Miricor

Miricor Enterprises Holdings Limited

卓珈控股集團有限公司

ANNUAL REPORT 2019/20



Incorporated in the Cayman Islands with limited liability 於開曼群島註冊成立的有限公司
Stock Code 股份代號: 1827

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CORPORATE INFORMATION

公司資料

Board of directors

Executive Directors

Ms. LAI Ka Yee Gigi (Chairlady and Chief Executive Officer)

Mr. MA Ting Wai Barry (resigned on 1 July 2020)

Mr. HO Tsz Leung Lincoln (appointed on 22 April 2020)

Dr. LAM Ping Yan (appointed on 15 July 2020)

Independent Non-Executive Directors

Mr. CHENG Fu Kwok David

Mr. CHENG Yuk Wo

Mr. LI Wai Kwan

Audit committee

Mr. CHENG Yuk Wo (Chairman)

Mr. CHENG Fu Kwok David

Mr. LI Wai Kwan

Remuneration committee

Mr. CHENG Yuk Wo (Chairman)

Ms. LAI Ka Yee Gigi

Mr. Ll Wai Kwan

Nomination committee

Ms. LAI Ka Yee Gigi (Chairlady)

Mr. CHENG Fu Kwok David

Mr. CHENG Yuk Wo

Authorised representatives

Mr. MA Ting Wai Barry (resigned on 1 July 2020)

Mr. HO Tsz Leung Lincoln (appointed on 1 July 2020)

Mr. LO Tai On

Company secretary

Mr. I O Tai On

Auditor

Ernst & Young

Certified Public Accountants

22/F, CITIC Tower

1 Tim Mei Avenue

Central

Hong Kong

董事會

執行董事

黎珈而女士(主席兼行政總裁)

馬庭偉先生(於2020年7月1日辭任)

何子亮先生(於2020年4月22日獲委任)

林秉恩醫生(於2020年7月15日獲委任)

獨立非執行董事

鄭輔國先生

鄭毓和先生

李偉君先生

審核委員會

鄭毓和先生(主席)

鄭輔國先生

李偉君先生

薪酬委員會

鄭毓和先生(主席)

黎珈而女十

李偉君先生

提名委員會

黎珈而女士(主席)

鄭輔國先生

鄭毓和先生

授權代表

馬庭偉先生(於2020年7月1日辭任)

何子亮先生(於2020年7月1日獲委任)

羅泰安先生

公司秘書

羅泰安先生

核數師

安永會計師事務所

執業會計師

香港

中環

添美道1號

中信大廈22樓

CORPORATE INFORMATION

公司資料

Registered office in Cayman Islands

Cricket Square, Hutchins Drive

P.O. Box 2681

Grand Cayman, KY1-1111

Cayman Islands

Headquarters and principal place of business in Hong Kong

Room 1605, 16th Floor

Leighton Centre

77 Leighton Road

Causeway Bay

Hong Kong

Cayman Islands principal share registrar and transfer office

Conyers Trust Company (Cayman) Limited

Cricket Square, Hutchins Drive

P.O. Box 2681

Grand Cayman, KY1-1111

Cayman Islands

Hong Kong share registrar

Tricor Investor Services Limited

Level 54, Hopewell Centre

183 Queen's Road East

Hong Kong

Principal banker

The Bank of East Asia, Limited

Shop A-C, G/F

Easey Commercial Building

253-261 Hennessy Road

Wanchai

Hong Kong

Public relations consultant

Strategic Financial Relations Limited

2401-2, Admiralty Centre 1,

18 Harcourt Road, Hong Kong

開曼群島註冊辦事處

Cricket Square, Hutchins Drive

P.O. Box 2681

Grand Cayman, KY1-1111

Cayman Islands

香港總部及主要營業地點

香港

銅鑼灣

禮頓道77號

禮頓中心

16樓1605室

開曼群島主要股份過戶登記處

Conyers Trust Company (Cayman) Limited

Cricket Square, Hutchins Drive

P.O. Box 2681

Grand Cayman, KY1-1111

Cayman Islands

香港股份過戶登記處

卓佳證券登記有限公司

香港

皇后大道東183號

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主要往來銀行

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香港夏慤道18號

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CORPORATE INFORMATION 公司資料

Stock code 1827

Company website www.miricor.com

股份代號

1827

公司網址

www.miricor.com

CHAIRLADY'S STATEMENT

主席報告書

Dear Shareholders.

On behalf of the board of Directors (the "Board") of the Company, it is my pleasure to present to you the annual report of the Company and its subsidiaries (collectively referred to as the "Group") for the year ended 31 March 2020.

Over the past 10 years, the emphasis on medical innovations and reinforcing our industry position have always been our interest. Therefore, we have widened the variety of our products, introduced new treatment devices as well as provided diversified and premium treatment services to our customers. Our efforts here have laid a solid foundation for our business to undertake all the challenges. Despite the influence of social events in Hong Kong and the COVID-19 pandemic during the year, we still managed to record a revenue inflow which grew 14.1% this year compared with last year to approximately HK\$176.5 million.

Geographically, we have three medical aesthetic centres at trendy and convenient locations in Hong Kong readily accessible to customers from different locations and hence further strengthening our customer base. Meanwhile, we also seek to raise our exposure by different means. Moreover, we have successfully signed a partnership agreement with We Doctor Holdings Limited. It is our pleasure to cooperate with the leading technology-enabled healthcare solutions platform in China, enabling us to launch our products on WeDoctor's platform and reach out to millions of potential customers in mainland China. It marks a significant breakthrough for us. We intend to continue to expand our network of stores and secure new clientele to further expand our market share.

各位股東:

本人謹代表本公司董事會(「董事會」) 欣然 向 閣下提呈本公司及其附屬公司(統稱「本 集團1)截至2020年3月31日止年度的年報。

過去10年,對醫療創新的重視及鞏固我們的 行業地位一直是我們的關注重點。因此,我們 已擴大產品種類、引進新的療程設備並為客戶 提供多元化及優質的療程服務。我們就此作出 的努力已為我們的業務奠定穩固基礎,以應對 接踵而來的所有挑戰。儘管年內受到香港社會 事件及新冠肺炎疫情的影響,我們於本年度仍 成功錄得收益流入,較去年增長14.1%至約 176.5 百萬港元。

就地域而言,我們在全港各個時尚便利地段開 設三間醫學美容中心,以便客戶從不同地方到 訪店舖,從而進一步鞏固我們的客戶群。與此 同時,我們亦尋求透過不同方式增加我們的曝 光率。此外,我們已成功與微醫控股有限公司 簽訂合作夥伴協議。我們很高興能夠與中國領 先的醫療健康科技平台合作,讓我們可在微醫 平台上推出我們的產品,並接觸數以百萬計的 中國內地潛在客戶。這對於我們而言乃為一大 突破。我們擬繼續擴充我們的店舖網絡及吸納 新客戶,以進一步提高我們的市場份額。

CHAIRLADY'S STATEMENT 主席報告書

Looking forward, although the business environment is expected to be challenging, we remain optimistic about the prospects of the industry given the previously rising demand for medical aesthetic services. The COVID-19 pandemic has hit hard various sectors in the second guarter of 2020, and the medical aesthetic industry was no exception. All beauty parlours were closed for 28 days from 10 April 2020 to 7 May 2020 as required by the Hong Kong government. Although the Group's main services and treatments were not associated with those procedures defined to be provided by beauty parlours under the Amendment Regulation, we place the health and safety of our customers and staff as our highest priority. Hence, we have made a tough decision to close all of our treatment centres during this period as well. We have also implemented stringent hygiene policies and procedures at our treatment centres to ensure the safety of our staff and customers, as well as strengthening customer confidence.

展望未來,儘管營商環境預期將充滿挑戰,鑑於早前對醫學美容服務的需求有所增加,我們仍對行業前景感到樂觀。新冠肺炎疫情於2020年第二季度重創多個行業,而醫學美容行業亦無一幸免。所有美容院因應香港政府的要求於2020年4月10日起至2020年5月7日止期間關閉28日。雖然本集團的主要服務的衰程與經修訂規例項下所界定由美容院提供的競等程序無關,我們仍會繼續將客戶及員工的健康及安全放在首位。因此,我們已作出艱難的決定,於該期間內關閉我們所有的療程中心象程序,以確保員工及客戶的安全以及增強客戶的信心。

Meanwhile, we have been proactively seeking diversification in our business. For instance, we have recently cooperated with a Swiss skincare research team to launch a new anti-aging skincare product line, XOVE. We are striving to expand our share in the skincare product market, which could create synergies with our treatment services and strengthen our competitive advantage. Building on our solid foundation, the experienced management team and professional medical team, we are confident we can maintain our business growth and create long-term value for our shareholders.

同時,我們一直積極尋求多元化發展我們的業務。例如,我們近期已與瑞士皮膚科研團隊合作推出全新的抗衰老護膚產品系列XOVE。我們正致力擴大我們於護膚產品市場的份額,從而可與我們的療程服務產生協同效應及提升我們的競爭優勢。建基於我們堅實的基礎、經驗豐富的管理團隊及專業醫療團隊,我們對於能夠維持我們的業務增長及為股東創造長遠價值充滿信心。

CHAIRLADY'S STATEMENT

主席報告書

Acknowledgements

On behalf of the Board, I would like to thank shareholders and our business partners, suppliers and customers for their continuous support to the Group. My heartfelt appreciation also goes to our management and professional colleagues for their dedication and valuable contributions to the Group in the past year.

致謝

本人謹代表董事會衷心感謝股東、我們的業務 夥伴、供應商及客戶對本集團的持續支持。本 人亦謹就我們的管理層及專業員工於過去一年 對本集團所作出的不懈努力及寶貴貢獻致以衷 心謝意。

Lai Ka Yee Gigi

Chairlady & Chief Executive Officer

Hong Kong, 15 June 2020

黎珈而女士

主席兼行政總裁

香港,2020年6月15日

管理層討論及分析

Business Review

For the year ended 31 March 2020 (the "Year Under Review"), the Group's revenue increased by HK\$21.8 million, or 14.1%, to HK\$176.5 million when compared with that of the previous year. The gain was mainly attributable to the increase in promotional campaigns in different marketing channels such as the telemarketing strategy and active promotional campaigns on various social media platforms, which raised customer awareness of the "CosMax" & "VITAE by CosMax" brand and secured more customers. Profit for the Year Under Review amounted to HK\$13.6 million (2019: HK\$21.8 million). The drop was mainly due to increment in staff costs.

Miricor is currently operating three "CosMax" brand medical aesthetic centres at trendy and convenient locations in Causeway Bay, Central District and Tsim Sha Tsui. The Causeway Bay Centre is in a duplex unit and has 30 treatment rooms that occupy 12,156 sq ft overall. The Tsim Sha Tsui centre and Central centre have areas of 6,050 sq ft and 3,092 sq ft, with 17 and 9 treatment rooms respectively. The centres are able to attract a broad range of customers and effectively bolster its customer base given their prime locations.

With a new collective standard of "Healthy beauty", the Group has unveiled a new beauty brand "VITAE by CosMax" during the Year Under Review. Mrs. Gigi Ma, founder of the brand, has emphasised the principle "Inner health realises external beauty" and established the brand, initiating a new category in the medical aesthetic industry. The philosophy of the brand is to balance beauty, maintain a perfect balance between beauty and health, and emanate beauty from within. It has thus inspired the concept of VITAE — Wellness Beauty medical aesthetic services. VITAE is advancing a new trend in beauty, holistically restoring the skin and body from the inside out, and offers modern women a healthy vitality and an enduring youthful bloom. VITAE - Wellness Beauty service is designated to provide a series of skincare solutions for youthful skin, firming lines, intimate repair and functional health, including FACE Lift & Plump, BODY Fit & Firm, FEMME CARE Strengthen & Tighten and SUPPLEMENT. The Group is confident it can further widen its customer base leveraging the new concept of the brand.

業務回顧

截至2020年3月31日止年度(「回顧年度」), 本集團的收益較去年增加21.8百萬港元或 14.1%至176.5百萬港元。有關收益乃主要由 於在不同市場推廣渠道增加推廣活動(例如電 話營銷策略)及於多個社交媒體平台積極進行 推廣活動,提高客戶對「CosMax」及「VITAE by CosMax」品牌的認識並招攬更多客戶所致。 回顧年度的溢利為13.6百萬港元(2019年: 21.8百萬港元)。有關減少乃主要由於員工成 本增加所致。

卓珈目前正於銅鑼灣、中環區及尖沙咀的時尚 便利地段經營三間以「CosMax」為品牌的醫學 美容中心。銅鑼灣中心為複式單位,擁有30 間診療室,整體佔地面積為12,156平方呎。 至於面積分別為6,050平方呎及3,092平方呎 的尖沙咀中心及中環中心則分別擁有17間及9 間診療室。該等中心因其位於黃金地段而能夠 吸引廣泛類別的客戶及有效鞏固其客戶群。

由於現今以「健康的美」為全新統一標準,本 集團已於回顧年度推出全新美容品牌「VITAE by CosMax」。品牌創立人馬黎珈而女士一直 強調「內在的健康,成就外在的美麗」的原則, 最終成立該品牌,在醫學美容行業開創了新的 領域。該品牌理念十分注重平衡美,主張維持 美容與健康的完美平衡及由內而外散發出美麗 光彩。此理念因而成就VITAE - Wellness Beauty輕醫美服務概念。VITAE帶領全新的美 容風潮,從內到外全面修復肌膚及身體,為現 代女性注入健康活力, 焕發持久青春。 VITAE - Wellness Beauty服務旨在為年輕肌膚、緊 緻體態線條、私密修復及功能性健康提供一系 列護膚解決方案,包括健面緊膚、增肌減脂、 私密修護及機能健康。本集團有信心其將可憑 藉該品牌的全新概念進一步擴闊其客戶群。

管理層討論及分析

Business Review (Continued)

The Group strives to provide high quality and top-notch customer services by embracing the latest technologies. In order to ensure customers enjoy safe and outstanding quality experiences, all the devices and procedures have been clinically evaluated by doctors or clinical training team before being procured and installed. The Group has over 140 treatment devices for offering diversify treatment procedures as of 31 March 2020. It also offers quality skincare products that complement its treatments for customers to realise optimum effectiveness. The new skincare product line XOVE has recently been launched, the result of the hard work of the dedicated Swiss skincare research team. The team harnesses the power of a active ingredient, "W-TruComplex," which employs "Bioliquefaction Technology" for obtaining 100% complete phytocomplexes from white truffle in a highly bioavailable form. "W-TruComplex" is an ingredient that can penetrate the skin deeply as it modulates gene expression to offer multiple anti-aging effects, strengthening the skin protective layer in order to restore the youthfulness of the skin.

Miricor has successfully launched its products on WeDoctor's platform, a leading technology-enabled healthcare solutions platform in China, after signing a partnership agreement with We Doctor Holdings Limited during the Year Under Review. Pursuant to this partnership, customers from mainland China are able to make appointments for Miricor's treatment services through its platform. This partnership marked a major step forward in expanding the Group's business presence in mainland China's market and further enlarging its customer base.

Principal Risks and Uncertainties

Any outbreak of contagious diseases or epidemics in the People's Republic of China, Hong Kong and elsewhere, such as the COVID-19 outbreak may result in widespread health crisis that could result in the temporary closure of our medical aesthetic centres and significantly disrupt our business operations.

業務回顧(續)

本集團透過採用最新技術致力提供優質一流的 客戶服務。為確保客戶可享受安全及品質非凡 的體驗,所有設備及程序在購買及安裝前,均 經由醫生或臨床培訓團隊進行臨床評估。於 2020年3月31日,本集團擁有超過140台療 程設備,可提供多元化的療程程序。本集團亦 提供優質護膚產品,以配合其對客戶進行的療 程實現最佳效果。全新護膚產品系列XOVÊ最 近已正式推出,這全賴瑞士皮膚科研專責團隊 努力的成果。該團隊活用活性成分 「W-TruComplex」的功效,透過「植物活性提 取技術」,以超卓生物活性的形式提取100% 白松露的植物複合素成分。「W-TruComplex」 能深入滲透肌膚,透過調節基因表現達致多項 抗老化功效,從而強化肌膚保護層,以助肌膚 回復年輕。

於回顧年度與微醫控股有限公司簽訂合作夥伴 協議後,卓珈已成功在微醫平台(為中國領先 的醫療健康科技平台)上推出其產品。根據此 次合作,來自中國內地的客戶可通過其平台預 約卓珈的療程服務。此次合作標誌著本集團在 擴充中國內地市場的業務份額及進一步擴大其 客戶群方面邁出了重要的一步。

主要風險及不明朗因素

在中華人民共和國、香港及其他地區爆發任何 傳染病或疫情,如爆發新冠肺炎,均可能導致 廣泛的健康危機,從而導致我們的醫學美容中 心暫時關閉,且嚴重擾亂我們的業務運營。

管理層討論及分析

Financial Review

Revenue

Our revenue is mainly derived from the provision of medical aesthetic services, which include treatment services, consultation services, as well as the prescription and dispensing of medical products. In addition, we sell skin care products to our clients.

Our Group's revenue amounted to approximately HK\$176.5 million for the year ended 31 March 2020, representing an increase of approximately HK\$21.8 million or 14.1% as compared with HK\$154.7 million for the year ended 31 March 2019. The increase was primarily attributable to the increase in promotional campaigns in different marketing channels, such as the telemarketing strategy and active promotional campaigns on various social media platforms, which raised consumer awareness of the "CosMax" brand, and secured more customers.

Set forth below is a breakdown of our total revenue during the years ended 31 March 2020 and 2019:

財務回顧

收益

我們的收益主要來自提供醫學美容服務,包括 療程服務、諮詢服務,以及醫療產品處方及配 藥。此外,我們向客戶出售護膚產品。

截至2020年3月31日止年度,本集團的收益 約為176.5百萬港元,較截至2019年3月31日 止年度的154.7百萬港元增加約21.8百萬港元 或14.1%。有關增加乃主要由於在不同市場推 廣渠道增加推廣活動(例如電話營銷策略)及於 多個社交媒體平台積極進行推廣活動,提高客 戶對「CosMax」品牌的認識並招攬更多客戶所 致。

截至2020年及2019年3月31日止年度的總收 益明細載列如下:

For the year ended 31 March 截至3月31日止年度

	2020		2019	
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000 %		%
	千港元	百分比	千港元	百分比
Treatment services 療程服務	146,165	82.8	138,960	89.8
Medical consultation services 醫療諮詢服務	138	0.1	266	0.2
Prescription and dispensing of 醫療產品處方及配藥				
medical products	1,154	0.6	1,648	1.1
Skin care products 護膚產品	18,636	10.6	10,485	6.8
Revenue recognised from 來自未使用預付療程的				
unutilised prepaid packages 已確認收益	10,436	5.9	3,336	2.1
Total revenue 總收益	176,529	100.0	154,695	100.0

管理層討論及分析

Financial Review (Continued)

Revenue (Continued)

Revenue from treatment services

During the year ended 31 March 2020, most of our revenue was derived from treatment services. Revenue from treatment services amounted to HK\$146.2 million for the year ended 31 March 2020 and HK\$139.0 million for the year ended 31 March 2019, representing 82.8% and 89.8% of our total revenue, respectively.

Revenue from consultation services

First-time clients are required to attend medical consultation with our doctors, during which our doctors will perform examination as well as assess and/or make a diagnosis on the client's skin conditions and recommend suitable treatment services accordingly based on their specific conditions, needs and concerns. After the first visit, follow up consultation sessions will also be provided when appropriate to keep track of clients' conditions.

Revenue from consultation services amounted to HK\$0.1 million for the year ended 31 March 2020 and HK\$0.3 million for the year ended 31 March 2019, representing 0.1% and 0.2% of our total revenue, respectively.

(iii) Revenue from prescription and dispensing of medical products

Based on clients' skin conditions, their specific needs and requirements, our doctors may prescribe medication and/or recommend certain skin care products which are dispensed at our medical aesthetic centres.

Revenue from prescription and dispensing of medical products amounted to HK\$1.2 million for the year ended 31 March 2020 and HK\$1.6 million for the year ended 31 March 2019, representing 0.6% and 1.1% of our total revenue, respectively.

財務回顧(續)

收益(續)

來自療程服務的收益

截至2020年3月31日止年度,我們大部 分收益乃來自療程服務。截至2020年3 月31日止年度及截至2019年3月31日 止年度,來自療程服務的收益分別為 146.2百萬港元及139.0百萬港元,分別 佔我們總收益的82.8%及89.8%。

來自諮詢服務的收益 (ii)

新客戶須由我們的醫生進行醫療諮詢, 期間醫生將會進行檢查及評估及/或根 據客戶的特定狀況、需要及關切事宜就 其皮膚狀況作出診斷,並據此建議適當 的療程服務。首次諮詢後,我們亦將會 在適當時提供後續諮詢,以追蹤了解客 戶的情況。

截至2020年3月31日止年度及截至 2019年3月31日止年度,來自諮詢服務 的收益分別為0.1百萬港元及0.3百萬港 元,分別佔我們總收益的0.1%及0.2%。

來自醫療產品處方及配藥的收益 (iii)

根據客戶的皮膚狀況、特定需要及要 求,我們的醫生可能會開出藥物處方 及/或推薦在我們醫學美容中心配發的 若干護膚產品。

截至2020年3月31日止年度及截至 2019年3月31日止年度,來自醫療產品 處方及配藥的收益分別為1.2百萬港元及 1.6百萬港元,分別佔我們總收益的0.6% 及1.1%。

管理層討論及分析

Financial Review (Continued)

Revenue (Continued)

(iv) Revenue from sale of skin care products

Skin care products include cleanser, toner, serum, moisturiser, eye care products, ultraviolet (UV) protection products and masks. We offer three lines of private label skin care products, namely "CosMax", "Cospeutic" and "XOVE", that treat a range of skin conditions. To provide more choices and meet individual needs of clients, we also sell several other selected brands of skin care products provided by third party manufacturers.

Revenue from sale of skin care products amounted to HK\$18.6 million for the year ended 31 March 2020 and HK\$10.5 million for the year ended 31 March 2019, representing 10.6% and 6.8% of our total revenue, respectively. The increase of approximately HK\$8.1 million, or 77.1%, was primarily due to the expansion of its "XOVE" product lines, the launch of the new promotions and the active promotional campaigns mounted on various social media platforms for skin care products.

(v) Revenue recognised from unutilised prepaid packages

Prepaid packages are offered to clients in connection with our treatments. When designing the number of treatment sessions in a prepaid package, we take into account, among other things, our doctors' assessment and also the protocols recommended by the suppliers of treatment devices in respect of the number of optimal sessions which should be taken to achieve the desired results.

Revenue recognised from unutilised prepaid package amounted to HK\$10.4 million for the year ended 31 March 2020 and HK\$3.3 million for the year ended 31 March 2019, representing only 5.9% and 2.1% of our total revenue, respectively.

財務回顧(續)

收益(續)

(iv) 來自銷售護膚產品的收益

護虜產品包括面部清潔用品、爽虜水、 精華液、保濕液、眼部護理產品、紫外 線(UV)防護產品及面膜。我們提供三個 自有品牌護膚產品系列(即「CosMax」、 「Cospeutic」及「XOVE」),用於治療一 系列皮膚症狀。為提供更多選擇及迎合 客戶的個別需要,我們亦銷售數款由第 三方製造商提供的其他指定品牌護膚產 品。

截至2020年3月31日止年度及截至 2019年3月31日止年度,來自銷售護膚 產品的收益分別為18.6百萬港元及10.5 百萬港元,分別佔我們總收益的10.6% 及6.8%。 增幅 約 為8.1百萬港元或 77.1%,乃主要由於拓展[XOVĒ]產品 系列、新推出的推廣活動以及在多個社 交媒體平台積極進行護膚產品推廣活動 所致。

來自未使用預付療程的已確認收益 (v)

我們就療程為客戶提供預付療程。當設 計預付療程的療程次數時,我們會考慮 (其中包括)醫生的評估,亦會考慮療程 設備供應商就達致最理想效果而應採取 的最佳療程次數建議方案。

截至2020年3月31日止年度及截至 2019年3月31日止年度,來自未使用預 付療程的已確認收益分別為10.4百萬港 元及3.3百萬港元,分別僅佔我們總收益 的5.9%及2.1%。

管理層討論及分析

Financial Review (Continued)

Other income

Other income accounted for approximately HK\$4.1 million and HK\$2.6 million for the years ended 31 March 2020 and 2019, representing 2.3% and 1.7% of the total revenue for the respective year. The increment mainly arose from bank interest income from more time deposits placed at various financial institutions during the year ended 31 March 2020.

Cost of inventories and consumables

Cost of inventories and consumables amounted to approximately HK\$17.5 million and HK\$15.3 million for the years ended 31 March 2020 and 2019, representing 9.9% and 9.9% of the total revenue, respectively.

Staff costs

Staff costs increased by approximately HK\$28.1 million, or 52.3%, from approximately HK\$53.7 million for the year ended 31 March 2019 to approximately HK\$81.8 million for the year ended 31 March 2020. The increase was primarily attributable to the increase in commission to staff for sales and treatment and the rise in headcount (as at 31 March 2020 and 31 March 2019: 171 employees and 120 employees, respectively) for business expansion of Group. During the year, the Group strategically increase the manpower for several important functions, including, among others, the front-line staff for expansion of operation capacity and better service quality, marketing staff for boosting brand influence and sales; and product development staff for the development and expansion of "XOVE" product lines.

Property rentals and related expenses

Property rentals and related expenses and depreciation of right-ofuse assets increased by approximately HK\$2.0 million, or 9.8%, from approximately HK\$20.5 million for the year ended 31 March 2019 to HK\$22.5 million for the year ended 31 March 2020. The increase was primarily due to additional rental expenses and other related costs such as management fee and government rates, etc.

Depreciation of property, plant and equipment

Depreciation expense in relation to property, plant and equipment amounted to approximately HK\$12.3 million and HK\$11.2 million for the years ended 31 March 2020 and 2019, representing 7.0% and 7.3% of total revenue for the respective years.

財務回顧(續)

其他收入

截至2020年及2019年3月31日止年度,其他收入分別約為4.1百萬港元及2.6百萬港元,分別佔相關年度總收益的2.3%及1.7%。有關增長乃主要由於截至2020年3月31日止年度存放於不同金融機構作定期存款的款項增加而產生的銀行利息收入所致。

存貨及消耗品成本

截至2020年及2019年3月31日止年度,存貨及消耗品成本分別約為17.5百萬港元及15.3 百萬港元,分別佔總收益的9.9%及9.9%。

員工成本

員工成本由截至2019年3月31日止年度的約53.7百萬港元增加約28.1百萬港元或52.3%至截至2020年3月31日止年度的約81.8百萬港元。有關增加乃主要由於本集團業務擴展支付予員工的銷售及療程佣金增加以及僱員人數增加(於2020年3月31日及2019年3月31日:分別為171名員工及120名員工)所致。於年內,本集團策略性地增加多個重要職能部門的人手,其中包括增加前線員工以擴大經營能力並提高服務品質,增加營銷員工以提高品牌影響力及銷售,以及增加產品開發人員以開發並擴展「XOVÉ」產品系列。

物業租金及相關開支

物業租金及相關開支以及使用權資產折舊由截至2019年3月31日止年度的約20.5百萬港元增加約2.0百萬港元或9.8%至截至2020年3月31日止年度的22.5百萬港元。有關增加乃主要由於額外租金開支及其他相關成本(例如管理費及政府差餉等)所致。

物業、廠房及設備折舊

截至2020年及2019年3月31日止年度,有關物業、廠房及設備的折舊開支分別約為12.3百萬港元及11.2百萬港元,分別佔相關年度總收益的7.0%及7.3%。

管理層討論及分析

Financial Review (Continued)

Other expenses

Set forth below is a breakdown of our other expenses during the years ended 31 March 2020 and 2019:

財務回顧(續)

其他開支

截至2020年及2019年3月31日止年度的其他 開支明細載列如下:

		2020	2019	
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	% change
		千港元	千港元	百分比變動
Credit card commission	信用卡佣金	3,997	3,465	15.4
Advertising and promotion expenses	廣告及推廣開支	5,116	4,116	24.3
Repair and maintenance fees	維修及保養費	2,655	1,775	49.6
Transfer of listing expenses	轉板上市開支	9	4,008	(99.8)
Professional fees	專業費用	2,480	2,042	21.4
Donations	捐款	29	1,073	(97.3)
Consultancy fees	顧問費	5,607	4,828	16.1
Loss on disposal of items of property,	出售物業、廠房及			
plant and equipment	設備項目之虧損	_	1,761	N/A
Others	其他	8,771	7,076	24.0
		28,664	30,144	(4.9)

Other expenses decreased by approximately HK\$1.4 million from approximately HK\$30.1 million for the year ended 31 March 2019 to approximately HK\$28.7 million for the year ended 31 March 2020. The decrease was primarily attributable to the one-off write-off of leasehold improvements of approximately HK\$1.6 million for 30/F CWB Centre resulted from the early termination of the lease agreement at FY18/19.

其他開支由截至2019年3月31日止年度的約 30.1 百萬港元減少約1.4 百萬港元至截至2020 年3月31日止年度的約28.7百萬港元。有關 減少乃主要由於在18/19財政年度因提早終止 租賃協議而導致須就銅鑼灣中心30樓一次性 撇銷租賃物業裝修約1.6百萬港元所致。

Finance costs

Finance costs amounted to approximately HK\$2.2 million for the year ended 31 March 2020 (2019: Nil). The increase was primarily attributable to the recognition of interest arising from lease liabilities, following the adoption of HKFRS 16 on 1 April 2019.

財務成本

截至2020年3月31日止年度,財務成本約為2.2 百萬港元(2019年:零)。有關增加乃主要由 於在2019年4月1日採納香港財務報告準則第 16號後確認租賃負債所產生的利息所致。

管理層討論及分析

Financial Review (Continued)

Income tax expense

Income tax expense was approximately HK\$2.1 million for the year ended 31 March 2020 and HK\$4.6 million for the year ended 31 March 2019. The decrease was primarily attributable to the decrease in profit for the year.

Profit for the year

Profit attributable to the owners of the Company was approximately HK\$13.6 million for the year ended 31 March 2020, representing a decrease of approximately HK\$8.2 million or 37.6% as compared with the year ended 31 March 2019.

Dividends

The Board does not recommend the payment of any dividend for the year ended 31 March 2020 (2019: Nil).

Liquidity and Financial Resources

Financial Resources

We continue to maintain a strong financial position with cash and cash equivalents of HK\$157.3 million as at 31 March 2020. Our working capital, represented by net current assets was HK\$89.9 million. Based on our steady cash inflows from operations, coupled with sufficient cash and bank balances, we have adequate liquidity and financial resources to meet our working capital requirements and to fund our budgeted expansion plans in the next financial year.

As at 31 March 2020, most of our cash and bank balances was denominated in Hong Kong Dollar.

財務回顧(續)

所得税開支

截至2020年3月31日止年度及截至2019年3 月31日止年度,所得税開支分別約為2.1百萬 港元及4.6百萬港元。有關跌幅乃主要由於年 內溢利減少所致。

年度溢利

截至2020年3月31日止年度,本公司擁有人 應佔溢利約為13.6百萬港元,較截至2019年 3月31日止年度減少約8.2百萬港元或37.6%。

股息

董事會並不建議就截至2020年3月31日止年 度派付任何股息(2019年:零)。

流動資金及財務資源

財務資源

我們持續維持強勁的財務狀況,於2020年3月 31日的現金及現金等價物為157.3百萬港元。 我們的營運資金(即流動資產淨值)為89.9百 萬港元。根據我們自營運獲得的穩定現金流 入,連同足夠的現金及銀行結餘,我們具備足 夠的流動資金及財務資源,以應付營運資金要 求及於下一財政年度撥付預算擴展計劃。

於2020年3月31日,我們大部分現金及銀行 結餘以港元計值。

管理層討論及分析

Liquidity and Financial Resources (Continued)

Cash Flow Analysis

The tables below sets forth the information as extracted from the consolidated statement of cash flows of our Group for the years ended 31 March 2020 and 2019:

流動資金及財務資源(續)

現金流量分析

下表載列摘錄自本集團於截至2020年及2019 年3月31日止年度的綜合現金流量表的資料:

		2020 HK\$'000 千港元	2019 HK\$'000 千港元	% change 百分比變動
Net cash flows from	經營活動所得現金流量			
operating activities	淨額	63,505	46,599	36.3
Net cash flows from/(used in)	投資活動所得/(所用)			N/A
investing activities	現金流量淨額	26,122	(113,189)	不適用
Net cash flows used in a	融資活動所用現金流量淨額			N/A
financing activity		(15,372)	_	不適用
Net increase/(decrease) in cash	現金及現金等價物增加/			N/A
and cash equivalents	(減少)淨額	74,255	(66,590)	不適用
Cash and cash equivalents at	年初的現金及現金等價物			
beginning of the year		11,319	77,909	(85.5)
Cash and cash equivalents at	年末的現金及現金等價物			
end of the year		85,574	11,319	656.0

Our cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year were approximately HK\$85.6 million as at 31 March 2020, as compared to approximately HK\$11.3 million as at 31 March 2019, the increase was due to the decrease in non-pledged time deposits with original maturity more than three months when acquired.

Net Cash Flows From Operating Activities

For the year ended 31 March 2020, our net cash flows from operating activities was HK\$63.5 million, representing an increase of approximately HK\$16.9 million as compared with the year ended 31 March 2019.

我們於年末的現金及現金等價物於2020年3 月31日約為85.6百萬港元,而於2019年3月 31日則約為11.3百萬港元,有關增加乃由於 購入時原到期日超過三個月的無抵押定期存款 減少所致。

經營活動所得現金流量淨額

截至2020年3月31日止年度,我們經營活動 所得現金流量淨額為63.5百萬港元,較截至 2019年3月31日止年度增加約16.9百萬港元。

管理層討論及分析

Liquidity and Financial Resources (Continued)

Net Cash Flows From/(Used In) Investing Activities

For the year ended 31 March 2020, our net cash flows from investing activities was HK\$26.1 million, which was primarily attributable to decrease in purchases of items of property, plant and equipment and decrease in non-pledged time deposits with original maturity of more than three months when acquired.

Net Cash Flows Used In Financing Activities

For the year ended 31 March 2020, our net cash flows used in a financing activity was HK\$15.4 million, represented principal portion of lease payments during the year in relation to operating lease arrangements entered into by the Group.

Lease Liabilities

As at 31 March 2020, the Group had lease liabilities of HK\$48.5 million.

Capital Commitments

As at 31 March 2020, our Group had capital commitments in respect of the acquisition of items of property, plant and equipment of approximately HK\$0.5 million (2019: HK\$0.3 million).

Property, Plant and Equipment

During the year, the Group acquired items of plant and equipment amounting to HK\$8.9 million (2019: HK\$43.0 million).

Indebtedness

Interest-bearing Bank Borrowings

As at 31 March 2020, our Group had no outstanding interest-bearing bank borrowings (2019: Nil).

Contingent Liabilities and Guarantees

As at 31 March 2020, our Group had no significant contingent liabilities and guarantees (2019: Nil).

Charge of Assets

As at 31 March 2020, there was no charge on the assets of our Group except for the time deposits of HK\$55.5 million (2019: HK\$54.3 million) pledged for banking facilities as security for credit card instalments programmes.

流動資金及財務資源(續)

投資活動所得/(所用)現金流量淨額

截至2020年3月31日止年度,我們投資活動 所得現金流量淨額為26.1 百萬港元,乃主要由 於購買物業、廠房及設備項目減少以及於購入 時原到期日超過三個月的無抵押定期存款減少 所致。

融資活動所用現金流量淨額

截至2020年3月31日止年度,我們融資活動 所用現金流量淨額為15.4百萬港元,相當於與 本集團訂立經營租賃安排有關的年內租賃付款 本金部分。

和賃負債

於2020年3月31日,本集團的租賃負債為 48.5 百萬港元。

資本承擔

於2020年3月31日,本集團就收購物業、廠 房及設備項目的資本承擔約為0.5百萬港元 (2019年:0.3百萬港元)。

物業、廠房及設備

於年內,本集團收購廠房及設備項目達8.9百 萬港元(2019年:43.0百萬港元)。

債務

計息銀行借款

於2020年3月31日,本集團並無未償還計息 銀行借款(2019年:零)。

或然負債及擔保

於2020年3月31日,本集團並無重大或然負 債及擔保(2019年:零)。

資產抵押

於2020年3月31日,除就銀行融資作為信用 卡分期計劃擔保所作抵押的55.5百萬港元 (2019年:54.3百萬港元)定期存款外,本集 團之資產概無抵押。

管理層討論及分析

Indebtedness (Continued)

Gearing Ratio

As at 31 March 2020, our Group had no interest-bearing bank borrowings (2019: Nil).

Foreign Currency Risk

Our Group carries out its business in Hong Kong and most of its transactions are denominated in Hong Kong Dollar. Our Group did not experience any material impact or difficulties in liquidity on its operations resulting from the fluctuation in exchange rate, and no hedging transaction or forward contract arrangement was made by the Group during the years ended 31 March 2020 and 31 March 2019.

Interest Rate Risk

Our Group has no significant interest rate risk. Our Group currently does not have any specific policies in place to manage interest rate risk and has not entered into any interest rate swap transactions to mitigate interest rate risk, but will closely monitor related risk in the future.

Significant Investments, Material Acquisitions and Disposals of Subsidiaries, Associates and Joint Ventures, and Future Plans for Material Investments or **Capital Assets**

Save as disclosed in this report, there were no significant investments held by the Company during the year ended 31 March 2020, nor were there any material acquisitions and disposals of subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures during the reporting period. Save as disclosed in this report, there is no plan authorised by the Board for other material investments or additions of capital assets as at the date of this report.

Employees and Remuneration Policies

As at 31 March 2020, our Group has a total of 171 employees (2019: 120). Staff costs, including Directors' remuneration, of our Group were approximately HK\$81.8 million for the year ended 31 March 2020 (2019: approximately HK\$53.7 million). Remuneration is determined with reference to factors such as comparable market salaries and work performance, time commitment and responsibilities of each individual. Employees are provided with relevant in-house and/or external training from time to time. In addition to a basic salary, year-end bonuses are offered to employees who performed outstandingly to attract and retain eligible employees to contribute to our Group.

債務(續)

資產負債比率

於2020年3月31日,本集團並無計息銀行借 款(2019年:零)。

外匯風險

本集團在香港經營業務,大部分交易均以港元 計值。於截至2020年3月31日及2019年3月 31日止年度,本集團並無因匯率波動而在經 營活動的流動資金方面受到任何重大影響或出 現困難, 日本集團並無作出對沖交易或遠期合 約安排。

利率風險

本集團並無重大利率風險。本集團目前並未制 定任何管理利率風險的具體政策,亦未訂立任 何利率互換交易以減低利率風險,惟將會密切 監控未來的相關風險。

重大投資、重大收購及出售附屬公司、聯 營公司及合營企業以及重大投資或資本資 產的未來計劃

除本報告所披露者外,本公司截至2020年3月 31日止年度概無持有重大投資,亦無於報告 期間重大收購及出售任何附屬公司、聯營公司 及合營企業。除本報告所披露者外,於本報告 日期,董事會並無就其他重大投資或增加資本 資產授權任何計劃。

僱員及薪酬政策

於2020年3月31日,本集團合共僱用171名 僱員(2019年:120名)。本集團於截至2020 年3月31日止年度的員工成本(包括董事薪酬) 約為81.8百萬港元(2019年:約53.7百萬港 元)。薪酬乃參考多項因素而釐定,如可資比 較市場薪金以及各人士的工作表現、時間投入 以及職責。僱員不時獲提供相關內部及/或外 部培訓。除基本薪金外,表現出色的僱員可獲 年終花紅,以吸引及挽留合資格僱員為本集團 作出貢獻。

管理層討論及分析

Use of Proceeds

The Company was successfully listed on GEM of the Stock Exchange on 10 January 2017 by way of placing (the "Placing"). The net proceeds from the Placing were approximately HK\$55.6 million, which was based on the placing price of HK\$0.8 per share and the actual expenses related to the Listing. After the Listing, these proceeds were and will be used for the purposes in accordance with the future plans as set out in the prospectus of the Company dated 30 December 2016.

The net proceeds from the Placing from the date of the Listing to 31 March 2020 were used as follows:

所得款項用途

本公司於2017年1月10日以配售(「配售」)方 式在聯交所GEM成功上市。來自配售的所得 款項淨額約為55.6百萬港元,乃根據配售價每 股0.8港元及有關上市的實際開支釐定。上市 後,該等所得款項已經及將會用於本公司日期 為2016年12月30日的招股章程所載有關未來 計劃的用途。

來自配售的所得款項淨額自上市日期起至 2020年3月31日已作下列用途:

		Planned use of proceeds as shown in the Prospectus (adjusted on a pro rata basis based on the actual net proceeds)	Planned use of proceeds as shown in the Prospectus from the date of the Listing to 31 March 2020 (adjusted on a pro rata basis based on the actual net proceeds) 根據和與章程所載則	Actual use of proceeds from the date of the Listing to 31 March 2020	Unutilised amount as at 31 March 2020
		章程所載的所得款項	3月31日的 所得款項		
		擬定用途	擬定用途	自上市日期	
		(根據實際 所得款項	(根據實際 所得款項	起至 2020 年 3月31日	於 2020 年 3 月31日
		淨額按比例	淨額按比例	的所得款項	尚未動用
		調整)	調整)	實際用途	的金額
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
Expand our network of medical aesthetic centres in Hong Kong	擴大我們於香港的 醫學美容中心網絡	24,200	24,200	24,200	-
Broaden the variety of treatment services and product offering	擴大所提供療程服務及 產品的種類	14,600	14,600	14,600	-
Refurbish our CWB Centre Upgrade our IT infrastructure	翻新我們的銅鑼灣中心 升級我們的資訊科技	4,500	4,500	4,500	-
. •	基礎設施	7,700	7,700	7,700	_
General working capital	一般營運資金	4,600	4,600	4,600	
		55,600	55,600	55,600	

管理層討論及分析

Prospects

Due to the COVID-19 pandemic, the Hong Kong government required all beauty parlours to close for 28 days from 10 April 2020 to 7 May 2020. Although the Group's main services and treatments were not associated with those procedures defined to be provided by beauty parlours under the Amendment Regulation, Miricor places the health and safety of its customers and staff as its highest priority. Hence, the Group decided to close all of its medical aesthetic centres during the same period as well. Since the outbreak of the COVID-19, consumer sentiment has been adversely affected. It is expected that the business environment will be challenging in the near term until the spread of the COVID-19 is effectively contained.

The Group will continue to seize the opportunities arising from people's increasing consciousness on health through strategically expanding its new beauty brand "VITAE by CosMax". Coupled with the partnership with WeDoctor and the newly established XOVE skincare product line, the Group is well-equipped to expand its customer base and further penetrate the market.

We believe that our proactive management strategy makes the Group resilient to changes. However, sales of products and services and utilisation rate of our medical aesthetic centres will be highly dependent on the recovery of the overall business environment. The COVID-19 pandemic has increased uncertainty in our future operating performance which currently is difficult to predict. Therefore, we have been focusing on possible cost control measures and will continue to monitor the financial position of the Group. As at 31 March 2020, the Group has cash and cash equivalents of HK\$157.3 million (2019: HK\$119.2 million) and there is no external borrowings. The current ratio (current assets divided by current liabilities) was 1.56 as at 31 March 2020. The healthy and sound liquidity position of Group enable us to overcome this period of uncertainties.

The Group is fully committed to offering top-notch non-surgical aesthetic services. We have been keeping a close watch on the latest technologies and procure the best devices to enrich its services and provide premium treatment to customers. The management will also look for any potential expansion opportunities so as to strengthen the Group's prominent position in the market, maximise the profitability and generate the best returns for shareholders.

前景

由於新冠肺炎疫情的關係,香港政府要求所有 美容院於2020年4月10日起至2020年5月7 日止期間關閉28日。儘管本集團的主要服務 及療程與經修訂規例項下所界定由美容院提供 的該等程序無關,卓珈一向重現客戶及員工的 健康及安全,故此本集團決定於該期間關閉其 所有醫學美容中心。自新冠肺炎疫情爆發以 來,消費意欲受到不利影響。預期短期內營商 環境仍充滿挑戰,直到新冠肺炎疫情得到有效 控制為止。

本集團將繼續通過策略性地擴展其全新美容品牌「VITAE by CosMax」,把握因大眾對健康意識逐漸增強而帶來的機遇。加上與微醫的合作及全新建立的XOVE護膚產品系列,本集團已作好充分準備擴展其客戶群及進一步滲入市場。

我們相信,積極的管理策略能讓本集團應對變化。然而,產品銷售及服務以及醫學美容中心的使用率高度依賴整體營商環境的復蘇。新冠肺炎疫情增加了我們未來營運業績的不確定性,且目前難以作出預測。因此,我們一直專注於可能的成本控制措施,並將繼續監控本集團的財務狀況。於2020年3月31日,本集團擁有現金及現金等價物157.3百萬港元(2019年:119.2百萬港元),且並無對外貸款。於2020年3月31日,流動比率(流動資產除以流動負債)為1.56。本集團穩健的流動資金狀況使我們能夠克服此不明朗時期。

本集團致力於提供頂尖的非手術性美容服務。 我們一直留意最新科技及購入最佳設備,以完 善其服務及為客戶提供優質療程。管理層亦會 尋找任何潛在擴展機會,以鞏固本集團的市場 領先地位,提高盈利能力,為股東締造最佳回 報。

董事及高級管理層之履歷詳情

Executive Director

Ms. LAI Ka Yee Gigi (黎珈而) (with former name Lai Chi, Gigi (黎姿)), aged 48, is an executive Director, chairlady of the Board and chief executive officer. She is also the chairlady of the nomination committee and a member of the remuneration committee. She is responsible for the overall management, branding and strategic planning, marketing and development of the Group. Ms. LAI Ka Yee Gigi (Mrs. Gigi Ma) joined the Group in July 2009 and was appointed as a Director on 6 July 2016, re-designated as an executive Director and appointed as chairlady of the Board and the chief executive officer on 19 December 2016. She is also a director of certain subsidiaries of the Group.

Before founding the Group, Mrs. Gigi Ma was active in the film and television entertainment industry between 1985 and 2008. She withdrew from the film and television entertainment industry in late 2008 and has since devoted her full effort to the development of the business in the medical aesthetic service industry. Mrs. Gigi Ma is the sister-in-law of Mr. Ma Ting Wai Barry.

Mr. MA Ting Wai Barry (馬庭偉), aged 54, is an executive Director and our Group's IT and business development director and is principally responsible for overseeing the Group's business expansion and the development and maintenance of IT systems in relation to our Group's business operations. Mr. Ma was appointed as a Director on 25 July 2016 and was re-designated as the executive Director on 19 December 2016.

Mr. Ma is actively involved in developing the IT infrastructure of the Group, integrating different departments with the IT platforms, with a view to enhance operation efficiency. He also performs a vital role in monitoring and evaluating the Group's business and strategic planning.

Mr. Ma graduated from the University of Southern California with a Bachelor of Science degree in Computer Science, with extensive experience gained from oversea and in the Greater China region, ranging from technical to the sales and marketing function of multinational companies including companies from Fortune 500. He is an entrepreneur with extensive experience in direct investments and business development, bringing to the Group his sound know-how in strategic planning. Mr. Ma is the brother-in-law of Mrs. Gigi Ma.

Mr. Ma resigned as an executive Director on 1 July 2020.

執行董事

黎珈而女士(前名黎姿),48歲,為執行董事、 董事會主席兼行政總裁。彼亦為提名委員會主 席及薪酬委員會成員。彼負責本集團的整體管 理、品牌及策略計劃、市場推廣及發展。黎珈 而女士(馬黎珈而女士)於2009年7月加入本 集團,於2016年7月6日獲委任為董事,並於 2016年12月19日調任為執行董事並獲委任為 董事會主席兼行政總裁。彼亦是本集團若干附 屬公司的董事。

創立本集團之前,馬黎珈而女士於1985年至 2008年活躍於電影及電視演藝界。彼於2008 年末退出電影及電視演藝工作, 自此全力在醫 學美容服務行業發展業務。馬黎珈而女士為馬 庭偉先生的兄嫂。

馬庭偉先生,54歲,為執行董事兼本集團資訊 科技及業務發展總監,主要負責監督本集團的 業務擴展及有關本集團業務營運的資訊科技系 統開發及維護。馬先生於2016年7月25日獲 委任為董事,並於2016年12月19日調任為執 行董事。

馬先生積極參與本集團的資訊科技基礎設施發 展、整合不同部門的資訊科技平台,以增進營 運效率。彼亦在監督及評估本集團業務及策略 計劃方面擔任重要的角色。

馬先生畢業於南加州大學,獲得電腦科學理學 學士學位,於海外及大中華地區的跨國公司 (包括財富500強公司)中獲得豐富經驗,當中 涉及技術至銷售及市場推廣職能不等。彼是一 名在直接投資及業務發展方面擁有豐富經驗的 企業家,可以將策略計劃訣竅知識帶給本集 團。馬先生為馬黎珈而女士的小叔。

馬先生於2020年7月1日辭任執行董事。

董事及高級管理層之履歷詳情

Mr. HO, Tsz Leung Lincoln (何子亮), aged 44, joined the Group in July 2019 as the chief brand officer in which he has been responsible for formulating and leading the Group's brand strategies, as well as overseeing the Group's marketing and sales operations. Mr. Ho was appointed as an executive Director on 22 April 2020. Mr. Ho has been promoted to Chief Operation Officer effective May 2020. Prior to joining the Group, Mr. Ho worked in the role of art/creative director in a number of advertising firms, namely DDB Worldwide, Leo Burnett etc., whose clients included a world renowned international fast-food corporation, personal skin care corporations, an automobile corporation and a major transport corporation in Hong Kong. He has also contributed in the film industry that earned him a nomination in The 24th Hong Kong Film Awards in 2005.

何子亮先生,44歲,於2019年7月加入本集 團擔任首席品牌官,負責制定及指導本集團的 品牌策略,並監督本集團的市場推廣及銷售營 運。何先生於2020年4月22日獲委任為執行 董事。何先生已於2020年5月晉升為首席營 運官。於加入本集團前,何先生於多間廣告公 司任職藝術/創意總監,包括DDB Worldwide 及Leo Burnett等,該等公司的客戶包括世界 知名的國際快餐公司、個人護膚公司、汽車公 司及香港一間主要運輸公司。彼亦投身於電影 行業,於2005年榮獲第24屆香港電影金像獎 提名。

何先生於2006年至2016年十年期間任職醫學 美容公司紐頓醫學美容集團有限公司,最後職

位為市場傳訊總監,其後於2016年在香港機

場管理局零售及廣告部擔任助理總經理。彼於

2017年至2019年再次加入紐頓醫學美容集團

有限公司,最後職位為數字營銷總監。於加入

學士學位,並於1999年在同一所大學取得設

Mr. Ho spent a decade at Neo Derm Group Ltd. a medical aesthetics company, from 2006 to 2016 with his last position as marketing communication director, and then worked in Airport Authority Hong Kong in 2016 as assistant general manager in the retail and advertising department. He rejoined Neo Derm Group Ltd from 2017 to 2019 with his last position as digital marketing director. He had also worked for BTL Hong Kong Limited as regional marketing director before joining the Group.

本集團前,彼亦曾於BTL Hong Kong Limited 擔任區域營銷總監。 何先生於2002年取得香港理工大學設計學文

計學文憑。

Mr. Ho holds a Bachelor of Arts in Design from The Hong Kong Polytechnic University in 2002, as well as a Diploma in Design Studies in 1999 from the same university.

> 林秉恩醫生,68歲,於2020年7月加入本集 團擔任執行董事。彼於1978年至2012年的34 年間一直擔任公務員。彼於1978年加入當時 的香港醫務衞生署(現稱衞生署)並擔任醫生, 展開作為公務員的職業生涯,其後於1984年 晉升為高級醫生及於1989年晉升為衞生署的 初級首長級官員(首席醫生)。彼於1993年獲 委任為總港口衞生主任及社會醫學專科醫生、 於1994年晉升為衞生署助理署長、於1996年 晉升為衞生署副署長及於2003年晉升為衞生 署署長。林醫生擔任公務員期間,彼曾分別作 為衞生署副署長及衞生署署長參與香港的嚴重 急性呼吸系統綜合症(沙士)及豬流感防控工 作,其後於2012年自34年的公務員任期退任。

Dr. LAM Ping Yan (林秉恩), 68, joined the Group in July 2020 as an executive Director. He had been serving as a public officer for 34 years from 1978 to 2012. He commenced his career as a public officer when he joined at the then Medical and Health Department (now known as Department of Health) of Hong Kong in 1978 as a Medical and Health Officer before being promoted to Senior Medical and Health Officer in 1984, junior directorate officer (Principal Medical Officer) of the Department of Health in 1989. He was appointed as Chief Port Health Officer and Community Physician in 1993, Assistant Director of Health in 1994, Deputy Director of Health in 1996 and Director of Health in 2003. During Dr. Lam's tenure as a public officer, he had been involved in the prevention and control of severe acute respiratory syndrome (SARS) and swine flu in Hong Kong as Deputy Director of Health and Director of Health, respectively, before he retired from his 34 years tenure as a public officer in 2012.

董事及高級管理層之履歷詳情

Dr. Lam played and continues to play an active role in the public health community. He has been a life member of the Society of Community Medicine and life associate member of the Hong Kong AIDS Foundation, since 1990 and 1991, respectively. Between 1995 and 2013, he had served as a Justice of the Peace. He was a member of the Council of Smoking and Health from 1996 to 2003. Between 2001 and 2012, he was a member of the Medical Council of Hong Kong. Between 2003 and June 2012, he served as (i) Commissioner of Auxiliary Medical Service; (ii) Chairman of Chinese Medicines Board; (iii) Chairman of International Advisory Board of Hong Kong Chinese Materia Medica Standards; (iv) Chairman of Pharmacy and Poisons Board; (v) Chairman of Radiation Board; (vi) Member of the Chinese Medicine Council of Hong Kong; (vii) Member of the Chinese Medicine Practitioners Board; and (viii) Member of the Hospital Authority Board. He has been an Honorary Professor of the Department of Medicine and Therapeutics and School of Public Health of the Chinese University of Hong Kong since 2004. Between 2004 and 2005, Dr. Lam was a Council member of the Hong Kong College of Community Medicine. He was Deputy Chairman of Cancer Coordinating Committee from 2006 to June 2012. Between 2008 and June 2012, he was the Vice Chairman of the Working Group on Diet and Physical Activity and Steering Committee on Prevention and Control of Non-Communicable Diseases. He was the Vice Chairman of Working Group on Alcohol and Health and Working Group on Injuries from 2009 to June 2012. On various occasions, he had served as a temporary advisor to the World Health Organization ("WHO") on policy and strategy of development of traditional medicine and control of non-communicable diseases. He served as Chairman to the 2009/2010 Session of the Regional Committee Meeting of the Western Pacific Region of WHO. Between 2010 and 2013, Dr. Lam served as an Adviser of the Overseas Expert Consulting Committee of the Ministry of Health of the People's Republic of China ("PRC") for Health Care Reform. In 2012, he was awarded the Silver Bauhinia Star by the Government of the Hong Kong Special Administrative Region of the PRC. He was further awarded with the Cross-Strait Contribution Award for Chinese in Tobacco Control by the Chinese Association on Tobacco Control in the PRC in 2012. He was the Principal Adviser (International Collaboration) of the National Administration of Traditional Chinese Medicine of PRC between 2012 and 2017.

林醫生曾經並將繼續在公共衛生界發揮積極作 用。彼自1990年及1991年起分別為社會醫學 學會終身會員及香港愛滋病基金會終身會員。 彼於1995年至2013年曾為太平紳士。彼於 1996年至2003年為吸煙與健康委員會成員。 於2001年至2012年,彼為香港醫務委員會成 員。於2003年至2012年6月,彼為的醫療輔 助隊總監;(ii)中藥組主席;(iii)香港中藥材標準 國際專家委員會主席; (iv)藥劑業及毒藥管理 局主席;(v)輻射管理局主席;(vi)香港中醫藥 管理委員會成員;(vii)中醫組成員;及(viii)醫院 管理局大會成員。自2004年起,彼為香港中 文大學內科及藥物治療學系及公共衞生學院名 譽教授。於2004年至2005年,林醫生為香港 社會醫學學院理事會成員。彼於2006年至 2012年6月為癌症事務統籌委員會副主席。於 2008年至2012年6月,彼為飲食及體能活動 工作小組及防控非傳染病督導委員會副主席。 於2009年至2012年6月,彼為飲酒與健康工 作小組及損傷工作小組副主席。在不同場合, 彼曾擔任世界衛生組織(「世衛」)關於發展傳統 醫學及控制非傳染性疾病的政策及戰略的臨時 顧問。彼曾為2009 / 2010 屆世衞西太平洋區 域委員會會議主席。於2010年至2013年,林 醫生曾為中華人民共和國(「中國」)衛生部深化 醫藥衛生體制改革海外專家諮詢委員會顧問。 於2012年,彼獲中國香港特別行政區政府頒 授銀紫荊星章。於2012年,彼進一步在中國 獲中國控制吸煙協會頒授兩岸四地華人煙害防 制貢獻獎。於2012年至2017年,彼為中國國 家中醫藥管理局的國際合作首席顧問。

董事及高級管理層之履歷詳情

Dr. Lam graduated from the University of Hong Kong, faculty of Medicine with his Bachelor of Medicine and Bachelor of Surgery in 1977. He further obtained his Master of Medicine degree in Public Health from the National University of Singapore in 1992. He is also a fellow of the Hong Kong Academy of Medicine and a registered specialist in community medicine.

林醫生於1977年自香港大學醫學院畢業並獲 授醫學學士學位及外科學士學位。彼於1992 年進一步獲新加坡國立大學頒授公共衛生醫學 碩士學位。彼亦是香港醫學專科學院院士及社 會醫學註冊專科醫生。

Independent Non-Executive Directors

Mr. CHENG Fu Kwok David (鄭輔國), aged 71, was appointed as an independent non-executive director on 19 December 2016. He is also a member of audit committee and nomination committee. Mr. Cheng graduated from the University of Hong Kong in November 1975 with a Bachelor Degree in Social Sciences. He has extensive experience in banking, corporate finance and shipfinance. Mr. Cheng has retired from the Head of Shipfinance in the Shipfinance Department of Credit Agricole CIB with effect from 1 May 2014 and was the Senior Advisor to the Global Shipping Group of that bank from June 2014 to June 2016. He was the Honorary Chairman of Credit Agricole Asia Shipfinance Limited for 3 years from 2016. Credit Agricole CIB and Credit Agricole Asia Shipfinance Limited are third parties independent of the Company and not connected persons of the Company. Mr. Cheng was a member of the Working Group on Transportation under the Hong Kong Economic Development Commission, a member of Hong Kong Maritime and Port Board, and the chairman of the Promotion and External Relations Committee of the Maritime and Port Board till March 2018. In May 2015, Mr. Cheng was conferred the Distinction of "Chevalier de l'Ordre National du Mérite" by the French Government. Mr. Cheng has been an independent non-executive director of Singamas Container Holdings Limited (Stock Code: 716) since 1 November 2012 and the independent non-executive director of Sincere Navigation Corp (新興 航運股份有限公司) which is listed on the Taiwan Stock Exchange with effect from 28 June 2019. He is the Honorary Treasurer of the Hong Kong Maritime Museum from 2016.

獨立非執行董事

鄭輔國先生,71歲,於2016年12月19日獲 委任為獨立非執行董事。彼亦為審核委員會及 提名委員會成員。鄭先生於1975年11月畢業 於香港大學,獲得社會科學學士學位。彼於銀 行、企業財務及船舶融資方面擁有豐富的經 驗。鄭先生已由2014年5月1日起退任東方匯 理銀行船務融資部主管,並於2014年6月至 2016年6月擔任該銀行環球航運組的高級顧 問。自2016年起,彼已連續三年擔任東方匯 理亞洲船務融資有限公司名譽主席。東方匯理 銀行及東方匯理亞洲船務融資有限公司為本公 司獨立第三方且並非本公司關連人士。直至 2018年3月,鄭先生為香港經濟發展委員會航 運業工作小組成員、香港海運港口局成員以及 香港海運港口局推廣及外務委員會主席。於 2015年5月,鄭先生獲法國政府頒授「國家功 績騎士勳章」。鄭先生自2012年11月1日起擔 任勝獅貨櫃企業有限公司(股份代號:716)之 獨立非執行董事及自2019年6月28日起擔任 新興航運股份有限公司(於臺灣證券交易所上 市)的獨立非執行董事。自2016年起,彼為香 港海事博物館榮譽司庫。

董事及高級管理層之履歷詳情

Mr. CHENG Yuk Wo (鄭毓和), aged 59, was appointed as an independent non-executive director on 19 December 2016. He is the chairman of the audit and remuneration committees and a member of the nomination committee. Mr. Cheng has been a member and fellow of the Institute of Chartered Accountants in England and Wales since December 1987 and August 1998 respectively and a fellow of the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants (the "HKICPA") since January 1999, and a member and fellow of the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Ontario, Canada since November 1990 and December 2019. Mr. Cheng has over 30 years of experience in auditing, finance and business management. He has been the sole proprietor of Erik Cheng & Co., Certified Public Accountants in Hong Kong since 1999.Mr. Cheng graduated from the University of Kent, England with a Bachelor's degree in Accounting in July 1983 and a Master's degree in Accounting and Finance from the London School of Economics, England in August 1984. Mr. Cheng resigned as an independent non-executive director of C.P. Lotus Corporation which was delisted on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange (Stock Code: 121) with effect from 28 October 2019. Mr. Cheng currently acts as an independent non-executive director of a number of companies listed on the Stock Exchange, namely, CSI Properties Limited (Stock Code: 497), HKC (Holdings) Limited (Stock Code: 190), Chong Hing Bank Limited (Stock Code: 1111), Top Spring International Holdings Limited (Stock Code: 3688), Liu Chong Hing Investment Limited (Stock Code: 194), Goldbond Group Holdings Limited (Stock Code: 172), Chia Tai Enterprises International Limited (Stock Code: 3839), CPMC Holdings Limited (Stock Code: 906), Somerley Capital Holdings Limited (Stock Code: 8439), Kidsland International Holdings Limited (Stock Code: 2122) and C.P. Pokphand Co.Ltd (Stock Code: 43). Mr. Cheng retired the independent non-executive director of DTXS Silk Road Investment Holdings Company Limited (Stock Code: 620) with effect from 29 May 2020.

鄭毓和先生,59歲,於2016年12月19日獲 委任為獨立非執行董事。彼為審核委員會及薪 酬委員會主席及提名委員會成員。鄭先生分別 自1987年12月及1998年8月起成為英格蘭及 威爾士特許會計師公會會員及資深會員、自 1999年1月起成為香港會計師公會(「香港會計 師公會」)資深會員,並自1990年11月及2019 年12月起分別成為加拿大安大略省特許會計 師公會會員及資深會員。鄭先生擁有超過30 年審計、財務及業務管理經驗。彼自1999年 起在香港獨資經營計冊會計師行鄭毓和會計師 行。鄭先生於1983年7月在英格蘭肯特大學 畢業,取得會計學士學位,並於1984年8月在 英格蘭倫敦經濟學院取得會計及金融碩士學 位。鄭先生辭任卜蜂蓮花有限公司(已於聯交 所主板除牌,股份代號121)的獨立非執行董 事,自2019年10月28日起生效。鄭先生現為 眾多聯交所上市公司的獨立非執行董事,該等 上市公司為資本策略地產有限公司(股份代號 497)、香港建設(控股)有限公司(股份代號: 190)、 創 興 銀 行 有 限 公 司(股 份 代 號: 1111)、萊蒙國際集團有限公司(股份代號: 3688)、廖創興企業有限公司(股份代號: 194)、金榜集團控股有限公司(股份代號: 172)、正大企業國際有限公司(股份代號: 3839)、中糧包裝控股有限公司(股份代號: 906)、新百利融資控股有限公司(股份代號: 8439)、凱知樂國際控股有限公司(股份代號: 2122)及卜蜂國際有限公司(股份代號:43)。 鄭先生自2020年5月29日起退任大唐西市絲 路投資控股有限公司(股份代號:620)的獨立 非執行董事。

董事及高級管理層之履歷詳情

Mr. LI Wai Kwan (李偉君), aged 48, was appointed as an independent non-executive director on 19 December 2016. He is a member of the audit committee and remuneration committee. Mr. Li has many years of experience in accounting, finance and investment management. Mr. Li is the chief financial officer of Crystal International Group Limited (stock code: 2232), which is principally engaged in manufacturing of fashion products since November 2018, while he is responsible for finance matters for that group. From March 2005 to September 2006, he worked for Esprit Holdings Limited, which is listed on the Main Board (stock code: 330) and principally engaged in manufacturing, retail and wholesale distribution of fashion products, and he served as a vice president of operational finance and a vice president of finance in Asia Pacific region from March 2005 to September 2006, while he was responsible for finance and operational matters. From October 2006 to September 2010, he was a vice president of COFCO China Agri-Industries Holdings Limited, which is listed on the Main Board (stock code: 606) and principally engaged in trading on agricultural raw materials, manufacturing and distributing food products, while he was responsible for finance, investment and company secretarial matters. Mr. Li was a managing director and director of the board of COFCO Agricultural Industrial Investment Fund Management Company Limited, which is principally engaged in asset management, from September 2010 to October 2011, and he was responsible for managing overall business and investment matters. Mr. Li was a managing director of Origo Partners PLC, whose shares are listed on the London Stock Exchange and principal business is private equity investment, from November 2011 to January 2013, and he was responsible for investment matters. Mr. Li was the chief financial officer of Zhuhai Dahengqin Company Limited and its affiliate Zhuhai Dahengqin Property Company Limited, which is principally engaged in primary land development, real estate development, theme park construction and operation, city operational management, and asset management in Henggin Free Trade Zone, from August 2013 to October 2018, while he was responsible for finance, investment and fund management matters. Mr. Li is a director, executive committee member and honorary treasurer of the Hong Kong - ASEAN Economic Cooperation Foundation since 2015, a board member of Chartered Professional Accountants of Canada — Hong Kong Chapter since 2017, an Honorary President of the Institute of Certified Management Accountants — Hong Kong & Macau Branch since 2018 and a Chairman of Institute of Public Accountants — Hong Kong Branch since 2019.

李偉君先生,48歲,於2016年12月19日獲 委任為獨立非執行董事。彼為審核委員會及薪 酬委員會成員。李先生於會計、財務及投資管 理有多年經驗。自2018年11月起,李先生於 晶苑國際集團有限公司(股份代號:2232,主 要從事時裝產品製造)擔任首席財務官,負責 該集團的財務工作。自2005年3月至2006年 9月,彼在於主板上市的思捷環球控股有限公 司(股份代號:330,主要從事時裝產品製造、 零售及批發分銷)擔任營運財務副總裁及亞太 區財務副總裁,負責財務及營運工作。自 2006年10月至2010年9月,彼在於主板上市 的中國糧油控股有限公司(股份代號:606,主 要從事農業原材料貿易、食品製造及分銷)擔 任副總裁,負責財務、投資及公司秘書工作。 自2010年9月至2011年10月,李先生於中糧 農業產業投資基金管理有限責任公司(主要從 事資產管理)擔任董事總經理及董事會董事, 負責整體業務管理及投資工作。自2011年11 月至2013年1月,李先生在其股份於倫敦證 券交易所上市的Origo Partners PLC(主要從事 私募股權投資)擔任董事總經理,負責投資工 作。自2013年8月至2018年10月,李先生於 珠海大横琴股份有限公司及其聯屬公司珠海大 橫琴置業有限公司(主要從事橫琴自貿區的土 地一級開發、房地產開發、產業園建設及營 運、城市營運管理及資產管理)擔任首席財務 官,負責財務、投資及基金管理工作。李先生 自2015年起擔任香港一東盟經濟合作基金會 理事、執行委員會委員兼義務司庫,自2017 年起擔任加拿大特許專業會計師公會香港分會 之董事會成員,自2018年起擔任澳洲管理會 計師協會香港及澳門分會之名譽會長,並自 2019年起擔任澳洲公共會計師協會香港分會 主席。

董事及高級管理層之履歷詳情

Mr. Li was the chairman of Investor Relations Committee of the Chamber of Hong Kong Listed Companies from 2008 to 2010, the honorary vice chairman of China Enterprise Reputation and Credibility Association (Overseas) in 2009, the chairman of Partnership and Promotion Committee of the Hong Kong Investor Relations Association from 2009 to 2010, a member of the Organising Committee of Directors of the Year Awards 2010 organised by The Hong Kong Institute of Directors in 2010, a committee member of the PRC committee of the Hong Kong Venture Capital and Private Equity Association in 2011, and a committee member of Public Awareness Committee of Hong Kong Society of Financial Analysts in 2016. Mr. Li was a member of Finance Committee of the Hong Kong Housing Authority from 2010 to 2012. Mr. Li was the guest lecturer of the Macau University of Science and Technology in 2016. Mr. Li graduated from University of Toronto in Canada with a bachelor of commerce degree with distinction in November 1995. He further obtained a master of business administration degree from Schulich School of Business, York University in Canada in November 1996. Mr. Li was admitted as a chartered financial analyst of the Chartered Financial Analysts Institute in September 2001, a certified general accountant of the Certified General Accountants Association of Canada in October 2002, a certified public accountant of the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants in October 2004, a fellow chartered certified accountant of the Association of Chartered Certified Accountants in April 2010, a chartered professional accountant of the Chartered Professional Accountants of British Columbia, Canada in June 2015, a member of Hong Kong Business Accountants Association in December 2015, a fellow certified management accountant of the Institute of Certified Management Accountants in April 2016, a fellow chartered accountant of the Institute of Chartered Accountant in England & Wales in June 2018, and a fellow of the Institute of Public Accountants in July 2019 in Australia, and a fellow of the Institute of Financial Accountants in July 2019 in United Kingdom.

李先生於2008年至2010年擔任香港上市公司 商會之投資者關係委員會主席,於2009年擔 任中華(海外)企業信譽協會名譽副會長,自 2009年至2010年擔任香港投資者關係協會合 作及推廣委員會主席,於2010年擔任香港董 事學會2010年度傑出董事獎組委會成員,於 2011年擔任香港創業及私募投資協會中國委 員會委員及於2016年擔任香港財經分析師協 會公眾意識委員會委員。李先生自2010年至 2012年擔任香港房屋委員會財務委員會成員。 李先生於2016年擔任澳門科技大學客座講師。 李先生於1995年11月畢業於加拿大多倫多大 學,獲取一級榮譽商學士學位。彼於1996年 11月畢業於加拿大約克大學舒力克商學院, 獲取工商管理碩士學位。李先生於2001年9月 獲特許財務分析師公會認可為特許財務分析 師,於2002年10月獲加拿大註冊會計師公會 認可為註冊會計師,於2004年10月獲香港會 計師公會認可為執業會計師,於2010年4月 獲英國特許公認會計師公會認可為資深特許公 認會計師,於2015年6月獲加拿大英屬哥倫 比亞省特許專業會計師公會認可為特許專業會 計師,於2015年12月獲香港商界會計師協會 認可為會員,於2016年4月獲澳洲註冊管理 會計師公會認可為資深註冊管理會計師,於 2018年6月獲英格蘭及威爾斯特許會計師公會 認可為資深特許會計師,並於2019年7月分 別獲澳洲公共會計師協會及英國財務會計師公 會認可為資深會員。

董事及高級管理層之履歷詳情

Mr. Li is the independent non-executive director of K W Nelson Interior Design and Contracting Group Limited (stock code: 8411) since 18 November 2016, the independent non-executive director of Enterprise Development Holdings Limited (stock code: 1808) since 27 April 2017, the independent non-executive director of TL Natural Gas Holdings Limited (stock code: 8536) since 18 May 2018, and the independent non-executive director of China Greenfresh Group Company Limited (stock code: 6183) since 20 July 2018. Mr. Li was the independent non-executive director of China Graphene Group Limited (stock code: 63) from 1 February 2018 to 30 November

Note: The Group's business are under the direct responsibility of the above executive Directors who are the senior management of the Company.

李先生自2016年11月18日起為K W Nelson Interior Design and Contracting Group Limited (股份代號:8411)的獨立非執行董事;自 2017年4月27日起為企展控股有限公司(股份 代號:1808)的獨立非執行董事;自2018年5 月18日 起 為TL Natural Gas Holdings Limited (股份代號:8536)的獨立非執行董事;及自 2018年7月20日起為中國綠寶集團有限公司(股 份代號:6183)的獨立非執行董事。李先生自 2018年2月1日至2018年11月30日為中國烯 谷集團有限公司(股份代號:63)的獨立非執 行董事。

附註: 本集團之業務由上列執行董事(即本公司的高級管理 人員)直接負責。

企業管治報告

Corporate Governance Code

The Group recognises the importance of achieving the highest standard of corporate governance consistent with the needs and requirements of its businesses and the best interest of all of its stakeholders, and the board of directors (the "Board") is fully committed to doing so. The Board believes that high standards of corporate governance provide a framework and solid foundation for the Group to manage business risks, enhance transparency, achieve high standard of accountability and protect stakeholders' interests.

The Company has adopted the principles and the code provisions set out in the Corporate Governance Code (the "CG Code") contained in Appendix 14 of Listing Rules. During the year ended 31 March 2020, the Company had complied with all the applicable code provisions of the CG Code, except the deviation stipulated below.

According to the code provision A.2.1 of the CG Code, the roles of the chairman and chief executive should be separate and should not be performed by the same individual. Under the current management structure of the Company, Ms. LAI Ka Yee Gigi (Mrs. Gigi Ma) is the chairlady of the Board (the "Chairlady") and chief executive officer of the Company (the "Chief Executive Officer"). As Mrs. Gigi Ma has been leading the Group as the Group's Chief Executive Officer and sole director of each of major subsidiaries since the establishment of the relevant major subsidiaries, the Board believes that it is in the best interest of the Group to continue to have Mrs. Gigi Ma acting as the Chairlady and Chief Executive Officer for more effective management and planning of the Group. Therefore, the Board considers that the deviation from provision A.2.1 of the CG Code is appropriate in the circumstances and currently does not propose to separate the functions of chairman and the chief executive officer.

Compliance of Code of Conduct for Directors' Securities Transactions

The Company has adopted the Model Code for Securities Transactions Directors of Listed Issuers contained in Appendix 10 of the Listing Rules of the Stock Exchange. Having made specific enquiries to all the Directors, all the Directors confirmed that they had complied with the required standard of dealings and the code of conduct regarding securities transactions by Directors adopted by the Company during the Period.

企業管治守則

本集團深明達致配合其業務的需要及要求且符 合其所有持份者最佳利益之最高標準企業管治 之重要性,而董事會(「董事會」)一直致力進行 有關工作。董事會相信,高標準企業管治能為 本集團奠定良好架構,紮穩根基,不單有助管 理業務風險及提高透明度,亦能維持高標準問 責性及保障持份者之利益。

本公司已採納上市規則附錄14所載企業管治 守則(「企業管治守則」)載列的原則及守則條 文。截至2020年3月31日止年度,本公司已 遵守企業管治守則的所有適用守則條文,惟下 述偏離情況除外。

根據企業管治守則的守則條文第A.2.1條,主 席及行政總裁的職權應予以區分,不應由同一 人擔任。根據目前本公司的管理架構,黎珈而 女士(馬黎珈而女士)為本公司的董事會主席 (「主席」)及行政總裁(「行政總裁」)。由於馬黎 珈而女士一直擔任本集團行政總裁領導本集 團,並在相關主要附屬公司成立以來一直擔任 各主要附屬公司之唯一董事,董事會相信,馬 黎珈而女士繼續擔任主席及行政總裁符合本集 團最佳利益,以更有效管理及規劃本集團。因 此,董事會認為,偏離企業管治守則條文第 A.2.1條的情況屬適當,目前並不建議區分主 席與行政總裁的職責。

遵守董事進行證券交易之行為守則

本公司已採納聯交所上市規則附錄10所載的 上市發行人董事進行證券交易的標準守則。經 向全體董事作出特定查詢後,全體董事確認於 本期間內已遵守交易的所需標準及本公司所採 納關於董事進行證券交易的行為守則。

企業管治報告

Board of Directors

Board Composition

During the Year Under Review and up to the date of this report, the composition of the Board is as follows:

Executive Directors

Ms. Lai Ka Yee Gigi (Chairlady and Chief Executive Officer)

Mr. Ma Ting Wai Barry

Mr. Ho Tsz Leung Lincoln (appointed on 22 April 2020)

Independent Non-Executive Directors

Mr. Cheng Yuk Wo

Mr. Cheng Fu Kwok David

Mr. Li Wai Kwan

*:Mr. Ma Ting Wai Barry resigned as an executive Director on 1 July 2020.

During the year ended 31 March 2020, the Company has complied with Rule 3.10 of the Listing Rules relating to the appointment of at least 3 independent non-executive directors representing more than one-third of the Board and the non-executive directors whom possesses appropriate professional qualifications or accounting or related financial management expertise. All independent nonexecutive Directors also meet the guidelines for assessment of their independence pursuant to Rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules. Each of the independent non-executive Directors makes an annual confirmation of independence pursuant to the requirements of the Listing Rules. The Company is of that view that all the independent non-executive Directors meet the independence guidelines set out in the relevant requirements of the Listing Rules and are independent in accordance with the terms of the guidelines.

Other than Mrs. Gigi Ma is the sister-in-law of Mr. Ma Ting Wai Barry, the Directors do not have financial, business, family or other material/ relevant relationships with each other.

After annual assessment by the Nomination Committee, the Board considers the current structure, size and composition of the Board is performing a balanced and independent monitoring function on management practices to complement the Company's corporate strategy. The Directors and their biographical details as at the date of this annual report are set out on pages 21 to 28 of this annual report.

董事會

董事會組成

於回顧年度及直至本報告日期,董事會之組成 如下:

執行董事

黎珈而女士(主席兼行政總裁) 馬庭偉先生 何子亮先生(於2020年4月22日獲委任)

獨立非執行董事

鄭毓和先生 鄭輔國先生 李偉君先生

*: 馬庭偉先生於2020年7月1日辭任執行董事。

截至2020年3月31日止年度,本公司已遵照 上市規則第3.10條有關委任至少三名獨立非執 行董事而其至少佔董事會三分之一的規定,該 等獨立非執行董事均具備適當專業資格或會計 或相關財務管理專長。所有獨立非執行董事亦 符合上市規則第3.13條評估其獨立性的指引。 各獨立非執行董事根據上市規則的規定發出年 度獨立性確認書。本公司認為,所有獨立非執 行董事均符合上市規則所載有關獨立性指引之 相關規定,並根據指引的條款而言均屬獨立人 + .

除馬黎珈而女士為馬庭偉先生之兄嫂外,董事 之間概無財務、業務、家屬或其他重大/相關 關係。

提名委員會進行年度評核後,董事會認為董事 會現時的架構、規模及組成對管理層慣例正發 揮公正及獨立的監察職能,以配合本公司的企 業策略。董事及彼等於本年報日期的履歷詳情 載於本年報第21至28頁。

企業管治報告

Chairlady and Chief Executive Officer

Mrs. Gigi Ma is the Chairlady and Chief Executive Officer. As Mrs. Gigi Ma has been leading the Group as the Group's Chief Executive Officer and sole director of each of major subsidiaries since the establishment of the relevant major subsidiaries, the Board believes that it is in the best interest of the Group to continue to have Mrs. Gigi Ma acting as the Chairlady and Chief Executive Officer for more effective management and planning of the Group. Therefore, the Board considers that the deviation from code provision A.2.1 of the CG Code is appropriate in the circumstances and currently does not propose to separate the functions of chairman and the chief executive officer.

Mrs. Gigi Ma is the Chairlady and Chief Executive Officer who is responsible for overall management, branding and strategic, planning, marketing and development of our Group. She also is a member of remuneration committee and chairing the Nomination Committee.

Roles and Responsibility of the Board

The Board is responsible for the overall management of the Group, which includes controlling resources allocation of the Company and leading the Company to strive for success. It oversees the Group's businesses, strategic decisions, internal control, risk management and performances. The management team is delegated with the authority and responsibility by the Board for the daily management of the Group. The delegated functions and work tasks are periodically reviewed. Major corporate matters that are specifically delegated by the Board to the management include (1) the preparation of interim and annual reports and announcements for the Board's approval before publishing; (2) implementation of adequate systems of internal controls and risk management procedures; and (3) compliance with relevant statutory and regulatory requirements and rules and regulations. It is the responsibility of the Board to determine the appropriate corporate governance practices applicable to the Company's circumstances and to ensure processes and procedures are in place to achieve the Company's corporate governance objectives.

主席及行政總裁

馬黎珈而女士為主席兼行政總裁。由於馬黎珈 而女士一直擔任本集團行政總裁領導本集團, 且於相關主要附屬公司成立以來一直擔任各主 要附屬公司之唯一董事,董事會相信,馬黎珈 而女士繼續擔任主席及行政總裁符合本集團最 佳利益,以更有效管理及規劃本集團。因此, 董事會認為,偏離企業管治守則守則條文第 A.2.1條的情況屬適當,目前並不建議區分主 席與行政總裁的職責。

馬黎珈而女士為主席兼行政總裁,負責本集團 的整體管理、品牌推廣及策略、企劃、市場推 廣及發展。彼亦為薪酬委員會成員,並擔任提 名委員會主席。

董事會的角色及職責

董事會負責本集團的整體管理,包括控制本公 司資源分配及帶領本公司爭取成功。其監督本 集團的業務、戰略決策、內部監控、風險管理 及表現。管理團隊就本集團日常管理獲董事會 委派權力及職責。董事會定期檢討其所委派之 職能及工作。董事會特別委派管理層處理之主 要企業事宜包括(1)編製中期及年度報告以及 公告以供董事會於刊發前審批;(2)執行充足之 內部監控系統及風險管理程序;及(3)遵守相 關法定及監管規定、規則及規例。董事會亦負 責釐定適用於本公司情況的合適企業管治常 規, 並確保現有流程及程序到位並可達致本公 司企業管治目標。

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT 企業管治報告

Board/Board Committee Meetings

The Board meets regularly to discuss the overall strategy as well as the operation and financial performance of the Company, and to review and approve the Company's interim and annual results. Four regular board meetings were held during the year ended 31 March 2020 and the attendance of each Director at the Board meetings is set out on page 32 of this report. At the Board meeting held on 15 June 2020, the Board has approved, among other matters, the audited consolidated financial statements of the Company and its subsidiaries for the year ended 31 March 2020.

Regular Board meetings for each year are scheduled in advance to facilitate maximum attendance of Directors. All Directors are given an opportunity to include matters for discussion in the agenda. The Company Secretary assists the Chairlady in preparing the agenda for meetings to comply with all applicable rules and regulations. The agenda and the accompanying Board papers are normally sent to Directors at least three days before the intended date of a Board meeting. Draft minutes of each Board meeting are circulated to Directors for their comment before being tabled at the next Board meeting for approval. The minutes are kept by the Company Secretary and are open for inspection at any reasonable time on reasonable notice by any Director.

董事會/董事委員會會議

董事會定期舉行會議,以討論整體策略及本公 司之營運及財務表現, 並審閱及批准本公司的 中期及年度業績。於截至2020年3月31日止 年度已定期舉行四次董事會會議,而各董事出 席董事會會議之情況載於本報告第32頁。於 2020年6月15日舉行之董事會會議上,董事 會已批准(其中包括)本公司及其附屬公司於截 至2020年3月31日止年度之經審核綜合財務 報表。

每年定期舉行之董事會會議均提早作出安排, 以盡可能安排更多董事出席。所有董事獲提供 機會將討論事項納入議程內。公司秘書協助主 席準備會議議程,以符合所有適用規則及規 例。董事會一般於董事會會議的擬定日期前至 少三日向董事寄發議程及相關董事會文件。各 董事會會議的會議記錄初稿會於提呈下一次董 事會會議以獲批准前送交董事傳閱,以供彼等 提出意見。會議記錄由公司秘書存檔,亦可由 任何董事提出合理通知於任何合理時間內公開 杳閱。

Attendance/Number of Meetings Held

出席/舉行會議次數

			Audit	Remuneration	Nomination	Annual
		Board	Committee	Committee	Committee	General
		Meeting	Meeting	Meeting	Meeting	Meeting
			審核委員會	薪酬委員會	提名委員會	股東
		董事會會議	會議	會議	會議	週年大會
Executive Directors	執行董事					
Ms. Lai Ka Yee Gigi	黎珈而女士	4/4	_	3/3	1/1	1/1
Mr. Ma Ting Wai Barry	馬庭偉先生	4/4	-	-	_	1/1
Independent Non-Executive Directors	獨立非執行董事					
Mr. Cheng Fu Kwok David	鄭輔國先生	4/4	3/3	_	1/1	1/1
Mr. Cheng Yuk Wo	鄭毓和先生	4/4	3/3	3/3	1/1	1/1
Mr. Li Wai Kwan	李偉君先生	4/4	3/3	3/3	_	1/1

企業管治報告

Appointment, Re-election, Rotation and Removal of **Directors**

In accordance with the Articles of Association, the Directors shall have the power from time to time and at any time to appoint any person as a Director either to fill a casual vacancy on the Board or as an addition to the existing Board. Any Director appointed by the Board to fill a casual vacancy shall hold office until the first general meeting of Members after his appointment and be subject to re-election at such meeting and any Director appointed by the Board as an addition to the existing Board shall hold office only until the next following annual general meeting of the Company and shall then be eligible for re-election.

At each annual general meeting of the Company, not less than onethird of the Directors shall retire from office by rotation provided that each Director shall be subject to retirement by rotation at the annual general meeting at least once every three years.

There was no change in the composition of the Board during the Year Under Review.

Directors' Continuous Professional Development

The Company encourages all Directors to participate in continuous professional development to further enhance and refresh their knowledge and skills to ensure their contribution to the Board remains informed and relevant. The Company received from the Directors the following records of the training attended during the year ended 31 March 2020.

董事的委任、重撰、輪撰及罷免

根據組織章程細則,董事有權不時及隨時委任 仟何人十為董事以填補董事會臨時空缺或增加 現行董事會席位。獲董事會委任以填補臨時空 缺之任何董事將任職直至其獲委任後的首屆股 東大會為止,並於該大會上重選連任,而獲董 事會委任以增加現行董事會席位之任何董事僅 將任職直至本公司下屆股東週年大會為止,並 符合資格重選連仟。

於本公司的每屆股東週年大會上,不少於三分 之一之董事須輪值退任,惟各董事須於股東週 年大會上最少每三年輪值退任一次。

於回顧年度,董事會之組成並無變動。

董事持續專業發展

本公司鼓勵所有董事參與持續專業發展以進一 步增加及更新彼等之知識及技能,確保彼等繼 續在具備全面資訊及切合所需的情況下對董事 會作出貢獻。董事均已向本公司提供以下彼等 於截至2020年3月31日止年度所參與的培訓 記錄。

Nature of Trainings 培訓性質

		Type 1 第1類	Type 2 第2類
		カース カース	
Executive Directors	執行董事		
Ms. Lai Ka Yee Gigi	黎珈而女士		✓
Mr. Ma Ting Wai Barry	馬庭偉先生		✓
Independent Non-Executive Directors	獨立非執行董事		
Mr. Cheng Yuk Wo	鄭毓和先生	✓	✓
Mr. Cheng Fu Kwok David	鄭輔國先生	✓	
Mr. Li Wai Kwan	李偉君先生		✓

Type of trainings:

- Reading materials.
- Attending training sessions/conference/forum/workshops/seminars.

培訓類型:

- 閱讀材料。
- 出席培訓課程/會議/論壇/工作坊/研討會。

企業管治報告

Corporate Governance Function

The Company's corporate governance function is carried out by the Board pursuant to a set of written terms of reference adopted by the Board, which include (a) develop and review the Company's policies and practices on corporate governance and make recommendations to the Board; (b) review and monitor the training and continuous professional development of directors and senior management of the Company and its subsidiaries; (c) review and monitor the Company's policies and practices on compliance with legal and regulatory requirements; (d) develop, review and monitor the code of conduct and compliance manual (if any) applicable to employees and directors of the Company and its subsidiaries; (e) review the Company's compliance with the CG Code and disclosures in the corporate governance report of the Company required to be prepared pursuant to the Listing Rules; and (f) consider, review and decide any other topics, as authorised by the Board. The Board reviewed and discussed the corporate governance policy of the Group and was satisfied with the effectiveness of its corporate governance policy.

Audit Committee

An audit committee has been established by the Board with specific written terms of reference following the Rules 3.21 to 3.24 of the Listing Rules and the CG Code. The audit committee of the Company (the "Audit Committee") is authorised to commit Company funds in order to obtain advice from outside legal counsel, accountants, investigatory services or other expert advice. Details of the authority and responsibilities of the Audit Committee are available on the websites of the Company and the Stock Exchange.

The Audit Committee comprises three INEDs, namely Mr. Cheng Fu Kwok David, Mr. Cheng Yuk Wo and Mr. Li Wai Kwan and Mr. Cheng Yuk Wo is the chairman of the Audit Committee.

The Audit Committee held three meetings during the year ended 31 March 2020 and the meeting was attended by the Company's external auditor so that the members of the Audit Committee could exchange their views and concerns on the financial reporting process of the Group with the auditor.

企業管治職能

本公司之企業管治職能由董事會根據其採納的 一套書面職權範圍而履行,其中包括(a)制定 及檢討本公司之企業管治政策及常規,並向董 事會提出推薦建議;(b)檢討及監察本公司及其 附屬公司之董事及高級管理層之培訓及持續專 業發展;(c)檢討及監察本公司在遵守法律及監 管規定方面之政策及常規;(d)制定、檢討及監 察適用於本公司及其附屬公司僱員及董事之操 守守則及合規手冊(如有);(e)檢討本公司遵守 企業管治守則之情況及本公司須根據上市規則 編製之企業管治報告內之披露;及(f)考慮、檢 討及決定董事會授權的任何其他主題。董事會 已審閱及討論本集團的企業管治政策,並信納 其企業管治政策的成效。

審核委員會

董事會已根據上市規則第3.21條至第3.24條 及企業管治守則成立審核委員會,設有特定書 面職權範圍。本公司審核委員會(「審核委員 會」)獲授權動用本公司資金,以取得來自外聘 法律顧問、會計師、調查服務之意見或其他專 業意見。審核委員會之職權及職責詳情於本公 司及聯交所網站可供查閱。

審核委員會由三名獨立非執行董事組成,即鄭 輔國先生、鄭毓和先生及李偉君先生,而鄭毓 和先生為審核委員會主席。

於截至2020年3月31日止年度,審核委員會 已舉行三次會議,而本公司外聘核數師已列席 該會議,以便審核委員會成員與核數師就本集 團財務申報過程交流意見及關注的問題。

企業管治報告

During to the Year Under Review, the Audit Committee had reviewed with the Management and the external auditor the accounting principles and practices adopted by the Group and discussed auditing, internal controls, and financial reporting matters including the following:

於回顧年度,審核委員會已與管理層及外聘核 數師審閱本集團採納的會計原則及常規,並商 討審核、內部監控及財務申報事宜,包括以下 內容:

- the review of the audited financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2019;
- 審閱截至2019年3月31日止年度的經審 核財務報表;

the review of the interim results;

- 審閱中期業績;
- the recommendation to the Board for the proposal for reappointment of the external auditor of the Company and approval of the remuneration and terms of engagement of the external auditor: and
- 向董事會建議重新委任本公司外聘核數 師,並批准外聘核數師的薪酬及聘用條 款;及
- the review of the risk management and internal control systems of the Company and its subsidiaries.
- 審閱本公司及其附屬公司的風險管理及 內部監控系統。

The attendance of each member of the Audit Committee is set out on page 32 of this report.

審核委員會各成員出席會議之情況載於本報告 第32頁。

Remuneration Committee

薪酬委員會

A remuneration committee has been established by the Board (the "Remuneration Committee") with specific written terms of reference following the Rules 3.25 to Rules 3.26 of the Listing Rules and the CG Code and the majority of the members of the Remuneration Committee are INEDs and responsible to make recommendations to the Board on the remuneration packages of individual executive directors and senior management. Details of the authority and responsibilities of the Remuneration Committee are available on the websites of the Company and the Stock Exchange.

董事會已根據上市規則第3.25條至第3.26條 及企業管治守則成立薪酬委員會(「薪酬委員 會」),設有特定書面職權範圍,且薪酬委員會 大部分成員為獨立非執行董事並負責向董事會 就有關個別執行董事及高級管理層之薪酬待遇 作出推薦建議。薪酬委員會之職權及職責詳情 於本公司及聯交所網站可供查閱。

The Remuneration Committee comprises one executive Director, namely Ms. Lai Ka Yee Gigi and two INEDs, namely Mr. Cheng Yuk Wo and Mr. Li Wai Kwan. Mr. Cheng Yuk Wo is the chairman of the Remuneration Committee.

薪酬委員會包括一名執行董事,即黎珈而女 士,以及兩名獨立非執行董事,即鄭毓和先生 及李偉君先生。鄭毓和先生為薪酬委員會主 席。

The Remuneration Committee held three meeting during the year ended 31 March 2020 with the presence of all committee members and approved the remuneration packages and performance bonuses for the Directors and senior management of the Company.

於截至2020年3月31日止年度,薪酬委員會 已舉行三次會議,所有委員會成員均有出席並 已批准本公司董事及高級管理層之薪酬待遇及 表現花紅。

企業管治報告

The Group's businesses are under the direct responsibility of the above executive Directors who are the senior management of the Company. Details of the amount of Directors' emoluments for the year ended 31 March 2020 are set out in note 8 to the financial statements.

本集團之業務由上列執行董事(即本公司的高 級管理人員)直接負責。截至2020年3月31日 止年度之董事薪酬金額詳情載於財務報表 附註8。

Nomination Committee

A Nomination Committee has been established by the Board with specific terms of reference following the CG Code. The Nomination Committee is responsible for, amongst other things, identifying individuals suitably qualified to become Board members, considering the reappointment of the Directors and succession planning for Directors and making recommendations to the Board in respect of the aforesaid matters. Details of the authority and responsibilities of the Nomination Committee are available on the websites of the Company and the Stock Exchange.

The Nomination Committee comprises one executive Director, namely Ms. Lai Ka Yee Gigi and two INEDs, namely Mr. Cheng Fu Kwok David and Mr. Cheng Yuk Wo. Ms. Lai Ka Yee Gigi is the chairlady of the Nomination Committee.

The Nomination Committee held one meeting during the year ended 31 March 2020 with the presence of all committee members and reviewed the structure, size and composition of the Board and concluded that members of the Board have possessed the expertise and independence to carry out the Board's functions and responsibilities.

The Board has also adopted a nomination policy (the "Nomination Policy") which sets out the selection criteria and procedure of appointing and re-appointing a Director. The selection criteria used in assessing the suitability of a candidate include, inter alia, such candidate's academic background and professional qualifications, relevant experience in the industry, character and integrity etc.

提名委員會

董事會已根據企業管治守則成立提名委員會, 設有特定書面職權範圍。提名委員會負責(其 中包括)物色合適人選出任董事會成員、考慮 續聘董事以及董事繼任計劃,並就上述事項向 董事會提出推薦建議。提名委員會之職權及職 責詳情於本公司及聯交所網站可供查閱。

提名委員會包括一名執行董事,即黎珈而女 士,以及兩名獨立非執行董事,即鄭輔國先生 及鄭毓和先生。黎珈而女士為提名委員會主 席。

於截至2020年3月31日止年度,提名委員會 已舉行一次會議,所有委員會成員均有出席並 已審閱董事會之架構、規模及組成,並總結認 為董事會成員具備專業知識及獨立性以履行董 事會職能及職責。

董事會亦已採納提名政策(「提名政策」),其載 列委任及重新委任董事的甄選標準及程序。用 於評估候選人是否為合適的甄選標準包括(其 中包括)有關候選人的學術背景及專業資格、 相關的行業經驗、品格及誠信等。

企業管治報告

Pursuant to the Nomination Policy, the nomination committee reviews the structure, size and composition of the Board periodically and make recommendation on any proposed changes to the Board to complement the Company's corporate strategy. When it is necessary to fill a casual vacancy or appoint an additional director, the nomination committee identifies or selects candidates as recommended to the committee pursuant to the criteria set out in the Nomination Policy. Based upon the recommendation of the nomination committee, the Board deliberates and decides on the appointment. In addition, every director shall be subject to retirement by rotation or re-election at least once every three years and shall be eligible for re-election at each annual general meeting. The nomination committee shall review the overall contribution and service to the Company, expertise and professional qualifications of the retiring directors, who offered himself/herself for re-election at the annual general meeting, to determine whether such director continues to meet the criteria as set out in the Nomination Policy.

根據提名政策,提名委員會定期檢討董事會的 架構、規模及組成,並就董事會的任何建議變 動作出推薦建議,以配合本公司的企業策略。 如有需要填補臨時空缺或委任額外董事,提名 委員會會根據提名政策所載的標準識別或甄選 向委員會推薦的候選人。根據提名委員會的推 薦建議,董事會會就委任進行商討及作出決 策。此外,各董事須至少每三年輪值退任或膺 選連任一次,並將符合資格合於各股東週年大 會上膺選連任。提名委員會須檢討願意於股東 週年大會上膺選連任的退任董事對本公司所作 出的整體貢獻及服務、專業知識及專業資格, 以釐定有關董事是否繼續符合提名政策所載的 標準。

Board Diversity Policy

The Board has adopted a board diversity policy (the "Policy") which sets out the basis to achieve diversity on the Board.

The Company recognises and embraces the benefits of having a diverse Board to enhance the quality of its performance. All Board appointments will be based on meritocracy, and candidates will be considered against selection criteria.

For selection of candidates will be based on a range of diversity perspectives, which would include but not be limited to gender, age, cultural and educational background, professional experience, skills, knowledge and length of service. The ultimate decision will be based on merit and contribution that the selected candidates will bring to the Board taking into account factors based on its own business model and specific needs from time to time and with due regard for the benefits of diversity on the Board. The Board's composition will be disclosed in the annual report of the Company. The Board will give adequate consideration to this policy when it identifies suitably qualified candidates to become members of the Board.

董事會成員多元化政策

董事會已採納董事會成員多元化政策(「政 策」),當中載有達致董事會成員多元化的基 準。

本公司認同及贊同設立成員多元化的董事會以 提高其表現質素的裨益。所有董事會成員的委 任均以用人唯才為原則,並在考慮侯選人時採 用甄潠標準。

甄選侯選人將按一系列多元化範疇為基準,包 括(但不限於)性別、年齡、文化及教育背景、 專業經驗、技能、知識及服務任期。最終將按 經甄選侯選人的長處及可為董事會提供的貢獻 而作決定,當中根據本身的業務模式及不時的 特定需要考慮各種因素,並適當考慮董事會成 員多元化的裨益。董事會的組成將在本公司之 年報內披露。董事會將充份考慮本政策以物色 具備適當資格的侯選人擔任董事會成員。

企業管治報告

As at the date of this report, the Board comprises six Directors, amongst them, three are INEDs, thereby promoting critical review and control of the management process. The Board is also characterized by significant diversity, regardless in terms of age, professional experience, skills and knowledge.

Having reviewed the Policy and the Board's composition, the Nomination Committee considered that the requirements of the Policy had been met.

The Board will consider to set measurable objectives to implement the Policy and review such objectives from time to time to ensure their appropriateness and ascertain the progress made towards achieving those objectives. At present, the Board has not set any measurable objectives.

The Nomination Committee will review the Policy, as appropriate, to ensure its effectiveness.

Dividend Policy

Under the Companies Law of Cayman Islands and the Memorandum and Articles of Association of the Company, dividends may be paid out of the profits of the Company, or subject to solvency of the Company, out of sums standing to the credit of the share premium account of the Company. However, no dividend shall exceed the amount recommended by Directors of the Company.

Declaration and recommendation of payment of dividends of the Company is subject to the approval of the Directors of the Company, depending on results of operations, working capital, financial position, future prospects, and capital requirements, as well as any other factors which the Directors of the Company may consider relevant from time to time. Any future declaration, recommendation and payment of dividends of the Company may or may not reflect the historical declarations and payments of dividends and will be at the absolute discretion of the Directors of the Company. The Company does not have any predetermined dividend payout ratio.

於本報告日期,董事會由六名董事組成,其中 三名為獨立非執行董事,因此有助於嚴格檢討 及監控管理程序。董事會無論從年齡、專業經 驗、技能及知識而言亦具有濃厚的多元化特 色。

經審閱政策及董事會的組成後,提名委員會認 為已滿足政策要求。

董事會將考慮制定可計量目標,以實行政策並 不時審閱該等目標,確保其合適度及確定達成 該等目標的進度。董事會目前尚未制定任何可 計量目標。

提名委員會將審閱政策(如適用),以確保其成 效。

股息政策

根據開曼群島公司法及本公司組織章程大綱及 細則,股息可自本公司溢利中派付或(受本公 司的償付能力所限)以本公司的股份溢價賬的 進賬款項派付。然而,股息均不得超過本公司 董事所建議的金額。

本公司宣派及建議派付股息須待本公司董事批 准後,視乎經營業績、營運資金、財務狀況、 未來前景及資本要求以及本公司董事可能不時 認為有關的任何其他因素而定。本公司股息的 任何未來宣派、建議及派付不一定會反映股息 的過往宣派及派付,並將由本公司董事全權酌 情決定。本公司並無任何預定的派息率。

企業管治報告

Accountability and Audit

The Board is responsible for overseeing the preparation of financial statements on an on-going concern basis, with supporting assumptions or qualifications as necessary, for each financial period with a view to ensure that such financial statement gives a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Group, and of the results and cash flows for the financial year. In preparing the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2020, the Board has selected appropriate accounting policies, applied them consistently in accordance with the Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards which are pertinent to its operations and relevant to the financial statements. made judgements and estimates that are prudent and reasonable. and ensured the preparation of the financial statements on the going concern basis.

問責及核數

董事會按持續經營基準(並已作出所需相關假 設或條件)負責監督編製各財政期間之財務報 表,以確保該等財務報表能真實公平地反映本 集團之事務狀況以及該財政年度之業績及現金 流量。於編製截至2020年3月31日止年度之 財務報表時,董事會已採用合適會計政策,貫 徹應用與其業務及財務報表有關之香港財務報 告準則,作出審慎及合理之判斷及估計,並確 保按持續經營基準編製財務報表。

The Group endeavours to present a balanced, clear and comprehensive assessment of the Group's performance, position and prospects. The interim and annual results of the Company are announced in a timely manner within the limit of two months and three months, respectively, after the end of the relevant periods in accordance with the Listing Rules.

本集團力求平衡、清晰及全面評估本集團表 現、狀況及前景。本公司的中期及年度業績已 根據上市規則分別在有關期間結束後兩個月及 三個月之限期內適時公佈。

The Directors have acknowledged their responsibility for preparing all information and representation contained in the financial statements of the Company for the year ended 31 March 2020.

董事了解彼等有責任編製載列於截至2020年3 月31日止年度本公司財務報表內的所有資料 及陳述。

The responsibility of the Company's auditor, Ernst & Young, is set out in the section headed "Independent Auditor's Report".

本公司核數師安永會計師事務所的責任載於 「獨立核數師報告 | 一節。

Auditor's Remuneration

During the Year Under Review, the remuneration paid/payable to Ernst & Young is set out as follows:

核數師酬金

於回顧年度內,已付/應付予安永會計師事務 所之酬金載列如下:

Services rendered		Fee paid/payable
所提供服務		已付/應付費用
		HK\$'000
		千港元
Audit services	核數服務	1,650
Non-audit services	非核數服務	450

企業管治報告

Risk Management and Internal Control

The Board is responsible for the risk management and internal control systems of the Company and reviewing their effectiveness. The Board oversees the overall risk management of the Group and endeavours to identify, control impact of the identified risks and facilitate implementation of coordinated mitigating measures. The risk management and internal control systems of the Company are designed to manage rather than eliminate the risk of failures to achieve business objectives, and can only provide reasonable and not absolute assurance against material misstatement or loss.

The Company's risk management and internal control systems have been developed with the following features and processes:

The processes used to identify, evaluate and manage significant (a) risks by the Group are summarised as follows:

Risk Identification: Identifies risks that may potentially affect the Group's business and operations.

Risk Assessment: Assesses the risks identified by using the assessment criteria developed by the management; and considers the impact and consequence on the business and the likelihood of their occurrence.

Risk Response: Prioritises the risks by comparing the results of the risk assessment; and determines the risk management strategies and internal control processes to prevent, avoid or mitigate the risks.

Risk Monitoring and Reporting: Performs ongoing and periodic monitoring of the risk and ensures that appropriate internal control processes are in place; revises the risk management strategies and internal control processes in case of any significant change of situation; and reports the results of risk monitoring to the management and the Board regularly.

風險管理及內部監控

董事會負責本公司之風險管理及內部監控系統 以及檢討其成效。董事會監督本集團整體風險 管理,並致力於識別風險、監控已識別風險之 影響及推動實行配合減輕風險之措施。本公司 之風險管理及內部監控系統旨在管理(但非完 全杜絕)未能達致業務目標之風險,亦只會就 重大錯誤陳述或損失提供合理(但並非絕對)保 諮。

本公司已制定下列風險管理及內部監系統度之 特徵及程序:

本集團用於識別、評估及管理重大風險 之程序概述如下:

> 風險識別:識別可能對本集團業務及營 運構成潛在影響之風險。

> 風險評估: 诱過使用管理層建立之評估 標準,評估已識別之風險;及考慮風險 對業務之影響及後果以及出現風險之可 能性。

> 風險應對:透過比較風險評估之結果, 排列風險優先次序;及釐定風險管理策 略及內部監控程序,以防止、避免或降 低風險。

> 風險 監察及匯報:持續並定期監察有關 風險,以及確保設有適當的內部監控程 序;於出現任何重大變動時,修訂風險 管理策略及內部監控程序; 及向管理層 及董事會定期匯報風險監察的結果。

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- The main features of the risk management and internal control systems are summarised as follows:
 - Control procedures have been designed to safeguard assets against misappropriation and disposition; ensure compliance with relevant laws, rules and regulations; ensure proper maintenance of accounting records for provision of reliable financial information used within the business or for publication; ensure that unauthorized access and use of inside information are strictly prohibited; and to provide reasonable assurance against material misstatement, loss or fraud.

The Company does not have an internal audit function and is currently of the view that there is no immediate need to set up an internal audit function within the Group in light of the size, nature and complexity of the Group's business. Nevertheless the Company engaged an external professional firm to carry out internal audit functions. It was decided that the Board would be directly responsible for internal control of the Group and for reviewing its effectiveness.

The Board has engaged an external professional firm as its risk management and internal control review adviser ("the Adviser") to conduct the annual review of the risk management and internal control systems for the year ended 31 March 2020. Such review is conducted annually and cycles reviewed are under rotation basis. The scope of review was previously determined and approved by the Board. The Adviser has reported to the Audit Committee and management for findings and areas for improvement, if any. The Board and Audit Committee are of the view that there are no material internal control defeats noted. All recommendations from the Adviser are properly followed up by the Group to ensure that they are implemented within a reasonable period of time. The Board therefore considered that the risk management and internal control systems are effective and adequate.

風險管理及內部監控系統之主要特徵概 (b) 述如下:

> 本集團已制定監控程序,旨在保障資產 不會被挪用及處置;確保遵守有關法 例、規則及規例;確保妥善保管會計記 錄以提供可靠財務資料用於業務用途或 公眾使用;確保嚴格禁止未授權獲取及 利用內部資料;及針對重大錯誤陳述、 損失或欺詐行為提供合理保證。

本公司並無內部審核職能,而鑒於本集團業務 之規模、性質及複雜性,其認為現時並無必要 立即於本集團內設立內部審核職能。然而,本 公司已委聘一間外部專業機構進行內部審核職 能。本公司決定董事會將直接負責本集團之內 部監控,並檢討其成效。

董事會已委聘一間外部專業機構擔任其風險管 理及內部監控檢討顧問(「顧問」)以對截至 2020年3月31日止年度的風險管理及內部監 控系統進行年度檢討。該項檢討每年進行並依 環節輪流審核。檢討範圍早前已由董事會制訂 及審批。顧問已向審核委員會及管理層匯報結 果及需改進(如有)之範疇。董事會及審核委員 會認為,並無發現重大內部監控缺失。本集團 將適當跟進顧問的全部建議,並確保於合理時 間內落實執行。因此,董事會認為,風險管理 及內部監控系統有效且充足。

企業管治報告

Dissemination of Inside Information

The Company is committed to a consistent practice of timely, accurate and sufficiently detailed disclosure of material information about the Group. The Company has adopted a Policy on Disclosure of Inside Information which sets out the obligations, guidelines and procedures for handling and dissemination of inside information. With those guidelines and procedures, the Group has management controls in place to ensure that potential inside information can be promptly identified, assessed and escalated for the attention of the Board to decide about the need for disclosure.

Company Secretary

The Company engages an external service provider to provide Company secretarial service and has appointed Mr. LO Tai On as its Company Secretary. Mr. Lo is a member of HKICPA and has over 25 years of experience in the field of company secretarial services. Mr. Lo has confirmed that for the Year Under Review, he has taken no less than 15 hours of relevant professional training. Mr. Lo is not an employee of our Group and he is responsible for advisory to the Group on corporate governance matters. Ms. Tsang Chui Ying, our financial controller, is the person who Mr. Lo can contact for the purpose of code provision F.1.1 of the Code.

Shareholders' Right

Procedures for shareholders to convene an extraordinary general meeting and to put forward proposal at general meetings.

Pursuant to Article 58 of the articles of association of the Company, the Board may whenever it thinks fit call extraordinary general meetings. Any one or more members holding at the date of deposit of the requisition not less than one-tenth of the paid up capital of the Company carrying the right of voting at general meetings of the Company shall at all times have the right, by written requisition to the Board or the Secretary of the Company, to require an extraordinary general meeting to be called by the Board for the transaction of any business specified in such requisition; and such meeting shall be held within two (2) months after the deposit of such requisition. If within twenty one (21) days of such deposit the Board fails to proceed to convene such meeting the requisitionist(s) himself (themselves) may do so in the same manner, and all reasonable expenses incurred by the requisitionist(s) as a result of the failure of the Board shall be reimbursed to the requisitionist(s) by the Company.

發佈內幕消息

本公司致力貫徹執行及時、準確及充足地詳細 披露本集團之重大消息。本公司已採納內幕消 息披露政策,當中載有處理及發佈內幕消息之 責任、指引及程序。在該等指引及程序下,本 集團已設有管理監控,確保可即時識別、評估 及提交潛在內幕消息以供董事會決定是否需要 作出披露。

公司秘書

本公司委聘一間外聘服務供應商提供公司秘書服務,並已委任羅泰安先生擔任其公司秘書。羅先生為香港會計師公會會員,於公司秘書服務領域擁有逾25年經驗。羅先生已確認,於回顧年度,彼已接受不少於15小時的相關專業培訓。羅先生並非本集團之僱員,彼負責就企業管治事宜向本集團提供顧問服務。我們的財務總監曾翠櫻女士為羅先生根據守則F.1.1條守則條文可聯繫的人士。

股東權益

股東召開股東特別大會及於股東大會上提呈議 案之程序。

根據本公司組織章程細則第58條,董事會可。 於其認為適當的任何時候召開股東特別大會 任何一位或以上於遞呈要求當日持有不少於 公司繳足股本(具本公司股東大會之投票權) 分之一的股東於任何時候有權透過向本公開 事會或秘書發出書面要求,要求董事會召開 東特別大會,以處理有關要求中指明的任何 項;且該大會應於遞呈該要求後兩(2)個月 舉行。若於遞呈當日起二十一(21)日內,董 會未有開展召開有關大會之程序,則遞呈要求 人士可自行以同樣方式召開會議,而遞呈要要求 人士因董事會未能召開會議而產生的所有 開支應由本公司向遞呈要求人作出償付。

企業管治報告

Article 85 of the articles of association of the Company provides that no person other than a Director retiring at the meeting shall, unless recommended by the Directors for election, be eligible for election as a Director at any general meeting unless a notice signed by a member (other than the person to be proposed) duly qualified to attend and vote at the meeting for which such notice is given of his intention to propose such person for election and also a notice signed by the person to be proposed of his willingness to be elected shall have been lodged at the head office or at the registration office provided that the minimum length of the period, during which such notice(s) are given, shall be at least seven (7) days and that (if the notices are submitted after the despatch of the notice of the general meeting appointed for such election) the period for lodgment of such notice(s) shall commence on the day after the despatch of the notice of the general meeting appointed for such election and end no later than seven (7) days prior to the date of such general meeting. The written notice must state that person's biographical details as required by Rule 13.51 of Listing Rules. The procedures for shareholder of the Company to propose a person for election as director is posted on the Company's website.

本公司組織章程細則第85條規定,除非獲董 事推薦參撰,否則除會上退任董事外,概無任 何人士合資格於任何股東大會上參選董事,除 非由正式合資格出席大會並於會上表決的股東 (並非擬參選人士)簽署通告,當中表明建議提 名該人士參選的意向,並附上所提名人士簽署 表示願意參選的通知,提交總辦事處或過戶登 記處,而發出該等通知之期間最少須為七(7) 天,而(若該通知於寄發指定就該選舉所召開 股東大會通告後遞交)該通知之提交期間須於 寄發指定就該選舉舉行之股東大會之有關通告 翌日開始,也不得遲於該股東大會舉行日期前 七(7)日結束。書面通知必須按照上市規則第 13.51條規定列明該人士之履歷詳情。本公司 股東建議提名一名人士參選董事之程序於本公 司網站刊登。

Shareholder(s) may at any time send their enquiries and concerns to the Board in writing by post at Room 1605, 16th Floor, Leighton Centre, 77 Leighton Road, Causeway Bay, Hong Kong. The Company shall forward the Shareholder(s)' enquiries and concerns to the Board and/or relevant Board committees of the Company, where appropriate, to respond to the Shareholder(s)' enquiries.

股東可隨時將其查詢及關切事宜以書面形式送 達董事會,郵寄地址為香港銅鑼灣禮頓道77 號禮頓中心16樓1605室。本公司應向董事會 及/或本公司相關董事委員會報告股東的查詢 及關切事宜,並須在適當時對股東查詢作出回 應。

企業管治報告

Shareholders' Communication Policy

The Company communicates with its Shareholders and investors through various means. Timely publication of interim and annual results announcements on the latest development of the Company and press release on the Company's website and Hong Kong Exchanges and Clearing Limited's website at www.hkexnews.hk could make the Shareholders appraise the Company's financial position. Shareholders are highly required to pay attention to these public information. Holding of an annual general meeting could provide an effective forum for the Shareholders to share their views with the Board. At the annual general meeting held in 2019, separate resolutions were proposed by the chairman in respect of each separate, including re-election of directors and voted by way of poll. The Company announced the results of the poll in the manner prescribed under the Listing Rules. The respective chairman of the Board, audit committee, remuneration committee and nomination committee had attended the annual general meeting held in 2019 to ensure effective communication with shareholders. All the Directors had attended the annual general meeting held in 2019.

Investor Relations

The public are welcomed to give their comments and make enquiries through the Company's website and by means of emails to the investor relations department (email address: miricor@sprg.com.hk). The management always provides prompt responses to any such enquiries.

Constitutional Documents

The Company has published its memorandum of association and the Articles on the respective websites of the Stock Exchange and the Company. During the Year Under Review, no amendments were made to the constitutional documents of the Company.

股東溝通政策

本公司藉著不同的方法與股東及投資者溝通。 適時將有關本公司發展的中期及年度業績公告 及新聞稿於本公司網站及香港交易及結算所有 限公司網站(www.hkexnews.hk)內發佈,可讓 股東評估本公司財務狀況。謹敦請各股東垂注 該等可供公眾查閱之資料。舉行股東週年大會 能為股東提供有效渠道,向董事會表達意見。 於2019年舉行的股東週年大會上,主席已就 各個別議題(包括重選董事)提呈個別決議案, 並以投票方式進行表決。本公司已根據上市規 則規定的方式公佈投票結果。董事會、審核委 員會、薪酬委員會及提名委員會的主席均已出 席於2019年舉行的股東週年大會,確保與股 東保持有效溝通。全體董事已出席於2019年 舉行的股東週年大會。

投資者關係

歡迎公眾通過本公司網站及投資者關係部之電 郵(電郵地址: miricor@sprg.com.hk)提供意見 及查詢。管理層一直對任何此等查詢給予迅速 回應。

憲章文件

本公司已於聯交所及本公司之相關網站刊發其 組織章程大綱及細則。於回顧年度,概無對本 公司憲章文件作出任何修訂。

環境、社會及管治報告

About this Report

Preparation Basis and Scope

Miricor Enterprises Holdings Limited is delighted to publish its annual Environmental, Social and Governance ("ESG") report for the year ended 31 March 2020 ("ESG Report"), demonstrating our continuous commitment to corporate social responsibility. This ESG Report has been prepared in accordance with ESG Reporting Guide set out by Appendix 27 of the Listing Rules and has complied with the "comply or explain" provisions. This ESG Report covers the sustainability performance and initiatives of the Group in respect of corporate social responsibility during the reporting period, covering the Group's core businesses — the provision of medical aesthetic services, and the sale of skin care products in Hong Kong. This ESG Report shall be published both in Chinese and English. Should there be any discrepancy between the Chinese and the English versions, the English version shall prevail.

Unless otherwise stated, this ESG Report covers the period from 1 April 2019 to 31 March 2020 ("reporting period"). It includes disclosure of significant environmental and social impacts of our operation in Hong Kong.

Introduction

The Group is a medical aesthetic service provider in Hong Kong and operates three "CosMax" branded medical aesthetic centres at prime locations in Causeway Bay, Central District and Tsim Sha Tsui. We offer comprehensive and tailored non-surgical medical aesthetic services and quality skin care products to improve customers' complexion and overall physical appearance.

The Group recognises the importance of sustainable development. Sustainability is crucial for the Group's growth in order to achieve business excellence and enhance long-term competitiveness. The Group has established and implemented various policies to manage and monitor the risks related to environment, employment, operating practices and community. Details of the management approaches to sustainable development of different areas are illustrated in this ESG Report.

關於本報告

呈列基準及範圍

卓珈控股集團有限公司欣然發佈截至2020年3 月31日止年度的年度環境、社會及管治(「環 境、社會及管治」)報告(「環境、社會及管治報 告」),體現集團繼續遵守企業社會責任承諾。 本環境、社會及管治報告乃根據上市規則附錄 27所載的環境、社會及管治報告指引編製及 已遵守「遵守或解釋」條文。本環境、社會及 管治報告闡述本集團於報告期間在企業社會責 仟方面的表現及措施,涵蓋本集團的核心業務 一 於香港提供醫學美容服務及銷售護膚產品。 本環境、社會及管治報告以中文及英文版本刊 登。中英文版本如有任何歧義,概以英文版本 為準。

除非另有説明,本環境、社會及管治報告涵蓋 自2019年4月1日起至2020年3月31日止的 期間(「報告期間」),包括披露我們於香港的營 運對環境及社會帶來的重大影響。

序言

本集團是香港一間醫學美容服務供應商,以 「CosMax」品牌在銅鑼灣、中環區及尖沙咀的 黄金地段經營三間醫學美容中心。我們提供全 面及度身訂造的非手術醫學美容服務及優質護 膚產品,以助客戶改善皮膚問題及整體外觀。

本集團確認可持續發展的重要性。為達至卓越 業務及提升長遠競爭力,可持續發展對本集團 增長至為重要。本集團已制定及實施多項政 策,以管理及監察與環境、就業、經營常規及 社區相關的風險。有關不同範疇上對可持續發 展的管理方針詳情於本環境、社會及管治報告 説明。

Stakeholders Engagement

Stakeholders engagement is essential to the formulation of strategies for sustainable development. It allows the Group to understand risks and opportunities. The Group has identified key stakeholders that are important to our business and established various channels for communication.

持份者參與

制定可持續發展政策的關鍵在於持份者參與, 藉此讓本集團了解風險及機會。本集團已識別 多方主要持份者,彼等對於我們的業務及建立 多渠道溝通十分重要。

Stakeholder 持份者	Expectation 期望	Engagement channel 參與渠道	Measures 措施
Government	Comply with laws and pay proper tax payments	Exchange of correspondences, relevant meetings and information disclosure	Operated, managed and paid taxes according to laws and regulations, strengthened safety management; accepted government's supervision, inspection and evaluation.
政府	遵守法例及妥善繳付税項 付款	通訊往來、相關會議及資 料披露	根據法例及規例經營、管理及繳付税 項、加強安全管理:接受政府監督、檢 驗及評估。
Shareholders and Investors	Provide high transparency for information disclosure and protect shareholder's rights and interest	Annual reports, interim reports and announcements	Disclosed company's information by publishing annual reports, interim reports and announcements.
股東及投資者	就資料披露提供高透明度	Annual general meeting and other shareholder meetings 年報、中期報告及公告	Issued notices of general meeting and proposed resolutions according to regulations. 透過刊登年報、中期報告及公告披露公
	以及保障股東權利及利益	股東週年大會及其他股東會議	司資料。 發出股東大會通告及根據規例提呈決議 案。
Employees	Maintain a safe and respectful workplace, including equal opportunities as well as health and safety	Training and briefing sessions, employee feedback mechanism, and fair mechanism for employment and promotion	Provided training to employees; provided employment and promotion practices that do not discriminate on grounds of gender, disability, pregnancy, family status, race, colour, religion, age or other conditions recognized in law.
僱員	維持安全及尊重的工作場 所,包括平等機會以及 健康及安全	培訓及簡報會、僱員反饋 機制以及就業及推廣的公 平機制	為僱員提供培訓;提供不歧視性別、殘疾、懷孕、家庭狀況、種族、膚色、宗教、年齡或其他法律訂明的情況之僱傭及晉升常規。

Stakeholders Engagement (Continued)

持份者參與(續)

Stakeholder 持份者	Expectation 期望	Engagement channel 參與渠道	Measures 措施
Customers	Provide safe, high-quality products and services to customers	Customer satisfaction surveys, customer feedback activities, day to	Strengthened quality management to ensure safety, high quality production and communicate with customers to improve
		day operations/ communications, service and product complaints and response mechanisms	quality of services.
客戶	向客戶提供安全、優質產 品及服務	客戶滿意調查、客戶反饋 活動、日常營運/通訊、 服務及產品投訴及回應機 制	加強優質管理以確保安全、優質生產,並與客戶溝通以改善服務質素。

Environmental Aspects

Emissions

To demonstrate the Group's commitment to sustainable development and compliance with laws and regulations relating to environmental protection, the Group endeavors to minimise the environmental impact of the business activities and maintain green operations and green office practices.

The Group has established system to ensure environmental compliance. It seeks to optimise its production by adopting low energy consumption and environmental pollution techniques and enhancing the environmental awareness of the employees through regular trainings. The management team has the overall responsibility for environmental protection matters within the Group. The management team reviews the Group's environmental compliance on a regular basis. The Group was in strict compliance with related environmental laws and regulation, including but not limited to Waste Disposal Ordinance. The Group was not subject to any environmental claims, lawsuits, penalties or administrative sanctions during the reporting period.

環境層面

排放物

為展示本集團對可持續發展的承諾及與環保相 關法例及規例合規事宜,本集團盡力將業務活 動的環境影響降至最低以及維持綠色營運及綠 色辦公室常規。

本集團已建立系統以確保環境合規事宜。本集 **国**尋求透過採納低能源消耗及環境污染技術, 以及通過定期培訓提升僱員的環保意識,以優 化其生產。管理團隊對本集團內環保事宜有整 體責任。管理團隊定期檢討本集團的環境合規 事宜。本集團嚴格遵守相關環境法例及規例, 包括但不限於《廢物處置條例》。於報告期間, 本集團並無任何環境索償、法律訴訟、處罰或 行政制裁。

Environmental Aspects (Continued)

Emissions (Continued)

In the daily operation of the Group, the major emissions are clinical wastes and the greenhouse gas ("GHG") incurred by the purchased energy resources. Clinical wastes generated by the operations can be divided into two categories. Category A includes syringes, needles, cartridges and other sharp instruments which have been used or which have become contaminated. Category B includes surgical dressings, swabs dribbling with blood, caked with blood or containing free-flowing blood. Clinical wastes collection box is placed in each doctor's room. Category A waste is collected in Sharps Collector. Once it is filled up, it must be covered and wait for recycle. Category B waste is collected in red biochemical wastes plastic bags. All wastes are separately stored and handled with ledger for record. Qualified clinical waste recycling companies are engaged to perform waste disposal and treatment so as to minimize the impact on the nature. During the reporting period, the total amount of clinical wastes recycled by qualified clinical waste recycling companies is 152.50 kg (2019: 113.30 kg).

Climate change is gradually concerned by the community. The Group manages the carbon footprint by minimizing the energy consumption and water consumptions as these activities cause significant emission of greenhouse gas. Policies and procedures adopted on resources saving are mentioned in the section "Use of Resources" of this ESG Report.

Major air pollutants emissions from vehicles during the reporting period as follows:

環境層面(續)

排放物(續)

本集團於日常營運中的主要排放物為醫療廢物及購買能源資源產生的溫室氣體(「溫室氣體」)。營運產生的醫療廢物可分為兩個類別。 A類包括已用或已受污染的注射器、針筒、藥 商及其他利器。B類包括滴着血液、凝有血血 或含有自由流動血液的外科敷料及棉棒。醫療 廢物收集箱放置於每名醫生的房間。A類優 廢物收集箱放置於每名醫生的房間。A類優 下,有廢物獨立儲存及以賬簿處理以供 。所有廢物獨立儲存及以賬簿處理以供 。所有廢物獨立儲存及以賬簿處理以供 。所有廢物獨立儲存及以賬簿處理以供 。 。合資格醫療廢物回收公司獲聘請從事廢物 處置及處理,從而將對大自然的影響降公司 回收的醫療廢物總重量為152.50千克(2019 年:113.30千克)。

社區逐漸關注氣候變化。本集團透過將能源消耗及水消耗降至最低,以管理碳足跡,乃由於該等活動排放大量溫室氣體。就節省資源採納的政策及程序載於本環境、社會及管治報告「資源使用」一節。

於報告期間,車輛排放的主要空氣污染物如下:

Air P Type of Air Pollutants	ollutant Emission Air Pollutant Emission (kg) 2020	Air Pollutant Emission (kg) 2019	空氣污染物 類型	空氣污染物排放 空氣污染物 排放量(千克) 2020 年	效 空氣污染物 排放量(千克) 2019 年
Sulphur Dioxide Nitrogen Oxides Particulate Matter	0.03	0.03	二氧化硫	0.03	0.03
	0.84	0.98	氮氧化物	0.84	0.98
	0.06	0.07	懸浮粒子	0.06	0.07

環境、社會及管治報告

Environmental Aspects (Continued)

Emissions (Continued)

During the reporting period, the GHG emissions from the operation is set out below:

環境層面(續)

排放物(續)

於報告期間,營運產生的温室氣體排放物載列 如下:

Type of GHG emissions	IG Emissions Equivalent CO ₂ emission (kg) 2020	Equivalent CO ₂ emission (kg) 2019	温室氣體 排放物類型	温室氣體排放物 二氧化碳當量 排放(千克) 2020 年	二氧化碳當量排放(千克) 2019 年
Scope 1 Direct emissions	5,543.00	5,748.79	範圍1直接排放	5,543.00	5,748.79
Scope 2 Indirect emissions	203,093.43	164,718.85	範圍2間接排放	203,093.43	164,718.85
Total	208,636.43	170,467.64	總計	208,636.43	170,467.64
Intensity	63.98 kg/m ²	52.7 kg/m ²	強度	63.98千克/平方米	52.7千克/平方米
Note:			附註:		
The calculation of the greenhouse of Reporting Standard" from greenhouse	•	orate Accounting and	溫室氣體乃根據 計算。	§溫室氣體議定書的「 <u>』</u>	企業會計及報告準則」
Scope 1: Direct emissions from vehice	cles that are owned by the G	roup	範圍1: 來自本	集團擁有的車輛之直擠	妾排放
Scope 2: Indirect emissions from the the Group	e generation of purchased e	electricity consumed by	範圍2: 來自本	集團消耗的外購電力戶	所產生之間接排放
Scope 3: is not disclosed as it is an is not controlled by the Gro	optional disclosure and the c	corresponding emission	範圍3: 因屬選 並無披	建擇性披露且相關排放 8露	並非由本集團控制而

Use of Resources

As stipulated in the Group's "Environment, Health and Safety Policy", the Group strives to improve the efficient use of natural resources, including energy such as minimize waste streams and emissions and implement effective recycling program. The Group also adopted "Environmental Office Practices" in order to use resource more efficiently. Some of the key measures are as follows:

Energy consumption by the Group during the reporting period is set out below:

資源使用

如本集團的「環境、健康及安全政策 | 所規定, 本集團致力改善能源等天然資源的有效使用, 例如將廢物流及排放降至最低以及實施有效回 收計劃。本集團亦採納「環保辦公室常規」,以 更具效率地使用資源。若干主要措施如下:

於報告期間,本集團所消耗之能源載列如下:

Type of energy	Energy Consumption Energy consumed (kWh) 2020	Energy consumed (kWh) 2019	能源類型	能源消耗 能源消耗量 (千瓦時) 2020 年	能源消耗量 (千瓦時) 2019 年
Unleaded petrol	18,195.50	18,871.06	無鉛汽油	18,195.50	18,871.06
Purchased electricity	276,737.00	222,731.00	外購電力	276,737.00	222,731.00
Total	294,932.50	241,602.06	總計	294,932.50	241,602.06
Energy intensity	90.44 kWh/m ²	74.75 kWh/m ²	能源強度	90.44千瓦時/平方米	74.75千瓦時/平方米

環境、社會及管治報告

Environmental Aspects (Continued)

Use of Resources (Continued)

Paper Saving

In office, we encourage the employee to use both sides of paper and use suitable font size/shrinkage mode to minimise pages, if possible. Besides, use electronic media is recommended for circulation/ communication, to minimize using paper (eg. without unnecessary cover page and fax). During the reporting period, the total amount of recycled paper disposed at landfills is 546 kg (2019: 315 kg).

Water Conservation

Employee should report leaking faucet or pipe to the relevant authority and turn off the tap when not in use. During the reporting period, the total consumption of the water and water intensity per employee is 104 m³ and 0.03 m³/m², respectively (2019: 210.00 m³ and 0.06 m³/ m^2).

Electricity Conservation

The electrical appliance should be set as energy saving mode where possible. For computers, the idle automatically mode is 20 minutes or less. The set room temperature should be set in a range from 20°C to 25.5°C. The ideal optimal temperature is 25.5°C. Also, switch off unnecessary lighting and power supply should be switched off when they are not in use.

Green Pantry

Employee are encouraged to use reusable cutleries, cups and glasses and use environmental friendly cleaning products (e.g. biodegradable or phosphate free detergent, refillable soap, etc.).

Packaging Material

The major packaging material used in our business are mainly paper and plastic bottle. The consumption of those material during the reporting period is summarized below:

Packaging Material Consumption

Packaging material	Amount (lbs)	Amount (lbs)
	2020	2019
Paper	9,910.00	11,986.00
Plastic bottle	46,769.00	25,743.00

環境層面(續)

資源使用(續)

節約用紙

我們鼓勵僱員於辦公室盡可能雙面用紙及使用 合適字體大小/收縮模式,以將頁數降至最 低。此外,建議使用電子媒體以供傳閱/通 訊,以將用紙降至最低(例如不會採用不必要 的封面頁及傳真)。於報告期間,棄置於堆填 區的環保紙總重量為546千克(2019年:315 千克)。

節約用水

僱員應向相關部門報告水龍頭或管道漏水, 並在不使用時關掉水龍頭。於報告期間,用水 總消耗量及按每名僱員計算的用水強度分別為 104立方米及0.03立方米/平方米(2019年: 210.00立方米及0.06立方米/平方米)。

節約用電

電器應盡可能設於能源節約模式。就電腦 而言,自動閒置模式為20分鐘或以內。室溫 應設於20℃至25.5℃範圍。理想最佳溫度為 25.5℃。此外,關掉不必要的燈光,而電源則 應在不使用時關掉。

綠色茶水間

鼓勵僱員使用可重用餐具、杯及玻璃器皿以及 使用環保清潔產品(例如可生物降解或不含磷 酸鹽的洗滌劑、可補充梘液等)。

包裝材料

我們的業務所用的主要包裝材料主要為紙張及 膠瓶。於報告期間,該等材料的消耗概列如 下:

包裝材料消耗

包裝材料	消耗量(磅)	消耗量(磅)
	2020年	2019年
紙張	9,910.00	11,986.00
膠瓶	46,769.00	25,743.00

環境、社會及管治報告

Environmental Aspects (Continued)

Use of Resources (Continued)

The Environment and Natural Resources

According to the Group's "Environmental, Health and Safety Policy", the Group raises staff's awareness of environmental issues through education and training and enlist their support in improving our performance, promote environmental awareness amongst our customers, business partners and shareholders and support community activities in relation to environmental protection and sustainability and evaluate regularly and monitor past and present business activities impacting upon health, safety and environmental matters. With the integration of policies mentioned in session "Emissions" and "Use of Resource", the Group is allowed to minimize the impacts to the environment and natural resources.

Social Aspects

Employment and Labour Practice

Employment

The Group considers human resources as its most important asset, employees are encouraged to invest in career growth where the Group provides on-the-job training, and further education supports that enhance their professional knowledge and skills, thus improving the overall calibre of its workforce. In addition, the Group also evaluates employee performance on a regular basis and recognises and rewards outstanding employees. The Group has established and implemented "Staff Handbook", which contains the policies relating to human resources, covering areas such as compensation and dismissal, recruitment and promotion, working hours, rest periods, equal opportunities, diversity, anti-discrimination and other benefits and welfare.

The remuneration package of our employees includes basic salary, commission and discretionary performance bonus. In order to incentivise our staff for their contribution to improve our business performance, we have formulated an incentive scheme for certain front-line employees with their commission linked to the amount of sales of our services and products. We offer a fixed commission rate which applies uniformly across all services and products we offer, including the sales of one-off treatment, prepaid packages and skin care products.

環境層面(續)

資源使用(續)

環境及天然資源

根據本集團的「環境、健康及安全政策」,本集 團透過教育及培訓以及爭取員工支持改善我們 的表現,以提升員工的環保意識、推廣客戶、 業務夥伴及股東之間的環保意識,以及支持有 關環保及可持續發展的社區活動,並定期評估 及監察過往及現時業務活動對健康、安全及環 境事宜的影響。隨著整合「排放物 | 及「資源使 用」各節所述政策,本集團可將對環境及天然 資源的影響降至最低。

社會方面

僱傭及勞工常規

僱傭

本集團視人力資源為其最重要的資產,為鼓勵 僱員投資於職業發展,本集團為員工提供在職 培訓及進修資助,以提高彼等的專業知識及技 能,從而提升員工的整體質素。另外,本集團 亦會定期檢討僱員表現,嘉許及獎勵表現出眾 的僱員。本集團已制定及實施「員工手冊」,手 冊列出有關人力資源的政策,覆蓋的範圍有補 償及解僱、聘任及晉升、工時、休息時間、平 等機會、多元化、反歧視及其他福利及福祉。

我們僱員的薪酬待遇包括基本薪酬、佣金及酌 情表現花紅。我們為若干前線員工制定了激勵 計劃,把他們的佣金與我們服務和產品的銷售 額掛鈎,以用作激勵我們的員工為提升業務表 現而作出貢獻。我們提供固定的佣金率,統一 適用於所有我們提供的服務和產品,包括銷售 一次性療程、預付療程及護膚產品。

環境、社會及管治報告

Social Aspects (Continued)

Employment and Labour Practice (Continued)

Employment (Continued)

It is our objective to provide equality of opportunity for all staff in relation to all human resources matters. We shall recognize and reward meritorious performance and provide equal opportunity of employment irrespective of sex, age, marital status, race, religion, disability or employment status. The principle of equal opportunities is applied in all employment policies, in particular to recruitment, training, career development and promotion of employees. If employee is treated unequally in the workplace, he/she can report to the supervisors.

Further, we offer welfare and benefits for all our employees to foster their loyalty to our Group. For examples, employee can enjoy discount for treatment and products in our company. Basically, every rule in the handbook is set in accordance with all relevant laws and regulations including but not limited to Employment Ordinance. With our efforts made on regulation, no case of violation against the labour rules occurred during the reporting period. The Group will continue to strive to comply with the relevant laws and regulations

Health and Safety

As stipulated in the Group's "Environmental Health and Safety Policy", no job is so important and no service so urgent, that we cannot take time to perform our work safely, and in an environmentally conscientious manner. The Group strives to provide staff with a safe and healthy work environment and develop a safety awareness among employees and others engaged in work, so that accidents (personal injuries and property damage) and occupational illnesses will be reduced to a minimum. In order to raise employees' awareness in maintaining health and safety issues, the Group offers safety training programs and hazards measurement programs. Besides, safety equipment is provided to the employees. Also, it is the responsibility for the Group to identify and control safety, public health, and environmental hazards associated with their operations and work constructively with government agencies and others to develop and implement laws, regulations, and standards to protect public health, safety, and the environment.

During the reporting period, the Group was in strict compliance with Occupational Safety and Health Ordinance and there was no related work injuries or fatalities and no legal case regarding health and safety brought against the Group.

社會方面(續)

僱傭及勞工常規(續)

僱傭(續)

我們的目標是確保職員在所有人事安排上均獲 得平等對待。我們嘉許傑出的服務表現,且不 論性別、年齡、婚姻狀況、種族、宗教、殘疾 或僱用情況提供平等聘用機會。平等機會的原 則適用於所有就業政策,特別是招聘、培訓、 職業發展及僱員晉升。若僱員在工作場所受到 不平等待遇,可向上司報告。

再者,我們為我們所有僱員提供福祉及福利以培養彼等對本集團的忠誠度,例如僱員可享受本公司療程和產品折扣優惠。基本上,手冊中的每條規則均按照所有相關法例及規例而制定,包括但不限於《僱傭條例》。在我們的努力監控下,於報告期間內並無任何違反勞工規則的個案發生。本集團將繼續努力遵守相關法例及規例。

健康與安全

如本集團「環境、健康及安全政策」所規定,沒有任何工作及任何服務比以安全及有環保區數方式進行工作更為重要及逼切。本集團功為員工提供一個安全及健康的工作環境,,由意外(人身傷害及財產損失)及職業病降至全體調計劃。此外,本集團提供不同的安全培訓計劃及危害。以重計劃。此外,本集團亦向僱員提供安全治,本集團有條構及其他機構建設性地合作,制定及發展,規例和標準以保護公眾健康、安全及環境。

於報告期間,本集團嚴格遵守《職業安全及健康條例》,並沒有出現相關的工作傷亡及並無就健康與安全對本集團提出的法律案件。

環境、社會及管治報告

Social Aspects (Continued)

Employment and Labour Practice (Continued)

Development and Training

The Group believes that providing training to our staff is also an important factor in attracting and retaining employees. The Group aims to facilitate personal and professional development enabling individuals and groups to achieve their full potential at work according to the Group's "Staff Training and Development Policy".

The Group is committed to provide professional trainings to our trained therapists in order to provide quality services to our clients. Our trainings included both theoretical and practical trainings and our training program has been specifically formulated by our doctors and training manager. We provide on the job training to strengthen the quality of our trainings offered to our staff. We are of the view that the ability to keep abreast of the latest trend in medical aesthetic services and to offer quality service will impact our client traffic, revenue growth and financial performance.

From time to time, our doctors attend industry conferences, seminars and workshops in Hong Kong and overseas as well as seminars organised by our suppliers on topics such as injection procedures and energy-based procedures.

We require our newly recruited therapists to undergo a six-month training programme provided by us prior to performing treatments as agreed by the doctors for our clients.

In recognition of our achievement in manpower training and development and in fostering an organisational culture conducive to life-long learning, we were awarded under the ERB Manpower Developer Award Scheme and Caring Company Logo during the reporting period.

社會方面(續)

僱傭及勞工常規(續)

發展及培訓

本集團認為,為員工提供培訓也是吸引及挽留 僱員的重要因素。本集團旨在促進個人及專業 發展,使個人及團體能夠在本集團的「員工培 訓與發展政策」下,充分發揮其工作潛力。

本集團致力為我們已受訓的治療師提供專業培 訓,從而為我們的客戶提供優質的服務。我們 的培訓包括理論及實踐培訓,而且我們的培訓 課程皆由我們的醫生和培訓經理專門制定。我 們提供在職培訓,以提高向員工提供的培訓質 素。我們認為,緊貼醫學美容服務最新趨勢及 提供優質服務的能力將對我們的客流量、收益 增長及財務表現產生影響。

我們的醫生不時出席香港及海外的行業會議、 研討會及工作坊,也會出席由我們供應商舉辦 有關注射療程及能量儀器療程等主題的研討 檢。

我們要求我們新聘請的治療師在為客戶進行獲 醫生同意的治療前,必須接受我們提供為期六 個月的培訓課程。

為表彰我們在人才培訓及發展方面的成就,以 及促進有利於終身學習的機構文化,於報告期 間,我們在ERB人才企業嘉許計劃中獲嘉許並 獲頒商界展關懷標誌。

環境、社會及管治報告

Social Aspects (Continued)

Employment and Labour Practice (Continued)

Labour Standards

According to "No Child Labour Policy", the Group does not employ any person below the age of eighteen years at the workplace and prohibits the use of child labour and forced or compulsory labour at all its units. No employee is made to work against his/her will or work as bonded/forced labour, or subject to corporal punishment or coercion of any type related to work. Employment contracts and other records, documenting all relevant details of the employees, including age, are maintained at all units and are open to verification by any authorised personnel or relevant statutory body. The unit provides an annual report to the functional head on any incidents of child or forced labour. Periodic assessment is conducted. The human resources department undertakes random checks of records annually.

During the reporting period, the Group complied with the Employment Ordinance, Chapter 57 of the Laws of Hong Kong and did not violated any relevant labour laws and regulations including child and forced labour laws and regulations.

Operating Practice

Supply Chain Management

The Group has established "Procurement Policy and Guide to Procedures" which aims to comply with all applicable laws and regulations and appropriate social practices governing our businesses, provide suppliers with equal opportunities for transactions with the Group; and promote procurement activities based on mutual understanding and trust. In order to manage the environmental or social risks in the supply chain, we have strengthen the control in procurement of treatment devices/consumables and skin care products as below.

社會方面(續)

僱傭及勞工常規(續)

勞工準則

根據「杜絕童工政策」,本集團不得在工作場 所僱用任何十八歲以下的人士,而且禁止在其 所有單位使用童工和強迫或強制勞工。任何僱 員無須違反自己的意願工作或作為債務/強制 勞工工作,或受到與工作有關的任何類型體罰 或壓迫。所有單位保留了僱員的僱傭合同及其 他記錄,當中記載了所有相關資料(包括年 龄), 並開放給任何授權人員或相關法定機構 查證。該單位就任何童工或強制勞工事件向專 責主管人員提交年度報告。有關評估會定期進 行。人力資源部每年會隨機抽查記錄。

於報告期間,本集團遵守香港法例第57章《僱 傭條例》,且並無違反任何相關勞工法例及規 例,包括童工及強制勞工法例及規例。

經營常規

供應鏈管理

本集團制定了「採購政策和程序指引」,旨在 遵守所有適用的法例及規例及監管我們業務的 適用社會常規,為供應商提供與本集團交易的 平等機會;以及在相互了解及信任的基礎上推 動採購活動。為了管理供應鏈中的環境或社會 風險,我們已加強以下療程設備/消耗品及護 **膚產品的採購控制。**

環境、社會及管治報告

Social Aspects (Continued)

Operating Practice (Continued)

Supply Chain Management (Continued)

Treatment devices/treatment consumables

We place great emphasis on ensuring that treatment devices to be introduced for use in our medical aesthetic centres are reliable and capable of delivering desired results for our clients. To this end, we have established policies and procedures to evaluate and assess treatment devices. Our marketing and business development department is primarily responsible for keeping abreast of the latest technologies and conducting market research on the latest and prevailing treatment technologies and skin care products. Periodic meetings are held among our management, doctors and marketing and business development department to discuss the latest technologies and skin care products, during which our marketing and business development department may recommend the types of treatment devices to procure. From time to time, suppliers of treatment devices visit us and demonstrate their treatment devices to us, which may also provide us with a trial period during which we can evaluate and assess the use and effectiveness of the treatment devices.

When deciding whether to procure a new treatment device, we take into account factors such as (i) whether it is approved by national government agencies such as the Food and Drug Administration (FDA) and/or whether such devices bear CE mark(s); (ii) whether there are similar devices on the market; (iii) whether it is complementary to our existing treatment offerings; and (iv) our internal test results. The approval of our chief executive officer and doctors must be obtained before we procure a new treatment device.

Skin care products

The skin care products offered by us are supplied by distributors and manufacturers, all of which are Independent Third Parties. The countries of origin of our skin care products include the United States, Italy and France. We select and source skin care products carefully based on factors such as the suppliers' background, credentials and reputation, product quality and cost. The approval of our chief executive officer and doctors must be obtained before we take in any new product for sale.

社會方面(續)

經營常規(續)

供應鏈管理(續)

療程設備/療程消耗品

我們非常重視確保所引入用於我們醫學美容中 心的療程設備可靠,並能夠為客戶提供理想的 效用。為此,我們制定了政策及程序以評價和 評估療程設備。我們的市場推廣及業務發展部 主要負責緊貼最新科技,並就最新及現行療程 技術及護虜產品進行市場調查。我們的管理 層、醫牛與市場推廣及業務發展部定期舉行會 議,以討論最新技術及護膚產品,期間我們的 市場推廣及業務發展部可能推薦將予採購的療 程設備類型。療程設備供應商不時到訪及向我 們展示其療程設備,亦可能向我們提供試用 期,期間我們可評價及評估療程設備的用途和 有效性。

當決定是否採購新療程設備時,我們考慮多種 因素,如(i)是否獲國家政府機構(如美國食品 藥品監督管理局)認可及/或有關設備是否貼 上CE標識;(ii)市場上是否有同類設備;(iii)是 否配合我們提供的現有療程;及(iv)我們的內 部測試結果。我們在採購新療程設備之前必須 獲得行政總裁及醫生的批准。

護膚產品

我們提供的護膚產品均由分銷商及製造商供 應,全部均為獨立第三方。我們護膚產品的原 產國家包括美國、意大利及法國。我們根據供 應商背景、資歷及聲譽、商品品質及成本等因 素審慎地選擇及採購護膚產品。我們在取得任 何新產品作銷售之前必須獲得行政總裁及醫生 的批准。

環境、社會及管治報告

Social Aspects (Continued)

Operating Practice (Continued)

Product Responsibility

The Group is committed to offering an excellent customer experience and ensuring that our products and services are safe and high-quality. We adhere to applicable laws regulating health and safety standards, as well as those governing testing, advertising and labeling. The Group was in strict compliance with related laws and regulations, including but not limited to Trade Description Ordinance, Consumer Goods Safety Ordinance and Consumer Goods Safety Regulation during the reporting period. Our aim is for our customers to have confidence in our products and services, and sufficient information to make informed choices. Therefore, the Group has a set of policies and procedures to oversee and manage issues related to responsibilities of our products and services.

Quality Assurance

Providing quality non-surgical medical aesthetic services is one of our management priorities. We have adopted comprehensive and stringent quality assurance and control measures throughout our business processes that covers, among others, the following aspects:

Recruitment of professional staff

In selecting new doctors and therapists to join us, we assess, among others, their academic and professional qualifications, years of relevant experience as well as their character and integrity.

Performance of consultation and treatments

The carrying out of consultation services that involve the practice of medicine, medical diagnosis, prescription of pharmaceutical products and medicines (each as defined under the Pharmacy and Poisons Ordinance (Chapter 138 of the Laws of Hong Kong)) and certain types of treatments (such as injection of botulinum toxin type A and dermal fillers) constitute the practice of medicine and therefore must be carried out by registered medical practitioners pursuant to the Medical Registration Ordinance (Chapter 151 of the Laws of Hong Kong). Our doctors carry out consultation services and such certain treatment procedures which are specified under the relevant laws and regulations as well as selective treatment procedures perceived by our doctors as being high risk, whereas our trained therapists perform other selective treatment procedures as directed by our doctors. Based on our doctors' professional experience and judgment on the risk of severe complication, selective energy-based procedures are performed by doctors only if there is potential risk of irreversible organ or tissue damage including nerve injury, muscle burn, fat necrosis or skin necrosis.

社會方面(續)

經營常規(續)

產品責任

本集團致力提供優秀的客戶體驗及確保我們的 產品及服務屬安全和高品質。我們遵守監管健 康與安全標準,以及監管測試、廣告和標籤的 適用法律。於報告期間,本集團嚴格遵守相關 法例及規例,包括但不限於《商品説明條例》、 《消費品安全條例》及《消費品安全規例》。我們 的目標是使客戶對我們的產品及服務有信心, 並有充足的資訊作出明智的決定。因此,本集 團制定了一系列政策和程序,以監督和管理與 我們的產品及服務責任有關的事宜。

質素保證

提供優質非手術性醫學美容服務是我們的管理 重點之一。我們在整個業務流程中採用了全面 嚴謹的質素保證及控制措施,涵蓋(其中包括) 以下各方面:

聘請專業員工

在選擇新的醫生及治療師加入我們時,我們會評估(其中包括)彼等的學術及專業資格、相關經驗年資以及其品格和誠信。

諮詢及療程成效

環境、社會及管治報告

Social Aspects (Continued)

Operating Practice (Continued)

Product Responsibility (Continued)

Quality Assurance (Continued)

Standard operation procedures and clear division of labour

We implemented standard operation procedures at our medical aesthetic centres and a clear division of labour to improve operational and administrative efficiency and enhance the quality of our services. Our doctors (assisted by medical assistants) and trained therapists are mainly responsible for performing treatments while our aesthetic service specialists are mainly responsible for sales and promotion. To monitor our client's satisfaction towards the treatment received, we contact the client within several days after the treatment by phone or text message to gather his/her feedback. We maintain a log book on feedback for management review. Such internal structure and welldefined responsibilities are established for the purpose of segregating the powers of operations, sales and client service to achieve effective check and balance.

Customer Data Information Protection

The Group upholds a belief that information security and privacy is the key principle for operation. We comply with Personal Data (Privacy) Ordinance. According to the Group's Staff Handbook, employee is required protect all the customers' information. Information only can be used in authorized business activities. If employee disclose those information to other parties, it is considered as data theft. The related employee's employment will be terminated and report to police for prosecution.

Anti-Corruption

In the Group's "Staff Handbook", one of the most important rules that the Group requires all members of staff to observe is that they must maintain honesty, refuse corruption, refuse to accept kickbacks, and they must not misappropriate the Group's funds and properties, must not abuse power for own interests, and that all gifts received must be handed to the Group.

社會方面(續)

經營常規(續)

產品責任(續)

質素保證(續)

標準營運程序及明確分工

我們在醫學美容中心實施標準營運程序及明確 分工,以提高營運及行政效率並提升我們的服 務質素。我們的醫生(由醫務助理協助)及已受 訓治療師主要負責進行療程,而我們的美容服 務專員主要負責銷售及推廣。為監測客戶對所 接受療程的滿意度,我們在療程後幾天內以電 話或短信方式聯絡客戶以收集彼之反饋意見。 我們存置一本反饋意見日誌供管理層審閱。設 立該等內部架構及明確分工責任旨在細分營 運、銷售及客戶服務的權力以實現有效檢查及 制衡。

客戶數據資料保護

本集團相信,資訊保安和私隱是營運的關鍵原 則。我們遵守《個人資料(私隱)條例》。根據本 集團的員工手冊,僱員需要保障所有客戶的資 料。該資料只能在授權商業活動上使用。如果 僱員向其他方披露該等資料,則會被視為竊取 數據。相關僱員會被解僱,並會向警方報案起 訴。

反貪污

本集團的「員工手冊」中,其中一條最重要的 規則是本集團要求所有工作人員必須保持誠 實、拒絕貪污、拒絕接受回佣,而且不得挪用 本集團的資金和財產,不得為自己的利益而濫 用權力,以及必須將所有收到的禮物交給本集 專。

環境、社會及管治報告

Social Aspects (Continued)

Operating Practice (Continued)

Anti-Corruption (Continued)

The Group shall strive to protect and uphold Group's and our own reputation, professionalism and integrity. To this end, we shall avoid obligations to customers or business associates resulting from advantages, gifts or entertainment received in or due to our official capacity which could compromise our position in any way or be perceived by a third party to potentially compromise ourselves or the Group. When we participate in any social or academic activities, either in a personal or official capacity, we shall avoid any unbecoming acts which will bring us or the Group into disrepute.

Employees could whistle-blow to the supervisor for the suspected bribery, extortion, fraud and money laundering issues by email. Information of the whistleblower is confidential. Once discovered and confirmed, related personnel will be published or his/her employment will be terminated. The Group will be report to Independent Commission Against Corruption (ICAC) or other institution depends on the cases. The Group was in strict compliance with Prevention of Bribery Ordinance and there was no any legal case regarding corrupt practices brought against the Group or its employees during reporting period.

Community

Community Investment

As a socially responsible company, the Group is committed to understanding the needs of the communities in which we operate. The Group has adopted "Community Investment Policy", it aims to establish a comprehensive system to oversee the activities related to community investment. The Group strives to develop long-term relationship with our stakeholders and seek to make contributions to programmes that have a positive impact on community development.

The Group made charitable and other donations amounting to HK\$29,000 during the reporting period (2019: HK\$1,073,000).

社會方面(續)

經營常規(續)

反貪污(續)

本集團致力保護及維護本集團及我們自身的聲譽、專業精神及誠信。為此,我們應避免藉職位身份收受或接受顧客或商業機構提供的利益、禮物或款待,因而感到有需要對饋贈人作出回報,以任何方式在職權上作出妥協,或讓第三方視我們或本集團可能會為此作出妥協。當我們以個人或官方身份參與任何社交或學術活動時,我們應避免作出任何不得體的行為,以免有損我們或本集團的聲譽。

僱員可以通過電子郵件向上司舉報涉嫌賄賂、 敲詐勒索、欺詐及洗黑錢的案件。告密者的資 料會保密。一經發現及確認,相關人員將會被 公佈或被解僱。本集團將視乎情況向廉政公署 或其他機構報告。本集團嚴格遵守《防止賄賂 條例》,於報告期間,本集團或其僱員並沒有 因貪污行為而牽涉任何法律案件。

社區

社區投資

作為一個履行社會責任的公司,本集團致力了 解我們業務所在社區的需求。本集團採取了 「社區投資政策」,旨在建立一個綜合系統以監 察有關社區投資的活動。本集團力求與持份者 建立長期關係,並致力為社區發展帶來正面影 響的項目作出貢獻。

於報告期間,本集團的慈善及其他捐款為29,000港元(2019年:1,073,000港元)。

環境、社會及管治報告

Update for Covid-19

In light of the outbreak of Covid-19 epidemic (the "Epidemic") starting from January 2020, the Group has paid attention to the progress of the event and take the initiative to take the social responsibility of the enterprise to help prevention and control the Epidemic.

The Company places the health and safety of its customers and staff as its highest priority. On April 2020, in view of a direction (the "Direction") in the Government's gazette in relation to certain premises in accordance with the Prevention and Control of Disease (Requirements and Directions) (Business and Premises) Regulation (Chapter 599F of the Laws of Hong Kong) (the "Regulation"), the board of directors of the Company ("the Board") has decided that all customer treatment centers of the Group will be closed during the period as mentioned in the Direction, subject to any further extensions that may be directed by the Government from time to time. The Group's other businesses remain unaffected.

Although the Group's medical practitioners manage the day to day operations at the Group's customer treatment centers and provide services and treatments not associated with those procedures defined to be provided by beauty parlours under the Prevention and Control of Disease (Requirements and Directions) (Business and Premises) (Amendment) Regulation 2020 (including, but not limited to, medical procedures, consultation & injection, medical aesthetic, product sales and staff training), some of the other services and treatments provided by the Group include procedures specified in the Amendment Regulation, and they are carried out at the same customer treatment centers of the Group.

新冠肺炎的最新情况

鑒於新冠肺炎疫情(「疫情」)自2020年1月起 開始爆發,本集團已對事件進展表示關注,並 主動承擔企業社會責任以協助預防及控制疫 情。

本公司一向將其客戶及員工的健康及安全放在 首位。於2020年4月,由於政府根據香港法例 第599F章《預防及控制疾病(規定及指示)(業 務及處所)規例》(「該規例」)在憲報中發佈有關 若干場所的指示(「指示」),故本公司董事會 (「董事會」)已決定將於指示所述的期間內關閉 本集團的所有客戶療程中心,並根據政府可能 不時作出的指示而進一步延長關閉。本集團的 其他業務仍未受到影響。

儘管本集團的醫生管理本集團客戶療程中心的 日常營運,並提供與《2020年預防及控制疾病 (規定及指示)(業務及處所)(修訂)規例》項下 所界定由美容院提供的該等程序無關的服務及 療程(包括但不限於醫療程序、諮詢及針劑注 射、醫療美容、產品銷售及員工培訓),惟本 集團所提供的若干其他服務及療程包括經修訂 規例所列明的程序,而有關程序乃在本集團同 一客戶療程中心內進行。

Update for Covid-19 (Continued)

Besides, during the temporary closure of our customer treatment centers from 10 April 2020 to 7 May 2020 per the latest epidemic control guidelines issued by the HKSAR Government, thorough disinfection was carried out to provide the best treatment experience for clients. Also, to safeguard the health of clients, staff and public, the following hygiene measures are also adopted:

- Customer are required to bring their own mask and wear a mask in the centre;
- Sanitary items are provided, such as disposable shoe covers, sanitary floor mats and alcohol-based handrub etc.;
- Upon client's arrival, the body temperature is measured and health record has to be filled in. If client has respiratory symptoms or body temperature higher than 37.5°C, treatment appointment will be rescheduled to 14 days later;
- If client or someone who lives with client is returning from outside HKSAR, including mainland China and overseas, client can only visit our customer treatment centre after 14 days;
- Crowd control measure is adopted. Upon client's arrival, private VIP room and treatment room will be arranged to ensure fewer than 8 clients gather in public areas such as the lobby;
- Public areas such as the lobby are disinfected every hour; and
- The room and related treatment equipment are cleaned and disinfected thoroughly before and after the treatment.

The Board will continue to monitor the Epidemic situation closely and continue to place the health and safety of its customers and staff as its highest priority while ensuring compliance with all applicable laws, rules and regulations.

新冠肺炎的最新情况(續)

此外,客戶療程中心根據香港特區政府發佈的 最新疫情控制指引於2020年4月10日起至 2020年5月7日止暫時關閉的期間內已進行徹 底消毒,旨在為客戶提供最佳的療程體驗。另 外,為了保障客戶、員工及公眾的健康,下列 衛生措施亦會予以採納:

- 客戶須自備口罩並於中心內配戴口罩;
- 中心內會提供衛生用品,如即棄鞋套、 消毒地墊及酒精搓手液等;
- 客戶於抵達中心後須量度體溫及填寫健 康記錄表。倘客戶出現呼吸道病徵或體 溫高於攝氏37.5度,則將重新安排療程 預約至14日後;
- 倘客戶或與客戶同居的人士正從香港特 區境外(包括中國內地及海外國家)返 港,則該客戶僅可於14日後到訪客戶療 程中心;
- 中心內會採取人流管制措施。客戶於抵 達中心後將被安排至私人貴賓室及診療 室,以確保大堂等公眾地方少於8名客 戶聚集;
- 每小時消毒大堂等公眾地方; 及
- 療程前後均徹底清潔及消毒房間及相關 療程設備。

董事會將繼續密切監察疫情狀況,並持續將其 客戶及員工的健康及安全放在首位,同時確保 遵守所有適用法例、規則及規例。

THE STOCK EXCHANGE OF HONG KONG LIMITED'S ENVIRONMENTAL, SOCIAL AND GOVERNANCE REPORTING GUIDE

香港聯合交易所有限公司的環境、 社會及管治報告指引

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	General Disclosure 一般披露	"Emissions" 「排放物」	47–49
KPI A1.1	The types of emissions and respective emissions data	"Emissions"	48–49
關鍵績效指標 A1.1	排放物種類及相關排放數據	「排放物」	
KPI A1.2	Greenhouse gas emissions in total and, where appropriate, intensity	"Emissions"	49
關鍵績效指標 A1.2	溫室氣體總排放量及(如適用)密度	「排放物」	
KPI A1.3	Total hazardous waste produced and, where appropriate, intensity	The Group generated no significant hazardous waste	N/A
關鍵績效指標 A1.3	所產生有害廢棄物總量及(如適用)密度	during the reporting period. 本集團於報告期間並無產生 重大有害廢棄物。	不適用
KPI A1.4	Total non-hazardous waste produced and, where appropriate, intensity	Recycled paper disposed at landfills — "Use of Resources"	50
關鍵績效指標 A1.4	所產生無害廢棄物總量及(如適用)密度	棄置於堆填區的環保紙 一「資源使用」	
KPI A1.5	Description of measures to mitigate emissions and results achieved	"Use of Resources"	49–51
關鍵績效指標 A1.5	描述減低排放量的措施及所得成果	「資源使用」	

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KPI A1.6	Description of how hazardous and non-hazardous wastes are handled, reduction initiatives and results achieved	"Emissions"	47–49
關鍵績效指標 A1.6	描述處理有害及無害廢棄物的方法、減低產生量的措施及所 得成果	「排放物」	
Aspects A2: 層面 A2:	Use of Resources 資源使用		
	General Disclosure 一般披露	"Use of Resources" 「資源使用」	49–51
KPI A2.1 關鍵績效指標 A2.1	Direct and indirect energy consumption by type in total 按類型劃分的直接及間接能源總耗量	"Use of Resources" 「資源使用」	49
KPI A2.2 關鍵績效指標 A2.2	Water consumption in total and intensity 總耗水量及密度	"Use of Resources" 「資源使用」	50
KPI A2.3	Description of energy use efficiency initiatives and results achieved	"Use of Resources"	49–50
關鍵績效指標 A2.3	描述能源使用效益計劃及所得成果	「資源使用」	
KPI A2.4	Description of whether there is any issue in sourcing water that is fit for purpose, water efficiency initiatives and results	"Use of Resources"	50
關鍵績效指標 A2.4	achieved 描述求取適用水源上可有任何問題,以及提升用水效益計劃 及所得成果	「資源使用」	
KPI A2.5	Total packaging material used for finished products and, if applicable, with reference to per unit produced	"Use of Resources"	50
關鍵績效指標 A2.5	製成品所用包裝材料的總量及(如適用)每生產單位佔量	「資源使用」	

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Aspects A3: 層面 A3:	The Environmental and Natural Resources 環境及天然資源		
	General Disclosure 一般披露	"The Environmental and Natural Resources" 「環境及天然資源」	51
KPI A3.1 關鍵績效指標	Description of the significant impacts of activities on the environment and natural resources and the actions taken to manage them 描述業務活動對環境及天然資源的重大影響及已採取管理有	"Emissions" & "Use of Resources" 「排放物」及「資源使用」	47–51
A3.1	關影響的行動		
B. Social (No 社會(附語			
Aspects B1: 層面B1:	Employment and Labour Practices 僱傭及勞工常規		
	General Disclosure 一般披露	"Employment" 「僱傭」	51–52
KPI B1.1	Total workforce by gender, employment type, age group and geographical region		N/A
關鍵績效指標 B1.1	按性別、僱傭類型、年齡組別及地區劃分的僱員總數		不適用
KPI B1.2	Employee turnover rate by gender, age group and geographical region	The Group currently does not report on these indicators.	N/A
關鍵績效指標 B1.2	按性別、年齡組別及地區劃分的僱員流失比率	本集團目前並無就該等 指標作出報告。	不適用

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Aspects B2: 層面 B2:	Health and safety 健康與安全		
	General Disclosure 一般披露	"Health and Safety" 「健康與安全」	52
KPI B2.1 關鍵績效指標 B2.1	Number and rate of work-related fatalities 因工作關係而死亡的人數及比率	No work-related fatalities 無因工作關係導致的 死亡事件	52
KPI B2.2 關鍵績效指標 B2.2	Lost days due to work injury 因工傷損失的工作日數	No case of work injuries 無工傷個案	52
KPI B2.3 關鍵績效指標 B2.3	Description of occupational health and safety measures adopted, how they are implemented and monitored 描述所採納的職業健康與安全措施,以及相關執行及監察方法	The Group currently does not report on this indicator. 本集團目前並無就該指標作出報告。	N/A 不適用
Aspects B3: 層面B3:	Development and Training 發展及培訓		
	General Disclosure 一般披露	"Development and Training" 「發展及培訓」	53
KPI B3.1 關鍵績效指標 B3.1	The percentage of employee trained and employee category 受訓僱員百分比及僱員類別		N/A 不適用
KPI B3.2	The average training hours completed per employee by gender and employee category	The Group currently does not report on these indicators.	N/A
關鍵績效指標 B3.2	按性別及僱員類別劃分・每名僱員完成受訓的平均時數	本集團目前並無就該等 指標作出報告。	不適用

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Aspects B4: 層面B4:	Labour Standards 勞工準則		
	General Disclosure 一般披露	"Labour Standards" 「勞工準則」	54
KPI B 4.1	Description of measures to review employment practices to	"Labour Standards"	54
關鍵績效指標 B4.1	avoid child and forced labour 描述檢討招聘慣例的措施以避免童工及強制勞工	「勞工準則」	
KPI B 4.2	Description of steps taken to eliminate such practices when	"Labour Standards"	54
關鍵績效指標 B4.2	discovered 描述在發現違規情況時消除有關情況所採取的步驟	「勞工準則」	
Aspects B5: 層面 B5:	Supply Chain Management 供應鏈管理		
	General Disclosure	"Supply Chain	54–55
	一般披露	Management" 「供應鏈管理」	
KPI B5.1	Number of suppliers by region	The Group currently does	N/A
關鍵績效指標 B5.1	按地區劃分的供應商數目	not report on this indicator. 本集團目前並無就該指標 作出報告。	不適用
KPI B5.2	Description of practices relating to engaging supplies, number of supplies where the practices are being implemented, how they are implemented and monitored	"Supply Chain Management"	54–55
關鍵績效指標 B5.2	描述有關聘用供應商的慣例,向其執行有關慣例的供應商數目、以及有關慣例的執行及監察方法	「供應鏈管理」	

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Aspects B6: 層面B6:	Product Responsibility 產品責任		
	General Disclosure 一般披露	"Product Responsibility" 「產品責任」	56–57
KPI B6.1	Percentage of total products sold or shipped subject to recalls for safety and health reasons	The Group currently does not report on these indicators.	N/A
關鍵績效指標 B6.1	已售或已運送產品總數中因安全與健康理由而須回收的百分 比	本集團目前並無就該等指標 作出報告。	不適用
KPI B6.2	Number of products and service related complaints received and how they are dealt with	The Group currently does not report on these indicators.	N/A
關鍵績效指標 B6.2	接獲關於產品及服務的投訴數目以及應對方法	本集團目前並無就該等 指標作出報告。	不適用
KPI B6.3	Description of practices relating to observing and protecting intellectual property rights	The Group currently does not report on these indicators.	N/A
關鍵績效指標 B6.3	描述與維護及保障知識產權有關的慣例	本集團目前並無就該等 指標作出報告。	不適用
KPI B6.4	Description of quality assurance process and recall procedures	"Product Responsibility — Quality Assurance"	56–57
關鍵績效指標 B6.4	描述質量檢定過程及產品回收程序	「產品責任 一 質素保證」	
KPI B6.5	Description of consumer data protection and privacy policies, how they are implemented and monitored	"Product Responsibility — Customer data Information Protection"	57
關鍵績效指標 B6.5	描述消費者資料保障及私隱政策,以及相關執行及監察方法	「產品責任 一 客戶數據資料保護」	

The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited's 香港聯合交易所有限公司的環境、Environmental, Social and Governance Reporting 社會及管治報告指引(續) Guide (Continued)

recommended disclosures only.

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Aspects B7:	Anti-corruption Anti-corruption		
層面 B7:	反貪污		
	General Disclosure 一般披露	"Anti-Corruption" 「反貪污」	57–58
KPI B7.1	Number of concluded legal cases regarding corrupt practices brought against the issuer or its employees during the reporting period and the outcomes of the case	No concluded cases	58
關鍵績效指標 37.1	於匯報期內對發行人或其僱員提出並已審結的貪污訴訟案件 數目及訴訟結果	無已審結案件	
KPI B7.2	Description of preventive measures and whistleblowing procedures, how they are implemented and monitored	"Anti-Corruption"	58
關鍵績效指標 37.2	描述防範措施及舉報程序,以及相關執行及監察方法	「反貪污」	
Aspects B8: 罾面 B8:	Community Investment 社區投資		
	General Disclosure 一般披露	"Community Investment" 「社區投資」	58
KPI B8.1	Focus areas of contribution (e.g. education, environmental concerns, labour needs, health, culture, sport)	"Community Investment"	58
關鍵績效指標 38.1	專注貢獻範疇(如教育、環境事宜、勞工需求、健康、文化、 體育)	「社區投資」	
KPI B8.2 關鍵績效指標 38.2	Resources contributed (e.g. money or time) to the focus area 在專注範疇所動用資源(如金錢或時間)	"Community Investment" 「社區投資」	58
Note:	附註:		
(a) Pursuant to	o Appendix 27 of the Listing Rules, KPIs in this section are (a) 根	_{家上市規則附錄27,本節的關鍵績效}	(指標建議

用作披露。

董事會報告

The Directors present their report together with the audited financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2020.

Corporate Information

The Company was incorporated in the Cayman Islands as an exempted company with limited liability on 6 July 2016 under the Companies Law of the Cayman Islands. The Company's shares were listed on the Main Board of The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange").

Principal Activities and Business Review

The principal activity of the Company is investment holding. The principal activities of the Company's subsidiaries are the provision of medical aesthetic services and sale of skin care products.

Business review of the Group for the year ended 31 March 2020 as required by Schedule 5 to the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance, including a fair review of the Group's business and an indication of likely future development in the Group's business, can be found in the Management Discussion and Analysis set out on pages 8 to 20 of this annual report which forms part of this report of the directors.

Principal Risks and Uncertainties

The Group's financial condition, results of operations, and business prospects may be affected by a number of risks and uncertainties directly or indirectly pertaining to the Group's business. The following are the key risks and uncertainties identified by the Group.

Government Policies Risk

Following certain adverse incidents in relation to the beauty service industry in recent years, the Hong Kong Government has been reviewing the existing legal framework and considering tightening its supervision over the beauty service industry by promulgating certain laws and regulations to regulate, among other things, the types of medical aesthetic procedures that should be performed by registered medical practitioners. See "Regulatory Overview — Recent Development in relation to Regulation of Medical Procedures and Beauty Services, as well as Private Healthcare Facilities" in the prospectus of the Company dated 30 December 2016 for further details.

董事提呈其截至2020年3月31日止年度的報告連同經審核財務報表。

公司資料

本公司於2016年7月6日根據開曼群島公司法 在開曼群島註冊成立為獲豁免有限公司。本公 司股份在香港聯合交易所有限公司(「聯交所」) 主板上市。

主要業務及業務回顧

本公司的主要業務為投資控股。本公司附屬公司的主要業務為提供醫學美容服務及銷售護膚 產品。

按照香港公司條例附表5規定本集團截至2020 年3月31日止年度之業務回顧(包括本集團業 務之公平回顧以及本集團業務未來可能發展之 揭示)可於本年報第8至20頁所載管理層討論 及分析內查閱,其構成本董事會報告之一部 分。

主要風險及不明朗因素

本集團的財務狀況、經營業績及業務前景可能 受到與本集團業務直接或間接相關的眾多風險 及不明朗因素的影響。以下為本集團知悉的主 要風險及不明朗因素。

政府政策風險

近年來美容服務行業發生若干不利事故後,香港政府一直在檢討現有法律框架,並考慮透過頒佈若干法例及規例,加緊對美容服務行業的監督,以監管(其中包括)應由註冊醫生施行的醫學美容程序類別。有關進一步詳情,請參閱本公司日期為2016年12月30日的招股章程「監管概覽 一有關醫療程序和美容服務以及私營醫療機構法規的近期進展」。

董事會報告

There is no assurance that the Hong Kong Government will not impose more stringent laws, rules, regulations or industry standards in connection with the provision of medical aesthetic services. Any change in the regulatory framework may render it more restrictive for us to conduct our business. There is also no assurance that we will be able to adapt to such changes in a timely manner. In addition. compliance with such new laws, rules, regulations or industry standards may significantly increase our operating costs, which may in turn lower our profit margins. Any of the above-mentioned circumstances may materially and adversely affect our business, results of operations, financial condition and prospects.

概不保證香港政府將不會對提供醫學美容服務 施加更嚴格的法例、規則、規例或行業標準。 監管框架的任何變動可能對我們進行業務產生 更多限制。亦無保證我們將能夠及時適應有關 變化。此外,遵守新法例、規則、規例或行業 標準可能大幅增加我們的經營成本,進而可能 降低我們的溢利率。任何上述情況均可能對我 們的業務、經營業績、財務狀況及前景構成重 大不利影響。

Risk of Adverse Economic, Social or Political Conditions

All of our business operations are based in and we derive all of our revenue from Hong Kong. Our business operations and the demand for our medical aesthetic services are therefore subject to the economic, social and political conditions in Hong Kong. Furthermore, any incidence of social unrest, strike, riot, civil disturbance or disobedience in Hong Kong may cause inconvenience to clients who wish to visit our medical aesthetic centres and weaken their desire or willingness to undergo medical aesthetic treatments. Any of the above circumstances may have a material and adverse impact on our business, results of operations and financial condition.

In addition, during the year, a portion of our revenue was derived from visitors and tourists from the PRC who do not reside in Hong Kong. Any reduction in the spending willingness of such PRC visitors and tourists and any decrease in the number of PRC visitors and tourists to Hong Kong as a result of anti-mainland sentiment may significantly reduce our revenue derived from such clients, which could materially and adversely affect our results of operations and financial condition.

Environmental Policies and Performance

The Group considers the importance of environmental affairs and believes business development and environment affairs are highly related. The Group has implemented certain environmental protection measures to save energy and reduce the consumption of resources. These policies were supported by our staff and were implemented effectively.

In addition, details regarding the Group's environmental policies and performance can be found in the Environmental, Social and Governance Report set out on pages 45 to 67 of this annual report.

不利經濟、社會或政治條件的風險

我們所有業務經營以香港為基地,而我們所有 收益均產生自香港。我們的業務經營及對我們 醫學美容服務的需求因此受到香港的經濟、社 會及政治狀況影響。此外,香港任何社會動 盪、罷工、暴動、公民抗命或擾亂事件可能對 欲到訪我們醫學美容中心的客戶造成不便,減 低彼等進行醫學美容療程的意欲或意願。任何 上述情况均可能對我們的業務、經營業績及財 務狀況構成重大不利影響。

此外,於年內,我們收益一部分產生自非居住 在香港的中國訪客及旅客。反內地情緒導致有 關中國訪客及旅客的任何消費意欲下降以及中 國到訪香港的訪客及旅客人數減少,可能大幅 減少產生自有關客戶的收益,從而對我們的經 營業績及財務狀況構成重大不利影響。

環境政策及表現

本集團認可環境事務的重要性,並認為業務發 展及環境事務高度相關。本集團已實施若干環 保措施以節約能源及減少資源消耗。該等政策 已獲得我們員工的支持並獲有效執行。

此外,有關本集團環境政策及表現之詳情可於 本年報第45至67頁所載環境、社會及管治報 告內查閱。

董事會報告

Compliance with the Laws and Regulations

The Group recognises the importance of compliance with regulatory requirements and the risks of non-compliance with the applicable laws and regulations. During the year ended 31 March 2020 and up to the date of this report, the Group has complied in material respects with the relevant laws and regulations that have a significant impact on the business and operation of the Group. There was no material breach or non-compliance with the applicable laws and regulations by the Group during the year ended 31 March 2020 and up to the date of this report.

Relationship with Key Stakeholders

The Group fully understands that staff, customers and suppliers are the key to our sustainable and stable development. We are committed to establishing a close relationship with our staff, enhancing cooperation with our suppliers and providing high-quality services to our customers so as to ensure the Group's sustainable development.

Results and Appropriations

The results of the Group for the year are set out in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income on page 89 of this annual report.

The Board does not recommend the payment of any dividend for the year ended 31 March 2020 (2019: Nil).

Annual General Meeting

The annual general meeting ("AGM") of the Company will be held on Friday, 25 September 2020. A notice convening the meeting will be issued and sent to the Shareholders in due course.

Closure of Register of Members

For determining the entitlement to attend and vote at the AGM, the register of members of the Company will be closed from Tuesday, 22 September 2020 to Friday, 25 September 2020, both dates inclusive, during which period no transfer of shares can be registered. In order to be eligible to attend and vote at the AGM, all transfers accompanied by the relevant share certificates must be lodged with the Company's branch share registrar and transfer office in Hong Kong, Tricor Investor Services Limited, at Level 54, Hopewell Centre, 183 Queen's Road East, Hong Kong for registration not later than 4:30 p.m. on Monday, 21 September 2020.

遵守法例及規例

本集團深明遵守監管規定之重要性以及不遵守 適用法例及規例之風險。截至2020年3月31 大方面遵守對本集團業務及經營有重大影響之 相關法例及規例。截至2020年3月31日止年 度及直至本報告日期,概無發生本集團嚴重違 反或不遵守適用法例及規例之情況。

與主要持份者的關係

本集團深明員工、顧客及供應商為我們持續穩 定發展的關鍵。我們致力與員工建立密切關 係、與供應商加強合作及為顧客提供優質服 務,以確保本集團可持續發展。

業績及分配

本集團於年內的業績載於本年報第89頁的綜 合損益及其他全面收益表。

董事會並不建議就截至2020年3月31日止年 度派付任何股息(2019年:零)。

股東调年大會

本公司股東週年大會(「股東週年大會」)將於 2020年9月25日(星期五)舉行。本公司將於 適當時間刊發並向股東寄發召開大會的通告。

暫停辦理股份過戶登記手續

為釐定出席股東週年大會並於會上投票的資 格,本公司將於2020年9月22日(星期二)至 2020年9月25日(星期五)(包括首尾兩日)暫 停辦理股份過戶登記手續,期間不可進行任何 股份過戶登記。為符合資格出席股東週年大會 並於會上投票,所有股份過戶文件連同有關股 票須於2020年9月21日(星期一)下午四時 三十分前送達本公司香港股份過戶登記分處卓 佳證券登記有限公司(地址為香港皇后大道東 183號合和中心54樓)以辦理登記手續。

董事會報告

Financial Summary

A summary of the published results, assets and liabilities of the Group for the last five financial years is set out on page 168. The summary does not form part of the audited consolidated financial statements.

Share Capital

There were no movements in the Company's share capital during the year.

Distributable Reserves

As at 31 March 2020, in the opinion of the Directors, the reserves of the Company available for distribution to shareholders under the Companies Law of the Cayman Islands amounted to HK\$55,970,000 (2019: HK\$52,480,000).

Donations

Charitable and other donations made by the Group during the year amounted to HK\$29,000 (2019: HK\$1,073,000).

Pre-Emptive Rights

There is no provision for pre-emptive rights under the Company's articles of association and there was no restriction against such rights under the laws of the Cayman Islands, which would oblige the Company to offer new shares on a pro-rata basis to existing shareholders.

Purchase, Sale or Redemption of Securities

During the year ended 31 March 2020, neither the Company nor any of its subsidiaries purchased, sold or redeemed any of the Company's shares.

Share Option Scheme

The Company has a share option scheme (the "Share Option Scheme") which was approved and adopted by the sole shareholder of the Company by way of written resolutions passed on 19 December 2016 for a term of 10 years from the date of adoption of the Share Option Scheme. The principal terms of the Share Option Scheme are set out in note 26 to the consolidated financial statements.

No share option has been granted, exercised, cancelled or lapsed under the Share Option Scheme since its adoption and there was no outstanding share option as at 31 March 2020.

財務概要

本集團於過往五個財政年度的已公佈業績、資產及負債之概要載於第168頁。概要並不構成經審核綜合財務報表的一部分。

股本

本公司股本於年內並無變動。

可供分派儲備

於2020年3月31日,董事認為,本公司根據 開曼群島公司法可供分派予股東的儲備為 55,970,000港元(2019年:52,480,000港元)。

捐款

本集團於年內作出的慈善及其他捐款為29,000 港元(2019年:1,073,000港元)。

優先購買權

本公司的組織章程細則概無載列任何有關本公司須按比例向現有股東提呈發售新股份之優先 購買權規定,而開曼群島法律並無針對有關權 利的限制。

購買、出售或贖回證券

截至2020年3月31日止年度,本公司或其任何附屬公司並無購買、出售或贖回本公司任何股份。

購股權計劃

本公司有一項購股權計劃(「購股權計劃」),本公司的唯一股東於2016年12月19日以書面決議案的方式批准及採納該計劃,自採納購股權計劃日期起計十年。購股權計劃的主要條款載於綜合財務報表附許26。

自採納起,並無購股權計劃項下的購股權獲授出、行使、註銷或失效,且於2020年3月31日並無尚未行使之購股權。

董事會報告

Directors' Rights to Acquire Shares or Debentures

Save for the Share Options Scheme, at no time during the year were rights to acquire benefits by means of the acquisition of shares in or debentures of the Company granted to any Directors or their respective spouses or children under 18 years of age, or were any such rights exercised by them, or was the Company, its holding company, or any of its subsidiaries and fellow subsidiaries a party to any arrangement to enable the Directors to acquire such rights in any other body corporate.

Directors

The directors of the Company during the year and up to the date of this report were:

Executive Directors

Ms. LAI Ka Yee Gigi (Chairlady and Chief Executive Officer)

Mr. MA Ting Wai Barry

Mr. HO Tsz Leung Lincoln (appointed on 22 April 2020)

Independent Non-Executive Directors

Mr. CHENG Fu Kwok David

Mr. CHENG Yuk Wo

Mr. Ll Wai Kwan

By virtue of article 84 of the articles of association of the Company, Ms. LAI Ka Yee Gigi and Mr. LI Wai Kwan will retire by rotation at the forthcoming annual general meeting and will, being eligible, offer themselves for re-election.

By virtue of article 83(3) of the articles of association of the Company, Mr. HO Tsz Leung Lincoln was appointed as new Director on 22 April 2020, he will hold office only until the forthcoming annual general meeting and will be eligible for re-election at the AGM.

After the date of this report, Dr. LAM Ping Yan was appointed as new director on 15 July 2020, he will hold office only until the forthcoming annual general meeting and will be eligible for re-election at the AGM.

The Company has received annual confirmation of independence from each of the INEDs pursuant to the Listing Rules. As at the date of this report, the Board considers them to be independent.

董事購買股份或債權證之權利

除購股權計劃外,本公司於年內任何時間概無 授予任何董事或彼等各自之配偶或18歲以下 的子女可藉購入本公司股份或債權證而獲益之 權利,或彼等亦無行使該等權利;本公司、其 控股公司或其任何附屬公司及同系附屬公司亦 無訂立任何安排致使董事可獲得任何其他法人 團體之該等權利。

董事

本公司於年內及直至本報告日期的董事為:

執行董事

黎珈而女士(主席兼行政總裁) 馬庭偉先生 何子亮先生(於2020年4月22日獲委任)

獨立非執行董事

鄭輔國先生 鄭毓和先生 李偉君先生

根據本公司組織章程細則第84條,黎珈而女 士及李偉君先生將於應屆股東週年大會上輪值 退任,並將符合資格及願意膺選連任。

根據組織章程細則第83(3)條,何子亮先生於 2020年4月22日獲委任為新任董事,其任期 將僅直至應屆股東週年大會為止,並將符合資 格於股東週年大會上膺選連任。

在本報告日期之後,林秉恩醫生於2020年7月 15日獲委任為新任董事,其任期將僅直至應 屆股東週年大會為止,並將符合資格於股東週 年大會上膺選連任。

本公司已接獲各獨立非執行董事根據上市規則 就其獨立性發出的年度確認函。於本報告日 期,董事會認為彼等均屬獨立人士。

董事會報告

Directors' Service Contracts

Each of the executive Directors has entered into a service agreement with the Company for an initial term of 3 years commencing from the date of the Listing and continuing thereafter until terminated by either party by giving not less than three months' notice in writing to the other.

Each of the INEDs has entered into a service agreement with the Company for a term of 3 years commencing from the date of the Listing, provided that either the Company or the INEDs may terminate such appointment at any time by giving at least three months' notice in writing to the other.

None of the Directors proposed for re-election at the forthcoming annual general meeting has a service contract with the Company which is not determinable within one year without payment of compensation, other than statutory compensation.

Emolument Policy

We have established the Remuneration Committee in compliance with the Listing Rules. The primary duties of the Remuneration Committee are to review and make recommendations to the Board on the remuneration policy and other remuneration related matters, including benefits in kind and other compensation payable to the Directors and senior management, after consultation with the chairman and/or Chief Executive Officer.

Under the remuneration policy of the Company, the Remuneration Committee will consider factors such as corporate and individual performance, salaries paid by comparable companies, time commitment, responsibilities and employment conditions elsewhere in the Group.

Details of the Directors' remuneration and the five highest paid individuals are set out in notes 8 and 9 to the consolidated financial statements, respectively.

董事服務合約

各執行董事已與本公司訂立服務協議,自上市 日期起計初步為期三年及其後繼續生效,直至 任何一方透過向另一方發出不少於三個月的書 面通知予以終止為止。

各獨立非執行董事已與本公司訂立服務協議, 自上市日期起計為期三年,惟本公司或獨立非 執行董事可诱過向另一方發出最少三個月的書 面通知終止有關委任。

概無建議於應屆股東週年大會上膺選連任的董 事與本公司訂有不可於一年內免付賠償(法定 賠償除外)予以終止的服務合約。

酬金政策

我們已根據上市規則的規定成立薪酬委員會。 薪酬委員會的主要職責是經諮詢主席及/或行 政總裁後,檢討薪酬政策及其他薪酬相關的事 宜(包括應付董事及高級管理層的實物福利及 其他報酬),並就此向董事會作出推薦建議。

根據本公司的薪酬政策,薪酬委員會將考慮公 司及個人表現、可資比較同業公司所支付薪 金、投入的時間、職責及於本集團內的其他僱 傭情況等因素。

董事薪酬及五位最高薪酬人士的詳情分別載於 綜合財務報表附註8及9。

董事會報告

Directors' Interests in Transactions, Arrangements or Contracts

There were no transactions, arrangements or contracts of significance to the business of the Group to which the Company, its holding Company, or any of its subsidiaries was a party and in which a director of the Company or his connected entities had a material interest, whether directly or indirectly, subsisted at the end of the year or at any time during the year.

Retirement Benefit Schemes

Other than operating a Mandatory Provident Fund Scheme under the Mandatory Provident Fund Schemes Ordinance, the Group has not operated any other retirement benefit schemes for its employees.

The Group operates a defined contribution Mandatory Provident Fund retirement benefit scheme (the "MPF Scheme") under the Mandatory Provident Fund Schemes Ordinance for all of its employees. Contributions are made based on a percentage of the employees' basic salaries and are charged to profit or loss as they become payable in accordance with the rules of the MPF Scheme. The assets of the MPF Scheme are held separately from those of the Group in an independently administered fund. The Group's employer contributions vest fully with the employees when contributed into the MPF Scheme.

The retirement benefit scheme contributions made by the Group amounted to HK\$2,115,000 (2019: HK\$1,365,000) for the year ended 31 March 2020.

Permitted Indemnity Provision

The Company has arranged appropriate liabilities insurance to indemnify the Directors from any liabilities and costs arising from the business of the Group.

Pursuant to the Company's articles of association, every director of the Company shall be entitled to be indemnified out of the assets of the Company against all losses or liabilities which he may sustain or incur in or about the execution of the duties of his office or otherwise in relation thereto. The Company maintains directors and officers liability insurance, which gives appropriate cover for any legal action brought against its Directors. The level of the coverage is reviewed annually.

Biographical Details of Directors

Brief biographical details of Directors are set out on pages 21 to 28 of the annual report.

董事於交易、安排或合約的權益

於年末或年內任何時間,概無存續本公司、其 控股公司或其任何附屬公司為訂約方、本公司 董事或其關連實體於當中直接或間接擁有重大 權益且對本集團業務而言屬重大的交易、安排 或合約。

退休福利計劃

除根據《強制性公積金計劃條例》設立強制性 公積金計劃外,本集團並無為其僱員設立任何 其他退休福利計劃。

本集團根據《強制性公積金計劃條例》為所有僱員設立一項定額供款強制性公積金退休福利計劃(「強積金計劃」)。供款乃按僱員基本薪金的百分比作出,並於按照強積金計劃規則應付時自損益扣除。強積金計劃的資產於獨立管理基金與本集團的資產分開持有。本集團的僱主供款於向強積金計劃供款時全數歸屬於僱員。

本集團於截至2020年3月31日止年度作出的 退休福利計劃供款為2,115,000港元(2019年: 1,365,000港元)。

獲准彌償條文

本公司已安排合適的責任保險以彌償董事因本 集團業務而引致之任何責任及成本。

根據本公司之組織章程細則,本公司各董事就 其執行職務或與此有關可能蒙受或招致之一切 損失或責任,均有權從本公司資產獲得彌償。 本公司已為董事及高級人員購買責任保險,覆 蓋範圍包括對董事採取的任何法律行動。本公 司會每年審視覆蓋範圍。

董事的履歷詳情

董事的簡歷詳情載於本年報第21至28頁。

董事會報告

Competing Interests

As at 31 March 2020, so far as the Directors are aware, none of the Directors, the controlling shareholders and substantial shareholders, neither themselves nor their respective associates (as defined under Rule 8.10 of the Listing Rules) had held any position or had interest in any businesses or companies that were or might be directly or indirectly competing with the business of the Group, or gave rise to any concern regarding conflict of interest.

Disclosure of Interests

Directors' and Chief Executive's Interests and/or Short Positions in the Shares, Underlying Shares and Debentures of the Company or any Associated Corporation

As at 31 March 2020, interests or short positions of the Directors and chief executive of the Company in the shares, underlying shares and debentures of the Company or any of its associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the Securities and Futures Ordinance (the "SFO") which were required (i) pursuant to Divisions 7 and 8 of Part XV of the SFO (including interests and short positions which they were taken or deemed to have under such provisions of the SFO), to be notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange; or (ii) pursuant to section 352 of the SFO, to be entered in the register referred to therein; or (iii) pursuant to Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Issuers contained in Appendix 10 of the Listing Rules to be notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange, were as follow:

a. Long positions in shares of the Company:

競爭利益

於2020年3月31日,就董事所悉,概無董事、 控股股東及主要股東自身或彼等各自的聯繫人 (定義見上市規則第8.10條)在與本集團業務 構成或可能構成直接或間接競爭的任何業務或 公司中擔任任何職位或擁有權益,或引起任何 與利益衝突有關的顧慮。

權益披露

董事及主要行政人員於本公司或任何相聯 法團之股份、相關股份及債權證之權益 及/或淡倉

於2020年3月31日,本公司董事及主要行政人員於本公司或其任何相聯法團(定義見證券及期貨條例(「證券及期貨條例」)第XV部)的股份、相關股份及債權證中,擁有須(i)根據證券及期貨條例第XV部第7及8分部知會本公司及聯交所的權益或淡倉(包括根據證券及期貨條例有關條文彼等當作或視作擁有的權益及淡倉);或(ii)根據證券及期貨條例第352條登記於該條所指登記冊的權益或淡倉;或(iii)根據上市規則附錄10所載的上市發行人董事進行證券交易的標準守則知會本公司及聯交所的權益或淡倉如下:

a. 於本公司股份的好倉:

			Percentage of the Company's
		Number of	issued
Name of Director	Capacity/nature of interest	shares held	share capital
			本公司已發行
董事姓名	身份/權益性質	所持股份數目	股本的百分比
Ms. Lai Ka Yee Gigi ("Mrs. Gigi Ma")	Interest of a controlled	275,000,000	68.75%
	corporation (Note 1)		
黎珈而女士(「馬黎珈而女士」)	受控制法團權益(附註1)		

Note:

 Such 275,000,000 Shares are registered in the name of Sunny Bright Group Holdings Limited ("Sunny Bright"), a company beneficially owned as to 50% by Mrs. Gigi Ma and 50% by Mr. Ma Ting Keung, Patrick ("Mr. Patrick Ma"). Mr. Patrick Ma is the spouse of Mrs. Gigi Ma. Therefore, Mrs. Gigi Ma is deemed to be interested in all the Shares held by Sunny Bright under the SFO.

附註:

1. 該275,000,000股股份以光彩控股有限公司 (「光彩」,一間由馬黎珈而女士及馬廷強先生 (「馬廷強先生」)分別實益擁有50%及50%權 益的公司)名義登記。馬廷強先生為馬黎珈而 女士的配偶。因此,根據證券及期貨條例, 馬黎珈而女士被視為於光彩持有的全部股份 中擁有權益。

董事會報告

Long positions in shares of an associated corporation:

於相聯法團股份的好倉:

				Percentage of
				the Company's
	Name of associated	Capacity/nature of	Number of	issued
Name of Director	corporation	interest	shares held	share capital
				本公司已發行
董事姓名	相聯法團名稱	身份/權益性質	所持股份數目	股本的百分比
Mrs. Gigi Ma	Sunny Bright	Beneficial owner and	2	100%
		interest of spouse		
馬黎珈而女士	光彩	實益擁有人及配偶權益		

Mrs. Gigi Ma is the legal and beneficial owner of 1 issued ordinary share of Sunny Bright, representing 50% of the issued share capital of Sunny Bright. Mr. Patrick Ma is the legal and beneficial owner of the other 1 issued ordinary share of Sunny Bright, representing the remaining 50% of the issued share capital of Sunny Bright. As Mr. Patrick Ma is the spouse of Mrs. Gigi Ma, Mrs. Gigi Ma is deemed to be interested in all the interest registered in Mr. Patrick Ma's name in Sunny Bright. Accordingly, together with the 50% shareholding interest in Sunny Bright registered in Mrs. Gigi Ma's name, Mrs. Gigi Ma is taken to be interested in 100% of the issued share capital of Sunny Bright.

馬黎珈而女十為光彩1股已發行普通股的合法 及實益擁有人,佔光彩的50%已發行股本。馬 廷強先生為光彩另1股已發行普通股的合法及 實益擁有人,佔光彩餘下的50%已發行股本。 由於馬廷強先生為馬黎珈而女士的配偶,馬黎 珈而女士被視為於光彩以馬廷強先生名義登記 的所有權益中擁有權益。因此,連同光彩以馬 黎珈而女士名義登記的50%股權,馬黎珈而 女士被視為於光彩的100%已發行股本中擁有 權益。

Save as disclosed above, as at 31 March 2020, none of the Directors nor chief executive of the Company had registered an interest or short position in the shares, underlying shares or debentures of the Company or any of its associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the SFO) which were required (i) pursuant to Divisions 7 and 8 of Part XV of the SFO (including interests and short positions which were taken or deemed to have under such provisions of the SFO), to be notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange; or (ii) pursuant to section 352 of the SFO, to be entered in the register referred to therein; or (iii) pursuant to Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Issuers contained in Appendix 10 of the Listing Rules to be notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange.

除上文所披露者外,於2020年3月31日,概 無本公司董事或主要行政人員於本公司或其任 何相聯法團(定義見證券及期貨條例第XV部) 的股份、相關股份或債權證中,已登記須(1)根 據證券及期貨條例第XV部第7及8分部知會本 公司及聯交所的權益或淡倉(包括根據證券及 期貨條例有關條文當作或視作擁有的權益及淡 倉);或(ii)根據證券及期貨條例第352條登記 於該條所指登記冊的權益或淡倉;或(iii)根據 上市規則附錄10所載的上市發行人董事進行 證券交易的標準守則知會本公司及聯交所的權 益或淡倉。

董事會報告

Substantial Shareholders' Interests and/or Short Positions in the Shares and Underlying Shares of the Company

As at 31 March 2020, the interests and short positions of the person (other than the Directors and chief executive of the Company) or company which were required to be recorded in the register required to be kept under section 336 of the SFO were as follow:

So far as the Directors are aware, as at 31 March 2020, other than the Directors and chief executive of the Company, the following persons/entities have an interest or a short position in the shares or the underlying shares of the Company which were required to be disclosed to the Company under Divisions 2 and 3 of Part XV of the SFO or required to be recorded in the register of the Company required to be kept under section 336 of the SFO:

主要股東於本公司股份及相關股份 之權益及/或淡倉

於2020年3月31日,下列人士(本公司董事及 主要行政人員除外)或公司擁有須根據證券及 期貨條例第336條記錄在須存置之登記冊的權 益及淡倉如下:

就董事所悉,於2020年3月31日,除本公司 董事及主要行政人員外,下列人士/實體於本 公司的股份或相關股份中擁有須根據證券及期 貨條例第XV部第2及3分部向本公司披露或須 根據證券及期貨條例第336條記錄在須存置之 本公司登記冊的權益或淡倉:

Long positions in shares of the Company:

於本公司股份的好倉:

			Percentage of
		Number of	the Company's
		shares held/	issued
Name	Capacity/Nature of interest	interested	share capital
		所持/擁有	本公司已發行
姓名/名稱	身份/權益性質	權益的股份數目	股本的百分比
Sunny Bright	Beneficial Owner	275,000,000	68.75%
光彩	實益擁有人		
Mr. Patrick Ma	Interest in a controlled corporation	275,000,000	68.75%
	and interest of spouse (Note 1)		
馬廷強先生	受控制法團權益及配偶權益(附註1)		
CITIC Securities Company Limited	Interest in a controlled corporation	20,000,000	5%
	(Note 2)		
中信証券股份有限公司	受控制法團權益(附註2)		

附註: Notes:

- Such 275,000,000 Shares are registered in the name of Sunny Bright, a company beneficially owned as to 50% by Mrs. Gigi Ma and 50% by Mr. Patrick Ma. Mrs. Gigi Ma is the spouse of Mr. Patrick Ma. Accordingly, Mr. Patrick Ma is deemed to be interested in all the Shares held by Sunny Bright under the SFO.
- 該275,000,000股股份以光彩(一間由馬黎珈而女士 及馬廷強先生分別實益擁有50%及50%權益的公司) 名義登記。馬黎珈而女士為馬廷強先生的配偶。因 此,根據證券及期貨條例,馬廷強先生被視為於光 彩持有的全部股份中擁有權益。

董事會報告

Such 20,000,000 shares are registered in the name of CSI Capital Management Limited. According to record, CSI Capital Management Limited is wholly owned by CITIC CLSA Global Markets Holdings Limited. CITIC CLSA Global Markets Holdings Limited is wholly owned by CLSA B.V. CLSA B.V. is wholly owned by CITIC Securities International Company Limited. CITIC Securities International Company Limited is wholly owned by CITIC Securities Company Limited. CITIC Securities Company Limited is deemed to be interested in the shares held by CSI Capital Management Limited for the purpose of Part XV of the SFO.

Save as disclosed above, as at 31 March 2020 and so far as known to the Directors, no person, other than the Directors and chief executive of the Company whose interests are set out in the section "Directors' and Chief Executive's Interests and/or Short Positions in the Shares, Underlying Shares and Debentures of the Company or any Associated Corporation" above, had notified the Company of an interest or short position in the shares or underlying shares of the Company that was required to be recorded in the register required to be kept by the Company pursuant to Section 336 of the SFO.

Management Contracts

No contracts concerning the management and administration of the whole or any substantial part of the business of the Company were entered into or existed during the year.

Major Suppliers and Customers

For the year ended 31 March 2020, the percentage of revenue derived from our five largest clients in aggregate was less than 0.9% (2019: 0.9%) of the Group's total revenue.

For the year ended 31 March 2020, purchases from our largest supplier accounted for approximately 15.9% (2019: 20.7%) of the Group's total purchases. For the year ended 31 March 2020, our five largest suppliers in aggregate accounted for approximately 53.3% (2019: 60.6%) of the Group's total purchases.

Save as disclosed above, none of the Directors, their associates or any shareholder (which to the knowledge of the Directors owns more than 5% of the Company's share capital) had an interest in these major suppliers or customers.

該20,000,000股股份以CSI Capital Management Limited名義登記。根據記錄, CSI Capital Management Limited由CITIC CLSA Global Markets Holdings Limited全資擁有。CITIC CLSA Global Markets Holdings Limited由CLSA B.V. 全 資擁有。CLSA B.V.由中信証券國際有限公司全 資擁有。中信証券國際有限公司由中信証券股份 有限公司全資擁有。就證券及期貨條例第XV部而 言,中信証券股份有限公司被視為於CSI Capital Management Limited 所持有的股份中擁有權益。

除 上文所披露者外,於2020年3月31日及就 董事所知,並無人士(其權益載列於上文「董 事及主要行政人員於本公司或任何相聯法團之 股份、相關股份及債權證之權益及/或淡倉」 一節的本公司董事及主要行政人員除外)告知 本公司彼等於本公司股份或相關股份中擁有須 根據證券及期貨條例第336條記錄在本公司須 存置之登記冊的權益或淡倉。

管理合約

年內概無訂立或存在有關本公司整體或任何重 大部分業務的管理及行政合約。

主要供應商及客戶

截至2020年3月31日止年度,來自我們五大 客戶的收益百分比合共少於本集團總收益0.9% (2019年: 0.9%)。

截至2020年3月31日止年度,來自我們最大 供應商的採購額佔本集團總採購額約15.9% (2019年:20.7%)。截至2020年3月31日止 年度,我們的五大供應商合共佔本集團總採購 額約53.3%(2019年:60.6%)。

除上文所披露者外,概無董事、其聯繫人或任 何股東(據董事所知擁有本公司股本5%以上) 於該等主要供應商或客戶中擁有權益。

董事會報告

Connected Transactions

The "related party transactions" as disclosed in note 28 to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2020 do not constitute a connected transaction or a continuing connected transaction as defined in Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules. The Directors confirmed that the Company has complied with the disclosure requirements in accordance with Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules.

There were no other non-exempt connected and continuing connected transactions during the reporting period.

Sufficiency of Public Float

Based on the information available to the Company and the Directors, the Company has maintained the prescribed public float required by the Listing Rules in the reporting period.

Compliance of Non-Competition Undertaking

As disclosed in the prospectus of the Company dated 30 December 2016, pursuant to the non-competition undertakings set out in the deed of non-competition dated 19 December 2016, each of our controlling shareholders, namely, Sunny Bright Group Holdings Limited, Mrs. Gigi Ma and Mr. Patrick Ma (collectively the "Controlling Shareholders"), have undertaken to the Company (for itself and on behalf of its subsidiaries) that, amongst other things, each of them does not or will not, and will procure each of their respective close associates not to, directly or indirectly, carry on, participate in, be engaged, interested directly or indirectly, either for their own account or in conjunction with or on behalf of or for any other person in any business in competition with or similar to or is likely to be in competition with the business of the Group upon the Listing of the Company. Details of the deed of non-competition are set out in the paragraph headed "Non-Competition Deed" in the section headed "Relationship with Controlling Shareholders" in the prospectus of the Company dated 30 December 2016.

The INEDs have reviewed the implementation of the deed of non-competition and are of the view that the Controlling Shareholders have complied with their undertakings given under the deed of non-competition for the year ended 31 March 2020.

關連交易

截至2020年3月31日止年度的綜合財務報表 附註28所披露的「關連方交易」並不構成上市 規則第14A章所界定的關連交易或持續關連交 易。董事已確認本公司已遵守根據上市規則第 14A章的披露規定。

於報告期間,並無其他不獲豁免關連及持續關連交易。

足夠公眾持股量

根據本公司及董事可得的資料,本公司於報告期內已維持上市規則規定的指定公眾持股量。

不競爭承諾的遵守情況

誠如本公司日期為2016年12月30日的招股章程所披露,根據日期為2016年12月19日的不競爭契據所載的不競爭承諾,我們的控股股東(即光彩控股有限公司、馬黎珈而女士及馬廷強先生,統稱「控股股東」)已各自向本公司(為其本身及代表其附屬公司)承諾(其中包括)彼等各自不會或將不會,並將促使彼等各自的緊密聯繫人不會於本公司上市後為其本身或聯關人不會於本公司上市後為其本身或聯同或代表或為任何其他人士直接或間接進行、參與、從事與本集團業務構成競爭或相似或可能構成競爭的任何業務或直接或間接持有任何權務。不競爭契據的詳情載於本公司日期為2016年12月30日的招股章程「與控股股東的關係」一節「不競爭契據」一段。

獨立非執行董事已審閱不競爭契據的落實情況,並認為控股股東已於截至2020年3月31日止年度遵守其於不競爭契據下給予的承諾。

董事會報告

Equity-Linked Agreements

Save for the Share Option Scheme, no equity-linked agreements were entered into during the year or subsisted at the end of the year.

Corporate Governance

Details of the corporate governance practices adopted by the Company are set out in the Corporate Governance Report on pages 29 to 44 of the annual report.

Event after the Reporting Period

Due to the COVID-19 pandemic, the Hong Kong government required all beauty parlours to close for 28 days from 10 April 2020 to 7 May 2020. Save as disclosed above, there was no significant event occurred after the reporting period.

Auditor

The consolidated financial statements have been audited by Ernst & Young who retire and, being eligible, offer themselves for re-appointment. A resolution will be proposed at the forthcoming annual general meeting of the Company to re-appoint Ernst & Young as auditor of the Company.

On behalf of the Board

Miricor Enterprises Holdings Limited LAI Ka Yee Gigi

Chairlady

Hong Kong, 15 June 2020

股權掛鈎協議

除購股權計劃外,概無股權掛鈎協議於年內訂 立或於年末存續。

企業管治

本公司採納的企業管治常規詳情載於本年報第 29至44頁的企業管治報告。

報告期後事項

由於新冠肺炎疫情的關係,香港政府要求所有 美容院於2020年4月10日起至2020年5月7 日止期間關閉28日。除上文所披露者外,於 報告期後概無發生重大事項。

核數師

綜合財務報表已由安永會計師事務所審核,安 永會計師事務所任滿告退,並合資格及願意獲 續聘。本公司應屆股東週年大會上將提呈一項 決議案以續聘安永會計師事務所為本公司核數 師。

代表董事會 卓珈控股集團有限公司 主席 黎珈而

香港,2020年6月15日

獨立核數師報告



To the shareholders of Miricor Enterprises Holdings Limited

(Incorporated in the Cayman Islands with limited liability)

Opinion

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of Miricor Enterprises Holdings Limited (the "Company") and its subsidiaries (the "Group") set out on pages 89 to 167, which comprise the consolidated statement of financial position as at 31 March 2020, and the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, the consolidated statement of changes in equity and the consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements give a true and fair view of the consolidated financial position of the Group as at 31 March 2020, and of its consolidated financial performance and its consolidated cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards ("HKFRSs") issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants ("HKICPA") and have been properly prepared in compliance with the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

致卓珈控股集團有限公司全體股東

(於開曼群島註冊成立的有限公司)

意見

我們已審計列載於第89至167頁的卓珈控股 集團有限公司(「貴公司」)及其附屬公司(以下 統稱「貴集團」)的綜合財務報表,此綜合財務 報表包括於2020年3月31日的綜合財務狀況 表與截至該日止年度的綜合損益及其他全面收 益表、綜合權益變動表及綜合現金流量表,以 及綜合財務報表附註,包括主要會計政策概 要。

我們認為,該等綜合財務報表已根據香港會計 師公會(「香港會計師公會」)頒布的《香港財務 報告準則》(「香港財務報告準則」)真實而公允 地反映了 貴集團於2020年3月31日的綜合 財務狀況及截至該日止年度的綜合財務表現及 綜合現金流量,並已遵照香港《公司條例》的 披露規定妥為擬備。

獨立核數師報告

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Hong Kong Standards on Auditing ("HKSAs") issued by the HKICPA. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the consolidated financial statements* section of our report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with the HKICPA's *Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants* (the "Code"), and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Key Audit Matter

Key audit matter is the matter that, in our professional judgement, was of most significance in our audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period. The matter was addressed in the context of our audit of the consolidated financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on the matter. For the matter below, our description of how our audit addressed the matter is provided in that context.

We have fulfilled the responsibilities described in the *Auditor's* responsibilities for the audit of the consolidated financial statements section of our report, including in relation to the matter. Accordingly, our audit included the performance of procedures designed to respond to our assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements. The results of our audit procedures, including the procedures performed to address the matter below, provide the basis for our audit opinion on the accompanying consolidated financial statements.

意見的基礎

我們已根據香港會計師公會頒布的《香港審計準則》(「香港審計準則」)進行審計。我們在該等準則下承擔的責任已在本報告核數師就審計綜合財務報表承擔的責任部分中作進一步闡述。根據香港會計師公會頒布的《專業會計師道德守則》(以下簡稱「守則」),我們獨立於 貴集團,並已履行守則中的其他專業道德責任。我們相信,我們所獲得的審計憑證能充足及適當地為我們的審計意見提供基礎。

關鍵審計事項

關鍵審計事項是根據我們的專業判斷,認為對本期綜合財務報表的審計最為重要的事項。這事項是在對綜合財務報表整體進行審計並形成意見的背景下進行處理的,我們不對這事項提供單獨的意見。我們對下述事項在審計中是如何應對的描述也以此為背景。

我們已經履行了本報告核數師就審計綜合財務 報表承擔的責任部分闡述的責任,包括與這關 鍵審計事項相關的責任。相應地,我們的審計 工作包括執行為應對評估的綜合財務報表重大 錯誤陳述風險而設計的審計程序。我們執行審 計程序的結果,包括應對下述關鍵審計事項所 執行的程序,為綜合財務報表整體發表審計意 見提供了基礎。

獨立核數師報告

Key Audit Matter (Continued)

Key audit matter

關鍵審計事項

Revenue recognition from prepaid packages 來自預付療程的收益確認

Revenue from treatment services is recognised when such services have been rendered to customers.

Prepaid treatment services not yet rendered, which are non-refundable, are deferred and reported as contract liabilities in the consolidated statement of financial position. Customers who may not exercise all of the contractual rights of the prepaid packages upon expiry of the service period, and such unutilised portion are referred to as breakage.

The Group recognised an expected breakage amount as revenue in proportion to the historical pattern of rights exercised by the customers. Upon expiry of the service period, the unutilised portion of the prepaid packages are fully recognised in profit or loss. As at 31 March 2020, the carrying amount of contract liabilities amounted to HK\$122,512,000. During the year ended 31 March 2020, revenue recognised from treatment services and unutilised prepaid packages amounted to HK\$146,165,000 and HK\$10,436,000, respectively.

The determination of the expected breakage amount involves management's estimate based on the Group's historical experience on the utilisation of prepaid packages. The recognition of revenue from the unutilised portion of the expired prepaid packages involves significant management's judgement to determine the appropriate timing when the obligations to provide services are considered to be expired based on the Group's forfeiture policy.

Related disclosures are included in notes 2.4, 3, 5 and 22 to the consolidated financial statements.

關鍵審計事項(續)

How our audit addressed the key audit matter 我們的審計如何應對關鍵審計事項

Our audit procedures included:

- obtaining an understanding of the Group's revenue recognition policy in relation to prepaid packages;
- assessing the estimates used in the determination of expected breakage amount such as historical experience on the utilisation of prepaid packages by examining the related usage records and comparing to the actual usage records on a sampling basis; and
- testing the internal controls and checking the calculation of revenue recognised related to the unutilised portion of the expired prepaid packages by examining the underlying sales contracts and related records on a sampling basis.

獨立核數師報告

Key audit matter

關鍵審計事項

來自療程服務的收益於有關服務已提供予客戶時確認。

尚未提供及不可退款的預付療程服務獲遞延,並於綜合 財務狀況表呈列為合約負債。客戶可能不會於服務期屆 滿時行使所有預付療程的合約權利,而該等未使用部分 被稱為未使用權利。

貴集團按客戶行使權利的過往模式的比例確認預期未使 用權利金額為收益。於服務期屆滿後,預付療程的未使 用部分於損益中悉數確認。於2020年3月31日,合約負 債的賬面值為122,512,000港元。於截至2020年3月31 日止年度,已確認來自療程服務及未使用預付療程的收 益分別為146.165.000港元及10.436.000港元。

釐定預期未使用權利金額涉及管理層基於 貴集團對使 用預付療程的過往經驗作出的估計。確認來自已逾期預 付療程未使用部分的收益涉及管理層的重大判斷,以根 據 貴集團的沒收政策釐定提供服務的義務被視為到期 的合適時間。

相關披露已載於綜合財務報表附註2.4、3、5及22。

How our audit addressed the key audit matter 我們的審計如何應對關鍵審計事項

我們的審計程序包括:

- 了解 貴集團與預付療程有關的收益確認政策;
- 透過以抽樣方式檢查相關使用記錄並與實際使用記 錄進行比較,評估於釐定預期未使用權利金額時的 估計,如對使用預付療程的過往經驗的估計;及
- 透過以抽樣方式檢查相關銷售合約及相關記錄,測 試內部控制及檢查與已逾期預付療程未使用部分有 關的收益確認的計算。

獨立核數師報告

Other Information included in the Annual Report

The Directors of the Company are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Annual Report, other than the consolidated financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the consolidated financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the consolidated financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the consolidated financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of the Directors for the Consolidated Financial Statements

The Directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation of the consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with HKFRSs issued by the HKICPA and the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance, and for such internal control as the Directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, the Directors of the Company are responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Directors of the Company either intend to liquidate the Group or to cease operations or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

The Directors of the Company are assisted by the Audit Committee in discharging their responsibilities for overseeing the Group's financial reporting process.

刊載於年報內其他信息

貴公司董事需對其他信息負責。其他信息包括 刊載於年報內的信息,但不包括綜合財務報表 及我們的核數師報告。

我們對綜合財務報表的意見並不涵蓋其他信 息,我們亦不對該等其他信息發表任何形式的 鑒證結論。

結合我們對綜合財務報表的審計,我們的責任 是閱讀其他信息,在此過程中,考慮其他信息 是否與綜合財務報表或我們在審計過程中所瞭 解的情況存在重大抵觸或者似乎存在重大錯誤 陳述的情況。基於我們已執行的工作,如果我 們認為其他信息存在重大錯誤陳述,我們需要 報告該事實。在這方面,我們沒有任何報告。

董事就綜合財務報表須承擔的責任

貴公司董事須負責根據香港會計師公會頒布的 《香港財務報告準則》及香港《公司條例》的披 露規定擬備真實而公允的綜合財務報表,並對 其認為為使綜合財務報表的擬備不存在由於欺 詐或錯誤而導致的重大錯誤陳述所需的內部控 制負責。

在擬備綜合財務報表時, 貴公司董事負責評 估 貴集團持續經營的能力,並在適用情況下 披露與持續經營有關的事項,以及使用持續經 營為會計基礎,除非 貴公司董事有意將 貴 集團清盤或停止經營,或別無其他實際的替代 方案。

審核委員會協助 貴公司董事履行職責監 督 貴集團的財務報告過程。

獨立核數師報告

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Our report is made solely to you, as a body, and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility towards or accept liability to any other person for the contents of this report.

Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with HKSAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with HKSAs, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the Directors.

核數師就審計綜合財務報表承擔的 責任

我們的目標,是對綜合財務報表整體是否不存在由於欺詐或錯誤而導致的重大錯誤陳述取得合理保證,並出具包括我們意見的核數師報告。我們僅對 閣下(作為整體)作出報告,除此以外,本報告並無其他用途。我們不會就本報告的內容向任何其他人士負上或承擔任何責任。

合理保證是高水平的保證,但不能保證按照《香港審計準則》進行的審計,在某一重大錯誤陳述存在時總能發現。錯誤陳述可以由欺詐或錯誤引起,如果合理預期它們單獨或滙總起來可能影響綜合財務報表使用者依賴該等綜合財務報表所作出的經濟決定,則有關的錯誤陳述可被視作重大。

在根據《香港審計準則》進行審計的過程中, 我們運用了專業判斷,保持了專業懷疑態度。 我們亦:

- 識別和評估由於欺詐或錯誤而導致綜合 財務報表存在重大錯誤陳述的風險,設 計及執行審計程序以應對該等風險,以 及獲取充足及適當的審計憑證,作為我 們意見的基礎。由於欺詐可能涉及串 謀、偽造、蓄意遺漏、虛假陳述,或 駕於內部控制之上,因此未能發現因欺 詐而導致的重大錯誤陳述的風險高於未 能發現因錯誤而導致的重大錯誤陳述的 風險。
- 瞭解與審計相關的內部控制,以設計適當的審計程序,但目的並非對 貴集團內部控制的有效性發表意見。
- 評價董事所採用會計政策的恰當性及作 出會計估計和相關披露的合理性。

獨立核數師報告

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

- Conclude on the appropriateness of the Directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Group to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with the Audit Committee regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide the Audit Committee with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

核數師就審計綜合財務報表承擔的

- 對董事採用持續經營會計基礎的恰當性 作出結論,並根據所獲取的審計憑證, 確定是否存在與事項或情況有關的重大 不確定性,從而可能導致對 貴集團的 持續經營能力產生重大疑慮。如果我們 認為存在重大不確定性,則有必要在核 數師報告中提請使用者注意綜合財務報 中的相關披露,或倘有關的披露不足, 則我們應當發表非無保留意見。我們的 結論是基於直至核數師報告日期所取得 的審計憑證。然而,未來事項或情況可 能導致 貴集團不能持續經營。
- 評價綜合財務報表的整體列報方式、結 構和內容,包括披露,以及綜合財務報 表是否公允反映相關交易及事件。
- 就 貴集團內實體或業務活動的財務信 息獲取充足、適當的審計憑證,以便對 綜合財務報表發表意見。我們負責 貴 集團審計的方向、監督和執行。我們為 審計意見承擔全部責任。

我們與審核委員會溝通了(其中包括)計劃的審 計範圍、時間安排、重大審計發現等,包括我 們在審計中識別出內部控制的任何重大缺陷。

我們亦向審核委員會提交聲明,説明我們已符 合有關獨立性的相關專業道德要求,並與他們 溝通有可能合理地被認為會影響我們獨立性的 所有關係和其他事項,以及在適用的情況下, 相關的防範措施。

獨立核數師報告

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

From the matters communicated with the Audit Committee, we determine the matter that was of most significance in the audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period and is therefore the key audit matter. We describe the matter in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

The engagement partner on the audit resulting in this independent auditor's report is Yen Kai Shun, Catherine.

核數師就審計綜合財務報表承擔的責任(續)

從與審核委員會溝通的事項中,我們確定哪事項對本期綜合財務報表的審計最為重要,因而構成關鍵審計事項。我們在核數師報告中描述這事項,除非法律法規不允許公開披露這事項,或在極端罕見的情況下,如果合理預期在我們報告中溝通某事項造成的負面後果超過產生的公眾利益,我們決定不應在報告中溝通該事項。

出具本獨立核數師報告的審計項目合夥人是嚴 嘉洵。

Ernst & Young

Certified Public Accountants 22/F, CITIC Tower 1 Tim Mei Avenue Central, Hong Kong

15 June 2020

安永會計師事務所

執業會計師 香港中環 添美道1號 中信大廈22樓

2020年6月15日

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

綜合損益及其他全面收益表

		Notes	2020 HK\$'000	2019 HK\$'000
		附註	千港元 ———	千港元
REVENUE	收益	5	176,529	154,695
Other income	其他收入	5	4,139	2,570
Cost of inventories and consumables	存貨及消耗品成本		(17,473)	(15,322)
Staff costs	員工成本		(81,844)	(53,733)
Property rentals and related expenses	物業租金及相關開支		(22,471)	(20,455)
Depreciation of property, plant and	物業、廠房及設備折舊			
equipment			(12,336)	(11,222)
Other expenses	其他開支		(28,664)	(30,144)
Finance costs	財務成本	7	(2,211)	_
PROFIT BEFORE TAX	除税前溢利	6	15,669	26,389
Income tax expense	所得税開支	10	(2,113)	(4,591)
PROFIT FOR THE YEAR AND TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR ATTRIBUTABLE	本公司擁有人應佔 年度溢利 及年度全面收益		40.550	04 700
TO OWNERS OF THE COMPANY	總額 ————————————————————————————————————		13,556	21,798
EARNINGS PER SHARE ATTRIBUTABLE TO ORDINARY EQUITY HOLDERS OF THE COMPANY	本公司普通股權益 持有人應佔 每股盈利			
Basic and diluted	- 基本及攤薄	12	HK3.39 cents	HK5.45 cents
			3.39港仙	5.45港仙

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

綜合財務狀況表

As at 31 March 2020 於2020年3月31日

			2020	2019
		Notes	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		附註	千港元	千港元
NON-CURRENT ASSETS	非流動資產			
Property, plant and equipment	物業、廠房及設備	13	39,491	46,270
Right-of-use assets	使用權資產	14(a)	50,310	_
Goodwill	商譽	15	4,305	4,305
Deposits	按金	18	9,540	8,168
Deferred tax assets	遞延税項資產	24	3,179	1,787
T			400.000	00.500
Total non-current assets	非流動資產總值		106,825	60,530
CURRENT ASSETS	流動資產			
Inventories	存貨	16	14,320	7,952
Trade receivables	貿易應收賬款	17	7,974	26,002
Prepayments, other receivables and	預付款項、其他應收			
other assets	賬款及其他資產	18	12,141	12,689
Tax recoverable	可收回税項		3,204	786
Pledged time deposits	已抵押定期存款	19	55,460	54,269
Cash and cash equivalents	現金及現金等價物	19	157,327	119,197
Total current assets	流動資產總值		250,426	220,895
CURRENT LIABILITIES	流動負債			
Trade payables	貿易應付賬款	20	338	1,316
Other payables and accruals	其他應付賬款及應計費用	21	6,067	12,259
Contract liabilities and deferred revenue	合約負債及遞延收益	22	135,675	118,057
Provision for reinstatement costs	修復成本撥備	23	1,825	433
Lease liabilities	租賃負債	14(b)	15,690	_
Tax payable	應付税項		933	1,278
Total current liabilities	流動負債總額		160,528	133,343
NET CURRENT ASSETS	流動資產淨值		89,898	87,552
TOTAL ASSETS LESS	總資產減流動負債			
CURRENT LIABILITIES	ᆙᅅᆽ <i>ᆂᆙᇧᆙ</i> ᆙᆌᆽ		196,723	148,082

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

綜合財務狀況表

As at 31 March 2020 於2020年3月31日

			2020	2019
		Notes	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		附註	千港元	千港元_
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES	非流動負債			
Deferred tax liabilities	遞延税項負債	24	1,594	1,645
Provision for reinstatement costs	修復成本撥備	23	4,085	4,711
Lease liabilities	租賃負債	14(b)	32,813	
Total non-current liabilities	非流動負債總額		38,492	6,356
Net assets	資產淨值		158,231	141,726
EQUITY	權益			
Issued capital	已發行股本	25	4,000	4,000
Reserves	儲備	27	154,231	137,726
Total equity	權益總值		158,231	141,726

Ms. Lai Ka Yee Gigi 黎珈而女士 Director 董事

Mr. Ma Ting Wai Barry 馬庭偉先生 Director 董事

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

綜合權益變動表

		Note 附註	Issued capital 已發行 股本 HK\$'000 千港元	Share premium account 股份 溢價賬 HK\$'000	Merger reserve 合併 儲備 HK\$'000 千港元 (Note 27) (附註27)	Retained profits 保留 溢利 HK\$'000 千港元	Total equity 權益 總額 HK\$'000 千港元
At 1 April 2018	於2018年4月1日		4,000	67,788	4,995	43,145	119,928
Profit for the year and total comprehensive income for the year	年度溢利及年度 全面收益總額		_	_	_	21,798	21,798
At 31 March 2019 Effect of adoption of HKFRS 16	於2019年3月31日 採納香港財務報告準則 第16號的影響	2.2	4,000	67,788*	4,995* -	64,943* 2,949	141,726 2,949
At 1 April 2019 (restated) Profit for the year and total	於2019年4月1日(經重列) 年度溢利及年度 全面收益總額		4,000	67,788	4,995	67,892	144,675
comprehensive income for the year	土叫牧笽総餀		-	-	-	13,556	13,556
At 31 March 2020	於2020年3月31日		4,000	67,788*	4,995*	81,448*	158,231

These reserve accounts comprise the consolidated reserves of HK\$154,231,000 \star 該等儲備賬戶包括綜合財務狀況表之綜合儲備 (2019: HK\$137,726,000) in the consolidated statement of financial position. \star 154,231,000港元(2019年: 137,726,000港元)。

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

綜合現金流量表

		Notes 附註	2020 HK\$'000 千港元	2019 HK\$'000 千港元
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	經營業務所得現金流量			
Profit before tax	除税前溢利		15,669	26,389
Adjustments for:	就下列各項調整:		13,003	20,000
Depreciation of property, plant and	物業、廠房及設備折舊			
equipment		6	12,336	11,222
Depreciation of right-of-use assets	使用權資產折舊	6	17,932	, –
Interest income	利息收入	5	(3,968)	(2,509)
Finance costs	財務成本	7	2,211	_
Loss on disposal/write-off of items of	出售/撇銷物業、廠房			
property, plant and equipment, net	及設備項目虧損淨額	6	-	1,761
Impairment of trade receivables, net	貿易應收賬款減值淨額	6	2	26
			44,182	36,889
Increase in inventories	存貨增加		(6,368)	(3,733)
Decrease/(increase) in trade receivables	貿易應收賬款減少/(增加)		18,026	(5,859)
Decrease/(increase) in prepayments, other receivables and other assets	預付款項、其他應收賬款及 其他資產減少/(增加)		673	(F. 202)
Increase/(decrease) in trade payables	貿易應付賬款增加/(減少)		(978)	(5,303) 611
Increase/(decrease) in other payables	其他應付賬款及應計費用		(970)	011
and accruals	增加/(減少)		(3,533)	5,876
Increase in contract liabilities and	合約負債及遞延收益增加		(0,000)	0,070
deferred revenue			17,618	25,696
Decrease in provision for	修復成本撥備減少		,	,
reinstatement costs			_	(717)
Increase in pledged time deposits	已抵押定期存款增加		(1,191)	(2,442)
Cash generated from operations	經營業務所產生的現金		68,429	51,018
Interest received	已收取利息		3,606	2,628
Interest paid	已付利息		(2,211)	_
Hong Kong profits tax paid, net	已付香港利得税淨額		(6,319)	(7,047)
Net cash flows from operating	經營活動所得現金流量			
activities	淨額		63,505	46,599
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES	投資活動所得現金流量			
Purchases of items of property,	購買物業、廠房及設備項目			
plant and equipment			(8,508)	(37,789)
Deposits paid for the purchase of items	購買物業、廠房及設備項目的		(3,333)	(- ,)
of property, plant and equipment	已付按金		(1,495)	(45)
Proceeds from disposal of items of	出售物業、廠房及設備項目			
property, plant and equipment	所得款項		-	53
Decrease/(increase) in non-pledged time	於購入時原到期日超過三個月			
deposits with original maturity of more	的無抵押定期存款			
than three months when acquired	減少/(增加)		36,125	(75,408)
Net cash flows from/(used in)	投資活動所得/(所用)			
investing activities	現金流量淨額		26,122	(113,189)

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

綜合現金流量表

		Notes 附註	2020 HK\$'000 千港元	2019 HK\$'000 千港元
CASH FLOWS FROM A FINANCING ACTIVITY	融資活動所得的現金流量			
Principal portion of lease payments	租賃付款的本金部分		(15,372)	_
NET INCREASE/(DECREASE) IN CAS	H 現金及現金等價物			
AND CASH EQUIVALENTS Cash and cash equivalents at beginning	增加/(減少)淨額 年初的現金及現金等價物		74,255	(66,590)
of year	1 1/311/3 /0 <u>m //</u> // /0 <u>m</u> // // // //		11,319	77,909
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT	年末的現金及現金等價物			
END OF YEAR	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1		85,574	11,319
ANALYSIS OF BALANCES OF CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	現金及現金等價物結餘 的分析			
Cash and bank balances	現金及銀行結餘		7,321	11,319
Non-pledged time deposits with original maturity of three months or less	於購入時原到期日 不超過三個月的		70.050	
when acquired Non-pledged time deposits with original maturity of more than three months	無抵押定期存款 於購入時原到期日 超過三個月的		78,253	_
when acquired	無抵押定期存款		71,753	107,878
Cash and cash equivalents as stated in the consolidated statement of	綜合財務狀況表所列 現金及現金等價物			
financial position		19	157,327	119,197
Non-pledged time deposits with original maturity of more than three months	於購入時原到期日 超過三個月的			
when acquired	無抵押定期存款		(71,753)	(107,878)
Cash and cash equivalents as stated in the consolidated statement of	綜合現金流量表所列現金及 現金等價物			
cash flows			85,574	11,319

財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2020 截至2020年3月31日止年度

1. Corporate and Group Information

The Company is an exempted company with limited liability incorporated in the Cayman Islands. The registered office address of the Company is Cricket Square, Hutchins Drive, P.O. Box 2681, Grand Cayman, KY1-1111, Cayman Islands. The principal place of business of the Company is located at Room 1605, 16th Floor, Leighton Centre, 77 Leighton Road, Causeway Bay, Hong Kong.

The Company is an investment holding company and the Company's subsidiaries were principally engaged in the provision of medical aesthetic services, and the sale of skin care products in Hong Kong.

In the opinion of the Directors, the immediate holding company and the ultimate holding company of the Company is Sunny Bright Group Holdings Limited, a company incorporated in the British Virgin Islands.

Information about subsidiaries

Particulars of the Company's principal subsidiaries are as follow:

1. 公司及集團資料

本公司為一間在開曼群島註冊成立的獲 豁免有限公司。本公司的註冊辦事處地 址為Cricket Square, Hutchins Drive, P.O. Box 2681, Grand Cayman, KY1-1111, Cayman Islands。本公司的主要營業地 點位於香港銅鑼灣禮頓道77號禮頓中心 16樓1605室。

本公司為投資控股公司,而本公司附屬 公司主要於香港從事提供醫學美容服務 及銷售護膚產品。

董事認為,本公司的直接控股公司及最 終控股公司為光彩控股有限公司(一間於 英屬處女群島註冊成立的公司)。

附屬公司之資料

本公司主要附屬公司之詳情如下:

Percentage of equity attributable to the Company 本公司應佔股權百分比

			十. 口 山 灰 山 灰 山	± 11 /1 /U	
	Place of				
	incorporation	Issued ordinary			
Name	and business	share capital	Direct	Indirect	Principal activities
	註冊成立地點及	已發行			
名稱	營業地點	普通股股本	直接	間接	主要業務
Coresmax Group	British Virgin Islands	US\$1	100	-	Investment holding
Holdings Limited	("BVI")	, * –			↓□ 次 ↓☆ □□
	英屬處女群島	1美元			投資控股
	(「英屬處女群島」)				
Miricor Beauty (BVI) Limited	BVI	US\$1	100	_	Investment holding
	英屬處女群島	1美元			投資控股
G Max Group Limited	Hong Kong	HK\$1	-	100	Provision of management
	壬进	4 ×± =			Services
	香港	1港元			提供管理服務
Miricor Beauty (HK) Limited	Hong Kong	HK\$1	_	100	Sale of skin care products
卓珈美容(香港)有限公司	香港	1港元		.00	出售護虜產品
1 2007 (11/27)	170	1,370			
Cos Max Medical Centre	Hong Kong	HK\$1	-	100	Provision of medical
Limited					aesthetic services
	香港	1港元			提供醫學美容服務

財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2020 截至2020年3月31日止年度

- 1. Corporate and Group Information (Continued) **Information about subsidiaries** (Continued)
- 1. 公司及集團資料(續) 附屬公司之資料(續)

Percentage of equity attributable to the Company 本公司應佔股權百分比

	Place of incorporation	Issued ordinary			
Name	and business 註冊成立地點及	share capital 已發行	Direct	Indirect	Principal activities
名稱	營業地點	普通股股本	直接	間接	主要業務
Cos Max Medical Centre (Central) Limited	Hong Kong	HK\$1	-	100	Provision of medical aesthetic services
,	香港	1港元			提供醫學美容服務
Cos Max Medical Centre (CWB) Limited	Hong Kong	HK\$1	-	100	Provision of medical aesthetic services
	香港	1港元			提供醫學美容服務
CM Technology Development Limited	Hong Kong	HK\$1	-	100	Provision of management services
	香港	1港元			提供管理服務
CMIP Limited 名權有限公司	BVI 英屬處女群島	US\$1 1美元	-	100	Owner of trademarks 商標擁有人
Cos Max E-Commerce Limited®	Hong Kong	HK\$1	-	100	Provision of management services
	香港	1港元			提供管理服務
Cos Max Medical Centre (TST) Limited	Hong Kong	HK\$300,000	-	100	Provision of medical aesthetic services
. ,	香港	300,000港元			提供醫學美容服務
Vitae Wellness Beauty Limited®	Hong Kong	HK\$1	-	100	Provision of medical aesthetic services
	香港	1港元			提供醫學美容服務
(i) Formerly known as Cos M	ax Academy Limited		(i)	前稱Cos Max	Academy Limited
(ii) Formerly known as Gigi's	Secret (TST) Limited		(ii)	前稱 Gigi's Sec	eret (TST) Limited

The above table lists the subsidiaries of the Company which, in the opinion of the Directors, principally affected the results for the year or formed a substantial portion of the net assets of the Group. To give details of other subsidiaries would, in the opinion of the Directors, result in particulars of excessive length.

None of the subsidiaries of the Company had issued any debt securities at the end of the reporting period.

上表所列乃董事認為對本集團本年度業 績有重大影響或佔本集團淨資產主要部 份之本公司附屬公司。董事認為列出其 他附屬公司之詳情會使篇幅過於冗長。

於報告期末,概無本公司附屬公司已發 行任何債務證券。

財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2020 截至2020年3月31日止年度

2.1 Basis of Preparation

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards ("HKFRSs") (which include all Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards, Hong Kong Accounting Standards ("HKASs") and Interpretations) issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants, accounting principles generally accepted in Hong Kong and the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance. They have been prepared under the historical cost convention. These financial statements are presented in Hong Kong dollars and all values are rounded to the nearest thousand except when otherwise indicated.

Basis of consolidation

The consolidated financial statements include the financial statements of the Group for the year ended 31 March 2020. A subsidiary is an entity (including a structured entity), directly or indirectly, controlled by the Company. Control is achieved when the Group is exposed, or has rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the investee and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the investee (i.e., existing rights that give the Group the current ability to direct the relevant activities of the investee).

When the Company has, directly or indirectly, less than a majority of the voting or similar rights of an investee, the Group considers all relevant facts and circumstances in assessing whether it has power over an investee, including:

- the contractual arrangement with the other vote holders (a) of the investee:
- (b) rights arising from other contractual arrangements; and
- the Group's voting rights and potential voting rights. (C)

2.1 編製基準

此等財務報表乃根據香港會計師公會所 頒佈之香港財務報告準則(「香港財務報 告準則」)(當中包括所有香港財務報告準 則、香港會計準則(「香港會計準則」)及 詮釋)、香港公認會計原則及香港公司條 例之披露規定而編製。此等財務報表乃 根據歷史成本法編製。除另有註明外, 此等財務報表乃以港元呈列,而所有金 額均調整至最接近之千位。

綜合基準

本綜合財務報表包括本集團截至2020年 3月31日止年度之財務報表。附屬公司 指由本公司直接或間接控制的實體(包括 結構實體)。當本集團就自參與被投資方 而產生的可變回報承擔風險或有權獲取 有關回報且有能力透過其對被投資方的 權力影響該等回報(即賦予本集團指導被 投資方進行相關活動的現有能力之現時 權利)時,則獲得控制權。

當本公司直接或間接擁有被投資方不足 多數的投票權或類似權利,本集團會省 覽所有相關事實及情況以評估其是否對 被投資方擁有權力,包括:

- 與被投資方其他投票權持有人的合 約安排;
- (b) 其他合約安排產生的權利;及
- (C) 本集團的投票權及潛在投票權。

財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2020 截至2020年3月31日止年度

2.1 Basis of Preparation (Continued)

Basis of consolidation (Continued)

The financial statements of the subsidiaries are prepared for the same reporting period as the Company, using consistent accounting policies. The results of subsidiaries are consolidated from the date on which the Group obtains control, and continue to be consolidated until the date that such control ceases.

Profit or loss and each component of other comprehensive income are attributed to the equity holders of the Company and to the non-controlling interests, even if this results in the noncontrolling interests having a deficit balance. All intra-group assets and liabilities, equity, income, expenses and cash flows relating to transactions between members of the Group are eliminated in full on consolidation.

The Group reassesses whether or not it controls an investee if facts and circumstances indicate that there are changes to one or more of the three elements of control described above. A change in the ownership interest of a subsidiary, without a loss of control, is accounted for as an equity transaction.

If the Group loses control over a subsidiary, it derecognises (i) the assets (including goodwill) and liabilities of the subsidiary, (ii) the carrying amount of any non-controlling interest and (iii) the cumulative translation differences recorded in equity; and recognises (i) the fair value of the consideration received, (ii) the fair value of any investment retained and (iii) any resulting surplus or deficit in profit or loss. The Group's share of components previously recognised in other comprehensive income is reclassified to profit or loss or retained profits, as appropriate, on the same basis as would be required if the Group had directly disposed of the related assets or liabilities.

2.1 編製基準(續)

綜合基準(續)

附屬公司之財務報表乃於與本公司相同 之報告期內採納一致之會計政策編製。 附屬公司業績是自本集團取得控制權當 日起進行綜合列賬,且持續綜合列賬直 至該控制權終止當日為止。

損益及其他全面收益之各個組成部份歸 屬於本公司之權益擁有人及非控股權 益,即使此舉會導致非控股權益有虧絀 結餘。所有有關本集團各成員公司間之 交易之集團內部公司間資產及負債、權 益、收入、開支及現金流量會於綜合列 賬時全數抵銷。

倘事實及情況顯示上文所述三項控制因 素之一項或多項出現變化,本集團會重 新評估其是否控制被投資方。並無失去 控制權之附屬公司擁有權權益變動以股 本交易入賬。

倘本集團失去對附屬公司之控制權,則 終止確認的該附屬公司之資產(包括商譽) 及負債,(ii)任何非控股權益之賬面值及(iii) 於權益內記錄之累計匯兑差額;及確認(i) 已收代價之公平值,(ii)所保留任何投資 之公平值及(iii)損益中任何因此產生之盈 餘或虧絀。先前已於其他全面收益內確 認之本集團應佔部份重新分類至損益或 保留溢利(如適當),基準與本集團直接 出售相關資產或負債所需使用之基準相 同。

財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2020 截至2020年3月31日止年度

2.2 Changes in Accounting Policies and Disclosures

The Group has adopted the following new and revised HKFRSs for the first time for the current year's financial statements.

Amendments	Prepayment Features with
to HKFRS 9	Negative Compensation

HKFRS 16 Leases

Amendments Plan Amendment, Curtailment or

to HKAS 19 Settlement

Amendments Long-term Interests in Associates

to HKAS 28 and Joint Ventures

HK(IFRIC)-Int 23 Uncertainty over Income Tax

Treatments

Annual Improvements Amendments to HKFRS 3, to HKFRSs HKFRS 11, HKAS 12

2015-2017 Cycle and HKAS 23

Other than as explained below regarding the impact of HKFRS 16, the adoption of the above new and revised standards has had no significant financial effect on the Group's consolidated financial statements.

HKFRS 16 replaces HKAS 17 Leases, HK(IFRIC)-Int 4 Determining whether an Arrangement contains a Lease, HK(SIC)-Int 15 Operating Leases-Incentives and HK(SIC)-Int 27 Evaluating the Substance of Transactions Involving the Legal Form of a Lease. The standard sets out the principles for the recognition, measurement, presentation and disclosure of leases and requires lessees to account for all leases under a single on-balance sheet model to recognise and measure rightof-use assets and lease liabilities, except for certain recognition exemptions. Lessor accounting under HKFRS 16 is substantially unchanged from HKAS 17. Lessors continue to classify leases as either operating or finance leases using similar principles as in HKAS 17.

2.2 會計政策及披露之變動

本集團已於本年度的財務報表內首次採 納以下新訂及經修訂香港財務報告準則。

香港財務報告準則 具有負補償的提前

第9號修訂 環款特件

香港財務報告準則 租賃

第16號

香港會計準則 計劃修訂、縮減或

第19號修訂 結清

香港會計準則 於聯營公司及合營 第28號修訂 企業的長期權益 香港(國際財務報 所得税處理的

告詮釋委員會)-不確定性

詮釋第23號

香港財務報告準則 周期之年度改進

香港財務報告準則第3 2015年至2017年 號、香港財務報告準則 第11號、香港會計準 則第12號及香港會計

準則第23號修訂

除下文所述採納香港財務報告準則第16 號的影響外,採納上述新訂及經修訂準 則對本集團綜合財務報表並無重大財務 影響。

香港財務報告準則第16號取代香港會計 準則第17號租賃、香港(國際財務報告 詮釋委員會)- 詮釋第4號*齡定安排是否* 包括租賃、香港(常務詮釋委員會)-詮 釋第15號經營租賃 - 優惠及香港(常務 詮釋委員會)-詮釋第27號評估涉及租 *賃法律形式交易的內容*。該準則載列確 認、計量、呈列及披露租賃的原則,並 要求承租人在單一資產負債表內模型內 入賬所有租賃,以確認及計量使用權資 產及租賃負債,惟若干確認豁免除外。 香港財務報告準則第16號項下的出租人 會計法與香港會計準則第17號並無實質 變動。出租人將繼續按照與香港會計準 則第17號相似的原則將租賃分類為經營 租賃或融資租賃。

財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2020 截至2020年3月31日止年度

2.2 Changes in Accounting Policies and Disclosures 2.2 會計政策及披露之變動(續) (Continued)

The Group has adopted HKFRS 16 using the modified retrospective method with the date of initial application of 1 April 2019. Under this method, the standard has been applied retrospectively with the cumulative effect of initial adoption recognised as an adjustment to the opening balance of retained profits at 1 April 2019, and the comparative information for 2019 was not restated and continued to be reported under HKAS 17 and related interpretations.

New definition of a lease

Under HKFRS 16, a contract is, or contains, a lease if the contract conveys a right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration. Control is conveyed where the customer has both the right to obtain substantially all of the economic benefits from use of the identified asset and the right to direct the use of the identified asset. The Group elected to use the transition practical expedient allowing the standard to be applied only to contracts that were previously identified as leases applying HKAS 17 and HK(IFRIC)-Int 4 at the date of initial application. Contracts that were not identified as leases under HKAS 17 and HK(IFRIC)-Int 4 were not reassessed. Therefore, the definition of a lease under HKFRS 16 has been applied only to contracts entered into or changed on or after 1 April 2019.

本集團使用經修訂追溯法採納香港財務 報告準則第16號,首次應用日期為2019 年4月1日。根據該方法,該準則予以追 溯應用,首次採納的累計影響作為對 2019年4月1日保留溢利期初結餘的調 整,而2019年的比較資料並無獲重列, 並繼續根據香港會計準則第17號及相關 詮釋呈報。

租賃的新定義

根據香港財務報告準則第16號,倘合約 為換取代價而授出可在一段期間內控制 使用已識別資產之權利,則該合約為租 賃或包含租賃。倘客戶有權於使用可識 別資產時從中獲取絕大部分經濟利益及 有權主導已識別資產的用途,則表示擁 有控制權。本集團選擇使用過渡可行權 宜方法,准許有關準則僅應用於先前在 首次應用日期應用香港會計準則第17號 及香港(國際財務報告詮釋委員會)-詮 釋第4號識別為租賃的合約。根據香港 會計準則第17號及香港(國際財務報告 詮釋委員會)-詮釋第4號不獲識別為租 賃的合約不予重新評估。因此,香港財 務報告準則第16號對租賃的定義僅應用 於2019年4月1日或之後訂立或變更的 合約。

財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2020 截至2020年3月31日止年度

2.2 Changes in Accounting Policies and Disclosures (Continued)

As a lessee — Leases previously classified as operating leases

Nature of the effect of adoption of HKFRS 16

The Group has lease contracts for its medical aesthetic centres. office premises, a car park space and certain office equipment. As a lessee, the Group previously classified leases as either finance leases or operating leases based on the assessment of whether the lease transferred substantially all the rewards and risks of ownership of assets to the Group. Under HKFRS 16, the Group applies a single approach to recognise and measure right-of-use assets and lease liabilities for all leases, except for two elective exemptions for leases of low-value assets (elected on a lease-by-lease basis) and leases with a lease term of 12 months or less ("short-term leases") (elected by class of underlying asset). Instead of recognising rental expenses under operating leases on a straight-line basis over the lease term commencing from 1 April 2019, the Group recognises depreciation of the right-of-use assets and interest accrued on the outstanding lease liabilities as finance costs.

Impact on transition

Lease liabilities at 1 April 2019 were recognised based on the present value of the remaining lease payments, discounted using the incremental borrowing rate at 1 April 2019. The rightof-use assets were measured at the amount of the lease liabilities, adjusted by the amount of any prepaid or accrued lease payments relating to the leases recognised in the statement of financial position immediately before 1 April 2019. The right-of-use assets also included the net carrying amount of reinstatement costs in relation to the Group's leased properties recognised previously under leasehold improvements that were reclassified from property, plant and equipment.

All these assets were assessed for any impairment based on HKAS 36 on that date. The Group elected to present the rightof-use assets and lease liabilities separately in the statement of financial position.

2.2 會計政策及披露之變動(續)

作為承租人 - 先前分類為經營租賃 的租賃

採納香港財務報告準則第16號的影響性質 本集團就醫學美容中心、辦公室物業、 停車場及若干辦公室設備訂有租賃合 約。作為承租人,本集團先前根據評估 租賃是否已將資產所有權的絕大部分回 報及風險轉予本集團,將租賃分類為融 資租賃或經營租賃。根據香港財務報告 準則第16號,本集團就所有租賃應用單 一方法確認及計量使用權資產及租賃負 債,惟就低價值資產(按個別租賃選擇) 及租期為12個月或以下的租賃(「短期租 賃1),(按相關資產類別選擇)有兩項選 擇性豁免。本集團並無就租期於2019年 4月1日開始的經營租賃按直線法確認租 金開支,取而代之,本集團確認使用權 資產折舊及未償還租賃負債應計利息(作 為財務成本)。

過渡的影響

於2019年4月1日的租賃負債按剩餘租 賃付款的現值確認,使用於2019年4月 1日的增量借貸利率折現。使用權資產按 租賃負債的金額計量,並按任何與緊接 2019年4月1日前在財務狀況表確認的 租賃有關的任何預付或應計租賃付款金 額調整。使用權資產亦包括本集團已確 認租賃物業的修復成本的賬面淨值,該 等資產已從物業、廠房及設備內的物業 裝修租賃重新分類。

所有該等資產均於該日期按香港會計準 則第36號作減值評估。本集團選擇在財 務狀況表分開呈列使用權資產及租賃負 債。

財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2020 截至2020年3月31日止年度

2.2 Changes in Accounting Policies and Disclosures 2.2 會計政策及披露之變動(續) (Continued)

As a lessee — Leases previously classified as

operating leases (Continued)

Impact on transition (Continued)

The Group has used the following elective practical expedients when applying HKFRS 16 at 1 April 2019:

- Applying the short-term lease exemptions to leases with a lease term that ends within 12 months from the date of initial application
- Applying a single discount rate to a portfolio of leases with reasonably similar characteristics

Financial impact at 1 April 2019

The impact arising from the adoption of HKFRS 16 at 1 April 2019 was as follow:

作為承租人 - 先前分類為經營租賃 的租賃(續)

過渡的影響(續)

於2019年4月1日應用香港財務報告準 則第16號時,本集團已使用以下選擇性 可行權宜方法:

- 對租期由首次應用日期起12個月 內終止的和賃應用短期和賃豁免
- 對具有合理相似特徵的租賃應用單 一折現率

於2019年4月1日的財務影響

於2019年4月1日採納香港財務報告準 則第16號所產生的影響如下:

> Increase/ (decrease)

增加/(減少)

HK\$'000

千港元

Assets	資產	
Property, plant and equipment	物業、廠房及設備	(3,311)
Right-of-use assets	使用權資產	60,415
Total assets	總資產	57,104
Liabilities	負債	
Lease liabilities	租賃負債	56,814
Other payables and accruals	其他應付款項及應計費用	(2,659)
Total liabilities	總負債	54,155
Equity	權益	
Reserves	儲備	2,949
Total equity	權益總值	2,949

財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2020 截至2020年3月31日止年度

2.2 Changes in Accounting Policies and Disclosures 2.2 會計政策及披露之變動(續) (Continued)

Financial impact at 1 April 2019 (Continued)

The lease liabilities as at 1 April 2019 reconciled to the operating lease commitments as at 31 March 2019 are as follow:

於2019年4月1日的財務影響(續)

於2019年4月1日的租賃負債與於2019 年3月31日的經營租賃承擔對賬如下:

		HK\$'000
		千港元
Operating lease commitments as at 31 March 2019	於 2019 年 3 月 31 日的 經營租賃承擔	63,334
Less: Commitments relating to short-term leases and those leases with a remaining lease term ended on or before 31 March 2020	減:與短期租賃及剩餘租期於2020年 3月31日或之前結束的租賃 及低價值資產租賃有關的承擔	
and leases of low-value assets	20 C 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	(847)
		62,487
Weighted average incremental borrowing rate as at 1 April 2019	於2019年4月1日的加權平均增量 借貸利率	4.24%
Lease liabilities as at 1 April 2019	於2019年4月1日的租賃負債	56,814

財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2020 截至2020年3月31日止年度

2.3 Issued but not yet Effective Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards

The Group has not applied the following new and revised HKFRSs, that have been issued but are not yet effective, in these financial statements.

Amendments to HKFRS 3 Definition of a Business1

Amendments to HKFRS 9, Interest Rate Benchmark Reform¹

HKAS 39 and HKFRS 7

Amendments to HKFRS 10 Sale or Contribution of Assets and HKAS 28 (2011) between an Investor and its

Associate or Joint Venture4

Amendment to HKFRS 16 Covid-19-Related

Rent Concessions²

HKFRS 17 Insurance Contracts³

Amendments to HKAS 1 Definition of Material¹

and HKAS 8

- Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2020
- Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 June 2020
- Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2021
- No mandatory effective date yet determined but available for adoption

Further information about those HKFRSs that are expected to be applicable to the Group is described below.

2.3 已頒佈但尚未生效之香港財務 報告準則

本集團於該等財務報表並無應用以下已 頒佈但尚未生效的新訂及經修訂香港財 務報告準則。

香港財務報告準則 業務的定義1

第3號修訂

香港財務報告準則 利率基準改革1

第9號、香港會 計準則第39號及 香港財務報告 準則第7號修訂

香港財務報告準則 投資者與其聯營公司 第10號及香港會 或合營公司之間的資 計準則第28號 產出售或注資4

(2011年)修訂

香港財務報告準則 與新冠肺炎有關的

第16號修訂 租金減免2 香港財務報告準則 保險合約3

第17號

香港會計準則 重大的定義1

第1號及香港 會計準則第8號

修訂

- 於2020年1月1日或之後開始的年度期間生效
- 於2020年6月1日或之後開始的年度期間生
- 於2021年1月1日或之後開始的年度期間生效
- 強制生效日期尚未釐定,但可供採納

預期適用於本集團之有關該等香港財務 報告準則之進一步資料説明如下。

財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2020 截至2020年3月31日止年度

2.3 Issued but not yet Effective Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards (Continued)

Amendments to HKFRS 3 clarify and provide additional quidance on the definition of a business. The amendments clarify that for an integrated set of activities and assets to be considered a business, it must include, at a minimum, an input and a substantive process that together significantly contribute to the ability to create output. A business can exist without including all of the inputs and processes needed to create outputs. The amendments remove the assessment of whether market participants are capable of acquiring the business and continue to produce outputs. Instead, the focus is on whether acquired inputs and acquired substantive processes together significantly contribute to the ability to create outputs. The amendments have also narrowed the definition of outputs to focus on goods or services provided to customers, investment income or other income from ordinary activities. Furthermore, the amendments provide guidance to assess whether an acquired process is substantive and introduce an optional fair value concentration test to permit a simplified assessment of whether an acquired set of activities and assets is not a business. The Group expects to adopt the amendments prospectively from 1 April 2020. Since the amendments apply prospectively to transactions or other events that occur on or after the date of first application, the Group will not be affected by these amendments on the date of transition.

Amendments to HKAS 1 and HKAS 8 provide a new definition of material. The new definition states that information is material if omitting, misstating or obscuring it could reasonably be expected to influence decisions that the primary users of general purpose financial statements make on the basis of those financial statements. The amendments clarify that materiality will depend on the nature or magnitude of information. A misstatement of information is material if it could reasonably be expected to influence decisions made by the primary users. The Group expects to adopt the amendments prospectively from 1 April 2020. The amendments are not expected to have any significant impact on the Group's financial statements.

2.3 已頒佈但尚未生效之香港財務報告準則(續)

香港財務報告準則第3號修訂澄清及提 供有關業務定義的額外指引。修訂澄 清,一組綜合業務及資產須至少包括一 項輸入參數及一個重要過程,而兩者共 同對創造收益的能力作出重大貢獻,亦 可被視為業務。在並未計入所有創造收 益所須的輸入參數及過程的情況下,業 務亦可存續。修訂剔除對市場參與者是 否具備能力收購業務及持續產生收益進 行的評估。相反,重點專注在已取得的 輸入參數及已取得重要過程能否共同對 創造收益的能力作出重大貢獻。修訂本 亦收窄收益的定義,以聚焦在業務向客 戶提供的貨品或服務、投資收入或從一 般業務所得的其他收入。此外,修訂提 供有關評估已取得過程是否重大的指 引,並引入選擇性公平值集中測試,允 許進行簡單評估,以測試一組已收購的 業務及資產是否屬一項業務。本集團預 期於2020年4月1日起提前採納修訂。 由於該等修訂前瞻應用於首次應用日期 當日或以後的交易或其他事件,故此於 過渡日期,本集團將不受該等修訂影響。

香港會計準則第1號及香港會計準則第8號修訂對重大提供新定義。新定義指出,倘遺漏、錯誤陳述或掩蓋資料可会理地預期對一般用途財務報表的主要使用者基於該等財務報表作出的決策造成,重大程度將取決於資料國重大。修訂澄規要時代出的決策造成影響,則有關資料可合理地預期對主關對時代出的決策造成影響,則有關重大。本集團預期自2020年4月1日起根據未來適用準則採納該等條訂。該等修訂預期不會對本集團的財務報表產生任何重大影響。

財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2020 截至2020年3月31日止年度

2.4 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Business combinations and goodwill

Business combinations are accounted for using the acquisition method. The consideration transferred is measured at the acquisition date fair value which is the sum of the acquisition date fair values of assets transferred by the Group, liabilities assumed by the Group to the former owners of the acquiree and the equity interests issued by the Group in exchange for control of the acquiree. For each business combination, the Group elects whether to measure the non-controlling interests in the acquiree that are present ownership interests and entitle their holders to a proportionate share of net assets in the event of liquidation at fair value or at the proportionate share of the acquiree's identifiable net assets. All other components of noncontrolling interests are measured at fair value. Acquisitionrelated costs are expensed as incurred.

When the Group acquires a business, it assesses the financial assets and liabilities assumed for appropriate classification and designation in accordance with the contractual terms, economic circumstances and pertinent conditions as at the acquisition date. This includes the separation of embedded derivatives in host contracts of the acquiree.

If the business combination is achieved in stages, the previously held equity interest is remeasured at its acquisition date fair value and any resulting gain or loss is recognised in profit or loss.

Any contingent consideration to be transferred by the acquirer is recognised at fair value at the acquisition date. Contingent consideration classified as an asset or liability is measured at fair value with changes in fair value recognised in profit or loss. Contingent consideration that is classified as equity is not remeasured and subsequent settlement is accounted for within equity.

2.4 主要會計政策概要

業務合併及商譽

業務合併乃採用收購法入賬。所轉讓代 價乃按收購日期的公平值計量,收購日 期公平值是本集團所轉讓資產之收購日 期公平值、本集團為被收購方前擁有人 所承擔之負債及本集團為交換被收購方 控制權而發行之股權的總值。就各業務 併購而言,本集團選擇是按公平值還是 被收購方可識別資產淨值的應佔比例, 計量於被收購方的非控制權益,即於被 收購方中賦予持有人在清盤時按比例分 佔資產淨值的現有所有權權益。非控制 權益的所有其他組成部分均按公平值計 量。收購相關成本於產生時支銷。

本集團收購業務時根據按合約條款、收 購日期的經濟狀況及相關條件所作適當 分類及指定用途評估接收的金融資產及 自债,其中包括分離被收購方主合約中 的嵌入式衍生工具。

倘業務合併分階段進行,則先前所持股 權按收購日期公平值重新計量,而就此 產生的任何收益或虧損於損益確認。

收購方將轉讓的任何或然代價按收購日 期之公平值確認。歸類為資產或負債的 或然代價按公平值計量,而公平值的變 動於損益確認。歸類為權益之或然代價 毋須重新計量,隨後結算於權益列賬。

財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2020 截至2020年3月31日止年度

2.4 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Business combinations and goodwill (Continued)

Goodwill is initially measured at cost, being the excess of the aggregate of the consideration transferred, the amount recognised for non-controlling interests and any fair value of the Group's previously held equity interests in the acquiree over the identifiable net assets acquired and liabilities assumed. If the sum of this consideration and other items is lower than the fair value of the net assets acquired, the difference is, after reassessment, recognised in profit or loss as a gain on bargain purchase.

After initial recognition, goodwill is measured at cost less any accumulated impairment losses. Goodwill is tested for impairment annually or more frequently if events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying value may be impaired. The Group performs its annual impairment test of goodwill as at 31 March. For the purpose of impairment testing, goodwill acquired in a business combination is, from the acquisition date, allocated to each of the Group's cash-generating units, or groups of cash-generating units, that are expected to benefit from the synergies of the combination, irrespective of whether other assets or liabilities of the Group are assigned to those units or groups of units.

Impairment is determined by assessing the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit (group of cash-generating units) to which the goodwill relates. Where the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit (group of cash-generating units) is less than the carrying amount, an impairment loss is recognised. An impairment loss recognised for goodwill is not reversed in a subsequent period.

Where goodwill has been allocated to a cash-generating unit (or group of cash-generating units) and part of the operation within that unit is disposed of, the goodwill associated with the operation disposed of is included in the carrying amount of the operation when determining the gain or loss on the disposal. Goodwill disposed of in these circumstances is measured based on the relative value of the operation disposed of and the portion of the cash-generating unit retained.

2.4 主要會計政策概要(續)

業務合併及商譽(續)

商譽初始按成本計量,即所轉讓代價、 已確認非控制權益金額以及本集團先前 所持被收購方權益的任何公平值超出所 收購可識別資產淨值及所承擔負債之差 額。倘該代價及其他項目總額低於所收 購資產淨值的公平值,則差額經重新評 估後於損益確認為議價購買收益。

於初始確認後,商譽按成本減任何累計 減值虧損計量。每年對商譽進行減值測 試, 倘出現任何事件或情況轉變而顯示 賬面值可能減值,則會更頻密測試。本 集團於每年3月31日對商譽進行減值測 試。就減值測試而言,業務合併所得商 譽自收購當日起分配至本集團的各個現 金產牛單位或各組現金產牛單位(預期會 產生合併協同效益),而不論本集團其他 資產或負債有否指定撥往該等單位或單 位組別。

減值金額透過評估商譽所屬的現金產生 單位(現金產生單位組別)的可收回金額 而釐定。倘現金產生單位(現金產生單位 組別)的可收回金額低於賬面值,則確認 減值虧損。就商譽所確認的減值虧損不 會於其後期間撥回。

倘商譽分配至現金產生單位(或現金產生 單位組別),且該單位內部分業務已出 售,則於釐定出售的盈虧時,有關所出 售業務的商譽計入業務的賬面值。在該 等情況下出售的商譽根據所出售業務的 相關價值及所保留的部分現金產生單位 而計量。

財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2020 截至2020年3月31日止年度

2.4 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Fair value measurement

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The fair value measurement is based on the presumption that the transaction to sell the asset or transfer the liability takes place either in the principal market for the asset or liability, or in the absence of a principal market, in the most advantageous market for the asset or liability. The principal or the most advantageous market must be accessible by the Group. The fair value of an asset or a liability is measured using the assumptions that market participants would use when pricing the asset or liability, assuming that market participants act in their economic best interest.

A fair value measurement of a non-financial assets takes into account a market participant's ability to generate economic benefits by using the asset in its highest and best use or by selling it to another market participant that would use the asset in its highest and best use.

The Group uses valuation techniques that are appropriate in the circumstances and for which sufficient data are available to measure fair value, maximising the use of relevant observable inputs and minimising the use of unobservable inputs.

All assets and liabilities for which fair value is measured or disclosed in the financial statements are categorised within the fair value hierarchy, described as follows, based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole:

Level 1 based on quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities

based on valuation techniques for which the Level 2 lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is observable, either directly or indirectly

Level 3 based on valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is unobservable

2.4 主要會計政策概要(續)

公平值計量

公平值為市場參與者於計量日期在有序 交易中出售資產將會收取或轉讓負債將 會支付之價格。公平值計量乃根據假設 出售資產或轉讓負債之交易在資產或負 債之主要市場或(在無主要市場之情況 下)在資產或負債之最具優勢市場進行而 作出。主要或最具優勢市場必須為本集 **團可推入之市場。資產或負債之公平值** 乃按假設市場參與者於資產或負債定價 時會以最佳經濟利益行事計量。

非金融資產的公平值計量計及市場參與 者诱過最大限度使用該資產達致最佳用 途、或透過將資產售予將最大限度使用 該資產達致最佳用途的另一名市場參與 者而產生經濟利益的能力。

本集團視乎情況使用適當且具備充足數 據可供計量公平值之估值技術,以盡量 增加使用相關可觀察輸入值及盡量減少 使用不可觀察輸入值。

所有其公平值會被計量或於財務報表披 露之資產及負債乃按整體對公平值計量 屬重要之最低級輸入值在下述公平值等 級內分類:

第一級 按相同資產或負債於活 躍市場之報價(未經調整)

第二級 按對公平值計量屬重要 之最低級輸入值為可直 接或間接觀察之估值技 術

第三級 按對公平值計量屬重要 之最低級輸入值為不可 觀察之估值技術

財務報表附註

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2.4 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Fair value measurement (Continued)

For assets and liabilities that fair values are disclosed in the financial statements on a recurring basis, the Group determines whether transfers have occurred between levels in the hierarchy by reassessing categorisation (based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole) at the end of each reporting period.

Impairment of non-financial assets

Where an indication of impairment exists, or when annual impairment testing for an asset is required (other than inventories, financial assets and deferred tax assets), the asset's recoverable amount is estimated. An asset's recoverable amount is the higher of the asset's or cash-generating unit's value in use and its fair value less costs of disposal, and is determined for an individual asset, unless the asset does not generate cash inflows that are largely independent of those from other assets or groups of assets, in which case the recoverable amount is determined for the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs.

An impairment loss is recognised only if the carrying amount of an asset exceeds its recoverable amount. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset. An impairment loss is charged to profit or loss in the period in which it arises in those expense categories consistent with the function of the impaired asset.

An assessment is made at the end of each reporting period as to whether there is an indication that previously recognised impairment losses may no longer exist or may have decreased. If such an indication exists, the recoverable amount is estimated. A previously recognised impairment loss of an asset other than goodwill is reversed only if there has been a change in the estimates used to determine the recoverable amount of that asset, but not to an amount higher than the carrying amount that would have been determined (net of any depreciation) had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset in prior years. A reversal of such an impairment loss is credited to profit or loss in the period in which it arises.

2.4 主要會計政策概要(續)

公平值計量(續)

就經常於財務報表披露其公平值的之資產及負債而言,本集團透過於各報告期末重新評估分類(按整體對公平值計量屬重要之最低級輸入值)釐定等級內各級之間有否出現轉換。

非金融資產減值

倘出現減值跡象,或須對資產進行年度 減值測試(存貨、金融資產及遞延税項資 產除外),則估計資產的可收回金額。資 產之可收回金額是資產或現金產生單位 之使用價值與其公平值扣除銷售成本 者中之較高者,並就個別資產釐定,除 非該資產並無產生大致上獨立於其他資 產或資產組別的現金流入,在此情況 下,則就資產所屬之現金產生單位釐定 可收回金額。

減值虧損僅於資產賬面值超過其可收回 金額時確認。在評估使用價值時,估計 日後現金流量乃按除税前折現率計算其 現值,該折現率反映目前市場對貨幣時 間值及該資產特定風險之評估。減值虧 損於產生期間自損益中扣除,並計入與 減值資產功能一致的開支類別。

於各報告期末會評估有否跡象顯示先前確認之減值虧損已不再存在或有所減少。倘出現該等跡象,則估計資產之可收回金額。當用以釐定資產可收回金額之估計有變,方會撥回該資產先前確認之減值虧損(不包括商譽),惟所撥回金額不可超過過往年度在並無就該資產確認減值虧損的情況下釐定之賬面值(扣除任何折舊)。撥回的減值虧損於產生期間計入損益。

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2.4 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Related parties

A party is considered to be related to the Group if:

- the party is a person or a close member of that person's (a) family and that person
 - has control or joint control over the Group; (i)
 - (ii) has significant influence over the Group; or
 - is a member of the key management personnel of the Group or of a parent of the Group;

or

- (b) the party is an entity where any of the following conditions applies:
 - the entity and the Group are members of the same (i) group;
 - one entity is an associate or joint venture of the other entity (or of a parent, subsidiary or fellow subsidiary of the other entity);
 - the entity and the Group are joint ventures of the same third party;
 - one entity is a joint venture of a third entity and the other entity is an associate of the third entity;
 - the entity is a post-employment benefit plan for the benefit of employees of either the Group or an entity related to the Group;
 - (vi) the entity is controlled or jointly controlled by a person identified in (a);
 - (vii) a person identified in (a)(i) has significant influence over the entity or is a member of the key management personnel of the entity (or of a parent of the entity); and
 - (viii) the entity, or any member of a group of which it is a part, provides key management personnel services to the Group or to the parent of the Group.

2.4 主要會計政策概要(續)

關連方

倘任何人士符合以下條件即屬本集團之

- 有關人士為下述人士或身為下述人 (a) 士之直系親屬:
 - 對本集團擁有控制權或共同 控制權;
 - 對本集團擁有重大影響力;
 - 為本集團或本集團母公司的 主要管理人員;

或

- 有關人士為符合以下任何條件之實 (b) 體:
 - 該實體與本集團為同一集團 的成員公司;
 - 該實體為另一間實體(或另一 間實體的母公司、附屬公司 或同系附屬公司)的聯營公司 或合營企業;
 - 該實體與本集團為同一第三 方的合營企業;
 - (iv) 該實體為第三方實體的合營 企業,而另一實體為該名第 三方實體的聯營公司;
 - 該實體為本集團或本集團關 連實體的僱員福利之退休福 利計劃中的一方;
 - (vi) 該實體受(a)段所述人士控制 或共同控制;
 - (vii) (a)(i)段所述之人士對該實體 擁有重大影響力或為該實體 (或該實體母公司)的主要管 理人員;及
 - (viii) 該實體或其所屬集團之任何 成員,向本集團或本集團之 母公司提供主要管理層服務。

財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2020 截至2020年3月31日止年度

2.4 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Property, plant and equipment and depreciation

Property, plant and equipment are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and any impairment losses. The cost of an item of property, plant and equipment comprises its purchase price and any directly attributable costs of bringing the asset to its working condition and location for its intended use.

Expenditure incurred after items of property, plant and equipment have been put into operation, such as repairs and maintenance, is normally charged to profit or loss in the period in which it is incurred. In situations where the recognition criteria are satisfied, the expenditure for a major inspection is capitalised in the carrying amount of the asset as a replacement. Where significant parts of property, plant and equipment are required to be replaced at intervals, the Group recognises such parts as individual assets with specific useful lives and depreciates them accordingly.

Depreciation is calculated on the straight-line basis to write off the cost of each item of property, plant and equipment to its residual value over its estimated useful life. The principal annual rates used for this purpose are as follow:

Leasehold improvements	Over the lease terms	
	or 20%	
Furniture and fixtures	20%	
Treatment devices	20%	
Tools and equipment	25%	
Office equipment	20%	
Motor vehicles	20%	
Computer equipment	20%	

Where parts of an item of property, plant and equipment have different useful lives, the cost of that item is allocated on a reasonable basis among the parts and each part is depreciated separately. Residual values, useful lives and the depreciation method are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at least at each financial year end.

2.4 主要會計政策概要(續)

物業、廠房及設備與折舊

物業、廠房及設備按成本減累計折舊及 任何減值虧損列賬。物業、廠房及設備 項目成本包括購買價及使資產達至營運 狀況及地點以作擬定用途產生之任何直 接應佔成本。

物業、廠房及設備項目投入運作後產牛 之開支,如維修及保養費,一般於產生 期間在損益中扣除。倘符合確認標準, 主要檢查開支於資產賬面值中資本化為 重置成本。如須不時更換物業、廠房及 設備的重要部分,則本集團將該等部分 確認為具有特定使用年期的個別資產, 並按各自使用年期折舊。

折舊以直線法按各項物業、廠房及設備 項目之估計使用年期撇銷成本至剩餘價 值計算。折舊採用之主要年率如下:

租賃物業裝修	按租期或20%
傢俱及裝置	20%
療程設備	20%
工具及設備	25%
辦公室設備	20%
汽車	20%
電腦設備	20%

倘物業、廠房及設備項目各部分使用年 期不同,則該項目的成本按合理基準於 各部分之間分配,而各部分分別折舊。 本集團至少於各財政年度結算日檢討剩 餘價值、使用年期及折舊方法,並予以 調整(如適用)。

財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2020 截至2020年3月31日止年度

2.4 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Property, plant and equipment and depreciation (Continued)

An item of property, plant and equipment including any significant part initially recognised is derecognised upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected from its use or disposal. Any gain or loss on disposal or retirement recognised in profit or loss in the year the asset is derecognised is the difference between the net sales proceeds and the carrying amount of the relevant asset.

Leases (applicable from 1 April 2019)

The Group assesses at contract inception whether a contract is, or contains, a lease. A contract is, or contains, a lease if the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration.

Group as a lessee

The Group applies a single recognition and measurement approach for all leases, except for short-term leases and leases of low-value assets. The Group recognises lease liabilities to make lease payments and right-of-use assets representing the right to use the underlying assets.

(a) Right-of-use assets

Right-of-use assets are recognised at the commencement date of the lease (that is the date the underlying asset is available for use). Right-of-use assets are measured at cost, less any accumulated depreciation and any impairment losses, and adjusted for any remeasurement of lease liabilities. The cost of right-of-use assets includes the amount of lease liabilities recognised, initial direct costs incurred, and lease payments made at or before the commencement date less any lease incentives received. Where applicable, the cost of a rightof-use asset also includes an estimate of costs to dismantle and remove the underlying asset or to restore the underlying asset or the site on which it is located. Right-of-use assets are depreciated on a straight-line basis over the underlying lease terms.

If ownership of the leased asset transfers to the Group by the end of the lease term or the cost reflects the exercise of a purchase option, depreciation is calculated using the estimated useful life of the asset.

2.4 主要會計政策概要(續)

物業、廠房及設備與折舊(續)

物業、廠房及設備項目(包括初步確認之 任何重大部分)於出售時或當預期使用或 出售不再產生日後經濟利益,則終止確 認。在資產終止確認年度於損益確認之 出售或報廢的任何收益或虧損為出售所 得款項淨額與有關資產賬面值之間的差 額。

租賃(自2019年4月1日起適用)

本集團於合約開始時評估合約是否為租 賃或包含租賃。倘合約為換取代價而附 帶權利可在一段時間內控制使用可識別 資產,則該合約為租賃或包含租賃。

本集團作為承租人

本集團就所有租賃應用單一確認及計量 方法,惟短期租賃及低價值資產租賃除 外。本集團就租賃付款及使用權資產(即 使用相關資產的權利)確認和賃負債。

使用權資產

本集團於租賃開始日期(即相關資 產可供使用當日)確認使用權資 產。使用權資產按成本減任何累計 折舊及減值虧損計量,並就重新計 量租賃負債作出調整。使用權資產 成本包括於開始日期或之前已確認 租賃負債的金額、已產生的初始直 接成本及已作出的租賃付款,扣減 任何已收租賃優惠。如適用,使用 權資產成本亦包括拆卸、移除使用 權資產及復原其所在地點的估計成 本。使用權資產按相關租期按直線 法折舊。

倘於租期結束前租賃資產的擁有權 轉讓至本集團或成本反映購買權獲 行使,折舊則根據資產的估計可使 用年期計算。

財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2020 截至2020年3月31日止年度

2.4 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Leases (applicable from 1 April 2019) (Continued)

Group as a lessee (Continued)

Lease liabilities

Lease liabilities are recognised at the commencement date of the lease at the present value of lease payments to be made over the lease term. The lease payments include fixed payments (including in-substance fixed payments) less any lease incentives receivable, variable lease payments that depend on an index or a rate, and amounts expected to be paid under residual value guarantees. The lease payments also include the exercise price of a purchase option reasonably certain to be exercised by the Group and payments of penalties for termination of a lease, if the lease term reflects the Group exercising the option to terminate. The variable lease payments that do not depend on an index or a rate are recognised as an expense in the period in which the event or condition that triggers the payment occurs.

In calculating the present value of lease payments, the Group uses its incremental borrowing rate at the lease commencement date because the interest rate implicit in the lease is not readily determinable. After the commencement date, the amount of lease liabilities is increased to reflect the accretion of interest and reduced for the lease payments made. In addition, the carrying amount of lease liabilities is remeasured if there is a modification, a change in the lease term, a change in lease payments (e.g., a change to future lease payments resulting from a change in an index or rate) or a change in assessment of an option to purchase the underlying asset.

Short-term leases and leases of low-value assets

The Group applies the short-term lease recognition exemption to its short-term leases of equipment (that is those leases that have a lease term of 12 months or less from the commencement date and do not contain a purchase option). It also applies the recognition exemption for leases of low-value assets to leases of other equipment that are considered to be of low value.

2.4 主要會計政策概要(續)

租賃(自2019年4月1日起適用)(續) 本集團作為承租人(續)

租賃負債

於租賃開始日期,本集團按租期內 作出的租賃付款現值確認租賃負 債。租賃付款包括固定付款(包括 實物固定付款)減任何應收租賃優 惠、取決於指數或利率的可變和賃 付款以及預期在剩餘價值擔保下支 付的金額。租賃付款亦包括本集團 合理地肯定行使的購買選擇權之行 使價及假設租期反映本集團行使終 上選擇權時終止租賃需支付的罰 款。並非取決於指數或利率的可變 租賃付款於觸發付款的事件或情況 出現期間確認為支出。

在計算租賃付款的現值時,由於租 賃中所隱含的利率不易確定,故本 集團使用在租賃開始日期的增量借 貸利率。在開始日期後,租賃負債 金額將為反映累計利息而增加並為 所作出的租賃付款而減少。此外, 如有修改、租期變動、租賃付款變 動(例如指數或比率變動導致未來 租賃付款變動)或購買相關資產的 選擇權評估方法變動,租賃負債的 賬面值將重新計量。

短期租賃及低價值資產租賃 (C)

本集團對設備短期租賃(租期自開 始日期起十二個月或以下且不包含 購買選擇權的租賃)應用短期租賃 確認豁免。本集團亦對低價值資產 租賃及被視為低價值的其他設備租 賃應用確認豁免。

財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2020 截至2020年3月31日止年度

2.4 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Leases (applicable from 1 April 2019) (Continued)

Group as a lessee (Continued)

Short-term leases and leases of low-value assets (Continued)

> Lease payments on short-term leases and leases of lowvalue assets are recognised as an expense on a straightline basis over the lease term.

Leases (applicable before 1 April 2019)

Leases where substantially all the rewards and risks of ownership of assets remain with the lessor are accounted for as operating leases. Rentals payable under operating leases net of any incentives received from the lessor are charged to profit or loss on the straight-line basis over the lease terms.

Financial assets

Initial recognition and measurement

Financial assets are classified, at initial recognition, as subsequently measured at amortised cost.

The classification of financial assets at initial recognition depends on the financial asset's contractual cash flow characteristics and the Group's business model for managing them. With the exception of trade receivables that do not contain a significant financing component or for which the Group has applied the practical expedient of not adjusting the effect of a significant financing component, the Group initially measures a financial asset at its fair value, plus in the case of a financial asset not at fair value through profit or loss, transaction costs. Trade receivables that do not contain a significant financing component or for which the Group has applied the practical expedient are measured at the transaction price determined under HKFRS 15 in accordance with the policies set out for "Revenue recognition" below.

In order for a financial asset to be classified and measured at amortised cost, it needs to give rise to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest ("SPPI") on the principal amount outstanding. Financial assets with cash flows that are not SPPI are classified and measured at fair value through profit or loss, irrespective of the business model.

2.4 主要會計政策概要(續)

租賃(自2019年4月1日起適用)(續) 本集團作為承租人(續)

短期租賃及低價值資產租賃(續)

短期租賃及低價值資產租賃的租賃 付款以直線法於租期確認為開支。

和賃(於2019年4月1日前適用)

資產所有權的絕大部分回報及風險由出 租人保留的租賃按經營租約列賬。經營 租約應付租金扣除自出租人所得任何優 惠後,按租期以百線法自損益扣除。

金融資產

初步確認及計量

金融資產於初步確認時分類為其後按攤 銷成本計量。

金融資產於初步確認時的分類視乎金融 資產合約現金流量的特徵及本集團管理 該等資產的業務模式。除並無重大融資 成分或本集團並未就此應用不調整重大 融資成分影響實際權宜方法的貿易應收 賬款外,本集團初步按其公平值加(倘並 非按公平值入損益的金融資產)交易成本 計量金融資產。根據下文「收益確認」所 載政策,並無重大融資成分或本集團並 未就此應用實際權宜方法的貿易應收賬 款按香港財務報告準則第15號釐定的交 易價格計量。

為使金融資產按攤銷成本分類及計量, 需產生僅為支付本金及未償還本金利息 的現金流量。並非僅為支付本金及利息 的現金流量的金融資產不論業務模式均 分類為及按公平值計入損益計量。

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For the year ended 31 March 2020 截至2020年3月31日止年度

2.4 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Financial assets (Continued)

Initial recognition and measurement (Continued)

The Group's business model for managing financial assets refers to how it manages its financial assets in order to generate cash flows. The business model determines whether cash flows will result from collecting contractual cash flows, selling the financial assets, or both. Financial assets classified and measured at amortised cost are held within a business model with the objective to hold financial assets in order to collect contractual cash flows.

All regular way purchases and sales of financial assets are recognised on the trade date, that is, the date that the Group commits to purchase or sell the asset. Regular way purchases or sales are purchases or sales of financial assets that require delivery of assets within the period generally established by regulation or convention in the marketplace.

Subsequent measurement of financial assets at amortised cost (debt instruments)

Financial assets at amortised cost are subsequently measured using the effective interest method and are subject to impairment. Gains and losses are recognised in profit or loss when the asset is derecognised, modified or impaired.

Derecognition of financial assets

A financial asset (or, where applicable, a part of a financial asset or part of a group of similar financial assets) is primarily derecognised (i.e., removed from the Group's consolidated statement of financial position) when:

- the rights to receive cash flows from the asset have expired; or
- the Group has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from the asset or has assumed an obligation to pay the received cash flows in full without material delay to a third party under a "pass-through" arrangement; and either (a) the Group has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, or (b) the Group has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, but has transferred control of the asset.

2.4 主要會計政策概要(續)

金融資產(續)

初步確認及計量(續)

本集團管理金融資產的業務模式指為產 生現金流量而管理金融資產的方式。業 務模式釐定現金流量會否來自收取合約 現金流量、出售金融資產或以上兩者。 按攤銷成本分類及計量的金融資產以持 有金融資產以收取合約現金流量為目的 之業務模式中持有。

所有以常規方式購買及出售的金融資產 均於交易日(即本集團承諾購買或出售資 產之日)確認。以常規方式購買或出售指 需在市場規例或慣例規定的期限內交付 資產的金融資產購買或出售。

按攤銷成本計量的金融資產的後續計量 (債務工具)

按攤銷成本計量的金融資產隨後使用實 際利率法計量,並可予減值。收益及虧 損於資產終止確認、修改或減值時於損 益中確認。

終止確認金融資產

金融資產(或(如適用)金融資產的一部分 或一組類似金融資產的一部分)在下列情 況下將基本終止確認(即不再於本集團的 綜合財務狀況表列賬):

- 收取該資產所得現金流量的權利已 屆滿;或
- 本集團已轉讓其收取該資產所得現 金流量的權利,或已根據一項「轉 付」安排承擔須在無重大延誤下向 第三方全數支付所得現金流量的責 任;且(a)本集團已轉讓該資產絕大 部分風險及回報;或(b)本集團並 無轉讓或保留該資產絕大部分風險 及回報,但已轉讓該資產的控制 權。

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2.4 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Derecognition of financial assets (Continued)

When the Group has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from an asset or has entered into a pass-through arrangement, it evaluates if, and to what extent, it has retained the risk and rewards of ownership of the asset. When it has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset nor transferred control of the asset, the Group continues to recognise the transferred asset to the extent of the Group's continuing involvement. In that case, the Group also recognises an associated liability. The transferred asset and the associated liability are measured on a basis that reflects the rights and obligations that the Group has retained.

Continuing involvement that takes the form of a guarantee over the transferred asset is measured at the lower of the original carrying amount of the asset and the maximum amount of consideration that the Group could be required to repay.

Impairment of financial assets

The Group recognises an allowance for expected credit losses ("ECLs") for all debt instruments not held at fair value through profit or loss. ECLs are based on the difference between the contractual cash flows due in accordance with the contract and all the cash flows that the Group expects to receive, discounted at an approximation of the original effective interest rate. The expected cash flows will include cash flows from the sale of collateral held or other credit enhancements that are integral to the contractual terms.

General approach

ECLs are recognised in two stages. For credit exposures for which there has not been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition, ECLs are provided for credit losses that result from default events that are possible within the next 12 months (a 12-month ECL). For those credit exposures for which there has been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition, a loss allowance is required for credit losses expected over the remaining life of the exposure, irrespective of the timing of the default (a lifetime ECL).

2.4 主要會計政策概要(續)

終止確認金融資產(續)

倘本集團已轉讓其收取資產所得現金流 量的權利或已訂立轉付安排,則會評估 是否保留該資產所有權的風險及回報以 及保留程度。倘本集團並無轉讓或保留 該資產絕大部分風險及回報,亦無轉讓 該資產的控制權,則本集團會在持續參 與的情況下繼續確認已轉讓資產。在此 情況下,本集團亦確認相關負債。已轉 讓資產及相關負債按反映本集團所保留 權利及責任的基準計量。

本集團以擔保形式持續涉及轉讓資產。 該已轉讓資產乃以該項資產之原賬面值 及本集團可能需要支付之最高代價兩者 之較低者計量。

金融資產減值

本集團就所有並非按公平值計入損益持 有的債務工具確認預期信貸虧損撥備。 預期信貸虧損乃以根據合約應付的合約 現金流量與本集團預期收取的所有現金 流量之間的差額為基準,按原有實際利 率相近的差額折現。預期現金流量將包 括來自銷售所持有抵押品或其他信用增 級的現金流量,此乃合約條款不可或缺 的部分。

一般方法

預期信貸虧損於兩個階段進行確認。對 於自初步確認後並無顯著增加的信貸風 險,預期信貸虧損就可能於未來12個月 內(12個月預期信貸虧損)出現的違約事 件計提撥備。對於自初步確認以來有顯 著增加的信貸風險,須在信貸虧損風險 預期的剩餘年期計提虧損撥備,不論違 約事件於何時發生(全期預期信貸虧損)。

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2.4 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Impairment of financial assets (Continued)

General approach (Continued)

At each reporting date, the Group assesses whether the credit risk on a financial instrument has increased significantly since initial recognition. When making the assessment, the Group compares the risk of a default occurring on the financial instrument as at the reporting date with the risk of a default occurring on the financial instrument as at the date of initial recognition and considers reasonable and supportable information that is available without undue cost or effort, including historical and forward-looking information.

The Group may consider a financial asset to be in default when internal or external information indicates that the Group is unlikely to receive the outstanding contractual amounts in full before taking into account any credit enhancements held by the Group. A financial asset is written off when there is no reasonable expectation of recovering the contractual cash flows.

Financial assets at amortised cost are subject to impairment under the general approach and they are classified within the following stages for measurement of ECLs except for trade receivables which apply the simplified approach as detailed below.

- Stage 1 Financial instruments for which credit risk has not increased significantly since initial recognition and for which the loss allowance is measured at an amount equal to 12-month ECLs
- Stage 2 Financial instruments for which credit risk has increased significantly since initial recognition but that are not credit-impaired financial assets and for which the loss allowance is measured at an amount equal to lifetime ECLs
- Stage 3 Financial assets that are credit-impaired at the reporting date (but that are not purchased or originated credit-impaired) and for which the loss allowance is measured at an amount equal to lifetime ECLs

2.4 主要會計政策概要(續)

金融資產減值(續)

一般方法(續)

於各報告日期,本集團評估自初步確認 以來金融工具的信貸風險是否顯著增加 時。於作出評估時,本集團將於報告日 期金融工具發生的違約風險與於初步確 認日期金融工具發生的違約風險進行比 較,並考慮合理且具支持性的資料,包 括無需付出不必要的成本或努力而可得 的歷史及前瞻性資料。

當內部或外部資料顯示本集團不可能在 本集團採取任何信貸提升安排前悉數收 回未償還合約金額時,本集團可將該金 融資產視為違約。倘無法合理預期可收 回合約現金流量,則撇銷金融資產。

按攤銷成本計量的金融資產在一般方法 下可能會減值, 目除應用簡化法的貿易 應收賬款(如下文詳述)外,有關資產於 以下階段分類以計量預期信貸虧損。

- 第一階段一 金融工具自初步確認以來信 貸風險並未顯著增加,且其 虧損撥備相等於12個月預 期信貸虧損
- 第二階段一 金融工具自初步確認以來信 貸風險已顯著增加,但並非 信貸減值金融資產且其虧損 撥備相等於全期預期信貸虧
- 第三階段一 於報告日期為信貸減值的金 融資產(惟並非購入或原為 信貸減值),其虧損撥備相 等於全期預期信貸虧損

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2.4 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Impairment of financial assets (Continued)

Simplified approach

For trade receivables that do not contain a significant financing component or when the Group applies the practical expedient of not adjusting the effect of a significant financing component, the Group applies the simplified approach in calculating ECLs. Under the simplified approach, the Group does not track changes in credit risk, but instead recognises a loss allowance based on lifetime ECLs at each reporting date. The Group has established a provision matrix that is based on its historical credit loss experience, adjusted for forward-looking factors specific to the debtors and the economic environment.

Financial liabilities

Initial recognition and measurement

Financial liabilities are classified, at initial recognition, as loans and borrowings and payables.

All financial liabilities are recognised initially at fair value and, in the case of loans and borrowings and payables, net of directly attributable transaction costs.

Subsequent measurement of financial liabilities at amortised cost (loans and borrowings)

After initial recognition, loans and borrowings are subsequently measured at amortised cost, using the effective interest rate method unless the effect of discounting would be immaterial, in which case they are stated at cost. Gains and losses are recognised in profit or loss when the liabilities are derecognised as well as through the effective interest rate amortisation process.

Amortised cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and fees or costs that are an integral part of the effective interest rate. The effective interest rate amortisation is included in profit or loss.

2.4 主要會計政策概要(續)

金融資產減值(續)

簡化法

就不包含重大融資成分的貿易應收賬 款,或當本集團應用實際權官方法而不 會就重大融資成分的影響調整而言,本 集團採用簡化法進行預期信貸虧損計 量。根據簡化法,本集團不會追蹤信貸 風險的變化,而是於各報告日期按全期 預期信貸虧損確認虧損撥備。本集團已. 根據其歷史信貸虧損經驗建立撥備矩 陣,並根據債務人及經濟環境的前瞻性 因素作出調整。

金融負債

初步確認及計量

金融負債於初步確認時分類為貸款及借 款及應付賬款。

所有金融負債初步按公平值確認,就貸 款及借款而言,則扣除直接應佔交易成

按攤銷成本計量的金融負債的後續計量 (貸款及借款)

於初步確認後,貸款及借款於其後採用 實際利率法按攤銷成本計量,惟倘折現 影響並不重大,則會按成本列賬。收益 及虧損在負債終止確認時及按實際利率 進行攤銷時於損益確認。

計算攤銷成本時,考慮收購產生的任何 折讓或溢價以及屬實際利率組成部分的 費用或成本。實際利率攤銷計入損益內。

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For the year ended 31 March 2020 截至2020年3月31日止年度

2.4 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Derecognition of financial liabilities

A financial liability is derecognised when the obligation under the liability is discharged or cancelled, or expires.

When an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as a derecognition of the original liability and a recognition of a new liability, and the difference between the respective carrying amounts is recognised in profit or loss.

Offsetting of financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the consolidated statement of financial position if there is a currently enforceable legal right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, or to realise the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously.

Inventories

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost is determined on the weighted average basis and in the case of work in progress and finished goods, comprises direct materials and other direct costs. Net realisable value is based on estimated selling prices less any estimated costs of disposal.

Cash and cash equivalents

For the purpose of the consolidated statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and demand deposits, and short term highly liquid investments that are readily convertible into known amounts of cash, are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value, and have a short maturity of generally within three months when acquired, less bank overdrafts which are repayable on demand and form an integral part of the Group's cash management.

For the purpose of the consolidated statement of financial position, cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and at banks, including term deposits, and assets similar in nature to cash, which are not restricted as to use.

2.4 主要會計政策概要(續)

終止確認金融負債

當負債所涉責任已解除或取消或屆滿, 即終止確認金融負債。

當現有金融負債以同一貸款人按極為不 同的條款提供的另一項金融負債所取 代,或對現有負債的條款作出重大修 訂,此類交換或修訂視為終止確認原有 自債及確認一項新負債,有關賬面值的 差額於損益確認。

抵銷金融工具

倘於現時存在可依法執行的合法權利以 抵銷已確認金額及有意按淨額基準結 算,或同時變現資產及清償負債,金融 資產及金融負債會予以抵銷,並於綜合 財務狀況表呈報淨金額。

存貨

存貨按成本與可變現淨值兩者間的較低 者列賬。成本按加權平均數基準釐定及 於進行中的工作及製成品的情況下包括 直接物料及其他直接成本。可變現淨值 按估計售價減估計出售成本計算。

現金及現金等價物

就綜合現金流量表而言,現金及現金等 **價物包括手頭現金及活期存款,以及可** 隨時轉換為已知金額現金、所涉價值變 動風險不大且一般在收購後三個月內到 期的短期高流通投資,減須於要求時償 還的銀行透支,並構成本集團現金管理 組成部分。

就綜合財務狀況表而言,現金及現金等 價物包括手頭現金及並無限制用途的銀 行存款(包括定期存款及類似現金性質的 資產)。

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For the year ended 31 March 2020 截至2020年3月31日止年度

2.4 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Provisions

A provision is recognised when a present obligation (legal or constructive) has arisen as a result of a past event and it is probable that a future outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation, provided that a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

When the effect of discounting is material, the amount recognised for a provision is the present value at the end of the reporting period of the future expenditures expected to be required to settle the obligation. The increase in the discounted present value amount arising from the passage of time is included in finance costs in profit or loss.

Income tax

Income tax comprises current and deferred tax. Income tax relating to items recognised outside profit or loss is recognised outside profit or loss, either in other comprehensive income or directly in equity.

Current tax assets and liabilities are measured at the amount expected to be recovered from or paid to the taxation authorities, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period, taking into consideration interpretations and practices prevailing in the countries in which the Group operates.

Deferred tax is provided, using the liability method, on all temporary differences at the end of the reporting period between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts for financial reporting purposes.

2.4 主要會計政策概要(續)

撥備

倘因禍往事件導致現時責任(法定或推 定),而承擔該責任可能導致日後資源的 外流,且責任金額能可靠估計,則確認 撥備。

當有重大折現影響時,會就預期須用作 償付責任的未來開支於報告期末確認其 現值以作撥備。因時間流逝而引致的折 現現值的增加,會計入損益內的財務成

所得税

所得税包括即期及遞延税項。所得税如 涉及在損益以外確認的項目,不在損益 確認,而在其他全面收益或直接於權益 確認。

即期税項資產及負債,乃根據於報告期 末已頒佈或實質上已頒佈的税率(及税 法), 並考慮本集團經營業務所在國家的 現有法例詮釋及慣例,按預期將獲稅務 機構退回或支付予税務機構的金額計算。

遞延税項乃就於報告期末資產及負債的 税基與其就財務報告的賬面值之間的所 有暫時差額,採用負債法撥備。

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For the year ended 31 March 2020 截至2020年3月31日止年度

2.4 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Income tax (Continued)

Deferred tax liabilities are recognised for all taxable temporary differences, except:

- when the deferred tax liability arises from the initial recognition of goodwill or an asset or liability in a transaction that is not a business combination and, at the time of the transaction, affects neither the accounting profit nor taxable profit or loss; and
- in respect of taxable temporary differences associated with investments in subsidiaries, when the timing of the reversal of the temporary differences can be controlled and it is probable that the temporary differences will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

Deferred tax assets are recognised for all deductible temporary differences, and the carryforward of unused tax credits and any unused tax losses. Deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which the deductible temporary differences, and the carryforward of unused tax credits and unused tax losses can be utilised, except:

- when the deferred tax asset relating to the deductible temporary differences arises from the initial recognition of an asset or liability in a transaction that is not a business combination and, at the time of the transaction, affects neither the accounting profit nor taxable profit or loss; and
- in respect of deductible temporary differences associated with investments in subsidiaries, deferred tax assets are only recognised to the extent that it is probable that the temporary differences will reverse in the foreseeable future and taxable profit will be available against which the temporary differences can be utilised.

2.4 主要會計政策概要(續)

所得税(續)

遞延税項負債乃就所有應課税暫時差額 確認,惟以下情況除外:

- 當遞延税項負債是由初步確認商譽 或並非業務合併的交易中的資產或 負債產生,及於交易時對會計溢利 或應課稅溢利或虧損均無影響; 及
- 對於投資附屬公司相關的應課税暫 時差額,當可以控制撥回暫時差額 的時間,且暫時差額在可見將來不 會撥回。

遞延 税 項 資 產 乃 就 所 有 可 抵 扣 暫 時 差 額、結轉未動用税務抵免及任何未動用 税務虧損確認。遞延税項資產會於有可 能出現可利用該等可抵扣暫時差額、結 轉未動用税務抵免及未動用税務虧損予 以抵扣的應課税溢利的情況下確認,惟 以下情況除外:

- 當可抵扣暫時差額相關的遞延税項 資產是由初步確認並非屬業務合併 的交易中的資產或負債而產生,及 於交易時對會計溢利或應課稅溢利 或虧損均無影響;及
- 對於投資附屬公司相關的可抵扣暫 時差額,遞延税項資產僅於暫時差 額有可能在可見將來撥回,且將有 可利用該等暫時差額予以抵扣的應 課税溢利時,方會確認。

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2.4 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Income tax (Continued)

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at the end of each reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available to allow all or part of the deferred tax asset to be utilised. Unrecognised deferred tax assets are reassessed at the end of each reporting period and are recognised to the extent that it has become probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available to allow all or part of the deferred tax asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply to the period when the asset is realised or the liability is settled, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

Deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities are offset if and only if the Group has a legally enforceable right to set off current tax assets and current tax liabilities and the deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities relate to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority on either the same taxable entity or different taxable entities which intend either to settle current tax liabilities and assets on a net basis, or to realise the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously, in each future period in which significant amounts of deferred tax liabilities or assets are expected to be settled or recovered.

2.4 主要會計政策概要(續)

所得税(續)

遞延税項資產的賬面值於各報告期末檢 討,並於不再可能有足夠應課稅溢利可 供動用全部或部分相關遞延税項資產時 調減。未確認遞延税項資產於各報告期 末重新評估,於可能有足夠應課稅溢利 以收回全部或部分遞延税項資產時確認。

遞延税項資產及遞延税項負債基於截至 報告期末已頒佈或實質上已頒佈的税率 (及税法)按變現資產或償還負債期間的 預期適用税率計量。

當及僅當本集團有可合法執行權利可將 即期税項資產與即期税項負債抵銷,且 遞延税項資產與遞延税項負債與同一税 務機關對同一應稅實體或於各未來期間 預期有大額遞延税項負債或資產需要清 償或收回時, 擬按淨額基準清償即期稅 務負債及資產或同時變現資產及清償負 債之不同税務實體徵收之所得税相關, 則遞延税項資產與遞延税項負債可予抵 銷。

財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2020 截至2020年3月31日止年度

2.4 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Revenue recognition

Revenue from contracts with customers

Revenue from contracts with customers is recognised when control of goods or services is transferred to the customers at an amount that reflects the consideration to which the Group expects to be entitled in exchange for those goods or services.

Provision of medical aesthetic services (a)

Revenue from treatment services, medical consultation services, prescription and dispensing of medical products are recognised when the services have been rendered to customers.

Prepaid treatment services not yet rendered, which are non-refundable, are deferred and reported as contract liabilities in the consolidated statement of financial position. Customers who may not exercise all the contractual rights of the prepaid packages upon expiry of the service period, and such unutilised portion are referred to as breakage. The Group recognised an expected breakage amount as revenue in proportion to the historical pattern of rights exercised by the customers. Upon expiry of the service period, the unutilised portion of the prepaid packages are fully recognised in profit or loss.

Sale of skin care products

Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised at the point in time when control of the goods is transferred to the clients.

Other income

Interest income is recognised on an accrual basis using the effective interest method by applying the rate that exactly discounts the estimated future cash receipts over the expected life of the financial instrument or a shorter period, when appropriate, to the net carrying amount of the financial asset.

2.4 主要會計政策概要(續)

收益確認

客戶合約收益

客戶合約收益乃於商品或服務的控制權 轉讓予客戶時確認,該令額能反映本集 **團預期就交換該等商品或服務有權獲得** 的代價。

提供醫學美容服務 (a)

療程服務、醫療諮詢服務、處方及 配藥服務的收益於服務已向客戶提 供時確認。

尚未提供的預付療程服務不可退 款,其被遞延及於綜合財務狀況表 內呈報為合約負債。客戶可能不會 於服務期屆滿時行使所有預付療程 的合約權利,而該等未使用部分會 被稱為未使用權利。本集團按客戶 行使權利的過往模式的比例確認預 期未使用權利金額為收益。於服務 期屆滿後,預付療程的未使用部分 悉數於損益確認。

銷售護膚產品 (b)

來自銷售產品的收益於產品的控制 權轉讓予客戶的某一時間點確認。

其他收入

利息收入乃使用實際利率法計算按累計 基準確認,採用的利率為在金融工具的 預期年期或更短期間(如適用)將估計未 來現金收入準確折現至金融資產賬面淨 值。

財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2020 截至2020年3月31日止年度

2.4 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Contract liabilities

A contract liability is recognised when a payment is received or a payment is due (whichever is earlier) from a customer before the Group transfers the related goods or services. Contract liabilities are recognised as revenue when the Group performs under the contract (i.e., transfers control of the related goods or services to the customer).

Contract costs

Other than the costs which are capitalised as inventories, costs incurred to obtain a contract with a customer are capitalised as an asset if the costs are expected to be recovered.

The capitalised contract costs are amortised and charged to profit or loss on a systematic basis that is consistent with the pattern of recognition of the revenue to which the asset relates. Other contract costs are expensed as incurred.

Employee benefits

Retirement benefit scheme

The Group operates a defined contribution Mandatory Provident Fund retirement benefit scheme (the "MPF Scheme") under the Mandatory Provident Fund Schemes Ordinance for all of its employees. Contributions are made based on a percentage of the employees' basic salaries and are charged to profit or loss as they become payable in accordance with the rules of the MPF Scheme. The assets of the MPF Scheme are held separately from those of the Group in an independently administered fund. The Group's employer contributions vest fully with the employees when contributed into the MPF Scheme.

2.4 主要會計政策概要(續)

合約負債

倘客戶於本集團轉讓貨品或服務予客戶 前支付代價,則於支付款項或到期應付 款項時(以較早者為準)確認合約負債。 當本集團履約(即將相關貨品或服務控制 權轉讓至客戶)時,合約負債確認為收 益。

合約成本

除撥充資本作為存貨的成本外,倘有關 成本預期可收回,獲取客戶合約所產生 的成本會撥充資本為資產。

資本化合約成本按系統基準進行攤銷並 自損益中扣除,與確認與資產相關的收 益模式一致。其他合約成本於產生時列 為開支。

僱員福利

退休福利計劃

本集團根據強制性公積金計劃條例為所 有僱員運作一項定額供款強積金退休福 利計劃(「強積金計劃」)。供款乃按僱員 基本薪金的若干百分比作出,並於按照 強積金計劃規則應付時自損益扣除。強 積金計劃的資產於獨立管理基金與本集 團的資產分開持有。本集團的僱主供款 於向強積金計劃供款時全數歸屬於僱員。

財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2020 截至2020年3月31日止年度

2.4 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Foreign currency transactions

These financial statements are presented in Hong Kong dollars, which is the Company's functional currency. Each entity in the Group determines its own functional currency and items included in the financial statements of each entity are measured using that functional currency. Foreign currency transactions recorded by the entities in the Group are initially recorded using their respective functional currency rates prevailing at the dates of the transactions. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the functional currency rates of exchange ruling at the end of the reporting period. Differences arising on settlement or translation of monetary items are recognised in profit or loss. Non-monetary items that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rates at the dates of the initial transactions.

Significant Accounting Judgement and **Estimates**

The preparation of the Group's financial statements requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of revenues, expenses, assets and liabilities, and the disclosure of contingent liabilities. Uncertainty about these assumptions and estimates could result in outcomes that could require a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of the assets or liabilities affected in the future.

Judgement

In the process of applying the Group's accounting policies, management has made the following judgement, apart from those involving estimations, which have the most significant effect on the amounts recognised in the financial statements:

Revenue recognition from unutilised prepaid packages

The recognition of revenue from the unutilised portion of the expired prepaid packages involves significant management's judgement to determine the appropriate timing when the obligations to provide services are considered to be expired based on the Group's forfeiture policy and hence the recognition criteria for the related revenue are met in accordance with the accounting policy for revenue recognition in note 2.4 to the financial statements.

2.4 主要會計政策概要(續)

外幣交易

此等財務報表以港元呈列,而港元亦為 本公司的功能貨幣。本集團旗下各實體 自行決定其功能貨幣,而各實體財務報 表內的項目均以該功能貨幣計量。本集 團實體的外幣交易初步按交易當日的各 功能貨幣匯率入賬。以外幣計值的貨幣 資產及負債按報告期末的功能貨幣匯率 換算。結算或換算貨幣項目時產生的差 額於損益確認。根據外幣過往成本計算 的非貨幣項目按首次交易日期的匯率換 算。

重大會計判斷及估計

編製本集團的財務報表時,管理層須作 出會影響所呈報收益、開支、資產及負 債金額以及或然負債披露的判斷、估計 及假設。有關假設及估計的不確定因素 可能導致須於日後重大調整受影響的資 產或負債的賬面值。

判斷

應用本集團的會計政策時,除了參與該 等估計,管理層已作出以下判斷,有關 判斷對財務報表的已確認的金額有最大 的影響:

來自未使用預付療程之收益確認

確認來自已逾期預付療程未使用部分的 收益涉及管理層的重大判斷,以基於本 集團的沒收政策釐定提供服務的責任被 視為逾期的適當時間,而因此,根據財 政報表附註2.4的收益確認會計政策,已 符合確認相關收益的確認條件。

財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2020 截至2020年3月31日止年度

Significant Accounting Judgement and Estimates (Continued)

Judgement (Continued)

Revenue recognition from unutilised prepaid packages

As at 31 March 2020, the carrying amount of contract liabilities was HK\$122,512,000 (2019: HK\$95,859,000). During the year ended 31 March 2020, revenue recognised from unutilised prepaid packages amounted to HK\$10,436,000 (2019: HK\$3,336,000).

Estimation uncertainty

The key assumptions concerning the future and other key sources of estimation uncertainty at the end of the reporting period, that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year, are described below.

Utilisation pattern of medical aesthetic services

Customers who may not exercise all the contractual rights of the prepaid packages upon expiry of the service period, and such unutilised portion are referred to as breakage. The Group determines the expected breakage amount with reference to the Group's historical experience on the utilisation of prepaid packages. Estimates of expected breakage amount are sensitive to changes in circumstances and the Group's past experience may not be representative of the actual outcome in the future.

Impairment of goodwill

The Group determines whether goodwill is impaired at least on an annual basis. This requires an estimation of the value in use of the cash-generating units to which the goodwill is allocated. Estimating the value in use requires the Group to make an estimate of the expected future cash flows from the cashgenerating units and also to choose a suitable discount rate in order to calculate the present value of those cash flows. Further details are included in note 15 to the financial statements.

3. 重大會計判斷及估計(續)

判斷(續)

來自未使用預付療程之收益確認(續)

於2020年3月31日,合約負債賬面值為 122,512,000港 元(2019年:95,859,000 港元)。於截至2020年3月31日止年度, 來自未使用預付療程之已確認收益為 10.436.000港 元(2019年: 3.336.000港 元)。

估計不確定因素

有關未來及於報告期末有重大風險可能 導致須於下一財政年度對資產及負債的 賬面值作出重大調整的主要假設及估計 不確定因素其他主要來源於下文論述。

醫學美容服務的使用模式

客戶可能不會於服務期屆滿時行使所有 預付療程的合約權利,而該等未使用部 分會被稱為未使用權利。本集團經參考 本集團對使用預付療程的過往經驗釐定 預期未使用權利金額。對預期未使用權 利金額的估計對環境變化敏感,而本集 團的過往經驗可能無法代表未來的實際 結果。

商譽減值

本集團至少每年釐定商譽是否減值。這 需要將估計獲分配商譽之現金產生單位 的使用價值。估計使用價值需要本集團 對現金產生單位的預計未來現金流量作 出估計,還需選擇適當的折現率計算該 等現金流量的現值。其他詳情載於財務 報表附註15。

財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2020 截至2020年3月31日止年度

Significant Accounting Judgement and Estimates (Continued)

Estimation uncertainty (Continued)

Provision for expected credit losses on trade receivables

The Group uses a provision matrix to calculate ECLs for trade receivables. The provision rates are based on days past due for groupings of various customer segments that have similar loss patterns (i.e. customer type).

The provision matrix is initially based on the Group's historical observed default rates. The Group will calibrate the matrix to adjust the historical credit loss experience with forward-looking information. For instance, if forecast economic conditions (i.e., gross domestic products) are expected to deteriorate over the next year which can lead to an increased number of defaults in the medical aesthetic services sector, the historical default rates are adjusted. At each reporting date, the historical observed default rates are updated and changes in the forward-looking estimates are analysed.

The assessment of the correlation among historical observed default rates, forecast economic conditions and ECLs is a significant estimate. The amount of ECLs is sensitive to changes in circumstances and forecast economic conditions. The Group's historical credit loss experience and forecast of economic conditions may also not be representative of a customer's actual default in the future. The information about the ECLs on the Group's trade receivables is disclosed in note 17 to the financial statements.

Leases - Estimating the incremental borrowing rate

The Group cannot readily determine the interest rate implicit in a lease, and therefore, it uses an incremental borrowing rate ("IBR") to measure lease liabilities. The IBR is the rate of interest that the Group would have to pay to borrow over a similar term, and with a similar security, the funds necessary to obtain an asset of a similar value to the right-of-use asset in a similar economic environment. The IBR therefore reflects what the Group "would have to pay", which requires estimation when no observable rates are available or when it needs to be adjusted to reflect the terms and conditions of the lease. The Group estimates the IBR using observable inputs such as market interest rates and is required to make certain entity-specific estimates.

3. 重大會計判斷及估計(續)

估計不確定因素(續)

貿易應收賬款預期信貸虧損撥備

本集團使用撥備矩陣計算貿易應收賬款 的預期信貸虧損。撥備率乃基於具有類 似虧損模式的不同客戶分部組合(即客戶 種類)逾期日數釐定。

撥備矩陣初步基於本集團過往觀察所得 違約率而釐定。本集團將調整矩陣,藉 以按前瞻性資料調整過往信貸虧損經 驗。舉例而言,倘預測經濟環境(即本地 生產總值)預期將於未來一年惡化,導致 醫學美界服務業界違約事件增加,則會 調整過往違約率。於各報告日期,過往 觀察所得違約率將予更新,並會分析前 瞻性估計變動。

對過往觀察所得違約率、預測經濟環境 及預期信貸虧損之間的關連性進行的評 估屬重大估計。預期信貸虧損金額對情 況及預測經濟環境的變化敏感。本集團 過往信貸虧損經驗及預測經濟環境亦可 能無法代表客戶日後的實際違約情況。 有關本集團貿易應收賬款的預期信貸虧 損已於財務報表附註17內披露。

租賃 - 估計增量借貸利率

本集團無法輕易釐定租賃內所隱含的利 率,因此,使用增量借貸利率(「增量借 貸利率」)計量租賃負債。增量借貸利率 為本集團於類似經濟環境中為取得與使 用權資產價值相若之資產而按相若條款 以類似抵押品借入所需資金應付之利 率。因此,增量借貸利率反映本集團 「應 支付」的款項要求於並無可觀察的利率 時或須對利率進行調整以反映租賃之條 款及條件時作出估計。倘有且須使用可 觀察輸入數據,本集團會使用有關數據 (如市場利率)確定對實體特定的估計評 估增量借貸利率。

財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2020 截至2020年3月31日止年度

Significant Accounting Judgement and Estimates (Continued)

Estimation uncertainty (Continued)

Useful lives and residual values of items of property, plant and equipment

In determining the useful lives and residual values of items of property, plant and equipment, the Group has to consider various factors, such as technical or commercial obsolescence arising from change or improvements in the provision of services, or from a change in the market demand for the service output of the asset, the expected usage of the asset, the expected physical wear and tear, the care and maintenance of the asset, and legal or similar limits on the use of the asset. The estimation of the useful life of the asset is based on the experience of the Group with similar assets that are used in a similar way. Adjustment of depreciation is made if the estimated useful lives and/or residual values of items of property, plant and equipment are different from previous estimation. Useful lives and residual values are reviewed at the end of the reporting period based on changes in circumstances.

Deferred tax assets

Deferred tax assets are recognised for unused tax losses to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which the losses can be utilised. Significant management judgement is required to determine the amount of deferred tax assets that can be recognised, based upon the likely timing and level of future taxable profits together with future tax planning strategies.

4. Operating Segment Information

The Group has one reportable operating segment, namely the non-surgical medical aesthetic services segment, and is principally engaged in the provision of medical aesthetic services and the sale of skin care products in Hong Kong. Information reported to the Group's management, for the purpose of resource allocation and performance assessment, focuses on the operating results of the Group as a whole as the Group's resources are integrated and therefore no discrete operating segment financial information is available. Accordingly, no operating segment information is presented.

3. 重大會計判斷及估計(續)

估計不確定因素(續)

物業、廠房及設備項目的可使用年期及 剩餘價值

於釐定物業、廠房及設備項目的可使用 年期及剩餘價值時,本集團須考慮各種 因素,例如因生產及所提供服務變動或 改良引致的技術或商業過時,或因市場 對該資產的產品或服務的需求改變、資 產預期用途、預期自然耗損及損壞、資 產維修及保養,以及有關資產使用的法 定或類似限制。資產可使用年期的估計 乃基於本集團按類似方式使用類似資產 的經驗作出。倘物業、廠房及設備項目 的估計可使用年期及/或剩餘價值與過 往估計有所不同,則會調整折舊。可使 用年期及剩餘價值於報告期末按情況變 化檢討。

遞延税項資產

未動用税項虧損均確認為遞延税項資 產,但其前提為未來可能有應課稅溢利 以抵銷該虧損。在釐定可確認的遞延税 項資產金額時,管理層須根據可能出現 的時間、未來應課税溢利的水平及未來 税項計劃策略作出重大判斷。

營運分部資料 4.

本集團有一個可匯報營運分部(即非手術 性醫學美容服務分部)並主要於香港從事 提供醫學美容服務,以及銷售護膚產 品。由於本集團資源統一處理,因此並 無具體營運分部財務資料可用,故就資 源分配及業績評估向本集團管理層呈報 的資料以本集團整體經營業績為主。因 此,並無呈列營運分部資料。

財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2020 截至2020年3月31日止年度

4. Operating Segment Information (Continued)

Information about geographical areas

Since all of the Group's revenue and profit were generated from the provision of medical aesthetic services and the sale of skin care products in Hong Kong and all of the Group's non-current assets were located in Hong Kong during the years ended 31 March 2020 and 31 March 2019, no geographical segment information in accordance with HKFRS 8 Operating Segments is presented.

Information about major clients

Since no revenue derived from sales to a single client of the Group has accounted for over 10% of the Group's total revenue during the years ended 31 March 2020 and 31 March 2019, no information about major clients in accordance with HKFRS 8 Operating Segments is presented.

5. Revenue and Other Income

An analysis of revenue is as follow:

4. 營運分部資料(續)

地區資料

由於本集團的全部收益及溢利均自於香 港提供醫學美容服務及銷售護膚產品所 產生,且本集團於截至2020年3月31日 及2019年3月31日止年度的全部非流動 資產均位於香港,故並無根據香港財務 報告準則第8號營運分部呈列地區分部 資料。

主要客戶資料

截至2020年3月31日及2019年3月31日 止年度,由於本集團於年內向單一客戶所 作銷售產生的收益並無超過本集團總收 益的10%,故並無根據香港財務報告準 則第8號營運分部呈列主要客戶資料。

5. 收益及其他收入

收益及其他收入分析如下:

		2020	2019
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Revenue from contracts	客戶合約收益		
with customers			
Treatment services	療程服務	146,165	138,960
Skin care products	護虜產品	18,636	10,485
Medical consultation services	醫療諮詢服務	138	266
Prescription and dispensing of	處方及配藥服務		
medical products		1,154	1,648
Revenue recognised from	確認來自未使用預付療程		
unutilised prepaid packages	之收益	10,436	3,336
		176,529	154,695

財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2020 截至2020年3月31日止年度

5. Revenue and Other Income (Continued)

Revenue from contracts with customers

Disaggregated revenue information

5. 收益及其他收入(續)

客戶合約收益

(i) 分拆收益資料

		2020	2019
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Types of goods or services	貨品或服務種類		
Sale of skin care products	銷售護虜產品	18,636	10,485
Provision of medical aesthetic	提供醫學美容服務		
services		157,893	144,210
Total revenue from contracts	客戶合約總收益		
with customers		176,529	154,695
Timing of revenue recognition	收益確認時間		
Goods or services transferred	在某時點轉讓貨品或服務		
at a point in time		19,928	12,399
Services transferred over time	按時間轉讓服務	156,601	142,296
Total revenue from contracts	客戶合約總收益		
with customers		176,529	154,695

The following table shows the amounts of revenue recognised in the current reporting period that were included in the contract liabilities at the beginning of the reporting period:

下表顯示本報告期確認的收益金 額,有關金額計入報告期初的合約 負債:

		2020 HK\$'000 千港元	2019 HK\$'000 千港元
Revenue recognised that was included in contract liabilities at the beginning of the reporting period:	計入報告期初合約負債的 已確認收益:		
Treatment services	療程服務	45,656	45,338
Skin care products	護虜產品	4	3
Revenue recognised from unutilised	確認來自未使用預付療程之收益		
prepaid packages		9,504	3,241
_			
		55,164	48,582

財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2020 截至2020年3月31日止年度

5. Revenue and Other Income (Continued)

Revenue from contracts with customers (Continued)

Performance obligations

Information about the Group's performance obligations is summarised below:

Provision of medical aesthetic services

The performance obligation associated with treatment services is satisfied over time when the services are rendered. The performance obligations associated with medical consultation services and prescription and dispensing of medical products are satisfied at the point in time when the services are rendered.

Sale of skin care products

The performance obligation is satisfied upon delivery of the skin care products and payment is mainly on cash and/or credit card settlement, except for corporate customers, where payment is due within 2 to 30 days from delivery.

An analysis of other income is as follow:

5. 收益及其他收入(續)

客戶合約收益(續)

(ii) 履約責任

有關本集團履約責任的資料概述如 下:

提供醫學美容服務

與療程服務有關的履約責任於服務 已提供時隨時間達成。與醫療諮詢 服務以及處方及配藥服務有關的履 約責任於提供服務的某一時間點達 成.。

銷售護膚產品

履約責任於交付護膚產品後達成, 而付款乃主要以現金及/或信用卡 結算,惟付款於交付起計2至30天 內到期的企業客戶除外。

其他收入分析如下:

		2020	2019
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Other income	其他收入		
Bank interest income	銀行利息收入	3,968	2,509
Others	其他	171	61
		4,139	2,570

財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2020 截至2020年3月31日止年度

6. Profit before Tax

The Group's profit before tax is arrived at after charging:

6. 除税前溢利

本集團除税前溢利乃經扣除下列各項後 得出:

		2020 HK\$'000 千港元	2019 HK\$'000 千港元
Adv.			
Minimum lease payments under	根據經營租賃之最低		16 540
operating leases Lease payments not included in the	租賃付款 不計入租賃負債計量之	_	16,540
measurement of lease liabilities	租賃付款	246	_
Employee benefit expenses (excluding	促員的	240	
Directors' remuneration (note 8)):	酬金(附註8)):		
Salaries, bonuses and other	薪金、花紅及其他津貼		
allowances		73,117	49,428
Retirement benefit scheme	退休福利計劃供款		
contributions (defined	(定額供款計劃)		
contribution scheme)		2,097	1,347
		75,214	50,775
Auditor's remuneration	核數師酬金	1,650	880
Depreciation of property, plant and	物業、廠房及設備折舊		
equipment		12,336	11,222
Depreciation of right-of-use assets	使用權資產折舊	17,932	_
Impairment of trade receivables, net	貿易應收賬款減值淨額	2	26
Loss on disposal/write-off of items of	出售/撇銷物業、廠房及設備		
property, plant and equipment, net	項目虧損淨額	-	1,761
Foreign exchange differences, net	匯兑差額淨額	5	7

7. Finance costs

7. 財務成本

		2020	2019
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Interest on lease liabilities	租賃負債利息	2,211	_

財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2020 截至2020年3月31日止年度

8. Directors' Remuneration

Directors' remuneration for the year, disclosed pursuant to the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange"), section 383(1)(a), (b), (c) and (f) of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance and Part 2 of the Companies (Disclosure of Information about Benefits of Directors) Regulation, is as follow:

8. 董事酬金

根據香港聯合交易所有限公司(「聯交 所」) 證券上市規則、香港公司條例第 383(1)(a)、(b)、(c)及(f)條及公司(有關董 事褔利之資料披露)規則第2分部披露之 本年度董事酬金如下:

		2020	2019
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Fees	袍金	612	540
Other emoluments:	其他酬金:		
Salaries and allowances	薪金及津貼	6,000	2,400
Retirement benefit scheme contributions	退休福利計劃供款		
(defined contribution scheme)	(定額供款計劃)	18	18
		6,018	2,418
		6,630	2,958

(a) Independent non-executive directors

The fees paid to independent non-executive directors during the year were as follow:

(a) 獨立非執行董事

於年內向獨立非執行董事支付的袍 金如下:

		2020	2019
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Mr. Cheng Fu Kwok David	鄭輔國先生	204	180
Mr. Cheng Yuk Wo	鄭毓和先生	204	180
Mr. Li Wai Kwan	李偉君先生	204	180
		612	540

There were no other emoluments payable to the independent non-executive directors during the year (2019: Nil).

年內,並無任何其他應付予獨立非 執行董事之酬金(2019年:零)。

財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2020 截至2020年3月31日止年度

8. Directors' Remuneration (Continued)

(b) Executive directors

8. 董事酬金(續)

(b) 執行董事

			Salaries, allowances	Retirement benefit	
		Fees	and benefits	scheme	Total
		1003	薪金、津貼	退休福利	Total
		袍金	及實物福利	計劃供款	總計
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
Year ended 31 March 2020	截至2020年3月31日止年度				
Ms. Lai Ka Yee Gigi	黎珈而女士	-	6,000	18	6,018
Mr. Ma Ting Wai Barry	馬庭偉先生	-		-	-
		_	6,000	18	6,018
Year ended 31 March 2019	截至2019年3月31日止年度				
Ms. Lai Ka Yee Gigi	黎珈而女士	-	2,400	18	2,418
Mr. Ma Ting Wai Barry	馬庭偉先生		_		_
		_	2,400	18	2,418

During the year, no remuneration was paid by the Group to the Directors as an inducement to join or upon joining the Group or as compensation for loss of office (2019: Nil).

There were no arrangement under which a Director waived or agreed to waive any remuneration during the year (2019: Nil).

年內,本集團概無向任何董事支付 任何酬金,作為加入本集團或加入 本集團後之獎勵或離職補償(2019 年:零)。

於年內,並無任何董事放棄或同意 放棄任何酬金的安排(2019年: 零)。

財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2020 截至2020年3月31日止年度

9. Five Highest Paid Employees

The five highest paid employees included one (2019: one) Director, details of whose remuneration are set out in note 8 above. Details of the remuneration of the remaining four (2019: four) non-director highest paid employees are as follow:

9. 五名最高薪酬僱員

五名最高薪酬僱員包括一名(2019年: 一名)董事,薪酬詳情載於上文附註8。 其餘四名(2019年:四名)非董事最高薪 酬僱員的薪酬詳情如下:

		2020	2019
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Salaries and allowances	薪金及津貼	15,535	16,750
Retirement benefit scheme contributions	退休福利計劃供款	63	72
		15,598	16,822

The number of the non-director highest paid employees whose remuneration fell within the following bands is as follow:

薪酬介乎以下範圍的非董事最高薪酬僱 員的人數如下:

Number of employees

僱員人數

		2020	2019
HK\$1,000,001 to HK\$1,500,000	1,000,001港元至1,500,000港元	_	1
HK\$1,500,001 to HK\$2,000,000	1,500,001港元至2,000,000港元	1	_
HK\$4,000,001 to HK\$4,500,000	4,000,001港元至4,500,000港元	1	_
HK\$4,500,001 to HK\$5,000,000	4,500,001港元至5,000,000港元	1	1
HK\$5,000,001 to HK\$5,500,000	5,000,001港元至5,500,000港元	1	2
		4	4

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For the year ended 31 March 2020 截至2020年3月31日止年度

10. Income Tax Expense

Hong Kong profits tax has been provided at a rate of 16.5% (2019: 16.5%) on the estimated assessable profits arising in Hong Kong during the year, except for one subsidiary of the Group which is a qualifying entity under the two-tiered profits tax rates regime effective from the year of assessment 2018/2019. The first HK\$2,000,000 (2019: HK\$2,000,000) of assessable profits of this subsidiary is taxed at 8.25% and the remaining assessable profits are taxed at 16.5%.

10. 所得税開支

香港利得税乃根據年內於香港產生的估 計應課税溢利按16.5%(2019年: 16.5%)的税率計提撥備,惟本集團一間 附屬公司除外,該公司為自2018/2019 課税年度起生效的利得税兩級制項下的 合資格實體。該附屬公司首2,000,000港 元(2019年:2,000,000港元)應課税溢 利按8.25%的税率納税,餘下的應課税 溢利則按16.5%的税率納税。

		2020 HK\$'000 千港元	2019 HK\$'000 千港元
Current — Charge for the year — Underprovision/(overprovision)	即期 一 年內支出 一 過往年度撥備不足/	3,559	5,222
in prior years Deferred tax (note 24)	(超額撥備) 遞延税項(附註24)	(3) (1,443)	7 (638)
Total tax charge for the year	年內税項支出總額	2,113	4,591

A reconciliation of the tax expense applicable to profit before tax at the Hong Kong statutory rate to the tax expense at the Group's effective tax rate is as follow:

按香港法定税率就其除税前溢利計算的 税項支出與按本集團實際税率計算的税 項支出的對賬如下:

		2020 HK\$'000 千港元	2019 HK\$'000 千港元
Profit before tax	除税前溢利	15,669	26,389
Tax at the statutory tax rate of 16.5% Adjustments in respect of current tax	按法定税率16.5%計税 就過往年度即期税項	2,585	4,354
of previous years	作出調整	(3)	7
Income not subject to tax Expenses not deductible for tax	毋須課税收入 不可扣税開支	(654) 475	(416) 798
Tax losses not recognised	未確認之税項虧損	-	2
Temporary differences not recognised Others	未確認之暫時差額 其他	(290)	3 (157)
Tax charge at the Group's effective rate	按本集團實際税率計算税項支出	2,113	4,591

11. Dividend

No dividend was paid or proposed during the year ended 31 March 2020, nor has any dividend been proposed since the end of the reporting period (2019: Nil).

11. 股息

截至2020年3月31日止年度,概無派付 或建議派付股息,自報告期末以來亦無 建議派付任何股息(2019年:零)。

財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2020 截至2020年3月31日止年度

12. Earnings Per Share Attributable to Ordinary Equity Holders of the Company

The calculation of the basic earnings per share amount is based on the profit for the year attributable to ordinary equity holders of the Company of HK\$13,556,000 (2019: HK\$21,798,000), and the weighted average number of ordinary shares of 400,000,000 (2019: 400,000,000) in issue during the year.

The Group had no potentially dilutive ordinary shares in issue during the years ended 31 March 2020 and 31 March 2019.

12. 本公司普通股權益持有人應佔 每股盈利

每股基本盈利的金額乃根據本公司普通 股權益持有人應佔年內溢利13,556,000 港元(2019年:21,798,000港元)及年內 已發行普通股的加權平均數400,000,000 股(2019年:400,000,000股)計算得出。

截至2020年3月31日及2019年3月31日 止年度,本集團並無已發行潛在攤薄普通 股。

13. Property, Plant and Equipment

13. 物業、廠房及設備

		Leasehold improvements 租賃物業裝修 HK\$'000 千港元	Furniture and fixtures 傢俱及裝置 HK\$'000 千港元	Treatment devices 療程設備 HK\$'000 千港元	Tools and equipment 工具及設備 HK\$'000 千港元	Office equipment 辦公室設備 HK\$'000 千港元	Motor vehicles 汽車 HK\$'000 千港元	Computer equipment 電腦設備 HK\$'000 千港元	Total 總計 HK\$'000 千港元
31 March 2020	2020年3月31日								
At 1 April 2019 (restated):	於2019年4月1日 (經重列):								
Cost Accumulated depreciation	成本 累計折舊	34,438 (10,736)	1,706 (648)	38,839 (25,402)	3,200 (1,222)	397 (330)	2,351 (1,867)	4,457 (2,224)	85,388 (42,429)
Net carrying amount	賬面淨值	23,702	1,058	13,437	1,978	67	484	2,233	42,959
At 31 March 2019, net of accumulated depreciation Effect of adoption of	於2019年3月31日, 已扣除累計折舊 採納香港財務報告準則	27,013	1,058	13,437	1,978	67	484	2,233	46,270
HKFRS 16	第16號的影響	(3,311)	-	-	-	-	-	-	(3,311)
At 1 April 2019 (restated) Additions Depreciation provided during the year	於2019年4月1日 (經重列) 添置 年內折舊撥備	23,702 732 (5,361)	1,058 546 (336)	13,437 5,802 (4,981)	1,978 472 (696)	67 134 (40)	484 - (126)	2,233 1,182 (796)	42,959 8,868 (12,336)
At 31 March 2020, net of accumulated depreciation	於2020年3月31日, 已扣除累計折舊	19,073	1,268	14,258	1,754	161	358	2,619	39,491
At 31 March 2020: Cost Accumulated depreciation	於2020年3月31日: 成本 累計折舊	35,170 (16,097)	2,224 (956)	44,641 (30,383)	3,672 (1,918)	531 (370)	2,351 (1,993)	5,639 (3,020)	94,228 (54,737)
Net carrying amount	賬面淨值 	19,073	1,268	14,258	1,754	161	358	2,619	39,491

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For the year ended 31 March 2020 截至2020年3月31日止年度

13. Property, Plant and Equipment (Continued) 13. 物業、廠房及設備(續)

		Leasehold improvements 租賃物業裝修 HK\$'000 千港元	Furniture and fixtures 傢俱及裝置 HK\$*000 千港元	Treatment devices 療程設備 HK\$'000 千港元	Tools and equipment 工具及設備 HK\$'000 千港元	Office equipment 辦公室設備 HK\$'000 千港元	Motor vehicles 汽車 HK\$'000 千港元	Computer equipment 電腦設備 HK\$'000 千港元	Total 總計 HK\$'000 千港元
31 March 2019	2019年3月31日								
At 1 April 2018:	於2018年4月1日:								
Cost Accumulated depreciation	成本 累計折舊	11,617 (9,747)	800 (499)	32,562 (21,065)	1,728 (1,285)	18 (1)	2,351 (1,397)	2,999 (1,741)	52,075 (35,735)
Net carrying amount	賬面淨值	1,870	301	11,497	443	17	954	1,258	16,340
At 1 April 2018, net of	於2018年4月1日,								
accumulated depreciation	已扣除累計折舊	1,870	301	11,497	443	17	954	1,258	16,340
Additions Depreciation provided during	添置 年內折舊撥備	30,583	992	7,576	1,756	381	-	1,678	42,966
the year		(3,796)	(227)	(5,553)	(158)	(331)	(470)	(687)	(11,222)
Disposal/write-off	出售/撤銷	(1,644)	(8)	(83)	(63)	-	-	(16)	(1,814)
At 31 March 2019, net of	於2019年3月31日,								
accumulated depreciation	已扣除累計折舊	27,013	1,058	13,437	1,978	67	484	2,233	46,270
At 31 March 2019:	於2019年3月31日:								
Cost	成本	39,149	1,706	38,839	3,200	397	2,351	4,457	90,099
Accumulated depreciation	累計折舊	(12,136)	(648)	(25,402)	(1,222)	(330)	(1,867)	(2,224)	(43,829)
Net carrying amount	賬面淨值	27,013	1,058	13,437	1,978	67	484	2,233	46,270

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For the year ended 31 March 2020 截至2020年3月31日止年度

14. Leases

The Group as a lessee

The Group has lease contracts for its medical aesthetic centres, office premises, car park spaces, warehouses and certain office equipment used in its operations. Leases for properties are negotiated for terms ranging from 1 month to 6 years. Certain office equipment has lease terms of 12 months or less and/or is individually of low value. There is a lease contract that includes variable lease payments which are further discussed below.

(a) Right-of-use assets

The carrying amounts of the Group's right-of-use assets and the movements during the year are as follow:

14. 租賃

本集團作為承和人

本集團就其醫學美容中心、辦公室物 業、停車場、倉庫及營運所用若干辦公 室設備訂有租賃合約。物業租期經商討 後介乎一個月至六年。若干辦公室設備 租期為12個月或以下及/或單項屬低價 值。下文將進一步討論包含可變租賃付 款的租賃合約。

使用權資產 (a)

本集團的使用權資產賬面值及年內 變動如下:

> Leased properties 租賃物業 HK\$'000

千港元

As at 1 April 2019	於2019年4月1日	60,415
Additions	添置	8,309
Lease modification	租賃修訂	(482)
Depreciation charge	折舊費用	(17,932)
As at 31 March 2020	於2020年3月31日	50,310

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For the year ended 31 March 2020 截至2020年3月31日止年度

14. Leases (Continued)

The Group as a lessee (Continued)

(b) Lease liabilities

The carrying amount of lease liabilities and the movements during the year are as follow:

14. 租賃(續)

本集團作為承租人(續)

(b) 租賃負債

租賃負債賬面值及年內變動如下:

HK\$'000

千港元

	17676
於2019年4月1日的賬面值	56,814
新租賃	7,543
年內確認利息增加	
	2,211
租賃修訂	(482)
付款	(17,583)
於2020年3月31日的賬面值	48,503
分析為:	
非流動部分	32,813
流動部分	15,690
	48,503
	新租賃 年內確認利息增加 租賃修訂 付款 於2020年3月31日的賬面值 分析為: 非流動部分

The maturity analysis of lease liabilities is disclosed in note 35 to the financial statements.

租賃負債到期分析於財務報表附註 35 內披露。

財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2020 截至2020年3月31日止年度

14. Leases (Continued)

The Group as a lessee (Continued)

(c) The amounts recognised in profit or loss in relation to leases are as follows:

14. 租賃(續)

本集團作為承租人(續)

(c) 於損益中確認與租賃有關的金額如 下:

> 2020 HK\$'000

> > 千港元

Interest on lease liabilities	租賃負債利息	2,211
Depreciation of right-of-use assets	使用權資產折舊	17,932
Expense relating to short-term leases and other	短期租賃及餘下租期於2020年	
leases with remaining lease of terms ended on or	3月31日或之前結束及	
before 31 March 2020 and of low-value assets	低價值資產的其他租賃相關開支	
(included in property rentals and related expenses)	(計入物業租金及相關開支)	188
Variable lease payments not included in	不計入租賃負債計量之	
the measurement of lease liabilities	可變租賃付款(計入物業租金及	
(included in property rentals and related expenses)	相關開支)	58
Total amount recognised in profit or loss	於損益中確認總額	20,389

The Group leased certain medical aesthetic centre which contain variable lease payment terms that are based on certain percentage of revenue of the operations being undertaken therein pursuant to the terms and conditions as stipulated in the rental agreement. There are also minimum annual base rental arrangements for these leases.

The total cash outflow for leases and future cash outflows relating to leases that have not yet commenced are disclosed in notes 29(b) and 32(b) to the financial statements, respectively.

本集團租賃若干醫學美容中心,其 中包含可變租賃付款條款,有關付 款乃根據租賃協議訂明的條款及條 件,按所經營業務的收益若干百分 比計算。該等租賃亦有最低年度基 本租賃安排。

租賃現金流出總額以及與尚未開始 的租賃有關的未來現金流出分別於 財務報表附註29(b)及32(b)內披露。

財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2020 截至2020年3月31日止年度

15. Goodwill

15. 商譽

HK\$'000 千港元

Cost and carrying amount at 1 April 2018, 31 March 2019, 1 April 2019 and 31 March 2020 於2018年4月1日、2019年3月31日、 2019年4月1日、2020年3月31日之 成本及賬面值

4.305

On 26 December 2009, the Group acquired the business of Health Max Laser and Medical Skin Care Limited ("Health Max"), a company controlled by Mr. Lai Ying, the sibling of Ms. Lai Ka Yee Gigi. Health Max was engaged in the provision of medical aesthetic services.

Impairment testing of goodwill

Goodwill of HK\$4,305,000 acquired through business combination has been allocated to the non-surgical medical aesthetic service cash-generating unit for impairment testing.

The recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit has been determined based on a value in use calculation using cash flow projections based on financial budgets approved by senior management covering a 24-month period. Assumptions were used in the value in use calculation. The following describes each key assumption on which management has based its cash flow projections to undertake impairment testing of goodwill:

- Revenue is estimated based on the business trend in the industry of medical aesthetic operation, historical average spending per client and client cover, taking into account the number of treatment rooms in each medical aesthetic centre, centre locations, market conditions and economic outlook.
- Cost of inventories sold is estimated based on the rate of increase in revenue and the expected market conditions.
- The growth rate used to extrapolate the cash flows beyond the 24-month period is 3% for each reporting period.
- The discount rate used is before tax and reflects specific risks relating to the cash-generating unit. The discount rate applied to the cash flow projections is 11% (2019: 14%).

於2009年12月26日,本集團收購康瑪 激光及醫學皮膚護理有限公司(「康 瑪」),該公司為客戶提供醫學美容服 務,原由黎珈而女士的弟弟黎嬰先生控

商譽減值測試

業務合併所得商譽4,305,000港元已分配 至非手術性醫學美容服務現金產生單位 以進行減值測試。

現金產生單位的可收回金額乃基於使用 價值,採用基於經高級管理層批准的24 個月財務預算之現金流量預測釐定。在 計算使用價值時使用假設。下文描述了 管理層根據其現金流量預測進行商譽減 值測試之各項關鍵假設:

- 收益基於醫學美容營運行業的業務 趨勢、過往每名顧客平均消費及客 戶覆蓋面(經計及各醫學美容中心 的診療室數目及中心位置、市況及 經濟前景)進行估計。
- 已出售存貨成本基於收益增長率及 預期市況進行估計。
- 推斷24個月以後現金流量所用增 長率為各報告期的3%。
- 所採用之折現率為除税前折現率, 並反映與現金產生單位有關的特定 風險。現金流量預測所採用的折現 率為11%(2019年:14%)。

財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2020 截至2020年3月31日止年度

16. Inventories

16. 存貨

		2020 HK\$'000 千港元	2019 HK\$'000 千港元
	web 수 디		
Skin care products Consumables and other supplies	護膚產品 消耗品及其他供應品	11,447 2,873	3,978 3,974
		14,320	7,952

17. Trade Receivables

17. 貿易應收賬款

		2020	2019
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Credit card receivables	信用卡應收賬款	7,921	25,965
Others	其他	81	63
		8,002	26,028
Impairment	減值	(28)	(26)
		7,974	26,002

The Group's trading terms with its clients are mainly on cash and/or credit card settlement while the trading terms with its corporate customers are on credit. The credit period is generally 2 to 30 days for credit card settlement for the respective financial institutions and up to 60 days for corporate customers. The Group seeks to maintain strict control over its outstanding receivables to minimise credit risk. Overdue balances are reviewed regularly by senior management. The Group does not hold any collateral or other credit enhancements over its trade receivable balances. Trade receivables are non-interest-bearing.

本集團與其客戶的交易條款主要為現金 及/或信用卡結算,而與其企業客戶的 交易條款為信貸結算。與各金融機構以 信用卡結算的信貸期一般為2至30日, 而與企業客戶的信貸期最多為60日。本 集團致力嚴格監控未收取的應收賬款, 以盡量降低信貸風險。高級管理層定期 審閱逾期結餘。本集團並無就其貿易應 收賬款結餘持有任何抵押品或其他信用 增級。貿易應收賬款不計息。

財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2020 截至2020年3月31日止年度

17. Trade Receivables (Continued)

An ageing analysis of the trade receivables as at the end of the reporting period, based on the invoice date and net of loss allowance, is as follow:

17. 貿易應收賬款(續)

於報告期末,貿易應收賬款按發票日期 及經扣除虧損撥備計算的賬齡分析如下:

		2020	2019
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Within 1 month	一個月內	7,886	23,992
1 to 3 months	一至三個月	70	1,982
Over 3 months	超過三個月	18	28
		7,974	26,002

The movements in the loss allowance for impairment of trade receivables are as follow:

貿易應收賬款減值虧損撥備的變動如下:

		2020	2019
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
At the beginning of the year	於年初	26	_
Impairment losses, net (note 6)	減值虧損淨額(附註6)	2	26
At the end of the year	於年末	28	26

An impairment analysis is performed at each reporting date using a provision matrix to measure ECLs. The provision rates are based on days past due for groupings of various customer segments with similar loss patterns (i.e., by customer type). The calculation reflects the probability-weighted outcome, the time value of money and reasonable and supportable information that is available at the reporting date about past events, current conditions and forecasts of future economic conditions. Generally, trade receivables are written off if past due for more than one year and are not subject to enforcement activity.

於各報告日期均採用撥備矩陣進行減值 分析,以計量預期信貸虧損。撥備率乃 基於就擁有類似虧損模式的多個客戶分 部進行分組(即按客戶類別)而逾期的日 數計算。該計算反映或然率加權結果、 貨幣時值及於報告日期可得的有關過往 事件、當前條件及未來經濟條件預測的 合理及具支持性資料。一般而言,倘貿 易應收賬款逾期超過一年,則予以撇 銷,且不受執行工作規限。

財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2020 截至2020年3月31日止年度

17. Trade Receivables (Continued)

Set out below is the information about the credit risk exposure on the Group's trade receivables using a provision matrix:

17. 貿易應收賬款(續)

下表載列就本集團貿易應收賬款使用撥 備矩陣的信貸風險的資料:

As at 31 March 2020

於2020年3月31日

		Past due 逾期			
			1 to 3	Over	
		Current	months	3 months	Total
		即期	一至三個月	超過三個月	總計
Expected credit loss rate	預期信貸虧損率	0.35%	0.62%	0.62%	0.35%
Gross carrying amount (HK\$'000)	總賬面值(千港元)	7,922	61	19	8,002
Expected credit losses (HK\$'000)	預期信貸虧損				
	(千港元)	28	-	-	28

As at 31 March 2019

於2019年3月31日

			Past 逾		
		Current	1 to 3 months	Over 3 months	Total
		即期	一至三個月	超過三個月	總計
Expected credit loss rate	預期信貸虧損率	0.10%	0.10%	0.18%	0.10%
Gross carrying amount (HK\$'000) Expected credit losses (HK\$'000)	總賬面值(千港元) 預期信貸虧損	25,169	831	28	26,028
	(千港元)	25	1	_	26

財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2020 截至2020年3月31日止年度

18. Prepayments, Other Receivables and Other Assets

18. 預付款項、其他應收賬款及其 他資產

		Note 附註	2020 HK\$'000 千港元	2019 HK\$'000 千港元
		ביי נוץ	十た儿	l /e/L
Prepayments Contract costs	預付款項 合約成本	(a)	2,217 2,912	2,317 2,790
Deposits	按金		11,558	12,253
Deposits paid for the purchase of items of property, plant	購買物業、廠房及設備項目 的已付按金			
and equipment			4,130	2,995
Other receivables	其他應收賬款		864	502
			21,681	20,857
	'	'		
Analysed into:	分析為:			
Non-current portion	非流動部分		9,540	8,168
Current portion	流動部分		12,141	12,689
			21,681	20,857

Financial assets included in the above balances relate to deposits and receivables for which there was no recent history of default and past due amounts. As at 31 March 2020 and 2019, the loss allowance was assessed to be minimal.

Note:

The contract costs primarily related to the incremental costs of obtaining a contract with a customer, which represent sales commission and bonuses paid or payable to doctors and staff, that are recognised as contract costs in the consolidated statement of financial position. Such costs are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which the contract liabilities to which they relate is recognised as revenue.

Management expects that incremental costs paid to doctors and staff as a result of obtaining prepaid packages are recoverable. The Group has therefore capitalised these costs as contract costs in the amount of HK\$2,912,000 (2019: HK\$2,790,000) at 31 March 2020.

Contract costs are amortised when the related revenue is recognised. During the year ended 31 March 2020, the amount of amortisation was HK\$6,790,000 (2019: HK\$5,523,000) and no impairment loss on contract costs was made.

計入上述結餘中的金融資產涉及近期無 拖欠記錄的按金及應收賬款及逾期金 額。於2020年及2019年3月31日,虧損 撥備被評估為輕微。

附註:

合約成本

主要與取得客戶合約增量成本(即銷售佣金 及已付或應付醫生及員工的花紅)有關的合 約成本於綜合財務狀況表確認為合約成本。 該等成本於相關的合約負債確認為收益的期 間於損益中確認。

管理層預期,因獲得預付療程而支付醫生及 員工的增量成本可收回。因此,本集團於 2020年3月31日將有關成本以合約成本 2,912,000港元(2019年:2,790,000港元)方 式撥充資本。

確認相關收益時,已撥充資本的合約成本將 會攤銷。截至2020年3月31日止年度,攤銷 金額為6,790,000港元(2019年:5,523,000 港元),並無就合約成本錄得減值虧損。

財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2020 截至2020年3月31日止年度

19. Cash and Cash Equivalents and Pledged Time Deposits

19. 現金及現金等價物以及已抵押 定期存款

		2020 HK\$'000	2019 HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元_
Cash and bank balances	現金及銀行結餘	7,321	11,319
Time deposits	定期存款	205,466	162,147
		212,787	173,466
Less: Pledged time deposits, pledged for	減:就信用卡信貸額度而抵押		
credit card facilities	的已抵押定期存款	(55,460)	(54,269)
Cash and cash equivalents	現金及現金等價物	157,327	119,197

Cash at banks earns interest at floating rates based on daily bank deposit rates. Time deposits are made for varying periods of between 1 month and 12 months depending on the immediate cash requirements of the Group, and earn interest at the respective time deposit rates. The bank balances and time deposits are deposited with creditworthy banks with no recent history of default.

銀行現金按每日銀行存款利率計算的浮 動利率賺取利息。定期存款乃按本集團 即時現金需求就為期一至十二個月的不 同期間作出,並按各自定期存款利率賺 取利息。銀行結餘及定期存款乃存入近 期無違約記錄及信譽良好的銀行。

20. Trade Payables

20. 貿易應付賬款

		2020	2019
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Third party suppliers	第三方供應商	338	1,316

An ageing analysis of the trade payables as at the end of the reporting period, based on the invoice date, is as follow:

於報告期末,貿易應付賬款按發票日期 計算的賬齡分析如下:

		2020	2019
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Within 1 month	1個月內	338	1,316

The trade payables are non-interest-bearing and generally have an average settlement term of 30 days.

貿易應付賬款不計息,平均結算期一般 為30日。

財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2020 截至2020年3月31日止年度

21. Other Payables and Accruals

21. 其他應付賬款及應計費用

		2020 HK\$'000 千港元	2019 HK\$'000 千港元
Other payables and accruals	其他應付賬款及應計費用	5,837	11,769
Receipts in advance	預收款項	230	490
		6,067	12,259

Other payables are non-interest-bearing and have an average term of 1 to 3 months.

其他應付賬款不計息,平均年期為一至 三個月。

22. Contract Liabilities and Deferred Revenue

22. 合約負債及遞延收益

		Note	2020 HK\$'000	2019 HK\$'000
		附註	千港元	千港元
Deferred revenue	遞延收益		13,163	22,198
Contract liabilities	合約負債	(a)	122,512	95,859
			135,675	118,057

Note: 附註:

Details of contract liabilities are as follow:

合約負債詳情如下:

		2020	2019
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Advances received from customers	已收客戶墊款		
Provision of medical aesthetic services	提供醫學美容服務	122,323	95,832
Sale of skin care products	銷售護膚產品	189	27
Total contract liabilities	總合約負債	122,512	95,859

Contract liabilities include advances received from customers to deliver skin care products and render medical aesthetic services. The increase in contract liabilities in 2020 was mainly due to increase in short-term advances received from customers for medical aesthetic services.

合約負債包括為交付護膚產品及提供醫學美 容服務而收取的客戶墊款。於2020年的合約 負債增加乃主要由於就醫學美容服務向客戶 收取的短期墊款增加所致。

財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2020 截至2020年3月31日止年度

22. Contract Liabilities and Deferred Revenue

22. 合約負債及遞延收益(續)

(Continued) Note: (Continued)

附註:(續)

(a) (Continued)

(續) (a)

The movements in contract liabilities are as follow:

合約負債的變動如下:

		2020 HK\$'000 千港元	2019 HK\$'000 千港元
At the beginning of the year	於年初	95,859	75,036
Receipts from sales of one-off treatments and treatment packages, net	出售一次性療程及療程 所得款項淨額	189,480	165,576
Revenue recognised upon the provision of services	提供服務後已確認收益	(146,165)	(138,960)
Revenue recognised upon the sales of products	出售產品後已確認收益	(6,226)	(2,457)
Revenue recognised from unutilised	確認來自未使用預付療程之		
prepaid packages	收益	(10,436)	(3,336)
At the end of the year	於年末	122,512	95,859

23. Provision for Reinstatement Costs

The provision for reinstatement costs represents management's best estimate of the Group's liabilities of the costs of dismantling and removing the leasehold improvements and restoring the leased premises which they are currently located back to their original state of condition if and when the Group vacates these leased premises.

23. 修復成本撥備

修復成本撥備指管理層對拆卸及移除租 賃物業裝修以及倘本集團遷出該等租賃 物業時重置租賃物業至原始狀況的成本 的本集團負債最佳估計。

		2020	2019
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元_
At the beginning of the year	於年初	5,144	2,027
Additional provisions	額外撥備	766	3,834
Amounts utilised during the year	年內已動用款項	-	(717)
At the end of the year	於年末	5,910	5,144
		2020	2019
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Analysed into:	分析為:		
Non-current portion	非流動部分	4,085	4,711
Current portion	流動部分	1,825	433
		5,910	5,144

財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2020 截至2020年3月31日止年度

24. Deferred Tax

24. 遞延税項

The movements in deferred tax assets and liabilities during the year are as follow:

遞延税項資產及負債於年內的變動如下:

Deferred tax assets

遞延税項資產

		Depreciation in excess of related depreciation allowance	Losses available for offsetting against future taxable profits	Others	Total
			可用作抵銷		
		超出相關折舊	未來應課税		
		撥備的折舊	溢利的虧損	其他	總計
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
At 1 April 2018	於2018年4月1日	889	-	-	889
Deferred tax credited/(charged) to profit or loss during the year (note 10)	年內計入/(扣除自)損益的 遞延税項(附註10)	(204)	1,518	4	1,318
At 31 March 2019 and 1 April 2019	於2019年3月31日及 2019年4月1日	685	1,518	4	2,207
Deferred tax credited/(charged) to profit or loss during the year (note 10)	年內計入/(扣除自)損益的 遞延稅項(附註10)	64	912	(4)	972
At 31 March 2020	於2020年3月31日	749	2,430	-	3,179

財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2020 截至2020年3月31日止年度

24. Deferred Tax (Continued)

Deferred tax liabilities

24. 遞延税項(續) 遞延税項負債

		Depreciation allowance in excess of related depreciation 超出相關折舊 的折舊撥備 HK\$'000
At 1 April 2018	於2018年4月1日	1,385
Deferred tax charged to profit or loss during the year (note 10)	年內扣除自損益的遞延税項 (附註10)	680
At 31 March 2019 and 1 April 2019	於2019年3月31日及 2019年4月1日	2,065
Deferred tax credited to profit or loss during the year (note 10)	年內計入損益的遞延税項 (附註10)	(471)
At 31 March 2020	於2020年3月31日	1,594

財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2020 截至2020年3月31日止年度

24. Deferred Tax (Continued)

Deferred tax liabilities (Continued)

For presentation purposes, certain deferred tax assets and liabilities have been offset in the consolidated statement of financial position. The following is an analysis of the deferred tax balances of the Group for financial reporting purposes:

24. 遞延税項(續)

遞延税項負債(續)

為便於呈報,若干遞延税項資產及負債 已於綜合財務狀況表抵銷。以下為本集 團就財務報告目的而進行的遞延税項結 餘分析:

		2020 HK\$'000	2019 HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元_
Net deferred tax assets recognised in the consolidated statement of financial position Net deferred tax liabilities recognised	於綜合財務狀況表確認的 遞延税項資產淨額 於綜合財務狀況表確認的	3,179	1,787
in the consolidated statement of financial position	遞延税項負債淨額	(1,594)	(1,645)
		1,585	142

At 31 March 2020, the Group had tax losses arising in Hong Kong of HK\$14,740,000 (2019: HK\$9,215,000), subject to the agreement by the Hong Kong Inland Revenue Department, that are available indefinitely for offsetting against future taxable profits of the companies in which the losses arose.

於2020年3月31日,本集團於香港產生 税 務 虧 損14,740,000港 元(2019年: 9,215,000港元),惟須待香港税務局同 意,可無限期用以抵銷產生有關虧損的 公司的未來應課税溢利。

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24. Deferred Tax (Continued)

Deferred tax assets have not been recognised in respect of tax losses of HK\$11,000 (2019: HK\$11,000) as it is not considered probable that taxable profits will be available against which the tax losses can be utilised. In addition, the Group has deductible temporary differences of HK\$21,000 (2019: HK\$21,000) for which deferred tax assets have not been recognised. The related tax effects are as follow:

24. 遞延税項(續)

由於不大可能出現可動用稅務虧損抵銷 的應課税溢利,故並無就税項虧損 11,000港元(2019年:11,000港元)確認 遞延税項資產。此外,本集團有尚未確 認遞延税項資產的可扣税暫時性差額 21,000港元(2019年:21,000港元)。相 關稅務影響如下:

		2020	2019
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Tax losses	税項虧損	2	2
Deductible temporary differences	可扣減暫時差額	3	3
		5	5

25. Share Capital

Shares

25. 股本 股份

		2020	2019
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Authorised: 2,000,000,000 ordinary shares of	法定: 2,000,000,000股每股面值		
HK\$0.01 each	0.01港元的普通股	20,000	20,000
Issued and fully paid:	已發行及繳足:		
400,000,000 ordinary shares of	400,000,000股每股面值		
HK\$0.01 each	0.01港元的普通股	4,000	4,000

These was no movement in the Company's share capital during the year.

年內,本公司的股本並無變動。

Share options

Details of the Company's share option scheme are included in note 26 to the financial statements.

購股權

有關本公司購股權計劃的詳情載於財務 報表附註26內。

財務報表附註

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26. Share Option Scheme

The Company operates a share option scheme (the "Scheme") for the purpose of attracting and retaining the best available personnel, providing additional incentive to eligible participants, and promoting the success of the business of the Group.

Eligible participants of the Scheme include the Company's Directors, including independent non-executive directors, other employees of the Group, and any consultants, advisers, distributors, contractors, suppliers, agents, customers, business partners and service providers of any member of the Group. The Scheme was approved and adopted by the shareholders of the Company on 19 December 2016 and, unless otherwise cancelled or amended, will remain in force for 10 years from that date.

At the date of approval of these financial statements, the maximum number of shares available for issue was 40,000,000. representing 10% of the shares of the Company in issue.

The maximum number of shares issued and to be issued upon exercise of options granted under the Scheme and any other share option scheme of the Company to each participant in any 12-month period up to the date of grant shall not exceed 1% of the total shares of the Company in issue.

An option may be exercised in accordance with the terms of the Scheme at any time during a period commencing on such date on or after the date on which the option is granted as the Directors may determine in granting the option and expiring at the close of business on such date as the Directors may determine in granting the option but in any event not exceeding 10 years from the date of grant (which is the date of offer of grant if the offer for the grant of the option is accepted).

An offer for the grant of options must be accepted within 7 days inclusive of the day on which such offer was made. The amount payable on acceptance of the offer for the grant of an option is HK\$1.0.

26. 購股權計劃

本公司制訂一項購股權計劃(「該計 劃」),旨在吸引及挽留最稱職人員,並 向本集團合資格參與者提供額外獎勵以 及推動本集團業務創出佳績。

該計劃之合資格參與者包括本公司董事 (包括獨立非執行董事、本集團其他僱 員、本集團任何成員的任何諮詢人士、 顧問、分銷商、承包商、供應商、代 理、客戶、商業夥伴及服務供應商)。該 計劃已於2016年12月19日獲本公司股 東批准及採納,而除另有撤銷或修訂 外,該計劃將由該日起計10年內仍具效 力。

於該等財務報表獲批准之日,最高可發 行股份數量為40,000,000股,佔本公司 已發行股份的10%。

每位參與者自任何12個月期間直至授出 日期,根據該計劃及本公司任何其他購 股權計劃獲授之購股權獲行使時,已發 行及將予發行之股份數目最多不得超過 本公司已發行股份總數之1%。

購股權可根據該計劃之條款,於董事授 出購股權時可能釐定授出購股權當日或 之後的有關日期開始之期間內任何時間 行使,並於董事授出購股權時可能釐定 之有關日期營業時間結束時屆滿,惟於 任何情況下,由授出購股權當日(倘授出 購股權之要約獲接納,即為提出授出購 股權要約當日)起計不可超過10年。

授出購股權的要約須於提出有關要約日 期(包括當日)起十日內接納。接納要約 時就獲授一份購股權的應付金額為1.0港 元。

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26. Share Option Scheme (Continued)

The exercise price of share options is determinable by the Directors provided always that it shall be at least the higher of (i) the closing price of the Company's shares as stated in the Stock Exchange's daily quotation sheet on the date of offer; (ii) the average of the closing prices of the Company's shares as stated in the Stock Exchange's daily quotation sheets for the 5 trading days immediately preceding the date of offer; and (iii) the nominal value of a share of the Company.

Share options do not confer rights on the holders to dividends or to vote at shareholders' meeting.

During the year, the Company did not grant any share options to any eligible participant under the scheme (2019: Nil).

27. Reserves

The amounts of the Group's reserves and the movements therein during the current and prior years are presented in the consolidated statement of changes in equity on page 92 of the financial statements.

Merger reserve

The merger reserve represents reserves arising from the reorganisation of the Group in connection with the listing of the shares of the Company on the Stock Exchange.

26. 購股權計劃(續)

購股權之行使價乃由董事釐定,惟有關 行使價須至少為以下較高者:(1)本公司 股份於要約日期在聯交所每日報價表所 列之收市價;(ii)本公司股份於緊接要約 日期前五個交易日在聯交所每日報價表 所列之平均收市價;及(iii)本公司每股股 份之面值。

購股權持有人無權收取股息或在股東大 會上投票。

年內,本公司並無根據該計劃向任何合 資格參與者授出任何購股權(2019年: 無)。

27. 儲備

本集團於本年度及過往年度的儲備數額 及變動於財務報表第92頁的綜合權益變 動表呈列。

合併儲備

合併儲備指本集團就本公司股份於聯交 所上市進行重組產生的儲備。

財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2020 截至2020年3月31日止年度

28. Related Party Transactions

- In addition to the transactions and balances detailed elsewhere in these financial statements, the Group had no material transactions with related parties during the year (2019: Nil).
- Compensation of key management personnel of the Group, including Directors' remuneration as disclosed in note 8 to the financial statements, is as follow:

28. 關連方交易

- (a) 除該等財務報表其他部分所詳述的 交易及結餘外,本集團於年內與關 連方概無重大交易(2019年:無)。
- 本集團主要管理人員的薪金(包括 (b) 財務報表附註8所披露的董事薪酬) 如下:

		2020 HK\$'000	2019 HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Short term employee benefits	短期僱員福利	6,000	5,565
Post-employment benefits	離職後福利	18	72
		6,018	5,637

29. Notes to the Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows

(a) Major non-cash transactions

During the year ended 31 March 2020, the Group entered into rental agreements in respect of its office premises. Right-of-use assets and lease liabilities of HK\$7,543,000 (2019: Nil) were recognised in respect of lease arrangements for leased properties. Pursuant to the terms and conditions of the rental agreements, the Group is required to restore the sites to the conditions as stipulated in the rental agreements. Accordingly, the Group had also accrued and capitalised the estimated restoration cost of HK\$766,000 (2019: HK\$3,834,000) when such obligations arose.

29. 綜合現金流量表附註

(a) 主要非現金交易

於截至2020年3月31日止年度, 本集團就其辦公室物業訂立租賃協 議。就租賃物業的租賃安排確認的 使用權資產及租賃負債為 7,543,000港元(2019年:無)。根 據租賃協議的條款及條件,本集團 須將該等場所修復至租賃協議規定 的狀況。因此,本集團已累計及資 本化須承擔有關責任時預計的修復 成 本766,000港 元(2019年: 3,834,000港元)。

財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2020 截至2020年3月31日止年度

- 29. Notes to the Consolidated Statement of Cash 29. 綜合現金流量表附計(續) Flows (Continued)
 - (b) Changes in liabilities arising from financing activities 2020
- - (b) 產生自金融活動的負債變動

2020年

Lease liabilities 租賃負債 HK\$'000 千港元

- 56,814
56,814
56,814
56,814
(15,372)
7,543
(482)
2,211
(2,211)
48,503

30. Pledge of Assets

Details of the Group's credit card facilities granted by financial institutions, which are secured by the assets of the Group, are included in note 19 to the financial statements.

30. 資產抵押

由金融機構授予本集團的信用卡信貸額 度乃由本集團資產作抵押,有關詳情載 於財務報表附註19。

財務報表附註

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31. Operating Lease Arrangements

As lessee

The Group leased its medical aesthetic centres, office premises, a car park space and certain office equipment under operating lease arrangements. Leases for properties were negotiated for terms ranging from 1 month to 6 years. Leases for office equipment were negotiated for a term of 5 years.

At 31 March 2019, the Group had total future minimum lease payments under non-cancellable operating leases falling due as follow:

31. 經營租賃安排

作為承租人

本集團根據經營租賃安排租用其醫學美 容中心、辦公室物業、停車場及若干辦 公室設備。有關物業的議定租期介乎一 個月至六年。有關辦公室設備的議定租 期為五年。

於2019年3月31日,本集團根據不可撤 銷經營租賃之未來最低租賃付款總額的 到期情况如下:

		2019
		HK\$'000
		千港元
Within one year	一年內	16,659
In the second to fifth years, inclusive	第二年至第五年(包括首尾兩年)	44,701
After five years	五年後	1,974
		63.334

32. Commitments

The Group had the following capital commitments at the end of the reporting period:

32. 承擔

(a) 本集團於報告期末有以下的資本承 擔:

		2020	2019
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Contracted, but not provided for:	已訂約,但未計提撥備:		
Property, plant and equipment	物業、廠房及設備	488	275

- The Group has various lease contracts that have not yet commenced as at 31 March 2020. The future lease payments for these non-cancellable lease contracts are HK\$803,000 due within one year, and HK\$876,000 due in the second to fifth years, inclusive.
- 於2020年3月31日,本集團的多 (b) 份租賃合約尚未開始。該等於一年 內到期的不可撤銷租賃合約的未來 租賃付款為803,000港元,於第二 至第五年(包括首尾兩年)到期者則 為876,000港元。

財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2020 截至2020年3月31日止年度

33. Financial Instruments by Category

33. 按種類劃分的金融工具

The carrying amounts of each of the categories of financial instruments as at the end of the reporting period are as follow:

於報告期末各類金融工具的賬面值如下:

Financial assets

金融資產

		2020 HK\$'000 千港元	2019 HK\$'000 千港元
Financial assets at amortised cost: Trade receivables Financial assets included in prepayments, other receivables and other assets	按攤銷成本計量的金融資產: 貿易應收賬款 計入預付款項、其他應收賬款 及其他資產的金融資產	7,974	26,002 12,755
Pledged time deposits Cash and cash equivalents	已抵押定期存款 現金及現金等價物	55,460 157,327	54,269 119,197
		233,183	212,223

Financial liabilities

金融負債

		2020	2019
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Financial liabilities at amortised cost:	按攤銷成本計量的金融負債:		
Trade payables	貿易應付賬款	338	1,316
Financial liabilities included in other	計入其他應付賬款及應計費用		
payables and accruals	的金融負債	2,899	6,877
Lease liabilities	租賃負債	48,503	_
		51,740	8,193

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34. Fair Value and Fair Value Hierarchy of Financial Instruments

The carrying amounts and fair values of the Group's financial instruments, other than those carrying amounts that reasonably approximate to fair values, are as follow:

34. 金融工具的公平值及公平值等

本集團金融工具的賬面值及公平值(不包 括該等賬面值與公平值合理相若的金融 工具)如下:

	Carrying	amounts	Fair values	
	賬面	值	公立	P.值
	20202019HK\$'000HK\$'000千港元千港元		2020	2019
			HK\$'000	HK\$'000
			千港元	千港元
Financial assets 金融資產				
Deposits, non-current portion 按金,非流動部分	5,410	5,162	4,564	3,969

Management has assessed that the fair values of cash and cash equivalents, pledged time deposits, trade receivables, trade payables, the current portion of financial assets included in prepayments, other receivables and other assets, and financial liabilities included in other payables and accruals approximate to their carrying amounts largely due to the short term maturities of these instruments.

The fair values of the financial assets and liabilities are included at the amount at which the instrument could be exchanged in a current transaction between willing parties, other than in a forced or liquidation sale. The following method and assumptions were used to estimate the fair values:

The fair values of non-current portion of deposits are estimated by discounting the expected future cash flows using rates currently available for instruments with similar terms, credit risk and remaining maturities.

Fair value hierarchy

At the end of the reporting period, the Group had no financial assets or financial liabilities measured at fair value in the consolidated statement of financial position.

Regarding the assets and liabilities for which fair values are disclosed, the fair value measurement of the non-current portion of deposits was classified as Level 2. During the year, there were no transfers of fair value measurements between Level 1 and Level 2 and no transfers into or out of Level 3 for both financial assets and financial liabilities (2019: Nil).

管理層評估,現金及現金等價物、已抵 押定期存款、貿易應收賬款、貿易應付 賬款、計入預付款項、其他應收賬款及 其他資產的金融資產的流動部分以及計 入其他應付賬款及應計費用的金融負債 的公平值與其賬面值相若,主要由於該 等工具於短期內到期。

金融資產及負債之公平值以自願交易方 (強迫或清盤出售除外)當前交易下成交 該工具的金額入賬。下列方法及假設用 於估計公平值:

按金非流動部分的公平值已按適用於具 有類似條款、信貸風險及剩餘年期的工 具的現行利率折現預期未來現金流量計 算得出。

公平值等級

於報告期末,本集團於綜合財務狀況表 中概無任何按公平值計量的金融資產或 金融負債。

就已披露公平值的資產及負債而言,按 金的非流動部分的公平值計量分類為第 二級。年內,金融資產及金融負債的公 平值計量並無第一級與第二級之間的轉 換,亦無轉入或轉出第三級(2019年: 無)。

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For the year ended 31 March 2020 截至2020年3月31日止年度

35. Financial Risk Management Objectives and **Policies**

The Group's principal financial instruments comprise pledged time deposits and cash and cash equivalents. The Group has various other financial assets and liabilities such as trade receivables, financial assets included in prepayments, other receivables and other assets, trade payables and financial liabilities included in other payables and accruals, and lease liabilities.

The main risks arising from the Group's financial instruments are credit risk and liquidity risk. The board of Directors reviews and agrees policies for managing each of these risks and they are summarised below.

Credit risk

Receivable balances are monitored on an ongoing basis and the Group's exposure to bad debts is not significant.

Maximum exposure and year-end staging

The tables below show the credit quality and the maximum exposure to credit risk based on the Group's credit policy, which is mainly based on past due information unless other information is available without undue cost or effort, and yearend staging classification as at 31 March. The amounts presented are gross carrying amounts for financial assets.

35. 金融風險管理目標及政策

本集團主要金融工具包括已抵押定期存 款以及現金及現金等價物。本集團有多 項其他金融資產及負債,例如貿易應收 賬款、計入預付款項、其他應收賬款及 其他資產的金融資產、貿易應付賬款以 及計入其他應付賬款及應計費用的金融 負債及租賃負債。

本集團金融工具的主要風險為信貸風險 及流動資金風險。董事會檢討並同意管 理各有關風險的政策。若干風險概述如 下。

信貸風險

本集團持續監察應收賬款結餘,而本集 **国面臨的壞賬並不重大。**

最大風險及年結階段

下表載列基於本集團的信貸政策的信貸 質素及最大信貸風險,主要基於逾期資 料(除非其他資料可在無須付出不必要成 本或努力的情况下獲得),及於3月31日 的年結階段分類分析。所呈列的有關金 額指金融資產的總賬面值。

財務報表附註

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35. Financial Risk Management Objectives and Policies (Continued)

Credit risk (Continued)

Maximum exposure and year-end staging (Continued)

As at 31 March 2020

35. 金融風險管理目標及政策(續)

信貸風險(續)

最大風險及年結階段(續)

於2020年3月31日

12-month **ECLs** Lifetime ECLs 12個日預期

		信貸虧損	全期預期信貸虧損			
					Simplified	
		Stage 1	Stage 2	Stage 3	approach	Total
		第一階段	第二階段	第三階段	簡化法	總計
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
Trade receivables*	貿易應收賬款*	_	-	-	8,002	8,002
Financial assets included in	計入預付款項、					
prepayments, other receivables	; 其他應收賬款及					
and other assets	其他資產的					
	金融資產					
- Normal **	- 正常**	12,422	-	-	-	12,422
Pledged time deposits	已抵押定期存款					
 Not yet past due 	- 尚未逾期	55,460	-	-	-	55,460
Cash and cash equivalents	現金及現金等價物					
Not yet past due	- 尚未逾期	157,327	-	-	-	157,327
		225,209	-	-	8,002	233,211

財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2020 截至2020年3月31日止年度

35. Financial Risk Management Objectives and Policies (Continued)

Credit risk (Continued)

Maximum exposure and year-end staging (Continued)

As at 31 March 2019

35. 金融風險管理目標及政策(續)

信貸風險(續)

最大風險及年結階段(續)

於2019年3月31日

		12-month				
		ECLs	Lifetime ECLs			
		12個月預期				
		信貸虧損	全	期預期信貸虧損		
					Simplified	
		Stage 1	Stage 2	Stage 3	approach	Total
		第一階段	第二階段	第三階段	簡化法	總計
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
Trade receivables*	貿易應收賬款*	_	-	_	26,002	26,002
Financial assets included in	計入預付款項、					
prepayments, other receivables	s 其他應收賬款及					
and other assets	其他資產的					
	金融資產					
- Normal **	- 正常**	12,755	_	_	_	12,755
Pledged time deposits	已抵押定期存款					
 Not yet past due 	- 尚未逾期	54,269	_	_	_	54,269
Cash and cash equivalents	現金及現金等價物					
 Not yet past due 	- 尚未逾期	119,197	_	_	_	119,197
		186,221	_	-	26,002	212,223

For trade receivables to which the Group applies the simplified approach for impairment, information based on the provision matrix is disclosed in note 17 to the financial statements.

The credit quality of the financial assets included in prepayments, other receivables and other assets is considered to be "normal" when they are not past due and there is no information indicating that the financial assets had a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition. Otherwise, the credit quality of the financial assets is considered to be "doubtful".

就本集團對減值應用簡化法的貿易應收賬款 而言,以撥備矩陣為基礎的資料於財務報表 附註17內披露。

計入預付款項、其他應收賬款及其他資產的 金融資產於未逾期時及並無資料顯示其自初 步確認以來的信貸風險有大幅增加,則該等 金融資產的信貸質素被視為「正常」。否則, 該等金融資產的信貸質素被視為「存疑」。

財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2020 截至2020年3月31日止年度

35. Financial Risk Management Objectives and Policies (Continued)

Liquidity risk

2020

In order to manage liquidity risk, the Group monitors and maintains a level of cash and cash equivalents deemed adequate by management to finance the Group's operations and mitigate the effects of fluctuations in cash flows. The Group regularly reviews its major funding positions to ensure that it has adequate financial resources in meeting its financial obligations.

The maturity profile of the Group's financial liabilities as at the end of the reporting period, based on the contractual undiscounted payments, was as follow:

35. 金融風險管理目標及政策(續)

流動資金風險

為管理流動資金風險,本集團監控及保 持管理層認為充足的現金及現金等價物 水平,以為本集團的營運提供資金並降 低現金流量波動的影響。本集團定期審 查其主要資金狀況以確保有充足的財務 資源履行其財務責任。

於報告期末,本集團基於已訂約未折現 付款的金融負債的到期情況如下:

2020年

		Within		
		1 year or	1 to 5	
		on demand	years	Total
		一年內		
		或按要求	一至五年	總計
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
			千港元	千港元
Trade payables	貿易應付賬款	338	-	338
Financial liabilities included in	計入其他應付賬款及			
other payables and accruals	應計費用的金融負債	2,899	-	2,899
Lease liabilities	租賃負債	17,036	34,869	51,905
		20,273	34,869	55,142
2019		2019年		
		Within		
		1 year or	1 to 5	
		on demand	years	Total
		一年內	,	
		或按要求	一至五年	總計
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元
Trade payables	貿易應付賬款	1,316	-	1,316
Financial liabilities included in	計入其他應付賬款及			
other payables and accruals	應計費用的金融負債	6,877		6,877
		8,193		8,193
		0,193		0,193

財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2020 截至2020年3月31日止年度

35. Financial Risk Management Objectives and Policies (Continued)

Liquidity risk (Continued)

Capital management

The primary objectives of the Group's capital management are to safeguard the Group's ability to continue as a going concern and to maintain healthy capital ratios in order to support its business and maximise the shareholders' value.

The Group manages its capital structure and makes adjustments to it in light of changes in economic conditions and the risk characteristics of the underlying assets. To maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Group may adjust the dividend payment to the shareholders, return capital to the shareholders or issue new shares. The Group is not subject to any externally imposed capital requirements. No changes were made in the objectives, policies or processes for managing capital during the years ended 31 March 2020 and 31 March 2019.

Capital of the Group comprises all components of the shareholders' equity.

35. 金融風險管理目標及政策(續)

流動資金風險(續)

資本管理

本集團資本管理的主要目標為保障本集 團持續經營的能力並維持穩健的資本比 率,以支持其業務及創造最大的股東價 值。

本集團根據經濟狀況變化及相關資產的 風險特徵管理及調整其資本架構。為維 持或調整資本架構,本集團會調整向股 東支付的股息、向股東支付的資本回報 或發行新股份。本集團毋須遵守任何外 部資本要求。於截至2020年3月31日及 2019年3月31日止年度,資本管理的目 標、政策或流程並無變動。

本集團資本包括股東權益所有組成部分。

財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2020 截至2020年3月31日止年度

36. Statement of Financial Position of the Company 36. 本公司之財務狀況表 Information about the statement of financial position of the Company at the end of the reporting period is as follow:

本公司於報告期末的財務狀況表資料如 下:

		2020 HK\$'000 千港元	2019 HK\$'000 千港元
NON-CURRENT ASSETS	非流動資產		
Investments in subsidiaries	於附屬公司之投資	-	_
CURRENT ASSETS	流動資產		
Other receivables	其他應收賬款	832	398
Pledged time deposits	已抵押定期存款	52,390	51,214
Cash and cash equivalents	現金及現金等價物	128,828	81,523
Total current assets	流動資產總值	182,050	133,135
CURRENT LIABILITIES	流動負債		
Due to subsidiaries	應付附屬公司款項	122,068	76,643
Tax payable	應付税項	12	12
Total current liabilities	流動負債總額	122,080	76,655
NET CURRENT ASSETS	流動資產淨值	59,970	56,480
Net assets	資產淨值 ————————————————————————————————————	59,970	56,480
EQUITY	權益		
Issued capital		4,000	4,000
Reserves (note (a))	儲備(附註(a))	55,970	52,480
Total equity	權益總值	59,970	56,480
	1年 1111 7655 日	00,010	00,700

財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2020 截至2020年3月31日止年度

36. Statement of Financial Position of the Company 36. 本公司之財務狀況表(續)

(Continued) Note:

(a) A summary of the Company's reserves is as follow:

附註:

本公司儲備的概要如下:

		Share premium account 股份溢價賬 HK\$'000 千港元	Accumulated losses 累計虧損 HK\$'000 千港元	Total equity 權益總值 HK\$'000 千港元
At 1 April 2018 Loss for the year and total comprehensive loss for the year	於2018年4月1日 年度虧損及年度全面虧損總額	67,788	(13,705) (1,603)	54,083 (1,603)
At 31 March 2019 and 1 April 2019 Profit for the year and total comprehensive income for the year	於2019年3月31日及 2019年4月1日 年度溢利及年度全面收益總額	67,788 -	(15,308) 3,490	52,480 3,490
At 31 March 2020	於2020年3月31日	67,788	(11,818)	55,970

37. Event after the Reporting period

The COVID-19 outbreak has had a significant impact on the economic activities in Hong Kong. The Group's medical aesthetic centres in Hong Kong were closed for 28 days for the period from 10 April 2020 to 7 May 2020 in response to the regulations of the Government of Hong Kong Special Administration Region. In view of the dynamic nature of the circumstances, the overall financial effect of the above cannot be reliably estimated for the future reporting periods. Management will continue to closely monitor the development and evaluate the impact on the Group's financial position, financial performance and cash flows.

38. Comparative Amounts

As further explained in note 2.2 to the financial statements, the Group adopted HKFRS 16 on 1 April 2019 using the modified retrospective approach. Under this approach, the comparative amounts in the financial statements were not restated and continued to be reported under the requirements of the previous standard, HKAS 17, and related interpretations.

39. Approval of the Financial Statements

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the board of Directors on 15 June 2020.

37. 報告期後事項

新冠肺炎的爆發對香港的經濟活動產生 重大影響。根據香港特別行政區政府的 規定,本集團的香港醫學美容中心於 2020年4月10日至2020年5月7日 止期 間關閉28日。鑑於情況的持續變化性 質,無法可靠地估計上述情況於未來報 告期內的整體財務影響。管理層將繼續 密切關注事態發展並評估對本集團財務 狀況、財務表現及現金流量的影響。

38. 比較數字

誠如財務報表附註2.2所進一步闡釋,本 集團於2019年4月1日使用經修訂追溯 法採納香港財務報告準則第16號。根據 該方法,財務報表的比較金額並無重 列,並繼續根據先前準則香港會計準則 第17號及相關詮釋的規定呈報。

39. 批准財務報表

財務報表已於2020年6月15日經董事會 批准及授權刊發。

FIVE-YEAR FINANCIAL SUMMARY 五年財務摘要

		For the year ended 31 March 截至3月31日止年度				
		2020	製土 2019	2016		
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	2018 HK\$'000	2017 HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
			.,_,_			
RESULTS	業績					
Revenue	收益	176,529	154,695	127,213	100,104	83,352
Profit before tax	除税前溢利	15,669	26,389	31,457	3,509	21,951
Income tax expense	所得税開支	(2,113)	(4,591)	(4,944)	(3,450)	(3,463)
Profit for the year and total	本公司擁有人應佔					
comprehensive income for	年度溢利及年度					
the year attributable to	全面收益總額					
owners of the Company		13,556	21,798	26,513	59	18,488
			As	at 31 Marc	h	
				於3月31日		
		2020	2019	2018	2017	2016
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
ASSETS AND LIABILITIES	資產及負債					
Total assets	總資產	357,251	281,425	223,371	170,623	84,112
Total liabilities	總負債	(199,020)	(139,699)	(106,268)	(80,033)	(65,364)
Equity attributable to owners	本公司擁有人應佔					

158,231

141,726

117,103

90,590

18,748

of the Company

權益