

## **ENERGY INTERNATIONAL INVESTMENTS HOLDINGS LIMITED**

能源國際投資控股有限公司\*

(Incorporated in the Cayman Islands with limited liability 於開曼群島註冊成立之有限公司) (Stock code 股份代號: 353)



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## CORPORATE INFORMATION

## 公司資料

### **BOARD OF DIRECTORS**

### **Executive Directors**

Mr. Lan Yongqiang (Chairman)

Mr. Wang Feng (Vice Chairman)

Mr. Chan Wai Cheung Admiral

Mr. Cao Sheng

Mr. Yu Zhiyong

Dr. Lei Liangzhen

## **Independent Non-Executive Directors**

Mr. Tang Qingbin

Mr. Wang Jinghua

Mr. Fung Nam Shan

### **AUDIT COMMITTEE**

Mr. Tang Qingbin (Chairman)

Mr. Wang Jinghua

Mr. Fung Nam Shan

## **REMUNERATION COMMITTEE**

Mr. Tang Qingbin (Chairman)

Mr. Wang Jinghua

Mr. Fung Nam Shan

Mr. Chan Wai Cheung Admiral

#### **NOMINATION COMMITTEE**

Mr. Tang Qingbin (Chairman)

Mr. Wang Jinghua

Mr. Fung Nam Shan

Mr. Chan Wai Cheung Admiral

## **COMPANY SECRETARY**

Mr. Chan Wai Cheung Admiral

#### **AUTHORISED REPRESENTATIVES**

Mr. Lan Yongqiang

Mr. Chan Wai Cheung Admiral

## **REGISTERED OFFICE**

Cricket Square Hutchins Drive, P.O. Box 2681

Grand Cayman KY1-1111

Cayman Islands

## 董事會

## 執行董事

藍永強先生(主席)

王峰先生(副主席)

陳偉璋先生

曹晟先生

干志勇先生

雷良貞博士

### 獨立非執行董事

唐慶斌先生

王靖華先生

馮南山先生

## 審核委員會

唐慶斌先生(主席)

干靖華先生

馮南山先生

## 薪酬委員會

唐慶斌先生(主席)

王靖華先生

馮南山先生

陳偉璋先生

## 提名委員會

唐慶斌先生(主席)

干靖華先生

馮南山先生

陳偉璋先生

## 公司秘書

陳偉璋先生

## 授權代表

藍永強先生

陳偉璋先生

## 註冊辦事處

Cricket Square

Hutchins Drive, P.O. Box 2681

Grand Cayman KY1-1111

Cayman Islands

## **CORPORATE INFORMATION**

## 公司資料

# HEAD OFFICE AND PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS IN HONG KONG

Units 4307-08, Office Tower, Convention Plaza 1 Harbour Road, Wanchai Hong Kong

# BRANCH SHARE REGISTRAR AND TRANSFER OFFICE IN HONG KONG

Tricor Tengis Limited Level 54, Hopewell Centre 183 Queen's Road East Hong Kong

# PRINCIPAL SHARE REGISTRAR AND TRANSFER OFFICE IN THE CAYMAN ISLANDS

Conyers Trust Company (Cayman) Limited Cricket Square Hutchins Drive, P.O. Box 2681 Grand Cayman KY1-1111 Cayman Islands

### LEGAL ADVISERS TO THE COMPANY

As to Hong Kong Law: C.L. Chow & Macksion Chan, Solicitors Lawrence Chan & Co.

As to Cayman Islands Law: Conyers Dills & Pearman

#### **AUDITOR**

ZHONGHUI ANDA CPA Limited

### PRINCIPAL BANKERS

DBS Bank (HK) Limited Dongying Bank Co., Ltd Bank of Qingdao Co., Ltd.

### **COMPANY'S WEBSITE**

http://website.energyintinv.wisdomir.com

## 香港總辦事處及主要營業地點

香港 灣仔港灣道1號 會展廣場辦公大樓4307-08室

## 香港股份過戶登記分處

卓佳登捷時有限公司 香港 皇后大道東183號 合和中心54樓

## 開曼群島主要股份過戶登記處

Conyers Trust Company (Cayman) Limited Cricket Square Hutchins Drive, P.O. Box 2681 Grand Cayman KY1-1111 Cayman Islands

### 本公司法律顧問

香港法例: 周卓立陳啟球陳一理律師事務所 陳振球律師事務所

*開曼群島法律:* Conyers Dills & Pearman

## 核數師

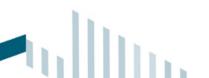
中匯安達會計師事務所有限公司

### 主要往來銀行

星展銀行(香港)有限公司 東營銀行股份有限公司 青島銀行股份有限公司

#### 公司網址

 $http: \! / \! / website.energy in tinv.wisdomir.com$ 



## **CHAIRMAN'S STATEMENT**

## 主席報告

#### Dear shareholders.

On behalf of the board (the "Board") of directors (the "Directors") of Energy International Investments Holdings Limited (the "Company"), I am pleased to present to you the annual report of the Company and the audited consolidated financial statements of the Company and its subsidiaries (collectively referred to as the "Group") for the year ended 31 December 2019.

As at 31 December 2019, the principal activities of the Group include: (1) Oil and Liquefied Chemical Terminal representing the business of leasing of oil and liquefied chemical terminal, together with its storage and logistics facilities (the "Port and Storage Facilities"); and (2) Insurance Brokerage Service representing the business of providing insurance brokerage service.

### **BUSINESS REVIEW**

## **OIL AND LIQUEFIED CHEMICAL TERMINAL**

Following all requisite licenses and regulatory approvals for operation have been obtained, the Port and Storage Facilities located at Dongying Port Economic Development Zone, Shandong Province, the People's Republic of China (the "PRC") has achieved full-scale operation in May 2018. The Group is entitled to receive full rental income from the lessee (an independent third party) at RMB125 million per annum (including value-added tax). This stable rental income provides an opportunity for the Group to expedite its recovery of investment costs and delivers reasonable return to the Group.

As a result of the full operation from the Port and Storage Facilities, for the financial year ended 31 December 2019, the Group recorded a revenue from continuing operations of approximately HK\$130 million (2018: HK\$115 million), representing an increase of approximately HK\$15 million as compared to year 2018. The gross profit in 2019 increased by 14% to approximately HK\$128 million (2018: HK\$112 million).

Profit attributable to the owners of the Company for the year ended 31 December 2019 was recorded, as compared with a loss in year 2018. Such turnaround from loss to profit is mainly attributable to the improvement in the Group's business activities, including; (1) an increase in the revenue and the gross profit from the Oil and Liquefied Chemical Terminal segment as a result of the full operation of the Port and Storage Facilities from May 2018 onwards; (2) fair value and disposal gain on investment in securities held by the Group for the year ended 31 December 2019, as compared with the fair value loss in year 2018; and (3) profit from the discontinued oil production segment of approximately HK\$11 million for the year ended 31 December 2019 as compared with a loss of approximately HK\$50 million in year 2018, due to the one-off disposal gain of the oil production business.

#### 各位股東:

本人謹代表能源國際投資控股有限公司(「本公 司」)董事(「董事」)會(「董事會」),欣然提呈本 公司之年報及本公司及其附屬公司(統稱為「本 集團」)截至二零一九年十二月三十一日止年度之 經審核綜合財務報表。

於二零一九年十二月三十一日,本集團的主要業 務包括: (1)油品及液體化工品碼頭,指經營租賃 油品及液體化工品碼頭連同其儲存及物流設施 (「港口及儲存設施」)業務;及(2)保險經紀服務, 指提供保險經紀服務業務。

## 業務回顧

## 油品及液體化工品碼頭

於獲得營運所需的所有牌照及監管批文後,位於 中華人民共和國(「中國」)山東省東營市港口經濟 開發區的港口及儲存設施已於二零一八年五月實 現全面營運。本集團有權向承租人(一名獨立第 三方) 收取全部租金收入每年人民幣125,000,000 元(包括增值税)。該穩定的租金收入為本集團提 供加快本集團收回投資成本及實現合理資金回報 的機會。

於截至二零一九年十二月三十一日止財政年度, 由於港口及儲存設施全面營運,本集團錄得持 續經營業務收益約130,000,000港元(二零一八 年:115,000,000港元),較二零一八年增加約 15,000,000港元。二零一九年毛利增加14%至約 128,000,000港元(二零一八年:112,000,000港 元)。

截至二零一九年十二月三十一日止年度,本集團 錄得本公司擁有人應佔溢利,二零一八年則錄得 虧損。由虧損至溢利的轉變主要歸因於本集團業 務活動改善,包括:(1)由於港口及儲存設施自二 零一八年五月起全面營運,油品及液體化工品碼 頭分類產生的收益及毛利增加;(2)截至二零一九 年十二月三十一日止年度,本集團所持證券投資 之公平值及出售收益,二零一八年則為公平值虧 損;及(3)由於產油業務的一次性出售收益,截至 二零一九年十二月三十一日止年度,已終止的產 油分類所得溢利約為11,000,000港元,二零一八 年則為虧損約50,000,000港元。

## **CHAIRMAN'S STATEMENT**

## 主席報告

### **PROSPECTS**

Since the commencement of trial operation in September 2017 and full operation in May 2018, the rental income from the Port and Storage Facilities has started to contribute a significant and consistent operating cash inflow and revenue to the Group going forward.

The Group has been looking for investment opportunities in the PRC which can benefit the Group through investment return. During the year, the Group has made an investment of which its principal asset is a real estate property project situated at Tai'an Daiyue District, Tai'an City, Shandong Province, the PRC. Tai'an City is a famous tourism city in Shandong Province and the property project is situated at the prime location of Tai'an City where the property market has been booming in the last two years. Couple with the pre-agreed dividend policy, the Board considers that the investment should bring investment return to the Group upon completion of its construction of the development.

Looking ahead, we believe the year of 2020 will be a very challenging year. In view of the outbreak of the Coronavirus epidemic, global financial crisis and the trade tension between the United States and China, the business and investment environment remain uncertain. However, the Group remains optimistic and is actively exploring opportunities in expanding our business in existing and different industries to drive the Group's sustainable growth and strengthen its financial position.

## **APPRECIATION**

On behalf of the Board, I would like to express my sincere appreciation to our shareholders, business partners, colleagues and my fellow Directors who have continuously supported the Group.

## Lan Yongqiang

Chairman

Hong Kong, 31 August 2020

## 前景

由於港口及儲存設施於二零一七年九月開始試營 運及於二零一八年五月全面營運,該分類租金收 入已開始為本集團的日後發展貢獻重大及持續的 經營現金流入及收益。

本集團正在中國尋找可透過投資回報讓本集團受惠的投資機會。年內,本集團於中國作出一項投資,該項投資的主要資產為一個位於中國山東省泰安市泰安岱岳區的房地產物業項目。泰安市為山東省的著名旅遊城市,物業項目位於泰安市過去兩年物業市場蓬勃發展的黃金地段。連同預先協定的股息政策,董事認為有關投資應可在發展項目工程完成後為本集團帶來投資回報。

展望未來,我們相信二零二零年為極具挑戰的一年。鑑於冠狀病毒疫情爆發、全球金融危機及美國與中國的貿易緊張關係,業務及投資環境仍不明朗。然而,本集團仍保持樂觀,並積極尋求拓展現有業務及不同行業的投資機會,從而促使本集團可持續增長及鞏固其財務狀況。

## 致謝

本人謹代表董事會,向一貫全力支持本集團的全體股東、業務夥伴、同事及各位董事致以衷心謝 意。

## 主席

#### 藍永強

香港,二零二零年八月三十一日



## 管理層討論及分析

#### **OPERATING RESULTS**

The Group is principally engaged in the leasing of the Port and Storage Facilities, Insurance Brokerage service and the Oil Production (which was disposed on 28 June 2019).

#### (i) Revenue

For the year ended 31 December 2019, the Group's record revenue from continuing operations was approximately HK\$130 million (2018: HK\$115 million), representing an increase of approximately HK\$15 million or approximately 13% as compared to last year. The Group's revenue is mainly contributed from the rental income of the Port and Storage **Facilities** 

#### (ii) **Gross profit**

For the year ended 31 December 2019, the Group's record gross profit from continuing operations was approximately HK\$128 million, representing an improvement of approximately HK\$16 million or approximately 14% as compared to last year of approximately HK\$112 million, which is due to the full operation of the Group's Oil and Liquefied Chemical Terminal in May 2018. The Board believes that the stable rental income generated from the leasing of the Port and Storage Facilities enables the Group to maintain the gross profit position.

## (iii) Profit attributable to the owners of the Company

The profit attributable to the owners of the Company for the year ended 31 December 2019 was approximately HK\$31 million (2018: loss of HK\$76 million), such turnaround from loss to profit is mainly attributable to the improvement in the Group's business activities, including; (1) an increase in the revenue and the gross profit from the Oil and Liquefied Chemical Terminal segment as a result of the full operation of the Port and Storage Facilities from May 2018 onwards; (2) fair value and disposal gain on investment in securities held by the Group of approximately HK\$18 million for the year ended 31 December 2019 as compare with the fair value loss approximately HK\$0.8 million last year; and (3) profit from the Oil Production segment of approximately HK\$11 million for the year ended 31 December 2019 as compare with a loss of approximately HK\$50 million last year due to the one-off disposal gain of the oil production business.

## 經營業績

本集團主要從事租賃港口及儲存設施、保險經紀 服務及產油(於二零一九年六月二十八日出售)。

#### (i) 收益

截至二零一九年十二月三十一日止 年度,本集團持續經營業務錄得收益 約130,000,000港元(二零一八年: 115,000,000港元),較去年增加約 15,000,000港元或約13%。本集團之收益 主要來自港口及儲存設施之租金收入。

#### 毛利 (ii)

截至二零一九年十二月三十一日止年 度,本集團持續經營業務錄得毛利約 128,000,000港元,較去年約112,000,000 港元增長約16,000,000港元或約14%,乃 由於本集團之油品及液體化工品碼頭自二 零一八年五月起全面營運所致。董事會相 信,租賃港口及儲存設施產生穩定的租金 收入能夠使本集團保持毛利狀況。

### (iii) 本公司擁有人應佔溢利

截至二零一九年十二月三十一日止年度, 本公司擁有人應佔溢利約31,000,000港元 (二零一八年:虧損76,000,000港元),由 虧損至溢利的轉變主要歸因於本集團業 務活動改善,包括:(1)由於港口及儲存設 施自二零一八年五月起全面營運,油品及 液體化工品碼頭分類產生的收益及毛利 增加;(2)截至二零一九年十二月三十一日 止年度,本集團所持證券投資之公平值及 出售收益約18,000,000港元,而去年為公 平值虧損約800,000港元;及(3)由於產油 業務的一次性出售收益,截至二零一九年 十二月三十一日止年度,產油分類所得溢 利約為11,000,000港元,而去年為虧損約 50,000,000港元。

## 管理層討論及分析

#### **BUSINESS REVIEW**

# Operation of liquid chemical terminal, storage and logistics facilities business

By end of 2015, the Group has obtained 51% equity interest in Shandong Shundong Port Services Company Limited ("Shundong Port") by capital injection. Shundong Port owns two sea area use rights covering an aggregate area available for land-forming and reclamation construction of approximately 31.59 hectares in Dongying Port, Shandong Province, the PRC and permitting the construction of reclamation and land-forming for use in sea transportation and port facilities for a 50-years' period running from 13 November 2014 to 12 November 2064 and 23 February 2016 to 22 February 2066 respectively. Shundong Port has completed the construction and commenced leasing of its Port and Storage Facilities since 2017, with full commercial operation having been achieved in May 2018. Approximately HK\$130 million rental income was generated during the year.

During the year, an independent investor (the "Investor") has entered into the capital increase agreement with the Group and the minority shareholder of Shundong Port (the "JV Partner"), pursuant to which the Investor agreed to subscribe for the new equity in the capital of Shundong Port (the "Capital Increase") for the consideration of RMB70 million (approximately HK\$77 million). The Capital Increase has been completed in September 2019 and the Group's equity holding of Shundong Port has been decreased from 51% to around 46.7%. In the meantime, a Concert Party Agreement has been entered between the Group and the JV Partner, which owns around 44.8% of paid up capital of Shundong Port after the Capital Increase, pursuant to which the JV Partner irrevocably undertakes to vote in accordance with the Group's decisions at shareholders' meetings of Shundong Port. Therefore, Shundong Port remains as a subsidiary of the Company and its results continue to be consolidated in the Group's financial statements.

## 業務回顧

## 經營液體化工品碼頭、儲存及物流設 施業務

截至二零一五年年底,本集團已向山東順東港務有限公司(「順東港務」)以注資形式取得51%股權。順東港務擁有兩項使用海域之權利,涵蓋中國山東省東營港可用作土地平整及填海建設總商積為約31.59公頃,並獲許建設填海及土地平整,以供海洋運輸及港口設施使用,營運期為50年,分別自二零一四年十一月十三日起至二零六四年十一月十二日止及二零一六年二月二十三日此。自二零一七年起,順東港務已完成建設並開始出租其港口及儲存。於本年度產生約130,000,000港元租金收入。

年內,一名獨立投資者(「投資方」)已與本集團及順東港務少數股東(「合資企業夥伴」)訂立增資協議,據此,投資方同意以代價人民幣70,000,000元(約77,000,000港元)認購順東港務股本中的新股權(「增資」)。增資已於二零一九年九月完成,本集團持有的順東港務股權已由51%減少至約46.7%。同時,本集團與合資企業夥伴(於增資後擁有順東港務約44.8%繳足股本)已訂立一致行動人士協議,據此,合資企業夥伴作出不可撤回承諾,其在順東港務股東大會上將根據本集團決定進行投票。因此,順東港務仍為本公司的附屬公司,其業績繼續併入本集團的財務報表。



## 管理層討論及分析

#### Oil business

On 28 June 2019 (the "Disposal Date"), the Group discontinued the oil business upon the completion of disposal of China International Energy Investments (Hong Kong) Limited and its subsidiaries engaged in the oil production. Approximately HK\$16 million revenue was generated from this discontinued operation as compared to approximately HK\$18 million in the correspondence period in 2018.

The production period was commenced in 2011 and will continue for 20 years, which may be extended with the approval of a department or unit authorised by the State Council of the PRC. During the production period, operations and all activities related thereto carried out for petroleum production of any relevant oil field in the relevant contract area, such as extraction, injection, stimulation, treatment, storage, transportation, lifting and abandonment, etc will be carried out.

The annual production of crude oil, after payment for value added tax, royalty, operating costs, investment recovery and costs for additional development projects, shall be allocated to CNPC and China Era in proportion of 51% for CNPC and 49% for China Era.

Changes in estimated quantities of proved crude oil reserves for the period from 1 January 2019 to the Disposal Date and for the year ended 31 December 2018 are indicated as follows:

## 石油業務

於二零一九年六月二十八日(「出售日期」),本 集團於完成出售中國國際能源投資(香港)有限 公司連同其附屬公司(從事石油生產)後終止經 營石油業務。該已終止經營業務產生的收益約 為16,000,000港元,而二零一八年同期收益約為 18,000,000港元。

生產期已於二零一一年開始,將持續二十年,可經 中國國務院授權之部門或單位批准延長。於生產 期內,將就於有關合約區任何有關油田之生產石 油進行與生產有關之營運及一切活動,如採出、 注入、增產、處理、儲存、運輸、提取及廢棄等。

原油年產量經扣除支付增值稅、礦區使用費、營運 成本、投資收回及額外開發項目成本後,將按比 例分配予中國石油天然氣集團公司及中國年代, 其中中國石油天然氣集團公司佔51%而中國年代 則佔49%。

於二零一九年一月一日至出售日期及截至二零 一八年十二月三十一日止年度,探明原油儲量之 估計數量之變動列載如下:

## Crude oil

原油

(million metric tonnes)

		(百萬公噸)
Reserves as at 1 January 2018 Changes resulted from production	於二零一八年一月一日之儲量 因生產而產生變動	2.931 (0.011)
Reserves as at 31 December 2018	於二零一八年十二月三十一日之儲量	2.920
Reserves as at 1 January 2019 Changes resulted from production	於二零一九年一月一日之儲量 因生產而產生變動	2.920 (0.005)
Reserves as at the Disposal Date	於出售日期之儲量	2.915

Based on the Group's share of participated interests in the oil field through jointly controlled operations.

附註: 根據本集團透過共同控制營運分佔於油田之參 與權益計算。

## 管理層討論及分析

#### GOING CONCERN BASIS

As at 31 December 2019, the Group has net current liabilities of HK\$289,383,000. This condition indicates the existence of a material uncertainty which may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. Notwithstanding the foregoing, the Directors have prepared the consolidated financial statements on a going concern basis, the appropriateness of which depends upon the outcome of the underlying assumptions and measures as detailed in note 2(a) to the consolidated financial statements and extracted as below:

- (i) On 28 February 2019, the Group successfully obtained a long-term credit facility with 60 months credit period, from a financial institution in the PRC in the amount of RMB150 million (approximately HK\$168 million) to finance the repayment of certain outstanding construction costs and bank and other borrowings. On 8 March 2019, the Group obtained another new long-term credit facility from a financial institution in the PRC in the amount of RMB300 million (approximately HK\$336 million) with a credit period of 36 months. On 28 June 2019, the Group obtained another new long-term credit facility from a financial institution in the PRC in the amount of RMB128 million (approximately HK\$150 million), with a credit period of 36 months. The unutilised credit facility available to the Group as at 31 December 2019 was amounted to approximately RMB450 million;
- (ii) The Directors are of the view that, the Oil and Liquefied Chemical Terminal segment is able to contribute and generate a significant and consistent operating cash inflow to the Group in the coming twelve months after 31 December 2019, by virtue of its annual rental income receipt in the amount of RMB125 million before value-added tax (approximately HK\$140 million) as stipulated in the lease agreement; and
- (iii) Subsequent to the year end date, two independent investors (the "Investors") entered into a funding agreement (the "Funding Agreement") with Shundong Port pursuant to which the Investors agreed to provide funding of RMB360 million (approximately HK\$402 million) to Shundong Port by way of non-voting, fixed-interest preference shares. As at the date of this report, RMB180 million (approximately HK\$201 million) has been received from the Investors pursuant to the Funding Agreement and the remaining sum is agreed to be drawn down by the end of year 2020.

## 持續經營基準

於二零一九年十二月三十一日,本集團流動負債 淨額為289,383,000港元。該狀況顯示存在重大不 明朗因素,可能對本集團持續經營之能力產生重 大疑慮。儘管上文所述,董事已按持續經營基準 編製綜合財務報表,其合適性取決於綜合財務報 表附註2(a)所述的相關假設及措施之結果並摘錄

- 於二零一九年二月二十八日,本集團已 自一間中國財務機構成功獲得一筆信 貸期為60個月的長期信貸融資人民幣 150,000,000元(約168,000,000港元), 以償還若干未償還的建築成本及銀行及 其他借款。於二零一九年三月八日,本集 團已自中國一間財務機構獲得另外一筆 新長期信貸融資人民幣300,000,000元 (約336,000,000港元),信貸期為三十六 個月。於二零一九年六月二十八日,本 集團自中國一間財務機構獲得另外一筆 新長期信貸融資人民幣128,000,000元 (約150,000,000港元),信貸期為36個 月。於二零一九年十二月三十一日,本 集團可用的未動用信貨融資約為人民幣 450,000,000元;
- (ii) 董事認為,憑藉和賃協議訂明的扣除增值 税前的年度租金收入人民幣125,000,000 元(約140,000,000港元),油品及液體化 工品碼頭分類於二零一九年十二月三十一 日後未來十二個月內能夠為本集團貢獻並 帶來重大及持續的經營現金流入;及
- 於年結日後,兩名獨立投資者(「投資方」) (iii) 與順東港務訂立一份融資協議(「融資協 議」),據此,投資方同意以無投票權、 定息優先股的形式向順東港務提供人民 幣360,000,000元(約402,000,000港元) 的資金。於本報告日期,已根據融資協議 自投資方收取人民幣180,000,000元(約 201,000,000港元),餘下金額同意於二零 二零年底提取。

## 管理層討論及分析

The Directors have reviewed the Group's cash flow forecast prepared by management which covers a period of not less than twelve months from 31 December 2019. After taking into account the above assumptions and measures, the Directors consider that the Group will have sufficient working capital to finance its operations and to meet its financial obligations as and when they fall due within twelve months from 31 December 2019 and believe that the Group will continue as a going concern and consequently have prepared the consolidated financial statements on a going concern basis.

該現金流量預測涵蓋自二零一九年十二月三十一 日起計不少於十二個月之期間。經考慮上述假設 及措施,董事認為本集團將擁有充足的營運資金 為其經營業務撥資及滿足其於二零一九年十二月 三十一日起計十二個月內到期的財務承擔,並相 信本集團將持續經營並按持續經營基準編製該綜 合財務報表。

董事已審閱本集團管理層編製之現金流量預測,

### **FINANCIAL REVIEW**

## Liquidity, financial resources and capital structure

As at 31 December 2019, the Group had total assets of approximately HK\$2,073 million (2018: HK\$2,217 million), total liabilities of approximately HK\$1,047 million (2018: HK\$1,287 million), indicating a gearing ratio of 0.51 (2018: 0.58) on the basis of total liabilities over total assets. The current ratio of the Group for the year was 0.50 (2018: 0.70) on basis of current assets over current liabilities.

Loan receivables amounted to approximately HK\$39 million represented loans to independent third parties which bear fixed interest rate of 10% annually. Deposit amounted to RMB100 million (approximately HK\$114 million), which is included in prepayments, deposits and other receivables and bear annual interest rate of 12%, has been subsequently refunded at the amount of RMB50 million by the date of this report. Portion of the remaining balance of RMB10 million is agreed to be settled by December 2020 and portion of the remaining balance of RMB40 million is agreed to be settled by April 2021.

As at 31 December 2019, the Group had bank and other borrowings of approximately HK\$240 million and HK\$158 million respectively (2018: HK\$235 million and HK\$172 million respectively). The aggregate bank deposits and cash in hand of the Group were approximately HK\$125 million (2018: HK\$277 million).

## 財務回顧

## 流動資金、財務資源及股本架構

於二零一九年十二月三十一日,本集團之資 產總值約為2,073,000,000港元(二零一八 年:2,217,000,000港元),負債總額約為 1,047,000,000港元(二零一八年:1,287,000,000 港元),按負債總額除以資產總值計算,資本負債 比率為0.51(二零一八年:0.58)。本年度本集團之 流動比率(按流動資產除以流動負債計算)為0.50 (二零一八年:0.70)。

應收貸款約39,000,000港元,指向獨立第三方提 供的貸款,按固定年利率10%計息。按金為人民 幣100,000,000元(約114,000,000港元),該按金 計入預付款、按金及其他應收款項,並按12%的 年利率計息,隨後已於本報告日期前退還人民幣 50,000,000元。部分餘下結餘人民幣10,000,000 元約定將於二零二零年十二月前結算,部分餘下 結餘人民幣40,000,000元約定將於二零二一年四 月前結算。

於二零一九年十二月三十一日,本集團銀行及其 他借款分別為約240,000,000港元及158,000,000 港元(二零一八年:分別為235,000,000港元及 172,000,000港元)。本集團之銀行存款及手頭 現金合計為約125,000,000港元(二零一八年: 277,000,000港元)。

## 管理層討論及分析

Movements of convertible bonds during the year are as follows:

As at 31 December 2018, the outstanding principal of the convertible bonds issued in 2015 and due on 15 September 2018 (the "2015 CB") carrying interest of 5% per annum with right to convert into ordinary shares of the Company (the "Shares") amounted to HK\$32 million. During the year, the holder of the outstanding 2015 CB agreed to settle the 2015 CB by entering into a loan agreement with the Company and the balance was included in other borrowings as at 31 December 2019.

On 17 September 2018, the Company completed and issued convertible bonds ("CB9") with the principal amount of HK\$200 million and HK\$249 million to Giant Crystal Limited ("Giant Crystal") and independent third parties respectively, both carrying interest of 3% per annum with right to convert the convertible bonds into Shares. The conversion price of CB9 is HK\$0.255 per share (subject to adjustments) and a maximum number of 784,313,725 and 976,470,588 Shares may be allotted and issued upon exercise of the conversion rights attached to CB9 in full to Giant Crystal and independent third parties respectively. During the years, no CB9 was converted into the Shares.

### **Contingent liabilities**

As at 31 December 2019, the Group did not have any significant contingent liabilities.

## Capital and other commitments

The Group had capital commitment contracted but not provided for of approximately HK\$10 million (2018: HK\$2 million). Other commitment as at 31 December 2018 was approximately HK\$43 million.

於本年度,可換股債券變動如下:

於二零一八年十二月三十一日,於二零一五年發行 及於二零一八年九月十五日到期及按年利率5%計 息,並且附有權利兑換為本公司普通股(「股份」) 的可換股債券(「二零一五年可換股債券」)的未 償還本金為32,000,000港元。於本年度,未償還二 零一五年可換股債券的持有人同意透過與本公司 訂立貸款協議結清二零一五年可換股債券,結餘 則計入二零一九年十二月三十一日的其他借款。

於二零一八年九月十七日,本公司已完成及發行 可換股債券(「可換股債券第九批債券」),本金 額為200,000,000港元及249,000,000港元,分別 發行予鉅晶有限公司(「鉅晶」)及獨立第三方, 均按年利率3%計息,並且附有權利可將可換股債 券兑换為股份。可換股債券第九批債券兑換價為 每股0.255港元(可予調整),而倘鉅晶及獨立第 三方之可換股債券第九批債券附帶之兑換權獲悉 數行使,可分別配發及發行最多784,313,725股及 976,470,588股股份。於本年度,並無可換股債券 第九批債券兑換為股份。

### 或然負債

於二零一九年十二月三十一日,本集團並無任何 重大或然負債。

### 資本及其他承擔

本集團有已訂約但未撥備之資本承擔約10,000,000 港元(二零一八年:2,000,000港元)。其他承擔於 二零一八年十二月三十一日為約43,000,000港元。



## 管理層討論及分析

## Charges on assets

As at 31 December 2019 and 2018, entire investment properties of approximately HK\$1,442 million (2018: HK\$1,425 million) were pledged for the Group's bank and other borrowings and lease liabilities.

As at 31 December 2018, entire paid up capital of Shundong Port and certain trade receivables of approximately HK\$12 million were pledged for the Group's bank and other borrowings.

## **Exchange exposure**

The Group mainly operates in Hong Kong and PRC and the exposure in exchange rate risks mainly arises from fluctuations in the HK\$ and RMB exchange rates. Exchange rate fluctuations and market trends have always been the concern of the Group. The policy of the Group for its operating entities operates in their corresponding local currencies to minimise currency risks. The Group, after reviewing its exposure for the time being, did not enter into any derivative contracts aimed at minimising exchange rate risks during the year. However, management will monitor foreign currency exposure and will consider hedging significant foreign currency exposure if necessary.

## **Employee information**

As at 31 December 2019, the Group employed 29 full-time employees (2018: 132). The Group's emolument policies are formulated on the performance of individual employees and are reviewed annually in line with industry practice. The Group also provides provident fund schemes (as the case may be) to its employees depending on the location of such employees.

### **Dividend**

The Directors do not recommend the payment of any dividend for the year ended 31 December 2019 (2018: Nil).

### 資產抵押

於二零一九年及二零一八年十二月三十一日,全 部投資物業約1.442.000.000港元(二零一八年: 1,425,000,000港元)已為本集團銀行及其他借款 及租賃負債作抵押。

於二零一八年十二月三十一日,順東港務全部繳 足股本及若干應收貿易賬款約12,000,000港元已 為本集團銀行及其他借款作抵押。

## 外匯風險

本集團的主要營運地區為香港和中國,其面對的 匯兑風險主要來自港元兑人民幣匯率的波動。匯 率波動及市場動向一向深受本集團關注。本集團 的一貫政策是讓經營實體以其相關地區貨幣經營 業務, 盡量降低貨幣風險。在檢討當前承受的風 險水平後,本集團年內並無為降低匯兑風險而訂 立任何衍生工具合約。然而,管理層將密切留意 外幣風險,必要時會考慮對沖重大外幣風險。

## 僱員資料

於二零一九年十二月三十一日,本集團僱用29名 全職僱員(二零一八年:132名)。本集團之薪酬 政策按個別僱員表現而釐定,並每年檢討以便與 業界慣例相符。本集團亦按該等僱員之工作地點 向僱員提供公積金計劃(按情況而定)。

### 股息

董事不建議派付截至二零一九年十二月三十一日 止年度之任何股息(二零一八年:無)。

## 管理層討論及分析

#### **FUTURE PLAN AND PROSPECTS**

## Operation of liquid chemical terminal, storage and logistics facilities business

Since the completion of the acquisition of 51% effective interest in Shundong Port by the Group in December 2015, the Group had been proactively promoting the continual construction of the Port and Storage Facilities. The original design of the Port and Storage Facilities anticipated four berths for chemical tankers of 10,000 tonnage and two berths for chemical tankers of 5,000 tonnage. The construction was completed in late September 2017 and the terminal had commenced operation partially in late September 2017 and fully in May 2018.

On 24 October 2016, Shundong Port entered into a lease agreement (the "Lease Agreement") to lease the Port and Storage Facilities to an independent third party (the "Lessee"). The rent payable by the Lessee to Shundong Port for the Port and Storage Facilities under the Lease Agreement before value-added tax is RMB125 million (approximately HK\$140 million) per annum, which shall be payable in twelve equal instalments on monthly basis in advance. The Lease Agreement became effective in May 2018. Details of the Lease Agreement can be referred to the circular of the Company dated 17 February 2017.

The Lease Agreement provides an opportunity for the Company to generate a stable rental income from the Port and Storage Facilities, which is expected to expedite the Group's recovery of investment costs and to deliver reasonable return on capital to the Group on this project. In addition, the Lease Agreement is expected to improve the Group's asset and liabilities position in the long run, and to enhance the fund-raising capabilities of Shundong Port in the short run. It is currently expected that any cash derived from the rental income of the Lease Agreement will be retained by Shundong Port for its settlement of indebtedness, ongoing expansion and development plans.

## Insurance brokerage business

Following the completion of the acquisition of an insurance brokerage entity, the Group creates an independent business segment in August 2018. The Board believes that the Group can benefit from the diversification of its operations into this industry and through better deployment of available resources, can bring values to the Group and the shareholders of the Company (the "Shareholders") as a whole.

## 未來規劃及展望

## 經營液體化工品碼頭、儲存及物流設 施業務

自二零一五年十二月本集團完成收購順東港務 51%實際權益以來,本集團一直積極推動續建港 口及儲存設施。港口及儲存設施之原定設計預期 為四個10,000噸化工船泊位及兩個5,000噸化工 船泊位。碼頭已於二零一七年九月下旬完成建設 並於二零一七年九月下旬開始進行部分商業營運 及於二零一八年五月全面運營。

於二零一六年十月二十四日,順東港務簽訂一份 租賃協議(「租賃協議」),以向一名獨立第三方 (「承租人」)出租港口及儲存設施,根據租賃協 議,承租人須就港口及儲存設施向順東港務每年 支付除增值税前租金人民幣125,000,000元(約 140,000,000港元),有關租金須分十二期等額按 月預付。該租賃協議於二零一八年五月生效。租 賃協議之詳情可參閱本公司日期為二零一七年二 月十七日之通函。

租賃協議為本公司提供以港口及儲存設施賺取穩 定租金收入的機會,預期可加快本集團收回投資 成本之速度,並讓本集團透過此項目實現合理資 金回報。此外,租賃協議長遠可望改善本集團資 產及負債狀況,並可於短期內加強順東港務之集 資能力。目前預期租賃協議所得任何現金租金收 入將由順東港務用於償付債務、持續擴充及發展 計劃。

### 保險經紀業務

於完成收購一間保險經紀實體後,本集團於二零 一八年八月建立一個獨立業務分類。董事會相信, 本集團可受惠於將其業務拓展至該行業,並透過 更好地部署可用資源,可為本集團及本公司股東 (「股東」)整體創造價值。



## 管理層討論及分析

## Financial investment in Tai'an City

During the year, the Group invested approximately RMB224 million in the unlisted companies (the "Investment") which is settled by way of promissory notes. The principal asset of the Investment is a real estate property project situated at Tai'an Daiyue District, Tai'an City, Shandong Province, the PRC. This Investment is planned to be built into six blocks of office towers and fifteen blocks of residential apartments. With the pre-agreed dividend policy, it is considered that the Investment should bring investment return to the Group upon completion of its construction of the development.

## **Exploration and mining business**

As disclosed in the Company's 2015 annual report, the Board found out that in 2010, the exploration licence held by Qinghai Forest Source Mining Industry Developing Company Limited ("QHFSMI") had been transferred to Inner Mongolia Xiao Hong Shan Yuen Xian Mining Industry Company Limited (內蒙古小紅山源森礦業有限公司) ("Yuen Xian Company") without the Company's knowledge, consent or approval (the "Change of Exploration Right Agreement").

Since then, the Group had commenced legal proceedings (the "Mining Litigations") against Yuen Xian Company with the view to invalidating the Change of Exploration Right Agreement dated 11 November 2009 (which caused the loss of the exploration license by QHFSMI) and seeking to regain the control of QHFSMI and the exploration license. In the past few years, the Group suspended its exploration and mining business pending the outcome of the Mining Litigations.

As announced by the Company on 11 June 2015, 12 June 2015 and 9 March 2016, the Higher People's Court of Qinghai Province had made a final judgment that the change of exploration right agreement was between QHFSMI and Yuen Xian Company was invalid and the Qinghai Province People's Procuratorate had expressed its "no-support" as to the review of the abovementioned final judgement, respectively. Following the conclusion of the Mining Litigations, the Company has appointed the legal advisers in the PRC to enforce the judgement to uphold the Group's right. In the event that the Group could regain the control of QHFSMI, the Group will be in the position to have access to the relevant exploration and mining license and thereafter the Group will perform due diligence review on the mining site. The Group is conducting regular re-assessment on the progress made by its legal advisers and the prospect of the Group's mining segment from time to time.

### 於泰安市的金融投資

本年度,本集團向非上市公司投資約人民幣 224.000.000元(「該投資」),並以承兑票據方式 支付。該投資的主要資產位於中國山東省泰安市 泰安岱岳區的房地產項目。該投資計劃建設為六 棟辦公大樓及十五棟住宅公寓。根據預先協定的 股息政策,我們認為該投資將會在開發施工完成 後為本集團帶來投資收益。

### 勘探及開採業務

誠如本公司二零一五年年報所披露,董事會發現, 由青海森源礦業開發有限公司(「青海森源」)持 有之勘探牌照已於二零一零年轉讓予內蒙古小紅 山源森礦業有限公司(「源森公司」),而本公司並 不知悉、同意或批准(「探礦權變更協議」)。

自此之後,本集團已針對源森公司展開法律訴訟 (「礦業訴訟」),旨在尋求判令日期為二零零九年 十一月十一日之探礦權變更協議(此協議導致青 海森源失去勘探牌照)無效,並尋求重新取得青海 森源及勘探牌照之控制權。於過去多年,本集團 一直暫停其勘探及開採業務,以待礦業訴訟的結

誠如本公司於二零一五年六月十一日、二零一五 年六月十二日及二零一六年三月九日所公佈,青 海省高級人民法院作出最終判決,即青海森源與 源森公司簽署之探礦權變更協議無效,及青海省 人民檢察院表明其「不支持」對上述最終判決的監 督申請。礦業訴訟結束後,本公司已委任中國法律 顧問執行判決,以維護本集團之權利。倘本集團能 重新取得青海森源之控制權,本集團將能取得相 關勘探及開採牌照,且本集團其後將對礦場進行 盡職審查。本集團將不時對其法律顧問取得之進 展及本集團開採分類之前景定期進行重新評估。

## 董事履歷詳情

#### **EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS**

Mr. Lan Yonggiang, aged 52, was appointed as an independent nonexecutive Director in July 2014 and was re-designated as an executive Director in December 2014. Mr. Lan was appointed as the Chairman of the Board in March 2018. He holds a Bachelor of Laws Degree from Lanzhou University. Mr. Lan has extensive experience in investment, mergers and acquisitions as well as in the business of public listing laws. Mr. Lan is currently a director of Jinhui Liquor Co., Ltd. (stock code: 603919) which is listed on the Shanghai Stock Exchange. Mr. Lan was an independent director of Guangdong Shunna Electric Co., Ltd. (stock code: 000533) from August 2010 to October 2015 and the chairman of Guangdong Golden Dragon Development Inc. (stock code: 000712) from July 2016 to June 2018, both of which are listed on the Shenzhen Stock Exchange; an independent director of Top Score Fashion Co., Ltd. (stock code: 603608), which is listed on the Shanghai Stock Exchange, from May 2015 to May 2018; and a director of Shenzhen Kangmei Biotechnology Co., Ltd. (stock code: 835541), which is guoted on the National Equities Exchange and Quotations System (the New Third Board) from May 2008 to May 2020.

Mr. Wang Feng, aged 39, was appointed as an executive Director in August 2019 and the Vice Chairman of the Board in November 2019. Mr. Wang graduated from Beijing Economic and Technological Research Institute (北京經濟技術研修學院) in 2004 majoring in Marketing. Mr. Wang has extensive management and investment experiences in internet technology and corporate solution industries in the PRC. Mr. Wang is currently a co-founder of an internet healthcare solution company since 2015 and a director of a company engaged in design and implementation of application solution services for enterprises listed in Fortune Global 500 and is a subsidiary of a company listed in the Shenzhen Stock Exchange.

## 執行董事

藍永強先生,52歳,於二零一四年十月獲委任為 獨立非執行董事,並於二零一四年十二月調任為 執行董事。藍先生於二零一八年三月獲委任為董 事會主席。藍先生持有蘭州大學法學學士學位。 藍先生於投資、合併與收購及上市法律業務擁有 豐富經驗。藍先生現為金徽酒股份有限公司(股 份代號:603919)董事,該公司於上海證券交易所 上市。藍先生自二零一零年八月至二零一五年十 月曾為廣東順鈉電氣股份有限公司(股份代號: 000533)之獨立董事及自二零一六年七月至二零 一八年六月曾為廣東錦龍發展股份有限公司(股 份代號:000712)董事長,該兩間公司均於深圳 證券交易所上市;自二零一五年五月至二零一八 年五月曾為天創時尚股份有限公司(股份代號: 603608)獨立董事,該公司於上海證券交易所上 市;及於二零零八年五月至二零二零年五月為深圳 康美生物科技股份有限公司(股份代號:835541) 董事,該公司於全國中小企業股份轉讓系統(新 三板)掛牌。

王峰先生,39歲,於二零一九年八月獲委任為執 行董事以及於二零一九年十一月獲委任為董事會 副主席。王先生於二零零四年畢業於北京經濟技 術研修學院,主修營銷。王先生於中國互聯網科 技及企業解決方案行業擁有豐富的管理及投資經 驗。王先生自二零一五年起一直擔任一間互聯網 醫療保健解決方案公司的聯合創始人及彼為一間 從事為名列財富世界500強的企業提供設計及實 施應用解決方案服務的公司的董事,該公司為一 間於深圳證券交易所上市之公司的附屬公司。

## 董事履歷詳情

Mr. Chan Wai Cheung Admiral, aged 47, was appointed as an independent non-executive Director in March 2012 and was redesignated as an executive Director in November 2013. He was also appointed as the company secretary of the Company in November 2016. He holds a Bachelor of Arts (Honours) in Accountancy from City University of Hong Kong. Mr. Chan is a member of the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants. He has extensive experience in the accounting and auditing fields. Mr. Chan is an independent non-executive director of each of SFund International Holdings Limited (stock code: 1367), Zhong Ao Home Group Limited (stock code: 1538), and China Water Affairs Group Limited (stock code: 855), all of which are listed on the Main Board ("Main Board") of The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange"). Mr. Chan is also an independent non-executive director of China Oil Gangran Energy Group Holdings Limited (stock code: 8132), which is listed on GEM ("GEM") of the Stock Exchange. He was an independent nonexecutive director of Carnival Group International Holdings Limited (stock code: 996), which is listed on Main Board, from December 2014 to May 2019; and a non-executive director of China Nonferrous Metals Company Limited (stock code: 8306), which was listed on GEM, from June 2017 to June 2019.

Mr. Cao Sheng, aged 47, was appointed as an executive Director in March 2018. He graduated from Shandong Academy of Governance in 1999 majoring in Economics and Management. Mr. Cao has many years of management experience in China in the industries of vessel and offshore platform engineering and business consultancy.

Mr. Yu Zhiyong, aged 50, was appointed as an executive Director in March 2018. He graduated from Shenyang Gold Institute (now part of the Northeastern University, China) in 1994 majoring in Mining and Engineering Surveying. Mr. Yu has many years of management experience in China in the industries of logistics, system engineering and business consultancy. Mr. Yu has been the president of Hong Kong Dongying Chamber of Commerce since February 2017. Mr. Yu has been appointed as a member of the Eighth Dongying Municipal Committee of the Chinese People's Political Consultative Conference since March 2019.

陳偉璋先生,47歲,於二零一二年三月獲委任為獨 立非執行董事,並於二零一三年十一月調任為執 行董事。彼亦於二零一六年十一月獲委任為本公 司之公司秘書。彼持有香港城市大學會計學文學 士(榮譽)學位。陳先生為香港會計師公會會員。 彼於會計及審核方面累積豐富經驗。陳先生為廣 州基金國際控股有限公司(股份代號:1367)、中 奥到家集團有限公司(股份代號:1538)及中國水 務集團有限公司(股份代號:855)各自之獨立非 執行董事,該等公司均於香港聯合交易所有限公 司(「聯交所」)主板(「主板」)上市。陳先生亦為 聯交所GEM(「GEM」)上市公司中油港燃能源集 團控股有限公司(股份代號:8132)之獨立非執行 董事。彼自二零一四年十二月至二零一九年五月曾 擔任於主板上市的嘉年華國際控股有限公司(股 份代號:996)之獨立非執行董事。彼自二零一七 年六月至二零一九年六月曾擔任於GEM上市的中 國有色金屬有限公司(股份代號:8306)之非執行

曹晟先生,47歲,於二零一八年三月獲委任為執 行董事。彼於一九九九年畢業於山東行政學院, 主修經濟管理。曹先生於中國具有多年的船舶及 海上平台工程及商業諮詢領域之管理風險。

于志勇先生,50歲,於二零一八年三月獲委任為 執行董事。彼於一九九四年畢業於沈陽黃金學院 (現為中國東北大學之一部分),主修採礦及工程 測量。于先生於中國具有多年的物流、系統工程 及商業諮詢領域之管理經驗。于先生自二零一七 年二月起一直擔任香港東營商會之會長。于先生 於二零一九年三月獲委任為第八屆中國政治協商 會議東營市委委員。

## 董事履歷詳情

Dr. Lei Liangzhen, aged 41, was appointed as an executive Director in August 2019. Dr. Lei obtained a Doctoral degree in Applied Mathematics from Université Clermont-Ferrand-II in 2006 and Doctor of Science majoring in Probability Theory and Mathematical Statistics from Wuhan University in 2005. She is currently an associate professor at the School of Mathematical Sciences Capital Normal University since 2008. She has published approximately 10 papers on periodicals in overseas and in the PRC.

### INDEPENDENT NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

Mr. Tang Qingbin, aged 56, was appointed as an independent nonexecutive Director in January 2019. He holds a Bachelor of Economics degree from Shandong Economics College. Mr. Tang is registered as a member of the Chinese Institute of Certified Public Accountants and has over 20 years of experience in the accounting and auditing field in China. He is currently an independent nonexecutive director of Shandong Molong Petroleum Machinery Company Limited (stock code:568), a company listed on Main Board. He is also an independent director of Luxin Venture Capital Group Co., Ltd., a company listed on the Shanghai Stock Exchange (stock code: 600783).

Mr. Wang Jinghua, aged 38, was appointed as an independent nonexecutive Director in July 2011. He graduated from University of Exeter, United Kingdom. He holds two Bachelor of Arts degrees with major in Internet Computing and Economics & Finance and a Master of Science degree with International Management. From 2009, Mr. Wang acted as a General Manager Assistant in China Western Holdings Co., Ltd. He has most experience in the investment program and contract in the urban construction project.

雷良貞博士,41歲,於二零一九年八月獲委任為 執行董事。雷博士於二零零六年獲得克萊蒙費朗 第二大學應用數學博士學位及於二零零五年獲得 武漢大學概率論與數理統計理學博士學位。彼自 二零零八年起一直擔任首都師範大學數學科學學 院副教授。彼已於海外及中國期刊上發表約10篇 論文。

## 獨立非執行董事

唐慶斌先生,56歲,於二零一九年一月獲委任為 獨立非執行董事。彼持有山東經濟學院的經濟學 學士學位。唐先生目前為中國註冊會計師協會之 登記會員, 並於中國的會計及審計領域擁有逾20 年經驗。唐先生現為山東墨龍石油機械股份有限 公司(一間於主板上市的公司,股份代號:568)的 獨立非執行董事。唐先生也是魯信創業投資集團 股份有限公司(一間於上海交易所上市的公司, 股份代號:600783)的獨立董事。

王靖華先生,38歲,於二零一一年十月獲委任為 獨立非執行董事。彼畢業於英國埃克賽特大學。 彼持有計算機及經濟與金融雙學士學位,以及國 際管理碩士學位。從二零零九年起,王先生曾擔 任西部發展控股有限公司總經理助理的職務。他 擁有投資項目及城市建設項目合同的豐富經驗。



## 董事履歷詳情

Mr. Fung Nam Shan, aged 43, was appointed as an independent non-executive Director in May 2015. He holds a bachelor's degree in commerce awarded by the University of Newcastle, Australia. Mr. Fung is a member of the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants and Certified Practising Accountants of CPA Australia. Mr. Fung is currently an independent non-executive director of JH Educational Technology Inc. (listed on Main Board, stock code: 1935). Mr. Fung is currently the company secretary and authorised representative of each of Seamless Green China (Holdings) Limited (listed on GEM, stock code: 8150), China Supply Chain Holdings Limited (formerly known as Yat Sing Holdings Limited) (listed on Main Board, stock code: 3708) and Camsing International Holding Limited (listed on Main Board, stock code: 2662). He is the company secretary of Thelloy Development Group Limited (listed on Main Board, stock code: 1546). Mr. Fung was the joint company secretary of Future Bright Mining Holdings Limited (listed on Main Board, stock code: 2212) during the period from November 2015 to October 2016, and the company secretary and authorised representative of China Ocean Group Development Limited (formerly known as China Ocean Fishing Holdings Limited) (listed on GEM, stock code: 8047) during the period from May 2015 to May 2017. Mr. Fung was employed as the financial controller and company secretary of South China Assets Holdings Limited (formerly known as South China Land Limited) (listed on GEM, stock code: 8155) from February 2011 to April 2013. Mr. Fung served for a reputable property development group as financial controller from 2009 to 2011. He has worked for PricewaterhouseCoopers as an audit manager for several years which brought him strong experience in auditing, accounting and taxation in Hong Kong and the PRC. He has been one of the marketing committee members of The Hong Kong Youth Hostels Association and also a member of its charity walk organising committee since 2012.

**馮南山先生**,43歲,於二零一五年五月獲委任為 獨立非執行董事。彼持有澳大利亞紐卡素大學頒 發之商業學士學位。馮先生為香港會計師公會會 員及澳洲會計師公會註冊會計師會員。馮先生現 為嘉宏教育科技有限公司(於主板上市,股份代 號:1935)的獨立非執行董事。彼現時為無縫綠色 中國(集團)有限公司(於GEM上市,股份代號: 8150);中國供應鏈產業集團有限公司(前稱為 日成控股有限公司)(於主板上市,股份代號: 3708)及承興國際控股有限公司(於主板上市, 股份代號:2662)之公司秘書及授權代表。彼為德 萊建業集團有限公司(於主板上市,股份代號: 1546)之公司秘書。馮先生於二零一五年十一月 至二零一六年十月期間擔任高鵬礦業控股有限公 司(於主板上市,股份代號:2212)之聯席公司秘 書及於二零一五年五月至二零一七年五月期間擔 任中國海洋集團發展有限公司(前稱為中國海洋 捕撈控股有限公司)(於GEM上市,股份代號: 8047) 之公司秘書及授權代表。馮先生曾於二零 一一年二月至二零一三年四月擔任南華資產控股 有限公司(前稱為南華置地有限公司)(於GEM上 市,股份代號:8155)之財務總監及公司秘書。馮 先生曾於二零零九年至二零一一年擔任一家知名 物業發展集團之財務總監。彼曾於羅兵咸永道會 計師事務所任職審核經理多年,因此彼於香港及 中國之審核、會計及稅務領域具有豐富經驗。彼 自二零一二年起一直擔任香港青年旅舍協會市場 推廣委員會成員及慈善步行組織委員會之成員。

## 企業管治報告

The Company is committed to maintain a high standard of corporate governance, holding the beliefs of transparency, honesty and accountability. The Board considers that sound corporate management and governance practices are essential to the Company's healthy growth under all business environments. Therefore, we continuously review and improve our corporate governance standards to ensure maximum compliance with the relevant laws and codes.

## **CORPORATE GOVERNANCE PRACTICES**

The Company and the Board have applied the principles in the code provisions of the Corporate Governance Code and Corporate Governance Report (the "CG Code") contained in Appendix 14 to the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on the Stock Exchange (the "Listing Rules") by adopting the code provisions of the CG Code.

During the year, the Board has adopted and complied with the code provisions of the CG Code in so far they are applicable with the exception of the deviation from A.2.1 of the CG Code, the roles of chairman and chief executive officer (the "CEO") should be separate and should not be performed by the same individual. The division of responsibilities between the chairman and CEO should be clearly established and set out in writing. Since the position of the CEO is vacated, the Company is still looking for a suitable candidate to fill the vacancy of the CEO.

Under Code Provision A.4.1 of the CG Code, non-executive directors should be appointed for a specific term, subject to re-election. For the year under review, all independent non-executive Directors have not been appointed for a specific term but they are subject to retirement by rotation at least once every three years in accordance with the Company's Articles of Association (the "Articles").

Under Code Provision A.6.7 of the CG Code, independent nonexecutive directors should attend general meetings and develop a balanced understanding of the views of shareholders, Mr. Tang Qingbin, Mr. Wang Jinghua and Mr. Fung Nam Shan, the independent non-executive Directors, were unable to attend the annual general meeting of the Company (the "AGM") held on 28 June 2019 due to their other prior engagements.

本公司致力維持高水平之企業管治,以維持其诱 明度、誠信及問責性。董事會認為,穩健之企業管 理及管治常規對本公司在所有業務環境下穩健增 長不可或缺。因此,本公司持續檢討及改善本集 團之企業管治標準,以確保在最大程度下遵循相 關法例及守則。

## 企業管治常規

本公司及董事會已採納聯交所證券上市規則(「上 市規則」) 附錄十四所載之企業管治守則及企業管 治報告(「企業管治守則」)之守則條文,遵守守則 條文原則。

本年度,董事會已採納並一直遵守適用之企業管 治守則之守則條文,惟偏離企業管治守則第A.2.1 條。根據該條守則條文,主席及行政總裁(「行政 總裁」)之角色應獨立區分,且不應由同一人擔 任。主席與行政總裁之職責區分應書面清晰訂明。 本公司行政總裁之職位目前空缺,本公司仍在物 色合滴人選填補行政總裁之空缺。

根據企業管治守則之守則條文第A.4.1條, 非執行 董事須按指定任期委任,並須膺選連任。於回顧年 度,所有獨立非執行董事均非按指定任期委任, 惟須按照本公司組織章程細則(「細則」)至少每 三年輪值告退一次。

根據企業管治守則之守則條文第A.6.7條,獨立非 執行董事應出席股東大會,對股東的意見有公正 的了解。因其他事先安排,本公司獨立非執行董 事唐慶斌先生、王靖華先生及馮南山先生未能出 席本公司於二零一九年六月二十六日舉行之股東 週年大會(「股東週年大會」)。



## 企業管治報告

#### **DIRECTORS' SECURITIES TRANSACTIONS**

The Company has adopted the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Issuers (the "Model Code") set out in Appendix 10 of the Listing Rules. The Company has made specific enquiries with all Directors and all of them confirmed that they had complied with the required standards set out in the Model Code throughout the year ended 31 December 2019.

### **BOARD OF DIRECTORS**

The Board determines and keeps under review the objectives of the Group. It makes decisions on overall strategies and actions necessary for achieving these objectives, monitors and controls financial and operating performance, formulates appropriate policies, and identifies and ensures best practices of corporate governance. The Board members are fully committed to their roles and have acted in good faith to maximise the Shareholders' value in the long run, and have aligned the Group's goals and directions with the prevailing economic and market conditions. Daily operations and administration are delegated to the management. It has given clear directions as to the powers of management, in particular, with respect to the circumstances where management should report back and obtain prior approval from the Board before making decisions or entering into any commitments on behalf of the Company.

### **Board Composition**

As at the date of this annual report, the Board comprises nine members, including six executive Directors and three independent nonexecutive Directors. The Board members during the year and up to the date of this annual report were:

#### **Executive Directors**

Mr. Lan Yonggiang (Chairman) Mr. Wang Feng (Vice chairman) (Appointed on 1 August 2019)

Mr. Chan Wai Cheung Admiral

Mr. Cao Sheng Mr. Yu Zhiyong

Dr. Lei Liangzhen (Appointed on 1 August 2019)

Ms. Wang Meiyan (Retired on 28 June 2019)

Ms. Jin Yupin (Retried on 28 June 2019)

## 董事之證券交易活動

本公司已採納上市規則附錄十所載上市發行人董 事進行證券交易的標準守則(「標準守則」)。本公 司已向全體董事作出具體查詢,彼等均已確認於 截至二零一九年十二月三十一日止年度一直遵守 標準守則所載之規定準則。

## 董事會

董事會釐定本集團之目標,並持續作出檢討。其就 達到有關目標之所須整體策略及措施作出決策, 監察及控制財務及營運表現,制定合適政策,並指 出及確保執行最佳企業管治常規。董事會成員均 盡忠職守,並真誠地盡量為提高股東長遠價值行 事,並把本集團之目標和發展方向與目前經濟及 市場環境配合。而日常運作及管理則交託管理層 負責。董事會已就管理層之權力發出清晰指引, 尤其是關於在甚麼情況,管理層須先匯報及向董 事會取得事先批准,方可代表本公司作出決定或 訂立任何承諾。

#### 董事會組成

於本年報日期,董事會由九名成員組成,包括六 名執行董事及三名獨立非執行董事。本年度及直 至本年報日期,董事會成員為:

#### 執行董事

藍永強先生(主席) 王峰先生(副主席)

(於二零一九年八月一日獲委任)

陳偉璋先生

曹晟先生

于志勇先生

雷良貞博士(於二零一九年八月一日獲委任) 王美艷女士(於二零一九年六月二十八日退任) 金玉萍女士(於二零一九年六月二十八日退任)

## 企業管治報告

### Independent Non-Executive Directors

Mr. Tang Qingbin Mr. Wang Jinghua Mr. Fung Nam Shan

Biographical details of the Directors as at the date of this annual report are set out in the "Biographical Details of Directors" section on pages 15 to 18 of this annual report. None of the Directors has any financial, business, family or other material or relevant relationships among members of the Board.

The Company has received an annual confirmation of independence from each of its independent non-executive Directors pursuant to Rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules. Based on the contents of such confirmation, the Company considers that all the independent non-executive Directors are independent and that they have met the specific independence guidelines as set out in Rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules.

## Appointment, Re-election and Rotation of **Directors**

All Directors were not appointed for any specific terms and they are subject to re-election by the Shareholders at the AGM and at least once every three years on a rotation basis in accordance with Article 108 of the Articles. A retiring Director shall be eligible for re-election at the AGM and shall continue to act as a Director throughout the meeting which he retires. Where vacancies arise at the Board, candidates are proposed and put forward to the Board by the nomination committee of the Company as more fully explained below under the section headed "Nomination Committee".

## **Directors' Training**

In compliance with the Code Provision A.6.5 of the CG Code, the Directors are encouraged to participate in continuous professional development to develop and refresh their knowledge, skills and understanding of the Group and its business or to update their skills and knowledge on the latest development or changes in the relevant regulations, the Listing Rules and corporate governance practices. The Company will also update the Directors of any material changes in the rules and regulations from time to time. According to the confirmations provided by the Directors, all Directors have participated in the continuous professional developments during the year.

### 獨立非執行董事

唐慶斌先生 王靖華先生 馮南山先生

於本年報日期,董事履歷詳情載於本年報第15頁 至第18頁「董事履歷詳情」一節。董事會成員之間 並無任何財務、業務、家庭或其他重大或相關關

根據上市規則第3.13條,本公司已自各獨立非執 行董事收到一份年度獨立確認書。根據有關確認 書內容,本公司認為所有獨立非執行董事均具獨 立性,且符合上市規則第3.13條所載之特定獨立 指引。

## 董事委任、重撰及輪替

全體董事並無獲委以特定任期,根據細則第108 條,彼等均須最少每三年一次,輪流於本公司股 東週年大會上由股東重選連任。退任董事符合資 格於股東週年大會上膺選連任,以及應繼續於其 退任之大會上擔任董事。倘董事會出缺,本公司 提名委員會可向董事會建議人選,更多詳情於下 文「提名委員會」一節闡述。

### 董事培訓

為遵守企業管治守則之守則條文第A.6.5條,本公 司鼓勵董事參加持續專業進修以發展及更新知 識、技能及對本集團及其業務之理解,或最新相 關法規、上市規則及企業管治常規之最新發展或 變動相關方面之技能及知識。本公司亦會不時向 董事提供有關規則及法規之任何重大變動之最新 資料。根據董事提供之確認,本年度所有董事均 已參加持續專業發展。



## 企業管治報告

## **Board Diversity Policy**

On 29 August 2013, the Company adopted the board diversity policy (the "Board Diversity Policy") in accordance with the requirement set out in the CG Code. The Company recognises that the Board diversity is an essential element contributing to the sustainable development of the Company. In designing the Board's composition, the Board diversity has been considered from a number of aspects, including but not limited to the skills, knowledge, gender, age, cultural and educational background or professional experience. All Board appointments are based on merits and considered against a variety of objective criteria, having due regard for the benefits of diversity on the Board.

The nomination committee will review the Board Diversity Policy, as appropriate, to ensure its continued effectiveness from time to time.

## **Nomination Policy**

The Company has a nomination policy of having a board of directors with a diversity of skills and experience. The selection and proposed appointment of the Directors are submitted to the nomination committee of the Company for consideration prior to Board approval, and the re-election of Directors is conducted in accordance with the Articles. The criteria of assessing a candidate include his/her ability to devote sufficient time and attention to participate in the affairs of the Company including the attendance of Board meetings and serving on committees, to bring business experience to the Board and to contribute to the Board diversity. If the candidate is proposed to be appointed as an independent non-executive Director, his/her independence shall be assessed in accordance with the requirements under the Listing Rules. The totality of the candidate's education, qualifications and experience shall be evaluated in assessing his/her suitability.

## 董事會成員多元化政策

於二零一三年八月二十九日,本公司根據企業管 治守則所載之規定,採納董事會成員多元化政策 (「董事會成員多元化政策」)。本公司視董事會成 員多元化為支持其維持可持續發展的關鍵元素。 於設計董事會組成時,本公司從多方面考慮董事 會成員多元化,包括但不限於技能、知識、性別、 年齡、文化及教育背景或專業經驗。董事會所有 委任以用人唯才為原則,並在考慮人選時以多個 客觀條件充分顧及董事會成員多元化的裨益。

提名委員會將不時適當審議董事會成員多元化政 策以確保其行之有效。

## 提名政策

本公司設有提名政策,以成立具備多元化技能及 經驗之董事會。甄選及建議委任之董事獲董事會 批准前提呈予本公司提名委員會考慮,且根據章 程細則重選董事。評估候選人之標準包括其是否 能夠投入足夠時間及精力參與本公司事務,包括 出席董事會議及服務委員會,以為董事會帶來業 務經驗並為董事會成員多元化作出貢獻。倘建議 候選人獲委任為獨立非執行董事,其獨立性須根 據上市規則之規定予以評估。於評估候選人是否 合嫡時,須評估其教育程度、資格及經驗等整體

## 企業管治報告

## **Board Meetings**

During the year ended 31 December 2019, nine Board meetings and one AGM were held and details of attendance are set out as follows:

## 董事會會議

截至二零一九年十二月三十一日止年度,本公司舉行九次董事會會議及一次股東週年大會,各董事之出席情況詳述如下:

Number of meetings attended/eligible to attend 出席/合資格出席會議次數

Board meetings AGM/EGM

股東週年大會/

		放木起十八百	
		董事會會議	股東特別大會
<b>Executive Directors</b>	執行董事		
Mr. Lan Yongqiang (Chairman)	藍永強先生(主席)	9/9	0/1
Mr. Wang Feng (Vice Chairman)	王峰先生(副主席)	4/5	0/0
(Appointed on 1 August 2019)	(於二零一九年八月一日		
	獲委任)		
Mr. Chan Wai Cheung Admiral	陳偉璋先生	9/9	1/1
Mr. Cao Sheng	曹晟先生	7/9	0/1
Mr. Yu Zhiyong	于志勇先生	9/9	0/1
Dr. Lei Liangzhen	雷良貞博士	5/5	0/0
(Appointed on 1 August 2019)	(於二零一九年八月一日		
	獲委任)		
Ms. Wang Meiyan (Retired on 28 June 2019)	王美艷女士(於二零一九年	1/2	0/1
	六月二十八日退任)		
Ms. Jin Yuping (Retired on 28 June 2019)	金玉萍女士(於二零一九年	1/2	0/1
	六月二十八日退任)		
Independent Non-Executive Directors	獨立非執行董事		
Mr. Tang Qingbin	唐慶斌先生	9/9	0/1
Mr. Wang Jinghua	王靖華先生	7/9	0/1
Mr. Fung Nam Shan	馮南山先生	9/9	0/1

Every Board member has full and timely access to Board papers and related materials and has unrestricted access to the advice and services of the company secretary, and has the liberty to seek external professional advice if so required.

The Company has attached much importance to the risk management about Directors' liabilities and has arranged appropriate liability insurance for the Directors and senior management of the Company. The insurance coverage is reviewed on an annual basis.

每位董事會成員均可全面並適時查閱董事會文件 及相關資料,並可隨時取得公司秘書之意見和享 用其所提供之服務,及可自主選擇在需要時尋求 外部專業意見。

本公司非常重視對董事責任之風險管理,並已就 董事及本公司高級管理層安排適當責任保險。保 險保障範圍會每年進行檢討。



## 企業管治報告

#### REMUNERATION COMMITTEE

The remuneration committee, established in compliance with the CG Code, currently comprises three independent non-executive Directors and one executive Director, is responsible for reviewing and evaluating the remuneration packages of the Directors and senior management of the Company and making recommendations to the Board from time to time.

The remuneration committee has adopted written terms of reference prepared by reference to the suggested terms of reference stated under the Code Provision B.1.2 of the CG Code. The terms of reference of the remuneration committee has been uploaded to the Company's website.

During the year ended 31 December 2019, the remuneration committee held three meetings to review and consider the remuneration package of the existing and newly appointed Board members and the senior management. Composition of the remuneration committee and details of the members' attendance to the committee are as follows:

## 薪酬委員會

本公司遵照企業管治守則成立薪酬委員會,現時 成員包括三名獨立非執行董事及一名執行董事、 負責審閱及評估本公司董事及高級管理層之薪酬 待遇, 並不時向董事會提供推薦建議。

薪酬委員會已採用根據企業管治守則之守則條文 第B.1.2條所述之建議職權範圍而編製之書面職權 範圍。薪酬委員會之職權範圍已上載至本公司網 站。

截至二零一九年十二月三十一日止年度,薪酬委員 會舉行了三次會議,以檢討及考慮現時及新委任 之董事會成員及高級管理層之薪酬待遇。薪酬委 員會之組成及委員會成員之出席情況詳述如下:

> **Number of meetings** attended/eligible to attend 出席/合資格 出席會議次數

Mr. Tang Qingbin	唐慶斌先生	3/3
Mr. Wang Jinghua	王靖華先生	3/3
Mr. Fung Nam Shan	馮南山先生	3/3
Mr. Chan Wai Cheung Admiral	陳偉璋先生	3/3

## 企業管治報告

### NOMINATION COMMITTEE

The nomination committee, established in compliance with the CG Code, currently comprises three independent non-executive Directors and one executive Director, is responsible for making recommendations to the Board on the appointment of Directors and management of the Board succession.

The nomination committee has adopted written terms of reference prepared by reference to the suggested terms of reference stated under the Code Provision A.5.2 of the CG Code. The terms of reference of the nomination committee has been uploaded to the Company's website.

During the year ended 31 December 2019, three meetings of the nomination committee were held. Details of the members' attendance to the committee are as follows:

## 提名委員會

本公司遵照企業管治守則成立提名委員會,現時 成員包括三名獨立非執行董事及一名執行董事、 負責就委任董事及董事會管理層之繼任事宜向董 事會提供推薦建議。

提名委員會已採用根據企業管治守則之守則條文 第A.5.2條所述之建議職權範圍而編製之書面職權 範圍。提名委員會之職權範圍已上載至本公司網 站。

截至二零一九年十二月三十一日止年度,提名委 員會舉行三次會議。成員出席委員會之詳情如下:

> **Number of meetings** attended/eligible to attend 出席/合資格 出席會議次數

Mr. Tang Qingbin	唐慶斌先生	3/3
Mr. Wang Jinghua	王靖華先生	3/3
Mr. Fung Nam Shan	馮南山先生	3/3
Mr. Chan Wai Cheung Admiral	陳偉璋先生	3/3

#### **AUDIT COMMITTEE**

The audit committee of the Company was established with written terms of reference in compliance with Rule 3.21 of the Listing Rules and the suggested terms of reference stated under the Code Provision C.3 of the CG Code. The audit committee currently comprises three independent non-executive Directors and is chaired by Mr. Tang Qingbin. The audit committee is responsible for review of the Group's accounting principles, practices internal control procedures and financial reporting matters including the review of the interim and final results of the Group prior to recommending to the Board for approval.

The terms of reference of the audit committee has been uploaded to the Company's website.

### 審核委員會

本公司之審核委員會已根據上市規則第3.21條及 企業管治守則之守則條文第C.3條所述之建議職 權範圍而編製之書面職權範圍成立。審核委員會 目前由三名獨立非執行董事組成,主席為唐慶斌 先生。審核委員會負責審閱本集團之會計原則、 常規內部監控程序及財務匯報事項,包括於建議 董事會批准前,審閱本集團之中期及末期業績。

審核委員會之職權範圍已上載至本公司網站。

## 企業管治報告

Three meetings of the audit committee were held during the year to review and approve the financial statements of the Company for the year ended 31 December 2018 and for the six months period ended 30 June 2019, to make recommendation to the Board on the selection of auditor of the Company and to review the effectiveness of the Group's internal control systems. The attendances at these meetings are as follows:

年內審核委員會已舉行三次會議,以審批本公司 截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度及截至二 零一九年六月三十日止六個月之財務報表,向董 事會就本公司核數師選舉提供推薦意見,並檢討 本集團內部監控體系的效力。該等會議之出席情 況列載如下:

> **Number of meetings** attended/eligible to attend 出席/合資格 出席會議次數

Mr. Tang Qingbin	唐慶斌先生	3/3
Mr. Wang Jinghua	王靖華先生	1/3
Mr. Fung Nam Shan	馮南山先生	3/3

所提供服務

核數服務

共計

非核數服務

### **AUDITOR'S REMUNERATION**

The audit committee reviews and monitors the independent auditor's independence and objectivity and effectiveness of the audit process. It holds meetings with representatives of the independent auditor to consider the scope of its audit, approve its fees, and the scope and appropriateness of non-audit services, if any, to be provided by it. The audit committee also makes recommendations to the Board on the appointment and retention of the independent auditor.

ZHONGHUI ANDA CPA Limited ("Zhonghui"), was appointed as the auditor of the Company to fill the casual vacancy following the resignation of BDO Limited, with effect from 17 December 2019 to hold office until the conclusion of the AGM.

The following table sets forth the types of, and estimated fees for, the principal audit services and non-audit services provided by Zhonghui to the Group for the year ended 31 December 2019:

## 核數師酬金

審核委員會檢討及監督獨立核數師之獨立性及審 核過程之客觀性及效能。審核委員會與獨立核數 師之代表舉行會議,考慮審核範圍,批准其費用, 以及其將提供之非審核服務(如有)之範圍及是否 適當。審核委員會亦就委聘及續聘獨立核數師向 董事會提出推薦建議。

中匯安達會計師事務所有限公司(「中匯」)自二 零一九年十二月十七日起獲委任為本公司的核數 師以填補香港立信德豪會計師事務所有限公司辭 任以後的臨時空缺,任職直至股東週年大會結束 為止。

下表載列截至二零一九年十二月三十一日止年度 由中匯提供予本集團之主要核數服務及非核數服 務之種類及估計收費:

Fees paid/payable
已付/應付費用
HK\$'000
千港元
880
_
990

Services rendered

Non-audit services

Audit services

Total

## 企業管治報告

### RISK MANAGEMENT AND INTERNAL CONTROL

The Board acknowledges that it is responsible for the risk management and internal control systems and reviewing their effectiveness. Such systems are designed to manage rather than eliminate the risk of failure to achieve business objectives, and can only provide reasonable and not absolute assurance against material misstatement or loss.

The Board has delegated its responsibilities of (i) reviewing risk management and internal control to the audit committee; and (ii) designing, implementing and monitoring of the risk management and internal control systems to the management. The Group's internal audit staff is responsible for analysing and appraising the adequacy and effectiveness of risk management and internal control systems.

The Board, through the audit committee, has conducted a review of the effectiveness of the risk management and internal control systems of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2019, including financial, operational and compliance controls and risk management function.

The management shall report to the Board as soon as practicable for any event which may constitute inside information, and the Board shall decide to make relevant disclosure in a timely manner, if required.

### **COMPANY SECRETARY**

Mr. Chan Wai Cheung Admiral, the executive Director, was appointed as the company secretary of the Company in November 2016. Mr. Chan is a member of the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants. He is responsible to the Board for ensuring the Board procedures and all applicable laws, rules and regulations are followed. According to the requirements of Rule 3.29 of the Listing Rules, Mr. Chan had taken no less than 15 hours of relevant professional training during the year.

## 風險管理及內部監控

董事會深知其負責風險管理及內部監控系統以及 檢討其成效。該等制度旨在管理而非消除無法實 現業務目標之風險,且僅能提供有關重大失實陳 述或損失之合理但非絕對的保證。

董事會已將其(i)審閱風險管理及內部監控的職責 授予審核委員會;及(ii)設計、實施及監察風險管 理及內部監控系統的職責授予管理層。本集團的 內部審核人員負責分析及評估風險管理及內部監 控系統之充分性及有效性。

董事會透過審核委員會已就本集團截至二零一九 年十二月三十一日止年度之風險管理及內部監控 系統(包括財務、營運及合規監控以及風險管理 效能)之成效進行檢討。

管理層應於切實可行的情況下盡快就任何可能構 成內幕消息的事宜向董事會報告,且董事會應及 時決定作出相關披露(倘要求)。

### 公司秘書

執行董事陳偉璋先生於二零一六年十一月獲委任 為本公司之公司秘書。陳先生為香港會計師公會 會員。彼對董事會負責,確保董事會議事規則以及 所有適用法律、規則及規例得到遵守。根據上市 規則第3.29條,陳先生於本年度已接受不少於15 小時之相關專業培訓。



## 企業管治報告

### SHAREHOLDERS' RIGHT

The rights of the Shareholders and the procedures for them to demand a poll on resolutions at the Shareholders' meetings are contained in the Articles. Details of such rights to demand a poll and the poll procedures are included in all circulars to the Shareholders and will be explained during the proceedings of meetings. Poll results, if any, will be posted on both the websites of the Stock Exchange and of the Company on or before the next business day of the Shareholders' meeting.

## **Convening of Extraordinary General Meeting**

Pursuant to Article 64 of the Articles, an EGM shall be convened on the written requisition of one or more Shareholders for the attention of the Board or the company secretary of the Company.

The written requisition shall specify the purpose of requiring the EGM and signed by the requisitionist(s), provided that such requisitionist(s) held as at the date of deposit of the written requisition not less than one tenth of the paid up capital of the Company having the right of voting at general meetings.

If within 21 days of such deposit the Directors fail to proceed to convene the EGM, the requisitionist(s) may do so in the same manner, and all reasonable expenses incurred by the requisitionist(s) as a result of the failure of the Directors shall be reimbursed to the requisitionist(s) by the Company.

## Procedures for Shareholders to propose a person for election as a Director

Pursuant to Article 113 of the Articles, no person, other than a retiring Director, shall, unless recommended by the Directors for election, be eligible for election to the office of Director at any general meeting, unless notice in writing of the intention to propose that person for election as a Director and notice in writing by that person of his willingness to be elected shall have been lodged at the head office or at the registration office at least seven clear days before the date of the general meeting.

## 股東權利

股東要求在股東大會就決議案以投票方式表決之 權利及程序載於細則。要求以投票方式表決之有 關權利及投票程序詳情載於寄發予股東之所有通 函,並將於會議上予以説明。投票結果(如有)將 於股東大會下一個營業日或之前刊登於聯交所及 本公司網站。

### 召開股東特別大會

根據細則第64條,一名或以上股東可向董事會或 本公司之公司秘書提交書面要求,召開股東特別 大會。

書面要求須列明要求召開股東特別大會之目的, 並由要求者簽署,惟該一名或多名人士於提交書 面要求之日期,須持有不少於本公司有權於股東 大會上投票之實繳股本十分之一。

倘董事於提出該項要求後21日內未能召開股東特 別大會,提出的一名或多名人士可以相同方式召 開大會,而本公司須向提出要求人士償付所有由 提出要求人士因董事未能召開大會而產生之合理 開支。

## 股東提名董事候選人之程序

根據細則第113條,除退任之董事外,概無人士合 乎資格於股東大會內膺選董事職位(獲董事會推 薦參選者則除外),除非有簽署確認表明有意提名 該人士參選董事的書面通知, 連同該受提名人士 確認有意參選的書面通知書於股東大會日期前至 少七個整日前遞交至本公司總辦事處或註冊辦事

## 企業管治報告

Accordingly, if a Shareholder wishes to nominate a person to stand for election as a Director at the AGM, the following documents must be validly served at the Company's head office or the registration office within the period specified in Article 113 of the Articles, namely, (1) his/her notice of intention to propose a resolution to elect a nominated candidate as a Director at the AGM; (2) a notice signed by the nominated candidate of the candidate's willingness to be elected; (3) the nominated candidate's information as required to be disclosed under rule 13.51(2) of the Listing Rules; and (4) the nominated candidate's written consent to the publication of his/her personal data. 因此, 倘一名股東有意提名他人於股東週年大會 上參選董事,則須於細則第113條指定的期間內將 下列文件送達本公司的總辦事處或註冊辦事處, 即(1)該名股東於股東週年大會上提呈推選該獲提 名候選人出任董事的決議案的意向通知書;(2)由 獲提名候選人簽署表明其願意參選的通知書;(3) 根據上市規則第13.51(2)條規定須予披露的獲提 名候選人資料;及(4)獲提名候選人有關刊登其個 人資料的同意書。

#### **INVESTOR RELATIONS**

The general meetings of the Company provide a platform for communication between the Shareholders and the Board. Our Directors are available at the Shareholders' meetings to answer questions and provide information which the Shareholders may enquire. The Company continues to enhance communications and relationships with its investors. Enquiries from investors are dealt with in an informative and timely manner.

Taking advantages of various resources, the Company keeps communicating with its shareholders regularly and properly to ensure that the Shareholders are adequately aware of any important issues during the course of the Company's operations, and then exercise their rights as the Shareholders with sufficient knowledge. Investors are welcome to write directly to the Company at its Hong Kong registered office for any inquiries.

## **DIVIDEND POLICY**

The Company adopts a dividend policy. The Board shall consider the following factors before declaring or recommending dividends:

- current and prospective financial performance of the Company;
- growth and investment opportunities;
- other macro and micro economic factors; and
- other factors/events that the Board may deem as relevant.

The payment of dividend is also subject to any restrictions under the applicable laws and the Articles.

## 投資者關係

本公司之股東大會為股東及董事會提供了一個溝 通平台。董事將於股東大會上回答問題,並提供 股東可能問詢之資料。本公司繼續加強與投資者 之溝通及關係。投資者查詢乃以充分數據及時作 出處理。

本公司利用各種資源,與股東保持定期及適時之 溝通,以確保股東充分獲悉本公司業務過程中之 任何重要事項,並在知情情況下行使其當時作為 股東之權利。如有任何查詢,投資者可直接致函 本公司之香港註冊辦事處。

### 股息政策

本公司已採納股息政策。董事會在宣佈派發或建 議派發股息前,須考慮下列因素:

- 本公司現時及未來財務表現;
- 增長及投資機會;
- 其他宏觀及微觀經濟因素;及
- 董事會認為有關的其他因素/事項。

派付股息亦須受任何適用法律及細則規限。

## 企業管治報告

## DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITY FOR PREPARING THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The Board acknowledges that it is responsible for the preparation of the financial statements of the Group and for ensuring that the financial statements are prepared in accordance with statutory requirements and applicable accounting standards. The Board also ensures the timely publication of the financial statements of the Group.

The Directors were aware that the Group has net current liabilities of HK\$289,383,000 as at 31 December 2019. This condition indicates the existence of a material uncertainty which may cast significant doubt about the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. After taking into account the assumptions and measures mentioned under this report headed "Going concern basis", the Directors consider that the Group will have sufficient working capital to finance its operations and to meet its financial obligations as and when they fall due within twelve months from 31 December 2019 and believe that the Group will continue as a going concern and consequently have prepared the consolidated financial statements on a going concern basis.

Notwithstanding the foregoing, the Directors have prepared the consolidated financial statements on a going concern basis, the appropriateness of which depends upon the outcome of the underlying assumptions and measures as detailed in note 2(a) to the consolidated financial statements.

The statement of the external auditor of the Company, Zhonghui, about their reporting responsibilities on the financial statements of the Group is set out in the Independent Auditor's Report on pages 46 to 50 of this annual report.

### **VOTING BY POLL**

Pursuant to Rule 13.39(4) of the Listing Rules, any vote of shareholders at a general meeting must be taken by poll. As such, all the resolutions set out in the notice of the forthcoming AGM will be voted by poll.

## 董事就編製財務報表所承擔之責任

董事會明白其負責編製本集團之財務報表,以確 保本集團之財務報表之編製符合所有有關法定規 定及適用會計準則之規定。董事會亦須確保本集 團財務報表適時刊發。

於二零一九年十二月三十一日,董事獲悉本集團 流動負債淨額為289,383,000港元。該狀況顯示存 在重大不明朗因素,可能對本集團持續經營之能 力產生重大疑慮。經計及本報告「持續經營基準」 所述假設及措施,董事認為本集團將擁有充足的 營運資金為其經營業務撥資及滿足於二零一九 年十二月三十一日起計十二個月內到期的財務承 擔,並相信本集團將持續經營並按持續經營基準 編製該綜合財務報表。

儘管上文所述,董事已按持續經營基準編製綜合 財務報表,其合適性取決於綜合財務報表附註2(a) 所述的相關假設及措施的結果。

本公司之外部核數師中匯就彼等對本集團財務報 表之申報責任作出之聲明載於本年報第46頁至第 50頁之獨立核數師報告。

## 投票表決

根據上市規則第13.39(4)條,股東於股東大會上之 任何表決均須以投票方式進行。因此,本公司應 屆股東週年大會通告所載全部決議案均將以投票 方式進行表決。

## 董事會報告

The Directors present their report and the audited financial statements of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2019.

## PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES AND BUSINESS REVIEW

The principal activity of the Company is investment holding. Its principal subsidiaries are engaged in the leasing of Oil and Liquefied Chemical Terminal together with its storage and logistics facilities, Insurance Brokerage Service and the Oil Production (which was disposed on 28 June 2019). Details of the Company's principal subsidiaries as at 31 December 2019 are set out in note 47 to the financial statements.

Further discussion and analysis of these activities as required by Schedule 5 to the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance, including a description of the principal risks and uncertainties facing the Group and an indication of likely future development in the Group's business, can be found in the sections headed "Chairman's Statement" and "Management Discussion and Analysis" set out on pages 4 to 5 and pages 6 to 14 respectively of this annual report.

## **RESULTS AND DIVIDEND**

The results of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2019 are set out in the Consolidated Income Statement and Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income on pages 51 and 53 respectively.

The state of affairs of the Group as at 31 December 2019 is set out in the Consolidated Statement of Financial Position on pages 54 to 55.

The Directors do not recommend the payment of any dividend in respect of the year.

董事諽提呈董事會報告及本集團截至二零一九年 十二月三十一日止年度之經審核財務報表。

## 主要業務及業務回顧

本公司之主要業務為投資控股。其主要附屬公司 從事租賃油品及液體化工品碼頭連同其儲存及物 流設施、保險經紀服務及產油(於二零一九年六 月二十八日出售)。本公司於二零一九年十二月 三十一日之主要附屬公司之詳情載於財務報表附 **註47。** 

香港公司條例附表5所規定該等活動的進一步討 論及分析,包括本集團所面臨的主要風險及不明 朗因素的描述以及本集團業務未來可能發展的跡 象,可參閱本年報分別於第4至第5頁所載「主席報 告 | 及第6頁至第14頁所載「管理層討論及分析 |。

## 業績及股息

本集團截至二零一九年十二月三十一日止年度之 業績分別載於第51頁及第53頁之綜合損益表及綜 合全面收入表中。

截至二零一九年十二月三十一日,本集團之狀況 載於第54頁至第55頁之綜合財務狀況表。

董事不建議派付本年度之任何股息。



## 董事會報告

### **SUMMARY FINANCIAL INFORMATION**

The following is a summary of the published consolidated results of the Group for the last five financial years, and the assets, liabilities and non-controlling interests of the Group as at each of the reporting dates.

## **Results**

Revenue

## 財務資料概要

下文載有本集團過往五個財政年度之已刊登綜合 業績以及本集團於各報告日期之資產、負債及非 控股權益。

## 業績

## Year ended 31 December 截至十二月三十一日止年度

			_			
		2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
			(Re-presented)			
		二零一九年	二零一八年	二零一七年	二零一六年	二零一五年
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
			(重列)			
Revenue	收益	129,838	115,081	30,338	40,926	87,480
Profit/(loss) attribute to:	應佔溢利/(虧損):					
Owners of the Company	本公司擁有人	31,310	(76,478)	(187,121)	(189,971)	(492,568)
Non-controlling interests	非控股權益	15,545	2,631	(14,309)	(10,993)	(39,408)
		46,855	(73,847)	(201,430)	(200,964)	(531,976)

## Assets, liabilities and non-controlling interests

## 資產、負債及非控股權益

### As at 31 December

於十二月三十一日

		2019 HK\$'000 二零一九年 千港元	2018 HK\$'000 二零一八年 千港元	2017 HK\$'000 二零一七年 千港元	2016 HK\$'000 二零一六年 千港元	2015 HK\$'000 二零一五年 千港元
Non-current assets Current assets	非流動資產 流動資產	1,779,158 294,318	1,687,493 529,038	1,843,919 149,327	1,483,549 362,881	1,115,057 395,769
Total assets	資產總值	2,073,476	2,216,531	1,993,246	1,846,430	1,510,826
Current liabilities Non-current liabilities	流動負債 非流動負債	583,701 463,398	757,964 529,296	1,225,104 397,402	716,008 665,140	500,682 322,933
Total liabilities	負債總額	1,047,099	1,287,260	1,622,506	1,381,148	823,615
Net assets	資產淨值	1,026,377	929,271	370,740	465,282	687,211
Non-controlling interests	非控股權益	238,743	165,946	167,210	115,494	134,411

## 董事會報告

## PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

Details of the movements in the property, plant and equipment of the Group during the year are set out in note 18 to the financial statements.

### **INVESTMENT PROPERTIES**

Details of the movements during the year ended 31 December 2019 in the investment properties of the Group are set out in note 20 to the financial statements.

### SHARE CAPITAL

Details of the share capital during the year are set out in note 39 to the financial statements.

#### **PRE-EMPTIVE RIGHTS**

There are no provisions for pre-emptive rights under the Articles or the laws of the Cayman Islands, being the jurisdiction in which the Company was incorporated, which would oblige the Company to offer new shares on a pro rata basis to existing Shareholders.

## PURCHASE, SALE OR REDEMPTION OF LISTED **SECURITIES OF THE COMPANY**

Neither the Company, nor any of its subsidiaries purchased, sold or redeemed any of the Company's listed securities during the year.

### RESERVES AND DISTRIBUTABLE RESERVES

Details of movements in the reserves of the Company and of the Group during the year are set out in note 41(b) to the financial statements and in the Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity respectively. The Company had no reserve available for distribution to the Shareholders as at 31 December 2019.

## 物業、廠房及設備

本集團物業、廠房及設備於本年度之變動詳情載 於財務報表附註18。

## 投資物業

本集團投資物業於截至二零一九年十二月三十一 日止年度之變動詳情載於財務報表附註20。

## 股本

本年度股本之詳情載於財務報表附註39。

## 優先購買權

細則或本公司註冊成立之司法管轄權區開曼群島 法例並無關於優先購買權之條文,使本公司須按 比例向現有股東提呈發售新股。

# 購買、出售或贖回本公司之上市證

本公司或其任何附屬公司於本年度並無購買、出 售或贖回本公司任何上市證券。

## 儲備及可供分派儲備

本年度,本公司及本集團之儲備變動詳情分別載 於財務報表附註41(b)及綜合權益變動表。於二零 一九年十二月三十一日,本公司並無儲備可供分 派予股東。



## 董事會報告

#### MAJOR CUSTOMERS AND SUPPLIERS

During the year, the sales to the Group's five largest customers accounted for 100% of the Group's total sales for the year and sales to the largest customer included therein amounted to 88.76%.

During the year, none of the Group's supplier accounted for more than 5% of the Group's purchases.

None of the Directors, any of their associates or Shareholders (which, to the best knowledge of the Directors, own more than 5% of the Company's issued share capital), had any beneficial interests in the Group's five largest customers and/or suppliers.

## **DIRECTORS**

The Directors of the Company Board members during the year and up to the date of this report were:

#### **Executive Directors**

Mr. Lan Yongqiang (Chairman) Mr. Wang Feng (Vice Chairman) (Appointed on 1 August 2019) Mr. Chan Wai Cheung Admiral

Mr. Cao Sheng Mr. Yu Zhiyong

Dr. Lei Liangzhen (Appointed on 1 August 2019) Ms. Wang Meiyan (Retired on 28 June 2019) Ms. Jin Yupin (Retired on 28 June 2019)

### **Independent Non-executive Directors**

Mr. Tang Qingbin Mr. Wang Jinghua Mr. Fung Nam Shan

Pursuant to the Articles, Directors retiring at the upcoming annual general meeting of the Company (the "AGM") will be eligible for reelection. Further details of the Directors' re-election will be set out in a circular of the Company dispatched together with the notice of the AGM.

## 主要客戶及供應商

本年度,銷售予本集團五大客戶之數額佔本集團 本年度總銷售額100%,當中銷售予最大客戶之數 額佔88.76%。

本年度,概無本集團供應商佔本集團採購額超過

董事、其各自之任何聯繫人或股東(據董事所知 擁有本公司已發行股本逾5%者),概無於本集團 五大客戶及/或供應商中擁有任何實益權益。

## 董事

本年度及截至本報告日期,本公司董事會之董事 如下:

## 執行董事

藍永強先生(主席) 王峰先生(副主席) (於二零一九年八月一日獲委任)

陳偉璋先生 曹晟先生

干志勇先生 雷良貞博士(於二零一九年八月一日獲委任) 王美艷女士(於二零一九年六月二十八日退任)

金玉萍女士(於二零一九年六月二十八日退任)

#### 獨立非執行董事

唐慶斌先生 王靖華先生 馮南山先生

根據細則,於本公司即將舉行的股東週年大會 (「股東週年大會」)上退任的董事將符合資格膺選 連任。有關董事連任的進一步詳情將載於待寄發 的本公司通函連同股東週年大會通告。

## 董事會報告

### **BIOGRAPHICAL DETAILS OF DIRECTORS**

Biographical details of the Directors are set out on pages 15 to 18 of the annual report.

## **DIRECTORS' SERVICE CONTRACTS**

No Directors proposed for re-election at the forthcoming AGM of the Company has a service contract with the Company which is not determinable by the Company within one year without payment of compensation, other than statutory compensation.

## **DIRECTORS' REMUNERATION**

Details of the remuneration of the Directors during the year ended 31 December 2019 are set out in note 17 to the financial statements.

## PERMITTED INDEMNITY PROVISION

A permitted indemnity provision that provides for indemnity against liability incurred by Directors and officers of the Group is currently in force and was in force throughout the year.

## **DIRECTORS' INTERESTS IN TRANSACTIONS, ARRANGEMENTS OR CONTRACTS**

Save as disclosed elsewhere in this annual report, no Director had a significant beneficial interest, either directly or indirectly, in any transactions, arrangements or contracts of significance to the business of the Group to which the Company or any of its subsidiaries was a party during the year.

## 董事履歷詳情

董事履歷詳情載於本年報第15頁至第18頁。

## 董事之服務合約

概無董事被提名於本公司即將舉行之股東调年大 會上重選,並與本公司訂立任何本公司不能於一 年內免付賠償(法定賠償除外)而予以終止之服務 合約。

## 金幅電董

截至二零一九年十二月三十一日止年度之董事酬 金詳情載於財務報表附註17。

## 獲准許彌償條文

規定就本集團董事及高級職員產牛之負債作出彌 償的獲准許彌償條文現時有效且於整個年度一直 有效。

## 董事於交易、安排或合約之權益

除本年報其他部分所披露者外,董事概無於本公 司或其任何附屬公司於本年度訂立而與本集團業 務有重大關係之任何交易、安排或合約中直接或 間接擁有重大實益權益。



# 董事會報告

### MANAGEMENT CONTRACTS

No contracts concerning the management and administration of the whole or any substantial part of the business of the Company were entered into or were in existence during the year.

# **FUND RAISING ACTIVITIES THROUGH ISSUE OF EQUITY/CONVERTIBLE BONDS**

The Company has no fund raising activities through equity/convertible securities during the year. Set out below are the fund raising activities of the Company in previous years with at least some part of the proceeds remaining unutilised at the beginning of the reporting period or the latest practicable date prior to the printing of this annual report (the "LPD"):

There were two fund raising activities of the Company in 2018:

(1) The net proceeds of approximately HK\$85.1 million raised from the placement of 609,940,000 new Shares at the placing price of HK\$0.143 per Share, which was completed on 14 February 2018.

## 管理合約

於本年度並無訂立或存在有關本公司整體或任何 重大部分業務之管理及行政合約。

# 透過發行權益/可轉換債券進行集 資活動

本公司於本年度並無透過權益/可轉換證券進行 集資活動。下文載列本公司於之前年度之集資活 動,於報告期初或於本年報付印前之最後實際可 行日期(「最後實際可行日期」)剩餘未動用之最 少所得款項:

二零一八年,本公司進行了兩次集資活動:

(1) 按配售價每股0.143港元配售609,940,000 股新股份,所得款項淨額約85,100,000港 元,配售已於二零一八年二月十四日完 成。

				Amount		
				utilised	Amount	
			Amount	for the	utilised	Amount
			utilised up to	year ended	subsequent to	unused
		Intended use	31 December	31 December	period end but	as at the
		of proceeds	2018	2019	up to the LPD	LPD
				截至		
			直至	二零一九年	於期末後	
			二零一八年	十二月三十一日	但直至最後	於最後
		所得款項	十二月三十一日	止年度	實際可行日期	實際可行日期
		擬定用途	已動用金額	已動用金額	已動用金額	未動用金額
		HK\$' million	HK\$' million	HK\$' million	HK\$' million	HK\$' million
		百萬港元	百萬港元	百萬港元	百萬港元	百萬港元
Repayment of debt and liabilities General working capital	信還債務及負債 本集團一般營運資金	63.3	(63.3)	-	-	-
of the Group		21.8	(2.7)	(6.4)	(12.7)	
		85.1	(66.0)	(6.4)	(12.7)	_
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# 董事會報告

- (2) The total net proceeds of HK\$441.0 million raised from the subscription of convertible bonds by Giant Crystal and not less than six placees procured by the placing agent, which was completed on 17 September 2018.
- (2) 由鉅晶及不少於六名承配人通過配售代理 認購可換股債券而籌集的所得款項總淨額 為441,000,000港元,有關認購已於二零 一八年九月十七日完成。

		Original intended use of proceeds	Revised allocation of used as stated in the 2018 Annual Report	Amount utilised up to 31 December 2018	Amount utilised during the year ended 31 December 2019 (Note) 截至	Amount unused as at 31 December 2019 and the LPD 於二零一九年
		原擬定所得 款項用途	於二零一八年 年報所述 經修訂用途分配	直至二零一八年 十二月三十一日 已動用金額	二零一九年 十二月三十一日 止年度 已動用金額 (附註)	十二月三十一日 及最後 實際可行日期 未動用金額
		HK\$' million 百萬港元	HK\$' million 百萬港元	HK\$' million 百萬港元	HK\$' million 百萬港元	HK\$' million 百萬港元
Repayment of debt and liabilities	償還債務及負債	371.0	282.0	(12.8)	(312.8)	-
Expansion and business development of the Group's newly acquired financial consulting business	本集團新收購的財務顧問業務之擴展及業務發展	20.0	20.0	(0.4)	(1.0)	-
Maintenance of the Group's existing businesses of Oil Production and Oil and Liquefied Chemical Terminal, storage and logistics	維持本集團現有的產油及 油品及液體化工品碼 頭、儲存及物流業務	25.0	25.0	_	_	_
	ᆙᄩᄴᄼᄮᅙᄽ	23.0	23.0			
Possible financing of acquisition opportunities	收購機會的可能融資 —	25.0	114.0	(114.0)		
	_	441.0	441.0	(127.2)	(313.8)	_

### Note:

During the second half of the year ended 31 December 2019, due to the escalated uncertainties on the economic outlook in Hong Kong and the successful fund-raising of the Group's Oil Production and Oil and Liquefied Chemical Terminal business as disclosed in the Company's announcement dated 3 July 2019, the Company made a re-assessment on the funding use and resolved to re-allocate HK\$25.0 million (originally intended for the financial consulting business in Hong Kong) and HK\$19.1 million (originally intended for the Group's Oil Production and Oil and Liquefied Chemical Terminal Business) to the repayment of debt and liabilities of the Group. The Directors (including the independent non-executive Directors) considered that this change in use of proceeds is prudent and can lower the gearing ratio of the Group, and is therefore fair and reasonable and in the interests of the Company and the Shareholders as a whole.

### 附註:

截至二零一九年十二月三十一日止年度下半年,香港經濟前景愈加不明朗,且如本公司日期為二零一九年七月三日的公告所披露本集團產油和品及液體化工品碼頭業務成功集資,本公司重新評估資金用途並決議將25,000,000港元(原擬定用於香港的財務諮詢業務)及19,100,000港元(原擬定用於本集團的產油和油品及液體化工品碼頭業務)重新分配用於償還本集團債務及負債。董事(包括獨立非執行董事)認為該所得款項用途的變動屬審慎,且可降低本集團資產負債比率,因此,屬公平合理及符合本公司與股東的整體利益。

# 董事會報告

# **DIRECTORS' AND CHIEF EXECUTIVES'** INTERESTS AND SHORT POSITIONS IN SHARES. UNDERLYING SHARES AND DEBENTURES

As at 31 December 2019, the interests or short positions of the Directors and chief executive of the Company in the shares, underlying shares or debentures of the Company or any of its associated corporation (within the meaning of Part XV of the Securities and Futures Ordinance (the "SFO")), which had been notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to Divisions 7 and 8 of Part XV of the SFO, or which were required to be entered in the register referred to therein pursuant to section 352 of the SFO, or which were required to be notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to the Model Code as set out in Appendix 10 to the Listing Rules, are set out below:

# 董事及主要行政人員於股份、相關 股份及債券之權益及淡倉

於二零一九年十二月三十一日,董事及本公司主 要行政人員於本公司或其任何相聯法團(定義見 證券及期貨條例(「證券及期貨條例」)第XV部)之 股份、相關股份或債券中擁有已根據證券及期貨 條例第XV部第7及8分部通知本公司及聯交所,或 須根據證券及期貨條例第352條規定於該規定所 指之登記冊記錄,或根據上市規則附錄十所載之 標準守則須通知本公司及聯交所之權益或淡倉載 列如下:

## Long positions 好倉

					Approximate
				Total	percentage of
				number of	the issued
				shares and	share
			Underlying	underlying	capital of
Name of Directors	Capacity	Shares	shares	shares held	the Company 佔本公司
				所持股份及	已發行股本
董事姓名	身份	股份	相關股份	相關股份總數	概約百分比
Mr. Cao Sheng ("Mr. Cao") 曹晟先生 (「曹先生」)	Interest of controlled corporation 受控制法團權益	1,370,000,000	784,313,725	2,154,313,725*	39.57%
Mr. Yu Zhiyong ("Mr. Yu") 于志勇先生(「于先生」)	Interest of controlled corporation 受控制法團權益	1,370,000,000	784,313,725	2,154,313,725*	39.57%

- According to the filings under Disclosure of Interest (the "DI Filings") under Part XV of the SFO retrieved by the Company from public records, these 2,154,313,725 Shares and underlying Shares comprise (a) 1,370,000,000 Shares held by Giant Crystal; and (b) 784,313,725 underlying Shares falling to be issued upon full conversion of the CB9 subscribed by Giant Crystal. Giant Crystal is 100% legally and beneficially owned by Cosmic Shine International Limited ("Cosmic Shine"), which is in turn legally and beneficially owned as to 50% by Mr. Cao and as to the other 50% by Mr. Yu, both being executive Directors. Cosmic Shine and Giant Crystal are regarded as controlled corporations of Mr. Cao and Mr. Yu and therefore, Mr. Cao and Mr. Yu are deemed to be interested in all the 2,154,313,725 Shares and underlying Shares interested in by Cosmic Shine and Giant Crystal. The deemed interest under Part XV of the SFO of Mr. Cao and Mr. Yu duplicate with each others completely.
- 根據本公司從公共記錄取得之證券及期貨條 例第XV部項下之權益披露申報(「權益披露申 報」),該等2,154,313,725股股份及相關股份包 括(a)鉅晶持有之1,370,000,000股股份;及(b) 鉅晶所認購之可換股債券第九批債券獲悉數轉 換時將予發行之784,313,725股相關股份。鉅晶 由Cosmic Shine International Limited (「Cosmic Shine 」) 合法及實益擁有100%權益,而Cosmic Shine則由執行董事曹先生及于先生分別合法及 實益擁有50%權益。Cosmic Shine及鉅晶被視為 曹先生及于先生之受控法團,因此,曹先生及于 先生被視為於Cosmic Shine及鉅晶所擁有權益 之全部2,154,313,725股股份及相關股份中擁有 權益。曹先生及于先生於證券及期貨條例第XV 部項下被視為擁有之權益彼此完全重疊。

# 董事會報告

# DIRECTORS' RIGHTS TO ACQUIRE SHARES OR DEBENTURES

At no time during the year were rights to acquire benefits by means of the acquisition of shares in or debentures of the Company granted to any Director or their respective spouse or children under 18 years of age, or were any such rights exercised by them; or was the Company or any of its subsidiaries a party to any arrangement to enable the Directors to acquire such rights in any other body corporate.

## SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDERS' INTERESTS AND SHORT POSITIONS IN THE SHARES AND UNDERLYING SHARES

As at 31 December 2019, so far as any Directors are aware based on the DI Filings, persons (other than the Directors or chief executives of the Company) who have interests or short positions in the Shares or underlying Shares which were required to be disclosed to the Company under Divisions 2 and 3 of Part XV of the SFO or which were required to be recorded in the register of the Company required to be kept under section 336 of the SFO were as follows:

# 董事購入股份或債券之權利

於年內任何時間,任何董事或其配偶或未滿18歲之子女概無獲授可藉購入本公司之股份或債券而獲益之權利,亦無行使有關權利;或與本公司或其任何附屬公司亦無訂立任何安排,致使董事可收購任何其他法人團體之上述權利。

# 主要股東於股份及相關股份之權益 及淡倉

於二零一九年十二月三十一日,據任何董事所知,根據權益披露申報,以下人士(董事或本公司主要行政人員除外)於股份或相關股份中擁有根據證券及期貨條例第XV部第2及第3分部須向本公司披露之權益或淡倉或須記錄於本公司根據證券及期貨條例第336條須予存置之登記冊之權益或淡倉如下:

Long	positions
	好倉

Name of Shareholders	Capacity	Shares	Underlying Shares	Total number of Shares and underlying Shares held 所持股份及	Approximate percentage of issued share capital of the Company 佔本公司已發行股本
股東姓名	身份 ————————————————————————————————————	股份	相關股份	相關股份總數	概約百分比
Giant Crystal 鉅晶	Beneficial owner 實益擁有人	1,370,000,000	784,313,725	2,154,313,725*	39.57%
Cosmic Shine Cosmic Shine	Interest of controlled corporation 受控制法團權益	1,370,000,000	784,313,725	2,154,313,725*	39.57%
青島天利佳商貿有限公司 ("Tianlijia")	Beneficiary of a trust (other than a discretionary interest) 信託 ( 酌情權益除外) 的受益人	1,370,000,000	784,313,725	2,154,313,725#	39.57%
青島天利佳商貿有限公司(「天利佳」)	信託(関有權益陈外)則又益人				
劉凱("Mr. Liu") 劉凱(「劉先生」)	Interest of corporation in 天利佳 於天利佳的法團權益	1,370,000,000	784,313,725	2,154,313,725#	39.57%
Hong Kong Harvest Golden Investment Limited ("HK Harvest") 香港聖禾嘉業投資有限公司 (「香港聖禾」)	Trustee of a trust 信託的受託人	1,370,000,000	784,313,725	2,154,313,725^	39.57%
蘇曉 ("Mr. Su') 蘇曉 (「蘇先生」)	Interest of corporation in HK Harvest 於香港聖禾的法團權益	1,370,000,000	784,313,725	2,154,313,725^	39.57%

# 董事會報告

Based on the DI Filings, these 2,154,313,725 Shares and underlying Shares comprise (a) 1,370,000,000 Shares held by Giant Crystal; and (b) 784,313,725 underlying Shares falling to be issued upon conversion of the relevant CB9 subscribed by Giant Crystal. Giant Crystal is 100% legally and beneficially owned by Cosmic Shine. Giant Crystal is regarded as controlled corporation of Cosmis Shine and therefore, Cosmic Shine is deemed to be interested in all the 2,154,313,725 Shares and underlying Shares interested in by Giant Crystal. The deemed interest under Part XV of the SFO of Cosmic Shine and Giant Crystal duplicate with each others completely.

> Based on the DI filings, Giant Crystal and Cosmic Shine provided an interest over 2,154,313,725 of total Shares and underlying Shares as security to a person other than a qualified lender on 27 September 2019.

- Based on the DI filings, total number of 2,154,313,725 Shares and underlying Shares held by Giant Crystal have been charged in favour of Tianlijia, a beneficiary of a trust (other than a discretionary interest). Tianlijia was wholly owned by Mr. Liu. Tianlijia and Mr. Liu was each deemed to be interested in the security interest over 2,154,313,725 Shares and underlying Shares under Part XV of SFO.
- Based on the DI filings, total number of 2,154,313,725 Shares and underlying Shares held by Giant Crystal have been charged in favour of HK Harvest, a trustee. HK Harvest was appointed as the collateral agent who has a first fixed charge over 2,154,313,725 Shares and underlying Shares held by Giant Crystal. HK Harvest was wholly owned by Mr. Su. HK Harvest and Mr. Su was each deemed to be interested in the security interest over 2,154,313,725 Shares and underlying Shares under Part XV

All the interests stated above represent long positions in the Shares. As at 31 December 2019, no short positions were recorded in the register maintained by the Company under section 336 of the SFO.

Save as disclosed above, so far as the Directors are aware up to 31 December 2019, no other person had an interest or short position in the Shares or underlying Shares which would fall to be disclosed to the Company under the provisions of the Divisions 2 and 3 of Part XV of the SFO, or which was recorded in the register required to be kept by the Company pursuant to Section 336 of the SFO.

根據權益披露申報,該等2,154,313,725股股份 及相關股份包括(a)鉅晶持有之1.370.000.000股 股份;及(b)鉅晶所認購之相關可換股債券第九 批債券獲轉換後將予發行之784,313,725股相 關股份。鉅晶由Cosmic Shine合法及實益擁有 100%權益, 鉅晶被視為Cosmic Shine之受控法 團,因此,Cosmic Shine被視為於鉅晶所擁有權 益之全部2,154,313,725股股份及相關股份中擁 有權益。Cosmic Shine及鉅晶於證券及期貨條例 第XV部項下被視為擁有之權益彼此完全重疊。

> 根據權益披露申報,鉅晶及Cosmic Shine於二零 一九年九月二十七日向一名合資格貸款方之外 的人士提供總計2,154,313,725股股份及相關股 份的權益,作為抵押品。

- 根據權益披露申報,鉅晶持有的總數2,154,313,725 股股份及相關股份已作出以天利佳(酌情權益除 外的信託受益人)為受益人的押記。天利佳由劉先 生全資擁有。根據證券及期貨條例第XV部,天利佳 及劉先生均被視為於2,154,313,725股股份及相關 股份的抵押權益中擁有權益。
- 根據權益披露申報,鉅晶持有的總數2,154,313,725 股股份及相關股份已作出以受託人香港聖禾為受 益人的押記。香港聖禾獲委任為抵押品代理,對鉅 晶持有的2,154,313,725股股份及相關股份擁有第 一固定押記。香港聖禾由蘇先生全資擁有。根據證 券及期貨條例第XV部,香港聖禾及蘇先生均被視 為於2,154,313,725股股份及相關股份的抵押權益 中擁有權益。

上述所有權益指股份之好倉。於二零一九年十二 月三十一日,於本公司根據證券及期貨條例第336 條存置之登記冊中並無淡倉記錄。

除以上所披露者外,就董事所知,直至二零一九 年十二月三十一日,概無其他人士於股份或相關 股份中擁有須根據證券及期貨條例第XV部第2及 3分部之條文向本公司披露或須記錄於本公司根 據證券及期貨條例第336條存置之登記冊中之權 益或淡倉。

# 董事會報告

## **SHARE OPTION SCHEME**

Pursuant to an ordinary resolution passed at the extraordinary general meeting held on 24 June 2013, the Company adopted its current share option scheme (the "Share Option Scheme"). The purpose of the Share Option Scheme is to provide incentives and rewards to director, employee, consultant, customer, supplier, agent, partner or adviser of or contractor of the Group or an affiliate corporation, or trustee of trust related to or controlled corporation of any of the foregoing (the "Eligible Participants") and providing the Eligible Participants with an opportunity to have a personal stake in the Company with the view to achieving the following objectives, namely: (i) motivate the Eligible Persons to optimise their performance and efficiency for the benefit of the Group; and (ii) attract and retain or otherwise maintain ongoing business relationship with the Eligible Persons whose contributions are or will be beneficial to the long term growth of the Group. A summary of the principal terms of the Share Option Scheme can be founded on pages 7 to 16 of the Company's circular dated 28 May 2013.

The Share Option Scheme had a life span of ten years running from 24 June 2013 to 23 June 2023. Under the terms of the Share Option Scheme, the Board may, at its discretion, grant options to the Eligible Participants to subscribe for Shares. Initially, the maximum number of Shares which may be issued upon the exercise of all options to be granted under the Share Option Scheme (the "Scheme Mandate Limit") was 174,684,921 Shares, being 10% of the Shares in issue as at the date of approval of the Share Option Scheme on 24 June 2013 but adjusted for the ten-to-one share consolidation which became effective on 8 October 2014. The maximum entitlement of each Eligible Participant in any 12-month period must not exceed 1% of the shares in issue, provided that the maximum entitlement for any grantee being a substantial shareholder or an independent nonexecutive director or their associates shall be capped at 0.1% of the shares in issue (or HK\$5 million in value based on the closing price of the shares underlying the options, whichever is higher). Any grant exceeding these individual limits shall be subject to shareholders' approval, with the relevant grantees and their associates abstaining from voting. The overall limit on the number of Shares which may be issued upon exercise of all outstanding options granted and yet to be exercised under the Share Option Scheme and any other share option schemes of the Company must not exceed 30% of the Shares in issue from time to time.

## 購股權計劃

購股權計劃的期限為二零一三年六月二十四日至 二零二三年六月二十三日,為期十年。根據購股 權計劃之條款,董事會可酌情向合資格參與者授 出購股權以認購股份。根據購股權計劃授出的所 有購股權獲悉數行使時,可予發行之最高股份數 目(「計劃授權限額」)初步為174,684,921股,佔 購股權計劃批准當日二零一三年六月二十四日之 已發行股份之10%,但根據二零一四年十月八日 生效的十合一合股安排進行調整。每位合資格參 與者在任何十二個月內可享之權益最高不得超過 已發行股份之1%,惟就任何作為主要股東或獨立 非執行董事或其聯繫人之承授人而言,彼等可享 之權益最高為已發行股份之0.1%(或按購股權所 涉及股份之收市價計算的價值5,000,000港元,以 較高者為準)。超出上述個別限額的任何授出均應 徵得股東批准,有關承授人及其聯繫人須放棄投 票。根據購股權計劃及本公司任何其他購股權計 劃授出但尚未行使之所有購股權獲悉數行使時可 予發行之股份數目總數上限,不得超過本公司不 時已發行股份之30%。

# 董事會報告

Unless otherwise determined by the Directors at their sole discretion, there is no general requirement of a minimum period for which an option must be held or any performance target which must be satisfied or achieved before such an option can be exercised. An option shall be exercisable at any time during an exercise period to be notified by the Board to each grantee, provided that no option shall be exercisable later than ten years after its date of grant. The subscription price of the options must be at least the highest of: (a) the closing price of a Share as stated in the daily quotations sheet of the Stock Exchange on the date of grant which must be a business day; (b) the average of the closing prices of the Shares as shown on the daily quotations sheets of the Stock Exchange for the five business days immediately preceding the date of grant; and (c) the nominal value of a Share. HK\$1.00 is payable by each Eligible Participant to the Company on acceptance of an offer of an option, which shall be paid within 14 days from the date of offer.

除非董事另行酌情決定,否則並無相關行使購股 權之前必須持有購股權的最短期限或必須滿足或 達成之任何業績目標之一般規定。購股權可在由 董事會通知各承授人之行使期內任何時間行使, 但不得在購股權授予日起十年後行使該購股權。 購股權之認購價必須至少為以下最高者: (a)股份 於授出日期(當日必須為營業日)在聯交所每日報 價表所載之股份收市價; (b)緊接授出日期前五個 營業日在聯交所每日報價表上顯示之股份平均收 市價;及(c)股份的面值。每名合資格參與者於接 納購股權要約時須向本公司支付1.00港元,並須 於要約日期起計14日內支付。

No share option was granted, exercised, cancelled or lapsed during the year under review and there was no outstanding share option as at 31 December 2019 and 2018. No share option grant was effectively made and accepted under the Share Option Scheme since its adoption on 24 June 2013, nor has the Scheme Mandate Limit has ever been refreshed. As at the date of this report, options to subscribe for 174,684,921 Shares (representing 3.21% of the existing issued share capital of the Company) are available for grant under the Share Option Scheme.

於回顧年度內,概無購股權獲授出、行使、許銷或 失效,於二零一九年及二零一八年十二月三十一 日,概無尚未行使之購股權。自購股權計劃於二 零一三年六月二十四日採納以來,從未有效授出 及接納任何購股權,亦無更新計劃授權限額。於 本報告日期,可認購174,684,921股股份(佔本公 司現有已發行股本之3.21%)之購股權可根據購 股權計劃授出。

## **EQUITY-LINKED AGREEMENTS**

## For the year, save for the Share Option Scheme as previously mentioned, the Company has not entered into any equity-linked agreements, and there did not subsist any equity-linked agreement entered into by the Company as at 31 December 2019.

## 股權關連協議

年內,除前述購股權計劃外,本公司並無訂立任 何股權關連協議,且於二零一九年十二月三十一 日並不存在任何由本公司訂立之股權關連協議。

## CONNECTED AND CONTINUING CONNECTED **TRANSACTIONS**

## During the year, there were no other transactions required to be disclosed as connected or continuing connected transactions in accordance with the requirements of the Listing Rules.

## 關連及持續關連交易

年內,概無其他交易須根據上市規則之規定作為 關連或持續關連交易予以披露。

# **DIRECTORS' INTERESTS IN A COMPETING**

# **BUSINESS**

## During the year and up to the date of this report, no Directors are considered to have an interest in a business which competes or is likely to compete, either directly or indirectly, with the business of the Group, as defined by the Listing Rules, other than those businesses of which the Directors have been appointed as Directors to represent the interests of the Company and/or of the Group.

# 董事於競爭業務之權益

年內及直至本報告日期,概無董事被視為於與本 集團業務直接或間接構成競爭或可能構成競爭之 業務內擁有權益(有關競爭之定義見上市規則), 惟董事獲委任出任董事以代表本公司及/或本集 團之權益之業務則除外。

# 董事會報告

# ENVIRONMENTAL, SOCIAL AND CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

The Group is committed to contributing to the sustainability of the environment and maintaining a high standard of corporate social governance essential for creating a framework for motivating staff, and contributes to the community in which we conduct our businesses and creating a sustainable return to the Group.

Particulars of the Company's corporate governance practices and principles are set out in the Corporate Governance Report on pages 19 to 30 of this annual report.

## SUFFICIENCY OF PUBLIC FLOAT

Based on information that is publicly available to the Company and within the knowledge of the Directors, the Directors confirm that the Company maintained the amount of public float as required under the Listing Rules during the year ended 31 December 2019.

## **EVENTS AFTER THE REPORTING DATE**

Details of the events after the reporting date are set out in note 49 to the consolidated financial statements.

## **RELATIONSHIP WITH STAKEHOLDERS**

The Group is committed to operate in a sustainable manner while balancing the interests of its various stakeholders including customers, suppliers and employees. Through regular stakeholder engagement via different channels, the stakeholders are encouraged to give their opinions regarding the environmental, social and governance policies of the Group.

This includes providing quality services to customers, developing effective and mutual beneficial working relationships with its suppliers, and offering competitive remuneration package with safety working environments to employees.

The details of environmental, social and governance policies and performance of the Group will be disclosed in a standalone Environmental, Social and Governance Report, which will be issued in due course.

## 環境、社會及企業管治

本集團致力為環境的可持續性出一份力,並維持 高水準的企業社會管治,其對營造激勵員工的環 境極為重要,而我們於經營業務同時回饋社會, 為本集團創造持續回報。

本公司之企業管治常規及原則的詳情載於本年報第19頁至第30頁之企業管治報告中。

# 足夠公眾持股量

根據本公司可取得之公開資料及就董事所知,董 事確認截至二零一九年十二月三十一日止年度, 本公司維持上市規則所規定之足夠公眾持股量。

# 報告日期後事項

報告日期後事項詳情載於綜合財務報表附註49。

## 與權益持有人的關係

本集團致力長遠經營,平衡各權益持有人(包括客戶、供應商及僱員)的利益。權益持有人獲鼓勵透過不同渠道定期參與表達對本集團環境、社會及管治的政策意見。

這包括向客戶提供高質服務、與其供應商建立有效互惠的工作關係,並向僱員提供可觀的薪酬組合及安全工作環境。

本集團環境、社會及管治政策及表現之詳情將於 單獨刊發之環境、社會及管治報告中披露,該報 告將適時刊發。



# 董事會報告

## **CHANGE IN INFORMATION OF DIRECTORS**

## 董事資料變動

Changes in information of the Directors pursuant to Rule 13.51B(1) of the Listing Rules are disclosed below:

根據上市規則第13.51B(1)條披露的董事資料變動 如下:

Name of Directors 董事姓名		Details of changes 變動詳情
Mr. Lan Yongqiang	-	Retired as a director of Shenzhen Kangmei Biotechnology Co., Ltd. (quoted on the National Equities Exchange and Quotation System (the New Third Board), stock code: 835541) in May 2020.
藍永強先生	_	於二零二零年五月退任深圳康美生物科技股份有限公司於全國中小企業股份轉讓系統(新三板)掛牌,股份代號:835541)董事。
Mr. Wang Feng 王峰先生	- -	Appointed as the Vice Chairman of the Board in November 2019. 於二零一九年十一月獲委任為董事會副主席。
	-	Increased monthly remuneration to HK\$30,000 with effect from 11 November 2019. 月薪增至30,000港元·自二零一九年十一月十一日起生效。
Dr. Lei Liangzhen	_	Increased monthly remuneration to HK\$20,000 with effect from 1 December 2019.
雷良貞博士	_	月薪增至20,000港元,自二零一九年十二月一日起生效。
Mr. Chan Wai Cheung Admiral 陳偉璋先生	_	Appointed as an independent non-executive director of China Water Affairs Group Limited (listed on Main Board, stock code: 855) in January 2020. 於二零二零年一月獲委任為中國水務集團有限公司(於主板上市,股份代號:855)之獨立非執行董事。
	-	Appointed as an independent non-executive director of China Oil Gangran Energy Group Holdings Limited (listed on GEM, stock code: 8132) in March 2020. 於二零二零年三月獲委任為中油港燃能源集團控股有限公司(於GEM上市,股份代號: 8132)之獨立非執行董事。
Mr. Cao Sheng 曹晟先生	- -	Adjusted monthly remuneration to HK\$5,000 with effect from 1 April 2020. 月薪調整為5,000港元,自二零二零年四月一日起生效。
Mr. Yu Zhiyong 于志勇先生	<u>-</u>	Adjusted monthly remuneration to HK\$5,000 with effect from 1 April 2020. 月薪調整為5,000港元,自二零二零年四月一日起生效。

## **AUDIT COMMITTEE**

The audit committee of the Company has reviewed with management the accounting principles and practices adopted by the Group, and discussed internal controls and financial reporting matters including a review of the audited financial statements of the Company for the year ended 31 December 2019. The audit committee of the Company comprises three independent non-executive Directors.

# 審核委員會

本公司之審核委員會已與管理層審閱本集團所採 納之會計原則及慣例,並就內部監控及財務報告 事宜進行討論,包括審閱本公司截至二零一九年 十二月三十一日止年度之經審核財務報表。本公 司的審核委員會成員包括三名獨立非執行董事。

# 董事會報告

## **AUDITOR**

BDO Limited ("BDO") resigned as the auditor of the Company with effect from 17 December 2019 and ZHONGHUI ANDA CPA Limited ("Zhonghui") was then appointed as the auditor of the Company following the resignation of BDO as the auditor of the Company. Zhonghui will hold office until the conclusion of the next annual general meeting of the Company. Zhonghui will retire and, being eligible, offer themselves for re-appointment. A resolution will be proposed at the forthcoming AGM of the Company to re-appoint Zhonghui as auditor of the Company.

On behalf of the Board

**Mr. Lan Yongqiang** *Chairman* 

Hong Kong, 31 August 2020

## 核數師

香港立信德豪會計師事務所有限公司(「立信德豪」)自二零一九年十二月十七日起辭任本公司的核數師,而中匯安達會計師事務所有限公司(「中匯」)當時於立信德豪辭任本公司的核數師後獲委任為本公司的核數師。中匯將任職直至本公司的下一屆股東週年大會結束為止。中匯將退任,並符合資格且願意應聘連任。本公司將於即將舉行之股東週年大會上提呈一項決議案,以重新委任中匯為本公司之核數師。

代表董事會

*主席* 藍永強先生

香港,二零二零年八月三十一日



# 獨立核數師報告



## TO THE SHAREHOLDERS OF **ENERGY INTERNATIONAL INVESTMENTS HOLDINGS LIMITED**

(Incorporated in the Caymen Islands with limited liability)

### **OPINION**

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of Energy International Investments Holdings Limited (the "Company") and its subsidiaries (collectively referred to as the "Group") set out on pages 51 to 168, which comprise the consolidated statement of financial position as at 31 December 2019, and the consolidated income statement, consolidated statement of comprehensive income, consolidated statement of changes in equity and consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements give a true and fair view of the consolidated financial position of the Group as at 31 December 2019, and of its consolidated financial performance and its consolidated cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards ("HKFRSs") issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants (the "HKICPA") and have been properly prepared in compliance with the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

## 致能源國際投資控股有限公司股東

(於開曼群島註冊成立的有限公司)

# 意見

我們已審核列載於第51頁至168頁的能源國際投 資控股有限公司(「貴公司」)及其附屬公司(統稱 「貴集團」)的綜合財務報表,此綜合財務報表包括 於二零一九年十二月三十一日的綜合財務狀況表 與截至該日止年度的綜合損益表、綜合全面收入 表、綜合權益變動表及綜合現金流量表,以及綜 合財務報表附註,包括主要會計政策概要。

我們認為,該等綜合財務報表已根據香港會計師 公會(「香港會計師公會」)頒佈的香港財務報告準 則(「香港財務報告準則」)真實而公平的反映 貴 集團於二零一九年十二月三十一日的綜合財務狀 况,及其截至該日止年度的綜合財務表現及綜合 現金流量,並已遵照香港公司條例披露規定妥為 編製。

# 獨立核數師報告

## **BASIS FOR OPINION**

We conducted our audit in accordance with Hong Kong Standards on Auditing ("HKSAs") issued by the HKICPA. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with the HKICPA's Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (the "Code"), and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

# MATERIAL UNCERTAINTY RELATED TO GOING **CONCERN**

We draw attention to note 2(a) to the consolidated financial statements, which indicates that as at 31 December 2019, the Group had net current liabilities of approximately HK\$289,383,000. This condition indicates that a material uncertainty exists that may cast significant doubts about the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. Our opinion is not modified in respect of this matter.

## **KEY AUDIT MATTERS**

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the consolidated financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters. In addition to the matters described in the Material uncertainty related to going concern section, we have determined the matters described below to be the key audit matters to be communicated in our report.

## 意見的基礎

我們已根據香港會計師公會頒佈的香港審計準則 (「香港審計準則」) 進行審核。我們在該等準則下 的責任是詳述於本報告「核數師就審核綜合財務 報表須承擔的責任」一節。根據香港會計師公會 頒佈的「專業會計師道德守則」(「守則」),我們 獨立於 貴集團,並已履行守則中的其他專業道 德責任。我們相信,我們獲得的審核憑證能充分 及適當地為我們的審核意見提供基礎。

# 有關持續經營的重大不確定性

我們提請注意綜合財務報表附註2(a),提及 貴集 團於二零一九年十二月三十一日擁有流動負債淨 額約289,383,000港元。該情況顯示存在重大不確 定因素,可能對 貴集團持續經營能力構成重大 疑問。我們的意見並無就此事項進行修改。

## 關鍵審核事項

根據我們的專業判斷,關鍵審核事項為我們審核 本期間綜合財務報表中最重要的事項。此等事項 是在我們整體審核綜合財務報表和作出意見的 情況下進行處理,而不會就此等事項單獨發表意 見。除有關持續經營的重大不確定性所披露的事 項外,我們已於本報告釐定下文所述事項為關鍵 審核事項。



# 獨立核數師報告

## **Investment properties**

Refer to note 20 to the consolidated financial statements

The Group measured its investment properties at fair value with the changes in fair value recognised in the consolidated profit or loss. This fair value measurement is significant to our audit because the balance of investment properties of approximately HK\$1,441,575,000 as at 31 December 2019 and the fair value gain of approximately HK\$5,196,000 for the year then ended are material to the consolidated financial statements. In addition, the Group's fair value measurement involves application of judgement and is based on assumptions and estimates.

Our audit procedures included, among others:

- Assessing the competence, independence and integrity of the external valuer engaged by client;
- Obtaining the external valuation reports and meeting with the external valuer to discuss and challenge the valuation process, methodologies used and market evidence to support significant judgments and assumptions applied in the valuation model;
- Checking key assumptions and input data in the valuation model to supporting evidence;
- Checking arithmetical accuracy of the valuation model; and
- Assessing the disclosure of the fair value measurement in the consolidated financial statements.

We consider that the Group's fair value measurement of the investment properties is supported by the available evidence.

## 投資物業

請參閱綜合財務報表附註20

貴集團按公平值計量投資物業,其公平值變動於 綜合損益確認。此公平值計量對我們的審核屬重 要,因為於二零一九年十二月三十一日投資物業 結餘約1,441,575,000港元及截至該日止年度的公 平值收益約5,196,000港元對綜合財務報表屬重 大。此外, 貴集團的公平值計量涉及應用判斷 及基於假設及估計作出。

我們的審核程序包括(其中包括):

- 評估客戶委聘外部估值師的能力、獨立性 及誠信;
- 取得外部估值報告及與外部估值師進行會 面,討論及提出質疑估值程序、所採用方 法及市場憑證,以支持於估值模式中採用 的重大判斷及假設;
- 核查估值模式的關鍵假設及輸入數據以支 持憑證;
- 核查估值模式的算術準確性;及
- 評估綜合財務報表的公平值計量披露。

我們認為, 貴集團就投資物業的公平值計量可 獲得證據支持。

# 獨立核數師報告

### OTHER INFORMATION

The directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises all the information in the Company's annual report, but does not include the consolidated financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the consolidated financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the consolidated financial statements. our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the consolidated financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

# RESPONSIBILITIES OF DIRECTORS FOR THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The directors are responsible for the preparation of the consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with HKFRSs issued by the HKICPA and the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

## 其他資料

董事需對其他資料負責。其他資料包括於 貴公 司年度報告內的所有資料,但不包括綜合財務報 表及我們的核數師報告。

我們對綜合財務報表的意見並不涵蓋其他資料, 我們不會對該等其他資料發表任何形式的鑒證結 論。

就我們審核綜合財務報表而言,我們的責任為閱 讀其他資料,在此過程中,考慮其他資料是否與綜 合財務報表或我們在審核過程中了解的情況存在 重大抵觸或似乎存在重大錯誤陳述的情況。基於 我們已進行的工作,倘我們認為其他資料存在重 大錯誤陳述,我們需要報告該事實。就此而言,我 們毋須作出任何報告。

# 董事就綜合財務報表須承擔的責任

董事須負責根據香港會計師公會頒佈的香港財務 報告準則及香港公司條例的披露規定編製真實而 公平的綜合財務報表,並對其認為為使綜合財務 報表的編製不存在由於欺詐或錯誤而導致的重大 錯誤陳述所需的內部監控負責。

在編製綜合財務報表時,董事須負責評估 貴集 團持續經營的能力,並在適用情況下披露與持續 經營有關的事項(如適用),以及使用持續經營為 會計基礎,除非董事有意將 貴集團清盤或停止 經營,或別無其他實際的替代方案。



# 獨立核數師報告

# **AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE AUDIT OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. We report our opinion solely to you, as a body, and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility towards or accept liability to any other person for the contents of this report. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with HKSAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the consolidated financial statements is located at the HKICPA's website at:

http://www.hkicpa.org.hk/en/standards-and-regulations/standards/ auditing-assurance/auditre/

This description forms part of our auditor's report.

### **ZHONGHUI ANDA CPA Limited**

Certified Public Accountants

### **Pang Hon Chung**

Audit Engagement Director Practising Certificate Number P05988

Hong Kong, 31 August 2020

# 核數師就審核綜合財務報表須承擔 的青任

我們的目標是合理保證整體上綜合財務報表是否 不存在由於欺詐或錯誤而導致的重大錯誤陳述, 並發出載列我們意見的核數師報告。我們僅向 閣 下作為整體報告,除此之外,本報告別無其他目 的。我們不會就本報告的內容向任何其他人士負 上或承擔任何責任。合理保證屬高層次的保證, 但不能擔保根據香港審計準則進行的審核在某一 重大錯誤陳述存在時總能發現。錯誤陳述可以由 欺詐或錯誤引致,倘個別或整體在合理預期情況 下可影響使用者根據綜合財務報表作出的經濟決 定時,被視為重大錯誤陳述。

我們就審核綜合財務報表須承擔的責任進一步描 述載於香港會計師公會網站:

http://www.hkicpa.org.hk/en/standards-andregulations/standards/auditing-assurance/auditre/

此描述構成我們會計師報告的一部分。

## 中匯安達會計師事務所有限公司

執業會計師

### 彭漢忠

審計項目董事 執業證書編號P05988

香港,二零二零年八月三十一日

# **CONSOLIDATED INCOME STATEMENT**

# 綜合損益表

		Notes 附註	2019 HK\$'000 二零一九年 千港元	2018 HK\$'000 二零一八年 千港元 (Re-presented) (重列)
Continuing operations Revenue Cost of sales	<b>持續經營業務</b> 收 <b>益</b> 銷售成本	8	129,838 (2,327)	115,081 (3,132)
Gross profit	毛利		127,511	111,949
Interest revenue Other income and other gains and losses Selling and distribution expenses Administrative expenses Other operating expenses Fair value gain/(loss) on investment properties Loss on early redemption of promissory	利息收入 其他收入及其他收益及虧損 銷售及分銷開支 行政開支 其他經營開支 技資物業公平值 收益戶(虧損) 提前提	9(a) 9(b)	10,870 19,126 (9,654) (42,197) - 5,196	1,888 7,791 (4,906) (31,141) (922) (5,986)
notes Finance costs	虧損 財務成本	11	(6,459) (45,028)	(63,891)
Profit before income tax Income tax expenses	<b>除所得税前溢利</b> 所得税開支	12	59,365 (24,006)	14,782 (38,799)
Profit/(loss) for the year from continuing operations	持續經營業務之本年度 溢利/(虧損)	13	35,359	(24,017)
Discontinued operation Profit/(loss) for the year from discontinued operation	已終止經營業務 已終止經營業務之本年度 溢利/(虧損)	14	11,496	(49,830)
Profit/(loss) for the year	本年度溢利/(虧損)	13	46,855	(73,847)
Attributable to: Owners of the Company - Profit/(loss) from continuing operations - Profit/(loss) from discontinued operation	應化: 本公司擁有人 一持續經營業務之 溢利/(虧損) 一已終止經營業務之 溢利/(虧損)		19,814 11,496	(26,648) (49,830)
Profit/(loss) attributable to owners of the Company	本公司擁有人應佔 溢利/(虧損)		31,310	(76,478)
Non-controlling interests  – Profit from continuing operations  – Profit from discontinued operation	非控股權益 一持續經營業務之溢利 一已終止經營業務之溢利		15,545	2,631 
Profit attributable to non-controlling interests	非控股權益應佔溢利		15,545	2,631
			46,855	(73,847)

# **CONSOLIDATED INCOME STATEMENT**

# 綜合損益表

		Notes 附註	2019 HK\$'000 二零一九年 千港元	2018 HK\$'000 二零一八年 千港元 (Re-presented) (重列)
			HK cent 港仙	HK cent 港仙
Earnings/(loss) per share Basic – from continuing and discontinued	每股盈利/(虧損) 基本 一持續經營及已終止	16		
operations	經營業務		0.44	(1.41)
– from continuing operations	一持續經營業務		0.28	(0.49)
– from discontinued operation	一已終止經營業務		0.16	(0.92)
Diluted – from continuing and discontinued	攤薄 一持續經營及已終止			
operations	經營業務		N/A 不適用	(1.41)
– from continuing operations	一持續經營業務		N/A 不適用	(0.49)
– from discontinued operation	-已終止經營業務		N/A 不適用	(0.92)

# CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

# 綜合全面收入表

		2019 HK\$'000 二零一九年 千港元	2018 HK\$'000 二零一八年 千港元
Profit/(loss) for the year	本年度溢利/(虧損)	46,855	(73,847)
Other comprehensive expenses, net of tax  Item that may be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss:  Exchange differences on translating of	其他全面開支,扣除税項 其後可能重新分類至損益 之項目: 換算海外業務財務報表之		
financial statements of foreign operations	匯兑差額	(16,422)	(26,621)
Release of exchange reserve upon disposal of subsidiaries	出售附屬公司時解除 匯兑儲備	(10,327)	
Other comprehensive expenses for the year, net of tax	本年度其他全面開支 <sup>,</sup> 扣除税項	(26,749)	(26,621)
Total comprehensive income/(expenses) for the year	本年度全面收入/(開支) 總額	20,106	(100,468)
Attributable to:	下列者應佔:		
- Owners of the Company	<ul><li>一本公司擁有人</li></ul>	5,521	(99,016)
– Non-controlling interests	一非控股權益	14,585	(1,452)
		20,106	(100,468)



# CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

# 綜合財務狀況表

At 31 December 2019 於二零一九年十二月三十一日

			2019	2018
		Notes	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		7/4	二零一九年	二零一八年
		附註	千港元	千港元
Non-current assets	非流動資產			
Property, plant and equipment	物業、廠房及設備	18	4,470	6,519
Right-of-use assets	使用權資產	19	11,052	_
Investment properties	投資物業	20	1,441,575	1,425,000
Goodwill	商譽	21	-	1,440
Investment in an associate	於聯營公司之投資	22	2,805	-
Intangible assets	無形資產	23	-	154,141
Equity instruments at fair value through	按公平值計入其他全面			
other comprehensive income	收入之權益工具	24	226,060	_
Deposits and other receivables	按金及其他應收款項	26	93,196	57,204
Deferred tax assets	遞延税項資產	38	-	43,189
			1,779,158	1,687,493
_	12 No2-			
Current assets	流動資產			
Trade receivables	應收貿易賬項	25	_	15,211
Amount due from an associate	應收聯營公司款項		5,588	_
Prepayments, deposits and	預付款項、按金及其他	2.5	27.252	450 704
other receivables	應收款項	26	95,968	150,791
Loan receivables	應收貸款	27	39,096	72,098
Financial assets at fair value through	按公平值計入損益之	20	20.244	14 407
profit or loss  Cash and bank balances	財務資產 現金及銀行結存	28 29	28,314	14,407
Cash and Dank Dalances	况 並 <b>以 </b>	29	125,352	276,531
			294,318	529,038
Current liabilities	流動負債			
Other payables and accruals	其他應付款項及應計款項	30	204,882	389,097
Amounts due to non-controlling	應付非控股股東款項			3637637
shareholders	AD 75 111 #1	31	3,817	_
Bank borrowings	銀行借款	32	177,012	157,320
Other borrowings	其他借款	33	147,901	126,877
Finance lease liabilities	融資租賃負債	34	_	39,584
Lease liabilities	租賃負債	35	6,134	_
Convertible bonds	可換股債券	36	26,221	35,258
Promissory notes	承兑票據	37	17,734	-
Tax payables	應付税項		_	9,828
			583,701	757,964
Net current liabilities	流動負債淨額		(289,383)	(228,926)
Total assets less current liabilities	資產總值減流動負債		1,489,775	1,458,567

# **CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION**

# 綜合財務狀況表

At 31 December 2019 於二零一九年十二月三十一日

			2019	2018
		Notes	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
			二零一九年	二零一八年
		附註	千港元	千港元
Non-current liabilities	非流動負債			
Amounts due to non-controlling	應付非控股股東款項			
shareholders		31	144,641	259,418
Bank borrowings	銀行借款	32	63,251	77,520
Other borrowings	其他借款	33	10,479	44,649
Finance lease liabilities	融資租賃負債	34	-	2,459
Lease liabilities	租賃負債	35	7,523	_
Convertible bonds	可換股債券	36	-	25,250
Promissory notes	承兑票據	37	134,811	_
Deferred tax liabilities	遞延税項負債	38	102,693	120,000
			463,398	529,296
NET ASSETS	資產淨值		1,026,377	929,271
	<b>文</b> 庄		1,020,377	323,271
Capital and reserves	資本及儲備			
Share capital	股本	39	544,484	544,484
Reserves	儲備		243,150	218,841
Foreign against the account	* 4 3 3 体			
Equity attributable to owners of the Company	本公司擁有人應佔權益		787,634	763,325
o company			707,054	, 03,323
Non-controlling interests	非控股權益		238,743	165,946
TOTAL EQUITY	總權益		1,026,377	929,271
TOTAL EQUIT	版作 <u></u>		1,020,377	929,271

The consolidated financial statements on pages 51 to 168 were approved and authorised for issue by the board of directors of the Company on 31 August 2020 and are signed on its behalf by:

第51至第168頁所載綜合財務報表已於二零二零 年八月三十一日由本公司董事會批准及授權刊 發,並由下列董事代表簽署:

Lan Yongqiang 藍永強 Director 董事

**Wong Feng** 王峰 Director 董事



# **CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY**

# 綜合權益變動表

For the year ended 31 December 2019 截至二零一九年十二月三十一日止年度

# Equity attributable to the owners of the Company 本公司擁有人應佔權益

					本公	司擁有人應佔權	益					
	•					Convertible						
		Share capital HK\$'000	Share premium HK\$'000 (Note a)	Capital reserve HK\$'000 (Note a)	Exchange reserve HK\$'000 (Note a)	equity reserve HK\$'000 (Note a)	Revaluation reserve HK\$'000 (Note a)	Other reserve HK\$'000 (Note a)	Accumulated losses HK\$'000 (Note a)	Total HK\$'000	Non- controlling interests HK\$'000	Total equity HK\$'000
		<b>股本</b> 千港元	<b>股份溢價</b> 千港元 (附註a)	<b>資本儲備</b> 千港元 (附註a)	<b>匯兑储備</b> 千港元 (附註a)	可換股債券 權益儲備 千港元 (附註a)	<b>重估儲備</b> 千港元 (附註a)	<b>其他儲備</b> 千港元 (附註a)	<b>累計虧損</b> 千港元 (附註a)	總計 千港元	<b>非控股</b> 股東權益 千港元	<b>總權益</b> 千港元
At 1 January 2018	於二零一八年一月一日	304,970	2,363,920	177,027	12,068	462,708	33,865	-	(3,151,028)	203,530	167,210	370,740
Issuance of shares upon placing Share issue expenses Release upon maturity of	配售時發行股份 股份發行開支 可換股債券到期時解除	60,994 -	26,227 (2,125)	- -	- -	-	-	-	- -	87,221 (2,125)	-	87,221 (2,125)
convertible bonds Recognition of equity component of	確認可換股債券權益部分	-	=	=	=	(9,145)	-	-	9,145	=	=	=
convertible bonds Issuance of shares upon conversion of	兑换可换股債券時發行股份	-	-	-	-	416,628	=	-	=	416,628	-	416,628
convertible bonds Acquisition of non-controlling interests Capital contribution from a non-controlling shareholder	收購非控股權益 非控股股東注資	178,520 -	432,130	-	-	(453,563)	-	-	-	157,087	- 49 139	157,087 49 139
non-controlling shareholder											133	133
Transaction with owners	與擁有人之交易	239,514	456,232	-	-	(46,080)	=	-	9,145	658,811	188	658,999
Loss for the year	本年度虧損	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(76,478)	(76,478)	2,631	(73,847)
Other comprehensive expenses, net of tax	其他全面開支,扣除税項											
Item that may be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss												
<ul> <li>Exchange differences on translation of financial statement of foreign operations</li> </ul>	-換算海外業務財務報表之 匯兑虧損 -	-	-	-	(22,538)	-	-	-	-	(22,538)	(4,083)	(26,621)
Total comprehensive expenses for the year	本年度全面開支總額	-	-	_	(22,538)		-		(76,478)	(99,016)	(1,452)	(100,468)
At 31 December 2018	於二零一八年十二月三十一日	544,484	2,820,152	177,027	(10,470)	416,628	33,865	-	(3,218,361)	763,325	165,946	929,271
At 1 January 2019	於二零一九年一月一日	544,484	2,820,152	177,027	(10,470)	416,628	33,865	-	(3,218,361)	763,325	165,946	929,271
Acquisition of non-controlling interests Capital injection by non-controlling	收購非控股權益 非控股股東注資(附註b)	-	-	-	-	-	-	(54)	-	(54)	54	-
interests (note b)	升在IXIX本/工具(P11 III U)	-	-	-	-	-	-	18,842	-	18,842	58,158	77,000
Transaction with owners	與擁有人之交易	-	-	-	-	-	-	18,788	-	18,788	58,212	77,000
Profit for the year	本年度溢利	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	31,310	31,310	15,545	46,855
Other comprehensive expenses,	其他全面開支 <sup>,</sup> 扣除税項											
net of tax Items that may be reclassified	其後可能重新分類至損益之項目											
subsequently to profit or loss  - Exchange differences on translation of	- 換算海外業務財務報表之				(4E 462)					(4E 4C2)	(060)	(46, 422)
financial statement of foreign operations  – Release of exchange reserve upon disposal of subsidiaries (note 14(b))	匯兑虧損 一出售附屬公司時解除 匯兑儲備(附註14(b))	_	-		(15,462)				-	(15,462) (10,327)	(960)	(16,422)
					(10,327)				-	(10,327)		(10,327)
Total comprehensive (expenses)/income for the year	本年度全面(開支)/收入總額   	-	-	-	(25,789)	-	-	-	31,310	5,521	14,585	20,106
At 31 December 2019	於二零一九年十二月三十一日	544,484	2,820,152	177,027	(36,259)	416,628	33,865	18,788	(3,187,051)	787,634	238,743	1,026,377
						_						

## Notes:

- (a) The total of these reserve accounts comprise the consolidated reserves of HK\$243,150,000 (2018: HK\$218,841,000).
- (b) This represents the non-cash transaction incurred by the Group, detailed information referred to note 48(a) to the consolidated financial statements.

## 附註:

- (a) 該等儲備賬項總額包括綜合儲備243,150,000港 元(二零一八年:218,841,000港元)。
- (b) 此乃本集團產生的非現金交易。詳細資料載於 綜合財務報表附註48(a)。

# **CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS**

# 綜合現金流量表

		2019 HK\$'000 二零一九年 千港元	2018 HK\$'000 二零一八年 千港元
Cash flows from operating activities Profit/(loss) before income tax  – From continuing operations  – From discontinued operation	經營業務現金流量 除所得税前溢利/(虧損) 一持續經營業務 一已終止經營業務	59,365 13,498	14,782 (59,899)
Adjustments for:  Depreciation of property, plant and equipment Depreciation of right-of-use assets Amortisation of intangible assets Impairment loss of property,	就下列項目作出調整: 物業、廠房及設備折舊 使用權資產折舊 無形資產攤銷 物業、廠房及設備減值虧損	2,056 6,567 287	3,498 - 870
plant and equipment Impairment loss of intangible assets Impairment loss of goodwill Gain on disposal of property, plant and equipment	無形資產減值虧損商譽之減值虧損出售物業、廠房及設備收益	- 1,440 -	526 62,801 – (19)
Gain on disposal of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss Gain on disposal of subsidiaries Write-off of property, plant and equipment	出售按公平值計入損益之 財務資產的收益 出售附屬公司之收益 撤銷物業、廠房及設備	(2,460) (11,041)	(76) - 1,559
Fair value (gain)/loss on financial assets at fair value through profit or loss Fair value (gain)/loss on investment properties Loss on early redemption of promissory	按公平值計入損益之財務資產 之公平值(收益)/虧損 投資物業公平值 (收益)/虧損 提前贖回承兑票據	(15,992) (5,196)	920 5,986
note Share of result of an associate Interest income Interest expenses	的虧損 攤佔聯營公司業績 利息收入 利息開支	6,459 1,123 (10,871) 45,193	(1,894) 64,155
Operating cash flows before working capital changes Changes in trade receivables Changes in prepayments, deposits and other receivables	營運資金變動前之經營 現金流量 應收貿易賬項之變動 預付款項、按金及其他應收 款項之變動	90,428 9,847 14,503	93,209 (7,258) 33,676
Changes in bills and other payables and accruals  Net cash generated from/(used in)	應付票據、其他應付款項以及應計款項之變動 經營業務所得/(所用)之	(105,599)	(176,200)
operating activities	現金淨額	9,179	(56,573)

# **CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS**

# 綜合現金流量表

		2019	2018
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		二零一九年	二零一八年
		千港元	千港元
Cash flows from investing activities	投資活動現金流量		
Purchases of property, plant and equipment	購買物業、廠房及設備	(1,236)	(6,197)
		(1,230)	(0,197)
Proceeds from disposal of property, plant	出售物業、廠房及設備之		
and equipment	所得款項	57	_
Proceeds from disposal of financial assets	出售按公平值計入損益之		
at fair value through profit or loss	財務資產之所得款項	4,545	558
Net cash outflow from disposal of	出售附屬公司之現金流出淨額		
subsidiaries (note 14(b))	(附註14(b))	(270)	_
Net cash outflow from acquisition of	收購附屬公司之現金流出淨額	(=,0)	
	大將門風 A 可之元並/// 田/尹 · ·		(1.207)
subsidiaries		(7, 222)	(1,307)
Acquisition of an associate	收購聯營公司 	(3,990)	_
Payment of refundable deposit	可退還按金付款	-	(114,000)
Decrease in pledged bank deposits	已抵押銀行存款減少	_	48,792
Repayment from/(advance to) third parties	第三方還款/(獲得之墊款)	42,796	(71,480)
Advance to an associate	墊款予聯營公司	(5,588)	_
Interest received	已收利息	1,887	1,276
interest received		1,007	1,270
	11 次 ( 1 ) 文 ( 1 ) 文 ( 1 ) 文		
Net cash generated from/(used in)	投資活動產生/(所用)之		/
investing activities	現金淨額	38,201	(142,358)
Cash flows from financing activities	融資活動現金流量		
New bank borrowings	新銀行借款	344,190	21,420
New other borrowings	新其他借款	110,786	143,357
New non-controlling shareholder's loans	新非控股股東貸款	_	246,044
Proceeds from issue of convertible bonds	發行可換股債券之所得款項		425,600
		_	423,000
Proceeds from issue of ordinary shares	於股份配售時發行普通股		
upon share placing	所得款項		85,096
Repayments of bank borrowings	償還銀行借款	(334,132)	(67,830)
Repayments of other borrowings	償還其他借款	(67,396)	(61,321)
Repayments of lease liabilities/	償還租賃負債/		
finance lease liabilities	融資租賃負債	(7,217)	(167,372)
Repayments of non-controlling	償還非控股股東貸款		
shareholders' loan	IX XE / I I I IX IX / IX IX	(122,536)	(132,315)
Repayment of promissory notes	償還承兑票據	(98,166)	(132,313)
			(24.022)
Interest paid	已收利息	(25,453)	(24,833)
Net cash (used in)/generated from	融資活動(所用)/產生之		
financing activities	現金淨額	(199,924)	467,846
Net (decrease)/increase in cash and	現金及現金等值項目之		
cash equivalents	(減少)/增加淨額	(152,544)	268,915
	年初現金及現金等值項目	(132,344)	200,313
Cash and cash equivalents at	十四况立区况立守旧项口	276 524	F 600
beginning of year	57 → 徐玉 → B/48	276,531	5,699
Effect of foreign exchange rate changes	匯率變動之影響	1,365	1,917
Cash and cash equivalents at	年末現金及現金等值項目		
end of year		125,352	276,531
-			
Analysis of cash and cash equivalents	現金及現金等值項目之分析		
		425.252	276 524
Cash and bank balances	現金及銀行結存	125,352	276,531

# 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2019 截至二零一九年十二月三十一日止年度

#### 1. GENERAL INFORMATION

Energy International Investments Holdings Limited (the "Company") is a limited liability company incorporated and domiciled in the Cayman Islands. Its registered office is Cricket Square, Hutchins Drive, P.O. Box 2681, Grand Cayman KY1-1111, Cayman Islands and its principal place of business is Units 4307-08, Office Tower, Convention Plaza, 1 Harbour Road, Wanchai, Hong Kong, The Company's shares are listed on the The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange").

During the year, the principal activities of the Company and its subsidiaries (together referred to as the "Group") include:

- Oil and Liquefied Chemical Terminal representing the business of leasing of oil and liquefied chemical terminal, together with its storage and logistics facilities (the "Port and Storage Facilities");
- Insurance Brokerage Service representing the business of providing insurance brokerage service; and
- Oil Production representing the business of oil production (discontinued on 28 June 2019 in connection with the disposal of subsidiaries).

The Company is an investment holding company. The principal activities of its subsidiaries are set out in note 47 to the consolidated financial statements

The consolidated financial statements of the Company are presented in Hong Kong dollars ("HK\$"), which is also the functional currency of the Company. All values are rounded to the nearest thousand ("HK\$'000") except when otherwise stated.

# 一般資料

能源國際投資控股有限公司(「本公司」) 為一間於開曼群島註冊成立並以開曼群 島為居籍之有限責任公司。其註冊辦事 處位於Cricket Square, Hutchins Drive, P.O. Box 2681, Grand Cayman KY1-1111, Cayman Islands,而主要營業地點為香港 灣仔港灣道1號會展廣場辦公大樓4307-08 室。本公司之股份於香港聯合交易所有限 公司(「聯交所」)上市。

於本年度,本公司及其附屬公司(統稱為 「本集團」)之主要業務包括:

- 油品及液體化工品碼頭,指經營租 賃油品及液體化工品碼頭連同儲存 及物流設施(「碼頭及儲存設施」) 業務;
- 保險經紀服務,指提供保險經紀服 務業務;及
- 產油,指產油業務(於二零一九年 六月二十八日因出售附屬公司終止 經營)。

本公司為投資控股公司。其附屬公司之主 要業務載於綜合財務報表附註47。

本公司綜合財務報表以本公司之功能貨幣 港元(「港元」)呈列。除另有指明外,所有 金額均概約至最接近之千位數字(「千港 元1)。



# 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2019 截至二零一九年十二月三十一日止年度

#### 2. **BASIS OF PREPARATION**

#### (a) Going concern basis

As at 31 December 2019, the Group has net current liabilities of HK\$289,383,000. This condition indicates the existence of a material uncertainty which may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. Therefore, the Group may be unable to realise its assets and discharge its liabilities in the normal course of business. The directors of the Company (the "Directors") have prepared the consolidated financial statements based on a going concern on the following assumptions and measures:

(i) On 28 February 2019, the Group successfully obtained a new long-term credit facility, with 60 months credit period, from a financial institution in the People's Republic of China (the "PRC") in the amount of Renminbi ("RMB") 150 million (approximately HK\$168 million) to finance the repayment of certain outstanding construction costs and bank and other borrowings. On 8 March 2019, the Group obtained another new long-term credit facility from a financial institution in the PRC in the amount of RMB300 million (approximately HK\$336 million with a credit period of 36 months. On 28 June 2019, the Group obtained another new long-term credit facility from a financial institution in the PRC in the amounted to RMB128 million (approximately HK\$150 million) with a credit period of 36 months. The unutilised credit facility available to the Group as at 31 December 2019 was amounted to RMB450 million:

#### 編製基準 2.

#### 持續經營基準 (a)

於二零一九年十二月三十一 日,本集團之流動負債淨額為 289.383.000港元。該等情況反映 存在重大不明朗因素,或會對本集 團持續經營之能力產生重大質疑, 因此本集團未必能於日常業務過 程中變現資產及償還負債。本公司 董事(「董事」)基於以下假設及措 施,已按持續經營基準編製綜合財 務報表:

(i) 於二零一九年二月二十八 日,本集團已成功獲得一間 中華人共和國(「中國」)財 務機構一筆信貸期為60個 月的新長期信貸融資人民幣 (「人民幣」)150,000,000元 (約168,000,000港元),以 償還若干未償還建築成本 及銀行及其他借款。於二 零一九年三月八日,本集團 獲得中國一間財務機構的 另外一筆新長期信貸融資 人民幣300,000,000元(約 336,000,000港元),信貸 期為36個月。於二零一九 年六月二十八日,本集團 獲得中國一間財務機構的 另外一筆新長期信貸融資 人民幣128,000,000元(約 150,000,000港元),信貸 期為36個月。於二零一九年 十二月三十一日,本集團可 用的未動用之信貸融資為人 民幣450,000,000元;

# 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2019 截至二零一九年十二月三十一日止年度

## 2. BASIS OF PREPARATION (Continued)

## (a) Going concern basis (Continued)

- (ii) The Directors are of the view that the Oil and Liquefied Chemical Terminal segment is able to contribute and generate a significant and consistent operating cash inflow to the Group in the coming twelve months after 31 December 2019, by virtue of its annual rental income receipt in the amount of RMB125 million before value-added tax (approximately HK\$140 million) as stipulated in the lease agreement; and
- (iii) Subsequent to the year end date, two independent investors (the "Investors") entered into a funding agreement (the "Funding Agreement") with Shandong Shundong Port Services Company Limited ("Shundong Port") pursuant to which the Investors agreed to provide funding of RMB360 million (approximately HK\$402 million) to Shundong Port by way of non-voting, fixed-interest preference shares. As at the date of this report, RMB180 million (approximately HK\$201 million) has been received from the Investors pursuant to the Funding Agreement and the remaining sum is agreed to be drawn down by the end of year 2020.

## 2. 編製基準(續)

## (a) 持續經營基準(續)

- (ii) 董事認為,憑藉租賃協議訂明的扣除增值税前的年度租金收入人民幣125,000,000元(約140,000,000港元),油品及液體化工品碼頭分類於二零一九年十二月三十一日後未來十二個月內能夠為本集團貢獻帶來重大及持續的經營現金流入;及
- (iii) 於年結日後,兩名獨立投 資者(「投資方」)與山東 順東港務有限公司(「順東 港務」)訂立一份融資協議 (「融資協議」),據此,投 資方同意以無投票權、定 息優先股的形式向順東港 務提供人民幣360,000,000 元(約402,000,000港元)的 資金。於本報告日期,已根 據融資協議自投資方收取 人民幣180,000,000元(約 201,000,000港元),餘下金 額同意於二零二零年底提 取。



# 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2019 截至二零一九年十二月三十一日止年度

#### 2. **BASIS OF PREPARATION** (Continued)

#### (a) Going concern basis (Continued)

After taking into account the above assumptions and measures, the Directors consider that the Group will have sufficient working capital to finance its operations and to meet its financial obligations as and when they fall due within twelve months from 31 December 2019 and believe that the Group will continue as a going concern and consequently have prepared the consolidated financial statements on a going concern basis.

Should the Group be unable to continue in business as a going concern, adjustments would have to be made in the consolidated financial statements to reduce the values of the assets to their estimated realisable values, to provide for any further liabilities which may arise and to reclassify non-current assets and liabilities as current assets and liabilities respectively. The effects of these adjustments have not been reflected in the consolidated financial statements.

#### 編製基準(續) 2.

#### (a) 持續經營基準(續)

經考慮上述假設及措施,董事認 為,本集團於二零一九年十二月 三十一日起十二個月內將擁有充足 的營運資金以為其經營業務撥資及 於到期時滿足其財務承擔,並相信 本集團將持續經營並按持續經營基 準編製綜合財務報表。

倘本集團無法持續經營業務,將須 於綜合財務報表作出調整以撇減資 產價值至其估計可變現價值,及就 可能產生之任何進一步負債作出撥 備,並將非流動資產及負債分別重 新分類為流動資產及負債。此等調 整的影響並無於綜合財務報表反 映。

# 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2019 截至二零一九年十二月三十一日止年度

#### 2. **BASIS OF PREPARATION** (Continued)

Loss of controls over assets of Qinghai Forest Source Mining Industry Developing Company Limited ("QHFSMI") and Inner **Mongolia Forest Source Mining Industry** Developing Company Limited ("IMFSM") and deconsolidating QHFSMI and IMFSMI

> Ms Leung Lai Ching ("Ms Leung")'s legal status as director and legal representative in QHFSMI and IMFSMI remained unchanged in the absence of her cooperation

Ms Leung was a director and legal representative of both QHFSMI and IMFSMI. In September 2009, the sole shareholder of QHFSMI and IMFSMI (i.e. a whollyowned subsidiary of the Company) resolved to remove Ms Leung's capacity as director and legal representative of both QHFSMI and IMFSMI with immediate effect. However, the respective members of the board of directors and legal representative of QHFSMI and IMFSMI were not officially changed up to the date of authorisation for issue of the Group's financial statements as Ms Leung, being the legal representative, was not cooperative and failed to provide the requested documents and corporate seals.

## Transfer of exploration licence without the Company's knowledge, consent or approval

The Group acquired QHFSMI from Ms Leung in 2007. QHFSMI was the holder of an exploration licence, which conferred QHFSMI the rights to conduct exploration work for the mineral resources in the titanium mine at Xiao Hong Shan in Inner Mongolia, the PRC. In 2010, the board (the "Board") of Directors discovered that the exploration licence held by QHFSMI was transferred to a company known as 內蒙古小紅山源森礦業有限公司 (in English, for identification purpose only, Inner Mongolia Xiao Hong Shan Yuen Xian Mining Industry Company Limited) ("Yuen Xian Company") at a consideration of RMB8,000,000 (the "Change of Exploration Right Agreement") without the Company's knowledge, consent or approval. Ms Leung is one of the directors and the legal representative of Yuen Xian Company. Without the exploration licence, QHFSMI no longer had the rights to, among other things, carry out exploration of the mineral resources of the titanium mine, access to the titanium mine and neighbouring areas and has no priority in obtaining the mining rights of the titanium mine

#### 編製基準(續) 2.

失去對青海森源礦業開發 (b) 有限公司(「青海森源」)及 及內蒙古森源礦業開發有 限公司(「內蒙古森源」)資 產之控制權及不再將青海 森源及內蒙古森源綜合入

> 梁儷瀞女士(「梁女士」)作為青海 森源及內蒙古森源之董事及法定代 表之法律地位因其不合作而維持不

> 梁女十曾為青海森源及內蒙古森 源之董事及法定代表。於二零零九 年九月,青海森源及內蒙古森源的 唯一股東(即本公司的全資附屬公 司)議決罷免梁女士出任青海森源 及內蒙古森源之董事及法定代表職 務,即時生效。然而,由於當時之法 定代表梁女士不配合及未能提供所 需文件及公司印章,直至授權刊發 本集團財務報表日期,青海森源及 內蒙古森源各自之董事會成員及法 定代表仍未正式更改。

## 在本公司不知情及未經本公司同意 或批准的情況下轉讓勘探牌照

本集團於二零零七年向梁女士收 購青海森源。青海森源持有一個勘 探牌照, 赋予其權利在位於中國內 蒙古小紅山之鈦礦進行礦產資源 勘探工作。於二零一零年,董事會 (「董事會」)發現,在本公司不知情 及未經本公司同意或批准的情況 下,青海森源所持勘探牌照以人民 幣8,000,000元的代價轉讓予一家 名為內蒙古小紅山源森礦業有限公 司(「源森公司」)的公司(「探礦權 變更協議」)。梁女士為源森公司的 董事之一及法定代表。倘無勘探牌 照,青海森源不再有權(其中包括) 於鈦礦進行礦產資源勘探、進入鈦 礦及鄰近區域以及優先獲得鈦礦之 開採權。



# 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2019 截至二零一九年十二月三十一日止年度

#### 2. **BASIS OF PREPARATION** (Continued)

Loss of controls over assets of Oinghai (b) Forest Source Mining Industry Developing Company Limited ("QHFSMI") and Inner **Mongolia Forest Source Mining Industry Developing Company Limited ("IMFSM")** and deconsolidating QHFSMI and IMFSMI (Continued)

## Final decision on the Change of Exploration Right Agreement

As soon as the Group had discovered the loss of QHFSMI's exploration licence, the Group commenced the legal proceedings against Ms Leung for getting back the exploration licence. In March 2016, the Company received the final decision letter from the Qinghai Procuratorate that the Change of Exploration Right Agreement was invalid. As Yuen Xian Company had already obtained the mining licence on the titanium mine at Xiao Hong Shan in Inner Mongolia, the PRC, the Group is now seeking for the legal advices to resolve this matter

## De-consolidating QHFSMI and IMFSMI

Given that (i) the discovery of the loss of significant assets of QHFSMI; (ii) Ms Leung's legal status as director and legal representative in QHFSMI and IMFSMI remained unchanged; and (iii) the Group was unable to obtain the financial information of OHFSMI and IMFSMI, the Directors considered that the Group had no power over QHFSMI and IMFSMI, exposure, or rights, to variable returns from QHFSMI and IMFSMI and the ability to use its power to affect those variable returns. The Group appointed the PRC lawyers to handle the matters in regaining its controlling power over QHFSMI and IMFSMI. In the opinion of the Directors, the aforesaid legal proceedings have no material impact on the financial position and operations of the Group as the Group is still in the process of regaining the controlling power over QHFSMI and IMFSMI which had already been deconsolidated since 2010.

#### 編製基準(續) 2.

(b) 失去對青海森源礦業開發 有限公司(「青海森源」)及 及內蒙古森源礦業開發有 限公司(「內蒙古森源」)資 產之控制權及不再將青海 森源及內蒙古森源綜合入 賬 (續)

### 對探礦權變更協議的最終判決

本集團發現失去青海森源之勘探牌 照後,即對梁女士提起法律訴訟, 以收回勘探牌照。於二零一六年 三月,本公司接獲青海檢察院的最 終判決書,判決探礦權變更協議無 效。由於源森公司已取得中國內蒙 古小紅山之鈦礦的採礦牌照,本集 團現正尋求法律意見以解決該問 題。

## 不再將青海森源及內蒙古森源綜合 入賬

鑒於(i)發現失去青海森源之重大資 產;(ii)梁女士作為青海森源及內蒙 古森源董事及法定代表的法律地位 保持不變;及(iii)本集團無法獲取青 海森源及內蒙古森源的財務資料, 董事認為本集團對青海森源及內蒙 古森源並無權力,不再享有青海森 源及內蒙古森源可變回報或對其擁 有權利,亦無能力行使其權利以影 響該等可變回報。本集團已就重獲 其對青海森源及內蒙古森源之控制 權一事委聘中國律師處理。董事認 為,上述法律訴訟對本集團的財務 狀況及營運並無任何嚴重影響,原 因為本集團重獲對青海森源及內蒙 古森源之控制權一事仍在進行中, 而該等公司自二零一零年起已不再 綜合入賬。

# 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2019 截至二零一九年十二月三十一日止年度

### 3. APPLICATION OF NEW AND REVISED HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING **STANDARDS**

In the current year, the Group has adopted all the new and revised Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards ("HKFRSs") issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants (the "HKICPA") that are relevant to its operations and effective for its accounting year beginning on 1 January 2019. HKFRSs comprise Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards ("HKFRS"); Hong Kong Accounting Standards ("HKAS"); and Interpretations. The adoption of these new and revised HKFRSs did not result in significant changes to the Group's accounting policies, presentation of the Group's consolidated financial statements and amounts reported for the current year and prior years except as stated below.

## HKFRS 16 "Leases"

The Group was initially applied HKFRS 16 "Leases" with effect from 1 January 2019 and has taken transitional provisions and methods not to restate comparative information for prior period.

On adoption of HKFRS 16, the Group recognised right-ofuse assets and lease liabilities in relation to leases which had previously been classified as 'operating leases' under HKAS 17 "Leases", resulted in changes in the consolidated amounts reported in the financial statements as follows:

### At 1 January 2019:

### 應用新訂及經修訂香港財務報 3. 告進則

於本期間,本集團已採納由香港會計師公 會(「香港會計師公會」)頒佈之與其經營 業務有關並於二零一九年一月一日開始之 會計期間生效之所有新訂及經修訂香港財 務報告準則(「香港財務報告準則」)。香港 財務報告準則包括香港財務報告準則(「香 港財務報告準則」)、香港會計準則(「香 港會計準則1)及詮釋。採納該等新訂及經 修訂香港財務報告準則並無導致本集團會 計政策、本集團綜合財務報表之呈列及本 年度及過往年度所呈報之金額發生重大變 動,下文所示則除外。

# 香港財務報告準則第16號「租

本集團自二零一九年一月一日起儲備應用 香港財務報告準則第16號「租賃」,並已採 用過渡性條文及方法,以不重列上一期間 的比較資料。

於採納香港財務報告準則第16號時,本集 團就先前根據香港會計準則第17號「租賃」 分類為「經營租賃」的租賃確認使用權資 產及租賃負債,導致財務報表內的綜合數 額發生以下變動:

## 於二零一九年一月一日:

		HK\$'000 千港元
Increase in right-of-use assets	使用權資產增加	18,156
Decrease in finance lease liabilities	融資租賃負債減少	42,043
Increase in other borrowings	其他借款增加	(39,452)
Increase in lease liabilities	租賃負債增加	(20,747)



# 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2019 截至二零一九年十二月三十一日止年度

### 3. APPLICATION OF NEW AND REVISED HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING **STANDARDS** (Continued)

## HKFRS 16 "Leases" (Continued)

The reconciliation of operating lease commitment to lease liabilities as at 1 January 2019 is set out below:

### 應用新訂及經修訂香港財務報 3. 告準則(續)

## 香港財務報告準則第16號「租 賃 | (續)

於二零一九年一月一日經營租賃承擔與租 賃負債之對賬如下:

		HK\$'000 千港元
Operating lease commitment at 31 December 2018	二零一八年十二月三十一日之	
	經營租賃承擔	20,347
Add:	加:	
Finance lease liabilities	融資租賃負債	2,591
Less:	減:	
Discounting at 6.8%	按6.8%貼現	(1,570)
Recognition exemption for leases with less than	於過渡時就租賃期少於12個月的	
12 months of lease term at transition	租賃使用確認豁免	(621)
Lease liabilities as at 1 January 2019	於二零一九年一月一日之租賃負債	20,747

The operating lease commitments disclosed as at 31 December 2018 were HK\$20,347,000, while the lease liabilities recognised as at 1 January 2019 were HK\$20,747,000, of which HK\$6,616,000 were current lease liabilities and HK\$14,131,000 were non-current lease liabilities.

The Group has not applied the new and revised HKFRSs that have been issued but are not yet effective. The Group has already commenced an assessment of the impact of these new and revised HKFRSs but is not yet in a position to state whether these new and revised HKFRSs would have a material impact on its results of operations and financial position.

於二零一八年十二月三十一日披露的 經營租賃承擔為20,347,000港元,而於 二零一九年一月一日確認的租賃負債為 20,747,000港元,其中6,616,000港元為流 動租賃負債,14,131,000港元為非流動租 賃負債。

本集團並無應用已頒佈但尚未生效之新訂 及經修訂香港財務報告準則。本集團已開 始評估該等新訂及經修訂香港財務報告準 則的影響,惟尚未能指出該等新訂及經修 訂香港財務報告準則會否對其經營業績及 財務狀況造成重大影響。

# 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2019 截至二零一九年十二月三十一日止年度

## 4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

These consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with HKFRSs issued by the HKICPA, and the applicable disclosures required by the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on the Stock Exchange and by the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

These consolidated financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, as modified by the revaluation of investments which are carried at their fair values.

The preparation of consolidated financial statements in conformity with HKFRSs requires the use of certain key assumptions and estimates. It also requires the Directors to exercise the judgements in the process of applying the accounting policies. The areas involving areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to these consolidated financial statements, are disclosed in note 5.

The significant accounting policies applied in the preparation of these consolidated financial statements are set out below.

## Consolidation

The consolidated financial statements include the financial statements of the Company and its subsidiaries made up to 31 December. Subsidiaries are entities over which the Group has control. The Group controls an entity when it is exposed, or has rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the entity and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the entity. The Group has power over an entity when the Group has existing rights that give it the current ability to direct the relevant activities, i.e. activities that significantly affect the entity's returns.

When assessing control, the Group considers its potential voting rights as well as potential voting rights held by other parties, to determine whether it has control. A potential voting right is considered only if the holder has the practical ability to exercise that right.

Subsidiaries are consolidated from the date on which control is transferred to the Group. They are de-consolidated from the date the control ceases.

## 4. 重大會計政策

綜合財務報表乃根據香港會計師公會頒佈 之香港財務報告準則及香港聯合交易所有 限公司證券上市規則及香港公司條例的適 用披露規定編製。

綜合財務報表乃按歷史成本慣例而編製, 並已就按公平值列賬之投資物業重估作出 修訂。

編製符合香港財務報告準則之綜合財務報表要求使用若干關鍵假設及估計。其亦要求董事於應用本集團之會計政策過程中行使其判斷。涉及假設及估計對綜合財務報表而言屬重大之領域披露於附註5。

編製該等綜合財務報表所應用之主要會計政策載於下文。

## 綜合

綜合財務報表包括本公司及其附屬公司截至十二月三十一日止的財務報表。附屬公司指本集團擁有控制權之實體。當本集團在內可變回報之權利,且能夠透過其對營門。當本集團之現有權力使其能夠實體之權力影響該等回報時,則本集團對該實體。當本集團之現有權力使其能夠定理,以對實體回報產生,則本集團對該實體之業務)時,則本集團對該實體行使權力。

在評估控制權時,本集團會考慮其潛在投票權以及其他人士持有之潛在投票權,以 釐定其是否擁有控制權。潛在投票權僅於 其持有人能夠實際行使該權利之情況下方 會予以考慮。

附屬公司自其控制權轉移至本集團當日起 綜合入賬,並自控制權終止當日起不再綜 合入賬。



# 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2019 截至二零一九年十二月三十一日止年度

### 4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

## Consolidation (Continued)

The gain or loss on the disposal of a subsidiary that results in a loss of control represents the difference between (i) the fair value of the consideration of the sale plus the fair value of any investment retained in that subsidiary and (ii) the Company's share of the net assets of that subsidiary plus any remaining goodwill relating to that subsidiary and any related accumulated foreign currency translation reserve.

Intragroup transactions, balances and unrealised profits are eliminated. Unrealised losses are also eliminated unless the transaction provides evidence of an impairment of the asset transferred. Accounting policies of subsidiaries have been changed where necessary to ensure consistency with the policies adopted by the Group.

Non-controlling interests represent the equity in subsidiaries not attributable, directly or indirectly, to the Company. Non-controlling interests are presented in the consolidated statement of financial position and consolidated statement of changes in equity within equity. Non-controlling interests are presented in the consolidated income statement and consolidated statement of comprehensive income as an allocation of profit or loss and total comprehensive income for the year between the non-controlling shareholders and owners of the Company.

Profit or loss and each component of other comprehensive income are attributed to the owners of the Company and to the non-controlling shareholders even if this results in the noncontrolling interests having a deficit balance.

Changes in the Company's ownership interest in a subsidiary that do not result in a loss of control are accounted for as equity transactions (i.e. transactions with owners in their capacity as owners). The carrying amounts of the controlling and non-controlling interests are adjusted to reflect the changes in their relative interests in the subsidiary. Any difference between the amount by which the non-controlling interests are adjusted and the fair value of the consideration paid or received is recognised directly in equity and attributed to the owners of the Company.

#### 重大會計政策(續) 4

## 綜合(續)

因出售附屬公司而導致失去控制權之收益 或虧損指(i)出售代價之公平值加於該附屬 公司任何保留投資的公平值與(ii)本公司應 佔該附屬公司淨資產加與該附屬公司有關 之任何餘下商譽以及任何有關累計外幣換 算儲備之間的差額。

集團內部交易、結餘及未變現溢利均予以 對銷。除非交易證明所轉讓資產出現減 值,未變現虧損亦予以對銷。附屬公司之 會計政策已在必要時作出變動,以確保其 與本集團所採納之政策一致。

非控股權益指非本公司直接或間接應佔之 附屬公司股權。非控股權益於綜合財務狀 况表及綜合權益變動表權益內呈列。非控 股權益在綜合損益表及綜合其他全面收入 表呈列,以顯示本年度之損益及全面收入 總額在非控股股東與本公司擁有人之間之 分配。

即使會導致非控股權益出現虧絀結餘,損 益及其他全面收入各部分均歸屬於本公司 擁有人及非控股股東。

本公司在附屬公司中的擁有權變化不會 導致失去控制權,應作為股權交易(即與 擁有人以擁有人身份進行的交易)入賬。 控股股東及非控股權益之賬面值會進行調 整,以反映其在附屬公司中的相對權益的 變動。非控股權益的調整金額與支付或收 到代價的公平值之間的差額直接在權益中 確認,並歸屬於本公司擁有人。

# 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2019 截至二零一九年十二月三十一日止年度

#### 4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

## **Business combination and goodwill**

The acquisition method is used to account for the acquisition of a subsidiary in a business combination. The cost of acquisition is measured at the acquisition-date fair value of the assets given, equity instruments issued, liabilities incurred and contingent consideration. Acquisition-related costs are recognised as expenses in the periods in which the costs are incurred and the services are received. Identifiable assets and liabilities of the subsidiary in the acquisition are measured at their acquisitiondate fair values.

The excess of the cost of acquisition over the Company's share of the net fair value of the subsidiary's identifiable assets and liabilities is recorded as goodwill. Any excess of the Company's share of the net fair value of the identifiable assets and liabilities over the cost of acquisition is recognised in consolidated profit or loss as a gain on bargain purchase which is attributed to the Company.

In a business combination achieved in stages, the previously held equity interest in the subsidiary is remeasured at its acquisition-date fair value and the resulting gain or loss is recognised in consolidated profit or loss. The fair value is added to the cost of acquisition to calculate the goodwill.

If the changes in the value of the previously held equity interest in the subsidiary were recognised in other comprehensive income (for example, equity instruments at fair value through other comprehensive income), the amount that was recognised in other comprehensive income is recognised on the same basis as would be required if the previously held equity interest were disposed of.

#### 重大會計政策(續) 4

## 業務合併及商譽

收購法用於將業務合併中的收購附屬公司 入賬。收購成本乃按所獲資產收購日期之 公平值、所發行之權益工具、所產生之負 倩以及或然代價計量。 收購相關成本於有 關成本產生及接獲服務期間確認為開支。 於收購時,附屬公司之可識別資產及負債 均按其於收購日期之公平值計量。

收購成本超出本公司應佔附屬公司可識別 資產及負債之公平淨值之差額乃列作商 譽。本公司應佔可識別資產及負債之公平 淨值超出收購成本之差額乃於綜合損益表 內確認為本公司應佔議價收購之收益。

對於分階段進行之業務合併,先前已持有 之附屬公司之股權乃按其於收購日期之公 平值重新計量,而由此產生之損益於綜合 損益表內確認。公平值會加入至收購成本 以計算商譽。

倘先前已持有之附屬公司之股權之價值變 動已於其他全面收入內確認(例如按公平 值計入其他全面收入的權益工具),則於 其他全面收入表確認之金額乃按在先前已 持有之股權被出售的情況下所需之相同基 準確認。



# 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2019 截至二零一九年十二月三十一日止年度

### 4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

# **Business combination and goodwill** (Continued)

Goodwill is tested annually for impairment or more frequently if events or changes in circumstances indicate that it might be impaired. Goodwill is measured at cost less accumulated impairment losses. The method of measuring impairment losses of goodwill is the same as that of other assets as stated in the accounting policy below. Impairment losses of goodwill are recognised in consolidated profit or loss and are not subsequently reversed. Goodwill is allocated to cash-generating units that are expected to benefit from the synergies of the acquisition for the purpose of impairment testing.

The non-controlling interests in the subsidiary are initially measured at their acquisition-date fair value the non-controlling shareholders' proportionate share of the net fair value of the subsidiary's identifiable assets and liabilities at the acquisition

## Joint arrangements

A joint arrangement is an arrangement of which two or more parties have joint control. Joint control is the contractually agreed sharing of control of an arrangement, which exists only when decisions about the relevant activities require the unanimous consent of the parties sharing control. Relevant activities are activities that significantly affect the returns of the arrangement. When assessing joint control, the Group considers its potential voting rights as well as potential voting rights held by other parties, to determine whether it has joint control. A potential voting right is considered only if the holder has the practical ability to exercise that right.

A joint arrangement is either a joint operation or a joint venture. A joint operation is a joint arrangement whereby the parties that have joint control of the arrangement have rights to the assets, and obligations for the liabilities, relating to the arrangement. A joint venture is a joint arrangement whereby the parties that have joint control of the arrangement have rights to the net assets of the arrangement.

#### 重大會計政策(續) 4.

## 業務合併及商譽(續)

商譽會每年進行減值測試或當事件或情況 改變顯示可能減值時則更頻繁地進行減 值測試。商譽乃按成本減累計減值虧損計 量。商譽減值虧損之計量方法與下文會計 政策內所述之其他資產之計量方法相同。 商譽之減值虧損於綜合損益表內確認,且 隨後不予撥回。就減值測試而言,商譽會 被分配至預期因收購之協同效益而產生利 益之現金產生單位。

於附屬公司之非控股權益初步按非控股股 東應佔該附屬公司於收購當日之可識別資 產及負債之公平淨值比例計算。

## 合營安排

合營安排指一項由兩個或以上的參與方共 同控制之安排。共同控制為合約協定分佔 合營安排控制權,其僅在相關活動決策必 須獲分佔控制權之人士一致同意方存在。 有關活動即可大幅影響安排回報之活動。 在評估共同控制權時,本集團會考慮本身 之潛在投票權以及其他各方持有之潛在投 票權,以釐定其是否擁有共同控制權。潛 在投票權僅於有關持有人擁有實質能力行 使該權利時,方會予以考慮。

合營安排分為共同經營或合營企業。共同 經營為一項合營安排,據此,擁有有關安 排共同控制權之人士均有權享有有關安排 之資產及有責任分擔有關安排之負債。合 營企業為一項合營安排、據此、擁有有關 安排共同控制權之人士均有權享有有關安 排之資產淨值。

# 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2019 截至二零一九年十二月三十一日止年度

### 4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

## Joint arrangements (Continued)

In relation to its interest in a joint operation, the Group recognises in its consolidated financial statements, its assets, including its share of any assets held jointly; its liabilities, including its share of any liabilities incurred jointly; its revenue from the sale of its share of the output arising from the joint operation; its share of the revenue from the sale of the output by the joint operation; and its expenses, including its share of any expenses incurred jointly, in accordance with the HKFRSs applicable to the particular assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses.

## **Discontinued operation**

A discontinued operation is a component of the Group, the operations and cash flows of which can be clearly distinguished from the rest of the Group and which represents a separate major line of business or geographical area of operations, or is part of a single co-ordinated plan to dispose of a separate major line of business or geographical area of operations, or is a subsidiary acquired exclusively with a view to resale.

Classification as a discontinued operation occurs upon disposal or when the operation meets the criteria to be classified as held for sale in accordance with HKFRS 5, if earlier. It also occurs when the operation is abandoned.

When an operation is classified as discontinued, a single amount is presented in the income statement and statement of comprehensive income, which comprises:

- The post-tax profit or loss of the discontinued operation; and
- The post-tax gain or loss recognised on the measurement to fair value less costs to sell, or on the disposal, of the assets or disposal group constituting the discontinued operation.

#### 重大會計政策(續) 4

## 合營安排(續)

就本集團於共同經營之權益而言,本集團 在綜合財務報表中,按照香港財務報告準 則適用於特定資產、負債、收益及開支的 規定,確認其資產(包括其應佔共同持有 之仟何資產)、其負債(包括其應佔共同產 生之任何負債)、銷售其應佔共同經營之 產出所得收益,以及其開支(包括其應佔 共同產生之任何開支)。

## 已終止經營業務

已終止經營業務為本集團之一部分,其營 運及現金流量可與本集團之其他部分清楚 區分,且代表一項按業務或營運地區劃分 之獨立主要業務,或作為出售一項按業務 或營運地區劃分之獨立主要業務之單一統 籌計劃的一部分,或為一間純粹為轉售而 收購之附屬公司。

倘根據香港財務報告準則第5號業務被出 售或符合分類為持作銷售之標準(以較早 者為準),則分類為已終止經營業務。此情 况亦會於業務被廢止時出現。

倘業務分類為已終止經營業務,則會於損 益表及其他全面收入表按單一數額呈列, 當中包括:

- 已終止經營業務之除稅後溢利或虧 指;及
- 就構成已終止經營業務之資產或出 售組別,計量公平值減出售成本或 於出售時確認之除稅後損益。



## 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2019 截至二零一九年十二月三十一日止年度

#### 4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

### Foreign currency translation

### Functional and presentation currency

Items included in the financial statements of each of the Group's entities are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates (the "functional currency").

#### Transactions and balances in each entity's financial (b) statements

Transactions in foreign currencies are translated into the functional currency on initial recognition using the exchange rates prevailing on the transaction dates. Monetary assets and liabilities in foreign currencies are translated at the exchange rates at the end of each reporting period. Gains and losses resulting from this translation policy are recognised in profit or loss.

Non-monetary items that are measured at fair values in foreign currencies are translated using the exchange rates at the dates when the fair values are determined.

When a gain or loss on a non-monetary item is recognised in other comprehensive income, any exchange component of that gain or loss is recognised in other comprehensive income. When a gain or loss on a non-monetary item is recognised in profit or loss, any exchange component of that gain or loss is recognised in profit or loss.

#### 重大會計政策(續) 4

### 外幣換算

### 功能及呈列貨幣

本集團各實體之財務報表所列項目 乃按實體經營所在之主要經濟環境 之貨幣(「功能貨幣」)計量。

#### 各實體財務報表之交易及結餘 (b)

外幣交易於初步確認時按交易日期 之當前匯率換算為功能貨幣。以外 幣計值之貨幣資產及負債均按各報 告期末之匯率換算。此換算政策引 致的收益及虧損於損益確認。

按公平值以外幣計量之非貨幣項目 使用釐定公平值日期之匯率換算。

當非貨幣項目之收益或虧損於其他 全面收入確認時,該收益或虧損之 任何匯兑部分於其他全面收入確 認。當非貨幣項目之收益或虧損於 損益確認時,該收益或虧損之任何 匯兑部分於損益確認。

## 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2019 截至二零一九年十二月三十一日止年度

#### 4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

### Foreign currency translation (Continued)

#### (c) Translation on consolidation

The results and financial position of all the Group's entities that have a functional currency different from the Group's presentation currency are translated into the Group's presentation currency as follows:

- Assets and liabilities for each statement of financial position presented are translated at the closing rate at the date of that statement of financial position;
- Income and expenses are translated at average exchange rates (unless this average is not a reasonable approximation of the cumulative effect of the rates prevailing on the transaction dates, in which case income and expenses are translated at the exchange rates on the transaction dates); and
- All resulting exchange differences are recognised in the exchange reserve.

On consolidation, exchange differences arising from the translation of the net investment in foreign entities and of borrowings are recognised in the exchange reserve. When a foreign operation is sold, such exchange differences are recognised in profit or loss as part of the gain or loss on disposal.

Goodwill and fair value adjustments arising on the acquisition of a foreign entity are treated as assets and liabilities of the foreign entity and translated at the closing rate.

#### 重大會計政策(續) 4

### 外幣換算(續)

#### 綜合賬目之換算

所有功能貨幣有別於本集團呈列貨 幣之本集團實體之業績及財務狀況 均按以下方式換算為本集團之呈列 貨幣:

- 於各財務狀況表呈列的資產 及負債乃按有關財務狀況表 日期之收市匯率換算;
- 收入及開支乃按平均匯率換 算(除非該平均匯率並非交 易日期當前匯率之累積影 響之合理近似值,在該情況 下,收入及開支按交易日期 之匯率換算);及
- 所有因此產生之匯兑差額均 於匯兑儲備內確認。

於綜合賬目時,換算於海外實體的 投資淨額及換算借款產生之匯兑差 額均於匯兑儲備確認。於出售海外 業務時,有關匯兑差額於損益確認 為出售之部分收益或虧損。

收購海外實體產生之商譽及公平值 調整乃作為該海外實體的資產及負 債處理, 並按收市匯率換算。



## 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2019 截至二零一九年十二月三十一日止年度

#### 4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

### Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses.

Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognised as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Group and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. All other repairs and maintenance are recognised in profit or loss during the period in which they are incurred.

Other than oil properties, depreciation of property, plant and equipment is calculated at rates sufficient to write off their costs less their residual values over the estimated useful lifes on a straight-line basis. The principal annual rates for leasehold improvements, furniture, office equipment and motor vehicles are in the range from 5% to 33%.

Depreciation on oil properties is provided to write off the cost of oil properties using unit of production method utilising only proved developed oil reserves as the depletion base.

The residual values, useful lives and depreciation method are reviewed and adjusted, if appropriate, at the end of each reporting period.

Construction in progress represents buildings under construction and plant and equipment pending for installation, and is stated at cost less impairment losses. Depreciation begins when the relevant assets are available for use.

The gain or loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment is the difference between the net sales proceeds and the carrying amount of the relevant asset, and is recognised in profit or loss.

#### 重大會計政策(續) 4

### 物業、廠房及設備

物業、廠房及設備按成本減累計折舊及減 值虧損列示。

只有當後續成本很可能為本集團帶來與該 項目有關的未來經濟利益,而該項目的成 本能可靠計量時,方計入資產的賬面值或 確認為一項獨立資產(倘適用)。所有其他 維修及保養於其產生期間於損益確認。

除石油財產外,物業、廠房及設備乃於其 估計可使用年期採用足以撇銷其成本減剩 餘價值之比率以直線法計算折舊。租賃裝 修、傢俬、辦公設備及汽車的主要折舊年 率介乎5%至33%。

石油財產之折舊僅按探明已開發石油儲量 作為損耗基礎以生產單位法撇銷石油財產 之成本計算。

剩餘價值、可使用年期及折舊方法於各報 告期末均會進行檢討,並在適當情況下作 出調整。

在建工程指在建樓宇及待安裝之廠房及設 備,並按成本減減值虧損列示。折舊於相 關資產可供使用時開始。

出售物業、廠房及設備之收益或虧損乃出 售所得款項淨額與相關資產資產賬面值之 差額,於損益確認。

## 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2019 截至二零一九年十二月三十一日止年度

#### 4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

### **Investment properties**

Investment properties are land and/or buildings held to earn rentals and/or for capital appreciation. An investment property (including property that is being constructed or developed for future use as investment property) is measured initially at its cost including all direct costs attributable to the property.

Subsequent to initial recognition, the investment property is stated at its fair value, which reflects market condition at the reporting period. Gains or losses arising from changes in fair value of the investment property are recognised in profit or loss for the period in which they arise.

The gain or loss on disposal of an investment property is the difference between the net sales proceeds and the carrying amount of the property, and is recognised in profit or loss.

#### Leases

### The Group as lessee

Leases are recognised as right-of-use assets and corresponding lease liabilities when the leased assets are available for use by the Group. Right-of-use assets are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses. Depreciation of right-of-use assets is calculated at rates to write off their cost over the shorter of the asset's useful life and the lease term on a straight-line basis. The principal annual rates for land and buildings are in the range from 20% to 33.3%.

#### 重大會計政策(續) 4

### 投資物業

投資物業乃持有以賺取租金及/或用於資 本增值的土地及/或樓宇。投資物業(包 括未來用作投資物業的在建或開發中物 業)儲備按其成本(包括物業應佔所有直 接成本)計量。

初步確認後,投資物業按公平值列示,反映 報告期的市況。投資物業公平值變動產生 的收益或虧損於其產生期間於損益確認。

出售一項投資物業之收益或虧損為出售所 得款項淨額與該物業賬面值之差額,並於 損益確認。

### 和賃

### 本集團作為承租人

租賃於租賃資產可供本集團使用時確認為 使用權資產及相應租賃負債。使用權資產 乃按成本減累計折舊及減值虧損列賬。使 用權資產乃按資產使用年期與租賃期二者 中較短者以直線法按撇銷其成本的折舊 率折舊。土地及樓宇的主要折舊年率介乎 20%至33.3%。



## 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2019 截至二零一九年十二月三十一日止年度

#### 4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

### Leases (Continued)

### The Group as lessee (Continued)

Right-of-use assets are measured at cost comprising the amount of the initial measurement of the lease liabilities, lease payments prepaid, initial direct costs and the restoration costs. Lease liabilities include the net present value of the lease payments discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease if that rate can be determined, or otherwise the Group's incremental borrowing rate. Each lease payment is allocated between the liability and finance cost. The finance cost is charged to profit or loss over the lease term so as to produce a constant periodic rate of interest on the remaining balance of the lease liability.

Payments associated with short-term leases and leases of lowvalue assets are recognised as expenses in profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the lease terms. Short-term leases are leases with an initial lease term of 12 months or less. Low-value assets are assets of value below US\$5,000.

### The Group as lessor

#### Operating leases

Leases that do not substantially transfer to the lessees all the risks and rewards of ownership of assets are accounted for as operating leases. Rental income from operating leases is recognised on a straight-line basis over the term of the relevant lease.

#### 重大會計政策(續) 4.

### 租賃(續)

#### 本集團作為承租人(續)

使用權資產乃按成本(包括初步計量租賃 負債金額、預付租賃款項、初步直接成本 及恢復成本)計量。租賃負債包括使用租 賃內所述利率(倘有關利率可予確定,否 則以本集團的增量借款利率)折現租賃付 款的現值淨額。各租賃付款於負債與財務 成本之間分配。財務成本於租期內在損益 內扣除,以使租賃負債餘額的利率固定。

與短期租賃相關的付款及低價值資產租賃 於租期內以直線法在損益內確認為開支。 短期租賃乃為初步租期為12個月或以下的 租賃。低價值資產為價值低於5,000美元的 資產。

### 本集團作為出租人

#### 經營租賃

不會向承租人轉移資產擁有權絕大部分風 險及回報的租賃以經營租賃入賬。經營租 賃所得租金收入按直線法於相關租賃之租 期內確認。

## 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2019 截至二零一九年十二月三十一日止年度

#### 4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

### Recognition and derecognition of financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised in the consolidated statement of financial position when the Group becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instruments.

Financial assets are derecognised when the contractual rights to receive cash flows from the assets expire; the Group transfers substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the assets; or the Group neither transfers nor retains substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the assets but has not retained control on the assets. On derecognition of a financial asset, the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the sum of the consideration received is recognised in profit or loss.

Financial liabilities are derecognised when the obligation specified in the relevant contract is discharged, cancelled or expires. The difference between the carrying amount of the financial liability derecognised and the consideration paid is recognised in profit or loss.

### Financial assets

Financial assets are recognised and derecognised on a trade date basis where the purchase or sale of an asset is under a contract whose terms require delivery of the asset within the timeframe established by the market concerned, and are initially recognised at fair value, plus directly attributable transaction costs except in the case of investments at fair value through profit or loss. Transaction costs directly attributable to the acquisition of investments at fair value through profit or loss are recognised immediately in profit or loss.

#### 重大會計政策(續) 4

### 財務工具的確認及取消確認

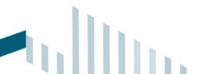
當本集團成為財務工具合約條文的一方 時,財務資產和財務負債在綜合財務狀況 表中確認。

當收取資產現金流的合約權利到期時,終 止確認財務資產;本集團實質上轉移了資 產所有權的所有風險及回報;或者本集團 既沒有轉移也沒有實質上保留資產所有權 的所有風險及回報,但沒有保留對資產的 實際控制權。財務資產終止確認時,資產 賬面值與收到的代價之和之間的差額於損 益中確認。

財務負債在相關合約規定的義務解除、取 消或到期時取消確認。取消確認的財務負 債的賬面值與支付的代價之間的差額於損 益中確認。

### 財務資產

倘根據資產合約條款規定須於有關市場所 規定之期限內購入或出售資產,則財務資 產按交易日基準確認入賬及終止確認,並 按公平值加直接應佔交易成本作初步確 認,惟按公平值計入損益之投資則除外。 收購按公平值計入損益的投資之直接應佔 交易成本即時於損益確認。



## 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2019 截至二零一九年十二月三十一日止年度

#### 4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

### Financial assets (Continued)

Financial assets of the Group are classified under the following categories:

- Financial assets at amortised cost;
- Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss; and
- Equity instruments at fair value through other comprehensive income.

#### (a) Financial assets at amortised cost

Financial assets (including trade and other receivables) are classified under this category if they satisfy both of the following conditions:

- the assets are held within a business model whose objective is to hold assets in order to collect contractual cash flows; and
- the contractual terms of the assets give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

They are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method less loss allowance for expected credit losses.

#### 重大會計政策(續) 4.

### 財務資產(續)

本集團的財務資產按以下類別分類:

- 按攤銷成本列賬的財務資產;
- 按公平值計入損益的財務資產;及
- 按公平值計入其他全面收入之權益 工具。

#### (a) 按攤銷成本列賬的財務資產

該類別項下的財務資產(包括應收 貿易及其他賬項)須同時符合下列 條件:

- 資產乃按目的為持有資產以 收取合約現金流的業務模式 持有;及
- 資產的合約條款於特定日期 產生僅為支付本金及未償還 本金利息的現金流量。

有關項目其後以實際利率法按攤銷 成本減預期信貸虧損的虧損撥備計 量。

## 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2019 截至二零一九年十二月三十一日止年度

#### 4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

### Financial assets (Continued)

#### (b) Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

Financial assets are classified under this category if they do not meet the conditions to be measured at amortised cost and the conditions of debt investments at fair value through other comprehensive income unless the Group designates an equity investment that is not held for trading as at fair value through other comprehensive income on initial recognition.

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are subsequently measured at fair value with any gains or losses arising from changes in fair values recognised in profit or loss. The fair value gains or losses recognised in profit or loss are net of any interest income and dividend income. Interest income and dividend income are recognised in profit or loss.

#### (c) Equity instruments at fair value through other comprehensive income

On initial recognition, the Group can make an irrevocable election (on an instrument-by-instrument basis) to designate investments in equity instruments that are not held for trading as at fair value through other comprehensive income.

Equity instruments at fair value through other comprehensive income are subsequently measured at fair value with gains and losses arising from changes in fair values recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in the equity investment revaluation reserve. On derecognition of an investment, the cumulative gains or losses previously accumulated in the equity investment revaluation reserve are not reclassified to profit or loss.

Dividends on these investments are recognised in profit or loss, unless the dividends clearly represent a recovery of part of the cost of the investment.

#### 重大會計政策(續) 4

### 財務資產(續)

#### (b) 按公平值計入損益的財務資產

財務資產如不符合按攤銷成本計量 的條件及按公平值計入其他全面收 入的债務投資的條件,則歸入本類 別,除非本集團於初步確認時將並 非持作買賣的權益投資指定為按公 平值計入其他全面收入計量則作別

按公平值計入損益的財務資產其後 按公平值計量,公平值變動所產生 的任何收益或虧損於損益內確認。 於損益內確認的公平值收益或虧損 已扣除任何利息收入及股息收入。 利息收入及股息收入於損益內確 認。

#### 按公平值計入全面收入之權益工具 (c)

於初步確認時,本集團可以不可撤 回地選擇(按個別工具基準)將並 非持作買賣的權益工具投資指定為 按公平值計入其他全面收入計量。

按公平值計入全面收入之權益工具 其後按公平值計量,公平值變動所 產生的收益及虧損於其他全面收入 內確認並於權益投資重估儲備內累 計。終止確認投資時,過往於權益 投資重估儲備內累計的累計收益或 虧損不會重新分類至損益。

該等投資的股息於損益內確認,除 非股息明顯屬所收回投資成本的一 部分則作別論。



## 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2019 截至二零一九年十二月三十一日止年度

#### 4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

### Loss allowances for expected credit losses

The Group recognises loss allowances for expected credit losses on financial assets at amortised cost. Expected credit losses are the weighted average of credit losses with the respective risks of a default occurring as the weights.

At the end of each reporting period, the Group measures the loss allowance for a financial instrument at an amount equal to the expected credit losses that result from all possible default events over the expected life of that financial instrument ("lifetime expected credit losses") for trade receivables, or if the credit risk on that financial instrument has increased significantly since initial recognition.

If, at the end of the reporting period, the credit risk on a financial instrument (other than trade receivables) has not increased significantly since initial recognition, the Group measures the loss allowance for that financial instrument at an amount equal to the portion of lifetime expected credit losses that represents the expected credit losses that result from default events on that financial instrument that are possible within 12 months after the reporting period.

The amount of expected credit losses or reversal to adjust the loss allowance at the end of the reporting period to the required amount is recognised in profit or loss as an impairment gain or loss.

### Cash and cash equivalents

For the purpose of the consolidated statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents represent cash at bank and on hand, demand deposits with banks and other financial institutions, and short-term highly liquid investments which are readily convertible into known amounts of cash and subject to an insignificant risk of change in value. Bank overdrafts which are repayable on demand and form an integral part of the Group's cash management are also included as a component of cash and cash equivalents.

#### 重大會計政策(續) 4

### 預期信貸虧損之虧損撥備

本集團按攤銷成本及合約資產確認財務資 產預期信貸虧損的虧損撥備。預期信貸虧 損乃信貸虧損的加權平均值, 並以各自的 違約風險作為加權數值。

於各報告期末,或倘財務工具的信貸風險 自初步確認後大幅增加,就應收貿易賬項 及合約資產而言,本集團按相等於該財務 工具預計年期內所有可能發生的違約事件 所產生的預期信貸虧損(「全期預期信貸虧 損」)的金額計量該財務工具的虧損撥備。

倘於報告期末,財務工具(應收貿易賬項 除外)的信貸風險自初步確認後並無顯著 增加,則本集團按相等於該財務工具在報 告期後12個月內可能發生的違約事件所產 生的預期信貸虧損(構成全期預期信貸虧 損的部分金額)計量該財務工具的虧損撥 備。

預期信貸虧損金額或為調整報告期末虧損 撥備至所需金額而撥回的款項於損益內確 認為減值收益或虧損。

#### 現金及現金等值項目

就綜合現金流量表而言,現金及現金等值 項目指銀行及手頭現金、於銀行及其他財 務機構的活期存款,以及可隨時兑換成已 知數額現金及無明顯變值風險的短期高流 動性投資。按要求償還並構成本集團現金 管理一部分的銀行诱支,亦計入現金及現 金等值項目的組成部分。

## 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2019 截至二零一九年十二月三十一日止年度

# 4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

### Financial liabilities and equity instruments

Financial liabilities and equity instruments are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into and the definitions of a financial liability and an equity instrument under HKFRSs. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the Group after deducting all of its liabilities. The accounting policies adopted for specific financial liabilities and equity instruments are set out below.

### Convertible bonds

Convertible loans which entitle the holder to convert the loans into a fixed number of equity instruments at a fixed conversion price are regarded as compound instruments consist of a liability and an equity component. At the date of issue, the fair value of the liability component is estimated using the prevailing market interest rate for similar non-convertible debt. The fair value of any derivative features embedded in the compound instruments is included in the liability component. The difference between the proceeds of issue of the convertible loans and the fair values assigned to the liability component, representing the embedded option for the holder to convert the loans into equity of the Group, is included in equity as capital reserve. The liability component is carried as a liability at amortised cost using the effective interest method until extinguished on conversion or redemption. The derivative components are measured at fair value with gains and losses recognised in profit or loss.

If the identifiable consideration received by the Group appears to be less than the fair value of the convertible loans issued, the Group measures the unidentifiable services received (to be received) as the difference between the fair value of the convertible loans issued and that of the identifiable consideration received, and the difference is recognised in profit or loss.

Transaction costs are apportioned between the liability and equity components of the convertible loans based on their relative carrying amounts at the date of issue. The portion relating to the equity component is charged directly to equity.

### 4. 重大會計政策(續)

### 財務負債及權益工具

財務負債及權益工具乃根據所訂立合約安排的內容及香港財務報告準則項下財務負債及權益工具的定義分類。權益工具為任何可證明本集團資產(經扣除其所有負債後)剩餘權益的合約。就特定財務負債及權益工具採納的會計政策於下文載列。

### 可換股債券

倘本集團收到的可識別代價似乎小於已發 行可轉換貸款之公平值,則本集團將已收 到(將予收到)的無法識別服務計量為已 發行可轉換貸款之公平值與已收到可識別 代價之公平值之間的差額,及差額於損益 內確認。

交易成本乃根據可換股貸款之負債及權益 部分於發行當日之相關賬面值按比例分 攤。與權益部分有關之份額乃直接在權益 中扣除。



## 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2019 截至二零一九年十二月三十一日止年度

#### 4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

### **Promissory notes**

Promissory notes are recognised initially at fair value, net of directly attributable transaction costs. After initial recognition, promissory notes are subsequently measured at amortised cost, using the effective interest rate method unless the effect of discounting would be immaterial, in which cases they are stated at cost. Gains and losses are recognised in consolidated income statements when the liabilities are derecognised as well as through the effective interest rate amortisation process.

Amortised cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and fees or costs that are integral part of the effective interest rate. The effective interest rate amortisation is included in finance cost in the consolidated income statement.

#### **Derivative financial instruments**

Derivatives (including conditional promissory notes at fair value) are initially recognised and subsequently measured at fair value with any gains or losses arising from changes in fair values recognised in profit or loss.

#### 重大會計政策(續) 4.

### 承兑票據

承兑票據初步按公平值扣除直接應佔交易 成本確認。初步確認後,承兑票據其後採 用實際利率法按攤銷成本計量,惟貼現影 響不重大的情況除外,在此情況下其按成 本列賬。當終止確認負債及诱過實際利率 攤銷過程進行時,收益及虧損於綜合損益 表確認。

攤銷成本經計及收購之任何折讓或溢價及 構成實際利率組成部分的費用或成本計 算。實際利率攤銷計入綜合損益表的財務 成本。

### 衍生金融工具

衍生工具(包括按公平值計量的有條件承 兑票據)初步確認,其後按公平值計量,且 公平值變動產生的任何收益或虧損於損益 確認。

## 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2019 截至二零一九年十二月三十一日止年度

#### 4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

### **Borrowings**

Borrowings are initially recognised at fair value, net of transaction costs incurred, and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Borrowings are classified as current liabilities unless the Group has an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least 12 months after the reporting period.

### Trade and other payables

Trade and other payables are initially recognised at their fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method unless the effect of discounting would be immaterial, in which case they are stated at cost.

### **Equity instruments**

Equity instruments issued by the Company are recorded at the proceeds received, net of direct issue costs.

#### Revenue from contracts with customers

Revenue is measured based on the consideration specified in a contract with a customer with reference to the customary business practices and excludes amounts collected on behalf of third parties. For a contract where the period between the payment by the customer and the transfer of the promised product or service exceeds one year, the consideration is adjusted for the effect of a significant financing component.

#### 重大會計政策(續) 4

### 借款

借款初步按公平值扣除所產生交易成本 確認,其後使用實際利率法按攤銷成本計

除非本集團擁有無條件權利將負債的償還 日期延後至報告期後至少12個月,否則借 款分類為流動負債。

### 應付貿易及其他賬項

應付貿易及其他賬項初步按其公平值確 認,其後以實際利率法按攤銷成本計量, 除非貼現影響屬微不足道,在此情況下, 則按成本列賬。

### 權益工具

本集團發行之權益工具按所收取所得款項 記錄,並扣除直接發行成本。

### 來自客戶合約之收益

收益乃參照商業慣例按與客戶訂立的合約 所列明的代價計量,並不包括代表第三方 收取的金額。就客戶付款至轉移所承諾產 品或服務需時超過一年的合約,代價會就 重大融資成分的影響進行調整。



## 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2019 截至二零一九年十二月三十一日止年度

#### 4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

### **Revenue from contracts with customers** (Continued)

The Group recognises revenue when it satisfies a performance obligation by transferring control over a product or service to a customer. Depending on the terms of a contract and the laws that apply to that contract, a performance obligation can be satisfied over time or at a point in time. A performance obligation is satisfied over time if:

- the customer simultaneously receives and consumes the benefits provided by the Group's performance;
- the Group's performance creates or enhances an asset that the customer controls as the asset is created or enhanced; or
- the Group's performance does not create an asset with an alternative use to the Group and the Group has an enforceable right to payment for performance completed to date.

If a performance obligation is satisfied over time, revenue is recognised by reference to the progress towards complete satisfaction of that performance obligation. Otherwise, revenue is recognised at a point in time when the customer obtains control of the product or service.

#### Other revenue

Interest income is recognised using the effective interest method.

Rental income is recognised on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

#### 重大會計政策(續) 4

### 來自客戶合約之收益(續)

本集團於完成向客戶轉移產品或服務控 制權的履約責任時確認收益。履約責任可 於一段時間內或於某個時點完成,視乎合 約條款及該合約適用的法律而定。倘符合 以下情況,則履約責任將於一段時間內完 成:

- 客戶同時收取並消耗本集團履約時 所帶來的利益;
- 本集團的履約行為創造或增強客戶 於資產創建或增強時所控制的資 產;或
- 本集團的履約行為並無創造可供本 集團作其他用途的資產,且本集團 擁有可強制執行權利就迄今已完成 的履約部分收取款項。

倘履約責任乃於一段時間內完成,則收益 會根據圓滿完成該項履約責任的進度確 認。否則,收益會於客戶獲得產品或服務 控制權的時點確認。

#### 其他收益

利息收入乃使用實際利率法確認。

租金收入乃於租期內按直線法確認。

## 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2019 截至二零一九年十二月三十一日止年度

#### 4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

### **Employee benefits**

### Employee leave entitlements

Employee entitlements to annual leave and long service leave are recognised when they accrue to employees. A provision is made for the estimated liability for annual leave and long service leave as a result of services rendered by employees up to the end of the reporting period.

Employee entitlements to sick leave and maternity leave are not recognised until the time of leave.

#### (b) Pension obligations

The Group contributes to defined contribution retirement schemes which are available to all employees. Contributions to the schemes by the Group and employees are calculated as a percentage of employees' basic salaries. The retirement benefit scheme cost charged to profit or loss represents contributions payable by the Group to the funds.

#### (c) Termination benefits

Termination benefits are recognised at the earlier of the dates when the Group can no longer withdraw the offer of those benefits and when the Group recognises restructuring costs and involves the payment of termination benefits.

#### 重大會計政策(續) 4

### 僱員福利

#### (a) 僱員假期

僱員享有的年假及長期服務假於賦 予僱員時確認。已就截至報告期末 僱員因提供服務而享有的年假及長 期服務假的估計負債計提撥備。

僱員的病假及產假於放假時方予確 認。

#### 退休金承擔 (b)

本集團向定額供款退休計劃作出供 款,全體僱員均可參與該計劃。供 款由本集團及僱員按僱員基本薪金 的百分比作出。自損益扣除的退休 福利計劃成本指本集團應向基金支 付的供款。

#### (c) 終止僱用福利

終止僱用福利於本集團不得再撤銷 提供該等福利,或當本集團確認重 組成本並涉及終止僱用福利時(以 較早者為準)確認。



## 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2019 截至二零一九年十二月三十一日止年度

#### 4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

### **Share-based payments**

The Group issues equity-settled share-based payments to certain directors, employees and distributors.

Equity-settled share-based payments to directors and employees are measured at the fair value (excluding the effect of non market-based vesting conditions) of the equity instruments at the date of grant. The fair value determined at the grant date of the equity-settled share-based payments is expensed on a straight-line basis over the vesting period, based on the Group's estimate of shares that will eventually vest and adjusted for the effect of non market-based vesting conditions.

Equity-settled share-based payments to distributors are measured at the fair value of the services rendered or if the fair value of the services rendered cannot be reliably measured, at the fair value of the equity instruments granted. The fair value is measured at the date the Group receives the services and is recognised as an expense.

### **Borrowing costs**

Borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of qualifying assets, which are assets that necessarily take a substantial period of time to get ready for their intended use or sale, are capitalised as part of the cost of those assets, until such time as the assets are substantially ready for their intended use or sale. Investment income earned on the temporary investment of specific borrowings pending their expenditure on qualifying assets is deducted from the borrowing costs eligible for capitalisation.

To the extent that funds are borrowed generally and used for the purpose of obtaining a qualifying asset, the amount of borrowing costs eligible for capitalisation is determined by applying a capitalisation rate to the expenditures on that asset. The capitalisation rate is the weighted average of the borrowing costs applicable to the borrowings of the Group that are outstanding during the period, other than borrowings made specifically for the purpose of obtaining a qualifying asset.

All other borrowing costs are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they are incurred.

#### 重大會計政策(續) 4

### 以股份支付的款項

本集團向若干董事、僱員及分銷商發放以 權益結算以股份支付的款項。

授予董事及僱員的以權益結算以股份支付 的款項於授出日期按權益工具的公平值計 量(不包括非市場歸屬條件的影響)。以權 益結算以股份支付的款項於授出日期所釐 定的公平值,乃根據本集團對將最終歸屬 股份的估計及就非市場歸屬條件的影響作 出調整,於歸屬期內以直線法支銷。

授予分銷商的以權益結算以股份支付的 款項按所提供服務的公平值計量,或倘無 法可靠地計量所提供服務的公平值,則按 所授出權益工具的公平值計量。公平值乃 按本集團獲得服務當日計量,並確認為開

#### 借款成本

直接歸屬於收購、建造或生產合資格資產 (指需要經過相當長時間方能投入作擬定 用途或出售的資產)的借款成本將撥充資 本作為該等資產的部分成本,直至該等資 產大致上能投入作擬定用途或出售為止。 在特定借款撥作合資格資產的開支前暫時 用作投資所賺取的投資收入,需自合資格 撥充資本的借款成本扣除。

就於一般情況下用作取得合資格資產而借 入的資金而言,合資格撥充資本的借款成 本金額按用於該項資產開支的資本化比率 計算得出。資本化比率為適用於本集團於 該期間尚未償還借款(不包括為取得合資 格資產而借入的特定借款)的加權平均借 款成本。

所有其他借款成本在其產生期間於損益內 確認。

## 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2019 截至二零一九年十二月三十一日止年度

#### 4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

### **Government grants**

Government grants are not recognised until there is reasonable assurance that the Group will comply with the conditions attaching to them and that the grants will be received.

Government grants are recognised in profit or loss on a systematic basis over the periods in which the Group recognises as expenses the related costs for which the grants are intended to compensate. Government grants related to depreciable assets are recognised as deferred income in the consolidated statement of financial position and transferred to profit or loss over the useful lives of the related assets.

### **Taxation**

Income tax represents the sum of the current tax and deferred tax

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from profit recognised in profit or loss because it excludes items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and it further excludes items that are never taxable or deductible. The Group's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

Deferred tax is recognised on differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the consolidated financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all taxable temporary differences and deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which deductible temporary differences, unused tax losses or unused tax credits can be utilised. Such assets and liabilities are not recognised if the temporary difference arises from goodwill or from the initial recognition (other than in a business combination) of other assets and liabilities in a transaction that affects neither the taxable profit nor the accounting profit.

#### 重大會計政策(續) 4

### 政府補助

在有合理保證證明本集團將遵守政府補助 的附帶條件後,政府補助方會予以確認及 將會得到補助。

政府補助乃於本集團將擬以補助所補償相 關成本確認為開支的期間內以系統基準於 損益中確認。與可折舊資產有關的政府補 助於綜合財務狀況表內確認為遞延收入, 並於相關資產之可使用年期內轉撥至損 益。

### 税項

所得税指即期税項與遞延税項的總額。

現時應付税項按年內應課税溢利計量。應 課税溢利與損益內確認的溢利不同,原因 為應課税溢利不包括其他年度的應課税或 可扣税收入或開支項目,亦不包括永不課 税或不可扣税的項目。本集團的即期税項 負債按報告期末前已頒佈或實質上已頒佈 的税率計量。

遞延税項按資產及負債於綜合財務報表的 賬面值與計算應課税溢利所用相應稅基間 的差額確認。遞延税項負債涌常會就所有 應課税暫時差額確認,而遞延税項資產則 按可能出現可用作對銷可扣税暫時差額、 未動用税項虧損或未動用税項抵免的應課 税溢利時確認。倘暫時差額乃因商譽或因 初始確認(業務合併除外)一項不影響應課 税溢利或會計溢利的交易的其他資產及負 債所產生,則有關資產及負債不予確認。



## 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2019 截至二零一九年十二月三十一日止年度

#### 4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### Taxation (Continued)

Deferred tax liabilities are recognised for taxable temporary differences arising on investments in subsidiaries, except where the Group is able to control the reversal of the temporary difference and it is probable that the temporary difference will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at the end of each reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax is calculated at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period when the liability is settled or the asset is realised, based on tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period. Deferred tax is recognised in profit or loss, except when it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, in which case the deferred tax is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity.

The measurement of deferred tax assets and liabilities reflects the tax consequences that would follow from the manner in which the Group expects, at the end of the reporting period, to recover or settle the carrying amount of its assets and liabilities.

For the purposes of measuring deferred tax for investment properties that are measured using the fair value model, the carrying amounts of such properties are presumed to be recovered through sale, unless the presumption is rebutted. The presumption is rebutted when the investment property is depreciable and is held within a business model of the Group whose business objective is to consume substantially all of the economic benefits embodied in the investment property over time, rather than through sale. If the presumption is rebutted, deferred tax for such investment properties are measured based on the expected manner as to how the properties will be recovered.

#### 重大會計政策(續) 4

### 税項(續)

遞延税項負債按於附屬公司的投資所產生 的應課税暫時差額確認,惟本集團有能力 控制暫時差額的撥回而暫時差額可能不會 於可見將來撥回的情況則除外。

遞延税項資產的賬面值於各報告期末作檢 討,並於不再可能取得足夠應課稅溢利收 回全部或部分資產時予以調減。

遞延税項按預期於結清負債或變現資產期 間適用的税率計量,而該税率乃基於報告 期末前已頒佈或實質上已頒佈的税率得 出。遞延稅項於損益內確認,惟當遞延稅 項與於其他全面收入或直接於權益內確認 的項目有關時,遞延税項亦會於其他全面 收入或直接於權益內確認。

遞延税項資產及負債的計量反映按照本集 團預期於報告期末收回或清償其資產及負 **債賬面值的方式所產生的税務後果。** 

就以公平值模式計量的投資物業而言,為 計量其遞延税項,該等物業的賬面值將假 定可透過出售方式收回,除非該假定遭駁 回則作別論。當投資物業可予折舊,並於 本集團以於一段時間內消耗該投資物業所 包含的絕大部分經濟利益(而非透過出售) 為業務目標的商業模式持有,假定即被駁 回。倘假定遭駁回,則該等投資物業的遞 延税項按該等物業的預期收回方式計量。

## 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2019 截至二零一九年十二月三十一日止年度

#### 4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

### Taxation (Continued)

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities and when they relate to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority and the Group intends to settle its current tax assets and liabilities on a net basis.

### Segment reporting

Operating segments and the amounts of each segment item reported in the financial statements are identified from the consolidated financial information provided regularly to the Group's most senior executive management for the purpose of allocating resources and assessing the performance of the Group's various lines of business.

Individually material operating segments are not aggregated for financial reporting purposes unless the segments have similar economic characteristics and are similar in respect of the nature of products and services, the nature of productions processes, the type or class of customers, the methods used to distribute the products or provide the services, and the nature of the regulatory environment. Operating segments which are not individually material may be aggregated if they share a majority of these criteria.

### **Related parties**

A related party is a person or entity that is related to the Group.

- (a) A person or a close member of that person's family is related to the Group if that person:
  - has control or joint control over the Group;
  - has significant influence over the Group; or (ii)
  - is a member of the key management personnel of the Company or of a parent of the Company.

#### 重大會計政策(續) 4

### 税項(續)

當有合法可強制執行權利以即期稅項資產 抵銷即期税項負債,且遞延税項資產及負 債與同一稅務機關所徵收的所得稅有關, 而本集團擬按淨額基準結算其即期稅項資 產及負債時, 遞延税項資產及負債即互相 抵銷。

### 分類報告

經營分類及財務報表呈報之各分類項目金 額從向本集團最高級行政人管理人員定期 提供之綜合財務資料中識別,有關財務資 料用以分配資源予本集團各項業務及評估 有關業務表現。

個別重大經營分部除非具備相近經濟特 點、相近產品及服務性質、生產程序性質、 客戶類型或類別、分銷產品或提供服務所 用方法及規管環境性質,否則於財務呈報 時不作合併計算。個別不屬重大之經營分 部如符合大部分準則,可合併計算。

#### 關連方

關連方為與本集團有關連的個人或實體。

- (a) 倘一名人士符合下列任何條件,則 該人士或該人士的近親與本集團有 關連:
  - 對本集團有控制權或共同控 制權;
  - 對本集團有重大影響力;或 (ii)
  - 為本公司或本公司母公司的 (iii) 主要管理人員。

## 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2019 截至二零一九年十二月三十一日止年度

#### 4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

### Related parties (Continued)

- An entity is related to the Group (reporting entity) if any of the following conditions applies:
  - (i) The entity and the Company are members of the same group (which means that each parent. subsidiary and fellow subsidiary is related to the others).
  - One entity is an associate or joint venture of the (ii) other entity (or an associate or joint venture of a member of a group of which the other entity is a member).
  - (iii) Both entities are joint ventures of the same third party.
  - One entity is a joint venture of a third entity and (iv) the other entity is an associate of the third entity.
  - The entity is a post-employment benefit plan for the benefit of employees of either the Group or an entity related to the Group. If the Group is itself such a plan, the sponsoring employers are also related to the Group.
  - (vi) The entity is controlled or jointly controlled by a person identified in (a).
  - A person identified in (a)(i) has significant (vii) influence over the entity or is a member of the key management personnel of the entity (or of a parent of the entity).
  - The entity, or any member of a group of which it is a part, provides key management personnel services to the Company or to a parent of the Company.

#### 重大會計政策(續) 4

### 關連方(續)

- 倘一間實體符合下列任何條件,則 該實體與本集團(報告實體)有關 連:
  - (i) 該實體與本公司屬同一集團 的成員公司(即各母公司、 附屬公司及同系附屬公司互 有關連)。
  - (ii) 一間實體為另一實體的聯營 公司或合營公司(或為某集 團成員公司的聯營公司或合 營公司,而該另一實體亦為 此集團的成員公司)。
  - 兩間實體均為同一第三方的 (iii) 合營公司。
  - 一間實體為第三方實體的合 (iv) 營公司,而另一實體為該第 三方實體的聯營公司。
  - 該實體乃為本集團或與本集 (v) 團有關連的實體的僱員福利 而設的離職後福利計劃。倘 本集團本身即為有關計劃, 則提供資助的僱主亦與本集 團有關連。
  - (vi) 該實體受(a)項所識別的人 士控制或共同控制。
  - (vii) 於(a)(i)項所識別的人士對該 實體有重大影響力,或為該 實體(或該實體的母公司) 的主要管理人員。
  - 該實體或其所屬集團的任何 (viii) 成員公司為本公司或本公司 的母公司提供主要管理人員 服務。

## 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2019 截至二零一九年十二月三十一日止年度

#### 4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

### Impairment of assets

At the end of each reporting period, the Group reviews the carrying amounts of its tangible assets and intangible assets except inventories and receivables to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have suffered an impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of any impairment loss. Where it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, the Group estimates the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs.

Recoverable amount is the higher of fair value less costs of disposal and value in use. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset.

If the recoverable amount of an asset or cash-generating unit is estimated to be less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of the asset or cash-generating unit is reduced to its recoverable amount. An impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss, unless the relevant asset is carried at a revalued amount, in which case the impairment loss is treated as a revaluation decrease.

Where an impairment loss subsequently reverses, the carrying amount of the asset or cash-generating unit is increased to the revised estimate of its recoverable amount, but so that the increased carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined (net of amortisation or depreciation) had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset or cash-generating unit in prior years. A reversal of an impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss, unless the relevant asset is carried at a revalued amount, in which case the reversal of the impairment loss is treated as a revaluation increase.

#### 重大會計政策(續) 4

### 資產減值

於各報告期末,本集團審閱其有形及無形 資產(存貨及應收款項除外)的賬面值,以 釐定是否有任何跡象顯示該等資產已出現 減值虧損。倘有任何該等跡象,則估計資 產的可收回金額以釐定任何減值虧損的程 度。倘無法估計個別資產的可收回金額, 則本集團會估計資產所屬現金產牛單位的 可收回金額。

可收回金額為公平值減出售成本與使用價 值兩者中的較高者。於評估使用價值時, 估計未來現金流量採用可反映現時市場對 金錢時間價值的評估及資產特定風險的税 前貼現率貼現至其現值。

倘資產或現金產生單位的可收回金額估計 少於其賬面值,則資產或現金產生單位的 賬面值將調減至其可收回金額。減值虧損 即時於損益內確認,除非相關資產按重估 金額列賬,在此情況下,減值虧損被視為 重估減值處理。

倘減值虧損於其後撥回,則資產或現金產 生單位的賬面值將增加至其經修訂的估計 可收回金額,惟按此增加的賬面值不得超 過假設於以往年度並無就資產或現金產生 單位確認減值虧損所應釐定的賬面值(扣 除攤銷或折舊)。減值虧損撥回即時於損 益內確認,除非相關資產按重估金額列賬 則除外,在此情況下,減值虧損撥回被視 為重估增值處理。



## 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2019 截至二零一九年十二月三十一日止年度

#### 4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

### **Provisions and contingent liabilities**

Provisions are recognised for liabilities of uncertain timing or amount when the Group has a present legal or constructive obligation arising as a result of a past event, it is probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made. Where the time value of money is material, provisions are stated at the present value of the expenditures expected to settle the obligation.

Where it is not probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required, or the amount cannot be estimated reliably, the obligation is disclosed as a contingent liability, unless the probability of outflow is remote. Possible obligations, whose existence will only be confirmed by the occurrence or nonoccurrence of one or more future events are also disclosed as contingent liabilities unless the probability of outflow is remote.

### Events after the reporting period

Events after the reporting period that provide additional information about the Group's position at the end of the reporting period or those that indicate the going concern assumption is not appropriate are adjusting events and are reflected in the consolidated financial statements. Events after the reporting period that are not adjusting events are disclosed in the notes to the consolidated financial statements when material.

#### 重大會計政策(續) 4

### 撥備及或然負債

倘本集團須就過往事件承擔現有法律或推 定責任,而履行該責任有可能導致經濟利 益流出且能對金額作出可靠估計,則就該 時間或金額不定的負債確認撥備。倘金錢 時間價值屬重大,則撥備按預期履行責任 的開支現值列示。

倘需要經濟利益流出的可能性不大,或金 額無法可靠地估計,則有關責任將披露為 或然負債,除非流出的可能性微乎其微。 可能出現的責任(其存在與否取決於一項 或多項未來事件是否發生)亦披露為或然 負債,除非流出的可能性微乎其微。

### 報告期後事項

提供有關本集團於報告期末狀況的額外資 料或顯示持續經營假設並不適用的報告期 後事項均屬調整事項,於綜合財務報表內 反映。不屬於調整事項的報告期後事項如 屬重大,則於綜合財務報表附註內披露。

## 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2019 截至二零一九年十二月三十一日止年度

#### 5. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND **JUDGEMENTS**

### Critical judgements in applying accounting policies

In the process of applying the accounting policies, the Director has made the following judgements that have the most significant effect on the amounts recognised in the consolidated financial statements.

#### (a) Going concern basis

These financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis, the validity of which depends upon the assumptions and measures as explained in note 2(a) to the consolidated financial statements.

#### (b) Deferred tax for investment properties

For the purposes of measuring deferred tax for investment properties that are measured using the fair value model, the Directors have reviewed the Group's investment property portfolios and concluded that the Group's investment properties are held under a business model whose objective is to consume substantially all of the economic benefits embodied in the investment properties over time, rather than through sale. Therefore, in determining the Group's deferred tax for investment properties, the Directors have rebutted the presumption that investment properties measured using the fair value model are recovered through sale.

#### (c) Consolidation of entity of less than 50% equity interest

Although the Group owns less than 50% of the equity interests in Shundong Port, Shundong Port is treated as a subsidiary because the Group is able to control the relevant activities of Shundong Port as a result of the concert party agreement entered between the Group and another shareholder of Shundong Port.

#### 關鍵會計估計及判斷 5.

### 應用會計政策的關鍵判斷

在應用會計政策的過程中,董事作出以下 對綜合財務報表內所確認金額構成最重大 影響的判斷。

#### (a) 持續經營基準

該等財務報表乃按持續經營基準編 製,其有效性乃視乎綜合財務報表 附註2(a)所述的假設及計量而定。

#### (b) 投資物業的遞延税項

就以公平值模式計量的投資物業而 言,為計量其遞延稅項,董事已檢 討本集團的投資物業組合,結論為 本集團的投資物業乃以於一段時間 內消耗該等投資物業所包含的絕大 部分經濟利益(而非透過出售)為 目標的商業模式持有。因此,於釐 定本集團投資物業的遞延税項時, 董事駁回以公平值模式計量的投資 物業將透過出售方式收回金額的假 定。

#### 合併股權少於50%的實體 (c)

儘管本集團於順東港務擁有少於 50%股權,順東港務被視為附屬公 司,乃因本集團與順東港務另一名 股東訂立一致行動人士協議而令本 集團可控制順東港務的相關活動。



## 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2019 截至二零一九年十二月三十一日止年度

#### 5. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND JUDGEMENTS (Continued)

### Critical judgements in applying accounting policies (Continued)

#### (d) Equity instruments at fair value through other comprehensive income

The Group owns 28% of the equity instruments in Tai'an Wanyue Real Estate Company Limited ("Tai'an Wanyue"). Tai'an Wanyue is treated as the equity instruments at fair value through other comprehensive income because the Group has no significant influence on the relevant activities of Tai'an Wanyue as a result of the shareholders' agreement entered between the Group and other shareholders of Tai'an Wanyue.

### Key sources of estimation uncertainty

The key assumptions concerning the future, and other key sources of estimation uncertainty at the end of the reporting period, that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year, are discussed below.

#### (a) Fair value of investment properties

The Group appointed an independent professional valuer to assess the fair value of the investment properties. In determining the fair value, the valuer has utilised a method of valuation which involves certain estimates. The Directors have exercised their judgement and are satisfied that the method of valuation is reflective of the current market conditions.

#### 關鍵會計估計及判斷(續) 5.

### 應用會計政策的關鍵判斷(續)

#### 按公平值計入其他全面收入之權益 (d) 工具

本集團於泰安萬岳置業有限公司 (「泰安萬岳」)擁有28%權益工 具。泰安萬岳被視為按公平值計入 其他全面收入之權益工具,原因是 本集團與泰安萬岳其他股東訂立股 東協議而令本集團對泰安萬岳相關 活動並無重大影響。

### 估計不確定性之主要來源

於報告期末有重大風險可致使下個財政年 度之資產及負債賬面值須作重大調整而與 未來有關之主要假設及估計不確定性之其 他主要來源論述如下。

#### 投資物業之公平值 (a)

本集團委聘獨立專業估值師以評估 投資物業之公平值。於釐定公平值 時,估值師已使用涉及若干估計的 估值方法。董事已行使其判斷,並 信納估值方法反映現行市況。

## 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2019 截至二零一九年十二月三十一日止年度

#### 5. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND JUDGEMENTS (Continued)

### Key sources of estimation uncertainty (Continued)

#### (b) Fair value of equity instruments at fair value through other comprehensive income

In the absence of guoted market prices in an active market, the Directors estimate the fair value of the Group's investment in Tai'an Wanyue, details of which are set out in notes 7 and 24 to the consolidated financial statements, by considering information from a variety of sources, including the financial position and financial performance of Tai'an Wanyue.

#### Impairment loss for bad and doubtful debts (c)

The Group makes impairment loss for bad and doubtful debts based on assessments of the recoverability of the trade and other receivables, including the current creditworthiness and the past collection history of each debtor. Impairments arise where events or changes in circumstances indicate that the balances may not be collectible. The identification of bad and doubtful debts requires the use of judgement and estimates. Where the actual result is different from the original estimate, such difference will impact the carrying value of the trade and other receivables and doubtful debt expenses in the year in which such estimate has been changed. If the financial conditions of the debtors were to deteriorate, resulting in an impairment of their ability to make payments, additional allowances may be required.

#### 關鍵會計估計及判斷(續) 5.

估計不確定性之主要來源(續)

#### (b) 按公平值計入其他全面收入之權益 工具之公平值

在缺乏活躍市場報價的情況下,董 事考慮多個來源的資料,包括泰安 萬岳的財務狀況及財務表現,以估 計本集團於泰安萬岳的投資公平 值,有關詳情載於綜合財務報表附 註7及24。

#### 壞賬及呆賬之減值虧損 (c)

本集團根據對應收貿易及其他賬項 可收回能力(包括每名債務人的當 前信譽及過往收款記錄)的評估, 就呆壞賬作出減值虧損。當發生事 件或情況有變顯示結餘可能無法 收回時,即產生減值。確定呆壞賬 需要運用判斷及估計。倘實際結果 有別於原先估計,則有關差額將於 該項估計出現變動的年度影響應收 貿易及其他賬項的賬面值及呆賬 開支。倘債務人的財務狀況日趨惡 化,以致無力償債,則可能須作額 外撥備。



## 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2019 截至二零一九年十二月三十一日止年度

#### 5. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND JUDGEMENTS (Continued)

### Key sources of estimation uncertainty (Continued)

#### (d) Fair value of convertible bonds

The Directors use their judgement in selecting an appropriate valuation technique for the Group's convertible bonds which are not quoted in the active market. Valuation techniques commonly used by market practitioners are applied. The fair value of the financial liability and equity component varies with different variables of certain subjective assumptions. Any change in these variables so adopted may materially affect the estimation of the value of these components.

#### Fair value of promissory notes (e)

The fair value is determined by an independent professional valuer. Valuation techniques commonly used by market practitioners are applied. The fair value of the promissory notes varies with different variables of certain subjective assumptions. Any change in these variables so adopted may materially affect the estimation of the value of promissory notes.

#### (f) Income taxes

The Group is subject to income taxes in several jurisdictions. Significant estimates are required in determining the provision for income taxes. There are many transactions and calculations for which the ultimate tax determination is uncertain during the ordinary course of business. Where the final tax outcome of these matters is different from the amounts that were initially recorded, such differences will impact the income tax and deferred tax provisions in the period in which such determination is made.

#### 關鍵會計估計及判斷(續) 5.

估計不確定性之主要來源(續)

#### (d) 可換股債券之公平值

董事於為並無於活躍市場報價之本 集團可換股債券選取合適估值方法 時使用其判斷。應用市場從業人員 普遍使用的估值技術。財務負債及 權益部分的公平值因若干主觀假設 的不同變量而不同。所採納的該等 變量的任何變動均可能對該等部分 的估值造成重大影響。

#### 承兑票據之公平值 (e)

公平值乃由獨立專業估值師釐定。 採用市場從業人員常用的估值方 法。承兑票據公平值隨若干主觀假 設的不同變量而不同。所採納的該 等變量如發生任何變化可能對承兑 票據估值造成重大影響。

#### (f) 所得税

本集團須於數個司法權區繳納所得 税。釐定所得税撥備時,須作出重 大估計。於日常業務過程中充斥多 項使最終税務釐定無法確定的交易 及計量。倘該等事項的最終税務結 果有別於初步入賬的金額,則有關 差額將影響釐定期間的所得税及遞 延税項撥備。

## 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2019 截至二零一九年十二月三十一日止年度

#### 6. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

The Group's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks: foreign currency risk, price risk, credit risk, liquidity risk and interest rate risk. The Group's overall risk management programme focuses on the unpredictability of financial markets and seeks to minimise potential adverse effects on the Group's financial performance.

#### Foreign currency risk (a)

Revenue and expenses of the Group are mostly in United States dollars ("US\$") and RMB. Exposures to currency exchange rates arise from certain of the Group's cash and bank balances which are denominated in US\$. The Group does not use derivative financial instruments to hedge its foreign currency risk. The Group reviews its foreign currency exposures regularly and does not consider its foreign exchange risk to be significant.

By assessing foreign currency risk on cash and bank balances, the effect arising from a reasonably possible change in the exchange rates of HK\$ against US\$ in the next twelve months was not material to the loss for the year and accumulated losses at each of the reporting date, on the basis that all other variables remain constant.

#### (b) Price Risk

The Group's financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are measured at fair value at the end of each reporting period. Therefore, the Group is exposed to equity security price risk.

At 31 December 2019, if the share prices of the financial assets at fair value through profit or loss increase/decrease by 10%, profit after tax for the year would have been HK\$2,831,000 (2018: loss after tax for the year would have been HK\$1,440,000 lower/higher) higher/lower, arising as a result of the fair value gain/ loss of the financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

#### 6. 財務風險管理

本集團的業務活動使其承受多種金融風 險:外幣風險、價格風險、信貸風險、流動 資金風險及利率風險。本集團的整體風險 管理計劃專注於金融市場不可預測的特 性,力求盡量減低對本集團財務表現的潛 在不利影響。

#### 外幣風險 (a)

本集團之收益及開支大部分以美元 (「美元」)及人民幣計值。匯率風險 來自本集團以美元計值的若干現金 及銀行結存。本集團並無使用衍生 財務工具以對沖其外幣風險。本集 團定期檢討其外幣風險,認為其外 幣風險並不重大。

透過評估現金及銀行結存的外幣風 險,在所有其他變數維持不變的情 况下,未來十二個月港元兑美元的 雁率合理可能變動所產生的影響對 年內虧損及各報告日期的累計虧損 而言並不重大。

#### 價格風險 (b)

本集團的按公平值計入損益之財務 資產於各報告期末按公平值計量。 因此,本集團面臨股本證券價格風 險。

於二零一九年十二月三十一日,倘 按公平值計入損益之財務資產的股 價上升/下跌10%,則由於按公平 值計入損益之財務資產之公平值收 益/虧損導致年內除稅後溢利將 增加/減少2,831,000港元(二零 一八年:年內除税後虧損將減少/ 增加1,440,000港元)。



## 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2019 截至二零一九年十二月三十一日止年度

#### FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued) 6.

#### (c) Credit risk

The carrying amount of cash and bank balances, investments, amount due from an associate, trade and other receivables and loan receivables included in the consolidated statement of financial position represents the Group's maximum exposure to credit risk in relation to the Group's financial assets.

The credit risk on cash and bank balances is limited because the counterparties are banks with high creditratings.

In order to minimise credit risk, the Directors have delegated a team to be responsible for the determination of credit limits, credit approvals and other monitoring procedures. In addition, the Directors review the recoverable amount of each individual trade debt regularly to ensure that adequate impairment losses are recognised for irrecoverable debts. In this regard, the Directors consider that the Group's credit risk is significantly reduced.

Default risk of the industry in which customers operate also has an influence on credit risk but to a lesser extent. As at 31 December 2019, the Group has no concentration of credit risk (2018: 78% and 100% of total receivables was due from the Group's largest trade debtor and the three largest trade debtors respectively).

The Group considers whether there has been a significant increase in credit risk of financial assets on an ongoing basis throughout each reporting period by comparing the risk of a default occurring as at the reporting date with the risk of default as at the date of initial recognition. It considers available reasonable and supportive forwarding-looking information. Especially the following information is used:

- internal credit rating;
- external credit rating (if available);

#### 財務風險管理(續) 6.

#### (c) 信貸風險

綜合財務狀況表所包括的現金及銀 行結存、投資、應收聯營公司款項 應收貿易及其他賬項及應收貸款的 賬面值,相當於本集團就其財務資 產所承受的最高信貸風險。

現金及銀行結存的信貸風險有限, 因對手方均為信貸評級較高的銀

為將信貸風險降到最低,董事已委 派一個團隊負責釐定信貸限額、信 貸批准及其他監控程序。此外,董 事定期檢討各個別貿易債務的可收 回金額,以確保就不可收回債務確 認充足減值虧損。就此而言,董事 認為本集團信貸風險顯著降低。

客戶營運所在行業的違約風險亦對 信貸風險產生影響,但影響較小。 於二零一九年十二月三十一日,本 集團並無信貸風險集中(二零一八 年:由於應收賬項總額中78%及 100%分別為應收本集團最大貿易 債務人及三大貿易債務人款項)。

本集團持續對比財務資產於報告日 期發生違約的風險與於初始確認日 期的違約風險,以評估財務資產的 信貸風險於各報告期內有否大幅增 加。本集團亦考慮所能取得的合理 而有理據支持的前瞻性資料。尤其 使用到以下資料:

- 內部信貸評級;
- 外部信貸評級(倘適用);

## 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2019 截至二零一九年十二月三十一日止年度

#### 6. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

#### (c) Credit risk (Continued)

- actual or expected significant adverse changes in business, financial or economic conditions that are expected to cause a significant change to the borrower's ability to meet its obligations;
- actual or expected significant changes in the operating results of the borrower;
- significant increases in credit risk on other financial instruments of the same borrower;
- significant changes in the value of the collateral or in the quality of guarantees or credit enhancements: and
- significant changes in the expected performance and behaviour of the borrower, including changes in the payment status of borrowers.

A significant increase in credit risk is presumed if a debtor is more than 30 days past due in making a contractual payment. A default on a financial asset is when the counterparty fails to make contractual payments within 61 days of when they fall due.

Financial assets are written off when there is no reasonable expectation of recovery, such as a debtor failing to engage in a repayment plan with the Group. The Group normally categorises a loan or receivable for write off when a debtor fails to make contractual payments greater than 360 days past due. Where loans or receivables have been written off, the Group, if practicable and economical, continues to engage in enforcement activity to attempt to recover the receivable due.

#### 財務風險管理(續) 6.

#### (c) 信貸風險(續)

- 預期可導致借款人履行責任 能力出現重大變動的業務、 財務或經濟狀況的實際或預 期重大不利變動;
- 借款人經營業績的實際或預 期重大變動;
- 同一借款人的其他金融工具 的信貸風險大幅增加;
- 抵押品價值或擔保的質素或 信貸提升措施出現重大變 動;及
- 借款人預期表現及行為的重 大變動,包括借款人的付款 狀況變動。

倘債務人的約定付款逾期超過30 日,則假定信貸風險大幅增加。當 對手方未能於約定付款到期日起計 61日內支付款項,則財務資產出現 違約。

當合理預期無法收回財務資產(如 劃)時,財務資產即予撇銷。倘債務 人逾期超過360日仍未能按約定付 款,則本集團一般會撇銷該貸款或 應收款項。倘貸款或應收款項被撇 銷,則本集團在實際可行及符合經 濟效益的情況下,將繼續採取強制 行動以試圖收回到期應收款項。



## 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2019 截至二零一九年十二月三十一日止年度

#### FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued) 6.

#### (c) Credit risk (Continued)

The Group measures loss allowances for trade receivables at an amount equal to lifetime ECLs, which is calculated using a provision matrix. As the Group's historical credit loss experience does not indicate significantly different loss patterns for different customer segments, the loss allowance based on past due status is not further distinguished between the Group's different customer bases.

Expected loss rates are based on actual loss experience over the past 5 years. These rates are adjusted to reflect differences between economic conditions during the period over which the historic data has been collected, current conditions and the Group's view of economic conditions over the expected lives of the receivables. The Group concluded that impact of ECLs on trade receivables are insignificant as at 31 December 2019.

The Group uses two categories for non-trade loan receivables which reflect their credit risk and how the loan loss provision is determined for each of the categories. In calculating the expected credit loss rates, the Group considers historical loss rates for each category and adjusts for forward looking data.

#### Category Definition 類別 定義 Performina Low risk of default and strong capacity to pay 履行 低違約風險及強度支付能力 Significant increase in credit risk Non-performing 不履行 信貸風險大幅增加

All of these loans are considered to have low risk and under the 'Performing' category because they have a low risk of default and have strong ability to meet their obligations. No provision for loss allowance was recognised for the years of 2019 and 2018.

#### 財務風險管理(續) 6.

#### (c) 信貸風險(續)

本集團以全期預期信貸虧損金額計 量應收賬項的虧損撥備,該金額使 用撥備矩陣計算。由於本集團的歷 史信貸虧損經驗並沒有顯示不同客 戶群的虧損模式存在顯著差異,按 逾期狀態的虧損撥備不會進一步按 本集團的不同客戶群區分。

預期信貸虧損率按過去5年的實際 虧損經驗計算,並按收集歷史數據 期間的經濟狀況、當前狀況和本集 **国按經濟狀況對應收賬項預期年** 期的看法的差異來調整此等利率。 本集團認為,於二零一九年十二月 三十一日,預期信貸虧損對應收貿 易賬項的影響並不重大。

本集團就非貿易應收貸款使用兩個 類別反映其信貸風險以及如何確定 各類別的貸款虧損撥備。於計算預 期信貸虧損率時,本集團考慮各類 別歷史虧損率及就前瞻性數據做出 的調整。

Loss provision		
虧損撥備		
12 month expected losses 12個月預期虧損		
Lifetime expected losses		
全期預期虧損		

所有該等貸款被視為風險較低及均 屬於「履行」類別,乃由於其違約風 險較低,且擁有可履行其責任的強 大能力。於二零一九年及二零一八 年,並無確認虧損撥備。

## 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2019 截至二零一九年十二月三十一日止年度

#### 6. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

#### 財務風險管理(續) 6.

#### (d) Liquidity risk

The Group's policy is to regularly monitor current and expected liquidity requirements to ensure that it maintains sufficient reserves of cash to meet its liquidity requirements in the short and longer term.

The maturity analysis of the Group's financial liabilities is as follow:

#### 流動資金風險 (d)

本集團的政策為定期監察目前及預 期的流動資金需要,以確保其維持 充足的現金儲備以應付短期及長期 的流動資金需要。

本集團財務負債的到期狀況分析如

					Total	
		Within	More than		contractual	
		6 months or	6 months to	More than	undiscounted	Carrying
		on demand	12 months	1 year	cash flow	amounts
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		六個月內	六個月以上		合約性無貼現	
		或按要求	至十二個月	一年以上	現金流量總額	賬面值
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
At 31 December 2019	於二零一九年					
	十二月三十一日					
Other payables and accruals	其他應付款項及應計款項	201,709	-	-	201,709	201,709
Amounts due to non-	應付非控股股東款項					
controlling interests		3,817	-	146,201	150,018	148,458
Bank borrowings	銀行借款	133,986	53,020	64,997	252,003	240,263
Other borrowings	其他借款	72,737	82,422	10,700	165,859	158,380
Convertible bonds	可換股債券	_	26,940	-	26,940	26,221
Promissory notes	承兑票據	1,530	20,483	164,951	186,964	152,545
		413,779	182,865	386,849	983,493	927,576
At 31 December 2018	於二零一八年					
ACST December 2010	十二月三十一日					
Other payables and accruals	其他應付款項及應計款項	383,885	_	-	383,885	383,885
Amounts due to non-	應付非控股股東款項					
controlling interests		_	_	280,638	280,638	259,418
Bank borrowings	銀行借款	74,733	93,179	78,695	246,607	234,840
Other borrowings	其他借款	130,891	1,759	45,947	178,597	171,526
Convertible bonds	可換股債券	35,258		26,940	62,198	60,508
		624,767	94,938	432,220	1,151,925	1,110,177



## 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2019 截至二零一九年十二月三十一日止年度

#### FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued) 6.

#### Interest rate risk (e)

The Group's exposure to interest-rate risk arises from its bank deposits, loan receivables, other borrowings, amounts due to non-controlling shareholders, bank borrowings, convertible bonds and promissory notes. Except for the bank balances, convertible bonds and promissory notes, all these bear interests at fixed interest rates and therefore are subject to fair value interest rate risks.

The Group considered interest rate risk on bank balances is insignificant.

#### Categories of financial instruments at (f) 31 December

#### 財務風險管理(續) 6.

#### 利率風險 (e)

本集團面臨之利率風險來自其銀行 存款、應收貸款、其他借款、應付非 控股股東款項、銀行借款、可換股 債券及承兑票據。除銀行結存、可 換股債券及承兑票據外,所有該等 款項按固定利率計息,因此須承受 公平值利率風險。

本集團認為銀行結存之利率風險不 重大。

#### 於十二月三十一日的財務 (f) 工具類別

		2019 HK\$'000 二零一九年 千港元	2018 HK\$'000 二零一八年 千港元
Financial assets: Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	財務資產: 按公平值計入損益之 財務資產	28,314	14,407
Equity instruments at fair value through other comprehensive income Financial assets at amortised cost		226,060	- 14,407
(including cash and cash equivalents)		294,853	501,832
		549,227	516,239
<b>Financial liabilities:</b> Financial liabilities at fair value through	<b>財務負債</b> : 按公平值計入損益		
profit or loss Financial liabilities at amortised cost	之財務負債 按攤銷成本列賬的財務負債	70,455 857,121	- 1,110,177
		927,576	1,110,177

### (g) Fair values

The carrying amounts of the Group's financial assets and financial liabilities as reflected in the consolidated statement of financial position approximate their respective fair values.

### (g) 公平值

綜合財務狀況表所列的本集團財務 資產及財務負債的賬面值與其各自 公平值相若。

## 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2019 截至二零一九年十二月三十一日止年度

#### 7. FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The following disclosures of fair value measurements use a fair value hierarchy that categorises into three levels the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value:

quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets Level 1 inputs:

> for identical assets or liabilities that the Group can access at the measurement date.

Level 2 inputs: inputs other than quoted prices included

> within level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly.

unobservable inputs for the asset or liability. Level 3 inputs:

The Group's policy is to recognise transfers into and transfers out of any of the three levels as of the date of the event or change in circumstances that caused the transfer.

#### 公平值計量 7.

公平值指於計量日期市場參與者於有序交 易中就出售資產收取或就轉讓負債支付的 價格。以下披露的公平值計量採用一套公 平值層級,將計量公平值所用估值技術的 輸入數據劃分成三個層級:

第一級 本集團於計量日期可於活躍

輸入數據: 市場上就相同資產或負債獲

得的報價(未經調整)。

第二級 就資產或負債可直接或間接

輸入數據: 觀察的輸入數據(第一級所

包括的報價除外)。

第三級 資產或負債的不可觀察輸入

輸入數據: 數據。

本集團的政策為於導致轉移的事件發生或 狀況有變當日,確認該三個層級中任何一 級的轉入及轉出。



## 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2019 截至二零一九年十二月三十一日止年度

#### FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS (Continued) 7. 公平值計量 (續) 7.

(a) Disclosures of level in fair value hierarchy at 31 December

(a) 於十二月三十一日公平值 層級的披露級別

		Fair value measurements using: 公平值計量使用以下層級:			<b>2019</b> 二零一九年
		Level 1 HK\$'000 第一級	Level 2 HK\$'000 第二級	Level 3 HK\$'000 第三級	Total HK\$'000 總計
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
Recurring fair value measurements:	經常性公平值計量:				
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	按公平值計入損益的 財務資產				
Listed equity investments	上市股本投資	28,314	_	_	28,314
Equity instruments at fair value through other comprehensive income	按公平值計入其他全面 收入的權益工具				
Private equity investments	私募股權投資	_	-	226,060	226,060
Investment properties Commercial – PRC	投資物業 商用-中國	-	-	1,441,575	1,441,575
Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss	按公平值計入損益的 財務負債				
Promissory notes	承兑票據	-	_	(70,455)	(70,455)
Total recurring fair value	經常性公平值計量總額				
measurements		28,314	_	1,597,180	1,625,494

## 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2019 截至二零一九年十二月三十一日止年度

#### 7. **FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS** (Continued)

## Disclosures of level in fair value hierarchy at 31 December (Continued)

### 7. 公平值計量(續)

Fair value measurements using: 公平值計量使用以下層級:

### (a) 於十二月三十一日公平值 層級的披露級別(續)

2018

二零一八年

		Level 1 HK\$'000	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
			HK\$'000	HK\$'000 第三級	HK\$'000 總計	
		第一級	第二級			
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	
Recurring fair value	經常性公平值計量:					
measurements:						
Investments at fair value	按公平值計入損益					
through profit or loss	之投資					
Listed equity investments	上市股本投資	14,407	_	_	14,407	
Investment properties	投資物業					
Commercial – PRC	商用一中國		_	1,425,000	1,425,000	
Total recurring fair value	經常性公平值計量總額					
measurements		14,407	_	1,425,000	1,439,407	

During the year ended 31 December 2019, there were no transfer between Level 1 and Level 2, or transfers into or out of Level 3 (2018: Nil). The Group's policy is to recognise transfer between levels of fair value hierarchy as at the end of the reporting period in which they occur.

截至二零一九年十二月三十一日止 年度,第一級與第二級之間並無轉 撥,亦無轉入或轉出第三級(二零 一八年:無)。本集團的政策為於其 發生報告期末確認公平值層級之間 的轉撥。



## 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2019 截至二零一九年十二月三十一日止年度

- FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS (Continued) 7. 公平值計量 (續) 7.

  - (b) Reconciliation of assets/(liabilities) measured at fair value based on level 3
- 根據第三級按公平值計量 (b) 的資產/(負債)對賬

		Liabilities 負債		sets 產	
			Equity instruments		
		Financial	at fair value		
		liabilities at	through		
		fair value	other		
		through	comprehensive		
		profit or loss	income		
		Promissory	Private equity	Investment	2019
		notes	investments	properties	Total
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
			按公平值		
		按公平值	計入其他全面		
		計入損益的	收入的		
		財務負債	權益工具		二零一九年
		承兑票據	私募股本投資	投資物業	總計
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
At the beginning of the year	於年初	-	-	1,425,000	1,425,000
Addition	添置	-	226,060	39,583	265,643
Total gains or losses recognised	於以下各項確認的收益或 虧損總額				
in profit or loss (#)	損益(#)	-	-	5,196	5,196
in other comprehensive income	其他全面收入	-	-	(28,204)	(28,204)
Issues	發行	(70,455)	-	-	(70,455)
At the end of reporting period	於報告期末	(70,455)	226,060	1,441,575	1,597,180
The title end of reporting period	W IN EL MINI	(10,433)	220,000	1,441,575	1,337,100
(#) Included gains for assets/(liabilities) held at the	(#) 包括於報告期末所持 資產/(負債)的收益				
end of reporting period	ACT (ARTHUM	-	-	5,196	5,196

## 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2019 截至二零一九年十二月三十一日止年度

#### 7. FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS (Continued)

### Reconciliation of assets/(liabilities) measured at fair value based on level 3 (Continued)

#### 7. 公平值計量(續)

### 根據第三級按公平值計量 的資產/(負債)對賬 (續)

		Investment	2018
		properties	Total
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
			二零一八年
		投資物業	總計
		千港元	千港元
At the beginning of the year	於年初	1,500,000	1,500,000
Addition	添置	5,732	5,732
Total gains or losses recognised	於以下各項確認的收益或 虧損總額		
in profit or loss (#)	損益(#)	(5,986)	(5,986)
in other comprehensive income	其他全面收入	(74,746)	(74,746)
At the end of reporting period	於報告期末	1,425,000	1,425,000
(#) Included gains for assets held at	(#) 包括於報告期末所持		
the end of reporting period	資產的收益	(5,986)	(5,986)

The total gains or losses recognised in profit or loss are presented in fair value gain/(loss) on investment properties in the consolidated income statement.

Disclosure of valuation process used by the Group and valuation techniques and inputs used in fair value measurements at 31 December

> The Directors are responsible for the fair value measurements of assets and liabilities required for financial reporting purposes, including level 3 fair value measurements.

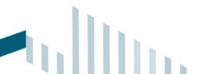
> The Group has engaged an independent valuer, APAC Asset Valuation and Consulting Limited, to determine the fair value of the investment properties as at 31 December 2019 and 2018.

於損益確認的收益或虧損總額於綜 合損益表內以投資物業之公平值收 益/(虧損)呈列。

於十二月三十一日本集團 (c) 使用估值程序及估值技術 以及公平值計量所用輸入 數據披露

> 董事負責就財務報告進行所需資產 及負債的公平值計量(包括第三級 公平值計量)。

> 本集團已聘用獨立估值師亞太資產 評估及顧問有限公司,以釐定投資 物業於二零一九年及二零一八年 十二月三十一日之公平值。



# 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2019 截至二零一九年十二月三十一日止年度

#### FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS (Continued) 7.

### Disclosure of valuation process used by the Group and valuation techniques and inputs used in fair value measurements at 31 December (Continued)

The Group has engaged an independent valuer, APAC Asset Valuation and Consulting Limited, to determine the fair value of equity instruments at fair value through other comprehensive income and fair value of promissory notes as at 31 December 2019.

Key unobservable inputs used in level 3 fair value measurements on assets/(liabilities) are mainly:

#### 公平值計量 (續) 7.

於十二月三十一日本集團 (c) 使用估值程序及估值技術 以及公平值計量所用輸入 數據披露(續)

> 本集團已聘用獨立估值師亞太資產 評估及顧問有限公司,以釐定按公 平值計入其他全面收入之權益工具 之公平值及承兑票據於二零一九年 十二月三十一日之公平值。

> 資產/(負債)第三級公平值計量 所用主要不可觀察輸入數主要為:

Description	Valuation technique and key inputs	Significant unobservable inputs	Range	Effect on fair value for increase of inputs	Fair value 2019 HK\$'000 公平值
描述	估值技術及 主要輸入數據	重大不可觀察 輸入數據	範圍	輸入數據增加 對公平值的影響	二零一九年 千港元
Investment properties	Income approach	(1) Rent growth rate per annum	0% to 6%	Increase	
投資物業	收入法	(1) 租金年增長率	0%至6%	增加	
		(2) Discount rate	8%	Decrease	
		(2) 貼現率	8%	減少	
		(3) Capitalisation rate (3) 資本化率	4.5% 4.5%	Decrease 減少	1,441,575

# 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2019 截至二零一九年十二月三十一日止年度

#### 7. FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS (Continued)

### Disclosure of valuation process used by the Group and valuation techniques and inputs used in fair value measurements at 31 December (Continued)

### 7. 公平值計量 (續)

於十二月三十一日本集團 (c) 使用估值程序及估值技術 以及公平值計量所用輸入 數據披露(續)

Description	Valuation technique and key inputs	Significant unobservable inputs	Range	Effect on fair value for increase of inputs	Fair value 2019 HK\$'000 公平值
描述	估值技術及 主要輸入數據	重大不可觀察 輸入數據	範圍	輸入數據增加 對公平值的影響	二零一九年 千港元
Private equity investments	Asset-based approach	(1) Discount for lack of marketability	15.8%	Decrease	
私募股本投資	資產法	(1) 缺乏適銷性折讓	15.8%	減少	
		(2) Discount for lack of control	10%	Decrease	
		(2) 缺乏控制性折讓	10%	減少	
		(3) Fair value of net assets as at 31 December 2019	RMB955,724,000	Increase	226,060
		(3) 於二零一九年 人 十二月三十一日 之資產淨值 公平值	、民幣955,724,000元	增加	
Promissory notes	Scenario Probability Analysis	(1) Discount rate	7.5%	Decrease	
承兑票據	情況概約分析	(1) 貼現率	7.5%	減少	
		(2) Probability of fulfilment of conditions	95%-100%	Increase	(70,455)
		(2) 達成條件的可能性	95%-100%	增加	



# 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2019 截至二零一九年十二月三十一日止年度

#### 7. FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS (Continued)

- Disclosure of valuation process used by the Group and valuation techniques and inputs used in fair value measurements at 31 December (Continued)
- 公平值計量(續) 7.
  - 於十二月三十一日本集團 使用估值程序及估值技術 以及公平值計量所用輸入 數據披露(續)

	V. L. C	C: :::		Effect on	F 1 1
	Valuation	Significant unobservable		fair value for increase	Fair value 2018
	technique and		_		
Description	key inputs	inputs	Range	of inputs	HK\$'000
					公平值
	估值技術及	重大不可觀察		輸入數據增加	二零一八年
折舊	主要輸入數據	輸入數據	範圍	對公平值的影響	千港元
Investment	Income approach	(1) Rent growth	0% to 6%	Increase	
properties		rate per			
		annum			
投資物業	收入法	(1) 租金年增長率	0%至6%	增加	
		(2) Discount rate	8%	Decrease	
		(2) 貼現率	8%	減少	
		(3) Capitalisation	4.5%	Decrease	1,425,000
		rate			
		(3) 資本化率	4.5%	減少	

There were no changes in the valuation techniques used for the years ended 31 December 2019 and 2018.

截至二零一九年及二零一八年十二 月三十一日止年度所用估值技術並 無變動。

# 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2019 截至二零一九年十二月三十一日止年度

#### 8. **REVENUE**

#### 收益 8.

		2019 HK\$'000 二零一九年 千港元	2018 HK\$'000 二零一八年 千港元 (Re-presented) (重列)
Revenue from contracts with customers:	來自客戶合約之收益:		
Agency income from Insurance Brokerage Service (continuing operations)	保險經紀服務之代理收入 (持續經營業務)	8	1
Sale of crude oil (discontinued operation)	銷售原油(已終止經營業務)	16,436	37,247
		16,444	37,248
Revenue from other sources: Rental income from investment properties	<b>來自其他來源之收益</b> : 投資物業租金收入		
(continuing operations)	(持續經營業務)	129,830	115,080
Total revenue	總收益	146,274	152,328
Representing: Continuing operations	指: 持續經營業務	129,838	115,081
Discontinued operation (note 14(a))	已終止經營業務(附註14(a))	16,436	37,247
		146,274	152,328

#### Note:

Sale of crude oil from Oil Production is recognised at point in time when there is evidence that the control of crude oil has been transferred to the customer, the customer has adequate control over crude oil and the Group has no unfulfilled obligations that affect customer accepting the crude oil.

Agency income from Insurance Brokerage Service is recognised at point in time as contracts are signed with the ultimate customers.

For the years ended 31 December 2018 and 2019, all revenue from contracts with customers is recognised at a point in time.

#### 附註:

產油業務中原油銷售於有證據顯示原油控制權 已轉移予客戶,客戶對原油擁有足夠控制權,且 本集團並無未履行責任足以影響客戶接受原油 之時間點確認。

保險經紀服務代理收入於與最終客戶訂立合約 的時間點確認。

截至二零一九年及二零一八年十二月三十一日 止年度,所有來自客戶合約之收益於某一時間 點確認。



# 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2019 截至二零一九年十二月三十一日止年度

#### INTEREST REVENUE AND OTHER INCOME 9. AND OTHER GAINS AND LOSSES

利息收入及其他收入及其他收 9. 益及虧損

(a) Interest revenue

(a) 利息收入

		2019 HK\$'000 二零一九年 千港元	2018 HK\$'000 二零一八年 千港元 (Re-presented) (重列)
Continuing operations Bank interest income Loan interest income	<b>持續經營業務</b> 銀行利息收入 貸款利息收入	39 10,831	1,270 618
		10,870	1,888
<b>Discontinued operation</b> (note 14(a)) Bank interest income	已終止業務經營 (附註14(a)) 銀行利息收入	1	6
		10,871	1,894

#### (b) Other income and other gains and losses

# (b) 其他收入及其他收益及虧

		2019 HK\$'000 二零一九年 千港元	2018 HK\$'000 二零一八年 千港元 (Re-presented) (重列)
Continuing operations Fair value gain on financial assets at fair value through profit of loss	持續經營業務 按公平值計入損益之財務資產 公平值收益	15,992	_
Gain on disposal of property, plant and equipment Gain on disposal of financial assets at	出售物業、廠房及設備之收益 出售按公平值計入損益之財務	-	19
fair value through profit or loss Rental income from sub-letting of	資產之收益 分租租賃資產之租賃收入	2,460	76
leased assets		487	164
Government grants (note)	政府補助(附註)	-	6,914
Sundry income	雜項收入	187	618
		19,126	7,791
Discontinued operation (note 14(a))	已終止業務經營(附註14(a))		
Sundry income	雜項收入	17	_
		17	_
		19,143	7,791

# 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2019 截至二零一九年十二月三十一日止年度

#### 9. INTEREST REVENUE AND OTHER INCOME AND OTHER GAINS AND LOSSES

(Continued)

Note: In April 2018, a subsidiary of the Company has been granted from the Ministry of Transport a subsidy of RMB5,810,000 (approximately HK\$6,914,000) in respect of usage of clean energy in the operations of the Oil and Liquefied Chemical Terminal in the PRC.

#### 10. SEGMENT INFORMATION

The Group has identified its operating segments and prepared segment information based on the regular internal financial information reported to management of the Group for their decisions about resources allocation to the Group's business components and review of these components' performance. The business components in the internal reporting to management of the Group are determined based on the Group's major product and service lines. The Group has identified the following reportable segments:

- the Oil and Liquefied Chemical Terminal segment represents the business of the leasing of the Port and Storage Facilities;
- the Insurance Brokerage Service segment represents the business of providing insurance brokerage service; and
- the Oil Production segment represents the business of oil production. This segment was discontinued during the year ended 31 December 2019. Details are explained in note 14 to the consolidated financial statements.

The accounting policies of the reportable and operating segments are the same as those described in the summary of significant accounting policies.

There was no inter-segment sale and transfer during the years of 2018 and 2019.

#### 9. 利息收入及其他收入及其他收 益及虧捐 (續)

附註: 於二零一八年四月,本公司一間附屬公 司就於中國使用清潔能源營運油品及液 體化學品碼頭已自交通部獲得補貼人民 幣5,810,000元(約6,914,000港元)。

#### 10. 分類資料

本集團已根據定期向本集團管理層匯報以 供決定分配資源至本集團業務分部及檢討 該等分部表現之內部財務資料,確立其營 運分類及編製分類資料。 向本集團管理層 進行內部報告之業務分部乃按照本集團主 要產品及服務種類釐定。本集團已確立以 下報告分類:

- 油品及液體化工品碼頭分類,指和 賃碼頭及儲存設施業務;
- 保險經紀服務分類,指提供保險經 紀服務;及
- 產油分類,指產油業務。本分類已 於截至二零一九年十二月三十一日 止年度終止經營。詳情載於綜合財 務報表附註14。

報告及經營分類之會計政策與重大會計政 策概要所述者相同。

於二零一八年及二零一九年,並無分類間 銷售及轉撥。



# 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2019 截至二零一九年十二月三十一日止年度

#### 10. **SEGMENT INFORMATION** (Continued)

### Customers from Oil and Liquefied Chemical Terminal and Oil Production segments are located in the PRC whereas customers from Insurance Brokerage Service segment are located in Hong Kong. Geographical location of customers is based on the location at which the goods are delivered and the contracts are negotiated and entered into with the customers. No geographical location of non-current assets is presented as substantial non-current assets are physically based in the PRC.

Information about reportable segment profit or loss, assets and liabilities:

#### 10. 分類資料 (續)

來自油品及液體化工品碼頭及產油分類的 客戶均位於中國,而來自保險經紀服務分 類的客戶則位於香港。客戶所在地理位置 基於貨品交付地點及與客戶協商及訂立 合約的地點。並無呈列非流動資產地理位 置,此及由於大部分非流動資產實際位於 中國。

有關報告分類損益、資產及負債的資料:

		Continuing	operations	Discontinued operation 已終止	
		持續經	營業務	經營業務	
		Oil and			
		Liquefied	Insurance		
		Chemical	Brokerage	Oil	
		Terminal	Service	Production	Total
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		油品及液體	保險經紀		
		化工品碼頭	服務	產油	總計
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
For the year ended	截至二零一九年				
31 December 2019	十二月三十一日止年度				
Revenue from external customers	來自外部客戶之收益	129,830	8	16,436	146,274
Segment profit/(loss)	分類溢利/(虧損)	110,045	(2,044)	2,622	110,623
Interest revenue	利息收入	_	_	1	1
Depreciation of property,	物業、廠房及設備折舊				
plant and equipment		(765)	(5)	(86)	(856)
Depreciation of right-of-use assets	使用權資產折舊	(571)	(372)	(264)	(1,207)
Amortisation of intangible assets	無形資產攤銷	_	_	(277)	(277)
Fair value gain of	投資物業的公平值收益				
investment properties		5,196	-	-	5,196
Additions to segment	分類非流動資產添置				
non-current assets		41,182	-	-	41,182
As at 31 December 2019	於二零一九年 十二月三十一日				
Segment assets	カガート ロータート 分類資産	1,597,492	489	_	1,597,981
Segment liabilities	分類負債	(803,259)	(56)	_	(803,315)

# 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2019 截至二零一九年十二月三十一日止年度

### 10. **SEGMENT INFORMATION** (Continued)

# **10.** 分類資料(續)

				Discontinued	
		Continuing	operations	operation	
		持續經營業務		已終止 經營業務	
			5 木 切 —————	二二二二二二二二二二二二二二二二二二二二二二二二二二二二二二二二二二二二二二	
		Oil and			
		Liquefied	Insurance	O:I	
		Chemical	Brokerage	Oil	Total
		Terminal HK\$'000	Service HK\$'000	Production	HK\$'000
		油品及液體		HK\$'000	HK\$ 000
		出	保險經紀 服務	產油	總計
		11. 工品调明 千港元	服務 千港元	生	総司 千港元
			T/仓儿	一 一 一 一 一 一	一 一 一 一 一 一
For the year ended	截至二零一八年				
31 December 2018	十二月三十一日止年度				
Revenue from external customers	來自外部客戶之收益	115,080	1	37,247	152,328
Segment profit/(loss)	分類溢利/(虧損)	94,629	(290)	(59,635)	34,704
Interest revenue	利息收入	1,133	-	6	1,139
Depreciation of property,	物業、廠房及設備折舊				
plant and equipment		(746)	(6)	(2,633)	(3,385)
Amortisation of intangible assets	無形資產攤銷	_	-	(870)	(870)
Write-off of property,	物業、廠房及設備撇銷				
plant and equipment		_	_	(1,559)	(1,559)
Impairment of property,	物業、廠房及設備減值				
plant and equipment		_	-	(526)	(526)
Impairment loss of	無形資產之減值虧損				
intangible assets		_	-	(62,801)	(62,801)
Fair value loss of	投資物業之公平值虧損				
investment properties		(5,986)	_	-	(5,986)
Additions to segment	分類非流動資產添置				
non-current assets		5,732	19	2,622	8,373
As at 31 December 2018	於二零一八年				
	十二月三十一日				
Segment assets	分類資產	1,522,475	2,721	203,633	1,728,829
Segment liabilities	分類負債	(977,763)	(630)	(195,359)	(1,173,752)

# 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2019 截至二零一九年十二月三十一日止年度

#### 10. **SEGMENT INFORMATION** (Continued)

Reconciliations of reportable segment revenue, profit or loss, assets and liabilities:

#### Revenue

No reconciliation of reportable and operating segment revenue is provided as the total revenue for reportable and operating segments is the same as Group's revenue.

#### **Profit or loss**

#### **10.** 分類資料(續)

報告分類收益、損益、資產及負債之對賬:

#### 收益

由於報告及經營分類總收益與本集團收益 相同,故並未提供報告及經營分類收益之 對賬。

#### 損益

		2019 HK\$'000 二零一九年 千港元	2018 HK\$'000 二零一八年 千港元 (Re-presented) (重列)
Total profit or loss of	報告分類總損益		
reportable segments		110,623	34,704
Finance cost	財務成本	(45,028)	(63,891)
Unallocated amounts:	未分配金額:		
Other corporate income	其他企業收入	29,323	833
Other corporate expenses	其他企業開支	(32,931)	(16,499)
Elimination of (profit)/loss for the year	已終止經營業務年內		
from discontinued operation	(溢利)/虧損之對銷	(2,622)	59,635
Consolidated profit before income	年內除所得税前綜合溢利		
tax for the year		59,365	14,782

#### 資產 **Assets**

		2019	2018
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		二零一九年	二零一八年
		千港元	千港元
Reportable segment assets	報告分類資產	1,597,981	1,728,829
Property, plant and equipment	物業、廠房及設備	2,345	3,538
Cash and bank balances	現金及銀行結存	47,736	274,824
Equity instruments at fair value through	按公平值計入其他		
other comprehensive income	全面收入的權益工具	226,060	_
Other corporate assets (note)	其他企業資產(附註)	199,354	209,340
Consolidated total assets	綜合總資產	2,073,476	2,216,531

# 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2019 截至二零一九年十二月三十一日止年度

#### 10. **SEGMENT INFORMATION** (Continued)

# 10. 分類資料(續)

#### Liabilities

負債

		<b>2019</b> HK\$'000 二零一九年 千港元	2018 HK\$'000 二零一八年 千港元
Reportable segment liabilities Convertible bonds Promissory notes Other corporate liabilities	報告分類負債 可換股債券 承兑票據 其他企業負債	803,315 26,221 152,545 65,018	1,173,752 60,508 - 53,000
Consolidated total liabilities	綜合總負債	1,047,099	1,287,260

Note:

附註:

Other corporate assets mainly included unallocated financial assets at fair value through profit or loss, loan receivables and refundable deposits.

其他企業資產主要包括按公平值計入損益之未 分配財務資產、應收貸款及可退還按金。

Revenue from major customers:

來自主要客戶之收益:

		2019 HK\$'000 二零一九年 千港元	2018 HK\$'000 二零一八年 千港元
Customer A (derived from Oil and Liquefied Chemical	客戶A(來源於油品及 液體化工品碼頭分類)		
Terminal segment)	7K BE 10 BH 449 2X 73 XX 7	129,830	115,080
Customer B (derived from	客戶B(來源於產油分類)		
Oil Production segment)		16,436	37,247
		146.266	152,327



# 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2019 截至二零一九年十二月三十一日止年度

#### 11. FINANCE COSTS

### 11. 財務成本

		2019 HK\$'000 二零一九年 千港元	2018 HK\$'000 二零一八年 千港元 (Re-presented) (重列)
Continuing operations	持續經營業務		
Imputed interest on	可換股債券之推算利息(附註36)		
convertible bonds (note 36)		971	17,414
Interest on bank and other borrowings	銀行及其他借款利息	29,553	30,702
Interest on promissory notes (note 37)	承兑票據利息(附註37)	818	_
Finance lease charges	融資租賃費用	_	4,675
Interest on amounts due to	應付非控股股東款項之利息		
non-controlling shareholders		12,879	11,100
Interest on lease liabilities	租賃負債利息	807	_
		45,028	63,891
<b>Discontinued operation</b> (note 14(a))	已終止經營業務(附註14(a))		
Interest on bank and other borrowings	銀行及其他借款利息	131	264
Interest on lease liabilities	租賃負債利息	34	204
interest on lease habilities	但具具頂利思	34	
		165	264
		45,193	64,155

# 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2019 截至二零一九年十二月三十一日止年度

#### 12. INCOME TAX EXPENSES

#### 12. 所得税開支

		2019 HK\$'000 二零一九年 千港元	2018 HK\$'000 二零一八年 千港元 (Re-presented) (重列)
Current tax – PRC	當期税項-中國		
– Current year	一本年度	26	45
<ul><li>PRC withholding tax</li></ul>	一中國預扣税	882	925
		908	970
Deferred tax – PRC	當期税項-中國		
– Current year (note 38)	一本年度(附註38)	25,100	27,760
Income tax expenses	所得税開支	26,008	28,730
Representing:	指:		
Continuing operations	持續經營業務	24,006	38,799
Discontinued operation (note 14(a))	已終止經營業務(附註14(a))	2,002	(10,069)
		26,008	28,730

No provision for taxation in Hong Kong has been made as the Group did not have any assessable profit arising from Hong Kong for both years.

Under the Enterprise Income Tax Law of the PRC (the "EIT Law") and Regulation on Implementation of the EIT Law, the tax rate of the PRC subsidiaries of the Group is 25% for both years.

Pursuant to the PRC Corporate Income Tax Law, PRC Value added Tax Law and other related regulations, non-PRC resident enterprises are levied withholding tax at 10%, 6% and various tax rate (unless reduced by tax treaties/arrangements) respectively on interest receivable from PRC enterprises for income earned since 1 January 2008. The Group has adopted withholding tax rate of 10%, 6% and various tax rate on corporate income tax, value-added tax and other taxes for PRC withholding tax purpose during the years ended 31 December 2019 and 2018.

由於本集團於兩個年度並無源自香港的任 何應課税溢利,故並無就香港税項計提撥 備。

根據中國企業所得税法(「企業所得税法」) 及企業所得税法實施條例,於兩個年度, 本集團中國附屬公司之税率為25%。

根據中國企業所得税法、中國增值稅法及 其他相關條例,自二零零八年一月一日 起, 非中國居民企業須就所賺取收入應收 中國企業的利息分別按10%、6%及多項不 同税率(根據税務條款/安排作出下調則 除外)之税率繳納預扣税。於截至二零一九 年及二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度, 本集團就繳納中國預扣税採用10%、6%及 多項不同税率的企業所得税、增值税及其 他税項的預扣税率。



# 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2019 截至二零一九年十二月三十一日止年度

#### 12. INCOME TAX EXPENSES (Continued)

### **12.** 所得税開支 (續)

The reconciliation between the income tax expenses and profit/ (loss) before tax is as follows:

所得税開支與除税前溢利/(虧損)之對 賬如下:

		2019 HK\$'000 二零一九年 千港元	2018 HK\$'000 二零一八年 千港元
Profit/(loss) before income tax*	除所得税前溢利/(虧損)*	72,863	(45,117)
Tax at the applicable rates to profit/(loss) in the tax jurisdictions concerned	對於所涉税務司法權區之 溢利/(虧損)按適用税率 計算之税項	17,269	(8,958)
Tax effect of non-taxable income	非課税收入之税務影響	(6,723)	(2,167)
Tax effect of non-deductible expenses	不可扣税開支之税務影響	6,566	22,194
Tax effect of unrecognised tax losses	未確認税項虧損之税務影響	8,014	16,736
PRC withholding tax	中國預扣税	882	925
Income tax expenses	所得税開支	26,008	28,730

Profit/(loss) before income tax comprised of profit before income tax from continuing operations of HK\$59,365,000 (2018: HK\$14,782,000), profit before income tax from discontinued operation of HK\$2,457,000 (2018: loss of HK\$59,899,000) (note 14(a)) and gain on disposal of subsidiaries of HK\$11,041,000 (note 14(b)) (2018: Nil).

除所得税前溢利/(虧損)包括持續經 營業務除所得税前溢利59,365,000港元 (二零一八年:14,782,000港元)、已終 止經營業務除所得税前溢利2,457,000 港元(二零一八年:虧損59,899,000港 元)(附註14(a))及出售附屬公司之收 益11,041,000港元(附註14(b))(二零 一八年:無)。

# 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2019 截至二零一九年十二月三十一日止年度

# 13. PROFIT/(LOSS) FOR THE YEAR

### 13. 本年度溢利/(虧損)

The Group's profit/(loss) for the year is stated after charging/ (crediting) the following:

本集團本年度溢利/(虧損)經扣除/(計入)以下各項後列示:

		2019 HK\$'000 二零一九年 千港元	2018 HK\$'000 二零一八年 千港元 (Re-presented) (重列)
Continuing operations	持續經營業務		
Depreciation of property, plant and	物業、廠房及設備折舊		
equipment  Depreciation of right-of-use assets	使用權資產折舊	1,970	865
Direct operating expenses arising from	產生租金收入之投資物業產生的	6,303	_
investment properties that generated	直接經營開支		
rental income		9,654	4,906
Fair value (gain)/loss on financial assets at			
fair value through profit or loss	公平值(收益)/虧損	(15,992)	920
Exchange loss, net	<b>運</b> 兑虧損淨額	982	1,749
Impairment loss on goodwill Operating lease charges on land and	商譽之減值虧損 土地及樓宇之經營租賃費用	1,440	_
buildings	工地及接于之經営但貝負用	_	3,836
Expenses related to short-term lease	與短期租賃有關的開支	947	
Staff costs (including directors' remuneration):	員工成本(包括董事薪酬):		
Salaries, bonuses and allowances	薪金、花紅及津貼	13,077	14,106
Retirement benefit scheme contribution	s 退休福利計劃供款	744	107
Auditor's resumeration	核數師薪酬	13,821	14,213 775
Auditor's remuneration	<b>(次 数 即 新 )</b>	880	//5
Discontinued operation	已終止經營業務		
Depreciation of property, plant and	物業、廠房及設備折舊		
equipment		86	2,633
Depreciation of right-of-use assets	使用權資產折舊	264	_
Amortisation of intangible assets	無形資產攤銷	287	870
Written-off of property, plant and	物業、廠房及設備撇銷		1 550
equipment Exchange loss, net	匯兑虧損淨額	2	1,559 (678)
Operating lease charges on land and	土地及樓宇之經營租賃費用		(070)
buildings		_	1,087
Expenses related to short-term lease	與短期租賃有關的開支	16	_
Staff costs:	員工成本:		
Salaries, bonuses and allowances	薪金、花紅及津貼	3,732	8,329
Retirement benefit scheme contribution	s 退休福利計劃供款	440	967
		4,172	9,296
Auditor's remuneration	核數師薪酬	4,172	300
5 remaneration	18 y Sect (20), (18) Fig. ()		1

# 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2019 截至二零一九年十二月三十一日止年度

#### DISCONTINUED OPERATION

On 3 June 2019, the Group entered into the sale and purchase agreement with the independent third party (the "Purchaser"), pursuant to which the Purchaser has conditionally agreed to acquire and the Group has conditionally agreed to sell the entire issued shares of China International Energy Investments (Hong Kong) Limited (together with its subsidiaries referred to as the "Target Group" engaged in the oil production) which holds 100% equity interests in China Era Energy Power Investment Limited at a total consideration of HK\$52,819,000 (the "Disposal") which was paid upon signing of the disposal agreement by way of two promissory notes (collectively, the "Promissory Notes"). The Promissory Notes comprised of: (a) the first promissory note with a face value of HK\$41,619,000 carrying no interest and maturing on 31 December 2020 (the "Zero-coupon Promissory Note"); and (b) the second promissory note with a face value of HK\$11,200,000 carrying interest of 8% per annum and maturing on 31 August 2019 (the "8%-coupon Promissory Note").

Prior to the completion of the Disposal, the Group, exclude the Target Group (collectively the "Remaining Group") owed the Target Group an amount of HK\$41,619,000 (the "Drawing from Target Group"). Pursuant to the disposal agreement, it is a condition that (a) the Group shall apply the Zero-coupon Promissory Note to settle all the Drawing from Target Group following completion of the Disposal; and (b) the 8%-coupon Promissory Note shall apply as the partial repayment to a refundable earnest money of HK\$29,000,000 (the "Earnest Money") (note 30) owed to the other interested purchaser (the "Other Interested Purchaser") who advanced to the Company pursuant to the memorandum of understanding dated 31 December 2018 entered between the Company and the Other Interested Purchaser. Details of which are set out in the Company's announcements dated 31 December 2018 and 3 June 2019.

#### 14. 已終止經營業務

於二零一九年六月三日,本集團與獨立第 三方(「買方」)訂立買賣協議,據此,買方 有條件同意認購及本集團有條件同意出售 中國國際能源投資(香港)有限公司(連 同其附屬公司統稱「目標集團」,從事石油 生產,該公司持有中國年代能源投資有限 公司之100%股權)全部已發行股份,總代 價為52,819,000港元(「出售事項」),已於 簽立出售協議時以兩份承兑票據(統稱為 「承兑票據」)方式支付。承兑票據包括: (a)面值為41,619,000港元、不計息並於二 零二零年十二月三十一日到期之第一份承 兑票據(「零息承兑票據」);及(b)面值為 11,200,000港元、以年利率8%計息並於二 零一九年八月三十一日到期之第二份承兑 票據(「8%票息承兑票據」)。

於出售事項完成前,本集團(不包括目標 集團,統稱「餘下集團」)欠付目標集團 41,619,000港元(「目標集團提款」)。根 據出售協議,有關條款規定(a)出售事項完 成後,本集團動用零息承兑票據清償全部 目標集團提款;及(b) 8%票息承兑票據須 用於清償欠付其他有意買方(「其他有意 買方」,乃根據本公司與其他有意買方於 二零一八年十二月三十一日訂立的諒解備 忘錄向本公司墊付的人士)的部分可退還 誠意金29.000.000港元(「誠意金」)(附 註30)。有關詳情載於本公司日期為二零 一八年十二月三十一日及二零一九年六月 三日的公佈。

# 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2019 截至二零一九年十二月三十一日止年度

#### 14. DISCONTINUED OPERATION (Continued)

The Disposal was completed on 28 June 2019 (the "Disposal Date") and there is no outstanding balance between the Target Group and the Remaining Group and the 8%-coupon Promissory Note has been offset with the Earnest Money partially. The Disposal constitutes a discontinued operation under HKFRS 5 "Non-current Assets Held for Sale and Discontinued Operations" as the oil production represented one of the major line of business of the Group. Sales, results, net assets and cash flows of the Target Group were as follows:

#### Analysis of the profit/(loss) from the (a) discontinued operation

#### 14. 已終止經營業務(續)

出售事項已於二零一九年六月二十八日 (「出售日期」)完成,目標集團及餘下集團 之間概無未償還結餘,且8%票息承兑票據 已抵銷部分誠意金。出售事項構成香港財 務報告準則第5號「持作出售之非流動資產 及已終止經營業務」下所指之已終止經營 業務,原因為產油為本集團的主要業務線 之一。目標集團的銷售額、業績、資產淨額 及現金流量載列如下:

#### 已終止經營業務之溢利/ (虧損)分析

		Period from 1 January 2019 to the Disposal Date HK\$'000 自二零一九年 一月一日起至 出售日期止期間 千港元	For the year ended 31 December 2018 HK\$'000 截至二零一八年 十二月三十一日 止年度 千港元
Profit/(loss) of discontinued operation	已終止經營業務之溢利/(虧損)	455	(49,830)
Gain on disposal of subsidiaries* (note 14(b))	出售附屬公司之收益* (附註14(b))	11,041	_
		11,496	(49,830)
Revenue Cost of sales	收益 銷售成本	16,436 (8,665)	37,247 (23,669)
Gross profit Other income and gains Selling and distribution expenses Administrative expenses Other operating expenses Finance costs	毛利 其他收入及收益 銷售及分銷開支 行政開支 其他經營開支 財務成本	7,771 18 (225) (4,657) (285) (165)	13,578 6 (1,884) (6,814) (64,521) (264)
Profit/(loss) before income tax* Income tax (expenses)/credit	除所得税前溢利/(虧損)* 所得税(開支)/抵免	2,457 (2,002)	(59,899) 10,069
Profit/(loss) from discontinued operation	已終止經營業務溢利/(虧損)	455	(49,830)

Profit before income tax from discontinued operation for the year ended 31 December 2019 stated in consolidated statement of cash flow included gain on disposal of subsidiaries.



綜合現金流量表所列截至二零 一九年十二月三十一日止年度 已終止經營業務除所得稅前溢 利包括出售附屬公司之收益。

# 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2019 截至二零一九年十二月三十一日止年度

## 14. DISCONTINUED OPERATION (Continued)

### 14. 已終止經營業務(續)

### (b) Disposal of subsidiaries

#### 出售附屬公司 (b)

並無就出售已終止經營業務之收益

產生税項支出或抵免。

			HK\$'000 千港元
Net assets disposed of	出售的資產淨值		
Property, plant and equipment	物業、廠房及設備		1,139
Right-of-use assets	使用權資產		841
Intangible assets	無形資產		153,854
Deferred tax assets	遞延税項資產		41,179
Trade receivables	貿易應收賬款		5,064
Prepayments, deposits and other receivables	預付款項、按金及其個	也應收款項	1,223
Cash and bank balances	現金及銀行結存		270
Amount due from the Remaining Group	應收餘下本集團款項		41,619
Other payables and accruals	其他應付款項及應計	款項	(101,416)
Other borrowings	其他借款		(42,612)
Lease liabilities	租賃負債		(857)
Tax payables	應付税項		(9,796)
Deferred tax liabilities	遞延税項負債		(38,403)
			52,105
Release of exchange reserve upon disposal	出售時解除匯兑儲備		(10,327)
Gain on disposal of subsidiaries	出售附屬公司之收益		11,041
Total consideration	代價總額		52,819
An analysis of the net cash flow arising on disp the subsidiaries was as follows:	oosal of	出售附屬公司產分析如下:	医生之現金流量淨額
			HK\$'000
			千港元
Cash consideration	現金代價		_
Cash and cash equivalents disposed of	出售之現金及現金等值	項目	(270)
Net cash outflow arising from the disposal of subsidiaries	出售附屬公司產生之現實	金流出淨額	(270)

discontinued operation.

No tax charge or credit arose on gain on disposal of the

# 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2019 截至二零一九年十二月三十一日止年度

#### 15. DIVIDENDS

The board of Directors did not recommend any payment of dividends during the year (2018: Nil).

#### 16. EARNINGS/(LOSS) PER SHARE

The calculations of basic earnings/(loss) per share attributable to the owners of the Company are based on the following data:

#### 15. 股息

年內,董事會不建議派付任何股息(二零 一八年:無)。

#### 16. 每股盈利/(虧損)

本公司擁有人應佔每股基本盈利/(虧損) 乃根據以下數據計算:

		2019 HK\$'000 二零一九年 千港元	2018 HK\$'000 二零一八年 千港元
Profit/(loss) for the year attributable to the owners of the Company for the purpose of basic earnings/(loss) per share	用以計算每股基本盈利/(虧損) 之本公司擁有人應佔本年度 溢利/(虧損)		
<ul> <li>From continuing operations</li> </ul>	<b>-持續經營業務</b>	19,814	(26,648)
<ul> <li>From discontinued operation</li> </ul>	一已終止經營業務	11,496	(49,830)
		31,310	(76,478)
Number of shares		4000	] ,,,,,
股份數目		<b>'000</b> 千股	'000 千股
Weighted average number of ordinary shares for the purpose	用以計算每股基本盈利/(虧損) 之普通股加權平均數		
of basic earnings/(loss) per share		7,205,629	5,417,501

The calculation of basic earnings/(loss) per share is based on the profit/(loss) attributable to the owners of the Company and the weighted average number of ordinary shares after considering mandatory conversion element of convertible bonds.

No diluted earnings per share are presented as the Company did not have any dilutive potential ordinary shares during the year ended 31 December 2019.

For the year ended 31 December 2018, no adjustment has been made to the basis loss per share amount presented in respect of a dilution as the impact of the convertible bonds outstanding had an anti-dilutive effect on the basic loss per share amount presented.

每股基本盈利/(虧損)乃經計及可換股債 券的強制轉換因素根據本公司擁有人應佔 溢利/(虧損)及普通股加權平均數計算。

由於本公司於截至二零一九年十二月 三十一日止年度並無任何潛在攤薄普通 股,故未呈列每股攤薄盈利。

截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度,由於未兑換之可換股債券對所呈列之每股基本虧損金額具有反攤薄影響,故並無對就攤薄呈列之每股基本虧損金額作出調整。



# 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2019 截至二零一九年十二月三十一日止年度

### 17. DIRECTORS' AND FIVE HIGHEST PAID **INDIVIDUAL EMOLUMENTS**

# 17. 董事及五位最高薪酬人士酬金

### (a) The remuneration of each director

(a) 各董事的酬金

The emoluments of each director were as follows:

各董事的酬金如下:

			Salaries,	Retirement	
			bonuses and	benefit	
			allowances	scheme	
		Fee	in kind	contributions	Total
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
			薪金、花紅及	退休福利	
		袍金	實物津貼	計劃供款	總計
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
Executive Directors	執行董事				
Mr. Lan Yonggiang	藍永強先生	_	680	_	680
Mr. Wang Feng	王峰先生(於二零一九年		000		000
(Appointed on 1 August 2019)		_	83	_	83
Mr. Chan Wai Cheung Admiral	陳偉璋先生	_	1,365	18	1,383
Mr. Cao Sheng	曹晟先生	_	240	_	240
Mr. Yu Zhiyong	于志勇先生	_	240	_	240
Dr. Lei Liangzhen	雷良貞博士(於二零一九年		240		240
(Appointed on 1 August 2019)	八月一日獲委任)	_	60	_	60
Ms. Wang Meiyan	王美艷女士(於二零一九年		00		00
(Retired on 28 June 2019)	六月二十八日退任)	_	76	_	76
Ms. Jin Yuping	金玉萍女士(於二零一九年		70		70
(Retired on 28 June 2019)	六月二十八日退任)	_	59	_	59
(Nethed on 20 June 2015)	///] —   / (日 ) (日 )		33		33
Independent Non-executive	獨立非執行董事				
Directors					
Mr. Tang Qingbin	唐慶斌先生(於二零一九年				
(Appointed on 1 January 2019)	一月一日獲委任)	120	_	_	120
Mr. Wang Jinghua	王靖華先生	60	_	_	60
Mr. Fung Nam Shan	馮南山先生	144	_	_	144
5					
Total for 2019	二零一九年度總計	324	2,803	18	3,145

# 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2019 截至二零一九年十二月三十一日止年度

### 17. DIRECTORS' AND FIVE HIGHEST PAID **INDIVIDUAL EMOLUMENTS** (Continued)

### (a) The remuneration of each director (Continued)

### 17. 董事及五位最高薪酬人士酬金 (續)

#### (a) 各董事的酬金 (續)

			Salaries,	Retirement	
			bonuses and	benefit	
			allowances	scheme	
		Fee	in kind	contributions	Total
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
			薪金、花紅及	退休福利	
		袍金	實物津貼	計劃供款	總計
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
Executive Directors	執行董事				
Mr. Lan Yongqiang	藍永強先生	_	621	_	621
Mr. Chan Wai Cheung Admiral	陳偉璋先生	_	991	18	1,009
Mr. Cao Sheng	曹晟先生	_	191	_	191
Mr. Yu Zhiyong	于志勇先生	_	191	_	191
Ms. Wang Meiyan	王美艷女士	_	386	_	386
Ms. Jin Yuping	金玉萍女士	-	120	_	120
Independent Non-executive	獨立非執行董事				
Directors					
Mr. Wang Jinghua	王靖華先生	54	_	_	54
Mr. Lee Hoi Yan	李凱恩先生(於二零一九年				
(Resigned on 1 January 2019)	一月一日辭任)	138	_	_	138
Mr. Fung Nam Shan	馮南山先生 —	138	_	_	138
Total for 2018	二零一八年度總計	330	2,500	18	2,848

During the year, no emoluments were paid by the Group to the Directors an inducement to join or upon joining the Group, or as compensation for loss of office (2018: Nil).

There was no arrangement under which a Director waived or agreed to waive any emoluments during the year (2018: Nil).

年內,本集團並無向董事支付任何 酬金,作為加入本集團或於加盟時 之獎金或作為離職補償(二零一八 年:無)。

年內,並無任何董事放棄或同意放 棄任何酬金之安排(二零一八年: 無)。



# 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2019 截至二零一九年十二月三十一日止年度

#### 17. DIRECTORS' AND FIVE HIGHEST PAID INDIVIDUAL EMOLUMENTS (Continued)

#### (b) Five highest paid individuals

The five highest paid individuals in the Group during the year included 2 (2018: 2) Directors whose emoluments are reflected in the analysis presented above. The emoluments of the remaining 3 (2018: 3) individuals are set out below:

### 17. 董事及五位最高薪酬人士酬金 (續)

#### 五位最高薪酬人士 (b)

年內,本集團五位最高薪酬人士包 括兩位(二零一八年:兩位)董事, 彼等之酬金詳情參考上文所呈列的 分析。年內,餘下三位(二零一八 年:三位)人士之酬金載列如下:

		2019 HK\$'000 二零一九年 千港元	2018 HK\$'000 二零一八年 千港元
•	薪金、花紅及津貼 退休福利計劃供款	2,712	2,245
Contributions		2,730	2,280

The emoluments fell within the following band:

該等酬金介乎以下範圍:

		2019	2018
		No. of	No. of
		employees	employees
		二零一九年	二零一八年
		僱員人數	僱員人數
Below HK\$1,000,000	不足1,000,000港元	2	2
HK\$1,000,001 to HK\$1,500,000	1,000,001港元至1,500,000港元	1	1

During the year ended 31 December 2019, HK\$50,000 was paid by the Group to one of the five highest paid individuals as an inducement to join. Save as the above, no emoluments were paid by the Group to any of the Directors or the five highest paid individuals (including Directors and employees) as an inducement to join or upon joining the Group or as compensation for loss of office.

During the year ended 31 December 2018, no emoluments were paid by the Group to any of the Directors or the five highest paid individuals (including Directors and employees) as an inducement to join or upon joining the Group or as compensation for loss of office.

截至二零一九年十二月三十一日止年 度,本集團向五位最高薪酬人士之一支付 50,000港元作為加入獎金。除上文外,本 集團並無向任何董事或五位最高薪酬人士 (包括董事及僱員)支付任何酬金,作為加 入本集團或於加盟時之獎金或作為離職補 償。

截至二零一八十二月三十一日止年度,本 集團並無向任何董事或五位最高薪酬人士 (包括董事及僱員)支付任何酬金,作為加 入本集團或於加盟時之獎金或作為離職補 償。

# 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2019 截至二零一九年十二月三十一日止年度

# 18. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT 18. 物業、廠房及設備

			Leasehold improvements, furniture, office		
		equipment and motor properties vehicles HK\$'000 和賃物業 装修、傢俬、辦公設備	Construction in progress HK\$'000	<b>Total</b> HK\$'000	
		石油財產	及汽車	在建工程	總計
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
Year ended 31 December 2019	截至二零一九年 十二月三十一日止年度				
Opening net carrying amount	年初賬面淨值	456	5,282	781	6,519
Additions	添置	-	1,236	-	1,236
Disposal of subsidiaries (note 14(b))	出售附屬公司(附註14(b)) 出售	(359)	_ /E7\	(780)	(1,139)
Disposals Exchange differences	山 b 匯 兑 差 額	- (11)	(57) (21)	- (1)	(57) (33)
Depreciation	折舊	(86)	(1,970)	-	(2,056)
Closing net carrying amount	年終賬面淨值	-	4,470	_	4,470
At 31 December 2019	於二零一九年十二月三十一日				
Cost	成本	_	8,204	_	8,204
Accumulated depreciation and impairment	累計折舊及減值	_	(3,734)	-	(3,734)
Net carrying amount	賬面淨值 .	_	4,470	_	4,470
Year ended 31 December 2018	截至二零一八年				
Opening not compine amount	十二月三十一日止年 <b>度</b> 年初賬面淨值	C 111	2.042	FOC	0.050
Opening net carrying amount Additions	十	6,111 845	2,943 3,720	596 1,651	9,650 6,216
Acquisition of a subsidiary	收購一間附屬公司	-	19	-	19
Disposals	出售	_	(2)	_	(2)
Write-off	撇銷	(327)	(2)	(1,230)	(1,559)
Exchange differences	匯兑差額	(3,346)	(531)	96	(3,781)
Depreciation	折舊	(2,633)	(865)	(222)	(3,498)
Impairment loss	減值虧損	(194)	_	(332)	(526)
Closing net carrying amount	年終賬面淨值	456	5,282	781	6,519
At 31 December 2018	於二零一八年十二月三十一日				
Cost	成本	412,110	32,826	3,926	448,862
Accumulated depreciation and impairment	累計折舊及減值	(411,654)	(27,544)	(3,145)	(442,343)
Net carrying amount	賬面淨值 .	456	5,282	781	6,519

# 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2019 截至二零一九年十二月三十一日止年度

#### 19. RIGHT-OF-USE ASSETS

#### 19. 使用權資產

Disclosures of lease-related items:

租賃相關項目披露:

		HK\$'000 千港元
At 31 December 2019:	於二零一九年十二月三十一日:	
Right-of-use assets	使用權資產	
<ul> <li>Office premises</li> </ul>	一辦公室物業	10,719
<ul><li>Motor vehicles</li></ul>	一汽車	333
		11,052
The maturity analysis, based on undiscounted cash flows, of the Group's lease liabilities is as follows:	本集團租賃負債以未貼現現金流量 基準的到期分析如下:	
Within one year	一年內	6,617
In the second to fifth years, inclusive	第二至第五年(包括首尾兩年)	5,974
After five years	五年後	5,156
•		
		17,747
Year ended 31 December 2019:	截至二零一九年十二月三十一日 止年度:	
Depreciation charge of right-of-use assets	使用權資產的折舊開支	
<ul> <li>Office premise</li> </ul>	一辦公室物業	6,530
<ul> <li>Motor vehicles</li> </ul>	一汽車	37
		6,567
Lease interests	租賃權益	841
Expenses related to leases of short-term leases	短期租賃的租賃相關開支	963
Total cash outflow for leases	租賃現金流出總額	7,217
Additions to right-of-use assets	添置使用權資產	370

The Group leases various office premises and motor vehicles. Lease agreements are typically made for fixed periods of 3 to 5 years. Lease terms are negotiated on an individual basis and contain a wide range of different terms and conditions. The lease agreements do not impose any covenants and the leased assets may not be used as security for borrowing purposes.

本集團租賃多個辦公室物業及汽車。租賃 協議一般固定為期三至五年。租期乃按個 別基準進行磋商,載有各種不同的條款及 條件。租賃協議並無訂明任何契約,且租 賃資產不得用作以借款目的之抵押。

# 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2019 截至二零一九年十二月三十一日止年度

#### 20. INVESTMENT PROPERTIES

#### 20. 投資物業

Movements of investment properties are summarised as follows:

投資物業變動概要如下:

		2019	2018
		HK\$'000 二零一九年	HK\$'000 二零一八年
		千港元	千港元
At 1 January	於一月一日	1,425,000	1,500,000
Additions	添置	39,583	5,732
Fair value gain/(loss) recognised	於損益確認的公平值		
in profit or loss	收益/(虧損)	5,196	(5,986)
Exchange difference	匯兑差額	(28,204)	(74,746)
At 31 December	於十二月三十一日	1,441,575	1,425,000

The investment properties held by the Group represents the Oil and Liquefied Chemical Terminal located in Shandong Province, the PRC.

The Group leases out its investment properties under operating leases. The lease term is 5 years. All leases are on a fixed rental basis and do not include variable lease payments.

The fair value measurement of the Group's investment properties as at reporting date have been determined by income approach carried out by APAC Asset Valuation and Consulting Limited, an independent professional valuer who holds recognised and relevant professional qualifications.

The investment properties have been pledged to secure banking facilities granted to the Group (note 32), other borrowings (note 33) and lease liabilities (note 35) as at 31 December 2019 (2018: bank borrowings (note 32) and finance lease liabilities (note 34)).

For the fair value measurement of investment properties please refer to note 7 to the consolidated financial statements.

本集團持有的投資物業指位於中國山東省 的石油及液體化工品碼頭。

本集團根據經營租約出租其投資物業。租期為五年。所有租約按固定租金基準,不包括可變租賃付款。

於報告日期,本集團投資物業的公平值計量已由持有認可及相關專業資格的獨立專業估值師亞太資產評估及顧問有限公司按收入法釐定。

於二零一九年十二月三十一日,投資物業已作抵押,以獲取本集團獲授的銀行融資(附註32),其他借款(附註33)及租賃負債(附註35)(二零一八年:銀行借款(附註32)及融資租賃負債(附註34))。

有關投資物業的公平價值計量,請參閱綜合財務報表附註7。



# 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2019 截至二零一九年十二月三十一日止年度

#### 21. GOODWILL

#### 21. 商譽

		千港元
Cost At 1 January 2018 Arising on acquisition of a subsidiary	成本 於二零一八年一月一日 因收購一間附屬公司產生	- 1,440
At 31 December 2018, 1 January 2019 and 31 December 2019	於二零一八年十二月三十一日、 二零一九年一月一日及 二零一九年十二月三十一日	1,440
Accumulated impairment losses At 1 January 2018, 31 December 2018 and 1 January 2019 Impairment loss	<b>累計減值虧損</b> 於二零一八年一月一日、 二零一八年十二月三十一日及 二零一九年一月一日 減值虧損	_ 1,440
At 31 December 2019	於二零一九年十二月三十一日	1,440
Carrying amount At 31 December 2019	<b>賬面值</b> 於二零一九年十二月三十一日	
At 31 December 2018	於二零一八年十二月三十一日	1,440

Goodwill acquired in a business combination is allocated, at acquisition, to the cash generating units that are expected to benefit from that business combination. The carrying amount of goodwill had been allocated to Insurance Brokerage Service segment (the "Insurance CGU").

The recoverable amounts of the Insurance CGU are determined on the basis of their value in use using discounted cash flow method. The key assumptions for the discounted cash flow method are those regarding the discount rates, growth rates and budgeted gross margin and revenue during the period. The Group estimates discount rates using pre-tax rates that reflect current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the Insurance CGU.

業務合併中收購的商譽於收購時分配至預 期可從該業務合併中獲利的現金產生單 位。商譽的帳面值已分配至保險經紀服務 分部(「保險現金產生單位」)。

HK\$'000

保險現金產生單位的可收回金額按其使用 價值基準採用貼現現金流量法釐定。貼現 現金流量法的主要假設有關貼現率、增長 率以及期間的預算毛利率及收入。本集團 採用反映資金時間價值現時市場評估及保 險現金產生單位特有風險的稅前利率估計 貼現率。

# 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2019 截至二零一九年十二月三十一日止年度

#### 21. GOODWILL (Continued)

The Group prepares cash flow forecasts derived from the most recent financial budgets approved by the directors for the next five years with the residual period using the growth rate of 3% (2018: 3%). This rate does not exceed the average long-term growth rate for the relevant markets. Other key assumptions for the value in use calculations which include budgeted sale and gross margin. Such estimation is based on Insurance CGU's past performance and management's expectations for the market development.

The rate used to discount the forecast cash flows from the Group's insurance brokerage is 19% (2018: 19%).

As at 31 December 2019, the carrying amount of the Insurance CGU exceeds to its recoverable amount. Impairment loss of HK\$1,440,000 is recognised during the year of 2019 (2018: Nil).

#### 商舉(續)

本集團根據經董事審批之最近財務預算編 製未來五年的現金流量預測,且餘下期間 採用3%的增長率(二零一八年:3%)。此 速率未超過相關市場的長期平均增長率。 計算使用價值所採用的其他主要假設包括 預算銷售及毛利率。有關估計乃基於保險 現金產生單位過往的業績及管理層的市場 發展預期。

貼現本集團保險經紀業務預測現金流量所 用的比率為19%(二零一八年:19%)。

於二零一九年十二月三十一日,保險現金 產生單位的賬面值超出其可收回金額。二 零一九年度確認減值虧損1,440,000港元 (二零一八年:無)。



# 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2019 截至二零一九年十二月三十一日止年度

#### 22. INVESTMENT IN AN ASSOCIATE

# 22. 於聯營公司的投資

		2019 HK\$'000 二零一九年 千港元
Unlisted investment Share of results Goodwill Exchange difference	未上市投資 分佔業績 商譽 匯兑差額	(823) 3,689 (61)
Impairment losses	減值虧損	2,805 

The following table shows, in aggregate, the Group's share of the amounts of all individually immaterial associates that are accounted for using the equity method.

下表匯總顯示本集團應佔以權益法入賬的 所有個別不重大聯繫人的金額。

		HK\$'000 千港元
At 31 December 2019	於二零一九年十二月三十一日	
Group's share of carrying amount of interest	本集團應佔權益的賬面值	(823)
Year ended 31 December 2019	截至二零一九年十二月三十一日止年度	
Loss from operations	經營虧損	(3,742)
Loss after tax from operations	經營之除税後虧損	(3,742)
Other comprehensive income	其他全面收入	_
Total comprehensive income	全面收入總額	(3,742)

# 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2019 截至二零一九年十二月三十一日止年度

#### 23. INTANGIBLE ASSETS

#### 23. 無形資產

		Exploration and evaluation	Interests in oil production	
		assets	sharing contract	Total
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		勘探及	產油業務	
		評估資產	共享合約之權益	總計
		千港元	千港元	千港元
At 1 January 2018	於二零一八年一月一日	338	217,431	217,769
Amortisation for the year	本年度攤銷	(21)	(849)	(870)
Impairment loss	減值虧損	(107)	(62,694)	(62,801)
Exchange difference	匯兑差額	43	_	43
At 31 December 2018 and 1 January 2019	於二零一八年十二月三十一日及			
•	二零一九年一月一日	253	153,888	154,141
Amortisation for the year	本年度攤銷	(10)	(277)	(287)
Disposal of subsidiaries (note 14(b))	出售附屬公司(附註14(b))	(243)	(153,611)	(153,854)
At 31 December 2019	於二零一九年十二月三十一日	_	_	_

The Group carried out reviews of the recoverable amount of its intangible assets in 2018 as a result of the deterioration of the markets of the Group's products. These assets are used in the Group's Oil Production segment. The review led to the recognition of an impairment loss of HK\$107,000 for exploration and evaluation assets and of HK\$62,694,000 for interests in oil production sharing contract. The recoverable amount of the relevant assets of HK\$155,378,000 has been determined on the basis of their value in use using discounted cash flow method. The discount rate used was 15%.

由於本集團產品市場惡化,本集團於二零 一八年對其無形資產的可收回金額進行 檢討。該等資產用於本集團的產油分部。 檢討導致確認勘探及評估資產減值虧損 107,000港元,以及產油業務共享合約權益 減值虧損62,694,000港元。相關資產的可 收回金額155,378,000港元按其使用價值 基準已採用貼現現金流量法釐定。所用的 貼現率為15%。



# 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2019 截至二零一九年十二月三十一日止年度

### 24. EQUITY INSTRUMENTS AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH OTHER COMPREHENSIVE **INCOME**

### 24. 按公平值計入其他全面收入的 權益工具

2019 HK\$'000 二零一九年 千港元

Equity instruments at fair value through other comprehensive income

按公平值計入其他全面收入的權益工具

226,060

Reference to the announcement of the Company dated 21 October 2019, a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company entered into an acquisition agreement with an independent third party to purchase the entire interests in Ever Rosy Ventures Limited (the "Ever Rosy") for the consideration of nominal value of RMB224 million which shall be settled by way of issuance of promissory notes by the Company (the "Promissory Note A") (note 37). Ever Rosy is an investment holding company and directly owned 40% equity interest of Supreme Success Company Holdings Limited, an investment holding company and directly owned entire interest of Hongkong Weichenghui Trading Limited. Hongkong Weichenghui Trading Limited is an investment holding company and directly owned entire interest in Weichenghui Trading (Shenzhen) Company Limited. Weichenghui Trading (Shenzhen) Company Limited is an investment holding company and directly owned 70% of Tai'an Wanyue. Tai'an Wanyue's principal activity is property development in Tai'an City, Shandong Province, PRC. The investment essentially represent 28% of effective interest in Tai'an Wanyue's property development business.

The Company did not have any significant influence in Tai'an Wanyue and treated it as equity instruments at fair value through other comprehensive income.

Details of the fair value measurement are set out in note 7 to the consolidated financial statements. The fair value of equity instruments at fair value through other comprehensive income is prepared by the Company by reference to the valuation performed by APAC Asset Valuation and Consulting Limited, an independent qualified professional valuer.

茲提述本公司日期為二零一九年十月 二十一日的公佈,本公司一間全資附屬 公司與獨立第三方訂立收購協議,以 購買Ever Rosy Ventures Limited(「Ever Rosy」)全部權益,代價為名義價值人民 幣224,000,000元,以本公司發行承兑票 據(「承兑票據A」)方式結算(附註37)。 Ever Rosy為一間投資控股公司,直接擁 有Supreme Success Company Holdings Limited 40%股權,而Supreme Success Company Holdings Limited為一間投資控 股公司,直接擁有香港律成匯貿易有限公 司的全部股權。香港律成匯貿易有限公司 為一間投資控股公司,直接擁有偉成匯貿 易(深圳)有限公司的全部股權。偉成匯貿 易(深圳)有限公司為一間投資控股公司, 直接擁有泰安萬岳70%股權。泰安萬岳的 主要活動為於中國山東省泰安市從事物業 開發。投資主要佔泰安萬岳物業開發業務 28%的實際權益。

本公司對泰安萬岳並無任何重大影響力, 且視其為按公平值計入其他全面收入的權 益工具。

有關公平值計量的詳情載於綜合財務報表 附註7。按公平值計入其他全面收入的權 益工具公平值乃由本公司參考獨立合資格 專業估值師亞太資產評估及顧問有限公司 進行的估值編製。

# 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2019 截至二零一九年十二月三十一日止年度

#### 25. TRADE RECEIVABLES

The Group allows a credit period of 30 days to its established customers. Each customer has a maximum credit limit. For certain customers with long established relationship and good past repayment history, a longer credit period may be granted. Trade receivables are non-interest bearing. The following is an aged analysis of trade receivables presented based on the invoice date at the end of the reporting period, which approximated the respective revenue recognition dates.

#### 25. 貿易應收賬款

本集團為其老客戶提供30日的信貸期。 各客戶設有信貸上限。就若干已建立長期 關係且具有良好還款記錄的客戶而言,可 能授出較長的信貸期。貿易應收賬款不計 息。於報告期末,基於發票日期(接近各自 收入確認日期)呈報的貿易應收賬款的賬 齡分析載列如下。

		2019 HK\$'000	2018 HK\$'000
		二零一九年 千港元	二零一八年 千港元
Trade receivables	貿易應收賬款	-	15,211

The aging analysis of trade receivables, based on the invoice date, and net of allowance, is as follows:

按發票日期基準的貿易應收賬款(扣除撥 備後)賬齡分析如下:

		2019	2018
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		二零一九年	二零一八年
		千港元	千港元
1 – 90 days	1至90天	_	15,211

As at 31 December 2018, approximately HK\$11,874,000 of trade receivables were pledged to secure the finance lease liabilities (note 34).

The Group applies the simplified approach under HKFRS 9 to provide for expected credit losses using the lifetime expected loss provision for all trade receivables. To measure the expected credit losses, trade receivables have been grouped based on shared credit risk characteristics and the days past due. The expected credit losses also incorporate forward looking information.

At 31 December 2019 and 2018, there were no trade receivables that were individually determined to be impaired. The Group did not hold any collateral over these balances.

於二零一八年十二月三十一日,約 11,874,000港元的貿易應收賬款已作抵 押,以擔保融資租賃負債(附註34)。

本集團應用香港財務報告準則第9號簡化方法,以所有貿易應收賬款的全期預期虧損撥備就預期信貸虧損作出撥備。為計量預期信貸虧損,貿易應收賬款已根據攤分信貸風險之特點及逾期日數分組。預期信貸虧損亦包含前瞻性資料。

於二零一九年及二零一八十二月三十一日,概無貿易應收賬款個別被釐定為已減值。本集團並無就該等結餘持有任何抵押品。



# 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2019 截至二零一九年十二月三十一日止年度

#### 26. PREPAYMENTS, DEPOSITS AND OTHER **RECEIVABLES**

#### 26. 預付款項、按金及其他應收款 項

			1
		2019	2018
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		二零一九年	二零一八年
		千港元	千港元
Current	即期		
Prepayments	預付款項	5,665	1,219
Deposits	按金	129	426
Refundable deposit (note i)	可予退還按金(附註i)	67,300	114,000
Advances to staff	員工墊款	11,188	14,766
Other receivables (note ii)	其他應收款項(附註ii)	11,686	20,380
		95,968	150,791
Non-current	非即期		
Deposits	按金	1,375	1,375
Refundable deposit (note i)	可予退還按金(附註i)	44,700	-
Other receivables (note ii)	其他應收款項(附註ii)	47,121	55,829
		93,196	57,204

On 30 October 2018, the Company entered into a memorandum of understanding (the "MOU") with the vendor, an independent third party, pursuant to which the Company proposed to invest in not less than 45% issued shares of a company with an estimated consideration of RMB675 million (approximately HK\$770 million). Under the terms of the MOU, the Company paid to the vendor a refundable deposit of RMB100 million (2019: approximately HK\$112 million (2018: approximately HK\$114 million)). Should the parties to the MOU not proceed to the signing of the formal investment agreement finally, the deposit shall be refunded to the Company.

> As at 31 December 2018, the Directors are of the view that as this potential investment is still under preliminary negotiation and uncertain of the completion of the transaction with the vendor, the balance is classified as a current asset in the consolidated statement of financial position.

二零一八年十月三十日,本公司與賣方 (獨立第三方)訂立諒解備忘錄(「諒解 備忘錄」),據此,本公司建議投資不少 於45%已發行公司股份,估計代價為人 民幣675,000,000元(約770,000,000港 元)。根據諒解備忘錄條款,本公司向賣 方支付可退還按金人民幣100,000,000 元(二零一九年:約112,000,000港 元(二零一八年:約114,000,000港 元))。倘最終訂約方並無進行至簽訂正 式投資協議,按金將退還予本公司。

> 於二零一八年十二月三十一日,董事認 為,由於該潛在投資仍處於初步協商 中,並不能確定與賣方之交易會完成, 因此結餘於綜合財務狀況表內分類為流 動資產。

# 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2019 截至二零一九年十二月三十一日止年度

#### 26. PREPAYMENTS, DEPOSITS AND OTHER RECEIVABLES (Continued)

(i) (Continued)

> Subsequent to 31 December 2019 and before the date of approval of these financial statements, settlement agreement between the Company and the vendor had been signed, in which amount of RMB50 million as established in the settlement agreement had been refunded from the debtor by the date of approval of these financial statements. Portion of the remaining balance of RMB10 million is to be settled by December 2020 and portion of the remaining balance of RMB40 million is to be settled by April 2021 in accordance with the repayment schedule under the settlement agreement. The Directors are therefore of the view that the remaining sum of the refundable deposits will be recovered in accordance with the settlement agreement.

Other receivables comprises VAT recoverables of approximately HK\$58,682,000 (2018: HK\$68,784,000), of which an amount of approximately HK\$11,534,000 (2018: HK\$12,955,000) will be used to offset output VAT within one year and hence is accounted for as a current asset whereas the remaining VAT recoverables of approximately HK\$47,148,000 (2018: HK\$55,829,000) is classified as a non-current assets.

#### 27. LOAN RECEIVABLES

The balance as at 31 December 2019 and 2018 represent loans to independent third parties which bear fixed interest rate ranging from 4% to 10% annually and are repayable within one year.

### 28. FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT OR LOSS

### 26. 預付款項、按金及其他應收款 項(續)

(i) (續)

> 於二零一九年十二月三十一日後及於 該等財務報表獲批准之日前,本公司與 賣方簽署結算協議,其中直至該等財務 報表獲批准之日,結算協議中確認的人 民幣50.000.000元已由債務人退還。根 據結算協議項下還款計劃,其餘部分結 餘人民幣10,000,000元將於二零二零年 十二月前結算,且剩餘部分結餘人民幣 40,000,000元將於二零二一年四月前結 算。因此,董事認為,可退還按金的剩餘 部分將根據結算協議收回。

包括可收回增值税在內的其他應收款 項約58,682,000港元(二零一八年: 68,784,000港元),其中約11,534,000 港元(二零一八年:12.955.000港元) 將用於抵消一年內銷項增值税,因此 列賬為流動資產,而餘下可收回增值 税約47,148,000港元(二零一八年: 55,829,000港元)分類為非流動資產。

#### 27. 應收貸款

於二零一九年及二零一八年十二月三十一 日之結餘指向獨立第三方提供之貸款,按 固定年利率介乎4%至10%計息並於一年 內償還。

### 28. 按公平值計入損益之財務資產

	2019	2018
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
	二零一九年	二零一八年
	千港元	千港元
Ī.		
	28,314	14,407

Equity securities listed in Hong Kong, at fair value

於香港上市的權益證券,按公平值

#### 29. CASH AND BANK BALANCES

As at 31 December 2019, the bank balances carry interest at average market rates ranging from 0.01% to 0.3% (2018: 0.01% to 0.35%) per annum. Conversion of approximately HK\$87,003,000 (2018: approximately HK\$158,757,000) into foreign currencies is subject to the PRC's Foreign Exchange Control Regulations.

#### 29. 現金及銀行結存

於二零一九年十二月三十一日,銀行結 存按平均市場年利率介乎0.01%至0.3% (二零一八年:0.01%至0.35%)計息。 將約87,003,000港元(二零一八年:約 158.757.000港元) 兑换成外幣須遵守中國 外匯管制條例。



# 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2019 截至二零一九年十二月三十一日止年度

#### 30. OTHER PAYABLES AND ACCRUALS

#### 30. 其他應付款項及應計款項

		2019 HK\$'000 二零一九年 千港元	2018 HK\$'000 二零一八年 千港元
Construction cost payables Deposit received for potential disposal of	應付建築成本 因潛在出售附屬公司而收到的	146,495	307,223
subsidiaries (note i)	按金(附註i)	_	29,000
Other payables	其他應付款項	36,513	21,169
Amounts due to a shareholder (note ii)	應付一名股東款項(附註ii)	1,395	1,335
Other tax payables	其他應付税項	3,173	5,212
Accruals	應計款項	17,306	25,158
		204,882	389,097

#### Notes

(i) On 31 December 2018, the Company entered into a nonlegal binding memorandum of understanding with the Other Interested Purchaser, which is independent and not connected with the Company, in relation to the proposed disposal of the Group's entire or partial shareholding interest in a whollyowned subsidiary. On the same date, as this party who also provided finance to the Group as at 31 December 2018 agreed with the Group to re-assign part of the outstandings amounted to HK\$29,000,000 as a deposit for a potential disposal of a subsidiary. Details of this potential disposals are set out in the Company's announcement on 31 December 2018.

> On 3 June 2019, the Company entered into the disposal agreement with the Purchaser, in relation to the Disposal by way of the Promissory Notes. The Company had applied the 8%-coupon Promissory Notes, with face value of HK\$11,200,000, for partial repayment of the deposit received. The remaining balance had been repaid by another promissory note issued by the Company (note 37) during the year.

(ii) These are unsecured, interest-free and repayable on demand.

#### 附註

於二零一八年十二月三十一日,本公司 與其他有意買方(獨立於本公司且與本 公司概無關聯)訂立不具法律約束力諒 解備忘錄,內容有關建議出售本集團一 間全資附屬公司的全部或部分股權。同 日,於二零一八年十二月三十一日亦向 本集團提供融資的該訂約方同意本集團 將部分未償還款29.000.000港元重新分 配作為潛在出售附屬公司之按金。有關 該潛在出售的詳情載於本公司日期為二 零一八年十二月三十一日的公告。

> 於二零一九年六月三日,本公司與買 方訂立出售協議,內容有關以承兑匯 票方式的出售事項。本公司已將面值為 11,200,000港元的8%票息承兑匯票用 作償還部分已收按金。結餘已由本公司 於年內發行的另一張承兑票據償還(附 註37)。

(ii) 該等為無抵押、免息及按要求償還。

# 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2019 截至二零一九年十二月三十一日止年度

#### 31. AMOUNTS DUE TO NON-CONTROLLING **SHAREHOLDERS**

# 31. 應付非控股股東款項

			1
		2019	2018
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		二零一九年	二零一八年
		千港元	千港元
Current	即期		
Due to non-controlling shareholder B	應付非控股股東B款項(附註i)		
(note i)		3,817	_
		3,817	_
Non-current	非即期		
Due to non-controlling shareholder A	應付非控股股東A款項(附註ii)		
(note ii)		144,641	259,418
		148,458	259,418

#### Notes:

- The balance is unsecured, interest-free and repayable on demand.
- (ii) On 27 September 2019, the non-controlling shareholder A and the Company entered into an extension agreement, which the balance would be repaid on 31 July 2021. As at 31 December 2019, the balance was unsecured with interest ranging from interest free to 7%.

As at 31 December 2018, the balance was unsecured with interest ranging from interest free to 7% and repayable on 30 June 2020.

#### 附註:

- 該結餘為無抵押、免息及按要求償還。
- 於二零一九年九月二十七日,非控股股 東A與本公司訂立續期協議,據此,剩餘 款項將於二零二一年七月三十一日償 還。於二零一九年十二月三十一日,該 結餘為無抵押,利息介乎免息至7%。

於二零一八年十二月三十一日,該結餘 為無抵押,利息介乎免息至7%,並須於 二零二零年六月三十日償還。



# 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2019 截至二零一九年十二月三十一日止年度

#### 32. BANK BORROWINGS

#### 32. 銀行借款

		2019 HK\$'000 二零一九年 千港元	2018 HK\$'000 二零一八年 千港元
Secured bank loans	有抵押銀行貸款	240,263	234,840
The bank loans are repayable as follows: On demand or within one year In the second to fifth years	須償還的銀行貸款如下: 按要求或一年內 第二至第五年	177,012 63,251	157,320 77,520
Less: Amount due for settlement within 12 months (shown under current liabilities)	減:十二個月內到期結清款項 (列於流動負債項下)	240,263 (177,012)	234,840 (157,320)
Amount due for settlement after 12 months	十二個月後到期結清款項	63,251	77,520
		<b>2019</b> 二零一九年	2018 二零一八年
Interest rates	利息	5.3% - 15%	6.5% – 15%

The balances of HK\$56,322,000 and HK\$63,251,000 are under current liabilities and non-current liabilities respectively as at 31 December 2019 (2018: HK\$136,800,000 and HK\$77,520,000 are under current liabilities and non-current liabilities respectively) are denominated in RMB, charged at a fixed interest rate of 5.3% (2018: 6.5%) per annum, pledged by entire investment properties of HK\$1,441,575,000 (2018: HK\$1,425,000,000) (note 20) and trade receivables related to its rental income from investment properties and guaranteed by an independent third party. These are under the Oil and Liquefied Chemical Terminal CGU.

The balances of HK\$100,575,000 (2018: Nil) under current liabilities as at 31 December 2019 are denominated in RMB is charged at a fixed interest rate of 8.5% per annum, guaranteed by an independent third party.

於二零一九年十二月三十一日, 56,322,000港元及63,251,000港元之結 餘分別列於流動負債及非流動負債項 下(二零一八年:136,800,000港元及 77,520,000港元分別列於流動負債及非流 動負債項下),以人民幣計值,按固定年利 率5.3%計息(二零一八年:6.5%),由全 部投資物業1.441.575.000港元(二零一八 年:1,425,000,000港元)(附註20)及與 投資物業租金收入有關的應收貿易賬款作 抵押並由獨立第三方擔保。該等結餘列於 油品及液體化工品碼頭現金產生單位項 下。

於二零一九年十二月三十一日,流動負債 項下結餘100,575,000港元(二零一八年: 無)以人民幣計值,按固定年利率8.5%計 息,並由獨立第三方擔保。

# 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2019 截至二零一九年十二月三十一日止年度

#### 32. BANK BORROWINGS (Continued)

The remaining balance of HK\$20,115,000 (2018: HK\$20,520,000) as at 31 December 2019, also denominated in RMB is charged at a fixed interest rate of 15% per annum, guaranteed by independent third parties and is due for repayment within one year.

All of the bank borrowings do not contain a clause that provides the lenders with an unconditional right to demand repayment at any time at its own discretion as at 31 December 2019 and 2018.

# 33. OTHER BORROWINGS

### 32. 銀行借款(續)

於二零一九年十二月三十一日,餘下結餘20,115,000港元(二零一八年:20,520,000港元)亦以人民幣計值,按固定年利率15%計息,由獨立第三方擔保並於一年內到期償還。

於二零一九年及二零一八年十二月三十一日,所有銀行借款不包含貸款方有無條件權利隨時酌情要求還款之條文。

### 33. 其他借款

		2019 HK\$'000 二零一九年 千港元	2018 HK\$'000 二零一八年 千港元
Secured other loans Unsecured other loans	有抵押其他貸款 無抵押其他貸款	33,525 124,855	83,056 88,470
		158,380	171,526
The other loans are repayable as follows: On demand or within one year In the second year	須償還的其他貸款如下: 按要求或一年內 第二年	147,901 10,479	126,877 44,649
Less: Amount due for settlement within 12 months (shown under current liabilities)	減:十二個月內到期結清款項 (列示於流動負債項下)	158,380 (147,901)	171,526 (126,877)
Amount due for settlement after 12 months	十二個月後到期結清款項	10,479	44,649
Interest rates	利息	0% - 10%	0% - 9.6%

As at 31 December 2019, the entire secured other loan was pledged by underlying assets included in investment properties (note 20).

As at 31 December 2018, the entire secured other loan was pledged by the entire paid up capital of Shundong Port (note 47).

於二零一九年十二月三十一日,全部有抵押其他貸款均以計入投資物業的相關資產作抵押(附註20)。

於二零一八年十二月三十一日,全部有抵押其他貸款均以順東港務的全部繳足資本作抵押(附註47)。



# 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2019 截至二零一九年十二月三十一日止年度

### 34. FINANCE LEASE LIABILITIES

### 34. 融資租賃負債

			Present value of finance lease
		Finance	liabilities
		lease payments	payments
		2018	2018
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		融資租賃	融資租賃負債
		付款	付款之現值
		二零一八年	二零一八年
		千港元	千港元
Within one year	一年內	40,725	39,584
In the second to fifth years, inclusive	第二至第五年(包含首尾兩年)	527	474
After five years	五年後	5,392	1,985
		46,644	42,043
Less: Future finance charges	減:未來融資費用	(4,601)	,
Present value of finance lease liabilities	融資租賃負債之現值	42,043	
Less: Amount due for settlement within 12 months (shown under current liabilities)	減:十二個月內到期結清款項 (列示於流動負債項下)		(39,584)
Amount due for settlement after 12 months	十二個月後到期結清款項		2,459

As at 31 December 2018, finance lease liabilities are secured by the underlying assets included in investment properties (note 20).

於二零一八年十二月三十一日,融資租賃 負債以計入投資物業的相關資產作抵押 (附註20)。

# 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2019 截至二零一九年十二月三十一日止年度

### 35. LEASE LIABILITIES

### 35. 租賃負債

		Lease payments 2019 HK\$'000 租賃付款 二零一九年 千港元	Present value of lease payments 2019 HK\$'000 租賃付款之現值 二零一九年
Within one year In the second to fifth years, inclusive After five years	一年內 第二至第五年(包含首尾兩年) 五年後	6,617 5,974 5,156	6,134 5,706 1,817
Less: Future finance charges	減:未來融資費用	17,747 (4,090)	13,657
Present value of lease liabilities	租賃負債之現值	13,657	
Less: Amount due for settlement within 12 months (shown under current liabilities)	減:十二個月內到期結清款項 (列示於流動負債項下)		(6,134)
Amount due for settlement after 12 months	十二個月後到期結清款項		7,523

As at 31 December 2019, amount of approximately HK\$2,643,000 included in lease liabilities are secured by the underlying assets included right-of-use assets (note 19) and investment properties (note 20).

於二零一九年十二月三十一日,列入租賃 負債的款項約2,643,000港元由列入使用 權資產(附註19)及投資物業(附註20)的 相關資產作抵押。



### 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2019 截至二零一九年十二月三十一日止年度

### CONVERTIBLE BONDS

### CB8

In September 2015, the Company issued approximately 1,898,734,000 convertible bonds ("CB8") with a principal amount of HK\$300,000,000 due in 2018. CB8 are denominated in HK\$, unsecured, bear interest at 5% per annum and will be matured on the date falling on the third anniversary of the issue of CB8. Interest will be payable annually. Neither the Company nor the holders of CB8 may demand early redemption of the CB8 in any event. CB8 are convertible into the shares of the Company at the holder's option before maturity at an initial conversion price of HK\$0.158 per share (subject to adjustments).

The fair value of the liability component of CB8 was calculated using market interest rate for an equivalent non-convertible bond. The residual amount, representing the value of the equity conversion component, was included in convertible bonds equity reserve in the owners' equity.

During the year ended 31 December 2018, 999,999,996 shares of CB8 has been converted into Company's shares. As a CB8 holder did not exercise his conversion upon maturity date in 2018, a payable amount of HK\$35,258,000 was recorded under current liabilities as at 31 December 2018.

### 36. 可換股債券

### 可換股債券第八批債券

於二零一五年九月,本公司發行約 1,898,734,000張可換股債券(「可換股債 券第八批債券」),本金額為300,000,000 港元並於二零一八年到期。可換股債券第 八批債券以港元列值、無抵押、按年利率 5%計息及將於可換股債券第八批債券發 行後三週年屆滿之日到期。利息按年支 付。本公司或可換股債券第八批債券之持 有人均不可於仟何情況下要求提前贖回可 換股債券第八批債券。持有人可選擇於到 期前將可換股債券第八批債券按初始兑換 價每股0.158港元兑換為本公司股份(可予 調整)。

可換股債券第八批債券負債部分之公平值 乃按同等不可換股債券之市場利率計算。 餘下金額即為權益轉換部分之價值,並計 入擁有人權益之可換股債券權益儲備。

截至二零一八十二月三十一日止年度,可 換股債券第八批債券的999,999,996股股 份已轉換為本公司股份。由於一位可換股 债券第八批债券之持有者於二零一八年到 期日並無行使換股權,於二零一八年十二 月三十一日,35,258,000港元之應付款項 計入流動負債。

### 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2019 截至二零一九年十二月三十一日止年度

### 36. CONVERTIBLE BONDS (Continued)

#### CB9

In September 2018, the Company issued approximately 1,760,784,000 convertible bonds ("CB9") with a principal amount of HK\$449,000,000. CB9 are denominated in HK\$, unsecured, bear interest of 3% per annum and will be matured on the date falling on the second anniversary of the issue of CB9 at their principal amount or can be converted into ordinary shares of the Company at the holder's option HK\$0.255 per share of the outstanding principal. Any CB9, which remained outstanding on 16 September 2020, should be converted automatically into the shares of the Company at the conversion price of HK\$0.255 per share (subject to adjustments).

The fair value of the liability component, include in noncurrent financial liabilities of CB9, was calculated using a market interest rate for an equivalent non-convertible bonds. The residual amount, representing the value of the equity conversion component, is included in convertible bonds equity reserve in the owner's equity.

#### 36. 可換股債券(續)

### 可換股債券第九批債券

於二零一八年九月,本公司發行約 1,760,784,000張可換股債券(「可換股債 券第九批債券」),本金額為449,000,000 港元。可換股債券第九批債券以港幣計 值、無抵押,按年利率3%計息並於發行可 換股債券第九批債券兩週年當日按其本金 到期或持有人可選擇按未償還本金每股換 股價為0.255港元轉換為本公司普通股。 於二零二零年九月十六日仍未換股的任何 可換股債券第九批債券應按換股價每股 0.255港元自動轉換為本公司股份(可予調 整)。

可換股債券第九批債券負債部分的公平值 (計入非流動財務負債)採用同等非可換股 債券的市場利率計算。餘下金額即為權益 轉換部分之價值,並計入擁有人權益之可 換股債券權益儲備。



# 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2019 截至二零一九年十二月三十一日止年度

### **36.** CONVERTIBLE BONDS (Continued)

### Movements of liability component

Movements of liability component of CB8 and CB9 for the years ended 31 December 2019 and 2018 are as follows:

### **36.** 可換股債券 (續)

### 負債部分變動

截至二零一九年及二零一八年十二月 三十一日止年度可換股債券第八批債券及 可換股債券第九批債券之負債部分變動如

		<b>CB8</b> HK\$′000 可換股債券	<b>CB9</b> HK\$′000 可換股債券	Total HK\$'000
		<b>第八批債券</b> 千港元	<b>第九批債券</b> 千港元	<b>總計</b> 千港元
At 1 January 2019	於二零一九年一月一日	35,258	25,250	60,508
Imputed interest expenses (note 11)	推算利息費用(附註11)	33,236	23,230 971	971
Transfer to other payables	轉撥至其他應付款項	(35,258)	-	(35,258)
At 31 December 2019	於二零一九年十二月三十一日	_	26,221	26,221
Current portion	即期部分	_	(26,221)	(26,221)
Non-current portion	非即期部分	_	_	_
	-			
		<b>CB8</b> HK\$'000	<b>CB9</b> HK\$'000	<b>Total</b> HK\$'000
		可換股債券	可換股債券	HK\$ 000
		第八批債券	第九批債券	總計
		千港元	千港元	千港元
At 1 January 2018	於二零一八年一月一日	195,400	_	195,400
Initial recognition	首次確認	_	24,973	24,973
Imputed interest expenses (note 11)	推算利息費用(附註11)	17,137	277	17,414
Interest paid	已付利息	(4,191)	_	(4,191)
Conversion during the year	年內兑換	(157,087)	_	(157,087)
Net-off with part of the consideration	扣除可換股債券第九批債券			
of CB9	部分代價後淨額 -	(16,001)		(16,001)
At 31 December 2018	於二零一八年十二月三十一日	35,258	25,250	60,508
Current portion	即期部分 -	(35,258)	-	(35,258)
Non-current portion	非即期部分 <b>-</b>	_	25,250	25,250

# 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2019 截至二零一九年十二月三十一日止年度

### **36. CONVERTIBLE BONDS** (Continued)

### Movements of equity component

Movements of equity component for the years ended 31 December 2019 and 2018 are as follows:

### 36. 可換股債券(續)

### 權益部分變動

截至二零一九年及二零一八年十二月 三十一日止年度之權益部分變動如下:

		CB8	CB9	Total
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		可換股債券	可換股債券	
		第八批債券	第九批債券	總計
		千港元	千港元	千港元
At 1 January 2018	於二零一八年一月一日	54,303	_	54,303
Initial recognition	首次確認	_	416,628	416,628
Issuance of shares upon conversion	於轉換可換股債券時			
of convertible bonds	發行股份	(45,158)	_	(45,158)
Release upon maturity of	可換股債券到期時解除			
convertible bonds		(9,145)		(9,145)
At 31 December 2018 and 2019	於二零一八年及			
	二零一九年			
	十二月三十一日		416,628	416,628

### 37. PROMISSORY NOTES

### 37. 承兑票據

		Promissory	Promissory	Promissory	
		Note A-i	Note A-ii	Note B	Total
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		承兑票據A-i	承兑票據A-ii	承兑票據B	總計
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
At 1 January 2019	於二零一九年				
•	一月一日	_	_	_	_
Fair value of promissory	已發行承兑票據				
notes issued	公平值	155,605	70,455	17,800	243,860
Repayment during the year	年內還款	(97,866)	_	(300)	(98,166)
Loss on early redemption	提前贖回之虧損	6,459	_	_	6,459
Effective interest expenses	實際利息開支	233	_	585	818
Interest paid during the year	年內已付利息	_	_	(351)	(351)
Exchange difference	匯兑差額	(75)	_		(75)
At 31 December 2019	於二零一九年				
	十二月三十一日	64,356	70,455	17,734	152,545



### 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2019 截至二零一九年十二月三十一日止年度

### PROMISSORY NOTES (Continued)

#### Notes

#### **Promissory Note A**

On 19 December 2019, the Group completed the acquisition of equity instruments at fair value through other comprehensive income, for a nominal consideration of RMB224 million which was satisfied by the Company's issue of Promissory Note A to vendor (note 24).

The Promissory Note A can be early redeemed by the Company at all or part of the outstanding principal amount of the Promissory Note A.

The Promissory Note A issued on 19 December 2019 comprised of two parts, (i) the unconditional promissory note with nominal value of RMB149 million (approximately HK\$165,554,000) carrying interest of 5% per annum and maturing on 18 December 2022 (the "Promissory Note A-i"); and (ii) the conditional promissory note with nominal value of RMB75 million (approximately HK\$83,333,000) carrying interest of 5% per annum and maturing on 18 December 2022 (the "Promissory Note A-ii"). Conditions for the Promissory A-ii included release of financial guarantee provided by Tai'an Wanyue on facility of a third party and full recoverability from certain debtors of Tai'an Wanyue.

The Promissory A-i was early redeemed by the Company partially amounted to approximately HK\$97,866,000 (RMB88 million) resulting in a loss on early redemption of approximately HK\$6,459,000 during the year ended 31 December 2019.

At issue date, the fair value of the Promissory Note A is determined at date of issuance with reference to valuation performed by APAC Asset Valuation and Consulting Limited.

The Promissory Note A-i is initially measured at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost. The effective interest rate of the Promissory Note A-i on initial recognition and the subsequent measurement of interest expenses is calculated at 7.5% per annum.

### 37. 承兑票據(續)

#### 附註

#### 承兑票據A

於二零一九年十二月十九日,本集團完成收購 按公平值計入其他全面收入的權益工具,名義 代價為人民幣224,000,000 元,以本公司向賣方 發行承兑票據A的方式結算(附註24)。

本公司可以承兑票據A全部或部分未付本金額 提前贖回承兑票據A。

於二零一九年十二月十九日發行的承兑票據 A包括兩部分,(i)面值為人民幣149,000,000元 (約165,554,000港元)的無條件承兑票據,按 年利率5%計息,且於二零二二年十二月十八 日到期(「承兑票據A-i」);及(ii)面值為人民幣 75,000,000元(約83,333,000港元)的有條件 承兑票據,按年利率5%計息,且於二零二二年 十二月十八日到期(「承兑票據A-ii」)。承兑票 據A-ii的條件包括解除泰安萬岳就第三方融資提 供的財務擔保及悉數收回泰安萬岳的若干應收 賬款。

截至二零一九年十二月三十一日止年度,本公 司提前贖回部分承兑票據A-i約97,866,000港元 (人民幣88,000,000元),導致提前贖回之虧損 約6,459,000港元。

於發行日期,承兑票據A的公平值乃於發行日期 參考亞太資產評估及顧問有限公司進行的估值 釐定。

承兑票據A-i初步按公平值計量,其後按攤銷成 本計量。承兑票據A-i於初步確認時的實際利率 及利息開支的後續計量乃以利率7.5%計算。

### 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2019 截至二零一九年十二月三十一日止年度

### 37. PROMISSORY NOTES (Continued)

Notes (Continued)

### **Promissory Note A** (Continued)

The Promissory Note A-ii is initially measured at fair value. The fair value of the Promissory Note A-ii is measured based on the probability of conditions fulfillment. Subsequently, the Promissory Note A-ii is measured at fair value through profit or loss. For the fair value measurement of Promissory Note A-ii, please referred to note 7 to the consolidated financial statement.

#### **Promissory Note B**

On 3 June 2019, the Group issued Promissory Note B in principal amount of HK\$17,800,000 with 8% interest per annuum and maturing on 31 August 2019 for settlement of deposit received for potential disposal of subsidiaries (note 30). On 1 September 2019, both the Group and the holder of the Promissory Note B agreed to extend the maturity date to 29 February 2020 for the principal amount of HK\$1,500,000 and the maturity date to 31 August 2020 for the principal amount of HK\$16,000,000 at the interest rate of 4% per annum.

The Promissory Note B can be early redeemed by the Group at all or part of the outstanding principal amount.

The Promissory Note B was repaid by the Group in the amount of HK\$300,000 during the year ended 31 December 2019.

### 37. 承兑票據(續)

附註(續)

### 承兑票據A(續)

承兑票據A-ii初步按公平值計量。承兑票據A-ii的公平值乃基於實現條件的可能性計量。其後,承兑票據A-ii乃按公平值計入損益計量。有關承擔票據A-ii的公平值計量,請參閱綜合財務報表附註7。

#### 承兑票據B

於二零一九年六月三日·本集團發行本金額為17,800,000港元·年利率為8%且於二零一九年八月三十一日到期的承兑票據B·以結算就可能出售附屬公司收取的按金(附註30)。於二零一九年九月一日·本集團與承兑票據B的持有人均同意將本金額1,500,000港元到期日延長至二零二零年二月二十九日及將本金額16,000,000港元且年利率4%到期日延長至二零二零年八月二十一日。

本集團可以全部或部分未付本金額提前贖回承 兑票據B。

截至二零一九年十二月三十一日止年度,本集團償還承兑票據B 300,000港元。



# 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2019 截至二零一九年十二月三十一日止年度

# 38. DEFERRED TAX ASSETS/(LIABILITIES) 38. 遞延税項資產/(負債)

The following are the major deferred tax liabilities and assets recognised by the Group.

下表為本集團確認的主要遞延税項負債及 資產。

		Accelerated capital allowances	Fair value adjustment on business combination	Fair value adjustment on investment properties	Total
		HK\$'000 加速資本	HK\$'000 業務合併的	HK\$'000 投資物業	HK\$'000
		<b>撥備</b> 千港元	公平值調整 千港元	<b>公平值調整</b> 千港元	<b>總計</b> 千港元
At 1 January 2018	於二零一八年一月一日	50,384	(79,638)	(22,134)	(51,388)
(Charged)/credited to profit or loss Exchange difference	(扣除)/計入損益 匯兑差額	(5,773)	41,166	(63,153) 3,759	(27,760)
At 31 December 2018 and 1 January 2019	於二零一八年十二月三十一日				
	及二零一九年一月一日	43,189	(38,472)	(81,528)	(76,811)
(Charged)/credited to profit or loss	(扣除)/計入損益	(1,907)	(69)	(23,124)	(25,100)
Disposal of subsidiaries	出售附屬公司	(41,179)	38,403	-	(2,776)
Exchange difference	匯兑差額	(103)	138	1,959	1,994
At 31 December 2019	於二零一九年十二月三十一日	_	_	(102,693)	(102,693)

For the purpose of presentation in consolidated statement of financial position, the following is the analysis of the deferred tax balances for financial reporting purposes:

就於綜合財務狀況表呈列而言,下文為就 財務報告目的所作遞延税項結餘分析:

			1
		2019	2018
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		二零一九年	二零一八年
		千港元	千港元
Deferred tax assets	遞延税項資產	_	43,189
Deferred tax liabilities	遞延税項負債	(102,693)	(120,000)
		(102,693)	(76,811)

### 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2019 截至二零一九年十二月三十一日止年度

# 38. DEFERRED TAX ASSETS/(LIABILITIES)

(Continued)

Pursuant to the PRC Corporate Income Tax Law, 10% withholding tax is levied on dividends declared to foreign investment enterprises established in the PRC effective from 1 January 2008. The Group is liable to withholding taxes on dividends distributed by the subsidiaries established in the PRC in respect of earnings generated from 1 January 2008. As at 31 December 2019 and 2018, the Group's PRC subsidiaries are in accumulated losses position and no withholding tax is recognised.

As at 31 December 2019, the Group has not recognised deferred tax assets in respect of the tax losses of approximately HK\$94,356,000 (2018: HK\$74,076,000) as it is not probable that future taxable profits against which the tax losses can be utilised will be available in the relevant tax jurisdiction and entity. The tax losses will be expired within five years under current tax legislation.

### 39. SHARE CAPITAL

### **38.** 遞延税項資產/(負債)(續)

根據中國企業所得税法,向於中國成立之 外資企業宣派之股息須按10%之税率繳納 預扣税,由二零零八年一月一日起生效。 本集團須就於中國成立之附屬公司就二零 零八年一月一日起產生之盈利而分派之股 息繳交預扣稅。於二零一九年及二零一八 年十二月三十一日,本集團之中國附屬公 司處於累計虧損狀態及並無確認預扣稅。

於二零一九年十二月三十一日,本集團並 無就約94,356,000港元之税項虧損(二零 一八年:74,076,000港元)確認遞延税項 資產,因於相關稅項司法權區及有關實體 未來出現應課税溢利須動用該等虧損以作 抵銷之機會不大。根據現行税務法例,稅 項虧損將於五年內到期。

### 39. 股本

		2019		2018	
		二零一九年		零-	-八年
		Number		Number	
		of shares	Amount	of shares	Amount
		′000	HK\$'000	′000	HK\$'000
		股份數目	金額	股份數目	金額
		千股	千港元	千股 千股	千港元
Authorised:	攤銷:				
Ordinary shares of HK\$0.1 each	每股面值0.1港元的普通股				
At 1 January	於一月一日	15,000,000	1,500,000	5,000,000	500,000
Increase in authorised capital	法定股本增加	_	_	10,000,000	1,000,000
•					
At 31 December	於十二月三十一日	15,000,000	1,500,000	15,000,000	1,500,000
Issued and fully paid:	已發行及繳足:				
Ordinary shares of HK\$0.1 each	每股面值0.1港元的普通股				
At 1 January	於一月一日	5,444,845	544,484	3,049,705	304,970
Issuance of shares upon	股份配售後發行股份				
share placing		-	_	609,940	60,994
Issuance of shares upon conversion	於轉換可換股債券時				
of convertible bonds	發行股份	_	_	1,785,200	178,520
At 31 December	於十二月三十一日	5,444,845	544,484	5,444,845	544,484

### 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2019 截至二零一九年十二月三十一日止年度

#### SHARE-BASED PAYMENTS 40.

The Company has a share option scheme, which was adopted by the shareholders on 24 June 2013 (the "Scheme") and unless otherwise cancelled or amended, will remain in force for 10 years from the date of adoption. Eligible participants of the Scheme include the Directors, independent nonexecutive Directors, other employees of the Group, suppliers of goods or services to the Group, customers of the Group, any person or entity that provides research, development or other technological support to the Group and any non-controlling shareholder in the Company's subsidiaries.

Pursuant to the extraordinary general meeting passed on 24 June 2013, the general scheme limit of the Scheme is set to 1,746,849,000 shares, which have been adjusted to 174,685,000 shares pursuant to the share consolidation in 2014, representing 10% of the Company's issued share capital on the date of meeting, with the passing of ordinary resolution, which allows the Company to grant further options carrying the rights to subscribe for a maximum of 174,685,000 shares. This is also the maximum unexercised share options currently permits to be granted under the Scheme at any time.

Maximum number of shares issuable under share options to each eligible participant in the Scheme within any 12-month period, is limited to 1%, of the shares of the Company in issue at any time. Any further grant of share options in excess of this limit is subject to shareholders' approval in a general meeting.

Share options granted to a Director, chief executive or substantial shareholder of the Company, or to any of their associates, are subject to approval in advance by the independent non-executive Directors. In addition, share options granted to a substantial shareholder or an independent nonexecutive Director, or to any of their associates, in excess of 0.1% of the shares of the Company in issue at any time or with aggregate value (based on the price of the Company's shares at the date of the grant) in excess of HK\$5 million, within any 12-month period, are subject to shareholders' approval in advance in a general meeting.

### 40. 以股份為基礎之付款

本公司由股東於二零一三年六月二十四日 採納一項購股權計劃(「計劃」),除非另行 取消或修訂,否則計劃由採納日期起計10 年內一直有效。計劃之合資格參與者包括 本集團之董事、獨立非執行董事、其他僱 員、本集團之貨品或服務供應商、本集團 之顧客、向本集團提供研究、開發或其他 技術支援之任何人士或實體及本公司附屬 公司之任何非控股股東。

根據於二零一三年六月二十四日通過之股 東特別大會,計劃之一般計劃限額已設定 為1,746,849,000股股份(已根據二零一四 年股份合併調整為174,685,000股股份) (佔大會舉行日期本公司已發行股本之 10%),隨著普通決議案獲通過,本公司可 進一步授出附有最多可認購174,685,000 股股份權利之購股權。此亦為目前於任何 時間根據計劃容許授出之尚未行使購股權 之最高數目。

在任何十二個月期間內,根據購股權可向 計劃內之每名合資格參與者發行之最高股 份數目不得超逾本公司於任何時間已發行 股份之1%。倘進一步授出超逾此限額之購 股權,則須在股東大會上取得股東批准。

授予本公司董事、主要行政人員或主要股 東或彼等之任何聯繫人之購股權,須事先 取得獨立非執行董事之批准。此外,在任何 十二個月期間內授予主要股東或獨立非執 行董事或彼等之任何聯繫人之購股權,倘 超逾本公司於任何時間已發行股份之0.1% 或總值超逾5,000,000港元(根據於授出日 期本公司之股價而釐定)者,則須事先在 股東大會上取得股東批准。

### 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2019 截至二零一九年十二月三十一日止年度

### **40. SHARE-BASED PAYMENTS** (Continued)

The offer of a grant of share options may be accepted within 14 days from the date of the offer, upon payment of a nominal consideration of HK\$1 in total by the grantee. The exercise period of the share options granted is determinable by the Director, and commences after a certain vesting period and ends on a date which is not later than 10 years from the date of the offer of the share options or the expiry date of the Scheme, if earlier.

The exercise price of the share options is determinable by the Directors of the Company, but may not be less than the higher

- the Stock Exchange closing price of the Company's (a) shares on the date of the offer of the share options;
- (b) the average Stock Exchange closing price of the Company's shares for the five trading days immediately preceding the date of the offer; and
- the nominal value of the shares. (c)

Share options do not confer rights on the holders to dividends or to vote at shareholders' meetings.

There has been no share option granted or exercised since the Scheme was adopted in June 2013. As at 31 December 2019 and 2018, the Group has no outstanding share option.

### 40. 以股份為基礎之付款(續)

授出購股權之建議須於授出購股權建議之 日起計14日內獲接納,承授人亦須就此繳 交合共1港元之名義代價。所授出之購股權 之行使期由董事決定,期限在一段歸屬期 後開始,而屆滿日期不得遲於建議授出購 股權日期起計10年或計劃屆滿之日(以較 早發生者為準)。

購股權之行使價由本公司董事決定,惟不 得低於以下之較高者:

- 於建議授出購股權之日期本公司股 份於聯交所之收市價;
- 本公司股份於緊接建議授出購股權 (b) 日期前五個交易日在聯交所之平均 收市價;及
- 股份之面值。 (c)

購股權並無賦予持有人收取股息或於股東 大會上投票之權利。

自二零一三年六月採納計劃以來,並無授 出或行使購股權。於二零一九年及二零 一八年十二月三十一日,本集團並無尚未 行使之購股權。



### 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2019 截至二零一九年十二月三十一日止年度

### 41. RESERVES

### Nature and purpose of the Group's (a)

#### (i) Share premium

- the difference between the combined net asset value of the subsidiaries acquired pursuant to the Group reorganisation in 2001, over the nominal value of the share capital of the Company issued in exchange therefor;
- the premium arising from the capitalisation issue in the previous years;
- issue of shares of the Company at a premium net of transaction costs associated with the issue of shares; and
- amount transferred from other equity reserves upon exercise of share options and conversion of convertible bonds.

#### (ii) Capital reserve

Capital reserve mainly arose from the Company's capital reorganisation in 2005 and represented the reduction of share capital of the Company.

#### (iii) Exchange reserve

Exchange differences arising from the translation of the net assets of the Group's foreign operations from their functional currencies to the Group's presentation currency (i.e. HK\$) are recognised directly in other comprehensive income and accumulated in exchange reserve. The reserve is dealt with in accordance with the accounting policy of foreign currencies set out in note 4 to the consolidated financial statements.

### 41. 儲備

#### (a) 本集團儲備性質及目的

#### (i) 股份溢價

- 根據本集團於二零 零一年之重組收購 之附屬公司之合併 資產淨值超出本公 司就交換而發行之 股本面值之差額;
- 過往年度資本化發 行產生之溢價;
- 本公司以溢價(已 扣除發行股份相關 交易成本)發行股 份;及
- 於行使購股權及兑 換可換股債券時從 其他權益儲備轉撥 之款項。

#### (ii) 資本儲備

資本儲備主要來自本公司於 二零零五年推行的資本重組 **並指本公司股本削減。** 

#### (iii) **匯兑儲備**

將本集團海外業務之資產淨 值按其功能貨幣換算為本集 團呈列貨幣(即港元)而產 生的匯兑差額直接於其他全 面收入確認及於匯兑儲備累 計。該儲備乃根據綜合財務 報表附註4所載之外幣會計 政策作會計處理。

### 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2019 截至二零一九年十二月三十一日止年度

### 41. RESERVES (Continued)

### Nature and purpose of the Group's reserves (Continued)

#### (iv) Convertible bonds equity reserve

Under HKAS 32, convertible bonds issued are split into liability and equity components at initial recognition by recognising the liability component at its fair value determined using market interest rate for equivalent nonconvertible bonds and attributing to the equity component the difference between the proceeds from issue and the fair value of the liability component. The liability component is subsequently carried at amortised cost whilst equity component is recognised in convertible bonds equity reserve until the bonds are either converted (in which case it is transferred to share premium) or the bonds are redeemed (in which case it is released directly to accumulated losses).

#### (v) Other reserve

Other reserve mainly arose from the non-cash transaction incurred by the Group in 2019 and represented the capital injection by noncontrolling interests.

### 41. 儲備(續)

#### (a) 本集團儲備性質及目的 (續)

#### (iv) 可換股債券權益儲備

根據香港會計準則第32號, 已發行可換股債券於初步確 認時分為負債及權益部分, 負債部分乃按採用同等不 可換股債券之市場利率釐定 其公平值予以確認,權益部 分則包括發行之所得款項與 負債部分公平值之差額。負 **债部分其後按攤銷成本列** 賬。權益部分於可換股債券 權益儲備確認,直至債券獲 兑换(於此情況下其將轉撥 至股份溢價)或債券獲贖回 (於此情況下其將直接解除 至累計虧損)。

#### (v) 其他儲備

其他儲備主要產生自本集團 於二零一九年產生的非現金 交易,並指由非控股權益注 資。



# 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2019 截至二零一九年十二月三十一日止年度

### 41. RESERVES (Continued)

### 41. 儲備(續)

### (b) Reserves of the Company

### (b) 本公司儲備

		Share premium	Capital reserve	Convertible bonds equity reserve	Accumulated losses	Total
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000 可換股債券	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		股份溢價	資本儲備	權益儲備	累計虧損	總計
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
At 1 January 2018 Issuance of shares upon	於二零一八年一月一日 於配售時發行股份	2,363,920	157,960	462,708	(3,094,633)	(110,045)
placing (note 39)	(附註39)	26,227	-	_	_	26,227
Share issue expenses	股份發行費用	(2,125)	-	-	_	(2,125)
Release upon maturity of	可換股債券到期時解除					
convertible bonds (note 36)	(附註36)	_	-	(9,145)	9,145	_
Issuance of shares upon conversion of convertible	於轉換可換股債券時發行 股份(附註36)					
bonds (note 36)		432,130	-	(453,563)	-	(21,433)
Issuance of convertible bonds (note 36)	發行可換股債券 (附註36)	_	_	416,628	_	416,628
Loss and total comprehensive	年內虧損及全面開支總額			,		,
expenses for the year	1130000		_	_	(49,318)	(49,318)
At 31 December 2018	於二零一八年					
	十二月三十一日	2,820,152	157,960	416,628	(3,134,806)	259,934
At 1 January 2019	於二零一九年一月一日	2,820,152	157,960	416,628	(3,134,806)	259,934
Loss and total comprehensive expenses for the year	年內虧損及全面開支 總額	-	-	-	(16,784)	(16,784)
	XI 1 -					
At 31 December 2019	於二零一九年 十二月三十一日	2,820,152	157,960	416,628	(3,151,590)	243,150

# 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2019 截至二零一九年十二月三十一日止年度

### 42. STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION OF 42. 本公司財務狀況表 THE COMPANY

		2019 HK\$'000 二零一九年 千港元	2018 HK\$'000 二零一八年 千港元
Non-current assets Property, plant and equipment Interests in subsidiaries Deposits and other receivables	非流動資產 物業、廠房及設備 於附屬公司的權益 按金及其他應收款項	2,319 735,450 44,700	3,502 794,065 —
		782,469	797,567
Current assets Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss Prepayments, deposits and	流動資產 按公平值計入損益之 財務資產 預付款項、按金及	28,314	14,407
other receivables Loan receivables Cash and bank balances	其他應收款項 應收貸款 現金及銀行結存	68,392 5,000 2,149	115,033 35,618 104,962
		103,855	270,020
Current liabilities Other payables and accruals Amount due to a subsidiary Other borrowings Promissory note Convertible bonds	流動負債 其他應付款項及應計款項 應付一間附屬公司款項 其他借款 承兑票據 可換股債券	16,545 - 27,711 17,734 26,221	34,809 157,373 - - 35,258
Net current assets	流動資產淨值	15,644	42,580
Total assets less current liabilities	總資產減流動負債	798,113	840,147
Non-current liabilities Convertible bonds Other borrowings	<b>非流動負債</b> 可換股債券 其他借款	10,479	25,250 10,479
		10,479	35,729
NET ASSETS	淨資產	787,634	804,418
Capital and reserves Share capital Reserves	<b>資本及儲備</b> 股本 儲備	544,484 243,150	544,484 259,934
TOTAL EQUITY	總權益	787,634	804,418

### 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2019 截至二零一九年十二月三十一日止年度

### 43. CAPITAL RISK MANAGEMENT

The Group manages its capital to ensure the entities in the Group will be able to continue as a going concern while maximising the return to shareholders through the optimisation of the debt and equity balances. The Group's overall strategy remains unchanged from prior years.

The capital structure of the Group consists of equity attributable to owners of the Company, comprising issued share capital, reserves and accumulated losses.

The management of the Group reviews the capital structure periodically. The Group considers the cost of capital and the risks associated with the capital, and will balance its overall capital structure through payment of dividends, issuance of new shares and share buy-backs as well as the raising of new debts, if required.

### **OPERATING LEASE COMMITMENTS**

### (a) As lessor

At 31 December 2019, the Group had total future minimum lease receivables under non-cancellable operating leases with its tenant falling due as follows:

### 43. 資本風險管理

本集團管理其資本,以確保本集團內實體 有能力持續經營,同時透過優化債務及股 本結餘擴大股東回報。本集團整體策略與 過往年度相同。

本集團資本架構包括本公司擁有人應佔權 益,其中包含已發行股本、儲備及累計虧

本集團管理層定期審閱資本架構。本集團 省覽資本成本及與資本相關之風險,並透 過派付股息、發行新股份及股份回購以及 籌集新債(如必須)來平衡其整體的資本 架構。

### 44. 經營和約承擔

#### 作為出租人 (a)

於二零一九年十二月三十一日,本 集團於下列年期內屆滿之不可撤銷 經營租約之未來最少租賃應收款項 總額如下:

			1
		2019	2018
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		二零一九年	二零一八年
		千港元	千港元
Within one year	一年內	128,154	128,378
In the second to fifth years, inclusive	第二至第五年		
	(包含首尾兩年)	305,920	427,933
		434,074	556,311

The Group leases its investment properties (note 20) under an operating lease agreement, with leases negotiated for terms of five years (2018: five years). The operating lease do not include contingent rentals.

本集團根據經營租約協議租賃其投 資物業(附註20),租期磋商為五 年(二零一八年:五年)。經營租約 不包括或然租金。

### 綜合財務報表附註

As lessee

Within one year

(b)

For the year ended 31 December 2019 截至二零一九年十二月三十一日止年度

# 44. OPERATING LEASE COMMITMENTS (Continued)

### (Continuea)

# At 31 December 2018, the Group had total future minimum lease payments under non-cancellable operating lease falling due as follows:

### 44. 經營租約承擔(續)

### (b) 作為承租人

於二零一八年十二月三十一日,本 集團於下列年期內屆滿之不可撤銷 經營租約之未來最少租賃付款總額 如下:

2018 HK\$'000 二零一八年 千港元 7,966 年) 12,381

第二至第五年(包含首尾兩年)

一年內

20,347

The Group leases certain leasehold land and buildings and equipment under operating leases. The leases run for an initial period of one to five years, with an option to renew the lease and renegotiate the terms at expiry date or at dates as mutually agreed between the Group and respective landlords/lessors. None of the leases includes contingent rentals.

本集團根據經營租約租用若干租賃 土地及樓宇以及設備。該等租約初 步為期一年至五年,可於到期日或 本集團與有關業主/出租人共同商 定之日期選擇續租及重訂租約條 款。該等租約不包括或然租金。

### 45. CAPITAL AND OTHER COMMITMENTS

In the second to fifth years, inclusive

# The Group's capital and other commitments at the end of the reporting period are as follows:

### 45. 資本及其他承擔

本集團於報告期末的資本及其他承擔如 下:

	2019 HK\$'000 二零一九年 千港元	2018 HK\$'000 二零一八年 千港元
Capital commitments for construction cost of Oil 油品及液體化工品碼頭 and Liquefied Chemical Terminal 建築成本之資本承擔 Other commitments in respect of administrative fees and training fees 其他承擔	10,020	2,452 42,973
	10,020	45,425

# 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2019 截至二零一九年十二月三十一日止年度

### 46. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

In addition to those related party transactions and balances disclosed elsewhere in the financial statements, the Group has no transactions with its related parties.

### Compensation of key management personnel

The remuneration of directors and other members of key management during the year was as follows:

### 46. 關連人士交易

除該等關連人士交易及財務報表其他地方 所披露的結餘外,本集團並無與其關連人 士進行的交易。

### 主要管理人員之補償

董事及主要管理人員其他成員於年內之薪 酬如下:

		2019	2018
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		二零一九年	二零一八年
		千港元	千港元
Short-term benefits	短期福利	3,127	2,830
Post-employment benefits	離職後福利	18	18
		3,145	2,848

The remuneration of Directors and key executives is determined by the board of Directors (upon the recommendation of the remuneration committee) having regard to the performance of individuals and market trends.

董事及主要行政人員的薪酬由董事會(於 薪酬委員會提供推薦建議時)經考慮個人 表現及市場趨勢而釐定。

### 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2019 截至二零一九年十二月三十一日止年度

### 47. PARTICULARS OF SUBSIDIARIES OF THE **COMPANY**

### 47. 本公司的附屬公司詳情

- Particulars of the Company's subsidiaries as at 31 (a) December 2019 are as follows:
- 於二零一九年十二月三十一日本公 (a) 司的附屬公司詳情如下:

Name	Place of incorporation	Issued and paid-up capital	Percentage of the ownership interest/voting power 擁有權權益/	Principal activities	
名稱	註冊成立地點	已發行及繳足資本	班有權權益/ 投票權力百分比 Direct Indirect 直接 間接	主要業務	
Treasure Tone Limited 富裕通有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	HK <b>\$1</b> 1港元	- 100%/100% - 100%/100%	Investment holding 投資控股	
Hong Kong Forest Source Mining Industry Holding Company Limited	Hong Kong	HK\$70,000,000	- 100%/100%	Investment holding	
香港森源礦業控股有限公司	香港	70,000,000港元	- 100%/100%	投資控股	
Mission Achiever Limited	Samoa 薩摩亞	US\$1 1美元	- 100%/100% - 100%/100%	Investment holding 投資控股	
Mid-Ocean Hong Kong Investment Limited ("Mid-Ocean")	Hong Kong	HK\$1	- 100%/100%	Investment holding	
中海香港投資有限公司(「中海」)	香港	1港元	- 100%/100%	投資控股	
Shundong Port*	The PRC	RMB223,040,036	- 46.7%/ 66.7%	Leasing of oil and liquefied chemical terminal, the PRC	
順東港務*	中國	人民幣223,040,036元	- 46.7%/ 66.7%	租賃油品及液體化工品碼頭,中國	
iECO Financial Consulting Limited	Hong Kong	HK\$1,600,000	- 85%/75%	Insurance Brokerage	
奕高理財顧問有限公司	香港	1,600,000港元	- 85%/75%	Service, Hong Kong 保險經紀服務,香港	

#### Notes

This company is a sino-foreign owned enterprise established in the PRC. The entire paid-up capital is pledged for the Group's other borrowings as at 31 December 2018 (note 33).

Although the Group owns less than 50% of the equity interest in Shundong Port, Shundong Port is treated as a subsidiary because the Group is able to control the relevant activities of Shundong Port as a result of the concert party agreement between the Group and another shareholder of Shundong Port. Details of the concert party agreement are disclosed in the announcement of the Company dated 3 July 2019.

The above table lists the subsidiaries of the Company which, in the opinion of the Directors, principally affected the results for the year or formed a substantial portion of the net assets of the Group. To give details of other subsidiaries would, in the opinion of the Directors, result in particulars of excessive length.

None of the subsidiaries had issued any debt securities at the end of the year.

附註

此公司為在中國成立的中外合 資企業。於二零一八年十二月 三十一日,全部繳足資本已為 本集團之其他借款作抵押(附 註33)。

儘管本集團擁有順東港務50%以下股權, 順東港務被視作為一間附屬公司,原因為 本公司可藉本集團與順東港務另一名股東 之間的一致行動人士協議控制順東港務的 相關業務。一致行動人士協議的詳情於本 公司日期為二零一九年七月三日之公佈中 披露。

上表載列董事認為對本集團本年度之業績 有重大影響或佔本集團絕大部分資產淨值 之本公司之附屬公司。董事認為,提供其 他附屬公司之詳情將過於冗長。

所有附屬公司於年結日均無發行任何債務 證券。



# 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2019 截至二零一九年十二月三十一日止年度

### 47. PARTICULARS OF SUBSIDIARIES OF THE 47. 本公司的附屬公司詳情(續) **COMPANY** (Continued)

- Particulars of the wholly-owned entities de-consolidated since 2010 are as follows:
- 自二零一零年起不再綜合入賬之全 (b) 資實體詳情如下:

Name	Place of incorporation	Issued and paid-up capital	Percentage of the interest/votin 佔擁有權權	g power	Principal activities		
名稱	註冊成立地點	已發行及繳足資本	投票權力百 Direct 直接		主要業務		
QHFSMI (note 2(b))#	PRC	HK\$40,000,000	_	100%/	Exploration of mine, the PRC		
青海森源 (附註2(b))#	中國	40,000,000港元	-	100%/	礦區勘探,中國		
IMFSMI (note 2(b))#	PRC	Nil	-	100%/	Not yet commenced business		
內蒙古森源(附註2(b))#	中國	無	-	100%/	尚未開始經營業務		
# These companies at	re wholly-owned foreig	gn enterprises	#	這些公 獨資企	司為於中國成立的外商業。		

established in the PRC.

獨資企業。

# 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2019 截至二零一九年十二月三十一日止年度

### 47. PARTICULARS OF SUBSIDIARIES OF THE **COMPANY** (Continued)

The following table shows information of the subsidiary that has non-controlling interests ("NCI") material to the Group. The summarised financial information represents amounts before inter-company eliminations.

## 47. 本公司的附屬公司詳情(續)

下表列示擁有對本集團屬重大的非控股權 益(「非控股權益」)的附屬公司資料。財務 資料概要指公司內對銷之前的金額。

Name **Shundong Port** 名稱 順東港務

		<b>2019</b> 二零一九年	2018 二零一八年
Principal place of business/ country of incorporation	主要營業地/註冊成立 所在國家	The PRC 中國	The PRC 中國
% of ownership interests/voting rights held by NCI	非控股權益持有的 擁有權權益/投票權%	53.3%/33.3%	49%/49%
At 31 December:	於十二月三十一日:	HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元
Non-current assets Current liabilities Non-current liabilities	非流動資產 流動資產 流動負債 非流動負債	1,384,296 104,433 (777,963) (266,389)	1,368,826 39,913 (663,257) (407,084)
Net assets	資產淨值	444,377	338,398
Accumulated NCI	累計非控股權益	237,031	165,815
Year ended 31 December: Revenue Profit Profit and total comprehensive income Profit allocated to NCI Dividends paid to NCI	<b>截至十二月三十一日止年度</b> : 收益 溢利 溢利及全面收入總額 分配至非控股股東 權益的溢利 派付予非控股股東 權益的股息	129,830 31,278 28,979 15,665	115,080 5,488 2,845 2,689



### 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2019 截至二零一九年十二月三十一日止年度

### 48. NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

#### (a) Major non-cash transaction

On 26 September 2019, Shundong Port, Mid-Ocean, 山東順泰港務有限公司 (Shandong Shuntai Port Services Company Limited) (the "JV Partner") and an independent third party (the "Investor") entered into a capital increase agreement, in which to subscribe for the new equity in the capital of Shundong Port for the consideration of RMB70 million (HK\$77 million), which shall be satisfied by the capitalisation of a preexisting loan owed by Shundong Port to the Investor (the "Capital Increase"). On completion of the Capital Increase, the equity holding of Mid-Ocean in Shundong Port decreases from 51% to approximately 46.7%. The effect of the Capital Increase on the equity attributable to the owners of the Company is a gain recognised directly in other reserve of the Group of approximately HK\$18,842,000.

### 48. 綜合現金流量表附註

#### 主要非現金交易 (a)

於二零一九年九月二十六日,順 東港務、中海、山東順泰港務有限 公司(「合資企業夥伴」)與一名獨 立第三方(「投資方」)訂立增資協 議,據此,可以人民幣70,000,000 元(約77,000,000港元)代價認購 順東港務股本中的新股權,該代價 透過將順東港務欠付投資方的現有 前貸款資本化而支付(「增資」)。 於完成增資後,中海於順東港務的 股權由51%減至約46.7%。增資對 本公司擁有人應佔股權的影響為於 本集團其他儲備直接確認的收益約 18,842,000港元。

# 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2019 截至二零一九年十二月三十一日止年度

### 48. NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED **STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS** (Continued)

### Changes in liabilities arising from financing activities

The table below details changes in the Group's liabilities arising from financing activities, including both cash and non-cash changes. Liabilities arising from financing activities are those for which cash flows were, or the future cash flows will be, classified in the Group's consolidated cash flows from financing activities.

### 48. 綜合現金流量表附註(續)

### 融資活動所產生的負債變 (b)

下表載列本集團來自融資活動負債 之變動詳情,包括現金及非現金變 動。來自融資活動的負債乃現金流 量或未來現金流量將劃分為本集團 來自融資活動之綜合現金流量之負 債。

Total

		Bank borrowings HK\$'000 銀行借款 千港元	Other borrowings HK\$'000 其他借款 千港元	Finance lease liabilities HK\$'000 融資租賃 負債 千港元	Lease liabilities HK\$'000 <b>租賃負債</b> 千港元	Convertible bonds HK\$'000 可換股債券 千港元	Promissory notes HK\$'000 承兑票據 千港元	Amounts due to non- controlling shareholders HK\$'000 應付非控股 東敷瑱 干港元	Total liabilities from financing activities HK\$'000 來自融資活活動之總負債
-									
At 1 January 2018 Changes in cash flows Non-cash changes	於二零一八年一月一日 現金流量變動 非現金流量變動	294,584 (62,220) 2,476	159,992 81,879 (70,345)	215,857 (172,047) (1,767)	- - -	195,400 437,410 (572,302)	- - -	101,600 113,729 44,089	967,433 398,751 (597,849)
At 31 December 2018, and 1 January 2019, as previously reported Effect of changes in accounting policies	於二零一八年十二月三十一日 及二零一九年一月一日 (如之前所列報) 會計政策變動的影響	234,840	171,526 39,452	42,043 (42,043)	- 20,747	60,508 -	-	259,418 -	768,335 18,156
2040	₩_ <b>=</b> ± 5								
At 1 January 2019, as restated  Changes in cash flows	於二零一九年一月一日 (經重列) 現金流量變動	234,840	210,978	-	20,747	60,508	-	259,418	786,491
New bank borrowings	新銀行借款	344,190	_	_	_	_	_	_	344,190
Repayment of bank borrowings	償還銀行借款	(334,132)	_	_	_	_	_	_	(334,132)
New other borrowings	新其他借款	_	110,786	_	_	_	_	_	110,786
Repayment of other borrowings	償還其他借款	_	(67,396)	_	_	_	_	_	(67,396)
Repayment of finance lease	償還融資租賃負債/								
liabilities/lease liabilities	租賃負債	_	_	_	(7,217)	_	_	-	(7,217)
Repayment of promissory notes	償還承兑票據	_	_	-	_	-	(98,166)	_	(98,166)
Repayments of non-controlling	償還非控股股東貸款								
shareholders' loan		_	-	-	_	-	_	(122,536)	(122,536)
Interest paid	已付利息	(19,554)	(5,541)	-	(7)	_	(351)	_	(25,453)
Non-cash changes	非現金變動								
Capital injection by non-	非控股權益注資		(77.000)						(77.000)
controlling interests	山井県八田	_	(77,000)	_	(057)	_	_	-	(77,000)
Disposal of subsidiaries Reclassified from amounts	出售附屬公司 應付非控股股東款項	_	(42,612)	_	(857)	_	_	_	(43,469)
due to non-controlling	應 11 升任 12 以 末								
shareholders	生 机 刀 炽	_	(3,817)	_	_	_	_	3,817	_
Reclassified to other payables	重新分類至其他應付款項	_	26,237	_	_	(35,258)	_	5,017	(9,021)
Addition of right-of-use assets	添置使用權資產	_	- 20,237	_	370	(33,230)	_	_	370
Loss on early redemption	提前贖回的虧損	_	_	_	_	_	6,459	_	6,459
Settlement of deposits received for potential disposal of	結算就可能出售附屬公司 收取的按金								
subsidiaries Acquisition of equity instruments at fair value through other	收購按公平值計入 其他全面收入的權益工具	-	-	-	-	-	17,800	-	17,800
comprehensive income		_	-	_	-	_	226,060	-	226,060
Interest expenses (note 11)	利息開支(附註11)	19,554	10,130	-	841	971	818	12,879	45,193
Exchange difference	匯兑差額	(4,635)	(3,385)	-	(220)	_	(75)	(5,120)	(13,435)
At 31 December 2019	於二零一九年十二月三十一日	240,263	158,380	-	13,657	26,221	152,545	148,458	739,524



### 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2019 截至二零一九年十二月三十一日止年度

#### **EVENTS AFTER THE REPORTING PERIOD 49**.

- Subsequent to the year end date, the Investors entered into the Funding Agreement with Shundong Port pursuant to which the Investors agreed to provide funding of RMB360 million (approximately HK\$402 million) to Shundong Port by way of non-voting, fixed-interest preference shares. As at the date of approval of these financial statements. RMB180 million (approximately HK\$201 million) has been received from the Investors pursuant to the Funding Agreement and the remaining sum is agreed to be drawn down by the end of year 2020. Since the Funding Agreement involves no dilution of the Group's voting right, profit sharing and return of capital in Shundong Port and the funding provided by the Investors are essentially by way of debt instrument in nature, Shundong Port remains as a subsidiary of the Company and its results continue to be consolidated in the Group's financial statements.
- (b) In April 2020, the Group entered into a sale and purchase agreement with an independent third party to acquire 49% equity interest of a company established in the PRC which is engaged in mining related business in Shandong Province, the PRC. The total cash consideration for this acquisition is RMB17 million (approximately HK\$19 million). The acquisition has not been completed up to the date of approval of these financial statements.

### 50. APPROVAL OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL **STATEMENTS**

The consolidated financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the Directors on 31 August 2020.

### 49. 報告期後事項

- 於年結日後,投資方與順東港務 訂立一份融資協議,據此,投資 方同意以無投票權、定息優先股 的形式向順東港務提供人民幣 360,000,000元(約402,000,000港 元)的資金。於該等財務報表獲批 准之日,已根據融資協議自投資 方收取人民幣180,000,000元(約 201,000,000港元),餘下金額同意 將於二零二零年底提取。由於融資 協議不涉及攤薄本集團於順東港務 的投票權、利潤分派及資本返還且 投資方提供的資金主要通過債務工 具進行,因此順東港務仍為本公司 的附屬公司,其業績繼續併入本集 團的財務報表。
- 於二零二零年四月,本集團與一 名獨立第三方訂立買賣協議,以 收購一家在中國成立的公司49% 的股權,該公司於中國山東省從 事採礦相關業務。該收購的總現 金代價為人民幣17,000,000元(約 19,000,000港元)。截至該等財務 報表獲批准之日,該收購尚未完 成。

### 50. 批准綜合財務報表

綜合財務報表獲董事於二零二零年八月 三十一日批准及授權刊發。



# ENERGY INTERNATIONAL INVESTMENTS HOLDINGS LIMITED 能源國際投資控股有限公司