

CHINA INVESTMENT DEVELOPMENT LIMITED中國投資開發有限公司

(Incorporated in the Cayman Islands and continued in Bermuda with limited liability) (於開曼群島註冊成立並於百慕達續存之有限公司)

Stock Code 股份代號: 204



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CORPORATE INFORMATION

公司資料

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Executive Director

Mr. Chan Cheong Yee

Non-executive Directors

Ms. Yang Xiaoqiu (Chairman)

Mr. Tom Xie

Independent Non-executive Directors

Mr. Li Li

Mr. Lai Yuen Piu

Ms. Leung Mei Hing, Carrie

AUDIT COMMITTEE

Mr. Li Li (Chairman)

Mr. Lai Yuen Piu

Ms. Leung Mei Hing, Carrie

REMUNERATION COMMITTEE

Mr. Lai Yuen Piu (Chairman)

Ms. Leung Mei Hing, Carrie

Mr. Li Li

NOMINATION COMMITTEE

Ms. Yang Xiaoqiu (Chairman)

Mr. Li Li

Mr. Lai Yuen Piu

Ms. Leung Mei Hing, Carrie

RISK MANAGEMENT COMMITTEE

Mr. Chan Cheong Yee (Chairman)

Mr. Li Li

Mr. Lai Yuen Piu

Ms. Leung Mei Hing, Carrie

COMPANY SECRETARY

Mr. Chan Kwan Pak

AUTHORISED REPRESENTATIVES

Mr. Chan Cheong Yee

Mr. Chan Kwan Pak

董事會

執行董事

陳昌義先生

非執行董事

楊曉秋女士(*主席*) 謝祺祥先生

獨立非執行董事

李 力先生

黎遠彪先生

梁美卿女十

審核委員會

李 力先生(主席)

黎遠彪先生

梁美卿女士

薪酬委員會

黎遠彪先生(主席)

梁美卿女士

李 力先生

提名委員會

楊曉秋女士(主席)

李 力先生

黎遠彪先生

梁美卿女士

風險管理委員會

陳昌義先生(主席)

李 力先生

黎遠彪先生

梁美卿女士

公司秘書

陳筠栢先生

授權代表

陳昌義先生

陳筠栢先生

CORPORATE INFORMATION 公司資料

PRINCIPAL BANKERS

Dah Sing Bank, Limited
China CITIC Bank International Limited
Bank of Communications

AUDITOR

BDO Limited
Certified Public Accountants

LEGAL ADVISERS

Hong Kong Law

Fairbairn Catley Low & Kong

Bermuda Law

Convers Dill & Pearman

PRINCIPAL SHARE REGISTRAR

MUFG Fund Service (Bermuda) Limited The Belvedere Building 69 Pitts Bay Road, Pembroke HM08 Bermuda

BRANCH SHARE REGISTRAR AND TRANSFER OFFICE

Union Registrars Limited Suites 3301-04, 33/F Two Chinachem Exchange Square 338 King's Road North Point, Hong Kong

REGISTERED OFFICE

Clarendon House 2 Church Street Hamilton HM11 Bermuda

PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS

Room 3702, 37/F., 118 Connaught Road West, Sheung Wan, Hong Kong

WEBSITE

www.chinainvestment.com.hk

STOCK CODE

204

主要往來銀行

大新銀行有限公司 中信銀行(國際)有限公司 交通銀行

核數師

香港立信德豪會計師事務所有限公司 執業會計師

法律顧問

香港法律

范紀羅江律師行

百慕達法律

Conyers Dill & Pearman

股份過戶登記總處

MUFG Fund Service (Bermuda) Limited The Belvedere Building 69 Pitts Bay Road, Pembroke HM08 Bermuda

股份過戶登記分處

聯合證券登記有限公司 香港北角 英皇道338號 華懋交易廣場2期 33樓3301-04室

註冊辦事處

Clarendon House 2 Church Street Hamilton HM11 Bermuda

主要營業地點

香港 上環 干諾道西118號 37樓3702室

網址

www.chinainvestment.com.hk

股份代號

204

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

財務摘要 For the year ended 31 March 2020 截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度

		2020	2019
		二零二零年	二零一九年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元_
Proceeds from disposals of financial assets	出售按公平值計入在損益處理之		
at fair value through profit or loss	財務資產之所得款項	15,115	42,557
Revenue	收益	_	600
Loss for the year attributable to owners of	本公司擁有人應佔本年度虧損		
the Company		(52,541)	(87,911)
		2020	2019
		二零二零年	二零一九年
Net asset value per share	每股資產淨值	HK\$0.04港元	HK\$0.10港元

The board (the "Board") of directors (the "Directors") of China Investment Development Limited (the "Company", together with its subsidiaries, the "Group")) hereby present its report and the audited consolidated financial statements of the Group for the year ended 31 March 2020.

中國投資開發有限公司(「本公司」,連同其附屬公司「本集團」)董事(「董事」)會(「董事會」)謹此提呈本集團截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度之報告及經審核綜合財務報表。

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES

The Company and its subsidiaries are engaged in investment holding for medium to long-term capital appreciation purposes, and investment in listed and unlisted securities. There have been no significant changes in the nature of the Group's principal activities during the year.

RESULTS AND APPROPRIATIONS

The results of the Group for the year ended 31 March 2020 are set out in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income on page 46 of this Annual Report. The Directors do not recommend the payment of a dividend for the year.

BUSINESS REVIEW

Business Review and Future Prospect

A review of the business of the Group during the year and a discussion on the Group's future business development are provided in the Management Discussion and Analysis section on pages 17 to 23 of this Annual Report.

Financial Key Performance Indicators

An analysis of the Group's performance during the year using financial key performance indicators is provided in the Management Discussion and Analysis section on pages 17 to 23 of this Annual Report.

主要業務

本公司及其附屬公司之業務乃持有投資以獲得中期至長期資本增值,以及投資上市及非上市證券。 於本年度,本集團之主要業務性質並無重大變動。

業績及分派

本集團截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度之業 績載於本年報第46頁之綜合損益及其他全面收益 表中。董事不建議就本年度派付股息。

業務回顧

業務回顧與未來展望

本集團於本年度之業務回顧及本集團未來業務發展之討論載於本年報第17至23頁管理層討論與分析一節。

財務表現關鍵指標

本集團於本年度使用財務表現關鍵指標之表現分析載於本年報第17至23頁管理層討論與分析一節。

BUSINESS REVIEW (continued)

Important Events after the Year-end Date

- Since January 2020, the outbreak of Novel Coronavirus ("COVID-19") has dealt a big blow on the global business environment. In preparing the consolidated financial statements, the Group applies fair value to measure its financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income and fair value through profit or loss. In 2020, fair value of the Group's financial assets at fair value through profit or loss and financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income suffer from fluctuations due to the COVID-19 outbreak. In view of the development and spread of COVID-19 subsequent to the date of this report, further changes in economic conditions arising thereof may have negative impact on the financial results of the Group, the extent of which could not be estimated as at the date of this report. The Group will keep monitoring to the situation of the COVID-19 and react actively to its impact on the financial position and operating results of the Group.
- (ii) On 23 April 2020, the Company entered into a sale and purchase agreement with an independent third party by which the Group conditionally agreed to sell, and the buyer conditionally agreed to buy the 5% equity interest of Perfect Worth for a consideration of HK\$500,000 in cash and the disposal was completed on 24 April 2020.

業務回顧(續)

年結日後之重要事件

- (i) 自二零二零年一月以來,新型冠狀病毒(「新冠病毒」)爆發給全球商業環境帶來沉重打擊。於編製綜合財務報表時,本集團採用公平值計量其按公平值計入在其他全面收益處理的財務資產。於二零二零年,本集團按公平值計入在損益處理的財務資產及按公平值計入在損益處理的財務資產及按公平值值入在其他全面收益處理的財務資產的公平值值入五年其他全面收益處理的財務資產的公平值值入因新冠病毒解發而出現波動。鑑於報告的財務實大學化可能會對本集團的財務計劃經濟產生負面影響,惟於本報告日期無法估數之濟大學和數學化可能會對本集團的財務計劃,並就其對本集團財務狀況及經營業績的影響作出積極應對。
- (ii) 於二零二零年四月二十三日,本公司與一名 獨立第三方訂立買賣協議,據此,本集團有 條件同意出售而買方有條件同意購買Perfect Worth的5%股權,代價為現金500,000港元, 出售已於二零二零年四月二十四日完成。

BUSINESS REVIEW (continued)

Important Events after the Year-end Date (continued)

(iii) On 24 June 2020 and 26 June 2020 respectively, the Company entered into a sale and purchase agreement with another independent third party by which the Group conditionally agreed to sell, and the buyer conditionally agreed to buy 14% (representing all 140 owned shares) and 17% (representing 17 out of 18 owned shares) equity interests of Golden Resources and Huge Leader for a cash consideration of HK\$816,000 and HK\$762,000 respectively. On 2 July 2020, the Company received the consideration for the sale of 17% of the equity interest in Huge Leader, and on the same date the Company transferred the beneficial interest in Huge Leader to the purchaser. On 28 July 2020, the Company received the consideration for the sale of 14% equity interest in Golden Resources and on the same date the Company transferred the beneficial interest in Golden Resources to the purchaser. As each of the considerations for disposals of interests in Golden Resources and Huge Leader falls below 70% of their respective fair value as at 31 March 2019, the chairman of the Group is required to pay a total amount of shortfall of HK\$9,466,000 (after taking into account the considerations received) to the Company under the terms of the Deed of Indemnity which is mentioned in note 19(c) to the consolidated financial statements. After the disposal of 14% equity interest in Golden Resources and 17% equity interest in Huge Leader, the chairman of the Group still has obligation under the Deed of Indemnity in respect of the remaining 1% equity interest in Huge Leader.

Principal Risks and Uncertainties

The Group's principal business activities are exposed to a variety of key risks including credit risk, interest rate risk, liquidity risk, operational risk and market risk. Details of the aforesaid key risks and risk mitigation measures are set out in "Financial Risk Management Objectives and Policies" in note 31 to the consolidated financial statements.

業務回顧(續)

年結日後之重要事件(續)

(iii) 本公司與另一名獨立第三方分別於二零二零 年六月二十四日及二零二零年六月二十六 日訂立買賣協議,據此,本集團有條件同意 出售而買方有條件同意購買分別於Golden Resources及Huge Leader的14%股權(相當 於全部140股擁有股份)及17%(相當於18 股擁有股份中的17股),現金代價分別為 816,000港元及762,000港元。於二零二零年七 月二日,本公司收到有關出售Huge Leader 之17%股權的代價,並於同日本公司向買方 轉讓於Huge Leader之實益權益。於二零二 零年七月二十八日,本公司收到有關出售 Golden Resources 之14%股權的代價,並於 同日本公司向買方轉讓於Golden Resources 之實益權益,目於同日,本公司向買方轉讓 其於Golden Resources的實益權益。由於出 售Golden Resources及High Leader權益的 各自代價低於彼等各自於二零一九年三月 三十一日之公平值的70%,故根據綜合財務 報表附註19(c)所述彌償契據的條款,本集團 主席須向本公司支付不足之數合共9,466,000 港元(經計入已收代價後)。於出售Golden Resources之14%股權及Huge Leader之17% 股權後,本集團主席於彌償契據項下對Huge Leader之餘下1%股權仍有責任。

主要風險及不明朗因素

本集團的主要業務活動面臨若干主要風險,包括信貸風險、利率風險、流動資金風險、營運風險及市場風險。上述主要風險及風險規避措施的詳情載於綜合財務報表附註31「財務風險管理目標及政策」。

BUSINESS REVIEW (continued)

Environmental Policy and Performance

We are committed to protect the environment by introducing a green policy to enhance the awareness of environmental protection among staff. The Group has implemented internal recycling programme for office consumables such as toner cartridges and paper to help protect the environment and natural resources.

The Group has also implemented energy saving practices in offices and branch premises where applicable, such as taking initiatives to reduce paper usage by encouraging the use of websites and online version of corporate communications. As regards reduction of power consumption, lighting, air-conditioners and office equipment will be turned off when not in use.

Compliance with Laws and Regulations

The Group recognises the importance of compliance with regulatory requirements. The Group has been allocating resources to ensure the Group's ongoing compliance with the updated applicable rules and regulations. During the year under review, the Group has, to the best of our knowledge, complied with the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on the Stock Exchange (the "Listing Rules"), the Securities and Futures Ordinance (Chapter 571 of the Laws of Hong Kong), the Company Law of Bermuda, the Companies Ordinance (Chapter 622 of the Laws of Hong Kong) and other relevant rules and regulations.

Relationships with Key Stakeholders

The Group's success lies also on the support from key stakeholders, including shareholders, employees, bankers, and service providers.

Shareholders

One of the corporate goals of the Group is to enhance corporate value to our shareholders. Description of the shareholders' rights and our investor relations can be found in the Corporate Governance Report on pages 24 to 37 of this Annual Report.

業務回顧(續)

環境政策及表現

我們致力於保護環境,透過引入綠色環保政策增強員工的環保意識。本集團已就碳粉盒、紙張等辦公耗材實施內部回收項目,以保護環境及自然資源。

本集團亦於辦公室及分辦事處(如適用)展開節能運動,例如透過鼓勵使用網站及閱覽企業通訊的在線版本以盡量減少紙張耗用,以及在無人使用時關閉電燈、空調及辦公設備以節約用電。

遵守法律及規例

本集團深明遵守監管規定的重要性。本集團已就此分配資源以確保本集團持續遵守最新適用規則及規例。於回顧年度內,據我們所深知,本集團已遵守聯交所證券上市規則(「上市規則」)、香港法例第571章證券及期貨條例、百慕達公司法、香港法例第622章公司條例及其他相關規則及規例。

與主要利益相關者的關係

本集團的成功亦離不開主要利益相關者的支持, 包括股東、僱員、往來銀行及服務提供商。

股東

本集團的企業目標之一乃為股東提升公司價值。 股東權利及投資者關係之詳情載於本年報第24至 37頁之企業管治報告。

BUSINESS REVIEW (continued)

Employees

The Group treasures our employees as the most important assets of the Group. The objective of the Group's human resources management is to reward and recognise our employees by providing a competitive remuneration package, appropriate incentives such as share options and bonus, and opportunities within the Group for career advancement.

Bankers

The Group has maintained excellent relationship with our bankers and has been soliciting funds from our bankers as and when necessary.

Service Providers

The Group's good relationships with its key service providers are important in our provision of effective and efficient services as well as meeting business challenges and regulatory requirements. The key service providers provide professional services to the Group which are key to our success.

PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

Details of movements in property, plant and equipment during the year are set out in note 15 to the consolidated financial statements.

SHARE CAPITAL

Details of the authorised and issued share capital of the Company are set out in note 22 to the consolidated financial statements.

RESERVES

Details of the movements in the reserves of the Group and the Company during the year are set out in the consolidated statement of changes in equity on pages 49 to 50 and in note 23 to the consolidated financial statements respectively.

DISTRIBUTABLE RESERVES

As at 31 March 2020, in the opinion of the Directors, the Company had no reserves available for distribution to shareholders (2019: HK\$Nil).

業務回顧(續)

僱員

本集團將我們的僱員視為本集團最重要的資產。 本集團的人力資源管理目標為透過提供有競爭力 的薪酬待遇、適當的激勵(例如購股權及花紅)以 及於本集團內的職業晉升機會對僱員表示認可及 獎勵。

往來銀行

本集團與我們的往來銀行維持穩健的關係,並已 於必要時從我們的往來銀行獲取資金。

服務提供商

本集團與其主要服務提供商的良好關係對我們提 供高效服務、應對商業挑戰及遵守監管規定而言 十分重要。主要服務提供商為本集團提供專業服 務為我們成功的關鍵。

物業、廠房及設備

有關物業、廠房及設備於本年度之變動詳情載於 綜合財務報表附註15。

股本

本公司之法定及已發行股本詳情載於綜合財務報 表附註22。

儲備

本集團及本公司於本年度之儲備變動詳情分別載 於第49至50頁之綜合權益變動表及綜合財務報表 附註23。

可分派儲備

於二零二零年三月三十一日,董事認為,本公司並無可分派予股東之儲備(二零一九年:零港元)。

MAJOR CUSTOMERS AND SUPPLIERS

As the Group is engaged in investment holding for medium to long-term capital appreciation purposes, and investment in listed and unlisted securities, there are no major customers and suppliers during the year.

FINANCIAL SUMMARY

A summary of the results and of the assets and liabilities of the Group for the last five financial years is set out on page 132. This summary does not form part of the audited consolidated financial statements.

DIRECTORS

The directors of the Company during the year and up to the date of this report were:

Executive Directors

Mr. Chan Cheong Yee

Non-executive Directors

Ms. Yang Xiaogiu

Mr. Chen Yin (retired on 30 August 2019)

Mr. Tom Xie (appointed on 20 September 2019)

Independent non-executive Directors

Mr. Li Li

Mr. Lai Yuen Piu

Ms. Leung Mei Hing, Carrie

In accordance with Bye-law 120 of the Company's bye-laws, Mr. Xie Tom shall retire at the forthcoming annual general meeting ("AGM"), and being eligible, has not offered himself for re-election thereat and will cease to be a non-executive Director at the conclusion of the AGM.

In accordance with Bye-law 153 of the Company's bye-laws, Ms. Yang Xiaoqiu and Mr. Chan Cheong Yee shall retire by rotation at the AGM. Both of them, being eligible, offer themselves for reelection at the AGM.

主要客戶及供應商

由於本集團之業務為持有投資以獲得中期至長期 資本增值,以及投資於上市及非上市證券,因此 於本年度並無主要客戶及供應商。

財務概要

本集團於過去五個財政年度之業績以及資產與負債概要載於第132頁。此概要並不構成經審核綜合財務報表其中一部分。

董事

於本年度內及直至本報告日期之本公司董事如下:

執行董事

陳昌義先生

非執行董事

楊曉秋女士

陳 胤先生(於二零一九年八月三十日退任) 謝祺祥先生(於二零一九年九月二十日獲委任)

獨立非執行董事

李 力先生 黎遠彪先生 梁美卿女士

根據本公司之公司細則第120條,謝祺祥先生將於應屆股東週年大會(「股東週年大會」)上退任,彼符合資格但表示不擬重選連任,並將於股東週年大會結束後不再擔任非執行董事。

根據本公司的公司細則第153條,楊曉秋女士及陳 昌義先生將於股東週年大會上輪值退任,彼等符 合資格並願意於股東週年大會上重選連任。

DIRECTORS' AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT'S BIOGRAPHIES

Biographical details of the Directors of the Company and the senior management of the Group are set out on pages 38 to 41 of this Annual Report.

DIRECTORS' AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE'S INTERESTS IN SHARES, UNDERLYING SHARES AND DEBENTURES

As at 31 March 2020, the interests and short positions held by the Directors and chief executive of the Company in the shares, underlying shares or debentures of the Company and its associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the Securities and Futures Ordinance, the "SFO") as recorded in the register required to be kept by the Company under Section 352 of the SFO or as otherwise notified to the Company and The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange") pursuant to the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Issuers (the "Model Code") as set out in Appendix 10 to the Listing Rules were as follows:

Long position in shares and underlying shares of the Company

董事及高級管理層履歷

本公司董事及本集團高級管理層之履歷載於本年報第38至41頁。

董事及主要行政人員於股份、相關股份 及債權證之權益

於二零二零年三月三十一日,董事及本公司主要 行政人員於本公司及其相聯法團(定義見證券及 期貨條例(「證券及期貨條例」)第XV部)之股份、 相關股份或債權證中擁有已記入本公司根據證券 及期貨條例第352條須存置之登記冊之權益及淡 倉,或根據上市規則附錄10所載上市發行人董事 進行證券交易的標準守則(「標準守則」)已另行 知會本公司及香港聯合交易所有限公司(「聯交 所」)之權益及淡倉如下:

本公司股份及相關股份之好倉

Number of shares/underlying shares held 新基股份 / 相關股份數日

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Name of Director	Capacity in which interests are held	Number of shares held	Number of shares issuable on share options held 所持購股權之	Total interests	Approximate percentage of shareholding 佔股權概約
董事姓名	持有權益之身份	所持股份數目	可發行股份數目	總權益	百分比 (Note 1) (附註1)
Ms. Yang Xiaoqiu 楊曉秋女士	Beneficial owner 實益擁有人	28,400,000	-	28,400,000	2.68%

Note: 附註:

The percentage of shareholding is calculated on the basis of the Company's issued share capital of 1,058,185,729 shares as at 31 March 2020.

股權百分比乃按本公司於二零二零年三月三十一日之 已發行股本1,058,185,729股股份計算得出。

DIRECTORS' AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE'S INTERESTS IN SHARES, UNDERLYING SHARES AND DEBENTURES (continued)

Save as disclosed above, as at 31 March 2020, none of the Directors or chief executive of the Company had any interests or short positions in shares, underlying shares or debentures of the Company or any of its associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the SFO) as recorded in the register required to be kept under Section 352 of the SFO or as otherwise notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to the Model Code.

SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDERS

As at 31 March 2020, the following persons, other than a Director or chief executive of the Company, were interested or had short positions in more than 5% of the shares and underlying shares of the Company as recorded in the register required to be kept under Section 336 of the SFO:

董事及主要行政人員於股份、相關股份及債權證之權益(續)

除上文披露者外,於二零二零年三月三十一日,董事或本公司主要行政人員概無於本公司或其任何相聯法團(定義見證券及期貨條例第XV部)之股份、相關股份或債權證中,擁有已記入本公司根據證券及期貨條例第352條須存置之登記冊或根據標準守則已另行知會本公司及聯交所之權益或淡倉。

主要股東

於二零二零年三月三十一日,除董事及本公司主要行政人員外,按根據證券及期貨條例第336條須存置之登記冊所記錄,持有本公司股份及相關股份5%以上權益或淡倉之人士如下:

Name of Shareholder 股東姓名/名稱	Capacity in which Interests are held 持有權益之身份	Number of shares held 所持股份數目	Approximate percentage of shareholding 佔股權概約 百分比 (Note 1) (附註1)
Mr. Tse Tong Lam Antonio Tse Tong Lam Antonio先生	Beneficial owner 實益擁有人	154,000,000	14.55%
Micah Holdings Limited (Note 2) Micah Holdings Limited (附註2)	Beneficial owner 實益擁有人	109,188,000	10.32%
Ms. Ji Jie <i>(Note 2)</i> 季潔女士 <i>(附註2)</i>	Interests of controlled corporation 受控制公司之權益	109,188,000	10.32%

Notes:

- The percentage of shareholding is calculated on the basis of the Company's issued share capital of 1,058,185,729 shares as at 31 March 2019.
- Micah Holdings Limited, a private limited company incorporated in the British Virgin Islands, and wholly and beneficially owned by Ms. Ji Jie, the spouse of Mr. Chen Yin, a former Non-executive Director of the Company.

Save as disclosed above, as at 31 March 2020, the Company was not notified of any persons, other than the Directors or chief executive of the Company, having any interests or short positions in the shares or underlying shares of the Company as recorded in the register required to be kept by the Company pursuant to Section 336 of the SFO.

附註:

- 1. 股權百分比乃按本公司於二零一九年三月三十一 日之已發行股本1,058,185,729股股份計算得出。
- Micah Holdings Limited為於英屬維京群島註冊成立之私人有限公司,由本公司前非執行董事陳胤先生之配偶季潔女士全資實益擁有。

除上文披露者外,於二零二零年三月三十一日,除董事或本公司主要行政人員外,本公司概無獲悉任何人士於本公司股份或相關股份中,擁有已記入本公司根據證券及期貨條例第336條須存置之登記冊之權益或淡倉。

SHARE OPTION SCHEME

The detailed disclosures relating to the Company's share option scheme and valuation of options are set out in note 24 to the consolidated financial statements.

DIRECTORS' RIGHTS TO ACQUIRE SHARES OR DEBENTURES

Apart from as disclosed under the heading "Directors' and chief executive's interests in shares, underlying shares and debentures" above, at no time during the year were rights to acquire benefits by means of the acquisition of shares in or debentures of the Company or of any other body corporate granted to any Directors or their respective spouse or children under 18 years of age, or were any such rights exercised by them; or was the Company or any of its subsidiaries a party to any arrangements to enable the Directors, their respective spouse or children under 18 years of age to acquire such rights in the Company or any other body corporate.

DIRECTORS' INTERESTS IN TRANSACTIONS, ARRANGEMENTS OR CONTRACTS OF SIGNIFICANCE AND CONNECTED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

No Director had a significant beneficial interest, either directly or indirectly, in any transaction, arrangement or contract of significance to the business of the Group to which the Company was a party during or at the end of the year.

DIRECTORS' SERVICE CONTRACTS

No Director proposed for re-election at the forthcoming annual general meeting has a service contract with the Company which is not determinable by the Company within one year without payment of compensation, other than statutory compensation.

DIRECTORS' INTERESTS IN COMPETING BUSINESS

As at the date of this report, none of the Directors and their respective associates had any interest in a business which causes or may cause a significant competition with the business of the Group and any other conflict of interests which any such person has or may have with the Group.

購股權計劃

有關本公司購股權計劃及購股權估值之詳細披露 資料載於綜合財務報表附註24。

董事收購股份或債權證之權利

除上文「董事及主要行政人員於股份、相關股份及債權證之權益」一節披露者外,於本年度內任何時間,本公司並無授予任何董事、彼等各自之配偶或未滿十八歲之子女可藉購入本公司或任何其他法人團體之股份或債權證而獲益之權利,彼等亦無行使有關權利;本公司或其任何附屬公司亦無參與任何安排,致使董事、彼等各自之配偶或未滿十八歲之子女於本公司或任何其他法人團體獲得有關權利。

董事於重大交易、安排或合約及關連人 士交易之權益

概無董事於本公司在年內或年底訂立與本集團業 務有重大關係之任何交易、安排或合約中,直接 或間接擁有重大實益權益。

董事之服務合約

擬於應屆股東週年大會重選之董事並無與本公司 訂立本公司不可於一年內不作賠償(法定賠償除 外)而終止之服務合約。

董事於競爭業務之權益

於本報告日期,概無董事及彼等各自之聯繫人於 對本集團業務構成或可能構成重大競爭之業務中 擁有任何權益,任何該等人士亦無與本集團有或 可能有任何其他利益衝突。

MANAGEMENT CONTRACTS

No contracts concerning the management and administration of the whole or any substantial part of the business of the Company was entered into or existed during the year.

PERMITTED INDEMNITY PROVISION

Pursuant to the Company's Bye-laws and subject to the provisions of the statutes, every Director or other officer of the Company shall be entitled to be indemnified out of the assets of the Company against all losses or liabilities which he may sustain or incur in or about the execution of the duties of his office or otherwise in relation thereto, and no Director or other officer shall be liable for any loss, damages or misfortune which may happen to or be incurred by the Company in the execution of the duties of his office or in relation thereto, provided that the Bye-law shall only have effect in so far as its provisions are not avoided by the Bermuda Companies Act. The Company has maintained Directors and officers liability insurance during the year.

EQUITY-LINKED AGREEMENTS

Other than the share option scheme of the Company as disclosed above, no equity-linked agreements that will or may result in the Company issuing shares or that require the Company to enter into any agreements that will or may result in the Company issuing shares were entered into by the Company during the year or subsisted at the end of the year.

PURCHASE, SALE OR REDEMPTION OF THE COMPANY'S LISTED SHARES

During the year, the Company had not purchased, sold or redeemed any of its securities.

MATERIAL ACQUISITION AND DISPOSAL OF SUBSIDIARIES

There was no material acquisition or disposal of subsidiaries during the year.

管理合約

於年內概無訂立或存在涉及本公司全部或任何重要部分業務的管理及行政事宜的合約。

獲准彌償條文

根據本公司之公司細則及受法例條文規限,本公司各董事或其他高級職員就有關彼等履行職務或在其他有關情況所蒙受或產生之所有損失或責任,有權由本公司資產中撥付彌償,而各董事或其他高級職員概無須就其於執行職務或進行與此有關之其他事宜時本公司出現或招致之任何損失、損害賠償或不幸情況負責,惟此公司細則僅在其條文並未於百慕達公司法刪除之情況下生效。本公司於本年度已就董事及高級職員投保責任保險。

股權掛鈎協議

除上文所披露之本公司購股權計劃外,本公司於本年度並無訂立,於本年度末亦無存續將或可能導致本公司發行股份或須本公司訂立將或可能導致本公司發行股份之任何協議之股權掛鈎協議。

購買、出售或贖回本公司上市證券

本公司並無於本年度購買、出售或贖回其任何證券。

重大收購及出售附屬公司

於本年度,本公司並無重大收購或出售附屬公司。

EMPLOYEES AND REMUNERATION POLICIES

As at 31 March 2020, the Group had 7 (2019: 7) full time employees (exclusive of Directors). The Group's total staff costs (including directors' remuneration) amounted to approximately HK\$3,357,000 for the year ended 31 March 2020 (2019: HK\$4,851,000). The employees were remunerated based on their responsibilities and performance.

The Company has adopted the model set out in Code Provision B.1.2(c)(ii) of Appendix 14 to the Listing Rules as its remuneration model for determining the emoluments of the Directors. This model stipulates that the Remuneration Committee shall make recommendations to the Board on the remuneration packages of individual executive directors and senior management. The Remuneration Committee would take into consideration, among other things, the duties and responsibilities of the Directors and senior management and prevailing market conditions when determining their remuneration.

The Company has adopted a share option scheme to provide incentives to eligible persons, including Directors, employees, consultants, suppliers and customers of the Group.

PRE-EMPTIVE RIGHTS

There are no provisions for pre-emptive rights under the Bye-laws of the Company or the laws of Bermuda, which would oblige the Company to offer new shares on a pro rata basis to the existing shareholders.

PUBLIC FLOAT

Based on the information that is publicly available to the Company and within the knowledge of the Directors, the Company has maintained a sufficient public float as required under the Listing Rules during the year and up to the date of this report.

僱員及薪酬政策

於二零二零年三月三十一日,本集團有7名(二零一九年:7名)全職僱員(不包括董事)。截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度,本集團之員工成本總額(包括董事酬金)約為3,357,000港元(二零一九年:4,851,000港元)。僱員酬金乃根據僱員之職責及表現而釐定。

本公司已採納上市規則附錄14之守則條文第 B.1.2(c)(ii)條所載之模式作為薪酬模式,以釐定董 事之薪酬待遇。該模式規定薪酬委員會須就個別 執行董事及高級管理人員之薪酬待遇向董事會提 出建議。當釐定董事及高級管理人員之薪酬時, 薪酬委員會將按(其中包括)彼等之職務、職責及 現行市況作出考慮。

本公司已採納購股權計劃,旨在獎勵合資格人士, 包括本集團董事、僱員、顧問、供應商及客戶。

優先購買權

本公司的公司細則或百慕達法律並無有關優先購 買權之條文,致使本公司有責任須按比例向現有 股東提呈發售新股份。

公眾持股量

根據本公司可取得之公開資料及據董事所知,於 本年度內及直至本報告日期,本公司一直維持上 市規則所規定足夠公眾持股量。

AUDIT COMMITTEE

The Company has set up an Audit Committee with written terms of reference in compliance with the Listing Rules. Amongst other duties, the principal duties of the Audit Committee are to review and supervise the financial reporting process and internal control of the Group. The Audit Committee comprises three independent non-executive Directors, namely, Mr. Li Li, Mr. Lai Yuen Piu and Ms. Leung Mei Hing, Carrie, and Mr. Li is the Chairman. The audited financial statements of the Group for the year ended 31 March 2020 have been reviewed by the Audit Committee.

AUDITOR

The consolidated financial statements of the Company for the year ended 31 March 2020 have been audited by BDO Limited ("BDO"), whose term of office will expire upon the conclusion of the AGM. A resolution to re-appoint BDO as auditor of the Company will be proposed to the shareholders of the Company for approval at the AGM.

On behalf of the Board

Yang Xiaoqiu

Chairman

Hong Kong, 13 August 2020

審核委員會

本公司設有審核委員會,並根據上市規則制定書面職權範圍。除其他職責外,審核委員會之主要職責為審閱及監管本集團之財務申報程序及內部監控。審核委員會由三名獨立非執行董事組成,分別為李力先生、黎遠彪先生及梁美卿女士,並由李力先生擔任主席。審核委員會已審閱本集團截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度之經審核財務報表。

核數師

於截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度,香港立信德豪會計師事務所有限公司(「立信德豪」)已審核本公司之綜合財務報表,而其任期將於股東週年大會完結時屆滿。本公司將於股東週年大會就續聘立信德豪為本公司核數師一事向本公司股東提呈一項決議案以待批准。

代表董事會

主席

楊曉秋

香港,二零二零年八月十三日

管理層討論與分析

FINANCIAL RESULTS

The Group's revenue for the year ended 31 March 2020 was Nil (2019: HK\$600,000), which decreased when compared with that of last year. The Group incurred a loss for the year attributable to owners of the Company amounting to approximately HK\$52,541,000, which decreased by approximately HK\$35,370,000 or 40% when compared with the loss of approximately HK\$87,911,000 incurred in last year. The decrease in the loss for the year was mainly attributable to the decrease in administrative expenses and the increase in change in fair value of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss during the year under review. The net asset value per share of the Group as at 31 March 2020 amounted to HK\$0.04 (2019: HK\$0.10). The Board has decided not to declare a final dividend for the year.

Refundable deposits for potential investment projects

As disclosed in the consolidated financial statements of the Company in the annual results for the year ended 31 March 2020, refundable deposits (the "Deposits") of approximately HK\$59 million were placed. Those Deposits were relating to seven potential investees covering banking and financial industry in the PRC, a company engaged in research, development and promotion of biomass energy and other agricultural related products and four high technology companies. The brief details of the Deposits in those potential investments as at 31 March 2020 are as follows:

財務業績

截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度,本集團收益為零(二零一九年:600,000港元),較去年減少。本集團產生本公司擁有人應佔本年度虧損約52,541,000港元,較去年所產生虧損約87,911,000港元減少約35,370,000港元或40%。年度虧損減少乃主要由於回顧年度內行政開支減少及按公平值計入在損益處理之財務資產之公平值變動增加所致。於二零二零年三月三十一日,本集團每股資產淨值為0.04港元(二零一九年:0.10港元)。董事會議決不會就本年度宣派末期股息。

潛在投資項目之可退還按金

誠如截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度之全年 業績內之本公司綜合財務報表所披露,已存置約 59,000,000港元之可退還按金(「按金」)。該等按 金乃與七間潛在投資對象有關,當中涵蓋中國的 銀行及金融業、一間從事生物質能源及其他農作 物相關產品的研究、開發及推廣之公司以及四間 高科技公司。於二零二零年三月三十一日之於該 等潛在投資之按金之簡要詳情如下:

> Refundable deposits amount 可退還按金 金額 (HK\$'000) (千港元)

Two companies involved in banking and financial industry 涉及銀行及金融業之兩間公司

20,000

A company in Hainan Province, the PRC engaged in research, development and promotion of biomass energy and other agricultural related products

9,000

一間於中國海南省從事生物質能源及其他農作物相關產品的研究、開發及推廣之公司

Four high technology companies referred by an investment agent (the "Investment Agent") 由一名投資代理 (「投資代理」) 轉介之四間高科技公司

30,000

管理層討論與分析

FINANCIAL RESULTS (continued)

Refundable deposits for potential investment projects (continued)

In relation to the two potential investees involved in the banking and financial industry in the PRC, the Group has completed its due diligence work. The Group understands that there is a requirement under the applicable PRC laws and regulations that the registered shareholder of such investees should have a profit making track record period for not less than 3 financial years. The Company is in the course of identifying suitable special purpose vehicles for making investments.

The Group has completed its due diligence in respect of the potential investee engaged in research, development and promotion of biomass energy and other agricultural related products and believes that there are prospects in the business segment. However, the potential investee has received notice from local authorities that the land used by the potential investee would be seized with compensation. In light of such uncertainty, the Company considers that it is in the interests of the Company and its shareholders as a whole that investment in the potential investee should be made after receipt by the potential investees of relevant land compensation. It was expected that the process would be completed on or before 31 December 2018. However, no further update has been obtained as at the date of this Annual Report.

In relation to those four high technology companies, those potential investment projects were only referred by the Investment Agent in 2017 to the Company and the Company is still in the course of negotiating with such potential investees regarding the investment plans, in particular if any industry leaders would co-invest in such potential investees. To the best of the Directors' knowledge, information and belief, the Investment Agent and its ultimate beneficial owner(s) are independent third parties and the Investment Agent has referred potential investees to the Company from time to time since 2014. It is common practice in the industry that the Company would have to produce fund proof and to make earnest monies such that the investment agent(s) could refer potential investees to the Company.

財務業績(續) 潛在投資項目之可退還按金(續)

就涉及中國的銀行及金融業之兩間潛在投資對象而言,本集團已完成其盡職審查工作。本集團了解到,根據中國適用法律及法規之規定,有關投資對象之登記股東應具備不少於3個財政年度之盈利往績記錄期。本公司正在物色合適特殊目的公司以作出投資。

本集團已完成有關從事生物質能源及其他農作物相關產品的研究、開發及推廣之潛在投資對象之盡職審查,並相信該業務分部具前景。然而,潛在投資對象接獲當地有關機關通知,表示潛在投資對象使用之土地將被有償回收。鑑於有關不明的因素,本公司認為,於潛在投資對象之投資對象之投資對象收取相關土地賠償後作出,此舉符合本公司及其股東之整體利益。曾預期該程序於二零一八年十二月三十一日或之前完成。然而,於本年報日期,我們並無獲得進一步更新資料。

就該四間高科技公司而言,該等潛在投資項目僅由投資代理於二零一七年轉介予本公司,而本公司仍正在與有關潛在投資對象就投資計劃進行磋商,尤其是,有否任何業內領導者將共同投資於有關潛在投資對象。盡董事所知、所悉及所信,投資代理及其最終實益擁有人均為獨立第三方,且投資代理已自二零一四年起不時向本公司轉介潛在投資對象。本公司須提供資金證明及支付誠意金以令投資代理可向本公司轉介潛在投資對象乃屬業內慣例。

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS 管理層討論與分析

During the due diligence process, the Company has reviewed the financial positions of those relevant potential investees and considers that they have the capacity to return the Deposits. Furthermore, the Company did obtain annual confirmations from the relevant potential investees and/or Investment Agent which confirm repayment of the Deposits in the previous years. However, the Group is unable to obtain annual confirmation for the year.

於盡職審查過程中,本公司已審閱該等相關潛在投資對象之財務狀況,並認為其具能力退還按金。此外,本公司於過往年度已自相關潛在投資對象及/或投資代理取得確認償還按金之年度確認書。然而,本集團未能取得本年度的年度確認書。

As at the date of this Annual Report, the Company has not entered into any formal investment agreements with the potential investees. However, it was expected that such investments, if materialised, would have been made by December 2018 and the investment sums for each of the projects would be not less than the Deposits paid and the Deposits paid will be utilised towards the investment sums. In the event that the investments shall not be made, the Company shall have the right to demand the refund of the Deposits. Since there was uncertainty on the recoverability of the Deposits as the date of this Annual Report, full provision for impairment loss on the Deposits was made for prudence sake. Legal proceedings have been carried out to recover the same.

於截至本年報日期為止,本公司並未與潛在投資對象訂立任何正式投資協議。然而,曾預期有關投資(如獲落實)於二零一八年十二月前作出,且各項目之投資金額將不少於已支付按金,而已支付按金將用作為投資金額。倘將不作出投資,本公司將有權要求退還按金。由於於本年報日期金不確定按金的可收回性,為審慎起見,已就按金計提減值虧損全數撥備。我們已進行法律程序追討上述按金。

INVESTMENT PORTFOLIO

As at 31 March 2020, the details of all investments of the Group were summarised as below:

投資組合

於二零二零年三月三十一日,本集團所有投資詳 情概述如下:

Interests in an associate - unlisted equity securities

於一間聯營公司之權益-非上市股本證券

	Place of	Percentage of effective	Proportion of		
Name of investee company	incorporation/operation	interest held 所持實際權益	voting power	Cost	Carrying value
接受投資公司名稱	註冊成立/營運地點	百分比	投票權比例	成本 HK\$'000 千港元	賬面值 HK\$'000 千港元
Bonicast Construction Material (Beijing) Co., Ltd 會鑄偉業建築材料 (北京)有限公司	People's Republic of China ("PRC") 中華人民共和國 (「中國」)	49%	20%	5,958	-

管理層討論與分析

INVESTMENT PORTFOLIO (continued)

投資組合(續)

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

按公平值計入在損益處理之財務資產

Cost Carrying Value

賬面值

成本

(i) Investment in convertible bonds

接受投資公司名稱

Name of investee company

(i) 投資於可換股債券

				HK\$'000	HK\$'000
				千港元	千港元
Guanwan Investments Limited 冠萬投資有限公司	British Virgin Isla 英屬維京群島	nds		20,000	15,872
Investment in Hong Kong listed	d equity securities	(ii)	投資於看	<i>香港上市股本證券</i>	
	Number of	Percent	age of		
Name	shares held	interes	st held	Cost	Market value
名稱	所持股份數目	所持權益	百分比	成本	市值
				HK\$'000	HK\$'000
				千港元	千港元
Asia Television Holdings Limited 亞洲電視控股有限公司	63,320,000	(0.853%	15,450	2,406
Golden Ponder Holdings Limited 金侖控股有限公司	37,560,000	4	4.695%	10,518	4,884
Financial guarantee		(iii)	財務擔係	₹	
					Carrying
Guarantor				Cost	Value
擔保人				成本	賬面值
				HK\$'000	HK\$'000
				<i>千港元</i>	
Yang Xiaoqiu				10,934	10,934
楊曉秋					

Place of incorporation

註冊成立地點

管理層討論與分析

INVESTMENT PORTFOLIO (continued)

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss (continued)

(iv) Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income

投資組合(續)

按公平值計入在損益處理之財務資產(續)

(iv) 按公平值計入在其他全面收益處理之財務 資產

		Percentage of		
	Place of	effective		
Name of investee company	incorporation	interest held	Cost	Carrying Value
		所持實際		
接受投資公司名稱	註冊成立地點	權益百分比	成本	賬面值
			HK\$'000	HK\$'000
			千港元	千港元
Tianjin Bao Xin Ying Precious	PRC	12.00%	6,590	3,896
Metals Management Limited				
天津寶鑫盈貴金屬經營有限公司	中國			
GuangZhou Shi Da Jian Credit	PRC	11.59%	9,800	4,578
Guarantee Limited				
廣州市達鍵信用擔保有限公司	中國			
China Petroleum Bio Energy	Hong Kong	5.69%	24,400	_
Company Limited				
中海油氣生物能源有限公司	香港			
Yenbo Gain Limited	BVI	18.18%	13,092	_
盈寶利有限公司	英屬維京群島			
Perfect Worth Investment Limited	BVI	5.00%	18,303	119
Perfect Worth Investment Limited	英屬維京群島			
Golden Resources Asia Limited	BVI	14.00%	10,000	_
Golden Resources Asia Limited	英屬維京群島			
Huge Leader Investment	BVI	18.00%	10,000	_
Development Limited				
Huge Leader Investment	英屬維京群島			
Development Limited				

Further details of all investments of the Group are included in note 17 to note 19 to the consolidated financial statements.

FINANCIAL RESOURCES AND LIQUIDITY

As at 31 March 2020, the Group had cash and cash equivalents of approximately HK\$2,303,000 (2019: approximately HK\$1,137,000). The Group had the net current assets and the net assets of approximately HK\$32,344,000 (2019: HK\$68,093,000) and approximately HK\$41,070,000 (2019: HK\$105,871,000) respectively as at 31 March 2020. Save as disclosed above, the Group had no bank and other borrowing as at 31 March 2020.

有關本集團全部投資之進一步詳情載於綜合財務 報表附註17至附註19。

財政資源及流動資金

於二零二零年三月三十一日,本集團有現金及現金等值物約2,303,000港元(二零一九年:約1,137,000港元)。於二零二零年三月三十一日,本集團之流動資產淨值及資產淨值分別約32,344,000港元(二零一九年:68,093,000港元)及約41,070,000港元(二零一九年:105,871,000港元)。除上文披露者外,於二零二零年三月三十一日,本集團並無銀行及其他借貸。

管理層討論與分析

The current ratio, calculated on the basis of total current assets over total current liabilities, was approximately 7.67 (2019: 19.91) as at 31 March 2020.

CAPITAL STRUCTURE

Details in the changes of the capital structure of the Company during the year ended 31 March 2020 are set out in note 22 to the consolidated financial statements. The capital of the Company comprises only ordinary shares as at 31 March 2020.

FOREIGN EXCHANGE EXPOSURE

Most of the business transactions of the Group are denominated in Hong Kong dollars and Renminbi. The management of the Group will closely monitor the fluctuation in these currencies and take appropriate actions when needed. As at 31 March 2020, the Group did not engage in currency hedging nor did it adopt any formal hedging activities. The Group had not entered into any financial derivatives in currencies other than Hong Kong dollars during the year.

PLEDGE OF ASSETS AND CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

As at 31 March 2020, there were no charges on the Group's assets and the Group did not have any contingent liabilities.

STAFF COST

As at 31 March 2020, the Group had 7 (2019: 7) full time employees (exclusive of Directors). The Group's total staff costs (including Directors' remuneration) amounted to approximately HK\$3,357,000 for the year ended 31 March 2020 (2019: HK\$4,851,000). The employees were remunerated based on their responsibilities and performance.

PURCHASE, SALE OR REDEMPTION OF LISTED SECURITIES OF THE COMPANY

There was no purchase, sale or redemption of listed securities of the Company by the Company or any of its subsidiaries during the year.

PROSPECT

Looking ahead into the rest of 2020, the operation environment for financial markets is expected to remain challenging. Therefore, the Group plans to increase cashflow through streamlining of its structure such as disposal of low quality assets and cost savings. On the other hand, the Group will keep on seeking business investment opportunities in enterprises with potentials. The Group is looking for efficient methods to strengthen the Group financial position.

於二零二零年三月三十一日,流動比率(按流動資產總值除以流動負債總額計算)約為7.67(二零一九年:19.91)。

資本架構

有關本公司於截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年 度之資本架構變動詳情載於綜合財務報表附註 22。於二零二零年三月三十一日,本公司股本僅 包括普通股。

外匯風險

本集團大多數業務交易乃以港元及人民幣列值。 本集團管理層將密切監察該等貨幣之波動情況, 並於有需要時採取適當行動。於二零二零年三月 三十一日,本集團並無對沖貨幣,亦無進行任何 正式對沖活動。本集團於年內並無訂立任何以港 元以外貨幣計值之財務衍生工具。

資產抵押及或然負債

於二零二零年三月三十一日,本集團並無抵押資產,亦無任何或然負債。

員工成本

於二零二零年三月三十一日,本集團有7名(二零一九年:7名)全職僱員(不包括董事)。截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度,本集團之員工成本總額(包括董事酬金)約為3,357,000港元(二零一九年:4,851,000港元)。本公司乃按僱員之職責及表現釐定彼等之酬金。

購買、出售或贖回本公司上市證券

本公司或其任何附屬公司並無於本年度購買、出售或贖回本公司任何上市證券。

前景

展望二零二零年餘下期間,金融市場的運營環境預計仍將充滿挑戰。因此,本集團計劃通過精簡其結構(例如出售低質資產及節省成本)來增加現金流量。另一方面,本集團將繼續於具潛力的企業中尋找商業投資機會。本集團正尋求有效方法以強化本集團的財務狀況。

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS 管理層討論與分析

In 2020, global economy is facing an increased risk of stagnation, and it still has many uncertainties especially with US China trade war and the repercussions by COVID-19 pandemic. Thus, we will remain conservative on our investment strategy to ensure that the Group has a better financial position.

The Group's investment strategy will be more diversified aiming at identifying suitable investment opportunities with potential of asset appreciation to bring better return to the shareholders. The Group will adopt a pragmatic and enterprising approach to deploy its investment strategy, with an objective to contribute favorable return for our shareholders.

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION ON THE AUDITOR'S OPINION

The auditor of the Company, BDO Limited (the "Auditor"), had disclaimed their opinion on the consolidated financial statements of the Group for the year ended 31 March 2020. Reference is made to pages 42 to 44 of this Annual Report.

View of the Audit Committee and the Board on the auditor's opinion

The Audit Committee and the Board consider that the Company has provided all the available information about Huge Leader Investment Development Limited ("Huge Leader") and Golden Resources Asia Limited ("Golden Resources") to the auditors for audit purpose. As the Company lost contact with the management of Huge Leader and Golden Resources and was unable to provide updated financial information of these two investee companies to the auditors, the Audit Committee and the Board understand that without such information, the auditors are of the view that they could not obtain sufficient and appropriate audit evidence they considered necessary to assess the reasonableness of the Directors' estimation of the fair values of the Group's interests in Huge Leader and Golden Resources as at 31 March 2020. This leads to the disclaimer of the auditor's opinion on the financial statements of the Group as at 31 March 2020.

Actions to address the disclaimer of opinion

As mentioned in the Note 33 "EVENTS AFTER REPORTING PERIOD", the disposals of the substantial part of the Group's investment in Hugh Leader and Golden Resources were completed in July 2020 and only 1% equity interest in Hugh Leader remains in the books of the Group, which is considered by the Company not of material amount. In view of the above, the Audit Committee and the Board are of the view that the same audit qualifications will not recur in the next financial year and the subsequent periods thereafter.

二零二零年,全球經濟面臨停滯的風險上升,尤 其是在中美貿易戰及新冠病毒大流行疫情的影響 下,全球經濟仍然存在許多不確定因素。因此,我 們仍將推行審慎投資策略,以確保本集團擁有較 佳的財務狀況。

本集團的投資策略將更多元化,旨在物色具有資產增值潛力的合適投資機會,為股東創造優厚回報。本集團將採取務實進取的方針來部署投資策略,以期為股東帶來理想回報。

對核數師意見之補充資料

本公司核數師香港立信德豪會計師事務所有限公司(「核數師」)就本集團截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度之綜合財務報表不發表意見。茲提述本年報第42頁至第44頁。

審核委員會及董事會有關核數師意見之看 法

審核委員會及董事會認為,本公司已向核數師提供有關Huge Leader Investment Development Limited (「Huge Leader」)及Golden Resources Asia Limited (「Golden Resources」)的所有可用資料,以供審核之用。由於本公司與Huge Leader及Golden Resources的管理層失去聯繫,並且無法向核數師提供此兩間接受投資公司的,在缺乏有關資料情況下,核數師認為,彼等無法獲得認為必要的足夠及適當的審核證據,以評估董事對本集團於二零二零年三月三十一日於Huge Leader及Golden Resources權益公平值估計的合理性。此導致核數師對本集團於二零二月三十一日的財務報表作出不發表意見之聲明。

解決不發表意見聲明之舉措

於附註33「報告期間後事項」中提及,出售本集團於Huge Leader及Golden Resources的大部分投資已於二零二零年七月完成,而本集團賬簿僅保留於Huge Leader的1%股權,而本公司認為該股權比例並不重大。鑑於上述,審核委員會及董事會認為,同一審核保留意見將不會於下一個財政年度及其後期間出現。

The Board recognises the importance of corporate governance practice of a listed company and is committed to adopting the standards of corporate governance. It is in the interest of the shareholders and stakeholders for a listed company to operate in a transparent manner with the adoptions of various self-regulatory policies, procedures and monitoring mechanisms with a clear definition of accountability of directors and management. The Company and the Directors confirm, to the best of their knowledge, that the Company has complied with the Corporate Governance Code (the "CG Code") as set out in Appendix 14 to the Listing Rules during the year ended 31 March 2020, except for the following deviations:

董事會深明上市公司企業管治常規之重要性,亦一直致力採納企業管治標準。上市公司之營運具透明度,採納各項自行規管政策、程序以及監控機制,並清楚界定董事與管理層權責,符合股東及權益持有人之利益。本公司及董事確認,盡彼等所知,本公司於截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度內一直遵守上市規則附錄14所載企業管治守則(「企業管治守則」),惟以下偏離情況除外:

The code provision A.6.7 of the CG Code requires that the independent non-executive directors and other non-executive directors, as equal board members, should attend general meetings and develop a balanced understanding of the views of shareholders. Mr. Chen Yin, Mr. Li Li, Mr. Lai Yuen Piu and Ms. Leung Mei Hing, Carrie were unable to attend the annual general meeting of the Company held on 30 August 2019 due to other important engagement.

企業管治守則之守則條文第A.6.7條規定,獨立非執行董事及其他非執行董事作為與其他董事擁有同等地位之董事會成員,應出席股東大會,並對股東之意見有公正之了解。陳胤先生、李力先生、黎遠彪先生及梁美卿女士因其他重要事務未能出席本公司於二零一九年八月三十日舉行的股東週年大會。

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Composition

The Board comprises one executive Director, namely, Mr. Chan Cheong Yee; two non-executive Directors, namely, Ms. Yang Xiaoqiu (Chairman of the Board) and Mr. Xie Tom; and three independent non-executive Directors, namely, Mr. Li Li, Mr. Lai Yuen Pui and Ms. Leung Mei Hing, Carrie.

The Board is responsible for the leadership and control of the Company and oversees the Group's businesses, investment and strategic decisions and performance. The executive Board, investment manager and senior management have been delegated with the authority and responsibility by the Board for the day-to-day operations of the Group while reserving certain key matters for the approval by the Board. In addition, the Board has also delegated various responsibilities to the Board committees. Further details of these Board committees are set out in this Corporate Governance Report.

The Board members have no financial, business, family or other material/relevant relationships with each other. Such balanced board composition is formed to ensure strong independence exists across the Board. The Board has at least one-third of its members comprising independent non-executive Directors. The biographical information of the existing Directors is set out on pages 38 to 41 under the section headed "Biographical Details of Directors and Senior Management".

董事會

成員

董事會包括一名執行董事陳昌義先生:兩名非執 行董事楊曉秋女士(董事會主席)及謝祺祥先生: 及三名獨立非執行董事李力先生、黎遠彪先生及 梁美卿女士。

董事會負責領導及控制本公司,監督本集團之業務、投資以及策略性決策及表現。執行董事會、投資經理及高級管理層獲董事會授權及委派負責處理本集團之日常業務,惟若干主要事項則須獲董事會審批。此外,董事會亦委派多項責任予董事委員會。該等董事委員會之進一步詳情載於本企業管治報告。

董事會各成員之間並無財務、業務、親屬或其他 重大/相關方面之關係。董事會之平衡架構可確 保董事會穩健獨立,董事會有最少三分之一成員 為獨立非執行董事之建議常規。現任董事履歷資 料載於第38至41頁「董事及高級管理層履歷」一 節。

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

企業管治報告

BOARD OF DIRECTORS (continued)

Chairman

The role of the chairman of the Company takes the lead in formulating overall strategies and policies of the Group; ensures the effective performance by the Board of its functions, including compliance with good corporate governance practices and encourages and facilitates active contribution of Directors in Board activities. The Chairman also ensures that all Directors are properly briefed on issues arising at Board meetings and have received adequate, complete and reliable information in a timely manner with the assistance of the company secretary.

Executive Directors

The executive Directors are responsible for running the Group and executing the strategies adopted by the Board. They lead the Group's management team in accordance with the directions set by the Board and are responsible for ensuring that proper internal control system is in place and the Group's business conforms to applicable laws and regulations.

Non-executive Directors and Independent Non-executive Directors

The non-executive Directors and the independent non-executive Directors serve the important function of ensuring and monitoring the basis for an effective corporate governance framework. Their participations provide adequate checks and balances to safeguard the interests of the Group and its shareholders. The Board consists of three independent non-executive Directors and at least one of them has appropriate professional qualifications or accounting or related financial management expertise. All independent non-executive Directors are financially independent from the Company. The Company has confirmed with all independent non-executive Directors as to their independence with reference to the factors as set out in Rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules.

董事會(續)

主席

本公司主席帶領制訂本集團之整體策略及政策,確保董事會有效發揮其職能,包括遵守良好企業管治常規,以及鼓勵及促進董事積極參與董事會活動。主席在公司秘書協助下,亦確保所有董事均適當知悉董事會會議上提呈之事項,且已適時收到足夠、完備及可靠資料。

執行董事

執行董事負責本集團之運作及執行董事會採納之 策略。彼等按照董事會所制訂方針領導本集團管 理隊伍,並負責確保設有適當之內部監控制度及 本集團業務符合適用法例及規例。

非執行董事及獨立非執行董事

非執行董事及獨立非執行董事之重要職責是確保及監察企業管治架構成效。彼等之參與提供足夠之制衡,以保障本集團及其股東之利益。董事會包括三名獨立非執行董事,其中最少有一名擁有合適之專業資格或會計或與財務管理有關之專業知識。全體獨立非執行董事在財政上均獨立於本公司。本公司已參照上市規則第3.13條所載因素確認全體獨立非執行董事的獨立性。

BOARD OF DIRECTORS (continued)

Board Meetings

The attendance of each Director at Board meetings during the year ended 31 March 2020 was as follows:

董事會(續)

董事會會議

截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度,各董事於 董事會會議之出席記錄如下:

Number of meetings attended/eligible

		attended/eligible
Name of Director	董事姓名	出席/可出席會議數目
Executive Director	執行董事	
Mr. Chan Cheong Yee	陳昌義先生	8/8
Non-executive Directors	非執行董事	
Mr. Yang Xiaoqiu	楊曉秋女士	8/8
Ms. Xie Tom (appointed on 20 September 2019)	謝祺祥先生(於二零一九年	2/2
	九月二十日獲委任)	
Mr. Chen Yin (retired on 30 August 2019)	陳 胤先生(於二零一九年	0/3
	八月三十日退任)	
Independent non-executive Directors	獨立非執行董事	
Mr. Li Li	李 力先生	4/5
Mr. Lai Yuen Piu	黎遠彪先生	5/5
Ms. Leung Mei Hing, Carrie	梁美卿女士	5/5

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

企業管治報告

DIRECTORS' TRAINING

As part of an ongoing process of directors' training, the company secretary continuously updates all Directors on latest developments regarding the Listing Rules and other applicable regulatory requirements to ensure compliance of the same by all Directors. All Directors are encouraged to attend external forum or training courses on relevant topics which may count towards continuous professional development training.

Pursuant to Code A.6.5 of the "Corporate Governance Code", Directors should participate in continuous professional development to develop and refresh their knowledge and skills. This is to ensure that their contribution to the Board remains informed and relevant. During the year, all Directors participated in continuous professional development either by attending training courses or by reading materials relevant to the Company's business or to the Directors' duties and responsibilities.

COMPANY SECRETARY

The company secretary Mr. Chan Kwan Pak is a service provider. He fulfills the requirement under rules 3.28 and 3.29 of the Listing Rules. The company secretary reports to the Chairman and supports the Board, ensures good information flow within the Board and Board policy and procedures are followed; advises the Board on governance matters, facilitates induction and, monitors the training and continuous professional development of Directors. He has attained not less than 15 hours of relevant professional training during the review period.

INSURANCE

The Company has arranged appropriate liability insurance, with coverage being reviewed annually, to indemnify the Directors and officers from their risk exposure arising from corporate activities.

SUPPLY OF AND ACCESS TO INFORMATION

In respect of regular board meetings, an agenda and accompanying board papers of the meeting are sent in full to all Directors in advance before the intended date of a meeting. The management has the obligation to supply the Board and the various Board committees with adequate information in a timely manner to enable the members to make informed decisions. Each Director has separate and independent access to the Group's senior management to acquire more information than is volunteered by management and to make further enquiries if necessary.

董事培訓

作為董事持續培訓其中一環,公司秘書持續向全體董事提供上市規則及其他適用監管規例之最新發展資料,以確保全體董事遵守規定。全體董事獲鼓勵出席可計入持續專業發展培訓相關主題之外界論增或培訓課程。

根據「企業管治守則」之守則條文第A.6.5條,董事應參與持續專業發展以增進及重溫彼等之知識及技術。有關規定旨在確保各董事在知情情況下向董事會作出切合需要的貢獻。於本年度,董事們均透過出席培訓課程或閱覽本公司業務或董事職能及職責相關資料之方式參與持續專業發展。

公司秘書

公司秘書陳筠栢先生為服務提供者。彼符合上市規則第3.28及3.29條的規定。公司秘書向主席匯報,並支援董事會,確保董事會內資料得到良好交流,以及董事會政策及程序得到遵從,並就管治事項向董事會提供建議、協助就職事宜,以及監管董事之培訓及持續專業發展。彼於回顧期間已接受不少於十五小時之相關專業培訓。

保險

本公司已為董事及行政人員安排適當責任保險, 並每年檢討投保範圍,以保障彼等因公司事務而 承受之風險。

提供及取得資料

就定期董事會會議而言,會議議程及相關董事會 文件於擬定會議日期前送呈全體董事。管理層有 責任向董事會及各董事委員會適時提供充足資料, 以便各成員作出知情決定。各董事可個別及獨立 地接觸本集團高級管理層,以取得管理層主動提 供以外之資料,並於有需要時作進一步查詢。

AUDIT COMMITTEE

The Audit Committee comprises all three independent non-executive Directors and is chaired by Mr. Li Li. The Audit Committee meets at least twice a year. The Audit Committee is mainly responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting system and internal control procedures; making recommendations to the Board in the appointment and removal of the external auditors and to approve the remuneration and terms of engagement of the external auditors; and any questions of resignation or dismissal of such auditors; and reviewing the interim and annual reports and the financial statements of the Group. The terms of reference are available on the Company's website.

The attendance of each member at Audit Committee meetings during the year ended 31 March 2020 was as follows:

審核委員會

審核委員會由全部三名獨立非執行董事組成,並由李力先生擔任主席。審核委員會每年最少舉行兩次會議。審核委員會主要負責監督本公司之財務申報系統及內部監控程序:就委任及罷免外聘核數師向董事會提供建議以及批准外聘核數師之薪酬及委聘條款:及就有關核數師之辭任或免職提出任何疑問;及審閱本集團中期及年度報告以及財務報表。職權範圍於本公司網站可供查閱。

截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度,各成員出 席審核委員會會議記錄如下:

Number of meetings attended/eligible

Name of Committee Member	委員會成員姓名	出席/可出席會議數目
Mr. Li Li	李 力先生	2/3
Mr. Lai Yuen Piu	黎遠彪先生	3/3
Ms. Leung Mei Hing, Carrie	梁美卿女士	3/3

REMUNERATION COMMITTEE

The Remuneration Committee consists of all three independent non-executive Directors and is chaired by Mr. Lai Yuen Piu. The Remuneration Committee is mainly responsible for making recommendations to the Board on the Company's remuneration policy for Directors and senior management, and overseeing the remuneration packages of the executive Directors and senior management. The terms of reference are available on the Company's website.

薪酬委員會

薪酬委員會由全部三名獨立非執行董事組成,並 由黎遠彪先生擔任主席。薪酬委員會主要負責就 本公司董事及高級管理層之薪酬政策向董事會提 供建議,並監察執行董事及高級管理層之薪酬待 遇。其職權範圍於本公司網站可供查閱。

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

企業管治報告

REMUNERATION COMMITTEE (continued)

The Remuneration Committee has considered and approved the Group's policy for the remuneration of Directors and senior management. The Remuneration Committee has assessed the performance of the executive Directors and considered the remuneration package of executive Directors by reference to the prevailing packages with companies listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange. Details of the Directors' remuneration are disclosed on an individual basis in note 14 to the consolidated financial statements. The Group adopts a competitive remuneration package for its employees. Promotion and salary increments are assessed based on a performance related basis.

The attendance of each member at Remuneration Committee meetings during the year ended 31 March 2020 was as follows:

薪酬委員會(續)

薪酬委員會已考慮及審批本集團董事及高級管理層薪酬政策。薪酬委員會已評估執行董事之表現,並經參考聯交所主板上市公司之現行待遇而考慮執行董事之薪酬待遇。個別董事之薪酬詳情於綜合財務報表附註14披露。本集團為其僱員採納具競爭力之薪酬待遇。升職及加薪幅度以相關表現為基準進行評估。

截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度,各成員出 席薪酬委員會會議記錄如下:

Number of meetings

		attended/engible
Name of Committee Member	委員會成員姓名	出席/可出席會議數目
Mr. Li Li	李 力先生	2/2
Mr. Lai Yuen Piu	黎遠彪先生	2/2
Ms. Leung Mei Hing, Carrie	梁美卿女士	2/2

NOMINATION COMMITTEE

The Nomination Committee consists of all three independent non-executive Directors as well as the Chairman of the Board and non-executive Director Ms. Yang Xiaoqiu, and is chaired by Ms. Yang Xiaoqiu. The primary function of the Nomination Committee is to review the structure, size and composition of the Board annually and make recommendations on any proposed changes to the Board to complement the Group's corporate strategy. The terms of reference are available on the Company's website.

提名委員會

提名委員會由全部三名獨立非執行董事及董事會 主席兼非執行董事楊曉秋女士組成,並由楊曉秋 女士擔任主席。提名委員會主要職能為每年檢討 董事會結構、人數及組成,並就董事會之任何建 議改動提供意見,以配合本集團企業策略。其職 權範圍於本公司網站可供查閱。

NOMINATION COMMITTEE (continued)

The attendance of each member at Nomination Committee meetings during the year ended 31 March 2020 was as follows:

提名委員會(續)

截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度,各成員出 席提名委員會會議記錄如下:

		Number of meetings attended/eligible
Name of Committee Member	委員會成員姓名	出席/可出席會議數目
Ms. Yang Xiaoqiu	楊曉秋女士	2/2
Mr. Li Li	李 力先生	2/2
Mr. Lai Yuen Piu	黎遠彪先生	2/2
Ms. Leung Mei Hing, Carrie	梁美卿女士	2/2

DIRECTOR NOMINATION POLICY

The Company endeavours to ensure that the Board has the appropriate balance of skills, experience and diversity of perspectives that are required to support the execution of its business strategy and in order for the Board to be effective.

The Nomination Committee shall consider, among others, the following criteria in evaluating and selecting candidates for directorships:

- Character and integrity;
- Personal attributes including professional qualifications, skills, knowledge, experience and expertise that are relevant to the Company's business and corporate strategy, and the ability to provide insights and practical wisdom based on those attributes;
- Willingness to devote adequate time to discharge duties as a Board member, other directorships, memberships of various committees and significant commitments;

董事提名政策

本公司致力確保董事會有適當平衡的專長、經驗和多元化觀點,使其能執行本公司之業務策略及董事會之有效運作。

在評估和選擇董事候選人時,提名委員會會考慮 (其中包括)以下準則:

- 品格和誠信;
- 個人屬性,包括與本公司業務和公司戰略相關的專業資格、技能、知識、經驗和專業知識,以及基於這些屬性而提供見解和實踐智慧的能力;
- 作為董事會成員、擔任其他董事職位、有關委員會成員和重要位置者,願意投入足夠的時間履行職責;

DIRECTOR NOMINATION POLICY (continued)

- For independent non-executive directors to be appointed in accordance with the Listing Rules and whether the candidates would be considered independent with reference to the independence guidelines set out in the Listing Rules;
- Ability to develop a good working relationship with other Board members and contribute to the Board's working relationship with senior management of the Company;
- Board Diversity Policy and any measurable objectives adopted by the Committee for achieving diversity on the Board; and
- Any other perspectives appropriate to the Company's business.

BOARD DIVERSITY POLICY

The Company aims to build and maintain a Board with a diversity of Directors, including but not limited to gender, age, cultural and educational background, or professional experience.

A truly diverse Board will include and make good use of differences in the skills, regional and industry experience, background, race, gender and other qualities of Directors. These differences will be taken into account in determining the optimum composition of the Board. All Board appointments will be based on merit while taking into account diversity (including gender diversity).

The Nomination Committee will discuss and agree annually measurable objectives for implementing diversity on the Board and recommend them to the Board for adoption. The Nomination Committee will report annually, in the corporate governance report, on the Board's composition under diversified perspectives, and monitor the implementation of this policy.

董事提名政策(續)

- 在根據上市規則要求而委任獨立非執行董事時,按上市規則中的獨立指引候選人是否可被視為獨立;
- 能夠與其他董事會成員建立良好的工作關係, 並為董事會與本公司高級管理層的工作關係 作出貢獻;
- 董事會多元化政策以及委員會為實現董事會 多元化而採取的任何可衡量的目標;及
- 關乎本公司業務的任何其他方面。

董事會成員多元化政策

本公司旨在建立及維持董事會具備多元化的董事, 包括(但不限於)性別、年齡、文化及教育背景或 專業經驗。

一個真正多元化的董事會應包括並善用董事於技能、地區及行業經驗、背景、種族、性別及其他素質等方面之差異。公司在制定董事會成員的最佳組合時,將考慮上述的差異。所有董事會成員之任命,均以用人惟才為原則,並考慮多元化(包括性別多元化)。

提名委員會每年會討論及同意用作推行董事會多元化的可計量目標,並會建議董事會採納該等可計量目標。提名委員會將每年於企業管治報告內匯報董事會於多元化層面的組成,以及監察本政策之執行。

RISK MANAGEMENT COMMITTEE

The Risk Management Committee consists of the executive Director Mr. Chan Cheong Yee and all three independent non-executive Directors, and is chaired by Mr. Chan Cheong Yee. The primary function of the Risk Management Committee is to review, monitor, manage and control the existing investments, developing and reviewing the risk management policy and monitoring the effective running of the risk management. The terms of reference are available on the Company's website.

The attendance of each member at Risk Management Committee meetings during the year ended 31 March 2020 was as follows:

風險管理委員會

風險管理委員會由執行董事陳昌義先生及全部三 名獨立非執行董事組成,並由陳昌義先生擔任主 席。風險管理委員會主要職能為檢討、監控、管理 及控制現有投資,以制訂及審視風險管理政策及 監控風險管理的實際運作。其職權範圍於本公司 網站可供查閱。

截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度,各成員出 席風險管理委員會會議記錄如下:

Number of meetings

		attended/eligible
Name of Committee Member	委員會成員姓名	出席/可出席會議數目
Mr. Chan Cheong Yee	陳昌義先生	1/1
Mr. Li Li	李 力先生	1/1
Mr. Lai Yuen Piu	黎遠彪先生	1/1
Ms. Leung Mei Hing, Carrie	梁美卿女士	1/1

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE FUNCTION

No corporate governance committee has been established and the Board is responsible for performing the corporate governance functions, which includes developing and reviewing the Company's policies, practices on corporate governance, training and continuous professional development of Directors and senior management, the Company's policies and practices on compliance with legal and regulatory requirements etc. During the year under review, the Board has reviewed the Company's policies and practices on corporate governance.

企業管治職能

本公司並無成立企業管治委員會,董事會負責執行企業管治職能,包括制訂及審視本公司之政策、企業管治常規、董事及高級管理層之培訓及持續專業發展、本公司有關遵守法律及監管要求之政策及常規等。於回顧年度,董事會已審視本公司之企業管治政策及常規。

DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The Board acknowledges its responsibility to prepare the Group's consolidated financial statements for each financial period and to ensure that the consolidated financial statements are in accordance with statutory requirements and applicable accounting standards. The Board also ensures the timely publication of the consolidated financial statements. The Directors, having made appropriate enquiries, confirm that they are not aware of any material uncertainties relating to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt upon the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. The statements of the auditor of the Group regarding their responsibilities on the consolidated financial statements is set out in the Independent Auditor's Report on pages 42 to 45 of this Annual Report.

INTERNAL CONTROL AND RISK MANAGEMENT

The Board, recognising its overall responsibility in ensuring the system of internal controls of the Group and for reviewing its effectiveness, is committed to implementing an effective and sound internal control system to safeguard the interests of shareholders and the assets of the Group. Procedures have been designed to safeguard assets against unauthorised use or disposition, to ensure the sufficient allocation of resources and manpower and the maintenance of proper accounting records for the provision of reliable financial information for internal use or for publication, and to ensure compliance with applicable law, rules and regulations. The procedures provide a reasonable but not absolute assurance and prevention of material untrue statements or losses, as well as management on the interruption of the Group's management system and risks existing in the course of arriving at the Group's objectives.

The management of the Group has conducted a review on the Group's internal control and risk management system for the year ended 31 March 2020 with no material weakness found. The management will continue to improve and strengthen its control in order to enhance the corporate governance and safeguard the interest of its shareholders.

董事於財務報表之責任

董事會確認其有責任編製本集團各財務期間之綜合財務報表,並確保綜合財務報表符合法定要求及適用會計準則。董事會亦確保綜合財務報表適時刊發。董事於作出適當查詢後確認,彼等並不知悉任何可能會對本集團持續經營能力造成重大疑慮之事件或情況之重大不確定因素。有關本集團核數師對綜合財務報表之責任聲明,載於本年報第42至45頁之獨立核數師報告書內。

內部監控及風險管理

董事會知悉其就確保本集團內部監控制度及檢討其有效性之全面責任,承諾貫徹執行有效及合理之內部監控制度,以保障股東權益及本集團資產。本集團已制定程序,以防止資產遭未經授權使用或出售,確保足夠資源及人力分配以及存有適當會計記錄以提供可靠財務資料作內部使用或刊發,以及確保遵守適用法律、法規及規定。該等程序可合理(但並非絕對)保證及避免不會出現重大失實陳述或損失,及管理本集團之管理系統遭受干擾之情況以及達成本集團目標過程中所存在之風險。

截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度,本集團管理層已檢討本集團之內部監控及風險管理制度,並無發現任何重大缺失。管理層將繼續改善及強化其監控,藉以提升企業管治水平並保障其股東之權益。

AUDITOR'S REMUNERATION

During the year, the remuneration paid and payable to the Company's auditor, BDO Limited, for audit service of the year ended 31 March 2020 is HK\$500,000 (2019: HK\$525,000) and there is no non-audit service provided during the year ended 31 March 2020.

MODEL CODE FOR SECURITIES TRANSACTIONS

The Company has adopted the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Issuers (the "Model Code") set out in Appendix 10 to the Listing Rules as the code of conduct regarding securities transactions by the directors. Having made specific enquiry of all Directors, the Company confirmed that all the Directors have complied with the required standard set out in the Model Code throughout the year.

SHAREHOLDERS' RIGHT

Procedures for shareholders to propose a person for election as a director

Subject to the Bye-laws and applicable laws, rules and regulations, the Company may in a general meeting by ordinary resolution elect any person to be a Director of the Company either to fill a casual vacancy on the Board, or as an addition to the existing Board.

A shareholder who is entitled to attend and vote at the meeting may propose a person (the "Candidate") other than a Director of the Company for election as a director at a general meeting by lodging the following documents at the Company's principal place of business in Hong Kong (Room 3702, 37/F., 118 Connaught Road West, Sheung Wan, Hong Kong) for the attention of the company secretary:

- A written notice signed by the shareholder concerned which is given of his/her intention to propose the Candidate for election;
- A written notice signed by the Candidate indicating his/ her willingness to be elected, together with the Candidate's biographical details as required by Rule 13.51(2) of the Listing Rules; and
- 3. The Candidate's written consent to the publication of his/her personal data.

核數師酬金

於本年度,本公司就截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度之核數服務已付及應付本公司核數師香港立信德豪會計師事務所有限公司之酬金為500,000港元(二零一九年:525,000港元)。於截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度內無非核數服務。

證券交易之標準守則

本公司已採納上市規則附錄10所載上市發行人董事進行證券交易的標準守則(「標準守則」)作為董事進行證券交易之操守守則。經向全體董事作出具體查詢,本公司確認全體董事於本年度內一直遵守標準守則所載規定標準。

股東權利

股東提名人士參撰董事之程序

受限於公司細則及適用法例、規則及規例,本公司可於股東大會透過普通決議案選舉任何人士為本公司董事,以填補董事會臨時空缺或作為現時董事會之新增席位。

有權出席大會並於會上表決之股東可於股東大會提名一名本公司董事以外人士(「候選人」)參選董事,方式為將以下文件送呈本公司之香港主要營業地點,香港上環干諾道西118號37樓3702室,註明收件人為公司秘書:

- 有關股東所簽署表明其有意提名候選人參選 之書面通告;
- 候選人所簽署表明其有意參選之書面通知, 連同上市規則第13.51(2)條規定之候選人履 歷資料:及
- 3. 候選人同意刊發其個人資料之同意書。

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

企業管治報告

SHAREHOLDERS' RIGHT (continued)

Procedures for shareholders to propose a person for election as a director (continued)

The period for lodgment of the above documents shall have given to the company secretary of the Company during a period commencing no earlier than the day after the despatch of the notice of the general meeting appointed for such election and ending no later than 7 days prior to the date of such meeting.

Procedures for shareholders to convene a special general meeting

Special general meetings shall be convened on the written requisition of any two or more registered members of the Company deposited at the registered office in Bermuda specifying the objects of the meeting and signed by the requisitionists, provided that such requisitionists held as at the date of deposit of the requisition not less than one-tenth of the paid up capital of the Company which carries the right of voting at general meetings of the Company. General meetings may also be convened on the written requisition of any one member of the Company which is a recognised clearing house (or its nominee) deposited at the principal office of the Company in Hong Kong or, in the event the Company ceases to have such a principal office, the registered office specifying the objects of the meeting and signed by the requisitionist, provided that such requisitionist held as at the date of deposit of the requisition not less than one-tenth of the paid up capital of the Company which carries the right of voting at general meetings of the Company. If the Board does not within 21 days from the date of deposit of the requisition proceed duly to convene the meeting, the requisitionist(s) themselves or any of them representing more than one-half of the total voting rights of all of them, may convene the general meeting in the same manner as nearly as possible, as that in which meetings may be convened by the Board provided that any meeting so convened shall not be held after the expiration of three months from the date of deposit of the requisition, and all reasonable expenses incurred by the requisitionist(s) as a result of the failure of the Board shall be reimbursed to them by the Company.

股東權利 (續) 股東提名人士參選董事之程序 (續)

呈交上述文件期間,須於由不早於指定舉行該選舉之股東大會通告寄發日期後一天至不遲於該大會日期前7天之期間,送交本公司之公司秘書。

股東召開股東特別大會之程序

股東特別大會可應本公司任何兩名或以上登記股 東的書面要求召開,有關要求須送達本公司於百 慕達的註冊辦事處,當中列明大會的主要商議事 項並由請求人簽署,惟該等請求人於送達要求當 日須持有本公司不少於附帶於本公司股東大會表 决權之繳足股本十分之一。 股東大會亦可應本公 司任何一名股東(為認可結算所或其代名人)的 書面要求召開,有關要求須送達本公司香港主要 辦事處或倘本公司不再設置上述主要辦事處,則 註冊辦事處,當中列明大會的主要商議事項,並 由請求人簽署、惟該等請求人於送達要求當日須 持有本公司不少於附帶於本公司股東大會表決權 之繳足股本十分之一。倘董事會於送達要求當日 起計21日內,並無按既定程序籌備召開大會,則 請求人自身或彼等當中代表所持全部投票權過半 數的任何請求人,可按盡量接近董事會召開大會 的相同方式召開股東大會,惟按上述方式召開的 任何大會,不得於送達有關要求當日起計三個月 屆滿後舉行,且本公司須向請求人償付其因董事 會未有召開大會而導致請求人產生的所有合理開 支。

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT 企業管治報告

COMMUNICATION WITH SHAREHOLDERS

The annual general meetings provide a useful forum for shareholders to exchange views with the Board. The chairman of the Company as well as the chairman and members of various Board committees are pleased to answer shareholders' questions. Separate resolutions are proposed at general meetings on each substantially separate issue, including the election of individual Directors. Details of poll voting procedures and the rights of shareholders to demand a poll are included in the circular to shareholders despatched together with the annual report. The circular also includes relevant details of proposed resolutions, including biographies of each candidates standing for re-election. The results of the poll are published on the Company's website (http://www.chinainvestment.com.hk), and on the website of The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (http://www.hkex.com.hk).

INVESTOR RELATIONS

During the year under review, the Group has proactively enhanced its corporate transparency and communications with its shareholders and the investment community through the announcement of its mandatory interim and final reports. Through the timely distribution of other announcements, the Group has also kept the public abreast of its latest developments.

與股東交流

股東週年大會提供實用場所供股東與董事會交流意見。本公司主席及各董事委員會之主席及成員均樂意回答股東提問。重大個別事項(包括選任個別董事)均以獨立決議案在股東大會提呈。投票表決程序及股東要求投票表決權利之詳情,載於與年報一併寄發予股東之通函內。該通函亦載列擬提呈決議案之有關詳情,包括擬重選連任之各董事的履歷。投票表決結果刊登於本公司網站(http://www.chinainvestment.com.hk)及香港聯合交易所有限公司之網站(http://www.hkex.com.hk)。

投資者關係

於回顧年度,本集團透過發佈強制性中期報告及 末期報告,積極提升其企業透明度以及加強與其 股東及投資界溝通。本集團亦已透過適時刊發其 他公告,使公眾掌握其最新發展。

EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR

Mr. Chan Cheong Yee, aged 55, has been appointed as an executive Director of the Company since May 2012. He is also the chairman of the Risk Management Committee. Mr. Chan holds a Bachelor of Science degree from the College of Business Administration of the University of South Florida in the United States of America. Mr. Chan is currently a licensed person to carry out type 1 (dealing in securities), type 2 (dealing in futures contracts), type 3 (leveraged foreign exchange trading), type 4 (advising on securities) and type 9 (asset management) regulated activities under the Securities and Future Ordinance (Chapter 571 of the Laws of Hong Kong). He is experienced in dealing in securities, fund management, corporate management, corporate finance and managing listed investment companies under Chapter 21 of the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on the The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange").

Mr. Chan was appointed as an execute director of China Innovation Investment Limited (stock code: 1217) ("CII") in June 2003, China Investment and Finance Group Limited (stock code: 1226) ("CIFG") in March 2011, Capital VC Limited (stock code: 2324) ("CVC") in November 2012, China New Economy Fund Limited (stock code: 80) ("CNEF") in June 2013, China Trends Holding Limited (stock code: 8171) ("CTH") in February 2016 and National Investments Fund Limited (stock code: 1227) ("NIF") in November 2018. CII, CIFG, CVC, CNEF, CTH and NIF are all investment companies listed on the Stock Exchange. He was appointed as an independent non-executive director of Bingo Group Holdings Limited (stock code: 8220), a company listed on the GEM of the Stock Exchange, in August 2007, and was re-designated as its executive director in April 2009 until September 2018.

執行董事

陳昌義先生,55歲,自二零一二年五月起獲委任 為本公司執行董事。彼亦為風險管理委員會之主 席。陳先生持有美國南佛羅里達州大學工商管理 學院頒發之理學士學位。陳先生目前為可進行香 港法例第571章證券及期貨條例項下第1類(證券 交易)、第2類(期貨合約交易)、第3類(槓桿式外 匯交易)、第4類(就證券提供意見)及第9類(提 供資產管理)受規管活動之持牌人士。彼於證券 交易、基金管理、企業管理、企業融資及管理香港 聯合交易所有限公司(「聯交所」)證券上市規則 第21章項下之上市投資公司方面擁有豐富經驗。

陳先生於二零零三年六月獲中國創新投資有限公 司(股份代號:1217)(「中國創投」)委任為執行 董事,於二零一一年三月獲中國投融資集團有限 公司(股份代號:1226)(「中國投融資集團」)委 任為執行董事,於二零一二年十一月獲首都創投 有限公司(股份代號:2324)(「首都創投」)委任 為執行董事,於二零一三年六月獲中國新經濟投 資有限公司(股份代號:80)(「中國新經濟投資」) 委任為執行董事,於二零一六年二月獲中國趨勢 控股有限公司(股份代號:8171)(「中國趨勢控 股」)委任為執行董事,並於二零一八年十一月獲 國盛投資基金有限公司(股份代號:1227)(「國 盛投資基金」)委任為執行董事。中國創投、中國 投融資集團、首都創投、中國新經濟投資、中國趨 勢控股及國盛投資基金均為聯交所上市之投資公 司。彼於二零零七年八月獲比高集團控股有限公 司(股份代號:8220)(聯交所GEM上市公司)委 任為獨立非執行董事,後於二零零九年四月調任 為執行董事,直至二零一八年九月為止。

NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

Ms. Yang Xiaoqiu, aged 33, has been appointed as a non-executive Director of the Company since August 2018 and the Chairman of the Board since September 2018. She is also the chairman of the Nomination Committee. Ms. Yang graduated from Hangzhou Normal University Qianjiang College* (杭州師範大學錢江學院) with a bachelor's degree in tourism management in July 2008. She has extensive experience in operation and corporate management. Ms. Yang held management roles and directorship in the following companies, namely, Hangzhou Chinese Apparel Limited* (杭州華人服飾有限公司), Shanghai Dons Lamour Jewelry Limited* (上海再戀珠寶有限公司) and AARUI International Group Holding Company Limited (愛瑞爾國際集團控股有限公司). Since February 2018, Ms. Yang has been an executive director of Future Bright Mining Holdings Limited (listed on Main Board of the Stock Exchange, stock code: 2212).

Mr. Xie Tom, aged 69, holds a Diploma in Trade and Economics of Jinan University in China as well as a Master of Science degree and a Master's Graduation Certificate in Gemology, both from China University of Geosciences (Beijing). Mr. Xie has extensive decades of management experience with a Hong Kong listed company. Mr. Xie was an independent non-executive director of U-Right International Holdings Limited (now known as Fullsun International Holdings Group Co., Limited) (stock code: 627) from August 2013 to December 2017, and is currently an independent non-executive director of Yuan Heng Gas Holdings Limited (stock code: 332), both of the companies are listed on the Stock Exchange.

非執行董事

楊曉秋女士,33歲,自二零一八年八月起獲委任為本公司的非執行董事並自二零一八年九月起獲委任為董事會主席。彼亦為提名委員會主席。楊女士二零零八年七月畢業於杭州師範大學錢江學院,獲旅遊管理學士學位。彼於經營及企業管理方面擁有豐富經驗。楊女士曾出任下列公司的管理及董事職務,該等公司包括杭州華人服飾有限公司、上海再戀珠寶有限公司及愛瑞爾國際集團控股有限公司。自二零一八年二月起,楊女士擔任高鵬礦業控股有限公司(於聯交所主板上市,股份代號:2212)之執行董事。

謝祺祥先生,69歲,持有中國暨南大學之貿易經濟專科文憑證書,以及中國地質大學(北京)理學碩士學位及寶石學碩士研究生。謝先生在一家香港上市公司擁有數十年的管理經驗。於二零一三年八月至二零一七年十二月,謝先生曾為佑威國際控股有限公司(現稱福晟國際控股集團有限公司)(股份代號:627)之獨立非執行董事,現為元亨燃氣控股有限公司(股份代號:332)之獨立非執行董事,該兩家公司均於聯交所上市。

INDEPENDENT NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

Mr. Li Li, aged 47, has been appointed as an independent non-executive Director since July 2018. He is also the chairman of the Audit Committee and a member of the Nomination Committee, the Remuneration Committee and the Risk Management Committee. Mr. Li holds a bachelor degree in business administration and is a China securities and futures certified accountant*(中國證券期貨特許註冊會計師) and a China registered asset appraiser*(中國註冊資產評估師).

In 1999, Mr. Li worked as a deputy director of Beijing Yongtuo Certified Public Accountants Co., Ltd.*(北京永拓會計師事務所), and was in charge of the securities auditing business. In 2004, Mr. Li was the deputy general manager of Zhongxi Certified Public Accountants Co., Ltd.*(中喜會計師事務所有限責任公司). Mr. Li is currently the managing partner of Zhongxi Certified Public Accountants (Special General Partnership)*(中喜會計師事務所(特殊普通合夥)).

Mr. Li has been appointed as independent non-executive director of National Investments Fund Limited (stock code: 1227) since October 2018, a company listed on Main Board of the Stock Exchange, and is an independent director of Beijing Huaye Real Estate Co., Ltd.* (北京華業地產股份有限公司) (stock code: 600240), a company listed in PRC.

Mr. Lai Yuen Piu, aged 54, has been appointed as an independent non-executive Director since January 2019. He is also the chairman of the Remuneration Committee and a member of the Audit Committee, the Nomination Committee and the Risk Management Committee. He holds a bachelor degree in Commerce and is a fellow member of the Association of Chartered and Certified Accountants and an associate member of the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants. Mr. Lai has over 22 years of experience in the accounting and finance sector and is currently the financial controller of a technology company.

獨立非執行董事

李力先生,47歲,自二零一八年七月起獲委任為獨立非執行董事。彼亦為審核委員會主席及提名委員會、薪酬委員會及風險管理委員會成員。李先生持有工商管理學士學位,並為中國證券期貨特許計冊會計師及中國計冊資產評估師。

李先生一九九九年起任職北京永拓會計師事務所, 曾擔任該事務所副主任會計師,分管證券審計業 務。二零零四年,李先生擔任中喜會計師事務所 有限責任公司的副總經理,現為中喜會計師事務 所(特殊普通合夥)的管理合夥人。

李先生自二零一八年十月起一直為一家於聯交所主板上市的公司國盛投資基金有限公司(股份代號:1227)的獨立非執行董事,及一家於中國上市的公司北京華業地產股份有限公司(股份代號:600240)的獨立董事。

黎遠彪先生,54歲,自二零一九年一月起獲委任 為獨立非執行董事。彼亦為薪酬委員會主席及審 核委員會、提名委員會及風險管理委員會成員。 彼持有商業學士學位,為英國特許公認會計師公 會資深會員及香港會計師公會會員。黎先生在會 計及金融領域具有逾22年之經驗,目前為一家科 技公司之財務總監。

INDEPENDENT NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

(continued)

Ms. Leung Mei Hing, Carrie, aged 40, has been appointed as an independent non-executive Director since January 2019. She is also a member of the Audit Committee, the Nomination Committee, the Remuneration Committee and the Risk Management Committee. She holds an associate degree in Economic Management and a Master of Science degree in Management and has over 18 years of experience in trading, project management and general administration. Ms. Leung is currently the human resources and administration manager of an investment company.

CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER

Ms. Lin Yudan, aged 37, has been appointed as the Chief Executive Officer of the Company since January 2019. She obtained her bachelor degree in bio engineering from Sichuan University of Science & Engineering (四川理工學院) in the People's Republic of China and has over 10 years of experience in corporate management. Ms. Lin has been an executive director and the legal representative of Sichuan Z. K. Investment Co., Ltd.* (四川兆凱投資有限公司) since 2011.

* For identification only

獨立非執行董事(續)

梁美卿女士,40歲,自二零一九年一月起獲委任 為獨立非執行董事。彼亦為審核委員會、提名委 員會、薪酬委員會及風險管理委員會成員。彼持 有經濟管理副學士學位及管理理學碩士學位,於 貿易、項目管理及一般行政方面具有逾18年經驗。 梁女士目前為一家投資公司的人力資源及行政經 理。

行政總裁

林雨丹女士,37歲,自二零一九年一月起獲委任 為本公司行政總裁。彼於中華人民共和國四川理 工學院取得生物工程學士學位及於企業管理方面 具有逾10年之經驗。林女士自二零一一年起為四 川兆凱投資有限公司之執行董事兼法定代表人。

* 僅供識別

獨立核數師報告書



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TO THE SHAREHOLDERS OF CHINA INVESTMENT DEVELOPMENT LIMITED

(incorporated in the Cayman Islands and continued in Bermuda with limited liability)

DISCLAIMER OF OPINION

We were engaged to audit the consolidated financial statements of China Investment Development Limited (the "Company") and its subsidiaries (together the "Group") set out on pages 46 to 131, which comprise the consolidated statement of financial position as at 31 March 2020, and the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, the consolidated statement of changes in equity and the consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

We do not express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements of the Group. Because of the significance of the matter described in the "Basis for Disclaimer of Opinion" section of our report, we have not been able to obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence to provide a basis for an audit opinion on these consolidated financial statements. In all other respects, in our opinion the consolidated financial statements have been properly prepared in compliance with the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

致中國投資開發有限公司股東

(於開曼群島註冊成立並於百慕達續存之有限公 司)

不發表意見聲明

吾等已獲委聘審核中國投資開發有限公司(「貴公司」)及其附屬公司(統稱「貴集團」)載列於第46至131頁之綜合財務報表,包括於二零二零年三月三十一日之綜合財務狀況報表,以及截至該日止年度之綜合損益及其他全面收益表、綜合權益變動表及綜合現金流量表以及綜合財務報表附註,包括主要會計政策概要。

吾等不對 貴集團的綜合財務報表發表意見。由 於吾等報告的「不發表意見聲明之基準」一節中 所述事項的重要性,吾等並無獲得足夠的適當審 核證據以為該等綜合財務報表的審核意見提供基 準。於所有其他方面,吾等認為綜合財務報表已 按照香港公司條例的披露規定妥為編製。

獨立核數師報告書

BASIS FOR DISCLAIMER OF OPINION

As disclosed in note 18 to the consolidated financial statements, the Group held 18% and 14% equity interest in Huge Leader Investment Development Limited ("Huge Leader") and Golden Resources Asia Limited ("Golden Resources") respectively which were determined as unquoted equity instruments and accounted for as financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income as at 31 March 2020. Subsequent to 31 March 2020, the Company entered into sale and purchase agreements to dispose 17% and 14% equity interests in Huge Leader and Golden Resources respectively as set out in note 33 (iii).

During the year and up to the date of this report, the directors of the Company lost contact with the management of Huge Leader and Golden Resources and were unable to obtain any financial information of these two investee companies. Previously, each of Huge Leader and Golden Resources had an indirectly held operating subsidiary. During the financial year ended 31 March 2020, the directors of the Company found out that these two operating subsidiaries were no longer held by the subsidiaries of Huge Leader and Golden Resources.

The directors of the Company measured the fair value of the Group's interests in Huge Leader and Golden Resources as at 31 March 2020 based on the latest available financial information of these two investee companies which was the net asset values as at 31 March 2019 and adjusted for the factors they considered might affect their fair values, including the two indirectly held operating subsidiaries were no longer held by the subsidiaries of Huge Leader and Golden Resources as at 31 March 2020. Based on this estimation approach, the directors of the Company estimated the fair value of the Group's interests in Huge Leader and Golden Resources approximated to HK\$Nil as at 31 March 2020 and recorded the decrease in fair value of HK\$8,065,000 and HK\$8,160,000 of investments in Huge Leader and Golden Resources respectively for the year ended 31 March 2020 in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income.

不發表意見聲明之基準

誠如綜合財務報表附註18所披露, 貴集團分別持有Huge Leader Investment Development Limited (「Huge Leader」)及Golden Resources Asia Limited (「Golden Resources」) 18%及14%股權,並釐定為無報價股本工具及於二零二零三月三十一日入賬列作按公平值計入在其他全面收益處理的財務資產。於二零二零年三月三十一日後,本公司訂立買賣協議,以分別出售於Huge Leader及Golden Resources的17%及14%股權(如附註33(iii)所載)。

於本年度及直至本報告日期, 貴公司董事與Huge Leader及Golden Resources的管理層失去聯繫,無法獲得該兩家接受投資公司的任何財務資料。此前,Huge Leader及Golden Resources各自擁有一間間接持有的經營附屬公司。於截至二零二零年三月三十一日止財政年度內, 貴公司董事發現,該兩間經營附屬公司不再由Huge Leader及Golden Resources的附屬公司持有。

貴公司董事根據該兩間接受投資公司的最近期可獲得財務資料(即於二零一九年三月三十一日的資產淨值)計量 貴集團於二零二零年三月三十一日在Huge Leader及Golden Resources權益的公平值,並就彼等認為可能影響其公平值的因素(包括於二零二零年三月三十一日兩間間接持有的經營附屬公司不再由Huge Leader及Golden Resources的附屬公司持有)作出調整。根據此估算方法, 貴公司董事估計於二零二零年三月三十一日, 貴集團於Huge Leader及Golden Resources權益的公平值約為零港元,並於截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度於綜合損益及其他全面收益表內列賬為於Huge Leader及Golden Resources的投資公平值分別減少8,065,000港元及8,160,000港元。

獨立核數師報告書

BASIS FOR DISCLAIMER OF OPINION (continued)

During the course of our audit, the directors of the Company did not provide us with the details of their estimation of the fair value of these two investments as at 31 March 2020, including reliable and supportable information about the adjustments made to the net asset values of Huge Leader and Golden Resources to arrive at the net assets value as at 31 March 2020. In addition, there were no information about whether or not the directors of the Company have considered the amount of consideration from subsequent disposal of the Group's interests in Huge Leader and Golden Resources in their estimation of fair values and if such information have been considered in the estimation, how it is incorporated in estimating the fair values of the two investments. We were therefore unable to obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence we considered necessary to assess the reasonableness of the directors' estimation of the fair values of the Group's interests in Huge Leader and Golden Resources as at 31 March 2020. Any adjustments to the fair value as at 31 March 2020 found necessary would increase the fair value of financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income and the Group's net assets as at 31 March 2020, reduce the change in fair value of financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income for the year, and would affect the related disclosures thereof in the consolidated financial statements.

DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The directors are responsible for the preparation of the consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards ("HKFRSs") issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants ("HKICPA") and the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

不發表意見聲明之基準(續)

於吾等審核過程中, 貴公司董事並無向吾等提 供彼等對該兩項投資於二零二零年三月三十一日 的公平值估計的詳情,包括有關對Huge Leader 及Golden Resources的資產淨值作出調整以達致 於二零二零年三月三十一日的資產淨值的可靠及 有效資料。此外,並無有關 貴公司董事於估計 公平值時是否已考慮其後出售 貴集團於Huge Leader及Golden Resources權益的代價金額的資 料,以及如有關資料已於估計中獲考慮,如何將 有關資料納入估計該兩項投資的公平值中。因此, 吾等未能獲得吾等認為必要的足夠適當審核證據, 以評估董事對 貴集團於二零二零年三月三十一 日在Huge Leader及Golden Resources中的權益 公平值估計的合理性。認為屬必要的對於二零二 零年三月三十一日公平值作出的任何調整將會增 加按公平值計入在其他全面收益處理的財務資產 公平值及 貴集團於二零二零年三月三十一日的 資產淨值,減少本年度按公平值計入在其他全面 收益處理的財務資產公平值變動,以及將會影響 其於綜合財務報表內的相關披露。

董事就綜合財務報表須承擔之責任

董事負責遵照香港會計師公會所頒佈之香港財務報告準則及香港公司條例之披露規定,編製綜合財務報表以真實及公平地反映 貴集團之狀況,並實施董事認為必要之內部監控,以確保編製綜合財務報表並無存在重大錯誤陳述(不論是否因欺詐或錯誤引起)。

獨立核數師報告書

DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(continued)

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

The directors are also responsible for overseeing the Group's financial reporting process. The audit committee assists the directors in discharging their responsibility in this regard.

AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE AUDIT OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Our responsibility is to conduct an audit of the Group's consolidated financial statements in accordance with Hong Kong Standards on Auditing issued by the HKICPA and to issue an auditor's report. This report is made solely to you, as a body, in accordance with Section 90 of the Bermuda Companies Act 1981, and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility towards or accept liability to any other person for the contents of this report.

However, because of the matter described in the "Basis for Disclaimer of Opinion" section of our report, we were not able to obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence to provide a basis for an audit opinion on these consolidated financial statements.

We are independent of the Group in accordance with the HKICPA's "Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants" (the "Code"), and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code.

BDO Limited

Certified Public Accountants

Li Yin Fan

Practising Certificate Number P03113

Hong Kong, 13 August 2020

董事就綜合財務報表須承擔之責任(續)

於編製綜合財務報表時,董事須負責評估 貴集團持續經營的能力,並在適用情況下披露與持續經營有關的事項,以及使用持續經營為會計基礎,除非董事有意將 貴集團清盤或停止經營,或別無其他實際的替代方案。

董事亦須負責監督 貴集團之財務報告過程。審核委員會就此協助董事履行其責任。

核數師就審核綜合財務報表須承擔之責任

吾等之責任為根據香港會計師公會所頒佈之香港審計準則就 貴集團之綜合財務報表進行審核,並發出核數師報告。本報告乃根據一九八一年百慕達公司法第90條僅向整體股東作出,並無其他用途。吾等不會就本報告內容向任何其他人士負上或承擔責任。

然而,由於吾等報告的「不發表意見聲明之基準」 一節中所述之事項,吾等並無獲得足夠的適當審 核證據以為該等綜合財務報表的審核意見提供基 進。

根據香港會計師公會頒佈之《專業會計師道德守 則》(「守則」),吾等獨立於 貴集團,並已履行 守則中之其他道德責任。

香港立信德豪會計師事務所有限公司

執業會計師

李燕芬

執業證書號碼P03113

香港,二零二零年八月十三日

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME 綜合損益及其他全面收益表 For the year ended 31 March 2020 截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度

		Notes 附註	2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元	2019 二零一九年 HK\$'000 千港元
Revenue	收益	7	_	600
Other income	其他收入	7	90	542
Net loss on financial assets	按公平值計入在損益處理之			
at fair value through profit or loss	財務資產之虧損淨額		(35,402)	(14,568)
Administrative and other expenses	行政及其他開支		(11,851)	(74,468)
Finance costs	財務成本		(21)	_
Loss on disposal of a subsidiary	出售一間附屬公司虧損	8	_	(17)
Share of result of the associate	分佔聯營公司之業績	17	(5,357)	_
Loss before income tax expense	除所得税開支前虧損	10	(52,541)	(87,911)
Income tax expense	所得税開支	9		
Loss for the year attributable	本公司擁有人應佔本年度虧損			
to owners of the Company			(52,541)	(87,911)
Other comprehensive income	其他全面收益			
Item that will not be reclassified to profit or loss:	不會重新分類至損益之項目:			
Change in fair value of financial assets	按公平值計入在其他全面			
at fair value through other	收益處理之財務資產之		(00.404)	(/7.007)
comprehensive income	公平值變動 其後可能重新分類		(23,194)	(67,027)
Items that may be reclassified	兵後可能里利万類 至損益之項目:			
subsequently to profit or loss: Exchange difference arising from	至俱益之項目: 本年度聯營公司產生			
the associate during the year	之匯兑差額		_	(395)
Other comprehensive income	本年度其他全面收益,			
for the year, net of tax	扣除税項		(23,194)	(67,422)
Total comprehensive income for the year	本年度全面收益總額		(75,735)	(155,333)

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME 綜合損益及其他全面收益表 For the year ended 31 March 2020 截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度

			2020 二零二零年	2019 二零一九年
		Notes	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		附註	千港元	千港元_
Loss per share	每股虧損	13		
– Basic (HK cent per share)	-基本(每股港仙)		4.97	9.50
– Diluted (HK cent per share)	-攤薄(每股港仙)		4.97	9.50
Proceeds from disposals of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	出售按公平值計入在損益處理 之財務資產之所得款項		15,115	42,557

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

綜合財務狀況表

As at 31 March 2020 於二零二零年三月三十一日

		Notes 附註	2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元	2019 二零一九年 HK\$'000 千港元
ASSETS AND LIABILITIES	資產及負債			
Non-current assets	非流動資產			
Property, plant and equipment	物業、廠房及設備	15	133	277
Interest in the associate	於聯營公司之權益	17	-	5,714
Financial assets at fair value through	按公平值計入在其他全面			04.707
other comprehensive income	收益處理之財務資產	18	8,593	31,787
			8,726	37,778
Current assets	流動資產			
Financial assets at fair value through	按公平值計入在損益處理			
profit or loss	之財務資產	19	34,096	67,879
Other receivables, deposits and	其他應收款項、按金及			
prepayments	預付款項	20	794	2,678
Bank and cash balances	銀行及現金結存	21	2,303	1,137
			37,193	71,694
Current liabilities	流動負債			
Other payables and accrued charges	其他應付款項及應計費用		4,849	3,601
			4,849	3,601
Net current assets	流動資產淨值		32,344	68,093
Net assets	資產淨值		41,070	105,871
EQUITY	權益			
Equity attributable to owners of	^惟 교 本公司擁有人應佔權益			
the Company	个公司师日八应旧作皿			
Share capital	股本	22	10,582	10,582
Reserves	儲備		30,488	95,289
Total equity	權益總額		41,070	105,871
Net asset value per share	每股資產淨值	25	HK\$0.04港元	HK\$0.10港元
•				

On behalf of the directors

代表董事會

Yang Xiaoqiu 楊曉秋 Director 董事 Chan Cheong Yee 陳昌義 Director 董事

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

綜合權益變動表

					21			
		01	01	Investment	Share			
		Share	Share	revaluation	option	Exchange	Accumulated	
		capital	premium	reserve	reserve	reserve	losses	Total
				投資重估	購股權			
		股本	股份溢價	儲備	儲備	匯兑儲備	累計虧損	總計
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
				(Note 2(a)(i)				
		(Note 22)	(Note 23)	and 23)	(Note 23)	(Note 23)	(Note 2(a)(i))	
				(附註2(a)(i)				
		(附註22)	(附註23)	及23)	(附註23)	(附註23)	(附註2(a)(i))	
At 31 March 2018 and 1 April 2018	於二零一八年三月三十一日及							
	於二零一八年四月一日	8,822	343,632	27,837	123,411	73	(273,457)	230,318
Impact of initial application of HKFRS 9	首次應用香港財務報告準則第9號之影響	0,022	545,00Z	(21,208)	123,411	-	21,208	200,010
Impact of finitial application of the No.7	日八屆川日代別切刊日十六十二十二十二十二十二十二十二十二十二十二十二十二十二十二十二十二十二十二十			(21,200)			21,200	
Restated as 1 April 2018	於二零一八年四月一日重列	8,822	343,632	6,629	123,411	73	(252,249)	230,318
Loss for the year	本年度虧損	_	_	_	_	_	(87,911)	(87,911)
Other comprehensive income	其他全面收益							
Change in fair value of financial assets at fair value	按公平值計入在其他全面收益處理							
through other comprehensive income	之財務資產之公平值變動	_	_	(67,027)	_	_	_	(67,027)
Exchange difference arising from the associate	本年度一家聯營公司產生之			V- 1- 1				V- 1- 1
during the year (Note 17)	匯兑差額(附註17)	-	-	_	-	(395)	_	(395)
		_	_	(67,027)	_	(395)	_	(67,422)
Total comprehensive income for the year	本年度全面收益總額	_	_	(67,027)	_	(395)	(87,911)	(155,333)
Placing of new shares	配售新股	1,760	29,128	_	_	_	_	30,888
Share options lapsed	已失效購股權	1,700	27,120	_	(57,630)	_	57,630	-
Realisation upon disposal of a subsidiary	於出售附屬公司時變現	_	_	_	(07,000)	_	(2)	(2)
	// 四日田陶 A 刊档 交优						(4)	(4)
At 31 March 2019	於二零一九年三月三十一日	10,582	372,760	(60,398)	65,781	(322)	(282,532)	105,871

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

綜合權益變動表

					Investment	Share			
		Share	Share	Shareholder's	revaluation	option	Exchange	Accumulated	
		capital	premium	contribution	reserve	reserve	reserve	losses	Total
		- Capital	p.oa		投資重估	購股權		10000	
		股本	股份溢價	股東注資	儲備	儲備	匯兑儲備	累計虧損	總計
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
					(Note 2(a)(i)				
		(Note 22)	(Note 23)	(Note 19(c))	and 23)	(Note 23)	(Note 23)	(Note 2(a)(i))	
					(附註2(a)(i)				
		(附註22)	(附註23)	(附註19(c))	及23)	(附註23)	(附註23)	(附註2(a)(i))	
A. 04 M. 1 0040 0 4 A. 1 0040	₩ - = • • • • • • • • • •								
At 31 March 2019 & 1 April 2019	於二零一九年三月三十一日及 於二零一九年四月一日	40 500	272.7/0		//0.200\	/F 704	(200)	(000 500)	405.074
Less feedles ones	ポー等ールキ四月一日 本年度虧損	10,582	372,760	_	(60,398)	65,781	(322)	(282,532)	105,871
Loss for the year	平千反虧損						-	(52,541)	(52,541)
Other comprehensive income	其他全面收益								
Change in fair value of financial assets at fair value	按公平值計入在其他全面收益處理之								
through other comprehensive income	財務資產之公平值變動	_	_	_	(23,194)	_	_	_	(23,194)
Exchange difference arising from the associate	本年度一家聯營公司產生之								
during the year (Note 17)	匯兑差額(附註17)	_	-	-	-	-	-	_	-
					/00 / 0 N				/00 / 0 //
		-			(23,194)	-			(23,194)
Total comprehensive income for the year	本年度全面收益總額	_	-	_	(23,194)	_	_	(52,541)	(75,735)
Shareholder's contribution	股東注資	-	-	10,934	-	-	-	-	10,934
Share options lapsed	已失效購股權	-	-	-	-	(65,781)	-	65,781	-
At 31 March 2020	於二零二零年三月三十一日	10,582	372,760	10,934	(83,592)	_	(322)	(269,292)	41,070

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

綜合現金流量表

		2020	2019
		二零二零年	二零一九年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Cash flows from operating activities	來自經營業務之現金流量		
Loss before income tax expense	除所得税開支前虧損	(52,541)	(87,911)
Adjustments for:	就下列事項作出調整:	(0=/0::/	(0,7,1,7
Depreciation of property,	物業、廠房及設備折舊		
plant and equipment	7551C 1150C3 75 CBC 1115 X 1 1	144	228
Depreciation of right-of-use assets	使用權資產折舊	1,917	_
Net realised loss on disposals of	出售按公平值計入在損益	.,	
fair value of financial assets	處理之財務資產公平值之		
at fair value through profit or loss	已變現虧損淨額	7,665	1,272
Interest income	利息收入	_	(600)
Bank interest income	銀行利息收入	_	(2)
Interest expense on lease liabilities	租賃負債之利息開支	21	_
Change in fair value of financial assets	按公平值計入在損益處理		
at fair value through profit or loss	之財務資產公平值變動	27,737	13,296
Impairment loss on other	其他應收款項及已付	•	•
receivables and deposit paid	按金減值虧損	1,318	60,261
Impairment loss on interest in the associate	於聯營公司權益之減值虧損	357	_
Loss on disposal of a subsidiary	出售一家附屬公司虧損	_	17
Share of result of an associate	分佔一家聯營公司之業績	5,357	_
Gain on disposal of property,	出售物業、廠房及設備	-	
plant and equipment	之收益	(90)	_
Operating loss before working	營運資金變動前之經營虧損		
capital changes	名注	(8,115)	(13,439)
Purchase of financial assets	購買按公平值計入在損益	(0,113)	(13,437)
at fair value through profit or loss	處理之財務資產	(5,800)	(67,338)
Proceeds from disposal of financial assets	出售按公平值計入在損益處	(3,000)	(07,330)
as fair value through profit or loss	理之財務資產之所得款項	15,115	42,557
Decrease/(increase) in other receivables,	其他應收款項、按金及預付	13,113	42,557
deposits and prepayments	款項減少/(增加)	566	(35)
Increase in other payables and	其他應付款項及應計	300	(55)
accrued charges	費用增加	1,248	2,788
accided charges	泉川省加	1,240	2,700
Cash generated from/(used in) operations	經營所得/(所耗)現金	3,014	(35,467)
Interest received	已收利息		2
Not each government of from the second to	您要要要你		
Net cash generated from/(used in) operating activities	經營業務產生/(所耗)現金淨額	3,014	(35,465)
		<i>5,</i> 01∓	(00, 100)

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

綜合現金流量表

		2020 二零二零年	2019 二零一九年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Cash flows from investing activities	來自投資活動之現金流量		
Purchases of property, plant and equipment	購置物業、廠房及設備	_	(5)
Proceeds from disposal of property,	出售物業、廠房及設備		
plant and equipment	所得款項	90	_
Disposal of subsidiaries, net of cash disposed	出售附屬公司,扣除所		
	出售現金	_	(25)
Net cash generated from/(used in)	投資活動所得/(所耗)		
investing activities	現金淨額	90	(30)
Cash flows from financing activities	來自融資活動之現金流量		
Net proceeds from issue of new shares	發行新股之所得款項淨額	_	30,888
Repayment of principal portion of	償還租賃負債之本金部分		
lease liabilities		(1,917)	_
Interest paid on lease liabilities	租賃負債之已付利息	(21)	_
Net cash (used in)/generated from	融資活動(所耗)/所得		
financing activities	現金淨額 ————————————————————————————————————	(1,938)	30,888
Net increase/(decrease) in cash and	現金及現金等值物增加/		
cash equivalents	(減少)淨額	1,166	(4,607)
Cash and cash equivalents	年初現金及現金等值物	1,100	(1,007)
at beginning of year	1 因死並及死並守臣物	1,137	5,744
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	年末現金及現金等值物	2,303	1,137
Analysis of the balance of cash and	現金及現金等值物		
•		2 303	1,137
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year Analysis of the balance of cash and cash equivalents Bank and cash balances	年末現金及現金等值物 現金及現金等值物 結餘分析 銀行及現金結存	2,303	

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2020 截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度

1. GENERAL INFORMATION

China Investment Development Limited ("the Company") was incorporated in the Cayman Islands as an exempted company with limited liability on 25 March 1998 and was de-registered on 11 March 2011 and was registered by way of continuation as an exempted company in Bermuda on 2 March 2011. The Company's shares have been listed on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange") with effect from 12 December 2000. Its registered office is located at Clarendon House, 2 Church Street, Hamilton HM11, Bermuda and its principal office in Hong Kong is located at Room 3702, 37/F,118 Connaught Road West, Sheung Wan, Hong Kong.

The Company is principally engaged in investment holding for medium to long-term capital appreciation purposes, and investment in listed and unlisted securities. The principal activities of the Company's subsidiaries are set out in note 16 to the consolidated financial statements.

2. ADOPTION OF HKFRSs

(a) Adoption of new/revised HKFRSs - first effective on 1 April 2019

HKFRS 16 Leases

HKFRS 3, HKFRS 11,

HKAS 12 and HKAS 23

1. 一般資料

中國投資開發有限公司(「本公司」)為於 一九九八年三月二十五日在開曼群島註冊成 立之獲豁免有限公司,其後於二零一一年三 月十一日撤銷註冊,且於二零一一年三月二 日以續存之形式於百慕達註冊為獲豁免公司。 本公司股份由二零零零年十二月十二日起 在香港聯合交易所有限公司(「聯交所」)上 市。其註冊辦事處位於Clarendon House, 2 Church Street, Hamilton HM11, Bermuda, 而 其香港總辦事處位於香港上環干諾道西118 號37樓3702室。

本公司之主要業務乃持有投資以獲得中期至 長期資本增值,以及投資於上市及非上市證 券。本公司旗下附屬公司之主要業務載於綜 合財務報表附註16。

2. 採納香港財務報告準則(「香港財務 報告準則|)

(a) 採納新訂/經修訂香港財務報告準 則一於二零一九年四月一日首次生效

> 香港財務報告 準則第16號

租賃

準則二零一五年

週期之年度改進

至二零一七年

HK(IFRIC)–Int 23	Uncertainty over Income Tax Treatments	香港(國際財務報告 詮釋委員會) 一 詮釋第23號	所得税處理之 不確定性
Amendments to HKFRS 9	Prepayment Features with Negative Compensation	香港財務報告準則 第9號之修訂	負補償之預付 特點
Amendments to HKAS 19	Plan Amendment, Curtailment or Settlement	香港會計準則 第19號之修訂	計劃修訂、縮減或結付
Amendments to HKAS 28	Long-term Interests in Associates and Joint Ventures	香港會計準則 第28號之修訂	於聯營公司及 合營公司之 長期權益
Amendments to	Annual Improvements to	香港財務報告準則	香港財務報告

HKFRSs 2015-2017 Cycle

第3號、香港財務報

告準則第11號、香港

會計準則第12號及

香港會計準則 第23號之修訂

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2020 截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度

2. ADOPTION OF HKFRSs (continued)

(a) Adoption of new/revised HKFRSs – first effective on 1 April 2019 (continued)

The application of the amendments to HKFRSs in the current year has had no material effect on the amounts reported in these consolidated financial statements and/or disclosures set out in these consolidated financial statements.

HKFRS 16 - Leases

(i) Impact of the adoption of HKFRS 16

HKFRS 16 brings significant changes in accounting treatment for lease accounting, primarily for accounting for lessees. It replaces HKAS 17 Leases ("HKAS 17"), HK(IFRIC)-Int 4 Determining whether an Arrangement contains a Lease, HK(SIC)-Int 15 Operating Leases-Incentives and HK(SIC)-Int 27 Evaluating the Substance of Transactions Involving the Legal Form of a Lease. From a lessee's perspective, almost all leases are recognised in the statement of financial position as right-of-use assets and lease liabilities, with the narrow exception to this principle for leases which the underlying assets are of low-value or are determined as short-term leases. From a lessor's perspective, the accounting treatment is substantially unchanged from HKAS 17. For details of HKFRS 16 regarding its new definition of a lease, its impact on the Group's accounting policies and the transition method adopted by the Group as allowed under HKFRS 16, please refer to section (ii) to (v) of this note.

The Group has applied HKFRS 16 using the cumulative effect approach and recognised all the cumulative effect of initially applying HKFRS 16 as an adjustment to the opening balance of accumulated losses at the date of initial application. The comparative information presented in 2018 has not been restated and continues to be reported under HKAS 17 and related interpretations as allowed by the transition provision in HKFRS 16.

2. 採納香港財務報告準則(續)

(a) 採納新訂/經修訂香港財務報告準 則一於二零一九年四月一日首次生 效(續)

> 於本年度應用香港財務報告準則之修 訂對該等綜合財務報表所呈報之金額 及/或該等綜合財務報表所載之披露並 無重大影響。

香港財務報告準則第16號-租賃

(i) 採納香港財務報告準則第16號之 影響

> 香港財務報告準則第16號為租賃 會計(主要為承租人之會計)之會 計處理帶來重大變動。其取代香 港會計準則第17號租賃(「香港會 計準則第17號1)、香港(國際財務 報告詮釋委員會)一詮釋第4號釐 定安排是否包括租賃、香港(準則 設釋委員會)→
> 計釋第15號經營 租賃-優惠及香港(準則詮釋委員 會)一詮釋第27號評估涉及租賃法 律形式交易的內容。就承租人之角 度而言,幾乎所有租賃均於財務狀 況表內確認為使用權資產及租賃 負債,該原則中少數例外情況為租 賃之相關資產為低價值或釐定為 短期租賃。就出租人之角度而言, 會計處理大致上與香港會計準則 第17號維持不變。有關香港財務報 告準則第16號對租賃的新定義、對 本集團會計政策的影響以及香港 財務報告準則第16號項下允許本 集團採納之過渡方法之詳情,請參 閱本附註第(ii)至(v)條。

> 本集團採用累計影響方法應用香港財務報告準則第16號,並確認的 次應用香港財務報告準則第16號之累計影響,作為對於首次應用 期之期初累計虧損結餘的調整。 期之期初累計虧損結餘的調整。 據香港財務報告準則第16號到 條文的許可,二零一八年所呈列比較資料並未重列,並繼續根據香港會計準則第17號及相關幹釋呈報。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2020 截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度

2. ADOPTION OF HKFRSs (continued)

(a) Adoption of new/revised HKFRSs – first effective on 1 April 2019 (continued)

HKFRS 16 - Leases (continued)

(i) Impact of the adoption of HKFRS 16 (continued)

The following reconciliation explains how the operating lease commitments disclosed applying HKAS 17 at the end of March 2019 could be reconciled the lease liabilities at the date of initial application recognised in the statement of financial position as at 1 April 2019:

2. 採納香港財務報告準則(續)

(a) 採納新訂/經修訂香港財務報告準 則一於二零一九年四月一日首次生 效(續)

香港財務報告準則第16號-租賃(續)

(i) 採納香港財務報告準則第16號之 影響(續)

> 以下對賬說明於二零一九年三月 末應用香港會計準則第17號披露 之經營租賃承擔如何可與於二零 一九年四月一日之財務狀況表中 確認於首次應用日期租賃負債進 行對賬:

> > HK\$'000 千港元

> > > 2.069

(2,069)

Reconciliation of operating lease commitment to lease liabilities

Operating lease commitment as of 31 March 2019

Less: short term leases for which lease terms end within 31 March 2020

經營租賃承擔與租賃負債之對賬

於二零一九年三月三十一日之 經營租賃承擔

減:租期於二零二零年三月三十一日止之

短期租賃

Total lease liabilities as of 1 April 2019

於二零一九年四月一日之租賃負債總額

(ii) The new definition of a lease

Under HKFRS 16, a lease is defined as a contract, or part of a contract, that conveys the right to use an asset (the underlying asset) for a period of time in exchange for consideration. A contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time when the customer, throughout the period of use, has both: (a) the right to obtain substantially all of the economic benefits from use of the identified asset and (b) the right to direct the use of the identified asset.

(ii) 租賃之新定義

根據香港財務報告準則第16號,租 賃界定為賦予權利於一段時間 使用一項資產(相關資產)以與當 戶所整段使用期間內擁有:(a)從 用已識別資產中取得絕大部別 濟利益的權利;及(b)指示已識別 產之用途的權利,則合約賦予權利 於一段時間控制使用已識別資產。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2020 截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度

2. ADOPTION OF HKFRSs (continued)

(a) Adoption of new/revised HKFRSs – first effective on 1 April 2019 (continued)

HKFRS 16 - Leases (continued)

(ii) The new definition of a lease (continued)

For a contract that contains a lease component and one or more additional lease or non-lease components, a lessee shall allocate the consideration in the contract to each lease component on the basis of the relative stand-alone price of the lease component and the aggregate stand-alone price of the non-lease components, unless the lessee apply the practical expedient which allows the lessee to elect, by class of underlying asset, not to separate non-lease components from lease components, and instead account for each lease component and any associated non-lease components as a single lease component.

The Group has elected to separate non-lease components and account for all each lease component and any associated non-lease components as a single lease component for all leases.

(iii) Accounting as a lessee

Under HKAS 17, a lessee has to classify a lease as an operating lease or a finance lease based on the extent to which risks and rewards incidental to ownership of a lease asset lie with the lessor or the lessee. If a lease is determined as an operating lease, the lessee would recognise the lease payments under the operating lease as an expense over the lease term. The asset under the lease would not be recognised in the statement of financial position of the lessee.

2. 採納香港財務報告準則(續)

(a) 採納新訂/經修訂香港財務報告準 則一於二零一九年四月一日首次生 效(續)

香港財務報告準則第16號-租賃(續)

(ii) 租賃之新定義(續)

就含有租賃成分以及一項或多項 額外租賃或非租賃成分的合配 言,承租人須將合約代價分配至租賃成分,基準是租賃成分的配 獨立價格及非租賃成分的總獨立 價格,除非承租人應用可行權別 法使承租人可按相關資產類別賃 擇不從租賃成分中區分非租賃成分 ,而是將各租賃成分及任何相關 引 非租賃成分入賬列作單一租賃成 分。

本集團已選擇分開呈列非租賃成 分及就所有租賃將所有各租賃成 分及任何相關非租賃成分入賬作 為一個單一租賃成分。

(iii) 作為承租人之會計處理

根據香港會計準則第17號,承租人 須根據租賃資產擁有權隨附風險 及回報與出租人或承租人之相關 程度將租賃分類為經營租赁或 資租賃。倘租賃釐定為經營租賃 承租人將於租賃期內將經營營 項下之租賃付款確認為一項開支。 租賃項下之資產將不會於承租人 之財務狀況表內確認。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2020 截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度

2. ADOPTION OF HKFRSs (continued)

(a) Adoption of new/revised HKFRSs – first effective on 1 April 2019 (continued)

HKFRS 16 - Leases (continued)

(iii) Accounting as a lessee (continued)

Under HKFRS 16, all leases (irrespective of they are operating leases or finance leases) are required to be capitalised in the statement of financial position as right-of-use assets and lease liabilities, but HKFRS 16 provides accounting policy choices for an entity to choose not to capitalise (i) leases which are short-term leases and/or (ii) leases for which the underlying asset is of low-value. The Group has elected not to recognise right-of-use assets and lease liabilities for low-value assets. The lease payments associated with those leases have been expensed on straight-line basis over the lease term.

Right-of-use asset

The right-of-use asset should be recognised at cost and would comprise: (i) the amount of the initial measurement of the lease liability (see below for the accounting policy to account for lease liability); (ii) any lease payments made at or before the commencement date, less any lease incentives received; (iii) any initial direct costs incurred by the lessee and (iv) an estimate of costs to be incurred by the lessee in dismantling and removing the underlying asset to the condition required by the terms and conditions of the lease, unless those costs are incurred to produce inventories. The Group measures the right-of-use assets applying a cost model. Under the cost model, the Group measures the right-of-use at cost, less any accumulated depreciation and any impairment losses, and adjusted for any remeasurement of lease liability. Right-of-use assets are depreciated on a straight-line basis over the shorter of its estimated useful life and the lease term.

2. 採納香港財務報告準則(續)

(a) 採納新訂/經修訂香港財務報告準 則一於二零一九年四月一日首次生 效(續)

香港財務報告準則第16號-租賃(續)

(iii) 作為承租人之會計處理(續)

根據香港財務報告準則第16號,所有租賃(不論為經營租賃或融資工為經營租賃或為財務狀況表資本化為大學資產及租賃負債,惟香港與實施,可選擇不將(i)屬資產與期間,可選擇不將(i)屬資產集團,可選擇不將(i)相關資產集團相價之租賃進行資本化。認使用相關之租赁負債。與該等租赁自債。與該等租賃租債之租賃負債。與該等租赁直線法支銷。

使用權資產

使用權資產應按成本確認並將包 括:(i)租賃負債之初步計量金額(見 下文有關租賃負債入賬之會計政 策);(ii)於開始日期或之前作出之 任何租賃付款減任何已收取之租 賃優惠; (iii)承租人產生之任何初 步直接成本及(iv)承租人在租賃條 款及條件規定之情況下拆除及移 除相關資產時將產生之估計成本, 惟該等成本乃因生產存貨而產生 者除外。本集團應用成本模式計量 使用權資產。根據成本模式,本集 **国按成本減去任何累計折舊及任** 何減值虧損計量使用權資產,並就 租賃負債之任何重新計量作出調 整。使用權資產按資產的估計可使 用年期及租期(以較短者為準)以 直線法折舊。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2020 截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度

2. ADOPTION OF HKFRSs (continued)

(a) Adoption of new/revised HKFRSs – first effective on 1 April 2019 (continued)

HKFRS 16 - Leases (continued)

(iii) Accounting as a lessee (continued)

Lease liability

The lease liability should be recognised at the present value of the lease payments that are not paid at the date of commencement of the lease. The lease payments shall be discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease, if that rate can be readily determined. If that rate cannot be readily determined, the Group shall use the Group's incremental borrowing rate.

The following payments for the right-to-use the underlying asset during the lease term that are not paid at the commencement date of the lease are considered to be lease payments: (i) fixed payments less any lease incentives receivable: (ii) variable lease payments that depend on an index or a rate, initially measured using the index or rate as at commencement date; (iii) amounts expected to be payable by the lessee under residual value guarantees; (iv) the exercise price of a purchase option if the lessee is reasonably certain to exercise that option and (v) payments of penalties for terminating the lease, if the lease term reflects the lessee exercising an option to terminate the lease.

Subsequent to the commencement date, a lessee shall measure the lease liability by: (i) increasing the carrying amount to reflect interest on the lease liability; (ii) reducing the carrying amount to reflect the lease payments made; and iii) remeasuring the carrying amount to reflect any reassessment or lease modifications, e.g., a change in future lease payments arising from change in an index or rate, a change in the lease term, a change in the in substance fixed lease payments or a change in assessment to purchase the underlying asset.

2. 採納香港財務報告準則(續)

(a) 採納新訂/經修訂香港財務報告準 則一於二零一九年四月一日首次生 效(續)

香港財務報告準則第16號-租賃(續)

(iii) 作為承租人之會計處理(續) 租賃負債

> 租賃負債應按於租賃開始日期未 付之租賃付款之現值確認。租賃付 款將按租賃隱含利率(倘該利率可 輕易釐定)貼現。倘該利率無法輕 易釐定,本集團將採用本集團之增 量借款利率。

> 於開始日期後,承租人應透過下列方式計量租賃負債:(i)增加賬面值以反映租賃負債之利息;(ii)減少賬面值以反映作出之租賃付款;及(iii)重新計量賬面值以反映任何重估或租賃修改,如指數或利率變動等致日後租賃付款變動、租賃期變動、實質固定租賃付款變動或購買相關資產之評估變動。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2020 截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度

2. ADOPTION OF HKFRSs (continued)

(a) Adoption of new/revised HKFRSs – first effective on 1 April 2019 (continued)

HKFRS 16 - Leases (continued)

(iv) Transition

As mentioned above, the Group has applied HKFRS 16 on 1 April 2019, the Group has recognised short-term lease on a straight-line basis as expenses in consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income. The comparative information presented in 2019 has not been restated and continues to be reported under HKAS 17 and related interpretations as allowed by the transition provision in HKFRS 16.

The Group has also applied the practical expedients on the exemption of not to recognise right-of-use assets and lease liabilities for leases with term that will end within 12 months of the date of initial application (1 April 2019) and accounted for those leases as short-term leases.

In addition, the Group has also applied the practical expedients such that: (i) HKFRS 16 is applied to all of the Group's lease contracts that were previously identified as leases applying HKAS 17 and HK(IFRIC)-Int 4 Determining whether an Arrangement contains a Lease and (ii) not to apply HKFRS 16 to contracts that were not previously identified as containing a lease under HKAS 17 and HK(IFRIC)-Int4.

2. 採納香港財務報告準則(續)

(a) 採納新訂/經修訂香港財務報告準 則一於二零一九年四月一日首次生 效(續)

香港財務報告準則第16號-租賃(續)

(iv) 過渡

誠如上文所述,本集團已於二零一九年四月一日應用香港財務報告準則第16號,於綜合損益及其他全面收益表內,本集團以直線法將短期租賃確認為開支。根據香港財務報告準則第16號過渡條文的許可,二零一九年呈列的比較資料並無重列,並繼續根據香港會計準則第17號及相關詮釋呈報。

本集團亦就租賃期將自首次應用 日期(二零一九年四月一日)起12 個月內結束之租賃不確認使用權 資產及租賃負債之豁免,應用可行 權宜方法,並將該等租賃以短期租 賃入賬。

此外,本集團亦已應用實際權宜方法致令:(i)香港財務報告準則第16號獲應用於本集團先前應用香港會計準則第17號及香港(國際財務報告詮釋委員會)一詮釋第4號釐定一項安排是否包含租賃:及(ii)未將香港財務報告準則第16號應用於先前並無根據香港會計準則第17號及香港(國際財務報告詮釋委員會)一詮釋第4號識別為含有租賃之合約。

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2. ADOPTION OF HKFRSs (continued)

(b) New/revised HKFRSs that have been issued but are not yet effective

The following new/revised HKFRSs, potentially relevant to the Group's financial statements, have been issued, but are not yet effective and have not been early adopted by the Group. The Group's current intention is to apply these changes on the date they become effective.

Amendments to Classification of liabilities as HKAS 1 Current and Non-Current⁴ Amendments to Definition of a business¹

HKFRS 3

Definition of material¹ Amendments to

HKAS 1 and HKAS 8

Amendments to Interest Rate Benchmark Reform¹

HKFRS 9. HKAS 39 and HKFRS 7

HKFRS 17 Insurance Contracts³

Sale or Contribution of Amendments to

HKFRS 10 and Assets between an Investor and its Associate or Joint Venture⁵ HKAS 28 COVID-19 Related Rent Amendments to

HKFRS 16 Concession²

- 1 Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2020
- 2 Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 June 2020
- 3 Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2021
- Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2022
- The amendments were originally intended to be effective for periods beginning on or after 1 January 2018. The effective date has now been deferred/removed. Early application of the amendments of the amendments continue to be permitted.

The directors of the Group anticipate that the application of all other new and revised HKFRSs and Interpretations will have no material impact on the consolidated financial statements of the Group in the future.

2. 採納香港財務報告準則(續)

(b) 已頒佈惟尚未生效之新訂/經修訂 香港財務報告準則

下列已頒佈但尚未生效之新訂/經修訂 香港財務報告準則與本集團之財務報 表潛在相關,惟尚未由本集團提早採納。 本集團現時意向為於其生效日期應用 該等變動。

香港會計準則第1號之修訂 將負債分類為流動及

非流動4

香港財務報告準則第3號 業務之定義1

之修訂

香港會計準則第1號及 重大之定義1

香港會計準則第8號

之修訂

香港財務報告準則第9號、 利率基準改革1

香港會計準則第39號及 香港財務報告準則第7號

之修訂

香港財務報告準則第17號 保險合約3

香港財務報告準則第10號及 投資者與其聯營公司或 香港會計準則第28號之 合營公司之間的資產 出售或投入5 修訂

香港財務報告準則第16號之 新冠肺炎相關租金優惠2 修訂

- 於二零二零年一月一日或之後開始的 年度期間生效
- 於二零二零年六月一日或之後開始的 年度期間生效
- 於二零二一年一月一日或之後開始的 年度期間生效
- 於二零二二年一月一日或之後開始的 年度期間生效
- 該等修訂原擬於二零一八年一月一日 或之後開始的期間生效。生效日期現已 遞延/移除,並繼續允許提早應用該等 修訂。

本集團董事預計應用所有其他新訂及 經修訂香港財務報告準則及詮釋將不 會對本集團日後之綜合財務報表造成 重大影響。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2020 截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度

3. BASIS OF PREPARATION

(a) Statement of compliance

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with all applicable HKFRSs, Hong Kong Accounting Standards ("HKASs") and Interpretations and the disclosure requirements of Hong Kong Companies Ordinance. In addition, the consolidated financial statements include applicable disclosures required by the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on the Stock Exchange ("Listing Rules").

(b) Basis of measurement

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost basis except for financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income ("FVOCI") and financial assets at fair value through profit or loss ("FVTPL"), which are measured at fair values as explained in the accounting policies set out in note 4 below.

(c) Functional and presentation currency

The consolidated financial statements are presented in Hong Kong dollars ("HK\$"). Each entity in the Group maintains its books and record in its own functional currency. The functional currency of the Company is HK\$.

3. 編製基準

(a) 合規聲明

綜合財務報表乃按照所有適用香港財務報告準則、香港會計準則(「香港會計準則」)及詮釋以及香港公司條例之披露規定編製。此外,綜合財務報表包括聯交所證券上市規則(「上市規則」)規定之適用披露。

(b) 計量基準

誠如下文附註4所載會計政策所述,綜合財務報表乃根據歷史成本法編製,惟按公平值計入在其他全面收益處理(「按公平值計入在其他全面收益處理」)之財務資產及按公平值計入在損益處理(「按公平值計入在損益處理」)之財務資產(其乃按公平值計量)除外。

(c) 功能及呈列貨幣

綜合財務報表以港元(「港元」)呈列。 本集團各實體以其本身之功能貨幣列 賬及記錄。本公司之功能貨幣為港元。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2020 截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度

4. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(a) Business combination and basis of consolidation

The consolidated financial statements comprise the financial statements of the Company and its subsidiaries ("the Group"). Inter-company transactions and balances between group companies together with unrealised profits are eliminated in full in preparing the consolidated financial statements. Unrealised losses are also eliminated unless the transaction provides evidence of impairment on the asset transferred, in which case the loss is recognised in profit or loss.

The results of subsidiaries acquired or disposed of during the year are included in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income from the dates of acquisition or up to the effective dates of disposal, as appropriate. Where necessary, adjustments are made to the financial statements of subsidiaries to bring their accounting policies into line with those used by other members of the Group.

Acquisition of subsidiaries or businesses is accounted for using the acquisition method. The cost of an acquisition is measured at the aggregate of the acquisition-date fair value of assets transferred, liabilities incurred and equity interests issued by the Group, as the acquirer. The identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed are principally measured at acquisition-date fair value. The Group's previously held equity interest in the acquiree is re-measured at acquisition-date fair value and the resulting gains or losses are recognised in profit or loss. The Group may elect, on a transaction-by-transaction basis, to measure the non-controlling interests that represent present ownership interests in the subsidiary either at fair value or at the proportionate share of the acquiree's identifiable net assets. All other noncontrolling interests are measured at fair value unless another measurement basis is required by HKFRSs. Acquisition-related costs incurred are expensed unless they are incurred in issuing equity instruments in which case the costs are deducted from equity.

4. 重大會計政策概要

(a) 業務合併及綜合基準

綜合財務報表包括本公司及其附屬公司(「本集團」)之財務報表。集團內公司間交易及結餘連同未變現溢利於編製綜合財務報表時全數對銷。未變現虧損亦會對銷,除非有關交易顯示已轉讓資產出現減值,在此情況下,虧損於損益中確認。

於年內收購或出售之附屬公司之業績, 乃由收購日期起或截至出售生效日期 止(視適用情況而定)計入綜合全面收 益表。如有必要,則調整附屬公司之財 務報表以使其會計政策與本集團其他 成員公司之會計政策一致。

收購附屬公司或業務採用收購法入賬。 收購成本乃按所轉讓資產、所產生負債 及本集團(作為收購方)發行之股本權 益於收購日期之公平值總額計量。所收 購可識別資產及所承擔負債主要按收 購當日之公平值計量。本集團先前所持 於被收購方之股權以收購日期之公平 值重新計量,而所產生之收益或虧損則 於損益中確認。本集團可按每宗交易選 擇以公平值或應佔被收購方之可識別 資產淨值比例計算非控股權益(即現時 於附屬公司之擁有權權益)。除非香港 財務報告準則規定使用其他計量基準, 否則所有其他非控股權益均按公平值 計量。所產生之收購相關成本均予以支 銷,除非該等成本乃於發行股本工具時 產生,在該情況下,有關成本乃自權益 中扣除。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2020 截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度

4. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(a) Business combination and basis of consolidation *(continued)*

Any contingent consideration to be transferred by the acquirer is recognised at acquisition-date fair value. Subsequent adjustments to consideration are recognised against goodwill only to the extent that they arise from new information obtained within the measurement period (a maximum of 12 months from the acquisition date) about the fair value at the acquisition date. All other subsequent adjustments to contingent consideration classified as an asset or a liability are recognised in profit or loss.

Contingent consideration balances arising from business combinations whose acquisition dates preceded 1 January 2010 (i.e. the date the Group first applied HKFRS 3 (2008)) have been accounted for in accordance with the transition requirements in the standard. Such balances are not adjusted upon first application of the standard. Subsequent revisions to estimates of such consideration are treated as adjustments to the cost of these business combinations and are recognised as part of goodwill.

Changes in the Group's interests in subsidiaries that do not result in a loss of control are accounted for as equity transactions. The carrying amounts of the Group's interest and the non-controlling interest are adjusted to reflect the changes in their relative interests in the subsidiaries. Any difference between the amount by which the non-controlling interest is adjusted and the fair value of the consideration paid or received is recognised directly in equity and attributed to owners of the Company.

4. 重大會計政策概要(續)

(a) 業務合併及綜合基準(續)

收購方將轉讓之任何或然代價按收購 日期之公平值確認。其後對代價之調整 僅於調整源自於計量期(最長為自收購 日期起計十二個月)內所獲得有關於收 購日期之公平值之新資料時,方以商譽 確認。所有其他分類為資產或負債之或 然代價之其後調整均於損益中確認。

收購日期為二零一零年一月一日(即本集團首次應用香港財務報告準則第3號(二零零八年)之日期)前之業務合併所產生之或然代價結餘已根據該準則之過渡規定入賬。有關結餘於首次應用該準則時並未作調整。其後對有關代價估計之修訂作為對該等業務合併成本之調整處理,並被確認為商譽之一部分。

本集團於附屬公司之權益變動如並無 導致失去控制權,則入賬列為權益交易。 本集團權益及非控股權益之賬面值均 予以調整,以反映其各自於附屬公司之 相關權益變動。非控股權益之調整金額 與所付或所收代價公平值之任何差額, 乃直接於權益中確認,並歸屬於本公司 擁有人。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2020 截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度

4. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(a) Business combination and basis of consolidation (continued)

When the Group loses control of a subsidiary, the profit or loss on disposal is calculated as the difference between (i) the aggregate of the fair value of the consideration received and the fair value of any retained interest and (ii) the previous carrying amount of the assets (including goodwill), and liabilities of the subsidiary and any non-controlling interest. Amounts previously recognised in other comprehensive income ("OCI") in relation to the subsidiary are accounted for in the same manner as would be required if the relevant assets or liabilities were disposed of.

Subsequent to acquisition, the carrying amount of non-controlling interests that represent present ownership interests in the subsidiary is the amount of those interests at initial recognition plus such non-controlling interest's share of subsequent changes in equity. Total comprehensive income is attributed to such non-controlling interests even if this results in those non-controlling interests having a deficit balance.

(b) Subsidiaries

A subsidiary is an investee over which the Company is able to exercise control. The Company controls an investee if all three of the following elements are present: (1) power over the investee, (2) exposure, or rights, to variable returns from the investee, and (3) the ability to use its power to affect those variable returns. Control is reassessed whenever facts and circumstances indicate that there may be a change in any of these elements of control.

In the Company's statement of financial position, investments in subsidiaries are stated at cost less impairment loss, if any. The results of subsidiaries are accounted for by the Company on the basis of dividend received and receivable.

4. 重大會計政策概要(續)

(a) 業務合併及綜合基準(續)

倘本集團失去對附屬公司之控制權,出 售損益乃按下列兩者之差額計算:(i)所 收代價之公平值與任何保留權益之公 平值之總額及(ii)該附屬公司之資產(包 括商譽)及負債與任何非控股權益過往 之賬面值。過往就該附屬公司於其他全 面收益(「其他全面收益」)確認之款額 按出售相關資產或負債時所規定之相 同方式列賬。

於收購後,非控股權益(即現時於附屬公司擁有權權益)之賬面值為該等權益 於初步確認時之金額加有關非控股權 益應佔權益其後變動之部分。即使會導 致該等非控股權益出現虧絀結餘,全面 收益總額仍歸屬於有關非控股權益。

(b) 附屬公司

附屬公司為本公司可行使控制權之投資對象。符合以下全部三項要素時則本公司對投資對象擁有控制權:(1)對投資對象有權力:(2)對投資對象之可變回報承擔風險或享有權利:及(3)可使用其權力影響該等可變回報。倘有事實及情況顯示任何該等控制權要素出現變動,則重新評估控制權。

於本公司財務狀況表內,於附屬公司之 投資按成本減減值虧損(如有)列賬。 附屬公司之業績由本公司按已收及應 收股息基準入賬。

綜合財務報表附註

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4. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(c) Associates

An associate is an entity over which the Group has significant influence and that is neither a subsidiary nor a joint venture. Significant influence is the power to participate in the financial and operating policy decisions of the investee but not control or joint control over those policies. Associates are accounted for using the equity method whereby they are initially recognised at cost and thereafter, their carrying amount are adjusted for the Group's share of the post-acquisition change in the associates' net assets except that losses in excess of the Group's interest in the associate are not recognised unless there is an obligation to make good those losses.

Profits and losses arising on transactions between the Group and its associates are recognised only to the extent of unrelated investors' interests in the associate. The investor's share in the associate's profits and losses resulting from these transactions is eliminated against the carrying value of the associate.

Any premium paid for an associate above the fair value of the Group's share of the identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities acquired is capitalised and included in the carrying amount of the associate and the entire carrying amount of the investment is subject to impairment test, by comparing the carrying amount with its recoverable amount, which is higher of value in use and fair value less costs to sell.

In the Company's statement of financial position, investments in associates are carried at cost less impairment losses, if any. The results of associates are accounted for by the Company on the basis of dividends received and receivable during the year.

4. 重大會計政策概要(續)

(c) 聯營公司

聯營公司為本集團對其有重大影響力 之實體,而並非附屬公司或合營企業。 重大影響力指有權參與決定投資對財務及營運政策,惟並無控制或共同控制該等政策。聯營公司乃使用權益法入 賬,據此,其初步按成本確認,其後會就本集團分佔聯營公司資產淨值收購 後變動調整其賬面值,惟不會確認超過本集團於聯營公司之權益之虧損,除非有責任清償該等虧損。

本集團與其聯營公司之間之交易所產 生溢利及虧損僅就不相關投資者於聯 營公司之權益而確認。投資者於聯營公 司所佔來自該等交易之溢利及虧損以 聯營公司之賬面值對銷。

已付聯營公司任何溢價超出本集團分佔所收購可識別資產、負債及或然負債 之公平值之金額會撥充資本,並計入聯 營公司之賬面值,而投資之全部賬面值 通過比較其賬面值與其可收回金額(使 用價值及公平值減出售成本之較高者) 進行減值測試。

於本公司之財務狀況表內,於聯營公司 之投資按成本減減值虧損(如有)列賬。 聯營公司之業績由本公司按年內已收 及應收股息基準入賬。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2020 截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度

4. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(d) Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses.

The cost of property, plant and equipment includes its purchase price and the costs directly attributable to the acquisition of the items.

Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognised as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Group and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. All other repairs and maintenance are recognised as an expense in profit or loss during the financial period in which they are incurred.

Property, plant and equipment are depreciated so as to write off their cost net of expected residual value over their estimated useful lives on a straight-line basis. The useful lives, residual value and depreciation method are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at the end of each reporting period. The useful lives are as follows:

Leasehold improvement
Over the shorter of the lease term or 4 years
Furniture and fixture
Office equipment
Computer equipment
Motor vehicle
Over the shorter of the lease term or 4 years
5 years
5 years

An asset is written down immediately to its recoverable amount if its carrying amount is higher than the asset's estimated recoverable amount.

The gain or loss on disposal of an item of property, plant and equipment is the difference between the net sale proceeds and its carrying amount, and is recognised in profit or loss on disposal.

4. 重大會計政策概要(續)

(d) 物業、廠房及設備

物業、廠房及設備按成本減累計折舊及 累計減值虧損列賬。

物業、廠房及設備成本包括購買價及購 買該等項目的直接應佔成本。

其後成本僅在與該項目相關之未來經濟利益可能流入本集團,且該項目之成本能可靠計量時,方計入資產之賬面值或確認為獨立資產(視適用情況而定)。 所有其他維修及保養成本,於其產生之財務期間於損益確認為開支。

物業、廠房及設備之折舊,於其估計可使用年期以直線法計提,以撇銷其成本(經扣除預期剩餘價值)。於各報告期末,已審閱可使用年期、剩餘價值及折舊法並作出調整(如適用)。可使用年期如下:

租賃物業裝修 租賃期限或四年 (兩者中之較短者) 傢俬及裝置 五年 辦公室設備 五年

 電腦設備
 五年

 汽車
 五年

倘資產賬面值高於資產估計可收回金額,則資產即時撇減至其可收回金額。

出售物業、廠房及設備項目之收益或虧 損為出售所得款項淨額與其賬面值之 差額,並於出售時於損益確認。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2020 截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度

4. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(e)(A)Leases (accounting policies applied from 1 April 2019)

All leases (irrespective of they are operating leases or finance leases) are required to be capitalised in the statement of financial position as right-of-use assets and lease liabilities, but accounting policy choices exist for an entity to choose not to capitalise (i) leases which are short-term leases and/or (ii) leases for which the underlying asset is of low-value. The Group has elected not to recognise right-of-use assets and lease liabilities for low-value assets and leases for which at the commencement date have a lease term less than 12 months. The lease payments associated with those leases have been expensed on straight-line basis over the lease term.

Right-of-use asset

The right-of-use asset should be recognised at cost and would comprise: (i) the amount of the initial measurement of the lease liability (see below for the accounting policy to account for lease liability); (ii) any lease payments made at or before the commencement date, less any lease incentives received; (iii) any initial direct costs incurred by the lessee and (iv) an estimate of costs to be incurred by the lessee in dismantling and removing the underlying asset to the condition required by the terms and conditions of the lease, unless those costs are incurred to produce inventories. The Group measures the right-of-use assets applying a cost model. Under the cost model, the Group measures the right-of-use at cost, less any accumulated depreciation and any impairment losses, and adjusted for any remeasurement of lease liability. Right-of-use assets are deprecated on a straight-line basis over the shorter of its estimated useful life and the lease term.

4. 重大會計政策概要(續)

(e)(A)租賃(自二零一九年四月一日起應 用的會計政策)

所有租賃(不論為經營租賃或融資租賃) 須於財務狀況表資本化為使用權資產 及租賃負債,惟實體可作出會計政策選 擇,選擇不將(i)屬短期租賃的租賃進行資本 成(ii)相關資產為低價值之租賃進行資本 化。本集團已選擇不就低價值資產及自 開始日後租期少於12個月的租賃確認使 用權資產及租賃負債。與該等租賃相關 之租賃付款已於租賃期內按直線法支 銷。

使用權資產

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2020 截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度

4. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(e)(A)Leases (accounting policies applied from 1 April 2019) (continued)

Lease liability

The lease liability is recognised at the present value of the lease payments that are not paid at the date of commencement of the lease. The lease payments are discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease, if that rate can be readily determined. If that rate cannot be readily determined, the Group uses the Group's incremental borrowing rate.

The following payments for the right-to-use the underlying asset during the lease term that are not paid at the commencement date of the lease are considered to be lease payments: (i) fixed payments less any lease incentives receivable: (ii) variable lease payments that depend on an index or a rate, initially measured using the index or rate as at commencement date; (iii) amounts expected to be payable by the lessee under residual value guarantees; (iv) the exercise price of a purchase option if the lessee is reasonably certain to exercise that option and (v) payments of penalties for terminating the lease, if the lease term reflects the lessee exercising an option to terminate the lease.

Subsequent to the commencement date, the Group measures the lease liability by: (i) increasing the carrying amount to reflect interest on the lease liability; (ii) reducing the carrying amount to reflect the lease payments made; and iii) remeasuring the carrying amount to reflect any reassessment or lease modifications, e.g., a change in future lease payments arising from change in an index or rate, a change in the lease term, a change in the in substance fixed lease payments or a change in assessment to purchase the underlying asset.

4. 重大會計政策概要(續)

(e)(A) 租賃(自二零一九年四月一日起應 用的會計政策) (續)

租賃負債

租賃負債按於租賃開始日期未付之租賃付款之現值確認。租賃付款按租賃隱含利率(倘該利率可輕易釐定)貼現。 倘該利率無法輕易釐定,本集團採用本集團之增量借款利率。

下列於租賃期內就並非於租賃開始日期支付之相關資產使用權所作付款被視為租賃付款:(i)固定付款減任何應收租賃優惠:(ii)初步按於開始日期之指數或利率計量之可變租賃付款(其取決於指數或利率):(iii)承租人根據剩餘價值擔保預期應支付之款項:(iv)倘承租人合理確定行使購買選擇權,該選擇權之行使價:及(v)於承租人行使終止租賃罰款。

於開始日期後,本集團應透過下列方式計量租賃負債:(i)增加賬面值以反映租賃負債之利息;(ii)減少賬面值以反映作出之租賃付款;及(iii)重新計量賬面值以反映任何重估或租賃修改,如指數或利率變動導致日後租賃付款變動、租賃期變動、實質固定租賃付款變動或購買相關資產之評估變動。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2020 截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度

4. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(e)(B)Leases (accounting policies applied from 31 March 2019)

Leases are classified as finance leases whenever the terms of the lease transfer substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership to lessee. All other leases are classified as operating leases.

The Group as lessee

The total rentals payable under the operating leases are recognised in profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the term of the relevant lease. Lease incentives received are recognised as an integrated part of the total rental expenses over the terms of the lease.

(f) Financial instruments

(i) Financial assets

A financial asset (unless it is a trade receivable without a significant financing component) is initially measured at fair value plus, for an item not at FVTPL, transaction costs that are directly attributable to its acquisition or issue. A trade receivable without a significant financing component is initially measured at the transaction price.

All regular way purchases and sales of financial assets are recognised on the trade date, that is, the date that the Group commits to purchase or sell the asset. Regular way purchases or sales are purchases or sales of financial assets that require delivery of assets within the period generally established by regulation or convention in the market place.

Financial assets with embedded derivatives are considered in their entirely when determining whether their cash flows are solely payment of principal and interest.

4. 重大會計政策概要(續)

(e)(B) 租賃(自二零一九年三月三十一日 起應用的會計政策)

凡租賃條款將所有權之絕大部分風險 及回報轉移至承租人之租賃,均分類為 融資租賃。所有其他租賃均分類為經營 租賃。

本集團作為承租人

經營租賃項下之應付租金總額於相關 租賃期限內以直線法於損益確認。所收 租賃優惠會作為總租金開支之整體部 分在租賃期限確認。

(f) 財務工具

(i) 財務資產

並非按公平值計入在損益處理之 財務資產(並無重大融資成分的應 收貿易賬款除外)初步按公平值加 上與其收購或發行直接相關的交 易成本計量。並無重大融資成分之 應收貿易賬款初步按交易價計量。

所有以常規方式買賣之財務資產 於交易日(即本集團承諾購買或出 售資產當日)確認。常規買賣指規 定於一般由市場規則或慣例確立 的期間內交付資產之財務資產買 賣。

在確定嵌入式衍生工具財務資產 之現金流量是否僅為支付本金及 利息時,會整體考慮有關財務資 產。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2020 截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度

4. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

- (f) Financial instruments (continued)
 - (i) Financial assets (continued)

Debt instruments

Subsequent measurement of debt instruments depends on the Group's business model for managing the asset and the cash flow characteristics of the asset. There are three measurement categories into which the Group classifies its debt instruments:

Amortised cost: Assets that are held for collection of contractual cash flows where those cash flows represent solely payments of principal and interest are measured at amortised cost. Financial assets at amortised cost are subsequently measured using the effective interest rate method. Interest income, foreign exchange gains and losses and impairment are recognised in profit or loss. Any gain on derecognition is recognised in profit or loss.

FVOCI: Assets that are held for collection of contractual cash flows and for selling the financial assets, where the assets' cash flows represent solely payments of principal and interest, are measured at FVOCI. Debt investments at FVOCI are subsequently measured at fair value. Interest income calculated using the effective interest rate method, foreign exchange gains and losses and impairment are recognised in profit or loss. Other net gains and losses are recognised in OCI. On derecognition, gains and losses accumulated in OCI are reclassified to profit or loss.

4. 重大會計政策概要(續)

- (f) 財務工具(續)
 - (i) 財務資產(續)

債務工具

債務工具之後續計量取決於本集 團管理該項資產的業務模式及該 項資產的現金流量特徵。本集團將 債務工具分為三個計量類別:

按攤銷成本:對於持有以收取合約 現金流量的資產,倘合約現金流量 僅代表本金與利息付款,則該資產 按攤銷成本計算。按攤銷成本計量 的財務資產其後採用實際利率法 計量。利息收入、匯兑收益及虧損 以及減值於損益確認。終止確認的 任何收益於損益確認。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2020 截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度

4. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

- (f) Financial instruments (continued)
 - (i) Financial assets (continued)

Debt instruments (continued)

FVTPL: Financial assets at FVTPL include financial assets held for trading, financial assets designated upon initial recognition at FVTPL, or financial assets mandatorily required to be measured at fair value. Financial assets are classified as held for trading if they are acquired for the purpose of selling or repurchasing in the near term. Derivatives, including separated embedded derivatives, are also classified as held for trading unless they are designated as effective hedging instruments.

Financial assets with cash flows that are not solely payments of principal and interest are classified and measured at FVTPL, irrespective of the business model. Notwithstanding the criteria for debt instruments to be classified at amortised cost or at FVOCI, as described above, debt instruments may be designated at FVTPL on initial recognition if doing so eliminates, or significantly reduces, an accounting mismatch.

Equity instruments

On initial recognition of an equity investment that is not held for trading, the Company could irrevocably elect to present subsequent changes in the investment's fair value in OCI. This election is made on an investment-by-investment basis. Equity investments at FVOCI are measured at fair value. Dividend income are recognised in profit or loss unless the dividend income clearly represents a recovery of part of the cost of the investments. Other net gains and losses are recognised in OCI and are not reclassified to profit or loss. All other equity instruments are classified as FVTPL, whereby changes in fair value, dividends and interest income are recognised in profit or loss.

4. 重大會計政策概要(續)

- (f) 財務工具(續)
 - (i) 財務資產(續)

債務工具(續)

按公平值計入在損益處理:按公平值計入損益計量的財務資產、於初步確認時 持作買賣財務資產、於初步確認時 指定為按公平值計入在損益之財務資產或強制要求益處平 之財務資產。財務資產。財務資產。財務資產。財務資產。財務資產。財務資產,以 短期內出售或購回為目的而收生, 則分類為持作買賣資產。衍生工具, 分類為持作買賣,除非其被指定為 有效對沖工具。

現金流量並非純粹支付本金及利息的財務資產,不論其業務模式如何,均按公平值計入在損益分類及計量。儘管如上文所述債務工具可按攤銷成本或按公平值計入在其他全面收益分類,但於初始確認時,倘能夠消除或顯著減少會計錯配,則債務工具可指定為按公平值計入在損益處理。

股本工具

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2020 截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度

4. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(f) Financial instruments (continued)

(ii) Impairment loss on financial assets

The Group recognises loss allowances for expected credit loss ("ECL") on other receivables measured at amortised cost. The ECLs are measured on either of the following bases: (1) 12 months ECLs: these are the ECLs that result from possible default events within the 12 months after the reporting date; and (2) lifetime ECLs: these are ECLs that result from all possible default events over the expected life of a financial instrument. The maximum period considered when estimating ECLs is the maximum contractual period over which the Company is exposed to credit risk.

ECLs are a probability-weighted estimate of credit losses. Credit losses are measured as the difference between all contractual cash flows that are due to the Company in accordance with the contract and all the cash flows that the Company expects to receive. The shortfall is then discounted at an approximation to the assets' original effective interest rate.

The Group has elected to measure loss allowances for other receivables using HKFRS 9 simplified approach and has calculated ECLs based on lifetime ECLs. The Group has established a provision matrix that is based on the Group's historical credit loss experience, adjusted for forward-looking factors specific to the debtors and the economic environment.

4. 重大會計政策概要(續)

(f) 財務工具(續)

(ii) 財務資產減值虧損

本集團就按攤銷成本計量的其他 應收款項確認預期信貸虧損(「預 期信貸虧損」)的虧損撥備。預期信 貸虧損按下列基準其中之一計量: (1)12個月預期信貸虧損:其為於 告日期後12個月內發生之可能違 約事件導致之預期信貸虧損:此乃於數事件 產期預期信貸虧損:此乃於約事件 產生之預期信貸虧損。於估計 高之最長期間 信貸虧損時考慮之最長的期間。

預期信貸虧損為信貸虧損的概率 加權估計。信貸虧損乃按本公司根 據合約應付的所有合約現金流量 與本公司預期收取的所有現金流量 量之間的差額計算得出。該差額其 後按資產原有實際利率的近似值 貼現。

本集團已選擇採用香港財務報告 準則第9號簡化法計量其他應收款 項之虧損撥備,並已根據全期預期 信貸虧損計算預期信貸虧損。本集 團已設立根據本集團過往信貸虧 損經驗計算的撥備矩陣,並按債務 人前瞻性因素及經濟環境作出調 整。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2020 截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度

4. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

- (f) Financial instruments (continued)
 - (ii) Impairment loss on financial assets (continued)

For other debt financial assets, the ECLs are based on the 12-months ECLs. However, when there has been a significant increase in credit risk since origination, the allowance will be based on the lifetime ECLs.

When determining whether the credit risk of a financial asset has increased significantly since initial recognition and when estimating ECL, the Group considers reasonable and supportable information that is relevant and available without undue cost or effort. This includes both quantitative and qualitative information analysis, based on the Group's historical experience and informed credit assessment and including forward-looking information.

The Group assumes that the credit risk on a financial asset has increased significantly if it is more than 30 days past due.

The Group considers a financial asset to be creditimpaired when: (1) the borrower is unlikely to pay its credit obligations to the Group in full, without recourse by the Group to actions such as realising security (if any is held): or (2) the financial asset is more than 90 days past due.

Interest income on credit-impaired financial assets is calculated based on the amortised cost (i.e. the gross carrying amount less loss allowance) of the financial asset. For non credit-impaired financial assets interest income is calculated based on the gross carrying amount.

4. 重大會計政策概要(續)

- (f) 財務工具(續)
 - (ii) 財務資產減值虧損(續)

就其他債務財務資產而言,預期信貸虧損根據12個月預期信貸虧損釐定。然而,倘開始以來信貸風險顯著增加,撥備將以至期預期信貸虧損為基準。

當釐定財務資產之信貸風險是否 自初始確認後大幅增加,並於估計 預期信貸虧損時,本集團考慮相關 及毋須付出不必要成本或努力即 可獲得的合理及可靠資料。此包括 根據本集團的過往經驗及已知信 貸評估得出之定量及定性資料分 析,並包括前瞻性資料。

本集團假設,倘財務資產逾期超過 30日,則財務資產的信貸風險已大 幅增加。

本集團認為財務資產於下列情況下為信貸減值:(1)借款人不大可能在本集團並無追索行動(如變現擔保)(如持有)下向本集團悉數支付其信貸義務:或(2)該財務資產逾期超過90日。

信貸減值財務資產之利息收入乃 根據財務資產之攤銷成本(即總賬 面值減虧損撥備)計算。非信貸減 值財務資產之利息收入乃根據總 賬面值計算。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2020 截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度

4. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(f) Financial instruments (continued)

(iii) Financial liabilities

The Group classifies its financial liabilities, depending on the purpose for which the liabilities were incurred. Financial liabilities at FVTPL are initially measured at fair value and financial liabilities at amortised cost are initially measured at fair value, net of directly attributable costs incurred.

Financial liabilities at amortised cost

Financial liabilities at amortised cost including other payables and accrued charges is subsequently measured at amortised cost, using the effective interest method. The related interest expense is recognised in profit or loss.

Gains or losses are recognised in profit or loss when the liabilities are derecognised as well as through the amortisation process.

(iv) Effective interest method

The effective interest method is a method of calculating the amortised cost of a financial asset or financial liability and of allocating interest income or interest expense over the relevant period. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts or payments through the expected life of the financial asset or liability, or where appropriate, a shorter period.

(v) Equity instruments

Equity instruments issued by the Company are recorded at the proceeds received, net of direct issue costs.

4. 重大會計政策概要(續)

(f) 財務工具(續)

(iii) 財務負債

本集團根據負債產生之目的,對其 財務負債進行分類。按公平值計入 在損益處理之財務負債初步按公 平值計量,而按攤銷成本計量之財 務負債初步按公平值扣除所產生 直接應佔成本計量。

按攤銷成本計量之財務負債 按攤銷成本計量之財務負債包括 其他應付款項及應計費用,其後採 用實際利率法按攤銷成本計量。有 關利息開支在損益中確認。

於終止確認負債時及在攤銷過程中,收益或虧損在損益中確認。

(iv) 實際利率法

實際利率法乃計算財務資產或財務負債之攤銷成本及分配相關期間利息收入或利息開支之方法。實際利率乃按財務資產或負債之預計年期或適用之較短期間,準確貼現估計未來現金收款或付款之利率。

(v) 股本工具

本公司所發行股本工具乃按已收所得款項扣除直接發行成本入賬。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2020 截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度

4. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(f) Financial instruments (continued)

(vi) Derecognition

The Group derecognises a financial asset when the contractual rights to the future cash flows in relation to the financial asset expire or when the financial asset has been transferred and the transfer meets the criteria for derecognition in accordance with HKFRS 9.

Financial liabilities are derecognised when the obligation specified in the relevant contract is discharged, cancelled or expires.

Where the Group issues its own equity instruments to a creditor to settle a financial liability in whole or in part as a result of renegotiating the terms of that liability, the equity instruments issued are the consideration paid and are recognised initially and measured at their fair value on the date the financial liability or part thereof is extinguished. If the fair value of the equity instruments issued cannot be reliably measured, the equity instruments are measured to reflect the fair value of the financial liability extinguished. The difference between the carrying amount of the financial liability or part thereof extinguished and the consideration paid is recognised in profit or loss for the year.

(g) Revenue recognition

Interest income is accrued on a timely basis on the principal outstanding at the applicable interest rate.

4. 重大會計政策概要(續)

(f) 財務工具(續)

(vi)終止確認

倘就財務資產收取未來現金流量 之合約權利到期或財務資產被轉 移且該轉移符合香港財務報告準 則第9號終止確認之條件,則本集 團會終止確認財務資產。

倘相關合約之特定責任被解除、取 消或屆滿,則終止確認財務負債。

(a) 收益確認

利息收入乃根據未償還本金按時間基 準以適用利率累計。

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For the year ended 31 March 2020 截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度

4. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(h) Income taxes

Income taxes for the year comprise current tax and deferred tax.

Current tax is based on the profit or loss from ordinary activities adjusted for items that are non-assessable or disallowable for income tax purposes and is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the end of reporting period.

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities for financial reporting purposes and the corresponding amounts used for tax purposes. Except for goodwill and recognised assets and liabilities that affect neither accounting nor taxable profits, deferred tax liabilities are recognised for all taxable temporary differences. Deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which deductible temporary differences can be utilised. Deferred tax is measured at the tax rates appropriate to the expected manner in which the carrying amount of the asset or liability is realised or settled and that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the end of reporting period.

An exception to the general requirement on determining the appropriate tax rate used in measuring deferred tax amount is when an investment property is carried at fair value under HKAS 40 "Investment Property". Unless the presumption is rebutted, the deferred tax amounts on these investment properties are measured using the tax rates that would apply on sale of these investment properties at their carrying amounts at the reporting date. The presumption is rebutted when the investment property is depreciable and is held within a business model whose objective is to consume substantially all the economic benefits embodied in the property over time, rather than through sale.

4. 重大會計政策概要(續)

(h) 所得税

年內所得稅包括即期稅項及遞延稅項。

即期税項乃基於按就所得税而言毋須 課税或不可扣税之項目作出調整之日 常業務所產生溢利或虧損,採用於報告 期末已頒佈或實際上已頒佈的稅率計 算。

倘投資物業根據香港會計準則第40號 「投資物業」按公平值列賬,則可豁免遵 守釐定用於計量遞延税項金額之適用 税率之一般規定。除非推定遭駁回, 則該等投資物業之遞延税項金額較 告日期使用按其賬面值出售該等投資 物業所應用稅率計量。倘投資物業可予 折舊,且持有物業之業務模式目的 時間而非透過銷售獲取該物業絕 分經濟收益,則有關假設遭駁回。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2020 截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度

4. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(h) Income taxes (continued)

Deferred tax liabilities are recognised for taxable temporary differences arising on investments in subsidiaries, associates and jointly controlled entities, except where the Group is able to control the reversal of the temporary difference and it is probable that the temporary difference will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

Income taxes are recognised in profit or loss except when they relate to items recognised in OCI in which case the taxes are also recognised in OCI.

(i) Share-based payments

Where share options are awarded to employees and others providing similar services that are vested at the date of grant, the fair value of the share options granted is expensed immediately to profit or loss with a corresponding increase in the share option reserve within equity.

When the share options are exercised, the amount previously recognised in share options reserve will be transferred to share premium. When the share options are forfeited after the vesting date or are still not exercised at the expiry date, the amount previously recognised in share options reserve will be transferred to accumulated profit or loss.

4. 重大會計政策概要(續)

(h) 所得税(續)

於附屬公司、聯營公司及共同控制實體 之投資所產生應課税暫時差額會確認 遞延税項負債,惟倘本集團可控制暫時 差額撥回,且暫時差額可能不會於可見 將來撥回時則除外。

所得税於損益中確認,惟倘所得税與已 於其他全面收益確認之項目有關則除 外,於此情況下,有關税項亦於其他全 面收益確認。

(i) 以股份支付交易

當向僱員及提供類似服務之其他人士 頒授於授出日期歸屬之購股權,所授出 購股權之公平值將即時於損益支銷,而權益中之購股權儲備則相應增加。

購股權獲行使時,過往於購股權儲備中確認之數額將轉撥至股份溢價。當購股權於歸屬日期後被沒收或於屆滿日仍未獲行使,則過往於購股權儲備中確認之數額將轉撥至累計損益。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2020 截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度

4. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(j) Impairment of assets (other than financial assets)

At the end of each reporting period, the Group reviews the carrying amounts of the following assets to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have suffered an impairment loss or an impairment loss previously recognised no longer exists or may have decreased:

- Property, plant and equipment; and
- Investment in subsidiaries and associate

If the recoverable amount (i.e. the greater of the fair value less costs to sell and value in use) of an asset is estimated to be less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of the asset is reduced to its recoverable amount. An impairment loss is recognised as an expense immediately.

Where an impairment loss subsequently reverses, the carrying amount of the asset is increased to the revised estimate of its recoverable amount, to the extent that the increased carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset in prior years. A reversal of an impairment loss is recognised as income immediately.

(k) Provisions

Provisions are recognised for liabilities of uncertain timing or amount when the Group has a legal or constructive obligation arising as a result of a past event, which will probably result in an outflow of economic benefits that can be reasonably estimated.

4. 重大會計政策概要(續)

(j) 資產減值(金融資產除外)

於各報告期末,本集團審閱以下資產之 賬面值以確定是否存在該等資產蒙受 減值虧損或過往確認之減值虧損不再 存在或可能已減少之跡象:

- 物業、廠房及設備;及
- 於附屬公司及聯營公司之投資

倘估計一項資產之可收回金額(即公平 值減出售成本及使用價值之較高者)少 於其賬面值,則該資產之賬面值削減至 其可收回金額。減值虧損即時確認為一 項開支。

倘減值虧損其後撥回,該項資產之賬面 值會增至其可收回金額之經調整估計 水平,惟所增加賬面值不得超過於過往 年度並無就該資產確認減值虧損而原 應釐定之賬面值。減值虧損撥回將即時 確認為收入。

(k) 撥備

倘本集團因過去事件產生法定或推定 責任而可能導致可合理估計之經濟利 益流出,則本集團將就不確定時間或金 額之負債確認撥備。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2020 截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度

4. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(I) Employee benefits

(i) Short term employee benefits

Short term employee benefits are employee benefits (other than termination benefits) that are expected to be settled wholly before twelve months after the end of the annual reporting period in which the employees render the related service. Short term employee benefits are recognised in the year when the employees render the related service.

(ii) Defined contribution retirement plan

Contributions to defined contribution retirement plans are recognised as an expense in profit or loss when the services are rendered by the employees.

(iii) Termination benefits

Termination benefits are recognised on the earlier of when the Group can no longer withdraw the offer of those benefits and when the Group recognises restructuring costs involving the payment of termination benefits

4. 重大會計政策概要(續)

(I) 僱員福利

(i) 短期僱員福利

短期僱員福利為預期將於僱員提供相關服務之年度報告期間結束後十二個月內悉數結付的僱員福利(終止福利除外)。短期僱員福利均於僱員提供相關服務的年度內確認。

(ii) 定額供款退休計劃

向定額供款退休計劃之供款乃於 僱員提供服務時之損益內確認為 開支。

(iii) 離職福利

離職福利於本集團不可再撤回福利或本集團確認涉及支付離職福利之重組費用時(以較早者為準)確認。

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For the year ended 31 March 2020 截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度

4. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(m) Related parties

- (a) A person or a close member of that person's family is related to the Group if that person:
 - (i) has control or joint control over the Group;
 - (ii) has significant influence over the Group; or
 - (iii) is a member of key management personnel of the Group or the Company's parent.
- (b) An entity is related to the Group if any of the following conditions apply:
 - (i) The entity and the Group are members of the same group (which means that each parent, subsidiary and fellow subsidiary is related to the others).
 - (ii) One entity is an associate or joint venture of the other entity (or an associate or joint venture of a member of a group of which the other entity is a member).
 - (iii) Both entities are joint ventures of the same third party.
 - (iv) One entity is a joint venture of a third entity and the other entity is an associate of the third entity.
 - (v) The entity is a post-employment benefit plan for the benefit of the employees of the Group or an entity related to the Group.

4. 重大會計政策概要(續)

(m) 關連人士

- (a) 倘一名人士符合以下條件,則該名 人士或其近親與本集團有關連:
 - (i) 控制或共同控制本集團;
 - (ii) 對本集團有重大影響;或
 - (iii) 為本集團或本公司母公司之 主要管理層成員。
- (b) 倘符合下列任何條件,則實體與本 集團有關連:
 - (i) 該實體與本集團屬同一集團 之成員公司(即各母公司、附 屬公司及同系附屬公司彼此 間有關連)。
 - (ii) 一家實體為另一實體之聯營 公司或合營企業(或另一為成 員公司的實體所屬的集團成 員公司的聯營公司或合營企 業)。
 - (iii) 兩家實體均為同一第三方之 合營企業。
 - (iv) 一家實體為第三方實體之合 營企業,而另一實體為該第三 方實體之聯營公司。
 - (v) 實體為本集團或與本集團有關連之實體就僱員福利設立 之離職後福利計劃。

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For the year ended 31 March 2020 截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度

- 4. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)
 - (m) Related parties (continued)
 - (b) (continued)
 - (vi) The entity is controlled or jointly controlled by a person identified in (a).
 - (vii) A person identified in (a)(i) has significant influence over the entity or is a member of key management personnel of the entity (or of a parent of the entity).
 - (viii) The entity, or any member of a group of which it is a part, provides key management personnel services to the Group or to the Group's parent.

Close members of the family of a person are those family members who may be expected to influence, or be influenced by, that person in their dealings with the entity and include:

- (i) that person's children and spouse or domestic partner;
- (ii) children of that person's spouse or domestic partner; and
- (iii) dependents of that person or that person's spouse or domestic partner.

- 4. 重大會計政策概要(續)
 - (m) 關連人士(續)
 - (b) (續)
 - (vi) 實體受(a)所識別人士控制或 共同控制。
 - (vii) 於(a)(i)所識別人士對實體有重 大影響力或屬該實體或該實 體之母公司主要管理層成員。
 - (viii) 該實體,或其所屬集團之任何 成員公司,向本集團或本集團 之母公司提供主要管理層服 務。

某一人士之近親指預期可影響該 人士與實體進行買賣或於買賣時 受該人士影響的有關家族成員,包 括:

- (i) 該名人士之子女及配偶或家 庭夥伴;
- (ii) 該名人士之配偶或家庭夥伴 之子女;及
- (iii) 該名人士或該名人士之配偶 或家庭夥伴之受養人。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2020 截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度

5. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS AND KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION UNCERTAINTY

The key assumptions concerning the future and other sources of estimation uncertainty at the end of reporting period that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year are discussed below.

Allowance for bad and doubtful debts

The Group maintains an allowance for estimated loss arising from the inability of its customers to make the required payments. The impairment allowances are based on assumptions about risk of default and expected credit loss rates. The Group makes its estimates based on the ageing of its loan balances, customers' creditworthiness, historical write-off experience and existing market condition including forward-looking estimates as at the reporting date. If the financial condition of its customers was to deteriorate so that the actual impairment loss might be higher than expected, the Group would be required to revise the basis of making the allowance and its future results would be affected.

Fair value of financial asset at FVOCI

The Group classifies certain investments as financial asset at FVOCI whose fair value cannot be derived from active markets. In the absence of an active market, the directors use their judgement in selecting an appropriate valuation technique for those financial instruments not quoted in an active market. This value technique includes some assumptions not supported by observable market prices and rates. Changes in assumptions about these factors could affect the reported fair value of financial instruments.

5. 關鍵會計判斷及估計之不肯定因素 主要來源

於報告期末時,具有重大風險可導致資產及 負債賬面值在下一個財政年度出現大幅調整 之有關未來之主要假設及估計不肯定因素其 他來源討論如下。

呆壞賬撥備

本集團就客戶無能力支付須繳款項而導致的估計虧損作出撥備。減值撥備根據有關違約 風險以及預期信貸虧損率的假設計提。本集 團根據貸款結存的賬齡、客戶信譽度、過往 撇銷經驗及現時市況作出估計(包括於報告 日期的前瞻性估計)。倘客戶財務狀況惡化 以致於實際減值虧損高於預期,本集團將需 修改計提撥備基準,其未來業績將受到影響。

按公平值計入在其他全面收益處理之財 務資產的公平值

本集團將若干投資(其公平值無法自活躍市場取得)分類為按公平值計入在其他全面收益處理之財務資產。倘無活躍市場,董事運用判斷為該等並無活躍市場報價的財務工具挑選適當的估值技術。相關估值技術包括並無可觀察市場價格及費率所支持的若干假設。有關等因素的假設變動或會影響金融工具之呈報公平值。

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5. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS AND KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION UNCERTAINTY (continued)

Impairment of non-financial assets

The Group assesses impairment at each reporting date by evaluating conditions specific to the Group that may lead to impairment of assets. Where an impairment trigger exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is determined. Value-inuse calculations performed in assessing recoverable amounts incorporate a number of key estimates and assumptions about future events, which are subject to uncertainty and might materially differ from the actual results. In making these key estimates and judgements, the directors take into consideration assumptions that are mainly based on market condition existing at the reporting date and regularly compared to actual market date and actual transactions entered into by the Group.

6. SEGMENT INFORMATION

An operating segment is a component of the Group that is engaged in business activities from which the Group may earn revenue and incur expenses, and is identified on the basis of the internal management reporting information that is provided to and regularly reviewed by the Group's chief operating decision maker in order to allocate resources and assess performance of the segment. For the years ended 31 March 2020 and 2019, the information reported to the executive directors, who are the chief operating decision makers for the purpose of resource allocation and assessment of performance, do not contain profit or loss information of each business line or geographical area and the executive directors reviewed the financial result of the Group as a whole reported under HKFRSs. Therefore, the executive directors have determined that the Group has only one single business component/reportable segment as the Group is only engaged in investment holding. The executive directors allocate resources and assess performance on an aggregated basis. Accordingly, no operating segment is presented.

5. 關鍵會計判斷及估計之不肯定因素 主要來源(續)

非財務資產減值

本集團於各報告日期評估可能導致資產減值 之本集團獨有狀況,以評估減值。倘出現導 致減值之誘因,則會釐定資產之可收回金額。 評估可收回金額時計算使用價值計及對未來 事件所作出多項主要估計及假設,有關估計 及假設可能受不肯定因素影響而與實際結果 有重大差別。於作出該等主要估計及判斷時, 董事考慮主要基於報告日期當前市況所作假 設,定期與實際市場數據及本集團實際進行 之交易作比較。

6. 分類資料

綜合財務報表附註

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6. **SEGMENT INFORMATION** (continued)

The following table provides an analysis of the Group's revenue and non-current assets including property, plant and equipment and interest in the associate (i.e. "specified non-current assets") by geographical locations, determined based on physical location of the assets or location of operations in case of interest in the associate, is as follows:

6. 分類資料(續)

下表提供按資產實際位置或業務營運所在地 (如屬於聯營公司之權益)所釐定地理位置 劃分之本集團收益及非流動資產(包括物業、 廠房及設備以及於聯營公司之權益(即「特 定非流動資產」))之分析如下:

2020

2019

		Revenue from external customers 來自外界客戶之收益		external customers non-current as	
		2020	2019	2020	2019
		二零二零年	二零一九年	二零二零年	二零一九年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	<u>千港元</u>	千港元
Hong Kong (place of domicile)	香港(營運地點)	-	600	133	277
Other regions of the People's Republic of China (the "PRC")	中華人民共和國(「中國」) 其他地區	_	_	_	5,714
			600	133	5,991

7. REVENUE AND OTHER INCOME

7. 收益及其他收入

		二零二零年	二零一九年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元_
Revenue:	收益:		
Interest income from financial assets	按公平值計入在損益處理之		
at fair value through profit or loss	財務資產之利息收入	_	600
	++ // 1/4 7		
Other income:	其他收入:		
Bank interest income	銀行利息收入	-	2
Dividend income	股息收入	_	538
Exchange gain	匯兑收益	_	2
Gain on disposal of property,	出售物業、廠房及設備之收益		
plant and equipment		90	
		90	542
Total revenue and other income	收益及其他收入總額	90	1,142

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For the year ended 31 March 2020 截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度

7. REVENUE AND OTHER INCOME (continued)

The Group's revenue represents interest income from convertible bonds in FY2019. No other source of income contributed to the Group's revenue for both 2020 and 2019.

8. DISPOSAL OF A SUBSIDIARY

On 22 January 2019, the Group disposed of its subsidiary, Green Rhythm Limited. The net assets of Green Rhythm Limited at the date of disposal were as follows:

7. 收益及其他收入(續)

本集團之收益指於二零一九年財政年度可 換股債券之利息收入。於二零二零年及二零 一九年,並無其他收入來源為本集團帶來收 益。

8. 出售一家附屬公司

於二零一九年一月二十二日,本集團出售其 附屬公司綠動全球有限公司。綠動全球有限 公司於出售日期的資產淨值如下:

> 22 January 2019 二零一九年 一月二十二日 HK\$'000 千港元

		千港元
Bank and cash balances	銀行及現金結存	25
Amount due to ultimate holding company	應付最終控股公司款項	(8)
Net assets disposed of	已出售資產淨值	17
Loss on disposal of a subsidiary	出售一家附屬公司虧損	
Cash consideration	現金代價	_
Net assets disposed of	已出售資產淨值	(17)
		(17)
Net cash outflow arising on disposal:	出售產生的現金流出淨額:	
Cash consideration	現金代價	_
Cash and bank balances disposed of	已出售現金及銀行結存	(25)
		(25)

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9. INCOME TAX EXPENSE

According to the Inland Revenue (Amendment) Bill 2017 which was substantively enacted after passing its Third Reading in the Legislative Council on 28 March 2018, the two-tiered profits tax regime is first effective for the year of assessment 2018/19. Profits tax rate for the first HK\$2 million of assessable profits of corporations is lowered to 8.25% with the excess assessable profits continue to be taxed at 16.5%. Overseas tax is calculated at the rates applicable in the respective jurisdictions. No provision for income tax expense is required since the Group has no assessable profits either arising from Hong Kong or other jurisdictions during the year (2019: Nil).

The income tax expense for the year can be reconciled to the loss before income tax expense per consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income as follows:

9. 所得税開支

根據於二零一八年三月二十八日在立法會通過三讀後實質上實施的二零一七年税務(修訂)條例草案,兩級制利得税制度於二零一八年/一九年的評税年度首次生效。企業應課税溢利首2,000,000港元的利得稅稅率將調低至8.25%,超出的應課稅溢利則繼續按16.5%稅率繳納稅項。海外稅項按有關司法權區適用稅率計算。由於本集團於本年度並無源自香港或其他司法權區之應課稅溢利,故毋須作出所得稅開支撥備(二零一九年:無)。

本年度所得税開支與綜合損益及其他全面收益表內除所得税開支前虧損之對賬如下:

		2020	2019
		二零二零年	二零一九年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Loss before income tax expense	除所得税開支前虧損	(52,541)	(87,911)
Tax calculated at the applicable	按適用法定税率計算之税項		
statutory tax rates		(8,504)	(14,340)
Tax effect of expenses not deductible	不可扣税開支之税務影響	4,635	2,194
Tax effect of revenue not taxable	毋須課税收益之税務影響	_	(89)
Tax effect of temporary differences	未確認暫時差額之税務影響		
not recognised		592	32
Tax effect of tax losses not recognised	未確認税項虧損之税務影響	3,277	12,203
Income tax expense	所得税開支	_	_

No deferred tax asset or liability has been recorded on temporary differences of approximately HK\$4,069,000 (2019: approximately HK\$3,952,000) in the financial statements as the tax effect of the temporary difference is immaterial to the Group.

由於暫時差額之税務影響對本集團而言並不重大,故並無於財務報表內就暫時差額約4,069,000港元(二零一九年:約3,952,000港元)錄得遞延税項資產或負債。

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9. INCOME TAX EXPENSE (continued)

At the end of reporting period, the Group had unused tax losses of approximately HK\$201,549,000 (2019: approximately HK\$180,691,000) available for offset against future profits that may be carried forward indefinitely. The tax losses are subject to the final assessment of Hong Kong Inland Revenue Department. No deferred tax asset has been recognised in respect of the unused tax losses due to unpredictability of future profit streams.

10. LOSS BEFORE INCOME TAX EXPENSE

Loss before income tax expense is stated after charging the following:

9. 所得税開支(續)

於報告期末,本集團有未動用税項虧損約201,549,000港元(二零一九年:約180,691,000港元),可供抵銷未來溢利,且可無限期結轉。税項虧損須由香港税務局進行最後評估。由於不可預計未來溢利流量,故並無就未動用税項虧損確認遞延税項資產。

10. 除所得税開支前虧損

除所得税開支前虧損經扣除下列各項後列賬:

		2020	2019
		二零二零年	二零一九年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Staff costs	員工成本		
Salaries	薪金	1,684	2,362
Provident fund contributions	強積金供款	66	79
Total staff costs excluding directors'	員工成本總額(不包括董事酬金)		
remunerations		1,750	2,441
Auditor's remuneration	核數師酬金	537	525
Depreciation	折舊		
Property, plant and equipment	物業、廠房及設備	144	228
Right-of-use assets	使用權資產	1,917	_
Directors' remuneration (note 14)	董事酬金(附註14)	1,607	2,410
Impairment loss on other receivables	其他應收款項及已付按金減值虧損		
and deposit paid		1,318	60,261
Impairment loss on interest	於一家聯營公司權益之減值虧損		
in an associate		357	_
Interest expense on lease liabilities	租賃負債之利息開支	21	_
Investment manager's fee	投資經理費用	550	720
Rent and rates	租金及差餉	365	2,263

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11. DIVIDENDS

The directors do not recommend the payment of any dividend for the year ended 31 March 2020 (2019: Nil).

12. LOSS FOR THE YEAR ATTRIBUTABLE TO OWNERS OF THE COMPANY

Loss attributable to shareholders includes an amount of approximately HK\$58,272,000 (2019: HK\$87,083,000) which has been dealt with in the financial statements of the Company.

13. LOSS PER SHARE

The calculation of the basic and diluted loss per share attributable to the ordinary equity holders of the Company is based on the following data:

11. 股息

12. 本公司擁有人應佔本年度虧損

股東應佔虧損包括已於本公司財務報表內處理為數約58,272,000港元(二零一九年: 87,083,000港元)之款項。

13. 每股虧損

本公司普通權益持有人應佔每股基本及攤薄 虧損乃按以下數據計算:

20202019二零二零年二零一九年HK\$'000HK\$'000千港元千港元

Loss

Loss for the year attributable to owners of the Company for the purposes of basic and diluted loss per share 用於計算每股基本及攤薄 虧損之本公司擁有人應佔

本年度虧損

(52.541)

(87,911)

Number of shares

Weighted average number of ordinary shares for the purposes of basic and diluted loss per share

股份數目

用於計算每股基本及攤薄虧損 之普通股加權平均數

1,058,185,729

925,100,798

Note:

- (a) No diluted loss per share has been presented as the potential ordinary share in respect of outstanding share options is anti-dilutive for both years.
- (b) The weighted average number of ordinary shares for the year ended 31 March 2019 for the purpose of basic and diluted loss per share have been adjusted for the issue of shares during the year then ended and share consolidation being completed on 21 March 2019 as if the share consolidation was effective from the beginning of the year ended 31 March 2018, as detailed in note 22.

附註:

- (a) 由於尚未行使之購股權所涉及之潛在普通股 於該兩個年度發生反攤薄,故並無呈列每股 攤薄虧損。
- (b) 就每股基本及攤薄虧損而言,截至二零一九年三月三十一日止年度之普通股加權平均數已就截至該年度內發行股份及於二零一九年三月二十一日完成的股份合併(猶如股份合併自截至二零一八年三月三十一日止年度開始起生效)(如附註22所詳述)作出調整。

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For the year ended 31 March 2020 截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度

14. DIRECTORS' AND FIVE HIGHEST PAID INDIVIDUALS' EMOLUMENTS

(a) Directors' emoluments

Directors' emoluments for the year, disclosed pursuant to Section 383 of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance, (Cap. 622) and the Companies (Disclosure of Information about Benefits of Directors) Regulation (Cap. 622G) are as follows:

14. 董事及五名最高薪人士之酬金

(a) 董事酬金

根據香港公司條例(第622章)第383條 及公司(披露董事利益資料)規例(第 622G章)予以披露之本年度董事酬金如 下:

		2020	2019
		二零二零年	二零一九年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Fees	袍金		
Executive directors	執行董事	360	496
Non-executive directors	非執行董事	527	622
Independent non-executive directors	獨立非執行董事	720	703
		1,607	1,821
Basic salaries and other benefits Contributions to retirement	基本薪金及其他福利退休福利計劃供款	-	581
benefit scheme		_	8
		1,607	2,410

No directors had waived any emoluments and no emoluments were paid to the directors as inducement to join or upon joining the Group or as compensation for loss of office during the year (2019: Nil).

於本年度,概無董事放棄任何酬金,亦 無向董事支付任何酬金,作為鼓勵其加 入本集團或於加入本集團時之獎勵,或 作為離職補償(二零一九年:無)。

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For the year ended 31 March 2020 截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度

14. DIRECTORS' AND FIVE HIGHEST PAID INDIVIDUALS' EMOLUMENTS (continued)

(a) Directors' emoluments (continued)

The emoluments paid or payable to each of the seven (2019: thirteen) directors are as follows:

2020

14. 董事及五名最高薪人士之酬金(續)

(a) 董事酬金(續)

已付或應付七名(二零一九年:十三名) 董事之酬金如下:

二零二零年

				Contribution	
			Salaries and	to retirement	
		Fees	other benefit	scheme	Total
			薪金及	退休金	
		袍金	其他福利	計劃供款	總計
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
Executive directors	執行董事				
Chan Cheong Yee	陳昌義	360	-	-	360
Non-executive directors	非執行董事				
Chen Yin (note (x))	陳 胤(附註(x))	100	_	_	100
Yang Xiaoqiu (note (iii))	楊曉秋(附註(iii))	300	_	_	300
Tom Xie (note (xi))	謝祺祥(附註(xi))	127	-	-	127
Independent non-executive directors	獨立非執行董事				
Leung Mei Hing, Carrie (note (vii))	梁美卿(附註(vii))	240	_	_	240
Lai Yuen Pui (note (vii))	黎遠彪(附註(vii))	240	_	_	240
Li Li (note (viii))	李 力(附註(viii))	240	_	_	240
		1,607	_	_	1,607

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14. DIRECTORS' AND FIVE HIGHEST PAID INDIVIDUALS' EMOLUMENTS (continued)

(a) Directors' emoluments (continued) 2019

14. 董事及五名最高薪人士之酬金(續)

(a) **董事酬金**(*續*) 二零一九年

				Contribution	
			Salaries and	to retirement	
		Fees	other benefit	scheme	Total
			薪金及	退休金	
		袍金	其他福利	計劃供款	總計
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
Executive directors	執行董事				
Chan Cheong Yee	陳昌義	360	_	_	360
Zhang Xuming (note (i))	張旭明(附註(i))	136	-	-	136
Non-executive directors	非執行董事				
Chen Yin (note (x))	陳 胤(附註(x))	240	_	_	240
Zhang Kun (note (ii))	張 坤(附註(ii))	195	581	8	784
Yang Xiaoqiu (note (iii))	楊曉秋(附註(iii))	187	_	-	187
Independent non-executive	獨立非執行董事				
directors					
Fong Wo, Felix (note (iv))	方 和(附註(iv))	75	_	-	75
Leung Chi Kong (note (v))	梁志剛(附註(v))	77	_	-	77
Leung Wing Kin (note (v))	梁榮健(附註(v))	77	_	-	77
Ho Kim Fung (note (vi))	何劍鋒(附註(vi))	117	_	_	117
Leung Mei Hing, Carrie (note (vii))	梁美卿(附註(vii))	45	_	_	45
Lai Yuen Pui (note (vii))	黎遠彪(附註(vii))	45	_	_	45
Li Li (note (viii))	李 力(附註(viii))	161	_	_	161
Wan Tat Wai, David (note (ix))	溫達偉(附註(ix))	106	_	_	106
		1,821	581	8	2,410

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14. DIRECTORS' AND FIVE HIGHEST PAID INDIVIDUALS' EMOLUMENTS (continued)

(a) Directors' emoluments (continued)

The number of directors whose remuneration fell within the following band is as follows:

14. 董事及五名最高薪人士之酬金(續)

(a) 董事酬金(續)

酬金介乎以下範圍之董事人數如下:

				2020 二零二零年 二零	2019
Nil	to HK\$1,000,000	零至1,000,000港元		7	13
Note	:		附註	:	
(i)	Resigned on 17 August 2018.		(i)	於二零一八年八月十七日辭	任。
(ii)	Resigned on 25 January 2019.		(ii)	於二零一九年一月二十五日	辭任。
(iii)	Appointed on 17 August 2018.		(iii)	於二零一八年八月十七日獲	委任。
(iv)	Resigned on 23 July 2018.		(iv)	於二零一八年七月二十三日	辭任。
(v)	Resigned on 27 July 2018.		(v)	於二零一八年七月二十七日	辭任。
(vi)	Appointed on 30 July 2018 and resign	ed on 25 January 2019.	(vi)	於二零一八年七月三十日第 二零一九年一月二十五日辭	
(vii)	Appointed on 25 January 2019.		(vii)	於二零一九年一月二十五日	獲委任。
(viii)	Appointed on 30 July 2018.		(viii)	於二零一八年七月三十日獲	委任。
(ix)	Appointed on 30 July 2018 and resign	ed on 8 January 2019.	(ix)	於二零一八年七月三十日第二零一九年一月八日辭任。	雙委任及於
(x)	Retired on 30 August 2019.		(x)	於二零一九年八月三十日退	任。
(xi)	Appointed on 20 September 2019.		(xi)	於二零一九年九月二十日獲	委任。

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14. DIRECTORS' AND FIVE HIGHEST PAID INDIVIDUALS' EMOLUMENTS (continued)

(b) Five highest paid individuals' emoluments

The emoluments of the five highest paid individuals (which include 1 director (2019: 2)) were as follows:

14. 董事及五名最高薪人士之酬金(續)

(b) 五名最高薪人士之酬金

五名最高薪人士(其中包括一名(二零 一九年:兩名)董事)之酬金如下:

		2020	2019
		二零二零年	二零一九年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Basic salaries and other benefits Contributions to retirement benefit	基本薪金及其他福利退休福利計劃供款	2,015	2,294
scheme		56	51
		2,071	2,345

The number of the five highest paid individuals whose remuneration fell within the following bands is as follows:

酬金介乎以下範圍之五名最高薪人士數目如下:

		2020	2019
		二零二零年	二零一九年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Nil to HK\$1,000,000	零至1,000,000港元	5	5

There was no arrangement under which any of the five (2019: five) highest paid employees had waived or agreed to waive any remuneration during the year.

During the year, no emoluments were paid by the Group to any of the directors or the highest paid employees as an inducement to join or upon joining the Group, or as compensation for loss of office. 於本年度,概無就五名(二零一九年: 五名)最高薪僱員當中任何人士放棄或 同意放棄任何酬金訂立任何安排。

於本年度,本集團並無向任何董事或最高薪僱員支付任何酬金,作為鼓勵其加入本集團或於加入本集團時之獎勵,或作為離職補償。

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15. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

15. 物業、廠房及設備

		Leasehold improvements 租賃物業裝修 HK\$'000	Furniture, equipment 傢俬及設備 HK\$'000	Motor vehicle 汽車 HK\$'000	Computer equipment 電腦設備 HK\$'000	Total 總計 HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
A+ 1 A: 2010	於二零一八年四月一日					
At 1 April 2018 Cost	成本	4,261	76	1,094	101	5,532
Accumulated depreciation	累計折舊	(4,261)	(52)	(667)	101 (52)	(5,032)
Accumulated depreciation	ポロリ目	(4,201)	(32)	(007)	(32)	(3,032)
Net carrying amount	賬面淨值		24	427	49	500
Year ended 31 March 2019	截至二零一九年 三月三十一日止年度					
Opening net carrying amount	期初賬面淨值	_	24	427	49	500
Additions	添置	_	-	_	5	5
Depreciation	折舊	-	(8)	(203)	(17)	(228)
Closing net carrying amount	期末賬面淨值	_	16	224	37	277
At 31 March 2019 and 1 April 2019	於二零一九年三月三十一日 及二零一九年四月一日					
Cost	成本	4,261	76	1,094	106	5,537
Accumulated depreciation	累計折舊	(4,261)	(60)	(870)	(69)	(5,260)
Net carrying amount	賬面淨值		16	224	37	277
Year ended 31 March 2020	截至二零二零年					
	三月三十一日止年度		4.4	004	27	077
Opening net carrying amount	期初賬面淨值	_	16	224	37	277
Disposal (note i)	出售(附註i)	_	-	- (404)	- (4.4)	- (4.44)
Depreciation	折舊	-	(6)	(124)	(14)	(144)
Closing net carrying amount	期末賬面淨值		10	100	23	133
At 31 March 2020	於二零二零年三月三十一日					
Cost	成本	-	76	618	106	800
Accumulated depreciation	累計折舊	_	(66)	(518)	(83)	(667)
Net carrying amount	賬面淨值	_	10	100	23	133

Note:

(i) It represents disposals of leasehold improvements and motor vehicles that have been fully depreciated before their disposals. The cost and accumulated depreciation of the disposed fixed assets were approximately HK\$4,261,000 and HK\$4,261,000 for leasehold improvements and HK\$476,000 and HK\$476,000 for the motor vehicle respectively.

附註:

(i) 其指出售租賃物業裝修及汽車,而該等租賃物業裝修及汽車於出售前已悉數減值。已出售固定資產之成本及累計折舊分別為租賃物業裝修約4,261,000港元及4,261,000港元、汽車約476,000港元及476,000港元。

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16. INVESTMENTS IN SUBSIDIARIES

16. 於附屬公司之投資

Attributable equity

Issues and

Name 名稱			interests I the Con 本公司所持 Direct 直接	held by npany	Principal activities 主要業務
China Equity Assets Holdings Limited 中國股權資產集團有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	HK\$1 1港元	100%	-	Investment holding 投資控股
Master Smooth Investment Development Limited 萬通投資發展有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	HK\$1 1港元	-	100%	Investment holding 投資控股
Eternal Fame Industrial Limited 永名實業有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	HK\$10,000 10,000港元	-	100%	Investment holding 投資控股
Able Surplus Corporation Limited 寶盈興業有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	HK\$10,000 10,000港元	-	100%	Investment holding 投資控股
Smart Access Capital Limited Smart Access Capital Limited	BVI/Hong Kong 英屬維京群島/香港	US\$100 100美元	100%	-	Investment holding 投資控股
Urban Thrive Limited Urban Thrive Limited	BVI/Hong Kong 英屬維京群島/香港	US\$50,000 50,000美元	100%	-	Investment holding 投資控股
Moonglory International Properties Limited Moonglory International Properties Limited	BVI/Hong Kong 英屬維京群島/香港	US\$50,000 50,000美元	100%	-	Investment holding 投資控股
Giant Treasure Global Limited Giant Treasure Global Limited	BVI/Hong Kong 英屬維京群島/香港	US\$1 1美元	100%	-	Dormant 暫無業務
Ray Wealth Limited 霆康有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	HK\$1 1港元	-	100%	Dormant 暫無業務
Global Oasis Corporation Limited 緑遍全球有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	HK \$ 1 1港元	100%	-	Dormant 暫無業務
富浩投資咨詢(深圳)有限公司	The Republic of China	RMB10,000,000	-	100%	Dormant
富浩投資諮詢(深圳)有限公司	("PRC") 中華人民共和國 (「中國」)	人民幣10,000,000元			暫無業務

None of the subsidiaries had any debt securities outstanding at the end of the year or at any time during the year.

該等附屬公司於年末或年內任何時間概無任 何未償還債務證券。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2020 截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度

17. INTEREST IN THE ASSOCIATE

17. 於聯營公司之權益

2020

2019

HK\$'0

二零一九年

HK\$'000

HK\$'000

千港元

千港元

Share of net assets of the associate

分佔聯營公司之資產淨值

5,714

(a) Details of the Group's associate at 31 March 2020 are as follows:

(a) 本集團之聯營公司於二零二零年三月 三十一日之詳情如下:

Name of associate 聯營公司名稱	Place of incorporation/ operation 註冊成立/營運地點	Issued and fully paid registered capital 已發行及繳足 註冊資本	Percentage of equity held by the Group 本集團所 持權益百分比	Proportion of voting power 投票權比例	Principal activity 主要業務
Bonicast Construction Material (Beijing) Co., Ltd ("Bonicast") 會鑄偉業建築材料 (北京)有限公司 (「會鑄偉業」)	PRC 中國	Registered RMB10,000,000 註冊 人民幣10,000,000元	49% 49%	20% (note) 20% (附註)	Trading of construction materials 建材貿易

Note:

- The Group is able to exercise significant influence over Bonicast because it has the power to appoint one out of five directors of that company under the articles of association of that company.
- (ii) As at 31 March 2020, the management reviewed the carrying amount of the associate. The management considers that the value-in-use based on discounted future cash flows of the associate is lower than the carrying amount as the associate is inactive over 2 years, hence, impairment loss on interest in the associate amounting to HK\$357,000 was made during the year ended 31 March 2020.

附註:

- (i) 本集團能夠對會鑄偉業行使重大影響力,原因為本集團有權根據該公司組織 章程細則委任該公司五分之一的董事。
- (ii) 於二零二零年三月三十一日,管理層已 審閱聯營公司之賬面值。管理層認為, 根據聯營公司之貼現未來現金流量計 算之使用價值乃低於賬面值,因聯營公 司暫無營業逾兩年,因此,於截至二零 二零年三月三十一日止年度內就於聯 營公司之權益作出減值虧損357,000港 元。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2020 截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度

17. INTEREST IN THE ASSOCIATE (continued)

(b) Summarised financial information in respect of Bonicast, (b) 本集團主要聯營公司會鑄偉業之財務 which is a material associate to the Group is set out below:

17. 於聯營公司之權益(續)

資料概要載列如下:

		2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元	2019 二零一九年 HK\$'000 千港元
	<u> </u>		
As at 31 March	於三月三十一日 流動資產		11 /00
Current assets	派勁貝座 非流動資產	_	11,680
Non-current assets Current liabilities	非派動資産 流動負債	– (17)	(18)
Net assets	資產淨值 ————————————————————————————————————	(17)	11,662
Reconciliation to the Group's interest	與本集團於該聯營公司		
in the associate:	之權益對賬:		
Proportion of the Group's ownership	本集團之擁有權比例	49%	49%
Carrying amount as at beginning of the year	年初賬面值	5,714	6,109
Share of result of the associate	分佔聯營公司之業績	(5,357)	_
Exchange difference	匯兑差額	_	(395)
Impairment loss on interest in the associate	於聯營公司之權益減值虧損	(357)	
Group's share of net assets of	本集團應佔聯營公司之		
the associate	資產淨值		5,714
Carrying amount of the associate	聯營公司賬面值	_	5,714
Included in the above amounts are:	計入以上金額:		
Cash and cash equivalents	現金及現金等值物	_	
Current financial liabilities (excluding trade	流動財務負債(不包括		
and other payables)	貿易應付款項及 其他應付款項)	-	_

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2020 截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度

17. INTEREST IN THE ASSOCIATE (continued)

Depreciation and amortisation

Interest income

Income tax expense

(b) Summarised financial information in respect of Bonicast, which is a material associate to the Group is set out below: (continued)

17. 於聯營公司之權益(續)

(b) 本集團主要聯營公司會鑄偉業之財務 資料概要載列如下:(續)

		2020	2019
		二零二零年	二零一九年
		HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元
		丁/870	
Year ended 31 March	截至三月三十一日止年度		
Revenue		_	
Loss from operation	經營虧損	(9,985)	
Total comprehensive loss	全面虧損總額	(9,985)	_
Group's share of result of the associate	本集團分佔聯營公司之業績	(5,357)	_
Group's share of total comprehensive	本集團分佔聯營公司之		
income of the associate	全面收益總額	(5,357)	
Included in the above amounts are:	計入以上金額:		

折舊及攤銷

利息收入

所得税開支

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2020 截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度

18. FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

18. 按公平值計入在其他全面收益處理 之財務資產

		2020	2019
		二零二零年	二零一九年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Unlisted equity securities in PRC, at cost	中國非上市股本證券,按成本	92,185	92,185
Fair value adjustment	公平值調整	(83,592)	(60,398)
		8,593	31,787

Particulars of investments in unlisted equity securities held by the Group as at 31 March 2020 and 2019 disclosed pursuant to Chapter 21 of Listing Rules are as follows: 根據上市規則第21章披露之本集團於二零二零年及二零一九年三月三十一日所持非上市股本證券投資詳情如下:

		Percentage						
		of effective			Accur	nulated		
Name of investee companies	Place of incorporation	interest held	At	cost	fair value	adjustment	Carryi	ng value
		所持實際						
接受投資公司名稱	註冊成立地點	權益百分比	按	成本	累計公	平值調整	賬	面值
			31/3/2020	31/3/2019	31/3/2020	31/3/2019	31/3/2020	31/3/2019
			二零二零年	二零一九年	二零二零年	二零一九年	二零二零年	二零一九年
			三月三十一日	三月三十一日	三月三十一日	三月三十一日	三月三十一日	三月三十一日
			HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
			千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
Tianjin Bao Xin Ying Precious	PRC	12.00%	6,590	6,590	(2,694)	(2,385)	3,896	4,205
Metals Management Limited								
("Bao Xin") (note (iv))								
天津寶鑫盈貴金屬經營有限公司	中國							
(「寶鑫」)(附註(iv))								
GuangZhou Shi Da Jian	PRC	11.59%	9,800	9,800	(5,222)	(3,907)	4,578	5,893
Credit Guarantee Limited								
(廣州市達鍵信用擔保有限公司)								
("Da Jian") (note (v))								
廣州市達鍵信用擔保有限公司(「達鍵」)	中國							
(附註(v))								

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2020 截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度

18. FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH **OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME** (continued)

18. 按公平值計入在其他全面收益處理 之財務資產(續)

Name of investee companies	Place of incorporation	Percentage of effective interest held 所持實際	At	cost	Accumulated fair value adjustment		Carrying value	
接受投資公司名稱	註冊成立地點	權益百分比	按	成本	累計公	平值調整	賬	面值
			31/3/2020	31/3/2019	31/3/2020	31/3/2019	31/3/2020	31/3/2019
			二零二零年	二零一九年	二零二零年	二零一九年	二零二零年	二零一九年
			三月三十一日	三月三十一日	三月三十一日	三月三十一日	三月三十一日	三月三十一日
			HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
			千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
China Petroleum Bio-Energy Company Limited ("Bio-Energy") (note (vi))	Hong Kong	5.69%	24,400	24,400	(24,400)	(21,884)	-	2,516
中海油氣生物能源有限公司(「生物能源」) (附註(vi))	香港							
Yenbo Gain Limited ("Yenbo Gain") (note (vii))	BVI	18.18%	13,092	13,092	(13,092)	(10,622)	_	2,470
盈寶利有限公司(「盈寶利」)(附註(vii))	英屬維京群島							
Perfect Worth Investment Limited	BVI	5.00%	18,303	18,303	(18,184)	(17,825)	119	478
("Perfect Worth") (note (viii))								
Perfect Worth Investment Limited (「Perfect Worth」)(附註(viii))	英屬維京群島							
Golden Resources Asia Limited ("Golden Resources") (note (iii) & (ix))	BVI	14.00%	10,000	10,000	(10,000)	(1,840)	-	8,160
Golden Resources Asia Limited (「Golden Resources」)(附註(iii)及(x))	英屬維京群島							
Huge Leader Investment Development Limited ("Huge Leader") (note (iii) & (x))	BVI	18.00%	10,000	10,000	(10,000)	(1,935)	-	8,065
Huge Leader Investment Development Limited (「Huge Leader」)(附註(iii)及(x))	英屬維京群島							
			92,185	92,185	(83,592)	(60,398)	8,593	31,787

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2020 截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度

18. FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH **OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME** (continued)

The investments in Da Jian and Perfect Worth are measured at fair value and classified as Level 3 fair value measurement. The fair values of unlisted equity securities are determined by reference to the valuation carried out by an external independent valuer by using Guideline Publicly Traded Company method with reference to similar listed companies and adjusted to reflect the specific circumstance of the investments. The significant unobservable inputs are as follows:

Da Jian and Perfect Worth are valued by a price-to-book ratio multiple and estimated price-to-sales ratio of comparable listed companies respectively. A discount was applied to reflect the lack of marketability of the unlisted investments.

18. 按公平值計入在其他全面收益處理 之財務資產(續)

於達鍵及Perfect Worth之投資乃以公平值計 量,並分類為3級公平值計量。非上市股本證 券之公平值乃經參考外聘獨立估值師使用上 市公司指引法作出之估值釐定,該估值乃經 參考類似上市公司並就反映該等投資之特定 狀況而進行調整。重大不可觀察輸入數據如

> 達鍵及Perfect Worth分別按可資比較上市公 司之市賬率倍數及估計市銷率進行估值。已 就反映該等非上市投資缺乏市場流動性而加 以貼現。

> > Da Jian Perfect Worth 達鍵 Perfect Worth

Lack of marketability discount rate

缺乏市場流動性貼現率

If the lack of marketability discount rate was 5% higher/lower while all other variables were held constant, the carrying amount of the investments in Da Jian and Perfect Worth would decrease/increase by approximately HK\$76,000 (2019: HK\$98,000) and HK\$3,000 (2019: HK\$10,000) respectively.

The investments in Bao Xin, Bio-Energy and Yenbo Gain are measured at fair value and classified as Level 3 fair value measurement. The fair values of Bao Xin, Bio-Energy and Yenbo Gain are determined by reference to the valuation carried out by an external independent valuer by using Asset Base Approach.

If the net book values of Bao Xin, Bio-Energy and Yenbo Gain were 5% higher/lower while all other variables were held constant, the carrying amount of the investments in Bao Xin, Bio-Energy and Yenbo Gain would increase/decrease by approximately HK\$195,000 (2019: HK\$210,000), Nil (2019: HK\$38,000) and Nil (2019: HK\$40,000) respectively.

During the year and up to the date of approval of these financial statements, the directors of the Company lost contact with the management of Huge Leader and Golden Resources (collectively the "Investee Companies") and the directors of the Company were unable to obtain any financial information of the Investee Companies for the year ended 31 March 2020. Previously, each of Huge Leader and Golden Resources had an indirectly held operating subsidiary. During the financial year ended 31 March 2020, the directors of the Company found out that these two operating subsidiaries were no longer held by the subsidiaries of Huge Leader and Golden Resources respectively.

倘缺乏市場流動性貼現率上升/下跌5%,而 所有其他變項維持不變,則於達鍵及Perfect Worth之投資賬面值將分別減少/增加約 76,000港元(二零一九年:98,000港元)及 3,000港元(二零一九年:10,000港元)。

於寶鑫、生物能源及盈寶利之投資以公平值 計量,並分類為3級公平值計量。寶鑫、生物 能源及盈寶利之公平值乃經參考外聘獨立估 值師使用資產基礎法作出之估值釐定。

倘寶鑫、生物能源及盈寶利之賬面淨值上升 /下跌5%,而所有其他變項維持不變,則於 寶鑫、生物能源及盈寶利之投資賬面值將分 別增加/減少約195,00港元(二零一九年: 210,000港元)、零(二零一九年:38,000港元) 及零(二零一九年:40,000港元)。

(iii) 於本年度及直至該等財務報表批准日 期,本公司董事與Huge Leader及Golden Resources (統稱「接受投資公司」)的管理層 失去聯繫,且本公司董事無法獲得接受投資 公司截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度的 任何財務資料。此前, Huge Leader及Golden Resources各自擁有一間間接持有的經營附 屬公司。於截至二零二零年三月三十一日止 財政年度內,本公司董事發現,該兩間經營 附屬公司不再分別由Huge Leader及Golden Resources的附屬公司持有。

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18. FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH **OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME** (continued)

Note: (continued)

(iii) (continued)

The investments in Huge Leader and Golden Resources are measured at fair value and classified as Level 3 fair value measurement. Due to the aforesaid reason, the valuation technique is changed from Discounted Cash Flow Method to Asset Based Approach in current year. The directors of the Company measured the fair value of the Group's interests in Huge Leader and Golden Resources as at 31 March 2020 by Adjusted Net Assets Method based on the latest available financial information of the Investee Companies which was the net asset values as at 31 March 2019, and adjusted for the factors they considered that might affect their fair values, including the fact that the two indirectly held operating subsidiaries were no longer held by the subsidiaries of Huge Leader and Golden Resources respectively as at 31 March 2020.

As disclosed in note 33(iii), the Group disposed of its 17% and 14% equity interest in Huge Leader and Golden Resources respectively after the year end date. In addition, on 20 January 2020, the chairman of the Group issued a Deed of Indemnity to the Group, the details of which are detailed

Bao Xin is principally engaged in the trading of precious metals and gold products and investment advisory in Tianjin, the PRC.

The Group's interest of Bao Xin is held through a nominee. The Company understands that there would be regulatory obstacles for the registration of transfer of equity interests of Bao Xin under the name of the Group directly. As such, the relevant arrangements in holding the 12% equity interest in Bao Xin were made.

The Company obtained PRC legal opinion to confirm the validity and effectiveness of such arrangements. As stated in the PRC legal opinion, there are contractual and legal obligations binding on the nominee and such arrangements are valid and effective under the relevant PRC laws. In addition, the Company obtained confirmations from Bao Xin and the nominee to confirm its beneficial interests in Bao Xin. Confirmation was obtained previously from the registered owners of Bao Xin to confirm the shareholding of the Group in Bao Xin.

The aforesaid arrangement has been in operation for years and the nominee has complied with the relevant contractual and legal obligations and is the significant owner of Bao Xin. As such, the Company considers that the associated risks that the nominee would be in breach of such arrangement would be relatively low. Having considered the time and costs to obtain the relevant approvals for the Group to become direct registered owner of Bao Xin and the associated risks of not being direct registered owner of Bao Xin, the directors consider that the relevant arrangements are appropriate under the current circumstances.

18. 按公平值計入在其他全面收益處理 之財務資產(續)

附註:(續)

(iii) (續)

於Huge Leader及Golden Resources之投資 以公平值計量,並分類為3級公平值計量。由 於上述原因,於本年度,估值技術由貼現現 金流量法變更為資產基礎法。本公司董事根 據接受投資公司的最近期可獲得財務資料 (即於二零一九年三月三十一日的資產淨值) 計量本集團於二零二零年三月三十一日在 Huge Leader及Golden Resources權益的公 平值,並就彼等認為可能影響其公平值的因 素(包括於二零二零年三月三十一日兩間間 接持有的經營附屬公司不再由Huge Leader 及Golden Resources的附屬公司持有)作出

如附註33(iii)所披露,於年結日後,本集 團分別出售其於Huge Leader及Golden Resources的17%及14%股權。此外,於二零二 零年一月二十日,本集團主席向本集團發出 彌償契據,其詳情載於附註19(c)。

寶鑫主要於中國天津從事貴金屬及黃金製品 買賣及投資諮詢服務。

> 本集團於寶鑫之權益乃透過一名代名人持有。 本公司了解到以本集團名義直接登記寶鑫之 股權轉讓將存在規管障礙。因此,本公司作 出持有寶鑫12%股權之有關安排。

> 本公司已取得中國法律意見以確認有關安排 之有效性及效力。按中國法律意見所述,根 據相關中國法律,代名人受合約及法律義務 約束,且有關安排真實及有效。此外,本公司 向寶鑫及代名人取得確認書,以確認本公司 於寶鑫之實益權益。本公司先前亦從寶鑫之 登記擁有人取得確認書,以確認本集團於寶 鑫之股權。

> 上述安排已運作多年,且代名人已遵守相關 合約及法律義務,並為寶鑫之重大擁有人。 因此,本公司認為,代名人違反有關安排之 相關風險相對較低。經考慮就本集團成為寶 鑫直接登記擁有人取得相關批准之時間及成 本與並非寶鑫直接登記擁有人之相關風險, 董事認為,於現時情況下,相關安排屬適當。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2020 截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度

18. FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH **OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME** (continued)

Note: (continued)

- Da Jian is principally engaged in providing credit guarantee service in the
- Bio-Energy is principally engaged in research, development and promotion of biomass energy and other agricultural related products. One of its subsidiaries has obtained the development and operation right of a piece of land in Xinjiang Province, the PRC, which was intended for the construction and plantation of bio-oil crops and shelter belt plants, but the plantation works have not been successful during the year ended 31 March 2020
- Yenbo Gain Limited is incorporated in BVI and principally engaged in cultivation and research of the fine and new varieties forest products together with the research and promotion of product cultivation technology for producing clean energy purposes. Its operation was ceased and the piece of land was disposed during the year ended 31 March 2020.
- (viii) Perfect Worth is an investment holding company and its subsidiaries are principally engaged in the business of online distribution of footwear.
- Golden Resources is an investment holding company and its subsidiaries are principally engaged in the business of trading of steel and related products. The acquisition was completed on 11 August 2016 with the initial cost of HK\$10,000,000 settled by cash.
- Huge Leader is an investment holding company and its subsidiaries are principally engaged in the business of trading of engineering materials. The acquisition was completed on 26 October 2016 with the initial cost of HK\$10,000,000 settled by cash.

18. 按公平值計入在其他全面收益處理 之財務資產(續)

附註:(續)

- 達鍵主要於中國從事提供信貸擔保服務。
- (vi) 生物能源主要從事生物質能源和其他農作物 相關產品的研究、開發和推廣。旗下一家附 屬公司已在中國新疆省取得一塊土地之開 發經營權,該土地擬用於種植生物油料作物 以及建設防護林,但於截至二零二零年三月 三十一日止年度內種植工作並無成功。
- (vii) 盈寶利有限公司於英屬維京群島註冊成立, 主要從事林木之良種培育及新品種研發,以 及以產生清潔能源為目的產品栽培技術研發 及推廣。截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年 度內,其營運已停止及該幅土地已出售。
- (viii) Perfect Worth為投資控股公司,其附屬公司 主要從事網上分銷鞋履業務。
- Golden Resources為投資控股公司,其附屬 公司主要從事鋼鐵及相關產品買賣業務。該 收購事項於二零一六年八月十一日完成,初 步成本10,000,000港元以現金支付。
- Huge Leader為投資控股公司,其附屬公司 主要從事工程材料買賣業務。該收購事項於 二零一六年十月二十六日完成,初步成本 10.000.000港元以現金支付。

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For the year ended 31 March 2020 截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度

18. FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH **OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME** (continued)

The following is the analysis of fair value change of financial assets at FVOCI for the years ended 31 March 2020 and 2019:

18. 按公平值計入在其他全面收益處理 之財務資產(續)

以下為按公平值計入在其他全面收益處理之 財務資產於截至二零二零年及二零一九年三 月三十一日止年度之公平值變動分析:

> Change in fair value during the year ended 31 March 截至三月三十一日止年度之 公平值變動

2020 2019 二零二零年 二零一九年 HK\$'000 HK\$'000 千港元 千港元

Unlisted equity securities issued by:	由以下公司發行之非上市股本證券	学 :	
– Bao Xin	一寶鑫	(309)	(1,359)
– Da Jian	一達鍵	(1,315)	(915)
– Bio-Energy	一生物能源	(2,516)	(47,985)
– Yenbo Gain	一盈寶利	(2,470)	(11,490)
– Perfect Worth	-Perfect Worth	(359)	(1,671)
– Golden Resources	-Golden Resources	(8,160)	(1,668)
– Huge Leader	—Huge Leader	(8,065)	(1,939)

19. FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH **PROFIT OR LOSS**

19. 按公平值計入在損益處理之財務資 產

(23,194)

(67,027)

		2020	2019
		二零二零年	二零一九年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Hong Kong listed equity securities,	香港上市股本證券,		
at market value (note a)	按市值(附註a)	7,290	42,948
Investments in convertible bonds,	投資於可換股債券,		
at fair value (note b)	按公平值(附註b)	15,872	24,931
Financial guarantee (note c)	財務擔保(附註c)	10,934	
		24.224	47.070
		34,096	67,879

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For the year ended 31 March 2020 截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度

19. FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH **PROFIT OR LOSS** (continued)

(a) Particulars of the Group's major investments of listed equity securities held by the Group as at 31 March 2020 and 2019 disclosed pursuant to Chapter 21 of Listing Rules are as follows:

19. 按公平值計入在損益處理之財務資 產(續)

(a) 根據上市規則第21章披露之本集團於二 零二零年及二零一九年三月三十一日 持有之主要上市股本證券投資詳情如 下:

2020

二零二零年

Name of investee companies	Note	Number of shares held	Percentage of interest held	Cost	Market value	Accumulated unrealised gain/(loss) arising on revaluation 重估產生之累計未變現	Change in fair value
接受投資公司名稱	附註	所持股份數目	所持權益 百分比	成本 HK\$'000 千港元	市 值 2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元	收益/ (虧損) HK\$'000 千港元	公平值 變動 2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元
Golden Ponder Holdings Limited ("Golden Ponder") 金侖控股有限公司 (「金侖控股」)	(i) (i)	37,560,000 ordinary share 37,560,000股普通股	4.6950%	10,518	4,884	(5,634)	(5,634)
Asia Television Holdings Limited ("Asia Television") 亞洲電視控股有限公司(「亞洲電視」)	(ii) (ii)	63,320,000 ordinary share 63,320,000股普通股	0.8527%	15,450	2,406	(13,044)	(13,044)

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For the year ended 31 March 2020 截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度

19. FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH **PROFIT OR LOSS** (continued)

(a) (continued)

2019

19. 按公平值計入在損益處理之財務資 產(續)

(a) (續)

二零一九年

Name of investee companies	Note	Number of shares held	Percentage of interest held	Cost	Market value	Accumulated unrealised gain/(loss) arising on revaluation 重估產生之累計未變	Change in fair value
接受投資公司名稱	附註	所持股份數目	所持權益 百分比	成本 HK\$'000 千港元	市值 2019 二零一九年 HK\$'000 千港元	現收益/ (虧損) HK\$'000 千港元	公平值變動 2019 二零一九年 HK\$'000 千港元
Golden Ponder Holdings Limited ("Golden Ponder") 金侖控股有限公司(「金侖控股」)	(i) (i)	47,750,000 ordinary share 47,750,000股普通股	5.9688%	12,451	13,370	919	919
Asia Television Holdings Limited ("Asia Television") 亞洲電視控股有限公司 (「亞洲電視」)	(ii) (ii)	73,320,000 ordinary share 73,320,000股普通股	1.0392%	19,857	17,890	(1,967)	(1,967)
China Financial Leasing Group Limited ("China Financial Leasing") 中國金融租賃集團有限公司(「中國金融租賃」)	(iii) (iii)	22,900,000 ordinary share 22,900,000股普通股	1.4253%	10,329	5,633	(4,696)	(4,696)
Eggriculture Foods Limited ("Eggriculture Foods") 永續農業發展有限公司(「永續農業發展」)	(iv)	5,750,000 ordinary share 5,750,000股普通股	1.1500%	2,878	1,265	(1,613)	(1,613)
BOSA Technology Holdings Limited ("BOSA Technology") 人和科技控股有限公司(「人和科技」)	(v) (v)	1,000,000 ordinary share 1,000,000股普通股	0.1250%	1,103	1,020	(83)	(83)
RMH Holdings Limited ("RMH") 德斯控股有限公司 (「德斯」)	(vi) (vi)	3,000,000 ordinary share 3,000,000股普通股	0.5000%	2,123	825	(1,298)	(1,298)
Ming Lam Holdings Limited ("Ming Lam") 銘霖控股有限公司 (「銘霖」)	(vii)	10,500,000 ordinary share 10,500,000股普通股	0.0705%	2,999	483	(2,516)	(2,516)

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For the year ended 31 March 2020 截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度

19. FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH **PROFIT OR LOSS** (continued)

(continued)

Notes:

- Golden Ponder was incorporated in the Cayman Islands and its shares are listed on Main Board of the Hong Kong Stock Exchange (stock code: 1783). Golden Ponder is an investment holdings company and the principal activities of its subsidiaries are provision of superstructure building and repair, maintenance, alteration and addition works as a main contractor. For the financial year ended 31 March 2020, the audited consolidated loss attributable to equity holders of Golden Ponder was approximately HK\$2,051,000 with basic and diluted loss per share of HK\$0.0026. As at 31 March 2020. its audited consolidated net assets attributable to the Company was approximately HK\$8,839,000. No dividend was received during the year ended 31 March 2020.
- Asia Television was incorporated in the Cayman Islands and its shares are listed on Main Board of the Hong Kong Stock Exchange (stock code: 707). Asia Television acts as an investment holding company. For the financial year ended 31 December 2019, the audited consolidated loss attributable to equity holders of Asia Television was approximately RMB557,550,000 with basic and diluted loss per share of RMB0.0764. As at 31 December 2019, its audited consolidated net assets attributable to the Company was approximately RMB328,000. No dividend was received during the year ended 31 December 2019.

The fair values of the Group's investment in listed equity securities are based on quoted market price.

(b) Particulars of investments in convertible bonds held by the Group as at 31 March 2020 and 2019 disclosed pursuant to Chapter 21 of Listing Rules are as follows:

19. 按公平值計入在損益處理之財務資 產(續)

(a) (續)

附註:

- 金侖於開曼群島註冊成立,其股份 於香港聯交所主板上市(股份代號: 1783)。金侖為一間投資控股公司,其 附屬公司的主要業務為以總承建商身 份提供上層結構建築及修葺、維護、改 建及加建工程。截至二零二零年三月 三十一日止財政年度,金侖之權益持有 人應佔經審核綜合虧損約為2,051,000 港元,每股基本及攤薄虧損為0.0026 港元。於二零二零年三月三十一日,本 公司應佔其經審核綜合資產淨值約為 8,839,000港元。截至二零二零年三月 三十一日止年度概無收取任何股息。
- (ii) 亞洲電視於開曼群島註冊成立,其股 份於香港聯交所主板 上市(股份代號: 707)。亞洲電視為一間投資控股公司。 截至二零一九年十二月三十一日止財 政年度,亞洲電視之權益持有人應佔經 審核綜合虧損約為人民幣557,550,000 元,每股基本及攤薄虧損為人民幣 0.0764元。於二零一九年十二月三十一 日,本公司應佔其經審核綜合資產淨值 約為人民幣328,000元。截至二零一九 年十二月三十一日止年度概無收取任 何股息。

本集團於上市股本證券投資之公平值 乃以所報市價為依據。

(b) 根據上市規則第21章披露之本集團於二 零二零年及二零一九年三月三十一日 所持投資於可換股債券詳情如下:

		Unliste					
Name of investee companies	Place of incorporation	securitie	Fair value	adjustment	Carryi	ng value	
接受投資公司名稱	註冊成立地點	非上市債務認	^{登券,} 按成本值	公平	直調整	賬面值	
		31/3/2020	31/3/2019	31/3/2020	31/3/2019	31/3/2020	31/3/2019
		二零二零年	二零一九年	二零二零年	二零一九年	二零二零年	二零一九年
		三月三十一日	三月三十一日	三月三十一日	三月三十一日	三月三十一日	三月三十一日
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元 ————————————————————————————————————	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
Guanwan Investments Limited (note(i))	BVI	20,000	20,000	(4,128)	4,931	15,872	24,931
冠萬投資有限公司(附註(i))	英屬維京群島						

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For the year ended 31 March 2020 截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度

19. FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH **PROFIT OR LOSS** (continued)

- (b) (continued)
 - On 22 December 2014, the Company invested in the 3% unsecured convertible bonds issued by Guanwan Investments Limited ("Guanwan") at a face value of HK\$20,000,000, bearing coupon interest rate of 3% per annum. Guanwan is an investment holding company which indirectly hold 100% shares of its subsidiary, 深圳 金特嬌服裝有限公司 ("金特嬌"). 金特嬌 is principally engaging in designing, manufacturing and retail of women's dress in PRC. Each convertible bond due on 22 December 2017 is convertible into 24 fully paid ordinary shares of Guanwan with a par value of US\$1.00 each at a conversion price of HK\$833,333 per conversion share. The Company can exercise the conversion at any time until the maturity

On 23 December 2017, the convertible bonds were renewed, and the bonds due date was extended to 22 December 2020. All of the other terms remain unchanged.

Investments in convertible bonds represent investments in convertible bonds issued by Guanwan. The investments in the convertible bonds have debt components and embedded derivatives components. The directors of the Company designated the combined contracts as financial assets at fair value through profit or loss and recognised at fair value. The fair value of the combined contracts as at 31 March 2020 is determined by reference to the valuation carried out by an external independent valuer by using Discounted Cash Flow Method and Binominal Option Pricing Model. The inputs are as follows:

Guanwan

Underlying share price	HK\$475,393
Number of share outstanding	24
Conversion price per share	HK\$833,333
Time to maturity	9 months
Interest rate per annum	3%
Discount rate	41.40%
Risk free rate	0.48%
Volatility	49.18%

The significant unobservable inputs used in the fair value measurement are the underlying share price and expected volatility. The fair value measurement is positively correlated to the underlying share price and expected volatility.

As at 31 March 2020, it is estimated that with all other variables held constant, an increase/decrease in the expected volatility by 5% would have increased/decreased the carrying amount of the investment by approximately Nil/Nil (2019: Nil/Nil).

19. 按公平值計入在損益處理之財務資 產(續)

- (b) (續)
 - 於二零一四年十二月二十二日,本公司 投資於冠萬投資有限公司(「冠萬」)發 行之3厘無抵押可換股債券,該等債券 面值為20,000,000港元,按息票利率每 年3厘計息。冠萬為投資控股公司,間 接持有其附屬公司深圳金特嬌服裝有 限公司(「金特嬌」)之100%股份。金特 嬌主要在中國從事女裝設計、生產及零 售。每份於二零一十年十二月二十二日 到期之可換股債券可按換股價每股換 股股份833,333港元兑换為冠萬每股面 值1.00美元之繳足股款普通股24股。本 公司可於到期日前隨時行使換股權。

於二零一七年十二月二十三日,可換股 債券已續期,債券到期日延長至二零二 零年十二月二十二日。所有其他條款均 維持不變。

投資於可換股債券指投資於冠萬發行 之可換股債券。於可換股債券之投資包 括債務部分及嵌入式衍生工具部分。 本公司董事指定合併合約為按公平值 計入在損益處理之財務資產,並按公平 值確認。合併合約於二零二零年三月 三十一日之公平值乃經參考外聘獨立 估值師採用貼現現金流量法及二項式 期權定價模式所作估值而釐定。有關輸 入數據如下:

相關股價	475,393港元
發行在外股份數目	24
每股換股價	833,333港元
到期時間	9個月
年利率	3%
貼現率	41.40%

公平值計量中所用重大不可觀察輸入 數據乃相關股價及預期波幅。公平值計 量與相關股價及預期波幅成正比。

無風險利率

波幅

於二零二零年三月三十一日,估計在所 有其他變項維持不變情況下,預期波 幅增加/減少5%將導致投資賬面值增 加/減少約零/零(二零一九年:零/ 零)。

0.48%

49 18%

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19. FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH **PROFIT OR LOSS** (continued)

(b) (continued)

In addition, it is estimated that with all other variables held constant, an increase/decrease in the underlying share prices by 5% would have increased/decreased the carrying amount of the investment by approximately HK\$794,000/HK\$794,000 (2019: HK \$1,247,000/ HK\$1,246,000).

(c) On 2 December 2019, the Board of Directors made an announcement to inform the shareholders that the Company was unable to publish the 2019 Interim Results by 30 November 2019 as the Company had not been able to collect the information on some investee companies, namely Golden Resources and Huge Leader, for compiling the 2019 Interim Results.

On 20 January 2020, the chairman of the Group executed the Deed of Indemnity in favour of the Company to guarantee that the value of the Company's respective investments in Golden Resources and Huge Leader will not fall below 70% of the fair value of such investments as reflected in the audited financial statements of the Company as at 31 March 2019. 70% of the fair value of such investments as at 31 March 2019 amounted to HK\$11,358,000. The Deed of Indemnity constitutes a derivative under HKFRS 9 (Financial Instruments) and the amount of HK\$10.934.000 is the fair value of the Deed of Indemnity as at 31 March 2020 based on the valuation report of an independent valuer.

19. 按公平值計入在損益處理之財務資 產(續)

(b) (續)

此外,估計在所有其他變項維持不變 情況下,相關股價上升/下跌5%將導 致投資賬面值增加/減少約794,000 港元/794,000港元(二零一九年: 1,247,000港元/1,246,000港元)。

(c) 於二零一九年十二月二日,董事會刊發 公佈以知會股東,本公司無法在二零 一九年十一月三十日之前發佈二零一九 年中期業績,因為本公司無法取得部分 接受投資公司(即Golden Resources及 Huge Leader)的資料以編製二零一九 年中期業績。

> 誠如本公司於二零一九年三月三十一 日之經審核財務報表反映,於二零二零 年一月二十日,本集團主席以本公司 為受益人簽立彌償契據以擔保本公司 於Golden Resources及Huge Leader的 各自投資價值將不會低於有關投資公 平值的70%。該投資於二零一九年三月 三十一日的公平值的70%為11,358,000 港元。根據香港財務報告準則第9號(財 務工具),彌償契據構成衍生工具,而 根據一名獨立估值師之估值報告, 彌僧 契據於二零二零年三月三十一日之公 平值為10.934.000港元。

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For the year ended 31 March 2020 截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度

19. FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH **PROFIT OR LOSS** (continued)

(c) (continued)

The fair value of the Deed of Indemnity as at 31 March 2020 is determined by reference to the valuation carried out by an external independent valuer by using Discounted Cash Flow Method and on the assumption that there was high probability that the investments in Huge Leader and Golden Resources could be sold successfully at a low commercial value. The inputs are as follows:

19. 按公平值計入在損益處理之財務資 產(續)

19. 按公平值計入在損益處理之財務資產 (續)

> 該彌償契據於二零二零年三月三十一 日之公平值乃經參考外聘獨立估值師 採用貼現現金流量法所作估值而釐 定,並假設於Huge Leader及Golden Resources之投資很可能以低商業價值 而成功出售。有關輸入數據如下:

Golden	
Resources	Huge Leader
HK\$	HK\$
港元	港元

8,065,000

5,645,000

0.17% - 0.30%

1.9% - 5.0%

Fair value as at 31 March 2019 於二零一九年三月

Maximum guarantee @70% Probability of default Discount rate

三十一日之公平值 最高擔保70% 違約概率 貼現率

> 公平值計量中所用重大不可觀察輸入數據乃 違約概率。公平值計量與違約概率成正比。

8,160,000

5,712,000

The significant unobservable input used in the fair value measurement is the probability of default. The fair value measurement is positively correlated to the probability of default.

As at 31 March 2020, it is estimated that with all other variables held constant, an increase/decrease in the probability of default by 5% would have increased/decreased the carrying amount of the investment by approximately HK\$14,000/ HK\$17,000.

Both investments were disposed after the year end date. Details are summarised in Note 33 (iii).

於二零二零年三月三十一日,估計在所有其 他變項維持不變情況下,違約概率增加/減 少5%將導致投資賬面值增加/減少約14.000 港元/17,000港元。

兩項投資均於年結日後出售。詳情概述載於 附註33 (iii)。

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For the year ended 31 March 2020 截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度

20. OTHER RECEIVABLES, DEPOSITS AND **PREPAYMENTS**

20. 其他應收款項、按金及預付款項

		2020	2019
		二零二零年	二零一九年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Interest receivable	應收利息	2,563	2,563
Prepayments	預付款項	107	799
Other receivables and deposits paid (note a)	其他應收款項及		
	已付按金(附註a)	59,703	59,577
		62,373	62,939
Less: Provision for impairment loss (note a) ECL allowance (note b)	減:減值虧損撥備(附註a) 預期信貸虧損撥備	(59,016)	(59,000)
	(附註b)	(2,563)	(1,261)
		(61,579)	(60,261)
		794	2,678

Notes:

- The Group's other receivables and deposits paid were mainly refundable deposits paid for potential investments in the amount of HK\$59,000,000 as at 31 March 2020 (2019: HK\$59,000,000) and the refundable deposits paid was fully impaired as at 31 March 2019 due to uncertain recoverability of the refundable deposits paid.
- The Directors of the Company estimate the loss allowance on the interest receivables at the end of the reporting period on an individual basis, at an amount equal to lifetime ECL taking into account the expected collection period as these receivables are categorised as doubtful or performing under the Group's credit risk grading framework. Under HKFRS 9's simplified approach for the ECL model, the valuer has assessed and determined that the credit risk of the interest receivables has increased significantly to the Stage 3 risk level. The Directors of the Company thus considered that impairment on interest receivables with an aggregate amount of approximately HK\$2,563,000 (2019: 1,261,000) was made due to significant delay in repayments.

附註:

- 於二零二零年三月三十一日,本集團之其他 應收款項及已付按金主要為潛在投資之已 付可退還按金59,000,000港元(二零一九年: 59,000,000港元)及由於不確定已付可退還按 金可收回,故已付可退還按金已於二零一九 年三月三十一日悉數減值。
- (b) 經計及預期收回期,本公司董事按個別基準 以相等於全期預期信貸虧損的金額估計於報 告期末的應收利息虧損撥備,原因為根據本 集團的信貸風險評級框架,該等應收款項被 分類為呆賬或履行中。根據香港財務報告準 則第9號之預期信貸虧損模式之簡化法,估 值師已評估並釐定應收利息之信貸風險已顯 著增加至第3階段風險級別。因此,本公司董 事認為,計提應收利息減值總額約2.563.000 港元(二零一九年:1,261,000港元)乃由於還 款重大延遲。

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For the year ended 31 March 2020 截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度

20. OTHER RECEIVABLES, DEPOSITS AND **PREPAYMENTS** (continued)

The movements in allowance for impairment of other receivables are as follows:

20. 其他應收款項、按金及預付款項

其他應收款項減值撥備變動如下:

At the end of year	於年末	61,579	60,261
Impairment losses recognised	已確認減值虧損 	1,318	59,000
	第9號之影響	_	1,261
Effect of adoption of HKFRS 9	採納香港財務報告準則		
At the beginning of year	於年初	60,261	_
		千港元 ————	千港元
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		二零二零年	二零一九年
		2020	2019

21. BANK AND CASH BALANCES

21. 銀行及現金結存

		2020 二零二零年	2019 二零一九年
		ーマーマー HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元
Bank balances	銀行結存	2,303	1,137

The effective interest rate of the deposits in 2020 range from 0.001% to 0.45% (2019: 0.001% to 0.45%) per annum and all of them have a maturity within three months from initial inception.

Cash at banks earns interest at floating rates based on daily bank deposit rates. The bank balances are deposited with creditworthy banks with no recent history of default.

二零二零年存款之實際年利率介乎0.001%至 0.45% (二零一九年: 0.001%至0.45%),所有 存款均於自初步存款當日起計三個月內到期。

銀行存款根據每日銀行存款利率按浮息賺取 利息。銀行結存已存入近期並無違約記錄之 信用良好銀行。

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For the year ended 31 March 2020 截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度

22. SHARE CAPITAL

22. 股本

Number of ordinary shares 普通股數目

at HK\$0.01 at HK\$0.001 each each 每股面值 每股面值 0.01港元 0.001港元

HK\$'000

千港元

				一个儿
Authorised: At 1 April 2018 Share Consolidation	法定: 於二零一八年四月一日 股份合併	10,000,000,000	100,000,000,000 (100,000,000)	100,000
At 31 March 2019 and 31 March 2020	於二零一九年三月 三十一日及二零二零年 三月三十一日	10,000,000,000	_	100,000
Issued and fully paid:	已發行及繳足:			
At 1 April 2018	於二零一八年四月一日	N/A不適用	8,821,857,294	8,822
Placement of new shares (note (a))	配售新股份(附註(a))	N/A不適用	1,760,000,000	1,760
Share Consolidation (note (b))	股份合併(附註(b))	1,058,185,729	(10,581,857,294)	_
At 31 March 2019 and 31 March 2020	於二零一九年三月 三十一日及二零二零年			
	三月三十一日	1,058,185,729	_	10,582

All shares issued during the year rank pari passu with the then existing shares in all respects.

Notes:

- On 2 January 2019, an aggregate number of 1,760,000,000 new ordinary shares of par value of HK\$0.001 each were issued at subscription price of HK\$0.018 each to the independent third parties of the Company at aggregate proceeds of approximately HK\$30,888,000, net of issuing expenses directly related to respective placements, of which HK\$1,760,000 was credited to share capital and the remaining balance of HK\$29,128,000 was credited to the share premium account.
- On 21 March 2019, the Company completed the consolidation of shares in the issued shares of the Company whereby every ten issued and unissued ordinary shares of HK\$0.001 each are consolidated into one consolidated ordinary share of HK\$0.01 each (the "Share Consolidation").

於年內已發行的所有股份於各方面與當時之 已有股份享有同等權益。

附註:

- 於二零一九年一月二日,合計1,760,000,000 股每股面值0.001港元之新普通股按每股認 購價0.018港元發行予本公司的獨立第三方, 所得款項合計約30,888,000港元(扣除與相 關配售直接有關的發行開支),其中1,760,000 港元已計入股本,而餘下結餘29,128,000港元 已計入股份溢價賬。
- 於二零一九年三月二十一日,本公司完成本 公司已發行股份之股份合併,當中涉及將每 十股每股面值0.001港元之已發行及未發行 普通股合併為一股每股面值0.01港元之合併 普通股(「股份合併」)。

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For the year ended 31 March 2020 截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度

23. RESERVES **COMPANY**

23. 儲備

本公司

		Share premium 股份溢價 HK\$'000 千港元	Shareholder's contribution 股東注資 HK\$'000 千港元	Investment revaluation reserve 投資重估儲備 HK\$'000 千港元	Share option reserves 購股權儲備 HK\$'000 千港元	Accumulated losses 累計虧損 HK\$'000 千港元	Total 總 計 HK\$'000 千港元
At 31 March 2018 and 1 April 2018	於二零一八年三月三十一日	242 /22		0/ 072	402 444	(070.4.40)	224.077
Impact on initial application of HKFRS 9	及二零一八年四月一日 初步應用香港財務報告準則 第9號之影響	343,632	-	26,973 (16,326)	123,411	(272,149) 16,326	221,867
Restated as 1 April 2019	於二零一九年四月一日經重列	343,632	_	10,647	123,411	(255,823)	221,867
Loss for the year Other comprehensive income Change in fair value of financial assets at FVOCI	本年度虧損 其他全面收益 按公平值計入在其他全面 收益處理之財務資產之	-	-	-	-	(87,083)	(87,083)
433043 44 1 7 0 01	公平值變動	_	_	(64,753)	_	_	(64,753)
Placing of new shares	配售新股份	29,128	-	-	- (57, (30)	-	29,128
Share options lapsed	已失效購股權	-		-	(57,630)	57,630	
Total comprehensive income for the year	本年度全面收益總額	29,128	_	(64,753)	(57,630)	(29,453)	(122,708)
At 31 March 2019	於二零一九年三月三十一日	372,760	_	(54,106)	65,781	(285,276)	99,159
Loss for the year Other comprehensive income Change in fair value of financial	本年度虧損 其他全面收益 按公平值計入在其他全面	-	-	-	-	(58,272) -	(58,272) 221,867
assets at FVOCI	收益處理之財務資產之 公平值變動	_	_	(21,570)	_	_	(21,570)
Share options lapsed	已失效購股權	-	-		(65,781)	65,781	
Total comprehensive income for the year	本年度全面收益總額	-	-	(21,570)	(65,781)	7,470	(79,842)
Shareholder's contribution	股東注資	-	10,934	-	_	-	10,934
At 31 March 2020	於二零二零年三月三十一日	372,760	10,934	(75,676)	_	(277,767)	30,251

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For the year ended 31 March 2020 截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度

23. RESERVES (continued)

The following describes the nature and purpose of each reserve within owners' equity:

23. 儲備(續)

以下為對擁有人權益內各儲備之性質及目的 之描述:

Reserve	Description and purpose				
儲備	描述及目的 ————————————————————————————————————				
Share premium 股份溢價	Amount subscribed for share capital in excess of nominal value. 認購股本金額超出面值。				
Investment revaluation reserve	Gains/losses arising on recognising financial assets classified as financial assets at FVOCI at fair value.				
投資重估儲備	因按公平值將財務資產確認分類為按公平值計入在其他全面收益處理之財務資產而產生之收益/虧損。				
Exchange reserve	Gains/losses arising on retranslating the net assets of foreign operations				
匯兑儲備	into presentation currency. 按呈列貨幣重新換算海外業務資產淨值而產生之收益/虧損。				
Share option reserve	Cumulative expenses recognised on the granting of share options to the				
購股權儲備	employees over the vesting period. 就歸屬期間向僱員授出購股權確認累計開支。				
Accumulated losses 累計虧損	Cumulative net gains and losses recognised in profit or loss. 於損益確認之累計收益及虧損淨額。				

24. SHARE OPTION SCHEME

The Company's share option scheme (the "Scheme"), was adopted pursuant to a resolution passed on 9 April 2009 for the primary purpose of providing incentive to directors and eligible employees. Under the Scheme, the Board of Directors of the Company may grant options to eligible employees, including directors of the Company and its subsidiaries, to subscribe for shares of the Company. Consideration of HK\$1.00 is payable by each grantee upon acceptance of an option.

24. 購股權計劃

本公司根據於二零零九年四月九日涌過之決 議案採納購股權計劃(「計劃」),主要目的 為獎勵董事及合資格僱員。根據計劃,本公 司董事會可向合資格僱員(包括本公司及其 附屬公司董事)授出可認購本公司股份之購 股權。各承授人接納購股權時須支付代價1.00 港元。

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24. SHARE OPTION SCHEME (continued)

On 30 July 2013, the shareholders have approved the refreshment of the 10% scheme mandate limit under the Scheme of the Company in the annual general meeting. The total number of shares in respect of which options may be granted under the Scheme is not permitted to exceed 10% of the shares of the company in issue at any point in time, without prior approval from the Company's shareholders. Option previously granted under the Schemes including those outstanding, cancelled, lapsed in accordance with the Scheme or exercised options will not be counted for the purpose of calculating the limit as "refreshed". On 24 January 2014, the number of shares in respect of which options had been granted to eligible persons under the Scheme was 64,430,000, representing 8.37% of the shares of the Company in issue at that date. Options granted to independent non-executive directors in excess of 0.1% of the Company's share capital and with a value in excess of HK\$5 million must be approved in advance by the Company's shareholders. On 16 September 2014, 81,100,000 share options were granted to subscribe for a total of 81,100,000 new ordinary shares of HK\$0.01 each in the share capital of the Company to eligible participants, subject to acceptance of the eligible participants, under the share option scheme adopted by the Company on 9 April 2009. Among the 81,100,000 Share Options granted, a total of 9,350,000 Share Options were granted to the Directors, chief executive and a substantial shareholder.

24. 購股權計劃(續)

於二零一三年七月三十日,股東已於股東週 年大會上批准更新本公司計劃項下之10%計 劃授權限額。未經本公司股東事先批准,根 據計劃可授出購股權所涉及股份總數不得 超過本公司不時之已發行股份10%。過往根 據計劃授出之購股權(包括尚未行使、已註 銷、根據計劃已失效或已行使之購股權)將 不會計入「經更新」限額。於二零一四年一月 二十四日,根據計劃已向合資格人士授出之 購股權所涉及股份數目為64,430,000股,相當 於本公司當日之已發行股份8.37%。如向獨 立非執行董事授出之購股權超過本公司股本 0.1%及價值超出5,000,000港元,則須獲本公 司股東事先批准。於二零一四年九月十六日, 本公司根據於二零零九年四月九日採納之 購股權計劃向合資格參與者授出81,100,000 份購股權,可供認購本公司股本中每股面值 0.01港元之新普通股合共81,100,000股(須 獲合資格參與者接納方可作實)。所授出之 81,100,000份購股權中合共9,350,000份乃授 予董事、主要行政人員及一名主要股東。

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24. SHARE OPTION SCHEME (continued)

The following table discloses movements of the Company's share options granted under the Scheme during the year ended 31 March 2020:

24. 購股權計劃(續)

下表披露於截至二零二零年三月三十一日止 年度根據計劃授出的本公司購股權之變動:

Number of share options
膵心排動日

Category 類別	Date of grant 授出日期	Exercise period 行使期	Exercise price per share 每股行使價	At 1 April 2019 於二零一九年 四月一日	Granted during the year 年內授出	Exercised during the year 年內行使	Lapsed during the year 年內失效	Ratify previous lapsed share option 認可過往 失效購股權	At 31 March 2020 於二零二零年 三月三十一日
Executive director	24 January 2014	24 January 2014 to	HK\$1.824*	_	-	-	-	-	-
執行董事	二零一四年一月二十四日	23 January 2019 二零一四年一月二十四日至 二零一九年一月二十三日	1.824港元*						
Non-executive director	24 January 2014	24 January 2014 to 23 January 2019	HK\$1.824*	-	-	-	-	-	-
非執行董事	二零一四年一月二十四日	二零一四年一月二十四日至 二零一九年一月二十三日	1.824港元*						
Independent non-executive directors	24 January 2014	24 January 2014 to 23 January 2019	HK\$1.824*	-	-	-	-	-	-
獨立非執行董事	二零一四年一月二十四日	二零一四年一月二十四日至 二零一九年一月二十三日	1.824港元*						
Others	24 January 2014	24 January 2014 to	HK\$1.824*	-	-	-	-	-	-
其他	二零一四年一月二十四日	23 January 2019 二零一四年一月二十四日至 二零一九年一月二十三日	HK\$1.824*						
Executive director	16 September 2014	16 September 2014 to 15 September 2019	HK\$1.560*	2,110,000	-	-	(2,110,000)	-	-
執行董事	二零一四年九月十六日	二零一四年九月十六日至 二零一九年九月十五日	1.560港元*						
Non-executive director	16 September 2014	16 September 2014 to 15 September 2019	HK\$1.560*	130,000	-	-	(130,000)	-	-
非執行董事	二零一四年九月十六日	二零一四年九月十六日至 二零一九年九月十五日	1.560港元*						
Independent non-executive directors	16 September 2014	16 September 2014 to 15 September 2019	HK\$1.560*	-	-	-	-	-	-
獨立非執行董事	二零一四年九月十六日	二零一四年九月十六日至 二零一九年九月十五日	1.560港元*						
Others	16 September 2014	16 September 2014 to 15 September 2019	HK\$1.560*	71,250,000	-	-	(71,250,000)	=	=
其他	二零一四年九月十六日	二零一四年九月十六日至 二零一九年九月十五日	1.560港元*						
Total 總計				73,490,000	-	-	(73,490,000)	-	-

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24. SHARE OPTION SCHEME (continued)

As at the date of grant, the exercise prices of the share options were HK\$1.824 and HK\$1.56. As a result of the share subdivision effected on 2 January 2015, the exercise prices were adjusted to HK\$0.1824 and HK\$0.1560. On 28 December 2018, a new share option scheme replaced the previous Scheme. Except that no further Share Options may be granted under the Scheme consequent upon its termination, all other provisions of the Scheme remain in force. The exercise prices were adjusted to HK\$1.824 and HK\$1.56 following the share consolidation on 21 March 2019.

The number and weighted average exercise price of the share options exercisable at the end of the reporting period are nil (2019: 73,490,000) and HK\$ nil (2019: HK\$1.56) respectively.

The weighted average remaining contractual life for share options outstanding at the end of the reporting period is nil (2019: 0.5 years). The weighted average share price at the date of exercise of options exercised during the year was HK\$Nil (2019: HK\$Nil).

The total number of securities available for issue under the share option scheme as at 31 March 2020 was none (2019: 73,490,000 shares) which represented 0% of the issued share capital of the Company as at 31 March 2020 (2019: 6.94%).

25. NET ASSET VALUE PER SHARE

Net asset value per share is calculated by dividing the net assets included in the consolidated statement of financial position of approximately HK\$41,070,000 (2019: net assets of HK\$105,871,000) and the number of ordinary shares in issue as at 31 March 2020, being 1,058,185,729 (2019: 1,058,185,729).

24. 購股權計劃(續)

於授出日期,購股權的行使價為1.824港元及 1.56港元。由於二零一五年一月二日生效之 股份拆細,行使價調整至0.1824港元及0.1560 港元。於二零一八年十二月二十八日,原計 劃被一份新購股權計劃所替代。根據計劃所 載,除可能不會於計劃終止後進一步授出購 股權之外,計劃所含之其他全部條款仍持續 有效。於二零一九年三月二十一日股份合併 後,行使價調整至1.824港元及1.56港元。

於報告期末可行使購股權之數目及加權平均 行使價分別為零(二零一九年:73,490,000份) 及零港元(二零一九年:1.56港元)。

於報告期末未行使購股權之加權平均剩餘合 約年期為零(二零一九年:0.5年)。年內已行 使購股權於行使日期之加權平均股價為零港 元(二零一九年:零港元)。

於二零二零年三月三十一日,並無購股權計 劃項下可供發行之證券總數(二零一九年: 73,490,000股)股份,相當於本公司於二零二 零年三月三十一日之已發行股本0%(二零 一九年:6.94%)。

25. 每股資產淨值

每股資產淨值按計入綜合財務狀況表之資產 淨值約41,070,000港元(二零一九年:資產淨 值105,871,000港元)除以於二零二零年三月 三十一日之已發行普通股數目1,058,185,729 股(二零一九年:1,058,185,729)計算。

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26. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

(a) Compensation of key management personnel, including the directors and other members of key management,

during the year is as follows:

26. 關連人士交易

(a) 主要管理人員(包括董事及其他主要管 理人員)年內酬金如下:

> 2020 2019 二零二零年 二零一九年 HK\$'000 HK\$'000 千港元 千港元

薪金、津貼及 Salaries, allowances and benefits in kind 實物利益

1,607 2,410

Further details of directors' emoluments are included in note 14 to the consolidated financial statements.

有關董事酬金之進一步詳情載於綜合 財務報表附註14。

(b) During the year, the Group entered into the following transactions with related parties:

(b) 年內,本集團曾與關連人士訂立以下交

		2020 二零二零年	2019 二零一九年
Name of related party	Nature of transaction	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
關連人士名稱	交易性質	千港元	千港元
China Everbright Securities (HK) Limited	Investment manager fee	550	720
("China Everbright") (Note i) 中國光大證券 (香港)有限公司 (「中國光大」) (附註i)	投資經理費用		
Yang Xiaoqiu (Note ii) 楊曉秋 (附註ii)	Shareholder's contribution 股東注資	10,934	_

Notes:

- On 30 April 2018, the Company renewed the investment management agreement with China Everbright for a period of three years effective from 1 May 2018. The annual investment manager's fee payable to China Everbright is HK\$550,000 (2019: HK\$720,000). The investment management agreement has been terminated with effect from 5 January 2020.
- On 20 January 2020, the Chairman of the Group, who is also a shareholder of the Company, execute a Deed of Indemnity in favour of the Group, the details of which are set out in note 19(c).

附註:

- 於二零一八年四月三十日,本公司與中 國光大重續投資管理協議,自二零一八 年五月一日起生效,為期三年。每年應 付中國光大之投資經理費用為550,000 港元(二零一九年:720,000港元)。投 資管理協議已終止,自二零二零年一月 五日起生效。
- (ii) 於二零二零年一月二十日,本集團主席 (亦為本公司股東)以本集團為受益人 簽立彌償契據,其詳情載於附註19(c)。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2020 截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度

27. RETIREMENT BENEFIT SCHEME

The Group has participated in a defined contribution Mandatory Provident Fund Scheme (the "MPF Scheme") under the Mandatory Provident Fund Schemes Ordinance for all eligible employees in Hong Kong. The assets of the MPF Scheme are held separately from those of the Group, in funds under the control of trustee. Under the scheme, each of the Group (the employer) and its employees makes monthly contributions to the MPF Scheme at 5% of the employees' earnings as defined under the Mandatory Provident Fund Scheme Ordinance. The contributions from each of the employer and employees are subject to a maximum contribution of HK\$1,500 (2019: HK\$1,500) per month with effective from 1 June 2014 and thereafter contributions are voluntary. No forfeited contribution is available to reduce the contributions payable in the future years.

The total contributions charged to the consolidated income statement amounted to approximately HK\$66,000 (2019: approximately HK\$79,000), representing contributions payable to the MPF Scheme by the Group in respect of the year ended 31 March 2020.

28. OPERATING LEASE COMMITMENTS

At the end of reporting period, the minimum lease payments under non-cancellable operating leases for leased premise are payable as follows:

27. 退休福利計劃

本集團按照強制性公積金計劃條例為所有合 資格香港僱員參與定額供款強制性公積金計 劃(「強積金計劃」)。強積金計劃之資產與本 集團之資產分開,由信託人控制之基金持有。 根據該計劃,本集團(僱主)及其僱員各自按 照僱員之薪資(定義見強制性公積金計劃條 例)之5%每月向強積金計劃作出供款。自二 零一四年六月一日起,僱主及僱員各自之供 款最高為每月1,500港元(二零一九年:1,500 港元),此後之供款屬自願。並無沒收供款以 減少未來年度應付之供款。

計入綜合收益表中之供款總額約66,000港元 (二零一九年:約79,000港元),指本集團就 截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度應付強 積金計劃之供款。

28. 經營租賃承擔

於報告期末,根據不可撤銷經營租賃就租賃 物業應付之最低租金款項如下:-

> 2019 2020 二零二零年 二零一九年 HK\$'000 HK\$'000 千港元 千港元

一年內 20 2.069 Within one year

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2020 截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度

29. HOLDING COMPANY STATEMENT OF **FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT 31 MARCH 2020**

29. 於二零二零年三月三十一日控股公 司財務狀況表

THAITCIAL I OSITIOIT AS AT C	T WARCH ZOZO	מי און נעני נאי נייי	0.12	
			2020 二零二零年	2019 二零一九年
		Notes	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		附註	千港元	千港元
ASSETS AND LIABILITIES	資產及負債			
Non-current assets	非流動資產			
Property, plant and equipment	物業、廠房及設備		29	47
Investments in subsidiaries	於附屬公司之投資		781	781
Financial assets at fair value through	按公平值計入在其他全面		701	701
other comprehensive income	收益處理之財務資產		119	21,689
·				
			929	22,517
Current assets	流動資產			
Financial assets at fair value through	按公平值計入在損益處理			
profit or loss	之財務資產		34,096	67,879
Other receivables, deposits and	其他應收款項、按金及		-	•
prepayments	預付款項		676	2,619
Amounts due from subsidiaries	應收附屬公司款項		7,617	19,234
Bank and cash balances	銀行及現金結存		2,289	1,093
			44,678	90,825
			<u> </u>	,
Current liabilities	流動負債			
Other payables and accrued charges	其他應付款項及應計費用		4,774	3,601
			4,774	3,601
Net current assets	流動資產淨值		39,904	87,224
Net assets	資產淨值		40,833	109,741
EQUITY	權益			
Share capital	股本	22	10,582	10,582
Reserves	儲備 ————————————————————————————————————	23	30,251	99,159
Total equity	權益總額		40,833	109,741

On behalf of the directors

代表董事

Yang Xiaoqiu 楊曉秋 Director 董事

Chan Cheong Yee 陳昌義 Director 董事

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2020 截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度

30. SUMMARY OF FINANCIAL ASSETS AND FINANCIAL LIABILITIES BY CATEGORY

The following table shows the carrying amounts and fair values of the Group's financial assets and liabilities as defined in note 4(f):

30. 按類別劃分之財務資產及財務負債

2020

下表列示附註4(f)所界定本集團財務資產及 負債之賬面值及公平值:

2019

		2020		2019	
		二零二零年		二零一九年	
		Carrying	Carrying		
		amount	Fair value	amount	Fair value
		賬面值	公平值	賬面值	公平值
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
Financial assets:	財務資產:				
Financial assets at fair value through	按公平值計入在其他全面				
other comprehensive income	收益處理之財務資產				
– Unlisted equity securities	一非上市股本證券	8,593	8,593	31,787	31,787
Financial assets at fair value through	按公平值計入在損益處理				
profit or loss	之財務資產				
- Investments in convertible bonds	-投資於可換股債券	15,872	15,872	24,931	24,931
- Listed equity securities	一上市股本證券	7,290	7,290	42,948	42,948
– Financial guarantee	一財務擔保	10,934	10,934	-	_
Financial assets measured at amortised costs	按攤銷成本計量之財務資產				
- Other receivables and deposits paid	一其他應收款項及已付按金	687	687	1,879	1,879
Loans and receivables	貸款及應收款項				
– Bank and cash balances	一銀行及現金結存	2,303	2,303	1,137	1,137
Financial liabilities	金融負債				
Financial liabilities measured	按攤銷成本計量之				
at amortised cost	財務負債	4,849	4,849	3,601	3,601

The following table provides an analysis of financial instruments carried at fair value by level of fair value hierarchy:-

Level 1: Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities;

Level 2: Inputs other than guoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (i.e. as prices) or indirectly (i.e. derived from prices); and

Level 3: Inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs).

下表列示按公平值等級劃分以公平值列值之 財務工具分析:-

第一級:相同資產或負債之活躍市場報價(未 經調整);

第二級:直接(即價格)或間接(即來自價格) 的資產或負債之可觀察輸入數據, 而非第一級所包括報價;及

第三級:並非基於可觀察市場數據的資產或 負債之輸入數據(不可觀察之輸入 數據)。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2020 截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度

30. SUMMARY OF FINANCIAL ASSETS AND FINANCIAL LIABILITIES BY CATEGORY

(continued)

30. 按類別劃分之財務資產及財務負債 概要(續)

(continued)			2020 一 		
		Level 1	Level 2		Total
		第一級	第二級		總計
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000		HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
Financial assets at fair value through	按公平值計入在其他全面				
other comprehensive income	收益處理之財務資產				
- Private equity securities	-私募股權證券	-	-	8,593	8,593
Financial assets at fair value through	按公平值計入在損益處理				
profit or loss	之財務資產				
 Listed equity securities 	一上市股本證券	7,290	_	_	7,290
- Investments in convertible bonds	一投資於可換股債券	-	_	15,872	15,872
– Financial guarantee	一財務擔保	_	_	零二零年 2 Level 3 級 第三級 DO HK\$'000 元 千港元 - 8,593 15,872 - 10,934 - 35,399 2019 零一九年 12 Level 3 級 第三級 DO HK\$'000 元 千港元 - 31,787	10,934
		7,290		35,399	42,689
			2019		
		Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
		第一級	第二級	第三級	總計
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
Financial assets at fair value through	按公平值計入在其他全面				
other comprehensive income	收益處理之財務資產				
- Private equity securities	一私募股權投資	-	_	31,787	31,787
Financial assets at fair value through	按公平值計入在損益處理				
profit or loss	之財務資產				
Listed equity securities	一上市股本證券	42,948	_	_	42,948
- Investments in convertible bonds	一投資於可換股債券	_	_	24,931	24,931
		42,948	_	56.718	99,666

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2020 截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度

30. SUMMARY OF FINANCIAL ASSETS AND FINANCIAL LIABILITIES BY CATEGORY

(continued)

Reconciliation for financial instruments carried at fair value based on significant unobservable inputs (Level 3) are as follows:

30. 按類別劃分之財務資產及財務負債 概要(續)

根據重大不可觀察輸入數據(第三級)以公 平值列值的財務工具之對賬如下:

		Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss: Investments in convertible bonds and Financial purple of through other comprehensive income: Investments in unlisted equity guarantee 按公平值		Total
		按公平值計入 在損益處理之 財務資產:投資 於可換股債券及 財務擔保 HK\$'000	計入在其他全面 收益處理之 財務資產: 投資於非上市 股本證券 HK\$'000	總計 HK\$'000
At 1 April 2019	於二零一九年四月一日	千港元 24,931	千港元 31,787	<u>千港元</u> 56,718
Purchases Total gain/(loss) - in profit or loss (note a) - in other comprehensive income (note b)	購買 總收益/(虧損) 一於損益(附註a) 一於其他全面收益 (附註b)	1,875	(23,194)	1,875
At 31 March 2020	於二零二零年三月三十一日	26,806	8,593	35,399
Gain recognised in profit or loss relating to financial instruments held by the Group at the end of reporting date	就本集團於報告日期結束時 所持財務工具於損益中 確認之收益	1,875		1,875
At 1 April 2018 Purchases	於二零一八年四月一日 購買	27,100	98,814	125,914
Total Loss - in profit or loss (note a) - in other comprehensive income (note b)	總虧損 一於損益(附註a) 一於其他全面收益(附註b)	(2,169)	- (67,027)	(2,169) (67,027)
At 31 March 2019	於二零一九年三月三十一日	24,931	31,787	56,718
Loss recognised in profit or loss relating to financial instruments held by the Group at the end of reporting date	就本集團於報告日期結束時 所持財務工具於損益中 確認之虧損	(2,169)	-	(2,169)

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2020 截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度

30. SUMMARY OF FINANCIAL ASSETS AND FINANCIAL LIABILITIES BY CATEGORY

(continued)

Notes:

- Included in the change in fair value of and net realised gain/(loss) on disposal of financial assets at FVTPL.
- Included in the OCI related to investment revaluation.

31. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES **AND POLICIES**

The Group's major financial instruments include equity investments, other receivables, other payables, borrowing and amounts due to directors. Details of these financial instruments are disclosed in the respective notes. The risks associated with these financial instruments and the policies applied by the Group to mitigate these risks are set out below. Management monitors these exposures to ensure appropriate measures are implemented in a timely and effective manner.

Interest rate risk

Except for the cash and cash equivalents which carry floating interest rate, the Group has no other significant interestbearing assets with floating rates. The Group's income and operating cash flows are substantially independent of changes in market interest rates.

Sensitivity analysis

Assuming the balance at 31 March 2020 was the amount for the whole year, if the interest rate was 50 basis points higher or lower and all other variables were held constant, the Group's loss for the year ended 31 March 2020 would decrease or increase by HK\$11,515 (2019: decrease or increase by HK\$5,685).

30. 按類別劃分之財務資產及財務負債 概要(續)

附註:

- 計入按公平值計入在損益處理之財務資產公 平值之變動及出售按公平值計入在損益處理 之財務資產之已變現收益/(虧損)淨額。
- 計入有關投資重估之其他全面收益。

31. 財務風險管理目標及政策

本集團主要財務工具包括股本投資、其他應 收款項、其他應付款項、借貸及應付董事款 項。該等財務工具之詳情於相關附註披露。 有關該等財務工具之風險及本集團用以規避 該等風險之政策載列如下。管理層監察該等 風險以確保適時及有效實施合適措施。

利率風險

除現金及現金等值物以浮動利率計息外,本 集團並無其他以浮動利率計息之重大附息資 產。本集團收入及經營現金流量大部分均獨 立於市場利率變動。

敏感度分析

假設於二零二零年三月三十一日之結餘乃全 年度之款額,倘利率上升或下降50個基點, 而所有其他變數維持不變,則本集團截至二 零二零年三月三十一日止年度之虧損將減少 或增加11,515港元(二零一九年:減少或增加 5,685港元)。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2020 截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度

31. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES **AND POLICIES** (continued)

Foreign exchange risk

The Group operates internationally and is exposed to foreign exchange risk arising from various currency exposures, primarily with respect to the Renminbi ("RMB"). Foreign exchange risk arises from future commercial transactions, recognised assets and liabilities and net investments in foreign operations.

Sensitivity analysis

The following table shows the sensitivity analysis of a 5% increase/decrease in RMB against the Hong Kong dollars, the effect in the loss for the year is as follows:

31. 財務風險管理目標及政策(續)

外匯風險

本集團業務國際化,承受來自多國貨幣之外 匯風險,其中主要風險來自人民幣(「人民 幣」)。外匯風險來自海外業務之未來商業交 易、已確認資產及負債以及投資淨額。

敏感度分析

下表列示人民幣兑港元升值/貶值5%對本 年度虧損影響之敏感度分析:

Impact of RMB

人民幣之影響

2020 二零二零年

二零一九年

2019

HK\$'000

HK\$'000

千港元

千港元

Increase/decrease in loss for the year

本年度虧損增加/減少

286

Equity price risk

The Group is exposed to equity price risk arising from investments in convertible bonds, investments in PRC unlisted equity securities and investments in Hong Kong listed equity securities, which were classified as either financial assets at FVOCI (note 18) or financial assets at FVTPL (note 19) on the consolidated statement of financial position. To manage its price risk arising from investments in financial assets, the Group diversified its portfolio.

股本價格風險

本集團承受股本價格風險, 乃來自於綜合財 務狀況表中分類為按公平值計入在其他全面 收益處理之財務資產投資(附註18)或按公 平值計入在損益處理之財務資產(附註19) 之可換股債券投資、中國非上市股本證券投 資及於香港上市股本證券投資。為管理投資 財務資產所產生之價格風險,本集團分散其 投資組合。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2020 截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度

31. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES **AND POLICIES** (continued)

Sensitivity analysis

The following table demonstrates the sensitivity to every 5% (2019: 5%) change in the fair value of the financial assets with all other variables held constant and based on their carrying value amounts at the end of the reporting period. For the financial assets at FVOCI, the impact is deemed to be on the investment revaluation reserve and no account is given for factors such as impairment, which might have an impact on the income statement.

31. 財務風險管理目標及政策(續)

敏感度分析

下表説明在所有其他變數維持不變之情況下, 根據財務資產於報告期末之賬面值金額計算, 公平值每5%變動(二零一九年:5%)之敏感 度。就按公平值計入在其他全面收益處理之 財務資產投資而言,有關變動被視為將對投 資重估儲備構成影響,而並無考慮其他如減 值等可能影響收益表之因素。

		•	nvestments ible bonds	at fair value t		in Hong K equity s	investment long listed ecurities 股本證券
		投資於可換歷	投債券之影響	財務資產	全之影響	投資之	之影響
		2020	2019	2020	2019	2020	2019
		二零二零年	二零一九年	二零二零年	二零一九年	二零二零年	二零一九年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
Increase in loss for the year	本年度虧損增加	794	1,247	_	_	364	2,147
Increase/decrease in other	其他權益儲備						
equity reserve	增加/減少	_	-	430	1,589	-	_

Credit risk

The Group has no significant concentrations of credit risk.

The Group's management considers that all financial assets that are not impaired under review are of good credit quality, including those that are past due.

None of the Group's financial assets are secured by collateral or other credit enhancement.

信貸風險

本集團並無重大集中信貸風險。

本集團管理層認為,所有經檢討的未減值財 務資產(包括已逾期者)的信貸記錄良好。

本集團的財務資產概無以抵押品或其他加強 信貸措施抵押。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2020 截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度

31. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES **AND POLICIES** (continued)

Credit risk (continued)

The credit risk for bank deposits and balances is considered negligible, since the counterparties are reputable banks with high quality external credit ratings.

The followings are credit risk management practices and quantitative and qualitative information about amounts arising expected credit losses for each class of financial assets.

Other receivables and deposits

Apart from credit-impaired other receivables with loss allowance of approximately HK\$2,563,000 as disclosed in note 20, the Group provides for 12-month ECLs for all other receivables and deposits at initial recognition. Where there is a significant deterioration in credit risk or when the other receivables and deposits are assessed to be credit-impaired, the Group provides for lifetime ECLs. The ECLs incorporate forward looking information such as forecast of economic conditions. The Group considers the consistently low historical default rates of counterparties. It is concluded that credit risk inherent in the Group's remaining other receivables and deposits is insignificant. The Group has assessed that the remaining other receivables and deposits do not have a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition and risk of default is insignificant, therefore the ECLs for these remaining other receivables and deposits were immaterial under the 12-month ECLs. No loss allowance for remaining other receivables and deposits was recognised for the year ended 31 March 2020.

31. 財務風險管理目標及政策(續)

信貸風險(續)

由於對手方為外部信貸評級良好及聲譽良好 的銀行,因此銀行存款及結存的信貸風險被 視為輕微。

下文載述各類別財務資產的信貸風險管理常 規及有關預期信貸虧損所產生的金額的量化 和質化資料。

其他應收款項及按金

除附註20所披露就已作信貸減值之其他應收 款項確認虧損撥備約2,563,000港元外,本集 團於初步確認時就所有其他應收款項及按金 計提12個月預期信貸虧損撥備。倘信貸風險 顯著惡化或其他應收款項及按金被評定為信 貸減值,本集團將計提存續期內預期信貸虧 損撥備。預期信貸虧損納入前瞻性資料如經 濟狀況預測等。本集團考慮到對手方長期低 水平之歷史違約率,由此推斷本集團餘下之 其他應收款項及按金之內在信貸風險並不顯 著。本集團已評定餘下之其他應收款項及按 金的信貸風險自初步確認以來並無顯著增加 及違約風險並不顯著,因此,按12個月預期 信貸虧損計算,該等餘下之其他應收款項及 按金之預期信貸虧損並不重大。截至二零二 零年三月三十一日止年度,並無就餘下之其 他應收款項及按金確認虧損撥備。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2020 截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度

31. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES **AND POLICIES** (continued)

Liquidity risk

In the management of the liquidity risk, the Group monitors and maintains a level of cash and cash equivalents deemed adequate by the management to finance the Group's operations and mitigate the effects of fluctuation in cash flows. With regard to 2019 and thereafter, the liquidity of the Group is primarily dependent on its ability to maintain adequate cash flow from operations and to raise funds through issue and allotment of new shares to meet its debt obligations as they fall due.

The maturity profile of the Group's financial liabilities at the end of reporting period is as follows:

31. 財務風險管理目標及政策(續)

流動資金風險

就管理流動資金風險而言,本集團監控並維 持管理層視為充裕之現金及現金等值物水平, 以為本集團業務營運提供資金,並減輕現金 流量波動之影響。就二零一九年及其後而言, 本集團之流動資金主要取決於自其業務維持 足夠現金流量以及透過發行及配發新股份籌 集資金以於債務到期時應付其債務承擔之能 力。

本集團於報告期末之財務負債到期情況如下:

		Carrying amount	Total undiscounted cash flows 未貼現	Within one year or on demand
		賬面值 HK\$'000 千港元	現金流量總額 HK\$'000 千港元	一年內或按要求 HK\$′000 千港元
As at 31 March 2020 Other payables and accrued charges	於二零二零年三月三十一日 其他應付款項及應計費用	4,849	4,849	4,849
As at 31 March 2019 Other payables and accrued charges	於二零一九年三月三十一日 其他應付款項及應計費用	3,601	3,601	3,601

32. CAPITAL MANAGEMENT POLICY

The Group's objectives of managing capital are to safeguard the Group's ability to continue as a going concern in order to provide returns for shareholders and benefits for other stakeholders and to maintain an optimal capital structure to reduce the cost of capital. In order to maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Group may adjust the amount of dividends paid to shareholders, return capital to shareholders, issue new shares or sell assets to reduce debt.

32. 資金管理政策

本集團之資金管理目標乃保障本集團能持續 經營,以為股東帶來回報及為其他權益持有 人帶來利益,同時維持最佳資本結構以減低 資本成本。為維持或調整資本結構,本集團 可調整向股東派付之股息金額、向股東退回 資本、發行新股份或出售資產以減輕債務。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2020 截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度

32. CAPITAL MANAGEMENT POLICY (continued)

Consistent with others in the industry, the Group monitors capital on the basis of the gearing ratio. This ratio is calculated as debts divided by total assets. Debts included other payables and accrued charges, borrowing and amount due to directors and total assets included non-current assets and current assets as shown in the consolidated statement of financial position.

The gearing ratio at the end of reporting period was as follows:

32. 資金管理政策(續)

本集團與其他同業做法一致,按資產負債比 率為基準監察資本。此比率乃以債務除資產 總值計算。如綜合財務狀況表所示,債務包 括其他應付款項及應計費用、借貸及應付董 事款項,而資產總值則包括非流動資產及流 動資產。

於報告期末,資產負債比率如下:

		2020	2019
		二零二零年	二零一九年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Debts	債務	4,849	3,601
Total assets	資產總值	45,919	109,472
Gearing ratio	資產負債比率	10.56%	3.29%

33. EVENTS AFTER REPORTING PERIOD

Since January 2020, the outbreak of Novel Coronavirus ("COVID-19") has dealt a big blow on the global business environment. In preparing the consolidated financial statements, the Group applies fair value to measure its financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income and fair value through profit or loss. In 2020, fair value of the Group's financial assets at fair value through profit or loss and financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income suffer from fluctuations due to the COVID-19 outbreak. In view of the development and spread of COVID-19 subsequent to the date of this report, further changes in economic conditions arising thereof may have negative impact on the financial results of the Group, the extent of which could not be estimated as at the date of this report. The Group will keep monitoring to the situation of the COVID-19 and react actively to its impact on the financial position and operating results of the Group.

33. 報告期後事項

自二零二零年一月以來,新型冠狀病毒 (「新冠病毒」)爆發給全球商業環境帶 來沉重打擊。於編製綜合財務報表時, 本集團採用公平值計量其按公平值計 入在其他全面收益處理的財務資產及 按公平值計入在損益處理的財務資產。 於二零二零年,本集團按公平值計入在 損益處理的財務資產及按公平值計入 在其他全面收益處理的財務資產的公 平值因新冠病毒爆發而出現波動。鑑於 報告期間之後新冠病毒的發展及傳播, 由此帶來的經濟狀況進一步變化可能 會對本集團的財務業績產生負面影響, 惟於本報告日期無法估計其影響程度。 本集團將繼續監察新冠病毒的形勢,並 就其對本集團財務狀況及經營業績的 影響作出積極應對。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2020 截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度

33. EVENTS AFTER REPORTING PERIOD (continued)

- On 23 April 2020, the Company entered into a sale and purchase agreement with an independent third party by which the Group conditionally agreed to sell, and the buyer conditionally agreed to buy the 5% equity interest of Perfect Worth for a consideration of HK\$500,000 in cash and the disposal was completed on 24 April 2020.
- (iii) On 24 June 2020 and 26 June 2020 respectively, the Company entered into a sale and purchase agreement with another independent third party by which the Group conditionally agreed to sell, and the buyer conditionally agreed to buy 14% (representing all 140 owned shares) and 17% (representing 17 out of 18 owned shares) equity interests of Golden Resources and Huge Leader for a cash consideration of HK\$816,000 and HK\$762,000 respectively and the disposals were not completed as at the date of approval of these financial statements. On 2 July 2020, the Company received the consideration for the sale of 17% of the equity interest in Huge Leader, and on the same date the Company transferred the beneficial interest in Huge Leader to the purchaser. On 28 July 2020, the Company received the consideration for the sale of 14% equity interest in Golden Resources and on the same date the Company transferred the beneficial interest in Golden Resources to the purchaser. As each of the considerations for disposals of interests in Golden Resources and Huge Leader falls below 70% of their respective fair value as at 31 March 2019, the chairman of the Group is required to pay a total amount of shortfall of HK\$9,466,000 (after taking into account the considerations received) to the Company under the terms of the Deed of Indemnity which is mentioned in note 19(c) above. After the disposal of 14% equity interest in Golden Resources and 17% equity interest in Huge Leader, the chairman of the Group still has obligation under the Deed of Indemnity in respect of the remaining 1% equity interest in Huge Leader.

34. APPROVAL OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the Directors on 13 August 2020.

33. 報告期後事項(續)

- (ii) 於二零二零年四月二十三日,本公司與 一名獨立第三方訂立買賣協議,據此, 本集團有條件同意出售而買方有條件 同意購買Perfect Worth的5%股權,代價 為現金500,000港元,出售已於二零二零 年四月二十四日完成。
- (iii) 本公司與另一名獨立第三方分別於二零 二零年六月二十四日及二零二零年六 月二十六日訂立買賣協議,據此,本集 團有條件同意出售而買方有條件同意 購買分別於Golden Resources及Huge Leader的14%股權(相當於全部140股擁 有股份)及17%(相當於18股擁有股份 中的17股),現金代價分別為816,000港 元及762.000港元,而該等出售於批准 該等財務報表之日期並無完成。於二零 二零年七月二日,本公司收到有關出售 Huge Leader之17%股權的代價,並於同 日本公司向買方轉讓於Huge Leader之 實益權益。於二零二零年七月二十八日, 本公司收到有關出售Golden Resources 之14%股權的代價,並於同日本公司向 買方轉讓於Golden Resources 之實益 權益,且於同日,本公司向買方轉讓其 於Golden Resources的實益權益。由於 出售Golden Resources及High Leader 權益的各自代價低於彼等各自於二零 一九年三月三十一日之公平值的70%, 故根據上文附註19(c)所述彌償契據的條 款,本集團主席須向本公司支付不足之 數合共9,466,000港元(經計入已收代價 後)。於出售Golden Resources之14%股 權及Huge Leader之17%股權後,本集團 主席於彌償契據項下對Huge Leader之 餘下1%股權仍有責任。

34. 批准財務報表

董事已於二零二零年八月十三日批准及授權 刊發財務報表。

FIVE YEARS FINANCIAL SUMMARY 五年財務概要

			:h E 産			
		2020	2019	五月三十一日止年 2018	2017	2016
		二零二零年	年 二零一九年 :	二零一八年	二零一七年	二零一六年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
RESULTS	業績					
Revenue	收益		600	600	600	602
Loss before income tax expense	除所得税開支前虧損	(52,541)	(87,911)	(19,365)	(14,707)	(23,974)
Income tax expense	所得税開支	-	-	-	-	(23,77 1)
Loss for the year attributable to	本公司擁有人應佔本年度					
owners of the Company	虧損 	(52,541)	(87,911)	(19,365)	(14,707)	(23,974)
			V	ended 31 Marc	.L	
				ended 31 Marc 5月三十一日止年		
		2020	2019	2018	2017	2016
		二零二零年	二零一九年	二零一八年	二零一七年	二零一六年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
ASSETS AND LIABILITIES	資產及負債					
Non-current assets	非流動資產	8,726	37,778	105,423	115,361	100,464
Current assets	流動資產	37,193	71,694	125,716	144,276	188,343
Current liabilities	流動負債	(4,849)	(3,601)	(821)	(1,822)	(2,389)
Non-current liabilities	非流動負債	_		_	_	_
Total equity	權益總額	41,070	105,871	230,318	257,815	286,418



CHINA INVESTMENT
DEVELOPMENT LIMITED
中國投資開發有限公司