單方面將租賃延長至初始期限以外。當承租人行使延期選擇權時,大多數租賃合同都包含市場審查條款。若干零售商舖和酒店的租賃包含浮動租賃款項,該款項基於若干銷售額百分比和在租賃期內固定的最低年度租賃款項。

本集團未因租賃安排而承受外幣風險,因為所有租賃均以集團實體各自的功能貨幣列值。租 賃合同不包含殘值保證及/或承租人在租賃期 結束時購買物業的選擇權。

#### 17. INVESTMENT PROPERTIES

The Group leases out various apartments, offices, commercial properties and retail stores under operating leases with rentals receivable monthly with unilateral rights to extend the lease beyond initial period held by lessees only. Majority of the lease contracts contain market review clauses in the event the lessee exercises the option to extend. The leases of certain retail stores and hotel contain variable lease payment that are based on certain percentage of sales and minimum annual lease payment that are fixed over the lease term.

The Group is not exposed to foreign currency risk as a result of the lease arrangements, as all leases are denominated in the respective functional currencies of group entities. The lease contracts do not contain residual value guarantee and/or lessee's option to purchase the property at the end of lease term.

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

截至二零一九年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31st December, 2019

## 17. 投資物業(續)

		2019	2018
		千港元	千港元
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
公允價值	FAIR VALUE		
於一月一日	At 1st January	13,622,280	13,100,399
匯兑調整	Exchange adjustments	(378,606)	(296,825)
購置	Additions	335	4,016
轉撥自物業、廠房及	Transferred from property, plant		
設備	and equipment	_	4,991
轉撥自土地使用權之預付	Transferred from prepaid lease		
租賃款	payments on land use rights	_	19,818
轉撥至發展中	Transferred to properties under		
物業	development	(15,063)	(61,674)
重新分類為待售	Reclassified as held for sale	(1,398,200)	-
出售	Disposals	(6,917)	(11,785)
轉撥自已竣工物業	Transferred from inventories of		
存貨	completed properties	208,559	432,920
已竣工物業存貨轉撥至	Fair value gain on transfer of		
投資物業之	inventories of completed		
公允價值	properties to investment		
收益	properties	101,743	229,137
		310,302	662,057
確認於損益之公允價值	Increase in fair value recognised		·
增加	in profit or loss	246,620	201,283
於十二月三十一日	At 31st December	12,380,751	13,622,280

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

截至二零一九年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31st December, 2019

#### 17. 投資物業(續)

包括於投資物業為11,925,751,000港元(二零一八年:13,153,280,000港元)之已竣工物業及455,000,000港元(二零一八年:469,000,000港元)之發展中物業。

本集團之投資物業於轉撥自已竣工物業存貨、 物業、廠房及設備及使用權資產之日及於二零 一九年十二月三十一日之公允價值乃根據由與 本集團無任何關連的獨立合資格專業評估公 司一普敦國際評估有限公司(二零一八年:普 敦國際評估有限公司)於當日進行的估值。該 估值主要基於投資法,考慮現行租金及日後的 租賃回報收入潛力。就目前空置的物業而言, 估值乃按每一個物業權益之一般租約條款和假 定合理市場租金的市值及參考直接比較法。就 從已竣工物業存貨、物業、廠房及設備及使用 權資產轉撥至投資物業之物業而言,估值乃基 於投資法。發展中投資物業的估值乃採用餘值 法並基於該等物業將會根據最新開發方案而開 發及竣工,並計及完成開發所耗用的建造成本 而得出,以反映已竣工開發項目的質量。過往 年度所用估值方法並無變動。

於估計物業的公允價值時,物業的最高及最佳 用途為其當前用途或預期用途。

#### 17. INVESTMENT PROPERTIES (CONTINUED)

Included in the investment properties are completed properties of HK\$11,925,751,000 (2018: HK\$13,153,280,000) and properties under development of HK\$455,000,000 (2018: HK\$469,000,000).

The fair value of the Group's investment properties at the date of transfer from inventories of completed properties, property, plant and equipment and right-of-use assets and as at 31st December, 2019 have been arrived at on the basis of a valuation carried out on those dates by Norton Appraisals Holdings Limited (2018: Norton Appraisals Holdings Limited), the firm of independent and qualified professional valuers which is not connected with the Group. The valuation was principally based on investment method by taking into account the current rents passing and the reversionary income potential of tenancies. For the properties which are currently vacant, the valuation was based on each of the property interests by capitalisation of the hypothetical and reasonable market rents with a typical lease term and also make reference to the direct comparison approach. For the properties which were transferred from inventories of completed properties, property, plant and equipment and rightof-use assets to investment properties, the valuation was based on investment method. The valuations of investment properties under development were arrived at by the adoption of the residual approach on the basis that they will be developed and completed in accordance with the latest development proposals and having taken into account the construction cost that will extent to complete the development to reflect the quality of the completed development. There has been no change from the valuation technique used in the prior years.

In estimating the fair value of the properties, the highest and best use of the properties is their current use or expected use.

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

截至二零一九年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31st December, 2019

#### 17. 投資物業(續)

下表提供如何釐定主要投資物業的公允價值 (特別是所使用的估值方法及參數),及按公允 價值計量參數的可觀察程度,將公允價值計量 分類至公允價值級別中的等級(第一級至第三 級)的資料。

#### 17. INVESTMENT PROPERTIES (CONTINUED)

The following table gives information about how the fair values of the major investment properties are determined (in particular, the valuation techniques and inputs used), as well as the fair value hierarchy into which the fair value measurements are categorised (Levels 1 to 3) based on the degree to which the inputs to the fair value measurements is observable.

本集團所持有 投資物業 Investment properties held by the Group	公允價值 級別 Fair value hierarchy	估值方法及 主要參數 Valuation techniques and key inputs	重要無法觀察參數 Significant unobservable inputs	無法觀察參數與 公允價值的關係 Relationship of unobservable inputs for fair value
位於華南之物業 Properties in Southern China	第三級 Level 3	投資法(租期復歸法) Investment method (term and reversionary approach) 主要參數為: The key inputs are:  (1) 租期收益率; (1) Term yield;  (2) 復歸收益率;及 (2) Reversionary yield; and  (3) 個別單位的市場 單位租金 (3) Market unit rent of individual unit	相期收益率(考慮到可比較物業及調整以反映保證及將予收取的租期收入的確定性所產生的收益率)為1.25%至6.50%(二零一八年:1.50%至6.50%)  Term yield, taking into account of yield generated from comparable properties and adjustment to reflect the certainty of term income secured and to be received, of 1.25% to 6.50% (2018: 1.50% to 6.50%)  復歸收益率(考慮到可比較物業的年度單位市場租金收入及單位市值)為1.75%至7.00%(二零一八年:2.00%至7.00%)  Reversionary yield, taking into account annual unit market rental income and unit market value of the comparable properties, of 1.75% to 7.00% (2018: 2.00% to 7.00%)  市場單位租金與直接市場可比較物相比較,並考慮到地點和其他個別因素,如道路正面、物業大小和設施。平均市場單位租金介乎約每平方米每月25人民幣至每平方米每月360人民幣(二零一八年:每平方米每月35人民幣至每平方米每月360人民幣)  Market unit rent compares with direct market comparables and taking into account of location and other individual factors such as road frontage, size of property and facilities. The range of average market unit rent is from around RMB25 sq.m./month to RMB360 sq.m./month)	租期收益率的增加會導致公允價值下 The increase in the term yield would result in a decrease in fair value  復歸收益之允價值下 The increase in the reversionary yield would result in a decrease in fair value 市場單位租金的增加增加 The increase in the market unit rent would result in an increase in fair value

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

截至二零一九年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31st December, 2019

## 17. 投資物業(續)

本集團所持有 投資物業 Investment properties held by the Group	公允價值 級別 Fair value hierarchy	估值方法及 主要參數 Valuation techniques and key inputs	重要無法觀察參數 Significant unobservable inputs	無法觀察參數與 公允價值的關係 Relationship of unobservable inputs for fair value
位於華東之物業 Properties in Eastern China	第三級 Level 3	投資法(租期復歸法) Investment method (term and reversionary approach) 主要參數為: The key inputs are:  (1) 租期收益率; (1) Term yield;  (2) 復歸收益率;及 (2) Reversionary yield; and  (3) 個別單位的市場 單位租金 (3) Market unit rent of individual unit	租期收益率(考慮到可比較物業及調整以反映保證及將予收取的租期收入的確定性所產生的收益率)為1.50%至6.50%(二零一八年:1.50%至6.50%)  Term yield, taking into account of yield generated from comparable properties and adjustment to reflect the certainty of term income secured and to be received, of 1.50% to 6.50% (2018: 1.50% to 6.50%)  復歸收益率(考慮到可比較物業的年度單位市場租金收入及單位市值)為1.75%至7.00%(二零一八年:1.75%至7.00%)  Reversionary yield, taking into account annual unit market rental income and unit market value of the comparable properties, of 1.75% to 7.00% (2018: 1.75% to 7.00%)  市場單位租金與直接市場可比較物相比較,並考慮到地點和其他個別因素,如道路正面、物業大小和設施。平均市場單位租金介乎約每平方米每月20人民幣至每平方米每月1,050人民幣(二零一八年:每平方米每月1,050人民幣)  Market unit rent compares with direct market comparables and taking into account of location and other individual factors such as road frontage, size of property and facilities. The range of average market unit rent is from around RMB20 sq.m./month to RMB1,050 sq.m./month)	租期收益率的增加會導致公允價值下降 The increase in the term yield would result in a decrease in fair value  復歸與致一人價值的 下降 The increase in the reversionary yield would result in a decrease in fair value 市場導致公允價值  The increase in the market unit rent would result in an increase in fair value

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

截至二零一九年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31st December, 2019

## 17. 投資物業(續)

本集團所持有 投資物業 Investment properties held by the Group	公允價值 級別 Fair value hierarchy	估值方法及 主要參數 Valuation techniques and key inputs	重要無法觀察參數 Significant unobservable inputs	無法觀察參數與 公允價值的關係 Relationship of unobservable inputs for fair value
位於華北之物業 Properties in Northern China	第三級 Level 3	## Provided Reference of the content of the conte	相期收益率(考慮到可比較物業及調整以反映保證及將予收取的租期收入的確定性所產生的收益率)為1.75%至6.50%(二零一八年:2.00%至6.50%)  Term yield, taking into account of yield generated from comparable properties and adjustment to reflect the certainty of term income secured and to be received, of 1.75% to 6.50% (2018: 2.00% to 6.50%)  復歸收益率(考慮到可比較物業的年度單位市場租金收入及單位市值)為2.25%至7.00%(二零一八年:2.50%至7.00%)  Reversionary yield, taking into account annual unit market rental income and unit market value of the comparable properties, of 2.25% to 7.00% (2018: 2.50% to 7.00%)  市場單位租金與直接市場可比較物相比較,並考慮到地點和其他個別因素,如道路正面、物業大小和設施。平均市場單位租金介乎約每平方米每月20元人民幣至每平方米每月210元人民幣(二零一八年:每平方米每月15元人民幣至每平方米每月200元人民幣)  Market unit rent compares with direct market comparables and taking into account of location and other individual factors such as road frontage, size of property and facilities. The range of average market unit rent is from around RMB20 sq.m./month to RMB210 sq.m./month (2018: RMB15 sq.m./	相期收益率增加會導致公允價值下降  The increase in the term yield would result in a decrease in fair value  復歸收益率增加會導致公允價值下降  The increase in the reversionary yield would result in a decrease in fair value  市場單位租金增加會導致公允價值增加  The increase in the market unit rent would result in an increase in fair value
			month to RMB200 sq.m./month)	

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

截至二零一九年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31st December, 2019

## 17. 投資物業(續)

properties held	公允價值 級別 Fair value hierarchy	估值方法及 主要參數 Valuation techniques and key inputs	重要無法觀察參數 Significant unobservable inputs	無法觀察參數與 公允價值的關係 Relationship of unobservable inputs for fair value
by the Group  位於香港之物業		•		
			around HK\$2,200/month (2018: around HK\$2,200/month)	

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) 截至二零一九年十二月三十一日止年度

For the year ended 31st December, 2019

## 17. 投資物業(續)

本集團所持有 投資物業 Investment properties held by the Group	公允價值 級別 Fair value hierarchy	估值方法及 主要參數 Valuation techniques and key inputs	重要無法觀察參數 Significant unobservable inputs	無法觀察參數與 公允價值的關係 Relationship of unobservable inputs for fair value
位於惠州市惠陽區 的發展項目 Development site in Huizhou Huiyang District	第三級 Level 3	餘值法 Residual approach 主要參數為: The key inputs are:  (1) 市場單位銷售價格:及 (1) Market unit sales rate; and  (2) 發展商的溢利及風險率 (2) Developer's profit and risk rate	市場單位銷售價格(使用直接市場可比較物並考慮地點及其他個別因素)為每平方米10,600元人民幣(二零一八年:每平方米10,600元人民幣) Market unit sales rate, using market direct comparable and taking into account of location and other individual factors, of RMB10,600/sq.m. (2018: RMB10,600/sq.m.) 發展商的溢利及風險率(考慮到物業的進度)為30.00%(二零一八年:29.00%) Developer's profit and risk rate, taking into account of the progress of the property, of 30.00% (2018: 29.00%)	市場單位銷售價格增加公允價值增加  The increase in the market unit sales rate would result in an increase in fair value  發展商的溢利及風險率的增下降 The increase in the developer's profit and risk rate would result in a decrease in fair value
位於英國之物業 Properties in the United Kingdom	第三級 Level 3	收入法 Income approach 主要參數為: The key inputs are:	貼現率為6.50%(二零一八年:6.70%) Discount rate of 6.50% (2018: 6.70%)	貼現率增加會導致 公允價值下降 The increase in the discount rate would result in a decrease in fair value
		(1) 知说平, (1) Discount rate; (2) 增長率;及 (2) Growth rate; and (3) 估算租金 (3) Estimated rent	增長率為2.80%(二零一八年:2.70%) Growth rate of 2.80% (2018:2.70%) 估算租金是根據現有租賃合同及考慮過去的營運紀錄計算。估算租金約每平方呎每年43英磅(二零一八年:約每平方呎每年42英鎊) Estimated rent is calculated based on existing tenancy agreement and takes into account historical operating records. The estimated rent is around British Pound 43 sq.ft./year (2018: around British Pound 42 sq.ft./year)	增長率增加會導致 公允價值增加 The increase in the growth rate would result in an increase in fair value 估算租金增加會導 致公允價值增加 The increase in the estimated rent would result in an increase in fair value

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

截至二零一九年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31st December, 2019

## 18. 待發展物業

#### **18. PROPERTIES FOR DEVELOPMENT**

		2019 千港元 HK\$′000	2018 千港元 HK\$′000
按成本值	AT COST		
於一月一日之結餘	Balance at 1st January	4,095,585	3,749,694
匯兑調整	Exchange adjustments	(117,098)	(120,279)
購置	Additions	698,924	2,311,356
轉撥至發展中物業	Transferred to inventories of		
存貨	properties under development	(208,046)	(1,845,186)
重新分類為待售	Reclassified as held for sale	(124,982)	_
於十二月三十一日之結餘	Balance at 31st December	4,344,383	4,095,585
攤銷及	AMORTISATION AND		
減值	IMPAIRMENT		
於一月一日之結餘	Balance at 1st January	277,252	264,333
匯兑調整	Exchange adjustments	(10,225)	(6,065)
本年度攤銷	Amortisation for the year	55,724	26,111
轉撥至發展中物業	Transferred to inventories of		
存貨	properties under development	(21,773)	(7,127)
重新分類為待售	Reclassified as held for sale	(15,556)	-
減值	Impairment	42,368	_
於十二月三十一日之結餘	Balance at 31st December	327,790	277,252
<b>賬面值</b>	CARRYING VALUES	4,016,593	3,818,333
ж. н.	CAMICIA VALUE D	1,010,000	
本集團之待發展物業	The Group's properties for		
包括:	development comprise:		
於中國之租賃土地	Leasehold land in the PRC		
長期租約	Long lease	2,210,427	2,410,227
中期組約	Medium-term lease	787,619	932,194
於澳洲之永久持有土地	Freehold land in Australia	1,018,547	475,912
2/1人//川と小//川 日上/6	rectiona tana in Australia	1,010,347	17 5,512
		4.016.502	2 010 222
		4,016,593	3,818,333

本集團管理層對該等物業已分別按永久持有土地之成本值及可變現淨值之較低者以及租賃土地之可收回金額進行減值評估。租賃土地的可收回金額乃根據於二零一九年十二月三十一日的獨立專業估值而釐定。

The management of the Group had carried out impairment assessment on the properties based on the lower of cost and net realisable value of the freehold lands and recoverable amount of leasehold land respectively. The recoverable amount of leasehold lands were determined based on independent professional valuations at 31st December, 2019.

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

截至二零一九年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31st December, 2019

#### 18. 待發展物業(續)

於二零一九年十二月三十一日,租賃土地之使用權資產金額為2,998,046,000港元包含在待發展物業中。於截至二零一九年十二月三十一日止年度期間,租賃待發展物業之現金流出總值為108,688,000港元。由二零一九年一月一日起生效,租賃土地的賬面值根據香港財務報告準則第16號按成本值減任何累計折舊及任何減值虧損計量。殘值以租賃土地部份之估計出售價值而釐定。

## 19. 土地使用權之預付租賃款

#### 18. PROPERTIES FOR DEVELOPMENT (CONTINUED)

As at 31st December, 2019, right-of-use assets for leasehold land amounting to HK\$2,998,046,000 are included in properties for development. During the year ended 31st December, 2019, the total cash outflow for leases of properties for development is HK\$108,688,000. Effective from 1st January, 2019, the carrying amount of leasehold lands is measured under HKFRS 16 at cost less any accumulated depreciation and any impairment losses. The residual values are determined as the estimated disposal value of the leasehold land component.

#### 19. PREPAID LEASE PAYMENTS ON LAND USE RIGHTS

2018 千港元 HK\$'000

本集團土地使用權 The Group's prepaid lease payments on land use rights comprise: 之預付租賃款包括: 於中國之租賃土地 Leasehold land in the PRC 長期租約 Long lease 33,721 中期租約 Medium-term lease 6,383 40,104 就呈報目的而作出之分析如下: Analysed for reporting purposes as: 非流動資產 Non-current asset 39,212 流動資產 Current asset 892 40,104

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

截至二零一九年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31st December, 2019

## 20.於聯營公司之權益

#### **20. INTERESTS IN ASSOCIATES**

		2019 千港元 HK\$′000	2018 千港元 HK\$′000
於聯營公司投資之成本 (附註): 非上市聯營公司	Cost of investment in associates (Note): Unlisted associates	3,356,741	3,356,741
應佔收購後之 虧損及其他 全面費用減 已收股息	Share of post-acquisition losses and other comprehensive expense, net of dividends received	(465,633)	(465,410)
		2,891,108	2,891,331

主要聯營公司於二零一九年及二零一八年十二 月三十一日之資料詳載於附註51。 Details of the principal associates at 31st December, 2019 and 2018 are set out in note 51.

附註:於聯營公司投資之成本包括於過往年度收購聯營公司所產生之商譽46,000港元(二零一八年:46,000港元)。

Note: Included in the cost of investment in associates is goodwill of HK\$46,000 (2018: HK\$46,000) arising on acquisitions of associates in prior years.

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

截至二零一九年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31st December, 2019

## 20.於聯營公司之權益(續)

下文所載為有關本集團重大聯營公司各自的財務資料概要。下述財務資料概要為根據香港財務報告準則編製的聯營公司財務報表所示金額。

聯營公司乃按權益法於該等綜合財務報表 入賬。

#### 重大聯營公司之財務資料概要

#### Zeta Estates Limited

#### **20.INTERESTS IN ASSOCIATES** (CONTINUED)

Summarised financial information in respect of each of the Group's material associates is set out below. The summarised financial information below represents amounts shown in the associate's financial statements prepared in accordance with HKFRSs.

The associates are accounted for using the equity method in these consolidated financial statements.

#### Summarised financial information of material associate

#### Zeta Estates Limited

		2019 千港元 HK\$′000	2018 千港元 HK\$′000
流動資產	Current assets	1,820,853	2,137,521
非流動資產	Non-current assets	6,992,901	6,959,884
流動負債	Current liabilities	(477,567)	(686,997)
非流動負債	Non-current liabilities	(1,331,662)	(1,373,666)
收入	Revenue	300,793	408,329
本年度(虧損)溢利	(Loss) profit for the year	(32,218)	100,083
本年度之其他全面收益	Other comprehensive income for the year	-	-
本年度全面(費用)收益總額	Total comprehensive (expense) income for the year	(32,218)	100,083
於本年度來自Zeta Estates Limited的股息	Dividends from Zeta Estates Limited during the year	-	98,990

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

截至二零一九年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31st December, 2019

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## 20. 於聯營公司之權益(續)

#### **20.INTERESTS IN ASSOCIATES** (CONTINUED)

#### 重大聯營公司之財務資料概要(續)

#### **Summarised financial information of material associate** (continued)

#### **Zeta Estates Limited**(續)

#### **Zeta Estates Limited** (continued)

上述財務資料概要與綜合財務報表中確認的於 Zeta Estates Limited之權益的賬面值對賬: Reconciliation of the above summarised financial information to the carrying amount of the interest in Zeta Estates Limited recognised in the consolidated financial statements:

		2019 千港元 HK\$′000	2018 千港元 HK\$′000
Zeta Estates Limited之 資產淨值	Net assets of Zeta Estates Limited	7,004,525	7,036,742
本集團於Zeta Estates Limited 之權益之賬面值 (本集團擁有權 權益部份為33.33% (二零一八年:33.33%))	Carrying amount of the Group's interest in Zeta Estates Limited (Proportion of the Group's ownership interest of 33.33% (2018: 33.33%))	2,334,842	2,345,581

#### 個別非重大之聯營公司之匯總資料:

Aggregate information of associates that are not individually material:

		2019	2018
		千港元	千港元
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
本集團應佔之溢利	The Group's share of profit	17,149	22,327
个未回芯日之 <u></u> 一们	The Group's share of profit	17,143	22,327
本集團應佔之其他	The Group's share of other		
全面費用	comprehensive expense	(6,633)	(4,736)
本集團應佔之	The Group's share of total		
全面收益總額	comprehensive income	10,516	17,591
本集團之權益之	Aggregate carrying value of		
賬面總值	Group's interests	556,266	545,750

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

截至二零一九年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31st December, 2019

#### 21. 於合營企業之權益

#### **21.INTERESTS IN JOINT VENTURES**

		2019 千港元 HK\$'000	2018 千港元 HK\$′000
於非上市合營企業投資之 成本(附註i) 應佔收購後之溢利及	Cost of investment in unlisted joint ventures (Note i) Share of post-acquisition profits and other	3,289,310	3,080,364
其他全面收益減 已收股息	comprehensive income, net of dividends received	1,840,025	1,427,942
		5,129,335	4,508,306
合營企業欠款( <i>附註ii</i> )	Amounts due from joint ventures (Note ii)	1,397,287	795,939
		6,526,622	5,304,245

主要合營企業於二零一九年及二零一八年十二 月三十一日之資料詳載於附註52。 Details of the principal joint ventures at 31st December, 2019 and 2018 are set out in note 52.

#### 附註:

- (i) 於合營企業投資之成本包括於過往年度收購合營企業所產生之商譽291,000港元(二零一八年:409,000港元)。
- (ii) 1,061,111,000港元(二零一八年:459,770,000港元)為無抵押及附息欠款,年利率介乎10%至12%(二零一八年:為12%)及於二零二一年五月至二零二二年九月(二零一八年:二零二一年五月)償還。餘下款項為無抵押、免息欠款及無固定償還日期。

下文所載為有關本集團重大合營企業各自的財 務資料概要。下述財務資料概要為根據香港財 務報告準則編製的合營企業財務報表所示金 額。

合營企業乃按權益法於該等綜合財務報表入 賬。

#### Notes:

- (i) Included in the cost of investment of joint ventures is goodwill of HK\$291,000 (2018: HK\$409,000) arising on acquisitions of joint ventures in prior years.
- (ii) The amount of HK\$1,061,111,000 (2018: HK\$459,770,000) is unsecured, bear interests ranging from 10% to 12% (2018: at 12%) per annum and repayable on May 2021 to September 2022 (2018: May 2021). The remaining amounts are unsecured, interest-free and have no fixed date of repayment.

Summarised financial information in respect of each of the Group's material joint ventures is set out below. The summarised financial information below represents amounts shown in the joint venture's financial statements prepared in accordance with HKFRSs.

The joint ventures are accounted for using the equity method in these consolidated financial statements.

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

截至二零一九年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31st December, 2019

## 21. 於合營企業之權益(續)

## **21.INTERESTS IN JOINT VENTURES** (CONTINUED)

## 重大合營企業之財務資料概要

## Summarised financial information of material joint ventures

#### 天安數碼城(集團)有限公司

#### 天安數碼城(集團)有限公司

		2019 千港元 HK\$'000	2018 千港元 HK\$′000
流動資產	Current assets	12,597,862	12,574,638
非流動資產	Non-current assets	7,076,277	6,885,638
流動負債	Current liabilities	(8,075,691)	(10,052,494)
非流動負債	Non-current liabilities	(7,754,431)	(6,602,441)
上述之資產及負債金額包括以下項目:	The above amounts of assets and li	abilities included	the followings:
		2019 千港元 HK\$'000	2018 千港元 HK\$′000
現金和現金等值項目	Cash and cash equivalents	2,479,223	2,850,284
流動金融負債 (不包括交易及 其他應付賬款)	Current financial liabilities (excluding trade and other payables)	(1,414,404)	(3,189,093)
非流動金融負債 (不包括交易及 其他應付賬款)	Non-current financial liabilities (excluding trade and other payables)	(6,583,744)	(5,545,865)
		2019 千港元 HK\$′000	2018 千港元 HK\$′000
收入	Revenue	3,971,864	2,403,349
本年度溢利	Profit for the year	1,206,294	468,810
本年度之 其他全面費用	Other comprehensive expense for the year	(103,605)	(52,833)
本年度全面收益總額	Total comprehensive income for the year	1,102,689	415,977
於本年度來自天安數碼城 (集團)有限公司的股息	Dividends from 天安數碼城(集團)有限公司 during the year	226,542	-

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

截至二零一九年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31st December, 2019

## 21. 於合營企業之權益(續)

## 重大合營企業之財務資料概要 (續)

#### 天安數碼城(集團)有限公司(續)

上述本年度溢利包括以下項目:

## 21. INTERESTS IN JOINT VENTURES (CONTINUED)

## **Summarised financial information of material joint ventures** *(continued)*

#### 天安數碼城(集團)有限公司 (continued)

The above profit for the year included the followings:

		2019 千港元 HK\$′000	2018 千港元 HK\$′000
折舊及攤銷	Depreciation and amortisation	25,430	44,327
利息收入	Interest income	13,064	25,012
利息費用	Interest expense	258,432	272,947
所得税支出	Income tax expense	839,243	585,359

上述財務資料概要與綜合財務報表中確認的於 天安數碼城(集團)有限公司之權益的賬面值對 賬: Reconciliation of the above summarised financial information to the carrying amount of the interest in 天安數碼城(集團)有限公司 recognised in the consolidated financial statements:

		2019 千港元 HK\$′000	2018 千港元 HK\$′000
天安數碼城(集團)有限 公司的資產淨值 減:非控股權益	Net assets of 天安數碼城(集團)有限公司 Less: Non-controlling interests	3,844,017 (158,203)	2,805,341 (133,846)
天安數碼城(集團)有限 公司之股東權益	Shareholder's equity of 天安數碼城(集團)有限公司	3,685,814	2,671,495
本集團於天安數碼城(集團) 有限公司50%的擁有權 權益之部份 應佔公司間之交易之 未實現溢利	Proportion of the Group's ownership interest of 50% in 天安數碼城(集團)有限公司 Share of unrealised profit on inter-company transactions	1,842,907	1,335,747
其他 本集團於天安數碼城 (集團)有限公司之 權益之賬面值	Others  Carrying amount of the Group's interest in 天安數碼城(集團) 有限公司	1,837,625	1,330,465

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

截至二零一九年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31st December, 2019

## 21. 於合營企業之權益(續)

## 21.INTERESTS IN JOINT VENTURES (CONTINUED)

重大合營企業之財務資料概要 (續)

**Summarised financial information of material joint ventures** *(continued)* 

深圳天安駿業投資發展(集團)有限公司

深圳天安駿業投資發展(集團)有限公司

		2019 千港元 HK\$'000	2018 千港元 HK\$′000
流動資產	Current assets	11,848,250	10,628,013
非流動資產	Non-current assets	3,988,835	2,750,071
流動負債	Current liabilities	(5,057,201)	(2,509,689)
非流動負債	Non-current liabilities	(9,204,525)	(9,688,018)
上述之資產及負債金額包括以下項目:	The above amounts of assets and li	abilities included t	the followings:
		2019 千港元 HK\$′000	2018 千港元 HK\$′000
現金和現金等值項目	Cash and cash equivalents	1,000,176	1,046,146
流動金融負債 (不包括交易及 其他應付賬款)	Current financial liabilities (excluding trade and other payables)	(1,888,224)	(705,711)
非流動金融負債 (不包括交易及 其他應付賬款)	Non-current financial liabilities (excluding trade and other payables)	(8,542,889)	(9,212,644)
		2019 千港元 HK\$′000	2018 千港元 HK\$′000
收入	Revenue	1,626,689	262,911
本年度溢利	Profit for the year	441,120	153,400
本年度之 其他全面費用	Other comprehensive expense for the year	(41,563)	(31,822)
本年度全面收益 總額	Total comprehensive income for the year	399,557	121,578
於本年度來自深圳天安駿業 投資發展(集團)有限公司 的股息	Dividends from 深圳天安駿業投資發展(集團) 有限公司 during the year	-	229,885

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

截至二零一九年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31st December, 2019

## 21.於合營企業之權益(續)

## 重大合營企業之財務資料概要 (續)

## 深圳天安駿業投資發展(集團)有限公司(續)

#### 上述本年度溢利包括以下項目:

## 21. INTERESTS IN JOINT VENTURES (CONTINUED)

## **Summarised financial information of material joint ventures** *(continued)*

## 深圳天安駿業投資發展(集團)有限公司 (continued)

The above profit for the year included the followings:

		2019 千港元 HK\$′000	2018 千港元 HK\$′000
折舊及攤銷	Depreciation and amortisation	4,076	5,181
利息收入	Interest income	12,661	20,140
利息費用	Interest expense	398,044	89,382
所得税支出	Income tax expense	476,655	180,934

上述財務資料概要與綜合財務報表中確認的於深圳天安駿業投資發展(集團)有限公司之權益的賬面值對賬:

Reconciliation of the above summarised financial information to the carrying amount of the interest in 深圳天安駿業投資發展(集團)有限公司 recognised in the consolidated financial statements:

		2019 千港元 HK\$′000	2018 千港元 HK\$′000
深圳天安駿業投資發展(集團) 有限公司的資產淨值 減:非控股權益	Net assets of 深圳天安駿業投資 發展(集團)有限公司 Less: Non-controlling interests	1,575,359 516	1,180,377 (3,586)
深圳天安駿業投資發展(集團) 有限公司之股東權益	Shareholder's equity of 深圳天安 駿業投資發展(集團)有限公司	1,575,875	1,176,791
本集團於深圳天安駿業 投資發展(集團)有限 公司50%的擁有權 權益之部份 注資時所產生之 匯兑差異 應佔公司間之交易之 未實現溢利	Proportion of the Group's ownership interest of 50% in 深圳天安駿業投資發展(集團) 有限公司 Exchange differences arising on capital injection Share of unrealised profit on inter-company transactions	787,937 (402) (85,800)	588,395 (402) (41,093)
本集團於深圳天安駿業投資 發展(集團)有限公司之 權益之賬面值	Carrying amount of the Group's interest in 深圳天安駿業投資發展(集團)有限公司	701,735	546,900

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

截至二零一九年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31st December, 2019

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## 21. 於合營企業之權益(續)

## 重大合營企業之財務資料概要

## 21. INTERESTS IN JOINT VENTURES (CONTINUED)

## **Summarised financial information of material joint ventures** (continued)

#### Crystal Idea Management Limited

#### Crystal Idea Management Limited

		2019 千港元 HK\$′000	2018 千港元 HK\$'000
流動資產	Current assets	2,102,846	2,043,021
非流動資產	Non-current assets	822,038	1,072,575
流動負債	Current liabilities	(1,793,738)	(1,665,382)
非流動負債	Non-current liabilities	(1,001,011)	(1,291,380)
上述之資產及負債金額包括以下項目:	The above amounts of assets and li	abilities included	the followings:
		2019 千港元 HK\$'000	2018 千港元 HK\$′000
現金和現金等值項目	Cash and cash equivalents	281,906	279,102
流動金融負債 (不包括交易及 其他應付賬款)	Current financial liabilities (excluding trade and other payables)	(1,356,630)	(1,067,592)
非流動金融負債 (不包括交易及 其他應付賬款)	Non-current financial liabilities (excluding trade and other payables)	(869,336)	(1,129,620)
		2019 千港元 HK\$′000	2018 千港元 HK\$'000
收入	Revenue	700,930	76,439
本年度虧損	Loss for the year	(2,550)	(14,784)
本年度之 其他全面費用	Other comprehensive expense for the year	(26,149)	(19,481)
本年度全面費用總額	Total comprehensive expense for the year	(28,699)	(34,265)
於本年度來自Crystal Idea Management Limited 的股息	Dividends from Crystal Idea Management Limited during the year	-	_

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

截至二零一九年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31st December, 2019

## 21. 於合營企業之權益(續)

## 重大合營企業之財務資料概要 (續)

#### Crystal Idea Management Limited(續)

上述本年度虧損包括以下項目:

#### **21.INTERESTS IN JOINT VENTURES** (CONTINUED)

## **Summarised financial information of material joint ventures** *(continued)*

#### Crystal Idea Management Limited (continued)

The above loss for the year included the followings:

		2019 千港元 HK\$′000	2018 千港元 HK\$′000
折舊及攤銷	Depreciation and amortisation	18,187	23,834
利息收入	Interest income	1,664	1,813
利息費用	Interest expense	-	-
所得税支出(抵免)	Income tax expense (credit)	29,139	(17,810)

上述財務資料概要與綜合財務報表中確認的於 Crystal Idea Management Limited之權益的賬面 值對賬: Reconciliation of the above summarised financial information to the carrying amount of the interest in Crystal Idea Management Limited recognised in the consolidated financial statements:

		2019 千港元 HK\$'000	2018 千港元 HK\$′000
Crystal Idea Management Limited 的資產淨值	Net assets of Crystal Idea Management Limited	130,135	158,834
本集團於Crystal Idea Management Limited 50%的擁有權權益 之部份 合營企業夥伴放棄 溢利的公允價值 折現(附註)	Proportion of the Group's ownership interest of 50% in Crystal Idea Management Limited Discounted fair value of profit forgo by joint venture partner (Note)	65,068 672,586	79,417 655,177
本集團於Crystal Idea Management Limited 之權益之賬面值	Carrying amount of the Group's interest in Crystal Idea Management Limited	737,654	734,594

附註:該金額代表將於二零二零年從Crystal Idea Management Limited收取的約定可予分派溢利之 現值(加權平均實際利率為8.5%)。自Crystal Idea Management Limited 已於二零一七年成為本集團 的一間合營企業起,該金額已包含於合營企業之權益當中。

Note: The amount represented present value of an agreed distributable profit to be received from Crystal Idea Management Limited in 2020 with weighted average effective interest rate of 8.5%. The amount has been included in interests in joint ventures since Crystal Idea Management Limited has become a joint venture of the Group in 2017.

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

截至二零一九年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31st December, 2019

## 21. 於合營企業之權益(續)

## 益(續) 21.INTERESTS IN JOINT VENTURES (CONTINUED)

## 重大合營企業之財務資料概要 (續)

## **Summarised financial information of material joint ventures** *(continued)*

## 蘇州象嶼地產有限公司(附註)

#### 蘇州象嶼地產有限公司(Note)

		2019	2018
		千港元	千港元
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
流動資產	Current assets	2,237,747	3,152,683
非流動資產	Non-current assets	2,033,515	1,678,354
流動負債	Current liabilities	(1,088,679)	(1,490,523)
非流動負債	Non-current liabilities	(253,373)	(329,586)
上述之資產及負債金額包括以下項目:	The above amounts of assets and I	iabilities included	the followings:
		2019	2018
		千港元	千港元
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
現金和現金等值項目	Cash and cash equivalents	62,861	142,181
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流動金融負債	Current financial liabilities		
(不包括交易及	(excluding trade and other	(240,000)	(40.4.252)
其他應付賬款)	payables)	(240,000)	(494,253)
非流動金融負債	Non-current financial liabilities		
(不包括交易及	(excluding trade and other		
其他應付賬款)	payables)	_	_

自注資日至

自注資日至 二零一八年

## 綜合財務報表附註(續)

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

截至二零一九年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31st December, 2019

## 21. 於合營企業之權益(續)

## 重大合營企業之財務資料概要

蘇州象嶼地產有限公司(附註)(續)

## 21.INTERESTS IN JOINT VENTURES (CONTINUED)

**Summarised financial information of material joint ventures** *(continued)* 

蘇州象嶼地產有限公司 (Note) (continued)

		2019	十二月三十一日 From the date of capital injection to 31st December, 2018
		千港元 HK\$'000	千港元 HK\$'000
收入	Revenue	987,345	201,894
本年度/期間(虧損)溢利	(Loss) profit for the year/period	(9,441)	19,525
本年度/期間 其他全面費用	Other comprehensive expense for the year/period	(72,277)	-
本年度/期間 全面(費用)收入總額	Total comprehensive (expense) income for the year/period	(81,718)	19,525
本年度/期間來自 蘇州象嶼地產 有限公司的股息	Dividends from 蘇州象嶼地產 有限公司 during the year/ period	-	-

上述本年度/期間溢利包括以下項目:

The above profit for the year/period included the followings:

			十二月三十一日 From the date of capital injection to 31st December,
		2019 千港元 HK\$′000	2018 千港元 HK\$'000
折舊及攤銷	Depreciation and amortisation	106	18
利息收入	Interest income	458	215
利息費用	Interest expense	15,874	-
所得税支出	Income tax expense	272,066	44,155

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

截至二零一九年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31st December, 2019

#### 21. 於合營企業之權益(續)

## 重大合營企業之財務資料概要 (續)

#### 蘇州象嶼地產有限公司(附註)(續)

上述財務資料概要與綜合財務報表中確認的於蘇州象嶼地產有限公司之權益的賬面值對賬:

## **21.INTERESTS IN JOINT VENTURES** (CONTINUED)

## **Summarised financial information of material joint ventures** *(continued)*

#### 蘇州象嶼地產有限公司 (Note) (continued)

Reconciliation of the above summarised financial information to the carrying amount of the interest in 蘇州象嶼地產有限公司 recognised in the consolidated financial statements:

		2019 千港元 HK\$'000	2018 千港元 HK\$′000
蘇州象嶼地產有限公司 的資產淨值	Net assets of 蘇州象嶼地產 有限公司	2,929,210	3,010,928
本集團於蘇州象嶼地產 有限公司50%的 擁有權權益之部份	Proportion of the Group's ownership interest of 50% in 蘇州象嶼地產有限公司	1,464,605	1,505,464
本集團於蘇州象嶼地產 有限公司之權益之 賬面值	Carrying amount of the Group's interest in 蘇州象嶼地產 有限公司	1,464,605	1,505,464

附註:本集團於截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度 期間收購蘇州象嶼地產有限公司50%之權益。 Note: The Group acquired 50% of equity interest in 蘇州象嶼地產有限公司 during the year ended 31st December, 2018.

#### 個別非重大之合營企業之匯總資料:

## Aggregate information of joint ventures that are not individually material:

		2019 千港元 HK\$'000	2018 千港元 HK\$′000
本集團應佔之溢利	The Group's share of profit	126,601	57,371
本集團應佔之其他 全面費用	The Group's share of other comprehensive expense	(13,918)	(12,222)
本集團應佔之全面收入 總額	The Group's share of total comprehensive income	112,683	45,149
本集團之權益之 賬面總值	Aggregate carrying value of Group's interests	387,716	390,883
已收取/應收股息	Dividend received/receivable	105,458	21,269

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

截至二零一九年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31st December, 2019

## 22. 透過損益按公允價值處理之金融資產

## 22.FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT OR LOSS

	2019 千港元 HK\$'000	2018 千港元 HK\$′000
非上市股本基金 Unlisted equity fund 非上市投資基金 Unlisted investment fund 物業項目投資 Investment in property pro 於中國上市之股本證券 Equity securities listed in to		14,522 229,885 100,268 —
就呈報目的而作出之 Analysed for reporting 分析如下: purpose as: 非流動資產 Non-current assets 流動資產 Current assets	173,267 32,968	114,790 229,885
	206,235	344,675

所有上述投資均以公允價值列賬,公允價值計量之資料詳載於附註48c。

All of the above investments are stated at fair value and details of the fair value measurements are set out in note 48c.

## 23. 透過其他全面收益按公允價值處理 之股本工具

## 23.EQUITY INSTRUMENTS AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

		附註 Notes	2019 千港元 HK\$'000	2018 千港元 HK\$′000
於香港上市之股本證券 於中國上市之股本證券 非上市股本工具	Equity securities listed in Hong Kong Equity securities listed in the PRC Unlisted equity instrument	(i) (i) (i), (ii)	295,442 20,849 38,705	153,750 20,284 37,664
			354,996	211,698

#### 附註:

- (i) 該等投資不是持作買賣,而是持作長期策略目的。 董事已選擇將該等股本工具投資指定為透過其他全面收益按公允價值處理,因為董事認為,從長遠來看,確認該等投資公允價值收益或虧損的短期波動不符合本集團長期持有該等投資並實現其業績潛力的策略。
- (ii) 該款項乃指一間主要從事物業投資的非上市公司的 權益。

所有上述投資均以公允價值列賬,公允價值計量之資料詳載於附註48c。

#### Notes:

- (i) These investments are not held for trading, instead, they are held for long-term strategic purposes. The Directors have elected to designate these investments in equity instruments as at FVTOCI as they believe that recognising shortterm fluctuations in these investments' fair value in profit or loss would not be consistent with the Group's strategy of holding these investments for long-term purposes and realising their performance potential in the long run.
- (ii) The amount represents equity interest in an unlisted company, which is principally engaged in property investment.

All of the above investments are stated at fair value and details of the fair value measurements are set out in note 48c.

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

截至二零一九年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31st December, 2019

### 24. 物業存貨

本集團之物業存貨主要位於中國。所有物業存貨按成本及可變現淨值之較低者列賬。賬面值135,549,000港元(二零一八年:278,267,000港元)之發展中物業預計不會自報告期末十二個月內變現。

本集團管理層對物業存貨已按成本及可變現淨值之較低者進行評估。可變現淨值乃根據於二零一九年十二月三十一日的獨立專業估值而釐 定。

### 25. 其他存貨

### 24. INVENTORIES OF PROPERTIES

The Group's inventories of properties are mainly situated in the PRC. All of the inventories of properties are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Properties under development with carrying amount of HK\$135,549,000 (2018: HK\$278,267,000) are expected not to be realised within twelve months from the end of the reporting date.

The management of the Group had carried out assessment on the inventories of properties based on the lower of cost and net realisable value for inventories of properties. The net realisable values were determined based on independent professional valuations at 31st December, 2019.

### **25. OTHER INVENTORIES**

		2019	2018
		千港元	千港元
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
製成品	Finished goods	1,461	415

### 26. 聯營公司欠款

聯營公司欠款是無抵押、免息及於應要求下 償還。

### 27. 合營企業欠款

於二零一九年十二月三十一日,欠款為無抵押,免息以及於應要求下償還。

於二零一八年十二月三十一日,40,230,000港 元為無抵押及附息欠款,年利率9%並於二零 一九年十二月償還。餘下款項為無抵押、免息 欠款及於應要求下償還。

管理層預期欠款於報告期末後十二個月內可 收回。

### 28. 非控股權益欠款

非控股權益欠款是無抵押、免息及於應要求下 償還。

### **26. AMOUNTS DUE FROM ASSOCIATES**

Amounts due from associates are unsecured, interest-free and repayable on demand.

### 27. AMOUNTS DUE FROM JOINT VENTURES

As at 31st December, 2019, the amounts are unsecured, interest-free and repayable on demand.

As at 31st December, 2018, the amount of HK\$40,230,000 was unsecured, bore interests at 9% per annum and repayable in December 2019. The remaining amounts were unsecured, interest-free and repayable on demand.

The management expects the amounts would be recoverable within twelve months from the end of the reporting period.

# 28.AMOUNTS DUE FROM NON-CONTROLLING INTERESTS

Amounts due from non-controlling interests are unsecured, interestfree and repayable on demand.

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

截至二零一九年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31st December, 2019

## 29. 應收貸款

### 29. LOANS RECEIVABLE

		附註 Notes	2019 千港元 HK\$'000	2018 千港元 HK\$′000
本集團應收貸款包括: 減值前總額 有抵押 無抵押	The Group's loans receivable comprise: Gross amount before impairment: Secured Unsecured	(i) & (iii) (ii)	623,179 1,063,100	276,987 1,357,203
減:減值	Less: Impairment	48b	1,686,279 (278,164) 1,408,115	1,634,190 (741) 1,633,449
就呈報目的而作出之 分析如下: 非流動 流動	Analysed for reporting purpose as: Non-current Current		318,846 1,089,269	264,305 1,369,144
			1,408,115	1,633,449

### 附註:

(i) 應 收 貸 款 55,759,000 港 元 ( 二 零 一 八 年 : 172,342,000 港元 ),年利率30%(二零一八年 : 30%),以擔保人的股權抵押及借款人的應收貸款作為擔保,並已逾期及被分類為流動應收貸款(二零一八年:流動應收貸款)。

應收貸款200,000,000港元(二零一八年:無),年 利率18%,以一間上市公司的股權抵押作為擔保, 於二零二零年十月到期歸還,並被分類為流動應收 貸款。

應收貸款224,905,000港元(二零一八年:無),年 利率6%,以土地作為擔保,於二零二零年五月到 期歸還,並被分類為流動應收貸款。

## Notes:

(i) Loan receivable of HK\$55,759,000 (2018: HK\$172,342,000) bears interest at 30% (2018: 30%) per annum, is secured by share mortgage of guarantor and loans receivable of the borrower, is past due and is classified as current loans receivable (2018: current loans receivable).

Loan receivable of HK\$200,000,000 (2018: nil) bears interest at 18% per annum, is secured by share mortgage of a listed company and is due for repayment in October 2020 and is classified as current loans receivable.

Loan receivable of HK\$224,905,000 (2018: nil) bears interest at 6% per annum, is secured by land and is due for repayment in May 2020 and is classified as current loans receivable.

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

截至二零一九年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31st December, 2019

## 29. 應收貸款(續)

### 附註:(續)

#### (i) (續)

應收貸款97,515,000港元(二零一八年:98,138,000港元),固定年利率為15%(二零一八年:15%),以借款人的附屬公司之股權抵押作為擔保,於二零二一年十月(二零一八年:二零二一年十月)到期歸還及被分類為非流動應收貸款(二零一八年:非流動應收貸款)。已計提之減值撥備為363,000港元(二零一八年:643,000港元)。

應收貸款45,000,000港元(二零一八年:無),年利率6%,以借款人的債權證(包含對其業務第二固定及浮動抵押)、物業及資產作為擔保,於二零二零年十一月到期歸還,並被分類為流動應收貸款。已計提之減值撥備為562,000港元(二零一八年:無)。

- (ii) 應 收 貸 款 1,063,100,000 港 元 ( 二 零 一 八 年 : 1,357,203,000 港 元 ) ,年 利率 介 乎 5.65% 至 36% ( 二零 一 八年 : 4.75% 至 36% ) ,為無抵押 ,當中 221,694,000港元( 二零 一 八年 : 166,810,000港元) 被分類為非流動應收貸款並於二零二一年三月至二零二四年十一月( 二零一八年 : 二零二零年五月至二零二一年五月)到期歸還及年利率介乎 5.65% 至 12% ( 二零 一 八年 : 4.75% 至 12% ) 。已計提之減值撥備 277,239,000港元( 二零 一 八年 : 98,000港元)。
- (iii) 於二零一八年十二月三十一日的應收貸款 6,507,000港元,年利率為香港銀行同業拆息加 4%,以股權抵押作為擔保並於二零一八年十二月 三十一日被分類為流動應收貸款。該款項已於截至 二零一九年十二月三十一日止年度期間歸還。

於二零一九年及二零一八年十二月三十一日計 提之應收貸款的虧損撥備於附註48b中披露。

### 29. LOANS RECEIVABLE (CONTINUED)

#### Notes: (continued)

#### (i) (continued)

Loan receivable of HK\$97,515,000 (2018: HK\$98,138,000) carries a fixed interest rate of 15% (2018: 15%) per annum, is secured by share mortgage of subsidiaries of borrower, and is due for repayment in October 2021 (2018: October 2021) and is classified as non-current loans receivable (2018: non-current loans receivable). Impairment allowance of HK\$363,000 (2018: HK\$643,000) has been made.

Loan receivable of HK\$45,000,000 (2018: nil) bears interest at 6% per annum, is secured under a debenture incorporating second fixed and floating charge over its undertaking, properties and assets of the borrower and is due for repayment in November 2020 and is classified as current loans receivable. Impairment allowance of HK\$562,000 (2018: nil) has been made.

- (ii) Loans receivable of HK\$1,063,100,000 (2018: HK\$1,357,203,000) bear interests ranging from 5.65% to 36% (2018: 4.75% to 36%) per annum, are unsecured. Of which HK\$221,694,000 (2018: HK\$166,810,000) are classified as non-current loans receivable and are due for repayment from March 2021 to November 2024 (2018: from May 2020 to May 2021) and carry interests ranging from 5.65% to 12% (2018: 4.75% to 12%) per annum. Impairment allowance of HK\$277,239,000 (2018: HK\$98,000) has been made.
- (iii) Loans receivable of HK\$6,507,000 as at 31st December, 2018 bore interest at Hong Kong Inter-bank Offered Rate plus 4% per annum, was secured by share mortgage and was classified as current loans receivable as at 31st December, 2018. The balance was settled during the year ended 31st December, 2019.

The loss allowance provision for loan receivables as at 31st December, 2019 and 2018 is disclosed in note 48b.

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

截至二零一九年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31st December, 2019

# 30. 交易及其他應收賬款、按金及預付款

# 物業銷售方面的應收款項按照買賣協議的條款 規定清償。

除了物業銷售款項及來自物業租賃的租金收入 按照有關協議的條款支付,本集團一般給予客 戶三十日至一百二十日的信用限期。

於報告期末,交易應收賬款之賬齡分析如下:

# 30.TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES, DEPOSITS AND PREPAYMENTS

Proceeds receivable in respect of sales of properties are settled in accordance with the terms stipulated in the sale and purchase agreements.

Except for the proceeds from sales of properties and rental income from lease of properties which are payable in accordance with the terms of the relevant agreements, the Group generally allows a credit period of 30 days to 120 days to its customers.

The following is an aged analysis of trade receivables at the end of the reporting period:

		2019 千港元 HK\$'000	2018 千港元 HK\$′000
		11K\$ 000	1110,000
三個月內	Within 3 months	15,764	8,334
四至六個月	Between 4 and 6 months	_	1,058
七至十二個月	Between 7 and 12 months	1	8
超過十二個月	Over 12 months	1,306	957
		17,071	10,357

於二零一九年十二月三十一日,其他應收賬款、按金及預付款包括按金、預付費用、應收利息以及應收租金。前述包括一筆198,000,000港元(二零一八年:無)的按金已支付予一間中國當地機關以競標待發展物業。於報告期末後,該按金已退還。

As at 31st December, 2019, other receivables, deposits and prepayments include deposits, prepaid expenses, interest receivables and rental receivables. The foregoing included a deposit of HK\$198,000,000 (2018: nil) which was paid to a local authority of the PRC for bidding property for development. That deposit was refunded after the end of the reporting period.

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

截至二零一九年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31st December, 2019

# 31.透過損益按公允價值處理之股本 證券

# 31.EQUITY SECURITIES AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT OR LOSS

	2019	2018
	千港元	千港元
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
持作買賣: Held-for-trading:		
於中國上市之股本證券 Equity securities listed in the PRC	56,898	49,312
其他 Others	75	78
	56,973	49,390

於中國上市之股本證券乃按公允價值列賬。該 公允價值乃根據有關交易所所報之市場買入價 釐定。

### 32. 分類為待售資產及負債

於二零一九年十一月二十八日,本集團與一間本集團的50%合營企業訂立買賣協議。根據該等買賣協議,本集團同意以現金代價人民幣1,188,100,000元(相當於1,320,111,000港元)出售其從事物業發展的三間附屬公司的100%權益,並導致在交易完成後對該三間附屬公司失去控制權。於二零一九年十二月三十一日,本集團已收取人民幣673,518,000元(相當於748,354,000港元)的按金,並計入交易及其他應付賬款。該交易預計將於報告期末後十二個月內完成。

於二零一九年十二月三十一日,本附註中屬於該三間附屬公司的資產及負債已分類為待售資產及負債(見下文)。就分部報告而言,該等業務被納入在本集團的物業發展及物業投資中(見附註6)。出售所得款項預計將超過相關資產及負債於二零一九年十二月三十一日的賬面淨值。因此,將該等業務分類為待售資產及負債時未有確認減值虧損。

Equity securities listed in the PRC are stated at fair value which is determined based on the quoted market bid price available on the relevant exchanges.

# 32. ASSETS AND LIABILITIES CLASSIFIED AS HELD FOR SALE

On 28th November, 2019, the Group entered into sale and purchase agreements with a 50% joint venture of the Group. Pursuant to the sale and purchase agreements, the Group agreed to sell its 100% equity interest of three subsidiaries, which are engaged in property development for a cash consideration of RMB1,188,100,000 (equivalent to HK\$1,320,111,000) and will result in loss of control of these three subsidiaries when the transaction is completed. As at 31st December, 2019, the Group received a deposit of RMB673,518,000 (equivalent to HK\$748,354,000) and included in trades and other payables. The transaction is expected to be completed within twelve months from the end of the reporting period.

As at 31st December, 2019, the assets and liabilities attributable to these three subsidiaries as set out below in this note had been classified as assets and liabilities held for sale. The operations were included in the Group's property development and property investment as appropriate for segment reporting purposes (see note 6). The proceeds of disposal were expected to exceed the net carrying amount of the relevant assets and liabilities at 31st December, 2019. Accordingly, no impairment loss had been recognised upon the classification of these operations as assets and liabilities held for sale.

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

截至二零一九年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31st December, 2019

## 32. 分類為待售資產及負債(續)

# 32. ASSETS AND LIABILITIES CLASSIFIED AS HELD FOR SALE (CONTINUED)

分類為待售的主要資產及負債類別(包含出售組別)如下:

The major classes of assets and liabilities comprising the disposal group classified as held for sale are as follows:

		2019
		千港元
		HK\$'000
物業、廠房及設備	Property, plant and equipment	15,388
使用權資產	Right-of-use assets	460
投資物業	Investment properties	1,398,200
待發展物業	Properties for development	109,426
已竣工物業存貨	Inventories of completed properties	707,630
交易及其他應收賬款	Trade and other receivables	16,694
銀行結存及現金	Bank balances and cash	85,036
分類為待售資產	Assets classified as held for sale	2,332,834
交易及其他應付賬款	Trade and other payables	215,399
合約負債	Contract liabilities	20,804
税項負債	Tax liabilities	507
附息借款	Interest-bearing borrowings	653,981
免息借款	Interest-free borrowings	361
遞延税項負債	Deferred tax liabilities	187,636
與分類為待售資產之	Liabilities associated with assets classified as	
相關負債	held for sale	1,078,688

與分類為待售之出售組別相關的累計金額已在其他全面收益中確認並計入權益,詳情如下:

Cumulative amounts relating to the disposal group classified as held for sale, which have been recognised in other comprehensive income and included in equity, are as follows:

		2019 千港元 HK\$'000
匯兑浮動儲備 重估儲備	Exchange translation reserve Revaluation reserve	(38, <b>502</b> ) 66
		(38,436)

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

截至二零一九年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31st December, 2019

## 33. 交易及其他應付賬款

## 於報告期末,交易應付賬款(包括在交易及其 他應付賬款內)按發票日期呈列之賬齡分析 如下:

### **33.TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES**

The following is an aged analysis of trade payables by age, presented based on the invoice date, which is included in trade and other payables, at the end of the reporting period:

	2019	2018
	千港元	千港元
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
三個月內 Within 3 months	524,753	682,391
四至六個月 Between 4 and 6 months	6,467	14,036
七至十二個月 Between 7 and 12 months	37,171	69,338
超過十二個月 Over 12 months	253,802	380,462
	822,193	1,146,227

於二零一九年十二月三十一日,其他應付賬款 中包括一筆出售三間附屬公司所收取一間合營 企業748,354,000港元(二零一八年:無)的按 金,而該交易於本報告期末尚未完成(載於附 註32)。

As at 31st December, 2019, other payables included a deposit of HK\$748,354,000 (2018: nil) which was received from a joint venture for disposal of three subsidiaries and the transactions have not yet completed at the end of the reporting period (as set out in note 32).

## 34. 合約負債

### **34. CONTRACT LIABILITIES**

	2019	2018
	千港元	千港元
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
物業銷售 Sales of properties	1,081,448	1,991,420

於二零一八年一月一日,合約負債總額為 2,491,148,000港元。

As at 1st January, 2018, contract liabilities was amounted to HK\$2,491,148,000.

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

截至二零一九年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31st December, 2019

## 34. 合約負債(續)

# 下表顯示本年度確認的收入有多少與結轉合約 負債有關。

## **34.CONTRACT LIABILITIES** (CONTINUED)

The following table shows how much of the revenue recognised in the current year relates to carried-forward contract liabilities.

		物業銷售 Sales of properties 2019 千港元 HK\$'000	物業銷售 Sales of properties 2018 千港元 HK\$'000
於本年度已確認收入 (包括在合約負債之 年初結餘內)	Revenue recognised that was included in the contract liabilities balance at the beginning of the year	906,628	2,377,169

本集團與客戶在簽訂買賣協議時,一般收取客戶30%至50%(二零一八年:10%至60%)合同金額作為訂金。然而,根據市場情況,如客戶同意在施工進行期間儘早支付購價的餘額,與銷售價單比較下,本集團可能向客戶提供折扣。由訂金和預付款計劃產生之合約負債於整個物業工程期間確認,並於客戶取得已竣工物業的控制權時轉出。

The Group generally receives 30% to 50% (2018: 10% to 60%) of the contract value as deposits from customers when they sign the sale and purchase agreement. However, depending on market conditions, the Group may offer customers a discount compared to the listed sales price, provided that the customers agree to pay the balance of the consideration early while construction is still ongoing. The deposits and advance payment schemes result in contract liabilities being recognised throughout the property construction period until the customer obtains control of the completed property.

## 35. 附息借款

### 35.INTEREST-BEARING BORROWINGS

		2019 千港元 HK\$'000	2018 千港元 HK\$′000
銀行貸款 其他借款	Bank loans Other loans	4,965,180 360,505	4,603,250 127,023
		5,325,685	4,730,273
有抵押 無抵押	Secured Unsecured	4,409,625 916,060	4,603,250 127,023
		5,325,685	4,730,273

於報告期末,本集團有應付予一名有關連人士之貸款,其詳情於附註46(a)載列。

At the end of the reporting period, the Group has loans payable to a related party, details of which are set out in note 46(a).

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

截至二零一九年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31st December, 2019

# 35. 附息借款(續)

## 35.INTEREST-BEARING BORROWINGS (CONTINUED)

		2019	2018
		千港元	千港元
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
賬面值按以下償還:	Carrying amount repayable:		
一年內	Within one year	163,275	1,165,228
多於一年,	More than one year, but not		
但不超過兩年	exceeding two years	918,603	846,554
多於兩年,	More than two years, but not		
但不超過五年	exceeding five years	1,729,509	1,672,967
多於五年	More than five years	1,238,969	882,717
		4,050,356	4,567,466
包含可按要求償還	Carrying amount of bank loans		
條款的銀行貸款	that contain a repayment on		
之賬面值:	demand clause:		
一年內	Within one year	1,075,329	67,130
多於一年,	More than one year, but not		
但不超過兩年	exceeding two years	200,000	17,741
多於兩年,	More than two years, but not		
但不超過五年	exceeding five years	-	59,323
多於五年	More than five years	_	18,613
		1,275,329	162,807
		5,325,685	4,730,273
<i>減:</i> 列於流動負債中	Less: Amounts due within one		
一年內到期之	year shown under current		
款項	liabilities	(1,438,604)	(1,328,035)
一年後到期之款項	Amounts due after one year	3,887,081	3,402,238

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

截至二零一九年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31st December, 2019

## 35. 附息借款(續)

## 本集團面對之定息借款及合約定下之到期日 (或重新定價日)如下:

### 35.INTEREST-BEARING BORROWINGS (CONTINUED)

The exposure of the Group's fixed-rate borrowings and the contractual maturity dates (or repricing dates) are as follows:

	2019	2018
	千港元	千港元
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
定息借款: Fixed-rate bo	rrowings:	
一年內 Within one	e year 513,990	1,323,357
多於一年, More than	one year, but not	
但不多於兩年 more that	an two years <b>909,021</b>	837,197
多於兩年, More than	two years, but not	
但不多於三年 more that	an three years 819,212	553,486
多於三年, More than	three years, but not	
但不多於四年 more that	an four years 267,458	400,037
多於四年, More than	four years, but not	
但不多於五年 more that	an five years 205,586	287,786
多於五年 More than	five years <b>1,238,969</b>	882,717
	3,954,236	4,284,580

此外,本集團之浮息借款451,626,000港元(二零一八年:445,693,000港元)、419,823,000港元(二零一八年:無)及500,000,000港元(二零一八年:無)分別按倫敦銀行同業拆息加百分比1.30%(二零一八年:按倫敦銀行同業拆息加百分比1.30%)、一間銀行所報之利率加百分比0.60%(二零一八年:不適用)及香港銀行同業拆息加百分比1.80%(二零一八年:不適用)計算利息。利息每一個月(二零一八年:每一個月)重新定價。

In addition, the Group has variable-rate borrowings of HK\$451,626,000 (2018: HK\$445,693,000), HK\$419,823,000 (2018: nil) and HK\$500,000,000 (2018: nil) which carry interest at London Interbank Offered Rate plus a percentage of 1.30% (2018: London Interbank Offered Rate plus a percentage of 1.30%), interest rate quoted by a bank plus a percentage of 0.60% (2018: N/A) and Hong Kong Interbank Offered Rate plus a percentage of 1.80% (2018: N/A) respectively. Interest is repriced every month (2018: every month).

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

截至二零一九年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31st December, 2019

## 35. 附息借款(續)

## 35.INTEREST-BEARING BORROWINGS (CONTINUED)

本集團借款之實際利率(相當於合約利率)範圍如下:

The ranges of effective interest rates (which are also equal to contracted interest rates) on the Group's borrowings are as follows:

	2019	2018
實際利率:		
Effective interest rate:		
定息借款	2.50%至10.00%	3.80%至10.00%
Fixed-rate borrowings	2.50% to 10.00%	3.80% to 10.00%
浮息借款	2.01%至4.45%	2.03%
Variable-rate borrowings	2.01% to 4.45%	2.03%
浮息借款		

本集團附息借款之賬面值按下列貨幣計值:

The carrying amounts of the Group's interest-bearing borrowings are denominated in the following currencies:

		人民幣 RMB 千港元 HK\$'000	港元 Hong Kong Dollars 千港元 HK\$'000	英鎊 British Pound 千港元 HK\$'000	澳元 Australian Dollars 千港元 HK\$'000	總計 Total 千港元 HK\$'000
二零一九年 銀行及其他貸款	2019 Bank and other loans	3,842,372	505,000	451,626	526,687	5,325,685
二零一八年 銀行及其他貸款	2018 Bank and other loans	4,207,875	5,000	445,693	71,705	4,730,273

於二零一九年十二月三十一日,該等借款以市場利率計息,並於二零二零年至二零三四年(二零一八年:於二零一九年至二零三二年)到期,所得款項乃用於本集團收購物業及營運業務。

As at 31st December, 2019, the loans bear interest at market rates and will be matured from 2020 to 2034 (2018: from 2019 to 2032). The proceeds were used to finance the acquisitions of properties and operating activities of the Group.

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

截至二零一九年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31st December, 2019

## 36. 免息借款

## **36. INTEREST-FREE BORROWINGS**

		2019 千港元 HK\$′000	2018 千港元 HK\$′000
應付聯營公司款項 應付合營企業款項 來自非控股權益 借款	Amounts due to associates Amounts due to joint ventures Advances from non-controlling interest	17,251 1,372,202 161 1,389,614	7,431 943,170 167 950,768
賬面值按以下償還: 於流動負債下 應要求 或一年內	Carrying amount repayable: On demand or within one year shown under current liabilities	1,389,614	950,768

本集團免息借款之賬面值按下列貨幣計值:

The carrying amounts of the Group's interest-free borrowings are denominated in the following currencies:

			港元	
		人民幣	<b>Hong Kong</b>	總計
		RMB	Dollars	Total
		千港元	千港元	千港元
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
二零一九年	2019			
免息借款	Interest-free borrowings	1,372,363	17,251	1,389,614
			·	
二零一八年	2018			
免息借款	Interest-free borrowings	915,403	35,365	950,768

該等款項是無抵押、免息及於應要求下償還。 The amounts are unsecured, interest-free and repayable on demand.

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

截至二零一九年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31st December, 2019

## 37. 股本

### **37. SHARE CAPITAL**

		普通股股份數目 Number of ordinary shares		股本 Share capital	
		2019	2018	2019 千港元 HK\$'000	2018 千港元 HK\$′000
已發行及繳足: 於本年初 股份回購及 註銷	Issued and fully paid: At beginning of year Shares repurchased and cancelled	1,506,769,491 (6,122,000)	1,506,769,491	3,788,814	3,788,814
於本年末	At end of year	1,500,647,491	1,506,769,491	3,788,814	3,788,814

本集團透過聯交所收購其6,122,000股股份(二零一八年:無)。收購股份所支付的總金額為21,120,900港元(二零一八年:無),並已從累計溢利中扣除。所有回購的股票均已被註銷。

於截至二零一九年十二月三十一日止年度期間,本公司在聯交所回購其普通股如下:

The Group acquired 6,122,000 (2018: nil) of its own shares through purchase on the Stock Exchange. The total amount paid to acquire the shares was HK\$21,120,900 (2018: nil) which has been deducted from retained profits. All the repurchased shares were cancelled.

During the year ended 31st December, 2019, the Company repurchased its own ordinary shares on the Stock Exchange as follows:

		已回購		已支付的代價總值
		普通股數目	每股收購代價	(未計入開支前)
		Number of	Purchase	Aggregate
		ordinary shares	consideration	consideration paid
		repurchased	per share	(before expenses)
			港元	千港元
回購日	Date of repurchase		HK\$	HK\$'000
二零一九年十二月九日	9th December, 2019	6,122,000	3.45	21,121

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

截至二零一九年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31st December, 2019

## 38. 儲備

本集團的其他儲備主要包括於過往年度有關一間附屬公司擁有權之權益變動(並沒有失去控制權)而導致本集團應佔資產淨值之變動。

在中國註冊成立之附屬公司,聯營公司及合營企業,其可匯出中國境外之累計溢利須由當地機關批准,並視乎該等公司所賺取及保留之外幣數目而定。

### 本集團之重估儲備

### 38. RESERVES

Other reserves of the Group mainly comprise the change in net assets attributable to the Group in relation to changes in ownership interest in a subsidiary without losing of control in prior year.

The remittance outside of the PRC of retained earnings of the subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures established in the PRC is subject to approval of the local authorities and the availability of foreign currencies generated and retained by these companies.

## **Revaluation reserves of the Group**

		物業重估儲備 Property revaluation reserve 千港元 HK\$'000	投資重估儲備 Investment revaluation reserve 千港元 HK\$'000	總計 Total 千港元 HK\$′000
於二零一八年一月一日	At 1st January, 2018			
(原呈列)	(originally stated)	12,123	49,264	61,387
會計政策變動的影響	Effect on changes in accounting policy	_	(77,903)	(77,903)
於二零一八年一月一日	At 1st January, 2018			
(重列)	(restated)	12,123	(28,639)	(16,516)
透過其他全面收益按	Net change in fair value			
公允價值處理之股本工具	of equity instruments		(6.4.0==)	(5.4.0==)
公允價值之淨變動	at FVTOCI	_	(64,955)	(64,955)
透過其他全面收益按 公允價值處理之股本工具	Deferred tax effect on change in fair value of			
公允價值之變動之	an equity instrument			
遞延税項的影響	at FVTOCI	_	3,603	3,603
於轉撥至投資物業時之	Surplus on revaluation properties and		0,000	0,000
物業及預付租賃款	prepaid lease payment upon transfer			
重估盈餘	to investment properties	3,156	_	3,156
於轉撥至投資物業時之	Deferred tax effect on revaluation of			
物業重估之遞延税項的	properties upon transfer to	(4.505)		(4 = 0 = )
影響	investment properties	(4,527)	_	(4,527)
於出售透過其他全面收益 按公允價值處理之股本	Transfer of investment revaluation reserves to retained earnings			
工具時轉撥投資重估	upon disposal of equity instrument			
(A)	at FVTOCI	_	4,601	4,601
HATES AND			1,001	1,001
於二零一八年	At 31st December,			
十二月三十一日	2018	10,752	(85,390)	(74,638)
透過其他全面收益按公允	Net change in fair value of	,	, , .	, , ,
價值處理之股本工具	equity instruments			
公允價值之淨變動	at FVTOCI	_	(65,419)	(65,419)
透過其他全面收益按公允	Deferred tax effect on			
價值處理之股本工具	change in fair value of			
公允價值之變動之 遞延税項的影響	an equity instrument at FVTOCI		1,210	1,210
<u>ルルスピイル・</u> 宍 ロソボン 音	at 1 v 1001		1,210	1,210
於二零一九年	At 31st December,			
十二月三十一日	2019	10,752	(149,599)	(138,847)
			. , ,	

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

截至二零一九年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31st December, 2019

## 39. 一名租戶之遞延租金收入

根據於二零零二年訂立之租賃協議及二零零五年之條款修訂,130,625,000港元被分類為遞延租金收入,並按二零零五年起十七年租賃期以直線法計入損益內作為租金收入。於二零一九年十二月三十一日,於一年內計入損益之一名租戶之遞延租金收入為7,991,000港元(二零一八年:8,267,000港元)已包括在交易及其他應付賬款內。

## 40. 遞延税項

於本年度及過往年度確認的主要遞延税項負債(資產)及其變動如下:

### 39. DEFERRED RENTAL INCOME FROM A TENANT

Pursuant to a tenancy agreement entered in 2002 and revision of terms in 2005, HK\$130,625,000 was classified as deferred rental income and is released to the profit or loss as rental income on a straight-line basis over the lease term of 17 years from 2005. At 31st December, 2019, deferred rental income from a tenant to be released within one year of HK\$7,991,000 (2018: HK\$8,267,000) has been included in trade and other payables.

### **40. DEFERRED TAXATION**

The following are the major deferred tax liabilities (assets) recognised and movements thereon during the current and prior years:

		業務合併 Business combinations (附註i) (Note i) 千港元 HK\$'000	重估物業 Revaluation of properties 千港元 HK\$'000	按照本集團 之會計政策 作出調整 Adjustments to conform to the Group's accounting policies (附註ii) (Note ii) 千港元 HK\$'000	未分派盈利 之預提税 Withholding tax on undistributed earnings 千港元 HK\$'000	對銷已計入 物業內之 公司間費用 Elimination of inter- company charges in properties (附註iii) (Note iii) 千港元 HK\$'000	税項虧損 Tax losses 千港元 HK\$′000	<b>其他</b> <b>Others</b> 千港元 HK\$'000	總計 <b>Total</b> 千港元 HK\$'000
		ΤΙΚΨ 000	Τικφ σσσ	ΤΙΚΨ 000	ΤΙΚΨ ΟΟΟ	ΤΙΚΦ 000	1110,000	111000	111000
於二零一八年一月一日 匯兑調整 於年內自損益扣除	At 1st January, 2018 Exchange adjustments Charge (credit) to profit or	114,878 (639)	2,087,768 (38,432)	102,198 (8,161)	234,070	(26,751)	(428)	1,290	2,513,025 (47,232)
(撥回)	loss for the year	5	138,082	(19,257)	47,884	-	-	(52)	166,662
於年內自重估儲備 (撥回)扣除	(Credit) charge to revaluation reserve for the year	(843)	6,882	(3,603)	_			-	2,436
於二零一八年十二月	At 31st December,								
三十一目	2018	113,401	2,194,300	71,177	281,954	(26,751)	(428)	1,238	2,634,891
匯兑調整	Exchange adjustments	(904)	(70,128)	(2,434)	-	_	_	_	(73,466)
於年內自損益 (撥回)扣除 於年內自重估	(Credit) charge to profit or loss for the year Credit to revaluation reserve	(7)	111,514	(6,029)	31,314	-	112	156	137,060
儲備撥回	for the year	-	-	(1,210)	-	-	_	-	(1,210)
重新分類為待售	Reclassified as held for sale	-	(176,520)	(11,116)	_	=		-	(187,636)
於二零一九年十二月 三十一日	At 31st December, 2019	112,490	2,059,166	50,388	313,268	(26,751)	(316)	1,394	2,509,639

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

截至二零一九年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31st December, 2019

### 40. 遞延税項(續)

#### 附註:

- (i) 指收購附屬公司時對資產及負債的賬面值作出公允 價值調整而產生之暫時差異的稅項影響。
- (ii)包括若干附屬公司為按照本集團收入確認及物業發展成本資本化之政策對管理賬目作出調整而產生之暫時差異的稅項影響,其中包括土地增值稅之中國企業所得稅節省和待發展物業之攤銷所產生之暫時差異之稅項影響。
- (iii) 指對銷原先資本化為附屬公司的發展中物業、已竣工物業存貨及投資物業成本之公司間費用而產生之暫時差異稅項影響。

若干遞延税項資產及負債因應綜合財務狀況表 呈列用途而作出抵銷,以下為遞延税項結餘用 作財務報告用途時作出的分析:

### **40. DEFERRED TAXATION** (CONTINUED)

#### Notes:

- (i) This represents the tax effect of the temporary differences arising from the fair value adjustments to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities upon acquisition of subsidiaries.
- (ii) This includes the tax effect of the temporary differences arising from the adjustments to management accounts of certain subsidiaries to conform to the Group's policies of revenue recognition and capitalisation of property development cost, which includes tax effect of the temporary difference arising from PRC Enterprise Income Tax saving on LAT and amortisation of properties for development.
- (iii) This represents the tax effect of the temporary differences arising from the elimination of inter-company charges originally capitalised as cost of properties under development, inventories of completed properties and investment properties of subsidiaries.

For the purpose of presentation in the consolidated statement of financial position, certain deferred tax assets and liabilities have been offset. The following is the analysis of the deferred tax balances for financial reporting purposes:

		<b>2019</b> 千港元	2018 千港元
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
遞延税項負債	Deferred tax liabilities	2,821,032	2,751,853
遞延税項資產	Deferred tax assets	(311,393)	(116,962)
		2,509,639	2,634,891

於報告期末,本集團擁有可抵銷未來溢利之未動用稅項虧損1,100,688,000港元(二零一八年:1,132,269,000港元)。此未動用稅項虧損中之1,913,000港元(二零一八年:2,594,000港元)已確認為遞延稅項資產。由於無法預知未來溢利流向,故餘下之1,098,775,000港元(二零一八年:1,129,675,000港元)並無確認為遞延稅項資產。未確認稅項虧損包括將於二零二四年之前逐漸地到期之虧損470,325,000港元(二零一八年:484,890,000港元)。其他虧損可以無限期保留。

於報告期末,本集團其他可扣減之暫時差異為787,817,000港元(二零一八年:718,552,000港元)。鑑於未來不大可能有應課稅溢利抵銷可動用之可扣減暫時差異,故本集團並無就此可扣減暫時差異確認遞延稅項資產。

At the end of the reporting period, the Group has unused tax losses of HK\$1,100,688,000 (2018: HK\$1,132,269,000) available for offset against future profits. A deferred tax asset has been recognised in respect of HK\$1,913,000 (2018: HK\$2,594,000) of such losses. No deferred tax asset has been recognised in respect of the remaining HK\$1,098,775,000 (2018: HK\$1,129,675,000) due to the unpredictability of future profit streams. Included in unrecognised tax losses are losses of HK\$470,325,000 (2018: HK\$484,890,000) that will gradually expire until 2024. Other losses may be carried forward indefinitely.

At the end of the reporting period, the Group has other deductible temporary differences of HK\$787,817,000 (2018: HK\$718,552,000). No deferred tax asset has been recognised in relation to such deductible temporary difference as it is not probable that taxable profit will be available against which the deductible temporary differences can be utilised.

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

截至二零一九年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31st December, 2019

## 41. 租賃安排

### 本集團為出租方

於報告期末,若干投資物業從佔用該物業的承租人開始經營之日起租賃,為期三十五年,並於租賃期完結時沒有給予任何續約優先權。租金乃按承租人之收入(已扣除增值税)之若干比率計算,並附有最低年租金。其他投資物業之租賃期介乎一至十年及大多數租賃並無給予承租人任何續約優先權。

### 租賃中應收最低租賃款項如下:

### **41.LEASE ARRANGEMENTS**

### The Group as lessor

At the end of the reporting period, certain investment properties are leased out for a period of 35 years from the date of commencement of operation of a lessee that occupies the properties, without given any renewal priority at the end of the lease. The rentals are calculated at a certain percentage of the revenue (net of value added tax) of the lessee, with a minimum annual rental. Other investment properties were leased out for periods ranging from 1 to 10 years and the majority of the leases do not have any renewal priorities given to the lessees.

Minimum lease payments receivable on leases are as follows:

		<b>2019</b> 千港元
		HK\$'000
一年之內	Within one year	421,065
第二年	In the second year	283,601
第三年	In the third year	196,985
第四年	In the fourth year	147,128
第五年	In the fifth year	114,764
五年之後	After five years	792,732
		1,956,275

		12018 千港元 HK\$'000
一年之內 第二年至第五年(包括首尾兩年) 五年之後	Within one year In the second to fifth year inclusive After five years	405,546 589,628 787,184
		1,782,358

與承租方營業額掛鈎的或有租金於本年度確認 為收入的金額為36,556,000港元(二零一八年: 34,567,000港元)。 Contingent rents which is linked to the lessee's turnover recognised in income for the year amounted to HK\$36,556,000 (2018: HK\$34,567,000).

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## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

截至二零一九年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31st December, 2019

## 41. 租賃安排(續)

### 本集團為承租方

於報告期末,本集團就租賃物業不可撤銷的經 營租賃於下列期間到期之未來最低租賃款項承 諾如下:

## **41.LEASE ARRANGEMENTS** (CONTINUED)

## The Group as lessee

At the end of the reporting period, the Group had commitments for future minimum lease payments under non-cancellable operating leases in respect of rented premises which fall due as follows:

> 2018 千港元 HK\$′000

一年之內	Within one year	1,915

經營租賃款項乃指本集團對於若干辦公室物業 之應付租金。經議定的租賃期為一年至三年, 按固定租金。 Operating lease payments represented rentals payable by the Group for certain of its office properties. Leases are negotiated for a term ranging from 1 year to 3 years at fixed rentals.

## 42. 資本承諾

### **42. CAPITAL COMMITMENTS**

		2019 千港元 HK\$′000	2018 千港元 HK\$′000
就購買中國 土地使用權 合約承諾的 資本開支 資本投入至透過損益 按公允價值處理之 金融資產	Capital expenditure in respect of contracted commitments for acquisition of land use rights in the PRC  Capital contribution to a financial asset at fair value through profit or loss	98,967 4,771	109,552 8,141

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

截至二零一九年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31st December, 2019

### 43.或有負債

## (a) 本集團於二零一九年十二月三十一日及二 零一八年十二月三十一日之擔保如下:

### **43. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES**

(a) At 31st December, 2019 and 31st December, 2018, the Group had guarantees as follows:

		2019 千港元 HK\$′000	2018 千港元 HK\$′000
就物業買家獲授之	Guarantees given to banks in		
按揭貸款向銀行 作出之擔保	respect of mortgage loans granted to property purchasers	14,160	597,469
就合營企業獲授及 已使用之銀行	Guarantees given to banks in respect of banking facilities		
信貸向銀行 作出之擔保	granted to and utilised by joint ventures	619,167	611,379
就合營企業獲授但 尚未使用之銀行	Guarantees given to banks in respect of banking facilities		,
信貸向銀行作出	granted to but not yet utilised		
之擔保 就物業發展項目而	by joint ventures Guarantees granted in respect of	18,056	59,770
向公用服務供應 及政府機關提供	utility supplies and government authorities for the property		
之擔保	development works	545	3,364

- (b) 由本集團之合營企業持有而賬面值約88,627,000港元(二零一八年:74,340,000港元)的兩項(二零一八年:兩項)待發展物業以及由本公司之一間附屬公司持有而賬面值約37,865,000港元(二零一八年:35,050,000港元)的一項待發展物業正被當地機關進行閒置土地調查。該等由合營企業及附屬公司持有之土地擁有若干張土地使用證,除了部份土地作為整個項目餘下發展外,超過一半的土地發展已告完成或正在開發。
  - 此外,由本集團之另一間合營企業持有而 賬面值約433,044,000港元(二零一八年: 755,496,000港元)之待發展物業已被當地 機關分類為閒置土地。一期發展之建造工 程已於本年度完成,而二期發展已於本年 度展開。
- (b) Two pieces (2018: two pieces) of properties for development that are held by joint ventures of the Group with carrying value of approximately HK\$88,627,000 (2018: HK\$74,340,000) and a property for development that is held by a subsidiary of the Company with carrying value of approximately HK\$37,865,000 (2018: HK\$35,050,000) are under idle land investigation by the local authorities. These pieces of lands owned by the joint ventures and the subsidiary were held under several land use right certificates. The development of more than half of the pieces of lands were either completed or under development, except for the portions which are retained for the remaining development of the whole projects.

Further, property for development that is held by another joint venture of the Group with carrying value of approximately HK\$433,044,000 (2018: HK\$755,496,000) had been identified as idle land by the local authority. The construction works for the first phase of development has been completed this year while the second phase of development has started during the year.

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

截至二零一九年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31st December, 2019

## 43.或有負債(續)

### (b) (續)

於報告期末後,由本公司之另一間附屬公司持有而賬面值約12,380,000港元的部份待發展物業已被當地機關分類為閒置土地。由該附屬公司持有的該塊土地已分階段進行發展,除了若干期數作為整個項目餘下發展外,大約一半的土地發展已告完成。

本集團現正積極防止該等正進行閒置土地 調查的土地發展可能被分類為閒置土地, 並採取補救措施以防止該等土地被分類為 閒置土地的起訴,包括與當地機關商討發 展方案之可行性。根據法律意見,本集團 已對有關問題作出評估,並認為閒置土地 被充公不會發生。根據董事的意見,由以 上的調查引起經濟損失的可能性並不高。

- (c) 先前購買深圳物業的一名物業買家,因未能安排簽發房屋所有權證書,而向本集團的一間合營企業提起索償約12,875,000港元的法律訴訟。判決對合營企業有利,而物業買家已於本年度內提出上訴。該案件仍待法院審理。本集團已評估該索償並認為該索償的最終結果並不會對綜合財務報表產生重大影響。
- (d) 一個承包商已對本集團的一間合營企業提起法律訴訟,索償未付的供應和安裝費用,以及約32,499,000港元存在爭議的逾期利息及罰款。該合營企業應計的供應和安裝費用總額約11,390,000港元。該案件仍待法院審理。本集團已評估該索償並認為該索償的最終結果並不會對綜合財務報表產生重大影響。

### **43.CONTINGENT LIABILITIES** (CONTINUED)

#### (b) (continued)

Subsequent to the end of the reporting period, a portion of property for development that is held by another subsidiary of the Company with carrying value of approximately HK\$12,380,000 had been identified as idle land by the local authority. The land owned by the subsidiary has been developed by several phases and approximately half of them were completed, except some phases which retained for the remaining development of the whole projects.

The Group is currently working diligently to prevent the possible classification as idle land for those under idle land investigation and taking remedy action to prevent from prosecution for those had been identified as idle land, including negotiating the feasibility of development plans with local authorities. Based on legal advices, the Group has assessed the issue and considers that the idle land confiscation can be reversed. In the opinion of the Directors, the economic outflows caused by above cases are not probable.

- (c) A property purchaser who previously purchased properties in Shenzhen initiated legal proceedings against a joint venture of the Group for a claim of approximately HK\$12,875,000 due to the failure to arrange issuance of the ownership certificate of the properties. The judgement was held in favour of the joint venture and the property purchaser appealed during the year. The case is still pending trial by the court. The Group has assessed the claim and considers that the final outcome of the claim will not have material effect on the consolidated financial statements.
- (d) A contractor has initiated legal proceedings against a joint venture of the Group claiming for outstanding supply and installation costs together with overdue interest and penalty of approximately HK\$32,499,000 which are being disputed. Full amount of supply and installation costs of approximately HK\$11,390,000 were accrued by the joint venture. The case is still pending trial by the court. The Group has assessed the claim and considers that the final outcome of the claim will not have material effect on the consolidated financial statements.

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

截至二零一九年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31st December, 2019

## 43.或有負債(續)

- (e) 一家銀行已對本集團的一間合營企業(作為擔保人之一)提起法律訴訟,索償未償還的貸款及利息共約238,813,000港元。該銀行告知該貸款是在本集團收購合營企業之權益前發放給該合營企業的前股東。該法律訴訟仍處於初期階段。本集團已評估該索償及董事認為本集團對該索償有強而有力的依據,而該索償並不會對綜合財務報表產生重大影響。
- (f) 若干分包商已對本公司之一間附屬公司提 起法律訴訟,索償未付約11,493,000港元 存在爭議的建造成本。等值約19,069,000 港元的投資物業由法院監管。該案件仍待 法院審理。本集團已評估該索償並認為該 索償的最終結果並不會對綜合財務報表產 生重大影響。
- (g) 本集團的一間聯營公司的總承判商暫停工程,並要求增加合約成本,該聯營公司已拒絕並向該總承判商提出法律訴訟以要求取消工程合約及賠償損失約115,179,000港元。然而,於報告期末後,該總承判商已向本集團的聯營公司提出反訴,索償因施工進度延誤而未付的存在爭議之工程款、罰款和損失約144,726,000港元。該法律訴訟仍處於初期階段。本集團已評估該索償並認為現階段評估可能的責任範圍為時尚早。

### **43. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES** (CONTINUED)

- (e) A bank has initiated legal proceedings against a joint venture of the Group as one of the guarantors claiming for outstanding loan and interest of totally approximately HK\$238,813,000. The bank reported that the loan was granted to a former shareholder of the joint venture before the acquisition of interest in that joint venture by the Group. The legal proceeding is still in initial stage. The Group has assessed the claim and in the opinion of the Directors, the Group has rigid grounds against the claim and the claim will not have material effect on the consolidated financial statements.
- (f) Certain subcontractors have initiated legal proceedings against a subsidiary of the Company claiming for outstanding construction costs of approximately HK\$11,493,000 which are being disputed. Investment properties of approximately HK\$19,069,000 equivalent was held in the custody of the court. The case is still pending trial by the court. The Group has assessed the claim and considers that the final outcome of the claim will not have material effect on the consolidated financial statements.
- (g) The main contractor of an associate of the Group suspended works and requested to increase the contract cost, the associate has refused and initiated legal proceedings against the main contractor for the cancellation of the construction contract and compensation for the loss, approximately HK\$115,179,000. However, subsequent to the end of the reporting period, the main contractor has counterclaimed against the associate of the Group claiming for outstanding construction costs, penalty and loss suffered from the construction schedule delay of approximately HK\$144,726,000 which are being disputed. The legal proceeding is still in initial stage. The Group has assessed the claim and considers that it is too early to assess the possible liability at this stage.

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

截至二零一九年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31st December, 2019

## 44. 退休福利計劃

本集團參與根據職業退休計劃條例登記之定額 供款計劃(「職業退休計劃」)及強積金條例於二 零零零年十二月成立之強積金計劃(「強積金計 劃」)。該等計劃之資產與本集團之資產分開持 有,並存放於由信託人管理之基金。在強積金 計劃成立之前,原為職業退休計劃成員之僱員 可選擇繼續參與職業退休計劃或轉至強積金計 劃,而所有於二零零零年十二月一日或以後新 入職之僱員須參與強積金計劃。

對於強積金計劃成員,僱員及本集團之供款 為僱員每月有關收入之5%,強制性上限為 30,000港元,如員工每月之基本薪金超過 30,000港元,本集團亦會作出5%之補充供款。

職業退休計劃的資金來源為僱員及本集團之每月供款。僱員之供款率為基本薪金之0%至5%,而本集團之供款率則按僱員於本集團之服務年資介乎5%至10%。倘若僱員在完全符合獲取全部供款資格前退出職業退休計劃,該筆沒收之供款可扣減本集團之應付供款。於二零一九年十二月三十一日止年度內及二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度內,並無沒收供款用作扣減供款。於報告期末,並無因僱員退出職業退休計劃而沒收之供款用作扣減將來之應付供款。

本公司於中國成立之附屬公司的僱員是中國政府運作之國家監管退休福利計劃之成員。該等附屬公司須將一定比例的工資費用作為供款,以作該退休福利計劃之資金。關於該退休福利計劃,本集團唯一責任是提供特定的供款。

於截至二零一九年十二月三十一日止年度內, 本集團已供款為30,451,000港元(二零一八年: 31,406,000港元)至退休福利計劃。

### **44. RETIREMENT BENEFIT PLANS**

The Group participates in both a defined contribution scheme which is registered under the Occupational Retirement Scheme Ordinance ("ORSO Scheme") and a Mandatory Provident Fund Scheme ("MPF Scheme") established under the Mandatory Provident Fund Schemes Ordinance in December 2000. The assets of the schemes are held separately from those of the Group, in funds under the control of trustees. Employees who were members of the ORSO Scheme prior to the establishment of the MPF Scheme were offered a choice of staying within the ORSO Scheme or switching to the MPF Scheme, whereas all new employees joining the Group on or after 1st December, 2000 are required to join the MPF Scheme.

For members of the MPF Scheme, both employees' and the Group's contributions are calculated at 5% of the employee's monthly relevant income, with the mandatory cap of HK\$30,000, and the Group will make 5% top-up contribution if an employee's monthly basic salary exceeds HK\$30,000.

The ORSO Scheme is funded by monthly contributions from the employees at rates ranging from 0% to 5% and from the Group at rates ranging from 5% to 10% of the employee's basic salary, depending on the length of service with the Group. Where there are employees who leave the ORSO Scheme prior to vesting fully in the contributions, the contributions payable by the Group are reduced by the amount of forfeited contributions. During the years ended 31st December, 2019 and 31st December, 2018, there were no forfeited contributions used to offset contributions. At the end of the reporting period, no forfeited contributions, which arose upon employees leaving the ORSO Scheme, are available to reduce the contributions payable in future years.

The employees of the Company's subsidiaries established in the PRC are members of state-managed retirement benefit schemes operated by the PRC government. These subsidiaries are required to contribute certain percentage of payroll costs to the retirement benefit schemes to fund the benefits. The only obligation of the Group with respect to the retirement benefit schemes is to make the specified contributions.

During the year ended 31st December, 2019, the Group made contributions to the retirement benefits schemes of HK\$30,451,000 (2018: HK\$31,406,000).

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

截至二零一九年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31st December, 2019

## 45.主要非現金交易

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截至二零一九年十二月三十一日止年度期間, 一間合營企業宣佈派發226,542,000港元股息 予本集團,而本集團直接投入該股息予該合營 企業作為資本投入。

## 46.有關連人士之交易及結餘

本集團與有關連人士之重大交易及結餘如下:

## **45.MAJOR NON-CASH TRANSACTIONS**

During the year ended 31st December, 2019, a joint venture declared dividend of HK\$226,542,000 to the Group and the Group directly contributed the dividend as capital contribution to that joint venture.

### **46. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS AND BALANCES**

The Group had material transactions and balances with related parties as follows:

		2019 千港元 HK\$'000	2018 千港元 HK\$′000
(a) 具有重大影響力之	(a) A major shareholder of the		
本公司主要股東	Company with significant		
TH. A. I> ( T. ) + 1 - 17 2 - 7	influence		
聯合地產(香港)有限公司	Allied Properties (H.K.)		
(「聯合地產」)及	Limited ("APL") and its		
其附屬公司及	subsidiaries and its ultimate		
其最終控股公司及	holding company and		
其最終控股公司	subsidiaries of its ultimate		
之附屬公司	holding company		
一向本集團	– Rent, property		
收取的租金、 ************************************	management and air-		
物業管理及	conditioning fees		
空調費用	charged to the Group	4,576	5,035
一向本集團收取的	<ul> <li>Management fee charged</li> </ul>		
管理費	to the Group	51,555	57,340
一向本集團收取的	<ul> <li>Interest expenses charged</li> </ul>		
利息費用	to the Group	3,896	3,839
一向本集團收取的	<ul> <li>Sundry expenses charged</li> </ul>		
其他費用	to the Group	992	611
一其他應付賬款	– Other payable	5,880	10,179
一應付貸款( <i>附註i)</i>	– Loans payable (Note i)	155,711	122,062
一授予本集團	<ul> <li>Loan facility granted to</li> </ul>		
但尚未使用的	but not yet utilised by		
貸款融通	the Group	100,321	38,610

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

截至二零一九年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31st December, 2019

## 46. 有關連人士之交易及結餘

(續)

# **46. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS AND BALANCES**(CONTINUED)

		2019 千港元 HK\$′000	2018 千港元 HK\$′000
(b) 聯合地產之一間 附屬公司一新鴻基有限公司 (「新鴻基」)及其附屬公司 一本集團賺取 的租金及 物業管理費收入 一本集團賺取的 利息收入 一應收貸款(附註ii) 一其他應付賬款	(b) A subsidiary of APL, Sun Hung Kai & Co. Limited ("SHK") and its subsidiaries – Rental and property management fee income earned by the Group – Interest income earned by the Group – Loan receivable (Note ii) – Other payable	2,579 5,900 78,000 1,712	3,427 5,522 116,465 1,952
(c) 主要管理層人員 薪酬 一薪金及其他短期 福利 一退休福利費用	<ul><li>(c) Key management personnel compensation</li><li>– Salaries and other short-term benefits</li><li>– Post-employment costs</li></ul>	63,474 723	69,151 701
(d) 聯營公司及合營企業 一本集團賺取的租金 一本集團賺取的 利息收入 一本集團賺取的	<ul> <li>(d) Associates and joint ventures         <ul> <li>Rent earned by the Group</li> <li>Interest income earned by the Group</li> <li>Property management fee</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	1,419 25,975	1,904 8,008
物業管理費 收入 一本集團已收或應收 的股息收入	income earned by the Group – Dividend received or receivable by the Group	332,000	1,833 350,145
一向本集團收取的 物業管理費 一本集團賺取的顧問費 收入	<ul> <li>Property management fee charged to the Group</li> <li>Consultancy fee income earned by the Group</li> </ul>	6,482 21,727	5,785 19,812
一向本集團收取的顧問費 收入 一本集團賺取的 商關疑及易	<ul> <li>Consultancy fee income charged to the Group</li> <li>Merchandise trading income earned by the</li> </ul>	- 007	22,989
收入 一就合營企業獲授 及已使用之銀行 信貸向銀行作出 之財務擔保	Group  - Financial guarantee given to banks in respect of banking facilities granted to and utilised by joint	997	_
一就合營企業獲授但 尚未使用之銀行 信貸向銀行作出 之財務擔保	ventures  - Financial guarantee given to banks in respect of banking facilities granted to but not yet utilised by	619,167	611,379
一其他應付賬款 一出售附屬公司所收取 的按金	joint ventures  – Other payable  – Deposit received on disposal of subsidiaries	18,056 409 748,354	59,770 823 –

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

截至二零一九年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31st December, 2019

## 46. 有關連人士之交易及結餘

(續)

除本公司與聯合地產之最終控股公司訂立之重 訂行政服務及管理服務分攤協議、本公司與聯 合地產之最終控股公司及聯合地產一間附屬公 司訂立之分租協議及本集團與新鴻基之一間附 屬公司訂立之租賃合同外,以上的有關連人士 之交易並未構成本公司根據上市規則所界定的 持續關連交易。

主要管理層人員薪酬之詳情載於附註11及12。 本集團若干主要管理層人員從一家擁有本公司 重大實益權益之公司收取酬金。該公司向本集 團提供管理服務,並就該等人員及其他並非本 集團之主要管理層人員所提供的服務,向本集 團收取管理費用,該管理費用已包括在本附註 的(a)部份所披露之管理費用中。

上述之管理費乃按管理層人員於本集團事務所 付出之時間計算,並可分配至上述主要管理 層人員。總分配金額為41,793,000港元(二零 一八年:47,641,000港元),並已包括上述之主 要管理層人員薪酬內。

### 附註:

- 應付貸款為無抵押貸款,年利率為2.5%至4.6%(二 零一八年:3.8%至4.6%)並需於二零二零年四月至 五月(二零一八年:二零一九年四月至六月)償還。
- 應收貸款為無抵押貸款,年利率為5.75%(二零 -八年:4.75%)並需於二零二四年十一月(二零 一八年:二零二一年五月)償還。

### **46. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS AND BALANCES**

(CONTINUED)

Apart from the renewed sharing of administrative services and management services agreement entered into by the Company with the ultimate holding company of APL, sub-tenancy agreements entered into by the Company with the ultimate holding company of APL and a subsidiary of APL, and leasing agreement entered into by the Group with a subsidiary of SHK, none of the above related party transactions constitutes a continuing connected transaction as defined in the Listing Rules.

Details of compensation of key management personnel are set out in notes 11 and 12. Certain key management personnel of the Group received remuneration from a company which has significant beneficial interests in the Company. Such company provided the management services to the Group and charged the Group a management fee, which has been included in management fee as disclosed in part (a) of this note, for services provided by those personnel as well as others who were not key management personnel of the Group.

The above-mentioned management fee is calculated by reference to the time devoted by the management personnel on the affairs of the Group and can be apportioned to the above key management personnel. The total of such apportioned amounts, which has been included in the key management personnel compensation above, is HK\$41,793,000 (2018: HK\$47,641,000).

#### Notes:

- The loans payable bears interest ranging from 2.5% to 4.6% (2018: from 3.8% to 4.6%) per annum, is unsecured and repayable from April to May 2020 (2018: from April to June 2019).
- (ii) The loan receivable bears interest of 5.75% (2018: 4.75%) per annum, is unsecured and repayable in November 2024 (2018: May 2021).

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

截至二零一九年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31st December, 2019

## 47. 資產抵押

於二零一九年十二月三十一日,以下資產已抵 押:

- (a) 由若干附屬公司持有之銀行存款、物業、 廠房及設備(包括分類為待售資產)、待發 展物業(包括分類為待售資產)、發展中物 業、已竣工物業存貨(包括分類為待售資 產)及投資物業(包括分類為待售資產)賬面 值分別為592,521,000港元(二零一八年: 550,000,000港元)、54,533,000港元(二零 一八年:132,064,000港元)、53,296,000 港元(二零一八年:1,833,181,000港 元)、1,258,064,000港元(二零一八年: 1,218,719,000 港 元 ) 、1,044,059,000 港元(二零一八年:996,359,000港元) 及 9,749,514,000 港 元 ( 二 零 一 八 年 : 9,408,392,000港元)給銀行作為本集團及 分類為待售資產之附屬公司獲授銀行信貸 之抵押。
- (b) 賬面值為121,000港元(二零一八年: 125,000港元)之銀行存款作為物業買家獲 授按揭貸款之抵押。
- (c) 賬面值為545,000港元(二零一八年: 2,538,000港元)的銀行存款已抵押作為發 展工程的公用設施供應及政府機關的擔保。
- (d) 賬面值11,111,000港元(二零一八年:無) 的銀行存款已抵押為本集團一間合營企業 獲授銀行信貸。

### **47.PLEDGED ASSETS**

At 31st December, 2019, the following assets were pledged:

- (a) Bank deposits, property, plant and equipment (including assets classified as held for sale), properties for development (including assets classified as held for sale), properties under development, inventories of completed properties (including assets classified as held for sale) and investment properties (including assets classified as held for sale) of certain subsidiaries with carrying values of HK\$592,521,000 (2018: HK\$550,000,000), HK\$54,533,000 (2018: HK\$132,064,000), HK\$53,296,000 (2018: HK\$1,833,181,000), HK\$1,258,064,000 (2018: HK\$1,218,719,000), HK\$1,044,059,000 (2018: HK\$996,359,000) and HK\$9,749,514,000 (2018: HK\$9,408,392,000) respectively were pledged to banks for banking facilities granted to the Group and the subsidiaries classified as assets classified as held for sale.
- (b) Bank deposits with carrying value of HK\$121,000 (2018: HK\$125,000) were pledged against mortgage loans granted to property purchasers.
- (c) Bank deposits with carrying value of HK\$545,000 (2018: HK\$2,538,000) were pledged for guarantees in respect of utility supplies and government authorities for the development works.
- (d) Bank deposits with carrying value of HK\$11,111,000 (2018: nil) were pledged for banking facility granted to a joint venture of the Group.

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

截至二零一九年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31st December, 2019

## 48. 金融工具

## **48.FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS**

## 48a. 金融工具之類別

## 48a. Categories of financial instruments

按攤銷成本計量之	Financial liabilities at amortised		
金融負債	Financial liabilities		
		8,314,704	7,576,623
	cost	7,696,500	6,970,860
按攤銷成本計量的金融資產	Financial assets at amortised	<b>-</b> 606 <b>-</b> 60	6.070.053
之股本工具	at FVTOCI	354,996	211,698
透過其他全面收益按公允價值處理	Equity instruments	263,208	394,065
一其他	– Others	206,235	344,675
一持作買賣	– Held-for-trading	56,973	49,390
強制以透過損益按公允價值計量	Mandatory measured at FVTPL		
透過損益按公允價值處理	FVTPL		
金融資產	Financial assets		
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
		2019	2018

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

截至二零一九年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31st December, 2019

## 48. 金融工具(續)

### 48b. 財務風險管理目標及政策

### 市場風險

本集團業務主要承受為利率及外幣匯率浮動和 股本金融工具價格變動之財務風險(見下文)。

本集團承受之市場風險或其管理及計量風險之 方法並無改變。

### (i) 利率風險管理

本集團因其定息應收貸款及借款之利率變動影響而需承受公允價值利率風險。本集團之現金流量利率風險主要涉及以一間銀行所報之利率加若干的百分比、香港銀行同業拆息或倫敦銀行同業拆息加若干的百分比計算利息之浮息借款。本集團會保持合理的浮息及定息借款組合,並於有必要時採取行動以對沖可預見之利率風險。本集團之銀行及其他借款利率及歸還條款於附註35披露。

### **48.FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS** (CONTINUED)

### 48b. Financial risk management objective and policies

The Group's major financial instruments include financial assets at FVTPL, equity instruments at FVTOCI, equity securities at FVTPL, amounts due from associates, joint ventures and non-controlling interests, loans receivable, trade and other receivables, pledged bank deposits, bank balances and cash, trade and other payables and interest-bearing and interest-free borrowings. Details of these financial instruments are disclosed in respective notes. The risks associated with these financial instruments include market risk (interest rate risk, foreign currency risk and other price risk), credit risk and liquidity risk. The policies on how to mitigate these risks are set out below. The management manages and monitors these exposures to ensure appropriate measures are implemented on a timely and effective manner.

#### Market risk

The Group's activities expose primarily to the financial risks of changes in interest rates and foreign currency exchange rates and change in prices of equity financial instruments (see below).

There has been no change to the Group's exposure to market risks or the manner in which it manages and measures the risk.

### (i) Interest rate risk management

The Group is exposed to fair value interest rate risk through the impact of interest rate changes on fixed-rate loans receivable and borrowings. The Group's cash flow interest rate risk relates primarily to variable-rate borrowings which carry interest at interest rate quoted by a bank plus a certain percentage, Hong Kong Inter-bank Offered Rate or London Inter-bank Offered Rate plus a certain percentage. The Group will continue to maintain a reasonable mix of floating rate and fixed rate borrowings and take actions to hedge against any foreseeable interest rate exposure, if necessary. The interest rates and terms of repayment of bank and other borrowings of the Group are disclosed in note 35.

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

截至二零一九年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31st December, 2019

## 48. 金融工具(續)

### 48b. 財務風險管理目標及政策(續)

#### 市場風險(續)

### (i) 利率風險管理(續)

### 利率敏感度

於各報告期末,倘本集團之浮息應收貸款之利率增加200點子而所有其他變數維持不變,本集團除税後溢利將無增加(二零一八年:98,000港元)。

於各報告期末,倘本集團之浮息借款之利率增加200點子而所有其他變數維持不變,本集團除稅後溢利將減少22,903,000港元(二零一八年:6,685,000港元)。

因為管理層認為浮息銀行結存所產生的現金流量利率風險為不重大,所以銀行結存並不包括 在敏感度分析。

管理層認為,敏感度分析不能代表內在利率風險,因為年末風險並不反映年度內的風險。

### (ii) 外幣風險管理

外匯風險指由於外幣匯率變動令金融工具之價值波動之風險。本集團之業務主要於中國,當中並不包含香港,而本集團若干銀行結存、應收賬款、應付賬款及其他貸款以外匯列值。本集團現時並無任何外匯對沖政策。然而,管理層會密切監察相關外匯風險,並將在有需要時考慮對沖重大外匯風險。

## 48. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONTINUED)

# 48b. Financial risk management objective and policies (continued)

### Market risk (continued)

### (i) Interest rate risk management (continued)

Interest rate sensitivity

At the end of the respective reporting periods, if interest rates increased by 200 basis points in relation to the Group's variable rate loans receivable and all other variables were held constant, the Group's profit after tax would have increased by nil (2018: HK\$98,000).

At the end of the respective reporting periods, if interest rates increased by 200 basis points in relation to the Group's variable rate borrowings and all other variables were held constant, the Group's profit after tax would have decreased by HK\$22,903,000 (2018: HK\$6,685,000).

Bank balances are excluded from sensitivity analysis as the management considers that the exposure of cash flow interest rate risk arising from variable rate bank balances is insignificant.

In the management's opinion, the sensitivity analysis is unrepresentative of the inherent interest rate risk as the year end exposure does not reflect the exposure during the year.

### (ii) Foreign currency risk management

Foreign currency risk is the risk that the value of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in foreign exchange rates. Other than Hong Kong, the Group's operations are mainly in the PRC and certain bank balances, receivables, payables and other loans of the Group are denominated in foreign currencies. The Group currently does not have a foreign currency hedging policy. However, the management monitors the related foreign exchange exposure closely and will consider hedging significant foreign currency exposure should the need arise.

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

截至二零一九年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31st December, 2019

## 48. 金融工具(續)

## 48b. 財務風險管理目標及政策(續)

## 市場風險(續)

### (ii) 外幣風險管理(續)

於各報告期末,本集團以功能貨幣以外列值之 貨幣資產及貨幣負債之賬面值如下:

## **48.FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS** (CONTINUED)

# 48b. Financial risk management objective and policies (continued)

## Market risk (continued)

## (ii) Foreign currency risk management (continued)

The carrying amounts of monetary assets and monetary liabilities that are denominated in a currency other than functional currencies of entities at the end of the respective reporting periods are as follows:

		2019	2018
		千港元	千港元
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Minde			
資產	Assets		
美元	United States Dollars	425,392	192,140
港元	Hong Kong Dollars	3,079,355	3,432,202
澳元	Australian Dollars	368,279	116,094
英鎊	British Pound	22,649	7,285
負債	Liabilities		
×-		0.5.5	
	United States Dollars	366	444
	Hong Kong Dollars	601,989	174,306
	Australian Dollars	540,466	76,769
英鎊	British Pound	452,539	446,026

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

截至二零一九年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31st December, 2019

## 48. 金融工具(續)

### 48b. 財務風險管理目標及政策(續)

#### 市場風險(續)

#### (ii) 外幣風險管理(續)

外幣敏感度

本集團主要承受美元、澳元、英鎊及港元之風 險。

下表詳細載列本集團就人民幣兑相關外幣上升及下降5%的敏感度。敏感度分析僅包括以外幣列值之未償還貨幣項目及就外幣匯率5%變動調整其於年末的換算。敏感度分析包括附息及免息借款以及銀行結存及現金。正數(負數)表示當人民幣兑相關外幣表現強勢,則除稅前溢利增加(減少)。倘人民幣兑相關外幣增加5%,則除稅前溢利減少如下:

### **48.FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS** (CONTINUED)

# 48b. Financial risk management objective and policies (continued)

Market risk (continued)

### (ii) Foreign currency risk management (continued)

Foreign currency sensitivity

The Group mainly exposes to United States Dollars, Australian Dollars, British Pound and Hong Kong Dollars.

The following table details the Group's sensitivity to a 5% increase and decrease in the RMB against the relevant foreign currencies. The sensitivity analysis includes only outstanding foreign currency denominated monetary items and adjusts their translation at the year end for a 5% change in foreign currency rates. The sensitivity analysis includes interest-bearing and interest-free borrowings as well as bank balances and cash. A positive (negative) number indicates an increase (a decrease) in profit before tax where the RMB strengthens against the relevant currency. If there is 5% increase in RMB against the relevant foreign currencies, the decrease in the profit before tax is shown as below:

	2019	2018
	千港元	千港元
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
美元 United States Dollars		
除稅前溢利減少 Decrease in profit before tax	(21,251)	(9,585)
港元 Hong Kong Dollars		
除税前溢利減少 Decrease in profit before tax	(123,868)	(162,895)
澳元 Australian Dollars		
除税前溢利增加 Increase (decrease) in profit		
(減少) before tax	8,609	(1,966)
英鎊 British Pound		
除税前溢利增加 Increase in profit before tax	21,495	21,937

管理層認為,敏感度分析不能代表內在外匯風險,因為年末風險並不反映年度內的風險。

In the management's opinion, the sensitivity analysis is unrepresentative of the inherent foreign exchange risk as the year end exposure does not reflect the exposure during the year.

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

截至二零一九年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31st December, 2019

## 48. 金融工具(續)

### 48b. 財務風險管理目標及政策(續)

#### 市場風險(續)

### (iii) 其他價格風險

本集團須承受股本投資所產生之股本證券價格 風險。管理層將監察價格變動,並於有需要時 採取適當行動。

#### 股本價格敏感度分析

下列敏感度分析乃根據報告期末所承受股本價 格之風險釐定。

### 倘股本價格高/低10%:

- 由於透過其他全面收益按公允價值處理 之股本工具的公允價值變動,因此本集 團重估儲備(在任何稅項影響之前)將增 加/減少35,500,000港元(二零一八年: 21,170,000港元)。
- 由於透過損益按公允價值處理之股本證券及透過損益按公允價值處理之金融資產的公允價值變動,因此本集團除稅前溢利將增加/減少26,321,000港元(二零一八年:39,407,000港元)。

### 信貸風險及減值評估

於二零一九年十二月三十一日,除該等金融資產(其賬面值最能代表須承受的最大信貸風險),有關由本集團提供之財務擔保的或有負債金額而導致本集團財務虧損,本集團所承受之最大信貸風險為已於附註43(a)披露。

### **48.FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS** (CONTINUED)

# 48b. Financial risk management objective and policies (continued)

#### Market risk (continued)

### (iii) Other price risk

The Group is exposed to equity security price risk arising from equity investments. The management will monitor the price movements and take appropriate actions when it is required.

Equity price sensitivity analysis

The sensitivity analyses below have been determined based on the exposure to equity price risks at the end of the reporting period.

If equity prices were 10% higher/lower:

- revaluation reserves would increase/decrease by HK\$35,500,000 (2018: HK\$21,170,000) (before any tax effect) for the Group as a result of the changes in fair value of equity instruments at FVTOCI.
- profit before tax would increase/decrease by HK\$26,321,000 (2018: HK\$39,407,000) for the Group as a result of the changes in fair value of equity securities at FVTPL and financial assets at FVTPL.

### Credit risk and impairment assessment

As at 31st December, 2019, other than those financial assets whose carrying amounts best represent the maximum exposure to credit risk, the Group's maximum exposure to credit risk which will cause a financial loss to the Group arising from the amount of contingent liabilities in relation to financial guarantees provided by the Group disclosed in note 43(a).

In order to minimise the credit risk, monitoring procedures are carried out to ensure that follow-up action is taken to recover overdue debts. In addition, the Group performs impairment assessment under ECL model upon application of HKFRS 9 on financial assets at amortised cost. With respect to financial guarantees provided to banks to secure the banking facilities granted to subsidiaries by the Company and to joint ventures by the Group, the Directors consider the credit risk is limited because the subsidiaries and joint ventures have strong financial positions. The management considers the credit risk exposure to financial guarantees provided to banks to secure the banking facilities granted to property purchasers is also limited because the facilities are secured by the properties and the market price of the properties is higher than the guaranteed amounts. In this regard, the Directors consider that the Group's credit risk is significantly reduced.

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

截至二零一九年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31st December, 2019

## 48. 金融工具(續)

### 48b. 財務風險管理目標及政策(續)

### 信貸風險及減值評估(續)

由於往來銀行均由國際評級機構評為高信貸評級之銀行,故流動資金之信貸風險有限。

本集團的信貸風險集中,因應收貸款借予數名 獨立第三方及一名有關連人士。於二零一九 年十二月三十一日,未到期的應收貸款將於 二零二零年五月至二零二四年十一月到期(二 零一八年:二零一九年二月至二零二一年十 月),而已到期的應收貸款則應要求下償還。 297,152,000港元(二零一八年:104,002,000 港元)之應收貸款以股權抵押作擔保及 44,438,000港元(二零一八年:無)之應收貸款 以借款人的物業及資產作擔保、55,759,000港 元(二零一八年:172,342,000港元)之應收貸 款以擔保人的股權抵押及借款人的應收貸款作 擔保而224,905,000港元(二零一八:無)之應 收貸款以土地作為擔保。管理層已評估餘下無 抵押應收貸款785,861,000港元(二零一八年: 1,357,105,000港元)之借款人信貸評級。

本集團的信貸風險亦都集中於若干從事物業發展的合營企業的欠款。於各報告期末,本集團評估每項個別債項之可收回金額,以確保就不可收回金額(如有)所作出之減值虧損已足夠。管理層認為其信貸風險有限。

本集團並無其他重大集中之信貸風險,有關風 險乃分散至多個交易對方及客戶。

#### 客戶合約所產生的交易應收賬款之減值評估

於二零一九年十二月三十一日,本集團根據香港財務報告準則第9號的規定採用簡化方法計提預期信貸虧損,允許對未有信貸減值的交易應收賬款賬面總值為17,071,000港元(二零一八年:10,357,000港元)計提終生預期信貸虧損。當客戶面臨嚴重財政困難及沒有實際復甦的前景,其交易應收賬款將被視作信貸減值及進行個別評估。

管理層會根據以交易應收賬款的賬齡分組的撥 備矩陣,並考慮過去的違約經驗及前瞻性資料 (視情況而定),以評估客戶的交易應收賬款之 預期虧損。

### **48.FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS** (CONTINUED)

# 48b. Financial risk management objective and policies (continued)

### **Credit risk and impairment assessment** (continued)

The credit risk on liquid funds is limited because the counterparties are banks with high credit ratings assigned by international creditrating agencies.

The Group had a concentration of credit risk as the loans receivable are advanced to a few independent third parties and a related party. As at 31st December, 2019, the loans receivable that have not yet past due will be matured ranging from May 2020 to November 2024 (2018: February 2019 to October 2021) while the past due loans receivable are repayable on demand. Loans receivable of HK\$297,152,000 (2018: HK\$104,002,000) are secured by share mortgage, loans receivable of HK\$44,438,000 (2018: nil) is secured by properties and assets of the borrower, loans receivable of HK\$55,759,000 (2018: HK\$172,342,000) is secured by share mortgage of guarantor and loans receivable of the borrower and loans receivable of HK\$224,905,000 (2018:nil) is secured by land. The management had assessed the credit rating of the borrowers for the remaining unsecured loans receivable of HK\$785,861,000 (2018: HK\$1,357,105,000).

The Group also has a concentration of credit risk on the amounts due from certain joint ventures which are engaged in property development. The Group reviews the recoverable amount of each individual debt at the end of each reporting period to ensure that adequate impairment loss are made for irrecoverable amounts, if any. The management considers the credit risk exposure is limited.

The Group has no other significant concentrations of credit risk, with exposure spread over a number of counterparties and customers.

# Impairment assessment on trade receivables arising from contracts with customers

As at 31st December, 2019, the Group applies the simplified approach to provide for ECL prescribed by HKFRS 9, which permits the use of lifetime ECL provision for trade receivables with gross carrying amount of HK\$17,071,000 (2018: HK\$10,357,000) which are not credit-impaired. Trade receivables from customers are considered to be credit-impaired when the customers are in severe financial difficulty and there is no realistic prospect of recovery and are assessed individually.

Management assessed the expected loss on trade receivables from customers based on provision matrix grouped by the ageing of the trade receivables, taking into account the historical default experience and forward-looking information, as appropriate.

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

截至二零一九年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31st December, 2019

## 48. 金融工具(續)

## 48b. 財務風險管理目標及政策(續)

## 信貸風險及減值評估(續)

## 客戶合約所產生的交易應收賬款之減值評估 (續)

此外,根據過往信貸虧損經驗、交易應收賬款 違約可能性低以及本集團一般就物業租賃從客 戶收取按金,董事認為賬齡超過90日的交易應 收賬款並無發生違約。

#### 應收貸款之減值評估

董事認為當貸款之本金和利息還款逾期以及當借款人出現若干可觀察的信貸風險及事件時,信貸風險會顯著增加。當觀察到重大的信貸風險及事件時,應收貸款被視為違約。逾期多於90日的應收貸款不被視為違約,因為該應收賬款有足夠的抵押品作為抵押。

本集團按照12個月預期信貸虧損模式評估應收貸款總值為1,188,714,000港元(二零一八年:1,250,042,000港元)的虧損撥備,除了被認為到期但未違約的55,758,000港元(二零一八年:384,148,000港元)的應收貸以及被認為自最初確認後信貸風險有顯著增加或觀察到有違約事件441,807,000港元(二零一八年:無)的應收貸款以終身預期信貸虧損(非信貸減值)及終身預期信貸虧損(信貸減值)作評估。應收貸款之預期虧損會進行個別評估,考慮到還款紀錄、提供予本集團的抵押品及債務人的內部信貸評級以及前瞻性資料(視情況而定)。

## 48. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONTINUED)

# 48b. Financial risk management objective and policies (continued)

### Credit risk and impairment assessment (continued)

# Impairment assessment on trade receivables arising from contracts with customers (continued)

In addition, the Directors are of the opinion that there has no default occurred for trade receivables aged over 90 days as, based on historical credit loss experience, the probability of default of trade receivables is low and the Group generally receives deposits from customers for leasing of properties.

### Impairment assessment on loans receivable

The Directors are of the opinion that significant increase in credit risk occurred when the principal and interest repayment of the loans are overdue and when some credit risk and events are observable on the borrowers. The loans receivable are considered to be defaulted when significant credit risks and events are observable. Loans receivable past due more than 90 days are not considered as in default as the loans receivable are secured by sufficient collaterals.

The Group assessed the loss allowances for loans receivable with gross amount of HK\$1,188,714,000 (2018: HK\$1,250,042,000) on 12m ECL basis except for loans receivable amounting to HK\$55,758,000 (2018: HK\$384,148,000) which considered to be past due but not default and HK\$441,807,000 (2018: nil) which considered to have significant increase in credit risk or default events observed since initial recognition and assessed at lifetime ECL (non credit-impaired) and lifetime ECL (credit-impaired). The expected loss of loans receivable is assessed individually, taking into account the repayment histories, collaterals provided to the Group and internal credit rating of the debtors as well as forward-looking information, as appropriate.

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

截至二零一九年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31st December, 2019

## 48. 金融工具(續)

### 48b. 財務風險管理目標及政策(續)

#### 信貸風險及減值評估(續)

按金及其他應收賬款/用作抵押之銀行存款/ 銀行結存/合營企業/聯營公司/非控股權益 之欠款之減值評估

本集團按照12個月預期信貸虧損模式評估賬面總值分別為168,905,000港元(二零一八年:130,446,000港元)、604,298,000港元(二零一八年:552,663,000港元)、2,942,277,000港元(二零一八年:552,663,000港元)、2,942,277,000港元(二零一八年:1,554,620,000港元)的按金及其他應收賬款、用作抵押之銀行存款、銀行結存及合營企業/聯營公司/非控股權益之欠款的虧損撥備。本集團管理層視用作抵押之銀行存款及存放於信貸評級高的金融機構的銀行結存為低信貸風險的金融資產。本集團管理層認為該等用作抵押之銀行存款及銀行結存是短期性質及信貸評級高的發行人違約機會微。因此,虧損撥備被認為不重大。

在確定按金及其他應收賬款以及合營企業/聯營公司/非控股權益之欠款之預期信貸虧損, 本集團管理層會考慮過去的違約經驗及前瞻性資料(視情況而定)。自初步確認後,信貸風險沒有顯著增加。本集團考慮到過去與支付有關的違約率一直較低,總結出本集團尚未收回的按金及其他應收賬款以及合營企業/聯營公司/非控股權益之欠款的潛在信貸風險不重大。

### 財務擔保合同的減值評估

本集團已按照12個月預期信貸虧損模式來評估財務擔保合同為651,383,000港元(二零一八年:1,268,618,000港元)(即本集團各自合同下的最高擔保金額)的虧損撥備。在評估預期信貸虧損,董事已相應考慮到被擔保實體的過往違約經驗及財政實力。

於二零一八年十二月三十一日,本集團按攤銷 成本計量的金融資產及財務擔保合同之預期信 貸虧損撥備為不重大。

### **48.FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS** (CONTINUED)

# 48b. Financial risk management objective and policies (continued)

## Credit risk and impairment assessment (continued)

Impairment assessment on deposits and other receivables/pledged bank deposits/bank balances/amounts due from joint ventures/ associates/non-controlling interests

The Group assessed the loss allowances for deposits and other receivables, pledged bank deposits, bank balances and amounts due from joint ventures/associates/non-controlling interests with gross carrying amounts of HK\$168,905,000 (2018: HK\$130,446,000), HK\$604,298,000 (2018: HK\$552,663,000), HK\$2,942,277,000 (2018: HK\$2,293,386,000) and HK\$1,158,547,000 (2018: HK\$1,554,620,000) respectively, on 12m ECL basis. The management of the Group considers the pledged bank deposits and bank balances deposited with the financial institutions with high credit rating to be low credit risk financial assets. The management of the Group considers these pledged bank deposits and bank balances are short-term in nature and the probability of default is negligible on the basis of high-credit-rating issuers, and accordingly, loss allowance was considered as insignificant.

In determining the ECL for deposits and other receivables and amounts due from joint ventures/associates/non-controlling interests, the management of the Group has taken into account the historical default experience and forward-looking information, as appropriate. There had been no significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition. The Group has considered the consistently low historical default rate in connection with payments, and concluded that credit risk inherent in the Group's outstanding deposits and other receivables and amounts due from joint ventures/associates/non-controlling interests is insignificant.

### Impairment assessment on financial guarantee contracts

The Group assessed the loss allowances for financial guarantee contracts of HK\$651,383,000 (2018: HK\$1,268,618,000), representing the maximum amount the Group has guaranteed under the respective contracts, on 12m ECL basis. When assessing the ECL, the Directors has taken into account the historical default experience and financial strength of the guaranteed entities, as appropriate.

As at 31st December, 2018, the ECL allowance on the Group's financial assets at amortised cost and financial guarantee contracts are insignificant.

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

截至二零一九年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31st December, 2019

## 48. 金融工具(續)

## 48b. 財務風險管理目標及政策(續)

## 信貸風險及減值風險評估(續)

下表詳述本集團需進行預期信貸虧損評估的金融資產(包括應收貸款、聯營公司欠款、合營企業欠款、非控股權益欠款、用作抵押之銀行存款、銀行結存及現金和交易及其他應收賬款)所承受的信貸風險:

## 48. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONTINUED)

# 48b. Financial risk management objective and policies (continued)

## Credit risk and impairment assessment (continued)

The tables below detail the credit risk exposures of the Group's financial assets including loans receivable, amounts due from associates, amounts due from joint ventures, amounts due from non-controlling interests, pledged bank deposits, bank balances and cash and trade and other receivables, which are subject to ECL assessment:

		附註	12個月或終身 預期信貸虧損 12m or lifetime ECL	二零一九年則 2019 Gross carry 千港元		二零一八年服 2018 Gross carry 千港元	
		Notes		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
應收貸款	Loans receivable	29	12個月預期信貸虧損 (非信貸減值) 12m ECL				
			(not credit-impaired) 終身預期信貸虧損 (非信貸減值)	1,188,714		1,250,042	
			Lifetime ECL (not credit-impaired) 終身預期信貸虧損 (信貸減值)	55,758		384,148	
			Lifetime ECL (credit-impaired)	441,807	1,686,279	-	1,634,190
聯營公司欠款	Amounts due from associates	26	12個月預期信貸虧損				
			12m ECL		92,792		202,792
合營企業欠款	Amounts due from joint ventures	21, 27	12個月預期信貸虧損 12m ECL		2,445,264		2,129,376
非控股權益	Amounts due from non-	28	12個月預期信貸虧損				
欠款	controlling interests		12m ECL		17,778		18,391
用作抵押之銀行 存款	Pledged bank deposits	47	12個月預期信貸虧損 12m ECL		604,298		552,663
銀行結存及現金	Bank balances and cash		12個月預期信貸虧損				
交易應收賬款	Trade receivables	30	12m ECL 終身預期信貸虧損 (非信貸減值)		2,942,277		2,293,386
其他應收賬款	Other receivables	30	Lifetime ECL (not credit-impaired) 12個月預期信貸虧損		17,071		10,357
六巴塔状拟孙	Outer receivables	30	12個月原知后具虧俱 12m ECL		168,905		130,446

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

截至二零一九年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31st December, 2019

### 48. 金融工具(續)

## 48b. 財務風險管理目標及政策(續)

#### 信貸風險及減值風險評估(續)

下表顯示已確認的應收貸款虧損撥備之對賬。

### **48.FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS** (CONTINUED)

# 48b. Financial risk management objective and policies (continued)

#### Credit risk and impairment assessment (continued)

The following tables show reconciliation of loss allowances that has been recognised for loans receivable.

		<b>12個月預期</b> 信 <b>貸虧損</b> <b>12-month ECL</b> 千港元 HK\$'000	終身預期 信貸虧損 (信貸減值) Lifetime ECL (credit-impaired) 千港元 HK\$'000	<b>總計</b> <b>Total</b> 千港元 HK\$′000
於二零一八年一月一日 滅值虧損確認	As at 1st January, 2018 Impairment loss recognised	- 741	-	- 741
於二零一八年十二月三十一日	As at 31st December, 2018	741		741
減值虧損確認 減值虧損撥回 匯兑調整	Impairment loss recognised Impairment loss reversed Exchange adjustment	562 (382) 4	277,239 - -	277,801 (382) 4
於二零一九年十二月三十一日	As at 31st December, 2019	925	277,239	278,164

#### 流動性風險

本集團監控及維持現金和現金等值項目在管理 層認為足夠的水平,為本集團之營運提供資金 及減輕現金流量浮動之影響。管理層控制銀行 借款之使用及確保遵守貸款之條款。

### Liquidity risk

The Group monitors and maintains a level of cash and cash equivalents deemed adequate by the management to finance the Group's operations and mitigate the effects of fluctuations in cash flows. The management monitors the utilisation of bank borrowings and ensures compliance with loan covenants.

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

截至二零一九年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31st December, 2019

#### 48. 金融工具(續)

#### 48b. 財務風險管理目標及政策(續)

#### 流動性風險(續)

下表詳列本集團的非衍生金融負債及財務擔保 安排的剩餘合約期限。該表已按金融負債之未 貼現現金流量並根據本集團須作出付款之最早 日期來編製。該表包括利息及本金之現金流 量。倘利息流量為浮息時,未貼現金額源自於 報告期末之利率。

#### 48. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONTINUED)

# 48b. Financial risk management objective and policies (continued)

#### **Liquidity risk** (continued)

The following tables detail the Group's remaining contractual maturity for its non-derivative financial liabilities and financial guarantee arrangements. The tables have been drawn up based on the undiscounted cash flows of financial liabilities based on the earliest date on which the Group can be required to pay. The tables include both interest and principal cash flows. To the extent that interest flows are floating rate, the undiscounted amount is derived from interest rate at the end of the reporting period.

		加權平均利率 Weighted average interest rate %	應要求下價還 或少於1個月 Repayable on demand or less than 1 month 千港元 HK\$'000	1至3個月 1-3 months 千港元 HK\$'000	3個月至1年 3 months to 1 year 千港元 HK\$'000	1至5年 1-5 years 千港元 HK\$'000	5年以上 over 5 years 千港元 HK\$′000	未貼現 現金流量總額 Total undiscounted cash flows 千港元 HK\$'000	於十二月 三十一日 之賬面值 Carrying amount at 31st December 千港元 HK\$'000
二零一九年	2019								
非衍生金融負債	Non-derivative financial liabilities		1 122 (01					1 122 (01	1 122 (01
交易及其他應付賬款 附息借款	Trade and other payables Interest-bearing borrowings	_	1,132,691	-	_	_	_	1,132,691	1,132,691
一定息	- fixed rate	6.21%	84,979	91,847	670,091	3,260,839	1,675,571	5,783,327	3,954,236
- 浮息	– variable rate	2.95%	´ _	_	959,885	458,041	_	1,417,926	1,371,449
免息借款	Interest-free borrowings	_	1,389,614	_	_	_	_	1,389,614	1,389,614
財務擔保合同	Financial guarantee contracts	_	651,383	_	-	-	-	651,383	
			3,258,667	91,847	1,629,976	3,718,880	1,675,571	10,374,941	7,847,990
- <b>-</b> 市	2010							!	
二零一八年 非衍生金融負債	2018 Non-derivative financial liabilities								
交易及其他應付賬款	Trade and other payables	_	1,417,836		_	_		1,417,836	1,417,836
大勿及共也思り取放 附息借款	Interest-bearing borrowings	_	1,417,030	_	_	_	_	1,417,030	1,417,030
一定息	- fixed rate	5.18%	731,181	90,878	715,294	2,519,512	1,052,787	5,109,652	4,284,580
- 浮息	- variable rate	2.03%	-	-	13,728	461,162	-	474,890	445,693
免息借款	Interest-free borrowings	_	950,768	_	-		_	950,768	950,768
財務擔保合同	Financial guarantee contracts	_	1,268,618	-	-	-	-	1,268,618	=
			4,368,403	90,878	729,022	2,980,674	1,052,787	9,221,764	7,098,877

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

截至二零一九年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31st December, 2019

#### 48. 金融工具(續)

#### 48b. 財務風險管理目標及政策(續)

#### 流動性風險(續)

下表根據於貸款協議所列之既定還款計劃,概括應要求下償還條款之定期貸款之到期分析。該等款項包括以合約利率計算的利息支出。因此,該等款項超過於上表到期分析所列「應要求下償還或少於1個月」時間範圍內所披露之款項。考慮到本集團之財務狀況,董事並不認為銀行有可能行使其權利要求即時還款。董事相信該等定期貸款將根據以下貸款協議內所列之既定還款日期還款:

#### **48.FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS** (CONTINUED)

# 48b. Financial risk management objective and policies (continued)

#### Liquidity risk (continued)

The table below summarises the maturity analysis of term loans with a repayment on demand clause based on agreed scheduled repayments set out in the agreements. The amounts include interest payments computed using contractual rates. As a result, these amounts were greater than the amounts disclosed in the "repayable on demand or less than 1 month" time band in the maturity analysis contained in the table above. Taking into account the Group's financial position, the Directors do not consider that it is probable that the banks will exercise their discretion to demand immediate repayment. The Directors believe that such term loans will be repaid in accordance with the following scheduled repayment dates set out in the agreements:

							於
							十二月三十一日
						流量總額	之賬面值
	少於1個月		3個月至1年			Total	Carrying
	Less than	1至3個月	3 months	1至5年	5年以上	undiscounted	amount at
	1 month	1-3 months	to 1 year	1-5 years	over 5 years	cash flow	31st December
	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
2019	4,012	5,958	1,115,177	211,000	-	1,336,147	1,275,329
2018	2,078	2,715	69,038	91,754	19,410	184,995	162,807

上述包括之財務擔保合同之金額為倘擔保的交易對方索償,本集團根據安排需要清償的全部擔保的最高金額。根據於報告期末之預期,本集團認為根據該安排,金額須支付的可能性不大。然而,此估計視乎交易對方根據擔保作出索償的可能性而改變,該改變為交易對方持有被擔保的金融應收賬款遭受信貸損失可能性的函數。

上述包括之非衍生金融負債之浮息工具之金額,視乎倘浮動利率之改變與於報告期末釐定 之利率估計之差異而改變。 The amounts included above for financial guarantee contracts are the maximum amounts that the Group could be required to settle under the arrangement for the full guaranteed amount if that amount is claimed by the counterparty to the guarantee. Based on expectation at the end of the reporting period, the Group considers that it is more likely than not that no amount will be payable under the arrangement. However, this estimate is subject to change depending on the probability of the counterparty claiming under the guarantee which is a function of the likelihood that the financial receivables held by the counterparty which are guaranteed to suffer credit losses.

The amounts included above for variable interest rate instruments for non-derivative financial liabilities are subject to change, if changes in variable interest rates differ from those estimates of interest rates determined at the end of the reporting period.

#### NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

截至二零一九年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31st December, 2019

#### 48. 金融工具(續)

#### 48b. 財務風險管理目標及政策(續)

#### 資本風險管理

本集團管理其資本以確保本集團之實體將可持續經營,並透過優化債務及權益之平衡,為股東帶來最大回報。

本集團之資本結構包括債務,其包括於附註35 及36披露之借款,扣除銀行結存及現金及本公司股東應佔權益,包括股本及儲備。

董事定期審閱資本結構。作為該審閱之一部分,董事考慮資本成本及與各類別資本相關之 風險。本集團將根據董事之意見於必要時透過 支付股息、發行新股及購回股份以及新增債務 或贖回現有債務而平衡其整體資本結構。

由去年起,本集團之整體策略維持不變。

#### **48.FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS** (CONTINUED)

# 48b. Financial risk management objective and policies (continued)

#### Capital risk management

The Group manages its capital to ensure that entities in the Group will be able to continue as a going concern while maximising the return to shareholders through the optimisation of the debt and equity balance.

The capital structure of the Group consists of debts, which include the borrowings disclosed in notes 35 and 36, net of bank balances and cash and equity attributable to the owners of the Company, comprising share capital and reserves.

The Directors review the capital structure periodically. As a part of this review, the Directors consider the cost of capital and the risks associated with each class of capital. Based on recommendations of the Directors, the Group will balance its overall capital structure through the payment of dividends, new share issues and share buybacks as well as the issue of new debt or the redemption of existing debt, if necessary.

The Group's overall strategy remains unchanged from prior year.

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

截至二零一九年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31st December, 2019

### 48. 金融工具(續)

#### 48c. 金融工具之公允價值計量

本附註提供本集團如何決定不同金融資產之公允價值的資訊。

若干本集團的金融資產於各報告期末按公允價值計量。下表列出有關金融資產的公允價值如何釐定的資料(尤其是所用的估值方法及參數),以及按公允價值計量參數可觀察程度,將公允價值計量分類至公允價值級別中的等級(第一級至第三級)。

#### 48. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONTINUED)

#### 48c. Fair value measurements of financial instruments

This note provides information about how the Group determines fair value of various financial assets.

Some of the Group's financial assets are measured at fair value at the end of each reporting period. The following table gives information about how the fair values of these financial assets are determined (in particular, the valuation techniques and inputs used), as well as the level of the fair value hierarchy into which the fair value measurements are categorised (Levels 1 to 3) based on the degree to which the inputs to the fair value measurements is observable.

		賈值於 lue as at				無法觀察參數
	二零一九年 十二月三十一日 31st December, 2019 千港元 HK\$'000	二零一八年 十二月三十一日 31st December, 2018 千港元 HK\$'000	公允價值 級別 Fair value hierarchy	估值方法及主要參數 Valuation techniques and key inputs	重要無法觀察參數 Significant unobservable inputs	與公允價值之關係 Relationship of unobservable inputs for fair value
分類為透過損益按公允價值處理之股本證券之在中國上市之股本證券 Equity securities listed in the PRC classified as equity securities at FVTPL	56,898	49,312	第一級 Level 1	於活躍市場所報之買入價 Quoted bid prices in an active market	不適用 N/A	不適用 N/A
分類為透過其他全面收益按公允價值處理之 股本工具之在中國上市之股本證券 Equity securities listed in the PRC classified as equity instruments at FVTOCI	20,849	20,284	第一級 Level 1	於活躍市場所報之買入價 Quoted bid prices in an active market	不適用 N/A	不適用 N/A
分類為透過其他全面收益按公允價值處理之股本工具之在香港上市之股本證券Equity securities listed in Hong Kong classified as equity instruments at FVTOCI	295,442	153,750	第一級 Level 1	於活躍市場所報之買入價 Quoted bid prices in an active market	不適用 N/A	不適用 N/A
分類為透過損益按公允價值處理之金融資產之 在中國上市之股本證券 Equity securities listed in the PRC classified as financial assets at FVTPL	32,968	-	第一級 Level 1	於活躍市場所報之買入價 Quoted bid prices in an active market	不適用 N/A	不適用 N/A

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

截至二零一九年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31st December, 2019

### 48. 金融工具(續)

### 48.FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONTINUED)

### 48c. 金融工具之公允價值計量(續)

48c. Fair value measurements of financial instruments (continued)

	公允價值於 Fair value as at					無法觀察參數 與公允價值之關係
	二零一九年 十二月三十一日 31st December, 2019 千港元 HK\$'000	二零一八年 十二月三十一日 31st December, 2018 千港元 HK\$'000	公允價值 級別 Fair value hierarchy	估值方法及主要參數 Valuation techniques and key inputs	重要無法觀察參數 Significant unobservable inputs	Relationship of unobservable inputs for fair value
分類為透過損益按公允價值處理之金融資產之 非上市股本基金 Unlisted equity fund classified as financial assets at FVTPL	13,824	14,522	第二級 Level 2	由金融機構提供的價格 Price provided by financial institutions	不適用 N/A	不適用 N/A
分類為透過其他全面收益按公允價值處理之 股本工具之非上市股本工具 Unlisted equity instrument classified as equity instruments at FVTOCI	38,705	37,664	第三級 Level 3	資產基礎法 Asset based approach 主要參數為: The key inputs are:  (1) 租期收益率; (1) Term yield; (2) 復歸收益率; (2) Reversionary yield; (3) 市場單位租金·及 (3) Market unit rent; and (4) 缺乏控制和市場競爭之折扣率 (4) Discount for lack of control and lack of marketability	租期收益率(考慮到可比較物業及調整以反映保證及將予收取的租期收入的確定性所產生的收益率)為3.00%至3.50%(二零一八年:3.00%至3.50%) Term yield, taking into account of yield generated from comparable properties and adjustment to reflect the certainty of term income secured and to be received, of 3.00% to 3.50% (2018: 3.00% to 3.50%)	租期收益率的增加會 導致公允價值下降 The increase in the term yield would result in a decrease in fair value
				neer of maintenaounty	復歸收益率(考慮到可比較物業的年度單位市值)為3.50%至4.00%(二零一八年:3.50%至4.00%) Reversionary yield, taking into account annual unit market rental income and unit market value of the comparable properties, of 3.50% to 4.00% (2018: 3.50% to 4.00%)	復歸收益率的增加會 導致公允價值下降 The increase in the reversionary yield would result in a decrease in fair value

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

截至二零一九年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31st December, 2019

### 48. 金融工具(續)

### 48. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONTINUED)

48c. 金融工具之公允價值計量(續)

**48c. Fair value measurements of financial instruments** (continued)

公允價值於 Fair value as at					無法觀察參數與公允價值之關係
二零一九年 十二月三十一日 31st December, 2019 千港元 HK\$'000	二零一八年 十二月三十一日 31st December, 2018 千港元 HK\$'000	公允價值 級別 Fair value hierarchy	估值方法及主要參數 Valuation techniques and key inputs	重要無法觀察參數 Significant unobservable inputs	Relationship of unobservable inputs for fair value
				市場單位租金與直接市場可比較物相比較,並考慮到地點和其他個別因素,如道路正面、物業大小和設施。平均市場單位租金介乎約每平方呎每月30港元至每平方呎每月175港元)Market unit rent compares with direct market comparables and taking into account of location and other individual factors such as road frontage, size of property and facilities. The range of average market unit rent is from around HK\$30 sq.ft./month to HK\$180 sq.ft./month (2018: HK\$30 sq.ft./month) bk 泛控制和市場競爭之折扣率(考慮到中位控制權溢價)為20.5%(二零一八年:22.5%)Discount for lack of control and lack of marketability, taking into account median control premium, of 20.5% (2018: 22.5%)	市場單位租金的增加 會導致公允價值增加 The increase in the market unit rent would result in an increase in fair value 缺乏控制和市場競爭 之折扣率的增加會 導致公允價值下降 The increase in the discount for lack of control and lack of marketability would result in a decrease in fair value

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

截至二零一九年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31st December, 2019

### 48. 金融工具(續)

### **48.FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS** (CONTINUED)

### 48c. 金融工具之公允價值計量(續)

48c. Fair value measurements of financial instruments (continued)

		賈值於 lue as at				無法觀察參數與公允價值之關係
	二零一九年 十二月三十一日 31st December, 2019 千港元 HK\$'000	二零一八年 十二月三十一日 31st December, 2018 千港元 HK\$'000	公允價值 級別 Fair value hierarchy	估值方法及主要參數 Valuation techniques and key inputs	重要無法觀察參數 Significant unobservable inputs	Relationship of unobservable inputs for fair value
分類為透過損益按公允價值處理之 金融資產之物業投資項目 Investment in property project classified as financial assets at FVTPL	159,443	100,268	第三級 Level 3	現金流量折現 Discounted cash flow	用於將估計現金流量折現為淨現 值的貼現率為20% (二零一八年:20%) Discount rate used in discounting the estimated cash flows to the net present value of 20% (2018: 20%)	貼現率的增加會導致 公允價值下降 The increase in the discounted rate would result in a decrease in fair value.
					用於計算淨現值的現金流量為 34,514,000澳元(二零一八年: 35,778,000澳元) Cash flows used to calculate the net present value, amounted to AU\$34,514,000 (2018: AU\$35,778,000)	現金流量的增加會導致公允價值增加 The increase in the cash flows would result in an increase in fair value
					用於計算浮現值的項目剩餘工程期為1年4個月(二零一八年: 4年2個月) Remaining duration of the project used to calculate the net present value of 1 year and 4 months (2018: 4 years and 2 months)	項目剩餘工程期增加 會導致公允價值 下降 The increase in the remaining duration of the project would result in a decrease in fair value
分類為透過損益按公允價值處理之 金融資產之非上市投資基金 Unlisted investment fund classified as financial assets at FVTPL	-	229,885	第三級 Level 3	資產基礎法 Asset based approach	不適用(二零一八年:所使用之流動折扣率為21.87%) N/A (2018: liquidity discount of 21.87%).	流動折扣率增加會 導致公允价值下降 The increase in the liquidity discount would result in a decrease in fair value.

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

截至二零一九年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31st December, 2019

48. 金融工具(續)

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48.FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONTINUED)

48c. 金融工具之公允價值計量(續)

**48c. Fair value measurements of financial instruments** (continued)

於二零一九年十二月三十一日之公允價值級別

Fair value hierarchy as at 31st December, 2019

			2019	)	
		第一級	第二級	第三級	總計
		Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
金融資產	Financial assets				
透過損益按公允價值	Equity securities at FVTPL				
處理之股本證券					
一於中國上市之	<ul> <li>Equity securities listed in</li> </ul>				
股本證券	the PRC	56,898	_	_	56,898
732.77.1122.73		30,030			
透過損益按公允價值	Financial assets at FVTPL				
處理之金融資產					
一於中國上市之	<ul> <li>Equity securities listed in</li> </ul>				
股本證券	the PRC	32,968	_	_	32,968
一非上市股本基金	<ul> <li>Unlisted equity fund</li> </ul>	_	13,824	_	13,824
-物業投資	<ul> <li>Investment in property</li> </ul>				
項目	project	-	_	159,443	159,443
		32,968	13,824	159,443	206,235
透過其他全面收益按	Equity instruments at FVTOCI				
公允價值處理之					
股本工具					
一於中國上市之	<ul> <li>Equity securities listed in</li> </ul>				
股本證券	the PRC	20,849	_	_	20,849
一於香港上市之	<ul> <li>Equity securities listed in</li> </ul>				
股本證券	Hong Kong	295,442	_	_	295,442
一非上市股本工具	<ul> <li>Unlisted equity instrument</li> </ul>	_	-	38,705	38,705
		316,291	_	38,705	354,996

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

截至二零一九年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31st December, 2019

#### 48. 金融工具(續)

#### **48. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS** (CONTINUED)

#### 48c. 金融工具之公允價值計量(續)

48c. Fair value measurements of financial instruments (continued)

於二零一八年十二月三十一日之公允價值級別

Fair value hierarchy as at 31st December, 2018

			2018	3	
		第一級	第二級	第三級	總計
		Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
金融資產	Financial assets				
透過損益按公允價值	Equity securities at FVTPL				
處理之股本證券					
一於中國上市之	<ul> <li>Equity securities listed in</li> </ul>				
股本證券	the PRC	49,312	_	_	49,312
透過損益按公允價值	Financial assets at FVTPL				
远週預量放公儿 頁 直 處理之金融資產	Tillaliciai assets at I V II L				
一非上市股本基金	<ul> <li>Unlisted equity fund</li> </ul>		14,522		14,522
一非上市投資基金	<ul> <li>Unlisted equity fund</li> <li>Unlisted investment fund</li> </ul>	_	14,322	229,885	229,885
一物業投資項目	<ul> <li>Investment in property</li> </ul>	_	_	223,003	223,003
初未汉其次日	project	_	_	100,268	100,268
	project			100,200	100,200
		_	14,522	330,153	344,675
			14,322	330,133	344,073
透過其他全面收益按	Equity instruments at FVTOCI				
公允價值處理之					
股本工具					
一於中國上市之	<ul> <li>Equity securities listed in</li> </ul>				
股本證券	the PRC	20,284	_	_	20,284
一於香港上市之	<ul> <li>Equity securities listed in</li> </ul>				
股本證券	Hong Kong	153,750	_	_	153,750
一非上市股本工具	<ul> <li>Unlisted equity instrument</li> </ul>			37,664	37,664
		174,034	_	37,664	211,698

於截至二零一九年十二月三十一日止年度期間,一項透過損益按公允價值處理之金融資產已從第三級轉撥至第一級。於本年度內,並沒有其他第一級、第二級及第三級之間的轉撥。

During the year ended 31st December, 2019, a financial asset at FVTPL has been transferred from level 3 to level 1. There were no other transfers between Levels 1, 2 and 3 in the current year.

於截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度期間,並沒有第一級、第二級及第三級之間的轉撥。

During the year ended 31st December, 2018, there were no transfers between Levels 1, 2 and 3.

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

截至二零一九年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31st December, 2019

48. 金融工具(續)

48c. 金融工具之公允價值計量(續)

第三級公允價值計量之對賬

48. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONTINUED)

48c. Fair value measurements of financial instruments (continued)

#### Reconciliation of Level 3 fair value measurements

			透過	
		透過損益	其他全面收益	
		按公允價值	按公允價值	
		處理之	處理之	
		金融資產	股本工具	
		Financial	Equity	
		assets	instruments	總計
		at FVTPL	at FVTOCI	Total
		千港元	千港元	千港元
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
於二零一八年一月一日	At 1st January, 2018	_	77,080	77,080
總虧損:	Total losses:			
一於損益內	<ul><li>in profit or loss</li></ul>	(70,203)	_	(70,203)
一於其他全面	<ul> <li>in other comprehensive</li> </ul>			
費用內	expense	_	(7,132)	(7,132)
購置	Purchases	396,855	_	396,855
資本返還	Return of capital	_	(28,919)	(28,919)
匯兑差異	Exchange differences	3,501	(3,365)	136
於二零一八年十二月三十一日	At 31st December, 2018	330,153	37,664	367,817
總收入:	Total gains:			
一於損益內	<ul><li>in profit or loss</li></ul>	71,133	_	71,133
一於其他全面	<ul> <li>in other comprehensive</li> </ul>			
收入內	income	_	1,041	1,041
購置	Purchases	23,130	_	23,130
資本返還	Return of capital	(222,222)	_	(222,222)
自第三級轉撥(附註)	Transfer out of level 3 (Note)	(32,968)	_	(32,968)
匯兑差異	Exchange differences	(9,783)	_	(9,783)
於二零一九年	At 31st December,			
十二月三十一日	2019	159,443	38,705	198,148

Note:

附註: 於截至二零一九年十二月三十一日止年度期間,一項透過損益按公允價值處理之金融資產的資本已返還予本集團,而於中國上市之股本證券已提供作為回報。因此,該項透過損益按公允價值處理之金融資產已自第三級轉撥至第一級。

The capital of a financial asset at FVTPL has been returned to the Group and equity securities listed in the PRC has been provided as return during the year ended 31st December, 2019. Therefore, that financial asset at FVTPL has been transferred out from level 3 to level 1.

董事認為按攤銷成本列入綜合財務報表中的其 他金融資產及金融負債的賬面值與其公允價值 大致相等。 The Directors consider that the carrying amounts of the other financial assets and financial liabilities recorded at amortised cost in the consolidated financial statements approximate their fair values.

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

截至二零一九年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31st December, 2019

#### 49. 融資活動產生的負債對賬

下表為本集團融資活動產生的負債變動詳情, 包括現金及非現金變動。融資活動產生的負債 乃為現金流量或將來現金流量於本集團綜合現 金流動表分類為融資活動現金流量的負債。

# 49. RECONCILIATION OF LIABILITIES ARISING FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES

The table below details changes in the Group's liabilities arising from financing activities, including both cash and non-cash changes. Liabilities arising from financing activities are those for which cash flows were, or future cash flows will be, classified in the Group's consolidated statement of cash flows as cash flows from financing activities.

		包含在其他			
		應付賬款內的			
		應付利息			
		Interest			
		payables	附息借款		
		included in	Interest-	免息借款	
		other	bearing	Interest-free	總計
		payables	borrowings	borrowings	Total
		• /	(附註35)	(附註36)	
			(note 35)	(note 36)	
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
於二零一八年	At 1st January,				
一月一日	2018	12,769	4,379,130	20,281	4,412,180
融資現金流量:	Financing cash flows:				
已付利息	Interest paid	(203,961)	_	_	(203,961)
新借銀行及其他	New bank and other loans				
貸款	raised	_	1,557,395	_	1,557,395
歸還銀行及	Repayment of bank and other				
其他貸款	loans	_	(1,087,483)	_	(1,087,483)
來自聯營公司借款	Advances from associates	_	-	6,128	6,128
來自合營企業借款	Advances from joint ventures	_	_	932,111	932,111
歸還合營企業	Repayment to				
借款	joint ventures	_	_	(3,128)	(3,128)
已付予非控股權益	Dividend paid to non-				( ·
股息	controlling interests	<del>-</del>		(77,670)	(77,670)
		(203,961)	469,912	857,441	1,123,392
非現金流量項目:	Non-cash flow items:				
應計利息	Accrued interest	206,261	_	_	206,261
已宣佈派發予非控股	Dividend declared to non-				
權益之股息	controlling interests	_	_	77,670	77,670
外匯換算	Foreign exchange translation		(118,769)	(4,624)	(123,393)

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

截至二零一九年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31st December, 2019

## 49. 融資活動產生的負債對賬(續)

# **49. RECONCILIATION OF LIABILITIES ARISING FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES** (CONTINUED)

		包含在其他 應付賬款內的 應付利息 Interest payables included in other payables 千港元 HK\$'000	附息借款 Interest- bearing borrowings (附註35) (note 35) 千港元 HK\$'000	免息借款 Interest-free borrowings (附註36) (note 36) 千港元 HK\$'000	總計 Total 千港元 HK\$'000
於二零一八年 十二月三十一日	At 31st December, 2018	15,069	4,730,273	950,768	5,696,110
於二零一九年 一月一日	At 1st January, 2019	15,069	4,730,273	950,768	5,696,110
融資現金流量: 已付利息 新借銀行及其他 貸款	Financing cash flows: Interest paid New bank and other loans raised	(245,903)	<b>-</b> 3,341,890	-	(245,903) 3,341,890
歸還銀行及 其他貸款 來自聯營公司借款 來自合營企業借款	Repayment of bank and other loans Advances from associates Advances from joint ventures	- - -	(1,959,288) - -	- 9,820 496,362	(1,959,288) 9,820 496,362
歸還合營企業借款 已付予非控股權益 股息	Repayment to joint ventures Dividend paid to non- controlling interests			(35,531)	(35,531)
		(245,903)	1,382,602	439,583	1,576,282
非現金流量項目: 應計利息 已宣佈派發予非控股	Non-cash flow items: Accrued interest Dividend declared to non-	244,569	-	-	244,569
權益股息 重新分類為待售 外匯換算	controlling interests Reclassified as held for sale Foreign exchange translation	- - -	(653,981) (133,209)	31,068 (361) (31,444)	31,068 (654,342) (164,653)
於二零一九年 十二月三十一日	At 31st December, 2019	13,735	5,325,685	1,389,614	6,729,034

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

截至二零一九年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31st December, 2019

### 50.主要附屬公司詳情

## 50.1 附屬公司一般資料

除另有説明外,主要附屬公司均在香港註冊成 立及主要在香港經營,詳情如下:

已發行繳足

#### **50. PARTICULARS OF PRINCIPAL SUBSIDIARIES**

#### 50.1 General information of subsidiaries

Particulars of principal subsidiaries which are incorporated and are operating principally in Hong Kong except where otherwise indicated are as follows:

已發行普通股股本/ 註冊資本之百分比 Percentage of issued ordinary

	已發打繳走 普通股股本/ 已繳足註冊資本	rercentage of issued ordinary share capital/registered capital 本公司*/			,	
附屬公司名稱 Name of subsidiary	Paid up issued ordinary share capital/Paid up registered capital	附屬公 Held by the	司持有 Company*/ diaries	Attribu	国應佔 table to Group	主要業務 Principal activities
		2019 %	2018 %	2019 %	2018 %	
亞證地產有限公司 Asiasec Properties Limited	HK\$681,899,000	74.96	74.96	74.96	74.96	物業投資、物業租賃及 物業管理 Property investment, property leasing and estate management
北京南湖花園公寓有限公司 <sup>(ii)</sup> Beijing Nanhu Huayuan Apartment Co., Ltd. <sup>(ii)</sup>	US\$15,600,000	100	100	100	100	物業發展及投資 Property development and investment
Best Perspective Asian Real Estate Fund Limited (iii) & (iv)	US\$1	100	100	100	100	物業投資 Property investment
長春天安房地產開發有限公司 <sup>(ii)</sup> Changchun Tian An Real Estate Development Co., Ltd. <sup>(ii)</sup>	RMB50,000,000	100	100	100	100	物業發展 Property development
常州天安城市發展有限公司 <sup>(ii)</sup> Changzhou Tian An City Development Co., Ltd. <sup>(ii)</sup>	US\$2,650,000	100	100	100	100	物業發展 Property development
常州天安元城房地產發展有限公司 <sup>(ii)</sup> Changzhou Tian An Yuan Cheng Real Estate Development Company Limited <sup>(ii)</sup>	US\$32,300,000	100	100	100	100	物業發展 Property development
姿彩有限公司 <sup>() &amp; (iii)</sup> Cheerchoice Limited <sup>() &amp; (iii)</sup>	US\$1	100	100	100	100	物業投資 Property investment
華萊管理有限公司 Chinaland Management Limited	HK\$200	100*	100*	100	100	投資控股 Investment holding

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

截至二零一九年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31st December, 2019

#### 50.主要附屬公司詳情(續)

#### **50. PARTICULARS OF PRINCIPAL SUBSIDIARIES** (CONTINUED)

#### 50.1 附屬公司一般資料(續)

#### 50.1 General information of subsidiaries (continued)

已發行普通股股本/ 註冊資本之百分比 已發行繳足 Percentage of issued ordinary

普通股股本/ share capital/registered capital 已繳足註冊資本 本公司\*/ 本集團應佔 Paid up issued ordinary 附屬公司持有 share capital/Paid up Held by the Company\*/ Attributable to 附屬公司名稱 主要業務 Name of subsidiary registered capital subsidiaries the Group **Principal activities** 2019 2018 2019 2018 % % % % 港力物業管理(上海)有限公司(ii) US\$620,000 100 100 100 100 物業管理及投資控股 **Cornell Properties Services** Property management and (Shanghai) Co., Ltd. (ii) investment holding 大連天安房地產開發有限公司(ii) US\$6,800,000 60 物業發展 60 60 60 Dalian Tian An Property Property development Development Co., Ltd. (ii) 大連天安國際大廈有限公司(ii) US\$29,000,000 100 100 100 100 物業發展及投資 Dalian Tian An Tower Co., Ltd. (ii) Property development and investment 匯江景仕有限公司<sup>(i)</sup> 物業投資 HK\$2 100 100 100 100 Grand Kings Limited (i) Property investment 匯江廣瀚有限公司(1) HK\$2 100 100 100 100 物業投資 Grandview Square Limited (i) Property investment 100 滙江廣景有限公司(i) HK\$3,756 100 100 100 物業投資 GRP VI Limited (i) Property investment 興業控股有限公司(i) & (iii) US\$1 100 100 100 100 物業投資 Hing Yip Holdings Limited (i) & (iii) Property investment 惠州市惠陽區淡水新陽城 HK\$50,000,000 100 100 100 100 物業發展及投資 建設有限公司(ii) Property development and Huizhou Huiyang Danshui investment Xinyangcheng Construction Company Limited (ii) 正景發展有限公司 HK\$2 100 100 100 100 放債服務 Join View Development Limited Money lending services

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

截至二零一九年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31st December, 2019

## 50.主要附屬公司詳情(續)

### **50. PARTICULARS OF PRINCIPAL SUBSIDIARIES** (CONTINUED)

#### 50.1 附屬公司一般資料(續)

#### 50.1 General information of subsidiaries (continued)

已發行普通股股本/ 註冊資本之百分比 已發行繳足 Percentage of issued ordinary 普通股股本/ share capital/registered capital

	普通股股本/ 已繳足註冊資本		nare capital/re 司*/	gistered capit	al	
附屬公司名稱	Paid up issued ordinary share capital/Paid up	附屬公	司持有 Company*/		團應佔 table to	主要業務
Name of subsidiary	registered capital		diaries		Group	工女未份 Principal activities
		2019	2018	2019	2018	
		%	%	%	%	
南京天都實業有限公司 <sup>(ii)</sup> Nanjing Tiandu Industry Co., Ltd. <sup>(ii)</sup>	US\$13,500,000	100	100	100	100	物業發展及投資 Property development and investment
南京天寧置業有限公司 <sup>(ii) &amp; (vii)</sup> Nanjing Tianning Real Estate Co., Ltd. <sup>(ii) &amp; (vii)</sup>	US\$41,000,000	100	100	100	100	物業發展 Property development
南通天安數碼城開發有限公司 <sup>(i) &amp; (vii)</sup> Nantong Tian An Cyberpark Development Company Limited <sup>(ii) &amp; (vii)</sup>	RMB134,696,700	100	100	100	100	物業發展 Property development
上海凱恒置業有限公司 <sup>(ii)</sup> Shanghai Greentree I Company Ltd. <sup>(ii)</sup>	RMB275,933,200	100	100	100	100	物業發展及投資 Property development and investment
上海凱隆置業有限公司 <sup>(ii)</sup> Shanghai Greentree II Company Ltd. <sup>(ii)</sup>	RMB266,315,300	100	100	100	100	物業發展及投資 Property development and investment
上海海柏置業有限公司 <sup>(ii)</sup> Shanghai Haibo Real Estate Limited <sup>(ii)</sup>	RMB260,000,000	100	100	100	100	物業投資 Property investment
上海海廣房地產經營有限公司 <sup>(ii)</sup> Shanghai Haiguang Real Estate Holdings Limited <sup>(ii)</sup>	RMB37,000,000	100	100	100	100	物業投資 Property investment
上海海森置業有限公司 <sup>(ii)</sup> Shanghai Haisen Real Estate Limited <sup>(ii)</sup>	RMB140,000,000	100	100	100	100	物業投資 Property investment

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

截至二零一九年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31st December, 2019

#### 50.主要附屬公司詳情(續)

#### **50. PARTICULARS OF PRINCIPAL SUBSIDIARIES** (CONTINUED)

#### 50.1 附屬公司一般資料(續)

#### 50.1 General information of subsidiaries (continued)

已發行普通股股本/ 註冊資本之百分比 已發行繳足 Percentage of issued ordinary

普通股股本/ share capital/registered capital 已繳足註冊資本 本公司\*/ 本集團應佔 Paid up issued ordinary 附屬公司持有 share capital/Paid up Held by the Company\*/ 附屬公司名稱 Attributable to 主要業務 Name of subsidiary registered capital subsidiaries the Group **Principal activities** 2019 2018 2019 2018 % % % % 上海海逸置業有限公司(ii) RMB66,000,000 100 100 100 100 物業投資 Shanghai Haiyi Real Property investment Estate Limited (ii) 上海天安中心大廈有限公司(ii) US\$28,000,000 98 98 98 98 物業發展及投資 Shanghai Tian An Centre Property development and Building Co., Ltd. (ii) investment 上海天安河濱花園有限公司(ii) RMB50,000,000 99 99 99 物業發展及投資 Property development and Shanghai Tianan Riverview Co., Ltd. (ii) investment 上海天洋房地產有限公司(i) RMB50,000,000 100 100 100 100 物業發展及投資 Shanghai Tianyang Real Property development and Estate Co., Ltd. (ii) investment 誠興投資有限公司(i)&(iii) US\$1 100 100 100 100 物業投資 Sing Hing Investment Limited  $^{(i)\ \&\ (iii)}$ Property investment 新海通有限公司(ii) US\$30,000,000 100 100 100 100 物業發展及投資控股 Sun Hai Tung Co., Ltd. (ii) Property development and investment holding TAC OPP I (The Lennox) Pty AU\$100 100 100 物業發展 Limited (v) Property development Tian An Australia Limited (v) AU\$290,149,000 76.70 76.70 76.70 76.70 Property development

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

截至二零一九年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31st December, 2019

### 50.主要附屬公司詳情(續)

### **50. PARTICULARS OF PRINCIPAL SUBSIDIARIES** (CONTINUED)

#### 50.1 附屬公司一般資料(續)

50.1 General information of subsidiaries (continued)

已發行普通股股本/<br/>註冊資本之百分比已發行繳足Percentage of issued ordinary<br/>share capital/registered capital

	普通股股本/ 已繳足註冊資本	share capital/registered capital 本公司*/					
附屬公司名稱 Name of subsidiary	Paid up issued ordinary share capital/Paid up registered capital	附屬公司持有 Held by the Company*/ subsidiaries		Attribu	團應佔 table to Group	主要業務 Principal activities	
		<b>2019</b> %	2018 %	2019 %	2018 %		
天安中國置業有限公司 Tian An China Enterprise Limited	HK\$2	100*	100*	100	100	投資控股及證券買賣 Investment holding and securities dealing	
天安中國酒店房地產投資有限公司 Tian An China Hotel and Property Investments Company Limited	HK\$2	100*	100*	100	100	投資控股 Investment holding	
天安投資(深圳)有限公司 <sup>(ii)</sup> Tian An Investments (Shenzhen) Co., Ltd. <sup>(ii)</sup>	HK\$360,000,000	100	100	100	100	物業投資及投資控股 Property investment and investment holding	
天安(珠江)發展有限公司 Tian An Pearl River Company Limited	HK\$2	100*	100*	100	100	投資控股 Investment holding	
天安(上海)投資有限公司 (「天安上海」) <sup>(ii)</sup> Tian An (Shanghai) Investments Co., Ltd. ("TASH") <sup>(ii)</sup>	US\$30,000,000	100 <sup>(vi)</sup>	100 <sup>(vi)</sup>	100	100	物業發展和投資及 投資控股 Property development and investment and investment holding	
無錫天安智慧城置業有限公司 <sup>(ii) &amp; (vii)</sup> Tianan Intelligent Park Properties (Wuxi) Co., Ltd. <sup>(ii) &amp; (vii)</sup>	RMB197,174,341	100	100	100	100	物業發展 Property development	
無錫紅山置業有限公司 <sup>(ii)</sup> Wuxi Redhill Properties Co., Ltd <sup>(ii)</sup>	U\$\$5,000,000	95	95	95	95	物業發展 Property development	

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

截至二零一九年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31st December, 2019

#### 50.主要附屬公司詳情(續)

#### **50. PARTICULARS OF PRINCIPAL SUBSIDIARIES** (CONTINUED)

#### 50.1 附屬公司一般資料(續)

50.1 General information of subsidiaries (continued)

已發行普通股股本/ 註冊資本之百分比 〒繳足 Percentage of issued ordi

已發行繳足 Percentage of issued ordinary 普通股股本/ share capital/registered capital 已繳足註冊資本 本公司\*/ Paid up issued ordinary 附屬公司持有 本集團應佔 附屬公司名稱 share capital/Paid up Held by the Company\*/ Attributable to 主要業務 registered capital subsidiaries **Principal activities** Name of subsidiary the Group 2019 2018 2019 2018 % % % % 無錫天信置業有限公司(ii) US\$18,400,000 100 100 100 100 物業發展 Wuxi Tianxin Properties Co., Ltd. (ii) Property development 上海海峽思泉房地產有限公司(ii) US\$50,000,000 99.99 99.99 99.99 99.99 物業發展 Property development 物業發展 上海凱旋門企業發展有限公司(ii) RMB900,000,000 100 100 100 100 Property development 天安經濟諮詢(深圳)有限公司(ii) RMB6,975,000 100 100 100 100 物業投資 Property investment 天安(南京)投資發展有限公司(ii) US\$30,000,000 100 100 物業發展 Property development 應威(深圳)投資諮詢有限公司(ii) 100 100 100 物業投資 RMB50,000,000 100 Property investment 瑞昌(深圳)投資諮詢有限公司(ii) RMB10,000,000 100 100 100 100 物業投資 Property investment

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

截至二零一九年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31st December, 2019

#### 50.主要附屬公司詳情(續)

#### 50.1 附屬公司一般資料(續)

#### 附註:

- (i) 主要在中國經營運作。
- (ii) 在中國註冊成立並主要在中國經營運作。
- (iii) 在英屬維京群島註冊成立。
- (iv) 主要在英國經營運作。
- (v) 在澳洲註冊成立並主要在澳洲經營運作。
- (vi) 本公司直接持有天安上海60%權益,而餘下之40%權益則由一間附屬公司持有。
- (vii) 誠如附註32所披露,本集團於二零一九年十一月 二十八日與本集團的一間合營企業訂立買賣協議。 根據該等買賣協議,本集團同意出售其在該三間附 屬公司的100%權益。於二零一九年十二月三十一 日,屬於該三間附屬公司的資產及負債已分類為待 售資產及負債。

以上所列出者乃董事認為對本集團之業績或資 產有主要影響之附屬公司。董事認為列出其他 附屬公司之詳情會令資料過於冗長。

截至本年底並沒有任何附屬公司未償還的債務 證券。

#### **50. PARTICULARS OF PRINCIPAL SUBSIDIARIES** (CONTINUED)

#### 50.1 General information of subsidiaries (continued)

#### Notes:

- (i) Operating principally in the PRC.
- (ii) Established and operating principally in the PRC.
- (iii) Incorporated in the British Virgin Islands.
- (iv) Operating principally in the United Kingdom.
- (v) Incorporated and operating principally in Australia.
- (vi) The 60% interest in TASH is held directly by the Company and the remaining 40% is held by a subsidiary.
- (vii) As disclosed in note 32, on 28th November, 2019, the Group entered into sale and purchase agreements with a joint venture of the Group. Pursuant to the sale and purchase agreements, the Group agreed to sell its 100% equity interest of these three subsidiaries. As at 31st December, 2019, the assets and liabilities attributable to these three subsidiaries had been classified as assets and liabilities held for sale.

The above table lists the subsidiaries of the Company which, in the opinion of the Directors, principally affected the results or assets of the Group. To give details of other subsidiaries would, in the opinion of the Directors, result in particulars of excessive length.

None of the subsidiaries had any debt securities outstanding at the end of the year.

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

截至二零一九年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31st December, 2019

## 50.主要附屬公司詳情(續)

# 50.2 擁有重大非控股權益的非全資附屬公司詳情

下表列出本集團擁有重大非控股權益的非全資附屬公司詳情:

### **50. PARTICULARS OF PRINCIPAL SUBSIDIARIES** (CONTINUED)

# 50.2 Details of non wholly-owned subsidiaries that have material non-controlling interests

The table below shows details of non wholly-owned subsidiaries of the Group that has material non-controlling interests:

#### 非控股權益所佔已發行 普通股股本百分比

附屬公司名稱 Name of subsidiary	成立地點及主要營業地點 Percentage of ownership Place of incorporation and principal place of business  Percentage of ownership of issued ordinary share capital held by non-controlling interests		Place of incorporation 对屬公司名稱 and principal place of		溢利(虧損)分配 至非控股權益 Profit (loss) allocated to non-controlling interests		Accum	空股權益 nulated ling interests
		2019	2018	<b>2019</b> 千港元	2018 千港元	<b>2019</b> 千港元	2018 千港元	
		%	%	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	
亞證地產有限公司(「亞證地產」) Asiasec Properties Limited ("ASL")	香港 Hong Kong	25.04	25.04	14,514	28,185	1,158,802	1,176,975	
Tian An Australia Limited ("TIA")	澳洲 Australia	23.30	23.30	(4,695)	(20,171)	134,088	140,372	
擁有非控股權益之個別 非重大附屬公司								
Individually immaterial								
subsidiaries with non-controlling interests				(189)	(1,105)	51,305	52,586	
				9,630	6,909	1,344,195	1,369,933	

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

截至二零一九年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31st December, 2019

#### 50.主要附屬公司詳情(續)

# 50.2 擁有重大非控股權益的非全資附屬公司詳情(續)

關於本集團每一間擁有重大非控股權益的非全 資附屬公司的財務資料概述如下。下列概述財 務資料乃指集團內抵銷前金額。

#### 亞證地產及其附屬公司(附註)

#### **50. PARTICULARS OF PRINCIPAL SUBSIDIARIES** (CONTINUED)

# 50.2 Details of non wholly-owned subsidiaries that have material non-controlling interests (continued)

Summarised financial information in respect of each of the Group's subsidiaries that has material non-controlling interests is set out below. The summarised financial information below represents amounts before intragroup eliminations.

#### ASL and its subsidiaries (Note)

		2019 千港元 HK\$′000	2018 千港元 HK\$′000
流動資產	Current assets	365,512	482,558
非流動資產	Non-current assets	4,298,092	4,236,906
流動負債	Current liabilities	(52,282)	(34,750)
非流動負債	Non-current liabilities	(170,856)	(171,651)
本公司股東應佔之 權益	Equity attributable to owners of the Company	3,281,664	3,336,088
非控股權益應佔之 權益	Equity attributable to non-controlling interests	1,158,802	1,176,975
收入	Revenue	55,944	58,454
本公司股東應佔 溢利 非控股權益應佔 溢利	Profit attributable to owners of the Company Profit attributable to non-controlling interests	43,464 14,514	84,404 28,185
本年度溢利	Profit for the year	57,978	112,589

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

截至二零一九年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31st December, 2019

#### 50.主要附屬公司詳情(續)

#### **50. PARTICULARS OF PRINCIPAL SUBSIDIARIES** (CONTINUED)

# 50.2 擁有重大非控股權益的非全資附屬公司詳情(續)

# 50.2 Details of non wholly-owned subsidiaries that have material non-controlling interests (continued)

#### 亞證地產及其附屬公司(附註)(續)

**ASL** and its subsidiaries (Note) (continued)

		2019 千港元 HK\$′000	2018 千港元 HK\$′000
本公司股東應佔 其他全面 費用 非控股權益應佔 其他全面 費用	Other comprehensive expense attributable to owners of the Company Other comprehensive expense attributable to non-controlling interests	(4,850) (1,619)	(3,072)
本年度其他全面 費用	Other comprehensive expense for the year	(6,469)	(4,064)
本公司股東應佔 全面收益 總額 非控股權益應佔 全面收益 總額	Total comprehensive income attributable to owners of the Company Total comprehensive income attributable to non-controlling interests	38,614 12,895	81,332 27,193
本年度全面收益總額	Total comprehensive income for the year	51,509	108,525
支付予非控股權益之 股息	Dividend paid to non-controlling interests	31,068	77,670
來自營運業務之現金 流入淨值	Net cash inflow from operating activities	26,499	17,686
來自投資業務之現金 流入淨值	Net cash inflow from investing activities	108,254	37,715
用於融資業務之現金 流出淨值	Net cash outflow used in financing activities	(114,286)	(304,135)
現金流入(流出)淨值	Net cash inflow (outflow)	20,467	(248,734)

附註:以上披露的金額已就二零一六年收購亞證地產之物業、廠房及設備及使用權資產的公允價值調整作出調整。

Note: The amounts disclosed above have been adjusted for the fair value adjustments on property, plant and equipment and right-of-use assets upon acquisition of ASL in 2016.

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

截至二零一九年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31st December, 2019

## 50.主要附屬公司詳情(續)

### **50. PARTICULARS OF PRINCIPAL SUBSIDIARIES** (CONTINUED)

# 50.2 擁有重大非控股權益的非全資附屬公司詳情(續)

# 50.2 Details of non wholly-owned subsidiaries that have material non-controlling interests (continued)

#### TIA及其附屬公司

#### TIA and its subsidiaries

		2019 千港元 HK\$′000	2018 千港元 HK\$′000
流動資產 Curre	ent assets	25,521	51,795
非流動資產 Non-	current assets	684,877	627,540
流動負債 Curre	ent liabilities	(9,406)	(76,770)
非流動負債 Non-	current liabilities	(125,402)	-
·	y attributable to owners the Company	441,502	462,193
·	y attributable to n-controlling interests	134,088	140,372
		2019 千港元 HK\$'000	2018 千港元 HK\$′000
收入 Rever	nue	8,360	12,123
虧損the非控股權益應佔Loss a	attributable to owners of Company attributable to n-controlling interests	(15,460) (4,695)	(66,414) (20,171)
本年度虧損 Loss i	for the year	(20,155)	(86,585)

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

截至二零一九年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31st December, 2019

## 50.主要附屬公司詳情(續)

### **50. PARTICULARS OF PRINCIPAL SUBSIDIARIES** (CONTINUED)

# 50.2 擁有重大非控股權益的非全資附屬公司詳情(續)

# 50.2 Details of non wholly-owned subsidiaries that have material non-controlling interests (continued)

#### TIA及其附屬公司(續)

TIA and its subsidiaries (continued)

		2019 千港元 HK\$′000	2018 千港元 HK\$′000
本公司股東應佔 其他全面 費用 非控股權益應佔 其他全面 費用	Other comprehensive expense attributable to owners of the Company Other comprehensive expense attributable to non-controlling interests	(5,231) (1,589)	(57,132) (17,352)
本年度其他全面 費用	Other comprehensive expense for the year	(6,820)	(74,484)
本公司股東應佔 全面費用 總額 非控股權益應佔 全面費用 總額	Total comprehensive expense attributable to owners of the Company Total comprehensive expense attributable to non-controlling interests	(20,691) (6,284)	(123,546) (37,523)
本年度全面費用總額	Total comprehensive expense for the year	(26,975)	(161,069)
支付予非控股權益之 股息	Dividend paid to non-controlling interests	-	-
(用於)來自營運業務之 現金(流出)流入淨值	Net cash (outflow used in) inflow from operating activities	(13,847)	4,656
用於投資業務之現金 流出淨值	Net cash outflow used in investing activities	(54,341)	(194,638)
來自融資業務之現金 流入淨值	Net cash inflow from financing activities	54,840	75,468
現金流出淨值	Net cash outflow	(13,348)	(114,514)

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

截至二零一九年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31st December, 2019

#### 51. 主要聯營公司詳情

#### **51. PARTICULARS OF PRINCIPAL ASSOCIATES**

於報告期末,本集團於下列主要聯營公司擁有 權益: At the end of the reporting period, the Group had interests in the following principal associates:

聯營公司名稱 Name of associate	主要經營地點 Principal place of operation	資本 i Percen registered o	所佔註冊 百分比 itage of capital held Group	主要業務 Principal activities
		2019	2018	
		%	%	
建唐置業有限公司 <sup>(i)</sup> Kin Tong Land Investment Company Limited <sup>(i)</sup>	香港 Hong Kong	37.48	37.48	物業投資 Property investment
Zeta Estates Limited (i)	香港 Hong Kong	24.99	24.99	物業發展及投資 Property development and investment
上海陸金天安投資有限公司	上海 Shanghai	30	30	物業發展 Property development

#### 附註:

Note:

- (i) 亞證地產分別持有建唐置業有限公司及Zeta Estates Limited 50%及33.33%的註冊資本,而本集團持有 亞證地產約74.96%(二零一八年:74.96%)的權益。
- (i) 50% and 33.33% registered capital of Kin Tong Land Investment Company Limited and Zeta Estates Limited respectively are held by ASL which approximately 74.96% (2018: 74.96%) interests are held by the Group.

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

截至二零一九年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31st December, 2019

### 52.主要合營企業詳情

註冊成立及經營運作:

# 於報告期末,本集團於下列主要合營企業擁有權益,除另有説明外,該等合營企業皆在中國

### **52. PARTICULARS OF PRINCIPAL JOINT VENTURES**

本集團所佔註冊

At the end of the reporting period, the Group had interests in the following principal joint ventures which are corporate joint ventures established in the PRC except where otherwise indicated:

	主要經營地點	資本百	百分比 tage of	
合營企業名稱 Name of joint venture	Principal place of operation	•	capital held Group	主要業務 Principal activities
		<b>2019</b> %	2018 %	
		70	70	
Crystal Idea Management Limited	英屬維京群島 British Virgin Islands	50	50	投資控股 Investment holding
東莞長安今宇高爾夫球場俱樂部有限公司 Dongguan Changan Jinyu Golf Club Co., Limited	東莞 Dongguan	75	75	經營高爾夫球場 Golf course operation
廣州市番禺節能科技園發展有限公司 <sup>(ii)</sup> Guangzhou Panyu Hi-Tech Ecological Park Development Co., Ltd. <sup>(ii)</sup>	番禺 Panyu	50	50	物業發展及投資 Property development and investment
天津天安泛科技園開發有限公司 <sup>(iii)</sup> Tianjin Tian An Science Parks Development Limited <sup>(iii)</sup>	天津 Tianjin	50	50	物業發展及投資 Property development and investment
香河明鴻房地產開發有限公司	北京 Beijing	50	50	物業發展 Property development
常州天安數碼城置業有限公司(11)	常州 Changzhou	50	50	物業發展及投資 Property development and investment
重慶天安數碼城有限公司(ii)	重慶 Chongqing	50	50	物業發展及投資 Property development and investment

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

截至二零一九年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31st December, 2019

## 52.主要合營企業詳情(續)

### **52.PARTICULARS OF PRINCIPAL JOINT VENTURES**

(CONTINUED)

合營企業名稱 Name of joint venture	1 1 0			主要業務 Principal activities
		2019	2018	
		%	%	
東莞市天安數碼城有限公司(ii)	東莞 Dongguan	39	39	物業發展及投資 Property development and investment
東莞市鳳崗天安數碼城有限公司(ii)	東莞 Dongguan	45.05	45.05	物業發展及投資 Property development and investment
佛山市天安數碼城有限公司 <sup>(ii)</sup>	佛山 Foshan	50	45	物業發展及投資 Property development and investment
江陰天安數碼城置業有限公司(ii)	江陰 Jiangyin	50	50	物業發展及投資 Property development and investment
深圳天安智慧園區運營有限公司	深圳 Shenzhen	50	50	物業管理及投資控股 Property management and investment holding
深圳市龍崗天安數碼新城有限公司(ii)	深圳 Shenzhen	50	50	物業發展及投資 Property development and investment
深圳天安駿業投資發展(集團) 有限公司	深圳 Shenzhen	50	50	物業發展及投資 Property development and investment
深圳天安雲谷投資發展有限公司 <sup>(iv)</sup>	深圳 Shenzhen	50	50	物業發展及投資 Property development and investment
天安數碼城(集團)有限公司	深圳 Shenzhen	50	50	物業發展和投資及 投資控股 Property development and investment and investment holding

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

截至二零一九年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31st December, 2019

#### 52.主要合營企業詳情(續)

### **52.PARTICULARS OF PRINCIPAL JOINT VENTURES**

(CONTINUED)

合營企業名稱 Name of joint venture	主要經營地點 Principal place of operation	資本。 Percen registered	所佔註冊 百分比 Itage of capital held Group	主要業務 Principal activities
		<b>2019</b> %	2018 %	
天津天安數碼城有限公司 <sup>(ii)</sup>	天津 Tianjin	50	50	物業發展及投資 Property development and investment
青島天安數碼城有限公司 <sup>(ii)</sup>	青島 Qingdao	50	50	物業發展及投資 Property development and investment
麥哲理(南京)房地產開發有限公司	南京 Nanjing	60	60	物業發展 Property development
蘇州象嶼地產有限公司(*)	蘇州 Suzhou	50	50	物業發展 Property development

#### 附註:

- (i) 根據合營者之間的合同協議,本集團與其他合營者 對以上合營企業之財務及營運政策擁有共同控制 權。
- (ii) 該公司為一間合營企業(天安數碼城(集團)有限公司)之附屬公司。
- (iii) 該公司為一間合營企業(Crystal Idea Management Limited)之附屬公司。
- (iv) 該公司為一間合營企業(深圳天安駿業投資發展(集團)有限公司)之附屬公司。
- (v) 該公司於截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度期 間被收購。

#### Notes:

- (i) Based on the contractual agreements between the venturers, the Group and other venturers have joint control over the financial and operating policies of the above joint ventures.
- (ii) The company is a subsidiary of a joint venture, 天安數碼城(集團)有限公司.
- (iii) The company is a subsidiary of a joint venture, Crystal Idea Management Limited.
- (iv) The company is a subsidiary of a joint venture, 深圳天安駿業投資發展(集團)有限公司.
- (v) The company was acquired during the year ended 31st December, 2018.

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

截至二零一九年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31st December, 2019

### 53. 公司財務狀況表及儲備

# 53.STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AND RESERVES OF THE COMPANY

#### 本公司財務狀況表

#### The Company's Statement of Financial Position

		2019 千港元 HK\$′000	2018 千港元 HK\$′000
非流動資產 物業、廠房及設備 於附屬公司之投資 附屬公司欠款 於合營企業之投資	Non-current assets Property, plant and equipment Investments in subsidiaries Amounts due from subsidiaries Investments in joint ventures	38,957 143,852 12,813,862 9,816	38,928 148,813 13,204,136 10,154
		13,006,487	13,402,031
流動資產 其他應收賬款、 按金及預付款 合營企業欠款 銀行結存及現金	Current assets Other receivables, deposits and prepayments Amounts due from joint ventures Bank balances and cash	1,591 1,553 901,641	2,510 1,553 760,972
		904,785	765,035
流動負債 其他應付賬款 應付附屬公司款項 税項負債	Current liabilities Other payables Amounts due to subsidiaries Tax liabilities	24,549 3,171,565 33,192	27,764 2,677,745 33,403
		3,229,306	2,738,912
流動負債淨值	Net current liabilities	(2,324,521)	(1,973,877)
總資產減流動負債	Total assets less current liabilities	10,681,966	11,428,154
<b>股本及儲備</b> 股本 儲備	<b>Capital and reserves</b> Share capital Reserves	3,788,814 6,893,152	3,788,814 7,639,340
		10,681,966	11,428,154

本公司財務狀況表已於二零二零年四月六日經 董事會通過及授權刊發,並由下列董事代表簽 署: The Company's statement of financial position was approved and authorised for issue by the Board of Directors on 6th April, 2020 and is signed on its behalf by:

Patrick Lee Seng Wei 李成偉 Director 董事 Edwin Lo King Yau 勞景祐 Director 董事

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

截至二零一九年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31st December, 2019

#### 53. 公司財務狀況表及儲備(續)

# 53.STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AND RESERVES OF THE COMPANY (CONTINUED)

#### 公司儲備變動表

#### **Movement in the Company's reserves**

		特別資本	匯兑浮動		
		儲備	儲備	mal well	
		Special	Exchange	累計溢利	44.1
		capital	translation	Retained	總計
		reserve	reserve	earnings	Total
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
於二零一八年一月一日	At 1st January, 2018	1,417,669	779,309	5,607,060	7,804,038
本年度溢利	Profit for the year	_	_	403,158	403,158
換算所產生之	Exchange difference				
匯兑差異	arising from translation	_	(266,502)	_	(266,502)
股息分配	Dividend recognised				
	as distribution	_	_	(301,354)	(301,354)
於二零一八年	At 31st December,				
十二月三十一日	2018	1,417,669	512,807	5,708,864	7,639,340
本年度虧損	Loss for the year	_	_	(51,076)	(51,076)
換算所產生之	Exchange difference				
匯兑差異	arising from translation	_	(372,637)	_	(372,637)
股息分配	Dividend recognised				
	as distribution	_	_	(301,354)	(301,354)
股份回購	Repurchase of shares				
(附註37)	(note 37)	_	_	(21,121)	(21,121)
於二零一九年	At 31st December,				
十二月三十一日	2019	1,417,669	140,170	5,335,313	6,893,152

於二零一九年十二月三十一日,本公司可分派 予股東之儲備為累計溢利5,335,313,000港元 (二零一八年:5,708,864,000港元)。

香港特別行政區高等法院於二零零四年批准本公司削減股份面值時規定,就因削減股份面值 而產生之進賬轉撥至特殊資本儲備,在本公司 於二零零四年三月九日之負債全部清還前,此 儲備不能作為分配用途。於二零一九年十二月 三十一日,本公司於二零零四年三月九日已存 在之負債中,仍有14,064,000港元(二零一八年:14,064,000港元)並未清還。 The Company's reserves available for distribution to Shareholders as at 31st December, 2019 represent the retained earnings of HK\$5,335,313,000 (2018: HK\$5,708,864,000).

When sanctioning a reduction in nominal value of the Company's shares in 2004, the High Court of the Hong Kong Special Administrative Region stipulated that the credit arising on the reduction be transferred to a special capital reserve, and that reserve was not to be regarded as distributable until all of the liabilities of the Company as at the date of the order, 9th March, 2004, were settled. At 31st December, 2019, liabilities of the Company included HK\$14,064,000 (2018: HK\$14,064,000) in respect of liabilities in existence at 9th March, 2004.

### NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

截至二零一九年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31st December, 2019

#### 54. 報告期後事項

(i) 於二零二零年一月二日,本公司與聯合集團有限公司(「聯合集團」)(聯合地產之主要股東)訂立行政服務及管理服務分攤協議(「二零二零年天安服務協議」);及亞證地產與聯合集團訂立內部審核及管理資訊系統服務協議(「二零二零年亞證地產協議」)。

根據二零二零年天安服務協議,本公司同意重訂及延長與聯合集團訂立的協議年期,由二零二零年一月一日起至二零二二年十二月三十一日止為期三年,及就行政服務及管理服務所產生之成本償付聯合集團。於截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止三個財政年度有關管理服務之年度上限將分別為63,000,000港元、69,300,000港元及76,300,000港元。

根據二零二零年亞證地產協議,亞證地產同意重訂及延長與聯合集團訂立的協議年期,由二零二零年一月一日起至二零二二年十二月三十一日止為期三年,及就聯合集團向亞證地產及其附屬公司提供內部審核及管理資訊系統服務所產生之成本償付聯合集團。於截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止三個財政年度之年度上限將分別為360,000港元、396,000港元及436,000港元。

(ii) 就二零一九年新型冠狀病毒(「二零一九年新型冠狀病毒」)在全球的爆發、中國政府其後實施的檢疫措施以及其他國家於二零年年初實施的旅遊限制,由於本集團大部份業務位於中國,自二零二零年一月起對本集團的業務構成嚴重負面影響。另外,二零一九年新型冠狀病毒將會對香港零售市場亦有負面影響。於該等綜合財務報表授權刊發之日,董事仍在評別形務報表授權刊發之日,董事仍在評別不的綜合財務報表造成的財務影響。

#### 54. EVENTS AFTER THE REPORTING PERIOD

(i) On 2nd January, 2020, the Company entered into a sharing of administrative services and management services agreement ("2020 TACI Services Agreement") with Allied Group Limited ("AGL"), a substantial shareholder of APL; and ASL entered into an internal audit services and management information system services agreement ("2020 ASL Services Agreement") with AGL.

Pursuant to the 2020 TACI Services Agreement, the Company agreed to renew and extend the terms of an agreement entered into with AGL for a period of three years commencing from 1st January, 2020 and expiring on 31st December, 2022 and to reimburse AGL the costs incurred in respect of the administrative services and the management services. The relevant annual cap in respect of the management services for each of the three financial years ending 31st December, 2022 shall be HK\$63,000,000, HK\$69,300,000 and HK\$76,300,000.

Pursuant to the 2020 ASL Services Agreement, ASL agreed to renew and extend the terms of an agreement entered into with AGL for a period of three years commencing from 1st January, 2020 and expiring on 31st December, 2022 and to reimburse AGL the costs incurred in respect of the provision of the internal audit services and the management information system services by AGL to ASL and its subsidiaries. The relevant annual cap for each of the three financial years ending 31st December, 2022 shall be HK\$360,000, HK\$396,000 and HK\$436,000.

(ii) The outbreak of the 2019 novel coronavirus ("COVID-19") in the world and the subsequent quarantine measures imposed by the Chinese government as well as the travel restrictions imposed by other countries in early 2020 have had a severe negative impact on the operations of the Group since January 2020, as most of the Group's operations are located in the PRC. It has a negative impact on the market sentiment of the property market in the PRC. In addition, the outbreak of COVID-19 also has a negative impact on the retail market in Hong Kong. The Directors are still assessing the financial impact that the COVID-19 will have on the Group's future consolidated financial statements as at the date that these consolidated financial statements are authorised for issue.

# 財務概要 FINANCIAL SUMMARY

		2015 千港元 HK\$′000	2016 千港元 HK\$′000	2017 千港元 HK\$′000	2018 千港元 HK\$′000	2019 千港元 HK\$'000
業績	RESULTS					
收入	Revenue	1,029,359	1,894,465	1,112,881	3,291,719	2,221,904
年內本公司股東應佔 之溢利	Profit for the year attributable to owners of the Company	2,600,020	5,712,954	2,054,142	1,251,202	1,345,942
資產及負債	ASSETS AND LIABILITIES					
總資產	Total assets	31,561,142	33,691,834	37,156,441	39,014,757	41,049,624
總負債	Total liabilities	14,406,804	11,640,439	12,271,401	13,761,746	15,454,453
非控股權益	Non-controlling interests	16,008	538,184	1,459,760	1,369,933	1,344,195
本公司股東應佔 之權益	Equity attributable to owners of the Company	17,138,330	21,513,211	23,425,280	23,883,078	24,250,976
		2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
按每股基準	PER SHARE BASIS					
每股基本盈利(港仙)	Basic earnings per share (HK cents)	172.56	379.15	136.33	83.04	89.35
每股股息(港仙)	Dividend per share (HK cents)	15	32.5 (附註) (Note)	20	20	20
本公司股東應佔之 每股資產淨值(港元)	Net assets per share attributable to owners of the Company (HK\$)	11.4	14.3	15.6	15.9	16.2

附註:

Note:

按持有每100股本公司股份獲分派13股亞證地產股份之基準,以實物分派方式派發亞證地產之195,880,034股股份作為特別股息。

A special dividend in form of distribution in specie of 195,880,034 shares in ASL on the basis of 13 ASL Shares for every 100 shares of the Company.

