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BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Executive Directors

Mr. Chan Wing Kai (Chairman and chief executive officer) Mr. Ng Ming Ho

Independent non-executive Directors

Ms. Chan Siu Lai Mr. Kwok Chi Shing Mr. Ma Kwok Fai, Edwin

COMPANY SECRETARY

Ms. Wu Yu Lim, Winnie

COMPLIANCE OFFICER

Mr. Chan Wing Kai

AUTHORISED REPRESENTATIVES

Mr. Chan Wing Kai Mr. Ng Ming Ho

AUDIT COMMITTEE

Mr. Kwok Chi Shing (Chairman of Audit Committee) Ms. Chan Siu Lai Mr. Ma Kwok Fai, Edwin

REMUNERATION COMMITTEE

Ms. Chan Siu Lai (Chairlady of Remuneration Committee) Mr. Kwok Chi Shing Mr. Ma Kwok Fai, Edwin

NOMINATION COMMITTEE

Mr. Ma Kwok Fai, Edwin (Chairman of Nomination Committee) Ms. Chan Siu Lai Mr. Kwok Chi Shing

AUDITOR

Zhonghui Anda CPA Limited

REGISTERED OFFICE

Cricket Square Hutchins Drive P.O. Box 2681 Grand Cayman, KY1-1111 Cayman Islands

HEAD OFFICE AND PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS IN HONG KONG

Flat A, 17/F., Gemstar Tower 23 Man Lok Street, Hung Hom Kowloon, Hong Kong

PRINCIPAL SHARE REGISTRAR AND TRANSFER OFFICE

Conyers Trust Company (Cayman) Limited Cricket Square Hutchins Drive P.O. Box 2681 Grand Cayman, KY1-1111 Cayman Islands

HONG KONG BRANCH SHARE REGISTRAR AND TRANSFER OFFICE

Tricor Investor Services Limited Level 54, Hopewell Centre 183 Queen's Road East Hong Kong

COMPLIANCE ADVISER

Messis Capital Limited

LEGAL ADVISERS AS TO HONG KONG LAW

Loeb & Loeb LLP

PRINCIPAL BANKERS

The Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation Limited Shanghai Commercial Bank Limited

COMPANY'S WEBSITE

www.speedapparel.com.hk

STOCK CODE

3860

Dear Shareholders,

On behalf of the board (the "Board") of directors (the "Director(s)") of Speed Apparel Holding Limited (the "Company"), I am pleased to present the annual report of the Company and its subsidiaries (collectively referred to as the "Group") for the year ended 31 March 2020.

BUSINESS OVERVIEW

The financial year 2020 is significant to the Group as the shares (the "Shares") of the Company were successfully transferred its listing from GEM to the Main Board of The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange") on 12 December 2019 (the "Transfer of Listing"). The Directors believe that the Transfer of Listing will increase attractiveness of Shares to investors and broaden the Company's investor base and attain higher trading liquidity for Shares, which is beneficial to the Company for its continued growth, financing flexibility and business developments.

During the reporting period, the protracted trade war (the "Trade War") between the People's Republic of China (the "PRC") and the United States of America (the "USA") has weighed on global economic sentiments and trading activities and caused downturn to the global economy. Despite of difficult trading environment, the Group was able to record an increase in its revenue to approximately HK\$537.4 million for the year ended 31 March 2020, representing an increase of approximately 24.1% as compared to approximately HK\$433.0 million for the year ended 31 March 2019. The increase in revenue of the Group was primarily attributable to (i) the substantial increase in purchase orders from a major customer headquartered in the USA which commenced generating revenue to the Group since August 2018; and (ii) the increase in purchase orders from customers based in Japan. Gross profit of the Group increased by approximately HK\$8.7 million or 10.5% to approximately HK\$92.2 million for the year ended 31 March 2020 from approximately HK\$83.5 million for the year ended 31 March 2019. The Group's total comprehensive income attributable to owners of the Company was decreased to approximately HK\$22.6 million for the year ended 31 March 2020 from approximately HK\$27.1 million for the year ended 31 March 2019, representing a decrease of approximately HK\$4.5 million or 16.6%. If the non-recurring professional fee in relation to the Transfer of Listing of approximately HK\$5.1 million for the year ended 31 March 2020 were excluded, the Group's adjusted total comprehensive income attributable to owners of the Company for the year ended 31 March 2020 would have been approximately HK\$27.8 million, representing a slight increase of approximately 2.4% as compared to the total comprehensive income attributable to owners of the Company for the year ended 31 March 2019.

PROSPECTS

The COVID-19 pandemic worldwide since January 2020 caused unprecedented severe challenges and significant uncertainties to the Group's business operations. It is expected that there will be material adverse changes in the financial and operational conditions of the customers, and thus, the demands for the Group's products may drop significantly. The Directors will closely monitor the impacts of the COVID-19 pandemic on the Group's business operations and to take appropriate measures to adapt to the challenging environment including but not limited to cost control measures to reduce the adverse impacts on the Group's cash flow and financial resources.

APPRECIATION

On behalf of the Board, I wish to take this opportunity to extend my sincere appreciation to the Group's management and staff for their commitment and dedication throughout the year. I would also like to express my heartfelt gratitude to all of our business partners, customers, suppliers and the shareholders (the "**Shareholders**") of the Company for their continuous support.

Speed Apparel Holding Limited Chan Wing Kai

Chairman and executive Director

Hong Kong, 18 June 2020

INTRODUCTION

The Group is an apparel supply chain management services provider. Headquartered in Hong Kong, the Group principally sells knitwear apparel products to its customers. The Group provides one-stop apparel supply chain management solutions for its customers ranging from fashion trend analysis, product design and development, sourcing and procurement of materials, production management, quality control and logistics services. The Group's customers are mainly owners or sourcing agents of apparel retail brands based in Japan and the USA, which their products are marketed and sold under their own brands. The Group does not possess its own label. All the Group's knitwear products are manufactured in accordance with the specifications and requirements set out by the Group's customers in the sales orders, some designs of which are recommended or inspired by the Group. Since the Group does not own or operate any manufacturing operations, the Group will outsource the whole manufacturing process to third-party manufacturers with manufacturing operations located in the PRC, Thailand and Cambodia.

The Shares were successfully listed on GEM of the Stock Exchange on 31 May 2017 (the "Listing") by way of share offer (the "Share Offer"). The Group raised the net proceeds (the "Net Proceeds") from the Share Offer of approximately HK\$35.9 million after deducting all the relevant commission and expenses in relation to the Listing. The Net Proceeds are intended to be used in accordance with the proposed implementation plans as disclosed under the section headed "Statement of Business" Objectives and Use of Proceeds" of the prospectus (the "Prospectus") of the Company dated 16 May 2017.

BUSINESS REVIEW

The Group recorded revenue of approximately HK\$537.4 million for the year ended 31 March 2020, representing an increase of approximately 24.1% as compared to approximately HK\$433.0 million for the year ended 31 March 2019. The increase in revenue of the Group was primarily attributable to (i) the substantial increase in purchase orders from a major customer headquartered in the USA which commenced generating revenue to the Group since August 2018; and (ii) the increase in purchase orders from customers based in Japan. The Group's gross profit increased by approximately HK\$8.7 million or 10.5% to approximately HK\$92.2 million for the year ended 31 March 2020 from approximately HK\$83.5 million for the year ended 31 March 2019. Such increase in gross profit of the Group was mainly attributable to an increase in sales of knitwear products to a major customer headquartered in the USA. The overall gross profit margin of the Group decreased to approximately 17.2% for the year ended 31 March 2020 from approximately 19.3% for the year ended 31 March 2019. Such decrease in the Group's gross profit margin was mainly attributable to better pricing offered by the Group in return receiving greater portion of purchase orders from its customers. The Group's total comprehensive income attributable to owners of the Company was decreased to approximately HK\$22.6 million for the year ended 31 March 2020 from approximately HK\$27.1 million for the year ended 31 March 2019, representing a decrease of approximately HK\$4.5 million or 16.6%. If the non-recurring professional fee in relation to the Transfer of Listing of approximately HK\$5.1 million for the year ended 31 March 2020 were excluded, the Group's adjusted total comprehensive income attributable to owners of the Company for the year ended 31 March 2020 would have been approximately HK\$27.8 million, representing a slight increase of approximately 2.4% as compared to the total comprehensive income attributable to owners of the Company for the year ended 31 March 2019 despite of the continuing challenges and uncertainties in the global economy and trading environment.

The Shares were successfully transferred its listing from GEM to the Main Board of the Stock Exchange on 12 December 2019. The Directors consider that Main Board is a premier board on the Stock Exchange and the Transfer of Listing will increase attractiveness of Shares to investors, broaden the Company's investor base and attain higher trading liquidity for Shares, which is beneficial to the Company for its continued growth, financing flexibility and business developments, and is in the overall interest of the Company as it will create a long-term value to its Shareholders as a whole. In addition, the Board also believes that the Transfer of Listing will (i) enhance the profile and promote market recognition of the Company amongst public investors, its existing and potential customers (such as large apparel brands and sourcing agents of apparel brands) which will, in turn, have a positive impact on its business developments and strengthen the confidence of its stakeholders; (ii) reinforce confidence of existing and potential customers and suppliers in the financial strength, corporate governance and credibility of the Group because in general, Main Board is perceived to be a more prestige status for listed companies and has more stringent requirements for listing as compared to GEM. This might be advantageous for the Group when negotiating contractual terms for its sales and purchases; and (iii) promote the corporate image of the Group, as such, it would be easier to retain and recruit experienced staff and to attract new customers.

FINANCIAL REVIEW

Revenue

The Group's knitwear products are divided into three categories, namely womenswear products, menswear products and kidswear products. During the year ended 31 March 2020, the Group's revenue was mainly derived from the sales of womenswear products, which accounted for approximately 69.5% (for the year ended 31 March 2019: approximately 62.2%) of the Group's total revenue for the year ended 31 March 2020. The following table sets out a breakdown of the Group's revenue by product category for each of the two years ended 31 March 2020:

Year ended 31 March					
	2020		2019	F	Rate of change
	HK\$'000	%	HK\$'000	%	%
Womenswear	373,688	69.5	269,261	62.2	38.8
Menswear	112,122	20.9	74,759	17.3	50.0
Kidswear	51,598	9.6	88,984	20.5	(42.0)
Total revenue	537,408	100.0	433,004	100.0	24.1

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

During the year ended 31 March 2020, the sales volume of the Group amounted to approximately 8.9 million pieces (for the year ended 31 March 2019: approximately 6.8 million pieces) of finished knitwear products. Set out below are the total sales quantity of each product category for each of the two years ended 31 March 2020:

	Year ended 31 March				
	2020		2019		Rate of change
	Pieces ('000)	%	Pieces ('000)	%	%
Womenswear	5,990	67.3	4,395	64.6	36.3
Menswear	2,022	22.7	1,058	15.6	91.1
Kidswear	890	10.0	1,349	19.8	(34.0)
Total sales quantity	8,902	100.0	6,802	100.0	30.9

The selling price of each of the product category depends primarily on, among other things, (i) the complexity of the product design; (ii) the size of an order; (iii) the delivery schedule set out by customers; (iv) the costs of raw materials; and (v) the production costs as quoted by the third-party manufacturers. Accordingly, the selling price of the Group's products may differ considerably in different purchase orders by different customers. Set out below are the average selling prices per piece of finished product sold by the Group by product category for each of the two years ended 31 March 2020:

Year ended 31 March			
	2020	2019	
	Average selling	Average selling	
	price ^(Note)	price ^(Note)	Rate of change
	НК\$	HK\$	%
Womenswear	62.4	61.3	1.8
Menswear	55.5	70.7	(21.5)
Kidswear	58.0	66.0	(12.1)
Overall average selling price per piece	60.4	63.7	(5.2)

Note: The average selling price per piece represents the revenue for the year divided by the total sales quantity for the year.

The Group's revenue increased by approximately 24.1%, or approximately HK\$104.4 million, from approximately HK\$433.0 million for the year ended 31 March 2019 to approximately HK\$537.4 million for the year ended 31 March 2020. The increase in revenue was primarily attributable to the substantial increase in purchase orders of the Group from a major customer headquartered in the USA and other customers based in Japan.

Womenswear

During the year ended 31 March 2020, the Group's revenue was mainly derived from the sales of womenswear products. Revenue derived from the sales of womenswear products increased by approximately HK\$104.4 million or 38.8%, from approximately HK\$269.3 million for the year ended 31 March 2019 to approximately HK\$373.7 million for the year ended 31 March 2020. Such increase was mainly attributable to the increase in sales quantity from approximately 4.4 million pieces for the year ended 31 March 2019 to approximately 6.0 million pieces for the year ended 31 March 2020 coupled with the slight increase in average selling price per piece of womenswear products from approximately HK\$61.3 for the year ended 31 March 2019 to approximately HK\$62.4 for the year ended 31 March 2020

Menswear

The Group's revenue derived from the sales of menswear products increased significantly by approximately HK\$37.4 million or 50.0%, from approximately HK\$74.8 million for the year ended 31 March 2019 to approximately HK\$112.1 million for the year ended 31 March 2020. Such significant increase was mainly attributable to the significant increase in sales quantity from approximately 1.1 million pieces for the year ended 31 March 2019 to approximately 2.0 million pieces for the year ended 31 March 2020, which outweighs the decrease in average selling price per piece of menswear products from approximately HK\$70.7 for the year ended 31 March 2019 to approximately HK\$55.5 for the year ended 31 March 2020 further due to the fact that the Group was willing to offer lower prices for orders in bulk volume.

Kidswear

Revenue derived from the sales of kidswear products of the Group decreased by approximately HK\$37.4 million or 42.0% to approximately HK\$51.6 million for the year ended 31 March 2020 from approximately HK\$89.0 million for the year ended 31 March 2019. The decrease in the revenue of the Group's kidswear products was primarily attributable to (i) the decrease in sales volume of the Group's kidswear products from approximately 1.3 million pieces for the year ended 31 March 2019 to approximately 0.9 million pieces for the year ended 31 March 2020 as a result of a decrease in purchase orders of kidswear products from a major customer headquartered in the USA; and (ii) the decrease in average selling price per piece of the kidswear products from approximately HK\$66.0 for the year ended 31 March 2019 to approximately HK\$58.0 for the year ended 31 March 2020.

Cost of sales

The Group's cost of sales primarily consists of subcontracting charges, raw materials and consumable used, inspection fee and other processing charges. The cost of sales increased to approximately HK\$445.2 million for the year ended 31 March 2020 from approximately HK\$349.5 million for the year ended 31 March 2019, representing an increase of approximately 27.4%. The increase of the Group's cost of sales was in line with the increase in the Group's revenue of approximately 24.1% for the year ended 31 March 2020.

Gross profit and gross profit margins

The Group's gross profit increased to approximately HK\$92.2 million for the year ended 31 March 2020 from approximately HK\$83.5 million for the year ended 31 March 2019, representing an increase of approximately 10.5%. The increase in gross profit of the Group was primarily attributable to the increase in purchase orders from a major customer headquartered in the USA. The Group's gross profit margin decreased to approximately 17.2% for the year ended 31 March 2020 from approximately 19.3% for the year ended 31 March 2019. Such decrease in the Group's gross profit margin was mainly attributable to better pricing offered by the Group for the spring and summer knitwear products in return received a greater portion of purchase orders from its customers. Despite the continuing challenges and uncertainties in the global business environment, the Group recorded an increase in its revenue and in return increased the gross profit of the Group for the year ended 31 March 2020. The Group endeavoured to enhance its competitive capability whilst offering satisfactory supply chain management total solutions to its customers.

Interest income

The Group's interest income decreased by approximately HK\$0.3 million or approximately 59.9% from approximately HK\$0.5 million for the year ended 31 March 2019 to approximately HK\$0.2 million for the year ended 31 March 2020.

Other income

Other income mainly consists of sample sales income and exchange gain/loss. The Group's other income increased to approximately HK\$1.0 million for the year ended 31 March 2020 from approximately HK\$0.7 million for the year ended 31 March 2019, representing an increase of approximately 54.0%. The increase was mainly attributable to the decrease in an exchange loss of the Group to a minimal amount for the year ended 31 March 2020 from approximately HK\$0.6 million for the year ended 31 March 2019, which mitigated the decrease in sample sales income for the year ended 31 March 2020.

Selling and distribution expenses

Selling and distribution expenses mainly consist of advertising expenses, commission expenses, logistic expenses, sample costs and staff costs and benefits of merchandising staff. Selling and distribution expenses increased to approximately HK\$36.7 million for the year ended 31 March 2020 from approximately HK\$27.8 million for the year ended 31 March 2019, representing an increase of approximately 32.1%. Such significant increase was mainly attributable to an increase in (i) sample costs; (ii) commission expenses; and (iii) logistic expenses, which were increased in line with the increase of the Group's revenue.

Administrative expenses

Administrative expenses primarily consist of audit fees, bank charges, depreciation, Directors' emoluments, entertainment, legal and professional fees, office expenses, overseas and local travelling, rent and rates, staff costs and benefits of general and administrative staff. Administrative expenses decreased to approximately HK\$23.6 million for the year ended 31 March 2020 from approximately HK\$24.0 million for the year ended 31 March 2019, representing a slight decrease of approximately 1.6%. Such slight decrease was mainly attributable to the decrease in staff costs and benefits of general and administrative staff for the year ended 31 March 2020.

Professional fee in relation to the Transfer of Listing

There was approximately HK\$5.1 million non-recurring professional fee in relation to the Transfer of Listing recognised for the year ended 31 March 2020 whilst there was nil such expense recognised for the year ended 31 March 2019.

Finance costs

The Group's finance cost remained stable at approximately HK\$0.1 million for the year ended 31 March 2020 as compared to the finance cost for the year ended 31 March 2019.

Total comprehensive income attributable to owners of the Company

Total comprehensive income attributable to owners of the Company decreased to approximately HK\$22.6 million for the year ended 31 March 2020 from approximately HK\$27.1 million for the year ended 31 March 2019, representing a decrease of approximately HK\$4.5 million or 16.6%. If the non-recurring professional fee in relation to the Transfer of Listing of approximately HK\$5.1 million for the year ended 31 March 2020 were excluded, the Group's adjusted total comprehensive income attributable to owners of the Company for the year ended 31 March 2020 would have been approximately HK\$27.8 million, representing a slight increase of approximately 2.4% as compared to the total comprehensive income attributable to owners of the Company for the year ended 31 March 2019.

BASIC EARNINGS PER SHARE

The Company's basic earnings per share for the year ended 31 March 2020 was approximately 4.5 HK cents (for the year ended 31 March 2019: approximately 5.4 HK cents), representing a decrease of approximately 0.9 HK cents, or 16.7%, which is in line with the profit for the year attributable to owners of the Company, as compared to the year ended 31 March 2019.

FINAL DIVIDEND

The Board does not recommend the payment of a final dividend for the year ended 31 March 2020 (for the year ended 31 March 2019: 1.6 HK cents per share).

LIQUIDITY AND FINANCIAL RESOURCES

During the year ended 31 March 2020, the Group's operations were generally financed through its internally generated cash flows, the Net Proceeds and borrowings from banks. The Directors believe that in the long term, the Group's operations will be funded by a combination of internally generated cash flows and bank borrowings and, if necessary, additional equity financing.

As at 31 March 2020 and 2019, the Group had net current assets of approximately HK\$122.3 million and HK\$108.7 million, respectively, including bank and cash balances of approximately HK\$99.5 million and HK\$77.7 million, respectively. The Group's current ratio increased from approximately 4.4 as at 31 March 2019 to approximately 5.0 as at 31 March 2020. Such increase was mainly as a result of an increase in bank and cash balances as at 31 March 2020.

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Gearing ratio is calculated based on the total loans and borrowings (including bank borrowings due within one year, lease liabilities and finance lease payable) divided by total equity at the respective reporting date. As at 31 March 2020 and 2019, the Group's gearing ratio was nil, respectively, as there were full repayment of bank borrowings and the amount of lease liabilities and finance lease payable is relatively insignificant for both years. The Group's borrowings have not been hedged by any interest rate financial instruments. The Group's financial position is sound and strong. With available bank and cash balances, and banking facilities, the Group has sufficient liquidity to satisfy its funding requirements.

TREASURY POLICIES

The Group adopts prudent treasury policies. The Group's credit risk is primarily attributable to its trade and bills receivables, deposits and other receivables. In order to minimise its credit risk, the management of the Group has delegated a team to perform ongoing credit evaluation of the financial conditions of the customers including but not limited to the determination of credit limits, credit approvals and other monitoring procedures to ensure that appropriate follow-up action(s) is taken to recover overdue debts and reduce the Group's exposure to credit risk. As at 31 March 2020, the Group had concentration of credit risk approximately 92.0% (as at 31 March 2019: approximately 88.0%) of the total trade and bills receivables due from the Group's five largest customers. The Group normally grants an average credit period of 30 to 90 days to these customers. Most of these counterparties are either owners or sourcing agents of apparel retail brands based in Japan and the USA. The management of the Group considered that the credit risk on amounts due from these customers is insignificant after considering their historical settlement records, credit qualities and financial positions of the counterparties.

In management of the liquidity risk, the Board closely monitors and maintains levels of cash and cash equivalents deemed adequate by the management to finance the Group's operations and mitigate the effects of fluctuations in cash flows.

CAPITAL STRUCTURE

There was no change in the capital structure of the Company during the year ended 31 March 2020. The share capital of the Company only comprises ordinary shares.

As at 31 March 2020, the Company's issued share capital amounting to HK\$5.0 million divided by 500,000,000 shares of HK\$0.01 each.

Details of changes in the Company's share capital for the year ended 31 March 2020 are set out in note 24 to the consolidated financial statements in this annual report.

SIGNIFICANT INVESTMENTS

As at 31 March 2020 and 2019, the Group did not hold any significant investments.

MATERIAL ACQUISITIONS OR DISPOSALS OF SUBSIDIARIES AND AFFILIATED COMPANIES

During the year ended 31 March 2020, the Group did not have any acquisitions or disposals of subsidiaries and affiliated companies.

FUTURE PLANS FOR MATERIAL INVESTMENTS AND CAPITAL ASSETS

Save as those disclosed in the Prospectus, the Group currently has no other plan for material investments and capital assets.

CONTINGENT LIABILITIES AND CAPITAL COMMITMENT

The Group did not have material contingent liabilities and capital commitments as at 31 March 2020 (as at 31 March 2019: Nil).

FOREIGN EXCHANGE EXPOSURE

Certain trade and bills receivables, other receivables, bank and cash balances, trade and other payables are denominated in foreign currency of the respective group entities which are exposed to foreign currency risk. Although the Group's revenue and major expenses are mainly in US\$, which is the functional currency of the Company, as HK\$ is pegged to US\$, the Group does not expect any significant movement in the US\$/HK\$ exchange rate. The Group currently do not have a foreign currency hedging policy. However, the management of the Group monitors foreign exchange exposure closely and will consider hedging significant foreign currency exposure should the need arise.

PLEDGE OF ASSETS

At the end of each reporting year, the following assets were pledged to banks to secure certain banking facilities granted to the Group:

	As at 31 March	
	2020	2019
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Pledged bank deposit	8,060	14,925

EMPLOYEES AND REMUNERATION POLICIES

As at 31 March 2020, the Group employed a total of 57 full-time employees (as at 31 March 2019: 61). The Group's staff costs mainly included Directors' emoluments, salaries, other staff benefits and contributions to retirement schemes. For the years ended 31 March 2020 and 2019, the Group's total staff costs (including Directors' emoluments) amounted to approximately HK\$23.1 million and HK\$23.8 million, respectively. Remuneration is determined with reference to market terms and the performance, qualification(s), experience, position and seniority of individual employee. In addition to a basic salary, year-end bonuses would be discretionarily offered to those employees with outstanding performance to attract and retain employees that contribute to the Group. Apart from basic remuneration, share options may be granted to eligible employees by reference to the Group's performance as well as individual contribution.

The remuneration committee of the Company reviews and determines the remuneration and compensation packages of the Directors and senior management of the Company with reference to their experience, responsibilities, workload, time devoted to the Group and performance of the Group. Share options may also be granted to the Directors and senior management under the share option scheme.

COMPLIANCE WITH LAWS AND REGULATIONS

During the year ended 31 March 2020, the Group mainly carries out its businesses in Hong Kong and the PRC. To the best of the Directors' knowledge, information and belief, having made all reasonable enquiries, the Group has complied with all relevant laws and regulations in Hong Kong and the PRC.

ENVIRONMENTAL POLICY

The Group aims to protect the environment by minimising environmental adverse impacts in daily operations, such as energy saving and recycling of office resources. The Group will continue to seek for better environmental practices and promote the right environmental attitudes within the organisation. The Group has complied with all relevant laws, rules and regulations regarding environmental protection, health and safety, workplace conditions and employment.

RELATIONSHIPS WITH STAKEHOLDERS

The Group recognises employees as one of the valuable assets of the Group and the Group strictly complies with the labour laws, rules and regulations in Hong Kong and reviews regularly the existing staff benefits for improvement. Apart from the reasonable remuneration packages, the Group also offers other employee benefits, such as medical insurance, birthday leave to the eligible employees, etc. The Group works closely with its customers in devising new product designs each season and delivering knitwear products according to their requirements. The Group had maintained business relationships with its five largest customers for a period ranging from 1 to 12 years. Over the years, the Directors believe that the Group has fostered a trustworthy and reliable strategic partnership with its customers built upon its proven track record of quality products, industry and product knowhow, market awareness, dedicated management team and competitive pricing. The Group has also established stable, close working and long-term relationships with its suppliers. During the year, there was no material dispute or disagreement between the employees, the customers and the suppliers of the Group.

COMPARISON OF BUSINESS OBJECTIVES WITH ACTUAL BUSINESS PROGRESS

The following sets out a comparison of the business strategies as stated in the Prospectus with the Group's actual business progress up to 31 March 2020:

Business objectives up to 31 March 2020 as stated in the Prospectus

Actual business progress up to 31 March 2020

Strengthening and diversifying the Group's customer base

- The Group arranged sales visits and co-organised a number of private exhibitions in Japan during the year ended 31 March 2020; and
- The respective merchandising team, design and promotion team visited and arranged presentations to the existing and potential customers. There were five new customers and twenty-three new brands solicited for the year ended 31 March 2020.
- Further expanding the Group's product variety to cater for the customers' need
- Developed and created promotion samples of seamless knitwear for presentation to existing and potential customers as planned. The Group received purchase orders of seamless knitwear from existing customers of the Group and revenue derived from sales of seamless knitwear products for the year ended 31 March 2020 accounted for approximately HK\$5.8 million.

Enhancing the Group's design and development capabilities

- The Group sponsored designers and relevant staff to attend a number of trade fairs and fashion shows in Hong Kong and the PRC during the year ended 31 March 2020; and
- Certain designers' computer software were upgraded including but not limited to the enhancement of cloud computing during the year ended 31 March 2020.

Business objectives up to 31 March 2020 as stated in the **Prospectus**

Actual business progress up to 31 March 2020

Enhancing the Group's inventory management to strengthen operational efficiency

- Purchased and maintained inventories levels of raw materials as planned; and
- The Group implemented a tailor-made inventory management system for the year ended 31 March 2020 and the operational efficiency of the Group was improved by maintaining appropriate inventory level in more accurate manner.

USE OF PROCEEDS

The Net Proceeds raised from the Share Offer of approximately HK\$35.9 million was lower than the estimated amount as stated in the Prospectus. The Group adjusted the Net Proceeds in the same manner and in the same proportion as stated in the Prospectus accordingly. As at 31 March 2020, the Net Proceeds had been fully utilised in accordance with the proposed implementation plans as disclosed under the section headed "Statement of Business Objectives and Use of Proceeds" in the Prospectus.

The following table sets forth an analysis of the utilisation of Net Proceeds up to the year ended 31 March 2020:

	Adjusted planned use of Net Proceeds as stated in the Prospectus up to 31 March 2020 HK\$ million	Actual use of Net Proceeds up to 31 March 2020 <i>HK\$ million</i>
Strengthening and diversifying the Group's customers base	4.8	4.8
Further expanding the Group's product mix to cater to		
the customers' need	9.6	9.6
Enhancing the Group's design and development capabilities	7.3	7.4
Enhancing the Group's inventory management to strengthen		
operational efficiency	14.2	14.2
Total	35.9	36.0

The business objectives as stated in the Prospectus were based on the best estimation of the future market conditions made by the Group at the time of preparing the Prospectus. The uses of the Net Proceeds were applied in accordance with the actual developments of the Group's business and the markets it operating in.

FUTURE PROSPECTS

The Trade War tensions and disputes seems no sign to an end. A protracted Trade War has hampered on global economic sentiments and trading activities which negatively impacted the global consumption value chain including the apparel industry and may cause further downside risk to global economic outlook. Should the Trade War continues, the purchase orders from the major customer headquartered in the USA may be reduced or terminated entirely. There is no assurance that the Group will be able to secure new business from other customers for replacement. Nevertheless, in order to mitigate the risks resulting from the Trade War, including possible loss of the major customer headquartered in the USA and possible lowering of the average selling price offered to customers in the USA, the Group considered to take steps of (i) continuing and/or expanding business relationships with third-party manufacturers having manufacturing operations outside the PRC, such as Thailand and Cambodia; and (ii) identifying potential apparel manufacturers outside the PRC which could be accepted by the major customer headquartered in the USA as approved suppliers.

The COVID-19 pandemic has caused severe disruption to economic activities worldwide and caused significant uncertainties in the current business environment. Amid the challenges and uncertainties of the COVID-19 pandemic, it is expected that there will be material adverse changes in the financial and operational conditions of the customers, and thus, demands for the Group's products may drop significantly, which could adversely affect the operating results of the Group in the forthcoming year. The Board will continue to assess the impact of the COVID-19 pandemic on the Group's operations and financial performance and closely monitor the Group's exposure to the risks and uncertainties in connection therewith. The Group will take appropriate measures to adapt to the challenging environment when necessary including but not limited to cost control measures to reduce the operating costs of the Group.

Looking ahead, the Group will continue to develop and create more promotion samples to cater to the existing and potential customers' needs. The Group will actively promote its products in various ways including (i) display and promote sample products in showroom in Japan and in Hong Kong during customers' visits; (ii) e-promotion via online platforms tailored for individual customers; and (iii) arranging sales visits and co-organising private exhibitions should a COVID-19 vaccine be developed in due course. The Group will continue to work closely with its customers in devising new product designs each season and delivering knitwear products according to their requirements and the customers can rely on the Group to fulfill their needs for a full spectrum of apparel supply chain management services. The Directors believe that regular communications with the Group's customers allows the Group to better understand their needs and requirements, which in turn will strengthen the relationships between the Group and its customers.

The Directors will continue to review and evaluate the business objectives and strategies and make timely execution taking into account the business risks and market uncertainties. The Directors will also continue to explore opportunities to diversify the Group's operations so that the customer base of the Group could be further strengthened and diversified.

BIOGRAPHICAL DETAILS OF DIRECTORS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT

EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

Mr. Chan Wing Kai (陳永啟) ("Mr. Chan"), aged 51, was appointed as a Director of the Company on 19 November 2015 and was designated as an executive Director, the chairman of the Board, the chief executive officer and the compliance officer of the Company commencing from 31 May 2017. He is responsible for the overall strategic planning and corporate policy making, as well as business development and day-to-day management of the Group's business operations. He is also a director of each of the subsidiaries of the Company save as Speed Apparel (SZ) Trading Company Limited* in the PRC (the "PRC Subsidiary") and a director of Speed Development Co. Ltd, a controlling shareholder of the Company.

Mr. Chan completed his secondary education in Hong Kong in 1987. He obtained a Level 1 certificate of the Japanese Language Proficiency Test in February 1990. He completed a course entitled "Professional certificate" in business management" co-organised by Li Ka Shing Institute of Professional and Continuing Education, The Open University of Hong Kong and ET Business College in November 2008. Mr. Chan has more than 28 years of sales and merchandising experience in the apparel industry. Prior to joining the Group, he had been employed by South Overseas Fashion Limited from March 1990 to March 1995 and he was dispatched to Yamaichi Nitto Company Limited in Japan for on-the-job training from March 1993 to February 1994. He then worked for a knitwear manufacturing company, a subsidiary of South Asia Textiles (Holdings) Limited from 1995 to 2000. He was responsible for the operation and management of the Group's business since he joined the Group.

Mr. Chan did not hold other directorship in any other listed or public companies, of which the securities are listed on any securities market in Hong Kong or overseas in the last three years.

* English name for identification purpose only

Mr. Ng Ming Ho (吳明豪), aged 51, was appointed as an executive Director with effect from 31 May 2017 and is responsible for the overall management and administration of the Group's business, and overseeing the operations of the Group. Mr. Ng joined the Group in September 2002. Mr. Ng completed his secondary education in Hong Kong in 1987 and a two-year part-time evening post-secondary 3 course at Morrison Hill Technical Institute in July 1996. He was awarded with a Level 1 certificate in book-keeping from the London Chamber of Commerce and Industry in 2003. He has more than 28 years of administrative and office management experience. Prior to joining the Group, he had been employed by JEFT International Limited as an office manager from June 1989 to July 2002. He is a director of the PRC Subsidiary of the Company.

Mr. Ng did not hold other directorship in any other listed or public companies, of which the securities are listed on any securities market in Hong Kong or overseas in the last three years.

INDEPENDENT NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

Mr. Kwok Chi Shing (郭志成), aged 58, was appointed as an independent non-executive Director with effect from 31 May 2017 and is responsible for providing independent judgment on the Group's strategy, performance, resources and standard of conduct. He is the chairman of the audit committee and a member of both the remuneration committee and the nomination committee of the Company. Mr. Kwok obtained a Master of Arts in Economics with Accountancy with Honours from the University of Aberdeen in the United Kingdom in July 1986. He was admitted as an associate of The Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants in January 1991 and an associate of The Taxation Institute of Hong Kong in May 1992. He was admitted as a certified tax adviser in May 2010.

Mr. Kwok has over 23 years of experience in audit assurance, cross border taxation assignments and project financing. Mr. Kwok has been an independent non-executive director of Huakang Biomedical Holdings Company Limited (stock code: 8622) and Hang Chi Holdings Limited (stock code: 8405) with effect from 26 November 2018 and 21 June 2017, respectively. Mr. Kwok has also been an independent non-executive director of Grand Ocean Advanced Resources Company Limited (stock code: 65) (formerly known as Angels Technology Company Limited, the share of which were transferred from GEM to the Main Board on 22 June 2009) with effect from 27 January 2006. He was a director of Lam, Kwok, Kwan & Cheng C.P.A. Limited from February 1999 to May 2010 and he was appointed as a director in LKKC C.P.A. Limited in December 2007. Prior to that, he was one of the partners at Wong Lam Leung & Kwok Certified Public Accountants from August 1993 to February 1999.

Mr. Kwok was a director of the following companies that were incorporated in Hong Kong, and subsequently struck off and dissolved pursuant to section 291 of the Predecessor Companies Ordinance, which provides that the Registrar of Companies in Hong Kong can strike off a defunct company from the register of companies. Mr. Kwok confirmed that the company was solvent and inactive at the time of strike off and that their dissolution had not resulted in any liability or obligation against him. The following table details the aforementioned companies that were struck off:

	Nature of	Date of strike	Date of
Name of company	business	off notice	strike off
China Investment Consultants Limited	Inactive	5 September 2003	20 February 2004
HKU Professional Diploma in Real Estate			
Administration Alumni Limited	Inactive	16 October 2009	26 March 2010

Save as disclosed above, Mr. Kwok was not a director in any other listed companies during the three years immediately preceding the date of this annual report.

Ms. Chan Siu Lai (陳小麗), aged 50, was appointed as an independent non-executive Director with effect from 31 May 2017 and is responsible for providing independent judgment on the Group's strategy, performance, resources and standard of conduct. She is the chairlady of the remuneration committee and a member of both the audit committee and the nomination committee of the Company. Ms. Chan obtained a bachelor degree of art major

BIOGRAPHICAL DETAILS OF DIRECTORS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT

in law and management science from The University of Keele in the United Kingdom in June 1992. She has been admitted as a solicitor in Hong Kong since July 1996, and a solicitor in England and Wales since February 2002. From November 2000 to January 2016, Ms. Chan worked for INCE & Co. initially as an assistant solicitor and lastly held the position of senior associate. Ms. Chan is currently a claims executive lawyer at Gard (HK) Limited.

Ms. Chan did not hold other directorship in any other listed or public companies, of which the securities are listed on any securities market in Hong Kong or overseas in the last three years.

Mr. Ma Kwok Fai, Edwin (馬國輝), aged 47, was appointed as an independent non-executive Director with effect from 31 May 2017 and is responsible for providing independent judgment on the Group's strategy, performance, resources and standard of conduct. He is the chairman of the nomination committee and a member of both the audit committee and the remuneration committee of the Company. Mr. Ma obtained a bachelor degree of arts in clothing studies from The Hong Kong Polytechnic University in November 1998. Mr. Ma has over 16 years of experience in the magazine publishing industry. He was previously employed by Li & Fung (Trading) Limited as an assistant merchandiser from September 1998 to January 1999. He has joined MRRM Publishing Limited in Hong Kong since January 2003 and his current position is the fashion director and associate publisher.

Mr. Ma did not hold other directorship in any other listed or public companies, of which the securities are listed on any securities market in Hong Kong or overseas in the last three years.

SENIOR MANAGEMENT

Ms. Sze Yee Kwan (施懿君), aged 50, joined the Group in March 2004 as a senior merchandiser and was subsequently promoted to the position of chief executive officer assistant in February 2007. She is primarily responsible for assisting in overseeing and supervising the day-to-day management of the design and promotion department, and purchasing department of the Group. Ms. Sze was awarded with Level 2 certificate in bookkeeping and accounts from the London Chamber of Commerce and Industry in April 1990. She also obtained a diploma in business administration from The Hong Kong Shue Yan College (now known as Hong Kong Shue Yan University) in July 1991 and a certificate course in fashion and clothing manufacture (distance learning) from The Hong Kong Polytechnic University in August 1998. In February 2005, she obtained a Level 3 certificate of Japanese Language Proficiency Test.

Ms. Sze has over 23 years of experience in the apparel industry. Ms. Sze worked for Chungkuo Chung Fah Co. Ltd. from July 1991 to June 1994. She was employed by Fashion Resources Limited as a senior merchandiser from June 1994 to March 1997. From June 1997 to March 1998, she worked for Chamtex Limited as a senior merchandiser. From May 1998 to September 2002, Ms. Sze re-joined Fashion Resources Limited as a senior merchandiser. Prior to joining the Group, she worked for Gracedon Knitters Limited as a senior merchandiser from October 2002 to February 2004.

Ms. Sze has not held any directorship in any public listed company during the three years immediately preceding the date of this annual report.

BIOGRAPHICAL DETAILS OF DIRECTORS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT

Ms. Wong Lai King (黃麗琼), aged 51, joined the Group in October 2001 as a senior merchandiser and was subsequently promoted to the position of division merchandising manageress in February 2013. She is primarily responsible for merchandising management of the Group. Ms. Wong completed a part-time evening training course in pattern making (outerwears) at the Clothing Industry Training Authority in Hong Kong in June 1991 and obtained a diploma in fashion management from The George Brown College of Applied Arts and Technology in Toronto, Canada in June 1994. Ms. Wong has over 18 years of working experience in the apparel industry. Ms. Wong was employed by Tillsonburg Company Limited as a merchandising assistant from July 1990 to December 1991. She then worked for Green Top Production, Inc. as a merchandiser from August 1994 to December 1995. Prior to joining the Group, Ms. Wong was employed by Prominent Apparel Limited as a merchandiser from April 1996 to August 2001.

Ms. Wong has not held any directorship in any public listed company during the three years immediately preceding the date of this annual report.

Ms. Wu Yu Lim, Winnie (鄔瑜廉), aged 45, joined the Group in September 2015 as the chief financial officer and company secretary of the Group. She is primarily responsible for the financial reporting, treasury, financial control and company secretarial matters of the Group. Ms. Wu obtained a bachelor degree in accountancy from The University of South Australia in Australia in March 2007 and a diploma in finance from Lingnan University in November 2003. She has been a member of The Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountant since November 2009 and a member of Certified Public Accountant Australia since February 2009. Ms. Wu has over 13 years of accounting and company secretarial experience. Prior to joining the Group, Ms. Wu was employed by SDM Group Holdings Limited (stock code: 8363) as a senior finance manager from April 2014 to July 2015. Before that, she served as a financial controller and company secretary in Chinese Food and Beverage Group Limited (stock code: 8272) between January 2013 and November 2013. In addition, Ms. Wu was employed as finance manager in PME Group Limited (currently known as China Ever Grand Financial Leasing Group Co., Ltd.) (stock code: 0379) from June 2009 to December 2012 and served as accounting manager in New Capital International Investment Limited (currently known as China Development Bank International Investment Limited) (stock code: 1062) from May 2006 to June 2009.

Ms. Wu has not held any directorship in any public listed company during the three years immediately preceding the date of this annual report.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE PRACTICES

The Board recognises that the transparency and accountability are important to a listed company. As such, the Company is committed in establishing and maintaining good corporate governance practices and procedures. The Directors believe that good corporate governance provides a framework that is essential for effective management, successful business growth and healthy corporate culture in return for the benefits of the Company's stakeholders as a whole.

The Company has adopted the provisions of the Corporate Governance Code and Corporate Governance Report (the "CG Code") as set out in Appendix 14 to the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on the Stock Exchange (the "Listing Rules"). The Directors will continue to review its corporate governance practices in order to enhance its corporate governance standard, to comply with the increasingly tightened regulatory requirements from time to time, and to meet the rising expectation of Shareholders and other stakeholders of the Company.

During the reporting period, the Group has complied with all the code provisions of the CG Code save as the deviation from the code provision A.2.1 of the CG Code. Details of which are set out in the section headed "Chairman and Chief Executive Officer" in this corporate governance report.

MODEL CODE FOR DIRECTORS' SECURITIES TRANSACTIONS

The Company has adopted the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Issuers (the "Model Code") as set out in Appendix 10 to the Listing Rules as its code of conduct for securities transactions by the Directors. Having been made specific enquiry by the Company, all Directors confirmed that they have complied with the required standard of dealings and the code of conduct concerning securities transactions by the Directors for the year ended 31 March 2020.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Composition of the Board

Currently, the Board comprises:

Executive Directors

Mr. Chan Wing Kai (Chairman and chief executive officer) Mr. Ng Ming Ho

Independent non-executive Directors

Ms. Chan Siu Lai Mr. Kwok Chi Shing Mr. Ma Kwok Fai, Edwin

The biographical information of the Directors are set out in the section headed "Biographical Details of Directors and Senior Management" on pages 18 to 21 of this annual report.

There was no financial, business, family or other material relationship among the Directors save as disclosed in the section headed "Biographical Details of Directors and Senior Management" in this annual report.

Each independent non-executive Director has given a written annual confirmation of his/her independence to the Company, and the Company considers them to be independent under Rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules.

Regular Board meetings will be held at least four times a year involving active participation, either in person or through electronic means of communication, of a majority of Directors.

The attendance records of each Director at the Board meetings held for the year ended 31 March 2020 are set out in the table below:

Mr. Chan Wing Kai Mr. Ng Ming Ho Ms. Chan Siu Lai Mr. Kwok Chi Shing Mr. Ma Kwok Fai, Edwin

RESPONSIBILITIES OF THE BOARD

The Board is responsible for leadership and control of the Group and is collectively responsible for promoting the success of the Group by directing and supervising the Group's affairs. All the Directors shall make decisions objectively in the interests of the Company. The Board focuses on (i) formulating the Group's overall strategies; (ii) authorising the development plans and budgets; (iii) monitoring financial and operating performance; (iv) reviewing the effectiveness of the Group's internal control system; and (v) setting the Group's values and standards. The day-to-day management, administration and operations of the Group are delegated to the executive Directors and the senior management. The delegated functions are reviewed by the Board periodically to ensure that they accommodate the needs of the Group.

During the reporting period, the Company had a minimum of three independent non-executive Directors and at all times met the requirements of the Listing Rules that the number of independent non-executive Directors must represent at least one-third of the Board members and at least one of the independent non-executive Directors had appropriate professional qualifications or accounting or related financial management expertise. Independent non-executive Directors are invited to serve on the audit committee (the "Audit Committee"), the remuneration committee (the "Remuneration Committee") and the nomination committee (the "Nomination Committee") of the Company.

The Company has arranged appropriate insurance coverage on the liabilities of the Directors of the Group in respect of any legal actions taken against the Directors arising out of corporate activities. The insurance coverage is reviewed on an annual basis.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE FUNCTIONS

No corporate governance committee has been established and the Board is responsible for performing the corporate governance functions such as (i) developing and reviewing the Company's policies and practices on corporate governance, training and continuous professional developments of the Directors and senior management of the Company, and (ii) reviewing and monitoring the Company's policies and practices on compliance with legal and regulatory requirements, and developing, reviewing and monitoring the code of conduct of the Directors, etc.

The Board holds meetings from time to time whenever necessary. At least 14 days' notice of regular Board meetings is given to all Directors and they can include matters for discussion in the agenda as they think fit. The agenda accompanying Board documents and related materials are deliverable to all Directors at least 3 days before the date of every Board meeting in order to allow sufficient time for the Directors to review the documents. Draft minutes of every Board meeting are circulated to all Directors for their perusal and comments prior to confirmation of the minutes. The company secretary of the Group is responsible for keeping the minutes of all meetings of the Board and the Company's committees. Every Board member has full access to the advice and services of the company secretary of the Group with a view to ensure that all required procedures, and all applicable rules and regulations are followed and they are also entitled to have full access to Board documents and related materials so that they are able to make an informed decision and to discharge their duties and responsibilities.

CHAIRMAN AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER

The Directors recognise the importance of good corporate governance in management and internal procedures so as to achieve effective accountability. During the reporting period, the Group has complied with the CG Code, save as the deviation from the code provision A.2.1 of the CG Code. Mr. Chan is the chairman of the Board and the chief executive officer of the Company and he has been managing the Group's business and supervising the overall operations of the Group since 2001. The Directors consider that vesting the roles of the chairman of the Board and the chief executive officer of the Company in Mr. Chan is beneficial to the management and the business developments of the Group and will provide a strong and consistent leadership to the Group. The Board will continue to review and consider splitting the roles of the chairman of the Board and the chief executive officer of the Company at a time when it is appropriate and suitable by taking into account the circumstances of the Group as a whole.

APPOINTMENT AND RE-ELECTION OF DIRECTORS

The articles of association of the Company (the "Articles") provide that subject to the manner of retirement by rotation of Directors as from time to time prescribed by the Listing Rules, at each AGM, one-third of the Directors for the time being shall retire from office by rotation and that every Director shall be subject to retirement at the annual general meeting ("AGM") of the Company by rotation at least once every three years. A retiring Director shall be eligible for re-election.

Independent non-executive Directors are appointed for a specific term subject to retirement by rotation and reelection in accordance with the Articles. Each independent non-executive Director is required to inform the Company as soon as practicable if there is any change that may affect his/her independence and must provide an annual confirmation of his/her independence to the Company.

CONTINUOUS PROFESSIONAL DEVELOPMENT

Directors shall keep abreast of regulatory developments and changes in order to effectively perform their responsibilities and to ensure that their contributions to the Board remains informed and relevant. Every newly appointed Director will receive a formal, comprehensive and tailored induction on the first occasion of his/her appointment to ensure an appropriate understanding of the business and operations of the Company and his/her full awareness of Director's responsibilities and obligations under the Listing Rules and relevant statutory requirements. Directors are encouraged to participate in appropriate continuous professional trainings at the Company's expenses to develop and refresh their knowledge and skills. Internally-facilitated briefings for Directors will be arranged and reading materials on relevant topics will be provided to Directors where appropriate. A record of the training received by the respective Directors should be maintained and updated by the company secretary of the Company. All the Directors also understand the importance of continuous professional developments and are committed to participating any suitable training to develop and refresh their knowledge and skills.

During the reporting period, all the Directors namely Mr. Chan Wing Kai, Mr. Ng Ming Ho, Ms. Chan Siu Lai, Mr. Kwok Chi Shing and Mr. Ma Kwok Fai, Edwin had participated in appropriate continuous professional development training sessions and relevant training records have been maintained by the Company for accurate and comprehensive record keeping.

BOARD COMMITTEES

The Board has established three committees, namely, the Audit Committee, the Remuneration Committee and the Nomination Committee on 23 January 2017, for overseeing particular aspects of the Company's affairs. All Board committees of the Company are established with specific written terms of reference which deal clearly with their authority and duties. The terms of reference of the Audit Committee, Remuneration Committee and Nomination Committee, respectively, are available on the websites of the Stock Exchange and the Company.

AUDIT COMMITTEE

The Audit Committee was established with terms of reference in compliance with Rules 3.21 to 3.23 of the Listing Rules and code provision C.3 of the CG Code. The primary duties of the Audit Committee are to (i) assist the Board in reviewing the Company's financial information; (ii) overseeing the Group's financial reporting system, risk management and internal control systems; (iii) reviewing and monitoring the effectiveness of the scope of audit; and (iv) making recommendations to the Board on the appointment of external auditors.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

The Audit Committee currently consists of three members, namely Mr. Kwok Chi Shing (the Chairman of the Audit Committee), Ms. Chan Siu Lai and Mr. Ma Kwok Fai, Edwin, all being independent non-executive Directors. No member of the Audit Committee is a member of the former or existing independent auditor of the Company in the last two years. The Audit Committee has reviewed this annual report, including the audited consolidated results of the Group for the year ended 31 March 2020.

According to the current terms of reference, the Audit Committee shall meet at least two times for a financial year. Four meetings were held by the Audit Committee for the year ended 31 March 2020 to (i) review and discuss the audited annual results, the unaudited interim and first quarterly financial results of the Group prior to the Transfer of Listing; (ii) discuss and consider the issues arising from the financial reporting, operational and compliance controls, the effectiveness of the risk management and internal control systems; (iii) review and recommend the appointment of external auditors and relevant scope of works; (iv) review and consider continuing connected transactions; and (v) review and consider the enforcement of the Company's controlling shareholders' undertaking in relation to the deed of non-competition executed in favour of the Company. The attendance records of each member of the Audit Committee is set out as follows:

Name of members of the Audit Committee

Meeting(s) attended/eligible to attend

Mr. Kwok Chi Shing		4/4
Ms. Chan Siu Lai		4/4
Mr. Ma Kwok Fai, Edwin		4/4

Amongst four meetings held by the Audit Committee, two of which were meetings of independent non-executive Directors with the external auditors without the presence of executive Directors to discuss issues relating to the audit and financial reporting matters for the year ended 31 March 2019 and pre-audit issues for the year ended 31 March 2020.

REMUNERATION COMMITTEE

The Remuneration Committee was established with terms of reference in compliance with Rules 3.25 to 3.26 of the Listing Rules and code provision B.1 of the CG Code. The Remuneration Committee currently consists of three members, namely Ms. Chan Siu Lai (the Chairlady of the Remuneration Committee), Mr. Kwok Chi Shing and Mr. Ma Kwok Fai, Edwin, all being independent non-executive Directors.

The primary duties of the Remuneration Committee are to (i) make recommendations to the Board on the overall remuneration policy and structure relating to all Directors and senior management of the Group; (ii) review performance-based remuneration; and (iii) ensure none of the Directors or any of his/her associates (as defined in the Listing Rules) determine his/her own remuneration.

One meeting was held by the Remuneration Committee for the year ended 31 March 2020. In the meeting, the Remuneration Committee discussed and reviewed, among other things, the remuneration packages of the Directors and senior management. The attendance record of each member of the Remuneration Committee is set out as follows:

Ms. Chan Siu Lai Mr. Kwok Chi Shing Mr. Ma Kwok Fai, Edwin Meeting attended/eligible to attend 1/1 1/1 1/1

Details of emoluments of the Directors and senior management of the Group for the year ended 31 March 2020 are set out in note 12 to the consolidated financial statements in this annual report.

NOMINATION COMMITTEE

The Nomination Committee was established with terms of reference in compliance with code provision A.5 of the CG Code. The Nomination Committee consists of three members, namely Mr. Ma Kwok Fai, Edwin (the Chairman of the Nomination Committee), Ms. Chan Siu Lai and Mr. Kwok Chi Shing, all being independent non-executive Directors.

The primary duties of the Nomination Committee are to (i) review the structure, size, composition and diversity of the Board at least annually; (ii) identify individuals suitably qualified to become Board members; (iii) assess the independence of independent non-executive Directors; and (iv) make recommendations to the Board on relevant matters relating to the appointment or re-appointment of Directors.

One meeting was held by the Nomination Committee for the year ended 31 March 2020. In the meeting, the Nomination Committee discussed and reviewed, among other things, (i) the existing structure, size and composition of the Board to ensure that it has a balance of expertise, skills and experience appropriate for the Group's business and is in compliance with the requirements of the Listing Rules; (ii) the recommendation to the Board on re-election of retiring Directors at the forthcoming AGM; and (iii) the assessment of the independence of the independent non-executive Directors. The attendance records of each member of the Nomination Committee is set out as follows:

Name of members of the Nomination Committee	Meeting attended/eligible to attend
Mr. Ma Kwok Fai, Edwin	1/1
Ms. Chan Siu Lai	1/1
Mr. Kwok Chi Shing	1/1

ACCOUNTABILITY AND AUDIT

Financial reporting

The Directors acknowledge their responsibilities for preparing the consolidated financial statements of the Group for the year ended 31 March 2020 that give a true and fair view in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards issued by The Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants and the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance, and for such internal control as the Directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of the consolidated financial statements of the Group. The Directors aim to present a balanced and understandable assessment of the Group's financial position and prospects with timely publication of the consolidated financial statements of the Group. As at 31 March 2020, the Board was not aware of any material uncertainties relating to events or conditions that might cast significant doubts upon the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. The responsibility of the external auditor is to form an independent opinion, based on their audit, on the Group's consolidated financial statements prepared by the Directors and to report its opinion to the Shareholders. A statement by the external auditor, Zhonghui Anda CPA Limited ("Zhonghui"), about their reporting responsibility is set out in the independent auditor's report from page 54 to 56 of this annual report.

Internal control and risk management

The Board is responsible for overseeing and reviewing the Group's internal control and risk management systems as well as monitoring its effectiveness on an ongoing basis. The Directors recognise the need for risk management and internal control in the Group's strategic and operational planning, day-to-day management and decision making process and are committed to manage and minimise the risks that may impact on the continued efficiency and effectiveness of the Group's operations or prevent the Group from achieving its business objectives. The Board with the assistance of the Audit Committee annually reviews the effectiveness of the internal control and risk management systems.

The Group currently has no internal audit function. The Directors reviewed the need for an internal audit function and are of the view that in light of the size, nature and complexity of the business of the Group, it would be more cost effective to appoint external independent professionals to perform internal audit function for the Group in order to meet its needs.

During the year ended 31 March 2020, the Group engaged an independent external consulting firm as the Group's internal control adviser (the "Internal Control Adviser") to undertake a review and an assessment of the Group's internal control environment and operating cycles in the aspects of information and communication, human resources and payroll management, which involves system documentations, testing, interviews and assessment of the effectiveness of the internal control and risk management systems of the Group.

The results of the independent review and assessment were reported to the Audit Committee and the Board. Subsequently, improvements in internal control and risk management measures, as recommended by the Internal Control Adviser, to enhance the internal control and risk management systems of the Group and to mitigate risks of the Group were adopted by the Board. Based on the findings and recommendations of the Internal Control Adviser, as well as the comments of the Audit Committee, the Board considered the internal control and risk management systems are effective and adequate.

ENFORCEMENT OF NON-COMPETITION UNDERTAKINGS

The independent non-executive Directors have reviewed the enforcement of the controlling shareholders' undertakings in relation to the deed of non-competition executed in favour of the Company. Details of which are set out in the Prospectus. The Board confirmed that there are no other matters in relation to the aforesaid undertakings which should be brought to the attention of the Shareholders for the year ended 31 March 2020.

AUDITOR'S REMUNERATION

The amount of fees charged by the external auditors generally depends on the scope and volume of the external auditors' work performed. For the year ended 31 March 2020, the fees paid or payable to the external auditors of the Company in respect of the statutory audit services and non-audit services for the Group are as follows:

Services rendered	Fees paid/payable HK\$'000
Statutory audit services Non-audit services in relation to the Transfer of Listing	500 478
Total	978

COMPANY SECRETARY

Ms. Wu Yu Lim, Winnie, the chief financial officer of the Group, was appointed as the company secretary of the Group (the "Company Secretary") on 15 June 2016. The biographical details of Ms. Wu are disclosed in the section headed "Biographical Details of Directors and Senior Management" in this annual report. For the year ended 31 March 2020, the Company Secretary undertook no less than 15 hours of professional training to update her skills and knowledge in compliance with Rule 3.29 of the Listing Rules.

BOARD DIVERSITY POLICY

The Board adopted a board diversity policy (the "**Board Diversity Policy**") on 28 December 2018. The Board Diversity Policy aimed to set out the approach to achieve diversity of the Board. A summary of the Board Diversity Policy, together with the measurable objectives for implementing the Board Diversity Policy, and the progress made towards achieving those objectives are disclosed below:

Summary of the Board Diversity Policy

In determining the composition of the Board, the Company will consider from a number of aspects in terms of, among other things, gender, age, cultural and educational background, or professional experience. All Board appointments will be based on meritocracy, candidates will be considered against objective criteria and having due regard for the benefits of diversity on the Board.

Measurable objectives

Selection of candidates as Board members will be based on a range of diversity perspectives, including but not limited to gender, age, cultural and educational background, expertise or professional experience. The Board intends to maintain at least one female Director in the Board going forward. The ultimate decision will be based on merits and contributions which the selected candidates will bring to the Board.

Monitoring and reporting

The Nomination Committee will disclose annually, in the corporate governance report, on the Board's composition under diversified perspectives (including but not limited to gender, age, cultural and educational background, expertise, or professional experience), and monitor the implementation of this policy.

Review of the Board Diversity Policy

The Nomination Committee will review the Board Diversity Policy, as appropriate, to ensure its effectiveness. The Nomination Committee will discuss any revision that may be required and recommend any such revision(s) to the Board for consideration and approval.

NOMINATION POLICY

The Board adopted a nomination policy (the "Nomination Policy") initially on 28 December 2018 and amended on 11 December 2019. A summary of the Nomination Policy, together with the selection criteria and the nomination procedures made towards achieving those objectives are disclosed below:

Summary of the Nomination Policy

The Nomination Policy provides the key selection criteria and general principles of the Nomination Committee in making any recommendation on the appointment and re-appointment of the Directors. It aims to ensure that the Board has a balance of skills, experience, knowledge and diversity of perspectives appropriate to the requirements of the Group's business.

Selection criteria

When making recommendation(s) regarding the appointment of any proposed candidate(s) for directorships to the Board or re-appointment of any existing member(s) of the Board, the Nomination Committee shall consider a number of criteria including but not limited to the followings:

- (a) Reputation for integrity;
- (b) Accomplishment, experience and reputation in the apparel industry and other relevant sectors;
- (C) Commitment in respect of sufficient time, interest and attention to the Group's business;
- (d) Potential contributions he/she will bring to the Board in terms of qualifications, skills, experience, independence and gender diversity;

- (e) The ability to assist and support management and make significant contributions to the Group's success;
- (f) Compliance with the criteria of independence as prescribed under Rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules for the appointment of an independent non-executive Director; and
- (g) Any other relevant factors as may be determined by the Nomination Committee or the Board from time to time.

The appointment of any proposed candidate to the Board or re-appointment of any existing member(s) of the Board shall be made in accordance with the Articles and other applicable rules and regulations. The progress made towards achieving the objectives set out in the Nomination Policy will be disclosed periodically in the corporate governance report of the Company.

Nomination procedures

The Nomination Committee will recommend to the Board for the appointment of a Director in accordance with the following procedures and process:

- (a) The secretary of the Nomination Committee shall convene a meeting, and invite nomination of candidates from Board members (if any), for consideration by the Nomination Committee. The Nomination Committee may also nominate candidates for its consideration;
- (b) In the context of appointment of any proposed candidate to the Board, the Nomination Committee shall undertake adequate due diligence in respect of such individual and make recommendations for the Board's consideration and approval;
- (c) In the context of re-appointment of any existing member(s) of the Board, the Nomination Committee shall make recommendations to the Board for its consideration and recommendation, for the proposed candidates to stand for re-election at a general meeting;
- (d) The section headed "Procedures for Shareholders to Propose a Director" in this corporate governance report sets forth the procedures for Shareholders' nomination of any proposed candidate for election as a Director; and
- (e) The Board shall have the final decision on all matters relating to its recommendation of candidates to stand for election at a general meeting, and the ultimate responsibility for selection and appointment of Directors is at the discretion of the Board.

Review of Nomination Policy

The Nomination Policy has been approved by the Board. Any subsequent amendment of the Nomination Policy shall be reviewed by the Nomination Committee and approved by the Board to ensure that it remains relevant to the Group's needs and reflects both current regulatory requirements and good corporate governance practices.

DIVIDEND POLICY

The Board adopted a dividend policy (the "Dividend Policy") on 28 December 2018. The Dividend Policy aims to set out the general principles and guidelines that the Company intends to apply in relation to the recommendation, declaration, payment or distribution of its net profits as dividends to the Shareholders. The Board shall take into account, inter alia, the followings:

- The Company shall maintain adequate cash reserves for meeting its working capital requirements and future growth as well as its shareholder value;
- (b) The Company does not have any pre-determined dividend payout ratio;
- (C) The Board has the discretion to declare and distribute dividends to the Shareholders, subject to the Articles and all applicable laws and regulations and the factors set out below;
- (d) The Board shall also take into account the following factors of the Group when considering the declaration and payment of dividends:
 - the financial results of the Group;
 - the cash flow situation and possible effects on liquidity and financial positions of the Group;
 - the business conditions and strategies;
 - the future operations and earnings;
 - the capital requirements and future expansion needs;
 - the interests of Shareholders;
 - any restrictions on payment of dividends; and
 - any other factors that the Board may consider relevant.
- Depending on the financial conditions of the Company and the Group and the conditions and factors as set out above, dividends may be proposed and/or declared by the Board for a financial year or period as follows:
 - an interim dividend;
 - a final dividend;
 - a special dividend; and
 - any distribution of net profits that the Board may deem appropriate.

- (f) Any final dividend for a financial year will subject to Shareholders' approval provided that no dividend shall be declared in excess of the amount recommended by the Board;
- (g) The Company may declare and pay dividends by way of cash or scrip or by other means that the Board may deems appropriate; and
- (h) Any dividend or bonuses unclaimed after a period of six years from the date of declaration shall be forfeited and shall revert to the Company in accordance with the Articles.

The Company will review the Dividend Policy as appropriate from time to time. The Dividend Policy shall in no way constitute a legally binding commitment by the Company that dividends will be paid in any particular amount and/or in no way obligate the Company to declare a dividend at any time or from time to time.

SHAREHOLDERS' RIGHTS

As one of the measures to safeguard Shareholders' interests and rights, separate resolutions can be proposed at Shareholders' meetings on each substantial issue, including the election of individual directors, for Shareholders' consideration and voting. All resolutions put forward at Shareholders' meeting will be voted by poll pursuant to the Listing Rules and the poll voting results will be posted on the websites of the Stock Exchange and the Company after the relevant Shareholders' meeting. An AGM shall be held each year and at the place as may be determined by the Board. Each general meeting, other than an AGM, shall be called an extraordinary general meeting ("**EGM**").

PROCEDURES FOR SHAREHOLDERS TO CONVENE EXTRAORDINARY GENERAL MEETING

The following procedures for Shareholders to convene an EGM are subject to the Articles (as amended from time to time), and the applicable legislations and regulations, in particular the Listing Rules (as amended from time to time):

- (a) Any one or more Shareholder(s) holding at the date of the deposit of the requisition not less than one-tenth of the paid-up capital of the Company (the "Eligible Shareholder(s)") carrying the right of voting at general meetings of the Company, shall at all times have the right, by a written requisition (the "Requisition") sent to the Company's principal place of business in Hong Kong as set out in the manner below, for the attention of the Board and/or the Company Secretary to require an EGM to be called by the Board for the transaction of any business specified in such requisition; and such meeting shall be held within two months after the deposit of such requisition;
- (b) The Eligible Shareholder(s) who wish(es) to convene an EGM must deposit the Requisition with which stating the purposes of the meeting, signed by the Eligible Shareholder(s) concerned to the Board or the Company Secretary at the Company's principal place of business at Flat A, 17/F., Gemstar Tower, 23 Man Lok Street, Hung Hom, Kowloon, Hong Kong;

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

- The Requisition must state clearly the name(s) of the Eligible Shareholder(s) concerned, his/her/its (C) shareholding(s), the reason(s) to convene an EGM and the details of the business(es) proposed to be transacted in the EGM, and must be signed by the Eligible Shareholder(s) concerned together with a deposit of a sum of money reasonable sufficient to meet the Company's expenses in serving the notice of the resolution and circulating the statement submitted by Eligible Shareholder(s) concerned in accordance with the statutory requirements to all the Shareholders;
- The Requisition will be verified with the Company's branch share registrar in Hong Kong and upon their confirmation that the Requisition is proper and in order, the Board will convene an EGM by serving sufficient notice in accordance with the requirements under the Articles to all the Shareholders. On the contrary, if the Requisition has been verified but not in order, the Eligible Shareholder(s) concerned will be advised of this outcome and accordingly, an EGM will not be convened as requested; and
- (e) If within 21 days from the date of the deposit of the Requisition, the Board fails to proceed to convene such EGM, the Eligible Shareholder(s) may convene a meeting in the same manner, and all reasonable expenses incurred by the Eligible Shareholder(s) concerned as a result of the failure of the Board shall be reimbursed by the Company to the Eligible Shareholder(s) concerned.

The notice period to be given to all the Shareholders for consideration of the proposal raised by the Eligible Shareholder(s) concerned should be at least 14 clear day's notice in writing and not less than 10 clear business days.

PROCEDURES FOR SHAREHOLDERS TO PROPOSE A DIRECTOR

Pursuant to Rule 13.51D of the Listing Rules, the Company sets out below the procedures to provide the Shareholders with detailed procedures by which they can follow for nominating a person for election as the Director(s):

- According to Article 85 of the Articles, no person other than a retiring Director at the meeting shall, unless (a) recommended by the Board for election, be eligible for election as a Director at any general meeting unless (i) a written notice signed by the Shareholder(s) other than a proposed person (the "**Proposed Candidate**") who is/are duly qualified to attend and vote at the meeting stating his/her intention to propose the Proposed Candidate for election as a Director; and (ii) a written notice signed by the Proposed Candidate stating his/her willingness to be elected as a Director shall be validly served to the Board or the Company Secretary at the head office of the Company;
- The period for lodgement of such notices required under the aforesaid Article will commence on the day after the despatch of the notice of the general meeting appointed for such election and end no later than seven days prior to the date of such general meeting and the minimum length of the period during which such notices to the Company may be given will be at least seven days;

- (c) In order to allow the Company to inform the Shareholders of the proposal and to enable the Shareholders to make an informed decision on their election at a general meeting, the written notice must state the full name of the Proposed Candidate and include his/her biographical details as required under Rule 13.51(2) of the Listing Rules and the Proposed Candidate's written consent to the publication of his/her personal data; and
- (d) Upon receipt of the valid and verified written notices from the Shareholder(s) to propose the Proposed Candidate at the general meeting, the Company will then publish an announcement in accordance with the requirements under the Listing Rules or issue a supplementary circular. The particulars of the Proposed Candidate will be included in the announcement or supplementary circular of the Company.

RIGHT OF RAISING ENQUIRIES

Shareholders should direct their enquiries about their shareholdings, share transfer, registration and payment of dividend to the Company's branch share registrar in Hong Kong (details of which are set out in the section headed "Corporate Information" of this annual report).

All any other enquiries shall be in writing and sent by post to the principal place of business of the Company in Hong Kong or by e-mail to ir@speedapparel.com.hk for the attention of the Board and/or the Company Secretary.

Shareholders are reminded to lodge their enquiries together with their detailed contact information for the prompt response from the Company if it deems appropriate.

PROCEDURES FOR SHAREHOLDERS TO PUT FORWARD PROPOSALS AT SHAREHOLDERS' MEETING

There are no provisions allowing Shareholders to move new resolutions at the general meeting under the Companies Law (Law 3 of 1961, as consolidated and revised) of Cayman Islands. However, pursuant to the Articles, Shareholders who wish to move a resolution may by means of the Requisition convening an EGM following the procedures set out above.

INVESTOR RELATIONS

The Company has established a range of communication channels between itself and its Shareholders and investors. These include the AGM, the annual and interim reports, notices, announcements, circulars and the Company's website at www.speedapparel.com.hk.

There had been no significant change in the Company's constitutional documents for the year ended 31 March 2020.

INTRODUCTION AND SCOPE OF ENVIRONMENTAL, SOCIAL AND GOVERNANCE (THE "ESG") REPORT

The Board is pleased to present the ESG report of the Group for the year ended 31 March 2020 prepared in accordance with standards of the Environmental, Social and Governance Reporting Guide (the "**ESG Reporting Guide**") as set out in Appendix 27 to the Listing Rules and has complied with the "comply or explain" provisions. The purpose of this report is to disclose the Group's management policies, strategies and performance regarding its sustainable development to all stakeholders.

The Group is committed to becoming an enterprise with high level of social responsibility and understands the importance of sustainable development of its business and community. The Group pursues rewarding Shareholders with better value, provision of high quality products and services to customers and provision of adequate and competitive benefits to employees.

REPORTING SCOPE AND PERIOD

This ESG report covers all subsidiaries of the Group including the operations in Hong Kong and the PRC with core business principally selling knitwear products to its customers. The Group will continue to assess the impacts of its business on the major environmental, social and governance aspects and to include in the ESG report.

The ESG report of the Group has been presented into two subject areas, namely environmental and social. Each subject area have various aspects to disclose the relevant policies, key performance indicators ("**KPIs**") and the status of compliance with relevant laws and regulations as addressed by the ESG Reporting Guide. Certain KPIs which is considered as material by the Group during the reporting period are disclosed in the ESG report. The Group will continue to optimise and improve the disclosure of KPIs.

ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION

The Group is an apparel supply chain management services provider and headquartered in Hong Kong. The Group provides one-stop apparel supply chain management solutions for its customers ranging from fashion trend analysis, product design and development, sourcing and procurement of materials, production management, quality control and logistics services. All of the knitwear products were produced by the third-party manufacturers engaged by the Group. As such, the relevant environmental laws and regulations are not applicable to the Group. Notwithstanding the aforementioned, the Group required its suppliers to comply with the relevant laws and regulations relating to not only environmental but also labor, social and safety. The Group also implemented environmental protection policies in order to reduce the possible pollution resulted from its business activities on the environment. These policies including but not limited to the policies on reducing CO₂ emission and water consumption, waste management and other eco-friendly measurements in our business operations. The Group implemented these policies through (i) reminding staff to switch the light on only when it is needed and turn off when staff are out of office; (ii) reminding staff to set the temperature of air-conditioner to an energy-efficient level; (iii) emphasis on the use of recycle paper when printing internal documents and double-sided printing for external documents; and (iv) reminding staff and relevant person-in-charge to process daily waste properly and to treasure water resources and avoid wasting which resulted a limited amount of water consumption during the reporting period. The Group continues to review the environmental impact of its operations and assess whether its environmental protection policies are in compliance in all material respects with applicable environmental laws and regulations in Hong Kong and the PRC. During the reporting period, the Group's business operations are wholly office operations, and thus, the key environmental impacts from the Group's operations mainly related to (i) energy; (ii) paper consumption; and (iii) local and overseas business travels. As such, the environmental impact from the Group's operation is minimal compared to that of many other industries.

Major air pollutants emission of the Group from the vehicle for each of the two years ended 31 March 2020 are as follows:

Air pollutants emissions

	Year ended 31 March	
	2020	
	Air pollutants	Air pollutants
Type of air pollutants	emission (kg)	emission (kg)
Sulphur dioxide	0.1	0.1
Nitrogen oxides	4.9	4.4
Particulate matter	0.4	0.3
Total	5.4	4.8

The greenhouse gas (**"GHG"**) emission from the operations of the Group for each of the two years ended 31 March 2020 is set out below:

GHG emissions

	Year ended 31 March	
	2020	2019
	Equivalent CO₂	Equivalent CO ₂
Type of GHG emissions	emission (kg)	emission (kg)
Scope 1 Direct emissions	10,503.2	9,421.5
Scope 2 Indirect emissions	69,276.4	69,058.6
Scope 3 Other indirect emissions	23,839.0	26,291.4
Total	103,618.6	104,771.5
Intensity	167.6 kg/m²	169.5 kg/m ²

Note:

- 1. The calculation of the greenhouse gas is based on the "Corporate Accounting and Reporting Standard" from greenhouse gas protocol.
- 2. (i) Scope 1 refers to direct emission from the vehicles owned by the Group;
 - (ii) Scope 2 refers to indirect emissions from the generation of purchased electricity consumed by the Group; and
 - (iii) Scope 3 refers to other indirect emissions which is an optional disclosure in relation to the employees' business travels.

ENVIRONMENTAL, SOCIAL AND GOVERNANCE REPORT

Energy consumption by the Group for each of the two years ended 31 March 2020 is set out below:

Energy consumption

	Year ended 31 March	
	2020	2019
	Energy consumed	Energy consumed
Type of energy	(kWh)	(kWh)
Unleaded petrol	34,477.9	30,927.1
Purchased electricity	135,836.0	135,409.0
Total	170,313.9	166,336.1
Energy intensity	275.5 kWh/m²	269.1 kWh/m²

For each of the two years ended 31 March 2020, the Group generated/consumed no significant hazardous waste, non-hazardous wa<mark>ste, water and packaging materials due to its business nature. The total amount of paper</mark> disposed for recycling purpose for the year ended 31 March 2020 was approximately 1,203.2 kg (for the year ended 31 March 2019: approximately 1,600.0 kg).

CORPORATE SOCIAL RESPONSIBILITIES

Working environment

As an enterprise with social responsibility, the Group shall not only be accountable to its customers, but also to its employees. When seeking for accomplishment of economic targets, the Group also assumes responsibility to the society, which in turn enables it to achieve sustainable development. The Group values its employees as they are key to its success. It commits to provide a working place without discrimination and with equal opportunities for all staff.

Staff annual leaves and benefit packages of the Group were enforced with reference to the local labour laws. The Group rewards employees with fair remuneration based on an individual's work performance in order to inspire their working enthusiasm. Further, the Group adopts an incentive system under which the management's remuneration is related to the Group's operating results, which provides reasonable rewards to the managements of the Group.

As at 31 March 2020, the Group had a total of 57 full time employees (as at 31 March 2019: 61). Table below sets out the breakdown of the total number of employees by gender and age group, respectively, for each of the two years ended 31 March 2020:

	Year ended 31 March			
	2020		2019	
	Number		Number	
	of staff	%	of staff	%
By gender				
Male	16	28.1	20	32.8
Female	41	71.9	41	67.2
Total	57	100.0	61	100.0
By age group				
30 or below	9	15.8	13	21.3
31-40	22	38.6	25	41.0
41-50	17	29.8	19	31.1
51 or above	9	15.8	4	6.6
Total	57	100.0	61	100.0

To the best knowledge of the Board, there is no material violation of relevant standards, rules and regulations regarding remuneration and dismissal, recruitment and promotion, working hours, holidays, fair opportunity, diversity and other remuneration package and benefits during the reporting period.

Health and safety

To indicate its care for employee's health and safety, the Group established a safe and healthy working environment for all employees by establishing monitoring procedures for safety management.

During the reporting period, the Group has not recorded any safety accident that led to death or major injuries, with safety maintained at a stable level. To the best knowledge of the Board, there is no material violation of relevant standards, rules and regulations regarding provision of safe working environment and protecting employees from occupational damage during the reporting period.

Since the outbreak of the COVID-19 in January 2020, the management of the Group has been monitoring the development of the epidemic and endeavored to take the social responsibility of the enterprise to help prevent and control of the COVID-19 in Hong Kong.

ENVIRONMENTAL, SOCIAL AND GOVERNANCE REPORT

The Group places health and safety of its employee as its highest priority in response to the outbreak of the COVID-19 and has taken timely actions and measures to protect and prevent its employees from being infected. The hygiene measures adopted by the Group are as follows:

- Sanitary items provided by the Group including face masks, alcohol-based sanitisers and ultraviolet light hand dryer;
- Employees are required to wear a face mask in the office;
- Up<mark>on arrival of office, employee are required to measure their body temperature at the reception and wash</mark> their hands with soap before working;
- If an employee has respiratory symptoms or body temperature higher than 37.5 degree Celsius, they are required to seek for medical treatments and undergo self-quarantine at home; and
- If an employee is returning from outside Hong Kong, they are required to report to our human resources department and undergo self-quarantine at home for 14 days.

The Board will continue to monitor the developments of the COVID-19 pandemic closely and to ensure to comply with all applicable laws, rules and regulations.

Labour standard

The Group strictly complied with relevant laws and regulations in respect of minimum working age. The Group properly handled child labour issues in accordance with requirements of social responsibility management and regulations to prohibit all departments to employ child labour.

The Group established management policy for forced labour and captive labour to prohibit any forced labour and regulate that employees of the Group must be employed voluntarily, undertaking that (i) no forced acts shall be allowed; (ii) no deceptive means shall be applied in attracting workers to work in the Group; and (iii) no threats, punishments or to gain any benefit from employees or force employees to work.

During the reporting period, the Group has complied with policies and relevant laws and regulations regarding prevention of child labour or forced labour.

Development and training

The Group provides occupational development opportunities for its employees. Employees of the Group may pursue, depending on their working capabilities, personal developments by means of promotion from junior to senior positions.

The Group provides on-the-job trainings for the new employees serving the junior positions. In particular, employees with adequate experience are designated to provide guidance to new employees to assist with their works, aiming to improve new employees' expertise and skills as required for works and to assist them to adapt to the operations and culture of the Group as soon as possible. During the reporting period, the Group organised training sessions and seminars relating to applicable laws and regulations including but not limited to director's role and responsibilities under the CG Code and the Listing Rules for Directors and senior management of the Group. Further, certain employees amongst design and promotion, procurement and merchandising departments of the Group participated in a series of trainings in learning of materials and products covering the topics such as product variety, functions of knitwear materials and trends of apparel products to help employees improve their knowledge in the apparel industry and business capabilities. The Group also organised social activities to build team work spirit.

Table below is the breakdown of the percentage of employees trained by gender for each of the two years ended 31 March 2020:

	Year ended 31 March	
	2020	2019
Employee trained by gender	%	%
Male	55.6	38.5
Female	44.4	61.5

The average training hours for employees by gender for each of the two years ended 31 March 2020 are as follows:

		Year ended 31 March	
		2020	2019
		Hours per	Hours per
By gender		employee	employee
Male		0.5	0.6
Female	_	0.5	1.9

Supply chain management

To focus the Group's resources on the provision of apparel supply chain management services, the Group does not own or operate any manufacturing operations. Instead, the Group outsourced the labour intensive manufacturing processes to third-party manufacturers with manufacturing operations in the PRC, Thailand and Cambodia. The Group strives to improve its supply chain management. The Group has established procedures and a complete monitoring system for selection of third-party manufacturers including but not limited to the ability and efficiency of third-party manufacturers to produce apparel products for its customers. The operation model of the Group is to manage the third-party manufacturers of different scales, the Group does not enter into any long term contracts with third-party manufacturers and the Group engages them on a case-by-case basis depending on the needs and requirements of customers. The Group sets standards and goals and provides data analysis to measure the performance of its supply chains. In addition, the Group closely cooperates with yarn suppliers, third-party manufacturers and customers to ensure providing the latest information on customer demands at every stage of the supply chain, and pays attention to the signal of market demands and makes corresponding improvements.

ENVIRONMENTAL, SOCIAL AND GOVERNANCE REPORT

The following is an analysis of the Group's number of suppliers by geographical location for each of the two years ended 31 March 2020:

	2020	2019
Number of suppliers by geographical location	%	%
Hong Kong	59.6	70.2
The PRC	21.3	21.3
Others	19.1	8.5
Total	100.0	100.0

The Group set up strict quidelines to prevent any employee, outsourcing contractor or supplier from breaching the anti-corruption guideline requirements by implementing appropriate disciplinary punishment(s). The Group also stated in its anti-corruption policy that it will not work with suppliers who had previously violated the anticorruption requirements.

The Group complied with the child labour and forced labour law. Suppliers were also required to comply the same. The Group also requires suppliers to comply with all relevant laws and regulations to ensure health and safety of employees in all operating conditions and environment.

Product responsibility

As an apparel supply chain management services provider, the Group's services encompass the total supply chain from the selection of raw materials until the final delivery of finished products to the customers at their designated port of shipment. The Group places great emphasis on the quality of its knitwear products and the Directors believe that the commitment to the high standard for quality control of its knitwear products is one of the key factors contributing to the Group's success. Stringent quality control procedures such as inspection of the finished products by a third-party inspection centre prior to shipping to the Group's customers and monitoring the production process by keeping a production schedule have been established throughout the total supply chain so as to ensure the quality of the knitwear products is supplied in consistently reliable and high standard.

To ensure that the quality of the knitwear products is in conformity with the customers' specifications, the Group will perform random checks on semi-finished products produced by the third-party manufacturers at various stages of the production process. To ensure that the colour conforms to the customers' specifications and standards, the Group will visually inspect the colour on the semi-finished and finished products with colour check light box. The merchandising quality control staff will check whether the semi-finished products are free from major defects and to ensure that the knitting patterns conform with the customers' designs and specifications. Before packaging for delivery, all finished products will be checked by a third-party inspection centre. Any products that fail to meet the standards will be notified to the third-party manufacturers for rectification.

As an apparel supply chain management services provider, the Group respects intellectual property rights. The Group is committed to protecting trademarks of customers and restricts any person from using the trademarks for any unauthorised purposes.

During the reporting period, the Group has complied with the relevant requirements on product liabilities. The Group has not recovered any products for safety and health reasons or found any significant complaint on products and services.

Anti-corruption

The Group operates under integrity and moral principles. The Group established relevant standards and complied with laws and regulations, prohibiting employees from receiving any benefits from the suppliers, customers or any party having business or commercial relationship with companies under the Group or offering benefits to the same. The Group requires (i) all employee shall comply with its code of business conduct and ethics; (ii) employees are prohibited to, through taking advantage of their positions, offer any reward or other benefits to or receive the same from customers, suppliers or any party having business with the Group; and (iii) all suppliers or individuals dealing with the Group shall not offer any commercial bribe or transfer other benefits by any means to employees or management of the Group.

The Group requires every employee to comply with the code of employees and delegates appropriate authority to employees in every job position to avoid abuse of his or her duties for profiteering or suspected conflicts of interest. As the Group's businesses involve the customers' personal data, the Group has established confidentiality codes and relevant guidelines for the employees to reduce the risk of information leakage.

The Group prohibits employees from using the company seal/chop of each company of the Group without prior approval from the management of the Group, to sign beyond one's authority, and to approve the signing of any external contract or terminating it and to vary the performance of contracts. The reporting system of the Group permits employees to report any suspected misconduct or fraud to relevant department head through effective channels.

During the reporting period, there was no litigation commenced against the Group or its employees being charged for any corruption offences. The operations of the Group has complied with policies and relevant laws and regulations regarding anti-bribery, extortion, fraud and money laundering.

Community investment

In recognising that bringing resources to the community while at the same time contributing to the economy and environment would benefit the society in the long run, the Group has devoted time and effort to return to the society as it has always encouraged its employees to take part into supporting environmental protection initiatives such as energy saving initiatives, and participating volunteer work for the community. In the future, the Group will (i) seek opportunities to work with charitable organisations to get involved in various community programmes and to contribute to the society; (ii) promote the health of its employees and customers by organising and taking part in sports and fitness activities; and (iii) make donations to the charitable organisations. The Group made charitable donations amounting to HK\$500,000 for the year ended 31 March 2020 (for the year ended 31 March 2019: HK\$30,000). Since the end of January 2020, the outbreak of COVID-19 led to face masks shortage in Hong Kong. In view of foregoing, the Group donated 1,000 surgical face masks to a charity organisation in support of their staff and volunteers' work.

The Directors hereby present this report and the audited consolidated financial statements of the Group for the year ended 31 March 2020.

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES

The principal activity of the Company is investment holding. The major activities of its principal subsidiaries are set out in note 29 to the consolidated financial statements of the Group in this annual report. There were no significant changes in the nature of the Group's principal activities during the year.

ENVIRONMENTAL, SOCIAL AND GOVERNANCE

The Environmental, Social and Governance Report of the Company for the year ended 31 March 2020 contained the information as required by the standards set out in Appendix 27 to the Listing Rule is disclosed on pages 36 to 43 of this annual report.

COMPLIANCE WITH THE RELEVANT LAWS AND REGULATIONS

As the Board is aware, there was no material breach of or non-compliance with the applicable laws and regulations by the Group that had a significant impact on the business and operations of the Group for the year ended 31 March 2020.

DONATIONS

Charitable donations made by the Group for the year ended 31 March 2020 was HK\$500,000 (for the year ended 31 March 2019: HK\$30,000).

RELATIONSHIP WITH STAKEHOLDERS

The Group's relationship with its stakeholders is disclosed in the section headed "Management Discussion and Analysis" on page 15 of this annual report.

RESULTS AND APPROPRIATIONS

The results and appropriations of the Group for the year ended 31 March 2020 are set out in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income on page 57 of this annual report.

The Directors do not recommend the payment of a final dividend for the year ended 31 March 2020 (for the year ended 31 March 2019: 1.6 HK cents per share).

PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

Details of the movements during the year in the property, plant and equipment of the Group are set out in note 15 to the consolidated financial statements of this annual report.

BUSINESS REVIEW

A discussion and analysis of the Group's performance for the year ended 31 March 2020, the key factors affecting its results and financial position are set out in the section headed "Management Discussion and Analysis" of this annual report. Further, a fair review of, and an indication of likely future prospects in the Group's business are set out in the sections headed "Chairman's Statement" of this annual report.

PRINCIPAL RISKS AND UNCERTAINTIES

The Group's financial position, results of operations, businesses and prospects would be affected by a number of principal risks including foreign currency risk, interest rate risk, credit risk and liquidity risk. The risk management policies and practices of the Group are disclosed in note 5 to the consolidated financial statements of this annual report.

Further, there are certain other risks involved in the Group's operations which are beyond its control. In particular, the Group relies on several major customers and the Group does not enter into any long term contracts with them. The Group also faces business risks such as (i) any disruption in the relationships with the third-party manufacturers or their manufacturing operations could adversely affect the Group's business; (ii) there are time lags between making payments to the Group's suppliers and receiving payments from its customers. Failure to handle this cash flow mismatch may adversely affect the Group's cash flow and financial position; (iii) the Group has relatively thin net profit margin and is highly sensitive to any unfavourable change in the cost of sales, selling price and sales volume; (iv) any further decrease in retail sales value and sales volume of apparel retail markets in Japan and the USA may adversely affect the Group's operating results and performance; and (v) the Group's performance and profitability may be affected by the fluctuation of the exchange rate of Japanese Yen.

FINANCIAL SUMMARY

A summary of the results, assets and liabilities of the Group for the latest five financial years is set out on page 102 in this annual report.

SHARE CAPITAL

There has been no change in the capital structure of the Company for the year ended 31 March 2020. The share capital of the Company only comprises ordinary shares.

As at 31 March 2020, the Company's issued share capital amounted to HK\$5.0 million divided by 500,000,000 shares of HK\$0.01 each.

Details of the movements in the Company's share capital for the year ended 31 March 2020 are set out in note 24 to the consolidated financial statements of this annual report.

PRE-EMPTIVE RIGHTS

There are no provisions for pre-emptive rights under the Articles or the laws of the Cayman Islands which would oblige the Company to offer its new shares on a pro-rata basis to existing Shareholders.

PURCHASE, SALE OR REDEMPTION OF THE COMPANY'S LISTED SECURITIES

Neither the Company nor any of its subsidiaries purchased, sold or redeemed any of the Company's listed securities for the year ended 31 March 2020.

RESERVES

Details of the movements in the reserves of the Company and the Group during the year are set out in note 25 to the consolidated financial statements of the Group and in the consolidated statement of changes in equity on page 60 in this annual report, respectively.

DISTRIBUTABLE RESERVES

As at 31 March 2020, the Company's reserves available for distribution, calculated in accordance with the Companies Law, Cap. 22 (Law 3 of 1961, as consolidated and revised) of the Cayman Islands, amounted to approximately HK\$61.4 million (as at 31 March 2019: approximately HK\$59.8 million).

MAJOR CUSTOMERS AND SUPPLIERS

During the year ended 31 March 2020, the Group's largest customer and five largest customers' aggregate amount represented approximately 41.7% (for the year ended 31 March 2019: approximately 31.1%) and 89.8% (for the year ended 31 March 2019: approximately 90.2%) of the Group's total revenue, respectively. The Group's largest supplier and five largest suppliers' aggregate amount represented approximately 40.3% (for the year ended 31 March 2019: approximately 29.0%) and 86.2% (for the year ended 31 March 2019: approximately 80.2%) of the Group's cost of sales, respectively.

To the best knowledge of the Directors, none of the Directors nor any of their close associates (as defined in the Listing Rules) nor any Shareholders who or which own more than 5% of the Company's issued share capital had any beneficial interest in any of the Group's five largest customers and/or suppliers during the year ended 31 March 2020.

DIRECTORS

The Directors during the year and up to the date of this annual report were as follows:

Executive Directors

Mr. Chan Wing Kai (Chairman and chief executive officer)
Mr. Ng Ming Ho

Independent non-executive Directors

Ms. Chan Siu Lai Mr. Kwok Chi Shing Mr. Ma Kwok Fai, Edwin Pursuant to Article 84(1) of the Articles, notwithstanding any other provisions in the Articles, at each AGM, one-third of the Directors for the time being (or, if their number is not a multiple of three (3), the number nearest to but not less than one-third) shall retire from office by rotation provided that every Director shall be subject to retirement at an AGM at least once every three years. Accordingly, Ms. Chan Siu Lai and Mr. Ma Kwok Fai, Edwin shall retire from office by rotation and, being eligible, offer themselves for re-election at the forthcoming AGM of the Company.

BIOGRAPHICAL DETAILS OF DIRECTORS

The biographical details of the Directors are disclosed in the section headed "Biographical Details of Directors and Senior Management" of this annual report.

DIRECTORS' SERVICE CONTRACTS

Each of the executive Directors has entered into a service agreement with the Company pursuant to which he has agreed to act as an executive Director for an initial term of three years and shall be renewed automatically upon the expiry of such initial term. Either party has the right to give not less than three months' written notice to terminate the service agreement.

Each of the independent non-executive Directors has been appointed for an initial fixed term of three years and shall be renewed automatically upon the expiry of such initial term unless terminated by either party giving at least three months' written notice of non-renewal. Save for the Directors' fees, none of the independent non-executive Directors is expected to receive any other emolument for holding his or her office as an independent non-executive Director.

Save as disclosed above, none of the Directors has proposed or entered into any service agreement or appointment letter with the Company or any of its subsidiaries which is not determinable by the Group within one year without payment of compensation other than the statutory compensation.

CONFIRMATION OF INDEPENDENCY OF INDEPENDENT NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

The Company has received from each of the independent non-executive Directors a written annual confirmation of independence pursuant to Rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules and considers all the independent non-executive Directors to be independent.

PERMITTED INDEMNITY PROVISIONS

Pursuant to the Articles, the Directors shall be entitled to be indemnified out of the assets or profits of the Company against all losses or liabilities which he/she may sustain or incur in or about the execution of the duties of his/her office or otherwise in relation thereto.

The Company has arranged appropriate directors' and officers' liability insurance coverage for the Directors and senior management of the Group during the year ended 31 March 2020.

EMOLUMENTS OF THE DIRECTORS AND THE FIVE HIGHEST PAID INDIVIDUALS

Details of the emoluments of the Directors and the five highest paid individuals are set out in note 12 to the consolidated financial statements in this annual report.

EMOLUMENT POLICY

The executive Directors, the independent non-executive Directors and senior management receive compensation in the form of directors' fees, salaries, benefits in kind and/or discretionary bonuses with reference to those paid by comparable companies in the industry, time commitment and performance of the Group. The Group also reimburses the Directors and senior management for expenses which are necessarily and reasonably incurred for provision of services to the Group or executing their functions in relation to the Group's operations. The Group regularly reviews and determines the remuneration and compensation packages of the Directors and senior management by reference to, among other things, market level of remuneration and compensation paid by comparable companies in the industry, respective responsibilities of the Directors and performance of the Group.

The Remuneration Committee reviews and determines the remuneration and compensation packages of the Directors with reference to their experience, responsibilities, workload, time devoted to the Group and performance of the Group. The Directors may also be offered options under the share option scheme.

INTERESTS AND SHORT POSITIONS OF DIRECTORS AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE IN THE SHARES, UNDERLYING SHARES AND DEBENTURES OF THE COMPANY AND ITS **ASSOCIATED CORPORATION**

As at 31 March 2020, the interests or short positions of each of the Directors and the chief executive of the Company in the shares, underlying shares or debentures of the Company or any associated corporation (within the meaning of Part XV of the Securities and Futures Ordinance (Chapter 571 of the Laws of Hong Kong) (the "SFO")) which (a) would have to be notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to Divisions 7 and 8 of Part XV of the SFO (including interests and short positions which such Directors and chief executives of the Company were taken or deemed to have under such provisions of the SFO); or (b) would be required, pursuant to Section 352 of the SFO, to be entered in the register referred to therein; or (c) would be required, pursuant to the Model Code relating to securities transactions by the Directors to be notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange, were as follows:

Name of Director	Nature of interest/ holding capacity	Number of ordinary shares held	Percentage of issued share capital of the Company (Note 1)
Mr. Chan	Interest of a controlled corporation	375,000,000(L) ^(Notes 2 and 3)	75%

Notes:

- 1. As at 31 March 2020, the Company's issued ordinary share capital was HK\$5.0 million divided into 500,000,000 shares of HK\$0.01 each.
- 2. Speed Development Co. Ltd ("**Speed Development**"), a company incorporated in the British Virgin Islands on 12 November 2015 which acts as an investment holding company, is wholly and beneficially owned by Mr. Chan who is the chairman and an executive Director of the Company. Therefore, Mr. Chan is deemed to be interested in the 375,000,000 Shares held by Speed Development by virtue of his 100% shareholding interest in Speed Development.
- 3. The letter "L" denotes the person's long position in the Shares.

INTERESTS AND SHORT POSITIONS OF SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDERS IN THE SHARES, UNDERLYING SHARES AND DEBENTURES OF THE COMPANY

As at 31 March 2020, so far as it is known to the Directors or chief executive of the Company, the following persons, other than a Director or chief executive of the Company, had an interest or short position in the shares or underlying shares of the Company which would fall to be disclosed to the Company under the provisions of Divisions 2 and 3 of Part XV of the SFO, or, who was expected, directly or indirectly, to be interested in 10% or more of the issued voting shares of any other member of the Group:

Name of substantial Shareholders	Nature of interest/ holding capacity	Number of ordinary shares held	Percentage of interests in the issued share capital of the Company (Note 1)
Speed Development	Beneficial owner	375,000,000 (L) (Notes 2 and 3)	75%
Ms. Cheung Hung (" Ms. Cheung ")	Spouse interest	375,000,000 (L) ^(Notes 3 and 4)	75%

Notes:

- 1. As at 31 March 2020, the Company's issued ordinary share capital was HK\$5.0 million divided into 500,000,000 shares of HK\$0.01 each.
- 2. Speed Development is wholly and beneficially owned by Mr. Chan who is the chairman and an executive Director of the Company. Therefore, Mr. Chan is deemed to be interested in the 375,000,000 Shares held by Speed Development by virtue of his 100% shareholding interest in Speed Development.
- 3. The letter "L" denotes the person's long position in the Shares.
- 4. Ms. Cheung is the spouse of Mr. Chan. She is deemed to be interested in the Shares in which Mr. Chan is interested under Part XV of the SFO.

SHARE OPTION SCHEME

The Company adopted a share option scheme (the "**Scheme**") on 31 May 2017. The primary purpose of the Scheme is to provide incentives or rewards to eligible employees and other selected participants as specified under the Scheme.

The maximum number of shares which may be issued upon the exercise of all outstanding options granted and yet to be exercised under the Scheme and any other share option scheme of the Group must not exceed 30% of the issued share capital of the Company from time to time. The total number of shares which may be allotted and issued upon exercise of all options (excluding, for this purpose, options which have lapsed in accordance with the terms of the Scheme and any other share option scheme of the Group) to be granted under the Scheme and any other share option scheme of the Group must not in aggregate exceed 10% of the Shares in issue at the time dealings in the Shares first commence on the Stock Exchange, i.e. 50,000,000 Shares, without prior approval from the Shareholders. The Company may, subject to the issue of a circular, the Shareholders' approval in general meeting and/or such other requirements prescribed under the Listing Rules, refresh this limit at any time to 10% of the total number of shares in issue as at the date of the Shareholders' approval. The total number of shares issued and which may fall to be issued upon exercise of the options granted under the Scheme and any other share option scheme of the Group to each participant in any 12-month period shall not exceed 1% of the issued share capital of the Company for the time being, without prior approval from the Shareholders. Options granted to substantial Shareholders or independent non-executive Directors or any of their respective associates as defined under the Scheme which would result in the shares issued and to be issued upon exercise of all options under the Scheme already granted and to be granted (including options exercised, cancelled and outstanding) to such person in the 12-month period up to and including the date of such grant represent in aggregate in excess of 0.1% of the Company's issued share capital and with an aggregate value in excess of HK\$5.0 million must be approved in advance by the Shareholders.

Options granted must be taken up within 21 days of the date of the offer of grant of the option. A nominal consideration of HK\$1.00 is payable on acceptance of the grant of an option.

Options may be exercised at any time from the date of acceptance of the share option to such date as determined by the Directors but in any event not exceeding 10 years. The exercise price is determined by the Directors, but shall not be less than the highest of (i) the closing price of the shares as stated in the Stock Exchange's daily quotation sheets on the date of the offer of grant, which must be a business day; (ii) the average closing price of the shares as stated in the Stock Exchange's daily quotation sheets for the five trading days immediately preceding the date of the offer of grant of the option; and (iii) the nominal value of a share. No option has been granted since the adoption of the Scheme. The Scheme will remain in force for a period of 10 years commencing on the date on which the Scheme is adopted.

EQUITY-LINKED AGREEMENTS

Save as the share option scheme of the Company disclosed above, no equity-linked agreements that will or may result in the Company issuing shares or that require the Company to enter into any agreements that will or may result in the Company issuing shares were entered into by the Company during the year ended 31 March 2020 or subsisted as at 31 March 2020.

DIRECTORS' INTERESTS IN TRANSACTIONS, ARRANGEMENTS OR CONTRACTS

Save as disclosed in the section headed "Continuing Connected Transactions" below and in note 28(a) to the consolidated financial statements of this annual report, neither Director nor a connected entity of a Director had any material interest, either directly or indirectly, in any transactions, arrangements or contract of significance to the business of the Group, to which the Company or any of its subsidiaries was a party during the year.

DIRECTORS' INTERESTS IN COMPETING BUSINESSES

During the year ended 31 March 2020, none of the Directors nor any of their respective close associates (as defined in the Listing Rules), engaged in any business that competes or might compete with the business of the Group, or had any other conflict of interest with the Group.

NON-COMPETITION UNDERTAKINGS

The Company confirms that the non-competition undertakings of Mr. Chan and Speed Development executed on 8 May 2017 in favour of the Company (for itself and as trustee for its subsidiaries), details of which were set out in the section headed "Relationship with the Controlling Shareholders — Non-competition Undertakings" in the Prospectus, has been fully complied and enforced for the year ended 31 March 2020.

The Board also confirms that there are no other matters in relation to the aforesaid undertaking which should be brought to the attention of the Shareholders and the potential investors.

INTERESTS OF THE COMPLIANCE ADVISER

In accordance with Rule 6A.19 of the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on GEM of the Stock Exchange (the "GEM Listing Rules"), the Company has appointed Messis Capital Limited ("Messis") to be the compliance adviser. As informed by Messis, neither Messis nor any of its directors or employees or close associates, has or may have, any interest in the share capital of the Company or any member of the Group (including options or rights to subscribe for such securities), which is required to be notified to the Company pursuant to Rule 6A.32 of the GEM Listing Rules, except for the compliance adviser agreement entered into between the Company and Messis dated 15 May 2017.

RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Details of related party transactions of the Group during the year are set out in note 28(a) to the consolidated financial statements in this annual report. Save as the rental expense paid to the related company, which constitute a continuing connected transaction and is exempted from the reporting, announcement and independent Shareholders' approval requirements under Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules, none of these related party transactions constituted a connected transaction as defined under the Listing Rules during the year ended 31 March 2020.

Details of the connected transactions are summarised in the section headed "Continuing Connected Transactions" below.

CONTINUING CONNECTED TRANSACTIONS

Tenancy agreement between the Group and Firenze Apparel Limited ("Firenze")

On 4 January 2019, Speed Apparel (HK) Limited ("Speed Apparel HK"), a subsidiary of the Company, entered into a renewal tenancy agreement (the "Tenancy Agreement") with Firenze for the leasing of the Property located at Flat A, 17/F., Gemstar Tower, 23 Man Lok Street, Hung Hom, Kowloon, Hong Kong (the "Property") to the Group for a monthly lease payment of HK\$100,000 from 1 February 2019 to 31 January 2022 (both days inclusive). The Property was used as a head office and the principal place of business of the Group in Hong Kong. Pursuant to the Tenancy Agreement, Firenze agreed to pay management fee and government rates and rent. The monthly lease payment under the Tenancy Agreement was determined on an arm's length basis between the parties thereto by reference to the prevailing market rates. The aggregate lease paid by the Group under the Tenancy Agreement was HK\$1,200,000 for the year ended 31 March 2020.

Since Firenze is owned as to 100% by Mr. Chan, being an executive Director, the chief executive officer of the Company and a substantial Shareholder, Firenze is considered as a connected person of the Company under the Listing Rules. As such, the leasing of the Property by the Group from Firenze under the Tenancy Agreement was constituted a continuing connected transaction of the Group under Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules. Since the aggregate annual consideration is less than HK\$3,000,000, respectively, the transaction under the Tenancy Agreement fall within the de minimis threshold and constitute de minimis continuing connected transaction of the Group under Rule 14A.76(1)(c) of the Listing Rules. Accordingly, the Tenancy Agreement and the transaction contemplated thereunder will be exempted from the requirements of reporting, annual review, announcement, circular and independent Shareholders' approval under Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules.

The continuing connected transactions mentioned above had been reviewed by the independent non-executive Directors as they consider that the Tenancy Agreement was entered into in the ordinary and usual course of business and on normal commercial terms, and the terms of and transactions contemplated under the Tenancy Agreement and the annual caps set out above are fair and reasonable, on normal commercial terms and in the interests of the Group and the Shareholders as a whole.

Save as disclosed above, the Group has not entered into any connected transaction or continuing connected transaction during the year ended 31 March 2020 which should be disclosed pursuant to the requirements under Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules.

MANAGEMENT CONTRACTS

No contracts concerning the management and administration of the whole or any part of the business of the Group were entered into or existed during the year ended 31 March 2020.

SUFFICIENCY OF PUBLIC FLOAT

Based on the information that is publicly available to the Company and to the best knowledge of the Directors, the Directors confirm that the Company complies with the minimum of public float as required under the Listing Rules for the year ended 31 March 2020.

EVENTS AFTER THE REPORTING PERIOD

COVID-19 pandemic had caused severe disruption to economic activities worldwide and caused significant uncertainties in the current business environment. The Directors had been closely monitoring the developments of COVID-19 pandemic and expect that there will be material adverse changes in the financial and operational conditions of the customers, and thus, demands for the Group's products may drop significantly, which could adversely affect the operating results of the Group in the forthcoming year. Up to the date of this report, the Board is still in a position of assessing and evaluating the impacts of COVID-19 to the financial position and operating results of the Group.

Save as disclosed above, the Directors are not aware of any significant events requiring disclosure that has taken place subsequent to 31 March 2020 and up to the date of this report.

AUDITOR

The Group's consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2020 have been audited by Zhonghui.

Zhonghui will retire, and being eligible, offer themselves for re-appointment at the forthcoming AGM. A resolution for their re-appointment as auditor of the Company will be proposed at the forthcoming AGM.

By order of the Board **Chan Wing Kai** *Chairman and executive Director*

Hong Kong, 18 June 2020



TO THE SHAREHOLDERS OF SPEED APPAREL HOLDING LIMITED

(Incorporated in the Cayman Islands with limited liability)

OPINION

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of Speed Apparel Holding Limited (the "Company") and its subsidiaries (collectively referred to as the "Group") set out on pages 57 to 101, which comprise the consolidated statement of financial position as at 31 March 2020, and the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, consolidated statement of changes in equity and consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements give a true and fair view of the consolidated financial position of the Group as at 31 March 2020, and of its consolidated financial performance and its consolidated cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards ("HKFRSs") issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants (the "HKICPA") and have been properly prepared in compliance with the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

BASIS FOR OPINION

We conducted our audit in accordance with Hong Kong Standards on Auditing ("HKSAs") issued by the HKICPA. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with the HKICPA's Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (the "Code"), and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

KEY AUDIT MATTERS

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the consolidated financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

Trade and bills receivables and prepayments, deposits and other receivables

Refer to Note 19 and 20 to the consolidated financial statements

The Group tested the amount of trade and bills receivables and prepayments, deposits and other receivables for impairment. This impairment test is significant to our audit because the balance of trade and bills receivables and prepayments, deposits and other receivables of approximately HK\$23,079,000 and HK\$17,303,000 respectively as at 31 March 2020 is material to the consolidated financial statements. In addition, the Group's impairment test involves application of judgement and is based on estimates.

Our audit procedures included, among others:

- Assessing the Group's procedures on granting credit limits and credit periods to customers;
- Assessing the Group's relationship and transaction history with the customers and suppliers;
- Evaluating the Group's impairment assessment;
- Assessing ageing of the debts;
- Assessing creditworthiness of the customers and suppliers;
- Checking subsequent settlements from the customers and usage of prepayment; and
- Assessing the disclosure of the Group's exposure to credit risk in the consolidated financial statements.

We consider that the Group's impairment test for trade and bills receivables and prepayments, deposits and other receivables are supported by the available evidence.

OTHER INFORMATION

The directors (the "Directors") of the Company are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises all the information in the Company's annual report, but does not include the consolidated financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. The other information is expected to be made available to us after the date of this auditor's report.

Our opinion on the consolidated financial statements does not cover the other information and we will not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the consolidated financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information identified above when it becomes available and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the consolidated financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

RESPONSIBILITIES OF DIRECTORS FOR THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The Directors are responsible for the preparation of the consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with HKFRSs issued by the HKICPA and the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance, and for such internal control as the Directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, the Directors are responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Directors either intend to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE AUDIT OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. We report our opinion solely to you, as a body and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility towards or accept liability to any other person for the contents of this report. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a quarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with HKSAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the consolidated financial statements is located at the HKICPA's website at: http://www.hkicpa.org.hk/en/standards-and-regulations/standards/auditing-assurance/auditre/

This description forms part of our auditor's report.

ZHONGHUI ANDA CPA Limited

Certified Public Accountants Sze Lin Tang

Audit Engagement Director Practising Certificate Number P03614 Hong Kong, 18 June 2020

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

		2020	2019
	Notes	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Revenue	6 & 8	537,408	433,004
Cost of sales		(445,207)	(349,535)
Gross profit		92,201	83,469
Interest income		195	486
Other income	7	1,009	655
Selling and distribution expenses	,	(36,710)	(27,789)
Administrative expenses		(23,599)	(23,987)
- a. a.			22.224
Profit from operations		33,096	32,834
Professional fee in relation to the Transfer of Listing Finance costs	9	(5,149) (147)	(111)
rinance costs	9	(147)	(111)
Profit before tax		27,800	32,723
Income tax expense	10	(5,065)	(5,489)
Profit for the year	11	22,735	27,234
Other comprehensive expense:			
Item that may be subsequently reclassified to profit or loss: Exchange differences on translating foreign operations		(118)	(112)
			··
Other comprehensive expense for the year		(118)	(112)
Total comprehensive income for the year attributable to owners of the Company		22,617	27,122
Earnings per share	14		
Basic and diluted (HK cents)		4.5	5.4

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

AT 31 MARCH 2020

	Notes	2020 <i>HK\$'000</i>	2019 <i>HK\$</i> ′000
Non-current assets			
Property, plant and equipment	15	2,838	3,537
Right-of-use assets	16	3,009	_
		5,847	3,537
Current assets			
Inventories	18	4,587	4,443
Trade and bills re <mark>ceivables</mark>	19	23,079	23,268
Prepayments, deposits and other receivables	20	17,303	20,339
Pledged ba <mark>nk deposit</mark>	21	8,060	14,925
Bank and ca <mark>sh balances</mark>	21	99,503	77,688
		152,532	140,663
Current liabilities			
Trade and other payables	22	27,308	29,014
Tax payable		1,187	2,835
Lease liabilities an <mark>d finance le</mark> ase payable	23a, b	1,748	128
		30,243	31,977
Net current assets		122,289	108,686
Total assets less current liabilities		128,136	112,223
Non-current liabilities			
Lease liabilities	23a	1,446	134
Deferred tax liability	17	160	176
		1,606	310
NET ASSETS		126,530	111,913

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

AT 31 MARCH 2020

	Notes	2020 <i>HK\$'000</i>	2019 <i>HK\$'000</i>
Capital and reserves			
Share capital	24	5,000	5,000
Reserves	25	121,530	106,913
TOTAL EQUITY		126,530	111,913

The consolidated financial statements on pages 57 to 101 were approved and authorised for issue by the Board of Directors on 18 June 2020 and are signed on its behalf by:

> **Chan Wing Kai** Ng Ming Ho Director Director

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

	Share capital HK\$'000	Share premium HK\$'000	Special reserve HK\$'000	Capital reserve	Exchange reserve HK\$'000	Retained profits HK\$'000	Total equity HK\$'000
At 1 April 2018 Total comprehensive income for the	5,000	47,656	(19,229)	4,000	86	54,778	92,291
year	-	-	-	-	(112)	27,234	27,122
Dividend paid	_	_	_	_	_	(7,500)	(7,500)
At 31 March 2019	5,000	47,656	(19,229)	4,000	(26)	74,512	111,913
At 1 April 2019 Total comprehensive income for	5,000	47,656	(19,229)	4,000	(26)	74,512	111,913
the year	_	_	_	_	(118)	22,735	22,617
Dividend paid	-	-	-	_	-	(8,000)	(8,000)
At 31 March 2020	5,000	47,656	(19,229)	4,000	(144)	89,247	126,530

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

	2020 <i>HK\$'000</i>	2019 <i>HK\$'000</i>
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Profit before tax	27,800	32,723
Adjustments for:		
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment	1,042	1,084
Depreciation of right-of-use assets	1,165	_
Finance costs	147	111
Interest income	(195)	(486)
Operating profit before working capital changes	29,959	33,432
(Increase)/decrease in inventories	(1,204)	811
Decrease/(increase) in trade and bills receivables	140	(14,093)
Decrease/(increase) in prepayments, deposits and other receivables	3,056	(15,735)
(Decrease)/increase in trade and other payables	(577)	2,826
Cash generated from operations	31,374	7,241
Income tax paid	(6,725)	(3,289)
NET CASH GENERATED FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	24,649	3,952
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Purchase of property, plant and equipment	(343)	(2,941)
Release of pledged bank deposit	6,865	939
Interest received	166	357
NET CASH GENERATED FROM (USED IN) INVESTING ACTIVITIES	6,688	(1,645)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Proceeds from borrowings	15,237	16,171
Repayment of bank borrowings	(15,237)	(16,171)
Dividend paid	(8,000)	(7,500)
Interest paid	(147)	(111)
Repayment of lease liabilities and finance lease payable	(1,242)	(122)
epayene of rease habilities and illuffice fease payable	(:/2 +2)	(122)
NET CASH USED IN FINANCING ACTIVITIES	(9,389)	(7,733)

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

	2020	2019
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
NET INCREASE/(DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	21,948	(5,426)
Effect of foreign exchange rate changes	(133)	(236)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT BEGINNING OF THE YEAR	77,688	83,350
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT END OF THE YEAR	99,503	77,688
ANALYSIS OF CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		
Bank and cash balances	99,503	77,688

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2020

1. **GENERAL INFORMATION**

Speed Apparel Holding Limited (the "Company") was incorporated in the Cayman Islands as an exempted company and registered in the Cayman Islands with limited liability under the Companies Law, Cap. 22 (Law 3 of 1961, as consolidated and revised) of the Cayman Islands on 19 November 2015. The address of the Company's registered office is Cricket Square, Hutchins Drive, P.O. Box 2681, Grand Cayman, KY1-1111, Cayman Islands and the principal place of business of the Company is Flat A, 17/F., Gemstar Tower, 23 Man Lok Street, Hung Hom, Kowloon, Hong Kong. The shares of the Company have been listed on GEM of The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange") since 31 May 2017 (stock code: 8183) and transferred its listing to the Main Board of the Stock Exchange on 12 December 2019 (stock code: 3860).

The Company is an investment holding company and its subsidiaries (collectively referred to as the "Group") are principally engaged in provision of apparel supply chain management service selling knitwear apparel products to its customers.

In the opinion of the Directors of the Company, the immediate and ultimate holding company is Speed Development Co. Ltd, a limited liability company incorporated in the British Virgin Islands ("BVI"), and Mr. Chan Wing Kai ("Mr. Chan") is the ultimate controlling party of the Company.

ADOPTION OF NEW AND REVISED HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING 2. **STANDARDS**

In the current year, the Group has adopted all the new and revised Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards (the "HKFRSs") issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants (the "HKICPA") that are relevant to its operations and effective for its accounting year beginning on 1 April 2019. HKFRSs comprise Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards (the "HKFRS"), Hong Kong Accounting Standards (the "HKAS") and Interpretations. The adoption of these new and revised HKFRSs did not result in significant changes to the Group's accounting policies, presentation of the Group's consolidated financial statements and amounts reported for the current year and prior years except as stated below.

HKFRS 16 "Leases"

The impact of the adoption of HKFRS 16 "Leases" ("HKFRS 16") on the Group's financial information and the new accounting policies that have been applied from 1 April 2019, where they are different to those applied in prior periods.

The Group has adopted HKFRS 16 retrospectively from 1 April 2019, but has not restated comparatives for the 31 March 2019 reporting period, as permitted under the specific transitional provisions in the standard. The reclassifications and the adjustments arising from the new leasing rules are therefore recognised in the opening statement of financial position on 1 April 2019.

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2020

ADOPTION OF NEW AND REVISED HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING 2. **STANDARDS** (CONTINUED)

HKFRS 16 "Leases" (Continued)

Adjustments recognised on adoption of HKFRS 16

On adoption of HKFRS 16, the Group recognised lease liabilities in relation to leases which had previously been classified as "operating leases" under the principles of HKAS 17 Leases. These liabilities were measured at the present value of the remaining lease payments, discounted using the lessee's incremental borrowing rate as of 1 April 2019.

The Group has also elected not to reassess whether a contract is, or contains a lease at the date of initial application. Instead, for contracts entered into before the transition date, the Group relied on its assessment made applying HKAS 17 and Hong Kong (IFRIC) Interpretation 4 "Determining whether an Arrangement contains a Lease".

As a lessee, the Group's leases are mainly rentals of offices and leasehold lands. The right-of-use assets were measured at the amount equal to the lease liability and there were no onerous lease contracts that would have required an adjustment to the right-of-use assets at the date of initial application. HKFRS 16 has been applied and resulted in changes in consolidated amounts reported in the consolidated financial statements as follows:

	As at 1 April
	2019
	HK\$'000
Increase in right-of-use assets	3,183
Increase in lease liabilities	3,183

The operating lease commitments disclosed as at 31 March 2019 were HK\$3,928,000, while the lease liabilities recognised as at 1 April 2019 were HK\$3,183,000 of which HK\$1,074,000 were current lease liabilities and HK\$2,109,000 were non-current lease liabilities.

The differences between the operating lease commitments discounted using the lessee's incremental borrowing rate of 4.06% and the total lease liabilities recognised in the consolidated statement of financial position at the date of initial application of HKFRS 16 comprised the exclusion of short-term leases recognised on a straight-line basis as expenses.

The Group has not applied the new HKFRSs that have been issued but are not yet effective. The application of these new HKFRSs will not have material impact on the consolidated financial statements of the Group.

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2020

SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES 3.

These consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with HKFRSs, the applicable disclosures required by the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on the Stock Exchange and the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

These consolidated financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention.

The preparation of consolidated financial statements in conformity with HKFRSs requires the use of certain key assumptions and estimates. It also requires the Directors to exercise its judgements in the process of applying the accounting policies. The areas involving critical judgements and areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to these consolidated financial statements, are disclosed in note 4 to the consolidated financial statements.

The significant accounting policies applied in the preparation of these consolidated financial statements are set out below.

Consolidation

The consolidated financial statements include the financial statements of the Company and its subsidiaries made up to 31 March. Subsidiaries are entities over which the Group has control. The Group controls an entity when it is exposed, or has rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the entity and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the entity. The Group has power over an entity when the Group has existing rights that give it the current ability to direct the relevant activities, i.e. activities that significantly affect the entity's returns.

When assessing control, the Group considers its potential voting rights as well as potential voting rights held by other parties, to determine whether it has control. A potential voting right is considered only if the holder has the practical ability to exercise that right.

Subsidiaries are consolidated from the date on which control is transferred to the Group. They are deconsolidated from the date the control ceases.

The gain or loss on the disposal of a subsidiary that results in a loss of control represents the difference between (i) the fair value of the consideration of the sale plus the fair value of any investment retained in that subsidiary and (ii) the Company's share of the net assets of that subsidiary plus any remaining goodwill relating to that subsidiary and any related accumulated exchange reserve.

Intragroup transactions, balances and unrealised profits are eliminated. Unrealised losses are also eliminated unless the transaction provides evidence of an impairment of the asset transferred. Accounting policies of subsidiaries have been changed where necessary to ensure consistency with the policies adopted by the Group.

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2020

3. **SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)**

Foreign currency translation

(a) Functional and presentation currency

Items included in the financial statements of each of the Group's entities are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates (the "Functional Currency"). The consolidated financial statements are presented in Hong Kong dollars ("HK\$"), which is the Company's presentation currency. The Functional Currency of the Company is United States dollars ("US\$"). The Directors consider that choosing HK\$ as the presentation currency best suits the needs of the Company and investors.

(b) Transactions and balances in each entity's financial statements

Transactions in foreign currencies are translated into the Functional Currency on initial recognition using the exchange rates prevailing on the transaction dates. Monetary assets and liabilities in foreign currencies are translated at the exchange rates at the end of each reporting period. Gains and losses resulting from this translation policy are recognised in profit or loss.

(c) Translation on consolidation

The results and financial position of all the Group's entities that have a Functional Currency different from the Group's presentation currency are translated into the Group's presentation currency as follows:

- Assets and liabilities for each statement of financial position presented are translated at the closing rate at the date of that statement of financial position;
- Income and expenses are translated at average exchange rates (unless this average is not a reasonable approximation of the cumulative effect of the rates prevailing on the transaction dates, in which case income and expenses are translated at the exchange rates on the transaction dates); and
- All resulting exchange differences are recognised as the exchange reserve and accumulated in equity.

On consolidation, exchange differences arising from the translation of the net investment in foreign entities and of borrowings are recognised in the exchange reserve. When a foreign operation is sold, such exchange differences are recognised in consolidated profit or loss as part of the gain or loss on disposal.

Goodwill and fair value adjustments arising on the acquisition of a foreign entity are treated as assets and liabilities of the foreign entity and translated at the closing rate.

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2020

SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED) 3.

Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses.

Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognised as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Group and the cost of the item can be measured reliably.

Assets held under finance leases are depreciated over their expected useful lives on the same basis as owned assets. However, when there is no reasonable certainty that ownership will be obtained by the end of the lease term, assets are depreciated over the shorter of the lease term and their useful lives.

Depreciation of property, plant and equipment is calculated at rates sufficient to write off their cost less their residual values over the estimated useful lives on a straight-line basis. The principal annual rates or useful lives are as follows:

Leasehold improvement Over the period of the relevant lease or 5 years, whichever is shorter

Furniture and office equipment 20% per annum Motor vehicle 30% per annum

The residual values, useful lives and depreciation method are reviewed and adjusted, if appropriate, at the end of each reporting period.

The gain or loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment is the difference between the net sales proceeds and the carrying amount of the relevant asset, and is recognised in profit or loss.

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2020

3. **SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)**

Leases

The Group as lessee

Leases are recognised as right-of-use assets and corresponding lease liabilities when the leased assets are available for use by the Group. Right-of-use assets are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses. Depreciation of right-of-use assets is calculated at rates to write off their cost over the shorter of the asset's useful life and the lease term on a straight-line basis. The principal annual rates are as follows:

Land and buildings

35.29%-50%

Right-of-use assets are measured at cost comprising the amount of the initial measurement of the lease liabilities, lease payments prepaid, initial direct costs and the restoration costs. Lease liabilities include the net present value of the lease payments discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease if that rate can be determined, or otherwise the Group's incremental borrowing rate. Each lease payment is allocated between the liability and finance cost. The finance cost is charged to profit or loss over the lease term so as to produce a constant periodic rate of interest on the remaining balance of the lease liability.

Payments associated with short-term leases and leases of low-value assets are recognised as expenses in profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the lease terms. Short-term leases are leases with an initial lease term of 12 months or less. Low-value assets are assets of value below US\$5,000.

Inventories

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost is determined using the first-in, first-out basis. The cost of finished goods and work in progress comprises raw materials, direct labour and an appropriate proportion of all production overhead expenditure, and where appropriate, subcontracting <mark>charg</mark>es. Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less the estimated costs of completion and the estimated costs necessary to make the sale.

Recognition and derecognition of financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised in the consolidated statement of financial position when the Group becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instruments.

Financial assets are derecognised when the contractual rights to receive cash flows from the assets expire; the Group transfers substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the assets; or the Group neither transfers nor retains substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the assets but has not retained control on the assets. On derecognition of a financial asset, the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the sum of the consideration received is recognised in profit or loss.

Financial liabilities are derecognised when the obligation specified in the relevant contract is discharged, cancelled or expires. The difference between the carrying amount of the financial liability derecognised and the consideration paid is recognised in profit or loss.

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2020

SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED) 3.

Financial assets

Financial assets are recognised and derecognised on a trade date basis where the purchase or sale of an asset is under a contract whose terms require delivery of the asset within the timeframe established by the market concerned, and are initially recognised at fair value, plus directly attributable transaction costs except in the case of investments at fair value through profit or loss. Transaction costs directly attributable to the acquisition of investments at fair value through profit or loss are recognised immediately in profit or loss.

Financial assets of the Group are classified under the following categories:

- Financial assets at amortised cost;
 - Financial assets at amortised cost

Financial assets (including trade and other receivables) are classified under this category if they satisfy both of the following conditions:

- the assets are held within a business model whose objective is to hold assets in order to collect contractual cash flows; and
- the contractual terms of the assets give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

They are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method less loss allowance for expected credit losses.

Loss allowances for expected credit losses

The Group recognises loss allowances for expected credit losses on financial assets at amortised cost. Expected credit losses are the weighted average of credit losses with the respective risks of a default occurring as the weights.

At the end of each reporting period, the Group measures the loss allowance for a financial instrument at an amount equal to the expected credit losses that result from all possible default events over the expected life of that financial instrument ("lifetime expected credit losses") for trade receivables and contract assets, or if the credit risk on that financial instrument has increased significantly since initial recognition.

If, at the end of the reporting period, the credit risk on a financial instrument (other than trade receivables) has not increased significantly since initial recognition, the Group measures the loss allowance for that financial instrument at an amount equal to the portion of lifetime expected credit losses that represents the expected credit losses that result from default events on that financial instrument that are possible within 12 months after the reporting period.

The amount of expected credit losses or reversal to adjust the loss allowance at the end of the reporting period to the required amount is recognised in profit or loss as an impairment gain or loss.

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2020

3. **SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)**

Cash and cash equivalents

For the purpose of the consolidated statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents represent cash at bank and on hand, demand deposits with banks and other financial institutions, and short-term highly liquid investments which are readily convertible into known amounts of cash and subject to an insignificant risk of change in value. Bank overdrafts which are repayable on demand and form an integral part of the Group's cash management are also included as a component of cash and cash equivalents.

Financial liabilities and equity instruments

Financial liabilities and equity instruments are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into and the definitions of a financial liability and an equity instrument under HKFRSs. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the Group after deducting all of its liabilities. The accounting policies adopted for specific financial liabilities and equity instruments are set out below.

Borrowings

Borrowings are initially recognised at fair value, net of transaction costs incurred, and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Borrowings are classified as current liabilities unless the Group has an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least 12 months after the reporting period.

Trade and other payables

Trade and other payables are initially recognised at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method unless the effect of discounting would be immaterial, in which case they are stated at cost.

Equity instruments

Equity instruments issued by the Company are recorded at the proceeds received, net of direct issue costs.

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2020

3. **SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)**

Revenue from contracts with customers

Revenue is measured based on the consideration specified in a contract with a customer with reference to the customary business practices and excludes amounts collected on behalf of third parties. For a contract where the period between the payment by the customer and the transfer of the promised product or service exceeds one year, the consideration is adjusted for the effect of a significant financing component.

The Group recognises revenue when it satisfies a performance obligation by transferring control over a product or service to a customer. Depending on the terms of a contract and the laws that apply to that contract, a performance obligation can be satisfied over time or at a point in time. A performance obligation is satisfied over time if:

- the customer simultaneously receives and consumes the benefits provided by the Group's performance;
- the Group's performance creates or enhances an asset that the customer controls as the asset is created or enhanced; or
- the Group's performance does not create an asset with an alternative use to the Group and the Group has an enforceable right to payment for performance completed to date.

If a performance obligation is satisfied over time, revenue is recognised by reference to the progress towards complete satisfaction of that performance obligation. Otherwise, revenue is recognised at a point in time when the customer obtains control of the product or service.

Other revenue

Interest income is recognised using the effective interest method.

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2020

3. **SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)**

Employee benefits

(a) Employee leave entitlements

Employee entitlements to annual leave and long service leave are recognised when they accrue to employees. A provision is made for the estimated liability for annual leave and long service leave as a result of services rendered by employees up to the end of the reporting period.

Employee entitlements to sick leave and maternity leave are not recognised until the time of leave.

(b) **Pension obligations**

The Group contributes to defined contribution retirement schemes which are available to all employees. Contributions to the schemes by the Group and employees are calculated as a percentage of employees' basic salaries. The retirement benefit scheme cost charged to profit or loss represents contributions payable by the Group to the funds.

Termination benefits (c)

Termination benefits are recognised at the earlier of the dates when the Group can no longer withdraw the offer of those benefits and when the Group recognises restructuring costs and involves the payment of termination benefits.

Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of qualifying assets, which are assets that necessarily take a substantial period of time to get ready for their intended use or sale, are capitalised as part of the cost of those assets, until such time as the assets are substantially ready for their intended use or sale. Investment income earned on the temporary investment of specific borrowings pending their expenditure on qualifying assets is deducted from the borrowing costs eligible for capitalisation.

To the extent that funds are borrowed generally and used for the purpose of obtaining a qualifying asset, the amount of borrowing costs eligible for capitalisation is determined by applying a capitalisation rate to the expenditures on that asset. The capitalisation rate is the weighted average of the borrowing costs applicable to the borrowings of the Group that are outstanding during the period, other than borrowings made specifically for the purpose of obtaining a qualifying asset.

All other borrowings cost are recognised in the profit or loss in the period in which they are incurred.

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2020

SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED) 3.

Taxation

Income tax represents the sum of the current tax and deferred tax.

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from profit recognised in profit or loss because it excludes items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and it further excludes items that are never taxable or deductible. The Group's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

Deferred tax is recognised on differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the consolidated financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all taxable temporary differences and deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which deductible temporary differences, unused tax losses or unused tax credits can be utilised. Such assets and liabilities are not recognised if the temporary difference arises from goodwill or from the initial recognition (other than in a business combination) of other assets and liabilities in a transaction that affects neither the taxable profit nor the accounting profit.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at the end of each reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax is calculated at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period when the liability is settled or the asset is realised, based on tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period. Deferred tax is recognised in profit or loss, except when it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, in which case the deferred tax is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity.

The measurement of deferred tax assets and liabilities reflects the tax consequences that would follow from the manner in which the Group expects, at the end of the reporting period, to recover or settle the carrying amount of its assets and liabilities.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities and when they relate to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority and the Group intends to settle its current tax assets and liabilities on a net basis.

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2020

SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED) 3.

Related parties

A related party is a person or entity that is related to the Group.

- (A) A person or a close member of that person's family is related to the Group if that person:
 - (i) has control or joint control over the Group;
 - (ii) has significant influence over the Group; or
 - is a member of the key management personnel of the Company or of a parent of the (iii) Company.
- An entity is related to the Group if any of the following conditions applies: (B)
 - (j) The entity and the Company are members of the same group (which means that each parent, subsidiary and fellow subsidiary is related to the others).
 - (ii) One entity is an associate or joint venture of the other entity (or an associate or joint venture of a member of a group of which the other entity is a member).
 - (iii) Both entities are joint ventures of the same third party.
 - (iv) One entity is a joint venture of a third entity and the other entity is an associate of the third entity.
 - The entity is a post-employment benefit plan for the benefit of employees of either the Group or an entity related to the Group. If the Group is itself such a plan, the sponsoring employers are also related to the Group.
 - The entity is controlled or jointly controlled by a person identified in (A) mentioned above. (vi)
 - (vii) A person identified in (A)(i) mentioned above has significant influence over the entity or is a member of the key management personnel of the entity (or of a parent of the entity).
 - (viii) The entity, or any member of a group of which it is a part, provides key management personnel services to the Company or to a parent of the Company.

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2020

SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED) 3.

Segment reporting

Operating segments and the amounts of each segment item reported in the consolidated financial statements are identified from the financial information provided regularly to the Group's most senior executive management for the purpose of allocating resources and assessing the performance of the Group's various lines of business.

Individually material operating segments are not aggregated for financial reporting purposes unless the segments have similar economic characteristics and are similar in respect of the nature of products and services, the nature of productions processes, the type or class of customers, the methods used to distribute the products or provide the services, and the nature of the regulatory environment. Operating segments which are not individually material may be aggregated if they share a majority of these criteria.

Impairment of assets

At the end of each reporting period, the Group reviews the carrying amounts of its tangible assets except inventories and receivables to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have suffered an impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of any impairment loss. Where it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, the Group estimates the recoverable amount of the cash generating unit to which the asset belongs.

Recoverable amount is the higher of fair value less costs of disposal and value in use. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset.

If the recoverable amount of an asset or cash-generating unit is estimated to be less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of the asset or cash-generating unit is reduced to its recoverable amount. An impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss, unless the relevant asset is carried at a revalued amount, in which case the impairment loss is treated as a revaluation decrease.

Where an impairment loss subsequently reverses, the carrying amount of the asset or cash-generating unit is increased to the revised estimate of its recoverable amount, but so that the increased carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined (net of amortisation or depreciation) had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset or cash-generating unit in prior years. A reversal of an impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss, unless the relevant asset is carried at a revalued amount, in which case the reversal of the impairment loss is treated as a revaluation increase.

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2020

3. **SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)**

Provisions and contingent liabilities

Provisions are recognised for liabilities of uncertain timing or amount when the Group has a present legal or constructive obligation arising as a result of a past event, it is probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made. Where the time value of money is material, provisions are stated at the present value of the expenditures expected to settle the obligation.

Where it is not probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required, or the amount cannot be estimated reliably, the obligation is disclosed as a contingent liability, unless the probability of outflow is remote. Possible obligations, whose existence will only be confirmed by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more future events are also disclosed as contingent liabilities unless the probability of outflow is remote.

Events after the reporting period

Events after the reporting period that provide additional information about the Group's position at the end of the reporting period or those that indicate the going concern assumption is not appropriate are adjusting events and are reflected in the consolidated financial statements. Events after the reporting period that are not adjusting events are disclosed in the notes to the consolidated financial statements when material.

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2020

KEY ESTIMATES

Key sources of estimation uncertainty

The key assumptions concerning the future, and other key sources of estimation uncertainty at the end of the reporting period, that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year, are discussed below.

(a) Impairment of trade and bills receivables

The Group makes impairment for trade and bills receivables based on assessments of the recoverability of the trade and bills receivables, including the current creditworthiness and the past collection history of each debtor. Impairments arise where events or changes in circumstances indicate that the balances may not be collectible. The identification of bad and doubtful debts requires the use of judgement and estimates. Where the actual result is different from the original estimate, such difference will impact the carrying value of the trade and bills receivables and impairment loss in the year in which such estimate has been changed.

Allowance for slow-moving inventories and net realisable value of inventories (b)

Allowance for slow-moving inventories is made based on the ageing and estimated net realisable value of inventories. The assessment of the allowance amount involves judgement and estimates. Where the actual outcome in future is different from the original estimate, such difference will impact the carrying value of inventories and allowance charge/write-back in the year in which such estimate has been changed.

Net realisable value of inventories is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less estimated costs of completion and selling expense. These estimates are based on the current market condition and the historical experience of manufacturing and selling products of similar nature. It could change significantly as a result of changes in customer taste and competitor actions in response to severe industry cycles. The Group will reassess the estimates by the end of each reporting period.

The carrying amount of the Group's inventories as at 31 March 2020 amounted to approximately HK\$4,587,000 (2019: approximately HK\$4,443,000). No provision for inventories had been recognised in profit or loss during the years ended 31 March 2020 and 2019, respectively and no balance of provision for inventories had been recognised as at 31 March 2020 and 2019, respectively.

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2020

5. **FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT**

The Group's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks: foreign currency risk, credit risk, liquidity risk and interest rate risk. The Group's overall risk management programme focuses on the unpredictability of financial markets and seeks to minimise potential adverse effects on the Group's financial performance.

(a) Foreign currency risk

The Group has minimal exposure to foreign currency risk as most of its business transactions, assets and liabilities are principally denominated in the Functional Currency of the Group's entities. The Group currently does not have a foreign currency hedging policy in respect of foreign currency transactions, assets and liabilities. The Group will monitor its foreign currency exposure closely and will consider hedging significant foreign currency exposure should the need arise.

Since HK\$ is pegged to US\$, the risk of volatility between US\$ and HK\$ is limited and the Directors of the Company consider that the currency risk is minimal. Accordingly, no sensitivity analysis for the currency risk of HK\$ is presented.

(b) Credit risk

The carrying amount of the trade and bills receivables, prepayments, deposits and other receivables, pledged bank deposit, bank and cash balances included in the consolidated statement of financial position represents the Group's maximum exposure to credit risk in relation to the Group's financial assets.

The Group has policies in place to ensure that sales are made to customers with an appropriate credit history.

The credit risk on bank balances and pledged bank deposit are limited because the counterparties are banks with high credit-ratings assigned by international credit-rating agencies.

At the end of reporting period, the Group had concentration of credit risk as approximately 92% (2019: approximately 88%) of the total trade and bills receivables were due from the Group's five largest customers. The Group normally grants an average credit period of 30 to 90 days to these customers. Most of these counterparties are either owners or sourcing agents of apparel retail brands based in Japan and the United States of America ("USA") arising from the Group's trading of garment business. The management of the Group considered that the credit risk on amounts due from these customers are insignificant after considering their historical settlement records, credit qualities and financial positions of the counterparties.

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2020

5. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

(b) Credit risk (Continued)

The Group considers whether there has been a significant increase in credit risk of financial assets on an ongoing basis throughout each reporting period by comparing the risk of a default occurring as at the reporting date with the risk of default as at the date of initial recognition. It considers available reasonable and supportive forwarding-looking information. Especially the following information is used:

- actual or expected significant adverse changes in business, financial or economic conditions
 that are expected to cause a significant change to the borrower's ability to meet its obligations;
- actual or expected significant changes in the operating results of the borrower;
- significant increases in credit risk on other financial instruments of the same borrower;
- significant changes in the value of the collateral or in the quality of guarantees or credit enhancements; and
- significant changes in the expected performance and behaviour of the borrower, including changes in the payment status of borrowers.

A significant increase in credit risk is presumed if a debtor is more than 30 days past due in making a contractual payment. A default on a financial asset is when the counterparty fails to make contractual payments within 180 days when they fall due.

Financial assets are written off when there is no reasonable expectation of recovery, such as a debtor failing to engage in a repayment plan with the Group. The Group normally categorises a loan or receivable for write off when a debtor fails to make contractual payments greater than 365 days past due. Where loans or receivables have been written off, the Group, if practicable and economical, continues to engage in enforcement activity to attempt to recover the receivable due.

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2020

FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED) **5.**

Liquidity risk (c)

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Group is unable to meet its current obligations when they fall due.

The Group's policy is to regularly monitor current and expected liquidity requirements to ensure that it maintains sufficient reserves of cash to meet its liquidity requirements in the short and longer term.

The maturity analysis of the Group's financial liabilities is as follows:

	Total undiscounted cash flows HK\$'000	Less than 1 year HK\$'000	Between 1 and 2 years HK\$'000	Between 2 and 5 years HK\$'000
At 31 March 2020				
Trade and other payables	26,248	26,248	_	
At 31 March 2019				
Trade and other payables	28,501	28,501	_	_
Finance lease payable	274	137	137	
	28,775	28,638	137	_

Interest rate risk (d)

As the Group has no significant interest-bearing assets and liabilities, the Group's operating cash flows are substantially independent of changes in market interest rates.

(e) Categories of financial instruments

2020	2019
HK\$'000	HK\$'000
130,895	116,234
26,248	28,501
	HK\$'000 130,895

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FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED) **5.**

(f) **Fair values**

The carrying amounts of the Group's financial assets and financial liabilities as reflected in the consolidated statement of financial position approximate their respective fair values.

6. **REVENUE**

The Group's revenue which represents fashion trading to customers is as follows:

	2020	2019
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Fashion trading	537,408	433,004

Disaggregation of revenue from contracts with customers

Geographical information

	2020	2019
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Geographical markets		
Japan	286,732	274,815
USA	140,933	85,750
Europe	69,029	38,001
Hong Kong	33,075	27,183
Others	7,639	7,255
Total	537,408	433,004
Major products		
Womenswear	373,688	269,261
Menswear	112,122	74,759
Kidswear	51,598	88,984
Total	537,408	433,004

Timing of revenue recognition

For the years ended 31 March 2020 and 2019, all revenues were recognised at a point in time.

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6. **REVENUE** (CONTINUED)

Disaggregation of revenue from contracts with customers (Continued)

Sales of garments

The Group sells garments to the customers. Sales are recognised when control of the products has transferred, i.e., when the products are delivered to a customer, there was no unfulfilled obligation that could affect the customer's acceptance of the products and the customer has obtained legal titles to the products.

Sales to customers are normally made with credit terms of 30 to 90 days. For new customers, deposits or cash on delivery may be required. Deposits received are recognised as a contract liability.

A receivable is recognised when the products are delivered to the customers as this is the point in time that the consideration is unconditional because only the passage of time is required before the payment is due.

OTHER INCOME 7.

	2020 <i>HK\$'000</i>	2019 HK\$'000
Compute soles in some		
Sample sales income Loss on exchange difference, net	1,028 (19)	1,250 (595)
	1,009	655

SEGMENT INFORMATION 8.

The Group's operating segment is determined based on information reported to the chief operating decision maker (the "CODM") of the Group, being the executive Directors throughout the year, for the purpose of resource allocation and performance assessment. For management purpose, the Group operates in one business unit based on their products, and its sole operating segment is the trading of garment. The CODM monitors the revenue, results, assets and liabilities of its business unit as a whole and regularly reviews financial information prepared in accordance with HKFRSs which is consistent with those presented in the consolidated financial statements, and without further discrete financial information. Accordingly, no analysis of segment information other than entity-wide information is presented.

The Group's operations are mainly located in Hong Kong.

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SEGMENT INFORMATION (CONTINUED) 8.

Geographical information:

All revenue for the years ended 31 March 2020 and 2019, were revenue derived from contracts with customers, the geographical information of revenue could be referred to note 6 to the consolidated financial statements in this annual report.

Geographical markets

	Non-current assets	
	2020	2019
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Hong Kong	4,898	3,537
Japan	949	_
	5,847	3,537

Revenue from major customers:

Revenue from customers individually contributed over 10% of the total revenue of the Group for each of the two years ended 31 March 2020 are as follows:

	2020 HK\$'000	2019 <i>HK\$'000</i>
Customer A	223,833	134,846
Customer B	131,896	131,831
Customer C	67,315	53,454
Customer D*	N/A	47,489

Revenue from this customer did not exceed 10% of total revenue for the year ended 31 March 2020.

FINANCE COSTS 9.

	2020 <i>HK\$'000</i>	2019 <i>HK\$'000</i>
Lease liabilities and finance lease charges Interest expense on borrowings	140 7	15 96
	147	111

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10. INCOME TAX EXPENSE

	2020 <i>HK\$'000</i>	2019 <i>HK\$'000</i>
Current tax:		
Hong Kong Profits Tax		
– Current year	5,093	5,216
Enterprise Income Tax (the " EIT ") of		
People's Republic of China (the "PRC")		
– Current year	43	90
– <mark>Over-provisio</mark> n in prior year	(55)	-
	5,081	5,306
Deferred tax (credit) expense (note 17)	(16)	183
	5,065	5,489

For the years ended of 31 March 2020 and 2019, Hong Kong Profits Tax is calculated under two-tier profits tax system under first HK\$2 millions of estimated assessable profits is taxed at a rate of 8.25% and remaining estimated assessable profits is taxed at 16.5%. The Group should elect one of the Hong Kong subsidiaries to apply the two-tier profits tax rate.

PRC EIT is calculated based on the statutory rate of 25% of the assessable profit of a subsidiary established in the PRC, as determined in accordance with the relevant EIT Law, implementation rules and notices in the PRC.

According to the EIT Law of the PRC, starting from 1 January 2008, a 10% withholding tax will be levied on the immediate holding company established out of the PRC when their PRC subsidiary declares dividends out of their profits earned after 1 January 2008. A lower withholding tax rate of 5% may be applied if there is a tax treaty arrangement between the PRC and the jurisdiction of the foreign immediate holding company.

No provision for Japan corporate income tax has been made for the years ended 31 March 2020 and 2019 as the Group did not generate any assessable profits during the year.

The Group is subject to national corporate income tax, local corporate tax, enterprise tax, local corporate special tax and local corporate inhabitants tax in Japan, which, in aggregate, resulted in effective statutory income tax rates of approximately 21.42% for the years ended 31 March 2020 and 2019.

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10. INCOME TAX EXPENSE (CONTINUED)

The reconciliation between the income tax expense and the profit before tax is as follows:

	2020 <i>HK\$'000</i>	2019 <i>HK\$′000</i>
Profit before tax	27,800	32,723
Tax at Hong Kong Profits tax rate of 8.25% (2019: 8.25%)	165	165
Tax at Hong Kong Profits tax rate of 16.5% (2019: 16.5%)	4,257	5,069
Tax effect of expenses not deductible and income not taxable for		
tax purpose	763	335
Tax effect of tax loss not recognised	2	3
Over-provision in prior years	(55)	-
Utilisation of tax loss previously not recognised	(40)	_
Tax effect of profit under tax concessions	(40)	(40)
Effect of difference in tax rate of a subsidiary operating in another		
jurisdiction	13	(43)
Income tax expense	5,065	5,489

11. PROFIT FOR THE YEAR

Profit for the year has been arrived at after charging:

	2020	2019
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Staff costs (including Directors' remuneration (note 12)):		
– Salaries and other benefits	22,369	22,877
– Retirement benefit scheme contributions	732	897
	23,101	23,774
Auditor's remuneration	500	500
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment	1,042	1,084
Depreciation of right-of-use assets	1,165	_
Net foreign exchange loss	19	595
Cost of inventories sold	445,207	349,535
Operating lease charges	500	1,777
Commission expenses (included in selling and distribution		
expenses)	5,989	4,339
Sample charges (included in selling and distribution expenses)	15,623	8,667

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12. DIRECTORS' AND EMPLOYEES' EMOLUMENTS

(a) Directors' and the chief executive's emoluments

The emoluments of each Director were as follows:

	For the year ended 31 March 2020			
	Fee <i>HK\$'000</i>	Salaries and other benefits <i>HK\$'000</i>	Retirement benefits scheme contributions HK\$'000	Total <i>HK\$'000</i>
Executive Directors				
Mr. Chan Wing Kai	_	2,210	18	2,228
Mr. Ng Ming Ho	-	713	18	731
Independent non-				
executive Directors				
Ms. Chan Siu Lai	120	_	_	120
Mr. Kwok Chi Shing	120	_	_	120
Mr. Ma Kwok Fai, Edwin	120	_		120
	360	2,923	36	3,319

		For the year ended	d 31 March 2019	
			Retirement benefits	
		Salaries and	scheme	
	Fee	other benefits	contributions	Total
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Executive Directors				
Mr. Chan Wing Kai	-	2,210	18	2,228
Mr. Ng Ming Ho	-	710	18	728
Independent non-				
executive Directors				
Ms. Chan Siu Lai	120	_	_	120
Mr. Kwok Chi Shing	120	_	_	120
Mr. Ma Kwok Fai, Edwin	120	_	_	120
	360	2,920	36	3,316

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2020

12. DIRECTORS' AND EMPLOYEES' EMOLUMENTS (CONTINUED)

(b) Employees' emoluments

The five highest paid individuals in the Group for the year ended 31 March 2020 included two (2019: two) Directors whose emoluments are reflected in the analysis presented above. The aggregate emoluments of the remaining three (2019: three) individuals are set out below:

	2020	2019
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Salary and other benefits	2,371	2,287
Retirement benefits scheme contributions	54	54
	2,425	2,341

The emoluments fell within the following band:

	Number of Individuals		
	2020	2019	
Nil to HK\$1,000,000	3	3	

During the year ended 31 March 2020, no emoluments (2019: Nil) were paid by the Group to any of the directors or the highest paid individuals as an inducement to join or upon joining the Group or as compensation for loss of office.

13. DIVIDEND

The Board does not recommend the payment of a final dividend for the year ended 31 March 2020 (2019: 1.6 HK cents per share). Dividend of HK\$8,000,000 was approved and paid during the year ended 31 March 2020 (2019: HK\$7,500,000).

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14. EARNINGS PER SHARE

The calculation of basic earnings per share attributable to owners of the Company is based on the profit for the year attributable to owners of the Company of approximately HK\$22,735,000 (2019: approximately HK\$27,234,000) and the weighted average number of ordinary shares of 500,000,000 (2019: 500,000,000) in issue during the year.

No diluted earnings per share are presented as the Company did not have any dilutive potential ordinary share outstanding during the years ended 31 March 2020 and 2019.

15. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

	Leasehold	Furniture and office		
	improvement	equipment	Motor vehicle	Total
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Cost				
At 1 April 2018	2,342	2,318	626	5,286
Additions	184	2,757		2,941
At 31 March 2019 and 1 April 2019	2,526	5,075	626	8,227
Additions	32	311		343
At 31 March 2020	2,558	5,386	626	8,570
Accumulated depreciation				
At 1 April 2018	2,274	1,035	297	3,606
Provided for the year	252	644	188	1,084
At 31 March 2019 and 1 April 2019	2,526	1,679	485	4,690
Provided for the year	7	894	141	1,042
At 31 March 2020	2,533	2,573	626	5,732
		_,		
Carrying amount				
At 31 March 2019		3,396	141	3,537
At 31 March 2020	25	2,813	_	2,838

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16. RIGHT-OF-USE ASSETS

	2020 <i>HK\$'000</i>
At 31 March 2020:	
Right-of-use assets	
– Land and buildings	3,009
Lease commitments of short-term leases	21
The maturity analysis, based on undiscounted cash flows of the Group's lease liabilities is as follows:	
– Less than 1 year	1,715
– Between 1 and 2 years	1,472
	3,187
	3,131
Year ended 31 March 2020:	
Depreciation of right-of-use assets	
– Land and buildings	1,165
Lease interests	140
Lease interests	140
Expenses related to short-term leases	500
Total cash outflow for leases	1,882
Additions to right-of-use assets	991

Save as the short-term lease, the Group had entered into two land and buildings lease agreements which were made for fixed periods of 2 and 3 years, respectively. Lease terms are negotiated on an individual basis and contain a wide range of different terms and conditions. The lease agreements do not impose any covenants and the leased assets were not used as security for borrowing purposes.

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17. DEFERRED TAX LIABILITY

The following is the deferred tax liability (asset) recognised by the Group:

	Accelerated accounting depreciation/ (tax depreciation) HK\$'000
At 1 April 2018	(7)
Charged to profit or loss	183
At 31 March 2019 and 1 April 2019	176
Credited to profit or loss	(16)
At 31 March 2020	160

At the end of the reporting period, the aggregate amount of temporary differences associated with undistributed earnings of a PRC subsidiary for which deferred tax liabilities have not been recognised is approximately HK\$40,000 (2019: approximately HK\$32,000). No liability has been recognised in respect of these differences because the Group is in a position to control the timing of reversal of the temporary differences and it is probable that such differences will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

18. INVENTORIES

	2020	2019
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Raw materials	2,633	3,278
Work-in-progress	1,954	1,165
	4,587	4,443

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19. TRADE AND BILLS RECEIVABLES

	2020 <i>HK\$'000</i>	2019 <i>HK\$'000</i>
Trade receivables Bills receivables	17,981 5,098	9,237 14,031
	23,079	23,268

No allowance for bad and doubtful debt was provided for the years ended 31 March 2020 and 2019 and no balance of provision for bad and doubtful debt had been recognised as at the end of each reporting period.

For long-term customers with good credit quality and payment history, the Group allows an average credit period from 30 to 90 days. For other customers, the Group demands for full settlement upon delivery of goods.

The following is an ageing analysis of trade and bills receivables presented based on the invoice date at the end of the reporting period, which approximate the revenue recognition dates:

	2020 <i>HK\$'000</i>	2019 <i>HK\$'000</i>
1 – 30 days	18,152	20,122
31 – 60 days	63	28
61 – 90 days	3,932	3,076
Over 90 days	932	42
	23,079	23,268

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19. TRADE AND BILLS RECEIVABLES (CONTINUED)

The Group applies the simplified approach under HKFRS 9 to provide for expected credit losses using the lifetime expected loss provision for all trade and bill receivables. To measure the expected credit losses, trade and bill receivables have been grouped based on shared credit risk characteristics and the days past due. The expected credit losses also incorporate forward looking information.

	W	ithin 90 days	Over 90 days	
	Current	past due	past due	Total
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
At 31 March 2020				
Weighted average expected loss				
rate	0%	0%	0%	
Receivable amount	22,112	958	9	23,079
Loss allowance	_	_	_	-
At 31 March 2019				
Weighted average expected loss rate	0%	0%	0%	
Receivable amount	23,106	142	20	23,268
Loss allowance	_	_	_	_

20. PREPAYMENTS, DEPOSITS AND OTHER RECEIVABLES

	2020	2019
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Prepayments to subcontractors/suppliers	16,624	19,294
Deposits	225	224
Other receivables	28	129
Other prepayments	426	692
	17,303	20,339

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21. PLEDGED BANK DEPOSIT, BANK AND CASH BALANCES

The Group has entered into two banking facilities agreements with the amount in aggregate up to approximately HK\$53,400,000 and one of the banking facilities has charged over a fixed bank deposit. The Group's rate of unutilised banking facilities was 100% as at 31 March 2020 and 2019, respectively.

Pledged bank deposit of the Group with its amount approximately HK\$8,060,000 (2019: approximately HK\$14,925,000) has been pledged to secure certain banking facilities granted to the Group.

The pledged bank deposit carried fixed interest rate at 1.5% (2019: at 2.21%) per annum as at 31 March 2020.

At the end of the reporting period, the Group's pledged bank deposit and bank and cash balances denominated in RMB were approximately HK\$2,322,000 (2019: approximately HK\$1,766,000). RMB is not freely convertible into other currencies, however, under Mainland China's Foreign Exchange Control Regulations, the Group is permitted to exchange RMB for other currencies through banks authorised to conduct foreign exchange business.

22. TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES

	2020	2019
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Trade payables	23,084	25,554
Accrued subcontracting charges	1,060	513
Accrued staff costs	503	528
Accrued expenses	1,601	1,368
Other payables	1,060	1,051
	27,308	29,014

The credit period on purchase of goods is ranging from 30 to 45 days. The ageing analysis of the trade payables of the Group presented based on the invoice dates at the end of the reporting period is as follows:

	2020 <i>HK\$'000</i>	2019 <i>HK\$'000</i>
1 – 30 days	16,938	18,193
31 – 60 days	4,018	4,430
61 – 90 days	1,652	2,062
Over 90 days	476	869
	23,084	25,554

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23a. LEASE LIABILITIES

	Minimum leas	se payments	Present value of minimum lease payments		
	As at 31 March 2020	As at 1 April 2019	As at 31 March 2020	As at 1 April 2019	
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	
Within one year Within a period of more than one	1,715	1,200	1,614	1,074	
year but not more than two years	1,472	2,200	1,446	2,109	
	3,187	3,400	3,060	3,183	
Less: Future finance charge	(127)	(217)	N/A	N/A	
Present value of lease liabilities/lease obligation	3,060	3,183	3,060	3,183	
Less: Amount due for settlement within twelve months shown under current liabilities			(1,614)	(1,074)	
Amount due for settlement after twelve months			1,446	2,109	

At 31 March 2020, the effective borrowing rate ranging from 4.06% (1 April 2019: 4.06%). Interest rates are fixed at the contract dates and thus expose the Group to fair value interest rate risk.

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23b. FINANCE LEASE PAYABLE

	Present value of minimum				
	Minimum leas	se payments	lease pay	yments	
	As at 31 March	As at 31 March	As at 31 March	As at 31 March	
	2020	2019	2020	2019	
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	
Within one year	137	137	134	128	
Within a period of more than one					
year but not more than two years	_	137		134	
	137	274	134	262	
Less: Future finance charge	(3)	(12)	N/A	N/A	
Present value of lease liabilities/lease					
obligation	134	262	134	262	
Less: Amount due for settlement within twelve months shown					
under current liabilities			(134)	(128)	
Amount due for settlement after					
twelve months			_	134	

The Group leased its motor vehicle under a finance lease. The lease term is five years. Interest rate underlying obligation under a finance lease is fixed at a contract rate of 1.99% (2019: 1.99%) per annum and effective interest rate at 4.72% (2019: 4.72%).

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24. SHARE CAPITAL

Details of movements of share capital of the Company are as follows:

	Number of			
	shares	Share capital HK\$'000		
Ordinary shares of HK\$0.01 each				
Authorised:				
At <mark>31 March 20</mark> 19 and 31 March 2020	1,000,000,000	10,000		
Issued and fully paid:				
At 31 March 2019 and 31 March 2020	500,000,000	5,000		

25. RESERVES

(a) Group

The amounts of the Group's reserves and movements therein are presented in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income and consolidated statement of changes in equity.

(b) Movements of the reserves of the Company

	Share premium HK\$'000	Retained profits HK\$'000	Total <i>HK\$'000</i>
At 1 April 2018	47,656	9,773	57,429
Dividend paid	_	(7,500)	(7,500)
Profit for the year		9,914	9,914
At 31 March 2019 and 1 April 2019	47,656	12,187	59,843
Dividend paid	_	(8,000)	(8,000)
Profit for the year	_	9,604	9,604
At 31 March 2020	47,656	13,791	61,447

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25. RESERVES (CONTINUED)

(c) Nature and purpose of reserves

(i) Share premium

The share premium represents the difference between the par value of the shares of the Company and proceeds received from the issuance of the shares of the Company.

Under the Companies Law of the Cayman Islands, the funds in the share premium account of the Company are distributable to the shareholders of the Company provided that immediately following the date on which the dividend is proposed to be distributed, the Company will be in a position to pay off its debts as they fall due in the ordinary course of business.

(ii) Special reserve

Special reserve represents the corresponding movements in resources of the Group as a result of the group reorganisation (the "Reorganisation") of Speed Apparel Limited and Firenze Apparel Limited ("Firenze Apparel") completed on 1 February 2016, none of these entities formed part of the Group but are held and controlled by Mr. Chan, being the controlling shareholder of the Company.

(iii) Capital reserve

Capital reserve represents the difference between the nominal value of the one share of the Company issued as part of the Reorganisation to acquire Knit World International Limited ("Knit World"), a subsidiary of the Company, from Mr. Chan and the nominal value of the then issued share capital of Knit World.

Exchange reserve (iv)

The exchange reserve comprises all foreign exchange differences arising from the translation of the financial statements of foreign operations. The reserve is dealt with in accordance with the accounting policies set out in note 3 to the consolidated financial statements.

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26. STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION OF THE COMPANY

	2020 HK\$'000	2019 <i>HK\$'000</i>
Non-current assets		
Investment in a subsidiary	1	1
	1	1
Current assets		
Prepayments, deposits and other receivables	168	168
Amounts due from subsidiaries	60,981	52,964
Bank and cash balances	5,908	12,206
	67,057	65,338
Current Liabilities		
Accruals and other payables	611	496
	611	496
Net current assets	66,446	64,842
Net assets	66,447	64,843
Capital and reserves		
Share capital	5,000	5,000
Reserves	61,447	59,843
Total equity	66,447	64,843

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27. NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

Changes in liabilities arising from financing activities

The following table shows the Group's changes in liabilities arising from financing activities during the year:

	Lease liabilities and finance lease payables HK\$'000	Borrowings HK\$'000	Total liabilities from financing activities HK\$'000
At 1 April 2018	384	-	384
Changes in cash flows Non-cash changes	(137)	(96)	(233)
– Interest charged	15	96	111
At 31 March 2019 and 1 April 2019	262	_	262
Changes in cash flows Non-cash changes	(1,382)	(7)	(1,389)
– Addition	4,179	-	4,179
 Interest charged 	140	7	147
– Exchange differences	(5)	_	(5)
At 31 March 2020	3,194	_	3,194

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28. RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES

(a) **Related party transaction**

Saved as disclosed elsewhere in the consolidated financial statements, the Group entered into the following transaction with related party:

		2020	2019
Name of related party	Nature of transaction	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Firenze Apparel	Lease payments	1,200	1,200

Security and guarantee provided by related party (b)

As at 31 March 2020, included in the Group's finance lease payable of approximately HK\$134,000 is guaranteed by the wife of Mr. Chan.

As at 31 March 2019, the Group's finance lease payable is guaranteed by the wife of Mr. Chan.

(c) Compensation of the key management personnel

	2020 HK\$'000	2019 <i>HK\$'000</i>
Salaries and other benefits Retirement benefit scheme and contributions	5,654 90	5,567 90
	5,744	5,657

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29. PARTICULARS OF MAJOR SUBSIDIARIES OF THE COMPANY

Particulars of the Company's major subsidiaries as at 31 March 2020 and 2019 are as follows:

Name of subsidiary		Place and date of incorporation/ establishment	Place of operation	Issued and fully paid share capital/paid-in capital	Equity in attributable t as at 31 2020	o the Group	Principal activity
Knit World		Hong Kong 20 February 2002	Hong Kong	Ordinary shares HK\$4,000,000	100%	100%	Apparel supply chain management services
Speed Apparel (BVI) Limited	Note 1	BVI 13 November 2015	Hong Kong	Ordinary shares US\$101	100%	100%	Investment holding
Speed Apparel (HK) Limited		Hong Kong 26 November 2015	Hong Kong	Ordinary shares HK\$10,000	100%	100%	Apparel supply chain management services
Speed Apparel (SZ) Trading Company Limited	Notes 2 & 3	The PRC 23 February 2016	The PRC	Registered capital RMB800,000	100%	100%	Apparel supply chain management services
Speed Apparel Japan 合同会社		Japan 2 November 2017	Japan	Registered capital Japanese Yen 5,500,000	100%	100%	Design and customers account services

Notes:

- (1) Directly held by the Company
- (2) English name for identification purpose only
- The company was established under laws of the PRC (3)

30. EVENTS AFTER REPORTING PERIOD

Impact of coronavirus disease 2019 (COVID-19)

Based on the best knowledge and belief of the Directors and current information available, the long-term impact of COVID-19 is still subject to further development of the outbreak of COVID-19 and government advice, bans, lockdowns and/or restrictions. Accordingly, the directors consider it is too early to gauge whether there will be a long term or permanent impact of any significance on the operations at this stage. The directors will continue to assess the impact of the COVID-19 on the Group's operations and financial performance and closely monitor the Group's exposure to the risks and uncertainties in connection with the pandemic.

31. APPROVAL OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

These financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the Board of Directors on 18 June 2020.

Summary of the results, assets, liabilities and equity of the Group for the latest five years is as follows:

RESULTS

	Year ended 31 March				
	2020 <i>HK\$′000</i>	2019 <i>HK\$'000</i>	2018 <i>HK\$'000</i>	2017 <i>HK\$'000</i>	2016 <i>HK\$'000</i>
Revenue	537,408	433,004	390,423	430,130	435,206
Profit before tax Income tax expense	27,800 (5,065)	32,723 (5,489)	17,309 (3,225)	9,078 (2,984)	15,833 (3,367)
Profit for the year	22,735	27,234	14,084	6,094	12,466

ASSETS, LIABILITIES AND EQUITY

	As at 31 March					
	2020 <i>HK\$'000</i>	2019 <i>HK\$'000</i>	2018 <i>HK\$'000</i>	2017 HK\$'000	2016 <i>HK\$'000</i>	
Current assets Non-current assets	152,532 5,847	140,663 3,537	118,690 1,687	66,720 1,538	82,248 1,361	
Total assets	158,379	144,200	120,377	68,258	83,609	
Current liabilities Non-current liabilities	30,243 1,606	31,977 310	27,824 262	42,472 384	64,182 55	
Total liabilities	31,849	32,287	28,086	42,856	64,237	
Net assets	126,530	111,913	92,291	25,402	19,372	
Equity Equity attributable to owners of the Company	126,530	111,913	92,291	25,402	19,372	