

K. H. GROUP HOLDINGS LIMITED 劍虹集團控股有限公司

(Incorporated in the Cayman Islands with limited liability) (於開曼群島註冊成立之有限公司)

Stock code 股份代號: 01557

2019/20 Annual Report 年報

CONTENTS 目錄

Corporate Information	2	公司資料
Chairman's Statement	4	主席報告
Management Discussion and Analysis	6	管理層討論及分析
Corporate Governance Report	11	企業管治報告
Environmental, Social and Governance Report	27	環境、社會及管治報告
Profile of Directors and Senior Management	47	董事及高級管理層履歷
Directors' Report	53	董事會報告
Independent Auditor's Report	63	獨立核數師報告
Consolidated Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income	73	綜合損益及其他全面收益表
Consolidated Statement of Financial Position	74	綜合財務狀況表
Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity	76	綜合權益變動表
Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows	77	綜合現金流量表
Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements	79	綜合財務報表附註
Financial Summary	180	財務概要

CORPORATE INFORMATION 公司資料

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

Mr. Chen Rongsheng *(Chairman)* Mr. Guan Jingdong

INDEPENDENT NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

Dr. Luo Tiejian Professor Lu Haitian Mr. Liu Xin

COMPANY SECRETARY

Ms. Hui Wai Yue

AUDIT COMMITTEE

Mr. Liu Xin *(Chairman)* Dr. Luo Tiejian Professor Lu Haitian

NOMINATION COMMITTEE

Professor Lu Haitian *(Chairman)* Mr. Chen Rongsheng Mr. Liu Xin

REMUNERATION COMMITTEE

Mr. Liu Xin *(Chairman)* Dr. Luo Tiejian Professor Lu Haitian

HEAD OFFICE AND PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS IN HONG KONG

Unit 01, 82/F International Commerce Centre 1 Austin Road West Kowloon Hong Kong

LEGAL ADVISER AS TO HONG KONG LAWS

TC & Co. Solicitors

董事會

<mark>執行董事</mark> 陳融聖先生*(主席)* 關靜東先生

獨立非執行董事 羅鐵堅博士 陸海天教授 劉昕先生

公司秘書

許慧瑜女士

審核委員會

劉昕先生(*主席)* 羅鐵堅博士 陸海天教授

提名委員會

陸海天教授(主席) 陳融聖先生 劉昕先生

薪酬委員會

劉昕先生(*主席)* 羅鐵堅博士 陸海天教授

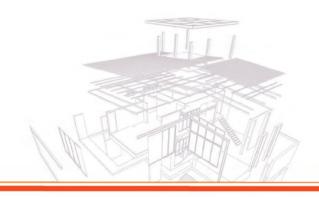
香港總部及主要營業地點

香港 九龍 柯士甸道西1號 環球貿易廣場 82樓01室

香港法律之法律顧問

崔曾律師事務所

CORPORATE INFORMATION 公司資料



AUDITOR

World Link CPA Limited (resigned with effect from 19 March 2020) McMillan Woods (Hong Kong) CPA Limited (appointed with effect from 19 March 2020)

PRINCIPAL SHARE REGISTRAR AND TRANSFER OFFICE

Ocorian Trust (Cayman) Ltd. P. O. Box 1350 Clifton House 75 Fort Street Grand Cayman KY1-1108 Cayman Islands

PRINCIPAL BANKERS

China CITIC Bank International Limited Dah Sing Bank, Limited DBS Bank (Hong Kong) Limited The Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation Limited

HONG KONG BRANCH SHARE REGISTRAR AND TRANSFER OFFICE

Union Registrars Limited Suites 3301-04, 33/F Two Chinachem Exchange Square 338 King's Road North Point Hong Kong

STOCK CODE

01557

WEBSITE

www.kh-holdings.com

核數師

華普天健(香港)會計師事務所有限公司
 (於二零二零年三月十九日辭任)
 長青(香港)會計師事務所有限公司
 (於二零二零年三月十九日獲委任)

主要股份過戶登記處

Ocorian Trust (Cayman) Ltd. P. O. Box 1350 Clifton House 75 Fort Street Grand Cayman KY1-1108 Cayman Islands

主要往來銀行

中信銀行(國際)有限公司 大新銀行有限公司 星展銀行(香港)有限公司 香港上海滙豐銀行有限公司

香港股份過戶登記分處

聯合證券登記有限公司 香港 北角 英皇道338號 華懋交易廣場2期 33樓3301-04室

股份代號

01557

網站

www.kh-holdings.com

CHAIRMAN'S STATEMENT 主席報告

Dear shareholders,

On behalf of the board (the "Board") of directors (the "Directors") of K. H. Group Holdings Limited (the "Company"), I am pleased to present to our shareholders the 2019/20 Annual Report of the Company and its subsidiaries (the "Group") for the year ended 31 March 2020.

2019/20 can be seen as a challenging but rewarding year. The Group's overall revenue increased by approximately 84.7% to approximately HK\$374,903,000 during the year ended 31 March 2020 (2019: approximately HK\$203,015,000). The profit and total comprehensive income for the year ended 31 March 2020 attributable to owners of the Company amounted to approximately HK\$1,009,000 (2019: loss and total comprehensive income of approximately HK\$29,107,000). The turnaround from net loss to net profit was primarily attributable to the significant increase in revenue and gross profit as a result of a new project undertaken by the Group and commenced since September 2019.

The Group's outstanding value of the contracts on hand as at 31 March 2020 was approximately HK\$310 million (2019: approximately HK\$248 million). Subsequent to 31 March 2020, the Group has been awarded 3 foundation projects with original contract sum of approximately HK\$1,242 million. As such the outstanding value of the contracts on hand is at a strong level. Consequently, the turnover and profits of the Group for the coming year are likely to secure.

Our business strategies are effective and rewarding as evidenced by the turnaround from net loss to net profit and the strong level of outstanding value of contract on hand. Land and housing are still the most important agendas in the 2019 Policy Address delivered by the Chief Executive of the Hong Kong Special Administrative Region. The Group believes that there will be more opportunities in the foundation industry in Hong Kong as a result of the boosting of land supply for housing developments for both the private and the public sectors as well as fostering infrastructure development plans in the long term. 各位股東:

本人謹代表劍虹集團控股有限公司(「本公司」) 董事(「董事」)會(「董事會」)欣然向股東提呈 本公司連同其附屬公司(「本集團」)截至二零 二零年三月三十一日止年度之二零一九/二 零年年報。

二零一九/二零年儘管挑戰不斷,但亦 收穫頗豐。本集團截至二零二零年三月 三十一日止年度之整體收益增加約84.7% 至約374,903,000港元(二零一九年:約 203,015,000港元)。本公司擁有人應佔截至 二零二零年三月三十一日止年度之溢利及全 面收益總額約為1,009,000港元(二零一九年: 虧損及全面收益總額約29,107,000港元)。成 功實現扭虧為盈主要由於本集團自二零一九 年九月起承接及開展了一項新項目導致收益 及毛利大幅增加所致。

於二零二零年三月三十一日,本集團手頭未 完成合約價值為約310百萬港元(二零一九 年:約248百萬港元)。於二零二零年三月三 十一日後,本集團獲授3個地基項目,原始 合約金額為約1,242百萬港元,故手頭未完成 合約價值巨大。因此,本集團來年的營業額 及溢利應可得到保障。

本集團實現扭虧為盈,且手頭未完成合約價 值巨大,足證我們的業務策略成效卓絕。香 港特別行政區行政長官所發表二零一九年施 政報告內,土地及住房仍舊是最重要議題。 本集團相信,由於政府就私營及公營領域的 住房發展增加土地供應以及推動長遠基建 發展計劃,香港地基業將出現更多機遇。

CHAIRMAN'S STATEMENT 主席報告

Notwithstanding the above, in view of the outbreak of social unrest and Covid-19, the foundation industry in Hong Kong still remains challenging and the Group will continue to adopt different tendering strategies by widening its customer base and implementing a tight cost control so as to maintain its competitiveness and protect its shareholders' interests.

Apart from foundation services and leasing of machinery, the Group will continue to explore and identify any suitable investment opportunities in order to broaden our revenue base to maximise the return to our shareholders.

Looking ahead, the Board still remains prudently optimistic about the prospects of the foundation industry in Hong Kong. The Group will continue to exercise due care in pursuing its core business and promoting its development plans so as to balance the risks and opportunities in the foundation industry in Hong Kong. The Group will also closely and carefully monitor the latest development in the global economy and foundation industry in Hong Kong and adjust its business strategies from time to time if required.

Lastly, on behalf of the Board, I wish to take this opportunity to express my deep gratitude to our shareholders, investors and business partners for their continuous trust and support. I would also like to express our sincere appreciation to the fellow Directors and staff for their contribution and dedication to the continuous business development of the Group. 縱如上文所述,有見爆發社會動蕩及Covid-19 疫情,香港地基業仍面臨重重難關,本集團 將繼續採取不同競標策略,拓寬我們的客戶 基礎,並實施嚴格的成本控制,以保持其競 爭力及保障股東權益。

除地基服務及機械租賃外,本集團將繼續尋 求及物色任何適合投資機遇,以拓寬我們的 收益基礎,從而最大程度地提高股東回報。

展望未來,董事會仍對香港地基行業的前景 保持審慎樂觀。本集團將繼續審慎拓展其 核心業務及推行其開發計劃,以平衡香港地 基行業的風險與機遇。本集團亦將密切謹慎 地關注全球經濟及香港地基行業的最新發 展,並不時於必要時調整其業務策略。

最後,本人謹代表董事會藉此機會向股東、 投資者及業務合作夥伴一直以來的信任及支 持深表謝意。本人亦謹此衷心感謝各董事及 員工為本集團持續業務發展所作的貢獻及 努力。

Mr. Chen Rongsheng Chairman

Hong Kong, 19 June 2020

主席 **陳融聖先生**

香港,二零二零年六月十九日

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

管理層討論及分析

BUSINESS REVIEW

During the year ended 31 March 2020, the Group was principally engaged in the provision of foundation services (the "Foundation") and the leasing of machinery (the "Leasing") in Hong Kong.

There were 14 active projects as at 31 March 2019. As at 31 March 2020, 6 of these projects have been practically completed while the other 8 projects remain in progress.

During the year ended 31 March 2020, 5 new projects have been awarded to the Group and all of them remain in progress as at 31 March 2020. As such, there were a total of 13 projects in progress as at 31 March 2020.

Subsequent to 31 March 2020 and up to the date of this annual report, there were 3 new foundation projects awarded to the Group.

FINANCIAL REVIEW

REVENUE

The Group's overall revenue increased by 84.7% from approximately HK\$203,015,000 during the year ended 31 March 2019 to approximately HK\$374,903,000 during the year ended 31 March 2020. The increase in the Group's overall revenue was mainly due to the increase in the number of active projects during the year ended 31 March 2020, especially attributable to a new project undertaken by the Group and commenced since September 2019.

GROSS PROFIT/GROSS PROFIT MARGIN

The overall gross profit increased by 2,135.5% from approximately HK\$1,827,000 during the year ended 31 March 2019 to approximately HK\$40,842,000 during the year ended 31 March 2020. Such increase was mainly attributable to the gross profit recognised from a new project undertaken by the Group and commenced since September 2019 as mentioned above.

As a result, the Group's gross profit margin increased from approximately 0.9% during the year ended 31 March 2019 to approximately 10.9% during the year ended 31 March 2020.

業務回顧

截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度,本集 團主要在香港從事提供地基服務(「地基」)及 機械租賃(「租賃」)。

於二零一九年三月三十一日有14個活躍項目。 於二零二零年三月三十一日,其中6個項目已 實際竣工,而其他8個項目仍在進行中。

截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度,本集 團獲授5個新項目,於二零二零年三月三十 一日,全部項目均仍在進行中。因此,於二 零二零年三月三十一日,共有13個進行中項 目。

於二零二零年三月三十一日後及直至本年報 日期,本集團獲授3個新地基項目。

財務回顧

收益

本集團的整體收益由截至二零一九年三月三 十一日止年度約203,015,000港元增加84.7% 至截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度約 374,903,000港元。本集團整體收益的增加 乃主要由於截至二零二零年三月三十一日止 年度活躍項目數目增加,尤其是由於由本集 團自二零一九年九月起承接及開展了一項新 項目所致。

毛利/毛利率

整體毛利由截至二零一九年三月三十一日止 年度約1,827,000港元增加2,135.5%至截至二 零二零年三月三十一日止年度約40,842,000 港元。有關增加乃主要由於自上文所述本集 團自二零一九年九月起承接及開展的一項新 項目確認的毛利所致。

因此,本集團之毛利率由截至二零一九年三 月三十一日止年度之約0.9%增加至截至二零 二零年三月三十一日止年度之約10.9%。

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS 管理層討論及分析

OTHER INCOME

The Group's other income decreased from approximately HK\$15,921,000 during the year ended 31 March 2019 to approximately HK\$3,545,000 during the year ended 31 March 2020. Such decrease was mainly due to a non-recurring imputed interest income of approximately HK\$14,610,000 arose from the Unsecured Loan (as defined in the section "Debts and Charges on Assets" below) during the year ended 31 March 2019 as compared to a nonrecurring imputed interest income of approximately HK\$2,981,000 arose from the extension of the repayment period of the Unsecured Loan during the year ended 31 March 2020.

ADMINISTRATIVE AND OTHER OPERATING **EXPENSES**

The Group's administrative and other operating expenses decreased by 14.7% from approximately HK\$40,589,000 during the year ended 31 March 2019 to approximately HK\$34,627,000 during the year ended 31 March 2020. The decrease in administrative and other operating expenses was mainly due to the decrease in payments of consulting and professional fees from approximately HK\$7,917,000 during the year ended 31 March 2019 to approximately HK\$4,256,000 during the year ended 31 March 2020.

FINANCE COSTS

The Group's finance costs increased from approximately HK\$6,266,000 during the year ended 31 March 2019 to approximately HK\$7,230,000 during the year ended 31 March 2020. Such increase was mainly due to the increase in the imputed interest expenses of approximately HK\$4,616,000 arising from the Unsecured Loan during the year ended 31 March 2019 to approximately HK\$5,869,000 during the year ended 31 March 2020.

NET PROFIT/(LOSS)

As a result of the abovementioned, during the year under review, the Group reported a net profit of approximately HK\$1,009,000 (2019: net loss of approximately HK\$29,107,000).

其他收入

本集團的其他收入由截至二零一九年三月三 十一日止年度約15,921,000港元減至截至二 零二零年三月三十一日止年度約3,545,000港 元。有關減少乃主要由於截至二零一九年三 月三十一日止年度的無抵押貸款(定義見下 文[債務及資產押記]一節)中產生非經常性 推算利息收入約14,610,000港元,而截至二 零二零年三月三十一日止年度則因無抵押貸 款償還期延長而產生非經常性推算利息收 入約2,981,000港元。

行政及其他經營開支

本集團的行政及其他經營開支由截至二零一 九年三月三十一日止年度約40.589.000港元 減少14.7%至截至二零二零年三月三十一日 止年度約34,627,000港元。行政及其他經營 開支減少乃主要由於支付的諮詢及專業費用 由截至二零一九年三月三十一日止年度的約 7,917,000港元減少至截至二零二零年三月三 十一日止年度的約4,256,000港元所致。

融資成本

本集團的融資成本由截至二零一九年三月三 十一日止年度約6.266.000港元增至截至二 零二零年三月三十一日止年度約7,230,000港 元。有關增加乃主要由於截至二零一九年三 月三十一日止年度的無抵押貸款產生的推算 利息開支約4.616.000港元,增加至截至二零 二零年三月三十一日止年度的約5,869,000港 元所致。

淨溢利/(虧損)

基於上文所述,於回顧年度,本集團錄得淨 溢利約1,009,000港元(二零一九年:淨虧損 約29,107,000港元)。

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

管理層討論及分析

DEBTS AND CHARGE ON ASSETS

As at 31 March 2020, the total debts of the Group, including bank borrowings, lease liabilities (2019: finance lease payables) and other borrowings is approximately HK\$152,862,000 (2019: approximately HK\$134,140,000).

As at 31 March 2020, the Group's banking facilities were secured by (i) the Group's trade receivables and retention receivables under contract assets or contract liabilities of approximately HK\$44,289,000 (2019: approximately HK\$10,097,000); (ii) the Group's pledged bank deposits of approximately HK\$16,308,000 (2019: approximately HK\$10,214,000); (iii) the Group's right-of-use assets and property, plant and equipment with total net carrying amounts of approximately HK\$34,829,000 (2019: approximately HK\$41,530,000); (iv) the Group's deposit and prepayment for a life insurance policy of approximately HK\$9,003,000 (2019: Nil); and (v) the corporate guarantee executed by the Company.

Save as the above, pursuant to the terms of the sales and purchase agreement entered into between New Grace Gain Limited ("New Grace Gain") and Blessing Well Enterprise Limited ("Blessing Well") on 27 April 2018, New Grace Gain provided an unsecured, interest-free loan of HK\$100,000,000 to the Company on 25 May 2018 for a term of 30 months (the "Unsecured Loan"). New Grace Gain shall not be entitled to demand early repayment and the Company has no right to make early repayment of the Unsecured Loan.

New Grace Gain and the Company further agreed to enter into a supplemental agreement on 31 March 2020 to extend the repayment period of the Unsecured Loan for 6 months, i.e. the repayment term of 30 months has been extended to 36 months. Save as the extension of the repayment period under the supplemental agreement, other terms and conditions of the Unsecured Loan remain unchanged.

Borrowings were denominated in Hong Kong Dollars ("HK\$") and interests on bank borrowings were mainly charged at floating rates. The Group currently does not have any interest rate hedging policy while the Group pays vigilant attention to and monitors interest rate risks continuously and cautiously.

債務及資產押記

於二零二零年三月三十一日,本集團的總債務 (包括銀行借款、租賃負債(二零一九年:融資 租賃應付款項)及其他借款)為約152,862,000 港元(二零一九年:約134,140,000港元)。

於二零二零年三月三十一日,本集團的銀行 融資以(i)本集團約44,289,000港元(二零一 九年:約10,097,000港元)貿易應收款項及合 約資產或合約負債項下之應收保固金;(ii) 本集團約16,308,000港元(二零一九年:約 10,214,000港元)之已抵押銀行存款;(iii)本集 團賬面淨值總額約34,829,000港元(二零一 九年:約41,530,000港元)之使用權資產以及 物業、機器及設備;(iv)本集團的人壽保險保 單的按金及預付款項約9,003,000港元(二零 一九年:無);及(v)本公司簽立之公司擔保作 抵押。

除上文所述者外,根據New Grace Gain Limited (「New Grace Gain」)與福信企業有 限公司(「福信」)於二零一八年四月二十七日 訂立之買賣協議之條款,New Grace Gain 於二零一八年五月二十五日向本公司提供 100,000,000港元之30個月無抵押免息貸款 (「無抵押貸款」)。New Grace Gain無權要求 提前還款及本公司無權提前償還無抵押貸 款。

New Grace Gain及本公司於二零二零年三月 三十一日進一步同意達成補充協議,將無抵 押貸款的償還期延長6個月,即30個月的償 還期限已延長至36個月。除補充協議項下 延長償還期外,無抵押貸款的其他條款及 條件均維持不變。

借款以港元(「港元」)計值,而銀行借款主要 以浮動利率計息。本集團目前並無任何利率 對沖政策,而本集團會密切留意及持續謹慎 地監察利率風險。

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS 管理層討論及分析

LIQUIDITY, FINANCIAL RESOURCES AND CAPITAL **STRUCTURE**

The Group normally meets its liquidity and capital requirements primarily through capital contributions from the shareholders and bank and other borrowings.

As at 31 March 2020, the Group had pledged bank deposits, and bank and cash balances of approximately HK\$87.370.000 (2019: approximately HK\$82,014,000). The gearing ratio of the Group as at 31 March 2020 (defined as the total borrowings divided by total equity) was approximately 165.4% (2019: approximately 146.8%). As at 31 March 2020, the current ratio of the Group was approximately 1.5 (2019: approximately 1.8).

During the year ended 31 March 2020, the Group did not employ any financial instruments for hedging purpose.

FOREIGN EXCHANGE EXPOSURE

The Group has minimal exposure to foreign currency risk, as except for United States Dollar ("US\$") denominated deposit and prepayment for a life insurance policy and bank balances, most of its business transactions, assets and liabilities are principally denominated in HK\$, the functional currencies of the Group's entities. The Group currently does not have a foreign currency hedging policy in respect of foreign currency transactions, assets and liabilities. The Group monitors its foreign currency exposure closely and will consider hedging significant foreign currency exposure should the need arise.

Sensitivity analysis on life insurance policy will not be performed as US\$ is pegged against HK\$ and the risk of movements in exchange rates between US\$ and HK\$ to be insignificant.

流動資金、財務資源及資本 架構

本集團一般以股東注資以及銀行及其他借 款滿足自身流動資金及資本需求。

於二零二零年三月三十一日,本集團持有 已抵押銀行存款以及銀行及現金結餘約 87,370,000港元(二零一九年:約82,014,000 港元)。於二零二零年三月三十一日,本集團 的資產負債比率(定義為借款總額除以權益 總額)約為165.4%(二零一九年:約146.8%)。 於二零二零年三月三十一日,本集團的流動 比率約為1.5(二零一九年:約1.8)。

截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度,本集 團並無採用任何作對沖用途的金融工具。

外匯風險

由於除以美元(「美元」)計值的人壽保險保單 按金及預付款項及銀行結餘外,本集團的大 部分業務交易、資產及負債主要以本集團實 體的功能貨幣港元計值,故本集團面對的外 匯風險極低。本集團目前並無就外幣交易、 資產及負債制訂任何外幣對沖政策。本集團 密切監察其外匯風險,並於有需要時考慮對 沖重大外匯風險。

由於美元與港元掛鈎,美元兑港元匯率變 動風險不大,故將不會對人壽保險保單進行 敏感度分析。

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

管理層討論及分析

SIGNIFICANT INVESTMENTS, MATERIAL 重大投資、重大收購或出售 ACQUISITIONS OR DISPOSALS

Save as those disclosed in notes 17 and 18 to the consolidated financial statements, the Group did not have any other significant investments, material acquisitions or disposals during the year ended 31 March 2020.

There was no formal plan authorised by the Board for any significant investments, material acquisitions or disposals as at 31 March 2020 and up to the date of this annual report.

CAPITAL COMMITMENTS

As at 31 March 2020, the Group did not have any significant capital commitments (2019: Nil).

CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

Save as disclosed in note 36 to the consolidated financial statements, the Group did not have any significant contingent liabilities as at 31 March 2020.

EMPLOYEES AND REMUNERATION POLICY

As at 31 March 2020, the Group had 132 employees (2019: 137 employees). Most of the Group's employees are foundation workers in Hong Kong. The remuneration policy and package of the Group's employees are periodically reviewed. Apart from the Mandatory Provident Fund and in-house training programmes, salary increments and discretionary bonuses may be awarded to the employees according to the assessment of individual performance. The total staff costs incurred by the Group during the year ended 31 March 2020 were approximately HK\$52,736,000 (2019: approximately HK\$52,521,000).

除綜合財務報表附註17及18所披露者外,截 至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度,本集團 並無任何其他重大投資、重大收購或出售。

於二零二零年三月三十一日及截至本年報日 期,董事會並無授權任何重大投資、重大收 購或出售之正式計劃。

資本承擔

於二零二零年三月三十一日,本集團並無任 何重大資本承擔(二零一九年:無)。

或然負債

除綜合財務報表附註36所披露者外,本集團 於二零二零年三月三十一日並無任何重大或 然負債。

僱員及薪酬政策

於二零二零年三月三十一日,本集團擁有132 名僱員(二零一九年:137名僱員)。本集團大 多數僱員為香港的地基工人。本集團僱員的 薪酬政策及待遇會定期檢討。除強制性公 積金及內部培訓計劃外,本集團可根據個 人表現評估授予僱員薪酬增幅及酌情花紅。 截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度內,本 集團產生的員工成本總額約52,736,000港元 (二零一九年:約52,521,000港元)。

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE PRACTICES

To create a long term value for the interests of the shareholders of the Company (the "Shareholders") is the Board's main objective. As such, the Board is highly committed to achieving a high standard of corporate governance and striving to maintain the management practices in a transparent and responsible way. The Board reviews and improves the Group's corporate governance practices and business ethics on an ongoing basis.

During the year ended 31 March 2020 and up to the date of this annual report, save as disclosed in the following paragraph, the Company has complied with all the code provisions, where applicable, as set out in the Corporate Governance Code (the "CG Code") in Appendix 14 to the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on the Stock Exchange (the "Listing Rules").

Under the code provision A.2.1 of the CG Code, the roles of the chairman of the board and chief executive ("CE") should be separate and should not be performed by the same individual.

Mr. Chen Rongsheng is the Chairman of the Board. There is not a post of the CE in the Company. The responsibilities of the chairman of the Board and the CE of the Company are currently taken up by the Chairman of the Board and the other members of the Board. The Board will continuously review and improve the corporate governance practices and standards of the Group to ensure that business activities and decision-making processes are regulated in a proper and prudent manner.

DIRECTORS' SECURITIES TRANSACTIONS

The Company has adopted the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Issuers (the "Model Code") as set out in Appendix 10 to the Listing Rules as its own code of conduct for dealing in securities of the Company by the Directors. All the Directors have confirmed, following specific enquiry by the Company, their compliance with the required standard set out in the Model Code throughout the year ended 31 March 2020.

企業管治常規

為本公司股東(「股東」)利益創造長期價值為 董事會的主要目標。因此,董事會致力實現 高水平的企業管治,並努力保持透明及負責 的管理常規。董事會持續檢討及改善本集團 的企業管治常規及商業操守。

截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度及截至 本年報日期,除以下段落所披露者外,本公 司已遵守聯交所證券上市規則(「上市規則」) 附錄14所載企業管治守則(「企業管治守則」) 的所有守則條文(如適用)。

根據企業管治守則守則條文第A.2.1條,董 事會主席及行政總裁(「行政總裁」)的角色應 有所區分且不應由同一人士擔任。

陳融聖先生為董事會主席。本公司並無行政 總裁職位。本公司董事會主席及行政總裁之 職責現由董事會主席及董事會其他成員擔 任。董事會將持續審閱及完善本集團企業 管治常規及準則,以確保業務活動及決策過 程按照適當及審慎方式規範。

董事進行的證券交易

本公司已採納上市規則附錄10所載上市發 行人董事進行證券交易的標準守則(「標準守 則」),作為董事進行本公司證券交易之行為 守則。經本公司作出具體查詢後,全體董事 確認,彼等於截至二零二零年三月三十一日 止年度一直遵守標準守則所載的規定準則。

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

企業管治報告

THE BOARD

RESPONSIBILITIES

The Board is responsible for the leadership and control of the Group, and oversees the Group's businesses, strategic decisions and performance. The Board has delegated to the senior management the authority and responsibility for the day-to-day management and operation of the Group. Besides, the Board has established Board committees and has delegated to these Board committees various responsibilities as set out in their respective terms of reference.

The Board is also responsible for performing corporate governance duties of the Group and will assign relevant functions to other board committees, namely the remuneration committee (the "Remuneration Committee"), the nomination committee (the "Nomination Committee") and the audit committee (the "Audit Committee") (collectively, the "Board Committees") as and when appropriate.

The Company has arranged for appropriate insurance cover for Directors' and officers' liabilities in respect of legal actions against its Directors and senior management arising out of corporate activities.

COMPOSITION

The Board currently comprises five members, consisting of two Executive Directors and three Independent Non-executive Directors. Details of the composition of the Board and biographies of the Directors are set out on pages 2 and 3 of this annual report in the section of "Corporate Information" and on pages 47 to 52 of this annual report in the section of "Profile of Directors and Senior Management", respectively.

The Board possesses the skills, experience and expertise either in the same industry or relevant to the management of the business of the Group which brings a good balance of relevant skills and experience to the Company. The Independent Non-executive Directors also provide their independent professional judgments on the assessment of the development, performance and risk management of the Group.

BOARD DIVERSITY POLICY

The Company has adopted a Board Diversity Policy of which the diversity of the Board is considered in terms of factors such as gender, age, cultural and educational background, ethnicity, professional experience, skills, knowledge and length of service. All Board appointments are based on merit, and candidates are considered against various objective criteria, with due regard to the benefits of diversity of the Board.

董事會

職責

董事會之職責為領導及監控本集團,以及監 察本集團之業務、決策及表現。董事會已將 本集團之日常管理及營運的權力及責任轉授 予高級管理層。此外,董事會亦成立董事委 員會並已向該等董事委員會授予載於其各自 職權範圍內之各項職責。

董事會亦負責履行本集團之企業管治職能, 並將相關職能適時指派其他董事委員會,即 薪酬委員會(「薪酬委員會」)、提名委員會(「提 名委員會」)及審核委員會(「審核委員會」)(統 稱「董事委員會」)。

本公司已作出適當投保安排,就其董事及高 級管理層因從事公司業務而面臨之法律訴 訟,為董事及高級人員之責任投保。

組成

董事會現由五名成員組成,包括兩名執行董 事及三名獨立非執行董事。董事會組成及董 事履歷詳情分別載於本年報第2至3頁「公司 資料」一節及本年報第47至52頁「董事及高級 管理層履歷」一節。

董事會具備同一行業或與管理本集團業務相 關之技能、經驗及專業知識,為本公司帶來 相關技能及經驗之良好平衡。獨立非執行 董事亦就評估本集團之發展、表現及風險管 理提供彼等之獨立專業判斷。

董事會多元化政策

本公司已採納董事會多元化政策,董事會多 元化考慮多方面因素,如性別、年齡、文化 及教育背景、種族、專業經驗、技術、知識 及服務任期。董事會成員一律按用人唯才原 則獲委任,而在考慮人選時會以各種客觀標 準充分顧及董事會多元化的裨益。

As at the date of this annual report, the Board comprises five directors. The following tables illustrate the diversity of the board members as of the date of this annual report:

於本年報日期,董事會由五名董事組成。下 表説明截至本年報日期董事會成員的多元 化:

		Age Group 年齡組別		
Name of Directors	董事姓名	Below 40 40歲以下	40 to 50 40歲至50歲	51 to 60 51歲至60歲
Mr. Chen Rongsheng (Chairman)	陳融聖先生(主席)		\checkmark	
Mr. Guan Jingdong	關靜東先生			\checkmark
Dr. Luo Tiejian	羅鐵堅博士			\checkmark
Professor Lu Haitian	陸海天教授			
Mr. Liu Xin	劉昕先生		\checkmark	

			Professional 專業		
		Information technology/ computing engineering 信息技術/	Banking and finance	Accounting and law	Investment consultancy and accounting 投資諮詢及
Name of Directors	董事姓名	電腦工程	銀行及融資	會計及法律	會計
Mr. Chen Rongsheng <i>(Chairman)</i>	陳融聖先生(主席)	\checkmark			
Mr. Guan Jingdong	關靜東先生		\checkmark		
Dr. Luo Tiejian	羅鐵堅博士				
Professor Lu Haitian	陸海天教授			\checkmark	
Mr. Liu Xin	劉昕先生				١

Measurable Objectives and Selection

The Board will take opportunity to invite female members over time to join the Board when selecting and making recommendation on suitable candidates for Board appointments. The Board would ensure that appropriate balance of gender diversity is achieved with reference to stakeholders' expectation and international and local recommended best practices, with the ultimate goal of bringing the Board to gender parity. The Board also aspires to having an appropriate proportion of directors who have direct experience in the Group's core markets, with different ethnic backgrounds, and reflecting the Group's strategy.

Implementation and Monitoring

The Nomination Committee will monitor the implementation of the Board Diversity Policy and report to the Board annually.

可計量目標及甄選

董事會將在選擇合適的董事會成員候選人 並提出建議時,把握機會邀請女性成員加 入董事會。董事會將確保經參照持份者的 期望以及國際及當地推薦的最佳做法後取 得適當的多元性別平衡,從而實現帶領董事 會走向性別均等的最終目標。董事會亦期望 於本集團核心市場擁有直接經驗並來自不同 種族背景的董事佔有適當的比例,從而反映 本集團的策略。

實施及監控

提名委員會將監察董事會多元化政策的實施 情況,並每年向董事會匯報。

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

企業管治報告

MEETINGS AND ATTENDANCE

The attendance of individual members of the Board at various meetings during the year ended 31 March 2020, as well as the number of such meetings held, are set out below:

會議及出席情況

截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度,個別 董事會成員於不同會議之出席情況及有關會 議之舉行次數載列如下:

	Number of meetings attended/held						
		出席/舉行之會議數目					
			Audit	Nomination	Remuneration	Annual	
		Board	Committee	Committee	Committee	General	
		Meeting	Meeting	Meeting	Meeting	Meeting	
			審核委員會	提名委員會	薪酬委員會	股東週年	
		董事會會議	會議	會議	會議	大會	
Executive Directors	執行董事						
Mr. Chen Rongsheng	陳融聖先生	6/6	N/A不適用	1/1	N/A不適用	1/1	
Mr. Guan Jingdong	關靜東先生	6/6	N/A不適用	N/A不適用	N/A不適用	1/1	
Independent non-executive Directors	獨立非執行董事						
Dr. Luo Tiejian	羅鐵堅博士	6/6	4/4	N/A不適用	1/1	1/1	
Professor Lu Haitian	陸海天教授	6/6	4/4	1/1	1/1	1/1	
Mr. Liu Xin	劉昕先生	6/6	4/4	1/1	1/1	1/1	

RELATIONSHIP

None of the members of the Board has any relationship (including financial, business, family or other material/relevant relationships) between each other.

INDEPENDENT NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

The Company has complied with Rules 3.10(1) and (2), and Rule 3.10A of the Listing Rules during the year ended 31 March 2020 regarding appointment of independent non-executive directors.

Pursuant to the requirements of the Listing Rules, the Company has received written confirmation from each of the Independent Non-executive Directors confirming his independence from the Company, and considers all of the Independent Non-executive Directors to be independent in accordance with the independence guidelines as set out in Rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules.

DIRECTORS' INDUCTION AND DEVELOPMENT

During the year ended 31 March 2020, the Company has arranged seminars for Directors as continuing professional trainings for corporate governance and compliance purposes. Some Directors also participated in other seminars according to their own preferences.

關係

董事會成員之間概無任何關係(包括財務、 業務、家屬或其他重大/相關關係)。

獨立非執行董事

截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度,本公司已就委任獨立非執行董事遵守上市規則第 3.10(1)及(2)條以及第3.10A條。

根據上市規則的規定,本公司已獲各獨立非 執行董事發出書面確認,確認其獨立於本公 司。故根據上市規則第3.13條所載之獨立性 指引,本公司認為,所有獨立非執行董事均 為獨立於本公司的人士。

董事就任及發展

截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度,本公 司為董事安排研討會,作為企業管治及合規 之持續專業培訓。部分董事亦按照彼等自身 的喜好參與其他研討會。

CHAIRMAN

Mr. Chen Rongsheng is the chairman of the Board who is responsible for overseeing the overall management of the Group, including the daily operations, business development and strategic planning. He ensures that all the Directors are properly briefed on issues raised during Board meetings and receive adequate, complete and reliable information in a timely manner.

BOARD COMMITTEES

The Board has established Board Committees to oversee specific aspects of the Company's affairs and help it in the execution of its responsibilities. Specific written terms of reference of these committees clearly outline each committee's authority and duty.

Each committee is required to report back to the Board its decisions or recommendations, unless there are any legal or regulatory restrictions imposed on it.

AUDIT COMMITTEE

The Audit Committee is mainly responsible for (a) maintaining the relationship with the Company's auditor; (b) reviewing the Company's financial information; (c) overseeing the Company's financial reporting system, risk management and internal control systems; and (d) assessing the Group's corporate governance functions. The full version of the terms of reference of the Audit Committee is available on the Stock Exchange's website and the Company's website at www.kh-holdings.com.

The Audit Committee is currently made up of three Independent Non-executive Directors, including Mr. Liu Xin (chairman of the Audit Committee), Dr. Luo Tiejian and Professor Lu Haitian. Both Mr. Liu Xin (chairman of the Audit Committee) and Professor Lu Haitian possess the appropriate professional qualifications or accounting or related financial management expertise as required.

The Audit Committee held 4 committee meetings during the year ended 31 March 2020.

主席

陳融聖先生為董事會主席,負責監督本集團 的全面管理,包括日常營運、業務發展及策 略計劃。彼確保所有董事均獲提供董事會 會議所討論事項的有關資料,且及時獲得充 足及完整可靠的資料。

董事委員會

董事會已成立董事委員會,監察本公司事務 特定範疇,並協助其履行職責。該等委員會 各自訂有特定的書面職權範圍,當中清晰界 定各委員會的權力及職務。

各委員會須向董事會匯報其決策或建議,惟 已受任何法律或監管限制則除外。

審核委員會

審核委員會主要負責(a)維繫與本公司核數師 之關係:(b)審閲本公司之財務資料:(c)監管 本公司之財務報告制度、風險管理及內部監 控制度:及(d)評估本集團之企業管治職能。 審核委員會職權範圍之完整版本可於聯交 所網頁及本公司網頁www.kh-holdings.com 查閱。

審核委員會現時由三名獨立非執行董事組 成,包括劉昕先生(審核委員會主席)、羅鐵 堅博士及陸海天教授。劉昕先生(審核委員 會主席)及陸海天教授均具備所需的合適專 業資格或會計或相關財務管理專業知識。

截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度, 審核 委員會曾舉行四次委員會會議。

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

企業管治報告

SUMMARY OF WORK DURING THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2020

The Audit Committee held one meeting with the former auditor, World Link CPA Limited, (without the presence of the Executive Directors) to discuss and review the Group's results for the year ended 31 March 2019 and recommended the same to the Board for approval. The Audit Committee also held another meeting (without the presence of the Executive Directors) to discuss and review the Group's results for the six months ended 30 September 2019 and recommended the same to the Board for approval.

Other than the above, the Audit Committee has also reviewed the terms of the Group's continuing connected transactions that are fully exempted from independent Shareholders' approval, annual review and all disclosure requirements pursuant to Rule 14A.76(1) of the Listing Rules, and reviewed and discussed the Group's risk management and internal control function and its effectiveness, the existing terms of reference of the Audit Committee and the Group's overall corporate governance functions.

NOMINATION COMMITTEE

The Nomination Committee is mainly responsible for (a) reviewing the structure, size and composition (including the skills, knowledge and experience) of the Board at least annually and making recommendations on any proposed changes to the Board to complement the Company's corporate strategy; (b) identifying individuals suitably qualified to become Board members and selecting or making recommendations to the Board on the selection of individuals nominated for directorships; (c) assessing the independence of the Independent Non-executive Directors; and (d) making recommendations to the Board on the appointment or reappointment of the Directors and succession planning for Directors in particular the chairman of the Board and the chief executive. The full version of the terms of reference of the Nomination Committee is available on the Stock Exchange's website and the Company's website at www.kh-holdings.com.

The Nomination Committee is currently made up of three members including Professor Lu Haitian (chairman of the Nomination Committee), Mr. Chen Rongsheng and Mr. Liu Xin.

The Nomination Committee held one committee meeting during the year ended 31 March 2020.

截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年 度之工作概要

審核委員會曾與前任核數師華普天健(香港) 會計師事務所有限公司舉行一次會議(並無 執行董事列席),以討論及審閱本集團截至 二零一九年三月三十一日止年度之業績,並 向董事會建議審批。審核委員會亦舉行另一 次會議(並無執行董事列席),以討論及審閱 本集團截至二零一九年九月三十日止六個月 之業績,並向董事會建議審批。

除上述者外,審核委員會亦已審閲本集團持 續關連交易(根據上市規則第14A.76(1)條獲 全面豁免遵守獨立股東批准、年度審閲及所 有披露規定)之條款,並審閲及討論本集團 風險管理及內部監控職能及其成效、審核 委員會現有之職權範圍及本集團之整體企業 管治職能。

提名委員會

提名委員會主要負責(a)至少每年檢討董事會 的架構、人數及組成(包括技能、知識及經 驗方面),並就對補充本公司的企業策略的 任何建議變動向董事會提出建議;(b)物色具 備合適資格可擔任董事會成員的人士,並挑 選提名有關人士出任董事或就此向董事會提 供意見;(c)評估獨立非執行董事的獨立性; 及(d)就董事委任或重新委任以及董事(尤其 事宜向董事會提出建議。提名委員會職權範 圍之完整版本可於聯交所網頁及本公司網頁 www.kh-holdings.com查閱。

提名委員會現時由三名成員組成,包括陸海 天教授(提名委員會主席)、陳融聖先生及劉 昕先生。

提名委員會於截至二零二零年三月三十一日 止年度曾舉行一次委員會會議。

The Nomination Committee held one committee meeting to review and consider the composition of the Board, the independence of the Independent Non-executive Directors and the existing terms of reference of the Nomination Committee.

BOARD NOMINATION POLICY

The Company has adopted a Board Nomination Policy for the Nomination Committee to consider and make recommendations to Shareholders for election as Directors at general meetings or appoint as Directors to fill casual vacancies.

Selection Criteria

The factors listed below would be used as reference by the Nomination Committee in assessing the suitability of a proposed candidate:

- (1) reputation for integrity;
- (2) accomplishment and experience in the business in which the Group is engaged in;
- (3) commitment in respect of available time and relevant interest;
- diversity in all its aspects, including but not limited to race, gender, age (18 years or above), educational background, professional experience, skills and length of service;
- qualifications which include professional qualifications, skills, knowledge and experience that are relevant to the Company's business and corporate strategy;
- (6) the number of existing directorships and other commitments that may demand the attention of the candidate;
- (7) requirement for the Board to have Independent Non-executive Directors in accordance with the Listing Rules and whether the candidates would be considered independent with reference to the independence guidelines set out in Rules 3.13 of the Listing Rules;
- (8) Board Diversity Policy of the Company and any measurable objectives adopted by the Nomination Committee for achieving diversity on the Board; and
- (9) such other perspectives appropriate to the Company's business.

提名委員會曾舉行一次委員會會議,以檢討 及考慮董事會組成、獨立非執行董事之獨立 性及提名委員會現有之職權範圍。

董事會提名政策

本公司已就提名委員會採納董事會提名政 策,以供考慮及向股東推薦於股東大會上選 舉為董事或委任為董事以填補臨時空缺。

甄選標準

於評估建議候選人適合與否時,提名委員會 將使用下列因素作為參考:

- (1) 誠信聲譽;
- (2) 於本集團所從事業務方面的成就及經驗;
- (3) 可投入的時間及相關利益;
- (4) 各方面的多元化,包括但不限於種族、 性別、年齡(18歲或以上)、教育背景、 專業經驗、技能及服務年限;
- (5) 資歷,包括與本公司業務及企業策略相 關的專業資格、技能、知識及經驗;
- (6) 現有董事人數及其他可能需要候選人 關注的承擔;
- (7) 上市規則關於董事會須設有獨立非執 行董事的規定,及候選人參照上市規 則第3.13條所載的獨立性指引是否屬 獨立人士;
- (8) 本公司的董事會多元化政策及提名委員會為達到董事會多元化而採納的任何可計量目標;及
- (9) 對本公司業務而言屬適當的其他方面。

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

企業管治報告

Director Nomination Procedure

Subject to the provisions in the Articles of Association of the Company and the Listing Rules, if the Board recognises the need for an additional Director or a member of senior management, the following procedure will be followed:

- The Nomination Committee and/or Board will identify potential candidates based on the criteria as set out in the selection criteria, possibly with assistance from external agencies and/ or advisors;
- (2) The Nomination Committee and/or the Company Secretary of the Company will then provide the Board with the biographical details and details of the relationship between the candidate and the Company and/or Directors, directorships held, skills and experience, other positions which involve significant time commitment and any other particulars required by the Listing Rules, the Companies Law of the Cayman Islands and other regulatory requirements for any candidate for appointment to the Board;
- (3) The Nomination Committee would then make recommendation to the Board on the proposed candidate(s) and the terms and conditions of the appointment;
- (4) The Nomination Committee should ensure that the proposed candidate(s) will enhance the diversity of the Board, being particularly mindful of gender balance;
- (5) In the case of the appointment of an Independent Nonexecutive Director, the Nomination Committee and/or the Board should obtain all information in relation to the proposed Director to allow the Board to adequately assess the independence of the Director in accordance with the factors set out in Rules 3. 13 of the Listing Rules, subject to any amendments as may be made by the Stock Exchange from time to time; and
- (6) The Board will then deliberate and decide on the appointment based upon the recommendation of the Nomination Committee.

董事提名程序

在本公司組織章程細則及上市規則條文的規 限下,如董事會認定需要新增董事或高級管 理人員,則須遵循以下程序:

- (1) 提名委員會及/或董事會將根據甄選 標準所載標準確定潛在候選人(可能在 外部機構及/或顧問協助下進行);
- (2) 提名委員會及/或本公司的公司秘書 其後將向董事會提供候選人個人履歷 詳情,及候選人與本公司及/或董事 之間關係的詳情、所擔任董事職務、 技能與經驗,投入大量時間的其他職 位,及上市規則、開曼群島公司法及 其他監管規定董事會任命任何候選人 須提供的其他詳情;
- (3) 提名委員會其後將就建議候選人及委 任的條款及條件向董事會提出推薦建 議;
- (4) 提名委員會應確保建議候選人將能加 強董事會的多元化,尤其要關注性別 平衡;
- (5) 就委任獨立非執行董事而言,提名委員會及/或董事會應獲取有關建議董事的所有資料,使董事會根據上市規則第3.13條(經聯交所可能不時作出的任何修訂)所載因素充分評估董事的獨立性;及
- (6) 董事會其後將根據提名委員會的推薦 建議進行商討並決定是否委任。

REMUNERATION COMMITTEE

The Remuneration Committee is mainly responsible for (a) making recommendations to the Board on the Company's policy and the structure for all the Directors' and senior management's remuneration and on the establishment of a formal and transparent procedure for developing remuneration policy; (b) reviewing and approving the management's remuneration proposals with reference to the Board's corporate goals and objectives; (c) determining, making recommendations to the Board, considering and approving the remuneration package of all the Directors and senior management and the compensation arrangements relating to loss or termination of office and dismissal or removal of the Directors; and (d) deciding the remunerations with independence. The full version of the terms of reference of the Remuneration Committee is available on the Stock Exchange's website and the Company's website at www.kh-holdings.com.

The Remuneration Committee is currently made up of three members including Mr. Liu Xin (chairman of the Remuneration Committee), Dr. Luo Tiejian and Professor Lu Haitian.

The Remuneration Committee held one committee meeting during the year ended 31 March 2020.

SUMMARY OF WORK DURING THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2020

The Remuneration Committee held one committee meeting to review and approve the remuneration package and structure of all the Directors and senior management independently and the terms of reference of the Remuneration Committee.

Details of the five highest paid individuals in the Group and the Directors' emoluments are set out in notes 13 and 14 to the consolidated financial statements.

薪酬委員會

薪酬委員會主要負責(a)就本公司全體董事 及高級管理層的薪酬政策及架構,及就設 立正規而具透明度的程序制訂薪酬政策, 向董事會提出建議:(b)因應董事會的企業; 方針及目標檢討及批准管理層的薪酬建議; (c)釐定及向董事會建議,考慮及批准全號 或終止職務及解僱或罷免董事之賠償安排; 及(d)獨立釐定薪酬。薪酬委員會職權範圍 之完整版本可於聯交所網頁及本公司網頁 www.kh-holdings.com查閱。

薪酬委員會現時由三名成員組成,包括劉昕 先生(薪酬委員會主席)、羅鐵堅博士及陸海 天教授。

薪酬委員會曾於截至二零二零年三月三十一 日止年度舉行一次委員會會議。

截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年 度之工作概要

薪酬委員會曾舉行一次委員會會議,獨立檢 討及批准全體董事及高級管理層之薪酬待 遇及架構以及薪酬委員會之職權範圍。

本集團五位最高薪酬人士及董事酬金詳情 載於綜合財務報表附註13及14。

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

企業管治報告

SENIOR MANAGEMENT'S REMUNERATION

Pursuant to code provision B.1.5 of the CG Code, the remuneration paid to the members of the senior management by band during the year ended 31 March 2020 is set out below:

高級管理層薪酬

根據企業管治守則之守則條文第B.1.5條,截 至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度向高級管 理層成員支付之薪酬範圍載列如下:

		Number of person(s)
Remuneration bands (HK\$)	薪酬範圍(港元)	人數
1,000,001 to 1,500,000	1,000,001至1,500,000	2
1,500,001 to 2,000,000	1,500,001至2,000,000	1

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE FUNCTION

The Board, through the Audit Committee, is responsible for performing the corporate governance functions, and it accordingly reviews and monitors the training and continuing professional development of Directors and the senior management, and ensures its policies and practices in compliance with relevant laws and regulatory requirements. During the year ended 31 March 2020, the Board has reviewed the Company's policies and practices on corporate governance.

AUDITOR'S REMUNERATION

During the year ended 31 March 2020, the auditor, McMillan Woods (Hong Kong) CPA Limited, received HK\$650,000 for provision of audit service and HK\$50,000 for provision of tax filing service.

DIRECTORS' AND AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

All the Directors acknowledge their responsibility for preparing the consolidated financial statements of the Group.

The statement of the auditor, McMillan Woods (Hong Kong) CPA Limited, about its reporting responsibilities on the consolidated financial statements of the Group is set out in the independent auditor's report on pages 63 to 72 of this annual report.

There are no material uncertainties relating to any events or conditions which may cast significant doubt upon the Company's ability to continue as a going concern.

企業管治職能

董事會透過審核委員會負責執行企業管治 職能,及相應檢討及監察董事及高級管理層 之培訓及持續專業發展,以及確保其政策及 常規符合相關法例及監管規定等。截至二零 二零年三月三十一日止年度,董事會已檢討 本公司企業管治政策及常規。

核數師薪酬

截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度,核數 師長青(香港)會計師事務所有限公司就提供 核數服務及提供報税服務分別收取650,000 港元及50,000港元。

董事及核數師就財務報表須 承擔之責任

全體董事確認彼等須就編製本集團綜合財 務報表承擔責任。

核數師長青(香港)會計師事務所有限公司就 本集團綜合財務報表所作之申報責任聲明載 於本年報第63至72頁之獨立核數師報告內。

概無任何事件或情況之重大不明朗因素會 對本公司持續經營之能力構成重大不確定影 響。

RISK MANAGEMENT AND INTERNAL CONTROLS

In respect of code provision C.2.5 of the CG Code, the Company should have an internal audit (the "IA Function"). Although the Company did not establish a standalone IA department during the year ended 31 March 2020, the Board has put in place adequate measures to perform the IA Function at different aspects of the Group as the Company considers that close and regular supervision by the Executive Directors and senior management, and the maintenance of internal control guidance and procedures on the Group's critical operational cycles could provide sufficient and effective internal control and risk management functions.

The Group's risk management and internal control procedures include a management structure with clearly defined lines of responsibility and limits of authority. It primarily aims to provide a reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that assets are properly safeguarded against misappropriations, transactions are executed in accordance with the management's authorisation, and accounting records are reliable and proper for preparing financial information and are not materially misstated. The procedure is designed to identify, evaluate and manage risks effectively rather than to eliminate all risks of failure.

There are also regular meetings held between the Directors and senior management to review and monitor the business and financial performance against the targets, the progress of certification and progress payments from the customers, the efficiency in the use of the Group's resources in comparison to the budgets, and the operational matters to ensure the Group has complied with the regulations that have material impact to the Group's business. The aim is to enhance the communication and accountability of the Directors and senior management so that significant strategic, financial, operational and compliance risks or potential deviations are timely and properly identified and dealt with in a proper manner.

風險管理及內部監控

就企業管治守則之守則條文第C.2.5條而言, 本公司應設有內部審核(「內部審核職能」)。 儘管本公司於截至二零二零年三月三十一日 止年度並無設立獨立內部審核部門,由於本 公司認為由執行董事及高級管理層進行密切 定期監察及對本集團之重大營運週期維持 內部監控指引及程序,可提供充足有效內部 監控及風險管理職能,故董事會已實施充 足的措施,從本集團不同方面履行內部審核 職能。

本集團之風險管理及內部監控程序包括明 確界定權責之管理架構。其主要旨在對防止 資產不被濫用、交易乃根據管理層授權而執 行,以及備有可靠及合適的會計記錄以供編 製財務資料且無重大錯誤陳述,而提供合理 (但非絕對)之保證。該程序旨在有效地識 別、評估及管理風險,而非排除所有失誤風 險。

董事亦會與高級管理層舉行定期會議,以審 閱及監察業務及財務表現對比預期目標、自 客戶獲得審批及進度付款的進度、本集團 資源的運用效率與預算作對比,以及營運方 面的事務,以確保遵守對本集團業務有重大 影響的監管規定。此舉旨在增強董事與高級 管理層的溝通與問責,從而令重大策略、財 政、營運及合規風險或潛在偏離狀況得以及 時並妥善辨識,並以適當方式處理。

The Board is responsible for maintaining adequate procedures of risk management and internal control for the Group and the Board had conducted an annual review of its effectiveness during the year ended 31 March 2020 through the Audit Committee. Same as last year's practice, the Company has engaged an external independent internal control adviser to conduct a review on the internal control procedures of the Group at both corporate level and business level (as agreed by the Audit Committee). The review covered material controls, including financial, operational and compliance controls and risk management functions during the year ended 31 March 2020. The internal control report has been circulated to the Audit Committee for review and discussion. No significant areas of improvement which are required to be brought to the attention of the Audit Committee have been revealed.

As such, the Board is satisfied that the Group's internal control procedures including financial, operational and compliance controls and risk management functions as appropriate to the Group have been put in place and considers that the Group's internal control procedures and risk management functions are both effective and adequate.

The Board will review the need for the IA Function on an annual basis.

INSIDE INFORMATION

With respect to procedures and internal controls for the handling and dissemination of inside information, the Company:

- is aware of its obligations under the Securities and Futures Ordinance (Cap. 571) (the "SFO") and the Listing Rules and is required, as soon as reasonably practicable after any inside information has come to its knowledge, to disclose the information to the public;
- has included in its staff manual a strict prohibition on the unauthorised use of confidential or inside information; and
- has established and implemented procedures for responding to external enquiries about the Group's affairs.

Senior management is identified and authorised to act as the Company's spokespersons and respond to enquiries in allocated areas of issues.

董事會負責為本集團維持足夠的風險管理 及內部監控程序,而董事會亦已於截至二零 二零年三月三十一日止年度透過審核委員會 就公司委聘介部獨立內部監控顧問,在審 委員會同意下於公司層面及業務層面就 空程序進行檢討。截至二零 三月三十一日止年度,有關檢討電之大監 一日止年度,有關檢討整控以及 驚戰能。內部監控報告已傳閱至審 員會以供審閱及討論。並無重大改善事項 要提請審核委員會垂注。

因此,董事會信納適用於本集團之內部監控 程序(包括財務、營運及合規監控以及風險 管理職能)現已實施,並認為本集團之內部 監控程序及風險管理職能均為有效及足夠。

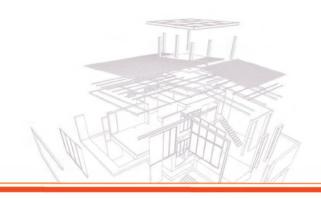
董事會將每年檢討內部審核職能之需要。

內幕消息

就處理及散播內幕消息的程序及內部監控 而言,本公司:

- 深明其於第571章證券及期貨條例(「證券及期貨條例」)以及上市規則項下之 責任,並須在得悉任何內幕消息後, 在合理切實可行情況下盡快將消息向 公眾人士披露;
- 於其員工手冊內已載有嚴禁未經授權 使用保密資料或內幕消息之條款;及
- 已制定及實施應對有關本集團事務的 外來查詢之程序。

高級管理層獲確認並被授權為本公司的發言 人,以回應指定範疇內的查詢。



Training on inside information disclosure is provided to the Board to enhance corporate governance.

COMPANY SECRETARY

During the year ended 31 March 2020, Ms. Hui Wai Yue, the company secretary of the Company (the "Company Secretary") undertook no less than 15 hours of relevant professional training as required under Rule 3.29 of the Listing Rules. Her biography is set out on page 52 of this annual report in the section of "Profile of Directors and Senior Management".

INVESTOR RELATIONS

During the year ended 31 March 2020, there were no changes in the Company's constitutional documents.

SHAREHOLDERS' RIGHTS

 THE WAY IN WHICH SHAREHOLDERS OF THE COMPANY (THE "SHAREHOLDERS") CAN CONVENE AN EXTRAORDINARY GENERAL MEETING ("EGM")

Pursuant to Article 64 of the Articles, EGMs shall be convened on the requisition of one or more Shareholders holding at the date of deposit of the requisition not less than one-tenth of the paid up capital of the Company having the right of voting at general meetings of the Company, by written requisition to the Board or the Company Secretary, to require an EGM to be called by the Board for the transaction of any business specified in such requisition; and such meeting shall be held within two months after the deposit of such requisition. If within twenty-one days of such deposit the Board fails to proceed to convene such meeting, the requisitionist(s) himself (themselves) may do so in the same manner, and all reasonable expenses incurred by the requisitionist(s) as a result of the failure of the Board shall be reimbursed to the requisitionist(s) by the Company. 為提升企業管治,已向董事會提供有關內 幕消息披露之培訓。

公司秘書

截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度,本公司公司秘書(「公司秘書」)許慧瑜女士已根據 上市規則第3.29條之規定接受不少於15小時 的相關專業培訓。彼之履歷載於本年報第 52頁「董事及高級管理層履歷」一節。

投資者關係

截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度,本公 司的章程文件概無變動。

股東權利

 本公司股東(「股東」) 召開股東 特別大會(「股東特別大會」)的 方式

The requisition must state the purposes of the meeting, and must be signed by the requisitionists and lodged to the Company Secretary at the Company's principal place of business at Unit 01, 82/F, International Commerce Centre, 1 Austin Road West, Kowloon, Hong Kong and may consist of several documents in like form each signed by one or more requisitionists.

If the requisition is in order, the Company Secretary will ask the Board to convene an EGM by serving sufficient notice in accordance with the requirements under the Articles to all the registered Shareholders. On the contrary, if the requisition is invalid, the members concerned will be advised of this outcome, and accordingly, an EGM will not be convened as requested.

The notice period to be given to all the Shareholders for consideration of the proposal raised by the Shareholders concerned at an EGM varies, according to the nature of the proposal, as follows:

- at least 14 days' notice (the notice period must include 10 business days) in writing if the proposal constitutes an ordinary resolution of the Company in an EGM.
- at least 21 days' notice (the notice period must include 20 business days) in writing if the proposal constitutes a special resolution of the Company in an EGM.

2. THE PROCEDURES SHAREHOLDERS CAN USE TO PROPOSE A PERSON FOR ELECTION AS A DIRECTOR

No person, other than a retiring Director, shall, unless recommended by the Board for election, be eligible for election to the office of Director at any general meeting, unless notice in writing of the intention to propose that person for election as a Director and notice in writing by that person of his willingness to be elected including that person's biographical details, shall have been lodged to the Company Secretary at the Company's principal place of business at Unit 01, 82/F, International Commerce Centre, 1 Austin Road West, Kowloon, Hong Kong, at least 7 days before the date of the general meeting. The lodgement of notice should also be in compliance with the other requirements of the Listing Rules.

有關要求必須述明大會目的及經呈請 人簽署,並送交本公司主要營業地點 (地址為香港九龍柯士甸道西1號環球 貿易廣場82樓01室)以轉交公司秘書。 有關要求可由多份格式相近之文件組 成,惟每份均須經由一名或以上呈請 人簽署。

倘要求適當,公司秘書將要求董事會 根據細則項下之規定向全體註冊股東 發出足夠通知後召開股東特別大會。 相反,倘要求無效,相關股東將獲告 知此結果,因此不會應要求召開股東 特別大會。

向全體股東發出通知以供考慮相關股 東於股東特別大會上所提呈建議的通 知期因建議性質而異,詳情如下:

- 倘議案於股東特別大會上構成本 公司一項普通決議案,最少14日 書面通知(通知期必需包括10個 營業日)。
- 倘議案於股東特別大會上構成本 公司一項特別決議案,最少21日 書面通知(通知期必需包括20個 營業日)。

2. 股東可提名他人競選董事的 程序

3. THE PROCEDURES FOR SENDING ENQUIRIES TO THE BOARD

Any Shareholder(s) of the Company who wish to raise his/their enquiries concerning the Company to the Board may deliver his/their written enquiry(ies) to the principal place of business of the Company in Hong Kong with the address at Unit 01, 82/F, International Commerce Centre, 1 Austin Road West, Kowloon, Hong Kong or at any address notified by the Company from time to time and for the attention of the chairman of the Board and the Company Secretary. Upon receipt of the enquiries, the Company would reply as soon as possible.

DIVIDEND POLICY

The Company has adopted a Dividend Policy that aims to provide guidelines for the Board to determine whether dividends are to be declared and paid to the shareholders and the level of dividend to be paid. Under the Dividend Policy, in deciding whether to propose a dividend and in determining the dividend amount, the Board shall take into account, among others:

- (1) the Group's actual and expected financial performance;
- (2) the Group's expected working capital requirements, capital expenditure requirements and future expansion plans;
- (3) retained earnings and distributable reserves of the Company and each of the members of the Group;
- (4) the Group's liquidity position;
- (5) interest of shareholder;
- (6) taxation consideration;
- (7) potential effect on creditworthiness;
- (8) the general economic conditions and other internal or external factors that may have an impact on the business or financial performance and position of the Group; and
- (9) any other factors that the Board deems appropriate.

3. 向董事會作出查詢的程序

任何本公司股東有意就本公司向董事 會提出查詢可向本公司香港主要營業 地點(地址為香港九龍柯士甸道西1號 環球貿易廣場82樓01室)或本公司不時 通知之任何地址遞交其書面查詢,並 註明收件人為董事會主席及公司秘書。 於收到查詢後,本公司將會盡快作出 回覆。

股息政策

本公司已採納一項股息政策,旨在為董事會 確定是否向股東派付股息及將予支付的股 息水平提供指引。根據股息政策,在決定 是否建議派付股息及確定股息金額時,董 事會應考慮(其中包括)以下各項:

- (1) 本集團的實際及預期財務表現;
- (2) 本集團的預期營運資金需求、資本支 出需求及未來擴充計劃;
- (3) 本公司以及本集團各成員公司的保留 盈利及可供分派儲備;
- (4) 本集團的流動資金狀況;
- (5) 股東利益;
- (6) 税收考量;
- (7) 對信譽的潛在影響;
- (8) 整體經濟狀況以及可能影響本集團業 務或財務表現及狀況的其他內部或外 部因素;及
- (9) 董事會認為適當的任何其他因素。

The declaration and payment of dividends by the Company shall remain to be determined at the sole discretion of the Board and is also subject to any restrictions under the Companies Law of the Cayman Islands, the Listing Rules, the laws of Hong Kong and the Company's Memorandum and Articles of Association and any other applicable laws and regulations. The Company does not have any pre-determined dividend distribution ratio. The Company's dividend distribution record in the past may not be used as a reference or basis to determine the level of dividends that may be declared or paid by the Company in the future.

The Company will continually review the Dividend Policy and reserves the right in its sole and absolute discretion to update, amend and/or modify the Dividend Policy at any time, and the Dividend Policy shall in no way constitute a legally binding commitment by the Company that dividends will be paid in any particular amount and/or in no way obligate the Company to declare a dividend at any time or from time to time. 本公司宣派及派付股息應由董事會全權酌 情釐定,亦須遵守開曼群島公司法、上市規 則、香港法例及本公司組織章程大綱及細 則以及任何其他適用法律及法規的任何限 制。本公司並無任何預定股息分派比率。本 公司過往的股息分派記錄不應被用作確定本 公司日後可能宣派或支付的股息水平的參考 或依據。

本公司將持續檢討股息政策並保留按唯一及 絕對酌情權隨時更新、修訂及/或修改股息 政策的權利,而股息政策無論如何均不構成 本公司作出的關於將會以任何特定金額支付 股息的具有法律約束力的承諾,及/或無論 如何不為本公司施加於任何時間或不時宣派 股息的義務。



The Group contributes to sustainable development by delivering environmental, social and economic benefits to all stakeholders in a balanced way. This year, the Group is pleased to present our environmental, social and governance report for the year ended 31 March 2020 for the purpose of demonstrating our efforts on sustainable developments to our stakeholders.

This report has been prepared in accordance with the Environmental, Social and Governance Reporting Guide as set out in Appendix 27 to the Listing Rules and is divided into two parts, namely environmental and social.

MAJOR RECENT AWARDS AND RECOGNITIONS

本集團秉持採用均衡的方式為全體持份者 創造環境、社會和經濟方面的裨益,從而實 踐可持續發展。本年度,本集團欣然提呈截 至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度的環境、 社會及管治報告,以向持份者展示我們在可 持續發展作出的努力。

本報告乃根據上市規則附錄27所載之環境、 社會及管治報告指引所編製,並分為環境及 社會兩個部分。

近期主要獎項及認可



* renewed in April 2020 於二零二零年四月更新

* upgraded in May 2020 於二零二零年五月升級

ENVIRONMENTAL

環境、社會及管治報告



renewed in April 2020 於二零二零年四月更新

upgraded in April 2020 於二零二零年四月升級

#

ENVIRONMENTAL, SOCIAL AND GOVERNANCE REPORT 環境·社會及管治報告

A. ENVIRONMENTAL

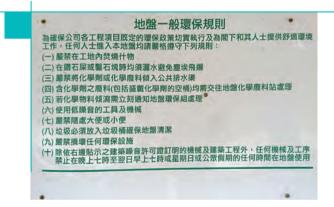
ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT POLICY

The Group is committed to carrying out construction works in a manner with minimal impact to the environment resulting from our business activities.



環境管理政策

本集團致力於施工進行過程中將我們的業務 活動對環境所造成的影響減至最低。



To minimise environmental impacts concerning our site activities, we shall:

- Comply with all the applicable legal requirements and the environmental aspects of the contractual obligations to which the Group subscribes.
- Prevent, reduce and eliminate pollution or any other degradation of environment resulting from the production process or from the use of goods and services.
- Reduce waste and minimise the consumption of resources.
- Try our endeavor to recycle practicable construction material in our design and construction process.
- Educate, train and motivate employees to carry out tasks in an environmentally responsible manner.
- Provide sufficient resources and facilities for the implementation of environmental nuisance abatement and waste management.
- Obtain and renew the necessary environmental licenses, registrations and permits.
- Encourage environmental protection among suppliers and subcontractors.

為減輕地盤工程對環境造成的影響,我們 會:

- 遵守所有適用法律規定及本集團所承 擔於對環境方面的合約責任。
- 防止、減少及杜絕於生產過程中或使 用貨品及服務時所造成的污染或以任 何其他形式令環境惡化。
- 減少廢棄物及資源消耗。
- 在我們的設計及施工過程中,我們竭力回收可再用的建築材料。
- 教育、培訓及鼓勵員工以對環境負責
 任的態度履行職務。
- 為實施減少對環境所造成滋擾及廢棄 物管理而提供充足的資源及設施。
- 取得及重續必需的環保牌照、註冊登
 記及許可。
- 鼓勵供應商及分包商提高環保意識。

<mark>環境、社會</mark>及管治報告

- Collect energy usage data for analysis and future planning and implementation.
- Commit to continual improvement of environmental performance.

The Group's environmental management system was accredited by Accredited Certification International Limited with ISO 14001 : 2015 and ISO 50001 : 2018 certifications.

REGULATORY COMPLIANCE:

The Group is committed to ensuring its businesses are operated in compliance with the following laws and regulations:

- a. Air Pollution Control Ordinance (Chapter 311 of the Laws of Hong Kong)
- Air Pollution Control (Non-road Mobile Machinery) (Emission) Regulation (Chapter 311Z of the Laws of Hong Kong)
- c. Noise Control Ordinance (Chapter 400 of the Laws of Hong Kong)
- d. Water Pollution Control Ordinance (Chapter 358 of the Laws of Hong Kong)
- e. Waste Disposal Ordinance (Chapter 354 of the Laws of Hong Kong)
- f. Environmental Impact Assessment Ordinance (Chapter 499 of the Laws of Hong Kong)
- g. Public Health and Municipal Services Ordinance (Chapter 132 of the Laws of Hong Kong)

- 收集能源用量數據以進行分析並用於 未來規劃及施行。
- 承諾持續改進環境績效。

本集團的環境管理體系獲國際認可認証 有限公司頒授ISO 14001 : 2015證書及 ISO 50001 : 2018證書。

監管合規:

f.

g.

本集團致力於確保其業務營運遵守以下法律 及規例:

- a. 空氣污染管制條例(香港法例第311章)
- b. 空氣污染管制(非道路移動機械)(排放) 規例(香港法例第311Z章)
- c. 噪音管制條例(香港法例第400章)
- d. 水污染管制條例(香港法例第358章)
- e. 廢棄物處置條例(香港法例第354章)
 - 環境影響評估條例(香港法例第499 章)
 - 公眾衞生及市政條例(香港法例第132 章)

環境·社會及管治報告

A(I) EMISSIONS

EMISSIONS

- (i) Since the Group did not have town gas fuel and town gas consumption during the year, therefore no emission data is available.
- (ii) During the year ended 31 March 2020, the Nitrogen Oxides (NOx), Sulfur Oxides (SOx), and Particulate Matter (PM) emitted from the consumption of towngas and the Group's motor vehicles are shown as below:

A(I) 排放物

排放物

- (i) 由於年內本集團並無城市燃料及燃氣 消耗,故無可用排放數據。
- (ii) 於截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度,城市燃氣消耗及本集團汽車排放的氮氧化物、硫氧化物及懸浮物列示如下:

		2020 emission 二零二零年 排放量 (approximately	2019 emission 二零一九年 排放量 (approximately	Increase 増加
Types of Emissions	排放物之種類	in gram) (約克)	in gram) (約克)	Percentage 百分比
NOx SOx PM	氮氧化物 硫氧化物 懸浮物	787.3 13,597.8 58.0	663.6 11,472.0 48.9	18.6 18.5 18.6

The greenhouse gas (the "GHG") emissions of the Group were mainly generated from scope 3. The Group always aims to reduce waste and minimise the consumption of electricity in order to tackle GHG emissions issue.

本集團的溫室氣體(「溫室氣體」)排放主要產 生自第三範圍。本集團一貫致力減少廢棄物 及盡量削減用電,以解決溫室氣體排放問 題。

<mark>環境、社會</mark>及管治報告

The table below highlights our carbon footprint during the year ended 31 March 2020.

下表列示我們於截至二零二零年三月三十一 日止年度的碳足跡。

		2020	2019	Increase/
		Emission	Emission	(decrease)
		二零二零年	二零一九年	
		排放量	排放量	增加/(減少)
		(approximately	(approximately	
		in tonnes	in tonnes	
		of CO ₂)	of CO ₂)	Percentage
		(二氧化碳	(二氧化碳	Ŭ
Scope of GHG	溫室氣體之範圍	概約噸數)	概約噸數)	百分比
Scope 1 – direct emission	第一範圍一直接排放物	1,845.7	1,551.2	19.0
Scope 2 – indirect emission	第二範圍一間接排放物	150.3	181.0	(17.0)
Scope 3 – other indirect	第三範圍一其他間接	10010	101.0	(17.0)
emission	界二轮回 只他间及 排放物	43,488.0	144,219.8	(69.8)
emission	J7F /JX 1//J	10,100.0	144,213.0	(03.0)
T + + / >		45 404 0		
Total (a)	總計(a)	45,484.0	145,952.0	(68.8)
Total average floor area	總平均佔地面積			
(approximately in m ²) (b)	(平方米約數)(b)	23,247	20,295.0	14.5
Intensity (tonnes of CO ₂ /m ²)	密度(二氧化碳噸數/			
(d)=(a)/(b)	平方米) (d)=(a)/(b)	2.0	7.2	(72.2)
			112	(. =.=)

HAZARDOUS WASTE

To the best of our Directors' knowledge, we believe that our business does not generate any material amount of hazardous waste during our construction process.

有害廢棄物

據董事所深知,我們相信我們的業務於施工 過程中並沒有產生任何重大有害廢棄物。

環境、社會及管治報告

NON-HAZARDOUS WASTE

Due to the business nature of our Group, certain construction waste is generated in our construction process. The construction waste is disposed of at landfills or sold for recycling purposes. During the year ended 31 March 2020, the total construction waste disposed of at landfills and sold for recycling was approximately 66,924 tonnes (2019: 30,046 tonnes) and approximately 72,120 kg (2019: 227,936 kg) respectively. Our Group always tries our best endeavor to recycle practicable construction material in our design and construction process.

無害廢棄物

鑒於本集團的業務性質,在我們施工過程 中會產生若干建築廢棄物。建築廢棄物棄 置於堆填區或出售以供回收之效。截至二 零二零年三月三十一日止年度,棄置於堆填 區及出售以供回收的建築廢棄物總量分別 為約66,924噸(二零一九年:30,046噸)及約 72,120千克(二零一九年:227,936千克)。在 我們的設計及施工過程中,本集團一直竭力 回收可再用的建築材料。



CONTRIBUTION TO GREEN BUILDINGS

Most of our customers had registered BEAM (Building Environment Assessment Method) Plus for their new building projects. Being one of the contractors of the customers, we are actively seeking opportunities to increase our contribution on the green building projects. We closely work with clients to support their projects in attaining the target BEAM Plus rating. The Group also encourages our employees to undertake trainings on green building to enable the Group contribute more in the area of green building in the future.

綠建貢獻

我們大多數客戶已就其新建築項目登記BEAM (建築環境評估法)Plus。作為客戶其中一名 承建商,我們積極尋求機會為綠建項目作出 更多貢獻。我們與客戶密切合作,支持其項 目取得目標BEAM Plus評級。本集團亦鼓勵 僱員參加綠建培訓,令本集團日後可在綠建 領域多作貢獻。

ENVIRONMENTAL, SOCIAL AND GOVERNANCE REPORT 環境·社會及管治報告

The Group also adopts certain methods for the reduction of dust emissions by applying water sprays and using canvas at our construction sites.

本集團亦已採取若干措施,透過於地盤灑水 及使用帆布防塵,以達致減少粉塵擴散的 效果。



Moreover, certain machineries of the Group and those newly purchased machineries complied with the emission standards of Stage IIA of the European Union.

此外,本集團的若干機器設備及該等新購買 的機器設備均符合歐盟IIA期排放標準。





In summary, to the best of our Directors' knowledge, there was no material non-compliance with the applicable local rules and regulations relating to air emissions, GHG emissions, water and land discharges, and generation of hazardous and non-hazardous wastes in all material aspects.

概括而言,就董事所深知,於所有重大方面 並無嚴重違反與氣體排放、溫室氣體排放、 廢水排放及土地排污以及產生有害及無害 廢棄物相關的適用當地法規及規例。

ENVIRONMENTAL, SOCIAL AND GOVERNANCE REPORT 環境、社會及管治報告

A(II) USE OF RESOURCES

The main resources used by the Group in the construction process are electricity, water, diesel, petrol and acetylene. In order to be an environmentally responsible corporation, the Group has implemented environmental management policy and internal principles so as to minimise wastage and avoid excessive usage of precious resources. For example, certain construction wastewater is collected and treated for reuse on construction sites for suitable construction process. In addition, the Group uses water tank in order to reduce the consumption of water at our construction site.

As the Group's operations are based in Hong Kong, we believe that there is no material issue in sourcing water that is fit for purpose.



During the year ended 31 March 2020, the energy consumption by type in total of the Group are showed as below:

A(II) 資源使用

本集團在施工過程中使用的主要資源為電 力、水、柴油、汽油及乙炔。為矢志成為一 家對環境負責的企業,本集團已實施環境管 理政策及內部原則,以減少浪費及避免過 度使用寶貴的資源。例如,我們會於地盤收 集及處理若干施工廢水,再於合適的施工過 程中重複使用。此外,本集團於我們的地盤 使用水箱以減少用水。

由於本集團之營運位於香港,故我們認為在 尋求適用水源方面並無重大問題。



於截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度,本 集團按種類劃分的能源消耗總量列示如下:

Direct/Indirect Energy by Type	直接/間接 能源之種類	2020 usage 二零二零年 使用量 (approximately) (約)	2019 usage 二零一九年 使用量 (approximately) (約)	Unit/total floor areas* 單位/ 總佔地面積*	Increase/ (decrease) 増加 ∕ (減少) Percentage 百分比
Oil	燃油	423.7	409.0	kWh/m² 千瓦時/平方米	3.6
Electricity	電力	12.0	16.5	kWh/m² 千瓦時/平方米	(27.3)

* Total floor area was 23,247 m² in 2020 (2019: 20,295 m²)

The Group always promotes and implements "green" concept within our Group for environmental purpose. Details of which are further disclosed in the section "The Environment and Natural Resources" below.

* 二零二零年總佔地面積為23,247平方米(二零一九年: 20,295平方米)

本集團一直於本集團內部提倡及實施「綠色」 環保理念。有關詳情進一步披露於下文「環 境及天然資源」一節。

<mark>環境、社會</mark>及管治報告

TOTAL PACKAGING MATERIAL USED FOR FINISHED PRODUCTS

Due to the business nature of our Group, we believe that it is not applicable to our Group.

A(III) THE ENVIRONMENT AND NATURAL RESOURCES

Protecting the environment is the responsibility of every staff in the Group. Our Group is committed to sustainable construction and minimising any adverse impact on the environment resulting from our business activities.

Our Group is committed to delivering services with minimal impact to the environment through the following principles:

- Focus on energy management throughout energy planning including design, review, monitoring performance as critical considerations within our core management process;
- Compliance with the environmental aspects of the applicable legal requirements and the other requirements to which the Group subscribes;
- Regular performance reviews to ensure that energy objectives and the requirements of interested parties are met;
- Provision of staff training to ensure understanding, implementation and development of those principles throughout our business; and
- Continual improvement.

The Group was awarded Hong Kong Green Organisation Certification, Energywi\$e - Certificate - Basic Level, by Environmental Campaign Committee.



製成品所用包裝材料的總量

鑒於本集團的業務性質,我們認為此項事宜 並不適用於本集團。

A(III) 環境及天然資源

本集團每一名員工均有保護環境的責任。本 集團致力實施可持續施工,並將業務活動對 環境所造成的任何負面影響減至最低。

本集團按以下原則,致力提供對環境產生最 小影響的服務:

- 專注於透過能源規劃進行能源管理, 包括設計、檢討、監督履行情況,作 為我們核心管理過程的關鍵考量因素;
- 本集團遵守環保方面的適用法律要求 及其他要求;
- 定期檢討表現以確保能達致相關訂約 方的能源目標及要求;
- 提供員工培訓,確保員工於我們的業務中了解、履行及發展該等原則;及
- ▶ 持續改善。

本集團獲環境運動委員會頒發香港綠色機 構認證一節能證書一基礎級別。

ENVIRONMENTAL, SOCIAL AND GOVERNANCE REPORT 環境、社會及管治報告

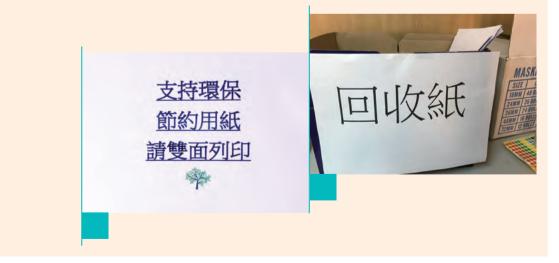
The Group always promotes and implements "green" concept within our Group mainly through the following measures:

本集團主要透過下列措施於本集團內經常推 廣及實施「綠色」概念:

- Office power saving: Recommendation to turn off lights and air-conditioning when not in use and log off computer and turn off the screen when not in use or during lunch hours.
- 辦公室節能:建議於無需使用照明及冷氣時關掉 電燈及空調並於無需使用電腦時或於午飯期間登 出電腦及關閉顯示屏。

むのかいです。
 ひのかいでは、
 てのかいでは、
 ひのかいでは、
 むのかいでは、
 むのかいでは、
 むのかいでは、
 むのかいでは、
 むのかいでは、
 むのかいでは、

- Paper saving: Use of email and other computer system for document review purposes, reduction in printing and use of recycled paper.
- 節約用紙:使用電郵及其他電腦系統檢閱文件,減少列印並使用循環回收紙。



<mark>環境、社會</mark>及管治報告

• Reduction of the usage of bottled water: Recommendation to use reusable cups to reduce the use of plastic bottles.

 減少使用樽裝水:建議使用可再用水杯以便減少 使用膠樽。



- LED T8 lamps: Implementation of LED T8 lamps phase by phase for environmental protection purpose.
- T8 LED燈:分階段安裝T8 LED燈以達致環保效果。



- Noise control: Site working hours restricted to 7:00 a.m. to 7:00 p.m. (except for those construction sites being granted construction noise permit).
- Sound level meters are used in construction sites to monitor the noise level.
- Install noise barriers in construction sites to reduce the noise emission during construction.
- 噪音管制:地盤工作時間限定為早上7時正至晚上 7時正(個別地盤獲授建築噪音許可證除外)。
- 於地盤採用噪音計監察噪音量。
- 於地盤安裝隔音屏障以減少施工時的噪音排放。







環境、社會及管治報告

*B. SOCIAL*B(I) EMPLOYMENT

EMPLOYMENT

The Group's employment policy manages its staff recruitment, salary adjustments and promotions and equal opportunities and non-discrimination (such as gender, marital status, disability, age, race, family status, sexual orientation, nationality and religion). As at 31 March 2020, the Group had 4 employees who are not Chinese. Our Group's employment policy is structured to comply with the Employment Ordinance (Cap. 57), the Employees' Compensation Ordinance (Cap. 282), the Personal Data (Privacy) Ordinance (Cap. 486), Sex Discrimination Ordinance (Cap. 487) and the Minimum Wage Ordinance (Cap. 608) of the Laws of Hong Kong. During the year ended 31 March 2020, to the best of our Directors' knowledge, we did not identify any material non-compliance or breach of legislation.

The Group has a written policy on compensation, dismissal, working hours, rest periods, staff benefits, staff training and health and safety. The Group also targets to provide a friendly, comfortable and decent working environment and career growth opportunities to our staff.

The Group is always highly committed to attracting and retaining suitable talents in the competitive labour market in order to maintain its competitiveness in the industry.

The Group has been recognised as a Family-Friendly Employer since 2014 by the Family Council. The Group was also recognised as a Manpower Developer in 2018 by Employees Retraining Board.

B. 社會 B(I) 僱傭

僱傭

本集團的僱傭政策管理其人才招聘、薪金調整及晉升以及平等機會及非歧視(如於性別、 婚姻狀況、殘疾、年齡、種族、家庭狀況、 性取向、國籍及宗教方面)。於二零二零年三 月三十一日,本集團有4名非華裔僱員。本集 團的僱傭政策乃遵照香港法例第57章《僱傭 補償條例》、香港法例第282章《僱傭補償條例》、 香港法例第486章《個人資料(私隱)條例》、 香港法例第480章《性別歧視條例》、香港法 例第487章《殘疾歧視條例》及香港法例第608 章《最低工資條例》制訂。截至二零二零年三 月三十一日止年度,就董事所深知,我們並 無發現任何重大不合規或違法的事宜。

本集團訂有書面政策規管薪酬、解散、工作 時數、假期、員工福利、員工培訓以及健康 及安全方面的事宜。本集團亦以為其員工締 造和諧舒適且得宜兼俱的工作環境以及創 造事業發展機會為目標。

本集團一直致力於吸引及挽留競爭激烈勞動 市場中的合適人才,以維持其行業競爭力。

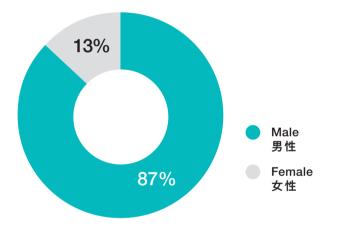
本集團自二零一四年起獲家庭議會評為「家 庭友善僱主」。另外,本集團亦於二零一八年 獲僱員再培訓局頒發「人才企業」。



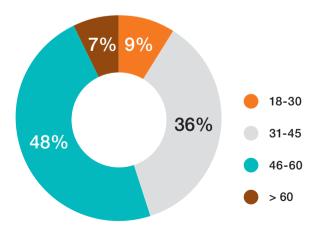
<mark>環境、社會</mark>及管治報告

As at 31 March 2020, the Group had 132 (2019: 137) employees. Most of the Group's employees are foundation workers in Hong Kong. Below are certain key charts in relation to our employment aspects.

2020 Employee distribution by gender 二零二零年按性別劃分之員工比例

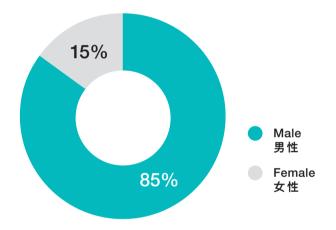


2020 Employee distribution by age 二零二零年按年齡劃分之員工比例

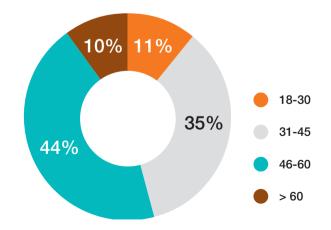


於二零二零年三月三十一日,本集團有132名 (二零一九年:137名)僱員。本集團大部分僱 員為香港地基工人。以下為與僱傭方面相關 的若干主要圖表。

2019 Employee distribution by gender 二零一九年按性別劃分之員工比例



2019 Employee distribution by age 二零一九年按年齡劃分之員工比例



ENVIRONMENTAL, SOCIAL AND GOVERNANCE REPORT 環境、社會及管治報告

B(II) HEALTH AND SAFETY





B(II) 健康及安全



The Group's health and safety policy is to achieve a safe working environment which maintains a high standard of the safety, health and welfare and to take every reasonably practicable safety measure to protect all people working on site and the public from danger, and to take all possible measures to minimise the nuisance generated to the nearby area.

Compliance with the law and contractual requirements is regarded as the minimum standard of safety, health and welfare in our strategy at all times. We are committed to improving the health and safety performance continuously through regular training, inspection and audit. Notwithstanding that our ultimate aim is the elimination of all accidents, our immediate target is zero fatalities and to limit the accident frequency rate to less than 0.6 reportable accident per 100,000 man-hour. We recorded zero reportable accident during the year ended 31 March 2020 (2019: zero). 本集團之健康及安全政策旨在創造一個具有 高水準安全、健康及福利的安全工作環境, 並採取所有合理切實可行的安全措施保障 所有於地盤工作之人員及公眾安全,並盡可 能減少對鄰近區域造成的滋擾。

遵守法例及合約規定一直被視作為我們在安 全、健康及福利方面之最低標準的政策。我 們致力透過定期培訓、審查及審核而持續 改善健康及安全表現。縱使我們的最終目標 為杜絕任何意外,但我們的短期目標則設為 零死亡率,並限制須予呈報事故發生率為每 100,000工時少於0.6宗。截至二零二零年三 月三十一日止年度,我們錄得零宗須予呈報 事故(二零一九年:零宗)。

<mark>環境、社會</mark>及管治報告



Subsequent to the reporting period and in May 2020, there was 1 fatal accident.

INTERNAL AND EXTERNAL SAFETY TRAINING

Safety is always our prime concern. All our staff are briefed and trained with safety knowledge regularly to ensure that everyone understands the risks of the task they are involved, has safety consciousness and is familiar with safety precautions.

Our safety department is responsible for advising and assisting management, project and operation staff, implementing our safety management system, setting up in-house rules and providing safety information and training.

Our subcontractors are formally notified and required to comply with our policy and safety procedures.

To ensure our safety policy is well implemented, we will provide adequate resources, and have different degrees of disciplinary action, including warning and dismissal, to one who fails to follow the safety policy and requirements.

Our Board, management, all supervisory and safety personnel positively implement the safety policy and make every effort to meet the target of zero accident.

於報告期後及於二零二零年五月,曾發生1 起致命意外。

內部及外部安全培訓

我們一貫視安全為重中之重。我們定期向全 體員工簡介及傳授安全知識,以確保所有人 均了解彼等的工作風險,並具備安全意識及 熟悉安全預防措施。

我們的安全部門負責向管理層、項目及營運 人員提供意見及協助,以便推行我們的安全 管理制度、制定內部規定,並提供安全資訊 及培訓。

我們亦已正式通知我們的分包商並要求其 遵守我們的政策及安全程序。

為確保有效推行我們的安全政策,我們將就 此分配足夠的資源,並對違反安全政策及 規定的人員實施不同程度的紀律處分,包括 警告及開除。

我們的董事會、管理層、所有督查和安全人 員均積極實施安全政策,並竭力達致零事故 的目標。

ENVIRONMENTAL, SOCIAL AND GOVERNANCE REPORT 環境、社會及管治報告

Our Corporate Safety Management Committee updates our safety policy annually in accordance with the latest legislation and safety regulations.

An independent health and safety audit at the corporate level is conducted annually in order to verify the effectiveness, efficiency and reliability of safety and health management system against criteria stipulated as well as to identify areas for improvement.

The Group's occupational health and safety management system has been certified in compliance with ISO 45001 : 2018 by Accredited Certification International Limited.

我們的企業安全管理委員會根據最新法律 及安全條例每年更新我們的安全政策。

每年我們會於企業層面進行獨立的健康及 安全審核,從而根據訂明的標準來核查安全 及健康管理系統的有效性、效率及可靠性, 並找出需要改進的地方。

本集團的職業健康及安全管理系統已獲國際認可認証有限公司頒發ISO 45001:2018 認證。



B(III) DEVELOPMENT AND TRAINING

The Group always promotes a continuous learning and development culture within our Group and provides in-house training for all new staff. We also have a training sponsorship program in order to encourage and support our staff to pursue their professional development through external training.

During the year ended 31 March 2020, the Group provided various trainings to our employees, especially for occupational safety trainings.

B(IV) LABOUR STANDARDS

As the Group's operations are based in Hong Kong, we believe that there is no material risks inherent to child labour and forced labour. During the year ended 31 March 2020, to the best of our Directors' knowledge, we did not identify any material breaches in such area.

B(III) 發展與培訓

本集團一直於本集團內提倡持續學習及發展 之文化,並向所有新聘員工提供內部培訓。 我們亦已設立培訓資助計劃,從而鼓勵及支 持我們的員工透過外部培訓進行專業進修。

截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度,本集 團為僱員提供多種培訓,尤其是職業安全 培訓。

B(IV) 勞工準則

由於本集團之營運位於香港,故我們認為有 關童工及強制勞工並不存在重大固有風險。 截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度,就董 事所深知,我們於該方面並無發現任何重 大違規事項。

<mark>環境、社會</mark>及管治報告

B(V) SUPPLY CHAIN MANAGEMENT

The Group has been assessed and certified by Accredited Certification International Limited that our quality management system, which governs our daily operation for quality control and improvement, had met the accreditation requirements of ISO 9001 : 2015.

As discussed in the "Health and Safety" section, our subcontractors have been formally notified and required to comply with our policy and safety procedure.



B(V) 供應鏈管理

本集團已獲國際認可認証有限公司評估及認證,認定我們用於監管日常質量監控及改進 的質量管理系統已符合ISO 9001 : 2015認 證要求。

如「健康及安全」一節所述,我們亦已正式通 知我們的分包商並要求其遵守我們的政策 及安全程序。

The Group also holds regular visits for monitoring and inspecting the qualities of the goods supplied by our suppliers and work performed by our subcontractors.

B(VI) PRODUCT RESPONSIBILITIES

The Group's principal business is the provision of foundation services in Hong Kong. Therefore, the products and services we provide have limited relationship with advertising and labeling. Nevertheless, the Group is highly committed to delivering quality services to our customers through flexibility and capability in providing foundation designs, contributing professional advices and making appropriate adjustments. We tackle any issue raised by our customers by rectifying it within a reasonable time and ensuring our customers' satisfaction.

DATA PRIVACY AND INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY RIGHTS

The Group always emphasizes the importance of the protection of intellectual property rights. We have marketed our business in Hong Kong using **1** as our trademark which was properly registered in Hong Kong in 2015. The Group will only use lawful software licenses for compliance purpose. There are also written policies in our staff manual to govern the areas in the control of confidential information.

本集團亦定期視察及檢查我們供應商所供應的貨品質量及我們分包商的工作情況。

B(VI) 產品責任

本集團的主要業務為於香港提供地基服務。 因此,我們提供的產品及服務與廣告及標籤 活動無甚關係。儘管如此,本集團矢志憑藉 靈活以及技能提供地基設計、獻出專業意 見及作出相應調整,為求向我們的客戶提供 優質服務。我們會在合理時間內針對客戶提 出的任何問題作出補救措施,以確保客戶滿 意。

資料私隱及知識產權

本集團一直注重保障知識產權的重要性, 在推廣香港業務時使用**6**(已於二零一五年 在香港正式註冊)作為我們的商標。為遵守 法規,本集團僅會使用合法許可的軟件。同 時,我們的員工手冊中亦有書面政策涵蓋監 控保密資料的事宜。

環境、社會及管治報告

B(VII) ANTI-CORRUPTION

Integrity is one of the core values of our Group. There are written policies in our staff manual to govern the areas in the avoidance of bribery and corruption, extortion, fraud, money laundering, conflicts of interests, allowable acceptance of gifts or entertainment and the control of confidential information. It strictly applies to all levels of our staff.

A formal whistle-blowing policy was adopted in the second guarter of 2017 for corporate governance purpose.

To the best of our Directors' knowledge, we are not aware of any legal cases regarding corrupt practices brought against the Group or our staff during the year ended 31 March 2020.

B(VIII) COMMUNITY INVESTMENT

Although there is no specific strategy in community investment, the Group takes our responsibilities to the communities of Hong Kong very seriously.

B(VII) 反貪污

本集團視誠信為其核心價值之一。我們的員 工手冊中亦有書面政策涵蓋防止賄賂及貪 污、勒索、詐騙、洗黑錢、利益衝突、釐定 可接受禮品或餽贈的範圍以及監控保密資 料的事宜。我們所有級別的員工均須嚴格遵 守該等政策。

為實施企業管治,我們於二零一七年第二季 度採用正式的檢舉政策。

據董事所深知,截至二零二零年三月三十一 日止年度,我們並不知悉有任何法律個案涉 及本集團或其員工的貪污行為。

B(VIII) 社區投資

本集團雖在社區投資方面並無特定策略,本 集團仍認真地對香港社區負責。

ENVIRONMENTAL, SOCIAL AND GOVERNANCE REPORT 環境·社會及管治報告

As a Family-Friendly Employer, we always show our kindness and care to our staff. There are written policies in our staff manual, including the education sponsorship program to our staff, a long service award to our staff for working over 5 years, a continuous 6 days' paternity leave for each confinement of our male staff's spouse/ partner, a continuous 6 days' marriage leave for our staff, a birthday leave for our staff and a continuous 2 days' compassionate leave for our staff for social responsibilities purposes.

作為一家「家庭友善僱主」的企業,我們一直 努力讓每名員工感受真誠和關愛。我們的員 工手冊亦有書面政策,包括為我們的員工提 供教育資助、為我們工作五年以上的員工頒 發長期服務大獎、於我們的男性員工的配 偶/伴侶分娩時提供連續六天陪產假、向 我們的員工提供連續六天婚假、向我們的員 工提供生日假以及向我們的員工提供連續兩 天喪假,以履行社會責任。



①劍虹 企達高 年晚宴2019 调 ANNUAL DINNER

Besides, the Group holds various events for our staff annually. In order to make these events joyful and successful, our senior and top management are always generous to make kind contributions on occasion such as "lucky draw gifts" or "games prizes" to our staffs. 此外,我們每年為員工舉行不同活動。我們 的高級及最高管理層在「幸運抽獎禮品」或「遊 戲獎品」等環節中一直慷慨提供獎品獎金, 以增添活動樂趣,務求令員工盡興而歸。

LUCKY DRAW EVENTS



幸運抽獎活動



PROFILE OF DIRECTORS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT

董事及高級管理層履歷

EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

Mr. Chen Rongsheng ("Mr. Chen"), aged 50, is an entrepreneur in the PRC with his business and investment involved in various sectors which include integrated circuit card and electronic labels, e-commerce, fintech and virtual game platform. He obtained an EMBA degree jointly awarded by the National Taiwan University in Taiwan and Fudan University in the PRC in January 2014. Mr. Chen has more than 17 years of experience in information technology. He has worked in New Doone Technology Company Limited* (新東 網科技有限公司), a wholly owned subsidiary of Tatwah Smartech Company Limited (福州達華智能科技股份有限公司). a company listed on the Shenzhen Stock Exchange (stock code: 002512) and is principally engaged in the development of radiofrequency identification technology such as integrated circuit cards and electronic labels since 2001 with his current position as the chief executive officer. Since 2014, Mr. Chen has been appointed as a director and the chief executive of Tatwah Smartech Company Limited. Mr. Chen also invests in companies which are principally engaged in e-commerce, fintech or virtual game platform in the PRC.

Mr. Guan Jingdong ("Mr. Guan"), aged 56, has over 25 years of experience in banking and finance. He obtained a bachelor of finance and taxation from Heilongjiang University in the PRC in December 2003. In April 1993, he joined the branch credit management department of China Everbright Bank. Later in February 2001, he was promoted to be the assistant of the branch general manager. He was further promoted to be the vice branch general manager in January 2002. In March 2009 he served as the branch general manager until July 2014 when he left China Everbright bank. After leaving China Everbright Bank, he was employed by Runxing Financial Leasing Company Limited* (潤興融資租賃有限公司) as the vice president from July 2014 to November 2017. From October 2017 to April 2018 he worked in Tatwah Smartech Company Limited* (中山達華智能科技股份有限公司) as the vice president.

執行董事

陳融聖先生(「陳先生」),50歲,為中國企業 家,其業務及投資涉及多個界別,包括集成 電路卡及電子標籤、電子商務、金融科技及 虚擬遊戲平台。彼於二零一四年一月獲得台 灣國立台灣大學及中國復旦大學聯合頒發的 行政人員工商管理碩士學位。陳先生於資訊 科技領域擁有逾17年經驗。彼曾任職於新 東網科技有限公司,該公司為深圳證券交易 所上市公司福州達華智能科技股份有限公司 (股份代號:002512)之全資附屬公司,其自 二零零一年起主要從事射頻識別技術的開 發,如集成電路卡及電子標籤,而陳先生現 職為行政總裁。自二零一四年起,陳先生獲 委任為中山達華智能科技股份有限公司之董 事及行政總裁。陳先生亦投資於中國主要從 事電子商務、金融科技或虛擬遊戲平台的公 司。

關靜東先生(「關先生」),56歲,於銀行及金 融業擁有逾25年經驗。彼於二零零三年十二 月獲得中國黑龍江大學財税專業學士學位。 於一九三年四月,彼加入中國光大銀行分 行信貸管理部門。隨後於二零零一年二月, 彼潤升為分行總經理助理。彼於二零零二年 一月進一步擢升為分行總經理,一直職 一月進一步擢升為分行總經理,一直職 上 一月進一步握升為分行總經理,一直職 上 一月進一步握升為分行總經理,一直職 上 一月進一步 握 一四年七月彼自中國光大銀行 離職止 月 至二零一二年十一月,彼受僱於潤興融資租 員至二零一八年四月,彼任職於中山達華智 能科技股份有限公司,擔任副總裁。

* For identification purposes only

INDEPENDENT NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

Dr. Luo Tiejian ("Dr. Luo"), aged 57. He obtained the bachelor of computer software in Guangxi University in the PRC in July 1984. He then obtained the master in computer application in the 6th Research Institute of China Electronics Industry* (中國電子工業部第六研究所) in the PRC in March 1990 and the doctor of computer software and theory in the University of Chinese Academy of Sciences (中國科學院 大學) in the PRC in January 2001. He worked in Guangxi University from 1984 to 2000 and was later transferred to the University of Chinese Academy of Sciences in 2001. He has been a professor in the University of Chinese Academy of Sciences since 2001. He has rich experience and achievements in machine intelligence, software systems, learning science and information planning. He took charge of and completed more than 20 national and corporate projects. He has published over 100 academic papers and 1 English monograph. He holds more than 30 software copyrights and invention patents. He was also granted the first prize of excellent instructor in the "National Intelligent Design Competition for College Students*" from the Chinese Association for Artificial Intelligence and the Zhu-Li-Yuehua Outstanding Teacher Award* from the Chinese Academy of Sciences.

Professor Lu Haitian ("Prof. Lu"), aged 40, has over 14 years of experience in accounting and law. He obtained a bachelor of international economic law from Nanjing University in the PRC in June 2001, a master of laws from the University of Liverpool in the United Kingdom in December 2002, and a Doctor of Philosophy from the National University of Singapore in June 2007. He served at the School of Accounting and Finance in the Hong Kong Polytechnic University first as a visiting lecturer in law from September 2005 to June 2007. Assistant professor in law from June 2007 to June 2012, Associate Professor in law from July 2012 to June 2018, and Professor in law since July 2018. Since January 2018, Prof. Lu has been appointed as the Associate Dean (External Relations and Development) in the Facility of Business of the Hong Kong Polytechnic University. Prof. Lu has been appointed the director of Chinese Mainland Affairs Office since February 2020.

Prof. Lu has been appointed as an independent non-executive director of Loto Interactive Limited (formerly known as MelcoLot Limited), a company listed on the GEM of the Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange") (stock code: 8198) since July 2017.

獨立非執行董事

羅鐵堅博士(「羅博士」),57歲。彼於一九 八四年七月獲得中國廣西大學電腦軟件專 業學士學位。彼隨後於一九九零年三月獲 得中國電子工業部第六研究所電腦應用專業 碩士學位。且於二零零一年一月獲得中國科 學院大學電腦軟件及理論專業博士學位。彼 一九八四年至二零零零年任職於廣西大學, 隨後於二零零一年調至中國科學院大學。彼 自二零零一年起一直擔任中國科學院大學教 授。彼在機器智能、軟件系統、學習科學和 信息規劃等方面有豐富經驗和成果。彼主 持完成了20多項國家級和企業項目。彼發表 了100多篇學術論文和1部英文專著。彼擁有 30多項軟件著作權和發明專利。彼亦獲得 中國人工智能學會《全國大學生智能設計競 賽》優秀指導教師一等獎及中國科學院朱李 月華優秀教師獎。

陸海天教授(「陸教授」),40歲,於會計及法 律領域擁有逾14年經驗。彼於二零零一年六 月獲得中國南京大學國際經濟法專業學士 學位,於二零零二年十二月獲得英國利物浦 大學法學碩士學位及於二零零七年六月獲 得新加坡國立大學哲學博士學位。彼自二零 零五年九月至二零零七年六月任職於香港理 工大學會計及金融學院,初始擔任法學訪問 講師、自二零零七年六月至二零一二年六月 擔任法學助理教授、自二零一二年七月至二 零一八年六月擔任法學副教授、自二零一八 年七月起擔任法學教授。自二零一八年一月 起,陸教授獲委任為香港理工大學工商管理 學院副院長教授(外務及發展事務)。陸教授 自二零二零年二月起出任中國內地事務處總 虧。

陸教授自二零一七年七月起獲委任為樂透 互娱有限公司(前稱為新濠環彩有限公司, 一間於香港聯合交易所有限公司(「聯交所」) GEM上市的公司,股份代號:8198)的獨立 非執行董事。

For identification purposes only

僅供識別

Mr. Liu Xin ("Mr. Liu"), aged 42, has over 18 years of experience in investment consultancy and accounting. He obtained a Bachelor of Accountancy degree from the Jinan University in the PRC in June 2001. He worked in PriceWaterhouseCoopers for 8 years with his last position as the senior manager in the advisory department. He then served in Shanghai Fosun High Technology (Group) Company Limited* (上海復星高科技(集團)有限公司) (a subsidiary of Fosun International Limited, a company listed on the Stock Exchange (stock code: 656)) from July 2011 to September 2015 as the chief financial officer of Fosun Kinzon Capital. From October 2015 to February 2019, he was the chief operating officer and a member of the investment committee of Shoreline Capital Management Ltd. Since March 2019, he has been the chief operating officer of Vision Plus Capital. Mr. Liu is a registered accountant of the Chinese Institute of Certified Public Accountants since December 2004.

SENIOR MANAGEMENT

Mr. Yu Shiu Tin, Paul ("Mr. Yu"), aged 70, is an executive director of a major subsidiary of our Group, K. H. Foundations Limited (the "K. H. Foundations"). He is primarily responsible for overseeing the marketing work and contract strategy of the K. H. Foundations and is appointed as an authorised signatory under specialist contractor licensing. Mr. Yu has also been appointed as the Technical Director to act for the purpose of the Buildings Ordinance (Chapter 123 of the Laws of Hong Kong) for K. H. Foundations. He has over 40 years of experience in the foundation, construction and engineering industry in Hong Kong. Mr. Yu founded K. H. Foundations in 1985 and has been the director of K. H. Foundations since then. Over the 30 years of directorship in K. H. Foundations, Mr. Yu had the opportunity to go through various development and construction projects of both the public sector and the private sector in Hong Kong including, but not limited to schools, hotels, infrastructure projects and government buildings.

Mr. Yu graduated from the Syracuse University in New York, the United States and obtained a Bachelor's degree in Civil Engineering and a Master's degree in Engineering Administration in May 1973 and December 1974, respectively. In 1981, Mr. Yu was a director of the Tung Wah Group of Hospitals and was subsequently elected as chairman of the Tung Wah Group of Hospitals in 1988 and served as the chairman until 1989.

* For identification purposes only

劉昕先生(「劉先生」),42歲,於投資諮詢 及會計行業擁有逾18年經驗。彼於二零零 一年六月獲得中國暨南大學會計專業學士 學位。彼於羅兵咸永道會計師事務所任職 8年,離職前為諮詢部門的高級經理。彼隨 後於二零一一年七月至二零一五年九月於上 海復星高科技(集團)有限公司(復星國際有 限公司的附屬公司,復星國際有限公司為一 家於聯交所上市的公司,股份代號:656)擔 任復星昆仲資本的財務總監。彼自二零一 五年十月起至二零一九年二月擔任Shoreline Capital Management Ltd.的營運總監及投資 委員會成員。自二零一九年三月起,彼一百 擔任Vision Plus Capital的營運總監。劉先生 自二零零四年十二月起為中國註冊會計師協 會的註冊會計師。

高級管理層

余嘯天先生(「余先生」),70歲,為本集團一間主要附屬公司劍虹地基有限公司(「劍虹地基有限公司(「劍虹地基))的執行董事。彼主要負責監督劍虹地基的市場營銷工作及合約策略,並獲委任為海衛的獲授權簽署人。余先生亦獲 鬥承建商發牌的獲授權簽署人。余先生亦獲 委任為技術總監以確保劍虹地基遵守香港 (建築及工程行業擁有逾40年經驗。余 先生於一九八五年創辦劍虹地基,並自此一 直擔任劍虹地基的董事。在劍虹地基擔任 董事總經理逾30年,余先生有機會參與香 港公營及私營領域的不同發展與建築項目, 包括但不限於學校、酒店、基建工程及政府 樓宇。

余先生畢業於美國紐約雪城大學(Syracuse University),並分別於一九七三年五月及一九 七四年十二月取得土木工程學士學位及工程 管理碩士學位。於一九八一年,余先生為東 華三院的總理,其後於一九八八年獲選舉為 東華三院的主席,並擔任主席至一九八九年 止。

僅供識別

Mr. Yu was appointed by the government to sit in various advisory bodies since 1982. He was appointed as a member of the Board of Management of the Chinese Permanent Cemeteries from 1982 to 2003, a member of the Antiquities Advisory Board from 1992 to 1996, a member of the Registered Contractors' Disciplinary Board Panel from 1993 to 1996, a member of the Council of the Hong Kong Institute of Education from 1994 to 1998, a member of the Administrative Appeals Board from 1994 to 2000, a member of the Hospital Authority from 2001 to 2009, the chairman of the Hospital Governing Committee of the Tuen Mun Hospital from 2004 to 2014 and a member of the Advisory Board of the Tung Wah Group of Hospitals until 2019. Currently, he is a member of the Hospital Governing Committee of Queen Mary Hospital and Tsan Yuk Hospital. He was awarded Justice of the Peace (Non-official) by the government in 1989 and is a member in the Most Excellent Order of the British Empire in 1994. In 2007, Mr. Yu was awarded the Bronze Bauhinia Star by the government of the Hong Kong Special Administrative Region. He was admitted as a fellow member of the Hong Kong Institute of Builders and the Hong Kong Institute of Construction Managers in May 1997.

He is currently an independent non-executive director of Continental Holdings Limited (stock code: 00513), a company listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange.

Mr. Yeung Sau Ming, Boris ("Mr. Yeung"), aged 53, is an executive director of K. H. Foundations. Mr. Yeung is primarily responsible for overseeing the overall management of the K. H. Foundations, including daily operations, business development, strategic planning and tendering. Mr. Yeung has more than 20 years of experience in the construction industry in Hong Kong. He took part in the foundation works and superstructure construction works in construction projects of both the public sector and the private sector in Hong Kong including, but not limited to schools, hotels, residential premises and government buildings. Mr. Yeung joined our Group in 2008 and was appointed as a director of K. H. Foundations during the same period. He is also the director of K. H. Civil Engineering Limited, K. H. Machinery Limited and K. H. Piling & Engineering Limited since each of their incorporation date, respectively. He has been appointed as a director of Tactful Building Company Limited ("Tactful") since July 1993. Tactful is a Registered General Building Contractor, and is mainly involved in building construction works.

自一九八二年以來,余先生獲政府委任參與 多個諮詢委員會。彼於一九八二年至二零零 三年獲委任為華人永遠墳場管理委員會委 員、於一九九二年至一九九六年獲委任為古 物諮詢委員會委員、於一九九三年至一九九 六年獲委任為註冊承建商紀律委員團成員、 於一九九四年至一九九八年獲委任為香港教 育學院理事會成員、於一九九四年至二零零 零年獲委任為行政上訴委員會委員、於二零 零一年至二零零九年獲委任為醫院管理局成 員、於二零零四年至二零一四年獲委任為屯 門醫院管治委員會主席及於二零一九年之前 為東華三院顧問局成員。目前,彼為瑪麗醫 院及贊育醫院管治委員會成員。彼於一九八 九年獲政府委任為太平紳士(非官守),並於 一九九四年獲授予大英帝國最優秀勛章。於 二零零七年,余先生獲香港特別行政區政 府授予銅紫荊星章。彼於一九九七年五月獲 認可為香港建築師學會及香港營造師學會的 資深會員。

彼現為恒和珠寶集團有限公司(一家於聯交 所主板上市的公司,股份代號:00513)的獨 立非執行董事。

楊秀明先生(「楊先生」),53歲,為劍虹地基 的執行董事。楊先生主要負責監督劍虹地基 的全面管理,包括日常營運、業務發展、策 略計劃及投標。楊先生在香港建築行業擁 有逾20年經驗。彼曾在香港公營及私營部門 的建築項目從事地基工程及上層架構建造 工程,包括但不限於學校、酒店、住宅及政 府樓宇。楊先生於二零零八年加入本集團, 同期獲委任為劍虹地基的董事。彼亦自劍 虹土木工程有限公司、劍虹機械有限公司及 劍虹打樁工程有限公司的各自之註冊成立日 期起擔任其董事。彼自一九九三年七月以來 一直獲委任為達高建業有限公司(「達高」)的 董事。達高為註冊一般建築承建商,主要從 事樓宇建造工程。

Mr. Yeung graduated from Hong Kong Polytechnic (now known as The Hong Kong Polytechnic University) with a professional diploma in Building Surveying in November 1989. He obtained his Bachelor's degree of Science with distinction in Building Surveying from the University of Greenwich (previously known as Thames Polytechnic) in the United Kingdom in June 1990. He subsequently obtained his Master's degree of Science in Real Estate Development from The University of Hong Kong in November 1995.

Mr. Yeung is a Registered Professional Surveyor by profession. He was elected as an associate of The Hong Kong Institute of Surveyors in April 1993, and as the professional associate of the Royal Institution of Chartered Surveyors in December 1992.

Ms. Chan Lai Kuen ("Ms. Chan"), aged 56, is an executive director of K. H. Foundations. Ms. Chan is primarily responsible for overseeing the finance and account management aspects and as well as the corporate finance functions in K. H. Foundations. Ms. Chan has over 20 years of experience in accounting, taxation and financial assignments especially with companies in Hong Kong construction industry. Ms. Chan joined our Group in 2006 and was appointed as a director of K. H. Foundations during the same period.

Ms. Chan was appointed as a director of K. H. Civil Engineering Limited in 2012.

Ms. Chan was the assistant accountant of Wing Fai International Limited from 1994 to 1998 and has been the accountant of Tactful since 1998, she is currently a senior accounting manager of Tactful. Tactful is a Registered General Building Contractor, and is mainly involved in building construction works.

Ms. Chan obtained her Bachelor's Degree in Accountancy from the City Polytechnic of Hong Kong (now known as The City University of Hong Kong) in November 1992. She is a Certified Public Accountant and has been a member of the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants since 2000. She has also been a fellow of the Association of Chartered Certified Accountants since 2004.

楊先生於一九八九年十一月畢業於香港理 工學院(現稱香港理工大學),取得建築測量 專業文憑。彼於一九九零年六月在英國格 林威治大學(University of Greenwich,前稱 Thames Polytechnic)以優異的成績取得建築 測量理學學士學位。彼其後於一九九五年十 一月取得香港大學房地產開發理學碩士學 位。

楊先生為註冊專業測量師。彼於一九九三年 四月獲選為香港測量師學會會員,並於一九 九二年十二月獲選為英國皇家特許測量師學 會專業會員。

陳麗娟女士(「陳女士」),56歲,為劍虹地基 的執行董事。陳女士主要負責監督劍虹地 基的財務及賬目管理事務及履行企業融資職 能。陳女士在會計、税務及尤其是香港建 造業公司的財務工作方面擁有逾20年經驗。 陳女士於二零零六年加入本集團,同期獲委 任為劍虹地基的董事。

陳女士於二零一二年獲委任為劍虹土木工程 有限公司的董事。

陳女士於一九九四年至一九九八年為永輝國 際有限公司的助理會計師,及自一九九八年 起一直為達高的會計師,彼現為達高的高級 會計經理。達高為註冊一般建築承建商,主 要從事樓宇建築工程。

陳女士於一九九二年十一月取得香港城市理 工學院(現稱香港城市大學)會計學士學位。 彼為執業會計師,且自二零零零年起一直為 香港會計師公會會員。自二零零四年起,彼 亦一直為英國特許公認會計師公會資深會 員。

Mr. Wong Wai Nam ("Mr. Wong"), aged 57, serves as the general manager of K. H. Foundations. He is responsible for overseeing the technical designs of foundation works and technical department of K. H. Foundations. Mr. Wong joined our Group as director technical in March 2014 and has over 30 years of experience in the foundation, construction and engineering industry. Mr. Wong obtained a higher certificate in civil engineering from the Hong Kong Polytechnic (now known as The Hong Kong Polytechnic University) in November 1986. Mr. Wong became a Registered Structural Engineer in Hong Kong in August 2000 and a registered inspector in Hong Kong in May 2012. He has been admitted as a member of The Hong Kong Institution of Engineers since September 1998 and as a Chartered Engineer of the Institution of Structural Engineers, the United Kingdom, since February 1998. Mr. Wong was employed as technical director of Meinhardt (C&S) Limited from 2009 to 2014. Mr. Wong was previously employed in the foundation, construction and engineering industry with several companies and the Housing Department, the executive arm of the Hong Kong Housing Authority between 1983 and 1992.

Mr. Wong was appointed as a director of K. H. Civil Engineering Limited in 2015.

COMPANY SECRETARY

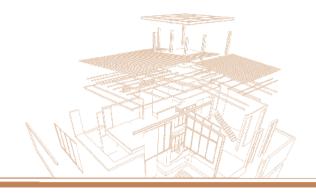
Ms. Hui Wai Yue ("Ms. Hui"), aged 43, has over 18 years of experience in company secretarial and tax services industry. She obtained a Bachelor of Accountancy in the Hong Kong Polytechnic University in December 1999. She worked as the Tax Accountant I in the Tax Department of Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu from September 1999 to May 2000. She was then employed by PKF Hong Kong (an audit firm) as Tax Manager from May 2000 to August 2011 and was transferred to PKF Tax and Business Consultants Limited as tax director in September 2011 until her resignation in 2014. Since June 2016 she has been employed by MCGI Consultancy Limited as its principal in the company secretarial and tax services department. Ms. Hui is a certified public accountant of the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants since April 2005.

黃偉南先生(「黃先生」),57歲,擔任劍虹地 基總經理。彼負責監督劍虹地基地基工程及 技術部門的技術設計。黃先生於二零一四年 三月加入本集團擔任技術總監,其在地基、 建築及工程行業擁有逾30年經驗。黃先生 於一九八六年十一月取得香港理工學院(現 稱香港理工大學)土木工程高級證書。黃先 生於二零零零年八月成為香港註冊結構工程 師及於二零一二年五月成為香港註冊檢驗人 員。彼自一九九八年九月起獲認可為香港工 程師學會會員及自一九九八年二月起獲認可 為英國結構工程師學會特許工程師。黃先生 於二零零九年至二零一四年受聘為邁進土木 結構工程顧問有限公司的技術總監。一九八 三年至一九九二年間,黃先生先後受聘於多 家公司的地基、建築及工程行業以及屋宇署 (香港房屋委員會的執行機構)。

黄先生於二零一五年獲委任為劍虹土木工程 有限公司的董事。

公司秘書

許慧瑜女士(「許女士」),43歲,於公司秘書 及税務服務行業擁有逾18年經驗。彼於一 九九九年十二月獲得香港理工大學會計學學 士學位。彼於一九九九年九月至二零零零年 五月曾任德勤•關黃陳方會計師行税務部一 級税務會計師。彼隨後於二零零零年五月至 二零一一年八月獲大信梁學濂(香港)會計師 事務所聘請為税務經理,並於二零一一年九 月獲調任為大信梁學濂税務及商務諮詢有 限公司税務總監,直至其於二零一四年辭任 為止。自二零一六年六月,彼獲天晞顧問有 限公司聘請為公司秘書及税務服務部主管。 許女士自二零零五年四月起為香港會計師公 會執業會計師。



The Directors present their annual report together with the audited financial statements of the Company and the Group for the year ended 31 March 2020.

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES AND BUSINESS REVIEW

The principal activity of the Company is investment holding. The principal activities and other particulars of its subsidiaries are set out in note 34 to the consolidated financial statements.

Further discussion and review on the business activities of the Group as required by Schedule 5 to the Companies Ordinance (Cap. 622), including a description of the principal risks and uncertainties facing the Group and an indication of likely future development in the Group's business, can be found in the section of "Chairman's Statement" set out on pages 4 to 5 of this annual report and "Management Discussion and Analysis" set out on pages 6 to 10 of this annual report. These discussions form part of Directors' Report. In addition, details of the Group's financial risk management are disclosed in note 6 to the consolidated financial statements.

ENVIRONMENTAL POLICIES AND PERFORMANCE AND RELATIONSHIP WITH EMPLOYEES, SUPPLIERS AND CUSTOMERS

The Group is committed to carrying out construction works in a manner with minimal adverse impact to the environment resulting from our business activities.

Environmental policies have been adopted by the Group for implementation of environmentally friendly measures and practices in the operation of the Group's businesses. The Group will also review its environmental policies and performance from time to time in order to minimise the adverse environmental impacts from our operations.

The Group targets to provide a friendly, comfortable and decent work environment and career growth opportunities to our staff in order to maintain a family-friendly relationship with our staff.

The Group maintains active relationship with our customers in the industry to explore potential business opportunities and is highly committed to delivering quality services to our customers on time.

董事會謹此提呈本公司及本集團截至二零二 零年三月三十一日止年度的年報及經審核財 務報表。

主要業務及業務回顧

本公司的主要業務為投資控股。其附屬公司 的主要業務及其他詳情載列於綜合財務報 表附註34。

有關香港法例第622章《公司條例》附表5所 規定就本集團業務活動之進一步討論及審閲 (包括對本集團面對之主要風險及不明朗因 素之描述以及對本集團業務可能出現之未 來發展之指示)載於本年報第4至5頁所載之 「主席報告」及本年報第6至10頁所載之「管理 層討論及分析」。該等討論為董事會報告的 一部分。此外,本集團財務風險管理之詳情 於綜合財務報表附註6披露。

環境政策及表現以及與僱 員、供應商及客戶之關係

本集團致力於地盤工程進行過程中將我們的 業務活動對環境所造成的負面影響減至最 低。

本集團採納環境政策以執行有關本集團業 務營運的環保措施及常規。本集團亦將不時 檢討其環境政策及表現,以將我們業務對環 境構成之負面影響減至最低。

本集團以為其員工締造和諧舒適且得宜兼俱 的工作環境以及創造事業發展機會為目標, 以與員工維持家庭友善關係。

本集團與行內客戶維持積極合作關係以開掘 潛在業務機會,並致力按時向客戶提供優質 服務。

The Group maintains a list of approved suppliers (based on their prices, quality, past performance and capacity) and subcontractors (based on their previous experience, skills, present work load, price quotations and historical work quality).

Save as those disclosed in notes 22 and 36 to the consolidated financial statements, there was no other material dispute or argument between the Group and its employees, customers and suppliers and subcontractors during the year ended 31 March 2020.

Further discussion and review on the environmental policies and performance and relationship with employees, suppliers and customers of the Group as required by Schedule 5 to the Companies Ordinance (Cap. 622), can be found in the Environmental, Social and Governance Report set out on pages 27 to 46 of this annual report. This discussion forms part of this Report of the Directors.

COMPLIANCE WITH LAWS AND REGULATIONS

The Group continues to commit to complying with the relevant laws and regulations, such as the Companies Law, Cap. 22 (Law 3 of 1961, as consolidated and revised), of the Cayman Islands, the Companies Ordinance (Cap. 622), the SFO, the Listing Rules and other relevant laws and regulations. So far as the Board is concerned, there were no material breaches of or non-compliance with the relevant rules and regulations by our Group that have significant impacts on the business and operations of our Group.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

Principal corporate governance practices adopted by the Company are set out in the Corporate Governance Report on pages 11 to 26.

RESULTS AND DIVIDENDS

The results of the Group for the year ended 31 March 2020 and the Group's financial position as at 31 March 2020 are set out in the consolidated financial statements on pages 73 to 179.

The Board does not recommend payment of a final dividend to the Shareholders for the year ended 31 March 2020 (2019: Nil).

本集團保存獲批供應商(基於其價格、質素、 過往表現及能力)及分包商(基於其過往經 驗、技能、現有工作負擔、報價及過往工作 質素)名單。

除綜合財務報表附註22及36所披露者外,截 至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度內,本集 團與其僱員、客戶及供應商以及分包商概無 其他重大糾紛或爭議。

有關香港法例第622章《公司條例》附表5所 規定就環境政策及表現以及與本集團僱員、 供應商及客戶之關係之進一步討論及審閱載 於本年報第27至46頁所載之環境、社會及管 治報告。該等討論為本董事會報告的一部 分。

遵守法律及法規

本集團持續致力遵守相關法律及條例,例如 開曼群島法例第22章公司法(一九六一年第 3號法例,經綜合及修訂)、香港法例第622 章《公司條例》、證券及期貨條例、上市規則 以及其他相關法律及法規。就董事會所知, 本集團並無重大違反或不遵守對本集團業務 及營運構成重大影響之相關法規及規則。

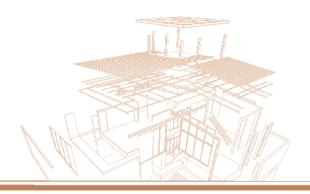
企業管治

本公司採納之主要企業管治常規載於第11至 26頁之企業管治報告。

業績及股息

本集團截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度 之業績及本集團於二零二零年三月三十一日 之財務狀況載於第73至第179頁之綜合財務 報表。

董事會不建議向股東派付截至二零二零年三 月三十一日止年度的末期股息(二零一九年: 無)。



FINANCIAL SUMMARY

A summary of the published results and assets and liabilities of the Group for the last five financial years, as extracted from the audited financial statements and reclassified as appropriate, is set out on page 180 of this annual report. This summary does not form part of the audited financial statements.

SHARE CAPITAL

There were no movements in either the Company's authorised or issued share capital during the year.

SHARE OPTIONS

The Company's share option scheme (the "Scheme") was adopted, pursuant to a resolution passed on 19 February 2016 which became effective and unconditional upon the listing of the Company's shares on the Stock Exchange on 18 March 2016, for the purpose of providing incentive and/or to reward eligible participants (who include any full-time or part-time employee of the Company or any member of the Group, including any executive, non-executive directors and independent non-executive directors, advisors, consultants, other contractors, business partners of the Group) for their contribution to, and continuing efforts to promote the interest of the Group. Unless otherwise terminated or amended, the Scheme will remain in force for 10 years.

Pursuant to the Scheme, the aggregate number of shares which may be issued upon exercise of all options to be granted under the Scheme, and other schemes offered by the Company, as from the date of adoption of the Scheme, shall not exceed 40,000,000 shares, being 10% of the shares in issue on the listing date. The overall limit on the number of shares which shall be issued upon exercise of all outstanding options granted and yet to be exercised under the Scheme, and other schemes offered by the Company, shall not exceed 30% of the issued share capital of the Company from time to time. The total number of shares issued, and to be issued, upon exercise of options granted in accordance with the Scheme to each eligible participant in any 12-month period shall not exceed 1% of the issued share capital of the Company. The option shall remain open for acceptance by the eligible participant for a period of not less than 5 business days. HK\$1 shall be payable by the participants on acceptance of the offer of the Scheme.

財務概要

摘錄自經審核財務報表並已重新分類(如適 用)之本集團過去五個財政年度已刊發之業 績及資產及負債概要載於本年報第180頁。 該概要並不構成經審核財務報表之一部分。

股本

年內,本公司之法定或已發行股本概無變 動。

購股權

本公司的購股權計劃(「計劃」)已根據於二零 一六年二月十九日通過的決議案獲採納,其 於本公司股份於二零一六年三月十八日在聯 交所上市後生效並成為無條件,計劃旨在向 合資格參與者(包括任何本公司或本集團任 何成員公司的全職或兼職僱員,包括任何執 行、非執行董事及獨立非執行董事、顧問、 諮詢師、其他承建商、本集團業務合作夥 件)就其為提升本集團利益而作出的貢獻及 持續努力提供激勵及/或獎勵。除獲終止 或修訂外,計劃將於10年內一直有效。

The exercisable period of the share options granted is determinable by the board of directors, but no later than 10 years from the date of grant of the options. The subscription price for the shares in respect of which options are granted is determinable by board of directors, but shall be no less than the highest of (i) the closing price of the Company's shares as stated in the Stock Exchange's daily quotations sheet on the date of grant of the options, which must be a trading day; (ii) the average closing price of the Company's shares as stated in the Stock Exchange's daily quotations sheets for the five trading days immediately preceding the date of grant of the options; and (iii) the nominal value of a Company's share.

No share option has been granted under the 2016 Share Option Scheme since its adoption.

PRE-EMPTIVE RIGHTS

There is no provision for pre-emptive rights under the Articles or the Companies Law, Cap. 22 (Law 3 of 1961, as consolidated and revised), of the Cayman Islands, which would oblige the Company to offer new shares on a pro rata basis to existing Shareholders.

PURCHASE, SALE OR REDEMPTION OF THE COMPANY'S LISTED SECURITIES

During the year ended 31 March 2020, neither the Company nor any of its subsidiaries purchased, sold or redeemed any listed securities of the Company.

DISTRIBUTABLE RESERVES

Distributable reserves of the Company as at 31 March 2020, calculated under the Companies Law, Cap. 22 (Law 3 of 1961, as consolidated and revised), of the Cayman Islands, amounted to approximately HK\$80,726,000 (2019: approximately HK\$88,237,000). The share premium account of the Company is available for distribution or paying dividends to the Shareholders subject to the provisions of the Articles and provided that immediately following the distribution or the payment of dividends, the Company is able to pay its debts immediately as they fall due in the ordinary course of business.

已授出購股權的可行使期乃由董事會釐定, 惟不可超過自授出購股權日期起計10年。已 授出購股權所涉及股份的認購價乃由董事會 釐定,惟不可低於(i)於授出購股權日期(須 為交易日)本公司股份於聯交所每日報價表 內所列明收市價:(ii)於緊接授出購股權日期 前五個交易日本公司股份於聯交所每日報價 表內所列明平均收市價:及(iii)本公司股份面 值(以最高者為準)。

自其採納日期起,概無根據二零一六年購股 權計劃授出購股權。

優先購買權

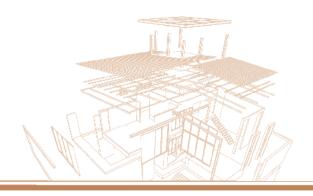
細則或開曼群島法例第22章公司法(一九六 一年第3號法例,經綜合及修訂)並無有關優 先購買權的條文(規定本公司須按比例向現 有股東提呈新股份)。

購買、出售或贖回本公司上 市證券

截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度,本公 司或其任何附屬公司概無購買、出售或贖回 本公司任何上市證券。

可分派儲備

於二零二零年三月三十一日,本公司根據開 曼群島法例第22章公司法(一九六一年第3號 法例,經綜合及修訂)計算的可供分派儲備約 80,726,000港元(二零一九年:約88,237,000 港元)。本公司的股份溢價賬可供分派予股 東或可用於向股東派息,惟須受細則條文規 限,並且緊隨分派或派付股息後本公司須有 能力即時償還日常業務過程中到期償還的債 項。



MAJOR CUSTOMERS AND SUPPLIERS

The aggregate revenue from the five largest customers of the Group accounted for approximately 76.3% of the Group's total revenue and revenue from the largest customer of the Group accounted for approximately 35.9% of the Group's total revenue during the year ended 31 March 2020. The aggregate purchases from the five largest suppliers and aggregate subcontracting fees paid to the subcontractors of the Group accounted for approximately 89.0% of the Group's total purchases and approximately 90.8% of the Group's total subcontracting fees respectively. The purchases from the largest supplier and subcontracting fees paid to the largest subcontractor of the Group accounted for approximately 51.0% of the Group's total purchases and approximately 51.0% of the Group's total purchases and approximately 37.0% subcontracting fees during the year ended 31 March 2020 respectively.

None of the Directors, their close associates or any shareholders of the Company (which to the knowledge of the Directors owns more than 5% of the shares of the Company) had any interest in the five largest customers or suppliers of the Group.

DIRECTORS

The Directors during the financial year and up to the date of this report were:

EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

Mr. Chen Rongsheng *(Chairman)* Mr. Guan Jingdong

INDEPENDENT NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

Dr. Luo Tiejian Professor Lu Haitian Mr. Liu Xin

In accordance with articles 108 and 109 of the Articles, Mr. Guan Jingdong as an Executive Director and Dr. Luo Tiejian as an Independent Non-executive Director, will retire by rotation and, being eligible, will offer themselves for re-election at the forthcoming annual general meeting.

The Company has received, from each of the Independent Nonexecutive Directors, an annual confirmation of his independence pursuant to Rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules. The Company considered all of its Independent Non-executive Directors to be independent in accordance with the guidelines as set out under the Listing Rules.

主要客戶及供應商

截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度,本集 團來自前五名最大客戶的總收益佔本集團總 收益的約76.3%,其中來自最大客戶的收益 佔本集團總收益的約35.9%。本集團來自前 五名最大供應商的採購總額及向分包商支付 的分包費用總額分別佔本集團採購總額及 分包費用總額的約89.0%及約90.8%。截至 二零二零年三月三十一日止年度,本集團來 自最大供應商的採購額及向最大分包商支 付的分包費用分別佔本集團採購總額及分 包費用的約51.0%及約37.0%。

董事、彼等之緊密聯繫人或據董事所知擁有 本公司股份5%以上之任何本公司股東概無 於本集團五大客戶或供應商擁有任何權益。

董事

於財政年度及截至本報告日期止的董事如 下:

執行董事

陳融聖先生*(主席)* 關靜東先生

獨立非執行董事 ^{羅鐵堅博士}

陸海天教授 劉昕先生

根據細則第108及109條,執行董事關靜東先 生及獨立非執行董事羅鐵堅博士將於應屆 股東週年大會上輪值退任,並符合資格及願 意重選連任。

本公司已接獲每位獨立非執行董事根據上 市規則第3.13條就其獨立性作出的年度確認 書。根據上市規則所載的指引,本公司認為 所有獨立非執行董事均為獨立人士。

CHANGES IN DIRECTORS' INFORMATION

There is no information required to be disclosed pursuant to Rule 13.51B(1) of the Listing Rules.

BIOGRAPHICAL INFORMATION OF DIRECTORS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT

Brief biographical information of the Directors and senior management of the Company are set out in the section of "Profile of Directors and Senior Management" on pages 47 to 52 of the annual report.

DIRECTORS' SERVICE CONTRACTS

None of the Directors being proposed for re-election at the forthcoming annual general meeting has a service contract with the Company which is not determinable by the Company within one year without payment of compensation (other than statutory compensation).

DIRECTORS' REMUNERATION

The Directors' remuneration are subject to Shareholders' approval at the general meeting. Other emoluments are determined by the Board with reference to Directors' duties, responsibilities and performance and the results of the Group. Details of the remuneration of the Directors for the year ended 31 March 2020 are set out in note 14 to the consolidated financial statements.

PERMITTED INDEMNITY

Under the Articles, the Company had a permitted indemnity provision (as defined in section 469 of the Companies Ordinance (Cap. 622)) in force for the benefit of the Directors throughout the year and as at the date of approval of this Directors' report, pursuant to which the Company shall indemnify any Director against any liability, loss suffered and expenses incurred by the Director in connection with any legal proceedings in which he is involved by reason of being a Director, and in which the judgement is given in his favour or in which he is acquitted. The Company has maintained insurance cover for Directors' and officers' liabilities in respect of legal actions against the Directors and officers arising out of corporate activities.

董事資料變動

概無資料須根據上市規則第13.51B(1)條予以 披露。

董事及高級管理層履歷資料

董事及本公司高級管理層之簡歷載於年報第 47至52頁之「董事及高級管理層履歷」一節。

董事的服務合約

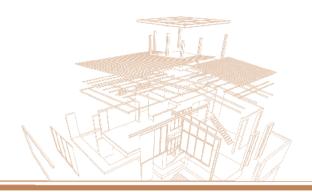
概無擬於應屆股東週年大會上重選連任的 董事與本公司訂有任何不可由本公司於一年 內終止而毋須支付補償款項(法定補償除外) 的服務合約。

董事薪酬

董事薪酬須待股東於股東大會上批准。其 他薪酬乃由董事會參考董事之職責、責任及 表現以及本集團之業績而釐定。董事於截至 二零二零年三月三十一日止年度之薪酬詳情 載於綜合財務報表附註14。

獲准許彌償

根據細則,於年內及本董事會報告獲批准 當日,本公司一直為董事的利益訂有有效的 獲准許的彌償條文(定義見香港法例第622 章《公司條例》第469條),據此,倘任何董事 以董事身份涉及任何法律程序而招致任何董 任、蒙受損失及承擔開支,並獲判勝訴或無 罪,則本公司應就任何該等責任、損失及開 範圍涵蓋董事及高級人員因企業活動而令董 事及高級管理人員招致法律行動之責任。



DIRECTORS' INTERESTS IN TRANSACTIONS, ARRANGEMENTS OR CONTRACTS

Save as disclosed in the section of "Continuing Connected Transactions" in the Directors' Report and "Related Party Transactions" in note 39 to the consolidated financial statements, no Director nor a connected entity of a Director had a material interest, either directly or indirectly, in any transactions, arrangements or contracts of significance to the business of the Group to which the holding company of the Company, or any of the Company's subsidiaries or fellow subsidiaries was a party during the year.

DIRECTORS' INTERESTS IN COMPETING BUSINESS

During the year ended 31 March 2020 and up to the date of this annual report, none of the Directors or their close associates (as defined under the Listing Rules) has any interest in a business which competes or is likely to compete, either directly or indirectly, with the business of the Group.

DISCLOSURE OF INTERESTS

DIRECTORS' INTERESTS IN THE COMPANY AND ASSOCIATED CORPORATION

As at 31 March 2020, the interests and short positions of Directors in the shares, underlying shares and debentures of the Company or its associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the SFO), as recorded in the register required to be kept by the Company under section 352 of the SFO, or as otherwise notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to the Model Code, were as follows:

(i) Long position in ordinary shares of the Company

董事於交易、安排或合約之 權益

除董事會報告中「持續關連交易」一節及綜合 財務報表附註39「關聯方交易」所披露者外, 概無董事或董事之關連實體於本公司控股公 司或本公司任何附屬公司或同系附屬公司於 本年度內訂立並對本集團業務而言屬重要之 任何交易、安排或合約中直接或間接擁有重 大權益。

董事於競爭性業務之權益

於截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度及截 至本年報日期,概無董事或彼等之緊密聯繫 人士(定義見上市規則)於與(或可能與)本集 團業務直接或間接競爭之業務中擁有任何權 益。

權益披露

董事於本公司及相聯法團的權益

於二零二零年三月三十一日,董事於本公司 或其相聯法團(定義見證券及期貨條例第XV 部)的股份、相關股份及債券中擁有根據證 券及期貨條例第352條須予存置的登記冊所 記錄的權益及淡倉,或根據標準守則須另 行知會本公司及聯交所的權益及淡倉如下:

(i) 於本公司普通股的好倉

Name of Director	Nature of interest	Number of shares held/ interested 所持/擁有	Percentage of shareholding
董事姓名	權益性質	權益股份數目	股權百分比
Mr. Chen Rongsheng ("Mr. Chen") (Note) 陳融聖先生(「陳先生」)(附註)	Interest in a controlled corporation 受控法團權益	300,000,000	75%

(ii) (ii) 於相聯法團普通股的好倉 Long position in the ordinary shares of associated corporation

Name of Director 董事姓名	Name of associated corporation 相聯法團的名稱	Nature of interest 權益性質	Number of shares held in associated corporation 於相聯法團 所持股份數目	Percentage of shareholding in associated corporation 佔相聯法團 股權百分比
Mr. Chen (Note) 陳先生(附註)	Blessing Well 福信	Beneficial owner 實益擁有人	1	100%

These shares are directly held by Blessing Well. Blessing Well is whollyowned by Mr. Chen and therefore, Mr. Chen is deemed to be interested in the shares held by Blessing Well under the SFO.

SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDERS' INTERESTS IN THE COMPANY

As at 31 March 2020, the following interests and short positions of 5% or more of the shares and underlying shares of the Company were recorded in the register of interests required to be kept by the Company pursuant to section 336 of the SFO:

該等股份由福信直接持有。福信則由陳先生 全資擁有,因此,根據證券及期貨條例,陳 先生被視為於福信持有的股份中擁有權益。

主要股東於本公司之權益

於二零二零年三月三十一日,以下為於本公 司股份及相關股份5%或以上之權益及淡倉, 已記錄於本公司根據證券及期貨條例第336 條須置存之權益登記冊內:

Name	Nature of interest	Number of shares held/ interested 所持/擁有	Percentage of interest in our Company 佔本公司
姓名/名稱	權益性質	權益股份數目	權益的百分比
Blessing Well (Note) 福信(附註)	Beneficial owner 實益擁有人	300,000,000	75%
Mr. Chen (Note) 陳先生(附註)	Interest in a controlled corporation 受控法團權益	300,000,000	75%
Note:	附註:		

These shares are held by Blessing Well. Blessing Well is wholly-owned by Mr. Chen. Mr. Chen is deemed to be interested in the shares of the Company held by Blessing Well under the SFO, while Mr. Chen is the sole controlling shareholder of the Company.

該等股份由福信持有。福信由陳先生全資擁有。根 據證券及期貨條例,陳先生被視為於福信持有的本 公司股份中擁有權益,而陳先生為本公司的唯一控 股股東。

Save as disclosed above, as at 31 March 2020, no person, other than the Directors, whose interests are set out in the section "Directors' Interests in the Company and Associated Corporation" above, had registered an interest or short position in the shares or underlying shares of the Company that was required to be recorded pursuant to section 336 of the SFO.

RIGHTS TO PURCHASE SHARES OR DEBENTURES OF DIRECTORS

Save as disclosed in the section of "Share Option" and "Disclosure of Interests" in this report, at no time during the year were rights to acquire benefits by means of the acquisition of shares in or debentures of the Company granted to any of the Directors or their respective spouses or minor children, or were any such rights exercised by them; or was the Company, its holding company, or any of its subsidiaries or fellow subsidiaries a party to any arrangement to enable the Directors to acquire such rights in any other body corporate.

CONTINUING CONNECTED TRANSACTIONS

A summary of material related party transactions is disclosed in note 39 to the consolidated financial statements. The transaction for the two years ended 31 March 2019 and 2020 constituted continuing connected transactions of the Group that are fully exempted from independent Shareholders' approval, annual review and all disclosure requirements pursuant to Rule 14A.76(1) of the Listing Rules.

MANAGEMENT CONTRACTS

No contract concerning the management and administration of the whole or any substantial part of the business of the Company was entered into or existed during the year.

EVENTS AFTER THE REPORTING PERIOD

Save as those disclosed in note 40 to the consolidated financial statements, there were no other material events occurring after 31 March 2020 and up to the date of this report.

除上文所披露者外,於二零二零年三月三十 一日,除上文「董事於本公司及相聯法團的 權益」一節所載之董事權益外,並無任何人 士已登記須根據證券及期貨條例第336條予 以記錄之本公司股份或相關股份中之權益或 淡倉。

董 事 購 買 股 份 或 債 權 證 的 權 利

除本報告「購股權」及「權益披露」各節所披露 者外,任何董事或彼等各自之配偶或未成年 子女概無於年內任何時間獲授予可藉購買 本公司股份或債券而獲益之權利,亦無行使 任何該等權利;本公司、其控股公司或其任 何附屬公司或同系附屬公司亦無訂立任何安 排,致使董事可取得任何其他法團之該等權 利。

持續關連交易

重大關聯方交易概要載於綜合財務報表附 註39。截至二零一九年及二零二零年三月三 十一日止兩個年度的交易構成本集團之持續 關連交易,根據上市規則第14A.76(1)條獲全 面豁免遵守獨立股東批准、年度審閱及所有 披露規定。

管理合約

於年內概無訂立或存有與本公司整體或任何 重要部分業務有關之管理及行政合約。

報告期後事項

除綜合財務報表附註40所披露者外,於二零 二零年三月三十一日後及截至本報告日期, 概無發生其他重大事項。

ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING

It is proposed that the annual general meeting (the "2020 AGM") of the Company for the year ended 31 March 2020 will be held on a date to be fixed by the Board, and a notice convening the 2020 AGM will be published and despatched to the Shareholders in due course.

SUFFICIENCY OF PUBLIC FLOAT

To the best knowledge of the Directors and based on the information that is publicly available to the Company, not less than 25% of the Company's issued capital were held by public as at the date of this report.

CHARITABLE DONATION

During the year ended 31 March 2020, no charitable donation has been made by the Group (2019: HK\$250,000).

AUDITOR

World Link CPA Limited has resigned as the auditor of the Company with effect from 19 March 2020. McMillan Woods (Hong Kong) CPA Limited has been appointed as the auditor of the Company with effect from 19 March 2020 to fill the casual vacancy following the resignation of World Link CPA Limited.

The consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2020 have been audited by McMillan Woods (Hong Kong) CPA Limited.

McMillan Woods (Hong Kong) CPA Limited shall retire in the forthcoming annual general meeting and, being eligible, will offer themselves for re-appointment. A resolution for the re-appointment of McMillan Woods (Hong Kong) CPA Limited as auditor of the Company will be proposed at the forthcoming annual general meeting.

On behalf of the Board **Mr. Chen Rongsheng** *Chairman*

Hong Kong, 19 June 2020

股東週年大會

本公司截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度 之股東週年大會(「二零二零年股東週年大 會」)擬於董事會釐定之日期舉行。召開二零 二零年股東週年大會之通告將於適當時候刊 發及寄發予股東。

足夠公眾持股量

就董事所深知及基於本公司所得公開資料, 於本報告日期,本公司已發行股本的不少於 25%乃由公眾人士持有。

慈善捐款

截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度,本 集團並無作出任何慈善捐款(二零一九年: 250,000港元)。

核數師

自二零二零年三月十九日起,華普天健(香港)會計師事務所有限公司已辭任本公司核 數師。自二零二零年三月十九日起,長青(香港)會計師事務所有限公司已獲委任為本公 司核數師,以填補因華普天健(香港)會計師 事務所有限公司辭任後之臨時空缺。

截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度的綜合 財務報表已獲長青(香港)會計師事務所有限 公司審核。

長青(香港)會計師事務所有限公司將於應屆 股東週年大會上辭任並合資格膺選續聘。有 關續聘長青(香港)會計師事務所有限公司為 本公司之核數師之決議案將於應屆股東週年 大會上提呈。

代表董事會 *主席* **陳融聖先生**

香港,二零二零年六月十九日

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

獨立核數師報告



TO THE SHAREHOLDERS OF K. H. GROUP HOLDINGS LIMITED

(Incorporated in the Cayman Islands with limited liability)

OPINION

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of K. H. Group Holdings Limited (the "Company") its subsidiaries (collectively the "Group") set out on pages 73 to 179, which comprise the consolidated statement of financial position as at 31 March 2020, and the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, consolidated statement of changes in equity and consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements give a true and fair view of the consolidated financial position of the Group as at 31 March 2020, and of its consolidated financial performance and its consolidated cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards ("HKFRSs") issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants (the "HKICPA") and have been properly prepared in compliance with the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

BASIS FOR OPINION

We conducted our audit in accordance with Hong Kong Standards on Auditing ("HKSAs") issued by the HKICPA. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with the HKICPA's Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (the "Code"), and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.



致劍虹集團控股有限公司 全體股東 (於開曼群島註冊成立之有限公司)

意見

吾等已審核列載於第73至179頁劍虹集團控股 有限公司(「貴公司」)及其附屬公司(統稱「貴 集團」)之綜合財務報表,此綜合財務報表包 括於二零二零年三月三十一日之綜合財務狀 況表與截至該日止年度之綜合損益及其他 全面收益表、綜合權益變動表和綜合現金流 量表,以及綜合財務報表附註(包括主要會 計政策概要)。

吾等認為,該等綜合財務報表已根據香港 會計師公會(「香港會計師公會」)頒佈之香港 財務報告準則(「香港財務報告準則」)真實而 公平地反映 貴集團於二零二零年三月三十 一日之綜合財務狀況以及其截至該日止年度 之綜合財務表現及綜合現金流量,並已遵照 香港公司條例的披露規定妥為編製。

意見之基礎

吾等已根據香港會計師公會頒佈之香港審 計準則(「香港審計準則」)進行審核。吾等於 該等準則項下之責任在本報告「核數師就審 核綜合財務報表須承擔之責任」章節內進一 步詳述。根據香港會計師公會之專業會計師 道德守則(「守則」),吾等獨立於 貴集團, 並已遵循該守則履行其他道德責任。吾等相 信,吾等得到充足及適當之審核憑證,以作 為提供審核意見之基礎。

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

獨立核數師報告

KEY AUDIT MATTERS

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the consolidated financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters. The key audit matters we identified are:

- 1) Revenue and profit recognition for construction contracts;
- 2) Liquidated damages and litigations for delays in completion of a contract; and
- 3) Provision for expected credit loss ("ECL") on trade receivables and contract assets

關鍵審核事項

關鍵審核事項為根據吾等之專業判斷,認為 對本期間綜合財務報表之審核最為重要之 事項。該等事項於吾等審核整體綜合財務 報表及出具意見時處理,而吾等不會對該等 事項提供個別之意見。吾等識別之關鍵審 核事項為:

- 1) 建築合約之收益及溢利確認;
- 2) 有關一項合約完成延誤之違約金及訴 訟;及
- 3) 就貿易應收款項及合約資產的預期信 貸虧損(「預期信貸虧損」)計提撥備

Key Audit Matter 關鍵審核事項

Revenue and profit recognition for construction contracts

建築合約之收益及溢利確認

Refer to the significant accounting policies in note 4(g), critical judgements and key estimates in note 5(c) and relevant disclosure in note 7 to the consolidated financial statements.

參閱綜合財務報表附註4(g)重大會計政策、附註5(c)重 要判斷及主要假設及附註7相關披露。

The Group's revenue from construction contracts amounted to approximately HK\$373,757,000 for the year ended 31 March 2020.

截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度, 貴集團來自建築 合約之收益約為373,757,000港元。

Contract revenue is recognised progressively over time using the input method based on direct measurements of the contract costs incurred to value the contract work performed.

合約收益使用輸入法基於對已產生合約成本佔已完成 合約工程價值的直接計量隨時間逐步確認。 How our audit addressed the Key Audit Matter 吾等在審核中處理關鍵審核事項的方法

Our procedures in relation to management's estimation of revenue and profit recognition for construction contracts included: 吾等有關管理層評估建築合約之收益及溢利確認之程序 包括:

- obtaining an understanding of the performance and status of all major contracts through discussion with management and key staff;
 透過與管理層及主要員工討論,獲得所有主要合約 的履行及情況之了解;
- corroborating management's position through the examination of externally generated evidence, such as customers' correspondence;
 透過審查外部證據(例如客戶通訊)證實管理層的立場;
- examining, on samples basis, the contracts and certifications of work performed; 以抽樣基準審查合約及已完成之工作證明書;
- performing substantive testing on costs incurred to date;
 就迄今產生的成本進行大量檢查;
- discussing and understanding management's estimates for total contract costs and forecast costs to complete, including taking into account the historical accuracy of such estimates; 討論及了解管理層就總合約成本及竣工的預測成本 之估計,包括考慮有關假設之過往準確性;

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT 獨立核數師報告

Key Audit Matter 關鍵審核事項

Due to the contracting nature of the business, revenue – and profit recognition involves a significant degree of judgement made by management, with estimates being made to:

由於業務之合約性質,管理層須就收益及溢利確認作出 重大程度之判斷,並就以下事項作出假設:

- assess the total contract costs;
 評估總合約成本;
- assess the stage of completion of the contract;
 評估合約之完成階段;
- assess the revenue and costs associated with variation orders;
 評估與工程變更有關之收益及成本;
- appropriately provide for liquidated damages for delays in completion of the construction works; and 就延誤完成建築工程之違約金作出適當撥備;及
- appropriately provide for loss making contracts.
 就虧損合約作出適當撥備。

How our audit addressed the Key Audit Matter 吾等在審核中處理關鍵審核事項的方法

 comparing the percentage of completion for contracts to the proportion of contract costs for works performed to date bear to the total estimated contract costs;

參考迄今已完成工程的合約成本佔總估計合約成本 的比例比較合約的完成百分比;

- using the knowledge obtained from the above testing, assessing whether any provisions for liquidated damages or loss making contracts made by management were appropriate; and 基於自上述測試獲得之認知,評估管理層就違約金 或虧損合約作出之任何撥備是否合適;及

合香港財務報告準則第15號「客戶合約收益」的適用 標準。

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

獨立核數師報告

Key Audit Matter	How our audit addressed the Key Audit Matter
關鍵審核事項	吾等在審核中處理關鍵審核事項的方法

Liquidated damages and litigations for delays in completion of a contract

有關一項合約完成延誤之違約金及訴訟

Refer to the critical judgements and key estimates in note 5(g) and relevant disclosure in note 22 to the consolidated financial statements.

參閱綜合財務報表附註5(g)重要判斷及主要假設及附註 22相關披露。

The Group has been negotiating the final settlement amount of a completed contract with a customer during the prior years.

貴集團於過往幾年一直與一名客戶磋商一項已完成合約 的最終結算款項。

During the year ended 31 March 2020, the Group commenced formal legal proceedings against the customer and the customer made a counterclaimed against the Group. The customer made a sanctioned payment into High Court as an attempt to settle the whole of the claim in relation to the abovementioned contract and the Group made a counter-proposal to settle the same claim to the customer. Up to the approval date on these consolidated financial statements, the legal proceedings are still in the process and there is no conclusive decision to resolve the claim.

截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度, 貴集團針對該 客戶展開正式法律訴訟,而該客戶針對 貴集團作出反 索償。該客戶向高等法院作出附帶條件付款,嘗試全面 解決與上述合約相關的索償,而 貴集團向該客戶作出 反建議以結清同一項索償。直至該等綜合財務報表獲 批准日期,該法律訴訟仍在進行當中,且並無解決索償 的最終裁決。 Our procedures in relation to the liquidated damages and litigations for delays in completion of contract included:

吾等與合約完成延誤之違約金及訴訟相關之程序包括:

- examining the related construction contract documents and correspondence with the customer; 審查相關建築合約文件及與客戶的通訊;
- examining the legal opinion by the Group's legal counsel;
 審查 貴集團法律顧問的法律意見;
- challenging the basis of the Group's assessment on adequacy of provision for litigations; and 質疑 貴集團有關訴訟撥備是否足夠的評估基準;及
- assessing the adequacy of the Group's disclosures in respect of the status, progress and estimated outcome of the litigations with customer as set out in notes to the consolidated financial statements.
 評估 貴集團有關綜合財務報表附註所載與客戶的 訴訟之狀態、進度及估計結果之披露是否足夠。

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT 獨立核數師報告

Key Audit Matter 關鍵審核事項	How our audit addressed the Key Audit Matter 吾等在審核中處理關鍵審核事項的方法

The directors are of the opinion that the litigations with the customer are still in progress and it is pre-mature to assess the outcome for the said claim.

董事認為,與客戶的訴訟仍在進行中,故評估上述索 償結果的時機尚不成熟。

We identified the above matter as a key audit matter due to the significant judgement made by the directors in determining the possible outcomes of the litigations with the customer and whether it is necessary to recognise any provision for litigations.

由於董事於釐定與客戶訴訟的可能結果及是否需確認 任何訴訟撥備時需作出重大判斷,故吾等將上述事宜 識別為關鍵審核事項。

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

獨立核數師報告

Key Audit Matter	How our audit addressed the Key Au
關鍵審核事項	吾等在審核中處理關鍵審核事項的方法

Provision for ECL on trade receivables and contract assets

就貿易應收款項及合約資產的預期信貸虧損計提撥備

Refer to the significant accounting policies in note 4(s), critical judgements and key estimates in note 5(f) and relevant disclosure in notes 6(b), 21 and 22 to the consolidated financial statements.

參閱綜合財務報表附註4(s)的重大會計政策、附註5(f) 的重要判斷及主要假設以及附註6(b)、21及22的相關披 露。

As at 31 March 2020, the carrying amounts of the Group's trade receivables and contract assets were approximately HK\$41,098,000 (net of allowance for ECL of approximately HK\$45,000) and HK\$207,707,000 (net of allowance for ECL of approximately HK\$1,903,000) respectively.

於二零二零年三月三十一日,本集團貿易應收款項及合 約資產的賬面值分別為約41.098.000港元(經扣除預期 信貸虧損撥備約45,000港元)及207,707,000港元(經扣除 預期信貸虧損撥備約1.903.000港元)。

We identified the above matter as a key audit matter due to the significance of the amounts of trade receivables and contract assets to the consolidated financial statements and the significant judgement and estimate made by the directors in determining the provision for ECL on trade receivables and contract assets.

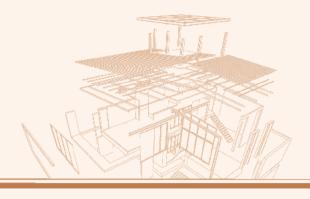
由於貿易應收款項及合約資產的金額對綜合財務報表 而言屬重大及董事於釐定貿易應收款項及合約資產的 預期信貸虧損撥備時所作出重大判斷及估計,故吾等 將上述事宜識別為關鍵審核事項。

dit Matter 法

Our procedures in relation to the provision for ECL on trade receivables and contract assets included: 吾等與就貿易應收款項及合約資產的預期信貸虧損計提 撥備相關之程序包括:

- Evaluating the design, implementation and operating effectiveness of key internal controls over credit control, debt collection and estimate of ECL:
- 評估就信貸控制、債務追討及預期信貸虧損估計所 實施關鍵內部控制的設計、執行情況及運行效力;
- Assessing the reasonableness of the Group's ECL models by examining the model input used by management to form such judgements, including testing the accuracy of the historical default data, evaluating whether the historical loss rates are appropriately adjusted based on current economic conditions and forward-looking information including the economic variables and assumptions used in each of the economic scenarios and their probability weightings and assessing whether there was an indication of management bias when recognising ECL:
- 透過檢驗管理層為形成有關判斷所採用模型輸入數 據以評估 貴集團預期信貸虧損模型的合理性,包 括測試過往違約數據的準確性、評估過往虧損率是 否基於當前經濟狀況及前瞻性資料(包括各經濟場景 內採用的經濟變量及假設以及其概率權重)恰當調 整,及評估是否有跡象顯示管理層於確認預期信貸 虧損時出現偏頗;
- Reviewed settlements after the financial year end relating to the trade receivables and contract assets as at 31 March 2020; and
- 審閱有關二零二零年三月三十一日的貿易應收款項 及合約資產於財政年度結束後的結算情況;及
- Assessing the disclosures made in the consolidated financial statements in relation to the Group's credit risk exposure.
- 評估於綜合財務報表內作出的與 貴集團信貸風險 敞口相關的披露。

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT 獨立核數師報告



OTHER INFORMATION

The directors are responsible for the Other Information. The Other Information comprises all the information in the annual report other than the consolidated financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the consolidated financial statements does not cover the Other Information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the consolidated financial statements, our responsibility is to read the Other Information and, in doing so, consider whether the Other Information is materially inconsistent with the consolidated financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this Other Information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

RESPONSIBILITIES OF DIRECTORS FOR THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The directors are responsible for the preparation of the consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with HKFRSs issued by the HKICPA and the disclosure requirements of Hong Kong Companies Ordinance, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

The directors of the Company are assisted by the Audit Committee in discharging their responsibilities for overseeing the Group's financial reporting process.

其他資料

董事須對其他資料負責。其他資料包括年報 内所載之全部資料,惟除綜合財務報表及 吾等載於其中之核數師報告外。

吾等對綜合財務報表之意見並不涵蓋其他 資料,吾等亦不對該等其他資料發表任何 形式之保證結論。

就吾等對綜合財務報表之審核,吾等之責任 乃細閱其他資料,在此過程中,考慮其他資 料與綜合財務報表或吾等在審核過程中所 知悉之情況是否存在重大抵觸或看似存在 重大錯誤陳述。基於吾等已執行之工作,倘 吾等認為其他資料存在重大錯誤陳述,吾 等需要報告該事實。吾等就此並無任何事 項須報告。

董事就綜合財務報表須承擔之 責任

董事須負責根據香港會計師公會頒佈之香 港財務報告準則及香港公司條例的披露規定 編製真實而公平之綜合財務報表,並對董事 認為為使綜合財務報表之編製不存在由於 欺詐或錯誤而導致之重大錯誤陳述所需之 內部控制負責。

在編製綜合財務報表時,董事負責評估 貴 集團持續經營之能力,並在適用情況下披露 與持續經營有關之事項,以及使用持續經營 為會計基礎,除非董事有意將 貴集團清盤 或停止經營,或別無其他實際之替代方案。

審核委員會協助 貴公司董事履行彼等監 察 貴集團的財務報告程序之責任。

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

獨立核數師報告

AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE AUDIT OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. We report our opinion solely to you, as a body, and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility towards or accept liability to any other person for the contents of this report.

Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with HKSAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with HKSAs, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the directors.

核數師就審核綜合財務報表須承 擔之責任

吾等之目標乃對綜合財務報表整體是否不存 在由於欺詐或錯誤而導致之重大錯誤陳述 取得合理保證,並出具包括吾等意見之核數 師報告,吾等僅向 閣下(作為整體)報告吾 等之意見,除此之外本報告別無其他目的。 吾等概不就本報告之內容對任何其他人士負 責或承擔責任。

合理保證為高水平之保證,但不能保證按照 香港審計準則進行之審核總能發現重大錯 誤陳述。錯誤陳述可以由欺詐或錯誤引起, 如果合理預期其單獨或匯總起來可能影響 綜合財務報表使用者依賴綜合財務報表所 作出之經濟決定,則有關之錯誤陳述可被視 作重大。

作為根據香港審計準則進行審核其中一環, 吾等透過審核運用專業判斷,保持專業懷 疑態度。吾等亦:

- 識別及評估由於欺詐或錯誤而導致綜 合財務報表存在重大錯誤陳述之風 險,設計及執行審核程序以應對該等 風險,以及獲取充足及適當之審核憑 證,作為吾等意見之基礎。由於欺詐 可能涉及串謀、偽造、蓄意遺漏、虛 假陳述,或凌駕於內部控制之上,因 此未能發現因欺詐而導致出現重大錯 誤陳述之風險高於未能發現因錯誤而 導致出現重大錯誤陳述之風險。
- 了解與審核相關之內部控制,以設計 在有關情況下屬適當之審核程序,但 目的並非對 貴集團內部控制之有效 性發表意見。
- 評估董事所採用會計政策之適當性以 及作出會計估計及相關披露之合理性。

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT 獨立核數師報告

- Conclude on the appropriateness of the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Group to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with the Audit Committee regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide the Audit Committee with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence and, where applicable, related safeguards.

- 對董事採用持續經營會計基礎之適當 性作出結論,並根據所獲取之審核憑 證,確定是否存在與事項或情況有關 之重大不確定性,從而可能導致對 貴 集團之持續經營能力產生重大疑慮。 倘吾等認為存在重大不確定性,則有 必要在核數師報告中提請使用者注意 綜合財務報表中之相關披露或,假若 有關之披露不足,則修訂吾等之意見。 吾等之結論乃基於直至核數師報告日 止所取得之審核憑證。然而,未來事 項或情況可能導致 貴集團不能持續 經營業務。
- 評估綜合財務報表之整體列報方式、 結構及內容(包括披露事項)以及綜合 財務報表是否公平反映相關交易及事 項。
- 就 貴集團內實體或業務活動之財務 資料獲取充足適當之審核憑證,以便 對綜合財務報表發表意見。吾等負責 集團審核之方向、監督及執行。吾等 為審核意見承擔全部責任。

吾等與審核委員會溝通審核之計劃範圍及 時間以及重大審核發現等,其中包括吾等在 審核中識別出內部控制之任何重大不足之 處。

吾等亦向審核委員會提交聲明,表明吾等已 符合有關獨立性之相關專業道德要求,並與 彼等溝通可能合理被認為會影響吾等獨立性 之所有關係及其他事項以及在適用之情況下 相關之防範措施。

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT 獨立核數師報告

From the matters communicated with the Audit Committee, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

從與審核委員會溝通之事項中,吾等確定該 等對本期間綜合財務報表之審核最為重要 之事項,因而構成關鍵審核事項。吾等在核 數師報告中闡釋該等事項,除非法律或規例 不允許公開披露該等事項,或在極端罕見之 情況下,合理預期倘於吾等之報告中註明某 事項造成之負面後果超過產生之公眾利益, 則吾等決定不應在報告中註明該事項。

McMillan Woods (Hong Kong) CPA Limited

Certified Public Accountants Lo Ka Ki Audit Engagement Director Practising Certificate Number P06633

3/F., Winbase Centre, 208 Queen's Road Central, Hong Kong

Hong Kong, 19 June 2020

長青(香港)會計師事務所有限公司 執業會計師 盧家麒 審計項目董事 執業證書編號P06633

香港 皇后大道中208號 勝基中心3樓

香港,二零二零年六月十九日

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

综合損益及其他全面收益表

For the year ended 31 March 2020

截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度

			2020	2019
			二零二零年	二零一九年
		Note	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
			千港元	
		附註	Т /в Л	千港元
Revenue	收益	7	374,903	203,015
Cost of services rendered	所提供服務成本		(334,061)	(201,188)
Gross profit	毛利		40,842	1,827
Other income	其他收入	8	3,545	15,921
Administrative and other operating	行政及其他經營開支			
expenses			(34,627)	(40,589)
Provision for expected credit loss	就貿易應收款項及合約			
("ECL") on trade receivables and	資產的預期信貸虧損			
contract assets	(「預期信貸虧損」)計提撥			
	備		(1,521)	—
Profit/(loss) from operations	經營所得溢利/(虧損)		8,239	(22,841)
Finance costs	融資成本	10	(7,230)	(6,266)
			4 9 9 9	()
Profit/(loss) before tax	除税前溢利/(虧損)		1,009	(29,107)
Income tax	所得税	11	_	
Profit/(loss) and total	本公司擁有人應佔年內			
comprehensive income for the	溢利/(虧損)及全面收益			
	应刑∕(虧預)及主回收益 總額			
year attributable to owners of the	活用	10	1 000	(00 107)
Company		12	1,009	(29,107)
			LUZA	1.11.2
			HK\$ 	HK\$
			港元	港元
Earnings/(loss) per share	每股盈利/(虧損)			
- Basic	- 基本	16(a)	0.3 cents仙	(7.3 cents仙)
		. ,		
- Diluted	- 攤薄	16(b)	N/A不適用	N/A不適用
		16(b)	N/A不適用	

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

综合財務狀況表

As at 31 March 2020 於二零二零年三月三十一日

Total assets less current	總資產減流動負債			
Net current assets	流動資產淨值		119,521	118,83 ⁻
			232,998	145,048
Bank borrowings, secured	銀行借款,抵押	27	49,740	27,398
Finance lease payables	融資租賃應付款項	26	_	15,924
_ease liabilities	租賃負債	26	9,745	-
Accruals and other payables	應計費用及其他應付款項	25	9,516	11,445
Contract liabilities	合約負債	22	5,272	53
Current liabilities Trade and retention payables	流動負債 貿易應付款項及應付保固金	24	158,725	89,747
			002,019	200,070
			352,519	263,876
Bank and cash balances	銀行及現金結餘	23	71,062	71,800
Pledged bank deposits	已抵押銀行存款	23	16,308	10,214
other receivables	其他應收款項		12,177	9,677
Prepayments, deposits and	預付款項、按金及			,
Contract assets	合約資產	22	207,707	150,009
Trade receivables	貿易應收款項	21	41,098	15,745
Current assets	流動資產 存貨	20	4,167	6,43 ⁻
			66,272	63,394
Right-of-use assets	使用權資產	19	32,373	
insurance policy	預付款項	18	9,003	-
Deposit and prepayment for a life	人壽保險保單的按金及			
Non-current assets Property, plant and equipment	非流動資產 物業、機器及設備	17	24,896	63,394
		附註	千港元	千港元
		Note	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
			二零二零年	二零一九年
			2020 二零二零年	2019 一

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

綜合財務狀況表 As at 31 March 2020 _{於二零二零年三月三十一日}

			2020	2019
			二零二零年	二零一九年
		Note	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		附註	千港元	千港元
Non-current liabilities	非流動負債		100	
Lease liabilities	租賃負債	26	483	—
Finance lease payables	融資租賃應付款項	26	—	812
Other borrowing, unsecured	其他借款,無抵押	28	92,894	90,006
			93,377	90,818
NET ASSETS	資產淨值		92,416	91,407
			,	
Capital and reserves	資本及儲備			
Share capital	股本	30	4,000	4,000
Reserves	儲備	33	88,416	87,407
TOTAL EQUITY	權益總額		92,416	91,407
			02,110	31,407

Approved by the Board of Directors on 19 June 2020 and signed on its behalf by:

經董事會於二零二零年六月十九日批准並由 以下董事代表簽署:

Chen Rongsheng 陳融聖 Executive Director 執行董事 Guan Jingdong 關靜東 Executive Director 執行董事

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

綜合權益變動表

For the year ended 31 March 2020

截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度

		Attrib	utable to own 本公司擁	ers of the Cor 有人應佔	npany
		Share Share Retained To			Total
		capital	premium	profits	equity
		股本	股份溢價	保留盈利	權益總額
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
		(note 30)	(note 33(b))		
		(附註30)	(附註33(b))		
As at 1 April 2018	於二零一八年四月一日	4,000	84,403	32,111	120,514
Loss and total comprehensive income	年內虧損及全面收益總額				
for the year		_	_	(29,107)	(29,107)
Changes in equity for the year	年內權益變動	_	_	(33,607)	(33,607
				((
As at 31 March 2019 and	於二零一九年三月三十一日				
1 April 2019	及二零一九年四月一日	4,000	84,403	3,004	91,407
Profit and total comprehensive income	年内溢札及全面收益總額			1 0 0 0	1 0 0 0
for the year			_	1,009	1,009
Changes in equity for the year	年內權益變動	_	_	1,009	1,009
As at 31 March 2020	於二零二零年三月三十一日	4,000	84,403	4,013	92,416

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

綜合現金流量表

For the year ended 31 March 2020

截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度

		Note	2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元	2019 二零一九年 HK\$'000
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	經營活動現金流量	附註	十港九	千港元
Profit/(loss) before tax	除税前溢利/(虧損)		1,009	(29,107
Adjustments for: Depreciation on property, plant and equipment Depreciation on right-of-use assets Finance costs Loss on termination of leases Written off of contract assets Provision for ECL on trade receivables and contract assets Imputed interest income Interest income Gain on disposals of property, plant and equipment, net	就以下各項作出調整: 物業、機器及設備折舊 使用權資產折舊 融資成本 終止租賃虧損 撇銷合約資產 就貿易應收款項及合約資產 的預期信貸虧損計提撥備 推算利息收入 利息收入 出售物業、機器及設備的 收益淨額	12 10 12 8 8 8	4,622 6,745 8,091 3 4,567 1,521 (2,981) (95) (324)	7,737 — 6,778 — 2,998 _ (14,610 (1,309
Operating profit/(loss) before working capital changes Decrease/(increase) in inventories Increase in trade receivables Increase in contract assets (Increase)/decrease in prepayments, deposits and other receivables Increase in trade and retention payables Increase in contract liabilities (Decrease)/increase in accruals and other payables	營運資金變動前經營 溢利/(虧損) 存貨減少/(增加) 貿易應收款項增加 合約資產增加 預付款項、按金及其他 應收款項(增加)/減少 貿易應付款項及應付 保固金增加 合約負債增加 應計費用及其他應付 款項(減少)/增加	35(a)(i)	(32.1) 23,158 2,264 (25,398) (63,741) (2,500) 72,220 4,741 (1,929)	(27,524 (2,219 (1,43 (37,782 643 44,659 370 4,519
Cash generated from/(used in) operations Interest paid Finance lease charges paid Interest on lease liabilities	經營產生/(所用)現金 已付利息 已付融資租賃費用 租賃負債利息		8,815 (1,501) (721)	(18,765 (1,059 (1,100
Net cash generated from/(used in) operating activities	經營活動產生/(所用) 現金淨額		6,593	(20,93

441

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

綜合現金流量表

For the year ended 31 March 2020 截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度

			2020	2019
			二零二零年	二零一九年
		Note	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		附註	千港元	千港元
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES	投資活動現金流量			
Interest received Payment for a life insurance policy Purchases of property, plant and	已收利息 支付人壽保險保單 購買物業、機器及設備		95 (9,003)	1,309 —
equipment		17	(2,371)	(7,034
Proceeds from disposals of property, plant and equipment	出售物業、機器及設備 所得款項 已抵押銀行存款增加	35(a)(i)	(6,094)	80
Increase in pledged bank deposits	C 払 押 飒 1 仔 泳 塇 加		(0,094)	(76
Net cash used in investing activities	投資活動所用現金淨額		(17,373)	(5,721
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES	融資活動現金流量			
Bank borrowings raised Other borrowing raised	已籌銀行借款 已籌其他借款	35(b) 35(b)	152,915 —	81,611 100,000
Repayment of bank borrowings	償還銀行借款	35(b)	(130,591)	(86,648
Repayment of finance lease payables Principal elements of lease payments	償還融資租賃應付款項 租賃付款本金部分	35(b) 35(b)	(12,300)	(11,529
Net cash from financing activities	融資活動所得現金淨額		10,024	83,434
NET (DECREASE)/INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	現金及現金等價物 (減少)/增加淨額		(756)	56,782
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year	年初的現金及現金等價物		69,372	12,590
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	年末的現金及現金等價物		68,616	69,372
ANALYSIS OF CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	現金及現金等價物分析			
Bank and cash balances	銀行及現金結餘	23	71,062	71,800
Bank overdrafts	銀行透支	27	(2,446)	(2,428
			68,616	69,372

综合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2020 截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度

1. GENERAL INFORMATION

The Company was incorporated in the Cayman Islands with limited liability on 23 July 2015 under the Companies Law of the Cayman Islands. The address of its registered office is P. O. Box 1350, Clifton House, 75 Fort Street, Grand Cayman, KY1-1108, Cayman Islands. The address of its principal place of business is Unit 01, 82/F., International Commerce Centre, 1 Austin Road West, Kowloon, Hong Kong. The Company's shares are listed on the Main Board of The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange") since 18 March 2016 (the "Listing Date").

At the end of the reporting period, the directors of the Company are of the opinion that, Blessing Well Enterprise Limited, a company incorporated in the British Virgin Islands ("BVI"), is the ultimate holding company of the Company.

The Company is an investment holding company. The Group is principally engaged in the provision of foundation services and leasing of machinery in Hong Kong.

2. BASIS OF PREPARATION

These consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards ("HKFRSs") issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants (the "HKICPA"). HKFRSs comprise all applicable Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards ("HKFRS"); Hong Kong Accounting Standards ("HKAS"); and Interpretations. These consolidated financial statements also comply with the applicable disclosure provisions of the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on the Stock Exchange and with the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance (Cap. 622). Significant accounting policies adopted by the Group are discussed below.

The HKICPA has issued certain new and revised HKFRSs that are first effective or available for early adoption for the current accounting period of the Group. Note 3 to the consolidated financial statements provides information on any changes in accounting policies resulting from initial application of these developments to the extent that they are relevant to the Group for the current and prior accounting periods reflected in these consolidated financial statements.

1. 一般資料

本公司於二零一五年七月二十三日根 據開曼群島公司法在開曼群島註冊成 立為有限公司。其註冊辦事處地址 為P. O. Box 1350, Clifton House, 75 Fort Street, Grand Cayman, KY1-1108, Cayman Islands。其主要營業地點位 於香港九龍柯士甸道西1號環球貿易廣 場82樓01室。本公司股份自二零一六年 三月十八日(「上市日期」)起於香港聯合 交易所有限公司(「聯交所」)主板上市。

於報告期末,本公司董事認為,福信企 業有限公司(一家於英屬處女群島(「英 屬處女群島」)註冊成立的公司)為本公 司的最終控股公司。

本公司為一家投資控股公司。本集團 主要業務為在香港提供地基服務及機 械租賃。

2. 編製基準

該等綜合財務報表乃根據香港會計師 公會(「香港會計師公會」)頒佈的香港財 務報告準則(「香港財務報告準則包括所有適用 香港財務報告準則(「香港財務報告準則」)), 香港會計準則(「香港財務報告準則」))、香港會計準則(「香港會計準則」)) 及詮釋。該等綜合財務報表亦符合聯 交所證券上市規則的適用披露條文及 香港法例第622章《香港公司條例》的披 露規定。本集團採納的重大會計政策 於下文討論。

香港會計師公會已頒佈若干新訂及經 修訂香港財務報告準則,於本集團本 會計期間首次生效或可供提前採納。 於該等綜合財務報表中反映的於本會 計期間及過往會計期間因初步應用與 本集團有關的該等新訂及經修訂準則 而引致的任何會計政策變動的資料載 於綜合財務報表附註3。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2020 <mark>截至二零二零年</mark>三月三十一日止年度

3. ADOPTION OF NEW AND REVISED HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS

(a) APPLICATION OF NEW AND REVISED HKFRSs

The HKICPA has issued a new HKFRS, HKFRS 16 Leases, and a number of amendments to HKFRSs that are first effective for the current accounting period of the Group.

Except for HKFRS 16, none of the developments have had a material effect on how the Group's results and financial position for the current or prior periods have been prepared or presented. The Group has not applied any new standard or interpretation that is not yet effective for the current accounting period.

HKFRS 16	Lease
HK(IFRIC) 23	Uncertainty over income tax treatments
Amendments to HKFRS 9 Amendments to HKAS 19	Financial Instruments: Prepayments Features with Negative Compensation Employee Benefits
Amendments to HKFRS 3	Business Combinations
Amendments to HKAS 12	Income Taxes
Amendments to HKAS 28	Long-term Interests in Associate and Joint Ventures
Amendments to HKAS 23	Borrowing Costs

採納新訂及經修訂香港 財務報告準則

- (a) 應用新訂及經修訂香港 財務報告準則 香港會計師公會已頒佈一項新的 香港財務報告準則(香港財務報 告準則第16號租賃)及多項香港 財務報告準則之修訂本,均於本 集團本會計期間首次生效。 除香港財務報告準則第16號外, 並無任何該等新訂及經修訂準則 對本集團本期或往期業績及財務 狀況的編製或呈列方式產生重 大影響。本集團並未應用於本會 計期間尚未生效的任何新訂準則 或詮釋。 香港財務報告準則 租賃 第16號 香港(國際財務報告 所得税處理的 詮釋委員會) 不確定性 - 詮釋第23號 香港財務報告準則 金融工具:具負補 第9號(修訂本) 償的預付款特性 香港會計準則第19號 僱員福利 (修訂本) 香港財務報告準則 業務合併
 - 第3號(修訂本)
 香港會計準則第12號 所得税 (修訂本)
 香港會計準則 於聯營公司及合營 第28號(修訂本) 企業的長期 權益
 香港會計準則第23號 借貸成本

(修訂本)

80 K. H. Group Holdings Limited 2019/20 Annual Report

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2020 截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度

3. ADOPTION OF NEW AND REVISED HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS (CONTINUED)

(a) APPLICATION OF NEW AND REVISED HKFRSs (CONTINUED) HKFRS 16 Leases

HKFRS 16 supersedes HKAS 17 Leases, and the related interpretations, HK(IFRIC) 4 Determining whether an Arrangement contains a Lease, HK(SIC) 15 Operating Leases — Incentives and HK(SIC) 27 Evaluating the Substance of Transactions Involving the Legal Form of a Lease. HKFRS 16 introduced a single accounting model for lessees, which requires a lessee to recognise a right-of-use asset and a lease liability for all leases, except for leases that have a lease term of 12 months or less and leases of low-value assets.

Lessor accounting under HKFRS 16 is substantially unchanged from HKAS 17. Lessors will continue to classify leases as either operating or finance leases using similar principles as in HKAS 17. Therefore, HKFRS 16 did not have an impact on leases where the Group is the lessor. The lessor accounting requirements are brought forward from HKAS 17 substantially unchanged.

採納新訂及經修訂香港 財務報告準則(續)

(a) 應用新訂及經修訂香港
 財務報告準則(續)
 香港財務報告準則第16號
 租賃

香港財務報告準則第16號大致沿 用香港會計準則第17號的出租人 會計處理方式。出租人將繼續使 用與香港會計準則第17號中類似 的原則將租賃分類為經營或融資 租賃。因此,香港財務報告準則 第16號對本集團為出租人的租賃 並無影響。出租人的會計處理規 定轉承自香港會計準則第17號, 大致上維持不變。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2020 <mark>截至二零二零年</mark>三月三十一日止年度

3. ADOPTION OF NEW AND REVISED HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS (CONTINUED)

(a) APPLICATION OF NEW AND REVISED HKFRSs (CONTINUED) HKFRS 16 Leases (continued)

HKFRS 16 also introduces additional qualitative and quantitative disclosure requirements which aim to enable users of the financial statements to assess the effect that leases have on the financial position, financial performance and cash flows of an entity.

The Group has initially applied HKFRS 16 as from 1 April 2019. The Group has elected to use the modified retrospective approach and has therefore recognised the cumulative effect of initial application as an adjustment to the opening balance of equity as at 1 April 2019. Comparative information has not been restated and continues to be reported under HKAS 17.

Further details of the nature and effect of the changes to previous accounting policies and the transition options applied are set out below:

(a) New definition of a lease

The change in the definition of a lease mainly relates to the concept of control. HKFRS 16 defines a lease on the basis of whether a customer controls the use of an identified asset for a period of time, which may be determined by a defined amount of use. Control is conveyed where the customer has both the right to direct the use of the identified asset and to obtain substantially all of the economic benefits from that use.

3. 採納新訂及經修訂香港 財務報告準則(續)

(a) 應用新訂及經修訂香港
 財務報告準則(續)
 香港財務報告準則第16號
 租賃(續)
 香港財務報告準則第16號亦引入

額外定性及定量披露規定,旨在 讓財務報表使用者評估租賃對 實體財務狀況、財務表現及現金 流量的影響。

本集團自二零一九年四月一日起 初步應用香港財務報告準則第16 號。本集團已選擇採用經修訂的 追溯法,因此已確認首次應用的 累計影響,作為於二零一九年四 月一日期初權益結餘的調整。比 較資料並無予以重列,並繼續根 據香港會計準則第17號呈報。

有關過往會計政策變動的性質及 影響以及所應用的過渡性選擇之 進一步詳情載列如下:

(a)

租賃的新定義 租賃定義的變動主要與控 制權的概念有關。香港財 務報告準則第16號根據客 戶是否在某一時段內控制 已識別資產的使用(其可由 指定使用量釐定)而對租賃 作出定義。當客戶有權指 示已識別資產的用途大部分 從該用途中獲得絕大部分 經濟利益時,即表示擁有 控制權。

综合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2020 截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度

3. ADOPTION OF NEW AND REVISED HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS (CONTINUED)

- (a) APPLICATION OF NEW AND REVISED HKFRSs (CONTINUED) HKFRS 16 Leases (continued)
 - (a) New definition of a lease (continued)

The Group applies the new definition of a lease in HKFRS 16 only to contracts that were entered into or changed on or after 1 April 2019. For contracts entered into before 1 April 2019, the Group has used the transitional practical expedient to grandfather the previous assessment of which existing arrangements are or contain leases. Accordingly, contracts that were previously assessed as leases under HKAS 17 continue to be accounted for as leases under HKFRS 16 and contracts previously assessed as non-lease service arrangements continue to be accounted for as executory contracts.

(b) Lessee accounting and transitional impact

HKFRS 16 eliminates the requirement for a lessee to classify leases as either operating leases or finance leases, as was previously required by HKAS 17. Instead, the Group is required to capitalise all leases when it is the lessee, including leases previously classified as operating leases under HKAS 17, other than those short-term leases and leases of low-value assets which are exempt.

3. 採納新訂及經修訂香港 財務報告準則(續)

- (a) 應用新訂及經修訂香港
 財務報告準則(續)
 香港財務報告準則第16號
 租賃(續)
 - (a) 租賃的新定義(續)

本集團僅對於二零一九年 四月一日或之後訂立或變 更的合約應用香港財務報 告準則第16號中租賃的新 定義。就於二零一九年四月 一日之前訂立的合約而言, 本集團已採用過渡性可行 的權宜方法以豁免屬租賃 或包含租賃的現有安排的 過往評估。因此,先前根 據香港會計準則第17號評 估為租賃的合約繼續根據 香港財務報告準則第16號 入賬列為租賃,而先前評 估為非租賃服務安排的合 約則繼續入賬列為未履行 合約。

(b) 承租人的會計處理及過渡 影響 香港財務報告準則第16號 剔除先前香港會計準則第

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2020 <mark>截至二零二零年</mark>三月三十一日止年度

3. ADOPTION OF NEW AND REVISED HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS (CONTINUED)

- (a) APPLICATION OF NEW AND REVISED HKFRSs (CONTINUED) HKFRS 16 Leases (continued)
 - (b) Lessee accounting and transitional impact (continued)

When recognising the lease liabilities for leases previously classified as operating leases, the Group has applied the incremental borrowing rates of the relevant group entities at the date of initial application. The weighted average incremental borrowing rate applied 5%.

To ease the transition to HKFRS 16, the Group applied the following recognition exemption and practical expedients at the date of initial application of HKFRS 16:

 elected not to apply the requirements of HKFRS 16 in respect of the recognition of lease liabilities and right-of-use assets to leases for which the remaining lease term ends within 12 months from the date of initial application of HKFRS 16, i.e. where the lease term ends on or before 31 March 2020;

3. 採納新訂及經修訂香港 財務報告準則(續)

- (a) 應用新訂及經修訂香港
 財務報告準則(續)
 香港財務報告準則第16號
 租賃(續)
 - (b) 承租人的會計處理及過渡 影響(續)

於確認先前分類為經營租 賃的租賃的租賃負債時, 本集團已採用於首次應用 日期相關集團實體的增量 借款利率。所採用的加權 平均增量借款利率為5%。

- 為方便過渡至香港財務報 告準則第16號,本集團於首 次應用香港財務報告準則 第16號當日應用下列確認 豁免情況及可行權宜方法:

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2020 截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度

3. ADOPTION OF NEW AND REVISED HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS (CONTINUED)

- (a) APPLICATION OF NEW AND REVISED HKFRSs (CONTINUED) HKFRS 16 Leases (continued)
 - (b) Lessee accounting and transitional impact (continued)
 - applied a single discount rate to a portfolio of leases with a similar remaining terms for similar class of underlying assets in a similar economic environment. Specifically, discount rate for certain leases of leasehold lands and properties was determined on a portfolio basis;
 - used hindsight based on facts and circumstances as at date of initial application in determining the lease term for the Group's leases with extension options;
 - (iv) excluded initial direct costs from measuring the right-of-use assets at the date of initial application; and
 - (v) relied on the assessment of whether leases are onerous by applying HKAS 37 as an alternative to an impairment review.

3. 採納新訂及經修訂香港 財務報告準則(續)

- (a) 應用新訂及經修訂香港
 財務報告準則(續)
 香港財務報告準則第16號
 - 租賃(續)
 - (b) 承租人的會計處理及過渡 影響(續)
 - (ii) 對於類似經濟環境中 屬類似相關資產類別 且剩餘租期相若之租 賃組合應用單一貼現 率。具體而言,若干 租賃拉組合基準釐定貼 現率;
 - (iii) 根據於首次應用日期 之事實及情況使用事 後方式為本集團具有 續租選擇權之租賃釐 定租期;
 - (iv) 於計量首次應用日期 之使用權資產時撇除 初始直接成本;及
 - (v) 運用香港會計準則第 37號作為減值評估之 替代方法,以評估租 賃是否有虧損性。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2020 <mark>截至二零二零年</mark>三月三十一日止年度

3. ADOPTION OF NEW AND REVISED HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS (CONTINUED)

(a) APPLICATION OF NEW AND REVISED HKFRSs (CONTINUED) HKFRS 16 Leases (continued)

(b) Lessee accounting and transitional impact (continued)

For the purposes of measuring deferred tax for leasing transactions in which the Group recognises the right-of-use assets and the related lease liabilities, the Group first determines whether the tax deductions are attributable to the right-of-use assets or the lease liabilities.

For leasing transactions in which the tax deductions are attributable to the lease liabilities, the Group applies HKAS 12 Income Taxes requirements to right-of-use assets and lease liabilities separately. Temporary differences relating to right-of-use assets and lease liabilities are not recognised at initial recognition and over the lease terms due to application of the initial recognition exemption.

3. 採納新訂及經修訂香港 財務報告準則(續)

- (a) 應用新訂及經修訂香港
 財務報告準則(續)
 香港財務報告準則第16號
 租賃(續)
 - (b) 承租人的會計處理及過渡 影響(續) 就計量本集團確認使用權

資產及相關租賃負債之租 賃交易之遞延税項而言, 本集團首先釐定税項扣減 是否歸因於使用權資產或 租賃負債。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2020 截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度

3. ADOPTION OF NEW AND REVISED HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS (CONTINUED)

- (a) APPLICATION OF NEW AND REVISED HKFRSs (CONTINUED) HKFRS 16 Leases (continued)
 - (b) Lessee accounting and transitional impact (continued)

The following table reconciles the operating lease commitments as disclosed in note 38 to the consolidated financial statements as at 31 March 2019 to the opening balance for lease liabilities recognised as at 1 April 2019:

3. 採納新訂及經修訂香港 財務報告準則(續)

- (a) 應用新訂及經修訂香港
 財務報告準則(續)
 香港財務報告準則第16號
 租賃(續)
 - (b) 承租人的會計處理及過渡 影響(續) 下表載列綜合財務報表附 註38所披露於二零一九年 三月三十一日之經營租賃

一万二一 口之經營位員 承擔與於二零一九年四月一 日已確認租賃負債之期初 結餘之對賬:

> HK\$'000 千港元

Operating lease commitments disclosed as at 31 March 2019 Less: commitments relating to lease exempt	於二零一九年三月三十一日披露的 經營租賃承擔 減:與獲豁免資本化租賃有關的	4,249
from capitalisation: - short-term leases and other leases with remaining lease term ending on or before 31 March 2020 Add: lease payments for the additional periods where the Group considers it reasonably certain that it will exercise the extension options	承擔: 一短期租賃及其他剩餘租期 於二零二零年三月三十一日 當日或之前終止的租賃 加:本集團認為可合理肯定將行使 續租選擇權的額外期間的 租賃付款	(1,788) 740
		3,201
Less: total future interest expenses	減:未來利息開支總額	(98)
Present value of remaining lease payments, discounted using the incremental borrowing rate as at 1 April 2019	剩餘租賃付款的現值,使用 二零一九年四月一日的 增量借款利率貼現	3,103
Add: finance lease liabilities recognised as at	^{省重信款利平知税} 加:於二零一九年三月三十一日	5,105
31 March 2019	確認之融資租賃負債	16,736
Lease liabilities recognised as at 1 April 2019	於二零一九年四月一日確認的 租賃負債	19,839
Of which are:	其中:	
Current lease liabilities	流動租賃負債	18,246
Non-current lease liabilities	非流動租賃負債	1,593
		19,839

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2020 <mark>截至二零二零年</mark>三月三十一日止年度

3. ADOPTION OF NEW AND REVISED HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS (CONTINUED)

(a) APPLICATION OF NEW AND REVISED HKFRSs (CONTINUED) HKFRS 16 Leases (continued)

(b) Lessee accounting and transitional impact (continued)

The right-of-use assets in relation to leases previously classified as operating leases have been recognised at an amount equal to the amount recognised for the remaining lease liabilities, adjusted by the amount of any prepaid or accrued lease payments relating to that lease recognised in the consolidated statement of financial position as at 31 March 2019.

Refundable rental deposits paid are accounted under HKFRS 9 Financial Instruments ("HKFRS 9") and initially measured at fair value. Adjustments to fair value at initial recognition are considered as additional lease payments and included in the cost of right-of-use assets.

So far as the impact of the adoption of HKFRS 16 on leases previously classified as finance leases is concerned, the Group is not required to make any adjustments at the date of initial application of HKFRS 16, other than changing the captions for the balances. Accordingly, instead of "Finance lease payables", these amounts are included within "Lease liabilities", and the depreciated carrying amount of the corresponding leased assets is identified as right-of-use assets. There is no impact on the opening balance of equity.

3. 採納新訂及經修訂香港 財務報告準則(續)

(a) 應用新訂及經修訂香港
 財務報告準則(續)
 香港財務報告準則第16號

租賃(續)

(b) 承租人的會計處理及過渡 影響(續)

> 已付可退回租賃按金乃根 據香港財務報告準則第9號 金融工具(「香港財務報告 準則第9號」)入賬且初步按 公平值計量。對初始確認 時的公平值作出的調整被 視為額外租賃付款,並計 入使用權資產成本。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2020 截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度

3. ADOPTION OF NEW AND REVISED HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS (CONTINUED)

- (a) APPLICATION OF NEW AND REVISED HKFRSs (CONTINUED) HKFRS 16 Leases (continued)
 - (b) Lessee accounting and transitional impact (continued)

The following table summaries the impacts of the adoption of HKFRS 16 on the Group's consolidated statement of financial position:

3. 採納新訂及經修訂香港 財務報告準則(續)

- (a) 應用新訂及經修訂香港
 財務報告準則(續)
 香港財務報告準則第16號
 租賃(續)
 (b) 承租人的會計處理及過渡
 - 影響(續) 下表概述採納香港財務報 告準則第16號對本集團綜 合財務狀況表的影響:

				Effects of adoptio 採納香港財務報告 ³		ł
Line items in the consol financial position imp HKFRS 16	idated statement of acted by the adoption of		Carrying amount as at 31 March 2019 於二零一九年	Reclassification	Recognition of leases	Carrying amount as at 1 April 2019 於二零一九年
綜合財務狀況表中因採納 而受影響的項目	香港財務報告準則第16號	Note 附註	三月三十一日的 賬面值 HK\$'000 千港元	重新分類 HK\$'000 千港元	租賃確認 HK\$'000 千港元	四月一日的 賬面值 HK\$'000 千港元
Assets Right-of-use assets Property, plant and equipment	資產 使用權資產 物業、機器及設備	(i)	- 63,394	33,329 (33,329)	3,103 —	36,432 30,065
Liabilities Lease liabilities Finance lease payables	負債 租賃負債 融資租賃應付款項	(ii)		16,736 (16,736)	3,103 —	19,839 —

Note:

 In relation to assets previously under finance leases, the Group recategorises the carrying amount of the relevant asses which were still leased as at 1 April 2019 amounting to approximately HK\$33,329,000 as right-of-use assets. 附註:

(i)

就先前計入融資租賃的 資產而言,本集團將於二 零一九年四月一日仍租賃 的有關資產的賬面值約 33,329,000港元重新分 類為使用權資產。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2020 <mark>截至二零二零年</mark>三月三十一日止年度

3. ADOPTION OF NEW AND REVISED HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS (CONTINUED)

(a) APPLICATION OF NEW AND REVISED HKFRSs (CONTINUED) HKFRS 16 Leases (continued)

- (b) Lessee accounting and transitional impact (continued) Note: (continued)
 - The Group reclassified the finance lease payables of approximately HK\$15,924,000 and HK\$812,000 to lease liabilities as current and non-current liabilities respectively as at 1 April 2019.

(c) Impact of the financial results and cash flows of the Group

After the initial recognition of right-of-use assets and lease liabilities as at 1 April 2019, the Group as a lessee is required to recognise interest expense accrued on the outstanding balance of the lease liability, and the depreciation of the right-of-use asset, instead of the previous policy of recognising rental expenses incurred under operating leases on a straight-line basis over the lease term. This result in a positive impact on the reported profit from operations in the Group's consolidated statement of profit or loss, as compared to the results if HKAS 17 had been applied during the year.

In the consolidated statement of cash flows, the Group as a lessee is required to split rentals paid under capitalised leases into their principal element and interest element (note 35(c)). These elements are classified as financing cash outflows and operating cash outflows respectively. Although total cash flows are unaffected, the adoption of HKFRS 16 therefore results in a significant change in presentation of cash flows within the consolidated statement of cash flows (note 35(c)).

3. 採納新訂及經修訂香港 財務報告準則(續)

(a) 應用新訂及經修訂香港
 財務報告準則(續)
 香港財務報告準則第16號

省危则颁報古华则第10號 租賃(續)

- (b) 承租人的會計處理及過渡 影響(續) 附註:(續)
 - (ii) 本集團於二零一九年四 月一日將融資租賃應付 款項約15,924,000港元及 812,000港元分別按流動 及非流動負債重新分類 至租賃負債。
- (c) 對本集團財務業績及現金 流量的影響

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2020 截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度

3. ADOPTION OF NEW AND REVISED HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS (CONTINUED)

- (a) APPLICATION OF NEW AND REVISED HKFRSs (CONTINUED) HKFRS 16 Leases (continued)
 - (c) Impact of the financial results and cash flows of the Group (continued)

The following tables give an indication of the estimated impact of the adoption of HKFRS 16 on the Group's financial result and cash flows for the year ended 31 March 2020, by adjusting the amounts reported under HKFRS 16 in these consolidated financial statements to compute estimates of the hypothetical amounts that would have been recognised under HKAS 17 if this superseded standard had continued to apply in 2020 instead of HKFRS 16, and by comparing these hypothetical amounts for 2020 with the actual 2019 corresponding amounts which were prepared under HKAS 17.

3. 採納新訂及經修訂香港 財務報告準則(續)

- (a) 應用新訂及經修訂香港
 財務報告準則(續)
 香港財務報告準則第16號
 租賃(續)
 - (c) 對本集團財務業績及現金 流量的影響(續)

下表顯示採納香港財務報 告準則第16號對本集團截 至二零二零年三月三十一日 止年度之財務業績及現金 流量所帶來之估計影響, 方法為對該等綜合財務報 表內根據香港財務報告準 則第16號所呈報之金額作 出調整,以計算根據香港 會計準則第17號(假設該被 取代準則而非香港財務報 告準則第16號於二零二零 年繼續適用)本應確認之估 計假設金額,以及將該等 二零二零年假設金額與根 據香港會計準則第17號編 製之二零一九年實際相應 金額進行比較。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2020 截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度

3. ADOPTION OF NEW AND REVISED HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS (CONTINUED)

(a) APPLICATION OF NEW AND REVISED HKFRSs (CONTINUED) **HKFRS 16 Leases (continued)**

of the Group (continued)

- 3. 採納新訂及經修訂香港 財務報告準則(續)
 - (a) 應用新訂及經修訂香港 財務報告準則(續) 香港財務報告準則第16號 租賃(續)
- (c) 對本集團財務業績及現金 (c) Impact of the financial results and cash flows 流量的影響(續)

			2020 二零二零年			
				Deduct:		
			Add back:	Estimated	Hypothetical	Compared
		Amounts	HKFRS 16	amounts related to	amounts for	to amounts
		reported	depreciation	operating lease as	2020 as	reported for
		under	and interest	if under HKAS 17	if under	2019 under
		HKFRS 16	expense	(note 1)	HKAS 17	HKAS 17
					假設根據香港	根據香港會計
		根據香港財務	加回:香港財	扣減:假設根據香港	會計準則	準則第17號於
		報告準則	務報告準則	會計準則第17號所得	第17號所得出	二零一九年所呈
		第16號所呈報	第16號折舊及	出有關經營租賃之	二零二零年之	報金額
		之金額	利息開支	估計金額(附註1)	假設金額	(供比較)
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元		千港元	千港元
Financial result impacted by the adoption of HKFRS 16:	受採納香港財務報告 準則第16號影響之 財務業績:					
Profit/(loss) from operations	經營溢利/(虧損)	8,239	2,876	(2,993)	8,122	(22,841)
Finance costs	融資成本	(7,230)	14	-	(7,216)	(6,266)
Profit/(loss) before tax	除税前溢利/(虧損)	1,009	2,890	(2,993)	906	(29,107)
Profit/(loss) for the year	年內溢利/(虧損)	1,009	2,890	(2,993)	906	(29,107)

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2020 截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度

3. ADOPTION OF NEW AND REVISED HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS (CONTINUED)

- (a) APPLICATION OF NEW AND REVISED HKFRSs (CONTINUED) HKFRS 16 Leases (continued)
 - (c) Impact of the financial results and cash flows of the Group (continued)

3. 採納新訂及經修訂香港 財務報告準則(續)

(a) 應用新訂及經修訂香港
 財務報告準則(續)
 香港財務報告準則第16號
 租賃(續)
 (c) 對本集團財務業績及現金

(C) 對本集團則協業額及現並 流量的影響(續)

			2020 二零二零年		2019 二零一九年
			Estimated	Hypothetical	Compared
		Amounts	amounts related to	amounts for	to amounts
		reported	operating leases	2020 as	reported for
		under	as if under HKAS	if under	2019 under
		HKFRS 16	17 (notes 1 & 2)	HKAS 17	HKAS 17
			假設根據香港	假設根據香港	根據香港會計
		根據香港財務	會計準則第17號	會計準則	準則第17號於
		報告準則	所得出有關經營	第17號所得出	二零一九年
		第16號所呈報	租賃之估計金額	二零二零年之	所呈報金額
		之金額	(附註1及2)	假設金額	(供比較)
		HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元
Line items in the consolidated statement of cash flows impacted	受採納香港財務報告準則 第16號影響之綜合現				1,8,0
by the adoption of HKFRS 16:	\$10號影響之跡日現 金流量表之項目:				
Cash generated from/(used in) operations	經營所得/(所用)現金	8,815	(2,993)	5,822	(18,769)
Interest element of lease rentals paid	已付租賃租金之利息部分	(721)	126	(595)	-
Net cash generated from/(used in) operating activities	經營活動所得/(所用) 現金淨額	6,593	(2,867)	3,726	(20,931)
Capital element of lease rentals paid	已付租賃租金之資本部分	(12,300)	2,867	(9,433)	-
Net cash from financing activities	融資活動所得現金淨額	10,024	2,867	12,891	83,434

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2020 <mark>截至二零二零年</mark>三月三十一日止年度

3. ADOPTION OF NEW AND REVISED HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS (CONTINUED)

(a) APPLICATION OF NEW AND REVISED HKFRSs (CONTINUED) HKFRS 16 Leases (continued)

(c) Impact of the financial results and cash flows of the Group (continued)

Note 1: The "estimated amounts related to operating leases" is an estimate of the amounts of the cash flows in 2020 that relate to leases which would have been classified as operating leases, if HKAS 17 had still applied in 2020. This estimate assumes that there were no difference between rentals and cash flows and that all of the new leases entered into in 2020 would have been classified as operating leases under HKAS 17, if HKAS 17 had still applied in 2019. Any potential net tax effect is ignored.

Note 2: In this impact table these cash outflows are reclassified from financing to operating in order to compute hypothetical amounts of net cash generated from operating activities and net cash used in financing activities as if HKAS 17 still applied.

3. 採納新訂及經修訂香港 財務報告準則(續)

(a) 應用新訂及經修訂香港財務報告準則(續)

香港財務報告準則第16號 租賃(續)

(c) 對本集團財務業績及現金 流量的影響(續)

> 附註1: 「有關經營租賃之估計 金額」指,與原應分類 為經營租賃之租賃有關 的於二零二零年的現金 流量之估計金額(倘於 二零二零年香港會計準 則第17號仍然適用)。 該項估計假設倘於二零 一九年香港會計準則第 17號仍然適用,租金與 現金流量之間並無差 別,且所有於二零二零 年新訂之租賃均根據香 港會計準則第17號分類 為經營租賃,當中不包 括任何潛在淨税項影 響。

附註2: 於此影響表中,該等現 金流出由融資重新分類 至經營,以計算經營活 動所得之現金淨額及融 資活動所用之現金淨額 的假定金額,猶如香 港會計準則第17號仍然 適用。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2020 截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度

3. ADOPTION OF NEW AND REVISED HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS (CONTINUED)

(b) NEW AND REVISED HKFRSs IN ISSUE BUT NOT YET EFFECTIVE

The Group has not early applied new and revised HKFRSs that have been issued but are not yet effective for the financial year beginning 1 April 2019. These new and revised HKFRSs include the following which may be relevant to the Group.

3. 採納新訂及經修訂香港 財務報告準則(續)

(b) 已頒佈但尚未生效的新 訂及經修訂香港財務報 告準則 本集團並無提早應用已頒佈但於 二零一九年四月一日開始的財政 年度尚未生效的新訂及經修訂的 香港財務報告準則。該等新訂及 經修訂的香港財務報告準則包括 以下各項可能與本集團相關者。

		Effective for accounting periods beginning on or after 於下列日期或之 後開始的 會計期間生效
Amendments to HKFRS 3 Definition of a Business	香港財務報告準則第3號(修訂本) 業務的定義	1 January 2020 二零二零年一月一日
Amendments to HKAS 1 and HKAS 8 Definition of Material	香港會計準則第1號及香港會計準則 第8號(修訂本)重大的定義	1 January 2020 二零二零年一月一日
Amendments to HKFRS 9, HKAS 39 and HKFRS 7 Interest Rate Benchmark Reform	香港財務報告準則第9號、香港會計準 則第39號及香港財務報告準則第7號 (修訂本)利率基準改革	1 January 2020 二零二零年一月一日

The Group is in the process of making an assessment of what the impact of these amendments and new standards is expected to be in the period of initial application. So far it has concluded that the adoption of them is unlikely to have a significant impact on the consolidated financial statements. 本集團正在評估該等修訂本及新 訂準則於首次應用期間預期產生 的影響。到目前為止,本集團認 為,採納該等準則不太可能對綜 合財務報表構成重大影響。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2020 <mark>截至二零二零年</mark>三月三十一日止年度

4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

These consolidated financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention.

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with HKFRSs requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise its judgement in the process of applying the Group's accounting policies. The areas involving a higher degree of judgement or complexity, or areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to the consolidated financial statements are disclosed in note 5.

The significant accounting policies applied in the preparation of these consolidated financial statements are set out below.

(a) CONSOLIDATION

The consolidated financial statements include the financial statements of the Company and its subsidiaries made up to 31 March. Subsidiaries are entities over which the Group has control. The Group controls an entity when it is exposed, or has rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the entity and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the entity. The Group has power over an entity when the Group has existing rights that give it the current ability to direct the relevant activities, i.e. activities that significantly affect the entity's returns.

When assessing control, the Group considers its potential voting rights as well as potential voting rights held by other parties. A potential voting right is considered only if the holder has the practical ability to exercise that right.

Subsidiaries are consolidated from the date on which control is transferred to the Group. They are deconsolidated from the date the control ceases.

Intragroup transactions, balances and unrealised profits are eliminated. Unrealised losses are also eliminated unless the transaction provides evidence of an impairment of the asset transferred. Accounting policies of subsidiaries have been changed where necessary to ensure consistency with the policies adopted by the Group.

4. 重大會計政策

該等綜合財務報表乃按歷史成本法編 製。

編製符合香港財務報告準則的財務報 表須使用若干關鍵會計估計,亦需要 管理層於應用本集團會計政策的過程 中作出判斷。涉及較大程度的判斷或 較高複雜性、或假設及估計對綜合財 務報表屬重大的範疇披露於附註5中。

編製該等綜合財務報表時採用的重大 會計政策載列如下。

(a) 综合賬目 該等綜合財務報表包括本公司及 其附屬公司截至三月三十一日的 財務報表。附屬公司為本集團透 有控制權的實體。當本集團透過 會與該實體而承擔浮動回報及有權 變或有權拿有浮動回報及有能力 透過其對該實體的權力而影響 等現有的權利賦予其現已報有 揮有關活動(即對實體回報有重 大影響的活動),即表示本集團 對該實體有權力。

> 當評估控制權時,本集團考慮其 潛在投票權以及由其他各方持有 的潛在投票權。潛在投票權只有 在持有人有行使此權利的實際能 力時方會被考慮。

> 附屬公司自其控制權轉移予本集 團當日起綜合入賬,並於控制權 終止當日不再綜合入賬。

> 集團內公司間的交易、結餘及未 變現溢利均予以對銷。除非交易 提供憑證顯示所轉讓資產出現 減值,否則未變現虧損亦予以對 銷。倘有需要,附屬公司的會計 政策會作出變更,以確保符合本 集團採納的政策。

综合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2020 截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度

SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES 4. 重大會計政策(續) 4. (CONTINUED)

(b) FOREIGN CURRENCY TRANSLATION

- (i) Functional and presentation currency Items included in the financial statements of each of the Group's entities are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates (the "functional currency"). The consolidated financial statements are presented in Hong Kong dollars ("HK\$"), which is the Company's functional and presentation currency.
- Transactions and balances in each (ii) entity's financial statements Transactions in foreign currencies are translated into the functional currency on initial recognition using the exchange rates prevailing on the transaction dates. Monetary assets and liabilities in foreign currencies are translated at the exchange rates at the end of each reporting period. Gains and losses resulting from this translation policy are recognised in profit or loss.

Non-monetary items that are measured at fair value in foreign currencies are translated using the exchange rates at the dates when the fair values are determined.

When a gain or loss on a non-monetary item is recognised in other comprehensive income, any exchange component of that gain or loss is recognised in other comprehensive income. When a gain or loss on a non-monetary item is recognised in profit or loss, any exchange component of that gain or loss is recognised in profit or loss.

- (b) 外幣匯兑
 - (i) 功能及呈列貨幣 本集團各實體的財務報表 內的項目均使用該實體經 營所在主要經濟環境的貨 幣(「功能貨幣」)計量。綜 合財務報表按本公司的功 能及呈列貨幣港元(「港元」) 呈列。
 - (ii) 各實體的財務報表中 的交易及結餘 外幣交易於初次確認時按 交易日通行匯率換算為功能 貨幣。以外幣計值的貨幣 資產及負債按各報告期末 的匯率換算。換算政策產 生的盈虧於損益內確認。

按公平值計量及以外幣計 值的非貨幣項目乃按釐定 公平值當日的匯率換算。

當非貨幣項目的盈虧於其 他全面收益確認時,該盈 虧的任何匯兑部分於其他 全面收益確認。當非貨幣 項目的盈虧於損益內確認 時,該盈虧的任何匯兑部 分於損益內確認。

综合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2020 <u>截至二零二零年</u>三月三十一日止年度

SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES 4. 重大會計政策(續) 4. (CONTINUED)

(b) FOREIGN CURRENCY TRANSLATION (CONTINUED)

(iii) Translation on consolidation

The results and financial position of all the Group's entities that have a functional currency different from the Company's presentation currency are translated into the Company's presentation currency as follows:

- Assets and liabilities for each statement of financial position presented are translated at the closing rate at the date of that statement of financial position;
- Income and expenses are translated at average exchange rates for the period (unless this average is not a reasonable approximation of the cumulative effect of the rates prevailing on the transaction dates, in which case income and expenses are translated at the exchange rates on the transaction dates); and
- All resulting exchange differences are recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in the foreign currency translation reserve.

(c) PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

Property, plant and equipment, held for use in the production or supply of goods or services, or for administrative purposes, are stated in the consolidated statement of financial position at cost, less subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses, if any.

- (b) 外幣匯兑(續)
 - (iii) 綜合賬目之換算 集團實體之功能貨幣如有 別於本公司呈列貨幣,所 有有關實體之業績及財務 狀況均按以下方式換算為 本公司之呈列貨幣:
 - 於各財務狀況表呈列 之資產及負債乃按有 關財務狀況表日期之 收市匯率換算;
 - 收支乃按期間之平均 匯率換算(除非該平 均匯率並非有關交易 常日通行匯率累積影 響之合理概約數,在 該情況下,收支按有 關交易當日之匯率換 算);及
 - 所有因此產生之匯兑 差額於其他全面收益 確認及於匯兑儲備中 累計。
- (c) 物業、機器及設備 持作生產或供應貨品或服務或作 行政用途的物業、機器及設備於 综合財務狀況表內以成本減其 後累計折舊及其後累計減值虧損 (如有)列賬。

综合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2020 截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度

SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES 4. 重大會計政策(續) 4. (CONTINUED)

(c) PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (CONTINUED)

Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognised as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Group and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. All other repairs and maintenance are recognised in profit or loss during the period in which they are incurred.

Depreciation of property, plant and equipment is calculated at rates sufficient to write off their costs less their residual values over the estimated useful lives on a straight-line basis. The principal annual rates are as follows:

Furniture and equipment			20%
Plant and machinery	7%	to	20%
Motor vehicles			30%

The residual values, useful lives and depreciation method are reviewed and adjusted, if appropriate, at the end of each reporting period.

The gain or loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment is the difference between the net sales proceeds and the carrying amount of the relevant asset, and is recognised in profit or loss.

(d) LEASES

At inception of a contract, the Group assesses whether the contract is, or contains, a lease. A contract is, or contains, a lease if the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration. Control is conveyed where the customer has both the right to direct the use of the identified asset and to obtain substantially all of the economic benefits from that use.

(c) 物業、機器及設備(續)

其後成本僅於與該項目有關的未 來經濟利益可能流入本集團,而 該項目的成本能可靠計量時,方 會列入資產賬面值或確認為獨立 資產(如適用)。所有其他維修及 保養於產生期間內的損益內確 認。

物業、機器及設備折舊乃於其估 計可使用年期按足以撇銷其成本 減剩餘價值的比率以直線法計 算,其主要年率如下:

傢具及設備	20%
機器及機械	7%至20%
汽車	30%

剩餘價值、可使用年期及折舊方 法於各報告期末進行檢討及作出 調整(如適用)。

出售物業、機器及設備的盈虧指 出售所得款項淨額與有關資產賬 面值兩者間的差額, 並於損益內 確認。

(d) 租賃 於合約開始時,本集團評估合約 是否屬租賃或包含租賃。倘合約 授予權利在一段時間內控制已識 別資產之使用以換取代價,則合 約為租賃或包含租賃。當客戶有 權指示已識別資產之使用以及從 該使用中獲得絕大部分經濟利益 時,即表示擁有控制權。

综合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2020 <u>截至二零二零年</u>三月三十一日止年度

SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES 4. 重大會計政策(續) 4. (CONTINUED)

(d) LEASES (CONTINUED)

The Group as a lessee (i) Policy applicable from 1 April 2019

> At the lease commencement date, the Group recognises a right-of-use asset and a lease liability, except for short-term leases that have a lease term of 12 months or less and leases of low-value assets. When the Group enters into a lease in respect of a low-value asset, the Group decides whether to capitalise the lease on a lease-by-lease basis. The lease payments associated with those leases which are not capitalised are recognised as an expense on a systematic basis over the lease term.

> Where the lease is capitalised, the lease liability is initially recognised at the present value of the lease payments payable over the lease term, discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease or, if that rate cannot be readily determined, using a relevant incremental borrowing rate. After initial recognition, the lease liability is measured at amortised cost and interest expense is calculated using the effective interest method. Variable lease payments that do not depend on an index or rate are not included in the measurement of the lease liability and hence are charged to profit or loss in the accounting period in which they are incurred.

- (d) 租賃(續)
 - 本集團作為承租人 (i) 自二零一九年四月一日起 適用之政策

於租賃開始日期,本集團 確認使用權資產及租賃負 債,惟租期為12個月或以 下之短期租賃及低價值資 產租賃除外。當本集團就 低價值資產訂立租賃時, 本集團按每項租賃情況決 定是否將租賃資本化。與 該等不作資本化租賃相關 之租賃付款於租期內按系 統性基準確認為開支。

當將租賃資本化時,租賃 負債乃按租期內應付租賃 付款之現值初始確認,並 使用租賃所隱含之利率或 (倘該利率不可直接釐定) 相關之增量借款利率貼現。 於初始確認後,租賃負債 按攤銷成本計量,而利息 開支則採用實際利率法計 算。不取決於某一指數或 比率之可變租賃付款並未 包括於租賃負債之計量中, 因此於其產生之會計期間 於損益中支銷。

综合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2020 截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度

4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES 4. 重大會計政策(續) (CONTINUED)

(d) LEASES (CONTINUED)

(i) The Group as a lessee (continued)

Policy applicable from 1 April 2019 (continued)

The right-of-use asset recognised when a lease is capitalised is initially measured at cost, which comprises the initial amount of the lease liability plus any lease payments made at or before the commencement date, and any initial direct costs incurred. Where applicable, the cost of the rightof-use assets also includes an estimate of costs to dismantle and remove the underlying asset or to restore the underlying asset or the site on which it is located, discounted to their present value, less any lease incentives received. The rightof-use asset is subsequently stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses.

Right-of-use assets in which the Group is reasonably certain to obtain ownership of the underlying leased assets at the end of the lease term are depreciated from commencement date to the end of the useful life. Otherwise, right-of-use assets are depreciated on a straight-line basis over the shorter of its estimated useful life and the lease term.

Refundable rental deposits paid are accounted under HKFRS 9 and initially measured at fair value. Adjustments to fair value at initial recognition are considered as additional lease payments and included in the cost of right-of-use assets.

(d) 和賃(續)

> (i) 本集團作為承租人 (續)

> > 自二零一九年四月一日起 適用之政策(續) 於租賃資本化時確認之使 用權資產初始按成本計 量,當中包括租賃負債之 初始值加上於開始日期 或之前支付之任何租賃付 款,以及所產生之任何初 始直接成本。在適用情況 下,使用權資產之成本亦 包括拆除及移除相關資產 或還原相關資產或該資產 所在場所而產生之估計成 本,該成本須貼現至其現 值並扣除任何收取之租賃 獎勵。使用權資產隨後按 成本減去累計折舊及減值 虧損列賬。

倘本集團合理確定在租期 屆滿時可取得相關租賃資 產之所有權,則使用權資 產自租賃開始日期至可使 用年期屆滿為止之期間內 計提折舊。 否則,使用權 資產在其估計可使用年期 與租期(以較短者為準)內 按直線法計提折舊。

已付可退回租金按金乃根 據香港財務報告準則第9號 入賬,以及初始按公平值 計量。對初始確認之公平 值之調整被視為額外租賃 付款,計入使用權資產之 成本。

综合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2020 <u>截至二零二零年</u>三月三十一日止年度

SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES 4. 重大會計政策(續) 4. (CONTINUED)

(d) LEASES (CONTINUED)

(i) The Group as a lessee (continued)

Policy applicable from 1 April 2019 (continued)

The lease liability is remeasured when there is a change in future lease payments arising from a change in an index or rate, or there is a change in the Group's estimate of the amount expected to be payable under a residual value guarantee, or there is a change arising from the reassessment of whether the Group will be reasonably certain to exercise a purchase, extension or termination option. When the lease liability is remeasured in this way, a corresponding adjustment is made to the carrying amount of the right-of-use asset, or is recorded in profit or loss if the carrying amount of the right-of-use asset has been reduced to zero.

The Group presents right-of-use assets that do not meet the definition of investment properties and lease liabilities separately in the consolidated statement of financial position.

Policy prior to 1 April 2019

In the comparative period, as a lessee the Group classified leases as finance leases if the leases transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership to the Group. Leases which did not transfer substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership to the Group were classified as operating leases.

(d) 租賃(續)

(i) 本集團作為承租人 (續)

> 自二零一九年四月一日起 適用之政策(續) 當未來租賃付款因某一指 數 或 比 率 變 動 而 變 更 , 或 當本集團預期根據餘值擔 保估計應付之金額有變, 或因重新評估本集團是否 合理地確定將行使購買、 續租或終止選擇權而產生 變動,則會重新計量租賃 負債。按此方式重新計量 租賃負債時,使用權資產 之賬面值將作相應調整, 或倘使用權資產之賬面值 已減至零,則於損益內列 脹。

> 本集團於財務狀況表中單 獨呈列不符合投資物業定 義之使用權資產及租賃負 債。

二零一九年四月一日前之 政策

於比較期間,倘租賃轉移 所有權之絕大部分風險及 回報至本集團,則本集團 (作為承租人)將有關租賃 分類為融資租賃。並無轉 移所有權之絕大部分風險 及回報至本集團的租賃則 會分類為經營租賃。

综合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2020 截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度

SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES 4. 重大會計政策(續) 4. (CONTINUED)

(d) LEASES (CONTINUED)

(i) The Group as a lessee (continued)

Policy prior to 1 April 2019 (continued)

Where the Group acquired the use of assets under finance leases, the amounts representing the fair value of the leased asset, or, if lower, the present value of the minimum lease payments, of such assets were recognised as property, plant and equipment and the corresponding liabilities, net of finance charges, were recorded as obligations under finance leases. Depreciation was provided at rates which wrote off the cost or valuation of the assets over the term of the relevant lease or, where it was likely the Group would obtain ownership of the asset, the life of the asset. Finance charges implicit in the lease payments were charged to profit or loss over the period of the leases so as to produce an approximately constant periodic rate of charge on the remaining balance of the obligations for each accounting period. Contingent rentals were charged to profit or loss in the accounting period in which they were incurred.

Where the Group had the use of assets held under operating leases, payments made under the leases were charged to profit or loss in equal instalments over the accounting periods covered by the lease term, except where an alternative basis was more representative of the pattern of benefits to be derived from the leased asset. Lease incentives received were recognised in profit or loss as an integral part of the aggregate net lease payments made.

- 和賃(續) (d)
 - (i) 本集團作為承租人 (續)

二零一九年四月一日前之 政策(續) 倘本集團以融資租賃獲得 資產之使用權,相當於租 賃資產公平值或有關資產 最低租賃付款現值(以較低 者為準)之金額確認為物 業、機器及設備,而扣除 融資費用後之相應負債則 入賬為融資租賃承擔。折 舊乃於相關租賃年期(或倘 本集團有可能取得資產之 所有權,則按資產之可使 用年期)內,按撇銷資產成 本或估值之比率作出撥備。 租賃付款內含之融資費用 於租賃期內在損益扣除, 使每個會計期間之融資費 用佔承擔餘額之比率大致 相同。或然租金於產生之 會計期間在損益中列支。

倘本集團以經營租賃獲得 資產之使用權,則根據租 賃作出之付款於租賃期所 涵蓋之會計期間內,以等 額分期在損益中列支,惟 倘有其他基準能更清楚反 映租賃資產所產生之收益 模式則除外。收取之租賃 激勵於損益中確認為租賃 淨付款總額之組成部分。

综合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2020 <u>截至二零二零年</u>三月三十一日止年度

SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES 4. 重大會計政策(續) 4. (CONTINUED)

(d) LEASES (CONTINUED)

(ii) The Group as a lessor

When the Group acts as a lessor, it determines at lease inception whether each lease is a finance lease or an operating lease. A lease is classified as a finance lease if it transfers substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to the ownership of an underlying assets to the lessee. If this is not the case, the lease is classified as an operating lease.

INVENTORIES (e)

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost is determined using the firstin, first-out basis. Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less the estimated costs of completion and the estimated costs necessary to make the sale.

(f) CONTRACT ASSETS AND CONTRACT LIABILITIES

Contract asset is recognised when the Group recognises revenue before being unconditionally entitled to the consideration under the payment terms set out in the contract. Contract assets are assessed for ECL in accordance with the policy set out in note 4(s) and are reclassified to receivables when the right to the consideration has become unconditional.

A contract liability is recognised when the customer pays consideration before the Group recognises the related revenue. A contract liability would also be recognised if the Group has an unconditional right to receive consideration before the Group recognises the related revenue. In such cases, a corresponding receivable would also be recognised.

- 租賃(續) (d)
 - (ii) 本集團作為出租人 當本集團作為出租人,其 於租賃開始時釐定各租賃 是否為融資租賃或經營租 賃。倘租賃將相關資產所 有權隨附的絕大部分風險 及回報轉讓予承租人,則 租賃分類為融資租賃。倘 **並非如此**,則租賃分類為 經營租賃。
- (e) 存貨 存貨按成本與可變現淨值兩者中 的較低者列賬。成本以先進先出 法計算。可變現淨值為日常業務 過程中的估計售價減估計完成成 本及銷售所需估計成本。

(f) 合約資產及合約負債

倘本集團於根據合約所載支付條 款無條件符合資格收取代價之前 確認收益,即確認合約資產。合 約資產根據附註4(s)所載政策就 預期信貸虧損進行評估,並於收 取代價之權利成為無條件時重新 分類至應收款項。

倘客戶於本集團確認相關收益之 前支付代價,即確認合約負債。 倘本集團擁有無條件權利可於 本集團確認相關收益之前收取 代價,亦將確認合約負債。在此 情況下,亦將確認相應之應收款 項。

综合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2020 截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度

SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES 4. 重大會計政策(續) 4. (CONTINUED)

(f) CONTRACT ASSETS AND CONTRACT LIABILITIES (CONTINUED)

For a single contract with the customer, either a net contract asset or a net contract liability is presented. For multiple contracts, contract assets and contract liabilities of unrelated contracts are not presented on a net basis.

When the contract includes a significant financing component, the contract balance includes interest accrued under the effective interest method.

(g) CONSTRUCTION CONTRACTS

A contract with a customer is classified by the Group as a construction contract when the contract relates to work on real estate assets under the control of the customer and therefore the Group's construction activities create or enhance an asset under the customer's control.

When the outcome of a construction contract can be reasonably measured, revenue from the contract is recognised progressively over time using the cost-tocost method, i.e. based on the proportion of the actual costs incurred relative to the estimated total costs. The directors consider that this input method is an appropriate measure of the progress towards complete satisfaction of these performance obligations under HKFRS 15.

(f) 合約資產及合約負債(續)

就與客戶訂立之單一合約而言, 列報合約資產淨值或合約負債淨 額。就多重合約而言,不會按淨 額基準列報不相關合約之合約資 產及合約負債。

倘合約包括重大融資部分,合約 餘額包括根據實際利息法計算之 應計利息。

(q) 建築合約 合約與受客戶管控之房地產資產 工程相關時,本集團將與客戶所 訂之合約分類為建築合約,故本 集團建築活動設置或提升受客戶 管控之資產。

> 倘建築合約之結果能合理估計, 合約收益使用成本比例法随着時 間逐步確認,即以已產生之實際 成本相較估計總成本之百分比為 基礎。董事認為,此輸入法為根 據香港財務報告準則第15號完全 履行該等履約義務進度之適當計 量。

综合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2020 <u>截至二零二零年</u>三月三十一日止年度

SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES 4. 重大會計政策(續) 4. (CONTINUED)

(q) CONSTRUCTION CONTRACTS (CONTINUED)

The Group becomes entitled to invoice customers for construction of properties based on achieving a series of performance-related milestones. When a particular milestone is reached the customer is sent a relevant statement of work signed by a third party assessor and an invoice for the related milestone payment. The Group will previously have recognised a contract asset for any work performed. Any amount previously recognised as a contract asset is reclassified to trade receivables at the point at which it is invoiced to the customer. If the milestone payment exceeds the revenue recognised to date under the cost-to-cost method then the Group recognises a contract liability for the difference. There is not considered to be a significant financing component in construction contracts with customers as the period between the recognition of revenue under the cost-tocost method and the milestone payment is always less than one year.

The likelihood of the Group earning contractual bonuses for early completion or suffering contractual penalties for late completion are taken into account in making these estimates, such that revenue is only recognised to the extent that it is highly probable that a significant reversal in the amount of cumulative revenue recognised will not occur.

When the outcome of the contract cannot be reasonably measured, revenue is recognised only to the extent of contract costs incurred that are expected to be recovered.

If at any time the costs to complete the contract are estimated to exceed the remaining amount of the consideration under the contract, then a provision is recognised.

(q) 建築合約(續)

於達成一系列與績效相關之里程 碑後,本集團有權向客戶開具物 業建築工程之發票。當達到特定 里程碑時,將向客戶發送由第三 方評估員簽署之工程相關聲明及 相關分期付款之發票。本集團先 前已就任何已履行工作確認合約 資產。先前已確認為合約資產之 金額於向客戶開具發票時重新分 類至貿易應收款項。倘分期付款 超過截至當時根據成本比例法已 確認之收益,則本集團會就差額 確認合約負債。與客戶之間的建 築合約中並無被認為重大之融資 成分,原因為根據成本比例法確 認收益與分期付款之期間通常少 於一年。

本集團就提早完成而賺取之合約 獎勵或因延遲完工而遭受合約罰 款之可能性於作出該等估計時考 慮,因此,僅在已確認累計收益 金額大幅撥回很可能不會發生時 方會確認收益。

合約結果不可合理計量時,收益 僅在所產生之合約成本預期將予 收回之情況下確認。

倘於任何時間完成合約成本預 計超出合約代價餘額,則確認撥 備。

综合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2020 截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度

4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES 4. 重大會計政策(續) (CONTINUED)

(h) RECOGNITION AND DERECOGNITION OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised in the consolidated statement of financial position when the Group entity becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Financial assets and financial liabilities are initially measured at fair value. Transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of financial assets and financial liabilities (other than financial assets and financial liabilities at FVTPL) are added to or deducted from the fair value of the financial assets or financial liabilities, as appropriate, on initial recognition. Transaction costs directly attributable to the acquisition of financial assets or financial liabilities at FVTPL are recognised immediately in profit or loss.

The Group derecognises a financial asset only when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the asset expire, or when it transfers the financial asset and substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the asset to another entity. If the Group neither transfers nor retains substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership and continues to control the transferred asset, the Group recognises its retained interest in the asset and an associated liability for amounts it may have to pay. If the Group retains substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of a transferred financial asset, the Group continues to recognise the financial asset and also recognises a collateralised borrowing for the proceeds received.

The Group derecognises financial liabilities when, and only when, the Group's obligations are discharged, cancelled or have expired. The difference between the carrying amount of the financial liability derecognised and the consideration paid and pavable, including any non-cash assets transferred or liabilities assumed, is recognised in profit or loss.

確認及終止確認金融工具 (h)

> 當本集團實體成為工具合約條文 訂約方時,將於綜合財務狀況表 確認金融資產及金融負債。

> 金融資產及金融負債初始按公平 值計量。收購或發行金融資產及 金融負債(不包括以公平值透過 損益之金融資產及金融負債)的 直接相關交易成本於首次確認時 計入或扣除自金融資產或金融負 債的公平值(視適用情況而定)。 收購以公平值透過損益之金融資 產或金融負債直接應佔的交易成 本即時於損益確認。

> 本集團僅於自資產獲得現金流之 合約權利屆滿,或當其將金融資 產及該資產所有權之絕大部分風 險及回報轉讓至另一實體時,方 會終止確認該項金融資產。倘本 集團既無轉讓亦無保留已轉讓資 產所有權之絕大部分風險及回報 並繼續控制該轉讓資產,則本集 團確認其於該資產中的保留權益 及就其可能須支付的金額確認相 關負債。倘本集團保留所轉讓金 融資產所有權之絕大部分風險及 回報,則本集團繼續確認該金融 資產,亦就已收所得款項確認有 抵押借貸。

> 在且僅在本集團的責任獲解除、 註銷或屆滿時,本集團方終止確 認金融負債。獲終止確認的金融 負債的賬面值與已付及應付代價 間的差額(包括任何已轉讓非現 金資產或已承擔負債)於損益確 認。

综合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2020 <u>截至二零二零年</u>三月三十一日止年度

SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES 4. 重大會計政策(續) 4. (CONTINUED)

(h) RECOGNITION AND DERECOGNITION OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONTINUED)

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount reported in the consolidated statement of financial position when there is a legally enforceable right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously. The legally enforceable right must not be contingent on future events and must be enforceable in the normal course of business and in the event of default, insolvency or bankruptcy of the Group or the counterparty.

(i) FINANCIAL ASSETS

All regular way purchases or sales of financial assets are recognised and derecognised on a trade date basis. Regular way purchases or sales are purchases or sales of financial assets that require delivery of assets within the time frame established by regulation or convention in the marketplace. All recognised financial assets are measured subsequently in their entirety at either amortised cost or fair value, depending on the classification of the financial assets.

TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES (j)

A receivable is recognised when the Group has an unconditional right to receive consideration. A right to receive consideration is unconditional if only the passage of time is required before payment of that consideration is due. If revenue has been recognised before the Group has an unconditional right to receive consideration, the amount is presented as a contract asset.

Receivables are stated at amortised cost using the effective interest method less allowance for credit losses.

- (h) 確認及終止確認金融工具 (續)
 - 當有法定可執行權力可抵銷已確 認金額,並有意圖按淨額基準 結算或同時變現資產及結算負 销, 並在綜合財務狀況表呈報其 淨額。法定可執行權力不得為視 乎未來事件之或然性質,須於正 常業務過程中及於本集團或對手 方違約、清算或破產情況下可行 使。
- (i) 金融資產 所有以常規途徑購入或銷售之金 融資產乃按交易日期基準確認及 終止確認。常規途徑購入或銷售 乃按市場法規或慣例所確定之時 間框架內交付資產之金融資產 購入或銷售。所有已確認金融資 產其後整體按攤銷成本或公平值 (視乎金融資產分類)計量。
- 貿易及其他應收款項 (i) 應收款項於本集團擁有無條件權 利可收取代價時確認。倘代價僅 随時間推移即會成為到期應付, 則收取代價的權利為無條件。倘 在本集團擁有無條件權利可收取 代價之前確認收益,則有關金額 呈列為合約資產。

應收款項採用實際利率法按攤銷 成本減信貸虧損撥備列賬。

综合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2020 截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度

SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES 4. 重大會計政策(續) 4. (CONTINUED)

(k) CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash at bank and on hand, demand deposits with banks and other financial institutions, and short-term, highly liquid investments that are readily convertible into known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value, having been within three months of maturity at acquisition. Bank overdrafts that are repayable on demand and form an integral part of the Group's cash management are also included as a component of cash and cash equivalents for the purpose of the consolidated statement of cash flows. Cash and cash equivalents are assessed for ECL.

FINANCIAL LIABILITIES AND EQUITY (|)**INSTRUMENTS**

Financial liabilities and equity instruments are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into and the definitions of a financial liability and an equity instrument under HKFRSs. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the Group after deducting all of its liabilities. The accounting policies adopted for specific financial liabilities and equity instruments are set out below.

(i) **Borrowings**

> Borrowings are recognised initially at fair value, net of transaction costs incurred, and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

> Borrowings are classified as current liabilities unless the Group has an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period.

現金及現金等價物 (k) 現金及現金等價物包括銀行及手 頭現金、銀行及其他金融機構活 期存款及可隨時兑換為確定數額 的現金且價值變動風險不大、於 收購日期起三個月內到期的短期 高流通性投資。須於要求時償還 且構成本集團現金管理一部分的 銀行透支,亦於綜合現金流量表 內入賬列作現金及現金等價物的 一部分。現金及現金等價物會評 估預期信貸虧損。

金融負債及股本工具 (|)

(i)

金融負債及股本工具乃根據所訂 立合約安排的內容及香港財務報 告準則項下金融負債及股本工具 的定義分類。股本工具乃證明於 本集團經扣除所有負債後的資產 中擁有剩餘權益的任何合約。下 文載列就特定金融負債及股本工 具採納的會計政策。

> 借款 借款初步按公平值(扣除已 產生交易成本)確認,其後 以實際利率法按攤銷成本 計量。

除非本集團具無條件權利 將負債還款期遞延至報 告期後至少十二個月,否 則借款將被分類為流動負 債。

综合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2020 <u>截至二零二零年</u>三月三十一日止年度

SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES 4. 重大會計政策(續) 4. (CONTINUED)

FINANCIAL LIABILITIES AND EQUITY (|)**INSTRUMENTS (CONTINUED)**

- Trade and other payables (ii)
 - Trade and other payables are recognised initially at their fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method unless the effect of discounting would be immaterial, in which case they are stated at cost.

(iii) Equity instruments

An equity instruments in any contract that evidence a residual interest in the assets of an entity after deducting all of its liabilities. Equity instruments issued by the Company are recorded at the proceeds received, net of direct issue costs.

(m) REVENUE AND OTHER INCOME

Revenue is recognised when control over a product or service is transferred to the customer, at the amount of promised consideration to which the Group is expected to be entitled, excluding those amounts collected on behalf of third parties. Revenue excludes value added tax or other sales taxes and is after deduction of any trade discounts.

Revenue from construction contracts is recognised in accordance with the policy set out in note 4(q) above.

Interest income is recognised as its accrues using the effective interest method.

Rental income receivable under operating leases is recognised in profit or loss in equal instalments over the periods covered by the lease term.

- 金融負債及股本工具(續) (|)
 - 貿易及其他應付款項 (ii) 貿易及其他應付款項初步按 其公平值確認,其後採用實 際利率法按攤銷成本計量, 除非貼現影響甚微,於此情 況下,則以成本列賬。
 - (iii) 股本工具 股本工具為可證明於實體 資產經扣除其所有負債後 的剩餘權益的任何合約。 本公司所發行的股本工具 按已收所得款項(已扣除直 接發行成本)入賬。
- (m) 收益及其他收入 收益在產品或服務之控制權按 本集團預期有權獲取之約定代價 (不包括代表第三方收取之該等 金額)金額轉讓予客戶時確認。 收益不包括增值税或其他銷售 税,並經扣減任何貿易折讓。

來自建築合約收益乃根據上文附 註4(q)所載政策予以確認。

利息收入於產生時按實際利率法 確認。

經營租賃之應收租金收入乃於租 賃期涵蓋之期間內以等額分期方 式於損益確認。

综合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2020 截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度

4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES 4. 重大會計政策(續) (CONTINUED)

(n) EMPLOYEE BENEFITS

(i) Employee leave entitlements Employee entitlements to annual leave is recognised when they accrue to employees. A provision is made for the estimated liability for annual leave as a result of services rendered by employees up to the end of the reporting period.

Employee entitlements to sick leave and maternity leave are not recognised until the time of leave.

(ii) Pension obligations

The Group contributes to defined contribution retirement schemes which are available to all employees. Contributions to the schemes by the Group and employees are calculated as a percentage of employees' basic salaries. The retirement benefit scheme cost charged to profit or loss represents contributions payable by the Group to the funds.

(iii) Termination benefits

Termination benefits are recognised at the earlier of the dates when the Group can no longer withdraw the offer of those benefits and when the Group recognises restructuring costs and involves the payment of termination benefits.

(o) SHARE-BASED PAYMENTS

The Company operates a share option scheme and issues equity-settled share-based payments to eligible employees (including directors). Equity-settled sharebased payments are measured at the fair value (excluding the effect of non-market based vesting conditions) of the equity instruments at the date of grant. The fair value determined at the grant date of the equity-settled sharebased payments is expensed on a straight-line basis over the vesting period, based on the Group's estimate of shares that will eventually vest and adjusted for the effect of non-market based vesting conditions.

- 僱員福利 (n)
 - (i) 僱員應享假期 僱員的年假於僱員應享有 時予以確認。截至報告期 末,因僱員所提供的服務 而產生的年假的估計負債 已計提撥備。

僱員的病假及產假於僱員 休假時方會確認。

- 退休金責任 (ii) 本集團為所有僱員提供定 額供款退休計劃。本集團 及僱員對計劃的供款乃按 僱員的基本薪金的百分比 計算。在損益內扣除的退 休福利計劃成本乃指本集 團應付該等基金的供款。
- (iii) 離職福利 離職福利於本集團不能撤 回提供該等福利時及本集 **團確認重組成本並涉及支** 付離職福利時(以較早者為 準)確認。
- (o) 股份付款 本公司設立一項購股權計劃,並 向合資格僱員(包括董事)作出以 權益結算的股份付款。以權益結 算的股份付款乃以股本工具於授 出日期的公平值(撇除非市場為 本的歸屬條件的影響)計量。以 權益結算的股份付款於授出日期 所釐定的公平值,根據本集團有 關最終歸屬的股份估計於歸屬期 内以直線法支銷, 並就非市場為 本之歸屬條件之影響作出調整。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2020 <mark>截至二零二零年</mark>三月三十一日止年度

SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES 4. 重大會計政策(續) (CONTINUED)

(p) BORROWING COSTS

Borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of qualifying assets, which are assets that necessarily take a substantial period of time to get ready for their intended use or sale, are capitalised as part of the cost of those assets, until such time as the assets are substantially ready for their intended use or sale. Investment income earned on the temporary investment of specific borrowings pending their expenditure on qualifying assets is deducted from the borrowing costs eligible for capitalisation.

To the extent that funds are borrowed generally and used for the purpose of obtaining a qualifying asset, the amount of borrowing costs eligible for capitalisation is determined by applying a capitalisation rate to the expenditures on that asset. The capitalisation rate is the weighted average of the borrowing costs applicable to the borrowings of the Group that are outstanding during the period, other than borrowings made specifically for the purpose of obtaining a qualifying asset.

All other borrowing costs are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they are incurred.

(q) TAXATION

Income tax represents the sum of the current tax and deferred tax.

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profits for the year. Taxable profits differ from profit recognised in profit or loss because of items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and items that are never taxable or deductible. The Group's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

(p) 借貸成本

直接用作購入、建造或生產合資 格資產(即需要相當長期間以達 致其擬定用途或銷售的資產)的 借貸成本資本化作為該等資產的 部分成本,直至資產大致可用作 其擬定用途或銷售。特定用於合 資格資產的借貸在其尚未支銷時 用作短暫投資所賺取的投資收 入,乃於合資格資本化的借貸成 本內扣除。

倘一般性借入資金用於獲取一項 合資格資產,合資格資本化的借 貸成本金額乃按該資產支銷的資 本化率釐定。資本化率為適用於 本集團期內未償還借款的加權平 均借貸成本,不包括為取得一項 合資格資產而專門借入的借款。

所有其他借貸成本均於產生期間 於損益內確認。

(q) 税項

所得税指即期税項及遞延税項的 總額。

即期應付税項乃根據年內應課税 溢利計算。應課税溢利與於損益 內確認的溢利有所不同,乃由於 其他年度的應課税或可予扣税收 入或開支項目及免税或不可扣税 項目所致。本集團有關即期税項 的負債乃採用於報告期末已實行 或實質已實行的税率計算。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2020 截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度

4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES 4. 重大會計政策(續) (CONTINUED)

(q) TAXATION (CONTINUED)

Deferred tax is recognised on differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the consolidated financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profits. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all taxable temporary differences and deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which deductible temporary differences, unused tax losses or unused tax credits can be utilised. Such assets and liabilities are not recognised if the temporary difference arises from goodwill or from the initial recognition (other than in a business combination) of other assets and liabilities in a transaction that affects neither the taxable profits nor the accounting profit.

Deferred tax liabilities are recognised for taxable temporary differences arising on investments in subsidiaries, except where the Group is able to control the reversal of the temporary difference and it is probable that the temporary difference will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

The carrying amounts of deferred tax assets are reviewed at the end of each reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax is calculated at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period when the liability is settled or the asset is realised, based on tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period. Deferred tax is recognised in profit or loss, except when it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, in which case the deferred tax is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity.

(q) 税項(續)

遞延税項負債乃按於附屬公司的 投資產生的應課税暫時差額確 認,惟倘本集團可控制暫時差額 的撥回,且該暫時差額可能不會 在可見將來撥回者除外。

遞延税項資產的賬面值乃於各報 告期末進行檢討,並調低至將不 再可能有充裕的應課税溢利以收 回所有或部分資產。

遞延税項乃根據於報告期末已實 行或實質實行的税率,按預期右 負債償還或資產變現期間適用的 税率計算。遞延税項乃於損益中 確認或直接於權益確認 的項目有關則除外,在此情況下 遞延税項亦會於其他全面收益或 直接於權益確認。

综合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2020 <mark>截至二零二零年</mark>三月三十一日止年度

SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES 4. 重大會計政策(續) (CONTINUED)

(q) TAXATION (CONTINUED)

The measurement of deferred tax assets and liabilities reflects the tax consequences that would follow from the manner in which the Group expects, at the end of the reporting period, to recover or settle the carrying amounts of its assets and liabilities.

For the purposes of measuring deferred tax for leasing transactions in which the Group recognises the right-ofuse assets and the related lease liabilities, the Group first determines whether the tax deductions are attributable to the right-of-use assets or the lease liabilities.

For leasing transactions in which the tax deductions are attributable to the lease liabilities, the Group applies HKAS 12 requirements to right-of-use assets and lease liabilities separately. Temporary differences relating to right-of-use assets and lease liabilities are not recognised at initial recognition and over the lease terms due to application of the initial recognition exemption.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities and when they relate to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority and the Group intends to settle its current tax assets and liabilities on a net basis.

(q) 税項(續) 遞延税項資產及負債的計量反映 按照本集團預期於報告期末收回 或結算其資產及負債的賬面值方 式計算得出的税務結果。

就計量本集團確認使用權資產及 相關租賃負債之租賃交易之遞延 税項而言,本集團首先確定税項 扣減是否歸屬於使用權資產或租 賃負債。

就税項扣減歸屬於租賃負債之租 賃交易而言,本集團對使用權資 產及租賃負債各自應用香港會計 準則第12號之規定。由於應用初 步確認豁免,與使用權資產及租 賃負債相關之暫時差額於初始確 認時及於租期內不予確認。

當有法定可執行權利將即期税項 資產與即期税項負債抵銷,並且 當涉及同一税務機關所徵收的所 得税且本集團擬按淨額基準結算 其即期税項資產及負債時,則遞 延税項資產及負債可互相抵銷。

综合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2020 截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度

4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES 4. 重大會計政策(續) (CONTINUED)

(r) IMPAIRMENT OF NON-FINANCIAL ASSETS

The carrying amounts of non-financial assets are reviewed at each reporting date for indications of impairment and where an asset is impaired, it is written down as an expense through the consolidated statement of profit or loss to its estimated recoverable amount unless the relevant asset is carried at a revalued amount, in which case the impairment loss is treated as a revaluation decrease. The recoverable amount is determined for an individual asset, unless the asset does not generate cash inflows that are largely independent of those from other assets or groups of assets. If this is the case, recoverable amount is determined for the cashgenerating unit to which the asset belongs. Recoverable amount is the higher of value in use and the fair value less costs of disposal of the individual asset or the cashgenerating unit.

Value in use is the present value of the estimated future cash flows of the asset/cash-generating unit. Present values are computed using pre-tax discount rates that reflect the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset/cash-generating unit whose impairment is being measured.

Impairment losses for cash-generating units are allocated first against the goodwill of the unit and then pro rata amongst the other assets of the cash-generating unit. Subsequent increases in the recoverable amount caused by changes in estimates are credited to profit or loss to the extent that they reverse the impairment unless the relevant asset is carried at a revalued amount, in which case the reversal of the impairment loss is treated as a revaluation increase.

(r) 非金融資產減值

非金融資產的賬面值於各報告日 期檢討是否有減值跡象,如資產 已減值,則通過綜合損益表作為 支出 撇減至其估計可收回金額, 惟倘有關資產按重估金額列賬, 則減值虧損會視作重估減少處 理。可收回金額就個別資產釐 定,除非資產並無產生大部分獨 立於其他資產或資產組合的現金 流入,在此情況下,可收回金額 就資產所屬的現金產生單位釐 定。可收回金額為個別資產或現 金產生單位的使用價值與公平值 減出售成本兩者中較高者。

使用價值指資產/現金產生單位 的估計未來現金流量的現值。現 值按反映貨幣時間價值及進行減 值計量的資產/現金產生單位的 特定風險的税前貼現率計算。

現金產生單位減值虧損首先就該 單位商譽進行分配,其後按比例 在現金產生單位之其他資產間進 行分配。因估計改變而導致其後 可收回金額增加會計入損益,惟 金額只限於撥回減值金額,惟倘 有關資產按重估金額列賬,則減 值虧損撥回會視作重估增加處 理。

综合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2020 <u>截至二零二零年</u>三月三十一日止年度

SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES 4. 重大會計政策(續) 4. (CONTINUED)

(s) IMPAIRMENT OF FINANCIAL ASSETS AND CONTRACT ASSETS

The Group recognises a loss allowance for ECLs on trade receivables and contract assets. The amount of ECLs is updated at each reporting date to reflect changes in credit risk since initial recognition of the respective financial instrument.

The Group always recognises lifetime ECL for trade receivables and contract assets. The ECLs on these financial assets are estimated using a provision matrix based on the Group's historical credit loss experience, adjusted for factors that are specific to the debtors, general economic conditions and an assessment of both the current as well as the forecast direction of conditions at the reporting date, including time value of money where appropriate.

For all other financial instruments, the Group recognises lifetime ECL when there has been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition. However, if the credit risk on the financial instrument has not increased significantly since initial recognition, the Group measures the loss allowance for that financial instrument at an amount equal to 12-month ECL.

Lifetime ECL represents the ECLs that will result from all possible default events over the expected life of a financial instrument. In contrast, 12-month ECL represents the portion of lifetime ECL that is expected to result from default events on a financial instrument that are possible within 12 months after the reporting date.

(s) 金融資產及合約資產減值

本集團就貿易應收款項及合約資 產確認預期信貸虧損之虧損撥 備。預期信貸虧損金額於各報 告日期更新,以反映信貸風險自 首次確認有關金融工具以來之變 動。

本集團一直確認貿易應收款項及 合約資產之全期預期信貸虧損。 該等金融資產之預期信貸虧損乃 根據本集團之過往信貸虧損經驗 使用撥備矩陣估計,並就債務人 特定因素、整體經濟狀況以及對 於報告日期狀況的當前及未來預 測的評估(包括貨幣時間價值(如 適用))作出調整。

就所有其他金融工具,本集團於 自首次確認起信貸風險顯著上升 時確認全期預期信貸虧損。然 而,倘金融工具之信貸風險自首 次確認以來並無顯著上升,則本 集團按相等於12個月預期信貸虧 損的金額計量金融工具之虧損撥 備。

全期預期信貸虧損指於金融工 具預計存續期內所有可能違約事 件導致之預期信貸虧損。相對而 言,12個月預期信貸虧損指報告 日期後12個月內金融工具可能發 生之違約事件預期導致之部分全 期預期信貸虧損。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2020 截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度

4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES 4 (CONTINUED)

(s) IMPAIRMENT OF FINANCIAL ASSETS AND CONTRACT ASSETS (CONTINUED)

Significant increase in credit risk In assessing whether the credit risk on a financial instrument has increased significantly since initial recognition, the Group compares the risk of a default occurring on the financial instrument at the reporting date with the risk of a default occurring on the financial instrument at the date of initial recognition. In making this assessment, the Group considers both quantitative and qualitative information that is reasonable and supportable, including historical experience and forwardlooking information that is available without undue cost or effort. Forward-looking information considered includes the future prospects of the industries in which the Group's debtors operate, obtained from economic expert reports, financial analysts, governmental bodies, relevant think-tanks and other similar organisations, as well as consideration of various external sources of actual and forecast economic information that relate to the Group's core operations.

In particular, the following information is taken into account when assessing whether credit risk has increased significantly since initial recognition:

- an actual or expected significant deterioration in the financial instrument's external (if available) or internal credit rating;
- significant deterioration in external market indicators of credit risk for a particular financial instrument;
- existing or forecast adverse changes in business, financial or economic conditions that are expected to cause a significant decrease in the debtor's ability to meet its debt obligations;
- an actual or expected significant deterioration in the operating results of the debtor;

4. 重大會計政策(續)

(s) 金融資產及合約資產減值 (續)

> 信貸風險顯著上升 評估金融工具之信貸風險是否自 首次確認顯著上升時,本集團比 較金融工具於報告日期發生違約 的風險與金融工具於首次確認日 期發生違約的風險。作出評估 時,本集團會考慮合理及可靠的 定量及定性資料,包括過往經 驗及無需付出過多成本或努力即 可得的前瞻性資料。所考慮的前 瞻性資料包括獲取自經濟專家 報告、金融分析師、政府機構、 相關智庫及其他類似組織的本集 團債務人經營所在行業的未來前 景,以及與本集團核心業務相關 的實際及預測經濟資料的各種外 部來源。

具體而言,評估信貸風險是否自 首次確認起顯著上升時會考慮以 下資料:

- 金融工具外部(如有)或內
 部信貸評級的實際或預期
 顯著惡化;
- 特定金融工具的信貸風險
 的外部市場指標顯著惡
 化;
- 商業、金融或經濟情況現 有或預期不利變動,預計 將導致債務人償還債項的 能力顯著下降;
- 債務人經營業績實際或預 期顯著惡化;

综合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2020 <u>截至二零二零年</u>三月三十一日止年度

SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES 4. 重大會計政策(續) 4. (CONTINUED)

(s) IMPAIRMENT OF FINANCIAL ASSETS AND CONTRACT ASSETS (CONTINUED) Significant increase in credit risks (continued)

- significant increases in credit risk on other financial instruments of the same debtor; and
- an actual or expected significant adverse change in the regulatory, economic, or technological environment of the debtor that results in a significant decrease in the debtor's ability to meet its debt obligations.

Irrespective of the outcome of the above assessment, the Group presumes that the credit risk on a financial asset has increased significantly since initial recognition when contractual payments are more than 30 days past due, unless the Group has reasonable and supportable information that demonstrates otherwise.

Despite the foregoing, the Group assumes that the credit risk on a financial instrument has not increased significantly since initial recognition if the financial instrument is determined to have low credit risk at the reporting date. A financial instrument is determined to have low credit risk if:

- (i) The financial instrument has a low risk of default;
- (ii) The debtor has a strong capacity to meet its contractual cash flow obligations in the near term; and
- Adverse changes in economic and business (iii) conditions in the longer term may, but will not necessarily, reduce the ability of the borrower to fulfil its contractual cash flow obligations.

The Group considers a financial asset to have low credit risk when the asset has external credit rating of "investment grade" in accordance with the globally understood definition or if an external rating is not available, the asset has an internal rating of "performing". Performing means that the counterparty has a strong financial position and there is no past due amounts.

(s) 金融資產及合約資產減值 (續)

信貸風險顯著上升(續)

- 同一債務人的其他金融工 具的信貸風險顯著增加;及
- 債務人的監管、經濟或技 術環境有實際或預期的 顯著不利變動,導致債務 人償還債項的能力顯著下 降。

無論上述評估的結果如何,本集 團假設當合約付款逾期超過30 天,則金融資產之信貸風險自首 次確認以來顯著增加,除非本集 團具有説明信貸風險並無顯著增 加的合理可靠資料,則作別論。

儘管如上所述,倘金融工具於報 告日期釐定為信貸風險低,則本 集團假設該金融工具的信貸風險 自首次確認以來並無顯著增加。 倘出現下列情形,金融工具釐定 為信貸風險低:

- (i) 金融工具具有低違約風 險;
- (ii) 債務人於短期內具備雄厚 實力履行其合約現金流量 責任;及
- 長期經濟及業務狀況的不 (iii) 利變動可能但不一定削減 借款人履行其合約現金流 量責任的能力。

當金融資產的外部信貸評級為 [投資級別](按照全球理解的釋 義),則本集團會視該金融資產的 信貸風險偏低,或倘外部評級不 可用時,則該資產的內部評級為 「正常」。正常指交易對手具備雄 厚財務狀況且並無逾期金額。

综合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2020 截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度

SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES 4. 重大會計政策(續) 4. (CONTINUED)

(s) IMPAIRMENT OF FINANCIAL ASSETS AND CONTRACT ASSETS (CONTINUED)

Significant increase in credit risks (continued)

The Group regularly monitors the effectiveness of the criteria used to identify whether there has been a significant increase in credit risk and revises them as appropriate to ensure that the criteria are capable of identifying significant increase in credit risk before the amount becomes past due.

Definition of default

The Group considers the following as constituting an event of default for internal credit risk management purposes as historical experience indicates that receivables that meet either of the following criteria are generally not recoverable.

- when there is a breach of financial covenants by the counterparty; or
- information developed internally or obtained from external sources indicates that the debtor is unlikely to pay its creditors, including the Group, in full (without taking into account any collaterals held by the Group).

Irrespective of the above analysis, the Group considers that default has occurred when a financial asset is more than 90 days past due unless the Group has reasonable and supportable information to demonstrate that a more lagging default criterion is more appropriate.

(s) 金融資產及合約資產減值 (續)

信貸風險顯著上升(續)

本集團定期監察用以確定信貸風 險曾否顯著增加的標準的成效, 並於適當時候作出修訂,從而確 保有關標準能夠於款項逾期前識 別信貸風險顯著增加。

違約的定義

本集團認為以下情況就內部信 貸風險管理目的而言構成違約事 件,原因為過往經驗表明符合以 下任何一項標準的應收款項一般 無法收回:

- 交易對手違反財務契諾;或
- 內部產生或獲取自外部來 源的資料表明,債務人不 太可能向債權人(包括本集 團)全額付款(不考慮本集 團持有的任何抵押品)。

不論上文分析,本集團認為當金 融資產逾期超過90日時,即屬發 生違約,除非本集團有合理及有 理據的資料證明較寬鬆的違約標 準更為適用,則當別論。

综合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2020 <u>截至二零二零年</u>三月三十一日止年度

SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES 4. 重大會計政策(續) 4. (CONTINUED)

(s) IMPAIRMENT OF FINANCIAL ASSETS AND CONTRACT ASSETS (CONTINUED)

Credit-impaired financial assets

A financial asset is credit-impaired when one or more events that have a detrimental impact on the estimated future cash flows of that financial asset have occurred. Evidence that a financial asset is credit-impaired includes observable data about the following events:

- significant financial difficulty of the issuer or the counterparty;
- a breach of contract, such as a default or past due event:
- the lender(s) of the counterparty, for economic or contractual reasons relating to the counterparty's financial difficulty, having granted to the counterparty a concession(s) that the lender(s) would not otherwise consider;
- it is becoming probable that the counterparty will enter bankruptcy or other financial reorganisation; or
- the disappearance of an active market for that financial asset because of financial difficulties.

Write-off policy

The Group writes off a financial asset when there is information indicating that the debtor is in severe financial difficulty and there is no realistic prospect of recovery, including when the debtor has been placed under liquidation or has entered into bankruptcy proceedings. Financial assets written off may still be subject to enforcement activities under the Group's recovery procedures, taking into account legal advice where appropriate. Any recoveries made are recognised in profit or loss.

(s) 金融資產及合約資產減值 (續)

> 信貸減值金融資產 倘發生一項或多項對金融資產之 估計未來現金流量產生不利影響 之事件時,該金融資產即出現信 貸減值。金融資產信貸減值的證 據包括以下事件的可觀察數據:

- 發行人或交易對手出現重 大財務困難;
- 違反合約,如違約或逾期 事件;
- 交易對手的貸款人出於與 交易對手財務困難有關的 經濟或合約原因,而向交 易對手授予貸款人原本不 會考慮的優惠;
- 交易對手可能破產或進行 其他財務重組;或
- 該金融資產的活躍市場由 於財務困難而消失。

撇銷政策

倘有資料顯示債務人出現重大財 務困難,且並無實際收回的可能 之時(包括交易對手已清算、進入 破產程序),本集團會撇銷金融 資產。在考慮法律意見(如適用) 後,已撇銷金融資產仍可根據本 集團之收回程序實施強制執行。 任何收回款項會於損益中確認。

综合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2020 截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度

SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES 4. 重大會計政策(續) 4. (CONTINUED)

(s) IMPAIRMENT OF FINANCIAL ASSETS AND CONTRACT ASSETS (CONTINUED) Measurement and recognition of ECL

The measurement of ECLs is a function of the probability of default, loss given default (i.e. the magnitude of the loss if there is a default) and the exposure at default. The assessment of the probability of default and loss given default is based on historical data adjusted by forward-looking information as described above. As for the exposure at default, for financial assets, this is represented by the assets' gross carrying amount at the reporting date.

For financial assets, the ECL is estimated as the difference between all contractual cash flows that are due to the Group in accordance with the contract and all the cash flows that the Group expects to receive, discounted at the original effective interest rate.

- (s) 金融資產及合約資產減值 (續)
 - 預期信貸虧損的計量及 確認

預期信貸虧損之計量乃指違約 概率、違約損失率(即倘有違約 時之虧損大小)及違約風險敞口 之函數。違約概率及違約損失率 之評估乃基於過往數據得出,並 根據上述前瞻性資料調整。至 於違約風險敞口,就金融資產而 言,其於資產於報告日期之賬面 總值中反映。

金融資產之預期信貸虧損按根 據合約應付本集團之所有合約現 金流量與本集團預期可收取之所 有現金流量(按原定實際利率貼 現)之間的差額估算。

综合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2020 截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度

SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES 4. 重大會計政策(續) 4. (CONTINUED)

(s) IMPAIRMENT OF FINANCIAL ASSETS AND CONTRACT ASSETS (CONTINUED)

Measurement and recognition of ECL (continued)

If the Group has measured the loss allowance for a financial instrument at an amount equal to lifetime ECL in the previous reporting period, but determines at the current reporting date that the conditions for lifetime ECL are no longer met, the Group measures the loss allowance at an amount equal to 12-month ECL at the current reporting date, except for assets for which simplified approach was used.

The Group recognises an impairment gain or loss in profit or loss for all financial instruments with a corresponding adjustment to their carrying amount through a loss allowance account.

PROVISIONS AND CONTINGENT (t) I JABILITIES

Provisions are recognised for liabilities of uncertain timing or amount when the Group has a present legal or constructive obligation arising as a result of a past event, it is probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made. Where the time value of money is material, provisions are stated at the present value of the expenditures expected to settle the obligation.

Where it is not probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required, or the amount cannot be estimated reliably, the obligation is disclosed as a contingent liability, unless the probability of outflow is remote. Possible obligations, whose existence will only be confirmed by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more future events are also disclosed as contingent liabilities unless the probability of outflow is remote.

- (s) 金融資產及合約資產減值 (續)
 - 預期信貸虧損的計量及 確認(續)

倘本集團已於前一個報告期間按 相等於全期預期信貸虧損的金額 計量一項金融工具之虧損撥備, 但於當前報告日期確定其不再符 合全期預期信貸虧損之條件,則 本集團於當前報告日期將按相等 於12個月預期信貸虧損的金額計 量虧損撥備,採用簡化方法的資 產除外。

本集團於損益中確認所有金融工 具之減值收益或虧損,並诱過虧 損撥備賬相應調整其賬面值。

(t) 撥備及或然負債

當本集團因過往事件須承擔現有 法律或推定責任,而履行責任有 可能導致經濟利益流出,並能夠 作出可靠估計時,須對時間或金 額不確定的負債確認撥備。倘貨 幣時間價值重大,則撥備乃按預 期用於履行該責任的支出現值列 脹。

倘使經濟利益流出的機會不大, 或金額無法可靠估計,則責任乃 披露為或然負債,除非經濟利益 流出的可能性極低則另作別論。 除非經濟利益流出的可能性極低, 否則視乎某宗或多宗未來事件是 否發生方可確定是否存在的潛在 責任,亦會披露為或然負債。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2020 截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度

4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES 4. 重大會計政策(續) (CONTINUED)

(u) EVENT AFTER THE REPORTING PERIOD Events after the reporting period that provide additional information about the Group's position at the end of the reporting period are adjusting events and are reflected in the consolidated financial statements. Events after the reporting period that are not adjusting events are disclosed in the notes to the consolidated financial statements when material.

5. CRITICAL JUDGEMENTS AND KEY ESTIMATES CRITICAL JUDGEMENTS IN APPLYING ACCOUNTING POLICIES

In the process of applying the accounting policies, the directors have made the following judgements that have the most significant effect on the amounts recognised in the consolidated financial statements (apart from those involving estimations which are dealt with below).

(a) Revenue recognition of construction contracts relating to accounting for variation orders The Group makes claims for additional work performed, which may arise either under specific circumstances provided for under the contracts, or due to variations made to the contract specifications by customers. Where the amounts of such claims have not been formally agreed at the end of the reporting period, the amount recoverable as estimated by management is included in the contract value in determining the estimated recoverable amount.

(U) 報告期後事項 為本集團於報告期末之狀況提供 額外資料之報告期後事項均屬於 調整事項,並於綜合財務報表內 反映。並非調整事項之重大報告 期後事項則於綜合財務報表附註

5. 重要判斷及主要估計

中披露。

應用會計政策時的重要判斷

於應用會計政策時,董事已作出對綜 合財務報表內所確認的金額具最重大 影響的以下判斷(惟於下文處理涉及估 計的判斷除外)。

(a) 確認有關工程變更的會計 處理之建築合約收益 由於合約規定下的特定情況或客 戶對合約指定內容作出更改而可 能產生的額外進行的工程,本集 團會提出索償。倘有關索償金額 尚未於報告期末正式協定,於釐 定估計可收回金額時,管理層估 計的可收回金額將計入合約價值 內。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2020 <mark>截至二零二零年</mark>三月三十一日止年度

5. CRITICAL JUDGEMENTS AND KEY ESTIMATES (CONTINUED)

CRITICAL JUDGEMENTS IN APPLYING ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

- (b) Significant increase in credit risk As explained in note 4(s), ECL are measured as an allowance equal to 12-month ECL for stage 1 assets,
 - or lifetime ECL for stage 2 or stage 3 assets. An asset moves to stage 2 when its credit risk has increased significantly since initial recognition. HKFRS 9 does not define what constitutes a significant increase in credit risk. In assessing whether the credit risk of an asset has significantly increased the Group takes into account qualitative and quantitative reasonable and supportable forward looking information.

KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION UNCERTAINTY

The key assumptions concerning the future, and other key sources of estimation uncertainty at the end of the reporting period, that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year, are discussed below.

5. 重要判斷及主要估計 (續)

應用會計政策時的重要判斷 (續)

(b) 信貸風險顯著增加 誠如附註4(s)所述,第一階段資 產的預期信貸虧損按12個月預期 信貸虧損撥備計量,或第二、三 階段的資產按全期預期信貸虧 損撥備計量。如一項資產自首次 確認後其信貸風險顯著增加,則 其轉移至第二階段。香港財務報 告準則第9號並沒有對信貸風險 顯著增加的構成要素進行定義。 評估一項資產的信貸風險是否顯 著增加時,本集團會考慮合理可 用的定量前瞻性信息和定性前瞻 性信息。

估計不明朗因素的主要來源

下文討論有關未來的主要假設及於報告期末的估計不明朗因素的其他主要來源,而該等假設及估計不明朗因素存在導致下一財政年度的資產及負債 賬面值須作出重大調整的重大風險。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2020 截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度

5. CRITICAL JUDGEMENTS AND KEY ESTIMATES (CONTINUED)

KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION UNCERTAINTY (CONTINUED)

(c) Revenue and profit recognition of construction contracts

As disclosed in note 4(g) to the consolidated financial statements, revenue recognition on a construction contract is dependent on management's estimation of the total outcome of the construction contracts, as well as the work done to date. The management reviews and revises the estimates of contract revenue. contract costs, variation orders and provision for claims, prepared for each construction contract as the contract progresses. Budgeted construction costs are prepared by the management on the basis of quotations provided by contractors, suppliers or vendors involved and the experience of the management. In order to keep the budgets accurate and up-to-date, the management conducts periodic reviews on the budgets by comparing the budgeted amounts to the actual amounts incurred. When the final cost incurred by the Group is different from the amounts initially budgeted, such differences will impact revenue and the profit or loss recognised on the contracts. The provision for claims is determined on the basis of the delay in the number of workdays of the completion of the construction works which is highly subjective and is subject to negotiation with the customers. Management conducts periodic review of the provision amount.

Significant judgement is required in estimating the contract revenue, contract costs, variation works and provision for claims which have an impact on the percentage of completion of contracts and profit or loss recognised.

5. 重要判斷及主要估計 (續)

估計不明朗因素的主要來源 (續)

(c) 建築合約收益及溢利確認

如綜合財務報表附註4(a)所披露, 建築合約收益確認取決於管理 層的建築合約總結果估計以及迄 今已完成工程。隨著合約進展, 管理層審查及修訂每一份建築合 約的合約收益、合約成本、工程 變更及索償撥備的估計。預算 建築成本由管理層參考承建商、 供應商或賣方提供的報價加上管 理層的經驗為基礎而釐定。為確 保預算準確及更新,管理層對預 算進行定期審查,將預算金額與 已產生的實際金額進行比較。倘 本集團最終已產生成本有別於最 初預算,有關差額將影響就合約 確認的收益及損益。索償撥備 於釐定時乃基於建築工程竣工遞 延的工程天數(高度主觀)且視乎 與客戶的磋商。管理層對撥備金 額定期作出檢討。

由於估計合約收益、合約成本、 工程變更及索償撥備須運用重 大判斷,因而會影響合約完工百 分比及已確認損益。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2020 <mark>截至二零二零年</mark>三月三十一日止年度

5. CRITICAL JUDGEMENTS AND KEY ESTIMATES (CONTINUED)

KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION UNCERTAINTY (CONTINUED)

(d) Property, plant and equipment, right-of-use assets and depreciation

The Group determines the estimated useful lives and related depreciation charges for the Group's property, plant and equipment and right-of-use assets. This estimate is based on the historical experience of the actual useful lives of property, plant and equipment and right-of-use assets of similar nature and functions. The Group will revise the depreciation charges where useful lives are different to those previously estimated, or it will write-off or write-down technically obsolete or non-strategic assets that have been abandoned.

The carrying amounts of property, plant and equipment and right-of-use assets as at 31 March 2020 were approximately HK\$24,896,000 (2019: approximately HK\$63,394,000) and HK\$32,373,000 (2019: Nil) respectively.

(e) Impairment of property, plant and equipment and right-of-use assets

Property, plant and equipment and right-of-use assets are stated at costs less accumulated depreciation and impairment, if any. In determining whether an asset is impaired, the Group has to exercise judgement and make estimation, particularly in assessing: (1) whether an event has occurred or any indicators that may affect the asset value; (2) whether the carrying value of an asset can be supported by the recoverable amount, in the case of value in use, the net present value of future cash flows which are estimated based upon the continued use of the asset; and (3) the appropriate key assumptions to be applied in estimating the recoverable amounts including cash flow projections and an appropriate discount rate. When it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset (including right-of-use assets), the Group estimates the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the assets belongs. Changing the assumptions and estimates, including the discount rates or the growth rate in the cash flow projections, could materially affect the net present value used in the impairment test.

The carrying amounts of property, plant and equipment and right-of-use assets as at 31 March 2020 were approximately HK\$24,896,000 (2019: approximately HK\$63,394,000) and HK\$32,373,000 (2019: Nil) respectively.

5. 重要判斷及主要估計 (續)

估計不明朗因素的主要來源 (續)

(d) 物業、機器及設備、使用 權資產以及折舊 本集團自行釐定其物業、機器及設備以及使用權資產的估計可使用權資產的估計可使用年期及相關折舊開支。該估計 乃根據類似性質及功能的物業、 機器及設備以及使用權資產的估計不同 感可使用年期與先前估計不同時,本集團將修訂折舊開支略資 產作出撇銷或撇減。

> 於二零二零年三月三十一日,物 業、機器及設備以及使用權資產 的賬面值分別為約24,896,000港 元(二零一九年:約63,394,000港 元)及32,373,000港元(二零一九 年:無)。

物業、機器及設備以及使 (e) 用權資產的減值 物業、機器及設備以及使用權 資產乃按成本減累計折舊及減 值(如有)列賬。於釐定一項資產 是否減值時,本集團須行使判斷 及作出估計,尤其是評估:(1)是 否發生事件或有任何跡象,或會 影響資產價值;(2)一項資產的賬 面值是否有可收回金額作支撐, 而若屬使用價值,則按可持續使 用該資產而估計得出的未來現金 流量的淨現值;及(3)估計可收回 金額時將應用的恰當關鍵假設, 包括現金流預測及恰當貼現率。 倘無法估計個別資產(包括使用 權資產)的可收回金額,本集團 會估計該資產所屬現金產生單位 的可收回金額。更改假設及估計 (包括現金流預測的貼現率或增 長率)可對減值測試中所用淨現 值產生重大影響。

> 物業、機器及設備以及使用權資 產於二零二零年三月三十一日的 賬面值分別為約24,896,000港元 (二零一九年:約63,394,000港元) 及32,373,000港元(二零一九年: 無)。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2020 截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度

5. CRITICAL JUDGEMENTS AND KEY ESTIMATES (CONTINUED)

KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION UNCERTAINTY (CONTINUED)

(f) Impairment of trade receivables and contract assets

The management of the Group estimates the amount of impairment loss for ECL on trade receivables and contract assets based on the credit risk of trade receivables and contract assets. The amount of the impairment loss based on ECL model is measured as the difference between all contractual cash flows that are due to the Group in accordance with the contract and all the cash flows that the Group expects to receive, discounted at the effective interest rate determined at initial recognition. Where the future cash flows are less than expected, or being revised downward due to changes in facts and circumstances, a material impairment loss may arise.

As at 31 March 2020, the aggregated carrying amount of trade receivables and contract assets was approximately HK\$248,805,000 (net of loss allowance of approximately HK\$1,948,000) (2019: approximately HK\$165,754,000 (net of loss allowance of approximately HK\$4,500,000)).

(g) Provision for claims on construction works When accounting for provision for claims on construction works and other items, the Group has taken internal and external advice in considering known claims and actions made by or against the Group. It carefully assesses the likelihood of success of a claim or action. Appropriate provisions are made for claims or actions against the Group on the basis of likely outcome, but no provisions are made for those which in the view of management are unlikely to succeed.

5. 重要判斷及主要估計 (續)

估計不明朗因素的主要來源 (續)

(f) 貿易應收款項及合約資產 減值

> 於二零二零年三月三十一日,貿 易應收款項及合約資產的賬面 總值約為248,805,000港元(經 扣除虧損撥備約1,948,000港元) (二零一九年:約165,754,000港元 (經扣除虧損撥備約4,500,000港 元))。

(g) 建築工程索償撥備 在對建築工程索償及其他項目撥 備作出會計處理時,本集團於考 慮其所作出或面對的已知索償及 訴訟時已聽取內外部建議,謹慎 評估一項索償或訴訟成功的可能 性。本集團根據很可能產生的結 果,對所面對的索償或訴訟作出 適當撥備,但並無對管理層認為 不大可能發生者作出撥備。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2020 <mark>截至二零二零年</mark>三月三十一日止年度

5. CRITICAL JUDGEMENTS AND KEY ESTIMATES (CONTINUED)

KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION UNCERTAINTY (CONTINUED)

(g) Provision for claims on construction works (continued)

As disclosed in note 22 to the consolidated financial statements, the Group has been negotiating the final settlement amount of a completed contract with a customer during the prior years.

During the year ended 31 March 2020, the Group commenced formal legal proceedings against this customer and this customer made a counterclaimed against the Group. This customer made a sanctioned payment into High Court as an attempt to settle the whole of the claim in relation to the abovementioned contract and the Group made a counter-proposal to settle the same claim to the customer. Up to the approval date on these consolidated financial statements, the legal proceedings are still in the process and no conclusive decision had been reached to resolve the claim. Significant judgement was required in determining the possible outcomes of the litigations with this customer and whether it is necessary to recognise any provision for litigations. The directors are of the opinion that the litigations with this customer are still in progress and it is pre-mature to assess the outcome for the said claim.

In making management's judgement, the Group assessed the Group's liability and obligations under the terms of subcontracting agreement, supporting evidence of work done and the basis of charge of related works. Provision on possible obligations, if appropriate, are made based on management's best estimates and judgements. As at 31 March 2020 and 2019, no provision for claims was made.

5. 重要判斷及主要估計 (續)

估計不明朗因素的主要來源 (續)

(g) 建築工程索償撥備(續)

誠如綜合財務報表附註22所披 露,本集團於過往幾年一直與一 名客戶磋商一項已完成合約的最 終結算款項。

截至二零二零年三月三十一日止 年度,本集團針對該客戶展開正 式法律訴訟,而該客戶針對本集 團作出反索償。該客戶向高等法 院作出附帶條件付款,嘗試全面 解決與上述合約相關的索償,而 本集團向該客戶作出反建議以結 清同一項索償。直至該等綜合財 務報表獲批准日期,該法律訴訟 仍在進行當中,且並無達致解決 索償的最終裁決。於釐定與該客 戶訴訟的可能結果及是否需確認 任何訴訟撥備時需作出重大判 斷。董事認為,與該客戶的訴訟 仍在進行當中,故評估上述素償 結果的時機尚不成熟。

在作出管理層判斷時,本集團評 估其於分包協議條款下的責任與 義務、完工證據及有關工程的收 費基準。有關可能發生責任的撥 備在適當情況下乃根據管理層 的最佳估計及判斷作出。於二零 二零年及二零一九年三月三十一 日,概無作出索償撥備。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2020 截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度

6. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

The Group's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks: foreign currency risk, credit risk, liquidity risk and interest rate risk. The Group's overall risk management programme focuses on the unpredictability of financial markets and seeks to minimise potential adverse effects on the Group's financial performance.

(a) FOREIGN CURRENCY RISK

The Group has minimal exposure to foreign currency risk, as except for United States Dollar ("US\$") denominated deposit and prepayment for a life insurance policy and bank balances, most of its business transactions, assets and liabilities are principally denominated in HK\$, the functional currencies of the Group's entities. The Group currently does not have a foreign currency hedging policy in respect of foreign currency transactions, assets and liabilities. The Group monitors its foreign currency exposure closely and will consider hedging significant foreign currency exposure should the need arise.

Sensitivity analysis on life insurance policy will not be performed as US\$ is pegged against HK\$ and the risk of movements in exchange rates between US\$ and HK\$ to be insignificant.

(b) CREDIT RISK

Credit risk is the risk that a counterparty will not meet its obligations under a financial instrument or customer contract, leading to a financial loss. The Group is exposed to credit risk from its operating activities (primarily trade receivables and contract assets) and from its financing activities, including deposits with banks and financial institutions, foreign exchange transactions and other financial instruments. The Group's exposure to credit risk arising from cash and cash equivalents and deposit and prepayment for a life insurance is limited because the counterparties are banks and financial institutions with high credit-rating assigned by international credit-rating agencies, for which the Group considers to have low credit risk.

Except for performance bonds for construction contracts, the Group does not provide any financial guarantees which would expose the Group to credit risk.

6. 財務風險管理

本集團的業務須承受多項財務風險: 外匯風險、信貸風險、流動資金風險 及利率風險。本集團的整體風險管理 計劃專注於金融市場的不可預測性, 旨在盡可能減低對本集團財務表現構 成的潛在不利影響。

(a) 外匯風險

由於除以美元(「美元」)計值的人 壽保險保單按金及預付款項及 銀行結餘外,本集團的大部分業 務交易、資產及負債主要以本集 團實體的功能貨幣港元計值,本 集團目前並無就外幣交易、資產 及負債制訂任何外幣對沖政策。 本集團密切監察其外匯風險,並 於有需要時考慮對沖重大外匯風 險。

由於美元與港元掛鈎,美元兑 港元匯率變動風險不大,故將不 會對人壽保險保單進行敏感度分 析。

(b) 信貸風險

信貸風險乃因對手方無法履行金 融工具或客戶合約項下責任而引 致財務損失的風險。本集團因其 經營活動(主要是貿易應收款項 及合約資產)及因其融資活動(包 括銀行及金融機構之存款、外匯 交易及其他金融工具)而承受信 貸評級機構給予高評級且本集團 因而認為信貸風險較低之銀行及 金融機構,故本集團所承受時期 金及現金等價物以及人壽保險的 按金及預付款項引致之信貸風險 屬有限。

除建築合約的履約保證金外,本 集團並無提供任何可能導致本集 團面對信貸風險的財務擔保。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2020 <mark>截至二零二零年</mark>三月三十一日止年度

6. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

(b) CREDIT RISK (CONTINUED)

Trade receivables and contract assets

Customer credit risk is managed by each business unit subject to the Group's established policy, procedures and control relating to customer credit risk management. Individual credit evaluations are performed on all customers requiring credit over a certain amount. These evaluations focus on the customer's past history of making payments when due and current ability to pay, and take into account information specific to the customer as well as pertaining to the economic environment in which the customer operates. Trade receivables are due within 14 to 45 days from the date of billing. Normally, the Group does not obtain collateral from customers.

The Group measures loss allowances for trade receivables and contract assets at an amount equal to lifetime ECLs. As the Group's historical credit loss experience does not indicate significantly different loss patterns for different debtors, the loss allowance based on past due status is not further distinguished between the Group's different debtors.

6. 財務風險管理(續)

(b) 信貸風險(續) 貿易應收款項及合約資產 客戶信貸風險由各業務單位管 理,惟須遵照本集團有關客戶信 貸風險管理的既定政策、程序及 管控。所有就若干金額要求信 資整。所有就若干金額要求信 的客戶將接受個別信貸評估。該 等評估專注於客戶的過往到考 家戶的特有資料及其營運所在地 的經濟自發票日期起計14日至45 日內到期。通常而言,本集團不 會向客戶收取抵押品。

> 本集團按相等於全期預期信貸 虧損的金額計量貿易應收款項及 合約資產之虧損撥備。由於本集 團之過往信貸虧損經驗並無顯 示不同債務人之虧損模式有重大 差異,因此並無進一步區分本集 團不同債務人基於逾期狀況之虧 損撥備。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2020 截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度

6. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

(b) CREDIT RISK (CONTINUED)

Trade receivables and contract assets (continued)

The following table provides information about the Group's exposure to credit risk and ECLs for trade receivables and contract assets as at 31 March 2020:

6. 財務風險管理(續)

(b) 信貸風險(續) 貿易應收款項及合約資產 (續)

下表提供有關本集團於二零二零 年三月三十一日就貿易應收款項 及合約資產所面臨信貸風險及預 期信貸虧損之資料:

		Expected loss rate 預期虧損率 %	2020 二零二零年 Gross carrying amount 賬面總值 HK\$'000 千港元	Loss allowance 虧損撥備 HK\$'000 千港元
Trade receivables 0-30 days 31-60 days Over 60 days	貿易應收款項 0至30日 31至60日 60日以上	0.12% 	38,197 2,857 89	45 _* _
			41,143	45
Contract assets Current (not past due)	合約資產 即期(未逾期)	0.91%	209,610	1,903
* represents the amount le	ess than HK\$1,000		* 指金額少於	1,000港元
^ represents the figure less	s than 0.01%		^ 指數字少於	0.01%

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2020 截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度

FIN	ANCIAL RISK MANA	GEMENT (CONTINUE	ED) 6. <u>凤</u>	亅務 風險管理	!(續)
(b)	•		N) 頁及合約資產
			Expected loss rate 預期虧損率 %	2019 二零一九年 Gross carrying amount 賬面總值 HK\$'000 千港元	Loss allowance 虧損撥備 HK\$'000 千港元
	Trade receivables 0-30 days 31-60 days	貿易應收款項 0至30日 31至60日		10,747 4,998	
	Contract assets Current (not past due)	合約資產 即期(未逾期)	3.00%	15,745	4,500
				年內,有關貿易 資產之虧損撥備	應收款項及合約 賬之變動如下:
				2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元	2019 二零一九年 HK\$'000 千港元
		ed for the year 年內確認	的減值虧損	4,500 6,088 (8,640)	4,500 — —
	As at 31 March	於三月三-	+	1,948	4,500
		(b) CREDIT RISK (CON Trade receivables (continued) Trade receivables 0-30 days 31-60 days 31-60 days Contract assets Current (not past due) Movements in the loss receivables and contract follows: As at 1 April Impairment loss recogniss Amounts written off duri	(b) CREDIT RISK (CONTINUED) Trade receivables and contract ass (continued) Trade receivables (continued) 貿易應收款項 0至30日 31=60 days 0-30 days 31=60 days 0至30日 31至60日 Contract assets Current (not past due) 白約資產 即期(未逾期) Movements in the loss allowance account for th receivables and contract assets during the year are follows: As at 1 April Impairment loss recognised for the year 於四月一 年內確認 年內撇銷	(b) CREDIT RISK (CONTINUED) (b) Trade receivables and contract assets (continued) Expected loss rate 預期虧損率 % Expected loss rate 預期虧損率 % 9% Trade receivables 貿易應收款項 0-30 days 0至30日 - 31-60 days 0至30日 - 21-60 days 0至30日 - Movements in the loss allowance account for trade receivables and contract assets during the year are as follows: 3.00% As at 1 April 於四月一日 Impairment loss recognised for the year 於四月一日 Amounts written off during the year	(b) CREDIT RISK (CONTINUED) Trade receivables and contract assets (continued) (b) 信貸風險(約 貿易應收款項 (續) 2019 三零一九年 Gross carrying amount 販面總值 HKS'000 干港元 2019 二零一九年 Gross carrying amount 販面總值 HKS'000 干港元 0-30 days 0至30日 0-30 days 0至30日 1-60 days 31至60日 15,745 Contract assets 白約資產 Current (not past due) 即期(未逾期) 3.00% 15,745 Movements in the loss allowance account for trade receivables and contract assets during the year are as follows: 年內 · 有關貿易 資產之虧損發備 15,745 As at 1 April Impairment loss recognised for the year Amounts written off during the year 於四月一日 年內撤銷金額 4,500 6,088 (8,640)

Expected loss rates are based on actual loss experience over the past four years. These rates are adjusted to reflect differences between economic conditions during the period over which the historic data has been collected, current conditions and the Group's view of economic conditions over the expected lives of the receivables. 預期虧損率乃按過往四年之實際 虧損經驗計算。該等比率已作調 整,以反映收集過往數據期間的 經濟狀況、現時狀況及本集團對 應收款項預計年期期間經濟狀 況之看法的差異。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2020 截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度

6. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

(c) LIQUIDITY RISK

The Group's policy is to regularly monitor current and expected liquidity requirements to ensure that it maintains sufficient reserves of cash to meet its liquidity requirements in the short and longer term.

The following tables show the remaining contractual maturities at the end of each reporting period of the Group's liabilities, based on undiscounted cash flows (including interest payments computed using contractual rates or, if floating, based on rates current at the end of the reporting period) and the earliest date the Group can be required to pay.

Specifically, for bank borrowings and lease liabilities (2019: bank borrowings and finance lease payables) which contain a repayment on demand clause which can be exercised at the lenders' sole discretion, the analysis shows the cash outflow based on the earliest period in which the entity can be required to pay, that is if the lenders were to invoke their unconditional rights to call the loans with immediate effect. The maturity analysis for lease liabilities (2019: finance lease payables) is prepared based on the scheduled repayment dates.

6. 財務風險管理(續)

(C) 流動資金風險 本集團的政策為定期監察現時及 預期的流動資金需要,以確保其 維持足以應付短期及較長遠流動 資金需要的現金儲備。

> 下表列示本集團負債於各報告期 末按未貼現現金流量(包括按合 約利率計算或(如為浮動利率)按 報告期末的現行利率計算的利息 付款)及本集團可能被要求付款的 最早日期計算的剩餘合約年期。

> 具體而言,對於包含按要求償還 條款而有關條款可由貸款人全權 酌情行使的銀行借款及租賃貸款人全 賃應付款項),該分析按實體可 能須付款的最早期間列示現金流 出,即猶如放款人會行使其要求 即時還款的無條件權利。租賃貸款 頃(二零一九年:融資租賃應付款 項)的到期情況分析乃按預定還 款日期編製。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2020 截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度

6. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

(c) LIQUIDITY RISK (CONTINUED)

The maturity analysis of the Group's financial liabilities based on contractual undiscounted cash flows is as follows:

6. 財務風險管理(續)

(c) 流動資金風險(續) 本集團金融負債按合約未貼現現 金流量的到期情況分析如下:

		On demand 按要求 HK\$'000 千港元	Within 1 year 1年內 HK\$'000 千港元	Between 1 to 2 years 1至2年 HK\$'000 千港元	Between 2 to 5 years 2至5年 HK\$'000 千港元	Total 總計 HK\$'000 千港元
As at 31 March 2020	於二零二零年三月三十一日					
Financial liabilities subject to a repayment on demand clause	受限於按要求償還條款的 金融負債					
Bank borrowings, secured	銀行借款,抵押	49,740	_	_	_	49,740
Lease liabilities	租賃負債	6,490	_	-	-	6,490
Financial liabilities not subject to a repayment on demand clause	毋須受限於按要求償還條款 的金融負債					
Trade and retention payables	貿易應付款項及應付保固金	-	145,091	13,634	-	158,725
Accruals and other payables	應計費用及其他應付款項	3,673	5,843	-	-	9,516
Lease liabilities	租賃負債	-	3,344	489	-	3,833
Other borrowing, unsecured	其他借款,無抵押	-	-	100,000	-	100,000

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2020 截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度

6. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

6. 財務風險管理(續)

(c) LIQUIDITY RISK (CONTINUED)

(c) 流動資金風險(續)

		On demand 按要求 HK\$'000 千港元	Within 1 year 1年內 HK\$'000 千港元	Between 1 to 2 years 1至2年 HK\$'000 千港元	Between 2 to 5 years 2至5年 HK\$'000 千港元	Total 總計 HK\$'000 千港元
As at 31 March 2019	於二零一九年三月三十一日					
Financial liabilities subject to a repayment on demand clause	受限於按要求償還條款的 金融負債					
Bank borrowings, secured	銀行借款,抵押	27,398	_	_	-	27,398
Finance lease payables	融資租賃應付款項	14,862	-	-	_	14,862
Financial liabilities not subject to a repayment on demand clause	毋須受限於按要求償還條款 的金融負債					
Trade and retention payables	貿易應付款項及應付保固金	_	87,895	1,852	-	89,747
Accruals and other payables	應計費用及其他應付款項	5,033	6,412	-	-	11,445
Finance lease payables	融資租賃應付款項	-	1,095	821	-	1,916
Other borrowing, unsecured	其他借款,無抵押	-	_	100,000	-	100,000

The table that follows summarises the maturity analysis of bank borrowings and lease liabilities (2019: bank borrowings and finance lease payables) with a repayment on demand clause based on agreed scheduled repayments. The amounts include interest payments computed using contractual rates. As a result, these amounts are greater than the amounts disclosed in the "on demand" time band in the maturity analysis above. Taking into account the Group's financial position, the directors do not consider that it is probable that the lenders will exercise its discretion to demand immediate repayment. The directors believe that such bank borrowings and lease liabilities (2019: finance lease payables) will be repaid in accordance with the scheduled repayment dates. 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2020 <mark>截至二零二零年</mark>三月三十一日止年度

6. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

6. 財務風險管理(續)

(c) LIQUIDITY RISK (CONTINUED)

(c) 流動資金風險(續)

		Within 1 year 1年內 HK\$'000 千港元	Between 1 to 2 years 1至2年 HK\$'000 千港元	Between 2 to 5 years 2至5年 HK\$'000 千港元	Over 5 years 5年以上 HK\$'000 千港元	Total 總計 HK\$'000 千港元
As at 31 March 2020	於二零二零年 三月三十一日					
Bank borrowings Lease liabilities	銀行借款 租賃負債	43,905 6,241	443 399	1,291 —	4,859 —	50,498 6,640
As at 31 March 2019	於二零一九年 三月三十一日					
Bank borrowings, secured Finance lease payables	銀行借款,抵押 融資租賃應付款項	27,479 8,900	 6,241			27,479 15,540

(d) INTEREST RATE RISK

As at 31 March 2020, the Group's lease liabilities (2019: finance lease payables) of approximately HK\$8,368,000 (2019: approximately HK\$11,661,000) bear interests at fixed interest rate and therefore are subject to fair value interest rate risk.

The Group's exposure to cash flow interest rate risk arises from its bank deposits, trust receipt loans, bank loans, factoring loans, bank overdrafts and the remaining balance of lease liabilities (2019: finance lease payables) and therefore bear interests at variable rates varied with the then prevailing market condition.

As at 31 March 2020 and 2019, if interest rates at that date had been 50 basis points lower or higher with all other variables held constant, there would be no significant change to the profit/(loss) after tax for the year.

- (d) 利率風險 於二零二零年三月三十一日,本 集團按固定利率計息的租賃負債 (二零一九年:融資租賃應付款項) 約8,368,000港元(二零一九年: 約11,661,000港元),因而面臨公 平值利率風險。
 - 本集團面臨來自銀行存款、信託 收據貸款、銀行貸款、保理貸 款、銀行透支及租賃負債的餘下 結餘(二零一九年:融資租賃應 付款項)的現金流量利率風險, 因而應當時的市況按浮動利率 計息。
 - 於二零二零年及二零一九年三月 三十一日,假設所有其他可變因 素維持不變,倘該日利率下降或 上升50個基點,該年度的除税後 溢利/(虧損)將不會發生重大變 動。

综合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2020 截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度

6. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED) 6. 財務風險管理(續)

- (e) CATEGORIES OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS AT THE END OF THE REPORTING PERIOD
- (e) 於報告期末的金融工具 類別

					2020 二零二零年	2019 二零一九年
					HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元
	Financial assets:	金融資產:			11070	17070
	Financial assets at amortised cost	按攤銷成本列賬之 金融資產	-		146,280	106,285
	Financial liabilities: Financial liabilities at amortised cost	金融負債: 按攤銷成本列賬之				
		金融負債			321,103	235,332
(f)	FAIR VALUES The carrying amounts of the Group's and financial liabilities as reflected in statement of financial position ap respective fair values.	the consolidated		(f)		了產及金融負債於綜 長反映的賬面值與其 直相若。
RE	/ENUE		7.	收	益	

An analysis of the Group's revenue is as follows:

本集團的收益分析如下:

		2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元	2019 二零一九年 HK\$'000 千港元
Recognised over time under HKFRS 15 Provision of foundation services	根據香港財務報告準則 第15號於某一時間段確認 提供地基服務	373,757	202,806
Revenue from other sources Leasing of machinery	來自其他來源之收益 機械租賃	1,146	209
		374,903	203,015

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2020 <mark>截至二零二零年</mark>三月三十一日止年度

7. REVENUE (CONTINUED)

As at 31 March 2020, the aggregated amount of revenue expected to be recognised in the future related to performance obligations that are unsatisfied or partially unsatisfied at the reporting date is approximately HK\$309,575,000 (2019: approximately HK\$247,624,000). The Group will recognise the expected revenue in future when or as the work is completed which is expected to occur over the next 12 to 24 months.

8. OTHER INCOME

7. 收益(續)

於二零二零年三月三十一日,預計於 將來確認的與於報告日期未完成(或部 分未完成)履約責任有關的總收益金額 約為309,575,000港元(二零一九年:約 247,624,000港元)。本集團於將來完成 工作時確認預計收益(預計於未來12至 24個月內發生)。

8. 其他收入

		2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元	2019 二零一九年 HK\$'000 千港元
Imputed interest income Interest income Sundry income	推算利息收入 利息收入 雜項收入	2,981 95 469	14,610 1,309 2
		3,545	15,921

9. SEGMENT INFORMATION

OPERATING SEGMENT INFORMATION

Operating segments are identified on the basis of internal reports about components of the Group that are regularly reviewed by the chief operating decision maker in order to allocate resources to the segment and to assess its performance.

9. 分類資料

運營分類資料

本集團按主要經營決策者定期審閲有 關本集團組成的內部報告釐定其運營 分類,以向分類分配資源及評估其表 現。

综合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2020 截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度

9. SEGMENT INFORMATION (CONTINUED) 9. 分類資料(續)

OPERATING SEGMENT INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

The directors consider that the Group manages its businesses by divisions, which are organised into business units based on their services provided, and has the reportable operating segments as follows:

- (i) Foundation - provision of foundation services
- (ii) Leasing – leasing of machinery

The reportable segments are identified in a manner consistent with the way in which information is reported internally to the Group's senior executive management for the purposes of resource allocation and performance assessment.

運營分類資料(續)

董事認為,本集團按分類管理其業務, 並按其提供的服務組成業務單位,須 予呈報營運分類如下:

- 地基 提供地基服務 (i)
- 租賃 機械租賃 (ii)

須予呈報分類之劃分與向本集團高級 行政管理人員提供內部報告資料(以 作資源分配及評估表現用途)之方法一 致。

		Founda 地基		Leas 租1	-	Tota 合	
		2020	2019	2020	2019	2020 一 一 一 一 一 一 一 一 一 一	2019
		二零二零年 HK\$'000	二零一九年 HK\$'000	二零二零年 HK\$'000	二零一九年 HK\$'000	二零二零年 HK\$'000	二零一九年 HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
Reportable segment revenue	須予呈報分類收益	373,757	202,806	1,146	209	374,903	203,015
			,				,
Reportable segment results	須予呈報分類業績	27,036	(14,465)	(1,999)	(2,228)	25,037	(16,693)
Central administrative expenses and directors' emoluments	中央行政開支及 董事酬金					(24,028)	(12,414)
Profit/(loss) before tax	除税前溢利/(虧損)					1,009	(29,107)
	13. point 137 (123.57)					,	(,,
Reportable segment results include:	須予呈報分類業績包括:						
Interest income	利息收入	93	78	-	-	93	78
Finance costs	融資成本	1,808	1,882	400	280	2,208	2,162
Depreciation on property, plant and equipment	物業、機器及設備折舊	4,038	5,915	584	1,822	4,622	7,737
Depreciation on right-of-use assets	使用權資產折舊	4,485	_	2,072	-	6,557	_
Additions to property, plant and equipment	添置物業、機器及設備	2,371	7,034	-	-	2,371	7,034
Written off of contract assets	撇銷合約資產	4,567	2,998		_	4,567	2,998

All of the segment revenue reported above is from external customers.

Segment results represent profit/(loss) attributable to the segment without allocation of corporate income, central administrative expenses and directors' emoluments.

上述所呈報之所有分類收益均來自外 部客戶。

分類業績為未分配企業收入、中央行 政開支及董事酬金前之分類應佔溢利/ (虧損)。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2020 <mark>截至二零二零年</mark>三月三十一日止年度

9. SEGMENT INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

SEGMENT ASSETS AND LIABILITIES

The following is an analysis of the Group's assets and liabilities by operating segments:

9. 分類資料(續)

分類資產及負債

以下載列本集團按經營分類劃分之資 產及負債的分析:

		2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元	2019 二零一九年 HK\$'000 千港元
SEGMENT ASSETS Foundation Leasing	分類資產 地基 租賃	328,396 17,603	261,103 10,252
Total segment assets Unallocated assets	分類資產合計 未分配資產	345,999 72,792	271,355 55,915
Consolidated assets	綜合資產	418,791	327,270
SEGMENT LIABILITIES Foundation Leasing	分類負債 地基 租賃	222,650 4,514	136,074 3,883
Total segment liabilities Unallocated liabilities	分類負債合計 未分配負債	227,164 99,211	139,957 95,906
Consolidated liabilities	綜合負債	326,375	235,863

For the purposes of monitoring segment performance and allocating resources to segment:

- (i) All assets are allocated to reportable segments other than the unallocated assets; and
- (ii) All liabilities are allocated to reportable segments other than those unallocated liabilities which are centrally managed by the Group's management.

SEASONALITY OF OPERATIONS

The Group's operations are not subject to significant seasonal factors.

- (i) 除未分配資產外,所有資產均被 分配至須予呈報分類;及
- (ii) 除由本集團管理層統一管理之該 等未分配負債外,所有負債均被 分配至須予呈報分類。

營運季節性

本集團的營運不受重大季節性因素影 響。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2020 截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度

9. SEGMENT INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

GEOGRAPHICAL INFORMATION

All non-current assets as at 31 March 2020 and 2019 and the Group's revenue from external customers during the years ended 31 March 2020 and 2019 are located in and generated from Hong Kong.

REVENUE FROM MAJOR CUSTOMERS

The Group's customer base for whom transactions have exceeded 10% of its revenue during the years ended 31 March 2020 and 2019 is set out as below:

9. 分類資料(續)

地區資料

於二零二零年及二零一九年三月三十一 日的所有非流動資產以及截至二零二 零年及二零一九年三月三十一日止年度 本集團來自外部客戶的收益均位於及 源自香港。

主要客戶收益

截至二零二零年及二零一九年三月三十 一日止年度,有關交易佔本集團10%以 上收益的客戶基礎載列如下:

		2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元	2019 二零一九年 HK\$'000 千港元
Foundation Customer 1 Customer 2 Customer 3 Customer 4 Customer 5 Customer 6	地基 客戶1 客戶2 客戶3 客戶4 客戶5 客戶6	134,579 46,144 45,728 N/A不適用* N/A不適用* N/A不適用*	N/A不適用* N/A不適用* N/A不適用* 45,279 22,698 22,011

Amount represented less than 10% of the revenue during the year.

金額佔年度的收益少於10%。

10. FINANCE COSTS

10. 融資成本

		2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元	2019 二零一九年 HK\$'000 千港元
Finance lease charges Interest on bank borrowings Interest on lease liabilities Imputed interest expenses	融資租賃費用 銀行借款利息 租賃負債利息 推算利息開支		1,103 1,059 — 4,616
Less: Amounts attributable to contract works	減:合約工程應佔金額	8,091 (861)	6,778 (512
		7,230	6,266

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2020 截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度

11. INCOME TAX

11. 所得税

		2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元	2019 二零一九年 HK\$'000 千港元		
Deferred tax (note 29)	遞延税項(附註29)	-	_		
Hong Kong Profits Tax would be provided at a rate of 16.5% (2019: 16.5%) on the estimated profit for the year ended 31 March 2020.		香港利得税將就估	截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度, 香港利得税將就估計溢利按税率16.5% (二零一九年:16.5%)撥備。		
No provision for Hong Kong Profits Tax is required since the Group has sufficient tax losses brought forward to set off against current year's assessable profit (2019: no assessable profit for the year).		抵銷本年度應課税	由於本集團擁有充足結轉税項虧損可 抵銷本年度應課税溢利(二零一九年: 無年度應課税溢利),故毋須就香港利 得税計提撥備。		
The reconciliation between the inc profit/(loss) before tax multiplied by rate is as follows:	•		所得税與除税前溢利/(虧損)乘以香 港利得税税率所得乘積的對賬如下:		
		2020	2019		

	二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元	二零一九年 HK\$'000 千港元
除税前溢利/(虧損)	1,009	(29,107)
按16.5% (二零一九年: 16.5%)的香港利得税		
税率計算的税項	166	(4,803)
	(502)	(2,614)
	2,116	6,700
動用先前未確認税項虧損	(1 514)	
	(1,514)	_
影響	(394)	(92)
先前確認税項虧損的税務		· · · ·
影響	(129)	_
禾 唯 認 柷 垻 虧 損 的 柷 務 影 響	257	809
66.21 税	_	
	按16.5% (二零一九年: 16.5%)的香港利得税 税率計算的税項 毋須課税收入的税務影響 不可扣減開支的税務影響 動用先前未確認税項虧損 的税務影響 未確認暫時差額的税務 影響 先前確認税項虧損的税務 影響 未確認税項虧損的税務	午港元 除税前溢利/(虧損) 1,009 按16.5%(二零一九年: 1,609 16.5%)的香港利得税 166 毋須課税收入的税務影響 166 毋須課税收入的税務影響 2,116 動用先前未確認税項虧損 (1,514) 未確認暫時差額的税務 (394) 先前確認税項虧損的税務 (129) 未確認税項虧損的税務 257

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2020 截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度

12. PROFIT/(LOSS) FOR THE YEAR

The Group's profit/(loss) for the year is stated after charging/ (crediting) the following:

12. 年內溢利/(虧損)

本集團的年內溢利/(虧損)已扣除/ (計入)下列各項:

					2020	2019
					二零二零年	二零一九年
			Note		HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000
			附註		丁孢兀	千港元
Au	ditor's remuneration	核數師薪酬				
	- Current	一即期			650	650
-	- Over-provision in prior years	- 過往年度超額撥備			(32)	_
Со	st of construction materials	建築材料成本	(a)		52,051	38,065
De	preciation on property,	物業、機器及設備折舊				
	plant and equipment		(b)		4,622	7,737
	preciation on right-of-use assets	使用權資產折舊	(b)		6,745	—
	in on disposals of property,	出售物業、機器及			(004)	
	plant and equipment, net	設備的收益淨額	(-)		(324) 4,567	(11)
	itten off of contract assets erating lease charges	撇銷合約資產 經營租賃開支	(c) (d)		4,507	2,998
	 Hire of plant and equipment 	一 租用機器及設備	(u)		_	8,109
	- Land and buildings	- 土地及樓宇			_	5,432
	ase payments not included in the					0,102
	neasurement of lease liabilities	的租賃付款	(e)		9,401	_
Notes	5.			附註	:	
(a)	The amounts included in cost of servi-	ces rendered.		(a)	該金額已計入所提供服務成本。	
(b)) The amounts included in cost of services rendered fo		(b)		該金額已計入權	战至二零二零年及二零
	ended 31 March 2020 and 2019 a					
	HK\$7,966,000 and HK\$2,339,000 resp	pectively.			服務成本,分別 2,339,000港元	刂約7,966,000港元及約 。
					2,009,0007876	-
(C)	,			(C)	該金額已計入行	f政及其他經營開支。
	expenses.					
(d)	The amounts included in cost of	services rendered for the		(d)		至二零二零年及二零一
	years ended 31 March 2020 and 201					-日止年度的所提供服
	approximately HK\$10,442,000 respecti	veiy.			務成本,分別為 港元。	零港元及約10,442,000
(e)	The amounts included in cost of service and 2010	-		(e)		至二零二零年及二零-
	ended 31 March 2020 and 2019 amounted to approximately HK\$6,224,000 and HK\$Nil respectively.					-日止年度的所提供肌 時約6,224,000港元及零
	. , ,				港元。	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,

综合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2020 截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度

13. EMPLOYEE BENEFITS EXPENSE

13. 僱員福利開支

	Note 附註	2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元	2019 二零一九年 HK\$'000 千港元
Employee benefits expense 僱員福利開支 (including directors' emoluments): (包括董事酬金): Salaries, bonuses and allowances 薪金、花紅及津貼 Retirement benefits scheme 退休福利計劃供款		51,053	50,876
contributions	(a)	1,683	1,645
	(b)	52,736	52,521

Notes:

- (a)
 - "MPF Scheme") under the Hong Kong Mandatory Provident Fund Schemes Ordinance for all qualifying employees in Hong Kong. The Group's contributions to the MPF Scheme are calculated at 5% of the salaries and wages subject to a monthly maximum amount of HK\$1,500 per employee and vest fully with employees when contributed into the MPF Scheme.
- The amounts included in cost of services rendered for the years (b) ended 31 March 2020 and 2019 amounted to approximately HK\$37,815,000 and approximately HK\$36,990,000 respectively.
- 本集團根據香港強制性公積金計劃條 例就所有香港合資格僱員向強制性公 積金計劃(「強積金計劃」)供款。本集 團向強積金計劃作出的供款按僱員薪 金及工資的5%計算,惟每名僱員的每 月最高供款額為1,500港元,而向強積

金計劃供款後,供款即悉數歸僱員所

該金額已計入截至二零二零年及二零一 (b) 九年三月三十一日止年度的所提供服 務成本,分別為約37,815,000港元及約 36,990,000港元。

有。

附註: 退休福利計劃供款: Retirement benefits scheme contributions: (a) The Group operates a mandatory provident fund scheme (the

综合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2020 截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度

13. EMPLOYEE BENEFITS EXPENSE (CONTINUED) 13. 僱員福利開支(續)

Notes: (continued)

Five highest paid individuals: (C)

> The five highest paid individuals in the Group during the year included nil (2019: 2) directors whose emoluments are reflected in the analysis presented in note 14. The emoluments of the remaining 5 (2019: 3) individuals are set out below:

附註:(續)

五位最高薪酬人士: (C)

> 年內本集團的五位最高薪酬人士中包 括0名(二零一九年:2名)董事,其酬金 已反映在附註14的分析内。餘下5名(二 零一九年:3名)人士的酬金載列如下:

	2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元	2019 二零一九年 HK\$'000 千港元
Basic salaries and allowances 基本薪金及津貼 Retirement benefits scheme contributions 退休福利計劃供款	7,100 37	4,562 54
	7,137	4,616

The emoluments fell within the following bands:

屬於下列範圍的酬金:

		2020	2019
		二零二零年	二零一九年
		Number of person	Number of person
Band of emoluments (HK\$)	酬金範圍(港元)	人數	人數
HK\$500,001 to HK\$1,000,000	500,001港元至1,000,000港元	1	1
HK\$1,000,001 to HK\$1,500,000	1,000,001港元至1,500,000港元	2	_
HK\$1,500,001 to HK\$2,000,000	1,500,001港元至2,000,000港元	2	1
HK\$2,000,001 to HK\$2,500,000	2,000,001港元至2,500,000港元	-	1

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2020 截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度

14. BENEFITS AND INTERESTS OF DIRECTORS 14. 董事福利及權益

(a) DIRECTORS' EMOLUMENTS:

The emoluments of every Director are set out below:

(a) 董事酬金: 各名董事的酬金載列如下:

			Emolum	ents paid o	or receivable in	n respect of a	person's ser	vices as
						pany or its sub	•	
						司業務的董事E		
			070 100			Retirement		
					Performance	benefits		
					related	scheme	Housing	
			Fees	Salaries	bonuses	contributions	allowance	Tot
						退休福利		
			袍金	薪金	表現花紅	計劃供款	住房津貼	總
		Note	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'00
		附註	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港
For suffice Directory	おに茶声・							
Executive Directors:	執行董事:							
Mr. Chen Rongsheng (Chairman)	陳融聖先生 <i>(主席)</i>	i	-	-	-	-	-	
Mr. Guan Jingdong	關靜東先生	i	300	-	-	-	-	30
Independent Non-executive Directors	: 獨立非執行董事:							
Dr. Luo Tiejian	羅鐵堅博士	i	150	-	-	-	-	15
Professor Lu Haitian	陸海天教授	i	150	-	-	-	-	15
Mr. Liu Xin	劉昕先生	i	150	-	-	-	-	15
Total for the year ended	截至二零二零年三月							
31 March 2020	三十一日止年度總計		750	_	_	_	_	75



14. BENEFITS AND INTERESTS OF DIRECTORS 14. 董事福利及權益(續) (CONTINUED)

(a) DIRECTORS' EMOLUMENTS: (CONTINUED) (a) 董事酬金: (續)

				a dire	ctor, whethe	r of the Com 司或其附屬公	n respect of a pany or its sub 司業務的董事i Retirement	isidiary unde	ertaking
				Fees	Salaries	Performance related bonuses	benefits scheme contributions 退休福利	Housing allowance	Total
			Note 附註	袍金 HK\$'000 千港元	薪金 HK\$'000 千港元	表現花紅 HK\$'000 千港元	之前 計劃供款 HK\$'000 千港元	住房津貼 HK\$'000 千港元	總計 HK\$'000 千港元
Execu	tive Directors:	執行董事:							
Mr.	Chen Rongsheng (Chairman)	陳融聖先生 <i>(主席)</i>	i	-	-	-	-	-	-
Mr.	Guan Jingdong	關靜東先生	i	191	-	-	-	-	191
	Yu Shiu Tin, Paul	余嘯天先生	ii	-	1,500	-	-	-	1,500
	Yeung Sau Ming, Boris	楊秀明先生	ii	-	24	-	1	1,198	1,223
Ms.	Chan Lai Kuen	陳麗娟女士	ii	-	499	-	18	-	517
Indep	endent Non-executive Directors:	獨立非執行董事:							
Dr.	Luo Tiejian	羅鐵堅博士	i	96	-	-	-	-	96
Dr.	Lu Haitian	陸海天博士	i	96	-	-	-	-	96
Mr.	Liu Xin	劉昕先生	i	96	-	-	-	-	96
	Chan Kee Huen, Michael	陳記煊先生	iii	63	-	-	-	-	63
	Cheng Yan Kee	鄭恩基先生	iii	63	-	-	-	-	63
	Cheung Chi Fai, Frank	張志輝先生	iii	63	-	-	-	-	63
Prot	essor Chung Hung Kwan, Barnabas	鍾鴻鈞教授	iii	63	-		-	-	63
Total	for the year ended 31 March 2019	截至二零一九年三月 三十一日止年度總計		731	2,023	_	19	1,198	3,971
Note:						附註:			
i	Appointed on 13 August 2018.						於二零一八 任。	年八月十	三日獲委
ii Resigned as director of the Company on 13 August 2018 but retained as director of the subsidiaries at the Group during the year ended 31 March 2020 and 2019.							於二零一八 ⁴ 公司董事,(及二零一九 ⁴ 度留任本集	旦於截至二 王三月三十	_零二零年 -一日止年
iii	Resigned on 13 August 2018.					iii	於二零一八年	F八月十三	日辭任。
							其他福利之 現金津貼。	估計金錢	價值包括
	nare options or any othe ents were granted to the Nil).					任何其	並無向董 其他形式的 ⊑:無)。		

综合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2020 <u>截至二零二零年</u>三月三十一日止年度

14. BENEFITS AND INTERESTS OF DIRECTORS 14. 董事福利及權益(續) (CONTINUED)

- DIRECTORS' EMOLUMENTS: (CONTINUED) (a) There was no arrangement under which a director waived or agreed to waive any emoluments during the year (2019: Nil).
- (b) DIRECTORS' MATERIAL INTERESTS IN TRANSACTIONS, ARRANGEMENTS OR CONTRACTS

Save as disclosed in note 39 to the consolidated financial statements, no other significant transaction, arrangement and contract in relation to the Group's business to which the Company was a party and in which a director of the Company and the director's connected party had a material interest, whether directly or indirectly, subsisted at the end of the year or at any time during the year.

15. DIVIDENDS

The Board does not recommend the payment of a final dividend to the shareholders for the year ended 31 March 2020 (2019: Nil).

- (a) 董事酬金: (續) 年內,並無董事放棄或同意放棄 任何酬金的安排(二零一九年: 無)。
- (b) 董事於交易、安排或合約 的重大權益

除综合財務報表附註39所披露 者外,本公司概無就本集團業務 訂立任何本公司董事及董事的關 連方直接或間接於其中擁有重大 權益並於年末或年內任何時間仍 存續的其他重大交易、安排及合 約。

15. 股息

董事會不建議向股東派付截至二零二 零年三月三十一日止年度的末期股息 (二零一九年:無)。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2020 截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度

16	j .	EA	RNII	NGS/(LOSS) PER	SHARE	
----	------------	----	------	-------	------	-------	-------	--

16. 每股盈利/(虧損)

- (a) BASIC EARNINGS/(LOSS) PER SHARE The calculation of the basic earnings/(loss) per share is based on the following:
- (a) 每股基本盈利/(虧損) 每股基本盈利/(虧損)乃按以下 方式計算:

		2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元	2019 二零一九年 HK\$'000 千港元
Profit/(loss) for the purpose of calculating basic earnings/(loss) per share	計算每股基本盈利/ (虧損)之溢利/ (虧損)	1,009	(29,107
		2020 二零二零年	2019
		—◆—◆ + 000'	二零一九年 2000
		千股	千股
Number of shares	股份數目		
Weighted average number of	計算每股基本盈利/		
ordinary shares for the purpose of calculating basic earnings/(loss) per	(虧損)之普通股 加權平均數		
share		400,000	400,000

(b) DILUTED EARNINGS/(LOSS) PER SHARE No diluted earnings/(loss) per share to be presented as the Company did not have any dilutive potential ordinary shares during the years ended 31 March 2020 and

2019.

(b) 每股攤薄盈利/(虧損) 由於本公司截至二零二零年及二 零一九年三月三十一日止年度並 無任何潛在攤薄普通股,故並無 呈列每股攤薄盈利/(虧損)。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2020 截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度

17. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

17. 物業、機器及設備

		Furniture and equipment 像具及設備 HK\$'000 千港元	Plant and machinery 機器及機械 HK\$'000 千港元	Motor vehicle 汽車 HK\$'000 千港元	Total 總計 HK\$'000 千港元
Cost As at 1 April 2018 Additions Disposals	成本 於二零一八年四月一日 添置 出售	2,228 121 —	84,004 6,488 (101)	4,672 425 —	90,904 7,034 (101)
As at 31 March 2019 Reclassification due to adoption of HKFRS 16 (note 3)	於二零一九年三月三十一日 因採納香港財務報告準則 第16號而重新分類 (附註3)	2,349 —	90,391 (39,673)	5,097 (4,072)	97,837 (43,745)
As at 1 April 2019 Additions Disposals	於二零一九年四月一日 添置 出售	2,349 76 —	50,718 2,295 (3,242)	1,025 — —	54,092 2,371 (3,242)
As at 31 March 2020	於二零二零年三月三十一日	2,425	49,771	1,025	53,221
Accumulated depreciation As at 1 April 2018 Charge for the year Disposals	累計折舊 於二零一八年四月一日 年內支出 出售	993 408 —	23,591 6,092 (32)	2,154 1,237 —	26,738 7,737 (32)
As at 31 March 2019 Reclassification due to adoption of HKFRS 16 (note 3)	於二零一九年三月三十一日 因採納香港財務報告準則 第16號而重新分類 (附註3)	1,401	29,651 (7,582)	3,391 (2,834)	34,443 (10,416)
As at 1 April 2019 Charge for the year Disposals	於二零一九年四月一日 年內支出 出售	1,401 402 —	22,069 4,017 (324)	557 203 —	24,027 4,622 (324)
As at 31 March 2020	於二零二零年三月三十一日	1,803	25,762	760	28,325
Carrying amount As at 31 March 2020	賬面值 於二零二零年三月三十一日	622	24,009	265	24,896
As at 31 March 2019	於二零一九年三月三十一日	948	60,740	1,706	63,394

As at 31 March 2020, the carrying amount of property, plant and equipment held by the Group under finance leases amounted to HK\$Nil (2019: approximately HK\$41,530,000). 於二零二零年三月三十一日,本集團 以融資租賃持有的物業、機器及設備 的賬面值為零港元(二零一九年:約 41,530,000港元)。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2020 截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度

17. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT 17. (CONTINUED)

As at 31 March 2020, the carrying amount of property, plant and equipment of approximately HK\$5,482,000 (2019: approximately HK\$6,046,000) were pledged to secure bank borrowings.

18. DEPOSIT AND PREPAYMENT FOR A LIFE INSURANCE POLICY

As at 31 March 2020, the Group had US\$ denominated deposit and prepayment for a life insurance policy amounted to approximately HK\$9,003,000 (2019: Nil).

During the year ended 31 March 2020, the Group entered into a life insurance policy with an insurance company to insure a director of a Group's subsidiary, under which a subsidiary of the Group is the beneficiary and policy holder. At the inception, the Group is required to pay an upfront payment for the policy. the Group may request a partial surrender or full surrender of the policy at any time and receive cash refund based on the value of the policy at the date of withdrawal, which is determined by the gross premium paid at inception plus accumulated guaranteed interest earned and minus policy expense and insurance premium charged. If such withdrawal is made at any time during the first to the eighteen policy year, as appropriate, a pre-determined specified surrender charge would be imposed. The policy premium expense and insurance charges are recognised in profit or loss over the expected life of the life insurance policy and the deposit placed is carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method. The deposit placed for the life insurance policy carries guaranteed interests at interest rates ranging from 2% to 4.25% plus a premium determined by the insurance company during the tenures of the policy.

The gross premium paid at inception of the life insurance policy consists of a deposit placed element and a prepayment for life insurance element. These two elements are recognised on the consolidated statement of financial position at the aggregate of the amount of gross premium paid plus interest earned, and after deducting the annual cost of insurance and other applicable charges.

The directors consider that the Group will not terminate the policy nor withdraw cash prior to the end of the surrender period of the policy entered during the year ended 31 March 2020, accordingly, the amount is presented as non-current assets in the consolidated statement of financial position.

17. 物業、機器及設備(續)

於二零二零年三月三十一日,賬面 值約5,482,000港元(二零一九年:約 6,046,000港元)的物業、機器及設備已 抵押以取得銀行借款。

18. 人壽保險保單的按金及 預付款項

於二零二零年三月三十一日,本集團有 以美元計值的人壽保險保單的按金及 預付款項約9,003,000港元(二零一九 年:無)。

截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度, 本集團與一家保險公司訂立人壽保險 保單,以為本集團附屬公司董事投保, 據此·本集團附屬公司為受益人及保 單持有人。於開始時,本集團須就保單 支付預付款。本集團可隨時要求部分 退保或全部退保,及根據撤銷日期保 單價值收取現金退款,保單價值乃按 開始時已付總保費加已賺取累計保證 利息減所收取保單開支及保費計算。 倘有關撤銷乃於保單第1至18年內任何 時間作出(如適用),則將會施加預先 釐定的特定退保費。保費開支及保險 費用於損益按人壽保險保單的預期年 限確認,而存置的按金按攤銷成本採 用實際利率法列賬。就人壽保險保單 存置的按金按介乎2%至4.25%的保證 利率另加保險公司於保單年期內釐定 的溢價計息。

於人壽保險保單開始支付的總保費包 括存置按金部分及人壽保險預付款項 部分。該兩個部分按已付總保費金額 加已賺取利息的總額(經扣除保險年度 成本及其他適用費用)於綜合財務狀況 表內確認。

董事認為本集團將不會於截至二零二 零年三月三十一日止年度內訂立的保 單的退保期結束前終止保單或提取現 金,因此相關金額乃於綜合財務狀況 表內列作非流動資產。

综合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2020 截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度

18. DEPOSIT AND PREPAYMENT FOR A LIFE 18. 人壽保險保單的按金及 **INSURANCE POLICY (CONTINUED)**

Particulars of the policy are as follows:

保單詳情如下:

預付款項(續)

		Guaranteed i 保證	
Insured sum 投保金額	Upfront payment 預付款	First year 首年	Second yea and onward 次年及以後
US\$3,000,000 (equivalent to approximately HK\$23,400,000) 3,000,000美元 (相當於約23,400,000港元)	Approximately US\$1,153,000 (equivalent to approximately HK\$9,003,000) 約1,153,000美元 (相當於約9,003,000港元)	4.25%	29

As at 31 March 2020, the deposit and prepayment for a life insurance policy was pledged as collateral for the Group's banking facilities (note 27).

19. RIGHT-OF-USE ASSETS

19. 使用權資產

保單的按金及預付款項已質押作本集 團銀行信貸的抵押品(附註27)。

		Leased plant and machinery		
		and motor	Leased	
		vehicle	properties	Total
		租賃機器		
		及機械		
		以及汽車	租賃物業	總計
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元
As at 1 April 2019	於二零一九年四月一日			
(note 3)	(附註3)	33,329	3,103	36,432
Additions	添置	—	2,811	2,811
Termination of leases	終止租賃	_	(125)	(125)
Depreciation	折舊	(3,982)	(2,763)	(6,745)
As at 31 March 2020	於二零二零年三月三十一日	29,347	3,026	32,373

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2020 截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度

19. RIGHT-OF-USE ASSETS (CONTINUED)

Lease liabilities of approximately HK\$10,228,000 are recognised with related right-of-use assets of approximately HK\$32,373,000 as at 31 March 2020. The lease agreements of leased assets do not impose any covenants other than the security interests in the leased assets that are held by the lessor. Leased properties may not be used as security for borrowing purposes. Included in leased plant and machinery and motor vehicle of approximately HK\$29,347,000 was pledged as security for the Group's lease liabilities (Note 26).

19. 使用權資產(續)

於二零二零年三月三十一日,租賃負債 約10,228,000港元與相關使用權資產 約32,373,000港元一併確認。租賃資 產租賃協議不施加任何契諾,惟出租 人所持租賃資產之抵押權益除外。租 賃物業不得就借款用途用作抵押品。 租賃機器及機械以及汽車約29,347,000 港元已作為本集團租賃負債的抵押(附 註26)。

		2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元
Depresistion superses on right of use sesate	使用權資產的折舊開支	6,745
Depreciation expenses on right-of-use assets		0,745
Interest on lease liabilities	租賃負債利息	704
(included in finance costs)	(計入融資成本)	721
Expenses relating to short-term lease	短期租賃相關開支	
(included in cost of services rendered)	(計入所提供服務成本)	6,224
Expenses relating to short-term lease	短期租賃相關開支	
(included in administrative and other	(計入行政及其他經營開支)	
operating expenses)		3,177

Details of total cash outflow for leases is set out in note 35(c).

For both years, the Group leases various offices, plants and machineries and motor vehicles for its operations. Lease contracts are entered into for fixed term of 1 year to 5 years, but may have extension and termination options as described below. Certain leases of plant and machinery and motor vehicle were accounted for as finance leases during the year ended 31 March 2019 and carried interest ranged from 2.4% to 5.6%. Lease terms are negotiated on an individual basis and contain a wide range of different terms and conditions. In determining the lease term and assessing the length of the non-cancellable period, the Group applies the definition of a contract and determines the period for which the contract is enforceable.

有關租賃的現金流出總額的詳情載於 附註35(c)。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2020 <mark>截至二零二零年</mark>三月三十一日止年度

19. RIGHT-OF-USE ASSETS (CONTINUED)

In addition, the Group reassesses whether it is reasonably certain to exercise an extension option, upon the occurrence of either a significant event or a significant change in circumstances that is within the control of the lessee. During the year ended 31 March 2020, there was no such triggering event.

20. INVENTORIES

2020 2019 二零二零年 二零一九年 HK\$'000 HK\$'000 千港元 千港元 4,167 Construction materials 建築材料 6,431 於報告期末,本集團的存貨以成本 At the end of reporting period, the Group's inventories are 列賬。 stated at cost.

21. TRADE RECEIVABLES

21. 貿易應收款項

		2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元	2019 二零一九年 HK\$'000 千港元
Trade receivables Less: Allowance for doubtful debts under ECL	貿易應收款項 減:預期信貸虧損項下 的呆賬撥備	41,143 (45)	15,745 —
		41,098	15,745

19. 使用權資產(續)

此外,於發生承租人控制範圍內的重 大事件或情況出現重大變動時,本集 團重新評估是否可合理肯定行使續期 選擇權。截至二零二零年三月三十一 日止年度,概無有關觸發事件。

20. 存貨

综合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2020 截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度

21. TRADE RECEIVABLES (CONTINUED)

Notes:

(b)

(a) The Group's trade receivables represent progress billings receivables from contract customers. The general credit terms of trade receivables were within 14 days to 45 days. Application for progress payment of contract works is made on a regular basis. The Group seeks to maintain strict control over its outstanding receivables. Overdue balances are reviewed regularly by directors.

The ageing analysis of the Group's trade receivables, based on the progress payment, and net of allowance is as follows:

21. 貿易應收款項(續)

附註:

(a) 本集團的貿易應收款項指合約客戶的 應收進度款。貿易應收款項的信用期 通常為14日至45日內。合約工程進度付 款乃定期申請。本集團對其未收回款 項維持嚴格監控。董事定期檢討逾期 結餘。

> 以下為本集團的貿易應收款項以進度 付款為基準並撇除撥備的賬齡分析:

		2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元	2019 二零一九年 HK\$'000 千港元
0 to 30 days 31 to 60 days Over 60 days	0至30日 31至60日 60日以上	38,152 2,857 89	10,747 4,998 —
		41,098	15,745
The carrying amounts of denominated in HK\$.	the Group's trade receivables are	本集團貿易應收 元計值。	! 款項的賬面值乃按港
factoring arrangements and the receivables to the banks. If maturity, the banks have the unsettled balances. As the Gru- risks and rewards relating to recognise the full carrying received from the banks are re-	ess, the Group entered into certain ransferred certain trade and retention these receivables are not paid at right to request the Group to pay the oup has not transferred the significant to these receivables, it continues to amounts of the receivables. Cash ecognised as factoring loans and are onsolidated financial statements.	干保理安排。 来國 收款 求本 集重大 原 個 、 之 興 中 長 思 中 保 世 保 世 朱 思 思 明 明 本 集 画 朝 三 大 画 明 明 明 年 集 重 美 画 大 画 明 明 明 二 本 二 集 画 書 画 三 四 長 一 本 二 二 二 二 二 二 二 二 二 二 二 二 二	一部分,本集團訂立若項 書若子銀行,則銀尚該將有 對之村,則結餘,有 對之結,算結餘,有 將於 就等有 就等,其繼續 全 一部方干銀行, 一部方 一部方 一部方 一部方 一 一 一 一 一 留 收 款 等 服 收 款 等 個 該 將 一 行 一 銀 う の 。 訳 の 前 該 第 一 行 。 銀 う の 。 訳 の 。 訳 の 。 の 。 訳 之 行 , 訳 会 、 前 該 第 方 。 訳 会 、 前 該 第 方 之 結 第 二 次 。 訳 会 、 の 。 叙 。 。 (前 該 第 方 本 二 二 二 二 二 二 二 二 二 二 二 二 二
receivables and retention re liabilities that have been transfi amounted to approximately	aggregated carrying amount of trade ceivables under contract assets or erred but have not been derecognised HK\$44,289,000 (2019: approximately amount of the factoring loans financed	尚未終止確認貿 產或負債項下的 值為約44,289,00	月三十一日,已轉讓但 《易應收款項及合約資)應收保固金的賬面總 00港元(二零一九年: 元)。於一零一零年三月

HK\$10,097,000). The carrying amount of the factoring loans financed as at 31 March 2020 is approximately HK\$34,978,000 (2019: approximately HK\$6,030,000).

約10,097,000港元)。於二零二零年日 三十一日,籌措的保理貸款的賬面值 為約34,978,000港元(二零一九年:約 6.030.000港元)。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2020 截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度

22. CONTRACT ASSETS/(LIABILITIES)

22. 合約資產/(負債)

Contract assets 合約資產		2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元	2019 二零一九年 HK\$'000 千港元
Arising from performance under construction contracts (note)	來自履行建築合約(附註)	207,707	150,009
Receivables from contract with customers within the scope of HKFRS 15, which are included in "Trade receivables"	香港財務報告準則第15號 範圍內客戶合約的 應收款項,計入 「貿易應收款項」	41,009	15,745
Amounts relating to contract assets an customers under construction contract Group receives payments from custome of performance related milestones.	s that arise when the	應收客戶的結餘,	額為建築合約項下 於本集團從客戶收 一系列履約相關的
There were no significant changes in balances during the reporting period.	the contract assets	合約資產結餘於報 化。	告期內並無顯著變
The amount of revenue recognised of performance obligations satisfied (d in previous period is approximately approximately HK\$18,205,000), mainly d estimate of the stage of completion of contracts.	or partially satisfied) HK\$6,952,000 (2019: due to the changes in	履行)履約責任所 為6,952,000港元(18,205,000港元),	間已履行(或部分 確認收益金額約 二零一九年:約 此乃主要由於若干 成階段發生變動。
The amount of contract assets that is exp after more than one year is approximately approximately HK\$2,851,000).			收回的合約資產金 統元(二零一九年:約
Contract liabilities	合約負債	2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元	2019 二零一九年 HK\$'000 千港元
Billings in advance of performance obligation - Construction contracts	履約責任預收款項 - 建築合約	5,272	531

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2020 截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度

22. CONTRACT ASSETS/(LIABILITIES) (CONTINUED)

Contract liabilities relating to construction contracts are balances due to customers under construction contracts. These arise if a particular milestone payment exceeds the revenue recognised to date under the cost-to-cost method.

There were no significant changes in the contract liabilities balances during the reporting period.

Movements in contract liabilities:

22. 合約資產/(負債)(續)

有關建築合約的合約負債乃建築合約 項下應付客戶的結餘。倘特定里程碑 付款超過根據成本比例法確認之迄今 為止的收益,則會出現上述情況。

合約負債結餘於報告期內並無顯著變 化。

合約負債變動:

		2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元	2019 二零一九年 HK\$'000 千港元
Balance as at 1 April Decrease in contract liabilities as a result of recognising revenue during the year was included in the contract liabilities at the	於四月一日之結餘 因年內確認收益導致的 合約負債減少計入期初 合約負債	531	161
beginning of the period Increase in contract liabilities as a result of billing in advance of construction activities	因建築活動預收款項導致 合約負債增加	(531) 5,272	(161) 531
Balance as at 31 March	於三月三十一日之結餘	5,272	531

None of billings in advance of performance received that is expected to be recognised as income after more than one year (2019: Nil).

Note:

The Group has been negotiating the final settlement amount of a completed contract with a customer during the prior years.

During the year ended 31 March 2020, the Group commenced formal legal proceedings against this customer and this customer counterclaimed against the Group. This customer made a sanctioned payment into High Court as an attempt to settle the whole of the claim in relation to the abovementioned contract and the Group made a counter-proposal to settle the same claim to the customer. Up to the approval date on these consolidated financial statements, the legal proceedings are still in the process and no conclusive decision had been reached to resolve the claim.

The directors are of the opinion that the litigations with this customer are still in progress and it is pre-mature to assess the outcome for the said claim.

附註:

本集團於過往幾年一直與一名客戶磋商一項 已完成合約的最終結算款項。

預期並無於超過一年後確認為收入的 履約預收款項(二零一九年:無)。

截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度,本集團 針對該客戶展開正式法律訴訟,而該客戶針 對本集團作出反索償。該客戶向高等法院作 出附帶條件付款,嘗試全面解決與上述合約 相關的索償,而本集團向該客戶作出反建議 以結清同一項索償。直至該等綜合財務報表 獲批准日期,該法律訴訟仍在進行當中,且 並無達致解決索償的最終裁決。

董事認為,與該客戶的訴訟仍在進行當中, 故評估上述索償結果的時機尚不成熟。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2020 <mark>截至二零二零年</mark>三月三十一日止年度

23. PLEDGED BANK DEPOSITS/BANK AND CASH BALANCES

The Group's pledged bank deposits represent deposits pledged to banks to secure banking facilities granted to the Group as set out in note 27 to the consolidated financial statements.

Pledged bank deposits and bank and cash balances are denominated in the following currencies:

23. 已抵押銀行存款/銀行 及現金結餘

本集團的已抵押銀行存款指抵押予銀 行的存款,以作為本集團獲授銀行融 資的抵押(載於綜合財務報表附註27)。

已抵押銀行存款以及銀行及現金結餘 按以下幣種計值:

		2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元	2019 二零一九年 HK\$'000 千港元
US\$ HK\$ Renminbi	美元 港元 人民幣	1,783 85,527 60	_ 81,950 64
		87,370	82,014

24. TRADE AND RETENTION PAYABLES

24. 貿易應付款項及應付保 固金

		Note 附註	2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元	2019 二零一九年 HK\$'000 千港元
Trade payables Retention payables	貿易應付款項 應付保固金	(a) (b)	128,298 30,427	76,450 13,297
			158,725	89,747

综合財務報表附註

Notes:

(b)

For the year ended 31 March 2020 截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度

24. TRADE AND RETENTION PAYABLES (CONTINUED)

24. 貿易應付款項及應付保 固金(續)

附註:

(a) The ageing analysis of the Group's trade payables, based on the date of receipt of goods/services, is as follows:

以下為本集團的貿易應付款項以收取 (a) 貨物/服務日期為基準的賬齡分析:

			2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元	2019 二零一九年 HK\$'000 千港元
0 to 30 days 31 to 60 days 61 to 90 days Over 90 days	0至30日 31至60日 61至90日 90日以上		44,448 19,842 16,862 47,146	50,319 8,139 7,201 10,791
			128,298	76,450
The carrying amounts of denominated in HK\$.	the Group's trade payables are		本集團貿易應付 元計值。	†款項的賬面值乃按港
payables expected to be due	e amount of the Group's retention e after more than twelve months was 0 (2019: approximately HK\$1,852,000).	(b)	逾十二個月後到	月三十一日,預計將於 川期的本集團應付保固 334,000港元(二零一九)港元)。

The carrying amounts of the Group's retention payables are denominated in HK\$.

25. ACCRUALS AND OTHER PAYABLES

本集團應付保固金的賬面值乃按港元 計值。

25. 應計費用及其他應付 款項

		2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元	2019 二零一九年 HK\$'000 千港元
Accruals Other payables	應計費用 其他應付款項	5,843 3,673	6,412 5,033
		9,516	11,445

The carrying amounts of the Group's accruals and other payables are denominated in HK\$.

As at 31 March 2020, the Group's other payables of approximately HK\$3,673,000 (2019: Nil) represent amount due to a director of a Group's subsidiary. The amount due is unsecured, interest-free and repayable on demand.

本集團的應計費用及其他應付款項的 賬面值乃按港元計值。

於二零二零年三月三十一日,本集團其 他應付款項約3,673,000港元(二零一九 年:無)指應付本集團附屬公司董事款 項。該應付款項為無抵押、免息及按 要求償還。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2020 <mark>截至二零二零年</mark>三月三十一日止年度

26. LEASE LIABILITIES (2019: FINANCE LEASE PAYABLES)

In the consolidated statement of financial position, lease liabilities (2019: finance lease payables) due for repayment after one year which contain repayment on demand clause were classified as current liabilities. The maturity of lease liabilities (2019: finance lease payables) is as follows:

26. 租賃負債(二零一九年: 融資租賃應付款項)

於綜合財務狀況表,載有按要求償還 條款且須於一年後到期償還的租賃負 債(二零一九年:融資租賃應付款項) 分類為流動負債。租賃負債(二零一九 年:融資租賃應付款項)的到期情況如 下:

		Minimum lease payments 最低租賃付款		Present minimum lea 最低租賃你	se payments
		2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元	2019 二零一九年 HK\$'000 千港元	2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元	2019 二零一九年 HK\$'000 千港元
Within one year In the second to fifth years, inclusive	一年內 第二至五年(包括首尾兩年)	9,585 888	9,995 7,460	9,352 876	9,433 7,303
Less: Future finance charges	滅:未來融資費用	10,473 (245)	17,455 (719)	10,228 N/A不適用	16,736 N/A不適用
Present value of lease obligations	租賃責任的現值	10,228	16,736	10,228	16,736
Less: Amount due for settlement within 12 months or contains repayment on demand clause (shown under current liabilities)	減:須於12個月內到期償付或 載有按要求償還條款的款 項(於流動負債項下列示)			(9,745)	(15,924)
Amount due for settlement after 12 months	須於12個月後到期償付的款項			483	812

The Group has initially applied HKFRS 16 using the modified retrospective approach and adjusted the opening balances as at 1 April 2019 to recognise lease liabilities relating to leases which were previously classified as operating leases under HKAS 17. These liabilities have been aggregated with the brought forward balances relating to leases previously classified as finance leases. Comparative information as at 31 March 2019 has not been restated and relates solely to leases previously classified as finance leases. Further details on the impact of the transition to HKFRS 16 are set out in note 3 to the consolidated financial statements.

本集團採用經修訂追溯法初始應用香 港財務報告準則第16號,並調整於二 零一九年四月一日的期初結餘,以在 與先前根據香港會計準則第17號分類 為經營租賃的租賃相關的租賃負租 。該等負債連同與先前分類為融資。 該租賃有關的結轉結餘合併計算。 了加年三月三十一日的比較資 資租 員有關。有關過渡至香港財務 報告準則第16號的影響的進一步詳情 載於綜合財務報表附註3。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2020 截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度

26. LEASE LIABILITIES (2019: FINANCE LEASE PAYABLES) (CONTINUED)

It is the Group's policy to lease certain of its property, plant and equipment and motor vehicle under finance leases. The average lease term is 4 years (2019: 4 years). As at 31 March 2020, the average effective borrowing rate was approximately 3.71% (2019: approximately 3.71%). As at 31 March 2020, lease liabilities (2019: finance lease payables) of approximately HK\$8,368,000 (2019: approximately HK\$11,661,000) bear fixed interest rate at the inception of the lease and thus expose the Group to fair value interest rate risk. The remaining balance are arranged at floating rates and expose the Group to cash flow interest rate risk. All leases are on a fixed repayment basis and no arrangements have been entered into for contingent rental payments. At the end of each lease term, the Group has the option to purchase the leased plant and machinery (2019: property, plant and equipment) at a nominal price.

Except for lease liabilities (2019: finance lease payables) amounted to approximately HK\$3,737,000 (2019: approximately HK\$1,874,000), the remaining lease liabilities (2019: finance lease payables) contain clause which give the lenders the right at their sole discretion to demand immediate repayment at any time irrespective of whether the Group has complied with the covenants and met the scheduled repayment obligations.

All lease liabilities (2019: finance lease payables) are denominated in HK\$.

In addition, most of the Group's lease liabilities (2019: finance lease payables) are secured by (i) the Group's right-of-use assets and property, plant and equipment in aggregate of approximately HK\$34,830,000 (2019: property, plant and equipment of approximately HK\$41,530,000) and (ii) corporate guarantee executed by the Company.

26. 租賃負債(二零一九年: 融資租賃應付款項)(續)

以融資租賃租用若干物業、機器及設 備以及汽車為本集團的政策。平均租 期為4年(二零一九年:4年)。於二零二 零年三月三十一日,平均實際借款利 率約3.71% (二零一九年:約3.71%)。 於二零二零年三月三十一日,租賃 負債(二零一九年:融資租賃應付款 項)約8,368,000港元(二零一九年:約 11,661,000港元),均按租賃訂立時的 固定利率計息,因而令本集團面臨公 平值利率風險。餘下結餘按浮動利率 計息,令本集團面臨現金流量利率風 險。所有租賃按固定基準還款,而並 無就或然租金付款訂立任何安排。於 各租期結束時,本集團可選擇以名義價 格購買租賃機器及機械(二零一九年: 物業、機器及設備)。

除租賃負債(二零一九年:融資租賃應 付款項)約3,737,000港元(二零一九年: 約1,874,000港元)外,餘下租賃負債 (二零一九年:融資租賃應付款項)包含 給予放款人可於任何時間要求即時償 付之全權酌情權之條文,而不論本集 團是否已遵守契諾及履行計劃還款責 任。

所有租賃負債(二零一九年:融資租賃 應付款項)均以港元計值。

此外,本集團大部分的租賃負債(二零 一九年:融資租賃應付款項)由(i)本集團 的使用權資產以及物業、機器及設備 合共約34,830,000港元(二零一九年: 物業、機器及設備約41,530,000港元) 及(ii)本公司簽立之公司擔保抵押。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2020 截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度

27. BANK BORROWINGS, SECURED

27. 銀行借款,抵押

_					
				2020	2019
				二零二零年	二零一九年
				HK\$'000	HK\$'000
				千港元	千港元
Bar	k loans	銀行貸款		6,300	8,333
	k overdrafts	銀行透支		2,446	2,428
Trus	st receipt loans	信託收據貸款		6,016	10,607
	toring loans	保理貸款		34,978	6,030
				49,740	27,398
	bank borrowings of the Gro denominated in HK\$.	up are repayable on demand			頁按要求償還,並
The	warage interest rates of the l	apply barrowings of the Oroun	七人 去日	2 生 抑 士 . 未 隹 暉	国銀行借款的平均
	e end of the reporting perio	bank borrowings of the Group d were as follows:		(古朔木,本朱國 [如下:	11111111111111111111111111111111111111
				2020	2019
				二零二零年	二零一九年
					_ < , ; ; ;
Bar	k overdrafts	銀行透支		5.25%	4.73%
	ik loans	銀行貸款		2.72%	4.73%
	st receipt loans	信託收據貸款		5.32%	4.03%
	toring loans	保理貸款		4.24%	4.88%
T ac		体生良态		4.2470	4.00 /0
	ank borrowings are arranged Group to cash flow interest i	at floating rates and expose ate risk.		銀行借款均按》 團面臨現金流量	孚動利率計息,令 量利率風險。
As at by:	31 March 2020, the Group	's credit facilities are secured		零二零年三月三 :融資由以下項目	十一日,本集團的 目作為抵押:
(i)	receivables under contra	ade receivables and retention act assets or liabilities of ,000 (2019: approximately	(i)	或負債項下之關	收款項及合約資產 應收保固金合共約 元(二零一九年:約 元);
(ii)	The Group's pledged ban HK\$16,308,000 (2019: app	k deposits of approximately roximately HK\$10,214,000);	(ii)		低 押 銀 行 存 款 約 元(二零一九年 : 約 元);

(iii) Corporate guarantee executed by the Company.

(iii) 本公司簽立之公司擔保。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2020 截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度

27. BANK BORROWINGS, SECURED (CONTINUED)

- (iv) The Group's deposit and prepayment of a life insurance policy of approximately HK\$9,003,000 (2019: Nil) (note 18).
- (v) The Group's property, plant and equipment of approximately HK\$5,482,000 (2019: approximately HK\$6,046,000) (note 17).

The Group's bank borrowings contain clauses which give the banks the right at their sole discretion to demand immediate repayment at any time irrespective of whether the Group has complied with the covenants and met the scheduled repayment obligations.

The Group regularly monitors its compliance with loan covenants. Its repayments up to date are in accordance with the scheduled repayments of the term loans. The Group does not consider that the banks will probably exercise their discretions to demand repayments so long as the Group continues to meet these requirements. Further details of the Group's management of liquidity risk are set out in note 6(c) to the consolidated financial statements.

28. OTHER BORROWING, UNSECURED

Pursuant to the terms of the Sale and Purchase Agreement, New Grace Gain Limited ("New Grace Gain") provided an unsecured Ioan of HK\$100,000,000 ("Unsecured Loan") to the Company on 25 May 2018. The Unsecured Loan was interest-free and repayable on 25 November 2020. New Grace Gain shall not be entitled to demand early repayment and the Company has no right to make early repayment of the Unsecured Loan.

At the inception date of 25 May 2018, the fair value of the Unsecured Loan was determined at approximately HK\$85,390,000, which was valued by an independent professional valuer using discounted cash flow approach. In subsequent periods, the Unsecured Loan is carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method. The effective interest rate of the Unsecured Loan is 6.33%.

27. 銀行借款,抵押(續)

- (iv) 本集團人壽保險保單的按金及預 付款項約9,003,000港元(二零一 九年:無)(附註18)。
- (v) 本集團的物業、機器及設備約 5,482,000港元(二零一九年:約 6,046,000港元)(附註17)。

本集團銀行借款有附帶條款,不論本 集團是否已遵守契諾及是否已履行預 定的還款責任,該附帶條款給予銀行 全權酌情隨時要求本集團即時還款的 權利。

本集團定期監察其是否已遵守貸款契諾。其截至目前的還款乃按定期貸款 的還款時間表進行。本集團認為只要 本集團繼續符合該等規定,則銀行不 大可能行使其要求還款的酌情權。有 關本集團流動資金風險管理的進一步 詳情載於綜合財務報表附註6(c)。

28. 其他借款, 無抵押

根據買賣協議之條款,New Grace Gain Limited (「New Grace Gain」)於 二零一八年五月二十五日向本公司提供 無抵押貸款100,000,000港元(「無抵押 貸款」)。無抵押貸款為免息並應於二 零二零年十一月二十五日償還。New Grace Gain將無權要求提前還款,且 本公司並無權利就無抵押貸款提前還 款。

於訂立日期二零一八年五月二十五 日,無抵押貸款的公平值釐定為約 85,390,000港元,此乃由一名獨立專 業估值師使用貼現現金流量法評估得 出。於其後期間,無抵押貸款使用實 際利率方法按攤銷成本入賬。無抵押 貸款的實際利率為6.33%。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2020 <mark>截至二零二零年</mark>三月三十一日止年度

28. OTHER BORROWING, UNSECURED (CONTINUED)

New Grace Gain and the Group further agreed to enter into a supplemental agreement on 31 March 2020 to extend the repayment period of the Unsecured Loan for 6 months, i.e. the repayment term of 30 months has been extended to 36 months. Save as the extension of repayment period under the supplemental agreement, other terms and conditions of the Unsecured Loan remain unchanged.

During the year ended 31 March 2020, imputed interest income of approximately HK\$2,981,000 (2019: approximately HK\$14,610,000) and imputed interest expense of approximately HK\$5,869,000 (2019: approximately HK\$4,616,000) respectively, were recognised in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income.

As at 31 March 2020, the carrying amount of the Unsecured Loan was approximately HK\$92,894,000 (2019: approximately HK\$90,006,000).

29. DEFERRED TAX

The following is the deferred tax liabilities and assets recognised by the Group.

28. 其他借款,無抵押(續)

New Grace Gain與本集團於二零二零 年三月三十一日進一步同意達成補充 協議,將無抵押貸款的償還期延長6 個月,即30個月的償還期限已延長至 36個月。除補充協議項下延長償還期 外,無抵押貸款的其他條款及條件均 維持不變。

於截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年 度,推算利息收入約2,981,000港元(二 零一九年:約14,610,000港元)及推算 利息開支約5,869,000港元(二零一九 年:約4,616,000港元)已分別於綜合損 益及其他全面收益表確認。

於二零二零年三月三十一日,無抵押貸 款的賬面值約為92,894,000港元(二零 一九年:約90,006,000港元)。

29. 遞延税項

本集團已確認的遞延税項負債及資產 如下。

			Losses available	
		Accelerated	for offsetting	
		Accelerated tax	against future	Tatal
		depreciation	taxable profits 可供抵銷	Total
			可供孤銅	
		加速税項折舊	~~~ 愿 禄 祝 溢利的虧損	合計
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元
As at 1 April 2018	於二零一八年四月一日	6,352	(6,352)	_
Charge/(credit) to profit or loss	年內扣自/(計入)損益			
for the year (note 11)	(附註11)	1,192	(1,192)	_
As at 31 March 2019 and	於二零一九年三月三十一日			
1 April 2019	及二零一九年四月一日	7,544	(7,544)	—
Charge/(credit) to profit or loss	年內扣自/(計入)損益			
for the year (note 11)	(附註11)	129	(129)	-
As at 31 March 2020	於二零二零年三月三十一日	7,673	(7,673)	_

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2020 截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度

29. DEFERRED TAX (CONTINUED)

As at 31 March 2020, the Group has unused tax losses and other deductible temporary differences of approximately HK\$85,023,000 and HK\$321,000 (2019: approximately HK\$92,644,000 and HK\$743,000) respectively available for offset against future profits. A deferred tax asset has been recognised in respect of approximately HK\$46,500,000 (2019: approximately HK\$45,721,000) of such tax losses. No deferred tax asset has been recognised in respect of the remaining unused tax losses of approximately HK\$38,523,000 (2019: approximately HK\$46,923,000) and other deductible temporary differences due to the unpredictability of future profit streams. Unrecognised tax losses may be carried forward indefinitely.

redemption of existing debts or selling assets to reduce debts.

29. 遞延税項(續)

於二零二零年三月三十一日,本集團 可供抵銷未來溢利的未動用税項虧 損及其他可予扣減暫時差額分別為約 85,023,000港元及321,000港元(二零一 九年:約92,644,000港元及743,000港 元)。已就有關税項虧損約46,500,000 港元(二零一九年:約45,721,000港元) 確認遞延税項資產。由於未來溢利流 虧損約38,523,000港元(二零一九年:約46,923,000港元)及其他可予扣減暫 時差額確認遞延税項資產。未確認税 項虧損可無限期結轉。

30. SHARE CAPITAL

30. 股本

		2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元	2019 二零一九年 HK\$'000 千港元
Authorised: 10,000,000,000 ordinary shares of HK\$0.01 each	法定: 10,000,000,000股每股 面值0.01港元之普通股	100,000	100,000
Issued and fully paid: 400,000,000 ordinary shares of HK\$0.01 each	已發行及繳足: 400,000,000股每股 面值0.01港元之普通股	4,000	4,000
The Group's objectives when mana safeguard the Group's ability to continu and to maximise the return to the sha optimisation of the debt and equity bala	ie as a going concern ireholders through the	本集團管理資本的 持續經營業務的能 及股本平衡盡可能, 報。	力及透過優化債務
The Group reviews the capital structure considering the cost of capital and the each class of capital. The Group will ba structure through the payment of divide and share buy-backs as well as the	risks associated with lance its overall capital nds, new share issues	本集團透過考慮資 本相關聯的風險頻 本集團將透過派付 股份回購以及發行 債務或出售資產以;	繁審核資本架構。 股息、發行新股及 新債務、贖回現有

衡其整體資本架構。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2020 <mark>截至二零二零年</mark>三月三十一日止年度

30. SHARE CAPITAL (CONTINUED)

The externally imposed capital requirements for the Group are mainly: (i) in order to maintain its listing on the Stock Exchange, it has to have a public float of at least 25% of the total number of the shares in issue; and (ii) to meet financial covenants attached to the bank borrowings.

The Group receives a report from the share registrars monthly on substantial share interests showing the non-public float which demonstrates that the Group is continuing in compliance with the 25% limit throughout the year.

The Company has maintained the prescribed public float under the Listing Rules during the years ended 31 March 2020 and 2019.

Breaches to fulfill the financial covenants would permit the bank to immediately call borrowings. There have been no breaches in the financial covenants of any bank borrowings for the years ended 31 March 2020 and 2019.

31. SHARE-BASED PAYMENTS

The Company operates a share option scheme (the "Scheme") for the purpose of providing incentives and rewards to eligible participants who contribute to the success of the Group's operations. Eligible participants include the full-time or part-time employee of the Company or any member of the Group, including any executive, non-executive directors and independent non-executive directors, advisers, consultants, other contractors, business partners of the Company or any subsidiaries. The Scheme became effective on 19 February 2016 and, unless otherwise cancelled or amended, will remain in force for 10 years from that date.

The maximum number of unexercised share options currently permitted to be granted under the Scheme is an amount equivalent, upon their exercise, to 10% of the shares of the Company in issue as at the Listing Date and any shares of the Company which may be allotted and issued by the Company pursuant to the offer size adjustment option. The maximum number of shares issuable under share options to each eligible participant in the Scheme within any twelve months period is limited to 1% of the shares of the Company in issue at any time. Any further grant of shares options in excess of this limit is subject to shareholders' approval in a general meeting.

30. 股本(續)

本集團主要受限於以下外來資本規定: (i)其公眾持股量須最少為已發行股份 總數的25%,以維持其於聯交所的上 市地位:及(ii)滿足銀行借款所附的財務 契諾。

本集團每月接獲股份過戶登記處發出 顯示非公眾持股量的重大股份權益的 報告,該報告顯示本集團於整個年度 內一直遵守25%的限額。

截至二零二零年及二零一九年三月三十 一日止年度,本公司已維持上市規則規 定的公眾持股量。

未能履行財務契諾時,銀行有權立即 催收借款。截至二零二零年及二零一九 年三月三十一日止年度,並無違反任 何銀行借款的財務契諾。

31. 股份付款

本公司設立一項購股權計劃(「該計 劃」),旨在向為本集團經營成功作出貢 獻的合資格參與者提供獎勵及回報。 合資格參與者包括本公司或本集團 何成員公司的全職或兼職僱員,包括 公司或任何附屬公司的任何執行、非 執行董事及獨立非執行董事、顧問 該計劃已於二零一六年二月十九日將 魚;日起計十年內持續有效。

综合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2020 截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度

31. SHARE-BASED PAYMENTS (CONTINUED)

Share options granted to a director, chief executive or substantial shareholder of the Company, or to any of their associates, are subject to approval in advance by the independent non-executive directors. In addition, any share options granted to a substantial shareholder or an independent non-executive director of the Company, or to any of their associates, in excess of 0.1% of the shares of the Company in issue at any time and with an aggregate value (based on the price of the Company's shares at the date of the grant) in excess of HK\$5,000,000, within any twelve months period up to and including the date of the grant, are subject to shareholders' approval in advance in a general meeting.

The offer of a grant of share options may be accepted within 21 days from the date of the offer, upon payment of a nominal consideration of HK\$1 in total by the grantee. The exercise period of the share options granted is determinable by the directors, and commences after a certain vesting period and ends on a date which is not later than five years from the date of the offer of the share options or the expiry date of the Scheme, if earlier.

The exercise price of the share options is determinable by the directors, but may not be less than the highest of (i) the closing price of the Company's shares as stated in the daily quotation sheets issued by the Stock Exchange on the offer date of the share options; (ii) the average closing price of the Company's shares as stated in the daily quotation sheets issued by the Stock Exchange for the five trading days immediately preceding the offer date; and (iii) the nominal value of the Company's shares on the offer date, when applicable.

Share options do not confer rights on the holder to dividends or to vote at shareholders' meetings.

No share option has been granted under the Scheme since adoption of the Scheme.

31. 股份付款(續)

授予本公司董事、主要行政人員或主要 股東或彼等任何聯繫人士之購股權須 經獨立非執行董事事先批准。此外, 於任何十二個月期間(直至及包括授出 日期)內,倘授予本公司主要股東或獨 立非執行董事或彼等任何聯繫人士之 任何購股權超逾本公司任何時候之已 發行股份0.1%及根據於授出日期本公 司股份價格計算之總值超過5,000,000 港元,則須經股東於股東大會上事先 批准。

授予購股權之要約可於承授人支付名 義代價合共1港元後,自要約日期起計 21天內接納。所授出購股權之行使期 乃由董事釐定,並於一定歸屬期後開 始,及不遲於購股權要約日期起計五 年或該計劃屆滿當日(以較早者為準)完 結。

購股權之行使價由董事釐定,惟不得 低於以下之最高者(i)本公司股份於購 股權要約日期在聯交所發出的每日報 價表所示之收市價:(ii)本公司股份於緊 接要約日期前五個交易日在聯交所發 出的每日報價表所示之平均收市價;及 (iii)本公司股份於要約日期之面值(如適 用)。

購股權並不賦予持有人收取股息或於 股東大會投票之權利。

自採納該計劃起,概無根據該計劃授 出購股權。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2020 <mark>截至二零二零年</mark>三月三十一日止年度

32. STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AND RESERVE MOVEMENT OF THE COMPANY

32. 本公司財務狀況表及儲 備變動

(a) 本公司財務狀況表

(a) STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION OF THE COMPANY

2020 2019 二零二零年 二零一九年 HK\$'000 Note HK\$'000 千港元 附註 千港元 Non-current assets 非流動資產 於一家附屬公司的投資 Investment in a subsidiary Due from a subsidiary 應收一家附屬公司款項 82,183 82,183 82,183 82,183 Current assets 流動資產 2,622 Prepayments, deposits and other receivables 預付款項,按金及其他應收款項 1.114 應收一家附屬公司款項 Due from a subsidiary 34,452 50,000 Bank and cash balances 銀行及現金結餘 59,529 54,714 96,603 105,828 Current liabilities 流動負債 應計費用及其他應付款項 1.165 Accruals and other payables 5,768 1,165 5,768 流動資產淨值 Net current assets 95,438 100,060 Total assets less current liabilities 總資產減流動負債 177.621 182,243 Non-current liabilities 非流動負債 92,895 Other borrowing, unsecured 其他借款,無抵押 90,006 資產淨值 NET ASSETS 84,726 92.237 資本及儲備 Capital and reserves 4.000 4,000 Share capital 股本 30 Reserves 儲備 33(b) 80,726 88,237 TOTAL EQUITY 權益總額 84,726 92,237

Approved by the Board of Directors on 19 June 2020 and signed on its behalf by:

經董事會於二零二零年六月十九 日批准並由以下董事代表簽署:

Chen Rongsheng 陳融聖 *Executive Director* 執行董事 Guan Jingdong 關靜東 Executive Director 執行董事

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2020 截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度

(CONTINUED)

32. STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AND 32. 本公司財務狀況表及儲 RESERVE MOVEMENT OF THE COMPANY 備變動(續)

(b) RESERVE MOVEMENT OF THE COMPANY

(b) 本公司儲備變動

		Share premium	Accumulated (losses)/ profits 累計(虧損)/	Total equity
		股份溢價 HK\$'000 千港元	<mark>溢利</mark> HK\$'000 千港元	權益總額 HK\$'000 千港元
		(note 33(b)) (附註33(b))		
As at 1 April 2018 Profit and total comprehensive income and changes in equity	於二零一八年四月一日 年內溢利及全面收益 總額及權益變動	84,403	(255)	84,148
for the year		_	4,089	4,089
As at 31 March 2019 and 1 April 2019 Loss and total comprehensive	於二零一九年三月三十一日及 二零一九年四月一日 年內虧損及全面收益總額及	84,403	3,834	88,237
income and changes in equity for the year	權益變動	_	(7,511)	(7,511)
As at 31 March 2020	於二零二零年三月三十一日	84,403	(3,677)	80,726

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2020 <mark>截至二零二零年</mark>三月三十一日止年度

33. RESERVES

(a) GROUP

The amounts of the Group's reserves and the movements therein are presented in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income and consolidated statement of changes in equity on pages 73 and 76 of the consolidated financial statements respectively.

(b) SHARE PREMIUM

Under the Companies Law of the Cayman Islands, the funds in the share premium account of the Company are distributable to the shareholders of the Company provided that immediately following the date on which the dividend is proposed to be distributed, the Company will be in a position to pay off its debts as they fall due in the ordinary course of business.

Share premium represents premium arising from the issue of shares at a price in excess of their par value per share and after deduction of capitalisation issue and issuance costs of shares.

33. 儲備

(a) 本集團 本集團儲備金額及其變動分別於 綜合財務報表第73及76頁的綜合 損益及其他全面收益表以及綜合 權益變動表呈列。

(b) 股份溢價 根據開曼群島公司法,本公司股份溢價賬的資金可供分派予本公司股東,惟緊隨建議分派股息日期後,本公司須有能力償還其於日常業務過程中已到期的債務。

> 股份溢價指以高於每股股份面值 的價格發行股份所產生的溢價, 並已經扣除資本化發行及股份發 行成本。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2020 截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度

34. SUBSIDIARIES

Particulars of the subsidiaries as at 31 March 2020 are as follows:

34. 附屬公司

於二零二零年三月三十一日的附屬公司 詳情如下:

Name 名稱	Place of incorporation/ establishment and operation 註冊成立/成立地點 及經營地點	Date of incorporation/ establishment 註冊成立/成立日期	Issued and paid up capital 已發行及 繳足股本	Percentage of d interest/voting profit sha 擁有權益/ 分佔溢利百 Direct 直接	g power/ uring と票權/	Principal activity 主要業務
iSend Limited 艾深有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	5 July 2019 二零一九年七月五日	HK\$10,000 10,000港元	100%	_	Investment holding 投資控股
蘇州艾信澤資訊科技 有限公司	The People Republic of China (the "PRC")	29 September 2019	-	_	100%	Inactive
	(life FRC) 中華人民共和國 (「中國」)	二零一九年 九月二十九日	-	_	100%	暫不經營業務
K. H. Development Holdings Limited	The BVI 英屬處女群島	13 August 2015 二零一五年八月十三日	US\$100 100美元	100%	_	Investment holding 投資控股
K. H. Civil Engineering Limited	Hong Kong	5 March 2001	HK\$100	-	100%	Provision of foundation services
劍虹土木工程有限公司	香港	二零零一年三月五日	100港元			提供地基服務
K. H. Foundations Limited	Hong Kong	4 January 1985	HK\$32,962,000	-	100%	Provision of foundation services
劍虹地基有限公司	香港	一九八五年一月四日	32,962,000港元			提供地基服務
K. H. Holdings Limited 劍虹控股有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	15 September 2006 二零零六年九月十五日	HK\$1 1港元	_	100%	Investment holding 投資控股
K. H. Machinery Limited 劍虹機械有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	23 January 2007 二零零七年一月二十三日	HK\$3,000 3,000港元	_	100%	Leasing of machinery 機械租賃
K. H. Piling & Engineering Limited 劍虹打樁工程有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	8 November 2012 二零一二年十一月八日	HK\$100 100港元	_	100%	Inactive 暫不經營業務

The registered capital of 蘇州艾信澤資訊科技有限公司 was 100,000,000 Renminbi. Such registered capital has not paid as at 31 March 2020.

蘇州艾信澤資訊科技有限公司的註冊 資本為人民幣100,000,000元。於二零 二零年三月三十一日,有關註冊資本 尚未支付。

综合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2020 <u>截至二零二零年</u>三月三十一日止年度

35. NOTE TO THE CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF 35. 綜合現金流量表附註 **CASH FLOWS**

(a) MAJOR NON-CASH TRANSACTION

- During the year ended 31 March 2020, the (i) Group's disposed of certain property, plant and equipment which carrying value of approximately HK\$2,918,000 which cancel and off-set against the Group's trade payables of approximately HK\$3,242,000.
- (ii) During the year ended 31 March 2020, imputed interest income of approximately HK\$2,981,000 (2019: approximately HK\$14,610,000) and imputed interest expense of approximately HK\$5,869,000 (2019: approximately HK\$4,616,000) were recognised in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income respectively.

- (a) 重大非現金交易
 - 截至二零二零年三月三十一 (i) 日止年度,本集團出售賬面 值約2,918,000港元的若干 物業、機器及設備,取消 及抵銷本集團的貿易應付 款項約3.242.000港元。
 - 截至二零二零年三月三十 (ii) 一日止年度,推算利息 收入約2,981,000港元(二 零一九年:約14,610,000 港元)及推算利息開支約 5,869,000港元(二零一九 年:約4,616,000港元)乃分 別於綜合損益及其他全面 收益表確認。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2020 截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度

35. NOTE TO THE CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS (CONTINUED)

(b) RECONCILIATION OF LIABILITIES ARISING FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES

The table below shows details of the changes in the Group's liabilities arising from financing activities, including both cash and non-cash changes. Liabilities arising from financing activities are those for which cash flows were, or future cash flows will be, classified in the Group's consolidated statement of cash flows as cash flows from financing activities.

35. 综合現金流量表附註 (續)

(b) 融資活動所產生負債的 對賬

> 下表列示本集團融資活動所產生 負債的變動詳情,包括現金及非 現金變動。融資活動所產生負債 乃指其現金流量曾或未來現金流 量將於本集團綜合現金流量表中 分類為融資活動所得現金流量的 負債。

		Finance lease payables 融資租賃 應付款項 HK\$'000 千港元 (note 26) (附註26)	Lease liabilities 租賃負債 HK\$'000 千港元 (note 26) (附註26)	Bank borrowings, secured 銀行借款, 抵押 HK\$'000 千港元 (note 27) (附註27)	Other borrowing, unsecured 其他借款, 無抵押 HK\$'000 千港元 (note 28) (附註28)	Total 總計 HK\$'000 千港元
As at 1 April 2018	於二零一八年四月一日	28,265	_	30,007	_	58,272
Changes from financing cash flows: Borrowings raised Repayment of bank borrowings Repayment of finance lease payables	來自融資現金流量之 變動: 已籌借款 償還銀行借款 償還融資租賃應付款項	_ _ (11,529)		81,611 (86,648) —	100,000 — —	181,611 (86,648) (11,529)
Other changes: Imputed interest income (note 35(a)(ii)) Imputed interest expense (note 35(a)(ii))	其他變動: 推算利息收入 (附註35(a)(ii)) 推算利息開支 (附註35(a)(ii))	_	_		(14,610) 4,616	(14,610) 4,616
		(11,529)	_	(5,037)	90,006	73,440
As at 31 March 2019 and 1 April 2019	於二零一九年 三月三十一日及 二零一九年 四月一日	16,736	_	24,970	90,006	131,712

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2020 截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度

35. NOTE TO THE CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS (CONTINUED)

35. 綜合現金流量表附註 (續)

- (b) RECONCILIATION OF LIABILITIES ARISING FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES (CONTINUED)
- (b) 融資活動所產生負債的 對賬(續)

	Finance lease	Lease	Bank borrowings.	Other borrowing.	
	payables	liabilities	secured	unsecured	
	(note 26)	(note 26)	(note 27)	(note 28)	Total
	融資租賃		銀行借款,	其他借款,	
			抵押		
					總計
	1				HK\$'000
	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
初始應用香港財務 報告準則第16號的 影響(附註2)	(16 726)	10,820	_	_	3,103
影音(的吐3)	(10,730)	19,009			3,103
於二零一九年四月一日					
的經重列餘額	_	19,839	24,970	90,006	134,815
來自融資現金流量 之變動:					
已籌銀行借款	_	-	152,915	-	152,915
償還銀行借款	-	-	(130,591)	-	(130,591)
償還租賃負債	-	(12,300)	-	-	(12,300)
其他變動:					
	_	_	_	(2.981)	(2,981)
				(_, • • •)	(_, = = .)
	_	_	_	5,869	5,869
租賃負債增加	_	2,811	_	_	2,811
終止租賃	-	(122)	-	-	(122)
	-	(9,611)	22,324	2,888	15,601
认一 卖 一 卖 午					
<i>応一零一零千</i> 三月三十一日		10,228	47,294	92,894	150,416
	報告準則第16號的 影響(附註3) 於二零一九年四月一日 的經重列餘額 來自融資現金流量 之變動: 已籌銀行借款 償還租賃負債 其他變動: 推算利息收入 (附註35(a)(ii)) 推算利息開支 (附註35(a)(ii)) 推算利息債增加 終止租賃	lease payables payables (note 26) 融資租賃 應付款項 應付款項 (附註26) HK\$'000 干港元 初始應用香港財務 (16,736) 於二零一九年四月一日 (16,736) 於二零一九年四月一日 – 的經重列餘額 – [賞還租賃負債 – [賞還租賃負債 – 其他變動: – (附註35(a)(ii)) – 推算利息限支 – (附註35(a)(ii)) – 租賃負債增加 – 上租賃 – 人 – 人 – (附註35(a)(ii)) – 和貨負債 – 上租賃 – 上租賃 – 人 –	lease payables (note 26) 融資租賃 應付款項 Lease liabilities (note 26) 融資租賃 應付款項 租賃負債 施付款項 租賃負債 (附註26) HK\$'000 干港元 干港元 初始應用香港財務 報告準則第16號的 影響(附註3) (16,736) 19,839 於二零一九年四月一日 的經重列餘額 — 19,839 來自融資現金流量 之變動: — — 已籌銀行借款 — — 償還租賃負債 — (12,300) 其他變動: — — (附註35(a)(ii)) — — 租賃負債增加 — 2,811 終止租賃 — (122) 上租賃 — (9,611)	lease payables (note 26) 融資租賃 (mbt26)Lease borrowings, secured (note 27) 銀行借款、 銀行借款, (附註26)一一一租賃負債 低財註26)抵押 (附註27)HK\$'000 干港元一千港元(附註27)初始應用香港財務 報告準則第16號的 影響(附註3)(16,736)19,839於二零一九年四月一日 的經重列餘額-19,83924,970來自融資現金流量 之變動:-19,83924,970陳仁變動: 情運銀行借款152,915償還銀行借款(130,591)償還租賃負債-(12,300)其他變動: 作淨利息開支 (附註35(a)(ii))和賃負債增加-2,811-紅賃-(122)(122)(123)-	lease payables (note 26) 融資租賃 (note 26) 融資租賃 (note 26) 融資租賃 (note 26) 融資租賃 (note 26) 報行借款, 租賃負債 (附註27)borrowing, unsecured (note 28) 其他借款, 無抵押 (附註26)初始應用香港財務 報告準則第16號的 影響(附註3)(16,736)19,839初始應用香港財務 報告準則第16號的 影響(附註3)(16,736)19,839放二零一九年四月一日 的經重列餘額-19,83924,97090,006來自融資現金流量 之變動: 已籌銀行借款152,915-[] 還租賃負債-(130,591)[] 還租賃負債-(130,591)[] [] 費利息收入 (附註35(a)(ii))5,869租賃負債增加-2,811[] 保證]-(122)[] 未算-(122)[] 未算-(122)

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2020 截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度

35. NOTE TO THE CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS (CONTINUED)

35. 綜合現金流量表附註 (續)

- (c) TOTAL CASH OUTFLOW FOR LEASES Amounts included in consolidated statement of cash flows comprise the following:
- (c) 租賃的現金流出總額 計入綜合現金流量表的金額包括 以下各項:

		2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元	2019 二零一九年 HK\$'000 千港元
Within operating cash flows Within financing cash flows	於經營現金流量內 於融資現金流量內	721 12,300	
The amounts relate to the lease rental paid	與已付租賃租金有關的 金額	13,021	_

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2020 <mark>截至二零二零年</mark>三月三十一日止年度

36.	CONTI	NGENT	LIABIL	ITIES

36. 或然負債

- (a) At the end of the reporting period, the Group has provided guarantees to an insurance company as follows:
- (a) 於報告期末,本集團已向一家保 險公司提供如下擔保:

		2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元	2019 二零一九年 HK\$'000 千港元
Guarantees on performance bonds for construction contracts	為建築合約履約保證金 提供擔保	75,371	50,312

As at 31 March 2020, the securities for the Group's performance bonds for construction contracts are as follows:

- (i) guarantees on performance bonds amounting to approximately HK\$69,459,000 (2019: approximately HK\$50,312,000) are secured by (i) the Group's prepayments, deposits and other receivables of HK\$2,936,000 (2019: Nil); (ii) a personal guarantee executed by a director of the a subsidiary of the Company; and (iii) corporate guarantees executed by the Company and a subsidiary of the Company.
- (ii) guarantee on a performance bond amounting to approximately HK\$5,912,000 (2019: Nil) is secured by (i) the Group's pledged bank deposits of approximately HK\$10,307,000 (2019: Nil); and (ii) the corporate guarantee executed by the Company (2019: Nil).

於二零二零年三月三十一日,本 集團的建築合約履約保證金之抵 押如下:

- (i) 履約保證金之擔保約
 69,459,000港元(二零一九年:約50,312,000港元)乃以(i)本集團預付款項、按金及其他應收款項2,936,000港元(二零一九年:無);(ii)本公司附屬公司董事簽立之個人擔保;及(iii)本公司及本公司附屬公司簽立之公司擔保作抵押。
- (ii) 履約保證金之擔保約
 5,912,000港元(二零一九年:無)乃以(i)本集團已抵押銀行存款約10,307,000港元(二零一九年:無);及
 (ii)本公司簽立之公司擔保(二零一九年:無)作抵押。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2020 截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度

36. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES (CONTINUED)

(b) In May 2015, a subcontractor claimed against the Group for certain construction works (the "Dispute"). The total amount of claim by the subcontractor is approximately HK\$20,329,000. The Group and the subcontractor agreed to resolve the Dispute by arbitration or by other means of dispute resolution.

Up to the date on these consolidated financial statements, the arbitration is still in the process and there is no conclusive decision had been reached to resolve the Dispute. The management, after taking external legal advice, considers that it is pre-mature to assess the outcome for the said claim.

Pursuant to the deed of indemnity executed by the then controlling and substantial shareholder of the Company, New Grace Gain and its ultimate beneficial owners, Mr. Yeung Sau Ming, Boris, Mr. Lau Tai Wah, Gilbert and Mr. Yue Suen Leung, in favour of our Company, each of them has irrevocably and unconditionally, jointly and severally, agreed to indemnify the Group against, among others, all loss and damages arising from the Dispute.

Accordingly, no provision has been made for the claim.

37. CAPITAL COMMITMENTS

No Group's capital commitments at the end of reporting period (2019: Nil).

38. LEASE COMMITMENTS

At the end of the reporting period, the total future minimum lease payments under non-cancellable operating leases are payable as follows:

36. 或然負債(續)

(b) 於二零一五年五月,一名分包商 就若干建築工程(「糾紛」)向本集 團提出索償。該分包商的索償總 額約為20,329,000港元。本集團 及該分包商已同意透過仲裁或其 他糾紛解決方式解決糾紛。

> 截至該等綜合財務報表日期,仲 裁仍在進行,且並無達致解決糾 紛的最終裁定。管理層在考慮外 部法律意見後認為,評估上述索 償結果的時機尚不成熟。

> 根據本公司當時控股股東及主要 股東New Grace Gain及其最終實 益擁有人楊秀明先生、劉泰華先 生及余孫良先生以本公司為受益 人而簽立的彌償保證契據,彼等 各自已不可撤銷及無條件地共同 及個別同意,就(其中包括)因糾 紛而產生的一切損失及損害賠償 向本集團作出彌償。

因此,並無就該索償計提撥備。

37. 資本承擔

於報告期末,本集團概無資本承擔(二 零一九年:無)。

38. 租賃承擔

於報告期末,不可撤銷經營租賃下應 付未來最低租賃付款總額如下:

		2019 二零一九年 HK\$'000 千港元
Within one year In the second to fifth years inclusive	一年內 第二至第五年 (包括首尾兩年)	3,732 517
		4,249

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2020 <mark>截至二零二零年</mark>三月三十一日止年度

38. LEASE COMMITMENTS (CONTINUED)

Operating lease payments mainly represent rentals payable by the Group for its offices, staff quarters and warehouses. Leases are negotiated for an average term of one year (2019: two years) and rentals are fixed over the lease terms and do not include contingent rentals.

The Group's regularly entered into short-term leases for offices. As at 31 March 2020, the portfolio of short-term leases is similar to the portfolio of short-term leases to which the short-term lease expense disclosed in note 19 to the consolidated financial statements

39. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

(a) In addition to those related party transactions and balances disclosed elsewhere to the consolidated financial statements, the Group had the following material transaction with its related party during the year:

38. 租賃承擔(續)

經營租賃付款主要指本集團就辦公室、 員工宿舍及倉庫應付的租金。租約經 商議後平均為期一年(二零一九年:兩 年),租金於租期內固定且並不包括或 然租金。

本集團就辦公室定期訂立短期租賃。 於二零二零年三月三十一日,短期租賃 組合與其短期租賃開支於綜合財務報 表附註19披露的短期租賃組合類似。

39. 關聯方交易

(a) 除綜合財務報表其他地方披露的 該等關聯方交易及結餘外,本集 團於年內曾與其關聯方進行以下 重大交易:

	2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元	2019 二零一九年 HK\$'000 千港元
Rental expenses charged by a related company一家關聯公司收取的 租金開支Secondment fee charged by a related company一家關聯公司收取的 借調費用	1,543 471	1,468

Mr. Yeung Sau Ming, Boris, a former director of the Company, who resigned on 13 August 2018 but still retained as a director of the subsidiaries of the Group during the year ended 31 March 2020, has beneficial interest in this related company.

本公司前董事楊秀明先生(已於二 零一八年八月十三日辭任,但於 截至二零二零年三月三十一日止 年度仍留任本集團附屬公司董事) 於該關聯公司擁有實益權益。

综合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2020 截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度

39. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS (CONTINUED)

39. 關聯方交易(續)

(b)

本集團主要管理人員薪酬:

Compensation of key management personnel of the (b) Group:

		2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元	2019 二零一九年 HK\$'000 千港元
Short term employee benefits Pension scheme contributions	短期僱員福利 退休計劃供款	7,850 37	9,619 79
Total compensation paid to key management personnel	向主要管理人員支付的 薪酬總額	7,887	9,698

Further details of employee benefits expense and directors' emoluments are included in notes 13 and 14 respectively to the consolidated financial statements.

40. EVENTS AFTER THE REPORTING PERIOD

Epidemic of Coronavirus Disease 2019 (the "COVID-19 outbreak") since early 2020, the COVID-19 outbreak has spread across the PRC and other countries and it has affected the business and economic activities of the Group as well as the Group's customers and suppliers to some extent. The overall financial effect cannot be reliably estimated as of the approval date on these consolidated financial statements. The Group will closely monitor the development of the COVID-19 outbreak and continue to evaluate its impact on the business, the financial position and operating results of the Group.

41. APPROVED OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The Consolidated financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the Board of Directors on 19 June 2020.

有關僱員福利開支及董事酬金的 進一步詳情分別載於綜合財務報 表附註13及14。

40. 報告期後事項

於二零二零年初爆發2019冠狀病毒疾 病疫情(「COVID-19疫情」), COVID-19 疫情已蔓延至中國全境及其他國家, 並對本集團之業務及經濟活動以及本 集團客戶及供應商造成一定程度的影 響。於該等綜合財務報表獲批准日期 尚無法可靠估計整體財務影響。本集 團將密切關注COVID-19疫情的發展並 持續評估其對本集團之業務、財務狀 況及經營業績之影響。

41. 批准財務報表

综合財務報表已於二零二零年六月十 九日獲董事會批准及授權刊發。

FINANCIAL SUMMARY

財務概要

A summary of the results and of the assets and liabilities of the Group for the last five financial years is set out below:

本集團過去五個財政年度的業績及資產及 負債概要載列如下:

RESULTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH

截至	三月	Ξ^+	· — E	止	年度	Ż
業績						

		2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元	2019 二零一九年 HK\$'000 千港元	2018 二零一八年 HK\$'000 千港元	2017 二零一七年 HK\$'000 千港元	2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000 千港元
Revenue Cost of services rendered	收益 所提供服務成本	374,903 (334,061)	203,015 (201,188)	225,579 (222,759)	125,589 (121,014)	494,135 (416,341)
Gross profit Other income Administrative and other	毛利 其他收入 行政及其他經營開支	40,842 3,545	1,827 15,921	2,820 137	4,575 171	77,794 2,046
operating expenses Provision for ECL on trade receivables and contract assets	就貿易應收款項及 合約資產的預期 信貸虧損計提撥備	(34,627) (1,521)	(40,589)	(30,624)	(38,203)	(28,139)
Profit/(loss) from operations Finance costs	經營所得溢利/ (虧損) 融資成本	8,239 (7,230)	(22,841) (6,266)	(27,667) (1,430)	(33,457) (936)	51,701 (995)
Profit/(loss) before tax Income tax credit/(expense)	除税前溢利/(虧損) 所得税抵免/(開支)	1,009 —	(29,107)	(29,097) 3,907	(34,393) 544	50,706 (10,403)
Profit/(loss) and total comprehensive income for the year attributable to owners of the Company	本公司擁有人應佔年 內溢利/(虧損)及 全面收益總額	1,009	(29,107)	(25,190)	(33,849)	40,303

ASSETS AND LIABILITIES AS AT 31 MARCH

於三月三十一日之資產及 負債

		2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元	2019 二零一九年 HK\$'000 千港元	2018 二零一八年 HK\$'000 千港元	2017 二零一七年 HK\$'000 千港元	2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000 千港元
Total assets Total liabilities	資產總值 負債總額	418,791 (326,375)	327,270 (235,863)	237,529 (112,515)	244,536 (94,332)	336,041 (151,988)
Net assets	資產淨值	92,416	91,407	125,014	150,204	184,053



K. H. GROUP HOLDINGS LIMITED 劍虹集團控股有限公司