

GET NICE HOLDINGS LIMITED **結 好 控 股 有 限 公** (Incorporated in the Cayman Islands with limited liability) 於開曼群島註冊成立之有限公司 司

Stock code 股 份 代 號:64



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公司資料 CORPORATE INFORMATION

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Executive Directors

Mr. HUNG Hon Man *(Chairman and Chief Executive Officer)* Mr. CHAM Wai Ho, Anthony *(Deputy Chairman)* Mr. KAM Leung Ming

Independent Non-Executive Directors

Mr. SIU Hi Lam, Alick Mr. MAN Kong Yui Mr. SUN Ka Ziang, Henry

AUTHORISED REPRESENTATIVES

Mr. CHAM Wai Ho, Anthony Mr. KAM Leung Ming

COMPANY SECRETARY

Mr. KAM Leung Ming

AUDITOR

Mazars CPA Limited Certified Public Accountants

AUDIT COMMITTEE

Mr. SUN Ka Ziang, Henry *(Chairman)* Mr. SIU Hi Lam, Alick Mr. MAN Kong Yui

NOMINATION COMMITTEE

Mr. SUN Ka Ziang, Henry *(Chairman)* Mr. SIU Hi Lam, Alick Mr. MAN Kong Yui

REMUNERATION COMMITTEE

Mr. SUN Ka Ziang, Henry *(Chairman)* Mr. SIU Hi Lam, Alick Mr. MAN Kong Yui

PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS IN HONG KONG

10th Floor Cosco Tower Grand Millennium Plaza 183 Queen's Road Central Hong Kong

董事會

執行董事 洪漢文先生(*主席兼行政總裁)* 湛威豪先生(*副主席*) 甘亮明先生

獨立非執行董事 蕭喜臨先生 文剛鋭先生 孫克強先生

授權代表 湛威豪先生 甘亮明先生

公司秘書 甘亮明先生

核數師 中審眾環(香港)會計師事務所有限公司 *執業會計師*

審核委員會

孫克強先生(*主席*) 蕭喜臨先生 文剛鋭先生

提名委員會

孫克強先生(*主席*) 蕭喜臨先生 文剛鋭先生

薪酬委員會

孫克強先生(*主席*) 蕭喜臨先生 文剛鋭先生

香港主要營業地點

香港 皇后大道中183號 新紀元廣場 中遠大廈 10字樓

公司資料 CORPORATE INFORMATION

REGISTERED OFFICE IN THE CAYMAN ISLANDS

Second Floor, Century Yard Cricket Square P.O. Box 902 Grand Cayman KY1-1103 Cayman Islands

PRINCIPAL BANKERS

Chong Hing Bank Limited Bank of Communications Co. Ltd. Hong Kong Branch The Bank of East Asia, Limited China Construction Bank (Asia) Corporation Limited

HONG KONG BRANCH SHARE REGISTRAR AND TRANSFER OFFICE

Tricor Secretaries Limited Level 54, Hopewell Centre 183 Queen's Road East Hong Kong

PRINCIPAL SHARE REGISTRAR AND TRANSFER OFFICE IN THE CAYMAN ISLANDS

Tricor Services (Cayman Islands) Limited Second Floor, Century Yard Cricket Square P.O. Box 902 Grand Cayman KY1-1103 Cayman Islands

STOCK CODE

0064

WEBSITE OF THE COMPANY

www.getnice.com.hk (Information on the website does not form part of this annual report)

開曼群島註冊辦事處

Second Floor, Century Yard Cricket Square P.O. Box 902 Grand Cayman KY1-1103 Cayman Islands

主要往來銀行

創興銀行有限公司 交通銀行股份有限公司香港分行 東亞銀行有限公司 中國建設銀行(亞洲)股份有限公司

股份過戶登記香港分處

卓佳秘書商務有限公司 香港 皇后大道東183號 合和中心54樓

開曼群島股份過戶登記總處

Tricor Services (Cayman Islands) Limited Second Floor, Century Yard Cricket Square P.O. Box 902 Grand Cayman KY1-1103 Cayman Islands

股份代號 0064

公司網站

www.getnice.com.hk (網站內的資訊並不構成本年報一部份)

On behalf of the board of directors (the "Board") of Get Nice Holdings Limited (the "Company"), I hereby present the annual report of the Company and its subsidiaries (collectively the "Group") for the year ended 31 March 2020.

OVERVIEW

For the year ended 31 March 2020, the Group's revenue amounted to approximately HK\$524.5 million, representing a decrease of 6.7% as compared with approximately HK\$561.9 million reported in the last corresponding financial year. The decrease in revenue was mainly attributable to the decrease in brokerage commission with less turnover during the year. In addition, the interest income from margin financing business and debt securities held by the Group also recorded a decrease as compared with the last financial year.

Profit for the year attributable to owners of the Company was approximately HK\$118.3 million (2019: HK\$195.1 million). The decrease in profit was mainly attributable to the decrease in revenue, increase in net impairment loss on accounts receivable from margin clients, net of the decrease in finance costs, loss on redemption of convertible bonds issued by Get Nice Financial Group Limited ("GNFG") and reversal of net impairment loss on loans and advances during the year. The Group recorded imputed interest expenses arising from convertible bonds issued by GNFG in September 2017 of HK\$31.2 million during the year (2019: HK\$96.7 million). Loss on redemption of HK\$38.9 million was recorded upon redemptions of convertible bonds issued by GNFG of total principal amounts of HK\$262.5 million in prior year, no such loss was recorded during the year. The Group recorded net impairment loss on accounts receivable from margin clients and reversal of net impairment loss on loans and advances of HK\$110.9 million (2019: HK\$20.1 million) and HK\$2.9 million (2019: provision of net impairment loss HK\$16.5 million), respectively in current financial year.

Basic earnings per share for the year were HK1.22 cents (2019: HK2.02 cents) as a result of decrease in profit during the year.

本人謹代表結好控股有限公司(「本公司」) 董事會(「董事會」)提呈本公司及其附屬公 司(統稱「本集團」)截至二零二零年三月 三十一日止年度之年報。

概覽

截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度,本 集團之收益約為524,500,000港元,較上財 政年度約561,900,000港元減少6.7%。收益 減少,主要是因為年內經紀佣金收入減少 及營業額下降所致。此外,來自保證金融 資業務以及本集團持有之債務證券的利息 收入均較上財政年度減少。

本公司擁有人應佔年內溢利約為 118,300,000港元(二零一九年:195,100,000 港元)。溢利減少,主要因為年內之收益 減少、應收保證金客戶賬項之減值虧損淨 額增加,扣除融資成本減少、贖回結好金 融集團有限公司(「結好金融」)發行之可 換股債券之虧損以及撥回貸款及墊款之 減值虧損淨額所致。本集團於年內錄得來 自結好金融於二零一七年九月發行之可 換股債券產生之推算利息開支31,200,000 港元(二零一九年:96,700,000港元)。上 年度贖回結好金融發行之可換股債券總 本金額262,500,000港元後,錄得贖回虧損 38,900,000港元,而本年度則並無錄得相關 虧損。本集團於本財政年度錄得應收保證 金客戶賬項之減值虧損淨額以及撥回貸款 及墊款之減值虧損淨額分別為110,900,000 港元(二零一九年:20,100,000港元)及 2,900,000港元(二零一九年:減值虧損撥備 淨額16,500,000港元)。

因年內溢利減少,年內之每股基本盈利為 1.22港仙(二零一九年:2.02港仙)。

REVIEW AND OUTLOOK

Market Review

Hong Kong stocks market started to climb since the beginning of 2019 as the representatives of both China and the United States expressed optimism about the trade negotiations. With US-China trade truce, continued economic growth in the US, and reaccelerated momentum in Chinese economies, the investors were generally optimistic and Hang Seng Index reached the year high of 30,280 points on 15 April 2019. However, the US President suddenly announced that the trade negotiations broke down, causing Hong Kong stocks market to fall sharply since the end of April 2019.

In the third quarter of 2019, US-China trade war was heating up and the political events in Hong Kong have destroyed investors' confidence in the stock market. The trade restrictive measures imposed by the two countries on each other were escalated, causing economic losses to the economic systems of the two countries, while at the same time increasing the trade costs and markets uncertainty globally. Affected by the US-China trade war, the exchange rate of the renminbi continued to be weak, which caused the further decline of the Hong Kong stock market. On the other hand, the market's concern about the slowdown of China's economic activity has deepened the pessimism mood of the investment market. Due to the continued trade conflicts with the US and weak domestic demand, China's economic growth has slowed to its lowest level in recent years and Hong Kong has once again fell into a technical recession since the financial tsunami in 2009.

At the end of 2019, a turnaround occurred and China and the United States reached a first-stage trade agreement which China agreed to double purchase of various products from the United States in the next two years and the United States agreed to reduce the tariff on China's imported goods, caused Hong Kong stocks market to rebound.

In the first quarter of 2020, the COVID-19 outbreak spreads globally, caused disruptions in various business segments across the world and investors retreated from risky assets to hold cash. The plunge of asset prices and oil prices triggered panic sale and liquidity crunches globally.

回顧及展望 市場回顧

香港股市於踏入二零一九年時因為中美雙 方代表對貿易談判表示樂觀而開始攀升。 隨著中美貿易戰暫時休戰、美國經濟持續 增長,加上中國經濟重拾動力,投資者普 遍看好後市,恒生指數在二零一九年四月 十五日升至年內高位30,280點。然而,美國 總統突然宣佈貿易談判破裂,導致港股自 二零一九年四月底以來大幅下跌。

在二零一九年第三季度,中美貿易戰升溫 及香港的政治事件摧毀投資者對股市的信 心。兩國向對方實施的貿易限制措施逐步 升級,對兩國經濟體系造成經濟損失,同 時亦增加全球貿易成本和市場不確定性。 受中美貿易戰所影響,人民幣匯價持續 疲軟,驅使香港股市進一步下跌。另一方 面,市場對中國經濟活動放緩的擔憂加劇 投資市場的悲觀情緒。由於與美國的貿易 衝突持續和內需疲弱,中國的經濟增長步 伐已回落至近年來的最低水平,而香港繼 二零零九年金融海嘯後再一次陷入技術性 衰退。

二零一九年底,形勢出現轉機,中美達成 第一階段貿易協議,中國同意在未來兩年 內加倍向美國採購多類產品而美國同意降 低中國進口產品的關税,帶動港股反彈。

二零二零年第一季度,2019冠狀病毒病疫 情在全球蔓延,對全球不同業務板塊均造 成干擾,投資者減持風險資產而增持現 金。資產價格和油價大跌,引發全球恐慌 性拋售和流動性緊縮。

With fears and pessimisms caused by the outbreak of COVID-19 and concerns regarding global economy, the Hang Seng Index closed at 23,603 points at the end of March 2020, a decrease of 18.8% as compared with 29,051 points at the end of March 2019. The average daily turnover on the Main Board and GEM during the year ended 31 March 2020 was approximately HK\$92.2 billion, a decrease of 4.4% as compared with approximately HK\$96.4 billion for the prior financial year.

In respect of the local money lending market, more restrictions and compliance requirements imposed on banks would offer more business opportunities to non-bank money lenders as they could provide more flexible lending services to both retail and corporate clients. However, the COVID-19 has dragged down the Hong Kong economy and affected the wealth and income of Hong Kong citizen, the demand from retail clients has generally decreased. At the same time, late repayment and overdue rates began to climb, caused financial institutions to tighten their loan approval standard. As a result, Hong Kong's money lending market has become quieter.

Regarding the local property market, as affected by the US-China trade war, decline of stock market, the panic caused by COVID-19 and the uncertainty due to the prolonged political events in Hong Kong, the property market in Hong Kong shrank and the overall residential property prices dropped. With the US Federal Reserve's announcement of further interest rate cuts, it has brought a little stimulating effect on the property market in Hong Kong, which has increased the confidence of potential buyers who became more cautious and conservative in recent years. On the other hand, the Hong Kong SAR Government has introduced details of the scheme of restarting the revitalization of industrial buildings, which has caused more investors to pay attention to the redevelopment potential, such as conversion to data center or commercial building. Meanwhile, the UK property market was also affected by the challenging global trading environment, the panic caused by COVID-19 and the Brexit in January 2020. Property prices in the UK were stable but full of uncertainty.

2019冠狀病毒病疫情引起的市場恐慌和悲 觀情緒,加上對全球經濟前景的關注,恒 生指數於二零二零年三月底收報23,603點, 相比二零一九年三月底收報29,051點下跌 18.8%。截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年 度內,主板及GEM的平均每日成交額約為 922億港元,較上一財政年度約964億港元 減少4.4%。

本地放債市場方面,鑑於當局對銀行放貸 實施更多限制及遵例規定,對於為散戶和 企業客戶提供更靈活貸款服務的非銀行放 債人而言因此迎來更多機遇。然而,香港 經濟受到2019冠狀病毒病所拖累,香港市 民的財富和收入同樣受到影響,散戶的需 求普遍減少。同時,逾期還款宗數和逾期 率開始攀升,導致金融機構收緊貸款審批 標準。因此,香港的貨幣借貸市場轉趨淡 靜。

Business review

Broking and securities margin financing

During the year ended 31 March 2020, the broking business posted a profit of approximately HK\$1.4 million (2019: HK\$15.2 million). The operating result of the broking business decreased by 90.8% as a result of the decrease in our broking turnover and number of sizeable corporate finance transactions during current year. The decrease in broking turnover was affected by the volatile local stock market and negative global investment atmosphere. Revenue from broking for the year decreased by 26.9% to approximately HK\$41.4 million (2019: HK\$56.6 million) as compared with last financial year, of which approximately HK\$6.8 million (2019: HK\$12.7 million) was contributed by the underwriting, placing and proof of funds business. The decrease in these fee incomes was due to the decrease in number of deals as a result of the less active capital market during the current year.

Securities margin financing remained to be the Group's major revenue contributor for the year. During the year, total interest income from securities margin financing dropped by 4.4% to approximately HK\$325.2 million (2019: HK\$340.3 million) with the decrease in average level of securities margin lending during the year. Total gross accounts receivable from margin clients at 31 March 2020 amounted to approximately HK\$3,692.3 million (as at 31 March 2019: HK\$3,732.6 million). Net impairment loss on margin clients receivable of HK\$110.9 million was charged during the current year (2019: HK\$20.1 million). The Group will continue to maintain a balance on yield relative to risk and cautious approach to the credit control of its margin financing business.

業務回顧

經紀及證券保證金融資

截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度,經 紀業務錄得溢利約1,400,000港元(二零一九 年:15,200,000港元)。由於年內之經紀業 務營業額及較大型之企業融資交易數目減 少,經紀業務之經營業績減少90.8%。經 紀業務之營業額亦因為本地股市波動及環 球投資市場氣氛不景而下跌。經紀分部於 年內之收益較上財政年度減少26.9%至約 41,400,000港元(二零一九年:56,600,000港 元),當中約6,800,000港元(二零一九年: 12,700,000港元)源自包銷、配售及資金證 明業務之貢獻。此等費用收入減少是因為 年內資本市場較不活躍令交易數目隨之下 降所致。

證券保證金融資繼續是本集團於年內之主 要收益來源。於年內,證券保證金融資之 利息收入總額減少4.4%至約325,200,000港 元(二零一九年:340,300,000港元)而年內 證券保證金借貸之平均水平下降。本集團 於二零二零年三月三十一日之應收保證金 客戶賬項總額合計約為3,692,300,000港元 (二零一九年三月三十一日:3,732,600,000 港元)。年內支銷之應收保證金客戶賬項 減值虧損淨額為110,900,000港元(二零一九 年:20,100,000港元)。本集團將繼續維持 收益與風險之間的平衡,並以謹慎的態度 對旗下保證金融資業務實行信貸控制措施。

Money lending

The money lending vehicle is engaged in provision of consumer and mortgage loans. The money lending business continued to show good performance during the year. The aggregated loan amount decreased to HK\$689.2 million at 31 March 2020 from HK\$1,086.2 million at 31 March 2019, with interest income for the year increased to HK\$105.7 million (2019: HK\$102.3 million). Money lending business recorded profit before tax of HK\$107.6 million for the year ended 31 March 2020 (2019: HK\$85.6 million). Net impairment loss on loans and advances of HK\$2.9 million was reversed during the year (2019: provision of net impairment loss HK\$16.5 million). Building on the Group's expertise and relationships with high net worth customers, the Group remains positive about the money lending business and will continue to target high net worth customers with short-term financial needs.

Investments

The investments division held properties and financial instruments for the Group. Assets allocations are based on expected return rates and available funding capital. For the year under review, this division reported a loss of HK\$62.6 million (2019: profit HK\$59.2 million), mainly attributable to fair value losses on investment properties of HK\$86.6 million (2019: gains HK\$10.7 million); interest income from two unlisted debt securities of HK\$18.7 million (2019: HK\$35.4 million); interest income from listed debt securities of HK\$19.6 million (2019: HK\$12.5 million); rental income of HK\$13.7 million (2019: HK\$12.6 million); and the unrealised losses on financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss of HK\$19.2 million (2019: HK\$11.0 million) due to the drop of share prices of certain equity securities listed in Hong Kong among the portfolio held of HK\$107.5 million at 31 March 2020 (31 March 2019: HK\$126.9 million).

During the year ended 31 March 2020, the Group newly acquired two investment properties in Hong Kong at total considerations of HK\$70 million. At 31 March 2020, the Group held a portfolio of investment properties with total fair values of HK\$874.1 million (31 March 2019: HK\$881.9 million), comprised mainly the commercial buildings in Hung Hom and London.

放債

放債公司之主要業務為提供按揭及消費 者貸款。年內放債業務持續表現不俗。 貸款總額由二零一九年三月三十一日之 1,086,200,000港元下降至二零二零年三月 三十一日之689,200,000港元,利息收入於 年內增加至105,700,000港元(二零一九年: 102,300,000港元)。放債業務於截至二零二 零年三月三十一日止年度錄得除税前溢利 107,600,000港元(二零一九年:85,600,000 港元)。年內撥回貸款及墊款之減值虧損 淨額2,900,000港元(二零一九年:減值虧損 淨額撥備16,500,000港元)。憑藉本集團掌 握的專門知識以及與高淨值客戶的業務關 係,本集團仍然看好放債業務之前景,並 將繼續專注於有短期融資需要之高淨值客 戶。

投資

投資分部為本集團持有物業及金融工 具。資產配置是建基於預期回報率及可 動用資金資本。於回顧年度,此分部錄得 虧損62,600,000港元(二零一九年:溢利 59,200,000港元),主要源自投資物業之公 允值虧損86,600,000港元(二零一九年:收 益10,700,000港元);兩項非上市債務證券 之利息收入18,700,000港元(二零一九年: 35,400,000港元);上市債務證券之利息收 入19,600,000港元(二零一九年:12,500,000 港元);租金收入13,700,000港元(二零一九 年:12,600,000港元);及按公允值計入損 益之金融資產之未實現虧損19,200,000港元 (二零一九年:11,000,000港元)(乃由於在二 零二零年三月三十一日所持107,500,000港 元(二零一九年三月三十一日:126,900,000 港元)之組合中的若干香港上市股本證券之 股價下跌)。

截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度,本 集團以70,000,000港元之總代價新收購兩項 位於香港之投資物業。於二零二零年三月 三十一日,本集團所持投資物業組合的總 公允值為874,100,000港元(二零一九年三月 三十一日:881,900,000港元),主要包括紅 磡及倫敦的商業大廈。

As at 31 March 2020, the Group held an investment portfolio consisted of equity securities, debt securities, convertibles notes and investment funds with total fair values of HK\$508.2 million (31 March 2019: HK\$815.1 million). The decrease in total fair values of the investment portfolio was mainly attributable to the redemption of an unlisted redeemable note with principal amount of HK\$300 million (2019: HK\$150 million) during the year while the Group held larger portfolio of listed debt securities of HK\$248.8 million at 31 March 2020 (31 March 2019: HK\$246.1 million). The portfolio of equity securities mainly comprised listed companies in Hong Kong while the portfolio of debt securities mainly comprises listed bonds, unlisted redeemable notes and unlisted convertible notes issued by certain listed companies in Hong Kong and overseas.

Corporate finance

The Group's corporate finance business focused on the provision of financial advisory services to listed companies in Hong Kong. During the year ended 31 March 2020, it completed 2 financial advisory transactions (2019: 5). The operation reported a segment profit of approximately HK\$0.2 million for the year (2019: HK\$1.5 million).

Outlook

Disruption to business operations and logistics due to COVID-19 seriously affected many industries, the impact will probably last for a period of time. Economic activities will not fully resume until the crisis is under control. Countries along the "Belt and Road" were also affected and China's investment in these countries' infrastructure development was also slow down. At the same time, the potential restart of US-China trade war brought further uncertainties to the global trade environment. It is expected that the overall economy and both the stock market and property market in Hong Kong may tend to be weak.

In the future, the business environment of the Group will continue to be competitive. The increasing regulatory requirements such as the recent effected guidelines for securities margin financing activities issued by the Securities and Futures Commission brought further compliance-related and system-related costs to the Group which may impact the cost efficiency and earnings growth of the Group. 於二零二零年三月三十一日,本集團持 有的股本證券、債務證券、可換股票據 及投資基金之投資組合的總公允值為 508,200,000港元(二零一九年三月三十一 日:815,100,000港元)。投資組合之總公允 值下降是主要源於在年內贖回一項非上市 可贖回票據本金額300,000,000港元(二零 一九年:150,000,000港元)而本集團於二零 二零年三月三十一日持有較大規模的上市 債務證券組合達248,800,000港元(二零一九 年三月三十一日:246,100,000港元)。股本 證券投資組合主要包括香港上市公司,而 債務證券投資組合主要包括香港上市公司,而 責務證券投資組合主要包括由香港及海外 若干上市公司發行之上市債券、非上市可 贖回票據及非上市可換股票據。

企業融資

本集團之企業融資業務專注向香港上市公司提供財務顧問服務。其於截至二零二零 年三月三十一日止年度已完成兩項(二零 一九年:五項)財務顧問項目。此業務於年 內錄得分部溢利約200,000港元(二零一九 年:1,500,000港元)。

展望

許多行業備受2019冠狀病毒病導致的商業 運作和物流中斷所嚴重影響,而影響可能 會持續一段時間。在疫情危機受控之前, 經濟活動難望全面恢復。「一帶一路」沿線 國家亦受到影響,中國也減慢對相關國家 基礎設施建設的投資。同時,中美貿易戰 可能重啟,給全球貿易環境帶來更多不確 定性。預計香港整體經濟以及股市和樓市 之表現或趨於疲弱。

未來,本集團的營商環境將繼續充滿競 爭。監管規定日趨嚴謹,如證券及期貨事 務監察委員會頒佈並於最新生效之證券保 證金融資活動指引,對本集團帶來進一步 的合規相關成本和系統相關成本,此或會 影響本集團的成本效益和盈利增長。

In respect of the investment activities of the Group, management will keep seeking quality and upscale investment properties in both Asia and Europe, and also investment in securities with good potential, to enhance its investment portfolio and continue to provide a source of steady rental income and investment gains in the future. Meanwhile, management will adopt cautious measures to manage the Group's investment portfolio.

Dealing with the future challenges, the management of the Group would review and adjust business strategies on regular basis with a prudent and balanced risk management approach. The management of the Group remains cautiously optimistic about the business development and overall performance of the Group in the future. The Group is endeavoring to render comprehensive services to our affluent and high-net-worth clients in order to maintain our clients' confidence and loyalty. Given our lean and efficient organization structure, stable clients base, strong track record and solid business fundamentals, the Group is poised to expand its horizons and scale new heights in the years to come in order to continue maximizing returns and value for all shareholders.

FINANCIAL REVIEW

Financial Resources and Gearing Ratio

Equity attributable to owners of the Company amounted to approximately HK\$5,467.1 million as at 31 March 2020 (2019: HK\$5,465.1 million), representing an increase of approximately HK\$2 million or 0.04% over that of last financial year end. The non-controlling interests decreased from approximately HK\$1,167.8 million at 31 March 2019 to approximately HK\$1,081.7 million at 31 March 2020. These movements were mainly attributable to the reclassification of the equity component of convertible bonds issued by GNFG from potential non-controlling interests to retained earnings upon redemptions of convertible bonds with principal amount of HK\$262.5 million. 本集團之投資活動方面,管理層將繼續於 亞洲及歐洲地區物色優質及高檔投資物業 以及擁有良好潛力的證券投資,從而增強 其投資組合,並於未來繼續提供穩定的租 金收入來源及投資收益。與此同時,管理 層將採取謹慎措施以管理本集團之投資組 合。

面對未來的挑戰,本集團管理層將採取審 慎而平衡的風險管理方針,定期檢討並調 整業務策略。本集團管理層對本集團未來 的業務發展及整體表現持審慎樂觀態度。 本集團致力為富裕及高淨值客戶提供全面 服務,以維持客戶對集團的信心和繼續的服務。憑藉我們精簡高效的組續 用集團的服務。憑藉我們精簡高效的組織 結構、穩定的客戶群、彪炳往績和雄厚的 當構、穩定的客戶群、彪炳往績和雄厚的 和規模,在未來續創新高,務求為全體股 東創造更佳回報和價值。

財務回顧 財務資源及資本負債比率

於二零二零年三月三十一日,本公司擁有 人應佔權益約為5,467,100,000港元(二零 一九年:5,465,100,000港元),較上財政年 度之年結日增加約2,000,000港元或0.04%。 非控股權益由二零一九年三月三十一日約 1,167,800,000港元減少至二零二零年三月 三十一日約1,081,700,000港元。此等變動主 要源自結好金融發行之可換股債券之權益 部份於贖回本金額262,500,000港元之可換 股債券後由潛在非控股權益重新分類為保 留盈利所致。

As at 31 March 2020, the Group's net current assets amounted to HK\$5,244.3 million (2019: HK\$4,986.5 million), and its liquidity as represented by current ratio (current assets/current liabilities) was 9 times (2019: 3.97 times). The increase in net current assets and current ratio were mainly attributable to the decrease of the liability component of convertible bonds issued by GNFG due to redemptions of convertible bonds with principal amount of HK\$262.5 million upon maturity. Also, the Group's bank balances and cash on hand increased to HK\$905.2 million (2019: HK\$505.9 million). The increase in bank balances and cash on hand was mainly due to the redemptions of an unlisted redeemable note with principal amount of HK\$300 million, the decrease in gross loans and advances of approximately HK\$415.3 million and the decrease in gross accounts receivable of approximately HK\$31.6 million.

The Group had no bank borrowings as at 31 March 2020 (2019: HK\$50 million) and its unutilised banking facilities as at the end of the year were approximately HK\$1,083 million (2019: HK\$1,033 million), which were mainly secured by charges over the Group's clients' pledged securities, a property owned by a subsidiary of the Group and corporate guarantees issued by GNFG and the Company. The liability component of convertible bonds issued by GNFG amounted to HK\$233.5 million at 31 March 2019 was fully redeemed upon maturity during the year. The Group's gearing ratio (total borrowing over equity attributable to owners of the Company) as at 31 March 2020 was 0.01 (2019: 0.06).

The number of issued shares of Company amounted to 9,662,705,938 shares as at 31 March 2020 (2019: 9,662,705,938 shares).

An investment property located in United Kingdom and its related rental income which were denominated in British Pound, the business activities of the Group were not exposed to material fluctuations in exchange rates as the majority of the transactions were denominated in Hong Kong dollar. The Directors considered that a reasonably possible annual change of 5% in the exchange rate between Hong Kong dollars and British Pound would not have material impact on the Group's results and therefore hedging through the use of derivative instruments was considered unnecessary.

The Group had no material contingent liabilities at the end of the year.

於二零二零年三月三十一日,本集團之淨 流動資產為5,244,300,000港元(二零一九 年:4,986,500,000港元),而本集團之流動 性(以流動比率,即流動資產/流動負債作 説明)為9倍(二零一九年:3.97倍)。流動 資產淨值及流動比率上升,主要由於結好 金融發行之可換股債券之負債部份已隨著 262,500,000港元之可換股債券本金額已於 到期時贖回而減少所致。此外,本集團之 銀行結餘及手頭現金增加至905,200,000港 元(二零一九年:505,900,000港元)。銀行 結餘及手頭現金增加主要是由於贖回非上 市可贖回票據本金額300,000,000港元、總 貸款及墊款減少約415,300,000港元及總應 收賬項減少約31,600,000港元所致。

本集團於二零二零年三月三十一日並無銀 行借貸(二零一九年:50,000,000港元), 而其於本年度之年結日之未動用銀行信貸 額約為1,083,000,000港元(二零一九年: 1,033,000,000港元)。有關銀行信貸額主 要以本集團客戶之抵押證券、一間本集團 附屬公司所擁有之一項物業以及結好金融 及本公司提供之公司擔保作抵押。於二零 一九年三月三十一日結好金融發行之可 換股債券的負債部分233,500,000港元已於 年內到期時悉數贖回。於二零二零年三月 三十一日,本集團的資產負債比率(借貸總 額除本公司擁有人應佔權益)為0.01(二零 一九年:0.06)。

本公司於二零二零年三月三十一日之已發 行股份數目為9,662,705,938股(二零一九 年:9,662,705,938股)。

一項位於英國之投資物業及其相關租金收 入是以英鎊計值,由於本集團大部份交易 是以港元計值,故本集團之業務活動並無 面對重大匯率波動風險。董事認為,港元 兑英鎊之匯率出現合理可能年度變動5%不 會對本集團之業績有重大影響,故認為毋 須透過使用衍生工具來進行對沖。

本集團於本年度之年結日並無重大或然負債。

Charges on Group Assets

As at 31 March 2020, leasehold land and building of the Group with a carrying amount of HK\$102.8 million (2019: HK\$105.5 million) were pledged for a banking facility granted to the Group.

Material Acquisitions and Disposals of Subsidiaries, Associates and Jointly Controlled Entities

There were no material acquisitions or disposals of subsidiaries, associates or jointly controlled entity completed during the year ended 31 March 2020.

Employee Information

As at 31 March 2020, the Group had 78 (2019: 78) full time employees. The Group's employees were remunerated according to their performance, working experience and market conditions. The total amount of remuneration cost of employees of the Group for the year was HK\$24.5 million (2019: HK\$23.4 million). The Group provides employee benefits including mandatory provident fund, discretionary share options and performance bonus to its staff.

FINAL DIVIDEND

The Directors recommended a final dividend of HK0.4 cent per share, together with the interim dividend paid during the year, amounting to total dividends of HK1.15 cents per share for this financial year.

The final dividend will be payable on or about 10 September 2020 to shareholders of the Company whose names appear on the register of members of the Company on 1 September 2020.

集團資產抵押

於二零二零年三月三十一日,本集團賬 面值為102,800,000港元(二零一九年: 105,500,000港元)之租賃土地及樓宇,已作 為本集團獲授銀行信貸額之抵押。

有關附屬公司、聯營公司及共同控制實體 之重大收購及出售

截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度內並 無完成有關附屬公司、聯營公司或共同控 制實體之重大收購或出售。

僱員資料

於二零二零年三月三十一日,本集團共 有78位(二零一九年:78位)僱員。本集團 乃按照僱員表現、工作經驗及市況釐定 僱員薪酬。於本年度,本集團之僱員總薪 酬成本為24,500,000港元(二零一九年: 23,400,000港元)。本集團提供的僱員福利 包括強制性公積金計劃、酌情授出之購股 權,以及向員工發放績效花紅。

末期股息

董事會建議派發末期股息每股0.4港仙。連 同年內已派付之中期股息,本財政年度之 股息合共為每股1.15港仙。

末期股息將於二零二零年九月十日或前後 向於二零二零年九月一日名列本公司股東 登記冊內之本公司股東派發。

CLOSURE OF REGISTER OF MEMBERS

The register of members of the Company will be closed on the following time periods during which no transfer of shares of the Company will be registered:

For attendance to 2020 Annual General Meeting	: 19 August 2020 – 24 August 2020, both dates inclusive	就出席二零二零: 年股東週年大 會而言	
For entitlement to final dividend	: 31 August 2020 – 1 September 2020, both dates inclusive (Record date being 1 September 2020)	就獲派末期股息: 之資格而言	二零二零年八 日至二零二零 一日止期間(兩天)(記錄) 零二零年九)

In order to qualify for attendance to the Company's 2020 Annual General Meeting which is scheduled to be held on 24 August 2020, Monday and / or entitlement to the final dividend, all transfer forms accompanied by the relevant share certificates must be lodged with the Company's registrar, Tricor Secretaries Limited of Level 54, Hopewell Centre, 183 Queen's Road East, Hong Kong, for registration not later than 4:30 p.m. on the following dates:

Events		Last date of lodgement of transfer documents	事項	遞交過戶文 之最後日期
For attendance to 2020 Annual General Meeting	:	18 August 2020, Tuesday	就出席二零二零年 : 股東週年大會而言	
For entitlement to final dividend	:	28 August 2020, Friday	就獲派末期股息之 : 資格而言	二零二零 ⁴ 二十八日

APPRECIATION

On behalf of the Board, I wish to express my gratitude to our customers and shareholders for their continued support. I would also like to thank your all our directors, the management team and staff members for their hard work and dedicated service.

By Order of the Board GET NICE HOLDINGS LIMITED Hung Hon Man Chairman

Hong Kong, 29 June 2020

暫停辦理股份過戶登記手續

本公司將於以下期間暫停辦理本公司股份 過戶登記手續,期間不會進行本公司股份 過戶登記:

<i>就出席二零二零</i> :	二零二零年八月十九
年股東週年大	日至二零二零年八月
會而言	二十四日止期間(包
	括首尾兩天)

、月三十一 零年九月 (包括首尾 日期為二 月一日)

為符合資格出席本公司謹訂於二零二零年 八月二十四日(星期一)舉行之二零二零年 股東週年大會及/或收取末期股息,所有 股份過戶文件連同有關股票最遲須於以下 日期下午四時三十分前送交本公司之股份 過戶登記處卓佳秘書商務有限公司,地址 為香港皇后大道東183號合和中心54樓,以 便辦理登記手續。

文件 期

年八月 (星期二)

年八月 日(星期五)

致謝

本人謹代表董事會感謝客戶及股東一直以 來的支持。本人亦感謝全體董事、管理團 隊及員工的辛勤工作及為集團所作的奉獻。

承董事會命 結好控股有限公司 主席 洪漢文

香港,二零二零年六月二十九日

董事履歷 BIOGRAPHICAL DETAILS OF DIRECTORS

EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

Mr. HUNG Hon Man, aged 66, is the chairman and the chief executive officer of the Company and founder of the Group. He is responsible for the formulation of corporate strategy and the future direction of the Group. Mr. Hung is also responsible for overseeing the money lending and credit operation, property development and investment of the Group. Mr. Hung possesses over 25 years of experience in the securities and real estate industries in Hong Kong and Taiwan. He is also the chairman of GNFG, a non-wholly owned subsidiary of the Company which was spun off for separate listing on the main board of the Stock Exchange on 8 April 2016.

Mr. CHAM Wai Ho, Anthony, aged 74, is the deputy chairman of the Company. He is responsible for the formulation of corporate strategy and future direction of the Group. Mr. Cham is also responsible for overseeing the money lending business, property development and investment the Group. Mr. Cham possesses over 51 years of experience in the banking, financial, securities and real estate industries. Before joining the Group in September 1991, he held senior executive positions in various international banks.

執行董事

洪漢文先生,66歲,本公司主席及行政總 裁兼本集團創辦人,負責制訂本集團企業 策略及未來方向,亦負責監管本集團放債 及信貸業務、物業發展及投資。洪先生在 香港及台灣證券及房地產業擁有超過25 年經驗。彼亦為結好金融之主席。結好金 融為本公司之非全資附屬公司,其於二零 一六年四月八日從本集團分拆而在聯交所 主板獨立上市。

湛威豪先生,74歲,本公司副主席,負責 制訂本集團企業策略及未來方向。湛先生 亦負責監管本集團之放債業務、物業發展 及投資。湛先生於銀行、金融、證券及房 地產業擁有超過51年經驗。在一九九一年 九月加入本集團之前,湛先生為多間國際 銀行之高級行政人員。

BIOGRAPHICAL DETAILS OF DIRECTORS

EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS – continued

Mr. KAM Leung Ming, aged 45, was appointed as an executive Director on 28 April 2017. He holds a bachelor's degree in accountancy and a master's degree in corporate governance from the Hong Kong Polytechnic University. He is currently a fellow member of the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants, a member of The Institute of Chartered Accountants in England and Wales, an associate member of The Hong Kong Institute of Chartered Secretaries and The Institute of Chartered Secretaries and Administrators in the United Kingdom. He has over 23 years of experience in auditing, professional accounting and worked for several Hong Kong listed companies of various industries and served senior roles in financial management and secretarial functions. He is currently an independent non-executive director of Ever Harvest Group Holdings Limited (Stock Code: 1549) and Genes Tech Group Holdings Company Limited (Stock Code: 8257). All of the above companies are listed on the Stock Exchange. Mr. Kam was appointed as the committee member of Chinese People's Political Consultative Conference Shanghai Committee (Baoshan District) in December 2016.

INDEPENDENT NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

Mr. MAN Kong Yui, aged 60, was appointed as an independent non-executive director of the Company on 3 October 2005. He holds a Bachelor Degree in Business Administration from The Chinese University of Hong Kong. Mr. Man has been involved in the investment and financial industries for over 41 years and has extensive experience in bullion, foreign exchange, securities, futures and asset management business. He has held various senior positions with prominent banks, international financial institutions and listed companies in Hong Kong. He was the chief executive officer of Global Mastermind Securities Limited from 25 August 2017 to 1 April 2020. Mr. Man is currently an independent non-executive director of TradeGo FinTech Limited (stock code: 8017), a company whose shares are listed on the GEM of the Stock Exchange.

執行董事-續

甘亮明先生,45歲,於二零一七年四月 二十八日獲委任為執行董事。彼持有香港 理工大學之會計學士學位及公司管治碩士 學位。彼現為香港會計師公會資深會員、 英格蘭及威爾斯特許會計師公會會員、香 港特許秘書公會會員及英國特許秘書及會會員及英國特許秘書公會會員。 政人員公會會員。彼擁有逾23年核數及專 業會計經驗,曾任職於數間從事不同行 戰 能之高級職位。彼現為永豐集團控股有限 公司(股份代號:1549)及靖洋集團控股有 限公司(股份代號:8257)之獨立非執行董 事。以上公司均於聯交所上市。甘先生於 二零一六年十二月獲委任為中國人民政治 協商會議上海市寶山區委員會委員。

董事履歷

獨立非執行董事

文剛鋭先生,60歲,於二零零五年十月三 日獲委任為本公司獨立非執行董事。彼持 有香港中文大學工商管理學士學位。文先 生從事投資及金融業逾41年,於黃金、外 匯、證券、期貨及資產管理業務擁有廣泛 經驗。彼曾於多家著名銀行、國際金融機 構及香港上市公司擔任不同的高級職位。 彼於二零一七年八月二十五日至二零二零 年四月一日期間曾任環球大通證券有限公 司之行政總裁。文先生目前亦為捷利交易 寶金融科技有限公司(股份代號:8017,其 股份於聯交所GEM上市)之獨立非執行董 事。

董事履歷 BIOGRAPHICAL DETAILS OF DIRECTORS

INDEPENDENT NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS – continued

Mr. SUN Ka Ziang, Henry, aged 62, was appointed as an independent non-executive director on 28 January 2014. Mr. Sun holds a Bachelor degree in Economics from Monash University in Australia. He is a member of CPA Australia and an associate member of the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants. Mr. Sun possesses over 24 years of experience in international finance, corporate finance, corporate planning, financial management and accounting and held executive positions at several international banks, accounting firms, the Hong Kong Airport Authority and an information technology company. Mr. Sun was an independent non-executive director of Zhongda International Holdings Limited (former stock code: 909) from 9 November 2006 to 4 April 2019, a company whose shares were listed on the main board of the Stock Exchange in Hong Kong but was delisted on 8 March 2019. He is currently a director of Saigon Commercial Bank of Vietnam.

Mr. SIU Hi Lam, Alick, aged 65, was appointed as an independent non-executive director of the Company on 1 September 2014. Mr. Siu has worked in the finance and banking field for over 25 years. He is the managing director of Fortune Take International Limited, a company engaging in providing financial consultancy services. Mr. Siu was the senior vice president of AIG Finance (Hong Kong) Limited and the vice president of Bank of America and responsible for business development and credit risk management. He obtained a Master degree in Business Administration from the University of Hull in the United Kingdom. Mr. Siu was an independent non-executive director of New Provenance Everlasting Holdings Limited (Stock code: 2326) for the period from 5 June 2009 to 31 January 2020 and is currently an independent non-executive director of Sun Entertainment Group Limited (stock code: 8082, formerly known as "Sage International Group Limited"). All of the above companies are listed on the Stock Exchange in Hong Kong.

獨立非執行董事-續

孫克強先生,62歲,孫先生於二零一四年 一月二十八日獲委任為獨立非執行董事。 彼持有澳洲莫那什大學經濟學學士學位。 彼為澳洲會計師公會及香港會計師公會會 員。孫先生於國際金融、企業融資、企業 規劃、財務管理及會計方面擁有逾24年經 驗,並曾出任多問國際銀行、會計師行、 香港機場管理局及一間資訊科技公司之行 政職務。孫先生於二零零六年十一月九日 至二零一九年四月四日曾為中大國際控股 有限公司(前股份代號:909)之獨立非執行 董事,該公司之股份曾於香港聯交所主板 上市,但已於二零一九年三月八日取消上 市地位。彼現為Saigon Commercial Bank of Vietnam之董事。

蕭喜臨先生,65歲,於二零一四年九月一 日獲委任為本公司之獨立非執行董事。蕭 先生於金融及銀行業工作逾25年。彼為行 福國際有限公司之董事總經理,該公司從 事提供金融顧問服務。蕭先生曾任美國國 際信貸(香港)有限公司高級副總裁,並曾 任美國銀行副總裁,負責業務發展及信貸 風險管理。蕭先生於二零零九年六 月五日至二零二零年一月三十一日曾為新 源萬恒控股有限公司(股份代號:2326)之 獨立非執行董事,現為太陽娛樂集團有限 公司(股份代號:8082,前稱「仁智國際集 國有限公司」)之獨立非執行董事。上述所 有公司均為香港聯交所上市公司。

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

The Board is pleased to present this Corporate Governance Report in the Group's annual report for the year ended 31 March 2020.

This Company is committed to the establishment of good corporate governance practices and procedures. This is with the view of being a transparent and responsible organization which is open and accountable to the Company's shareholders. The Directors believe that good corporate governance practices are increasingly important for maintaining and promoting the confidence of our investors.

An explanation of how the principles of the Corporate Governance Code were put into practice during the year under review is set out below.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE CODE COMPLIANCE

Throughout the year ended 31 March 2020, the Company has complied with the code provisions set out in Appendix 14 to the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities (the "Listing Rules") on the Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange), titled "Corporate Governance Code and Corporate Governance Report" (the "Code"), save for the deviation from Code Provision A.4.1 which is explained as follow:

Code A.4.1

Code A.4.1 stipulates that non-executive directors should be appointed for a specific term, subject to re-election. The Company has deviated from the Code provision A.4.1. The independent non-executive Directors were not appointed for a specific term. Instead they are subject to retirement by rotation and re-election at least once every three years. This is in accordance with the provision of the Company's articles of association ("Articles"). As such, the Company considers that sufficient measures have been taken to serve the purpose of this Code provision.

The Directors believe that, despite the absence of specified term of independent non-executive Directors, the Directors remain committed to representing the long-term interests of the Company and the Shareholders as a whole. 董事會欣然在本集團截至二零二零年三月 三十一日止年度之年報提呈本企業管治報 告。

企業管治報告

本公司致力制訂良好企業管治常規及程 序,以成為一間具透明度並恪守本身責任 的企業,對本公司股東開誠布公和問責。 董事相信,良好企業管治常規對維持和增 強投資者信心日見重要。

有關於回顧年度如何落實企業管治守則之 原則的闡述乃載於下文。

遵守企業管治守則

於截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度, 本公司已遵守香港聯合交易所有限公司 (「聯交所」)證券上市規則(「上市規則」)附 錄十四「企業管治守則及企業管治報告」 (「守則」)所載之守則條文,惟下文所説明 守則A.4.1之偏離情況除外:

守則A.4.1

守則A.4.1規定,非執行董事的委任應有指 定任期,並須接受重新選舉。本公司偏離 守則條文A.4.1之規定。獨立非執行董事的 委任並無指定任期,而須至少每三年輪流 退任及膺選連任一次。此乃依據本公司之 組織章程細則(「細則」)之條文作出的安 排。因此,本公司認為已經採取足夠措施 以達到此項守則條文之目的。

董事相信,儘管獨立非執行董事並無指定 任期,惟董事仍然致力代表本公司及股東 整體之長遠利益。

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE CODE COMPLIANCE – continued

Code A.2.1

Code A.2.1 stipulates that the roles of chairman and chief executive should be separate and should not be performed by the same individual. The division of responsibilities between the chairman and chief executive should be clearly established and set out in writing.

The roles of the chairman of the Board and the chief executive officer ("CEO") are performed by the same individual, which is a non-compliance to the Code provision A.2.1. However, the Board considers that this structure will not impair the balance of power and authority between the Board and the management of the Company. The balance of power and authority is ensured by the operations of the Board, which comprises experienced and high caliber individuals and meets regularly to discuss issues relating to the operations of the Company. The Board has full confidence in Mr. Hung Hon Man and believes that having Mr. Hung performing the roles of the chairman of the Board and the CEO is beneficial to the Company as a whole.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

The Board's primary responsibilities are to formulate the Company's long-term corporate strategy, to oversee the management of the Group, to evaluate the performance of the Group and to assess the achievement of targets periodically set by the Board. The day-to-day management, administration and operation of the Company are delegated to the CEO and the senior management. In addition, the Board has also established three Board Committees and has delegated various responsibilities to them as set out in their terms of reference. The Board has the full support of the senior management to discharge its responsibilities. Details of the delegation by the Board will be discussed in the paragraphs below.

遵守企業管治守則-續

守則A.2.1

守則A.2.1訂明主席及行政總裁的角色應予 區分,不應由同一人兼任。主席及行政總 裁的職責應清晰確立並以書面列明。

董事會主席及行政總裁(「行政總裁」)的 角色由同一人兼任,這並未有遵守守則條 文第A.2.1條。然而,董事會認為,該結構 將無損董事會及本公司管理層權力及授權 的平衡。董事會由經驗豐富及優秀人才組 成,確保董事會權力及授權的平衡,彼等 會定期召開會議以討論有關本公司運作的 事宜。董事會對洪漢文先生充滿信心,並 相信洪漢文先生履行董事會主席及行政總 裁角色對本公司整體有利。

董事會

董事會之主要職責為制訂本公司之長遠企 業策略、監督本集團之管理、評估本集團 之表現及評核能否達到董事會定期設定之 目標管理、行政及營運乃 交予行政總裁及高級管理層負責。此外, 董事會亦已成立董事會轄下之三個委員, 並按有關委員會之職權範圍之條文, 將不同職責交予有關委員會負責。董事會 在高級管理層全力支持下履行其職責。董 事會作出之授權詳情將於下文論述。

BOARD COMPOSITION

The Board currently comprises six Directors, more than one-third of these Directors are non-executive and independent of the management. The Board is collectively responsible for promoting the success of the Company by directing and supervising the Group's affair. The Board has a balance of skill and experience appropriate and diversity of perspective for the requirements of the Group's businesses.

As at the date of this annual report, three of them are executives, namely, Mr. Hung Hon Man, Chairman and CEO, Mr. Cham Wai Ho, Anthony, Deputy Chairman and Mr. Kam Leung Ming and three of the Directors are independent non-executive Directors, namely Mr. Siu Hi Lam, Alick (Member of Audit Committee, Remuneration Committee and Nomination Committee), Mr. Man Kong Yui (Member of Audit Committee, Remuneration Committee and Nomination Committee) and Mr. Sun Ka Ziang, Henry (Chairman of Audit Committee, Remuneration Committee and Nomination Committee).

Each of the Directors' respective biographical details is set out in the "Biographical details of Directors" of this annual report. As at the date of this report, the Board members have no financial, business, family or other relationships with each other.

BOARD DIVERSITY POLICY

During the year ended 31 March 2020, the Board has at all times adopted the board diversity policy. It sets out the approach to achieve and maintain diversity on the Board in order to enhance its effectiveness. The Company endeavors to ensure that the Board has the appropriate balance of skills, experience, expertise and diversity of perspectives. The appointments of board members will continue to be made on merit basis, and candidates will be considered against objective criteria, having due regard for the benefits of diversity of the Board. Pursuant to the board diversity policy, the Company seeks to achieve board diversity through the consideration of a number of factors, including but not limited to gender, age, culture and educational background, professional experience, skills, knowledge and length of service. The Board will set up and review the measurable objectives from time to time to ensure their appropriateness and ascertain the progress made towards achieving those objectives.

董事會之組成

董事會目前由六名董事組成,超過三分一 之董事為非執行董事並且為管理層之獨立 人士。通過指示並監督本集團之事務,董 事會共同負責推動本公司之成功發展。董 事會擁有本集團業務所需之各種合適技巧 及經驗和多元化的觀點。

於本年報日期,三名董事為執行董事, 分別為主席及行政總裁洪漢文先生、 副主席湛威豪先生,以及甘亮明先生,另 外三名董事為獨立非執行董事,分別為 蕭喜臨先生(審核委員會、薪酬委員會及 提名委員會成員)、文剛鋭先生(審核委 員會、薪酬委員會及提名委員會成員)及 孫克強先生(審核委員會、薪酬委員會及提 名委員會主席)。

各董事之履歷載於本年報「董事履歷」。於 本報告日期,董事會成員之間並無財務、 業務、家族或其他關係。

董事會成員多元化政策

截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度,本 公司一直採納董事會成員多元化政策,前 對達致及維持董事會成員多元化從而改善 其成效之方向。本公司致力確保董事會成 員之技能、經驗、專業加識繼續按個 點為適當均衡。董事會成員將繼續對透露一 點為適當均衡。董事會成員將繼續對 了。本公司考慮是否 一 的 一 代出考慮,並充分考慮是否 有 員多元化。根據董事會成員多元化 或員多元化。包括但不限於性別、年齡、 文化及教育背景、種族、專業經驗、 拉 。 及檢討可計量之目標以確保該等目標合適 且已按既定程序達至有關目標。

BOARD DIVERSITY POLICY – continued

The Board has revised and adopted the board diversity policy on 26 April 2019 and will review from time to time the implementation of the policy, as appropriate, to ensure its continued effectiveness.

DIRECTORS' AND OFFICERS' LIABILITY INSURANCE

The Company has arranged for appropriate liability insurance to indemnify its Directors and officers against liabilities arising out of corporate activities. The insurance coverage is reviewed on an annual basis ensuring that the Directors and officers are adequately protected against potential legal liabilities.

DIRECTORS' TRAINING AND PROFESSIONAL DEVELOPMENT

Directors keep abreast of responsibilities as directors of the Company and the conduct, business activities and development of the Company.

Every newly appointed Director will receive formal, comprehensive and tailored induction on the first occasion of his/her appointment. This is to ensure the new employee possesses an appropriate understanding of the business and operations of the Company and has full awareness of Director's responsibilities and obligations under the Listing Rules and relevant statutory requirements.

Directors are expected to participate in appropriate continuous professional development to develop and refresh their knowledge and skills to ensure that their contribution to the Board remains informed and relevant.

During the year ended 31 March 2020, relevant reading materials including regulatory updates and seminar handouts, etc. were provided to the Directors for their reference and studying.

董事會成員多元化政策-續

董事會已於二零一九年四月二十六日修訂 及採納董事會成員多元化政策並將不時審 閱該政策之實踐(如適用)以確保其持續成 效。

董事及高級人員責任保險

本公司已投購適當的責任保險,以就因企 業活動而產生之責任為其董事及高級人員 提供彌償。保險範圍乃每年檢討,確保董 事及高級人員就潛在法律責任方面得到充 份保障。

董事培訓及專業發展

董事須了解作為本公司董事之責任,並熟 悉本公司之經營方式,業務活動及發展。

每位新任董事將於首次獲委任時接受正 式、全面及切合個人情況之入職介紹,確 保新入職僱員適當了解本公司之業務及營 運,並完全認識於上市規則及相關法例規 定下之董事責任及義務。

董事應參與合適之持續專業發展,從而發 展及更新其知識及技能,以確保彼等在知 情及切合所需情況向董事會作出貢獻。

於截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度, 董事已獲提供相關閱讀材料(包括監管更新 材料及研討會上派發的資料等)以供彼等參 考及研習。

DIRECTORS' TRAINING AND PROFESSIONAL DEVELOPMENT – continued

A summary of their records of training during the financial year is as follows:

董事培訓及專業發展-續

董事於財政年度內的培訓記錄概要如下:

Training on corporate governance, regulatory development and other relevant topics 有關企業管治、 監管發展及 其他相關主題之培訓

Executive Directors	執行董事	
Mr. Hung Hon Man	洪漢文先生	1
Mr. Cham Wai Ho, Anthony	湛威豪先生	✓
Mr. Kam Leung Ming	甘亮明先生	✓
Independent Non-Executive Directors	獨立非執行董事	
Mr. Sun Ka Ziang, Henry	孫克強先生	✓
Mr. Man Kong Yui	文剛鋭先生	✓

蕭喜臨先生

BOARD PRACTICES

Mr. Siu Hi Lam, Alick

The Board meets at least four times each year at approximately quarterly intervals to discuss the Group's business development, operation and financial performance. Notice of at least 14 days is given to all Directors for all regular Board meetings to give all Directors an opportunity to attend. All regular Board meetings adhere to a formal agenda in which a schedule of matters is addressed to the Board and all Directors have the opportunity to include matters in the agenda for Board meetings. All Directors have access to Board papers and related materials, and are provided with adequate information which enables the Board to make an informed decision on the matters to be discussed and considered at the Board meetings. Minutes of Board meetings are kept by the Company Secretary and are open for inspection at any reasonable time on reasonable notice by any Director.

To facilitate the decision-making process, the Directors are free to have access to the management for enquiries and to obtain further information, when required and the Directors can obtain independent professional advice at the Company's expense.

董事會常規

董事會每年最少舉行四次會議,約每季舉 行一次,討論本集團的業務發展、營運及 財務表現。全體董事均會就董事會所有常 規會議獲發最少十四天通知以便全體董式 開列出待議事項供董事會會議也 全體董事項。所有董事會會議我中會 文件及有關材料,並會獲提供充分資料, 使董事會可就提呈董事會會議記錄 司秘書備存,任何董事會會議記錄 而於任何合理時段查閱董事會會議記錄。

為加快決策程序,董事可於需要時隨時聯 絡管理層以查詢並索取進一步資料,董事 可諮詢獨立專業人士之意見,費用由本公 司支付。

BOARD PRACTICES – continued

All Directors were provided with monthly updates by the Group's management, giving a balanced and understandable assessment of the Group's performance, position, recent developments and prospects in sufficient detail to keep them abreast of the Group's affairs and facilitate them to discharge their duties under the relevant requirements of the Listing Rules.

BOARD AND BOARD COMMITTEE MEETINGS

During the year ended 31 March 2020, 12 Board meetings and 2 general meetings were held. Directors may participate either in person or through electronic means of communications. Details of the attendance of the Directors in the meetings are as follows:

董事會常規-續

全體董事已獲由本集團管理層提供之每月 更新資料,當中載有對本集團之表現、狀 況、近期發展及前景之公正而易於理解之 評估,內容足以讓彼等緊貼本集團事務, 並有助彼等履行上市規則相關規定之職責。

董事會及董事會轄下委員會之會 議

於截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度, 董事會舉行十二次董事會會議及兩次股東 大會。董事可親身或透過電子通訊方式出 席會議。董事之會議出席率詳情如下:

		Board 董事會	Audit Committee 審核委員會	Nomination Committee 提名委員會	Remuneration Committee 薪酬委員會	AGM 股東週年大會	EGM 股東特別大會
Executive Directors	執行董事						
Mr. Hung Hon Man	洪漢文先生	11/12	N/A不適用	N/A不適用	N/A不適用	1/1	1/1
Mr. Cham Wai Ho Anthony	湛威豪先生	12/12	N/A不適用	N/A不適用	N/A不適用	1/1	1/1
Mr. Kam Leung Ming	甘亮明先生	12/12	N/A不適用	N/A不適用	N/A不適用	1/1	1/1
Independent Non-Executive Directors	獨立非執行董事						
Mr. Siu Hi Lam, Alick	蕭喜臨先生	12/12	2/2	2/2	3/3	1/1	1/1
Mr. Man Kong Yui	文剛鋭先生	12/12	2/2	2/2	3/3	1/1	1/1
Mr. Sun Ka Ziang, Henry	孫克強先生	12/12	2/2	2/2	3/3	0/1	1/1

The Company Secretary of the Company is responsible for keeping minutes of all Board meetings and committee meetings. Draft minutes are normally circulated to Directors for comment within a reasonable time after each meeting and the final version is open for Directors' inspection.

According to current Board practice, any material transaction, which involves a conflict of interests for a substantial shareholder or a Director, will be considered and dealt with by the Board at a duly convened Board meeting. The Articles also contain provisions requiring Directors to abstain from voting and not to be counted in the quorum at meetings for approving transactions in which such Directors or any of their associates have a material interest. 本公司之公司秘書負責保存所有董事會會 議及委員會會議之會議記錄。草擬會議記 錄一般會於每次會議後在合理時間內傳給 董事閱覽以便彼等提出意見,而最終版本 將公開供董事查閱。

根據現行董事會慣例,任何涉及主要股東 或董事的利益衝突之重大交易將由董事會 於正式召開之董事會會議上予以考慮及處 理。細則亦載有條文規定,就批准董事或 彼等之任何聯繫人士於當中擁有重大權益 之交易而言,有關董事須放棄投票,亦不 計入會議法定人數。

APPOINTMENTS AND RE-ELECTION OF DIRECTORS

Executive Directors including Mr. Hung Hon Man, Mr. Cham Wai Ho, Anthony have entered into service contracts with the Company for an initial fixed term of three years commencing from 1 April 2002 and will continue thereafter unless and until terminated by either party giving not less than three months' prior notice in writing to the other.

Other Directors did not enter into any service contract with the Company and there are no fixed or proposed length of service with the Company. All Directors are subject to retirement by the rotation at least once every three years.

According to the Articles, at each annual general meeting of the Company, one-third of the Directors for the time being (or, if their number is not three or a multiple of three, then the number nearest one-third) should retire from office by rotation. Further, any Director appointed to fill a casual vacancy or as an addition to the Board should hold office only until the next following annual general meeting of the Company and should then be eligible for re-election at the meeting.

At the forthcoming annual general meeting of the Company, Mr. Kam Leung Ming and Mr. Siu Hi Lam, Alick, will retire by rotation and, being eligible, will offer themselves for re-election.

委任及重選董事

執行董事(包括洪漢文先生及湛威豪先生) 與本公司訂立由二零零二年四月一日起生 效而初步固定年期為三年之服務合約,該 等合約將一直有效,直至一方向對方發出 不少於三個月之事先書面通知終止為止。

其他董事並未與本公司訂立任何服務合約,彼等於本公司並無固定或建議之服務 年期。所有董事須至少每三年輪值告退一次。

根據細則,在本公司每年的股東週年大會 上,當其時的董事中的三分之一,或如董 事的人數並非三或三的倍數,則最接近三 分之一人數的董事須輪值告退。此外,獲 委任以填補臨時空缺或增加董事會名額 的董事,只任職至本公司下屆股東週年大 會,並於其時合資格在大會上膺選連任。

於本公司應屆股東週年大會上,甘亮明先 生及蕭喜臨先生將輪值告退,彼等符合資 格並願意膺選連任。

MODEL CODE FOR SECURITIES TRANSACTIONS

The Company has adopted the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Issuers (the "Model Code") set out in Appendix 10 to the Listing Rules as its own code of conduct regarding securities transactions by the Directors. All the Directors have confirmed, following a specific enquiry by the Company that they have complied with the required standard set out in the Model Code throughout the year ended 31 March 2020.

The Company has adopted written guidelines, "Code for securities transactions by relevant employees", on no less exacting terms than the Model Code for securities transactions by relevant employees who are likely to be in possession of inside information of the Company.

No incident of non-compliance of the written guidelines by the employees was noted by the Company.

CHAIRMAN AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER

The roles of the Company's Chairman and CEO are complementary, but importantly, they are distinct and separate with a clear division of responsibilities.

Mr. Hung Hon Man, the chairman of the Company provides leadership to the Board; ensures effectiveness of the Board and helps foster better relationships between Directors.

During the year ended 31 March 2020, Mr. Hung Hon Man also took the post of the CEO of the Company who was responsible for developing strategies for the Board's approval, executing the strategies agreed by the Board and led the management of the Group's operation.

The roles of the Chairman of the Board and the CEO are performed by the same individual, which is a non-compliance to the Code provision A.2.1. Details were discussed under the heading "Corporate Governance Code Compliance" of this report.

證券交易之標準守則

本公司已採納上市規則附錄10所載之上市 發行人董事進行證券交易的標準守則(「標 準守則」)作為董事進行證券交易之行為守 則。本公司已對各董事作出具體查詢,而 各董事確認,彼等於截至二零二零年三月 三十一日止年度均遵守標準守則載列之規 定標準。

本公司已就有機會掌握本公司內幕消息之 相關僱員進行證券交易而採納書面指引「相 關僱員進行證券交易之守則」,此守則之條 款與標準守則的條款同樣嚴謹。

本公司並無發現僱員未有遵守書面指引之 事件。

主席及行政總裁

本公司主席及行政總裁的角色是相輔互 補,但重要的是,兩者的角色是不同而獨 立並具有明確的職責分工。

洪漢文先生(本公司主席)領導董事會,確 保董事會有效運作,並協助董事之間建立 更穩健的關係。

於截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度, 洪漢文先生亦接掌本公司行政總裁一職, 負責制訂策略供董事會審批、實行董事會 同意之策略,以及領導本集團營運的管理 工作。

董事會主席及行政總裁的角色由同一人 兼任,這並未有遵守該守則之守則條文第 A.2.1條。此安排之詳情已於本報告「遵守企 業管治守則」一節內論述。

INDEPENDENT NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

Independent non-executive Directors have played a significant role in the Board by bringing their independent judgment at the Board meetings and scrutinising the Group's performance. Their views carry significant weight in the Board's decisions, in particular, they bring an impartial view to bear on issues of the Group's strategy, performance and control. All independent non-executive Directors possess extensive academic, professional and industry expertise and management experience and have provided their professional advices to the Board. The independent non-executive Directors provide independent advice on the Group's business strategy, results and management so that all interests of Shareholders can be taken into account and the interests of the Company and its Shareholders can be protected.

During the year ended 31 March 2020, the Board at all times met the minimum requirements of the Listing Rules relating to the appointment of at least three independent non-executive Directors, and complied with the requirement that these should include one such Director with appropriate professional qualifications of accounting or related financial management expertise. Mr. Sun Ka Ziang, Henry has the appropriate professional qualifications and experience in financial matters required.

The Company has received written annual confirmation from each independent non-executive Director of independence pursuant to the requirements of the Listing Rules. The Board considers that the three independent non-executive Directors are independent in character and judgement and they also meet the independence criteria set out in Rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules.

獨立非執行董事

獨立非執行董事在董事會中擔當重要的角 色,在董事會會議上作出獨立的判斷及仔 細審視本集團表現。彼等的意見對董事會 的決策舉足輕重,尤其對本集團策略、表 現及監控事宜發表不偏不倚的意見。所有 獨立非執行董事均擁有豐富學歷、專業及 行業知識以及管理經驗,一直為董事會提 供專業意見。獨立非執行董事就本集團業 務策略、業績及管理發表獨立意見,從股 東整體利益著眼,使本公司及其股東利益 得到保障。

於截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度, 董事會一直符合上市規則對最少委任三名 獨立非執行董事之最低要求,並已遵守須 有一名獨立非執行董事具備適當專業資 格,或具備會計或有關財務管理專長之規 定。孫克強先生具備所需之財務事宜方面 的適當專業資格及經驗。

本公司已收到各獨立非執行董事根據上市 規則之規定就本身之獨立性發出的年度書 面確認。董事會認為三名獨立非執行董事 在品格及判斷方面均為獨立,彼等亦符合 上市規則第3.13條所載之獨立標準。

DIVIDEND POLICY

The Company has adopted a dividend policy that, in recommending or declaring dividends, the Company shall maintain adequate and sufficient cash reserves for future growth. The Board has the full discretion to declare and distribute dividends to the Shareholders, and any final dividend for a financial year will be subject to Shareholders' approval. In proposing any dividend payout, the Board shall also take into account, among other things, the Group's general financial position, capital and debt level, future cash requirements and availability of business operations, business strategies and future development needs, any restrictions on payment of dividends and any other factors the Board may consider relevant. Any payment of the dividend by the Company is also subject to any restrictions under the Articles and all applicable laws and regulations.

DELEGATION BY THE BOARD AND COMMITTEES OF THE BOARD

The overall management of the Group's operation is vested in the Board. The Board takes overall responsibility to oversee all major matters of the Group, including the formulation and approval of all policy matters, overall strategic development of the Group, monitoring and controlling the Group's operation and financial performance, internal control and risk management systems, and monitoring of the performance of the senior management. The Directors have to make decisions objectively in the interests of the Company and its shareholders as a whole.

The day-to-day management, administration and operation of the Group are delegated to the CEO and senior management of the Group. The delegated functions and work tasks are periodically reviewed. Pursuant to the levels of authority approved by the Board, the senior management executes day-to-day operations unless the subject matter exceeds the authority granted by the Board or relates to any matters specifically reserved to the Board, they would seek approval from the Board.

The Board has established (i) Nomination Committee (ii) Remuneration Committee and (iii) Audit Committee, with defined terms of reference. The terms of reference of the Board committees which explain their respective roles and the authority delegated to them by the Board are posted on the websites of the Stock Exchange and the Company. The Board committees are provided with sufficient resources to discharge their duties and, upon reasonable request, are able to seek independent professional advice and other assistance in appropriate circumstances, at the Company's expenses.

股息政策

本公司已經採納股息政策,於建議或宣派 股息時,本公司須維持足夠及充裕現金儲 備,以推動未來增長。董事會可全權酌情 向股東宣派及分派股息,而有關財政年度 之任何末期股息將須經股市,董事會求 復考慮(其中包括)本集團之一般財務狀 況、資本及債務水平、未來現金需求、 行在業務營運、業務策略及未來發展 要、派付股息之任何限制及董事會可能視 股息亦須遵守細則以及所有適用法律及法 規項下之任何限制。

董事會授權及董事會轄下 之委員會

本集團業務的整體管理由董事會負責。董 事會全權負責監督本集團一切重大事宜, 包括制訂及批准一切政策事宜、本集團整 體策略發展、監察及控制本集團營運及財 務表現、內部監控及風險管理制度,並監 察高級管理人員表現。董事須在符合本公 司及股東整體利益的前提下作出客觀決定。

本集團的日常管理、行政及營運由行政總 裁及本集團高級管理人員負責。所有委派 職務及工作均定期檢討。根據董事會批准 之授權水平,高級管理人員執行日常營運 工作,除非有關事項超出董事會之授權範 圍或關於指定須留待董事會決定之任何事 宜,則高級管理人員須尋求董事會批准。

董事會已成立(i)提名委員會;(ii)薪酬委員 會;及(iii)審核委員會,並已為有關委員會 訂立明確的職權範圍。董事會轄下委員會 之職權範圍説明了各委員會本身之角色以 遊圍自登載於聯交所及本公司之網站。董 事會轄下委員會獲提供足夠資源以履行職 責,而於提出合理要求後,亦可於適當情 況尋求獨立專業意見及其他協助,費用由 本公司支付。

DELEGATION BY THE BOARD AND COMMITTEES OF THE BOARD – continued

Nomination Committee

The primary duties of the Nomination Committee are (i) to review the structure, size and diversity of the Board on a regular basis; (ii) to recommend to the Board suitable candidates for directorship after consideration of the nominees' independence (if applicable) and quality in order to ensure the fairness and transparency of all nominations; and (iii) to assess the independence of independent non-executive Directors. In identifying suitable director candidates and making such recommendations to the Board, the Nomination Committee would also take into account various aspects of a candidate, including but not limited to, his/her education background, professional experience, experience with the relevant industry and past directorships. The Nomination Committee currently comprises three members, all of whom are independent non-executive Directors, namely Mr. Siu Hi Lam Alick, Mr. Man Kong Yui and Mr. Sun Ka Ziang, Henry (Chairman of Nomination Committee).

The Nomination Committee meets at least once a year. There were two meetings held during the year ended 31 March 2020.

The major work performed by the Nomination Committee for the year ended 31 March 2020 is set out below:

- (i) assessed the independence of independent non-executive Directors;
- (ii) recommended the re-election of retiring Directors at the Company's annual general meeting; and
- (iii) reviewed the structure, size and diversity of the Board.

Nomination Policy

On 26 April 2019, the Board has adopted the nomination policy ("Nomination Policy") which sets out the nomination criteria and procedures for the Company to appoint additional directors or re-elect directors. The Nomination Policy can assist the Company in achieving board diversity and enhancing the effectiveness of the Board and its corporate governance standard.

董事會授權及董事會轄下 之委員會 - 續 _{提名委員會}

提名委員會的主要職責為(i)定期檢討董事 會的架構、規模及多元化;(ii)於考慮獲提 名人是否獨立(如適用)及其資格後向董事 會推薦合適的董事人選,以確保所有提名 公平公開;及(iii)評估獨立非執行董事的獨 立性。物色合適的董事人選及向董事會提 供推薦建議時,提名委員會亦會從多方面 考慮候選人是否合適,包括但不限於其學 歷、專業經驗、從事相關行業的經驗及過 往擔任的董事職務。提名委員會現時由三 名獨立非執行董事組成,分別為蕭喜臨先 生、文剛鋭先生及孫克強先生(提名委員會 主席)。

提名委員會每年最少舉行一次會議。提名 委員會於截至二零二零年三月三十一日止 年度內曾舉行兩次會議。

提名委員會於截至二零二零年三月三十一 日止年度內進行之主要工作載列如下:

- (i) 評估獨立非執行董事的獨立性;
- (ii) 建議於本公司股東週年大會上重選 退任董事;及
- (iii) 檢討董事會的架構、規模及多元化。

提名政策

於二零一九年四月二十六日,董事會採納 提名政策(「提名政策」),當中載列本公司 委任額外董事或重選董事之提名準則及程 序。提名政策有助本公司達致董事會成員 多元化並提升董事會的效率及其企業管治 標準。

DELEGATION BY THE BOARD AND COMMITTEES OF THE BOARD – continued

Nomination Committee – continued

Nomination Policy – continued

When assessing the suitability of a candidate, factors such as the reputation integrity, accomplishment and experience, commitment in respect of sufficient time, interest and attention to the Group's business will be taken into consideration as a whole. In addition, a range of diverse perspectives, including but not limited to gender, age, cultural and educational background, professional experience, skill and knowledge would be considered. In the case of independent non-executive Directors, the candidates must further satisfy the independence criteria set out in the Listing Rules.

Remuneration Committee

The primary duties of the Remuneration Committee are to make recommendations to the Board on the overall remuneration policy and structure relating to all Directors and senior management of the Company; to make recommendations to the Board on the remuneration packages of individual executive Directors and senior management, including benefits in kind, pension rights, compensation payments and any compensation payable for loss or termination of their office or appointment and ensure none of the Directors determine their own remuneration.

The Remuneration Committee currently comprises three independent non-executive Directors, namely Mr. Siu Hi Lam Alick, Mr. Man Kong Yui and Mr. Sun Ka Ziang, Henry (Chairman of Remuneration Committee). The Remuneration Committee meets at least once a year. There were three meetings held during the year ended 31 March 2020.

The major work performed by the Remuneration Committee for the year ended 31 March 2020 is set out below:

- (i) reviewed the remuneration of Directors and senior management of the Group; and
- (ii) approved the basic salary increment of Directors and staff of the Group.

The attendance of each member of the Remuneration Committee, on named basis, at committee meetings during the year is set out in the section "Board and Board Committee Meetings" of this report above.

董事會授權及董事會轄下 之委員會-續 提名委員會-續 提名政策-續

當評估候選人是否合適時,所考慮之整體 因素包括聲譽、誠信、成就及經驗、投入 足夠時間之承諾,對本集團業務之興趣 及關注。此外,一系列多元化觀點將予考 慮,包括但不限於性別、年齡、文化及教 育背景、專業經驗、技能及知識。獨立非 執行董事之候選人必須進一步符合上市規 則所載之獨立準則。

薪酬委員會

薪酬委員會的主要職責為就本公司全體董 事及高級管理人員之整體薪酬政策及架構 向董事會提供建議;就個別執行董事及高 級管理人員的薪酬待遇(包括實物利益、退 休金權利及賠償付款,以及就職位或任命 之損失或終止所應付的任何賠償)向董事會 提供建議,以及確保概無董事釐定本身之 薪酬。

薪酬委員會現時由三名獨立非執行董事 組成,分別為蕭喜臨先生、文剛鋭先生及 孫克強先生(薪酬委員會主席)。薪酬委員 會每年最少舉行一次會議。薪酬委員會於 截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度內曾 舉行三次會議。

薪酬委員會於截至二零二零年三月三十一 日止年度內進行之主要工作載列如下:

- (i) 檢討董事及本集團高級管理層之薪 酬;及
- (ii) 批准董事及本集團員工之基本薪金 上調。

薪酬委員會各成員於年內委員會會議之出 席率的具名披露,載於本報告上文「董事會 及董事會委員會會議」一節。

DELEGATION BY THE BOARD AND COMMITTEES OF THE BOARD – continued

Remuneration Committee – continued

The primary aim of the remuneration policy is to enable the Company to motivate and retain executive Directors and senior management by comparing their performance against corporate goals and objectives when determining appropriate compensation for them. The principal elements of the remuneration package include basic salary, discretionary bonus, retirement scheme contributions and share options. No Director or any of his/her associates should be involved in any decision as to his/her own remuneration. In determining guidelines for each compensation element, the Company refers to the comparable remuneration standard in the market.

Audit Committee

The Audit Committee is responsible for making recommendations to the Board the appointment, re-appointment and removal of the external auditors and has authority to raise questions regarding the resignation or dismissal of the auditors; overseeing the Company's financial reporting process and internal control and risk management systems and to review the Group's interim and annual consolidated financial statements. The Audit Committee has access to and maintains an independent communication with the external auditor and management.

The Board has also delegated the corporate governance function to the Audit Committee. The major responsibilities are to review the Company's policies and practices on corporate governance and training and continuous professional development of Directors and senior management.

董事會授權及董事會轄下 之委員會 – 續 ^{薪酬委員會 – 續}

薪酬政策之主要目的乃於釐定執行董事及 高級管理層之酬金時,按彼等之表現與企 業之目標及目的比較,使本公司能鼓勵並 留住執行董事及高級管理層。薪酬待遇之 主要元素包括基本薪酬、酌情花紅、退休 計劃供款及購股權。董事或其任何聯繫人 士不得參與釐定本身之薪酬。於釐定每一 薪酬元素指引時,本公司乃參照市場上可 與比較之薪酬標準。

審核委員會

審核委員會須就聘任、續聘及罷免外聘核 數師向董事會提供推薦建議,及有權就核 數師辭任或被辭退提出疑問;監督本公司 之財務申報過程以及內部監控及風險管理 制度,以及檢討本集團之中期及年度綜合 財務報表。審核委員會可聯絡外聘核數師 及管理層以及與彼等保持獨立的溝通。

董事會亦已將企業管治職能轉授予審核委 員會。主要責任為檢討本公司之企業管治 政策及常規以及董事和高級管理人員之培 訓及持續專業發展。

DELEGATION BY THE BOARD AND COMMITTEES OF THE BOARD – continued

Audit Committee – continued

The Audit Committee currently comprises three members, all of whom are independent non-executive Directors. The members are Mr. Siu Hi Lam Alick, Mr. Man Kong Yui and Mr. Sun Ka Ziang, Henry, all of whom are not involved in the day-to-day management of the Company. Mr. Sun Ka Ziang, Henry, who has appropriate professional qualifications and experience in accounting matters, was appointed as the chairman of the Audit Committee. The principal work performed by the Audit Committee during the year is as follows:

- (i) reviewed interim and annual consolidated financial statements and announcements of the Company;
- (ii) reviewed the continuing connected transactions and connected transactions of the Group;
- (iii) reviewed and discussed with management regarding risk management and effectiveness of internal control;
- (iv) reviewed the re-appointment of external auditors;
- (v) reviewed and monitored of the continuous professional development of Directors; and
- (vi) reviewed the Company's compliance with the Code and relevant disclosures.

The Audit Committee meets at least twice a year. There were two meetings held during the year ended 31 March 2020. The attendance of each member of the Audit Committee, on named basis, at committee meetings during the year is set out in the section "Board and Board Committee Meetings" of this report above. There was no disagreement between the Board and the Audit Committee regarding the selection and appointment of the external auditor.

董事會授權及董事會轄下 之委員會-續 _{審核委員會-續}

審核委員會現時由三名獨立非執行董事 組成,分別為蕭喜臨先生、文剛鋭先生及 孫克強先生,彼等均沒有參與本公司之日 常管理。孫克強先生具備合適的專業資格 及會計事務經驗,彼獲委任為審核委員會 主席。審核委員會於回顧年度內進行之主 要工作包括:

- (i) 審閱本公司之中期及年度綜合財務報 表及公佈;
- (ii) 審視本集團的持續關連交易及關連交易;
- (iii)檢討並與管理層討論風險管理及內部監控的成效;
- (iv) 審視外聘核數師之續聘;
- (v) 檢討及監察董事的持續專業發展;及
- (vi) 檢討本公司遵守守則及相關披露的情況。

審核委員會每年最少舉行兩次會議,而於 截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度內曾 舉行兩次會議。審核委員會各成員於年內 委員會會議之出席率的具名披露,載於本 報告上文「董事會及董事會委員會會議」一 節。董事會與審核委員會在挑選和委任外 聘核數師方面並無意見分歧。

FINANCIAL REPORTING

The Board is responsible for presenting balanced, clear and comprehensive information to the shareholders on assessment of the Company's performance, position and prospects.

Directors' responsibility

The Directors acknowledge their responsibilities for preparing the financial statements of the Company are to give a true and fair view and comply with all applicable regulatory requirements and accounting standards. In preparing the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2020, the Directors have selected appropriate accounting policies and applied them consistently, and made judgments and estimates that are prudent and reasonable. The Directors are not aware of any material uncertainties relating to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt upon the Company's ability to continue as a going concern as at 31 March 2020. Accordingly, the Directors have prepared the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2020 on a going concern basis.

The Board is responsible for overseeing the preparation of annual financial statements which give a true and fair view of the Group's financial position, its financial performance and cash flows for the year. Management provides the Board with management accounts and updates on a monthly basis, with a view to giving a balanced and understandable assessment of the Group's performance, financial position, and prospects to enable the Board as a whole and each Director to discharge their duties. In preparing the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2020, the Board:

- (a) adopted HKFRSs, which conform to the International Reporting Standards in all material respects;
- (b) selected suitable accounting policies and applied them consistently;
- (c) made prudent and reasonable judgements and estimates; and
- (d) ensured that the financial statements were prepared on a going concern basis.

財務報告

董事會負責就本公司表現、狀況及前景之 評核而為股東提供平衡、清晰而全面的資 料。

董事之責任

董事確認彼等編製可作真實公平反映之本 公司財務報表以及遵守所有適用監管規 定及會計準則之責任。於編製截至二零二 零年三月三十一日止年度之綜合財務報 表時,董事已選擇並貫徹採用合適之會計 政策以及作出審慎合理之判斷及估計。董 事並不知悉於二零二零年三月三十一日可 對本公司持續經營能力構成重大疑慮的事 此,董事已按持續經營基準編製截至二零 二零年三月三十一日止年度綜合財務報表。

董事會負責監察年度財務報表之編製,而 有關財務報表須真實而公允地反映本集團 年內之財務狀況、財務表現及現金流量。 管理層每月向董事會提供管理賬目及最新 資料,以提供有關本集團表現、財務狀況 及前景的公正及易於理解的評估,內容足 以讓董事會全體成員及各董事履行職責。 於編製截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年 度的財務報表時,董事會:

- (a) 已採納香港財務報告準則,在所有重 大方面均符合國際財務報告準則;
- (b) 選擇並貫徹應用適當的會計政策;
- (c) 已作出審慎合理的判斷和估計;及
- (d) 確保以持續經營基準編製財務報表。

FINANCIAL REPORTING - continued

Directors' responsibility - continued

In financial year ended 31 March 2020, the annual and interim results were published within 3 months and 2 months respectively after the end of the relevant periods to provide stakeholders with transparent and timely financial information.

Independent auditor's responsibility

The responsibilities of Mazars CPA Limited, Certified Public Accountants, the Company's external auditor, on the consolidated financial statements are set out in the section headed "Independent Auditor's Report" of this annual report on pages 56 to 62.

Independent auditor's remuneration

財務報告−續 ^{董事之責任−}續

於截至二零二零年三月三十一日止財政年 度,全年及中期業績已分別於相關期間結 束後的3個月和2個月內公佈,以為利益相 關人士提供透明和適時的財務資料。

獨立核數師的責任

本公司的外聘核數師中審眾環(香港)會計 師事務所有限公司(執業會計師)對綜合財 務報表的責任載於本年報第56至第62頁的 「獨立核數師報告」一節。

獨立核數師酬金

		2020	2010
		2020	2019
		二零二零年	二零一九年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Audit services	審核服務	2,800	2,800
Taxation services	税務服務	44	23
Total	總計	2,844	2,823

RISK MANAGEMENT AND INTERNAL CONTROL

The Board acknowledges its responsibility for the establishment and maintenance of sound and effective risk management and internal control systems to safeguard the Group's corporate interests.

The Group's risk management and internal control systems are designed to provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance against material misstatement or loss; to manage prudently but not completely eliminate the risk of system failure. Systems and procedures are put in place to identify, manage and control the risks of different businesses and activities.

The internal control system is to maintain proper accounting records and to comply with relevant laws and regulations. The Group has its independent audit function, assisting the Board and management to conduct regular and independent review to ensure a sound internal control system is being implemented, maintained, and relevant regulatory requirements are complied with. On a yearly basis, the internal audit personnel will present a report to the Audit Committee relating to operational, financial and compliance aspects and will alert the management on the audit review findings or irregularities, if any, advise them on the implementation of necessary steps and actions to enhance the internal controls of the Group.

For the year ended 31 March 2020, the Audit Committee, as delegated by the Board, has reviewed the report provided by the Group's internal audit personnel and is satisfied the adequacy and effectiveness of the Group's internal controls, including financial, operational and compliance controls and risk management. It has also considered the adequacy of resources, qualifications and experience of staff of the accounting and financial reporting functions and their training programs and budgets.

風險管理及內部監控

董事會確認,其負責建立及維護健全有效 的風險管理及內部監控制度,以保障本集 團的企業利益。

本集團的風險管理及內部監控制度旨在為 重大錯報或損失提供合理(而非絕對)的保 證;謹慎管理(而非完全消除)制度故障的 風險。現已確立制度及程序,以識別、管 理及控制不同業務和活動的風險。

內部監控制度為旨在維持適當的會計記錄 以及遵守相關法律法規。本集團具有獨立 的審計職能,協助董事會及管理層定期進 行獨立審查,確保實行及維持健全的內部 監控制度並遵守相關監管規定。內部審計 人員每年向審核委員會提交有關營運、財 務及合規範疇的報告,並提醒管理層有關 審計審查結果或不合規行為(如有),就採 取必要步驟及行動向彼等提出建議,以加 強本集團的內部監控。

截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度,審 核委員會在董事會授權下已經審視本集團 內部審計人員提交的報告,並信納本集團 內部監控的充分及成效,包括財務、營運 及合規控制以及風險管理。其亦已審視會 計及財務報告職能的員工所獲資源、員工 本身之資歷及經驗以及相關員工之培訓方 案及預算是否充足。

RISK MANAGEMENT AND INTERNAL CONTROL – continued

During the year ended 31 March 2020, the Board has set up its risk management policy and risk appetite statement which clearly defines the types of risk that the Group is prepared to pursue, retain or tolerate. The risk management process includes identifying ownership of risks, business objectives and risks that could affect the achievement of objectives; (ii) analyzing the likelihood and impact of risks and evaluate the risk portfolio accordingly; and (iii) considering the risk responses and ensure effective communication to the Board/senior management and ongoing monitor the residual risks (if any). A risk register was maintained as a tool for documenting risks and actions to manage each risk on an ongoing basis.

During the year, the senior management is responsible for maintaining and reviewing the effectiveness of the Group's risk control. The risk control is implemented to minimize the risks to which the Group is exposed to during the day-to-day operation of business. The senior management designs, implements and maintains the risk control to safeguard the assets of the Group. It also involves making decisions regarding which risks are acceptable and how to address those that are not.

The Board has confirmed that a review of the effectiveness of the risk management and internal control systems was conducted and considers them effective and adequate.

風險管理及內部監控-續

於截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度, 董事會已制訂風險管理政策及風險偏好聲 明,其明確界定本集團準備面對、保留或 容忍的風險類型。風險管理程序包括(i)確 定負責應對風險方、業務目標及可能影響 目標達成的風險;(ii)分析發生風險的成數 及其影響,並相應地評估風險組合;及(iii) 考慮風險應對方案,並確保向董事會/高 級管理層進行有效溝通,並持續監察餘下 風險(如有)。現已存置風險登記冊,作為 記錄風險及行動的工具,以持續管理各項 風險。

於本年度,高級管理層負責維護及審視本 集團風險監控的成效。實施風險監控旨在 盡量減少本集團在日常業務營運中面對的 風險。高級管理層設計、實施和維護風險 監控措施,以保護本集團的資產。其中亦 涉及就可接受的風險以及如何應對不可接 受的風險而作出決定。

董事會已確認,已經對風險管理及內部監 控制度的成效進行檢討,並認為相關制度 為有效和足夠。

DISCLOSURE OF INSIDER INFORMATION

The Group acknowledges its responsibilities to ensure potential inside information being captured and confidentiality of such information being maintained until consistent and timely disclosure are made in accordance with the Listing Rules. The Group has an inside information policy with the procedures and internal controls for handling and dissemination of insider information as follows:

- the Group conducts its affairs with close regard to the disclosure requirements under the Listing Rules as well as the "Guidelines on Disclosure of Insider Information" published by the Securities and Futures Commission of Hong Kong in June 2012;
- the Group has implemented its policy on fair disclosure by pursuing board, non-exclusive distribution of information to the public through public announcements and the Company's website;
- the access of information is restricted to a limited number of employees on a need-to-know basis such that employees who are in possession of inside information are fully conversant with their obligations to preserve confidentiality; and
- the Group has established and implemented procedures for responding to external enquiries about the Group's affairs and only designated persons are authorised to speak on behalf of the Company when communicating with external parties such as the media, analysts or investors.

COMPANY SECRETARY

Mr. Kam Leung Ming is the company secretary of the Company and a full time employee of the Company. He has day-to-day knowledge of the Company and is responsible for advising the Board on corporate governance matters. Mr. Kam confirmed that he has complied with all the required qualifications, experience and training requirements under Rule 3.29 of the Listing Rules.

披露內幕消息

本集團明白其責任是根據上市規則確保掌 握潛在內幕消息及對有關消息保密,直至 作出貫徹和及時的披露為止。本集團設有 的內幕消息政策以及處理及發佈內幕消息 的程序及內部監控措施如下:

- 本集團在處理其事務時恪守上市規則 項下的披露規定及香港證券及期貨事
 務監察委員會於二零一二年六月發佈
 的「內幕消息披露指引」;
- 本集團透過公告及本公司網站廣泛及 非獨家地向公眾發放資料,以實施其 公平披露政策;
- 僅少數僱員可按須知基準查閱有關資料,讓掌握內幕消息的僱員充分熟知 彼等的保密責任;及
- 本集團已就外界對本集團事務的查詢 訂立及執行回應程序,僅指定人士在 與外界人士(如媒體、分析師或投資 者)溝通時獲授權代表本公司發言。

公司秘書

甘亮明先生為本公司之公司秘書及本公司 之全職僱員。彼熟悉本公司之日常營運並 負責向董事會提供企業管治事務之意見。 甘先生確認彼已遵守上市規則第3.29條有 關資格、經驗及培訓之所有規定。

企業管治報告 CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

COMMUNICATIONS WITH SHAREHOLDERS AND INVESTORS

The Board recognizes the importance of maintaining clear, timely and effective communication with shareholders of the Company and investors. Therefore, the Group is committed to maintaining a high degree of transparency to ensure that the investors and the shareholders of the Company receive accurate, clear, comprehensive and timely information about the Group through the publication of annual reports, announcements and circulars.

The Company also publishes all corporate correspondences on the Company's website www.getnice.com.hk. Shareholders and investors may also email their queries to the Company's email address: investor@getnice.com.hk, which will be handled by the Company's Investor Relations team. The Board maintains regular dialogues with investors and analysts to keep them informed of the Group's strategy, operations, management and plans. The Directors and the members of the various board committees attend and answer questions raised at the general meetings of the Company. Separate resolutions are proposed at the general meetings on each substantially separate issue.

The chairman of the general meetings of the Company explains the procedures for conducting a poll before putting a resolution to vote. The results of the voting by poll are then published on the websites of the Stock Exchange and the Company respectively.

與股東及投資者溝通

董事會明白與本公司股東及投資者保持清 晰、及時而有效的溝通十分重要。因此, 本集團致力透過刊發年報、公告及通函, 維持高透明度,確保本公司投資者及股東 獲得準確、清楚、全面而及時的本集團資 料。

本公司亦在網站www.getnice.com.hk刊登所有 公司通訊。股東及投資者亦可將查詢電郵至 本公司之電郵地址:investor@getnice.com.hk, 有關查詢將由本公司之投資者關係團隊處 理。董事會亦與投資者及分析員定期對話, 報告本集團的策略、營運、管理及計劃。董 事及各董事委員會成員出席本公司股東大 會並解答提問。若有重大獨立事項,則會在 股東大會提呈獨立決議案。

本公司股東大會主席於決議案表決前解釋 表決程序。投票結果繼而在聯交所及本公 司網站分別刊載。

SHAREHOLDERS' RIGHTS AND INVESTOR RELATIONS

How shareholders can convene an extraordinary general meeting

Pursuant to the Articles, any one or more shareholders holding, at the date of deposit of the requisition, not less than one-tenth of the paid up capital of the Company and carrying the right of voting at general meetings of the Company shall at all times have the right, by written requisition to the Board or the Company Secretary of the Company by mail at the Company's principal office address in Hong Kong, to require an extraordinary general meeting to be called by the Board for the transaction of any business specified in such requisition; and such meeting shall be held within two months after the deposit of such requisition. If within 21 days of such deposit the Board fails to proceed to convene such meeting the requisitionist(s) himself (themselves) may do so in the same manner, and all reasonable expenses incurred by the requisitionist(s) as a result of the failure of the Board shall be reimbursed to the requisitionist(s) by the Company.

The procedures by which enquiries may be put to the Board and sufficient contact details to enable these enquiries to be properly directed

Shareholders may send their enquiries requiring the Board's attention to the Company Secretary at the Company's principal office address at 10/F., Cosco Tower, Grand Millennium Plaza, 183 Queen's Road Central, Hong Kong. The Company Secretary forwards communications relating to matters within the Board's purview to the Board and communications relating to ordinary business matters, such as suggestions, and inquiries to the CEO.

Procedures and sufficient contact details for putting forward proposals at shareholders' meetings

Shareholders are welcomed to suggest proposals relating to the operations, strategy and/or management of the Group to be discussed at shareholders' meeting. Proposal shall be sent to the Board by written requisition. Shareholders who wish to put forward a proposal should convene an extraordinary general meeting by following the procedures as set out in paragraph headed "How shareholders can convene an extraordinary general meeting" above.

Constitutional Documents

During the year ended 31 March 2020, there was no significant change in the Company's constitutional documents.

股東權利及投資者關係

股東召開股東特別大會之方法

根據細則,任何一名或以上於提出要求當 日持有不少於本公司附有權利可於股東大 會投票之實繳股本十分之一的股東,可以 向董事會或本公司之公司秘書提出書面要 求,要求董事會就有關要求所指明處理之 任何事務召開股東特別大會,其要求須翻 寄至本公司於香港之主要辦事處;有關 全後21日內董事會未有召開大會,則遞呈 要求人士可自發以同樣方式作出此舉,而 理產生之所有開支應由本公司向要求人作 出償付。

向董事會提出查詢以及附上足夠聯絡詳情 之程序以讓查詢獲妥為傳達

股東如有意向董事會提出查詢,煩請將查 詢寄交本公司之主要辦事處香港皇后大道 中183號新紀元廣場中遠大廈10字樓,並請 註明公司秘書收。公司秘書會將董事會負 責事宜之有關通訊轉交董事會,而有關日 常業務事宜之通訊(譬如建議)和詢問則會 轉交行政總裁。

在股東大會提出建議的程序及足夠的聯絡 資料

本公司歡迎股東提出有關本集團業務、策 略及/或管理之建議於股東大會上討論。 有關建議須透過書面要求寄交予董事會。 擬提呈建議之股東應根據上文「股東召開股 東特別大會之方法」一段所載之程序召開股 東特別大會。

憲章文件

截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度,本 公司之憲章文件並無重大變動。

The directors of the Company ("the Directors") have pleasure in presenting their annual report and the audited consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2020.

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES

The Company is an investment holding company. The principal activities of the Group are (i) money lending, (ii) property development and holding and investment in financial instruments; (iii) real estate agency and (iv) the provision of financial services, including securities dealing and broking, futures and options broking, securities margin financing and corporate finance services. Particulars of the Company's subsidiaries are set out in note 48 to the consolidated financial statements.

RESULTS AND APPROPRIATIONS

The results of the Group for the year ended 31 March 2020 are set out in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income on pages 63 to 64.

An interim dividend of HK\$0.0075 per share amounting to approximately HK\$72,470,295 in aggregate was paid during the year. The Directors now recommend the payment of a final dividend of HK\$0.004 per share to the shareholders on the register of members on 1 September 2020.

FIVE YEAR FINANCIAL SUMMARY

A summary of the audited results and the assets and liabilities of the Group for the last five financial years ended 31 March 2020 is set out on page 220 of this annual report. This summary does not form part of the audited consolidated financial statements in this report.

MANAGEMENT CONTRACTS

No contracts concerning the management and administration of the whole or any substantial part of the business of the Company were entered into or existed during the year.

PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT AND INVESTMENT PROPERTIES

Details of movements during the year in the property and equipment, and investment properties of the Group are set out in notes 18 and 19, respectively, to the consolidated financial statements.

SHARE CAPITAL

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Details of the share capital of the Company during the year are set out in note 36 to the consolidated financial statements. There is no movement in the share capital of the Company during the year. 本公司董事(「董事」)欣然提呈本公司之年 報及截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度 之經審核綜合財務報表。

主要業務

本公司為投資控股公司。本集團之主要業務為(i)放債;(ii)物業發展及持有,以及投資於金融工具;(iii)地產代理及(iv)提供金融服務,包括證券買賣及經紀服務、期貨及期權經紀服務、證券保證金融資及企業融資服務。本公司附屬公司之資料載於綜合財務報表附註48。

業績及分派

本集團截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年 度之業績載於第63至64頁之綜合損益及其 他全面收益表內。

每股0.0075港元之中期股息,合共約 72,470,295港元於年內已派付。董事會現建 議派發末期股息每股0.004港元予二零二零 年九月一日名列股東名冊之股東。

五年財務摘要

本集團於截至二零二零年三月三十一日止 之過去五個財政年度之經審核業績及資產 與負債之概要載於本年報第220頁。本概要 並不構成本報告內之經審核綜合財務報表 之一部份。

管理合約

年內,本公司概無訂立或訂有任何涉及本 公司整體或任何主要部分業務之管理及行 政合約。

物業及設備以及投資物業

年內,本集團之物業及設備,以及投資物 業之變動詳情分別載於綜合財務報表附註 18及19。

股本

本公司於年內之股本詳情載於綜合財務報 表附註36。本公司股本於年內並無變動。

EQUITY-LINKED AGREEMENTS

Other than the share option scheme of the Company with details are disclosed in note 37 to the consolidated financial statements, no equity-linked agreements were entered into by the Company that will or may result in the Company issuing shares or that require the Company to enter into any agreements that will or may result in the Company issuing shares during the year or subsisted at the end of the year.

RESERVES

Movements in the reserves of the Group during the year are set out in the consolidated statement of changes in equity on pages 67 to 68.

TAX RELIEF

The Company is not aware of any relief from taxation available to shareholders by reason of their holding of the Company's shares.

DISTRIBUTABLE RESERVES

At 31 March 2020, the reserves of the Company available for distribution to shareholders were approximately HK\$3,131,662,000 (2019: HK\$3,114,921,000) which comprised the share premium, special reserve and retained earnings.

DIRECTORS

The Directors of the Company during the year were as follows:

Executive Directors:

Mr. Hung Hon Man (Chairman and Chief Executive Officer) Mr. Cham Wai Ho, Anthony (Deputy Chairman) Mr. Kam Leung Ming

Independent Non-executive Directors:

Mr. Siu Hi Lam, Alick

Mr. Man Kong Yui

Mr. Sun Ka Ziang, Henry (Chairman of the audit committee, nomination committee and remuneration committee)

Mr. Kam Leung Ming and Mr. Siu Hi Lam, Alick will retire at the forthcoming annual general meeting in accordance with provision 108 of the Company's Articles of Association. Being eligible, they offer themselves for re-election.

股權掛鈎協議

除本公司購股權計劃(詳情載於綜合財務報 表附註37)外,本公司本年度內並無訂立或 於本年度末存在將導致或可能導致本公司 發行股份之股權掛鈎協議,或規定本公司 須訂立將導致或可能導致本公司發行股份 之股權掛鈎協議。

儲備

本集團於年內之儲備變動詳情載於第67至 68頁之綜合權益變動表。

税務寬免

本公司並不知悉股東基於持有本公司股份 而獲得任何税務寬免。

可供分派儲備

於二零二零年三月三十一日,本公司可供 分派予股東之儲備約為3,131,662,000港元 (二零一九年:3,114,921,000港元),當中包 括股份溢價、特別儲備及保留盈利。

董事

於年內之本公司董事如下:

執行董事: 洪漢文先生(*主席兼行政總裁)* 湛威豪先生(副主席) 甘亮明先生

獨立非執行董事:

蕭喜臨先生 文剛鋭先生 孫克強先生(審核委員會、提名委員會及 薪酬委員會主席)

根據本公司之公司組織章程細則第108條, 甘亮明先生及蕭喜臨先生將於應屆股東週 年大會上告退。彼等符合資格並願意膺選 連任。

CHANGE IN INFORMATION OF DIRECTORS

Upon specific enquiry by the Company and following confirmations from the Directors, save as otherwise set out in this report, there is no change in the information of the Directors required to be disclosed pursuant to Rule 13.51B(1) of the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities (the "Listing Rules") on the Stock Exchange:

The monthly salary of Mr. Hung was

increased from HK\$20,000 to HK\$20,400

increased from HK\$32,000 to HK\$32,640

The monthly salary of Mr. Kam was

increased from HK\$34,740 to HK\$35,440

increased from HK\$9,500 to HK\$10,000

The monthly director fee of Mr. Sun was

increased from HK\$9,500 to HK\$10,000

The monthly director fee of Mr. Siu was increased from HK\$9,500 to HK\$10,000

with effect from January 2020. Mr. Siu

resigned as an independent non-executive

director of New Provenance Everlasting Holdings Limited on 31 January 2020.

with effect from January 2020.

Mr. Cham Wai Ho The monthly salary of Mr. Cham was

Mr. Man Kong Yui The monthly director fee of Mr. Man was

Name of Director Details of change

Mr. Hung

Hon Man

Anthony

Mr. Kam Leung

Mr. Sun Ka Ziang,

Mr. Siu Hi Lam,

Henry

Alick

Ming

董事資料變動

經本公司作出特定查詢以及獲董事確認 後,除本報告另行載列者外,並無董事資 料變動為須根據聯交所證券上市規則(「上 市規則」)第13.51B(1)條予以披露:

董事姓名 變動詳情

- 洪漢文先生 由二零二零年一月起,洪先 生之月薪已由20,000港元上 調至20,400港元。
- 湛威豪先生 由二零二零年一月起, 湛先 生之月薪已由32,000港元上 調至32,640港元。
- 甘亮明先生 由二零二零年一月起,甘先 生之月薪已由34,740港元上 調至35,440港元。
- 文剛鋭先生 由二零二零年一月起,文先 生之每月董事袍金已由9,500 港元上調至10,000港元。
- 孫克強先生 由二零二零年一月起,孫先 生之每月董事袍金已由9,500 港元上調至10,000港元。
- 蕭喜臨先生 由二零二零年一月起,蕭先
 生之每月董事袍金已由9,500
 港元上調至10,000港元。
 蕭先生於二零二零年一月
 三十一日辭任新源萬恒控股
 有限公司之獨立非執行董事。

BIOGRAPHICAL DETAILS OF DIRECTORS

Biographical details of the Directors are set out on pages 14 to 16 on the annual report.

DIRECTORS' SERVICE CONTRACTS

Certain executive Directors including Mr. Hung Hon Man and Mr. Cham Wai Ho, Anthony have entered into a service contract with the Company for an initial fixed term of three years and will continue thereafter until terminated by not less than three months' notice in writing served by either party on the other.

The term of office of each independent non-executive Director is for the period up to his retirement by rotation in accordance with the Company's Articles of Association.

Save as disclosed above, none of the Directors being proposed for re-election at the forthcoming annual general meeting has a service contract which is not determinable by the Group within one year without payment of compensation other than statutory compensation.

DIRECTORS' INTERESTS IN CONTRACTS OF SIGNIFICANCE

Save for the contracts described under the section headed "Connected Transactions" and "Continuing Connected Transactions" below, no contracts of significance in relation to the Group's business to which the Company or any of its subsidiaries was a party and in which a director of the Company had a material interest, whether directly or indirectly, subsisted at the end of the year or at any time during the year.

董事履歷

董事履歷載於本年報第14至16頁。

董事之服務合約

若干執行董事(包括洪漢文先生及湛威豪先 生)與本公司訂立初步固定年期為三年之服 務合約,該等合約將繼續有效,直至一方 向對方發出不少於三個月之書面通知為止。

各獨立非執行董事之任期在其按照本公司 之公司組織章程細則輪值告退時屆滿。

除上文所披露者外,擬於應屆股東週年大 會膺選連任之董事並無訂立任何不得由本 集團在不支付賠償(法定賠償除外)而於一 年內終止之服務合約。

董事於重要合約之權益

除下文「關連交易」及「持續關連交易」各節 所披露之合約外,本公司或其任何附屬公 司概無參與訂立任何於年結或年內任何時 間內仍然生效,而本公司董事於其中直接 或間接擁有重大權益並對本集團業務為重 要之合約。

CONNECTED TRANSACTIONS

On 13 January 2020, King Joy Asia Limited ("King Joy", as the purchaser), an indirect non-wholly owned subsidiary of the Company and Mr. Hung Hon Shing ("Mr. Hung HS", as the seller) entered into a conditional sale and purchase agreement ("Agreement") pursuant to which King Joy agreed to acquire, and Mr. Hung HS agreed to sell the entire equity interest in Red Eagle Securities Limited ("Red Eagle") at a cash consideration of approximately HK\$62.8 million (subject to adjustment). Red Eagle is licensed corporation under the Hong Kong Securities and Futures Ordinance with regulated activity under Type 1 Dealing in Securities and is a participant of the Stock Exchange. The principal activity of Red Eagle is provision of securities brokerage services. Mr. Hung HS is the elder brother of Mr. Hung Hon Man ("Mr. Hung"), an executive Director and chief executive officer of the Company. The transaction contemplated under the Agreement is subject to reporting and announcement requirements but is exempt from the circular (including independent financial advice) and shareholders' approval requirements under Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules. Further details are set out in the Company's announcement dated 13 January 2020.

On 25 February 2020, Get Nice Development Limited ("GND", as the seller), an indirect wholly owned subsidiary of the Company and Mr. Hung (as the purchaser) entered into an unconditional sale and purchase agreement ("SP Agreement") pursuant to which GND agreed to sell, and Mr. Hung agreed to acquire the entire equity interest in Trillion Income Limited ("TIL") at a cash consideration of approximately HK\$61.4 million. TIL is an investment holding company having indirect equity interest in a property development project in London. The transaction contemplated under the SP Agreement is subject to reporting and announcement requirements but is exempt from the circular (including independent financial advice) and shareholders' approval requirements under Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules. Further details are set out in the Company's announcement dated 25 February 2020.

關連交易

於二零二零年一月十三日,本公司之間接 非全資附屬公司君悦亞洲有限公司(「君 悦」,作為買方)與洪漢城先生(「洪漢城 先生」,作為賣方)訂立一項有條件買賣協 議(「該協議」),據此,君悦同意收購而洪 漢城先生同意出售漢英證券有限公司(「漢 英]) 之全部股權,代價約62,800,000港元 (可予調整)並以現金支付。漢英是香港證 券及期貨條例下的持牌法團,可從事第1 類(證券交易)受規管活動,並為聯交所之 參與者。漢英的主要業務是提供證券經紀 服務。洪漢城先生是本公司執行董事兼行 政總裁洪漢文先生(「洪先生」)之兄。該協 議項下擬進行之交易須遵守報告和公佈規 定,但獲豁免遵守上市規則第14A章之通函 (包括獨立財務意見)和股東批准之規定。 進一步詳情載於本公司日期為二零二零年 一月十三日之公佈。

於二零二零年二月二十五日,本公司之間 接全資附屬公司結好發展有限公司(「結好 發展」,作為賣方)與洪先生(作為買方)訂 立一項有條件買賣協議(「買賣協議」),據 此,結好發展同意出售而洪先生同意收購 Trillion Income Limited(「TIL」)之全部股 權,代價約61,400,000港元並以現金支付。 TIL為投資控股公司,持有一個倫敦物業發 展項目的間接股權。買賣協議項下擬進行 之交易須遵守報告和公佈規定,但獲豁免 遵守上市規則第14A章之通函(包括獨立財 務意見)和股東批准之規定。進一步詳情載 於本公司日期為二零二零年二月二十五日 之公佈。

CONTINUING CONNECTED TRANSACTIONS

持續關連交易

1. I Chancy agreement	1.	Tenancy	agreement
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1. 租賃協議

Transaction 交易	Name of counterparty 交易對手之名稱	Term of agreement 協議年期	Address of premises 物業之地址	Amount 金額 HK\$ 港元
Tenancy made on 1 June 2015, renewed on 5 June 2017 and 16 May 2019 (monthly rental increased from HK\$42,000 to HK\$65,000 since 1 September 2019) (<i>Note</i>) 於二零一五年六月一日 訂立之租賃, 於二零一七年六月五日 及二零一九年五月十六日 獲續期(月租自二零一九 年九月一日起由42,000港 元增加至65,000港元)(<i>附</i> 註)	Enterprise Limited as the tenant 樂遵創意有限公司 (作為租戶)	 1 June 2015 to 31 May 2017, renewed on 5 June 2017 for two years and further renewed on 16 May 2019 for two years to 31 May 2021 二零一五年六月一日 至二零一七年 五月三十一日, 於二零一七年六月 五日獲續期兩年, 並於二零一九年 五月十六日獲 進一步續期至 二零二一年五月 三十一日 	489-491號	650,000

Note: The tenant is an associate of Mr. Hung Hon Man, an executive Director and Chairman of the Company.

附註:租戶為本公司執行董事兼主席洪漢 文先生之聯繫人士。

CONTINUING CONNECTED TRANSACTIONS – continued

持續關連交易-續

2.	Brokerage services and margin loan	n financing	2. 經紀服務	及保證金貸款融	資
			Brokerag commission income paic to the Group	n Margin loan I interest paid	Maximum amount of margin loan
	Name of connected person	關連人士姓名	for the year	· · · ·	for the year
			年內已		
			付予本集團		年內
			之經紀		保證金貸款
			佣金收入	、 貸款利息	之最高金額
			HKS		HK\$
			港元	港元	港元
	Executive Directors:	執行董事:			
	Hung Hon Man and his associates	洪漢文及其聯繫人士	788,392	2 15,813,590	316,559,142
	Cham Wai Ho, Anthony and his associate	湛威豪及其聯繫人士	10,182	2 –	-
	Kam Leung Ming and his associates	甘亮明及其聯繫人士	5,282	2,339	429,988
	Directors of certain subsidiaries of the Group:	本集團若干附屬公司之董事:			
	Shum Kin Wai, Frankie and his associate	岑建偉及其聯繫人士	15,644	i 17	102,972
	Hung Sui Kwan and his associate	洪瑞坤及其聯繫人士	74,103	3 2,273	955,977
	Cheng Wai Ho and his associate	鄭偉浩及其聯繫人士	21,881	- I	_
	Ng Hon Sau, Larry and his associate	吳翰綬及其聯繫人士	140	8,692	666,237

Save as disclosed in (3) and (4) below, the Directors, including the independent non-executive Directors, were of the opinion that the transactions listed above were on normal commercial terms where all of the applicable percentage ratios (other than the profits ratio) on an annual basis calculated under the Listing Rules were less than 5% and the annual consideration was less than HK\$3,000,000. The transactions were thus exempted from the reporting, annual review, announcement and independent shareholders' approval requirements pursuant to Rule 14A.76(1)(c) of the Listing Rules.

除下文(3)及(4)之披露外,董事(包括 獨立非執行董事)認為上列交易均屬正 常商業條款,而根據上市規則按年度 基準計算之所有適用百分比率(盈利比 率除外)為低於5%及年度代價為低於 3,000,000港元。因此,有關交易獲豁 免遵守上市規則第14A.76(1)(c)條有關 申報、年度審核、公佈及獨立股東批 准之規定。

CONTINUING CONNECTED TRANSACTIONS – continued

3. Brokerage services and margin loan financing provided to Asia Smart Group Limited

On 30 August 2017, Get Nice Securities Limited ("GNS"), a subsidiary of the Company and Asia Smart Group Limited ("Asia Smart"), a company wholly owned by Mr. Hung Hon Man (an executive Director and the chairman of the Board), entered into (i) the financing services agreement ("2017 Financing Services Agreement", as amended by supplemental agreement dated 12 September 2017), pursuant to which GNS may (but not obliged to), upon request from Asia Smart and/or its associates, provide or procure any other company amongst the Group to provide the margin financing facilities to Asia Smart and/or its associates from time to time during the period from 20 November 2017 to 31 March 2020; and (ii) the broking services agreement ("2017 Broking Services Agreement") pursuant to which GNS may (but not obliged to), upon request from Asia Smart and/or its associates, provide broking services and services incidental thereto by GNS or any company amongst the Group to Asia Smart and/ or its associates during the period from 30 August 2017 to 31 March 2020. Details of the terms and conditions of the 2017 Financing Services Agreement and 2017 Broking Services Agreement can be referred to the announcements dated 30 August 2017 and 12 September 2017 and circular dated 18 October 2017.

On 1 November 2019, GNS and Asia Smart entered into the termination agreement pursuant to which the 2017 Broking Services Agreement and the 2017 Financing Services Agreement were terminated on 15 December 2019.

During the period from 1 April 2019 to 15 December 2019, (i) the interest income earned from Asia Smart by GNS amounted to approximately HK\$10,478,000 (with annual cap set at HK\$19,000,000 for the year ended 31 March 2020); (ii) the maximum amount of margin loan granted to Asia Smart amounted to approximately HK\$228,348,000 (with annual cap set at HK\$230,000,000 for the year ended 31 March 2020); and (iii) the brokerage commission earned from Asia Smart by GNS amounted to approximately HK\$502,000 (with annual cap set at HK\$8,000,000 for the year ended 31 March 2020).

持續關連交易-續

向Asia Smart Group Limited提供經紀 服務及保證金貸款融資

於二零一七年八月三十日,結好證券 有限公司(「結好證券」,本公司附屬公 司)與Asia Smart Group Limited (「Asia Smart」,洪漢文先生(執行董事兼董 事會主席) 全資擁有之公司) 訂立(i)融 資服務協議(「二零一七年融資服務協 議」,經日期為二零一七年九月十二 日之補充協議修訂),據此,結好證 券在Asia Smart及/或其聯繫人士要求 下,可以(但並非必須)提供或促成本 集團屬下的任何其他公司在二零一七 年十一月二十日至二零二零年三月 三十一日止期間不時向Asia Smart及/ 或其聯繫人士提供保證金融資服務; 及(ii)經紀服務協議(「二零一七年經紀 服務協議」),據此,結好證券在Asia Smart及/或其聯繫人士要求下,可以 (但並非必須)在二零一七年八月三十 日至二零二零年三月三十一日止期間 向Asia Smart及/或其聯繫人士由結 好證券或本集團屬下任何公司提供的 經紀服務及有關的附帶服務。有關二 零一七年融資服務協議及二零一七年 經紀服務協議之條款及條件詳情載於 日期為二零一七年八月三十日及二零 一七年九月十二日之公佈以及日期為 二零一七年十月十八日之通函。

於二零一九年十一月一日,結好證券 與Asia Smart訂立終止協議,據此,二 零一七年經紀服務協議及二零一七年 融資服務協議已於二零一九年十二月 十五日終止。

於二零一九年四月一日至二零一九 年十二月十五日止期間,(i)結好證 券從Asia Smart賺取之利息收入約為 10,478,000港元(截至二零二零年三月 三十一日止年度之年度上限設定為 19,000,000港元);(ii)授予Asia Smart之 最高保證金貸款約為228,348,000港元 (截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度 之年度上限設定為230,000,000港元); 及(iii)結好證券從Asia Smart賺取之經紀 佣金約為502,000港元(截至二零二零 年三月三十一日止年度之年度上限設 定為8,000,000港元)。

CONTINUING CONNECTED TRANSACTIONS – continued

3. Brokerage services and margin loan financing provided to Asia Smart Group Limited – continued

Pursuant to the rule 14A.55 of the Listing Rules, the independent non-executive Directors have reviewed the above continuing connected transactions and confirmed that the above transactions have been entered into (i) in the ordinary and usual course of business of the Group; (ii) on normal commercial terms or better (as the case may be); and (iii) in accordance with the relevant agreements governing them during the validity of the agreement periods on terms that are fair and reasonable and in the interests of the Company's shareholders as a whole.

The auditor of the Company has reviewed the abovementioned continuing connected transactions pursuant to rule 14A.56 of the Listing Rules and advised the Board in writing (with a copy provided to the Stock Exchange) that the above transactions, nothing has come to their attention that causes them to believe that: (i) have not been approved by the Board; (ii) were not, in all material respects, in accordance with the pricing policies of the Group if the transactions involve the provisions of goods or services by the Group; (iii) were not entered into, in all material respects, in accordance with the relevant agreements governing the transactions; and (iv) have exceeded the their respective annual caps.

4. Brokerage services and margin loan financing provided to Mr. Hung Hon Man and/or any controlled companies

On 1 November 2019, GNS and Mr. Hung Hon Man ("Mr. Hung") (an executive Director and chief executive officer), entered into (i) the financing services agreement ("Financing Services Agreement"), pursuant to which GNS may (but not obliged to), upon request from Mr. Hung and/or any controlled companies, provide or procure any other company amongst the Group to provide the margin financing facilities to Mr. Hung and/or, as the case may be, the relevant controlled company from time to time during the period from 15 December 2019 to 14 December 2022; and (ii) the broking services agreement ("Broking Services Agreement") pursuant to which GNS may (but not obliged to), upon request from Mr. Hung and/or any controlled companies, provide broking services and services incidental thereto by GNS or any company amongst the Group to Mr. Hung and/or any controlled companies during the period from 15 December 2019 to 14 December 2022. Details of the terms and conditions of the Financing Services Agreement and Broking Services Agreement can be referred to the announcement dated 1 November 2019 and circular dated 22 November 2019.

持續關連交易-續

向Asia Smart Group Limited提供經紀 服務及保證金貸款融資-續

根據上市規則第14A.55條,獨立非執 行董事已審閱上述持續關連交易,並 確認上述交易乃(i)於本集團的日常及 一般業務過程中;(ii)按一般商業條款 或更佳條款(視乎情況而定);及(iii)根 據有關協議於協議有效期內的條款進 行,是公平合理,並符合本公司股東 的整體利益。

本公司之核數師已就上市規則第 14A.56條之規定對上述持續關連交易 進行審閱,並以書面通知董事會(函件 副本已送交聯交所),表示彼等並無 留意到任何事情使彼等相信上述交易 (i)並未經由董事會批准;(ii)若交易涉 及由本集團提供貨品或服務,在各重 大方面並未按照本集團的定價政策運 行;(iii)並未在各重大方面根據有關 反的協議條款進行;及(iv)超逾相關年 度的上限。

 6. 向洪漢文先生及/或任何受控公司提 供經紀服務及保證金貸款融資

> 於二零一九年十一月一日,結好證券 與洪漢文先生(「洪先生」,執行董事兼 行政總裁) 訂立(i) 金融服務協議(「金融 服務協議」),據此,結好證券在洪先 生及/或任何受控公司要求下,可以 (但並非必須)提供或促成本集團屬下 的任何其他公司在二零一九年十二月 十五日至二零二二年十二月十四日止 期間內,不時向洪先生及/或(視情況 而定)相關受控公司提供保證金融資服 務;及(ii)經紀服務協議(「經紀服務協 議」),據此,結好證券在洪先生及/ 或任何受控公司要求下,可以(但並非 必須)在二零一九年十二月十五日至二 零二二年十二月十四日止期間內,由 結好證券或本集團屬下的任何公司向 洪先生及/或任何受控公司提供經紀 服務及有關的附帶服務。有關融資服 務協議及經紀服務協議之條款及條件 詳情載於日期為二零一九年十一月一 日之公佈以及日期為二零一九年十 月二十二日之通函。

CONTINUING CONNECTED TRANSACTIONS – continued

4. Brokerage services and margin loan financing provided to Mr. Hung Hon Man and/or any controlled companies – continued

During the period from 15 December 2019 to 31 March 2020, (i) the interest income earned from Mr. Hung by GNS amounted to approximately HK\$5,171,000 (with annual cap set at HK\$7,500,000 for the period from 15 December 2019 to 31 March 2020); (ii) the maximum amount of margin loan granted to Mr. Hung amounted to approximately HK\$314,912,000 (with annual cap set at HK\$330,000,000 for the period from 15 December 2019 to 31 March 2020); and (iii) the brokerage commission earned from Mr. Hung by GNS amounted to approximately HK\$243,000 (with annual cap set at HK\$2,400,000 for the period from 15 December 2019 to 31 March 2020); and (iii) the brokerage commission earned from Mr. Hung by GNS amounted to approximately HK\$243,000 (with annual cap set at HK\$2,400,000 for the period from 15 December 2019 to 31 March 2020).

Pursuant to rule 14A.55 of the Listing Rules, the independent non-executive Directors have reviewed the above continuing connected transactions and confirmed that the above transactions have been entered into (i) in the ordinary and usual course of business of the Group; (ii) on normal commercial terms or better (as the case may be); and (iii) in accordance with the relevant agreements governing them during the validity of the agreement periods on terms that are fair and reasonable and in the interests of the Company's shareholders as a whole.

The auditor of the Company has reviewed the abovementioned continuing connected transactions pursuant to rule 14A.56 of the Listing Rules and advised the Board in writing (with a copy provided to the Stock Exchange) that the above transactions, nothing has come to their attention that causes them to believe that: (i) have not been approved by the Board; (ii) were not, in all material respects, in accordance with the pricing policies of the Group if the transactions involve the provisions of goods or services by the Group; (iii) were not entered into, in all material respects, in accordance with the relevant agreements governing the transactions; and (iv) have exceeded the their respective annual caps.

持續關連交易-續

向洪漢文先生及/或任何受控公司提 供經紀服務及保證金貸款融資-續

於二零一九年十二月十五日至二零 二零年三月三十一日止期間,(i)結好 證券從洪先生賺取之利息收入約為 5,171,000港元(二零一九年十二月十五 日至二零二零年三月三十一日止期間 之年度上限設定為7,500,000港元); (ii)授予洪先生之最高保證金貸款約為 314,912,000港元(二零一九年十二月 十五日至二零二零年三月三十一日止 期間之年度上限設定約為330,000,000 港元);及(iii)結好證券從洪先生賺 取之經紀佣金約為243,000港元(二零 一九年十二月十五日至二零二零年三 月三十一日止期間之年度上限設定為 2,400,000港元)。

根據上市規則第14A.55條,獨立非執行董 事已審閱上述持續關連交易,並確認上述 交易乃(i)於本集團的日常及一般業務過程 中;(ii)按一般商業條款或更佳條款(視乎情 況而定);及(iii)根據有關協議於協議有效 期內的條款進行,是公平合理,並符合本 公司股東的整體利益。

本公司之核數師已就上市規則第14A.56條 之規定對上述持續關連交易進行審閱,並 以書面通知董事會(函件副本已送交聯交 所),表示彼等並無留意到任何事情使彼等 相信上述交易(i)並未經由董事會批准;(ii) 若交易涉及由本集團提供貨品或服務,在 各重大方面並未按照本集團的定價政策運 行;(iii)並未在各重大方面根據有關交易的 協議條款進行;及(iv)超逾相關年度的上限。

RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Details of the material related party transactions undertaken by the Group in its normal course of business are set out in note 43 to the consolidated financial statements. Those related party transactions which constituted connected transactions/ continuing connected transactions under the Listing Rules which are set out in the section headed "Connected Transactions" and "Continuing Connected Transactions" on pages 42 to 47, have compiled with Chapter 14A.

DIRECTORS' AND CHIEF EXECUTIVES' INTERESTS IN SHARES

As of 31 March 2020, the interests and short positions of the Directors and the chief executive of the Company in the shares, underlying shares and debentures of the Company or its associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the SFO) as recorded in the register maintained by the Company pursuant to Section 352 of the SFO, or as otherwise notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to the Model Code contained in the Listing Rules, were as follows:

1. Long positions in the ordinary shares of HK\$0.1 each of the Company

關連人士交易

本集團在日常業務過程中進行之重大關連 人士交易之詳情載列於綜合財務報表附註 43。構成上市規則項下之關連交易/持續 關連交易之關連人士交易(並已載於本年報 第42至47頁「關連交易」及「持續關連交易」 各節)已遵守上市規則第14A章之規定。

董事及最高行政人員之股份權益

於二零二零年三月三十一日,根據證券及 期貨條例第352條本公司須予備存的登記冊 所記錄或根據上市規則所載之標準守則須 知會本公司及聯交所之權益及淡倉,本公 司董事及最高行政人員所擁有本公司或其 相聯法團(定義見證券及期貨條例第XV部) 的股份、相關股份及債券權益或淡倉如下:

1. 本公司每股面值0.1港元之普通股之好 倉

Name of Director 董事姓名	Capacity 權益性質	Number of issued ordinary shares held 所持已發行 普通股數目	Percentage of the issued share capital of the Company 佔本公司已發行 股本之百分比
エーテルロ Mr. Hung Hon Man 洪漢文先生	Held by controlled corporation (Note) 由受控實體持有(註)	2,898,049,874	29.99%

Note: Mr. Hung Hon Man is deemed to be interested in 2,898,049,874 ordinary shares of the Company which are held by Honeylink Agents Limited, a company incorporated in the British Virgin Islands with limited liability, the entire issued share capital of which is beneficially owned by Mr. Hung Hon Man.

 註: 洪漢文先生被視為擁有由Honeylink Agents Limited持有之本公司 2,898,049,874股普通股之權益。 Honeylink Agents Limited為於英屬處 女群島註冊成立之有限公司,其全 部已發行股本由洪漢文先生實益擁 有。

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DIRECTORS' AND CHIEF EXECUTIVES' INTERESTS IN SHARES – continued

2. Long positions in the non-voting deferred shares of HK\$1.0 each of Get Nice Securities Limited ("GNS"), a non-wholly owned subsidiary of the Company

董事及最高行政人員之股份權益-續

 於本公司之非全資附屬公司結好證券 有限公司(「結好證券」)之每股面值1.0 港元之無投票權遞延股之好倉

			Percentage
		Number of	of the issued
		non-voting	non-voting
		deferred	deferred
Name of Director	Capacity	shares* held	shares** of GNS
			佔結好證券
		所持無投票權	已發行無投票權
董事姓名	權益性質	遞延股*數目	遞延股**之百分比
Mr. Hung Hon Man	Beneficial owner	36,000,000	90%
洪漢文先生	實益擁有人		

- * The non-voting deferred shares carry practically no rights to dividends nor to receive notice of nor to attend or vote at any general meeting of GNS and on liquidation, the assets of GNS available for distribution among the holders of ordinary shares and the holders of non-voting deferred shares shall be applied first in paying to the holders of ordinary shares the sum of HK\$1,000,000,000,000 per ordinary share and secondly in repaying to the holders of non-voting deferred shares the nominal amount paid up or credited as paid up on such shares, and the balances of the GNS's assets shall belong to and be distributed among the holders of ordinary shares in proportion to the amount paid up or credited as paid up on such ordinary shares respectively.
- ** The other 10% of the issued non-voting deferred shares of GNS, being 4,000,000 shares are held by Mr. Shum Kin Wai, Frankie, the managing director of GNS.
- * 無投票權遞延股於實際上無權收取 股息,亦無權接收結好證券任何股東 大會通告或出席大會或於會上投票。 於清盤時,結好證券可供分派予普 通股持有人及無投票權遞延股持有 人之資產應先用以支付每股普通股 1,000,000,000港元之款項予普通 股持有人,繼而用以償還有關股份之 已繳足或入賬列為繳足面值予無投票 權遞延股持有人,而結好證券之資產 餘額應屬於普通股持有人,並分別按 彼等就有關普通股之繳足或入賬列為 繳足股款之比例分派。
- ** 結好證券之其他10%已發行無投票權 遞延股(即4,000,000股)由結好證券之 董事總經理岑建偉先生持有。

DIRECTORS' AND CHIEF EXECUTIVES' INTERESTS IN SHARES – continued

3. Long positions in the ordinary shares of HK\$0.01 each of GNFG, a non-wholly owned subsidiary of the Company

董事及最高行政人員之股份權益-續

3. 於本公司非全資附屬公司結好金融每 股面值0.01港元之普通股之好倉

			Percentage
		Number of	of the issued
		issued ordinary	share capital
Name of director	Capacity	shares held	of GNFG 佔結好金融
		所持已發行	已發行股本
董事姓名	權益性質	普通股數目	之百分比
Mr. Hung Hon Man 洪漢文先生	Held by controlled corporation <i>(Note)</i> 由受控實體持有 (註)	50,309,829	2.01%

Note: Mr. Hung Hon Man is deemed to be interested in 50,309,829 ordinary shares of GNFG which are held by Honeylink Agents Limited, a company incorporated in the British Virgin Islands with limited liability, the entire issued share capital of which is beneficially owned by Mr. Hung Hon Man.

Save as disclosed above, at 31 March 2020, none of the Directors or chief executive of the Company had any interests or short positions in any shares or underlying shares of the Company or any of its associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the SFO) as recorded in the register required to be kept under Section 352 of the SFO or as otherwise notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to the Model Code. 註: 洪漢文先生被視為擁有由Honeylink Agents Limited持有之結好金融 50,309,829股普通股之權益。
 Honeylink Agents Limited為於英屬 處女群島註冊成立之有限公司,其 全部已發行股本由洪漢文先生實益 擁有。

除上文所披露者外,於二零二零年三月 三十一日,根據證券及期貨條例第352條須 予備存的登記冊所記錄或根據標準守則而 向本公司及聯交所作出的知會,本公司董 事或最高行政人員概無擁有本公司或其任何 相聯法團(定義見證券及期貨條例第XV部) 之任何股份或相關股份的任何權益或淡倉。

SHARE OPTIONS

A new share option scheme was adopted by the Company in August 2012. Particulars of the share option schemes are set out in note 37 to the consolidated financial statements. On 16 January 2019, the Company granted share options to three grantees, which are non-employee eligible participants, to subscribe for a total of 289,800,000 ordinary shares of the Company under the share option scheme. The exercise price is HK\$0.26 per share. Details of the grant of share options, including the validity of the share options can be referred to the announcement of the Company dated 16 January 2019. On 21 August 2019, the refreshment of scheme mandate limit under the share option scheme was approved by the shareholders of the Company at the annual general meeting by way of an ordinary resolution. The Company is thus entitled to issue a maximum of 966,270,593 shares upon exercise of the share options to be granted under the refreshed scheme mandate limit, representing 10% of the issued shares as at the date of the annual general meeting held on 21 August 2019. No share option was granted, exercised or cancelled under the share option scheme during the year.

As at 31 March 2020, the number of share options to subscribe for a total of 966,270,593 shares in the Company, representing approximately 10% of the total number of issued ordinary shares of the Company, may still be granted under the share option scheme.

購股權

本公司於二零一二年八月採納一項新購 股權計劃。購股權計劃的詳情載於綜合 財務報表附註37。於二零一九年一月十六 日,本公司根據購股權計劃向三名承授人 (為非僱員合資格參與者)授出可認購合 共289,800,000股本公司普通股的購股權。 行使價為每股0.26港元。授出購股權的詳 情(包括購股權的有效性)可參閱本公司 日期為二零一九年一月十六日的公佈。於 二零一九年八月二十一日,更新購股權計 劃之計劃授權限額一事已於股東週年大 會上獲本公司股東通過普通決議案而批 准。因此,本公司可於根據經更新計劃授 權限額授出之購股權獲行使時發行最多 966,270,593股股份,相當於二零一九年八 月二十一日舉行股東週年大會當日已發行 股份之10%。年內概無根據購股權計劃授 出、行使或註銷任何購股權。

於二零二零年三月三十一日,仍可根據購 股權計劃授出可認購合共966,270,593股本 公司普通股(相當於本公司之已發行普通股 總數約10%)的購股權。

SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDERS

As at 31 March 2020, so far as is known to any Directors or chief executives of the Company, the persons or corporations (other than a Director or chief executive of the Company) who had, or were deemed or taken to have an interest or short position in the shares or underlying shares of the Company as recorded in the register required to be kept under Section 336 of the SFO ("DI Register") or as otherwise notified to the Company were as follows:

Long positions

Ordinary shares of HK\$0.1 each of the Company

主要股東

於二零二零年三月三十一日,就本公司任 何董事或最高行政人員所知,以下人士或 法團(本公司董事或最高行政人員除外)本 公司於股份或相關股份中擁有或被視為或 被當作擁有記入根據證券及期貨條例第336 條之規定本公司須存置之登記冊(「權益登 記冊」)或須知會本公司之權益及淡倉:

好倉

本公司每股面值0.1港元之普通股

		Number of issued ordinary shares	Percentage of the issued share capital
Name	Capacity	, held 所持已發行	of the Company 佔本公司已發行
名稱	權益性質	普通股數目	股本之百分比
Hung Hon Man 洪漢文	Held by controlled corporation <i>(Note)</i> 由受控法團持有 (<i>附註)</i>	2,898,049,874	29.99%
Honeylink Agents Limited ("Honeylink")	Beneficial owner <i>(Note)</i> 實益擁有人 <i>(附註)</i>	2,898,049,874	29.99%

Note: Mr. Hung Hon Man is deemed to be interested in 2,898,049,874 ordinary shares of the Company which are held by Honeylink, a company incorporated in the British Virgin Islands with limited liability, the entire issued share capital of which is beneficially owned by Mr. Hung Hon Man.

Save as disclosed above, as at 31 March 2020, the Directors were not aware of any person or corporation (other than the Director and chief executives of the Company) who had, or were deemed or taken to have, any interests or short positions in any shares or underlying shares of the Company as recorded in DI Register or otherwise notified to the Company.

PRE-EMPTIVE RIGHTS

There is no provision for pre-emptive rights under the Company's Memorandum and Articles of Association, or the laws of the Cayman Islands, which would oblige the Company to offer new shares on a pro-rata basis to existing shareholders.

RETIREMENT BENEFITS SCHEME

Details of the Group's retirement benefits scheme are set out in note 39 to the consolidated financial statements.

有限公司,其全部已發行股本由洪漢文先 生實益擁有。 除上文所披露者外,於二零二零年三月 三十一日,董事並不知悉有任何人士或法 團(本公司董事及最高行政人員除外)於本

*附註:*洪漢文先生被視為擁有由Honeylink持有

之本公司2,898,049,874股普通股之權益。

Honevlink為於英屬處女群島註冊成立之

公司股份或相關股份中擁有或被視為或被 當作擁有記入根據權益登記冊或須知會本 公司之權益及淡倉。

優先購股權

本公司之公司組織章程大綱與細則或開曼 群島法例並無有關優先購股權之條文,即 規定本公司須按比例向現有股東提呈發售 新股份。

退休福利計劃

本集團退休福利計劃之詳情載於綜合財務 報表附註39。

PURCHASE, REDEMPTION OR SALE OF LISTED SECURITIES

During the year ended 31 March 2020, neither the Company nor any of its subsidiaries purchased, redeemed or sold any of the listed shares of the Company.

MAJOR CUSTOMERS AND SUPPLIERS

During the year ended 31 March 2020, the Group's turnover attributable to the Group's five largest customers accounted for less than 30% of the Group's total turnover.

The Group had no major suppliers due to the nature of the principal activities of the Group.

SUFFICIENCY OF PUBLIC FLOAT

The Company has maintained a sufficient public float throughout the year ended 31 March 2020.

DONATIONS

During the year, the Group made charitable and other donations amounting to HK\$90,000.

PERMITTED INDEMNITY PROVISION

The Company has maintained appropriate directors and officers liability insurance and such permitted indemnity provision for the benefit of the Directors is currently in force and was in force throughout the year ended 31 March 2020.

COMPLIANCE WITH THE CORPORATE GOVERNANCE CODE

Details of the compliance by the Company with the Corporate Governance Code as set out in Appendix 14 to the Listing Rules are on pages 17 to 37 of the Corporate Governance Report in this annual report.

EMOLUMENT POLICY

The emolument policy of the employees of the Group is set up by the Remuneration Committee on the basis of their merit, qualifications and competence.

The emoluments of the Directors are recommended by the Remuneration Committee and are decided by the Board, as authorised by the Shareholders at the annual general meeting, having regard to the Group's operating results, individual duties, responsibilities and performance, and the prevailing market conditions. No individual should determine his/her own remuneration.

購買、贖回或出售上市證券

於截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度, 本公司或其任何附屬公司概無購買、贖回 或出售本公司任何上市股份。

主要客戶及供應商

於截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度, 本集團五大客戶應佔之本集團營業額佔本 集團營業總額不足30%。

基於本集團主要業務之性質,本集團並無 主要供應商。

足夠之公眾持股量

本公司於截至二零二零年三月三十一日止 年度一直維持足夠之公眾持股量。

捐款

年內,本集團作出之慈善及其他捐款合共 90,000港元。

獲准許之彌償條文

本公司已維持適當之董事及人員責任保 險,而惠及董事的相關獲准許彌償條文 為現正生效以及於截至二零二零年三月 三十一日止年度內一直生效。

遵守企業管治守則

有關本公司遵守上市規則附錄14所載之企 業管治守則之詳情,載於本年報第17至37 頁之「企業管治報告」。

酬金政策

本集團之僱員酬金政策由薪酬委員會設 立,以僱員之表現、資歷及才幹為基準。

於股東週年大會上獲得股東的授權,董事 酬金由薪酬委員會推薦及由董事會決定, 並參考本集團的經營業績、董事的職務、 職責及表現,以及當時的市況而釐定。並 無個人應釐定其酬金。

BUSINESS REVIEW AND PERFORMANCE

A fair review of the Group's business, a discussion and analysis of the Group's performance during the year ended 31 March 2020 and an analysis of the likely future development of the Group's business are set out in the "Chairman's Statement and Management Discussion and Analysis" from pages 4 to 13 of this annual report. The discussion forms part of this directors' report.

In addition, discussion on the key relationships with the Group's major stakeholders, Group's environmental policy and performance as well as compliance with relevant laws and regulations which have significant impact on the Group are set out in the Company's Environmental, Social and Governance Report 2020 ("ESG Report"). The ESG Report will be published separately on the websites of the Company (http://www.getnice.com.hk) and the Stock Exchange news website (https://www.hkexnews.hk).

PRINCIPAL RISKS AND UNCERTAINTIES

The principal risks and uncertainties facing the Group include strategic, commercial, operational and financial risks.

Strategic risks

The Directors maintain a strategic plan together with a financial budget at the end of each financial year based on then knowledge to the external environments and a number of forecast and estimates. The Group would invest in capital expenditures or require additional working capital by way of equities or debts fund raising based on the strategic plan in order to cope with the market demand and competition. Given the rapid change of unforeseeable external environments in the financial industry and properties investment sector, the Group is facing significant strategic risks on its capital expenditures and working capital requirements when changing the strategic plans to adopt theunexpected changes of external environments.

Commercial risks

The Group is facing the keen competition by other securities brokers or financial institutions. To maintain the Group's competitiveness, the management uses cost leadership strategy as well as diversifying its business strategy to tackle other competitors.

Operational risks

Management regularly reviews the Group's operations to ensure that the Group's risk of financial or reputational losses, or inability to deliver services to customers, resulting from fraud, errors, omissions, failed internal processes, IT systems and compliance matters, are adequately managed. The Group has also established its own business continuity plan, including but not limited to implementation of cyber security control and comprehensive cyber testing programme, to protect the Group from risk of interruption to its business continuity.

Financial risks

The principal financial risks are set out in note 6 to consolidated financial statements heading "FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS" – "Financial risk management objectives and policies".

業務回顧及表現

本集團業務之中肯回顧、本集團截至二零 二零年三月三十一日止年度表現之討論與 分析及本集團業務可能之未來發展之分析 載於本年報第4至第13頁之「主席報告書及 管理層討論及分析」。有關討論構成本董事 會報告的一部份。

此外,有關與本集團主要持份者之重要關 係、本集團環保政策及表現及遵守對本集 團有重大影響之相關法律法規之討論載 於本公司之二零二零年之環境、社會及 管治報告(「環境、社會及管治報告」)。 環境、社會及管治報告將在本公司網站 (http://www.getnice.com.hk)及聯交所的披 露易網站(https://www.hkexnews.hk)另行刊 載。

主要風險和不確定因素

本集團面對的主要風險和不確定因素包括 策略、商業、營運和財務風險。

策略風險

董事根據其時所知的外部環境以及多項預 測和估計而在各財政年度年結時訂有策略 計劃及財務預算。本集團將根據該策略計 劃投資於資本開支或以股本或債務融資方 場需求和應對競爭。鑑於金融業及物業方 場界別的不可預見外部環境的轉變迅速,本 能預見的轉變時,乃就本身的資本開支及 營運資金需求面對顯著的策略風險。

商業風險

本集團正面對其他證券經紀行或金融機構 的激烈競爭。為保持本集團的競爭力,管 理層採用成本領先策略以及業務多元化發 展策略來應對其他對手的競爭。

營運風險

管理層定期審視本集團的營運,以確保本 集團因欺詐、錯誤、遺漏、內部程序、信 息技術系統和合規事宜的不足而蒙受財務 或聲譽損失或無法向客戶提供服務的風險 得到充分管控。本集團亦制訂本身的業務 永續計劃及監察措施(包括但不限於實施網 絡安全控制及全面的網絡測試計劃),以就 本集團業務持續運作受到中斷的風險為本 集團提供保障。

財務風險

主要財務風險載於綜合財務報表附註6 「金融工具」--「財務風險管理目標及政策」。

書。本公司認為獨立非執行董事於截至二

董事會報告

零二零年三月三十一日止財政年度是獨立 於本公司管理層以及並無任何關係將嚴重 干擾彼等作出獨立判斷。

本公司已收到各獨立非執行董事根據上市

規則第3.13條就其獨立性發出之週年確認

核數師

中審眾環(香港)會計師事務所有限公司 (「中審眾環」)已於德勤•關黃陳方會計師 行辭任後在二零一八年三月二十三日首度 獲委任為本公司核數師。

本集團截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年 度之綜合財務報表乃由中審眾環審核,其 任期將於應屆股東週年大會屆滿。

一項續聘中審眾環為本公司核數師之決議 案將於應屆股東週年大會上提呈。

代表董事會

主席 **洪漢文**

二零二零年六月二十九日

The Company has received an annual confirmation of independence pursuant to Rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules from each of the independent non-executive Directors. The Company considers the independent non-executive Directors to be independent of the management of the Company and are free from any relationship that would materially interfere with the exercise of their independent judgements for the financial year ended 31 March 2020.

AUDITOR

Mazars CPA Limited ("Mazars") was first appointed as auditor of the Company on 23 March 2018 upon resignation of Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu.

The consolidated financial statements of the Group for the year ended 31 March 2020 were audited by Mazars whose term of office will expire upon the forthcoming annual general meeting.

A resolution for the reappointment of Mazars as the auditor of the Company will be proposed at the forthcoming annual general meeting.

On behalf of the Board

Hung Hon Man CHAIRMAN

29 June 2020

獨立非執行董事確認獨立性

DIRECTORS' REPORT

洪道



TO THE MEMBERS OF GET NICE HOLDINGS LIMITED

(incorporated in the Cayman Islands with limited liability)

Opinion

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of Get Nice Holdings Limited (the "Company") and its subsidiaries (together the "Group") set out on pages 63 to 219, which comprise the consolidated statement of financial position as at 31 March 2020, and the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, the consolidated statement of changes in equity and the consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Group as at 31 March 2020, and of its financial performance and cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards ("HKFRSs") issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants (the "HKICPA") and have been properly prepared in compliance with the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Hong Kong Standards on Auditing ("HKSAs") issued by the HKICPA. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the "Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements" section of our report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with the HKICPA's Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (the "Code"), and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgement, were of most significance in our audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the consolidated financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

MAZARS CPA LIMITED 中審眾環(香港)會計師事務所有限公司

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致結好控股有限公司列位股東

(於開曼群島註冊成立之有限公司)

意見

本核數師已審核第63至219頁所載結好控股 有限公司(「貴公司」)及其附屬公司(統稱 「貴集團」)之綜合財務報表,當中包括於 二零二零年三月三十一日之綜合財務狀況 表,以及截至該日止年度之綜合損益及其 他全面收益表、綜合權益變動表及綜合現 金流量表以及綜合財務報表附註,包括主 要會計政策概要。

本核數師認為,綜合財務報表已根據香港 會計師公會(「香港會計師公會」)所頒佈 之香港財務報告準則(「香港財務報告準 則」),真實公平地顯示 貴集團於二零二 零年三月三十一日之財務狀況以及截至該 日止年度之財務表現及現金流量,並已按 照香港公司條例之披露規定妥為編製。

意見之基準

本核數師乃按照香港會計師公會頒佈之香 港核數準則(「香港核數準則」)進行審核工 作。本核數師於該等準則下承擔的責任已 於本報告「核數師就審核綜合財務報表承 擔之責任」部分中作進一步闡述。根據 一步闡述。則(「守 進會計師公會之專業會計師道德守則(「守 則規定之其他道德責任。本核數師相 信,本核數師所獲取審核證明已為本核數 師之審核意見提供充份及合理基準。

關鍵審核事項

關鍵審核事項乃根據本核數師之專業判 斷,認為對本期間綜合財務報表之審核最 為重要之事項。這些事項乃於本核數師審 核整體綜合財務報表及就此出具意見時處 理。本核數師不會對這些事項提供單獨意 見。

Key Audit Matters – continued

關鍵審核事項-續

Loss allowance for expected credit losses ("ECL") on loans and advances 貸款及墊款之預期信貸虧損(「預期信貸虧損」) 之虧損撥備

Related disclosures are included in notes 4, 6 and 24 to the consolidated financial statements. 綜合財務報表附註4、6及24所載之相關披露

Key Audit Matter 關鍵審核事項

At 31 March 2020, loans and advances amounting to approximately HK\$689 million, net of loss allowance for ECL of approximately HK\$11 million, represent 10% of the total assets of the Group.

於二零二零年三月三十一日,貸款及墊款為約 689,000,000港元(扣除預期信貸虧損之虧損撥備約 11,000,000港元),佔 貴集團資產總值之10%。

Management assessed the provision for ECL of loan and advances based on the estimate of credit losses over the expected life of these receivables and considered whether there were or will be any events or changes in circumstances that indicated or may indicate a detrimental impact on the estimated future cash flows of these balances.

管理層根據該等應收款項預期年期內的信貸虧損估 計及考慮是否已經有或將會有任何事件或情況變動 而已顯示或可能顯示對該等結餘的估計未來現金流 量造成不利影響,評估貸款及墊款的預期信貸虧損 撥備。

We considered this matter to be a key audit matter due to the significant amounts involved and the significant judgement in evaluating the recoverability of the balances and in turn, among other factors, credit worthiness of the borrowers.

本核數師將此事宜識別為關鍵審核事項,此乃基於 涉及之金額重大及評估結餘之可收回成數及以至(除 其他因素外)借款人之信譽時涉及重大判斷。

How our audit addressed the Key Audit Matter 本核數師的審計如何處理關鍵審計事項

Our procedures, among others, included: 本核數師之程序(除其他程序外)包括:

- understanding, through enquiry with the management, the established policies and procedures on credit risk management of receivables from money lending business;
 通過向管理層查詢而了解放債業務之應收款項 信貸風險管理之既定政策和程序;
- evaluating the credit risk management process including the process for identification of impaired loans and advances and the measurement of the loss allowance;
 評估信貸風險管理程序,包括識別減值貸款及 墊款以及計量虧損撥備之程序;
- assessing, on a sample basis, the fair value of the secured properties for the loans and advances by making reference to the recent open market value of similar properties at nearby locations; and 經參考鄰近地區同類物業之最近公開市值對貸 款及墊款之有抵押物業之公允值進行抽樣評估; 及
 - assessing management's judgement over the ECL and creditworthiness of the borrowers by assessing, on a sample basis, the available information, such as background information of the borrowers, recoverable amount of pledged properties and securities collateral, past due information, past collection history of borrowers, concentration risk of borrowers, the Group's actual loss experience and subsequent settlement of the loan and interest receivables.
 - 通過抽樣評估可用資料(例如借款人的背景資料、抵押物業及證券抵押品的可收回金額、逾 期資料、過往向借款人收款的記錄、借款人的 集中風險、本集團的實際虧損經驗和其後結清 貸款和應收利息)而評估管理層對預期信貸虧損 和借款人信譽的判斷。

Key Audit Matters - continued

關鍵審核事項-續

Loss allowance for ECL on accounts receivable from margin clients arising from the business of dealing in securities margin financing 證券保證金融資業務產生之應收保證金客戶賬項預期信貸虧損之虧損撥備

Related disclosures are included in notes 4, 6 and 25 to the consolidated financial statements. 綜合財務報表附註4、6及25所載之相關披露

Key Audit Matter 關鍵審核事項

At 31 March 2020, the accounts receivable from margin clients arising from the business of dealing in securities margin financing amounted to approximately HK\$3,544 million, net of loss allowance for ECL of approximately HK\$148 million. These represent 49% of the total assets of the Group.

於二零二零年三月三十一日,證券保證金融資業務產 生之應收保證金客戶賬項為約3,544,000,000港元(扣 除預期信貸虧損之虧損撥備約148,000,000港元),佔 貴集團資產總值之49%。

Management assessed the provision for ECL of accounts receivable from margin clients based on various inputs such as loan-to-value percentage, default rate provided by credit rating agency or other relevant information together with forward-looking analysis.

管理層根據貸款對價值百分比、信貸評級機構提供 的違約率或其他相關資料以及前瞻性分析等各種輸 入數據而評估應收保證金客戶賬項的預期信貸虧損 撥備。

We considered this matter to be a key audit matter due to the significance of the balance and the significant judgement in determining ECL on the accounts receivable from margin clients.

本核數師將此事宜識別為關鍵審核事項,此乃基於 結餘之重要性及釐定應收保證金客戶賬項之預期信 貸虧損時涉及重大判斷。

How our audit addressed the Key Audit Matter 本核數師的審計如何處理關鍵審計事項

Our procedures, among others, included: 本核數師之程序(除其他程序外)包括:

- considering the relevance and reasonableness of key assumptions over the ECL assessment, and the relevance and accuracy of the source data used in the assessment;
 考慮預期信貸虧損評估的關鍵假設之相關性和 合理性,以及評估中使用的源數據的相關性和 準確性;
- evaluating the credit risk management process including the process for identification of impaired accounts receivable from margin clients and the measurement of the loss allowance; 評估信貸風險管理程序,包括識別減值應收保 證金客戶賬項以及計量虧損撥備之程序;
- checking, on a sample basis, the existence and accuracy of the recoverable amount of the securities collateral, to supporting documents and with reference to closing market price; 根據支持文件並參考收市價抽查證券抵押品存 在與否以及其可收回金額之準確性;
- comparing, on a sample basis, the recoverable amount of the securities collateral with the accounts receivable from each individual margin clients to determine whether there was any shortfall; and 將證券抵押品之可收回金額與各個別應收保證 金客戶賬項作抽樣比較,以釐定是否有任何短 欠金額;及
- assessing the sufficiency of the loss allowance recognised with respect to the above shortfall, after taking into account other factors such as credit worthiness, past collection history and repayment subsequent to reporting period.

在考慮到信譽、收款記錄及報告期後之還款後, 評估就上述短欠金額確認之虧損撥備是否足夠。

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Other Information

The directors of the Company are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Company's 2020 annual report, but does not include the consolidated financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the consolidated financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the consolidated financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the consolidated financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of Directors and Those Charged with Governance for the Consolidated Financial Statements

The directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation of the consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with HKFRSs issued by the HKICPA and the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Group's financial reporting process.

其他資料

貴公司董事對其他資料負責。其他資料包括 貴公司二零二零年年報所載之資料, 惟不包括綜合財務報表及當中所載之本核 數師報告。

本核數師對綜合財務報表之意見並不涵蓋 其他資料,而本核數師並不就此發表任何 形式之核證結論。

就本核數師對綜合財務報表之審核而言, 本核數師之責任是閱讀其他資料,並在此 過程中,考慮其他資料是否與綜合財務報 表或本核數師在審核過程中所知悉者存 有重大抵觸或於其他方面出現重大錯誤陳 述。基於本核數師已進行之工作,倘本核 數師認為此其他資料出現重大錯誤陳述, 則須報告該事。本核數師在此方面毋須報 告。

董事及負責管治人員對綜合財務報表之責 任

貴公司董事須負責按照香港會計師公會所 頒佈之香港財務報告準則及香港公司條例 之披露規定編製真實公平之綜合財務報 表,並負責董事認為必要之內部監控,確 保編製之綜合財務報表時並無任何基於欺 詐或謬誤而出現之重大錯誤陳述。

於編製綜合財務報表時,董事須負責評估 貴集團持續經營之能力,於適用情況 披露與持續經營有關之事宜,並使用持續 經營會計基準,除非董事有意令 貴集團 清盤或停止經營,或別無其他實際方案而 為之則另作別論。

負責管治之人員須負責監察 貴集團之財 務申報程序。

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. This report is made solely to you, as a body, in accordance with our agreed terms of engagement, and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility towards or accept liability to any other person for the contents of this report.

Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with HKSAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with HKSAs, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the directors.

核數師就審核綜合財務報表之責任

本核數師之目標,乃就綜合財務報表整體 是否不存在由於欺詐或錯誤而導致之重大 錯誤陳述取得合理保證,並出具包括本核 數師意見之核數師報告。本報告乃根據本 核數師之協定委聘條款僅向全體股東,除 此之外別無其他目的。本核數師概不就本 報告內容向任何其他人士負責或承擔負債。

合理保證乃高水平之保證,惟不能保證按 照香港核數準則進行之審核總能識別某一 已出現之重大錯誤陳述。錯誤陳述可以由 欺詐或錯誤引起,倘能合理預期個別或共 同影響使用者依據該等綜合財務報表所作 出之經濟決定,則有關錯誤陳述可被視作 重大。

作為根據香港核數準則進行審核之一部 分,本核數師在審核過程中運用專業判斷 並保持專業懷疑態度。本核數師亦:

- 識別及評估由於欺詐或錯誤而導致 綜合財務報表存在重大錯誤陳述之 風險,設計及執行審核程序以應對該 等風險,以及獲取充足及適當之審核 憑證,作為本核數師意見之基礎。由 於欺詐可能涉及串謀、偽造、蓄意遺 漏、虛假陳述,或凌駕於內部控制之 上,因此未能發現因欺詐而導致之重 大錯誤陳述之風險高於未能發現因錯 誤而導致之重大錯誤陳述之風險。
- 了解與審核相關之內部控制,以設計 於有關情況適當之審核程序,但目的 並非對 貴集團內部控制之有效性發 表意見。
- 評價董事所採用會計政策之恰當性及 作出會計估計及相關披露之合理性。

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Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements – continued

- Conclude on the appropriateness of the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Group to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

核數師就審核綜合財務報表之責任-續

- 對董事採用持續經營會計基準之恰 當性作出結論。根據所獲取之審核憑 證,確定是否存在與事件或情況有關 之重大不確定性,從而可能導致對 貴集團之持續經營能力產生重大疑 慮。倘本核數師認為存在重大不確定 性,則有必要在核數師報告中提請使 用者注意綜合財務報表中之相關披 露,或倘有關披露不足,則應當修訂 本核數師之意見。本核數師之結論乃 基於截至核數師報告日期所取得之審 核憑證。然而,未來事件或情況可能 導致 貴集團不能持續經營。
- 評價綜合財務報表之整體呈列方式、
 結構和內容(包括披露),以及綜合財
 務報表是否以中肯之方式呈列相關交易及事件。
- 就 貴集團旗下實體或業務活動之財 務資料獲取充足、適當之審核憑證, 以便對綜合財務報表發表意見。本核 數師負責集團審計之方向、監督與執 行。本核數師為審計意見承擔全部責 任。

本核數師與負責管治之人員就(其中包括) 審核之計劃範圍及時間安排以及重大審核 結果(包括本核數師在審核中所識別內部控 制之任何重大缺陷)進行溝通。

本核數師亦向負責管治之人員提交聲明, 說明本核數師已符合有關獨立性之相關道 德要求,並與彼等溝通或會可能合理地認 為對本核數師之獨立性產生影響之所有關 係及其他事項,以及在適用情況之相關防 範措施。

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements – continued

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law and regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

核數師就審核綜合財務報表之責任-續

從與負責管治之人員溝通之事宜中,本核 數師確定對本期間綜合財務報表之審核最 為重要之事項,因而構成關鍵審核事項。 本核數師在核數師報告中描述該等事項, 除非法律或法規不允許公開披露有關事 項,或在極端罕見之情況,因合理預期在 本核數師之報告中傳達某事項所造成負面 後果超過所產生之公眾利益,則本核數師 決定不應在報告中傳達該事項。

Mazars CPA Limited

Certified Public Accountants Hong Kong, 29 June 2020

The engagement director on the audit resulting in this independent auditor's report is:

Fong Chin Lung

Practising Certificate Number: P07321

中審眾環(香港)會計師事務所有限公司 執業會計師 香港,二零二零年六月二十九日

出具本獨立核數師報告之審核項目董事為:

方展龍 執業證書編號:P07321

綜合損益及其他全面收益表

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度 Year ended 31 March 2020

			2020	2019
			二零二零年	二零一九年
		Notes	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		附註	千港元	千港元
Revenue	收益	7	524,524	561,905
		, ,	<i>y=_,y=_</i>	
Other operating income	其他營運收入	9	6,203	4,409
Other gains and losses, net	其他收益及虧損淨額	10	(113,452)	(37,222)
Amortisation and depreciation	攤銷及折舊	18	(7,959)	(7,687)
Commission expenses	佣金開支		(7,020)	(9,460)
Net impairment loss on accounts	應收賬項之減值虧損淨額			
receivable		6	(110,907)	(20,085)
Reversal (Provision) of net impairment	貸款及墊款之減值虧損淨額之			
loss on loans and advances	撥回(撥備)	6	2,915	(16,508)
Reversal of net impairment loss on	撥回強制按公允值計入其他全	Ť	-,/-/	(
Mandatory FVOCI	面收益之減值虧損淨額	6	1,517	1,129
Staff costs	員工成本	11	(24,526)	(23,386)
Finance costs	融資成本	12	(32,265)	(97,371)
Other expenses	其他開支	12		(44,552)
Other expenses	共 他两义		(34,750)	(44,))2)
Profit before taxation	税前溢利	13	204,280	311,172
Income tax expense	所得税開支	15	(47,552)	(79,076)
	ЛКИХ	1)	(1/,))2)	(7,070)
Profit for the year	本年度溢利		156,728	232,096
	其他全面收益(開支)			
Other comprehensive income	兵他王闻收益(用文)			
(expense)	壮体手亦八柄子可他手亦八			
Items that are reclassified or may be	其後重新分類或可能重新分			
reclassified subsequently to profit or	類至損益之項目			
loss				
Exchange difference arising on	換算海外業務產生之			
translation of foreign operations	匯兑差額		(12,237)	(15,922)
Fair value gain on Mandatory	出售時重新分類至損益之			
FVOCI reclassified to profit or	強制按公允值計入其他			
loss upon disposal	全面收益之公允值收益		2,333	104
Fair value loss on Mandatory	強制按公允值計入其他全			
FVOCI	面收益之公允值虧損		(21,440)	(540)
Deferred tax arising on revaluation	重估強制按公允值計入			
of Mandatory FVOCI	其他全面收益產生之遞			
	延税項	35	3,153	72
Items that will not be reclassified to	不會重新分類至損益之項目			
profit or loss				
Fair value gain (loss) on	指定按公允值計入其他			
Designated FVOCI	全面收益之公允值收益			
0	(虧損)		1,929	(6,083)
Deferred tax arising on revaluation	重估指定按公允值計入其		-,/-/	(0,000)
of Designated FVOCI	他全面收益產生之遞延			
of Designated 1 + 0 of	税項	35	(318)	1,004
Surplus on revaluation of propertie		57	1,114	2,770
Deferred tax arising on revaluation	物業重估產生之遞延税項		1,117	2,770
of properties	WASE HALLO COUR	35	(184)	(457)
		~ ~ ~	(101)	(-57)
Total other comprehensive expense	本年度其他全面開支總額			
for the year			(25,650)	(19,052)
	土在古人王山以供知			
Total comprehensive income for	本年度全面收益總額			010.0//
the year			131,078	213,044

綜合損益及其他全面收益表 CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度 Year ended 31 March 2020

		Notes 附註	2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元	2019 二零一九年 HK\$'000 千港元
Profit for the year attributable to: Owners of the Company Non-controlling interests	以下人士應佔本年度溢利 : 本公司擁有人 非控股權益		118,295 38,433	195,080 37,016
			156,728	232,096
Total comprehensive income attributable to:	以下人士應佔全面收益總額:			
Owners of the Company Non-controlling interests	本公司擁有人 非控股權益		93,781 37,297	175,403 37,641
			131,078	213,044
	左肌 머리		HK cents 港仙	HK cents 港仙
Earnings per share Basic Diluted	每股盈利 基本 攤薄	17 17	1.22 1.22	2.02 2.02

综合財務狀況表 CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

於二零二零年三月三十一日 At 31 March 2020

		Г		
			2020	2019
			二零二零年	二零一九年
		Notes	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		附註	千港元	千港元
Non-current assets	非流動資產			
Property and equipment / Prepaid	物業及設備/預付租賃款項			
lease payments and property and	以及物業及設備			
equipment	以及初来及政備	18	106,387	112,407
Investment properties	投資物業	19	874,074	881,896
Intangible assets	無形資產	20	8,413	8,413
Goodwill	商譽	20	15,441	15,441
Other assets	同會其他資產	21		
		23	4,392	3,517
Deposit paid for acquisition of a	收購一間附屬公司之已付 按金	(0(1))	(200	
subsidiary		40(b)	6,200	-
Deferred tax assets	遞延税項資產 (4) (4) (4) (4) (4) (4) (4) (4) (4) (4)	35	4,450	1,266
Loans and advances	貸款及墊款	24	32,568	47,553
Investments in securities	證券投資	26	260,505	582,424
			1,312,430	1,652,917
Current assets	流動資產			
Accounts receivable	應收賬項	25	3,564,867	3,707,421
Loans and advances	貸款及墊款	24	656,645	1,038,647
Prepayments, deposits and other	預付款項、按金及			
receivables	其他應收款項	27	56,942	29,868
Tax recoverable	可收回税項		23,312	7,637
Investments in securities	證券投資	26	247,740	232,684
Bank balances – client accounts	銀行結餘-客戶賬戶	28	445,239	1,143,120
Bank balances – general accounts	銀行結餘-一般賬戶			
and cash	及現金	29	905,175	505,871
			5,899,920	6,665,248
Current liabilities	流動負債	20		1.10(.000
Accounts payable	應付賬項	30	478,475	1,196,203
Accrued charges and other payables	應計費用及其他應付賬項	32	7,734	10,661
Amounts due to non-controlling	欠非控股股東款項			1
shareholders		31	30,257	43,665
Tax payable	應付税項		139,203	144,724
Bank borrowings	銀行借貸	33	-	50,000
Liability component of convertible	一間上市附屬公司發行之			
bonds issued by a listed subsidiary	可換股債券之負債部分	34	-	233,524
			655,669	1,678,777
Net	公 計 咨 忞 河 苑		5 244 251	4 006 471
Net current assets	流動資產淨額		5,244,251	4,986,471
Total assets less current liabilities	總資產減流動負債		6,556,681	6,639,388

综合財務狀況表 CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

於二零二零年三月三十一日 At 31 March 2020

			2020	2019		
			二零二零年	二零一九年		
		Notes	HK\$'000	HK\$'000		
		附註	千港元	千港元		
Non-current liabilities	非流動負債					
Deferred tax liabilities	遞延税項負債	35	7,820	6,506		
NET ASSETS	資產淨額		6,548,861	6,632,882		
			-,			
Capital and reserves	資本及儲備					
Share capital	股本	36	966,270	966,270		
Reserves	儲備		4,500,849	4,498,789		
Equity attributable to owners of	本公司擁有人應佔權益					
the Company			5,467,119	5,465,059		
Non-controlling interests	非控股權益					
Existing	現有	48	1,081,742	1,061,514		
Potential	潛在	34	-	106,309		
TOTAL EQUITY	總權益		6,548,861	6,632,882		

The consolidated financial statements on pages 63 to 219 were approved and authorised for issue by the Board of Directors on 29 June 2020 and are signed on its behalf by:

> Hung Hon Man 洪漢文 Director 董事

第63頁至第219頁之綜合財務報表由董事會 於二零二零年六月二十九日批准及授權刊 發,並由下列董事代表簽署:

Cham Wai Ho, Anthony 湛威豪 Director 董事

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CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度 Year ended 31 March 2020

綜合權益變動表

						Attribu	utable to equity 本公司援	holders of the ([有人應佔	Company				Non-controllir 非控股		
		Notes 附註	Share capital 股本 HKS ⁶ 000 千港元	Share premium 股份溢價 HKS'000 千港元 (note i)	Special reserve 特別儲備 HKS [®] 000 千港元 (note ii)	Property revaluation reserve 物業 重估儲備 HK\$'000 千港元 (note iii)	Investments revaluation reserve (recycling) 投資重估 儲備(可轉撥) HKS ⁰⁰⁰⁰ 千港元 (note iv)	Investments revaluation reserve (non- recycling) 投資重估 儲備(非轉撥) HKS'000 千港元 (note v)	Share option reserve 購股權 儲備 HKS'000 千港元 (note 37)	Translation reserve 匯兑儲備 HKS'000 千港元 (note vi)	Retained profits 保留溢利 HKS [®] 000 千港元	Total 總額 HK\$'000 千港元	Existing 現有 HK\$ [©] 000 千港元	Potential 潛在 HK\$'000 千港元 (note 34)	Total 總額 HK\$°000 千港元
L 1 L 10010	₩→母 ↓左冊日 日		0((270	(附註i)	(附註ii)	(附註iii)	(附註iv)	(附註v)	(附註37)	(附註vi)	1 225 225	5 (15 050	1.052.0//	(附註34)	((01 5/1
At 1 April 2018 Impact on initial application of HKFRS 9	於二零一八年四月一日 首次應用香港財務報告準 則第9號之影響		966,270	2,953,199	159,147	14,888	(3,528) 11,164	_	_	557	1,325,325 (17,487)	5,415,858 (6,323)	1,053,064	212,619	6,681,541 (6,323)
As restated	經重列		966,270	2,953,199	159,147	14,888	7,636	-	-	557	1,307,838	5,409,535	1,053,064	212,619	6,675,218
Profit for the year	本年度溢利		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	195,080	195,080	37,016	-	232,096
Other comprehensive income (expense) Item that are reclassified or may be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss - Exchange difference axising on translation of foreign operations - Fair value gain on Mandatory FVOCI reclassified to profit or loss upon dimensi	其他全面收益(開支) <i>其後重新分類或可能重新 分類至損益之項目</i> - 換算海外業務產生之 麗兌差額 - 出售時重新分類否損 益之強制技公允慎 等計1世心一面少		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(15,922)	-	(15,922)	-	-	(15,922)
disposal – Fair value loss on Mandatory FVOCI	計入其他全面收益 之公允值收益 - 強制按公允值計入其 他全面收益之公允		-	-	-	-	104	-	-	-	-	104	-	-	104
- Deferred tax arising on revaluation of Mandatory FVOCI Items that will not be reclassified	值虧損 -重估強制按公允值計 人其他全面收益產 生之遞延税項 不會重新分類至損益之	35	-	-	-	-	(540) 72	-	-	-	-	(540) 72	-	-	(540) 72
to profit or loss – Fair value loss on Designated FVOCI	項目 - 指定按公允值計入其 他全面收益之公允 值虧損		-	-	-	-	-	(6,083)	-	-	-	(6,083)	-	_	(6,083)
 Deferred tax arising on revaluation of Designated FVOCI Surplus on revaluation of properties 	- 重估指定按公允值計 入其他全面收益產 生之遞延税項 - 物業重估盈餘	35	-	-	-	2,022	-	1,004	-	-	-	1,004 2,022	748	-	1,004 2,770
 Deferred tax arising on revaluation of properties 	-物業重估產生之遞延 税項	35	-	-	-	(334)	-	-	-	-	-	(334)	(123)	-	(457)
Total other comprehensive income (expense)	其他全面收益(開支) 總額		-	-	-	1,688	(364)	(5,079)	-	(15,922)	-	(19,677)	625	_	(19,052)
Total comprehensive income (expense) for the year	本年度全面收益(開支) 總額		-	-	-	1,688	(364)	(5,079)	-	(15,922)	195,080	175,403	37,641	-	213,044
Transactions with equity holders Contributions and distributions – Dividends to owners – Dividends to non-controlling interests of a non-wholly owned subsidiary	與股權持有人之交易 出資及分派 - 向擁有人之股息 - 向非全資附屬公司 非控版權益之股息	16	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(193,254)	(193,254)	- (53,091)	-	(193,254) (53,091)
 Recognition of equity-settled share-based payments 	-確認以權益結算以股 份支付	37	-	-	-	-	-	-	8,776	-	-	8,776	-	-	8,776
			-	-	-	_	-	-	8,776	-	(193,254)	(184,478)	(53,091)	-	(237,569)
Changes in ownership interests – Redemption of convertible bonds – Disposal of interests in a subsidiary without loss of control	<i>操有權權益變動</i> - 贖回可換股債券 - 出售一同附屬公司之 權益而並無失去控	34	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	64,595	64,595	23,904	(106,310)	(17,811)
without ioss of collifor	催缸叫业無大云往 制權		-	-	-	-	_	-	-	-	4	4	(4)	-	-
			-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	64,599	64,599	23,900	(106,310)	(17,811)
At 31 March 2019	於二零一九年 三月三十一日		966,270	2,953,199	159,147	16,576	7,272	(5,079)	8,776	(15,365)	1,374,263	5,465,059	1,061,514	106,309	6,632,882

综合權益變動表 CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度 Year ended 31 March 2020

			Attributable to equity holders of the Company 本公司第有人應佔								Non-controlling interests 非控股權益				
					Special revalue reserve re 特別儲備 重估 HKS'000 HK 千港元 千 (note ii) (no	Investm Property revalua revaluation ress reserve (recycl 物業 投資員	Investments revaluation reserve (recycling) 投資重估 儲備(可轉撥)	ts Investments on revaluation ve reserve (non- g) recycling) 估投資重估 股) 儲備(非轉撥) 00 HK\$ ⁰⁰⁰ 元 千捲元 iv) (note v)	Share option reserve 購股權 儲備 HKS'000 千港元 (note 37) (附註37)	Translation reserve 匯兑儲備 HKS'000 千港元 (note vi) (附註vi)	Retained profits 保留溢利 HKS'000 千港元	Total 總額 HK\$'000 千港元	Existing 現有 HK\$'000 千港元	Potential 潛在 HK\$'000 千港元 (note 34) (附註34)	Total 總額 HK\$'000 千港元
		Notes 附註				HK\$'000 千港元 (note iii) (附註iii)	HK\$'000 HK\$'000 千港元 千港元 (note iii) (note iv)								
At 1 April 2019 Profit for the year	於二零一九年四月一日 本年度溢利		966,270 -	2,953,199 -	159,147 -	16,576 -	7,272	(5,079) -	8,776 -	(15,365)	1,374,263 118,295	5,465,059 118,295	1,061,514 38,433	106,309 -	6,632,882 156,728
Other comprehensive income (expense) Item: that are reclassified or may be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss	分類至損益之項目														
 Exchange difference arising on translation of foreign operations Fair value gain on Mandatory FVOCI reclassified to profit or loss upon disposal 	 一換算海外業務產生之		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(12,237)	-	(12,237)	-	-	(12,237
– Fair value loss on Mandatory FVOCI	之公允值收益 一強制按公允值計入其 他全面收益之公允		-	-	-	-	2,333	-	-	-	-	2,333	-	-	2,333
– Deferred tax arising on revaluation of Mandatory FVOCI	值虧損 一重估強制按公允值計 入其他全面收益產 生之遞延税項	35	-	-	-	-	(21,440) 3,153	-	-	-	-	(21,440)	-	-	(21,440)
Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss – Fair value gain on Designated FVOCI	不會重新分類至損益之 項目 一指定按公允值計入其 他全面收益之公允							3 100					(1.2(0))		
– Deferred tax arising on revaluation of Designated FVOCI	值收益 一重估指定按公允值計 入其他全面收益產 生之遞延税項	35	-	-	-	-	-	3,189	-	-	-	3,189	(1,260)	-	1,929
 Surplus on revaluation of properties Deferred tax arising on revaluation of properties 	-物業重估盈餘 -物業重估產生之遞延 税項	35	-	-	-	813 (134)	-	-	-	-	-	813 (134)	301 (50)	-	1,114 (184)
Total other comprehensive income (expense)	其他全面收益(開支) 總額		-	-	-	679	(15,954)	2,998	-	(12,237)	-	(24,514)	(1,136)	-	(25,650
Total comprehensive income (expense) for the year	本年度全面收益(開支) 總額		-	-	-	679	(15,954)	2,998	-	(12,237)	118,295	93,781	37,297	-	131,078
Transactions with equity holders Contributions and distributions – Dividends to owners	與股權持有人之交易 <i>出資及分派</i> 一向擁有人之股息	16	-	_	_	_	-	-	_	-	(169,097)	(169,097)	-	-	(169,097)
– Dividends to non-controlling interests of a non-wholly owned subsidiary	一向非全資附屬公司 非控股權益之股息		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(47,273)	-	(47,273)
Changes in ownership interests	藤有權權益變動		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(169,097)	(169,097)	(47,273)	-	(216,370)
Conge in ownersny interess - Redemption of convertible bonds - Acquisition of non-controlling interests in a subsidiary	非行僅僅重要約 一贖回可換股債券 一收購一間附屬公司之 非控股權益	34 46	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		77,592 (216)	77,592 (216)	28,717 46	(106,309)	(170
			-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	77,376	77,376	28,763	(106,309)	(170
Disposal of subsidiaries	出售附屬公司	45	-	-	-	-	-	2,081	-	-	(2,081)	-	1,441	-	1,441
At 31 March 2020	於二零二零年 三月三十一日		966,270	2,953,199	159,147	17,255	(8,682)	-	8,776	(27,602)	1,398,756	5,467,119	1,081,742	-	6,548,861

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度 Year ended 31 March 2020

綜合權益變動表

Notes:

(i) Share premium represents the excess of the net proceeds or consideration from issuance of the Company's shares over their par value.

Under the Companies Law (as revised) of the Cayman Islands, the share premium of the Company is available for distribution or paying dividends to shareholders subject to the provisions of its Memorandum and Articles of Association and provided that immediately following the distribution of dividends, the Company is able to pay its debts as they fall due in the ordinary course of business.

(ii) The special reserve of the Group represents the following:

As set out in the prospectus of the Company dated 24 May 2002, a group reorganisation (the "Reorganisation") was completed on 16 May 2002, which principally involved the exchange of shares of the Company with all the issued share capital of Get Nice Incorporated ("GN Incorporated"). An amount of approximately HK\$123,337,000 represents the difference between the nominal value of the shares of the subsidiaries together with the net book value of a subordinated loan capitalised at the date on which they were acquired by the Company and the nominal amount of the Company's shares issued for the acquisition at the time of the Reorganisation prior to the listing of the Company's shares, as well as the difference between the consolidated shareholders' funds of the acquired subsidiaries and the nominal value of the GN Incorporated's shares issued for the acquisition at the time of the Reorganisation prior to the listing of the Company's shares.

As set out in the prospectus of Get Nice Financial Group Limited ("GNFG"), a subsidiary of the Company, dated 24 March 2016 (the "Prospectus"), shareholders of the Company would be entitled to one share of GNFG for every 40 shares of the Company held on the Record Date (as defined in the Prospectus). An amount of approximately HK\$35,810,000 represents the difference between the proportionate share of the interest in GNFG and the net assets value on Record Date in relation to the distribution in specie arising from the listing of the shares of GNFG on 8 April 2016.

- (iii) Property revaluation reserve deals with revaluation adjustments of property and equipment in accordance with the accounting policies adopted in note 2 to the consolidated financial statements.
- (iv) Investment revaluation reserve (recycling) represents the cumulative net changes in the fair value of Mandatory FVOCI, if any, at the end of the reporting period and is dealt with in accordance with the accounting policies adopted.
- (v) Investment revaluation reserve (non-recycling) comprises the accumulated net change in the fair value of Designated FVOCI that have been recognised in other comprehensive income, net of the amounts transferred to retained earnings when those investments are disposed of.
- (vi) Translation reserve of the Group comprises all foreign exchange differences arising from translation of the financial statements of the Group's subsidiaries. The reserve is dealt with in accordance with the accounting policies as set out in note 2 to the consolidated financial statements.

附註:

(i) 股份溢價賬代表發行本公司股份之所得款 項淨額或代價超出其面值之金額。

> 根據開曼群島公司法(經修訂),本公司之 股份溢價賬可按照其組織章程大綱及細則 之條文供分派或派付股息,惟緊隨股息分 派後,本公司能夠支付其於日常業務過程 中之到期債項。

- (ii) 本集團之特別儲備代表以下各項:
 - 誠如本公司日期為二零零二年五月二十四 日之招股章程所載,一項集團重組(「重 組」)已於二零零二年五月十六日完成, 重組主要涉及以本公司股份交換Get Nice Incorporated(「GN Incorporated」)之全部已 發行股本。約123,337,000港元之款額代表 附屬公司股份面值及一筆從屬貸款之賬面 淨值(已於被本公司收購當日資本化),與 本公司在本公司股份上市前進行重組時為 收購而發行之股份面值之間的差額,以及 所收購附屬公司之綜合股東資金,與GN Incorporated在本公司股份上市前進行重組 時為收購而發行之股份面值的差額。

誠如本公司附屬公司結好金融集團有限公司(「結好金融」)日期為二零一六年三月 二十四日之招股章程(「招股章程」)所載, 本公司股東將有權就於記錄日期(定義見招 股章程)持有每40股本公司股份獲發一股結 好金融股份。約35,810,000港元之款額代表 於結好金融之權益之應佔比例,與結好金 融股份於二零一六年四月八日上市產生之 實物分派相關的記錄日期資產淨值之間的 差額。

- (iii) 物業重估儲備根據綜合財務報表附註2所採 用之會計政策處理物業及設備之重估調整。
- (iv) 投資重估儲備(可轉撥)指報告期末強制按 公允值計入其他全面收益之公允值之累計 淨變動(如有),並按照所採用的會計政策 處理。
- (v) 投資重估儲備(非轉撥)包括指定為按公允 值計入其他全面收益之公允值之累計淨變 動(已於其他全面收益確認),扣除於該等 投資予以出售時轉移至保留盈利的金額。
- (vi)本集團之匯兑儲備包括因換算本集團附屬 公司之財務報表產生之所有匯兑差額。儲 備根據綜合財務報表附註2所採用之會計政 策處理。

綜合現金流量表 CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度 Year ended 31 March 2020

			2020	2019
			二零二零年	二零一九年
		NL		
		Notes	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		附註	千港元	千港元
	to day site at			
OPERATING ACTIVITIES	經營業務			
Profit before taxation	税前溢利		204,280	311,172
Adjustments for:	經調整:			
Amortisation and depreciation	攤銷及折舊	18	7,959	7,687
		10		/,00/
Write off of accounts receivable	撤銷應收賬項		300	-
Write off of loans and advances	撤銷貸款及墊款		205	-
Write off of property and equipment	撤銷物業及設備		-	15
Net impairment loss on accounts	應收賬項之減值虧損淨額			
receivable		6	110,907	20,085
	代封卫劫封之法估好出	U	110,707	20,009
(Reversal) Provision of net impairment	貸款及墊款之減值虧損			
loss on loans and advances	淨額(撥回)撥備	6	(2,915)	16,508
Reversal of net impairment loss on	撥回強制按公允值計入			
Mandatory FVOCI	其他全面收益之減值虧損			
	淨額	6	(1,517)	(1, 129)
Eair value changes on investment	投資物業之公允值變動	U	(1,)1/)	(1,12))
Fair value changes on investment	以貝切末とム儿胆変則	10		(10 (0))
properties		19	86,558	(10,686)
Fair value changes on financial assets at	按公允值計入損益之			
FVPL	金融資產的公允值變動		19,203	11,044
Loss on disposal of Mandatory FVOCI	出售強制按公允值計入			
Loss on disposar of Mandatory 1 + 0 of	其他全面收益之虧損		732	234
T 1 CC			/ 32	2.54
Loss on redemption of financial assets at	贖回按公允值計入損益之			
FVPL	金融資產之虧損		5,388	-
Loss on redemption of convertible bonds	贖回可換股債券之虧損	34	_	38,867
Share-based payment expenses	以股份支付開支		_	8,776
Gain on disposal of subsidiaries	出售附屬公司之收益	45	(2,181)	0,770
		ч)	(2,101)	_
Gain on disposal of property and	出售物業及設備之			
equipment	收益		(40)	-
Finance costs	融資成本	12	32,265	97,371
Interest income	利息收入		(152,537)	(155,138)
Dividend income	股息收入		(2,038)	(2,122)
			(2,030)	(2,122)
	然 運次入總動			
Operating cash flows before	營運資金變動前之			
movements in working capital	經營現金流量		306,569	342,684
Changes in working capital	營運資金變動			
Other assets	其他資產		(875)	3,524
Accounts receivable	應收賬項		31,347	389,699
Loans and advances	貸款及墊款		399,697	(411,447)
			577,07/	(411,44/)
Prepayments, deposits and other	預付款項、按金			
receivables	及其他應收款項		(35,448)	(5,681)
Financial assets at FVPL	按公允值計入損益			
	之金融資產		_	48,414
Bank balances – client accounts	銀行結餘-客戶賬戶		697,881	(723,483)
	應付賬項			
Accounts payable			(717,728)	713,739
Accrued charges and other payables	應計費用及其他應付賬項		(2,833)	(1,475)
Due to non-controlling shareholders	欠非控股股東款項		(2,411)	(20,015)
Cash generated from operations	經營所得現金		676,199	335,959
Interest income received	已收利息收入		160,902	153,292
Hong Kong Profits Tax paid	已付香港利得税			(87,224)
			(66,525)	
Overseas tax paid	已付海外税項		(2,055)	(1,441)
NET CASH FROM OPERATING	經營業務所得淨現金			
ACTIVITIES			768,521	400,586
			1	

綜合現金流量表 CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度 Year ended 31 March 2020

		2020	2019
		二零二零年	二零一九年
	Notes	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
	附註	千港元	千港元
投資業務			
已付按金		(6,200)	_
購買按公允值計入損益之			
金融資產		(85,800)	(40,225)
		(139,390)	(141,859)
		116,488	13,202
			150.000
		300,000	150,000
		4 4 9 4	
	18		(913)
		(82)	()13)
		(20.752)	(59,057)
收購附屬公司產生之	17	(2037 52)	()),()//)
	44	(69,692)	(40,000)
現金流量淨額	45	61,428	-
出售物業及設備之			
		40	29
已收股息		2,038	2,122
机姿类致能得 (能用)			
		161 910	(116,704)
∠ /F 55 亚		101,019	(110,/04)
融資業務			
1 已付一間上市附屬公司發行			
之可换股債券之利息		(2,639)	(7,732)
		(1,087)	(696)
	16	(169,097)	(193,254)
已付一間非全附屬公司			
非控股權益之股息			(
時日 明王子四屋八寸彩石		(47,273)	(53,091)
	21		(2(2,500))
	34		(262,500)
			396,828
		(3/0,000)	(406,828)
非控股權益產生之			
	46	(170)	_
現金流量淨額	46	(170)	
	46	(170)	
	 購買金融資產 購買強知按公允值計入其他 金融資產 購買強制按公允值計入其他 全面收益 生售強吸收允值計入其他 全面強公方引入損益之 金融資產 指定按公允值計入 其他全方行得款項 指定按公元面收益之 金融按公元值計入 其物業及產 購買買投資產 購買買投資產 購買買投資產 購買買投資產 購買買投資產 購買買投資產 購買買投資產 購買買投資產 購買買投資產 時次。 提合 提合 提合 提合 提合 請定 提合 時 時 長 長 日 一一換股 	附註 投資業務 v時一間附屬公司之 已付按金 購買按公允值計入損益之 金融資產 重買按公允值計入其他 全面收益之所得款項 贖面按公允值計入其他 全面收益之面計入其他 全面收益之面計入其他 全面收益之面計入其他 全面收益之通計入其他 全面收益之通計入其他 全面收益之间意义。 電預数項 18 購買物業資產之所得款項 指定按公允值計入 其他全面收益之退款 購買物業員會定 19 收購完了 20 購買物業資產 20 購買物業資產 20 購買物業資產 19 收量金融資產之所得款項 已投金調査淨額 44 出售物黨公司產生之 45 現金就備之 所得款項 已收股息 45 計入其他之 全面收益 45 計入其他 全面收益 45 計入其他 全面收益 45 現金物流量評額 45 出售物素項 已付一間上市附屬公司發行 之可換股債券 16 已付一間上市附屬公司發行 之可換股債券 34 驥回一間上市附屬公司發行 之可換股債券項 償還銀行借貸 34 蝦回一開附屬公司之 34	Notes 附註 HK\$'000 干港元 投資業務 收購一間附屬公司之 已付按金 (6,200) 購買按公允值計入損益之 金融資產 (85,800) 建面收益 (139,390) 出售強制按公允值計入其他 全面收益之所得款項 116,488 贖回按公允值計入損益之 金融資產之所得款項 300,000 指定按公允值計入損益之 金融資產之所得款項 4,484 購買物業及設備 18 資用報形資產 20 小購買投資物業 19 (20,752) 収購附關公司產生之 現金流量淨額 44 (69,692) 出售物屬公司產生之 現金流量淨額 45 出售物業及設備之 所得款項 40 已收股息 2,038 投資業務所得(所用) 2,038 投資業務所得(所用) (1,087) ご可換股債券之利息 16 161,819 (1,087) 已付一間上市附屬公司發行 之可換股債券之利息 16 之行規算所得款項 34 (262,500) 320,000 現行借貸所得款項 320,000 資子(自貨所得款項 320,000

綜合現金流量表 CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度 Year ended 31 March 2020

		2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元	2019 二零一九年 HK\$'000 千港元
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	現金及現金等值項目淨 增加(減少)	397,574	(243,391)
Effect of foreign exchange rate changes, net	外幣匯率變動之影響淨額	1,730	(92)
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the reporting period	報告期初現金及現金等值 項目	505,871	749,354
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the reporting period, represented by bank balances – general accounts and cash	報告期終現金及現金 等值項目為: 銀行結餘一 一般賬戶及現金	905,175	505,871

截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度 Year ended 31 March 2020

1. CORPORATE INFORMATION

Get Nice Holdings Limited (the "Company") was incorporated in the Cayman Islands under the Companies Law, Cap. 22 (Law 3 of 1961, as consolidated and revised) of the Cayman Islands as an exempted company with limited liability and its shares are listed on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange"). Its substantial shareholder is Honeylink Agents Limited, a company incorporated in the British Virgin Islands with limited liability of which the entire share capital is beneficially owned by Mr. Hung Hon Man, who is also a director of the Company. The Company's registered office is located at Second Floor, Century Yard, Cricket Square, P.O. Box 902, Grand Cayman, KY1-1103, Cayman Islands and its principal place of business is located at 10th Floor, Cosco Tower, Grand Millennium Plaza, 183 Queen's Road Central, Hong Kong.

The principal activity of the Company is investment holding. The principal activities of its subsidiaries are set out in note 48 to the consolidated financial statements.

The consolidated financial statements of the Company and its subsidiaries (collectively referred to as the "Group") are presented in Hong Kong dollars ("HK\$"), which is also the functional currency of the Company.

1. 公司資料

結好控股有限公司(「本公司」)根據開 曼群島公司法第22章(一九六一年法 例三,經綜合及修訂)為受豁免有限 公司,其股份於香港聯合交易所有限 公司(「聯交所」)上市。其主要股東為 Honeylink Agents Limited。Honeylink Agents Limited為於英屬處女群島註冊 成立之有限公司,其全部股本由洪漢 文先生(彼亦為本公司董事)實益擁 有。本公司註冊辦事處及主要營業地 點分別位於Second Floor, Century Yard, Cricket Square, P.O. Box 902, Grand Cayman, KY1-1103, Cayman Islands及 香港皇后大道中183號新紀元廣場中遠 大廈10字樓。

本公司之主要業務為投資控股,其附 屬公司之主要業務載於綜合財務報表 附註48。

本公司及其附屬公司(統稱「本集團」) 之綜合財務報表以本公司之功能貨幣 港元(「港元」)呈列。

截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度 Year ended 31 March 2020

2. PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of preparation

These consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards ("HKFRSs"), which collective term includes all applicable HKFRSs, Hong Kong Accounting Standards ("HKASs") and interpretations issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants (the "HKICPA"), accounting principles generally accepted in Hong Kong and the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance. The consolidated financial statements also comply with the applicable disclosure requirements of the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on the Stock Exchange (the "Listing Rules").

All amounts have been rounded to the nearest thousand, unless otherwise indicated.

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared on a basis consistent with the accounting policies adopted in the 2019 consolidated financial statements except for the adoption of the following new / revised HKFRSs that are relevant to the Group and effective from the current year.

Adoption of new / revised HKFRSs

Annual Improvements Project – 2015-2017 Cycle

HKAS 12: Income tax consequences of payments on financial instruments classified as equity

The amendments clarify that (a) the income tax consequences of dividends are recognised in profit or loss, other comprehensive income or equity according to where the past transactions or events that generated the distributable profits were originally recognised and (b) these requirements apply to all income tax consequences of dividends as defined in HKFRS 9.

The adoption of the amendments does not have any significant impact on the consolidated financial statements.

主要會計政策 編製基準

該等綜合財務報表乃根據香港會計師 公會頒佈之香港財務報告準則(包括所 有適用之香港財務報告準則、香港會 計準則及詮釋)、香港公認會計原則及 香港公司條例之披露規定編製。綜合 財務報表亦遵守香港聯合交易所有限 公司證券上市規則(「上市規則」)之適 用披露規定。

除另有指明外,所有金額已湊整至最 接近千位數。

綜合財務報表已根據與二零一九年綜 合財務報表所採用會計政策一致之基 準編製,惟採用以下與本集團有關並 於本年度生效之新訂/經修訂香港財 務報告準則除外。

採納新訂/經修訂香港財務報告準則

<u>年度改進項目—二零一五年至二零</u> 一七年週期

香港會計準則第12號:確認權益中支 付金融工具的所得税後果

該等修訂釐清(a)股息所得税後果應根 據最初確認產生可分配利潤的過往交 易或事項在損益、其他全面收益或權 益中確認,及(b)該等要求應在香港財 務報告準則第9號界定的股息的所有所 得税後果內採用。

採納該等修訂對綜合財務報表並無任 何顯著影響。

2. PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES – continued

Adoption of new / revised HKFRSs - continued

HK(IFRIC)-Int 23: Uncertainty over Income Tax Treatments

The interpretation supports the requirements in HKAS 12 Income Taxes by specifying how to reflect the effects of uncertainty in accounting for income taxes.

The adoption of the interpretation does not have any significant impact on the consolidated financial statements.

HKFRS 16: Leases

HKFRS 16 replaces HKAS 17 and related interpretations for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2019. It significantly changes, among others, the lessee accounting by replacing the dual-model under HKAS 17 with a single model which requires a lessee to recognise right-of-use assets and lease liabilities for the rights and obligations created by all leases with a term of more than 12 months, unless the underlying asset is of low value. For lessor accounting, HKFRS 16 substantially carries forward the lessor accounting requirements in HKAS 17. Accordingly, a lessor continues to classify its leases as operating leases or finance leases, and to account for those two types of leases differently. HKFRS 16 also requires enhanced disclosures to be provided by lessees and lessors. 截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度 Year ended 31 March 2020

2. 主要會計政策-續

採納新訂/經修訂香港財務報告準 則-續

香港(國際財務報告詮釋委員會)— 證 釋第23號:所得税項處理之不確定性 該詮釋是針對香港會計準則第12號所 得税的規定,訂明如何反映所得税會 計處理中的不確定性影響。

採納該詮釋對綜合財務報表並無任何 顯著影響。

香港財務報告準則第16號:租賃

香港財務報告準則第16號於二零一九 年一月一日或之後開始之年度期間取 代香港會計準則第17號及相關詮釋。 其對(其中包括)承租人的會計方法 有重大變動,以單一模型取代香港會 計準則第17號的雙重模型。該單一模 型規定除非相關資產為低價值資產, 否則承租人須就年期超過12個月的所 有租賃而產生的權利及責任確認使用 權資產及租賃負債。就出租人會計處 理而言,香港財務報告準則第16號大 致繼承了香港會計準則第17號有關出 租人會計處理的規定。因此,出租人 繼續將其租賃分類為經營租賃或融資 租賃,並且對兩類租賃進行不同之會 計處理。香港財務報告準則第16號亦 規定承租人及出租人提供更詳盡披露 資料。

截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度 Year ended 31 March 2020

2. PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES – continued

Adoption of new / revised HKFRSs - continued

HKFRS 16: Leases – continued

In accordance with the transitional provisions, the Group has applied HKFRS 16 for the first time at 1 April 2019 (i.e. the date of initial application, the "DIA") using the modified retrospective approach in which comparative information has not been restated. Instead, the Group recognised the cumulative effect of initially applying HKFRS 16 as an adjustment to the balance of accumulated profits or other component of equity, where appropriate, at the DIA.

The Group also elected to use the transition practical expedient not to reassess whether a contract was, or contained, a lease at the DIA and the Group applied HKFRS 16 only to contracts that were previously identified as leases applying HKAS 17 and to contracts entered into or changed on or after the DIA that are identified as leases applying HKFRS 16.

As lessee

Before the adoption of HKFRS 16, lease contracts were classified as operating or finance lease in accordance with the Group's accounting policies applicable prior to the DIA.

Upon adoption of HKFRS 16, the Group accounted for the leases in accordance with the transition provisions of HKFRS 16 and the Group's accounting policies applicable from the DIA.

The Group recognised right-of-use assets and lease liabilities for leases previously classified as operating leases at the DIA, except for leases for which the underlying asset is of low value, and the Group applied the following practical expedients on a lease-by-lease basis.

- (a) applied a single discount rate to a portfolio of leases with reasonably similar characteristics.
- (b) did not recognise right-of-use assets and lease liabilities to leases for which the lease term ends within 12 months of the DIA.

2. 主要會計政策-續

採納新訂/經修訂香港財務報告準 則-續

香港財務報告準則第16號:租賃-續 根據過渡條文,本集團於二零一九年 四月一日(即首次應用日期「首次應用 日期」)首次採用經修訂追溯法應用香 港財務報告準則第16號,且並無重列 比較資料。而本集團已於首次應用日 期將首次應用香港財務報告準則第16 號的累計影響確認為累計溢利結餘或 其他權益組成部分(如適用)的調整。

本集團亦已選擇採用過渡可行權宜方 法,不於首次應用日期重新評估合約 是否為或包含一項租賃,且本集團僅 將香港財務報告準則第16號應用於先 前根據香港會計準則第17號確認為租 賃的合約及於首次應用日期或之後訂 立或變更並應用香港財務報告準則第 16號確認為租賃的合約。

作為承租人

於採納香港財務報告準則第16號前, 根據首次應用日期前適用的本集團會 計政策,租賃合約分類為經營租賃或 融資租賃。

於採納香港財務報告準則第16號後, 本集團根據香港財務報告準則第16號 的過渡條文及自首次應用日期起適用 的本集團會計政策對租賃進行入賬。

於首次應用日期,本集團就先前分類 為經營租賃的租賃確認使用權資產及 租賃負債,惟相關資產價值較低的租 賃除外。本集團已按逐項租賃基準採 用以下可行權宜方法。

- (a) 對具有合理相似特徵的租賃組合 採用單一貼現率。
- (b) 並無就租期於首次應用日期起計 12個月內結束之租賃確認使用權 資產及租賃負債。

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2. PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES – continued

Adoption of new / revised HKFRSs - continued

HKFRS 16: Leases – continued

As lessee – continued

- (c) excluded initial direct costs from the measurement of the right-of-use assets at the DIA.
- (d) used hindsight in determining the lease term where the contract contains options to extend or terminate the lease.

At the DIA, except for those that were previously or will be accounted for as investment property using the fair value model, right-of-use assets were, on a lease-by-lease basis, measured at either,

- (a) their carrying amount as if HKFRS 16 had been applied since the commencement date, but discounted using the lessee's incremental borrowing rate at the DIA; or
- (b) an amount equal to the lease liabilities, adjusted by the amount of any prepaid or accrued lease payments relating to the lease recognised immediately before the DIA.

Lease liabilities were measured at the present value of the remaining lease payments, discounted using the lessee's incremental borrowing rate at the DIA.

截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度 Year ended 31 March 2020

2. 主要會計政策-續

採納新訂/經修訂香港財務報告準 則-續

香港財務報告準則第16號:租賃一續 作為承租人一續

- (c) 於首次應用日期計量使用權資產 時撇除初步直接成本。
- (d) 倘合約包含延長或終止租賃之選 擇權,則使用事後方式釐定租期。

於首次應用日期,除先前或將會使用 公允值模式入賬為投資物業的使用權 資產外,使用權資產乃根據逐項租賃 基準按以下計量,

- (a) 其賬面值,猶如香港財務報告準 則第16號已自開始日期起應用, 惟須使用承租人於首次應用日期 的增量借款利率進行貼現;或
- (b) 相等於租賃負債的金額,並經緊 接首次應用日期前確認之租賃有 關的任何預付或應計租賃付款的 金額調整。
- 租賃負債按餘下租賃付款之現值計量 ,並使用承租人於首次應用日期的增 量借款利率貼現。

截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度 Year ended 31 March 2020

PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTING POLICIE – continued	ES 2.	主要會計政策-續	
Adoption of new / revised HKFRSs – continued		採 納 新 訂 / 經 修 訂 香 港 財 則 - 續	務報告準
HKFRS 16: Leases – continued		香港財務報告準則第16號:	租賃-續
As lessee – continued		作為承租人一續	
Reconciliation of operating lease commitments d applying HKAS 17 at 31 March 2019 and lease li recognised at the DIA is as follows:		於二零一九年三月三十一日 會計準則第17號披露之經營 與於首次應用日期確認之租 對賬如下:	计租赁承擔
			HK\$'000 千港元
Operating lease commitments at 31 March 2019		年三月三十一日	271
	之經營租	員承擔	371
Less: Short-term leases and other leases with remaining lease term ending on or		賃及尚餘租期於二零二 三月三十一日或之前結	
before 31 March 2020	束的	其他租賃	(324)
Leases of low-value assets	低價值	租賃	(47)

Lease liabilities at 1 April 2019

At 31 March 2019, prepaid lease payments are up-front payments to acquire fixed term interests in lessee-occupied land that are classified as operating leases. Upon application of HKFRS 16, the prepaid lease payments with carrying amount amounting to approximately HK\$69,280,000 were reclassified to right-of-use assets and were still presented within the line item "Property and equipment" in the consolidated statement of financial position.

As lessor

The Group is not required to make any adjustments on transition for leases in which it is a lessor and those leases are accounted for by applying HKFRS 16 from the DIA.

於二零一九年四月一日之租賃負債

於二零一九年三月三十一日,預付租 賃付款為收購承租人佔用土地之固定 期限權益的前期款項,該等款項分類 為經營租賃。在應用香港財務報告準 則第16號後,賬面金額約為69,280,000 港元的預付租賃付款已重新分類為使 用權資產,並仍於綜合財務狀況表的 「物業及設備」項目內呈列。

作為出租人

本集團毋須就其為出租人的租賃作出 任何過渡調整,該等租賃透過自首次 應用日期起採用香港財務報告準則第 16號入賬。

2. PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES – continued

Basis of measurement

The measurement basis used in the preparation of these consolidated financial statements is historical cost, except for buildings, investment properties and investments in securities, which are measured at revalued amounts or fair value, as explained in the accounting policies set out below.

Basis of consolidation

The consolidated financial statements comprise the financial statements of the Company and all of its subsidiaries. The financial statements of the subsidiaries are prepared for the same reporting period as that of the Company using consistent accounting policies.

All intra-group balance, transactions, income and expenses and profits and losses resulting from intra-group transactions are eliminated in full upon consolidation. The results of subsidiaries are consolidated from the date on which the Group obtains control and continue to be consolidated until the date that such control ceases.

Non-controlling interests are presented, separately from owners of the Company, in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income and within equity in the consolidated statement of financial position. The non-controlling interests in the acquiree, that are present ownership interests and entitle their holders to a proportionate share of the acquiree's net assets in event of liquidation, are measured initially either at fair value or at the present ownership instruments' proportionate share in the recognised amounts of the acquiree's identifiable net assets. This choice of measurement basis is made on an acquisition-by-acquisition basis. 截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度 Year ended 31 March 2020

綜合財務報表附註

2. 主要會計政策-續

計量基準

編製該等綜合財務報表所用之計量基 準為歷史成本法,惟樓宇、投資物業 及證券投資乃按重估金額或公允值計 量除外。

綜合基準

綜合財務報表包括本公司及其全部附 屬公司之財務報表。附屬公司之財務 報表乃使用與本公司一致之會計政策 就同一報告期間編製。

所有集團內公司間之結餘、交易、因 集團內公司間之交易產生之收支及損 益於綜合入賬時悉數對銷。附屬公司 業績自本集團獲得控制權之日起直至 有關控制權終止之日止綜合入賬。

非控股權益獨立於本公司擁有人並於 綜合損益及其他全面收益表以及綜合 財務狀況表之權益內呈列。於被收購 方屬於現時擁有權權益並賦予其持有 人於清盤時按比例分佔被收購方資 產淨值之非控股權益,乃初步以公允 值或現時擁有權工具應佔被收購方可 識別資產淨值中已確認款額之比例計 量。按逐項收購基準選擇計量。

截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度 Year ended 31 March 2020

2. PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES – continued

Basis of consolidation - continued

Allocation of total comprehensive income

Profit or loss and each component of other comprehensive income are attributed to the owners of the Company and to the non-controlling interests on the basis of existing ownership interests and the possible exercise of conversion of potential voting rights is not considered. Total comprehensive income is attributed to the owners of the Company and the existing non-controlling interests even if this results in the existing non-controlling interests having a deficit balance.

Changes in ownership interest

Changes in the Group's ownership interest in a subsidiary that do not result in a loss of control are accounted for as equity transactions. The carrying amounts of the controlling and non-controlling interests are adjusted to reflect the changes in their relative interests in the subsidiary. Any difference between the amount by which the non-controlling interests are adjusted and the fair value of the consideration paid or received is recognised directly in equity and attributed to the owners of the Company.

When the Group loses control of a subsidiary, the profit or loss on disposal is calculated as the difference between (i) the aggregate of the fair value of the consideration received and the fair value of any retained interest determined at the date when control is lost and (ii) the carrying amount of the assets (including goodwill), and liabilities of the subsidiary and any non-controlling interests at the date when control is lost. The amounts previously recognised in other comprehensive income in relation to the disposed subsidiary are accounted for on the same basis as would be required if the parent had directly disposed of the related assets or liabilities. Any investment retained in the former subsidiary and any amounts owed by or to the former subsidiary are accounted for as a financial asset, associate, joint venture or others as appropriate from the date when control is lost.

2. 主要會計政策-續

計量基準-續

分配全面收益總額

本公司擁有人及非控股權益按現有擁 有權權益之基準分佔損益及各部分之 其他全面收益,並無考慮可能行使轉 換潛在投票權。即使會導致現有非控 股權益出現虧絀結餘,全面收益總額 仍歸屬於本公司擁有人及現有非控股 權益。

擁有權權益變動

倘本集團於附屬公司之擁有權權益變 動並無導致失去控制權,則列賬為股 本交易。控股權益及非控股權益之賬 面值將會予以調整,以反映其於附屬 公司之有關權益變動。非控股權益之 經調整金額與已付或已收代價之公允 值間任何差額,直接於權益中確認並 歸屬於本公司擁有人。

倘本集團失去對附屬公司之控制權, 出售時產生之損益按下列兩者之差額 計算:(i)於失去控制權當日已收代價之 公允值與任何保留權益之公允值之總 和及(ii)於失去控制權當日附屬公司。 任何非控股權益之資產(包括商譽)及 負債之賬面值。先前於其他全面收益 確認之有關所出售附屬公司之金額, 按與假設母公司直接出售相關屬公司 保留之任何投資及結欠或應付前附屬公 員債之同一基準列賬。於前附屬公司 保留之任何金額自失去控制權當日 起 之一種之業或其他。

截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度 Year ended 31 March 2020

綜合財務報表附註

2. PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES – continued

Goodwill

Goodwill arising on an acquisition of a business is measured at the excess of the consideration transferred, the amount of any non-controlling interests in the acquiree (if applicable) and the fair value of any previously held equity interest in the acquiree over the acquisition date amounts of the identifiable assets acquired and the liabilities assumed of the acquired business.

Goodwill on acquisition of business is recognised as a separate asset and is carried at cost less accumulated impairment losses, which is tested for impairment annually or more frequently if events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying value may be impaired. For the purpose of impairment test and determination of gain or loss on disposal, goodwill is allocated to cash-generating units. An impairment loss on goodwill is not reversed.

On the other hand, any excess of the acquisition date amounts of identifiable assets acquired and the liabilities assumed of the acquired business over the sum of the consideration transferred, the amount of any non-controlling interests in the acquiree (if applicable) and the fair value of the acquirer's previously held interest in the acquiree, if any, after reassessment, is recognised immediately in profit or loss as an income from bargain purchase. Any resulting gain or loss arising from remeasuring the previously held equity interests in the acquiree at the acquisition-date fair value is recognised in profit or loss or other comprehensive income, as appropriate.

2. 主要會計政策 - 續

商譽

收購業務產生之商譽按所轉撥之代 價、於被收購方之任何非控股權益金 額(如適用)及任何早前於被收購方所 持股本權益之公允值(如適用)超出已 收購業務所購入可識別資產及所承擔 負債之收購日金額間之差額計量。

收購業務產生之商譽確認為一項獨 立資產,並按成本減累計減值虧損列 賬,並須每年進行減值檢測,或倘有 事件發生或情況有變而顯示賬面值可 能出現減值時,則須進行較頻密之減 值檢測。就減值檢測及釐定出售之盈 虧而言,商譽會被分配至創現單位。 商譽之減值虧損不可撥回。

另一方面,於重新評估後,已收購業 務所購入可識別資產及所承擔負債之 收購日金額超出所轉撥代價、於被收 購方之任何非控股權益金額(如適用) 及收購方早前於被收購方所持權益之 公允值之總額間之任何差額(如有), 即時於損益中確認為議價收購之收 入。按收購日期公允值重新計量以往 於被收購方持有之股本權益產生之任 何所得收益或虧損於損益或其他全面 收益(如合適)確認。

截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度 Year ended 31 March 2020

2. PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES – continued

Subsidiaries

A subsidiary is an entity that is controlled by the Group. The Group controls an entity when it is exposed, or has rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the entity and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the entity. The Group reassesses whether it controls an investee if facts and circumstances indicate that there are changes to one or more of the elements of control.

In the Company's statement of financial position which is presented in note 47 to the consolidated financial statements, investments in subsidiaries are stated at cost less accumulated impairment losses. The carrying amount of the investments is reduced to its recoverable amount on an individual basis, if it is higher than the recoverable amount. The results of subsidiaries are accounted for by the Company on the basis of dividends received and receivable.

Property and equipment

Property and equipment, other than buildings, are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses. The cost of an item of property and equipment comprises its purchase price and any directly attributable costs of bringing the asset to its working condition and location for its intended use. Repairs and maintenance are charged to profit or loss during the period in which they are incurred.

Buildings are stated at revalued amount, being the fair value at the date of valuation less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses. Fair value is determined by independent valuations which are performed annually. Increases in valuation are credited to the property revaluation reserve. Decreases in valuation are first offset against increases on earlier valuations in respect of the same asset and are thereafter charged to profit or loss. Any subsequent increases are credited to profit or loss up to the amount previously charged and thereafter to property revaluation reserve.

2. 主要會計政策-續

附屬公司

附屬公司指受本集團控制之實體。倘 本集團就參與實體業務所得可變動回 報承擔風險或享有權利,並能透過其 於該實體之權力影響該等回報,則本 集團對該實體有控制權。如有事實及 情況顯示一項或多項控制權要素出現 變化,則本集團會重新評估其對被投 資方之控制權。

在綜合財務報表附註47所載之本公司 財務狀況表內,於附屬公司之投資以 成本減去減值虧損入賬。倘投資之賬 面值高於其可收回金額,則按個別基 準削減至其可收回金額。附屬公司之 業績由本公司根據已收及應收股息為 基準入賬。

物業及設備

物業及設備按成本減累計折舊及減值 虧損入賬。物業及設備項目之成本包 括其購買價及任何使資產達致其使用 狀態及現存地點作預定用途所產生之 直接應佔成本。維修及保養開支乃於 其產生之期間內於損益中支銷。

樓宇按重估金額(即於估值日期之公允 值減累計折舊及累計減值虧損)列賬。 公允值乃按每年進行之獨立估值釐 定。估值上升乃計入物業重估儲備。 估值下降先與就同一資產之先前估值 抵銷,然後自損益中扣除。其後任何 增加計入損益中,惟以先前所扣除及 其後計入物業重估儲備之金額為限。

2. PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

Property and equipment - continued

Depreciation is provided to write off the cost less accumulated impairment losses of property and equipment over their estimated useful lives from the date on which they are available for use and after taking into account their estimated residual values, using the straight-line method, at the following rates per annum:

Leasehold land	Shorter of the term of the	租賃土地	租賃年期或27 (以較短者為
Buildings	lease, or 27 years Shorter of the term of the	樓宇	租賃年期或27 (以較短者為
Leasehold improvements	lease, or 27 years Shorter of the term of the lease, or 5 to 10 years	租賃裝修	租賃年期或 5至10年
Motor vehicles and yacht Office equipment Furniture and fixtures	4 to 10 years 3 to 5 years 5 to 7 years	汽車及遊艇 辦公設備 傢具及裝置	(以較短者為 4至10年 3至5年 5至7年

An item of property and equipment is derecognised upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected to arise from the continued use of the asset. Any gain or loss arising on derecognition of the asset (calculated as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the item) is included in profit or loss in the year in which the item is derecognised.

Prepaid lease payments

Before 1 April 2019, prepaid lease payments are up-front payments to acquire fixed term interests in lessee-occupied land that are classified as operating leases. The premiums are stated at cost less accumulated amortisation and impairment losses and are amortised over the remaining lease terms of land on a straight-line basis to profit or loss. From 1 April 2019, those payments are accounted for as "Right-of-use assets" and included in "Property and equipment".

Investment properties

Investment properties are properties that are held by owner to earn rental income and / or for capital appreciation. These include properties held for a currently undetermined future use and properties that are held under operating lease, which satisfy the definition of investment property and carry at fair value.

截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度 Year ended 31 March 2020

綜合財務報表附註

2. 主要會計政策-續

物業及設備-續

物業及設備於下述估計可使用年期 內,在考慮到其估計剩餘價值後,由 其可供使用之日起以直線法計算折 舊,以撤銷成本減累計減值虧損:

租賃土地	租賃年期或27年
	(以較短者為準)
樓宇	租賃年期或27年
	(以較短者為準)
租賃裝修	租賃年期或
	5至10年
	(以較短者為準)
汽車及遊艇	4至10年
辦公設備	3至5年
傢具及裝置	5至7年

物業及設備項目於出售或預期持續使 用資產將不會產生未來經濟利益時終 止確認。終止確認資產所產生之任何 收益或虧損(按出售所得款項淨額與該 項目賬面值之差額計算)於終止確認項 目之期間計入損益中。

預付租賃款項

於二零一九年四月一日前,預付租賃 款項指收購分類為經營租賃之承租人 佔用土地之固定年期權益而支付之 前期付款。溢價按成本減累計攤銷及 減值虧損列賬,並按租賃期以直線法 攤銷至損益。自二零一九年四月一日 起,該等付款乃入賬列作「使用權資 產」並計入「物業及設備」。

投資物業

投資物業乃由業主持有以賺取租金收 入及/或實現資本增值之物業,包括 持有現時未釐定將來用途之物業以及 根據經營租約持有之物業,而此等物 業須符合投資物業之定義並按公允值 列賬。

截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度 Year ended 31 March 2020

2. PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES – continued

Investment properties - continued

Before 1 April 2019, investment properties included those properties held by owner which satisfy the definition of investment property and carry at fair value.

Investment properties are stated at fair value at the end of the reporting period. Any gain or loss arising from a change in fair value is recognised in profit or loss.

An investment property is derecognised upon disposal or when the investment property is permanently withdrawn from use and no future economic benefits are expected from its disposals. Any gain or loss arising on derecognition of the asset (calculated as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset) is included in profit or loss in the year in which the item is derecognised.

Intangible assets

Trading rights

Trading rights confer eligibility on the Group to trade on the Stock Exchange. The trading rights have no foreseeable limit to the period over which the Group can use to generate cash flows. As a result, the trading rights are considered by the management of the Group as having indefinite useful lives because they are expected to contribute to net cash inflows indefinitely. The trading rights will not be amortised until its useful life is determined to be finite. They will be tested for impairment annually and whenever there is an indication that they may be impaired.

The useful life of the trading rights is reviewed annually to determine whether the indefinite life assessment continues to be supportable. If not, the change in the useful life assessment from indefinite to finite is account for on a prospective basis.

Club memberships

Club memberships with indefinite useful life are stated at costs less any impairment losses. Impairments are reviewed annually or when there are any indications that the club memberships have suffered impairment loss.

2. 主要會計政策-續

投資物業-續

於二零一九年四月一日前,投資物業 包括由業主持有並符合投資物業定義 及按公允值列賬之物業。

投資物業乃按於報告期末之公允值列 賬。因公允值變動而產生之任何損益 乃於損益確認。

投資物業乃自出售起或投資物業永不 再使用並預期出售投資物業將不會產 生未來經濟利益時終止確認。終止確 認該物業時產生之任何收益或虧損(以 出售所得款項淨額與資產之賬面值之 差額計算)乃計入該項目終止確認期間 之損益。

無形資產

交易權

交易權賦予本集團在聯交所買賣之資格。交易權並無對本集團用以賺取現 金流之期間設有可預見限期。因此, 本集團管理層認為,交易權具有無限 可使用年期,因為預期可無限期帶來 現金流入淨額。交易權將不予攤銷, 直至確定其可使用年期為有限為止。 交易權將會每年及於出現可能減值跡 象時進行減值測試。

交易權之可使用年期會於每年檢討, 以釐定無限年期評估是否持續有效。 倘不再有效,則可使用年期評估由無 限轉為有限之變動將按未來適用基準 入賬。

會籍

具無限使用年期之會籍按成本減任何 減值虧損後列賬。會籍將會每年及於 出現減值虧損跡象時進行檢討。

2. PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES – continued

Financial instruments

Financial assets

Recognition and derecognition

Financial assets are recognised when and only when the Group becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instruments and on a trade date basis.

A financial asset is derecognised when and only when (i) the Group's contractual rights to future cash flows from the financial asset expire or (ii) the Group transfers the financial asset and either (a) it transfers substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset, or (b) it neither transfers nor retains substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset but it does not retain control of the financial asset.

If the Group retains substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of a transferred financial asset, the Group continues to recognise the financial asset.

If the Group neither transfers nor retains substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership and continues to control the transferred asset, the Group recognises the financial asset to the extent of its continuing involvement and an associated liability for amounts it may have to pay.

Classification and measurement

Financial assets (except for accounts receivable without a significant financing component) are initially recognised at their fair value plus, in the case of financial assets not carried at fair value through profit or loss, transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition of the financial assets. Such accounts receivable are initially measured at their transaction price.

On initial recognition, a financial asset is classified as (i) measured at amortised cost; (ii) debt investment measured at fair value through other comprehensive income ("Mandatory FVOCI"); (iii) equity investment measured at fair value through other comprehensive income ("Designated FVOCI"); or (iv) measured at fair value through profit or loss ("FVPL"). 截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度 Year ended 31 March 2020

2. 主要會計政策-續

金融	L目
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金融資產

確認及終止確認

金融資產於且僅於本集團成為工具合約條文之訂約方時按交易日基準確認。

金融資產於且僅於以下情況下終止確 認:(i)本集團對金融資產產生之未來 現金流之合約權利屆滿時或(ii)本集團 轉讓金融資產及(a)本集團已轉移金融 資產擁有權之絕大部分風險及回報;或 (b)本集團既無轉移亦無保留該項金融 資產擁有權之絕大部分風險及回報, 但並無保留該項金融資產之控制權時。

倘本集團保留所轉讓金融資產擁有權 之絕大部分風險及回報,本集團繼續 確認金融資產。

倘本集團概無轉讓或保留擁有權之絕 大部分風險及回報,並繼續控制所轉 讓資產,則本集團以其持續參與程度 及其可能須支付相關負債之金額為限 確認金融資產。

分類及計量

金融資產(並無重大融資成分的應收賬 項)初步按彼等公允值加收購金融資產 直接應佔的交易成本(倘金融資產並無 按公允值計入損益列賬)確認。相關應 收賬項初步按彼等之交易價格計量。

於初次確認時,金融資產乃分類為(i) 按攤銷成本計量;(ii)按公允值計入其 他全面收益計量之債務投資(「強制按 公允值計入其他全面收益」);(iii)按 公允值計入其他全面收益計量之股本 投資(「指定按公允值計入其他全面收 益」);或(iv)按公允值計入損益計量 (「按公允值計入損益」)。

截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度 Year ended 31 March 2020

2. PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES – continued

Financial instruments - continued

Financial assets – continued

Classification and measurement - continued

The classification of financial assets at initial recognition depends on the Group's business model for managing the financial assets and the financial asset's contractual cash flow characteristics. Financial assets are not reclassified subsequent to their initial recognition unless the Group changes its business model for managing them, in which case all affected financial assets are reclassified on the first day of the first annual reporting period following the change in the business model.

1) Financial assets measured at amortised cost

A financial asset is measured at amortised cost if it meets both of the following conditions and is not designated as at FVPL:

- (i) it is held within a business model whose objective is to hold financial assets in order to collect contractual cash flows; and
- (ii) its contractual terms give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

Financial assets at amortised cost are subsequently measured using the effective interest method and are subject to impairment. Gains and losses arising from impairment, derecognition or through the amortisation process are recognised in profit or loss.

The Group's financial assets at amortised cost include accounts receivable, loans and advances, deposits and other receivables, bank balances – client accounts and bank balances – general accounts and cash.

2. 主要會計政策-續

金融工具-續

金融資產一續

分類及計量-續

金融資產分類的初步確認視乎本集團 管理金融資產的業務模式以及金融資 產的合約現金流量特徵而定。除非本 集團改變管理金融資產的業務模式, 否則金融資產不會於彼等初步確認後 重新分類,在此情況下,所有受影響 金融資產乃於改變業務模式後首個年 報期間首日重新分類。

- 按攤銷成本計量之金融資產
 倘金融資產同時達致以下條件且
 並無指定按公允值計入損益計
 員按攤銷成本計量:
 - (i) 其於目標為持有金融資產以 收取合約現金流量的業務模 式內持有;及
 - (ii) 其合約條款在指定日期產生 現金流量,該現金流量僅為 支付本金及未償還本金額的 利息。

按攤銷成本計量之金融資產其後 使用實際利息法計量並須作出減 值。減值、終止確認或透過攤薄 過程產生的收益及虧損於損益確 認。

按攤銷成本計量之金融資產包括 應收賬項、貸款及墊款、按金及 其他應收款項、銀行結餘—客戶 賬戶以及銀行結餘——般賬戶及 現金。

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2. PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES – continued

Financial instruments - continued

Financial assets – continued

Classification and measurement - continued

2) Mandatory FVOCI

A financial asset is measured at Mandatory FVOCI if both of the following conditions are met and is not designated as at FVPL:

- (i) it is held within a business model whose objective is to hold financial assets in order to collect contractual cash flows and for sale; and
- (ii) its contractual terms give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

The financial asset is subsequently measured at fair value. Interest calculated using the effective interest method, impairment gains or losses and foreign exchange gains and losses are recognised in profit or loss. Other gains or losses are recognised in other comprehensive income until the financial asset is derecognised. When the financial asset is derecognised, the cumulative gain or loss previously recognised in other comprehensive income is reclassified to profit or loss as a reclassification adjustment.

The Group's financial assets at Mandatory FVOCI include quoted and unlisted debt securities.

截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度 Year ended 31 March 2020

2. 主要會計政策-續

金融工具-續

金融資產一續

分類及計量-續

- 2) 強制按公允值計入其他全面收益 倘金融資產同時達致以下條件且 並無指定按公允值計入損益計 量,則強制按公允值計入其他全 面收益計量:
 - (i) 於目標為持有金融資產以收 取合約現金流量及以供出售 的業務模式內持有;及
 - (ii) 其合約條款在指定日期產生
 現金流量,該現金流量僅為
 支付本金及未償還本金額的
 利息。

金融資產其後按公允值計 量。使用實際利息法計算的 利息、減值收益或虧損以及 外匯收益及虧損於損益確 認。其他收益或虧損於其他 全面收益確認直至金融資產 終止確認。於金融資產終止 確認時,先前於其他全面收 益確認的累計收益或虧損重 新分類調整。

本集團強制按公允值計入其他全 面收益之金融資產包括上市及非 上市債務證券。

截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度 Year ended 31 March 2020

2. PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES – continued

Financial instruments - continued

Financial assets – continued

Classification and measurement - continued

3) Designated FVOCI

Upon initial recognition, the Group may make an irrevocable election to present subsequent changes in the fair value of an investment in an equity instrument that is neither held for trading nor contingent consideration recognised by an acquirer in a business combination to which HKFRS 3 applies in other comprehensive income. The classification is determined on an instrument-by-instrument basis.

These equity investments are subsequently measured at fair value and are not subject to impairment. Dividends are recognised in profit or loss unless the dividend clearly represents a recovery of part of the cost of the investment. Other gains or losses are recognised in other comprehensive income and shall not be subsequently reclassified to profit or loss. Upon derecognition, the cumulative gain or loss is transferred directly to accumulated profits or losses.

The Group's financial assets at Designated FVOCI include unlisted equity securities not held for trading.

2. 主要會計政策-續

金融工具-續

金融資產一續

分類及計量-續

3) 指定按公允值計入其他全面收益 於初步確認後,本集團或會作出 不可撤銷選擇,以呈列權益工具 投資公允值的其後變動,該等權 益工具並非為持作買賣亦並無由 收購人於業務合併(就此香港財務 報告準則第3號適用於其他全面收 益)內確認為或然代價。該分類乃 按工具基準釐定。

> 該等權益投資其後按公允值計量 且毋須作出減值。除非股息明確 表明可收回部分投資成本,否則 股息於損益確認。其他收益或虧 損於其他全面收益確認,且其後 不會重新分類至損益。於終止確 認時,累計收益或虧損直接轉移 至累計損益。

> 本集團指定按公允值計入其他全 面收益之金融資產包括並非持作 買賣之非上市股本證券。

2. PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES – continued

Financial instruments - continued

Financial assets – continued

Classification and measurement – continued

4) Financial assets at FVPL

These investments include financial assets that are not measured at amortised cost or FVOCI, including financial assets held for trading and financial assets resulting from a contingent consideration arrangement in a business combination to which HKFRS 3 applies and financial assets that are otherwise required to be measured at FVPL. They are carried at fair value, with any resultant gain and loss recognised in profit or loss, which does not include any dividend or interest earned on the financial assets. Dividend or interest income is presented separately from fair value gain or loss.

A financial asset is classified as held for trading if it is:

- (i) acquired principally for the purpose of selling it in the near term;
- (ii) part of a portfolio of identified financial instruments that are managed together and for which there is evidence of a recent actual pattern of short-term profit-taking on initial recognition; or
- (iii) a derivative that is not a financial guarantee contract or not a designated and effective hedging instrument.

Financial assets are designated at initial recognition as at FVPL only if doing so eliminates or significantly reduces a measurement or recognition inconsistency that would otherwise arise from measuring assets or liabilities or recognising the gains or losses on them on different bases.

The Group's financial assets mandatorily measured at FVPL include listed equity securities, unlisted convertible notes, unlisted debt securities and unlisted investment funds. 截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度 Year ended 31 March 2020

2. 主要會計政策-續

金融工具-續

金融資產一續

分類及計量-續

4) 按公允值計入損益計量的金融資產 該等投資包括並無按攤銷成本或 按公允值計入其他全面收益計量 的金融資產,包括持作買賣的金 融資產及香港財務報告準則第3 號適用之業務合併內的或然另行 規定將按公允值計入損益計量的 金融資產。彼等以公允值計值, 由此產生的收益及虧損於損益離 取的任何股息或利息。股息或利 息收入與公允值收益或虧損分開 呈列。

> 金融資產分類為持作出售,前提 為其:

- (i) 大部分獲收購以於近期出售;
- (ii) 屬合併管理之已識別金融工
 具組合的一部分,及有證據
 表明於初始確認時出現近期
 實際短期獲利模式;或
- (iii) 屬並非為融資擔保合約或並 非為指定及有效對沖工具的 衍生工具。

金融資產於初始確認時指定按公 允值計入損益計量,前提為如此 行事,方可消除或大幅減低計量 資產或負債或按不同基準確認收 益或虧損時以其他方式產生的計 量或確認的不一致性。

本集團強制按公允值計入損益計 量的金融資產包括上市股本證 券、非上市可換股票據、非上市 債務證券及非上市投資基金。

截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度 Year ended 31 March 2020

2. PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES – continued

Financial instruments - continued

Financial liabilities

Recognition and derecognition

Financial liabilities are recognised when and only when the Group becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instruments.

A financial liability is derecognised when and only when the liability is extinguished, that is, when the obligation specified in the relevant contract is discharged, cancelled or expires.

Classification and measurement

Financial liabilities are initially recognised at their fair value plus, in the case of financial liabilities not carried at FVPL, transaction costs that are direct attributable to the issue of the financial liabilities.

The Group's financial liabilities include accounts payable, other payables and amounts due to non-controlling shareholders. All financial liabilities are recognised initially at their fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost, using the effective interest method, unless the effect of discounting would be insignificant, in which case they are stated at cost.

Equity instruments

An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of an entity after deducting all of its liabilities. Equity instruments issued by the Group are recognised at the proceeds received, net of direct issue costs. Repurchase of the Company's own equity instruments is recognised and deducted directly in equity. No gain or loss is recognised in profit or loss on the purchase, sale, issue or cancellation of the Company's own equity instruments unless otherwise specified.

2. 主要會計政策-續

金融工具-續 <u>金融負債</u> 確認及終止確認 金融負債於且僅於本集團成為工具合 約條文之訂約方時確認。

金融負債於且僅於負債消除時方終 止確認,即有關合約訂明之責任獲解 除、註銷或屆滿時。

分類及計量

金融負債初步按公允值確認,而倘金 融負債並非按公允值計入損益,則加 上發行金融負債直接應佔之交易成本。

本集團之金融負債指應付賬項、其他 應付款項及欠非控股股東款項。所有 金融負債初步按公允值確認,其後採 用實際利息法按攤銷成本計量,除非 貼現影響並不重大,則按成本列賬。

<u>權益工具</u>

權益工具乃實體資產扣除其所有負債 之剩餘權益證明之任何合約。本集團 發行之權益工具乃按已收所得款項(扣 除直接發行成本)入賬。購回本公司自 己之權益工具予以確認,並直接自權 益中扣除。並無就買賣、發行或註銷 本公司自己之權益工具於損益中確認 收益或虧損,惟另有指明除外。

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2. PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES – continued

Financial instruments - continued

Impairment of financial assets

The Group recognises loss allowances for ECL on financial assets that are measured at amortised cost, Mandatory FVOCI, lease receivables, contract assets, loan commitments and financial guarantee contracts issued to which the impairment requirements apply in accordance with HKFRS 9. Except for the specific treatments as detailed below, at each reporting date, the Group measures a loss allowance for a financial asset at an amount equal to the lifetime ECL if the credit risk on that financial asset has increased significantly since initial recognition. If the credit risk on a financial asset has not increased significantly since initial recognition, the Group measures the loss allowance for that financial asset at an amount equal to 12-month ECL.

Measurement of ECL

ECL is a probability-weighted estimate of credit losses (i.e. the present value of all cash shortfalls) over the expected life of the financial instrument.

For financial assets, a credit loss is the present value of the difference between the contractual cash flows that are due to an entity under the contract and the cash flows that the entity expects to receive.

Lifetime ECL represents the ECL that will result from all possible default events over the expected life of a financial instrument while 12-month ECL represents the portion of lifetime ECL that is expected to result from default events on a financial instrument that are possible within 12 months after the reporting date.

截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度 Year ended 31 March 2020

2. 主要會計政策-續

金融工具-續 金融資產減值

本集團確認按攤銷成本計量的金融 資產、強制按公允值計入其他全面收 益、租賃應收款項、合約資產、貸款 承擔及已發出財務擔保合約的預期信 貸虧損之虧損撥備(其減值要求按照香 港財務報告準則第9號適用)。除下文 詳述的特定處理外,於各報告期不文 詳述的特定處理外,於各報告期末以 來顯著增加,本集團會按等同全期 度貸虧損的金額計量該金融資產之 虧損撥備。如金融資產的信貸虧損的金額計量 該金融資產之虧損撥備。

預期信貸虧損之計量

預期信貸虧損乃金融工具預期年期的 信貸虧損(即所有現金短欠的現值)的 概率加權估計。

就金融資產而言,信貸虧損為合約項 下應付某實體的合約現金流量與該實 體預期收取的現金流量之間的差額。

全期預期信貸虧損指金融工具預期年 期所有可能的違約事件產生的預期信 貸虧損,而12個月預期信貸虧損為全 期預期信貸虧損的一部份,其預期源 自可能在報告日期後12個月內發生的 金融工具違約事件。

截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度 Year ended 31 March 2020

2. PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES – continued

Financial instruments - continued

Impairment of financial assets - continued

Measurement of ECL – continued

Where ECL is measured on a collective basis, the financial instruments are grouped based on the following one or more shared credit risk characteristics:

- (i) past due information
- (ii) nature of instrument
- (iii) nature of collateral
- (iv) industry of debtors
- (v) geographical location of debtors
- (vi) external credit risk ratings

Loss allowance is remeasured at each reporting date to reflect changes in the financial instrument's credit risk and loss since initial recognition. The resulting changes in the loss allowance are recognised as an impairment gain or loss in profit or loss with a corresponding adjustment to the carrying amount of the financial instrument, except in the case of Mandatory FVOCI, the loss allowance is recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in the fair value reserve (recycling).

Definition of default

The Group considers the following as constituting an event of default for internal credit risk management purposes as historical experience indicates that the Group may not receive the outstanding contractual amounts in full if the financial instrument that meets any of the following criteria.

 (i) information developed internally or obtained from external sources indicates that the debtor is unlikely to pay its creditors, including the Group, in full (without taking into account any collaterals held by the Group); or

2. 主要會計政策 - 續

金融工具-續

金融資產減值-續

預期信貸虧損之計量-續 倘以集體基準計量預期信貸虧損,金 融工具乃依據下列一項或以上共享信 貸風險特徵而組集:

- (i) 逾期資料
- (ii) 工具性質
- (iii) 抵押品性質
- (iv) 債務人所屬行業
- (v) 債務人所在地理位置
- (vi) 外界信貸風險評級

虧損撥備於各報告期末重新計量以反 映初步確認以來金融工具信貸風險及 虧損的變動。虧損撥備得出的變動於 損益確認為減值盈虧並對金融工具賬 面值作相應調整,惟如屬強制按公允 值計入其他全面收益,則於其他全面 收益確認虧損撥備並於公允值儲備(可 轉撥)累算。

違約的定義

本集團認為以下情況就內部信貸風險 管理目的而言構成違約事件,因為歷 史經驗顯示如金融工具符合以下任何 一項準則,本集團或未能收回全數未 償還合約金額。

 (i) 從內部所得資料或取自外部資料 顯示債務人不大可能全數向其債 權人支付欠款(未考慮本集團所持 任何抵押品);或

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2. PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES – continued

Financial instruments – continued

Impairment of financial assets - continued

- Definition of default continued
- (ii) there is a breach of financial covenants by the counterparty.

Irrespective of the above analysis, the Group considers that default has occurred when a financial asset is more than 90 days past due unless the Group has reasonable and supportable information to demonstrate that a more lagging default criterion is more appropriate.

Assessment of significant increase in credit risk

In assessing whether the credit risk on a financial instrument has increased significantly since initial recognition, the Group compares the risk of a default occurring on the financial instrument as at the reporting date with the risk of a default occurring on the financial instrument as at the date of initial recognition. In making this assessment, the Group considers both quantitative and qualitative information that is reasonable and supportable, including historical experience and forward-looking information that is available without undue cost or effort. In particular, the following information is taken into account in the assessment:

- the debtor's failure to make payments of principal or interest on the due dates;
- an actual or expected significant deterioration in the financial instrument's external or internal credit rating (if available);
- an actual or expected significant deterioration in the operating results of the debtor; and
- actual or expected changes in the technological, market, economic or legal environment that have or may have a significant adverse effect on the debtor's ability to meet its obligation to the Group.

截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度 Year ended 31 March 2020

2. 主要會計政策-續

金融工具-續 金融資產減值-續 違約的定義-續

(ii) 對手方有違反財務契諾。

無論上述分析如何,本集團認為金融 工具逾期超過90日已屬發生違約,除 非本集團有合理及可靠資料證明較為 滯後的違約準則更為適當則作別論。

信貸風險顯著增加的評估

評估金融工具的信貸風險自初步確認 以來有否顯著增加時,本集團會將截 至報告日期金融工具發生違約的風 險,與截至初步確認日期金融工具發 生違約的風險比較。作出此評估時, 本集團會同時考慮合理和可靠的定量 及定性資料,包括無須付出過多成本 或努力後即可獲得的歷史經驗及前瞻 性資料。評估時特別會考慮以下資料:

- 債務人未能於到期日支付本金或 利息款項;
- 金融工具的外部及內部信貸評級 有實際或預期的顯著惡化(如有);
- 債務人的經營業績有實際或預期 的顯著惡化;及
- 技術、市場或法律環境方面有實際或預期的變化而會或可能會對債務人履行其對本集團的責任有重大不利影響。

截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度 Year ended 31 March 2020

2. PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES – continued

Financial instruments - continued

Impairment of financial assets - continued

Assessment of significant increase in credit risk – continued

Irrespective of the outcome of the above assessment, the Group presumes that the credit risk on a financial instrument has increased significantly since initial recognition when contractual payments are more than 30 days past due.

Notwithstanding the foregoing, the Group assumes that the credit risk on a financial instrument has not increased significantly since initial recognition if the financial instrument is determined to have low credit risk at the reporting date.

Low credit risk

A financial instrument is determined to have low credit risk if:

- (a) it has a low risk of default;
- (b) the borrower has a strong capacity to meet its contractual cash flow obligations in the near term; and
- (c) adverse changes in economic and business conditions in the longer term may, but will not necessarily, reduce the ability of the borrower to fulfil its contractual cash flow obligations.

As detailed in note 6 to the consolidated financial statements, the financial instruments determined to have low credit risk includes bank balances – general account.

Simplified approach of ECL

For accounts receivable other than margin clients without a significant financing component, the Group applies a simplified approach in calculating ECL. The Group recognises a loss allowance based on lifetime ECL at each reporting date and has established a provision matrix that is based on its historical credit loss experience, adjusted for forward-looking factors specific to the debtors and the economic environment.

2. 主要會計政策-續

金融工具-續 *金融資產減值-續*

信貸風險顯著增加的評估-續

無論上述評估結果如何,本集團假定 合約付款逾期超過30日時,信貸風險 自初步確認以來已顯著增加。

儘管有前述分析,如金融工具於報告 日期被釐定為低信貸風險,本集團會 假設金融風險的信貸風險自初步確認 以來無顯著增加。

低信貸風險

如有下列情況,金融工具會被釐定為 低信貸風險:

- (a) 其具低違約風險;
- (b) 借款人有實力履行其近期合約現 金流量責任;及
- (c) 較長遠的經濟或營商條件的不利 變動可能(但不一定)會減低借款 人履行其合約現金流量責任的能力。

誠如綜合財務報表附註6所詳述,釐定 為低信貸風險之金融工具包括銀行結 餘—一般賬戶。

預期信貸虧損的簡化手法

就保證金客戶以外的應收賬項(無重大 融資成分),本集團應用簡化手法來計 算預期信貸虧損。本集團根據於報告 期末之全期預期信貸虧損確認虧損撥 備,並已設立基於本集團過往信貸虧 損經驗確立一個撥備矩陣,其已就債 務人特定的前瞻性因素及經濟環境作 出調整。

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2. PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES – continued

Financial instruments – continued

Impairment of financial assets - continued

Credit-impaired financial asset

A financial asset is credit-impaired when one or more events that have a detrimental impact on the estimated future cash flows of that financial asset have occurred. Evidence that a financial asset is credit-impaired include observable data about the following events:

- (a) significant financial difficulty of the issuer or the borrower.
- (b) a breach of contract, such as a default or past due event.
- (c) the lender(s) of the borrower, for economic or contractual reasons relating to the borrower's financial difficulty, having granted to the borrower a concession(s) that the lender(s) would not otherwise consider.
- (d) it is becoming probable that the borrower will enter bankruptcy or other financial reorganisation.
- (e) the disappearance of an active market for that financial asset because of financial difficulties.
- (f) the purchase or origination of a financial asset at a deep discount that reflects the incurred credit losses.

Write-off

The Group writes off a financial asset when the Group has no reasonable expectations of recovering the contractual cash flows on a financial asset in its entirety or a portion thereof. The Group has a policy of writing off the gross carrying amount based on historical experience of recoveries of similar assets. The Group expects no significant recovery from the amount written off. However, financial assets that are written off could still be subject to enforcement activities under the Group's procedures for recovery of amounts due, taking into account legal advice if appropriate. Any subsequent recovery is recognised in profit or loss. 截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度 Year ended 31 March 2020

2. 主要會計政策-續

金融工具-續 金融資產減值-續

有信貸減值的金融資產

當發生對金融資產的估計未來現金流 量產生不利影響的一件或多件事件之 時,該金融資產即屬有信貸減值。金 融資產有信貸減值的憑證包括以下事 件的可觀察數據:

- (a) 發行人或借款人陷入嚴重財困。
- (b) 違反合約,例如違約或逾期事件 等。
- (c)借款人的放款人因關乎借款人財 困的經濟或合約理由,授予借款 人放款人原應不會考慮授出的讓 步。
- (d) 借款人可能破產或進行其他財務 重組。
- (e) 金融資產因財困而失去其活躍市場。
- (f) 以大幅折扣購買或源生一項金融 資產,由此反映了已產生之信貸 虧損。

撇銷

本集團無合理預期可全數或部分追收 金融資產的合約現金流量時,會將之 撇銷。本集團有基於其追收類似資產 而制定的撇銷賬面值毛額的政策。本 集團預期自所撇銷金額無重大收回。 然而,被撇銷金融資產仍須面對本集 團考慮法律意見(如適當)的追收到期 欠款程序的強制執行行動。任何後續 收回於損益確認。

截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度 Year ended 31 March 2020

2. PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES – continued

Convertible bonds issued by a listed subsidiary

Convertible bonds issued by a listed subsidiary that can be converted to equity share capital of the listed subsidiary at the option of the holders, where the number of shares that would be issued on conversion and the value of the consideration that would be received at that time do not vary, are accounted for as compound financial instruments which contain both a liability component and an equity component.

At initial recognition, the liability component of the convertible bonds issued by a listed subsidiary is measured as the present value of the future interest and principal payments, discounted at the market rate of interest applicable at the time of initial recognition to similar liabilities that do not have a conversion option. Any excess of the fair value of the compound instruments over the amount initially recognised as the liability component is recognised as the equity component which is recognised as potential non-controlling interests. Transactions costs that related to the issue of a compound financial instrument are allocated to the liability and equity components in proportion to the allocation of the fair value.

The liability component is subsequently carried at amortised cost. The interest expenses recognised in profit or loss on the liability component is calculated using the effective interest method. In particular, once the convertible bonds issued by a listed subsidiary were exercised by the bondholders, the equity component would be transferred to the non-controlling interests.

If the convertible bonds are converted, the amount previously recognised as potential non-controlling interests, together with the carrying amount of the liability component at the time of conversion, are transferred to the non-controlling interests as consideration for the shares issued. The consequential impact is accounted for as a change in ownership interests in a subsidiary without loss of control.

2. 主要會計政策-續

一間上市附屬公司發行之可換股債券 倘於轉換時將予發行之股份數目及將 予收取之代價價值當時並無改變,則 可供持有人選擇轉換為上市附屬公司 權益股本之上市附屬公司發行之可換 股債券會作為附有負債部分及權益部 分之複合金融工具入賬。

於初步確認時,上市附屬公司發行之 可換股債券之負債部分按未來利息及 本金款項之現值計算,而未來利息及 本金款項之現值是以無轉換權之類似 負債於初步確認時適用之市場利率貼 現計算。任何超過初步確認為負債 部分,並確認為潛在非控股權益。與 發行複合金融工具相關之交易成本按 公允值之分配比例分配到負債及權益 部分。

負債部分隨後按攤銷成本列賬。於損 益內確認之負債部分利息支出按實際 利率法計算。尤其是,一旦上市附屬 公司發行之可換股債券獲債券持有人 行使,權益部分將轉移至非控股權益。

倘可换股債券獲轉換,則先前於潛在 非控股權益中確認之金額及該負債部 分於轉換時之賬面值會轉入非控股權 益,作為已發行股份之代價。相應的 影響入賬列作並無失去控制權之一間 附屬公司擁有權權益之變動。

2. PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES – continued

Convertible bonds issued by a listed subsidiary – continued

If the convertible bonds are redeemed, any difference between the redemption consideration allocated to the liability component and the net carrying amount of the liability component is recognised in profit or loss while the amount previously recognised in potential non-controlling interests and the redemption consideration allocated to the potential non-controlling interests are recognised or transferred directly to accumulated profits or losses.

Cash equivalents

For the purpose of the consolidated statement of cash flows, cash equivalents represent short-term highly liquid investments which are readily convertible into known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value. For classification in the consolidated statement of financial position, cash equivalents represent assets similar in nature to cash and which are not restricted as to use.

Revenue recognition

Rental income

Rental income under operating leases is recognised when the assets are let out and on the straight-line basis over the lease term. Before 1 April 2019, contingent rents are recognised as income in the period in which they are earned. From 1 April 2019, variable lease payments that depend on an index or a rate are initially measured using the index or rate at the commencement date and subsequently adjusted when such index or rate changes. Such payments are recognised as income on the straight-line basis over the lease term. Other variable lease payments are recognised as income in the period in which the event or condition that triggers those payments occurs.

Dividend income

Dividend income from financial assets is recognised when the Group's rights to receive dividend is established, it is probable that the economic benefits associated with the dividend will flow to the Group and the amount of the dividend can be measured reliably. Dividend income from investments is recognised when the shareholders' rights to receive payment have been established. 截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度 Year ended 31 March 2020

2. 主要會計政策-續

一間上市附屬公司發行之可換股債券 -續

倘可換股債券獲贖回,則分配至負債 部份之贖回代價與負債部分賬面淨值 間之任何差額會於損益中確認,而先 前於潛在非控股權益中確認之金額及 分配至潛在非控股權益之贖回代價予 以確認或直接轉移至累計損益中。

現金等值項目

就綜合現金流量表而言,現金等值項 目指可隨時轉換為已知金額現金,且 價值變動風險不大之短期高流動性投 資。就綜合財務狀況表之分類而言, 現金等值項目指與現金性質相似且用 途無限制之資產。

收益確認

租金收入

股息收入

當本集團收取股息的權利獲確立後, 來自金融資產的股息收入乃被確認, 即股息相關經濟利益很有可能流向本 集團,且股息金額能被可靠計量。投 資之股息收入於股東收取款項之權利 確立時確認。

截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度 Year ended 31 March 2020

2. PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES – continued

Revenue recognition - continued

Revenue from contracts with customers within HKFRS 15

Nature of goods or services

The nature of the goods or services provided by the Group is as follows:

- (a) Broking services
- (b) Corporate finance services

Identification of performance obligations

At contract inception, the Group assesses the goods or services promised in a contract with a customer and identifies as a performance obligation each promise to transfer to the customer either:

- (a) a good or service (or a bundle of goods or services) that is distinct; or
- (b) a series of distinct goods or services that are substantially the same and that have the same pattern of transfer to the customer.

A good or service that is promised to a customer is distinct if both of the following criteria are met:

- (a) the customer can benefit from the good or service either on its own or together with other resources that are readily available to the customer (i.e. the good or service is capable of being distinct); and
- (b) the Group's promise to transfer the good or service to the customer is separately identifiable from other promises in the contract (i.e. the promise to transfer the good or service is distinct within the context of the contract).

2. 主要會計政策-續

收益確認-續 香港財務報告準則第15號範圍內適用 <u>之客戶合約收益</u> *貨品或服務的性質* 本集團所提供貨品或服務的性質如下:

- (a) 經紀服務
- (b) 企業融資服務

識別履約責任

於合約開始時,本集團會評估與客戶 所訂合約中承諾的貨品或服務,並識 別為各承諾轉移給客戶已下兩者之一 的履約責任:

- (a) 明確的貨品或服務(或一套貨品或 服務);或
- (b) 連串明確的貨品或服務,大致相 同且轉移給客戶的模式相同。

如同時符合以下準則,則承諾給客戶 的貨品或服務謂之明確:

- (a) 客戶自身或連同其他可隨時利用 的資源受惠於貨品或服務(即貨品 或服務謂之明確);及
- (b) 本集團轉移給客戶貨品或服務的 承諾可與合約中其他承諾分開識 別(即轉移貨品或服務就合約文本 而言謂之明確)。

2. PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES – continued

Revenue recognition - continued

Revenue from contracts with customers within HKFRS 15 - continued Timing of revenues recognition

Timing of revenue recognition

Revenue is recognised when (or as) the Group satisfies a performance obligation by transferring a promised good or service (i.e. an asset) to a customer. An asset is transferred when (or as) the customer obtains control of that asset.

The Group transfers control of a good or service over time and, therefore, satisfies a performance obligation and recognises revenue over time, if one of the following criteria is met:

- (a) the customer simultaneously receives and consumes the benefits provided by the Group's performance as the Group performs;
- (b) the Group's performance creates or enhances an asset (for example, work in progress) that the customer controls as the asset is created or enhanced; or
- (c) the Group's performance does not create an asset with an alternative use to the Group and the Group has an enforceable right to payment for performance completed to date.

If a performance obligation is not satisfied over time, the Group satisfies the performance obligation at a point in time when the customer obtains control of the promised asset. In determining when the transfer of control occurs, the Group considers the concept of control and such indicators as legal title, physical possession, right to payment, significant risks and rewards of ownership of the asset, and customer acceptance. 截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度 Year ended 31 March 2020

2. 主要會計政策-續

收益確認-續

香港財務報告準則第15號範圍內適用 之客戶合約收益一續 收益確認的時間性

收益當(或如)本集團藉轉移所承諾貨 品或服務(即資產)給客戶而達致履約 責任時確認。資產當(或如)客戶取得 其控制權時謂之轉移。

如符合以下其中一項準則,本集團隨時間轉移貨品或服務的控制權,故達 致履約責任並隨時間確認收益:

- (a) 客戶於本集團履約時同時接受及 使用本集團履約所提供的利益;
- (b)本集團履約創造或提昇客戶於資 產被創造或提昇時所控制的資產 (如在建工程);或
- (c)本集團履約時並無創造對本集團 而言具替代用途的資產,且本集 團對迄今完成的履約付款具有可 強制執行權利。

如履約責任不隨時間達致,本集團於 客戶取得所承諾資產的控制權時於 某個時間點達致履約責任。釐定轉移 何時發生時,本集團會考慮控制權概 念及諸如法定業權、實質管有、付款 權、資產所有權的重大風險與酬報及 客戶認受等指標。

截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度 Year ended 31 March 2020

2. PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES – continued

Revenue recognition - continued

Revenue from contracts with customers within HKFRS 15 - continued Timing of revenue recognition – continued Revenue is recognised on the following bases:

- Commission income for broking business is recorded as income at a point in time on a trade date basis;
- Underwriting commission income, sub-underwriting income, placing commission and sub-placing commission are recognised as income at a point in time in accordance with the terms of the underlying agreement or deal mandate when relevant significant act has been completed;
- Proof of funds commission and clearing and handling fee income are recognised at a point in time when the relevant transactions have been arranged or the relevant services have been rendered; and
- Advisory fee income is recognised over time when the relevant transactions have been arranged or the relevant services have been rendered.

For revenue recognised over time under HKFRS 15, provided the outcome of the performance obligation can be reasonably measured, the Group applies the output method (i.e. based on the direct measurements of the value to the customer of the goods or services transferred to date relative to the remaining goods or services promised under the contract) to measure the progress towards complete satisfaction of the performance obligation because the method provides a faithful depiction of the Group's performance and reliable information is available to the Group to apply the method. Otherwise, revenue is recognised only to the extent of the costs incurred until such time that it can reasonably measure the outcome of the performance obligation.

2. 主要會計政策-續

收益確認一續 香港財務報告準則第15號範圍內適用 之客戶合約收益一續 收益確認的時間性一續 收益以下列基準確認:

- 經紀業務之佣金收入於交易日記 作收入;
- 包銷佣金收入、分包銷佣金收入、配售佣金及配售分銷佣金, 乃於有關重要行動完成時按照相 關協議或交易授權之條款確認為 收入;
- 顧問、資金證明佣金以及結算及
 手續費收入於安排有關交易或提
 供有關服務時確認;及
- 來自金融資產之利息收入乃參考 尚餘本金並以適用實際利率按時 間基準確認。

就香港財務報告準則第15號項下隨時 間確認的收益,倘履約責任的結果可 合理地計量,本集團應用輸出法(即直 接計量至今已轉移給客戶的貨品或服 務的價值相對合約下所承諾剩餘貨品 或服務)以計量達致履約責任的完成進 度,因為此法提供有關本集團履約的 忠實描述及本集團應用此法可掌握的 可靠資料。否則,收益僅確認至所招 致成本的程度,直至可合理地計量履 約責任的結果為止。

2. PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES – continued

Revenue recognition - continued

Interest income

Interest income from financial assets is recognised using the effective interest method. For financial assets measured at amortised cost or Mandatory FVOCI that are not credit-impaired, the effective interest rate is applied to the gross carrying amount of the assets while it is applied to the amortised cost (i.e. the gross carrying amount net of loss allowance) in case of credit-impaired financial assets.

Foreign currency translation

Items included in the financial statements of each of the Group's entities are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates (the "functional currency"). The consolidated financial statements are presented in the currency of HK\$, which is also the Company's functional currency.

Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using the exchange rates prevailing at the dates of the transactions. Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions and from the translation at year-end exchange rates of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are recognised in profit or loss. Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the retranslation of non-monetary items carried at fair value are recognised in profit or loss except for those arising on the retranslation of non-monetary items in respect of which gains and losses are recognised directly in equity, in which cases, the gains or losses are also recognised directly in equity. 截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度 Year ended 31 March 2020

綜合財務報表附註

2. 主要會計政策 - 續

收益確認一續

利息收入

金融資產之利息收入以實際利率法確 認。就按攤銷成本或強制按公允值計 入其他全面收益計量而無信貸減值的 金融資產,實際利率應用於資產的賬 面總額,如屬有信貸減值的金融資產 則應用於攤銷成本(即賬面總額減去虧 損撥備)。

外幣換算

本集團各實體之財務報表所列項目乃 按實體經營所在之主要經濟環境之貨 幣(「功能貨幣」)計量。綜合財務報表 以港元呈列,港元亦為本公司功能貨 幣。

外幣交易均按交易當日之現行匯率換 算為功能貨幣。因該等交易結算及按 期末匯率換算以外幣計值之貨幣資產 及負債而產生之匯兑損益,均於損益 中確認。因重新換算按公允值列賬之 非貨幣項目產生之匯兑損益於損益中 確認,惟因重新換算其損益直接於權 益中確認之非貨幣項目除外,在該情 況下,損益亦直接於權益中確認。

截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度 Year ended 31 March 2020

2. PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES – continued

Foreign currency translation – continued

The results and financial position of all the group entities that have a functional currency different from the presentation currency ("foreign operations") are translated into the presentation currency as follows:

- Assets and liabilities for each statement of financial position presented are translated at the closing rate at the end of the reporting period.
- Income and expenses for each statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income are translated at average exchange rate and
- All resulting exchange differences arising from the above translation and exchange differences arising from a monetary item that forms part of the Group's net investment in a foreign operation are recognised as a separate component of equity.

Impairment of non-financial assets

At the end of each reporting period, the Group reviews internal and external sources of information to assess whether there is any indication that its property and equipment, intangible assets and the Company's investments in subsidiaries may be impaired or impairment loss previously recognised no longer exists or may be reduced. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated, based on the higher of its fair value less costs of disposal and value in use. Where it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, the Group estimates the recoverable amount of the smallest group of assets that generates cash flows independently (i.e. cash-generating unit).

2. 主要會計政策-續

外幣換算-續

所有功能貨幣有別於呈列貨幣之集團 實體之業績及財務狀況(「海外業務」) 均按以下方式換算為呈列貨幣:

- 於各財務狀況表呈列之資產及負 債乃按報告期末之收市匯率換算;
- 於各損益及其他全面收益表呈列 之收入及開支乃按平均匯率換算; 及
- 所有因以上換算產生之匯兑差額
 及因構成本集團於海外業務之淨
 投資一部分之貨幣項目產生之匯
 兑差額,均於權益內以獨立項目
 入賬。

非金融資產之減值

於各報告期末,本集團會檢討內部及 外部資料,以評定是否有任何跡象顯 示其物業及設備、無形資產及本公司 於附屬公司之投資可能出現減值虧 損,或之前確認之減值虧損是否已不 再存在或可能減少。若出現任何有關 跡象,將會根據資產之公允值減出售 成本與使用價值(以較高者為準)估計 資產之可收回金額。如未能估計個別 資產之可收回金額,則本集團會估計 能獨立產生現金流量之最小組別資產 (即創現單位)之可收回金額。

2. PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES – continued

Impairment of non-financial assets - continued

If the recoverable amount of an asset or a cash-generating unit is estimated to be less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of the asset or cash-generating unit is reduced to its recoverable amount. Impairment losses are recognised as an expense in profit or loss immediately.

A reversal of impairment loss is limited to the carrying amount of the asset or cash-generating unit that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognised in prior years. Reversal of impairment loss is recognised as an income in profit or loss immediately.

Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs incurred, net of any investment income on the temporary investment of the specific borrowings, that are directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of qualifying assets, i.e. assets that necessarily take a substantial period of time to get ready for their intended use or sale, are capitalised as part of the cost of those assets. Capitalisation of such borrowing costs ceases when the assets are substantially ready for their intended use or sale. All other borrowing costs are recognised as an expense in the period in which they are incurred.

Leases

Applicable from 1 April 2019

The Group assesses whether a contract is, or contains, a lease at inception of the contract. A contract is, or contains, a lease if the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration.

As lessee

The Group applies the recognition exemption to short-term leases and low-value asset leases. Lease payments associated with these leases are recognised as an expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term. All the leases in the Group are either short-term lease or low-value asset leases. 截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度 Year ended 31 March 2020

2. 主要會計政策-續

非金融資產之減值-續

倘估計資產或創現單位之可收回金額 將低於其賬面值,則資產或創現單位 之賬面值會下調至其可收回金額。減 值虧損即時於損益確認為開支。

所撥回之減值虧損以資產或創現單位 在以往年度並無確認減值虧損而原應 釐定之賬面值為限。減值虧損撥回即 時於損益中確認為收入。

借貨成本

收購、建造或生產合資格資產(即需要 一段頗長時間始能達致其擬定用途或 出售之資產)之直接應佔借貸成本,在 扣除特定借貸之暫時性投資收益後, 均作資本化並作為該等資產成本之一 部分。當資產大體上可作其擬定用途 或出售時,該等借貸成本將會停止資 本化。所有其他借貸成本均列作為發 生期間之費用。

租賃

自二零一九年四月一日起適用

本集團於合約開始時評估合約是否為 或包含租賃。倘合約為換取代價而給 予在一段時間內控制已識別資產使用 的權利,則該合約為或包含租賃。

作為承租人

本集團對短期租賃及低值資產租賃應 用確認豁免。與該等租賃相關的租賃 付款以直線法於租賃期內確認為開 支。本集團的所有租賃均為短期租賃 或低值資產租賃。

截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度 Year ended 31 March 2020

2. PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES – continued

Leases – continued

Applicable from 1 April 2019 – continued

As lessor

The Group classifies each of its leases as either a finance lease or an operating lease at the inception date of the lease. A lease is classified as a finance lease if it transfers substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership of the underlying asset. All other leases are classified as operating leases.

The Group accounts for each lease component within a lease contract as a lease separately from non-lease components of the contract. The Group allocates the consideration in the contract to each lease component on a relative stand-alone price basis.

As lessor – operating lease

The Group applies the derecognition and impairment requirements in HKFRS 9 to the operating lease receivables.

Applicable before 1 April 2019

Leases are classified as finance leases whenever the terms of the lease transfer substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership to the lessee. All other leases are classified as operating leases.

As lessee

Rentals payable under operating leases are charged to profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the terms of the relevant lease.

Lease incentives are recognised in profit or loss as an integral part of the net consideration agreed for the use of the leased asset. Contingent rentals are recognised as expenses in the accounting period in which they are incurred.

2. 主要會計政策-續

租賃-續

自二零一九年四月一日起適用-續

作為出租人

本集團於租賃開始日期將租賃各自分 類為融資租賃或經營租賃。倘租賃將 相關資產之擁有權的絕大部分風險及 回報轉移,則分類為融資租賃。所有 其他租賃均分類為經營租賃。

本集團對於租賃合約內各個租賃組成 部分入賬列作獨立於合約非租賃部分 的一項租賃。本集團根據相對單獨價 格將合約代價分配至各個租賃組成部 分。

作為出租人一經營租賃

本集團對經營租賃應收款項應用香港 財務報告準則第9號的取消確認及減值 規定。

於二零一九年四月一日前適用

租賃條款將擁有權之絕大部分風險及 回報轉讓予承租人之租賃,均分類為 融資租賃。所有其他租賃均分類為經 營租賃。

作為承租人

根據經營租賃應付之租金於相關租賃 年期內以直線法在損益中扣除。

租賃優惠於損益中確認為就使用租賃 資產協定之淨代價一部分。或然租金 於產生之會計期間內確認為開支。

2. PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES – continued

Employee benefits

Short term employee benefits

Salaries, annual bonuses, paid annual leave and the cost of non-monetary benefits are accrued in the year in which the associated services are rendered by employees.

Retirement benefit costs

Payment to defined contribution retirement benefit scheme and the Mandatory Provident Fund Scheme are recognised as expenses when employees have rendered service entitling them to the contributions.

Long service payments

The Group's net obligation in respect of long service payments under the Employment Ordinance is the amounts of future benefit that employees have earned in return for their services in the current and prior periods. The obligation is calculated using the projected unit credit method and discounted to its present value and after deducting the fair value of any related assets, including those retirement scheme benefits.

Share-based payment transactions

Equity-settled share-based transactions

The Group's employees, including directors, receive remuneration in the form of share-based payment transactions, whereby the employees rendered services in exchange for shares or rights over shares.

The fair value of services received determined by reference to the fair value of share options granted at the grant date is expensed on a straight-line basis over the vesting period or is recognised as an expense in full at the grant date when share options granted vest immediately, with a corresponding increase in equity. 截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度 Year ended 31 March 2020

綜合財務報表附註

2. 主要會計政策-續

僱員福利

短期僱員福利

薪金、年度花紅、有薪年假及非現金 福利成本乃於僱員提供相關服務之年 度累計。

退休福利成本

向定額退休福利計劃及強積金計劃作 出之付款於僱員提供服務而可享有該 等供款時作為開支扣除。

長期服務金

根據僱傭條例,本集團就長期服務金 之責任淨額為僱員於本期間及過往期 間就彼等之服務所賺取日後利益款 額。此責任乃使用預計單位貸記法計 算及貼現至現值,並經扣除任何有關 資產之公允值(包括該等退休計劃福 利)。

以股份支付交易

以權益結算以股份支付交易 本集團之僱員(包括董事)按以股份支 付交易形式收取報酬,據此僱員以提 供服務交換股份或涉及股份之權利。

已接獲服務之公允值參考於授出日期 所授出購股權之公允值而釐定,並以 直線法於歸屬期內支銷,又或倘授出 之購股權乃即時歸屬,則於授出日期 全數支銷,並相應增加權益。

截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度 Year ended 31 March 2020

2. PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES – continued

Share-based payment transactions - continued

Equity-settled share-based transactions – continued

When share options are exercised, the amount previously recognised in share option reserve will be transferred to share premium. When the share options are forfeited after the vesting date or are still not exercised at the expiry date, the amount previously recognised in share option reserve will be transferred to retained profits / accumulated losses.

Equity-settled share-based payment transactions with parties other than employees are measured at fair value of the goods or services received, except where the fair value cannot be reliably estimated, in which case they are measured at fair value of the equity instruments granted. In all cases, the fair value is measured at the date the Group obtains the goods or the counterparty renders the services.

Taxation

The charge for current income tax is based on the results for the period as adjusted for items that are non-assessable or disallowed. It is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

Deferred tax is provided, using the liability method, on all temporary differences at the end of the reporting period between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the consolidated financial statements. However, any deferred tax arising from initial recognition of goodwill; or other asset or liability in a transaction other than a business combination that at the time of the transaction affects neither the accounting profit nor taxable profit or loss is not recognised.

The deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply to the period when the asset is recovered or the liability is settled, based on tax rates and tax laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the end of the reporting period.

2. 主要會計政策-續

以股份支付交易-續

以權益結算以股份支付交易一續 於購股權獲行使時,以往於購股權儲 備確認之款項將撥入股份溢價。當購 股權於歸屬日期後被沒收或於屆滿日 期仍未行使,則先前於購股權儲備確 認之金額將轉移至保留溢利/累計虧 損。

與非僱員人士進行以權益結算以股份 支付交易按所收取商品或服務之公允 值計量,惟在公允值無法可靠估計之 情況下按所授權益工具之公允值計 量。在所有情況下,公允值會於本集 團取得商品或交易對手提供服務當日 計量。

税項

即期所得税支出乃根據期內業績計 算,並就毋須課税或不可扣減項目作 出調整。計算時所使用之税率為於各 報告期末已頒行或實際上已頒行之税 率。

遞延税項乃就資產及負債之税基與其 於綜合財務報表內所示之賬面值於各 報告期末之所有暫時性差額,採用負 債法計提撥備。然而,初步確認商譽 或一項交易(業務合併除外)中之其他 資產或負債所產生之任何遞延税項, 倘其於交易時不影響會計溢利或應課 税溢利或虧損,則不會確認。

遞延税項資產及負債乃根據於各報告 期末已頒行或實際上已頒行之税率及 税法,按收回資產或清還負債之期間 預期適用之税率計量。

截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度 Year ended 31 March 2020

綜合財務報表附註

2. PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES – continued

Taxation – continued

Deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the deductible temporary differences, tax losses and credits can be utilised.

Deferred tax is provided on temporary differences arising on investment in subsidiaries except where the timing of the reversal of the temporary differences is controlled by the Group and it is probable that the temporary difference will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

Related parties

A related party is a person or entity that is related to the Group.

- (a) A person or a close member of that person's family is related to the Group if that person:
 - (i) has control or joint control over the Group;
 - (ii) has significant influence over the Group; or
 - (iii) is a member of the key management personnel of the Group.

2. 主要會計政策-續

税項-續

倘可能有未來應課税溢利可用作抵 銷可扣減暫時性差額、税項虧損及抵 免,則會確認遞延税項資產。

遞延税項乃就於附屬公司之投資產生 之暫時性差額計提撥備,惟暫時性差 額撥回之時間由本集團控制及暫時性 差額於可見將來很可能不會被撥回則 除外。

關連人士

關連人士為與本集團有關聯之人士或 實體,定義如下:

- (a) 倘一名人士符合以下條件,該名人 士或其近親即為與本集團有關聯:
 - (i) 對本集團有控制權或共同控 制權;
 - (ii) 對本集團有重大影響力;或
 - (iii) 為本集團主要管理人員。

截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度 Year ended 31 March 2020

2. PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES – continued

Related parties - continued

- (b) An entity is related to the Group if any of the following conditions applies:
 - the entity and the Group are members of the same group (which means that each holding company, subsidiary and fellow subsidiary is related to the others).
 - (ii) one entity is an associate or joint venture of the other entity (or an associate or joint venture of a member of a group of which the other entity is a member).
 - (iii) both entities are joint ventures of the same third party.
 - (iv) one entity is a joint venture of a third entity and the other entity is an associate of the third entity.
 - (v) the entity is a post-employment benefit plan for the benefit of employees of either the Group or an entity related to the Group. If the Group is itself such a plan, the sponsoring employers are also related to the Group.
 - (vi) the entity is controlled or jointly controlled by a person identified in (a).
 - (vii) a person identified in (a)(i) has significant influence over the entity or is a member of the key management personnel of the entity (or of a holding company of the entity).
 - (viii) the entity, or any member of a group of which it is a part, provides key management personnel services to the Group.

2. 主要會計政策-續

關連人士-續

- (b) 倘一間實體符合以下任何條件,其 即為與本集團有關聯:
 - (i) 該實體與本集團為同一集團 之成員公司(即各控股公司、 附屬公司及同系附屬公司彼 此互有關聯)。
 - (ii) 其中一間實體為另一間實體 之聯營公司或合營企業(或其 中一間實體為另一間實體所 屬集團成員公司之聯營公司 或合營企業)。
 - (iii) 兩間實體均為同一第三方之 合營企業。
 - (iv) 其中一間實體為一名第三方 之合營企業,而另一間實體 為該第三方之聯營公司。
 - (v) 該實體乃為本集團或與本集 團有關聯之實體之僱員福利 而設之退休福利計劃。倘本 集團本身為該計劃,提供資 助之僱主亦為與本集團有關 聯。
 - (vi) 該實體為受(a)段所識別人士 控制或共同控制。
 - (vii) (a)(i)段所識別並對實體有重 大影響力或為該實體(或該實 體控股公司)主要管理人員之 人士。
 - (viii)向本集團提供主要管理人員 服務之實體或其所屬集團之 任何成員公司。

2. PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES – continued

Related parties - continued

Close members of the family of a person are those family members who may be expected to influence, or be influenced by, that person in their dealings with the entity and include:

- (a) that person's children and spouse or domestic partner;
- (b) children of that person's spouse or domestic partner; and
- (c) dependants of that person or that person's spouse or domestic partner.

In the definition of a related party, an associate includes subsidiaries of the associate and a joint venture includes subsidiaries of the joint venture.

Segment reporting

Operating segments, and the amounts of each segment item reported in the consolidated financial statements, are identified from the financial information provided regularly to the Group's chief operating decision maker, who is the board of directors of the Company, for the purpose of allocating resources to, and assessing the performance of, the Group's various lines of business and geographical locations.

Individual material operating segments are not aggregated for financial reporting purposes unless the segments have similar economic characteristics and are similar in respect of the nature of products and services, the nature of production processes, the type or class of customers, the methods used to distribute the products or provide the services, and the nature of the regulatory environment. Operating segments which are not individually material may be aggregated if they share a majority of these criteria. 截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度 Year ended 31 March 2020

綜合財務報表附註

2. 主要會計政策-續

關連人士-續

一名人士之近親指可於該人士與實體 進行交易時,預期可能會影響該名人 士或受該名人士影響之家庭成員,包 括:

- (a) 該名人士之子女及配偶或同居伴侶;
- (b) 該名人士配偶或同居伴侶之子女;及
- (c) 該名人士或該名人士配偶或同居 伴侶之受養人。

於關連人士之定義中,聯營公司包括 該聯營公司之附屬公司,而合營企業 包括該合營企業之附屬公司。

分部報告

綜合財務報表內所呈報之經營分部及 各分部項目之金額,與定期就本集團 各業務線及地域之資源分配及表現評 估而向本集團之主要營運決策者(即本 公司董事會)提供之財務資料一致。

就財務報告而言,個別重大之經營分 部不會彙集計算,惟擁有類似經濟特 徵及在產品及服務性質、生產過程性 質、客戶類別或種類、分銷產品或提 供服務之方法以及監管環境性質方面 類似之分部除外。個別不重大之經營 分部倘具備大部分該等特質,亦可以 彙集計算。

截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度 Year ended 31 March 2020

3. FUTURE CHANGES IN HKFRSs

At the date of authorisation of the consolidated financial statements, the HKICPA has issued the following new / revised HKFRSs that are relevant to the Group and are not yet effective for the current year, which the Group has not early adopted.

Definition of Material ⁽¹⁾
Interest Rate Benchmark
Reform ⁽¹⁾
Definition of a Business ⁽²⁾
Covid-19-Related Rent
Concessions ^[3]
Sale or Contribution of Assets
between an Investor and its
Associate or Joint Venture ^[4]

- ⁽¹⁾ Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2020
- (2) Effective for acquisitions that occur on or after the beginning of the first annual period beginning on or after 1 January 2020
- ⁽³⁾ Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 June 2020
- ⁽⁴⁾ The effective date to be determined

The directors do not anticipate that the adoption of these new / revised HKFRSs in future periods will have any material impact on the result of the Group. 香港財務報告準則的未來變動 於綜合財務報表獲批准之日,香港會 計師公會已頒佈以下與本集團有關及 於本年度尚未生效(本集團未有提前採 納)之新訂/經修訂香港財務報告準 則。

香港會計準則第1號及	重要性之定義印
第8號之修訂	
香港會計準則第39號、	利率基準改革印
香港財務報告準則	
第7號及第9號之修訂	
香港財務報告準則	業務之定義〔2〕
第3號之修訂	
香港財務報告準則	2019冠狀病毒病相關
第16號之修訂	租金寬免⑬
香港財務報告準則	投資者與其聯營公司或
第10號及香港會計準	合營企業之間的資產
則第28號之修訂	出售或出繳[4]

⁽¹⁾ 於二零二零年一月一日或其後開始之 年度期間生效

⁽²⁾ 對二零二零年一月一日或之後開始的 首個年度期間開始或之後的收購生效

- ⁽³⁾ 於二零二零年六月一日或其後開始之 年度期間生效
- [4] 生效日期待定

董事預期於未來期間採納此等新訂/ 經修訂香港財務報告準則將不會對本 集團業績產生任何重大影響。

4. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND JUDGEMENTS

Estimates and assumptions concerning the future and judgements are made by the management in the preparation of the consolidated financial statements. They affect the application of the Group's accounting policies, reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income and expenses, and disclosures made. They are assessed on an on-going basis and are based on experience and relevant factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances. Where appropriate, revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period of revision and future periods, in case the revision also affects future periods.

Key sources of estimation uncertainty

Loss allowance for ECL

The Group's management estimates the loss allowance for financial assets at amortised cost including accounts receivable, loans and advances, other receivables and Mandatory FVOCI by using various inputs and assumptions including risk of a default and expected loss rate. The estimation involves high degree of uncertainty which is based on the Group's historical information, recoverable amount of pledged properties and securities collateral, past collection history of borrowers, concentration risk of borrowers, the Group's actual loss experience, existing market conditions as well as forward-looking estimates at the end of each reporting period. Where the expectation is different from the original estimate, such difference will impact the carrying amount of the financial assets at amortised cost and Mandatory FVOCI. Details of the key assumption and inputs used in estimating ECL are set out in note 6 to the consolidated financial statements.

截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度 Year ended 31 March 2020

綜合財務報表附註

4. 關鍵會計估計及判斷

管理層於編製綜合財務報表時會作出 關於未來之估計及假設以及判斷。有 關估計、假設及判斷會影響本集團會 計政策之應用、資產、負債、收入及 開支之呈報金額以及所作出之披露。 管理層會持續根據經驗及相關因素(包 括在各種情況下認為對未來事件作出 之合理預期)對有關估計、假設及判斷 作出評估。於適用時,會計估計之修 訂會於作出修訂之期間及未來期間(如 有關修訂同時影響未來期間)確認。

估計不確定因素之主要來源

預期信貸虧損之虧損撥備

本集團管理層通過使用個種輸入數據 及假設(包括違約風險及預期虧損率) 估計按攤銷成本計量的金融資產的虧 損撥備,該等資產包括應收賬項、貸 款及墊款、其他應收款項及強制按公 允值計入其他全面收益。該估計涉及 高度不確定性,乃基於本集團的歷史 資料、抵押物業及證券抵押品的可收 回金額、過往對借款人的追收記錄、 借款人的信貸集中風險、本集團的實 際損失經驗、現有市況乃至於各報告 期末的前瞻性估計而進行。倘預期與 原有估計不同,其差異將影響按攤銷 成本計量及強制按公允值計入其他全 面收益的金融資產賬面值。估計預期 信貸虧損所用主要假設及輸入數據的 詳情載於綜合財務報表附註6。

截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度 Year ended 31 March 2020

4. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND JUDGEMENTS – continued

Key sources of estimation uncertainty – continued

Fair value of investment properties / building at revaluation

The fair value of building in revaluation model and investment properties located in Hong Kong and the United Kingdom was determined by independent firms of professional valuers and / or by the directors of the Company. The valuation performed was arrived at with reference to recent market transaction prices at the end of reporting period and / or market rental value for similar properties at similar locations with total fair value of investment properties and buildings approximately HK\$874,074,000 (2019: HK\$881,896,000) and HK\$37,754,000 (2019: HK\$37,984,000) at 31 March 2020 respectively. Favourable or unfavourable changes to recent market prices would result in (i) changes in the fair value of the Group's investment properties and corresponding adjustments to the amount of gain or loss reported in profit or loss; and (ii) change in the revaluation amount of the buildings of the Group and corresponding adjustments to the amount of gain or loss reported in other comprehensive income.

Tax provision and tax losses

In year 2014, the hotel complex and certain assets related to the hotel and entertainment operations (the "Assets") were disposed of, resulting in a gain on the disposal, and realisation of fair value gains previously recognised in respect of investment properties. The management has made a tax provision in respect of these gains with the assumptions that the proceeds from disposal and cost base of the Assets has been approximately determined for the purpose of calculating the gain on disposal for tax purposes. In case where the local tax authority does not agree with either the calculation of the cost base of the Assets or the proceeds from disposal of the properties, recognition of significant change in amounts of tax in the profit or loss account may be required in the future.

4. 關鍵會計估計及判斷-續

估計不確定因素之主要來源-續

投資物業/經重估樓宇的公允值 位於香港及英國根據重估模型之樓宇 及投資物業由獨立專業估值師行及/ 或本公司董事估計其公允值。估值乃 參考於報告期末鄰近地點之同類物業 的近期市場交易價格及/或市值租 金而進行,而有關投資物業及樓宇於 二零二零年三月三十一日之總公允值 分別約為874,074,000港元(二零一九 年:881,896,000港元)及37,754,000港 元(二零一九年:37,984,000港元)。 近期市場價格的有利或不利變化可導 致(i)本集團投資物業的公允值出現變 動,並須對損益中匯報的收益或虧損 金額作出相應調整;及(ii)本集團樓宇 之重估金額出現變動,並須對其他全 面收益中匯報的收益或虧損金額作出 相應調整。

税項撥備及税項虧損

於二零一四年,有關酒店及娛樂營運 之酒店綜合樓及若干資產(「該等資 產」)已予出售並由此產生出售收益以 及實現過去就投資物業確認之公允值 收益。管理層已就此等收益作出税務 撥備,當中假設出售所得款項及該售 收益而適當等資產之成本基礎或出售 有關財產所得款項之計算,則可能需 明顯變動。

4. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND JUDGEMENTS – continued

Key sources of estimation uncertainty – continued

Tax provision and tax losses - continued

At the end of the reporting period, no deferred tax asset has been recognised in respect of certain tax losses of approximately HK\$105,746,000 (2019: HK\$111,023,000) due to the majority of the balances are subject to further approval by the local tax authority. In addition, the realisability of the deferred tax asset mainly depends on whether sufficient future profits or taxable temporary differences will be available in the future. In cases where the actual future profits generated are more than expected, a material recognition of deferred tax assets may arise, which would be recognised in profit or loss for the period in which such recognition takes place.

5. CAPITAL RISK MANAGEMENT

The Group manages its capital to ensure that entities in the Group will be able to continue as a going concern while maximising the return to shareholders through the optimisation of the debt and equity balance. The capital structure of the Group consists of debt when applicable, and equity attributable to owners of the Company, comprising issued share capital as disclosed in note 36 to the consolidated financial statements and reserves as disclosed in the consolidated statement of changes in equity. The management reviews the capital structure by considering the cost of capital and the risks associated with each class of capital. In view of this, the Group will balance its overall capital structure through the payment of dividends, new share issues as well as the issue of new debt or the redemption of existing debt. The Group's overall strategy remains unchanged throughout the year.

Certain group entities are regulated by the Hong Kong Securities and Futures Commission (the "SFC") and are required to comply with the financial resources requirements according to the Hong Kong Securities and Futures (Financial Resources) Rules (the "SF(FR)R"). The Group's regulated entities are subject to minimum paid-up share capital requirements and liquid capital requirements under the SF(FR)R. Management closely monitors, on a daily basis, the liquid capital level of these entities to ensure compliance with the minimum liquid capital requirements under the SF(FR)R. The Group's regulated entities have complied with the capital requirements imposed by the SF(FR)R throughout the years ended 31 March 2020 and 2019. 截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度 Year ended 31 March 2020

4. 關鍵會計估計及判斷-續

估計不確定因素之主要來源-續

税項撥備及税項虧損一續

於報告期末,由於大部分結餘須待地 方税務機關進一步批准作實,因此並 無就約105,746,000港元(二零一九年: 111,023,000港元)之若干税項虧損確 認遞延税項資產。此外,變現遞延税 項資產主要視乎是否有足夠未來溢 利或將來可供利用的應課税暫時差異 而定。倘未來實際產生的溢利多於預 測,遞延税項資產可能會出現重大確 認,並會於有關確認發生期間的損益 內確認。

5. 資本風險管理

本集團管理其資本,以確保本集團之 實機將能夠持續經營,並透過優化債 務及權益結餘為股東帶來最大回報。 本集團之資本架構包括債務(如適用) 及本公司擁有人應佔權益,包含綜合 財務報表附註36披露之已發行股本, 以及綜合權益變動表披露之儲備。管 理屬%,從而檢討資本架構。有鑑於 此以及發行新債務或贖回現有債務 平衡整體策略維持不變。

截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度 Year ended 31 March 2020

FINANCIAL INSTRUMEN	NTS	6. 金融コ	具	
Categories of financial instrumen	ts	各類金	融工具	
			2020	2019
			二零二零年	二零一九年
		Notes	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		附註	千港元	千港元
Financial assets	金融資產			
Financial assets at FVPL	按公允值計入損益			
	之金融資產		253,215	492,006
Amortised cost	按攤銷成本	(a)	5,666,447	6,471,020
Mandatory FVOCI	強制按公允值計入			
	其他全面收益		255,030	252,430
Designated FVOCI	指定按公允值計入			
	其他全面收益		-	70,672
Financial liabilities	金融負債			
Amortised cost	經攤銷成本	(b)	(516,466)	(1,534,053)

Notes:

- (a) Financial assets at amortised cost include accounts receivable, loans and advances, deposits and other receivables (excluding prepayments), bank balances – client accounts and bank balances – general accounts and cash.
- (b) Financial liabilities at amortised cost include accounts payable, accrued charges and other payables and amounts due to non-controlling shareholders.

Financial risk management objectives and policies

The Group's major financial instruments include investments in securities, accounts receivable, loans and advances, deposits and other receivables, bank balances and cash, accounts payable, other payables and amounts due to non-controlling shareholders. Details of these financial instruments are disclosed in respective notes to the consolidated financial statements. The risks associated with these financial instruments and the policies on how to mitigate these risks are set out below. The management manages and monitors these exposures to ensure appropriate measures are implemented on a timely and effective manner. 附註:

- (a) 按攤銷成本計量之金融資產包括應收 賬項、貸款及墊款、按金及其他應收 款項(不包括預付款項)、銀行結餘 客戶賬戶以及銀行結餘-一般賬戶及
 現金。
- (b) 按攤銷成本計量之金融負債包括應付 賬項、應計費用及其他應付賬項以及 欠非控股股東款項。

財務風險管理目標及政策

本集團之主要金融工具包括證券投 資、應收賬項、貸款及墊款、按金及 其他應收款項、銀行結餘及現金、應 付賬項、其他應付款項及欠非控股股 東款項。此等金融工具之詳情於綜合 財務報表之有關附註披露。此等金融 工具所附帶之風險以及減低有關風險 之政策載列如下。管理層致力管控此 等風險,確保適時並有效地推行適當 措施。

6. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS - continued

Financial risk management objectives and policies – continued

Market risk

Market risk can be described as the risk of change in fair value of a financial instrument due to changes in interest rates, equity prices or foreign currency exchange rates.

Interest rate risk

The Group is exposed to cash flow interest rate risk in relation to variable-rate cash and cash equivalents and variable-rate loans to independent third parties. The management monitors interest rate exposure and will consider hedging significant interest rate risk should the need arise.

Sensitivity analysis

The management considers that the Group's exposure to cash flow interest rate risk on variable-rate bank balances and variable-rate loans as a result of the change of market interest rate is insignificant due to low interest rates on bank balances and insignificant balance of variable-rate loans at the end of the reporting period, thus no sensitivity analysis is prepared for cash flow interest rate risk.

Other price risk

The Group is exposed to equity price risk through its investments in listed equity securities and quoted debt securities. The directors of the Company manage the exposure by closely monitoring the portfolio of these financial instruments. The fair value of these financial instruments will be affected either positively or negatively, amongst others, by the changes in the closing market prices of the relevant listed equity and debt securities. 截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度 Year ended 31 March 2020

金融工具一續 財務風險管理目標及政策-續

市場風險

市場風險是指利率、股本價格或外幣 匯率之變動令一項金融工具之公允值 改變的風險。

利率風險

本集團因可變利率現金及現金等值項 目以及向獨立第三方提供之可變利率 貸款而面對現金流利率風險。管理層 監察利率風險,並將於有需要時考慮 對沖重大利率風險。

敏感度分析

管理層認為,由於報告期末銀行結餘 的利率偏低及可變利率貸款之結餘並 非重大,本集團因市場利率變動而產 生的可變利率銀行結餘及可變利率貸 款現金流量利率風險不大,因此並無 就現金流量利率風險作出敏感度分析。

其他價格風險

本集團投資於上市股本證券及上市債 務證券,因而面對股本價格風險。本 公司董事密切注視此等金融工具的組 合,從而管控相關風險。此等金融工 具的公允值將因為(其中包括)相關上 市股本及債務證券的收市價之變動而 受到正面或負面影響。

截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度 Year ended 31 March 2020

6. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS - continued

Financial risk management objectives and policies – continued

Market risk – continued

Other price risk – continued

Sensitivity analysis

The sensitivity analysis has been determined based on the exposure to equity and debt price risks at the end of the reporting period. If the prices of the respective listed equity instruments had been 10% (2019: 20%) higher / lower, and held other variables constant, the Group's profit after taxation for the year would increase / decrease by approximately HK\$8,974,000 (2019: HK\$21,189,000), as a result of changes in the fair value of listed equity securities. If the prices of the respective quoted debt instruments had been 10% (2019: 20%) higher / lower, and held other variables constant, the Group's other comprehensive income for the year would increase / decrease by approximately HK\$20,777,000 (2019: HK\$41,105,000), as a result of changes in the fair value of quoted debt securities.

Currency risk

In the opinion of the directors of the Company, the currency risk exposure is not significant as most of the transactions and financial assets and liabilities of the group entities are denominated in the functional currencies of the respective entities and, in the case of Macau Pataca ("MOP") and United States dollars ("USD"), the exposures are limited as MOP are pegged to HK\$ and HK\$ is pegged to USD. Accordingly, no sensitivity analysis has been presented on the currency risk.

金融工具一續 財務風險管理目標及政策-續

市場風險-續

其他價格風險一續

敏感度分析

敏感度分析是根據於報告期末所面對 之股本及債務價格風險而釐定。倘相 關上市股本工具之價格上升/下跌10% (二零一九年:20%)而所有其他可變 因素維持不變,本集團本年度税後溢 利將因為上市股本證券之公允值變動 而增加/減少約8,974,000港元(二零 一九年:21,189,000港元)。倘相關上 市債務工具之價格上升/下跌10%(二 零一九年:20%)而所有其他可變因素 維持不變,本集團本年度其他全面收 益將因為上市債務證券之公允值變動 而增加/減少約20,777,000港元(二零 一九年:41,105,000港元)。

貨幣風險

本公司董事認為,由於集團實體之大 部分交易與金融資產及負債是以有關 實體之功能貨幣計值,故並無面對重 大貨幣風險,而澳門幣及美元方面之 風險有限,原因為澳門幣及美元是與 港元掛鈎。因此,並無根據貨幣風險 呈列敏感度分析。

截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度 Year ended 31 March 2020

6. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS - continued

Financial risk management objectives and policies – continued

Credit risk

The carrying amount of financial assets recognised on the consolidated statement of financial position, which is net of impairment losses, represents the Group's exposure to credit risk.

The Group's maximum exposure to credit risk which will cause a financial loss to the Group due to failure to discharge an obligation by the counterparties arises from the carrying amounts of the respective recognised financial assets as stated in the consolidated statement of financial position and the amount of potential liabilities in relation to loan facilities provided by the Group as disclosed in note 40 to the consolidated financial statements.

The Group exposes to credit risk, which is the risk that a counterparty will be unable to pay amounts in full when due. Impairment allowances are made for losses that are expected at the end of the reporting period. Significant changes in the economy or environment of a particular industry segment could result in losses that are different from those provided for at the end of the reporting period. Management therefore carefully manages its exposure to credit risk. The Group's internal credit risk grading assessment for financial assets except for accounts receivable under HKFRS 15 compiled as the following categories: 金融工具一續 財務風險管理目標及政策-續

信貸風險

綜合財務狀況表之已確認金融資產的 賬面值為扣除減值虧損並代表本集團 面對的信貸風險。

因交易對方未能履行責任而為本集團 帶來財務虧損是本集團所面對的最大 信貸風險,此乃來自綜合財務狀況表 所列各項金融資產之賬面值以及綜合 財務報表附註40所披露本集團提供貸 款融資之相關潛在負債的金額。

本集團面對信貸風險,該風險指交易 對方於到期時未能支付全數。倘於報 告期末預期將錄得虧損,本集團會就 此作減值撥備。經濟或某一行業分部 之環境如有重大變動,可使產生之虧 損與報告期末已作撥備者不同。因 此,管理層審慎管控信貸風險。根據 香港財務報告準則第15號,本集團對 金融資產(除應收賬項外)之內部信貸 評級評估乃按以下類別編製:

截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度 Year ended 31 March 2020

6.	FINANCIAL II	NSTRUMENTS – c	6.	金融工具	具-續		
	Financial risk management objectives and policies – continued				財務風險的	管理目標及政策	策-續
	Credit risk – conti	nued			信貸風險·	- 續	
	Internal credit rating	Description	ECL treatment		內部 信貸評級	描述	預期信貸 虧損之處理 方法
	Performing	The balances that have not had a significant increase in credit risk and 12-month ECL will be recognised	12-month (Normal Credit Quality)		履約中	有關結貨無加 輸 合 並 始 確 加 認 期 損 代 馬 代 二 第 十 二 第 二 第 二 一 二 第 一 一 二 一 一 二 二 一 一 二 二 二 二	12個月 (正常信 貸質素)
	Underperforming	The balances that have had a significant increase in credit risk and for which the lifetime ECL will be recognised	Lifetime (Significant increase in Credit Risk)		履約情況 欠佳	有關結餘 偏 信 著 將 風 開 一 之 開 着 皆 著 將 確 開 約 二 第 將 合 了 著 將 。 二 第 約 二 。 二 第 約 二 章 二 第 約 二 章 二 第 約 二 第 二 第 二 第 二 第 二 第 二 第 二 第 二 第 二	全期(信貸 風險顯著 增加)
	Not performing	The balances that have objective evidence of impairment and for which the lifetime ECL will be recognised	Lifetime (Credit- impaired)		不履約	有關結案 開現 「 「 「 「 「 「 「 「 」 「 」 「 」 「 」 「 「 」 「 」 「 」 「 」 「 」 「 」 「 」 「 」 「 」 「 「 」 「 」 「 」 「 」 「 」 「 」 「 」 「 」 「 」 「 」 「 」 「 」 」 「 」 「 」 」 「 」 」 「 」 」 「 」	全期(已信 貸減值)
	Write-off	The balances that have evidence indicating that the debtor is in severe financial difficulty and the Group has no realistic prospect of recovery	Amount is written off		撤銷	有關現示處財而實無項結證務嚴困集上回前	金額予以撤銷

6. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS - continued

Financial risk management objectives and policies – continued

Credit risk – continued

Accounts receivable from margin clients

The Group provides financing services only to recognised and creditworthy third parties. It is the Group's policy that all these margin clients are subject to credit verification procedures. The margin loans are secured by pledged marketable securities and margin facilities are set to ensure that certain proportion of the fair value of pledged marketable securities of the individual margin clients is higher than the corresponding outstanding loans.

The Group has concentration of credit risk as 58% (2019: 44%) of the total accounts receivable from securities margin clients was due from the Group's ten largest margin clients.

No ageing analysis is disclosed, as in the opinion of the directors of the Company, the ageing analysis does not

directors of the Company, the ageing analysis does not give additional value in view of the nature of business of securities margin financing.

The Group's customer base consists of a wide range of clients and the accounts receivable from margin clients are categorised by common risk characteristics that are representative of the customers' abilities to pay all amounts due in accordance with the contractual terms.

In estimating the ECL and in determining whether there is a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition, whether the financial asset is credit-impaired and the amount of loss given default, the Group has taken into account the credit quality of margin clients, the collateral to accounts receivable balances ratio, amount of margin shortfall of margin clients and pledged marketable securities and adjusted for forward-looking factors that are specific to the debtors and general economic conditions of the industry, in estimating the probability of default of these financial assets, as well as the loss upon default in each case. There was no change in the estimation techniques or methodology made during the year. 截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度 Year ended 31 March 2020

金融工具一續 財務風險管理目標及政策-續

信貸風險-續 *應收保證金客戶賬項*

本集團僅向認可且信譽卓著的的第三 方提供融資服務。本集團的政策是所 有該等保證金客戶均須接受信貸核實 程序。保證金貸款乃以已質押有價證 券作抵押並設定保證金融通額以確保 個別保證金客戶的已質押有價證券公 允值的若干比例高於相應未償還貸款。

由於應收證券保證金客戶全部賬項的 58% (二零一九年:44%)是應收本集團 十大保證金客戶之款項,本集團面對 信貸集中風險之情況。

鑑於證券保證金融資業務之性質,本 公司董事認為賬齡分析並無額外作 用,因此並無披露賬齡分析。

本集團的客戶基礎由廣大客戶組成而 來自保證金客戶的應收賬項以共有風 險特徵分類,該等特徵可代表客戶按 照合約條款支付所有到期欠款的能力。

估計預期信貸虧損及釐定自初始確認 以來信貸風險有否顯著增加、金融資 產是否有信貸減值及債務違約損失率 之金額時,本集團會考慮保證金客戶 的信貸質素、抵押品相對應收賬項結 餘比率、保證金客戶之保證金短欠金 額及已質押有價證券,並就債務人 常 定前瞻性因素及對方營運所在計該等 金融資產的違約概率,乃至各情況下 違約的損失。年內所作估計技巧或方 法並無改變。

截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度 Year ended 31 March 2020

6. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS - continued

Financial risk management objectives and policies – continued

Credit risk – continued

Accounts receivable from margin clients – continued

The Group has established a margin client credit risk classification system and performs credit risk management based on margin client classification in one of three categories of internal credit rating. The information about the ECL for the accounts receivable from margin clients at the end of the reporting period is summarised below. After considering the above factors, net impairment loss of approximately HK\$110,907,000 (2019: HK\$20,085,000) was recognised during the year.

At 31 March 2020

金融工具一續 財務風險管理目標及政策-續

信貸風險-續 *應收保證金客戶賬項-續*

本集團已建立保證金客戶信貸風險分 類系統,並根據保證金客戶分類(為在 三類內部信貸評級中的其中一類)進行 信貸風險管理。於報告期末之應收保 證金客戶賬項的預期信貸虧損資料概 述如下。經考慮上述因素後,年內已 確認減值虧損淨額約110,907,000港元 (二零一九年:20,085,000港元)。

於二零二零年三月三十一日

		Gross	
		carrying	Loss
Internal credit rating	Basis of ECL	amount	allowance
內部信貸評級	預期信貸虧損基準	總賬面值	虧損撥備
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Performing 履約中	12-month 12個月	3,400,141	16,408
Underperforming 履約情況欠佳	Lifetime 全期	104,030	7,822
Not performing 不履約	Lifetime 全期	188,123	124,088
		3,692,294	148,318
At 31 March 2019		於二零一九年三月三十一日	
		Gross	
		carrying	Loss
Internal credit rating	Basis of ECL	amount	allowance
內部信貸評級	預期信貸虧損基準	總賬面值	虧損撥備
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元

Performing 履約中	12-month 12個月	3,647,664	17,702
Underperforming 履約情況欠佳	Lifetime 全期	53,167	3,795
Not performing 不履約	Lifetime 全期	31,732	15,914

3,732,563 37,411

截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度 Year ended 31 March 2020

6. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS - continued

Financial risk management objectives and policies – continued

Credit risk – continued

Accounts receivable from margin clients – continued

At 31 March 2020, the Group recognised loss allowance of approximately HK\$148,318,000 (2019: HK\$37,411,000) on its accounts receivable from margin clients. The movement in the loss allowance for accounts receivable from margin clients during the year is summarised below.

Year ended 31 March 2020

金融工具-續 財務風險管理目標及政策-續

信貸風險-續

應收保證金客戶賬項-續

於二零二零年三月三十一日,本集團 就應收保證金客戶賬項確認虧損撥 備約148,318,000港元(二零一九年: 37,411,000港元)。年內應收保證金客 戶賬項的虧損撥備變動概述如下。

截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度

		12-month ECL 12個月預期 信貸虧損		ne ECL 信貸虧損	
		Performing 履約中 HK\$'000 千港元	Underperforming 履約情況欠佳 HK\$'000 千港元	Not performing 不履約 HK\$'000 千港元	Total 總計 HK\$'000 千港元
At the beginning of the reporting period (Decrease) Increase in allowance	於報告期初 (減少)增加撥備	17,702 (1,294)	3,795 4,027	15,914 108,174	37,411 110,907
At the end of the reporting period	於報告期末	16,408	7,822	124,088	148,318

Year ended 31 March 2019

截至二零一九年三月三十一日止年度

		12-month ECL 12個月預期 信貸虧損	Lifetime ECL 全期預期信貸虧損			
		Performing 履約中 HK\$'000 千港元	Underperforming 履約情況欠佳 HK\$'000 千港元	Not performing 不履約 HK\$'000 千港元	Total 總計 HK\$'000 千港元	
At the beginning of reporting period, as restated	於報告期初,經重列	15,902	2,243	20	18,165	
Increase in allowance Amount written off	增加撥備 撇銷金額	1,800 –	1,552	16,733 (839)	20,085 (839)	
At the end of the reporting period	於報告期末	17,702	3,795	15,914	37,411	

截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度 Year ended 31 March 2020

6. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS - continued

Financial risk management objectives and policies – continued

Credit risk – continued

Accounts receivable from margin clients – continued

The following significant changes in the gross carrying amounts of the balances contributed to the increase in the loss allowance during the year:

- (i) Increase in loss given default rate due to the increase in shortfall portion of margin loans which are not fully secured amounted to approximately HK\$186,762,000 (2019: HK\$34,553,000); and
- (ii) Additional loss allowance of approximately HK\$89,556,000 (2019: HK\$15,838,000) as a result of difficulties on repayment by accounts receivable from margin clients.

The Group has pledged securities as collateral amounted to approximately HK\$48,634,000 (2019: HK\$3,642,000) in respect of the credit-impaired accounts receivable from margin clients.

Loans and advances

Management has money lending policies in place and the exposure to the credit risk is monitored on an ongoing basis. The Group grants loans only to recognised and creditworthy third parties. It is the Group's policy that all these borrowers are subject to credit verification procedures. Also, the Group has other monitoring procedures to ensure that follow-up action is promptly taken to recover overdue debts.

At 31 March 2020, the Group has concentration of credit risk as 50% (2019: 43%) of total loans and advances was due from the Group's five largest borrowers, within the money lending segment.

 金融工具一續 財務風險管理目標及政策-續

> 信貸風險-續 *應收保證金客戶賬項-續*

以下結餘總賬面值的重大變動導致年 內虧損撥備增加:

- (i) 由於涉及金額並非全數獲抵押 之保證金貸款短欠部分增加約 186,762,000港元(二零一九年: 34,553,000港元)導致債務違約損 失率上升;及
- (ii) 由於應收保證金客戶賬項方面
 的還款困難,作出額外虧損撥備
 約89,556,000港元(二零一九年:
 15,838,000港元)。

本集團就出現信貸減值的應收保證金 客戶賬項持有約48,634,000港元(二零 一九年:3,642,000港元)之已抵押證券 作為抵押品。

貸款及墊款

管理層已制定放債政策並持續監察信 貸風險承擔。本集團僅向認可且信譽 卓著的第三方提供融資服務。本集團 的政策是所有借款人均需接受信貸核 實程序。另外,本集團亦有其他監察 程序以確保採取跟進措施收回逾期未 付的債項。

於二零二零年三月三十一日,本集團 集中信貸風險,因為總貸款及墊款中 的50%(二零一九年:43%)是應收本集 團五大借款人之款項(屬於放債分部)。

6. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS - continued

Financial risk management objectives and policies – continued

Credit risk – continued

Loans and advances – continued

In estimating the ECL and in determining whether there is a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition and whether the financial asset is credit-impaired, the Group has taken into account the historical actual credit loss experience of the borrowers and the financial position of the counterparties by reference to, among others, the background search for individual clients, amount of pledged assets, their management or audited accounts and available press information, adjusted for forward-looking factors that are specific to the debtors and general economic conditions of the industry in which the counterparties operate, in estimating the probability of default of these financial assets, as well as the loss upon default in each case. There was no change in the estimation techniques or methodology made during the year.

The Group has established a loan credit risk classification system and performs credit risk management based on loan classification in one of three categories of internal credit rating. The information about the ECL for the loan receivables at the end of the reporting period is summarised below. After considering the above factors, reversal of net impairment loss of approximately HK\$2,915,000 (2019: provision of net impairment loss of approximately HK\$16,508,000) was recognised during the year. 截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度 Year ended 31 March 2020

 金融工具一續 財務風險管理目標及政策-續

信貸風險一續

<u>貸款及墊款-續</u> 估計預期信貸虧損及釐定自初始確認

以來信貸風險有否顯著增加以及金融 資產是否有信貸減值時,本集團會考 慮借款人的過往實際信貸虧損經驗及 對方的財務狀況,當中參考(其中包 括)個人客戶的背景資料搜尋、已抵押 資產的金額、彼等的管理或經審核是 目及可用新聞資料,並就債務人特定 前瞻性因素及對方營運所在行業的一 般經濟條件作出調整,以估計該等金 納資產的違約概率,乃至各情況下違 約的損失。年內所作估計技巧或方法 並無改變。

本集團已建立貸款信貸風險分類系統,並根據貸款分類(為在三類內部信 貸評級中的其中一類)進行信貸風險管 理。於報告期末之應收貸款的預期信 貸虧損資料概述如下。經考慮以上因 素,已於本年度確認撥回減值虧損淨 額約2,915,000港元(二零一九年:減值 虧損撥備淨額約16,508,000港元)。

截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度 Year ended 31 March 2020

6.	FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS – continued	6.	金融工具-續
	Financial risk management objectives and policies – continued		財務風險管理目標及政策-續
	Credit risk – continued		信貸風險-續
	Loans and advances – continued		貸款及墊款-續
	<u>At 31 March 2020</u>		<u>於二零二零年三月三十一日</u>

		Gross	
		carrying	Loss
Internal credit rating 內部信貸評級	Basis of ECL 預期信貸虧損基準	amount 總賬面值	allowance 虧損撥備
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Performing 履約中	12-month 12個月	535,692	5,667
Underperforming 履約情況欠佳	Lifetime 全期	160,865	1,677
Not performing 不履約	Lifetime 全期	3,500	3,500

700,057	10,844

At 31 March 2019

於二零一九年三月三十一日

Internal credit rating 內部信貸評級	Basis of ECL 預期信貸虧損基準	Gross carrying amount 總賬面值	Loss allowance 虧損撥備
		HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元
Performing 履約中 Underperforming 履約情況欠佳	12-month 12個月 Lifetime 全期	612,718 472,415	2,127 13,421
Not performing 不履約	Lifetime 全期	30,203	13,588
		1,115,336	29,136

截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度 Year ended 31 March 2020

6. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS - continued

Financial risk management objectives and policies – continued

Credit risk – continued

Loans and advances - continued

Ageing analysis

Ageing analysis of loan receivables (net of loss allowance) prepared based on loan commencement or renewal date set out in the relevant contracts is as follows:

6. 金融工具-續

財務風險管理目標及政策-續

信貸風險-續

貸款及墊款-續

賬齡分析

應收貸款(經扣除虧損撥備後)根據有 關合約所載之貸款開始或更新日期編 製之賬齡分析如下:

		2020	2019
		二零二零年	二零一九年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Less than 1 month	少於1個月	49,402	208,756
1 to 3 months	1至3個月	57,200	211,594
4 to 6 months	4至6個月	80,967	126,331
7 to 12 months	7至12個月	203,426	204,833
Over 12 months	12個月以上	298,218	334,686
At the end of the reporting period	於報告期末	689,213	1,086,200

Ageing analysis of loan receivables (net of loss allowance) prepared based on contractual due date is as follows:

應收貸款(經扣除虧損撥備後)根據合約到期日編製之賬齡分析如下:

		2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元	2019 二零一九年 HK\$'000 千港元
Not yet past due	並未逾期	685,895	1,076,298
Less than 1 month past due	逾期少於1個月	500	5,210
1 to 3 months past due	逾期1至3個月	2,818	4,109
Over 3 months past due	逾期3個月以上	_	583
At the end of the reporting period	於報告期末	689,213	1,086,200

At 31 March 2020, the Group recognised loss allowance of approximately HK\$10,844,000 (2019: HK\$29,136,000) on its loans and advances. The movement in the loss allowance for loans and advances during the year is summarised below.

於二零二零年三月三十一日,本集 團就貸款及墊款確認虧損撥備約 10,844,000港元(二零一九年:約 29,136,000港元)。年內貸款及墊款的 虧損撥備變動概述如下。

截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度 Year ended 31 March 2020

6.	FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS – continued	6.	金融工具-續
	Financial risk management objectives and policies – continued		財務風險管理目標及政策-續
	Credit risk – continued		信貸風險-續
	Loans and advances – continued		貸款及墊款一續
	Year ended 31 March 2020		截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度

		12-month ECL 12個月預期 信貸虧損	Lifetin 全期預期		
		Performing 履約中 HK\$'000 千港元	Underperforming 履約情況欠佳 HK\$'000 千港元	Not performing 不履約 HK\$'000 千港元	Total 總計 HK\$'000 千港元
At the beginning of the reporting period Increase (Decrease) in allowance	於報告期初 增加(減少)撥備	2,127 3,550	13,421 (11,580)	13,588 5,115	29,136 (2,915)
Amount written off	撤銷金額	(10)	()=)	(15,203)	(15,377)
At the end of the reporting period	於報告期末	5,667	1,677	3,500	10,844

Year ended 31 March 2019

截至二零一九年三月三十一日止年度

At the end of the reporting period	於報告期末	2,127	13,421	13,588	29,136
Increase in allowance	增加撥備	450	2,470	13,588	16,508
At the beginning of reporting period, as restated	於報告期初,經重列	1,677	10,951	_	12,628
		履約中 HK\$*000 千港元	展∭ffft0尺座 HK\$'000 千港元	→ K& M HK\$'000 千港元	₩₩ HK\$'000 千港元
		Performing 履約中	Underperforming 履約情況欠佳	Not performing 不履約	Total 總計
		12-month ECL 12個月預期 信貸虧損	Lifetim 全期預期		

The significant decrease in the loss allowance during the year is contributed from reversal of loss allowance of approximately HK\$15,620,000 (2019: HK\$Nil) as a result of disposal of two loans and advances to an independent third party. 年內虧損撥備顯著減少是由於向一名 獨立第三方出售兩筆貸款及墊款而 撥回虧損撥備約15,620,000港元(二零 一九年:零港元)所致。

6. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS - continued

Financial risk management objectives and policies – continued

Credit risk – continued

Loans and advances - continued

At 31 March 2020, no loss allowance was recognised for loans and advances with carrying amounts of approximately HK\$99,535,000 (2019: HK\$173,552,000) due to the relevant pledged assets of approximately HK\$619,752,000 (2019: HK\$408,679,000).

The management closely monitor the credit quality of the loans and there are no indications that the loan receivables neither past due nor impaired will be uncollectible.

Debt securities

The Group invests only on quoted and liquid debt securities with counterparties that have a credit rating of at least B3 from Moody's. Most of the debt securities are considered having low credit risk based on the borrowers' strong capacity to meet its contractual cash flow obligations.

In estimating the ECL, the Group has taken into account the historical actual credit loss experience over the past years and the financial position of the counterparties by reference to, among others, their management or audited accounts and available press information, adjusted for general economic conditions and future prospects of the industry in which the counterparties operate and various external sources of actual and forecast economic information such as information published by economic expert reports, financial analysts and government bodies in estimating the probability of default of these financial assets, as well as the loss upon default in each case. The management of the Group considers the ECL of these financial assets to be insignificant after taking into account the financial position and credit quality of the counterparties.

There was no change in the estimation techniques or methodology made during the year. After considering the above factors, reversal of net impairment loss of approximately HK\$1,517,000 (2019: HK\$1,129,000) was recognised during the year. 截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度 Year ended 31 March 2020

6. 金融工具-續

財務風險管理目標及政策-續

信貸風險-續

貸款及墊款-續

於二零二零年三月三十一日,由於相 關已抵押資產約為619,752,000港元(二 零一九年:408,679,000港元),賬面 值約為99,535,000港元(二零一九年: 173,552,000港元)之貸款及墊款均並無 確認虧損撥備。

管理層密切監察貸款之信貸質素,並 無跡象顯示並無逾期或減值之應收貸 款將無法收回。

債務證券

本集團僅投資於擁有至少為B3的穆迪 信貸評級之交易對方之報價和流動債 務證券。根據借款人履行合約現金流 量責任的強大能力,大部份債務證券 視為具有低信貸風險。

於估計預期信貸虧損時,本集團已計 及過去年度的過往實際信貸虧損經驗 及交易對方的財務狀況(參考(其中包 括)其管理或經審核賬目及可得公開資 料),並就交易對方經營所在行業的整 體經濟狀況及未來前景以及各種有關 實際及預測經濟資料的外部資料來源 (例如經濟專家報告、金融分析師及政 府機構就估計該等金融資產違約概率 刊發的資料)以及各情況下的違約損失 率作出調整。經考慮交易對方的財務 狀況及信貸質素後,本集團管理層認 為該等金融資產的預期信貸虧損不重 大。

年內所作估計技巧或方法並無改變。 經考慮上述因素後,年內已確認減值 虧損淨額撥回約1,517,000港元(二零 一九年:1,129,000港元)。

截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度 Year ended 31 March 2020

6. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS – continued

Financial risk management objectives and policies – continued 財務風險管理目標及政策 – 續 Credit risk – continued 信貸風險 – 續 Debt securities – continued 債務證券 – 續 The gross carrying amounts of the financial assets, by credit 按信貸風險評級範圍劃分的金融

risk rating grades, are as follows:

At 31 March 2020

6. 金融工具-續

按信貸風險評級範圍劃分的金融資產 的總賬面值如下:

於二零二零年三月三十一日

Internal credit rating 內部信貸評級	Basis of EC 預期信貸		Gross carrying amount 總賬面值	Loss allowance 虧損撥備
			HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元
Performing 履約中 Underperforming (note i) 履約情況欠佳 (附註i) Not performing 不履約	12-month Lifetime Lifetime	12個月 全期 全期	255,030	8,467

8,467

At 31 March 2019

於二零一九年三月三十一日

255,030

Internal credit rating 內部信貸評級		Basis of EC 預期信貸劇		Gross carrying amount 總賬面值	Loss allowance 虧損撥備
				HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元
Underperforming (note i)	rforming (note i) 履約情況欠佳 (附註i)	12-month Lifetime Lifetime	12個月 全期 全期	223,486 28,944 -	7,694 2,341 _
				252,430	10,035

Note:

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附註:

(i) The Group monitors changes in credit risk by tracking published external credit ratings. To determine whether there has been a significant increase in credit risk at the reporting date, the Group supplements this by reviewing the latest published ratings and assessing whether there is any downgrade on the latest published ratings compared to previous assessment date. No downgrade on the external credit ratings over the Group's debt securities at 31 March 2020. (i) 本集團通過跟進已公佈的外界信貸評級以監察信貸風險的變化。為了釐定報告日期的信貸風險有否顯著增加,本集團通過審查最新公佈的評級並評估最新公佈的評級與先前評估日期相比是否有任何降級作增補安排。於二零二零年三月三十一日並無本集團債務證券之外界信貸評級被降級。

截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度 Year ended 31 March 2020

6. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS - continued

Financial risk management objectives and policies – continued

Credit risk – continued

Debt securities - continued

At 31 March 2020, the Group recognised loss allowance of approximately HK\$8,467,000 (2019: HK\$10,035,000) on its debt securities in Mandatory FVOCI. The movement in the loss allowance for these debt securities during the year is summarised below.

The movement of the loss allowance, by measurement basis of ECL, is as follows:

Year ended 31 March 2020

6. 金融工具-續

財務風險管理目標及政策-續

信貸風險-續

債務證券-續

於二零二零年三月三十一日,本集團 就強制按公允值計入損益之債務證券 確認虧損撥備約8,467,000港元(二零 一九年:10,035,000港元)。年內此等 債務證券的虧損撥備撥回之變動概述 如下。

根據預期信貸虧損的計量基準,虧損 撥備的變動如下:

截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度

		12-month ECL 12個月預期 信貸虧損	月預期 Lifetime ECL		
		Performing 履約中 HK\$'000 千港元	Underperforming 履約情況欠佳 HK\$'000 千港元	Not performing 不履約 HK\$'000 千港元	Total 總計 HK\$'000 千港元
At the beginning of the reporting period Increase (Decrease) in allowance Exchange realignment	於報告期初 增加(減少)撥備 撤銷金額	7,694 824 (51)	2,341 (2,341) -	- -	10,035 (1,517) (51)
At the end of the reporting period	於報告期末	8,467	-	_	8,467

Year ended 31 March 2019

截至二零一九年三月三十一日止年度

		12-month ECL 12個月預期 信貸虧損	Lifetim 全期預期		
		Performing 履約中 HK\$'000	Underperforming 履約情況欠佳 HK\$'000	Not performing 不履約 HK\$'000	Total 總計 HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
At the beginning of reporting period, as restated	於報告期初,經重列	11,164	_	_	11,164
(Decrease) Increase in allowance	(減少) 增加撥備	(3,470)	2,341	-	(1,129)
At the end of the reporting period	於報告期末	7,694	2,341		10,035

The Group has no collateral in respect of these debt securities.

本集團並無就此等債務證券持有抵押 品。

截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度 Year ended 31 March 2020

6. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS - continued

Financial risk management objectives and policies – continued

Credit risk – continued

Other receivables

In estimating the ECL and in determining whether there is a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition and whether the financial asset is credit-impaired, the Group has taken into account the historical actual credit loss experience, financial information and adjusted for forward-looking factors that are specific to the debtors and general economic conditions of the industry in which the counterparties operate, in estimating the probability of default of these financial assets, as well as the loss upon default in each case. There was no change in the estimation techniques or methodology made during the year.

After considering the above factors, the management assess that the other receivables have not had a significant increase in credit risk and 12-month ECL will be recognised. The management of the Group considers the 12-month ECL of other receivables to be insignificant, so no loss allowance was recognised during the year.

Deposits with financial institutions

The credit risk on bank balances – general accounts and cash is limited because majority of the counterparties are financial institutions with high credit-ratings assigned by international credit-rating agencies and state-owned banks with good reputation. No loss allowance was recognised for both years.

Liquidity risk

As part of its ordinary broking activities, the Group is exposed to liquidity risk arising from timing difference between settlement with clearing house or brokers and customers. To address the risk, the treasury team works closely with the settlement division on monitoring the liquidity gap. The Group manages its liquidity risk through maintaining sufficient cash. As part of the measures to safeguard liquidity, the Group has maintained substantial stand-by banking facilities, diversifying the funding sources and spreading out the maturity dates.

6. 金融工具-續

財務風險管理目標及政策-續

信貸風險-續

其他應收款項

估計預期信貸虧損及釐定自初始確認 以來信貸風險有否顯著增加以及金融 資產是否有信貸減值時,本集團會考 慮過往實際信貸虧損經驗及財務資 料,並就債務人特定前瞻性因素及對 方營運所在行業的一般經濟條件作出 調整,以估計該等金融資產的違約概 率,乃至各情況下違約的損失。年內 所作估計技巧或方法並無改變。

經考慮以上因素,管理層估計其他應 收款項之信貸風險並無顯著增加,並 將確認12個月預期信貸虧損。本集團 管理層認為其他應收款項之12個月預 期信貸虧損並不重大,因此年內並無 確認虧損撥備。

於金融機構之存款

銀行結餘-一般賬戶及現金之信貸風 險有限,因為大部份交易對方為獲國 際信貸評級機構給予高信貸評級之金 融機構及擁有良好信譽的國有銀行。 兩個年度均並無確認虧損撥備。

流動資金風險

由於經紀業務為本集團日常業務之一 環,故本集團因為與結算所或經紀及 客戶之間結算出現時差而面對流動資 金風險。為應付此項風險,庫務隊伍 與結算部門緊密合作,一同監控資金 差距額。本集團透過維持充足現金管 理其流動資金風險。作為保障流動資 金措施的一部分,本集團已維持大量 備用銀行融資、擴大資金來源及分開 到期日。

截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度 Year ended 31 March 2020

6. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS - continued

Financial risk management objectives and policies continued

Liquidity risk – continued

Liquidity and interest risk tables

The following tables detail the Group's remaining contractual maturity for its financial liabilities based on the agreed repayment terms. The tables have been drawn up based on the undiscounted cash flows of financial liabilities according to the earliest date on which the Group can be required to pay. The tables include both interest and principal cash flows. The difference between the "Total undiscounted cash flows" column and the "Carrying amount at the end of reporting period" column represents the future contractual cash flows attributable to the instrument which are not included in the carrying amount of the financial liability on the consolidated statement of financial position.

6. 金融工具-續 財務風險管理目標及政策-續

流動資金風險-續

流動資金及利率風險列表

下表詳述本集團金融負債根據協定還 款條款之剩餘合約期限。下表根據金 融負債未貼現現金流量(按本集團可最 早被要求償還之日期)而編製。下表包 括利息及本金現金流量。「未貼現現金 流量總額」一列與「於報告期末之賬面 值」一列之間的差額,代表有關工具應 佔未來合約現金流量,惟有關現金流 量並無計入金融負債於綜合財務狀況 表之賬面值。

Carrying

						amount at
			Repayable		Total	the end of
		Repayable	in less than	Within	undiscounted	the reporting
		on demand	1 month	1 year	cash flows	period
		須應要求	須於1個月		未貼現現金	於報告期末
		償還	內償還	1年內	流量總額	之賬面值
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
At 31 March 2020	於二零二零年					
	<u>三月三十一日</u>					
Accounts payable	應付賬項	358,726	119,769	-	478,495	478,475
Accrued charges and other	應計費用及					
payables	其他應付款項	-	7,734	-	7,734	7,734
Amounts due to	欠非控股					
non-controlling	股東款項					
shareholders		30,257	-	-	30,257	30,257
		388,983	127,503	-	516,486	516,466
Loan commitments	貸款承擔	-	-	-	-	-

截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度 Year ended 31 March 2020

6. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS – continued

金融工具一續 財務風險管理目標及政策-續

Financial risk management objectives and policies – continued

Liquidity risk – continued

Liquidity and interest risk tables - continued

流動資金風險-續

流動資金及利率風險列表-續

		Repayable on demand 須應要求 償還 HK\$'000 千港元	Repayable in less than 1 month 須於1個月 內償還 HK\$'000 千港元	Within 1 year 1年內 HK\$'000 千港元	Total undiscounted cash flows 未貼現現金 流量總額 HK\$ [°] 000 千港元	Carrying amount at the end of the reporting period 於報告期末 之賬面值 HK\$'000 千港元
<u>At 31 March 2019</u>	<u>於二零一九年</u> 三月三十一日					
Accounts payable	應付賬項	1,046,563	149,664	-	1,196,227	1,196,203
Accrued charges and other payables	應計費用及 其他應付款項	_	10,661	-	10,661	10,661
Amounts due to non-controlling	欠非控股 股東款項					
shareholders		43,665	_	_	43,665	43,665
Bank borrowings	銀行借貸	-	-	52,024	52,024	50,000
Convertible bonds issued by a	一間上市附屬公司					
listed subsidiary	發行之可換股債券	-	-	264,688	264,688	233,524
		1,090,228	160,325	316,712	1,567,265	1,534,053
Loan commitments	貸款承擔	_	-	130,000	130,000	_

截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度 Year ended 31 March 2020

6. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS - continued

Financial risk management objectives and policies – continued

Liquidity risk - continued

Liquidity and interest risk tables - continued

The following tables detail the Group's expected maturity for certain financial assets. The tables below have been drawn up based on the undiscounted contractual maturities of the financial assets, including interests that will be earned on those assets, except for those financial assets which are not repayable on demand. The analysis is based on when the Group anticipates that the cash flows will occur. The difference between the "Total undiscounted cash flows" column and the "Carrying amount at the end of reporting period" column represents the possible future cash flows attributable to the instrument which are not included in the carrying amount of the financial asset on the consolidated statement of financial position. The inclusion of information on financial assets is necessary in order to understand the Group's liquidity risk management as the liquidity is managed on a net asset and liability basis.

6. 金融工具 - 續

財務風險管理目標及政策-續

流動資金風險-續

流動資金及利率風險列表-續

下表詳述本集團若干金融資產之預期 到期日。下表根據金融資產未貼現合 約到期情況(包括該等資產將賺取之利 息),惟就毋須應要求償還之金融資產 除外。有關分析乃建基於本集團預期 現金流量將於何時出現而編製。「未期 現現金流量總額」一列與「於報告期 現現金流量總額」一列與「於報告期 現電佔未來潛在現金流量,代表有關 現金流量並無計入金融資產於綜合財 務狀況表之賬面值。由於流動資金上 根據淨資產與負債基準管理,因此, 收錄有關金融資產之資料對於理解本 集團流動資金風險管理來說是必須的。

		Repayable on demand 須應 要求償還 HK\$'000 千港元	Repayable in less than 1 month 須於 1個月內 償還 HK\$'000 千港元	Repayable between 1 to 3 months 須於 1至3個月內 償還 HK\$'000 千港元	Repayable between 3 months to 1 year 須於 3個月至 1年內償還 HK\$'000 千港元	Repayable between 1 to 2 years 須於 1至2年內 償還 HK\$'000 千港元	Repayable between 2 to 5 years 須於 2至5年內 償還 HK\$'000 千港元	More than 5 years 超過5年 HK\$ ⁰ 000 千港元	Undated 無日期 HK\$'000 千港元	Total undiscounted cash flows 束貼現 現金流量 總額 HK\$'000 干港元	amount at the end of the reporting period 於報告期末 之賬面值 HK\$'000 千港元
<u>At 31 March 2020</u>	<u>於二零二零年</u> <u>三月三十一日</u>										
Accounts receivable, net Bank balances – general	應收賬項淨額 銀行結餘-	3,544,786	20,892	-	-	-	-	-	-	3,565,678	3,564,867
accounts and cash Bank balances – client accounts	一般賬戶及現金 銀行結餘	523,847	367,796	14,063	-	-	-	-	-	905,706	905,175
	- 客戶賬戶	250,869	194,532	-	-	-	-	-	-	445,401	445,239
Loans and advances, net Deposits and other receivables	貸款及墊款淨額 按金及其他	4,838	103,369	249,066	304,413	81,728	3,254	-	-	746,668	689,213
Financial assets at FVPL	應收款項 按公允值計入損益	61,953	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	61,953	61,953
Mandatory FVOCI	之金融資產 強制按公允值計入	-	195	19,695	-	-	-	-	233,430	253,320	253,215
-	其他全面收益	-	1,541	20,301	31,565	128,718	102,473	8,341	21,005	313,944	255,030
		4,386,293	688,325	303,125	335,978	210,446	105,727	8,341	254,435	6,292,670	6,174,692

截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度 Year ended 31 March 2020

6. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS - continued

Financial risk management objectives and policies – continued

Liquidity risk – continued

Liquidity and interest risk tables - continued

金融工具一續 財務風險管理目標及政策-續

流動資金風險-續

流動資金及利率風險列表-續

		Repayable on demand 夏求償還 HK\$'000 千港元	Repayable in less than 1 month 須於 1個月內 償還 HK\$'000 千港元	Repayable between 1 to 3 months 須於 1至3個月內 償還 HK\$'000 千港元	Repayable between 3 months to 1 year 須於 3個月至 1年內償還 HK\$'000 千港元	Repayable between 1 to 2 years 須於 1至2年內 償還 HK\$'000 千港元	Repayable between 2 to 5 years 須於 2至5年內 償還 HK\$'000 千港元	More than 5 years 超過5年 HK\$°000 千港元	Undated 無日期 HK\$'000 千港元	Total undiscounted cash flows 末貼現 現金流量 總額 HK\$'000 千港元	Carrying amount at the end of the reporting period 於報告期末 之賬面值 HK\$'000 千港元
At 31 March 2019	於二零一九年三月 三十一日	11270	11270	11270	11270	112/0	110/0	11270	11270	11270	11270
Accounts receivable, net	應收賬項淨額	3,696,429	12,334	-	-	-	-	-	-	3,708,763	3,707,421
Bank balances – general accounts and cash	銀行結餘- 一般賬戶及現金	434,034	61,546	10,322	-	-	-	-	-	505,902	505,871
Bank balances – client account	-客戶賬戶	651,488	491,727	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,143,215	1,143,120
Loans and advances, net Deposits and other receivables	貸款及墊款淨額 按金及其他	-	165,103	540,487	324,335	115,497	28,773	-	-	1,174,195	1,086,200
Financial assets at FVPL	應收款項 按公允值計入損益	28,408	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	28,408	28,408
Mandatory FVOCI	之金融資產 強制按公允值計入	-	2,505	24,445	21,375	321,250	-	-	167,106	536,681	492,006
<i>.</i>	其他全面收益	-	1,178	88,723	5,617	58,716	78,446	6,311	35,522	274,513	252,430
Designated FVOCI	指定按公允值計入 其他全面收益	-	-	-	-		-	-	70,672	70,672	70,672
		4,810,359	734,393	663,977	351,327	495,463	107,219	6,311	273,300	7,442,349	7,286,128

Fair value measurements

The following presents the assets and liabilities measured at fair value or required to disclose their fair value in these financial statements on a recurring basis across the three levels of the fair value hierarchy defined in HKFRS 13 *Fair Value Measurement*, with the fair value measurement categorised in its entirety based on the lowest level input that is significant to the entire measurement. The levels of inputs are defined as follows:

- Level 1 (highest level): quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the Group can access at the measurement date;
- Level 2: inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly; and
- Level 3 (lowest level): unobservable inputs for the asset or liability.

公允值計量

以下為以經常基準按公允值計量或須 披露其公允值之資產及負債,乃按香 港財務報告準則第13號公允值計量所 界定之三個層級呈列,當中公允值計 量類別完全根據對整體計量屬重大之 最低層級輸入數據劃分。輸入數據層 級界定如下:

- 第1層(最高層級):本集團於計量
 日期可取得之相同資產或負債於
 活躍市場中之報價(未經調整);
- 第2層:第1層包括之報價以外,資 產或負債可直接或間接觀察得出 之輸入數據;及
- 第3層(最低層級):資產或負債之 不可觀察輸入數據。

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6. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS - continued

Fair value measurements - continued

(i) Financial assets measured at fair value

6. 金融工具-續

公允值計量-續

(i) 按公允值計量之金融資產

Fair value at	31 March	Fair value hierarchy	Valuation techniques and key inputs	Significant unobservable inputs	Correlation between significant unobservable inputs and fair value 重要而無法觀察之
於三月三十一日 金融資產 之公允值		公允值層級	估值技術及主要輸入數據	重要而無法觀察 之輸入數據	
2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元	2019 二零一九年 HK\$'000 千港元				
248,827	246,142	Level 2 第2層	Quoted prices from brokers 經紀之報價	N/A 不適用	N/A 不適用
6,203	6,288	Level 2 第2層	Quoted price from broker 經紀之報價	N/A 不適用	N/A 不適用
-	70,672	Level 2 第2層	Net asset value 資產淨值	N/A 不適用	N/A 不適用
107,465	126,882	Level 1 第1層	Quoted prices in an active market 活躍市場之報價	N/A 不適用	N/A 不適用
19,785	19,511	Level 3	Discounted cash flow method and binomial tree model, based on spot price, volatility and discount rate	Discount rate of 12.96% (2019: 11.78%)	Discount rate increases/ decreases by 5% (2019: 5%), fair value would decrease/increase by approximately HK\$105,000/ HK\$12,000 (2019: HK\$73,000/
		第3層	貼現現金流量法及二項式 樹狀模型乃根據現貨 價格、波幅及貼現率	貼現率為12.96% (二零一九年: 11.78%)	HK\$54,000) 貼現率上升/下跌5% (二零一九年:5%), 公允值將減少/增加 約105,000港元/ 12,000港元 (二零一九年: 73,000港元/ 54,000港元)
	於三月三 之公が 2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元 6,203 - 107,465	こなた値 この2020 二零二零年 日KK\$'0000 千港元 こ48,827 248,827 246,142 6,203 70,672 107,465	Fair value at 31 March hierarchy 放三月三十一日 之公大値 公允値層級 第二零二零年 HK\$'000 干港元 二零一九年 二零一九年 HK\$'000 千港元 248,827 246,142 Level 2 第2層 6,203 6,288 Level 2 第2層 107,465 126,882 Level 1 第1層 19,785 19,511 Level 3	Fair value at 31 Marchhierarchyand key inputs放三月三十一日 之公九值公九值層級估值技術及主要输入數據2020 二零二零年 HKS'000 千港元2019 二零一九年 HKS'000 千港元2019 二零一九年 出KS'000 千港元248,827246,142Level 2 集2層Quoted prices from brokers 經紀之報價6,2036,288Level 2 集2層Quoted prices from broker 經紀之報價6,2036,288Level 2 集2層Quoted price from broker 經紀之報價107,465126,882Level 1 第2層 第1層Net asset value 資產淨值107,465126,882Level 1 第1層Quoted prices in an active market 活躍市場之報價19,78519,511Level 3Discounted cash flow method and binomial tree model, based on spot price, volatility and discount rate第3層貼現現金流量法及二項式 樹狀模型乃根據現貨	Fair value at 31 MarchFair value hierarchyValuation techniques and key inputsunobservable inputs於三月三十一日 之公允值公允值層級 估值技術及主要輸入數媒重要而無法觀察 之输入數媒2020 二零二零年 十KS'000 千港元2019 二零一九年 HKS'000 千港元2019 二零一九年 HKS'000 千港元10%248,827 6,203246,142 6,203Level 2 第2層 第2層Quoted prices from brokers 絕紀之報值N/A 不適用6,203 6,288 6,203Level 2 年 第2層Quoted price from broker 絕紀之報值N/A 不適用107,465126,882 月,264 19,785Level 1 第1層Quoted prices in an active marker 濟產淨值N/A 不適用19,78519,511 19,781Level 3 19,511Discounted cash flow method and binomial tree model, based on spot price, volarility and discount rateDiscount rate of 11.78%)第3層貼現現金流量法及二項式 樹規模型乃和據現貨Laga Alta (二零一九年 :

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6. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS – continued

Fair value measurements - continued

(i) Financial assets measured at fair value – continued

6. 金融工具-續

公允值計量-續

(i) 按公允值計量之金融資產-續

Financial assets	Fair value at 31 M 於三月三十一		Fair value hierarchy	Valuation techniques and key inputs	Significant unobservable inputs 重要而無法觀察	Correlation between significant unobservable inputs and fair value 重要而無法觀察之 輸入數據與公允值之
金融資產	之公允值		公允值層級	估值技術及主要輸入數據	之輸入數據	相互關係
	HK\$'000 H	2019 一九年 IK\$'000 千港元				
Financial assets at FVPL - continued 強制按公允值計入 其他全面收益一續						
– Unlisted debt securities (subject to early redemption)	85,740	305,388	Level 3	Discounted cash flow method and binomial tree model based on spot price, volatility and discount rate	Discount rate of 12.54% (2019: 10.36%)	Discount rate increases/ decreases by 5% (2019: 5%), fair value would decrease/increase by approximately HK\$3,009,000/ HK\$2,211,000 (2019: approximately HK\$21,194,000/ HK\$23,927,000)
一非上市債務證券 (可提前贖回)			第3層	貼現現金流量法及二項式 樹狀模型乃根據現貨 價格、波幅及貼現率	貼現率為12.54% (二零一九年: 10.36%)	貼現率上升/下跌5% (二零一九年:5%), 公允值將減少/增加 約3,009,000港元/ 2,211,000港元 (二零一九年:約 21,194,000港元/ 23,927,000港元)
- Unlisted investment funds 一非上市投資基金	40,225	40,225	Level 2 第2層	Net asset value 資產淨值	N/A 不適用	N/A 不適用

截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度 Year ended 31 March 2020

. F	INANCIAL INSTRUMENTS – co	ontinued 6. 金	融工具-續
F	air value measurements – continued	公方	t值計量-續
(1) Financial assets measured at fair value – o	continued (i)	按公允值計量之金融資產-續
	There were neither transfers between Lev 2 fair value measurement nor transfers i Level 3 fair value measurement during March 2020 and 2019.	vel 1 and Level nto and out of	於截至二零二零年及二零一九年 三月三十一日止年度,第1層及第 2層公允值計量之間並無轉移,且 第3層公允值計量並無轉入及轉 出。
	Reconciliation of Level 3 fair value mo financial assets	easurements of	金融資產第三層公允值計量之對 賬
			HK\$'000 千港元
	At 1 April 2018	於二零一八年四月一日	469,386
	Redeemed	贖回	(150,000)
	Fair value losses in profit or loss, net	於損益之公允值虧損淨額	
	At 31 March 2019	於二零一九年三月三十-	-日 324,899
	Purchases	購買	85,800
	Redeemed	贖回	(300,000)
	Realised loss in profit or loss	於損益之已實現虧損	(5,388)
	Fair value gains in profit or loss, net	於損益之公允值收益淨額	Ę 214
	At 31 March 2020	於二零二零年三月三十-	- 日 105,525

The unrealised gains of approximately HK\$214,000 (2019: HK\$5,513,000) for Level 3 investments held at the reporting date are reported in "other gains and losses, net" in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income.

(ii) Financial assets and financial liabilities not measured at fair value

The management of the Group considers that the carrying amounts of financial assets and financial liabilities recorded at amortised cost in the consolidated statement of financial position approximate their fair values. 於報告日期所持第三層投資之 未實現收益約214,000港元(二零 一九年:5,513,000港元)於綜合損 益及其他全面收益表中「其他收益 及虧損淨額」項下呈報。

(ii) 並非按公允值計量之金融資產及 金融負債

> 本集團管理層認為於綜合財務報 表按攤銷成本列賬之金融資產及 金融負債之賬面值與本身之公允 值相若。

截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度 Year ended 31 March 2020

6. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS - continued

Financial assets and financial liabilities subject to offsetting

The disclosures set out in the tables below include financial assets and financial liabilities that are subject to an enforceable master netting arrangement or similar agreement that covers similar financial instruments that are either:

- offset in the Group's consolidated statement of financial position; or
- not offset in the Group's consolidated statement of financial position as the offsetting criteria are not met.

Under the agreement of continuous net settlement made between the Group and Hong Kong Securities Clearing Company Limited ("HKSCC") and a broker, the Group has a legally enforceable right to set off the money obligations receivable and payable with HKSCC and a broker on the same settlement date and the Group intends to settle on a net basis.

In addition, the Group has a legally enforceable right to set off the accounts receivable and payable with its retail customers in the Group's brokerage business (the "brokerage clients") that are due to be settled on the same date with reference to the settlement method set by the HKSCC and the Group intends to settle these balances on a net basis.

Except for balances which are due to be settled on the same date which are being offset, amounts due from/to HKSCC, a broker and the brokerage clients that are not to be settled on the same date, financial collateral including cash and securities received by the Group and deposits placed with HKSCC and a broker do not meet the criteria for offsetting in the consolidated statement of financial position since the right of set-off of the recognised amounts is only enforceable following an event of default.

金融工具一續 金融資產與金融負債之抵銷

下表所載之披露包括須遵循具有可強 制執行之統一淨額結算協議或涵蓋類 似金融工具之類似安排之金融資產及 金融負債:

- 於本集團綜合財務狀況表抵銷者;
 或
- 金融資產及金融負債因未達成抵 銷條件而並無在本集團綜合財務 狀況表抵銷者。

根據本集團與香港中央結算有限公司 (「香港結算」)及經紀簽訂的持續淨額 交收協議,本集團擁有合法可強制執 行權利抵銷香港結算與經紀於同日到 期結算的應收及應付款項責任,而且 本集團有意以淨額方式結算。

此外,參考香港結算訂立的結算方法,本集團擁有合法可執行權利抵銷 本集團經紀業務之零售客戶(「經紀客 戶」)於同日到期結算的應收及應付賬 項,而且本集團有意以淨額方式結算。

除於抵銷之日到期結算的結餘外,由 於已確認金額抵銷權僅可於出現違約 事件後方可執行,故該日並不結算的 應收/應付香港結算、經紀及經紀客 戶款項、金融擔保物(包括本集團所收 現金及證券)、存放香港結算及經紀之 按金,均不符合於綜合財務狀況表抵 銷之條件。

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6. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS - continued

6. 金融工具-續

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金融資產與金融負債之抵銷-續

Financial assets and financial liabilities subject to offsetting – continued

		Gross amounts of recognised financial assets after impairment 減值後 已確認 金融資產	Gross amounts of recognised financial liabilities set off in the consolidated statement of financial position 於綜合財務 狀況表抵銷之 已確認金融	Net amounts of financial assets presented in the consolidated statement of financial position 於綜合財務 狀況表呈列之	in the of Financial instruments 並無於 指	ed amount not set o consolidated statem financial position Collateral pledged 公综合財務狀況表中 氏銷之相關金額	ent Net amoun
		總額 HK\$'000 千港元	負債總額 HK\$'000 千港元	金融資產淨額 HK\$'000 千港元	金融工具 HK\$'000 千港元	已抵押擔保物 HK\$'000 千港元	淨額 HK\$'000 千港元
At 31 March 2020	於二零二零年 三月三十一日	1,0,0	17070	1,0,0	1.070	1,070	1,074
Accounts receivable arising from the business of dealing in securities and future contracts	證券及期貨買賣合約 業務中產生之 應收賬項	3,617,874	(53,007)	3,564,867	(905)	(3,495,914)	68,04
		Gross amounts of recognised financial assets	Gross amounts of recognised financial liabilities set off in the consolidated statement of financial	Net amounts of financial assets presented in the consolidated statement of financial	in the	ed amount not set ol consolidated stateme f financial position Collateral	
		after impairment 減值後 已確認 金融資產	position 於綜合財務 狀況表抵銷之 已確認金融	於綜合財務 狀況表呈列之 _	instruments 並無於	pledged 除合財務狀況表中 新之相關金額	Net amoun
		业融資産 總額 HK\$'000 千港元	自債總額 HK\$'000 千港元	☆融資產淨額 HK\$'000 千港元	金融工具 HK\$'000 千港元	已抵押擔保物 HK\$'000 千港元	淨額 HK\$'000 千港元
At 31 March 2019	於二零一九年 三月三十一日						
Accounts receivable arising from the business of dealing in securities and future contracts	證券及期貨買賣合約 業務中產生之 應收賬項	3,805,075	(97,654)	3,707,421	(1,059)	(3,687,644)	18,718

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6. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS - continued

金融工具-續 金融資產與金融負債之抵銷-續

Financial assets and financial liabilities subject to offsetting – continued

		Gross amounts of recognised	Gross amounts of recognised financial assets set off in the consolidated statement of	Net amounts of financial liabilities presented in the consolidated statement of	in th	ated amount not set of consolidated statem of financial position	
		financial liabilities	financial position	financial position	Financial instruments	Collateral pledged	Net amount
		已確認	於綜合財務 狀況表抵銷之 已確認金融	於綜合財務 狀況表呈列之		於綜合財務狀況表中 抵銷之相關金額	1
		金融負債總額 HK\$'000 千港元	資產總額 HK\$'000 千港元	金融負債淨額 HK\$'000 千港元	金融工具 HK\$'000 千港元	已抵押擔保物 HK\$'000 千港元	淨額 HK\$'000 千港元
At 31 March 2020	於二零二零年 三月三十一日						
Accounts payable arising from the business of dealing in securities and futures contracts	證券及期貨買賣合約 業務中產生之 應付賬項	(531,482)	53,007	(478,475)	905	_	(477,570)

		Gross amounts of recognised	Gross amounts of recognised financial assets set off in the consolidated statement of	Net amounts of financial liabilities presented in the consolidated statement of	in th	ated amount not set of le consolidated stateme of financial position	
		financial liabilities	financial position	financial position	Financial instruments	Collateral pledged	Net amount
		已確認	於綜合財務 狀況表抵銷之 已確認金融	於綜合財務 狀況表呈列之		於綜合財務狀況表中 抵銷之相關金額	
		金融負債總額 HK\$'000	資產總額 HK\$'000	金融負債淨額 HK\$'000	金融工具 HK\$'000	已抵押擔保物 HK\$'000	淨額 HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
At 31 March 2019	於二零一九年 三月三十一日						
Accounts payable arising from the business of dealing in securities and futures contracts	證券及期貨買賣合約 業務中產生之 應付賬項	(1,293,857)	97,654	(1,196,203)	1,059	_	(1,195,144)

The amounts which have been offset against the related recognised financial assets and financial liabilities in the Group's consolidated statement of financial position are measured on the same basis as the recognised financial assets and financial liabilities, which is amortised cost. 已於本集團綜合財務狀況表與相 關已確認金融資產及負債抵銷之 金額,按與已確認金融資產及負 債相同之基準(即按攤銷成本)計 量。

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REVENUE	7. 收益				
		2020	2019		
		二零二零年	二零一九年		
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000		
		千港元	千港元		
Revenue from contracts with customers within HKFRS 15	屬於香港財務報告準則 第15號範圍內之客戶 合約收益				
Brokerage commission	經紀佣金	26,730	37,288		
Underwriting and placing commission	包銷及配售佣金	5,824	5,509		
Proof of funds commission	資金證明佣金	1,000	7,160		
Other commission	其他佣金	102	33		
Clearing and handling fee income	結算及手續費收入	1,819	2,366		
Advisory fee income	顧問費收入	257	2,089		
		35,732	54,445		
Revenue from other sources	來自其他來源之收益				
Property rental income	物業租金收入	13,717	12,583		
Interest income from financial assets at FVPL – unlisted convertible notes	指定為按公允值計入損益之 金融資產之利息收入 -非上市可换股票據	2,277	1,560		
– unlisted debt securities	- 非上市債務證券	16,379	33,861		
		18,656	35,42		
		68,105	102,449		
Interest revenue calculated using the effective interest method – bank balances and time-deposits – other financial assets at amortised costs	<i>以實際利息法計算之 利息收益:</i> 一銀行結餘及定期存款 一按攤銷成本計量之 其他金融資產	5,877	4,235		
– accounts receivable	一應收賬項	325,233	340,387		
– loans and advances	一貸款及墊款	105,744	102,337		
– Mandatory FVOCI	一強制按公允值計入 其他公面收益	10.5(5	12 (05		
	其他全面收益	19,565	12,497		
		456,419	459,450		

截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度 Year ended 31 March 2020

7. **REVENUE – continued**

7. 收益-續

In addition to the information shown in segment disclosures, the revenue from contracts with customers within HKFRS 15 is disaggregated as follows: 除分部披露所示資料外,香港財務報 告準則第15號範疇內的客戶合約收益 分計如下:

		2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元	2019 二零一九年 HK\$'000 千港元
Timing of revenue recognition: At a point in time	<i>收益確認之時間性:</i> 於某時間點	1,2,0	
Brokerage commission	經紀佣金	26,730	37,288
Underwriting and placing commission	包銷及配售佣金	5,824	5,509
Proof of funds commission	資金證明佣金	1,000	7,160
Other commission	其他佣金	102	33
Clearing and handling fee income	結算及手續費收入	1,819	2,366
		35,475	52,356
Over time	隨時間		
Advisory fee income	顧問費收入	257	2,089

截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度 Year ended 31 March 2020

8. SEGMENT INFORMATION

The Group is currently organised into five operating divisions, namely broking, securities margin financing, money lending, corporate finance and investments. These divisions are the basis on which the board of directors of the Company, being the chief operating decision maker, reviews the operating results and financial information. The principal activities of these divisions are as follows:

8. 分部資料

本集團現時分成五個營運部門,即經 紀、證券保證金融資、放債、企業融 資,以及投資。該等部門是本公司董 事會(即主要營運決策者)審閱經營業 績及財務資料之基準。該等部門之主 要業務如下:

Broking	 Provision of stockbroking, futures and options broking and
經紀	underwriting and placements 提供股票經紀、期貨及期權經紀服務以及包銷及配售
Securities margin financing	 Provision of securities margin financing
證券保證金融資	提供證券保證金融資
Money lending 放債	 Provision of mortgage and consumer loans 提供按揭及消費者貸款
Corporate finance	 Provision of corporate advisory services
企業融資	提供企業顧問服務
Investments	 Holding of investment properties and financial instruments
投資	持有投資物業及金融工具

The accounting policies of the operating segments are the same as the Group's accounting policies described in note 2 to the consolidated financial statements. For the purposes of monitoring segment performance and allocating resources between segments:

- all assets are allocated to operating segments other than certain property and equipment / prepaid lease payments and property and equipment, club memberships, certain prepayments, deposits and other receivables, certain bank balances, certain tax recoverable and certain deferred tax assets.
- all liabilities are allocated to operating segments other than certain accrued charges and other payables, amounts due to non-controlling shareholders, certain tax payable, certain deferred tax liabilities and liability component of convertible bonds issued by a listed subsidiary.
- all profit or loss are allocated to operating segments other than certain amortisation and depreciation, certain lease payments for short-term lease or lease of low value assets / operating lease rentals, certain management fees, certain finance costs, certain staff costs and certain other expenses incurred for strategic planning by the Group.

經營分部之會計政策與綜合財務報表 附註2所述之本集團會計政策相同。為 監察分部表現及分部間之資源分配:

- 除部分物業及設備/預付租賃款 項以及物業及設備、會所會籍、
 部分預付款項、按金及其他應收
 款項、部分銀行結餘、部分可收
 回税項及部分遞延税項資產外,
 所有資產均已分配至經營分部。
- 除部分應計費用及其他應付賬 項、欠非控股股東款項、部分應 付税項、部分遞延税項負債以及 一間上市附屬公司發行之可換股 債券之負債部分外,所有負債已 分配至經營分部。
- 除就本集團之策略規劃所錄得之 部分攤銷及折舊、部分短期租賃 或低價值資產租賃之租賃付款/
 經營租賃租金、部分管理費、部 分融資成本、部分員工成本以及 部分其他開支外,所有溢利或虧 損已分配至經營分部。

截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度 Year ended 31 March 2020

8. SEGMENT INFORMATION – continued

Segment information about these divisions is presented below.

Segment revenue and results

The following is an analysis of the Group's revenue and results by reportable operating segments.

Year ended 31 March 2020

8. 分部資料-續 此等部門之分部資料謹呈列如下。

分部收益及業績

以下為按須予報告經營分部提供之本 集團收益及業績的分析:

截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度

		Broking 經紀 HK\$'000 千港元	Securities margin financing 證券 保證金融資 HK\$ [*] 000 千港元	Money lending 放債 HK\$'000 千港元	Corporate finance 企業融資 HK\$'000 千港元	Investments 投資 HK\$'000 千港元	Consolidated 綜合 HK\$'000 千港元
Segment revenue	分部收益	41,418	325,167	105,744	257	51,938	524,524
Segment result	分部業績	1,433	213,960	107,600	164	(62,566)	260,591
Unallocated other operating income and corporate expenses, net Unallocated finance costs	未分配其他經營收入及 企業費用淨額 未分配融資成本						(25,133) (31,178)
Profit before taxation	税前溢利						204,280

Year ended 31 March 2019

截至二零一九年三月三十一日止年度

		Broking	Securities margin financing 證券	Money lending	Corporate finance	Investments	Consolidated
		經紀 HK\$'000 千港元	保證金融資 HK\$'000 千港元	放債 HK\$'000 千港元	企業融資 HK\$'000 千港元	投資 HK\$'000 千港元	綜合 HK\$'000 千港元
Segment revenue	分部收益	56,635	340,343	102,337	2,089	60,501	561,905
Segment result	分部業績	15,198	320,257	85,575	1,518	59,157	481,705
Unallocated other operating income and corporate expenses, net Unallocated finance costs	未分配其他經營收入及 企業費用淨額 未分配融資成本						(73,858) (96,675)
Profit before taxation	税前溢利						311,172

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截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度 Year ended 31 March 2020

8. SEGMENT INFORMATION – continued

Segment assets and liabilities

The following is an analysis of the Group's assets and liabilities by reportable operating segments.

At 31 March 2020

8. 分部資料 一續 分部資產及負債 以下為按須予報告經營分部提供之本 集團資產及負債的分析:

於二零二零年三月三十一日

		Broking 經紀 HK\$'000 千港元	Securities margin financing 證券 保證金融資 HK\$'000 千港元	Money lending 放債 HK\$'000 千港元	Corporate finance 企業融資 HK\$'000 千港元	Investments 投資 HK\$'000 千港元	Consolidated 综合 HK\$'000 千港元
Segment assets	分部資產	415,143	3,893,585	886,927	9,820	1,454,582	6,660,057
Unallocated assets (note i)	未分配資產(附註i)						552,293
Consolidated assets	綜合資產						7,212,350
Segment liabilities	分部負債	131,178	351,749	376	10	2,426	485,739
Unallocated liabilities (note ii)	未分配負債(附註ii)						177,750
Consolidated liabilities	綜合負債						663,489

截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度 Year ended 31 March 2020

At 31 March 2019

8. SEGMENT INFORMATION - continued

8. 分部資料-續 分部資產及負債-續

Segment assets and liabilities - continued

於二零一九年三月三十一日

			Securities				
		Duching	margin Gana sin s	Money lending	Corporate finance	Investments	Consolidated
		Broking	financing 證券	lending	innance	investments	Consolidated
		經紀	保證金融資	放債	企業融資	投資	綜合
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
Segment assets	分部資產	553,741	4,732,833	1,060,998	9,732	1,822,751	8,180,055
Unallocated assets (note i)	未分配資產(附註i)						138,110
Consolidated assets	綜合資產						8,318,165
Segment liabilities	分部負債	159,828	1,041,015	115	146	74,008	1,275,112
Unallocated liabilities (note ii)	未分配負債(附註ii)						410,171
Consolidated liabilities	綜合負債						1,685,283

Notes:

- The balance comprises bank balances of approximately (i) HK\$440,596,000 (2019: HK\$20,338,000).
- (ii) The balance comprise amounts due to non-controlling shareholders and tax payables of approximately HK\$30,257,000 and HK\$138,321,000 respectively (2019: amounts due to non-controlling shareholders, tax payables and liability component of convertible bonds issued by a listed subsidiary of approximately HK\$32,669,000, HK\$138,321,000 and HK\$233,524,000 respectively).

附註:

- (i) 有關結餘包括銀行結餘約440,596,000 港元(二零一九年:20,338,000港元)。
- (ii) 有關結餘包括應付非控股股東款項 及應付税項分別約30,257,000港元及 138,321,000港元(二零一九年:應付非 控股股東款項、應付税項及上市附屬 公司發行之可換股債券之負債部分分 別約32,669,000港元、138,321,000港 元及233,524,000港元)。

截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度 Year ended 31 March 2020

8. SEGMENT INFORMATION – continued Other segment information

2020

 分部資料-續 其他分部資料
 二零二零年

		Broking 經紀 HK\$'000	Securities margin financing 證券 保證金融資 HK\$*000	Money lending 放債 HK\$'000	Corporate finance 企業融資 HK\$'000	Investments 投資 HK\$'000	未分配 HK\$'000	Consolidated 綜合 HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
Amounts included in the measure of segment profit or loss or segment assets:	計量分部溢利或虧損或 分部資產計入之款額:							
Additions of property and equipment	物業及設備之添置	120	_	607	_	68	30	825
Depreciation of property	物業及設備之折舊							
and equipment		(1,055)	-	(64)	-	(39)	(6,801)	(7,959)
Net impairment loss on	應收賬項之減值虧損		(110.007)					(110.005)
accounts receivable Reversal of net impairment	淨額 撥回貸款及墊款之	-	(110,907)	-	-	-	-	(110,907)
loss on loans and advances	減值虧損淨額	_	_	2,915	_	_	_	2,915
Reversal of net impairment	撥回強制按公允值計入			_,, _,				-,/-/
loss on Mandatory FVOCI	其他全面收益之減值							
	虧損淨額	-	-	-	-	1,517	-	1,517
Additions of investment	投資物業之添置							
properties		-	-	-	-	90,752	-	90,752
Fair value losses on	投資物業之公允值虧損							
investment properties	松八 ム 広急 1 枳 光 →	-	-	-	-	(86,558)	-	(86,558)
Fair value losses on financial assets at FVPL	按公允值計入損益之 金融資產之公允值虧損	(66)				(10 127)		(10, 202)
Gain on disposal of property	出售物業及設備之收益	(00)	-	-	-	(19,137)	-	(19,203)
and equipment	山日の木仄映而と沢血	40	_	_	_	_	_	40
Gain on disposal of subsidiaries	出售附屬公司之收益	_	_	_	_	2,181	_	2,181
Interest income	利息收入(包括收益							
(including revenue and	及其他營運收入)							
other operating income)		6,187	325,167	105,754	75	38,265	2,322	477,770
Finance costs	融資成本	(943)	-	-	-	(144)	(31,178)	(32,265)
Commission expenses	佣金開支	(6,978)	-	-	(42)		-	(7,020)
Write off of accounts receivable		-	(300)	-	-	-	-	(300)
Write off of loans and advances	佩朝其款及墊款	-	_	(205)	-	-	-	(205)

截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度 Year ended 31 March 2020

8. SEGMENT INFORMATION – continued

8. 分部資料-續 其他分部資料-續

Other segment information - continued 2019

二零一九年

		Broking 經紀	Securities margin financing 證券 保證金融資	Money lending 放債	Corporate finance 企業融資	Investments 投資	Unallocated 未分配	Consolidated 綜合	
		HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元	从该 HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元	小日 HK\$'000 千港元	
Amounts included in the measure of segment profit or loss or segment assets:	計量分部溢利或虧損或 分部資產計入之款額:								
Additions of property and equipment	物業及設備之添置	879	-	3	-	-	31	913	
Amortisation of prepaid lease payment, and depreciation	預付租賃款項之攤銷及 物業及設備之折舊	(1.000)			(1)				
of property and equipment	萨哈尼语马冯伊 尼相	(1,220)	-	-	(1)	(20)	(6,446)	(7,687)	
Net impairment loss on accounts receivable	應收賬項之減值虧損 淨額		(20,005)					(20,005)	
Net impairment loss on loans	貸款及墊款之減值	-	(20,085)	-	-	-	-	(20,085)	
and advances	貢が及至が之國也 虧損淨額	_	_	(16,508)	_	_	_	(16,508)	
Reversal of net impairment loss on Mandatory FVOCI				(10,900)				(10,700)	
Additions of investment	虧損淨額 投資物業之添置	-	-	-	-	1,129	-	1,129	
properties		_	_	_	_	99,041	_	99,041	
Fair value gains on investment properties	投資物業之公允值收益	_	_	_	_	10,686	_	10,686	
Fair value losses on financial	按公允值計入損益之					,			
assets at FVPL	金融資產之公允值虧損	(22)	-	-	-	(11,022)	-	(11,044)	
Interest income (including revenue and	利息收入(包括收益 及其他營運收入)								
other operating income)		4,498	340,343	102,337	63	47,931	353	495,525	
Finance costs	融資成本	(274)	-	-	-	(422)	(96,675)	(97,371)	
Commission expenses	佣金開支	(8,851)	-	-	(609)	-	-	(9,460)	
Loss on redemption of	贖回一間上市附屬公司								
convertible bonds issued	發行之可換股債券之								
by a listed subsidiary	虧損	-	-	-	-	-	(38,867)	(38,867)	
Write off of property and	撤銷物業及設備	(15)						(15)	
equipment		(15)	-	-	_		_	(15)	

截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度 Year ended 31 March 2020

8. SEGMENT INFORMATION – continued Geographical information

Kingdom).

 分部資料-續 地區資料

 The Group's operations are located in Hong Kong and
 本集團之業務位於香港及英國(二零

 the United Kingdom (2019: Hong Kong and the United
 一九年:香港及英國)。

The following table provides an analysis of the Group's revenue from external customers by geographical market:

下表提供本集團按地區市場劃分來自 外界客戶之收益的分析:

		geographic	Revenue by geographical market 按地區市場劃分之收益		
		2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元	2019 二零一九年 HK\$ [*] 000 千港元		
Hong Kong United Kingdom	香港英國	513,739 10,785	550,984 10,921		
		524,524	561,905		

The following table is an analysis of the carrying amounts of non-current assets by geographical area in which the assets are located: 下表為按資產所在地劃分非流動資產 之賬面值的分析:

		non-curre	Carrying amounts of non-current assets 非流動資產之賬面值		
		2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元	2019 二零一九年 HK\$'000 千港元		
Hong Kong United Kingdom	香港英國	805,983 202,724 1,008,707	811,765 209,909 1,021,674		

The non-current asset information above excludes financial instruments and deferred tax assets.

Information about major customers

During the years ended 31 March 2020 and 2019, there were no customers contributing 10% or more of the Group's total revenue.

以上非流動資產之資料不包括金融工 具及遞延税項資產。

有關主要客戶之資料

於截至二零二零年及二零一九年三月 三十一日止年度,並無客戶作出本集 團總收益10%或以上之貢獻。

截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度 Year ended 31 March 2020

OTHER OPERATING	INCOME	9. 其他營	營運收入	
			2020 二零二零年	2019 二零一九年
			HK\$'000	HK\$'000
			千港元	千港元
Bank interest income	銀行利息收入		2,695	648
Dividend income	股息收入		2,038	2,122
Sundry income	其他收入		1,470	1,639
			6,203	4,409

10. OTHER GAINS AND LOSSES, NET

10. 其他收益及虧損淨額

2010

		Notes 附註	2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元	2019 二零一九年 HK\$'000 千港元
Fair value changes on	投資物業之公允值變動			
investment properties		19	(86,558)	10,686
Net realised (losses)	錯誤執行交易之已變現			
gains on error trades	(虧損)收益淨額		(30)	36
Fair value losses on financial	按公允值計入損益之			
assets at FVPL	金融資產之公允值虧損	(b)	(19,203)	(11,044)
Realised (losses) gains on	贖回/出售以下項目之			
redemption / disposal of	已變現(虧損)收益	(b)		
– financial assets at FVPL	- 按公允值計入損益			
	之金融資產	(a)	(5,388)	2,498
– Mandatory FVOCI	- 強制按公允值計入			
	其他全面收益		(732)	(234)
Exchange difference, net	匯兑差異淨額		(3,762)	(297)
Gain on disposal of property	出售物業及設備之收益			
and equipment			40	-
Gain on disposal of subsidiaries	出售附屬公司之收益	45	2,181	-
Loss on redemption of convertible	贖回一間上市附屬公司			
bonds issued by a listed subsidiary	發行之可換股債券之			
	虧損	34		(38,867)
			(113,452)	(37,222)

Notes:

- (a) The amount represented the proceeds from early redemption of financial assets at FVPL of HK\$300,000,000 less relevant costs and carrying value of the investments redeemed of approximately HK\$305,388,000 (2019: proceeds from sale of financial assets at FVPL of approximately HK\$68,715,000 less relevant costs and carrying value of the investments sold of approximately HK\$66,217,000).
- (b) Included above are losses from listed investments of approximately HK\$20,149,000 (2019: HK\$14,293,000) and losses from unlisted investments of approximately HK\$5,174,000 (2019: gains of approximately HK\$5,513,000).

附註:

- (a) 該金額代表提前贖回按公允值計入損益之金融資產之所得款項300,000,000 港元減相關成本及已贖回投資之賬面 值約305,388,000港元(二零一九年:出 售按公允值計入損益之金融資產之所 得款項約68,715,000港元減相關成本 及已售投資之賬面值約66,217,000港 元)。
- (b) 上列項目包括來自上市投資之虧 損約20,149,000港元(二零一九年: 14,293,000港元)及來自非上市投資之 虧損約5,174,000港元(二零一九年:收 益約5,513,000港元)。

截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度 Year ended 31 March 2020

11. STAFF COSTS

11.員工成本

2020 二零二零年	2019 二零一九年
HK\$'000	HK\$'000
千港元	千港元
23,627	22,489
899	897
24,526	23,386
	二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元 23,627

12. FINANCE COSTS

12. 融資成本

		104 227		
		Note 附註	2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元	2019 二零一九年 HK\$ [*] 000 千港元
Interest on bank borrowings Interest on bank overdraft Interest on clients' accounts Interest on convertible bonds issued	銀行借貸之利息 銀行透支之利息 客戶賬戶之利息 一間上市附屬公司發行		923 16 148	549 147
by a listed subsidiary	之可换股債券之利息	34	31,178	96,675
			32,265	97,371

13. PROFIT BEFORE TAXATION

This is stated after charging:

13. 税前溢利

此已扣除下列各項:

		2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元	2019 二零一九年 HK\$'000 千港元
Auditor's remuneration	核數師酬金	2,800	2,800
Direct operating expenses relating to	與產生租金收入之		
investment properties that	投資物業相關之		
generated rental income	直接經營開支	522	191
Direct operating expenses relating to	與並無產生租金收入之		
investment properties that did not	投資物業相關之		
generate rental income	直接經營開支	1,586	1,434
Write off of accounts receivable	撤銷應收賬項	300	-
Write off of loans and advances	撤銷貸款及墊款	205	
Write off of property and equipment	撤銷物業及設備	_	15
Share-based payment expenses	以股份支付開支	-	8,776

Chief

截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度 Year ended 31 March 2020

14. DIRECTORS' AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER'S AND EMPLOYEES' REMUNERATION

(a) Directors' and Chief Executive Officer's remuneration:

The emoluments paid or payable to each of the six (2019: six) directors were as follows:

Year ended 31 March 2020

14. 董事及行政總裁及僱員酬金

(a) 董事及行政總裁酬金

已付或應付六名(二零一九年:六 名)董事各自之酬金如下:

截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度

				ecutive Officer Executive Directors Independent Non-executive Di		Independent Non-executive Directors 獨立非執行董事		-		
		Mr. Hung Hon Man 洪漢文先生 HK\$'000 千港元	Mr. Cham Wai Ho, Anthony 湛威豪先生 HK\$'000 千港元	Mr. Kam Leung Ming 甘亮明先生 HK\$'000 千港元	Mr. Sun Ka Ziang, Henry 孫克強先生 HK\$'000 千港元	Mr. Siu Hi Lam, Alick 蕭喜臨先生 HK\$'000 千港元	Mr. Man Kong Yui 文剛鋭先生 HK\$'000 千港元	Total 總額 HK\$'000 千港元		
Fees Other emoluments:	袍金 其他酬金:	-	-	-	116	116	116	348		
 Salaries and other benefits (note i) Contributions to retirement 	-薪金及其他福利(附註i) -退休福利計劃供款	241	386	419	-	-	-	1,046		
benefit schemes – Performance and discretionary	-表現及酌情花紅(附註ii)	10	21	18	-	-	-	49		
bonus (note ii) – Commission	-佣金	25	40 -	43 -	-	-	-	108		
Total emoluments	總酬金	276	447	480	116	116	116	1,551		

截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度 Year ended 31 March 2020

綜合財務報表附註

14. DIRECTORS' AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER'S AND EMPLOYEES' REMUNERATION – continued

(a) Directors' and Chief Executive Officer's remuneration – continued

Year ended 31 March 2019

14. 董事及行	政總裁及	僱員酬金
- 續		

(a) 董事及行政總裁酬金-續

截至二零一九年三月三十一日止 年度

		Chief Executive Officer 行政總裁		Directors 董事		ent Non-executive 獨立非執行董事		
		Mr. Hung Hon Man 洪漢文先生 HK\$'000 千港元	Mr. Cham Wai Ho, Anthony 湛威豪先生 HK\$'000 千港元	Mr. Kam Leung Ming 甘亮明先生 HK\$'000 千港元	Mr. Sun Ka Ziang, Henry 孫克強先生 HK\$'000 千港元	Mr. Siu Hi Lam, Alick 蕭喜臨先生 HK\$'000 千港元	Mr. Man Kong Yui 文剛鋭先生 HK\$'000 千港元	Total 總額 HK\$'000 千港元
Fees Other emoluments:	袍金 其他酬金:	-	-	-	108	108	108	324
 Salaries and other benefits (note i) Contributions to retirement 	-薪金及其他福利(附註i) -退休福利計劃供款	179	354	402	-	-	-	935
benefit schemes		10	19	18	-	-	-	47
– Performance and discretionary bonus (note ii)	-表現及酌情花紅(附註ii)	20	43	50	-	-	-	113
– Commission	一佣金	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Total emoluments	總酬金	209	416	470	108	108	108	1,419

Notes:

- (i) The balances shown above for executive directors, namely Mr. Hung Hon Man, Mr. Cham Wai Ho, Anthony and Mr. Kam Leung Ming were mainly for their services in connection with the management of the affairs of the Company and the Group.
- Performance and discretionary bonus is determined with regard to the Group's performance, the individual's performance and comparable market statistics.

附註:

- (i) 上列有關執行董事(即洪漢文先 生、湛威豪先生及甘亮明先生)
 的結餘主要涉及彼等在管理本公
 司及本集團之事務所提供之服
 務。
- (ii) 表現及酌情花紅乃參照本集團的 表現、個人表現及可比較市場統 計數據而釐定。

截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度 Year ended 31 March 2020

14. DIRECTORS' AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER'S AND EMPLOYEES' REMUNERATION – continued

(a) Directors' and Chief Executive's remuneration – continued

There was no arrangement under which a director or the chief executive officer waived or agreed to waive any remuneration in the years ended 31 March 2020 and 2019. In addition, no emoluments were paid by the Group to any of the directors as an inducement to join, or upon joining the Group or as a compensation for loss of office for the years ended 31 March 2020 and 2019.

(b) Employees' remuneration

The five highest paid individuals of the Group do not include directors of the Company for both years.

The emoluments of the five (2019: five) highest paid individuals for the years are set out as follows:

14. 董事及行政總裁及僱員酬金

(a) 董事及行政總裁酬金-續

並無董事或行政總裁放棄或同意 放棄截至二零二零年及二零一九 年三月三十一日止年度任何薪酬 之安排。此外,截至二零二零年 及二零一九年三月三十一日止年 度,本集團並無向任何董事支付 酬金,作為彼等加盟本集團之誘 金或入職獎金,或作為離職補償 金。

(b) 僱員酬金

本集團於兩個年度的五位最高薪個別人士均不包括本公司董事。

五位(二零一九年:五位)最高薪個 別人士於該等年度之酬金詳情如下:

		2020	2019
		二零二零年	二零一九年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Salaries and other emoluments	薪金及其他酬金	4,596	4,309
Discretionary bonus	酌情花紅	184	291
Contribution to retirement	退休福利計劃供款		
benefits schemes		90	72
		4,870	4,672

The emoluments of the individuals are within the following bands:

彼等之酬金介乎以下範圍:

	Number of 僱員	individuals 數目
	2020 二零二零年	2019 二零一九年
HK\$500,001 to HK\$1,000,000 500,001港元至1,000,000港元 HK\$1,000,001 to HK\$1,500,000 1,000,001港元至1,500,000港元	3 2	3 2

綜合財務報表附註 NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 載至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度

14. DIRECTORS' AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER'S AND EMPLOYEES' REMUNERATION – continued

(b) Employees' remuneration – continued

There was no arrangement under which the five highest paid individuals waived or agreed to waive any remuneration for the years ended 31 March 2020 and 2019. In addition, no emoluments were paid by the Group to the five highest paid individuals as an inducement to join or upon joining the Group or as compensation for loss of office for the years ended 31 March 2020 and 2019.

15. TAXATION

The two-tiered profits tax rates regime have been implemented from 1 April 2018, under which, the profit tax rate for the first HK\$2,000,000 assessable profits arising from Hong Kong of qualifying entities will be taxed at 8.25%, and assessable profits arising from Hong Kong above HK\$2,000,000 will continue be taxed at the rate of 16.5%. As only one of the subsidiaries in the Group is eligible to elect the two-tiered profits tax rates, profits of the remaining subsidiaries of the Group will continue to be taxed at a flat rate of 16.5%.

For the years ended 31 March 2020 and 2019, Hong Kong Profits Tax is calculated in accordance with the two-tiered profits tax rates regime.

The tax provision in respect of operations in United Kingdom is calculated at the rate of 20% on the subsidiary's estimated assessable profits for the year based on existing legislation, interpretation and practices in respect thereof. 14.董事及行政總裁及僱員酬金

Year ended 31 March 2020

14. 重爭 及 行 政 總 菽 及 僱 員 酬 金 一 續

(b) 僱員酬金-續

並無五位最高薪個別人士放棄或同 意放棄截至二零二零年及二零一九 年三月三十一日止年度任何酬金之 安排。此外,本集團於截至二零二 零年及二零一九年三月三十一日止 年度並無向五位最高薪個別人士支 付酬金,作為彼等加盟本集團之誘 金或入職獎金,或作為離職補償金。

15. 税項

利得税税率兩級制已由二零一八年四 月一日起實行,據此,合資格實體從 香港產生的首2,000,000港元應課税溢 利將以8.25%的税率繳納利得税,而從 香港產生的2,000,000港元以上的應課 税溢利將繼續以16.5%的税率徵税。由 於本集團內僅一間附屬公司符合選用 利得税税率兩級制之資格,本集團其 餘附屬公司之溢利將繼續以16.5%的劃 一税率徵税。

截至二零二零年及二零一九年三月 三十一日止年度,香港利得税按照利 得税税率兩級制計算。

有關英國營運的税項撥備,乃根據該 附屬公司的年內估計應課税溢利以20% 之税率及按相關現行法例、詮釋及慣 例計算。

截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度 Year ended 31 March 2020

TAXATION – continued	15.税項-續						
		Note 附註	2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元	2019 二零一九年 HK\$'000 千港元			
Current tax	即期税項						
Hong Kong	香港						
Hong Kong Profits Tax Over provision in prior years	香港利得税 過往年度之		47,262	76,147			
	超額撥備		(1,522)	(2)			
			45,740	76,145			
United Kingdom	英國						
Overseas tax Under provision in prior years	海外税項 過往年度之		1,715	1,769			
	撥備不足		2	1,029			
			1,717	2,798			
			47,457	78,943			
Deferred tax	遞延税項						
Origination and reversal of	暫時差額的產生及						
temporary differences	撥回	35	95	133			
Income tax expense	所得税開支		47,552	79,076			

Reconciliation of income tax expense	開支之對賬		
		2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元	2019 二零一九年 HK\$'000 千港元
Profit before taxation	税前溢利	204,280	311,172
	按读田 税支赴符 → 印 徂 税	22.5/1	51.170
Income tax at applicable tax rate Tax effect of expenses not deductible	按適用税率計算之所得税 不可扣税支出之税務影響	33,541	51,178
for tax purpose		24,359	34,716
Tax effect of income not taxable	不應課税收入之税務影響		
for tax purpose		(11,381)	(10,373)
Tax effect of tax losses not recognised	未確認税項虧損之税務影響	3,959	2,977
Utilisation of previously unrecognised tax losses	動用以往未確認税項虧損	(79)	
(Over) Under provision in prior years	以往年度(超額撥備)	(79)	
	撥備不足	(1,520)	1,027
Effect of different tax rates of the subsidiary	於其他司法權區營運之附屬		
operating in other jurisdictions	公司之不同税率之影響	307	305
Others	其他	(1,634)	(754)
Income tax expense for the year	本年度所得税開支	47,552	79,076

截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度 Year ended 31 March 2020

16. DIVIDENDS

16. 股息

DITIDLITE			
		2020 二零二零年	2019 二零一九年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Final dividend for prior financial year, paid – HK1 cent (2019: HK1 cent) per share	已付,上財政年度之 末期股息-每股1港仙 (二零一九年:1港仙)	96,627	96,627
Interim dividend for current financial year, paid – HK0.75 cent (2019: HK1 cent) per share	已付,本財政年度之 中期股息-每股0.75港仙 (二零一九年:1港仙)	72,470	96,627
		169,097	193,254

A final dividend in respect of the year ended 31 March 2020 of HK0.4 cent (2019: HK1 cent) per share, amounting to approximately HK\$38,651,000 (2019: HK\$96,627,000) has been proposed by the directors of the Company and is subject to the approval by the owners of the Company in the forthcoming annual general meeting.

本公司董事建議就截至二零二零年三 月三十一日止年度派發末期股息每 股0.4港仙(二零一九年:1港仙),共 計約為38,651,000港元(二零一九年: 96,627,000港元),此事須於應屆股東 週年大會上獲本公司擁有人批准作實。

17. EARNINGS PER SHARE

The calculation of the basic earnings per share is based on profit attributable to the equity holders of the Company and the weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue during the year as follows: 17. 每股盈利

根據本公司股權持有人應佔溢利及年 內已發行普通股加權平均股數得出之 每股基本盈利之計算內容如下:

Earnings 盈利 2020 2019 二零二零年 二零一九年 HK\$'000 HK\$'000 千港元 千港元 用於計算每股基本盈利 Earnings for the purpose of basic earnings per share 之溢利 本公司股權持有人應佔 Profit for the year attributable 年內溢利 to equity shareholders of the Company 118,295 195,080

截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度 Year ended 31 March 2020

17. EARNINGS PER SHARE - continued

17. 每股盈利一續 ^{股份數目}

Number of shares

2020 2019 二零二零年 二零一九年 **'000** '000 千股 千股 用於計算每股基本盈利之 Weighted average number of ordinary shares, for the purpose 普通股加權平均數 of basic earnings per share 9,662,706 9,662,706 Effect of dilutive potential ordinary shares: 潛在攤薄普通股的影響: Exercise of share options (note (a)) 行使購股權(附註(a)) 6,471 用於計算每股攤薄盈利之 Weighted average number of ordinary shares, for the purpose 普通股加權平均數 9,662,706 of diluted earnings per share 9,669,177 HK cents **HK cents** 港仙 港仙 Earnings per share: 每股盈利: Basic 基本 2.02 1.22 攤薄(附註(b)) Dilutive (note (b)) 2.02 1.22

Note:

- (a) Diluted earnings per share was the same as the basic earnings per share for the year ended 31 March 2020 as the potential new ordinary shares to be issued on exercise of the outstanding share options under the Company's share option scheme have an anti-dilutive effect on the basic earnings per share for the year.
- (b) As the GNFG's outstanding convertible bonds had an anti-dilutive effect to the basic earnings per share calculation, the computation of diluted earnings per share for both years did not assume the exercise of certain convertible bonds since their assumed exercise would result in increase in earnings per share.

附註:

- (a) 截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度 之每股攤薄盈利與每股基本盈利相 同,原因為於本公司購股權計劃方案 下,尚未行使的購股權獲行使時將發 行的潛在新普通股對本年度的每股基 本盈利有反攤薄影響。
- (b) 由於結好金融的未償還可換股債券對每股基本盈利的計算有反攤薄影響,因此在計算兩個年度的每股攤薄盈利時,並無假設若干可換股債券被行使,因為假設其行使會導致每股盈利增加。

截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度 Year ended 31 March 2020

綜合財務報表附註

18. PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT / PREPAID LEASE PAYMENTS AND PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT

18. 物業及設備/預付租賃款項以 及物業及設備

		Prepaid lease payments 預付租賃款項			Pro	perty and equipme 物業及設備	nt		
		Leasehold land 租賃土地 HK\$'000	Right-of-use assets - Leasehold land 使用權資產 一租賃土地 HKS ¹ 000	Buildings 樓宇 HK\$'000	Leasehold improvements 租賃 物業裝修 HK\$'000	Motor vehicles and yacht 汽車及遊艇 HK\$'000	Office equipment 辦公室設備 HK\$'000	Furniture and fixtures 傢具及裝置 HK\$'000	Total 合計 HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
Cost or Valuation At 1 April 2018	成本或估值 於二零一八年四月一日	103,780	-	35,844	1,100	28,528	5,801	106	175,159
Additions Adjustment on	添置 重估調整	-	-	-	307	-	560	46	913
revaluation Write off Disposal	撇銷 出售	-	-	2,140	-	(536) (125)	(2,984) (250)	-	2,140 (3,520) (375)
At 31 March 2019	於二零一九年 三月三十一日	103,780	-	37,984	1,407	27,867	3,127	152	174,317
Comprising: At cost At valuation	包括: 按成本 按估值	103,780	- -	37,984	1,407	27,867	3,127	152	136,333 37,984
At 31 March 2019	於二零一九年 三月三十一日	103,780	-	37,984	1,407	27,867	3,127	152	174,317
At 1 April 2019 Impact on initial	於二零一九年四月一日 首次應用香港財務	103,780	-	37,984	1,407	27,867	3,127	152	174,317
application of HKFRS 16 Additions	報告準則第16號之 影響 添置 手442800	(103,780)	103,780	-	- 68	- 607	- 150	-	825
Adjustment on revaluation Disposal	重估調整出售	-	_	(230)	-	(500)	-	_	(230) (500)
At 31 March 2020	於二零二零年 三月三十一日	-	103,780	37,754	1,475	27,974	3,277	152	174,412
	<u>н</u> н.								1
Comprising: At cost At valuation	包括: 按成本 按估值	-	103,780	37,754	1,475	27,974	3,277	152 -	136,658 37,754
At 31 March 2020	於二零二零年 三月三十一日		103,780	37,754	1,475	27,974	3,277	152	174,412

截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度 Year ended 31 March 2020

18. PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT / PREPAID LEASE PAYMENTS AND PROPERTY AND

18. 物業及設備/預付租賃款項以 及物業及設備-續

EQUIPMENT – continued

		Prepaid lease payments 預付租賃款項	Property and equipment 物業及設備						
		Leasehold land	Right-of-use assets - Leasehold land 使用權資產	Buildings	Leasehold improvements 租賃	Motor vehicles and yacht	Office equipment	Furniture and fixtures	Total
		租賃土地 HK\$'000 千港元	 一租賃土地 HK\$'000 千港元 	樓宇 HK\$'000 千港元	物業裝修 HK\$'000 千港元	汽車及遊艇 HK\$*000 千港元	辦公室設備 HK\$'000 千港元	傢具及裝置 HK\$'000 千港元	合計 HK\$'000 千港元
Accumulated amortisation/ depreciation	累計折舊/減值								
At 1 April 2018	於二零一八年四月一日	32,050	_	_	479	21,618	4,527	30	58,704
Charges	支出	2,450	_	630	385	3,475	715	32	7,687
Eliminated on revaluation			_	(630)	-	-	-	-	(630)
Write off	撤銷	-	_	-	-	(536)	(2,969)	-	(3,505)
Disposal	出售	-	-	-	-	(96)	(250)	-	(346)
At 31 March 2019	於二零一九年								
T	三月三十一日	34,500	-	-	864	24,461	2,023	62	61,910
Impact on initial application of HKFRS	首次應用香港財務 報告準則第16號之								
16	影響	(34,500)	34,500	-	-	-	-	-	-
Charges	支出	-	2,451	1,344	272	3,232	633	27	7,959
Eliminated on revaluation		-	-	(1,344)	-	-	-	-	(1,344)
Disposal	出售	-	-	-	-	(500)	-	-	(500)
At 31 March 2020	於二零二零年 三月三十一日	-	36,951		1,136	27,193	2,656	89	68,025
	-/]- H	_	50,751	_	1,150	2/,1/J	2,090	07	00,02)
Net carrying values	賬面值								
At 31 March 2020	於二零二零年 三月三十一日	-	66,829	37,754	339	781	621	63	106,387
At 31 March 2019	於二零一九年								
	三月三十一日	69,280	-	37,984	543	3,406	1,104	90	112,407

Upon the adoption of HKFRS 16 at 1 April 2019, the prepaid lease payments are presented under property and equipment - right-of-use assets (note 2).

於二零一九年四月一日採納香港財務 報告準則第16號後,預付租賃款項於 物業及設備-使用權資產項下呈列(附 註2)。

截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度 Year ended 31 March 2020

18. PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT / PREPAID LEASE PAYMENTS AND PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT – continued

The property interests in leasehold land and the buildings thereon (including the whole or part of undivided share in the underlying land) in Hong Kong of approximately HK\$104,583,000 (2019: HK\$107,264,000) are held by the Group as the registered owner. Those property interests were acquired from the previous registered owners by making lump sum payments at the upfront. Except for the variable amounts to be charged by the government subsequently that are reviewed regularly with reference to the rateable values, for example, there are no ongoing payments to be made under the terms of the land lease. At the end of the reporting period, the remaining lease term is about 27 years.

The buildings of the Group were valued at 31 March 2020 and 2019 by Messrs. RHL Appraisal Limited ("RHL") on market value basis. RHL is not connected with the Group, and has appropriate qualifications and recent experience in the valuation of similar properties in the relevant locations.

In estimating the fair value of the buildings, the highest and best use of buildings is the current use.

In estimating the fair value of the Group's buildings, the management of the Group uses market-observable data to the extent it is available. Where Level 1 inputs are not available, the management of the Group engages third party qualified valuers to perform the valuation of the Group's buildings. At the end of each reporting period, the management of the Group works closely with the qualified external valuers to establish and determine the appropriate valuation techniques and inputs for Level 3 fair value measurement. The management of the Group would first consider and adopt Level 2 inputs where inputs can be derived from observable quoted prices in the active market. When Level 2 inputs are not available, the management of the Group would adopt valuation techniques that include Level 3 inputs. Where there is a material change in the fair value of the assets, the causes of the fluctuations will be reported to the directors of the Company.

18. 物業及設備/預付租賃款項以 及物業及設備-續

約104,583,000港元 (二零一九年: 107,264,000港元)的香港租賃土地及其 上樓宇的物業權益 (包括相關土地的 全部或部分不可分割份額)由本集團 作為登記業主持有。該等物業權益乃 以前期一次性付款方式向前登記業主 收購。除政府其後會參照應課差餉租 值定期檢討所收取的浮動金額外,例 如,根據土地租賃條款,並無持續付 款。於報告期末,餘下的租賃期約為 27年。

本集團之樓宇乃由永利行評值顧問有 限公司(「永利行」)於二零二零年及 二零一九年三月三十一日按市值基準 進行估值。永利行為與本集團並無關 連,具備合適之資格及最近對有關地 點類似物業之估值經驗。

於估計樓宇之公允值時,樓宇之最高 及最佳用途為目前用途。

本集團的管理層利用適用於市場可觀 察的數據來評估本集團樓字的公允 值。當第1層輸入不適用時,本集團的 管理層便會第三方合資格測量師來辨 估本集團的管理層與外聘合資格測量師來 案密合作,共同訂立及決定適合的評 估方法及第3層公允值計量的輸入。 集團的管理層會首先考慮及採用第2層 輸入,此輸入為來自活躍市場可觀察 的公開價格。當第2層輸入不適用時, 本集團的管理層便會採用包括在第3層 輸入中的評估方法。當資產的公允值 重大轉變時,變動的原因便會匯報本 公司董事。

截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度 Year ended 31 March 2020

18. PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT / PREPAID LEASE PAYMENTS AND PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT – continued

One of the key unobservable inputs used in valuing the buildings is the unit sale rate ranging from approximately HK\$6,000 per square foot to HK\$30,000 per square foot (2019: HK\$6,000 per square foot to HK\$32,000 per square foot), taking into account age, location and other individual factors such as size and levels of building. A decrease in the unit sale rate would result in decrease in fair value measurement of the buildings by the same percentage decrease and vice versa.

Buildings are classified as Level 3 under fair value hierarchy at 31 March 2020 and 2019. There were no transfers into or out of Level 3 during years ended 31 March 2020 and 2019.

If the buildings had not been revalued, they would have been included in these consolidated financial statements at historical cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses of approximately HK\$16,363,000 (2019: HK\$16,963,000).

The Group had pledged certain leasehold land and buildings to secure banking facilities granted to the Group during the year. Details of the pledges are set out in note 42 to the consolidated financial statements.

18. 物業及設備/預付租賃款項以 及物業及設備-續

樓宇估值所用的其中一項主要無法觀 察輸入數據是單位銷售價(介乎約每平 方呎6,000港元至每平方呎30,000港元 (二零一九年:每平方呎6,000港元至每 平方呎32,000港元)),當中已考慮樓 齡、地點和其他個別因素(如單位大小 和樓層)。單位銷售價下降將導致樓宇 之公允值計量按相同百分比減幅而下 降,反之亦然。

於二零二零年及二零一九年三月 三十一日,樓宇獲分類為公允值架構 第3層。在截至二零二零年及二零一九 年三月三十一止年度內,並無轉撥入 或轉出第3層。

倘若樓宇不作重估,則樓宇將按歷 史成本減累計折舊及累計減值虧損 以約16,363,000港元(二零一九年: 16,963,000港元)在綜合財務報表列賬。

本集團於年內已將若干租賃土地及樓 宇抵押,作為本集團獲授銀行信貸額 之抵押品。有關抵押之詳情載於綜合 財務報表附註42。

截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度 Year ended 31 March 2020

INVESTMENT PROPERTIES	19. 投資物業					
			2020	2019		
			二零二零年	二零一九年		
		Notes	HK\$'000	HK\$'000		
		附註	千港元	千港元		
Fair Value	公允值					
At the beginning of the reporting period	於報告期初		881,896	788,073		
Addition – Capital expenditure	添置-資本開支		20,752	59,057		
Addition – Acquisition of subsidiaries	添置一收購附屬公司	44	70,000	39,984		
Net change in fair value recognised in	於損益確認之公允值					
profit or loss	變動淨額		(86,558)	10,686		
Exchange differences	匯兑差額		(12,016)	(15,904)		
At the end of the reporting period	於報告期末		874,074	881,896		
			2020	2019		
			二零二零年	二零一九年		
		Notes	HK\$'000	HK\$'000		
		附註	千港元	千港元		
· · · · ·						
Located in:	位於:			(51.005		
Hong Kong	香港	(a)	671,350	671,987		
The United Kingdom	英國	(b)	202,724	209,909		
			874,074	881,896		
			2020	2019		
			二零二零年	二零一九年		
			HK\$'000	HK\$'000		
			千港元	千港元		
Unrealised (loss) gain on investment	計入其他收益及虧損之					
properties included in other gain and	投資物業未實現					
losses	(虧損)收益		(86,558)	10,686		

截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度 Year ended 31 March 2020

19. INVESTMENT PROPERTIES – continued

Leasing arrangement - as lessee

(a) Investment properties located in Hong Kong

At the end of the reporting period, the investment properties of approximately HK\$671,350,000 (2019: HK\$671,987,000) are held under head leases with the remaining lease term of 27 to 841 years (2019: 28 to 842 years).

The property interests in investment properties thereon (including the whole or part of undivided share in the underlying land) in Hong Kong of approximately HK\$671,350,000 (2019: HK\$671,987,000) are held by the Group as the registered owner. Those property interests were acquired from the previous registered owners by making lump sum payments at the upfront. Except for the variable amounts to be charged by the government subsequently that are reviewed regularly with reference to the rateable values, for example, there are no ongoing payments to be made under the terms of the land lease.

Investment properties located in Hong Kong with fair value of approximately HK\$611,750,000 (2019: HK\$615,087,000) at 31 March 2020 were valued by RHL. RHL has appropriate qualification and recent experience in the valuation of similar properties in the relevant location. The valuation was arrived at by adopting the direct comparison method based on price information of comparable properties and adjusted to reflect the condition and locations of the subject properties.

19. 投資物業-續

租賃安排-作為承租人

(a) 位於香港之投資物業

於報告期末,約671,350,000港元 (二零一九年:671,987,000港元)之 投資物業是根據總租約持有而餘下 租期介乎27至841年(二零一九年: 28至842年)。

約671,350,000港元(二零一九年: 671,987,000港元)的香港投資物業 的物業權益(包括相關土地的全部 或部分不可分割份額)由本集團作 為登記業主持有。該等物業權益乃 以前期一次性付款方式向前登記業 主收購。除政府其後會參照應課差 餉租值定期檢討所收取的浮動金額 外,例如,根據土地租賃條款,並 無持續付款。

位於香港之投資物業於二零二零 年三月三十一日之公允值約為 611,750,000港元(二零一九年: 615,087,000港元),乃由永利行估 計。永利行具備合適之資格及最近 對有關地點類似物業之估值經驗。 有關估值乃根據可比較物業之價格 資料而採納直接比較法並已作出調 整以反映物業之狀況及地點。

截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度 Year ended 31 March 2020

19. INVESTMENT PROPERTIES – continued

Leasing arrangement - as lessee - continued

(a) Investment properties located in Hong Kong – continued

The valuation of other investment properties situated in Hong Kong with fair value of approximately HK\$59,600,000 (2019: HK\$56,900,000) was performed by the directors of the Company with reference to recent market prices of similar properties at similar locations at 31 March 2020 and 2019.

One of the key unobservable inputs used in valuing the investment properties located in Hong Kong is the unit sale rate of approximately HK\$4,300 per square foot (2019: HK\$4,700 per square foot) for industrial buildings, ranging from HK\$19,000 to HK\$28,000 per square foot (2019: ranging from HK\$17,000 to HK\$27,000 per square foot) for residential buildings and ranging from HK\$10,000 to HK\$47,000 per square foot (2019: ranging from HK\$11,000 to HK\$51,000 per square foot) for commercial building, taking into account age, location and other individual factors such as size and levels of building. An increase / decrease in the unit sale rate would result in an increase / decrease in fair value measurement of an investment property and vice versa.

(b) Investment properties located in the United Kingdom

Investment properties in the United Kingdom with fair value of approximately HK\$202,724,000 (2019: HK\$209,909,000) at 31 March 2020, were valued by Savills (UK) Limited ("Savills"). Savills is not connected with the Group, and has appropriate qualifications and recent experience in the valuation of similar properties in the relevant locations. The commercial units were valued by an income approach of valuation with reference to market rental value. 19. 投資物業-續

租賃安排-作為承租人-續 (a) 位於香港之投資物業-續

> 於截至二零二零年及二零一九年 三月三十一日止兩個年度,本公司 董事已參考相若地點之類似物業 之近期市場價格,而對位於香港之 其他投資物業進行估值,公允值 約為59,600,000港元(二零一九年: 56,900,000港元)。

> 投資物業估值所用的其中一項主要 無法觀察輸入數據是工業大廈之單 位銷售價約每平方呎4,300港元(二 零一九年:每平方呎4,700港元)、 住宅大廈之單位銷售價介乎每平方 呎19,000港元至28,000港元(二零 一九年:介乎每平方呎17,000港元 至27,000港元)及商業大廈之單位 銷售價介乎約每平方呎10,000港元 至每平方呎47,000港元(二零一九 年:介乎每平方呎11,000港元至每 平方呎51,000港元),當中已考慮 樓齡、地點和其他個別因素(如單 位大小和樓層)。單位銷售價上升 /下降將導致投資物業之公允值計 量上升/下降,反之亦然。

(b) 位於英國之投資物業

位於英國之投資物業於二零二零 年三月三十一日之公允值約為 202,724,000港元(二零一九年: 209,909,000港元),乃由Savills (UK) Limited(「第一太平戴維斯」) 估計。第一太平戴維斯與本集團 並無關連,並具備合適之資格及 最近對有關地點類似物業之估值 經驗。有關商業單位乃經參考市 值租金以收益法進行估值。

截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度 Year ended 31 March 2020

19. INVESTMENT PROPERTIES – continued

Leasing arrangement – as lessee – continued

(b) Investment properties located in the United Kingdom – continued

The key unobservable inputs used in valuing the investment properties located in the United Kingdom are the market rent at a weighted average of £55.56 (equivalent to approximately HK\$536) per square foot (2019: £54.43 (equivalent to approximately HK\$556) per square foot) and equivalent yield at 4.12% per annum (2019: 4.18% per annum). An increase / decrease in the market rent and in turn an increase / decrease in the equivalent yield would result in an increase / decrease in fair value of an investment property and vice versa.

In estimating the fair value of the Group's investment properties located in Hong Kong and the United Kingdom, the management of the Group uses market-observable data to the extent it is available. Where Level 1 inputs are not available, the management of the Group engages third party qualified valuers to perform the valuation of the Group's investment properties where appropriate. At the end of each reporting period, the management of the Group works closely with the qualified external valuers to establish and determine the appropriate valuation techniques and inputs for Level 3 fair value measurement. The management of the Group will first consider and adopt Level 2 inputs where inputs can be derived from observable quoted prices in the active market. When Level 2 inputs are not available, the management of the Group will adopt valuation techniques that include Level 3 inputs. Where there is a material change in the fair value of the assets, the causes of the fluctuations will be reported to the directors of the Company.

Investment properties located in Hong Kong and the United Kingdom are classified as Level 3 under fair value hierarchy at 31 March 2020 and 2019. There were no transfers into or out of Level 3 during years ended 31 March 2020 and 2019. No investment properties were pledged at 31 March 2020 and 2019.

19. 投資物業 - 續

租賃安排一作為承租人一續 (b) 位於英國之投資物業一續

對位於英國之投資物業進行估值 所用的主要無法觀察輸入數據是 加權平均市值租金為每平方呎 55.56英鎊(相當於約536港元)(二 零一九年:每平方呎54.43英鎊 (相當於約556港元))及等值收益 率每年4.12%(二零一九年:每年 4.18%)。市值租金上升/下降繼 而等值收益率上升/下降將導致 投資物業之公允值上升/下降, 反之亦然。

本集團的管理層利用適用於市場可觀 察的數據來評估本集團位於香港及英 國的投資物業的公允值。當第1層輸入 不適用時,本集團的管理層於適時便 會由第三方合資格測量師來評估本集 團的投資物業。於每個報告期末,本 集團的管理層與外聘合資格測量師緊 密合作,共同訂立及決定適合的評估 方法及第3層公允值計量的輸入。本集 團的管理層會首先考慮及採用第2層輸 入,此輸入為來自活躍市場可觀察的 公開價格。當第2層輸入不適用時,本 集團的管理層便會採用包括在第3層輸 入中的評估方法。當資產的公允值重 大轉變時,變動的原因便會匯報本公 司董事。

於二零二零年及二零一九年三月 三十一日,位於香港及英國之投資物 業獲分類為公允值架構第3層。截至二 零二零年及二零一九年三月三十一日 止年度內,並無轉入或轉出第3層。於 二零二零年及二零一九年三月三十一 日並無將投資物業抵押。

截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度 Year ended 31 March 2020

19. INVESTMENT PROPERTIES – continued

Leasing arrangement - as lessor

All of the Group's investment properties located in Hong Kong and the United Kingdom interests held under leases to earn rentals or for capital appreciation purposes are measured using the fair value model and are classified and accounted for as investment properties.

Certain investment properties are leased to independent third parties for a term of 2 to 10 years (2019: 2 to 10 years), which had an initial non-cancellable lease term of 1 to 3 years (2019: 1 to 3 years). Some leases provide the lessees with options to renew the leases upon expiry at new terms. The tenant also bears the management fees and amounts charged by the government such as the rates levied on the Group.

The details of the lease income from operating leases are set out in note 7 to the consolidated financial statements.

The investment properties are subject to residual value risk. The lease contracts, as a result, include a provision on residual value guarantee based on which the Group has the right to charge the tenant for any damage to the investment properties at the end of the lease. Besides, the Group has purchased insurance to protect certain investment properties against any loss that may arise from accidents or physical damages of the properties.

Below is a maturity analysis of undiscounted lease payments to be received from the leasing of investment properties.

At 31 March 2020

Year ended 31 March 2

19. 投資物業 - 續

租賃安排-作為出租人

本集團以租賃持有以賺取租金或謀求 資本增值的所有位於香港及英國的投 資物業權益,均以公允值模式計量, 並分類為投資物業及按此入賬。

若干投資物業出租予獨立第三方, 租期為2至10年(二零一九年:2至10 年),其初始不可撤銷租期為1至3年 (二零一九年:1至3年)。部分租賃規 定承租人可選擇在租約到期後按新的 租期續租。承租人亦承擔管理費及政 府收取的款項,如向本集團徵收的差 餉。

經營租賃的租賃收入詳情載於綜合財 務報表附註7。

投資物業承受剩餘價值風險。因此, 租賃合約包含一項剩餘價值擔保條 文,據此,本集團有權於租賃結束時 就投資物業之任何損壞向租戶索償。 此外,本集團已購買保險,保障任何 可能因意外或物業之實質損壞而令若 干投資物業引起的損失。

以下為將從租賃投資物業收取之未貼 現租賃付款的到期分析。

於二零二零年三月三十一日

		HK\$'000 千港元
		1,0,0
Year 1	第一年	12,291
Year 2	第二年	11,548
Year 3	第三年	10,165
Year 4	第四年	9,439
Year 5	第五年	9,628
After year 5	第五年後	22,354

75,425

截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度 Year ended 31 March 2020

19. 投資物業-續 **19. INVESTMENT PROPERTIES – continued** Leasing arrangement - as lessor - continued 租賃安排一作為出租人一續 於二零一九年三月三十一日,以下為 At 31 March 2019, the Group had contracted with tenants 本集團就租戶所簽訂之合約的未來最 for the following future minimum lease payments: 低租賃款項: At 31 March 2019 於二零一九年三月三十一日 HK\$'000 千港元 Within one year 一年內 9.525 In the second to fifth years inclusive 第二年至第五年內(包括首尾兩年) 38,498

五年以上

81,608

33,585

20. INTANGIBLE ASSETS

Over five years

20. 無形資產

		Trading		
		rights in Hong Kong	Club	
		exchanges	memberships	Total
		香港交易所	I	
		之交易權	會所會籍	合計
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元
Cost	成本			
At 1 April 2018	於二零一八年四月一日	2,172	6,709	8,881
Addition	添置		3	3
At 31 March 2019, 1 April 2019	於二零一九年三月三十一日、			
and 31 March 2020	二零一九年四月一日及			
	二零二零年三月三十一日	2,172	6,712	8,884
Impairment	減值			
At 1 April 2018, 31 March 2019,	於二零一八年四月一日、			
1 April 2019 and 31 March 2020				
	二零一九年四月一日及 二零二零年三月三十一日	71	400	471
Carrying value	賬面值			
At 31 March 2020	於二零二零年三月三十一日	2,101	6,312	8,413
At 31 March 2019	於二零一九年三月三十一日	2,101	6,312	8,413
	从二令 几十二月二十 日	2,101	0,512	0,415

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截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度 Year ended 31 March 2020

20. INTANGIBLE ASSETS - continued

The management of the Group determined that certain trading rights amounting to approximately HK\$500,000 (2019: HK\$500,000) were no longer utilised to generate profits to the Group. For the purpose of impairment testing on these trading rights, the recoverable amount has been determined based on secondary market prices and no impairment was made at 31 March 2020 and 2019. The recoverable amounts of other trading rights with carrying value of approximately HK\$1,601,000 (2019: HK\$1,601,000) held by the Group have been determined with reference to the recoverable amounts based on a value-in-use calculation. Details of the impairment test on other trading rights are set out in note 22 to the consolidated financial statements.

Intangible assets amounting to approximately HK\$6,312,000 (2019: HK\$6,312,000) represent club memberships. For the purpose of impairment testing on club memberships, the recoverable amount has been determined based on the second-hand market price less cost of disposal. No impairment loss was recognised in years ended 31 March 2020 and 2019 with reference to the recoverable amount of the club memberships.

In the opinion of the directors of the Company, the trading rights and club memberships have indefinite useful lives.

20. 無形資產 - 續

本集團之管理層認為約500,000港元 (二零一九年:500,000港元)之交易 權再不能用以為本集團產生溢利。在 對此等交易權進行減值檢測時,其可 收回金額已根據二手市場報價而釐 定。於二零二零年及二零一九年三月 三十一日並無減值。本集團持有賬面 值為約1,601,000港元(二零一九年: 1,601,000港元)之其他交易權的可收回 金額,已參考可收回金額,根據使用 價值計算法而釐定。其他交易權之減 值檢測詳情於綜合財務報表附註22中 披露。

為數約6,312,000港元(二零一九年: 6,312,000港元)之無形資產指會所會 籍。就會所會籍之減值檢測而言,其 可收回金額乃根據二手市場價格減出 售成本而釐定。參考會所會籍之可收 回金額後,於截至二零二零年及二零 一九年三月三十一日止年度並無確認 減值虧損。

本公司董事認為,交易權及會所會籍 具備無限使用年期。

截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度 Year ended 31 March 2020

GOODWILL	21. 商譽	
		Broking
		經紀
		HK\$'000
		千港元
Cost	成本	
At 1 April 2018, 31 March 2019,	於二零一八年四月一日、	
1 April 2019 and 31 March 2020	二零一九年三月三十一日、	
	二零一九年四月一日及	
	二零二零年三月三十一日	15,441
Impairment	減值	
At 1 April 2018, 31 March 2019,	於二零一八年四月一日、	
1 April 2019 and 31 March 2020	二零一九年三月三十一日、	
	二零一九年四月一日及	
	二零二零年三月三十一日	-
Carrying values	賬面值	
At 31 March 2020	於二零二零年三月三十一日	15,441
At 31 March 2019	於二零一九年三月三十一日	15,441

Particulars regarding impairment testing on goodwill 有關商譽減值檢測 are disclosed in note 22 to the consolidated financial 報表附註22披露。 statements.

有關商譽減值檢測之詳情於綜合財務 服表附註22披露。

截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度 Year ended 31 March 2020

22. IMPAIRMENT TESTING ON GOODWILL AND OTHER TRADING RIGHTS

Certain trading rights with indefinite useful lives and goodwill set out in notes 20 and 21 to the consolidated financial statements have been allocated to the broking CGU (see note 8 to the consolidated financial statements for details of segment information). The carrying amounts of goodwill, net of accumulated impairment losses and certain trading rights, net of accumulated impairment losses, at 31 March 2020 and 2019 allocated to the broking CGU are as follows:

22. 商譽及其他交易權之減值檢測

載於綜合財務報表附註20及21之若干 無限定使用年期交易權及商譽已分配 至經紀分部之創現單位(有關分部資 料之詳情,請參閱綜合財務報表附註 8)。分配至該經紀創現單位之商譽(扣 除累計減值虧損)及若干交易權於二零 二零年及二零一九年三月三十一日的 賬面值如下:

				Broking 經紀 HK\$'000 千港元
(a)	Goodwill	(a)	商譽	
	Carrying value at 1 April 2018, 31 March 2019, 1 April 2019 and 31 March 2020		於二零一八年四月一日、 二零一九年三月三十一日、 二零一九年四月一日及 二零二零年三月三十一日	15,441
(b)	Trading rights	(b)	交易權	
	Carrying value at 1 April 2018, 31 March 2019, 1 April 2019 and 31 March 2020		於二零一八年四月一日、 二零一九年三月三十一日、 二零一九年四月一日及 二零二零年三月三十一日	1,601

The recoverable amounts of the broking CGU containing goodwill and certain trading rights have been determined based on a value-in-use calculation. That calculation uses cash flow projections based on financial budgets approved by management covering a 5-year period and at a discount rate of 12% (2019: 12%) and at zero (2019: zero) growth rate. A key assumption for the value-in-use calculation is the zero growth rate, which is determined based on past performance and management's expectations for the market development. Management believes that any reasonably possible change in any of the assumptions would not cause the aggregate recoverable amount of the broking CGU to fall below the aggregate carrying amount of the broking CGU and no impairment was made at 31 March 2020 and 2019. 包含商譽及若干交易權之經紀創現單 位之可收回金額已根據在用價值計算 法而釐定。該計算法根據管理層通過 之五年財政預算以12%(二零一九年: 12%)之貼現率以及零(二零一九年: 零)之增長率進行現金流量預測。預算 之增長率進行現金流量預測。預算 之增長率為在用價值計算法之主要假 設。零增長率乃根據以往之表現及管 理層相信,任何假設之任何合理可能之 轉變不會導致經紀創現單位之合計賬 面值,而於二零二零年及二零一九年 三月三十一日並無作出減值。

截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度 Year ended 31 March 2020

23. OTHER ASSETS

Other assets mainly represent statutory and other deposits with various exchanges and clearing houses and are non-interest bearing.

23. 其他資產

其他資產主要代表付予不同交易所及 結算所之法定及其他按金。有關按金 並不計息。

24. LOANS AND ADVANCES

24. 貸款及墊款

Analysed as:	分析為:	656,645	1,038,647
Current	流動	32,568	47,553
Non-current	非流動	689,213	1,086,200
		689,213	1,086,200
Secured	有抵押	248,241	229,281
Unsecured	無抵押	440,972	856,919
		689,213	1,086,200
Fixed-rate loan receivables	固定利率應收貸款	700,057	1,115,336
Less: Loss allowances	減:虧損撥備	(10,844)	(29,136)
		2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元	2019 二零一九年 HK\$'000 千港元

At 31 March 2020, loans and advances with carrying amount of approximately HK\$208,241,000 are secured by first mortgage of properties in Hong Kong with an aggregate fair value of approximately HK\$475,280,000; carrying amount of approximately HK\$40,000,000 are secured by pledged securities with an aggregate fair value of approximately HK\$411,992,000

At 31 March 2019, loans and advances with carrying amount of approximately HK\$223,084,000 are secured by first mortgage of properties in Hong Kong with an aggregate fair value of approximately HK\$464,029,000; carrying amount of approximately HK\$6,197,000 are secured by second mortgages of properties in Hong Kong with an aggregate fair value of approximately HK\$34,750,000. 於二零二零年三月三十一日,賬面值 為約208,241,000港元之貸款及墊款由 總公允值為約475,280,000港元之香港 物業之第一按揭作為抵押;賬面值為 約40,000,000港元之貸款及墊款由總公 允值為約411,992,000港元之已抵押證 券作為抵押。

於二零一九年三月三十一日,賬面值 為約223,084,000港元之貸款及墊款由 總公允值為約464,029,000港元之香港 物業之第一按揭作為抵押;賬面值為 約6,197,000港元之貸款及墊款由總公 允值為約34,750,000港元之香港物業之 第二按揭作為保證。

截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度 Year ended 31 March 2020

24. LOANS AND ADVANCES - continued

The fixed rate loan receivables carry interest ranging from 6% to 24% (2019: ranging from 8% to 24%) per annum. The net outstanding balances are repayable on the respective maturity dates from 2020 to 2023.

Information about the Group's exposure to credit risks and loss allowance for ECL of loans and advances is set out in note 6 to the consolidated financial statements.

25. ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE

24. 貸款及墊款 - 續

25. 應收賬項

固定利率應收貸款按介乎6厘至24厘 (二零一九年:介乎8厘至24厘)之年利 率計息。未償還淨結餘須於二零二零 年至二零二三年內各相關到期日償還。

有關本集團面對之信貸風險以及貸款 及墊款之預期信貸虧損之虧損撥備之 資料,載於綜合財務報表附註6。

			3,564,867	3,707,421	
			(110,510)	(37,111)	
Less: Loss allowances	減:虧損撥備		(148,318)	(37,411)	
			3,713,185	3,744,832	
dealing in futures contracts	人 應収取項		12,282	3,390	
house arising from the business of	產生來自期貨結算所 之應收賬項				
Accounts receivable from futures clearing	期貨買賣合約業務中				
– HKSCC	- 香港結算		369	-	
– Other margin clients	-其他保證金客戶		3,378,716	3,565,509	
members	緊密家族成員		313,578	167,054	
 Directors and their close family 	一董事及彼等之				
– Margin clients:	- 保證金客戶:	(b)			
– Cash clients	-現金客戶	(a)	8,240	8,879	
business of dealing in securities:	之應收賬項:				
Accounts receivable arising from the	證券買賣業務中產生				
		附註	千港元	千港元	
		Notes	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	
			二零二零年	二零一九年	
			2020	2019	

The normal settlement terms of accounts receivable from cash clients and securities clearing house are two days after trade date while for accounts receivable from futures clearing house are one day after trade date. All the accounts receivable (net of loss allowance) are expected to be recovered within one year.

Information about the Group's exposure to credit risks and loss allowance for ECL of accounts receivable is set out in note 6 to the consolidated financial statements. 應收現金客戶及證券結算所之賬項的 正常結算期為交易日後兩日,而應收 期貨結算所之賬項的正常結算期為交 易日後一日。所有應收賬項(扣除虧損 撥備)為預期於一年內收回。

有關本集團面對之信貸風險以及應收 賬項之預期信貸虧損之虧損撥備之資 料,載於綜合財務報表附註6。

截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度 Year ended 31 March 2020

25. ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE - continued

Notes:

(a) Included in the accounts receivable from cash clients are debtors with a carrying amount of approximately HK\$546,000 (2019: HK\$154,000) which are past due at the end of the reporting period but which the directors of the Company consider not to be impaired as there has not been a significant change in credit quality and a substantial portion of the carrying amount is subsequently settled.

In respect of accounts receivable from cash clients which are past due but not impaired at the end of the reporting period, the ageing analysis (from settlement date) is as follows:

25. 應收賬項-續

附註:

 (a) 現金客戶之應收賬項中,包括於報告 期末已逾期而賬面值為約546,000港元
 (二零一九年:154,000港元)之應收款 項,惟本公司董事認為有關款項並無 減值,因為有關款項之信貸質素並無 重大變動而大部分賬面值已於其後清 償。

> 就報告期末已逾期但並無減值之應 收現金客戶賬項而言,相關賬齡分析 (由結算日期起計)如下:

		2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元	2019 二零一九年 HK\$'000 千港元
0-30 days	0至30天	438	141
31- 60 days	31至60天	1	1
Over 60 days	超過60天	107	12
		546	154

The accounts receivable from cash clients with a carrying amount of approximately HK\$7,694,000 (2019: HK\$8,725,000) are neither past due nor impaired at the end of the reporting period and the directors of the Company are of the opinion that the amounts are recoverable.

於報告期末,賬面值為約7,694,000港 元(二零一九年:8,725,000港元)之應 收現金客戶之賬項為並無逾期亦無減 值,本公司董事認為有關款項為可以 收回。

截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度 Year ended 31 March 2020

25. ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE - continued

Notes: - continued

(b) Accounts receivable from margin clients are secured by clients' pledged securities with fair value of approximately HK\$11,060,046,000 (2019: HK\$13,791,493,000). Significant portion of the pledged securities are listed equity securities in Hong Kong. The loans are repayable on demand subsequent to settlement date and carry interest typically at a range from 7.236% to 9.252% per annum (2019: range from 7.236% to 9.252% per annum (2019: securities are assigned with specific margin ratios for calculating their margin values. Additional funds or collateral are required if the outstanding amount exceeds the eligible margin value of securities deposited. The collateral held can be pledged and can be sold at the Group's discretion to settle any outstanding amount owed by margin clients.

Included in accounts receivable from margin clients arising from the business of dealing in securities are amounts due from directors and their close family members. The details are as follows: 25. 應收賬項-續

附註: - 續

應收保證金客戶賬項均以客戶之抵 (h) 押證券作抵押,有關證券之公允值約 為11,060,046,000港元(二零一九年: 13,791,493,000港元)。香港上市股本 證券佔已抵押證券中的重要部份。於 二零二零年三月三十一日,有關貸款 在結算日期後須按通知還款,並通常 按年利率介乎7.236厘至9.252厘(二零 一九年:年利率介乎7.236厘至9.252 厘) 計息。證券被賦予特定之保證金 比率以計算其保證金價值。若未償還 款額超過已存入之證券的合資格保證 金價值,則會要求客戶提供額外資金 或抵押品。所持有之抵押品可以再抵 押,而本集團可酌情將之出售以結清 保證金客戶應付之任何未償還款額。

> 證券交易業務產生之應收保證金客戶 賬項中,包括董事及其緊密家庭成員 欠款,詳情如下:

			Balance 結餘		Maximum amount outstanding 最高未償還金額		Market value of pledged securities 質押證券之市值	
		At	At	At	During the year ended	During the year ended	At	At
		1 April	31 March	31 March	31 March	31 March	31 March	31 March
Name		2018	2019	2020	2019 截至	2020 截至	2019	2020
					二零一九年	二零二零年		
		於二零一八年	於二零一九年	於二零二零年	三月三十一日	三月三十一日	於二零一九年	於二零二零年
姓名		四月一日	三月三十一日	三月三十一日	止年度	止年度	三月三十一日	三月三十一日
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
Mr. Hung Hon Man, director of the Company,	洪漢文先生(本公司董事)、 其緊密家族成員以及							
his close family members	一間控制實體							
and a controlling entity		22,469	167,018	313,555	227,807	316,559	2,856,393	1,414,158
Mr. Kam Leung Ming, director of the Company, his close family members	甘亮明先生(本公司董事)、 其緊密家族成員及 一間控制實體							
and a controlling entity	1.4 17 004 27 022	644	36	23	1,028	430	-	- A

The above balances are repayable on demand and bear interest at commercial rates which are similar to the rates offered to other margin clients. 以上結餘為須應要求償還並按與其他 保證金客戶獲提供之利率相若的商業 利率計息。

截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度 Year ended 31 March 2020

INVESTMENTS IN SECURITIES		26. 證券投資		
			2020	2019
			二零二零年	二零一九年
		Notes	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		附註	千港元	千港元
Mandatorily measured at FVPL:	強制以按公允值計入 損益之方式計量:			
Equity securities listed in Hong Kong	香港上市股本證券		107,465	126,882
Unlisted convertible notes	非上市可换股票據	(a)	19,785	19,511
Unlisted debt securities	非上市債務證券	(b)	85,740	305,388
Unlisted investment funds	非上市投資基金	(e)	40,225	40,225
			253,215	492,006
Mandatory FVOCI:	強制按公允值計入 其他全面收益:			
Debt securities	債務證券	(c)		
– Quoted in Hong Kong	- 於香港上市		153,620	173,647
- Quoted overseas	- 於海外上市		95,207	72,495
- Unlisted overseas	- 於海外非上市		6,203	6,288
			255,030	252,430
Designated FVOCI:	指定按公允值計入 其他全面收益:			
Equity securities	股本證券			
- Unlisted shares	一 非上市股份	(d)	-	70,672
			508,245	815,108
Analysed as:	分析:			
Current	流動		247,740	232,684
Non-current	非流動		260,505	582,424
	/1 1/16-74		200,000	
			508,245	815,108

Notes:

(a) The Group held unlisted convertible notes with principal amount of HK\$19,500,000 at 31 March 2020 (2019: HK\$19,500,000) which were issued by Hong Kong listed companies, bear fixed interest of 12% (2019: 8%) per annum and will be due in May 2020 (2019: due in June 2019) (subject to early redemption). The fair value of the unlisted convertible notes amounted to approximately HK\$19,785,000 at 31 March 2020 (2019: HK\$19,511,000).

附註:

 (a) 本集團持有由香港上市公司發行而 於二零二零年三月三十一日之本金 額為19,500,000港元(二零一九年: 19,500,000港元)之非上市可換股票 據。有關可換股票據按固定年利率12 厘(二零一九年:8厘)計息,並將於二 零二零年五月到期(二零一九年:於二 零一九年六月到期)(可予提前贖回)。 非上市可換股票據於二零二零年三月 三十一日之公允值為約19,785,000港 元(二零一九年:19,511,000港元)。

截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度 Year ended 31 March 2020

綜合財務報表附註

26. INVESTMENTS IN SECURITIES – continued

Notes - continued:

(a) - continued

The Group is entitled to convert the whole or any part(s) of the principal amount into ordinary shares of relevant issuers at a price determined with reference to the terms and conditions of the unlisted convertible notes.

The fair values of the unlisted convertible notes at 31 March 2020 and 2019 were estimated by RHL, an independent firm of professional valuers not connected with the Group.

(b) At 31 March 2020, the Group held one (2019: one) redeemable bond with principal amount of HK\$85,800,000 (2019: HK\$300,000,000) which was issued by a listed company and bears fixed interest of 10% per annum (2019: 8% to 10% per annum). The redeemable bond was issued on 3 February 2020 and will be due in August 2021 (2019: issued on 16 December 2016 and will be due in December 2020) (subject to early redemption). During the year ended 31 March 2020, redeemable bond with principal amount of HK\$300,000,000 has been early redeemed by the issuer. Net loss on redemption of unlisted debt securities of HK\$5,388,000 was recognised and included in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income during the year.

The fair value of the redeemable bonds at 31 March 2020 and 2019 were estimated by RHL, an independent firm of professional valuers not connected with the Group.

(c) The Group held quoted debt securities with principal amount of HK\$251,438,000 at 31 March 2020 (2019: HK\$214,300,000) which bear interest of 4.55% to 11.50% (2019: 2.68% to 9.125%) per annum and will be due in 2020 to 2026 (2019: due in 2019 to 2025). The Group also held quoted perpetual debts with principal amount of approximately HK\$21,005,000 (2019: HK\$35,522,000) at 31 March 2020 which bear interest of 5.9% to 7% per annum (2019: 5.9% to 7% per annum). The fair value of these quoted debt securities amounted to HK\$248,827,000 (2019: HK\$246,142,000).

26. 證券投資 - 續

附註: - 續

(a) - 續

本集團可按參考非上市可換股票據之 條款及條件而訂出的價格,將可換股 票據之全部或任何部份本金額轉換為 相關發行人之普通股。

非上市可換股票據於二零二零年及二 零一九年三月三十一日之公允值乃由 與本集團並無關連之獨立專業估值師 行永利行估計。

(b) 於二零二零年三月三十一日,本 集團持有由上市公司發行而本金 額為85,800,000港元(二零一九年: 300,000,000港元) 並按固定年利率10 厘(二零一九年:年利率8厘至10厘)計 息之一項(二零一九年:一項)可贖回 債券。有關可贖回債券乃於二零二零 年二月三日發行並將於二零二一年八 月到期(二零一九年:於二零一六年 十二月十六日發行並將於二零二零年 十二月到期)(可予提前贖回)。於截 至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度, 本金額為300,000,000港元之可贖回債 券已經由發行人提前贖回。贖回金額 為5,388,000港元之非上市債務證券之 虧損淨額已確認並計入年內之綜合損 益及其他全面收益表。

> 可贖回債券於二零二零年及二零一九 年三月三十一日之公允值乃由與本集 團並無關連之獨立專業估值師行永利 行估計。

(c) 本集團持有於二零二零年三月三十一日之本金額為251,438,000港元(二零一九年:214,300,000港元)之上市債務 證券,有關證券按固定年利率4.55厘至11.50厘(二零一九年:年利率2.68厘至9.125厘)計息並將於二零二零年至 二零二六年到期(二零一九年:二零一九年至二零二太年到期)。本集團亦持有於二零二零年三月三十一日之本金額約為21,005,000港元(二零一九年:35,522,000港元)之上市永續債務,其按年利率5.9厘至7厘(二零一九年:5.9厘至7厘)計息。此等上市債務 證券之公允值為248,827,000港元(二零一九年:246,142,000港元)。

截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度 Year ended 31 March 2020

26. INVESTMENTS IN SECURITIES – continued

Notes – continued:

(c) - continued

The fair values of the debt securities at 31 March 2020 and 2019 were estimated with reference to the price quoted by independent brokers.

(d) At 31 March 2019, the Group held 10% interest in the registered capital of London Riverlea One Limited ("Riverlea One"), a company established in England and Wales with limited liability and engaged to purchase and develop a parcel of land in London, the United Kingdom. Total amount invested in Riverlea One up to 31 March 2019 was GBP7,000,000 (equivalent to approximately HK\$70,672,000).

In February 2020, as the investment no longer met the management's investment plan, it was disposed upon the completion of disposal of subsidiaries (note 45).

(e) At 31 March 2020, the Group invested USD5,125,000 (equivalent to approximately HK\$40,225,000) (2019: USD5,125,000 (equivalent to approximately HK\$40,225,000) to hold 13.23% (2019: 13.23%) equity interests in Blue Elixir LLC ("Blue Elixir"), a company incorporated in the Cayman Islands with limited liability and engaged in unlisted equity investment. The fair value of the investment in Blue Elixir at 31 March 2020 and 2019 was estimated with reference to the net assets value of Blue Elixir.

26. 證券投資-續

附註: - 續

(c)-續

債務證券於二零二零年及二零一九年 三月三十一日之公允值是參考獨立經 紀之報價而估計。

(d) 於二零一九年三月三十一日,本集 團持有London Riverlea One Limited (「Riverlea One」)註冊資本中10%權 益,Riverlea One為一間於英格蘭及威 爾斯成立之有限公司,其業務為購買 及開發英國倫敦一幅土地。截至二零 一九年三月三十一日於Riverlea One之 投資總額為7,000,000英鎊(相當於約 70,672,000港元)。

> 於二零二零年二月,因為該投資不再 符合管理層之投資計劃,其已於完成 出售附屬公司後出售(附註45)。

(e) 於二零二零年三月三十一日,本 集團作出5,125,000美元(相當於約 40,225,000港元)(二零一九年: 5,125,000美元(相當於約40,225,000 港元))之投資以持有Blue Elixir LLC (「Blue Elixir」)之13.23%(二零一九 年:13.23%)股權,Blue Elixir是於開 曼群島註冊成立之有限公司,從事非 上市股權投資。於二零二零年及二零 一九年三月三十一日,於Blue Elixir之 投資之公允值乃參考Blue Elixir之資產 淨值而估計。

截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度 Year ended 31 March 2020

27. PREPAYMENTS, DEPOSITS AND OTHER RECEIVABLES

27. 預付款項、按金及其他應收款

咟

		~		
			2020	2019
			二零二零年	二零一九年
			HK\$'000	HK\$'000
			千港元	千港元
Prepayments	預付款項		1,189	1,460
Other deposits	其他按金		30,188	9,431
Other receivables	其他應收款項		25,565	18,977
			56,942	29,868

All balances are expected to be recovered within one year except for deposits of approximately HK\$1,361,000 (2019: HK\$1,790,000).

28. BANK BALANCES – CLIENT ACCOUNTS

The Group receives and holds money deposited by clients and other institutions in the course of the conduct of the regulated activities of its ordinary business. These clients' monies are maintained in one or more segregated bank accounts. The Group has recognised the corresponding accounts payable to respective clients and other institutions (note 30).

29. BANK BALANCES – GENERAL ACCOUNTS AND CASH

The amounts comprise cash held by the Group and short-term bank deposits at market interest rates ranging from 0% to 1.5% (2019: 0% to 1.5%) per annum.

所有結餘為預期於一年內收回,惟約 1,361,000港元(二零一九年:1,790,000 港元)之按金除外。

28. 銀行結餘-客戶賬戶

本集團會為日常業務範圍內進行受監 管活動而收取並持有客戶及其他機構 提供之按金。此等客戶款項乃存於一 個或多個分立銀行賬戶。本集團已確 認應向有關客戶及其他機構支付之款 項(附註30)。

29. 銀行結餘--般賬戶及現金

有關款項包括本集團持有之現金,以 及按市場利率(年利率介乎0厘至1.5厘 (二零一九年:0厘至1.5厘))計息之短 期銀行存款。

截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度 Year ended 31 March 2020

30. ACCOUNTS PAYABLE

. ACCOUNTS PATABLE	30. 應19 版 坦			
		Notes 附註	2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元	2019 二零一九年 HK\$'000 千港元
Accounts payable arising from the business of dealing in securities: – Cash clients – Margin clients – HKSCC	證券買賣業務中產生之 應付賬項: -現金客戶 -保證金客戶 -香港結算	(a) (b) (a)	105,081 351,749 7,673	119,718 1,041,015 25,586
Accounts payable to clients arising from the business of dealing in futures contracts	期貨合約買賣業務中 產生之應付客戶賬項	(c)	13,972	9,884
			478,475	1,196,203

20 確付距面

No ageing analysis is disclosed as, in the opinion of directors of the Company, the ageing analysis does not give additional value in view of the nature of business.

- (a) The normal settlement terms of accounts payable to cash clients and securities clearing houses are two days after trade date.
- (b) Amounts due to securities margin clients and futures clients are repayable on demand and carry interest at 0.25% (2019: 0.25%) per annum. Included in accounts payable to margin clients arising from the business of dealing in securities are amounts due to directors of the Company, their close family members and a controlling entity of approximately HK\$280,000 (2019: HK\$60,000).
- (c) Accounts payable to clients arising from the business of dealing in futures contracts are margin deposits received from clients for their trading of futures contracts on the Hong Kong Futures Exchange Limited (the "HKFE"). The excesses of the outstanding amounts over the required initial margin deposits stipulated by the HKFE are repayable to clients on demand.

鑑於業務之性質,本公司董事認為賬 齡分析並無額外作用,因此並無披露 賬齡分析。

- (a) 應付現金客戶及證券結算所之賬 項的正常結算期為交易日後兩日。
- (b) 欠證券保證金客戶及期貨客戶款 項須於要求時償還並且按0.25厘 (二零一九年:0.25厘)之年利率 計息。證券買賣業務產生之應付 保證金客戶賬項中,包括應付本 公司董事、彼等之緊密家族成員 及控制的實體款項約280,000港元 (二零一九年:60,000港元)。
- (c) 期貨合約買賣業務中產生之應付 客戶賬項,是指向客戶收取以在 香港期貨交易所有限公司(「期交 所」)買賣期貨合約之保證金按 金。超過期交所規定所需之初步 保證金按金之尚未退還款額,須 於客戶要求時償還。

截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度 Year ended 31 March 2020

綜合財務報表附註

31. AMOUNTS DUE TO NON-CONTROLLING SHAREHOLDERS

The amounts are unsecured, interest-free and repayable on demand.

32. ACCRUED CHARGES AND OTHER PAYABLES

31. 欠非控股股東款項

有關款項為無抵押、免息及須於要求 時償還。

32. 應計費用及其他應付款項

		2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元	2019 二零一九年 HK\$'000 千港元
Accruals Other payables	應計費用 其他應付款項	4,636 3,098	5,154 5,507
		7,734	10,661

33. BANK BORROWINGS

At 31 March 2019, the interest rate of the Group's bank borrowings was Hong Kong Interbank Offered Rate ("HIBOR") plus 1.85% per annum. The loan was fully settled during the year.

At 31 March 2020, the Group had banking facilities totaling HK\$1,083,000,000 (2019: HK\$1,083,000,000). These banking facilities are secured by charges over clients' pledged securities and certain of the Group's properties and by corporate guarantees issued by the Company. Details of the Group's pledged assets are disclosed in note 42 to the consolidated financial statements.

At 31 March 2020, the Group had undrawn amounts under these banking facilities of HK\$1,083,000,000 (2019: HK\$1,033,000,000).

33. 銀行借貸

於二零一九年三月三十一日,本集團 之銀行借貸之利率為香港銀行同業拆 息加每年1.85厘。有關貸款已於年內悉 數結清。

於二零二零年三月三十一日,本集團 取得合共1,083,000,000港元(二零一九 年:1,083,000,000港元)之銀行信貸 額。此等銀行信貸額是以客戶之已抵 押證券及本集團若干物業之押記,以 及本公司發出之公司擔保作為擔保。 本集團已抵押之資產詳情已於綜合財 務報表附註42披露。

於二零二零年三月三十一日,本集團 在此等銀行信貸額中的未提取款額 為1,083,000,000港元(二零一九年: 1,033,000,000港元)。

截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度 Year ended 31 March 2020

34. CONVERTIBLE BONDS ISSUED BY A LISTED SUBSIDIARY

On 1 September 2017 (the "Bond Issue Date"), GNFG issued convertible bonds, with coupon interest rate of 2% per annum, in the principal amount of HK\$525,000,000 ("GNFG CB"), to independent third parties. The coupon interest is accrued at the outstanding principal amount of GNFG CB and shall only be payable by GNFG to the bondholders once every six months from the Bond Issue Date if GNFG CB are neither converted during the conversion period nor redeemed prior to 1 September 2019 (the "Bond Maturity Date"). GNFG CB can be converted into maximum 500,000,000 ordinary shares of GNFG at a conversion price of HK\$1.05 per share. The conversion period commenced from the Bond Issue Date up to and including the date falling on the seventh day immediately prior to the Bond Maturity Date.

At initial recognition, GNFG CB were separated into a liability component and an equity component representing the conversion options of the bondholders which is reported as potential non-controlling interests. The fair value of the liability component and the value of the equity conversion component were determined at the Bond Issue Date. The fair value of the liability component was calculated using a market interest rate of 5.94% per annum for instruments without a conversion option of comparable credit status which is referenced to professional valuation conducted by an independent professionally qualified valuer. The residual amount, representing the value of the equity conversion component, has been reported as potential non-controlling interests.

34. 一間上市附屬公司發行之可換 股債券

於二零一七年九月一日(「債券發行 日」),結好金融向獨立承配人發行本 金額為525,000,000港元之2厘票息可 換股債券(「結好金融可換股債券」)。 票息利率按結好金融可換股債券未償 還本金額累計,倘結好金融可換股債 券於換股期內未獲轉換或於二零一九 年九月一日之前未獲贖回(「債券到 期日」),則僅由債券發行日起計每六 個月由結好金融向債券持有人支付。 結好金融可換股債券可按換股價每股 1.05港元轉換為最高500,000,000股結 好金融普通股。換股期由債券發行日 開始,直至及包括緊接債券到期日前 第七日當日止期間。

於初步確認時,結好金融可換股債券 分為負債部分及權益部分,代表債券 持有人之換股權,以潛在非控股權益 呈報。負債部分之公允值及權益轉換 部分之價值於債券發行日釐定。有關 沒有可比信貸狀況之換股權之工具, 其負債部分之公允值利用市場年利率 5.94%計算,乃參考由獨立專業合資格 估值師進行之專業估值得出。餘額(代 表權益轉換部分之價值)以潛在非控股 權益呈報。

34. CONVERTIBLE BONDS ISSUED BY A LISTED SUBSIDIARY – continued

As the fair value of GNFG CB was determined using valuation models for which involved unobservable inputs, the day-one loss, which represented difference between the nominal value and the fair value of GNFG CB at the Bond Issue Date, was not recognised in profit or loss immediately but was deferred.

The carrying value of the liability component and the equity conversion component of GNFG CB is net of the deferred day-one loss which is allocated to the liability component and potential non-controlling interests on the same allocation basis of the allocation of the fair value of GNFG CB. The deferred day-one loss in the liability components is amortised over the term of GNFG CB on the basis similar with the effective interest method and included in "Interest on convertible bonds" in profit or loss and the deferred day-one loss in the potential non-controlling interests will be accounted for in the same basis as the equity conversion component.

The effective interest rate of the liability component of GNFG CB on initial recognition, which excluded the impact of the deferred day-one loss, is 7.43% per annum and is subsequently carried at amortised cost.

截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度 Year ended 31 March 2020

34. 一間上市附屬公司發行之可換 股債券一續

結好金融可換股債券之公允值乃使用 涉及無法觀察輸入數據之估值模型釐 定,首日虧損(即結好金融可換股債 券面值及於債券發行日之公允值之差 額),並無於即時損益確認,惟予以遞 延。

結好金融可換股債券負債部分及權益 轉換部分之賬面值乃扣除遞延首日虧 損,乃按與結好金融可換股債券公允 值分配相同之分配基準分配至負債部 分及潛在非控股權益。於負債部分之 遞延首日虧損以與實際利率法類似之 難於結好金融可換股債券年期內攤 銷,並於損益中「可換股債券之利息」 入賬,而於潛在非控股權益之遞延首 日虧損將以與權益轉換部分相同之基 準入賬。

於首次確認時,結好金融可換股債券 負債部分之實際年利率(撤除遞延首日 虧損之影響)為7.43%,其後按攤銷成 本列賬。

截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度 Year ended 31 March 2020

34. CONVERTIBLE BONDS ISSUED BY A LISTED SUBSIDIARY - continued

During the year ended 31 March 2019, GNFG CB held by four bondholders of principal amount of HK\$262,500,000 were redeemed by GNFG at the redemption price of HK\$262,500,000. The redemption price was allocated to the liability component and the equity component on the same basis as used in the allocation of the fair value of GNFG CB at initial recognition. At the date of redemption, the difference amounted to approximately HK\$38,867,000 between the redemption price allocated to the liability component and the carrying amount of the liability component was recognised as a loss in profit or loss and the residual amount of the redemption price of approximately HK\$17,811,000 was recognised in potential non-controlling interests. Upon the redemption of GNFG CB, the remaining amount of the potential non-controlling interests attributable to the redeemed GNFG CB of approximately HK\$88,499,000 was transferred to retained profits and non-controlling interests on the basis of their existing equity interests.

During the year ended 31 March 2020, GNFG CB of principal amount of HK\$262,500,000 were matured and fully redeemed by the GNFG at the redemption price of HK\$262,500,000 on maturity date, with no gain or loss recognised in profit or loss. Upon the redemption of GNFG CB, the remaining amount of the convertible bond reserves attributable to the redeemed GNFG CB of approximately HK\$106,309,000 was transferred to retained profits and non-controlling interests on the basis of their existing equity interests. No GNFG CB were converted into ordinary shares of GNFG up to the maturity date.

34. 一間上市附屬公司發行之可換 股債券-續

截至二零一九年三月三十一日止年 度,結好金融以贖回價262,500,000港 元贖回四名債券持有人所持有本金額 為262,500,000港元的結好金融可换股 債券。贖回價按初步確認時結好金融 可换股債券公允值分配所用的相同基 準分配至負債部分及權益部分。於贖 回日期,分配至負債部分的贖回價與 負債部分的賬面值約38,867,000港元之 間的差額於損益中確認為虧損,而贖 回價的剩餘金額約17,811,000港元在潛 在非控股權益中確認。於贖回結好金 融可换股債券後,已贖回結好金融可 換股債券應佔之潛在非控股權益餘額 約88,499,000港元已轉移至保留溢利及 現有非控股權益(以其現有股本權益為 基準)。

截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年 度,本金額為262,500,000港元的結好 金融可换股債券已到期並已由結好金 融於到期日按262,500,000港元的贖回 價全數贖回而並無於損益確認收益或 虧損。贖回結好金融可換股債券後, 已贖回的結好金融可換股債券應佔的 可换股債券儲備餘額約106,309,000港 元已按相關的現有股權基準轉移至保 留溢利及非控股權益。截至到期日, 概無結好金融可換股債券轉換為結好 金融普通股。

截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度 Year ended 31 March 2020

34. CONVERTIBLE BONDS ISSUED BY A LISTED SUBSIDIARY – continued

34. 一間上市附屬公司發行之可換 股債券 - 續

GNFG CB recognised at the end of the reporting period are calculated as follows:

於報告期末確認之結好金融可換股債 券計算如下:

		Deferred		
		Gross	day-one	Net
		Amount	loss	Amount
			遞延首日虧損	淨額
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元
Liability component	負債部分			
At 1 April 2018	於二零一八年四月一日	483,865	(133,025)	350,840
Interest expenses for the year:	年內利息開支:			
Imputed interest expenses	估算利息開支	31,934	_	31,934
Amortisation of deferred day-one loss		-	64,741	64,741
		31,934	64,741	96,675
	二 4 / 田 刘 亜 白			(0.1(0)
Coupon interest paid / accrued	已付/累計票息	(8,169)		(8,169)
Redemption of GNFG CB	贖回結好金融可換股債券	(250,837)	45,015	(205,822)
		(259,006)	45,015	(213,991)
At 31 March 2019 and	於二零一九年三月三十一日			
1 April 2019	及二零一九年四月一日	256,793	(23,269)	233,524
Interest expenses for the year:	年內利息開支:			
Imputed interest expenses	估算利息開支	7,909	-	7,909
Amortisation of deferred day-one loss	遞延首日虧損攤銷		23,269	23,269
		7,909	23,269	31,178
Coupon interest paid / accrued	已付/累計票息	(2,202)	_	(2,202)
Redemption of GNFG CB	於到期時贖回結好金融	(_)_ (=)		(=,= 3 =)
upon maturity	可换股債券	(262,500)	-	(262,500)
		(264,702)		(264,702)
At 31 March 2020	於二零二零年三月三十一日		_	

截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度 Year ended 31 March 2020

34. CONVERTIBLE BONDS ISSUED BY A LISTED SUBSIDIARY – continued

34. 一間上市附屬公司發行之可換 股債券 - 續

		Deferred	
	Gross	day-one	Net
	Amount 總額	loss 遞延首日虧損	Amount 淨額
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
	千港元	千港元	千港元
潛在非控股權益			
於二零一八年四月一月	336,346	(123,727)	212,619
贖回結好金融可換股債券	(168,173)	61,863	(106,310)
於二零一九年三月三十一日			
及二零一九年四月一日	168,173	(61,864)	106,309
於到期時贖回結好金融			
可换股債券	(168,173)	61,864	(106,309)
於二零二零年三月三十一日	-	_	-
	於二零一八年四月一月 贖回結好金融可換股債券 於二零一九年三月三十一日 及二零一九年四月一日 於到期時贖回結好金融 可换股債券	Amount 總額 HK\$'000 千港元 潛在非控股權益 於二零一八年四月一月 336,346 贖回結好金融可換股債券 (168,173) 於二零一九年三月三十一日 168,173 於二零一九年四月一日 168,173 於到期時贖回結好金融 168,173 可換股債券 (168,173)	Grossday-oneAmountloss總額遞延首日虧損HK\$'000HK\$'000千港元千港元潜在非控股權益於二零一八年四月一月336,346(123,727)贖回結好金融可換股債券(168,173)61,863於二零一九年三月三十一日及二零一九年四月一日九9期時贖回結好金融可換股債券(168,173)61,864

截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度 Year ended 31 March 2020

35. DEFERRED TAXATION

The following are the deferred tax (assets) liabilities recognised and the movements thereon during the years ended 31 March 2020 and 2019.

35. 遞延税項

以下為截至二零二零年及二零一九年 三月三十一日止年度已確認之遞延税 項(資產)負債以及其變動:

		Decelerated tax depreciation 加速	Revaluation of properties	Revaluation of Mandatory FVOCI 重估強制 按公允值計入	Revaluation of Designated FVOCI 指定按公允值 計入其他全面	Collective impairment on loans and advances 貸款及墊款	Total
		税項折舊 HK\$'000	重估物業 HK\$'000	其他全面收益 HK\$'000	收益之重估 HK\$'000	之集體減值 HK\$'000	合計 HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
At 1 April 2018	於二零一八年四月一日	(404)	6,833	(698)	-	(5)	5,726
Charge to profit or loss for the year (note 15)	扣除本年度損益 (附註15)	133	_	_	_	_	133
Charge (credit) to other comprehensive	扣除(計入)本年度		(55	(72)	(1.00/)		((10)
income for the year	其他全面收益	-	457	(72)	(1,004)	-	(619)
At 31 March 2019	於二零一九年三月三十一日	(271)	7,290	(770)	(1,004)	(5)	5,240
Disposal of subsidiaries (note 45) Charge to profit or loss for the year	出售附屬公司(附註45) 扣除本年度損益(附註15)	-	-	-	686	-	686
(note 15)	1.14.1 1 1 2 4 0 4 mm (14 18 - 27)	95	-	-	-	-	95
Charge (credit) to other comprehensive	扣除(計入)本年度		10/				(2.(74)
income for the year	其他全面收益	-	184	(3,153)	318	-	(2,651)
At 31 March 2020	於二零二零年三月三十一日	(176)	7,474	(3,923)	-	(5)	3,370

At the end of the reporting period, the Group had estimated unutilised tax losses of approximately HK\$105,746,000 (2019: HK\$111,023,000) available to offset against future profits. The tax losses have not been recognised due to uncertainty of future profit streams and may be carried forward indefinitely. 於報告期末,本集團有約105,746,000 港元(二零一九年:111,023,000港元) 之估計未動用税項虧損可用以抵銷未 來溢利。由於未能肯定將來的盈利來 源,因此並無確認税項虧損,有關虧 損可無限期結轉。

截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度 Year ended 31 March 2020

35. DEFERRED TAXATION - continued

35. 遞延税項-續

The following is the analysis of the deferred tax (assets) liabilities for financial reporting purposes:

遞延税項(資產)負債就財務報告而言 分析如下:

		Assets 資產			
		2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元	2019 二零一九年 HK\$'000 千港元	2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元	2019 二零一九年 HK\$'000 千港元
Decelerated tax depreciation Revaluation Collective impairment on loans and advances	遞延税項折舊 重估 貸款及墊款之 集體減值	(522) (3,923) (5)	(522) - (744)	346 7,474 –	608 5,159 739
Deferred tax (assets) liabilities	遞延税項(資產) 負債	(4,450)	(1,266)	7,820	6,506

At 31 March 2020 and 2019, no deferred tax has been recognised for withholding taxes that would be payable on the unremitted earnings of the Group's subsidiary, Great China Company Limited ("Great China") established in Macau. In the opinion of the directors, it is probable that any undistributed profits are expected to be retained in Great China and not to be remitted out of Great China in the foreseeable future. No estimated withholding tax effects on the distribution of retained profits of Great China for the years ended 31 March 2020 and 2019 were recognised.

於二零二零年及二零一九年三月 三十一日,概無就本集團於澳門成立 之附屬公司大中華有限公司(「大中 華」)之未匯出盈利將須支付之預扣税 確認遞延税項。董事認為,預計任何 未分派溢利很可能保留於大中華,並 於可見將來不會匯出大中華。就截至 二零二零年及二零一九年三月三十一 日止年度並無確認分派大中華保留溢 利之估計預扣税影響。

截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度 Year ended 31 March 2020

36. SHARE CAPITAL

	Number	of shares	Amount		
	股份	數目	金額	預	
	2020	2019	2020	2019	
	二零二零年	二零一九年	二零二零年	二零一九年	
	'000	'000 '	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	
	千股	千股	千港元	千港元	
每股面值0.10港元 之普通股					
法定:					
告期末	30,000,000	30,000,000	3,000,000	3,000,000	
已發行及繳足:					
及期末	9,662,706	9,662,706	966,270	966,270	
	之普通股 法定: 於報告期初及 報 告期末 已發行及繳足: 於報告期初	上設行及繳足: 上設行及繳足: 於報告期初の 30,000,000	二零二零年 '000 千股二零一九年 '000 千股每股面值0.10港元 之普通股	上段份數目 金 2020 2019 2020 二零一九年 二零二零年 1000 1000 6股面值0.10港元 千股 千股 千股 法定: 30,000,000 30,000,000 3,000,000 上設新告期初及報 30,000,000 3,000,000 3,000,000	

37. SHARE OPTION SCHEMES

The share option scheme of the Company adopted on 16 May 2002 has expired on 5 June 2012. The Company has adopted a new share option scheme (the "Option Scheme") pursuant to a resolution passed on 24 August 2012. On 20 August 2015, the refreshment of scheme mandate limit (671,021,393 shares) under the Option Scheme was approved by the shareholders of the Company at the annual general meeting by way of an ordinary resolution. The major terms of the Option Scheme are summarised as follows:

(a) The purpose of the Option Scheme is to provide an incentive for eligible participant to work with commitment towards enhancing the value of the Company and the shares for the benefit of the shareholders of the Company and to retain and attract persons whose contribution are or may be beneficial to the growth and development of the Group.

37. 購股權計劃

36. 股本

本公司於二零零二年五月十六日採納 之購股權計劃已於二零一二年六月五 日屆滿。本公司已根據於二零一二年 八月二十四日通過之決議案採納一項 新購股權計劃(「購股權計劃」)。於二 零一五年八月二十日,本公司股東於 股東週年大會上以普通決議案方式批 准更新購股權計劃項下之計劃授權限 額(671,021,393股)。購股權計劃之主 要條款概述如下:

 (a) 購股權計劃旨在鼓勵合資格參與 者努力提升本公司及其股份之價 值以為本公司股東帶來利益,並 藉以挽留及吸引其貢獻對本集團 之增長及發展有利或可能有利之 人士。

截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度 Year ended 31 March 2020

37. SHARE OPTION SCHEMES – continued

- (b) The eligible participants of the Option Scheme include: (a) any executive director, or employee (whether full time or part time) of the Group or any entity in which the Group holding an equity interest ("Invested Entity"); (b) any non-executive director (including independent non-executive directors) of the Group or any Invested Entity; and (c) any such other persons (including but not limited to supplier, customer, consultant, adviser, contractor, business partner or service provider of the Group or any Invested Entity) who in the absolute discretion of the board of directors has contributed or will contribute to the Group.
- (c) The maximum number of shares which may be issued upon exercise of all outstanding share options granted and yet to be exercised under the Option Scheme and any other share option scheme of the Group must not in aggregate exceed 30% of the relevant class of securities of the issued share capital of the Company from time to time.
- (d) The total number of shares which may be issued upon exercise of all share options to be granted under the Option Scheme and any other share option scheme of the Group must not in aggregate exceed the number of shares as shall represent 10% of the total number of shares in issue.

37. 購股權計劃 - 續

- (b) 購股權計劃之合資格參與者包括: (a)本集團或本集團持有其股本權 益之實體(「接受投資實體」)之任 何執行董事或僱員(不論全職或兼 職);(b)本集團或接受投資實體之 任何非執行董事(包括獨立非執行 董事);及(c)董事會按其絕對酌情 權認為已經或將會對本集團作出 貢獻之任何其他人士(包括但不限 於本集團或接受投資實體之供應 商、客戶、顧問、專家顧問、分 包商、業務夥伴或服務供應商)。
- (c)因行使根據購股權計劃及本集團 之任何其他購股權計劃所授出及 尚未行使之所有購股權而可能須 予發行之股份數目上限合計不得 超過本公司不時已發行股本中任 何有關證券類別之30%。
- (d)因行使根據購股權計劃及本集團 之任何其他購股權計劃所授出之 所有購股權而可能須予發行之股 份總數合計不得超過相關於已發 行股份總數10%之股份數目。

截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度 Year ended 31 March 2020

37. SHARE OPTION SCHEMES – continued

- (e) The total number of shares issued and which may fall to be issued upon exercise of the share options granted under the Option Scheme and any other share option scheme of the Group (including both exercised or outstanding options) to each participant in any twelve-month period shall not exceed 1% of the issued share capital of the Company for the time being.
- (f) There is no minimum period required for the holding of a share option before it can be exercised.
- (g) A share option may be exercised at any time during a period to be determined by the directors, the period may commence on a day after the date upon which the offer for the grant of share options is made but shall not be later than ten years from the date of grant of the share option.
- (h) The acceptance of a share option, if accepted, must be made within 5 business days from the date of the offer of grant of the share option.
- (i) The exercise price of a share option must be the higher of:
 - the closing price of the share of the Company as stated in the Stock Exchange's daily quotations on the date of the offer of the grant;
 - (ii) the average closing price of the share of the Company as stated in the Stock Exchange's daily quotations for the five trading days immediately preceding the date of the offer of the grant; and
 - (iii) the nominal value of the share of the Company.
- (j) The Option Scheme will expire on 23 August 2022.

37. 購股權計劃 - 續

- (e) 於任何12個月期間因行使根據購 股權計劃及本集團任何其他購股 權計劃所授出之購股權,而已向 各參與者發行及可能須向各參與 者發行之股份總數(同時包括已行 使或尚未行使購股權兩者),不得 超過本公司當時已發行股本之1%。
- (f) 購股權計劃並無規定在行使前需 要持有購股權之最短期限。
- (g) 購股權可於董事會釐定之期間內 隨時行使,該期間須由提出授予 購股權建議日期之翌日起計,至 授出購股權日期後十年內屆滿。
- (h) 參與者如接納購股權,則須於提 出授予購股權建議日期起計五個 營業日內接納購股權。
- (i) 購股權之行使價須為下列三者中 之最高者:
 - (i) 提出授予購股權建議日期在 聯交所之每日報價表所示之 本公司股份收市價;
 - (ii) 緊接提出授予購股權建議日 期前五個交易日在聯交所之 每日報價表所示之本公司股 份平均收市價;及
 - (iii) 本公司股份面值。
- (j) 購股權計劃將於二零二二年八月 二十三日期滿。

截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度 Year ended 31 March 2020

37. SHARE OPTION SCHEMES – continued

On 16 January 2019, options to subscribe 289,800,000 ordinary shares were granted to 3 eligible participants other than employees under the Option Scheme at an exercise price HK\$0.26 per share. The validity period of the share options is two years from the date of grant (i.e. from 16 January 2019 to 15 January 2021). The share options vest immediately as the eligible participants are not required to complete a specified period of service before becoming unconditionally entitled to those equity instruments. The Company recognised the services provided in full at the date of grant.

On 21 August 2019, the refreshment of scheme mandate limit under the Option Scheme was approved by the shareholders of the Company at the annual general meeting by way of an ordinary resolution. The Company is thus entitled to issue a maximum of 966,270,593 shares upon exercise of the share options to be granted under the refreshed scheme mandate limit, representing 10% of the issued shares as at the date of the annual general meeting held on 21 August 2019.

No share options were exercised during the years ended 31 March 2020 and 2019.

37. 購股權計劃 - 續

於二零一九年一月十六日,可認購 289,800,000股普通股的購股權已根據 購股權計劃向3名並非僱員的合資格參 與者授出,行使價為每股0.26港元。該 等購股權的有效期為自授出日期起兩 年(即二零一九年一月十六日至二零 二一年一月十五日)。由於合資格參與 者無須在無條件享有該等股本工具之 前完成指定的服務期,因此購股權即 時歸屬。本公司於授出日期悉數確認 獲提供的服務。

於二零一九年八月二十一日,更新購 股權計劃之計劃授權限額一事已於股 東週年大會上獲本公司股東通過普通 決議案而批准。因此,本公司可於根 據經更新計劃授權限額授出之購股 權獲行使時發行最多966,270,593股股 份,相當於二零一九年八月二十一日 舉行股東週年大會當日已發行股份之 10%。

截至二零二零年及二零一九年三月 三十一日止年度內並無購股權獲行使。

截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度 Year ended 31 March 2020

37. SHARE OPTION SCHEMES – continued

Details of the movements of Share Options granted to subscribe for the Shares are as follows:

Year ended 31 March 2020

截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度

授出認購股份的購股權變動詳情如下:

37. 購股權計劃-續

		Number of shares issuable under the Share Options 根據購股權可發行的股份數目			18	
Category		At 1 April 2019	Granted during the year	Exercised during the year	Lapsed during the year	2020
類別		於 二零一九年 四月一日	年內授出	年內行使	年內失效	於 二零二零年三 月三十一日 尚未行使
Non-employee eligible participants	非僱員之合資格參與者	289,800,000	-	-	-	289,800,000
Weighted average exercise price per share (HK\$)	每股加權平均行使價(港元)	0.26	-	-	-	0.26

Year ended 31 March 2019

截至二零一九年三月三十一日止年度

		Number of shares issuable under the Share Options 根據購股權可發行的股份數目				
		At 1 April	Granted during the	Exercised during the	Lapsed during the	Outstanding at 31 March
Category		2018	year	year	year	2019 於
類別		於 二零一八年 四月一日	年內授出	年內行使	年內失效	二零一九年 三月三十一日 尚未行使
Non-employee eligible participants	非僱員之合資格參與者	-	289,800,000	-	-	289,800,000
Weighted average exercise price per share (HK\$)	每股加權平均行使價(港元)	-	0.26	-	-	0.26

16 January 2019

截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度 Year ended 31 March 2020

Grant date

37. SHARE OPTION SCHEMES – continued

During the year ended 31 March 2019, with reference to the fair value of the share options, the Group recognised approximately HK\$8,776,000 as the equity-settled share based payment expenses.

The fair value of share options on the date of the grant is estimated by using the Binomial Model with the following parameters:

	10 January 2019
Weighted average stock	HK\$0.255
price on grant date	
Exercise price	HK\$0.26
Risk-free rate	1.693%
Expected option period	16 January 2019 to
	15 January 2021

Expected volatility*	33.89%
Expected dividend yield	7.84%

* The expected volatility is based on statistical analysis of daily share prices annualised for one year immediately preceding the grant date.

37. 購股權計劃 - 續

截至二零一九年三月三十一日止年 度,參考購股權的公允值,本集團確 認約8,776,000港元作為以權益結算的 以股份支付開支。

通過使用以下二項式模型的參數估計 購股權於授出日期的的公允值:

授出日期	二零一九年
	一月十六日
於授出日期之	0.255港元
加權平均股價	
行使價	0.26港元
無風險利率	1.693%
預計購股權期限	二零一九年
	一月十六日至
	二零二一年
	一月十五日
預期波幅*	33.89%
預期股息率	7.84%

* 預期波動率基於對授出日期前一年的 年度化每日股價的統計分析。

截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度 Year ended 31 March 2020

38. OTHER CASH FLOW INFORMATION

Details of the changes in the Group's liabilities from financing activities are as follows:

Year ended 31 March 2020

38. 其他現金流資料 本集團因融資活動產生之負債之變動 詳情:

截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度

			_	Non-cash changes 非現金變動			
		At 1 April 2019 於	Net cash flows	Interest expense	Interest accrued	At 31 March 2020 於	
		二零一九年 四月一日 HK\$'000 千港元	現金流淨額 HK\$'000 千港元	利息開支 HK\$'000 千港元	累計利息 HK\$'000 千港元	二零二零年 三月三十一日 HK\$'000 千港元	
Bank borrowings Convertible bonds issued by a listed subsidiary	銀行借貸 一間上市附屬公司發行之	50,000	(50,923)	923	-	-	
· · ·	可换股債券	233,524	(265,139)	31,178	437		
Total liabilities from financing activities	融資活動產生之負債總額	283,524	(316,062)	32,101	437	-	

Year ended 31 March 2019

截至二零一九年三月三十一日止年度

						h changes 金變動		
		At 1 April 2018	Net cash flows	Interest expense	Interest accrued	Loss on redemption of convertible bonds	Transfer to convertible bonds reserve	At 3 1 March 2019 於
		於 二零一八年 四月一日 HK\$'000 千港元	現金流 淨額 HK\$'000 千港元	利息開支 HK\$'000 千港元	累計利息 HK\$'000 千港元	贖回可換股 債券之虧損 HK\$'000 千港元	轉移至可換 股債券儲備 HK\$'000 千港元	二零一九年 三月 三十一日 HK\$'000 千港元
Bank borrowings Convertible bonds issued by a listed subsidiary	銀行借貸 一間上市附屬公司 發行之可換股債券	60,000 350,840	(10,549) (270,232)	549 96,675	- (437)	- 38,867	- 17,811	50,000 233,524
Total liabilities from financing activities	發12.5 時級員分 融資活動產生之 負債總額	410,840	(280,781)	97,224	(437)	38,867	17,811	233,524

Bank borrowings and convertible bonds issued by a listed subsidiary are disclosed in notes 33 and 34 to the consolidated financial statements respectively.

有關銀行借貸及一間上市附屬公司發 行之可換股債券之詳情分別載於綜合 財務報表附註33及34。

截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度 Year ended 31 March 2020

39. RETIREMENT BENEFIT SCHEMES

The Group has joined a pension scheme under the rules and regulations of the Mandatory Provident Fund Schemes Ordinance (the "MPF Scheme") for all qualifying employees in Hong Kong. The assets of the MPF Scheme are held separately in an independently managed fund. The Group has followed the minimum statutory contribution requirements of 5% of eligible employees' relevant aggregate income. The contributions, amounting approximately HK\$899,000 (2019: HK\$897,000), are charged to the profit or loss as incurred.

40. COMMITMENTS

(a) Loan commitments as lender

The Group had the following loan commitments, which was the unutilised part of the revolving facility at the end of reporting period:

39. 退休福利計劃

本集團已根據強制性公積金計劃條例 之規則及規例為香港所有合資格僱員 參與退休福利計劃(「強積金計劃」)。 強積金計劃之資產由一個獨立管理基 金所持有。本集團已根據最低法定供 款規定,即合資格僱員每月有關總入 息之5%供款。為數約899,000港元(二 零一九年:897,000港元)之供款已於產 生時在損益扣除。

40.承擔

(a) 貸款承擔一作為貸款人 本集團於報告期末有以下貸款承 擔,乃部分未動用循環融資:

		2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元	2019 二零一九年 HK\$'000 千港元
Within one year	一年內	_	130,000

(b) Capital commitments

(b) 資本承擔

		2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元	2019 二零一九年 HK\$'000 千港元
Capital expenditure contracted but not provided for in the consolidated financial statements in respect of:	有關以下項目之已訂約 但於綜合財務報表中 未撥備之資本開支:		
Acquisition of a subsidiary (Note)	收購一間附屬公司(附註)	56,638	-
Addition to investment properties	添置投資物業	8,327	23,071
		64,965	23,071

截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度 Year ended 31 March 2020

40. COMMITMENTS - continued

(b) Capital commitments – continued

Note:

On 13 January 2020, King Joy Asia Limited ("King Joy"), a wholly owned subsidiary of the Company, entered into a conditional sale and purchase agreement with Mr. Hung Hon Shing, the father of Mr. Hung Sui Kwan, an executive director of GNFG, and the elder brother of Mr. Hung Hon Man, an executive director of the Company, in relation to acquire the entire issued share capital of Red Eagle Securities Limited ("Red Eagle") at a cash consideration of approximately HK\$62,838,000 (subject to adjustment). Red Eagle is licensed corporation under the Hong Kong Securities and Futures Ordinance with regulated activity under Type 1 Dealing in Securities and is a participant of the Stock Exchange. The principal activity of Red Eagle is provision of securities brokerage services. Details of the transaction are set out in the Company's announcement dated 13 January 2020.

At 31 March 2020, a deposit of HK\$6,200,000 had been paid and was reported as "Deposit paid for acquisition of a subsidiary". Upon completion of the transaction, Red Eagle will become a wholly owned subsidiary of the Company. Up to the date of approving these consolidated financial statements, the transaction is not yet completed and subject to the approval from SFC.

40.承擔-續

(b) 資本承擔-續 附註:

於二零二零年一月十三日,本公司之 全資附屬公司君悦亞洲有限公司(「君 悦」)與洪漢城先生(為結好金融執行 董事洪漢文先生之兄)訂立有條件 買賣協議,內容有關以現金代價約 62,838,000港元(可予調整)收購漢英 證券有限公司(「漢英」)全部已發行股 持牌法團,可從事第1類(證券交易) 受規管活動,並為聯交所之參與者。 漢英的主要業務是提供證券經紀服 務。交易詳情載於本公司日期為二零 二零年一月十三日的公佈。

於二零二零年三月三十一日,已支付 按金6,200,000港元並列報為「收購一 間附屬公司之已付按金」。交易完成 後,漢英將成為本公司的全資附屬公 司。截至批准本綜合財務報表日期, 該交易仍未完成並須待證監會批准。

截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度 Year ended 31 March 2020

41. LEASES

The Group leases berth and staff quarters for its daily operations which are short-term leases and low value assets leases with lease terms ranging from 1 month to 2 years. Certain leases provide the Group with an option to terminate the leases after expiration of the first year with 2 months' notice.

The Group has recognised the following amounts for the year:

41.租賃

本集團為日常營運租用泊位及員工宿 舍,有關租賃為短期租賃及低值資產 租賃而租賃期由一個月至兩年不等。 若干租賃讓本集團可選擇於首年屆滿 後提前兩個月通知終止租賃。

本集團已於年內確認以下金額:

		2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元	2019 二零一九年 HK\$'000 千港元
Lease payments:	租賃付款:		
Short-term leases	短期租賃	1,160	-
Leases of low value assets	低價值資產租賃	282	-
Operating lease payments	經營租賃付款	-	1,693
Expenses recognised in profit or loss	在損益中確認的開支	1,442	1,693
Total cash outflow for leases	租賃的現金流出總額	1,442	1,693

Commitments under leases

At 31 March 2020, the Group was committed to approximately HK\$74,000 and HK\$513,000 for short-term leases and leases of low value assets respectively.

At 31 March 2019, the Group had total future minimum lease payments under non-cancellable operating leases, which are payable as follows:

租賃承擔

於二零二零年三月三十一日,本集團 有關短期租賃及低價值資產租賃的承 擔分別約為74,000港元及513,000港元。

於二零一九年三月三十一日,本集團 根據不可撤銷經營租賃的未來最低租 賃付款總額之付款如下:

HK\$'000
千港元

Within one year	一年內	371

截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度 Year ended 31 March 2020

綜合財務報表附註

42. PLEDGE OF ASSETS

42. 資產抵押

Assets with the following carrying amounts have been pledged to secure banking facilities granted to the Group:

以下賬面值之資產已經抵押,作為本 集團獲授銀行信貸額之抵押:

		2020 二零二零年 HK\$ [*] 000 千港元	2019 二零一九年 HK\$'000 千港元
Hong Kong Leasehold land	香港 租賃土地	66,583	69,024
Buildings	樓宇	36,190	36,430
		102,773	105,454

In addition, the Group's banking facilities are also secured by charges over clients' pledged securities of fair value of approximately HK\$554,854,000 (2019: HK\$484,182,000) at 31 March 2020 and corporate guarantees issued by the Company.

43. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

In addition to the transactions / information disclosed elsewhere in these consolidated financial statements, during the year, the Group had the following transactions with related parties: 此外,於二零二零年三月三十一日, 本集團之銀行信貸額亦由公允值約 為554,854,000港元(二零一九年: 484,182,000港元)之客戶已抵押證券以 及本公司發出的公司擔保作抵押。

43. 關連人士交易

除綜合財務報表其他部份所披露之交 易/資料外,本集團於年內進行以下 關連人士交易:

(a)	Transactions	(a) 交易		
	Name of related party 關連人士姓名/名稱	Nature of transaction 交易性質		2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元	2019 二零一九年 HK\$'000 千港元
	Messrs. Hung Hon Man, Cham Wai Ho Anthony, Kam Leung Ming, Hung Sui Kwan, Shum Kin Wai Frankie, Cheng Wai Ho, Ng Hon Sau Larry, their close family members and	Brokerage commission income (note i)		915	2,971
	controlling entities 洪漢文先生、湛威豪先生、 甘亮明先生、洪瑞坤先生、 岑建偉先生、鄭偉浩先生、 吳翰綬先生、彼等之緊密家族成員 以及控制實體	經紀佣金收入(附註i)			

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43. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

42. 關連人士交易 - 續

(a) 交易-續

– continued

(a) Transactions – continued

Name of related party 關連人士姓名/名稱	Nature of transaction 交易性質	2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元	2019 二零一九年 HK\$'000 千港元
Messrs. Hung Hon Man, Kam Leung Ming, Hung Sui Kwan, Shum Kin Wai Frankie, Cheng Wai Ho, Ng Hon Sau Larry, their close family members and controlling entities	Interest income (note ii)	15,827	9,909
洪漢文先生、甘亮明先生、 洪瑞坤先生、岑建偉先生、 鄭偉浩先生、吳翰綬先生、彼等之 緊密家族成員以及控制實體	利息收入(附註ii)		
Mr. Hung Hon Man's associate 洪漢文先生之聯繫人士	Rental income (note iii) 租金收入 (附註iii)	650	504

Notes:

- (i) Commission was charged at 0.1% to 0.25% (2019: 0.1% to 0.25%) on the total value of transactions.
- (ii) Interest was charged at 7.236% to 9.252% per annum (2019: 7.236% to 9.252% per annum) on the outstanding balances of margin loans.
- (iii) Monthly rental fee was charged at a range of HK\$42,000 to HK\$65,000 during the year ended 31 March 2020 (2019: HK\$42,000).

附註:

- (i) 佣金均按交易總值之0.1%至
 0.25% (二零一九年:0.1%至
 0.25%)收取。
- (ii) 利息均按每年7.236%至9.252%
 (二零一九年:7.236%至9.252%)
 之利率及保證金貸款之未償還結
 餘收取。
- (iii) 截至二零二零年三月三十一日止
 年度內每月收取之租金為42,000
 港元至65,000港元(二零一九年:
 42,000港元)。

截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度 Year ended 31 March 2020

43. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS – continued

(b) Remuneration to key management personnel

43. 關連人士交易 - 續

(b) 主要管理人員之薪酬

- The remuneration of members of key management, other than directors as disclosed in note 14 to the consolidated financial statements, was as follows:
- 除綜合財務報表附註14所披露之 董事外,其他主要管理人員之薪 酬如下:

		2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元	2019 二零一九年 HK\$'000 千港元
Salaries and other benefits	薪金及其他福利	4,584	6,031
Retirement benefit scheme contributions	退休福利計劃供款	118	119
		4,702	6,150

The remuneration of directors and other key management personnel is determined by the performance of individuals and market trends.

44. ACQUISITION OF SUBSIDIARIES

In June 2019, Mega Trillion Group Limited, a wholly owned subsidiary of the Company, acquired 100% equity interest of Pearl King Holdings Limited ("Pearl King"), at a cash consideration of approximately HK\$34,860,000 from an independent third party (the "Vendor"). Under the deed of assignment, the Vendor has also assigned and transferred a loan due from Pearl King amounting to approximately HK\$12,594,000 to the Group. The principal activity of Pearl King is property holding. The acquisition was completed in June 2019. Upon completion of the transaction, Pearl King had become a wholly owned subsidiary of the Group.

In June 2019, Smart Best Asia Corporation, a wholly owned subsidiary of the Company, acquired 100% equity interest of Super Times Overseas Limited ("Super Times"), at a cash consideration of HK\$34,832,000 from the Vendor. Under the deed of assignment, the Vendor has also assigned and transferred a loan due from Super Times amounting to HK\$12,820,000 to the Group. The principal activity of Super Times is property holding. The acquisition was completed in June 2019. Upon completion of the transaction, Super Times had become a wholly owned subsidiary of the Group. 董事及其他主要管理人員之薪酬 是按個人表現及市場趨勢釐定。

44. 收購附屬公司

於二零一九年六月,本公司全資附 屬公司Mega Trillion Group Limited以 約34,860,000港元之現金代價向一名 獨立第三方(「賣方」)收購Pearl King Holdings Limited(「Pearl King」)之 100%股權。根據轉讓契約,賣方亦已 向本集團轉移及轉讓應收Pearl King約 12,594,000港元貸款。Pearl King的主要 業務為物業控股。收購事項已於二零 一九年六月完成。交易完成後,Pearl King已成為本集團的全資附屬公司。

於二零一九年六月,本公司全資附 屬公司Smart Best Asia Corporation以 34,832,000港元之現金代價向賣方收 購Super Times Overseas Limited (「Super Times」)之100%股權。根據轉讓契 約,賣方亦已向本集團轉移及轉讓應 收Super Times的12,820,000港元貸款。 Super Times的主要業務為物業控股。 收購事項已於二零一九年六月完成。 交易完成後,Super Times已成為本集 團的全資附屬公司。

截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度 Year ended 31 March 2020

44. ACQUISITION OF SUBSIDIARIES – continued

In the opinion of the directors, these acquisitions did not constitute business combination as defined in HKFRS 3 (Revised) "Business Combinations". Therefore, the acquisitions have been accounted for as acquisition of assets during the year ended 31 March 2020.

The following summarises the consideration paid and the amounts of the assets acquired at the date of acquisition:

44. 收購附屬公司-續

董事認為,該等收購事項並不構成香 港財務報告準則第3號(經修訂)「業務 合併」所界定的業務合併。因此,有 關收購事項已於截至二零二零年三月 三十一日止年度內作為資產收購入賬。

以下概列已付代價以及所收購資產於 收購日期之金額:

				總計
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元
Consideration	代價			
Cash	現金	34,860	34,832	69,692
Recognised amounts of	所收購已識別資產之			
identifiable assets acquired	已確認金額			
Investment properties (note 19)	投資物業(附註19)	35,000	35,000	70,000
Prepayment, deposits	預付款項、按金及			
and other receivables	其他應收款項	17	18	35
Accruals and other payables	應計費用及其他應付款項	(157)	(186)	(343)
Total identifiable net assets	已識別資產淨值總額	34,860	34,832	69,692
Net cash outflow of acquisition of subsidiaries	收購附屬公司之 現金流出淨額			
Consideration	代價	(34,860)	(34,832)	(69,692)

The subsidiaries made no significant contribution to the revenue and results of the Group for the year ended 31 March 2020 after acquisition. The revenue and results of the subsidiaries were also insignificant if the above acquisition had taken place at the beginning of the reporting period.

收購後,附屬公司對本集團截至二零 二零年三月三十一日止年度的收益及 業績並無重大貢獻。倘若上述收購事 項在報告期初已經進行,附屬公司的 收益和業績亦屬甚微。

截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度 Year ended 31 March 2020

45. DISPOSAL OF SUBSIDIARIES

On 25 February 2020, the Group disposed of its 100% interests in Trillion Income Limited ("Trillion Income") at an aggregate consideration of approximately HK\$61,483,000 (the "Disposal") to Mr. Hung Hon Man, an executive director of the Company. The principal activity of Trillion Income is investment holding and holds 60% interest in Trillion Way Limited ("Trillion Way") (together the "Trillion Group"), which in turn holds 10% interest in Riverlea One.

Details of the Disposal have been disclosed in the Company's announcement dated 25 February 2020. The Disposal was completed in February 2020. The aggregate amounts of assets and liabilities attributable to the Trillion Group at the date of disposal were as follows:

45. 出售附屬公司

於二零二零年二月二十五日,本集團 以總代價約61,483,000港元向本公司 執行董事洪漢文先生出售其於Trillion Income Limited (「Trillion Income」)的 100%權益(「出售事項」)。Trillion Income的主要業務為投資控股,並 持有興基有限公司(「興基」)(統稱 「Trillion集團」)60%的權益,而興基則 持有Riverlea One的10%權益。

出售事項的詳情已於本公司日期為二 零二零年二月二十五日的公告中披 露。出售事項已於二零二零年二月完 成。於出售日期,Trillion集團應佔資 產及負債總額如下:

> HK\$'000 千港元

出售的資產淨值	
指定按公允值計入其他全面收益	68,117
遞延税項資產(附註35)	686
銀行結餘-一般賬戶及現金	55
應付非控股股東款項	(10,997)
截至出售日的資產淨值	57,861
取消確認之非控股權益	1,441
出售收益(附註10)	2,181
代價	61,483
出售之現金流入淨額	
已收現金代價	61,483
減:所出售之銀行結餘及現金	(55)
	61,428
	指定按公允值計入其他全面收益 遞延税項資產(附註35) 銀行結餘一一般賬戶及現金 應付非控股股東款項 截至出售日的資產淨值 取消確認之非控股權益 出售收益(附註10) 代價 出售之現金流入淨額 已收現金代價

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46. ACQUISITION OF NON-CONTROLLING INTERESTS IN A SUBSIDIARY

On 21 January 2020, the Group acquired the remaining 49% equity interests of Get Nice Silk Road Investment Limited ("GN Silk Road") at a cash consideration of HK\$170,000. GN Silk Road is incorporated in BVI and its principal activity is investment holding. The acquisition was completed on the same date. Upon completion of the acquisition, GN Silk Road and its subsidiary, Get Nice Asset Management Limited ("GNAM"), (the "GN Silk Road Group") became an indirectly wholly owned subsidiary of the Company.

The carrying amount of the non-controlling interests in the GN Silk Road Group at the date of acquisition was approximately HK\$170,000, which represented proportionate share of carrying amount of net assets of the GN Silk Road Group derecognised with no gain or loss recognised in the retained earnings attributable to equity holders of the Company.

47. STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION OF THE COMPANY

46. 收購一間附屬公司的非控制權 益

於二零二零年一月二十一日,本集團 以現金代價170,000港元收購結好絲 路投資有限公司(「結好絲路」)的其餘 49%股權。結好絲路於英屬處女群島 註冊成立,其主要業務為投資控股。 收購已於同日完成。收購完成後,結 好絲路及其附屬公司結好資產管理有 限公司(「結好資產管理」)(「結好絲路 集團」)成為本公司的間接全資附屬公 司。

於收購日期,結好絲路集團非控股權 益的賬面值約為170,000港元,代表取 消確認按比例應佔結好絲路集團的淨 資產賬面值,而本公司權益持有人應 佔的保留盈利並無確認任何收益或虧 損。

47. 本公司之財務狀況表

		Notes 附註	2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元	2019 二零一九年 HK\$'000 千港元
Non-current assets Property and equipment Unlisted investments in subsidiaries	非流動資產 物業及設備 於附屬公司之 非上市投資	47(a)	37 1,844,473	25 1,844,473
			1,844,510	1,844,498
Current assets Deposits and prepayments Amounts due from subsidiaries Bank balances – general accounts and cash	流動資產 按金及預付款項 應收附屬公司款項 銀行結餘一一般賬戶 及現金		738 2,441,490 433,333	562 2,755,028 7,777
			2,875,561	2,763,367

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綜合財務報表附註

47. STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION OF THE COMPANY – continued

47.本公司之財務狀況表-續

			2020	2019
			二零二零年	二零一九年
		Notes	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		附註	千港元	千港元
Current liabilities	流動負債			
Accrued charges and other payables	應計費用及			
	其他應付款項		1,451	1,820
Amounts due to subsidiaries	應付附屬公司款項		611,912	516,078
			613,363	517,898
Net current assets	流動資產淨值		2,262,198	2,245,469
NET ASSETS	資產淨值		4,106,708	4,089,967
Conital and according	資本及儲備			
Capital and reserves	員本及幅開 股本	36	0((270	0(()7(
Share capital			966,270	966,270
Reserves	儲備	47(b)	3,140,438	3,123,697
TOTAL EQUITY	總權益		4,106,708	4,089,967

(a) Included in unlisted investments in subsidiaries are deemed capital contribution amounting to HK\$60,840,000 (2019: HK\$60,840,000). The capital contribution represents the imputed interest on interest free amounts due from subsidiaries which are not expected to be recovered within 12 months from the end of the reporting period. (a) 於附屬公司之非上市投資包括
 60,840,000港元(二零一九年:
 60,840,000港元)之視作出資。出資代表免息之附屬公司欠款(預期 不會於報告期末起計12個月內收回)之推算利息。

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47. STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION OF THE COMPANY – continued

47. 本公司之財務狀況表 - 續

(b) Movement of the reserves

(b) 儲備變動

		Notes 附註	Share premium 股份溢價 HK\$'000 千港元 (note i) (附註i)	Special reserve 特別儲備 HK\$*000 千港元	Share option reserve 購股權儲備 HK\$'000 千港元	Retained earnings 保留盈利 HK\$'000 千港元	Total 總額 HK\$'000 千港元
At 1 April 2018	於二零一八年 四月一日		2,933,438	194,549	_	10,264	3,138,251
Profit for the year	本年度溢利		-	-	-	169,924	169,924
Transactions with owners: Contributions and distributions – Dividends to owners – Recognition of equity-settled	與擁有人之交易: 出資及分派 一向擁有人 之股息 一確認以權益結算以	16	-	-	-	(193,254)	(193,254)
share-based payment expense	s 股份支付開支	37		-	8,776	-	8,776
			-	-	8,776	(193,254)	(184,478)
At 31 March 2019	於二零一九年 三月三十一日		2,933,438	194,549	8,776	(13,066)	3,123,697
Profit for the year	本年度溢利		-	_	-	185,838	185,838
Transactions with owners: Contributions and distributions – Dividends to owners	與擁有人之交易 : 出資及分派 一向擁有人之股息	16	_	_	_	(169,097)	(169,097)
			-	-	-	16,741	16,741
At 31 March 2020	於二零二零年 三月三十一日		2,933,438	194,549	8,776	3,675	3,140,438
Notes:				附註:			

- As included in the share premium of the Company, the transaction costs of the placing were paid to its subsidiary, Get Nice Securities Limited ("GNS") and would be eliminated in the consolidated financial statements.
- (ii) At 31 March 2020, the reserves of the Company available for distribution to shareholders were approximately HK\$3,131,662,000 (2019: HK\$3,114,921,000) which comprised the share premium, special reserve and retained earnings.
- (i) 由於計入本公司股份溢價,已付其附 屬公司結好證券有限公司(「結好證 券」)之配售交易成本將於綜合財務報 表中對銷。
- (ii) 於二零二零年三月三十一日,本公司之可供分派予股東之儲備約為 3,131,662,000港元(二零一九年: 3,114,921,000港元),包括股份溢價、 特別儲備及保留盈利。

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綜合財務報表附註

48. PARTICULARS OF PRINCIPAL SUBSIDIARIES

48. 主要附屬公司詳情

Particulars of the principal subsidiaries of the Company are as follows:

本公司之主要附屬公司詳情如下:

Name of subsidiary 附屬公司名稱	Issued Issued and fully Proportion of paid share nominal value of issued Place of Class of capital / incorporation shares held registered capital E1冊成立地點 所持股份類別 股本/註冊資本		pital ; /	Principal activities 主要業務				
				二零	020 二零年 Indirectly 間接	20 二零- Directly 直接	一九年	
Get Nice Financial Group Limited	Cayman Islands	Ordinary	HK\$25,000,000	72.99	-	72.99	-	Investment holding
結好金融集團有限公司	開曼群島	普通股	25,000,000港元					投資控股
King Joy Asia Limited	British Virgin Islands ("BVI")	Ordinary	US\$1	-	72.99	-	N/A	Investment holding
君悦亞洲有限公司	英屬處女群島	普通股	1美元				不適用	投資控股
Get Nice Incorporated	BVI 英屬處女群島	Ordinary 普通股	US\$10,000 10,000美元	-	72.99	-	72.99	Investment holding 投資控股
Get Nice Securities Limited 結好證券有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	Ordinary 普通股	HK\$1,660,000,000 (2019: HK\$860,000,000) 1,660,000,000港元 (二零一九年: 860,000,000港元)	-	72.99	-	72.99	Securities dealing and broking and securities margin financing
		Non-voting deferred shares (note a) 無投票權	HK\$40,000,000 40,000,000港元					證券買賣及經紀 業務及證券保 證金融資
		遞延股 (附註a)						
Get Nice Currency Exchange Limited	Hong Kong	Ordinary	HK\$1	-	72.99	-	72.99	Inactive
結好找換有限公司	香港	普通股	1港元					暫無營業

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48. PARTICULARS OF PRINCIPAL SUBSIDIARIES – continued

Name of subsidiary	Place of incorporation	Class of shares held	Issued and fully paid share capital / registered capital 已發行及繳足		nominal val re capital / r held by the 公司持有之	portion of value of issued / registered capital the Company 百之已發行股本/		Principal activities
附屬公司名稱	註冊成立地點	所持股份類別	股本/註冊資本	二零	註冊資本ī 020 二零年 Indirectly 間接	20 二零-	19 一九年 Indirectly 間接	主要業務
Get Nice Capital Limited	Hong Kong	Ordinary	HK\$10,000,000	-	72.99	-	72.99	Corporate finance services
結好融資有限公司	香港	普通股	10,000,000港元					企業融資業務
Get Nice Futures Company Limited	Hong Kong	Ordinary	HK\$20,000,000	-	72.99	-	72.99	Futures and options broking
結好期貨有限公司	香港	普通股	20,000,000港元					期貨及期權經紀 業務
Get Nice Silk Road Investment Limited (note b)	BVI	Ordinary	US\$10,000	-	72.99	-	37.22	Investment holding
結好絲路投資有限公司 (附註b)	英屬處女群島	普通股	10,000美元					投資控股
Get Nice Asset Management Limited (note b)	Hong Kong	Ordinary	HK\$5,000,000	-	72.99	-	37.22	Assets management services
結好資產管理有限公司 (附註b)	香港	普通股	5,000,000港元					資產管理服務
Steppington Holdings Limited	BVI	Ordinary	US\$10,000	-	72.99	-	72.99	Investment holding
	英屬處女群島	普通股	10,000美元					投資控股
NobleNet Limited	BVI 英屬處女群島	Ordinary 普通股	US\$1 1美元	-	72.99	-	72.99	Investment holding 投資控股
Grace Field Limited 捷田有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	Ordinary 普通股	HK\$2 2港元	-	72.99	-	72.99	Property holding 物業控股

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48. PARTICULARS OF PRINCIPAL SUBSIDIARIES – continued

Name of subsidiary 附屬公司名稱	Place of incorporation 註冊成立地點	Class of shares held 所持股份類別	Issued and fully paid share capital / registered capital 已發行及繳足 股本/註冊資本	shan 本 20	Propor nominal val re capital / re held by the 公司持有之 註冊資本正	ue of issued egistered cap Company 已發行股本 面值百分比 201	.9	Principal activities 主要業務
					二零年 Indirectly 間接	二零 Directly 直接		
Pacific Challenge Futures Hong Kong Limited	Hong Kong	Ordinary	HK\$10,000,000	-	72.99	-	72.99	Inactive
太平洋興業期貨有限公司	香港	普通股	10,000,000港元					暫無營業
Get Nice Investment Limited	Hong Kong	Ordinary	HK\$1	-	72.99	-	72.99	Holding of yacht
結好投資有限公司	香港	普通股	1港元					持有遊艇
Bravo Nice Limited	BVI 英屬處女群島	Ordinary 普通股	US\$1 1美元	-	72.99	-	N/A 不適用	Investment holding 投資控股
Dixten Limited 廸升有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	Ordinary 普通股	HK\$1 1港元	-	72.99	-	N/A 不適用	Inactive 暫無營業
Treasure Advantage Limited	BVI 英屬處女群島	Ordinary 普通股	US\$1 1美元	100	-	100	-	Investment holding 投資控股
Prime Pacific Investments Limited	BVI	Ordinary	US\$1	-	100	-	100	Investment holding
	英屬處女群島	普通股	1美元					投資控股
Dragon Rainbow Limited	BVI 英屬處女群島	Ordinary 普通股	US\$1 1美元	-	100	-	100	Investment holding 投資控股
Group Success International Limited	BVI	Ordinary	US\$1	-	100	-	100	Inactive
	英屬處女群島	普通股	1美元					暫無營業
Better Dynamic Limited	BVI 英屬處女群島	Ordinary 普通股	US\$1 1美元	-	100	-	100	Investment holding 投資控股

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48. PARTICULARS OF PRINCIPAL SUBSIDIARIES – continued

Name of subsidiary 附屬公司名稱	Place of incorporation 註冊成立地點	Class of shares held 所持股份類別	Issued and fully paid share capital / registered capital 已發行及繳足 股本/註冊資本		Propor nominal val re capital / re held by the 公司持有之 註冊資本正	Principal activities 主要業務		
				二零)20 二零年 Indirectly 間接	2019 二零一) Directly Ir 直接	九年	
Get Nice Finance Company Limited	Hong Kong	Ordinary	HK\$2	-	100	-	100	Money lending
結好財務有限公司	香港	普通股	2港元					放債
Allex International Limited	Hong Kong	Ordinary	HK\$10,000	-	100	-	100	Holding of motor vehicles
藝業國際有限公司	香港	普通股	10,000港元					持有汽車
Gain Peak Asia Limited	BVI 英屬處女群島	Ordinary 普通股	US\$1 1美元	-	100	-	100	Investment holding 投資控股
Gainventure Holdings Limited	BVI 英屬處女群島	Ordinary 普通股	US\$1 1美元	100	-	100	-	Investment holding 投資控股
Get Nice Entertainment Limited	BVI	Ordinary	US\$1	-	100	-	100	Investment holding
結好娛樂有限公司	英屬處女群島	普通股	1美元					投資控股
Get Nice International Limited	Hong Kong	Ordinary	HK\$1,000	-	80	-	80	Inactive
結好國際有限公司	香港	普通股	1,000港元					暫無營業
Clever Switch Limited	BVI 英屬處女群島	Ordinary 普通股	US\$1 1美元	-	100	-	100	Inactive 暫無營業
Genius Wise Holdings	BVI	Ordinary	US\$1	-	100	-	100	Investment holding
Limited	英屬處女群島	普通股	1美元					投資控股
More Profit International	BVI	Ordinary	US\$10,000	-	100	-	100	Investment holding
Limited	英屬處女群島	普通股	10,000美元					投資控股

截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度 Year ended 31 March 2020

48. PARTICULARS OF PRINCIPAL SUBSIDIARIES – continued

	Place of incorporation 註冊成立地點	Issued and fully paid share Class of capital / shares held registered capital 已發行及繳足 所持股份類別 股本/註冊資本		re nominal value share capital / regi d capital held by the C 及繳足 本公司持有之已		Principal activities 主要業務		
					令 + Indirectly 間接		-九年 Indirectly 間接	
Great China Company Limited	Macau	Quota capital	MOP100,000	-	65	-	65	Inactive
大中華有限公司	澳門	配額資本	100,000澳門幣					暫無營業
Get Nice Development Limited	Hong Kong	Ordinary	HK\$1,000,000	-	100	-	100	Investment holding
結好發展有限公司	香港	普通股	1,000,000港元					投資控股
Great Right Holdings Limited 宏正控股有限公司	BVI 英屬處女群島	Ordinary 普通股	US\$1 1美元	-	100	-	100	Investment holding 投資控股
Rise Fortune Group Limited 昇福集團有限公司	BVI 英屬處女群島	Ordinary 普通股	US\$50,000 50,000美元	-	100	-	100	Inactive 暫無營業
Joyful Villa Limited	BVI 英屬處女群島	Ordinary 普通股	US\$1 1美元	-	100	-	100	Investment holding 投資控股
Quality Champion Limited 可權有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	Ordinary 普通股	HK\$9,000 9,000港元	-	100	-	100	Property holding 物業控股
Venturecorp Investment Limited	BVI	Ordinary	US\$1	-	100	-	100	Investment holding
Linited	英屬處女群島	普通股	1美元					投資控股
Rich Mount Limited 峻發有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	Ordinary 普通股	HK\$1 1港元	-	100	-	100	Property holding 物業控股
Peak Prospect Limited	BVI 英屬處女群島	Ordinary 普通股	US\$1 1美元	-	100	-	100	Investment holding 投資控股
Vast Cheer Limited 鵬志有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	Ordinary 普通股	HK\$2 2港元	-	100	-	100	Property holding 物業控股

截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度 Year ended 31 March 2020

48. PARTICULARS OF PRINCIPAL SUBSIDIARIES – continued

Name of subsidiary 附屬公司名稱	Place of incorporation 註冊成立地點	Class of shares held 所持股份類別	Issued and fully paid share capital / registered capital 已發行及繳足 股本/註冊資本	share 本公	Propor nominal val capital / ro held by the 公司持有之 註冊資本面	Principal activities 主要業務		
HY 周朝 ム HJ TI 117	正Ⅲ以工 地加	기 1 가 IX W 宋 개	₩₩/ 証Ⅲ貝平	202 二零二 Directly I 直接	20 .零年	201 二零一 Directly I 直接	九年	工女未切
Billion Times Limited	BVI 英屬處女群島	Ordinary 普通股	US\$1 1美元	-	100	-	100	Investment holding 投資控股
Get Nice Real Estate Limited 結好置業有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	Ordinary 普通股	HK\$4,000,000 4,000,000港元	-	100	-	100	Property agency 物業代理
Profit Union Holdings Corporation	BVI	Ordinary	US\$1	-	100	-	100	Investment holding
1	英屬處女群島	普通股	1美元					投資控股
Pacific Challenge Management Services Limited	Hong Kong	Ordinary	HK\$2	-	100	-	100	Inactive
	香港	普通股	2港元					暫無營業
Infinite Treasure Group Limited	BVI	Ordinary	US\$1	-	100	-	100	Investment holding
	英屬處女群島	普通股	1美元					投資控股
Bowell Limited 寶宏有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	Ordinary 普通股	HK\$1 1港元	-	100	-	100	Property holding 物業控股
Ace Way Business Limited	BVI 英屬處女群島	Ordinary 普通股	US\$1 1美元	-	100	-	100	Investment holding 投資控股
Get Nice Property Management Limited	Hong Kong	Ordinary	HK\$1	-	100	-	100	Inactive
結好物業管理有限公司	香港	普通股	1港元					暫無營業
Macro Music Company Limited	Hong Kong	Ordinary	HK\$10,000	-	100	-	N/A	Inactive
弘大音樂有限公司	香港	普通股	10,000港元				不適用	暫無營業

截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度 Year ended 31 March 2020

48. PARTICULARS OF PRINCIPAL SUBSIDIARIES – continued

Name of subsidiary 附屬公司名稱	Place of incorporation 註冊成立地點	poration shares held	Issued and fully paid share capital / registered capital 已發行及繳足 股本/註冊資本	share。 h 本公	Propor ominal value capital / re teld by the 司持有之 主冊資本面	Principal activities 主要業務		
				2020 二零二朝 Directly In 直接	零年	20 二零- Directly 直接	·九年	
Legend Soccer Limited 結駿足球有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	Ordinary 普通股	HK\$10,000 10,000港元	-	100	-	N/A 不適用	Inactive 暫無營業
Jumbo Excel Corporation	BVI 英屬處女群島	Ordinary 普通股	US\$1 1美元	-	100	-	100	Investment holding 投資控股
Access Mission Limited	BVI 英屬處女群島	Ordinary 普通股	US\$1 1美元	-	100	-	100	Property holding 物業控股
Jumbo Excel Group Limited	BVI 英屬處女群島	Ordinary 普通股	US\$1 1美元	-	100	-	100	Investment holding 投資控股
Apex Magic Asia Limited	BVI 英屬處女群島	Ordinary 普通股	US\$1 1美元	-	100	-	100	Inactive 暫無營業
Trillion Income Limited (note b)(附註b)	BVI	Ordinary 並通 WL	US\$1	-	-	-	100	Investment holding 机次按肌
Trillion Way Limited	英屬處女群島 Hong Kong	普通股 Ordinary	1美元 HK\$1,000	-	-	-	60	投資控股 Investment holding
(note b) 興基有限公司(附註b)	香港	普通股	1,000港元					投資控股
Power Success Holdings	BVI	Ordinary	US\$1	-	100	-	100	Investment holding
Incorporated	英屬處女群島	普通股	1美元					投資控股
Fairy Gather Limited 均萃有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	Ordinary 普通股	HK\$1 1港元	-	100	-	100	Property holding 物業控股

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48. PARTICULARS OF PRINCIPAL SUBSIDIARIES – continued

Name of subsidiary 附屬公司名稱	Place of incorporation 註冊成立地點	Class of shares held 所持股份類別	Issued and fully paid share capital / registered capital 已發行及繳足 股本/註冊資本		Propor nominal val re capital / re held by the 公司持有之 註冊資本函	Principal activities 主要業務		
				二零	020 二零年 Indirectly 間接	二零-	19 一九年 Indirectly 間接	
Power Success Group Incorporated	BVI 英屬處女群島	Ordinary 普通股	US\$1 1美元	-	100	-	100	Investment holding 投資控股
Bright Rarity Limited 希貝有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	Ordinary 普通股	HK\$1 1港元	-	100	-	100	Property holding 物業控股
Mega Trillion Group Limited	BVI 英屬處女群島	Ordinary 普通股	US\$1 1美元	-	100	-		Investment holding 投資控股
Pearl King Holdings Limited (note b)(附註b)	BVI 英屬處女群島	Ordinary 普通股	US\$100 100美元	-	100	-	N/A 不適用	Property holding 物業控股
Smart Best Asia Corporation	BVI 英屬處女群島	Ordinary 普通股	US\$1 1美元	-	100	-	N/A 不適用	Investment holding 投資控股
Super Times Overseas Limited (note b)(附註b)	BVI 英屬處女群島	Ordinary 普通股	US\$100 100美元	-	100	-	N/A 不適用	Property holding 物業控股
Ultimate Billion Limited	BVI 英屬處女群島	Ordinary 普通股	US\$1 1美元	-	100	-	N/A 不適用	Inactive 暫無營業

截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度 Year ended 31 March 2020

48. PARTICULARS OF PRINCIPAL SUBSIDIARIES – continued

Notes:

- (a) The non-voting deferred shares, which are held by a director of the Company and a director of GNS, carry practically no rights to dividends nor to receive notice of nor to attend or vote at any general meeting of GNS and on liquidation, the assets of GNS available for distribution among the holders of ordinary shares and the holders of non-voting deferred shares shall be applied first in paying to the holders of ordinary shares the sum of HK\$1,000,000,000,000 per ordinary share and secondly in repaying to the holders of non-voting deferred shares the nominal amount paid up or credited as paid up on such shares, and the balances of the GNS's assets shall belong to and be distributed among the holders of ordinary shares in proportion to the amount paid up or credited as paid up on such ordinary shares respectively.
- (b) Details of changes in ownership interests of subsidiaries are set out in notes 44, 45 and 46 to the consolidated financial statements.
- (c) Except for Great China Company Limited established and operated in Macau and Access Mission Limited operated in United Kingdom, all subsidiaries are operating in Hong Kong.

48. 主要附屬公司詳情-續

附註:

- (a) 由本公司一名董事及由結好證券一名 董事持有之無投票權遞延股於實際上 無權收取股息,亦無權收取給好證券 任何股東大會通告或出席大會或於會 上投票。於清盤時,結好證券可供分 派予普通股持有人及無投票權遞延股 持有人之資產應先用以支付每股普通 股1,000,000,000港元之款項予普 通股持有人,繼而用以償還有關股份 之已繳足或入賬列為繳足面值予無投 票權遞延股持有人,而結好證券之資 產餘額應屬於普通股持有人,並分別 按彼等就有關普通股之繳足或入賬列 為繳足股款之比例分派。
- (b) 附屬公司擁有權權益之變動詳情載於 綜合財務報表附註44、45及46。
- (c) 除於澳門成立及經營之大中華有限 公司以及於英國經營之Access Mission Limited外,所有附屬公司均於香港經 營。

截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度 Year ended 31 March 2020

48. PARTICULARS OF PRINCIPAL SUBSIDIARIES – continued

Financial information of subsidiary with individually material non-controlling interests ("NCI")

The following table shows the information relating to a non-wholly owned subsidiary that has material NCI. The summarised financial information represents amounts before inter-company eliminations.

48. 主要附屬公司詳情-續

具備個別重大非控股權益(「非控股權 益」)之一間附屬公司之財務資料

下表載列具備重大非控股權益之一間 非全資附屬公司之資料。有關財務資 料概要代表未作公司間抵銷之金額。

		GNFG 結好金融		
		At 31 March	At 31 March	
		2020	2019	
		於二零二零年	於二零一九年	
		三月三十一日	三月三十一日	
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	
		千港元	千港元	
Proportion of NCI's ownership interests	非控股權益之擁有權權益比例	27.01%	27.01%	
Non-current assets	非流動資產	124,695	124,042	
Current assets	流動資產	4,294,585	5,283,929	
Current liabilities	流動負債	(483,849)	(1,544,643)	
Non-current liabilities	非流動負債	(3,958)	(3,706)	
Net assets	資產淨值	3,931,473	3,859,622	
Carrying amount of NCI	非控股權益之賬面值	1,062,265	1,042,783	

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GNFG

48. PARTICULARS OF PRINCIPAL SUBSIDIARIES – continued

48. 主要附屬公司詳情-續

Financial information of subsidiary with individually material non-controlling interests ("NCI") – continued

具備個別重大非控股權益(「非控股權 益」)之一間附屬公司之財務資料-續

			HG 全融
		Year ended	Year ended
		31 March	31 March
		2020	2019
		截至二零二零年	截至二零一九年
		三月三十一日止年度	三月三十一日 止年度
		止牛皮 HK\$'000	五年度 HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Revenue	收益	370,372	402,024
Expenses	開支	(230,590)	(269,044)
Profit for the year	年度溢利	139,782	132,980
Other comprehensive income	其他全面收益	930	2,313
Total other comprehensive income for the year	年度其他全面收益總額	140,712	135,293
Profit attributable to NCI	非控股權益應佔溢利	37,741	35,921
Other comprehensive income attributable to NCI	非控股權益應佔		
-	其他全面收益	251	625
Total comprehensive loss attributable to NCI	非控股權益應佔		
-	全面虧損總額	37,992	36,546
Dividends paid to NCI	已付非控股權益之股息	(47,273)	(40,518)
Net cash flows from (used in):	以下項目所得(所用)		
iver easir nows nom (used m).	之現金流量淨額:		
			((0.000
Operating activities	經營活動	286,518	668,093
Investing activities	投資活動	(6,274)	(919)
	→ 「 兄 日 ガ	(0,2/4)	(919)
Financing activities	融資活動		(400,500)
i maneting activities	 低貝伯男 	(442,276)	(480,588)

截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度 Year ended 31 March 2020

48. PARTICULARS OF PRINCIPAL SUBSIDIARIES – continued

Financial information of subsidiary with individually material non-controlling interests ("NCI") – continued

The table below shows details of non-wholly owned subsidiaries of the Group that have NCI:

48. 主要附屬公司詳情-續

具備個別重大非控股權益(「非控股權 益」)之一間附屬公司之財務資料-續 下表載列具備非控股權益之本集團非 全資附屬公司之詳情:

			Proportion	of ownership				
	Place of	Principal place	interests and vo	oting rights held	Profit all	ocated to	Accumulated n	on-controlling
Name of subsidiary	incorporation	of business		olling interests		ling interests	inte	rests
			非控股權益持不	有之擁有權權益				
附屬公司名稱	註冊成立地點	成立地點 主要營業地點		及投票權比例		殳權益之溢利	累計非指	空股權益
			2020	2019	2020	2019	2020	2019
			二零二零年	二零一九年	二零二零年	二零一九年	二零二零年	二零一九年
					HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
					千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
Get Nice Financial Group Limited 結好金融集團有限公司	Cayman Islands 開曼群島	Hong Kong 香港	27.01%	27.01%	37,741	35,921	1,062,265	1,042,783
Great China Company Limited 大中華有限公司	Macau 澳門	Macau 澳門	35%	35%	743	1,095	19,480	18,737
Immaterial non-controlling interest of Get Nice International Limited 結好國際有限公司之非重大非控股權	ک						(3)	(3)
Immaterial non-controlling interest of Trillion Way Limited 興基有限公司之非重大非控股權益							-	(3)
							1,081,742	1,061,514

截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度 Year ended 31 March 2020

49. EVENTS AFTER REPORTING PERIOD

(a) Acquisition of a subsidiary

On 19 May 2020, the Group entered into a sale and purchase agreement with an independent third-party individuals to acquire the entire equity interest in Tao Yun Company Limited ("Tao Yun") at a cash consideration of HK\$500,000,000 (subject to the adjustment). The principal assets of Tao Yun are the three-storey commercial units and an office unit with total gross floor area of 27,808 sq.ft together with 19 car parking spaces. The acquisition of Tao Yun was completed on 24 June 2020. Details of the acquisition have been disclosed in the Company's announcement dated 19 May 2020 and circular dated 5 June 2020.

Upon the completion, Tao Yun will become a wholly owned subsidiary of the Company and the assets, liabilities and results of Tao Yun will be consolidated into the financial statements of the Group.

(b) Subscription of an unlisted note

On 26 June 2020, the Group subscribed an unlisted note from Tianji Holding Limited, a company incorporated in Hong Kong and a subsidiary of a company whose shares are listed on the Stock Exchange, at a cash consideration of HK\$100,000,000. The note was issued by East Grand Corporate Development Limited (the "Issuer"), a company incorporated in British Virgin Islands with limited liability with principal activity is investment holding. The note may be redeemed by the Issuer in whole, but not in part, at any time by giving not less than 30 days' notice to the Group. The note bears interest at 8% per annum and will be matured on 26 June 2021. Details of the subscription have been disclosed in the Company's announcement dated 26 June 2020.

49. 報告期後事項

(a) 收購一間附屬公司

於二零二零年五月十九日,本集 團與一名獨立第三方人士(「賣 方」)訂立買賣協議,以現金代價 500,000,000港元(可予調整)收購 濤運有限公司(「濤運」)的全部股 權。濤運的主要資產為合計建築 面積為27,808平方呎的三層商業單 位及一層商業單位連同19個停車 位。收購濤運一事已於二零二零 年六月二十四日完成。收購事項 之詳情已於本公司日期為二零二 零年五月十九日之公佈及日期為 二零二零年六月五日之通函內披 露。

完成後,濤運將成為本公司的全 資附屬公司,而濤運的資產、負 債及業績將在本集團的財務報表 綜合入賬。

(b) 認購非上市票據

於二零二零年六月二十六日,本 集團以現金代價100,000,000港元 認購天基控股有限公司(一間於香 港註冊成立之公司,為一間股份 於聯交所上市之公司的附屬公司) 之非上市票據。票據由東安企業 發展有限公司(「發行人」)發行, 其為一間於英屬處女群島註冊成 立之有限公司,主要業務為投資 控股。發行人可於向本集團發出 不少於30日的通知後,隨時贖回 全部(惟不得贖回部份)票據。票 據按年利率8%計息,將於二零 二一年六月二十六日到期。認購 詳情已於本公司二零二零年六月 二十六日之公佈中披露。

財務概要 FINANCIAL SUMMARY

		Year ended 31 March 截至三月三十一日止年度				
		2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
		二零一六年	二零一七年	二零一八年	二零一九年	二零二零年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
RESULTS	業績					
Revenue	收益	581,242	513,600	584,840	561,905	524,524
Profit before taxation	税前溢利	543,938	488,577	453,364	311,172	204,280
Taxation	税項	(80,272)	(73,291)	(80,364)	(79,076)	(47,552)
Profit for the year	本年度溢利	463,666	415,286	373,000	232,096	156,728
				As at 31 March		

		於三月三十一日				
		2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
		二零一六年	二零一七年	二零一八年	二零一九年	二零二零年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
ASSETS AND LIABILITIES	資產及負債					
Total assets	總資產	6,048,618	6,843,343	7,837,144	8,318,165	7,212,350
Total liabilities	總負債	(1,179,617)	(954,968)	(1,155,603)	(1,685,283)	(663,489)
Total equity	總權益	4,869,001	5,888,375	6,681,541	6,632,882	6,548,861



(Incorporated in the Cayman Islands with limited liability) 於開曼群島註冊成立之有限公司 Stock code股份代號: 64